



Solid State Power Amplifier 2GHz-6GHz

Product Description

 $\mathsf{RFLUPA02G06G}$ is a solid state power amplifier with a frequency range of 2 to 6GHz.

The power output of this amplifier is 44dBm typical. The typical small signal gain is 50dB with a variance of $\pm 5 \rm dB.$

The power amplifier's input and output connectors are SMA-Female.

The operating temperature of this product is within -40 to +85°C.

Features

- Solid State Power Amplifier
- Small Signal Gain 50dB Typical
- Output Saturation Power 44dBm Typical
- Supply Voltage +36VDC
- 50 Ohm Matched Input/Output
- Drain Overvoltage Protection
- Drain Overcurrent Protection

Typical Applications

- Wireless Infrastructure
- Military and Aerospace Applications
- Test Instrumentation
- Radar Systems
- 5G Wireless Communications
- Microwave Radio Systems
- TR Modules
- Research and Development
- Cellular Base Stations

Electrical Specifications (T_A=+25°C)

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Frequency Range		2 – 4			4 – 6		GHz
Small Signal Gain		53			48		dB
Gain Variance		+/-5			+/-5		dB
Gain Variation Over Temperature (-40°C to +70°C)		+/-3			+/-3		dB
Input Return Loss		-18			-14		dB
*Output 1dB Compression Point (P1dB)		38			37		dBm
*Saturated Output Power (Psat)		44			43		dBm
Supply Current (Vcc = +36VDC)		0.6	3.5		0.6	3.5	А
IM3		-30			-30		dBc
Weight			2.	83			lbs.
Impedance			5	0			Ohms
Input / Output Connectors	SMA Female						
Package -	Screw Sealed (Standard)						
	Hermetically Sealed (Optional)						

Note: Special screening is available with extra cost. Please inquire with sales..



Absolute Maximum Ratings

RFLUPA02G06G

Parameter	Rating			
Supply Voltage Range	+36VDC			
*RF Input Power (RFIN)	Psat – Large Signal Gain			

Bias Up Procedure

1. Connect ground

2. Connect input and output with 50 Ohm source/load. (In band VSWR < 1.9:1 or >10dB return loss.)

3. Connect positive supply and make sure power supply can handle max current.

Bias Down Procedure

- 1. Turn off power supply
- 2. Remove positive supply Connection
- 3. Remove RF Connection
- 4. Remove ground

Environmental Specifications and Test Standards

Parameter	Description	
Operational Temperature	-40°C to +75°C (Case Temperature)	
Storage Temperature	-55°C to +125°C	
Thermal Shock	-40°C → +85°C (5 Cycles / 10 hours)	
**Random Vibration	MIL-STD-202G Table 214-I, Test Condition Letter C 1.5 Hours Per Axis	
High Temperature Burn In	Temperature +85⁰C for 72 Hours	
Shock	 Weight >20g, 50g half sine wave for 11ms, Speed variation 3.44m/s Weight <=20g, 100g Half sine wave for 6ms, Speed variation 3.75m/s Total 18 times (6 directions, 3 repetitions per direction). 	
Altitude	Standard: 30,000 Ft (Epoxy Sealed Controlled Environment) Optional: Hermetically Sealed (60,000 ft. 1.0 PSI min)	
Hermetically Sealed (Optional)	MIL-STD-883 (For Hermetically Sealed Units)	

Notes:

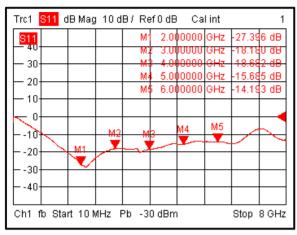
- Maximum RF input power is set to assure safety of amplifier. Input power may be increased at own risk to achieve full power of amplifier. Please reference gain and power curves.
- For vibration testing details please see additional information section



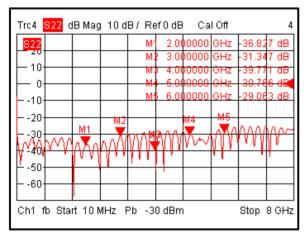
RFLUPA02G06G

Typical Performance Plots

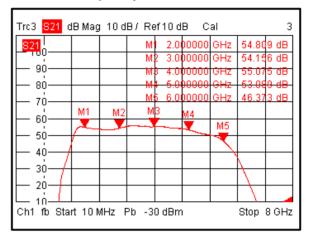
Input Return Loss vs Frequency @+25°C



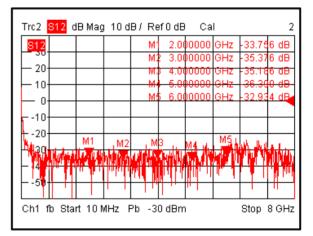
Output Return Loss vs Frequency @+25°C



Gain vs Frequency @+25°C



Isolation vs Frequency @+25°C



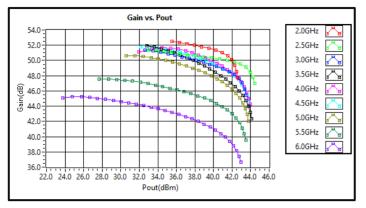
Note: Small signal VNA measurements include attenuators to protect equipment

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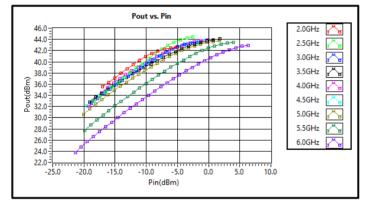


Typical Performance Plots

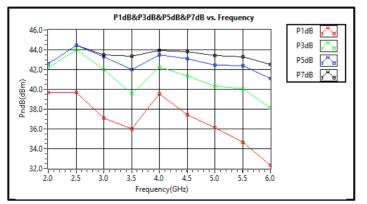
Gain vs Output Power CW



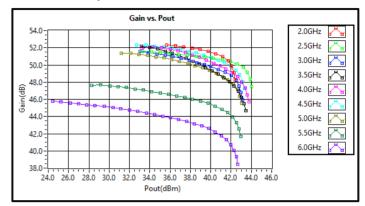
Output vs Input Power CW



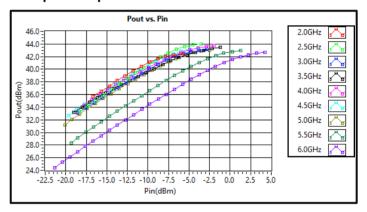
PxdB vs Frequency CW



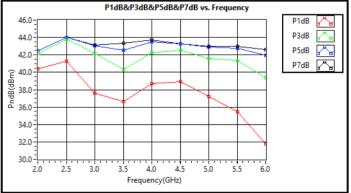
Gain vs Output Power *Pulse



Output vs Input Power *Pulse



PxdB vs Frequency *Pulse



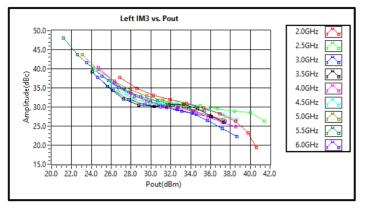
*Pulse Psat power test signal: 20µs pulse width with 10% duty cycle.



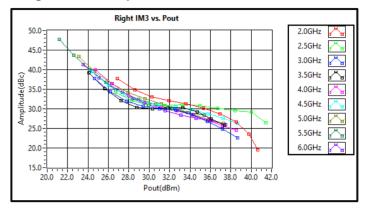


Typical Performance Plots

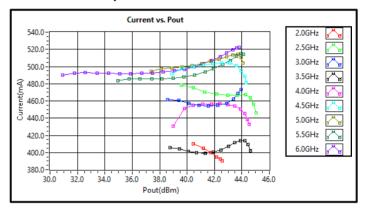
Left IM3 vs Output Power



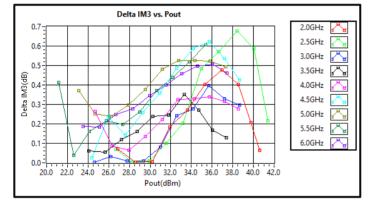
Right IM3 vs Output Power



Current vs Output Power



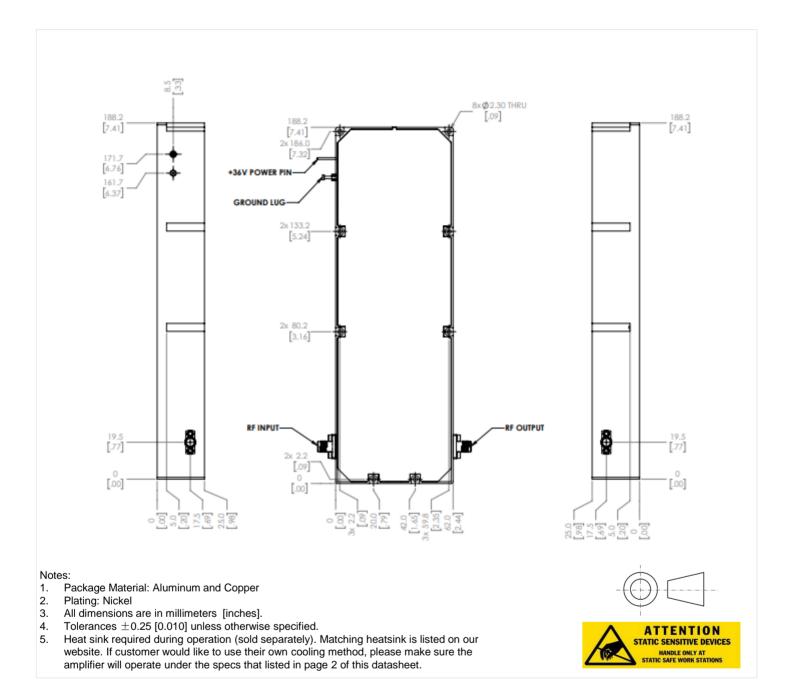
Delta IM3 vs Output Power





Outline Drawing





Additional Information

Documentation	Webpage	
ESD Policy	https://rflambda.com/pdf/rflambda_esd_control.pdf	
Heatsink Lookup Specifications	https://rflambda.com/search_heatsink.jsp	
Connector Torque Specifications	https://www.rflambda.com/pdf/Torque_Specifications.pdf	
Random Vibration Test Standard	https://www.rflambda.com/pdf/rflambda_random_vibration_MIL-STD-202G.pdf	



Ordering Information

Part Number	Modification	Description
RFLUPA02G06G	Input connector SMA-Female and Output connector SMA-Female	2GHz-6GHz Power Amplifier

Amplifier Use

Ensure that the amplifier input and output ports are safely terminated into a proper 50 ohm load before turning on the power. Never operate the amplifier without a load. A proper 50 ohm load is defined as a load with impedance less than 1.9:1 or return loss larger than 10dB relative to 50 Ohm within the specified operating band width.

Power Supply Requirements

Power supply must be able to provide adequate current for the amplifier. Power supply should be able to provide 1.5 times the typical current or 1.2 times the maximum current (whichever is greater).

In most cases, RF - Lambda amplifiers will withstand severe mismatches without damage. However, operation with poor loads is discouraged. If prolonged operation with poor or unknown loads is expected, an external device such as an isolator or circulator should be used to protect the amplifier.

Ensure that the power is off when connecting or disconnecting the input or output of the amp.

Prevent overdriving the amplifier. Do not exceed the recommended input power level.

Adequate heat-sinking required for RF amplifier modules. Please inquire.

Amplifiers do not contain Thermal protection, Reverse DC polarity or Over voltage protection with the exception of a few models. Please inquire.

Proper electrostatic discharge (ESD) precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

What is not covered with warranty?

Each RF - Lambda amplifier will go through power and temperature stress testing. Since the die, ICs or MMICs are fragile, these are not covered by warranty. Any damage to these will NOT be free to repair.

Important Notice

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