

# BALL SPLINE

## ROTARY BALL SPLINE

## STROKE BALL SPLINE

## BALL SCREW SPLINE

### BALL SPLINE

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# BALL SPLINE

The NB ball spline is a linear motion mechanism utilizing the rolling motion of ball elements that can sustain loads and transfer torque simultaneously. It can be used in a wide variety of applications including robotics and transport type equipment.

## STRUCTURE AND ADVANTAGES

The NB ball spline consists of a spline shaft with raceway grooves and a spline nut. The spline nut consists of an outer cylinder (main body), retainer, side rings, and ball elements that is designed and manufactured to achieve a reliably smooth motion.

### High Load Capacity and Long Travel Life

The raceway grooves are machined to a radius close to that of the ball elements. The large ball contact area results in high load capacity and long travel life.

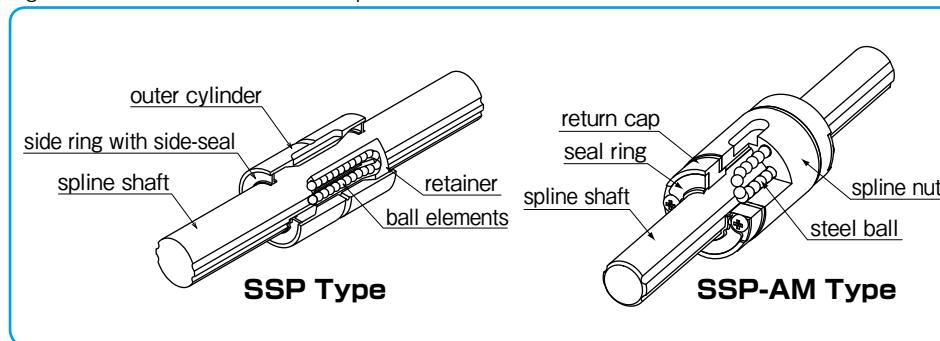
### Wide Variety of Configurations

Spline shaft sizes with diameters from 4mm to 100mm are available. Several types of Spline nut are available: cylindrical types (SSP/SSPM), and flange types (SSPF/SSPT). Material option of Stainless steel (SUS440C or equivalent) is also available. They can be specified to suit various applications.

### High Accuracy Torque Transmission

Due to the effective contact angle between the raceway grooves and the balls, the NB ball spline can transfer large torque. By adjusting preload it is possible to obtain a higher rigidity and a higher positioning accuracy.

Figure B-1 Basic Structure of NB Ball Spline



## TYPES

### TYPES OF SPLINE NUT

A wide variety of spline nut designs are available and all spline nuts come with side-seals as a standard feature.

Table B-1 Types of Spline Nut

type of nut	shape and advantage		page
cylindrical type	SSP SSPS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>cylindrical spline nut with key groove</li> <li>with special key</li> <li>nominal diameter: SSP4-100 : SSPS4-25</li> </ul>	P.B-18
	SSP-AM SSPS-AM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>light and compact nut</li> <li>countersink for fixing (SSP4AM)</li> <li>with special key</li> <li>nominal diameter: 4-10</li> </ul>	P.B-20
	SSPM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>cylindrical spline nut without key groove</li> <li>with two lock plates for fixing</li> <li>nominal diameter: 6-10</li> </ul>	P.B-22
flange type	SSPF SSPFS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>spline nut with flange</li> <li>nominal diameter: SSPF6-60 : SSPFS6-25</li> </ul>	P.B-24
	SSPT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>spline nut with a two side cut flange</li> <li>nominal diameter: 6-10</li> </ul>	P.B-26
SSPT-AM SSPK-AM SSPTS-AM SSPKS-AM		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>light and compact nut with flange</li> <li>nominal diameter: 4-10</li> </ul>	P.B-28

## TYPES OF SPLINE SHAFT

Depending on the application requirements, either a ground spline shaft or a non-ground (commercial grade) spline shaft is available.

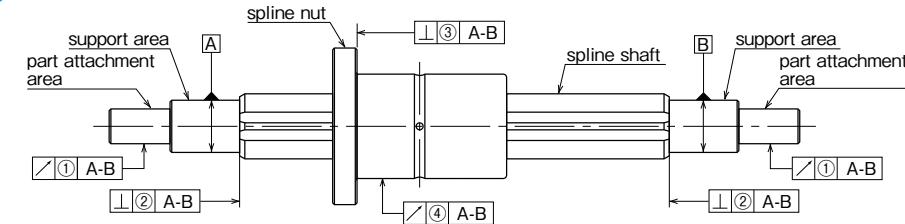
Table B-2

type of spline shaft	shape and advantage
ground spline shaft	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>precision ground and precision machined surface finish</li> <li>high precision</li> <li>possible to machine ends of spline shaft and surface treatment</li> <li>nominal diameter: 4-100</li> </ul>
standard spline shaft	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>standard dimension and shape</li> <li>accuracy grade: high grade</li> <li>short lead time</li> <li>nominal diameter: 4-60 (refer to page B-30)</li> </ul>
commercial shaft (non-ground)	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>for general industrial use</li> <li>cost effective</li> <li>possible to machine ends of spline shaft and surface treatment</li> <li>nominal diameter: 20-50</li> <li>maximum length: 5000mm (refer to page B-31)</li> </ul>

## ACCURACY

The NB ball spline is measured for accuracy at the points shown in Figure B-2 and categorized as either high-grade (blank) or precision-grade (P). Contact NB for accuracy information on the commercial type ball spline.

Figure B-2 Accuracy Measurement Points



Note: The support area is the portion where, for example, radial bearings are attached in order to support the spline shaft.

The part attachment area is the portion to which other parts, such as gears are attached.

### Tolerance of Spline Shaft Groove Torsion (Max.)

The groove torsion is indicated per 100mm, arbitrarily set as the effective length of the spline shaft section.

Table B-3  
Tolerance of Spline Shaft Groove Torsion (Max.)

type of shaft	ground shaft	
accuracy grade	high	precision (P)
tolerance	13μm/100mm	6μm/100mm

Table B-4 Tolerance Relative to Spline Support Area (Max.)

unit : μm

part number	radial runout of part attachment area ①		perpendicularity of the end of the spline shaft section ② (when grinding is requested on the drawing)		perpendicularity of the flange ③	
	high-grade	precision-grade	high-grade	precision-grade	high-grade	precision-grade
SSP 4・4AM					—	—
SSP 5AM	14	8	9	6	11	8
SSP 6・6AM						
SSP 8・8AM	17	10	11	8	13	9
SSP 10・10AM						
SSP 13A	19	12	13	9	16	11
SSP 16A						
SSP 20A	22	13	16	11	19	13
SSP 25A						
SSP 30A	25	15	19	13	22	15
SSP 40A						
SSP 50A	29	17	22	15	—	—
SSP 60A						
SSP 80	34	20	11	8	13	9
SSP 80L						
SSP100	19	12	16	11	19	13
SSP100L						
SSP 20	22	13	13	9	16	11
SSP 25						
SSP 30	25	15	16	11	19	13
SSP 40						
SSP 50	29	17	19	13	22	15
SSP 60						

Table B-5 ④ Radial Runout of Outer Surface of Spline Nut Relative to Spline Shaft Support Area (Max.) unit:  $\mu\text{m}$ 

total length of spline shaft (mm) greater than or less	part number									
	SSP4 SSP4AM	SSP5AM SSP6AM	SSP8 SSP8AM	SSP10 SSP10AM	SSP13A SSP16A	SSP20A·20 SSP25A·25	SSP40A·40 SSP50A·50	SSP60A·60 SSP80L	SSP100 SSP100L	
—	200	46	26	46	26	36	20	34	18	32
200	315	89	—	89	57	89	57	54	32	45
315	400	—	—	126	—	126	82	68	41	53
400	500	—	—	—	—	163	—	82	51	62
500	630	—	—	—	—	—	102	65	75	46
630	800	—	—	—	—	—	—	92	58	68
800	1,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	115	75	83
1,000	1,250	—	—	—	—	—	—	153	97	102
1,250	1,600	—	—	—	—	—	—	195*	127*	130
1,600	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	171	116
								118	77	86
								54	54	65
								40	40	40

★ SSP13A, 16A maximum length: 1500mm

★★ Please contact NB for shaft lengths exceeding 2000mm.

**PRELOAD AND CLEARANCE IN ROTATIONAL DIRECTION**

Both the clearance and preload are expressed in terms of clearance in the rotational direction. The preload is categorized into three different levels: standard, light (T1), and medium (T2). A preload cannot be specified with the commercial grade spline shaft.

Table B-6 Preload and Clearance in Rotational Direction unit:  $\mu\text{m}$ 

part number	standard	light (T1)	medium (T2)
SSP 4 · 4AM			
SSP 5AM			
SSP 6 · 6AM	0~+3	-3~0	—
SSP 8 · 8AM			
SSP 10 · 10AM			
SSP 13A	-3~+1	-8~ -3	-13~ -8
SSP 16A			
SSP 20A · 20	-4~+2	-12~ -4	-20~ -12
SSP 25A · 25			
SSP 30A · 30			
SSP 40A · 40			
SSP 50A · 50			
SSP 60A · 60	-6~+3	-18~ -6	-30~ -18
SSP 80			
SSP 80L			
SSP100	-8~+4	-24~ -8	-40~ -24
SSP100L			

Table B-7 Preload and Operating Condition

preload	preload symbol	operating conditions
standard	blank	minute vibration is applied. a precise motion is required. a torque in a given direction is applied.
light	T1	slight vibration is applied. slight torsional load is applied. cyclic torque is applied.
medium	T2	shock/vibration is applied. over-hang load is applied. torsional load is applied.

\* Frictional resistance may be affected by preload.

**STRENGTH OF SPLINE SHAFT**

The ball spline has larger load ratings compared to ball bush. Also, the ball spline can sustain radial load, moment (bending moment) and torque (twisting moment) at the same time. Thus, it is necessary to consider the strength of ball spline shaft.

Using the following equations, select the size of ball spline.

$$\sigma \geq \frac{M}{Z} \quad \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

$\sigma$ : permissible bending stress of spline shaft( $98\text{N/mm}^2$ )  
M: bending moment onto spline shaft( $\text{N}\cdot\text{mm}$ )  
Z: modulus of section( $\text{mm}^3$ )  
(refer to Table B-8 on page B-8)

**Twisting Moment Only**

$$\tau_a \geq \frac{T}{Z_p} \quad \dots \dots \dots (2)$$

$\tau_a$ : permissible twisting stress of spline shaft( $49\text{N/mm}^2$ )  
T: twisting moment onto spline shaft ( $\text{N}\cdot\text{mm}$ )  
 $Z_p$ : polar modulus of section( $\text{mm}^3$ )  
(refer to Table B-8 on page B-8)

**Bending Moment and Twisting Moment Combined**

Calculate equivalent bending moment ( $M_e$ ) by using equation (3). Then, substitute  $M_e$  into equation (1) for shaft size selection.

$$M_e = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ M + \sqrt{(M^2 + T^2)} \right\} \quad \dots \dots \dots (3)$$

$M_e$ : equivalent bending moment ( $\text{N}\cdot\text{mm}$ )  
M: bending moment onto spline shaft  
T: twisting moment onto spline shaft

**Rigidity of Spline Shaft**

The rigidity of spline shaft is expressed in the torsional angle ( $\theta$ ) caused by twisting moment. For high accuracy smooth motion, it is necessary to keep the torsional angle within  $0.25^\circ$  per 1,000mm.

$$\theta = \frac{T \cdot L}{G \cdot I_p} \cdot \frac{360}{2\pi} \quad \dots \dots \dots (4)$$

$$\text{Rigidity} = 0.25^\circ \geq \frac{1,000}{L} \theta \quad \dots \dots \dots (5)$$

$\theta$ : torsional angle ( $^\circ$ )  
T: twisting moment onto spline shaft ( $\text{N}\cdot\text{mm}$ )  
L: spline shaft length (mm)  
G: shearing modulus (SUJ2)  $7.9 \times 10^4 (\text{N/mm}^2)$   
(SUS)  $7.69 \times 10^4 (\text{N/mm}^2)$   
 $I_p$ : polar moment of inertia of area ( $\text{mm}^4$ )  
(refer to Table B-8 on page B-8)

Figure B-3 Bending Moment

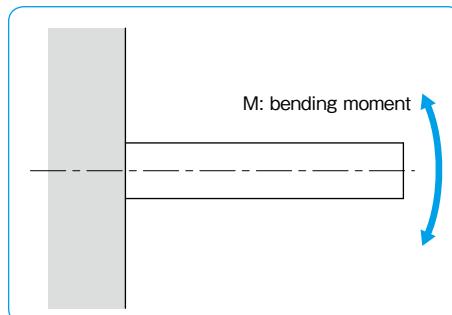


Figure B-4 Twisting Moment

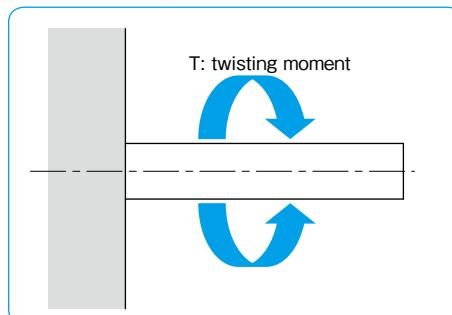


Figure B-5 Deformation of Spline Shaft by Twisting Moment

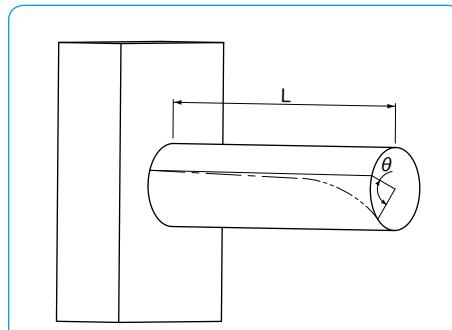


Table B-8 Cross-sectional Characteristics of Spline Shaft

part number	I moment of inertia of area mm <sup>4</sup>	Z modulus of section mm <sup>3</sup>	I <sub>P</sub> polar moment of inertia of area mm <sup>4</sup>	Z <sub>P</sub> polar modulus of section mm <sup>3</sup>	C=1/48EI	
	SUJ2	SUS440C	1/N·mm <sup>2</sup>			
SSP 4	1.18×10	5.90	2.41×10	1.20×10	8.57×10 <sup>-9</sup>	8.83×10 <sup>-9</sup>
SSP 6	5.91×10	1.97×10	1.21×10 <sup>2</sup>	4.04×10	1.71×10 <sup>-9</sup>	1.76×10 <sup>-9</sup>
SSP 8	1.90×10 <sup>2</sup>	4.76×10	3.88×10 <sup>2</sup>	9.69×10	5.32×10 <sup>-10</sup>	5.47×10 <sup>-10</sup>
SSP 10	4.61×10 <sup>2</sup>	9.22×10	9.42×10 <sup>2</sup>	1.88×10 <sup>2</sup>	2.19×10 <sup>-10</sup>	2.26×10 <sup>-10</sup>
SSP 13A	1.32×10 <sup>3</sup>	2.03×10 <sup>2</sup>	2.70×10 <sup>3</sup>	4.16×10 <sup>2</sup>	7.66×10 <sup>-11</sup>	7.89×10 <sup>-11</sup>
SSP 16A	2.98×10 <sup>3</sup>	3.73×10 <sup>2</sup>	6.15×10 <sup>3</sup>	7.68×10 <sup>2</sup>	3.39×10 <sup>-11</sup>	3.49×10 <sup>-11</sup>
SSP 20A	7.35×10 <sup>3</sup>	7.35×10 <sup>2</sup>	1.51×10 <sup>4</sup>	1.51×10 <sup>3</sup>	1.38×10 <sup>-11</sup>	1.42×10 <sup>-11</sup>
SSP 25A	1.79×10 <sup>4</sup>	1.43×10 <sup>3</sup>	3.68×10 <sup>4</sup>	2.94×10 <sup>3</sup>	5.65×10 <sup>-12</sup>	5.82×10 <sup>-12</sup>
SSP 30A	3.63×10 <sup>4</sup>	2.42×10 <sup>3</sup>	7.57×10 <sup>4</sup>	5.05×10 <sup>3</sup>	2.79×10 <sup>-12</sup>	—
SSP 40A	1.15×10 <sup>5</sup>	5.73×10 <sup>3</sup>	2.39×10 <sup>5</sup>	1.20×10 <sup>4</sup>	8.83×10 <sup>-13</sup>	—
SSP 50A	2.81×10 <sup>5</sup>	1.12×10 <sup>4</sup>	5.86×10 <sup>5</sup>	2.34×10 <sup>4</sup>	3.60×10 <sup>-13</sup>	—
SSP 60A	5.91×10 <sup>5</sup>	1.97×10 <sup>4</sup>	1.22×10 <sup>6</sup>	4.08×10 <sup>4</sup>	1.71×10 <sup>-13</sup>	—
SSP 80	1.93×10 <sup>6</sup>	4.83×10 <sup>4</sup>	3.92×10 <sup>6</sup>	9.81×10 <sup>4</sup>	5.24×10 <sup>-14</sup>	—
SSP 80L						—
SSP100	4.69×10 <sup>6</sup>	9.38×10 <sup>4</sup>	9.55×10 <sup>6</sup>	1.91×10 <sup>5</sup>	2.16×10 <sup>-14</sup>	—
SSP100L						—
SSP 20	5.03×10 <sup>3</sup>	5.53×10 <sup>2</sup>	1.04×10 <sup>4</sup>	1.14×10 <sup>3</sup>	2.01×10 <sup>-11</sup>	2.07×10 <sup>-11</sup>
SSP 25	1.27×10 <sup>4</sup>	1.10×10 <sup>3</sup>	2.63×10 <sup>4</sup>	2.29×10 <sup>3</sup>	7.97×10 <sup>-12</sup>	8.21×10 <sup>-12</sup>
SSP 30	2.74×10 <sup>4</sup>	1.96×10 <sup>3</sup>	5.73×10 <sup>4</sup>	4.10×10 <sup>3</sup>	3.69×10 <sup>-12</sup>	—
SSP 40	8.71×10 <sup>4</sup>	4.66×10 <sup>3</sup>	1.82×10 <sup>5</sup>	9.75×10 <sup>3</sup>	1.16×10 <sup>-12</sup>	—
SSP 50	2.16×10 <sup>5</sup>	9.19×10 <sup>3</sup>	4.53×10 <sup>5</sup>	1.93×10 <sup>4</sup>	4.69×10 <sup>-13</sup>	—
SSP 60	4.50×10 <sup>5</sup>	1.59×10 <sup>4</sup>	9.46×10 <sup>5</sup>	3.35×10 <sup>4</sup>	2.25×10 <sup>-13</sup>	—
SSP 4AM	1.18×10	6.01	2.44×10	1.23×10	8.56×10 <sup>-9</sup>	8.82×10 <sup>-9</sup>
SSP 5AM	2.77×10	1.11×10	5.77×10	2.31×10	3.65×10 <sup>-9</sup>	3.76×10 <sup>-9</sup>
SSP 6AM	5.89×10 <sup>2</sup>	1.96×10	1.22×10 <sup>2</sup>	4.05×10	1.72×10 <sup>-9</sup>	1.77×10 <sup>-9</sup>
SSP 8AM	1.88×10 <sup>2</sup>	4.71×10	3.86×10 <sup>2</sup>	9.66×10	5.37×10 <sup>-10</sup>	5.53×10 <sup>-10</sup>
SSP 10AM	4.53×10 <sup>2</sup>	9.06×10	9.35×10 <sup>2</sup>	1.87×10 <sup>2</sup>	2.23×10 <sup>-10</sup>	2.30×10 <sup>-10</sup>

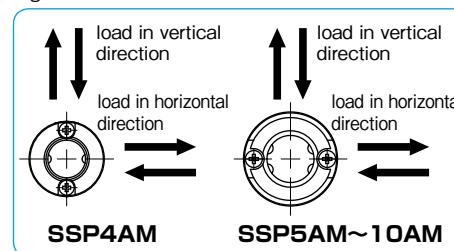
## LOAD RATING

The load rating for SSP-AM type depends on the direction of load.

Table B-9 LOAD RATING

	SSP4AM	SSP5AM~10AM
basic dynamic load rating	vertical C	C
	horizontal 1.73×C	1.22×C
basic static load rating	vertical C <sub>0</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>
	horizontal 1.73×C <sub>0</sub>	1.22×C <sub>0</sub>

Figure B-6 Load Direction



## CALCULATION OF DEFLECTION AND DEFLECTION ANGLE OF SPLINE SHAFT

The following formulas are used to obtain the deflection and its angle of the ball spline shaft. Typical conditions are listed in Table B-10.

Table B-10 Formulas for Calculating Deflection and Deflection Angle

support method	specification	formula for deflection	formula for deflection angle
1 support I support		$\delta_{\max} = \frac{P\ell^3}{48EI} = P\ell^3C$	$i_1 = 0$ $i_2 = \frac{P\ell^2}{16EI} = 3P\ell^2C$
2 fixed I fixed		$\delta_{\max} = \frac{P\ell^3}{192EI} = \frac{1}{4}P\ell^3C$	$i_1 = 0$ $i_2 = 0$
3 support I support		$\delta_{\max} = \frac{5p\ell^4}{384EI} = \frac{5}{8}p\ell^4C$	$i_1 = \frac{p\ell^3}{24EI} = 2p\ell^3C$
4 fixed I fixed		$\delta_{\max} = \frac{p\ell^4}{384EI} = \frac{1}{8}p\ell^4C$	$i_2 = 0$
5 support I support		$\delta_1 = \frac{Pa^3}{6EI} \left(2 + \frac{3b}{a}\right) = 8Pa^3 \left(2 + \frac{3b}{a}\right)C$ $\delta_{\max} = \frac{Pa^3}{24EI} \left(\frac{3\ell^2}{a^2} - 4\right) = 2Pa^3 \left(\frac{3\ell^2}{a^2} - 4\right)C$	$i_1 = \frac{Pab}{2EI} = 24PabC$ $i_2 = \frac{Pa(a+b)}{2EI} = 24Pa(a+b)C$
6 fixed I fixed		$\delta_1 = \frac{Pa^3}{6EI} \left(2 - \frac{3a}{\ell}\right) = 8Pa^3 \left(2 - \frac{3a}{\ell}\right)C$ $\delta_{\max} = \frac{Pa^3}{24EI} \left(2 + \frac{3b}{a}\right) = 2Pa^3 \left(2 + \frac{3b}{a}\right)C$	$i_1 = \frac{Pa^2b}{2EI\ell} = 24Pa^2bC$ $i_2 = 0$
7 fixed I free		$\delta_{\max} = \frac{P\ell^3}{3EI} = 16P\ell^3C$	$i_1 = \frac{P\ell^2}{2EI} = 24P\ell^2C$ $i_2 = 0$
8 fixed I free		$\delta_{\max} = \frac{p\ell^4}{8EI} = 6p\ell^4C$	$i_1 = \frac{p\ell^3}{6EI} = 8p\ell^3C$ $i_2 = 0$
9 support I support		$\delta_{\max} = \frac{\sqrt{3}Mo\ell^2}{216EI} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{9}Mo\ell^2C$	$i_1 = \frac{Mo\ell}{12EI} = 4Mo\ell C$ $i_2 = \frac{Mo\ell}{24EI} = 2Mo\ell C$
10 fixed I fixed		$\delta_{\max} = \frac{Mo\ell^2}{216EI} = \frac{2}{9}Mo\ell^2C$	$i_1 = \frac{Mo\ell}{16EI} = 3Mo\ell C$ $i_2 = 0$

$\delta_1$ : deflection at the concentrated load point (mm)  $\delta_{\max}$ : maximum deflection (mm)  $i_1$ : deflection angle at the concentrated load point (rad)  $i_2$ : deflection angle at the support point (rad)  $Mo$ : moment (N · mm)  $P$ : concentrated load (N)  $p$ : uniformly distributed load (N/mm)  $a, b$ : concentrated load point distance (mm)  $\ell$ : span (mm)  $I$ : moment of inertia of area (mm<sup>4</sup>) (refer to Table B-8 on page B-8)  $E$ : modulus of longitudinal elasticity (SUJ2) 2.06×10<sup>5</sup> (N/mm<sup>2</sup>) (SUS) 2.0×10<sup>5</sup> (N/mm<sup>2</sup>)  $C$ : 1/48EI (1/N · mm<sup>2</sup>)



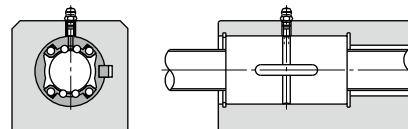
## LUBRICATION

The spline nut is prelubricated with lithium soap based grease prior to shipment for immediate use. Please relubricate with a similar type of grease periodically depending on the operating conditions.

Low dust generation grease is available from NB standard grease. (refer to page Eng-39)

The NB spline nut has seals as standard. The seals work well to contain the grease inside the nut especially for the ground shaft, since the seal shape approximates the spline shaft profile.

Figure B-10 Example of Lubrication Mechanism

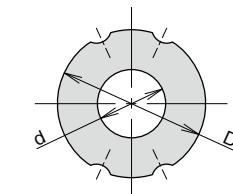


## HOLLOW SPLINE SHAFT

NB provides hollow shafts. It can be used for running cable, air piping, and weight reduction. Table B-12 shows a list of recommended inner diameter for hollow spline shaft (SUJ2).

Table B-12  
Recommended Inner Diameter for Hollow Spline Shaft

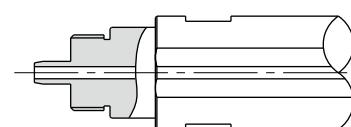
part number	shaft diameter Ds mm	inner diameter d mm	cross-sectional coefficient Z mm <sup>3</sup>	second moment of inertia I mm <sup>4</sup>
SSP 4	4	1.5	11.5	5.6
SSP 6	6	2	58.3	18.9
SSP 8	8	3	186	44.9
SSP10	10	4	448	85.9
SSP13A	13	6	1,260	182
SSP16A	16	8	2,780	323
SSP20A	20	10	6,860	637
SSP25A	25	15	15,400	1,100
SSP 4AM	4	1.5	11.6	5.7
SSP 5AM	5	2	26.9	10.3
SSP 6AM	6	2	58.1	18.8
SSP 8AM	8	3	184	44.4
SSP10AM	10	4	440	84.2



## SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

Based on customer drawings and requirements NB offers shaft-end machining, spline nut machining, surface treatment, etc. Please contact NB for special requirements.

Figure B-11 Example of Shaft-end Machining



## USE AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

NB ball spline must be handled with care as it is a precise component. Please note the following points.

### A Set of Spline Nut and Spline Shaft

The ball spline's accuracy and preload is guaranteed when spline nut and shaft are aligned as shown in Figure B-12. Please make sure to align the NB marks when reinserting the shaft.

When inserting the spline shaft into the spline nut, ensure that the ball elements do not drop out. This is done by aligning the raceway grooves of the shaft with the rows of ball elements and the seal lip of the nut. Then, carefully insert the spline shaft through the spline nut. In case that the nut is preloaded, please exercise additional care.

### Fit between Spline Nut and Housing

A transition fit is used for the SSP/SSPM-type spline nut and its housing bore to minimize the clearance. If high accuracy is not required, then a clearance fit can be used. Regarding the SSPT/SSPF type spline nut, for a light load and little torque application a hole slightly larger than the outer diameter of the nut can suffice. The mounting surface for the flange influences the perpendicularity and parallelism. Please make sure that the accuracy of the mounting surface is correct.

### Insertion of Spline Nut

When inserting a spline nut into the housing, use a jig like the one shown in Figure B-13. Carefully insert the nut so as to not hit the side ring and seal.

Table B-14 Recommended Jig Dimensions unit : mm

part number	D	d	part number	D	d
SSP 4	9.5	3.5	SSP20	31.5	16.5
SSP 6	13.5	5	SSP25	36.5	20.5
SSP 8	15.5	7	SSP30	44.5	25
SSP 10	20.5	8.5	SSP40	59.5	33
SSP 13A	23.5	12	SSP50	74	41
SSP 16A	30.5	14.5	SSP60	89	50
SSP 20A	34.5	18			
SSP 25A	41.5	22.5	SSP 4AM	7.5	3
SSP 30A	46.5	27	SSP 5AM	9.5	4
SSP 40A	63.5	35.6	SSP 6AM	11.5	5
SSP 50A	79	44	SSP 8AM	14.5	7
SSP 60A	89	53.5	SSP10AM	18.5	8.5
SSP 80	119	74			
SSP 80L					
SSP100	149	92			
SSP100L					

Figure B-12 NB mark Alignment

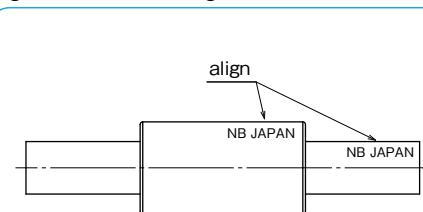
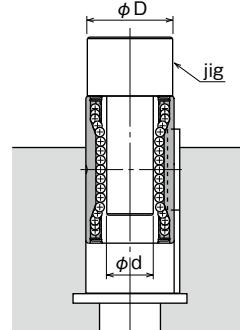


Table B-13 Fit for the Spline Nut

type of spline nut	clearance fit	transition fit
SSP		
SSP-AM	H7	
SSPM		J6

Figure B-13 Insertion of Spline Nut into Housing



### Excessive Moment

One spline nut can sustain high moments, however, excessive moment makes the spline nut unbalanced and unstable during motion. Please use more than one spline nut for high moment or high accuracy applications.

## MOUNTING

### Mounting of SSP Type

Examples of installing the SSP type are shown in Figures B-14 and B-15.

Figure B-14 Using a Retaining Ring

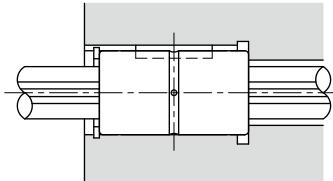
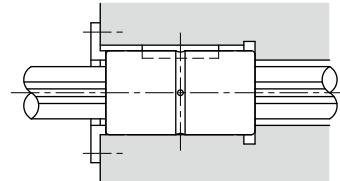


Figure B-15 Using a Push Plate



### Key

The SSP type spline nut comes with a key shown in Figure B-16.

Figure B-16 Key for SSP Type

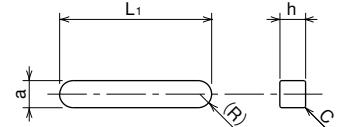


Table B-15 Major Dimensions of Key

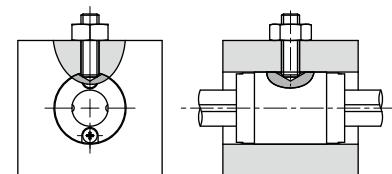
part number	a mm	tolerance $\mu\text{m}$	h mm	tolerance $\mu\text{m}$	L <sub>1</sub> mm	C mm
SSP 4	2		2		6	
SSP 6	2.5		2.5		10.5	
SSP 8	2.5	+ 6	2.5	-25	10.5	
SSP 10	3		3		13	
SSP 13A	3		3		15	
SSP 16A	3.5		3.5		17.5	
SSP 20A	4		4		29	0.5
SSP 25A	4	+24	4	0	36	0.3
SSP 30A	4	+12	4	-30	42	0.5
SSP 40A	6		6		52	0.5
SSP 50A	8	+30/+15	7		58	0.5
SSP 60A	12		8	0	67	0.8
SSP 80	16	+36	10	-36	76	
SSP 80L		+18			110	0.5
SSP100	20	+43	13	0	110	
SSP100L		+22		-43	160	0.8
SSP 20	4	+24	4	0	26	0.2
SSP 25	5	+12	5	-30	33	0.3
SSP 30	7	+30	7	0	41	0.3
SSP 40	10	+15	8	-36	55	0.5
SSP 50	15	+36	10		60	0.5
SSP 60	18	+18	11	0/-43	68	0.5
SSP 5AM	2		2		6	
SSP 6AM	2	+16	2	0	8	
SSP 8AM	2.5	+ 6	2.5	-25	8.5	
SSP 10AM	3		3		11	

For SSPS and SSP AM type, the material of key is stainless steel.

### Mounting of SSP4AM Type

Example of installing the SSPM type are shown in Figure B-17.

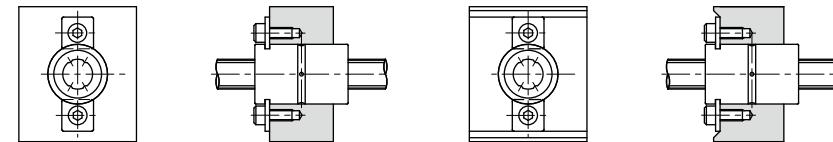
Figure B-17 Using SSP4AM Lock Plates



### Mounting of SSPM Type

Examples of installing the SSPM type are shown in Figures B-18,19,22 and 23.

Figure B-18 Using F Type Lock Plates



### F Type Lock Plate (Standard Plate)

The lock plate shown in Figure B-19 is provided with the SSPM spline nut.

Material: SUS304CSP

Table B-16 F Type Lock Plate

part number	K mm	G mm	t mm	R mm	applicable spline nut
FP 6	6.8	2.9	1.0	0.5	SSPM 6
FP 8	8.5	3.5	1.2	0.5	SSPM 8
FP10	8.5	3.5	1.2	0.5	SSPM10

Figure B-19 F Type Lock Plate

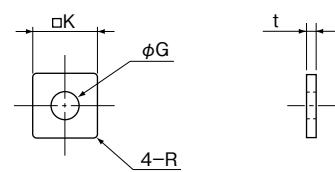
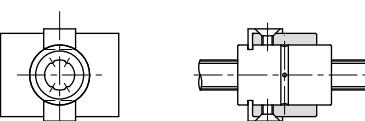


Figure B-20 Using LP Type Lock Plates



### LP Type Lock Plate (Optional Plate)

The LP type lock plate is also available for purchase with the SSPM spline nut.

Material: SUS304CSP

Figure B-21 LP Type Lock Plate

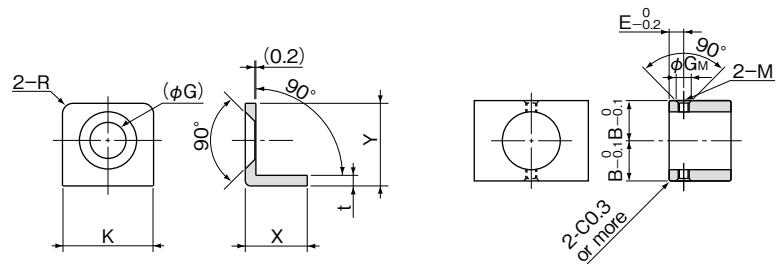


Table B-17 LP Type Lock Plate

part number	lock plate major dimensions						machined housing dimensions				applicable spline nut
	K mm	G mm	t mm	R mm	X mm	Y mm	B mm	E mm	G <sub>M</sub> mm	M	
LP 6	8.6	3.8	1.0	1	5.85	7.8	11.1	3.3	3.5	M2.5	SSPM 6
LP 8	9.15	4.5	1.2	1	6.45	9.2	12.3	4.0	4.2	M3	SSPM 8
LP10	9.15	4.5	1.2	1	6.45	9.2	14.8	4.0	4.2	M3	SSPM10

Figure B-23 Using Special Lock Plates (2)

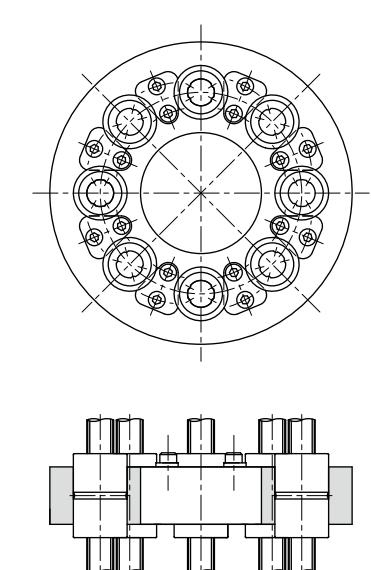
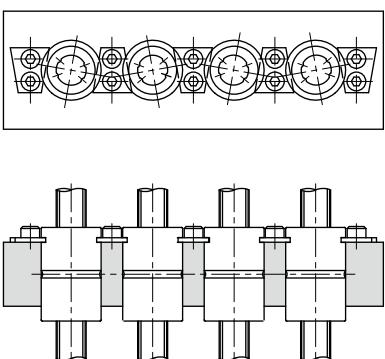


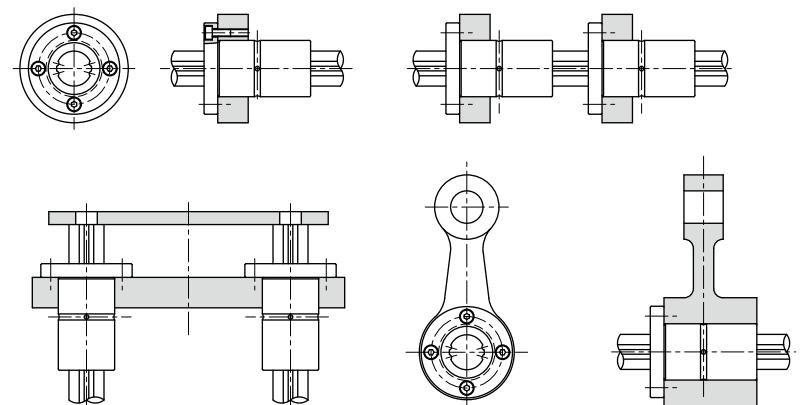
Figure B-22 Using Special Lock Plates (1)



### Mounting of SSPF Type

Examples of installing the SSPF type are shown in Figure B-24.

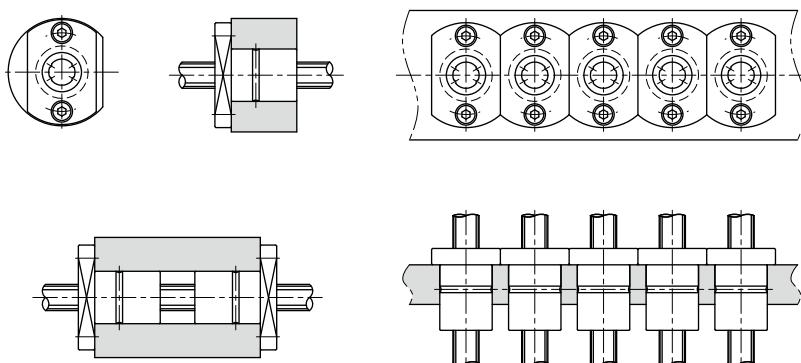
Figure B-24 Examples of installing SSPF Type



### Mounting of SSPT Type

Examples of installing SSPT type are shown in Figure B-25.

Figure B-25 Examples of installing SSPT Type



**SSP TYPE**

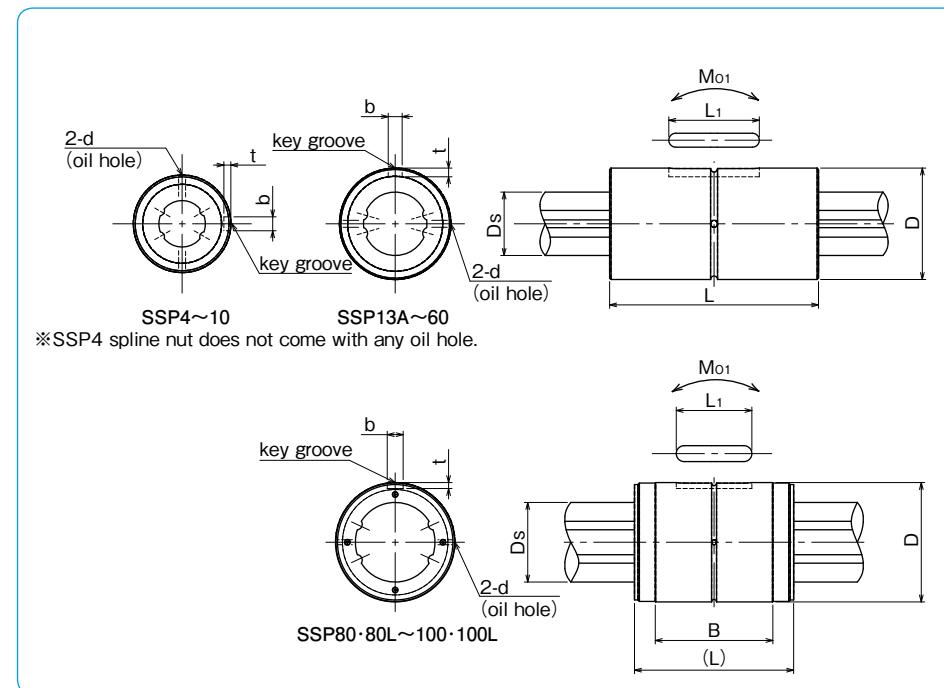
— Cylindrical Spline Nut —

**part number structure**

example	<b>SSP 80 L-2-T1-600-P/CU</b>		
specification	SSP: standard SSPS: anti-corrosion		with special specification
nominal diameter			accuracy grade blank: high P: precision
nut length	blank: standard L: long		spline shaft total length
number of nuts attached to one shaft			preload symbol blank: standard T1: light T2: medium
Note: retainer material is resin.			

part number		major dimensions						
standard	anti-corrosion	D tolerance mm	L tolerance mm	B mm	b tolerance mm	t +0.05 0 mm	L <sub>1</sub> mm	d mm
<b>SSP 4</b>	<b>SSPS 4</b>	10	0/-9	16	2	1.2	6	—
<b>SSP 6</b>	<b>SSPS 6</b>	14	0	25	2.5	1.2	10.5	1
<b>SSP 8</b>	<b>SSPS 8</b>	16	-11	25	2.5	1.2	10.5	1.5
<b>SSP 10</b>	<b>SSPS10</b>	21	0	33	3	1.5	13	1.5
<b>SSP 13A</b>	<b>SSPS13A</b>	24	-13	36	3	1.5	15	1.5
<b>SSP 16A</b>	<b>SSPS16A</b>	31		50	3.5	2	17.5	2
<b>SSP 20A</b>	<b>SSPS20A</b>	35	0	63	4	2.5	29	2
<b>SSP 25A</b>	<b>SSPS25A</b>	42	-16	71	4	2.5	36	3
<b>SSP 30A</b>	—	47		80	4	2.5	42	3
<b>SSP 40A</b>	—	64	0	100	6	3.5	52	4
<b>SSP 50A</b>	—	80	-19	125	8	+22/0	4	58
<b>SSP 60A</b>	—	90		140	12	+27	5	67
<b>SSP 80</b>	—	120	0	160	118.2	0	76	4
<b>SSP 80L</b>	—	120	-22	217	175.2	16	6	110
<b>SSP100</b>	—	150	0	185	132.6	+33	7	110
<b>SSP100L</b>	—	150	-25	248	195.6	0	160	5
<b>SSP 20</b>	<b>SSPS20</b>	32	0	60	0/-0.2	4	+18	2.5
<b>SSP 25</b>	<b>SSPS25</b>	37	-16	70		5	0	33
<b>SSP 30</b>	—	45		80		7	+22	4
<b>SSP 40</b>	—	60	0	100		10	0	41
<b>SSP 50</b>	—	75	-19	112		15	+27	4.5
<b>SSP 60</b>	—	90	0/-22	127		18	0	55

SSP type spline nut comes with a key (refer to page B-14).



Ds mm	tolerance μm	basic torque rating		basic load rating		allowable static		mass kg	shaft kg/m	size
		dynamic C <sub>T</sub> N · m	static C <sub>oT</sub> N · m	dynamic C kN	static C <sub>o</sub> kN	moment M <sub>o1</sub> N · m	moment M <sub>o2</sub> N · m			
4	0	0.74	1.05	0.86	1.22	1.97	10.3	0.0065	0.10	<b>4</b>
6	-12	1.5	2.4	1.22	2.28	5.1	40	0.019	0.21	<b>6</b>
8	0	2.1	3.7	1.45	2.87	7.4	50	0.023	0.38	<b>8</b>
10	-15	4.4	8.2	2.73	5.07	18.0	116	0.054	0.60	<b>10</b>
13	0	21	39.2	2.67	4.89	13.7	109	0.07	1.0	<b>13A</b>
16	-18	60	110	6.12	11.2	46	299	0.15	1.5	<b>16A</b>
20	0	105	194	8.9	16.3	110	560	0.22	2.4	<b>20A</b>
25	-21	189	346	12.8	23.4	171	1,020	0.33	3.7	<b>25A</b>
30		307	439	18.6	23.2	181	1,470	0.36	5.38	<b>30A</b>
40	0	674	934	30.8	37.5	358	2,940	0.95	9.55	<b>40A</b>
50	-25	1,290	2,950	40.3	64.9	690	4,080	1.9	15.0	<b>50A</b>
60	0	1,570	2,620	47.7	79.5	881	5,470	2.3	21.6	<b>60A</b>
80	-30	3,860	6,230	83.1	134	2,000	11,100	5.1	39	<b>80</b>
		5,120	9,340	110	201	4,410	21,100	7.6		<b>80L</b>
100	0	6,750	11,500	135	199	3,360	19,300	9.7	61	<b>100</b>
	-35	8,960	17,300	179	298	7,340	37,700	13.9		<b>100L</b>
18.2	0	83	133	7.84	11.3	63	500	0.2	2.0	<b>20</b>
23	-21	162	239	12.3	16.1	104	830	0.22	3.1	<b>25</b>
28		289	412	18.6	23.2	181	1,470	0.35	4.8	<b>30</b>
37.4	0	637	882	30.8	37.5	358	2,940	0.81	8.6	<b>40</b>
47	-25	1,390	3,180	46.1	74.2	696	4,400	1.5	13.1	<b>50</b>
56.5	0/-30	2,100	4,800	58.0	127	1,300	8,800	2.5	19	<b>60</b>

1kN=102kgf 1N · m=0.102kgf · m

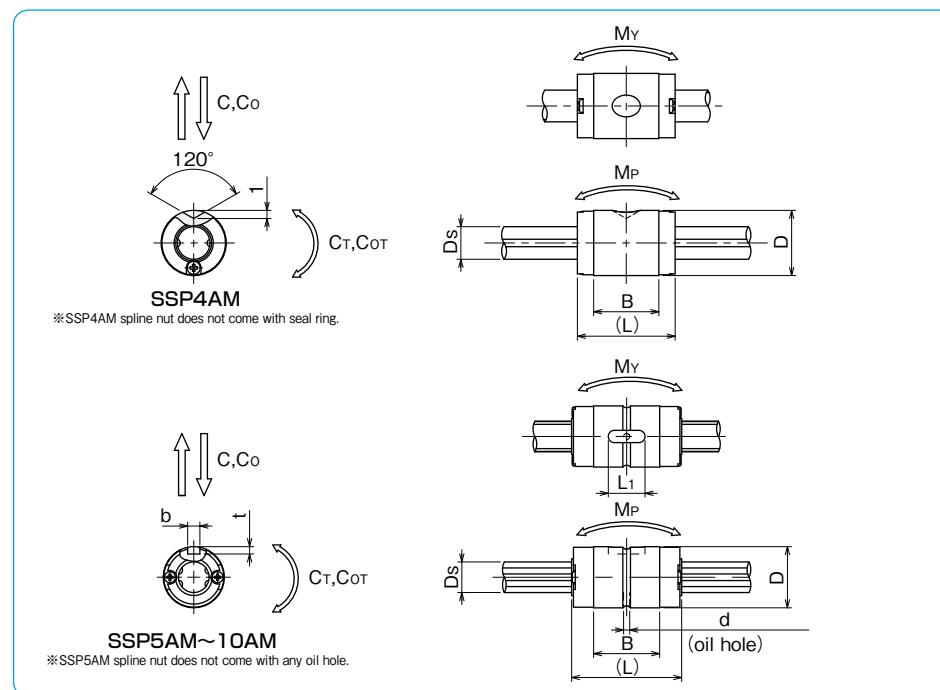
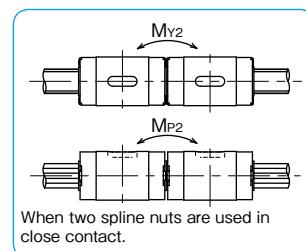
## SSP-AM TYPE



### part number structure

example	SSP	4	AM	-2	-T1	-200	-P/CU	
specification	SSP	AM						with special specification
SSPS AM								accuracy grade blank : high P : precision
nominal diameter								spline shaft total length
number of nuts attached to one shaft								preload symbol blank : standard T1 : light

Note: SSP(S)4AM does not come with side-seals.  
Material of return cap is resin.



part number		major dimensions									
standard	anti-corrosion	D tolerance	L	B	b tolerance	t	L <sub>1</sub>	d	D <sub>s</sub> h7 tolerance		
mm	μm	mm	mm	mm	μm	+0.05 0	mm	mm	mm	μm	
SSP 4AM	SSPS 4AM	8	0	12	8	—	—	—	4	0	
SSP 5AM	SSPS 5AM	10	-9	18	10.8	2				-12	
SSP 6AM	SSPS 6AM	12	0	21	13	2				-15	
SSP 8AM	SSPS 8AM	15	-11	25	14.9	2.5					
SSP10AM	SSPS10AM	19	0	30	18	3					
		-13									

SSP (S) 5AM-10AM type spline nut come with a key (refer to page B-14).

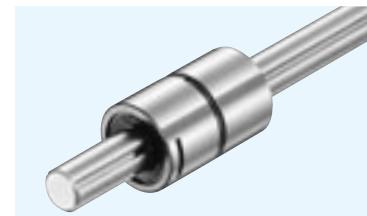
basic torque rating dynamic C <sub>T</sub> N·m	basic static torque C <sub>T</sub> N·m	basic dynamic load rating C N	basic static load rating C <sub>O</sub> N	allowable static moment M <sub>P</sub> M <sub>P2</sub> N·m	allowable static moment M <sub>Y</sub> M <sub>Y2</sub> N·m	mass nut g	mass shaft g/100mm	size
0.72	1.00	314	438	0.59 3.36	1.03 5.82	2.5	9.7	4AM
2.33	4.05	825	1,160	2.10 13.4	2.56 16.3	5.1	14.9	5AM
2.95	5.27	890	1,290	2.55 16.5	3.11 20.1	9.2	21.6	6AM
5.85	9.83	1,330	1,810	4.11 27.8	5.00 33.8	15.8	38.4	8AM
12.4	19.4	2,270	2,870	7.84 52.5	9.53 63.9	30.7	59.8	10AM

Allowable static moment M<sub>P2</sub> and M<sub>Y2</sub> are the values when two spline nuts are used on close contact.

1kN≈102kgf 1N·m≈0.102kgf·m

**SSPM TYPE**

— Keyless Spline Nut —

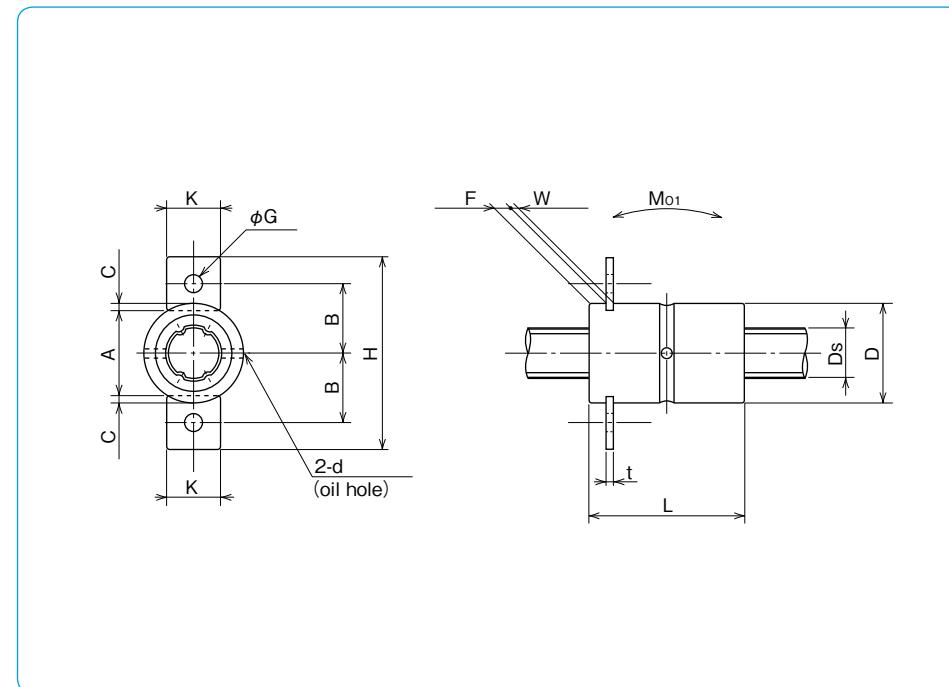
**part number structure**

example	<b>SSPM</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>-T1</b>	<b>-200</b>	<b>-P/CU</b>	
SSPM type							
nominal diameter							
number of nuts attached to one shaft							
accuracy grade							
blank: high							
P: precision							
spline shaft total length							
with special specification							
When two spline nuts are used in close contact.							
preload symbol							
blank: standard							
T1: light							

Note: retainer material is resin.

part number	major dimensions											
	D tolerance mm	t μm	L tolerance mm	F mm	W mm	C mm	A mm	d mm	B mm	H mm	K mm	
<b>SSPM 6</b>	14	0	25		2.2	1.1	1.0	12.0	1	9.4	25.6	6.8
<b>SSPM 8</b>	16	-11	25	0	2.7	1.3	1.2	13.6	1.5	11	30.6	8.5
<b>SSPM10</b>	21	0/-13	33	-0.2	2.7	1.3	1.2	18.6	1.5	13.5	35.6	8.5

Two F type lock plates per SSPM type spline nut are provided (refer to page B-15).

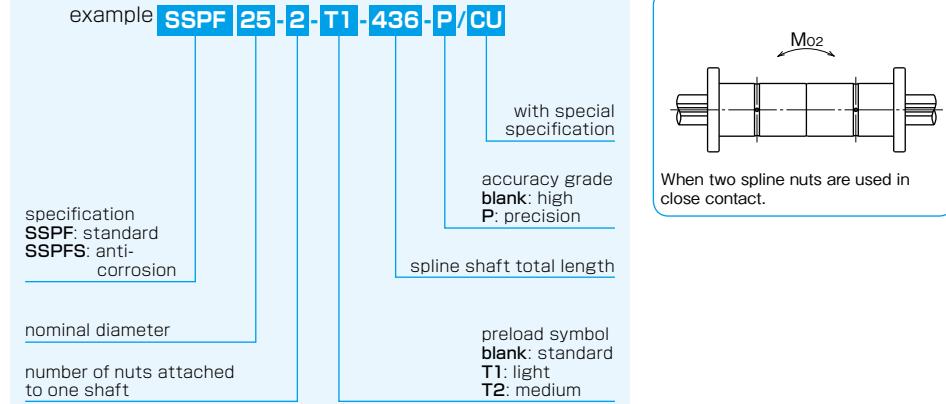


G mm	t mm	Ds tolerance μm	basic torque rating		basic load rating		allowable		mass		size
			dynamic C <sub>T</sub> N · m	static C <sub>0T</sub> N · m	dynamic C kN	static C <sub>0</sub> kN	static M <sub>01</sub> N · m	dynamic M <sub>02</sub> N · m	nut kg	shaft kg/m	
2.9	1.0	6	0/-12	1.5	2.4	1.22	2.28	5.1	40	0.019	0.21 <b>6</b>
3.5	1.2	8	0	2.1	3.7	1.45	2.87	7.4	50	0.023	0.38 <b>8</b>
3.5	1.2	10	-15	4.4	8.2	2.73	5.07	18.0	116	0.054	0.60 <b>10</b>

1kN ≈ 102kgf 1N · m ≈ 0.102kgf · m

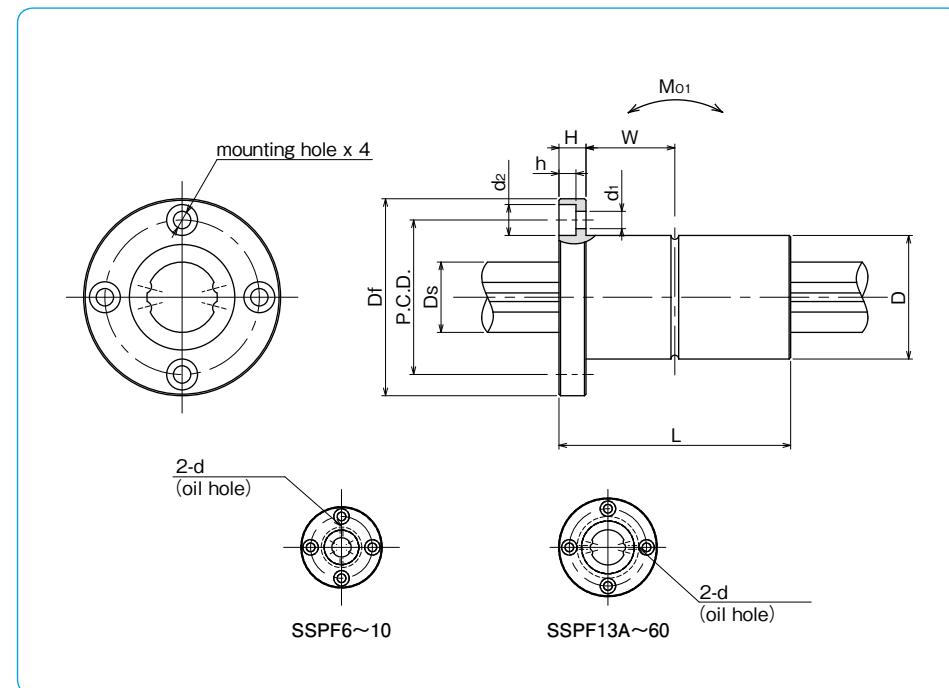
**SSPF TYPE**

— Flange Type Nut —

**part number structure**

Note: retainer material is resin.

part number		major dimensions								
standard	anti-corrosion	D mm	tolerance $\mu\text{m}$	L mm	tolerance mm	Df mm	H mm	P.C.D. mm	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$ mm	W mm
<b>SSPF 6</b>	<b>SSPFS 6</b>	14	0	25		30	5	22	3.4×6.5×3.3	7.5
<b>SSPF 8</b>	<b>SSPFS 8</b>	16	-11	25		32	5	24	3.4×6.5×3.3	7.5
<b>SSPF10</b>	<b>SSPFS10</b>	21	0	33	0	42	6	32	4.5×8×4.4	10.5
<b>SSPF13A</b>	<b>SSPFS13A</b>	24	-13	36	-0.2	43	7	33	4.5×8×4.4	11
<b>SSPF16A</b>	<b>SSPFS16A</b>	31		50		50	7	40	4.5×8×4.4	18
<b>SSPF20A</b>	<b>SSPFS20A</b>	35		63		58	9	45	5.5×9.5×5.4	22.5
<b>SSPF25A</b>	<b>SSPFS25A</b>	42	-16	71	0	65	9	52	5.5×9.5×5.4	26.5
<b>SSPF30A</b>	—	47		80		75	10	60	6.6×11×6.5	30
<b>SSPF40A</b>	—	64	0	100	-0.3	100	14	82	9×14×8.6	36
<b>SSPF50A</b>	—	80	-19	125		124	16	102	11×17.5×11	46.5
<b>SSPF60A</b>	—	90	0/-22	140		129	18	107	11×17.5×11	52
<b>SSPF20</b>	<b>SSPFS20</b>	32	0	60	0/-0.2	51	7	40	4.5×8×4.4	23
<b>SSPF25</b>	<b>SSPFS25</b>	37	-16	70		60	9	47	5.5×9.5×5.4	26
<b>SSPF30</b>	—	45		80		70	10	54	6.6×11×6.5	30
<b>SSPF40</b>	—	60	0	100		90	14	72	9×14×8.6	36
<b>SSPF50</b>	—	75	-19	112	-0.3	113	16	91	11×17.5×11	40
<b>SSPF60</b>	—	90	0/-22	127		129	18	107	11×17.5×11	45.5

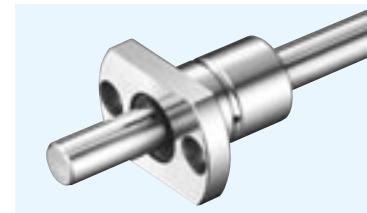
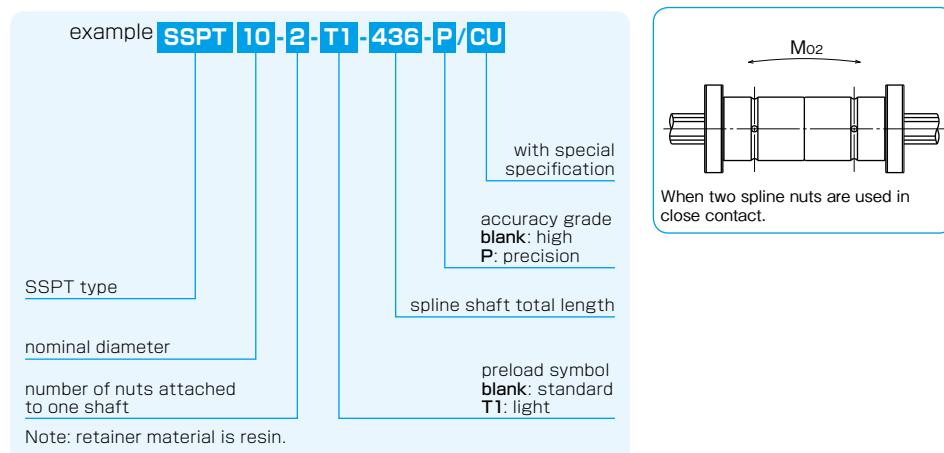


d mm	Ds tolerance $\mu\text{m}$	basic torque rating		basic load rating		allowable		mass		size
		dynamic $C_T$ N·m	static $C_{T0}$ N·m	dynamic $C$ kN	static $C_{0}$ kN	static $M_{01}$ N·m	moment $M_{02}$ N·m	nut kg	shaft kg/m	
1	6	0/-12	1.5	2.4	1.22	2.28	5.1	40	0.037	0.21 <b>6</b>
1.5	8	0	2.1	3.7	1.45	2.87	7.4	50	0.042	0.38 <b>8</b>
1.5	10	-15	4.4	8.2	2.73	5.07	18.0	116	0.094	0.6 <b>10</b>
1.5	13	0	21	39.2	2.67	4.89	13.7	109	0.1	1 <b>13A</b>
2	16	-18	60	110	6.12	11.2	46	299	0.2	1.5 <b>16A</b>
2	20	0	105	194	8.9	16.3	110	560	0.33	2.4 <b>20A</b>
3	25	-21	189	346	12.8	23.4	171	1,020	0.45	3.7 <b>25A</b>
3	30	0	307	439	18.6	23.2	181	1,470	0.55	5.38 <b>30A</b>
4	40	0	674	934	30.8	37.5	358	2,940	1.41	9.55 <b>40A</b>
4	50	-25	1,290	2,950	40.3	64.9	690	4,080	2.73	15.0 <b>50A</b>
4	60	0/-30	1,570	2,620	47.7	79.5	881	5,470	3.2	21.6 <b>60A</b>
2	18.2	0	83	133	7.84	11.3	63	500	0.22	2 <b>20</b>
3	23	-21	162	239	12.3	16.1	104	830	0.32	3.1 <b>25</b>
3	28	0	289	412	18.6	23.2	181	1,470	0.51	4.8 <b>30</b>
4	37.4	0	637	882	30.8	37.5	358	2,940	1.15	8.6 <b>40</b>
4	47	-25	1,390	3,180	46.1	74.2	696	4,400	2.1	13.1 <b>50</b>
4	56.5	0/-30	2,100	4,800	58.0	127	1,300	8,800	3.3	19 <b>60</b>

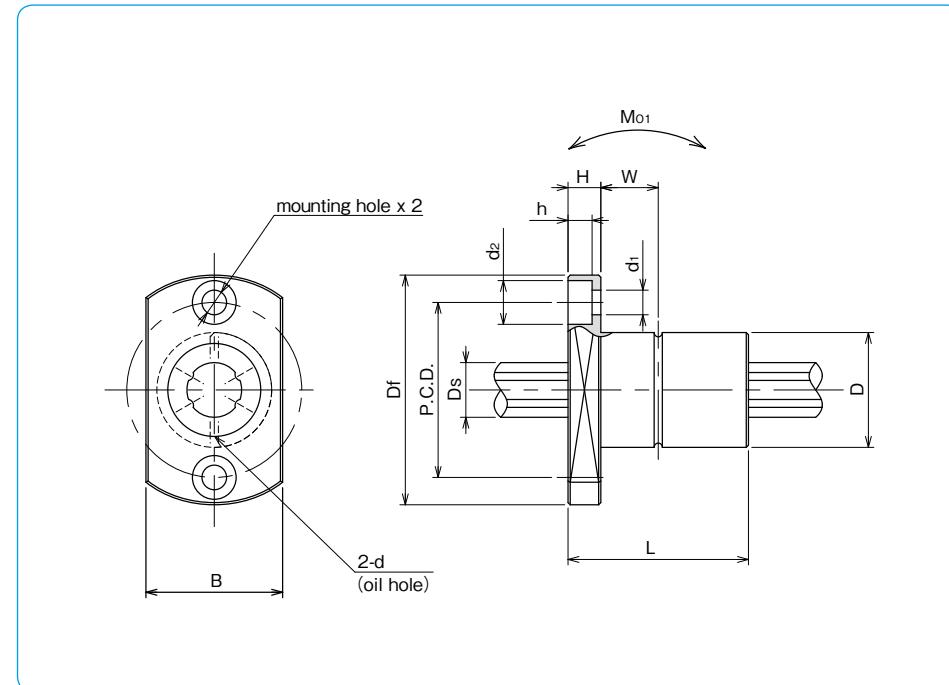
1kN = 102kgf 1N · m = 0.102kgf · m

**SSPT TYPE**

— Two Side Cut Flange Type —

**part number structure**

part number	major dimensions									
	D mm	tolerance $\mu\text{m}$	L mm	tolerance $\mu\text{m}$	Df mm	B mm	H mm	P.C.D. mm	$d_1 \times d_2 \times h$ mm	W mm
<b>SSPT 6</b>	14	0	25		30	18	5	22	3.4×6.5×3.3	7.5
<b>SSPT 8</b>	16	-11	25	-0.2	32	21	5	24	3.4×6.5×3.3	7.5
<b>SSPT10</b>	21	0/-13	33		42	25	6	32	4.5×8×4.4	10.5



d mm	Ds tolerance $\mu\text{m}$	basic torque rating		basic load rating		allowable static moment		mass		size
		dynamic C <sub>T</sub> N·m	static C <sub>oT</sub> N·m	dynamic C kN	static C <sub>o</sub> kN	M <sub>o1</sub> N·m	M <sub>o2</sub> N·m	nut kg	shaft kg/m	
1	6	0/-12	1.5	2.4	1.22	2.28	5.1	40	0.029	0.21 <b>6</b>
1.5	8	0	2.1	3.7	1.45	2.87	7.4	50	0.035	0.38 <b>8</b>
1.5	10	-15	4.4	8.2	2.73	5.07	18.0	116	0.075	0.6 <b>10</b>

1kN=102kgf 1N·m=0.102kgf·m

# **SSPT-AM TYPE SSPK-AM TYPE**

#### – Light and Compact Flange Type –



## part number structure

example **SSPK** | **10** | **AM-2-T1** - **400-P/CU**

specification (4AM)  
**SSPT AM**: standard  
**SSPTS AM**: anti-corrosion  
                 (5AM~10AM)  
**SSPK AM**: standard  
**SSPKS AM**: anti-corrosion

nominal diameter

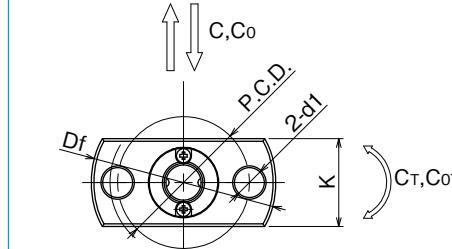
number of nuts attached to one shaft

Note: Nut material of SSPT-AM and SSPK-AM is stainless steel.

with specific  
specifications

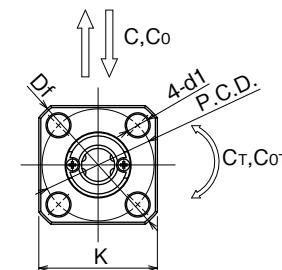
preload symbol  
**blank**: standard  
T1: light

Note: Nut material of SSPT-AM and SSPK-AM is stainless steel.



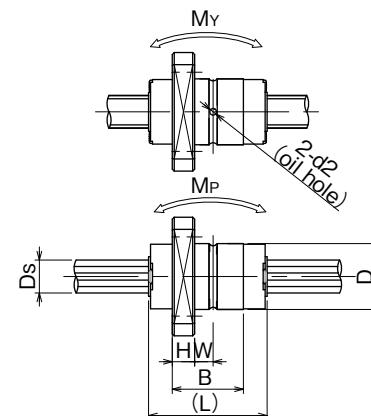
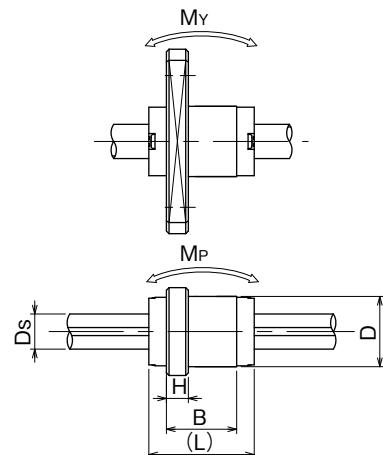
SSPT4AM

\*SSPT4AM spline nut  
does not come with seal ring.



SSPK5AM~10AM

\*SSPK5AM spline nut  
does not come with oil groove



part number		major dimensions									
standard	anti-corrosion	D h6 tolerance		L	B	Df	K	H	P.C.D.	d1	W
		mm	μm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
SSPT 4AM	SSPTS 4AM	8	0 -9	12	8	21	10	2.5	15	3.4	-
SSPK 5AM	SSPKS 5AM	10	18 -9	10.8	23	18	3.4	17	3.4	2.8	
SSPK 6AM	SSPKS 6AM	12	21 0	13	25	20	3	19	3.4	3.5	
SSPK 8AM	SSPKS 8AM	15	25 -11	14.9	28	22	3.95	22	3.4	3.5	
SSPK10AM	SSPKS10AM	19	30 0 -13	18	36	28	4	28	4.5	5	

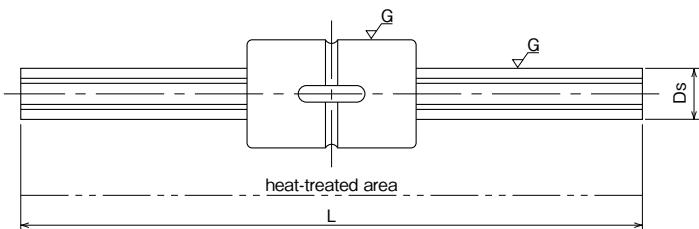
d <sub>2</sub>	Ds	h7	basic torque rating	basic load rating	allowable		mass	size				
mm	mm	μm	dynamic C <sub>T</sub>	static C <sub>oT</sub>	dynamic C	static C <sub>o</sub>	static moment M <sub>P</sub>	M <sub>Y</sub>	M <sub>Y2</sub>	nut	shaft	
			N · m	N · m	N	N	N · m	N · m	N · m	g	g/100mm	
—	4	0 -12	0.72	1.00	314	438	0.59 3.36	1.03 5.82	5.0	9.7	4AM	
1	5		2.33	4.05	825	1,160	2.10 13.4	2.56 16.3	10.7	14.9	5AM	
1	6		2.95	5.27	890	1,290	2.55 16.5	3.11 20.1	14.7	21.6	6AM	
1.2	8	0 -15	5.85	9.83	1,330	1,810	4.11 27.8	5.00 33.8	23.9	38.4	8AM	
1.5	10		12.4	19.4	2,270	2,870	7.84 52.5	9.53 63.9	44.0	59.8	10AM	

Allowable static moment  $M_{P2}$  and  $M_{Y2}$  are the values when two spline nuts are used in close contact.  $1N \equiv 102gf$   $1N \cdot m \equiv 102gf \cdot mm$

## STANDARD BALL SPLINE

### part number structure

example	<b>SSP</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>S</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>T1</b>	<b>-400</b>
standard lengthL						
nut shape	SSP: cylindrical type					
SSPM: keyless type						
SSPF: flange type						
SSPT: two side cut flange type						
nominal diameter						
example	<b>SSP</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>AM</b>	<b>S</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>T1</b>
						-300
nut shape	SSP AM : cylindrical type					
nominal diameter						
S: standard spline shaft						
number of nuts attached to one shaft						



nominal diameter	Ds mm	tolerance $\mu\text{m}$	major dimensions					applicable nut
			standard length L mm					
4	4	0	100	150	200	300	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> — <input type="checkbox"/>
6	6	-12	150	200	300	400	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
8	8	0	150	200	300	400	500	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
10	10	-15	200	300	400	500	600	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
13A	13	0	200	300	400	500	600	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
16A	16	-18	200	300	400	500	600	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
20A	20	0 -21	300	500	1,000	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
25A	25		300	500	1,000	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
30A	30	0	300	500	1,000	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
40A	40	0	500	1,000	—	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
50A	50	-25	500	1,000	—	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
60A	60	0/-30	500	1,000	—	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
20	18.2	0 -21	300	500	1,000	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
25	23		300	500	1,000	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
30	28	0	300	500	1,000	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
40	37.4	-25	500	1,000	—	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
50	47	0	500	1,000	—	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
60	56.5	0/-30	500	1,000	—	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
4AM	4	0	100	150	200	300	—	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
5AM	5	-12	150	200	300	400	—	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

• Tolerance of standard length L: JIS B0405 coarse grade.

• Please refer to dimension tables for nut shape and dimensions.

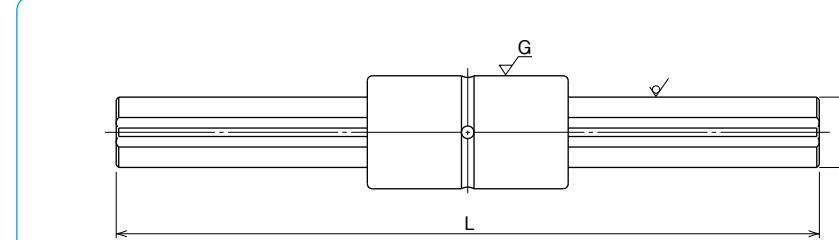
yes  no

## COMMERCIAL BALL SPLINE



### part number structure

example	<b>SSPF</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>/CU</b>
with special specification						
nut shape	SSP: cylindrical type					
SSPF: flange type						
nominal diameter						
commercial spline shaft						
spline shaft total length						
number of nuts attached to one shaft						



nominal diameter	Ds mm	major dimensions						applicable nut
		standard length L mm				G		
20	18.2	500	1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
25	23	500	1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
30	28	500	1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
40	37.4	500	1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
50	47	500	1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

• Tolerance of total length

total length up to 4,000: JIS B0405 coarse grade

total length greater than 4,000:  $\pm 5.0\text{mm}$

Please specify tolerances when required.

• Please refer to dimension tables for nut shape and dimensions.

• When a commercial shaft is used, the load rating of the nut is approximately 70% of indicated rating in the dimension tables.

# ROTARY BALL SPLINE

The NB rotary ball spline can be used for both rotational motion and linear motion. The applications include SCARA robots, vertical shaft of assembly equipment, tool changers, and loaders, etc.

## STRUCTURE AND ADVANTAGES

The NB Rotary Ball Spline nut consists of a spline nut and a rotating portion using either cross rollers for SPR or balls for SPB.

### High Accuracy

Ball Splines transfer torque and achieve accurate positioning in the linear direction.

By adding the rotating portion, Rotary Ball Splines can achieve accurate positioning in the linear and rotational directions.

### Half the Parts, Reduction in Installation Cost

The Spline nut and rotary bearing are combined in order to significantly reduce the number of parts, compared to conventional system.

The combination also reduces the housing thickness to a minimum, resulting in light weight and easy installation.

Figure B-26 Structure of SPR type

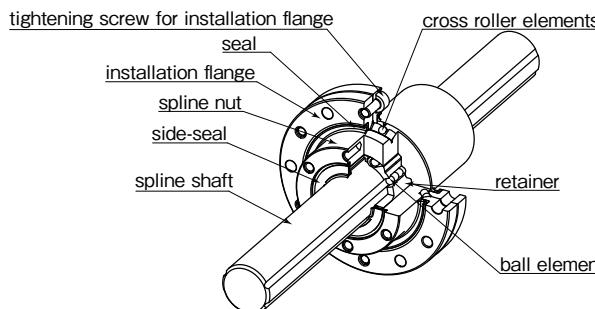
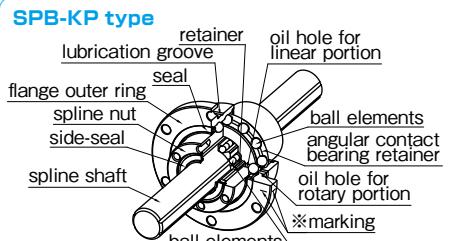


Figure B-27 Structure of SPB-KP type and SPB type



\*When lubricating linear portion, both oil hole linear and rotary can match by aligning the raceway grooves of the shaft with the marking of flange outer ring.

### Compact and High Rigidity(SPR type)

The cross rollers are directly attached to the ball spline's outer cylinder, resulting in a compact and light design.

SPR type has high rigidity despite its compactness. The tool changer is one typical application.

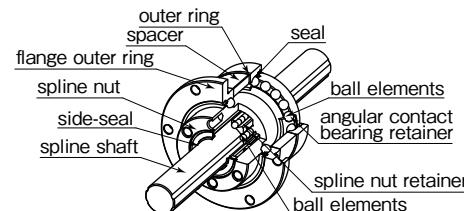
### High Rigidity and High Speed(SPБ type)

SPB type is a combination of a spline nut and angular contact bearings.

The rotary portion is a set of angular contact bearings which are aligned in the back-to-back duplex manner.

SPB type can bear radial, axial, and moment loads in a well-balanced way, thus best suited to high speed rotational applications.

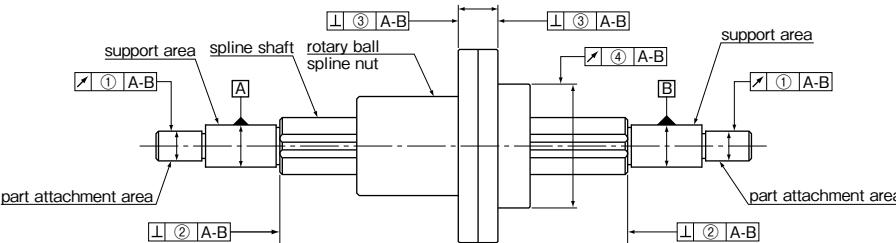
### SPB type



## ACCURACY OF SPR TYPE

The accuracy of SPR type is measured at the points shown in Figure B-28.

Figure B-28 Accuracy Measurement Points



Note: The support area is the portion where, for example, radial bearings are attached in order to support the spline shaft.  
The part attachment area is the portion to which other parts, such as gears are attached.

### Tolerance of Spline Shaft Groove Torsion (Max.)

The groove torsion is indicated per 100mm, arbitrarily set as the effective length of the spline shaft section.

Table B-18 Tolerance of Spline Shaft Groove Torsion (Max.)

tolerance
13 μm / 100mm

unit : μm

Table B-19 Tolerance Relative to Spline Support Area (Max.)

part number	①radial runout of part attachment area	②perpendicularity of the end of the spline shaft section (when grinding is requested on the drawing)	③perpendicularity of the flange
SPR 6	14	9	14
SPR 8			
SPR10	17		
SPR13			
SPR16	19	11	18
SPR20A			
SPR25A	22	13	21
SPR30A			
SPR40A	25	16	25
SPR50A			
SPR60A	29	19	29
SPR20	19	11	18
SPR25			
SPR30	22	13	21
SPR40			
SPR50	25	16	25
SPR60	29	19	29

Table B-20 ④Radial Runout of Outer Surface of Rotary Spline Nut Relative to Spline Support Area (Max.)

unit : μm

spline shaft total length (mm) greater than or less	part number					
	SPR 6, 8	SPR 10	SPR 13, 16	SPR 20A, 20, 25A, 25, 30A, 30	SPR 40A, 40, 50A, 50	SPR 60A, 60
—	46	36	34	32	32	30
200	89	54	45	39	36	34
315	126	68	53	44	39	36
400	163*	82	62	50	43	38
500	—	102	75	57	47	41
630	—	—	92	68	54	45
800	—	—	115	83	63	51
1,000	—	—	153	102	76	59
1,250	—	—	195*	130	93	70
1,600	—	—	—	171	118	86

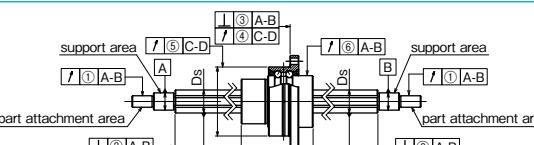
\*Please contact NB for spline shafts exceeding 2000mm. \* SPR6 shaft Max. length: 400mm SPR13, SPR16 Max.length: 1500mm

## ACCURACY OF SPB TYPE

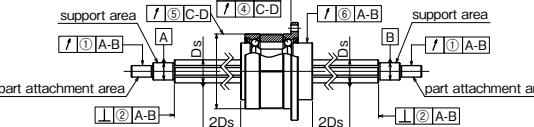
The accuracy of SPB type is measured at the points shown in Figure B-29.

Figure B-29 Accuracy Measurement Points

### SPB-KP type



### SPB type



Note : The support area is the portion where, for example, radial bearings are attached in order to support the spline shaft.  
The part attachment area is the portion to which other parts, such as gears, are attached.  
④ and ⑤ indicate radial runout during rotational motion.

## Tolerance of Spline Shaft Groove Torsion (Max.)

The groove torsion is indicated per 100mm, arbitrarily set as the effective length of the spline shaft section.

Table B-21 Tolerance of Spline Shaft Groove Torsion (Max.)

accuracy grade	high	precision (P)
tolerance	13 μm/100mm	6 μm/100mm

## Table B-22 Tolerance Relative to Spline Support Area (Max.)

unit : μ m

part number	①radial runout of part attachment area		②perpendicularity of the end of the spline shaft section (when grinding is requested on the drawing)		③perpendicularity of the flange	
	high-grade	precision-grade (P)	high-grade	precision-grade (P)	high-grade	precision-grade (P)
SPB_6KP	14	8	9	6	14	10
SPB_8KP	17	10				
SPB10KP						
SPB13KP						
SPB16KP,16	19	12	11	8	18	13
SPB20KP,20						
SPB25KP,25	22	13	13	9	21	16

## Table B-23 Tolerance of Angular Contact Bearing Rotation (Max.) unit: μ m

part number	④lateral runout of flange mounting side		⑤radial runout of outer ring	
	high-grade	precision-grade (P)	high-grade	precision-grade (P)
SPB_6KP	6	6	8	8
SPB_8KP				
SPB10KP				
SPB13KP				
SPB16KP,16	8	8	9	9
SPB20KP,20				
SPB25KP,25			10	10

## Table B-24 ⑥Radial Runout of Spline Nut Relative to Spline Support Area (Max.) unit: μ m

part number	spline shaft total length (mm)	size				
		6	8	10	13,16	20,25
SPB_6KP	greater than or less	high-grade	precision-grade (P)	high-grade	precision-grade (P)	high-grade
SPB_8KP	—	200	46	26	36	20
SPB10KP	200	315	89	57	54	32
SPB13KP	315	400	126	—	82	41
SPB16KP,16	400	500	—	163	82	51
SPB20KP,20	500	630	—	—	102	65
SPB25KP,25	630	800	—	—	92	58
	800	1,000	—	—	115	75
	1,000	1,250	—	—	153	97
	1,250	1,600	—	—	195	127
	1,600	2,000	—	—	171	116

\*SPB16, 13KP, and 16KP shaft maximum length : 1,500mm  
\*\*Please contact NB for spline shafts exceeding 2,000mm.

## PRELOAD AND CLEARANCE

The amount of clearance and preload for the spline portion and the cross roller portion are expressed in terms of the clearance in the rotational direction and the clearance in the radial direction, respectively. Three levels of preload are available: standard, light (T1), and medium (T2).

Table B-25 Preload and Clearance in Rotational and Radial Direction unit: μ m

	part number	standard	light (T1)	medium (T2)
linear motion	SPR_6	-2~+1	- 6~-2	—
	SPR_8			
	SPR10			
	SPR13	-3~+1	- 8~-3	-13~- 8
	SPR16			
	SPR20A			
	SPR25A	-4~+2	-12~-4	-20~-12
	SPR30A			
	SPR40A			
	SPR50A	-6~+3	-18~-6	-30~-18
	SPR60A			
	SPR20			
	SPR25	-4~+2	-12~-4	-20~-12
	SPR30			
	SPR40			
	SPR50	-6~+3	-18~-6	-30~-18
	SPR60			
rotational motion	SPR_6 ~ SPR60		-1~+3	

Table B-26 Preload and Clearance in Rotational Direction(Linear Motion) unit: μ m

	part number	standard	light (T1)	medium (T2)
standard	SPB_6KP	0 ~ +3	- 3 ~ 0	—
	SPB_8KP			
	SPB10KP			
	SPB13KP	-3 ~ +1	- 8 ~ -3	-13 ~ - 8
	SPB16KP,16			
	SPB20KP,20	-4 ~ +2	-12 ~ -4	-20 ~ -12
	SPB25KP,25			

	preload	symbol	operating conditions
standard	blank		minute vibration is applied. a precise motion is required. moment is applied in a given direction.
light	T1		light vibration is applied. light torsional load is applied. cyclic torque is applied.
medium	T2		shock/vibration is applied. over-hang load is applied. torsional load is applied.

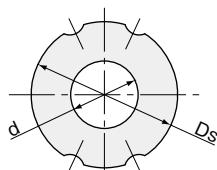
\*Frictional resistance may be affected by preload.

## HOLLOW SPLINE SHAFT

NB provides hollow shafts. It can be used for running cable, air piping, and weight reduction. Table B-28 shows a list of recommended inner diameter for hollow spline shaft (SUJ2).

Table B-28 Recommended Inner Diameter for Hollow Spline Shaft

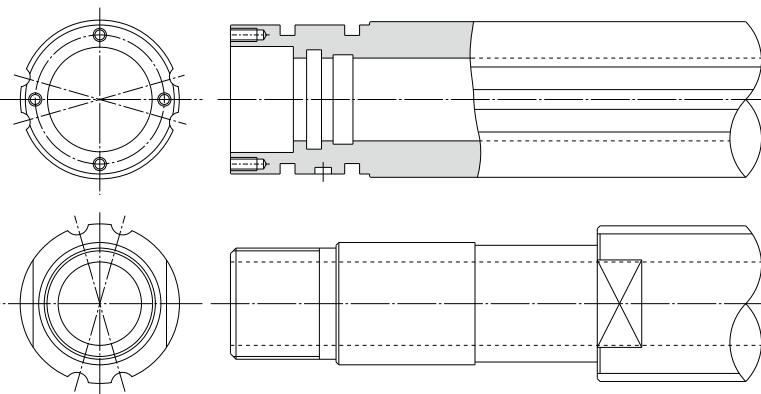
part number		outer diameter Ds mm	inner diameter d mm	second moment of inertia I mm <sup>4</sup>	cross-sectional coefficient Z mm <sup>3</sup>
SPR 6	SPB 6KP	6	2	58.3	18.9
SPR 8	SPB 8KP	8	3	186	44.9
SPR10	SPB10KP	10	4	448	85.9
SPR13	SPB13KP	13	6	1,260	182
SPR16	SPB16KP,16	16	8	2,780	323
SPR20A	SPB20KP,20	20	10	6,860	637
SPR25A	SPB25KP,25	25	15	15,400	1,100



## SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

NB provides customization such as shaft-end machining, spline nut machining, and surface treatment per customer requests. Please contact NB for the inner diameter of SPR20~SPR60.

Figure B-30 Examples of Shaft-end Machining



## MOUNTING

The flange attachment screws of SPR type have been pre-adjusted for smooth rotary movement and should never be loosened. Shock loading to the flange assembly should be avoided as this can degrade the accuracy of movement and deteriorate the overall performance.

The spacer of SPB type is properly adjusted to produce the best preload condition. Shock loading to the spacer should be avoided as this can change the preload condition and deteriorate the accuracy. Please fix the mounting screws diagonally. The recommended torque values for medium-hardness steel screws are listed in Table B-29.

### SPR Type

When the flange of SPR type is to be used with a faucet joint (as shown in Figure B-31) the housing bore should be machined to a tolerance of H7 and to a minimum depth of 60% of the flange thickness. If only a light load is applied to the SPR in operation, the flange can be used without a pilot end.

### SPB-KP Type

The housing bore for the SPB-KP type should be machined to a tolerance of H7 and keep enough depth (as shown in Figure B-32) so that the outer ring is inside the housing.

### SPB Type

The housing bore for the SPB type should be machined to a tolerance of H7 and contain enough depth so that the outer ring is inside the housing. If not, the outer ring may fall off.

### Insertion of Spline Shaft

When inserting the spline shaft into the rotary ball spline nut, ensure that the ball elements do not drop out. This is done by aligning the raceway grooves of the shaft with the rows of ball elements and seal-lip of the nut. Then, carefully insert the spline shaft through the spline nut.

Figure B-31 SPR type Mounting Method

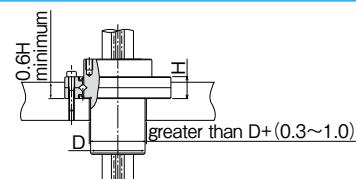


Figure B-32 SPB-KP type Mounting Method

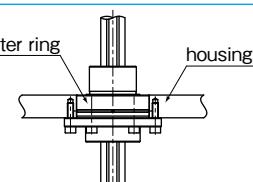


Figure B-33 SPB type Mounting Method

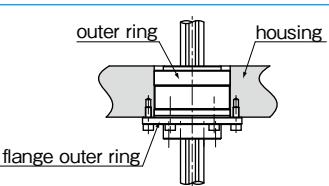


Table B-29 Recommended Torque unit: N·m

mounting screw	M2	M2.5	M3	M4	M5	M6	M8
recommended torque	0.4	0.9	1.4	3.2	6.6	11.2	27.6

(for alloy steel screw)

## LUBRICATION

Since NB rotary ball spline nuts are equipped with seals at both the spline portion and the rotational portion, the lubricant is retained for an extended period of time. The spline nut is prelubricated with lithium soap based grease prior to shipment for immediate use. Please relubricate with a similar type of grease periodically depending on the operating conditions.

Low dust generation grease is available from NB standard grease. (refer to page Eng-39) However, an oil lubricant is recommended for high-speed applications. A grease fitting or machining oil holes is optional (Figure B-34-37), please contact NB for details.

### SPR Type

A grease fitting for rotational portion and machining oil hole for spline portion are optional.

Figure B-34 Example of Installed Grease Fitting

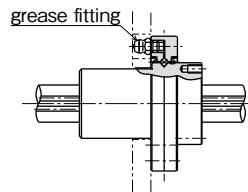
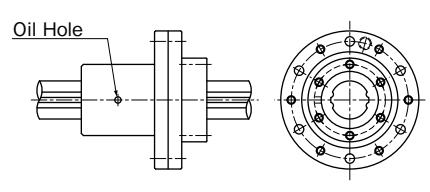


Figure B-35 SPR type Oil Hole



### SPB-KP Type

Lubrication is done through oil hole on the outer ring. It is applied the spline portion and the cross roller portion simultaneously.

Figure B-36 SPB-KP type Oil Hole

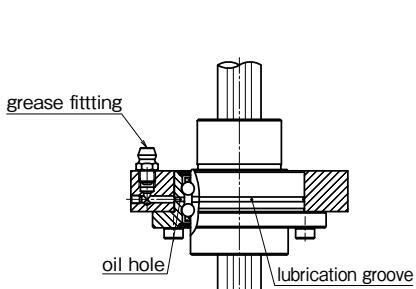
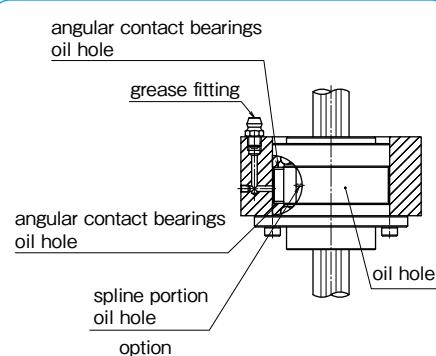


Figure B-37 SPB type Oil Hole



## OPERATING CONDITIONS

The performance of the rotary ball spline is affected by the operating conditions of the application. The operating conditions should therefore be carefully taken into consideration.

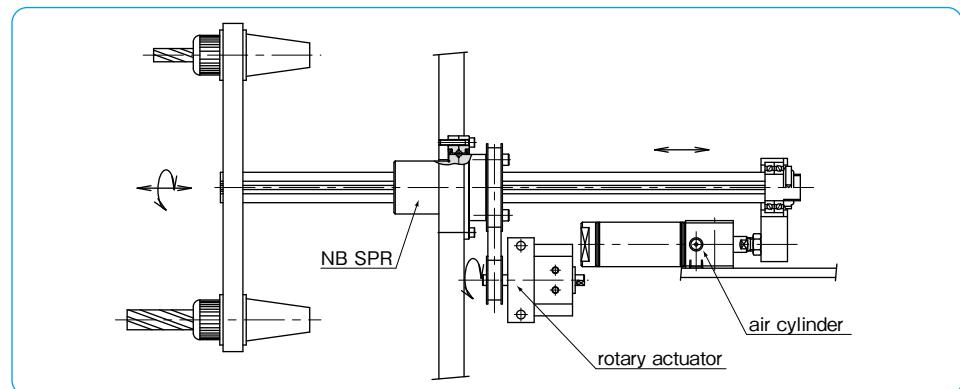
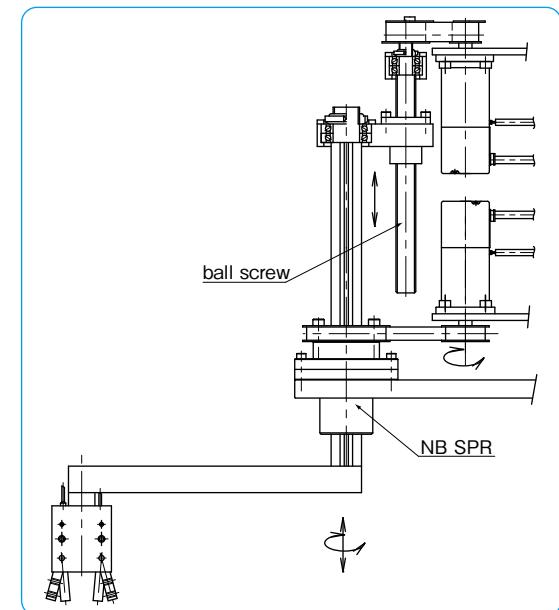
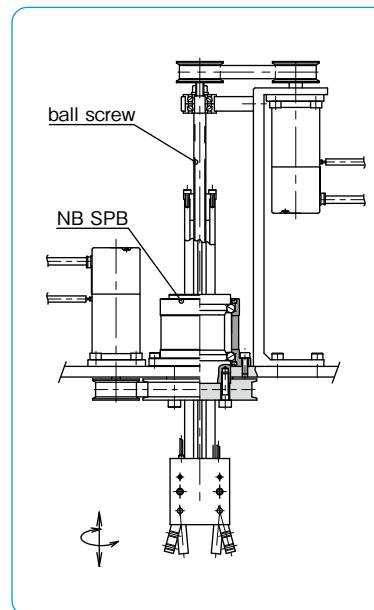
### Operating Temperature

Resin retainers are used in the rotary ball spline, since the operating temperature should never exceed 80°C.

### Dust Prevention

Foreign particles or dust in the rotary ball spline nut affect the motion accuracy and shorten the lifetime. Standard seals will perform well for dust prevention under normal operating conditions; however, in a harsh environment, it is necessary to attach bellows or protective covers.

## APPLICATION EXAMPLES

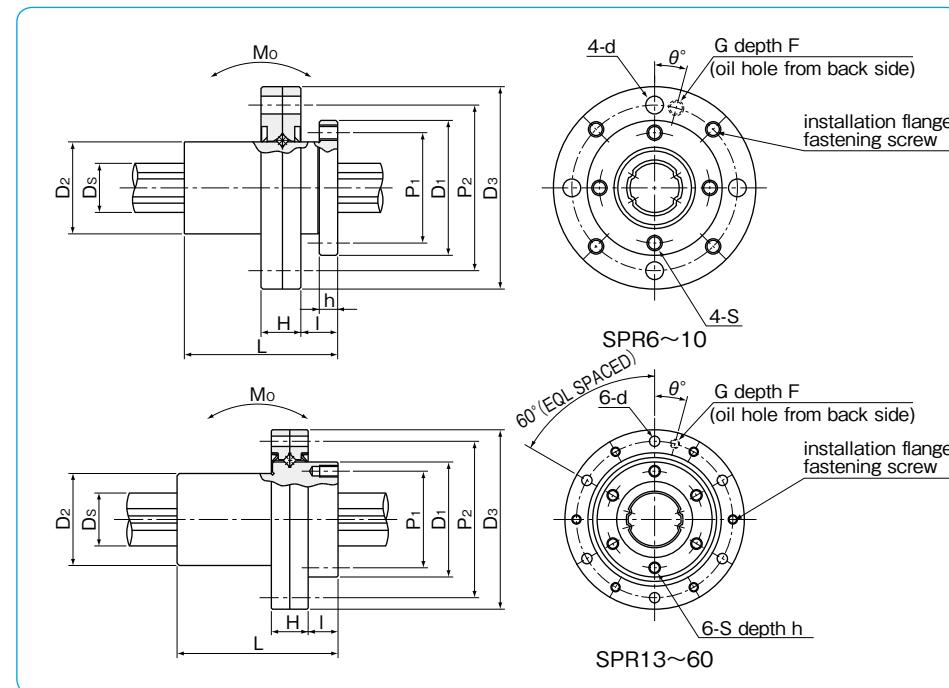
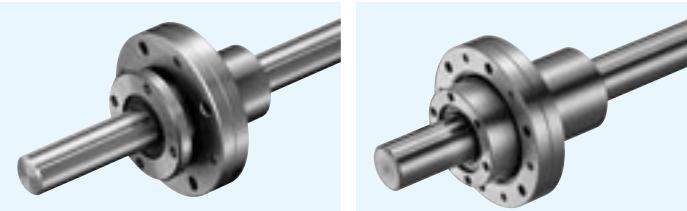


## SPR TYPE

## part number structure

example	SPR	25	-2	-T1	-436	/CU
SPR type						
nominal diameter						
number of nuts attached to one shaft						
Note: retainer material is resin.						

with special specification  
spline shaft total length  
preload symbol blank: standard  
T1: light  
T2: medium



part number	major dimensions										major dimensions of cross roller bearing										
	D <sub>1</sub> tolerance mm	D <sub>2</sub> mm	L tolerance mm	P <sub>1</sub> P.C.D. mm	S	h	I	H	D <sub>3</sub> tolerance mm	P <sub>2</sub> P.C.D. mm	d	G	F	θ	mm	μm	mm	mm	mm	μm	mm
<b>SPR 6</b>	20		13	25			16	M2	2.5	5	6.5	30	0/-21	24	2.4	M3	2.6	20°			
<b>SPR 8</b>	22	0	15	25			18	M2.5	3	6	6.5	33	0	27	2.9	M3	2.6	20°			
<b>SPR10</b>	27	-21	19	33	0		22	M3	4	8	7	40	-25	33	3.4	M3	2.8	20°			
<b>SPR13</b>	29		24	36	-0.2		24	M3	5	8	9	50		42	3.4	M3	3.6	15°			
<b>SPR16</b>	36	0	31	50			30	M4	6	10	11	60	0	50	4.5	M3	4.4	15°			
<b>SPR20A</b>	44	-25	35	63			38	M4	7	12	13	72	-30	62	4.5	M6×0.75	5.2	15°			
<b>SPR25A</b>	55		42	71			47	M5	8	13	16	82		72	4.5	M6×0.75	6.4	15°			
<b>SPR30A</b>	61	0	47	80	0		52	M6	10	17	17	100	0	86	6.6	M6×0.75	6.8	15°			
<b>SPR40A</b>	76	-30	64	100	-0.3		66	M6	10	23	20	120	-35	104	9	M6×0.75	8	15°			
<b>SPR50A</b>	92	0	80	125			80	M8	13	24	22	134	0	118	9	M6×0.75	8.8	15°			
<b>SPR60A</b>	107	-35	90	140			95	M8	13	25	25	155	-40	137	9	M6×0.75	10	15°			
<b>SPR20</b>	40	0	34	60	0/-0.2		34	M4	7	12	13	66	0	56	4.5	M6×0.75	5.2	15°			
<b>SPR25</b>	50	-25	40	70			42	M5	8	13	16	78	-30	68	4.5	M6×0.75	6.4	15°			
<b>SPR30</b>	61	0	47	80	0		52	M6	10	17	17	100	0	86	6.6	M6×0.75	6.8	15°			
<b>SPR40</b>	76	-30	62	100	-0.3		64	M6	10	23	20	120	-35	104	9	M6×0.75	8	15°			
<b>SPR50</b>	88	0	75	112			77	M8	13	24	22	130	0	114	9	M6×0.75	8.8	15°			
<b>SPR60</b>	102	-35	90	127			90	M8	13	25	25	150	-40	132	9	M6×0.75	10	15°			

Please contact NB for the grease fitting and relubrication method.

spline shaft Ds tolerance mm	ball spline					cross roller bearing					allowable static moment Mo N·m	mass nut kg	mass shaft kg/m	maximum revolutions rpm	size
	basic torque rating C <sub>T</sub> N·m	basic load rating C <sub>rt</sub> N·m	basic load rating C <sub>r</sub> kN	basic load rating C <sub>o</sub> kN	basic load rating C <sub>o</sub> kN										
6	0/-12	1.5	2.4	1.22	2.28	0.6	0.5	5.1	0.04	0.21	2,940	6			
8	0	2.1	3.7	1.45	2.87	1.2	1.10	7.4	0.05	0.38	2,580	8			
10	-15	4.4	8.2	2.73	5.07	2.4	2.45	18.0	0.09	0.60	2,060	10			
13	0	21	39.2	2.67	4.89	2.9	3.70	13.7	0.17	1.0	1,350	13			
16	-18	60	110	6.12	11.2	5.6	6.70	46	0.33	1.5	1,080	16			
20	0	105	194	8.9	16.3	6.55	8.79	110	0.57	2.4	890	20A			
25	-21	189	346	12.8	23.4	9.63	12.7	171	0.81	3.7	700	25A			
30		307	439	18.6	23.2	11.8	17.1	181	1.19	5.38	640	30A			
40	0	674	934	30.8	37.5	23.0	32.3	358	2.25	9.55	510	40A			
50	-25	1,290	2,950	40.3	64.9	27.8	44.0	690	3.57	15.0	430	50A			
60	0/-30	1,570	2,620	47.7	79.5	29.0	48.8	881	5.03	21.6	370	60A			
18.2	0	83	133	7.84	11.3	5.90	7.35	63	0.45	2.0	980	20			
23	-21	162	239	12.3	16.1	9.11	11.5	104	0.75	3.1	770	25			
28		289	412	18.6	23.2	11.8	17.1	181	1.25	4.8	640	30			
37.4	0	637	882	30.8	37.5	23.0	32.3	358	2.30	8.6	510	40			
47	-25	1,390	3,180	46.1	74.2	27.2	42.1	696	3.10	13.1	450	50			
56.5	0/-30	2,100	4,800	58.0	127	26.5	42.6	1,300	4.70	19	400	60			

\*Maximum revolutions for grease lubrication.

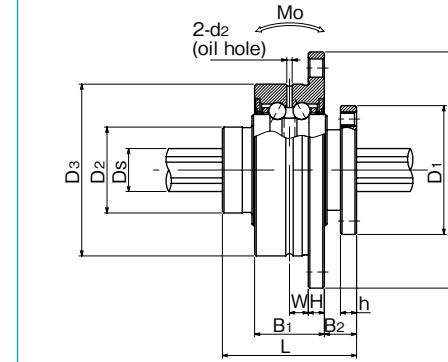
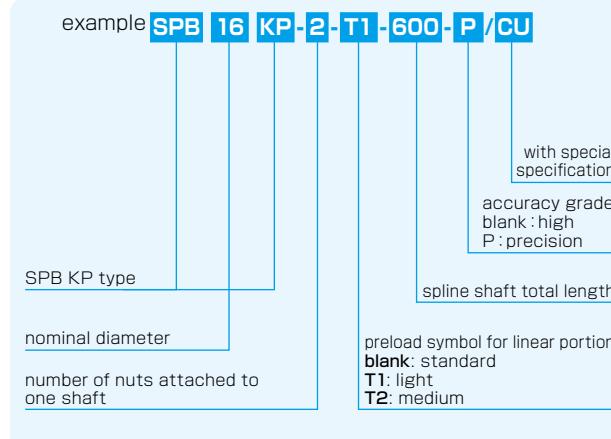
Contact NB for further information in case oil lubrication is required.

1kN ≈ 102kgf 1 N·m ≈ 0.102kgf·m

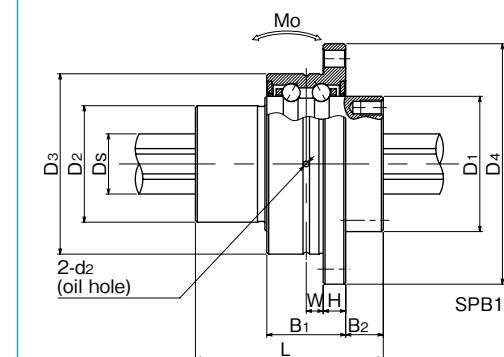
## SPB-KP TYPE



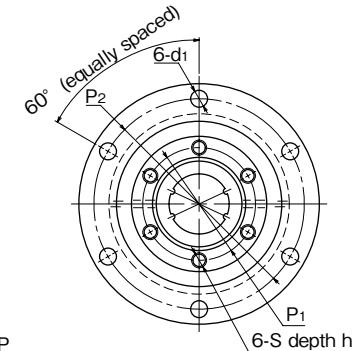
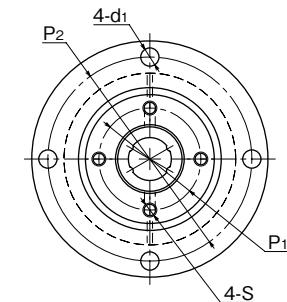
## part number structure



SPB6KP~10KP



SPB13KP~25KP

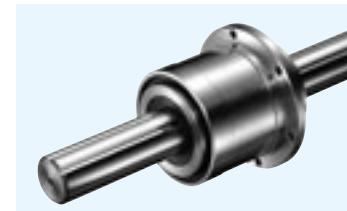


part number	major dimensions						major dimensions of angular contact bearing							
	D <sub>1</sub>	h7 tolerance	D <sub>2</sub>	L	P <sub>1</sub> P.C.D.	S	h	D <sub>3</sub>	g6 tolerance	D <sub>4</sub>	H	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>2</sub> P.C.D.
mm	μm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	μm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
<b>SPB 6KP</b>	20		14	25	16	M2	3	28	-7 -20	38	3	13	6	33
<b>SPB 8KP</b>	24	0	16	25	19	M2.6	3	32		44	3	13	6	38
<b>SPB10KP</b>	28	-21	21	33	23	M3	4	36		48	3	15	9	42
<b>SPB13KP</b>	30		24	36	25	M3	5	44		56	4	18	9	50
<b>SPB16KP</b>	36	0	31	50	30	M4	6	48		64	6	21	10	56
<b>SPB20KP</b>	43.5	-25	35	63	36	M5	8	56	-10 -29	72	6	21	12	64
<b>SPB25KP</b>	52		42	71	44	M5	8	66		86	7	25	13	75

d <sub>1</sub>	W	d <sub>2</sub>	spline shaft		rotary ball spline				angular contact bearings		allowable static moment Mo N·m	mass		maximum revolutions rpm	size
			D <sub>s</sub>	tolerance	dynamic C <sub>T</sub> N·m	static C <sub>o</sub> N·m	dynamic C	static C <sub>R</sub>	basic load rating Co kN	basic load rating C <sub>R</sub> kN		nut kg	shaft kg/m		
mm	mm	mm	mm	μm	N·m	kN	kN	kN	N·m	kg	kg/m				
2.4	3.5	1	6	0 -12	1.5	2.4	1.22	2.28	4.35	2.74	5.1	0.07	0.21	8,100	6
3.4	3.5	1	8	0	2.1	3.7	1.45	2.87	4.54	3.13	7.4	0.10	0.38	7,000	8
3.4	4.5	1	10	-15	4.4	8.2	2.73	5.07	6.86	4.82	18.0	0.14	0.60	6,200	10
3.4	5	1	13	0	21	39.2	2.67	4.89	9.45	7.01	13.7	0.23	1.0	5,000	13
4.5	4.5	1.5	16	-18	60	110	6.12	11.2	10.2	8.39	46	0.37	1.5	4,200	16
4.5	4.5	1.5	20	0	105	194	8.9	16.3	10.9	10.1	110	0.55	2.4	3,600	20
5.5	5.5	1.5	25	-21	189	346	12.8	23.4	13.7	12.9	171	0.84	3.7	3,100	25

※Maximum revolutions for grease lubrication.

## SPB TYPE



## part number structure

example **SPB|16-2-T1-600-P/CU**

SPB type

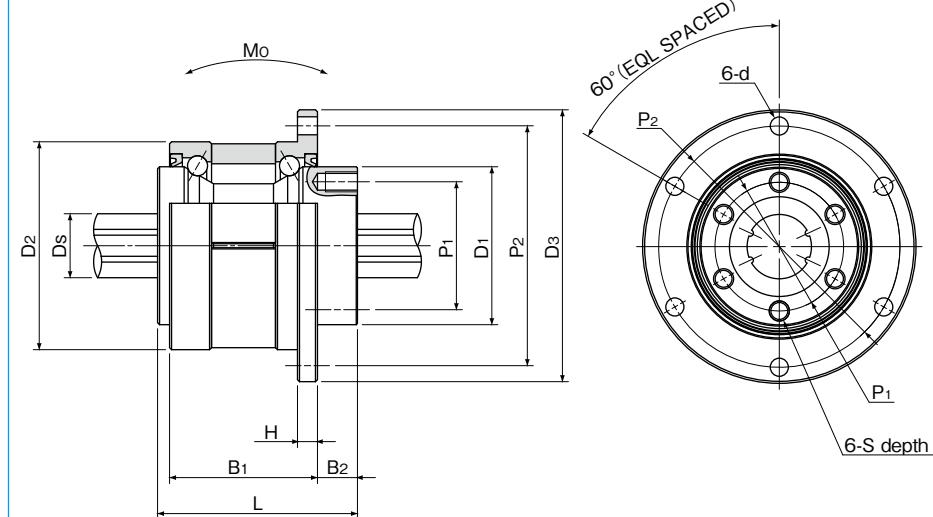
nominal diameter

number of nuts attached to one shaft

with special specification

accuracy grade  
blank: high  
P: precision

spline shaft total length

preload symbol  
blank: standard  
T1: light  
T2: medium

part number	major dimensions					major dimensions of angular contact bearing								
	D <sub>1</sub> :h <sub>7</sub> tolerance	L	P <sub>1</sub> P.C.D.	S	f	D <sub>2</sub> tolerance	D <sub>3</sub>	H	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>2</sub> P.C.D.	d		
mm	μm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	μm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	
<b>SPB16</b>	39.5	0	50	32	M5	8	52	0	68	5	37	10	60	4.5
<b>SPB20</b>	43.5	-25	63	36	M5	8	56	-7	72	6	48	12	64	4.5
<b>SPB25</b>	53	0/-30	71	45	M6	8	62		78	6	55	13	70	4.5

spline shaft Ds tolerance mm	rotary ball spline				angular contact bearings		allowable static moment Mo N·m	mass		maximum revolutions size	
	basic torque rating dynamic C <sub>T</sub> N·m	basic load rating static C <sub>0</sub> N·m	basic load rating dynamic C kN	basic load rating static C <sub>0</sub> kN	nut kg	shaft kg/m		nut kg	shaft kg/m		
16	0/-18	60	110	6.12	11.2	13.0	46	0.51	1.5	4,000 <b>16</b>	
20	0	105	194	8.9	16.3	17.4	110	0.70	2.4	3,600 <b>20</b>	
25	-21	189	346	12.8	23.4	22.1	22.5	171	0.91	3.7	3,200 <b>25</b>

※Maximum revolutions for grease lubrication.(please contact NB in case of oil lubrication.) 1kN=102kgf 1N·m=0.102kgf·m

# STROKE BALL SPLINE

The NB stroke ball spline SPLFS type is a highly accurate linear motion bearing with a limited stroke, to which both radial load and torque can be applied at the same time. It operates with extremely low dynamic friction.

## STRUCTURE AND ADVANTAGES

The NB stroke ball spline consists of a nut and a shaft both with raceway grooves. The flanged spline nut consists of an outer cylinder, a retainer, side-rings, and ball elements.

Since the retainer in the nut is equipped with ball pockets, the ball elements do not contact each other, which allows for a smooth linear motion. The stroke is limited since the retainer is a non-circulating type. For normal operation, it is recommended to consider 80% of the maximum stroke shown in the dimension table as an actual stroke length.

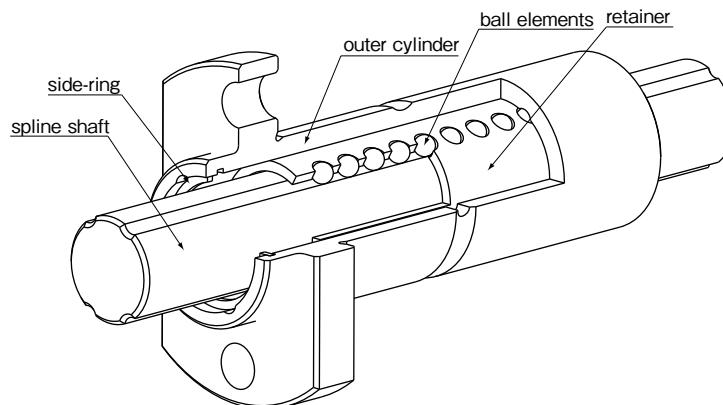
### Extremely low Dynamic Friction and Low Noise

The rolling elements are separated by the ball pockets so that they do not contact each other. The stroke length is limited, but extremely low dynamic friction and low noise are realized because the rolling elements do not circulate.

### Compact-Size

With the nut about 20% smaller than those of conventional ball splines, it contributes to space saving.

Figure B-38 Structure of SPLFS type



### All Stainless Steel Type

Since all the components are made of stainless steel, this stroke ball spline has an excellent corrosion resistance and heat resistance (operating temperature: -20 to 140°C). It is ideal for clean room or vacuum applications.

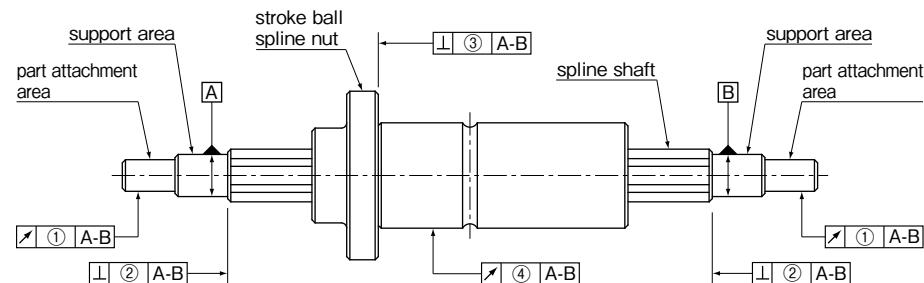
### Lubrication

A lubricant groove and two lubrication holes are provided on the outer surface of the nut, which allows for an easy designing of lubricant replenishment.

## ACCURACY

The accuracy of the NB stroke ball spline is measured at the points shown in Figure B-39.

Figure B-39 Accuracy Measurement Points



Note: The support area is the portion where, for example, radial bearings are attached in order to support the spline shaft.  
The part attachment area is the portion to which other parts, such as gears are attached.

Table B-30 Tolerance of Spline Shaft Groove Torsion (Max.)  
tolerance

13 μm/100mm

Table B-31 Tolerance Relative to Spline Support Area (Max.)

unit: μm

part number	① radial runout of part attachment area	② perpendicularity of the end of the spline shaft section	③ perpendicularity of the flange
SPLFS 6	14	9	11
SPLFS 8	14	9	11
SPLFS10	17	9	13
SPLFS13	19	11	13
SPLFS16	19	11	13

Table B-32 ④ Radial Runout of Outer Surface of Spline Nut Relative to Spline Support Area (Max.) unit: μm

spline shaft total length (mm) greater than	or less	SPLFS6, 8	part number SPLFS10	part number SPLFS13, 16
-	200	46	36	34
200	315	89	54	45
315	400	126*	68	53
400	500	163*	82	62
500	630	-	102	75
630	800	-	-	92
800	1,000	-	-	115
1,000	1,250	-	-	153
1,250	1,500	-	-	195

\* SPLFS6 maximum shaft length: 400 mm

## PRELOAD AND CLEARANCE

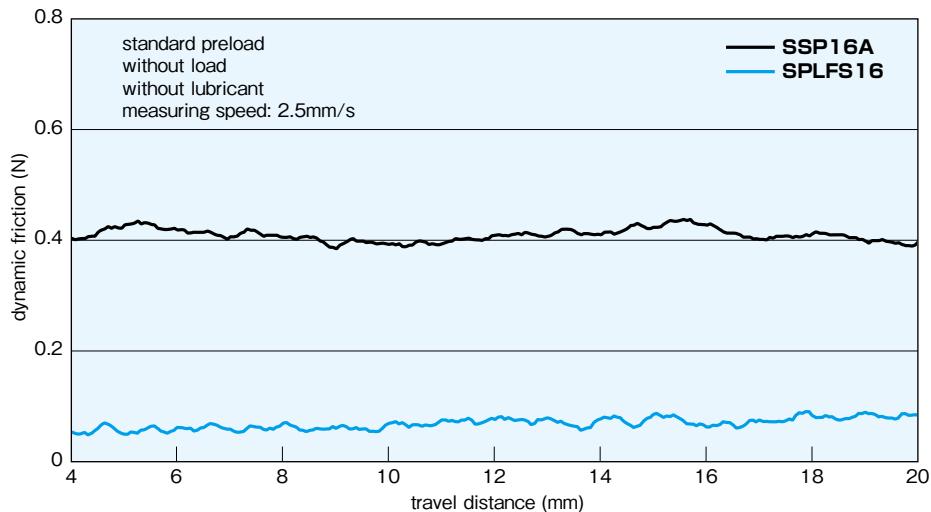
Preload and clearance are expressed in terms of clearance in the rotational direction. For the SPLFS type, only the standard preload is available as shown in Table B-33. Please contact NB if a special preload is required.

Table B-33 Preload and Clearance in Rotational Direction  
unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

part number	standard
SPLFS 6	-4~0
SPLFS 8	-4~0
SPLFS10	-4~0
SPLFS13	-4~0
SPLFS16	-4~0

## COMPARISON OF DYNAMIC FRICTIONAL RESISTANCE

Figure B-40 Comparison of Dynamic Friction



## USE AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

### Dust Prevention

Since the stroke ball spline is designed and manufactured for operation with an extremely low dynamic frictional resistance, seals that increase frictional resistance are not equipped as a standard feature. Please contact NB for a special requirement of seals. For use under harsh conditions, the stroke ball spline should be protected using bellows and protective covers.

### Maximum Stroke

The maximum stroke in the dimension table is the stroke limit.

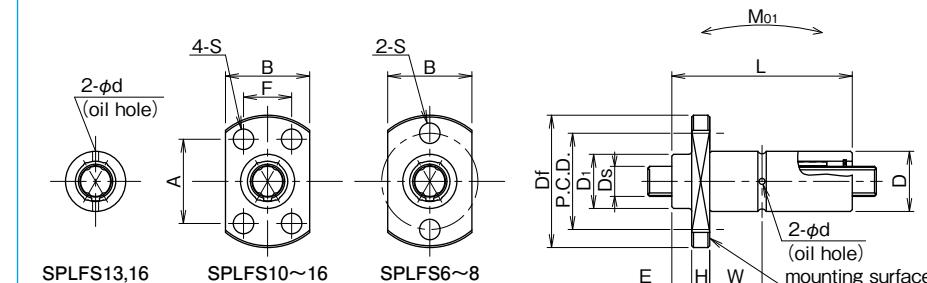
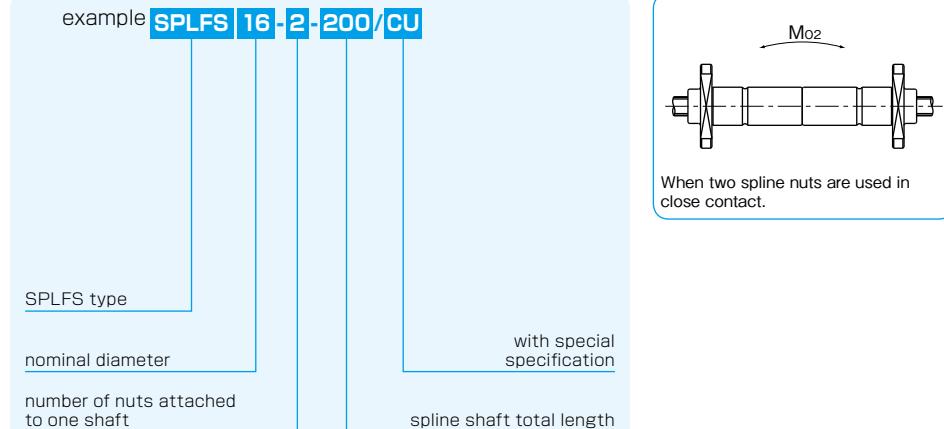
### Retainer Slippage

If the stroke ball spline is used at a high speed or with a vertical shaft, or under an asymmetric load or oscillation, a retainer slippage may occur. For general operation, it is recommended to consider 80% of the maximum stroke length shown in the dimension table as the stroke length.

To prevent the retainer slippage, it is recommended to conduct a full-stroke movement of the nut whenever necessary in order for the retainer to be relocated to the center.

**SPLFS TYPE**

— Two Side Cut Flange Type —

**part number structure**

part number	maximum stroke		D tolerance	D <sub>1</sub>	L tolerance	major dimensions						
	mm	mm				mm	mm	E	D <sub>f</sub>	H	B	P.C.D.
<b>SPLFS 6</b>	22	11	0	10	40	3.3	23	4	14	17	—	—
<b>SPLFS 8</b>	20	13	-8	12.5	40	3.3	25.5	4	16	19.5	—	—
<b>SPLFS10</b>	28	16		15.5	50	3.3	28.5	5	20	—	18	13
<b>SPLFS13</b>	24	20	0	19.5	50	4.8	36	5	25	—	22	17
<b>SPLFS16</b>	26	24	-9	23.5	60	4.8	40	7	29	—	25	19

S mm	W mm	d mm	Ds tolerance μm	basic torque rating		basic load rating		allowable static moment		mass nut g		size
				dynamic C <sub>T</sub> N · m	static C <sub>st</sub> N · m	dynamic C kN	static C <sub>o</sub> kN	M <sub>01</sub> N · m	M <sub>02</sub> N · m	kg/m		
3.4	12.7	1.2	6	0/-12	2.3	3.8	1.8	3.0	11.2	45	21.5	0.21 <b>6</b>
3.4	12.7	1.2	8	0	3.3	5.5	2.02	3.37	13.1	52	27.0	0.38 <b>8</b>
3.4	16.7	1.5	10	-15	6.5	10.9	3.21	5.35	25.6	102	47.7	0.6 <b>10</b>
3.4	15.2	1.5	13	0	27.6	50.7	4.15	7.6	38.8	155	75.3	1.0 <b>13</b>
4.5	18.2	2.0	16	-18	62.8	115	7.66	14	88.3	353	123.5	1.5 <b>16</b>

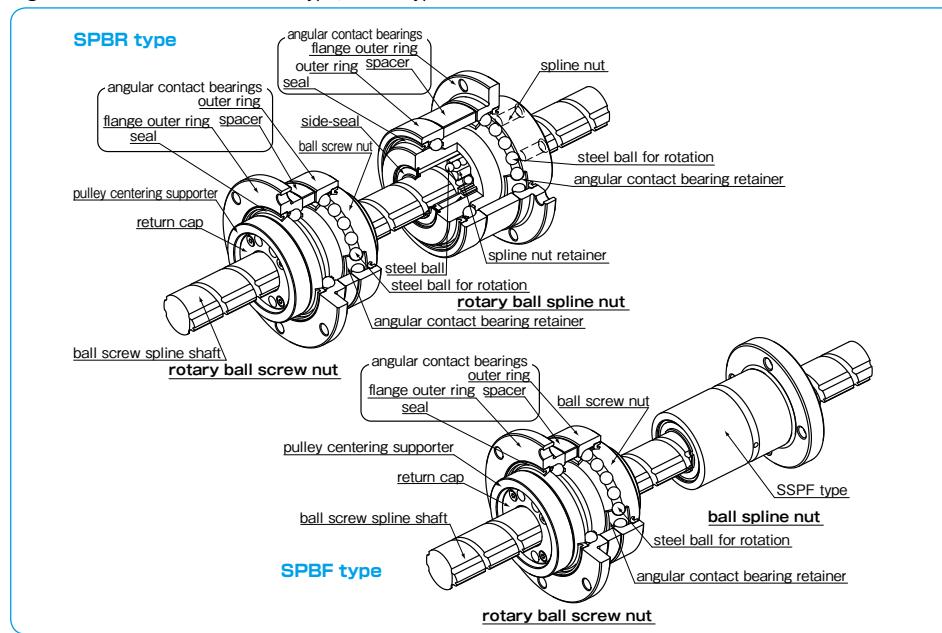
1kN ≈ 102kgf 1N · m ≈ 0.102kgf · m

# BALL SCREW SPLINE

## STRUCTURE AND ADVANTAGES

The NB Ball Screw Spline consists of a highly accurate and highly rigid Ball Screw nut and Ball Spline nut attached to the ball screw spline shaft which has a screw groove and spline grooves. SPBR type has a Rotary Ball Screw nut and Rotary Ball Spline nut. Rotary Ball Screw nut is an integration of ball screw nut and angular contact bearings. Rotary Ball Spline nut is an integration of ball spline nut and angular contact bearings. SPBF type has a Rotary Ball Screw nut and a Ball Spline nut. A single axis of the NB Ball Screw Spline can provide positioning, linear and rotary motion as well as combined spiral motion. The typical applications are SCARA robot, assembly machine, loader, etc.

Figure B-41 Structure of SPBR type, SPBF type



## PRELOAD

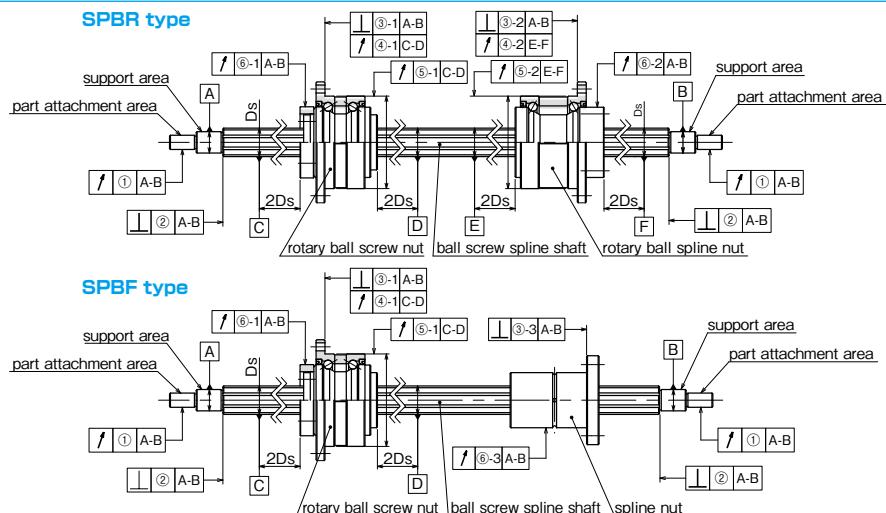
The preload is properly adjusted for the ball screw nut, spline nut, and angular contact bearings. Please contact NB for preload specification.

## USE AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- Please do not adjust the spacer. The spacer is adjusted to provide a proper spacing for the best preload condition.
- Please do not remove the Rotary Ball Screw nut from the shaft. There is no ball-retainer in the Rotary Ball Screw nut.
- Please use the pulley centering supporter when attaching the pulley to the return-cap.

## ACCURACY

The NB Ball Screw Spline is measured for accuracy at the points shown in Figure B-42. Figure B-42 Accuracy Measurement Points



Note: The support area is the portion where, for example, radial bearings are attached in order to support the spline shaft. The part attachment area is the portion to which other parts, such as gears, are attached. ④ and ⑤ indicate radial runout during rotational motion.

Table B-34 Tolerance of Spline Shaft Groove Torsion (Max.)

tolerance
13μm/100mm

The groove torsion is indicated per 100mm, arbitrarily set within the effective length of the spline shaft section.

Table B-35 Grade of Ball Screw Groove

C5
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Applied to lead angle accuracy only

Table B-36 Tolerance Relative to Spline Support Area (Max.)

part number	① radial runout of part attachment area	② perpendicularity of the end of the spline shaft section (when grinding is requested on the drawing)	③ perpendicularity of the flange		
			③-1	③-2	③-3
SPBR16,SPBF16	19	11	16	18	13
SPBR20,SPBF20					
SPBR25,SPBF25	22	13	18	21	16

Table B-37 Radial Runout of Outer Surface of Rotary Spline Nut Relative to Spline Shaft Area (Max.)

part number	④ lateral runout of flange mounting side		⑤ radial runout of outer ring	
	④-1	④-2	⑤-1	⑤-2
SPBR16			9	9
SPBR20	8	8	10	10
SPBR25				

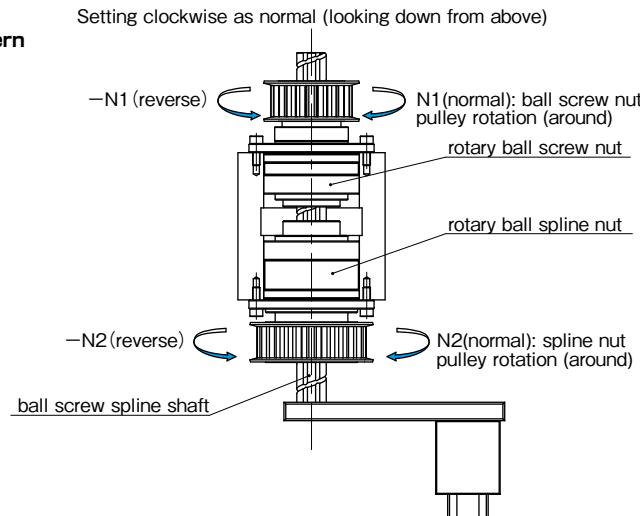
Table B-38 Radial Runout of Spline Nut Relative to Spline Support Area (Max.)

ball screw spline shaft total length(mm)	part number:SPBR,SPBF	unit:μm	
		⑥-1	⑥-2,3
greater than or less		16	20,25
—	200	40	35
200	315	45	40
315	400	55	45
400	500	60	50
500	630	75	60
630	800	90	70
800	1,000	—	85

## SPBR TYPE MOTION PATTERN

One set of SPBR type can handle linear, rotational, and spiral motion.

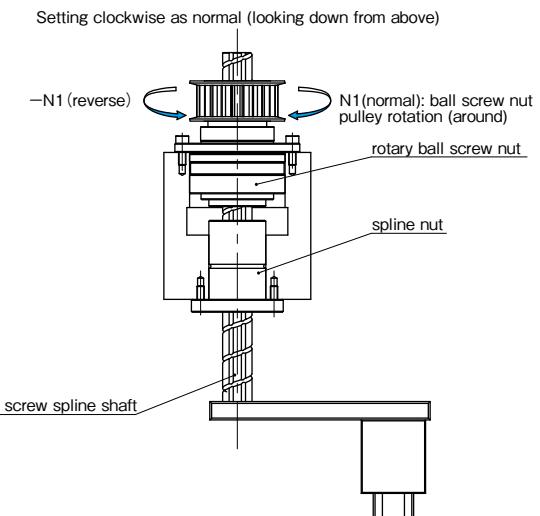
### SPBR type Motion Pattern



## SPBF TYPE MOTION PATTERN

SPBF type can handle linear motion.

### SPBF type Motion Pattern



motion	input		output		
	ball screw nut	spline nut	motion direction	travel distance (linear direction)	revolution (rotational direction)
	$N_1$ (normal)	0	①	$L=N_1 \cdot R$ (up)	0
	$-N_1$ (reverse)	0	②	$L=-N_1 \cdot R$ (down)	0
	$N_1=N_2$ (normal)	(normal)	①	0	$N_2$ (normal)
	$-N_1=-N_2$ (reverse)	(reverse)	②	0	$-N_2$ (reverse)
	0	$N_2$ (normal)	①	$L=N_2 \cdot R$ (down)	$N_2$ (normal)
	0	$-N_2$ (reverse)	②	$L=-N_2 \cdot R$ (up)	$-N_2$ (reverse)
	$N_1$ (normal) $-N_1$ (reverse)	$N_2$ (normal)	①	$L=(N_2-(\pm N_1)) \cdot R$ in case of $N_2-(\pm N_1)>0$ (down)	$N_2$ (normal)
		$-N_2$ (reverse)	④		$N_2$ (normal) in case of $N_2-(\pm N_1)<0$ (up)
	$N_1$ (normal) $-N_1$ (reverse)	$N_2$ (normal)	③	$L=(-N_2-(\pm N_1)) \cdot R$ in case of $-N_2-(\pm N_1)>0$ (down)	$-N_2$ (reverse)
		$-N_2$ (reverse)	②		

L: travel distance [mm] R: ball screw lead [mm] N1: ball screw nut pulley rotation (around) N2: ball spline nut pulley rotation (around)

motion	input		output	
	ball screw nut	motion direction	travel distance (linear direction)	
	$N_1$ (normal)	①	$L=N_1 \cdot R$ (up)	
	$-N_1$ (reverse)	②	$L=-N_1 \cdot R$ (down)	

L: travel distance [mm] R: ball screw lead [mm] N1: ball screw nut pulley rotation (around)

# SPBR TYPE



## part number structure

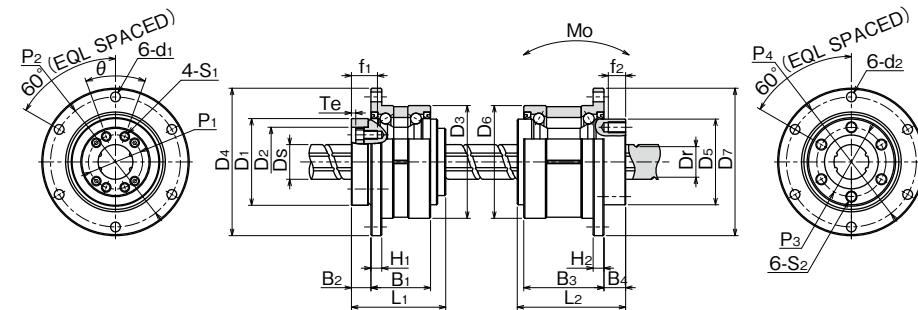
example **SPBR|16-300/CU**

### SPBR type

nominal diameter

Note: retainer material is resin.

with special  
specification



## ROTARY BALL SCREW NUT

part number	major dimensions								major dimensions of angular contact bearings									
	D <sub>1</sub>	h <sub>7</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>7</sub>	L <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>	θ	S <sub>1</sub>	f <sub>1</sub>	T <sub>e</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	tolerance	D <sub>4</sub>	H <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	d <sub>1</sub>
	mm	μm	mm	μm	mm	P.C.D.	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	μm	mm	mm	mm	mm	P.C.D.	mm
<b>SPBR16</b>	40	0	32		43.5	25	40°	M4	12	2	52		68	5	27.5	9	60	4.5
<b>SPBR20</b>	50	-25	39	+25	54	31	40°	M5	16	2	62	0	78	6	34	11	70	4.5
<b>SPBR25</b>	58	0/-30	47	0	65	38	40°	M6	19	3	72	-7	92	8	43	12.5	81	5.5

## ROTARY BALL SPLINE NUT

part number	major dimensions						major dimensions of angular contact bearings							
	D <sub>5</sub> h7 mm	h7 μm	L <sub>2</sub> mm	P <sub>3</sub> P.C.D. mm	S <sub>2</sub> mm	f <sub>2</sub> mm	D <sub>6</sub> tolerance μm	D <sub>7</sub> mm	H <sub>2</sub> mm	B <sub>3</sub> mm	B <sub>4</sub> mm	P <sub>4</sub> P.C.D. mm	d <sub>2</sub> mm	
<b>SPBR16</b>	39.5	0	50	32	M5	8	52	68	5	37	10	60	4.5	
<b>SPBR20</b>	43.5	-25	63	36	M5	8	56	72	6	48	12	64	4.5	
<b>SPBR25</b>	53	0/-30	71	45	M6	8	62	78	6	55	13	70	4.5	

•Please select the smallest maximum revolutions (rpm) in case that more than one portion rotate at the same time.

\*Maximum revolutions for grease lubrication.

- Moment of inertia is calculated excluding the angular contact bearings

ball screw spline shaft Ds	lead mm	root diameter Dr mm	ball screw		angular contact basic load rating		bearings maximum revolutions rpm	moment of inertia for the nut kg·cm <sup>2</sup>	moment of inertia for the ball screw shaft kg·cm <sup>2/mm</sup>		ball screw nut maximum revolutions based on Dm·N rpm	size	
			basic load rating dynamic Ca kN	static Coa kN	basic load rating dynamic Car kN	static Coar kN			nut kg	shaft kg/m			
mm	mm	mm	4.62	8.59	11.1	22.2	4,000	0.60	4.43×10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.45	1.47	4,179	16
20	20	17.2	5.77	12.2	14.4	30.5	3,200	1.75	1.12×10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.76	2.33	3,414	20
25	25	21.9	8.62	19.2	18.2	39.8	2,800	3.86	2.74×10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.26	3.65	2,692	25

ball spline		angular contact bearings				allowable	moment of	mass	
basic torque rating	basic load rating	basic load rating		maximum revolutions	static moment	inertia	nut		
dynamic C <sub>T</sub> N·m	static C <sub>0T</sub> N·m	dynamic C kN	static C <sub>0</sub> kN	dynamic C <sub>R</sub> kN	static C <sub>0R</sub> kN	revolutions rpm	N·m	kg·cm <sup>2</sup>	kg
60	110	6.12	11.2	13.0	12.8	4,000	46	0.63	0.51
105	194	8.9	16.3	17.4	17.2	3,600	110	1.10	0.70
189	346	12.8	23.4	22.1	22.5	3,200	171	2.14	0.91

## SPBF TYPE



## part number structure

example SPBF 16-300/CU

SPBF type

with special specification

nominal diameter

ball screw spline shaft total length

## ROTARY BALL SCREW NUT

part number	major dimensions								major dimensions of angular contact bearings									
	D <sub>1</sub>	h <sub>7</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>7</sub>	L <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>	θ	S <sub>1</sub>	f <sub>1</sub>	T <sub>e</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	H <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	d <sub>1</sub>	
mm	μm	mm	μm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	μm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	
<b>SPBF16</b>	40	0	32	+25	43.5	25	40°	M4	12	2	52	0	68	5	27.5	9	60	4.5
<b>SPBF20</b>	50	-25	39	0	54	31	40°	M5	16	2	62	-7	78	6	34	11	70	4.5
<b>SPBF25</b>	58	0/-30	47		65	38	40°	M6	19	3	72	-7	92	8	43	12.5	81	5.5

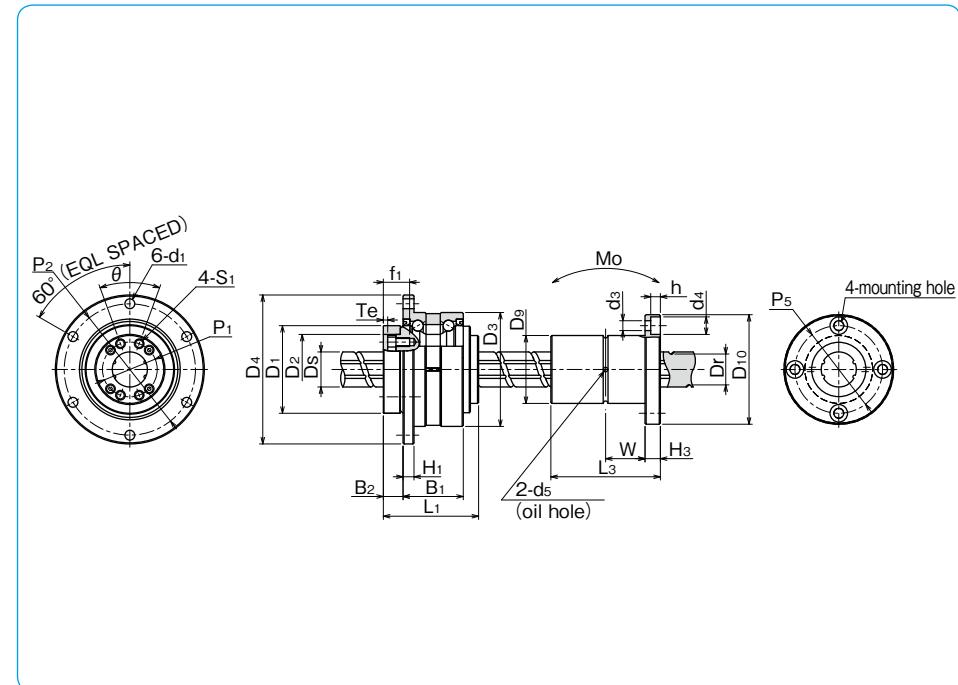
## ROTARY BALL SPLINE NUT

part number	D <sub>9</sub> h <sub>6</sub>		L <sub>3</sub>		major dimensions		P <sub>5</sub>	P.C.D.	d <sub>3</sub> ×d <sub>4</sub> ×h	
	mm	tolerance μm	mm	tolerance mm	D <sub>10</sub>	H <sub>3</sub>			mm	mm
<b>SPBF16</b>	31	0	50	0	50	7	40		4.5×8×4.4	
<b>SPBF20</b>	35	-16	63	-0.2	58	9	45		5.5×9.5×5.4	
<b>SPBF25</b>	42		71	0/-0.3	65	9	52		5.5×9.5×5.4	

•Please select the smallest maximum revolutions (rpm) in case that more than one portion rotate at the same time.

※Maximum revolutions for grease lubrication.

•Moment of inertia is calculated excluding the angular contact bearings.



ball screw spline shaft D <sub>s</sub>	lead Dr	root diameter D <sub>r</sub>	ball screw basic load rating dynamic C <sub>d</sub> kN	ball screw basic load rating static C <sub>o</sub> kN	angular contact bearings basic load rating dynamic C <sub>d</sub> kN	angular contact bearings basic load rating static C <sub>o</sub> kN	moment of inertia for the nut kg·cm <sup>2</sup>	moment of inertia for the ball screw shaft kg·cm <sup>2</sup> /mm	mass nut kg	mass shaft kg/m	ball screw nut maximum revolutions based on D <sub>m</sub> ·N rpm	size	
mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg·cm <sup>2</sup>	kg·cm <sup>2</sup> /mm	kg	kg/m			
16	16	13.4	4.62	8.59	11.1	22.2	4,000	0.60	4.43×10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.45	1.47	4,179	16
20	20	17.2	5.77	12.2	14.4	30.5	3,200	1.75	1.12×10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.76	2.33	3,414	20
25	25	21.9	8.62	19.2	18.2	39.8	2,800	3.86	2.74×10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.26	3.65	2,692	25

W	d <sub>5</sub>	basic torque rating dynamic C <sub>t</sub> N·m	basic torque rating static C <sub>o</sub> N·m	basic load rating dynamic C kN	basic load rating static C <sub>o</sub> kN	allowable static moment M <sub>o</sub> N·m	moment of inertia kg·cm <sup>2</sup>	mass nut kg
mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg	kg
18	2	60	110	6.12	11.2	46	0.52	0.2
22.5	2	105	194	8.9	16.3	110	1.11	0.33
26.5	3	189	346	12.8	23.4	171	2.01	0.45