

# ***ENX 10 QUAD***

***Encoders***

***Product Information***



***Document ID: 1 732 697-03***

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>1</b>	<b>ENX 10 QUAD – Product Information</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1	Technical Data . . . . .	4
1.1.1	Absolute Maximum Rating . . . . .	4
1.1.2	Electrical Data . . . . .	4
1.1.3	Angle Measurement . . . . .	4
1.1.4	Mechanical Data . . . . .	4
1.2	Diagram . . . . .	5
1.3	Definitions . . . . .	6
1.4	Typical Measurement Results . . . . .	7
1.5	Dimensional Drawings . . . . .	7
1.6	Pin Assignment . . . . .	8

## 1 ENX 10 QUAD – Product Information



Figure 1 ENX 10 QUAD

The maxon QUAD encoder uses two standard Hall latches to generate incremental quadrature output signals. Available are two channels (A, B) with single ended signals. The resolution is 1 impulse per turn. With quadrature encoding, 4 states per turn are available for detection of speed, direction, and position.

Size and dimensions are compatible with other Ø10 mm ENX encoders. The circuitry provides reverse polarity protection for the supply voltage and ESD protection network. Low-pass output filter for channel A and B signals reduce transition time to a useful level while generating least electromagnetic emissions. Connection is by a 4-wire, 1.27 mm flat ribbon cable with 6 or 10 pole insulation displacement connector as to EN 60603-13/DIN 41651.



**Note**

*The listed data are for informational purposes only. None of the stated values or information may be used as an indicator of guaranteed performance.*



## 1.1 Technical Data

### 1.1.1 Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	Polarity protection by diode	-30	+25	V
Supply current ( $I_{CC}$ )	Control value without external load resistors	0	14	mA
Signal output current ( $I_{signal}$ )	Output A and B	0	12	mA
ESD voltage ( $V_{esd}$ ), all pins			>2	kV
Operation temperature ( $T_{amb}$ )		-40	+100	°C
Storage temperature ( $T_{store}$ )		-40	+105	°C
Humidity	Condensation not permitted	20	80	%rH

### 1.1.2 Electrical Data

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	Typical values only	4.5	5	5.5	V
Supply current ( $I_{CC}$ )	Load at outputs >10 k $\Omega$	1.5	5.5	10	mA
HIGH Level Output Current ( $I_{OH}$ )	$V_{CC}=5.0$ V, $V_{OH}=3.0$ V			50	$\mu$ A
LOW Level Output Current ( $I_{OL}$ )		-10			mA
HIGH Level Output Voltage ( $V_{OH}$ )	$V_{CC}=5.0$ V, $I_{OH}=50$ $\mu$ A	3.0	4.0		V
LOW Level Output Voltage ( $V_{OL}$ )	$V_{CC}=5.0$ V, $I_{OL}<10$ mA			0.5	V
Rise time LOW to HIGH ( $t_{LH}$ ), Level Output 10...90%	$V_{CC}=5.0$ V, $R_{pull-down} = 1$ M $\Omega$ , $C_L \leq 100$ pF, $R_{pull-up} = \infty$		100		$\mu$ s
Fall time HIGH to LOW ( $t_{HL}$ ), Level Output 10...90%	$V_{CC}=5.0$ V, $R_{pull-down} = 1$ M $\Omega$ , $C_L \leq 100$ pF, $R_{pull-up} = \infty$		0.5	1	$\mu$ s

### 1.1.3 Angle Measurement

→ "Definitions" on page 6

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Number of channels			2		-
Pulse frequency ( $f_{pulse}$ )	Maximum output pulse frequency		2	>5	kHz
Resolution (N)	Impulses per turn		1		cpt
State length ( $L_{state}$ )	$n=5000$ rpm, $T=25^\circ$ C	45	90	135	°el
Integral Nonlinearity (INL)	Maximum average angle error over one turn			45	°m
Differential Nonlinearity (DNL)	Maximum average state length error over one turn			1	LSB
Repeatability (Jitter)	$n=5000$ rpm, $T=25^\circ$ C			2	°m

### 1.1.4 Mechanical Data

Parameter	Conditions	Value	Unit
Dimensions (D x L)	without flange (→ Figure 3)	$\varnothing 10.0 \times 8.5 \dots 9.0$	mm
Moment of inertia (Jt)	Motor shaft $\varnothing 1 \dots 6$ mm	0.01...0.09	g cm <sup>2</sup>
Standard cable length (Lc)		150	mm

Table 1      Technical Data

## 1.2 Diagram

The diagram shows the output circuitry of both channels (Ch A, Ch B). Thereby, the ESD-protective network is not shown.

At the load network,  $R_{\text{pull-up}}$  must limit the current into pin 3/4 to 10 mA.  $R_{\text{pull-down}}$  must be large with respect to the internal 10 k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor. Generally, either a high-impedance network (CMOS input or similar) or an external pull-up resistor is suggested.

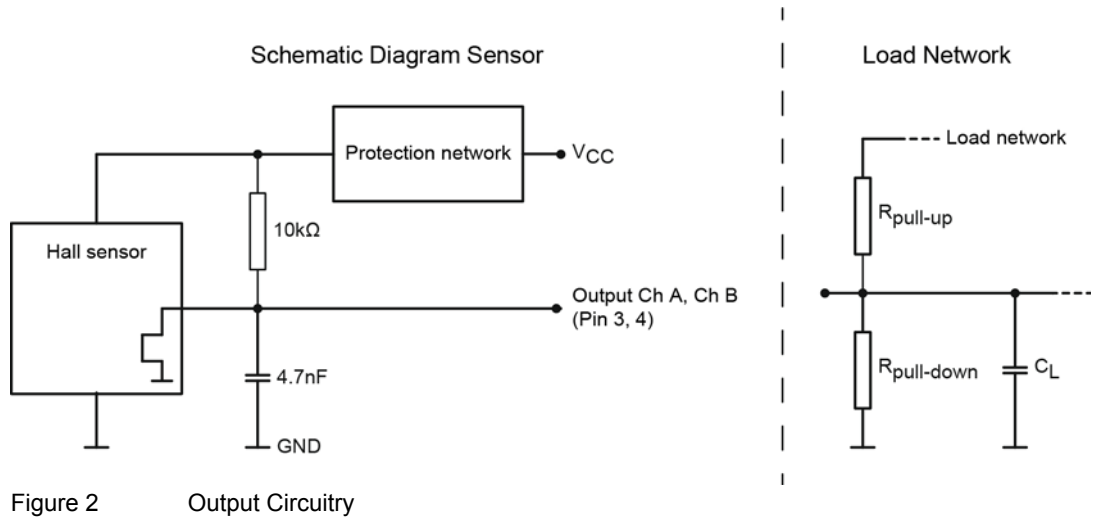


Figure 2 Output Circuitry

1.3 Definitions

Metric	Definition	Illustration
Angle Error [°m]	Difference of measured and true angular shaft position at each position.	
Average Angle Error [°m]	Average of Angle Error over a number of turns.	
Integral Nonlinearity (INL) [°m]	Peak-to-peak value of Average Angle Error.	
Jitter (Repeatability) [°m] or [LSB]	Six standard deviations of Angle Error per turn (over one turn, at a given number of turns). <b>Jitter [°m]</b> is typically independent of resolution and defines the maximum useful positioning repeatability. <b>Jitter [LSB]</b> is resolution-dependent. At given Jitter [°m], the value is roughly proportional to resolution.	
Least Significant Bit (LSB)	Minimum measurable difference between two angle values at given resolution (= quadcount, = State).	
State Error [LSB]	Difference between actual state length and average state length.	
Average State Error [LSB]	Average of State Error over a number of turns for each state of a turn.	
Differential Nonlinearity [DNL]	Maximum positive or negative Average State Error.	
Minimum State Length [°e]	Minimum measured state length within a number of turns relative to pulse length.	
Maximum State Length [°e]	Maximum measured state length within a number of turns relative to pulse length.	
Minimum State Duration [ns]	By chip limited minimum time separation between two A/B transitions. Note: Not applicable to ENX 10 QUAD.	

Table 2 Definitions

1.4 Typical Measurement Results

Parameter	Graph	Analysis																																																								
Angle Error per Turn		5000 rpm, 100 turns, 25°C: INL = 5.7°m																																																								
State Error per Turn		5000 rpm, 100 turns, 25°C: DNL = 0.04 LSB Min State = 0.96 LSB = 86°el Max State = 1.07 LSB = 96°el																																																								
Oscilloscope Trace at 10'000 rpm	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Measure</th> <th>P1: freq(C1)</th> <th>P2: phase(C1,C2)</th> <th>P3: ...</th> <th>P4: ...</th> <th>P5: ...</th> <th>P6: ...</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>value</td> <td>167.669000 Hz</td> <td>91.0936074766 *</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>mean</td> <td>167.62453989 Hz</td> <td>91.165265570256 *</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>min</td> <td>167.298473 Hz</td> <td>90.5002539126 *</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>max</td> <td>168.015513 Hz</td> <td>91.7349360306 *</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>sdev</td> <td>126.38696 mHz</td> <td>291.486345738 m°</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>num</td> <td>86</td> <td>86</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>status</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Measure	P1: freq(C1)	P2: phase(C1,C2)	P3: ...	P4: ...	P5: ...	P6: ...	value	167.669000 Hz	91.0936074766 *					mean	167.62453989 Hz	91.165265570256 *					min	167.298473 Hz	90.5002539126 *					max	168.015513 Hz	91.7349360306 *					sdev	126.38696 mHz	291.486345738 m°					num	86	86					status	✓	✓					2 ms/div, 2 V/div, 25°C, 10'000 rpm, C1 = Ch A, C2 = Ch B
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Table 3 Typical Measurement Results

1.5 Dimensional Drawings

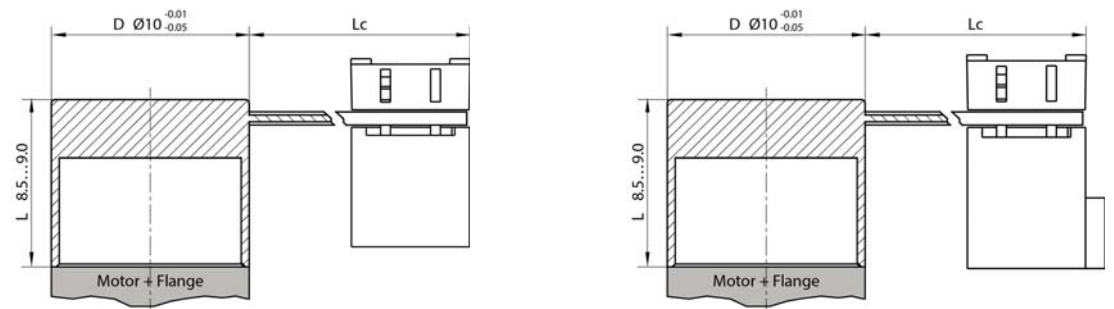


Figure 3 Dimensional Drawing [mm] – ENX 10 QUAD with 6pole IDC Connector (left) / with 10pole IDC Connector (right)

## 1.6 Pin Assignment



### Maximum permitted Supply Voltage

- Make sure that supply power is within stated range.
- Supply voltages exceeding the stated range will destroy the unit.
- Connect the unit only when supply voltage is switched off ( $V_{CC}=0$ ).

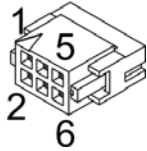


Figure 4 Cable Plug 6pole

Pin	Signal	Description
1	–	not connected
2	$V_{CC}$	Power supply voltage
3	Ch A	Channel A
4	Ch B	Channel B
5	GND	Ground
6	–	not connected

Table 4 Cable Plug 6pole – Pin Assignment

Specifications	
Connector	IDC socket, pitch 2.54 mm, 3 x 2 poles
Mating plug	Pin header, pitch 2.54 mm, 3 x 2 poles (EN 60603-13/DIN 41651)

Table 5 Cable Plug 6pole – Specifications



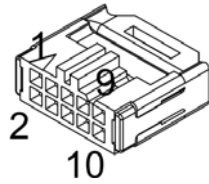


Figure 5 Cable Plug 10pole

Pin	Signal	Description
1	–	not connected
2	V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply voltage
3	Ch A	Channel A
4	Ch B	Channel B
5	GND	Ground
6	–	not connected
7	–	not connected
8	–	not connected
9	–	not connected
10	–	not connected

Table 6 Cable Plug 10pole – Pin Assignment

Specifications	
Connector	IDC socket, pitch 2.54 mm, 5 x 2 poles
Mating plug	Pin header, pitch 2.54 mm, 5 x 2 poles (EN 60603-13/DIN 41651)

Table 7 Cable Plug 10pole – Specifications

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