## Safety Analysis Report for the F-294 Transport Package



IN/TR 9301 F294 (4)
Part 2 of 2

Science Advancing Health

## CONTENTS

CHAPTER 3 - THERMAL EVALUATION ..... 1
3.1 DISCUSSION ..... 1
3.1.1 Thermal Design Features ..... 1
3.1.2 Normal conditions of transport - steady state temperatures of F-294. ..... 2
3.1.3 Hypothetical Accident conditions of transport - temperatures of F-294 in thermal test. ..... 2
3.1.4 Decay heat load. ..... 3
3.2 SUMMARY OF THERMAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS ..... 3
3.3 Technical Specifications of Components ..... 6
3.4 THERMAL Evaluation For NORMal CONDItIONS OF TRANSPORT ..... 6
3.4.1 Thermal Model. ..... 6
3.4.2 Maximum Temperatures. ..... 9
3.4.3 Minimum Temperatures ..... 10
3.4.4 Maximum Internal Pressure ..... 10
3.4.4.1 Cavity of F-294 ..... 10
3.4.4.2 C-188 Assembly ..... 10
3.4.5 Maximum Thermal Stresses. ..... 11
3.4.6 Evaluation of the Package performance for Normal Conditions of Transport. ..... 11
3.5 Hypothetical Accident Thermal Evaluation ..... 12
3.5.1 Thermal Model. ..... 12
3.5.1.1 Analytical Thermal Model ..... 12
3.5.1. 2 Test Thermal Model. ..... 12
3.5.2 Package Conditions and Environment. ..... 12
3.5.3 Package Temperatures ..... 13
3.5.4 Maximum Internal Pressures. ..... 13
3.5.4.1 Cavity of F-294 ..... 13
3.5.4.2 C-188 Assembly ..... 14
3.5.5 Maximum Thermal Stresses. ..... 14
3.5.6 Evaluation of Package Performance for the Hypothetical Accident Thermal Conditions ..... 14
3.5.6.1 C-188 Sealed Source ..... 14
3.5.6.2 The Containment System. ..... 15
3.5.6.3 Shielding in the Container and the Plug. ..... 15
3.6 APPENDICES ..... 18
Appendix 3.6.1 List of References for Chapter 3. ..... 1
Appendix 3.6.2 Normal Thermal Tests of the F-294 Package with the F-313 Source Carrier. ..... 1
Sub-Appendix 3.6.2.1 Test \# 5.1.10, Normal Thermal Test Prior to the Drop. ..... 13
Sub-Appendix 3.6.2.2 Test \# 5.3.10, Normal Thermal Testing After the Drop ..... 27
Appendix 3.6.3 Steady State Heat Transfer in the Cavity of F-294 Package ..... 1
Appendix 3.6.4 Finite Element Analysis of the F-294 with the F-313 Source Carrier. ..... 1
Sub-Appendix 3.6.4.1 COSMOSM Element Descriptions [15]. ..... 31
Sub-Appendix 3.6.4.2 Radiation Shape Factors ..... 43
Sub-Appendix 3.6.4.3 Derivation of Heat Transfer Coefficients ..... 65
Sub-Appendix 3.6.4.4 COSMOS /M Input and Output Files ..... 69
Appendix 3.6.5 Kaowool Product Information ..... 1
Appendix 3.6.6 Normal Thermal Tests of the F-294 Package with the F-457 Source Carrier ..... 1
Appendix 3.6.7 Finite Element analysis of the f-294 with the F-457 Source Carrier ..... 1
CHAPTER 4 - CONTAINMENT ..... 1
4.1 COntainment Boundary ..... 1
4.1.I Containment Vessel. ..... 1
4.1.2 Containment Penetration ..... 1
4.1.3 Seals and Welds ..... 2
4.1.3.1 Seals ..... 2
4.1.3.2 Welds ..... 2
4.1.4 Closure ..... 2
4.2 Requirements for Normal Conditions of Transport ..... 2
4.2.1 Release of Radioactive Material ..... 3
4.2.2 Pressurization of Containment System ..... 3
4.2.2.1 Maximum Internal Pressure ..... 4
4.2.3 Stress Analysis of closure plug and inner shell assembly ..... 4
4.2.3.1 Closure Plug Bolted Joint ..... 4
4.2.3.2 Inner Shell Assembly ..... 5
4.2.4 Coolant Contamination ..... 6
4.2.5 Coolant Loss ..... 7
4.3 CONTAINMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR HYPOTHETICAL ACCIDENT CONDITIONS. ..... 7
4.3.1 Pressurization of Containment System ..... 8
4.3.1.1 Maximum Internal Pressure ..... 8
4.3.2 Stress Analysis of Closure Plug and Inner Shell Assembly ..... 9
4.3.2.1 Closure Plug Bolted Joint ..... 9
4.3.2.2 Inner Shell Assembly ..... 10
4.3.3 Impact of the puncture test ..... 12
4.3.4 Impact of the water immersion test ..... 12
4.3.5 Fission Gas Products ..... 13
4.3.6 Release of Contents ..... 13
4.4 APPENDICES ..... 13
Appendix 4.4.1 List of References for Chapter 4 ..... 1
Appendix 4.4.2 C-188 certificates ..... 1
Appendix 4.4.3 Stress Analysis of the Containment System Subject to Normal Conditions of Transport of $\mathrm{F}-294$ ..... 1
Appendix 4.4.4 C-188 Structural Integrity Under Normal Conditions of Transport of F-294 ..... 1
Appendix 4.4.5 C-188 Structural Integrity Under Hypothetical Accident Conditions of Transport (HACOT) of F-294 ..... 1
Appendix 4.4.6 Stress Analysis of the Containment System Subject to Hypothetical Accident Conditions of Transport of F-294 ..... 1
Appendix 4.4.7 F-294 Prototype Container Testing: Drop Test Data Relevant to the Containment System. ..... 1
CRAPTER 5 - SHIELDING EVALUATION ..... 1
5.1 Discussion and Results ..... 1
5.2 Source Specification ..... 5
5.3 Model Specification ..... 5
5.3.I Description of the radial and Axial Shielding Configuration ..... 5
5.3.2 Shield Regional Densities ..... 5
5.4 Shielding Evaluation ..... 6
5.4.1 Shielding evaluation off-294 PACKAGE in normal conditions of transport (NCOT) ..... 6
5.4.2 Shielding evaluation off-294 PACKAGE under hypothetical conditions of transport (HACOT) ..... 7
5.4.3 impact of the all stainless steel crack shield versus steel-encased-lead crack shield. ..... 7
5.5 APPENDICES ..... 10
Appendix 5.5.1 List of References for Chapter 5 ..... 1
Appendix 5.5.2 Pre-Drop Radiation Survey, ..... 1
Appendix 5.5.3 Post-Drop Radiation Survey ..... 1
Appendix 5.5.4 Converting Exposure to Dose Equivalent ..... 1
Appendix 5.5.5 Exposure Rate Constant for ${ }^{60} \mathrm{Co}$ ..... 1
Appendix 5.5.6 Typical Microshield Output. ..... 1
Appendix 5.5.7 Shielding Evaluation for the Hypothetical Accident Thermal Conditions ..... 1
Appendix 5.5.8 Worst-case Estimate of the Increase in External Radiation Fields for the Re-designed Crack Shield Assembly ..... 1
CHAPTER 6 - CRITICALITY ..... 1

## Contents

CHAPTER 7 - OPERATING PROCEDURES ..... 1
7.1 Procedures for Loading the Package ..... 1
7.1.1 Purpose ..... 1
7.1.2 Scope ..... 2
7.1.3 Compliance and Responsibility ..... 2
7.1.4 Transferring F-294 Empty Packaging From the Irradiator Site to the Pool ..... 2
7.1.5 Underwater Loading of C-188s ..... 3
7.1.6 Perform the Cavity Water Flush Test Procedure ..... 4
7.1.6.1 Notifying MDS Nordion of Deficiencies ..... 5
7.1.7 Preparation for Shipment of Loaded F-294 ..... 5
7.1.8 Instructions for Securing the Package on Road Vehicles ..... 7
7.1.9 Additional Instructions ..... 7
7.1.10 Loading Procedure ..... 7
7.2 Procedures for Unloading the Package ..... 12
7.2.1 Purpase ..... 12
7.2.2 Scope ..... 12
7.2.3 Compliance and Responsibility ..... 12
7.2.4 Receipt of F-294 Transport Package ..... 12
7.2.4.1 Visual Inspection ..... 12
7.2.4.2 Surface Wipe Test ..... 13
7.2.4.3 Radiation Survey ..... 13
7.2.4.4 Perform the Cavity Water Flush Test Procedure ..... 13
7.2.4.5 Notifying MDS Nordion of Deficiencies ..... 15
7.2.5 Transfer of Loaded F-294 Package to the Bottom of Source Storage Pool. ..... 15
7.2.5.1 Transfer F-294 from Outside to Inside the Irradiator Building. ..... 15
7.2.6 Emergency Action Following a Suspected Radiation Incident ..... 15
7.2.7 Unloading Procedure ..... 16
7.3 Preparation of an Empty Package for Transport ..... 16
7.3.1 Purpose ..... 16
7.3.2 Scope ..... 16
7.3.3 Compliance and Responsibility ..... 16
7.3.4 Operations on the Empty F-294 Transport Packaging ..... 16
7.3.5 Instructions for Securing the Empty F-294 on Road Vehicles ..... 17
7.3.6 Additional Instructions ..... 17
7.3.7 Operating Procedure ..... 17
7.4 REFERENCES ..... 18
CHAPTER 8 - ACCEPTANCE TESTS AND MAINTENANCE PROGRAM ..... 1
8.1 ACCEPTANCE TESTS ..... 1
8.1.1 Visual Inspection. ..... 1
8.1.2 Structural and Pressure Tests. ..... 1
8.1.3 Leak Tests ..... 1
8.1.4 Component Tests. ..... 2
8.1.4.1 Valves, Rupture Discs, and Fluid Transfer Devices ..... 2
8.1.4.2 Gaskets ..... 2
8.1.4.3 Miscellaneous ..... 2
8.1.5 Tests for Shielding Integrity ..... 2
8.1.6 Thermal Acceptance Tests ..... 3
8.1.6.1 Discussion of Test Setup ..... 3
8.1.6.2 Test Procedure ..... 3
8.1.6.3 Acceptance Criteria ..... 3
8.2 MAINTENANCE PROGRAM ..... 5
8.2.1 Structural and Pressure Tests ..... 5
8.2.2 Leak Tests ..... 5
8.2.3 Subsystem Maintenance ..... 5
8.2.4 Valves, Rupture Discs, and Gaskets on the Containment Vessel ..... 5
8.2.4.1 Gaskets for Containment System (F-294 Inner Shell Assembly) ..... 5
8.2.5 Shielding ..... 5
8.2.6 Thermal ..... 6
8.2.7 Miscellaneous ..... 6
8.3 APPENDICES ..... 6
Appendix 8.3.1 MDS Nordion Procedure for Radiation Integrity of New Shipping Containers ..... 1
Appendix 8.3.2 MDS Nordion Radioactive Material Transport Packaging Inspection and Maintenance Procedure ..... I
Appendix 8.3.3 MDS Nordion Procedure for F-294 Steady State Thermal Test. ..... 1
Appendix 8.3.4 MDS Nordion Procedure for Helium Leak Test of F-294 Cavity ..... 1
CHAPTER 9 - QUALITY ASSURANCE ..... 1
9.1 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM AT MDS NORDION ..... 1
9.2 Manufacturing History Of The F-294 ..... 1
9.2.1 Prototype F-294. ..... 1
9.3 APPENDICES ..... 1
Appendix 9.3.1 Quality Assurance Program at AECL Commercial Products in 1981. ..... 1
Appendix 9.3.2 Quality Assurance Program at MDS Nordion Since 1992. ..... 1
CHAPTER 10 - ABILITY OF THE F-294 TRANSPORT PACKAGE TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF TS-R-1 ..... 1
10.1 GENERAL INFORMATION ..... 2
10.2 StRUCTURAL Evaluation ..... 2
10.3 Thermal Evaluation ..... 2

## Chapter 3 - Thermal Evaluation

### 3.1 DISCUSSION

### 3.1.1 THERMAL DESIGN FEATURES

There are three significant thermal design features of the F-294 package.

## 1. Fins

On the external surface of the container, with the exception of the shield plug, fins are welded to the container shell to augment heat transfer during steady state normal conditions of transport. The fins also double as impact limiting devices for absorbing the energy during the hypothetical drop tests.

## 2. Fireshields

All of the exposed surface of the lead-shielded cask is surrounded by fireshields or localised thermal protection. These fireshields are constructed from thermal insulating materials enclosed within steel. There are five distinct thermal protection devices:

1. The top fireshield: 1 in. "Kaowool" thermal insulation is sandwiched between two mild steel plates; the top plate is 0.5 in. thick and the bottom plate is 0.25 in. thick. The top fireshield is integral with the crush shield assembly. The surface area of the top fireshield is $707 \mathrm{im}^{2}$.
2. The cylindrical fireshield: 1 in . "Kaowool" is sandwiched between two cylinders of mild steel; the inner cylinder is $44.875 \mathrm{in}$. OD, 0.25 in . thick, 48 in . high; the outer cylinder is 47.375 in . $\mathrm{OD}, 0.25 \mathrm{in}$. thick, 48 in . high. The surface area of the cylindrical fireshield is $6786 \mathrm{in}^{2}$ ):
3. The bottom fireshield: 1 in. ceramic fibre insulation is sandwiched between upper and lower mild steel plates of the skid. The upper plate of the skid is 0.5 in. thick $x 44 \mathrm{in}$. wide $\times 44 \mathrm{in}$. long, the lower plate of the skid is 0.5 in . thick $\mathbf{x} 44 \mathrm{in}$. wide $\times 44 \mathrm{in}$. long. The surface area of the bottom fireshield is 1,764 in $^{2}$.
4. The top corner of the lead shielded cask has been modified. The primary conical shell is surrounded by a secondary conical shell. The space between the primary and secondary conical shell is filled with 0.375 in. thick thermal insulation. The surface area of the top corner thermal protection is $940 \mathrm{in}^{2}$.
5. The bottom corner of the lead shielded cask has been modified. The primary tori-spherical shell is surrounded by a secondary tori-spherical shell. The space between the primary and secondary torispherical shells is filled with 0.375 in. thick thermal insulation. The surface area of the bottom corner thermal protection is $970 \mathrm{in}^{2}$.
The total area of thermal protection around the F-294 cask is $11,167 \mathrm{in}^{2}$.
The "Kaowool ${ }^{11}$ blankets, protecting the lead-shielded container and plug, have low thermal conductivity ( $.025 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{hr}-\mathrm{ft} .{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) and high service temperature $\left(3,200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, making them ideally suited for use as an insulating material in the packaging.

The ceramic fibre insulation provides the protection to the bottom of the lead shielded container.The low thermal conductivity of ceramic fibre insulation ( $0.227 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{hr}-\mathrm{ft} .{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) and its high service temperature $\left(2500^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ ) (Ref. [1]) make it ideally suited for use as an insulating material in the packaging.
Other steel components of the packaging serve to protect the "Kaowool" blankets against damage from puncture, impact and water.

[^0]
## 3. Lead/Steel Interface Resistance

The F-294 packaging has some features that work to the advantage of maintaining its shielding integrity. In particular, there exists a contact thermal resistance between the lead and steel interface (thermally equivalent to a gap of 0.020 in . of air). This resistance adds to the heat protection to temperatures of about $620^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. This feature, however, is not part of the design; it is the result of the manufacturing process. (See Transnucleaire [Ref. 12, pp 170-171]; pages attached in Chapter 2, Appendix 2.10.10.)

In the steady state heat transfer analysis, this interface coefficient is taken into consideration. However, in the subsequent hypothetical fire test thermal analysis, this interface coefficient has been ignored. From the viewpoint of the F-294 lead melt, this combination provides a worst case scenario.

### 3.1.2 NORMAL CONDITIONS OF TRANSPORT - STEADY STATE TEMPERATURES OF F-294

If an F-294 package containing 360 kCi of $\mathrm{C}-60(5.57 \mathrm{~kW}$ decay heat load) was subjected to the environment described in 10 CFR 71 SS 71.71 (c) (1), Normal Conditions of Transport - Heat, the temperature of the lead shield would be estimated to be:

1) In the container body: Based on the finite element method (FEM) thermal analysis of the F-294 package with the $\mathrm{F}-313$ source carrier, the maximum temperature of lead is $360^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(181^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ at node 146 (mid-height of cavity). Although the FEM thermal analysis of the F-294 package with the F-457 source carrier resulted in higher maximum temperatures, the permissible maximum temperature will remain the same when the loading procedure (Appendix 3.6.7) is followed.
2) In the shield plug: Based on the FEM thermal analysis of the F-294 package with the F-313 source carrier, the maximum temperature of lead is $385^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(196^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ at node 501 (bottom of closure plug). Although the FEM thermal analysis of the F-294 package with the F-457 source carrier resulted in higher maximum temperatures, the permissible maximum temperature will remain the same when the loading procedure (Appendix 3.6.7) is followed.

At these temperatures, the integrity of the lead shielding will not be impaired. (Refer to Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6.4.)

### 3.1.3 HYPOTHETICAL ACCIDENT CONDITIONS OF TRANSPORT TEMPERATURES OF F-294 IN THERMAL TEST

If the F-294 package were subjected to the environment described in 10 CFR 71 SS 71.73 (c) (4), Hypothetical Accident Conditions - Thermal, the estimated worst case temperature of the lead shield is about $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. This is based on a number of conservative assumptions.

Steady state finite element analysis of the F-294 has shown good agreement between measured and calculated temperatures. Extrapolation of this model to the maximum activity has shown no significant effect on the shielding and containment systems.
Transient analysis using the same model has shown the F-294 to complete the regulatory fire test without the initiation of lead melt. Parametric studies have shown this to be true under a variety of modeling conditions. In all cases, peak lead temperatures were found to be significantly less than the melting point, particularly in light of the conservative assumptions used in the model. A maximum temperature of $303^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was observed. The maximum increase in lead temperature was found to be about $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ during the fire transient.

The conservative assumptions used in this model have a significant effect on this result. It is estimated that the effect of the contact resistance decreases the maximum lead temperatures by about $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Furthermore, an additional temperature decrease of between $10-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ could be expected by the specification of a more realistic heat transfer coefficient in the interspace between the fireshield and the shielding vessel.

These findings, combined with the significant amount of energy required to effect a phase change in lead, indicates a substantial margin of safety in the design. It is submitted that the F-294 meets the thermal requirements of the regulations under the normal and hypothetical accident conditions of transport.

See Appendix 3.6.4 for details.

### 3.1.4 DECAY HEAT LOAD

The F-294 has a capacity of 360 kCi of cobalt- 60 . Using 15.47 watts per kilo-curie conversion coefficient, the total decay heat generated is $5,569.2$ watts, rounded to 5.57 kilowatts.

### 3.2 SUMMARY OF THERMAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS

The general thermal properties of the materials used in the F-294 packaging are given in Table 3.2-T1.

The thermal properties as a function of temperature are given in Tables 3.2-T2, 3.2-T3, 3.2-T4, and 3.2-T5 respectively.

Table 3.2-T1
General Thermal Properties of F-294 Materials

| Material | Density (ib/ft ${ }^{3}$ Ref] | Conductivity (BTU/hr-ft-9F) Ref. | Specific Heat (Btu/b. -6 F) Refil | Melting Point (e) \&Ref. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASTM A-36 | 489 [7] | 25 [7] | . 113 [7] | 2,600 [8] |
| ASTM A-240 Type 304 | 488 [6] | 9.4 [6] | . 11 [6] | 2,500 [9] |
| ASTM A-511 Type 316L | 488 [6] | 9.4 [6] | . 11 [6] | 2,550 [9] |
| Lead Pure 99.94\% | 710 [7] | 20 [7] | . 031 [7] | 620 [2] |
| Kaowool | 6 [5] | . 025 [5] | . 255 [5] | 3,200[5] |
| Transite | 100 | 0.224 | 0.2 | 2,500 [1] |

References for Table 3.2-T1, see Appendix 3.6.1.

Table 3.2-T2
Thermal Conductivity Values of the Packaging Materials (Btu/ft.-hr- ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ )

| Temp. (9) | ss304 [6] | Mild Steel [6] | Air [23] | Kaowool [5] | Transite [1] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 8.10 | 32.6 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.225 |
| 100 | 8.70 | 31.3 | 0.015 | 0.0167 | 0.227 |
| 200 | 9.3 | 30.2 | 0.017 | 0.0184 | 0.229 |
| 300 | 9.8 | 29.0 | 0.019 | 0.0208 | 0.231 |
| 400 | 10.4 | 27.8 | 0.021 | 0.0235 | 0.233 |
| 500 | 10.9 | 26.8 | 0.023 | 0.0306 | 0.236 |
| 600 | 11.3 | 25.7 | 0.025 | 0.0358 | 0.238 |
| 700 | 11.8 | 24.7 | 0.027 | 0.0427 | 0.240 |
| 800 | 12.2 | 23.5 | 0.029 | 0.0508 | 0.242 |
| 1000 | 13.2 | 21.6 | 0.032 | 0.0681 | 0.246 |
| 1500 | 15.3 | 17.0 | 0.040 | 0.1213 | 0.257 |

Table 3.2-T3
Specific Heat Values of Packaging Materials (Btu/lb.m- ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ )

| Temperature ( C ) | 304 Stainless [23] | Mild Steel [10]* | Air [23] | Kaowoolt ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Transite ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0.110 | 0.108 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.20 |
| 100 | 0.113 | 0.113 |  |  |  |
| 200 | 0.117 |  |  |  |  |
| 300 | 0.120 |  |  |  |  |
| 400 | 0.123 |  |  |  |  |
| 500 | 0.127 |  |  |  |  |
| 600 | 0.130 |  |  |  |  |
| 700 | 0.133 |  |  |  |  |
| 800 | 0.137 |  |  |  |  |
| 1000 | $0.143^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1500 | 0.160 |  |  |  |  |

## Notes:

a Assumed constant with temperature and represents the average value of air from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $1,000^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
b Assumed constant with temperature.
c Extrapolated below $200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and above $800^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

Table 3.2-T4
Density Values ( $\mathrm{lb} . / \mathrm{ft}{ }^{3}$ ) of Packaging Materials
(Assumed constant with temperature)

| 304 Stainless steel | Mild steel | Air | Kaowool | Transite |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 494 | 489 | 0.0766 | 6 | 100 |

Table 3.2-T5
Lead Thermal Properties from Ref. [2].

| Temperature ( F ) | Thermal Conductivity (Btu/tL-hr- ${ }^{\circ}$ ) | Specific Heat ${ }^{+}{ }^{2}$ (Btunb.m- - ) | Density, $(\mathrm{b} . \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{ft}$.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 20.26 | 0.0304 | 708 |
| 212 | 19.60 | 0.0315 |  |
| 392 | 18.60 | 0.0325 |  |
| 572 | 17.90 | 0.0338 |  |
| 620 | - | 0.0340 |  |
| 621 | 17.88 | $1.478^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| 631 |  | $1.478^{\text { }}$ |  |
| 632 |  | 0.0330 |  |
| 712 |  | 0.0338 |  |
| 752 | 9.2 |  |  |
| 784 | - |  |  |
| 932 | 9.00 | : |  |
| 1112 | 8.70 | $\cdots$ |  |

## Notes:

a The latent heat of fusion of $11.27 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{lb}$. is arbitrarily spread over an $8^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ range to account for melting with an equivalent specific heat. Thus, if any nodal temperature of an element reaches $621^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, melting has begun. If all nodal temperatures of an element reach or exceed $629^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, the element of lead has completely melted.

### 3.3 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS OF COMPONENTS

MDS Nordion
Specification Number

IN/DS 0757 F294
IN/PR 0030 J1100

IN/TS 0146 J 1100

Title and Scope

Technical Specification for the F-294 Transport Packaging.
Technical Specification for the C-188 Sealed Source - Part I Inactive Components and Assembly. (Ref. [24]).
Technical Specification for the C-188 Sealed Source - Part II Active Components and Assembly. (Ref: [25]).

### 3.4 THERMAL EVALUATION FOR NORMAL CONDITIONS OF TRANSPORT

### 3.4.1 THERMAL MODEL

The actual steady state temperature measurements of the F-294 package with an F-313 source carrier, with 374,428 curies of cobalt-60 are reported in Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6.2. Figure 3.4-F1 depicts the actual temperature measurements of F-294 package with 374,428 curies of cobalt-60. The finite element thermal analysis of the F-294/F-313 thermal model, using COSMOS software code, is presented in Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6.4. In addition, the Finite Element Method (FEM) model was validated using measured temperature data for the case of an undeformed F-294/F-313 containing 374,428 Ci of Co-60.
The actual steady state temperature measurements of the F-294 package with an F-457 source carrier, with 376,000 curies of cobalt- 60 are reported in Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6.6. The finite element thermal analysis of the F-294/F-457 thermal model, using ANSYS software code, is presented in Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6.7. In addition, the Finite Element Method (FEM) model was validated using measured temperature data for the case of an undeformed F-294/F-457 containing $376,000 \mathrm{Ci}$ of $\mathrm{Co}-60$. Based on the validated FEM model, a loading procedure was developed and is presented in Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6.7.
The temperature data resulting from employing these two (2) methods of thermal evaluation are presented in Table 3.4-T1. The marginal differences in the listed temperatures are due to the thermal test load of $374,428 \mathrm{Ci}$, while the FEM model used $360,000 \mathrm{Ci}$. In the subsequent analysis, the higher of the temperatures resulting from either the test load or the FEM model is used.
C-188 sealed sources used in the F-294 package have been modeled in one-dimensional heat transfer analysis presented in Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6.3. In this analysis, the C-188 temperatures are estimated to be $830^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ with the ambient of $100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. The highest measured C-188 temperature was $824^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Therefore, the one dimensional thermal model predicts the $\mathbf{C}-188$ temperature fairly accurately.
In the F-294, for the maximum lead temperature, the FEM model predicts $358^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(181^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ maximum lead temperature in the main body. In the F-294 closure plug, the FEM model predicts $385^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(196^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ maximum lead temperature and a surface temperature of $420^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(215^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ at the bottom of the plug.
Table 3.4-T2 column 3 lists the measured surface temperatures of an F -294 package containing $374,428 \mathrm{Ci}$ of $\mathrm{Co}-60$. The maximum temperature is $74^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(165^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ at top of the lift lug fin. As this temperature exceeds $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ but is less than $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, the regulations require the $\mathrm{F}-294$ to be transported as an "exclusive use" shipment. (See 10 CFR 71.43 g).)

Table 3.4-T1
Steady State Temperature Distribution of the F-294/F-313 Configuration

|  | Test | Test ${ }^{2}$ | $\mathrm{FEM}^{3}$ | Node |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| External surface of package: |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient | $38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 400 |
| Bottom of ext cyl. Fireshield | $43^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 373 |
| Middle of ext. cyl. Fireshield | $48^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $26^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $44^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 251 |
| Top of ext cyl. Fireshield | $58^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $36^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $49^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 315 |
| Bottom of fin (air), entrance to chimney | $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | N/A | - |
| Top of crush shield (air), exit from chimney | $66^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $44^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | N/A | - |
| Top of the lift lug | $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $53^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 709 |
| Top crush shield/fireshield, upper surface, centre | $62^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $51^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 85 |
| Top crush shield/fireshield, upper surface, midway centre/edge | $62^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $51^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 88 |
| Top crush shield/fireshield, upper surface, edge | $6^{6}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $43^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $52^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 295 |
| Crush shield, fin bottom | $49^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $48^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | N/A | - |
| Main shield plug (top surface) | $134^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $112^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $149^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 40 |
| Container fin (root) | $129^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $107^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $117^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 185 |
| Container fin (tip) | N/A | N/A | $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 702 |
| Container wall, conical surface (primary shell), | N/A | N/A | $81^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 717 |
| Container wall, conical surface (secondary shell) | N/A | N/A | $131{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 118 |
| Container wall, mid-level | $129^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $107^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $117^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 185 |
| Container wall, bottom (primary shell) | N/A | N/A | $96^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 215 |
| Container wall, bottom (secondary shell) | N/A | N/A | $83^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 732 |
| Section through the shielding of the container: mid-level |  |  |  |  |
| Outer wall (external - mid level) | $129^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $107^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $117^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 185 |
| Outer wall (internal - mid level) | N/A | N/A | $118^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 173 |
| Lead shielding (outside radius) | N/A | N/A | $152^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 673 |
| Lead shielding, average | N/A | N/A | N/A | - |
| Lead shielding (inside radius) | N/A | N/A | $181^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 141 |
| Cavity wall (outside radius) | N/A | N/A | $181^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 141 |
| Cavity wall (inside radius) | $197^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $181^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 146 |
| Cavity bottom | N/A | N/A | $172^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 136 |
| C-188: One ring Only: SN 59532 | $440^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $417^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | N/A | - |
| C-188: One ring Only: SN 59475 | $438^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $415^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | N/A | - |
| Bottom of the main shield plug | $222^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $215^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 17 |

Notes:
${ }^{1}$ Corrected for Ambient, Measurement Errors and Solar Heat, see Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6 .2 for details.
${ }^{2}$ Measured Test data, see Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6 .2 for details ( 374,428 Ci; 5.766 kW )
${ }^{3}$ Finite Element Model (FEM) heat transfer model, see Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6.4 for details.

Figure 3.4-F1
Prior to the drop tests, F-294/F-313 Steady State Temperature Measured Data ( $374,428 \mathrm{Ci} ; 5.766 \mathrm{~kW}$ loading)



Table 3.4-T2
Temperature of Accessible Surface of the F-294/F-313 Package (374,428 Ci: $5.766 \mathbf{k W}$ )

| Location on F-294 Container | Test Temp. $C \mathrm{C}$ | Test ${ }^{2}$ Temp. (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bottom of ext. cyl. fireshield | 21 | 42 |
| Middle of ext. cyl. fireshield | 26 | 47 |
| Top of ext. cyl. fireshield | 36. | 57 |
| Bottom of fin (air) <br> Entrance to chimney | 23 | 44 |
| Top of crush shield (air) Exit from the chimney | 43 | 64 |
| Top of the lift lug | 53 | 74 |
| Top crush shield/fire shield <br> - upper surface, centre <br> - upper surface, midway centre/edge upper surface, edge | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 40 \\ & 43 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 61 \\ & 61 \\ & 64 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Crush shield, fin bottom | 48 | 69 |
| Ambient | 20 | 38 |

${ }^{1}$ Actual Thermal Test Data: See Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6.2
${ }^{2}$ Thermal test data corrected for 1) Ambient 2) Total Measurement Errors

### 3.4.2 MAXIMUM TEMPERATURES

For $\mathbf{3 6 0 , 0 0 0}$ curies of cobalt-60 as the radioactive contents, the highest temperatures of the F-294 packaging are listed in the Table 3.4-T3:

Table 3.4-T3
Maximum Temperatures of Designated F-294 components or Locations

| Location/Description | Temperature |
| :--- | :---: |
| Ambient | $100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Outside upper surface of the crush shield | $149^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Outside upper surface of the shield plug | $273^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(134^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Outside, fireshield, mid height | $118^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(48^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Outside, container, mid height | $264^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(129^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Container, top of lift lug | $167^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Cavity, underneath the plug | $432^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(222^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Cavity, mid-height | $387^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(197^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Cavity, bottom (Node 136 from FEM model) | $342^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(172^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| C-188 | $824^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(440^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Container, lead (Node 141 from FEM model $)$ | $358^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(181^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Shield plug, lead (Node 501 from FEM model $)$ | $385^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(196^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |

The temperatures listed in Table 3.4-T3 are inclusive of three correction factors:

1. Ambient Temperature Correction Factor of $\left(38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)=18^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
2. Total Measurement Errors: $\pm 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for temperature range up to $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $\pm 4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for temperature range up to $450^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
3. Solar Heat Correction Factor of $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for cask temperatures only.
4. FEM model is described in Appendix 3.6.4.

For package temperatures when subjected to a hot environment $\left(130^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right), 30^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ should be added to the temperatures listed above.

Based on the loading procedure presented in Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6.7, temperatures of the various F-294 components or locations will be the same for both the F-313 and F-457 source carriers.

### 3.4.3 MINIMUM TEMPERATURES

As there is no minimum activity specified, a minimum temperature of $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ has been chosen as per requirements of 10 CFR 71.

### 3.4.4 MAXIMUM INTERNAL PRESSURE

### 3.4.4.1 Cavity of F-294

In the cavity of F-294, the pressure build up is as follows:
$\mathrm{T}_{1} \quad$ Ambient temperature of cavity prior to source loading $=70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
$P_{1} \quad=$ Pressure of the cavity prior to source loading $=14.7$ psia
$\mathrm{T}_{2}=$ Temperature of the cavity after source loading $=387^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
$=$ Average of (C-188 temperature and cavity wall temperature.)
$=(824+387) / 2=605.5^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
$\mathrm{P}_{2} \quad=$ Pressure of the cavity after source loading $=$ ? (unknown) psia
$P_{2}=P_{1} \times\left[T_{2}+460\right] /\left[T_{1}+460\right]$
$=14.7 \times[605.5+460] /[70+460]$
$=14.7 \times 1,066 / 530$
$=29.6 \mathrm{psia}$
$=14.9 \mathrm{psig}$.
$\approx 16 \mathrm{psig}$ (Design).
Therefore, the cavity of the F-294 in normal conditions of transport is at 16 psig and average temperature of $606^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. The pressure and temperature will be the same for both the F-313 and F-457 source carriers.

### 3.4.4.2 C-188 Assembly

In the C-188 assembly, the pressure build up is as follows:
$\mathrm{T}_{1} \quad=$ Ambient temperature of $\mathrm{C}-188$ prior to loading in $\mathrm{F}-294=70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
$\mathrm{P}_{1} \quad=$ Pressure of $\mathrm{C}-188$ prior to loading in F-294 $=14.7 \mathrm{psia}$
$\mathrm{T}_{2}=$ Maximum Temperature of C-188 after loading in $\mathrm{F}-294=842^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{P}_{2} \quad & =\text { Pressure of C-188 after loading in } \mathrm{F}-294=? \text { (unknown) psia } \\
\mathrm{P}_{2} \quad & =\mathrm{P}_{1} \times\left[\mathrm{T}_{2}+460\right] /\left[\mathrm{T}_{1}+460\right] \\
& =14.7 \times[842+460] / 770+460] \\
& =14.7 \times 1,302 / 530 \\
& =36.1 \text { psia } \\
& =21.4 \text { psig. } \\
& \approx 22 \text { psig (Design). }
\end{aligned}
$$

During normal conditions of transport of C-188 capsules in the F-294, the C-188 has an internal pressure of 22 psig and a maximum temperature of $842^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

### 3.4.5 MAXIMUM THERMAL STRESSES

The maximum thermal stresses during the normal conditions of transport would arise from the temperature distribution given in section 3.4.2 above.

### 3.4.6 EVALUATION OF THE PACKAGE PERFORMANCE FOR NORMAL CONDITIONS OF TRANSPORT

Table 3.4-T4 lists the various materials used in the F-294 package with the corresponding expected and allowable temperatures.

Table 3.4-T4
List of Materials used in F-294 and their Temperature Compatibility

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2material |  |  | \% Alowable |  | Whatiocation |
|  | min | max | min | max | . |
| ASTM A-36 | -40 | 150 | -40 | $650^{2}$ | fireshield sheathing |
| AISI CR 1020 | -40 | 150 | $-40$ | $650^{2}$ | crush shield |
| ASTM A-240 ss304L | -40 | 400 | -40 | 1,200 | container envelope |
| ASTM A-240 ss304L | -40 | 400 | -40 | 1,200 | closure plug envelope |
| ASTM A-511 ss316L | -40 | 950 | -40 | 1,200 | C-188 encapsulation |
| Lead | -40 | 350 | -40 | 620 | lead shielding |
| "Kaowool" | -40 | 150 | -40 | 3200 | thermal insulation |
| "Hastelloy" | -40 | 400 | -40 | 1200 | cavity bottom |

*ASME Section VIII, Division I Tables for material properties, indicate that temperatures of up to $650^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ do not seriously affect the material strength of mild steels.

Temperature sensitive materials used in the MDS Nordion F-294 package are the lead gamma shield, which melts at $621^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, and the stainless steel outer structure of the C-188 sealed source. The neoprene rubber seals (used on the closure plug bolted joint and the drainline cap joint) have a temperature limit of $300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ but loss of either of these seals is not critical as containment is provided by the Special Form $\mathrm{C}-188$ sealed sources. The Co-60 material is double encapsulated within the structure of the capsules. The C-188 sealed source has been demonstrated to meet Special Form requirements and, in particular, the $1472^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ temperature test.

The inner shell assembly and the lid (closure plug) of the lead-shielded cask is defined as the containment system of the F-294 package. Therefore, from the viewpoint of the integrity of the materials subject to temperature in Normal Conditions Of Transport (NCOT) of F-294, the containment is sound in NCOT. Finally, 10 CFR \# 71.43(g) requires that the temperature limit for non-exclusive external surface use is $122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, and $185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ maximum for exclusive use. These limits apply for all accessible external surfaces when the package is in the shade and the external ambient is $100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. As the accessible surface temperatures of F-294 exceed $122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, the F-294 will be transported as exclusive use shipment (see Chapter 7).

### 3.5 HYPOTHETICAL ACCIDENT THERMAL EVALUATION

### 3.5.1 THERMAL MODEL

### 3.5.1.1 Analytical Thermal Model

The thermal response of a F-294 package to a hypothetical accident is evaluated with Finite Element Method (FEM) models which are described in Appendices 3.6.4 and 3.6.7. The first step was to validate the FEM steady state model by comparing its output to the results obtained during the 374 kCi and 376 kCi of Co-60 tests. The 2 nd step was to run "validated" FEM, steady state model at 360 kCi of Co-60 decay heat, with corrections for a $38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient condition. The output from $2 n d$ step became the input (i.e., initial temperatures) for the 0.5 hour fire test, transient thermal analysis case of the same package.

The FEM model predicts that solar insolation will increase internal temperatures by $2^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.

### 3.5.1.2 Test Thermal Model

The analysis of the F-294 under the conditions of the regulatory fire test has been carried out analytically and is summarized in Appendices 3.6.4 and 3.6.7. Conservative assumptions are used throughout the analysis. It is concluded that there is a large margin of safety with regard to lead melt.

### 3.5.2 PACKAGE CONDITIONS AND ENVIRONMENT

Prior to the drop and puncture tests, there is about $11,200 \mathrm{in}^{2}$ of thermal protection as summarized below:

| Location | Insulated Area (in ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Top Fireshield | 707 |
| Radial Fireshield | 6,786 |
| Bottom Fireshield | 1,764 |
| Top Comer of Shielding Vessel | 940 |
| Bottom Corner of Shielding Vessel | 970 |
| Total Thermal Protection | 11,167 |

The analysis in Chapter 2, section 2.7 has shown that there will be loss of $\leq 0.3 \%$ of the total thermal protection area. For all practical purposes, this is considered no loss of thermal protection. The cylindrical fireshield, the bottom fixed skid and the top crush shield were all fully retained after the F-294 drop tests. However, approximately $800 \mathrm{in}^{2}$ of the total thermal protection area of the F-294 after the drop tests was crushed. The most significant damage was to the top-side corner of the cylindrical fireshield. There was also damage around the puncture pin impacted zones of the F-294.

The effect of crushing on the performance of Kaowool is considered in Appendix 3.6.4. The thermal conductivity of the entire $11,200 \mathrm{in}^{2}$ area was increased by a factor of 2 relative to steady state conditions. It was found that this effect was small in comparison with the effects of convection and radiation within the fin enclosure. Therefore, the damage to the thermal protection is considered to be insignificant.

### 3.5.3 PACKAGE TEMPERATURES

The results of the transient analyses are summarized in Appendix 3.6.4. Temperature histories for selected nodes are plotted in this Appendix. The maximum lead temperature was found to be $303{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at 30 minutes from the start of the fire. This temperature was observed at the base of the main body.

The model used a series of conservative assumptions. In spite of these assumptions, a substantial margin of safety relative to the $327^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ melting point of lead was observed. See Table $3.5-\mathrm{Tl}$ for lead and steel temperatures of the selected nodes of the F-294 thermal model depicted in Figure 3.5-F1.
The magnitude of the conservative factors used in the analysis is discussed in Appendix 3.6.4. The most significant of these are the assumptions of zero contact resistance at the start of the fire and unimpeded flow of hot gases over the shielding vessel.

These findings, combined with the significant amount of energy required to cause lead melt indicates a substantial margin of safety in the design. It is submitted that the F-294 meets the thermal requirements of the regulations under the normal and hypothetical accident conditions of transport.

### 3.5.4 MAXIMUM INTERNAL PRESSURES

The normal operating pressure and temperature of the F-294 cavity is 16 psig and $606^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. The cavity wall of the F-294 is at $387^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

When the F-294 is subjected to a hypothetical thermal test, the temperature of the cavity and the sealed source will be as follows:

1. maximum cavity wall temperature during thermal test $=500^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
2. cavity wall temperature during $\mathrm{NCOT}=387^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
3. maximum sealed source temperature during NCOT (F-294/F-457) $=842^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

The source temperature during the thermal test will be:

$$
\mathrm{TS}_{\mathrm{C}-188}=842+500-387=941^{\circ} \mathrm{F}=955^{\circ} \mathrm{F}
$$

The average temperature of the cavity, during the thermal test, is:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{T C}_{\text {AVG }, \mathrm{CAVITY}} & =\left(\text { TS }_{\mathbf{C}_{-188}}+\text { TC }_{\text {FRE, }}^{\text {CAVTY }}\right) \\
& =(955+500) / 2 \\
& =728^{\circ} \mathrm{F}
\end{aligned}
$$

### 3.5.4.1 Cavity of F-294

In the cavity of the F-294, the pressure build up is as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{T}_{1} & =\text { Average Temperature of F-294 Cavity in NCOT }=606^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\
\mathrm{P}_{1} & =\text { Pressure of the cavity in NCOT }=29.6 \text { psia } \\
\mathrm{T}_{2} & =\text { Average Temperature of the cavity after fire test }=728^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\
\mathbf{P}_{2} & =\text { Pressure of the cavity after fire test }=? \text { (unknown) psia } \\
\mathrm{P}_{2} & =\mathrm{P}_{1} \times\left[\mathrm{T}_{2}+460\right] /\left[\mathrm{T}_{1}+460\right] \\
& =29.6 \times[728+460] /[606+460] \\
& =29.6 \times 1,188 / 1,066 \\
& =33.0 \text { psia } \\
& =18.3 \text { psig. } \\
& =20 \text { psig (design). }
\end{aligned}
$$

Therefore the cavity of F-294 in accident conditions of transport is at 20 psig and average temperature of $721^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

### 3.5.4.2 C-188 Assembly

In the C-188 assembly, the pressure build up is as follows:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{T}_{1} & =\text { Temperature of } \mathrm{C}-188 \text { in underwater pool }=70^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\
\mathrm{P}_{1} & =\text { Internal Pressure of C-188 in underwater pool }=14.7 \mathrm{psia} \\
\mathrm{~T}_{2} & =\text { Temperature of } \mathrm{C}-188 \text { in HACOT of } \mathrm{F}-294=955^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\
\mathrm{P}_{2} & =\text { Pressure of C-188 in HACOT of F-294 }=? \text { (unknown) psia } \\
\mathrm{P}_{2} & =\mathrm{P}_{1} \times\left[\mathrm{T}_{2}+460\right] /\left[\mathrm{T}_{1}+460\right] \\
& =14.7 \times[955+460] /[70+460] \\
& =14.7 \times 1,415 / 530 \\
& =39.25 \text { psia } \\
& =24.5 \mathrm{psig} . \\
& =27 \mathrm{psig} \text { (design) }
\end{array}
$$

During accident conditions of transport, the C-188 has an internal pressure of 27 psig and maximum temperature of $955^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

### 3.5.5 MAXIMUM THERMAL STRESSES

The maximum thermal stresses will occur at 30 minutes from the start of the fire test, when the exterior temperatures have reached a maximum and the internal temperatures are still rising. These temperatures are presented in Appendix 3.6.4 as a time history graph of the selected stainless steel and lead nodes.

### 3.5.6 EVALUATION OF PACKAGE PERFORMANCE FOR THE HYPOTHETICAL ACCIDENT THERMAL CONDITIONS

### 3.5.6.1 C-188 Sealed Source

The maximum temperature of the $\mathrm{C}-188$, during the hypothetical thermal test, is $955^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. As the $\mathrm{C}-188$ is certified as Special Form and has been tested successfully to $800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(1,472^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, the integrity of the C - 188 is sound.

The C-188 temperature in the hypothetical thermal test is $940^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ which is less than the melting point of ss316L $\left(2300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. Therefore, the ss316L encapsulation shall not melt.

As the $\mathrm{C}-188$ is free to expand, the thermal stresses are insignificant. The maximum growth from $70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $940^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ is

$$
\begin{aligned}
\delta \quad & =L_{\text {O,C-188 }} \times \alpha \times\left(955^{\circ} \mathrm{F}-70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \\
& =17.777 \times 10.5 \mathrm{E}-6 \times(955-70) \\
& =0.17 \mathrm{in} .
\end{aligned}
$$

The amount of free room between the underside of the shield plug and the top of the C-188 in the F-313 or F-457 source carrier is 1.0 in . As thermal growth of $\delta=0.17 \mathrm{in}$. is less than this clearance, during the hypothetical thermal test the C-188 capsules shall expand freely. Consequently, as there is no restraint, there are no significant thermal stresses in the outer body of the C-188.
A stress analysis of C-188 under internal pressures is carried out in Chapter 4, Appendix 4.4.5. The results are recaptured here.

Due to internal pressure of 27 psig in the C-188 during HACOT of F-294,

1. the hoop stress in the tube away from joint $=192 \mathrm{psi}$
2. the hoop stress in the tube at the joint $=288 \mathrm{psi}$
3. the bending stress in the end cap $=5 \mathrm{psi}$.

Based on yield stress of 15,000 psi for ss 316 L at $955^{\circ} \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{C}-188$ has a Safety Factor of 42 and Margin of Safety of 41.

Based on the above arguments, the integrity of the Special Form sealed source C-188 is sound.

### 3.5.6.2 The Containment System

The inner shell assembly and the lid (closure plug) of the F-294 lead shielded cask is defined as the containment system of F-294 package. The stress analysis of the containment system subject to hypothetical accident conditions of transport of F-294 is presented in Chapter 4, Appendix 4.4.6. It is demonstrated that:

1. as $\mathrm{C}-188$ is certified Special Form RAM and provides leak tight containment AND
2. as the closure plug (the shielding) is retained over the inner shell assembly which houses the cobalt-60 C-188 sealed sources,
F-294 does meet the HACOT containment system requirements (10 CFR 71.51 (a) (2)).

### 3.5.6.3 Shielding in the Container and the Plug

For 360,000 curies of cobalt-60, the thermal model calculates no lead melt. Consequently there is no loss of lead shielding from the F-294.
Therefore, the integrity of lead shielding of the F-294 is sound.

Figure 3.5.-F1
Node Numbers of F-294 Thermal Model


Table 3.5-T1
Maximum Temperatures of Selected Lead and Steel Nodes of F-294 Thermal Model in a Fire Test

| Node | Approximate Location of Lead Node | Maximim | Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 | Top Plug, Bottom Steel Surface | 277 | 120 |
| 1 | Top Plug, Lower Lead/Steel Interface | 277 | 112 |
| 13 | Top Plug, Upper Lead/Steel Interface | 242 | 86 |
| 40 | Top Plug, Top Steel Surface | 244 | 30 |
| 55 | Lower Steel Surface of Upper Fireshield | 492 | 30 |
| 85 | Upper Steel Surface of Upper Fireshield | 666 | 30 |
| 146 | Cavity Wall, Steel at Midheight | 263 | 70 |
| 141 | Cavity Wall, Inner Lead/Steel Interface, at Midheight | 263 | 76 |
| 173 | Cavity Wall, Outer Lead Steel Interface, at Midheight | 257 | 30 |
| 185 | Steel Outer Wall of Shield, at Midheight | 288 | 30 |
| 226 | Inner Steel Surface of Radial Fireshield, at Midheight | 456 | 30 |
| 251 | Outer Steel Surface of Radial Fireshield, at Midheight | 783 | 30 |
| 136 | Bottom Steel Surface of Cavity, at Centreline | 259 | 69 |
| 133 | Bottom of Shield, Upper LeadSteel Interface | 256 | 63 |
| 190 | Bottom of Shield, Lower Lead/Steel Interface | 244 | 30 |
| 208 | Bottom Steel Surface of Shield | 274 | 30 |
| 319 | Inner Steel Surface of Bottom Fireshield | 387 | 30 |
| 328 | Outer Steel Surface of Bottom Fireshield | 610 | 30 |

* Time equals zero at the start of the fire test.


### 3.6 APPENDICES

This section contains the following appendices.

## Appendix 3.6.1 List of References for Chapter 3

Appendix 3.6.2 Normal Thermal Tests of the F-294 Package with the F-313 source carrier
Appendix 3.6.3 Steady State Heat Transfer in the Cavity of F-294 Package
Appendix 3.6.4 Finite Element Analysis of the F-294 with the F-313 source carrier
Appendix 3.6.5 Properties of Kaowool
Appendix 3.6.6 Normal Thermal Test of the F-294 package with the F-457 source carrier Appendix 3.6.7 F-294 Loading Finite Element analysis

## APPENDIX 3.6.1

## List of References for Chapter 3

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## APPENDIX 3.6.2 <br> Normal Thermal Tests of the F-294 Package with the F-313 Source Carrier

## CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION ..... 3
2. THERMAL TESTS CONDUCTED PRIOR TO THE F-294 DROP TESTS ..... 3
2.1 TEST RESULTS OF THERMAL TEST CONDUCTED PRIOR TO THE F-294 DROP TESTS ..... 3
2.1.1 Highest Temperature ..... 3
2.1.2 Lowest Temperature ..... 4
3. THERMAL TESTS CONDUCTED AFTER THE F-294 DROP TESTS ..... 4
3.1 TEST RESULTS OF THERMAL TEST CONDUCTED AFTER THE F-294 DROP TESTS ..... 4
3.1.I Highest Temperature ..... 4
3.1.2 Lowest Temperature ..... 5
4. TEMPERATURE MEASUREMIENT ERRORS ..... 5
5. TEMPERATURE INFORMATION FOR THERMAL TEST PRIOR TO THE F-294 DROP TESTS ..... 6
5.1 Temperature of Accessible Surface of the F-294 Package ..... 6
5.2 Package Temperatures. ..... 7
6. TEMPERATURE INFORMATION FOR THERMAL TEST AFTER THE F-294 DROP TESTS. ..... 8
6.1 TEMPERATURE OF THE F-294 PaCKAGE ..... 8
7. CONCLUSIONS ..... 9
SUB-APPENDIX:3.6.2.1 TEST \# 5.1.10, NORMAL THERMAL TEST PRIOR TO TEE DROP ..... 13
SUB-APPENDIX 3.6.2.2 TEST \# 5.3.10, NORMAL THERMAL TESTING AFTER THE DROP ..... 27

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

Extensive steady state normal thermal tests were carried out using a full scale F-294 test packaging and using actual C-188 cobalt-60 sealed sources. This appendix provides the thermal test data for thermal tests conducted on the F-294 before the F-294 drop tests and after the F-294 drop tests. All the thermal tests were conducted under shade conditions (i.e., a closed building). The measurement errors are identified and their magnitude is estimated.
The temperature data is converted into temperature information with appropriate consideration given to factors like ambient temperatures, measurement errors and shade or solar conditions.

## 2. THERMAL TESTS CONDUCTED PRIOR TO THE F-294 DROP TESTS

The details of the steady state, normal thermal tests conducted prior to the F-294 drop tests are given in Sub-Appendix 3.6.2.1.
The F-294 Shipping Package was subjected to normal thermal testing when loaded with Co-60 as outlined in The Procedure for Steady State Thermal Test IN/OP 0597 F294. Four tests (cases) were carried out on the four different configurations.

Test \#1: F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, no added insulation
Test \#2: F-294 without fireshield or crush shield, no added insulation
Test \#3: F-294 without fireshield or crush shield, with added insulation
Test \#4: F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, with added insulation.
The decay heat load was equivalent to forty (40), full scale active C-188 cobalt-60 sources. The C-188 capsules were loaded in a single ring within an F-313 source carrier. The curies used at the start and finish of the pre-drop thermal test are as follows:

1. At the start: 1998 Jan $06-375,510$ curies ( 5.782 kW )
2. At the finish: 1998 Jan $14-374,428$ curies ( 5.766 kW )

The F-294 cavity was purged with argon. Therefore the F-294 cavity environment was argon.

### 2.1 TEST RESULTS OF THERMAL TEST CONDUCTED PRIOR TO THE F-294 DROP TESTS

The details of the test temperature data are given in Sub-Appendix 3.6.2.1. Selective temperature data is recaptured as per Tables 3.6.2-T1 and 3.6.2-T2.

### 2.1.1 Highest Temperature

The highest temperature of the following designated location/components are based on Test \#4 ( F -294 with fireshield and crush shield, with added insulation) is as per Table 3.6.2-T1.

Table 3.6.2-T1
Highest Temperature of the Designated F-294 Locations in Test \#4 (F-294 with Fireshield and Crush Shield, With Added Insulation)

| Item | Lemperature (C) |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | C-188 | 417 |
| 2 | Cavity wall | 175 |
| 3 | Underside of the F-294 closure plug | 200 |
| 4 | Top of the F-294 closure plug | 112 |
| 5 | Mid height of the F-294 external container wall | 107 |
| 6 | Top of lift lug fin (most accessible surface) | 53 |
| 7 | Ambient | $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

### 2.1.2 Lowest Temperature

The lowest temperature of the following designated location/components are based on Test \#2 (F-294 without fireshield and crush shield, without added insulation) as per Table 3.6.2-T2.

Table 3.6.2-T2
Lowest Temperature of the F-294 Location/Components (Test \# 2: F-294 Without Fireshield and Crush Shield, No Added Insulation)

| Item | Location | Temperature ( $\mathbf{C}$ C) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | C-188 | 386 |
| 2 | Cavity wall | 158 |
| 3 | Underside of the F-294 closure plug | 179 |
| 4 | Top of the F-294 closure plug | 101 |
| 5 | Mid height of the F-294 external container wall | 90 |
| 6 | Ambient | 23 |

## 3. THERMAL TESTS CONDUCTED AFTER THE F-294 DROP TESTS

The F-294 test packaging was subjected to eight (8) drop tests conducted on February 25, 1998 at Chalk River Laboratory, AECL, Chalk River, Ontario, Canada. After the drop tests, the F-294 Shipping Package was subjected to the normal thermal testing as outlined in The Procedure for Steady State Thermal Test IN/OP 0597. Post-drop thermal tests on F-294 were carried out between March 171998 and March 241998 in the Industrial Operations building, MDS Nordion, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada. The droptested F-294 was loaded by the same technician. The four tests (cases) were again carried out on the four different configurations.

Test \#1: F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, no added insulation
Test \#2: F-294 without fireshield or crush shield, no added insulation
Test \#3: F-294 without fireshield or crush shield, with added insulation
Test \#4: F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, with added insulation
The decay heat load was simulated using quantity forty (40), full scale active C-188 cobalt-60 sources. The C-188's were loaded in a single ring within F-313 source carrier. These C-188 sources were the same ones used in the pre-drop thermal test. The curies used at the start and finish of the post-drop thermal test are as follows:

1. at the start: 1998 March $17-366,160$ curies ( 5.638 kW )
2. at the finish: 1998 March $24-365,237$ curies ( 5.624 kW )

The F-294 cavity was purged with argon. Therefore the F-294 cavity environment was argon.

### 3.1 TEST RESULTS OF THERMAL TEST CONDUCTED AFTER THE F-294 DROP TESTS

The details of the test temperature data are given in the Sub-Appendix 3.6.2.2. Selective temperature data is re-captured as per Tables 3.6.2-T3 and 3.6.2-T4.

### 3.1.1 Highest Temperature

The highest temperatures of the following designated location/components are based on Test \#4 (F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, with added insulation) as per Table 3.6.2-T3.

Table 3.6.2-T3
Highest Temperature of the designated F-294 Locations in Test \#4 (F-294 With Fireshield and Crush Shield, With Added Insulation)

|  | Then | Temperature\| |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Item | Location | (C) |
| 1 | C-188 | 413 |
| 2 | Cavity wall | 193 |
| 3 | Underside of the F-294 closure plug | 222 |
| 4 | Top of the F-294 closure plug | 111 |
| 5 | Mid height of the F-294 external container wall | 110 |
| 6 | Top of lift lug fin (most accessible surface) | 56 |
| 7 | Ambient | 23 |

### 3.1.2 Lowest Temperature

The lowest temperature, of the following designated location /components are based on Test \# 1 (F-294 without fireshield and crush shield, no added insulation.) is as per Table 3.6.2-T4.

Table 3.6.2-T4
Lowest Temperature of the Designated F-294 Locations in Test \#1 (F-294 Without Fireshield and Crush Shield, Without Added Insulation)

| Item | Temperature |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | C-188 | Location |
| 2 | Cavity wall | 368 |
| 3 | Underside of the F-294 closure plug | 167 |
| 4 | Top of the F-294 closure plug | 206 |
| 5 | Mid height of the F-294 external container wall | 87 |
| 6 | Ambient | 91 |

## 4. TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT ERRORS

The details of the temperature instrumentation, calibration etc. are given in Sub-Appendices 3.6.2.1 and 3.6.2.2.

The temperature measurement errors are made up of three major factors:

1. The accuracy of thermocouple wire (type K ) $\pm 2.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $\pm 0.75 \%$ whichever is greater.
2. The accuracy of readout instrumentation (Omega Temperature Logger, Fluke Temperature Reader, Omega Temperature Reader) $\pm 2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
3. The accuracy of thermo-couple junction, connection to the F-294 components, estimated $\pm$ $0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Based on these individual accuracies, the total measurement error $(\Delta \theta)$ is estimated as follows:
1) For temperature range up to $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ :

$$
\begin{aligned}
\Delta \theta & = \pm \sqrt{ }\left[(t / \mathrm{c} \text { error })^{2}+(\text { readout instrument error })^{2}+(\text { connection error })^{2}\right. \\
& = \pm \sqrt{ }\left[(2.25)^{2}+(2)^{2}+(0.5)^{2}\right. \\
& = \pm \sqrt{ }[9.09 \\
& = \pm 3.05 \\
& = \pm 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}
\end{aligned}
$$

2) For temperature range between $>300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $\leq 450^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ :
$\Delta \theta= \pm \sqrt{ }\left[(t / \mathrm{c} \text { error })^{2}+(\text { readout instrument error) })^{2}+(\text { connection error })^{2}\right]$
$= \pm \sqrt{ }\left[(3.375)^{2}+(2)^{2}+(0.5)^{2}\right]$
$= \pm \sqrt{ }[15.64]$
$= \pm 3.95$
$= \pm 4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## 5. TEMPERATURE INFORMATION FOR THERMAL TEST PRIOR TO THE F-294 DROP TESTS

### 5.1 TEMPERATURE OF ACCESSIBLE SURFACE OF THE F-294 PACKAGE

For $374,428 \mathrm{Ci}$ of cobalt- $60(5.766 \mathrm{~kW})$, Table 3.6.2-T5, column 3 lists the maximum temperatures of the external surface of the F-294 container in the shade inclusive of:

1. ambient temperature correction factor $\left(38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
2. total measurement error of $\pm 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

The highest temperature of the accessible surface of the $\mathrm{F}-294$ package is $74^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(165^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, at lift lug location.
The temperature credit, as a result of using a higher test source (at start of thermal test prior to the F-294 drop test program $375,510 \mathrm{kCi}$ of cobalt-60 [Jan 06, 1998] and at end of thermal test prior to the F-294 drop test program $374,428 \mathrm{kCi}$ of cobalt- 60 [Jan 14, 1998]) versus the license capacity of 360 kCi of cobalt-60, has been ignored.

Table 3.6.2-T5
Temperature of Accessible Surface of the F-294 Package (374,428 Ci: 5.766 kW)

| Location on F-294 Container | Test ${ }^{1}$ Temp. (C) | Test ${ }^{2}$ Temp. (C) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Bottom of ext. cyl. fireshield | 21 | 42 |
| Middle of ext. cyl. fireshield | 26 | 47 |
| Top of ext. cyl. fireshield | 36 | 57 |
| Bottom of fin (air) | 23 | 44 |
| Entrance to chimney | 43 | 64 |
| Top of crush shield (air) <br> Exit from the chimney | 53 | 74 |
| Top of the lift lug | 40 | 61 |
| Top crush shield/fire shield | 40 | 61 |
| upper surface, centre | 43 | 64 |
| upper surface, midway centre/edge | 48 | 69 |
| upper surface, edge | 20 | 38 |
| Crush shield, fin bottom |  |  |
| Ambient |  |  |

[^1]
### 5.2 PACKAGE TEMPERATURES

The temperature of the following designated location/components of F-294, based on Test \#4 (F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, with added insulation) are as per Table 3.6.2-T6. For $374,428 \mathrm{Ci}$ of cobalt-60 ( 5.766 kW ), Table 3.6.2-T6, column 4, lists the maximum temperatures of the F-294 container in the shade inclusive of:

1. ambient temperature correction factor $\left(38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
2. total measurement error of $\pm 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $\pm 4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ depending on the temperature range.

Figure 3.6.2-F1 shows the temperatures for the normal steady state thermal test of the F-294, prior to the drop test, using 374,428 Ci of cobalt-60 ( 5.766 kW ).

Table 3.6.2-T6
Temperature of the F-294 Package, Prior to the Drop Test of F-294

| Cbannel | Location | Test $14{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Test 14 corrected (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | C-188 source, midpoint of $\sin 59432$ | 397 | 419 |
| 2 | C-188 source, midpoint of s/n 59475 | 417 | 439 |
| 3 | C-188 source, midpoint of s/n 59532 | 415 | 437 |
| 4 | Underside of shielding plug, adjacent to ventline exit hole | 200 | 221 |
| 5 | Cavity wall, at vertical midpoint, on side of drainline | 175 | 196 |
| 6 | Cavity wall, at vertical midpoint, on opposite side of drainline | 172 | 193 |
| 7 | Container wall, between the fins, upper section | 106 | 127 |
| 78 | Container wall, between the fins, upper section, top of insulation | 71 | 92 |
| 8 | Ambient, at elevation even with cavity midpoint | 20 | 38 |
| 9 | Top center of upper crush shield | 40 | 61 |
| 10 | Air temperature between fins of crush shield, side of drainline | 44 | 65 |
| 11 | Container wall, between the fins, midsection | 107 | 128 |
| 12 | Container wall, adjacent to drainline | 92 | 113 |
| 12a | Container wall, adjacent to drainline, top of insulation | N/A | N/A |
| 13 | Underside of container, center | 31 | 52 |
| 14 | Top center of shielding plug | 112 | 133 |
| 15 | Top of crush shield, equidistant between center and outside edge of plate | 40 | 61 |
| 16 | Top of crush shield, outside edge of plate | 43 | 64 |
| 17 | Air temperature, top edge of fireshield, side of drainline | 41 | 62 |
| 18 | Air temperature, lower edge of fireshield, side of drainline | 23 | 44 |
| 19 | Top of donut ring on crush shield | 40 | 61 |
| 20 | Lower edge of fireshield, side of drainline | 21 | 42 |
| 21 | Midpoint of fireshield, side of drainline | 26 | 47 |
| 22 | Upper edge of fireshield, side of drainline | 36 | 57 |
| 23 | Lower donut ring on crush shield, side of drainline | 48 | 69 |
| 24 | Top of lifting lug fin, opposite side of drainline | 53 | 74 |
| 25 | Ambient, approximately one meter above container | 29 | 50 |

## 6. TEMPERATURE INFORMATION FOR THERMAL TEST AFTER THE F-294 DROP TESTS

Details of the steady state, normal thermal test of the drop tested F-294 are given in Sub-Appendix 3.6.2.2. When these tests were carried out, the punctured zones (openings in the fireshield) were taped over with aluminum tape in order to cut down the air bypass. This results in the cask and package temperatures being conservative.

### 6.1 TEMPERATURE OF THE F-294 PACKAGE

For $365,237 \mathrm{Ci}$ of cobalt-60 ( 5.624 kW ), Table 3.6.2-T7, column 4 lists the maximum temperatures of the external surface of the F-294 container in the shade inclusive of:

1. ambient temperature correction factor $\left(38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
2. total measurement error of $\pm 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $\pm 4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, depending on the temperature range.

Figures 3.6.2-F2 and 3.6.2-F3 show the temperatures, for normal steady state thermal test of F-294, after the drop test, using $365,237 \mathrm{Ci}$ of cobalt- 60 ( 5.624 kW ).

Table 3.6.2-T7
Temperature of the F-294 Package, After the F-294 Drop Tests (365,237 Ci: 5.624kW)

| Channel | Location | Test\#4 $\stackrel{C}{C}$ | Test $\# 4$ corrected ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | C-188 source, midpoint of s/n 59532 | 381 | 400 |
| 2 | C-188 source, midpoint of $\sin 59475$ | 413 | 432 |
| 3 | Underside of shielding plug, adjacent to ventline exit hole | 222 | 240 |
| 4 | Cavity wall midheight, in line with damaged lift lug \#4 | 186 | 204 |
| 5 | Cavity wall midheight on the side opposite the drainline | 191 | 209 |
| 6 | Cavity wall midheight on the same side as the drainline | 193 | 211 |
| 7 | Container wall between the fins, middle section, in line with drainline | 108 | 126 |
| 8 | Ambient, at elevation even with cavity midpoint | 23 | 38 |
| 9 | Top center of shielding plug | 111 | 129 |
| 10 | Ambient, approximately one meter above top of container | 29 | 47 |
| 11 | Top of lift lug \#2 | 56 | 74 |
| 12 | Container wall, lower section, adjacent to the drainline | 96 | 114 |
| 13 | Underside of container, center, middle of indentation from puncture pin | 35 | 53 |
| 14 | Container wall, upper section, under damaged fins, mid-way between lift lugs \#1 and \#2 (damage zone \#2) | 111 | 129 |
| 15 | Container wall, middle section, mid-way between lift lugs \#1 and \#2 (damage zone \#2) | 110 | 128 |
| 16 | Container wall, lower section, mid-way between lift lugs \#1 and \#2 (damage zone \#2) | 99 | 117 |
| 17 | Air temperature, top edge of fireshield, in line with drainline | 52 | 70 |
| 18 | Air temperature, lower edge of fireshield, in line with drainline | 32 | 50 |
| 19 | Air temperature, upper section, between damaged fins near lift lug \#4 | 54 | 72 |
| 20 | Container wall, middle section; under fin folded over from puncture pin, near lift lug \#4 | 104 | 122 |
| 21 | Container wall, upper section, in line with drainline. | 111 | 129 |
| 22 | Top of damaged lift lug \#4 | 64 | 82 |
| 23 | Top of insulation, over t/ \# 21 | 79 | 97 |
| 24 | Top of insulation, over t/c \#12 | 71 | 89 |
| 25 | Inoperative | n/a | n/a |


| Channel | Location | $\begin{gathered} \text { Testy4 } \\ \hline \mathrm{CO} \end{gathered}$ | Test $\# 4$ corrected ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26 | Container wall, upper section, adjacent to damaged lift lug \#4 (on reinforcing pad) | 109 | 127 |
| 27 | Air temperature, lower section, between damaged fins, near lift lug \#4 | 23 | 41 |
| 28 | Container wall, upper section, adjacent to damaged lift lug \#4 (other side of fin from $t / \mathrm{C}$ \#26) | 111 | 129 |
| 29 | Top of insulation, over t/c \#26 | 87 | 105 |
| 30 | Top of insulation, lower section, next to lift lug \#4 | 64 | 82 |
| 31 | Top center of crush shield | 45 | 63 |
| 32 | Top of crush shield, equidistant between center and outside edge of plate, in line with lift lug \#2 | 43 | 61 |
| 33 | Top of crush shield, outside edge of plate, in line with lift lug \#2 | 40 | 58 |
| 34 | Top edge of fireshield, in line with drainline | 35 | 53 |
| 35 | Mid-height of fireshield, in line with drainline | 29 | 47 |
| 36 | Bottom edge of fire shield, in line with drainline | 27 | 45 |
| 37 | Air temperature, between damaged fins of crush shield, in line with drainline | 47 | 65 |
| 38 | Top of upper donut ning on crush shield, in line with lift lug \#2 | 46 | 64 |
| 39 | Top of lower donut ring on crush shield, in line with lift lug \#2 | 57 | 75 |
| 40 | Top of fireshield, puncture pin damaged zone \#1, near lift lug \#4 | 42 | 60 |
| 41 | Top of fireshield, near lift lug \#2 | 37 | 55 |
| 42 | Top of insulation, upper section, between fins of damage zone \#2 | 79 | 97 |
| 43 | Top of insulation, lower section, between fins of damaged zone \#2 | 65 | 83 |

## 7. CONCLUSIONS

7.1 With the F-294 package in the shade, the highest C-188 temperature is $439^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(822.2^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ based on ambient temperature of $38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. The solar heat load is expected to raise the cask temperatures by $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Therefore, the highest $\mathrm{C}-188$ temperature is $440^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(824^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ based on ambient temperature of $38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
7.2 The highest temperature of the most accessible surface of the package (i.e., top of the lift lug) is $74^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(165^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
7.3 In general, the cask temperatures of the drop-tested F-294 were marginally higher than the pre-drop-tested F-294.
7.4 Steady state temperatures following the drop test will not result in any damage to the shielding or containment systems.

Figure 3.6.2-F1
Temperatures for Normal Steady State Thermal Test of F-294 Prior to the Drop Test, using 374,428 Ci of Cobalt-60 (5,766 kW)


T/C ${ }^{3} 3$ - $\mathrm{C}-188$ tEmperature $\left(415^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, NOT SHOWN. IN THIS PLANE

Figure 3.6.2-F2
Temperatures for Normal Steady State Thermal Test of F-294 After the Drop Test, using $365,237 \mathrm{Ci}$ of Cobalt- 60 ( 5.624 kW ) (Plane of Drainline section)
-(10) $29^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


Figure 3.6.2-F3
Temperatures for Normal Steady State Thermal Test of F-294 After the Drop Test, using $\mathbf{3 6 5 , 2 3 7} \mathbf{C i}$ of Cobalt- $60(5,624 \mathrm{~kW}$ ) (Away from the Plane of Drainline section)


# SUB-APPENDIX 3.6.2.1 <br> Test \# 5.1.10, Normal Thermal Test Prior to the Drop 

### 5.10 TEST \#5.1.10 - Normal Thermal Test Prior to the Drop

\#1

Test \#<br>5.1.10, as per test plan document IN/QA 1368 F294 (1), F-294 Regulatory Tests Normal Thermal Test Prior to the Drop<br>Date test conducted January 6, 1998

\#2 Person conducting the test/procedure
D. Whitby conducted the test.

## \#2.1 Introduction

The F-294 Shipping Package was subjected to normal thermal testing when loaded with Co-60 as outlined in The Procedure for Steady State Thermal Test IN/OP 0597 F294. The F-294 was loaded by Ed Psutka of Industrial Operations, and the thermal testing was carried out by Greg Chupick the Industrial Operations Monitor, and Dave Whitby of Industrial QC. Four tests were carried out on the four different configurations.

Test \#1: F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, no added insulation
Test \#2: F-294 without fireshield or crush shield, no added insulation
Test \#3: F-294 without fireshield or crush shield, with added insulation
Test \#4: F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, with added insulation

## \#2.2 Instrumentation

Calibrated type K thermocouples were used through out the thermal test, with two 10 -channel digital readers. The Omega Temperature Logger OM-302, number 6-810-021 was last calibrated September 1997 with a quoted accuracy of $\pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. It is due for re-calibration September 1998. The Fluke digital reader model 2166A, number 6-810-022 was last calibrated October 1997 with a quoted accuracy of $\pm 0.5 \%$; it is due for re-calibration October 1998.
The thermocouples comprised of certified Type K wire. A sample was calibrated by Site Operating Systems \& Technical Services to confirm its performance. The samples were tested from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, up to $600^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; all points tested were within $\pm 2.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, or $\pm 0.75 \%$ of reading, whichever was greater (see Tables 2.10.12-T4 and 2.10.12-T5). The thermocouples each had a flame fusion junction which could be mounted on to the container wall using thermal paste, high temperature aluminum adhesive tape, and/or duct tape.

## \#2.3 Thermocouple Placement within F-294 Cavity

The F-294 Flask was prepared for thermal tests prior to loading. Three thermocouples were mounted on $1 / 2$ in. square stainless steel flat plate; two were in turn tack welded on to the cavity wall, in line with the drainline, radially opposed to each other and axially on the cavity center line. The third was mounted on to the underside of container plug, adjacent to the vent line exit hole. The wire for the three thermocouples was routed out the F-294 plug vent line to Type K connectors.

Thermocouples were also mounted actively on to three of the C-188 sources using hose clamps for a secure contact. The position of the thermocouples were approximately at the center of the sources; the Source Technician then placed these sources ( $\mathrm{s} / \mathrm{n} 59475$, $\mathrm{s} / \mathrm{n} 59432$ and $\mathrm{s} / \mathrm{n} 59532$ ) within the F-313 cage assembly as shown on the Loading Diagram (see Figure 3.6.2.1-F1). The thermocouple wire was routed through the drainline to Type K connectors.

## \#2.4 Source Loading

The F-294 was loaded with 375,510 curies Cobalt-60 on January 06, 1998 in the form of forty (40) C-188 sealed sources, as per the loading diagram attached (see Figure 3.6.2.1-F1). The loading was done as any typical preparation for shipment, in Cell 06 within Industrial Operations, MDS Nordion, Ottawa, complete with a cavity argon purge and the plug fasteners torqued to $100 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$. A neoprene gasket was used to seal the cavity.
The loaded container was removed from Cell 06 and placed in the shipping bay. The thermocouples were mounted on to the container as listed in Table 3.6.2.1-T3 and shown in Figure 3.6.2.1-F2. The container was allowed to attain steady state overnight. Steady state was assumed after two similar successive readings, one hour apart.

## \#2.5 Measurements

Temperatures were recorded for each location on January 07, 1998 (see Table 3.6.2.1-T4).
The fireshield and the upper crushshield were disassembled with the appropriate thermocouples being removed from their position on January 07. The container was allowed to attain steady state over night, and the readings were recorded on just the F-294 container on January 8, 1998 (see Table 3.6.2.1-T5).

One-half-inch Kaowool insulation strips were cut and taped on to the upper and lower sections as per instructions from V. Shah (see Figures 2.10.12-F3 and 2.10.12-F4) on January 12. The container was allowed to attain steady state over night, and the temperature readings were then recorded on January 13, 1998 (see Table 3.6.2.1-T6).
The fireshield and upper crush shield were assembled into place and the appropriate additional thermocouples were fixed into position after Test 3 on January 13. After attaining steady state, temperature readings were recorded on January 14, 1998 (see Table 3.6.2.1-T7).

## \#2.6 Observations

The loading of the F-294 occurred late in the afternoon of January 06, 1998 and not all thermocouples had been applied by the end of the day's shift; consequently, some thermocouples had to be applied the next morning, and temperature data prior to thermal steady state was not recorded as outlined in procedure IN/OP 0597 F294 section 4.9.
The performance of the adhesive tape used to fasten the thermocouples against the container surfaces was not as good as expected when the container attained its higher temperatures. With the removal of the fireshield just prior to Test \#2 (Table 3.6.2.1-T8), some of the thermocouples had visibly lifted away from the container surface. It was not evident during the testing, as these thermocouples were inaccessible and hidden from view under the fireshield. As a result, the following values are suspected to be low:

Test \#1, channels 11, 12 and 13.
Test \#2, channel 7.

## Conclusions

1. Four cases (tests) were carried out as follows:

Test \#1: F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, no added insulation
Test \#2: F-294 without fireshield and crush shield, no added insulation
Test \#3: F-294 without fireshield and crush shield, with added insulation
Test \#4: F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, with added insulation
2. The decay heat load was simulated using quantity forty (40), full scale active C-188 cobalt-60 sources. The C-188s were loaded in a single ring within an F-313 source carrier. The curies used at the start and finish of the pre-drop thermal test are as follows:

1. at the start: 1998 Jan $06-375,510$ curies ( 5.782 kW )
2. at the finish: 1998 Jan $14-374,428$ curies ( 5.766 kW )
3. The F-294 cavity was purged with argon. Therefore, the F-294 cavity environment was argon.
4. It is estimated that the time required for the temperature to reach equilibrium is $\mathbf{2 4}$ hours based on Test \#1.
5. The highest temperatures of the F-294 designated location/components (based on Test \#4, F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, with added insulation) are as per table below.

| Item | Location | $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | C-188 | 417 |
| 2 | cavity wall | 175 |
| 3 | underside of the F-294 closure plug | 200 |
| 4 | top of the F-294 closure plug | 112 |
| 5 | mid height of the F-294 external container wall | 107 |
| 6 | top of lift lug fin (most accessible surface) | 53 |
| 7 | ambient | 20 |

6. The lowest temperatures of the following designated location/components (based on Case 2, F-294 without fireshield and crush shield, without added insulation), are as per table below.

| Item | Location | Temperature (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | C-188 | 386 |
| 2 | Cavity wall | 158 |
| 3 | Underside of the F-294 closure plug | - 179 |
| 4 | Top of the F-294 closure plug | 101 |
| 5 | Mid height of the F-294 external container wall | 90 |
| 6 | Ambient | 23 |

## \#4

Personnel

|  | Name | Title |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Test prepared by: | D. Whitby | Industrial Quality Control |
| Reviewed by: | G. Chupick | Industrial Monitor, Decontamination Services |
| Approved by: | V. Shah | Package Engineering |

Table 3.6.2.1-T1
Instrument Lab Work Report and Data Table, Thermocouple Sample \#1


Table 3.6.2.1-T2
Instrument Lab Work Report and Data Table, Thermocouple Sample \#2


Table3.6.2.1-T3
Thermocouple Locations

| Channel |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | C-188 source, midpoint of $\mathrm{s} / \mathrm{n} 59432$ |
| 2 | C-188 source, midpoint of s/n 59475 |
| 3 | C-188 source, midpoint of $\mathrm{s} / \mathrm{n} 59532$ |
| 4 | Underside of shielding plug, adjacent to ventline exit hole |
| 5 | Cavity wall, at vertical midpoint, on side of drainline |
| 6 | Cavity wall, at vertical midpoint, on opposite side of drainline |
| 7 | Container wall, between the fins, upper section |
| 8 | Ambient, at elevation even with cavity midpoint |
| 9 | Top center of upper crush shield |
| 10 | Air temperature between fins of crush shield, side of drainline |
| 11 | Container wall, between the fins, midsection |
| 12 | Container wall, adjacent to drainline |
| 13 | Underside of container, center |
| 14 | Top center of shielding plug |
| 15 | Top of crush shield, equidistant between center and outside edge of plate |
| 16 | Top of crush shield, outside edge of plate |
| 17 | Air temperature, top edge of fireshield, side of drainline |
| 18 | Air temperature, lower edge of fireshield, side of drainline |
| 19 | Top of donut ring on crush shield |
| 20 | Lower edge of fireshield, side of drainline |
| 21 | Midpoint of fireshield, side of drainline |
| 22 | Upper edge of fireshield, side of drainline |
| 23 | Lower donut ring on crush shield, side of drainline |
| 24 | Top of lifting lug fin, opposite side of drainline |
| 25 | Ambient, approximately one meter above container |

Table 3.6.2.1-T4
Test \#1 - Temperatures Recorded at Location of each Thermocouple F-294 with Fireshield and Crush Shield in Place, no Extra Insulation

| Wrachannel ${ }^{\text {Cuta }}$ | Temperature ( ${ }^{\text {C }}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 387 |
| 2 | 409 |
| 3 | 406 |
| 4 | 181 |
| 5 | 165 |
| 6 | 161 |
| 7 | 94 |
| 8 | 23 |
| 9 | 42 |
| 10 | 42 |
| 11 | 86* |
| 12 | 63* |
| 13 | 24* |
| 14 | 104 |
| 15 | 39 |
| 16 | 41 |
| 17 | 44 |
| 18 | 25 |
| 19 | 37 |
| 20 | 25 |
| 21 | 25 |
| 22 | 35 |
| 23 | 44 |

* Suspect reading, see Observations.

Table 3.6.2.1-T5
Test \#2 - Temperatures Recorded at Location of each Thermocouple F-294 with Fireshield and Crush Shield Removed, No Extra Insulation

| W - Channel - | Temperature ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 386 |
| 2 | 409 |
| 3 | 406 |
| 4 | 179 |
| 5 | 162 |
| 6 | 158 |
| 7 | 78* |
| 8 | 23 |
| 9 |  |
| 10 |  |
| 11 | 90 |
| 12 | 66 |
| 13 | 32 |
| 14 | 101 |
| 15 |  |
| 16 |  |
| 17 |  |
| 18 |  |
| 19 |  |
| 20 |  |
| 21 |  |
| 22 |  |
| 23 |  |

* Suspect reading, see Observations.

Table 3.6.2.1-T6
Test \#3 - Temperatures Recorded at Location of each Thermocouple with Fireshield and Crush Shield Removed (With Extra Insulation)

| Wurw Chamel ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 394 |
| 2 | 414 |
| 3 | 412 |
| 4 | 193 |
| 5 | 169 |
| 6 | 166 |
| 7 | 96 |
| 7a | 61 (top of insulation) above \#7 |
| 8 | 21 |
| 9 |  |
| 10 | $\cdots$ |
| 11 | 97 |
| 12 | 92 |
| 12a | 65 (top of insulation) above \#12 |
| 13 | 32 |
| 14 | 104 |
| 15 |  |
| 16 |  |
| 17 | 26 |
| 18 | 25 |
| 19 |  |
| 20 |  |
| 21 | . $0 . .$. |
| 22 |  |
| 23 | $\cdots \cdots$ |
| 24 | 43 |
| 25 | 34 |

Table 3.6.2.1-T7
Test \#4 - Temperatures Recorded at Location of each Thermocouple F-294 with Fireshield and Crush Shield in Place, With Extra Insulation

| W, Channel |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 397 |
| 2 | 417 |
| 3 | 415 |
| 4 | 200 |
| 5 | 175 |
| 6 | 172 |
| 7 | 106 |
| 7a | 71 (top of insulation above \#7 |
| 8 | 20 |
| 9 | 40 |
| 10 | 44 |
| 11 | 107 |
| 12 | 92 |
| 13 | 31 |
| 14 | 112 |
| 15 | 40 |
| 16 | 43 |
| 17 | 41 |
| 18 | 23 |
| 19 | 40 |
| 20 | 21 |
| 21 | 26 |
| 22 | 36 |
| 23 | 48 |
| 24 | 53 |
| 25 | 29 |

Figure 3.6.2.1-F1
F-294 Loading Diagram


Figure 3.6.2.1-F2
Thermocouple Locations on F-294


Figure 3.6.2.1-F3
F-294 Bottom Corner, Extra Thermal Insulation (1/2 in. Kaowool)


Figure 3.6.2.1-F4
F-294 Top Corner, Extra Thermal Insulation (1/2 in. Kaowool)


## SUB-APPENDIX 3.6.2.2 <br> Test \# 5.3.10, Normal Thermal Testing After the Drop

## TEST \#5.3.10 - Normal Thermal Test After the Drop

\#1 Test \# 5.3.10 as per test plan document IN/QA 1368 F294 (1) Normal Thermal Test After the Drop
Date test conducted: March 17 to 24, 1998
Person(s) who conducted the test/procedure
Ed Psutka, Industrial Operations
Greg Chupick, Industrial Operations Monitor
Dave Whitby, Industrial Quality Control

## Test Details

The F-294 test packaging was subjected to eight (8) drop tests conducted on February 25, 1998 at Chalk River Laboratory, AECL, Chalk River, Ontario, Canada. After the drop tests, the F-294 Shipping Package was subjected to the same normal thermal testing after the drop test as was performed prior to the drop test when loaded with Co-60 as outlined in The Procedure for Steady State Thermal Test IN/OP 0597. The drop-tested F-294 was loaded by the same technician, Ed Psutka of Industrial Operations, and the thermal testing was carried out by Greg Chupick, the Industrial Operations Monitor, and Dave Whitby of Industrial Quality Control. The same four tests were again carried out on the four different configurations.

Test \#1: F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, no added insulation
Test \#2: F-294 without fireshield or crush shield, no added insulation
Test \#3: F-294 without fireshield or crush shield, with added insulation
Test \#4: F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, with added insulation

## \#3.1 Instrumentation

All the instrumentation used on the pre-drop thermal test was also used on the post-drop test. A third temperature reader was used due to the higher number of thermocouple locations on the droptested F-294. The following instrumentation was used.

| Instrument | Make | Model | Cal. Date | Accuracy | Nordion No. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Temperature <br> Logger | Omega | OM-302 | 1997 Sept. | $\pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $6-810-021$ |
| Temperature <br> Reader | Fluke | 2166 A | 1997 Oct. | $\pm 0.5 \%$ | $6-810-022$ |
| Temperature <br> Reader | Omega | 650 | 1998 Feb. | $\pm 1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $6-810-013$ |
| Thermocouple <br> wire Type K | Omega | HH-K-20 | 1998 Jan. | $\pm 2.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or <br> $\pm 0.75 \%$ | n/a |

The thermocouples each had a flame fusion junction that could be mounted on the container wall. The method of affixing the thermocouples onto the container was improved over the pre-drop thermal test. Each thermocouple junction was fusion welded onto a stainless steel flat plate, approximately $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. square and approximately 0.030 in . thick which, in turn, was tack welded directly on to the container wall.

The F-294 flask was prepared for thermal tests prior to loading just as the pre-drop test, except with an additional thermocouple located in the cavity. Two thermocouples were mounted on the cavity wall, in line with the drainline, radially opposed to each other and axially on the cavity center line. A third thermocouple was mounted in line with the most damaged area of the F-294, near lift lug \#4 (see Figure 3.6.2.2-F1). A fourth thermocouple was mounted on the underside of the container plug, adjacent to the vent line exit hole. The wire for the four thermocouples was routed out the F -294 plug vent line to Type K connectors.

Thermocouples were also mounted actively onto the same three C-188 sources, using hose clamps for a secure contact. The thermocouples were positioned at approximately the center of the sources; the Source Technician then placed these sources ( $s / n$ 's $59475,59432,59532$ ) within the F-313 cage assembly as shown on the Loading Diagram attached (see Figure 3.6.2.2-F3). The thermocouple wire was routed through the drainline to Type K connectors.

## \#3.2 Source Loading in Cell 06

The F-294 was loaded 1998 March 17 with the same sources in the same loading configuration as the pre-drop thermal test. The activity for that date was 366,160 curies Cobalt-60, as per the loading diagram attached (see Figure 3.6.2.2-F3). The loading was done as any typical preparation for shipment, complete with a cavity argon purge and the plug fasteners torqued to $100 \mathrm{ft} .-\mathrm{lb}$. in Cell 06 within Industrial Operations, MDS Nordion, Ottawa.

The loaded container was removed from Cell 06 and placed in the shipping bay. The thermocouples were mounted on the container as listed in Table 3.6.2.2-T1 and shown in Figure 3.6.2.2-F4. Some additional thermocouples were mounted onto the damaged areas of the container (see Figures 3.6.2.2-F1 and 3.6.2.2-F2).

## \#4 Actual Thermal Tests

## \#4.1 Test \#1 - Fireshield and Crush Shield Removed

The F-294 was loaded at approximately 13:00 on 1998 March 17; after preparation, temperature readings were acquired at 14:20 and successive readings were taken to demonstrate a thermal steady state condition up to 1998 March 19 (see Test \#1, Table 3.6.2.2-T2 and Figure 3.6.2.2-F5).

## \#4.2 Test \#2 - Fireshield and Crush Shield in Place

The fireshield and the upper crush shield, which had been damaged during the drop test, had to be cut from the container assembly prior to loading. The fireshield was cut into three segments and the more damaged crush shield had to have some fins flame cut for removal.

To re-assemble the fireshield in place, the lower edge was fastened normally while the upper area was strapped together. The seams were taped to prevent air flow between the segments. The puncture holes on the fireshield were also taped to prevent air flow bypass. The crushshield was set in place on top of the container, although it could not be fastened down. As the crushshield was propped up by the lifting eye welded on top of the plug, we had to cut out an elliptical hole approximately $4 \mathrm{in}$.x 6 in. so that the crush shield would seat as close as possible to the top of the container. This hole was taped so that there would not be any bypass of air flow. Temperature readings were taken on March 19 through to March 20 (see Test \#2, Table 3.6.2.2-T3).

## \#4.3 Test \#3 - Fireshield and Crush Shield Removed - Insulated

One-half-inch Kaowool insulation strips were cut and taped on to the upper and lower sections, as per instructions from V . Shah on March 20. Temperature readings were then recorded from March 20 and again on March 23 (see Test \#3, Table 3.6.2.2-T4).

## Test \$4 - Fireshield and Crush Shield in Place - Insulated

The fireshield and upper crush shield were assembled into place as in Test \#2 and the appropriate additional thermocouples were tacked into position after Test \#3 on March 23. Temperature readings were recorded through to March 24 (see Test \#4, Table 3.6.2.2-T5).

Observations
The thermocouple mounted on $\mathrm{C}-188 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{n} 59432$ must have broken during the loading procedure as it was not operating properly afterward; therefore this thermocouple was not allocated to a channel during the testing.
Position 5 on the Omega 650 temperature reader, which corresponds with channel 25, was inoperative and was not used for these tests.
Based on Test \#1, it appears that temperature equilibrium is reached in approximately 24 hours from the start of the test.

The highest temperature readings are shown in Table 3.6.2.2-T6.

## Conclusions

1. Four cases (tests) were carried out as follows:

Test \#1: F-294 without fireshield and crush shield, no added insulation
Test \#2: F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, no added insulation
Test \#3: F-294 without fireshield and crush shield, with added insulation
Test \#4: F-294 with fireshield and crush shield, with added insulation
2. The decay heat load was simulated using quantity forty (40), full-scale active C-188 cobalt-60 sources. The C-188 capsules were loaded in a single ring within the F-313 source carrier. These C-188 sources were the same ones used in the pre-drop thermal test. The curies used at the start and finish of the post-drop thermal test are as follows:

- at the start: 1998 March $17-366,160$ curies ( 5.638 kW )
- at the finish: 1998 March 24-365,237 curies ( 5.624 kW )

3. The F-294 cavity was purged with argon. Therefore the F-294 cavity environment was argon.
4. It is estimated that the time required for the temperature to reach equilibrium is $\mathbf{2 4}$ hours, based on Test \#1.
5. The highest temperatures of the following designated location/components are based on Test \#4 (F-294 with fireshield and crushshield, with added insulation) are as per table below.

| Item | Location | Temperature ( ${ }^{\circ}$ C) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | C-188 | 413 |
| 2 | Cavity wall | 193 |
| 3 | Underside of the F-294 closure plug | 222 |
| 4 | Top of the F-294 closure plug | 111 |
| 5 | Mid height of the F-294 external container wall | 110 |
| 6 | Top of lift lug fin (most accessible surface) | 56 |
| 7 | Ambient | 23 |

6. The lowest temperatures of the following designated location/components are based on Case 1 (F-294 without fireshield and crushshield, without added insulation) are as per table below.

| Item | Location | Temperature C $\mathbf{C}$ ) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | C-188 | 368 |
| 2 | Cavity wall | 167 |
| 3 | Underside of the F-294 closure plug | 206 |
| 4 | Top of the F-294 closure plug | 87 |
| 5 | Mid height of the F-294 extemal container wall | 91 |
| 6 | Ambient | 25 |

Personnel

|  | Name | Title |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Test prepared by: | D. Whitby | Industrial Quality Control |
| Reviewed by: | G. Chupick | Industrial Monitor, Decontamination Services |
| Approved by: | V. Shah | Package Engineering |

Table 3.6.2.2-T1
Thermocouple Locations

| Channel |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | C-188 source, midpoint of s/n 59532 |
| 2 | C-188 source, midpoint of $\sin 59475$ |
| 3 | Underside of shielding plug, adjacent to ventline exit hole |
| 4 | Cavity wall midheight, in line with damaged lift lug ${ }^{4} 4$ |
| 5 | Cavity wall midheight on the side opposite the drainline |
| 6 | Cavity wall midheight on the same side as the drainline |
| 7 | Container wall between the fins, middle section, in line with drainline |
| 8 | Ambient, at elevation even with cavity midpoint |
| 9 | Top center of shielding plug |
| 10 | Ambient, approximately one meter above top of container |
| 11 | Top of lift lug \#2 |
| 12 | Container wall, lower section, adjacent to the drainline |
| 13 | Underside of container, center; middle of indentation from puncture pin |
| 14 | Container wall, upper section, under damaged fins, mid-way between lift lugs \#1 and \#2 (damage zone \#2) |
| 15 | Container wall, middle section, mid-way between lift lugs \#1 and \#2 (damage zone \#2) |
| 16 | Container wall, lower section, mid-way between lift lugs \#1 and \#2 (damage zone \#2) |
| 17 | Air temperature, top edge of fireshield, in line with drainline |
| 18 | Air temperature, lower edge of fireshield, in line with drainline |
| 19 | Air temperature, upper section, between damaged fins near lift lug \#4 |
| 20 | Container wall, middle section; under fin folded over from puncture pin, near lift lug \#4 |
| 21 | Container wall, upper section, in line with drainline. |
| 22 | Top of damaged lift lug \#4 |
| 23 | Top of insulation, over t/c \#21 |
| 24 | Top of insulation, over t/c \#12 |
| 25 | Inoperative |
| 26 | Container wall, upper section, adjacent to damaged lift lug \#4 (on reinforcing pad) |
| 27 | Air temperature, lower section, between damaged fins, near lift lug \#4 |
| 28 | Container wall, upper section, adjacent to damaged lift lug \#4 (other side of fin from $1 / \mathrm{c}$ \$26) |
| 29 | Top of insulation, over t/ \#26 |
| 30 | Top of insulation, lower section, next to lift lug \#4 |
| 31 | Top center of crush shield |
| 32 | Top of crush shield, equidistant between center and outside edge of plate, in line with lift lug \#2 |
| 33 | Top of crush shield, outside edge of plate, in line with lift lug \#2 |
| 34 | Top edge of fireshield, in line with drainline |
| 35 | Mid-height of fireshield, in line with drainline |
| 36 | Bottom edge of fire shield, in line with drainline |
| 37 | Air temperature, between damaged fins of crush shield, in line with drainline |
| 38 | Top of upper donut ring on crush shield, in line with lift lug \$2 |
| 39 | Top of lower donut ring on crush shield, in line with lift lug \#2 |
| 40 | Top of fireshield, puncture pin damaged zone \#1, near lift lug \#4 |
| 41 | Top of fireshield, near lift lug \#2 |
| 42 | Top of insulation, upper section, between fins of damage zone \#2 |
| 43 | Top of insulation, lower section, between fins of damage zone \#2 |

## Chapter 3

Table 3.6.2.2-T2
Test \#1 - Recorded Temperatures
(No Insulation, Crush Shield and Fireshield Removed)

| Channel | 98/03/17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 98/03/19 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 14:20 | 15:00 | 15:30 | 16:00 | 16:30 | 17:00 | 17:30 | 18:00 | 18:30 | 19:00 | 8:30 | 10:00 | 11:00 | 12:00 | 13:00 | 14:00 | 15:45 | 8:45 | 10:50 |
| 1 |  | 357 | 358 | 359 | 359 | 359 | 360 | 360 | 359 | 360 | 368 | 367 | 367 | 368 | 368 | 368 | 368 | 368 | 368 |
| 2 |  | 398 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 399 | 399 | 399 | 398 | 404 | 404 | 404 | 405 | 405 | 405 | 405 | 405 | 405 |
| 3 |  | 167 | 171 | 174 | 178 | 181 | 183 | 186 | 188 | 189 | 204 | 205 | 206 | 204 | 206 | 204 | 206 | 206 | 206 |
| 4 |  | 128 | 132 | 136 | 139 | 143 | 146 | 148 | 150 | 152 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 168 | 168 | 168 | 167 | 167 |
| 5 |  | 144 | 149 | 151 | 153 | 155 | 157 | 158 | 159 | 161 | 173 | 173 | 173 | 173 | 174 | 174 | 174 | 174 | 174 |
| 6 |  | 138 | 142 | 146 | 149 | 152 | 155 | 157 | 159 | 161 | 174 | 174 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 |
| 7 |  | 48 | 53 | 57 | 61 | 64 | 67 | 71 | 73 | 76 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 8 |  | 24 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 25 | 24 | 25 | 25 | 24 | 25 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 23 | 25 |
| 9 |  | 42 | 46 | 49 | 53 | 56 | 62 | 63 | 67 | 69 | 83 | 87 | 88 | 88 | 86 | 85 | 83 | 85 | 87 |
| 10 |  | 26 | 27 | 27 | 29 | 28 | 28 | 32 | 30 | 31 | 33 | 31 | 29 | 28 | 31 | 33 | 32 | 30 | 29 |
| 11 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 42 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 41 |
| 12 | 33 | 40 | 45 | 48 | 52 | 55 | 58 | 60 | 62 | 64 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 78 | 77 | 77 |
| 13 | 22 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 26 | 27 | 32 | 32 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 |
| 14 | 37 | 43 | 48 | 52 | 55 | 58 | 62 | 64 | 66 | 68 | 83 | 84 | 84 | 84 | 85 | 85 | 84 | 84 | 84 |
| 15 | 41 | 50 | 54 | 59 | 62 | 66 | 69 | 72 | 73 | 75 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 91 | 91 |  |
| 16 | 31 | 38 | 42 | 45 | 48 | 51 | 54 | 57 | 58 | 60 | 74 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 76 | 75 | 76 | 74 | 75 |
| 17 | 24 | 26 | 26 | 27 | 27 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 29 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 32 | 31 | 31 | 31 |
| 18 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 24 | 23 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| 19 | 24 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 31 | 32 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 36 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 38 | 39 |
| 20 | 41 | 49 | 54 | 58 | 62 | 65 | 68 | 71 | 73 | 75 | 88 | 88 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 88 |
| 21 |  | 42 | 46 | 50 | 53 | 56 | 59 | 61 | 62 | 64 | 77 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 77 | 77 | 77 |
| 22 |  | 27 | 29 | 30 | 32 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 44 | 44 | 45 | 45 | - | 45 | 45 | 44 | 45 |
| 23 |  | 42 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 |  | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 |  | 43 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 |  | 42 | 46 | 49 | 53 | 56 | 59 | 62 | 63 | 65 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 82 | 81 | 81 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| 27 |  | 22 | 26 | 27 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 31 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 |
| 28 |  | 43 | 48 | 52 | 55 | 58 | 61 | 63 | 65 | 67 | 82 | 82 | 82 | 80 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 82 | 83 |

Table 3.6.2.2-T3
Test \#2, Recorded Temperatures
(No Insulation, with Crush Shield and Fireshield)

| Channel | 98/03/19]t |  | Mrexthen 98103120 , |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16:00 | 17:00 | 8:45 | 9:45 | 11:00 | 11:50 |
| 1 | 371 | 371 | 373 | 373 | 372 | 372 |
| 2 | 406 | 406 | 407 | 407. | 407 | 407 |
| 3 | 209 | 209 | 212 | 212 | 212 | 212 |
| 4 | 169 | 170 | 172 | 172 | 172 | 172 |
| 5 | 173 | 174 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 175 |
| 6 | 178 | 178 | 181 | 180 | 180 | 179 |
| 7 | 94 | 95 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 97 |
| 8 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 23 | 24 | 23 |
| 9 | 98 | 98 | 103 | 102 | 103 | 102 |
| 10 | 28 | 27 | 28 | 26 | 25 | 25 |
| 11 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 |
| 12 | 68 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 68 | 68 |
| 13 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 31 | 31 | 31 |
| 14 | 91 | 92 | 94 | 94 | 94 | 94 |
| 15 | 95 | 95 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 96 |
| 16 | 61 | 59 | 63 | 63 | 65 | 61 |
| 17 | 51 | 51 | 52 | 51 | 51 | 51 |
| 18 | 33 | 33 | 36 | 34 | 34 | 36 |
| 19 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 20 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 88 |
| 21 | 86 | 86 | 88 | 87 | 88 | 88 |
| 22 | 57 | 56 | 57 | 56 | 57 | 57 |


| Channel | -98/03/19 |  | W84+x 98/03/20 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16:00 | 17:00 | 8:45 | 9:45 | 11:00 | 11:50 |
| . 23 | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 24 | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 25 | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 26 | 89 | 90 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| 27 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 18 | 24 | 23 |
| 28 | 91 | 92 | 94 | 94 | 94 | 94 |
| 29 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 30 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 31 | 42 | 42 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 |
| 32 | 39 | 39 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 33 | 40 | 40 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 41 |
| 34 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 34 |
| 35 | 29. | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| 36 | 28 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 28 | 28 |
| 37 | 46 | 46 | 47 | 45 | 47 | 47 |
| 38 | 43 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 |
| 39 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 58 | . 58 | 58 |
| 40 | 38 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 39 |
| 41 | 37 | 37. | 37 | 37 | 37 | 37 |
| 42 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 43 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 3.6.2.2-T4
Test \#3, Recorded Temperatures
(With Insulation, Crush Shield and Fireshield Removed)

| Channel | , 98/03/20 |  | 98/03/23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 15:30 | 16:30 | 9:30 |
| 1 | 373 | 374 | 377 |
| 2 | 408 | 408 | 411 |
| 3 | 211 | 211 | 213 |
| 4 | 174 | 175 | 179 |
| 5 | 181 | 182 | 187 |
| 6 | 182 | 183 | 187 |
| 7 | 96 | 97 | 102 |
| 8 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| 9 | 92 | 91 | 93 |
| 10 | 27 | 28 | 26 |
| 11 | 45 | 45 | 46 |
| 12 | 89 | 91 | 96 |
| 13 | 33 | 34 | 37 |
| 14 | 96 | 97 | 100 |
| 15 | 97 | 99 | 103 |
| 16 | 90 | 92 | 98 |
| 17 | 32 | 33 | 33 |
| 18 | 28 | 29 | 28 |
| 19 | 41 | 42 | 43 |
| 20 | 96 | 98 | 102 |
| 21 | 96 | 97 | 100 |
| 22 | 48 | 48 | $n / \mathrm{r}$ |


| Channel | $98 / 03 / 20$ |  | $98 / 03 / 23$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $15: 30$ | $16: 30$ | $9: 30$ |
| 23 | 66 | 66 | 64 |
| 24 | 70 | 72 | 75 |
| 25 |  |  |  |
| 26 | 93 | 94 | 97 |
| 27 | 27 | 27 | 28 |
| 28 | 95 | 96 | 99 |
| 29 | 71 | 72 | 71 |
| 30 | 67 | 73 | 78 |
| 31 |  |  |  |
| 32 |  |  |  |
| 33 |  |  |  |
| 34 |  |  |  |
| 35 |  |  |  |
| 36 |  |  |  |
| 37 |  |  |  |
| 38 |  |  |  |
| 39 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 40 |  |  |  |
| 41 |  |  |  |
| 42 | 65 | 66 | 66 |
| 43 | 65 | 67 | 73 |
|  |  |  |  |

Table 3.6.2.2-T5
Test \#4, Recorded Temperatures (With Insulation, Crush Shield and Fireshield)

| Channel | + $+98 / 03 / 23$ - प |  |  |  | 98/03/24] |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11:15 | 13:05 | 15:10 | 16:50 | 8:20 | 9:15 |
| 1 | 378 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 381 | 381 |
| 2 | 411 | 411 | 412 | 412 | 413 | 413 |
| 3 | 213 | 215 | 218 | 218 | 221 | 222 |
| 4 | 181 | 182 | 183 | 184 | 186 | 186 |
| 5 | 187 | 187 | 188 | 189 | 191 | 191 |
| 6 | 188 | 189 | -191 | 191 | 193 | 193 |
| 7 | 104 | 105 | 106 | 107 | 109 | 108 |
| 8 | 24 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 |
| 9 | 99 | 103 | 106 | 108 | 110 | 111 |
| 10 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 31 | 27 | 29 |
| 11 | 50 | 53 | 55 | 56 | 56 | 56 |
| 12 | 94 | 94 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 96 |
| 13 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 35 | 36 | 35 |
| 14 | 102 | 105 | 108 | 109 | 111 | 111 |
| 15 | 105 | 107 | 108 | 109 | 111 | 110 |
| 16 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 99 |
| 17 | 49 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 53 | 52 |
| 18 | 32 | 33 | 32 | 33 | 33 | 32 |
| 19 | 52 | 53 | 53 | 54 | 54 | 54 |
| 20 | 101 | 101 | 102 | 103 | 104 | 104 |
| 21 | 102 | 106 | 108 | 109 | 111 | 111 |
| 22 | 57 | 61 | 62 |  | 63 | 64 |


| Channel |  |  |  |  | 98/03/24, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11:15 | 13:05 | 15:10 | 16:50 | 8:20 | 9:15 |
| 23 | 73 | 75 | 76 | 78 | 79 | 79 |
| 24 | = 72 | 71. | 70 | 71 | 70 | 71 |
| 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 100 | 103 | 105 | 106 | 109. | 109 |
| 27. | 24 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 24 | 23 |
| 28 | 102 | 106 | 108 | 109 | 111 | 111 |
| 29 | 82 | 84 | 80 | 86 | 87 | 87 |
| 30 | 63 | 61 | 61 | 63 | 64 | 64 |
| 31 | 31 | 42 | 44 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 32 | 30 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 43 | 43 |
| 33 | 31 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 41 | 40 |
| 34 | 31 | 34 | 34 | 35 | 34 | 35 |
| 35 | 27 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| 36 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 28 | 27 | 27 |
| 37 | 44 | 46 | 47 | 47 | 48 | 47 |
| 38 | 35 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 46 | 46 |
| 39 | 50 | 54 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 57 |
| 40 | 38 | 41 | 41 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| 41 | 32 | 36 | 36 | 37 | 37 | 37 |
| 42 | 72 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 |
| 43 | 74 | 72 | 73 | 70 | 74 | 65 |
|  |  |  | . |  |  |  |

## Table 3.6.2.2-T6 Thermocouple Location with Highest Temperature Readings

|  | Location | Final Temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Channel |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Test } \\ & \quad \# 1 \end{aligned}$ | Test \#2 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Test } \\ \# 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Test } \\ H 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1 | C-188 source, midpoint of s/a 59532 | 368 | 372 | 377 | 381 |
| 2 | C-188 source, midpoint of s/n 59475 | 405 | 407 | $411{ }^{\circ}$ | 413 |
| 3 | Underside of shielding plug, adjacent to ventline exit hole | 206 | 212 | 213 | 222 |
| 4 | Cavity wall midheight, in line with damaged lift lug \#4 | 167 | 172 | 179 | 186 |
| 5 | Cavity wall midheight on the side opposite the drainline | 174 | 175 | 187 | 191 |
| 6 | Cavity wall midheight on the same side as the drainline | 175 | 179 | 187 | 193 |
| 7 | Container wall between the fins, middle section, in line with drainline | 91 | 97 | 102 | 108 |
| 8 | Ambient, at elevation even with cavity midpoint | 25 | 23 | 24 | 23 |
| 9 | Top center of shielding plug | 87 | 102 | 93 | 111 |
| 10 | Ambient, approximately one meter above top of container | 29 | 25 | 26 | 29 |
| 11 | Top of lift lug \#2 | 41 | 53 | 46 | 56 |
| 12 | Container wall, lower section, adjacent to the drainline | 77 | 68 | 96 | 96 |
| 13 | Underside of container, center, middle of indentation from puncture pin | 33 | 31 | 37 | 35 |
| 14 | Container wall, upper section, under damaged fins, mid-way between lift lugs \#1 and \#2 (damage zone \#2) | 84 | 94 | 100 | 111 |
| 15 | Container wall, middle section, mid-way between lift lugs \#1 and \#2 (damage zone \#2) | 91 | 96 | 103 | 110 |
| 16 | Container wall, lower section, mid-way between lift lugs \#1 and \#2 (damage zone \#2) | 75 | 61 | 98 | 99 |
| 17 | Air temperature, top edge of fireshield, in line with drainline | 31 | 51 | 33 | 52 |
| 18 | Air temperature, lower edge of fireshield, in line with drainline | 28 | 36 | 28 | 32 |
| 19 | Air temperature, upper section, between damaged fins near lift lug \#4 | 39 | 50 | 43 | 54 |
| 20 | Container wall, middle section; under fin folded over from puncture pin, near lift lug \#4 | 88 | 88 | 102 | 104 |
| 21 | Container wall, upper section, in line with drainline. | 77 | 88 | 100 | 111 |
| 22 | Top of damaged lift lug \#4 | 45 | 57 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{r}$ | 64 |
| 23 | Top of insulation, over t/c \#21 | n/a | n/a | 64 | 79 |
| 24 | Top of insulation, over t/c \#12 | n/a | n/a | 75 | 71 |
| 25 | Inoperative | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| 26 | Container wall, upper section, adjacent to damaged lift lug \#4 (on reinforcing pad) | 80 | 92 | 97 | 109 |
| 27 | Air temperature, lower section, between damaged fins, near lift lug \#4 | 26 | 23 | 28 | 23 |
| 28 | Container wall, upper section, adjacent to damaged lift lug \#4 (other side of fin from t/c \#26) | 83 | 94 | 99 | 111 |
| 29 | Top of insulation, over t/c \#26 | n/a | n/a | 71 | 87 |
| 30 | Top of insulation, lower section, next to lift lug \#4 | n/a | n/a | 78 | 64 |
| 31 | Top center of crush shield | n/a | 43 | n/a | 45 |
| 32 | Top of crush shield, equidistant between center and outside edge of plate, in line with lift lug \#2 | n/a | 40 | n/a | 43 |
| 33 | Top of crush shield, outside edge of plate, in line with lift lug \#2 | n/a | 41 | n/a | 40 |
| 34 | Top edge of fireshield, in line with drainline | n/a | 34 | n/a | 35 |
| 35 | Mid-height of fireshield, in line with drainline | n/a | 29 | n/a | 29 |
| 36 | Bottom edge of fire shield, in line with drainline | n/a | 28 | n/a | 27 |
| 37 | Air temperature, between damaged fins of crush shield, in line with drainline | n/a | 47 | n/a | 47 |
| 38 | Top of upper donut ring on crush shield, in line with lift lug \#2 | n/a | 44 | n/a | 46 |
| 39 | Top of lower donut ring on crush shield, in line with lift lug \#2 | n/a | 58 | 40 | 57 |
| 40 | Top of fireshield, puncture pin damaged zone \#1, near lift lug \#4 | n/a | 39 | n/a | 42 |
| 41 | Top of fireshield, near lift lug \#2 | n/a | 37 | n/a | 37 |
| 42 | Top of insulation, upper section, between fins of damage zone \#2 | n/a | n/a | 66 | 79 |
| 43 | Top of insulation, lower section, between fins of damaged zone \#2 | n/a | n/a | 73 | 65 |

Figure 3.6.2.2-F1
Digital Photo: Locations and Identifications of Damaged Zone \#1
(G:IQAIQCPPHOTOSV4F294.BMP)


Figure 3.6.2.2-F2
Digital Photo: Locations and Identifications of Damaged Zone \#2
(G:IQAIQCTPHOTOSI3F294.BMP)


Figure 3.6.2.2-F3
Loading Diagram of F-294 and Locations of Thermocouples in the F-294 Cavity


Figure 3.6.2.2-F4
Thermocouple Locations (plane through drainline)


Figure 3.6.2.2-F5
Thermocouple Locations (other planes)


Figure 3.6.2.2-F6
Test \#1 Temperature $\boldsymbol{v s}$ Time - Plot of Selected Thermocouples


## APPENDIX 3.6.3 <br> Steady State Heat Transfer in the Cavity of F-294 Package

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Present regulations do not place a limit on the maximum temperature of a cobalt-60 radioactive source capsule during transport. What they do require is that, under normal conditions of transport, the radioactive material released from the containment vessel be limited to the amounts specified in the regulations. Under hypothetical accident conditions some activity release, up to specified regulatory limits, may be permitted. It is therefore prudent to keep the source encapsulation temperatures as low as possible. For the C-188 double encapsulated cobalt-60 source capsule, the outer ss316L encapsulation is considered part of the containment system. The C-188 has been certified as Special Form Radioactive Material and consequently has met the $800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(1,472^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ thermal test for Special Form Radioactive Materials to IAEA SS 6 - 1985 Edition (Ref. [17]). See Chapter 4, Appendix 4.4.2.
Temperature calculations of C-188 source capsules loaded in one (1) ring of holes of the F-313 source holder in the F-294 cavity are presented here.

## 2. DEFINITION OF PROBLEM

The C-188 cobalt-60 sources are loaded in a F-313 source holder within 11.5 in. diameter of the F-294 cavity. The source holder is loaded with 40 sources in the outermost (1st) ring of holes only. Heat in the cavity is the result of

1. attenuation of gamma rays within the source capsule (self-attenuation)
2. capsule to capsule (mutual attenuation)
3. capsule to source holder material (mutual attenuation)

Two methods are employed to calculate the maximum ss316L cladding temperature required to transfer heat generated within the cavity. From Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6.2, the measured cavity wall temperature is $175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(347{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ with an ambient of $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. The cavity wall temperature of $193^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(379{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ at an ambient of $38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ is used in the thermal calculations. This value is not corrected for temperature measurement errors and solar heat load.

In method \#1, the 40 source capsules are modeled as an equivalent tubular heat source. The heat is transferred from only the outer surface of the "equivalent" tubular source to the F-294 cavity wall.

In method \#2, the heat transfer from one single source capsule within $11: 5$ in. diameter cavity is considered. The radiation heat exchange between one source capsule and the cavity wall is estimated based on view factors.

In both methods, it is assumed that the heat is transferred from the source capsule to the cylindrical wall of the cavity; credit, due to the heat exchange at the top (between top end cap and the shield plug bottom face) and at the bottom (between the bottom end cap and the cavity bottom face), has been ignored.

## 3. METHOD \#1 - ESTIMATE TEMPERATURE OF SOURCE OUTER ENCAPSULATION

## Step \#1 Thermal model

See Figure 3.6.3-F1, Figure 3.6.3-F3 and Figure 3.6.3-F4 for thermal model, geometrical and other data of the cavity and source capsules.

## Step \#2 Heat load $\mathbf{Q}_{\text {load }}$

For source holder loaded with source capsules in the 1st ring only, the heat load in the cavity is approximately $35 \%$ of the total heat load [Ref. 11].
Therefore

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{Q}_{\text {load }} & =0.35 \times 360 \mathrm{kCi} \times 15.47 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kCi} \times 3.413 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h} / \mathrm{W} \\
& =6,653 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h}
\end{aligned}
$$

Step \#3 Heat transfer coefficients
For turbulent range of the natural convection heat transfer mode, McAdams (Ref. [14]) recommends for air environment, heat transfer coefficient $h_{c}$ :
$\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{c}} \quad=0.19(\Delta \mathrm{~T})^{0.333}$
where
$\Delta \mathrm{T}=$ temperature difference across the boundary layer, surface temperature - ambient temperature.

## Step \#4 Heat transport by convection, $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{e}}$

Heat transport by convection, $Q_{c}$
$\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{c}}=\mathrm{U}_{1} \times \mathrm{A}_{1} \times\left(\mathrm{T}_{3}-\mathrm{T}_{1}\right)$
where
$\mathrm{U}_{1}=$ overall heat transfer coefficient based on bare cavity wall surface area $-\mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h}-\mathrm{ft}^{2}{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
$\mathrm{A}_{1}=$ the bare, unfinned cavity wall effective surface area $-\mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$\mathrm{T}_{3}=$ temperature of the 1 st ring of $\mathrm{C}-188$ sources $-{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
$\mathrm{T}_{1} \quad=$ cavity wall temperature $=379{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
$\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{c}} \quad=$ amount of heat transferred by convection - Btu/h.
The overall heat transfer coefficient is evaluated as follows:
$1 / U_{1}=1 / h_{c 32} \times A_{1} / A_{3}+1 / h_{c 21}$
where
$h_{h_{32}} \quad=$ convective h.t.c. across boundary layer between 3 and 2.
$\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{c} 21}=$ convective h.t.c. across boundary layer between 2 and 1.
$\mathrm{A}_{1} \quad=$ surface area of bare cavity wall
$A_{3} \quad=$ equivalent area of outside surface area of 1st ring of sources
Find an equivalent annulus representing $40, \mathrm{C}-188$ capsules in a ring.
\#1. Cross sectional area of 40 C -188 capsules

$$
\mathrm{AX} 40=40 \times \pi \times 0.380^{2} / 4=4.537 \mathrm{in}^{2}
$$

\#2. Cross sectional area of equivalent annulus.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\operatorname{AXAN} & =\pi / 4\left[(\mathrm{PCD}+2 \Delta)^{2}-(\mathrm{PCD}-2 \Delta)^{2}\right] \\
& =\pi / 4\left[(10+2 \Delta)^{2}-(10-2 \Delta)^{2}\right] \\
& =62.84 \Delta
\end{aligned}
$$

\#3. Set AX40-AXAN and determine $\Delta$
$4.537=62.84 \Delta$
$\Delta \quad=0.072 \mathrm{in}$.
\#4. Equivalent source annulus.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{OD}=\mathrm{PCD}+2 \Delta=10+2 \times 0.072=10.144 \mathrm{in} . \\
& \mathrm{DD} \quad=\mathrm{PCD}-2 \Delta \quad=10-2 \times 0.072=9.856 \mathrm{in} .
\end{aligned}
$$

\#5. $\quad$ Verify AXAN $=$ AX40
AXAN $=\pi / 4 \times\left(10.144^{2}-9.856^{2}\right)=4.524$ in $^{2}$
Reasonable accuracy.
Initialization:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}} \quad=830^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\
& \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{c}} \quad=379^{\circ} \mathrm{F}
\end{aligned}
$$

Mean temperature, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{m}}=\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}+\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{c}}\right) / 2=(830+379) / 2=604.5^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& h_{c 32}=0.19(830-604.5)^{0.333}=1.154 \\
& h_{c 21} \quad=0.19(604.5-379)^{0.333}=1.154
\end{aligned}
$$

$\mathrm{A}_{1}=\pi \times 11.5 \times 19.75 / 144=4.95 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$\mathrm{A}_{3}=\pi \times 10.144 \times 17.777 / 144=3.93 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$1 / \mathrm{U} 1=1 / \mathrm{hc} 32 \times[\mathrm{A} 1 / \mathrm{A} 3]+1 / \mathrm{hc} 21$
$=1 / 1.154 \times[4.95 / 3.93]+1 / 1.154$
$\mathrm{U}_{1}=0.510 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h}-\mathrm{ft}^{2}-9 \mathrm{~F}$
Therefore

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{Q}_{c} \quad & =\mathrm{U}_{1} \times \mathrm{A}_{1} \times\left(\mathrm{T}_{3}-\mathrm{T}_{1}\right) \\
& =0.510 \times 4.95 \times(830-379) \\
& =1,138 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h}
\end{aligned}
$$

Step \#5Radiant heat exchange between "tubular" source and cavity wall

$$
Q_{R} \quad=\sigma A_{3}\left[1 /\left\{\left(1 / \varepsilon_{3}+A_{3} / A_{1}\left(1 / \varepsilon_{1}-1\right)\right\}\right]\left[T_{3}^{4}-T_{1}^{4}\right]\right.
$$

where
$\varepsilon_{3} \quad=$ emissivity of ss 316 L source surface $=0.6$
$\varepsilon_{1}=$ emissivity of ss 304 cavity surface $=0.42$
$\mathrm{T}_{3}=$ source Initialization temperature $=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}=830^{\circ} \mathrm{F}=1290^{\circ} \mathrm{R}$
$\mathrm{T}_{1} \quad=$ cavity wall temperature $=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{c}}=379^{\circ} \mathrm{F}=839^{\circ} \mathrm{R}$
$\sigma \quad=$ Boltzmann's constant $=0.1713 \times 10^{-8} \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h}-\mathrm{ft}^{2}{ }^{2}-\mathrm{R}$
$\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{R}} \quad=\sigma \mathrm{A}_{3}\left[1 /\left\{\left(1 / \varepsilon_{3}+\mathrm{A}_{3} / \mathrm{A}_{1}\left(1 / \varepsilon_{1}-1\right)\right\}\right]\left[\mathrm{T}_{3}{ }^{4}-\mathrm{T}_{1}^{4}\right]\right.$
$=0.1713 \times 3.93[1 /\{1 / 0.6+3.93 / 4.95(1 / 0.42-1)\}]\left[12.9^{4}-8.39^{4}\right]$
$=0.1713 \times 3.93 \times 0.361 \times 22,737$.
$=5,525 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h}$
Step \#6Heat transferred

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{Q}_{T} & =\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{R}}+\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{c}} \\
& =5,525+1,138 \\
& =6,663 \mathrm{Btw} / \mathrm{h}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Step \#7 Reconcliation

Since the heat transferred $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{T}}$ of 6,663 Btu/h is marginally just greater than $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {boed }}$ of 6,653 Btu/h, the Initialization temperature of $\mathrm{T}_{3}=830^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ is correct. Therefore, the $\mathrm{C}-188$ source temperature shall be at $830^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ in normal conditions of transport of F -294 for 360 kCi case.

## 4. METHOD \#2-HEAT TRANSFER FROM ONE SINGLE SOURCE CAPSULE TO THE CAVITY WALL

Effective thermal radiating surface
Effective thermal radiating surface is readily determined for the case of one C-188 source in the F-294 cavity because all elements of capsule radiating surface ( $a_{1}$ ) see only the surrounding cold cavity wall heat sink and no element of the source capsule surface can see an equally hot surface where mutual exchange of radiation would accomplish no net heat transfer. The familiar heat exchange equation is:
$Q_{R}=\sigma A_{3} \varepsilon_{3} \alpha\left[T_{3}{ }^{4}-T_{1}{ }^{4}\right]$
where
$\mathrm{T}_{3} \quad=$ temperature of source surface
$\mathrm{T}_{1}$ = temperature of sink surface
$A_{3} \quad=$ surface area of one source capsule
$\sigma \quad=$ Boltzmann's constant
$\varepsilon_{3} \quad=0.6 \mathrm{ss} 316 \mathrm{~L}$, emissivity of source capsule surface
$\alpha \quad=$ view factor estimated graphically as shown in Figure 3.6.3-F2.
In Figure 3.6.3-F2, angles of unobstructed view from the source capsule centre to the cavity wall are estimated.

## Step \#1 Heat load from one source capsule: $\mathbf{3 6 0} \mathbf{k C i}$ for $\mathbf{q t y}=\mathbf{4 0 , ~ C - 1 8 8 ~ c a p s u l e s ~}$

Therefore, we have 9.0 kCi per C-188 source capsule.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{Q}_{\text {toad }, 1} & =0.35 \times 9.0 \mathrm{kCi} \times 15.47 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kCi} \times 3.413 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h} / \mathrm{W} \\
& =166.3 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h}
\end{aligned}
$$

Step \#2 Source capsule surface area $A$

$$
\mathrm{A}_{3} \quad=\pi \times 0.380 \times 17.777 / 144=0.147 \mathrm{ft}^{2}
$$

Step \#3 View factor: $\alpha=0.6$ from Figure 3.6.3-F2
Step \#4 Initialization: $\mathrm{T}_{\mathbf{z}}=\mathbf{8 3 0}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(1,290^{\circ} \mathrm{R}\right), \mathrm{T}_{\mathbf{c}}=379^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(839^{\circ} \mathrm{R}\right)$
Step \#5 Radiant heat exchange

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{R}} & =\sigma \mathrm{A}_{3} \varepsilon_{3} \alpha\left[\mathrm{~T}_{3}^{4}-\mathrm{T}_{1}^{4}\right] \\
& =0.1713 \times 0.147 \times 0.6 \times 0.6\left[12.90^{4}-8.39^{4}\right] \\
& =206 . \mathrm{Btw} / \mathrm{h}
\end{aligned}
$$

Step \# 6 Convective heat exchange
$\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{c}} \quad=\mathrm{UA}_{3}\left(\mathrm{~T}_{3}-\mathrm{T}_{1}\right)$
where
$\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{c}} \quad=$ heat transfer by convection Btu/h
U = overall heat transfer coefficient between the source capsule surface and the cavity wall surface $=0.510$ (same as calculated in section 3, step \#4)
$\mathrm{T}_{3}=$ source surface temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
$\mathrm{T}_{1} \quad=$ cavity wall temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
$\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{c}} \quad=\mathrm{UX} \mathrm{A}_{3} \times\left(\mathrm{T}_{3}-\mathrm{T}_{1}\right)$
$=0.510 \times 0.147 \times(830-379)$
$=33.8 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h}$

## Step \#7 Reconciliation

$$
\begin{aligned}
Q_{T} & =Q_{R}+Q_{c} \\
& =206 .+33.8 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h} \\
& =239.8 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h}
\end{aligned}
$$

Since the heat transferred $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{T}}$ of $239.8 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h}$ is greater than $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {hood }, 1}$ of $166.3 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h}$, the initialization temperature of $\mathrm{T}_{1}=830^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ is high. Reiterate with a better value.

## Step \#82nd computational cycle

With
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}} \quad=750^{\circ} \mathrm{F}=\mathrm{T}_{3}$
$\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{R}}=149.4 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h}$
$Q_{c}=26 . B t u / h$
$Q_{T} \quad=Q_{R}+Q_{c}$
$=149.4+26$
$=175.4 \mathrm{Btw} / \mathrm{h}$
Since the heat transferred $Q_{r}$ of 175.4 Btu/h is marginally just greater than $Q_{\text {boed, }}$ of 166.3 . Btu/h, the temperature of $\mathrm{T}_{3}=750^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ converges.

## 5. CONCLUSIONS

5.1 For 360 kCi of cobalt-60 in F-294 cavity, equally distributed in quantity $=40, \mathrm{C}$-188s, in one ring of holes in an F-313 source holder:

1. C-188 source temperature of $830^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ is calculated based on method \#1.
2. $\mathrm{C}-188$ source temperature of $750^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ is calculated based on method \#2.

In method \#2, the estimation of view factor $\alpha$ is rather high. In reality, the path of C-188 to the cavity wall is obscured by the F-313 source holder support rods. Method \#1 is considered more accurate of the two methods as it considers the emissivity of the cavity wall.
5.2 As per Chapter 3, Appendix 3.6.3, the measured temperature of C-188 source, based on 374,428 Ci of cobalt-60 in the cavity of F-294 purged with argon; is $824^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ at an ambient of $100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
5.3 C-188 source temperature measurements ( $824^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) validates the analytical method \#1 to estimate the C-188 source temperature ( $830^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ). The analytical method $\# 2$ under-predicts the $\mathrm{C}-188$ source temperature $\left(750^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

Figure 3.6.3-F1
Cavity Heat Transfer - Geometry, Data, Temperature Distribution


Figure 3.6.3-F2
Radiant Window for 40, C-188 Capsules in 11.5 in. Diameter Cavity


Figure 3.6.3-F3
Thermal Model for One (1) or Two (2) Rings of C-188s in the F-294 Cavity


Figure 3.6.3-F4

## Equivalent Annulus of 1st Ring of C-188s


all sources rae NOT SHOWN

## APPENDIX 3.6.4 <br> Finite Element Analysis of the F-294 <br> with the F-313 Source Carrier

## CONTENTS

1 INTRODUCTION ..... 3
2 DESCRIPTION OF THE MODEL ..... 3
2.1 GEOMETRY ..... 3
2.2 Thermal Parameters ..... 3
3 VALIDATION OF THE MODEL ..... 9
4 STEADY STATE ANALYSIS AT 360 KCL OF CO-60 ..... 10
4.1 Application of the Solar Heat Load ..... 11
5 TRANSIENT RESPONSE TO THE FIRE TEST ..... 12
6 DISCUSSION ..... 13
6.1 Influence of the Contact Resistance. ..... 13
6.2 Effect of Convective Heat Transfer Coefficient ..... 13
6.3 Effect of The Latent Heat Of Fusion For Lead ..... 14
6.4 Effect of Decreased Thermal Protection Resulting from a Drop Test. ..... 14
6.5 Effects of Increased Radiation to the Environment ..... 14
7 SUMMARY ..... 15
SUB-APPENDIX 3.6.4.1 COSMOS/M ELEMENT DESCRIPTIONS [15] ..... 31
SUB-APPENDIX 3.6.4.2 RADIATION SHAPE FACTORS ..... 43
SUB-APPENDIX 3.6.4.3 DERIVATION OF HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS ..... 65
SUB-APPENDIX 3.6.4.4 COSMOS /M INPUT AND OUTPUT FILES ..... 69

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## 1 INTRODUCTION

This appendix describes the thermal performance of the F-294 transport package with the F-313 source carrier before, during and after the regulatory fire test. Analysis is done using the COSMOS/M finite element package.[15]

The package has a maximum activity of 360 kCi of $\mathrm{Co}-60$. In sections 2 and 3 , the model is described and validated using the results of a test loading at 375.5 kCi . The fourth and fifth sections apply the model to the case of a 360 kCi load of Co-60.

Section 6 includes various parametric studies to establish the sensitivity of the results to the main assumptions of the model.

## 2 DESCRIPTION OF THE MODEL

The F-294 is shown in Figure 3.6.4-F1. Modeling assumptions fall into two categories; geometrical and thermal parameters. These assumptions are discussed below.
A brief description of the elements used in the analysis is found in Sub-appendix 1. SI units are used in the analysis. However, where applicable, conversion factors are provided.

### 2.1 GEOMETRY

The model is shown in Figure 3.6.4-F2. The following is assumed:
a) The model includes elements made up of stainless steel, mild steel, lead, kaowool, transite and air. The material distribution is shown in Figures 3.6.4-F3.
b) The package has axial symmetry. This effectively reduces this to a two-dimensional problem. (PLANE2D elements are used.) This assumption requires the fin elements to be treated differently from the remaining elements. (See material property set 6, Figure 3.6.4-F3.)
The fins account for $\mathbf{1 2 \%}$ of the radial area. There is three-dimensional heat transfer between them and the main body of the shield, the external fireshields and the environment. The various heat transfer paths are shown in Figure 3.6.4-F4.
In order to properly account for conduction heat input, the density and thermal conductivity of the fin material are decreased to $12 \%$ of values for stainless steel. This ensures that the two dimensional transient heat flow equation is satisfied. In order to account for convection and radiation effects, heat transfer from the fin surfaces is explicitly modeled using convection and radiation links. (See CLINK and RLINK elements in Sub-appendix 1.)
c) The top plug sits on a neoprene gasket retained in the main body. The air gap between the top plug and the main body is assumed to be 0.0016 m ( 0.0625 in ).
c) The base of the F-294 is dished. This geometry is simulated using straight lines as shown in Figure 3.6.4-F5.

### 2.2 THERMAL PARAMETERS

The following assumptions relate to the thermal characteristics of the unit.
a) The decay of Co-60 generates 2504 keV of photon energy and 96 keV of continuous radiation.[16] Thus, each kCi of $\mathrm{Co}-60$ generates 15.4 W of heat, as demonstrated below:

$$
\frac{1000 C_{i}}{1 \mathrm{kCi}}{ }^{*} 3.7 E 10 \frac{\mathrm{dis} / \mathrm{s}^{*}}{\mathrm{Ci}} \cdot 2600 \mathrm{keV}^{*}{ }^{*} 1.602 \mathrm{E}-16 \frac{\mathrm{~J}}{\mathrm{keV}}{ }^{*} \frac{\mathrm{~W}}{\mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{s}}=15.4 \frac{\mathrm{~W}}{\mathrm{kCi}}
$$

b) The self attenuation of the capsule results in lower radiation fields in the axial dimension and higher radial fields. This effect is demonstrated in Figure 3.6.4-F6. As most of this radiation is converted to heat energy it is important to account for the difference in heat generation rate between the top plug and the main body. In the analysis, it is conservatively assumed that $80 \%$ of the heat is generated radially and that the remaining $20 \%$ of the heat is distributed evenly between the top plug and the bottom of the main body. The conservative nature of this assumption is demonstrated by the relatively high top plug top surface temperature calculated in section 3.0 relative to the measured top plug surface temperature.

It is further assumed that this heat is generated in the first steel and lead elements in the path of the emitted radiation. For the top plug only, it is necessary to model the heat generated in the steel elements separately from the lead elements. (See assumption h.) The resultant heat generation rates are given in Table 3.6.4-T1. The heated elements are shown in Figure 3.6.4-F7.

Table 3.6.4-T1
Element Heat Generation Rates

| Affected Elements | Location | Heat Generation Rate (W/kCi/m) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,2,3 | TOP PLUG (steel) | 262.7 |
| 10,11,12,13 | TOP PLUG (lead) | 170.1 |
| 53, 54, 59, 60 | BOTTOM | 226.8 |
| 37, 55, 56, 57, 58, 61, 62, 63, 64 | SIDE | 387.4 |

c) For the normal conditions of transport, the air between the fireshield and main body is heated as it rises. Experiments have shown the temperature increase to be $21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ between the entrance and the exit (see section 3). In the steady state analysis, three discrete air temperatures are used:

- For convective heat transfer at the bottom of the main body, the air temperature is assumed to be $38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The affected areas are the lower fireshield, and the lower horizontal and dished surface of the main body. Node 400 is arbitrarily located in space as shown in Figure 3.6.4-F8 and is assigned a constant temperature of either $38^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The latter temperature is only used during the fire test.
- For convective heat transfer from the radial fireshield and from the vertical and upper conical section of the main body, the air temperature is assumed to increase to $48^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Node 401 is arbitrarily located in space as shown in Figure 3.6.4-F8 and is assigned a constant temperature of either $48^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The latter temperature is only used during the fire test.
- For convection from the top plug, the air temperature is assumed to increase to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Node 402 is arbitrarily located in space as shown in Figure 3.6.4-F8 and is assigned a constant temperature of either $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
For the validation run, these node temperatures are set to $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 33^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ respectively.
d) Heat transfer between the top plug and the main body is assumed to be by conduction through air, and by radiation. Conduction is modeled using the one dimensional TRUS2D elements (see Subappendix 1). The elements are assigned cross sectional areas using the algorithm of Figure 3.6.4F9. Radiation effects are modeled using radiation links between the same nodes. Shape factors are set to one.
e) Radiation effects in the regions enclosed by the fireshield are modeled using radiation links (see RLINK elements in Sub-appendix 1). These elements are shown in Figure 3.6.4-F11 and are connected to node 400.
Use of RLINKS requires shape factors, radiating surface areas and emissivities to be assigned. Shape factors are calculated as described in Sub-appendix 2. Surface areas for specific nodes are assigned as described in Figure 3.6.4-F9. All internal surfaces are assigned an emissivity of 0.8.
f) Heat transfer from the surface of the shielding vessel is via convection and radiation. Fin effects are considered by explicitly modeling the convection and radiation paths from the surface of the shield and from the fins. Convection effects from these surfaces are modeled using convection links (see CLINK elements in Sub-appendix 1). Surface nodes are connected to either node 400, 401 or 402, depending on their location (see assumption c).
For these surfaces, the convection heat transfer coefficient is set to $6.5 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{20} \mathrm{C}$. This value is chosen to match measured surface temperatures (see section 3). The analysis of Sub-appendix 3 shows this value to be reasonable,
g) Radiation and convection boundary conditions are assigned to the outside surfaces of the fireshield. The heat transfer coefficients are taken to be $1.6 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2 \circ} \mathrm{C}, 1.0 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{20} \mathrm{C}$ and $4.0 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{20} \mathrm{C}$ for the outer radial surface, the bottom surface of the fireshield and the upper surface of the top fireshield respectively. (See Sub-appendix 3.) For the radiation boundary conditions, the emissivities and shape factors are conservatively set to 1 .
h) For steady state analyses, a contact resistance equivalent to 0.5 mm ( 0.020 in ) of air is inserted between the lead and the external stainless steel shell. This value is based on reference [12] and matches experimental results. Positioning this contact resistance at the outside surface maximizes internal steady state temperatures as all of the heat is generated within the additional thermal resistance.
A contact resistance equivalent to $1 \mathrm{~mm}(0.040 \mathrm{in})$ of air is introduced between the base of the top plug and the lead. This value is chosen to match the experimental results and represents the relatively poor bond between the lead and the stainless steel encountered during manufacturing. The lead shielding is poured from the base of the top plug and hence bonding cannot be assured. Section 3 shows that these contact resistances yield internal and external temperatures that most accurately reflect the experimental results.
For transient analyses, this contact resistance is removed and a perfect thermal bond is assumed. This is an extremely conservative assumption.
Including the contact resistance in the model results in a realistic assessment of package temperatures under steady state conditions. In spite of the fact that this contact resistance does not disappear at the start of the regulatory fire, it is removed. The resultant additional heat input during the fire test results in lead temperatures that are higher than what would be expected during a real fire.
i) Variations in heat capacity are allowed for the lead elements only. Values of the specific heat for the materials other than lead are listed in Table 3.6.4-T2. The variation in the thermal capacity of lead is shown in Table 3.6.4-T3.
The latent heat of fusion for lead is modeled by spreading it over an arbitrary $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ temperature range above the melting point $\left(327^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. This is shown schematically in Figure 3.6.4-F10. The shaded area under the curve represents the latent heat of fusion ( $24,750 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{kg}$ ). [17]
It should be noted here that lead melt was not a factor in these analyses. All cases showed a substantial margin of safety regarding the onset of melting.
j) Variations in thermal conductivity with temperature were allowed for the stainless steel, lead and kaowool components (see Table 3.6.4-T4). For lead, thermal conductivities are taken from
reference [17] and for stainless steel, the thermal conductivity is found from the relations described in Table 3.6.4-T4.

Table 3.6.4-T2
Specific Heat of Materials used in the F-294

| Material | Specific Heat (J/kg'C) | Specific Heat (Btulb. ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$ ) | Reference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stainless Steel | 460 | 0.11 | [10] |
| Air | 1060 | 0.25 | [10] |
| Transite | 837 | 0.20 | [1] |
| Kaowool | 1060 | 0.25 | Assumed equal to air |
| Mild Steel | 465 | 0.11 | [10] |

Table 3.6.4-T3
Variation of Thermal Capacity of Lead

| Temperature (C) | Specific Heat $\left(\mathrm{Jkg}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Specific Heat (Btu/b) ${ }_{\mathrm{m}}{ }^{\circ}$ F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\leq-23$ | 127 | 0.031 |
| 27 | 129 | 0.031 |
| 127 | 132 | 0.032 |
| 227 | 136 | 0.033 |
| 327 | 142 | 0.034 |
| 328 | 6188 | 1.478 |
| 331 | 6188 | 1.478 |
| $\geq 332$ | 159 | 0.038 |

NOTE: For temperatures up to $327^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, values come from reference [17]. Values between 327 and $332^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ include the latent heat of fusion. For temperatures above $332^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, a constant specific heat is assumed based on a tabulated value at $371^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in reference [1].

Table 3.6.4-T4
Variation of Thermal Conductivity with Temperature

| Temperature (C) 1 Fl | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stainless Steel } \\ & \left(W_{1 m}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ | (W/mod | Kaowool (W/mC) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\leq 27$ |  | 35 | $\cdots$ |
| $\leq 38$ | 14.0 |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.029 \\ \text { (extrapolated) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 100 | 15.1 |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.032 \\ \text { (extrapolated) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 123 |  | 34 |  |
| 149 [300] | 17.0 |  | $\begin{gathered} .036 \\ \text { (extrapolated) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 204 [400] | 18.0 |  | 0.048 |
| 227 |  | 33 |  |
| 260 [500] | 18.9 |  | 0.053 |
| 316 [600] | 19.6 |  | 0.062 |
| 327 |  | 31 |  |
| 371 [700] | 20.4 | . | 0.074 |
| 427 [800] | 21.1 |  | 0.088 |
| 527 |  | 19 |  |
| 538 [1000] | 22.8 |  | 0.118 |
| 727 |  | 22 |  |
| 816 [1500] | 26.5 |  | 0.210 |
| 927 [1700] | 26.5 (assumed) | 24 | 0.248 |

NOTES:

1) Thermal conductivities of type 304 stainless steel are taken from reference [6].
2) Thermal conductivities of lead are taken from reference [17].
3) Thermal conductivities of kaowool are taken from reference [5].
4) $\quad 1 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}=0.5778 \mathrm{Btu} / \mathrm{h} / \mathrm{t} / \rho \mathrm{F}$.
k) Air elements are assumed to have a constant thermal conductivity of $0.0224 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.[10]. Transite elements were assigned a constant thermal conductivity of $0.389 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.[1]. Mild steel elements were assigned a thermal conductivity of $64.1 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{\circ} \mathrm{C} .[10]$. Fin elements were assigned a constant thermal conductivity of $2.4 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
5) The densities of the materials used in the F-294 are summarized in Table 3.6.4-T5.
m ) The stainless steel crack shield is welded to the top plug along its inner and outer circumference. Heat transfer between this shield and the top plug is simulated by inserting a $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}(.020 \mathrm{in}$.) air gap between the plug body and the shielding ring. TRUS2D elements are used to connect the applicable nodes on both surfaces. The conduction area for these elements is taken to be the product of the weld size ( $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$ ) and circumference. Thermal radiation across this gap was modeled using radiation links with a shape factor of 1. (See RLINK elements in Sub-appendix 1.)

Table 3.6.4-T5
Densities of Materials used in the F-294

| Material | Density $(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m})$ | Density $(\mathrm{mb} . \mathrm{ft})^{2}$ | Reference |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stainless Steel | 7800 | 487 | $[10]$ |
| Lead | 11373 | 710 | $[10]$ |
| Air | 1.2 | 0.07 | $[10]$ |
| Transite | 1600 | 100 | $[18]$ |
| Kaowool | 96 | 6 | $[5]$ |
| Mild Steel | 7800 | 487 | $[10]$ |

## 3 VALIDATION OF THE MODEL

Figure 3.6.4-F11 shows steady state temperature measurements taken on an F-294 prototype. The unit was loaded with 375.5 kCi of $\mathrm{Co}-60$ and its temperatures were measured. Table 3.6.4-T6 lists the results.

Table 3.6.4-T6
Steady State Temperature Measurements

| Thermocouple Location [COSMOSM Node Number] | Test (C) | WherencosMO nocontact resistance | SMM (C) <br> Including contact resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ambient | 23 | 23 | 23 |
| Air temperature at entrance to fireshield | 23 | - | - |
| Air temperature at exit from fireshield | 44 | - | - |
| Average of two diametrically opposed thermocouples at midheight of cavity [Node 146] | 174 | 137 | 172 |
| Bottom surface of top plug at centreline [Node 17] | 200 | 167 | 208 |
| Bottom of cavity [Node 136] | - | 126 | 162 |
| Top of fin [Node 709] | 53 | 54 | 55 |
| Top comer of shield, below insulation [Node 118] | 106 | 107 | 120 |
| Top comer of shield, above insulation [Node 717] | 71 | 77 | 78 |
| Bottom comder of shield, below insulation [Node 215 and N185, interpolated] | 92 | 92 | 101 |
| Top of upper fireshield at centreline [Node 85] | 40 | 36 | 36 |
| Midheight of radial fireshield [Node 251] | 25 | 29 | 29 |
| Top surface of top plug at centreline [Node 40] | 107 | 134 | 138 |
| Midheight of external surface of the shielding vessel [Node 185] | 107 | 106 | 105 |

The COSMOS/M model was applied to this case using the model described in section 2. The results are shown in Table 3.6.4-T6, for a range of contact resistance values. The reasonable agreement between the predicted and measured temperatures shows that the use of the contact resistance most accurately models the temperature distribution in the shielding vessel. It also shows that the use of a heat transfer coefficient of $6.5 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{20} \mathrm{C}$ yields realistic results for shield surface, fin surface and fireshield surface temperatures.

The basic input and output files for this case are found in Sub-appendix 4.

## 4 STEADY STATE ANALYSIS AT 360 KCI OF CO-60

The input file for this case can be found in Sub-appendix 4. The following results are taken from the output file found in Sub-appendix 4. The locations of the tabulated nodes are found in Figure 3.6.4-F12. This case assumes a contact resistance.

Table 3.6.4-T7
Shielding Vessel External Temperatures (Steady State, 360 kCi, With Contact Resistance)

| Node | Temp.(C) | Node | Temp. (C) | Node | Temp. (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | 149 | 714 | 94 | 731 | 70 |
| 49 | 144 | 717 | 91 | 732 | 83 |
| 50 | 143 | 114 | 112 | 210 | 91 |
| 54 | 142 | 185 | 117 | 208 | 109 |

Table 3.6.4-T8
Top Plug Internal Temperatures (Steady State, 360 kCi,With Contact Resistance)

| Node | Temp. (C) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 17 | 215 |
| 1 | 215 |
| 4 | 197 |
| 16 | 160 |
| 513 | 172 |
| 13 | 153 |

Table 3.6.4-T9
Main Body Internal Temperatures (Steady State, 360 kCi, With Contact Resistance)

| Node | Temp. (C) | Node | Temp. (C) | Node | Temp. (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 98 | 141 | $692^{*}$ | 139 | $673^{*}$ | 152 |
| 93 | 174 | 192 | 92 | 173 | 118 |
| 146 | 181 | $600^{*}$ | 138 | $613^{*}$ | 147 |
| 138 | 169 | 200 | 96 | 113 | 113 |
| 136 | 172 | $667^{*}$ | 137 | $605^{*}$ | 145 |
| $690^{*}$ | 142 | 167 | 129 | 105 | 123 |
| 190 | 109 |  |  |  |  |

[^2]Table 3.6.4-T10
Fireshield Internal and External Temperatures (Steady State, 360 kCi ,With Contact Resistance)

| Internal |  |  | External |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Node | Temp CC | Node | Temp(C) |
| 55 | 54 | 85 | 51 |
| 58 | 53 | 88 | 51 |
| 301 | 52 | 295 | 52 |
| 306 | 49 | 315 | 49 |
| 230 | 50 | 255 | 46 |
| 226 | 48 | 251 | 44 |
| 364 | 46 | 373 | 45 |
| 345 | 57 | 335 | 57 |
| 350 | 60 | 359 | 58 |
| 319 | 64 | 328 | 59 |

### 4.1 APPLICATION OF THE SOLAR HEAT LOAD

Figure 3.6.4-F13 shows the elements that were subjected to the solar heat flux. The input and output files for this case are INSOL8.INP and SS360SUN.TEM and can be found in Sub-appendix 4.

The elemental heat flux was based on the assumption that all of the solar heat load is concentrated on the radial and upper fireshields. The heat flux on the top surface was increased from $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ to $2000 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ as the solar flux is applied over a radius of $0.381 \mathrm{~m}(15 \mathrm{in})$ instead of $602 \mathrm{~m}(2311 / 16 \mathrm{in})$ (see Figure 3.6.4-F1). Similarly, the regulatory heat flux for the radial fireshield was increased from $400 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ to $500 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ to account for the fact the solar flux is applied over a height of 1.23 m ( 48.5 in ) (see Figure 3.6.4-F1).

The absorbtivity of the surface was conservatively set to 1 .
The results show no appreciable change in the temperature of the inner shielding vessel. Temperatures are all within 1 or $2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of the values listed in Tables 3.6.4-T7 through 3.6.4-T9. Thus, there is no effect on the shielding or containment systems.
These results can be explained by the fact the fireshields are thermally isolated from the main body of the F-294. Furthermore, they are insulated, and do not pass heat through to internal surfaces. Therefore, most of the incident heat is absorbed by the outer steel layer and convected and radiated back to the environment.
This method of analysis considerably overestimates the external surface temperatures. A more realistic means of establishing maximum surface temperatures comes from applying the regulatory heat flux of $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ to the upper surface and $400 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ to the side. Under these conditions, surface temperatures on the upper fireshield are found to range between 105 and $115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Surface temperatures on the radial fireshield are found to range between $87^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## 5 TRANSIENT RESPONSE TO THE FIRE TEST

The input file used for the analysis is called FIRE12.INP and can be found in Sub-appendix 4. This file applies a 30 minute $800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ fire followed by a 100 minute cooldown period. In most cases 100 minutes of cooling was sufficient to allow all lead temperatures to reach their maximum values. However, subsequent parametric analyses required 120 minutes of cooling before internal temperatures began to decrease.

The convection heat transfer coefficient between the outside of the fireshield and the shielding vessel is set to $12 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{20} \mathrm{C}$ and is justified in Sub-appendix 3 . The external surfaces of the inner shielding vessel are also assumed to have the same heat transfer coefficient. This assumption is extremely conservative as the fireshield and fins provide a barrier to the free flow of gases over the shielding vessel. However, since it is difficult to quantify this effect, it is assumed that they do not impede the flow of gas.
The initial temperatures are the temperatures of section $4(360 \mathrm{kCi}$, With Contact Resistance). The contact resistance was set to zero at the start of the fire, thus resulting in maximum heat input during the fire.
The temperature histories for the selected lead nodes are plotted in Figures 3.6.4-F14 through 3.6.4-F16. The maximum lead temperature was found to be $303^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at node 192, at the end of the fire test. This is substantially less than $327^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the melting point of lead.

Table 3.6.4-T11
Maximum Lead Temperatures During/After the Fire


[^3]
## 6 DISCUSSION

This section examines the effects of selected modeling assumptions on the thermal performance of the F-294. The results are compared to the basic case of section 5 . Additionally, the relative margin of safety as a result of these conservative modeling assumptions is estimated.

### 6.1 INFLUENCE OF THE CONTACT RESISTANCE

Ignoring the effect of the contact resistance between the lead and the stainless steel is extremely conservative. The results of Table 3.6.4-T6 show that, in practice, a contact resistance exists between the lead and steel interfaces. Ignoring this effect considerably underpredicts steady state temperatures within the F-294 shield, typically by $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at the inner cavity.

The analysis of section 5 assumes that the contact resistance disappears at the start of the fire. Therefore, it is of interest to determine what the effect of the contact resistance could be if it was assumed to be constant throughout the hypothetical fire and the subsequent cooldown period.
The results of this study show typical maximum lead temperatures of $245^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ [Node 141 ] in the main body and $257^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ [Node 501] in the top plug. This can be compared with the maximum lead temperature of 303 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ [Node 182] and $258^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ respectively.
The main effect of introducing the contact resistance is to lower maximum lead temperatures near the outside boundary of the shielding vessel. It also delays the onset of the maximum temperature. In the main body, the maximum lead temperature is reached 102 minutes after the start of the fire and is due to the effect of decay heat once temperature gradients in the main body have stabilized. In the top plug the effect is similar. However, the relatively low mass of the plug compared to the main body makes this effect less significant.

Based on these results, the incremental margin of safety due to the contact resistance is estimated to be $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

### 6.2 EFFECT OF CONVECTIVE HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT

As discussed earlier, the value of the heat transfer coefficient for the shielding vessel was set to $12 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{20} \mathrm{C}$. This value is based on the free flow of gases over the external surface of the fireshield. No account was taken for the fireshield as a barrier to the flow of hot gases. In practice, the heat transfer coefficient to the shielding vessel is lower.
Under steady state conditions, the heat transfer coefficient was $6.5 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{20} \mathrm{C}$. It is of interest to determine what the effect of a more realistic heat transfer coefficient would be. Therefore, the analysis was repeated using a heat transfer coefficient of $12 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{20} \mathrm{C}$ for external surfaces and $9.5 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2 \circ} \mathrm{C}$ for the shielding vessel. (This value is simply the mean of the steady state and fire heat transfer coefficients.)

The maximum external lead temperature was found to be $276^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at node 192 and the maximum internal lead temperature was found to be about $251^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at node 141 . This can be compared with the values of 303 and $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ previously calculated. The effects on the top plug were less pronounced, with maximum temperatures of about $253^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, compared to $258^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. In all cases, there remained a large margin relative to the $327^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ melting point of lead.
Based on these results, the incremental margin of safety is estimated to be $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in the main body and $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in the top plug.

### 6.3 EFFECT OF THE LATENT HEAT OF FUSION FOR LEAD

The highest temperature in the main body was found to be $303^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at node 192 . The initial temperature at this node was $92^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Thus, there was a $211{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ increase in lead temperature at this location.
Let us assume that there is a single hot spot on the package and that a maximum of $3.5 \mathrm{~cm}(1.4 \mathrm{in})$ of lead. (See chapter 5.) It is of interest to determine how much heat would be required to cause a hemispherical mass of lead to melt.

The total mass of lead present in the 3.5 cm radius hemisphere is:

$$
\mathrm{m}=\rho \mathrm{V}=11.3 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3} *\left(4 / 6 \pi^{*} 3.5^{3}\right)=1014 \mathrm{~g}=1 \mathrm{~kg}
$$

The energy required to increase the temperature of this mass of lead by the calculated $211^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is:

$$
\mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{mC}_{\mathrm{p}} \Delta \mathrm{~T}=1 \mathrm{~kg} * 132 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{kg}^{\circ} \mathrm{C} * 211^{\circ} \mathrm{C}=27,850 \mathrm{~J}
$$

Similarly the heat required to bring this mass of lead from $303{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $327^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the melting point of lead, is:

$$
\mathrm{Q}=1 \mathrm{~kg} * 132 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{kg}^{\circ} \mathrm{C} * 24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}=3,200 \mathrm{~J}
$$

Finally, the heat required to cause this mass to melt is:
$\mathrm{Q}=1 \mathrm{~kg} * 24,750 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{kg}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}=24,750 \mathrm{~J}$
Thus, the total heat energy required to cause the melting of a 1 kg mass of lead located at the hottest node is $55,800 \mathrm{~J}$. The total energy absorbed by this mass during the fire test is $27,850 \mathrm{~J}$. Therefore, about $50 \%$ of the total heat energy required to cause this mass of lead to melt was input during the fire. Therefore, the high latent heat of fusion of lead provides a significant additional margin of safety.

### 6.4 EFFECT OF DECREASED THERMAL PROTECTION RESULTING FROM A DROP TEST

The effect of impaired thermal protection was simulated by doubling the thermal conductivity of the kaowool insulation. In essence, its density was assumed to decrease to less than $3 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft} .^{3}$ The initial temperatures calculated in the base case were used as inputs to the fire test. This is justified by the assumption that accidental damage to the kaowool occurs after steady state temperatures have been reached, and that the fire starts immediately after the incident.
Comparison of the results shows little difference. This indicates that the heat transferred through the fireshield and to the main body is small in comparison with the effects of radiation and convection to the environment.

### 6.5 EFFECTS OF INCREASED RADIATION TO THE ENVIRONMENT

In order to simulate the effects of increased radiation to the environment, all nodes connected to the environment had their emissivities increased from 0.8 to 1.0 . This simulates a $25 \%$ increase in radiation heat transfer from the environment to the shielding vessel during the fire.
The results show an increase in lead temperatures for the nodes closest to the environment. However, the effect is typically 1 or $2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. This result is expected as most of the heat transferred to the shield is due to convection. Direct radiation is absorbed by the intervening fins and the external fireshield.

## 7 SUMMARY

Steady state finite element analysis of the F-294 has shown good agreement between measured and calculated temperatures. Extrapolation of this model to the maximum activity has shown no significant effect on the shielding and containment systems.
Transient analysis using the same model has shown the F-294 to complete the regulatory fire test without the initiation of lead melt. Parametric studies have shown this to be true under a variety of modeling conditions. In all cases, peak lead temperatures were found to be significantly less than the melting point, particularly in light of the conservative assumptions used in the model. A maximum temperature of $303^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was observed. The maximum increase in lead temperature was found to be about $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ during the fire transient.

The conservative assumptions used in this model have a significant effect on this result. It is estimated that the effect of the contact resistance provides an additional $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ margin of safety and that between $10-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ could be gained by specifying a more realistic heat transfer coefficient in the interspace between the fireshield and the shielding vessel.
These findings, combined with the significant amount of energy required to effect a phase change in lead, indicates a substantial margin of safety in the design. It is submitted that the F-294 meets the thermal requirements of the regulations under the normal and hypothetical accident conditions of transport.

Figure 3.6.4-F1
The F-294 Transport Packaging Engineering Information Drawing F629401-001 (Sheets 1 to 5)

# FIGURE WITHHELD UNDER 10 CFR 2.390 



## FIGURE WITHHELD UNDER 10 CFR 2.390



# FIGURE WITHHELD UNDER 10 CFR 2.390 



# FIGURE WITHHELD UNDER 10 CFR 2.390 



## FIGURE WITHHELD UNDER 10 CFR 2.390



Figure 3.6.4-F2 COSMOS/M Model Geometry

## $\Longrightarrow$



Figure 3.6.4-F3
Material Distribution


Figure 3.6.4-F4
Heat Transfer Paths to the Main Body


AVAILABLE AREA FOR CONDUCTION INTO THE SHIELDING VESSEL IS $12 \%$ OF THE CYLINDRICAL AREA. THE REMAINING B8\% OF THE SURFACE AREA HAS HEAT INPUT VIA CONDUCTIONIRADIATION

ENVIRONMENT TEMPERATURE IS $800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ DURING THE FIRE

Figure 3.6.4-F5
Modelling the Base of the F-294


Figure 3.6.4-F6
Field Distribution Around a Sealed Source


Figure 3.6.4-F7
Boundary Conditions and Heat Generation


Figure 3.6.4-F8

## Radiation and Convection Elements (RLINKS and CLINKS)



RLINKS
TO NODE 400


## CLINKS TO NODES

400, 401 AND 402

Figure 3.6.4-F9
Calculation of Nodal Areas


Node $\mathbf{B}$ is assigned an area equal to the area between points $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{A}}$ and $\mathrm{B}_{\mathbf{C}}$.

Figure 3.6.4-F10
Lead Thermal Capacity


Figure 3.6.4-F11
Temperature Measurements of an F-294 Prototype Loaded with $375.5 \mathrm{kCi} \mathbf{C o}-60$


T/C $23-\mathrm{C}-188$ TEMPERATURE $\left(415^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. NOT SHOWN IN THIS PLANE

Figure 3.6.4-F12
Node Numbers


NOTE: Underlined node number is within the contact resistance

Figure 3.6.4-F13
Insolation Heat Load

## $\Downarrow \Downarrow \Downarrow \Downarrow \Downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ TTT



$$
\begin{aligned}
\Downarrow & =2000 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2} \\
\Leftarrow & =500 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Figure 3.6.4-F14
Lead Temperatures in the Top Plug


Figure 3.6.4-F15
Lead Temperatures at the Upper Half of the Main Body



Figure 3.6.4-F16
Lead Temperatures at the Lower Half of the Main Body


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## SUb-APPENDIX 3.6.4.1 COSMOS/M ELEMENT DESCRIPTIONS [15]

### 4.1 LINEAR 2-D SPAR/TRUSS (element_name =TRUSS2D)

## General Description:

TRUSS2D is a 2-node uniaxial element for two dimensional stractural and thermal models. All elements have to be defined in the $X-Y$ plane as shown in Figure 4-1. Only two translational degrees of freedom per node are considered for sructural analysis. Temperature is the only degree of freedom for the thermal module.

## Special Features:

Buckling, inplane loading .

## Default Element Coordinate System (ECS $=-1$ ):

The nodal input partern shown in Figure 4-1 specifies the direction of the element axis. The $x$-axis goes from the first node to the second. The element $y$-axis is perpendicular to the $x$-axis and lies in the $X-Y$ plane.

## Element Group Options:

Op. 1 to Op. 4: Unused options for this element
Op. 5: Use default value (Linear elastic material type)
Op. 6: Use default value (Small displacement formularion)
Op. 7: Use default value (Material creep is not considered)

## Real Constants:

r1 = Cross-sectional area

## Material Properties:

EX E Modulus of elasticity
KX = Themal condnerivity
ALPX $=$ Coefficient of thermal expansion
C $\quad=$ Specific heat
DENS $=$ Deasity
DAMP = Material Damping coefficient
ECONX = Elecrical condictivity (thermal analysis only)

## Element Loadings:

Thermal
Gravitational

## Output Results:

Forces and stresses are available in the element coordinate system.


XY: Giobal Cartesian Coordinate System
xy: Elemen Coordinate System
Flgure 4-1. 2-D TRUSS

### 4.7 LINEAR 2-D 4- to 8-NODE PLANE STRESS, PLANE STRAIN AND BODY OF REVOLUTION (element_name $=$ PLANE2D)

## General Description:

PLANE2D is a 4- to 8-node two dimensional element for plane stress, plane stain, or axisymmerric structural and thermal probiems. All elements have to be defined in the X-Y plane. Axisymmerric structures have to be modeled in the positive $X$ half plane, in which $X$ represents the radial dircetion and Y refers to the axis of symmery. Only two translational degrees of freedom per node are considered for structural analysis. One degree of freedom. representing temperature, is used for the thermal module.

The nodal inpur patuern is shown in Figure 4-12 for an 8-node elementillustrating its local node numbering. The element however can be used with $4-108$-nodes by issuing zeros (0) at the location of missing nodes during the element connectivity definition (EL command). Triangular shaped elements can also be considered. In his case, the third and fourth nodes (in case of 4 -node elements) and the chird, fourth and sevench nodes (in case of 5-to 8-node clements) will be assigned the same global node number, as shown in Figure 4-12. Bodh clockwise and counter-clockwise node numbering are allowed.

## Special Features:

Buckling, Inplane Loading, Fluid-solid interaction, Adaprive P-Method for the 8-node structural elements (polynomial degrees up to 10)

## Default Element Coordinate System (ECSm -1):

The element $x$-axis goes from the first node so the second, and the clement $y$-axis is nomal wo the $x$-axis toward the fourth node.

## Element Group Options:

Op. 1:
$=0$; Structural or thermal element (default)
$=1 ; 4$-node incompressible fluid element
For strucural or thermal clements ( $\mathrm{Op}, 1=0$ ), the other options are:

```
    Op.2: (See Footnote 1)
    =0;Reducedintegration
    = 1; QM6 incomparible element; full integration for 8-node elements (default)
    =2; Full inregration
    =3; Unrelated option fos this type of analysis
    Op.3:
    =0; Plane Stress (default)
    =1; Axisymmerric (a one radian sector is considered, thus loads for a one radian
        sector should be applied)
    =2 ; Plane Strain
```

Op.4:
= 0 ; Stresses calculated in global Cartesian coordinate system
$=1$; Suesses calculated in the defined local elemert coordinate system
Op. 5: Use default value (Linear elastic material).
Op. 6: Use default value (Small displacement formulation)
Op. 7: Use default value (Material Creep is not considered)
For fluid elements ( $O$ p. $1=1$ ), the other oprions are:
Op. 2: Unused Oprion
Op. 3:
$=1$; Axisymmerric
$=2$; Plane Strain (default)
Op. 4 to Op. 7: Unused options for this element

## Real Constants:

r1 $=$ Thickness (only for plane stress analysis)
r2 $=$ Material angle $(\beta)$
The material angle is measured with respect to the element cocrdinate systern. as shown in Figure 4-12.

## Material Properties:

For structural or thermal elements (Op. $1=0$ )
(See Figure 4-12 for material directions)
EX $=$ Modulus of elasticity in the 1st material direction
$E Y=$ Modulus of elasticity in the 2nd material direction
EZ $\quad 3$. Modulus of elasticity in the global Z-direction
KX = Themal conductivity in the global X-direction
KY $=$ Thermal conductivity in the global Y-direction
$K Z=$ Themal conductivity in the global $\mathbf{Z}$-direction
NUXY = Poisson's ratio relating the lst and 2nd material directions (strain in the 2nd direction due to unit strain along the 1st direction)
NUYZ $=$ Poisson's ratio relating the $2 n d$ material direction and global Z-direction (strain in the Z-direction due to unit strain along the 2nd direction)
NUXZ $=$ Poisson's ratio relacing the lst material direction and global Z-direction (strain in the Z-direction due to unit strain along the lst direction)
C $=$ Specific hear
$A L P X=$ Coefficient of thermal expansion in the 1st material direction
ALPY $=$ Coefficient of themal exparsion in the 2nd material direction
ALPZ $=$ Coefficient of thermal exparsion in the giobal 2 -direction
GXY = Shear modulus relating the ist and 2nd material directions
DENS = Density
DAMP = Material damping coefficient
ECONX = Electrical conductivity (thermal analysis only)

Note:
The element is assigned orthotropic material properties if at least one of the following conditions is satisfieci:

1. Moduli of elasticinies in two directions are defined and are unequal.
2. Poisson's ratio in two planes are defined and are unequal.
3. Thermal coefficients in two directions are defined and are unequal.
4. Thermal conductivity in two directions are defined and are unequal.

The following condition has to be sanisfied for proper representation of arthotropic properties in the $i^{\text {th }}$ and j? material directions:

$$
\frac{v_{i j}}{E_{i}}=\frac{v_{i j}}{E_{j}}
$$

Where $V_{i j}, \mathrm{Ef}_{\mathrm{i}}$ and $\mathrm{Ej}_{\mathrm{j}}$ are provided as input and $\mathrm{Vji}^{\mathrm{i}}$ is calculated intermally by the program.

For fluid elements ( 0 p. $1=1$ )
EX = Fluid ciastic (bulik) modulus
GXY $=10^{-19} \mathrm{EX}$; an arbitrarily small number to give element some shear stability

## Element Loadings:

Thermal
Gravisational
Pressure (applied normal to elemient faces)

## Output Results:

Stress components including the von Mises stress are available at all nodes and the center of the clement in either global or element coordinate directions.
Principal suresses may also be optionally requested at the element center (see A_STRESS command in the ANALYSIS menu).
For fiuid oprion, pressure is printed at the center of each element.
-Referencees:
K. J. Bathe, E. L. Wilson and R. Iding, "NONSAP - A Sturtural Analysis Program for Staric and Dynamic Response of Nonlinear Systems," SESM Report Number 74-3, University of California-Berkeley, 1974.
R. D. Cook, "Concepts and Applications of Finite Element Analysis," Second Edition. John Wiley \& Sons, 1981.

## Footnote 1: Numerical Integration

## 1. Reduced Integration

For 4-node elements:
$2 \times 2$ Gauss integration for bending terms
$1 \times 1$ Gauss integration for shear terms
Overcomes parasitic shear effects; handles nearly incompressible marerials; not available for orthorropic models.

For 8-node elements:
$2 \times 2$ Gauss integration for bending terms
$2 \times 2$ Gauss integration for shear tems
2. QM6 (A vailable for 4-node elements only)
$2 \times 2$ Gauss integration for all terms including the effect of bubble functions which insroduce additional internal degrees of freedom.
Overcomes parasinic shear effects, handles nearly incompressible materials, in general more stable with better accuracy, but more costly in terms of solution ime.

## 3. Full Integration

For 4-node elements:
$2 \times 2$ Gauss integrarion for all terms.
Fastest and simplest solution option, does not overcome parasitic shear effects.
For 8-node elements:
$3 \times 3$ Gauss integration for all terms.


XY: Giobal Cartesiar Coofdinate System $x y$ : Eement Coordinate System
0: Face Numbers for Pressure Appication (postive when epplied hrward)
Figure 4-12. 2-0 Eement

### 4.48 THERMAL RADIAFION LINK (element_name = RLINK)

## General Description:

RLINK is a 2 -node element to model the heat flow between two nodes due to radiarion. One degree of freedom for each node is used in two-ar three-dimensional thermal models.
The nodal input pattem for this element is shown in Figure 4-86. The two nodes may or may not be coincident. Temperarure boundary condition must be specified at the node which is not directly connected to the model. This teraperature boundary condirion represents the radiation source temperanure.

Special Features: (None)

## Element Group Options: (None)

## Real Constants:

r1 3 Area of the radianing surface
r2 $=$ View factor
r3 = Emissivity
r4 $=$ Stefan-Boltaman constant

Material Properties: (None)
Element Loadings:
Thermal

## Output Results:

Heat flow due to radiation is available for each element.


Figure 4-86. Radiafion LInk
4.49 THERMAL CONVECTION LINK (element_name = CLINK)

## General Description:

CLINK is a 2 -node element to model the heat flow due to convection between two nodes. One degree of freedom per node is used in two-or three-dimensional themal models.
The rodal input pattern for this element is shown in Figure 4-87. The two nodes may or may not be coincident. Temperature boundary conditions must be specified at the node which is not directly connected to the model. This temperaure boundary condition represents the convection source temperature.
Special Features: (None)
Element Group Options: (None)

## Real Constants:

r1 = Aren of the convection surface

## Material Properties:

$\mathrm{HC}=$ Film coefficient

## Element Loadings:

Thermal

## Output Results:

Hear flow due to convection is available for each element.


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## SUB-APPENDIX 3.6.4.2 <br> Radiation Shape Factors

## S2.1.0 SHAPE FACTORS FOR CONCENTRIC CYLINDERS OF EQUAL LENGTH

The basic case of two concentric cylinders is shown in Figure S2.1. Shape factors $\mathrm{F}_{2-1}$ and $\mathrm{F}_{2-2}$ for this case are given by Siegel and Howell:[19]

$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
F_{2-I}=\frac{1}{R}-\frac{1}{\pi R}\left\{\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{B}{A}\right)-\frac{1}{2 L}\left[\sqrt{(A+2)^{2}-4 R^{2}} \cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{B}{R A}\right)+B \sin ^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{R}\right)-\frac{\pi A}{2}\right]\right\} \\
F_{2-2}
\end{array}=1-\frac{1}{R}+\frac{2}{\pi R} \tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{2 \sqrt{R^{2}-1}}{L}\right)\right]\left[\begin{array}{l}
-\frac{L}{2 \pi R}\left[\frac{\sqrt{4 R^{2}+L^{2}}}{L \sin ^{-1}}\left[\frac{4\left(R^{2}-1\right)+\left(L^{2} / R^{2}\right)\left(R^{2}-1\right)}{L^{2}+4\left(R^{2}-1\right)}\right]\right. \\
\\
\left.-\sin ^{-1}\left(\frac{R^{2}-2}{R^{2}}\right)+\frac{\pi}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4 R^{2}+L^{2}}}{L}-1\right)\right] \\
\text { where: } \quad \begin{array}{rl}
R & =\mathrm{r}_{2} / \mathrm{r}_{1} \\
\mathrm{~L} & =1 / \mathrm{r}_{1} \\
\mathrm{~A} & =\mathrm{L}^{2}+\mathrm{R}^{2}-1 \\
\mathrm{~B} & =\mathrm{L}^{2}-\mathrm{R}^{2}+1
\end{array}
\end{array}\right.
$$

Using shape factor algebra, the following expressions can be derived:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& F_{2 \cdot 3}=F_{2-4}=\left(1-F_{2-1}-F_{2-2}\right) / 2 \\
& F_{1-2}=\left(A_{2} / A_{1}\right) F_{2-1} \\
& F_{1-3}=F_{1,4}=\left(1-F_{1-2}\right) / 2 \\
& F_{4-1}=F_{3-1}=\left(A_{1} / A_{3}\right) F_{1-3} \\
& F_{4-2}=F_{3-2}=\left(A_{2} / A_{3}\right) F_{2-3} \\
& F_{4-3}=F_{34}=1-F_{3-1}-F_{3-2}
\end{aligned}
$$

It is somewhat more practical to generate shape factors for the geometry shown in Figure S2.2. The cases listed in Table S 2.1 can be calculated using the general cases shown above. For example, shape factor $F_{2 b-3 b}$ can be evaluated using the above equations with $r_{1}=r_{4}, r_{2}=r_{b}$ and $1=l_{b}$.

## Figure $\mathbf{S 2 . 1}$

Basic Case: Concentric Cylinder with Closed Ends


Figure $\mathbf{S 2 . 2}$
The 2x2 Concentric Cylinder

$r_{0}=$ outer radius of inner cylinder
$r_{a}=$ outer radius of annulus 3a [or 4a)
$r_{b}=$ inner radius of outer cylinder

Table S2.1
Basic Shape Factors Applied to the $2 \times 2$ Cylinder

| Shape Factor | - Case Considered, | ri |  | \% 1 14] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $F_{2 a 2 b-1 a, 1 b} ; F_{2 a, 2 b-2 a, 2 b ;}$ $F_{2,20,30,3,36} ; F_{1,16,1 b-2,2 b ;}$ $F_{1 a, 1 b-3 a, 3 ;} ; F_{3 a, 3 b-12,1 b ;}$ $F_{3 a, 3 b-2,22 ;} ; F_{3 a, 3 b-4,4 b ;}$ $F_{4,4,4 b-12,1 b ;} F_{4,4}, 4-2 a, 2 b ;$ $F_{42,46-3 a, 3 b}$ | Combined cylinder | $\mathrm{r}_{0}$ | rb | $\mathrm{la}_{4}+\mathrm{l}_{6}$ |
|  | Upper cylinder | $\mathrm{r}_{0}$ | $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{b}}$ | 4 |
| $F_{2 b-1 b} ; F_{2 b-2 b} ; F_{2 b-3 a b b b} ;$ $F_{1 b-2 b} ; F_{1 b-3 c, 3 b ;} ;$ $F_{3 a, 3 b-16} ; F_{3 a, 3 b-2 b}$ | Lower cylinder | $\mathrm{r}_{0}$ | $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{b}}$ | 4 |
| $F_{1 a, 1 b-4 ;} ; F_{1 a, 1 b-3 a} ; F_{32,-1 a, 1 b} ; F_{3-1,1 b} ; F_{42-3 a} ;$ | Inner cylinder | $\mathrm{r}_{0}$ | $\mathrm{r}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{l}_{4}+\mathrm{l}_{6}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} F_{2 a, 2 b-3 b} ; F_{2 a 2 b b-4 b} ; F_{3 b-2 a, 2 b} ; \\ F_{3 b-4 b} ; F_{4 b-2 a 2 b ;} ; F_{4 b-3 b} \end{gathered}$ | Outer cylinder | r | $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{b}}$ | $\mathrm{l}_{0}+\mathrm{l}_{6}$ |
| $F_{12,4 a} ; F_{40-1 a}$ | Upper inner cylinder | $\mathrm{r}_{0}$ | $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 1. |
| $F_{16-3 \mathrm{a}} ; \mathrm{F}_{3 \mathrm{a}-1 \mathrm{l}}$ | Lower inner cylinder | $\mathrm{r}_{0}$ | r | $\mathrm{l}_{6}$ |
| $\mathrm{F}_{2 \times-46} ; \mathrm{F}_{46-2 \mathrm{~s}}$ | Upper outer cylinder | ra | rb | 1. |
| $F_{26-36} ; F_{3 b-2 b}$ | Lower outer cylinder | $\mathrm{r}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{b}}$ | $L_{6}$ |

Other cases must also be calculated using shape factor algebra and, in particular, the following relations:

$$
\begin{array}{lr}
A_{i} F_{i j}=A_{y} F_{j-i} & \text { (RECIPROCITY) } \\
F_{i-j, k}=F_{i j}+F_{j-k} & \text { (ADDITIVE RELATION) } \\
A_{i j} F_{i j-k}=A_{i} F_{i j}+A_{y} F_{j-k} & \text { (CONSERVATION) } \\
\sum_{j} F_{i j}=1 \text { for any single value of } i & \text { (CLOSURE) }
\end{array}
$$

The remaining shape factors were calculated using the four shape factor relations listed above in combination with the cases listed in Table S2.1.

It is useful to consider a numerical example. Consider the case $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{o}}=1, \mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{a}}=2, \mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{b}}=3, \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{a}}=1$ and $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{b}}=2$. Figure S2.3 shows the results calculated for the cases in Table S2.1. Figure S2.4 shows how these cases were manipulated to yield the matrix of shape factors for this configuration.

## Figure $\mathbf{S 2 . 3}$

Calculated Basic Shape Factors

GENERAL GASE FOR $2 \times 2$ CYLINDER

| $\begin{array}{r} t a= \\ b= \\ 1=1 a+B= \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0000 \\ & 2.0000 \\ & 3.0000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & r= \\ & x= \\ & b= \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | SEE NEXT PAGE FOR SHAPE FACTOR SUMMARY |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FOR THE CASES IN THIS BOX: (Combined Cytinder) |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F2a.2b-1a.1b= } \\ & \text { F2a.2b.2a } 2 \mathrm{~b}= \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2012 \\ & 0.2819 \end{aligned}$ |
| $R=$ rato | 3.0000 | A1a. $1 \mathrm{bl}=$ | 18.8498 | F2a,2b-3a,3b= | 0.2584 |
|  | 3.0000 | A2a, $2 \mathrm{~b}=$ | 58.5487 | F1a, 1b-2a,2bi | 0.6037 |
| A. | 17.0000 | A3, $36=$ | 25.1327 | F1a, $7 \mathrm{~b}-3 \mathrm{a}, 3 \mathrm{be}=$ | 0.1982 |
| $8=$ | 1.0000 | A4a.4b $=$ | 25.1327 | F3s,3b-4a, 1b $=$ | 0.1488 |
|  |  |  |  | F3a,3b-2a.2be | 0.5815 |
|  |  |  |  | F3n,3b-4a,4b= | 0.2699 |
|  |  |  |  | F.4a.4b-1a.3b= | 0.1486 |
| - |  |  |  | F4a.4b-2a.2be | 0.5815 |
|  |  |  |  | F4a,4b-323bm | 0.2699 |


| FOR THE CASES IN THiS 80X:(Upper Cydnder,ro.r.ia) |  |  |  | F2a-1ax | 0.0925 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | F2a-23= | 0.1172 |
| $\left\{\begin{array}{l} R=\text { rtho }= \\ L=\operatorname{late}= \end{array}\right.$ | 3.0000 | A1a $=$ | 6.2832 . | F2a-4, 4 b $=$ | 0.3952 |
|  | 1.0000 | A23 = | 18.8498 | F1a-2a= | 0.2774 |
| A $=$$8=$ | 9.0000 | A4a.4b = | 25.1327 | Fia-4a,4ba | 0.3613 |
|  | -7.0000 |  |  | F4a.40-18= | 0.0803 |
|  |  |  |  | F4a,4b-2am | 0.2964 |


|  |  |  |  | Phant F2-1a= | 0.2323 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R = rato = | 20000 | A1a $=$ | 6.2832 | PhantF2a-2a= PhardF2-4g= | 0.1377 0.3150 |
|  | 1.0000 | Pham Az = | 12.5684 | PhantF1a-2= | 0.4845 |
| $A=$ | 4.0000 | A4a = | 9.4248 | F1a-4g: | 0.2677 |
| $B=$ | -20000 |  |  | F43-180 | 0.1785 |



| FOR THE CASES IN THIS 80X(brner Cyincerro,ra, |  |  |  | Phantom 2-12.15 | 0.3850 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Phantom $2-2$ | 0.2882 |
| R= rato = | 2.0000 | A1a.fb = | 18.8498 | Phantom 2-3a | 0.1830 |
| $\mathrm{L}=410 \mathrm{~F}$ | 3.0000 | A3a $=$ | 9.4248 | Phantom tasb-2 | 0.7715 |
| $8=$ | 12.0000 | A4s = | 9.4248 | F1a,1b-4a | 0.1142 |
|  | 8.0000 | Phamt $A 2=$ | 37.6594 | F43-1a,1ba | 0.2285 |
|  |  |  |  | F1a,1b-3: $=$ | 0.1142 |
|  |  |  |  | F3a-1a,1b= | 0.2285 |
|  |  |  |  | F3a-4a= | 0.1194 |
|  |  |  |  | F4-312 | 0.1894 |


| FOR THE CASES IN THIS BOX:(Outer Cylindgr, ra.fok) |  |  |  | Phant F2a,2b-1= | 0.5073 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | PhF2a.2b-2a.2b= | 0.1697 |
| $R=$ rota $=$ | 1.5000 | Prantit $=$ | 37.6591 | F2a,2b-3bm | 0.1815 |
| $\mathrm{L}=$ ufta | 1.5000 | A2a,2b $=$ | 56.5487 | F2a.2b-4b | 0.1815 |
| $A=$ | 3.5000 | $30=A 40=$ | 15.7080 | F4b-2a,2bs | 0.5814 |
| $8=$ | 1.0000 |  |  | F3b-2a.2b= | 0.5814 |
|  |  |  |  | PhF4a, 1b-3b= | 0.1198 |
|  |  |  |  | F3b-4b | 0.1317 |
|  |  |  |  | F4b-3b $=$ | 0.1317 |



| THIS 8OX:(Lower Outer Cytander.ra.ro.m) |  |  |  | Phard F2-10: | 0.4408 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{take}=$ | 1.5000 | Phamal $=$ | 25.1327 | PhantF2a-2am F2b 3 ba | 0.1309 0.2142 |
| $L=$ blea $=$ | 1.0000 | $A 2 b=$ | 37.6991 | F3b-2b $=$ | 0.5140 |
| $A=$ $B=$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2.2500 \\ -0.2500 \end{array}$ | $A 36 \mathrm{~b}=$ | 15.7080 |  |  |

Figure S2.4
Matrix of Shape Factors for $2 \times 2$ Concentric Cylinders







## S2.2.0 SHAPE FACTORS FOR CONCENTRIC PARALLEL DISKS

The basic case of two concentric parallel disks is shown in Figure S2.5. The shape factor for this case is given by:[19]

$$
F_{a-b}=\frac{1}{2}\left[X-\sqrt{\left.X^{2}-4\left(\frac{R_{b}^{2}}{R_{a}^{2}}\right)\right]}\right.
$$

where:

$$
\begin{aligned}
X & =1+\frac{1+R_{b}^{2}}{R_{a}^{2}} \\
\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{a}} & =\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{r}} / \mathrm{h} \text { and } \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{b}}=\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{b}} / \mathrm{h}
\end{aligned}
$$

Shape factor algebra is used to derive the following relations:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& F_{b e}=\left(A_{d} / A_{b}\right) * F_{a b} \\
& F_{b c}=1-F_{b e} \\
& F_{c b}=\left(A_{b} / A_{c}\right) F_{b c}
\end{aligned}
$$

where $\mathbf{c}$ represents all other surfaces.
Again, it is more practical to subdivide this geometry as shown in Figure S2.6. The cases listed in Table S2.2 can be calculated with the general relations listed above.

Figure S2.5
Basic Case: Concentric Parallel Disks


Figure S2.6
2x2 Disks


$$
\begin{aligned}
& r_{1}=\text { outer radius of lower inner disk } \\
& r_{2}=r_{4}=\text { outer radius of cylinder } \\
& r_{3}=\text { outer radius of upper inner disk } \\
& h_{1}=\text { total height }=h_{5}+h_{6}
\end{aligned}
$$

Table S2. 2
Basic Shape Factors Applied to the $2 \times 2$ Disk

| W, Shape Factor , | Whense Considered | - | th | h, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} F_{1,2-3 ;-4 ;} F_{1,2-5,6 ;} \\ F_{3,4-1,2 ;} ; F_{3,4,4,6 ;} \\ F_{5,-1,2 ;} F_{5,6-6,4 ;} \\ F_{5,6,6,6} \end{gathered}$ | Combined cylinder | $\mathrm{r}_{2}$ | $5_{4}$ | $\mathrm{h}_{5}+\mathrm{h}_{6}$ |
| $\mathrm{F}_{3,4-4} ; \mathrm{F}_{5-3,4 ;} ; \mathrm{F}_{5-5}$ | Upper cylinder | $\mathrm{r}_{2}$ | ${ }_{4}$ | $\mathrm{h}_{\text {s }}$ |
| $F_{1,26 ;} ; F_{6-1,2} ; \mathrm{F}_{66}$ | Lower cylinder | $\mathrm{r}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{r}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{h}_{6}$ |
| $\mathrm{F}_{1-3} ; \mathrm{F}_{3-1}$ | Inner disks to each other | $\mathrm{r}_{1}$ | $r_{3}$ | $\mathrm{h}_{5}+\mathrm{h}_{6}$ |
| $F_{1,2-3} ; F_{3-1,2} ; F_{3-5,6 ;} ; F_{5,6-3}$ | Entire lower disk to inner upper disk | $\mathrm{r}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{r}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{h}_{5}+\mathrm{h}_{6}$ |
| $F_{1-3,4} ; F_{3,-1} ; F_{1-5,6} ; F_{5,6-1}$ | Inner lower disk to entire upper disk | $\mathrm{r}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{r}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{h}_{5}+\mathrm{h}_{6}$ |
| $F_{1-6} ; F_{6-1}$ | Lower cylinder | $\mathrm{r}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{r}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{h}_{6}$ |
| $\mathrm{F}_{3-5} ; \mathrm{F}_{5-3}$ | Upper outer cylinder | $\mathrm{r}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{r}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{h}_{5}$ |

It is useful to consider a numerical example. Consider the case $\mathrm{r}_{1}=1, \mathrm{r}_{2}=3, \mathrm{r}_{3}=2, \mathrm{r}_{4}=3, \mathrm{~h}_{5}=1$ and $\boldsymbol{h}_{6}=2$. Figure $\mathbf{S} 2.7$ shows the results calculated for the cases in Table S2.2. Figure S2.8 shows how these cases were manipulated to yield the matrix of shape factors for this configuration.

Figure S2.7
Calculated Basic Shape Factors ( $2 \times 2$ disk)

GENERAL CASE FOR $2 \times 2$ PARALLEL DISKS WTH IA I I2


Figure S2.8
Matrix of Shape Factors for the 2x2 Disk

## SUMMARY OF SHAPE FACTORS:

| $\begin{array}{r} 19= \\ 12= \\ 13= \\ 14=12= \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{h} 5= \\ & \mathrm{h} 6= \\ & \mathrm{ht}= \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & A 1= \\ & A 2= \\ & A 3= \\ & A 4= \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.1416 \\ 25.1327 \\ 12.5664 \\ 15.7080 \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F1. $1=$ | 0.000 | F2-1 $=$ | 0.000 | F1.2- | $=$ | 0.000 |
| F1-2 2 = | 0.000 | F2-2 ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | 0.000 | F1,2- |  | 0.000 |
| F1. 3 = | 0.292 | F2-3 $=0$ | 0.186 | F1,2- |  | 0.198 |
| F1. $4=$ | 0.194 | F2-4 50 | 0.183 | F1.2- |  | 0.184 |
| F1-5 = | 0.489 | F2. 5 = ${ }^{\text {cos }}$ | 0.531 | F1.2- |  | 0.138 |
| F1. $6=$ | 0.325 | - F2-6 $=$ | 0.600 | F1,2-6 |  | 0.481 |
| F1-1,2= | 0.000 | F2-1,2 = | 0.000 | F1,2- | 2 = | 0.000 |
| Fi- $3,4=$ | 0.486 | F2. 3.4 = | 0.369 | F1.2- |  | 0.382 |
| F1-5.6 = | 0.514 | F2-5.6 = | 0.631 | F1.2- | 6= | 0.618 |
|  | 2.000 |  | 2.000 |  |  | 2000 |
| F3-1 $=$ | 0.073 | F4. 1 = | 0.039 | F3,4 |  | 0.054 |
| F3-2 $=$ | 0.372 | F4- $2=$ | 0.293 | F3,4-2 | = | 0.328 |
| F3-3 $=$ | 0.000 | F4-3= | 0.000 | F3,4- |  | 0.000 |
| F3-4= | 0.000 | F4-4e | 0.000 | F3,4-4 |  | 0.000 |
| F3-5= | 0.151 | F4. $5=0$ | 0.387 | F3,4- |  | 0.282 |
| F3-6 $=$ | 0.403 | F4-6 = | 0.281 | F3,4-6 |  | 0.336 |
| F3-1.2 = | 0.445 | F4-1.2 = | 0.331 | F3,4- | 2 = | 0.382 |
| F3-3.4 = | 0.000 | F4-3.4 = | 0.000 | F3.4- | . $4=$ | 0.000 |
| F3. $5.6=$ | 0.655 | F4-5.6 = | 0.659 | F3,4- | 6= | 0.818 |
|  | 2000 |  | 2.000 |  |  | 2000 |
| F5-1 $=$ | 0.032 | F6-1 $=$ | 0.027 | F5,6- |  | 0.029 |
| F5-2 2 \% | 0.176 | F6-2 $=$ | 0.333 | F5,6-2 |  | 0.280 |
| F5-3 $=$ | 0.101 | F6-3. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 0.134 | F5,6- |  | 0.123 |
| F5-4 4 = | 0.323 | F6-4= | 0.117 | F5,6- |  | 0.185 |
| F5-5 = | 0.153 | F6-5 5 = | 0.109 | F5,6- | $={ }^{\infty}$ | 0.123 |
| F5-6 = | 0.217 | F6. $6=$ | 0.279 | F5,6. | $=\infty$ | 0.259 |
| F5-1,2 = | 0.206 | F6. 1.2 = | 0.380 | F5,6. | $2=$ | 0.309 |
| F5-3.4 = | 0.424 | F6-3.4 = | 0.252 | F5,6- | .4 $=$ | 0.309 |
| F5- $5.6 \times$ | 0.370 | F6-5.6 = | 0.388 | F5,6. | . $6=$ | 0.382 |
|  | 2000 |  | 2.200 |  |  | 2.000 |
| means this is taken directhy from page A of this spreadsheet means that subtraction used to calculate this shape factor based on mears thal reclprocity was used based on $\square$ no features means that cosure was used tased on other information in that column means that closure was based on that row |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## S2.3.0 SHAPE FACTORS FOR 6 SIDED ENCLOSURES

The general case for the internal surfaces of a cube is shown in Figure S2.9. The cases that yield basic shape factor data are shown in Figures S2.10 and S2.11. The equations shown in these figures combined with shape factor algebra yield the relevant results.

Figure S2.9
Shape Factor Geometry for Enclosures


Opposite surfaces are denated'. For example, surface 1' is opposite surface 1 .

Figure S2.10
Shape Factor for Parallel Plates


Identical. parallel, directly opposed rec:angles.
$X=\frac{a}{c} \quad Y=\frac{b}{c}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
F_{1-2}= & \frac{2}{\pi X Y}\left\{\ln \left[\frac{\left(1-X^{2}\right)\left(1-Y^{2}\right)}{1+X^{2}+Y^{2}}\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}+X \sqrt{1 \div Y^{2}} \tan -\frac{X}{\sqrt{1+Y^{2}}}\right. \\
& +\gamma V \overline{\left.1-X^{2} \tan ^{-1} \frac{Y}{\sqrt{1-X^{2}}}-X \tan ^{-1} X-Y \tan ^{-1} Y\right\}}
\end{aligned}
$$

Figure $\mathbf{S 2 . 1 1}$
Shape Factor for Perpendicular Attached Plates


Two finite rectangles of same length，having one common edge， and at an angie of $90^{\circ}$ to each other．

$$
B=\frac{h}{T} \quad W=\frac{W}{l}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& F_{i-2}=\frac{1}{W H}\left(W \tan ^{-1} \frac{1}{W}+H^{2} \tan ^{-8} \frac{1}{H}-\sqrt{H^{2}+W^{2}} \tan ^{-2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{H^{2}+W^{2}}}\right. \\
& \left.+ \pm \ln \left\{\left[\frac{\left(1+W^{2} K 1+H^{2}\right)}{\left(1+W^{2}+H^{2}\right)}\right]\left[\frac{\left.W^{2} 1+W^{2}+H^{2}\right)}{\left.\left(1+W^{2}\right)^{W^{2}}+K^{2}\right)}\right]^{\nabla^{2}}\left[\frac{E^{2}\left(1+H^{2}+W^{2}\right)}{\left(1+E^{2}\left(E^{2}+W^{2}\right)\right.}\right]^{2}\right\}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

Figure $\mathbf{S 2 . 1 2}$
Typical Calculations（Enclosures）
stape factor estentations for tive inner turtaces of an enctosed bor


| F1－1E | 0.0318 | F2－1 ${ }^{1}$ | 0.0272 | F379 | 0.0548 | ． $84 \times 4$ | 0.0248 | F12－345 | E．0002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F1－2 | 0.1110 | F20＇t． | 0.1888 | F32 | 0.1012 | F－2 | 0.7834 | F93－2\％ | 0.5791 |
| F1＊5 | 0.0001 | F2\％${ }^{\circ}$ | 0.000 | P3s ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 0.0001 | F45 | 0.0000 | F34－12： | 6． 2818 |
| P140 | 80001 | F－4］ | 00002 | F20］ | 0.002 | F4an | 0.0003 | F2413： | 0.4272 |
| Frat | 0.0165 | F209 | ．0．0062 | P3－18 | 0.0183 | P4－3 | 0,0092 | FOS ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 400001 |
| F1abi | 0.0253 | F20 | 0.0451 | F3b | 0.0333 | F4bs | 00542 | Fels | 0.4818 |
| Prace | 4.1422 | F2－c | 0.0157 | Fres | 0.0318 | Prete | 0.0105 | Fol3 | 0.1630 |
| －find | 0.0812 | 126 | 0.2774 | F30d | 0.0434 | F4d ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0,0828 | Fo3．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.0000 |
| F1－1 ${ }^{\text {E }}$ | 0.0185 | 724＊＊＊ | 0.0082 | F3na | B，0000 |  | 0.0000 |  |  |
| F1－5 | 0.0237 | F2bin | 0.0452 | F3b ${ }^{\circ}$ | 0,0001 |  | 00001 |  |  |
| Ficte | 0.1418 | （12－c）${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.0157 | F3c］ | 0.4907 | R4RE） | 0.0004 |  |  |
| FTat | 1032 | F2dy | 08288 | F3－TE | 0.0075 | F4，${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.4989 |  |  |
| E1da | 0.0217 | P2dis | 0.0241 | F3－15 | 0.0184 | F64t | 0.0218 |  |  |
| F1H5 | 0,0000 | F2－15 | 0.0000 | F350 | 0.0000 | Fixe | 0.0000 | ， |  |
|  | 0.3007 | F2戒第 | 0.0445 |  | 0.1775 | F4n边 | 0.0343 |  |  |
|  | 0.0002 | $82+5$ | 0.0000 | 13W－ | 0.0032 | F4N＝ | 0.0007 |  |  |
| F80 | 0.114 | ［2Pa | 0.0288 | ［3F｜ | 0.0108 | R4＊ | 0.0238 |  |  |
| F17 | 0.0000 | F2F | 110000 | F3ip | 0.0000 | F4－7 | 0.0000 |  |  |
| F95 | 0.0092 | F2， | 0.1800 | F2m0 | 0.0087 | －F4Er | 0.0756 |  |  |
| Frave | 010000 | F2HE | 0.0001 | F3N＝ | 0.0000 | F4W＝ | 0.0009 |  |  |
| Suma | 1，0000 | SUME | 18000 | cunt | 1.0000 | Suns | 1.0000 |  |  |


| F－12 | 0.0283 | Fbis | 0.0106 | Fols | Q． 8819 | Falit | 0.0979 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 骨－20 | 0.0435 | F\％－2 | 0.0776 | P－2\％ | 6.0731 | Forer | 0.25097 |
| Fins | 4.1000 | F3－3： | 0.0000 | Fors | 0.0000 | Fitsiz | 0.0000 |
| －F2， | Q，0001 | F9－4 | 0.4001 | Foply | 0.0001 | Fdis | 0.0001 |
| －P\％－17 | 6.2317 | Fb－t | 0.0185 | Fer ${ }^{14}$ | 0.0607 | FdSth | 0.0127 |
| F－75 | 0.0758 | Fb－2 $=$ | 0.3150 | Fcrat | 0.0518 | F－F－3＇ | 0.1010 |
| F－3\％ | $8 \pm 000$ | Fb－3＇ | 0.0000 | FC3\％ | 0．1000 | F4－33 | Q．t000 |
| F74 | 0.0001 | Fb－4\％ | 0.0001 | Fc－43 | 0.0001 | PGEE | 0.0008 |
| FF－4 | 0.0769 | Fber | 0.0228 | Fe－t | 0.0398 | Fdats | 0．0138 |
| F－b＇s | 0.0221 | F1b－bis | 0.1875 | Febue | 0.0562 | Fdty | 0.1050 |
| Fect | 6，0601 | FP－C） | 0.0208 | feet | 0.1042 | Fines | 0.0317 |
|  | 0.0050 | Ftodis | 0.1657 | Fedr | 0.1294 | Fd－0 | 0.2800 |
| Fata | 0.2503 | Fols | 0.0315 | FCly | 0.0407 | Pdis | 0.0176 |
| Trin | 0.0000 | FbIE | 0.0000 | Fefin | 0.0000 | Pdit $=$ | 0.0000 |
| FStin | 0.016 | Fb－mis | 0.0243 | Fate | 0.2059 | P4－3 | 0.0434 |
| Fown | 0.0000 | Pbwe | 0.0000 | Fown | 0.0001 | Pody | 0.0007 |
| F｜\％ | 0.0039 | FOFE | 40981 | Ferm | 0.0038 | Fors | 0.0260 |
| F50 | 0.0000 | Fbrin | 0.0000 | Fedn | 0.0000 | FOFP | 0.0000 |
| Prome | 000087 | F0－17 | 0.0093 | Foinie | 0.0102 | Fd－tim | 0.1809 |
| Fown | 6．4000 | FbWe | 20000 | Few | 0.0000 | Pdye | 0.0001 |
| －gunis | 1．0000 | SuMa | 1.0000 | SUM | 1.0000 | sunn | 1.0000 |


| F＋1 | 0.0182 | Fins | 0.0154 | Finde | 0.1598 | Fivis | 0.0083 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F20］ | 0.0824 | F\％2： | 0.0745 | F－2x | 0.0939 | Fin2 | 0.0778 |
| Ftrys | 0.0000 | F33 | 0.0000 | Frine | 0.0001 | Finge | 0.0018 |
| FFi／E | 0.0001 | FF－4 | 0.0001 | Fixas | 0.0001 | Finde | 0.0002 |
| F－6｜ | 0.2164 | Fiolit | 0.1292 |  | 0.0281 | Fin隹 | 0.0230 |
| F42 | 0.0851 | －${ }^{\text {F－2 }}$ | 0.0685 | F－20 | 0.0921 | Furze | 0.0316 |
| F63 | 0.10002 | Fio3？ | 0.0028 | Fins | 0.0000 | FWe 3 | 0.0001 |
| Fite | 0.0001 | Fixty | 0.0002 | Fray | 0.0001 | Fivale | 0.0001 |
| Fram | 0.1218 | Fitan | 0.0181 | F－Fay | 0.0108 | Fiber | 0.0047 |
| FH03 | 0.0827 | Fiobe | 00508 | F－ibs | 0.0346 | Finder | 0.0405 |
| Fier | 0.0300 | Fite | 0.0533 | Frem | 0.8398 | Fines | 0.0223 |
| Fios | 0.0523 | F\％or | 08012 | F70］ | 0.0863 | Fiver | 0.0642 |
| F10 | 0.1217 | F－9\％ | 0.4970 | 管学年 | 0.0198 | Finctis | 0.0008 |
| Fibt | 4.0827 | F4by | 0.0002 |  | cout | Funos | 0.0001 |
| Fict | 0.0300 | Fi－ca | 0.0012 | F－ram | 0.1384 | Fure | 0.4978 |
| Fiof | 0.0574 | FForm | 0.0001 | Fm－6 | 0.0664 | Find ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.0003 |
| FW | 6.0282 | Fink | 0.0269 | F年t | 0.0241 | Fink | 0.0230 |
| Fitime | 0.0000 | F190 | 0.6000 | ［70173 | 0．0000 | Fi＋F｜ | 10000 |
| Patiry | 0.0364 | Fintira | 00348 | FT－开3 | ． 0.3488 | FFiper | 0.0388 |
| Fink | 0.0000 | Fiver | 20001 | Fintra | 0.0001 | Finkre | 0.0001 |
| 8ume | 1.0000 | sumb | 1.0000 | Suma | 1．0000 | suma | 4.0000 |

## S2.5.0 RESULTS

The results of these calculations are summarized in Table S2.3.
Table S2.3
Nodal Areas and Shape Factors

| Real Constant Set | Area (mirad) | Shape Factor, | Wrom Noderts | Wrutho Node |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 | 0.00068 | 0.072 | 40 | 49 |
| 101 | 0.00068 | 0.056 | 40 | 55 |
| 102 | 0.00068 | 0.306 | 40 | 56 |
| 103 | 0.00068 | 0.250 | 40 | 57 |
| 104 | 0.00068 | 0.141 | 40 | 58 |
| 105 | 0.00068 | 0.084 | 40 | 59 |
| 106 | 0.00068 | 0.030 | 40 | 301 |
| 107 | 0.00068 | 0.034 | 40 | 400 |
| 108 | 0.00068 | 0.027 | 40 | 435 |
| 109 | 0.00571 | 0.115 | 41 | 49 |
| 110 | 0.00571 | 0.037 | 41 | 55 |
| 111 | 0.00571 | 0.249 | 41 | 56 |
| 112 | 0.00571 | 0.274 | 41 | 57 |
| 113 | 0.00571 | 0.167 | 41 | 58 |
| 114 | 0.00571 | 0.100 | 41 | 59 |
| 115 | 0.00571 | 0.003 | 41 | 301 |
| 116 | 0.00571 | 0.055 | 41 | 435 |
| 117 | 0.00523 | 0.145 | 35 | 49 |
| 118 | 0.00523 | 0.019 | 35 | 55 |
| 119 | 0.00523 | 0.169 | 35 | 56 |
| 120 | 0.00523 | 0.275 | 35 | 57 |
| 121 | 0.00523 | 0.123 | 35 | 58 |
| 122 | 0.00523 | 0.269 | 35 | 435 |
| 123 | 0.00370 | 0.071 | 435 | 49 |
| 124 | 0.00370 | 0.016 | 435 | 55 |
| 125 | 0.00370 | 0.115 | 435 | 56 |
| 126 | 0.00370 | 0.096 | 435 | 57 |
| 127 | 0.00370 | 0.051 | 435 | 58 |
| 128 | 0.00370 | 0.039 | 435 | 59 |
| 129 | 0.00370 | 0.017 | 435 | 301 |
| 130 | 0.00370 | 0.129 | 435 | 400 |
| 131 | 0.00980 | 0.015 | 49 | 55 |
| 132 | 0.00980 | 0.129 | 49 | 56 |
| 133 | 0.00980 | 0.169 | 49 | 57 |
| 134 | 0.00980 | 0.125 | 49 | 58 |
| 135 | 0.00980 | 0.075 | 49 | 59 |

Chapter 3

| Real Constant Set | C. Aren (m²/rad) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | S Shape Factor 4 | Wersm Node | Whtronode ${ }^{\text {Then }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 136 | 0.00980 | 0.025 | 49 | 301 |
| 137 | 0.00980 | 0.124 | 49 | 400 |
| 138 | 0.01290 | 0.035 | 50 | 45 |
| 139 | 0.01290 | 0.049 | 50 | 54 |
| 140 | 0.01290 | 0.003 | 50 | 55 |
| 141 | 0.01290 | 0.039 | 50 | 56 |
| 142 | 0.01290 | 0.122 | 50 | 57 |
| 143 | 0.01290 | 0.173 | 50 | 58 |
| 144 | 0.01290 | 0.164 | 50 | 59 |
| 145 | 0.01290 | 0.059 | 50 | 301 |
| 146 | 0.01290 | 0.099 | 50 | 400 |
| 147 | 0.00550 | 0.289 | 445 | 45 |
| 148 | 0.00550 | 0.113 | 445 | 54 |
| 149 | 0.00550 | 0.009 | 445 | 58 |
| 150 | 0.00550 | 0.082 | 445 | 59 |
| 151 | 0.00550 | 0.052 | 445 | 301 |
| 152 | 0.00550 | 0.028 | 445 | 400 |
| 153 | 0.00590 | 0.103 | 45 | 58 |
| 154 | 0.00590 | 0.200 | 45 | 59 |
| 155 | 0.00590 | 0.084 | 45 | 301 |
| 156 | 0.00590 | 0.039 | 45 | 400 |
| 157 | 0.01610 | 0.024 | 54 | 57 |
| 158 | 0.01610 | 0.092 | 54 | 58 |
| 159 | 0.01610 | 0.056 | 54 | 59 |
| 160 | 0.01610 | 0.044 | 54 | 301 |
| 161 | 0.01610 | 0.089 | 54 | 400 |
| 162 | 0.01610 | 0.038 | 54 | 306 |
| 163 | 0.00980 | 0.034 | 713 | 710 |
| 164 | 0.00980 | 0.018 | 713 | 711 |
| 165 | 0.00980 | 0.030 | 713 | 59 |
| 166 | 0.00980 | 0.043 | 713 | 58 |
| 167 | 0.00980 | 0.388 | 713 | 54 |
| 168 | 0.00980 | 0.054 | $\cdots 713$ | 728 |
| 169 | 0.00980 | 0.023 | 713 | 715 |
| 170 | 0.00980 | 0.058 | 713 | 301 |
| 171 | 0.00980 | 0.005 | 713 | 727 |
| 172 | 0.00980 | 0.005 | 713 | 709 |
| 173 | 0.00980 | 0.011 | 713 | 400 |
| 174 | 0.02090 | 0.061 | 712 | 713 |
| 175 | 0.02090 | 0.037 | 712 | 710 |
| 176 | 0.02090 | 0.016 | 712 | 711 |
| 177 | 0.02090 | 0.032 | 712 | 59 |
| 178 | 0.02090 | 0.069 | 712 | 58 |


| Real Constant Set | Area (mirad) | Shape Factor | From Node |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 179 | 0.02090 | 0.209 | 712 | 54 |
| 180 | 0.02090 | 0.077 | 712 | 728 |
| 181 | 0.02090 | 0.077 | 712 | 301 |
| 182 | 0.02090 | 0.005 | 712 | 727 |
| 183 | 0.02090 | 0.007 | 712 | 709 |
| 184 | 0.02090 | 0.053 | 712 | 715 |
| 185 | 0.02090 | 0.012 | 712 | 400 |
| 186 | 0.02090 | 0.002 | 712 | 306 |
| 187 | 0.07660 | 0.029 | 714 | 58 |
| 188 | 0.07660 | 0.010 | 714 | 59 |
| 189 | 0.07660 | 0.011 | 714 | 713 |
| 190 | 0.07660 | 0.042 | 714 | 712 |
| 191 | 0.07660 | 0.051 | 714 | 727 |
| 192 | 0.07660 | 0.007 | 714 | 306 |
| 193 | 0.07660 | 0.010 | 714 | 264 |
| 194 | 0.07660 | 0.005 | 714 | 711 |
| 195 | 0.07660 | 0.016 | 714 | 710 |
| 196 | 0.07660 | 0.125 | 714 | 728 |
| 197 | 0.07660 | 0.020 | 714 | 708 |
| 198 | 0.07660 | 0.036 | 714 | 709 |
| 199 | 0.07660 | 0.030 | 714 | 400 |
| 200 | 0.07660 | 0.081 | 714 | 301 |
| 201 | 0.07660 | 0.041 | 714 | 54 |
| 202 | 0.06090 | 0.060 | 715 | 706 |
| 203 | 0.06090 | 0.040 | 715 | 707 |
| 204 | 0.06090 | 0.035 | 715 | 708 |
| 205 | 0.06090 | 0.033 | 715 | 727 |
| 206 | 0.06090 | 0.017 | 715 | 709 |
| 207 | 0.06090 | 0.030 | 715 | 260 |
| 208 | 0.06090 | 0.017 | 715 | 262 |
| 209 | 0.06090 | 0.011 | 715 | 264 |
| 210 | 0.06090 | 0.013 | 715 | 306 |
| 211 | 0.06090 | 0.158 | 715 | 714 |
| 212 | 0.06090 | 0.043 | 715 | 728 |
| 213 | 0.06090 | 0.063 | 715 | 400 |
| 214 | 0.09330 | 0.014 | 716 | 258 |
| 215 | 0.09330 | 0.021 | 716 | 260 |
| 216 | 0.09330 | 0.019 | 716 | 262 |
| 217 | 0.09330 | 0.014 | 716 | 264 |
| 218 | 0.09330 | 0.012 | 716 | 306 |
| 219 | 0.09330 | 0.027 | 716 | 705 |
| 220 | 0.09330 | 0.038 | 716 | 706 |
| 221 | 0.09330 | 0.062 | 716 | 707 |

Chapter 3

| R Real Constant Set | R Area ( $\mathrm{m}^{2} / \mathrm{rad}$ ) | WhapeFactor | Wh From Node |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 222 | 0.09330 | 0.031 | 716 | 708 |
| 223 | 0.09330 | 0.018 | 716 | 727 |
| 224 | 0.09330 | 0.054 | 716 | 400 |
| 225 | 0.09330 | 0.105 | 716 | 715 |
| 226 | 0.09330 | 0.042 | 716 | 714 |
| 227 | 0.08690 | 0.023 | 717 | 230 |
| 228 | 0.08690 | 0.013 | 717 | 258 |
| 229 | 0.08690 | 0.030 | 717 | 260 |
| 230 | 0.08690 | 0.029 | 717 | 262 |
| 231 | 0.08690 | 0.015 | 717 | 264 |
| 232 | 0.08690 | 0.004 | 717 | 306 |
| 233 | 0.08690 | 0.045 | 717 | 704 |
| 234 | 0.08690 | 0.032 | 717 | 705 |
| 235 | 0.08690 | 0.069 | 717 | 706 |
| 236 | 0.08690 | 0.047 | 717 | 707 |
| 237 | 0.08690 | 0.016 | 717 | 708 |
| 238 | 0.08690 | 0.007 | 717 | 709 |
| 239 | 0.08690 | 0.111 | 717 | 716 |
| 240 | 0.08690 | 0.014 | 717 | 715 |
| 241 | 0.08690 | 0.029 | 717 | 400 |
| 242 | 0.05590 | 0.025 | 718 | 707 |
| 243 | 0.05590 | 0.050 | 718 | 706 |
| 244 | 0.05590 | 0.068 | 718 | 705 |
| 245 | 0.05590 | 0.079 | 718 | 704 |
| 246 | 0.05590 | 0.064 | 718 | 230 |
| 247 | 0.05590 | 0.057 | 718 | 258 |
| 248 | 0.05590 | 0.048 | 718 | 260 |
| 249. | 0.05590 | 0.118 | 718 | 717 |
| 250 | 0.05590 | 0.029 | 718 | 400 |
| 251 | 0.12050 | 0.051 | 114 | 718 |
| 252 | 0.12050 | 0.008 | 114 | 717 |
| 253 | 0.12050 | 0.013 | 114 | 706 |
| 254 | 0.12050 | 0.025 | 114 | 705 |
| 255 | 0.12050 | 0.110 | 114 | 704 |
| 256 | 0.12050 | 0.030 | 114 | 703 |
| 257 | 0.12050 | 0.003 | 114 | 222 |
| 258 | 0.12050 | 0.004 | 114 | 226 |
| 259 | 0.12050 | 0.039 | 114 | 228 |
| 260 | 0.12050 | 0.152 | 114 | 230 |
| 261 | 0.12050 | 0.019 | 114 | 258 |
| 262 | 0.12050 | 0.023 | 114 | 260 |
| 263 | 0.12050 | 0.015 | 114 | 400 |
| 264 | 0.12050 | 0.051 | 114 | 187 |


| Real Constant Set | Area $\left(\mathrm{m}^{2} / \mathrm{rad}\right)$ ) | Shape Factor | From Node | Whronode |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 265 | 0.17440 | 0.028 | 187 | 704 |
| 266 | 0.17440 | 0.138 | 187 | 703 |
| 267 | 0.17440 | 0.030 | 187 | 702 |
| 268 | 0.17440 | 0.004 | 187 | 224 |
| 269 | 0.17440 | 0.045 | 187 | 226 |
| 270 | 0.17440 | 0.184 | 187 | 228 |
| 271 | 0.17440 | 0.047 | 187 | 230 |
| 272 | 0.17440 | 0.002 | 187 | 258 |
| 273 | 0.17440 | 0.007 | 187 | 400 |
| 274 | 0.17440 | 0.043 | 187 | 185 |
| 275 | 0.19010 | 0.028 | 185 | 703 |
| 276 | 0.19010 | 0.142 | 185 | 702 |
| 277 | 0.19010 | 0.028 | 185 | 701 |
| 278 | 0.19010 | 0.003 | 185 | 222 |
| 279 | 0.19010 | 0.042 | 185 | 224 |
| 280 | 0.19010 | 0.191 | 185 | 226 |
| 281 | 0.19010 | 0.042 | 185 | 228 |
| 282 | 0.19010 | 0.001 | 185 | 400 |
| 283 | 0.16340 | 0.047 | 183 | 226 |
| 284 | 0.16340 | 0.054 | 183 | 185 |
| 285 | 0.16340 | 0.034 | 183 | 702 |
| 286 | 0.16340 | 0.003 | 183 | 364 |
| 287 | 0.16340 | 0.174 | 183 | 224 |
| 288 | 0.16340 | 0.040 | 183 | 737 |
| 289 | 0.16340 | 0.028 | 183 | 736 |
| 290 | 0.16340 | 0.007 | 183 | 700 |
| 291 | 0.16340 | 0.007 | 183 | 222 |
| 292 | 0.16340 | 0.129 | 183 | 701 |
| 293 | 0.04850 | 0.092 | 164 | 224 |
| 294 | 0.04850 | 0.070 | 164 | 701 |
| 295 | 0.04850 | 0.130 | 164 | 183 |
| 296 | 0.04850 | 0.005 | 164 | 345 |
| 297 | 0.04850 | 0.004 | 164 | 344 |
| 298 | 0.04850 | 0.022 | 164 | 700 |
| 299 | 0.04850 | 0.003 | 164 | 364 |
| 300 | 0.04850 | 0.029 | 164 | 222 |
| 301 | 0.04850 | 0.137 | 164 | 737 |
| 302 | 0.04850 | 0.102 | 164 | 736 |
| 303 | 0.28700 | 0.005 | 731 | 183 |
| 304 | 0.28700 | 0.005 | 731 | 164 |
| 305 | 0.28700 | 0.026 | 731 | 737 |
| 306 | 0.28700 | 0.015 | 731 | 736 |
| 307 | 0.28700 | 0.033 | 731 | 364 |


| Wreal Constant Set | Area ( $\left.\mathrm{m}^{2} / \mathrm{rad}\right)$ (4) | TShape Factor ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | From Node, | Whanto |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 308 | 0.28700 | 0.082 | 731 | 222 |
| 309 | 0.28700 | 0.019 | 731 | 400 |
| 310 | 0.28700 | 0.060 | 731 | 700 |
| 311 | 0.28700 | 0.005 | 731 | 321 |
| 312 | 0.28700 | 0.021 | 731 | 345 |
| 313 | 0.28700 | 0.113 | 731 | 344 |
| 314 | 0.28700 | 0.045 | 731 | 350 |
| 315 | 0.28700 | 0.024 | 731 | 730 |
| 316 | 0.05510 | 0.091 | 730 | 222 |
| 317 | 0.05510 | 0.007 | 730 | 364 |
| 318 | 0.05510 | 0.047 | 730 | 700 |
| 319 | 0.05510 | 0.005 | 730 | 344 |
| 320 | 0.05510 | 0.005 | 730 | 345 |
| 321 | 0.05510 | 0.004 | 730 | 400 |
| 322 | 0.05510 | 0.076 | 730 | 164 |
| 323 | 0.05510 | 0.088 | 730 | 736 |
| 324 | 0.05510 | 0.197 | 730 | 737 |
| 325 | 0.05510 | 0.030 | 730 | 183 |
| 326 | 0.05510 | 0.020 | 730 | 701 |
| 327 | 0.05510 | 0.036 | 730 | 224 |
| 328 | 0.13000 | 0.006 | 732 | 400 |
| 329 | 0.13000 | 0.182 | 732 | 350 |
| 330 | 0.13000 | 0.071 | 732 | 344 |
| 331 | 0.13000 | 0.018 | 732 | 321 |
| 332 | 0.13000 | 0.005 | 732 | 364 |
| 333 | 0.13000 | 0.002 | 732 | 700 |
| 334 | 0.13000 | 0.003 | 732 | 345 |
| 335 | 0.13000 | 0.118 | 732 | 731 |
| 336 | 0.04880 | 0.049 | 736 | 701 |
| 337 | 0.04880 | 0.038 | 736 | 224 |
| 338 | 0.04880 | 0.004 | 736 | 702 |
| 339 | 0.04880 | 0.001 | 736 | 226 |
| 340 | 0.04880 | 0.308 | 736 | 737 |
| 341 | 0.04880 | 0.037 | -736 | 222 |
| 342 | 0.04880 | 0.001 | 736 | 364 |
| 343 | 0.08920 | 0.029 | 210 | 344 |
| 344 | 0.08920 | 0.064 | 210 | 350 |
| 345 | 0.08920 | 0.008 | 210 | 732 |
| 346 | 0.08920 | 0.278 | 210 | 321 |
| 347 | 0.08920 | 0.002 | 210 | 731 |
| 348 | 0.08920 | 0.085 | 210 | 211 |
| 349 | 0.09190 | 0.081 | 211 | 321 |
| 350 | 0.09190 | 0.176 | 211 | 350 |

## Chapter 3

| Real Constant Set | Area ( $\mathrm{m}^{2} / \mathrm{rad}$ ) | Shape Factor | From Node. | Wht To Node ${ }^{\text {Why }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 351 | 0.09190 | 0.017 | 211 | 320 |
| 352 | 0.09190 | 0.130 | 211 | 732 |
| 353 | 0.09190 | 0.014 | 211 | 731 |
| 354 | 0.09190 | 0.020 | 211 | 344 |
| 355 | 0.09190 | 0.003 | 211 | 364 |
| 356 | 0.09190 | 0.003 | 211 | 400 |
| 357 | 0.01370 | 0.061 | 209 | 210 |
| 358 | 0.01370 | 0.454 | 209 | 320 |
| 359 | 0.01370 | 0.207 | 209 | 321 |
| 360 | 0.01370 | 0.004 | 209 | 319 |
| 361 | 0.01370 | 0.005 | 209 | 208 |
| 362 | 0.00032 | 0.056 | 208 | 319 |
| 363 | 0.01830 | 0.006 | 320 | 208 |
| 364 | 0.01830 | 0.106 | 320 | 321 |
| 365 | 0.01830 | 0.169 | 320 | 210 |
| 366 | 0.01830 | 0.008 | 320 | 319 |
| 367 | 0.08010 | 0.063 | 321 | 350 |
| 368 | 0.08010 | 0.005 | 321 | 344 |
| 369 | 0.14330 | 0.065 | 350 | 344 |
| 370 | 0.14330 | 0.002 | 350 | 345 |
| 371 | 0.14330 | 0.003 | 350 | 400 |
| 372 | 0.14330 | 0.003 | 350 | 364 |
| 373 | 0.14330 | 0.006 | 350 | 222 |
| 374 | 0.14330 | 0.004 | 350 | 700 |
| 375 | 0.14160 | 0.043 | 344 | 345 |
| 376 | 0.14160 | 0.057 | 344 | 400 |
| 377 | 0.14160 | 0.028 | 344 | 364 |
| 378 | 0.14160 | 0.020 | 344 | 222 |
| 379 | 0.14160 | 0.023 | 344 | 700 |
| 380 | 0.14160 | 0.005 | 344 | 736 |
| 381 | 0.14160 | 0.003 | 344 | 737 |
| 382 | 0.03700 | 0.295 | 345 | 400 |
| 383 | 0.03700 | 0.044 | 345 | 364 |
| 384 | 0.03700 | 0.023 | 345 | 222 |
| 385 | 0.03700 | 0.059 | 345 | 700 |
| 386 | 0.05790 | 0.248 | 700 | 222 |
| 387 | 0.05790 | 0.106 | 700 | 364 |
| 388 | 0.05790 | 0.027 | 700 | 736 |
| 389 | 0.05790 | 0.024 | 700 | 737 |
| 390 | 0.05790 | 0.005 | 700 | 701 |
| 391 | 0.05790 | 0.013 | 700 | 224 |
| 392 | 0.05790 | 0.030 | 700 | 400 |
| 393 | 0.09260 | 0.002 | 701 | 222 |

Chapter 3

| Real Constant Set ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Wrea (mi/rad) | Shaperactor ${ }^{\text {St }}$ | - From Node | Whemronoderys |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 394 | 0.09260 | 0.312 | 701 | 224 |
| 395 | 0.09260 | 0.042 | 701 | 702 |
| 396 | 0.09260 | 0.027 | 701 | 226 |
| 397 | 0.09260 | 0.003 | 701 | 703 |
| 398 | 0.09260 | 0.001 | 701 | 228 |
| 399 | 0.09260 | 0.025 | 701 | 737 |
| 400 | 0.10760 | 0.023 | 702 | 224 |
| 401 | 0.10760 | 0.310 | 702 | 226 |
| 402 | 0.10760 | 0.025 | 702 | 228 |
| 403 | 0.10760 | 0.037 | 702 | 703 |
| 404 | 0.09870 | 0.025 | 703 | 226 |
| 405 | 0.09870 | 0.038 | 703 | 704 |
| 406 | 0.09870 | 0.005 | 703 | 705 |
| 407 | 0.09870 | 0.306 | 703 | 228 |
| 408 | 0.09870 | 0.024 | 703 | 230 |
| 409 | 0.06820 | 0.035 | 704 | 228 |
| 410 | 0.06820 | 0.031 | 704 | 705 |
| 411 | 0.06820 | 0.299 | 704 | 230 |
| 412 | 0.06820 | 0.022 | 704 | 258 |
| 413 | 0.06820 | 0.011 | 704 | 706 |
| 414 | 0.06820 | 0.006 | 704 | 707 |
| 415 | 0.03980 | 0.064 | 705 | 230 |
| 416 | 0.03980 | 0.101 | 705 | 706 |
| 417 | 0.03980 | 0.016 | 705 | 707 |
| 418 | 0.03980 | 0.011 | 705 | 708 |
| 419 | 0.03980 | 0.182 | 705 | 258 |
| 420 | 0.03980 | 0.052 | 705 | 260 |
| 421 | 0.03980 | 0.005 | 705 | 262 |
| 422 | 0.07700 | 0.040 | 706 | 258 |
| 423 | 0.07700 | 0.011 | 706 | 230 |
| 424 | 0.07700 | 0.096 | 706 | 707 |
| 425 | 0.07700 | 0.170 | 706 | 260 |
| 426 | 0.07700 | 0.035 | 706 | 262 |
| 427 | 0.07700 | 0.113 | 706 | 708 |
| 428 | 0.07700 | 0.005 | 706 | 709 |
| 429 | 0.08540 | 0.046 | 707 | 260 |
| 430 | 0.08540 | 0.128 | 707 | 708 |
| 431 | 0.08540 | 0.010 | 707 | 709 |
| 432 | 0.08540 | 0.005 | 707 | 258 |
| 433 | 0.08540 | 0.140 | 707 | 262 |
| 434 | 0.08540 | 0.031 | 707 | 264 |
| 435 | 0.08540 | 0.006 | 707 | 306 |
| 436 | 0.08540 | 0.013 | 707 | 400 |


| Real Constant Set | F Area (mirad) | Shape Factor, | Q FromNode ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | WxtuTo Ngde |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 437 | 0.04000 | 0.019 | 262 | 400 |
| 438 | 0.05360 | 0.031 | 708 | 400 |
| 439 | 0.05360 | 0.015 | 708 | 301 |
| 440 | 0.05360 | 0.044 | 708 | 306 |
| 441 | 0.05360 | 0.111 | 708 | 264 |
| 442 | 0.05360 | 0.049 | 708 | 262 |
| 443 | 0.05360 | 0.007 | 708 | 260 |
| 444 | 0.07750 | 0.005 | 709 | 262 |
| 445 | 0.07750 | 0.084 | 709 | 708 |
| 446 | 0.07750 | 0.010 | 709 | 264 |
| 447 | 0.07750 | 0.453 | 709 | 400 |
| 448 | 0.07750 | 0.118 | 709 | 727 |
| 449 | 0.02310 | 0.039 | 264 | 400 |
| 450 | 0.02310 | 0.028 | 264 | 301 |
| 451 | 0.03380 | 0.129 | 306 | 709 |
| 452 | 0.03380 | 0.028 | 306 | 301 |
| 453 | 0.03380 | 0.091 | 306 | 400 |
| 454 | 0.01580 | 0.002 | 710 | 306 |
| 455 | 0.01580 | 0.176 | 710 | 400 |
| 456 | 0.01580 | 0.003 | 710 | 59 |
| 457 | 0.01580 | 0.051 | 710 | 58 |
| 458 | 0.01580 | 0.163 | 710 | 54 |
| 459 | 0.01580 | 0.106 | 710 | 50 |
| 460 | 0.01580 | 0.123 | 710 | 728 |
| 461 | 0.01580 | 0.062 | 710 | 727 |
| 462 | 0.00760 | 0.061 | 711 | 710 |
| 463 | 0.00760 | 0.004 | 711 | 59 |
| 464 | 0.00760 | 0.006 | 711 | 301 |
| 465 | 0.00760 | 0.172 | 711 | 400 |
| 466 | 0.00760 | 0.227 | 711 | 54 |
| 467 | 0.00760 | 0.037 | 711 | 58 |
| 468 | 0.00760 | 0.193 | 711 | 50 |
| 469 | 0.00760 | 0.082 | 711 | 728 |
| 470 | 0.00760 | 0.008 | 711 | 727 |
| 471 | 0.00760 | 0.005 | 711 | 709 |
| 472 | 0.07330 | 0.024 | 727 | 301 |
| 473 | 0.07330 | 0.081 | 727 | 400 |
| 474 | 0.07330 | 0.033 | 727 | 264 |
| 475 | 0.07330 | 0.105 | 727 | 708 |
| 476 | 0.07330 | 0.155 | 727 | 306 |
| 477 | 0.07750 | 0.003 | 728 | 59 |
| 478 | 0.07750 | 0.007 | 728 | 301 |
| 479 | 0.07750 | 0.034 | 728 | 727 |


| E Real Constant Set, | 4 Area ( $\left.{ }^{2} / \mathrm{rat}\right)$ ded | Shape Factor | Wefrom Node | Wrterto Nodextry |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 480 | 0.07750 | 0.054 | 728 | 709 |
| 481 | 0.07750 | 0.303 | 728 | 400 |
| 482 | 0.07750 | 0.016 | 728 | 708 |
| 483 | 0.07750 | 0.008 | 728 | 264 |
| 484 | 0.07750 | 0.006 | 728 | 306 |
| 485 | 0.07750 | 0.087 | 728 | 50 |
| 486 | 0.07750 | 0.016 | 728 | 54 |
| 487 | 0.00070 | 0.039 | 55 | 400 |
| 488 | 0.00570 | 0.042 | 56 | 400 |
| 489 | 0.01130 | 0.052 | 57 | 400 |
| 490 | 0.01610 | 0.085 | 58 | 400 |
| 491 | 0.02330 | 0.189 | 59 | 400 |
| 492 | 0.01550 | 0.420 | 301 | 400 |
| 497 | 0.00610 | 1.000 | 35 | 435 |
| 498 | 0.00740 | 1.000 | 45 | 445 |
| 595 | 0.01410 | 1.000 | 20 | 94 |
| 596 | 0.01460 | 1.000 | 28 | 100 |
| 597 | 0.02130 | 1.000 | 30 | 101 |
| 598 | 0.01390 | 1.000 | 32 | 102 |

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## SUB-APPENDIX 3.6.4.3 Derivation of Heat Transfer Coefficients

The heat transfer coefficients used in the analysis were chosen to match the empirical results. This appendix demonstrates that the values used are reasonable in comparison with approximate relations for air. It also calculates bounding values for the heat transfer coefficient for a cylinder in a fire environment.
For all steady state calculations, the temperatures of the applicable surfaces are taken from the file SS360.TEM, which is found in Subappendix 4.

## HEATED SURFACES FACING UPWARD

There are three surfaces that fall into this category. They are the top surface of the upper fireshield, the top surface of the top plug and the top surface of the lower fireshield.
For heated surfaces facing upward, Holman suggests the following simplified relation for the turbulent flow of air.[10]

$$
h=1.43 \Delta T^{0.333}
$$

where:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{h} & =\text { the heat transfer coefficient }\left(\mathrm{W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\
\Delta \mathrm{T} & =\text { temperature difference in }{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}
\end{array}
$$

Substituting in the appropriate temperatures from the results of the steady state calculations yields the following results:

| Location |  | (Why $\left.{ }^{2} \mathrm{C}\right)$ 3.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper surface of top fireshield | 13 | 3.4 |
| Top surface of the top plug | 111 | 6.9 |

## HEATED SURFACES FACING DOWNWARD

For a heated horizontal plate facing downward, Holman suggests:[10]

$$
h=0.61\left(\frac{\Delta T}{L^{2}}\right)^{0.2}
$$

Substituting in the appropriate temperatures from the results of the steady state calculations yields the following results:

| Location | L (m) | $\Delta T$ (C) | $\left(h^{h}{ }^{2} \mathrm{C}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bottom surface of the bottom fireshield | 1.12 | 21 | 1 |

## CYLINDRICAL SURFACES

The outer surface of the main body and the outer surface of the radial fireshield are the only cylindrical surfaces on the package. It is necessary to calculate the heat transfer coefficient for both surfaces using the assumption that they are unfinned. The case of an unfinned vertical cylinder is considered by Holman [10]. For this case, the heat transfer coefficient is approximated by:

$$
h=0.95(\Delta T)^{0.333}
$$

Substituting in the appropriate temperatures from the results of the steady state calculations yields the following results:

| Location | $\|$$\Delta \mathbf{T}$ <br> $\mathbf{C C})$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outer surface of radial fireshield | 7 | 1.8 |

## FIN ENCLOSURE

The flow of air in the fin enclosure can be approximated by a rectangular duct with dimensions of 4.25 in $(0.108 \mathrm{~m}) \times 3.5$ in $(0.089 \mathrm{~m})$. The hydraulic diameter of this duct, d , is given by:

$$
\mathrm{d}=\frac{4^{*} \text { AREA }}{\text { PERIMETER }}=\frac{4(0.108)(0.089)}{2(0.0108+0.089)}=0.1 \mathrm{~m}
$$

For the following calculations, the properties of air are taken at 300 K from reference [10]. The relevant property values are:

| Property | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| Specific Heat, $\mathrm{C}_{p}$ | $1006 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{kgK}$ |
| Dynamic Viscosity, $\mu$ | $1.85 \mathrm{E}-5 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{ms}$ |
| Thermal Conductibity, k | $0.026 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{mK}$ |
| Prandtl number, Pr | 0.708 |
| density, $\rho$ | $1.18 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |

During the test loading of the F-294, the air temperature rise was found to be $21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (See Section 3 of Appendix 3.6.4.) If it is assumed that all of the decay heat from the flask is divided equally between the 36 fin enclosures, each enclosure would dissipate:

$$
\mathrm{Q}=360 \mathrm{kCi} * 15.4 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{kCi}=154 \mathrm{~W} \text { per enclosure }
$$

$$
36
$$

which is equal to the heat gained by the air. Thus, the mass flow of air is:

$$
m=\frac{Q}{C_{p} \Delta T}=\frac{154}{1006(21)}=0.0073 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{s}
$$

From which the velocity of $0.64 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ can be calculated.

This leads to a Reynolds number of.

$$
\operatorname{Re}=\frac{\mathrm{qud}_{\mathrm{u}}^{\mu}}{\mu}=\frac{1.18(0.64)(0.1)}{1.85 \mathrm{E}-5}=4100
$$

which indicates that the flow is turbulent.
For smooth pipes, Holman suggests the following relationship for the Nusselt number, Nu:[10]

$$
\mathrm{Nu}=\mathrm{hd} / \mathrm{k}=0.023 \operatorname{Re}^{0.8} \mathrm{Pr}^{0.4}=0.023(4100)^{0.8}(.708)^{0.4}=15.6
$$

From which the value of the heat transfer coefficient can be calculated:

$$
h=0.025(15.0) / 0.1=4 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{20} \mathrm{C}
$$

For a rough tube, Holman quotes the following relationship for the Stanton Number, St [10]

$$
S t=\frac{h}{\rho C_{p} \mathbf{u}}=\frac{\mathbf{f}}{8 \operatorname{Pr}^{0667}}
$$

where $f$ is the friction factor. Assuming a relative roughness of 0.05 , leads to a value of 0.075 for the friction factor [10]. Thus, the value of the heat transfer coefficent for a rough pipe is:

$$
\mathrm{h}=\frac{\rho \mathrm{C}_{p} \text { uf }}{8 \mathrm{Pr}^{0.667}}=\frac{0.075(1.2)(1006)(0.64)}{8(0.0708)^{0.657}}=9.1 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{20} \mathrm{C}
$$

A value of $6.5 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{20} \mathrm{C}$ is used in the analysis, and is reasonable because it is bounded by these two extreme values for pipes.

## HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT DURING THE FIRE TEST

The F-294 can be approximated as a cylinder. For the purposes of modelling the heat transfer coefficients, it is conservatively assumed that the heat transfer coefficients for the inner shielding vessel are the same as the values for the outer fireshield. The flow of the hot gases across the shielding vessel takes place at a velocity of $6.1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ ( $20 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{s}$ ).
This assumption is extremely conservative as the fireshield and fins provide a barrier to the free flow of gases over the shielding vessel. However, since it is difficult to quantify this effect, it is assumed that they do not impede the flow of gas.

From Holman[10], the heat transfer coefficient takes the form:

$$
\mathrm{h}=\mathrm{k} / \mathrm{d} * \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{ud} / v)^{\mathrm{P}} \mathrm{Pr}^{0333}
$$

where: d is the diameter of the fireshield $=1.2 \mathrm{~m}$
$\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{n}$ are constants that depend on the Reynolds number ( $u d / v$ )
$k=$ thermal conductivity of the fluid
$v=$ kinematic viscosity of the fluid
Pr $=$ Prandtl number for the fluid
$\mathbf{u}=$ free stream velocity
The property values of $k, v$ and $\operatorname{Pr}$ are evaluated at the film temperature, which is defined as the mean of the wall and free stream fluid temperatures.

At the start of the fire, the wall temperature is $42^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at the midheight of the shielding vessel. The film temperature is, therefore, $421^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and, from Holman[10], the property values are $\mathrm{k}=0.0520 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, v=6.5 \mathrm{E}-5 \mathrm{~m}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$ and $\operatorname{Pr}=0.684$. This yields a Reynolds number of about 100,000 . At this value of Re, the constants $C$ and $n$ are 0.0266 and 0.805 respectively.[10] Substituting in the diameter of the outer fireshield ( 1.2 m ) yields a heat transfer coefficient of:

$$
h=\frac{1.2(0.0266)\left(6.1^{*} 1.2 / 6.5 \mathrm{E}-5\right)^{0.005}}{0.0520} .685^{0.333}=11.5 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2} \mathrm{C}
$$

A value of $12 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is used in the analysis.

## SUB-APPENDIX 3.6.4.4 COSMOS /M Input and Output Files

### 1.0 OVERVIEW

This sub-appendix includes all of the input files used in the analyses and includes the output files for the steady state cases. Each of the input files (*.INP) perform different tasks as describe in Table S4.1. In order to complete an analysis, the files are run in the order shown in Table S4.2.

Table S4.1
Input/Output File Names and Descriptions

| INPUT FILES | Description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| F294GEOM.INP | Inputs geometry of the F294 | 69 |
| GAPON.INP | Adds a contact resistance between lead and stainless steel | 93 |
| GAPOFF.INP | Removes contact resistance between lead and stainless steel | 95 |
| TESTBND.INP | Inputs boundary conditions for tested case (steady state) | 96 |
| 360BND.INP | Inputs boundary conditions for regulatory conditions <br> (steady state) | 99 |
| FIRE12.INP | Inputs boundary conditions for hypothetical accident conditions | 102 |
| INSOL8.INP | Applies insolation heat load | 103 |
| OUTPUT. FILES |  | 104 |
| SSTEST.TEM | Output of Validation Case | 108 |
| SS360.TEM | Output for 360 kCi case with regulatory ambient conditions and <br> contact resistance | 112 |
| SS360SUN.TEM | Output for 360 kCi case with regulatory ambient conditions, <br> conservative insolation heat load and contact resistance | 116 |
| 360SUN2.TEM | Output for 360 kCi case with regulatory ambient conditions, <br> realistic insolation heat load and contact resistance | 120 |
| UNBOND.TEM | Output for 360 kCi case with regulatory ambient conditions and <br> no contact resistance |  |

Table S4. 2
Input Files for the Various Analyses

| 1. | Validation Case - No Contact Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 294GEOM.INP |
|  | TESTBND.INP |
| 2. | Validation Case - with Contact Resistance |
|  | 294GEOM.INP |
|  | GAPON.INP |
|  | TESTBND.INP |
|  | Steady State Analysis (360 kCi, with Contact Resistance) |
|  | 294GEOM.INP |
|  | GAPON.INP |
|  | 360BND.INP |
|  | Fire Test (360 kCi, Contact Resistance Removed at Start of Fire) |
|  | 294GEOM.INP |
|  | GAPON.INP |
|  | 360BND.INP |
|  | GAPOFF.INP |
|  | FIRE12.INP |
|  | Insolation Heat Load |
|  | 294GEOM.INP |
|  | GAPON.INP |
|  | 360BND.INP |
|  | INSOL8.INP |
|  |  |
|  |  |

### 2.0 FILE 294GEOM.INP

TITLE, F294 geometry (FILE F294geom.INP)
C* Element definitions
EGROUP, 1, PLANE2D, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
EGROUP, 2, CLINK, $0,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
EGROUP, 3, RLINK, $0,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
EGROUP, 4, TRUSS2D, $0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
c* Real constants
RCONST, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1.0,0.0,
C* Areas for conduction links from plug to main body
RCONST, 4, 587, 1, 2, . 0055, 1
RCONST, 4,588,1,2, 0099,1
RCONST, 4, 589, 1, 2, . 0182,1
RCONST, 4, 590, 1,2, .0213,1
RCONST, 4,591, 1, 2, .0146,1
RCONST, 4, 592,1,2,.0141,1
C* Areas for conduction links from crack shield to plug
RCONST, 4, 593,1,2, .00097,1
RCONST,4,594,1,2,.00142,1
C* Keypoint definitions
PT, 1, 0, $-0.0032,0$
PT,2,0,0.0127,0,
PT, 3,0,0.0381,0,
PT, 4, 0, 0.0508,0,
PT, 5, 0, 0.1524, 0,
PT, 6,0,0.1651,0,
PT, 7, 0, 0.45085,0,
PT, $8,0,0.47625,0$,
PT, 9, 0,0.973138,0,
PT, 10, 0,0.985838,0,
PT,11,0,1.265238,0,
PT, $12,0,1,328738,0$,
PT, 13, 0,1.47638,0,
PT, 14, 0,1.48273,0,
PT, 15, 0, 1.50813,0,
PT,16,0,1.5272,0,
PT, 17,0.563563,0.1334,0,
PT, 18, 0.0508,0.1524,0,
PT, 19, 0.14605, 0.47625,0,
PT, 20,0.14605,0.97155,0,
PT, 21, $0.15875,0.45085,0$,
PT, 22,0.15875,0.95885,0,
PT, 23,0.18669,0.973138,0,
PT, 24, 0.1778,0.985838,0,
PT, 25, 0.1778,1.265238,0,
PT, 26, 0.200819,0.95885,0,
PT, 27,0.187833,0.97155,0,
PT, 28, 0.18669,1.27794,0,
PT, 29, 0.1524, 1.328738, 0,
PT, 30,0.1524,1.37795,0,
PT, 31,0.223838,1.328738,0,
PT, 32,0.223838,1.37795,0,
PT, 33, 0.200819,1.2271,0,
PT, 34, 0.3233,1.2271,0,
PT, 35, 0.4445,1.0172,0,
PT, $36,0.4445,0.2415,0$,
PT, 37,0.1867,0.1651,0,
PT, 38,0.1905,0.1524,0,
PT, 39, 0.4572,0.2314,0,
PT, 40, 0.4572,1.0207,0,
PT, 41,0.3380,1.2271,0,

PT, 42,0.3096,1.27635,0,
PT, 43,0.187833,1.27635,0, PT, 44,0.27305,1.27794,0, PT, 45, 0.27305, 1.328738,0, PT, 46, 0.274638, 1.27635,0, PT, 47,0.231236,1.27794,0, PT, 49,0.381,1.5272,0, PT, 50, 0.5588,0.0508,0, PT, 51, 0.3683,1.50813,0, PT, 52,0.3683,1.48273,0, PT, 53,.3683,1.5272,0,
PT, 54, 0.563563, 0.1143, 0, PT, 55, 0.563563,1.3452,0, PT,56,0.5699,0.1143,0, PT, 57,0.5699,1.3452,0, PT, 58, 0.595313, 0.1143,0, PT, 59, 0.595313, 1.3452,0, PT, 60,0.601663,0.1143,0, PT, 61,0.601663,1.3452,0, PT, 62, 0.52705, $\mathbf{- 0 . 0 0 3 2 , 0 \text { , } , ~ ( 1 ) ~}$ PT, 63, 0.52705,0.0127,0, PT, 64, 0.52705, 0.0381,0, PT, 65,0.52705,0.0508,0, PT, 66, 0.5588, -0.0032,0, PT, 67,.3683,1.47638,0, PT,68,.118533,1.26524,0, PT; 69,.200819,.405,0, PT, 70,0,.405,0, PT, 71, .09525, . 1651, 0, PT, 72,.1905,.0508,0, PT, 73, $5588, .12065,0$, PT, 74, .563563, 1.0214, 0, PT, 75,.5699,1.0214,0, PT, 76,.595313,1.0214,0, PT, 77,.601663,1.0214,0, PT, 78, .5588,1.0214,0, PT, 80, .381, 1.47638, 0, PT, 81, .381, 1.48273,0, PT, 82, .381, 1.50813,0, PT, 83,.5588,1.3272,0, PT, 84, .563563,1.3272,0, PT, 85, .5699,1.3272,0, PT, 86, .595313,1.3272,0, PT, 87, .601663,1.3272,0, PT, 88, 5699,0.1334,0, PT, 89, .595313, 0.1334,0, PT, 90, .601663, 0.1334,0, PT, 91,.1905,.0381,0, PT, 92,.1905,.0127,0, PT, 93, .1905, -0.0032, 0, PT, 94, .5588, .0381,0, PT, 95,.5588,.0127,0,
VIEW, 0, 0, 1, 0,
SCALE, 0 ,
C* Material property set $1=$ stainless
MPROR, 1, DENS, 7800.,
MPROP, 1, C, 460,
C* set variation of $k$ with respect to temperature
CURDEF, TEMP, 1, 1, -273, 14.0, 38, 14.0, 100, 15.1,149, 17.0, 204, 18.0, 260, 18.9 CURDEF, TEMP, 1, 6, 316, 19.6, 371,20.4,427,21.1,538,22.8,816,26.5,927,26.5 ACTSET,TP,1,
C* assign value of 1 to $K X$ as this value gets multiplied by curve 1 MPROP,1, KX, 1.000,

ACTSET, TP, 0 ,
c* Material property set 2 i lead
MPROP, 2, DENS, 11373.,
C* set variation of $C$ with respect to temperature
CURDEF, TEMP, 9, 1, $-23,127,27,129,127,132,227,136,327,142$
CURDEF, TEMP, 9, 6, 328,6188,331,6188,332,159,1000,159
ACTSET,TP,9,
MPROP, 2, C,1.0000,
ACTSET,TP, 0 ,
C* set variation of $k$ with respect to temperature
CURDEF, TEMP, 2, 1, -273, 35, -27, 35, 123, 34, 227, 33, 327, 31
CURDEF, TEMP, 2, 6, 527, 19, 727, 22, 927, 24
ACTSET, TP, 2 ,
MPROP, 2, KX, 1.0000 ,
ACTSET,TP, 0 ,
C* Material property set 3 = air
MPROP, 3, DENS, 1.2,
MPROP, 3, C, 1060,
MPROP, 3, KX, . 0224 ,
C* Material property set $4=$ transite
MPROP, 4, DENS, $1600 .$,
MPROP, $4, \mathrm{C}, 837$.
MPROP, 4, KX, 0.389,
C* Material property set 5 = kaowool
MPROP,5,DENS,96,
MPROP, 5, C, 1060 ,
C* set variation of $k$ with temperature
CURDEF, TEMP, 4, 1, -273,.029, 38,.029,100,.032,149,.036,204,.048
CURDEF, TEMP, $4,6,260, .053,316, .062,371, .074,427, .088,538, .118$
CURDEF,TEMP,4,11,816,.210,927,.248,
ACTSET,TP, 4,
MPROP,5,KX,1.0,
ACTSET,TP, 0 ,
C* Material property set $6=$ stainless fins used $12 \%$ of
C* $k$ and density for continuity in 2 D heat transf eq'n
C* $k=0.12(20)=2.4$, density $=0.12(7800)=940, C$ unchanged
MPROP, 6, DENS,940..
MPROP, 6, C,460,
MPROP, 6, KX, 2.4,
C* Material property set 7 = mild steel
MPROR, 7, DENS, 7800.,
MPROR, 7, C, 465,
MPROP,7,KX,64.1,
C* Material property set 8 = convection htc used for conv links
C* Air values used for other parameters
MPROP, 8, DENS,1.2,
MPROP, $8, \mathrm{C}, 1060$,
MPROP, 8, KX, . 0224 ,
MPROP, 8, HC, 6.5
C* Start of mesh generation
SF4PT,1,10,24,25,11,0,
SF4PT, 2, 9, 23, 24, 10,0,
SF4PT, 3, 24, 23,28, 25,0,
ACTSET, EG, 1,
ACTSET, RC, 1,
ACTSET,MP,2,
M_SF,1,1,1,4,3,3,1,2, ACTSET,MP, 1,
MSF, $2,2,1,4,3,1,1,1$, M SF, 3, 3, 1, 4, 1, 3, 1,2, SF4PT,4,68,25,28,29,0, $\mathrm{M} S \mathrm{~S}, 4,4,1,4,1,1,1,1$, SF4PT,5,11,68,29,12,0,

```
SF4PT,6,29,28,47,31,0,
SF4PT,7,29,31,32,30,0,
SF4PT, 8,47,44,45,31,0,
ACTSET,MP,1
M_SF,5,5,1,4,2,1,1,1,
M-SF,6,6,1,4,1,1,1,1,
ACTSET,MP,1,
M_SF,7,7,1,4,1,1,1,1,
ACTSET,MP,1,
M_SF,8,8,1,4,1,1,1,1,
SF4PT,9,13,67,52,14,0,
SF4PT,10,14,52,51,15,0,
SF4PT,11,15,51,53,16,0,
ACTSET,MP,7,
M_SF,9,9,1,4,5,1,1,1,
ACTSET,MP,5,
M_SF,10,10,1,4,5,1,1,1,
ACTSET,MP,7,
M_SF,11,11,1,4,5,1,1,1,
S\overline{F4PT,12,22,26,27,20,0,}
SF4PT,13,26,33,43,27,0,
ACTSET,MP,1,
M_SF,12,12,1,4,1,1,1,1,
M-SF,13,13,1,4,3,1,2,1,
SF4PT, 14,33,34,46,43,0,
SF4PT, 15, 34,41,42,46,0,
ACTSET,MP,1
M_SF,14,14,1,4,2,1,1,1,
M_SF, 15,15,1,4,1,1,1,1,
SF4PT, 16,35,40,41,34,0,
M_SF,16,16,1,4,1,3,1,2,
SF4PT,17,26,35,34,33,0,
ACTSET,MP,2,
M_SF,17,17,1,4,2,3,1,2,
SF4PT,18,7,21,19,8,0,
SF4PT,19,21,22,20,19,0,
SF4PT,20,70,69,21,7,0,
SF4PT, 21,69,26,22,21,0,
SF4PT, 22,69,36,35,26,0,
SF4PT, 23,6,37,69,70,0,
SF3PT, 24,37,36,69,0,
SF4PT, 25,36,39,40,35,0,
ACTSET,MP,1,
M_SF,18,18,1,4,2,1,1,1,
M_SF,19,19,1,4,4,1,1,1,
ACTSET,MP,2,
M_SF,20,20,1,4,2,1,1,1,
M_SF,21,21,1,4,4,1,1,1,
M-SF,22,22,1,4,2,4,1,1,
ACTSET,MP,1
M_SF,25,25,1,4,1,4,1,1,
ACTSET,MP,2
M_SF,23,23,1,4,2,2,1,1,
M_SF,24,24,1,4,2,2,1,1,
SF4PT, 26,5,38,37,6,0,
SF4PT, 30,38,39,36,37,0,
SF4PT, 36,17, 88,75,74,0,
SF4PT, 37,88,89,76,75,0,
SF4PT, 38,89,90,77,76,0,
ACTSET,MP,1,
M_SF,26,26,1,4,2,1,1,1,
M_SF,30,30,1,4,2,1,1,1,
ACTSET,MP,7,
```

M_SF, 36, 36, 1, 4, 1, 5, 1,1, Ā̄TSET,MP,5,
M_SF, 37, 37,1,4,1,5,1,1, ACTSSET, MP, 7,
M_SF, $38,38,1,4,1,5,1,1$, SF4PT, 39, 74,75, 85, 84,0, SF4PT, 40,75,76,86,85,0, SF4PT,41,76,77,87,86,0, SF4PT, 44,51,82,49,53,0, SF4PT, 45,52,81,82,51,0, SF4PT,46,67, 80,81,52,0, ACTSET, MP, 7,
M_SF,39,39,1,4,1,5,1,2, ACTSET,MP,5,
MSF, $40,40,1,4,1,5,1,2$, ACTSET, MP, 7 ,
M_SF, 41, 41,1,4,1,5,1,2, ACTSET,MP, 7,
M_SF, 44, 44, 1, 4, 1, 1, 1,1, ACTSET,MP,7,
M_SF, $45,45,1,4,1,1,1,1$, ACTSET, MP, 7,
M_SF, $46,46,1,4,1,1,1,1$, SF4PT, $50,84,85,57,55,0$, SF4PT,51,85,86,59,57,0, SF4PT,52, $86,87,61,59,0$, ACTSET, MP, 7 ,
M_SF, $50,50,1,4,1,1,1,1$, ACTSET, MP, 7 ,
M SF, 51,51, $1,4,1,1,1,1$, ACTSET,MP, 7,
M_SF,52,52,1,4,1,1,1,1, SF4PT,53,3,91,72,4,0,
SF4PT,54,2,92,91,3,0,
SF4PT, 55, 1, 93, 92,2,0,
ACTSET, MP, 7,
M_SF,53,53,1,4,2,1,1,1, ACTSET, MP, 4,
M_SF, 54, 54, 1, 4, 2, 1, 1, 1, ACTSET, MP, 7,
M_SF,55,55,1,4,2,1,1,1, SF4PT,59,62,66,95,63,0, SF4PT, 60,63,95,94,64,0, SF4PT, 61, 64,94,50,65,0, SF4PT, 62, 91, 64,65,72,0, SF4PT, 63, 92, 63, 64, 91,0, SF4PT, 64, 93,62,63,92,0, ACTSET,MP, 7,
M_SF,59,59,1,4,1,1,1,1, ACTSSET,MP,7,
MSF, $60,60,1,4,1,1,1,1$, ACTSET, MP, 7,
M_SF, 61, 61, 1, 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, ACTSSET,MP,7,
M_SF, $62,62,1,4,2,1,1,1$, ACTSET,MP,4,
MSF, $63,63,1,4,2,1,1,1$, ACTSET, MP, 7,
M_SF, 64, 64,1,4,2,1,1,1, ACTSET,MP, 7
SF4PT, 66,54,56,88,17,0, SF4PT,67,56,58,89,88,0, SF4PT, 68,58,60,90,89,0,

M_SF, $66,68,1,4,1,1,1,1$, NMERGE, 1, 900, 1, 0.0001, 0, 1, 0, C* Clean up mesh geometry NMODIFY, 97,97,1, 0, .200819,1.12817,0, NMODIFY, 128, 128, 1, 0, .291016,1.12817,0, NMODIFY, 9, 9, 1, 0,0,1.12817,0, NMODIFY, 10, 10, 1, 0, .05926667,1.12817,0, NMODIFY,11,11,1,0, .1185333,1.12817,0, NMODIFY, 12, 12, 1, 0, . 1778, 1.12817, 0, NMODIFY, 30, 30,1,0,.18669,1.12817,0, NMODIFY, 101, 101, 1, 0, .187833,1.12817,0, NMODIFY,28, 28,1,0, 18669,1.04913,0, NMODIFY, $96,96,1,0, .200819,1.049139696,0$, NMODIFY, 100,100,1,0,.187833,1.04913,0, NMODIFY,116,116,1,0,.4301,1.0679,0, NMODIFY, 125, 125, 1, 0, .3103, 1.04913,0, NMODIFY,142,142,1,0,.15875,.820387,0, NMODIFY,147,147,1,0,.14605,.820387,0, NMODIFY,187,187,1,0,.4572,.818436,0, NMODIFY, 41, 41, 1, 0, .07366, 1.32874, 0, NMODIFY,57,57,1,0,.1524,1.47638,0, NMODIFY, 63, 63,1,0,.1524,1.48273,0, NMODIFY, 75, 75, 1, 0, 1524,1.50813,0, NMODIFY, 87, 87, 1, 0, .1524, 1.5272,0, NMODIFY, $56,56,1,0, .07366,1,47638,0$, NMODIFY, 62,62,1,0,.07366,1.48273,0, NMODIFY, 74, 74, 1, 0,.07366, $1.50813,0$, NMODIFY, 86, 86,1,0,.07366,1.5272,0, NMODIFY,58,58,1,0,.223838,1.47638,0, NMODIFY, 64, 64,1,0, 223838,1.48273,0, NMODIFY, 76, 76,1,0, 223838,1.50813,0, NMODIFY, 88, 88,7,0,.223838,1.5272,0, NMODIFY, 172,172,1,0,.32266, .6662,0, NMODIFY, 173, 173, 1, 0, .4445,.6662,0, NMODIFY, 185,185,1,0,.4572,.6662,0, NMODIFY,175,175,1,0,.32266,.8204,0, NMODIFY,176,176,1,0,.4445,.8204, 0, NMODIFY,187,187,1,0,.4572,.8204,0, NMODIFY,228,228,1,0,.5636,.8204,0, NMODIFY,229,229,1,0,.5699,.8204,0, NMODIFY, 241, 241,1,0, .5953, .8204,0, NMODIFY, 253,253,1,0,.6017,.8204,0, NMODIFY, 224, 224,1, 0, .5636,. 4316,0, NMODIFY,225,225,1,0,.5699,.4316,0, NMODIFY, 237, 237, 1, 0, .5953, .4316, 0, NMODIFY, 249, 249, 1, 0, .6017,. 4316, 0, NMODIFY, 222,222,1,0, .5636, .2148,0, NMODIFY, 223, 223, 1, 0, .5699, .2148,0, NMODIFY, 235, 235,1,0, .5953, .2148,0, NMODIFY, 247, 247,1,0, .6017, .2148, 0, NMODIFY, 258,258,1,0,.5636,1.068,0, NMODIFY, 259, 259, 1, 0, .5699,1.068,0, NMODIFY, 271, 271, 1, 0, .5953,1.068, 0, NMODIFY, 283, 283, 1, 0, .6017,1.068,0, NMODIFY, 260, 260, 1, 0, .5636,1.1339,0, NMODIFY, 261, 261, 1, 0, .5699,1.1339,0, NMODIFY,273,273,1,0, 5953,1.1339,0, NMODIFY,285,285,1,0, 6017,1.1339,0, NMODIFY, 262,262,1,0, 5636,1.2271,0, NMODIFY, 263,263,1,0, 5699,1.2271,0, NMODIFY,275, 275, 1, 0, .5953,1.2271,0, NMODIFY,287,287,1,0,.6017,1.2271,0, NMODIFY, $264,264,1,0, .5636,1.2764,0$,

```
NMODIFY,265,265,1,0,.5699,1.2764,0,
NMODIFY,277,277,1,0,.5953,1.2764,0,
NMODIFY,289,289,1,0,.6017,1.2764,0,
C* Nodes below cavity
NMODIFY,137,137,1,0,.0508,.47625,0,
NMODIFY,134,134,1,0,.0508,.45085,0,
NMODIFY,150,150,1,0,.0508,.40500,0,
NMODIFY,194,194,1,0,.0508,.28505,0,
NMODIFY,191,191,1,0,.0508,.16510,0,
NMODIFY,209,209,1,0,.0508,.15240,0,
NMODIFY,320,320,1,0,.0508,.05080,0,
NMODIFY, 317,317,1,0,.0508,.03810,0,
NMODIFY, 323,323,1,0,.0508,.01270,0,
NMODIFY,329,329,1,0,.0508,-.0032,0,
C* Nodes on lower fireshield
NMODIFY,359,359,1,0,.318, -.0032,0,
NMODIFY, 353,353,1,0,.318,.0127,0,
NMODIFY, 347,347,1,0,.318,.0381,0,
NMODIFY,350,350,1,0,.318,.0508,0,
C* Define node 400 as the environment at 38 C, 401 at 48 C and 402
C* at 55 C for steady state conditions. Nodes are separated so that
C* different boundary conditions appear in plots.
ND,400,1,0.8,0
NTND,400,38,400,1,
ND, 401,1,0.9,0
NTND,401,48,401,1,
ND,402,1,1.0,0
NTND,402,55,402,1,
C* Insert nodes for gap elements between crack shield and top plug
ND,435,0.1524,1.32924,0, ,.,.,.,
ND,445,0.22384,1.32924,0,....,.,
C* Generate fin nodes
ND,700,.5588,.2148,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND, 701,.5588,.4316,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,702,.5588, 6662,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,703,.5588,.8204,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND, 704,.5588,1.0214,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,705,.5588,1.0680,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,706,.5588,1.1339,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND, 707, .5588,1.22714,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,708,.5588,1,27635,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND, 709,.5588,1,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,710,.3,1.4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,711,.27464,1.4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND, 712,.3,1.293,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,713,.2746,1.293,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,714,.3257,1,293,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,715,.3353,1.27635,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,716,.3637,1.22714,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,717,.4176,1.1339,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,718,.4556,1.0680,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,719,.4364,1.0569,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,720,.4383,1.0727,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,721,.4029,1.1339,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND, 722,.3490,1.22714,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,723,.3206,1.27635,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,724,.3073,1.2803,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,725,.31834,1.2803,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND, 726,.2746,1.2803,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,727,.5588,1.293,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND,728,.3257,1.4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
C*
NMODIFY,203,203,1,0,.323,.28505,0,
```

```
NMODIFY, 166, 166,1,0, .323,.405,0,
ND, \(168, .4445, .32,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 165, . 4445, . \(3327,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 164, . \(4572, .3327,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, \(163, .4572, .32,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 211, . \(31167, .18829,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 730,.4794,.3327,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ND, \(732, .3180, .1670,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 733, . \(32656, .18277,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, \(733, .4667, .22428,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 731, . 4794, .21481, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
ND, \(733, .32656, .18277,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 734,.4667, . \(22428,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 735, .4667, . 320, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
ND, 736, \(5588, .3327,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 737, \(5636, .3327,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 738, .5699, .3327, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
ND, 739, \(5953, .3327,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 740, .6017, . \(3327,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 170, . 4445, \(4316,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\),
ND, 183, . 4572, . 4316, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
C* Radiation links
ACTSET,MP, 3
ACTSET,EG, 3
```



```
\(\begin{array}{lrr}\text { EL, CR, } 2, & 40,1,400 \\ \text { RCONST, 3, } & 108,1,4,0.0007,0.027,0.8,5.669 E-8\end{array}\)
EL, CR, 2, 40 , 435
RCONST, 3, \(109,1,4,0.0057,0.115,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8\)
EL, ,CR, 2, 41 , 49
RCONST, 3, \(110,1,4,0.0057,0.037,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8\)
EL, CR, 2, 41 , 55
RCONST,3, \(111,1,4,0.0057,0.249,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8\)
EL, CR, 2, 41 , 56
RCONST, 3, \(112,1,4,0.0057,0.274,0.8,5.669 E-8\)
EL, CR, 2, 41 , 57
RCONST, 3, \(113,1,4,0.0057,0.167,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8\)
EL, CR, 2, 41 , 58
RCONST, 3, \(114,1,4,0.0057,0.100,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8\)
EL, ,CR, 2, 41 , 59
RCONST, 3, \(115,1,4,0.0057,0.003,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8\)
EL, ,CR, 2, 41 , 301
RCONST, 3, \(116,1,4,0.0057,0.055,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8\)
EL, CR, 2, 41 , 435
RCONST, 3, \(117,1,4,0.0052,0.145,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8\)
EL, , CR, , 2, 35 , 49
RCONST, 3, \(118,1,4,0.0052,0.019,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8\)
EL, CR, 2, 35 , 55
RCONST, 3, \(119,1,4,0.0052,0.169,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8\)
```

| $E L, ~ C R, ~, 2,$ | 35 120 | ,1, | 56 0.0052 | . 0.275 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 35 |  | 57 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 121 | , 1,4, | 0.0052 | . 0.123 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 35 |  | 58 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 123 | ,1,4, | 0.0037 | . 0.071 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 435 |  | 49 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 124 | . 1 | 0.0037 | . 0.01 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 435 |  | 55 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 125 | , 1 | 0.0037 | .0.11 | 69E- |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 435 |  | 56 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 126 | . 1 | 0.0037 | . 0.096 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 435 |  | 57 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 127 | . 1, | 0.0037 | . 0.051 | -8 |
| EL, CR, , 2, | 435 |  | 58 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 128 | , 1 | 0.0037 | . 0.039 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 435 |  | 59 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 129 | . 1 | 0.0037 | . 0.017 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 435 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 130 | . 1 | 0.0037 | . 0.129 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 435 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 131 | , 1 | 0.0098 | . 0.015 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 49 |  | 55 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 132 | , 1,4, | 0.0098 | . 0.129 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 49 |  | 56 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 133 | . 1 | 0.0098 | . 0.169 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 49 |  | 57 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 134 | , 1,4, | 0.0098 | . 0.125 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 49 |  | 58 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 135 | . 1 | 0.0098 | , 0.075 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 49 |  | 59 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 136 | . 1 | 0.0098 | . 0.025 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 49 |  | 301. |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 137 | , 1 | 0.0098 | . 0.124 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 49 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 138 | , 1,4. | 0.0129 | . 0.035 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, 2, | 50 |  | 45 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 139 | . 1 | 0.0129 | . 0.049 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2, | 50 |  | 54 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 140 | , 1, | 0.0129 | . 0.003 | 59E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 50 |  | 55 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 141 | . 1 | 0.0129 | . 0.039 | 9E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 50 |  | 56 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 142 | .1,4, | 0.0129 | . 0.12 | E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 50 |  | 57 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 143 | , 1 | 0129 | . 0.17 | -8 |
| - EL, , CR, ,2, | 50 |  | 58 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 144 | , 1,4, | 0.0129 | , 0.16 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 50 |  | 59. |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 145 | , 1,4, | 0.0129 | . 0.059 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 50 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 146 | ,1,4, | 0.0129 | . 0.099 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 50 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 148 | , 1,4, | 0.0055 | .0.11 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 445 |  | 54 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 149 | , 1,4, | 0.0055 | . 0.009 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 445 |  | 58 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 150 | ,1,4, | 0.0055 | , 0.082 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 445 |  | 59 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 151 | , 1,4, | 0.0055 | . 0.052 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 445 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 152 | , 1,4, | 0.0055 | . 0.028 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 445 |  | 400 |  |  |


| RCONST, 3, | 153 | , 1,4, | 0.0059 | . 0.103 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 45 |  | 58 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 154 | , 1,4 | 0.0059 | . 0.200 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 45 |  | 59 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 155 | , 1,4, | 0.0059 | , 0.084 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 45 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 156 | , 1,4, | 0.0059 | , 0.039 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 45 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 157 | .1, | 0.0161 | , 0.024 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 54 |  | 57 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 158 | , 1,4, | 0.0161 | , 0.092 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 54 |  | 58 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 159 | , 1,4, | 0.0161 | . 0.056 | , 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 54 |  | 59 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 160 | , 1,4, | 0.0161 | . 0.044 | , 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 54 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 161 | , 1,4, | 0.0161 | . 0.089 | , 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 54 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 162 | , 1,4, | 0.0161 | . 0.038 | , 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{\text {2, }}$ | 54 |  | 306 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 163 | ,1,4, | 0.0098 | , 0.034 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 713 |  | 710 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 164 | , 1,4, | 0.0098 | , 0.018 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 713 |  | 711 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 165 | .1,4, | 0.0098 | , 0.030 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 713 |  | 59 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 166 | , 1,4, | 0.0098 | , 0.043 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{\text {2, }}$ | 713 |  | 58 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 167 | , 1,4, | 0.0098 | , 0.388 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 713 |  | 54 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 168 | , 1,4, | 0.0098 | . 0.054 | , 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 713 |  | 728 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 169 | , 1,4, | 0.0098 | , 0.023 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 713 |  | 715 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 170 | ,1,4, | 0.0098 | , 0.058 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 713 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 171 | ,1,4, | 0.0098 | . 0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 713 |  | 727 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 172 | , 1,4, | 0.0098 | . 0.005 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 713 |  | 709 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 173 | , 1,4, | 0.0098 | , 0.011 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 713 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 174 | ,1,4, | 0.0209 | . 0.061 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 712 |  | 713 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 175 | , 1,4, | 0.0209 | . 0.037 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 712 |  | 710 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 176 | ,1,4, | 0.0209 | ,0.016 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 712 |  | 711 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 177 | , 1,4, | 0.0209 | , 0.032 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 712 |  | 59 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 178 | , 1,4, | 0.0209 | . 0.069 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 712 |  | 58 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 179 | ,1,4, | 0.0209 | . 0.209 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 712 |  | 54 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 180 | , 1,4, | 0.0209 | . 0.077 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 712 |  | 728 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 181 | , 1,4, | 0.0209 | ,0.077 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{2}$, | 712 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 182 | , 1,4, | 0.0209 | . 0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 712 |  | 727 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 183 | ,1,4, | 0.0209 | . 0.007 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 712 |  | 709 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 184 | 1,4 | 0.0209 | 0.053 | 0.8,5.669E-8 |


| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 712 |  | 715 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RCONST, 3 , | 185 | .1,4, | 0.0209 | . 0.012 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 712 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 186 | , 1,4 | 0.0209 | . 0.002 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 712 |  | 306 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 187 | .1,4, | 0.0766 | . 0.029 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 714 |  | 58 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 188 | , 1,4, | 0.0766 | . 0.010 | E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 714 |  | 59 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 189 | , 1,4, | 0.0766 | +0.011 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 714 |  | 713 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 190 | , 1, | 0.0766 | . 0.042 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 714 |  | 712 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 191 | .1, | 0.0766 | ,0.051 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 714 |  | 727 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 192 | . 1 | 0.0766 | , 0.007 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{2}$, | 714 |  | 306 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 193 | , 1,4, | 0.0766 | . 0.010 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 714 |  | 264 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 194 | , 1 | 0.0766 | . 0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 714 |  | 711 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 195 | , 1,4, | 0.0766 | , 0.016 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 714 |  | 710 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 196 | , 1,4, | 0.0766 | . 0.125 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 714 |  | 728 |  |  |
| RCONST.3, | 197 | , 1 | 0.0766 | . 0.020 | .8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 714 |  | 708 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 198 | , 1,4, | 0.0766 | ,0.036 | 8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 714 |  | 709 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 199 |  | 0.0766 | . 0.030 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{\text {, }}$, | 714 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 200 |  | 0.0766 | ,0.081 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 714 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 201 | , 1,4, | 0.0766 | , 0.041 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 714 |  | 54 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 202 | , 1,4, | 0.0609 | , 0.060 | .8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 715 |  | 706 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 203 | .1,4, | 0.0609 | . 0.040 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 715 |  | 707 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 204 |  | . 0609 | , 0.035 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 715 |  | 708 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 205 | .1,4, | 0.0609 | . 0.033 | .8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 715 |  | 727 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 206 | .1,4, | . 0609 | . 0.017 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{2}$, | 715 |  | 709 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 207 | .1,4. | 0.0609 | . 0.030 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 715 |  | 260 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 208 | , 1,4, | 0.0609 | , 0.017 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, CR, 2 , | 715 |  | 262 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 209 | .1,4, | 0.0609 | . 0.01 | .8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 715 |  | 264 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 210 | ,1,4, | 0.0609 | . 0.013 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 715 |  | 306 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 211 | .1.4. | 0.0609 | . 0.158 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 715 |  | 714 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 212 | , 1,4, | 0.0609 | . 0.043 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 715 |  | 728 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 213 | , 1,4, | 0.0609 | .0,063 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, CR, , 2, | 715 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 214 | , 1,4, | 0.0933 | . 0.014 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 716 |  | 258 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 215 | , 1,4, | 0.0933 | . 0.021 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 716 |  | 260 |  |  |


| RCONST, 3, | 216 | , 1,4 | 0.0933 | . 0.019 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 716 |  | 262 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 217 | ,1,4, | 0.0933 | . 0.014 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 | 716 |  | 264 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 218 | , 1,4 | 0.0933 | , 0.012 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 716 |  | 306 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 219 | , 1, | 0.0933 | . 0.027 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 716 |  | 705 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 220 | , 1,4 | 0.0933 | . 0.038 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 716 |  | 706 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 221 | , 1, | 0.0933 | . 0.062 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 716 |  | 707 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 222 | , 1, | 0.0933 | . 0.031 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 716 |  | 708 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 223 | ,1, | 0.0933 | , 0.018 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 716 |  | 727 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 224 | .1, | 0.0933 | . 0.054 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 716 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 225 | , 1, | 0.0933 | . 0.105 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 716 |  | 715 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 226 | , 1, | 0.0933 | . 0.042 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 716 |  | 714 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 227 | , 1, | 0.0869 | . 0.023 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 717 |  | 230 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 228 | , 1, | 0.0869 | . 0.013 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 717 |  | 258 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 229 | , 1, | 0.0869 | , 0.030 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 717 |  | 260 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 230 | , 1, 4 | 0.0869 | . 0.029 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 717 |  | 262 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 231 | , 1 | 0.0869 | . 0.015 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 717 |  | 264 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 232 | , 1 | 0.0869 | . 0.004 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 717 |  | 306 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 233 | , 1 | 0.0869 | , 0.045 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 717 |  | 704 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 234 | , 1, | 0.0869 | , 0.032 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 717 |  | 705 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 235 | , 1, 4 | 0.0869 | , 0.069 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 717 |  | 706 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 236 | , 1, | 0.0869 | . 0.047 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 717 |  | 707 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 237 | ,1,4, | 0.0869 | . 0.016 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 717 |  | 708 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 238 | ,1,4, | 0.0869 | , 0.007 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 717 |  | 709 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 239 | ,1,4, | 0.0869 | , 0.111 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 717 |  | 716 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 240 | , 1,4. | 0.0869 | . 0.014 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 717 |  | 715 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 241 | ,1,4, | 0.0869 | , 0.029 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 717 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 242. | , 1,4, | 0.0559 | . 0.025 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 718 |  | 707 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 243 | ,1,4, | 0.0559 | , 0.050 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 718 |  | 706 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 244 | , 1,4, | 0.0559 | . 0.068 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 718 |  | 705 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 245 | , 1,4, | 0.0559 | . 0.079 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 718 |  | 704 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 246 | , 1,4, | 0.0559 | , 0.064 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 718 |  | 230 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 247 | , 1 | 0.0559 | , 0.05 | 8,5.669E |


| EL, , CR, , 2, | 718 |  | 258 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RCONST, 3 , | 248 | , 1.4, | 0.0559 | . 0.048 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 718 |  | 260 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 | 249 | , 1,4, | 0.0559 | . 0.118 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 718 |  | 717 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 | 250 | ,1,4, | 0.0559 | . 0.029 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 718 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 251 | . 1 | 0.1205 | . 051 | E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 114 |  | 718 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 252 | . 1 | 0.1205 | . 0.008 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 114 |  | 717 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 253 |  | 0.1205 | , 0.013 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2, | 114 |  | 706 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 254 |  | 0.1205 | . 0.025 | $69 \mathrm{E}-8$ |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 114 |  | 705 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 255 | , 1 | 0.1205 | . 0.110 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 114 |  | 704 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 256 | .1,4. | 0.1205 | . 0.030 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 114 |  | 703 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 257 | , 1 | 0.1205 | ,0.003 | E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 | 114 |  | 222 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 258 | . 1 | 0.1205 | , 0.004 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 114 |  | 226 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 259 | . 1 | 0.1205 | . 0.039 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 114 |  | 228 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 260 | . 1 | 0.1205 | . 0.152 | .8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 114 |  | 230 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 261 | , 1 | 0.1205 | . 0.019 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 114 |  | 258 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 262 | .1,4, | 0.1205 | , 0.023 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 114 |  | 260 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 263 | . 1 | 0.1205 | . 0.01 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 114 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST; 3, | 264 | .1. | 0.1205 | .0.051 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, 2, | 114 |  | 187 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 265 | , 1,4, | 0.1744 | , 0.028 | 669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 187 |  | 704 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 266 | .1,4, | 0.1744 | , 0.13 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 187 |  | 703 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 267 | , 1,4, | 0.1744 | . 0.030 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 187 |  | 702 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 268 | ,1,4, | 0.1744 | , 0.004 | 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 187 |  | 224 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 269 | ,1,4, | 0.1744 | , 0.045 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, $\mathrm{CR}^{\text {, , 2, }}$ | 187 |  | 226 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 270 | , 1,4, | 0.1744 | , 0.184 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 187 |  | 228 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 271 | .1,4, | 0.1744 | . 0.047 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 187 |  | 230 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 272 | . 1,4, | 0.1744 | . 0.002 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 187 |  | 258 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 273 | .1,4, | 0.1744 | . 0.007 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, $\mathrm{CR}^{\text {, , 2, }}$ | 187 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 274 | , 1,4, | 0.1744 | . 0.043 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 187 |  | 185 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 275 | ,1,4, | 0.1901 | . 0.028 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 185 |  | 703 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 276 | , 1,4, | 0.1901 | . 0.142 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 185 |  | 702 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 277 | .1,4, | 0.1901 | . 0.028 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 185 |  | 701 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 278 | .1,4, | 0.1901 | . 0.003 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 185 |  | 222 |  |  |


| RCONST, 3, | 279 | , 1 | 0.1901 | 2 | -8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 185 |  | 224 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 280 | . 1 | 0.1901 | . 0.191 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 185 |  | 226 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 281 | ,1,4, | 0.1901 | . 0.042 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 185 |  | 228 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 | 282 | , 1,4, | 0.1901 | , 0.001 | 8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 185 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 | 283 | , 1,4, | 0.1634 | , 0.047 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 183 |  | 226 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 | 284 | . 1 | 0.1634 | , 0.054 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 183 |  | 185 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 285 | , 1,4, | 0.1634 | ,0.034 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 183 |  | 702 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 286 | , 1,4, | 0.1634 | ,0.003 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 183 |  | 364 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 | 287 | , 1.4, | 0.1634 | , 0.174 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 183 |  | 224 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 288 | , 1 | 0.1634 | . 0.040 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 183 |  | 737 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 289 | , 1,4 | 0.1634 | . 0.028 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 183 |  | 736 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 290 | , 1 | 0.1634 | , 0.007 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 183 |  | 700 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 291 | . 1 | 0.1634 | , 0.00 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 183 |  | 222 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 292 | , 1 | 0.1634 | . 0.129 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 183 |  | 701 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 293 | , 1 | 0.0485 | . 0.09 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 164 |  | 224 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 294 | , 1,4, | 0.0485 | . 0.070 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 164 |  | 701 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 295 | , 1,4, | 0.0485 | , 0.130 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 164 |  | 183 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 296 | .1,4, | 0.0485 | . 0 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 164 |  | 345 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 297 | , 1,4, | 0.0485 | ,0.004 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, CR, , 2, | 164 |  | 344 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 298 | , 1, 4, | 0.0485 | , 0.02 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 164 |  | 700 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 299 | , 1,4, | 0.0485 | , 0.003 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 164 |  | 364 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 300 | .1,4, | 0.0485 | , 0.02 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 164 |  | 222 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 301 | , 1,4, | 0.0485 | . 0.137 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 164 |  | 737 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 302 | , 1,4, | 0.0485 | , 0.102 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 164 |  | 736 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 303 | , 1,4, | 0.2870 | . 0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 731 |  | 183 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 304 | , 1,4, | 0.2870 | . 0.005 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 731 |  | 164 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 305 | , 1,4, | 0.2870 | , 0.026 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 731 |  | 737 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 306 | .1,4, | 0.2870 | , 0.015 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 731 |  | 736 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 307 | , 1,4, | 0.2870 | , 0.033 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2, | 731 |  | 364 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 308 | , 1, 4, | 0.2870 | , 0.082 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, CR, , 2 , | 731 |  | 222 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 309 | , 1,4, | 0.2870 | . 0.019 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 731 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 310 | , 1,4, | 0.2870 | . 0.060 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |


| EL, , CR, , 2, | 731 |  | 700 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RCONST,3, | 311 | , 1,4, | 0.2870 | . 0.005 | , 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 731 |  | 321 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 312 | .1,4, | 0.2870 | . 0.021 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{2}$, | 731 |  | 345 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 313 | , 1,4, | 0.2870 | , 0.113 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 731 |  | 344 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 314 | , 1,4, | 0.2870 | , 0.045 | , 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 731 |  | 350 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 315 | , 1 | 0.2870 | . 0.024 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 731 |  | 730 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 316 |  | 0.0551 | . 0.091 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 730 |  | 222 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 317 | , 1,4, | 0.0551 | . 0.007 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 730 |  | 364 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 318 | , 1,4, | 0.0551 | , 0.047 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 730 |  | 700 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 319 | , 1,4, | 0.0551 | . 0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 730 |  | 344 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 320 | , 1,4, | 0.0551 | . 0.005 | 8 |
| EL, , CR, 2, | 730 |  | 345 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 321 | , 1 | 0.0551 | . 0.004 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 730 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 322 | , 1 | 0.0551 | , 0.07 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 730 |  | 164 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 323 | , 1, | 0.0551 | . 0.088 | , 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 730 |  | 736 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 324 | .1, | 0.0551 | . 0.197 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 730 |  | 737 |  |  |
| RCONST.3, | 325 | . 1 | 0.0551 | , 0.030 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 730 |  | 183 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 326 | , 1,4, | 0.0551 | . 0.020 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 730 |  | 701 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 327 | ,1,4. | 0.0551 | . 0.036 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 730 |  | 224 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 328 | , 1,4, | 0.1300 | . 0.006 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, $\mathrm{CR}_{1}, 2$, | 732 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 329 | .1,4, | 0.1300 | , 0.182 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 732 |  | 350 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 330 | , 1,4, | 0.1300 | , 0.07 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, ${ }^{\text {che }}$, 2 , | 732 |  | 344 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 331 | ,1,4, | 0.1300 | . 0.018 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, CR, , 2, | 732 |  | 321 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 332 | , 1,4, | 0.1300 | , 0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, CR, 2, | 732 |  | 364 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 333 | .1,4, | 0.1300 | , 0.002 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 732 |  | 700 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 334 | .1,4, | 0.1300 | . 0.003 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 732 |  | 345 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 335 | .1,4, | 0.1300 | . 0.118 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 732 |  | 731 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 336 | , 1, 4, | 0.0488 | . 0.049 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 736 |  | 701 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 337 | ,1,4, | 0.0488 | . 0.038 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 736 |  | 224 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 338 | , 1,4, | 0.0488 | . 0.004 | , 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 736 |  | 702 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 339 | , 1,4, | 0.0488 | . 0.001 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 736 |  | 226 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 340 | , 1,4, | 0.0488 | . 0.308 | , 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 736 |  | 737 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 341 | , 1,4, | 0.0488 | .0.037 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, CR, 2, | 736 |  | 222 |  |  |


| RCONST, 3, | 342 | .1,4, | 0.0488 | ,0.001 | -8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 736 |  | 364 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 343 | ,1,4, | 0.0892 | , 0.029 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 210 |  | 344 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 344 | , 1, 4, | 0.0892 | , 0.064 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 210 |  | 350 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 345 | , 1,4, | 0.0892 | . 0.008 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 210 |  | 732 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 346 | .1,4, | 0.0892 | , 0.278 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 210 |  | 321 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 347 | , 1,4, | 0.0892 | . 0.002 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 210 |  | 731 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 348 | , 1,4, | 0.0892 | , 0.085 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 210 |  | 211 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 349 | , 1,4, | 0.0919 | . 0.081 | ,0.3,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 211 |  | 321 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 350 | , 1,4 | 0.0919 | ,0.176 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 211 |  | 350 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 351 | , 1 | 0.0919 | , 0 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 211 |  | 320 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 352 | , 1 | 0.0919 | .0.130 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 211 |  | 732 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 353 | , 1,4, | 0.0919 | , 0.014 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 211 |  | 731 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 354 | , 1,4, | 0.0919 | . 0.020 | ,0.8,5.669玉-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 211 |  | 344 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 355 | , 1,4, | 0.0919 | . 0.003 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 211 |  | 364 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 356 | , 1,4, | 0.0919 | . 0.003 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 211 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 357 | , 1,4, | 0.0137 | , 0.061 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 209 |  | 210 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 358 | , 1,4, | 0.0137 | , 0.454 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 209 |  | 320 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 359 | , 1, | 0.0137 | , 0.20 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 209 |  | 321 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 360 | , 1,4, | 0.0137 | ,0.004 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 209 |  | 319 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 361 | , 1,4, | 0.0137 | . 0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 209 |  | 208 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 362 | , 1,4, | 0.0003 | . 0.056 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 208 |  | 319 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 363 | , 1,4, | 0.0183 | . 0.006 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 320 |  | 208 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 364 | , 1,4, | 0.0183 | . 0.106 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, $\mathrm{CR}, \mathrm{l}, 2$, | 320 |  | 321 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 365 | , 1,4, | 0.0183 | .0.169 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 320 |  | 210 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 366 | , 1,4, | 0.0183 | , 0.008 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 320 |  | 319 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 367 | , 1,4, | 0.0801 | , 0.063 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 321 |  | 350 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 368 | ,1,4, | 0.0801 | . 0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 321 |  | 344 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 369 | , 1,4, | 0.1433 | . 0.065 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 350 |  | 344 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 370 | , 1,4, | 0.1433 | , 0.002 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 350 |  | 345 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 371 | .1,4, | 0.1433 | ,0.003 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 350 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 372 | ,1,4, | 0.1433 | . 0.003 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 350 |  | 364 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 373 | , 1,4 | 0.1433 | . 0.006 | 8,5.669E-8 |


| EL, , CR, 2 , | 350 |  | 222 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RCONST, 3 , | 374 | .1,4, | 0.1433 | . 0.004 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 350 |  | 700 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 375 | , 1,4, | 0.1416 | . 0.043 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 344 |  | 345 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 376 | , 1,4, | 0.1416 | . 0.057 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 344 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 377 | .1,4, | 0.1416 | . 0.028 | 8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 344 |  | 364 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 378 | , 1,4, | 0.1416 | . 0.020 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 344 |  | 222 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 379 | , 1,4, | 0.1416 | . 0.023 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 344 |  | 700 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 380 | , 1,4, | 0.1416 | . 0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 344 |  | 736 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 381 | , 1,4, | 0.1416 | .0.003 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 344 |  | 737 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 382 | .1,4, | 0.0370 | .0.295 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 345 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 383 | .1,4. | 0.0370 | . 0.044 | , 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 345 |  | 364 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 384 | . 1 | 0.0370 | , 0.02 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 345 |  | 222 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 385 | , 1 | 0.0370 | ,0.059 | 9E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 345 |  | 700 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 386 | . 1 | 0.0579 | . 0.248 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 700 |  | 222 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 387 | . 1 | 0.0579 | .0.106 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 700 |  | 364 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 388 | . 1 | 0.0579 | ,0.027 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 700 |  | 736 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 389 | , 1,4, | 0.0579 | . 0.024 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 700 |  | 737 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 390 | . 1,4, | 0.0579 | , 0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 700 |  | 701 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 391 | .1,4, | 0.0579 | . 0.013 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 700 |  | 224 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 392 | .1,4, | 0.0579 | . 0.030 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 700 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 393 | , 1,4. | 0.0926 | . 0.002 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 701 |  | 222 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 394 | , 1,4, | 0.0926 | , 0.312 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 701 |  | 224 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 395 | , 1,4, | 0.0926 | , 0.042 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 701 |  | 702 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 396 | , 1,4, | 0.0926 | . 0.027 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 701 |  | 226 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 397 | , 1,4, | 0.0926 | . 0.003 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 701 |  | 703 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 398 | ,1,4, | 0.0926 | . 0.001 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 701 |  | 228 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 399 | , 1,4, | 0.0926 | ,0.025 | ,0.B,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 701 |  | 737 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 400 | , 1,4, | 0.1076 | ,0.023 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 702 |  | 224 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 401 | , 1,4, | 0.1076 | . 0.310 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 702 |  | 226 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 402 | ,1,4, | 0.1076 | . 0.025 | , 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2, | 702 |  | 228 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 403 | .1,4, | 0.1076 | . 0.037 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 702 |  | 703 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 404 | .1,4. | 0.0987 | . 0.025 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 703 |  | 226 |  |  |


| RCONST, 3, | 405 | , 1,4, | 0.0987 | , 0.038 | -8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 703 |  | 704 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 406 | , 1,4, | 0.0987 | . 0.005 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 703 |  | 705 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 407 | , 1,4, | 0.0987 | ,0.306 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 703 |  | 228 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 408 | , 1 | 0.0987 | , 0.024 | -8 |
| EL, CR, , 2 , | 703 |  | 230 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 409 | . 1 | 0.0682 | . 0.03 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 704 |  | 228 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 410 | , 1 | 0.0682 | . 0.03 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 704 |  | 705 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 411 | , 1 | 0.0682 | . 0.299 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 704 |  | 230 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 412 | ,1,4, | 0.0682 | , 0.02 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 704 |  | 258 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 413 | , 1 | 0.0682 | . 0 | 8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 704 |  | 706 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 414 | , 1 | 0.0682 | . 0.006 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 704 |  | 707 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 415 | , 1 | 0.0398 | . 0.064 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 | 705 |  | 230 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 416 | . 1 | 0.0398 | . 0 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 705 |  | 706 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 417 | , 1 | 0.0398 | , | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 705 |  | 707 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 418 | , 1, | 0.0398 | . 0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 705 |  | 708 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 419 | . 1 | 0.0398 | .0.182 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 705 |  | 258 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 420 | , 1,4, | 0.0398 | . 0.05 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 705 |  | 260 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 421 | , 1 | 0.0398 | . 0.00 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 705 |  | 262 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 422 | ,1,4 | 0.0770 | . 0.040 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 706 |  | 258 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 423 | . 1 | 0.0770 | . 0 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 706 |  | 230 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 424 |  | 0.0770 | . 0 | 8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 706 |  | 707 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 425 | , 1 | 0.0770 | , 0 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 706 |  | 260 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 426 | . 1 | 0.0770 | . 0.03 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 706 |  | 262 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 427 | , 1,4, | 0.0770 | . 0.113 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 706 |  | 708 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 428 | , 1,4, | 0.0770 | . 0.005 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 706 |  | 709 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 429 | , 1,4, | 0.0854 | . 0.046 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 707 |  | 260 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 430 | , 1,4, | 0.0854 | . 0.128 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 707 |  | 708 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 431 | , 1 | 0.0854 | , 0.01 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 707 |  | 709 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 432 | ,1,4, | 0.0854 | . 0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 707 |  | 258 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 433 | ,1,4, | 0.0854 | , 0.140 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 707 |  | 262 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 434 | .1,4, | 0.0854 | , 0.031 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 707 |  | 264 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 435 | .1,4, | 0.0854 | . 0.006 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 707 |  | 306 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 436 | , 1,4, | 0.0854 | . 0.013 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |


| EL, , CR, , 2, | 707 |  | 400 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RCONST, 3 , | 437 | ,1,4, | 0.0400 | . 0.019 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{2}$, | 262 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 438 | ,1,4, | 0.0536 | , 0.031 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 708 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 439 | , 1,4, | 0.0536 | . 0.015 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 708 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 440 | , 1 | 0.0536 | , | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 708 |  | 306 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 441 | , 1,4, | 0.0536 | , 0.111 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 708 |  | 264 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 442 | , 1 | 0.0536 | . 0.049 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 708 |  | 262 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 443 |  | 0.0536 | . 0.007 | 669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 708 |  | 260 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 444 | , 1,4, | 0.0775 | .0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 709 |  | 262 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 445 | ,1,4, | 0.0775 | ,0.084 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 709 |  | 708 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 446 | .1,4, | 0.0775 | . 0.010 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 709 |  | 264 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 447 | .1,4, | 0.0775 | . 0.453 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 709 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 448 | , 1,4, | 0.0775 | . 0.118 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR,, 2, | 709 |  | 727 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 449 | .1,4, | 0.0231 | . 0.039 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 264 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 450 | .1,4, | 0.0231 | . 0.028 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, CR, 2 , | 264 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 451 |  | 0.0338 | ;0.129 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 306 |  | 709 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 452 |  | 0.0338 | . 0.028 | ;0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 306 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST; 3 , | 453 | , 1,4, | 0.0338 | , 0.091 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }_{\text {, }}$, | 306 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 454 |  | 0.0158 | . 0.002 | 69E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 710 |  | 306 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 455 | , 1,4, | 0.0158 | .0.176 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 710 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 456 | .1,4, | 0.0158 | . 0.003 | E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 710 |  | 59 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 457 | .1,4, | 0.0158 | .0.051 | 8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 710 |  | 58 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 458 | ,1,4, | 0.0158 | ,0.163 | -8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 710 |  | 54 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 459 | , 1,4, | 0.0158 | .0.106 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 710 |  | 50 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 460 | ,1,4, | 0.0158 | .0.123 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 710 |  | 728 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 461 | , 1,4, | 0.0158 | , 0.062 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR,, 2, | 710 |  | 727 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 462 | , 1,4, | 0.0076 | . 0.061 | 669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 711 |  | 710 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 463 | ,1,4, | 0.0076 | . 0.004 | 0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 711 |  | 59 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 464 | ,1,4, | 0.0076 | . 0.006 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 711 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 465 | , 1,4, | 0.0076 | . 0.172 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 711 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 466 | , 1,4, | 0.0076 | . 0.227 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 711 |  | 54 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 467 | , 1,4, | 0.0076 | . 0.037 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 711 |  | 58 |  |  |


| RCONST, 3, | 468 | , 1, 4, | 0.0076 | . 0.193 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 711 |  | 50 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 469 | , 1,4, | 0.0076 | , 0.082 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 711 |  | 728 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 470 | .1,4, | 0.0076 | , 0.008 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 711 |  | 727 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 471 | , 1,4, | 0.0076 | . 0.005 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 711 |  | 709 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 472 | , 1,4, | 0.0733 | . 0.024 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 727 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 473 | , 1,4, | 0.0733 | . 0.081 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 727 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 474 | , 1,4, | 0.0733 | , 0.033 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 727 |  | 264 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 475 | , 1,4, | 0.0733 | ,0.105 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 727 |  | 708 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 476 | , 1,4, | 0.0733 | , 0.155 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 727 |  | 306 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 477 | .1,4, | 0.0775 | . 0.003 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 728 |  | 59 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 478 | .1,4, | 0.0775 | . 0.007 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 728 |  | 301 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 479 | ,1,4, | 0.0775 | . 0.034 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 728 |  | 727 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 480 | , 1,4, | 0.0775 | . 0.054 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 728 |  | 709 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 481 | , 1,4, | 0.0775 | ,0.303 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 728 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 482 | , 1,4, | 0.0775 | ,0.016 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 728 |  | 708 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 483 | , 1,4, | 0.0775 | , 0.008 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 728 |  | 264 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 484 | .1,4, | 0.0775 | , 0.006 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 728 |  | 306 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 485 | .1,4, | 0.0775 | . 0.087 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 728 |  | 50 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 486 | , 1,4, | 0.0775 | . 0.016 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 728 |  | 54 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 487 | , 1,4, | 0.0007 | . 0.039 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 55 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 488 | , 1,4, | 0.0057 | . 0.042 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ,2, | 56 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 489 | .1,4, | 0.0113 | . 0.052 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 57 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 490 | , 1,4, | 0.0161 | , 0.085 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 58 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 491 | , 1,4, | 0.0233 | . 0.189 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 59 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3, | 492 | , 1,4, | 0.0155 | . 0.420 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 301 |  | 400 |  |  |
| C* Start | Of $\mathbf{C O}$ | nvect | on link | $s$ |  |
| ACTSET, EG, |  |  |  |  |  |
| ACTSET, MP, |  |  |  |  |  |
| RCONST, 2 , | 700 | , 1,1, | 0.0003 |  |  |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 208 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 2 , | 701 | , 1,1, | 0.0137 |  |  |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 209 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 2 , | 702 | , 1,1, | 0.0892 |  |  |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 210 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 2 , | 703 | , 1,1, | 0.0919 |  |  |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 211 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 2 , | 704 | ,1,1, | 0.1300 |  |  |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 732 |  | 400 |  |  |


| RCONST, 2 , | $705.1,1$, | 0.2870 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{2}$, | 731 | 401 |
| RCONST, 2 , | 706, 1,1, | 0.0551 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 730 | 401 |
| RCONST, 2, | 707,1,1, | 0.0485 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 164 | 401 |
| RCONST, 2 , | 708, 1,1, | 0.1634 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 183 | 401 |
| RCONST, 2 , | 709,1,1, | 0.1901 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 185 | 401 |
| RCONST, 2, | 710,1,1, | 0.1744 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 187 | 401 |
| RCONST, 2 , | 711, 1, 1, | 0.1205 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{2}$, | 114 | 402 |
| RCONST, 2 , | 712,1,1, | 0.0559 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 718 | 402 |
| RCONST, 2 , | 713,1,1, | 0.0869 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 717 | 402 |
| RCONST, 2 , | $714,1,1$, | 0.0933 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 716 | 402 |
| RCONST, 2 , | $715.1,1$, | 0.0609 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 715 | 402 |
| RCONST, 2 , | $716,1,1$, | 0.0209 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 712 | 402 |
| RCONST, 2 , | $717,1,1$, | 0.0098 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 713 | 402 |
| RCONST, 2 , | $718,1,1$, | 0.0766 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 714 | 402 |
| RCONST, 2 , | $719,1,1$ | 0.0003 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 319 | 400 |
| RCONST, 2 , | 720,1,1 | 0.0183 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 320 | 400 |
| RCONST, 2 , | $721,1,1$ | 0.0801 |
| EL, ${ }^{\text {c }}$ CR, , 2 , | 321 | 400 |
| RCONST, 2 , | 722, 1,1. | 0.1433 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 350 | 400 |
| RCONST, 2, | 723,1,1, | 0.1416 |
| EL, $\mathrm{CR}_{\text {, } 2, ~}^{244}$, | 400 |  |
| RCONST,2, $724,1,1,0.0370$ |  |  |
| EL, CR,2, 345, | 400 |  |
| RCONST,2, $725,1,1,0.0579$ |  |  |
| EL,CR,2, 700 , | 401 |  |
| RCONST,2, $726,1,1,0.0488$ |  |  |
| EL, CR, 2, 736 , | 401 |  |
| RCONST,2, $727,1,1,0.0926$ |  |  |
| EL,CR,2, 701 , 401 |  |  |
| RCONST,2, $728,1,1,0.1076$ |  |  |
| EL, ${ }^{\text {cher, }}$, 702 , | 401 |  |
| RCONST,2, $729,1,1,0.0987$ |  |  |
| EL, CR, 2, 703, 401 |  |  |
| RCONST,2, $730,1,1,0.0682$ |  |  |
| EL,CR,2, 704 , | 402 |  |
| RCONST,2, $731,1,1,0.0398$ |  |  |
| EL,,CR,2, 705, 402 |  |  |
| RCONST,2, $732,1,1,0.0770$ |  |  |
| EL, ${ }^{\text {ch, }}$, 706 , | , 402 |  |
| RCONST,2, 733 | 3,1,1, 0.0854 |  |
| EL, CR,,2, 707 , | 402 |  |

RCONST,2, $734,1,1,0.0536$
EL,,CR,2, 708, 402
RCONST,2, $735,1,1,0.0733$
EL,,CR,,2, 727, 402
RCONST,2, $736,1,1,0.0775$
EL,,CR,2, 709, 402
RCONST,2, $737,1,1,0.0775$
EL,,CR,,2, 728 , 402
RCONST,2, $738,1,1,0.0158$
EL,,CR,2, 710, 402
RCONST,2, $739,1,1,0.0076$
EL,,CR,,2,711 , 402
C*
ACTSET,EG, 1
ACTSET,RC,1
ACTSET,MP, 2
EL,83,SF, 0,4,195,203,166,151,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL,66,SF, $0,4,166,168,170,169,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
EL,82,SF,0,4,200,167,168,203,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL,84,SF,0,4,203,165,168,166,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL,84,SF,0,4,203,168,165,166,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL,66,SF,0,4,166,165,170,169,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ACTSET,MP,1,
ACTSET,RC,1,
ACTSET,EG,1,
EL,73,SF,0,4,167,181,163,168,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL,631,SF,0,4,168,163,164,165,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL,632,SF, $0,4,165,164,183,170,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
EL,87,SF,0,4,210,211,200,192,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL,633,SF,0,4,211,215,200,200,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL,634,SF,0,4,211,732,733,215,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL,635,SF,0,4,732,731,734,733,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL,636,SF,0,4,731,730,735,734,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL,637,SF, $0,4,730,164,163,735,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
ACTSET,MP,5,
ACTSET,RC,1,
ACTSET,EG,1,
EL,641,SF, $0,4,733,734,181,215,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
EL,642,SF, $0,4,181,734,735,163,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
EL,95,SF,0,4,223,235,739,738,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL,643,SF,0,4,738,739,237,225,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ACTSET,MP,7,
EL,90,SF,0,4,222,223,738,737,0,0,0,0,0,0,
EL, $100, S F, 0,4,235,247,740,739,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
EL,644,SF, $0,4,737,738,225,224,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
EL, $645, S F, 0,4,739,740,249,237,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
C* Conduction elements between plug and main body
ACTSET,MP, 3
ACTSET,EG,4
ACTSET,RC,587
EL,,CR,,2,52,108

## ACTSET,RC,588

EL,,CR,2,46,107
ACTSET,RC,589
EL,CR,,2,32,102
ACTSET,RC,590
EL,CR,,2,30,101
ACTSET,RC,591
EL,CR,2,28,100
ACTSET,RC,592
EL,,CR,2,20,94
C* Radiation links between plug and main body. Assign $\mathrm{SF}=1$
ACTSET,EG,3
RCONST, $3,595,1,4,0.0141,1.0,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8$
EL,,CR,2, 20 , 94
RCONST, $3,596,1,4,0.0146,1.0,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8$
EL,,CR,2, 28 , 100
RCONST,3, $597,1,4,0.0213,1.0,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8$
EL,,CR,2, 30 , 101
RCONST,3; $598,1,4,0.0139,1.0,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8$
EL,,CR,2, 32 , 102
C* Modify crack shield element
ACTSET,EG,1
ACTSET,MP,1
ACTSET,RC,1
EL,20,SF, $0,4,435,445,50,49,0$,
$\mathrm{C}^{*}$ Add conduction and radiation links for crack shield
ACTSET,EG, 4
ACTSET,MP, 1
ACTSET,RC,593
EL,,CR,,2,35,435
ACTSET,RC,594
EL,,CR,,2,45,445
ACTSET,EG,3,
ACTSET,MP,3,
RCONST, $3,497,1,4,0061,1.0,8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8$,
EL,676,CR, $0,2,35,435,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
RCONST, $3,498,1,4,0074,1.0,8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8$,
EL,677,CR,0,2,45,445,0,0,0,0,0,0,
ACTSET,EG,1,
ACTSET,MP,3,
ACTSET,RC,1,
EL,,SF, $0,4,35,45,445,435,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
C* Generate fin elements
ACTSET,EG,1,
ACTSET,RC,1,
ACTSET,MP,6,
EL, 600, SF, $, 4,420,321,210,209,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
EL,601,SF, $0,4,321,350,732,210,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
EL,602,SF, $0,4,350,344,731,732,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
EL,603,SF, $0,4,344,345,700,731,0,0,0,0,0,0$,
EL,604,SF,0,4,731,700,736,730,0,0,0,0,0,0,

EL, $605, S F, 0,4,701,702,185,183,0,0,0,0,0,0$, EL,606,SF, 0,4,702,703,187,185,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,607,SF,0,4,703,704,114,187,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,608,SF,0,4,114,704,705,718,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,609,SF,0,4,718,705,706,717,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,610,SF,0,4,717,706,707,716,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,611,SF,0,4,716,707,708,715,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,612,SF,0,4,715,708,709,714,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,612,SF,0,4,715,708,727,714,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,613,SF, 0,4,714,727,709,728,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,614,SF, $0,4,712,714,728,710,0,0,0,0,0,0$, EL, $615, S F, 0,4,713,712,710,711,0,0,0,0,0,0$, EL,638,SF,0,4,164,730,183,183,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,639,SF,0,4,730,736,701,183,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,640,SF,0,4,732,211,210,210,0,0,0,0,0,0, c* Generate kaowool shield elements ACTSET,MP,1, EL,616,SF,0,4,719,718,720,116,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,617,SF,0,4,720,718,717,721,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,618,SF,0,4,721,717,716,722,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,619,SF,0,4,722,716,715,723,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,620,SF,0,4,723,715,714,725,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,621,SF,0,4,724,725,714,712,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,622,SF, 0,4,726,724,712,713,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,623,SF,0,4,108,112,724,726,0,0,0,0,0,0, ACTSET,MP,5,
EL,624,SF, 0,4, 116,720,721,118,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,625,SF, $0,4,118,721,722,110,0,0,0,0,0,0$, EL,626,SF, $0,4,110,722,723,112,0,0,0,0,0,0$, EL,627,SF,0,4,112,723,725,724,0,0,0,0,0,0,
C* Fix stainless elements on cone
ACTSET,MP,1
EL,44,SF,0,4,113,114,719,115,0,0,0,0,0,0, EL,628,SF,0,4,719,116,115,115,0,0,0,0,0,0,

### 3.0 FILE GAPON.INP



## Chapter 3

$C * E L, 61, S F, 0,4,151,156,640,635,0$,
$C * E L, 62, S F, 0,4,156,157,641,640,0$, C*EL, 63, SF, 0, 4, 157, 158, 642, 641, 0, $C * E L, 64, S F, 0,4,158,92,91,642,0$,
C* Gap plane2d elements

## ACTSET, MP, 3

EL, , SF, 0, 4, 190, 191, 691, 690,0,
EL, ,SF, 0, 4, 191, 192, 692,691,0,
EL, ,SF, 0, 4, 192, 200,600,692,0, EL, , SF, 0, 4, 200, 167, 667, 600, 0, EL, ,SF, 0, 4, 167, 168, 668, 667,0, EL, ,SF, $0,4,168,165,665,668,0$, EL, ,SF, 0, 4, 165, 170, 670, 665,0, EL, ,SF, 0, 4, 170, 173, 673, 670,0, EL, ,SF, $0,4,173,176,676,673,0$, EL, ,SF, 0,4,176,113,613,676,0, EL, $, \mathrm{SF}, 0,4,113,115,615,613,0$, EL, , SF, $0,4,115,117,617,615,0$, EL, , SF, 0, 4, 117, 105, 605, 617,0, EL, ,SF, 0, 4, 105, 104, 604, 605, 0, EL, ,SF, 0, 4, 604, 104, 98, 98, 0, EL, ,SF, $0,4,15,515,16,16,0$, EL, , SF, 0, 4, 14, 15, 515,514,0, EL, , SF, $0,4,14,13,513,514,0$, C* Base of top plug elements EL, , SF, 0, 4, 1, 2, 502,501, 0, EL, ,SF, 0, 4, 2, 3,503,502,0, EL, $, \mathrm{SF}, 0,4,3,503,4,4,0$, C* Radial elements C*EL, ,SF, 0, 4, 633, 634, 134, 133,0, C*EL, ,SF, 0, 4, 634, 635, 135, 134, 0, C*EL, ,SF, 0, 4, 635, 640, 140, 135, 0, C*EL, , SF, 0, 4, 640, 641, 141,140,0, C*EL, ,SF, 0, 4, 641, 642,142,141,0, $C * E L, S F, 0,4,142,642,91,91,0$,

### 4.0 FILE GAPOFF.INP

C* File gapoff.inp
C* Modify appropriate elements, note gap is now lead
ACTSET,EG, 1
ACTSET,MP, 2
ACTSET, RC, 1
EL, 7, SF, 0, 4, 9, 10,514,513,0,
EL, $8,8 \mathrm{~F}, 0,4,10,11,515,514,0$,
EL, $9,8 \mathrm{~F}, 0,4,11,12,16,515,0$,
$E L, 51, S F, 0,4,97,128,604,98,0$,
EL, $52, S F, 0,4,128,617,605,604,0$,
EL, 50, SF, 0, 4, 125, 615, 617,128,0,
EL, 48, SF, $0,4,122,613,615,125,0$,
EL, 72, SF, 0, 4, 175,676,613,122,0,
EL, 70, SF, 0, 4, 172, 673, 676,175,0,
EL, 68, SF, 0, 4, 169, 670,673,172,0,
EL, 66, $6 \mathrm{~F}, 0,4,166,665,670,169,0$,
EL, 84, SF, 0, 4, 203, 668,665,166,0,
EL, 82, SF, 0, 4, 600,667,668,203,0,
EL, 81, $5 \mathcal{F}, 0,4,692,600,203,195,0$,
EL, 78, SF, 0, 4, 691, 692, 195, 294,0,
EL, 77, $8 \mathrm{~F}, 0,4,690,691,194,193,0$,
c* Gap plane2d elements
ACTSET,MP, 2
EL, 679, SF, 0, 4, 190, 191,691,690,0,
EL, 680, SF, 0, 4, 191, 192, 692,691,0,
$E L, 681, S F, 0,4,192,200,600,692,0$,
EL, 682, $6 \mathrm{~F}, 0,4,200,167,667,600,0$,
EL, 683, $5 \mathrm{~F}, 0,4,167,168,668,667,0$,
EL, 684, $8 \mathrm{~F}, 0,4,168,165,665,668,0$,
EL, 685, SF, 0,4,165,170,670,665,0,
EL, 686, SF, 0, 4, 170, 173,673,670,0,
EL, 687, SF, 0,4,173,176,676,673,0,
EL, 688, SF, 0,4, 176, 113, 613,676,0,
EL, 689, $5 \mathrm{~F}, 0,4,113,115,615,613,0$,
$\mathrm{EL}, 690, \mathrm{SF}, 0,4,115,117,617,615,0$,
EL, 691, SF, 0, 4, 117, 105, 605,617,0,
EL, 692, SF, 0, 4, 105, 104, 604, 605,0,
EL, 693, SF, 0,4, 604, 104, 98, 98,0,
EL, 694, $8 \mathrm{~F}, 0,4,15,515,16,16,0$,
EL, 695, SF, 0,4,14,15,515,514,0,
EL, $696, \mathrm{SF}, 0,4,14,13,513,514,0$,

### 5.0 FILE TESTBND.INP

TITLE, F294 STEADY STATE CALCS (VALIDATION OF MEASUREMENT, FILE TESTBND.INP)
C* This file inserts boundary conditions based on the environment
C* present during the steady state thermal test prior to the drop.
C* Specification of heat load and convection boundary conditions
C* Based on 375.5 kCi and ambient temp of 23 C
C* Top gets $10 \%$ of heat gen, $1 / 3$ in steel, $2 / 3$ in lead
QEL, 10,94600,13,1,
QEL, 1, 61250,3,1,
C* Bottom gets 10 \% of heat gen
QEL,53,85163,54,1,
QEL,59,85163,60,1,
C* Radial gets $80 \%$ of heat gen
QEL, 37,145468,37,1,
QEL,55,145468,58,1,
QEL, 61,145468,64,1,
C* Opper Eireshield, Ingide aurfaces see 40 C
CEL, 22, 6.5,40,1,26,1,0,
CEL, 121, $6,5,40,1,121,1,0$,
CEL, 32, 4. 0, 29, 3, 36, 1, 0,
CEL, 119, 4.0,29,3,119,1,0,
CEL, 119, 6.5,40,2,121,1,0
C* Radial fireshield, inside surfaces see 33 C except for exit
CEL, 89,6.5,33,4,93,1,0,
CEL, 104, 6.5, 40, 4, 108,1,0,
CEL, 644, 6.5,33,4,644,1,0,
CEL, 122, 6.5, 40,3,124,1,0,
CEL, 122, 6.5,40,4,122,1,0,
CEL, 114, 1.6,23,2,118,1,0,
CEL, $545,1.6,23,2,645,1,0$,
CEL, 99, 1.6,23,2,103,1,0,
CEL, 140, 1.6,23,1,142,1,0,
CEL, 140, 1.6,23,4,140,1,0,
CEL, 124,1.6,23,2,142,18,0,
C* Lower fireshield
C* CEL, 125,5,5,23,3,126,1,0,
CBL, 129,1.0,23,1,130,1,0,
CEL, 131, 1.0,23,2,133,1,0,
CEL, 131, 1. $0,23,1,131,1,0$,
CEL, 138,1.0,23,1,139,1,0,
C* Top plug, air temp of 40 C assumed
CEI, 20, 8.0, 40,2,21,1,0,
CEL, 20, 8.0, 40,3,21,1,0,
CEL, 20, 8, 0, 40,4,20,1,0,
CEL, 17, 8.0, 40,3,18,1,0,
C* Radiation boundary conditions based on 23 C
C* Radiation links
ACTSET,MP, 3
ACTSET,EG, 3
RCONST, 3, $900,1,4,0.0007,1.0,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{~B}-8$
RL, CR, 2, 85 , 400
RCONST, 3, $901,1,4,0.0057,1.0,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{~B}-8$
BL, CR, 2, 86,400
RCONST, 3, $902,1,4,0.0113,1.0,0.8,5.569 \mathrm{~B}-8$
EL, CR, 2, 87 , 400
RCONST, 3, $903,1,4,0.0159,1.0,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{~B}-8$

| EL, , CR, 2 , | 88 |  | 400 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RCONST, 3 , | 904 | .1,4, | 0.0214 | . 1.0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | B9 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 905 | .1.4, | 0.0158 | , 1.0 | .0.8,5.669z-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 90 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 906 | .1,4, | 0.0060 | .1 .0 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, ${ }^{\text {cher }}$, 2 , | 295 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 907 | .1,4, | 0.0085 | .1 .0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 293 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3. | 908 | , 1,4, | 0.0059 | . 1.0 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{2}$, | 297. |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 909 | .1,4, | 0.0061 | . 1.0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 301 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 910 | , 1,4, | 0.0158 | .1.0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 60 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 911 | .1.4. | 0.0018 | . 1.0 | -0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, $\mathrm{CR}_{\text {, , }} \mathbf{2}$, | 306 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 912 | .1,4, | 0.0091 | . 1.0 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 . | 307 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 913 | .1,4, | 0.0094 | . 1.0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 311 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 914 | , 1,4, | 0.0073 | . 1.0 | ,0.8.5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 315 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 915 | .1,4, | 0.0207 | . 1.0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 291 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3. | 916 | , 1,4, | 0.0301 | . 1.0 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 289 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 917 | .1,4, | 0.0429 | . 1.0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 287 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 918 | .1,4, | 0.0478 | . 1.0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2, | 285 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 919 | .1,4, | 0.0339 | . 1.0 | ,0.8,5.6698-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 283 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 920 | .1,4; | 0.0745 | . 1.0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 255 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST,3, | 921 | .1,4. | 0.1068 | . 1.0 | .0.8.5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{\text {2, }}$ | 253 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 923 | ,1,4, | 0.1170 | . 1.0 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, ${ }^{\text {2, }}$ | 251 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 924 | .1,4. | 0.1003 | . 1.0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 249 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 925 | , 1,4, | 0.0652 | . 1.0 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, CR, 2 , | 740 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 926 | ,1,4, | 0.0600 | . 2.0 | .0.6.5.669E-8 |
| EL, $\mathrm{CR}_{6}, 2$. | 247 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 927 | ,1,4, | 0.0302 | . 1.0 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 245 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3. | 928 | , 1,4, | 0.0077 | . 1.0 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, ${ }^{\text {c }}$ CR, 2 , | 373 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 929. | .1,4, | 0.0094 | . 1.0 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, , 2 , | 369 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 930 | ,1,4, | 0.0091 | . 1.0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 365 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3 , | 931. | , 1,4, | 0.0018 | .1.0 | ,0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 364 |  | 400 |  |  |
| RCONST, 3. | 932 , | ,2.4. | 0.0003 | .1.0 | .0.8,5.669E-8 |
| EL, , CR, 2 , | 328 |  | 400 |  |  |

```
RCONST,3, 933,1,4, 0.0070,1.0,0.8,5.669B-8
EL,,CR,,2, 329 , 400
RCONST,3, 934,1,4, 0.0251,1.0,0.8,5.669R-8
EL,,CR,,2, 330, 400
RCONST,3, 935,1,4, 0.0570,1.0,0.8,5.669F-8
EL,,CR,,2, 359, 400
RCONST,3, 936,1,4, 0.0581,1.0,0.8,5.669]-8
EL,,CR,,2, 334, 400
RCONST,3, 937,1,4, 0.0132,1.0,0.8,5.669%-8
EL, CR,,2, 335 , 400
RCONST,3, 938,1,4, 0.0115,1.0,0.8,5.669B-8
EL,,CR,,2, 337, 400
RCONST,3, 939,1,4, 0.0142 ,1.0,0.8,5.6691-8
EL,,CR,,2, 341 , 400
C* Define node 400 as the environment at 23 C, 401 at 33 C and 402
C* at 40 C for steady state condltions. Nodes are separated so that
C* different boundary conditions appear in plots.
NIND,400,23,400,1,
NTND, 401,33,401,1,
NTND,402,40,402,1,
A_THERMAL, S,0.001,1,1,20,
```


### 6.0 FILE 360BND.INP

TITLE,F294 STEADY STATE CALCS (FILE 360BND. INP)
C* This Eile inserts boundary conditions based on the environment
C* present during the steady state thermal test prior to the drop.
C* Specification of heat load and convection boundary conditions
C* Based on 360 kCi and ambient temp of 38 C
C* Top gets 10 \% of heat gen, $1 / 3$ in steel, $2 / 3$ in lead
QEL,10,90695,13.1,
QEL,1,58722,3,1,
C* Bottom gets 10 \% of heat gen
QEL,53,81648,54,1,
QEL,59,81648,60,1,
C* Radial geta 80 of heat gen
QEL, 37,139463.37,1,
QEL,55,139463,58,1,
QEL, 61,139463,64,1,
C* Upper fireshield, inside surfaces see 55 C
CEL, 22,6.5,55,1,26,1,0,
CEL, 121, $6.5,55,1,121,1,0$,
CEL, $32,4,0,44,3,36,1,0$,
CEL, 119,4,0,44,3,119,1,0,
CEL, 119,6.5,55,2,121,1,0
C* Radial fireshield, inside aurfaces see 33 C except for exit
CEL , 89, 6.5,48,4,93,1,0,
CEL, 104, 6.5,55,4,108,1,0,
CEL, 644,6.5,48,4,644,1,0,
CES, 122, 6.5,55,3,124,1,0,
CEL, 122, 6.5,55, 4, 122, 1,0,
CEL, 114,1.6,38,2,118,1,0,
CEI, 645,1.6,38,2,645,1,0,
CEL, $99,1.6,38,2,103,1,0$,
CEL, 140,1,6,38,1,142,1,0,
CEL, 140, 1.6,38, 4, 140,1,0,
CEL, 124,1.6,38,2,142,18,0,
C* Lower fireshield
C* CEL, 125,6,5,38,3,126,1,0,
CEL, 129, 1.0,38,1,130,1,0,
CEL, 131,1,0,38,2,133,1,0,
CEL, 131,1.0,38,1,131,1,0,
CEL , 138,1.0,38,1,139,1,0,
C* Top plug, air temp of 55 C assumed
CEL, 20, 8.0,55,2,21,1,0,
CEL, 20, 8,0,55,3,21,1,0,
CEL, 20,8.0,55,4,20,1,0,
CEI, 17, 8, 0, 55, 3, 18, 1,0,
C* Radiation boundary conditions based on 38 C
C* Radiation links
ACTSET,MP, 3
ACTSET,EG, 3
RCONST,3, $900,1,4,0.0007,1.0,0.8,5.6698-8$
EL, ,CR, 2, 85 , 400
RCONST,3, $901,1,4,0.0057$, 1.0,0.8,5.669E-8
EL, CR, 2, 86 , 400
RCONST,3, $902,1,4,0.0113,1.0,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8$
EL, ,CR, 2, 87 , 400
RCONST, 3, $903,1,4,0.0159,1.0,0.8,5.669 \mathrm{E}-8$

```
EL,,CR,.2, 88, 400
RCONST,3, 904,1,4, 0.0214,1.0,0.8,5.669B-8
EL,,CR,.2, 89, 400
RCONST,3, 905,1,4, 0.0158,1.0,0.8,5.669%-8
EL,,CR,,2, 90 , 400
RCONST,3, 906 ,1,4, 0.0050,1.0,0.8,5.669B-8
EL,,CR,,2, 295, 400
RCONST,3, 907, 1,4, 0.0085 ,1.0,0.8,5.669B-8
EL,,CR,,2, 293, 400
RCONST,3, 908,1,4, 0.0059,1.0,0.8,5.669B-8
EL,,CR,,2, 297, 400
RCONST,3, 909,1,4, 0.0061 ,1.0 ,0.8,5.569B-8
EL,,CR,,2, 301, 400
RCONST,3, 910,1,4, 0.0158
EL,,CR,,2, 60, 400
RCONST,3, 911,1,4, 0.0018,1.0,0.8,5.6698-8
EL,,CR,.2, 306, 400
RCONST,3, 912,1,4, 0.0091
EL,,CR,,2, 307, 400
RCONST,3, 913,1,4, 0.0094
EL,,CR,,2, 311, 400
RCONST,3, 914,1,4, 0.0073,1.0,0.8,5.659B-8
EL,,CR,,2, 315, 400
RCONST,3, 915,1,4, 0.0207,1.0,0.8,5.659E-8
EL,,CR,,2, 291 , 400
RCONST,3, 916,1,4, 0.0301
EL,,CR,,2, 289, 400
RCONST,3, 917,1,4, 0.0429,1.0,0.8,5.669E-8
EL,,CR,.2, 287 , 400
RCONST,3, 918,1,4, 0.0478
EL,,CR,,2, 285 , 400
RCONST,3, 919,1,4, 0.0339
EL,,CR,,2, 283, 400
RCONST,3, 920,1,4, 0.0745
BL,,CR,,2, 255 , 400
RCONST,3, 921,1,4, 0.1068
EL,,CR,,2, 253 , 400
RCONST,3, 923,1,4, 0.1170
BL,,CR,,2, 251, 400
RCONST,3, 924,1,4, 0.1003
BL,,CR,.2, 249, 400
RCONST,3, 925,1,4, 0.0652
EL,,CR,,2, 740, 400
RCONST,3, 926,1,4, 0.0600
BL,,CR,,2, 247 , 400
RCONST,3, }927,1,4,0.030
EL,,CR,,2, 245 , 400
RCONST,3, 928,1,4, 0.0077,1.0,0.8,5.6698-8
EL,,CR,,2, 373 , 400
RCONST,3, 929,1,4, 0.0094,1.0,0.8,5.669B-8
EL,,CR,,2, 369 , 400
RCONST,3, 930,1,4, 0.0091,1.0,0.8,5.669R-8
EL,,CR,,2, 365, 400
RCONST,3, 931,1,4, 0.0018,1.0,0.8,5.6698-8
EL,,CR,,2, 364, 400
RCONST,3, 932,1,4, 0.0003,1.0,0.8,5.669%-8
BL,,CR,,2, 328 , 400
,1.0,0.8,5.669R-8
,1.0,0.8,5.659%-8
.1.0 ,0.8,5.659R-8
.1.0 ,0.8,5.669R-8
.1.0,0.8,5.669R-8
,1.0,0.8,5.669%-8
.1.0,0.8,5.669%-8
.1.0,0.8,5.669%-8
.1.0,0.8,5.669%-8
,1.0 ,0.8,5.669%-8
.1.0,0.8,5.669B-8
,1.0,0.8,5.669R-8
```

```
RCONST,3, 933,1,4, 0.0070,1.0,0.8,5.669E-8
EL,,CR,,2, 329 , 400
RCONST,3, }934,1,4,0.0251,1.0,0.8,5.669E-
EI,,CR,,2, 330. 400
RCONST,3, 935,1,4,0.0570,1.0,0.8,5.669E-8
EL,,CR,,2, 359, 400
RCONST,3, 936,1,4, 0.0581,1.0,0.8,5.669E-8
EL,,CR,,2, 334 , 400
RCONST,3, 937, 1,4, 0.0132,1.0,0.8,5.669E-8
EL,,CR,,2, 335, 400
RCONST,3, 938,1,4, 0.0115, 1.0,0.8,5.669E-8
EL,,CR,,2, 337, 400
RCONST,3, 939,1,4, 0.0142,1.0 ,0.8,5.669E-8
EL,,CR,,2, 341 , 400
C* Define node 400 as the enviromment at 38 C, 401 at 48 C and 402
C* at 55 C for steady state condltions. Nodes are separated so that
C* different boundary conditions appear in plots.
NTND,400,38,400,1,
NTND,401,48,401,1,
NTND,402,55,402,1,
A_THERMAL,5,0.001,1,1,20.
```


### 7.0 FILE FIRE12.INP

TITLE, F294 TRANSIENT ANALYSIS - case $h=12$
TEMPINIT, 1
CLS:
EPLOT;
MPROP, $8, \mathrm{HC}, 12.0$
C* Set time curves for ambient temperatura
CURDEF, TIME, 5, 1, 0, 800, 1800, 800, 1800.01, 38, 100000, 38
CURDEF, TIME, 6, 1, 0, 800, 1800, 800, 1800.01, 48, 100000, 48
CURDEF, TIME, 7, 1, 0, 800,1800, 800,1800.01,55,100000,55
C* Set node 400,401,402 temperature to 1
ACTSET, TC, 5
NTND, 400, 1, 400,1,
ACTSET,TC, 0
ACTSET, TC, 6
NTND, 401, 1, 401,1,
ACTSET,TC, 0
ACTSET,TC, 7
NTMD, 402, 1, 402,1,
ACTSET,TC, 0
C* Modify external convection boundary conditions
C* Uppar fireshield
CEL, 22, 12. 0, 1, 1, 26, 1, 7,
CEL, 121, 12.0,1,1,121,1,7,
CEL, 32, 12.0,1,3,36,1,5,
CEL, 119, 12.0,1,3,119,1,5,
CEL, 119, 12. 0, 1, 2, 121, 1,5
C* Radial fireshield
CKL, 89, 12.0,1,4,93,1,5,
CEL, 104, 12.0,1,4,108,1,6,
CEL, $644,12.0,1,4,644,1,6$,
CEL, 122, 12.0,1,3, 124, 1, 7,
CEL, 122, 12.0,1, 4, 122,1,7,
CEL, 114, 12.0,1,2,118,1,5,
CEL, 645, 12.0,1,2,645,1,5,
CEL, $99,12.0,1,2,103,1,5$,
CEL, 140, 12.0,1,1,142,1,5,
CEL, 140, 12.0,1, 4, 140,1,5,
CEL, 124, 12. 0, 1, 2, 142, 18,5,
C* Lowar fireshield
CEL, 129, 12.0,1,1,130,1,5,
CEL, 131, 12.0,1,2,133,1,5,
CEL, 131, 12.0,1,1,131,1,5,
CEL , 138, 12.0,1,1,139,1,5,
C* Top plug
CES, 20,12.0,1,2,21,1,7,
CEL, 20, 12, 0, 1, 3, 21, 1,7,
CEL, 20, 12.0,1,4,20,1,7,
CEI, 17, 12.0,1,3,18,1,7,
C*
A_PFETHERMAI, T, 2,0.001,20,1,
TIMES,0,9000,60,

### 8.0 FILE INSOL8.INP

C* File INSOLB.INP
C* This file requires $294 G E O M, G A P O N, 360 \mathrm{BND}$ to be run before it. C* Apply the solar heat flux TITLE, F294 STEADY STATE WITE INSOLATION CONSIDERED EXEL, 32, 2000,3,36,1, HXEL, 119,2000,3,119,1, EXEL, 124,500,2,124,1, HXEL,114,500,2,118,1, EXEL, $99,500,2,103,1$, EXELL, 645,500,2,645,1, HXEL, 142,500,2,142,1, ESELPROP, EG, 1,1,1,1, CLS, 1, EPLOT: EXPLOT:

### 9.0 SSTEST.TEM



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```
1-
    structural Research and Analysis Co HSTAR 1.75 5/28/1998 Page 1
SSTBST2 F294 STEADY STATE CALCS (VALIDATIONOFNEASUREMENT PILETESTBND.INP
```

    Temperatures at time step \(=1\) Time \(=0.00000 \mathrm{E}+00\) )
    Number of equilibrium iterations in time step ( 1 ) \(=3\)
    Sode Temperature Node Temperature Node Temperature
    | 1 | 207.65 | 2 | 205.56 | 3 | 199.85 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 189.28 | 5 | 183.03 | 6 | 182.97 |
| 7 | 183.06 | 8 | 182.38 | 9 | 173.04 |




## SOLUTIONTIMELOG





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Temperatures at time step $=1$ Time $=0.00000 \mathrm{~F}+00$ ) Number of equilibrium iterations in time step ( 1 ) $=3$

| Node | Temperature | Node | Temperature | Node | Temperature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 214.90 | 2 | 212.89 | 3 | 207.43 |
| 4 | 197.33 | 5 | 191.34 | 6 | 191.28 |
| 7 | 191.36 | 8 | 190.71 | 9 | 181.75 |



Input phase ..... $=$ ..... 9.0
Assemblage of matrices ..... $=$ ..... 3.0
Triangularization of conductivity matrix ..... $=$ ..... 0.0
Solution of equations ..... $=$ ..... 0.0
Miscellaneous calculations ..... = ..... 1.0
TOTALSOLUTIONTIME ..... $=$ ..... 13.0

### 11.0 SS360SUN.TEM



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 ss360sunf294 STRADY STATE WITH INSOLATION CONSIDERED
Temperatures at.time step $=1$ Time $=0.00000 \mathrm{~s}+00$ )
Number of equilibrium iterations in time step $(1)=4$
Node Temperature Node Temperature Node Temperature

| 1 | 215.18 | 2 | 213.17 | 3 | 207.70 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 197.60 | 5 | 191.64 | 6 | 191.57 |
| 7 | 191.65 | 8 | 190.99 | 9 | 182.05 |




## 

 SOITTIONTIME YOG
Input phase - ..... 9.0
Assemblage of matrices $=$ ..... 4.0
Triangularization of conductivity matrix $=$ ..... 0.0
Solution of equations ..... $=$ ..... 0.0
Miscellaneous calculations * ..... 1.0
TOTALSOLTTIONTIME $=$ ..... 14.0

### 12.0 SS360SUN2.TEM



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Temperatures at time step $=1 \quad$ Time $=0.00000 \mathrm{~s}+00)$
Number of equilibrium iterations in time step $(1)=3$

Node Temperature Node Temperature Node Temperature

| 1 | 214.96 | 2 | 212.96 | 3 | 207.49 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 197.39 | 5 | 191.41 | 6 | 191.35 |
| 7 | 191.43 | 8 | 190.77 | 9 | 181.81 |



Chapter 3


##  <br> 

Input phase ..... $=$ ..... 9.0
Assemblage of matrices ..... $=$ ..... 3.0
Triangularization of conductivity matrix ..... $=$

$$
0.0
$$

Solution of equations$=$0.0
Miscellaneous calculations ..... $=$ ..... 0.0
TOTALSOLTTIONTIME ..... $=$
12.0

### 13.0 UNBOND.TEM



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Structural Research and Analyais Co HSTAR 1.75 5/28/1998 Page 1 UNBOND 7294 STEADY STATE CALCS (VALIDATIONOFMEASUREMENT PILETESTEND.INP Temperatures at time step $=1$ Time $=0.00000 \mathrm{~F}+00$ ) Number of equilibrium iterations in time step ( 1 ) $=3$

Node Temperature Node Temperature Node Temperature

| 1 | 166.27 | 2 | 166.03 | 3 | 165.47 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 4 | 164.61 | 5 | 160.84 | 6 | 160.60 |
| 7 | 160.06 | 8 | 159.14 | 9 | 150.80 |
| 10 | 150.49 | 11 | 149.77 | 12 | 149.03 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 13 | 138.95 | 14 | 138.09 | 15 | 136.33 |  |
| 16 | 133.12 | 17 | 166.66 | 18 | 166.45 |  |
| 19 | 165.73 | 20 | 165.18 | 28 | 158.72 |  |
| 30 | 148.87 | 32 | 130.45 | 35 | 126.26 |  |
| 40 | 133.63 | 41 | 133.18 | 45 | 121.50 |  |
| 46 | 121.24 | 49 | 120.22 | 50 | 119.99 |  |
| 52 | 118.65 | 54 | 117.85 | 55 | 38.212 |  |
| 56 | 38.113 | 57 | 37.889 | 58 | 37.576 |  |
| 59 | 37.145 | 60 | 36.560 | 61 | 38.211 |  |
| 62 | 38.111 | 63 | 37.888 | 64 | 37.575 |  |
| 65 | 37.146 | 66 | 36.553 | 73 | 35.631 |  |
| 74 | 35.684 | 75 | 35.782 | 76 | 35.923 |  |
| 77 | 36.112 | 78 | 36.386 | 85 | 35.623 |  |
| 86 | 35.680 | 87 | 35.778 | 88 | 35.917 |  |
| 89 | 36.112 | 90 | 36.364 | 91 | 130.95 |  |
| 92 | 124.14 | 93 | 131.91 | 94 | 124.95 |  |
| 96 | 114.03 | 97 | 109.23 | 105.44 |  |  |
| 100 | 114.45 | 101 | 110.03 | 102 | 103.81 |  |
| 104 | 103.58 | 105 | 102.99 | 107 | 102.31 |  |
| 108 | 95.548 | 110 | 103.61 | 112 | 92.326 |  |
| 113 | 103.38 | 114 | 102.02 | 115 | 103.91 |  |
| 116 | 101.77 | 117 | 106.51 | 118 | 106.60 |  |
| 122 | 110.80 | 125 | 109.85 | 128 | 107.28 |  |
| 133 | 124.48 | 134 | 124.14 | 135 | 121.22 |  |
| 136 | 126.19 | 137 | 125.35 | 138 | 124.26 |  |
| 140 | 132.92 | 141 | 137.07 | 142 | 136.31 |  |
| 145 | 134.91 | 146 | 137.88 | 147 | 136.73 |  |
| 149 | 119.63 | 150 | 119.40 | 151 | 113.18 |  |
| 156 | 125.59 | 157 | 131.25 | 158 | 131.44 |  |
| 163 | 92.203 | 164 | 91.283 | 165 | 93.517 |  |
| 166 | 103.39 | 167 | 94.698 | 168 | 94.016 |  |
| 169 | 108.03 | 170 | 98.838 | 172 | 115.25 |  |
| 173 | 107.22 | 175 | 115.68 | 176 | 107.66 |  |
| 181 | 95.770 | 183 | 97.861 | 185 | 105.86 |  |
| 187 | 106.39 | 190 | 95.146 | 191 | 94.257 |  |
| 192 | 89.898 | 193 | 103.56 | 194 | 103.18 |  |
| 195 | 99.638 | 200 | 89.846 |  | 203 | 96.392 |
| 208 | 95.662 | 209 | 92.763 | 210 | 88.219 |  |
| 211 | 85.293 | 215 | 87.884 | 220 | 30.450 |  |


Structural Research and Analysis Co ESTAR 1.75 5/28/1998 Page 2 UNBOND F294 STEADY STATE CALCS (VALIDATIONOFMEASUREMENT FILETESTBND.INP

| 221 | 30.445 | 222 | 31.159 | 223 | 31.159 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 224 | 32.311 | 225 | 32.311 | 226 | 33.038 |
| 227 | 33.038 | 228 | 33.604 | 229 | 33.604 |
| 230 | 34.795 | 231 | 34.795 | 233 | 30.327 |
| 235 | 29.796 | 237 | 29.080 | 239 | 29.134 |
| 241 | 29.584 | 243 | 30.707 | 245 | 30.323 |
| 247 | 29.796 | 249 | 29.079 | 251 | 29.133 |
| 253 | 29.584 | 255 | 30.706 | 258 | 35.143 |
| 259 | 35.141 | 260 | 35.377 | 261 | 35.376 |
| 262 | 35.218 | 263 | 35.215 | 264 | 34.886 |
| 265 | 34.887 | 266 | 34.354 | 267 | 34.344 |
| 271 | 31.078 | 273 | 31.678 | 275 | 32.709 |
| 277 | 33.361 | 279 | 34.137 | 283 | 31.077 |



## 

 SOLUTIONTIME LOG

| Input phase | E | 7.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assemblage of matrices | $=$ | 3.0 |
| Triangularization of conductivity matrix | - | 0.0 |
| Solution of equations | \% | 0.0 |
| Miscellaneous calculations | $\pm$ | 1.0 |

## APPENDIX 3.6.5 KaOWOOL Product Information



## Kaowool Ceramic Fiber Product $\mathrm{C} \equiv: 3 \mathrm{a}$

## Blanket

BeW Kaowool ceramic fiber is the basic fiber from which the Kaowool family has grown. The raw material is kaolin, a naturally occurring, high purity. alumina-silica fireclay. Kaowool has a melting point of 3200F, a normal use limit of 2300F, but can be used at even higher temperatures in certain applications. BeW Kaowool has fiber lengths up to 10 in., average lengths of 4 in . These long fibers, thoroughly interlaced in the production process. provide Kaowool blanket. bulk. and strip products with unsurpassed strength without the addition of a binder system. Other forms are processed from basic Kaowool ceramic fiber.

BaW Kaowool blanket contains no organic binder. Bianket will not contaminate furnace atmospheres or emit offensive odors. Available in nominal densities of: 3.4.6 and 8 lb cu ft. Width: 24 in. and 48 in. Length: 24 tt.

## Thickness

BaW Kaowool blankets are manufactured in the following thicknesses for the indicated density:



## Physical Properties:

Kaowool ceramic fiber is a highly efficient insulator. Kaowool's low shot content gives more usable fiber for your insuiating dollar. Kaowool's longer fibers give it the high tensile strength and resiliency to withstand vibration and physical abuse. Kaowool is self-supporting-will not separate. sag or settle. Kaowool has low thermal conductivity, low heat storage. and is extremely resistant to thermal shock. Color ... White Fiber Diameter 2.8 microns (average) Fiber Length .... $4^{\prime \prime}$ (average) (to 10") Specific Gravity Specific Heat at 1800 F mean Tensile Strength. Fiber Tensile Modulus. Fiber Use Limits:

Continuous . . 2300 F
Single Application 3000 F
Melting Point $\quad 3200$ F
Hardness
6-MOH's scale
700-Knoop's scale-100 gr, loading


Sound absorption coefficient (S.A.C.)
vs. frequency for BaW Kaowool Blanket. One-inch thickness at density indicated by numbers on curves.


PRESSURE DROP ACROSS KAOWOOL BLANKETS

## Chemical Properties:

BaW Kaowool ceramic fibers possess excellent resistance to chemical attack. Exceptions are hydrofiuoric acid, phosphoric acid and strong alkalies. Kaowool is unaffected by oil or water. Thermal and physical properties are restored after drying.


BaW KAOWOOL BLANKET.THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY AT VARIOUS DENSITIES


## Blanket

## Typical Applications

High Temperature insulation:

## Annealing furnaces

Boiler combustion chambers and heat exchangers, oilfired
Catalytic muffiers and automotive afterbumers
Gas turbines
Fans
Laboratory ovens
Steam valves of headers and steam separators
Thin wall kilns-back-up
Water and steam tubes-back-up
Petroleum catalytic crackers
Protection on Water-cooled Risers and Cross-over RailsReheating furnaces
Oven Linings
Superheater seals
Wrapping Pipe and Tubing afterWelding for Stress Relieving
Fumace Repair
Acoustical Service for Missiles, Rockets, and Jet Aircraft
Cryogenic Vessel Fire Protection
Furnace Door Cover and Linings
Expansion Joint Packing
High temperature filters


Kaowool Ceramic Fiber Preduzt Eata:


## Appendix 3.6.6 <br> Normal Thermal Tests of the F-294 Package wITH THE F-457 SOURCE CARRIER

## Report for F-294 Steady State Thermal Test S/N: F294-03

## Thermal Test



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION
2. EQUIPMENT USED
3. THERMOCOUPLE PLACEMENT WITHIN F-294 CAVITY
4. SOURCE LOADING
5. MEASUREMENTS
6. OBSERVATIONS
7. REFERENCES
8. APPENDIX 1: Raw temperature data.
9. APPENDIX 2: Source loading diagram.

## LIST OF FIGURES

## FIGURES

1

TITLE
Thermocouple locations on the F-294-03 package.

## LIST OF CHARTS

CHARTS
1

TITLE
Temperature versus Time Plot using the Temperature Recording Data.

## LIST OF TABLES

TABLE
1
2

TITLE
Maximum recorded temperature of test using the Temperature Recording Unit.
Thermocouple location v/s Read-out channels (As per Figure 1 ).

## Steady State Thermal Test of F-294 s/n 3

## 1. Introduction

The steady state thermal test was performed according to procedure IN/OP 0597 F294 (2). The F-294-03 Shipping package was subjected to normal thermal testing when loaded with Co-60 as outlined in The Procedure for Steady State Thermal Test IN/OP 0597 F294 (2). The F294-03 was loaded by Greg Chateauvert (Cobalt Operations Technician), and the thermal testing was preformed by Benjamin Prieur (Industrial Quality Control). One thermal test configuration was used: F-294-03 loaded with eighty (80) sources in the modified source cage design. F-294-03 didn't include the crushshield and fireshield.
Start date of test: 2000-October-26
End date of test: 2000-October-27

## 2. Equipment Used

Calibrated type $K$ thermocouples and wires were used throughout the thermal test, with one 20 channel digital thermometer readers. The Keithley 2000-20 multimeter, serial number: 6-445-137 was last calibrated on February 2000 with a quoted accuracy of $+/-2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, it is due for re-calibration on February 162001.

## 3. Thermocouple Placement within F-294 Cavity

The F-294 assembly was prepared for thermal tests prior to loading. Two thermocouples were mounted on $1 / 2$ " square stainless steel flat plates; two were in turn tack welded on to the cavity wall, in line with the drainline, radially opposed to each other and axially on the cavity center line. Two cavity wall thermocouple wires were then routed through the drainline to Type K connectors

The third was mounted on to the underside of the container plug, adjacent to the vent line exit hole. Thermocouples were also mounted on to two of the C-188 sources using screw clamps for a secure contact. The position of the thermocouples were approximately at the center of the sources; Greg Chateauvert ( Source Technician ) then placed these sources ( $s / n 70167, \operatorname{s} / \mathrm{n} 70292$ ) within the modified cage assembly. The thermocouple wires were then routed through the drainline to Type K connectors. The wire for the three thermocouples (bottom plug + $2 \mathrm{C}-188$ ) was routed out the F-294 plug vent line to Type K connectors.

Table 2 represents the F-294 thermocouple locations versus the read-out channels.

## 4. Source Loading

The F-294 was loaded with 376 kilo curies of Co 60 on 2000-October-26 in the form of eighty (80) C-188 sealed sources. The loading was done as a typical preparation for shipment, in Cell 06 within Cobalt Operations, MDS Nordion, Kanata. The loaded container was removed from Cell 06 and placed in the shipping bay. The container was installed on the shipping skid. The thermocouples were mounted on to the container as shown in (Figure 1). The package was allowed to attain steady state overnight. Steady state is assumed after three or more successive numerically equal readings. The temperature readings were recorded every five minutes.

## 5. Measurements

Start Date: 2000-October-26
Temperature readings were recorded every five minutes, the test was performed on the package not including the crushshield and fireshield.
The table below ( Table 1 ) represents the highest temperature readings recorded using Temperature Recording Unit during entire thermal test.

Table 1, Maximum Recorded Temperature of test using the Temperature Recording Unit.

| Channel | Location | Temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Top of plug external face, near plug lift lug | 102 |
| 2 | C-188, close to drainline cap | 458 |
| 4 | Bottom of plug in the cavity | 23 |
| 5 | Cavity wall, close to drainline cap | 239 |
| 6 | Cavity wall, away from drainline cap | 226 |
| 7 | Container external wall, top (between two fins) | 52 |
| 9 | C-188, away from drainline cap | 467 |
| 11 | Container external wall, close to drainline cap (between two fins) | 95 |
| 12 | Container external wall, under drainline cap | 64 |
| 13 | Underside, center of F-294 skid | 29 |

Chart 1 represents the temperature versus time of each thermocouple reading taken using the Temperature Recording Unit over the entire duration of the thermal test. This chart outlines the increase in temperature in the beginning and shows the settling of the temperature near the end.
Note: Series on chart is known as the actual channel on temperature reader.

## Chart 1. Temperature versus Time Plot using the Temperature Recording Unit.

TEMPERATURE VERSUS TIME PLOT


## Table 2, Thermocouple Location v/s Read-out Channels

Instrument: Temperature Recording Unit, serial number: 6-445-137.

| Thermocouple <br> Number | Channel Number | Thermocouple Identification on F-294-03 |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | 1 | Top of plug external face, near plug lift lug |
| 2 | 2 | C-188, close to drainline cap |
| 4 | 4 | Bottom of plug in the cavity |
| 5 | 5 | Cavity wall, close to drainline cap |
| 6 | 6 | Cavity wall, away from drainline cap |
| 7 | 7 | Container external wall, top (between two fins) |
| 9 | 9 | C-188, away from drainline cap |
| 11 | 11 | Container external wall, close to drainline cap (between two fins) |
| 12 | 12 | Container external wall, under drainline cap |
| 13 | 13 | Underside, center of F-294 skid |

## 6. Observations

On the Temperature versus Time Plot, channel 2; thermocouple located on the C-188 close to drainline, the temperature profile from the start isn't as predicted. A gradual temperature profile was expected, what was measured was an irregular rise in temperature trend. This profile could have been caused by a malfunction in the connection between the thermocouple wire and source c-clamp. There was most likely a temporary break in the connection. Channel 4; thermocouple located on the bottom of plug in the cavity, the recorded temperature readings are below the expected readings. This was most likely due to a short in the thermocouple wire before entering the F-294-03 container, this might have been caused during the loading of the container when the wires were pulled through the plug.

## 7. References

Ref.[1]: IN/OP 0597 F294 (2): Procedure for the F-294 steady state thermal test.
Ref.[2]: CO-QC/OP-0023 (1): Operating procedure for Temperature Recording Unit set-up. ( In-process )


Figure 1, Thermocouple locations on the F-294-03 package.

TIME Chan. 1 Chan. 2 Chan. 3 Chan. 4 Chan. 5 Chan. 6 Chan. 7 Chan. 8 Chan. 9 $13 \cdot 42 \cdot 03 \quad 3933667 \quad 327.0319 \quad 9.90 E+37$ $\begin{array}{llllll}13: 47: 16 & 40.86523 & 388.6468 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 23.07093 & 181.7974 \\ 13: 52 \cdot 28 & 41.26023 & 389.4997 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 23.0045 & 183.0771\end{array}$ 13:57:40 42.17644 14:02:53 43.21495 14:08:05 44.08134 14:13:18 45.73342 14:18:30 46.32848 14:23:42 46.53796 14:28:55 47.06256 14:34:07 48.42837 14:39:19 49.7303 14:44:32 50.43347 14:49:44 51.02397 14:54:57 51.8228 15:00:09 52.0599 15:05:21 53.53775 15:10:34 53.80824 15:15:46 55.18738 15:20:58 55.5345 15:26:11 56.30651 15:31:23 57.51224 15:36:36 57.30842 15:41:48 58.48324 15:47:00 59.12335 15:52:13 59.04871 15:57:25 60.36555 16:02:37 61.13935 16:07:50 60.52205 16:13:02 61.13337 16:18:14 63.33477 16:23:27 64.13642 16:28:39 64.47777 16:33:52 65.61815 16:39:04 65.76498 16:44:16 66.53117 16:49:29 67.05325 16:54:41 67.76933 16:59:53 68.19118 17:05:06 68.96669 17:10:18 69.52826 17:15:31 69.90771 17:20:43 70.63101 17:25:55 71.19623 17:31:08 71.67383 17:36:20 72.50666 17:41:32 72.69197 17:46:45 73.22195 17:51:57 73.69263 17:57:10 74.32545 18:02:22 74.003924 18:07:34 75.21112 18:12:47 75.53469 18:17:59 76.95815 18:23:11 77.0647 $\begin{array}{lllll}378.4741 & 755.2851 & 22.9805 & 184.2519\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}379.0655 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.97268 & 185.4667\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}379.8018 & -186.632 & 22.9576 & 186.58\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}380.5557 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.97025 & 187.6945\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}381.1859 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.95187 & 188.7716\end{array}$ 381.7203 9.90E+37 22.92171189 .8529 $\begin{array}{lllll}382.3568 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.82306 & 190.7611\end{array}$ $380.3191 \quad 789.4195 \quad 22.8061 \quad 191.6837$ $\begin{array}{llll}380.9102 & 9.90 E+37 & 22.86937 & 192.6524\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}431.3914 & 77.76009 & 22.87427 & 193.8479\end{array}$ $432.0196 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.86318 \quad 194.6788$ $432.5416823 .8852 \quad 22.71556 \quad 195.4761$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}433.0185 & 9.90 E+37 & 22.72689 & 196.2961\end{array}$ $433.71341327 .189 \quad 22.70975 \quad 197.1326$ 434.1899 9.90E+37 22.64656 197.9858 $434.6975 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+3722.58838198 .8128$ $\begin{array}{llll}435.0388 & 9.90 E+37 & 22.62221 & 199.6028\end{array}$ $435.4495 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.68786 \quad 200.6001$ 436.0673 9.90E+37 $22.77907 \quad 201.3109$ $436.5641 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.8091 \quad 202.0463$ 437.0116 9.90E +3722.74211202 .6842 437.3561 9.90E+37 22.71918203 .4656 $\begin{array}{lllll}437.8583 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.71023 & 204.1143\end{array}$ $438.1846 \quad 739.9277 \quad 22.71725 \quad 204.763$ $438.6662 \quad 526.6906 \quad 22.79351 \quad 205.4513$ $\begin{array}{lllll}439.0298 & 9.90 E+37 & 22.82568 & 206.1228\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}439.4241 & 9.90 E+37 & 22.71069 & 206.6822\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}439.7077 & 9.90 E+37 & 22.62655 & 207.2888\end{array}$ 440.0301 9.90E+37 $22.62449 \quad 207.8709$ $440.38269 .90 E+3722.68406 \quad 209.0619$ $440.7161 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.7814 \quad 209.6581$ $\begin{array}{llllll}441.132 & -156.611 & 22.8084 & 210.1773\end{array}$ $441.2987 \quad 786.9534 \quad 22.69858 \quad 210.688$ $\begin{array}{llllll}441.5798 & 580.8346 & 22.6164 & 211.1981\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}441.8542 & 9.90 E+37 & 22.56106 & 211.7078\end{array}$ $442.2555 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.58337 \quad 212.641$ $442.4944 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.61816 \quad 213.1262$ 442.7661 9.90E+37 $22.63172 \quad 213.6587$ 443.1119 978.9708 $22.69504 \quad 214.1287$ $\begin{array}{llllll}443.4372 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.69352 & 214.6173\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}443.8971 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.70827 & 215.5455\end{array}$ $444.1224 \quad 197.986 \quad 22.68486 \quad 216.0912$ $\begin{array}{llll}444.4364 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.67905 & 216.529\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}444.6712 & -156.585 & 22.68395 & 216.9639\end{array}$ $444.9698-34.492 \quad 22.66389 \quad 217.3847$ $\begin{array}{llllll}445.126 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.71551 & 217.8451\end{array}$ 445.4839 9.90E+37 $22.72611 \quad 218.2566$ 445.649 9.90E+37 22.76919218 .6696 $\begin{array}{llll}445.9451 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.73407 & 219.0515\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}446.1509 & 9.90 E+37 & 22.76268 & 219.4669\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rrrr}168.197 & 28.33856 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 434.6583 \\ 169.3088 & 28.43475 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 435.9276 \\ 170.7799 & 28.93221 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 437.0807\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}171.955 & 29.28829 & 199.7651 & 438.0292\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}172.9476 & 29.50016 & 9.90 E+37 & 438.9137\end{array}$ $174.188630 .099449 .90 \mathrm{E}+37439.6887$ $\begin{array}{llllll}175.1361 & 29.846 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 440.3947\end{array}$ $176.194430 .54742 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37441.0736$ $177.306830 .808489 .90 \mathrm{E}+37441.7646$ 178.144730 .48324 9.90E+37 442.2988 $179.0776 \quad 31.3192$ 9.90E+37 442.9058 $179.9382 \quad 31.39173$ 9.90E+37 443.4503 $\begin{array}{llllll}180.8565 & 31.92979 & 9.90 E+37 & 444.0244\end{array}$ 181.766932 .53102 9.90E+37 444.4956 182.511831 .63838 9.90E+37 444.9652 $\begin{array}{llllllll}183.2488 & 32.74204 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 445.5384\end{array}$ 184.154933 .07645454 .1419446 .0152 $185.0005 \quad 32.12848$ 9.90E+37 446.4703 185.772533 .35992 9.90E+37 446.8754 $186.5214 \quad 33.3913$ 9.90E+37 447.2501 187.224234 .12751 9.90E+37 447.6162 $188.0695 \quad 34.53329$ 9.90E+37 448.1029 $\begin{array}{lllll}188.7453 & 35.12717 & 9.90 E+37 & 448.551\end{array}$ $189.528934 .62836 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37449.0072$ $190.291534 .936119 .90 \mathrm{E}+37449.3322$ 190.824535 .49636 9.90E+37 449.6865 $191.4648 \quad 36.276941099 .299450 .0178$ $\begin{array}{llllll}192.2551 & 36.4026 & 935.4537 & 450.3861\end{array}$ 192.707936 .40104130 .3377450 .6787 $\begin{array}{lllllllll}193.4345 & 36.83081 & 9.90 E+37 & 450.999\end{array}$ 193.836137 .32827 9.90E+37 451.2843 $194.4376 \quad 37.1098$ 9.90E+37 451.5663 $195.0791 \quad 37.259169 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 451.879$ 195.782337 .13239 9.90E+37 452.1797 $196.489937 .30874 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37452.4687$ 196.944738 .38551358 .7594452 .6921 197.454937 .99429 9.90E +37452.9918 $198.0071 \quad 38.7157$ 9.90E+37 453.203 $198.5068 \quad 38.29427$ 9.90E+37 453.4634 198.915738 .44651 9.90E +37453.7641 $199.5742 \quad 39.5365$ 9.90E+37 453.9104 199.984639 .03629392 .2758454 .2142 200.555939 .45257 9.90E+37 454.4599 $200.9322 \quad 40.37528 \quad 1248.258454 .6841$ $201.3957 \quad 39.73795 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 454.944$ $201.927740 .61573 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37455.1809$ $202.477 \quad 40.78558$ 9.90E+37 455.346 $202.7788 \quad 40.50495$ 9.90E+37 455.5984 203.421841 .40869238 .6054455 .7627 203.801541 .63795388 .2537456 .0123 204.278840 .67963 9.90E +37456.2034 204.654341 .14826 9.90E+37 456.4083 205.001242 .28543 9.00E+37 456.6001 $205.4269 \quad 41.4083 \quad 492.1684 \quad 456.8185$ $446.3898 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.7413 \quad 219.8257$

TIME 18:28:24 18:33:36 18:38:49 18:44:01 18:49:13 79.16386 18:54:26 18:59:38 $\quad 80.83776$ 19:04:50 81.0117 19:10:03 80.89646 19:15:15 81.45679 19:20:28 81.92458 19:25:40 82.0498 19:30:52 82.37124 19:36:05 82.69825 19:41:17 83.29418 19:46:30 82.76065 19:51:42 83.33191 19:56:54 83.47214 20:02:07 84.57838 20:07:19 85.03128 20:12:31 85.47637 20:17:44 85.43365 20:22:56 84.84773 20:28:08 85.93832 20:33:21 86.52321 20:38:33 86.75303 20:43:45 86.71299 20:48:58 87.7464 20:54:10 87.33041 20:59:22 87.94565 21:04:35 88.13629 21:09:47 88.43305 21:15:00 88.59717 21:20:12 89.18038 21:25:24 89.40434 21:30:37 89.45825 21:35:49 89.87607 21:41:01 89.9302 21:46:14 90.17135 21:51:26 90.64072 21:56:38 90.77468 22:01:51 90.77625 22:07:03 90.80539 22:12:15 91.05305 22:17:28 91.21034 22:22:40 91.24914 22:27:53 92.05481 22:33:05 92.51796 22:38:17 92.31083 22:43:29 92.57419 22:48:42 92.90678 22:53:54 92.68994 22:59:07 92.93157 23:04:19 92.82227 23:09:31 92.96295 23:14:44 93.87308

Chan. 2 Chan. 3 Chan. 4 $446.5146 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.80572$ $446.8271 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.82225$ 447.0357 9.90E+37 22.85622 $447.248 \quad 273.6139 \quad 22.8458$ $447.38181321 .353 \quad 22.83029$ 447.6959849 .900722 .82595 $447.9321 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.83184$ $448.1688 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.81456$ $448.2517 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.81869$ 448.4194 9.90E+37 22.79188 $448.6349 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.80958$ $448.8403 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.80605$ $449.0042435 .1463 \quad 22.8173$ $\begin{array}{llll}449.1576 & 1365.422 & 22.82335\end{array}$ $449.4859 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.80591$ $449.7088 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.80677$ $449.7633 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.81422$ $450.0045 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.79397$ 450.2053 9.90E+37 22.73712 $450.3621 \quad 367.156222 .74018$ $450.5843889 .9282 \quad 22.69274$ 450.7708 9.90E+37 22.70056 450.9226473 .092422 .72435 450.9483 9.90E+37 22.72968 $451.2207 \quad 274.2777 \quad 22.72646$ 451.3094 9.90E+37 22.72116 $451.4909 \quad 567.6375 \quad 22.71695$ $451.6635 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.7487$. $451.76623 .92445 \quad 22.76027$ $451.9039 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.7645$ 228.6137 $\begin{array}{lllll}452.0112 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.70886 & 228.814\end{array}$ $452.1989 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.75427 \quad 229.0426$ $452.3938 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.74728$ $\begin{array}{lllll}452.5244 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.72528 & 229.4923\end{array}$ $452.5397 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.74278 \quad 229.6414$ $\begin{array}{lllll}452.7635 & 9.90 E+37 & 22.7199 & 229.8423\end{array}$ 452.8515 9.90E +3722.67209 452.8602 9.90E $+37 \quad 22.66536$ $453.061 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.64072$ $453.18969 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.62703$ $453.3446 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.62923$ $453.4016 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.61527$ 453.5091 9.90E+37 22.62154 453.6154 9.90E+37 22.61983 $453.72549 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.61372$ $453.7656 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.62869$ 453.8718 9.90E $+37 \quad 22.6412$ $454.0563 \quad 31.27616 \quad 22.67937$ $454.1349-67.3432 \quad 22.69268$ $454.2285 \quad$ 日. $90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.67305$ $454.3239 .90 \mathrm{E}+3722.66708$ $454.346 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.63574$ $454.4971 \quad 1203.604 \quad 22.64581 \quad 232.8164$ $454.49379 .90 \mathrm{E}+3722.63464$ $454.59 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.66619$ $454.6737 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.62861$ 222.8216209 223.2653209

Chan. 5 Chan. 6
Chan. 6 Chan. 7
Chan. 7 Chan. 8 Chan. 8 220.2167206 .38794164833 $\begin{array}{llllll}220.5732 & 206.6537 & 42.39388 & 443.4588 & 457.3557\end{array}$ $220.9679207 .135441 .58425 \quad 9.90 E+37457.6112$ $\begin{array}{llllll}221.2864 & 207.5047 & 41.61598 & 954.5844 & 457.8247\end{array}$
$221.605 \quad 207.9006 \quad 42.29902 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 457.9142$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}221.9923 & 208.1358 & 42.01976 & 497.9308 & 458.1113\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}222.3336 & 208.4177 & 42.15599 & 12.84289 & 458.2798\end{array}$ $222.6203 \quad 208.872142 .51439 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 458.4476$ 209.2208 42.01808 $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ 458.6394 223.564142 .3242 9.90E+37 458.7671 $\begin{array}{llllll}223.8732 & 210.205 & 42.38253 & 9.90 E+37 & 459.0958\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}224.1914 & 210.4929 & 42.44024 & -198.346 & 459.2227\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}224.4798 & 210.8245 & 42.84472 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 459.466\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}224.7783 & 211.2559 & 42.81351 & 85.09417 & 459.634\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}225.0369 & 211.5516 & 43.17795 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 459.7984\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}225.3195 & 211.7528 & 43.11562 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 459.9201\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}225.5962 & 212.0161 & 43.21403 & 9.90 E+37 & 460.1032\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}225.8503 & 212.4796 & 44.09972 & 9.90 E+37 & 460.2541\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}226.1451 & 212.6326 & 45.05805 & 9.90 E+37 & 460.4151\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}226.3597 & 213.1359 & 44.73707 & 488.4797 & 460.5218\end{array}$ 226.635213 .2975 226.9059213 .4873 $44.47351 \quad 317.7883 \quad 460.575$ $44.3638 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 460.7577$ 44.64707 9.90E+37 460.883 45.22181131 .386461 .0423 $45.55349 \quad 9.90 E+37461.1617$ $44.92534 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 461.3287$ 45.15642 9.90E +37461.4379 $44.93667 \quad 533.7129 \quad 461.5592$ $44.77902 \quad 973.8268 \quad 461.6283$ 45.09173 9.90E +37461.7362 $45.86153 \quad 266.6363461 .8805$ $45.20078 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 461.9755$ 45.19983120 .7105462 .0964 $45.89818 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 462.2465$ $46.790839 .90 \mathrm{E}+37462.3452$ $46.56936 \quad 1318.433 \quad 462.3815$ $46.99194 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 462.4925$ 46.28615 9.90E+37 462.5786 $47.722859 .90 E+37462.7258$ $47.8656 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 462.7637$ $46.92242 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37462.8293$ $47.505539 .90 \mathrm{E}+37462.9466$ 47.57941 9.90E+37 463.0235 $46.73553 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 463.1088$ 47.19407 9.90E+37 463.1895 $47.587149 .90 E+37463.2831$ $47.075 \quad 742.9988 \quad 463.3613$ $47.25214 \quad 738.2338 \quad 463.481$
$48.43023 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 463.5029$ $48.4569 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 463.6359$ $48.76919 .90 E+37463.6672$ $48.53065 \quad 9.90 E+37463.7358$ $47.27188 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37463.7998$ $\begin{array}{lllll}233.1164 & 219.8068 & 48.66576 & 9.90 E+37 & 463.9272 \\ 233.2423 & 220.0293 & 48.47205 & 9.90 E+37 & 463.9652\end{array}$

TIME
23:19:56 23:25:08 23:30:21 23:35:33 23:40:46 23:45:58 23:51:10 23:56:23 0:01:35 0:06:47 95.8198 0:12:00 95.20828 0:17:12 95.38137 0:22:25 96.17625 0:27:37 96.73559 0:32:49 96.12883 0:38:02 96.12665 0:43:14 96.43893 0:48:26 96.37957 0:53:39 96.34834 0:58:51 96.32259 1:04:04 96.77367 1:09:16 96.84686 1:14:28 97.09561 1:19:41 96.94737 1:24:53 97.09545 1:30:05 96.26392 1:35:18 96.8422 1:40:30 97.65625 1:45:43 98.06435 1:50:55 97.77847 1:56:07 97.73028 2:01:20 97.58206 2:06:32 97.66934 2:11:44 98.32601 2:16:57 98.12813 2:22:09 98.17265 2:27:21 98.45117 2:32:34 98.07402 2:37:46 99.53962 2:42:58 98.39812 2:48:11 97.89642 2:53:23 98.28548 2:58:36 99.23971 3:03:48 98.44304 3:09:00 $\quad 98.1187$ 3:14:13 98.85009 3:19:25 99.26742 3:24:37 99.57268 3:29:50 98.93909 3:35:02 98.35656 3:40:15 99.51239 3:45:27 99.34212 3:50:39 100.0301 3:55:52 99.2475 4:01:04 100.0104
$\begin{array}{llllllll}4: 06: 16 & 100.455 & 457.5671 & 9.90 E+37 & 22.68141 & 237.9049\end{array}$

Chan. 2 Chan. 3 Chan. 4 Chan 5 $454.8871278 .9048 \quad 22.6524 \quad 233.3961$ $454.9263 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.68628 \quad 233.5399$ $455.01019 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.70479 \quad 233.6554$ $455.0897 \quad 674.4219 \quad 22.6817 \quad 233.7885$ $455.2401 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.70755 \quad 233.9032$ $455.22819 .90 E+37 \quad 22.68307 \quad 234.0301$ $455.2776 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.69981 \quad 234.1309$ $455.46339 .90 \mathrm{E}+3722.69052$ 455.5032 9.90E+37 22.66451 455.5097 9.90E $+37 \quad 22.62885$ 455.617 9.90E $+37 \quad 22.6723$ 455.6259 9.90E +3722.66705 $455.71429 .90 E+3722.64798$ 455.7731 9.90E+37 22.66836 $455.8329 \quad 431.5493 \quad 22.6771$ 455.9367 9.90E+37 22.72228 $455.9593 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.67742$ 456.0193 9.90E+37 22.64514 $456.0897 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.64918$ $456.1708 \quad 285.002 \quad 22.64798$ $456.1928 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.67734$ $456.2705492 .9518 \quad 22.66201$ $456.3432 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.65687$ 456.3642 9.90E+37 22.66469 $456.4129 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.66279$ 456.5141 9.90E+37 22.65505 456.578 9.90E +3722.65864 $456.5396 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.65074$ $456.4927 \quad 599.8374 \quad 22.6506$ 456.6216 905.0429 22.63298 456.6765 9.90E+37 22.62253 456.7133 9.90E+37 22.63196 456.7779 9.90E+37 22.62687 $456.8233163 .2741 \quad 22.62092$ 456.8547 9.90E+37 22.63239 456.8971 0.90E+37 22.66351 456.9821463 .616922 .63933 456.9596 9.90E+37 22.68521 $457.0119 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.74878 \quad 237.0288$ $\begin{array}{llll}457.0618 & 9.90 E+37 & 22.7398 & 237.1355\end{array}$ $457.0831-119.101 \quad 22.70412 \quad 237.1632$ $457.1273 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.71042 \quad 237.2309$ $\begin{array}{llll}457.2663 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.6899 & 237.298\end{array}$ $457.1933 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.69935 \quad 237.3425$ $457.3168 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.72644 \quad 237.4312$ $457.33041078 .066 \quad 22.74701 \quad 237.4795$ $457.3821 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.74363 \quad 237.5443$ $457.4043 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 22.76608 \quad 237.5786$ $457.4651 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.75416 \quad 237.6376$ $\begin{array}{lllll}457.4395 & 9.90 E+37 & 22.74805 & 237.6762\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}457.4646 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.76528 & 237.7136\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}457.517 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 22.75429 & 237.7826\end{array}$ $457.6101 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.74594 \quad 237.8464$ $457.6189 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 22.72853 \quad 237.8633$ $457.5896 \quad 803.165422 .68395 \quad 237.883$

Chan. 6 $220.123347 .66831 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $220.380447 .27125 \quad 5.416735$ $220.331547 .85469 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $220.531647 .29635 \quad 596.028$ 220.744947 .87282 9.90E+37 $220.716347 .86035 \quad 910.0894$ $220.897947 .47688 \quad 9.90 E+37$ 221.021148 .05305 9.90E+37 $221.170349 .07219 \quad 283.3543$ $\begin{array}{lllll}221.1728 & 47.85451 & 1131.384 & 464.6018\end{array}$ $221.4309 \quad 48.61674 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 464.6705$ $\begin{array}{lllll}221.3817 & 47.86325 & 9.90 E+37 & 464.7004\end{array}$ $221.5731 \quad 47.8522 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 464.8224$ $\begin{array}{lllll}221.7048 & 48.40183 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 464.8415\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}221.8193 & 47.72967 & 1305.385 & 464.861\end{array}$ $221.9413 \quad 47.74717 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 464.9223$ $221.967447 .75342 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 464.9256$ 222.11248 .55251 9.90E +37465.0188 222.183447 .70827 9.90E +37465.0377 $\begin{array}{lllll}222.2481 & 48.58052 & -101.229 & 465.1091\end{array}$ $222.3566 \quad 49.58917 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 465.2123$ $222.576449 .845259 .90 E+37 \quad 465.1886$ $222.6166 \quad 49.05079 \quad 882.3858 \quad 465.2334$ $222.6686 \quad 49.13676 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 465.2838$ $\begin{array}{lllll}222.9848 & 50.3776 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 465.3038\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}222.9232 & 48.26954 & 1276.631 & 465.343\end{array}$ $222.9753 \quad 49.83791 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 465.4046$ $222.9409 \quad 49.81522 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 465.434$ $\begin{array}{lllll}223.0784 & 49.22206 & 987.9853 & 465.516\end{array}$ $223.047849 .36217-49.2154465 .4843$ $223.161449 .27145 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 465.5479$ $223.3325 \quad 49.165 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 465.5701$ $223.372 \quad 48.40663 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 465.5748$ $223.388 \quad 49.83724 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 465.73$ $223.6163 \quad 50.72088 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 465.7062$ $223.5947 \quad 49.19981 \quad 199.2563 \quad 465.7561$ $223.627450 .60896-169.482 \quad 465.69$ $223.6971 \quad 47.89997 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 465.7364$ $223.773 \quad 48.74278 \quad 9.80 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 465.8195$ $223.7743-49.03646 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 465.8745$ $\begin{array}{llllll}223.8563 & 48.71309 & 4.827201 & 465.8432\end{array}$ $223.8707 \cdot 48.67462 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 465.924$ $224.2093 \quad 48.71019 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 465.9969$ $224.282148 .91912 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 466.0072$ $\begin{array}{llllll}224.0759 & 47.6315 & 9.90 E+37 & 466.0338\end{array}$ $224.351148 .41714 \quad 675.7146 \quad 466.1377$ $\begin{array}{llll}224.2558 & 48.23272 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 466.1146\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}224.4491 & 48.91237 & 9.90 E+37 & 466.1722\end{array}$ $224.3915 \quad 48.55659 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 466.1893$ $224.37248 .91283 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 466.1764$ $\begin{array}{lllll}224.4282 & 48.78756 & 1058.284 & 466.2151\end{array}$ $224.6614 \quad 49.69205 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 466.2546$ $224.5576 \quad 48.48175 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 466.2872$ $224.559448 .75629 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 466.2362$ $\begin{array}{lllll}224.7278 & 49.12351 & 9.90 E+37 & 466.3045\end{array}$ $224.7379 \quad 50.56864 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 466.3081$

Chan. 9
464.0355
464.1333 464.2283 464.2181 464.3187 464.3441 464.4519 464.4837 464.564
465.9256 65.7561
465.69
465.924
465.9969
466.1764
466.2151
466.2546
466.2872
466.2362
466.3045

|  | Chan. 1 |  | Chan 3 |  | Chan 5 | Chan. 6 | Chan. 7 | Chan 8 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4:11:2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 823.8788 |  |
| 4:16:4 | 100. | 457.59 | 1148 | 22.72 | 238. | 224. | 49.1 | 9.8 | 466.338 |
| 4:21:5 | 100.3646 | 457.727 | 9.90 | 22.74 | 238. | 224. | 48.42 | 9.90 | 72 |
| 4:27:06 | 99.33 | 457.7079 | 8.90 | 22.7 | 238. | 224.8987 | 49. | 9.9 | 466.3795 |
| 4:32:18 | 100.013 | 457.78 | 9.90 | 22.7151 | 238.1 | 224.759 | 49.361 | 9.90 | 466.4324 |
| 4:37:31 | 99.8155 | 457.83 | 9.90E | 22.7482 | 238.2 | 224.993 | 49.4321 | 9.90 | 466.4726 |
| 2:4 | 100.6 | 仡 | 9.9 | 22.7473 | 238.25 | 224.95 | 48 |  | 9 |
| 4:47:5 | 100.238 | 457.8282 | 9.90E | 22.746 | 238.27 | 225.184 | 48.6747 | 9.90 | 466.4901 |
| 4:53:08 | 99 | 457.8 | 8.90 | 22.77765 | 238.317 | 225.050 | 48.5617 | 8.9 | 466.5258 |
| 4:58:20 | 100.3001 | 457.8 | 364.767 | 22.76 | 238 | 225.090 | 49.0286 | 219. | 466.5833 |
| 5:03:32 | 98.7702 | 457.9077 | 9.90E+37 | 22.7972 | 838.4 | 225.21 | 48.20 | 8.9 | 466.5646 |
| 5:08:45 | 99.0072 | 457.94 | 9.90E+ | 22.801 | 238.44 | 225.297 | 48.2441 | 102 | 466 |
| 5:13:57 | 100 | 57.960 | 9.9 | 22.75518 | 238.4 | 22 | 49.34 | 9.90E+37 | 466.6068 |
| 5:19:10 | 100.0 | 457.87 | 682. | 22.76013 | 88.4 | 225. | 48.4 | 1. | 46 |
| 5:24:22 | 100.3 | 457.9772 | 9.90 | 22.75062 | 238.5 | 225.3 | 49.56 | 9.9 | 466.669 |
| 5:29:34 | 99.7357 | 457.998 | 9.90 | 22.77476 | 238.5 | 225 | 49.6221 | 9.90 | 486.6906 |
| 5:34:47 | 100.231 | 457.9767 | 9.90 | 22.7583 | 238.5 | 225 | 49.0 | 957 | 466.7377 |
| 5:39:59 | 99.76 | 458.0213 | 9.90 | 22.73268 | 238. | 225 | 48.66 | 9.90 | 466.668 |
| 5:45:12 | 100.3 | 458.0622 | 9.90 | 22.7099 | 238.6 | 225.2 | 48.73 | 9.90 | 466.7196 |
| 5:50:24 | 100 | 458.0741 | 9.90 E | 71 | 238 | 225.367 | 50.4881 | 9.90 |  |
| 55:3 | 100.501 | 458.152 | 1128.70 | 757 | 238.717 | 225.504 | 48.9 | 990.5 | 15 |
| 6:00:49 | 101. | 458.181 | 9.90E+ | 22.7825 | 238.7558 | 225.4288 | 48.963 | 9.90E+37 | 466.7954 |
| 6:06:01 | 100.8 | 458. | 543.36 | 22.8227 | 238.781 | 225.39 | 48.94162 | 1082.043 | 466.7753 |
| 6:11:13 | 100. | 458.0912 | 644.687 | 22.8 | 238.7868 | 225.499 | 48.9573 | -134.059 | 466.813 |
| 6:16:26 | 101. | 458. | 9.90E+3 | 2.76 | 238.8103 | 225.451 | 49.5253 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 466.9133 |
| 6:21:38 | 100.5382 | 458.1634 | 9.90E+3 | 22.715 | 238.8477 | 225.675 | 48.628 | 9.90E+37 | 1 |
| 6:26:51 | 100.1 | 458.2682 | 9.90E+3 | 22.7 | 238.8717 | 225.7816 | 48.9735 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |  |
| 6:32:03 | 100.3969 | 458.2 | 9.90E+37 | 22.71 | 238. | 225.562 | 48.98 | 9.90E+37 | 17 |
| 6:37:15 | 100.3 | 458. | 9.90E+3 | 22.73 | 238 | 225.566 | 49.3 | 256.4163 |  |
| 6:42:28 | 100.4 | 458.2 | 9.90E+37 | 22.75 | 238 | 225.540 | 48.6 | OE+ | 466 |
| 6:47:40 | 101.162 | 458.2543 | 9.90E+37 | 22.76 | 238. | 225.776 | 49.9039 | 41.93 | 466.8243 |
| 6:5 | 101.1497 | 458.289 | 9.90E+37 | 2.7 | 238. | 225.611 | 50.8 | 9.90E+37 | 66.8577 |
| 6:5 | 101.1068 | 458.208 | 9.90E+37 | 22.7 | 239 | 225.6137 | 49.1 | 867.367 | 66 |
| 7:03 | 100.4747 | 458.3272 | 9.90E | 22.7 | 239. | 225.7257 | 50.83403 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 466. |
| 7:08 | 101.7549 | 458.2 | 325.049 | 22.7 | 239.088 | 225.6048 | 49.12812 | 9.80E+37 | 66.8238 |
| 7:13:42 | 101.9937 | 458.2608 | 9.90E+37 | 22.7950 | 239.1023 | 225.69 | 49.89109 | 9.90E+37 | 466.789 |
| 7:18:54 | 101.3 | 458.236 | 9.90E | 22.82 | 239.107 | 225.732 | 49.0395 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 466.864 |
| 24:07 | 100 | 458.257 | 1025.56 | 22.79225 | 239.1208 | 225.769 | 48.96718 | 9.90E+37 | 466.8982 |
| 7:29:19 | 101.2523 | 458.258 | 9.90E+3 | 22.7622 | 239.129 | 225.578 | 49.9734 | 9.90E+37 | 466.817 |
| 7:34:31 | 100.8 | 458.307 | 9.90E+37 | 22.72 | 239.17 | 225.709 | 50.06323 | 9.90E+37 | 466. |
| 7:39:44 | 100.9739 | 458.297 | 9.80E+37 | 22.75095 | 239.1744 | 225.7564 | 51.7616 | 9.90E+37 | 466.8576 |
| 7:44:56 | 101.0401 | 458.4137 | 9.90E+37 | 22.76287 | 239.1903 | 225.8007 | 50.56802 | 9.90E+37 | 466.8926 |
| 7:50:08 | 100.3072 | 458 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 22.7484 | 239. | 225.7624 | 50.78827 | 9.90E+37 | 466.9201 |
| 55 | 102 |  | 9.8 | 22. | 239 | 225. | 51 | 9.90 | 66 |


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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13:47:16 | 9.9 | 47 | 28 | 23. | 9.9 | 9.9 | 94.87942 | 458.0742 |  |
| 13:52:28 | 9.9 | 48. | 28.7 | 23 | 27 | $9.90 E+37$ | 9.90 | 9.90E+37 |  |
| 13:57:40 | 9.9 | 49.5 |  | 23. | 9.90 | 136 | 1121 | 400.7836 | -47.6556 |
| 14:02:53 | 9.90 | 50 | 29.54 | 23.2852 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+$ | 90E | -180.7 | 8, | .90E+3 |
| 14:08:05 | 9.8 | 51.2 | 29.83386 | . 2 | 526. | 644.7138 | 888. | 9. | 73.7024 |
|  | 9.9 | 51 | 29.79824 | 23.20195 | 90 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 | 4.95806 |
|  | 9.9 | 52 | 30 | 23.1 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |  |  | -181.581 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 23.1 |  |  |  |  |  |

TIME Chan. 10 Chan. 11 Chan. 12 14:28:55 9.90E+37 $54.43465 \quad 31.51137$ 14:34:07 9.90E $+37 \quad 55.22774 \quad 32.03976$ 14:39:19 9.90E+37 $54.78818 \quad 32.05445$ 14:44:32 9.90E+37 $56.03351 \quad 32.71389$ 14:49:44 9.90E+37 $56.6012 \quad 33.12209$ 14:54:57 9.90E+37 $58.1377 \quad 33.58659$ 15:00:09 $\quad 1276.64 \quad 58.78156 \quad 34.12859$ 15:05:21 9.90E+37 59.4554434 .40198 15:10:34 9.90E+37 60.50765 34.58253 15:15:46 9.90E+37 60.8681435 .58995 15:20:58 68.66839 61.6011635 .94145 15:26:11 9.90E+37 $62.24159 \quad 36.34783$ 15:31:23 $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 61.14131 \quad 36.49074$ 15:36:36 9.90E+37 $63.35453 \quad 37.16279$ 15:41:48 $59.15469 \quad 64.07105 \quad 37.65626$ 15:47:00 9.90E+37 64.6157938 .03852 15:52:13 9.90E+37 $65.15472 \quad 38.44451$ 15:57:25 9.90E+37 65.64446 $\quad 38.86028$ 16:02:37 9.90E+37 $65.3981 \quad 39.14986$ 16:07:50 373.068966 .8414439 .62938 16:13:02 9.90E+37 67.5301240 .07997 16:18:14 9.90E+37 $67.52113 \quad 40.30453$ 16:23:27 9.90E+37 68.40624 40.62524 16:28:39 9.90E+37 67.0913541 .41056 16:33:52 9.90E+37 66.91341 41.71095 16:39:04 9.90E+37 $68.44168 \quad 42.02011$ 16:44:16 9.90E+37 $70.21869 \quad 42.34039$ 16:49:29 9.90E+37 70.6030442 .62687 16:54:41 9.90E+37 $71.21463 \quad 43.12076$ 16:59:53 9.90E+37 $71.56268 \quad 43.3973$ 17:05:06 9.90E $+37 \quad 72.07408 \quad 43.82141$ 17:10:18 9.90E+37 $72.78125 \quad 44.12574$ 17:15:31 $808.2056 \quad 71.9 \quad 44.37138$ 17:20:43 $1198.088 \quad 71.48477 \quad 44.80042$ 17:25:55 9.90E+37 $73.52897 \quad 45.15629$ 17:31:08 9.90E+37 $73.12379 \quad 45.55415$ 17:36:20 9.90E+37 $74.82666 \quad 45.8558$ 17:41:32 9.90E+37 $73.91438 \quad 46.17179$ 17:46:45 9.90E+37 $74.0987 \quad 46.54004$ 17:51:57 9.90E+37 $75.93908 \quad 46.83242$ $\begin{array}{lllll}17: 57: 10 & 9.90 E+37 & 76.33896 & 47.30171\end{array}$ 18:02:22 9.90E+37 $75.04726 \quad 47.51909$ 18:07:34 $-77.2166 \quad 75.46409 \quad 47.93493$ 18:12:47 9.90E+37 $77.3795 \quad 48.18302$ 18:17:59 9.90E $+37 \quad 75.97508 \quad 48.70325$ 18:23:11 410.161375 .8571148 .93643 18:28:24 $404.3249 \quad 76.4456 \quad 49.22239$ 18:33:36 $\quad 747.835 \quad 76.58094 \quad 49.65469$ 18:38:49 984.1155 $77.09637 \quad 49.83018$ 18:44:01 $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 77.45543 \quad 50.14163$ 18:49:13 9.90E+37 $77.83207 \quad 50.33401$ 18:54:26 $\quad 479.61 \quad 77.7761 \quad 50.8849$ 18:59:38 $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 77.74491 \quad 50.99273$ 19:04:50 $9.90 E+37 \quad 78.10128 \quad 51.23102$ 19:10:03 9.90E+37 $78.87667 \quad 51.33954$ 19:15:15 9.90E+37 $78.64395 \quad 51.85759$

Chan. 13 Chan. 14 Chan. 15 Chan. 16 Chan. 17 Chan. 18 $23.05808 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad-173.039 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}23.00903 & 9.90 E+37 & 1180.559 & 482.7172 & -31.6123 & 184.2522\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllll}23.04155 & 668.6898 & 218.4094 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & -49.1876\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}22.98305 & 844.9425 & 881.1498 & 845.4702 & 230.9071 & -32.9755\end{array}$ $22.9478479 .0312585 .3959719 .7866 \quad 238.379 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}22.8642 & -100.335 & 150.2712 & 453.0296 & 188.1789 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37\end{array}$ 22.8777 9.90E+37 $9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37-131.134 \quad 9.90 E+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}22.89377 & 1285.221 & 1225.839 & 869.6637 & 242.0944 & -90.4409\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}22.93647 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.80 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 47.42754\end{array}$ $22.9478 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad-184.83 \quad 74.21939 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}22.89281 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 655.5554 & 30.36684 & 19.94254\end{array}$ $22.804949 .90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 204.4222$ $22.929299 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllllll}22.91475 & 116.1885 & 274.0038 & 544.3284 & 249.53 & 9.90 E+37\end{array}$ $22.93399 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ 9.90E+37 $\begin{array}{llllllll}22.89723 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 621.0635 & 19.28629 & 74.19667\end{array}$ $22.88191 \quad 168.132 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 98.45406$ $22.92835 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad-31.3712$ $22.982849 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37-46.8126$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}23.00925 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 677.0603 & 39.69584 & -12.6541\end{array}$ $22.99267 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $23.004219 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}23.0415 & -39.6459 & 150.258 & 460.3241 & 164.2221 & 9.90 E+37\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}23.09384 & 1217.458 & 1180.224 & 877.1291 & 215.8954 & -43.6376\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}23.14637 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 52.30661 & 76.43556 & 9.90 E+37\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}23.19617 & 856.128 & 884.903 & 849.2484 & 331.2347 & -181.68\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}23.22427 & 1195.327 & 1150.27 & 883.3955 & 253.2401 & -107.113\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}23.23696 & 550.1571 & 137.9294 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & -100.666\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}23.27131 & 636.7228 & 204.5739 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 91.16672\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}23.3106 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 1191.315 & 367.3076 & 26.97178\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}23.38451 & -80.4968 & 113.099 & 513.3029 & 387.524 & -20.5061\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}23.43278 & 962.2759 & 424.6017 & -105.501 & 9.90 E+37 & 165.3173\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}23.51348 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 1070.782 & 307.0578 & 80.24718\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}23.55166 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}23.64686 & 9.90 E+37 & 1279.32 & 483.9004 & -37.4621 & 151.5062\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllll}23.682 & -118.558 & 93.59707 & 506.207 & 410.7236 & 20.40867\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}23.72893 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 227.0078 & 299.8394 & -28.4795\end{array}$ $23.805819 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}23.85821 & 1066.182 & 1058.291 & 1034.554 & 430.5471 & -32.5408\end{array}$ $23.93056 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $23.982239 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 5.264826$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}24.03416 & -52.8143 & 142.7517 & 457.5327 & 166.7338 & 9.90 E+37\end{array}$ $24.09999 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}24.1655 & 9.90 E+37 & 1108.891 & 406.7407 & -74.5252 & 180.4438\end{array}$ $24.215919 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 33.90231$ $24.259369 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37-161.746$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}24.34578 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 919.4784 & 220.912 & -108.147\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}24.40101 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 848.1053 & 142.9138 & 17.88613\end{array}$ $24.40095 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad-93.9523$ $24.44955 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37: 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37-58.7812$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}24.52021 & 823.0128 & 336.0638 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 147.7511\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}24.53422 & 1207.76 & 1157.05 & 840.8729 & 202.0508 & 15.81185\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}24.6092 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & -26.4794\end{array}$ $24.67606 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 567.7944 \quad-17.2235 \quad 77.82596$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}24.71699 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & -63.3597\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}24.78805 & 9.90 E+37 & 912.1878 & 256.9403 & -171.661 & 134.0522\end{array}$

TIME Chan. 10 Chan. 11 19:20:28 9.90E+37 19:25:40 9.90E+37 19:30:52 1308.285 19:36:05 9.90E+37 19:41:17 909.7673 19:46:30 9.90E+37 19:51:42 172.8731 19:56:54 9.90E+37 81.06103 20:02:07 9.90E+37 81.01071 20:07:19 9.90E+37 82.96769 20:12:31 9.90E+37 81.90752 20:17:44 9.90E+37 81.91556 20:22:56 9.90E+37 81.89411 20:28:08 9.90E+37 82.78521 20:33:21 $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 83.47735$ 20:38:33 365.9557 84.63776 20:43:45 9.90E+37 82.37092 20:48:58 9.90E+37 82.50048 20:54:10 9.90E+37 83.52684 20:59:22 $1319.896 \quad 83.2352$ 21:04:35 9.90E+37 82.73036 21:09:47 699.998785 .88874 21:15:00 9.90E+37 82.68557 21:20:12 9.90E+37 84.19315 21:25:24 $1119.301 \quad 85.67696$ 21:30:37 9.90E+37 86.89553 21:35:49 9.90E+37 86.84247 21:41:01 9.90E+37 86.54607 21:46:14 9.90E $+37 \quad 86.4206$ 21:51:26 9.90E+37 87.36676 21:56:38 394.651688 .11237 22:01:51 9.90E+37 85.41002 22:07:03 9.90E+37 88.1474 22:12:15 $431.5832 \quad 88.4343$ 22:17:28 9.90E+37 88.45318 22:22:40 9.90E+37 86.66481 22:27:53 9.90E+37 87.48332 22:33:05 9.90E+37 87.27094 22:38:17 9.90E+37 87.11428 22:43:29 $\quad 394.6545 \quad 87.77685$ 22:48:42 9.90E+37 89.16071 22:53:54 9.90E+37 88.14334 22:59:07 9.90E+37 89.15523 23:04:19 9.90E+37 88.31001 23:09:31 $752.815 \quad 89.67849$ 23:14:44 9.90E+37 88.94506 23:19:56 9.90E+37 87.94224 23:25:08 9.90E+37 87.7066 23:30:21 9.90E+37 88.44978 23:35:33 9.90E+37 87.90513 23:40:46 9.90E+37 88.53466 23:45:58 99.2758488 .67698 23:51:10 9.90E+37 88.08097 23:56:23 9.90E+37 88.09573 0:01:35 9.90E+37 90.99572 0:06:47 9.90E+37 89.46209


TIME Chan. 10 Chan. 11 Chan. 12 0:12:00 9.90E+37 90.51624 $0: 17: 12 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 89.16253$ 0:22:25 9.90E+37 88.70131 0:27:37 9.90E+37 88.17395 60.8 0:32:49 9.90E+37 $87.882 \quad 61.1905$ 0:38:02 9.90E+37 87.72012 0:43:14 9.90E+37 89.1102 0:48:26 9.90E+37 91.01268 0:53:39 9.90E+37 $89.9271 \quad 61.31431$ 0:58:51 9.90E+37 89.46933 61.49101 1:04:04 220.7531 91.56296 61.48644 1:09:16 $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ 91.51991 1:14:28 $503.9046 \quad 91.69815$ 1:19:41 9.90E+37 90.07605 1:24:53 9.90E+37 92.04541 1:30:05 854.3718 90.30669 1:35:18 $448.2042 \quad 92.39975$ 1:40:30 9.90E+37 90.70883 1:45:43 9.90E+37 89.45887 1:50:55 $9.90 \mathrm{E}+3792.03393$ 1:56:07 9.90E+37 90.46365 2:01:20 $531.027 \quad 91.5311$ 2:06:32 9.90E+37 90.28896 2:11:44 9.90E+37 90.96505 2:16:57 9.90E+37 92.95689 2:22:09 9.90E+37 90.50564 2:27:21 9.90E+37 92.14927 2:32:34 9.90E+37 89.77164 2:37:46 $9.90 \mathrm{E}+3790.79962$ 2:42:58 9.90E+37 90.11653 2:48:11 9.90E+37 $90.58423 \quad 6$ 2:53:23 9.90E+37 $89.88591 \quad 62.6664$ 2:58:36 9.90E+37 90.14153 63.05196 3:03:48 9.90E+37 $90.64863 \quad 62.9529$ 3:09:00 9.90E+37 90.35976 3:14:13 253.4076 90.22251 3:19:25 9.90E+37 90.97216 3:24:37 $1252.497 \quad 90.67076 \quad 6$ $3: 29: 50 \quad 1356.561 \quad 90.90119$ 3:35:02 9.90E+37 90.82537 6 3:40:15 $2.217591 \quad 90.84943$ 3:45:27 9.90E+37 91.76766 3:50:39 $\quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 89.57693$ 3:55:52 9.90E+37 90.71445 4:01:04 9.90E+37 90.81471 4:06:16 $327.4607 \quad 92.58481$ 4:11:29 9.90E+37 90.1041 4:16:41 9.90E+37 91.30812 4:21:54 9.90E+37 90.69302 4:27:06 9.90E+37 92.98874 4:32:18 $334.7071 \quad 92.538736$ 4:37:31 $782.0598 \quad 91.47254$ 4:42:43 9.90E+37 90.5699263 .46783 4:47:55 9.90E+37 91.62034 63.72786 4:53:08 $\quad 1051.73 \quad 91.49282 \quad 63.57217$ 4:58:20 9.90E+37 90.7824963 .95151

Chan. 12
60.74128 60.75863 60.87998 60.86871
61.1905
61.14771 61.38572 61.289762 61.48328 61.54784 61.56123 61.70835 61.72555 61.80869 61.79636

Chan. 13 27.6077 Chan. 14 Chan. 15 Chan. 16 Chan. 17 Chan. 18 $\begin{array}{llllll}.6077 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 351.5439 & 235.8853 & -184.504\end{array}$ $27.67389 .90 \mathrm{E}+379.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37-131.906$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}27.66267 & 9.90 E+37 & 1223.976 & 443.6073 & -30.7816 & 141.4962\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}27.72125 & 9.90 E+37 & 1235.643 & 467.3192 & -20.2677 & 191.7917\end{array}$ $27.77646 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 65.41649$ $27.785829 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad-199.474$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}27.76944 & 9.90 E+37 & 1338.025 & 519.3676 & -7.92682 & 119.2421\end{array}$ $27.848319 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37-141.708$ $27.885319 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 56.26504 \quad-47.6442 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}27.87174 & 726.175 & 780.8368 & 918.9104 & 418.6542 & -72.2072\end{array}$ $27.936369 .90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllllll}27.96456 & 9.90 E+37 & 801.7451 & 174.3001 & 9.90 E+37 & 70.55815\end{array}$ $27.96638 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 938.8976 \quad 269.2484-44.9226$ $28.0316163 .10609 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $28.06859 .90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 75.4039282 .830319 .90 E+37$ $28.07315 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 818.7439 \quad 120.6284 \quad 11.90666$ $28.15226 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37$ $28.10851760 .0802 \quad 299.7593 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 7.659934$ $28.13889 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 43.74763$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}28.19646 & 341.924 & 461.2406 & 628.6343 & 237.131 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37\end{array}$ $28.1921 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 1307.332 \quad 501.6254-102.134-196.311$ 28.19941 9.90E+37 9.90E+37 9.90E+37 9.90E+37 -115.863 $28.25869 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}28.29763 & 152.7509 & 300.8175 & 532.5221 & 184.3903 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}28.34382 & 761.0806 & 303.4099 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & -67.9459\end{array}$ $28.33041 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37-146.346$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}28.40555 & 382.7152 & 489.6665 & 644.9352 & 252.0091 & -166.466\end{array}$ $28.33362 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $28.37917 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad-163.541$ $28.353729 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37-6.35118$ $28.35856 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad-196.419$ $28.37429 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad-23.9246 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}28.4032 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 & 654.364 & 42.18432 & 104.553\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}28.43945 & 9.90 E+37 & 1026.648 & 362.5173 & -108.404 & 146.5043\end{array}$ $28.40755 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37-15.8489 \quad 9.90 E+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}28.41767 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 890.7697 & 162.9581 & 47.724\end{array}$ $28.45693 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad-167.254 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $28.41744 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $28.478349 .90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37$ $28.468349 .90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}28.48241 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 795.692 & 109.5957 & 80.24905\end{array}$ $28.46235 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37-11.5453$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllll}28.49474 & 9.90 E+37 & 840.0636 & 210.8765 & 9.90 E+37 & 92.37977\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}28.55209 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 587.8982 & 15.47197 & 135.2938\end{array}$ $28.56752-149.745 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 151.5073$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}28.57961 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}28.56934 & 1076.748 & 1067.504 & 882.7975 & 298.5475 & -49.6232\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}28.58164 & 121.7376 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 86.31501\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}28.57749 & 1349.191 & 636.5186 & 43.9093 & 9.90 E+37 & 145.255\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}28.62125 & 9.90 E+37 & 9.90 E+37 & 621.0678 & 30.43163 & 110.6544\end{array}$ $28.63378 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37$ $28.67375 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad-120.92 \quad 9.90 E+37$ $28.58413 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad 9.90 E+37 \quad-153.389 \quad 9.90 E+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}28.61187 & 799.2256 & 846.1762 & 819.252 & 229.6608 & -141.178\end{array}$ $28.63322 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37 \quad 9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}28.64592 & 1187.074 & 1124.68 & 806.1958 & 154.1684 & -136.252\end{array}$

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 9.9 | 90. | 63. | 28.5 | 9.9 | 9. | 9.9 | (1) | -38.2231 |
| 08:4 | -19 | 90.901 | 63. | 28.64 | 9.90 | 9.90 | 897.91 | 5 | -4.56272 |
| 3:5 | 9.90E+37 | 91.325 | 63. | 28.602 | 9.90E | 9.90 | -29.9 | 99.5 | 9.90 |
| 19:10 | 814.7082 | 90.32606 | 63.66 | 28.58 | 9.80 | 9.90E | 1180.03 | 405.54 | -3.66476 |
| 5:24:22 | 0.90E+37 | 90.7335 | 63.651 | 28.704 | 9.90E | 1105.192 | 363.7167 | -89.86 | 124.1558 |
| 29:3 | 9.90E+37 | 91.1724 | 63.546 | 28.6811 | 9.90E | 9.90E | 32.47 | -66.2 | 8.90 |
| 34:47 | 9.90 E | 91.56513 | 63.904 | 28.7332 | 9.90E | 9.90E+ | 9.90E+37 | 9.90 | 8.559032 |
| 39:59 | 9.90 E | 1.145 | 63.6860 | 28.6570 | 9.90E+ | 9.90E+37 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 9.90 | -108.391 |
| 45:12 | 9.90E | 90.796 | 63.7300 | 28.6615 | 9.90E+ | 9.90E+3 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90 | 121.2578 |
| 50:2 | 9.90 | 93.92403 | 63.6432 | 28.7182 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 780.129 | 222.1 | -158 | 169.0916 |
| 5:55:36 | 9.90 E | 91.2473 | 63.801 | 28.687 | 296.2 | -152 | 9.90E | 9.90 | -67.9377 |
| 6:00:49 | 9.90 | 91. | 64 | 28.67 | 9.9 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90 | 9.9 | 131 |
| 6:06:01 | 9.9 | 00.94 | 64.1165 | 28.6 | 12.9403 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90 | 9.9 | 17.7 |
| 6:11:13 | 9.90 | 91.4796 | 63.876 | 28. | 9. | 9.90 | 102 | 29 | -35.759 |
| 6:16:26 | 9.90E | 93.1775 | 63.71491 | 28 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+3$ | 9.90 | 574.8806 | 20.99811 | 142.7496 |
| 6:21:38 | 9.90 | 91. | 63.8303 | 28.71705 | 9.90E+3 | 9.90 | 583. | 16. | 154.0033 |
| 6:26:51 | 9.90 | 91.2 | 63.9016 | 28.7663 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 705. | 79. | 5.125634 |
| 6:32:03 | 9.90 | 89.8 | 63 | 8.77 | 9.9 | 9.90 | 514.63 | 2.7 | 156 |
| 6:37:15 | 9.90 | 90.7 | 63. | 8.7 | 9.9 | 9.90E | 956. | 269 | -2.7956 |
| 42:28 | 9.90E+37 | 90. | 63.81503 | 28.7 | 9.90 | 9.90 E | 9.90 | 9.90 | 9. |
| 6:47:40 | 9.90E+37 | 91.78 | 63.8324 | 28.7 | 9.90 | 9.90 E | 9.90 E | 9.90E+37 | 46.4247 |
| :52 | 443.4662 | 93.791 | 63. | 28.85 | 9.90 | 9.90E+ | 9.90 E | 9.90 | 9.90E+37 |
| 58:05 | 170.746 | 92.259 | 63.947 | 28.81 | 9.90 E | 9.90E+37 | 825.56 | 110.813 | -14.0072 |
| 03:17 | 9.90E+37 | 92.5016 | 63.8363 | 28.91168 | 9.90E+37 | 0.90E+37 | 9.90E+ | 9.90E | -6.33814 |
| 7:08:29 | 9.90E+37 | 90.0865 | 63.93313 | 28.82278 | -39.152 | 172.882 | 452.0 | 48.7973 | 9.90E+37 |
| 13:42 | 9.90E+3 | 91.94097 | 64.0272 | 28.8547 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | -164.53 | 9.90E+37 |
| 18:54 | 9.90E+37 | 91.08777 | 63.9173 | 28.89202 | 1327.18 | 606.842 | 5.164655 | -83.065 | 325.0451 |
| 7:24:07 | 834.9072 | 91.42145 | 63.92229 | 28.86123 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+3$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 1161.817 | 342.083 | -85.9469 |
| 7:29:19 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 82.35735 | 64.00958 | 28.8654 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 9.90E+3 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 | -117.276 |
| 7:34:31 | 166.0982 | 93.64989 | 63.86738 | 28.93631 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+3$ | 9.90E+37 | 862.9099 | 145.4181 | 53.93817 |
| 7:39:44 | 9.90E+37 | 92.8919 | 63.84651 | 28.9781 | 802.052 | 351.70 | -159.41 | 9.90E+37 | 144.0085 |
| 7:44:56 | 9.90E+37 | 92.61006 | 64.00126 | 28.9943 | 9.90E+3 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+3$ | 9.90E+37 | -53.277 | 9.90E+37 |
| 7:50:08 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 93.6185 | 63.95921 | 29.05376 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 | 135.438 |
| 55 | 37 | 94. | 63. | 29. | 9.90E | 9.90E+ | 796.926 | -105 | -19 |


| TIME | Chan.19 | Chan. 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13:42:03 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 13:47.16 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 13:52:28 | 333.6758 | 145.4285 |
| 13:57:40 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 90.0057 |
| 14:02:53 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 14:08:05 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | -49.1627 |
| 14:13:18 | 6.57368 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 14:18:30 | 430.4224 | 447.4488 |
| 14:23:42 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 14:28:55 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 14:34:07 | 432.7924 | 444.727 |
| 14:39:19 | 252.2577 | 198.2717 |
| 14:44:32 | 120.4897 | 443.4772 |
| 14:49:44 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 63.28344 |
| 14:54:57 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | -52.0218 |
| 1:00:09 | $9.80 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 15:05:21 | -89.311 | 280.1392 |
| 15:10:34 | 225.8351 | -35.2469 |
| 15:15:46 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |


| ME | 9 | Chan. 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15:20:58 | 204.4224 | 423.3078 |
| 15:26:11 | -76.1808 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 15:31:23 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 15:36:36 | 9.90E+37 | -70.8859 |
| 15:41:48 | 9.90E+37 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 15:47:00 | 280.133 | 409.2714 |
| 15:52:13 | 238.2049 | -8.75055 |
| 15:57:25 | -115.864 | 9.90E+37 |
| 16:02:37 | -51.8587 | 9.90E+37 |
| 16:07:50 | 200.6315 | 428.2707 |
| 16:13:02 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 16:18:14 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 9.90E+37 |
| 16:23:27 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | -45.0436 |
| 16:28:39 | 28.97476 | 365.9631 |
| 16:33:52 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 16:39:04 | 9.90E+37 | -63.5458 |
| 16:44:16 | -87.7595 | 258.0156 |
| 16:49:29 | 140.1453 | 20.40645 |
| 16:54:41 | 299.1637 | 136.6922 |
| 16:59:53 | 130.3335 | 426.8258 |
| 17:05:06 | 8.90E+37 | -75.419 |
| 17:10:18 | 377.5213 | 207.5966 |
| 17:15:31 | 223.2653 | 464.8021 |
| 17:20:43 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 17:25:55 | 411.357 | 432.1034 |
| 17:31:08 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 17:36:20 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 17:41:32 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 17:46:45 | -90.92 | 219.5002 |
| 17:51:57 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 17:57:10 | -40.7083 | 9.90E+37 |
| 18:02:22 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 1.323548 |
| 18:07:34 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 18:12:47 | 433.9615 | 410.4988 |
| 18:17:59 | 119.5076 | 9.90E+37 |
| 18:23:11 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 9.90E+37 |
| 18:28:24 | -138.518 | 220.753 |
| 18:33:36 | 182.9677 | 442.2012 |
| 18:38:49 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 18:44:01 | -39.3338 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 18:49:13 | 385.7938 | 282.4062 |
| 18:54:26 | 154.0017 | 431.5823 |
| 18:59:38 | -56.1407 | 9.90E+37 |
| 19:04:50 | 310.5328 | 417.1889 |
| 19:10:03 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 19:15:15 | 399.4323 | 399.5644 |
| 19:20:28 | 76.82088 | -176.417 |
| 19:25:40 | -112.57 | 259.2457 |
| 19:30:52 | 9.90E+37 | 130.3321 |
| 19:36:05 | 182.9616 | 463.6087 |
| 19:41:17 | 104.5464 | 399.4274 |
| 19:46:30 | 121.5516 | 9.80E+37 |
| 19:51:42 | -126.763 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 19:56:54 | 294.5518 | 187.1224 |
| 20:02:07 | -79.7509 | 9.90E+37 |
| 20:07:19 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | -136.575 |


| TIME | Chan. 19 | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1:04:04 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 1:09:16 | 340.7248 | 394.1066 |
| 1:14:28 | -135.774 | 193.0577 |
| 1:19:41 | 24.70086 | 9.90E+37 |
| 1:24:53 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 1:30:05 | 154.003 | 377.4857 |
| 1:35:18 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 1:40:30 | 263.6905 | 211.5851 |
| 1:45:43 | 241.8025 | $-6.18752$ |
| 1:50:55 | 9.90E+37 | -47.828 |
| 1:56:07 | 60.829 | 311.1963 |
| 2:01:20 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 9.80E+37 |
| 2:06:32 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 2:11:44 | 9.90E+37 | -2.50961 |
| 2:16:57 | 200.3083 | 172.0714 |
| 2:22:09 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 2:27:21 | 9.90E+37 | 46.19627 |
| 2:32:34 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 2:37:46 | 9.90E+37 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 2:42:58 | 164.8682 | -33.8878 |
| 2:48:11 | 9.90E+37 | $9.90 E+37$ |
| 2:53:23 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 2:58:36 | 298.3902 | 439.3564 |
| 3:03:48 | 377.933 | 319.6595 |
| 3:09:00 | 9.90E+37 | $9.90 E+37$ |
| 3:14:13 | 179.187 | 422.676 |
| 3:19:25 | 9.90E+37 | $9.90 E+37$ |
| 3:24:37 | 9.90E+37 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 3:29:50 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 E+37$ |
| 3:35:02 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 3:40:15 | 236.9709 | 473.0928 |
| 3:45:27 | -1.05871 | 9.90E+37 |
| 3:50:39 | 341.9254 | 302.7239 |
| 3:55:52 | 347.9442 | 428.045 |
| 4:01:04 | 163.4474 | $9.90 E+37$ |
| 4:06:16 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 4:11:29 | -166.768 | 186.7568 |
| 4:16:41 | 265.6987 | 76.77322 |
| 4:21:54 | 333.0237 | 141.6652 |
| 4:27:06 | 308.1192 | 473.8925 |
| 4:32:18 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 4:37:31 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 4:42:43 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 4:47:55 | 9.90E+37 | 124.1604 |
| 4:53:08 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 4:58:20 | -136.565 | 240.6997 |
| 5:03:32 | -173.85 | 9.90E+37 |
| 5:08:45 | 46.20014 | 383.9125 |
| 5:13:57 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 5:19:10 | -49.2094 | 270.3202 |
| 5:24:22 | 339.5204 | 396.4843 |
| 5:29:34 | 9.90E+37 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| 5:34:47 | -6.18417 | 9.90E+37 |
| 5:39:59 | 9.90E+37 | 9.90E+37 |
| 5:45:12 | 84.0425 | 9.90E+37 |
| 5:50:24 | 389.8836 | 346.853 |


| TIME | Chan.19 | Chan. 20 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $5: 55: 36$ | 219.3499 | 148.98 |
| $6: 00: 49$ | 234.5093 | -102.133 |
| $6: 06: 01$ | 219.07 | 11.63444 |
| $6: 11: 13$ | 1.331064 | 349.1531 |
| $6: 16: 26$ | 346.7373 | 431.7585 |
| $6: 21: 38$ | 363.5617 | 478.4366 |
| $6: 26: 51$ | 165.3151 | 364.2075 |
| $6: 32: 03$ | 365.9624 | 464.3015 |
| $6: 37: 15$ | -12.8096 | 321.4262 |
| $6: 42: 28$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| $6: 47: 40$ | 116.4232 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| $6: 52: 52$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| $6: 58: 05$ | 129.1044 | 429.2144 |
| $7: 03: 17$ | 59.34816 | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| $7: 08: 29$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | 37.60661 |
| $7: 13: 42$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| $7: 18: 54$ | 357.6666 | 46.35142 |
| $7: 24: 07$ | -123.289 | 253.0872 |
| $7: 29: 19$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| $7: 34: 31$ | 166.5794 | 506.2083 |
| $7: 39: 44$ | 298.3096 | 118.1755 |
| $7: 44: 56$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| $7: 50: 08$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ | $9.90 \mathrm{E}+37$ |
| $7: 55: 21$ | 150.2632 | 323.2498 |


$41 \sim$ focu $C$.
Rest N 12000 Ci
Alic low Cerrrié Soce rees fiom fos.cas. EKCEPT FOR 5 MARKEES wita A Dor ro los UE9 W IfTCH IS STorbe Th Frowt OF THE QUPARENTINE TIGBCE.


DECAYED TO: 31-0ct-00

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAP } \\ & \text { TYPE } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\#}{\text { SERIAL }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { STOR } \\ & \text { LOC } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ORG. [R\# | Inner Type | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fabrication } \\ \text { W.O\# } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ETUR } \\ \text { P/S } \end{gathered}$ | RETURN | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MEA } \\ & \text { URIES } \end{aligned}$ | URED DATE | DECAYE CI/C-18 | ECAYED CISIUg | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C-188 | 5065 | 13-W | 151 | C195 Inners | 453278188.28 | 64025 | 01-Oct-97 | 8,050 | 16-Deo-77 | 395.3 | 24.7 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5111 | 13-W | 151 | C195 inners | 453278188.28 | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,851 | 16-Jan-78 | 439.6 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5112 | 13W | 151 | C195 ${ }^{\text {mpers }}$ | $453278188-28$ | 64025 | 01-00t-97 | 8,851 | 10-van 78 | 439.6 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5113 | 13-W | 151 | C195 1 mers | 4532781888 | 04025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,851 | 16, Van 78 | 439.6 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5114 | 13-W | 151 | C185 inmers | 4532781888 -28 | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,851 | 10-van 78 | 439.6 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5115 | 13.W | 151 | C195 inners | 453278188.28 | 84025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,851 | 16-Jan-78 | 439.6 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC696018 |
| C. 188 | 5116 | 13-W | 151 | C195 Inmers | 453278188.28 | 64025 | 01-00t-97 | 8,851 | 10-Jan78 | 439.6 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC698018 |
| C.488 | 5117 | 13-W | 151 | C195 inmers | 453278188.28 | 64025 | 01-00t-97 | 8,851 | 16-ant78 | 439.6 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5119 | 13-W | 151 | C195 ${ }^{\text {mmers }}$ | 453278188.28 | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,851 | 16-Jan-78 | 439.6 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5120 | 13-W | 151 | C185 1 mers | $453278188-28$ | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,920 | 16Vant 78 | 443.0 | 27.7 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5124 | 13-W | 151 | C195 inners | $453278188-28$ | 44025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,856 | 17Jan-78 | 44.0 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC096019 |
| C-188 | 5125 | 13.W | 151 | C195 ${ }^{\text {inmers }}$ | $453278188-28$ | 04025 | 01-0cte9 | 8,856 | 17Jan-78 | 440.0 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5128 | 13-W | 151 | C195 inners | 453 278188.28 | 64025 | $01-0 \mathrm{ct-97}$ | 8,858 | 17-ant78 | 440.0 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5127 | 13-W | 151 | C195 inners | 453278 188-28 | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,858 | 17-Jan-78 | 440.0 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC650019 |
| C-188 | 5128 | 13-W | 151 | C195 inmers | 453278188.28 | 64025 | 01-0cte97 | 8,856 | 17Jan-78 | 440.0 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5129 | 13-W | 151 | C195 mmers | $453278188-28$ | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,856 | 17山an-78 | 440.0 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5131 | 13-W | 151 | C195 inmers | 453278188828 | 64025 | $010 \mathrm{Oct-97}$ | 8,858 | 17-Jan-78 | 440.0 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5132 | 13-W | 151 | C195 mmers | $453278188-28$ | 04025 | 01-00t-97 | 8,856 | 17Jan78 | 44.0 | 27.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| c-188 | 5133 | 13-W | 151 | C195 inmers | 453278188.28 | 04025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,521 | 17 Jan-78 | 422.3 | 26.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5134 | 13-W | 151 | C195 Immers | 4532781888 | 64025 | 01-0x-97 | 8,521 | 17.Jan-78 | 423.3 | 28.5 | F294 Test NC098019 |
| C-188 | 5135 | 13-W | 151 | C185 inmer | 453279188.28 | 64025 | 01-0cte9 | 8,521 | 17Jan 78 | 423.3 | 28.5 | F294 Test NC096018 |
| c-188 | 5138 | 13-W | 151 | C195 mmers | $453278188-28$ | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,521 | 17Jan-78 | 423.3 | 28.5 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5137 | 13-W | 154 | C195 1 mers | $453278188-28$ | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,521 | 17-Jan78 | 423.3 | 26.5 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5138 | 13.W | 151 | C195 inmer | 453278188828 | 64025 | $01-0 \mathrm{ct}-97$ | 8,521 | 17-Jan-78 | 423.3 | 26.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5139 | 13-W | 151 | C195 inmer | 453278188828 | 6402 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,521 | 17Jan-78 | 423.3 | 26.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5140 | 13.W | 151 | C195 1 mer | 453278188.28 | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,521 | 17-Jan-78 | 423.3 | 26.5 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5141 | 13-W | 151 | C195 mmers | $453278188-28$ | 6402 | 01-0ct-97 | 851 | 17Jan-78 | 4228 | 26.4 | F294 Test NC690019 |
| C-188 | 5142 | 13W | 151 | C195 inmers | 453278188.28 | 6402 | $01-0 \mathrm{ct}-97$ | 8510 | 17/5an78 | 4228 | 26.4 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5143 | 13-W | 151 | C195 inmers | 453278188.28 | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,298 | 17-Jan-78 | 4122 | 25.8 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5144 | 13-W | 151 | C195 fmers | 453278188.28 | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,298 | 17-Jan-78 | 4122 | 25.8 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5145 | 13W | 151 | C195 imers | 453278188828 | 64025 | 01-Oct-97 | 8,298 | 17لan-78 | 4122 | 25.8 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5147 | 13-W | 151 | C195 mners | $453278188-28$ | 04025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,298 | 17Jan-78 | 4122 | 25.8 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5148 | 13-W | 151 | C195 hm mers | 453278188.28 | 64025 | 01-0cti97 | 8,298 | 17Jan-78 | 4122 | 25.8 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5149 | 13.W | 151 | C195 mmers | $453278188-28$ | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,298 | 17-Jan-78 | 4122 | 25.8 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5150 | 13-W | 151 | C195 mmers | 453278188828 | 84025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,151 | 17Jam.78 | 405.0 | 25.3 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 5151 | 13-W | 151 | C195 mmers | 4532781888 | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,151 | 17Jan78 | 405.0 | 25.3 | F294 Test NC690019 |
| C.188 | 5152 | 13-W | 151 | C195 ${ }^{\text {mmers }}$ | 453278188.28 | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,151 | 17Jan-78 | 405.0 | 25.3 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| c-188 | 5153 | 13W | 151 | C195 inmers | $453278188-28$ | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 8,151 | 17Jan-78 | 405.0 | 25.3 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| c-488 | 5154 | 13.W | 151 | C195 inmers | 45327918828 | 84025 | 01-0t-97 | 8,151 | 17Jan-78 | 405.0 | 25.3 | F294 Test NC659019 |
| C-188 | 55 | 13-W | 51 | C185 mmers | $453278188-21$ | 64025 | 010 Octar | ${ }^{8} 8151$ | 17 | 40 | 25.3 | F294 Test NC698019 |


| C-188 | 5156 | 13-W | 151 | C995 inners | $453278188-28$ | 64025 | 01-0ct-07 | 8,951 | 17لJan-78 | 405.0 | 25.3 | F294 Test NC690019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C-188 | 5157 | 13-W | 151 | C195 inmers | 453278 188-28 | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 7,970 | 17-tan-78 | 395.9 | 24.7 | F294 Test NC690019 |
| C-188 | 5158 | 13-W | 451 | C195 inners | 453278 188-28 | 64025 | 01-Oct-77 | 7,970 | 17-Jan-78 | 395.9 | 24.7 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5159 | 13-W | 151 | C195 inners | $453278188-28$ | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 7,970 | 17Jan-78 | 395.9 | 24.7 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5160 | 13-W | 151 | C195 Inners | $453278188-28$ | 84025 | 01-0ct-97 | 7,970 | 17-Jan-78 | 395.9 | 24.7 | F294 Test NC693019 |
| C-188 | 5181 | 13-W | 151 | C105 inmers | $453278188-28$ | 84025 | 01-0ct-97 | 7,970 | 17-Jan-78 | 395.9 | 24.7 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5188 | 13-W | 151 | C105 inners | 453278 188-28 | 64025 | 01-0ct-97 | 7,865 | 23-Jan-78 | 398.6 | 24.8 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-180 | 4842 | 13-UE9 | 69 | C-195 inners | 453-273-188-25 | 04811 | 98/10/14 | 10,525 | 12-Aug-77 | 493.9 | 30.9 | F294 Test NC698019 |
| C-188 | 4993 | 13-UE9 | 69 | C-195 inmers | 453-273-188-26 | 64811 | 98/10/14 | 10,380 | 10-0ct-77 | 497.6 | 31.1 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5067 | 13-UE9 | 69 | C-195 inners | 453-273-188-28 | 04811 | 981014 | 9,728 | 16-Jan-78 | 483.1 | 30.2 | F294 Test NC696019 |
| C-188 | 5088 | 13-UE9 | 69 | C-195 Inners | 453-273-188-28 | 64811 | 98/10/14 | 9,728 | 16-Jan-78 | 483.1 | 30.2 | F294 Test NC690019 |
| C-188 | 5069 | 13-UE9 | 69 | C-195 mners | 453-273-188-28 | 64811 | 98/10/44 | 9,728 | 18-Jan-78 | 483.1 | 30.2 | F294 Test NC696019 |

## APPENDIX 3.6.7 <br> Finite Element analysis of the f-294 WITH THE F-457 SOURCE CARRIER <br> IN/TR 1801 F294 (1)

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis

## SIgnatures



Approved by:


Date: Of NOVZO

Document History


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## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION ..... 3
2. F-294 ANALYSIS ..... 3
2.1 F-294 Finite Element Model .....  3
2.2 F-294 Model Verification ..... 4
2.2.1 Test 1 -F-294 Model Verification ..... 4
2.2.2 Test 2 - F-294 Model Verification ..... 4
2.3 F-294 Loading Configuration with Double Row Cage (F-457) ..... 5
3. CONCLUSION ..... 6
4. REFERENCES ..... 6
APPENDIX A - ANSYS INPUT FILES ..... A-1
APPENDIX B - CONVECTION COEFFICIENT CALCULATION ..... B-1

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis

## 1. INTRODUCTION

This report presents the finite element analysis of the F-294 transport container used to determine the cobalt loading configuration for the container.

The F-294 transport package is licensed to carry 360 kCi of cobalt-60. The cobalt-60, encapsulated in stainless steel or Zircaloy, must be loaded into the cavity of the containers such that the maximum surface temperature of the outermost encapsulation does not exceed the stainless steel sensitization temperature of $482^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ as per Reference [1]. The cobalt "pencils", arranged in circular rows, are held in stainless steel carriers similar to that shown in Figure 1.

For the F-294 container, the allowable loading configuration is currently limited to a single row of pencils. This loading configuration was experimentally tested to ensure the sensitization temperature was not exceeded. To increase the utility of the F-294 container, it is desired to add a second row of pencils to the carrier.

To accomplish the above task, a finite element model was developed and verified based on past experimental results. The results of the finite element analyses and the subsequent loading configuration for the container are presented here.

## 2. F-294 ANALYSIS

### 2.1 F-294 Finite Element Model

A two-dimensional model of a cross-section of the F-294 cavity was created using the ANSYS finite element software, as shown in Figure 2 and listed in Appendix A. The model is parametric in that the following variables can be changed as required by the user:

- Diameter of cavity and thickness of steel on the inside of the container,
- Outside diameter of container and thickness of steel on outside of container,
- Lead to steel bonding equivalent air gap on inside and outside of container,
- Inner diameter of fire shield,
- Outer diameter of fire shield,
- Thickness of inner and outer fire shield steel sheet,
- Number and thickness of fins on container,
- Number, arrangement (number of rows and angle), diameter and activity of pencils inside the cavity,
- All material properties, and
- Heat transfer coefficients and emissivities of heat transfer surfaces.

Material properties for the lead, steel and air were taken from Reference [2], while the properties for the kaowool were taken from Reference [3].

On the inside and outside of the container, the radiation heat transfer was modeled by radiation matrices calculated by ANSYS. The radiating surfaces are defined and where necessary (on the outside of the container) a remote node is specified to effect the heat balance. Emissivity values for the surfaces were taken from Reference [2]. The convection across the air gaps on the inside of the container was modeled by adjusting the conduction heat transfer coefficients until the heat balance matched experimental data, as will be discussed in Section 2.2. The convection heat transfer coefficient on the outside of the container was calculated as in Appendix B.

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis

### 2.2 F-294 Model Verification

Several of the parameters discussed in Section 2.1 required adjustment for the model to accurately reflect the heat transfer in the package. Specifically, the adjusted parameters were:

- Lead to steel bonding equivalent air gap on inside and outside of container,
- Heat conductance (modeling conduction and convection) inside the cavity, and
- Heat conductance (modeling conduction and convection) in the fin enclosure.

These parameters were determined by comparing the results of the numerical model to two tests previously performed on actual F-294 containers, where the containers were loaded to capacity with cobalt-60. In both of these tests the containers were instrumented with thermocouples such that the temperature distribution throughout the container was determined for a maximum load of cobalt-60.

### 2.2.1 Test 1 - F-294 Model Verification

This loading test of the F-294 was performed for the F-294 Safety Analysis Report (SAR) submission for the licensing of the package to the 1985 IAEA regulation [4]. The F-294 was loaded as shown in Figure 3 and the maximum steady state temperatures were recorded as in Table 1.

The parameters in the model were adjusted so that the maximum pencil temperature in the model matched the maximum pencil temperature recorded in the test. To achieve a proper heat balance in the container the temperature on the inside of the fire shield had to be specified. This value was set to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ as measured in the test. The resulting calculated temperatures in the model are compared to the test temperatures in Table 1. The temperature distribution in the model is shown in Figure 4.

To determine the sensitivity of the model to the temperature specified on the inside of the fire shield, the model was also run with this temperature set to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with all other parameters identical to the previous run. The calculated temperatures in the two cases are compared in Table 1. The outer temperatures increase approximately linearly with the set temperature. The inner cavity and maximum pencil temperatures increase by $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, since the air in the cavity has a low thermal conductivity and insulates the pencils from the outside effects. The actual temperature on the inside of the fire shield is not expected to exceed $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, based on comparison with the temperature measured on the container between the fins (Table 1). Therefore, an increment of approximately $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}[(70-$ $50) /(100-50) * 25=10]$ was incorporated into the safety margin for the maximum allowable temperature in the cavity, as discussed in Section 2.3.

### 2.2.2 Test 2 - F-294 Model Verification

This loading test of the F-294 was performed for the testing of the F-457 two-row cage as documented in the thermal test report [5]. The F-294 was loaded as shown in Figure 5 and the maximum steady state temperatures recorded as in Table 2.

The parameters set from Section 2.2.1 were used for this run. The resulting calculated temperatures are compared to the test temperatures in Table 2. The measured and tested temperatures compare favorably, especially the maximum pencil temperature.

### 2.3 F-294 Loading Configuration with Double Row Cage (F-457)

The ultimate purpose of the model developed in Section 2.2 was to determine the allowable loading configurations for the double row F-457 cage in the F-294 as shown in Figure 1. The thermal tests performed on the package (Section 2.2.2) showed that if the double row cage were to be loaded incorrectly, the temperature in the F-294 cavity could potentially exceed the sensitization temperature of $482^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Using the model developed in Section 2.2, various loading combinations were tried to determine the allowable loading in the cage to ensure the temperatures in the cavity remain below the sensitization temperature.

To be conservative the maximum allowable temperature in the cavity for the loading combinations was taken as $450^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. This maximum temperature was determined as follows;

| Sensitization temperature |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 482^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { minus } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ambient Regulations to Ambient Test | (38-22) | = | $16^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  |  | minus |
| Insolation Load as per SAR [4] |  | $=$ | $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  |  | minus |
| Safety Margin for Modeling Inaccuracies |  | $=$ | $11^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  |  | $450{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

It was assumed that the outer ring of the F-457 cage would be filled first. Therefore, the outer ring was loaded to capacity with sources of a certain activity, while the activity of the sources on the fully loaded inner ring were adjusted until the maximum temperature inside the cavity was equal to or just below $450^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

The pencil activities in the outer and inner rings are listed in Table 3 and plotted in Figure 6. From this table we can see that the maximum pencil activity on the inner ring is restricted by the maximum allowable curie content for the package. Therefore, for most configurations, the maximum allowable pencil activity on the inside ring can be calculated from the following formula.

| Maximum Allowable Pencil |
| :--- |
| Activity on Inner Ring (kCi) |$\quad=\quad \frac{(360 \text { - Outer Ring Total Activity in } \mathrm{kCl})}{40.0}$

If an actual loading scenario cannot be handled using the above guideline, a more detailed analysis of the loading configuration can be performed by Package Engineering using the model presented in this report.

## IN/TR 1801 F294 (1)

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis

## 3. CONCLUSION

The loading configuration guidelines for the F-294 transport package were determined from a numerical model as follows:

## F-294 with F-457 Source Cage Transport Package Loading Guidelines

| Maximum Allowable Pencil |
| :--- |
| Activity on Inner Ring (kCi) |$=\quad(360$ - Outer Ring Total Activity in kCi)

## 4. REFERENCES

1. MDS Nordion Technical Specification, "Recommended Operating Conditions for MDS Nordion C-199 Cobalt-60 Sources to be Used in Wet Source Storage Gamma Irradiators", IN/TS 1234 C188 (3), 5 May 2001.
2. Incropera, Frank P., DeWitt, David P., "Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer, Second Edition, John Wiley \& Sons, 1985.
3. Kaowool Product Catalogue.
4. MDS Nordion Technical Report, "Safety Analysis Report for F-294 Transport Package", IN/TR 9301 F294 (3), 2 March 2000.
5. MDS Nordion Industrial Quality Control Report, "Report for F-294 Steady State Thermal Test S/N: F294-03", May 2000.

## IN/TR 1801 F294 (1)

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis

Table 4-1 - F-294 Test 1, Temperature Comparison

| Location | ANSYS Nodé | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Inside Fireshield ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | $\text { Temperatures ( } C \text { ) }$ | $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Inside Fireshleld (c) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outside Fireshield | 12056 | 28 | 26 | 40 |
| Inside Fireshield | 10657 | 50 | - | 100 |
| Outside Container Between Fins | - 10220 | 85 | 107 | 133 |
| Cavity Wall | 741 | 189 | 175 | 238 |
| Maximum Source Temperature | - | 419 | 417 | 444 |

Table 4-2 - F-294 Test 2, Temperature Comparison

| Location | ANSYS Node | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ inslde <br> Fireshleld ( ${ }^{\circ}$ C) | Temperatures ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outside Fireshield | 12542 | 28 | 29 |
| Inside Fireshleld | 11144 | 50 | - |
| Outside Container Between Fins | 10707 | 85 | 95 |
| Cavity Wall | 1281 | 191 | 226 |
| Maximum Source Temperature | - | 465 | 467 |



Figure 1
Typical Source Cage Construction

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis



Figure 2
F-294 ANSYS Finite Element Model

INTR 1801 F294 (1)
F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis


Figure 3
F-294 Loading Diagram for Verification Test 1

INTR 1801 F294 (1)

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis



Figure 4
Temperature Distribution in F-294 Test 1 Model


Figure 5
F-294 Loading Diagram for Verification Test 2

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis



Figure 6
Outer Versus Inner Ring Loading for F-294

## APPENDIXA ANSYS Input Files

```
I ANSYS Input File for Internal Temperature of Cage Pencils
I For F-294 Transport Package with 376 kCi Cobalt in fully
I loaded single ring F-313 cage.
l Test 1
101.08.15 JRR
I
prep7
I command variables
I
*AFUN,DEG I use degrees for angular functions
|
I Input Variables
NR=11 number of rows in cage (1 or 2)
NP1 = 40 I number of pencils in row 1 (outer row)
NP2 = 0
DR1 = 0.2540 t row 2 diameter (m)
WPC = 0.01537 I Watts/Cl for Isotope
I
l activity of pencils in curies - repeat as required for all positions
I first subscript is row number, second is pencil number
AC11 = 12100 & AC12 = 10610 $ AC13 = 10630 & AC14 =
12300 $ AC15 = 960
AC16 = 12350 $ AC17 = 11040 & AC18 = 10870 $ AC 19 =
12361 $ AC110 = 960
AC111 = 12350 $ AC112 = 10640$ AC113 = 10830$ AC114 =
12290 $ AC115 = 960
AC116 = 12270 $ AC117 = 10720 $ AC118 = 10650 $ AC119 =
12350 $ AC120 = 960
AC121 = 12360 $ AC122 = 10610 $ AC123 = 10640 $ AC124 =
12340 $ AC125 = 960
AC126 = 12230 $ AC127 = 10610 $ AC128 = 10650 $ AC129 z
12360 $ AC130 = 960
AC131 = 12290$ AC132 = 10610$ AC133 = 10740$ AC134=
12360 $ AC135 = 960
AC136 = 12300$ AC137 = 10630$ AC138 = 10620 $ AC139 =
12120$ AC140 = 960
I total heat input to calculate lead heat generation contribution
TOTHT =AC11+AC12+AC13+AC14+AC15+AC16
TOTHT = TOTHT+AC17+AC18+AC19+AC110+AC111+AC112
TOTHT =
TOTHT+AC113+AC114+AC115+AC116+AC1117+AC118
TOTHT =
TOTHT+AC119+AC120+AC121+AC122+AC123+AC124
TOTHT =
TOTHT+AC125+AC126+AC127+AC128+AC129+AC130
TOTHT =
TOTHT+AC131+AC132+AC133+AC134+AC135+AC136
TOTHT = TOTHT+AC137+AC138+AC139+AC140
I
I angle to pencils from theta =0 - repeat as required for ell
positions
I first subscript is row number, second is pencil number
AN11 =0 $ AN12 = 9$ AN13 = 18 $ AN14 = 27 $ AN15 = 36
AN16 = 45 $ AN17 =54 $ AN18 =63 $ AN19 = 72 $ AN110 = 81
AN111= 90 $ AN112 = 99 $ AN113 = 108 $ AN114 = 117$
AN115 = 126
AN116 = 135$ AN117 = 144 $ AN118=153 $ AN119=162$
AN120 = 171
I ANSYS Input File for Internal Temperature of Cage Pencils I For F-294 Transport Package with 376 kCi Cobalt in fully I loaded single ring F-313 cage.
ITest 1
101.08.15 JRR
prep7
I command variables
1
1
I Input Variables

\(N P 2=0\)
DR1 \(=0.2540\) t row 2 diameter ( m )
WPC \(=0.01537 \mathrm{I}\) Walts/Cl for Isotope
I
acivity of pencils in curies - repeat as required tor all positions
Ifirst subscript is row number, second is pencil number
\(12300 \$\) AC15 \(=960\)
\(A C 16=12350 \$ A C 17=11040 \$ A C 18=10870 \$ A C 19=\)
\(12361 \$\) AC110 = 960
\(A C 111=12350 \$\) AC112 \(=10640 \$\) AC113 \(=10830 \$\) AC114 \(=\)
\(A C 116=12270\) \$ AC117 \(=10720 \$\) AC118 \(=10650 \$\) AC119 \(=\)
12350 \$ AC120 = 960
\(A C 121=12360 \$ A C 122=10610 \$ A C 123=10640 \$ A C 124=\)
\(12340 \$ \mathrm{AC} 125=960\)
\(A C 126=12230\) \$ AC127 \(=10610 \$\) AC128 \(=10650 \$\) AC129 \(=\)
\(A C 131=12290 \$ A C 132=10610 \$ A C 133=10740 \$ A C 134=\)
12360 \$ AC135 = 960
12120 \$ AC140 = 960
I total heat input to calculata lead heat generation contribution
寝 \(=\) AC11+AC12+AC13+AC14+AC15+AC16
TOTHT \(=\) TOTHT+AC17+AC18+AC19+AC110+AC111+AC112
TOTHT+AC113+AC114+AC115+AC116+AC117+AC118 TOTHT =
TOTHT+AC119+AC120+AC121+AC122+AC123+AC124 TOTHT =
(125+AC126+AC127+AC128+AC129+AC130
TOTHT +AC131+AC132+AC133+AC134+AC135+AC136
TOTHT \(=\) TOTHT \(+A C 137+A C 138+A C 139+A C 140\)
1
angle to pencils from theta \(=0\) - repeat as required for ell positions
I first subscript is row number, second is pencil number
AN11 \(=0 \$\) AN12 \(=9 \$\) AN13 \(=18 \$\) AN14 \(=27 \$\) AN15 \(=36\)
\(A N 111=90 \$\) AN112 \(=99\) \$ AN113 = \(108 \$\) AN114 \(=117 \$\)
AN116 \(=135\) \$ AN117 \(=144 \$\) AN118 \(=153\) \$ AN1 \(19=162 \$\)
\(A N 120=171\)
```

```
AN121=180$ AN122 = 189 $ AN123 = 198$ AN124=207 $
AN125 = 216
AN126 = 225$ AN127 = 234$ AN128=243$ AN129=252$
AN130 = 261
AN131 = 270 $ AN132 = 279 $ AN133 =288$ AN134 = 297 $
AN135 = 306
AN136 = 315$ AN137 = 324$ AN138=333$ AN139 = 342 $
AN140 = 351
I
PD =0.0148 I penci diameter (m)
CD =0.2921 I cavity diameter (m)
CWALLL = 0.01 I cavity wall thickness (m)
CEQV = 0.0008 I equlvalent air gap for lead-steel resistance at
cavity (m)
FWALL = 0.01 I container wall thickness (m)
FEQV = 0.0008 I equivalent alr gap for lead-steel resistance at
container (m)
FOD = 0.9144 ! container outside diameter (m)
SID = 1.1240 I fre shield inner diameter (m)
SOD = 1.2035 1 fre shield outside diameter (m)
SWALL =0.01 I fre shield steel wall thickness (m)
FINOD = 1.1176! fin outside diameter (m)
FINTK = 0.01 I fin thickness (m)
FINNM = 36 I number of fins
I
AT = 20 1 ambient temperature (C)
PE = 0.33 I pencil emissivity
CE = 0.27 I cavity emissivity
FEE = 0.8 I fin enclosure emissivity
FE =0.8 ! container outside emissivity
CH}=0.09 I cavity convective k coefficien
FEH=4.0 ! fin enclosure convective k coefficient
FH = 3.0 I container outside heat transfer coefficient (W/m2C)
I
I calculations based on input data
|
FINAN1 = 360/FINNM
FINAN2 = ASIN((FINTK/2)/FOD)
I create keypoints at center of circles
csys,1
I
I circle center keypoints
k,1,0,0
k,2,DR1/2,AN11 $ k,3,DR1/2,AN12 $k,4,DR1/2,AN13 $
k,5,DR1/2,AN14 $ k,6,DR1/2,AN15
k,7,DR1/2,AN16 $ k,B,DR1/2,AN17 $ k,9,DR1/2,AN18 $
k,10,DR1/2,AN19 $ k,11,DR1/2,AN110
k,12,DR1/2,AN111 $k,13,DR1/2,AN112 $k,14,DR1/2,AN113 $
k,15,DR1/2,AN114 $ k,16,DR1/2,AN115
k,17,DR1/2,AN116 $ k,18,DR1/2,AN117 $k,19,DR1/2,AN118 $
k,20,DR1/2,AN119 $ k,21,DR1/2,AN120
k,22,DR1/2,AN121 $k,23,DR1/2,AN122 $ k,24,DR1/2,AN123 $
k,25,DR1/2,AN124 5k,26,DR1/2,AN125
k,27,DR1/2,AN126 $k,28,DR1/2,AN127 $k,29,OR1/2,AN128 $
k,30,DR1/2,AN129 $ k,31,DR1/2,AN130
k,32,DR1/2,AN131 $ k,33,DR1/2,AN132 $ k,34,DR1/2,AN133 $
k,35,DR1/2,AN134 $ k,36,DR1/2,AN135
k,37,DR1/2,AN136 $k,38,DR1/2,AN137 $k,39,DR1/2,AN138 $
k,40,DR1/2,AN139 $k,41,DR1/2,AN140
l
```

```
Ifin key points
k,100,FOD/2.-FINAN2
*REPEAT,FINNM,2,0,FINAN1
k,101,FOD/2,FINAN2
*REPEAT,FINNM,2,0,FINAN1
k,200,FINOD/2,-FINAN2
*REPEAT,FINNM,2,0,FINAN1
k,201,FINOD/2,FINAN2
*REPEAT,FINNM,2,0,FINAN1
I
I create circes at each keypoint
circle,1,CD/2
circle,1,CD/2+CWALL
circle,1,CD/2+CWALL+CEQV
circle,1,FOD/2-FWALL-FEQV
circle,1,FOD/2-FWALL
circle,1,FOD/2
circle,1,SID/2
circle,1,SID/2+SWALL
circle,1,SOD/2-SWALL
circle,1,SOD/2
circle,2,PD/2
*REPEAT,(NP1+NP2),1,0
l
I create circle areas
al,1,2,3,4
*REPEAT,(10+NP1+NP2),4,4,4,4
I
I subtract circles to form sections
asel,s,area,,1
asel,a,area,,11,(10+NP1+NP2)
asba,1,all,keep,keep
allse!
asba,2,1,keep,keep
*REPEAT,9,1,1
I
l create areas for fins
8,100,101,201,200
*REPEAT,FINNM,2,2,2,2
I
I subtract fin areas from area (10+NP1+NP2+7)
asel,s,area,(10+NP1+NP2+7)
asel,a,area,(10+NP1+NP2+11),(10+NP1+NP2+11+FINNM-1)
asba,(10+NP1+NP2+7,all,keep,keep
allse!
I
I add fin areas to area (10+NP1+NP2+6)
asel,s,area,(10+NP1+NP2+6)
asel,a,area,(10+NP1+NP2+11),(10+NP1+NP2+11+FINNM-1)
eadd,a|
allse!
I
I material properties
| material property set I = stainless
mp,kxx, 1,16.3
1 material property set 2 = lead
mp,koc,2,35
I material property set 3 = lead-steel contact at fin end.
mp,kox,3,.0224,
I material property set 4 = air in cavity
mp,box,4,CH
I material property set 5 = alr in fin enclosure
mp,kox,5,FEH
I material property set 6 = kaowool
mp,10c,6,0.054
I pendil emissivity
mp,emis,7,PE
```

I cavity emissivity
mp,emis,8,CE
I fin enclosure emissivity
mp,emis,9,FEE
I outside container emissivity
mp,emis,10,FE
I material property set 11 = lead-steel contact at cavity
mp,kox,11,.0224*8,
1
I mesh araas
1
et, 1,55 I element type $1=$ plane 55 themal $2-\mathrm{d}$
type, 1
1
1 sources
mat, 1
real, 1
esize, 0.005
amesh, $11, \mathrm{NP} 1+\mathrm{NP} 2+10$
! air inner cavity
mat 4
rea! 2
amesh,NP1+NP2+11
I cavity wall
mat, 1
real, 3
amesh, NP1+NP2+12
! lead-steel bond at cavity
mat, 11
real,4
amesh, NP1+NP2+13
1 lead
mat, 2
real,5
esize,0.02
amesh,NP1+NP2+14
I lead-steel bond at outside
mat, 3
real, 6
amesh, NP1+NP2+15
loutside shell and fins
mat, 1
real, 7
amesh,NP1+NP2+FINNM+22
Ifin enclosure
mat,5
real, 8
amesh,NP1+NP2+FINNM+21
I inside fire shield stee!
mat, 1
real,9
amesh,NP1+NP2+18
Inside fire shield kaowool
mat, 6
real, 10
amesh, $\mathrm{NP}^{2}$ +NP2+19
Ioutside fire shield steel
mat, 1
real, 11
amesh,NP1+NP2+20
1
icreate radiation enclosures
I cavity enclosure
et,2,32
type,2
real, 12
mat 7
ksel,s,loc,x,0,CD/2-0.01

asel,s,area,,26
allsel, below,area
esel,r,type,. 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC116*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 27
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe, all,hgen, AC117"WPC/PA
asel,s,area,28
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe, all,hgen, AC118*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,29
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe,ell,hgen,AC119*WPC/PA
esel,s,area, 30
allsel,below,area
esel, ritype,, 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC120*WPCPPA
asel,s,area,31
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,, 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC121*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 32
allsel,below,area
esel, r,type, 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC122*WPC/PA
asel, s,anea, 33
allsel,below,area
esel,ritype,. 1
bfe,all,hgen,,AC123*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,34
allse!, below, area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen,,AC124*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,35
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type.,1
bfe,all,hgen,AC125*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 36
allsel,below, area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe, all,hgen, $A C 126{ }^{*}$ WPC/PA
asei,s,area,,37
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC127*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 38
allsel,below, area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC128*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,39
allse!,below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC129*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 40
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen,AC130*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 41
allsel,below,area
esel,ritype., 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC131*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,42
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,, 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC132*WPC/PA
asel,8,area, 43
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type.,1
bfe, all,hgen,AC133*WPCIPA
asel,s,area, 44
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe, all,hgen, AC134*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 45
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC135*WPCIPA
asel,s,area,,46
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe,all,hgen, AC136*WPC/PA
esel,s,area, 47
allsel, below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe, all,hgen.,AC137*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,48
allsel,below,area
esel,ritype, 1
bfe,all,hgen,,AC138*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,49
allsel, below, area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe,all,hgen,_AC139+WPC/PA
esel,s,area, 50
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,1 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC140*WPC/PA
I apply remaining heat generation to lead
I lead area including
1 attentuation factor $=1.5$
I ( $2 / 3$ rds heat in lead ( $1 / 1.5$ ) - 1/3rd of heat in pencils)
I radial distribution factor $=1.43$
I (only 70\% of heat is radial (1/1.43)-30\% axial)
LA $=\left(\left(3.1416^{*}(\text { FOD/2 })^{*}\right.\right.$ (FOD/2))-
$\left.\left(3.1416^{*}(C D / 2)^{*}(C D / 2)\right)\right)^{*} 1.5^{*} 1.43$
esel,s,mat,2
nelem
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen.,TOTHT"WPCMA
allse!
save
I remove link32s, set ambient temp and run
find
Isolve
csys, 1
nsel,s,loc,x,sid/2
d,all,temp,50
allse!
esel,u,real,,12,14
d,9999999,temp_AT
lnsrch,on
solve
nsel,s,loc, $x$, sid/2
d, all,temp,100
allse!
esel,u,real, 12,14
solve
fini
texit,save

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis

I ANSYS Input File for Internal Temperature of Cage Pencils
I For F-294 Transport Package with 376 kCl Cobalt in fully I loaded double ing F-457 cage.
1 Test 2
101.08.15 JRR

1
/prep7
I command variables
I
*AFUN,DEG I use degrees for angular functions
1
1 Input Variables
1
NR $=21$ number of rows in cage (1 or 2)
NP1 $=40$ I number of pencils in row 1 (outer row)
NP2 $=40$ I number of pencils in row 2 (inner row)
DR1 $=0.2254$ I row 1 diameter (m)
DR2 $=0.2540$ I row 2 diameter ( m )
WPC $=0.01537$ I Watts/Cl for Isotope
1
I activity of pencils in curies - repeat as required for all positions
I first subscript is row number, second is pencil number
AC11 $=7509 \$ \mathrm{AC12}=500 \$ \mathrm{AC13}=12662 \$ \mathrm{AC14}=500 \$$
AC15 $=500$
AC16 $=12662 \$$ AC17 $=500 \$$ AC18 $=500 \$$ AC19 $=12714 \$$
AC110 $=500$
$A C 111=500 \$ \mathrm{AC112}=12796 \$ \mathrm{AC113}=500 \$ \mathrm{AC114}=500 \$$
$A C 115=12803$
AC116 $=500 \$$ AC117 $=500 \$$ AC118 $=12803 \$$ AC119 $=500 \$$
$A C 120=500$
AC121 $=12847 \$$ AC122 $=500 \$$ AC123 $=500 \$$ AC124 $=$
$12885 \$$ AC125 $=500$
AC126 $=500 \$$ AC127 $=12121 \$$ AC128 $=500 \$$ AC129 $=500 \$$
AC130 $=12444$
$A C 131=500 \$ \mathrm{AC132}=500 \$ \mathrm{AC133}=12716 \$ \mathrm{AC134}=500 \$$
AC135 $=500$
$A C 136=12723 \$ A C 137=500 \$ A C 138=500 \$$ AC139 =
$12738 \$ A C 140=500$
1
AC21 $=12618$ \$ AC22 $=500 \$$ AC23 $=500 \$$ AC24 $=12615 \$$
$A C 25=500$
AC26 =500\$AC27=12632\$AC28=500\$AC29=500\$
AC210 $=12655$
AC211 $=500 \$$ AC212 $=500 \$$ AC213 $=12699 \$$ AC214 $=500 \$$
AC215 $=500$
$A C 216=12714 \$ \mathrm{AC217}=500 \$ \mathrm{AC} 218=500 \$ \mathrm{AC219}=$
12803 \$ AC220 = 500
$A C 221=500 \$ \mathrm{AC222}=12936 \$ \mathrm{AC223}=500 \$ \mathrm{AC224}=500 \$$
AC225 = 12595
$A C 226=500 \$$ AC227 $=500 \$$ AC228 $=12595 \$$ AC229 $=500 \$$
AC230 $=500$
AC231 $=12610 \$$ AC232 $=500 \$$ AC233 $=500 \$$ AC234 $=$
$12632 \$$ AC235 $=500$
$A C 236=500 \$ \mathrm{AC237}=12640 \$ \mathrm{AC} 238=500 \$ \mathrm{AC239}=500 \$$
AC240 = 12885
I total heat inpur to calculate lead heat generation contribution
TOTHT $=A C 11+A C 12+A C 13+A C 14+A C 15+A C 16$
TOTHT $=$ TOTHT $+A C 17+A C 18+A C 19+A C 110+A C 111+A C 112$

## TOTHT =

TOTHT+AC113+AC114+AC115+AC116+AC117+AC118 TOTHT =
TOTHT $+A C 119+A C 120+A C 121+A C 122+A C 123+A C 124$
TOTHT =
TOTHT $+A C 125+A C 126+A C 127+A C 128+A C 129+A C 130$ TOTHT =
TOTHT + AC131+AC132+AC133+AC134+AC135+AC136
TOTHT $=$ TOTHT+AC137+AC138+AC139+AC140

TOTHT $=$ TOTHT + AC21 + AC22 + AC23 $+A C 24+A C 25+A C 26$
TOTHT $=$ TOTHT $+A C 27+A C 28+A C 29+A C 210+A C 211+A C 212$
TOTHT $=$
TOTHT+AC213+AC214+AC215+AC216+AC217+AC218
TOTHT =
TOTHT+AC219+AC220+AC221+AC222+AC223+AC224
TOTHT =
TOTHT+AC225+AC226+AC227+AC228+AC229+AC230
TOTHT $=$
TOTHT+AC231+AC232+AC233+AC234+AC235+AC236
TOTHT $=$ TOTHT $+A C 237+A C 238+A C 239+A C 240$
1
I angle to penclis from theta $=0$ - repeat as required for all postions
I first subscript is row number, second is pencil number
AN11 $=0 \$$ AN $12=9 \$$ AN $13=18 \$$ AN $14=27 \$$ AN15 $=36$
AN16 $=45 \$$ AN17 $=54 \$$ AN18 $=63 \$$ AN19 $=72 \$$ AN110 $=81$
AN111 $=90 \$$ AN112 $=99 \$$ AN113 $=108 \$$ AN114 $=117 \$$
AN115 $=126$
AN116 $=135 \$$ AN117 $=144 \$$ AN118 $=153 \$$ AN119 $=162 \$$
AN120 $=171$
AN121 $=180 \$$ AN122 $=189 \$$ AN123 $=198 \$$ AN124 $=207 \$$
AN125 $=216$
AN126 = 225 \$ AN127 $=234 \$$ AN128 = 243 \$ AN129 = 252 \$
AN130 $=261$
AN131 $=\mathbf{2 7 0}$ \$ AN132 $=\mathbf{2 7 9}$ \$ AN133 $=\mathbf{2 8 8}$ \$ AN134 $=297 \$$
AN135 = 306
AN136 $=315 \$$ AN137 $=324 \$$ AN138 $=333 \$$ AN139 $=342 \$$
AN140 $=351$
1
PINC $=4.5$
AN21 $=0+$ PINC $\$$ AN22 $=9+$ PINC $\$$ AN23 $=18+$ PINC $\$$ AN24
$=27+$ PINC $\$$ AN25 $=36+$ PINC
AN26 $=45+$ PINC $\$$ AN $27=54+$ PINC $\$$ AN28 $=63+$ PINC $\$$
AN29 = 72+PINC $\$$ AN210 $=81+$ PINC
AN211 $=90+$ PINC $\$$ AN212 $=99+$ PINC $\$$ AN213 $=108+$ PINC $\$$
AN214 $=117+$ PINC $\$$ AN215 $=126+$ PINC
AN216 $=135+$ PINC $\$$ AN217 $=144+$ PINC $\$$ AN218 $=$
$153+$ PINC $\$$ AN219 $=162+$ PINC $\$$ AN220 $=171+$ PINC
AN221 $=180+$ PINC $\$$ AN222 $=189+$ PINC $\$$ AN223 $=$
$198+$ PINC $\$$ AN224 $=207+$ PINC $\$$ AN225 $=216+$ PINC
AN226 = 225+PINC $\$$ AN227 $=234+$ PINC $\$$ AN228 =
$243+$ PINC $\$$ AN229 $=252+$ PINC $\$$ AN230 $=261+$ PINC
AN231 $=270+$ PINC $\$$ AN232 $=279+$ PINC $\$$ AN233 $=$
$288+$ PINC $\$$ AN234 $=287+$ PINC $\$$ AN235 $=306+$ PINC
AN236 $=315+$ PINC $\$$ AN237 $=324+$ PINC $\$$ AN238 $=$
$333+$ PINC $\$$ AN239 $=342+$ PINC $\$$ AN240 $=351+$ PINC
1
$\mathrm{PD}=0.0148 \mathrm{I}$ pencil dlameter $(\mathrm{m})$
$C D=0.2921$ I cavity diameter ( m )
CWALL $=0.01$ I cavity wall thickness (m)
CEQV $=0.0008$ l equivalent alr gap for lead-steel resistance at cavity (m)
FWALL $=0.01$ l container wall thickness (m)
FEQV $=0.0008$ l equivalent air gap for lead-steel resistance at container (m)
FOD $=0.9144$ I container outside diameter ( m )
SID $=1.1240!$ fire shield inner diameter ( m )
$S O D=1.2035$ ! fre shield outside diameter ( m )
SWALL $=0.01$ I fire shield steel wall thickness (m)
FINOD $=1.11761$ fin outside diameter ( $m$ )
FINTK $=0.01$ ! fin thickness ( m )
FINNM $=36$ I number of fins
1
$A T=201$ amblent temperature (C)
PE $=0.33$ ipencil emissivity
CE $=0.27$ I cavity emissivity
FEE $=0.8$ ! fin enclosure emissivity

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis

FE $=0.8$ I container outside emisskity
$\mathrm{CH}=0.08$ I cavity convective k coefficient
FEH $=4.01$ If enclosure convective $k$ coefficient
FH = 3.0 1 container outside heat transfer coefficient (W/m2C) 1
I calcutations based on input data
FINAN1 $=360 /$ FINNM
FINAN2 = ASIN((FINTK/2)/FOD)
1 create keypoints at center of circles csys, 1

1
I circle center keyponts
k,1,0,0
k,2,DR1/2,AN11 $\$ k, 3, D R 1 / 2, A N 12 \$ k, 4, D R 1 / 2, A N 13 \$$
$k, 5, D R 1 / 2, A N 14 \$ k, 6, D R 1 / 2, A N 15$
$k, 7$, DR1/2,AN16 $\$ k, 8, D R 1 / 2$, AN17 $\$ k, 9, D R 1 / 2, A N 18 \$$
k,10,DR1/2,AN19 \$ k,11,DR1/2,AN110
k,12,DR1/2,AN111 $\$ k, 13, D R 1 / 2, A N 112 \$ k, 14, D R 1 / 2, A N 113 \$$
k, 15,DR1/2,AN114 \$k,16,DR1/2,AN115
k, 17,DR1/2,AN116 $\$ k, 18$, DR1/2,AN117 \$ k, 19,DR1/2,AN1 18 \$
k,20,DR1/2,AN119 \$ k,21,DR1/2,AN120
k,22,DR1/2,AN121 \$k,23,DR1/2,AN122 \$ k,24,DR1/2,AN123 \$ k,25,DR1/2,AN124 \$k,26,DR1/2,AN125
k,27,DR1/2,AN126 $\$ k, 28$, DR1/2,AN127 $\$ k, 29, D R 1 / 2$, AN128 $\$$
k,30,DR1/2,AN129 $\$$ k,31,DR1/2,AN130
k,32,DR1/2,AN131 \$k,33,DR1/2,AN132 \$ k,34,DR1/2,AN133 \$
k,35,DR1/2,AN134 \$ k,36,DR1/2,AN135
k,37,DR1/2,AN136 \$k,38,DR1/2,AN137 \$ k,39,DR1/2,AN138 \$
k,40,DR1/2,AN139 \$ k,41,DR1/2,AN140
k,42,DR2/2,AN21 \$ k, 43,DR2/2,AN22 \$ k,44,DR2/2,AN23 \$
k,45,DR2/2,AN24 \$k,46,DR2/2,AN25
k,47,DR2/2,AN26 $\$ k, 48$, DR2/2,AN27 $\$ k, 49$, DR2/2,AN28 \$
k,50,DR2/2,AN29 $\$ k, 51$, DR2/2,AN210
k,52,DR2/2,AN211 \$k,53,DR2/2,AN212 \$ k,54,DR2/2,AN213 \$ k,55,DR2/2,AN214 \$k,56,DR2/2,AN215
k,57,DR22,AN216 $\$ k, 58$, DR2 2, AN 217 \$ $k, 59, D R 2 / 2, A N 218 \$$
$k, 60, \mathrm{DR} 2 / 2, \mathrm{AN} 219$ \$ $k, 61$, DR2/2,AN220
k,62,DR22,AN221 \$k,63,DR2 2 ,AN222 $\$ k, 64, D R 2 / 2, A N 223 \$$
k,65,DR2/2,AN224 § k,66,DR22,AN225
k,67,DR2/2,AN226 \$ k,68,DR222,AN227 \$ k,69,DR2/2,AN228 \$
k,70,DR2/2,AN229 \$ k,71,DR2/2,AN230
k,72,DR2/2,AN231 \$k,73,DR2/2,AN232 \$ k,74,DR2/2,AN233 \$
k,75,DR2/2,AN234 \$k,76,DR22,AN235
k,77,DR2/2,AN236 \$k,78,DR2/2,AN237 \$ k,79,DR2/2,AN238 \$
k,80,DR2/2,AN239 \$ k,81,DR2/2,AN240
Ifin key points
k,100,FOD/2,FINAN2
*REPEAT,FINNM, 2,0, FINAN1
k,101,FOD/2,FINAN2
*REPEAT,FINNM, 2,0,FINAN1
k,200,FINOD/2,-FINAN2
*REPEAT,FINNM,2,0,FINAN1
k,201,FINOD/2,FINAN2
*REPEAT,FINNM, 2,0,FINAN1
1
I create circles at each keypoint
circle, $1, \mathrm{CD} / 2$
circle, $1, \mathrm{CD} / 2+\mathrm{CWALL}$
circle, 1,CD/2+CWALL+CEQV
circle, 1,FODR-FWALL-FEQV
circle, 1,FOD/2-FWALL
circle, 1, FOD/2
circle, $1, \mathrm{SID} / 2$
circle,1,SID/2+SWALL
circle, 1,SOD/2-SWALL
circle, 1,SOD/2
circle,2,PD/2
*REPEAT,(NP1+NP2),1,0

1
I create circle areas
al, 1,2,3,4
*REPEAT,(10+NP1+NP2),4,4,4,4
1
I subtract circles to form sections
asel, s,area, 1
asel,e,area,,11,(10+NP1+NP2)
asba, 1, हll,keep,keep
allsa!
asba,2,1, keep,keep
*REPEAT,9,1,1
1
I create areas for fins
8,100,101,201,200
*REPEAT,FINNM,2,2,2,2
1
I subtract fin areas from area ( $10+$ NP1 + NP2 +7 )
asel, s, area ,, $(10+\mathrm{NP} 1+\mathrm{NP} 2+7$ )
asel, ,a,area,,(10+NP1+NP2+11).(10+NP1+NP2+11+FINNM-1)
asba,(10+NP1+NP2+7),all,,keep,keep
allse!
1
I add fin areas to area ( $10+\mathrm{NP1}+\mathrm{NP2} 2+6$ )
asel, , , area, (10+NP1+NP2+6)
asel,, area,,( $10+$ NP1+NP2+11),( $10+$ NP1+NP2 $+11+$ FINNM -1$)$
aadd, ell
allsel
$!$
I material properties
I material property set $1=$ stainless
mp,lcx, 1,16.3
1 material property set 2 = lead
mp,1oco,2,35
1 material property set $3=$ lead-steel contact at fin encl.
mp,10cx,3,0224,
1 material property set $\mathbf{4} \mathbf{z}$ air in cavity
mp, $\mathrm{koc}, 4, \mathrm{CH}$
I material property set $5=$ air in fin enclosure
mp,loc, 5, FEH
1 material property set $\mathbf{6}=$ kaowool
mp,10x,6,0,054
I pencil emissivity
mp,emis,7,PE
I cavity emissivity
mp,emis,8,CE
Ifin enclosure emissivity
mp,emis,9,FEE
$I$ outside container emissivity
mp,emis,10,FE
I material property set $11=$ lead-steel contact at cavity
mp, $\mathrm{kcx}, 11, .0224^{48}$,
I mesh areas
1
et, 1,55 I element type $1=$ plane 55 thermal 2-d
type, 1
I sources
mat, 1
real, 1
esize, 0.005
amesh. 11,NP1 + NP2 +10
1 air inner cavity
mat, 4
real, 2
amesh, $\mathrm{NP} 1+\mathrm{NP} 2+11$
| cavity wal|
mat, 1

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis

| real, 3 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| amesh, NP1+NP2+12 | I create node for outside radiation |
| I lead-steel bond at cavity | n,9999999,SOD |
| mat, 11 |  |
| real, 4 | 1 create radiation matrices |
| amesh, $\mathrm{NP} 1+\mathrm{NP2+13}$ | fini |
| $t$ lead | taux 12 |
| mat, 2 | emis,7,PE |
| real, 5 | emis,8,CE |
| esize,0.02 | emis, 9, FEE |
| amesh,NP1+NP2+14 | emis, 10,FE |
| I lead-steel bond at outside | stef,5.7e-8 |
| mat, 3 | geom, 1 |
| real, 6 | vespe, 0 |
| amesh,NP1+NP2+15 | esel,s,real, 12 |
| 1 outside shell and fins | nelem |
| mat, 1 | write,rad1 |
| real, 7 | esel, s , real, 13 |
| amesh,NP1+NP2+FINNM +22 | nelem |
| 1 fin enclosure | write,rad2 |
| mat,5 | space,9999999 |
| real, 8 | esel,s,real,,14 |
| amesh,NP1+NP2+FINNM+21 | nelem |
| Inside fire shield steel | nsel, , , node , 9999999 |
| mat, 1 | write, red3 |
| real,9 | allse! |
| amesh,NP1+NP2+18 | fini |
| I Inside fire shield kaowool | prep7 |
| mat, 6 | et,3,50,1 |
| real, 10 | type,3 |
| amesh,NP1+NP2+19 | real, 15 |
| 1 outside fire shield steel | se,rad1 |
| mat, 1 | se,rad2 |
| real, 11 | se,rad3 |
| amesh,NP1+NP2+20 | 1 |
| 1 ) | allse! |
| 1 create radiation enclosures | tofist,273 I offset for input in degrees C |
| 1 cavity enclosure | save |
| et,2,32 | I apply convection on outside surface |
| type,2 | esel,r,real, 14 |
| real, 12 | nelem |
| mat, 7 | eall |
| ksel,s,1oc,x,0,CD/2-0.01 | sf,all,conv,FH,AT |
| lslk,s,1 | I apply heat generation rates to pencils |
| Imesh,ell | I pencll area including |
| lreverse,all | 1 attentuation factor $=3.0$ |
| mat, 8 | 1 ( $1 / 3$ rd of heat in pencils (1/3.0)-2/3rds in lead) |
| ksel, ,s,loc,x,CD/2 | 1 length factor $=0.432$ |
| Islk, s, 1 | 1 (17 inch active pencil lendth/39.37 inch per meter) |
| Imesh,all | I radial distribution factor $=1.43$ |
| 1 fin enclosure | $!$ (only $70 \%$ of heat is radial ( $1 / 1.43$ ) -30\% axial) |
| real, 13 | $\mathrm{PA}=\left(3.1416^{*}(\mathrm{PD} / 2)^{*}(\mathrm{PD} / 2)\right)^{*} 0.432^{*} 3.0 * 1.43$ |
| mat,9 | asel, s,area,,11 |
| asel, s,area,,NP1+NP2+FINNM+21 | allsel, below,area |
| allsel,below,area | esel,r,type, 1 |
| Imesh,all | bfe,all,hgen, AC11*WPC/PA |
| ksel,s,loc, x, FOD/2 | asel, s,area, 12 |
| lsik,s,1 | allsel,below,area |
| Ireverse,all | esel,r,type,1 |
| 1 outside fireshield | bfe,all, hgen, AC12*WPC/PA |
| real,14 | asel, s ,area, 13 |
| mat, 10 | allsel,below,area |
| ksel,s,loc,x,SOD/2 | esel,r,type,1 |
| lsik,s, 1 | bfe,all, hgen, AC13*WPC/PA |
| Imesh,all | asel, , ,area,,14 |
| lreverse,all | allsel, below,area |
| 1 | esel,r,type,1 |
| allsel | bfe,sll,hgen, AC14*WPC/PA |

asel,s,area, 15
alisel,below,area esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC15*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,16
allsel,below,area esel,r,type,, 1
bfe, all, hgen,,AC16"WPC/PA
asel,s,area., 17
allse!,below,area
ese!,r,type,. 1
bfe,ell,hgen,,AC17*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,18
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe,all,hgen,AC18*WPC/PA
asel,s,area., 19
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC19*WPC/PA
asel,, , area, 20
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC110WPC/PA
asel,s,area,21
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC111"WPC/PA
asel,, ,area, 22
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC112*WPC/PA
esel,, ,erea, 23
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe,all, igen, AC113*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 24
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC114*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,25
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,. 1
bfe,all,hgen, $A C 115^{\circ}$ WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 26
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC116WPC/PA
asel, 8, area, 27
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe,all,hgen, AC117"WPC/PA
asel,, , area, 28
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe, all,hgen, AC118*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 29
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe,all, hgen, AC119*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 30
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,1 1
bfe,all,hgen, ,AC120WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 31
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,, 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC121 WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 32
alsel,below, area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe,all,hgen,,AC122*WPC/PA
asel,s,,area, 33
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,1
bfe,ell, hgen, $A C 123^{*}$ WPC/PA
asel, s,area, 34
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe,all,hgen,AC124*WPC/PA
asel,, ,area,,35
allsel,below,area esel,r,type,,1
bfe, all,hgen, AC125*WPC/PA
asel, $\mathbf{5 , \text { area, } , 3 6}$
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe, all, hgen, AC126*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 37
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,. 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC127*WPC/PA
.asel, s,area, 38
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC128*WPC/PA
asel, s, area, 39
allsel,below,area
esel, r,type,. 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC129*WPC/PA
asel,,s,area, 40
allse!,below, area
esel, r,type,, 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC130"WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 41
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe, all,hgen, AC131WPC/PA
asel, , ,area, 42
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,.1
bfe, all, hgen, AC132*WPC/PA
asel, s, area, 43
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type.,1
bfe,all,hgen, AC133*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,44
allsel,below,area
esel, r,type,1
bfeallthgen, AC134"WPC/PA
asel,,,,area, 45
allsel,below, area
esel,r,type,, 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC135*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,, 46
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,1
bfe,all,hgen,AC136"WPC/PA
asel, , , area., 47
allsel,below,area
esel,, ,type,, 1
bfe, all, hgen, AC137*WPC/PA
asel, ,s,area,,48
allsel, below,area
esel, r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC138*WPC/PA
asel,, ,area, ,49
allsel,below,area
esel,ritype,1
bfe,all,ngen,,AC139*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 50
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,. 1
bfe, all,hgen,AC140*WPC/PA
1
asel,s,area, 51
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC21*WPC/PA
esel,s,area,52
allse!,below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe, all,hgen,,AC22"WPC/PA
asel,, s,area, 53
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC23WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 54
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC24"WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,55
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC25"WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,56
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen,,AC26*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,57
allsel,below, area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe,all,hgen, AC27*WPC/PA
asel,,s,area,,58
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,, 1
bfe, all, hgen, AC28*WPC/PA
asel, , ,area, 59
allsel,below,area
esel, ,type,. 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC29"WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 60
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC210*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,, 61
allsel,below,area
esel,ritype,, 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC211*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,. 62
allsel,below,area
osel,r,type,, 1
bfe,all,hgen,AC212*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 63
allsel,below,area esel,ritype,, 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC213*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,64
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe, all,hgen, AC214 WPC/PA
asel,s, area,,65
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,1
bfe,all,hgen, AC215*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,66
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC216*WPC/PA
esel,s,area, 67
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC217*WPCIPA
asel,s,area,,68
allsel,below, area

- esel,r,type., 1
bfe, all, hgen, AC218*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 69
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen,,AC219*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 70
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,1
bfe,all,hgen, AC220*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,, 71
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe, all,hgen, AC221*WPC/PA
asel,8,area,72
aflsel,below,area
esel,r,type,. 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC222*WPCIPA
asel,s,area, 73
allse!,below,area
esel,r,type.. 1
bfe, all, hgen, AC223 WPC/PA
asel,8,area,74
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all, hgen, AC224mWPC/PA
asel,s,area, 75
allsel,below,area
esel,ritype,,1
bfe,all,hgen, AC225*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 76
allsel,below,area


## esel,r,type,1

bfe, all,hgen, AC226*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 77
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC227 WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 78
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,, 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC228 WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 79
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,it
bfe, all,hgen, AC229*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,80
allsel,below,area
esel, r,type.. 1
bfe,all,hgen,AC230 WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 81
allsel,below,area
esel, r,type., 1
bfe, all,hgen, AC231*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 82
allsel,below, area
esel,r,type., 1

## IN/TR 1801 F294 (1)

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis

bfe,all,hgen,,AC232*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,, 83
allse!,below,area
esel,r.type,, 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC233*WPC/PA
asels,area,, 84
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type, 1
bre,all, hgen, AC234*WPC/PA
asel, 8, area, 85
allsel,below,area

## esel,r,type,. 1

be,all,hgen, AC235WPC/PA
esel,s,area, 86
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
be, all,hgen, AC236*WPC/PA

## asel,s,area,,87

allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,, 4
bfe,all,hgen, AC237*WPC/PA
asel,s,area, 88
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type,,1
bfe,all,hgen, AC238*WPC/PA
asel,s,area,,89
allsel,below,area
esel,r,type., 1
bfe,all,hgen, AC239*WPC/PA

## asel,s,area,,90

allsel,below,area

## esel,r,type., 1

bfe,all, hgen,AC240*WPC/PA
$t$ apply remaining heat generation to lead
I lead area including
1 attentuation factor $=1.5$
I (2/3rds heat in lead ( $1 / 1.5$ ) - $1 / 3$ rd of heat in pencils)
1 radial distribution factor $=1.43$
I (only $\mathbf{7 0 \%}$ of heat is radial (1/1.43) - $30 \%$ axial)
LA $=\left(\left(3.1416^{*}(\text { FOD } / 2)^{*}(\right.\right.$ FOD/2 $\left.)\right)$ )
$\left.\left(3.1416^{*}(C D / 2)^{*}(C D / 2)\right)\right)^{*} 1.5^{*} 1.43$
esel,s,mat;2
nelem
esel,r.type., 1
bfe,all,hgen.,TOTHT*WPC/LA
allsel
save
I
I remove link32s, set amblent temp and run
1
fini
Isolve
csys, 1
nsel,s,loc, $x$, sid/2
d,all,temp, 50
allsel
esel,u,real,12,14
d,9999999,temp_AT
insrchion
solve
finl
lexit,save

## F-294 Loading Finite Element Analysis

## APPENDIX B Convection Coefficient Calculation

The outside fireshield of the F-294 is a cylinder. The flow of air over the outside of the fireshield is assumed to take place at a velocity of $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ - close to stagnant air.

From Reference [2], the heat transfer coefficient takes the form:

$$
\mathrm{h}=\mathrm{k} / \mathrm{D} * \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{uD} / N)^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{Pr}^{0.333}
$$

where: $\quad$| D is the diameter of the fireshield $=0.9144 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| :--- |
| $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{m}$ are constants that depend on the Reynolds number ( $u \mathrm{D} / v$ ) |
| $\mathrm{k}=$ thermal conductivity of the fluid |
| $\mathrm{v}=$ kinematic viscosity of the fluid |
| $\mathrm{Pr}=$ Prandtl number for the fluid |
| $\mathbf{u}=$ free stream velocity |

The property values of $\mathrm{k}, \mathrm{v}$ and Pr are evaluated at the film temperature, which is defined as the mean of the wall and free stream fluid temperatures, approximately $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or 300 K . From Reference [2], the property values are $\mathrm{k}=0.0263 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, v=15.89 \mathrm{E}-6 \mathrm{~m}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$ and $\mathrm{Pr}=0.707$. This yields a Reynolds number of about 30,000 . At this value of Re , the constants C and m are 0.193 and 0.618 , respectively. Substituting in the diameter of the fireshield $(0.9144 \mathrm{~m})$ yields a heat transfer coefficient of:

$$
\mathrm{h}=\frac{0.0263(0.193)\left(0.5^{*} 0.9144 / 15.89 \mathrm{E}-6\right)^{0.618} .707^{0.333}}{0.9144}=2.8 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}
$$

A value of $3 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{20} \mathrm{C}$ is used in the analysis.


[^0]:    1 "Kaowool is a tradename for a ceramic fibre blanket made by Babcock and Wilcox.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Actual Thermal Test Data: See Chapter 3, Sub-Appendix 3.6.2.1
    ${ }^{2}$ Thermal test data corrected for 1) Ambient 2) Total Measurement Errors

[^2]:    * denotes a lead node which includes the effect of contact resistance. See Figure 3.6.4-F14 for node locations.

[^3]:    * Time equals zero at the start of the fire test.

