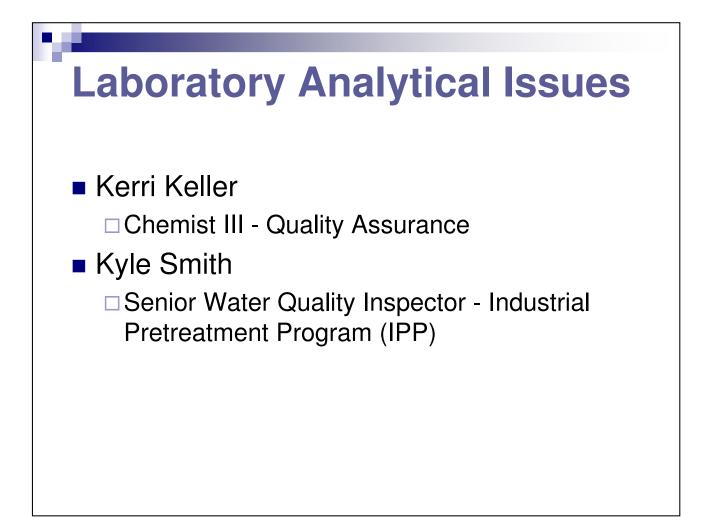
CITY OF PHOENIX INDUSTRIAL PRETREATMENT COMPLIANCE ACADEMY



Laboratory Analytical Issues





IPP Section:

Chelsey Weaver – (CWQI), 602-495-5926, chelsey.weaver@phoenix.gov Jesse Flores – (PET), 602-534-1439, jesse.flores@phoenix.gov Christie O'Day – (SWQI), 602-495-5925, christie.o'day@phoenix.gov Laura Hall – (SWQI), 602-534-2077, laura.hall@phoenix.gov Julie Gentry – (SWQI), 602-534-1362, julie.gentry@phoenix.gov Kyle Smith – (SWQI), 602-534-2915, kyle.smith@phoenix.gov Milton Sanchez – (SWQI), 602-534-2905, milton.sanchez@phoenix.gov Tarun Sinha – (SWQI), 602-534-2081, tarun.sinha@phoenix.gov Chase Torrence – (SWQI), 602-534-2078, chase.torrence@phoenix.gov

Chief Water Quality Inspector – CWQI

Principal Engineering Technician – PET (Senior) Water Quality Inspector – (S)WQI

Join us for the next class: Enforcement

Thursday, July 22, 2021 WebEx - Webinar 9:00 a.m. - 11:00 a.m.

Request class registration using our website:

https://www.phoenix.gov/waterservices/envservices/indpretreatmentprog/complia nce-academy/industrial-pretreatment-compliance-academy

Jesse Flores is the enrollment officer

2021 Compliance Ac Schedule	ademy
Class Name	Date
Wastewater Discharge Permit	January 27
Wastewater Compliance Sampling	March 24
Laboratory Analytical Issues	May 26
Enforcement	July 22
Pollution Prevention (P2)	September 22
Stormwater Compliance Overview	November 16

SYLLABUS

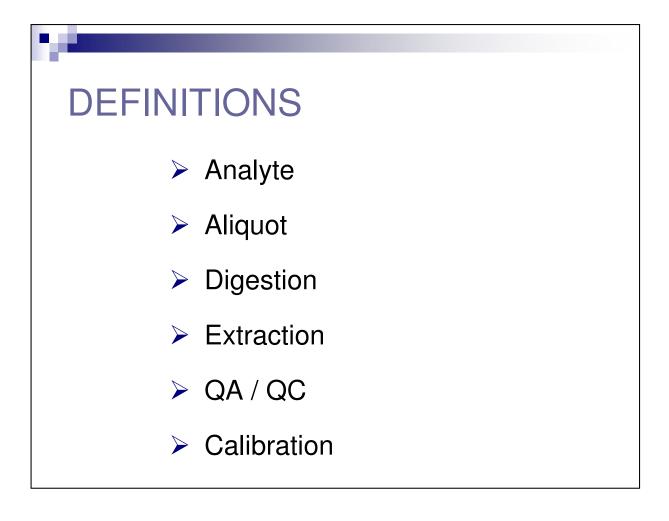
- Definitions
- Laboratory Tour Recording
- ADHS Lab Licensure Requirements
- What Determines the Method I Request?
- Reporting Limits vs. Detection Limits

SYLLABUS- Continued

- QC Documentation
- What a Laboratory Can Do For You
- What to tell the Laboratory
- Quiz

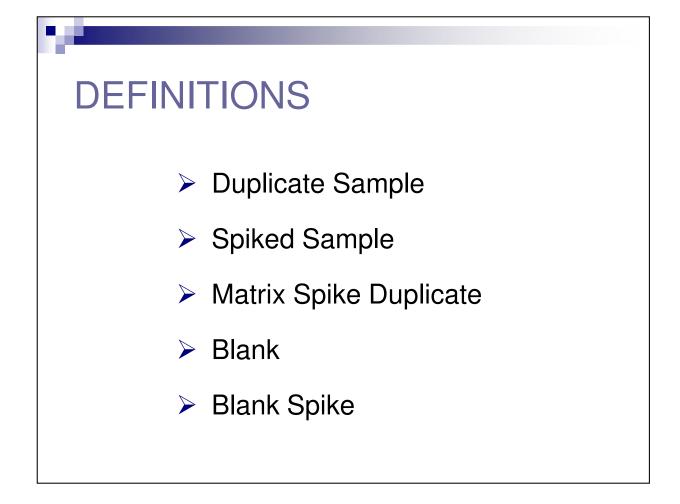
Note: This class contains detailed information. The quiz indicates the minimum "Take-Away" information.

You are not expected to grasp all the details covered in this 2-3-hour session



Analyte: Parameter, e.g., Copper, Benzene, Cyanide, pH
 Aliquot: A portion of the sample needed to run the analysis.
 Digestion: A procedure to solubilize suspended material and to destroy possible organic-metal complexes.
 Extraction: A procedure to prepare samples for organic analysis
 OA / OC: Quality Assurance / Quality Control
 Quality Assurance (OA) is a written plan that establishes an integrated system of activities to ensure that laboratory data is valid and defensible.
 Quality Control (OC) are the activities (Blank, Blank Spike, etc.) performed during analyses to ensure the laboratory methods are acceptable.

<u>Calibration:</u>The determination, by measurement or comparison with a standard, of the correct value of each scale reading on a meter, instrument, or other device.

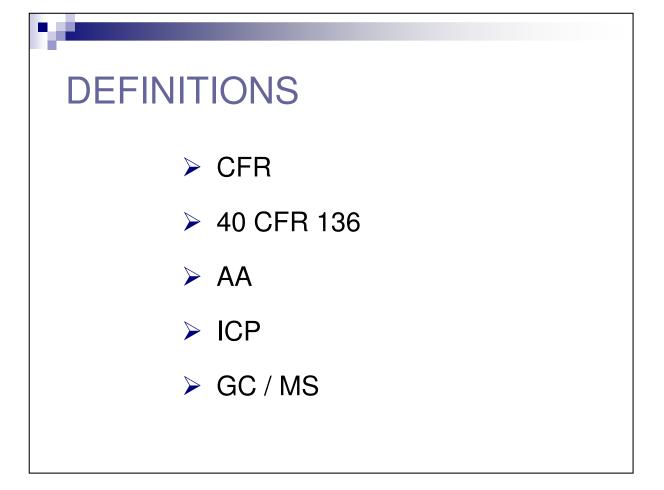


Duplicate Sample: A split of the same sample run twice for a parameter and used to evaluate reproducibility.

Spiked Sample: A sample with a known amount of a parameter added and used to evaluate sample recovery.

Matrix Spike

Duplicate:	A spiked sampled run twice and used to evaluate sample recovery reproducibility.
<u>Blank</u> :	Analyte free water analyzed to establish zero or used to check for contamination.
<u>Blank Spike</u> :	Analyte free water with a known amount of a parameter added and used to evaluate method recovery.



<u>CFR</u> :	Code of Federal Regulations
<u>40 CFR 136</u> :	EPA Guidelines establishing test procedures for the analysis of pollutants – Wastewater Methods
<u>AA</u> :	Atomic Absorption Spectrometer
<u>ICP</u> :	Inductively Coupled Plasma
<u>GC / MS</u> :	Gas Chromatograph / Mass Spectrophotometer

DEFINITIONS
≻LIMS
≻SOPs
≻ADHS
≻VOC
≻SVOC
Attached: Arizona Data Qualifiers, Tables from 40 CFR 136.3, Periodic Table of Elements, Glossary, List of Acronyms, and the List of Federal Point Source Categories

LIMS:	Laboratory Information Management System
<u>SOPs</u> :	Standard Operating Procedures
ADHS:	Arizona Department of Health Services
<u>VOC</u> :	Volatile Organic Compounds
SVOC:	Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds

Attached: Arizona Data Qualifiers, Tables from 40 CFR 136.3, Periodic Table of Elements, Glossary, Acronyms, List of Federal Point Source Categories

LABORATORY TOUR VIDEO starring Kerri Keller



GOALS w.r.t. PERMIT COMPLIANCE

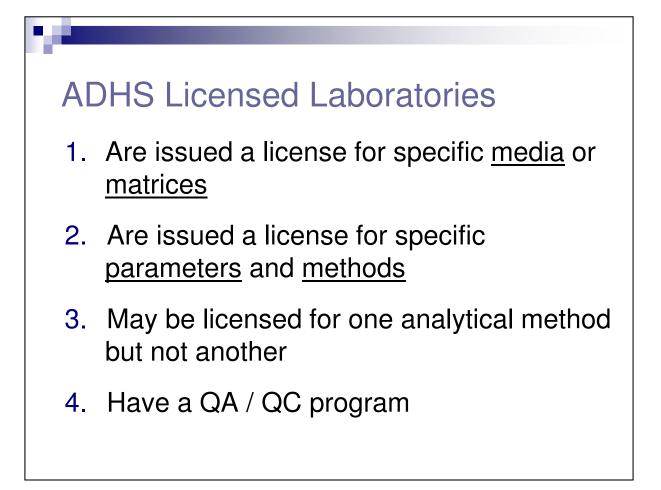
Determine which <u>laboratories</u> can be used

> Determine <u>methods</u> for analysis

Determine <u>reporting limits</u> for analysis

Understand basics of <u>QC results</u>

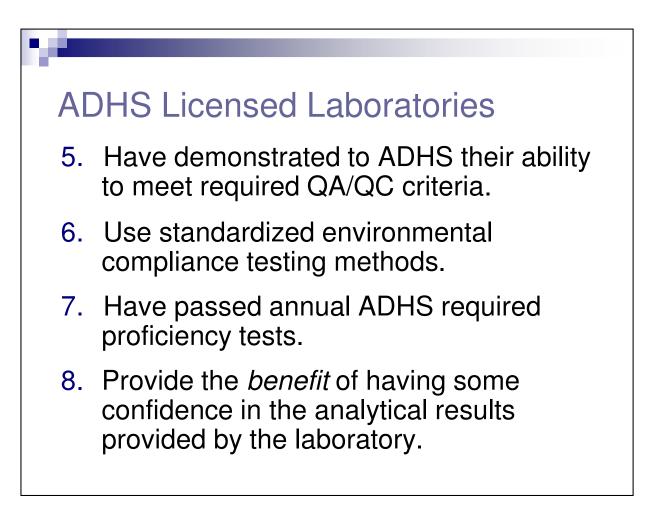
Determine <u>what to request</u> from lab



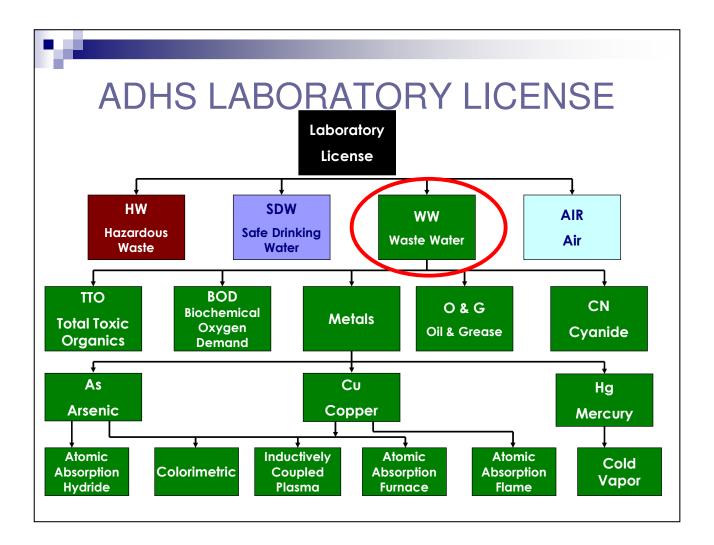
All laboratories performing environmental compliance analysis that do business in the State of Arizona must be licensed by the Arizona Department of Health Services (ADHS).

Your Wastewater Discharge Permit requires you to use an ADHS licensed laboratory.

- 1. The media or matrices are; Safe Drinking Water (SDW), Wastewater (WW), Hazardous Waste(HW), and Air (AIR).
- 2. These can be Total Cyanide, Copper or Method EPA 1664 HEM for Oil & Grease. A lab that is licensed for one parameter is **NOT** automatically licensed for another parameter.
- 3. For instance, a lab may be licensed to analyze drinking water samples for copper, but, may not be licensed to analyze copper in wastewater.
- 4. The QA/QC program must be appropriate for the analysis you need.



- 5. QA/QC criteria must be specific to the analysis you need.
- 6. Methods listed in 40 CFR 136, 40 CFR 140, etc.
- 7. These proficiency tests consist of appropriate analysis of unknown or "mystery" samples.
- 8. Without State licensure, periodic state audits, and a QA/QC program there is no way of knowing whether the lab's instrumentation, methodology, results, etc. are valid.





No. Exboards			
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COBALT EPA 200.7 (4.4) 1/9/2004 12:00:00 AM COLIFORMS, FECAL, BY MTF (MAY BE USED FOR SERVAGE SLUDGE), NUMBER SM 9221C, E (2006) 8/9/2003 12:00:00 AM COPPER EPA 200.7 (4.4) 3/9/1992 12:00:00 AM COPPER EPA 200.7 (4.4) 3/9/1992 12:00:00 AM COPPER EPA 200.8 (5.4) 10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM CYANDE, TOTAL EPA 336.4 (1.0) 7/12/2010 12:00:00 AM FEOAL, COLIFORMS BY COLILERT 18 (APP AND REUSE ONLY) SM 90208 (2005)/92238 (2004) 4/13/2017 4:15:37 PM FLUORIDE SM 4500-F C (2011) 7/23/1996 12:00:00 AM FLUORIDE EPA 300.0 (2.1) 4/28/2009 12:00:00 AM HARDNESS SM 2340B (2011) 4/17/205 12:00:00 AM	CHROMIUM TOTAL	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
COLIFORMS_FECAL_BY MTF (MAY BE DESCRIPTION SERVICE LUDGE), NUMBER SM 92210, E (2006) 8/8/2003 12:00:00 AM COPPER EPA 200.7 (4.4) 3/0/1992 12:00:00 AM COPPER EPA 200.7 (4.4) 3/0/1992 12:00:00 AM COPPER EPA 200.8 (5.4) 10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM CVANDEL.TOTAL EPA 335.4 (1.0) 7/12/2019 12:00:00 AM FECAL_COLIFORMS BY COLILERT 18 (APP AND RECVE ONLY) SM 9020E (2005)/9223B (2004) 4/13/2017 4:15:37 PM FLUORIDE SM 4500-F C (2011) 7/23/1996 12:00:00 AM FLUORIDE EPA 300.0 (2.1) 4/28/2009 12:00:00 AM HARD NESS SM 2340B (2011) 4/17/2095 12:00:00 AM	COBALT	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
PER 100 ML BY MPN 3/6/1902 12:00:00 AM COPPER EPA 200.7 (4.4) 3/6/1902 12:00:00 AM COPPER EPA 200.8 (6.4) 10/12/1909 12:00:00 AM CYANDE, TOTAL EPA 336.4 (1.0) 7/12/2010 12:00:00 AM FECAL COLIFORMS BY COLLERT 18 (APP AND REUSE ONLY) SM 90208 (2005)/92238 (2004) 4/13/2017 4:15:37 PM FLUORIDE SM 4500-F C (2011) 7/23/1908 12:00:00 AM FLUORIDE SM 23408 (2011) 4/12/2020 12:00:00 AM	COBALT	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	1/9/2004 12:00:00 AM
COPPER EPA 200.8 (6.4) 10/12/1909 12:00:00 AM CYANIDE, TOTAL EPA 335.4 (1.0) 7/12/2010 12:00:00 AM FECAL COLIFORMS BY COLILERT 18 (APP AND REUSE ONLY) SM 90208 (2005)/92238 (2004) 4/13/2017 4:15:37 PM FLUORIDE SM 4500-F C (2011) 7/23/1908 12:00:00 AM FLUORIDE SM 4500-F C (2011) 7/23/1908 12:00:00 AM HARDNESS SM 23408 (2011) 4/17/2015 12:00:00 AM	COLIFORMS, FECAL, BY MTF (MAY BE USED FOR SEWAGE SLUDGE), NUMBER PER 100 ML BY MPN	SM 9221C, E (2006)	8/8/2003 12:00:00 AM
CYANIDE, TOTAL EPA 335.4 (1.0) 7/12/2010 12:00:00 AM FE:OLL_COLIFORMS BY COLLERT 18 (APP AND REUSE ONLY) SM 90208 (2005)/92/238 (2004) 4/13/2017 4:15:37 PM FLUORIDE SM 4500-F C (2011) 7/23/1998 12:00:00 AM FLUORIDE EPA 300.0 (2.1) 4/28/2009 12:00:00 AM HARDNESS SM 24408 (2011) 4/17/2095 12:00:00 AM	COPPER	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/8/1992 12:00:00 AM
FECAL COLIFORMS BY COLILERT 18 (APP AND REUSE ONLY) SM 00206 (2005)/92238 (2004) 4/13/2017 4:15:37 PM FLUORIDE SM 4500-F C (2011) 7/23/1998 1:20:00 AM FLUORIDE EPA 300.0 (2.1) 4/28/2009 1:20:00 AM HARDNESS SM 23408 (2011) 4/17/2095 1:20:00 AM	COPPER	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
FLUORIDE SM 4500-F C (2011) 7/23/1998 12:00:00 AM FLUORIDE EPA 300.0 (2.1) 4/28/2009 12:00:00 AM HARDNESS SM 2340B (2011) 4/17/2095 12:00:00 AM	CYANIDE, TOTAL	EPA 335.4 (1.0)	7/12/2010 12:00:00 AM
FLUORIDE EPA 300.0 (2.1) 4/28/2009 12:00:00 AM HARDNESS SM 2340B (2011) 4/17/2005 12:00:00 AM	FECAL COLIFORMS BY COLILERT 18 (APP AND REUSE ONLY)	SM 9020B (2005)/9223B (2004)	4/13/2017 4:15:37 PM
HARDNESS SM 2340B (2011) 4/17/2095 12:00:00 AM	FLUORIDE	SM 4500-F C (2011)	7/23/1996 12:00:00 AM
	FLUORIDE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	4/28/2009 12:00:00 AM
	HARDNESS	SM 2340B (2011)	4/17/2095 12:00:00 AM
IRON EPA 200.7 (4.4) 3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM	IRON	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
KJELDAHL, TOTAL NITROGEN EPA 351.2 (2.0) 5/31/2018 2:10.43 PM	KJELDAHL, TOTAL NITROGEN	EPA 351.2 (2.0)	5/31/2018 2:10:43 PM
LEAD EPA 200.7 (4.4) 3/0/1902 12:00:00 AM	LEAD	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
LEAD EPA 200.8 (5.4) 10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM	LEAD	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
MAGNESIUM EPA 200.7 (4.4) 3/8/1992 12:00:00 AM	MAGNESIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
MANGANESE EPA 200.7 (4.4) 3/8/1992 12:00:00 AM	MANGANESE	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
MANGANESE EPA 200.8 (5.4) 10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM		EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM

WW- Wastewater

The License will list all the parameters and methods the lab has been certified to analyze. The total amount of parameters is listed on the bottom of each parameter section.

	Laboratory Methods, Instrument & So	DRY LICEN	Se: AZ0088, Lab Name: City of Phoenix Water Services Laboratory
C	SDW Parameter	EPA Method	Certified On
	CYANIDE	EPA 335.4 (1.0)	7/12/2010 12:00:00 AM
	CYLINDROSPERMOPSIN AND ANATOXIN-A (LC/ESI-MS/MS)	EPA 545	1/12/2018 12:55:05 PM
	FLUORIDE	SM 4500-F C (2011)	7/23/1996 12:00:00 AM
	FLUORIDE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	4/28/2009 12:00:00 AM
	GERMANIUM (ICP/MS)	EPA 200.8 (REV 5.4)	1/12/2018 12:56:48 PM
	GIARDIA AND CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	EPA 1623	12/18/2014 12:00:00 AM
	GLYPHOSATE	EPA 547 (7/90)	11/13/2000 12:00:00 AM
	HALOACETIC ACIDS & DALAPON	EPA 552.3 (1.0)	9/12/2017 9:10:21 AM
	HARDNESS	SM 2340 B (2011), CA AND MG	7/23/1996 12:00:00 AM
	HETEROTROPHIC PLATE COUNT	SIMPLATE	6/16/2005 12:00:00 AM
	IRON	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
	LEAD	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
	MAGNESIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
	MANGANESE	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
	MANGANESE	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
	MERCURY	EPA 245.1 (3.0)	4/16/1998 12:00:00 AM
	MICROCYSTINS AND NODULARIN (SPE AND LC/MS/MS)	EPA 544	1/12/2018 12:55:05 PM
	MOLYBDENUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	4/24/2013 12:00:00 AM
	NICKEL	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	5/15/2000 12:00:00 AM
	NICKEL	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	1/12/2000 12:00:00 AM
	NITRATE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	3/9/1992 12:00:00 AM
	NITRITE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	4/19/1995 12:00:00 AM
	ORGANICS BY GC/MS	EPA 525.2 (2.0)	10/29/2007 12:00:00 AM
	ORTHOPHOSPHATE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	4/16/1998 12:00:00 AM
	RESIDUE, FILTERABLE (TDS)	SM 2540 C (2011)	7/23/1996 12:00:00 AM
	SELENIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
	SILICA	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	4/25/2001 12:00:00 AM
	SILVER	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	4/16/1998 12:00:00 AM
	SILVER	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
	SODIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	9/27/2001 12:00:00 AM

SDW- Safe Drinking water

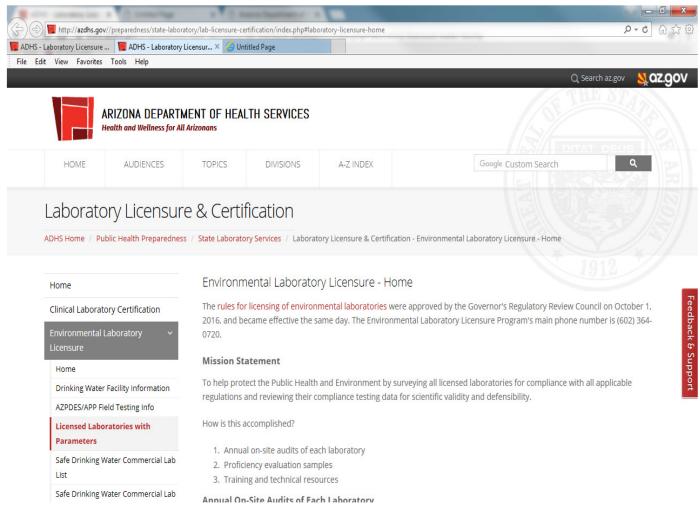
ADHS I			
	Euroratory methoda, matument d oc		nse: AZ0088, Lab Name: City of Phoenix
			Water Services Laboratory
(SDW		
	Parameter	EPA Method	Certified On
	STRONTIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	4/25/2001 12:00:00 AM
	SULFATE	EPA 300.0(2.1)	3/9/1992 12:00:00 AM
	THALLIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
	TOTAL MICROCYSTINS AND NODULARINS (AELIA)	EPA 546	1/12/2018 12:55:06 PM
	VANADIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	4/24/2013 12:00:00 AM
	VOCS BY GC/MS	EPA 524.2 (4.1)	1/15/2003 12:00:00 AM
	VOCS BY GC/MS-ADDITIONAL	EPA 524.2 (4.1)	12/5/2006 12:00:00 AM
	ZINC	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/8/1992 12:00:00 AM
	ZINC	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/Heee 12:00:00 AM
			Total Count: 66
	SW		
	Parameter	EPA Method	Certified On
	ALUMINIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:12:55 PM
	ANTIMONY	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
	ARSENIC	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
	ARSENIC	6010D	10/21/2016 2:12:56 PM
	BARIUM	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
	BARIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:12:57 PM
	BERYLLIUM	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
	BERYLLIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:12:57 PM
	CADMIUM	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
	CADMIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:12:58 PM
	CALCIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:12:59 PM
	CHROMIUM, TOTAL	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
	CHROMIUM, TOTAL	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:00 PM
	COBALT	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
	COPPER	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
	COPPER	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:00 PM
	IRON	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:01 PM
	LEAD	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
	LEAD	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:02 PM
			5/8/2020 1:45:55 PM Page 3 of 6

SW (solid waste) is interchangeable with Hazardous waste (HW) on the actual certificate.

Laboratory Methods, Instru	ment & Softwares		
		AZ License: AZ0088, L	ab Name: City of Phoenix later Services Laboratory
			ater services Laboratory
WW Parameter	EPA Method		Certified On
ZINC	EPA method EPA 200.8 (5.4)		10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
			Total Count: 72
Instrument			
Instrument	Instrument Code	Quantity	Certified On
MERCURY ANALYZER	MA	1	3/9/2020 3:20:59 PM
AUTOMATED AUTOANALYZER	AUTOANALYZER	4	4/25/2012 12:00:00 AM
MERCURY ANALYZER	MA	2	4/5/2006 12:00:00 AM
INDUCTIVELY COUPLED PLASMA SPECTROMETER	ICP	1	3/17/2092 12:00:00 AM
ION CHROMATOGRAPH	IC	4	4/25/2012 12:00:00 AM
HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPH	HPLC	2	4/25/2012 12:00:00 AM
INDUCTIVELY COUPLED PLASMA/MASS SPECTROMETER	ICP/MS	2	4/16/1999 12:00:00 AM
GAS CHROMATOGRAPH	GC	5	4/25/2012 12:00:00 AM
GAS CHROMATOGRAPH/MASS SPECTROMETER	GC/MS	8	4/4/2017 1:51:19 PM
HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPH/MASS SPEC	HPLC/MS	1	4/4/2018 12:39:52 PM
AUTOMATED AUTOANALYZER	AUTOANALYZER	1	3/22/2019 1:37:29 PM
			Total Count: 11
Software			
Software Code			Certified On
OTHER - AUTOMATED AUTOANA	LYZER		4/25/2012 12:00:00 AM
BROOKS RAND MERK - MA			3/27/2014 12:00:00 AM
HP CHEMSTATION-HPLC			9/18/2001 12:00:00 AM
PERKIN ELMER - ICP			4/21/2003 12:00:00 AM
ENVIROQUANT - GC			4/21/2003 12:00:00 AM
AGILENT MASS HUNTER - ICP/M	s		4/19/2004 12:00:00 AM
PERKIN ELMER - MA			4/19/2004 12:00:00 AM
CHROMELEON - IC			4/5/2006 12:00:00 AM
ENVIROQUANT/CHEMSTATION -	GC		4/7/2008 12:00:00 AM
CHROMELEON - IC			4/26/2012 12:00:00 AM
	GC/MS		4/13/2017 4:15:38 PM

The certificate will also list the instruments and software the laboratory is certified to use. Be sure that all of these components of their certification will meet the needs of the Wastewater discharge permit.





LABORATORY ANALYTICAL ISSUES

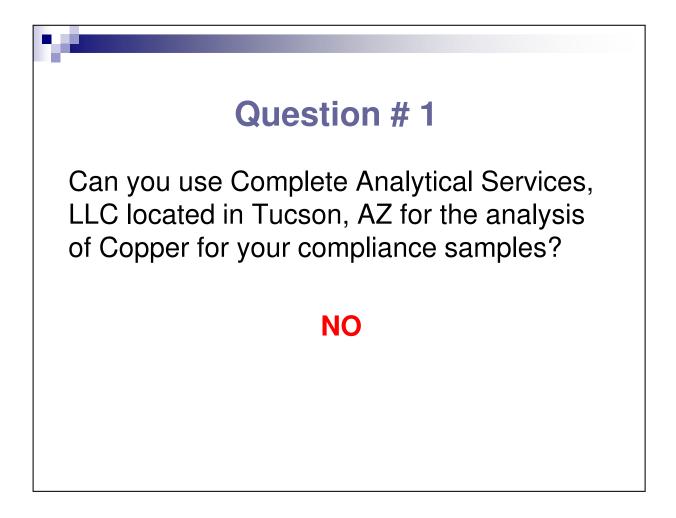
Question #1

Can you use Complete Analytical Services, LLC located in Tucson, AZ for the analysis of Copper for your compliance samples?

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES Health and Wellness for All Arizonans	3
ADHS Home Page A-Z Index Enter division landin	g link Search Contact ADHS
Laboratory Services <u>Arizona State Lab</u> <u>Environment</u>	al Laboratory Licensure
Arizona Certified Laboratories Facilities	
Welcome to the Arizona Department of Health Services Licen Please read the following information for an explanation of te search.	
The Office of Laboratory Services divides approved methods HW, SDW, and WW. AIR is used for any method that tests a abbreviation for hazardous and solid waste methods some of abbreviation for safe drinking water methods which are used the Clean Water Act. WW is the abbreviation for wastewater Water Act.	ir particulates or emissions. HW is the which are used to comply with RCRA. SDW is the to comply with the Safe Drinking Water Act and
There are four types of laboratories which are licensed, they company (internal work only) and other (specified). In additi	
The list contains the laboratories current mailing address and of Friday, April 24, 2020 and is updated on a 24 hour basis	
All laboratories licensed by Arizona are inspected on a routin available for review by contacting our office. If you are unat information, please contact our Office at (602) 364-0720 or	ole to find what you need, or need additional
State: All States 💙	
Program: WW - Waste Water 🗸	
EPA All EPA Methods	
Parameter / Future Feature Analyte:	~
Lab ID Future Feature	
Lab Future Feature V	\checkmark
Get Facility List Reset Criteria	
Lab Name	<u>Phone City State</u>
Select Tucson Water Quality Laboratory	(520) 837-2461 Tucson AZ
Select Complete Analytical Services, LLC	(520) 884-5811 Tucson AZ
Select Legend Technical Services, Inc.	(520) 327-1234 Tucson AZ
Select City of Willcox Laboratory	(520) 384-6447 Willcox AZ

	Lab Name	<u>Phone</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>State</u>
Select Tu	cson Water Quality Laboratory	(520) 837-2461	Tucson	AZ
<u>Select</u> Co	mplete Analytical Services, LLC	(520) 884-5811	Tucson	AZ
Select Le	gend Technical Services, Inc.	(520) 327-1234	Tucson	AZ
Select Cit	y of Willcox Laboratory	(520) 384-6447	Willcox	AZ
<u>Select</u> Cit	y of Williams Wastewater Treatment Plant Laboratory	(928) 635-4451	Williams	AZ
Select Fre	sh Terra Services	928 257-3601	Yuma	AZ
Select Cit	y of Yuma Utilities Treatment Laboratory	(928) 329-2893	Yuma	AZ
Select Aq	uapulse Chemicals, LLC	(928) 317-0456	Yuma	AZ
<u>Select</u> Bu	reau of Reclamation, Yuma Area Office	(928) 343-8255	Yuma	AZ
<u>Select</u> En	thalpy Analytical, LLC	(510) 486-0900	Berkeley	CA
	<u>12345678910</u>			
	(520) 884-5133			
Fax: Ty Commerci Compan Governmen Othe	al: y: X			
Ty Commerci Compar Governmer Othe	al: y: X			
Ty Commerci Compan Governmer Othe Laborator	al: Y: X it: r:			
Ty Commerci Compan Governmen Othe Laborator	al: Y: X It: X Facility Program Parameters: Izardous Waste Safe Drinking Water	.+ \\\/\\\/ \\\/~~~	outoto	
Ty Commerci Compan Governmen Othe Laborator	al: Y: X It: X Facility Program Parameters: Facility Program Parameters: Izardous Waste Safe Drinking Water aste Water Select	t WW - Wast	ewater	r

Laborato	ry Facility Detail:			
License:	AZ0744			
Name:	Complete Analyt	ical Services, LLC		
Address:		4455 South Park Avenue Suite 110 Tucson, AZ 85714		
Phone:	(520) 884-5811	(520) 884-5811		
Fax:	(520) 884-5133			
Т	уре			
	ny: X ent: X her:			
Laborato	ry Facility Program	n Parameters:		
	lazardous Waste			
SDW -	Safe Drinking Water Waste Water Nir		_	
□sdw - ☑ww - v □air - a	Waste Water	De-Activate Parameter Grid Paging		
□sdw - ☑ww - v □air - a	Waste Water		EPA Method	<u>Cert Date</u>
SDW -	Waste Water	De-Activate Parameter Grid Paging Parameter	_	<u>Cert Date</u> 11/20/2007
SDW - WWW - V AIR - A Ge	Waste Water	De-Activate Parameter Grid Paging <u>Parameter</u> N DEMAND	EPA Method	11/20/2007
SDW - WWW - V AIR - A Ge Program WW	Waste Water kir et Parameters CHEMICAL OXYGEN HYDROGEN ION (pl	De-Activate Parameter Grid Paging <u>Parameter</u> N DEMAND	EPA Method HACH 8000 SM 4500-H B (2011)	11/20/2007



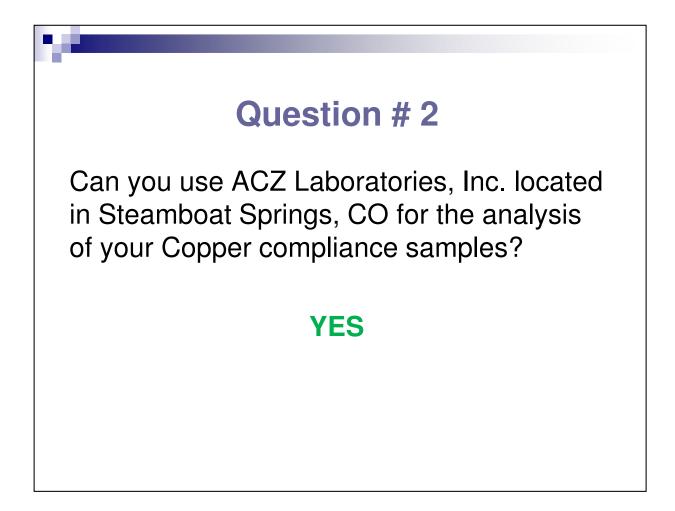
Question #2

Can you use ACZ Laboratories, Inc. located in Steamboat Springs, CO for the analysis of your Copper compliance samples?

	IA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH S	SERVICES		
ADHS Home Page	A-Z Index Enter divisio	on landing link	Search Contac	t ADHS
Laboratory Service	<u>es Arizona State Lab Envi</u>	ironmental Labo	ratory Licensure	
Arizona Certi	fied Laboratories Fac	ilities		
	cona Department of Health Serv wing information for an explan			
HW, SDW, and WW. abbreviation for haz abbreviation for safe	tory Services divides approved AIR is used for any method th ardous and solid waste method e drinking water methods which WW is the abbreviation for w	nat tests air partic Is some of which a n are used to comp	ulates or emissions. re used to comply w bly with the Safe Drin	HW is the ith RCRA. SDW is the nking Water Act and
	s of laboratories which are licen work only) and other (specified)			
	e laboratories current mailing ac 6, 2020 and is updated on a 2			st is current as
available for review	sed by Arizona are inspected o by contacting our office. If you contact our Office at (602) 364	are unable to fin	d what you need, or	
EPA AILEPA	tes V Vaste Water V Methods V			
Method: Parameter /				
Analyte:	Feature		\sim	
	Feature V			
Lab Future	Feature		\checkmark	
Get Facility List	Reset Criteria			
	Lab Name	Phone	City	State
Select ACZ Labora	tories, Inc.	(970) 879-3590	Steamboat Springs	со
Select Agua Fria La	aboratory	(623) 815-3152	Buckeye	AZ
			5	60
Select ALS Environ	mental - Fort Collins	970 490-1511	Fort Collins	CO

Lab Name	<u>Phone</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>State</u>
Select ACZ Laboratories, Inc.	(970) 879-3590	Steamboat Springs	со
Select Agua Fria Laboratory	(623) 815-3152	Buckeye	AZ
Select ALS Environmental - Fort Collins	970 490-1511	Fort Collins	СО
Select Alvarado Wastewater Chemistry Laboratory	(619) 668-3256	La Mesa	CA
Select Anatek Labs, Inc	208-883-2839	Moscow	ID
Select Apex Analytical Laboratory, LLC	(602) 437-0762	Tempe	AZ
Select APS Water Resources Lab	(623) 393-3093	Tonopah	AZ
Select Aquapulse Chemicals, LLC	(928) 317-0456	Yuma	AZ
Select Aquatic Consulting & Testing, Inc.	(480) 921-8044	Tempe	AZ
Select Arconic Fastening Systems	(520) 519-7554	Tucson	AZ
License: AZ0102 Name: ACZ Laboratories, Inc. Address: 2773 Downhill Drive Steamboat Springs, CO 80487 Phone: (970) 879-3590 Fax: (815) 301-3857 Type Commercial: Company: X Government: X Other: Laboratory Facility Program Parameters:			
☑HW - Hazardous Waste ☑SDW - Safe Drinking Water ☑WW - Waste Water □AIR - Air	- Sele	ct WW - Was	tew

Laborator	ry Facility Detail:			
License:	AZ0102			
Name:	ACZ Laboratories,	Inc.		
Address:	2773 Downhill Driv Steamboat Springs			
Phone:	(970) 879-3590			
Fax:	(815) 301-3857			
Commerc Compa Governme Oth	ny: ×			
Laborato	ry Facility Program F	Parameters:		
□sdw -	azardous Waste Safe Drinking Water			
⊠ww-v □air-a	Safe Drinking Water Vaste Water	De-Activate Parameter Gri	d Paging	
⊠ww-v □air-a	Safe Drinking Water Vaste Water ir t Parameters	De-Activate Parameter Gri	d Paging <u>Cert Date</u>	
Øww-v ■AIR-A Ge	Safe Drinking Water Vaste Water ir t Parameters		<u>Cert Date</u>	
Øww - w AIR - A Ge Program	Safe Drinking Water Vaste Water ir t Parameters <u>Parameter</u>	EPA Method	<u>Cert Date</u>	
WWW - W AIR - A Ge Program WW	Safe Drinking Water Vaste Water ir t Parameters <u>Parameter</u> CHROMIUM TOTAL	<u>EPA Method</u> SM 3500-CR B (2011)	<u>Cert Date</u> 4/20/2020	
WWW - W AIR - A Ge Program WW WW	Safe Drinking Water Vaste Water ir t Parameters <u>Parameter</u> CHROMIUM TOTAL COBALT	EPA Method SM 3500-CR B (2011) EPA 200.7 (4.4)	<u>Cert Date</u> 4/20/2020 10/16/1995	
Vww - v AIR - A Ge Program ww ww ww	Safe Drinking Water Vaste Water ir t Parameters <u>Parameter</u> CHROMIUM TOTAL COBALT COBALT	EPA Method SM 3500-CR B (2011) EPA 200.7 (4.4) EPA 200.8 (5.4)	Cert Date 4/20/2020 10/16/1995 2/24/1997	
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VWW - V AIR - A Ge Program WW WW WW WW WW WW	Safe Drinking Water Vaste Water ir t Parameters Parameter CHROMIUM TOTAL COBALT COBALT COPPER COPPER CYANIDE, AVAILABLE	EPA Method SM 3500-CR B (2011) EPA 200.7 (4.4) EPA 200.8 (5.4) EPA 200.7 (4.4) EPA 200.8 (5.4) i OIA-1677-09 (8/99)	Cert Date 4/20/2020 10/16/1995 2/24/1997 10/16/1995 2/24/1997 4/7/2014	
VWW - V AIR - A Ge Program WW WW WW WW WW WW WW WW WW	Safe Drinking Water Vaste Water ir t Parameters Parameter CHROMIUM TOTAL COBALT COBALT COBALT COPPER COPPER CYANIDE, AVAILABLE CYANIDE, TOTAL	EPA Method SM 3500-CR B (2011) EPA 200.7 (4.4) EPA 200.8 (5.4) EPA 200.8 (5.4) EPA 200.8 (5.4) OIA-1677-09 (8/99) EPA 335.4 (1.0)	Cert Date 4/20/2020 10/16/1995 2/24/1997 10/16/1995 2/24/1997 4/7/2014 5/8/2007	
VWW - V AIR - A Ge Program WW WW WW WW WW WW WW WW WW WW WW	Safe Drinking Water Vaste Water ir t Parameters Parameter CHROMIUM TOTAL COBALT COBALT COBALT COPPER COPPER CYANIDE, AVAILABLE CYANIDE, TOTAL FLUORIDE	EPA Method SM 3500-CR B (2011) EPA 200.7 (4.4) EPA 200.8 (5.4) EPA 200.8 (5.4) EPA 200.8 (5.4) OIA-1677-09 (8/99) EPA 335.4 (1.0) EPA 300.0 (2.1)	Cert Date 4/20/2020 10/16/1995 2/24/1997 10/16/1995 2/24/1997 4/7/2014 5/8/2007 5/9/2002	



What Determines the METHOD I Request?

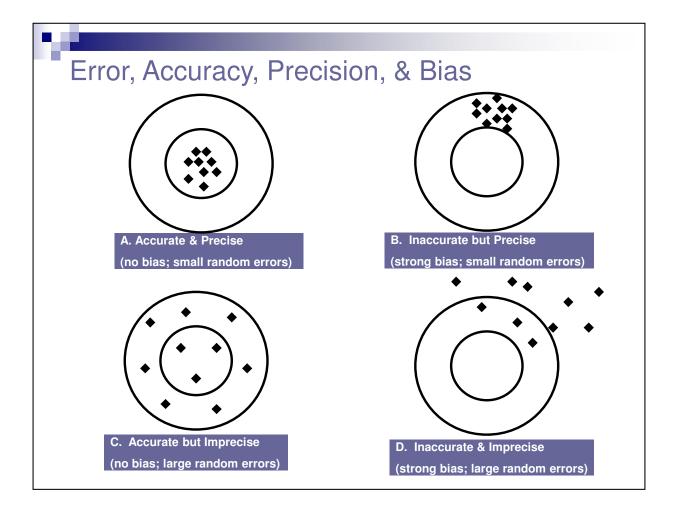
For *most* parameters, the City does *not* specify analytical procedures.

Choosing which analytical test method to request for demonstrating compliance depends on:

- > Wastewater Discharge Permit Limits & Conditions
- > Phoenix City Code, Chapter 28 Sewers
- > 40 CFR 136.3 https://www.ecfr.gov
- > 40 CFR 403, 405 471 Point Source Categories for Categorical Industrial Users (CIU's)
- > ADHS Method Licensure Availability
- Standard Permit Conditions Part D (a) of your Wastewater Discharge Permit (Permit) requires the use of "Approved Laboratory Procedures." The Permit may also restrict the test method and/or require the use of a particular method approved by 40 CFR 136 (such as for Total Copper).
- 2. EPA specifies test methods that are approved for use in wastewater analysis in 40 CFR 136. Tables 1A, 1B, and 1C in Part 136.3 list the various analytical methods that may be used to analyze for a pollutant parameter. Part 136.2(e) allows alternative procedures to be proposed for approval by the EPA. *This is not easy to do; in fact, it is quite difficult.*
- 3. Federal Categorical Regulations may also specify a method. For example the Can Making regulation (40 CFR 465-D) specifies EPA Method 1664 Silica Gel Treated Hexane Extractable Material for the analysis of Oil & Grease.

BREAK TIME!! 10 minutes please. Thank you!





Error: Error is the collective noun for any departure of the result from the "true" value*. Analytical errors can be:

1. Random or unpredictable deviations between replicates, quantified with the "standard deviation".

2. Systematic or predictable regular deviation from the "true" value, quantified as "mean difference" (i.e. the difference between the true value and the mean of replicate determinations).

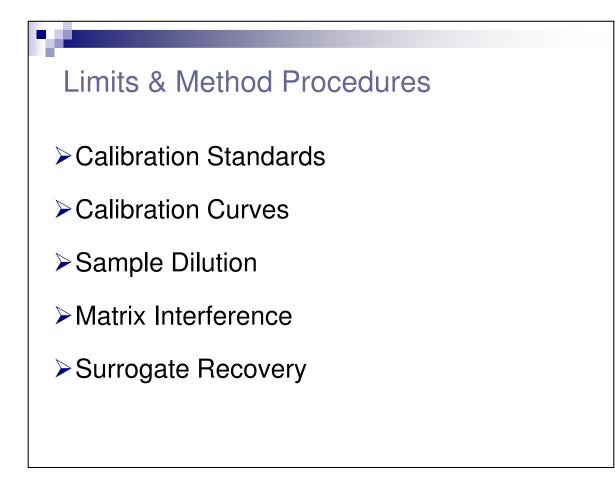
3. Constant, unrelated to the concentration of the substance analyzed (the analyte).

4. Proportional, i.e. related to the concentration of the analyte.

Accuracy: The "trueness" or the closeness of the analytical result to the "true" value. It is constituted by a combination of random and systematic errors (precision and bias) and cannot be quantified directly. The test result may be a mean of several values. An accurate determination produces a "true" quantitative value, i.e. it is precise and free of bias.

Precision: The closeness with which results of replicate analyses of a sample agree. It is a measure of dispersion or scattering around the mean value and usually expressed in terms of standard deviation, standard error or a range (difference between the highest and the lowest result).

Bias: The consistent deviation of analytical results from the "true" value caused by systematic errors in a procedure. Bias is the opposite but most used measure for "trueness" which is the agreement of the mean of analytical results with the true value, i.e. excluding the contribution of randomness represented in precision. There are several components contributing to bias: Method bias, Laboratory bias, and Sample bias



All types of analytical methods require calibration for quantitation. Calibration is a process that relates the measured analytical signal to the concentration of analyte. We can't just run a sample and know the relationship between signal and concentration without calibrating the response

The three most common calibration methods are:

Calibration curve

•Standard addition method

•Internal standard method

Why are the detection limits sometimes elevated in a result?

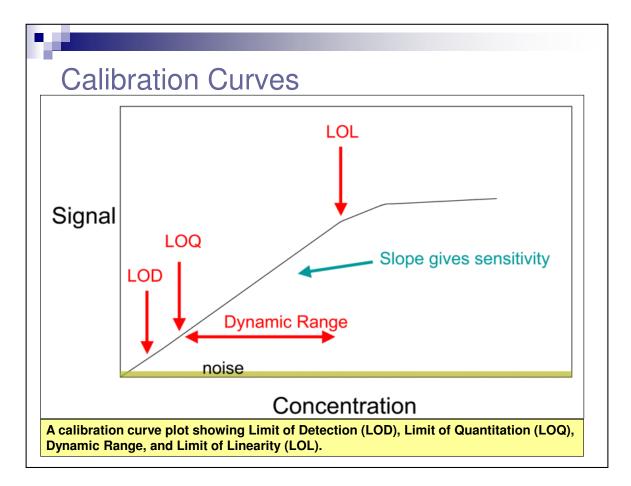
The detection limits that can be achieved on actual environmental samples can be influenced by a number of factors such as sample size, final extraction volume, injection volume, dilutions, instrument sensitivity, and matrix interference.

What is matrix interference?

Matrix interference refers to sample characteristics that interfere with the test method execution such that reliable data cannot be generated. Examples of matrix interference include samples with extreme pH, high alkalinity or acidity, and chemical constituents that react with target analytes. Common matrix interference is the presence of a non-target compound in high concentrations. Even though this compound may not be of interest to the client, the sample often requires dilution in order to prevent contamination of instrumentation.

What is a surrogate? Why is it reported with my sample results?

Surrogates are known analytes added in known amounts to samples and method blanks to evaluate the efficiencies of sample preparation steps for some methods. They are similar chemically to the target analytes of the method, but are not found naturally in samples. For that reason, many are isotope-labeled target analytes (i.e. toluene-d8). Because surrogates are added to each sample, the surrogate recovery result (expressed as percent of recovery) is reported with each sample report.



Limit of Detection: Limit of detection (LOD) is defined as the lowest concentration of an analyte in a sample that can be distinguished from a blank. It is expressed as a concentration at a certain specified signal-to-noise ratio, usually two-or three to one.

Limit of Quantitation (LOQ) or Practical Limit of Quantitation (PQL) is the lowest amount of analyte in a sample that can be quantitatively determined with acceptable precision and accuracy.

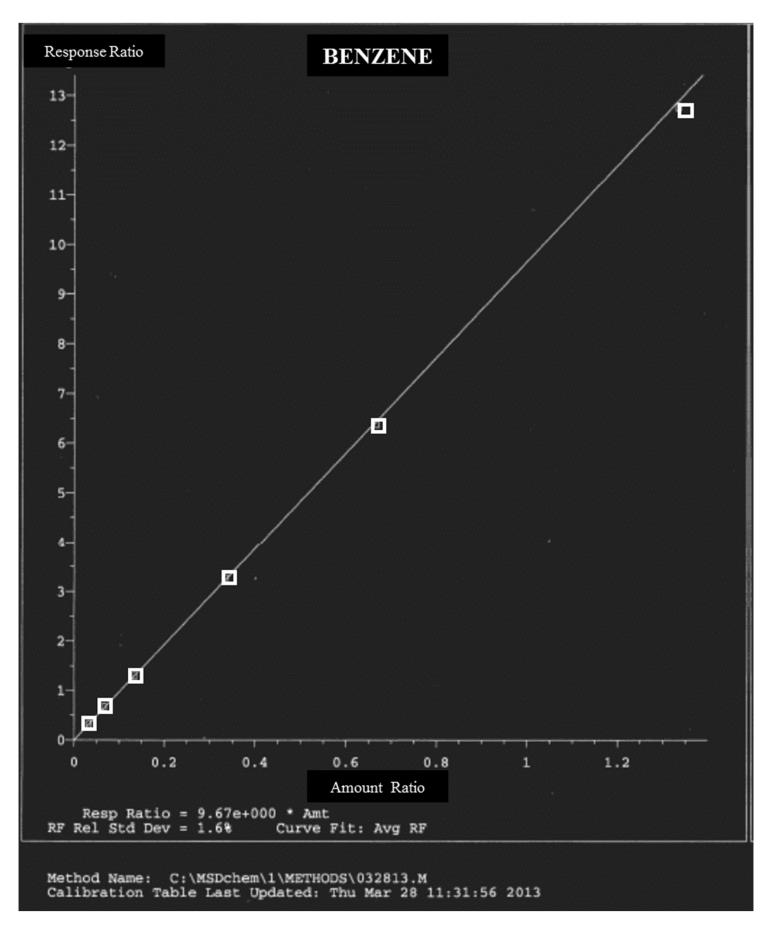
Dynamic Range The lowest concentration at which quantitative measurements can be made (limit of quantitation, or LOQ) to the concentration at which the calibration curve departs from linearity (limit of linearity, or LOL). Dynamic range is the range over which detector still responds to changing concentration (at high concentrations – usually saturates – quits responding)

Limit of Linearity (LOL)

EXAMPLE: It is often difficult to understand the concept of detection limit. The following example may help to clarify the concepts.

Suppose you are at an airport with lots of noise from jets taking off. If the person next to you speaks softly, you will probably not hear them. Their voice is less than the LOD. If they speak a bit louder, you may hear them but it is not possible to be certain of what they are saying and there is still a good chance you may not hear them. Their voice is >LOD but <LOQ. If they speak even louder, then you can understand them and take action on what they are saying and there is little chance you will not hear them. Their voice is then >LOD and >LOQ. Likewise, their voice may stay at the same loudness, but the noise from jets may be reduced allowing their voice to become >LOD. Detection limits are dependent on both the signal intensity (voice) and the noise (jet noise).

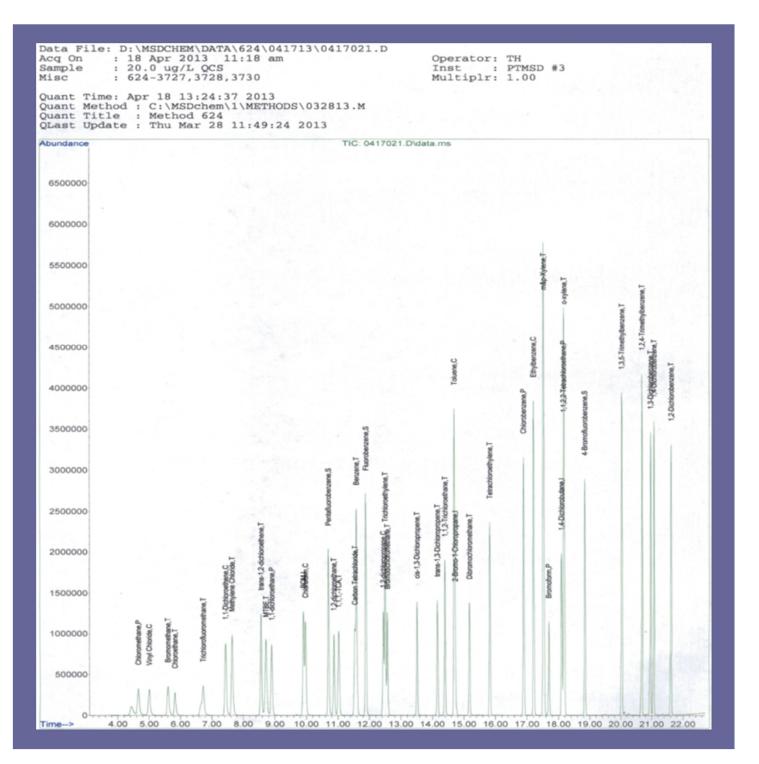
Calibration Curves



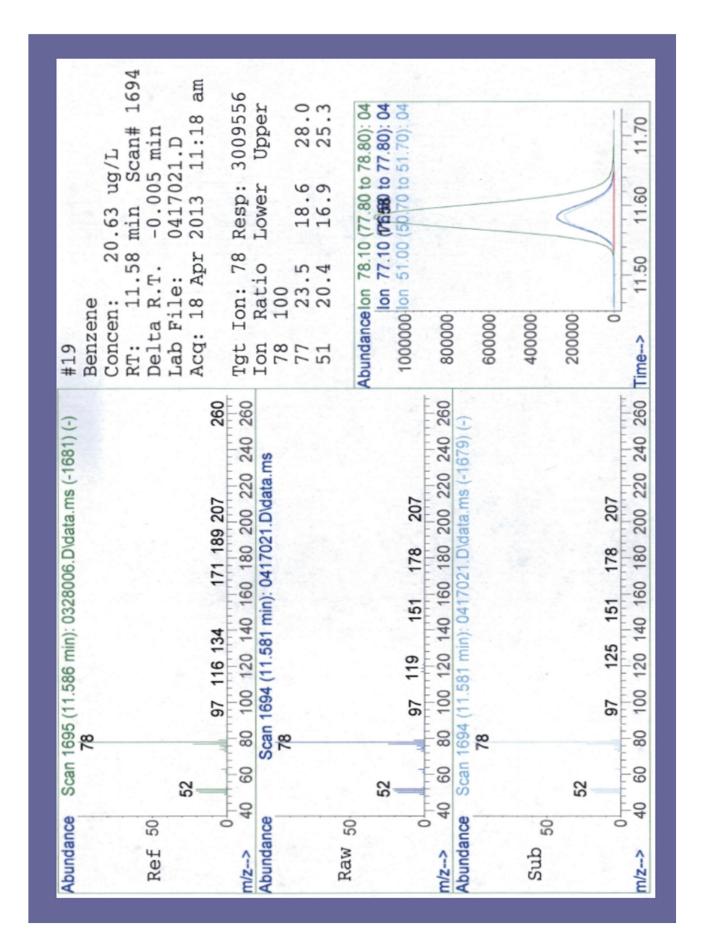
Quantitation Report – Volatile Organics

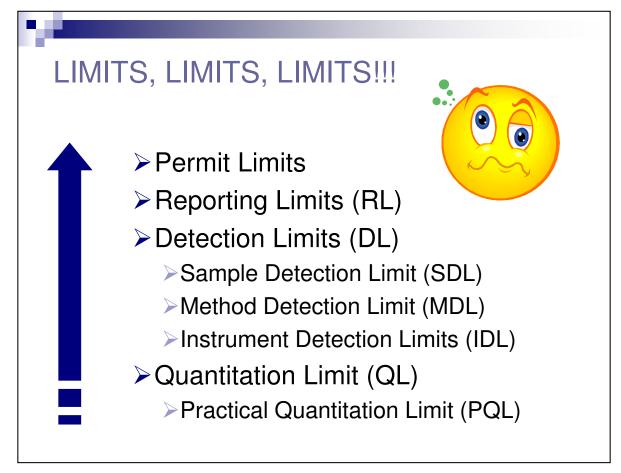
Data File: D:\MSDCHEM\DATA\624\041713\0417021.D Acq On : 18 Apr 2013 11:18 am Sample : 20.0 ug/L QCS Inst : FTMSD #3 Misc : 624-3727,3728,3730 Multiplr: 1.00 Quant Mthod : C:\MSDChem\1MBTHODS\032813.M Quant Title : Method 624 QLast Update : Thu Mar 28 11:49:24 2013 Compound R.T. QIon Response Conc Units Dev(Min) Internal Standards 9.91 130 725952 30.00 ug/L 0.00 3) 2-Brcmo-1-Chloropropane 14.72 79 452689 30.00 ug/L 0.00 3) 2-Brcmo-1-Chloropropane 14.72 79 452689 30.00 ug/L 0.00 291 1,4-Dichlorobutane 18.10 55 192038 30.00 ug/L 0.00 Spiked Amount 30.000 Range 70 - 130 Recovery = 98.508 14) Fluorobenzene 10.69 168 2094055 29.55 ug/L 0.00 Spiked Amount 30.000 Range 70 - 130 Recovery = 103.038 36) 4-Brcmo-1ance 18.84 174 1196353 31.47 ug/L 0.00 Spiked Amount 30.000 Range 70 - 130 Recovery = 104.908 Target Compounds 2) Chloromethane 5.82 64 554190 18.54 ug/L 100 6) Trichlorofluorobenzene 6.82 64 554190 18.54 ug/L 100 6) Trichlorofluorobenzene 6.82 64 554190 18.54 ug/L 100 6) Trichlorofluorobenzene 7.43 61 1175171 19.16 ug/L 99 71 1,1-Dichloroethane 6.72 101 993869 19.10 ug/L 100 6) Trichlorofluorobenzene 7.43 61 1175171 19.16 ug/L 99 71 1,1-Dichloroethane 6.72 101 993869 19.10 ug/L 99 71 1,1-Dichloroethane 7.43 61 1175171 19.16 ug/L 99 71 1,1-Dichloroethane 7.43 61 1175171 19.16 ug/L 99 71 1,1-Dichloroethane 7.43 61 1175171 19.16 ug/L 99 71 1,1-Dichloroethane 7.43 63 803070 2.02 ug/L 99 71 1,1-dichloroethane 7.43 63 803070 2.02 ug/L 99 71 1,1-dichloroethane 7.43 63 803070 2.04 ug/L 99 71 1,1-dichloroethane 7.43 63 803070 2.04 ug/L 99 72 0,1-2-dichloroptopene 12.48 73 105 82.72 ug/L 99 73 0,1-2-dichloroptopene 12.56 83 104002 22.27 ug/L 99 73 0,1-2-dichloroptopene 14.50 75 1337352 23.26 ug/L 100 73 1,1-2-2-dichloroptopene 12.56 83 104002 22.77 ug/	Ou	antitatio	n Repo	rt (QT	Reviewe	d)	
Quant Time: Apr 18 13:24:37 2013 Quant Title : Method 524 Q	Data File: D:\MSDCHEM\DATA\624	\041713\0	417021	.D Or Ir	erator: ist :	TH PTMSD #	3
Quant Method C:\MSDchem\l\METHODS\032813.M Quant Title :Method 624 QLast Update Thu Mar 28 11:49:24 2013 Compound R.T. QIon Response Conc Units Dev(Min) 1) BCM 9.91 130 725952 30.00 ug/L 0.00 29) 1.4-Dichloroburane 18.10 55 1992038 30.00 ug/L 0.00 29) 1.4-Dichloroburane 18.10 55 1992038 30.00 ug/L 0.00 System Monitoring Compounds 11.88 96 3504929 30.91 ug/L 0.00 Spiked Amount 30.000 Range 70 -130 Recovery = 104.30.38 36) 4-Bromofluorobenzene 18.84 174 1196353 31.47 ug/L 0.00 Spiked Amount 30.000 Range 70 -130 Recovery = 104.908 Target Compounds Qualt (00 30.914/2 100 30.91/2 100 3) Vinyl Chloride 5.60 924475 16.60 ug/L 100 3) Vinyl Chloride 6.6 52 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>MU</td><td>iltipir:</td><td>1.00</td><td></td></t<>				MU	iltipir:	1.00	
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Spiked Amount 30.000 Range 70 - 130 Recovery = 103.03% 36) 4 = Bromofluorobenzene 18.84 174 1196353 31.47 ug/L 0.00 Spiked Amount 30.000 Range 70 - 130 Recovery = 104.90% Target Compounds Qvalue Qvalue 100 110 1100 110 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 <	Spiked Amount 30.000	Range 70	- 130	Recove	ery =	98.50%	0 00
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19)Benzene11.5878300955620.63ug/L9920)1,2-dichloropropane12.436388307020.40ug/L9921)Trichloroethylene12.4913098264321.14ug/L10022)Bromodichloromethane12.5683104000222.27ug/L9923)cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10ug/L9924)trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26ug/L10025)1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39ug/L9926)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.7017376125926.95ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L9935)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9936)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlo	3) Vinyl Chloride	5.00	62	881152	19.95	ug/L ug/L	99
19)Benzene11.5878300955620.63ug/L9920)1,2-dichloropropane12.436388307020.40ug/L9921)Trichloroethylene12.4913098264321.14ug/L10022)Bromodichloromethane12.5683104000222.27ug/L9923)cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10ug/L9924)trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26ug/L10025)1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39ug/L9926)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.7017376125926.95ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L9935)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9936)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlo	4) Bromomethane	5.60	94	573984	. 18.23	ug/L	100
19)Benzene11.5878300955620.63ug/L9920)1,2-dichloropropane12.436388307020.40ug/L9921)Trichloroethylene12.4913098264321.14ug/L10022)Bromodichloromethane12.5683104000222.27ug/L9923)cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10ug/L9924)trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26ug/L10025)1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39ug/L9926)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.7017376125926.95ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L9935)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9936)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlo	5) Chloroethane	5.82	64	554190	18.54	ug/L	100
19)Benzene11.5878300955620.63ug/L9920)1,2-dichloropropane12.436388307020.40ug/L9921)Trichloroethylene12.4913098264321.14ug/L10022)Bromodichloromethane12.5683104000222.27ug/L9923)cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10ug/L9924)trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26ug/L10025)1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39ug/L9926)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.7017376125926.95ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L9935)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9936)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlo	7) 1.1-Dichloroethene	7.43	61	1175171	19.10	ug/L ug/L	99
19)Benzene11.5878300955620.63ug/L9920)1,2-dichloropropane12.436388307020.40ug/L9921)Trichloroethylene12.4913098264321.14ug/L10022)Bromodichloromethane12.5683104000222.27ug/L9923)cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10ug/L9924)trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26ug/L10025)1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39ug/L9926)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.7017376125926.95ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L9935)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9936)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlo	8) Methylene Chloride	7.64	84	794544	18.01	ug/L	99
19)Benzene11.5878300955620.63ug/L9920)1,2-dichloropropane12.436388307020.40ug/L9921)Trichloroethylene12.4913098264321.14ug/L10022)Bromodichloromethane12.5683104000222.27ug/L9923)cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10ug/L9924)trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26ug/L10025)1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39ug/L9926)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.7017376125926.95ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L9935)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9936)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlo	9) trans-1,2-dichloroethene	8.56	61	1147705	18.77	ug/L	95
19)Benzene11.5878300955620.63ug/L9920)1,2-dichloropropane12.436388307020.40ug/L9921)Trichloroethylene12.4913098264321.14ug/L10022)Bromodichloromethane12.5683104000222.27ug/L9923)cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10ug/L9924)trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26ug/L10025)1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39ug/L9926)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.7017376125926.95ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L9935)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9936)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlo	11) 1,1-dichloroethane	8.90	63	1445417	19.30	ug/L	98
19)Benzene11.5878300955620.63ug/L9920)1,2-dichloropropane12.436388307020.40ug/L9921)Trichloroethylene12.4913098264321.14ug/L10022)Bromodichloromethane12.5683104000222.27ug/L9923)cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10ug/L9924)trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26ug/L10025)1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39ug/L9926)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.7017376125926.95ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L9935)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9936)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlo	15) Chloroform	9.97	83	1320096	21.19	ug/L	100
19)Benzene11.5878300955620.63ug/L9920)1,2-dichloropropane12.436388307020.40ug/L9921)Trichloroethylene12.4913098264321.14ug/L10022)Bromodichloromethane12.5683104000222.27ug/L9923)cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10ug/L9924)trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26ug/L10025)1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39ug/L9926)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.7017376125926.95ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L9935)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9936)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlo	16) 1,2-dichloroethane	10.87	62	1111485	20.25	ug/L	100
19)Benzene11.5878300955620.63ug/L9920)1,2-dichloropropane12.436388307020.40ug/L9921)Trichloroethylene12.4913098264321.14ug/L10022)Bromodichloromethane12.5683104000222.27ug/L9923)cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10ug/L9924)trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26ug/L10025)1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39ug/L9926)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.7017376125926.95ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L9935)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9936)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlo	18) Carbon Tetrachloride	11.54	117	1069226	21.54	ug/L	99
21)Trichloroethylene12.4913098264321.14ug/L10022)Bromodichloromethane12.5683104000222.27ug/L9923)cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10ug/L9924)trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26ug/L10025)1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39ug/L9926)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9928)Tetrachloroethylene15.8216696670320.99ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.5391600261944.58ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L10035)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9937)1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlorobenzene20.95146201606023.41ug/L10040)1,4-Dichlorobenzene21.05146204169723.02ug/L100	19) Benzene	11.58	78	3009556	20.63	ug/L	99
23) cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10 ug/L9924) trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26 ug/L10025) 1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39 ug/L9926) Toluene14.6991350642520.56 ug/L10027) Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86 ug/L9928) Tetrachloroethylene15.8216696670320.99 ug/L9830) Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61 ug/L10031) Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15 ug/L10032) m&p-Xylene17.7017376125926.95 ug/L9933) Bromoform17.7017376125926.95 ug/L9934) o-xylene18.1891317214122.46 ug/L10035) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75 ug/L9937) 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene20.02105310415523.61 ug/L10038) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.95146201606023.41 ug/L10040) 1,4-Dichlorobenzene21.05146204169723.02 ug/L10041) 1,2-Dichlorobenzene21.60146189656123.06 ug/L100	20) 1,2-dichloropropane	12.43			20.40	ug/L	
23) cis-1,3-Dichloropropene13.5175131452823.10 ug/L9924) trans-1,3-Dichloropropene14.1575123735223.26 ug/L10025) 1,1,2-Trichloroethane14.409782885421.39 ug/L9926) Toluene14.6991350642520.56 ug/L10027) Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86 ug/L9928) Tetrachloroethylene15.8216696670320.99 ug/L9830) Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61 ug/L10031) Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15 ug/L10032) m&p-Xylene17.7017376125926.95 ug/L9933) Bromoform17.7017376125926.95 ug/L9934) o-xylene18.1891317214122.46 ug/L10035) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75 ug/L9937) 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene20.02105310415523.61 ug/L10038) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.95146201606023.41 ug/L10040) 1,4-Dichlorobenzene21.05146204169723.02 ug/L10041) 1,2-Dichlorobenzene21.60146189656123.06 ug/L100	22) Bromodichloromethane	12.56	83	1040002	22.27	ug/L	
26)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9928)Tetrachloroethylene15.8216696670320.99ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.5391600261944.58ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L10035)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9937)1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene20.02105310415523.61ug/L10038)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlorobenzene20.95146201606023.41ug/L10040)1,4-Dichlorobenzene21.05146204169723.02ug/L10041)1,2-Dichlorobenzene21.60146189656123.06ug/L100	23) cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	13.51	75	1314528	23.10	ug/L	99
26)Toluene14.6991350642520.56ug/L10027)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86ug/L9928)Tetrachloroethylene15.8216696670320.99ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.5391600261944.58ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L10035)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9937)1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene20.02105310415523.61ug/L10038)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlorobenzene20.95146201606023.41ug/L10040)1,4-Dichlorobenzene21.05146204169723.02ug/L10041)1,2-Dichlorobenzene21.60146189656123.06ug/L100	24) trans-1,3-Dichloropropen 25) 1,1,2-Trichloroethane		75	1237352	23.26		
27)Dibromochloromethane15.17129102154422.86 ug/L9928)Tetrachloroethylene15.8216696670320.99 ug/L9830)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61 ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15 ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.5391600261944.58 ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95 ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46 ug/L10035)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75 ug/L9937)1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene20.02105310415523.61 ug/L10038)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46 ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlorobenzene20.95146201606023.41 ug/L10040)1,4-Dichlorobenzene21.05146204169723.02 ug/L10041)1,2-Dichlorobenzene21.60146189656123.06 ug/L100			91	3506425	20.56	ug/L	
30)Chlorobenzene16.89112253441722.61ug/L10031)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.5391600261944.58ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L10035)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9937)1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene20.02105310415523.61ug/L10038)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlorobenzene20.95146201606023.41ug/L10040)1,4-Dichlorobenzene21.05146204169723.02ug/L10041)1,2-Dichlorobenzene21.60146189656123.06ug/L100			129	1021544	22.86		
31)Ethylbenzene17.2191382940822.15ug/L10032)m&p-Xylene17.5391600261944.58ug/L9933)Bromoform17.7017376125926.95ug/L9934)o-xylene18.1891317214122.46ug/L10035)1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75ug/L9937)1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene20.02105310415523.61ug/L10038)1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46ug/L9939)1,3-Dichlorobenzene20.95146201606023.41ug/L10040)1,4-Dichlorobenzene21.05146204169723.02ug/L10041)1,2-Dichlorobenzene21.60146189656123.06ug/L100	30) Chlorobenzene	15.82		2534417	20.99		
32) m&p-Xylene17.5391600261944.58 ug/L9933) Bromoform17.7017376125926.95 ug/L9934) o-xylene18.1891317214122.46 ug/L10035) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75 ug/L9937) 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene20.02105310415523.61 ug/L10038) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46 ug/L9939) 1,3-Dichlorobenzene20.95146201606023.41 ug/L10040) 1,4-Dichlorobenzene21.05146204169723.02 ug/L10041) 1,2-Dichlorobenzene21.60146189656123.06 ug/L100	31) Ethylbenzene	17.21	91	3029400	22.10	ug/L	
34) o-xylene18.1891317214122.46 ug/L10035) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane18.1683117100122.75 ug/L9937) 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene20.02105310415523.61 ug/L10038) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene20.67105312181123.46 ug/L9939) 1,3-Dichlorobenzene20.95146201606023.41 ug/L10040) 1,4-Dichlorobenzene21.05146204169723.02 ug/L10041) 1,2-Dichlorobenzene21.60146189656123.06 ug/L100				6002619	44.58		
33) 1,1,2,2-letrachlordethale 18.16 83 11/1001 22.75 ug/L 99 37) 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 20.02 105 3104155 23.61 ug/L 100 38) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 20.67 105 3121811 23.46 ug/L 99 39) 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 20.95 146 2016060 23.41 ug/L 100 40) 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 21.05 146 2041697 23.02 ug/L 100 41) 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 21.60 146 1896561 23.06 ug/L 100			91	761259	26.95		
37) 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 20.02 105 3104155 23.61 ug/L 100 38) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 20.67 105 3121811 23.46 ug/L 99 39) 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 20.95 146 2016060 23.41 ug/L 100 40) 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 21.05 146 2041697 23.02 ug/L 100 41) 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 21.60 146 1896561 23.06 ug/L 100	35) 1 1 2 2-Tetrachloroethan	18 16	83			Mar /T.	00
	37) 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	20.02	105	3104155	23.61	ug/L	100
	39) 1,3-Dichlorobenzene	20.67	146	2016060	23.46	ug/L ug/L	100
	40) 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	21.05	146	2041697	23.02	ug/L	100
	41) 1,2-Dichlorobenzene	21.60	146	1896561	23.06	ug/L	100

Gas Chromatogram – Volatile Organics



Gas Chromatogram – Volatile Organics





 $\frac{Permit\ Limits}{Discharge\ Permit,\ e.g.,\ Mercury\ -\ 0.0023\ mg/L} \ on\ Page\ 2\ or\ 3\ of\ the\ City\ of\ Phoenix\ Wastewater$

<u>Reporting Limits (RL)</u> – The client and/or end-user of test data request a RL for compliance purposes. RL must be **defensible** by the lab. The RL must be greater than or equal to the results of the MDL study by analyte and method. An RL below the MDL study results is unacceptable. RL is the lowest concentration at which an analyte can be detected in a sample and its concentration can be reported with a reasonable degree of accuracy and precision. The RL is a laboratory-specific number, which may change with time. When a sample has to be diluted before analysis, either because of matrix problems or to get the instrument response within the linear dynamic range, the RL is raised by a factor corresponding to the dilution factor.

<u>Detection Limits (DL)</u> Lowest concentration of a chemical that can reliably be distinguished from a zero concentration. DL is the smallest concentration we can measure with a particular technique.

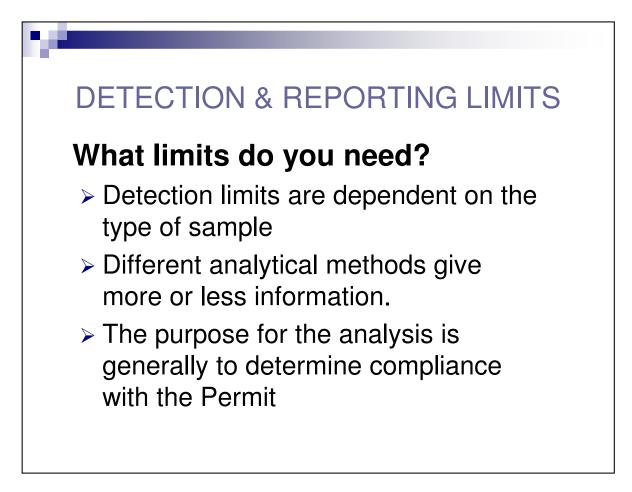
<u>Instrument Detection Limits (IDL)</u> - Each instrument has a limitation on the amount of an analyte that it can detect. This limitation can be expressed as the IDL, which may be defined as the smallest amount of an analyte that can be reliably detected or differentiated from the background on an instrument. The IDL does not take sample preparation into consideration. IDLs are explicitly determined and generally defined as three times the standard deviation of the mean noise level.

<u>Method Detection Limit (MDL)</u> - MDL is the minimum concentration of a substance that can be measured and reported with 99% confidence that the value is above zero. The MDL is the lowest concentration that can be detected by an instrument with correction for the effects of sample matrix and method-specific parameters such as sample preparation. MDLs are explicitly determined as set forth in 40 CFR Part 136. They are defined as three times the standard deviation of replicate spiked analyses. Calculated MDL must be less than the spike concentration used to conduct the study and must be greater than 10% of the spiked concentration to be reasonable.

<u>Sample Detection Limit (SDL)</u> –SDL is the MDL adjusted to reflect sample-specific actions such as dilution or use of smaller aliquot sizes, or to report results on a dry-weight basis.

<u>Quantitation Limit (QL)</u> is the lowest amount of analyte in a sample that can quantitatively determined with a suitable precision and accuracy for an individual analytical procedure.

<u>Practical Quantitation Limit (PQL)</u>-This limit is usually higher than a detection limit, high enough where a quantitative value can be obtained. is a quantitation limit that represents a practical and routinely achievable quantitation limit with a high degree of certainty (>99.9% confidence) in the results.



- Labs determine their detection limits using some type of laboratory pure water. Since your sample is not laboratory pure water, the detection limit will be different. Because of the wide variety of samples a lab receives, they have developed and report results using a Reporting Limit (RL), Method Reporting Limit (MRL), Practical Quantitation Limit (PQL), or something similar. These values are generally 5 to 10 times the lab's detection limit and the lab has confidence in values reported above this level.
- 2. Each method is capable of "seeing" a certain amount of the pollutant you are looking for. The lower you "see" the more involved (and more expensive) the analysis becomes. The level the method "sees" is the reporting limit.
- 3. A comparison of the Permit limit to the lab's detection or reporting limit should be made to select the test method to be used. The reporting limit must be at least as low as your Permit limit.
 - Compliance with a Permit limit of 0.010 mg/L copper can be shown by having the lab use the Furnace method of analysis, which should be able to detect as little as 0.005 mg/L of copper. If ICP analysis were requested, the best that the lab could likely achieve is a reporting level of 0.05 mg/L, not low enough to determine compliance the Permit limit.
 - For a Permit limit of 0.80 mg/L of copper, a lab's ICP reporting level of 0.050 mg/L is adequate.

IDL < MDL = SDL < QL = RL< Permit Limit

DETECTION & REPORTING LIMITS

Any choices in what you will \$ pay?

- Depends upon methods & turnaround times needed.
- More labor to run a GC/MS than to run a GC
- ICP several metals at a time
- AA and Furnace only one parameter at a time.
- Higher fee likely for Furnace than by AA.
- Consider whether you need a single parameter or a group of parameters analyzed.
- IMPORTANT! Cheaper often means higher detection limits.
- 1. The more tests performed on a single instrument run, the lower the cost per test tends to be.
- 2. It takes more labor to run a Furnace than the AA; it takes more labor to run a GC/MS than to run a GC.
- 3. You may regularly monitor your discharge for a group of metals, but you may also have a requirement for more frequent monitoring of copper. You can save money by analyzing for only copper rather than the entire group of metals when you only need one metal parameter.
- 4. Benzene can be analyzed by several methods that are generally acceptable to show compliance with the Permit. If no other parameters than benzene are needed, you should consider asking your lab to analyze your sample be EPA Method 602 rather than the more comprehensive and expensive EPA Method 624.
- How do I make sure I get the right reporting limits? It is important to specify what reporting limits you need for each chemical your analytical laboratory will test for you before you order your analyses. The best place for this is in your purchase order or contract with the analytical laboratory. It is not uncommon for a laboratory to test for a suite of similar chemical compounds and to use the same reporting limit for all the compounds in the suite. However, this may not be sufficient for your needs if you are concerned about very low regulatory limits for one of chemicals in this suite. If you specify what reporting limits you need, the laboratory may be able to pick a more appropriate analysis method to suit your needs.

REMEMBER

- 1st What *reporting limit* do you need?
- 2nd How much do you want to \$ pay?

QC DOCUMENTATION

Documentation can be provided in "routine" and "custom" packages.

You may want to ask your lab for a "custom" or Level III or IV package:

- If you violate a Permit limit
- If something strikes you as unusual about the result.

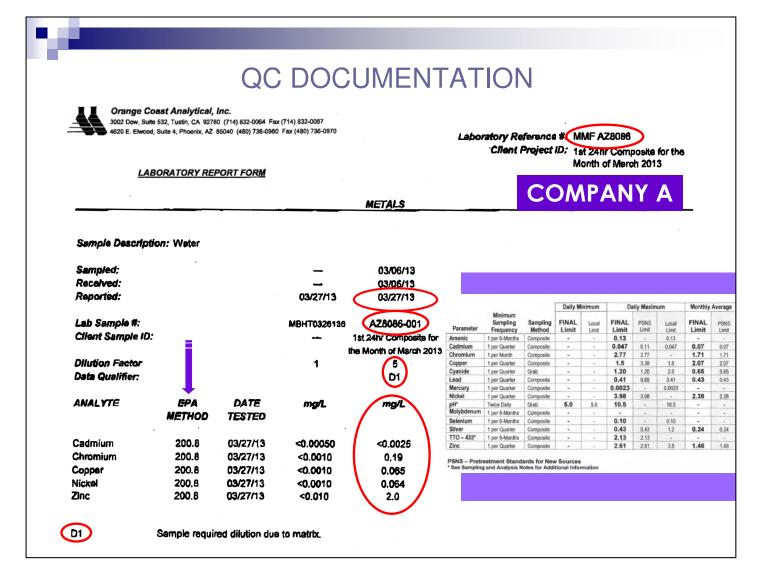
QC DOCUMENTATION

Laboratories add data qualifiers or notes to explain the results of analyses. This helps us understand the "usability" of the data.

Please see Arizona Data Qualifiers Revision 4.0 dated 09/05/2012

BREAK TIME!! 5 minutes please. Thank you!





NOTES:

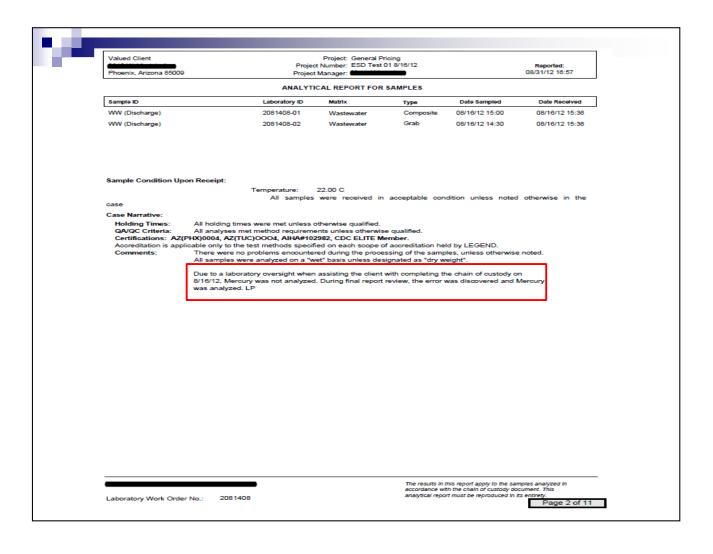
						QAVQC R						
IO/	MPANY	A			_	for Me						
					R	eporting u	nits: ppm					
	1. Matrix Splke (1	MS) / Matrix S	pike Duplicate ((MSD)								
	Laboratory Refere		479084									
		Date			SP	<u> </u>			1	MS/MSD	ACP	ACP
	Analyte	Tested	QC Sample	R1	CONC	MS	MSD	%MS	%MSD	%RPD	%REC	RPD
	Cadmium	03/27/13	AZ8086-001	0.0	0.100	0.0884	0.0891	88	89	1	70-130	20
	Chromlum	03/27/13	AZ8086-001	0.19	0.100	0.265	0.274	75	84	3	70-130	20
	Copper	03/27/13	AZ8086-001	0.065	0.100	0.147	0.151	82	86	3	70-130	20
	Nickel	03/27/13	AZ.0000-001	0.064	0.100	0.144	0.146	80	82	1	70-130	20
	Zinc	03/27/3	AZ8086-001 ^{M2}	2.0	0.100	1.990	2.07	10	70	4	70-130	20
	MS MSD %MSD MS/MSD RPD ACP %REC ACP RPD LCS LCSD %LCS %LCSD %LCSD LCS/LCSD RPD M2 2. Laboratory Con	Percent Rec Percent Rec Relative Per Acceptable Laboratory (Laboratory (Percent Rec Percent Rec Relative Per Metrix spike	Duplicate Resu covery of MS: (() covery of MSD: (cent Difference: Range of Percen Relative Percent Control Sample F Control Sample F Control Sample C covery of LCS: (L overy of LCSD: cent Difference: recovery was low	MS-R1) / ((MSD-R' {(MS-MS t Recove Difference lesuite Duplicate _CS / SP (LCSD / ((LCS-LC v;the ass	1) / SP CC D) / (MS- ry conc} x SP CONC} x SP CONC (SD) / (LC oclated bl	NC) x 100 MSD)} x 100 3 x 100 S+LCSD) ank spike	00 x 2	vas accep	table.	!		
	Analyte	Date Tested	QC Sampl		SP CONC	LCS	LCSD	%LCS	%LCSD	LCS/LCSD %RPD	ACP %REC	ACP RPD
	Cadmium	03/27/13	HT0326136		0.100	0.109	0.108	109	108	1	85-115	20
	Chromlum	03/27/13	HT0320136		0.100	0.101	0.101	101	101	0	85-115	20
	Copper	03/27/13	HT0326136		0.100	0.107	0.110	107	110	3	85-115	20
	Nickel	03/27/13	HT0326136		0.100	0.102	0.102	102	102	0	85-115	20
	Chromlum	03/27/13	HT0328136		0.100	0.101	0.101	101	101	0	85-115	20

NOTES:



NOTES: the back of the book has examples of different laboratory reports.

Ĺ	aboratory B
	31 August 2012
	Valued Client Phoenix, Arizona 85009
	RE: General Pricing
	Laboratory Work Order No.: 2081408
	Is pleased to provide the enclosed analytical results for the aforementioned project. These results relate only to the items tested. This cover letter and the accompanying pages represent the full report for these analyses and should only be reproduced in full. Samples for this project were received by the laboratory on 08/16/12 15:36.
	The samples were processed in accordance with the Chain of Custody document and the results presented relate only to the samples tested. The Chain of Custody is considered part of this report.
	All samples will be retained by contraction for 30 days from the date of this report and then discarded unless other arrangements are made.
	This entire report was reviewed and approved for release by the undersigned. If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact me.
	Sincerely,
	Client Services Representative (602) 324-6100
	This laboratory report is confidential and is intended for the sole use or any state and it's client.
	Page 1 of 11
	Page 1 of 11



Valued Client		Proi	ect: Gen	oral Pri	nina				
Valded Cherk	Pro	ject Numb						Re	ported:
Phoenix, Arizona 85009	Proj	ect Manag	per: 🗰						/12 16:57
WW (Discharge) (2081408-01) Waste	water (Composite)	Sampl	ed: 08/1	6/12 1	5:00 Rec	ceived: 08/1	6/12 15:36		
Analyte	Result	PQL	Units	Dilutio	n Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
Total Metals									
Arsenic	0.003	0.001	mg/L	1	8260572	08/20/12 16:23		EPA 200.8	
Cadmium	<0.0001	0.0001		- i			08/22/12 19:01		
Copper	0.07		mg/L	1			08/21/12 17:31		
Lead	0.001	0.001	mg/L	1	B2H0572	08/20/12 16:23	06/22/12 19:01	EPA 200.8	
Mercury	<0.0002	0.0002		1		06/29/12 09:40	08/29/12 16:01		
Molybdenum	<0.02		mg/L	1			08/21/12 17:31		
Selenium	<0.002		mg/L	1		06/20/12 16:23			
Silver	0.0002	0.0002		1			08/24/12 16:25		
Zinc	0.10	0.02	mg/L	1	B2H0571	05/20/12 16:19	06/21/12 17:31	EPA 200.7	
Inorganic Chemistry									
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	116	2		1			08/17/12 10:00		
Chemical Oxygen Demand	388	20	mg/L	1			08/22/12 12:15		
Total Suspended Solids	20		mg/L			08/20/12 07:00		SM 2540 D	
WW (Discharge) (2081408-02) Waste	water (Grab) Sam	npled: 08	16/12 1	4130	Received	: 08/16/12 1	0.36		
Analyte	Result	PQL	Units	Dilutio	n Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
Chamintan						-			
norganic Chemistry Cyanide, Total	<0.010	0.010		1		05/21/12 09:00		SM 4500 CN	
								he samples an	

Valued Client Phoenix, Arizona 85009		Pr Project Nu Project Man	mber: ES	eneral Prici 3D Test 01					Report 08/31/12	ed: 16:57
		Total Meta	als - Qu	ality Cor	trol	_				
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Batch B2H0571 - EPA 200.7										
Blank (B2H0571-BLK1)				Prepared:	08/20/12 A	nalyzed: 08	/21/12			
Copper	<0.01	0.01	mg/L							
Molybdenum	<0.02 <0.02	0.02	mg/L							
Zinc	<0.02	0.02	mg/L							
LCS (B2H0571-BS1)	0.96				08/20/12 A					
Copper Molybdenum	0.96	0.01	mg/L mg/L	1.00		96 97	85-115 85-115			
Zinc	0.95	0.02	mg/L	1.00		95	85-115			
Matrix Spike (B2H0571-MS1)	5	urce: 2081403		Prenarert	08/20/12 A	nalized: 08	/21/12			
Copper	1.00	0.01	mg/L		0.02	98	70-130			
Molybdenum	0.20	0.02	mg/L	0.200	<0.02	99	70-130			
Zinc	0.99	0.02	mg/L	1.00	0.04	95	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0571-MSD1)		urce: 2081403	3-01		08/20/12 A					
Copper	1.00	0.01	mg/L	1.00	0.02	98	70-130	0.1	20	
Molybdenum	0.20	0.02	mg/L	0.200		99	70-130	0.2	20	
Zinc	0.99	0.02	mg/L	1.00	0.04	95	70-130	0.1	20	
Blank (B2H0572-BLK1) Arsenic Cadmium Lead	<0.001 <0.0001 <0.001	0.001 0.0001 0.001	mg/L mg/L mg/L		08/20/12 A					
Selenium Silver	<0.002 <0.0002	0.002	mg/L mg/L							
Laboratory Work Order No.: 20814					accorda	ince with th	eport apply t e chain of cu ust be reprod	stody doci	ument. This	ed In

		Project Man	mber: ES hager: 🖬	Reported: 08/31/12 16:57						
		Total Meta	als - Qu	ality Con	trol	_				
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Batch B2H0572 - EPA 200.8										
LCS (B2H0572-BS1)					08/20/12 A					
Arsenic	0.024	0.001	mg/L	0.0250		97	85-115			
Cadmium Lead	0.0239	0.0001	mg/L mg/L	0.0250		95 90	85-115 85-115			
Selenium	0.024	0.002	mg/L	0.0250		90	85-115			
Silver	0.0272	0.0002	mg/L	0.0250		109	85-115			
Matrix Spike (B2H0572-MS1)	Cou	rce: 2081403	2 04	Dranarad	08/20/12 A	nalimed: 08	/22/12			
Arsenic	0.042	0.001	mg/L	0.0250		100	70-130			
Cadmium	0.0246	0.0001	mg/L	0.0250	0.0006	96	70-130			
Lead	0.029	0.001	mg/L	0.0250	0.007	89	70-130			
Selenium	0.024	0.002	mg/L	0.0250		93	70-130			
Silver	0.0252	0.0002	mg/L	0.0250	0.00005	101	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0572-MSD1)	Sou	rce: 2081403	3-01	Prepared:	08/20/12 A	nalyzed: 08	/22/12			
Arsenic	0.042	0.001	mg/L	0.0250		101	70-130	0.7	20	
Cadmium	0.0244	0.0001	mg/L	0.0250		95	70-130	0.9	20	
Lead	0.029	0.001	mg/L	0.0250		90	70-130	0.9	20	
Selenium Silver	0.0249	0.002	mg/L mg/L	0.0250	0.00005	91 99	70-130 70-130	1	20 20	
		0.0002	ingre	0.0200	0.00000	35	70-130		20	
Batch B2H0854 - EPA 245.1/245.2 P	rep									
Blank (B2H0854-BLK1)				Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/29/12				
Mercury	<0.0002	0.0002	mg/L							
LCS (B2H0854-BS1)				Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/29/12				
Mercury	0.0010	0.0002	mg/L	0.00100		99	85-115			
					The res	ults in this n	eport apply	to the samp	oles analyze	d In
							e chain of cu			
Laboratory Work Order No.: 208	1408				anarytica	a report mu	ist be reproc	nuced in RS		je 5 of 11

Valued Client Phoenix, Arizona 85009		Pr Project Nu Project Mar	mber: ES	eneral Pricir SD Test 01	ng 8/16/12				Report 08/31/12	ed: 16:57
	_	Total Meta	als - Qu	ality Con	trol	_				
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Batch B2H0854 - EPA 245.1/245.2 Pre				Generated	§ Analyzed:	08/00/10				
Matrix Spike (B2H0854-MS1) Mercury	0.0010	ource: 208215 0.0002	mg/L	0.00100	<0.0002	102	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0854-MSD1) Mercury	0.0010	ource: 208215 0.0002	9-01 mg/L		\$ Analyzed: <0.0002		70-130	2	20	
	-				The res	ults in this r	eport apply i e chain of cu	to the sam	ples analyze	ed In

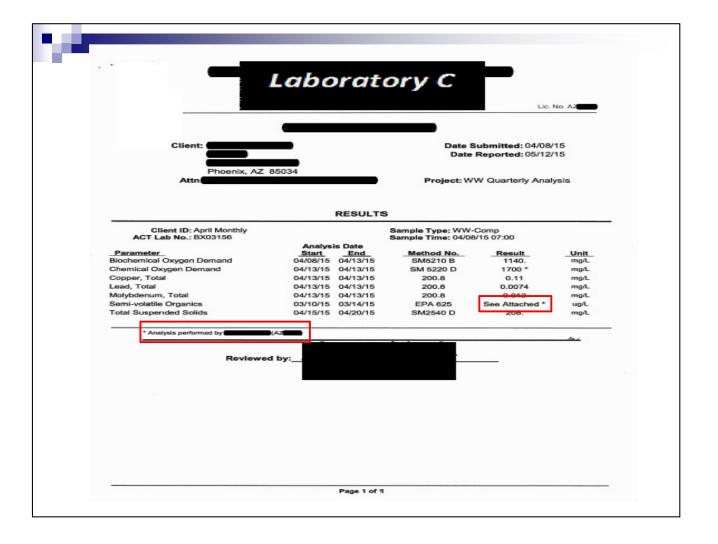
Valued Client		Project Nur	nber: ES	eneral Pricing SD Test 01 8/1	16/12				Report	
Phoenix, Arizona 85009		Project Man	ager: 🗰						08/31/12	16:57
	In	organic Che	mistry	- Quality C	ontrol					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units		Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Batch B2H0511 - NO PREP										
Blank (B2H0511-BLK1)				Prepared & A	Inalyzed: (08/17/12				
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	<2	2	mg/L							
.CS (B2H0511-BS1)				Prepared & A	nalyzed: (08/17/12				
iochemical Oxygen Demand	202	2	mg/L	198		102	85-115			
atch B2H0546 - NO PREP										
Blank (B2H0546-BLK1)				Prepared & A	inalyzed: (08/20/12				
Total Suspended Solids	<1	1	mg/L							
Duplicate (B2H0546-DUP1)	s	iource: 2081334	-01	Prepared & A	inalyzed: (08/20/12				
otal Suspended Solids	<1	1	mg/L	. 0					5	
Duplicate (B2H0546-DUP2)	s	ource: 2081420	-01	Prepared & A	inalyzed: (08/20/12				
fotal Suspended Solids	<1	1	mg/L	0					5	
Satch B2H0594 - NO PREP										
Blank (B2H0594-BLK1)				Prepared & A	nalyzed: (08/21/12				
yanide, Total	<0.010	0.010	mg/L	ricpares an	- aryzea.	001210712				
lank (B2H0594-BLK2)			-	Prepared & A	nalvzed: (08/21/12				
yanide, Total	<0.010	0.010	mg/L	, icputed and						
CS (B2H0594-BS1)				Prepared & A	nalvzed: (08/21/12				
yanide, Total	0.050	0.010	mg/L	0.0500		100	80-120			
					The resu accordar	its in this i nce with th	eport apply 1 e chain of cu	o the sam	oles analyze	ed in

Valued Client Phoenix, Arizona 85009		Project Nu Project Mar	mber: E	eneral Pricin SD Test 01 8	g 9/16/12				Report 08/31/12	ed: 16:57
	Inor	ganic Che	emistry	- Quality	Control	_				
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Batch B2H0594 - NO PREP										
LCS Dup (B2H0594-BSD1)				Prepared &	Analyzed:	08/21/12				
Cyanide, Total	0.051	0.010	mg/L	0.0500		102	80-120	2	25	
Matrix Spike (B2H0594-MS1)		irce: 208116	9-03	Prepared 8		08/21/12				
Cyanide, Total	0.048	0.010	mg/L	0.0500	⊲0.010	96	80-120			
Matrix Spike (B2H0594-MS2)	Sou	irce: 208138		Prepared &						
Cyanide, Total	0.048	0.010	mg/L	0.0500	-0.010	96	80-120			_
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0594-MSD1)		Irce: 208116		Prepared 8						
Cyanide, Total	0.049	0.010	mg/L	0.0500		98	80-120	2	25	
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0594-MSD2) Cyanide, Total	Sou 0.048	0.010	7-01 mg/L	Prepared 8 0.0500		08/21/12 96	80-120	0	25	
Batch B2H0689 - NO PREP	0.040	0.010	mg/L	0.0500	-0.010	30	00-120		25	
				Prepared 8		00/00/10				
Blank (B2H0689-BLK1) Chemical Oxygen Demand	<20	20	mg/L	Prepared a	Analyzeo:	08/22/12				
LCS (B2H0689-BS1)				Prepared 8	Anaband	08/22/12				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	198	20	mg/L	200	Analyzeu.	99	90-110			
LCS Dup (B2H0689-BSD1)				Prepared 6	Analyzed:	08/22/12				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	197	20	mg/L	200		98	90-110	0.7	20	
Matrix Spike (B2H0689-MS1)	Sol	urce: 208133	3-01	Prepared 8	Analyzed:	08/22/12				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	215	20	mg/L	200		94	90-110			
Laboratory Work Order No.: 2081408	•				accorda	nce with th	eport apply i e chain of cu ist be reproc	stody docu	iment. This entirety.	ed in ge 8 of 11

Valued Client		Pro Project Nun	oject: Ge nber: ES	eneral Pricir SD Test 01	ng 8/16/12				Report	
Phoenix, Arizona 85009		Project Mana	ager: 🗰						08/31/12	16:57
	Inc	organic Cher	nistry	- Quality	Control	_				
		-			-					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Batch B2H0689 - NO PREP										
Matrix Spike (B2H0689-MS2)	S	ource: 2081333		Prepared (
Chemical Oxygen Demand	213	20	mg/L	200		98	90-110			
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0689-MSD1)	213	ource: 2081333		Prepared a						
Chemical Oxygen Demand			mg/L	200		93	90-110	0.7	20	
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0689-MSD2) Chemical Oxygen Demand	208	ource: 2081333	-02 mg/L	Prepared a		95	90-110	3	20	
Chemical Oxygen Demand	200	20	ingre	200		30	30-110	5	20	
					The res	ults in this r	eport apply	to the sam	ples analvze	d In
-										
					accorda	ance with the	e chain of c	ustody doci	ument. This	
Laboratory Work Order No.: 2081-	408				accorda	ance with the al report mu	e chain of c	ustody doci	ument. This s entirety.	e 9 of 11

Valued Cl	ient	Project: G	Seneral Pricing	
		Project Number: E	SD Test 01 8/16/12	Reported:
Phoenix, J	Arizona 85009	Project Manager:		08/31/12 16:57
		Notes and Defi	nitions	
BLK	Method Blank			
LCS/Dup	Laboratory Control Sample/Laboratory Fortified	Blank/Duplicate		
MS/Dup	Matrix Spike/Duplicate			
Dry	Sample results reported on a dry weight basis			
RPD	Relative Percent Difference			
_			The results in this	report apply to the samples analyzed in
			accordance with ti	he chain of custody document. This nust be reproduced in its entirety.
Laborator	y Work Order No.: 2081408		analytical report in	Page 10 of 11

/alued Client Phoenix, Arizona 85009		ject: General Pricing iber: ESD Test 01 8/16/12 iger:	Reported: 08/31/12 16:57
	CHAIN O	F CUSTODY RECORD	
ESD Tes+	Project Rumber	Phoenix AZ 85009	Photo (Exc Humber or Simul Address Face Paradas Address)
Contraction Contracti	Dote Bample Location Date Time Bample Location Vite ISD0 Cisc/carge Plat Cisc/carge PA Case Case Case Plat Cisc/carge PA Case Case Case Completence Sold Cisc/carge Completence Sold Cisc/carge Completence Sold Cisc/carge Completence Sold Cisc/carge Cisc/carge Cisc/carge Mold Cisc/carge Cisc/carge Cisc/carge Cisc/carge Cisc/carge		er e
aboratory Work Order No.	2081408	accordance with	is report apply to the samples analyzed in the chain of custody document. This must be reproduced in its entirey. Page 11



Laboratory C

Lic. No. A2

QC Report

satch ID:	eter		Sample Result	Method Blank Result	QCS % Rec	Duplicate Result	RPD	Spike Result	Spike % Rec
ABREAT TEAL	BOD-69658	QC ID:	BX03138	Samples: BX031	56			37 ES-2	
Biochemic	al Oxygen D	emand	<4. *		105.	<4.	0.0		
latch ID:	ICP-69631	QC ID:	BX03036	Samples: 8X031	56				
Antimony				<0.0010	101.	< 0.0010		0.2470	98.8
Barium				< 0.0010	100.	0.085		0.3730	115.
Beryllium				< 0.0010	101.	<0.0010		0.2520	101.
Boron				<0.0050	106.	0.18		0.4450	106.
admium				< 0.0010	95.0	< 0.0010		0.2710	108.
alcium				<0.5	94.8	40.6	0.247	70.25	100.
hromium	1			<0.0050	93.4	< 0.0050		0.2610	104.
Copper				<0.0050	95.4	0.011	8.70	0.2560	97.6
ron				< 0.010	100.	0.35		0.4300	102.
.ead				< 0.0010	95.4	< 0.0010		0.2750	110.
Aagnesiur	m			<0.5	93.5	24.0		24.0	102.
Aanganes	e			<0.0010	92.8	0.016		0.2710	102.
Aolybdenu	um			< 0.0010	90.0	0.0050	3.92	0.2740	108.
lickel				<0.0010	109.	0.0062	1.60	0.2620	102.
otassium	1			< 0.5	108.	5.7	1.77	8.319	110.
Selenium				< 0.0020	99.4	<0.0020		0.2660	106.
Silver				< 0.0010	101.	< 0.0010		0.2560	102.
Bodium				<0.5	103.	130.		115.	100.
hallium				<0.0010	92.4	< 0.0010		0.2790	112.
linc				<0.010	106.	0.041	2.41	0.3010	104.
latch ID:	TSS-69728	QC ID:	BX03300	Samples: BX031	56				
otal Susp	ended Solid	is	344.			368.	6.74		

Page 1 of 1

							С	HÆ		10	5.	c	U	ST	o	DY		PWS	SID	A						PAG		OF	,
City State Zin	Az.	850	34		96TT D TVS D V88	D CN U Bridge		Che	mis	stry		1270		erice	NMC	B	Biol	ogy	y		Bio	omon	P	Proje Proje					
Phone: Fax: Contact: Sampler Signature:			RAMP	and the factor	D TTOS LET UR D TOS LET UR D TO	D 01/0 I TPHC II MBAS II O	A BOD COD BINNE SOUTH	a tetra o Pol	U Nitode + Nitrio U Nitrio	al TION CLAmmonia	2010/01/02	C SEA AND ADD ADD	200 0 694 0 8775	wohiarste 🗆 Radio 🛛 Aste	A Collision II Poul II Collect	Coli 2 Feed Ship	A CORONILL MPN LTMF	U MICHO SCOPE ID	Li Plate Court Li BIOLOG		Addie 10 Chronic		6.8	C	No. 1			abora	
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Metals: AI Sb Sr TI Sample Types: Dw, G Sample Receiving:	Sn W, SW, V	NW, AQ,	Soil, Slu	Zn dge o	r Solie		Ca.				2.	TAL Relin	() DIS	SOL			[] SI	DWA	0	3. I	Hg () F () F Relinquish	CR	A	6	J Se			26
Intact: Yes		No Da	te. /_	8-	15		a. 1	Time:	55	PM	P	abe:						Tim	HE:	O PN		le:					Tim	HEC .	AM PM
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By signing this chain of custody, conjunction with the submitted so responsible parties on the form a	imples withi	in 30 days of	f invoice. It	is the o	lient's	respor	15ibilit)	y 10 mc	ste pur	g, Inc. rchase	for a e orde	II iservi er num	ices re ibers o	endere or othe	ed in er	-12	Sa	mpl	le de	livery		e-Laborato	ry		Yellov	w-Rep	ot	Pink-	Client

Labo	Internations/Glossary
Qualifiers	
GC/MS VOA	
Qualifier	Qualifier Description
E4	Concentration estimated. Analyte was detected below laboratory minimum reporting level (MRL) but above MDL.
T2 E8	Cited ADHS licensed method does not contain this analyte as part of the method compound list.
E8 D1	Analyte reported to MDL per project specification. Target analyte was not detected in the sample. Sample required dilution due to matrix.
GC/MS Semi	
Qualifier	Qualifier Description
Qualifier E8	Qualifier Description Analyte reported to MDL per project specification. Target analyte was not detected in the sample.
L4	The associated blank spike recovery was below method acceptance limits.
R6	LFB/LFBD RPD exceeded method control limit. Recovery met acceptance criteria.
GC Semi VO	A
Qualifier	Qualifier Description
D1	Sample required dilution due to matrix.
E8 C8	Analyte reported to MDL per project specification. Target analyte was not detected in the sample.
	Sample RPD between the primary and confirmatory analysis exceeded 40% Per EPA Method 8000C, the lower value was reported as there was no evidence of chromatographic problems.
N1	See case narrative.
Metals	
Qualifier	Qualifier Description
E8	Analyte reported to MDL per project specification. Target analyte was not detected in the sample.
E4	Concentration estimated. Analyte was detected below laboratory minimum reporting level (MRL) but above MDL.
General Che	mistry
Qualifier	Qualifier Description
H5	This test is specified to be performed in the field within 15 minutes of sampling; sample was received and analyzed past the regulatory
D2	holding time. Sample required diution due to high concentration of analyte.
D1	Sample required dilution due to matrix.
D5	Minimum Reporting Limit (MRL) adjusted due to sample dilution; analyte was non-detect in the sample.
K1	The sample dilutions set-up for the BOD analysis did not meet the oxygen depletion criteria of at least 2 mg/L. Any reported result is an
M2	estimated value. Matrix spike recovery was low, the associated blank spike recovery was acceptable.
D1	Sample required dilution due to matrix.
D5	Minimum Reporting Limit (MRL) adjusted due to sample dilution; analyte was non-detect in the sample.
E4	Concentration estimated. Analyte was detected below laboratory minimum reporting level (MRL) but above MDL.
E8	Analyte reported to MDL per project specification. Target analyte was not detected in the sample.
Glossary	
Abbreviation	These commonly used abbreviations may or may not be present in this report.
%R	Listed under the "D" column to designate that the result is reported on a dry weight basis Percent Recovery
CFL	Contains Free Liquid
CNF	Contains no Free Liquid
DER	Duplicate error ratio (normalized absolute difference)
Dil Fac	Dilution Factor
DL, RA, RE, IN	Indicates a Dilution, Re-analysis, Re-extraction, or additional Initial metals/anion analysis of the sample
DLC	Decision level concentration Minimum detectable addity
EDL	Estimated Detection Limit
MDC	Minimum detectable concentration
MDL	Method Detection Limit

Case Narrative	
Client: Uob ID: 550-4396	1-1
	_
Job ID: 550-43961-2	_
Laboratory:	
Narrative Job Narrative	
550-43961-2	
Comments	
Revised report includes the addition of priority pollutant metals and results reported to the MDL per the client request on 5 August 2015.	
Receipt	
The samples were received on 4/29/2015 2:45 PM; the samples arrived in good condition, properly preserved and, where required, on ice. The temperatures of the 2 coolers at receipt time were 2.0° C and 3.7° C.	
Receipt Exceptions	
A trip blank was submitted for analysis with these samples; however, it was not listed on the Chain of Custody (COC). Contacted client per e-mail and confirmed to proceed with analysis on trip blank. Received e-mail 04/30/15. JfS 05/01/15.	
GC/MS VOA	
Method(s) 624, 8260B: The following sample was diluted due to the abundance of non-target analytes: B213 (550-43961-1). Elevated reporting limits (RLs) are provided.	
No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.	
GC/MS Semi VOA Wethod(s) 625: Insufficient sample volume was available to perform a matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) associated with	
preparation batch 440-25617 and analytical batch 440-253127. The laboratory control sample (LCS) was performed in duplicate to provide precision data for this batch.	
Method(s) 625: The laboratory control sample and laboratory control sample duplicate (LCS/LCSD) were out of range low for 2-Chloronaphthalene. The laboratory control sample duplicate (LCSD) was out of range low for 3.3-Dichlorobenzidine. Sample may be	
piased low for these compounds.	
LCS 440-252617/2-A)	
Method(s) 625: The percent recovery of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, 2-Chloronaphthalene, 3-Nitroaniline, 4-Chloroaniline, 4-Nitroaniline, Aniline and N-Nitrosodiphenylamine in the laboratory control sample duplicate (LCSD) of preparation batch 252617 failed below the lower acceptance limit. The recovery of these compounds has historically been problematic with this preparation method, 3520C. Samples were re-extracted past holding time with similar results for the QC. Original extraction within holding time was reported. (LCSD	
440-252617/3-A) Samples may be biased low for these compounds.	
Method(s) 625: The %RPD of the laboratory control sample (LCS) and laboratory control standard duplicate (LCSD) for preparation batch 52617 recovered outside control limits for the following analytes: 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine, 3-Nitroaniline, 4-Chloroaniline, 4-Nitroaniline and Aniline.	
No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.	
GC Semi VOA	
Method(s) 608: The Heptachior Epoxide was detected on column A in the sample 43961-1, but it cannot be confirmed on column B due o a peak which coelutes at the same RT on the alternate column. The RPD between the primary and confirmation column exceeded 40% or Heptachior epoxide . The lower value has been reported , as matrix interference is evident on column B. The result has been flagged with C8 and N1 qualifier.	
B213 (550-43961-1)	
No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.	

п

Job ID: 550-43961-1	-	nple Summar		Client:
			ne Monitoring	Project/Site: Baselin
Collected Received	latrix		Client Sample ID	Lab Sample ID
//29/15 12:00 04/29/15 14:45 //29/15 12:00 04/29/15 14:45	Vater Vater		B213 Trip Blank	550-43961-1 550-43961-2
8/7/2015		Page 7 of 46		

Client:	ng	Detect	ion Sur	nmary		-	Job ID:	550-43961-1	
Client Sample ID:	B213					Lab S	ample ID: 55	50-43961-1	
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL U		Dil Fac	Method	Prep Type	
Methylene Chloride - DL		D1 E4	5000	670 u		1000	624	Total/NA	
Methanol	9.4		0.50		ng/L	1	8015B	Total/NA	
Endosulfan, alpha Heptachlor epoxide	1.8	C8 D1 N1	1.3	0.21 u		5	608 608	Total/NA Total/NA	-
Formaldehyde	1.1	CODINI	0.50		ng/L	1	8315A	Total/NA	6
Beryllium	0.010		0.010	0.0020 m		1	200.7 Rev 4.4	Total/NA	
Nickel	0.051	E4	0.10	0.016 n		1	200.7 Rev 4.4	Total/NA	
Arsenic	0.083		1.0	0.027 n	ng/L	1	200.7 Rev 4.4	Total/NA	
Copper	6.3		0.10	0.017 n		1	200.7 Rev 4.4	Total/NA	
Zinc	11		0.50	0.033 n		1	200.7 Rev 4.4	Total/NA	
Chromium	0.039		0.10	0.0050 n		1	200.7 Rev 4.4	Total/NA	
Total Suspended Solids	17000		1000		ng/L	1	SM 2540D	Total/NA Total/NA	
Cyanide, Total		D1 D5 E4		0.035 n		1	SM 4500 CN E		
pH Temperature	8.56		1.68		SU Degrees C	1	SM 4500 H+ B SM 4500 H+ B	Total/NA Total/NA	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand		D1 D5 K1	800		ng/L	160	SM 5210B	Total/NA	
	~3.30	D. DORT	000		- gr L	100	G/H 02 10D	- Otdurinen	
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E4: Concentration estimated. Analyte was detected below laboratory minimum reporting level (MRL) but above MDL (Method Detection Limit).

D1: Sample required dilution due to matrix.

Client:	_	Client	Sample F	Resul	ts			Job ID: 550-4	12061 1
roject/Site: Baseline Monitoring								JOB ID: 550-4	13901-1
Client Sample ID: Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Date Received: 04/29/15 14:45						La	ab Sample	e ID: 550-43 Matrix	3961-1 : Water
Method: 624 - Volatile Organic Analyte	Compoun Result	ds (GC/MS) Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether		E8	2500	500	ug/L			05/01/15 17:17	500
Acrolein		E8	25000	1300				05/01/15 17:17	500
Acrylonitrile	ND	EB	25000	500	ug/L			05/01/15 17:17	500
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	104		80 - 128					05/01/15 17:17	500
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	95		76 - 132					05/01/15 17:17	500
Method: 624 - Volatile Organic	Compoun	ds (GC/MS)	- DL						
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		D1 E8	2000	150				05/08/15 07:30	1000
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		2000	330				05/08/15 07:30	1000
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	ND		2000	310				05/08/15 07:30	1000
1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichlorethylene	ND	D1 E8 D1 E8	2000	140 230				05/08/15 07:30 05/08/15 07:30	1000
1.2-Dichloroethane	ND	DIES	2000	310				05/08/15 07:30	1000
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	D1 E8	2000	230				05/08/15 07:30	1000
Benzene	ND		2000	120				05/08/15 07:30	1000
Dichlorobromomethane	ND		2000	230				05/08/15 07:30	1000
Bromoform	ND		2000	370				05/08/15 07:30	1000
Methyl bromide	ND	D1 E8	2000	670				05/08/15 07:30	1000
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	D1 E8	2500	150				05/08/15 07:30	1000
Chlorobenzene Chloroethane	ND	D1 E8 D1 E8	2000	170				05/08/15 07:30 05/08/15 07:30	1000
Chloroform		D1 E8	2000	130				05/08/15 07:30	1000
Methyl chloride		D1 E8	5000	210				05/08/15 07:30	1000
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	D1 E8 T2	2000	220				05/08/15 07:30	1000
Ethylbenzene	ND	D1 E8	2000	320	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Methylene Chloride	1000	D1 E4	5000	670				05/08/15 07:30	1000
Tetrachloroethylene	ND	D1 E8	2000	180	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Toluene	ND	D1 E8	2000	280	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene Trichloroethylene	ND	D1 E8	2000	290 240	ug/L ug/L			05/08/15 07:30 05/08/15 07:30	1000
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	D1 E8	5000	150	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Vinyl chloride	ND	D1 E8	2000	180	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	D1 E8 T2	10000	1300				05/08/15 07:30	1000
Styrene	ND		2000		ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Xylenes, Total	ND	D1 E8 T2	10000	860	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)	90		70 - 130					05/08/15 07:30	1000
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr) Toluene-d8 (Surr)	106		70 - 130					05/08/15 07:30	1000
	100							1200.000.30	
Method: 625 - Semivolatile Or Analyte	ganic Com Result	Qualifier	(MS) RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21		4
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		E8	4000		ug/L			05/07/15 20:08	4
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine(as Azobenzene)	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
			Page 9 of 46					8/7/2	

E8: Analyte reported to MDL per project specification. Target analyte was not detected in the sample.

D1: Sample required dilution due to matrix.

Index Colspan="2">Index Compounds (GC/MS) Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Type: Total/NA Tot Derest Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Betwein Spike Derest Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Betwein Spike Derest Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Betwein Spike Surrogate Legend Tot Tot DErest Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Betwein Spike Perep Type: Total/NA Surrogate Legend Tot Derest Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Betwein Spike Derest Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Effection Sample D Total/NA Surrogate Legend Derest Surrogat			Surrogat	e Sum	mary						
atrix: Water Prop Type: Total/NA Tot. DBFW D	Client: Project/Site: Baseline							a Job I	D: 550-43961-1		
Dercent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Lab Sample ID Citent Sample ID (76-132) 40-1080544-E5 MSD Matrix Spike Matrix Spike 101 98 40-1080544-E5 MSD Matrix Spike Deplicate 101 98 50-43981-1 Est 2012 Trip Blank 103 99 50-43981-2 Trip Blank 98 99 Stado 2522264 Lab Control Sample Dup 98 99 Stado 2522254 Lab Control Sample Dup 98 99 Stado 2522254 Lab Control Sample Dup 98 99 Stado 252254 Lab Control Sample Dup 98 99 Stado 252254 Lab Control Sample Dup 98 99 Stado 252045 Lab Control Sample ID DBFM TOL ab Sample ID Citent Sample ID (70-130) (70-130) (70-130) 504-3961-1-0L Matrix Spike 90 96 99 505 504-3961-1-0L Matrix Spike 90 96 99	Method: 624 - Vol Matrix: Water	atile Organic Compo	unds (GC	MS)				Prep	Type: Total/NA		
ab Sample ID Client Sample ID TOL DBFM 4d0-100544-E-5 MSD Matrix Spike Duplicate 101 98 504-3081-1 B213 104 95 504-3081-1 B213 104 95 504-3081-1 B213 104 95 504-3081-2 B20 Bark 96 624-3081-2 B20 96 97 624-40-222-226 Lab Control Simple Dup 96 97 624-40-222-226 Lab Control Simple Dup 96 97 624-40-222-226 Method Blank 102 99 Burrogate Legend TOL TOL Fore Type: Total/NA 2014 - Dibronofhuoromethane (Surr) BF6 DBFM TOL Fore Type: Total/NA 204-3844-C1 MS Matrix Spike Duplicate 104 101 104 50-4304 204-3844-C1 MS Matrix Spike Duplicate 104 101 104 50-4304 50-4304 50-4304 50-4304 50-4304 50-4304 50-4304 50-4304 50-4304 <td>Г</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Pe</td> <td>rcent Surro</td> <td>ogate Reco</td> <td>very (Accep</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Г			Pe	rcent Surro	ogate Reco	very (Accep				
40-10804-E-5 MSD Matrix Space 97 99 50-13951-2 Tip Blank 101 98 50-13951-2 Tip Blank 103 99 CS 440-25232555 Lab Control Sample Dy 98 97 Surrogate Legend ToL = Tousne-d8 (Surr) 102 99 Beth Od: 524 - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) Prep Type: Total/NA ab Sample ID Client Sample ID 107 104 50-43961-2 ToL ToL ToL ToL ab Sample ID Client Sample ID 107 104 50-43942-C1 MS Matrix Splake 90 97 50-43942-C1 MS Matrix Splake Duplicate 104 101 104 50-43942-C1 MS Matrix Splake Duplicate 104 105 105 50-4				DBFM							
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80-4396-12 Trip Blank 103 99 CSB 40-25232576 Lab Control Sample Dup 98 99 Surrogate Legend 102 99 TOL = Toluene-d8 (Surr) DBFM = Disconditionomethane (Surr) Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) BFB = Diff TOL Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) BFFB = 10 Client Sample ID Strongete Recovery (Acceptance Limits) BFR 100 Client Sample ID Glient Sample ID Client Sample ID Strongete Legend BFR 100 Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) BFB 4 Strongoluronbenzeme (Surr) DIF To Blank Surrogate Legend BFR 10 Client Sample ID Client Sam	440-108054-E-5 MSD										
CS 440-2522255 Lab Control Sample 96 97 CSD 440-25232576 Lab Control Sample Dup 98 99 Surrogate Legend TOL = Tolknere-38 (Str7) Prep Type: Total/NA DBFM = Dibromofuluoromethane (Surr) Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Type: Total/NA ab Sample ID Client Sample D (70-130) (70-130) (70-130) 250-43844-C-1 MS Matrix Spike 102 99 97 104 250-43844-C-1 MS Matrix Spike 100 10 104 99 250-43844-C-1 MS Matrix Spike 100 10 104 90 97 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 105 104 105	550-43961-1										
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TOL = Toluene-dia (Surr) DBFM = Dibromofluoromethane (Surr) Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) SPE DBFM Client Sample ID Client Sample ID <th <="" colspan="2" td=""><td>MB 440-252325/4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th>	<td>MB 440-252325/4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		MB 440-252325/4								
TOL = Toluene-dia (Surr) DBFM = Dibromofluoromethane (Surr) Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) SPE DBFM Client Sample ID Client Sample ID <th <="" colspan="2" td=""><td>Surrogate Legend</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th>	<td>Surrogate Legend</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		Surrogate Legend								
Bethod: 624 - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Series Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Ber = 10 Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Ber = 10 Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Ber = 10 Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits)<	TOL = Toluene-d8 (Sur										
Prop Type: Total/NA Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) BFB DBFM TOL ab Sample ID Client Sample ID Offer Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Colspan="2">Client Sample ID Offer Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Sold Satury Spike Sold Satury Spike Sold Satury Spike Duplicate 102 103 Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Sold Satury Spike Dup Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Surrogate Legend BFI® = 500 Sold Satury Defend Elbornoffuorobenzene (Surr) DEFM Sold Sample Dup Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Prep Type: Total/NA Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Surrogate Legend Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Type: Total/NA Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Lim			unde (CC								
BFB DBFM TOL 150-43644-C-1 MS Matrix Spike (70-130) (70-130) 150-43644-C-1 MS Matrix Spike Duplicate 104 101 104 150-43644-C-1 MS Matrix Spike Duplicate 104 101 104 150-43644-C-1 MS Matrix Spike Duplicate 104 101 104 150-43661-2 Trip Bink 90 97 106 150-43661-2 Trip Bink 90 97 106 CSS 550-429064 Lab Control Sample Dup 97 105 103 Surrogate Legend BFB + Enonofluorobenzene (Surr) BFB + Enonofluorobenzene (Surr) Prep Type: Total/NA DBFM = Dibromofluoromethane (Surr) TOP FBP FBP TPH PHL ab Sample ID Cient Sample ID (30-120) (40-120) (50-120) (10-150) (33-120) cS 440-252617/2-A Lab Control Sample 55 64 74 67 62 63 64 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76	Method: 624 - Vol Matrix: Water	atile Organic Compo	unds (GC	wis)				Prep	Type: Total/NA		
ab Sample ID Citent Sample ID (70-130) (70-130) 50-43844-C-1 MSD Matrix Spike 98 107 107 107 50-43844-C-1 MSD Matrix Spike Duplicate 104 101 104 50-4384-C-1 MSD Matrix Spike Duplicate 104 101 104 50-43861-1 - DL B213 90 97 108 50-43861-2 Lab Control Sample 90 96 99 CSD 50-62906/3 Lab Control Sample Dup 97 106 105 BEF0 4-Bromofluoroherszene (Surr) DBFM = Ditromofluoroherszene (Surr) TDI = Toluzene-dB (Surr) Prep Type: Total/NA DBFM = Ditromofluoroherszene (Surr) TOL = Toluzene-dB (Surr) Prep Type: Total/NA ethod: 625 - Semivolatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) Prep Type: Total/NA atrix: Water Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) E50-43961-72-A Lab Control Sample D 64 76 76 67 62 CSD 440-252617/2-A Lab Control Sample Dup 53 66 80 68 73 56 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>ogate Recov</td><td>very (Accep</td><td>stance Limits)</td><td></td></t<>						ogate Recov	very (Accep	stance Limits)			
Stod 3844-C-1 MS Matrix Spike 98 107 105 Stod 3844-C-1 MS Matrix Spike Duplicate 104 101 104 Stod 3846-C-1 MS Matrix Spike Duplicate 104 101 104 Stod 38961-1 - DL Batrix Spike 90 97 106 Stod 38961-2 Trip Blank 92 102 103 CS 550-6290643 Lab Control Sample 90 96 99 CSD 550-6290645 Lab Control Sample Dup 97 105 105 BFB = 4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr) DBFM = Dibromofluoromethane (Surr) BFF = 4-Bromofluoromethane (Surr) Prep Type: Total/NA Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) The Stample ID Client Sample ID (30-120) (40-120) (50-120) (10-150) (33-120) CS 440-252617/2-A Lab Control Sample Dup 53 66 80 68 73 56 Surrogate Legend 2FP = Nithore Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Cols 40-252617/3-A Lab Contr	Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID									
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sige 4.3961-2 Trip Blank 02 102 103 CSS 550-62906/3 Lab Control Sample 90 96 99 CSD 550-62906/3 Lab Control Sample Dup 97 106 105 B 550-62906/5 Method Blank 91 87 103 Surrogate Legend BFF8 = 4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr) DBFM = Dibromofluoromethane (Surr) Prep Type: Total/NA DBFM = Dibromofluoromethane (Surr) TOL = Toluene-d8 (Surr) Prep Type: Total/NA Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Barbian Dibromofluoronethane (Surr) Cient Sample ID 2FP Visit Strong Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Barbian Dibromofluoronethane (Surr) CS 440-252617/3-A Lab Control Sample Dip 53 64 76 77 74 60 70 70 70 70 70 74 80 70 70 71 82 61 Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Barbian Dibromofluoronol Sample 55 64											
CCS 550-62906/3 Lab Control Sample 90 96 99 CSD 550-62906/4 Lab Control Sample Dup 97 106 105 Surrogate Legend 91 87 103 Surrogate Legend BFB 4 - Bromofluoromethane (Surr) BFB 4 - Bromofluoromethane (Surr) DBFM = Dibromofluoromethane (Surr) DBFm 4 - Bromofluoromethane (Surr) Prop Type: Total/NA ethod: 625 - Semivolatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) Prop Type: Total/NA atrix: Water Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Prop Type: Total/NA Lab Control Sample ID (30-120) (46-120) (69-120) (10-150) (38-120) .cs 440-252617/2-A Lab Control Sample Dup 53 66 80 63 73 56 .cs 440-252617/2-A Lab Control Sample Dup 53 66 80 68 73 56 .dto 4252617/2-A Lab Control Sample Dup 53 66 80 61 82 61 .dto 252617/2-A Lab Control Sample Dup 53 66 80 68 73											
CSD 650-62906/4 (B 550-62906/5 (B 500-62906/5 (B 500-62906	LCS 550-62906/3										
Surrogate Legend BFF # - Exromofiluorobenzene (Surr) DBFM = Dibromofiluoromethane (Surr) ToL = Toluene-d8 (Surr) ToL = Toluene-d8 (Surr) ToL = Toluene-d8 (Surr) Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) Ethoromofiluorobence) Cient Sample ID											

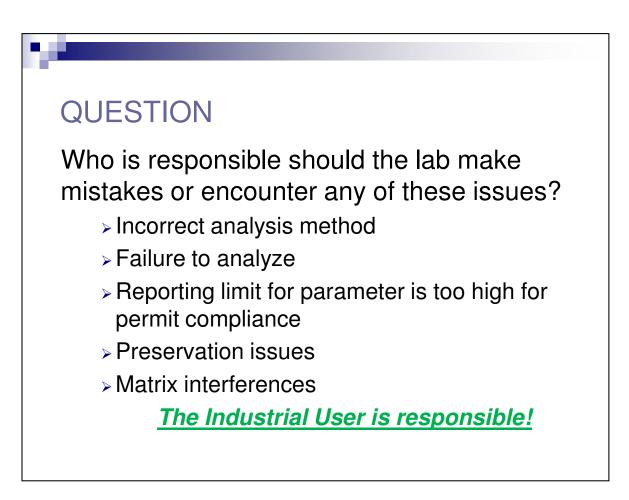
Client: Project/Site: Baseline Monito	ring		QC	Sample	e Resi	ults				a Job ID:	550-43	961-1
				(0.0.11								
Method: 624 - Volatile		om	pouna	s (GC/M	5)							
Lab Sample ID: MB 440-29 Matrix: Water	52325/4							Clie	ent San	Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 252325										riep iji		
Analyte		MB	MB Qualifier		21	MDL Unit		DP	repared	Analyz		Dil Fac
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	R	ND			.0	1.0 ug/L		<u> </u>	repared	05/01/15		Dil Fac
Acrolein		ND			50	2.5 ug/L				05/01/15		1
Acrylonitrile		ND	E8	100	50	1.0 ug/L				05/01/15	08:35	1
			MB									
Surrogate Toluene-d8 (Surr)	%Reco	102	Qualifier	Limits 80 - 12	-			P	repared	Analy: 05/01/15		Dil Fac
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)		99		76 - 13						05/01/15		-
Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-2 Matrix: Water	02325/5						Chie	ant sa	mple ID	E Lab Cor Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 252325												
Analyte				Spike		LCS Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	%Rec.		
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether				25.0	23.7	quanter	ug/L		95	37 - 150		
Acrolein				25.0	9.43	E4	ug/L		38	10 - 145		
Acrylonitrile				250	263		ug/L		105	48 - 140		
		LCS										
Surrogate Toluene-d8 (Surr)	%Recovery	Qua	lifier	Limits 80 - 128								
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	97			76-132								
Lab Sample ID: LCSD 440	252225/6						Client S	ample	ID: Lak	Control	Campl	o Duro
Matrix: Water	-232323/0						chem 3	ampie	ID. Lat	Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 252325				Spike		LCSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte				Added		Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether				25.0	24.0	-	ug/L		96	37 - 150	1	25
Acrolein Acrylonitrile				25.0 250	8.66	E4	ug/L		35	10 - 145 48 - 140	9	30
Acryloninie				250	201		ugru		100	40 - 140		30
Surrogate	LCSD %Recovery			Limits								
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	98			80-128								
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	99			76 - 132								
Lab Sample ID: 440-10805	4-E-5 MS							C	lient Sa	mple ID: I	Matrix	Spike
Matrix: Water										Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 252325	Sample	Sam		Spike	MS	MS				%Rec.		
Analyte	Result			Added	Result		Unit	D	%Rec	Limits		
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	E8		25.0	23.4		ug/L		94	10 - 140		
Acrolein Acrylonitrile	ND			25.0	9.76	E4	ug/L ug/L		39	10 - 147 38 - 144		
roa yourilline		MS		200	204		agre		102	30.144		
Surrogate	MS %Recovery		lifier	Limits								
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	97	-		80.128								
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	99			76 - 132								

Date Received: 04/29/15 14:45 Prep Type Type Batch Run Factor Number or Analyzed Analysis Lab Total/NA Analysis 624 DL 1000 6200 00000115 17:11 Analysis Lab Total/NA Analysis 624 DL 1000 6200 0000015 14:21 AK Total/NA Analysis 625 4 25325 00007/15 10:20 A A Total/NA Analysis 8015B 1 25292 00007/15 10:20 A Image: Comparison of Co					Lab Chr	onicle				
Date Collected: 04/29/16 12:00 Matrix: Wate Prep Type Type Method Run Prep Type Prep Type Analysis Lab Total/NA Analysis 624 DL 1000 625325 Analysis Lab Total/NA Analysis 625 4 255225 607/15 7:77 RM Lab Total/NA Analysis 625 4 25525 0507/15 20:08 A/ Lab Total/NA Analysis 625 4 252325 0507/15 20:08 A/ Common A/ Total/NA Analysis 608 5 62523 050/715 20:08 A/ Common A/ Total/NA Analysis 608 5 62563 050/715 20:08 A/ Common A/ Total/NA Analysis 608 5 62563 050/715 20:08 A/ Common A/ Total/NA Analysis 8315A 1 25217 04/30/15 10:71 Analysis Total/NA Analysis 8315A 1 62215 04/30/15 11:47		aseline Moni	itoring						Jo	b ID: 550-43961-
Prep Type Batch Type Batch Method Run Sector Solution Dilution Factor Factor Batch Prep acd or Analyzed 252325 Prepared or Analyzed 252325 Analyzet or Analyzed 252325 Analyzet 0500/15120.08 Analyzet All Total/NA Total/NA Total/NA Analyzes Analyzed 608 0 252327 0500/15120.08 All Total/NA Total/NA Analyzes Analyzed 608 0 252325 0500/415 11:27 CPA Total/NA Total/NA Analyzes Analyzes 0 25237 0500/415 22:07 ANT Total/NA Total/NA Analyzes Analyzes 5 25236 0500/415 11:29 CPA Total/NA Total/NA Analyzes Prep 25217 04/3015 10:15 JBD DB Total/NA Total/NA Analyzes SM 2540D 1 25236 0500/115 08:20 JAC Total/NA Analyzes SM 4500 CN C 1 02240 0500115 08:20 JAC </th <th>Date Collecte</th> <th>d: 04/29/15</th> <th>12:00</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Lab</th> <th>Sample II</th> <th>D: 550-43961- Matrix: Wate</th>	Date Collecte	d: 04/29/15	12:00					Lab	Sample II	D: 550-43961- Matrix: Wate
Total/NA Analysia 624 DL 1000 62006 05/08/15 07:30 UT Total/NA Prep 625 4 2552967 05/03/15 14:21 AK Total/NA Analysia 80:15B 1 2552962 05/07/15 16:49 KS Total/NA Analysia 80:15B 1 252962 05/07/15 16:49 KS Total/NA Analysia 60:8 5 62555 05/04/15 12:27 ANT Total/NA Prep 60:8 5 62555 05/04/15 12:27 ANT Total/NA Analysia 60:8 5 62555 05/04/15 13:35 JB Total/NA Prep 80:6 5 62555 05/04/15 13:35 JB Total/NA Prep 20:1 60:07 62:15 64:07/15 14:32 CPA Total/NA Analysia SM 4500 CN C 1 62:244 05/01/15 18:25	Prep Type	Batch Type	Batch Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed		Lab	8
Total/NA Analysis 625 4 253529 05/07/15 20:08 Al Total/NA Analysis 8015B 1 252962 05/05/15 16:49 KS Total/NA Analysis 608 62553 05/04/15 2:207 ANT Total/NA Analysis 608 62553 05/04/15 2:207 ANT Total/NA Analysis 608 62553 05/04/15 2:207 ANT Total/NA Analysis 608 62550 05/04/15 2:207 ANT Total/NA Analysis 608 5 62550 05/04/15 2:207 ANT Total/NA Analysis 500.7 6215 06/01/15 1:127 CPA Total/NA Prep 200.7 62315 04/30/15 1:00 0 Total/NA Analysis SM<00.7 Rev 4.4				DL						
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Total/NA Prep 245.1 62704 05/06/15 09:21 JRC Total/NA Analysis 245.1 1 62769 05/06/15 09:21 JRC Total/NA Analysis SM 2540D 1 62782 YAF Total/NA Analysis SM 2540D 1 62282 YAF Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN C 62444 05/01/15 09:40 626 Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN E 1 62265 04/02/9/15 16:53 BCB Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN E 1 62248 04/02/9/15 18:15 CDC Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN E 1 62248 02/02/9/15 18:15 CDC Total/NA Analysis SM 5500 H+ B 1 62248 CDC CDC Total/NA Analysis SM 5210B 160 62348 CDC CDC Matrix: Wat Date Received: 04/29/15 12:00 Collocidi 05/05/15 13:29 CIal/NA Analysis Analysis <					5					
Total/NA Prep 245.1 62704 05/06/15 09:21 JRC Total/NA Analysis SM 2540D 1 62795 05/06/15 09:21 JRC Total/NA Analysis SM 2540D 1 62782 YAF YAF Total/NA Analysis SM 2500 CN C 62/44 05/01/15 09:20 YAF Total/NA Prep SM 4500 CN C 62/44 05/01/15 16:53 BCB Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN E 1 62262 04/29/15 18:05 DCC Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN E 1 62/44 05/01/15 16:53 BCB Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN E 1 62/48 04/29/15 18:15 CDC Total/NA Analysis SM 5210B 160 62/48 CDC CDC Client Sample ID: Trip Blank 62/44 05/01/15 17:22 CEC Matrix: Wat Date Received: 04/29/15 12:00 Dilution Fact Nambre or Analyzad Analyzat Lab Date Received: 04/29/15 12:00 Eat 62/4 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					1					
Total/NA Prep 245.1 62704 05/06/15 09:21 JRC Total/NA Analysis SM 2540D 1 62795 05/06/15 09:21 JRC Total/NA Analysis SM 2540D 1 62795 05/06/15 15:14 JRC Total/NA Analysis SM 2540D 1 62282 YAF Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN C 62444 05/01/15 09:40 6244 Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN E 1 62456 05/01/15 16:53 BCB Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN E 1 62456 04/29/15 18:15 CDC Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN E 1 62248 CDC 624 Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN E 1 62248 CDC 62 Total/NA Analysis SM 5210B 160 62348 CDC CDC 62 Client Sample ID: Trip Blank Lab CDC Matrix: Wat Matrix: Wat Date R					1					
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Total/NA Prep SM 4500 CN C 1 62444 05/001/15 14:30 BCB Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN C 1 62465 05/001/15 16:53 BCB Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN E 1 62245 05/001/15 16:53 BCB Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 CN E 1 62245 04/29/15 16:15 CDC Total/NA Analysis SM 5210B 160 62348 CDC CDC CDC Client Sample ID: Trip Blank Lab Sample ID: 550-43961 Matrix: Wat Matrix: Wat Date Received: 04/29/15 12:00 Date Received: 04/29/15 12:45 Matrix: Wat Prep Type Type Batch Run Factor Prepared Analyst Lab Total/NA Analysis 624 1 62906 05/08/15 04:36 UT TAL IRV						62282 (Start)	04/30/15 09:15			
Total/NA Analysis SM 4500 H+ B 1 62258 04/29/15 18:15 CDC Total/NA Analysis SM 5210B 160 62348 CDC Client Sample ID: Trip Blank Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Lab Sample ID: 550-43961 Matrix: Wat Prep Type Batch Total/NA Batch Analysis Batch 624 Run Dilution Factor Batch 252325 Prepared 05/08/15 12:42 Analyst Run Lab TAL IRV Total/NA Analysis 624 1 62906 05/08/15 04:56 UT TAL IRV						62444	05/01/15 14:30		_	
(Start) 04/30/15 17:22 (End) 05/05/15 13:29 Client Sample ID: Trip Blank Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Lab Sample ID: 550-43961 Matrix: Wat Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Lab Sample ID: 550-43961 Matrix: Wat Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Lab Sample ID: 550-43961 Matrix: Wat Prep Type Batch Batch Satch Satch Prep Type Type Type Method Run Factor Number or Analyzed Analyst Lab Total/NA Analysis 624 1 62906 05/08/15 04:56 UT TAL IRV										
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Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Matrix: Wat Date Received: 04/29/15 14:45 Prep Type Batch Batch Dilution Batch Prepared Total/NA Analysis 624 1 6290 05/08/15 04:56 UT TAL IRV						(End)	05/05/15 13:29			
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Total/NA Analysis 624 1 62906 05/08/15 04:56 UT TAL PHX	Prep Type	Туре	Method	Run		Number	or Analyzed			
Laboratory References:					-					
	Laboratory Ref	erences:								
									-	
Page 39 of 46 8/7/2015										

Client: Project/Site: Baseline M		ation Sumn	nary	lob ID: 550-43	961-1
Laboratory:	are applicable to this report.				
Authority Arizona	Program State Program	EPA Region	Certification ID	Expiration Date 06-09-16	
Laboratory:	aboratory are listed. Not all certifications are	e applicable to this re	eport.		
Authority	Program	EPA Region	Certification ID	Expiration Date	
Alaska	State Program	10	CA	06-30-16	
Arizona	State Program	9	AZ	10-13-15	
California	LA Cty Sanitation Districts	9	_	01-31-16 *	
California	State Program	9		06-30-16	
Guam	State Program	9	Cert. No.	01-23-16	
Hawaii	State Program	9	N/A	01-29-16	
Nevada	State Program	9	CA	07-31-15	
New Mexico	State Program	6	N/A	01-29-15 *	
Northern Mariana Islands	State Program	9	ME	01-29-15 *	
Oregon	NELAP	10	4005	01-29-16	
USDA	Federal	10	4000	06-06-15	

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Client Information	Sampler:			Lab F	PME						Car	rrier Trec	king No(s):	S	55	CN∝ 0-16357-5081	.1
Client Contact:				E-Ma	sl:										Pa Pa	pe: ige 1 of 1	
Company:								A	nalys	sis R	eque	ested				a de	
Address:	Due Date Request										otthy				Pr	eservation Cos - HCL - NaOH	M - Hexane
City: Phoenix	TAT Requested (d					1000				1000	C III				B	- NaOH - Zn Acetate - Nitric Acid	N - None O - AsNaO2 P - Na2O4S
8tato, Zip: AZ, 85043	NORM	AL									T and 2				E	- NaHSO4 - NaHSO4 - MaCH	P - Na2O4S Q - Na2SO3 R - Na2S2SO3 S - H2SO4
Phone:	Po # Pay by Credit C	ard			Q						outra				G	- Amohior - Ascorbic Acid	T - TSP Dodecatvdrate
Email	WO#:				a or h						. Acry					DI Water EDTA	U - Acetone V - MCAA W - ph 4-6
Project Name: Baseline Monitoring	Project #: 55005422				le (Ye			Zs Total		1	Tempe	1			utating L	EDA	Z - other (specify)
Sha:	SSOW#				Samp SD (Y	3	2540D, SN6210B_Calc	608_PCB, 608_Pest, 625 4500_CN_E - Oyanido, To	80168_DAI - Methanol	8315 - Local Method	624_10ml_UP_3D - Acroixin SM4500_H+ - pH and Tempe	624_PREC - (MOD) 624 List			Total Number of containers	hert	
			Sample	Matrix	hered MBM	200.7_CWA, 245.1	M6210	E-0	M - M	E315 - Local Method		0.0			mber		
		Sample	Type (C=comp,	(titrwater, Sreolid, Orwatte/oil,	atd Fi	6.7_CI	400,8	ee_CN	1	18-Lo	14500	PRI 1			2 13		
Sample Identification	Sample Date	Time	G=grab) Preserv	ation Code:		R D	R N	8 19 1 B		2 I N N	2 5 N		012 020		\$-	Special In	structions/Note:
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					₩	+	-	+	+		+			-			
					H	+		+	H	+	+						
Possible Hazard Identification					Si	ample	Disp	osal ( )	A fee n	may b	e ass	essed	if sample	s are re	tained	longer than For	1 month)
Non-Hazard Flammable Skin Irritant Peter Pe	ilson B 🛄 Unk	nown	Radiologic	aí	S	Recial li	etum instruc	To Clie	nf DC Re	auiren	Dis nents	posal E	By Lab		Archiv	e For	Months
Empty Kit Relinguished by:		Date:			Time								od of Shipm	ent			
Reinquisted by:	4/24/1		000	Company .		Receit	wed by	(				_	Date				Сопралу
Ralinquished by:	Date/Time:	C. 4	13-19	Company		Recei	ived by	11	-		_		Caster	Time	>		Company
Railinquished by:	Date/Time:			Company		Rece	14	F	/				9.64	130	~	1445	Company 1
Custody Seals Intact: Custody Seal No.:					-	1	In	~		-	_	_	2.0%	277	3	1775 °C	

Login Sample Recei	ipt Check	dist
Client:		Job Number: 550-43961-1
Login Number: 43961		List Source:
List Number: 1		
Creator: Shoemaker, Cory M		
Question	Answer	Comment
Radioactivity wasn't checked or is = background as measured by a survey<br meter.	True	
The cooler's custody seal, if present, is intact.	True	
Sample custody seals, if present, are intact.	True	
The cooler or samples do not appear to have been compromised or tampered with.	True	
Samples were received on ice.	True	
Cooler Temperature is acceptable.	True	
Cooler Temperature is recorded.	True	
COC is present.	True	
COC is filled out in ink and legible.	True	
COC is filled out with all pertinent information.	True	
Is the Field Sampler's name present on COC?	True	
There are no discrepancies between the containers received and the COC.	False	Received Trip Blank(s) not listed on COC.
Samples are received within Holding Time.	True	
Sample containers have legible labels.	True	
Containers are not broken or leaking.	True	
Sample collection date/times are provided.	True	
Appropriate sample containers are used.	True	
Sample bottles are completely filled.	True	
Sample Preservation Verified.	True	
There is sufficient vol. for all requested analyses, incl. any requested MS/MSDs	True	
Containers requiring zero headspace have no headspace or bubble is <6mm (1/4").	True	
Multiphasic samples are not present.	True	
Samples do not require splitting or compositing. Residual Chlorine Checked.	True False	
		Check done at department level as required.
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NOTES:



Laboratory consultation may include:

Provide information about appropriate sampling & preservation methods

Instructions for documenting your sampling efforts; (Chainof-Custody, sampling logs, etc.)

Information about sampling equipment cleaning

Provide information about appropriate analysis methods that can be used to demonstrate compliance

The laboratory may:

Provide sampling supplies and/or bottles (preserved and unpreserved)

Perform sampling and flow measurements

The lab account or project manager will:

Discuss with you the services/analysis you want

Discuss the price you will pay for each service and/or analysis

You will probably never talk to the actual analyst

## TYPICAL LABORATORY COSTS

	Analytical	Rang	e of Unit Cost	
Parameter	Method	Test America	Legend	Xenco
Metals	200.7	\$270	\$157	\$95
Mercury	245.1	\$40	\$40	\$35
BOD ₅	SM5210	\$40	\$48	\$40
TSS	SM2540D	\$20	\$17	\$15
Fluoride	300.0	\$20	\$20	\$15
Cyanide	335.4	\$45	\$55	\$45
Ammonia	350.1	\$25	\$30	\$40
TKN	351.2	\$50	\$40	\$35
Nitrate+Nitrite	353.2	\$20	\$25	\$20
VOCs	624	\$110	\$200	\$115
SVOCs	625	\$225	\$390	\$275
Pests & PCBs	608	\$220	\$200	\$115

Notes: Prices from Test America, Legend, and Xenco laboratories are provided for information only and is not an endorsement or recommendation by the City; Metals list includes arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel, silver, selenium, zinc; BOD₅ = biochemical oxygen demand; TSS = total suspended solids; TKN = total Kjeldahl nitrogen; VOCs = volatile organic compounds; SVOCs = semivolatile organic compounds; Pest & PCBs = pesticides and polychlorinated biphenvls

NOTES:

## WHAT TO TELL THE LAB

# The <u>medium</u> or <u>matrix</u>, i.e., that your sample is <u>wastewater</u>

➤ The specific parameters to analyze

The method and reporting limit required

➤The <u>due date</u> for results

> <u>When</u> you plan to deliver the sample

## WHAT TO TELL THE LAB

- > Anything unusual or challenging about the sample
  - > Extra preservative added
  - > Extra ascorbic acid needed
  - > Color
  - > Odor
  - Possible Matrix interferences: Surfactants, Buffers, Chelating Agents, Chlorine, Strength or TDS, etc.

## WHAT TO TELL THE LAB

## Tell the lab you need the following documentation in the lab report:

Sample Location or Location Code

- Sample Collection & Analysis Dates
- ►Analyst ID

Method Used

>Numerical Result with Units

Reporting Limit (The "<" Number)</p>

>QC Data (Routine versus Custom)

Data Qualifiers

http://apps.azsos.gov/public_services/Title_09/9-14.pdf

#### TITLE 9. HEALTH SERVICES CHAPTER 14. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES LABORATORIES Supp. 06-4

#### ARTICLE 1. DIRECT ACCESS TESTS AND LABORATORY STANDING ORDERS

#### R9-14-617. Laboratory Records and Reports

A licensee or applicant shall ensure that:

8. The final report of compliance testing contains:

a. The name, address, and telephone number of the laboratory;

b. The license number assigned to the laboratory by the Department;

c. Actual scientifically valid and defensible results of compliance testing in appropriate units of measure, obtained in accordance with an approved method and quality assurance plan;

d. Qualified results of compliance testing not obtained in accordance with an approved method and quality assurance plan;

e. A list of each approved method used to obtain the reported results;

f. Sample information, including the following:

- i. The unique sample identification assigned at the laboratory,
- ii. The location or location code of sample collection,
- iii. The sample collection date and time,
- iv. The name of the individual who collected the sample,
- v. The name of the client that submitted the sample to the laboratory, and
- vi. The name of the individual who submitted the sample to the laboratory;
- g. The date of analysis for each parameter reported;
- h. The date of the final report; and
- i. The laboratory director's or designee's signature.

#### http://www.azsos.gov/public services/Title 09/9-14.htm

## WHEN THE CITY DISAGREES

When we disagree with you about the validity of a result, we will evaluate:

Sampling procedures & documentation

Method used (sensitivity)

QC documentation

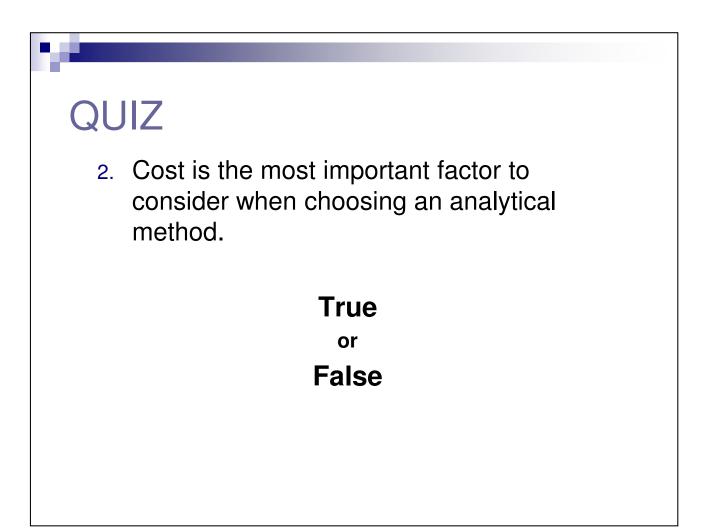
## If it is not documented, it did not happen.

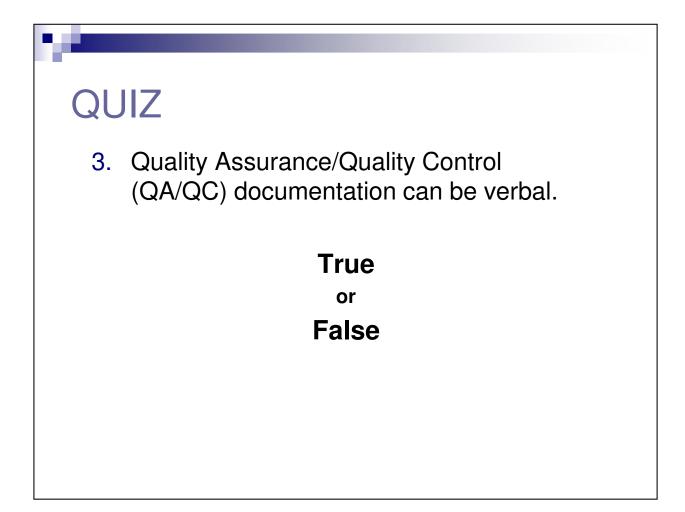
When evaluating QC documentation some of the data looked at include the following:

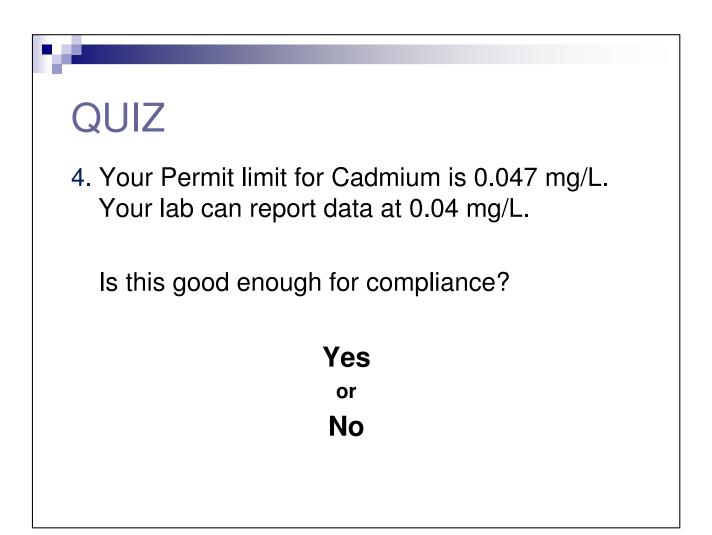
- Initial and continuing equipment calibration data.
- Results of spike and duplicate samples.
- Results of trip and equipment blanks.

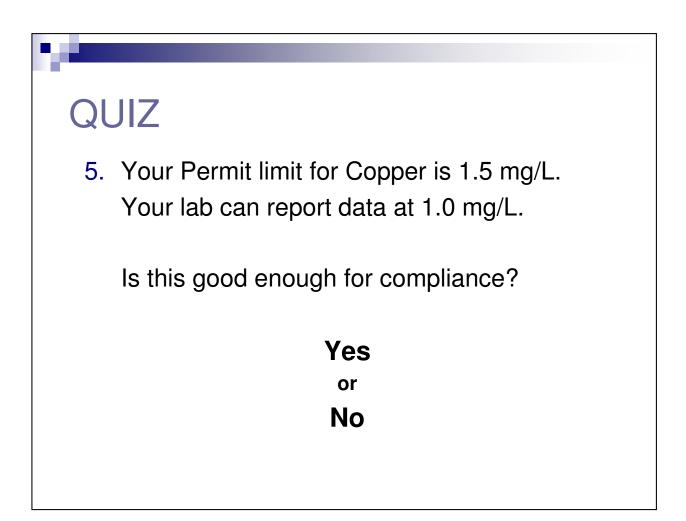


- 1. A lab can be licensed in Arizona to perform environmental analyses on:
  - A. Drinking water
  - **B.** Wastewater
  - C. Hazardous Waste
  - D. Air
  - E. All the above



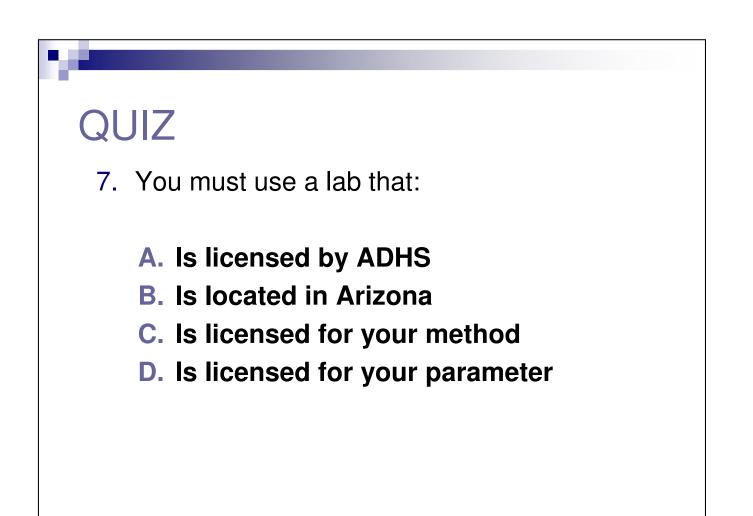






6. What four things <u>must</u> you tell your lab?

- A. What parameter to analyze
- **B.** That it is a wastewater sample
- c. What method and reporting limit you need
- D. Your birth date
- E. What documentation you want



8. If there is a question on any analytical result, what should you check?

- A. Sampling procedures
- B. Visa card limit
- c. Sampling location
- D. Analytical method used
- E. Sample ID number
- F. QA/QC documentation
- G. Holding time

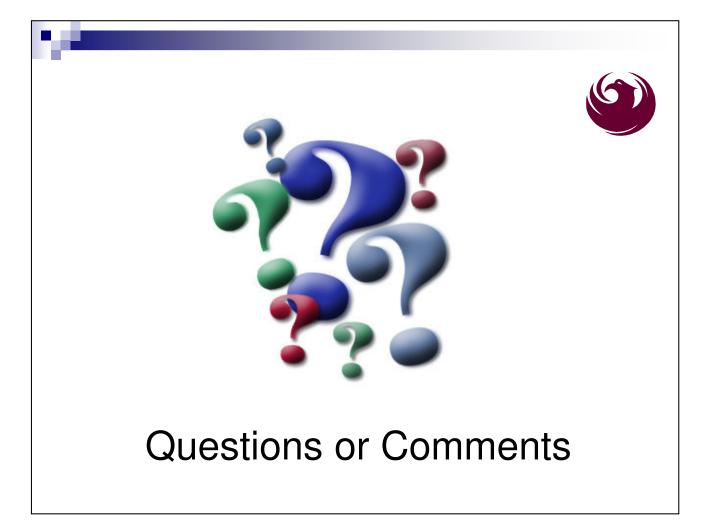
- 9. Sample dilution factors during lab analysis can affect:
  - A. Holding times
  - **B.** Reporting limits
  - C. Has no effect on the results

10. There is no benefit to sampling early in the month or quarter.

True ^{or} False

## REFERENCES

- Acronyms & Glossary
- List of Pretreatment Point Source Categories
- 40 CFR 136 Table IB List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures <u>http://www.gpoaccess.gov/ecfr/</u>
- 40 CFR 136 Table II Required Containers,
   Preservation Techniques, and Holding Times
- > Arizona Data Qualifiers Revision 4.0 09/05/2012
- > Periodic Table of Elements



# ACRONYMS

AA	Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer
AAC	Arizona Administrative Code
AC (power)	Alternating current
AC	Acre
ACHIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADEQ	Arizona Department of Environmental Quality
ADHS	Arizona Department of Health Services
ADRE	Average Daily Removal Efficiency
AHL	Allowable Headworks Loading
AIL	Allowable Industrial Loading
AMSA	Association of Municipal Sewage Authorities
ANSI	American National Standard Institute
APHA	American Public Health Association
APP	Aquifer Protection Permit
AS	Activated Sludge
ASCE	American Society of Civil Engineers
ASME	American Society of Mechanical Engineers
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
AWQS	Aquifer Water Quality Standards
AWT	Advanced Wastewater Treatment
AWWA	American Water Works Association
AZPDES	Arizona Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
BL	Background Loading
BMPs	Best Management Practices
BNR	Biological Nutrient Removal
BOD ₅	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
BPJ	Best Professional Judgment
BTU	British Thermal Unit
С	Celsius
CBOD	Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, & Liability Act.
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CBOD	Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CH4	Methane
CIU	Categorical Industrial User
CMOM	Capacity Management, Operations, and Maintenance
COD	Chemical Oxygen Demand
CSP	Confined Space Permit
CWA	Clean Water Act
CWT	Centralized Waste Treatment
D	Daily
DAF	Dissolved Air Flotation
DEHP	Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate
DF	Dilution Factor
DL	Detection Limit
DO	Dissolved Oxygen
DRO	Diesel Range Organics
EDW	Effluent Dominated Waters
EIS	Environmental Impact Statement
FDA	Food and Drug Administration
EMF	Electromotive Force or Voltage
F	Fahrenheit
FT	Fume Toxicity
GC/ECD	Gas Chromatography/Electron Capture Detector
GC/MS	Gas Chromatograph / Mass Spectrophotometer
GFAA	Graphite Furnace Atomic Adsorption
GPD	Gallons per Day
GPM	Gallons per Minute
GRO	Gasoline Range Organics
HCP&ERP	Hazard Communications Program and Emergency Response Plan
HRT	Hydraulic Retention Time
HW	Hazardous Waste
$H_2S$	Hydrogen Sulfide
IC	Ion Chromatograph
ICP	Inductively Coupled Plasma (Atomic Emission Spectroscopy)
IDL	Instrument Detection Limit
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
IU	Industrial User

kg	Kilogram
L	Liter
Lb	Pound
lb/day	pounds per day
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit
LIMS	Laboratory Information Management System
Μ	Mole or Molar
MAG	Maricopa Association of Governments
MADL	Minimum Analytical Detection Limit
MAHL	Maximum Allowable Headworks Limit
MAV	Monthly Average
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level
MDL	Method Detection Limit
MRL	Method Reporting Limit
mg	Milligram
mg/L	Milligrams per liter
MGD	Million Gallons per Day
mL	Milliliter
MLSS	Mixed Liquor Suspended Solids
MPN	Most Probable Number
MS	Mass Spectrometer
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
MTBE	Methyl tetbutyl ether
ND	Non-Detected
NdeN	Nitrification/denitrification
NEPA	National Environmental Policy Act
NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety & Health
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
NRDC	Natural Resources Defense Council
NSPS	New Source Performance Standards
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Unit(s)
O&M	Operations and Maintenance
OMB	Office of Management and Budget
Р	Pico, a metric prefix meaning on millionth of a millionth or one trillionth
PAC	Powdered Activated Carbon

PCB	Polychlorinated Biphenyls
ESD	Environmental Services Division
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
POC	Pollutant of Concern
POTW	Publicly Owned Treatment Works
ppb	parts per billion
ppm	parts per million
PSES	Pretreatment Standards for Existing Sources
PSNS	Pretreatment Standards for New Sources
PVC	Polyvinyl Chloride
QA/QC	Quality Assurance/Quality Control
QC	Quality Control
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RL	Reporting Limit
RO	Reverse Osmosis
SCADA	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition
SCP	Spill Control Plan
SD	Standard Deviation
SDW	Safe Drinking Water
SGT-HEM	Silica Gel-Treated Hexane-Extractable Material
SIC	Standard Industrial Classification
SIU	Significant Industrial User
SOP(s)	Standard Operating Procedure(s)
SROG	Sub-regional Operating Group
SS	Suspended Solids
SSO	Sanitary Sewer Overflow
SU	Standard Units
SVOCs	Semivolatile Organic Compounds
SWQS	Surface Water Quality Standards
тс	Total Carbon
TCE	Trichlorethylene
TDS	Total Dissolved Solids
TEC	Transportation Equipment Cleaning
TIC	Total Inorganic Carbon

TKN	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen
TN	Total Nitrogen
TOC	Total Organic Carbon
TOMP	Toxic Organic Management Plan
TPH	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons
TS	Total Solids
TSDF	Treatment Storage and Disposal Facility
TSS	Total Suspended Solids
TTO	Total Toxic Organics
U	Micro, a metric prefix meaning one millionth
ug/L	microgram per liter
VOC(s)	Volatile Organic Chemical(s)
WW	Wastewater
WWTP	Waste Water Treatment Plant

Industrial wastewater pretreatment uses words and phrases that may not be readily understood by the general public. This section provides definitions for many of the terms frequently used by Compliance Academy Instructors.

<u>Accuracy</u> – Accuracy refers to the degree of difference between observed values and know or actual value in the analysis of wastewater.

Acid – A compound which liberates hydrogen ions, and has a pH below 7.

<u>Act or "the Act" –</u> The Federal Water Pollution Control Act, also known as the Clean Water Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C. 1251 et.seq.

<u>Acute Effects</u> – When the effects of an exposure to a pollutant (*over a short period of time*) cause severe health effects to humans or other organisms, this condition is said to be acute (*as compared to chronic*).

Administrator – The Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Agency – The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

<u>Alkalinity</u> – The measurement of a sample's capacity to neutralize acid.

<u>Aliquot</u> – A portion of the sample needed to run the analysis.

Analyte - Parameter

<u>Annual Report –</u> A consolidated report covering the pretreatment year beginning January 1st and ending December 31st that includes information required by EPA NPDES (EPA) Permits and the AZPDES (Arizona State)Permit.

<u>Approval Authority</u> – The Director in an NPDES state with an approved State Pretreatment Program and the Administrator of the EPA in a non-NPDES state or NPDES state without an approved State Pretreatment Program.

<u>Approved Laboratory Procedures –</u> The measurements, tests, and analyses for the characteristics of water and wastes in accordance with analytical procedures as established in 40 CFR part 136 as revised, that are performed by an environmental laboratory licensed by the State. Alternative procedures may be approved by the Director in accordance with applicable federal regulations.

<u>Arizona Department of Environmental Quality or ADEQ -</u> Established by the Arizona Legislature in 1986, ADEQ administers a variety of programs to ensure the quality of Arizona's air, land and water resources.

<u>Atomic Weight –</u> The sum of the number of protons and the number of neutrons in the nucleus of an atom. Atomic weights of elements are found on the periodic tables.

Authorized Representative of Industrial User 40 CFR 403.12(I) and (m) - An

authorized representative of an industrial user may be: principal executive officer, of at least the level of vice-president, if the IU is a corporation; a general partner or proprietor if the IU is a partnership or proprietorship,

respectively; a duly authorized representative of the individual if such a representative is responsible for the overall operation of the facilities from which the discharge originates.

<u>Authorized Signatory/ Representative</u> -The appropriate signatory or representative authorized to sign permit applications, self-monitoring reports, and any other reports addressing Permit noncompliance or required by any enforcement action by the Control Authority.

<u>Average Daily Flow</u> — The total quantity of liquid tributary to a point divided by the number of days of flow measurement.

**<u>Batch Discharger</u>** – Batch dischargers collect all process wastewaters until a certain volume is reached before treating and discharging to sewer (also batch discharge).

<u>**BAT**</u> – The best available technology economically achievable, applicable to effluent limitations to be achieved by July 1, 1984, for industrial discharges to surface waters, as defined by Sec.304(b)(2)(B) of the CWA.

**Base** – A compound which liberates hydroxide ions, and has a pH above 7.

<u>Baseline Monitoring Report (BMR) –</u> A report which provides information to the Control Authority to document an IUs initial compliance status with a Categorical Pretreatment Standard prior to the compliance deadline. (40 CFR 403.12). All new source industrial users subject to categorical standards must submit a BMR to the Control Authority (POTW, State or EPA), at least 90 days prior to the commencement of discharge. The purpose of the BMR is to provide initial information to the Control Authority including identifying information, description of existing environmental permits, description of operations, flow measurements (estimated), and the concentration of pollutants in the waste stream (estimated). Existing sources were required to submit BMRs within 180 days after the effective date of any applicable categorical standard.

<u>**BCT**</u> – The best conventional pollutant control technology, applicable to discharges of conventional pollutants from existing industrial point sources, as defined by Sec. 304(b)(4) of the CWA.

<u>Best Management Practice(BMP) –</u> BMPs are activities, pollution treatment practices, or devices, prohibition of practices, general good housekeeping practices, pollution prevention, waste minimization, educational practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices or devices to prevent or reduce the amount of pollutants entering the sanitary sewer system, surface water, air, land or groundwater. BMPs may include a structural or managerial practice or device that can help to achieve compliance.

**<u>Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)</u>** The quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter under standard laboratory procedure, five (5) days at 20⁰ centigrade expressed in terms of weight and concentration as milligrams per liter (mg/l).

<u>Biological Treatment</u> – A waste treatment process by which bacteria and other microorganisms break down complex organic or inorganic (e.g. ammonia) materials into simple, nontoxic, more stable compounds.

<u>Blank (Field)</u> – Is an aliquot of analyte-free water or solvent brought to the field in sealed containers and transported back to the laboratory with the sample containers and analyzed along with the field samples.

<u>Blank (Method)</u> – Is an aliquot of analyte-free water prepared in the laboratory and analyzed by the analytical method used for field samples. Method blanks are used to test for the cleanliness of reagents, instruments, and the laboratory environment.

**Blank (Sample Preservation)** – Is an aliquot of analyte-free water (*usually distilled water*) to which a known quantity of preservative is added. This type of sample is a means of determining the level of contamination of acid and chemical preservatives after a period of use in the field.

<u>Blowdown -</u> The discharge of water with high concentrations of accumulated solids from boilers to prevent plugging of the boiler tubes and/or steam lines. In cooling towers, blowdown is discharged to reduce the concentration of dissolved salts in the recirculation cooling water. Clean "make-up" water is added to dilute the dissolved salts in the system. Blowdown also includes the discharge of condensate.

<u>**BPT**</u> – The best practical control technology currently available, applicable to effluent limitations to be achieved by July 1, 1977, for industrial discharges to surface waters, as defined by 304(b)(1) of the CWA.

**<u>Bypass</u>** – The intentional diversion of wastes from any portion of a treatment facility.

<u>Categorical Industrial Users (CIUs)</u> – A Categorical Industrial User is a facility that performs activities regulated under 40 CFR Parts 401-424 and 425-471.

<u>Categorical Standards</u> – Those standards promulgated by the EPA under authority of section 307 U.S. Code section 1317) which apply to a specific category of industrial user and which are published in 40 CFR chapter I, subchapter N (parts 405-471).

<u>Centralized Waste Treatment Facility</u> – A public or private facility which treats hazardous and other wastes. These facilities are designed to handle the treatment of specific hazardous wastes from industry. The waste waters containing the hazardous substances are transported to the facility for proper storage, treatment and disposal.

<u>Chain of Custody</u> – Written documentation, such as receipt and log book entries to show the history of possession of a sample from the time it was collected through the time it was analyzed.

<u>Chemical Oxygen Demand</u> – A measure of the oxygen-consuming capacity of inorganic and organic matter present in water or wastewater. It is expressed as the amount of oxygen consumed by a chemical oxidant during a specific test. It does not differentiate stable organic matter and thus does not necessarily correlate with biochemical oxygen demand.

<u>Chemical Treatment Process</u> – A waste treatment process which involves the addition of chemicals to achieve a desired level of effluent quality.

<u>Chronic Effects</u> — When the effect of a single or repeated exposure(s) to a pollutant causes health effects over a long period of time in humans or other organisms this is said to be a chronic condition (*as compared to acute*).

<u>Chronic Violations</u> – Recurring effluent violations where the limit *(daily or monthly maximum)* is exceeded by any amount.

<u>Chronic SNC (CSNC)</u>- For SNC purposes, Chronic Violations are defined as sixty-six (66) percent or more of all the measurements taken during a six-month period meet or exceed the daily limit or the monthly average for the same pollutant parameter.

<u>City –</u> The City of Phoenix

<u>Civil Action –</u> A suit filed by the City against alleged violators of applicable pretreatment standards seeking injunctive relief, compliance, civil penalties and/or damages.

<u>**Civil Penalty**</u> Monetary penalties assessed against an IU. Penalty calculations are formula based on the extent and type of noncompliance. Civil penalties recover the economic benefit of IU noncompliance and are set large enough to deter future noncompliance (*maximum \$25,000 per day for each violation*).

<u>Clarification</u> – Any process or combination of processes, the primary purpose of which is to reduce the concentration of suspended matter in a liquid by coagulation and settling.

<u>Clean Water Act (CWA) –</u> The Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972 (33 U.S.C. Section 1251 et seq.), as amended by the Clean Water Act of 1977 (Pub. L. 95-217), and the Water Quality Act of 1987 (Pub. L. 100-4).

<u>Code of Federal Regulations</u> – A publication of the United States government which contains all of the finalized federal regulations. Federal environmental regulations are found in volume 40 of the CFR and the General Pretreatment Regulations are found at 40 CFR Part 403.

**Combined Wastestream (40 CFR 403.6(e)1 -** When process effluent is mixed prior to treatment with wastewaters other than those generated by the regulated process, fixed alternative discharge limits may be derived using the Combined Wastesteam Formula. These alternative limits shall be applied to the mixed effluent by calculating both an alternative daily maximum value using the daily maximum values specified in the appropriate categorical pretreatment standards and an alternative consecutive sampling day average value using the monthly average values specified in the appropriate categorical pretreatment standards.

<u>Commercial User</u> – Any nonresidential user which provides a service or one connected with commerce and which is not classified as an industrial user.

<u>Compatible Pollutants –</u> Pollutants that are capable of being processed (a) by a biological wastewater treatment plant under normal loading conditions, and (b) in concentrations that are normally present in wastewater, without any detrimental effect on the plant's performance.

<u>**Compliance**</u> When an industrial discharger has committed no pretreatment violations during the reporting year.

<u>Compliance Schedule</u> – A timetable established by an IU for completing those actions necessary to achieve compliance with a standard.

<u>Compliance Sampling Point</u> – An opening in the sewer line that provides access for City and IU compliance sampling. Each point (location) is specific to the IU and identified in the discharge Permit. Compliance sampling points can be a valve, flume, weir or tank.

<u>Concentration Based Limit</u> – A limit based on the relative strength of a pollutant in a wastestream, usually expressed in mg/l or lb/gal.

<u>Confined Space –</u> A space which, by design has limited openings for entry and exit, unfavorable natural ventilation which could contain or produce dangerous air contaminants (*or create an atmosphere of oxygen deprivation*), and which is not intended for continuous employee occupation. A permit may be required under OSHA to enter a confined space.

<u>Conservative Pollutant</u> – A pollutant found in wastewater that is not metabolized while passing through the treatment processes in a conventional wastewater treatment plant. Therefore a mass balance can be constructed to account for the distribution of the conservative pollutant. For example, a conservative pollutant may be removed by the treatment process and retained in the plant's sludge or it may leave the plant in the effluent. Although the pollutant may be chemically changed in the process, it can still be detected. Heavy metals such as cadmium and lead are conservative pollutants.

**Control Authority (403.12(a)** – The term "control authority" shall refer to a City which has an approved Pretreatment Program under provision of 40 CFR 403.11.

<u>Conventional Pollutants</u> – Those materials for which municipal wastewater treatment plants have been designed, including biodegradable organics, measured as BOD and suspended solids.

<u>Cooling Water –</u> The clean wastewater discharged from any heat transfer system such as condensation, air conditioning, cooling or refrigeration.

<u>**Custody**</u> – Custody refers to the process whereby an individual gains and controls possession of a sample. A sample is in custody if: <u>1</u>) it is in the actual possession, control, and presence of the inspector; or <u>2</u>) it is in the individual's view; or <u>3</u>) it is not in the individual's presence, but is in a place of storage where only the individual has access; or <u>4</u>) it is not in the individual's physical presence, but is in a place of storage and only the individual and identified other have access.

**Daily Maximum** – Is the average value of all grab samples taken during any given calendar day. If only one grab sample has been taken, that grab sample becomes the daily maximum (*as well as the instantaneous maximum*). If more than one grab sample is taken in a giver day, the daily maximum is the average of all the individual grab samples. A composite sample, by definition, becomes the daily maximum for the calendar day in which it is collected.

**<u>Daily Discharge</u>** – The discharge of a pollutant measured during any calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents a calendar day.

**<u>Density</u>** – The relationship between weight and volume, e.g., grams per cubic centimeter, or pounds per gallon.

<u>Detention Times</u> – The residence time of wastewater undergoing treatment in a treatment unit such as a clarifier or tank. Minimum detention times are required for settling, chemical treatment and biological treatment.

<u>**Digestion**</u> A procedure to solubilize suspended material and to destroy possible organic-metal complexes.

<u>Direct Discharge</u> – The discharge of treated or untreated wastewater directly to the waters of the State of Arizona.

<u>Director</u> – The Water Services Director of the Water Services Department or his authorized deputy, agent, or representative.

<u>Domestic Waste –</u> A typical residential-type waste which requires no pretreatment before discharging into the sewer system excluding all commercial, manufacturing and industrial wastes.

**Doppler Flow Meter** – An ultrasonic flow meter that measures the velocity of liquid in a pipe flowing full.

**Duplicate Recovery** – The percent of a spike recovered during analysis.

**Duplicate Sample (Field)**— Is a precision check on sampling equipment and sampling technique. At selected stations on a random time frame duplicate samples are collected from two sets of field equipment installed at the site, or duplicate grab samples are collected from a single piece of equipment at the site.

**Duplicate Sample (Laboratory)** A sample which is received by the laboratory and divided (*by the laboratory*) into two or more portions. Each portion is separately and identically prepared and analyzed. The results from laboratory duplicate samples check the laboratory precision.

<u>Effluent –</u> Wastewater or other liquid raw, untreated, partially or completely treated flowing from an IU to a reservoir, basin, treatment process or treatment plant.

<u>Electroplating</u> – The process for applying a thin metal coating to the surface of a metal (substrate) by electrodeposition of dissolved metal in a plating solution.

<u>Environmental Protection Agency, or EPA –</u> The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

<u>Enforcement Response Plan (ERP)</u> – The Enforcement Response Plan for the City of Phoenix contains detailed procedures identifying how the Environmental Services Division will investigate and respond to instances of IU noncompliance.

**Equipment Blank** – Is a volume of analyte-free water that is taken into the field and opened on site. The contents of the blank are poured or pumped appropriately over or through the sample collection device.

**<u>Facility</u>** – All contiguous property owned, operated, leased or under the control of the same person or entity.

**Existing Source** – Any source of discharge, the construction or operation of which commenced prior to the publication by the EPA of proposed categorical pretreatment standards, which will be applicable to such source if the standard is thereafter promulgated in accordance with Section 307 of the Act.

<u>Federal Categorical Pretreatment</u> <u>Standard</u> – Any regulation containing pollutant discharge limits promulgated by the EPA in accordance with Section 307(b) of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1347) which applies to a specific category of IUs. These standards are derived on the basis of best available treatment technology economically achievable and vary by industry category.

**<u>Flow Equalization –</u>** Temporary storage of wastewater flow to provide more uniform flow or waste characteristics for treatment or discharge.

**Flow Meter -** Flow meters measure the depth of a liquid at a designated point behind a hydraulic structure (a weir or flume) using various means (bubblers, ultrasonic, float, and differential pressure are common methods). This depth is converted to a flow rate according to a theoretical formula of the form Q=KH^X where Q is the flow rate, K is a constant, H is the water level and X is an exponent which varies with the device used, or it is converted according to empirically derived level/flow data points (a 'flow curve'). The flow rate can then integrated over time into volumetric flow. Flow can also be calculated using velocity. Velocity times the cross-sectional area yields a flow rate which can be integrated to volumetric flow.

<u>Flow-Proportional Composite Sample –</u> A mixed sample composed of single samples whose volumes are proportional to the wastewater flow at the time of sampling.

**Flow Systems**— <u>Closed Channel</u> flow is flow in completely filled pressure conduits (pipes) and usually measured by some type of device inserted into the line. <u>Open</u> <u>Channel</u> flow is flow in any channel in which the liquid flows with a free surface (ditches, canals, flumes) and usually measured by inserting a hydraulic structure (flume, weir etc.).

<u>Flume</u> – An open conduit of wood, masonry, plastic or metal specially shaped to increase velocity and change the level of the liquid flowing through the flume (*Parshall, Palmer-Bowlus, Trapezoidal etc.*).

<u>Free Access</u> – The ability of City personnel to enter user facilities under safe and nonhazardous conditions with a minimum of delay to inspect any and all parts of the user's facility.

Generator – A person who generates septage.

<u>Grab Sample</u> – A single sample taken from a waste stream without regard to the flow in the wastestream and over a period of time not to exceed 15 minutes.

**<u>Hand Composite Sample</u>** – A series of time proportional grab samples collected at equal intervals and equal volumes that are composited by hand.

<u>Hazardous Substances (Materials)</u> – Any substances or combination of substances that present or pose potential dangers to human health and safety or to living organisms in the environment. The dangers may be short term or cumulative.

<u>Hazardous Waste</u> – For a waste to be considered a hazardous waste it must first be designated a solid waste. Virtually all forms of wastes are considered to be solid wastes (including solids, liquids, semi-solids, and contained gaseous materials) except those expressly excluded under the regulatory definition, e.g., industrial effluent which is mixed with sanitary wastes in the sewer. For a solid waste to be considered hazardous it must meet on of the two criteria: <u>1</u>) it has one of the following four characteristics – ignitibility, corrosivity, reactivity, or toxicity (*according to the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure*). or <u>2</u>) it must be a listed hazardous waste in 40 CFR 261.31-261.33. Any waste, including wastewater, defined as hazardous under RCRA, TSCA, or any state law.

<u>Head Loss</u> – (1) The decrease in energy head between two points resulting from friction, bends, obstructions, expansion, or other causes. (2) the difference between the total heads at two points in a hydraulic system.

<u>Holding Tank Waste</u> – Any waste from holding tanks such as vessel, chemical toilets, campers, trailers, septic tanks, and vacuum-pump tank trucks.

<u>Holding Time</u> – The maximum time allowed between when a sample is taken and when it must analyzed in the laboratory in accordance with standard preservation, storage and analytical procedures.

<u>Hydrogen Sulfide ( $H_2S$ ) –</u> Dissolved Sulfide is produced by the biological reduction of sulfate and organic matter under anaerobic (oxygen free) conditions. Dissolved sulfide can combine with hydrogen to form hydrogen sulfide gas.  $H_2S$  gas is potentially hazardous to sewer maintenance workers.

Incompatible Pollutants - See: Noncompatible Pollutants

**In-Compliance** – The concentrations of pollutants in an industrial user's discharges to a POTW are within pretreatment standards and all pretreatment requirements are being met over the long term.

Industrial Wastewater - Any non-domestic wastewater (excluding storm water).

<u>Inflow</u> – Water other than wastewater that enters a sewerage system from sources such as roof leaders, cellar drains, foundation drains, drains from springs and swampy areas, manhole covers, cross connections between storm sewers and sanitary sewers, catchbasins, cooling towers, storm waters, surface runoff, street wash water or drainage.

**Influent** – Wastewater or other liquid raw (untreated), partially or completely treated flowing into a reservoir, basin, treatment process or treatment plant.

**Indicator Organism** – An organism that is used to indicate the possible presence of pathogenic organisms and fecal pollution.

<u>Indirect Discharge</u> — The discharge or the introduction of nondomestic pollutants from any source regulated under Section 307(b) or (c) of the Act, (33 U.S.C. 1317), into the POTW (including holding tank waste discharge into the system). Also Non-Point Discharge

**Industrial Discharge** – Any introduction into the POTW of a nondomestic pollutant which is produced by a source that is subject to any categorical standards or

pretreatment requirements and which contains any substance or pollutant for which a discharge limitation or prohibition has been established by any categorical standard or pretreatment requirement.

<u>Industrial User</u> – Any nonresidential user of the sewer system which discharges more than the equivalent of 25,000 gallons per day of domestic wastes, or which is subject to any categorical standard or pretreatment requirement.

**Industrial Waste** – The liquid waste from any industrial or manufacturing process, as distinct from domestic or sanitary waste.

<u>Inspection –</u> A visual observation/evaluation of IU equipment, operations, sampling activities and accuracy of IU performance and compliance records

**Instantaneous Effluent Limitation** – The maximum allowable concentration in the discharge at any time as measured in a grab sample.

<u>Interference</u> The inhibition or disruption of the POTW treatment processes or operations which contributes to a violation of any requirement of the City's NPDES Permit. The term includes prevention of sewage sludge use or disposal by the POTW in accordance with 405 of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1345) or any criteria, guidelines, or regulations developed pursuant to the Solid Waste Disposal Act (SWDA), the Clean Air Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act, or more stringent state criteria (including those contained in any State sludge management plan prepared pursuant to Title IV of SWDA) applicable to the method of disposal or use employed by the POTW.

**Instrument Detection Limit (IDL)** – The smallest signal above a background noise that an instrument can detect reliably.

<u>Limit Violation</u> – Pollutant concentration is above the allowable limit as defined in the pretreatment standards for a particular IU.

**Long Term Average (LTA)** – For purposes of the effluent guidelines, average pollutant levels achieved over a period of time by a facility, subcategory, or technology option.

<u>Magnetic Flow Meter</u> – A flow meter that creates a magnetic field across a pipe flowing full, in which the liquid acts as a conductor, to measure the velocity and flow in the pipe.

<u>Maintenance</u> – Keeping pretreatment equipment in a state of repair, including expenditures necessary to maintain capacity.

<u>Mass Based Limit</u> – A limitation based on the actual quantity of a pollutant in a wastestream, usually expressed in mg/square meter of operation (*lb/square foot of operation*).

<u>Mass Emission Rate-</u> The rate of discharge of the dry weight of a pollutant in wastewater or air, expressed in pounds per day (lb/day), or kilograms per day (kg/day.

<u>Material Safety Data Sheets</u> – Provide information about manufactured chemicals as required by the Hazard Communications Rule.

<u>Metal Bearing Wastes</u> – Wastes and/or materials that contain significant quantities of metal pollutants, but not significant quantities of oil and grease (generally less than 100

mg/l), from manufacturing or processing facilities or other commercial operations. These wastes include, but are not limited to, spent electroplating baths and sludges, metal finishing rinse water and sludges, chromate wastes, air pollution control blow down water and sludges, spent anodizing solutions, incineration air pollution control wastewaters, waste liquid mercury, cyanide containing wastes greater than 136 mg/l, and waste acids and bases with or, in the case of acids and bases only, without metals.

<u>Minimal Level –</u> The lowest level at which the entire analytical system must give a recognizable signal and an acceptable calibration point for the analyte.

Molarity – Moles per liter, a measure of concentration.

**Molecular Weight** – The sum of the atomic weights of all atoms making up a molecule.

**Monitoring** – The practice of investigating, surveying, and sampling wastewater sources in an effort to obtain information on the quality and quantity of the wastewater flow.

<u>Monthly Average</u> – The monthly average is the arithmetic average value of all samples taken in a calendar month for an individual pollutant parameter. The monthly average may be the average of all grab samples taken in a given calendar month, or the average of all composite samples taken in a given calendar month.

<u>National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)</u> – A system of permits to discharge wastewaters to navigable waters developed under the authority of Section 402 of the Act (33 U.S.C. 1342).

<u>National Prohibited Discharges –</u> Prohibitions applicable to all nondomestic dischargers regarding the introduction of pollutants into POTWs set forth at 40 CFR 403.5.

<u>Neutralization</u> – Addition of an acid or alkali (base) to a liquid to cause the pH of the liquid to move toward a neutral pH of 7.0.

<u>New Sources</u> – Any source, the construction of which is commenced after the publication of proposed regulations prescribing a Section 307 (33 U.S.C. 1317) Categorical Pretreatment Standard which will be applicable to such source, if such standard is thereafter promulgated within 120 days of proposal in the <u>Federal Register</u>. Where the standard is promulgated later than 120 days after proposal, a new source means any source, the construction of which is commenced after the date of promulgation of the standard.

**Normality** – Equivalents per liter. A measure of concentration.

<u>NSPS</u> – New Sources Performance Standards, applicable to industrial facilities whose construction is begun after the publication of the proposed regulations, as defined by Sec 306 of the CWA.

<u>90 Day Compliance –</u> A report submitted by categorical industrial users within 90 days following the date for final compliance with the standards. This report must contain flow measurement ( or regulated process streams and other streams) measurement of pollutants, and a certification as to whether the categorical standards are being met.

<u>Nominal Quantitation Limit</u> – The smallest quantity of an analyte that can be measured reliably with a particular analytical method.

**Noncompatible Pollutants** – Parameters that are not able to be handled under normal loading conditions in biological waste treatment plants and may in fact be detrimental to the biota of these plants.

<u>Noncontact Cooling Water –</u> Water used for cooling which does not come into direct contact with any raw material, intermediate product, waste product, or finished product.

<u>Non-conventional Pollutants –</u> Pollutants that are neither conventional pollutants nor priority pollutants listed at 40 CFR Section 401.

<u>Non-detect Value</u> – The analyte is below the level of detection that can be reliably measured by the analytical method. This is also known, in statistical terms, as left-censoring.

**Notice of Violation (NOV)** – A written enforcement action notification issued to an IU for violations of pretreatment standards or requirements.

**Notice to Show Cause** – A meeting between the City (ESD) and an IU generally held when more aggressive enforcement action is required. The IU must "show cause" as to why the City should not initiate additional enforcement actions or progress to discontinuation of sewer service.

<u>NPDES Permit</u> – A National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit is the regulatory document issued by either the EPA or approved State agency. The permit is designed to control the discharge of pollutants from point sources into waters of the U.S.

<u>Oil and Grease –</u> The measure of oil and grease content of a sample as determined by EPA Method 1664A or other equivalent test method approved by the Director.

<u>Oily Wastes –</u> Wastes and/or used materials that contain oil and grease (generally at or in excess 100 mg/l) from manufacturing or processing facilities or other commercial operations. These wastes include, but are not limited to used oils, oil-water emulsions or mixtures, lubricants, coolants, contaminated groundwater clean-up from petroleum sources, used petroleum products, oil spill clean-up, bilge water, rinse/wash waters from petroleum sources, interceptor wastes, off-specification fuels, underground storage remediation waste, and tank clean out from petroleum or oily sources.

<u>Open-channel Flow</u> – Flow of a fluid with its surface exposed to the atmosphere. The conduit may be an open channel or a closed conduit flow by gravity.

<u>Organic Bearing Wastes –</u> Wastes and/or used materials that contain organic pollutants, but not a significant quantity of oil and grease (generally less than 100 mg/l), from manufacturing or processing facilities or other commercial operations. These wastes included, but are not limited to, landfill leachate, contaminated groundwater clean-up from non-petroleum sources, solvent-bearing wastes, off-specification organic product, still bottoms, waste byproduct glycols, wastewater from paint washes, wastewater from adhesives and/or epoxies formulation, wastewater from chemical product operations, and tank clean-out from organic, non-petroleum sources.

<u>Organic Matter –</u> Any substance composed of chemical compounds which consist primarily of carbon.

<u>Oxidation-Reduction</u> – Reactions involving the transfer of electrons, with oxidation being loss of electrons. ORP or oxidation-reduction potential, is the qualitative measure of the state of oxidation in metal waste treatment systems. ORP is used to control the chemical addition to optimize the oxidation of compounds such as cyanide or reduction of metals such as hexavalent chromium.

<u>**Parameter Violation**</u> A pre-established limit for a particular pollutant has been exceeded, resulting in an unlawful wastewater discharge to the sanitary sewer.

<u>Parshall Flume</u> – A calibrated device developed by Ralph L. Parshall for measuring the flow of liquid in an open conduit. It consists essentially of a contracting length, a throat, and an expanding length. At the throat is a sill over which the flow passes at critical depth.

<u>Pass Through (40 CFR 403.3(n)1 –</u> A discharge which exits the POTW into waters of the United States in quantities or concentrations which, alone or in conjunction with a discharge or discharges from other sources, is a cause of a violation of any requirement of the POTW NPDES permit (including an increase in the magnitude or duration of a violation) or which causes or contributes to a violation of an applicable numeric or narrative water quality standard.

**Periodic Compliance Report** (403.12(e)1 – A report submitted at least twice annually by each significant industrial user regulated under the local pretreatment program which indicates the nature and concentration of pollutants in the effluent which are limited by applicable pretreatment standards. In addition, the periodic report must indicate a record of measured or estimated average maximum daily flows for the reporting period.

<u>Permit</u> – A written (control) enforcement mechanism for controlling industrial wastewater discharges . Permits contain effluent limitations, monitoring and reporting requirements, compliance schedules and standard conditions relating to facility operations & ownership.

<u>Permittee</u> – Any person firm, association, corporation, or trust which owns, operates, processes or controls an establishment or plant being operated under a valid permit to discharge wastewater into the City sewer system.

<u>**pH**</u> – pH is an expression of the concentration of hydrogen ions in solution. The measurement indicates an acid solution when the pH is <7 and an alkaline solution when the pH is > 7. pH meters typically measure the pH in the range of 0 to 14. The concentration is the weight of hydrogen ions, in grams per liter of solution. Neutral water, for example, has a pH value of 7 and hydrogen ion concentration of  $10^{-7}$ . pH reflects the negative logarithm of the hydrogen ion concentration of the aqueous solution.

<u>**pH Continuous**</u> Unattended pH (a conventional pollutant) monitoring at the compliance point using an electrometric pH sensor mounted at and immersed in the discharge wastestream.

<u>Physical Waste Treatment Process</u> – Physical wastewater treatment processes include racks, screens, comminutors, clarifiers, (sedimentation & flotation), and filtration, which through physical actions remove pollutants from the wastewater.

<u>**Pickle**</u> An acid or other chemical solution in which metal objects are dipped to remove oxide scale or other adhering substances.

**Point Source** – Any facility having a connection to the public sewer.

<u>Pipeline –</u> "Pipeline" means an open or closed conduit used for the conveyance of material. A pipeline includes a channel, pipe, tube, trench, ditch or fixed delivery system.

<u>Pollutant</u> – Any dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, sewage, garbage, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological materials, radioactive materials, heat wrecked or discharged equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt and industrial, municipal, and agricultural waste discharged into water.

**Pollutants of Concern (POC)** – Compounds in wastewater that pose a potential threat to the POTW or its ability to comply with environmental standards.

**Pollution Prevention** – Source reduction and other practices that reduce or eliminate the creation of pollutants.

(POTW) Publicly Owned Treatment Works– A treatment works as defined by Section 212 of the Act, (33 U.S.C. 1292) which is owned, in this instance, by the City. This definition includes any sewers that convey wastewater to the POTW treatment plant, but does not include pipes, sewers or other conveyances not connected to a facility providing treatment. For the City of Phoenix , "POTW" also includes any sewers that convey wastewaters to the POTW from persons outside the City who are, by contract or agreement with the City, users of the City's POTW.

<u>Precipitation –</u> The phenomenon that occurs when a substance (solute) held in solution in a liquid passes out of solution into solid form, usually precipitated by the addition of another substance that chemically transforms the solute into an insoluble form that can be removed by filtration or settling during a treatment process.

**Precision** – Precision refers to the reproducibility of the laboratory analytical results.

<u>Pretreatment Standard –</u> Any regulation promulgated by the EPA in accordance with Section 307(b) and (c) of the Clean Water Act which applies to a specific category of industrial users and provides limitations on the introduction of pollutants into POTWs. This term includes the prohibited discharge standards under 40 CFR 403.5, including [40 CFR 403.3 (j)].

<u>Primary Measuring Device</u> – A hydraulic structure to measure flow in an open channel there are two types, weirs and flumes.

<u>**Printed Circuit Board**</u> A circuit for electronic apparatus made by depositing conductive material, usually copper, on an insulating surface.

<u>Priority Pollutant –</u> One hundred twenty-six compounds that are a subset of the 65 toxic pollutants and classes of pollutants outlined in Section 307 of the CWA. The priority pollutants are specified in the NRDC settlement agreement (National Resources Defense Council et al v. Train, 8 E.R.C. 2120 [D.D.C. 1976], modified 12 E.R.C. 1833 [D.D.C. 1979]).

<u>Pretreatment or Treatment</u> – The reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater to a less harmful state prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introduction of such pollutants into a POTW. The reduction or alteration can be obtained by physical, chemical, or biological processes, process changes, or other means, except as prohibited by 40 CFR Section 403.6(d).

<u>Pretreatment Facility</u> – Industrial wastewater treatment system consisting of one or more treatment devices designed to remove sufficient pollutants from waste streams to allow an industry to comply with effluent limits (i.e. categorical standards, local limits, and federal prohibitive standards).

<u>Pretreatment Standard</u> – Any industrial discharge pollutant limitation imposed on an industrial user by local ordinance or by EPA.

**Pretreatment Year** – A pretreatment year begins January 1st and ends December 31st

**Priority Pollutants (Priority Toxic Pollutants) (40 CFR 423 Appendix A1)** – A list of specific compounds, originally identified by EPA in Section 307(a) of the Act for initial development of categorical pretreatment. There are 65 classes of pollutants and 126 individual pollutants currently identified.

<u>Process Inhibition –</u> The concentration of a pollutant that will interfere with a biological treatment process in the POTW.

<u>Process Wastewater (40 CFR X22.21) –</u> Is any water which, during manufacturing or processing, comes into direct contact with or results from the production or use of any raw material, intermediate product, finished product, byproduct, or waste product.

<u>Prohibited Materials</u> – Any materials that are barred from being discharged into a POTW by local ordinance.

<u>PSNS</u> – Pretreatment standards for new sources of indirect discharges, under Sec. 307(b) of the CWA.

<u>Quality Assurance / Quality Control (QA/QC) –</u> Quality Assurance is the program function specified to assure the quality of measurement data, while Quality Control is the process carrying out those procedures stated in the Quality Assurance program.

**<u>RCRA</u>** – The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (RCRA) (42 U.S.C. Section 6901et.seq.), which regulates the generation, treatment, storage, disposal, or recycling of solid and hazardous wastes. The Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (PL 94-580). RCRA was enacted to define a federal role in solid waste and resource management and recovery. RCRA's primary goals are; <u>1</u>) to protect human health and the environment from hazardous and other solid wastes; and <u>2</u>) to protect and preserve natural resources through programs of resource conservation and recovery. Its principal regulatory focus is on the control of hazardous waste through a comprehensive system of identification, tracking, treatment, storage, and ultimate disposal.

<u>**Receiving Water**</u> A water course, lake, or ocean into which treated water is discharged.

**Rectangular Weir** – Weir having a notch that is rectangular in shape.

<u>**Regulated Process**</u> – An industrial process for which federal categorical standards are established for the wastewater discharges resulting from the industrial process.

<u>Removal Credits</u> – A term used to describe the allowance of a publicly owned treatment works to revise federal categorical pretreatment standards to reflect removal of a pollutant through the system. Authorization to grant such removal credits depends on compliance with a number of conditions, as set forth in Section 403.7 of 40 CFR, Part 403, published on January 28, 1981, in 46 FR 9443.

**Recycling** – A material is recycled if it is used, reused, or reclaimed.

<u>**Representative Sample**</u> A composite sample obtained by flow proportional sample techniques where feasible. When the Director determines that flow-proportional composite sampling is infeasible, the Director may allow or conduct time-composite techniques or by the compositing or averaging of one or more grab samples.

**<u>Reporting Violation</u>** – Failure of an industrial user to submit the required report to the Approval Authority or Control Authority.

<u>**Review Meeting**</u> A compliance status meeting between ESD staff and an IU to review violations and allow the IU to describe the means to prevent future violations.

<u>Receiving Water</u> – A stream, lake, river, ocean, or other surface or groundwater into which treated or untreated wastewater is discharged.

**Rolling Six Month Evaluation** – A rolling six month evaluation uses sample data based on calendar quarters to calculate SNC during a rolling six month window. Under this procedure each SIU is evaluated for SNC four times during a fifteen month window. Of the eight criteria that must be evaluated for SNC only Chronic SNC and Technical Review Criteria SNC are evaluated based on a six month rolling window. All other criteria are strictly on a calendar quarter.

<u>Sampler</u> – A device used with or without flow measurement to obtain a sample portion of water or waste for analytical purposes. May be designed for taking a single (grab) sample, time composite sample, or flow-proportional composite sample.

<u>Sampling</u> – The practice of collecting samples of wastewater discharges for analysis of wastewater characteristics.

<u>Sample-specific Quantitation Limit –</u> The smallest quantity in the experimental calibration range that may be measured reliably in any given sample.

<u>Sanitary Sewer</u> – A sewer that carries liquid and water-borne wastes from residences, commercial buildings, industrial plants, and institutions, together with minor quantities of ground, storm, and surface waters that may be admitted unintentionally.

<u>Septage</u> – Aerobic wastewater originating from a domestic source, be it from a residential, commercial, or industrial facility, that is not hazardous waste and is compatible with the biological wastewater treatment plant process.

<u>Settling</u> – Treatment process by which settleable or floatable solids are removed from wastewater by gravity separation in a tank or other vessel.

<u>Sewage –</u> A combination of water-carried wastes from residences, business buildings, institutions, and industrial establishments, together with such ground waters, surface waters, and storm waters as may be present.

<u>Sewer –</u> A pipe or conduit for carrying sewage.

<u>Sewer Tap –</u> The wye, saddle or other device placed on a public sewer to receive a building connection.

<u>Sewer Use Ordinance –</u> A sewer use ordinance is a legal instrument implemented by a local government entity which sets out all the requirements for the discharge of pollutants into a publicly owned treatment works.

<u>Significant Noncompliance (SNC)</u> – One or more serious violations or a pattern of minor violations. An IU may be considered in SNC when violations are Chronic Violations (CSNC) or Technical Review Criteria Violations (TRCSNC) or late reporting.

<u>Significant Violation –</u> A major discharge of pollutants to the POTW system that is determined to be grossly over the limits of pretreatment standards for that industry.

**Significant Industrial User - (1)** An IU subject to Categorical Pretreatment Standards 40 CFR 403.6 and 40 CFR, Chapter I subchapter N. Any industry that falls under these categories is considered a SIU whether it has process discharge to the sewer or not. **(2)** Any industry which discharges an average of 25,000 gallons per day or more of process wastewater to the sewer system (excluding sanitary, noncontact cooling water and boiler blowdown wastewater).

(3) Any industry designated as such on the basis that the IU has a reasonable potential for adversely affecting the POTW.

<u>Sludge –</u> The settleable solids intentionally separated from liquid waste streams during treatment typically under quiescent conditions, and the unintentional accumulation of solids in tanks and reservoirs associated with production and manufacturing processes.

<u>Slug Discharge (40 CFR 403.8(f)(2)(v)1 –</u> Any pollutant discharge of a non-routine, episodic nature, including but not limited to an accidental spill or a non-customary batch discharge. Any discharge at a flow rate or concentration which would cause a violation of the prohibited discharge standards in the General Pretreatment Regulations.

<u>Sludge Control Plan (40 CFR 403.8(f)(2)(v)1 –</u> A plan designed to prevent the uncontrolled discharge of raw pollutants (*or materials, e.g., a dairy spill of milk may disrupt a small POTW and would have to be reported even though milk Is not a "pollutant"*) into the POTW. Every Significant Industrial User is required to be evaluated at least every two years, for the necessity of instituting such a control plan.

<u>Sludge Quality Standard –</u> Allowable concentration or mass of a pollutant in POTW sludge, or biosolids, used for land application.

<u>Source Reduction</u> – Any practice which reduces the amount of any pollutant or contaminant entering any waste stream or otherwise released into the environment or

reduces hazards to public health and the environment associated with the release of such substances, pollutants or contaminants.

**Specific Gravity -** (1) Weight of a particle, substance, or chemical solution in relation to the weight of an equal volume of water. Water has a specific gravity of 1.000 at  $4^{\circ}$  C ( $39^{\circ}$  F). (2) Weight of a particular gas in relation to an equal volume of air at the same temperature and pressure ( air has a specific gravity of 1.0). Chlorine has a specific gravity of 2.5 as a gas.

<u>Spiked Sample (Field)</u> – A sample of a known amount of a particular pollutant constituent prepared in the field by adding a known amount of the analyte in question during sampling. This technique identifies potential sample matrix interference and/or problems with inadequate sample preservation.

<u>Spiked Sample (Laboratory)</u> A sample of a known amount of a particular pollutant constituent prepared in the laboratory by adding a known amount of the analyte in question at a concentration where the accuracy of the test method is satisfactory. Spiked samples check on the accuracy of the analytical procedure.

<u>Split Samples –</u> A sample which is collected and divided in the field into the necessary of portions (e.g., 2, 3, etc.) for analysis. Equally representative samples must be obtained in the process. The split samples are then analyzed by separate laboratories (*or the same laboratory*), preferably using the same analytical techniques.

<u>SROG</u> – Sub-regional Operating Group formed in 1979 pursuant to a joint exercise of powers agreement between the cities of Glendale, Mesa, Phoenix, Scottsdale, and Tempe, and the Town of Gilbert to jointly own and operate the 23rd and 91st Avenue Wastewater Treatment Plants and their interceptor systems. Intergovernmental agreements exist between SROG members and non-SROG jurisdictions which allow third parties to discharge to the SROG system.

<u>Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) –</u> A classification pursuant to the Standard Industrial Classification Manual issued by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, 1972. Codes used to categorize and uniquely identify business and economic activities.

<u>Standard Methods –</u> The procedure as described in the most current edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater published by American Health Association, or the most current edition of Manual of Methods for Chemical Analysis for Water and Wastes published by the EPA.

<u>Stilling Well</u> – A pipe, chamber, or compartment with comparatively small inlets, or with inlets communicating with a main body of water. Its purpose is to dampen waves or surges while permitting water level within the well to rise or fall with the major fluctuation of the main body of water. It is used with water measuring devices to improve accuracy of measurement.

<u>Storm Water –</u> Any flow occurring during or following any form of natural precipitation and resulting there from.

<u>Storm Sewer / Storm Drain –</u> A sewer which carries storm and surface waters and drainage, but excludes sewage and polluted industrial wastes.

<u>Suspended Solids</u> – The total suspended matter that floats on the surface of, or is suspended in, water, wastewater or other liquids, and which is removable by laboratory filtering.

<u>Subchapter N –</u> Refers to Subchapter N of Chapter I of Title 40 of the Federal Regulations. This includes, but is not limited to, the industrial categorical standards included in 40 CFR Parts 405 through 471.

<u>Technical Review Criteria Violations (TRC) (TRCSNC) – (1)</u> Technical Review Criteria Violations are recurring effluent violations where the limit is exceeded by a certain statistically developed percentage so as to account for the degree of variance from the pretreatment standards. (2) For Technical Review Criteria Significant Noncompliance (TRCSNC), thirty-three (33) percent or more of all of the measurements taken during a six-month period equal or exceed the product of the daily limit or the monthly average limit multiplied by the applicable TRC (1.4 for BOD, TSS, fats, oil & grease and 1.2 for all other pollutants except pH).

<u>Technology Based Standards</u> – Discharge limits for specific industrial categories established by the Federal EPA based on the use of the Best Available Technology economically achievable (BAT), the Best Practicable Control Technology available (BPT), or the Best Conventional Technology available (BCT). Such standards are based on the cost and/or availability of technology to treat the specific wastestream under consideration.

<u>Termination of Service</u> – An administrative action implemented by the City to halt any actual or threatened discharge to the sewer from an IU that has failed to adequately respond to previous enforcement actions.

<u>**Time Composite Sample**</u> A mixed sample composed of single equal-volume samples collected at selected regular intervals over a specified period of time.

<u>Total Organic Carbon (TOC)</u> — The total of all organic compounds expressed in milligrams per liter as determined by the combustion-infrared method prescribed by approved laboratory procedures.

<u>Total Suspend Solids (TSS)</u> – Residue that is removed from a wastewater sample by a standard laboratory filtration procedure, expressed as mg/L.

<u>Total Toxic Organics (TTO)</u> – The summation of all quantifiable values of toxic organics greater than 0.01 mg/l contained in the Federal Categorical Pretreatment Standards.

**Toxic Pollutant (40 CFR 122 Appendix D)** – Any pollutant or combination of pollutants listed as toxic in regulations promulgated by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency under the provision of CWA 307(a) or other Acts. Those pollutants, or combination of pollutants, including disease-causing agents which after discharge and upon exposure, ingestion, inhalation, or assimilation into any organism either directly from the environment or indirectly by ingestion through the food chain, will on the basis of information available to the Administrator of the EPA, cause death, disease, behavioral abnormalities, cancer, genetic mutations, physiological malfunctions, (including malfunctions in reproduction) or physical deformation

<u>Treatment</u> – Any method, technique, or process designed to change the physical, chemical or biological character or composition of any metal-bearing, oily, or organic waste so as to recover metal, oil, or organic content from wastes.

<u>**Trip Blank**</u> Is a volume of analyte-free water brought to the field in sealed containers and transported back to the lab with the actual sample containers.

<u>**Turbine Meter**</u> A positive displacement meter with an internal turbine turned by the water flow. Flow is proportional to turbine rotation speed.

<u>User</u> – Any person who contributes, causes or permits the contribution of wastewater into the City's POTW.

<u>Variability Factor</u> – Used in calculating a limitation (or standard) to allow for reasonable variation in pollutant concentrations when processed through extensive and well designed treatment systems. Variability factors assure that normal fluctuations in a facility's treatment are accounted for in the limitations.

<u>Violation –</u> Whenever a user exceeds an applicable effluent limit; fails to meet the deadlines and conditions for reporting, monitoring or treatment; or does not comply with other Federal or City requirements.

<u>V-notch Weir</u> – A triangular sharp-crested weir for measurement of liquid discharge in open channels.

<u>Volatile Solids</u> – The quantity of solids in water, wastewater, or other liquids, lost on ignition of the dry solids at  $600^{\circ}$ .

<u>Waste –</u> Includes aqueous, non-aqueous, and solid waste, wastewater, and/or used material.

<u>Wastewater –</u> The liquid and water-carried industrial or domestic wastes from dwellings, commercial buildings, industrial facilities, and institutions, whether treated or untreated, which is introduced into the POTW.

<u>Water Quality Standards –</u> Water quality standards are provisions of state or federal law which consist of a designated use or uses for a given water body and associated water quality criteria which must be met in the stream to achieve these uses. Water quality standards are effluent standards imposed on point sources. These standards are designed to achieve the water quality criteria established for a given water body. These standards are designed to improve and/or maintain the quality of the receiving water, regardless of the cost or availability of treatment technology.

<u>Weir</u> – (1) A diversion dam. (2) A device that has a crest and some side containment of known geometric shape and is used to measure flow of a liquid. The liquid surface is exposed to the atmosphere. Flow is related to: upstream height of water above the crest, position of crest with respect to downstream water surface, and geometry of the weir opening. Most common types are rectangular weirs, trapezoidal (Cipolletti) weirs and triangular (V-notch) weirs.

<u>Worker Right to Know Laws</u> – Employee "Right-to-Know" legislation requires employers to inform employees (e.g., treatment plant operators) of the possible health effects resulting from contact with hazardous substances. At location where this

legislation is in force, employers must provide employees with information regarding any hazardous substances which they might be exposed to under normal working conditions or reasonably foreseeable emergency conditions resulting from workplace conditions. OSHA's "Hazard Communication Standard (HCS)" (Title 29 CFR Part 1910.1200) is the federal regulation and state statutes are called "Right to Know Laws."

Zero Process Discharge – This term applies to those users that only discharge domestic wastes or have no discharge, but have significant quantities of hazardous materials or high strength waste which, if discharged, would be regulated by this ordinance. Such facilities may be regulated by requiring them to have zero discharge of process wastes, thus allowing only domestic wastes to be discharged. No discharge of pollutants to waters of the United States or to a POTW. Also included in this definition are disposal of pollutants by way of evaporation, deep-well injection, off-site transfer, and land application.

**ADHS DATA QUALIFIERS** 

#### Arizona Data Qualifiers Revision 4.0 9/5/12



 Date:
 October 10, 2012

 To:
 Prabha Acharya – Manager, Technical Resources – ADHS Lab Licensure

 From:
 Julie Hoskin – QA/QC and Laboratory Services Manager (acting)- ADEQ

 Subject:
 Arizona Data Qualifiers Revision 4.0

Arizona Department of Environmental Quality concurs with Revision 4.0 Arizona Data Qualifiers as amended by subcommittee of Environmental Laboratory Advisory Committee (ELAC).

Any qualified data submitted to ADEQ after January 1, 2001 must be designated using the Arizona Data Qualifiers as developed by the ELAC technical subcommittee. Because the data qualifiers are specific, there may be multiple qualifiers assigned to each analytical result. Any events that cannot be described by the data qualifiers must be documented in a case narrative which must be included with the final report. Using the Arizona Data Qualifiers does not automatically qualify the data as acceptable to the Agency.

Arizona Data Qualifiers Revision 4.0 will be placed on both ADHS Lab Licensure and ADEQ's websites.

#### Arizona Data Qualifiers Revision 4.0 9/5/12

*Developed by the Sub-committee of the Arizona Environmental Laboratory Advisory Committee* This is an updated list of the Rev. 3.0 Arizona Data Qualifiers dated 9/20/2007, with some new qualifiers added, some obsolete ones deleted and some modified. The new qualifiers are designated in red font. If there was a minor modification to the existing qualifier, it has been highlighted in blue.

Using the following Arizona Data Qualifiers does not automatically denote acceptability to the Regulatory Agency. Arizona Department of Environmental Quality expects that data reported utilizing the following qualifiers, unless stated otherwise, is useable, scientifically valid and defensible. In the laboratory's judgment if the data should not be used for compliance, the T6 qualifier must be used. Other general guidelines for use and application of the following data qualifiers can be found as an attachment to this document (ATTACHMENT A).

# Note: Please note that as of 10/28/08, AZ Drinking Water Data Qualifiers have been discontinued, please use Arizona Data Qualifiers Revision 4.0 dated 9/5/12.

#### Microbiology:

- A1 = Too numerous to count.
- A2 = Sample incubation period exceeded method requirement.
- A3 = Sample incubation period was shorter than method requirement.
- A4 = Target organism detected in associated method blank.
- A5 = Incubator/water bath temperature was outside method requirements.
- A6 = Target organism not detected in associated positive control.
- A7 = Micro sample received without adequate headspace.
- A8 = Plate count was outside the method's reporting range. Reported value is estimated.

Method/calibration/Trip blank:

- B1 = Target analyte detected in method blank at or above the method reporting limit.
- B2 = Non-target analyte detected in method blank and sample, producing interference.
- B3 = Target analyte detected in calibration blank at or above the method reporting limit.

B4 = Target analyte detected in blank at or above method acceptance criteria.

B5 = Target analyte detected in method blank at or above the method reporting limit, but below trigger level or MCL.

B6 = Target analyte detected in calibration blank at or above the method reporting limit, but below trigger level or MCL.

B7 = Target analyte detected in method blank at or above method reporting limit.

Concentration found in the sample was 10 times above the concentration found in the method blank.

B8 = Analyte found in both the travel blank and sample.

Confirmation:

C1 = Confirmatory analysis not performed as required by the method.

C2 = deleted

C3 = Qualitative confirmation performed.

C4 = Confirmatory analysis was past holding time.

C5 = Confirmatory analysis was past holding time. Original result not confirmed.

C6 = deleted

C7 = deleted

C8 = Sample RPD between the primary and confirmatory analysis exceeded 40%. Per EPA Method 8000C, the lower value was reported as there was no evidence of chromatographic problems.

Dilution:

D1 = Sample required dilution due to matrix.

D2 = Sample required dilution due to high concentration of target analyte.

D3 = deleted.

D4 = Minimum Reporting Limit (MRL) adjusted to reflect sample amount received and analyzed.

D5 = Minimum Reporting Limit (MRL) adjusted due to sample dilution; analyte was nondetect in the sample.

D6 = Minimum Reporting Limit (MRL) adjusted due to an automatic 10X dilution performed on this sample for the purpose of reporting traditional drinking water analytes for wastewater requirements.

D7= Minimum Reporting Limit adjusted to reflect sample dilution.

Estimated concentration:

E1 = Concentration estimated. Analyte exceeded calibration range. Reanalysis not possible due to insufficient sample.

E2 = Concentration estimated. Analyte exceeded calibration range. Reanalysis not performed due to sample matrix.

E3 = Concentration estimated. Analyte exceeded calibration range. Reanalysis not performed due to holding time requirements.

E4 = Concentration estimated. Analyte was detected below laboratory minimum reporting limit (MRL) but above MDL.

E5 = Concentration estimated. Analyte was detected below laboratory minimum reporting limit (MRL), but not confirmed by alternate analysis.

E6 = Concentration estimated. Internal standard recoveries did not meet method acceptance criteria.

E7 = Concentration estimated. Internal standard recoveries did not meet laboratory acceptance criteria.

E8 = Analyte reported to MDL per project specification. Target analyte was not detected in the sample.

Hold time:

H1 = Sample analysis performed past holding time.

H2 = Initial analysis within holding time. Reanalysis for the required dilution was past holding time.

H3 = Sample was received and/ or analysis requested past holding time.

H4 = Sample was extracted past required extraction holding time, but analyzed within analysis holding time.

H5 = This test is specified to be performed in the field within 15 minutes of sampling; sample was received and analyzed past the regulatory holding time.

H6 = The filtration was not done within the required 15 minutes of sampling, the sample was filtered in the laboratory.

BOD/CBOD:

K1 = The sample dilutions set-up for the BOD/CBOD analysis did not meet the oxygen depletion criteria of at least 2 mg/L. Any reported result is an estimated value.

K2 = The sample dilutions set up for the BOD/CBOD analysis did not meet the criteria of a residual dissolved oxygen of at least 1 mg/L. Any reported result is an estimated value. K3 = deleted.

K3 = deleted. K4 = deleted.

K5 = The dilution water D.O. depletion was > 0.2 mg/L.

K6 = Glucose/glutamic acid BOD/CBOD was below method acceptance criteria.

K7 = A discrepancy between the BOD and COD results has been verified by reanalysis of the sample for COD.

K8 = Glucose/glutamic acid BOD/CBOD was above method acceptance levels.

K9=Test replicates show more than 30% difference between high and low values.

K10=Seed control samples do not deplete at least 2.0 mg/L, with a retention of at least 1.0 mg/L DO criteria in all samples.

K11=Minimum DO is less than 1.0 mg/L in all dilutions.

Laboratory fortified blank/blank spike:

L1 = The associated blank spike recovery was above laboratory acceptance limits

L2 = The associated blank spike recovery was below laboratory acceptance limits.

L3 = The associated blank spike recovery was above method acceptance limits.

L4 = The associated blank spike recovery was below method acceptance limits.

L5 = The associated blank spike recovery was above laboratory/method acceptance limits. This analyte was not detected in the sample.

Matrix spike:

M1 = Matrix spike recovery was high; the associated blank spike recovery was acceptable. M2 = Matrix spike recovery was low; the associated blank spike recovery was acceptable. M3 = The spike recovery value is unusable since the analyte concentration in the sample is disproportionate to the spike level. The associated blank spike recovery was acceptable. M4 = The analysis of the spiked sample required a dilution such that the spike recovery calculation does not provide useful information. The associated blank spike recovery was acceptable.

M5 = Analyte concentration was determined by the method of standard addition (MSA). M6 = Matrix spike recovery was high. Data reported per ADEQ policy 0154.000. Matrix Interference was confirmed.

M7 = Matrix spike recovery was low. Data reported per ADEQ policy 0154.000. Matrix Interference was confirmed.

General:

N1 = See case narrative.

N2 = See corrective action report.

N3 = deleted.

N4 = The Minimum Reporting Limit (MRL) verification check did not meet the laboratory acceptance limit.

N5 = The Minimum Reporting Limit (MRL) verification check did not meet the method acceptance limit.

N6 = Data suspect due to quality control failure, reported per data user's request.

N7= Additional analysis was not performed based on the "Total" result which was below the requested analyte's MCL/Action level/Trigger level.

Sample quality:

Q1 = Sample integrity was not maintained. See case narrative.

Q2 = Sample received with head space.

Q3 = Sample received with improper chemical preservation.

Q4 = Sample received and analyzed without chemical preservation.

Q5 = Sample received with inadequate chemical preservation, but preserved by the laboratory.

Q6 = Sample was received above recommended temperature.

Q7 = Sample inadequately dechlorinated.

Q8 = Insufficient sample received to meet method QC requirements. Batch QC requirements satisfy ADEQ policy 0154.000.

Q9 = Insufficient sample received to meet method QC requirements.

Q10 = Sample received in inappropriate sample container.

Q11 = Sample is heterogeneous. Sample homogeneity could not be readily achieved using routine laboratory practices.

Duplicates:

R1 = RPD/RSD exceeded the method acceptance limit. See case narrative.

R2 = RPD/RSD exceeded the laboratory acceptance limit. See case narrative.

R3 = deleted.

R4 = MS/MSD RPD exceeded the method acceptance limit. Recovery met acceptance criteria.

R5 = MS/MSD RPD exceeded the laboratory acceptance limit. Recovery met acceptance criteria.

R6 = LFB/LFBD RPD exceeded the method acceptance limit. Recovery met acceptance criteria.

R7 = LFB/LFBD RPD exceeded the laboratory acceptance limit. Recovery met acceptance criteria.

R8 = Sample RPD exceeded the method acceptance limit.

R9 = Sample RPD exceeded the laboratory acceptance limit.

R10 = deleted.

R11 = The RPD calculation for MS/MSD does not provide useful information due to the varying sample weights when Encore samplers/methanol field preserved samples are used. R12 - RPD/RSD exceeded the method acceptance limit. Result less than 5 times the PQL. R13 = MS/MSD RPD exceeded method acceptance limit. Matrix spike recovery was outside acceptance criteria. Batch precision and accuracy were demonstrated.

Surrogate:

S1 = Surrogate recovery was above laboratory acceptance limits, but within method acceptance limits.

S2 = deleted.

S3 = Surrogate recovery was above laboratory acceptance limits, but within method acceptance limits. No target analytes were detected in the sample.

S4 = Surrogate recovery was above laboratory and method acceptance limits. No target analytes were detected in the sample.

S5 = Surrogate recovery was below laboratory acceptance limits, but within method acceptance limits.

S6 = Surrogate recovery was below laboratory and method acceptance limits. Reextraction and/or reanalysis confirms low recovery caused by matrix effect.

S7 = Surrogate recovery was below laboratory and method acceptance limits. Unable to confirm matrix effect.

S8 = The analysis of the sample required a dilution such that the surrogate recovery calculation does not provide useful information. The associated blank spike recovery was acceptable.

S9 = deleted.

S10 = Surrogate recovery was above laboratory and method acceptance limits. See case narrative.

S11 = Surrogate recovery was high. Data reported per ADEQ policy 0154.000.

S12 = Surrogate recovery was low. Data reported per ADEQ policy 0154.000.

Method/analyte discrepancies:

T1 = Method approved by EPA, but not yet licensed by ADHS.

T2 = Cited ADHS licensed method does not contain this analyte as part of method compound list.

T3 = Method not promulgated either by EPA or ADHS.

T4 = Tentatively identified compound. Concentration is estimated and based on the closest internal standard.

T5 = Laboratory not licensed for this parameter.

T6 = The reported result cannot be used for compliance purposes.

T7 = Incubator/Oven temperatures were not monitored as required during all days of use.

T8= Method used not listed in 40 CFR 136; alternate method chosen as acceptable per permit.

T9 = Less than the prescribed sample amount was available to perform the leachate extraction. The volume of extraction fluid was adjusted proportionately based on the method prescribed ratio of extraction fluid to sample weight.

Calibration verification:

V1 = CCV recovery was above method acceptance limits. This target analyte was not detected in the sample.

V2 = CCV recovery was above method acceptance limits. This target analyte was detected in the sample. The sample could not be reanalyzed due to insufficient sample.

V3 = CCV recovery was above method acceptance limits. This target analyte was detected in the sample, but the sample was not reanalyzed. See case narrative.

V4 = deleted.

V5 = CCV recovery after a group of samples was above acceptance limits. This target analyte was not detected in the sample; acceptable per EPA Method 8000C.

V6 = Data reported from one-point calibration criteria.

V7 = deleted.

V8 = deleted.

V9 = CCV recovery was below method acceptance limits.

Calibration:

W1= deleted. W2= deleted.

#### ATTACHMENT A "Guidance on the Usage of Data Qualifiers"

These standardized data qualifiers are for use in qualifying analytical results for compliance samples in Arizona to represent events that occurred during analysis.

The technical subcommittee has endeavored to develop qualifiers that are succinct and narrow in scope to eliminate broad or multiple interpretations when assessing the impact on data. It must also be noted that due to the specialized nature of the individual qualifiers, it is likely that more than one qualifier may be needed in order to accurately represent the data.

Note: 1. Using the Arizona Data Qualifiers does not automatically denote acceptability to the Regulatory Agency.

2. As specified in the Arizona Adopted Rules, R9-14-615.C.9, for each parameter tested at the laboratory for which quality control acceptance criteria are not specified in the approved method or by EPA or ADEQ,:

a. Use default limits provided in Exhibit II; or

b. Statistically develop limits from historical data

The laboratory has an option of using ADHS Default Limits which can be accessed at http://www.azdhs.gov/lab/license/tech/altdefaultlimit.pdf

Microbiology:

None.

Method/calibration blank:

Apply appropriate qualifier to affected analyte in the blank if target analyte is not detected at  $\geq$  RL in the samples. If analytes are detected, then all corresponding analytes for the associated samples should also be qualified.

#### Confirmation:

For methods that require qualitative confirmation. C3 applies to methods that require quantitative confirmation.

#### Dilution:

If all analytes are reported from the diluted sample, apply qualifier to the entire sample. Otherwise apply qualifier to each analyte that required dilution.

#### Estimated concentration:

Appropriate qualifier must be used for any analyte result reported outside the calibration range. Affects data reported outside the calibration range or down to the MDL. E8 is only required if additional clarification is necessary.

#### Hold time:

Qualify samples appropriately when method extraction and/ or analysis holding time have been exceeded.

#### BOD/CBOD:

Qualifiers K5, K6, & K8 indicate situations that may impact all results in an analytical run and should be used to qualify all affected samples as well as any affected quality control samples when reported. K3 was deleted because if the seed depletion was out, then the situation must be explained in the case narrative. Criteria for qualifiers K9, K10, K11 taken from Standard Methods 5210 B, 2001 Revision.

Laboratory fortified blank/blank spike:

Appropriate qualifier must be applied to the affected analytes in the Laboratory fortified blank/blank spike and to all corresponding analytes in the associated samples.

#### Matrix spike:

Appropriate qualifier must be applied to the affected analytes in the matrix spike and should also be added to all corresponding analytes in the associated spiked sample. If a batch spike recovery is outside of the acceptable range, it is permissible to only flag the sample that was spiked and not the other samples in the batch. As required in the Arizona Adopted Rules A.A.C. R9-14-617.8.d, clients must always be informed if the batch QC result is unacceptable whether one of their samples was spiked or not. The laboratory can choose how the unacceptable QC is reported to the client (e.g., cover letter or flag).

The ADEQ policy 0154.000 can be accessed at <a href="http://www.azdeq.gov/function/programs/download/spike8.pdf">http://www.azdeq.gov/function/programs/download/spike8.pdf</a>

#### General:

For example, qualifier N7 refers to total cyanide vs. free or amendable cyanide, total nitrate/nitrite vs. nitrite, total metals vs. TCLP metals, total PCB's vs. individual aroclors, and total chromium vs. hexavalent chromium.

#### Sample quality:

Flag samples with appropriate qualifier when sample quality may be potentially impacted or when method requirements were not met. The ADEQ policy 0154.000 can be accessed at <u>http://www.azdeq.gov/function/programs/download/spike8.pdf</u> **Duplicates:** 

For use with sample, matrix spike, LFB and LFB/blank spike duplicates. Qualify all affected analytes. For MS/MSD or sample duplicates qualify only the original source sample.

Surrogate:

Qualify surrogates appropriately when they do not meet criteria. Surrogate failures in quality control samples will most likely require additional narration. S11 & S12 are used to qualify sample surrogates and only in cases where the Laboratory Fortified Blank/ blank spike has acceptable surrogate recoveries.

Method/analyte discrepancies:

For use with methods or analytes that are not currently approved under the Environmental Laboratory Licensure Rules or for which the lab is not licensed.

Calibration verification:

Appropriate qualifier must be applied to all affected analytes in any samples associated with the calibration verification.

Calibration:

None.

**ADHS Laboratory License** 



# **ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY LICENSE**

### **Issued to:**

**Britney Dempster Laboratory Director: Ms. Jennifer Calles Owner/Representative:** 

# City of Phoenix Water Services Laboratory AZ0088

is in compliance with Environmental Laboratory's applicable standards for the State of Arizona and maintains on file a List of Parameters for which the laboratory is certified to perform analysis.

PERIOD OF LICENSURE FROM: 05/05/2021 TO: 05/04/2022



Steven D. Baker, Chief Office of Laboratory Licensure & Certification Bureau of State Laboratory Services

# **Arizona Department Of Health Services** Office of Laboratory Licensure and Certification

250 N.17th Avenue, Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3246

#### SDW

3011		
Parameter	EPA Method	Certified On
1-BUTANOL, 1,4-DIOXANE, 2- METHOXYETHANOL AND 2-PROPEN-1-OL (SPE-GC/MS)	EPA 541	1/12/2018 12:55:04 PM
ALKALINITY	SM 2320B (2011)	7/23/1996 12:00:00 AM
ALUMINUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	5/26/1994 12:00:00 AM
ALUMINUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
ANTIMONY	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
ARSENIC	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
BARIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
BARIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
BERYLLIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	4/16/1998 12:00:00 AM
BERYLLIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
BROMIDE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	4/21/2003 12:00:00 AM
CADMIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	4/16/1998 12:00:00 AM
CADMIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
CALCIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	6/18/1993 12:00:00 AM
CARBAMATES BY HPLC/POST COLUMN	EPA 531.2 (1.0)	12/28/2010 12:00:00 AM
CARBAMATES BY HPLC/POST COLUMN - ADDITIONAL	EPA 531.2 (1.0)	12/28/2010 12:00:00 AM
CARBON, TOTAL ORGANIC	SM 5310C (2011)	4/12/2007 12:00:00 AM
CHLORATE	EPA 300.1 (1.0)	1/28/2013 12:00:00 AM
CHLORIDE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	3/9/1992 12:00:00 AM
CHLORITE	EPA 300.1 (1.0)	12/26/2007 12:00:00 AM
CHROMIUM TOTAL	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	4/16/1998 12:00:00 AM
CHROMIUM TOTAL	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
CHROMIUM, HEXAVALENT BY IC	EPA 218.7 (1.0)	1/28/2013 12:00:00 AM
COLIFORMS, TOTAL AND E.COLI, BY COLILERT (ONPG-MUG)	SM 9223B (2004) AND IDEXX	3/30/2001 12:00:00 AM
COPPER	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
COPPER	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
CORROSIVITY	SM 2330B (2010)	3/9/1992 12:00:00 AM

#### SDW

Parameter	EPA Method	Certified On
CYANIDE	EPA 335.4 (1.0)	7/12/2010 12:00:00 AM
CYLINDROSPERMOPSIN AND ANATOXIN-A (LC/ESI-MS/MS)	EPA 545	1/12/2018 12:55:05 PM
FLUORIDE	SM 4500-F C (2011)	7/23/1996 12:00:00 AM
FLUORIDE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	4/28/2009 12:00:00 AM
GERMANIUM (ICP/MS)	EPA 200.8 (REV 5.4)	1/12/2018 12:56:48 PM
GIARDIA AND CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	EPA 1623	12/18/2014 12:00:00 AM
GLYPHOSATE	EPA 547 (7/90)	11/13/2000 12:00:00 AM
HALOACETIC ACIDS & DALAPON	EPA 552.3 (1.0)	9/12/2017 9:10:21 AM
HARDNESS	SM 2340 B (2011), CA AND MG	7/23/1996 12:00:00 AM
HETEROTROPHIC PLATE COUNT	SIMPLATE	6/16/2005 12:00:00 AM
IRON	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
LEAD	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
MAGNESIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
MANGANESE	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
MANGANESE	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
MERCURY	EPA 245.1 (3.0)	4/16/1998 12:00:00 AM
MICROCYSTINS AND NODULARIN (SPE AND LC/MS/MS)	EPA 544	1/12/2018 12:55:05 PM
MOLYBDENUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	4/24/2013 12:00:00 AM
NICKEL	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	5/15/2000 12:00:00 AM
NICKEL	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	1/12/2000 12:00:00 AM
NITRATE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	3/9/1992 12:00:00 AM
NITRITE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	4/19/1995 12:00:00 AM
ORGANICS BY GC/MS	EPA 525.2 (2.0)	10/29/2007 12:00:00 AM
ORTHOPHOSPHATE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	4/16/1998 12:00:00 AM
RESIDUE, FILTERABLE (TDS)	SM 2540 C (2011)	7/23/1996 12:00:00 AM
SELENIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
SILICA	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	4/25/2001 12:00:00 AM
SILVER	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	4/16/1998 12:00:00 AM
SILVER	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
SODIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	9/27/2001 12:00:00 AM

SDW

Parameter	EPA Method	Certified On
STRONTIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	4/25/2001 12:00:00 AM
SULFATE	EPA 300.0(2.1)	3/9/1992 12:00:00 AM
THALLIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
TOTAL MICROCYSTINS AND NODULARINS (AELIA)	EPA 546	1/12/2018 12:55:06 PM
VANADIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	4/24/2013 12:00:00 AM
VOCS BY GC/MS	EPA 524.2 (4.1)	1/15/2003 12:00:00 AM
VOCS BY GC/MS-ADDITIONAL	EPA 524.2 (4.1)	12/5/2006 12:00:00 AM
ZINC	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
ZINC	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
		Total Count: 66

SW		
Parameter	EPA Method	Certified On
ALUMINIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:12:55 PM
ANTIMONY	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
ARSENIC	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
ARSENIC	6010D	10/21/2016 2:12:56 PM
BARIUM	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
BARIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:12:57 PM
BERYLLIUM	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
BERYLLIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:12:57 PM
CADMIUM	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
CADMIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:12:58 PM
CALCIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:12:59 PM
CHROMIUM, TOTAL	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
CHROMIUM, TOTAL	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:00 PM
COBALT	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
COPPER	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
COPPER	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:00 PM
IRON	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:01 PM
LEAD	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
LEAD	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:02 PM

SW

Parameter	EPA Method	Certified On
MANGANESE	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:03 PM
MERCURY	EPA 7473	4/25/2018 4:52:28 PM
MOLYBDENUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:04 PM
NICKEL	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
NICKEL	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:04 PM
SEDIMENTS, SLUDGES AND SOILS	EPA 3050B	4/20/2001 12:00:00 AM
SELENIUM	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
SELENIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:05 PM
SILVER	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:06 PM
SODIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:06 PM
THALLIUM	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
THALLIUM	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:07 PM
VANADIUM	EPA 6020A	8/11/2011 12:00:00 AM
VOCs by GC/MS, INCLUDING N-HEXANE	EPA 8260B	11/1/2011 12:00:00 AM
ZINC	6010D	10/21/2016 2:13:08 PM
		Total Count: 34

WW

Parameter	EPA Method	Certified On
ESCHERICHIA COLI BY COLILERT MPN, IN CONJUNCTION WITH SM 9221B AND 9221C	SM 9223B (2004)	2/11/2002 12:00:00 AM
ALKALINITY, TOTAL	SM 2320B (2011)	7/23/2006 12:00:00 AM
ALUMINUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	5/17/1994 12:00:00 AM
AMMONIA	EPA 350.1 (2.0)	10/22/2018 4:15:33 PM
ANTIMONY	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
ANTIMONY	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	1/9/2004 12:00:00 AM
ARSENIC	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
BARIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
BARIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
BASE/NEUTRALS AND ACIDS BY GC/MS (12/2016)	625.1	11/18/2019 2:33:25 PM
BERYLLIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
BERYLLIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM

#### ww

VV VV		
Parameter	EPA Method	Certified On
BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND/CARBONACEOUS BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND	SM 5210B (2011)	2/10/2017 9:00:54 AM
BORON	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
BROMIDE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	4/17/1995 12:00:00 AM
CADMIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
CADMIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
CALCIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
CARBON, TOTAL ORGANIC (TOC)	SM 5310 C (2011)	4/12/2007 12:00:00 AM
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND	HACH 8000	7/23/1996 12:00:00 AM
CHLORIDE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	3/9/1992 12:00:00 AM
CHROMIUM TOTAL	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
CHROMIUM TOTAL	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
COBALT	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
COBALT	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	1/9/2004 12:00:00 AM
COLIFORMS, FECAL, BY MTF (MAY BE USED FOR SEWAGE SLUDGE), NUMBER PER 100 ML BY MPN	SM 9221C, E (2006)	8/8/2003 12:00:00 AM
COPPER	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
COPPER	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
CYANIDE, TOTAL	EPA 335.4 (1.0)	7/12/2010 12:00:00 AM
FECAL COLIFORMS BY COLILERT 18 (APP AND REUSE ONLY)	SM 9020B (2005)/9223B (2004)	4/13/2017 4:15:37 PM
FLUORIDE	SM 4500-F C (2011)	7/23/1996 12:00:00 AM
FLUORIDE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	4/28/2009 12:00:00 AM
HARDNESS	SM 2340B (2011)	4/17/2095 12:00:00 AM
IRON	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
KJELDAHL, TOTAL NITROGEN	EPA 351.2 (2.0)	5/31/2018 2:10:43 PM
LEAD	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
LEAD	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
MAGNESIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
MANGANESE	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
MANGANESE	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
MERCURY	EPA 245.1 (3.0)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM

WW

WW Parameter	EPA Method	Certified On
MERCURY	EPA 1631E	3/6/2003 12:00:00 AM
MOLYBDENUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
MOLYBDENUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	1/12/2000 12:00:00 AM
NICKEL	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
NICKEL	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	1/12/2000 12:00:00 AM
NITRATE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	3/9/1992 12:00:00 AM
NITRITE (AS N)	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	7/8/1993 12:00:00 AM
ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES AND PCBs BY GC/HSD (12/2016)	608.3	2/3/2020 8:34:03 AM
ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDES	EPA 1657	7/12/2010 12:00:00 AM
ORTHOPHOSPHATE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	4/23/1997 12:00:00 AM
POTASSIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	12/18/1998 12:00:00 AM
PURGABLE BY GC/MS (12/2016)	EPA 624.1	11/18/2019 2:33:24 PM
RESIDUE NONFILTERABLE (TSS)	SM 2540D (2011)	1/3/2006 12:00:00 AM
RESIDUE, FILTERABLE	SM 2540C (2011)	2/28/2003 12:00:00 AM
SELENIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
SILICA, DISSOLVED	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	4/25/2001 12:00:00 AM
SILVER	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
SILVER	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
SODIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM
SULFATE	EPA 300.0 (2.1)	3/9/1992 12:00:00 AM
SULFIDE	SM 4500-S2- D (2011)	10/16/1995 12:00:00 AM
THALLIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
TIN	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	1/9/2004 12:00:00 AM
TITANIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/5/2008 12:00:00 AM
TOTAL, FIXED AND VOLATILE SOLIDS IN SLUDGE	SM 2540G (2011)	3/10/2005 12:00:00 AM
URANIUM	EPA 200.8	11/3/2014 12:00:00 AM
VANADIUM	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
VANADIUM	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	2/25/2005 12:00:00 AM
VOLATILE ORGANICS FOR PHARMACUTICALS	EPA 524.2 (4.1)	12/28/2006 12:00:00 AM
ZINC	EPA 200.7 (4.4)	3/6/1992 12:00:00 AM

#### WW

Parameter	EPA Method	Certified On
ZINC	EPA 200.8 (5.4)	10/12/1999 12:00:00 AM
		Total Count: 72

#### Instrument

Instrument	Instrument Code	Quantity	Certified On
MERCURY ANALYZER	MA	1	3/9/2020 3:20:59 PM
AUTOMATED AUTOANALYZER	AUTOANALYZER	4	4/25/2012 12:00:00 AM
MERCURY ANALYZER	MA	2	4/5/2006 12:00:00 AM
INDUCTIVELY COUPLED PLASMA SPECTROMETER	ICP	1	3/17/2092 12:00:00 AM
ION CHROMATOGRAPH	IC	4	4/25/2012 12:00:00 AM
HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPH	HPLC	2	4/25/2012 12:00:00 AM
INDUCTIVELY COUPLED PLASMA/MASS SPECTROMETER	ICP/MS	2	4/16/1999 12:00:00 AM
GAS CHROMATOGRAPH	GC	5	4/25/2012 12:00:00 AM
GAS CHROMATOGRAPH/MASS SPECTROMETER	GC/MS	8	4/4/2017 1:51:19 PM
HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPH/MASS SPEC	HPLC/MS	1	4/4/2018 12:39:52 PM
AUTOMATED AUTOANALYZER	AUTOANALYZER	1	3/22/2019 1:37:29 PM
			Total Count: 11

#### Software

Software Code	Certified On
OTHER - AUTOMATED AUTOANALYZER	4/25/2012 12:00:00 AM
BROOKS RAND MERK - MA	3/27/2014 12:00:00 AM
HP CHEMSTATION-HPLC	9/18/2001 12:00:00 AM
PERKIN ELMER - ICP	4/21/2003 12:00:00 AM
ENVIROQUANT - GC	4/21/2003 12:00:00 AM
AGILENT MASS HUNTER - ICP/MS	4/19/2004 12:00:00 AM
PERKIN ELMER - MA	4/19/2004 12:00:00 AM
CHROMELEON - IC	4/5/2006 12:00:00 AM
ENVIROQUANT/CHEMSTATION - GC	4/7/2008 12:00:00 AM
CHROMELEON - IC	4/26/2012 12:00:00 AM
ENVIROQUANT/CHEMSTATION - GC/MS	4/13/2017 4:15:38 PM

Software	
Software Code	Certified On
Waters - Mass Lynx	4/25/2018 4:52:28 PM
OMNION (LACHAT) - AUTO ANALYZER	4/9/2019 1:57:54 PM
Milestone for Hg	5/6/2020 11:55:33 AM
	Total Count: 14

Laboratory Report Examples



31 August 2012

Valued Client

Phoenix, Arizona 85009

**RE: General Pricing** Laboratory Work Order No.: 2081408

is pleased to provide the enclosed analytical results for the aforementioned project. These results relate only to the items tested. This cover letter and the accompanying pages represent the full report for these analyses and should only be reproduced in full. Samples for this project were received by the laboratory on 08/16/12 15:36.

The samples were processed in accordance with the Chain of Custody document and the results presented relate only to the samples tested. The Chain of Custody is considered part of this report.

All samples will be retained by for 30 days from the date of this report and then discarded unless other arrangements are made.

This entire report was reviewed and approved for release by the undersigned. If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Client Services Representative (602) 324-6100

This laboratory report is confidential and is intended for the sole use of the sole and it's client.

Page 1 of 11

Valued Client

#### Phoenix, Arizona 85009

#### Project: General Pricing Project Number: ESD Test 01 8/16/12 Project Manager:

Reported: 08/31/12 16:57

#### ANALYTICAL REPORT FOR SAMPLES

Sample ID	Laboratory ID	Matrix	Туре	Date Sampled	Date Received
WW (Discharge)	2081408-01	Wastewater	Composite	08/16/12 15:00	08/16/12 15:36
WW (Discharge)	2081408-02	Wastewater	Grab	08/16/12 14:30	08/16/12 15:36

#### Sample Condition Upon Receipt:

#### Temperature: 22.00 C

All samples were received in acceptable condition unless noted otherwise in the

#### case

**Case Narrative:** 

 Holding Times:
 All holding times were met unless otherwise qualified.

 QA/QC Criteria:
 All analyses met method requirements unless otherwise qualified.

 Certifications:
 AZ(PHX)0004, AZ(TUC)OOO4, AIHA#102982, CDC ELITE Member.

 Accreditation is applicable only to the test methods specified on each scope of accreditation held by LEGEND.

 Comments:
 There were no problems encountered during the processing of the samples, unless otherwise noted.

 All samples were analyzed on a "wet" basis unless designated as "dry weight".

Due to a laboratory oversight when assisting the client with completing the chain of custody on 8/16/12, Mercury was not analyzed. During final report review, the error was discovered and Mercury was analyzed. LP

#### Project: General Pricing Project Number: ESD Test 01 8/16/12

Phoenix, Arizona 85009

#### WW (Discharge) (2081408-01) Wastewater (Composite) Sampled: 08/16/12 15:00 Received: 08/16/12 15:36

Project Manager:

Analyte	Result	PQL	Units	Dilut	ion Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
Total Metals									
Arsenic	0.003	0.001	mg/L	1	B2H0572	08/20/12 16:23	08/22/12 19:01	EPA 200.8	
Cadmium	<0.0001	0.0001	mg/L	1	B2H0572	08/20/12 16:23	08/22/12 19:01	EPA 200.8	
Copper	0.07	0.01	mg/L	1	B2H0571	08/20/12 16:19	08/21/12 17:31	EPA 200.7	
Lead	0.001	0.001	mg/L	1	B2H0572	08/20/12 16:23	08/22/12 19:01	EPA 200.8	
Mercury	<0.0002	0.0002	mg/L	1	B2H0854	08/29/12 09:40	08/29/12 16:01	EPA 245.1	
Molybdenum	<0.02	0.02	mg/L	1	B2H0571	08/20/12 16:19	08/21/12 17:31	EPA 200.7	
Selenium	<0.002	0.002	mg/L	1	B2H0572	08/20/12 16:23	08/22/12 19:01	EPA 200.8	
Silver	0.0002	0.0002	mg/L	1	B2H0572	08/20/12 16:23	08/24/12 16:25	EPA 200.8	
Zinc	0.10	0.02	mg/L	1	B2H0571	08/20/12 16:19	08/21/12 17:31	EPA 200.7	
Inorganic Chemistry									
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	116	2	mg/L	1	B2H0511	08/17/12 10:00	08/17/12 10:00	SM 5210B	
Chemical Oxygen Demand	388	20	mg/L	1	B2H0689	08/22/12 12:15	08/22/12 12:15	EPA 410.4	
Total Suspended Solids	23	1	mg/L	1	B2H0546	08/20/12 07:00	08/20/12 07:00	SM 2540 D	

Analyte	Result	PQL	Units	Dilution Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
Inorganic Chemistry								
Cyanide, Total	<0.010	0.010	mg/L	1 B2H0594	08/21/12 09:00	08/21/12 11:00	SM 4500 CN E	

Reported: 08/31/12 16:57

#### Project: General Pricing Project Number: ESD Test 01 8/16/12 Project Manager:

Reported: 08/31/12 16:57

#### **Total Metals - Quality Control**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Note
Batch B2H0571 - EPA 200.7										
Blank (B2H0571-BLK1)				Prepared:	08/20/12 Ai	nalyzed: 08	/21/12			
Copper	<0.01	0.01	mg/L							
Molybdenum	<0.02	0.02	mg/L							
Zinc	<0.02	0.02	mg/L							
LCS (B2H0571-BS1)				Prepared:	08/20/12 Ai	nalyzed: 08	/21/12			
Copper	0.96	0.01	mg/L	1.00		96	85-115			
Molybdenum	0.19	0.02	mg/L	0.200		97	85-115			
Zinc	0.95	0.02	mg/L	1.00		95	85-115			
Matrix Spike (B2H0571-MS1)	Sour	ce: 2081403	6-01	Prepared:	08/20/12 Ai	nalyzed: 08	/21/12			
Copper	1.00	0.01	mg/L	1.00	0.02	98	70-130			
Molybdenum	0.20	0.02	mg/L	0.200	<0.02	99	70-130			
Zinc	0.99	0.02	mg/L	1.00	0.04	95	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0571-MSD1)	Sour	ce: 2081403	6-01	Prepared:	08/20/12 Ai	nalyzed: 08	/21/12			
Copper	1.00	0.01	mg/L	1.00	0.02	98	70-130	0.1	20	
	0.20	0.02	mg/L	0.200	<0.02	99	70-130	0.2	20	
Molybdenum					0.04					

Prepared: 08/20/12 Analyzed: 08/22/12

#### Blank (B2H0572-BLK1) < 0.001 0.001 Arsenic mg/L <0.0001 0.0001 mg/L Cadmium < 0.001 0.001 Lead mg/L < 0.002 Selenium 0.002 mg/L < 0.0002 0.0002 Silver mg/L

#### Project: General Pricing Project Number: ESD Test 01 8/16/12 Project Manager:

Reported: 08/31/12 16:57

#### **Total Metals - Quality Control**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch B2H0572 - EPA 200.8										
LCS (B2H0572-BS1)				Prepared:	08/20/12 A	nalyzed: 08	/22/12			
Arsenic	0.024	0.001	mg/L	0.0250		97	85-115			
Cadmium	0.0239	0.0001	mg/L	0.0250		95	85-115			
Lead	0.022	0.001	mg/L	0.0250		90	85-115			
Selenium	0.024	0.002	mg/L	0.0250		97	85-115			
Silver	0.0272	0.0002	mg/L	0.0250		109	85-115			
Matrix Spike (B2H0572-MS1)	So	urce: 2081403	8-01	Prepared:	08/20/12 A	nalyzed: 08	/22/12			
Arsenic	0.042	0.001	mg/L	0.0250	0.017	100	70-130			
Cadmium	0.0246	0.0001	mg/L	0.0250	0.0006	96	70-130			
Lead	0.029	0.001	mg/L	0.0250	0.007	89	70-130			
Selenium	0.024	0.002	mg/L	0.0250	0.0009	93	70-130			
Silver	0.0252	0.0002	mg/L	0.0250	0.00005	101	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0572-MSD1)	So	urce: 2081403	8-01	Prepared:	08/20/12 A	nalyzed: 08	/22/12			
Arsenic	0.042	0.001	mg/L	0.0250	0.017	101	70-130	0.7	20	
Cadmium	0.0244	0.0001	mg/L	0.0250	0.0006	95	70-130	0.9	20	
Lead	0.029	0.001	mg/L	0.0250	0.007	90	70-130	0.9	20	
Selenium	0.024	0.002	mg/L	0.0250	0.0009	91	70-130	1	20	
Silver	0.0249	0.0002	mg/L	0.0250	0.00005	99	70-130	1	20	

Blank (B2H0854-BLK1)				Prepared & Anal	yzed: 08/29/12		
Mercury	<0.0002	0.0002	mg/L				
LCS (B2H0854-BS1)				Prepared & Anal	yzed: 08/29/12		
Mercury	0.0010	0.0002	mg/L	0.00100	99	85-115	

#### Project: General Pricing Project Number: ESD Test 01 8/16/12 Project Manager:

Reported: 08/31/12 16:57

#### **Total Metals - Quality Control**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch B2H0854 - EPA 245.1/245.2 Prep										
Matrix Spike (B2H0854-MS1)	Sou	urce: 2082159	0-01	Prepared &	Analyzed:	08/29/12				
Mercury	0.0010	0.0002	mg/L	0.00100	<0.0002	102	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0854-MSD1)	Source: 2082159-01 P			Prepared &	Analyzed:	08/29/12				
Mercury	0.0010	0.0002	mg/L	0.00100	.0.0000	100	70-130	2	20	

Valued Client

Phoenix, Arizona 85009

#### Project: General Pricing Project Number: ESD Test 01 8/16/12 Project Manager:

Reported: 08/31/12 16:57

#### Inorganic Chemistry - Quality Control

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch B2H0511 - NO PREP										
Blank (B2H0511-BLK1)				Prepared &	Analyzed:	08/17/12				
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	<2	2	mg/L							
LCS (B2H0511-BS1)				Prepared &	Analyzed:	08/17/12				
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	202	2	mg/L	198		102	85-115			
Batch B2H0546 - NO PREP										
Blank (B2H0546-BLK1)				Prepared &	Analyzed:	08/20/12				
Total Suspended Solids	<1	1	mg/L							
Duplicate (B2H0546-DUP1)	Sour	ce: 2081334	l-01	Prepared &	Analyzed:	08/20/12				
Total Suspended Solids	<1	1	mg/L		0				5	
Duplicate (B2H0546-DUP2)	Sour	ce: 2081420	-01	Prepared &	Analyzed:	08/20/12				
Total Suspended Solids	<1	1	mg/L		0				5	
Batch B2H0594 - NO PREP										
Blank (B2H0594-BLK1)				Prepared &	Analyzed:	08/21/12				
Cyanide, Total	<0.010	0.010	mg/L							
Blank (B2H0594-BLK2)				Prepared &	Analyzed:	08/21/12				
Cyanide, Total	<0.010	0.010	mg/L							
LCS (B2H0594-BS1)				Prepared &	Analyzed:	08/21/12				
Cyanide, Total	0.050	0.010	mg/L	0.0500		100	80-120			

Valued Client

Phoenix, Arizona 85009

#### Project: General Pricing Project Number: ESD Test 01 8/16/12 Project Manager:

Reported: 08/31/12 16:57

#### Inorganic Chemistry - Quality Control

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch B2H0594 - NO PREP										
LCS Dup (B2H0594-BSD1)				Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/21/12				
Cyanide, Total	0.051	0.010	mg/L	0.0500		102	80-120	2	25	
Matrix Spike (B2H0594-MS1)	Sour	ce: 2081169	-03	Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/21/12				
Cyanide, Total	0.048	0.010	mg/L	0.0500	<0.010	96	80-120			
Matrix Spike (B2H0594-MS2)	Sour	ce: 2081387	' <b>-01</b>	Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/21/12				
Cyanide, Total	0.048	0.010	mg/L	0.0500	<0.010	96	80-120			
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0594-MSD1)	Sour	ce: 2081169	-03	Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/21/12				
Cyanide, Total	0.049	0.010	mg/L	0.0500	<0.010	98	80-120	2	25	
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0594-MSD2)	Sour	ce: 2081387	'- <b>0</b> 1	Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/21/12				
Cyanide, Total	0.048	0.010	mg/L	0.0500	<0.010	96	80-120	0	25	
Batch B2H0689 - NO PREP										
Blank (B2H0689-BLK1)				Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/22/12				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	<20	20	mg/L							
LCS (B2H0689-BS1)				Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/22/12				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	198	20	mg/L	200		99	90-110			
LCS Dup (B2H0689-BSD1)				Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/22/12				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	197	20	mg/L	200		98	90-110	0.7	20	
Matrix Spike (B2H0689-MS1)	Sour	ce: 2081333	-01	Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/22/12				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	215	20	mg/L	200	26	94	90-110			

#### Project: General Pricing Project Number: ESD Test 01 8/16/12 Project Manager:

Reported: 08/31/12 16:57

#### **Inorganic Chemistry - Quality Control**

	I	Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch B2H0689 - NO PREP										
Matrix Spike (B2H0689-MS2)	Source	e: 2081333	-02	Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/22/12				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	213	20	mg/L	200	18	98	90-110			
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0689-MSD1)	Source	e: 2081333	-01	Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/22/12				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	213	20	mg/L	200	26	93	90-110	0.7	20	
Matrix Spike Dup (B2H0689-MSD2)	Source	e: 2081333	-02	Prepared	& Analyzed:	08/22/12				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	208	20	mg/L	200	18	95	90-110	3	20	

#### Notes and Definitions

BLK Method Blank

LCS/Dup Laboratory Control Sample/Laboratory Fortified Blank/Duplicate

- MS/Dup Matrix Spike/Duplicate
- Dry Sample results reported on a dry weight basis
- RPD Relative Percent Difference

#### Project: General Pricing Project Number: ESD Test 01 8/16/12 Project Manager:

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ease Print Clearly														)518			Page		+- of	<u>'</u>			
LIENT INFORMATION Client Name		Address			Cit	ly	<u> </u>		20	Sta	te	Zip	<u>88</u>	Phor	e	8-29) (***)		F	ax Num	nber or l	Email A	ddress	
			•		P	ĥo	en	ix			Z 8		٩										
ESD Test		Project I	tumber	Co	ntact						P.O. I	<u>»</u> //	4			ilts 🗩		the			_	D []	ĊĊ
SAMPLE TYPE CODES		<b>.</b> 16. (17. (5)	TURN AROUND TIME			<u> </u>			1980		1							SES	Spec	ial Dete	ection L	mits 🔲	
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Water T=Travel Blank WW=Wastewater F=Food			Required for Rush					ers e Onlyi)		*		' /			/ /	/	/ /	/ /		1			
SW=Surface Water G=Sludge/Biosolids G=Groundwater		Standard 1	0 - 15 Day			be (	ø	No. of Containers pH × (Lab Use C		15	· / _		4anio	1	/	/ /	' /		/ /		' /		
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Client's	Date	Time	Sample Location	Composite	Grab	Sample Type	Compliance	0.0 K	A	'n	<u>/0/</u>	Ø;	Ť		'/	1		' /	/	11		LAB NO.	
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# Lic. No. AZ

# RESULTS

Client ID: April Monthly ACT Lab No.: BX03156			Sample Type: WW Sample Time: 04/08	and the second se	
	Analys	is Date			
Parameter	Start	End	Method No.	Result	Unit
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	04/08/15	04/13/15	SM5210 B	1140.	mg/L
Chemical Oxygen Demand	04/13/15	04/13/15	SM 5220 D	1700 *	mg/L
Copper, Total	04/13/15	04/13/15	200.8	0.11	mg/L
Lead, Total	04/13/15	04/13/15	200.8	0.0074	mg/L
Molybdenum, Total	04/13/15	04/13/15	200.8	0.012	mg/L
Semi-volatile Organics	03/10/15	03/14/15	EPA 625	See Attached *	ug/L
Total Suspended Solids	04/15/15	04/20/15	SM2540 D	208.	mg/L

* Analysis performed by (AZ

# Laboratory C

# QC Report

QC Parameter	Sample Result	Method Blank Result	QCS % Rec	Duplicate Result	Duplicate RPD	Spike Result	Spike % Rec
Batch ID: BOD-69658 QC	D: BX03138	Samples: BX031	156				
Biochemical Oxygen Deman	l <4. *		105.	<4.	0.0		
Batch ID: ICP-69631 QC	D: BX03036	Samples: BX031	156				
Antimony Barium Beryllium Boron Cadmium Calcium Chromium Copper Iron Lead Magnesium Manganese Molybdenum Nickel Potassium Selenium Silver Sodium		<0.0010 <0.0010 <0.0050 <0.0010 <0.5 <0.0050 <0.0050 <0.010 <0.0010 <0.5 <0.0010 <0.0010 <0.0010 <0.0010 <0.5 <0.0020 <0.0010 <0.5	101. 100. 101. 106. 95.0 94.8 93.4 95.4 100. 95.4 93.5 92.8 90.0 109. 108. 99.4 101. 103.	<0.0010 0.085 <0.0010 0.18 <0.0010 40.6 <0.0050 0.011 0.35 <0.0010 24.0 0.0016 0.0050 0.0062 5.7 <0.0020 <0.0010 130.	0.247 8.70 3.92 1.60 1.77	0.2470 0.3730 0.2520 0.4450 0.2710 70.25 0.2610 0.2560 0.4300 0.2750 24.0 0.2710 0.2740 0.2740 0.2740 0.2620 8.319 0.2660 0.2560 115.	98.8 115. 101. 106. 108. 100. 104. 97.6 102. 102. 102. 102. 108. 102. 108. 102. 106. 102. 100.
Thallium Zinc		<0.0010 <0.010	92.4 106.	<0.0010 0.041	2.41	0.2790 0.3010	112. 104.
Batch ID: TSS-69728 QC	D: BX03300	Samples: BX031	156				
Total Suspended Solids	344.			368.	6.74		

# CHAIN O CUSTODY PWS ID #_

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PA	٩G	E	1	U	Γ.

Client Name:							(	Che	emi	stry	1					E	Biol	ogy	1		E	Bion	nor	٦	PC	D#_	7			
Address:	Ae.	850	34		TS LI SETT LI TVS LI VSS	u MBAS 🗆 CN 🗆 Sulfide	v Source		litrite.			25 🗆 8270	X	o 🗆 Asbestos	U Colilert D MPN	9.5	U MF		OG							ojec emai				
Contact:		e g		(See Below)	TSS	D O+G D TPHC D ME	BOD COD UNW	🗆 Tot.P 🗆 O-PO4	🗆 Nitrate + Nitrite 🗆 Nitrite	🗅 TKN 🗆 Ammonia	SAAH 🗆 s'MHT 🗆	Phenol 🗆 420.1 💐 625 🗆	🗆 8260 🗆 624 🗆 BTEX	Perchlorate 🗆 Radio 🗆 Asbestos	Total Coliform D/A	Coli 🗆 Fecal Strep	Fecal Coliform 🗆 MPN 🗆 MF	C MICRO SCOPE ID	Plate Count 🗆 BIOLOG		□ Acute □ Chronic	r (SWRO)					lo. c itair	ers		poratory
SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE Date	SAMPLE Time	SAMPLE	Metals (Se	A sor D	0+0	A BOD	🗆 Tot.P	🗆 Nitrat	D TKN C	WHIT C	D Pheno	<b>B</b> 260	<ul> <li>Perch</li> </ul>	Total Co	LE. Co	Fecal Co	D MICR	Dlate		□ Acute			interne Linto Linto Linto	Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃	H ₂ SO4	NONF	NaOH		umber
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responsible parties on the form and failure to do so does not constitute justification for non-payment.

# Laboratory D

# Definitions/Glossary

3

#### Qualifiers

# GC/MS VOA

GC/MS VO		
Qualifier	Qualifier Description	
E4	Concentration estimated. Analyte was detected below laboratory minimum reporting level (MRL) but above MDL.	5
T2	Cited ADHS licensed method does not contain this analyte as part of the method compound list.	C
E8	Analyte reported to MDL per project specification. Target analyte was not detected in the sample.	
D1	Sample required dilution due to matrix.	
GC/MS Ser	mi VOA	
Qualifier	Qualifier Description	
E8	Analyte reported to MDL per project specification. Target analyte was not detected in the sample.	8
L4	The associated blank spike recovery was below method acceptance limits.	
R6	LFB/LFBD RPD exceeded method control limit. Recovery met acceptance criteria.	9
GC Semi V	/OA	
Qualifier	Qualifier Description	
D1	Sample required dilution due to matrix.	
E8	Analyte reported to MDL per project specification. Target analyte was not detected in the sample.	
C8	Sample RPD between the primary and confirmatory analysis exceeded 40% Per EPA Method 8000C, the lower value was reported as	
	there was no evidence of chromatographic problems.	
N1	See case narrative.	
Metals		13
Qualifier	Qualifier Description	
E8	Analyte reported to MDL per project specification. Target analyte was not detected in the sample.	14
E4	Concentration estimated. Analyte was detected below laboratory minimum reporting level (MRL) but above MDL.	
General Cl	hemistry	
Qualifier	Qualifier Description	
H5	This test is specified to be performed in the field within 15 minutes of sampling; sample was received and analyzed past the regulatory	•

H5	This test is specified to be performed in the field within 15 minutes of sampling; sample was received and analyzed past the regulatory
5.0	holding time.
D2	Sample required dilution due to high concentration of analyte.
D1	Sample required dilution due to matrix.
D5	Minimum Reporting Limit (MRL) adjusted due to sample dilution; analyte was non-detect in the sample.
K1	The sample dilutions set-up for the BOD analysis did not meet the oxygen depletion criteria of at least 2 mg/L. Any reported result is an
	estimated value.
M2	Matrix spike recovery was low, the associated blank spike recovery was acceptable.
D1	Sample required dilution due to matrix.
D5	Minimum Reporting Limit (MRL) adjusted due to sample dilution; analyte was non-detect in the sample.
E4	Concentration estimated. Analyte was detected below laboratory minimum reporting level (MRL) but above MDL.
E8	Analyte reported to MDL per project specification. Target analyte was not detected in the sample.

# Glossary

Abbreviation	These commonly used abbreviations may or may not be present in this report.
¤	Listed under the "D" column to designate that the result is reported on a dry weight basis
%R	Percent Recovery
CFL	Contains Free Liquid
CNF	Contains no Free Liquid
DER	Duplicate error ratio (normalized absolute difference)
Dil Fac	Dilution Factor
DL, RA, RE, IN	Indicates a Dilution, Re-analysis, Re-extraction, or additional Initial metals/anion analysis of the sample
DLC	Decision level concentration
MDA	Minimum detectable activity
EDL	Estimated Detection Limit
MDC	Minimum detectable concentration
MDL	Method Detection Limit

# Definitions/Glossary

Client: Project/Site: Baseline Monitoring

# **Glossary (Continued)**

Abbreviation	These commonly used abbreviations may or may not be present in this report.
ML	Minimum Level (Dioxin)
NC	Not Calculated
ND	Not detected at the reporting limit (or MDL or EDL if shown)
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
QC	Quality Control
RER	Relative error ratio
RL	Reporting Limit or Requested Limit (Radiochemistry)
RPD	Relative Percent Difference, a measure of the relative difference between two points
TEF	Toxicity Equivalent Factor (Dioxin)
TEQ	Toxicity Equivalent Quotient (Dioxin)

#### Job ID: 550-43961-2

#### Laboratory:

Narrative

Job Narrative 550-43961-2

#### Comments

Revised report includes the addition of priority pollutant metals and results reported to the MDL per the client request on 5 August 2015.

#### Receipt

The samples were received on 4/29/2015 2:45 PM; the samples arrived in good condition, properly preserved and, where required, on ice. The temperatures of the 2 coolers at receipt time were 2.0° C and 3.7° C.

#### **Receipt Exceptions**

A trip blank was submitted for analysis with these samples; however, it was not listed on the Chain of Custody (COC). Contacted client per e-mail and confirmed to proceed with analysis on trip blank. Received e-mail 04/30/15. JfS 05/01/15.

#### GC/MS VOA

Method(s) 624, 8260B: The following sample was diluted due to the abundance of non-target analytes: B213 (550-43961-1). Elevated reporting limits (RLs) are provided.

No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

#### GC/MS Semi VOA

Method(s) 625: Insufficient sample volume was available to perform a matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) associated with preparation batch 440-252617 and analytical batch 440-253127. The laboratory control sample (LCS) was performed in duplicate to provide precision data for this batch.

Method(s) 625: The laboratory control sample and laboratory control sample duplicate (LCS/LCSD) were out of range low for 2-Chloronaphthalene. The laboratory control sample duplicate (LCSD) was out of range low for 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine. Sample may be biased low for these compounds.

#### (LCS 440-252617/2-A)

Method(s) 625: The percent recovery of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, 2-Chloronaphthalene, 3-Nitroaniline, 4-Chloroaniline, 4-Nitroaniline, Aniline and N-Nitrosodiphenylamine in the laboratory control sample duplicate (LCSD) of preparation batch 252617 failed below the lower acceptance limit. The recovery of these compounds has historically been problematic with this preparation method, 3520C. Samples were re-extracted past holding time with similar results for the QC. Original extraction within holding time was reported. (LCSD 440-252617/3-A) Samples may be biased low for these compounds.

Method(s) 625: The %RPD of the laboratory control sample (LCS) and laboratory control standard duplicate (LCSD) for preparation batch 252617 recovered outside control limits for the following analytes: 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine, 3-Nitroaniline, 4-Chloroaniline, 4-Nitroaniline and Aniline.

No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

#### GC Semi VOA

Method(s) 608: The Heptachlor Epoxide was detected on column A in the sample 43961-1, but it cannot be confirmed on column B due to a peak which coelutes at the same RT on the alternate column. The RPD between the primary and confirmation column exceeded 40% for Heptachlor epoxide . The lower value has been reported , as matrix interference is evident on column B. The result has been flagged with C8 and N1 qualifier.

#### B213 (550-43961-1)

No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

# Job ID: 550-43961-2 (Continued)

## Laboratory (Continued)

#### Metals

Method(s) 200.7: The pH in sample B213 (550-43961-1) could not be verified due to matrix interference.

Method(s) 200.7: The following sample was diluted due to the nature of the sample matrix B213 (550-43961-1). Elevated reporting limits (RLs) are provided.

Method(s) 200.7 Rev 4.4: The initial calibration verification (ICV) result for batch 62492 was above the upper control limit for thallium. Sample results were non-detects, and have been reported as qualified data.

No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

#### **General Chemistry**

Method(s) SM 4500 CN C: The following sample was diluted due to the nature of the sample matrix B213 (550-43961-1). Elevated reporting limits (RLs) are provided. The analyte was not detected in the sample and data is qualified with D1 and D5 flags.

No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

#### **Organic Prep**

Method(s) 608: Due to the matrix (milky, viscous, cloudy), the initial volumes used for the following samples deviated from the standard procedure B213 (550-43961-1) and (550-43961-E-1 MS). The reporting limits (RLs) have been adjusted proportionately.

Method(s) 608: Due to the matrix (cloudy, milky, thick), the initial volume(s) used for the following sample(s) deviated from the standard procedure: 43961-1. The reporting limits (RLs) have been adjusted proportionately.

Method(s) 3510C, 608: Insufficient sample volume was available to perform a matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate/sample duplicate (MS/MSD/DUP) associated with batch 62523

Method(s) 625: The following sample was diluted due to the nature of the sample matrix B213 (550-43961-1). Elevated reporting limits (RLs) are provided.

Batch 252617 440-108363-7, 550-43961-1

No additional analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

#### VOA Prep

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described in the Definitions/Glossary page.

# Sample Summary

Job ID: 550-43961-1

Client: Project/Site: Baseline Monitoring

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Matrix	Collected Received
550-43961-1	B213	Water	04/29/15 12:00 04/29/15 14:45
550-43961-2	Trip Blank	Water	04/29/15 12:00 04/29/15 14:45

8/7/2015

Lab Sample ID: 550-43961-2

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6

Client: Project/Site: Baseline Monitoring

Client Sample ID:	B213			Lab Sample ID	: 550-43961-1	
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	Dil Fac D Method	Prep Type	
Methylene Chloride - DL	1000 D1 E4	5000	670 ug/L	1000 624	Total/NA	

Methanol	9.4		0.50		mg/L	1	8015B	Total/NA
Endosulfan, alpha	1.8	D1	1.3	0.21	ug/L	5	608	Total/NA
Heptachlor epoxide	1.8	C8 D1 N1	1.3	0.17	ug/L	5	608	Total/NA
Formaldehyde	1.1		0.50		mg/L	1	8315A	Total/NA
Beryllium	0.010		0.010	0.0020	mg/L	1	200.7 Rev 4.4	Total/NA
Nickel	0.051	E4	0.10	0.016	mg/L	1	200.7 Rev 4.4	Total/NA
Arsenic	0.083	E4	1.0	0.027	mg/L	1	200.7 Rev 4.4	Total/NA
Copper	6.3		0.10	0.017	mg/L	1	200.7 Rev 4.4	Total/NA
Zinc	11		0.50	0.033	mg/L	1	200.7 Rev 4.4	Total/NA
Chromium	0.039	E4	0.10	0.0050	mg/L	1	200.7 Rev 4.4	Total/NA
Total Suspended Solids	17000	D2	1000		mg/L	1	SM 2540D	Total/NA
Cyanide, Total	0.096	D1 D5 E4	0.50	0.035	mg/L	1	SM 4500 CN E	Total/NA
рН	8.56	H5	1.68		SU	1	SM 4500 H+ B	Total/NA
Temperature	17.7	H5	0.100		Degrees C	1	SM 4500 H+ B	Total/NA
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	<3.30	D1 D5 K1	800		mg/L	160	SM 5210B	Total/NA

## **Client Sample ID: Trip Blank**

No Detections.

This Detection Summary does not include radiochemical test results.

Matrix: Water

5

7

Lab Sample ID: 550-43961-1

Client:

Project/Site: Baseline Monitoring

#### Client Sample ID: Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00

Date Received: 04/29/15 14:45

Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	E8	2500	500	ug/L			05/01/15 17:17	50
Acrolein	ND	E8	25000	1300	ug/L			05/01/15 17:17	50
Acrylonitrile	ND	E8	25000	500	ug/L			05/01/15 17:17	500
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	104		80 - 128					05/01/15 17:17	500
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	95		76 - 132					05/01/15 17:17	500
Method: 624 - Volatile Orga	anic Compoun	ds (GC/MS	) - DL						
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	D1 E8	2000	150	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	D1 E8	2000	330	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	D1 E8	2000	310	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	D1 E8	2000	140	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
1,1-Dichlorethylene	ND	D1 E8	5000	230	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	D1 E8	2000	310	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	D1 E8	2000	230	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	100
Benzene	ND	D1 E8	2000	120	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	100
Dichlorobromomethane	ND	D1 E8	2000	230	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	100
Bromoform	ND	D1 E8	2000	370	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	100
Methyl bromide	ND	D1 E8	2000	670	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	100
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	D1 E8	2500	150	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	100
Chlorobenzene	ND	D1 E8	2000	170	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	100
Chloroethane	ND	D1 E8	5000	250	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	100
Chloroform	ND	D1 E8	2000	130	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	100
Methyl chloride	ND	D1 E8	5000	210	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	D1 E8 T2	2000	220	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Ethylbenzene	ND	D1 E8	2000	320	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Methylene Chloride	1000	D1 E4	5000	670	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Tetrachloroethylene	ND	D1 E8	2000		ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Toluene	ND	D1 E8	2000		ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene	ND	D1 E8	2000		ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	100
Trichloroethylene	ND	D1 E8	2000	240	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	D1 E8	5000	150	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Vinyl chloride	ND	D1 E8	2000	180	ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	D1 E8 T2	10000	1300	-			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Styrene	ND	D1 E8 T2	2000		ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Xylenes, Total	ND	D1 E8 T2	10000		ug/L			05/08/15 07:30	1000
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)			70 - 130				-	05/08/15 07:30	100
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	97		70 - 130					05/08/15 07:30	100
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	106		70 - 130					05/08/15 07:30	1000

Analyte	•	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine(as Azobenzene)	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4

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Lab Sample ID: 550-43961-1 Matrix: Water

#### Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Date Received: 04/29/15 14:45

**Client Sample ID:** 

Project/Site: Baseline Monitoring

Client:

Mothod: 625 - Somivolatilo Organic Compo	unde (CC/MS) (Continued)
Method: 625 - Semivolatile Organic Compo	unus (GC/NG) (Continueu)

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	E8	16000	8000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
2-Chlorophenol	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
2-Nitrophenol	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
p-Chloro-m-cresol	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
4-Nitrophenol	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Acenaphthene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Acenaphthylene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Anthracene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Benzo[a]anthracene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Benzidine	ND	E8	16000	8000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Benzo[a]pyrene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Chrysene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Diethyl phthalate	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Dimethyl phthalate	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Di-n-butyl phthalate	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Fluoranthene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Fluorene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Hexachlorobenzene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Hexachloroethane	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	ND	E8	8000	4000	-			05/07/15 20:08	4
Isophorone	ND	E8	4000	2000	-		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Naphthalene	ND		4000	2000	-		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
Nitrobenzene	ND	E8	8000	4000			05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	E8	8000	1000	-		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	4
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND		4000	2000	-			05/07/15 20:08	4

Client Project/Site: Baseline Monitoring

#### Client Sample ID: Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Date Received: 04/29/15 14:45

#### Lab Sample ID: 550-43961-1 Matrix: Water

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Pentachlorophenol	ND	E8	8000	4000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	
Phenanthrene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	
Phenol	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	
Pyrene	ND	E8	4000	2000	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
2-Fluorophenol (Surr)	64		30 - 120				05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	
Nitrobenzene-d5 (Surr)	76		45 - 120				05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	
2,4,6-Tribromophenol (Surr)	75		40 - 120				05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	
2-Fluorobiphenyl	74		50 - 120				05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	
Terphenyl-d14	80		10 - 150				05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	
Phenol-d6	70		35 - 120				05/03/15 14:21	05/07/15 20:08	
Method: 8015B - Nonhaloge				-					
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL		D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Methanol	9.4		0.50		mg/L			05/05/15 16:49	
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil F
1-Pentanol	105		70 - 130					05/05/15 16:49	
Method: 608 - Organochlori Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL		D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil F
4,4'-DDD	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.31	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
I,4'-DDE	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.16	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
4,4'-DDT	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.16	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
Aldrin	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.18	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
alpha-BHC	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.28	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
peta-BHC	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.19	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
Chlordane (technical)	ND	D1 E8	13	2.0	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
lelta-BHC	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.23	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
Dieldrin	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.16	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
Endosulfan, alpha	1.8	D1	1.3	0.21	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
Endosulfan, beta	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.16	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
Endosulfan sulfate	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.16	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
Endrin	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.18	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
Endrin aldehyde	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.22	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
jamma-BHC (Lindane)	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.16	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
Heptachlor	ND	D1 E8	1.3	0.36	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
Heptachlor epoxide	1.8	C8 D1 N1	1.3	0.17	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
Toxaphene	ND	D1 E8	25	13	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil F
	23		10 - 103				05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	
DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr)	-•								

A	nalyte	Result	Qualifier	, RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
P	CB-1016	ND	D1 E8	25	4.2	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	5
P	CB-1221	ND	D1 E8	25	5.0	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	5
P	CB-1232	ND	D1 E8	25	8.5	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	5
P	CB-1242	ND	D1 E8	25	11	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	5

#### Lab Sample ID: 550-43961-1 Matrix: Water

Client:

Project/Site: Baseline Monitoring

#### Client Sample ID: Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Date Received: 04/29/15 14:45

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
PCB-1248	ND	D1 E8	25	4.4	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	5
PCB-1254	ND	D1 E8	25	7.0	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	5
PCB-1260	ND	D1 E8	25	3.6	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	5
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr)	23		10 - 103				05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	5
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (Surr)	11		10 - 132				05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 22:07	5
Method: 8315A - Carbonyl Co	ompounds (H	HPLC)							
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Formaldehyde	1.1		0.50		mg/L		04/30/15 13:35	05/01/15 11:19	1
Method: 200.7 Rev 4.4 - Meta	Is (ICP)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Beryllium	0.010		0.010	0.0020	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/02/15 00:13	1
Cadmium	ND	E8	0.010	0.0080	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/02/15 00:13	1
Antimony	ND	E8	0.40	0.066	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/02/15 00:13	1
Thallium	ND	E8	1.0	0.043	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/02/15 00:13	1
Nickel	0.051	E4	0.10	0.016	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/02/15 00:13	1
Silver	ND	E8	0.10	0.0070	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/02/15 00:13	1
Arsenic	0.083	E4	1.0	0.027	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/02/15 00:13	1
Copper	6.3		0.10	0.017	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/02/15 00:13	1
Lead	ND	E8	0.15	0.030	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/02/15 00:13	1
Zinc	11		0.50	0.033	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/02/15 00:13	1
Selenium	ND	E8	1.0	0.086	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/02/15 00:13	1
Chromium	0.039	E4	0.10	0.0050	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/02/15 00:13	1
Method: 245.1 - Mercury (CV	AA)								
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL		D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Mercury	ND	E8	0.00020	0.000060	mg/L		05/06/15 09:21	05/06/15 15:14	1
General Chemistry									
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Total Suspended Solids	17000	D2	1000		mg/L			04/30/15 09:15	1
Cyanide, Total	0.096	D1 D5 E4	0.50	0.035	mg/L		05/01/15 14:30	05/01/15 16:53	1
рН	8.56	H5	1.68		SU			04/29/15 18:15	1
Temperature	17.7	H5	0.100		Degrees C			04/29/15 18:15	1
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	<3.30	D1 D5 K1	800		mg/L			04/30/15 17:22	160

#### Client Sample ID: Trip Blank Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Date Received: 04/29/15 14:45

Method: 624 - Volatile Organ	nic Compounds (GC/MS)						
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND E8	2.0	0.15 ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND E8	5.0	1.0 ug/L			05/01/15 12:42	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND E8	2.0	0.33 ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Acrolein	ND E8	50	2.5 ug/L			05/01/15 12:42	1
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND E8	2.0	0.31 ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Acrylonitrile	ND E8	50	1.0 ug/L			05/01/15 12:42	1

Matrix: Water

Lab Sample ID: 550-43961-2

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4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)

Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)

Toluene-d8 (Surr)

#### Client Sample ID: Trip Blank Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Date Received: 04/29/15 14:45

#### Lab Sample ID: 550-43961-2 Matrix: Water

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	E8	2.0	0.14	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
1,1-Dichlorethylene	ND	E8	5.0	0.23	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	E8	2.0	0.31	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	E8	2.0	0.23	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Benzene	ND	E8	2.0	0.12	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Dichlorobromomethane	ND	E8	2.0	0.23	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Bromoform	ND	E8	2.0	0.37	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Methyl bromide	ND	E8	2.0	0.67	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	E8	2.5	0.15	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Chlorobenzene	ND	E8	2.0	0.17	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Chloroethane	ND	E8	5.0	0.25	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Chloroform	ND	E8	2.0	0.13	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Methyl chloride	ND	E8	5.0	0.21	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	E8 T2	2.0	0.22	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Ethylbenzene	ND	E8	2.0	0.32	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Methylene Chloride	ND	E8	5.0	0.67	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Tetrachloroethylene	ND	E8	2.0	0.18	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Toluene	ND	E8	2.0	0.28	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene	ND	E8	2.0	0.29	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Trichloroethylene	ND	E8	2.0	0.24	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	E8	5.0	0.15	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Vinyl chloride	ND	E8	2.0	0.18	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	E8 T2	10	1.3	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Styrene	ND	E8 T2	2.0	0.17	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Xylenes, Total	ND	E8 T2	10	0.86	ug/L			05/08/15 04:56	1
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	103		80 - 128					05/01/15 12:42	1
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	99		76 - 132					05/01/15 12:42	1

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

92

102

103

05/08/15 04:56

05/08/15 04:56

05/08/15 04:56

1

1

1

#### Prep Type: Total/NA

8

			Percer	nt Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits)
		TOL	DBFM	
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	(80-128)	(76-132)	
440-108054-E-5 MS	Matrix Spike	97	99	
440-108054-E-5 MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	101	98	
550-43961-1	B213	104	95	
550-43961-2	Trip Blank	103	99	
LCS 440-252325/5	Lab Control Sample	96	97	
LCSD 440-252325/6	Lab Control Sample Dup	98	99	
MB 440-252325/4	Method Blank	102	99	

TOL = Toluene-d8 (Surr)

DBFM = Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)

# Method: 624 - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS)

Method: 624 - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS)

Matrix: Water

Matrix: Water

—				
			Pe	ercent Surro
		BFB	DBFM	TOL
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	(70-130)	(70-130)	(70-130)
550-43844-C-1 MS	Matrix Spike	98	107	105
550-43844-C-1 MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	104	101	104
550-43961-1 - DL	B213	90	97	106
550-43961-2	Trip Blank	92	102	103
LCS 550-62906/3	Lab Control Sample	90	96	99
LCSD 550-62906/4	Lab Control Sample Dup	97	106	105
MB 550-62906/5	Method Blank	91	87	103

Surrogate Legend

BFB = 4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)

DBFM = Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)

TOL = Toluene-d8 (Surr)

#### Method: 625 - Semivolatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) Matrix: Water

#### Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Type: Total/NA

			Pe	ercent Surro	ogate Reco	very (Accer	otance Lim
		2FP	NBZ	TBP	FBP	TPH	PHL
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	(30-120)	(45-120)	(40-120)	(50-120)	(10-150)	(35-120)
550-43961-1	B213	64	76	75	74	80	70
LCS 440-252617/2-A	Lab Control Sample	55	64	74	67	67	62
LCSD 440-252617/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	53	66	80	68	73	56
MB 440-252617/1-A	Method Blank	56	67	81	71	82	61

Surrogate Legend

2FP = 2-Fluorophenol (Surr)

NBZ = Nitrobenzene-d5 (Surr)

TBP = 2,4,6-Tribromophenol (Surr)

FBP = 2-Fluorobiphenyl

TPH = Terphenyl-d14

PHL = Phenol-d6

#### Method: 8015B - Nonhalogenated Organic Compounds - Direct Injection (GC) Matrix: Water

Matrix: Water			Prep Type: Total/NA
_			Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits)
		1Pent1	
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	(70-130)	
440-108560-B-1 MS	Matrix Spike	103	
440-108560-B-1 MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	98	
550-43961-1	B213	105	
LCS 440-252962/8	Lab Control Sample	73	
MB 440-252962/7	Method Blank	80	
Surrogate Legend			

1Pent = 1-Pentanol

# Method: 608 - Organochlorine Pesticides in Water

Matrix: Water	-			Prep Type: Total/NA	
_			Perc	ent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits)	
		DCB1	TCX1		
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	(10-103)	(10-132)		
550-43961-1	B213	23	11		- 7
LCS 550-62523/2-A	Lab Control Sample	47	67		
LCSD 550-62523/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	45	67		
MB 550-62523/1-A	Method Blank	40	73		
Surrogate Legend					
DCB = DCB Decachlo	robiphenyl (Surr)				
TCX = Tetrachloro-m-	xylene				

#### Method: 608 - Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) (GC) Matrix: Water

#### Percent Surrogate Recovery (Acceptance Limits) DCB1 TCX1 Lab Sample ID **Client Sample ID** (10-103) (10-132) 550-43961-1 23 11 LCS 550-62523/4-A Lab Control Sample 51 64 MB 550-62523/1-A Method Blank 40 73

#### Surrogate Legend

DCB = DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr)

TCX = Tetrachloro-m-xylene (Surr)

Prep Type: Total/NA

# Method: 624 - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS)

Lab Sample ID: MB 440-29 Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 252325	52325/4							Cli	ent Sam	ple ID: Method Prep Type: To	
Analysis Daten. 202020	ME	MB									
Analyte		t Qualifier	RL		MDL	Unit		DF	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	E8	5.0		1.0	ug/L			•	05/01/15 08:35	1
Acrolein	NE	) E8	50		2.5	ug/L				05/01/15 08:35	1
Acrylonitrile	NE	E8	50			ug/L				05/01/15 08:35	1
	ME	B MB									
Surrogate	%Recovery	/ Qualifier	Limits					F	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	102	2	80 - 128						-	05/01/15 08:35	1
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	99	9	76 - 132							05/01/15 08:35	1
Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-2	252325/5						Cli	ient Sa	mple ID	: Lab Control S	Sample
Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-2 Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 252325	252325/5						Cli	ient Sa	mple ID	: Lab Control S Prep Type: To	
Matrix: Water	252325/5		Spike	LCS	LCS	i	Cli	ient Sa	imple ID		
Matrix: Water	252325/5		Spike Added	LCS Result			Cli Unit	ient Sa D	·	Prep Type: To	
Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 252325			•	-					·	Prep Type: To %Rec.	
Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 252325 Analyte	252325/5		Added	Result	Qua		Unit		%Rec	Prep Type: To %Rec. Limits	
Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 252325 Analyte 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	252325/5		<b>Added</b> 25.0	Result 23.7	Qua		Unit ug/L		% <b>Rec</b> 95	Prep Type: To %Rec. Limits 37 - 150	
Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 252325 Analyte 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether Acrolein	252325/5		Added	<b>Result</b> 23.7 9.43	Qua		Unit ug/L ug/L		%Rec 95 38	Sec.           Limits           37 - 150           10 - 145	
Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 252325 Analyte 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether Acrolein			Added	<b>Result</b> 23.7 9.43	Qua		Unit ug/L ug/L		%Rec 95 38	Sec.           Limits           37 - 150           10 - 145	
Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 252325 Analyte 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether Acrolein Acrylonitrile	LCS LC		Added 25.0 25.0 250	<b>Result</b> 23.7 9.43	Qua		Unit ug/L ug/L		%Rec 95 38	Sec.           Limits           37 - 150           10 - 145	

#### Lab Sample ID: LCSD 440-252325/6 Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 252325

-	Spike	LCSD	LCSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether		24.0		ug/L		96	37 - 150	1	25
Acrolein	25.0	8.66	E4	ug/L		35	10 - 145	9	30
Acrylonitrile	250	251		ug/L		100	48 - 140	5	30

	LCSD	LCSD	
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	98		80 - 128
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	99		76 - 132

## Lab Sample ID: 440-108054-E-5 MS Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 252325	Sample	Sample	Spike	MS	MS				%Rec.	
Analyte	•	Qualifier	Added	-	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	E8	25.0	23.4		ug/L		94	10 - 140	
Acrolein	ND	E8	25.0	9.76	E4	ug/L		39	10 - 147	
Acrylonitrile	ND	E8	250	254		ug/L		102	38 - 144	
	MS	MS								
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits							
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	97		80 - 128							
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	99		76 - 132							

#### Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Dup Prep Type: Total/NA

Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike
Prep Type: Total/NA

# Method: 624 - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: 440-1080 Matrix: Water	04-E-0 WOD								Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike Dup Prep Type: Tota						
Analysis Batch: 252325													Frepity	pe. To	la!/1\/
Analysis Batch. 252525	Sample S	Sam	nle	Spike		MSD	MSI	ר					%Rec.		RP
Analyte	Result (		-	Added		Result	-		Unit		D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Lim
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether		<b>E</b> 8		25.0		25.7			ug/L		_	103	10 - 140	9	
Acrolein		Ξ8		25.0		11.0	E4		ug/L			44	10 - 147	12	
Acrylonitrile	ND I	Ξ8		250		260			ug/L			104	38 - 144	2	2
	MSD	Mer	<b>.</b>						•						
Surrogate	%Recovery			Limits											
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	101			80 - 128											
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	98			76 - 132											
Lab Sample ID: MB 550-6	2906/5										Clie	nt Sam	ple ID: N		
Matrix: Water													Prep Ty	ре: То	tal/N
Analysis Batch: 62906	,		мв												
Analyte			Qualifier		RL		мпі	Unit		D	Pr	epared	Analy	7od	Dil Fa
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		ND	E8		2.0			ug/L				epareu	- 05/07/15		Dirte
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		ND	E8		2.0			ug/L					05/07/15		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		ND			2.0			ug/L					05/07/15		
1,1-Dichloroethane		ND			2.0			ug/L					05/07/15		
1,1-Dichlorethylene		ND	E8		5.0			ug/L					05/07/15		
1,2-Dichloroethane			E8		2.0			ug/L					05/07/15		
1,2-Dichloropropane			E8		2.0			ug/L					05/07/15		
Benzene		ND	E8		2.0			ug/L					05/07/15		
Dichlorobromomethane		ND	E8		2.0			ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Bromoform			E8		2.0			ug/L					05/07/15		
Methyl bromide	1	ND	E8		2.0			ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Carbon tetrachloride	1	ND	E8		2.5			ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Chlorobenzene		ND	E8		2.0			ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Chloroethane	1	ND	E8		5.0			ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Chloroform	1	ND	E8		2.0			ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Methyl chloride		ND	E8		5.0		0.21	ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Chlorodibromomethane	I	ND	E8 T2		2.0			ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Ethylbenzene	I	ND	E8		2.0		0.32	ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Methylene Chloride		ND	E8		5.0		0.67	ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Tetrachloroethylene	I	ND	E8		2.0		0.18	ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Toluene	I	ND	E8		2.0		0.28	ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene		ND	E8		2.0		0.29	ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Trichloroethylene	I	ND	E8		2.0		0.24	ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Trichlorofluoromethane	I	ND	E8		5.0		0.15	ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Vinyl chloride		ND	E8		2.0		0.18	ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	I	ND	E8 T2		10		1.3	ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
Styrene	I	ND	E8 T2		2.0		0.17	ug/L					05/07/15	20:08	
otyrene								ug/L							

Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)	91		70 - 130		05/07/15 20:08	1
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	87		70 - 130		05/07/15 20:08	1
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	103		70 - 130		05/07/15 20:08	1
	4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr) Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	Surrogate%Recovery4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)91Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)87	4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)91Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)87	Surrogate%RecoveryQualifierLimits4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)9170 - 130Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)8770 - 130	Surrogate%RecoveryQualifierLimitsPrepared4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)9170 - 130100Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)8770 - 130100	Surrogate%RecoveryQualifierLimitsPreparedAnalyzed4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)9170 - 13005/07/15 20:08Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)8770 - 13005/07/15 20:08

# Method: 624 - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

#### Lab Sample ID: LCS 550-62906/3 Matrix: Water

# Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Prep Type: Total/NA

watrix: water	
<b>Analysis Batch:</b>	62906

	Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec.	
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	25.0	21.7		ug/L		87	52 - 162	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	25.0	23.9		ug/L		96	46 - 157	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	25.0	22.7		ug/L		91	52 - 150	
1,1-Dichloroethane	25.0	21.7		ug/L		87	59 ₋ 155	
1,1-Dichlorethylene	25.0	22.1		ug/L		89	5 - 234	
1,2-Dichloroethane	25.0	22.7		ug/L		91	49 - 155	
1,2-Dichloropropane	25.0	21.8		ug/L		87	5-210	
Benzene	25.0	22.0		ug/L		88	37 - 151	
Dichlorobromomethane	25.0	23.1		ug/L		92	35 - 155	
Bromoform	25.0	25.7		ug/L		103	45 - 169	
Methyl bromide	25.0	21.8		ug/L		87	5 - 242	
Carbon tetrachloride	25.0	22.8		ug/L		91	70 ₋ 140	
Chlorobenzene	25.0	22.4		ug/L		90	37 - 160	
Chloroethane	25.0	22.9		ug/L		92	14 - 230	
Chloroform	25.0	21.5		ug/L		86	51 - 138	
Methyl chloride	25.0	22.9		ug/L		92	5 - 273	
Chlorodibromomethane	25.0	24.6	T2	ug/L		98	53 - 149	
Ethylbenzene	25.0	22.7		ug/L		91	37 - 162	
Methylene Chloride	25.0	25.3		ug/L		101	5 - 221	
Tetrachloroethylene	25.0	20.8		ug/L		83	64 - 148	
Toluene	25.0	21.8		ug/L		87	47 - 150	
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene	25.0	20.9		ug/L		84	54 - 156	
Trichloroethylene	25.0	22.3		ug/L		89	71 ₋ 157	
Trichlorofluoromethane	25.0	24.3		ug/L		97	17 ₋ 181	
Vinyl chloride	25.0	23.9		ug/L		95	5_251	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	25.0	22.9	T2	ug/L		91	64 - 142	
m,p-Xylenes	25.0	23.1	T2	ug/L		93	70 - 130	
o-Xylene	25.0	23.1	T2	ug/L		92	70 ₋ 130	
Styrene	25.0	23.6	T2	ug/L		94	70 - 130	

	LCS	LCS	
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits
4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)	90		70 - 130
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	96		70 - 130
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	99		70 - 130

#### Lab Sample ID: LCSD 550-62906/4 Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62906

····· <b>·</b>	Spike	LCSD	LCSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	25.0	24.8		ug/L		99	52 - 162	14	20
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	25.0	24.1		ug/L		97	46 - 157	1	20
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	25.0	23.5		ug/L		94	52 - 150	4	20
1,1-Dichloroethane	25.0	24.1		ug/L		96	59 - 155	10	20
1,1-Dichlorethylene	25.0	25.3		ug/L		101	5 - 234	13	20
1,2-Dichloroethane	25.0	25.2		ug/L		101	49 ₋ 155	11	20
1,2-Dichloropropane	25.0	23.9		ug/L		96	5_210	9	20
Benzene	25.0	23.7		ug/L		95	37 - 151	7	20

Prep Type: Total/NA

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Dup

# Method: 624 - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

#### Lab Sample ID: LCSD 550-62906/4 Μ

Lab Sample ID: LCSD 550-62906/4 Matrix: Water			C	Client Sa	ample	ID: Lat	Control Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 62906									
	Spike	-	LCSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte	Added		Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
Dichlorobromomethane	25.0	24.6		ug/L		98	35 - 155	6	20
Bromoform	25.0	26.0		ug/L		104	45 - 169	1	20
Methyl bromide	25.0	24.7		ug/L		99	5 - 242	13	20
Carbon tetrachloride	25.0	24.6		ug/L		98	70 - 140	8	20
Chlorobenzene	25.0	24.4		ug/L		98	37 - 160	9	20
Chloroethane	25.0	26.6		ug/L		107	14 - 230	15	20
Chloroform	25.0	24.6		ug/L		99	51 - 138	14	20
Methyl chloride	25.0	26.5		ug/L		106	5 - 273	14	20
Chlorodibromomethane	25.0	26.6	T2	ug/L		106	53 - 149	8	20
Ethylbenzene	25.0	24.3		ug/L		97	37 - 162	7	20
Methylene Chloride	25.0	28.1		ug/L		112	5 - 221	10	20
Tetrachloroethylene	25.0	22.7		ug/L		91	64 - 148	9	20
Toluene	25.0	23.7		ug/L		95	47 - 150	8	20
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene	25.0	24.5		ug/L		98	54 - 156	16	20
Trichloroethylene	25.0	24.5		ug/L		98	71 ₋ 157	9	20
Trichlorofluoromethane	25.0	27.9		ug/L		112	17 - 181	14	20
Vinyl chloride	25.0	27.2		ug/L		109	5 - 251	13	20
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	25.0	26.0	T2	ug/L		104	64 - 142	13	25
m,p-Xylenes	25.0	24.7	T2	ug/L		99	70 - 130	6	20
o-Xylene	25.0	25.4	T2	ug/L		102	70 - 130	10	20

25.0

25.4 T2

ug/L

	LCSD	LCSD	
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits
4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)	97		70 - 130
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	106		70 - 130
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	105		70 - 130

#### Lab Sample ID: 550-43844-C-1 MS **Matrix: Water** Analysis Batch: 62906

Styrene

	Sample	Sample	Spike	MS	MS				%Rec.	
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	E8	25.0	24.6		ug/L		98	52 - 162	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	E8	25.0	23.3		ug/L		93	46 - 157	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	E8	25.0	22.8		ug/L		91	52 - 150	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	E8	25.0	23.6		ug/L		95	59 ₋ 155	
1,1-Dichlorethylene	ND	E8	25.0	25.2		ug/L		101	5 - 234	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	E8	25.0	23.2		ug/L		93	49 - 155	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	E8	25.0	23.8		ug/L		95	5_210	
Benzene	ND	E8	25.0	24.2		ug/L		97	37 - 151	
Dichlorobromomethane	ND	E8	25.0	24.2		ug/L		97	35 - 155	
Bromoform	ND	E8	25.0	25.6		ug/L		102	45 - 169	
Methyl bromide	ND	E8	25.0	22.6		ug/L		90	5 - 242	
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	E8	25.0	25.5		ug/L		102	70 - 140	
Chlorobenzene	ND	E8	25.0	24.7		ug/L		99	37 - 160	
Chloroethane	ND	E8	25.0	25.9		ug/L		103	14 - 230	
Chloroform	ND	E8	25.0	23.3		ug/L		93	51 - 138	
Methyl chloride	ND	E8	25.0	25.2		ug/L		101	5 - 273	

#### **Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike** Prep Type: Total/NA

70 - 130

7

20

102

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Prep Type: Total/NA

**Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike** 

# Method: 624 - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

#### Lab Sample ID: 550-43844-C-1 MS

#### Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62906

Analysis Datch. 02300										
	Sample	Sample	Spike	MS	MS				%Rec.	
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	E8 T2	25.0	25.6	T2	ug/L		102	53 - 149	
Ethylbenzene	ND	E8	25.0	25.0		ug/L		100	37 - 162	
Methylene Chloride	ND	E8	25.0	23.5		ug/L		94	5 - 221	
Tetrachloroethylene	ND	E8	25.0	23.4		ug/L		94	64 - 148	
Toluene	ND	E8	25.0	23.8		ug/L		95	47 - 150	
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene	ND	E8	25.0	22.7		ug/L		91	54 - 156	
Trichloroethylene	ND	E8	25.0	23.8		ug/L		95	71 - 157	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	E8	25.0	28.1		ug/L		112	17 - 181	
Vinyl chloride	ND	E8	25.0	26.8		ug/L		107	5 - 251	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	E8 T2	25.0	21.5	T2	ug/L		86	52 - 143	
m,p-Xylenes	ND	E8 T2	25.0	25.5	T2	ug/L		102	58 - 138	
o-Xylene	ND	E8 T2	25.0	26.2	T2	ug/L		105	66 - 137	
Styrene	ND	E8 T2	25.0	25.4	T2	ug/L		102	43 - 144	
	MS	MS								
Surrogato	%Pecoverv	Qualifier	Limite							

	1//3	11/13	
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits
4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)	98		70 - 130
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	107		70 - 130
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	105		70 - 130

#### Lab Sample ID: 550-43844-C-1 MSD Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62906

Analysis Batch: 62906											
	Sample	Sample	Spike	MSD	MSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	E8	25.0	24.1		ug/L		97	52 - 162	2	20
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	E8	25.0	24.4		ug/L		97	46 - 157	5	20
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	E8	25.0	23.5		ug/L		94	52 - 150	3	20
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	E8	25.0	23.4		ug/L		94	59 - 155	1	20
1,1-Dichlorethylene	ND	E8	25.0	24.3		ug/L		97	5 - 234	4	20
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	E8	25.0	23.6		ug/L		95	49 - 155	2	20
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	E8	25.0	23.8		ug/L		95	5-210	0	20
Benzene	ND	E8	25.0	24.0		ug/L		96	37 - 151	1	20
Dichlorobromomethane	ND	E8	25.0	24.6		ug/L		98	35 - 155	2	20
Bromoform	ND	E8	25.0	26.6		ug/L		106	45 - 169	4	20
Methyl bromide	ND	E8	25.0	22.3		ug/L		89	5 - 242	1	20
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	E8	25.0	25.4		ug/L		102	70 - 140	1	20
Chlorobenzene	ND	E8	25.0	25.4		ug/L		102	37 - 160	3	20
Chloroethane	ND	E8	25.0	25.9		ug/L		104	14 - 230	0	20
Chloroform	ND	E8	25.0	23.8		ug/L		95	51 - 138	2	20
Methyl chloride	ND	E8	25.0	24.9		ug/L		100	5 - 273	1	20
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	E8 T2	25.0	27.0	T2	ug/L		108	53 - 149	6	20
Ethylbenzene	ND	E8	25.0	25.9		ug/L		104	37 - 162	4	20
Methylene Chloride	ND	E8	25.0	23.9		ug/L		96	5 - 221	2	20
Tetrachloroethylene	ND	E8	25.0	24.2		ug/L		97	64 - 148	3	20
Toluene	ND	E8	25.0	23.8		ug/L		95	47 - 150	0	20
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene	ND	E8	25.0	22.9		ug/L		91	54 - 156	1	20
Trichloroethylene	ND	E8	25.0	24.0		ug/L		96	71 - 157	1	20
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	E8	25.0	27.8		ug/L		111	17 - 181	1	20
1 Contraction of the second											

#### Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike Duplicate Prep Type: Total/NA

9

# Method: 624 - Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

## Lab Sample ID: 550-43844-C-1 MSD

# Matrix: Water

#### Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike Duplicate Prep Type: Total/NA

**Client Sample ID: Method Blank** 

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 252617

Analysis Batch: 62906											
	Sample	Sample	Spike	MSD	MSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
Vinyl chloride	ND	E8	25.0	26.1		ug/L		104	5 - 251	3	20
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	E8 T2	25.0	21.4	T2	ug/L		85	52 - 143	1	35
m,p-Xylenes	ND	E8 T2	25.0	26.9	T2	ug/L		108	58 - 138	5	29
o-Xylene	ND	E8 T2	25.0	26.8	T2	ug/L		107	66 - 137	2	26
Styrene	ND	E8 T2	25.0	26.3	T2	ug/L		105	43 - 144	3	35
	MSD	MSD									
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits								
4-Bromofluorobenzene (Surr)	104		70 - 130								
Dibromofluoromethane (Surr)	101		70 - 130								
Toluene-d8 (Surr)	104		70 - 130								

## Method: 625 - Semivolatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS)

#### Lab Sample ID: MB 440-252617/1-A Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 253127

Analysis Datch. 200121								Frep Batch.	252017
	MB	MB							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL		D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine(as	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
Azobenzene) 1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	E8	10		ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	E8	20		ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	E8	40	20	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
2-Chlorophenol	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
2-Nitrophenol	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
p-Chloro-m-cresol	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
4-Nitrophenol	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
Acenaphthene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
Acenaphthylene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
Anthracene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
Benzo[a]anthracene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
Benzidine	ND	E8	40	20	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
Benzo[a]pyrene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21		1
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1

# Method: 625 - Semivolatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: MB 440-252617/1-A
Matrix: Water

watrix: w	aler	
Analysis	<b>Batch:</b>	253127

# **Client Sample ID: Method Blank**

ample iD. Methou Dialik
Prep Type: Total/NA
Prep Batch: 252617
Prep Batch: 252617

Sample ID. Methou Blank
Prep Type: Total/NA
Prep Batch: 252617

Analysia Rataby 252127								Dron Batch:		
Analysis Batch: 253127	МВ	МВ						Prep Batch:	252017	5
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac	
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	ND	E8	10		ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	8
Chrysene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	9
Diethyl phthalate	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Dimethyl phthalate	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Di-n-butyl phthalate	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Fluoranthene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Fluorene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Hexachlorobenzene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Hexachloroethane	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Isophorone	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Naphthalene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Nitrobenzene	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	E8	20	2.5	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Pentachlorophenol	ND	E8	20	10	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Phenanthrene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Phenol	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
Pyrene	ND	E8	10	5.0	ug/L		05/03/15 14:21	05/06/15 01:11	1	
	MB	МВ								

Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
2-Fluorophenol (Surr)	56		30 - 120	05/03/15 14:21 0	05/06/15 01:11	1
Nitrobenzene-d5 (Surr)	67		45 - 120	05/03/15 14:21 0	05/06/15 01:11	1
2,4,6-Tribromophenol (Surr)	81		40 - 120	05/03/15 14:21 0	05/06/15 01:11	1
2-Fluorobiphenyl	71		50 - 120	05/03/15 14:21 0	05/06/15 01:11	1
Terphenyl-d14	82		10 - 150	05/03/15 14:21 0	05/06/15 01:11	1
Phenol-d6	61		35 - 120	05/03/15 14:21 0	05/06/15 01:11	1

#### Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-252617/2-A **Matrix: Water** Analysis Batch: 253127

Analysis Batch: 253127	Spike	LCS	LCS				Prep Batch: 252617 %Rec.
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D %	Rec	Limits
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	100	52.4		ug/L		52	44 - 142
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	100	49.6		ug/L		50	32 - 129
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine(as Azobenzene)	100	64.6		ug/L		65	55 - 106
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	100	47.3		ug/L		47	10 - 150
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	100	48.5		ug/L		49	20 - 124
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	100	64.8		ug/L		65	37 - 144

**Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample** 

Prep Type: Total/NA

9

# Method: 625 - Semivolatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-252617/2-A Matrix: Water				Clie	ent Sar	nple ID	: Lab Control Sample Prep Type: Total/NA
Analysis Batch: 253127	Spike	1.09	LCS				Prep Batch: 252617 %Rec.
Analyte	Added		Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
2,4-Dichlorophenol		61.7	Quaimer	ug/L		62	39 - 135
2,4-Dimethylphenol	100	53.4		ug/L		53	32 - 119
2,4-Dinitrophenol	100	64.3		ug/L		55 64	52 - 119 50 - 150
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	100	72.6 69.4		ug/L		73 60	39 - 139 50 - 150
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	100		1.4	ug/L		69	50 <u>-</u> 150
2-Chloronaphthalene	100	59.2	L4	ug/L		59	60 - 118
2-Chlorophenol	100	56.2		ug/L		56	23 - 134
2-Nitrophenol	100	60.6		ug/L		61	29 - 150
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	100	38.4		ug/L		38	10 - 150
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	100	62.6		ug/L		63	10 - 150
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	100	64.5		ug/L		64	53 - 127
p-Chloro-m-cresol	100	66.8		ug/L		67	22 - 147
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	100	66.8		ug/L		67	25 - 150
4-Nitrophenol	100	66.1		ug/L		66	10 - 132
Acenaphthene	100	64.9		ug/L		65	47 ₋ 145
Acenaphthylene	100	67.4		ug/L		67	33 - 145
Anthracene	100	68.3		ug/L		68	27 - 133
Benzo[a]anthracene	100	62.1		ug/L		62	33 - 143
Benzidine	100	52.6		ug/L		53	5 - 137
Benzo[a]pyrene	100	65.7		ug/L		66	17 - 150
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	100	65.9		ug/L		66	24 - 150
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	100	68.7		ug/L		69	10 - 150
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	100	66.7		ug/L		67	11 - 150
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	100	60.5		ug/L		60	33 - 150
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	100	49.6		ug/L		50	12 - 150
bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	100	49.7		ug/L		50	44 - 103
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	100	65.3		ug/L		65	10 - 150
Butyl benzyl phthalate	100	64.9		ug/L		65	10 - 150
Chrysene	100	69.8		ug/L		70	17 - 150
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	100	57.9		ug/L		58	10 - 150
Diethyl phthalate	100	70.3		ug/L		70	10 - 114
Dimethyl phthalate	100	67.9		ug/L		68	10 - 112
Di-n-butyl phthalate	100	63.5		ug/L		64	10 - 112
Di-n-octyl phthalate	100	60.8				61	10 - 146
Fluoranthene	100	63.5		ug/L		64	26 - 137
				ug/L			
Fluorene	100	70.7		ug/L		71	59 - 121
Hexachlorobenzene	100	65.8		ug/L		66	10 - 150
Hexachlorobutadiene	100	47.9		ug/L		48	24 - 116
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	100	43.8		ug/L		44	20 - 67
Hexachloroethane	100	41.5		ug/L		41	40 - 113
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	100	62.2		ug/L		62	10 - 150
Isophorone	100	60.3		ug/L		60	21 - 150
Naphthalene	100	57.4		ug/L		57	21 - 133
Nitrobenzene	100	58.4		ug/L		58	35 - 150
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	100	52.7		ug/L		53	38 - 97
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	100	62.7		ug/L		63	54 - 111
Pentachlorophenol	100	63.3		ug/L		63	14 - 150
Phenanthrene	100	67.0		ug/L		67	54 - 120

### **QC Sample Results**

### Method: 625 - Semivolatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-252617/2-A Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 253127	Spike	LCS	LCS	Clie	ent Saı	mple ID	: Lab Control Sample Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Batch: 252617 %Rec.
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
Phenol	100	55.6		ug/L		56	10 - 112
Pyrene	100	63.8		ug/L		64	52 - 115

	LCS	LCS	
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits
2-Fluorophenol (Surr)	55		30 - 120
Nitrobenzene-d5 (Surr)	64		45 - 120
2,4,6-Tribromophenol (Surr)	74		40 - 120
2-Fluorobiphenyl	67		50 - 120
Terphenyl-d14	67		10 - 150
Phenol-d6	62		35 - 120

#### Lab Sample ID: LCSD 440-252617/3-A Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 253127

Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether

#### Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Dup Prep Type: Total/NA

Analysis Batch: 253127	Spike	LCSD	LCSD				Prep Ba %Rec.	atch: 2	52617 RPD
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	100	52.6		ug/L		53	44 - 142	0	35
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	100	51.3		ug/L		51	32 - 129	3	35
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine(as	100	61.3		ug/L		61	55 ₋ 106	5	35
Azobenzene)									
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	100	49.9		ug/L		50	10 - 150	5	35
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	100	50.7		ug/L		51	20 - 124	4	35
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	100	65.5		ug/L		65	37 - 144	1	35
2,4-Dichlorophenol	100	60.9		ug/L		61	39 - 135	1	35
2,4-Dimethylphenol	100	59.4		ug/L		59	32 - 119	11	35
2,4-Dinitrophenol	100	65.5		ug/L		66	50 - 150	2	35
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	100	69.2		ug/L		69	39 - 139	5	35
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	100	69.2		ug/L		69	50 - 150	0	35
2-Chloronaphthalene	100	58.6	L4	ug/L		59	60 - 118	1	35
2-Chlorophenol	100	55.8		ug/L		56	23 - 134	1	35
2-Nitrophenol	100	61.0		ug/L		61	29 - 150	1	35
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	100	ND	E8 L4 R6	ug/L		0	10 - 150	200	35
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	100	62.5		ug/L		62	10 - 150	0	35
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	100	70.5		ug/L		71	53 - 127	9	35
p-Chloro-m-cresol	100	69.1		ug/L		69	22 - 147	3	35
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	100	65.7		ug/L		66	25 - 150	2	35
4-Nitrophenol	100	63.6		ug/L		64	10 - 132	4	35
Acenaphthene	100	61.9		ug/L		62	47 - 145	5	35
Acenaphthylene	100	66.2		ug/L		66	33 - 145	2	35
Anthracene	100	67.9		ug/L		68	27 - 133	1	35
Benzo[a]anthracene	100	65.0		ug/L		65	33 - 143	4	35
Benzidine	100	48.7		ug/L		49	5 - 137	8	35
Benzo[a]pyrene	100	67.0		ug/L		67	17 - 150	2	35
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	100	69.2		ug/L		69	24 - 150	5	35
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	100	69.7		ug/L		70	10 - 150	2	35
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	100	69.4		ug/L		69	11 - 150	4	35
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	100	57.7		ug/L		58	33 - 150	5	35
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••									

49.6

ug/L

50

12 - 150

100

0

35

7 8 9

### Method: 625 - Semivolatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: LCSD 440-25 Matrix: Water	2617/3-A				Client Sa	ample	ID: Lat	Control Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 253127								Prep Ba	atch: 2	
		Spike	LCSD	LCSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte		Added		Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether		100	50.9		ug/L		51	44 - 103	2	35
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate		100	67.3		ug/L		67	10 - 150	3	35
Butyl benzyl phthalate		100	67.8		ug/L		68	10 - 150	4	35
Chrysene		100	73.3		ug/L		73	17 - 150	5	35
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		100	59.5		ug/L		59	10 - 150	3	35
Diethyl phthalate		100	66.8		ug/L		67	10 - 114	5	35
Dimethyl phthalate		100	68.0		ug/L		68	10 - 112	0	35
Di-n-butyl phthalate		100	62.2		ug/L		62	10 - 118	2	35
Di-n-octyl phthalate		100	63.9		ug/L		64	10 - 146	5	35
Fluoranthene		100	58.7		ug/L		59	26 - 137	8	35
Fluorene		100	67.8		ug/L		68	59 ₋ 121	4	35
Hexachlorobenzene		100	70.5		ug/L		71	10 - 150	7	35
Hexachlorobutadiene		100	48.2		ug/L		48	24 - 116	1	35
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene		100	46.2		ug/L		46	20 - 67	5	35
Hexachloroethane		100	44.3		ug/L		44	40 - 113	7	35
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene		100	65.1		ug/L		65	10 - 150	5	35
Isophorone		100	60.6		ug/L		61	21 - 150	1	35
Naphthalene		100	56.7		ug/L		57	21 - 133	1	35
Nitrobenzene		100	57.8		ug/L		58	35 - 150	1	35
N-Nitrosodimethylamine		100	55.4		ug/L		55	38 - 97	5	35
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine		100	51.9	L4	ug/L		52	54 - 111	19	35
Pentachlorophenol		100	65.2		ug/L		65	14 - 150	3	35
Phenanthrene		100	67.3		ug/L		67	54 ₋ 120	0	35
Phenol		100	51.7		ug/L		52	10_112	7	35
Pyrene		100	70.4		ug/L		70	52 ₋ 115	10	35
	LCSD LCSD									
Surrogate %	Recovery Qualifie	er Limits								
2-Fluorophenol (Surr)	53	30 - 120								
Nitrobenzene-d5 (Surr)	66	45 - 120								

Nitrobenzene-a5 (Surr)	66	45 - 120
2,4,6-Tribromophenol (Surr)	80	40 - 120
2-Fluorobiphenyl	68	50 - 120
Terphenyl-d14	73	10 - 150
Phenol-d6	56	35 - 120

### Method: 8015B - Nonhalogenated Organic Compounds - Direct Injection (GC)

Lab Sample ID: MB 440-25296 Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 252962	2/7						Client Sam	ple ID: Method Prep Type: To	
	MB	MB							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Methanol	ND		0.50		mg/L		-	05/05/15 13:14	1
	MB	MB							
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
1-Pentanol	80		70 - 130					05/05/15 13:14	1

### **QC Sample Results**

5 6

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### Method: 8015B - Nonhalogenated Organic Compounds - Direct Injection (GC) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-2 Matrix: Water	52962/8					Clie	nt Sai	nple ID	: Lab Cor Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 252962											
-			Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec.		
Analyte			Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits		
Methanol			10.0	9.69		mg/L		97	70 - 120		
	LCS	LCS									
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits								
1-Pentanol	73		70 - 130								
_ Lab Sample ID: 440-10856	0-B-1 MS						CI	ient Sa	mple ID:	Matrix	Spike
Matrix: Water									Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 252962										•	
	Sample	Sample	Spike	MS	MS				%Rec.		
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits		
Methanol	1.2		10.0	10.3		mg/L		91	70 - 130		
	MS	MS									
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits								
1-Pentanol	103		70 - 130								
_ Lab Sample ID: 440-10856	0-B-1 MSD					Client	Samp	le ID: N	latrix Spil	ke Dup	licate
Matrix: Water									Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 252962											
,	Sample	Sample	Spike	MSD	MSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte		Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
Methanol	1.0		10.0	9.72		mg/L		87	70 - 130	4	25
	MSD	MSD									
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits								
1-Pentanol	98		70 - 130								

#### Method: 608 - Organochlorine Pesticides in Water

#### Lab Sample ID: MB 550-62523/1-A Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62555

Analysis Batch: 62555								Prep Batch:	62523
	MB	MB							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
4,4'-DDD	ND	E8	0.050	0.013	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
4,4'-DDE	ND	E8	0.050	0.0065	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
4,4'-DDT	ND	E8	0.050	0.0065	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
Aldrin	ND	E8	0.050	0.0070	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
alpha-BHC	ND	E8	0.050	0.011	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
beta-BHC	ND	E8	0.050	0.0074	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
Chlordane (technical)	ND	E8	0.50	0.080	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
delta-BHC	ND	E8	0.050	0.0091	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
Dieldrin	ND	E8	0.050	0.0065	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
Endosulfan, alpha	ND	E8	0.050	0.0083	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
Endosulfan, beta	ND	E8	0.050	0.0065	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
Endosulfan sulfate	ND	E8	0.050	0.0065	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
Endrin	ND	E8	0.050	0.0072	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
Endrin aldehyde	ND	E8	0.050	0.0089	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	ND	E8	0.050	0.0065	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1

**Client Sample ID: Method Blank** 

Prep Type: Total/NA

9

13

#### Method: 608 - Organochlorine Pesticides in Water (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: MB 550-625 Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62555		МВ						le ID: Method Prep Type: To Prep Batch:	otal/NA
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Heptachlor	ND	E8	0.050	0.014	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
Heptachlor epoxide	ND	E8	0.050	0.0067	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
Toxaphene	ND	E8	1.0	0.50	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
	MB	МВ							
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr)	40		10 - 103				05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	73		10_132				05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11	1

#### Lab Sample ID: LCS 550-62523/2-A Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62555

### **Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample**

Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Batch: 62523

	Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec.
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
4,4'-DDD	1.00	0.834		ug/L		83	31 - 141
4,4'-DDE	1.00	0.799		ug/L		80	30 - 145
4,4'-DDT	1.00	0.808		ug/L		81	25 - 160
Aldrin	1.00	0.692		ug/L		69	42 - 122
alpha-BHC	1.00	0.830		ug/L		83	37 - 134
beta-BHC	1.00	0.824		ug/L		82	17 - 147
delta-BHC	1.00	0.831		ug/L		83	19 - 140
Dieldrin	1.00	0.851		ug/L		85	36 - 146
Endosulfan, alpha	1.00	0.819		ug/L		82	45 - 153
Endosulfan, beta	1.00	0.832		ug/L		83	5 - 150
Endosulfan sulfate	1.00	0.839		ug/L		84	25 - 144
Endrin	1.00	0.837		ug/L		84	30 - 147
Endrin aldehyde	1.00	0.844		ug/L		84	60 - 130
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	1.00	0.823		ug/L		82	32 - 127
Heptachlor	1.00	0.731		ug/L		73	34 - 111
Heptachlor epoxide	1.00	0.808		ug/L		81	37 - 142

	LCS	LCS	
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits
DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr)	47		10 - 103
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	67		10_132

#### Lab Sample ID: LCSD 550-62523/3-A Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62555

#### Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Dup Prep Type: Total/NA

Analysis Batch: 62555							Prep E	Batch: 6	62523
-	Spike	LCSD	LCSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
4,4'-DDD	1.00	0.880		ug/L		88	31 - 141	5	33
4,4'-DDE	1.00	0.834		ug/L		83	30 - 145	4	35
4,4'-DDT	1.00	0.852		ug/L		85	25 - 160	5	35
Aldrin	1.00	0.704		ug/L		70	42 - 122	2	33
alpha-BHC	1.00	0.877		ug/L		88	37 - 134	6	28
beta-BHC	1.00	0.867		ug/L		87	17 - 147	5	28
delta-BHC	1.00	0.879		ug/L		88	19 - 140	6	28
Dieldrin	1.00	0.890		ug/L		89	36 - 146	5	30
Endosulfan, alpha	1.00	0.851		ug/L		85	45 - 153	4	30

9

### Method: 608 - Organochlorine Pesticides in Water (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: LCSD 550 Matrix: Water	-62523/3-A				C	Client S	ample	ID: Lat	Control		
Analysis Batch: 62555									Prep E		
			Spike	LCSD	LCSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte			Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
Endosulfan, beta			1.00	0.873		ug/L		87	5 - 150	5	30
Endosulfan sulfate			1.00	0.888		ug/L		89	25 - 144	6	30
Endrin			1.00	0.879		ug/L		88	30 - 147	5	35
Endrin aldehyde			1.00	0.897		ug/L		90	60 - 130	6	30
gamma-BHC (Lindane)			1.00	0.865		ug/L		87	32 - 127	5	28
Heptachlor			1.00	0.743		ug/L		74	34 - 111	2	33
Heptachlor epoxide			1.00	0.843		ug/L		84	37 - 142	4	29
	LCSD	LCSD									
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits								
DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr)	45		10 - 103								
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	67		10 - 132								

### Method: 608 - Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) (GC)

Lab Sample ID: MB 550-625 Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62556								le ID: Method Prep Type: To Prep Batch:
	MB	MB				_		
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed
PCB-1016	ND	E8	1.0	0.17	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11
PCB-1221	ND	E8	1.0	0.20	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11
PCB-1232	ND	E8	1.0	0.34	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11
PCB-1242	ND	E8	1.0	0.45	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11
PCB-1248	ND	E8	1.0	0.18	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11
PCB-1254	ND	E8	1.0	0.28	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11
PCB-1260	ND	E8	1.0	0.15	ug/L		05/04/15 11:27	05/04/15 19:11
	МВ	МВ						
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits				Prepared	Analyzed

Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits
DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr)	40		10 - 103
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (Surr)	73		10 - 132

#### Lab Sample ID: LCS 550-62523/4-A **Matrix: Water** -----

Analysis Batch: 62556									Prep E	Satch: 62523
			Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec.	
Analyte			Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
PCB-1016			10.0	7.56		ug/L		76	50 - 114	
PCB-1260			10.0	7.91		ug/L		79	5 - 127	
	LCS	LCS								
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Limits							
DCB Decachlorobiphenyl (Surr)	51		10 - 103							

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## **ID: Method Blank** ep Type: Total/NA

Dil Fac

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

Dil Fac

# Prep Batch: 62523

**Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample** Prep Type: Total/NA

05/04/15 11:27 05/04/15 19:11

05/04/15 11:27 05/04/15 19:11

9

### Method: 8315A - Carbonyl Compounds (HPLC)

Lab Sample ID: MB 440-25	2177/1-A							C	Clie		ole ID: N		
Matrix: Water											Prep Ty	-	
Analysis Batch: 252361											Prep B	atch: 2	52177
	_	MB MB			_			_	_	_		_	
Analyte	Re		alifier	RL	N	IDL Uni	-	_ D		epared	Analy		Dil Fac
Formaldehyde		ND		0.010		mg/	۲L	(	04/30	/15 13:35	05/01/15	5 10:13	1
Lab Sample ID: LCS 440-2	52177/2- <b>A</b>						С	lient	Sam	nle ID [.]	Lab Co	ntrol Sa	ample
Matrix: Water									•	-	Prep Ty		-
Analysis Batch: 252361											Prep B		
Analysis Batch. 202001			Spike	L	cs	LCS					%Rec.		52177
Analyte			Added		-	Qualifie	r Unit		D	%Rec	Limits		
Formaldehyde			0.0500	0.0	409		mg/L			82	70 - 129		
Lab Sample ID: 550-43961	-1 MS							Cli	ient	Sample	e ID:		B213
Matrix: Water											Prep Ty	pe: Tot	al/NA
Analysis Batch: 252361											Prep B	atch: 2	52177
	Sample	Sample	Spike		MS	MS					%Rec.		
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	· Added	Re	sult	Qualifie	r Unit		D	%Rec	Limits		
Formaldehyde	1.1		2.50	3	.67		mg/L			104	50 - 150		
Lab Sample ID: 550-43961	-1 MSD							Cli	ient	Sample			B213
Matrix: Water											Prep Ty	pe: Tot	al/NA
Analysis Batch: 252361											Prep B	atch: 2	52177
	Sample	Sample	Spike	N	SD	MSD					%Rec.		RPD
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	· Added	Re	sult	Qualifie	r Unit		D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit

### Method: 200.7 Rev 4.4 - Metals (ICP)

#### Lab Sample ID: MB 550-62315/1-A Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62492

	МВ	МВ						Trop Batom	
Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Beryllium	0.000281	E4	0.0010	0.00020	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/01/15 22:50	1
Cadmium	ND	E8	0.0010	0.00080	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/01/15 22:50	1
Antimony	ND	E8	0.040	0.0066	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/01/15 22:50	1
Thallium	0.00976	E4	0.10	0.0043	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/01/15 22:50	1
Nickel	ND	E8	0.010	0.0016	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/01/15 22:50	1
Silver	ND	E8	0.010	0.00070	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/01/15 22:50	1
Arsenic	0.00415	E4	0.10	0.0027	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/01/15 22:50	1
Copper	ND	E8	0.010	0.0017	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/01/15 22:50	1
Lead	ND	E8	0.015	0.0030	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/01/15 22:50	1
Zinc	ND	E8	0.050	0.0033	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/01/15 22:50	1
Selenium	ND	E8	0.10	0.0086	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/01/15 22:50	1
Chromium	ND	E8	0.010	0.00050	mg/L		04/30/15 11:47	05/01/15 22:50	1

Lab Sample ID: LCS 550-62315/2-A				Clie	nt Sa	mple ID	: Lab Control Sample
Matrix: Water							Prep Type: Total/NA
Analysis Batch: 62492							Prep Batch: 62315
	Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec.
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
Beryllium	1.00	0.991		mg/L		99	85 - 115

#### Client Sample ID: Method Blank Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Batch: 62315

### Method: 200.7 Rev 4.4 - Metals (ICP) (Continued)

Lab Sample ID:	LCS	550-62315/2-A
Matrix: Wator		

Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62492				-			Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Batch: 62315
	Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec.
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
Cadmium	1.00	0.992		mg/L		99	85 - 115
Antimony	1.00	0.996		mg/L		100	85 - 115
Thallium	1.00	0.996		mg/L		100	85 - 115
Nickel	1.00	1.01		mg/L		101	85 - 115
Silver	0.0750	0.0731		mg/L		97	85 - 115
Arsenic	1.00	0.976		mg/L		98	85 - 115
Copper	1.00	0.970		mg/L		97	85 - 115
Lead	1.00	1.00		mg/L		100	85 - 115
Zinc	1.00	1.00		mg/L		100	85 - 115
Selenium	1.00	1.03		mg/L		103	85 - 115
Chromium	1.00	0.991		mg/L		99	85 - 115

#### Lab Sample ID: LCSD 550-62315/3-A Matrix: Water

#### Analysis Batch: 62492

Analysis Batch: 62492							Prep E	Batch: 6	
-	Spike	LCSD	LCSD				%Rec.		RPD
Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
Beryllium	1.00	0.989		mg/L		99	85 - 115	0	20
Cadmium	1.00	1.00		mg/L		100	85 - 115	1	20
Antimony	1.00	1.00		mg/L		100	85 - 115	1	20
Thallium	1.00	1.02		mg/L		102	85 - 115	2	20
Nickel	1.00	1.02		mg/L		102	85 - 115	1	20
Silver	0.0750	0.0739		mg/L		99	85 - 115	1	20
Arsenic	1.00	0.992		mg/L		99	85 - 115	2	20
Copper	1.00	0.975		mg/L		97	85 - 115	1	20
Lead	1.00	1.01		mg/L		101	85 - 115	1	20
Zinc	1.00	1.02		mg/L		102	85 - 115	2	20
Selenium	1.00	1.06		mg/L		106	85 - 115	2	20
Chromium	1.00	1.00		mg/L		100	85 - 115	1	20

#### Lab Sample ID: 550-43849-D-1-A MS **Matrix: Water** Analysis Batch: 62492

Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62492									Prep Type Prep Bat	
	Sample	Sample	Spike	MS	MS				%Rec.	
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
Beryllium	ND	E8	1.00	0.989		mg/L		99	70 - 130	
Cadmium	ND	E8	1.00	0.982		mg/L		98	70 - 130	
Antimony	ND	E8	1.00	0.993		mg/L		99	70 - 130	
Thallium	0.018	E4	1.00	1.00		mg/L		98	70 - 130	
Nickel	ND	E8	1.00	0.987		mg/L		99	70 - 130	
Silver	ND	E8	0.0750	0.0734		mg/L		98	70 - 130	
Arsenic	0.0043	E4	1.00	0.981		mg/L		98	70 - 130	
Copper	0.024		1.00	0.989		mg/L		97	70 - 130	
Lead	ND	E8	1.00	1.00		mg/L		100	70 - 130	
Zinc	0.13		1.00	1.12		mg/L		99	70 - 130	
Selenium	ND	E8	1.00	1.04		mg/L		104	70 - 130	
Chromium	0.0089	E4	1.00	0.986		mg/L		98	70 ₋ 130	

#### Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Dup Prep Type: Total/NA

**Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike** 

**Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample** 

-	
5	
D	

5

9

MSD MSD

0.979

0.976

0.978

0.995

0.978

0.969

0.989

0.991

1.11

1.02

0.978

0.0733

**Result Qualifier** 

Unit

mg/L

Spike

Added

1.00

1.00

1.00

1.00

1.00

1.00

1.00

1.00

1.00

1.00

1.00

0.0750

**Matrix: Water** 

Analyte

Beryllium

Cadmium

Antimony

Thallium

Nickel

Silver

Arsenic

Copper

Selenium

Chromium

Lead

Zinc

Analysis Batch: 62492

Lab Sample ID: 550-43849-D-1-B MSD

Sample Sample

ND E8

0.0043 E4

0.024

0.13

0.0089 E4

0.018 E4

**Result Qualifier** 

Job ID: 550-43961-1

%Rec.

Limits

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

70 - 130

D %Rec

98

98

98

98

98

98

96

97

99

98

102

97

Method: 245 1 Mercury (CVAA)

Lab Sample ID: MB 550-62704/1-	Α						(	Clie		ple ID: M		
Matrix: Water										Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 62795										Prep E	Satch:	62704
Annahada		MB MB					-	_		<b>A</b>		D'I E
Analyte		Sult Qualifier			MDL Un		_ <b>D</b>		repared 6/15 09:21	Analyz		Dil Fac
Mercury		ND E8	0.0002	J 0.00	0060 mg	/L	(	05/0	6/15 09:21	05/06/15	15:03	1
Lab Sample ID: LCS 550-62704/2	- <b>A</b>					CI	ient	Sar	nple ID:	Lab Cor	ntrol Sa	ample
Matrix: Water										Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 62795										Prep E		
· · · · · <b>,</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Spike	LCS	LCS					%Rec.		
Analyte			Added	Result	Qualifie	r Unit		D	%Rec	Limits		
Mercury			0.0100	0.00877		mg/L		_	88	85 - 115		
Lab Sample ID: LCSD 550-62704	/ <b>3</b> _A					Client	Sami	nlo	ID: Lab	Control	Sampl	
Matrix: Water	<b>10-A</b>					onent	oann	pic		Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 62795										Prep E		
Analysis Baton. 62766			Spike	LCSD	LCSD					%Rec.		RPD
Analyte			Added	Result	Qualifie	r Unit		D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limi
Mercury			0.0100	0.00899		mg/L		_	90	85 - 115	2	20
Lab Sample ID: 550-43908-H-1-E	MS							CI	ient San	nple ID: I	Matrix	Spike
Matrix: Water										<b>Prep Ty</b>		
Analysis Batch: 62795										Prep E	Batch:	62704
Sa	ample	Sample	Spike	MS	MS					%Rec.		
Analyte R	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifie	r Unit		D	%Rec	Limits		
Mercury	ND	E8	0.0100	0.00876		mg/L		_	88	70 - 130		
Lab Sample ID: 550-43908-H-1-F	MSD					Clier	nt Sa	mp	le ID: Ma	atrix Spil	ke Dup	licate
Matrix: Water								1		Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 62795										Prep E		
	ample	Sample	Spike	MSD	MSD					%Rec.		RPD
Analyte R	Result	Qualifier	Added	Result	Qualifie	r Unit		D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
Mercury	ND	E8	0.0100	0.00847		mg/L		_	85	70 - 130	3	20

9

### Method: SM 2540D - Solids, Total Suspended (TSS)

Lab Sample ID: MB 550-62282/1 Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62282									Clie	ent Sar	nple ID: M Prep Ty		
	MB	MB											
Analyte	Result	Qualifier		RL	I	MDL Ur	nit	D	Ρ	repared	Analyz	zed	Dil Fac
Total Suspended Solids	ND			10		m	g/L				04/30/15	09:15	1
Lab Sample ID: LCS 550-62282/2								Client	Sar	nple II	D: Lab Cor	ntrol Sa	ample
Matrix: Water											Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 62282													
			Spike		LCS	LCS					%Rec.		
Analyte			Added	I	Result	Qualifi	er Ur	nit	D	%Rec	Limits		
Total Suspended Solids			200		192		mg	g/L	_	96	90 - 110		
Lab Sample ID: LCSD 550-62282/3 Matrix: Water							Clie	nt Sam	ple	ID: La	b Control Prep Ty		
Analysis Batch: 62282			Spike			LCSD					%Rec.		RPD
Analyte			Added			Qualifi	er Ur	nit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
Total Suspended Solids			200		193		mę	g/L		97	90 - 110	1	10
Lab Sample ID: 550-43961-1 DU								C	ient	t Samp	ole ID:	k	B213
Matrix: Water											Prep Ty	pe: Tot	tal/NA
Analysis Batch: 62282													
	ple San	nple			DU	DU							RPD
Analyte Res	ult Qua	alifier		I	Result	Qualifi	er Ur	nit	D			RPD	Limit
Total Suspended Solids 170	000 D2				16400	D2	mg	g/L				1	10

### Method: SM 4500 CN E - Cyanide, Total

	Lab Sample ID: MB 550-62444/16-A Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62465	МВ	МВ							Clie		ole ID: Met Prep Type Prep Ba	: Tota	al/NA
	Analyte	Result	Qualifier		RL	I	MDL	Unit	D	) Р	repared	Analyze	3 E	Dil Fac
	Cyanide, Total	ND	E8		0.050	0.0	0035	mg/L		05/0	1/15 14:30	05/01/15 16	:53	1
	Lab Sample ID: LCS 550-62444/1-A Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62465								Clier	nt Sai		Lab Conti Prep Type Prep Ba	: Tota	al/NA
				Spike		-	LCS			_		%Rec.		
	Analyte		<u> </u>	Added		Result	Qua	lifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits		
L	Cyanide, Total			0.100		0.0913			mg/L		91	90 - 110		
	Lab Sample ID: LCSD 550-62444/21- Matrix: Water Analysis Batch: 62465	-A						C	lient Sa	mple		Control Sa Prep Type Prep Ba	: Tota	al/NA
	-			Spike		LCSD	LCS	D				%Rec.		RPD
	Analyte			Added		Result	Qua	lifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	RPD	Limit
	Cyanide, Total			0.100		0.0929			mg/L		93	90 - 110	2	20

#### Method: SM 4500 CN E - Cyanide, Total (Continued) Lab Sample ID: 550-43808-AC-1-B MS **Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike Matrix: Water Prep Type: Total/NA** Analysis Batch: 62465 Prep Batch: 62444 Sample Sample Spike MS MS %Rec. Analyte **Result Qualifier** Added **Result Qualifier** Unit D %Rec Limits 80 - 120 Cyanide, Total ND E8 M2 0.100 0.0728 M2 mg/L 73 Lab Sample ID: 550-43808-AC-1-C MSD **Client Sample ID: Matrix Spike Duplicate** Matrix: Water **Prep Type: Total/NA** Analysis Batch: 62465 Prep Batch: 62444 Sample Sample Spike MSD MSD %Rec. RPD **Result Qualifier** Added Analyte **Result Qualifier** Limits RPD Limit Unit D %Rec Cyanide, Total ND E8 M2 0.100 0.0842 mg/L 84 80 - 120 14 20 Method: SM 4500 H+ B - pH Lab Sample ID: LCSSRM 550-62258/13 **Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Matrix: Water** Prep Type: Total/NA Analysis Batch: 62258 Spike LCSSRM LCSSRM %Rec. Analyte Added **Result Qualifier** Unit D %Rec Limits 7.00 SU 100.1 pН 7.010 98.5 - 101. 5 Lab Sample ID: LCSSRM 550-62258/16 **Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Matrix: Water** Prep Type: Total/NA Analysis Batch: 62258 Spike LCSSRM LCSSRM %Rec. Added **Result Qualifier** Unit D %Rec Limits Analyte SU 7.00 7.000 100.0 98.5 - 101. pH 5 Method: SM 5210B - BOD, 5-Day Lab Sample ID: MB 550-62348/1 **Client Sample ID: Method Blank Matrix: Water** Prep Type: Total/NA Analysis Batch: 62348 MB MB **Result Qualifier** RL MDL Unit Analyte D Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac ND 5.0 mg/L 04/30/15 17:22 **Biochemical Oxygen Demand** 1 Lab Sample ID: LCS 550-62348/2 **Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Matrix: Water** Prep Type: Total/NA Analysis Batch: 62348 LCS LCS Spike %Rec. Added **Result Qualifier** Limits Analyte Unit D %Rec **Biochemical Oxygen Demand** 198 98 84.6 - 115. 193 mg/L

4

### Method: SM 5210B - BOD, 5-Day (Continued)

Lab Sample ID: 550-43951 Matrix: Water	-A-1 DU					Cli	ent Sample ID: Dup Prep Type: Tot	
Analysis Batch: 62348	Sample	Sample	DU	DU				RPD
Analyte	•	Qualifier	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	RPD	Limit
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	250		 244		mg/L		4	20

### **QC** Association Summary

Client Project/Site: Baseline Monitoring

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### **GC/MS VOA**

#### Analysis Batch: 62906

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
550-43844-C-1 MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	624	
550-43844-C-1 MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	624	
550-43961-1 - DL	B213	Total/NA	Water	624	
550-43961-2	Trip Blank	Total/NA	Water	624	
LCS 550-62906/3	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	624	
LCSD 550-62906/4	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	624	
MB 550-62906/5	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	624	
Analysis Batch: 252	325				
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch

Lab	Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-1	108054-E-5 MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	624	
440-1	108054-E-5 MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	624	
550-4	13961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	624	
550-4	13961-2	Trip Blank	Total/NA	Water	624	
LCS	440-252325/5	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	624	
LCSE	0 440-252325/6	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	624	
MB 4	40-252325/4	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	624	

#### GC/MS Semi VOA

#### Prep Batch: 252617

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	625	
LCS 440-252617/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	625	
LCSD 440-252617/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	625	
MB 440-252617/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	625	

#### Analysis Batch: 253127

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
LCS 440-252617/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	625	252617
LCSD 440-252617/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	625	252617
MB 440-252617/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	625	252617

#### Analysis Batch: 253529

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	625	252617

### GC VOA

#### Analysis Batch: 252962

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
440-108560-B-1 MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	8015B	
440-108560-B-1 MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	8015B	
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	8015B	
LCS 440-252962/8	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	8015B	
MB 440-252962/7	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	8015B	

### **QC** Association Summary

Client: Project/Site: Baseline Monitoring

62523	13
	14
n Batah	15

GC Semi VOA	
Prep Batch: 62523	

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batc
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	608	
_CS 550-62523/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	608	
CS 550-62523/4-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	608	
CSD 550-62523/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	608	
MB 550-62523/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	608	
nalysis Batch: 625	55				
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batc
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	608	6252
_CS 550-62523/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	608	6252
LCSD 550-62523/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	608	6252
MB 550-62523/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	608	6252
nalysis Batch: 625	56				
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batc
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	608	6252
LCS 550-62523/4-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	608	6252
MB 550-62523/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	608	6252
IPLC/IC					
rep Batch: 252177					
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batc
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	8315_W_Prep	
550-43961-1 MS	B213	Total/NA	Water	8315_W_Prep	
550-43961-1 MSD	B213	Total/NA	Water	8315_W_Prep	
LCS 440-252177/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	8315_W_Prep	
MB 440-252177/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	8315_W_Prep	
nalysis Batch: 252	361				
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batc
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	8315A	25217
550-43961-1 MS	B213	Total/NA	Water	8315A	25217
550-43961-1 MSD	B213	Total/NA	Water	8315A	25217
LCS 440-252177/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	8315A	25217
MB 440-252177/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	8315A	25217
letals					
Prep Batch: 62315					
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Bate

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
550-43849-D-1-A MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	200.7	
550-43849-D-1-B MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	200.7	
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	200.7	
LCS 550-62315/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	200.7	
LCSD 550-62315/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	200.7	
MB 550-62315/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	200.7	

### **QC Association Summary**

Client: Project/Site: Baseline Monitoring

### Metals (Continued)

#### Analysis Batch: 62492

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
550-43849-D-1-A MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	200.7 Rev 4.4	62315
550-43849-D-1-B MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	200.7 Rev 4.4	62315
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	200.7 Rev 4.4	62315
LCS 550-62315/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	200.7 Rev 4.4	62315
LCSD 550-62315/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	200.7 Rev 4.4	62315
MB 550-62315/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	200.7 Rev 4.4	62315
Prep Batch: 62704					
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
550-43908-H-1-E MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	245.1	
550-43908-H-1-F MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	245.1	
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	245.1	
LCS 550-62704/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	245.1	
LCSD 550-62704/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	245.1	
MB 550-62704/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	245.1	
Analysis Batch: 6279	5				
Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
550-43908-H-1-E MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	245.1	62704
550-43908-H-1-F MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	245.1	62704
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	245.1	62704
LCS 550-62704/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	245.1	62704
LCSD 550-62704/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	245.1	62704
MB 550-62704/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	245.1	62704

### **General Chemistry**

#### Analysis Batch: 62258

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 H+ B	
LCSSRM 550-62258/13	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 H+ B	
LCSSRM 550-62258/16	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 H+ B	

#### Analysis Batch: 62282

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	SM 2540D	
550-43961-1 DU	B213	Total/NA	Water	SM 2540D	
LCS 550-62282/2	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	SM 2540D	
LCSD 550-62282/3	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	SM 2540D	
MB 550-62282/1	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	SM 2540D	

#### Analysis Batch: 62348

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method Pre	p Batch
550-43951-A-1 DU	Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	SM 5210B	
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	SM 5210B	
LCS 550-62348/2	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	SM 5210B	
MB 550-62348/1	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	SM 5210B	

Job ID: 550-43961-1

### General Chemistry (Continued)

#### Prep Batch: 62444

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 CN C	
550-43808-AC-1-B MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 CN C	
550-43808-AC-1-C MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 CN C	
LCS 550-62444/1-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 CN C	
LCSD 550-62444/21-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 CN C	
MB 550-62444/16-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 CN C	
Analysis Batch: 62465	5 Client Sample ID	Prep Туре	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
550-43961-1	B213	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 CN E	62444
550-43808-AC-1-B MS	Matrix Spike	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 CN E	62444
550-43808-AC-1-C MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 CN E	62444
LCS 550-62444/1-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 CN E	62444
LCSD 550-62444/21-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 CN E	62444
MB 550-62444/16-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	SM 4500 CN E	62444

Job ID: 550-43961-1

Client: Project/Site: Baseline Monitoring

#### **Client Sample ID: B213** Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Date Received: 04/29/15 14:45

Ргер Туре	Batch Type	Batch Method	Run	Dilution Factor	Batch Number	Prepared or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Analysis	624		500	252325	05/01/15 17:17	RM	
Total/NA	Analysis	624	DL	1000	62906	05/08/15 07:30	UT	
Total/NA	Prep	625			252617	05/03/15 14:21	AK	
Total/NA	Analysis	625		4	253529	05/07/15 20:08	AI	
Total/NA	Analysis	8015B		1	252962	05/05/15 16:49	KS	
Total/NA	Prep	608			62523	05/04/15 11:27	CPA	
Total/NA	Analysis	608		5	62555	05/04/15 22:07	ANT	
Total/NA	Prep	608			62523	05/04/15 11:27	CPA	
Total/NA	Analysis	608		5	62556	05/04/15 22:07	ANT	
Total/NA	Prep	8315_W_Prep			252177	04/30/15 13:35	JB	
Total/NA	Analysis	8315A		1	252361	05/01/15 11:19	DD	
Total/NA	Prep	200.7			62315	04/30/15 11:47	SGO	
Total/NA	Analysis	200.7 Rev 4.4		1	62492	05/02/15 00:13	AJC	
Total/NA	Prep	245.1			62704	05/06/15 09:21	JRC	
Total/NA	Analysis	245.1		1	62795	05/06/15 15:14	JRC	
Total/NA	Analysis	SM 2540D		1	62282		YAF	
					. ,	04/30/15 09:15		
						05/01/15 09:40		
Total/NA	Prep	SM 4500 CN C		4		05/01/15 14:30		
Total/NA	Analysis	SM 4500 CN E		1		05/01/15 16:53		
Total/NA	Analysis	SM 4500 H+ B		1		04/29/15 18:15		
Total/NA	Analysis	SM 5210B		160	62348		CDC	
					(Start)	04/30/15 17:22 05/05/15 13:29		

#### **Client Sample ID: Trip Blank** Date Collected: 04/29/15 12:00 Date Received: 04/29/15 14:45

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared	A	1
Prep Type Total/NA	Type Analysis	Method 624	Run	<b>Factor</b> 1	252325	or Analyzed 05/01/15 12:42	Analyst RM	TAL IRV
Total/NA	Analysis	624		1	62906	05/08/15 04:56	UT	TAL PHX

Laboratory References:

#### Lab Sample ID: 550-43961-2 Matrix: Water

### **Certification Summary**

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Client: Project/Site: Baseline Monitoring

#### Laboratory:

The certifications listed below are applicable to this report.

Authority	Program	EPA Region	Certification ID	Expiration Date
Arizona	State Program	9	AZ	06-09-16

### Laboratory:

All certifications held by this laboratory are listed. Not all certifications are applicable to this report.

Authority	Program	EPA Region	Certification ID	Expiration Date
Alaska	State Program	10	CA	06-30-16
Arizona	State Program	9	AZ	10-13-15
California	LA Cty Sanitation Districts	9		01-31-16 *
California	State Program	9	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	06-30-16
Guam	State Program	9	Cert. No.	01-23-16
Hawaii	State Program	9	N/A	01-29-16
Nevada	State Program	9	CA	07-31-15
New Mexico	State Program	6	N/A	01-29-15 *
Northern Mariana Islands	State Program	9	MF	01-29-15 *
Oregon	NELAP	10	4005	01-29-16
USDA	Federal		F	06-06-15

* Certification renewal pending - certification considered valid.

### **Method Summary**

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lethod	Method Description	Protocol	Laboratory
624	Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS)	40CFR136A	TAL IRV
624	Volatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS)	40CFR136A	TAL PHX
625	Semivolatile Organic Compounds (GC/MS)	40CFR136A	TAL IRV
3015B	Nonhalogenated Organic Compounds - Direct Injection (GC)	SW846	TAL IRV
808	Organochlorine Pesticides in Water	40CFR136A	TAL PHX
608	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) (GC)	40CFR136A	TAL PHX
3315A	Carbonyl Compounds (HPLC)	SW846	TAL IRV
200.7 Rev 4.4	Metals (ICP)	40CFR136A	TAL PHX
245.1	Mercury (CVAA)	EPA	TAL PHX
SM 2540D	Solids, Total Suspended (TSS)	SM	TAL PHX
SM 4500 CN E	Cyanide, Total	SM	TAL PHX
SM 4500 H+ B	pH	SM	TAL PHX
SM 5210B	BOD, 5-Day	SM	TAL PHX

#### **Protocol References:**

40CFR136A = "Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal Industrial Wastewater", 40CFR, Part 136, Appendix A, October 26, 1984 and subsequent revisions.

EPA = US Environmental Protection Agency

SM = "Standard Methods For The Examination Of Water And Wastewater",

SW846 = "Test Methods For Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods", Third Edition, November 1986 And Its Updates.

#### Laboratory References:

<u> </u>	$\sim \circ \sim \circ$	<ul><li>○</li><li>2</li><li></li></ul>	<u> </u>
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# Chain of Custody Record

CC 4	3461																						
Client Information	Sampler:		-	Lab	PM:									Carrie	er Tra	cking	No(s):				COC No: 550-16357-5081.1	1	
Client Contact:	,	4		E-M	ail:		ĺ													- İ	Page: Page 1 of 1		
Company:					Τ					Δn	alys	ie F	204		hat					ŀ	Job #:		
Address:	Due Date Requeste	ed:								$\overline{\top}$				uco							Preservation Code	s:	
City: Phoenix	TAT Requested (da												2-Chloroethy									M - Hexane N - None O - AsNaO2	
State, Zip: AZ, 85043	NORM	AL											e and 2-(								D - Nitric Acid	P - Na2O4S Q - Na2SO3 R - Na2S2SO3	
Phone:	PO #: Pay by Credit C	ard			6						1		nitrile							4	G - Amchlor	S - H2SO4 T - TSP Dodecahyd	trate
Email:	WO #:				or No)	6							crylo	ture							I - Ice	U - Acetone V - MCAA	
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## Chain of Custody Record



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8/7/2015

### Login Sample Receipt Checklist

Client:

#### Login Number: 43961 List Number: 1 Creator: Shoemaker, Cory M

Question	Answer	Comment
Radioactivity wasn't checked or is = background as measured by a survey meter.</td <td>True</td> <td></td>	True	
The cooler's custody seal, if present, is intact.	True	
Sample custody seals, if present, are intact.	True	
The cooler or samples do not appear to have been compromised or tampered with.	True	
Samples were received on ice.	True	
Cooler Temperature is acceptable.	True	
Cooler Temperature is recorded.	True	
COC is present.	True	
COC is filled out in ink and legible.	True	
COC is filled out with all pertinent information.	True	
Is the Field Sampler's name present on COC?	True	
There are no discrepancies between the containers received and the COC.	False	Received Trip Blank(s) not listed on COC.
Samples are received within Holding Time.	True	
Sample containers have legible labels.	True	
Containers are not broken or leaking.	True	
Sample collection date/times are provided.	True	
Appropriate sample containers are used.	True	
Sample bottles are completely filled.	True	
Sample Preservation Verified.	True	
There is sufficient vol. for all requested analyses, incl. any requested MS/MSDs	True	
Containers requiring zero headspace have no headspace or bubble is <6mm (1/4").	True	
Multiphasic samples are not present.	True	
Samples do not require splitting or compositing.	True	
Residual Chlorine Checked.	False	Check done at department level as required.

List Source:

### Login Sample Receipt Checklist

Client

#### Login Number: 43961 List Number: 2 Creator: Ornelas, Olga

Question	Answer	Comment
Radioactivity wasn't checked or is = background as measured by a survey meter.</td <td>True</td> <td></td>	True	
The cooler's custody seal, if present, is intact.	True	
Sample custody seals, if present, are intact.	True	
The cooler or samples do not appear to have been compromised or tampered with.	True	
Samples were received on ice.	True	
Cooler Temperature is acceptable.	True	
Cooler Temperature is recorded.	True	
COC is present.	True	
COC is filled out in ink and legible.	True	
COC is filled out with all pertinent information.	True	
Is the Field Sampler's name present on COC?	True	
There are no discrepancies between the containers received and the COC.	True	
Samples are received within Holding Time.	True	
Sample containers have legible labels.	True	
Containers are not broken or leaking.	True	
Sample collection date/times are provided.	True	
Appropriate sample containers are used.	True	
Sample bottles are completely filled.	True	
Sample Preservation Verified.	N/A	
There is sufficient vol. for all requested analyses, incl. any requested MS/MSDs	True	
Containers requiring zero headspace have no headspace or bubble is <6mm (1/4").	True	
Multiphasic samples are not present.	True	
Samples do not require splitting or compositing.	True	
Residual Chlorine Checked.	N/A	

Job Number: 550-43961-1

List Creation: 04/30/15 12:40 PM

List Source:

### Login Sample Receipt Checklist

Client:

#### Login Number: 43961 List Number: 3 Creator: Ornelas, Olga

Question	Answer	Comment
Radioactivity wasn't checked or is = background as measured by a survey meter.</td <td>True</td> <td></td>	True	
The cooler's custody seal, if present, is intact.	True	
Sample custody seals, if present, are intact.	True	
The cooler or samples do not appear to have been compromised or tampered with.	True	
Samples were received on ice.	True	
Cooler Temperature is acceptable.	True	
Cooler Temperature is recorded.	True	
COC is present.	True	
COC is filled out in ink and legible.	True	
COC is filled out with all pertinent information.	True	
Is the Field Sampler's name present on COC?	True	
There are no discrepancies between the containers received and the COC.	True	
Samples are received within Holding Time.	True	
Sample containers have legible labels.	True	
Containers are not broken or leaking.	True	
Sample collection date/times are provided.	True	
Appropriate sample containers are used.	True	
Sample bottles are completely filled.	True	
Sample Preservation Verified.	N/A	
There is sufficient vol. for all requested analyses, incl. any requested MS/MSDs	True	
Containers requiring zero headspace have no headspace or bubble is <6mm (1/4").	False	Headspace larger than 1/4".15/15 sample#1 B213)
Multiphasic samples are not present.	True	
Samples do not require splitting or compositing.	True	
Residual Chlorine Checked.	N/A	

Job Number: 550-43961-1

List Creation: 04/30/15 12:46 PM

List Source:

40 CFR 136.3 TABLE II – REQUIRED CONTAINERS, PRESERVATION TECHNIQUES, & HOLDING TIMES

#### §136.3 Identification of test procedures.

(e) Sample preservation procedures, container materials, and maximum allowable holding times for parameters are cited in Tables IA, IB, IC, ID, IE, IF, IG, and IH are prescribed in Table II. Information in the table takes precedence over information in specific methods or elsewhere. Any person may apply for a change from the prescribed preservation techniques, container materials, and maximum holding times applicable to samples taken from a specific discharge. Applications for such limited use changes may be made by letters to the Regional Alternative Test Procedure (ATP) Program Coordinator or the permitting authority in the Region in which the discharge will occur. Sufficient data should be provided to assure such changes in sample preservation, containers or holding times do not adversely affect the integrity of the sample. The Regional ATP Coordinator or permitting authority will review the application and then notify the applicant and the appropriate State agency of approval or rejection of the use of the alternate test procedure. A decision to approve or deny any request on deviations from the prescribed Table II requirements will be made within 90 days of receipt of the application by the Regional Administrator. An analyst may not modify any sample preservation and/or holding time requirements of an approved method unless the requirements of this section are met.

Parameter number/name	Container ¹	Preservation ²³	Maximum holding time⁴
Table IA—Bacterial Tests:			
1-5. Coliform, total, fecal, and <i>E. coli</i>	PA, G	Cool, <10 ℃, 0.0008% Na₂S₂O₃ ⁵	8 hours. ^{22 23}
6. Fecal streptococci	PA, G	Cool, <10 ℃, 0.0008% Na₂S₂O₃ ⁵	8 hours. ²²
7. Enterococci	PA, G	Cool, <10 ℃, 0.0008% Na₂S₂O₃ ⁵	8 hours. ²²
8. Salmonella	PA, G	Cool, <10 ℃, 0.0008% Na₂S₂O₃ ⁵	8 hours. ²²
Table IA—Aquatic Toxicity Tests:			
9-12. Toxicity, acute and chronic	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁶	36 hours.
Table IB—Inorganic Tests:			
1. Acidity	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	14 days.
2. Alkalinity	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	14 days.
4. Ammonia	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸ , H₂SO₄ to pH <2	28 days.
9. Biochemical oxygen demand	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	48 hours.
10. Boron	P, FP, or Quartz	HNO₃ to pH <2	6 months.
11. Bromide	P, FP, G	None required	28 days.
14. Biochemical oxygen demand, carbonaceous	P, FP G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	48 hours.
15. Chemical oxygen demand	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸ , H₂SO₄ to pH <2	28 days.
16. Chloride	P, FP, G	None required	28 days.

#### TABLE II—REQUIRED CONTAINERS, PRESERVATION TECHNIQUES, AND HOLDING TIMES

Parameter number/name	Container ¹	Preservation ^{2 3}	Maximum holding time⁴
17. Chlorine, total residual	P, G	None required	Analyze within 15 minutes.
21. Color	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	48 hours.
23-24. Cyanide, total or available (or CATC) and free	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C ¹⁸ , NaOH to pH >10 ⁵⁶ , reducing agent if oxidizer present	14 days.
25. Fluoride	Р	None required	28 days.
27. Hardness	P, FP, G	HNO₃ or H₂SO₄ to pH <2	6 months.
28. Hydrogen ion (pH)	P, FP, G	None required	Analyze within 15 minutes.
31, 43. Kjeldahl and organic N	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C ¹⁸ , H₂SO₄ to pH <2	28 days.
Table IB—Metals: ⁷			
18. Chromium VI	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C ¹⁸ , pH = 9.3- 9.7 ²⁰	28 days.
35. Mercury (CVAA)	P, FP, G	HNO₃ to pH <2	28 days.
35. Mercury (CVAFS)	FP, G; and FP-lined cap ¹⁷	5 mL/L 12N HCl or 5 mL/L BrCl ¹⁷	90 days. ¹⁷
3, 5-8, 12, 13, 19, 20, 22, 26, 29, 30, 32- 34, 36, 37, 45, 47, 51, 52, 58-60, 62, 63, 70-72, 74, 75. Metals, except boron, chromium VI, and mercury	P, FP, G	HNO₃ to pH <2, or at least 24 hours prior to analysis ¹⁹	6 months.
38. Nitrate	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	48 hours.
39. Nitrate-nitrite	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 ℃ ¹⁸ , H₂SO₄ to pH <2	28 days.
40. Nitrite	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	48 hours.
41. Oil and grease	G	Cool to ≤6 ℃ ¹⁸ , HCl or H₂SO₄ to pH <2	28 days.
42. Organic Carbon	P, FP, G	Cool to ≤6 ℃ ¹⁸ , HCl, H₂SO₄, or H₃PO₄ to pH <2	28 days.
44. Orthophosphate	P, FP, G	Cool, to ≤6 °C ^{18 24}	Filter within 15 minutes; Analyze within 48 hours.
46. Oxygen, Dissolved Probe	G, Bottle and top	None required	Analyze within 15 minutes.
47. Winkler	G, Bottle and top	Fix on site and store in dark	8 hours.
48. Phenols	G	Cool, ≤6 °C ¹⁸ , H₂SO₄ to pH <2	28 days.
49. Phosphorous (elemental)	G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	48 hours.

Parameter number/name	Container ¹	Preservation ^{2 3}	Maximum holding time⁴
50. Phosphorous, total	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸ , H₂SO₄ to pH <2	28 days.
53. Residue, total	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	7 days.
54. Residue, Filterable	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	7 days.
55. Residue, Nonfilterable (TSS)	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	7 days.
56. Residue, Settleable	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	48 hours.
57. Residue, Volatile	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	7 days.
61. Silica	P or Quartz	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	28 days.
64. Specific conductance	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	28 days.
65. Sulfate	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	28 days.
66. Sulfide	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 ℃ ¹⁸ , add zinc acetate plus sodium hydroxide to pH >9	7 days.
67. Sulfite	P, FP, G	None required	Analyze within 15 minutes.
68. Surfactants	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	48 hours.
69. Temperature	P, FP, G	None required	Analyze.
73. Turbidity	P, FP, G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	48 hours.
Table IC—Organic Tests: ⁸			
13, 18-20, 22, 24-28, 34-37, 39-43, 45- 47, 56, 76, 104, 105, 108-111, 113. Purgeable Halocarbons	G, FP-lined septum	Cool, ≤6 ℃ ¹⁸ , 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃ ⁵	14 days.
6, 57, 106. Purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons	G, FP-lined septum	Cool, ≤6 ℃ ¹⁸ , 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃ ⁵ , HCl to pH 2 ⁹	14 days. ⁹
3, 4. Acrolein and acrylonitrile	G, FP-lined septum	Cool, ≤6 ℃ ¹⁸ , 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃, pH to 4-5 ¹⁰	14 days. ¹⁰
23, 30, 44, 49, 53, 77, 80, 81, 98, 100, 112. Phenols ¹¹	G, FP-lined cap	Cool, ≤6 ℃ ¹⁸ , 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃	7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction.
7, 38. Benzidines ^{11 12}	G, FP-lined cap	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸ , 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃ ⁵	7 days until extraction. ¹³
14, 17, 48, 50-52. Phthalate esters ¹¹	G, FP-lined cap	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction.
82-84. Nitrosamines ^{11 14}	G, FP-lined cap	Cool, ≤6 ℃ ¹⁸ , store in dark, 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃ ⁵	7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction.
88-94. PCBs ¹¹	G, FP-lined cap	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	1 year until extraction, 1 year after extraction.

Parameter number/name	Container ¹	Preservation ²³	Maximum holding time⁴
54, 55, 75, 79. Nitroaromatics and isophorone ¹¹	G, FP-lined cap	Cool, ≤6 °C ¹⁸ , store in dark, 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃ ⁵	7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction.
1, 2, 5, 8-12, 32, 33, 58, 59, 74, 78, 99, 101. Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons ¹¹	G, FP-lined cap	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸ , store in dark, 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃ ⁵	7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction.
15, 16, 21, 31, 87. Haloethers ¹¹	G, FP-lined cap	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸ , 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃ ⁵	7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction.
29, 35-37, 63-65, 107. Chlorinated hydrocarbons ¹¹	G, FP-lined cap	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction.
60-62, 66-72, 85, 86, 95-97, 102, 103. CDDs/CDFs ¹¹			
Aqueous Samples: Field and Lab Preservation	G	Cool, ≤6 °C ¹⁸ , 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃⁵, pH <9	1 year.
Solids and Mixed-Phase Samples: Field Preservation	G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	7 days.
Tissue Samples: Field Preservation	G	Cool, ≤6 °C¹ ⁸	24 hours.
Solids, Mixed-Phase, and Tissue Samples: Lab Preservation	G	Freeze, ≤–10 ℃	1 year.
114-118. Alkylated phenols	G	Cool, <6 ℃, H₂SO₄ to pH <2	28 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction.
119. Adsorbable Organic Halides (AOX)	G	Cool, <6 ℃, 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃ HNO₃ to pH <2	Hold <i>at least</i> 3 days, but not more than 6 months.
120. Chlorinated Phenolics		Cool, <6 ℃, 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃ H₂SO₄ to pH <2	30 days until acetylation, 30 days after acetylation.
Table ID—Pesticides Tests:			
1-70. Pesticides ¹¹	G, FP-lined cap	Cool, ≤6 °C ¹⁸ , pH 5-9- ¹⁵	7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction.
Table IE—Radiological Tests:			
1-5. Alpha, beta, and radium	P, FP, G	HNO₃ to pH <2	6 months.
Table IH—Bacterial Tests:			
1. E. coli	PA, G	Cool, <10  ℃, 0.0008% Na₂S₂O₃⁵	8 hours. ²²
2. Enterococci	PA, G	Cool, <10 ℃, 0.0008% Na₂S₂O₃ ⁵	8 hours. ²²
Table IH—Protozoan Tests:			

Parameter number/name	Container ¹	Preservation ²³	Maximum holding time⁴
	LDPE; field filtration	1-10 ℃	96 hours. ²¹
	LDPE; field filtration	1-10 ℃	96 hours. ²¹

¹"P" is for polyethylene; "FP" is fluoropolymer (polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE); Teflon[®]), or other fluoropolymer, unless stated otherwise in this Table II; "G" is glass; "PA" is any plastic that is made of a sterilizable material (polypropylene or other autoclavable plastic); "LDPE" is low density polyethylene.

²Except where noted in this Table II and the method for the parameter, preserve each grab sample within 15 minutes of collection. For a composite sample collected with an automated sample (e.g., using a 24-hour composite sample; see 40 CFR 122.21(g)(7)(i) or 40 CFR Part 403, Appendix E), refrigerate the sample at  $\leq 6$  °C during collection unless specified otherwise in this Table II or in the method(s). For a composite sample to be split into separate aliquots for preservation and/or analysis, maintain the sample at  $\leq 6$  °C, unless specified otherwise in this Table II or in the method(s), until collection, splitting, and preservation is completed. Add the preservative to the sample container prior to sample collection when the preservative will not compromise the integrity of a grab sample, a composite sample, or aliquot split from a composite sample within 15 minutes of collection. If a composite measurement is required but a composite sample would compromise sample integrity, individual grab samples must be collected at prescribed time intervals (e.g., 4 samples over the course of a day, at 6-hour intervals). Grab samples must be analyzed separately and the concentrations averaged. Alternatively, grab samples may be collected in the field and composited in the laboratory if the compositing procedure produces results equivalent to results produced by arithmetic averaging of results of analysis of individual grab samples. For examples of laboratory compositing procedures, see EPA Method 1664 Rev. A (oil and grease) and the procedures at 40 CFR 141.34(f)(14)(iv) and (v) (volatile organics).

³When any sample is to be shipped by common carrier or sent via the U.S. Postal Service, it must comply with the Department of Transportation Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR part 172). The person offering such material for transportation is responsible for ensuring such compliance. For the preservation requirement of Table II, the Office of Hazardous Materials, Materials Transportation Bureau, Department of Transportation has determined that the Hazardous Materials Regulations do not apply to the following materials: Hydrochloric acid (HCl) in water solutions at concentrations of 0.04% by weight or less (pH about 1.96 or greater; Nitric acid (HNO₃) in water solutions at concentrations of 0.35% by weight or less (pH about 1.15 or greater); sulfuric acid (H₂SO₄) in water solutions at concentrations of 0.080% by weight or less (pH about 12.30 or less).

⁴Samples should be analyzed as soon as possible after collection. The times listed are the maximum times that samples may be held before the start of analysis and still be considered valid. Samples may be held for longer periods only if the permittee or monitoring laboratory has data on file to show that, for the specific types of samples under study, the analytes are stable for the longer time, and has received a variance from the Regional Administrator under Sec. 136.3(e). For a grab sample, the holding time begins at the time of collection. For a composite sample collected with an automated sampler (e.g., using a 24-hour composite sampler; see 40 CFR 122.21(g)(7)(i) or 40 CFR part 403, Appendix E), the holding time begins at the time of the end of collection of the composite sample. For a set of grab samples composited in the field or laboratory, the holding time begins at the time of collection of the last grab sample in the set. Some samples may not be stable for the maximum time period given in the table. A permittee or monitoring laboratory is obligated to hold the sample for a shorter time if it knows that a shorter time is necessary to maintain sample stability. See 136.3(e) for details. The date and time of collection of an individual grab sample is the date and time at which the sample is collected. For a set of grab samples to be composited, and that are all collected on the same calendar date, the date of collection is the date on which the samples are collected. For a set of grab samples to be composited, and that are collected across two calendar dates, the date of collection is the dates of the two days; e.g., November 14-15. For a composite sample collected automatically on a given date, the date of collection is the date on which the sample is collected. For a composite sample collected automatically, and that is collected across two calendar dates, the date of collection is the dates of the two days; e.g., November 14-15. For staticrenewal toxicity tests, each grab or composite sample may also be used to prepare test solutions for renewal at 24 h, 48 h, and/or 72 h after first use, if stored at 0-6 °C, with minimum head space.

⁵ASTM D7365-09a specifies treatment options for samples containing oxidants (e.g., chlorine). Also, Section 9060A of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater (20th and 21st editions) addresses dechlorination procedures.

⁶Sampling, preservation and mitigating interferences in water samples for analysis of cyanide are described in ASTM D7365-09a. There may be interferences that are not mitigated by the analytical test methods or D7365-09a. Any technique for removal or suppression of interference may be employed, provided the laboratory demonstrates that it more accurately measures cyanide through quality control measures described in the analytical test method. Any removal or suppression technique not described in D7365-09a or the analytical test method must be documented along with supporting data.

⁷For dissolved metals, filter grab samples within 15 minutes of collection and before adding preservatives. For a composite sample collected with an automated sampler (e.g., using a 24-hour composite sampler; see 40 CFR 122.21(g)(7)(i) or 40 CFR Part 403, Appendix E), filter the sample within 15 minutes after completion of collection and before adding preservatives. If it is known or suspected that dissolved sample integrity will be compromised during collection of a composite sample collected automatically over time (e.g., by interchange of a metal between dissolved and suspended forms), collect and filter grab samples to be composited (footnote 2) in place of a composite sample collected automatically.

⁸Guidance applies to samples to be analyzed by GC, LC, or GC/MS for specific compounds.

⁹If the sample is not adjusted to pH 2, then the sample must be analyzed within seven days of sampling.

¹⁰The pH adjustment is not required if acrolein will not be measured. Samples for acrolein receiving no pH adjustment must be analyzed within 3 days of sampling.

¹¹When the extractable analytes of concern fall within a single chemical category, the specified preservative and maximum holding times should be observed for optimum safeguard of sample integrity (*i.e.*, use all necessary preservatives and hold for the shortest time listed). When the analytes of concern fall within two or more chemical categories, the sample may be preserved by cooling to  $\leq 6$  °C, reducing residual chlorine with 0.008% sodium thiosulfate, storing in the dark, and adjusting the pH to 6-9; samples preserved in this manner may be held for seven days before extraction and for forty days after extraction. Exceptions to this optional preservation and holding time procedure are noted in footnote 5 (regarding the requirement for thiosulfate reduction), and footnotes 12, 13 (regarding the analysis of benzidine).

¹²If 1,2-diphenylhydrazine is likely to be present, adjust the pH of the sample to 4.0 ±0.2 to prevent rearrangement to benzidine.

¹³Extracts may be stored up to 30 days at <0 °C.

 $^{14}For$  the analysis of diphenylnitrosamine, add 0.008%  $Na_2S_2O_3$  and adjust pH to 7-10 with NaOH within 24 hours of sampling.

¹⁵The pH adjustment may be performed upon receipt at the laboratory and may be omitted if the samples are extracted within 72 hours of collection. For the analysis of aldrin, add 0.008%  $Na_2S_2O_3$ .

¹⁶Place sufficient ice with the samples in the shipping container to ensure that ice is still present when the samples arrive at the laboratory. However, even if ice is present when the samples arrive, immediately measure the temperature of the samples and confirm that the preservation temperature maximum has not been exceeded. In the isolated cases where it can be documented that this holding temperature cannot be met, the permittee can be given the option of on-site testing or can request a variance. The request for a variance should include supportive data which show that the toxicity of the effluent samples is not reduced because of the

increased holding temperature. Aqueous samples must not be frozen. Hand-delivered samples used on the day of collection do not need to be cooled to 0 to 6 °C prior to test initiation.

¹⁷Samples collected for the determination of trace level mercury (<100 ng/L) using EPA Method 1631 must be collected in tightly-capped fluoropolymer or glass bottles and preserved with BrCl or HCl solution within 48 hours of sample collection. The time to preservation may be extended to 28 days if a sample is oxidized in the sample bottle. A sample collected for dissolved trace level mercury should be filtered in the laboratory within 24 hours of the time of collection. However, if circumstances preclude overnight shipment, the sample should be filtered in a designated clean area in the field in accordance with procedures given in Method 1669. If sample integrity will not be maintained by shipment to and filtration in the laboratory, the sample must be filtered in a designated clean area in the field within the time period necessary to maintain sample integrity. A sample that has been collected for determination of total or dissolved trace level mercury must be analyzed within 90 days of sample collection.

¹⁸Aqueous samples must be preserved at ≤6 °C, and should not be frozen unless data demonstrating that sample freezing does not adversely impact sample integrity is maintained on file and accepted as valid by the regulatory authority. Also, for purposes of NPDES monitoring, the specification of "≤ °C" is used in place of the "4 °C" and "<4 °C" sample temperature requirements listed in some methods. It is not necessary to measure the sample temperature to three significant figures (1/100th of 1 degree); rather, three significant figures are specified so that rounding down to 6 °C may not be used to meet the ≤6 °C requirement. The preservation temperature does not apply to samples that are analyzed immediately (less than 15 minutes).

¹⁹An aqueous sample may be collected and shipped without acid preservation. However, acid must be added at least 24 hours before analysis to dissolve any metals that adsorb to the container walls. If the sample must be analyzed within 24 hours of collection, add the acid immediately (see footnote 2). Soil and sediment samples do not need to be preserved with acid. The allowances in this footnote supersede the preservation and holding time requirements in the approved metals methods.

²⁰To achieve the 28-day holding time, use the ammonium sulfate buffer solution specified in EPA Method 218.6. The allowance in this footnote supersedes preservation and holding time requirements in the approved hexavalent chromium methods, unless this supersession would compromise the measurement, in which case requirements in the method must be followed.

²¹Holding time is calculated from time of sample collection to elution for samples shipped to the laboratory in bulk and calculated from the time of sample filtration to elution for samples filtered in the field.

²²Sample analysis should begin as soon as possible after receipt; sample incubation must be started no later than 8 hours from time of collection.

²³For fecal coliform samples for sewage sludge (biosolids) only, the holding time is extended to 24 hours for the following sample types using either EPA Method 1680 (LTB-EC) or 1681 (A-1): Class A composted, Class B aerobically digested, and Class B anaerobically digested.

²⁴The immediate filtration requirement in orthophosphate measurement is to assess the dissolved or bioavailable form of orthophosphorus (*i.e.*, that which passes through a 0.45-micron filter), hence the requirement to filter the sample immediately upon collection (*i.e.*, within 15 minutes of collection).

#### [38 FR 28758, Oct. 16, 1973]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §136.3, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at *www.fdsys.gov.* 

40 CFR 136.3 TABLE IB - INORGANICS

### **Title 40: Protection of Environment**

# PART 136—GUIDELINES ESTABLISHING TEST PROCEDURES FOR THE ANALYSIS OF POLLUTANTS

### § 136.3 Identification of test procedures.

(a) Parameters or pollutants, for which methods are approved, are listed together with test procedure descriptions and references in Tables IA, IB, IC, ID, IE, IF, IG, and IH. The methods listed in Tables IA, IB, IC, ID, IE, IF, IG, and IH are incorporated by reference, see paragraph (b) of this section, with the exception of EPA Methods 200.7, 601-613, 624, 625, 1613, 1624, and 1625. The full texts of Methods 601-613, 624, 625, 1613, 1624, and 1625 are printed in appendix A of this part 136, and the full text of Method 200.7 is printed in appendix C of this part 136. The full text for determining the method detection limit when using the test procedures is given in appendix B of this part 136. The full text of Method 200.7 is printed in appendix C of this part 136. In the event of a conflict between the reporting requirements of 40 CFR Parts 122 and 125 and any reporting requirements associated with the methods listed in these tables, the provisions of 40 CFR Parts 122 and 125 are controlling and will determine a permittee's reporting requirements. The full text of the referenced test procedures are incorporated by reference into Tables IA, IB, IC, ID, IE, IF, IG, and IH. The discharge parameter values for which reports are required must be determined by one of the standard analytical test procedures incorporated by reference and described in Tables IA, IB, IC, ID, IE, IF, IG, and IH or by any alternate test procedure which has been approved by the Administrator under the provisions of paragraph (d) of this section and §§ 136.4 and 136.5. Under certain circumstances paragraph (c) of this section, § 136.5(a) through (d) or 40 CFR 401.13, other additional or alternate test procedures may be used.

### TABLE IB—LIST OF APPROVED INORGANIC TEST PROCEDURES

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
1. Acidity, as CaCO ₃ , mg/L	Electrometric endpoint or phenolphthalein endpoint		2310 B- 1997	D1067- 06	I-1020-85. ²
2. Alkalinity, as CaCO₃, mg/L	Electrometric or Colorimetric titration to pH 4.5, Manual		2320 B- 1997		973.43 ³ , I-1030- 85. ²
	Automatic	310.2 (Rev. 1974) ¹			I-2030-85. ²
3. Aluminum— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration ³⁶		3111 D- 1999 or 3111 E- 1999		I-3051-85. ²
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004		
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999	D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	Direct Current Plasma (DCP) ³⁶			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
	Colorimetric (Eriochrome cyanine R)		3500-Al B-2001		
4. Ammonia (as N), mg/L	Manual distillation ⁶ or gas diffusion (pH > 11), followed by any of the following:	(1993)	4500- NH₃B- 1997		973.49 ³ .
	Nesslerization			D1426- 08 (A)	973.49 ³ , I-3520-85. ²

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods		USGS/AOAC/Other
	Titration		4500- NH₃C- 1997		
	Electrode		4500- NH₃D- 1997 or E-1997	D1426- 08 (B)	
	Manual phenate, salicylate, or other substituted phenols in Berthelot reaction based methods		4500- NH₃F- 1997		See footnote. ⁶⁰
	Automated phenate, salicylate, or other substituted phenols in Berthelot reaction based methods	350.1 ³⁰ , Rev. 2.0 (1993)	4500- NH₃G- 1997 4500- NH₃H- 1997.		I-4523-85. ²
	Automated electrode	lon Chromatography	,	D6919- 09	See footnote. ⁷
5. Antimony— Total, ⁴ mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration ³⁶		3111 B- 1999		
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004		
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999	D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14, ³ l-4471-97. ⁵⁰
6. Arsenic- Total, ⁴ mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:	206.5 (Issued 1978) ¹			
	AA gaseous hydride		3114 B- 2009 or	D2972- 08 (B)	I-3062-85. ²

Parameter	Methodology ⁵⁸	EPA 52	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
			3114 C- 2009		
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004	D2972- 08 (C)	I-4063-98. ⁴⁹
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999	D1976- 07	
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4020-05. ⁷⁰
	Colorimetric (SDDC)		3500-As B-1997	D2972- 08 (A)	I-3060-85. ²
7. Barium- Total, ⁴ mg/L	Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration ³⁶		3111 D- 1999		I-3084-85. ²
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004	D4382- 02(07)	
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999		I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	DCP ³⁶				See footnote. ³⁴
8. Beryllium— Total, ⁴ mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration		3111 D- 1999 or 3111 E- 1999	D3645- 08 (A)	I-3095-85. ²
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004	D3645- 08 (B)	
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods		USGS/AOAC/Other
	ICP/AES	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)		D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)		D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	DCP			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
	Colorimetric (aluminon)		See footnote ⁶¹		
9. Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5), mg/L	Dissolved Oxygen Depletion		5210 B- 2001		973.44 ³ , p. 17. ⁹ , l- 1578-78, ⁸ See footnote. ^{10,63}
10. Boron— Total, ³⁷ mg/L	Colorimetric (curcumin)		4500-В В -2000		I-3112-85. ²
	ICP/AES	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999	D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)		D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	DCP			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
11. Bromide, mg/L	Electrode			D1246- 05	l-1125-85. ²
	Ion Chromatography	300.0, Rev 2.1 (1993) and 300.1-1, Rev 1.0 (1997)	2000, C-	D4327- 03	993.30. ³
	CIE/UV			D6508- 00(05)	D6508, Rev. 2. ⁵⁴
12. Cadmium— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration ³⁶		1999 or 3111	02(07)	974.27, ³ p. 37. ⁹ , l- 3135-85 ² or l-3136- 85. ²
	AA furnace		3113 B-	D3557-	I-4138-89. ⁵¹

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
			2004	02(07) (D)	
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)			I-1472-85 ² or I- 4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	DCP ³⁶			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
	Voltametry ¹¹			D3557- 02(07) (C)	
	Colorimetric (Dithizone)		3500-Cd- D-1990		
13. Calcium— Total, ⁴ mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration			D511- 08(B)	I-3152-85. ²
	ICP/AES	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999		I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14. ³
	DCP				See footnote. ³⁴
	Titrimetric (EDTA)			D511- 08 (A)	
	Ion Chromatography			D6919- 09	
14. Carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand (CBOD₅), mg/L ¹²	Dissolved Oxygen Depletion with nitrification inhibitor		5210 B- 2001		See footnote. ^{35,63}

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
15. Chemical oxygen demand (COD), mg/L	Titrimetric	410.3 (Rev. 1978) ¹			973.46, ³ p. 17, ⁹ l- 3560-85. ²
	Spectrophotometric, manual or automatic	410.4, Rev. 2.0 (1993)	5220 D- 1997		See footnotes. ^{13,14} I- 3561-85. ²
16. Chloride, mg/L	Titrimetric: (silver nitrate)		4500- Cl⁻B-1997		I-1183-85. ²
	(Mercuric nitrate)		4500- Cl⁻C-1997		973.51, ³ l-1184-85. ²
	Colorimetric: manual				I-1187-85. ²
	Automated (Ferricyanide)		4500- Cl⁻E-1997		I-2187-85. ²
	Potentiometric Titration		4500- Cl⁻D-1997		
	lon Selective Electrode			D512- 04 (C)	
	Ion Chromatography		2000 or	D4327- 03	993.30 ³ , I-2057- 90. ⁵¹
	CIE/UV		4140 B- 1997	D6508- 00(05)	D6508, Rev. 2. ⁵⁴
17. Chlorine- Total residual, mg/L	Amperometric direct		4500-CI D-2000	D1253- 08	
	Amperometric direct (low level)		4500-Cl E-2000		
	lodometric direct		4500-Cl B-2000		
	Back titration ether end-point ¹⁵		4500-Cl C-2000		
	DPD-FAS		4500-Cl F-2000		
	Spectrophotometric, DPD		4500-Cl G-2000		

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
	Electrode				See footnote. ¹⁶
17A. Chlorine- Free Available, mg/L	Amperometric direct		4500-CI D-2000	D1253- 08	
	Amperometric direct (low level)		4500-CI E-2000		
	DPD-FAS		4500-Cl F-2000		
	Spectrophotometric, DPD		4500-Cl G-2000		
	0.45-micron Filtration followed by any of the following:				
	AA chelation- extraction		3111 C- 1999		I-1232-85. ²
	Ion Chromatography	218.6, Rev. 3.3 (1994)	3500-Cr C-2009	D5257- 03	993.23.
	Colorimetric (Diphenyl-carbazide)		3500-Cr B-2009	D1687- 02(07) (A)	I-1230-85. ²
19. Chromium— Total, ⁴ mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration ³⁶		3111 B- 1999	D1687- 02(07) (B)	974.27, ³ I-3236-85. ²
	AA chelation- extraction		3111 C- 1999		
AA furnace	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004	D1687- 02(07) (C)	I-3233-93. ⁴⁶
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003), ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999	D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰

Parameter	Methodology ⁵⁸	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4020-05. ⁷⁰
	DCP ³⁶			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
	Colorimetric (Diphenyl-carbazide)		3500-Cr B-2009		
20. Cobalt— Total, ⁴ mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration		1999 or	D3558- 08 (A or B)	p. 37, ⁹ I-3239-85. ²
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004	D3558- 08 (C)	I-4243-89. ⁵¹
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)		D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)		D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4020-05. ⁷⁰
	DCP			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
21. Color, platinum cobalt units or dominant wavelength, hue, luminance purity	Colorimetric (ADMI)				See footnote. ¹⁸
	(Platinum cobalt)		2120 B- 2001		I-1250-85. ²
	Spectrophotometric				
22. Copper— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration ³⁶		3111 B- 1999 or	D1688- 07 (A	974.27, ³ p. 37, ⁹ l- 3270-85 ² or l-3271-

Parameter	Methodology ⁵⁸	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods		USGS/AOAC/Other
			3111 C- 1999	or B)	85. ²
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004	D1688- 07 (C)	I-4274-89. ⁵¹
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)		D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4020-05. ⁷⁰
	DCP ³⁶			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
	Colorimetric (Neocuproine)		3500-Cu B-1999		
	(Bathocuproine)		3500-Cu C-1999		See footnote. ¹⁹
23. Cyanide— Total, mg/L	Automated UV digestion/distillation and Colorimetry				Kelada-01. ⁵⁵
	Segmented Flow Injection, In-Line Ultraviolet Digestion, followed by gas diffusion amperometry			D7511- 09	
	Manual distillation with MgCl ₂ , followed by any of the following:	335.4, Rev. 1.0 (1993) ⁵⁷	4500- CN⁻B- 1999 or C-1999	D2036- 09(A), D7284- 08	10-204-00-1-X. ⁵⁶
	Flow Injection, gas diffusion amperometry			D2036- 09(A) D7284- 08	
	Titrimetric		4500- CN⁻D- 1999	D2036- 09(A)	p. 22. ⁹

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA 52	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
	Spectrophotometric, manual		4500- CN⁻E- 1999	D2036- 09(A)	I-3300-85. ²
	Semi-Automated ²⁰	335.4, Rev. 1.0 (1993) ⁵⁷			10-204-00-1-X, ⁵⁶ l- 4302-85. ²
	Ion Chromatography			D2036- 09(A)	
	Ion Selective Electrode		4500- CN⁻F- 1999	D2036- 09(A)	
24. Cyanide- Available, mg/L	Cyanide Amenable to Chlorination (CATC); Manual distillation with MgCl ₂ , followed by Titrimetric or Spectrophotometric		4500- CN⁻G- 1999	D2036- 09(B)	
	Flow injection and ligand exchange, followed by gas diffusion amperometry ⁵⁹			D6888- 09	OIA-1677-09. ⁴⁴
	Automated Distillation and Colorimetry (no UV digestion)				Kelada-01. ⁵⁵
24.A Cyanide- Free, mg/L	Flow Injection, followed by gas diffusion amperometry			D7237- 10	OIA-1677-09. ⁴⁴
	Manual micro-diffusion and colorimetry			D4282- 02	
25. Fluoride— Total, mg/L	Manual distillation, ⁶ followed by any of the following:		4500-F⁻B- 1997		
	Electrode, manual		4500-F [−] C- 1997	D1179- 04 (B)	
	Electrode, automated				I-4327-85. ²
	Colorimetric, (SPADNS)		4500-F [−] D- 1997	D1179- 04 (A)	

Parameter	Methodology ⁵⁸	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods		USGS/AOAC/Other
	Automated complexone		4500-F [−] E- 1997		
	Ion Chromatography	· ·	4110 B- 2000 or C-2000	D4327- 03	993.30. ³
	CIE/UV		4140 B- 1997	D6508- 00(05)	D6508, Rev. 2. ⁵⁴
26. Gold— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration		3111 B- 1999		
	AA furnace	231.2 (Issued 1978) ¹	3113 B- 2004		
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14. ³
	DCP				See footnote. ³⁴
27. Hardness— Total, as CaCO ₃ , mg/L		130.1 (Issued 1971) ¹			
	Titrimetric (EDTA)		2340 C- 1997	D1126- 02(07)	973.52B, ³ l-1338- 85. ²
	Ca plus Mg as their carbonates, by inductively coupled plasma or AA direct aspiration. (See Parameters 13 and 33).		2340 B- 1997		
28. Hydrogen ion (pH), pH units	Electrometric measurement		4500- H⁺B-2000		973.41, ³ l-1586-85. ²
	Automated electrode	150.2 (Dec. 1982) ¹			See footnote, ²¹ I- 2587-85. ²
29. Iridium— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				

Parameter	Methodology ⁵⁸	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
	AA direct aspiration		3111 B- 1999		
	AA furnace	235.2 (Issued 1978) ¹			
	ICP/MS		3125 B- 2009		
30. Iron— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration ³⁶			D1068- 05 (A or B)	974.27, ³ I-3381-85. ²
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004	D1068- 05 (C)	
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999	D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14. ³
	DCP ³⁶			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
	Colorimetric (Phenanthroline)		3500-Fe- 1997	D1068- 05 (D)	See footnote. ²²
31. Kjeldahl Nitrogen ⁵ — Total, (as N), mg/L	Manual digestion ²⁰ and distillation or gas diffusion, followed by any of the following:		4500- N _{org} B- 1997 or C-1997 and 4500- NH ₃ B- 1997	D3590- 02(06) (A)	I-4515-91. ⁴⁵
	Titration		4500- NH₃C- 1997		973.48. ³
	Nesslerization			D1426-	

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA 52	Standard methods		USGS/AOAC/Other
	Electrode		4500-	08 (A) D1426- 08 (B)	
	Semi-automated phenate	350.1 Rev 2.0 1993	4500- NH₃G- 1997. 4500- NH₃H- 1997		
	Manual phenate, salicylate, or other substituted phenols in Berthelot reaction based methods		4500- NH₃F- 1997		See footnote. ⁶⁰
	Automated Meth	ods for TKN that	do not requ	uire mar	nual distillation
	Automated phenate, salicylate, or other substituted phenols in Berthelot reaction based methods colorimetric (auto digestion and distillation)	351.1 (Rev. 1978) ¹			I-4551-78. ⁸
	Semi-automated block digestor colorimetric (distillation not required)	351.2, Rev. 2.0 (1993)	4500- N _{org} D- 1997	D3590- 02(06) (B)	I-4515-91. ⁴⁵
	Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration				See footnote. ³⁹
	Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Nesslerization				See footnote. ⁴⁰
	Block Digester,				See footnote. ⁴¹

Parameter	Methodology ⁵⁸	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods		USGS/AOAC/Other
	followed by Flow injection gas diffusion (distillation not required)				
32. Lead— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration ³⁶		3111 B- 1999 or 3111 C- 1999.	D3559- 08 (A or B)	974.27, ³ I-3399-85. ²
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004	D3559- 08 (D)	I-4403-89. ⁵¹
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999	D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	DCP ³⁶			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
	Voltametry ¹¹			D3559- 08 (C)	
	Colorimetric (Dithizone)		3500-Pb B-1997		
33. Magnesium— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration		3111 B- 1999	D511- 08 (B)	974.27, ³ I-3447-85. ²
	ICP/AES	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999	D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14. ³
	DCP				See footnote. ³⁴

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA 52	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
	Gravimetric				
	Ion Chromatography			D6919- 09	
34. Manganese— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration ³⁶		3111 B- 1999	D858- 07 (A or B)	974.27, ³ I-3454-85. ²
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004	D858- 07 (C)	
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)		D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	DCP ³⁶			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
	Colorimetric (Persulfate)		3500-Mn B-1999		920.203. ³
	(Periodate)				See footnote. ²³
35. Mercury— Total,⁴mg/L	Cold vapor, Manual	245.1, Rev. 3.0 (1994)	3112 B- 2009	D3223- 02(07)	977.22, ³ I-3462-85. ²
	Cold vapor, Automated	245.2 (Issued 1974) ¹			
	Cold vapor atomic fluorescence spectrometry (CVAFS)	245.7 Rev. 2.0 (2005) ¹⁷			I-4464-01. ⁷¹
	Purge and Trap CVAFS	1631E ⁴³			
36. Molybdenum— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following:				

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
	AA direct aspiration		3111 D- 1999		I-3490-85. ²
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004		I-3492-96. ⁴⁷
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)		D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	DCP				See footnote. ³⁴
37. Nickel— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration ³⁶		1999 or	D1886- 08 (A or B)	I-3499-85. ²
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004	D1886- 08 (C)	I-4503-89. ⁵¹
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999	D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14, ³ I-4020-05. ⁷⁰
	DCP ³⁶			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
38. Nitrate (as N), mg/L	Ion Chromatography	300.0, Rev 2.1 (1993) and 300.1-1, Rev 1.0 (1997)	2000 or	D4327- 03	993.30. ³
	CIE/UV		4140 B- 1997	D6508- 00(05)	D6508, Rev. 2. ⁵⁴
	Ion Selective Electrode		4500- NO₃ [−] D- 2000		

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA 52	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
	Colorimetric (Brucine sulfate)	352.1 (Issued 1971) ¹			973.50, ³ 419D ^{1,7} , p. 28. ⁹
	Nitrate-nitrite N minus Nitrite N (See parameters 39 and 40)				See footnote. ⁶²
	Cadmium reduction, Manual			D3867- 04 (B)	
	Cadmium reduction, Automated	353.2, Rev. 2.0 (1993)	4500- NO₃ [−] F- 2000	D3867- 04 (A)	I-2545-90. ⁵¹
	Automated hydrazine		4500- NO₃ [−] H- 2000		
	Reduction/Colorimetric	,			See footnote.62
	Ion Chromatography	,	2000 or	D4327- 03	993.30. ³
	CIE/UV		4140 B- 1997	D6508- 00(05)	D6508, Rev. 2. ⁵⁴
	Spectrophotometric: Manual		4500- NO₂ [−] B- 2000		See footnote. ²⁵
	Automated (Diazotization)				I-4540-85 ² , See footnote. ⁶²
	Automated (*bypass cadmium reduction)	353.2, Rev. 2.0 (1993)	4500- NO₃ [−] F- 2000	D3867- 04 (A)	I-4545-85. ²
	Manual (*bypass cadmium reduction)			D3867- 04 (B)	
	Ion Chromatography	,	2000 or	D4327- 03	993.30. ³

Parameter	Methodology ⁵⁸	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
	CIE/UV		4140 B- 1997	D6508- 00(05)	D6508, Rev. 2. ⁵⁴
41. Oil and grease—Total recoverable, mg/L	Hexane extractable material (HEM): n- Hexane extraction and gravimetry	1664 Rev. A; 1664 Rev. B ⁴²	5520 B- 2001 ³⁸		
	Silica gel treated HEM (SGT-HEM): Silica gel treatment and gravimetry	1664 Rev. A; 1664 Rev. B ⁴²	5520 B- 2001 ³⁸ and 5520 F- 2001 ³⁸		
42. Organic carbon—Total (TOC), mg/L	Combustion		5310 B- 2000	D7573- 09	973.47 ³ , p. 14. ²⁴
	Heated persulfate or UV persulfate oxidation			D4839- 03	973.47 ^{3,} , p. 14. ²⁴
43. Organic nitrogen (as N), mg/L	Total Kjeldahl N (Parameter 31) minus ammonia N (Parameter 4)				
44. Ortho- phosphate (as P), mg/L		Ascorbic acid method:			
	Automated	365.1, Rev. 2.0 (1993)	4500-P F- 1999 or G-1999		973.56 ³ , I-4601-85. ²
	Manual single reagent		4500-P E- 1999	D515- 88(A)	973.55. ³
	Manual two reagent	365.3 (Issued 1978) ¹			
	Ion Chromatography	300.0, Rev 2.1 (1993) and 300.1-1, Rev 1.0 (1997)	2000 or	D4327- 03	993.30. ³
	CIE/UV			D6508- 00(05)	D6508, Rev. 2. ⁵⁴

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
45. Osmium— Total⁴, mg/L	Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration,		3111 D- 1999		
	AA furnace	252.2 (Issued 1978) ¹			
46. Oxygen, dissolved, mg/L	Winkler (Azide modification)		4500-O B- 2001, C- 2001, D- 2001, E- 2001, F- 2001	D888- 09 (A)	973.45B ³ , I-1575- 78. ⁸
	Electrode			D888- 09 (B)	I-1576-78. ⁸
	Luminescence Based Sensor				See footnote ⁶³ See footnote. ⁶⁴
47. Palladium— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration		3111 B- 1999		
	AA furnace	253.2 ¹ (Issued 1978)			
	ICP/MS		3125 B- 2009		
	DCP				See footnote. ³⁴
48. Phenols, mg/L	Manual distillation ²⁶ , followed by any of the following:	420.1 ¹ (Rev. 1978)		D1783- 01	
	Colorimetric (4AAP) manual	420.1 ¹ (Rev. 1978)	07	D1783- 01 (A or B)	
	Automated colorimetric (4AAP)	420.4 Rev. 1.0 (1993)			
49. Phosphorus (elemental), mg/L	Gas-liquid chromatography T 136—GUIDELINES ESTABLISI				See footnote. ²⁸

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Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
50. Phosphorus— Total, mg/L	Digestion ²⁰ , followed by any of the following:		4500-P B(5)-1999		973.55. ³
	Manual	365.3 ¹ (Issued 1978)	4500-P E- 1999	D515- 88 (A)	
		365.1 Rev. 2.0 (1993)	4500-P F- 1999, G- 1999, H- 1999		973.56 ³ , I-4600-85. ²
	ICP/AES ^{4, 36}	200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999		I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	Semi-automated block digestor (TKP digestion)	365.4 ¹ (Issued 1974)		D515- 88 (B)	I-4610-91. ⁴⁸
51. Platinum— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration		3111 B- 1999		
	AA furnace	255.2 (Issued 1978) ¹			
	ICP/MS		3125 B- 2009		
	DCP				See footnote. ³⁴
52. Potassium— Total,⁴mg/L	<ul> <li>Digestion⁴, followed by any of the following:</li> </ul>				
	AA direct aspiration		3111 B- 1999		973.53 ³ , I-3630-85. ²
	ICP/AES	200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999		
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14. ³
	Flame photometric		3500-K B- 1997		
	Electrode		3500-K C- 1997		

Parameter	Methodology ⁵⁸	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
	Ion Chromatography			D6919- 09	
53. Residue— Total, mg/L	Gravimetric, 103-105°		2540 B- 1997		I-3750-85. ²
54. Residue— filterable, mg/L	Gravimetric, 180°		2540 C- 1997	D5907- 03	I-1750-85. ²
55. Residue— non-filterable (TSS), mg/L	Gravimetric, 103-105° post washing of residue		2540 D- 1997	D5907- 03	I-3765-85. ²
56. Residue— settleable, mg/L	Volumetric, (Imhoff cone), or gravimetric		2540 F- 1997		
57. Residue— Volatile, mg/L	Gravimetric, 550°	160.4 (Issued 1971) ¹	2540-E- 1997		I-3753-85. ²
58. Rhodium— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration, or		3111 B- 1999		
	AA furnace	265.2 (Issued 1978) ¹			
	ICP/MS		3125 B- 2009		
59. Ruthenium— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration, or		3111 B- 1999		
	AA furnace	267.2 ¹			
	ICP/MS		3125 B- 2009		
60. Selenium— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following:				
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004	D3859- 08 (B)	I-4668-98. ⁴⁹
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			

Parameter	Methodology ⁵⁸	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)		D1976- 07	
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14 ³ , I-4020- 05. ⁷⁰
	AA gaseous hydride			D3859- 08 (A)	I-3667-85. ²
	0.45-micron filtration followed by any of the following:				
	Colorimetric, Manual		4500- SiO₂C- 1997	D859- 05	I-1700-85. ²
	Automated (Molybdosilicate)		4500- SiO₂E- 1997 or F- 1997		I-2700-85. ²
	ICP/AES	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999		I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
		200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)		D5673- 05	993.14. ³
62. Silver— Total, ^{4, 31} mg/L	Digestion ^{4, 29} , followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration		3111 B- 1999 or 3111 C- 1999		974.27 ³ , p. 37 ⁹ , l- 3720-85. ²
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004		I-4724-89. ⁵¹
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7,		D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods		USGS/AOAC/Other
		Rev. 4.4 (1994)			
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14 ³ , I-4471- 97. ⁵⁰
	DCP				See footnote. ³⁴
63. Sodium— Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion ^{4,} , followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration		3111 B- 1999		973.54 ³ , I-3735-85. ²
	ICP/AES	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999		I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14. ³
	DCP				See footnote. ³⁴
	Flame photometric		3500-Na B-1997		
	Ion Chromatography			D6919- 09	
64. Specific conductance, micromhos/cm at 25 ℃	Wheatstone bridge	120.1 ¹ (Rev. 1982)	2510 B- 1997	D1125- 95(99) (A)	973.40 ³ , I-2781-85. ²
65. Sulfate (as SO ₄ ), mg/L	Automated colorimetric	375.2, Rev. 2.0 (1993)	4500- SO₄ ²⁻ F- 1997 or G-1997		
	Gravimetric		4500- SO₄ ²⁻ C- 1997 or D-1997		925.54. ³
	Turbidimetric		4500- SO₄ ²⁻ E- 1997	D516- 07	
	Ion Chromatography	300.0, Rev 2.1 (1993) and	4110 B- 2000 or	D4327- 03	993.30 ³ , I-4020- 05. ⁷⁰

Parameter	Methodology ⁵⁸	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
		300.1-1, Rev 1.0 (1997)	C-2000		
	CIE/UV			D6508- 00(05)	D6508, Rev. 2. ⁵⁴
66. Sulfide (as S), mg/L	Sample Pretreatment		4500- S ^{2−} B, C- 2000		
	Titrimetric (iodine)		4500- S ²⁻ F-2000		I-3840-85. ²
	Colorimetric (methylene blue)		4500- S ^{2−} D- 2000		
	Ion Selective Electrode			D4658- 08	
67. Sulfite (as SO ₃ ), mg/L	Titrimetric (iodine- iodate)		4500- SO₃ ^{2−} B- 2000		
68. Surfactants, mg/L	Colorimetric (methylene blue)			D2330- 02	
69. Temperature, ℃	Thermometric		2550 B- 2000		See footnote. ³²
70. Thallium- Total, ⁴ mg/L	Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration		3111 B- 1999		
	AA furnace	279.2 ¹ (Issued 1978)	3113 B- 2004		
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES	200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994); 200.5 Rev. 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸		D1976- 07	
	ICP/MS 136—GUIDELINES ESTABLISH	(1994)	2009	05	993.14 ³ , I-4471- 97. ⁵⁰

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods	ASTM	USGS/AOAC/Other
71. Tin- Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration		3111 B- 1999		I-3850-78. ⁸
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004		
	STGFAA	200.9, Rev. 2.2 (1994)			
	ICP/AES	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)			
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14. ³
72. Titanium- Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion ⁴ followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration		3111 D- 1999		
	AA furnace	283.2 ¹ (Issued 1978)			
	ICP/AES	200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)			
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14. ³
	DCP				See footnote. ³⁴
73. Turbidity, NTU ⁵³	Nephelometric	180.1, Rev. 2.0 (1993)	2130 B- 2001	D1889- 00	I-3860-85. ² See footnote. ⁶⁵ See footnote. ⁶⁶ See footnote. ⁶⁷
74. Vanadium- Total,⁴mg/L	Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration		3111 D- 1999		
	AA furnace		3113 B- 2004	D3373- 03(07)	
	ICP/AES	200.5, Rev 4.2	3120 B-	D1976-	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰

Parameter	Methodology 58	EPA ⁵²	Standard methods		USGS/AOAC/Other
		(2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	1999	07	
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14 ³ , I-4020- 05. ⁷⁰
	DCP			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
	Colorimetric (Gallic Acid)		3500-V B- 1997		
75. Zinc-Total⁴, mg/L	Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following:				
	AA direct aspiration ³⁶		1999 or	D1691- 02(07) (A or B)	974.27 ³ , p. 37 ⁹ , l- 3900-85. ²
	AA furnace	289.2 ¹ (Issued 1978)			
	ICP/AES ³⁶	200.5, Rev 4.2 (2003) ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 (1994)	3120 B- 1999	D1976- 07	I-4471-97. ⁵⁰
	ICP/MS	200.8, Rev. 5.4 (1994)	3125 B- 2009	D5673- 05	993.14 ³ , I-4020- 05. ⁷⁰
	DCP ³⁶			D4190- 08	See footnote. ³⁴
	Colorimetric (Zincon)		3500 Zn B-1997		See footnote. ³³
76. Acid Mine Drainage		1627 ⁶⁹			

## Table IB Notes:

¹ Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes, EPA-600/4-79-020. Revised March 1983 and 1979, where applicable. U.S. EPA.

² Methods for Analysis of Inorganic Substances in Water and Fluvial Sediments, Techniques of Water-Resource Investigations of the U.S. Geological Survey, Book 5, Chapter A1., unless otherwise stated. 1989. USGS.

³ Official Methods of Analysis of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists, Methods Manual, Sixteenth Edition, 4th Revision, 1998. AOAC International.

⁴ For the determination of total metals (which are equivalent to total recoverable metals) the sample is not filtered before processing. A digestion procedure is required to solubilize analytes in suspended material and to break down organic-metal complexes (to convert the analyte to a detectable form for colorimetric analysis). For non-platform graphite furnace atomic absorption determinations a digestion using nitric acid (as specified in Section 4.1.3 of Methods for the Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes) is required prior to analysis. The procedure used should subject the sample to gentle, acid refluxing and at no time should the sample be taken to drvness. For direct aspiration flame atomic absorption determinations (FLAA) a combination acid (nitric and hydrochloric acids) digestion is preferred prior to analysis. The approved total recoverable digestion is described as Method 200.2 in Supplement I of "Methods for the Determination of Metals in Environmental Samples" EPA/600R-94/111, May, 1994, and is reproduced in EPA Methods 200.7, 200.8, and 200.9 from the same Supplement. However, when using the gaseous hydride technique or for the determination of certain elements such as antimony, arsenic, selenium, silver, and tin by non-EPA graphite furnace atomic absorption methods, mercury by cold vapor atomic absorption, the noble metals and titanium by FLAA, a specific or modified sample digestion procedure may be required and in all cases the referenced method write-up should be consulted for specific instruction and/or cautions. For analyses using inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry (ICP-AES), the direct current plasma (DCP) technique or the EPA spectrochemical techniques (platform furnace AA, ICP-AES, and ICP-MS) use EPA Method 200.2 or an approved alternate procedure (e.g., CEM microwave digestion, which may be used with certain analytes as indicated in Table IB); the total recoverable digestion procedures in EPA Methods 200.7, 200.8, and 200.9 may be used for those respective methods. Regardless of the digestion procedure, the results of the analysis after digestion procedure are reported as "total" metals.

⁵ Copper sulfate or other catalysts that have been found suitable may be used in place of mercuric sulfate.

⁶ Manual distillation is not required if comparability data on representative effluent samples are on file to show that this preliminary distillation step is not necessary: however, manual distillation will be required to resolve any controversies. In general, the analytical method should be consulted regarding the need for distillation. If the method is not clear, the laboratory may compare a minimum of 9 different sample matrices to evaluate the need for distillation. For each matrix, a matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate are analyzed both with and without the distillation step. (A total of 36 samples, assuming 9 matrices). If results are comparable, the laboratory may dispense with the distillation step for future analysis. Comparable is defined as < 20% RPD for all tested matrices). Alternatively the two populations of spike recovery percentages may be compared using a recognized statistical test.

⁷ Industrial Method Number 379-75 WE Ammonia, Automated Electrode Method, Technicon Auto Analyzer II. February 19, 1976. Bran & Luebbe Analyzing Technologies Inc.

⁸ The approved method is that cited in Methods for Determination of Inorganic Substances in Water and Fluvial Sediments, Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations of the U.S. Geological Survey, Book 5, Chapter A1. 1979. USGS.

⁹ American National Standard on Photographic Processing Effluents. April 2, 1975. American National Standards Institute.

¹⁰ In-Situ Method 1003-8-2009, Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) Measurement by Optical Probe. 2009. In-Situ Incorporated.

¹¹ The use of normal and differential pulse voltage ramps to increase sensitivity and resolution is acceptable.

¹² Carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand (CBOD₅) must not be confused with the traditional BOD₅test method which measures "total BOD." The addition of the nitrification inhibitor is not a procedural option, but must be included to report the CBOD₅parameter. A discharger whose permit requires reporting the traditional BOD₅may not use a nitrification inhibitor in the procedure for reporting the results. Only when a discharger's permit specifically states CBOD₅ is required can the permittee report data using a nitrification inhibitor.

¹³ OIC Chemical Oxygen Demand Method. 1978. Oceanography International Corporation.

¹⁴ Method 8000, Chemical Oxygen Demand, Hach Handbook of Water Analysis, 1979. Hach Company.

¹⁵ The back titration method will be used to resolve controversy.

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¹⁶ Orion Research Instruction Manual, Residual Chlorine Electrode Model 97-70. 1977. Orion Research Incorporated. The calibration graph for the Orion residual chlorine method must be derived using a reagent blank and three standard solutions, containing 0.2, 1.0, and 5.0 mL 0.00281 N potassium iodate/100 mL solution, respectively.

¹⁷ Method 245.7, Mercury in Water by Cold Vapor Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry, EPA-821-R-05-001. Revision 2.0, February 2005. US EPA.

¹⁸ National Council of the Paper Industry for Air and Stream Improvement (NCASI) Technical Bulletin 253, December 1971.

¹⁹ Method 8506, Biocinchoninate Method for Copper, Hach Handbook of Water Analysis. 1979. Hach Company.

²⁰ When using a method with block digestion, this treatment is not required.

²¹ Industrial Method Number 378-75WA, Hydrogen ion (pH) Automated Electrode Method, Bran & Luebbe (Technicon) Autoanalyzer II. October 1976. Bran & Luebbe Analyzing Technologies.

²² Method 8008, 1,10-Phenanthroline Method using FerroVer Iron Reagent for Water. 1980. Hach Company.

²³ Method 8034, Periodate Oxidation Method for Manganese, Hach Handbook of Wastewater Analysis. 1979. Hach Company.

²⁴ Methods for Analysis of Organic Substances in Water and Fluvial Sediments, Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations of the U.S. Geological Survey, Book 5, Chapter A3, (1972 Revised 1987) p. 14. 1987. USGS.

²⁵ Method 8507, Nitrogen, Nitrite-Low Range, Diazotization Method for Water and Wastewater. 1979. Hach Company.

²⁶ Just prior to distillation, adjust the sulfuric-acid-preserved sample to pH 4 with 1 + 9 NaOH.

²⁷ The colorimetric reaction must be conducted at a pH of  $10.0 \pm 0.2$ .

²⁸ Addison, R.F., and R.G. Ackman. 1970. Direct Determination of Elemental Phosphorus by Gas-Liquid Chromatography, *Journal of Chromatography*, 47(3):421-426.

²⁹ Approved methods for the analysis of silver in industrial wastewaters at concentrations of 1 mg/L and above are inadequate where silver exists as an inorganic halide. Silver halides such as the bromide and chloride are relatively insoluble in reagents such as nitric acid but are readily soluble in an aqueous buffer of sodium thiosulfate and sodium hydroxide to pH of 12. Therefore, for levels of silver above 1 mg/L, 20 mL of sample should be diluted to 100 mL by adding 40 mL each of 2 M Na₂S₂O₃and NaOH. Standards should be prepared in the same manner. For levels of silver below 1 mg/L the approved method is satisfactory.

³⁰ The use of EDTA decreases method sensitivity. Analysts may omit EDTA or replace with another suitable complexing reagent provided that all method specified quality control acceptance criteria are met.

³¹ For samples known or suspected to contain high levels of silver (e.g., in excess of 4 mg/L), cyanogen iodide should be used to keep the silver in solution for analysis. Prepare a cyanogen iodide solution by adding 4.0 mL of concentrated NH₄OH, 6.5 g of KCN, and 5.0 mL of a 1.0 N solution of I2 to 50 mL of reagent water in a volumetric flask and dilute to 100.0 mL. After digestion of the sample, adjust the pH of the digestate to >7 to prevent the formation of HCN under acidic conditions. Add 1 mL of the cyanogen iodide solution to the sample digestate and adjust the volume to 100 mL with reagent water (NOT acid). If cyanogen iodide is added to sample digestates, then silver standards must be prepared that contain cyanogen iodide as well. Prepare working standards by diluting a small volume of a silver stock solution with water and adjusting the pH>7 with NH₄OH. Add 1 mL of the cyanogen iodide solution and let stand 1 hour. Transfer to a 100-mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with water.

³² "Water Temperature-Influential Factors, Field Measurement and Data Presentation," Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations of the U.S. Geological Survey, Book 1, Chapter D1. 1975. USGS.

³³ Method 8009, Zincon Method for Zinc, Hach Handbook of Water Analysis, 1979. Hach Company.

³⁴ Method AES0029, Direct Current Plasma (DCP) Optical Emission Spectrometric Method for Trace Elemental Analysis of Water and Wastes. 1986-Revised 1991. Thermo Jarrell Ash Corporation.

³⁵ In-Situ Method 1004-8-2009, Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD) Measurement by Optical Probe. 2009. In-Situ Incorporated.

³⁶ Microwave-assisted digestion may be employed for this metal, when analyzed by this methodology. Closed Vessel Microwave Digestion of Wastewater Samples for Determination of Metals. April 16, 1992. CEM Corporation

³⁷ When determining boron and silica, only plastic, PTFE, or quartz laboratory ware may be used from start until completion of analysis.

³⁸ Only use n-hexane (n-Hexane—85% minimum purity, 99.0% min. saturated C6 isomers, residue less than 1 mg/L) extraction solvent when determining Oil and Grease parameters—Hexane Extractable Material (HEM), or Silica Gel Treated HEM (analogous to EPA Methods 1664 Rev. A and 1664 Rev. B). Use of other extraction solvents is prohibited.

³⁹ Method PAI-DK01, Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl, Block Digestion, Steam Distillation, Titrimetric Detection. Revised December 22, 1994. OI Analytical.

⁴⁰ Method PAI-DK02, Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl, Block Digestion, Steam Distillation, Colorimetric Detection. Revised December 22, 1994. OI Analytical.

⁴¹ Method PAI-DK03, Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl, Block Digestion, Automated FIA Gas Diffusion. Revised December 22, 1994. OI Analytical.

⁴² Method 1664 Rev. B is the revised version of EPA Method 1664 Rev. A. U.S. EPA. February 1999, Revision A. Method 1664, n-Hexane Extractable Material (HEM; Oil and Grease) and Silica Gel Treated n-Hexane Extractable Material (SGT-HEM; Non-polar Material) by Extraction and Gravimetry. EPA-821-R-98-002. U.S. EPA. February 2010, Revision B. Method 1664, n-Hexane Extractable Material (HEM; Oil and Grease) and Silica Gel Treated n-Hexane Extractable Extractable Material (SGT-HEM; Non-polar Material) by Extraction and Gravimetry. EPA-821-R-98-002. U.S. EPA. February 2010, Revision B. Method 1664, n-Hexane Extractable Material (HEM; Oil and Grease) and Silica Gel Treated n-Hexane Extractable Material (SGT-HEM; Non-polar Material) by Extraction and Gravimetry. EPA-821-R-10-001.

⁴³ Method 1631, Mercury in Water by Oxidation, Purge and Trap, and Cold Vapor Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry, EPA-821-R-02-019. Revision E. August 2002, U.S. EPA. The application of clean techniques described in EPA's Method 1669: *Sampling Ambient Water for Trace Metals at EPA Water Quality Criteria Levels*, EPA-821-R-96-011, are recommended to preclude contamination at low-level, trace metal determinations.

⁴⁴ Method OIA-1677-09, Available Cyanide by Ligand Exchange and Flow Injection Analysis (FIA). 2010. OI Analytical.

⁴⁵ Open File Report 00-170, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Ammonium Plus Organic Nitrogen by a Kjeldahl Digestion Method and an Automated Photometric Finish that Includes Digest Cleanup by Gas Diffusion. 2000. USGS.

⁴⁶ Open File Report 93-449, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Chromium in Water by Graphite Furnace Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry. 1993. USGS.

⁴⁷ Open File Report 97-198, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Molybdenum by Graphite Furnace Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry. 1997.. USGS.

⁴⁸ Open File Report 92-146, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Total Phosphorus by Kjeldahl Digestion Method and an Automated Colorimetric Finish That Includes Dialysis. 1992. USGS.

⁴⁹ Open File Report 98-639, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Arsenic and Selenium in Water and Sediment by Graphite Furnace-Atomic Absorption Spectrometry. 1999. USGS.

⁵⁰ Open File Report 98-165, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Elements in Whole-water Digests Using Inductively Coupled Plasma-Optical Emission Spectrometry and Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectrometry. 1998. USGS.

⁵¹ Open File Report 93-125, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Inorganic and Organic Constituents in Water and Fluvial Sediments. 1993.. USGS.

⁵² Unless otherwise indicated, all EPA methods, excluding EPA Method 300.1-1, are published in U.S. EPA. May 1994. Methods for the Determination of Metals in Environmental Samples, Supplement I, EPA/600/R-94/111; or U.S. EPA. August 1993. Methods for the Determination of Inorganic Substances in Environmental Samples, EPA/600/R-93/100. EPA Method 300.1 is US EPA. Revision 1.0, 1997, including errata cover sheet April 27, 1999. Determination of Inorganic Ions in Drinking Water by Ion Chromatography.

⁵³ Styrene divinyl benzene beads (e.g., AMCO-AEPA-1 or equivalent) and stabilized formazin (e.g., Hach StablCalTM or equivalent) are acceptable substitutes for formazin.

⁵⁴ Method D6508, Test Method for Determination of Dissolved Inorganic Anions in Aqueous Matrices Using Capillary Ion Electrophoresis and Chromate Electrolyte. December 2000. Waters Corp.

⁵⁵ Kelada-01, Kelada Automated Test Methods for Total Cyanide, Acid Dissociable Cyanide, and Thiocyanate, EPA 821-B-01-009, Revision 1.2, August 2001. US EPA. Note: A 450-W UV lamp may be used in this method instead of the 550-W lamp specified if it provides performance within the quality control (QC) acceptance criteria of the method in a given instrument. Similarly, modified flow cell configurations and flow conditions may be used in the method, provided that the QC acceptance criteria are met.

⁵⁶ QuikChem Method 10-204-00-1-X, Digestion and Distillation of Total Cyanide in Drinking and Wastewaters using MICRO DIST and Determination of Cyanide by Flow Injection Analysis. Revision 2.2, March 2005. Lachat Instruments.

⁵⁷ When using sulfide removal test procedures described in EPA Method 335.4-1, reconstitute particulate that is filtered with the sample prior to distillation.

⁵⁸ Unless otherwise stated, if the language of this table specifies a sample digestion and/or distillation "followed by" analysis with a method, approved digestion and/or distillation are required prior to analysis.

⁵⁹ Samples analyzed for available cyanide using OI Analytical method OIA-1677-09 or ASTM method D6888-09 that contain particulate matter may be filtered only after the ligand exchange reagents have been added to the samples, because the ligand exchange process converts complexes containing available cyanide to free cyanide, which is not removed by filtration. Analysts are further cautioned to limit the time between the addition of the ligand exchange reagents and sample filtration to no more than 30 minutes to preclude settling of materials in samples.

⁶⁰ Analysts should be aware that pH optima and chromophore absorption maxima might differ when phenol is replaced by a substituted phenol as the color reagent in Berthelot Reaction ("phenol-hypochlorite reaction") colorimetric ammonium determination methods. For example when phenol is used as the color reagent, pH optimum and wavelength of maximum absorbance are about 11.5 and 635 nm, respectively—see, Patton, C.J. and S.R. Crouch. March 1977. Anal. Chem. 49:464-469. These reaction parameters increase to pH > 12.6 and 665 nm when salicylate is used as the color reagent—see, Krom, M.D. April 1980. The Analyst 105:305-316.

⁶¹ If atomic absorption or ICP instrumentation is not available, the aluminon colorimetric method detailed in the 19th Edition of *Standard Methods* may be used. This method has poorer precision and bias than the methods of choice.

⁶² Easy (1-Reagent) Nitrate Method, Revision November 12, 2011. Craig Chinchilla.

⁶³ Hach Method 10360, Luminescence Measurement of Dissolved Oxygen in Water and Wastewater and for Use in the Determination of BOD₅ and cBOD₅. Revision 1.2, October 2011. Hach Company. This method may be used to measure dissolved oxygen when performing the methods approved in Table IB for measurement of biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) and carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand (CBOD).

⁶⁴ In-Situ Method 1002-8-2009, Dissolved Oxygen (DO) Measurement by Optical Probe. 2009. In-Situ Incorporated.

⁶⁵ Mitchell Method M5331, Determination of Turbidity by Nephelometry. Revision 1.0, July 31, 2008. Leck Mitchell.

⁶⁶ Mitchell Method M5271, Determination of Turbidity by Nephelometry. Revision 1.0, July 31, 2008. Leck Mitchell.

⁶⁷ Orion Method AQ4500, Determination of Turbidity by Nephelometry. Revision 5, March 12, 2009. Thermo Scientific.

⁶⁸ EPA Method 200.5, Determination of Trace Elements in Drinking Water by Axially Viewed Inductively Coupled Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectrometry, EPA/600/R-06/115. Revision 4.2, October 2003. US EPA.

⁶⁹ Method 1627, Kinetic Test Method for the Prediction of Mine Drainage Quality, EPA-821-R-09-002. December 2011. US EPA.

⁷⁰ Techniques and Methods Book 5-B1, Determination of Elements in Natural-Water, Biota, Sediment and Soil Samples Using Collision/Reaction Cell Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectrometry, Chapter 1, Section B, Methods of the National Water Quality Laboratory, Book 5, Laboratory Analysis, 2006. USGS.

⁷¹ Water-Resources Investigations Report 01-4132, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Organic Plus Inorganic Mercury in Filtered and Unfiltered Natural Water With Cold Vapor-Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry, 2001. USGS.

TABLE IC—LIST OF APPROVED TEST PROCEDURES FOR NON-PESTICIDE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods		Other
1. Acenaphthene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98)	
2. Acenaphthylene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
3. Acrolein	GC	603.			
	GC/MS	624 ⁴ , 1624B.			
4. Acrylonitrile	GC	603.			
	GC/MS	624 ⁴ , 1624B.			
5. Anthracene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
6. Benzene	GC	602	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
7. Benzidine	Spectro- photometric				See footnote ³ , p.1.
	GC/MS	625 ⁵ , 1625B	6410 B- 2000.		

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Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods		Other
	HPLC	605.			
8. Benzo(a)anthracene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
9. Benzo(a)pyrene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
10. Benzo(b)fluoranthene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
11. Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
12. Benzo(k)fluoranthene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
13. Benzyl chloride	GC				See footnote ³ , p. 130.

Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
	GC/MS				See footnote ⁶ , p. S102.
14. Butyl benzyl phthalate	GC	606.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
15. bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane	GC	611.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
16. bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	GC	611.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
17. bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	GC	606.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
18. Bromodichloromethane	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
19. Bromoform	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
20. Bromomethane	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
21. 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	GC	611.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.

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Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods	Other
22. Carbon tetrachloride	GC	601	6200 C- 1997	See footnote ³ , p. 130.
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.	
23. 4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol	GC	604	6420 B- 2000.	
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000.	See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
24. Chlorobenzene	GC	601, 602	6200 C- 1997	See footnote ³ , p. 130.
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.	
25. Chloroethane	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.	
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.	
26. 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	GC	601.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B.		
27. Chloroform	GC	601	6200 C- 1997	See footnote ³ , p. 130.
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.	
28. Chloromethane	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.	
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.	
29. 2-Chloronaphthalene	GC	612.		
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000	See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.

Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods		Other
30. 2-Chlorophenol	GC	604	6420 B- 2000.		
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
31. 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	GC	611.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
32. Chrysene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
33. Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
34. Dibromochloromethane	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
35. 1,2-Dichlorobenzene	GC	601, 602	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1625B	6200 B- 1997		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
36. 1,3-Dichlorobenzene	GC	601, 602	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1625B	6200 B- 1997		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.

Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
37. 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	GC	601, 602	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1625B	6200 B- 1997		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
38. 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000.		
	HPLC	605.			
39. Dichlorodifluoromethane	GC	601.			
	GC/MS		6200 C- 1997.		
40. 1,1-Dichloroethane	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
41. 1,2-Dichloroethane	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
42. 1,1-Dichloroethene	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
43. trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
44. 2,4-Dichlorophenol	GC	604	6420 B- 2000.		
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
45. 1,2-Dichloropropane	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		

Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
46. cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
47. trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
48. Diethyl phthalate	GC	606.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
49. 2,4-Dimethylphenol	GC	604	6420 B- 2000.		
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
50. Dimethyl phthalate	GC	606.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
51. Di-n-butyl phthalate	GC	606.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
52. Di-n-octyl phthalate	GC	606.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
53. 2, 4-Dinitrophenol	GC	604	6420 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	GC/MS	625,	6410 B-		

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Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods		Other
		1625B	2000.		
54. 2,4-Dinitrotoluene	GC	609.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
55. 2,6-Dinitrotoluene	GC	609.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
56. Epichlorohydrin	GC				See footnote ³ , p. 130.
	GC/MS				See footnote ⁶ , p. S102.
57. Ethylbenzene	GC	602	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
58. Fluoranthene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
59. Fluorene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
60. 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachloro- dibenzofuran	GC/MS	1613B.			
61. 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Heptachloro- dibenzofuran	GC/MS	1613B.			

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Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
62. 1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxin	GC/MS	1613B.			
63. Hexachlorobenzene	GC	612.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
64. Hexachlorobutadiene	GC	612.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
65. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	GC	612.			
	GC/MS	625 ⁵ , 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
66. 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachloro- dibenzofuran	GC/MS	1613B.			
67. 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachloro- dibenzofuran	GC/MS	1613B.			
68. 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachloro- dibenzofuran	GC/MS	1613B.			
69. 2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachloro- dibenzofuran	GC/MS	1613B.			
70. 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxin	GC/MS	1613B.			
71. 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxin	GC/MS	1613B.			
72. 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxin	GC/MS	1613B.			
73. Hexachloroethane	GC	612.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
74. Indeno(1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625,	6410 B-		See

Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods		Other
		1625B	2000		footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
75. Isophorone	GC	609.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
76. Methylene chloride	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		See footnote ³ , p. 130.
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
77. 2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	GC	604	6420 B- 2000.		
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000.		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
78. Naphthalene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000.		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000.		
79. Nitrobenzene	GC	609.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC			D4657- 92 (98).	
80. 2-Nitrophenol	GC	604	6420 B- 2000.		
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.

Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
81. 4-Nitrophenol	GC	604	6420 B- 2000.		
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
82. N-Nitrosodimethylamine	GC	607.			
	GC/MS	625 ⁵ , 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
83. N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	GC	607.			
	GC/MS	625 ⁵ , 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
84. N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	GC	607.			
	GC/MS	625 ⁵ , 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
85. Octachlorodibenzofuran	GC/MS	1613B. ¹⁰			
86. Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	GC/MS	1613B. ¹⁰			
87. 2,2'-Oxybis(2-chloro- propane) [also known as bis(2- Chloroisopropyl) ether]	GC	611.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
88. PCB-1016	GC	608			See footnote ³ , p. 43; See footnote. ⁸
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
89. PCB-1221	GC	608			See footnote ³ , p. 43; See footnote. ⁸

Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
90. PCB-1232	GC	608			See footnote ³ , p. 43; See footnote. ⁸
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
91. PCB-1242	GC	608			See footnote ³ , p. 43; See footnote. ⁸
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
92. PCB-1248	GC	608.			
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
93. PCB-1254	GC	608			See footnote ³ , p. 43; See footnote. ⁸
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
94. PCB-1260	GC	608			See footnote ³ , p. 43; See footnote. ⁸
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
95. 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachloro- dibenzofuran	GC/MS	1613B.			
96. 2,3,4,7,8-Pentachloro- dibenzofuran	GC/MS	1613B.			
97. 1,2,3,7,8,-Pentachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxin	GC/MS	1613B.			
98. Pentachlorophenol	GC	604	6420 B-		See

Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods		Other
			2000		footnote ³ , p. 140.
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
99. Phenanthrene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
100. Phenol	GC	604	6420 B- 2000.		
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
101. Pyrene	GC	610.			
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
	HPLC	610	6440 B- 2000	D4657- 92 (98).	
102. 2,3,7,8-Tetrachloro- dibenzofuran	GC/MS	1613B. ¹⁰			
103. 2,3,7,8-Tetrachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxin	GC/MS	613, 625 ^{5a} , 1613B			
104. 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	GC	601	6200 C- 1997		See footnote ³ , p. 130.
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
105. Tetrachloroethene	GC	601	6200 C- 1997		See footnote ³ , p. 130.

Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
106. Toluene	GC	602	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
107. 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	GC	612			See footnote ³ , p. 130.
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
108. 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
109. 1,1,2-Trichloroethane	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		See footnote ³ , p. 130.
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
110. Trichloroethene	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
111. Trichlorofluoromethane	GC	601	6200 C- 1997.		
	GC/MS	624	6200 B- 1997.		
112. 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	GC	604	6420 B- 2000.		
	GC/MS	625, 1625B	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ⁹ , p. 27.
113. Vinyl chloride	GC	601	6200 C-		

Parameter ¹	Method	EPA ^{2,7}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
			1997.		
	GC/MS	624, 1624B	6200 B- 1997.		
114. Nonylphenol	GC/MS			D7065- 06.	
115. Bisphenol A (BPA)	GC/MS			D7065- 06.	
116. p-tert-Octylphenol (OP)	GC/MS			D7065- 06.	
117. Nonylphenol Monoethoxylate (NP1EO)	GC/MS			D7065- 06.	
118. Nonylphenol Diethoxylate (NP2EO)	GC/MS			D7065- 06.	
119. Adsorbable Organic Halides (AOX)	Adsorption and Coulometric Titration	1650.11			
120. Chlorinated Phenolics	In Situ Acetylation and GC/MS	1653. ¹¹			

#### Table IC notes:

¹ All parameters are expressed in micrograms per liter ( $\mu$ g/L) except for Method 1613B, in which the parameters are expressed in picograms per liter (pg/L).

² The full text of Methods 601-613, 624, 625, 1613B, 1624B, and 1625B are provided at Appendix A, Test Procedures for Analysis of Organic Pollutants, of this Part 136. The standardized test procedure to be used to determine the method detection limit (MDL) for these test procedures is given at Appendix B, Definition and Procedure for the Determination of the Method Detection Limit, of this Part 136.

³ Methods for Benzidine: Chlorinated Organic Compounds, Pentachlorophenol and Pesticides in Water and Wastewater. September 1978. U.S. EPA.

⁴ Method 624 may be used for quantitative determination of acrolein and acrylonitrile, provided that the laboratory has documentation to substantiate the ability to detect and quantify these analytes at levels necessary to comply with any associated regulations. In addition, the use of sample introduction techniques other than simple purge-and-trap may be required. QC acceptance criteria from Method 603 should be used when analyzing samples for acrolein and acrylonitrile in the absence of such criteria in Method 624.

⁵ Method 625 may be extended to include benzidine, hexachlorocyclopentadiene, N-nitrosodimethylamine, N-nitrosodi-n-propylamine, and N-nitrosodiphenylamine. However, when they are known to be present, Methods 605, 607, and 612, or Method 1625B, are preferred methods for these compounds.

^{5a} Method 625, screening only.

⁶ Selected Analytical Methods Approved and Cited by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Supplement to the 15th Edition of *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater*.1981. American Public Health Association (APHA).

⁷ Each analyst must make an initial, one-time demonstration of their ability to generate acceptable precision and accuracy with Methods 601-603, 624, 625, 1624B, and 1625B in accordance with procedures each in Section 8.2 of each of these Methods. Additionally, each laboratory, on an on-going basis must spike and analyze 10% (5% for Methods 624 and 625 and 100% for methods 1624B and 1625B) of all samples to monitor and evaluate laboratory data quality in accordance with Sections 8.3 and 8.4 of these methods. When the recovery of any parameter falls outside the warning limits, the analytical results for that parameter in the unspiked sample are suspect. The results should be reported, but cannot be used to demonstrate regulatory compliance. These quality control requirements also apply to the Standard Methods, ASTM Methods, and other methods cited.

⁸ Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs in Wastewater Using EmporeTMDisk. Revised October 28, 1994. 3M Corporation.

⁹ Method O-3116-87 is in Open File Report 93-125, Methods of Analysis by U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Inorganic and Organic Constituents in Water and Fluvial Sediments. 1993. USGS.

¹⁰ Analysts may use Fluid Management Systems, Inc. Power-Prep system in place of manual cleanup provided the analyst meets the requirements of Method 1613B (as specified in Section 9 of the method) and permitting authorities. Method 1613, Revision B, Tetra- through Octa-Chlorinated Dioxins and Furans by Isotope Dilution HRGC/HRMS. Revision B, 1994. U.S. EPA. The full text of this method is provided in Appendix A to 40 CFR Part 136 and at*http://water.epa.gov/scitech/methods/cwa/index.cfm* 

¹¹ Method 1650, Adsorbable Organic Halides by Adsorption and Coulometric Titration. Revision C, 1997. U.S. EPA. Method 1653, Chlorinated Phenolics in Wastewater by In Situ Acetylation and GCMS. Revision A, 1997. U.S. EPA. The full text for both of these methods is provided at Appendix A in Part 430, The Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Point Source Category.

TABLE ID—LIST OF APPROVED TEST PROCEDURES FOR PESTICIDES¹

Parameter	Method	EPA ^{2,7,10}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
1. Aldrin	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812-96 (02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83; See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
2. Ametryn	GC	507, 619			See footnote ³ , p. 83; See footnote ⁹ , O-3106- 93; See footnote ⁶ , p. S68.
	GC/MS	525.2			See footnote ¹⁴ , O- 1121-91.
3. Aminocarb	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 94; See footnote ⁶ , p. S60.
	HPLC	632.			
4. Atraton	GC	619			See footnote ³ , p. 83; See footnote ⁶ , p. S68.
5. Atrazine	GC	507, 619			See footnote ³ , p. 83; See footnote ⁶ , p. S68; See footnote ⁹ , O-3106- 93.
	HPLC/MS				See footnote ¹² , O- 2060-01.
	GC/MS	525.1, 525.2			See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
6. Azinphos methyl	GC	614, 622, 1657			See footnote ³ , p. 25; See footnote ⁶ , p. S51.
	GC-MS				See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
7. Barban	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 104; See footnote ⁶ , p. S64.
	HPLC	632.			
8. α-BHC	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C-	D3086-90, D5812-	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁸ ,

Parameter	Method	EPA ^{2,7,10}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
i arameter	Method		2000	96(02)	3M0222.
	GC/MS	625 ⁵	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
9. β-ВНС	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
10. δ-BHC	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
11. γ-BHC (Lindane)	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83; See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	625 ⁵	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
12. Captan	GC	617	6630 B- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7.
13. Carbaryl	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 94, See footnote ⁶ , p. S60.
	HPLC	531.1, 632.			
	HPLC/MS	553			See footnote ¹² , O- 2060-01.
	GC/MS				See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
14. Carbophenothion	GC	617	6630 B- 2000		See footnote ⁴ , page 27; See footnote ⁶ , p. S73.
15. Chlordane	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83; See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222. NALYSIS OF POLLUTANTS

Parameter	Method	EPA ^{2,7,10}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
16. Chloropropham	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 104; See footnote ⁶ , p. S64.
	HPLC	632.			
17. 2,4-D	GC	615	6640 B- 2001		See footnote ³ , p. 115; See footnote ⁴ , O-3105 -83.
	HPLC/MS				See footnote ¹² , O- 2060-01.
18. 4,4'-DDD	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3105- 83; See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
19. 4,4'-DDE	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83; See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
20. 4,4'-DDT	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83; See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
21. Demeton-O	GC	614, 622			See footnote ³ , p. 25; See footnote ⁶ , p. S51.
22. Demeton-S	GC	614, 622			See footnote ³ , p. 25; See footnote ⁶ , p. S51.
23. Diazinon	GC	507, 614, 622, 1657			See footnote ³ , p. 25; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83; See footnote ⁶ , p. S51.

Parameter	Method	EPA ^{2,7,10}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
	GC/MS	525.2			See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
24. Dicamba	GC	615			See footnote ³ , p. 115.
	HPLC/MS				See footnote ¹² , O- 2060-01.
25. Dichlofenthion	GC	622.1			See footnote ⁴ , page 27; See footnote ⁶ , p. S73.
26. Dichloran	GC	608.2, 617	6630 B- 2000		See footnote ³ , p. 7;
27. Dicofol	GC	617			See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83.
28. Dieldrin	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83; See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
29. Dioxathion	GC	614.1, 1657			See footnote ⁴ , page 27; See footnote ⁶ , p. S73.
30. Disulfoton	GC	507, 614, 622, 1657			See footnote ³ , p. 25; See footnote ⁶ p. S51.
	GC/MS	525.2			See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
31. Diuron	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 104; See footnote ⁶ , p. S64.
	HPLC	632.			
	HPLC/MS	553			See footnote ¹² , O- 2060-01.
32. Endosulfan I	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83; See footnote ⁸ , 3M022).
	GC/MS	625 ⁵	6410 B-		See footnote ¹³ , O-

Parameter	Method	EPA ^{2,7,10}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
			2000		2002-01.
33. Endosulfan II	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	625 ⁵	6410 B- 2000		See footnote ¹³ , O- 2002-01.
34. Endosulfan Sulfate	GC	608, 617	6630 C- 2000		See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000		
35. Endrin		505, 508, 608, 617, 1656	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83; See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	525.1, 525.2, 625 ⁵	6410 B- 2000.		
36. Endrin aldehyde	GC	608, 617	6630 C- 2000		See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	625.			
37. Ethion		614, 614.1,1657			See footnote ⁴ , page 27; See footnote ⁶ , p. S73.
	GC/MS				See footnote ¹³ , O- 2002-01.
38. Fenuron	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 104; See footnote ⁶ , p. S64.
	HPLC	632.			
	HPLC/MS				See footnote ¹² , O- 2060-01.
39. Fenuron-TCA	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 104; See footnote ⁶ , p. S64.
	HPLC	632.			
40. Heptachlor		505, 508, 608, 617, 1656	2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83; See footnote ⁸ , ALYSIS OF POLLUTANTS

Parameter	Method	EPA ^{2,7,10}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
					3M0222.
	GC/MS	525.1, 525.2, 625	6410 B- 2000.		
41. Heptachlor epoxide	GC	608, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83; See footnote ⁶ , p. S73; See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	625	6410 B- 2000.		
42. Isodrin	GC	617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000		See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83; See footnote ⁶ , p. S73.
43. Linuron	GC				See footnote ³ , p. 104; See footnote ⁶ , p. S64.
	HPLC	632.			
	HPLC/MS	553			See footnote ¹² , O- 2060-01.
	GC/MS				See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
44. Malathion	GC	614, 1657	6630 B- 2000		See footnote ³ , p. 25; See footnote ⁶ , p. S51.
	GC/MS				See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
45. Methiocarb	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 94; See footnote ⁶ , p. S60.
	HPLC	632.			
	HPLC/MS				See footnote ¹² , O- 2060-01.
46. Methoxychlor	GC	505, 508, 608.2, 617, 1656	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104 -83; See footnote ⁸ , 3M0222.
	GC/MS	525.1, 525.2			See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.

Parameter	Method	EPA ^{2,7,10}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
47. Mexacarbate	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 94; See footnote ⁶ , p.S60.
	HPLC	632.			
48. Mirex	GC	617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83.
49. Monuron	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 104; See footnote ⁶ , p. S64.
	HPLC	632.			
50. Monuron-TCA	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 104; See footnote ⁶ , p. S64.
	HPLC	632.			
51. Neburon	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 104; See footnote ⁶ , p. S64.
	HPLC	632.			
	HPLC/MS				See footnote ¹² , O- 2060-01.
52. Parathion methyl	GC	614, 622, 1657	6630 B- 2000		See footnote ⁴ , page 27; See footnote ³ , p. 25.
	GC/MS				See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
53. Parathion ethyl	GC	614	6630 B- 2000		See footnote ⁴ , page 27; See footnote ³ , p. 25.
	GC/MS				See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
54. PCNB	GC	608.1, 617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086- 90,D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7.
55. Perthane	GC	617		D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ⁴ , O-3104- 83.
56. Prometon	GC	507, 619			See footnote ³ , p. 83; See footnote ⁶ , p. S68;

Parameter	Method	EPA ^{2,7,10}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
					See footnote ⁹ , O-3106- 93.
	GC/MS	525.2			See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
57. Prometryn	GC	507, 619			See footnote ³ , p. 83; See footnote ⁶ , p. S68; See footnote ⁹ ,O-3106- 93.
	GC/MS	525.1, 525.2			See footnote ¹³ , O- 2002-01.
58. Propazine	GC	507, 619, 1656			See footnote ³ , p. 83; See footnote ⁶ , p. S68; See footnote ⁹ , O-3106- 93.
	GC/MS	525.1, 525.2.			
59. Propham	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 104; See footnote ⁶ , p. S64.
	HPLC	632.			
	HPLC/MS				See footnote ¹² , O- 2060-01.
60. Propoxur	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 94; See footnote ⁶ , p. S60.
	HPLC	632.			
61. Secbumeton	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 83; See footnote ⁶ , p. S68.
	GC	619.			
62. Siduron	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 104; See footnote ⁶ , p. S64.
	HPLC	632.			
	HPLC/MS				See footnote ¹² , O- 2060-01.
63. Simazine	GC	505, 507, 619, 1656			See footnote ³ , p. 83; See footnote ⁶ , p. S68; See footnote ⁹ , O-3106- 93.

Parameter	Method	EPA ^{2,7,10}	Standard methods	ASTM	Other
	GC/MS	525.1, 525.2			See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.
64. Strobane	GC	617	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000		See footnote ³ , p. 7.
65. Swep	TLC				See footnote ³ , p. 104; See footnote ⁶ , p. S64.
	HPLC	632.			
66. 2,4,5-T	GC	615	6640 B- 2001		See footnote ³ , p. 115; See footnote ⁴ , O-3105- 83.
67. 2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	GC	615	6640 B- 2001		See footnote ³ , p. 115; See footnote ⁴ , O-3105- 83.
68. Terbuthylazine	GC	619, 1656			See footnote ³ , p. 83; See footnote ⁶ , p. S68.
	GC/MS				See footnote ¹³ , O- 2002-01.
69. Toxaphene	GC	505, 508, 608, 617, 1656	6630 B- 2000 & C- 2000	D3086-90, D5812- 96(02)	See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁸ ; See footnote ⁴ , O-3105-83.
	GC/MS	525.1, 525.2, 625	6410 B- 2000.		
70. Trifluralin	GC	508, 617, 627, 1656	6630 B- 2000		See footnote ³ , p. 7; See footnote ⁹ , O-3106- 93.
	GC/MS	525.2			See footnote ¹¹ , O- 1126-95.

### Table ID notes:

¹ Pesticides are listed in this table by common name for the convenience of the reader. Additional pesticides may be found under Table IC, where entries are listed by chemical name.

² The standardized test procedure to be used to determine the method detection limit (MDL) for these test procedures is given at Appendix B, Definition and Procedure for the Determination of the Method Detection Limit, of this Part 136.

³ Methods for Benzidine, Chlorinated Organic Compounds, Pentachlorophenol and Pesticides in Water and Wastewater. September 1978. U.S. EPA. This EPA publication includes thin-layer chromatography (TLC) methods.

⁴ Methods for the Determination of Organic Substances in Water and Fluvial Sediments, Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations of the U.S. Geological Survey, Book 5, Chapter A3. 1987. USGS.

⁵ The method may be extended to include α-BHC, γ-BHC, endosulfan I, endosulfan II, and endrin. However, when they are known to exist, Method 608 is the preferred method.

⁶ Selected Analytical Methods Approved and Cited by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Supplement to the 15th Edition of *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater*.1981. American Public Health Association (APHA).

⁷ Each analyst must make an initial, one-time, demonstration of their ability to generate acceptable precision and accuracy with Methods 608 and 625 in accordance with procedures given in Section 8.2 of each of these methods. Additionally, each laboratory, on an on-going basis, must spike and analyze 10% of all samples analyzed with Method 608 or 5% of all samples analyzed with Method 625 to monitor and evaluate laboratory data quality in accordance with Sections 8.3 and 8.4 of these methods. When the recovery of any parameter falls outside the warning limits, the analytical results for that parameter in the unspiked sample are suspect. The results should be reported, but cannot be used to demonstrate regulatory compliance. These quality control requirements also apply to the Standard Methods, ASTM Methods, and other methods cited.

⁸ Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs in Wastewater Using Empore TMDisk. Revised October 28, 1994. 3M Corporation.

⁹ Method O-3106-93 is in Open File Report 94-37, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Triazine and Other Nitrogen-Containing Compounds by Gas Chromatography With Nitrogen Phosphorus Detectors. 1994. USGS.

¹⁰ EPA Methods 608.1, 608.2, 614, 614.1, 615, 617, 619, 622, 622.1, 627, and 632 are found in Methods for the Determination of Nonconventional Pesticides in Municipal and Industrial Wastewater, EPA 821-R-92-002, April 1992, U.S. EPA. The full text of Methods 608 and 625 are provided at Appendix A, Test Procedures for Analysis of Organic Pollutants, of this Part 136. EPA Methods 505, 507, 508, 525.1, 531.1 and 553 are in Methods for the Determination of Nonconventional Pesticides in Municipal and Industrial Wastewater, Volume II, EPA 821-R-93-010B, 1993, U.S. EPA. EPA Method 525.2 is in Determination of Organic Compounds in Drinking Water by Liquid-Solid Extraction and Capillary Column Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry, Revision 2.0, 1995, U.S. EPA. EPA methods 1656 and 1657 are in Methods For The Determination of Nonconventional Pesticides In Municipal and Industrial Wastewater, Volume I, EPA 821-R-93-010A, 1993, U.S. EPA.

¹¹ Method O-1126-95 is in Open-File Report 95-181, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of pesticides in water by C-18 solid-phase extraction and capillary-column gas chromatography/mass spectrometry with selected-ion monitoring. 1995. USGS.

¹² Method O-2060-01 is in Water-Resources Investigations Report 01-4134, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Pesticides in Water by Graphitized Carbon-Based Solid-Phase Extraction and High-Performance Liquid Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry. 2001. USGS.

¹³ Method O-2002-01 is in Water-Resources Investigations Report 01-4098, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of moderate-use pesticides in water by C-18 solid-phase extraction and capillary-column gas chromatography/mass spectrometry. 2001. USGS.

¹⁴ Method O-1121-91 is in Open-File Report 91-519, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of organonitrogen herbicides in water by solid-phase extraction and capillary-column gas chromatography/mass spectrometry with selected-ion monitoring. 1992. USGS.

		Reference (method number or page)				
Parameter and units	Method	EPA ¹	Standard Methods 18th, 19th, 20th Ed.	Standard Methods Online	ASTM	USGS ²
	Proportional or scintillation counter	900.0	7110 B	7110 B-00	D1943- 90, 96	pp. 75 and 78 ³
Counting error,		Appendix B	7110 B	7110 B-00	D1943- 90, 96	p. 79
-	Proportional counter	900.0	7110 B	7110 B-00		pp. 75 and 78 ³
4. Beta- Counting error, pCi		Appendix B	7110 B	7110 B-00	D1890- 90, 96	p. 79
· · ·	Proportional counter	903.0	7500-Ra B	7500-Ra B- 01	D2460- 90, 97	
	Scintillation counter	903.1	7500-Ra C	7500-Ra C- 01	D3454- 91, 97	p. 81

¹ Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water, EPA-600/4-80-032 (1980), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, August 1980.

² Fishman, M. J. and Brown, Eugene, "Selected Methods of the U.S. Geological Survey of Analysis of Wastewaters," U.S. Geological Survey, Open-File Report 76-177 (1976).

³ The method found on p. 75 measures only the dissolved portion while the method on p. 78 measures only the suspended portion. Therefore, the two results must be added to obtain the "total."

# TABLE IF—LIST OF APPROVED METHODS FOR PHARMACEUTICAL POLLUTANTS

Pharmaceuticals pollutants	CAS registry No.	Analytical method number
acetonitrile	75-05-8	1666/1671/D3371/D3695.
n-amyl acetate	628-63-7	1666/D3695.
n-amyl alcohol	71-41-0	1666/D3695
benzene	71-43-2	D4763/D3695/502.2/524.2.
n-butyl-acetate	123-86-4	1666/D3695.
tert-butyl alcohol	75-65-0	1666.
chlorobenzene	108-90-7	502.2/524.2.
chloroform	67-66-3	502.2/524.2/551.
o-dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	1625C/502.2/524.2.
1,2-dichloroethane	107-06-2	D3695/502.2/524.2.
diethylamine	109-89-7	1666/1671.
dimethyl sulfoxide	67-68-5	1666/1671.
ethanol	64-17-5	1666/1671/D3695.
ethyl acetate	141-78-6	1666/D3695.
n-heptane	142-82-5	1666/D3695.
n-hexane	110-54-3	1666/D3695.
isobutyraldehyde	78-84-2	1666/1667.
isopropanol	67-63-0	1666/D3695.
isopropyl acetate	108-21-4	1666/D3695.
isopropyl ether	108-20-3	1666/D3695.
methanol	67-56-1	1666/1671/D3695.
Methyl Cellosolve $\Delta$	109-86-4	1666/1671
methylene chloride	75-09-2	502.2/524.2
methyl formate	107-31-3	1666.
4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	108-10-1	1624C/1666/D3695/D4763/524.2.
phenol	108-95-2	D4763.
n-propanol	71-23-8	1666/1671/D3695.
2-propanone (acetone)	67-64-1	D3695/D4763/524.2.

Pharmaceuticals pollutants	CAS registry No.	Analytical method number
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	1666/524.2.
toluene	108-88-3	D3695/D4763/502.2/524.2.
triethlyamine	121-44-8	1666/1671.
xylenes	(Note 1)	1624C/1666.

## Table 1F note:

1. 1624C: m-xylene 108-38-3, o,p-xylene E-14095 (Not a CAS number; this is the number provided in the Environmental Monitoring Methods Index (EMMI) database.); 1666: m,p-xylene 136777-61-2, o-xylene 95-47-6.



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