

Iowa Official Register 1981-82



Iowa Official Register

**Volume Number
Fifty-nine**

1981-1982

**Vern Lundquist
Superintendent of Printing**

**Mary Ellen Gautchier
Editor**

The Red Book

The *Iowa Official Register* (or Red Book as it is frequently called due to its familiar red cover) has been an official publication of the state of Iowa since 1892. In that year, the 24th General Assembly authorized the *Iowa Official Register* as an expense of the state and 10,000 copies were published under the direction of the secretary of state, then W.M. McFarland.

Earlier versions of the *Iowa Official Register* date back as far as 1860, when a directory of the Iowa Legislature entitled, *The Eighth General Assembly*, and consisting of seven pages, was published. In 1864, Secretary of State James Wright printed a list of county and state officials on a small card, a few copies of which were used for general distribution.

In 1873, the title *Iowa Official Register* was first used for a 19-page booklet listing executive and judicial officers, and trustees of state institutions. In 1879 and 1881, similar volumes appeared. The 1881 publication was accurately subtitled *Executive and Judicial Officers of the State of Iowa, Also Trustees of State Institutions*. The Red Book was also known for a time as the *Iowa Official and Statistical Table*. In 1886, the *Iowa Official Register* was the title chosen for material compiled by C.S. Byrkit, then deputy secretary of state, and the title has remained the same ever since.

The *Iowa Official Register* of 1892, carried an introduction by Secretary of State McFarland promising to "further serve the convenience of the public by added improvements to this valuable work, as they are from time to time suggested," and vowing to, "make the *Official Register* a perfect storehouse of information."

Information included in the early publications of the Red Book was extensive. The 1907-08 *Iowa Official Register*, for example, numbered over 800 pages. The edition included copies of the Ordinance of 1787, The Organic Laws of Iowa, Wisconsin and Michigan, information on the prohibition and Socialist party platforms, a list of publications in the state, and a table of weights and measures used at the time.

There were also biographies of state officials with salaries listed. (The governor's salary in 1908 was \$5,000, state legislators received \$550 per session of the General Assembly and a 5 cent per mile travel allowance.)

The *Iowa Official Register* slimmed down slightly in the next few years. By 1920, it had been cut to about 650 pages. More photographs had been added to these later editions. Not only were the governor and executive council pictured in the 1920 Red Book, but Iowa's congressional delegation, state representatives and senators, members of various boards and departments were also included, along with pictures of Camp Dodge accompanied by a detailed history of Iowa's involvement in World War I.

A trimmer Red Book began appearing in the 1930s and '40s. The 1945-46 *Iowa Official Register*, for example, numbered only about 400 pages. This 41st edition, compiled by editor Lou Gardner, no longer carried a listing of every post office in the state, nor every Iowa library and librarian. Also dropped from the Red Book by this time were the table of weights and measures, acreage statistics by townships and the listing of election expenses by counties.

Election results for 1944 were reported; however, and Iowa maintained its Republican tradition, with Dewey and Bricker defeating Roosevelt and Truman in Iowa by nearly 50,000 votes.

Early volumes of the *Iowa Official Register*, as well as the documents which preceded it, can be found in the state Department of History and Archives.

Today, authority for the publication of the *Iowa Official Register* is still vested in the secretary of state, but responsibility for having it written, edited, printed and distributed rests with the state superintendent of printing.

Chapter 16, Volume I, of the 1966 Code of Iowa states that, "The superintendent of printing shall...in odd-numbered years, compile for publication the *Iowa Official Register* which shall contain certain historical, political, and other statistics of general value, but nothing of a partisan character."

In recent years, approximately 15,000 complete, cloth-bound copies and about 12,000 abridged, paper-bound copies have been published.

For more than 80 years, the *Iowa Official Register* has served the citizens of this state as a priceless source of Iowa political, historical and statistical information.



Interior views of Iowa Capitol Building.

How To Reach Your Official

By Letter

Here are several suggestions on how to get in touch with state elective officials and U.S. Senators and Representatives.

To write an elected state official, use the following form:

Hon. John Doe
Governor
State House
Des Moines, Iowa 50319

To write a U.S. Representative:

Hon. John Doe
U.S. Representative
House Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20515

To write a U.S. Senator:

Hon. John Doe
United States Senator
Senate Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20510

By Telephone

In Des Moines:

Area:

Governor Robert D. Ray	515-281-5211
Lt. Governor Terry Branstad	515-281-3421
Attorney General Tom Miller	515-281-5164
Auditor of State Richard Johnson	515-281-5834
Secretary of Agriculture Robert H. Lounsberry	515-281-5322
Secretary of State Mary Jane Odell	515-281-5864
Treasurer of State Maurice E. Baringer	515-281-5366

In Washington, D.C.:

Representative Berkley Bedell	202-225-5476
Representative Cooper Evans	202-225-3301
Representative Tom Harkin	202-225-3806
Representative James A. Leach	202-225-6576
Representative Neal Smith	202-225-4426
Representative Tom Tauke	202-225-2911
U.S. Senator Charles E. Grassley	202-224-3744
U.S. Senator Roger Jepsen	202-224-3254

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The Executive Branch

- **Administrative Officials**
- **County Officials**



IOWA EXECUTIVE COUNCIL — (Seated from left) Robert H. Lounsberry, Secretary of Agriculture; the Honorable Robert D. Ray, Governor of Iowa; and Richard Johnson, Auditor of State. (Standing from left) Maurice E. Baringer, Treasurer of State; and Mary Jane Odell, Secretary of State.

Executive Branch

Elective Officers

The Iowa Constitution makes provisions for a governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor of state, treasurer of state and attorney general, who are elected for terms of four years at the regular general elections in even-numbered years, starting in 1974. In addition, the General Assembly has made provision for a secretary of agriculture, also elected for four years, starting in 1974. A board of commerce commissioners, consisting of three members, formerly elective, became appointive by the governor in 1963. A superintendent of public instruction is chosen by the state board of public instruction. Members of this board are appointed by the governor, from the state at large.

Governor

The supreme executive power of the state is vested in the governor. It is his duty to see that the laws are enforced, to supervise the official business of the state, to make recommendations to the General Assembly, and to appoint various officers and boards. Most major appointments are subject to confirmation by the Senate. He has the power to call special sessions of the legislature and veto acts passed by the General Assembly, but a majority of two-thirds of each House may pass a bill over his veto. To qualify as governor, a person must have been a citizen of the United States and a resident of the state for at least two years, and must be 30 years of age or over at the date of election.

Lieutenant Governor

The lieutenant governor, who must possess the same qualifications as the governor, succeeds the governor in case of death, resignation or disability. His chief function is to act as president of the Senate.

Appointive Officers

In addition to the elected executive officers mentioned, there are a number of appointive officers, including the comptroller, the superintendent of banking, the insurance commissioner, the labor commissioner, the adjutant general, the commissioner of public health, the industrial commissioner and commissioner of public safety, all appointed by the governor, usually with the approval of the Senate. The governor also appoints the members of a number of administrative boards, including the Commerce Commission, the State Board of Regents, the Board of Control of State Institutions, the State Tax Commission, the Board of Parole, the State Conservation Commission, the Liquor Control Commission, the Department of Transportation, the Unemployment Compensation Commission, the State Board of Health, and Board of Social Services.

Executive Council

The executive council is an ex officio board made up of the governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer and secretary of agriculture.

Elected Administrative Officials

Governor

Staff

David A. Oman, administrative assistant
Kenneth Quinn, administrative assistant
Nichola Schissel, administrative assistant
Joseph G. Grubbs, administrative assistant
Brice C. Oakley, administrative counsel
Douglas E. Gross, administrative assistant
Lois E. Smith, administrative assistant

The supreme executive power of the state is vested in the governor, whose term of office is four years.

No person is eligible for the governorship who has not been a citizen of the United States and resident of this state two years preceding the next election, and attained the age of 30 years at the time of said election.

The governor appoints all principal officers of the state not elected by the people, and certain officers connected with the state government, by and with the consent of the Senate. When any office, from any cause, becomes vacant, and no mode is provided by the constitution and laws for filling such vacancy, he has power to fill such vacancy.

The chief executive is also responsible for taking final action on all laws enacted by the General Assembly. He may approve, by signing, a bill passed by both houses or disapprove, by veto, or he may allow a bill to become law without his signature.

The governor may also call an extra session of the assembly when he feels the necessity of such action; may order adjournment of the Legislature if the members cannot reach agreement when to adjourn; and must report to the Legislature the financial condition of the state and his recommendation for any appropriate action concerning the financial status.

The governor has the task of granting or denying executive clemency in the form of restoration of voting rights, commutation of sentences, pardons, and remissions of fines and forfeitures.

The specific duties also include being commander-in-chief of the military forces of state, chairman of the executive council, issuing notary public commissions, issuing land patents, and granting or denying extradition whenever there is a request for a fugitive from justice.

The governor has many obligations as the chief executive to the people of Iowa in addition to the specific statutory duties. These include meeting different groups or individuals, to discuss their problems which in some way have effect upon the government; conferring with Iowa's congressional delegation to discuss national issues which affect Iowa; promoting Iowa and its manufactured and agricultural products; answering correspondence from the electorate; and endeavoring to meet visitors who wish to come and visit the state Capitol and the governor's office. In summary, the governor is the chief administrator of the state government and is held responsible by the citizenry for the effective and efficient administration of the various departments and agencies.

ROBERT D. RAY **Governor of Iowa**

Having completed a dozen years of service to the people of Iowa, Gov. Robert D. Ray is currently the senior governor in the United States. Now, at the midpoint of his fifth term, Ray continues to offer the kind of creative, problem-solving leadership that earns the respect and confidence of Iowa's citizens.

Ray was first elected governor in 1968. He was re-elected in 1970, 1972, 1974 and 1978, with nearly 60 percent of the vote each time.

He has served as chairman of the National Governors' Association, the Republican Governors' Association and the Midwest Governors' Conference. Ray is presently chairman-elect of the Education Commission of the States and has served as president of the Council of State Governments. The governor also chaired the Platform Committee at the Republican National Convention in 1976.

Ray led a trade mission of Iowa businessmen to the People's Republic of China in September 1980. In 1975, Ray represented the United States at independence ceremonies for the new nation of Papua, New Guinea. He has also visited Argentina, Austria, Canada, Egypt, Japan, Peru, Romania, Saudi Arabia, the Soviet Union, Taiwan and West Germany. A delegate to the Special U.N. Conference on Refugees in Geneva, Switzerland, in 1979, Ray also headed a Christmas appeal that raised \$500,000 to feed people in Cambodia and Thailand.

Cited by *Time* magazine for his work in limiting property taxes, the governor introduced and expanded the elderly tax credit and successfully pushed for repeal of the sales tax on food and drugs. He also imposed a freeze on state hiring in April 1980, and ordered across-the-board cuts in state spending to keep Iowa's budget balanced.

Through Governor's Economy Committees established in 1969 and again in 1979, the agencies of the Department of Environmental Quality were merged, among other accomplishments. The committee also recommended a merged Department of Transportation, which is now viewed as a national model.

Ray also pushed for adoption of the bottle-and-can deposit law to save energy and clean up the environment. He encouraged thousands of Iowans to volunteer for the "Great Iowa Cleanup" in May 1979, and to participate in the "Plant Iowa Program" which is continuing in 1981.

A strong advocate for Iowa agriculture, Ray has testified before congressional committees and traveled on "Fine Iowa Meats" promotions. In January 1980, Ray announced an increase in funding for Iowa's "first in the nation" soil conservation cost-share program. In 1979, he received the Honorary Master Pork Producer Award from the Iowa Pork Producers Association.

In the late 1970s, Ray proposed and signed into law a sweeping Urban Revitalization plan. Earlier, he initiated state revenue sharing with communities, proposed a novel Iowa Tuition Grant program for private college students, appointed an innovative Iowa 2000 futures committee, accomplished reform of Iowa's judicial system, and began the Iowa Citizen's Aide Office. Actions such as these prompted *Time* magazine to name Ray as one of America's "rising young leaders."

His promotion of gasohol has helped make Iowa the number one state in America in consumption of this energy alternative. More recently, Ray has chaired the National Governors' Association Committee on Energy Emergency Preparedness and an N.G.A. Subcommittee on International Energy.

Born on Sept. 26, 1928, in Des Moines, Iowa, Ray is the son of Mildred and the late Clark Ray.

Ray, active in sports, was captain of the Des Moines Roosevelt High School basketball team. After graduation, he served in Japan with the U.S. Army. A leader on the Drake University campus, Ray was president of the student body and of several professional, social and honorary fraternities.

Ray earned degrees in Business Administration and Law at Drake, and now holds honorary degrees from several Iowa colleges, including Buena Vista, Central, Cornell, Grinnell, Iowa Wesleyan, Loras, Luther, St. Ambrose, Simpson, Upper Iowa and Westmar. He also received an honorary degree and Distinguished Alumnus Award from Drake, and the Order of the Coif from the Drake Law School.

While at Drake, Ray married Billie Lee Hornberger, a native of Columbus Junction, Iowa.



Ray developed an active law practice in Des Moines and served as a law and reading clerk in the Iowa Senate. During this time, Ray became a member of the Republican State Central Committee, and in 1963, Republican state chairman.

He has served as state chairman of the March of Dimes and of the Muscular Dystrophy Association, and is an honorary advisor of the National Boy Scout Council. The governor has been an elder, deacon and Sunday School teacher in the First Christian Church of Des Moines.

The Ray's have three daughters — Randi, 25; Lu Ann, 22; Vicki, 19.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

Office located back of Senate Chamber

TERRY E. BRANSTAD, Lake Mills

Term expires January 1983

Gerald E. Mathiasen, administrative assistant, Des Moines

Grace G. Copley, confidential secretary, Des Moines

The office of lieutenant governor is provided for in Article IV, Section 3 of the Iowa Constitution.

The lieutenant governor is a member of the executive branch of Iowa government. He stands ready to succeed the governor in case of the latter's death, impeachment or resignation.

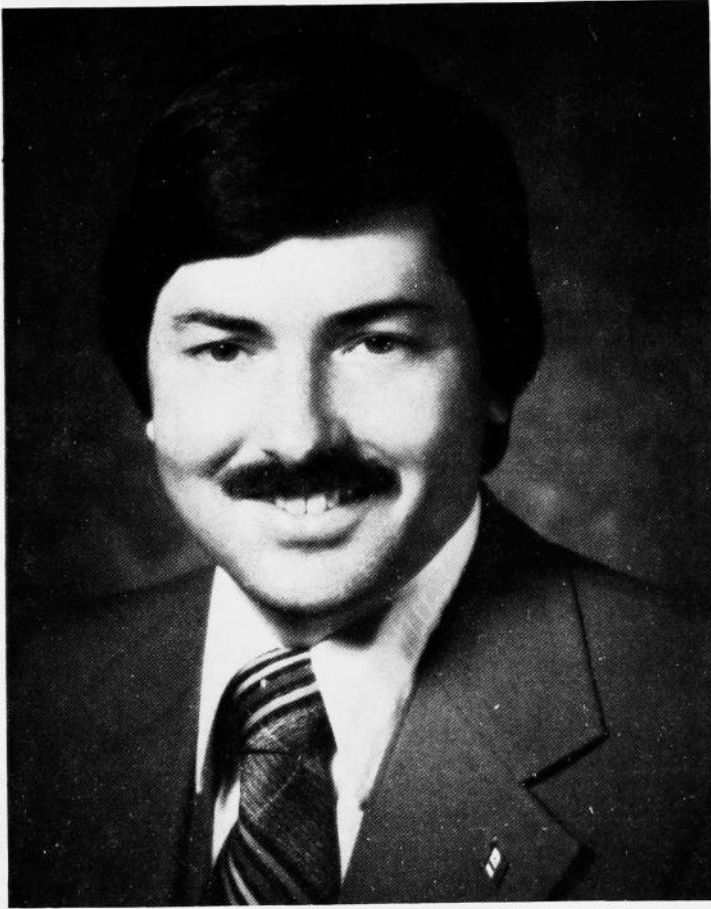
The lieutenant governor is also directed by the constitution to be president of the Iowa Senate. He presides over that body whenever it is in session. He may cast a vote when the Senate is divided equally, but only when final passage of legislation is not at issue.

While a member of the executive branch then, the lieutenant governor works closely with the legislative branch of state government. In fact, the lieutenant governor often is able to help resolve differences that arise between the two branches.

Beyond his constitutional prerogatives, the lieutenant governor has certain statutory authority. He appoints members to many and varied committees, commissions and councils including: the Administrative Rules Review Committee, the Commission on Compensation and the Legislative Council.

The lieutenant governor serves full time during the sessions of the General Assembly and part time between the sessions. A full-time office is maintained for the lieutenant governor located behind the Senate chamber in the state Capitol.

Lieutenant Governor



TERRY E. BRANSTAD

Lake Mills

Republican

Serving his first term as Iowa's 40th lieutenant governor is Terry E. Branstad. He first took office on Jan. 12, 1979.

As lieutenant governor, Branstad is directed by the Iowa Constitution to serve as president of the Iowa Senate. Also, under statutory authority, he appoints members to numerous committees, commissions and councils. According to Senate rules, he selects members of the standing committees and members of the conference committees, and also assigns bills to committees.

Before his election as lieutenant governor, Branstad spent six years representing District 8 in the Iowa House. There he served on the Ways and Means, the Natural Resources and the Education sub-committee of the Budget committee. He also served as the ranking Republican member of the Labor and Industrial Relations committee and of the Judiciary and Law Enforcement committee.

Born on a farm near Leland, in Winnebago County, on Nov. 17, 1946, Branstad graduated from Forest City High School. He received a B.A. degree in political science from the University of Iowa. After service in the U.S. Army from 1969 to 1971, he continued his education by earning a law degree from Drake University. In 1974, Lieutenant Governor Branstad established the firm of Branstad and Schwarm in Lake Mills, Iowa, where he continues to practice law.

Branstad is married to the former Christine Johnson of Des Moines. They have two children. Eric and Allison.

Secretary of State

Office located on main floor of Capitol Building

MARY JANE ODELL, Des Moines

Term expires January 1983

J. Herman Schweiker, deputy

Karol Larsen, secretary

John D. Galvin, director, Corporate Division

Robert E. Farrell, director, Uniform Commercial Code Division

Louise Whitcome, director, Elections Division

Nancy Miller, clerk, Land Office Division and Notaries Public Division

The office of secretary of state is established by the Iowa Constitution. Its principal departments are the corporations and trademarks division, uniform commercial code division, elections division, notaries public division, land office division, and the general office.

Several chapters of the Code which implement Article VIII of the constitution set forth the secretary of state's duties relating to corporations. These in general involve examining, approving, processing, and filing a wide variety of profit, non-profit, foreign, and domestic corporation instruments, and issuing certificates to reflect the instruments filed. Roughly 50,000 corporation certificates are signed and issued by the secretary of state each year, and about 65,000 annual corporation reports are audited, approved and indexed for public inspection. The secretary accepts service of nearly 1,000 original notices each year on non-resident defendants and foreign corporation defendants. Trademarks, labels and forms of advertising are filed in the office of secretary of state for protective registration.

The secretary of state is the principal filing officer under the uniform commercial code act. This type of filing is intended to create a security interest in personal property or fixtures, located in Iowa and covers sales of accounts, contract rights and chattel paper. Over 1,000,000 active filings are presently on record in the U.C.C. office located on the second floor, Hoover State Office Building.

The secretary of state is election commissioner for the state of Iowa. This imposes a broad range of responsibilities in coordinating election matters with county commissioners of elections. The state commissioner conducts statewide schools of instruction, promulgates rules and regulations for the conduct of elections, prescribes forms, responds to innumerable telephone and letter inquiries, publishes the canvass of the primary and general election vote, maintains the record of the canvass of the vote by the state executive council, and prepares certificates of election. The office performs a multitude of other election duties which includes retaining for public inspection reports of campaign receipts and expenditures submitted by candidates for federal offices.

There are approximately 35,000 notaries public in the state of Iowa. Each notary public must procure a commission from the secretary of state. A record must be kept of all commissions and attested copies are furnished upon request.

The state land office maintains a record of thousands of parcels of land formerly and presently owned by the state of Iowa. There is a continuing turnover as land is acquired through purchase, gift, or condemnation or disposed of through sale or other procedures. The land office prepares and records all patents which convey title of state lands to others. Patents are signed by the governor and are countersigned by the secretary of state.

The general office preserves for public inspection many original and official documents of the state, including the constitution, the original statutes of Iowa, authenticated journals of the General Assembly, election records, bonds of various elective and appointive officials, and a record of incorporated cities and towns.

The secretary of state is chairman of the state records commission, member of the state executive council, the employment agency licensing commission, and insurance committee.

The state constitution provides that all grants and commissions shall be in the name and by authority of the people of the state of Iowa, sealed with the Great Seal of the State, signed by the governor, and countersigned by the secretary of state.

The office is entirely self-supporting through fees collected for services provided to the public.

Secretary of State



MARY JANE ODELL

Des Moines

Republican

Born July 28, 1923, in Algona, Iowa, daughter of Eugene and Madge Lewis Neville. Graduated from Algona High School, 1941. Graduated Phi Beta Kappa and Zeta Phi Eta from University of Iowa (B.A.), 1945. Odell hosted public affairs television programs in Des Moines and Chicago for 25 years. President and founder of Iowa Chapter American Women in Radio & TV. National vice president, AWRT. Theta Sigma Phi Award for Excellence in Communication.

Emmy Award for "outstanding individual achievement," 1972 and 1975. Served on Board of Chicago Journalism Review. Elected vice president of Chicago Television Academy. Given Matrix "Communicator of the Year Award" by Oklahoma University, 1973. Elected to board of AFTRA & SAG.

Served as Iowa member of Midwest Committee on Future Options. Received Hancher-Finkbine Leadership Award, University of Iowa, 1976; George Washington Carver Meritorius Service Award for Community Race Relations, Simpson College, 1978. Elected to Iowa Women's Hall of Fame, August 1979. Easter Seal Chairwoman. Member of Iowa ERA Committee. Instructor, Drake University Women's Continuing Education Program.

Married to John Odell; two children: Chris and Brad. Appointed secretary of state by Gov. Robert Ray on Nov. 3, 1980, to serve until 1982 election. Only the second woman in Iowa to serve as secretary of state.

Auditor of State

Office located on main floor of Capitol Building

RICHARD D. JOHNSON, CPA, Sheldahl

Term expires January 1983

Deputy-Administration, **Richard C. Fish**

Deputy-State Audit Division, **Kasey K. Kiplinger**

Deputy-Local Government Audit Division, **Warren G. Jenkins**

The auditor of state is a constitutional officer who is required by law to make full settlement at least once each year between the state and all state offices and departments and all political subdivisions of the state receiving or expending state funds. He is also required to make annually a complete audit of the books, records and accounts of every department of the state and to make or cause to be made annual audits of each political subdivision of the state. These reports shall set out in detail the following:

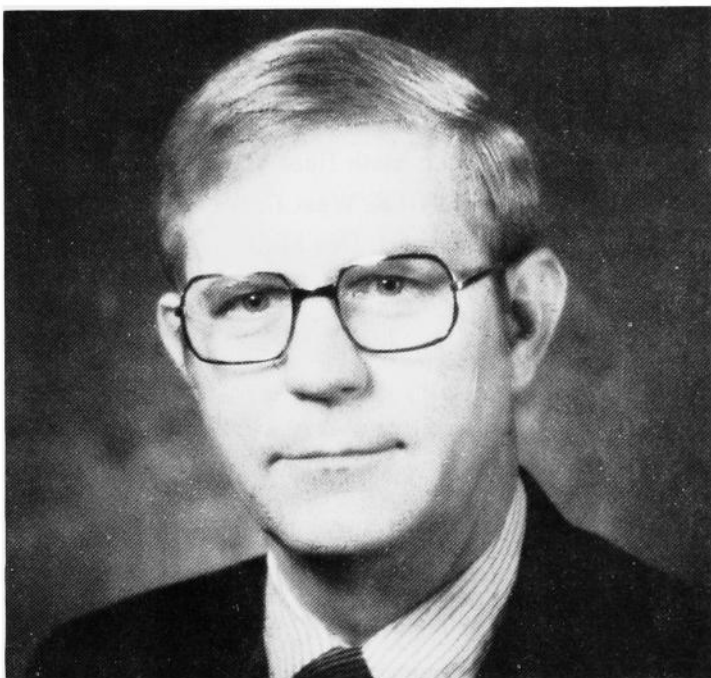
1. The actual condition of such department found to exist on every examination.
2. Whether in his opinion,
 - a. All funds have been expended for the purpose for which appropriated.
 - b. The department so audited and examined is efficiently conducted and if the maximum results for the money expended are obtained.
 - c. The work of the departments so audited or examined needlessly conflicts with or duplicates the work done by any other department.
3. All illegal or unbusinesslike practices.
4. Any recommendations for greater simplicity, accuracy, efficiency, or economy in the operation of the business of the several departments and institutions.
5. Comparisons of prices paid and terms obtained by the various departments for goods and services of like character and reasons for differences therein, if any.
6. Any other information which, in his judgement may be of value to him.

All audit reports are to be filed in the office of the auditor of state, and are available to public examination during normal working hours.

The auditor of state is also charged with the responsibility for regulating and examining all state chartered savings and loan associations and industrial loan companies.

The auditor of state conducts audits for federal agencies under contract. These reports are subject to review by the applicable federal agencies. By virtue of this office, the auditor of state is a member of the state executive council and the State Appeal Board.

Auditor of State



RICHARD D. JOHNSON

Sheldahl

Republican

Born Feb. 3, 1935, in Spencer, Neb., son of Harry E. and Clarice M. Johnson. Graduate Spencer, Nebraska High School, 1952 and General Motors Institute Dealer Coop Program, 1954. Employed as auto parts and service manager, 1954-60. Graduate Drake University, 1960 (B.S.), Business Administration. Major in Accounting, CPA, 1963. Employed with national accounting firm of Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co., 1960-68. Joined auditor of state staff, January 1968, as director of audits. Appointed director of finance, Iowa Highway Commission, May 1968. Appointed as first director of DOT Administrative Division when DOT organized in 1975. Appointed director of DOT Motor Vehicle Division in November 1978. Active in local government as Sheldahl city clerk, 1959-63 and mayor, 1964-75. Chairman, Central Iowa Regional Planning Commission, 1967; League of Municipalities board member, eight years, president, 1971. Served on boards of Des Moines Goodwill Industries, Des Moines Valley View Retirement Home and Madrid Home for the Aging. Member of Nebraska and Iowa National Guard since 1955 with service as armor officer, artillery unit and battalion commander, and state finance disbursing officer. Graduate of U.S. Army Command and General Staff College, 1975. Served as treasurer, board member, trustee of Madrid Evangelical Free Church. Member Rotary Club, Boone County Farm Bureau, Madrid Lions Club, farm owner and corporate farm officer. Married to Marjorie Sire, Butte, Neb., 1956; four children: DeAnn, 1961; JoAnn, 1964; LeAnn, 1967; and David, 1968.

Appointed by Gov. Robert Ray on Dec. 22, 1978, to supervise the office of state auditor during the vacancy created by the death of State Auditor Lloyd R. Smith. Appointed as state auditor by Ray on Jan. 29, 1979, to serve until 1980 general election. Elected Nov. 4, 1980, to serve remainder of term to January 1983.

Treasurer of State

Office located on main floor of Capitol Building

MAURICE E. BARINGER, West Des Moines, Polk County

Roger Barnett, Des Moines, deputy

Robert W. Lemon, Des Moines, administrative deputy

A constitutionally elected official, the treasurer serves a four-year term as Iowa's monetary officer. He is charged with the investment and custody of funds totaling an average daily balance of more than \$1,750 million. In addition, the treasurer of state is designated custodian at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago for Iowa's Unemployment Compensation Fund, now in excess of \$120 million. Total investment transactions of the treasurer's office—bank transfers, investment purchases and investment sales—equal approximately \$8 billion per year.

Aside from his investment of temporarily idle state funds, the treasurer invests funds of the Iowa Public Employment Retirement System, the Public Safety Peace Officers Retirement System, the Iowa Centennial Memorial Foundation, and the William Hawks Memorial.

He is a member of the State Appeal Board, the Peace Officer's Retirement Board, the State Records Management Commission, Terrace Hill Society, Terrace Hill Authority, Terrace Hill Foundation, Management Training Board, Iowa Family Farm Development Authority, and Iowa Centennial Memorial Foundation.

The treasurer of state approves all Iowa banks as depositories for state funds and approves increases in deposit limits for all public funds throughout Iowa, following initial approval by the executive body of each Iowa political subdivision.

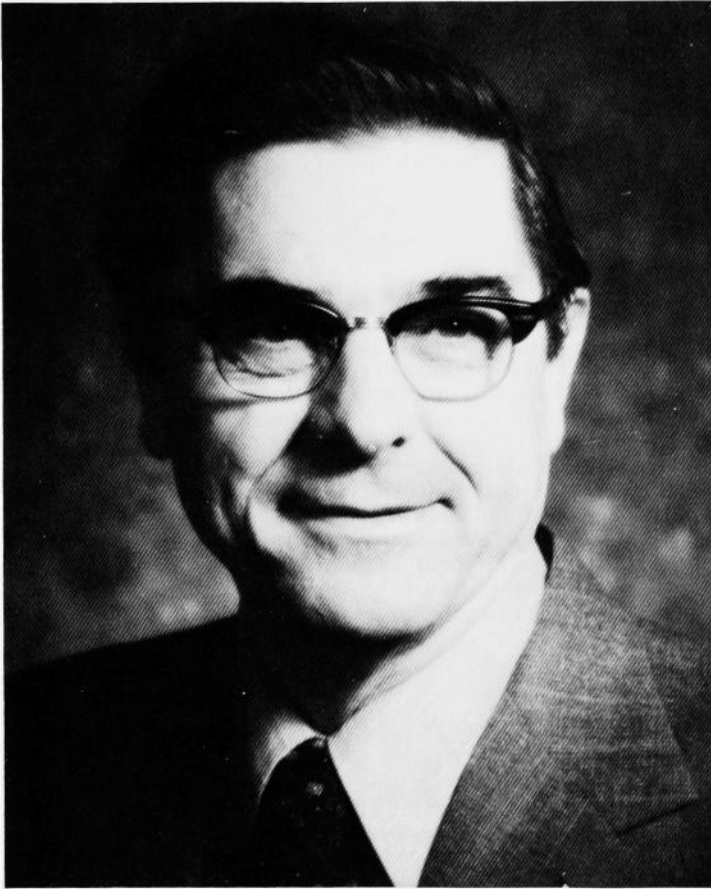
Once each month, the treasurer, in cooperation with the state superintendent of banking and the state insurance commissioner, sets the interest rate that may be paid on public funds deposited in Iowa banks, and rates and guidelines for various debt obligations of public bodies in Iowa.

As custodian of the state Sinking Fund, the treasurer makes appropriate assessments against depositories holding public funds, such funds to be used to recover losses in the event of a depository's failure or change in ownership and financial status.

Further, the treasurer of state is responsible for investment and custody of monies and property falling to the state under Iowa's Unclaimed Property Act, enacted by the 62nd General Assembly.

Accountable for all receipts and disbursements of funds, the state treasury balance is audited daily. All monies due the state of Iowa are received and deposited by the treasurer of state. All disbursements of state monies are made by the treasurer of state, either directly or by redemption of all proper warrants issued. The treasurer submits a complete report, as required by law, to the governor of Iowa at the end of each biennium, accounting for all receipts and disbursements since the last report.

As a member of the state Executive Council, Iowa's administrative governing body, the treasurer of state—in cooperation with the governor, secretary of state, auditor of state and secretary of agriculture—participates in fiscal and other governmental decisions on a day-to-day basis.

Treasurer of State**MAURICE E. BARINGER****Oelwein****Republican**

Born Dec. 4, 1921, Arkansas City, Kan., son of George and Ada Baringer. Graduated from University of Kansas, B.S. in Business, 1943. Served 45 months in World War II, including two years as an anti-aircraft artillery officer in the Southwest Pacific. Received B.S. and M.S. degrees from Iowa State University, 1947-49. Taught Animal Husbandry at Iowa State University. Eighteen years experience in the commercial feed industry in nutrition, sales and management, including 13 years chairman of Scientific Advisory Committee, director and past president of National Feed Ingredients Association, and member Nutrition Council, American Feed Manufacturers Association. Has served as Sunday school teacher, elder and presbytery moderator in the United Presbyterian Church. Married Dorothy Schlensig, Laurens, Iowa, 1948; four children: Sandra, James, Debra, and David. Member of Farm Bureau, American Legion and Farm House Fraternity. Eight years member of the Iowa House of Representatives, including term as speaker, 1967-68. Elected treasurer of state, November 1968 for two-year term. Re-elected November 1970 for two-year term. Re-elected for a third two-year term, Nov. 7, 1972. Re-elected for a four-year term, Nov. 5, 1974; re-elected for a four-year term, Nov. 7, 1978.

Department of Agriculture

Administrative Offices — Wallace Building

ROBERT H. LOUNSBERRY, McCallsburg

Secretary of Agriculture

Term expires Jan. 1, 1983

Thatcher Johnson, Madrid, deputy secretary of agriculture

The Iowa Department of Agriculture was established by the 40th General Assembly in 1923, consolidating several state divisions into one department. The object of the department is to encourage, promote and advance the interests of agriculture — including horticulture, livestock industry, dairying, cheese-making, poultry-raising, beekeeping, production of wool, production of domesticated furbearing animals, and other kindred and allied industries; to promote and devise methods of conducting said industries with a view to increasing production and facilitating an adequate distribution of the same at the least cost to the producer and consumer; and to administer efficiently and impartially the inspection service of the state which is now or may be hereafter placed under its supervision.

In January 1973, Secretary Lounsberry restructured the department to create a more efficient and responsible governmental agency by establishing three operational units within the department. These units are the Administrative, Regulatory and Laboratory Divisions, and each unit is headed by an administrator directly responsible to the secretary.

The Administrative Division is supervised by administrative assistant, James D. Meimann. He supervises the directors of the following subdivisions: Personnel, Information, Marketing, Licensing, Sheep, Apiary, Horticulture, Weather, Accounting, Dairy Trade Practices, Agriculture Statistics, Market News, Audit, Rural Consumer Consultant, Central Supply, and Mail.

The Regulatory Division is supervised by administrative assistant, Bette Duncan. This division consists of the following subdivisions: Legal, Food Products Control, Dairy Products Control, Meat and Poultry, Animal Industry, and Weights and Measures.

The Laboratory Division is headed by administrative assistant, J.D. Hook. Its subdivisions are Feed, Pesticides, Fertilizer, Entomology and Seed, Medicated Feed, also the Dairy Laboratory, Pesticide Residue Laboratory, Seed and Entomology Laboratory, Feed and Fertilizer Laboratory, Food, Meat and Poultry Laboratory, Pesticide Formulation Laboratory, and the Vitamin and Antibiotic Laboratory.

Iowa, more than any other state, is truly the foodbasket of the world, producing 25 percent of the nation's pork supply and 16 percent of the nation's cattle. Each Iowa farmer annually produces enough beef to feed 299 persons, enough pork for 640 persons, enough milk products for 136 persons, enough cheese for 47 persons, enough lamb for 162 persons, enough turkey for 107 persons, and enough eggs for 56 persons.

Therefore, as it carries out its regulatory and promotion programs authorized by Iowa law, the Iowa Department of Agriculture is increasingly aware that today's concept of agriculture includes not only production, but also the processing, manufacturing, marketing, servicing, utilization, and consumption of agricultural products. It is a unique task both in scope and detail, but also a challenge which the department is prepared to meet.

The department's executive offices adhere to the principal that — if farmers are prosperous — all Iowans will prosper. This, then, is in keeping with the more sublime principle, that as an elected official, the secretary of agriculture must represent all of the citizens of this state. Yet the first principle permits a course which will directly benefit farmers, and at the same time, indirectly, the same course will benefit all of the people within the state borders.

Secretary of Agriculture



ROBERT H. LOUNSBERRY

McCallsburg

Republican

Born June 22, 1918, at Carlisle, Iowa. Attended high school in Colo and McCallsburg. Graduated from Luther College with a B.A. in Biology and Chemistry and completed two years in College of Medicine at the University of Iowa. Named to Who's Who in American Colleges and Universities in 1940. Served as combat pilot in the U.S. Air Force in World War II in the Asiatic-Pacific Theater. Began farming in 1946 and has lived and worked on present farm since 1947. Served as an official in many farm organizations and commodity groups. Member of Veterans of Foreign Wars and American Legion. Served as American Legion post commander, Story County commander, 6th District commander, state commander, and State Finance Committee. Former national executive committeeman for Iowa and is a director of American Legion Boy's State. Served as director of both Story County and the Iowa Society for Crippled Children. Was a member of President Eisenhower's Committee for Better Education, director of Iowa Association of School Boards, chairman of the Story County Board of Education, and member of the Des Moines Area Community College Board. Served as Republican precinct committeeman, Story County chairman, and 5th District chairman. Member of the Nevada Lodge No. 99, Des Moines Consistory, Za-Ga-Zig Shrine, and McCallsburg Presbyterian Church. Married Muriel Dirks of Decorah. Three sons, two daughters and nine grandchildren. Appointed deputy secretary of agriculture in 1969. Elected secretary in 1972. Re-elected Nov. 5, 1974. Re-elected Nov. 7, 1978, for a four-year term.

ATTORNEY GENERAL

Office located on second floor of Hoover Building

THOMAS J. MILLER, McGregor

Term expires January 1983

Solicitor General: Mark Schantz

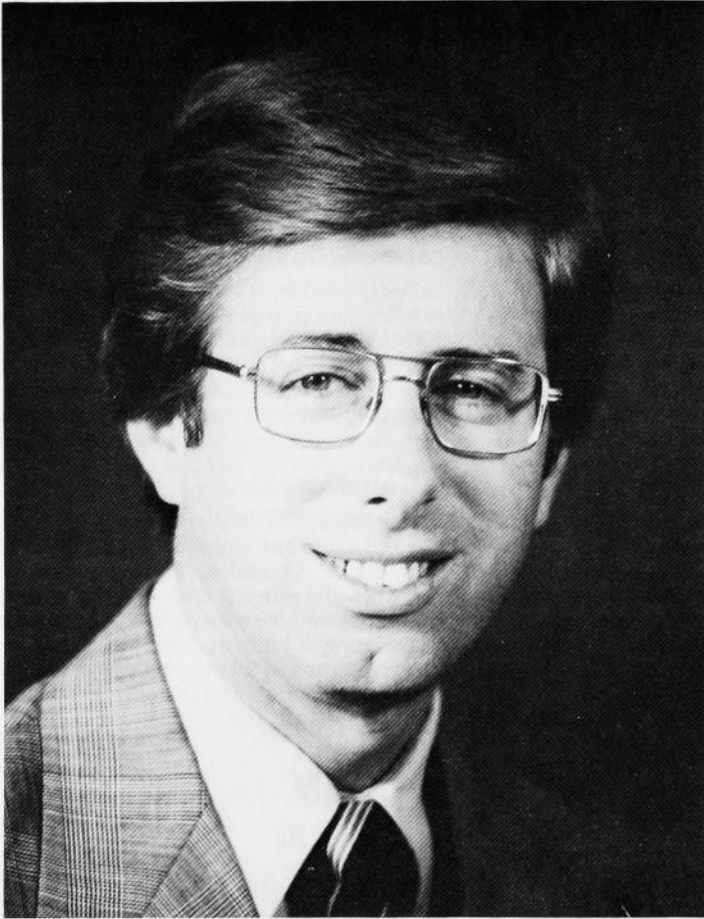
First Assistant Attorney General: Brent Appel

Assistant Attorneys General: John Baty, Barbara Bennett, Timothy Benton, John Black, Rob Blink, Larry Blumberg, Craig Brenneise, Douglas Carlson, Richard Cleland, Chuck Dallyn, Thomas Donahue, Stephen Dundis, Jean Dunkle, Thomas Evans, Robert P. Ewald, David Ferree, David Fortney, Merle Fleming, Jeanine Freeman, Jonathan Golden, Robert Goodwin, Kathryn Graf, Craig Gregersen, Harry Griger, Howard Hagen, Neil Hamilton, Lona Hansen, Fred Haskins, Mark Haverkamp, Gary Hayward, Brent Hege, J. Eric Heintz, Victoria Herring, Robert Huber, Robert Huijbregtse, Patricia Mullen Hulting, Susan Jacobs, Michael Jordan, Robert Keith, James Kivi, Gerald Kuehn, Layne Lindebak, Linda Lowe, Bruce McDonald, Patricia McFarland, Thomas McGrane, Patrick McNulty, Thomas Mann, John Martin, Tom Martin, Donald Mason, John Messina, E. Dean Metz, James Miller, Paul Miller, Candy Morgan, Richard Mull, Scott Nichols, Steven Norby, Tam Ormiston, Elizabeth Ossenbaugh, Eliza Ovrorn, Lester Paff, John Perkins, Clifford Peterson, Julie Pottorff, William Raisch, Richard Richards, Stephen Robinson, John Sarcone, Mark Schuling, John Scott, Douglas Staskal, Shirley Steffe, Frank Stork, Gary Swanson, Jon Swanson, Frank Thomas, Michael Valde, Richard Williams, Earl Willits, Harold Young.

The attorney general is a constitutional officer elected by popular vote every four years. As head of the department of justice and chief legal officer of the state, the attorney general prosecutes and defends all cases in the Supreme Court in which the state is a party or interested. He also represents the state in other actions and proceedings, both civil and criminal, when, in his judgment, the best interests of the state require him to do so, or when he is requested to appear by the governor or the executive council.

The attorney general represents state government agencies in regard to both the giving of legal advice on all questions of law affecting the day-to-day operations of the agencies and representing the agencies in all court cases, to which they are a party. The attorney general has a consumer protection division and farm division to represent the consumers and farmers of the state of Iowa, enforces the antitrust and securities law of the state, participates in the statewide child support recovery program and defends all tort claim actions against the state. All criminal appeals from the 99 counties to the Supreme Court or the Court of Appeals are handled by the attorney general's office. The area prosecutor division of the attorney general's office assists the various county attorneys in the trial of particularly difficult criminal cases when requested by a county attorney.

When requested to do so, the attorney general gives his written opinion upon all questions of law submitted to him by the General Assembly or by either house thereof or by elective or appointive state officials. At the close of each biennium, the attorney general submits a report to the governor setting forth the condition of his office, opinions rendered and other business transacted which is of public interest.

Attorney General**THOMAS J. MILLER****McGregor**

Democrat

Born Aug. 11, 1944, in Dubuque, Iowa, son of Elmer and Betty Miller. Graduated from Wahlert High School, 1962. Graduated from Loras College (B.A.), 1966, and Harvard Law School (J.D.), 1969. Served in VISTA, 1969-70. Was a legislative assistant to Rep. John C. Culver (D-Iowa), 1970-71. Worked in the Baltimore Legal Aid Bureau as legal education director and taught part-time at the University of Maryland School of Law, 1971-73. Practiced law in McGregor, Iowa, 1973-78. Elected Iowa Attorney General, Nov. 7, 1978. Member of the Iowa Bar Association, American Bar Association and Common Cause.

Local Government

County Officials

The state of Iowa is divided into 99 counties, the boundaries of which may not be changed unless the change is approved by the voters of each county concerned. A board of supervisors consisting of three or five members is the chief administrative agency in the county. They appoint a county engineer, county home steward, medical examiner, county welfare director and other administrative officials. In addition, an auditor, who is clerk of the board of supervisors; a sheriff; county attorney; recorder; treasurer; and clerk of the District Court are elected by the voters, with terms of four years. The supervisors are also authorized to create the office of public defender to represent accused persons unable to pay for their own attorneys.

Local Functions

The Iowa county is a quasi-political corporation which collects municipal, school, county and state taxes, enforces state laws, has charge of poor relief and certain other welfare activities, and shares with the state highway commission on the management of the roads and bridges in the county.

Townships which in earlier days were effective units of local government within the counties, have lost almost all of their functions, except for operation of fire departments and cemeteries.

City Government

The laws of Iowa also authorize the incorporation of cities and towns. These municipalities derive their powers from the constitution in local matters except for the power to tax, which is granted by the General Assembly. Four cities and towns are governed by special charters granted before the adoption of the present constitution which forbids such acts of incorporation. Four cities have the commission form of government, six have adopted the city manager plan by popular election, two have home rule charters which provide for a city manager, 25 others have a city manager by ordinance, and 38 have city administrators. The commissioners are elected by the voters under the commission form and constitute the mayor and council. The city manager or city administrator is appointed by the council. In 876 other municipalities, the government is by the mayor-council system, in which the mayor and members of the council are elected by the voters for two-year or four-year terms.

City Councils

The council is the policy-making body in municipal government and it is also the chief administrative agency in the mayor-council cities. The mayor presides over the council, although he is not a member, and has the power to veto acts of the council subject to a two-thirds majority vote over his veto. He supervises municipal activities and appoints certain officers, including the marshal or chief of police, the city health officer, members of the police and fire departments, and other officials that the council may direct him to appoint. The city solicitor and clerk, and in some cases the engineer and members of the zoning board of adjustment are chosen by the council.

County Officials of Iowa for 1981-82

Term of County Officers

The county auditor, clerk of court, sheriff, and treasurer are elected for four-year terms. Through a constitutional amendment ratified in the 1970 general election, the term of the county attorney was changed from two to four years, effective in the 1974 general election. The area education agency administrator is appointed by the area education board. The county engineer is appointed by the board of supervisors for a period not to exceed three years. County assessors (and city assessors in larger cities) are appointed by conference boards, representing the taxing bodies, for six-year terms. The medical examiner is appointed for two years by the board of supervisors.

ADAIR County, Greenfield—auditor, Lorraine E. Homan; clerk of court, Max E. Porter; county assessor, Wayne Sump; county attorney, Willard Olesen; county engineer, Donald J. Lynam; public health, Sheryl Marshall; director of relief, Velda Cole; medical examiner, Dr. J.B. Baker, D.O.; recorder, Carol Nielsen; sheriff, Donald W. Carrick; soldiers relief secretary, Donna Bittner; supervisors, Edwin Lydon, Wendell Sheriff, Marvin Ford; treasurer, Cora D. McClain.

ADAMS County, Corning—auditor, Delores Hill; clerk of court, Albert Crow; county assessor, Richard Bailiff; county attorney, Jeffrey Millhollin; county engineer, Eldon Rike; public health, Beulah Hodson; director of relief, Joseph Jones; medical examiner, John Nolan, M.D.; recorder, Geraldine Richey; sheriff, Thomas Nolan; soldiers relief secretary, Joseph Jones; supervisors, Richard Cantieri, Duane Birt, Donald Schrader, Verlyn Rice, Delmar Haley; treasurer, Joseph A. Johnston.

ALLAMAKEE County, Waukon—auditor, Kay Carter; clerk of court, Carl R. Christianson; county assessor, Stanley M. Moellers; county attorney, William S. Hart; county engineer, William C. Kerndt; public health, Arlene Ingles; director of relief, Linda L. Kruse; medical examiner, Kenneth R. Olson, M.D.; recorder, Marilyn A. Clark; sheriff, Neil E. Becker; soldiers relief secretary, Joseph M. Regan; supervisors, John W. Beisker, Dale L. Reeder, Lyle E. Ziemann; treasurer, Elsa Hager.

APPANOOSE County, Centerville—auditor, John B. Brunow; clerk of court, Gloria Cortesio; county assessor, Ralph Wood; county attorney, W. Edward Anstey; county engineer, Mike McClain; public health, Lorraine Ramos; director of relief, Angie Budeslich; medical examiner, M.G. Parks; recorder, Virginia Basbaglia; sheriff, Ronald Powell; soldiers relief secretary, Vern Herr; supervisors, Don Haines, Harry Robertson, Elvin Thomasson; treasurer, Dorothy Walker.

AUDUBON County, Audubon—auditor, David R. Christensen; clerk of court, Mary Jane Madsen; county assessor, Donald Knoell Sr.; county attorney, David Neas; county engineer, Ronald Verville; public health, Roberta Lykke; director of relief, Charles Goeken; medical examiner, Rosemary Mason; recorder, Lois Oakley; sheriff, Bill Shaw; soldiers relief secretary, Norma Worster; supervisors, Max Summers, Jerry Finnerty, Frank Schmidt; treasurer, Leslie Brue.

BENTON County, Vinton—auditor, Florence E. Rippel; clerk of court, Dorothy Brecht; county assessor, John B. Hart; county attorney, Mark Mossman; county engineer, Gerald Petermeier; public health, Linda Lacey; director of relief, Jane Ealy; medical examiners, Dr. C.E. Douglas, Dr. W.C. Weideman; recorder, Cheryl Kirk; sheriff, Kenneth Popenhagen; soldiers relief secretary, Byron Abernathy; supervisors, Harry Horak, Russell Wyckoff, Edwin Brecht; treasurer, Warren Richart.

BLACK HAWK County, Waterloo—auditor, Isabelle Frerichs; clerk of court, Joan M. Glaza; county assessor, Timothy Meyers; county attorney, David H. Correll; county engineer, Larry D. Clark; public health, Ernest Haupt; director of relief, Edward G. Miller; medical examiner, Dr. Albert Dolan; recorder, Ramona J. Williams; sheriff, Wendell H. Christensen Jr.; soldiers relief secretary, Edward G. Miller; area education agency administrator, Dr. Ronald Dickinson; supervisors, Lynn G. Cutler, Carroll T. Hayes, Sonia A. Johannsen, Francis Messerly, Frank A. Mollenhoff; treasurer, Jerry R. Ellis.

BOONE County, Boone—auditor, Albert G. Sorensen; clerk of court, Enid M. Sturtz; county assessor, Wilbur A. Teagarden; county attorney, Jim P. Robbins; county

engineer, Carl F. Schnoor; director of relief, Howard E. Seeley; medical examiner, Dr. Louis Greco; recorder, Mary A. Duffy; sheriff, Henry N. Wallace; soldiers relief secretary, Paul Lowrey; supervisors, Jay E. Carlson, John A. Munson, Dale F. Danilson; treasurer, Richard F. Sward.

BREMER County, Waverly—auditor, Austa White; clerk of court, Lois Slater; county assessor, Lester Buenger; county attorney, Paul Riffel; county engineer, W.H. Jorgenrud; public health, Marie Zelle, Bremer County health nurse; director of relief, Verlyn Wieden; medical examiner, Dr. James W. Rathe; recorder, Lois Leary; sheriff, William Westendorf; soldiers relief secretary, Betty Gambaiani; supervisors, Ralph Juhl, Martin Dettmer, Reinhard Buhr; treasurer, John DeVries.

BUCHANAN County, Independence—auditor, Helen McCulloch; clerk of court, Betty Cameron; county assessor, Lawrence L. Jacobs; county attorney, Daryl Roberts; county engineer, Russell Krieg; public health, Margaret Hogan; director of relief, Kenneth McCardle; medical examiner, A.E. Mayner, M.D.; sheriff, David L. Herrick; soldiers relief secretary, Earl Byam; area education agency administrator, Ron Dickinson; supervisors, Burley D. Franck, Gary Schweitzer, Ralph J. Kremer; treasurer, Larry R. Miller.

BUENA VISTA County, Storm Lake—auditor, Lewis B. Julius; clerk of court, Donna McPherren; county attorney, Corwin Ritchie; county engineer, Donald D. Linnan; public health, Darlene Peterson; director of relief, Vivian Keister; medical examiner, Dr. James E. McCabe; recorder, Ferne L. Frederiksen; sheriff, John B. Galbraith; soldiers relief secretary, Donald D. Linnan; area education agency administrator, Donald Ambrosion; supervisors, G. Richard Burr, Donald P. Harjes, Orville Radke, Stuart Samelson, Dean Worthan; treasurer, Herbert E. Sievers.

BUTLER County, Allison—auditor, Donald Johnson; clerk of court, John Allan; county assessor, C.W. Zimmerman; county attorney, Gene Shepard; county engineer, Robert Haylock; public health, Linda Truax; director of relief, Joyce Heyenga; medical examiner, Dr. Garry Teigland; recorder, Craig Franken; sheriff, Russell Vance; soldiers relief secretary, Mary McGeough; supervisors, Wilbur Tindall, W.H. Skinner, Ted Stubbe; treasurer, Victor C. Woodley.

CALHOUN County, Rockwell City—auditor, JoAnn Davis; clerk of court, Shirley Redenius; county assessor, Eileen Ludwig; county attorney, Kent Willis; county engineer, Jerry Weber; public health, Ethel Mack; director of relief, Ronald Walrod; medical examiners, J. Charles Comstock, M.D., Dale Christensen, M.D., Paul Steinhauer, M.D.; recorder, Margaret Petted; sheriff, Jack Satern; soldiers relief secretary, Donna Sperry; supervisors, Richard Hansen, Charles Moore, Franklin Ohrtman; treasurer, Joyce McClintock.

CARROLL County, Carroll—auditor, Wm. C. "Butch" Arts Jr.; clerk of court, Alfred J. Klocke; county assessor, Diane Janning; county attorney, William G. Polking; county engineer, Rich Michaelis; public health, Mickey Bierl; director of relief, James Krambeer; medical examiner, James P. Jensen, D.O.; recorder, Raymond Reicks; sheriff, John G. Longnecker; soldiers relief secretary, Russell S. Wunschel; area education agency administrator, Dr. K.W. Miller; supervisors, Walter Koster, Hilbert Eischeid, Leonard Sporrer, James M. Houlihan, Lewis Rich; treasurer, Bernice Williams.

CASS County, Atlantic—auditor, M. Dale King; clerk of court, Cathryn McMullen; county assessor, Linda Campbell; county attorney, Ray Yarham; county engineer, Harry Porter; public health, W.E. Boucher; director of relief, Dorothy Forristall; medical examiner, Dr. Thomas Payne; recorder, Jeanne Brodersen; sheriff, Tom Pope; soldiers relief secretary, K.M. Tomlinson; area education agency administrator, Ray Dodson; supervisors, Dean Robinson, Marjorie Karns, Hugh Anstey, Don Wilkinson, Roderick Kunze; treasurer, Sharon Brown Winchell.

CEDAR County, Tipton—auditor, Richard L. Kemmann; clerk of court, Phyllis Lenschow; county assessor, Paul T. Thomsen; county attorney, Edward W. Kemp; county engineer, Roy Ellerhoff; public health, Margery Norton; director of relief, Mary Jo Hoke; medical examiner, Dr. W.J. Kopsa; recorder, Marjorie Eggert; sheriff, Keith Whitlatch; soldiers relief secretary, George Drager; area education agency administrator, Dwight Bode; supervisors, Jean Penningroth, Leroy Wiese, Howard Davis, Norman Kroemer, Leo Shuger; treasurer, Gary Jedlicka.

CERRO GORDO County, Mason City—auditor, Shirley E. Easton; clerk of court, Jean Groth; county assessor, John Boedeker; county attorney, Richard Tompkins; county engineer, Warren G. Davison; public health, Robert Schuelzky; director of relief, Vieta Thornton; medical examiner, Dr. A.E. McMahon; recorder, Jeanne Argos; sheriff, Gerald D. Allen; soldiers relief secretary, Loretta Janssen; area education agency administrator, Dr. Dale L. Jensen; supervisors, Ambrose Cahalan, John Fromm, Willard E. Gisel; treasurer, Michael J. Grandon.

CHEROKEE County, Cherokee—auditor, Beverly Anderson; clerk of court, Gerald D. Brown; county assessor, Vernon Peterson; county attorney, James L. McDonald; county engineer, Wm. Bennett; public health, Mavis Stoner; director of relief, Barb Frey; medical examiner, Dr. D.C. Koser; recorder, Chas. C. Crocker; sheriff, Darrel Stroud; supervisors, Donald Tietgen, Jack Foresman, Kenneth Ohlson, Roger E. Nelson, David Phipps; treasurer, Patricia M. Carlson.

CHICKASAW County, New Hampton—auditor, Gloria Hauser; clerk of court, Waldemar F. Heusmann; county assessor, Wayne Schwickerath; county attorney, William A. Heintz; county engineer, William A. Bauer; public health, Donna Schwickerath; director of relief, Helen Dee; medical examiner, Dr. James Carr; recorder, Mary C. Murray; sheriff, Tom Bernatz; soldiers relief secretary, Mary Jane Theis; area education agency administrator, Richard Hansen; supervisors, Theo E. Steege, Dan O. Donovan, Gerald P. Fisher, Sherry Wurzer, Jerome J. Huegel; treasurer, Sadie L. McFarland.

CLARKE County, Osceola—auditor, Emil L. Rinderspacher; clerk of court, Frances Winship; county attorney, Gary G. Kimes; county engineer, James S. Connell; public health, Janet R. Adair, R.N.; medical examiner, James D. Kimdall M.D.; recorder, Lorena Wallace; sheriff, John H. Stearns; soldiers relief secretary, Lon Williams; area education agency administrator, Dr. Patrick T. Kelly; supervisors, Leland Hunt, Leonard Siefkas, Orval Coffman; treasurer, Ruth Audlehelm.

CLAY County, Spencer—auditor, Philip L. Hurst; clerk of court, Jane Hussey; county assessor, Vernon L. Harmon; county attorney, Michael L. Zenor; county engineer, R.K. Clark; public health, Doris Sundall; director of relief, Paul K. Williams; medical examiner, J.E. Kelly; recorder, Albert B. Condra; sheriff, Philip W. Nelson; soldiers relief secretary, Rose Ann Hecox; area education agency administrator, Nels Christiansen; supervisors, Ralph E. Nelson, Neil Scoles, Lowell D. Hagedorn, Richard Kramer, Duane F. Fisk; treasurer, Bernard T. Wheeler.

CLAYTON County, Elkader—auditor, Dennis Freitag; clerk of court, Charlotte A. Kramer; county assessor, Larry P. Hauser; county attorney, Kevin H. Clefisch; county engineer, Glen D. Meisner; public health, Deanna Krambeer; director of relief, Lee McAllister; medical examiner, E.M. Downey; recorder, Helene Hurley; sheriff, Ronald H. Rumph; soldiers relief secretary, Charles Taylor; area education agency administrator, Richard Hansen; supervisors, Gerald Palas, Virgil Wessel, Donald Fredrick; treasurer, Oliver Hustad.

CLINTON County, Clinton—auditor, Walter W. Killean; clerk of court, Charles R. Anderson; county assessor, Paul Hilmers; county attorney, G. Wylie Pillers; county engineer, Larry Mattusch; public health, Doris Anderson; director of relief, Gary Eden; medical examiner, Dr. Salvador Borja; recorder, Walter Lange; sheriff, Michael Galusha; soldiers relief secretary, Jean Sherwood; area education agency administrator, Dr. Clark Stevens; supervisors, James E. Vining, Sheldon Rittner, Howard Carr; treasurer, Homer B. Hoskinson.

CRAWFORD County, Denison—auditor, Maxine Walde; clerk of court, Dorothy W. Mesenbrink; county assessor, Wm. L. Dobler; county attorney, Thomas E. Gustafson; county engineer, H. Dale Wight; public health, Carol Peterson; director of relief, Virginia Moeller; medical examiner, Donald J. Soll; recorder, Ruth Else; sheriff, Donald D. Stehr; supervisors, LeRoy A. Hansohn, Don H. Jensen, Martin Spiegel, John K. Weiss, Virgil E. Anderson; treasurer, Donald J. Groth.

DALLAS County, Adel—auditor, Roberta Burkhead; clerk of court, Dwight E. Barton; county assessor, Ronald G. Potter; county attorney, Alan Shirley; county engineer, Gene R. Hardy; public health, Stephanie Wirtz; director of relief, Joan Matthews; medical examiner, Dr. Perry Weigel; recorder, Marguerite West; sheriff, Dexter Lee Struble; soldiers relief secretary, Donald McCallum; area education agency

administrator, Dr. Bill Clark; supervisors, Francis Forret, Delbert Bauer, Francis Weil; treasurer, Murray Luther.

DAVIS County, Bloomfield—auditor, Jeanine E. Wilfawn; clerk of court, Glenna Dabney; county assessor, Clifford Lawson; county attorney, Bruce Colyer; county engineer, LeRoy Bergmann; public health, Joanne Bride - health nurse; director of relief, Robert Drake; medical examiner, Dr. Henry Perry; recorder, Bobby Pottorff; sheriff, Ray Dykes; soldiers relief secretary, Audie Redmond; area education agency administrator, Donald Roseberry; supervisors, Russell Hopkins, Keith Wilcox, Jerry Talbott; treasurer, Fredrick Lundstrum.

DECATUR County, Leon—auditor, Douglas Akers; clerk of court, Greta Willis; county assessor, Denze Bethards; county attorney, Robert L. Fulton; county engineer, Vaughn Clark; public health, Sandra Crandell; director of relief, Carl H. Bernahl; medical examiner, T.R. McMillan; recorder, Cleo Norman; sheriff, Steven E. Layton; area education agency administrator, Dr. Patrick D. Kelly; supervisors, Franklin S. Main, Merrill Lovett, Graydon Griffin; treasurer, Goldie Martin.

DELAWARE County, Manchester—auditor, Sharon McCrabb; clerk of court, R.W. Nieman; county assessor, John R. Klaus; county attorney, Robert L. Glaser; county engineer, Don Smith; public health, Geraldine Wendling; director of relief, James Huber; recorder, Joan Sheppard; sheriff, Bert Elledge Jr.; soldiers relief secretary, Francis Reidy; supervisors, Cecil Cannon, Bill Burbridge, Donald Atkinson; treasurer, Helen McWilliams.

DES MOINES County, Burlington—auditor, Myranell Dockendorff; clerk of court, Marjorie Beck; county assessor, Paul Rynell; county attorney, Steven S. Hoth; county engineer, Sylvester J. Klassen; public health, Rollin J. Cowles III; director of relief, Kirk Erickson; medical examiner, Joseph P. Stoikovic; recorder, Marilyn Larson; sheriff, Russ Krieger; soldiers relief secretary, Robert Dickson; area education agency administrator, Buford W. Garner; supervisors, Richard A. Lewis, Erma Vance, Joseph Beckman; treasurer, Robert M. James.

DICKINSON County, Spirit Lake—auditor, Nancy Reiman; clerk of court, Jean Y. Goetsch; county assessor, Barb Alig; county attorney, Allen A. Anderson; county engineer, Paul Konrad; public health, Vivian C. Lynn; medical examiner, Dr. Brian R. Ford; recorder, Viola Hagedorn; sheriff, Wendell J. Kilts; soldiers relief secretary, Lawrence McFarland; supervisors, James McDonald, Beverly Bergquist, Maurice R. Dougal; treasurer, Marie Barrett.

DUBUQUE County, Dubuque—auditor, Terrence J. Hirsch; clerk of court, Leroy L. Meyer; county assessor, Raymond J. Hess; county attorney, Michael S. McCauley; county engineer, Charles L. Baule; public health, Paul A. Buss; director of relief, Donna Wagner; medical examiner, Ronald R. Dueland, M.D.; recorder, Matt M. Rohner; sheriff, Leo J. Kennedy; soldiers relief secretary, Anlyn Grady; area education agency administrator, Richard Hansen; supervisors, Wilfred R. Bahl, Lloyd C. Hayes, Donna Smith; treasurer, Thomas W. Breitbach.

EMMET County, Estherville—auditor, Elmer Weir; clerk of court, Cynthia Kelly; county assessor, Wayne Lynch; county attorney, John Martens; county engineer, Gary Stribley; public health, Madonna Johnson; director of relief, Francis Sheda; medical examiner, Dr. Jerry Dawson; recorder, Pam Satern; sheriff, Danny Gronbeck; soldiers relief secretary, Francis Sheda; area education agency administrator, N. Christiansen; supervisors, A.T. Theesfeld, David Glasnapp, Clare Nelson, W.L. Hansen, Robert Griffith; treasurer, Russell Smith.

FAYETTE County, West Union—auditor, Larry Popenhagen; clerk of court, Dale D. Halverson; county assessor, Dale C. Hyman; county attorney, W. Wayne Saur; county engineer, William A. Moellering; public health, Mary Kruse, Anne Bodensteiner, Cheryl Bushnell; director of relief, Helen V. Pepin; medical examiner, Dr. Harold Halberg; recorder, Helen Frieden; sheriff, Norman McCauley; soldiers relief secretary, William W. Kusak; supervisors, John D. Fay, Larry Murphy, Carl A. Wagner; treasurer, Phyllis Massman.

FLOYD County, Charles City—auditor, Geraldine Y. Magilton; clerk of court, Jane Sylvester; county assessor, Bernard R. Faight; county attorney, Ronald K. Noah; county engineer, Lyle R. Laartz; director of relief, Alice Beasley; medical examiner, E.E. Schmiedel; recorder, Marilee S. Monroe; sheriff, L.L. Lane; soldiers relief secretary,

Alice Beasely; supervisors, Walter Marsh, Robert Monroe, Dale Koehler; treasurer, Allen P. Kellogg.

FRANKLIN County, Hampton—auditor, Leona M. Barrick; clerk of court, Helen O'Dea; county assessor, Elmer Christensen; county attorney, Art Cady III; county engineer, Neil W. Jorgenson; public health, Bernice Crabb; director of relief, Karen Linan; medical examiner, Keith Hansen, D.O.; recorder, Leon Olson; sheriff, Duane L. Payne; soldiers relief secretary, O.M. Lumley; supervisors, Conrad Meints, Gilbert Behn, Randal Nelson; treasurer, Jane Lubkeman.

FREMONT County, Sidney—auditor, Janet Whipple; clerk of court, Olive Van Sant; county assessor, Richard Wood; county attorney, Richard B. Maher; county engineer, Carl Christensen; director of relief, Louella Birkby; medical examiner, Walter G. Nelson; recorder, Carol Akins; sheriff, Larry Gaylord; soldiers relief secretary, Carl Coffman; supervisors, Richard Pullman, Wilbur Travis, M.W. Dalton; treasurer, Winifred Rhoades.

GREENE County, Jefferson—auditor, Dan Lehman; clerk of court, Grace Seeden; county assessor, Roland Ehm; county attorney, Nicola Martino; county engineer, Ron Betterton; public health, Mary Vogel; director of relief, Sandy Miner; medical examiner, Dr. R.W. Burke; recorder, Mary Batcheller; sheriff, James Kurth; soldiers relief secretary, Vince J. Phillips; area education agency administrator, Jim Walton; supervisors, Vince Phillips, R.C. Fredrickson, Lee Dorris, Merle Eberle, Forest Beecher; treasurer, Esther Fister.

GRUNDY County, Grundy Center—auditor, Wilbur Rust; clerk of court, Dorothy Palmer; county assessor, Gary Card; county attorney, Don Kliebenstein; county engineer, Philip Dvorak; public health, Eileen Schultz; director of relief, Cheryl Whitney; medical examiner, Charles J. Latendresse, M.D.; recorder, Lois Bokholt; sheriff, Wm. G. Marten; soldiers relief secretary, James Erpelding; area education agency administrator, Ron Dickinson; supervisors, Don Schildroth, Verne Everline, Woodrow W. Parker, Helen Kopsa, Calvin Kruse; treasurer, Deloris Bakker.

GUTHRIE County, Guthrie Center—auditor, Darwin Hall; clerk of court, Gary Herman; county assessor, Garth C. Cottingham; county attorney, Thomas H. Miller; county engineer, W.L. Schultz; public health, Stephen Patterson; director of relief, Mafalda Makey; medical examiner, Herbert Neff, M.D.; recorder, Kenneth Christensen; sheriff, Stuart Stringham Jr.; soldiers relief secretary, Barbara Middleton; supervisors, Herbert Clark, Gerald Cline, Verne Summy, Bob Burmeister, R. Dean Wright; treasurer, Beverly Kunkle.

HAMILTON County, Webster City—auditor, Lana D. Hinderks; clerk of court, Marian F. Daniels; county assessor, Evelyn Nordstrom; county attorney, Lonny T. Morrison; county engineer, Wesley Smith; public health, Reba Seering; director of relief, Margie Banks; medical examiner, Sam I. Kuramoto, D.O.; recorder, Shirley M. Wangler; sheriff, K.G. "Jerry" Farnham; soldiers relief secretary, Clarice Markwardt; area education agency administrator, Donald D. Ambrosion; supervisors, Marvin D. Johnson, James F. Sylvester, Stuart E. Schlafke; treasurer, Timothy Wood.

HANCOCK County, Garner—auditor, Dorothy Greiman; clerk of court, Doris Young; county assessor, Roger Paulson; county attorney, Ted Hovda; county engineer, J. Wm. Waddingham; public health, Berniece S. Barracks; director of relief, Sandra Mireles; medical examiner, L.R. Fuller, M.D.; recorder, Robertine Gatchel; sheriff, David Michel; soldiers relief secretary, Dorothy Greiman; supervisors, Gerald Burk, Merle Brown, Calvin Sorenson; treasurer, Rudy J. Urich.

HARDIN County, Eldora—auditor, Michael L. Pence; clerk of court, Eugene L. Setchell; county assessor, Betty Donner; county attorney, Jon Heitland; county engineer, Rodney Vlotho; public health, Hester Elerding; director of relief, Tom Gray; medical examiner, Dr. Herbert Gude; recorder, Keith VanPatter; sheriff, Jerry L. Sunken; soldiers relief secretary, Gene Foster; area education agency administrator, Nancy B. Miller; supervisors, Jerry L. Pence, Robert Anders, Mildred Lloyd; treasurer, Barbara Herndon.

HARRISON County, Logan—auditor, Elizabeth A. Harder; clerk of court, Faye Marie Dow; county assessor, Dayle Purcell; county attorney, Judson Frisk; county engineer, Truman Langager; public health, Charlie Korn; director of relief, Kathryn Harris; medical examiner, J.W. Barnes, M.D.P.C.; recorder, Leeta M. Grap; sheriff, Merle E.

Sass; soldiers relief secretary, Kathryn Harris; area education agency administrator, Margaret Baldwin; supervisors, Paul Buffum, W.H. Wohlers, Duane Grooms; treasurer, Bill D. Owens.

HENRY County, Mt. Pleasant—auditor, Doris A. Sharp; clerk of court, Susie Kinney; county assessor, John F. Foss; county attorney, Michael A. Riepe; county engineer, Clarence C. Perry; public health, Marjorie McKim; director of relief, Sandra Shaull; medical examiner, Robert S. Wettach; recorder, Lola A. Swan; sheriff, Terry Morrow; supervisors, Sheldon V. Kongable, Elmer Wagler, John Carter; treasurer, Marjorie A. Burden.

HOWARD County, Cresco—auditor, Wilma Mohs; clerk of court, Connie Pecinovsky; county assessor, B.J. Roman; county attorney, Kevin C. McGuire; county engineer, Richard Brown; public health, Patricia Bouska, Karen Cain; director of relief, LaVern Buttjer; medical examiner, Dr. Dean Nierling; recorder, Mary Skoda; sheriff, Gary Cleveland; soldiers relief secretary, Sylvester N. Grimm; supervisors, Thomas Murray, Robert Freel, Melvin Cannon; treasurer, Helen M. Bateman.

HUMBOLDT County, Dakota City—auditor, Jerry C. Diedrick; clerk of court, Betty L. Vonderhaar; county assessor, David Stensland; county attorney, Robert E. Lee; county engineer, Paul K. Klevos; public health, Donna McCormick; director of relief, Arlis Gimer; medical examiner, Dr. James H. Coddington; recorder, Esther J. Ruble; sheriff, Marvin J. Andersen; soldiers relief secretary, Charles Joiner; supervisors, Jean M. Kleve, Gary W. Kuehnast, Dorothy Noonan, Kenneth Underberg, Lloyd A. Swanson; treasurer, Pat Albrecht.

IDA County, Ida Grove—auditor, Helen J. Wanberg; clerk of court, Virginia Wellendorf; county assessor, W.D. Baumann; county attorney, Robert J. Belson; county engineer, Marvin McGahuey; public health, Janice A. Rupert; director of relief, Doris Williams; medical examiner, John S. Sinnott, D.O.; recorder, Barbara Wright; sheriff, Donald W. Gebers; soldiers relief secretary, Alice Bradshaw; supervisors, Wayne T. Swanger, Raymond H. Ernst, Clifford Friedrichsen; treasurer, Shirley Densmore.

IOWA County, Marengo—auditor, Shirley N. Dye; clerk of court, Helen Hartin; county assessor, Harry Ackerman; county attorney, Kenneth R. Martens; county engineer, Donald A. Torney; public health, Joyce Lillis; director of relief, Mardelle Klein; medical examiner, Stacey Howell, D.O.; recorder, Barbara Sandersfeld; sheriff, James F. Slockett; soldiers relief secretary, Dean W. Kinzenbaw Jr.; supervisors, Leonard J. Thys, Robert T. Buelow, Perah Read; treasurer, Ernestine Frontera.

JACKSON County, Maquoketa—auditor, J.W. Brady Jr.; clerk of court, Lois Schnoor; county assessor, Harold Lubben; county attorney, Michael Kane; county engineer, Wm. D. Urmeyer; public health, Kim Deppe, R.N.; director of relief, Eleanor Gerow; medical examiner, Dr. J.A. Broman; recorder, Helen McCarthy; sheriff, Robert P. Lyons; soldiers relief secretary, Muriel Allan; area education agency administrator, Dr. Clark Stevens; supervisors, Everett Yaddof, Marshalline Lamborn, Patrick J. O'Rourke; treasurer, Harold Feeney.

JASPER County, Newton—auditor, Linda Gifford; clerk of court, Gurnea Cormicle; county assessor, Henry Boertje; county attorney, Charles Neighbor; county engineer, Charles Cabalka Jr.; public health, Kathleen Netzel; director of relief, Gerald Sawin; medical examiner, Dr. Fred Carpenter Jr.; recorder, Nancy Potter; sheriff, Alan Wheeler; soldiers relief secretary, Ray Long; supervisors, Howard Peters, Norman Roorda, Franklin Pellett; treasurer, Illa Guthrie.

JEFFERSON County, Fairfield—auditor, Marjorie A. Allender; clerk of court, Esther S. Plum; county assessor, Frank Weston; county attorney, Edwin F. Kelly; county engineer, Charles M. Holmes; public health, Anne I. Roth; director of relief, Rick Johnson; medical examiner, Dr. Terry Sutton; recorder, Donna L. Clark; sheriff, Bill R. Angstead; soldiers relief secretary, Bill S. Foshier; area education agency administrator, Donald G. Roseberry; supervisors, Ernest Nelson, Harold Pearce, H. Roy Lamansky; treasurer, Paul E. White.

JOHNSON County, Iowa City—auditor, Tom Slockett; clerk of court, Mary A. Conklin; county assessor, Jerry B. Musser; county attorney, Jack W. Dooley; county engineer, O.J. Gode; public health, Graham Dameron; directors of relief, Ron Larson, Mary Kay Hull; medical examiner, T.T. Bozek; recorder, John E. O'Neill; sheriff, Gary

Hughes; soldiers relief secretary, Hazel Smith; supervisors, Lorada E. Cilek, Harold M. Donnelly, Dennis J. Langenberg, Don Sehr, Betty Ockenfels; treasurer, Donald J. Krall.

JONES County, Anamosa—auditor, Margaret Hogan; clerk of court, Bertha Finn; county assessor, Arnie Andreesen; county attorney, Adrian Knuth; county engineer, Earl Beisell; public health, Lucille Woeste; recorder, Doris Jeanne Herren; sheriff, John W. Cook; supervisors, Frank Eilers Jr., Merlin Moore, Steven Strang, John Christophersen, Miles Tredway; treasurer, Carol A. Simmons.

KEOKUK County, Sigourney—auditor, Dan A. Goeldner; clerk of court, Russell Noller; county assessor, Robert Malone; county attorney, Glenn M. Bradley; county engineer, Kenneth D. Bucklin; public health, Marilyn Waechter, R.N.; director of relief, Marian McCreery; medical examiner, Dr. Horace M. Don; recorder, Jean Mateer; sheriff, Ron George; soldiers relief secretary, Frank Turner; area education agency administrator, Marian Swearingen; supervisors, Everett F. Greiner, Paul McNabb, Leonard "Johnnie" Hollingsworth; treasurer, Arlene Nilles.

KOSSUTH County, Algona—auditor, Delores Dodds Tilges; clerk of court, Audrey A. Haverly; county assessor, K. Donald Patton; county attorney, Mark S. Soldat; county engineer, Richard Schiek; public health, Mary Janice Kahler; director of relief, Marvel Immerfall; medical examiner, Dr. Dan L. Bray; recorder, Delores Besch; sheriff, Charles K. Day; soldiers relief secretary, William Batt Jr.; area education agency administrator, A.E. Anderson; supervisors, William J. Larson, James O. Koons, Stanley Muckey, Marvin M. Eischen, Herman P. Mertz; treasurer, Donald D. Jorgenson.

LEE County, Fort Madison—auditor, Bruce Mitchell; clerk of court, William Holvet; county assessor, Joseph Winnike; county attorney, Michael Short; county engineer, Thomas Nelson; director of relief, Marjorie Roost; medical examiner, Dr. Frank Richmond Sr.; recorder, Evelyn Biery; sheriff, Don Arnold; soldiers relief secretary, Wm. Noll; supervisors, Charles Krogmeier, Eugene Fraise, Charles Eppers; treasurer, Carolyn Norton.

LINN County, Cedar Rapids—auditor, Merle L. Kopel; clerk of court, Kenneth L. Perry; county assessor, Forrest Holveck; county attorney, Eugene Kopecky; county engineer, Jerry Nelson; public health, Keith Erickson; director of relief, Kris Kraus; medical examiner, Dr. Percy Harris; recorder, E.F. "Pat" Kane; sheriff, Donald "Buzz" Sawyer; soldiers relief secretary, Mildred Dawson; area education agency administrator, Dwight Bode; supervisors, B. Joseph Rinas, Jean E. Oxley, Kenneth L. Schriner; treasurer, James M. Hennessey.

LOUISA County, Wapello—auditor, Kay Skipton; clerk of court, Dorothy L. Taylor; county assessor, John G. Dykstra; county attorney, Jay T. Schweitzer; county engineer, John F. Pasch; public health, Nancy Pierce; director of relief, Lena Schrader; medical examiner, Dr. David Hull; recorder, Elda Matthews; sheriff, Bill D. Havenhill; supervisors, Leonard Elliott, Alfred Jr. Coon, E. Elmer Thomas; treasurer, Karen Elkin.

LUCAS County, Chariton—auditor, Marjorie E. McFarland; clerk of court, Victoria K. Black; county assessor, Robert C. Curtis; county attorney, William L. Shelton; county engineer, Nicholas R. Konrady; public health, Miriam Hibbs; director of relief, William E. Gottner; medical examiner, R.E. Anderson, M.D.; recorder, Bernadette Boylan; sheriff, Larry D. Lowe; soldiers relief secretary, Rex Benway; supervisors, Cleo M. Sellers, John A. Neighbour, James J. Cooper; treasurer, Clea M. Robins.

LYON County, Rock Rapids—auditor, Kenneth Baldwin; clerk of court, LaVonne Mydland; county assessor, M.R. Grotewold; county attorney, Thomas Albers; county engineer, Kenneth Wallace; public health, Kandace Koll; director of relief, Kathryn Lucas; medical examiner, Richard Honderick; recorder, E.C. Fitzgerald; sheriff, Luraine E. Smith; soldiers relief secretary, Paul Baker; supervisors, Martin M. Kruse, Ralph F. Kock, Andrew Leuthold, Clinton Van Roekel, John Porter; treasurer, Lee U. Duin.

MADISON County, Winterset—auditor, Sarah Gorrell; clerk of court, Margaret Wheeler; county assessor, Wayne A. Griffith; county attorney, John E. Casper; county engineer, Tedde R. Blunck; public health, Jerry Trevillyan; director of relief, Dale Carter; medical examiner, Thomas Bergstrom; recorder, Mary E. Welty; sheriff, Paul D. Welch; soldiers relief secretary, Kay Billeter; supervisors, Lyle L. Hart, Phillip Corkrean, Paul W. Binns; treasurer, Esther J. Frank.

MAHASKA County, Oskaloosa—auditor, Jane L. Coffey; clerk of court, Darline A. Cline; county assessor, Ron Gater; county attorney, Greg A. Life; county engineer, Robert W. Killion; public health, Janet Peters; director of relief, Marjorie McClun; medical examiner, Keith Campbell, M.D.; recorder, Frieda Gray; sheriff, Joe Beal; soldiers relief secretary, Helen Carlson; area education agency administrator, Donald Roseberry; supervisors, Don A. Allgood, Charles H. Augustine, Daryl H. Denney; treasurer, Rex D. Sherburne.

MARION County, Knoxville—auditor, Ralph De Cook; clerk of court, Joan Nofstger; county assessor, Phyllis Mott; county attorney, Terry Wilson; county engineer, Abie C. Davis; public health, Delores Bennett; director of relief, Carroll Anderson; medical examiner, Earl Griffin, M.D.; recorder, Marilyn Van Zee; sheriff, Lee R. Shives; soldiers relief secretary, Lyle Harvey; area education agency administrator, Bill Max Clark, Ph.D.; supervisors, John Terlouw, Dick Dunkin, Harold De Zwarte; treasurer, Mary E. Baux.

MARSHALL County, Marshalltown—auditor, Sherrill A. Snider; clerk of court, Melba I. Weber; county assessor, Bill Williams; county attorney, Sandra J. Holien; county engineer, Royce Fichtner; public health, Mary Lou Lapour; director of relief, Ruby Simerman; medical examiner, Dr. Harold E. Sauer; recorder, Joan A. Smith; sheriff, Derald E. "Bud" Gonzales; soldiers relief secretary, William Kaliban; area education agency administrator, Dr. Richard Ploeger; supervisors, Ward Handorf, Joseph C. Armbrecht, Dick Blahnik; treasurer, Carl L. Proescholdt.

MILLS County, Glenwood—auditor, Margaret L. Delavan; clerk of court, Berkeley D. Greenwood; county assessor, Alice Shipley; county attorney, H. Walter Green; county engineer, Billy Conner; public health, Billie Robbins; director of relief, Ray Buell; medical examiner, Dr. Robert Fryzek; recorder, Kenneth Asmussen; sheriff, Ernest E. "Ed" James; soldiers relief secretary, Ruth B. Hamm; supervisors, Virgil W. Curtis, Creighton Miller, Wayne Keith; treasurer, F.M. Robinson.

MITCHELL County, Osage—auditor, Dorothy Kindschuh; clerk of court, Shirley B. Moore; county assessor, Stanley Setka; county attorney, Jerry Folkers; county engineer, Wilhelm Groskurth; director of relief, David Turner; medical examiner, Dr. L.A. Doyle; recorder, Zola Naig; sheriff, Richard E. Jahnel; supervisors, Gene Gerlach, Betty McCarthy, Dave Christiansen; treasurer, Arlene I. Brown.

MONONA County, Onawa—auditor, June Gadelmann; clerk of court, Janette Dougherty; county assessor, Bonnie Stevenson; county attorney, Michael Jensen; county engineer, Orville Ives; public health, Marilys VandenHull, adm.; director of relief, Dorothy Sorenson; medical examiners, Dr. W.P. Garred, Dr. H.L. Ganzhorn; recorder, Harriett Gray; sheriff, Dennis Smith; soldiers relief secretary, Edna Nickolisen; supervisors, Donald E. Loomis, Leland McCall, Wilbur Mann; treasurer, Donald W. Comfort.

MONROE County, Albia—auditor, David I. Grimes; clerk of court, Mary T. Sulentic; county assessor, William McGee; county attorney, Frank J. Karpan; county engineer, Wendell W. Folkerts; public health, Loretta Corso; director of relief, Richard D. Jones; medical examiner, Dr. Don N. Orelup; recorder, Mary Lou Rinehart; sheriff, Dennis M. Carr; soldiers relief secretary, Mabel Hutchinson; area education agency administrator, Donald G. Roseberry; supervisors, George Klobnak, James J. Crall, Raymond Vance; treasurer, Ruth Morgan.

MONTGOMERY County, Red Oak—auditor, Kurt L. Johnson; clerk of court, Phyllis Stebbins; county assessor, Carol Renander; county attorney, Dennis Bloom; county engineer, Cleo W. Smith; public health, Kathy Haack; director of relief, Rosamond Nelson; medical examiner, Rodmond Smith; recorder, Patricia England; sheriff, Richard E. Harrell; soldiers relief secretary, Charles Breedlove; area education agency administrator, Patrick T. Kelly; supervisors, Dale F. Lindner, David R. England, Melvin Berlin; treasurer, LaRhue D. Hansen.

MUSCATINE County, Muscatine—auditor, Marilyn J. Hansen; clerk of court, Florence Hetzler; county assessor, Carl Tiecke; county attorney, Stephen J. Petersen; county engineer, Robert K. Simmering; public health, Charles Merrill; director of relief, Michael Johannsen; medical examiner, Dr. John W. Herbst; recorder, Charles Whisler; sheriff, Richard D. Oppelt; soldiers relief secretary, Calvin Rowe; area education agency administrator, Dr. Clark A. Stevens; supervisors, Janis Torrence, chairman.

Sandra Huston, Virgil Eichelberger, Paul Satterthwaite, Paul Kemper; treasurer, Frank Killian.

O'BRIEN County, Primghar—auditor, Corrine Gillespie; clerk of court, Jeffrey J. Roos; county assessor, Edwin W. Brouwer; county attorney, Bruce A. Green; county engineer, Lloyd W. Scherlin; public health, Bernadine Snyder; director of relief, Jean Petersen; medical examiner, Dr. Daniel J. O'Toole; recorder, Hallie Cobb; sheriff, Michael Anderson; area education agency administrator, Charles R. Irwin; supervisors, Leland Bruegmann, Dan Struve Jr., Robert V. Den Hartog, Harrison C. Fisch, Harold DeWaay; treasurer, Vernell C. Perry.

OSCEOLA County, Sibley—auditor, Jack A. Davis; clerk of court, Dennis Pomeranke; county assessor, Geraldine Vander Meulen; county attorney, Donald Skiver; county engineer, Paul Schwarting; public health, Delores Truckenmiller; director of relief, Kathryn Lucas; medical examiner, J.H. Thomas, M.D.; recorder, Joyce Grush; sheriff, Robert Rolfes; soldiers relief secretary, Cornelia Jassey; area education agency administrator, Charles Irwin; supervisors, Lloyd Raveling, M. Dale Block, Henry DeBoer, Raymond Schmidt, W. Lyle Speigel; treasurer, Kurt Steinmetz.

PAGE County, Clarinda—auditor, Betty Stickelman; clerk of court, Marie Goecker; county assessor, Glen M. Jamison; county attorney, Stephen P. O'Meara; county engineer, Ralph Morrow; public health, Mary Jo Cureington; director of relief, Steve Hoegh; medical examiners, Earl E. Zehr, Kenneth Gee; recorder, Ann Spangler; sheriff, Ron Franks; soldiers relief secretary, Betty Stickelman; supervisors, Bill Royer, Carl R. Max, Earl C. Warner; treasurer, Mary Lou Madden.

PALO ALTO County, Emmetsburg—auditor, George J. Kliegl; clerk of court, Jeannine K. Snavely; county assessor, Ulrich Troug; county attorney, H. Michael Neary; county engineer, Wm. Ellingron; public health, Margaret Aldrich; director of relief, Virginia Barringer; medical examiner, Dr. Gerald J. Wieneke; recorder, Mary Clausing; sheriff, Albert J. Neary; soldiers relief secretary, Robert Prather; area education agency administrator, Nels Christensen; supervisors, Charley Naig, Mervin L. Thompson, Robert Brennan, Fred Wirtz, Roger McEwan; treasurer, Kathleen Thompson.

PLYMOUTH County, Le Mars—auditor, Claire Steele; clerk of court, Cecil J. Kennedy; county assessor, Edward Kehrberg; county attorney, J. Michael Dull; county engineer, Herbert Floyd; public health, Luella Taylor; director of relief, Burl Greene; medical examiner, Dr. Daryl Doorenbos; recorder, Helen I. Hansen; sheriff, David Stock; soldiers relief secretary, Glenda Wiener; area education agency administrator, Vance Stead; supervisors, Fred R. Claesson, Arnold Mohning, John R. Spies, Gerald Featherston, Harold Graham; treasurer, Fred Riter.

POCAHONTAS County, Pocahontas—auditor, Dorothea E. Bowers; clerk of court, James D. Bartosh; county assessor, Ervin Reinholtz; county attorney, H. Dale Huffman; county engineer, Robert D. Reinhart; public health, Jeanne Calkins; director of relief, Allen Grooters; medical examiner, John M. Rhodes Jr., M.D.; recorder, Donald A. O'Connor; sheriff, Donald L. Schossow; soldiers relief secretary, Vera Ann Lakin; area education agency administrator, Donald Ambrosion; supervisors, Vincent J. Reis, Richard T. Bush, Robert E. Schoon, Leonard Sernett, John B. Fischer; treasurer, Berniece Hiatt.

POLK County, Des Moines—auditor, Jim Maloney; clerk of court, Clark R. Rasmussen; county assessor, Jack Newell; county attorney, Dan Johnston; county engineer, Richard Van Gundy; public health, Dr. Julius Conner; director of relief, Quenten Emery; medical examiner, R.C. Wooters; recorder, Katie Shinstine Holschuh; sheriff, Bob Rice; soldiers relief secretary, Eugene E. Hendrix; supervisors, Samuel Anania, Murray Drake, Jack Bishop, Tom Whitney, Richard Brannan; treasurer, Fred Horner.

POTTAWATTAMIE County, Council Bluffs—auditor, Douglas D. Primmer; clerk of court, Donald J. Diwocky; county assessor, Robert Hastings; county attorney, David Richter; county engineer, Charles E. Hales; public health, Judy Hetrick; director of relief, Marjorie Lidgett; medical examiner, Damuel Rosa, M.D.; recorder, Wilma Larson; sheriff, Lynn G. Ford; soldiers relief secretary, Dorothy Johnson; supervisors, Elliott Butler, Wayne Rodenburg, Arlene Steege, Hubert Houser, Roy Geiger; treasurer, Judy A. Miller.

POWESHIEK County, Montezuma—auditor, Jo Wray; clerk of court, Judith E. Johnston; county assessor, Orville Spain; county attorney, Michael W. Mahaffey; county engineer, M.O. Hansen; public health, Nancy Buitendorp, R.N.; director of relief, Eldon Hedrick; medical examiner, Robert M. Carney, M.D.; recorder, Beverly Malloy; sheriff, Max Allen; soldiers relief secretary, Donald Hudnutt; area education agency administrator, Dr. Richard Ploeger; supervisors, William Peak, Roger L. Henkle, Kenneth J. Richman; treasurer, Melvin M. Mills.

RINGGOLD County, Mount Ayr—auditor, Virginia Corll; clerk of court, Rollin B. Noble; county assessor, Marshall Barker; county attorney, Arlen F. Hughes; county engineer, Steven Akes; director of relief, Larry Brown; medical examiner, Dr. Duane E. Mitchell; recorder, Norma McClintock; sheriff, Elbert Strange; soldiers relief secretary, John Faust; supervisors, Richard Barnes, James Jones, Doyle Trullinger; treasurer, Barbara Bower.

SAC County, Sac City—auditor, Eldon D. Kolbe; clerk of court, Arline E. Waller; county assessor, Russell B. Hicks; county attorney, Lon R. Tullar; county engineer, Floyd L. Freeman; public health, Ardythe McDermott; director of relief, Glenn Major; medical examiner, Medical Associates, P.C.; recorder, June M. Rheinfrank; sheriff, Duane K. Rohde; soldiers relief secretary, Sue B. Conger; area education agency administrator, John Anderson; supervisors, Marvin Nutzman, Lawrence J. Ritter, Richard E. Anderson; treasurer, Jean Gillette.

SCOTT County, Davenport—auditor, Karen L. Fitzsimmons; clerk of court, David H. Dahlin; county assessor, Robert L. Wiese; county attorney, William E. Davis; county engineer, Robert DeWys; public health, Ken J. Goldsberry; director of relief, Phyllis Geisler; medical examiner, R.M. Perkins, M.D.; recorder, Richard F. Hagen; sheriff, Forrest F. Ashcraft; area education agency administrator, Dr. Clark Steven; supervisors, William B. Fennelly, Robert Petersen, Margaret Tinsman, Edwin G. Winborn, Thomas Hart; treasurer, William P. Cusack Jr..

SHELBY County, Harlan—auditor, H. Clay Pauley; clerk of court, Leonard W. Grimsley; county assessor, Hans C. Christiansen; county attorney, J.C. Salvo; county engineer, Eldo W. Schornhorst Jr.; public health, Ruth V. Linton; director of relief, Barry R. McKinley; medical examiner, Dr. R.D. Harris; recorder, Donna Williams; sheriff, Orrell D. Gearhart; soldiers relief secretary, Carol M. Rixen; area education agency administrator, Dr. Calvin Bones; supervisors, Philip J. Phelps, Clarence J. McDermott, Burdette Poldberg; treasurer, Lowell V. Holmes.

SIOUX County, Orange City—auditor, Bertha Rexwinkel; clerk of court, Merlyn Vander Broek; county assessor, Phylliss Kroon; county attorney, Harold Postma; county engineer, Lloyd Herbst; public health, Debra Steffen; director of relief, Wm. Berry; medical examiner, L.J. Willekes, M.D.; recorder, George Vande Kamp; sheriff, Jim Schwiesow; soldiers relief secretary, Margaret Leafstedt; area education agency administrator, Charles Irwin; supervisors, Bernard L. Smith, Peter Timmer, Walter Warntjes, Arie Schimmel, Hubert Schuller; treasurer, Lawrence Vander Esch.

STORY County, Nevada—auditor, Alvina M. McHone; clerk of court, Millicent Fagerburgh; county assessor, Kermit Helland; county attorney, Mary Richards; county engineer, Del Jespersen; public health, Mary Wilson; director of relief, Irene Howard; medical examiner, Donald W. Powers; recorder, Susan Potter; sheriff, John P. Stark; soldiers relief secretary, Jane Olson; supervisors, Fred L. Mathison, Donald E. Nelson, William G. Stucky; treasurer, Doris Samson.

TAMA County, Toledo—auditor, Alvin Ohrt; clerk of court, Dorothy Jones; county assessor, LeRoy Smith; county attorney, Jeffrey Corzatt; county engineer, Robert Gumbert; public health, Marilyn Vale; director of relief, Beverly Vesely; medical examiner, Dr. Charles Maplethorpe Jr.; recorder, Sally Mason; sheriff, Milo Quigley; soldiers relief secretary, Beverly Vesely; supervisors, Noel Lenaburg, James Black, Donald Lenhart; treasurer, Pauline Reinig.

TAYLOR County, Bedford—auditor, Carole A. Noer; clerk of court, Martha S. Smith; county assessor, Leonard Bartles; county attorney, Richard Jones; county engineer, Robert B. Sperry; public health, Ann Maher; director of relief, Fred Shields; medical examiner, G. Keigh Howland; recorder, Harold B. Ross; sheriff, Marven Weed; soldiers relief secretary, Elvin Beemer; supervisors, Fred Helm, Donald Tribolet, Floyd Jobe; treasurer, Wanda K. Campbell.

UNION County, Creston—auditor, Jeannette Quick; clerk of court, Dorothy Henry; county assessor, Audrey Paxton; county attorney, Arnold O. Kenyon III; county engineer, Tom Donahey; director of relief, Sally O'Riley; medical examiners, Dr. Richard Wilker, Dr. John Hoyt; recorder, Jean Richardson; sheriff, Donald Loy; soldiers relief secretary, Clyde Jensen; area education agency administrator, Patrick T. Kelly; supervisors, Fred L. Hammans, Keith Sammons, Agnes McCann, Kenneth Seeley, Steve Wastaney; treasurer, Glenn J. Conard.

VAN BUREN County, Keosauqua—auditor, Jon P. Finney; clerk of court, Ava Jean Downard; county assessor, Norman F. Fleagle; county attorney, James A. Dorothy; county engineer, Lewis G. Petersma; public health, Laurie J. Dorothy; director of relief, Marilyn Boley; medical examiner, James T. Worrell; recorder, Shirley B. Seip; sheriff, Marvin J. Story; soldiers relief secretary, D.E. Campbell; area education agency administrator, Donald Roseberry; supervisors, William V. Marsh, T.O. Nutt, Darrell R. Morris; treasurer, Russell Boyd.

WAPELLO County, Ottumwa—auditor, Paul Mottet; clerk of court, Osie V. Leonard; county assessor, Jon A. Brinegar; county attorney, Thomas Kintigh; county engineer, Milton L. Johnson; public health, Jo Ann White; director of relief, Frank Jordan; medical examiner, Laboratory Control, Ltd.; recorder, Carolyn Garrett; sheriff, Bud C. Erwin; soldiers relief secretary, Alva E. Orman; area education agency administrator, Donald G. Roseberry; supervisors, Wm. J. Gettings, Glenn K. Martin, J.B. Curran; treasurer, Hazel L. Johnson.

WARREN County, Indianola—auditor, Beverly Dickerson; clerk of court, Charlotte Wilder; county assessor, Don Freeman; county attorney, John Criswell; county engineer, Bob G. Sandy; public health, Barbara Booher; director of relief, Kathryn Wood; medical examiners, Dr. S.F. Yugend, Dr. Victor Wise; recorder, Judith Lathrop; sheriff, William M. Mathews; soldiers relief secretary, Robert Moore; supervisors, Ruth Hardin, Bill G. Anders, John McKee; treasurer, Betty Conklin.

WASHINGTON County, Washington—auditor, Curtis P. Mineart; clerk of court, Carol E. Giardino; county assessor, H. Ernest Lund; county attorney, Richard S. Bordwell; county engineer, Robert G. Huber; public health, Mildred L. See; medical examiner, Dennis Shimp, D.O.; recorder, Maxine P. Smith; sheriff, Yale H. Jarvis; soldiers relief secretary, Stanley Chabel; area education agency administrator, Dwight Bode; supervisors, Robert L. Pearson, Elmer V. Schneider, Milt Flickinger; treasurer, Charles H. Pacha.

WAYNE County, Corydon—auditor, Doris Ewing; clerk of court, Ellowein Lohr Gates; county assessor, Ronald Gibbs; county attorney, John W. Birdwell; county engineer, Rolley Glasgow; public health, Janet A. White; director of relief, Bette Howell; medical examiner, Dr. K.A. Garber; recorder, June Hellyer; sheriff, Jerry Street; soldiers relief secretary, Marie Stanton; area education agency administrator, Donald Roseberry; supervisors, William H. Goodell, Earl B. McCullough, Charles C. Overton; treasurer, Dean Besco.

WEBSTER County, Fort Dodge—auditor, Virginia M. Gudmonson; clerk of court, Patricia A. McCloud; county assessor, Luther E. Ollenburg; county attorney, Monty Fisher; county engineer, Maynard Tweed; director of relief, Marian Abdalla; medical examiners, Dr. Daniel J. Cole, Dr. Michael W. Stitt; recorder, Cleo Amendt; sheriff, Charles E. Griggs; soldiers relief secretary, Darwin Mayberry; area education agency administrator, Donald Ambrosion; supervisors, Joseph Cunningham, Richard L. Fleming, Leonard Hansch, Clifford Messerly, Elmer Pliner; treasurer, M.L. Hottman.

WINNEBAGO County, Forest City—auditor, Robert D. Paulson; clerk of court, Bonita R. Kloster; county assessor, Lowell Ouverson; county attorney, Richard Petersen; county engineer, A.L. Heeren; public health, Marjorie Costigan; director of relief, Sandra Mireles; medical examiner, Dr. Robert D. Haakenson; recorder, Ardis Ellwood; sheriff, Donald O. Vold; soldiers relief secretary, Edward Riekens; supervisors, Don S. Grotewold, Merle O. Severson, Alanzo Johnson; treasurer, Roth Solomonson.

WINNESHIEK County, Decorah—auditor, Margaret Kruchek; clerk of court, Kenneth R. Nessel; county assessor, Darwin Ellingson; county attorney, Dennis G. Larson; county engineer, George Hanzlik; public health, Marlene Fenstermann; director of relief, Jerome Kroshus; medical examiner, Dr. James Bullard; recorder, Katie

Thompson; sheriff, Melvin S. Lee; soldiers relief secretary, Jerome Kroshus; area education agency administrator, Clyde Kramer; supervisors, Albert Quass, James Puffer, Rufus Moellers, Walter Langland, Gordon Fulsaa; treasurer, Charles Quandahl.

WOODBURY County, Sioux City—auditor, Donald E. Linduski; clerk of court, Colleen Molskow; county assessor, Harold Zarr; county attorney, Patrick McCormick; county engineer, Lloyd L. Kallsen; public health, Thomas Corothers; director of relief, Ralph Klocke; medical examiner, Thomas L. Coriden; recorder, Mose Yanney; sheriff, Russ White; soldiers relief secretary, Donald Bliet; area education agency administrator, Vance Stead; supervisors, Mark C. McLarnan, Donald L. Lawrenson, Donald O. Erickson, Kenneth J. Rodeen, Wayne L. Thompson; treasurer, Hallie Sargisson.

WORTH County, Northwood—auditor, Morris Kalgaarden; clerk of court, Romelle Enderson; county assessor, Noreen Groe; county attorney, Phillip Norland; county engineer, James Hyde; public health, Nancy Faber; director of relief, Glen Stieff; medical examiner, Stephani Gangesi; recorder, Becky Johnston; sheriff, Charles Stoffregen; supervisors, Wendell Watts, Hubert Bang, Jack Hanna; treasurer, James A. Hanson.

WRIGHT County, Clarion—auditor, Gladys Riley; clerk of court, Beverly Claude; county assessor, Vernon Lester; county attorney, Lee Poppen; county engineer, Haydn E. Jones; public health, Jane Middleton, Melvene Nickles; director of relief, Lee Bergen; medical examiner, Dr. Dale A. Harding; recorder, Dwight N. Reiland; sheriff, Vernon R. Elston; soldiers relief secretary, Kenneth Brauman; supervisors, Ryle Andrews, G.C. Whyte, Joe Halverson, Larry E. Olson, Gene Sturgeon; treasurer, Betty S. Maxheimer.

The Legislative Branch

- **U.S. Senators**
- **U.S. Representatives in Congress**
- **Congressional Districts**
- **General Assembly**
- **Code Editor**

Iowa Congressional Delegation U.S. Senator from Iowa



CHARLES E. GRASSLEY

New Hartford

Republican

Born Sept. 17, 1933, in New Hartford. Graduated New Hartford Community High School, 1951. B.A., University of Northern Iowa, 1955; M.A., University of Northern Iowa, 1956; additional graduate work, University of Iowa, 1957-58. Farmer. Member, Iowa General Assembly (House of Representatives, 1959-74). Chairman, Appropriations Committee, 1974. Member: Farm Bureau, State and County Historical Society, Masons, Baptist Church, International Association of Machinists, 1962-71. Married to the former Barbara Ann Speicher, 1954. Children: Lee, Wendy, Robin, Michele, Jay. Elected to U.S. House of Representatives — 94th, 95th and 96th congresses, 1975-80. Committees: Agriculture, Banking and Urban Affairs; Committee on Committees; and Select Committee on Aging. Elected to U.S. Senate, November 1980 — 97th Congress. Committees: Budget, Finance, Judiciary and Special Committee on Aging. Subcommittees: Judiciary — Constitution and Immigration and Refugee Policy, and chairman, Agency Administration; Finance — International Trade subcommittee, and Estate and Gift Tax, and chairman, Internal Revenue Oversight.

U. S. Senator from Iowa**ROGER W. JEPSEN**

Davenport

Republican

Born Dec. 23, 1928, in Cedar Falls; son of Ernest Emil and Esther Sorensen Jepsen. Married Dee Ann Delaney, 1958. Six children: Jeffrey, Ann Marie, Craig, Deborah, Linda and Coy. Graduated Cedar Falls High School, 1945. Attended: University of Northern Iowa, 1945-46; Arizona State University, B.S. in 1950, M.A. in 1953. Member: Blue Key, Tau Kappa Epsilon, Psi Chi, Who's Who in American Colleges and Universities. Military service: paratrooper in the U.S. Army, 1946-47 in 82nd Airborne Division; captain in the Army Reserve, 1948-60. Counselor, Arizona State University, 1950-53. Farming and insurance agent, 1954-55. Branch manager, Connecticut General Life Insurance Co., 1956-72; executive vice president, Agridustrial Electronics Co., 1973-76; president of marketing company, 1976-78. Scott County supervisor, 1962-65; Iowa state senator, 1966-68; lieutenant governor of Iowa, 1968-72; national chairman, Lieutenant Governors' Conference, 1971-72; member, National Platform Committee and delegate to the 1972 and 1980 Republican National Conventions. Member: Lutheran Church, National Association of Life Underwriters, KAABA Shrine, Jesters, General Agents and Managers Association, Who's Who in America. A private pilot. Elected to the U.S. Senate on Nov. 7, 1978 for the six-year term beginning Jan. 3, 1979. Member of the Senate Armed Services Committee, Senate Agriculture Committee and vice chairman of the Joint Economic Committee.

Senators in Congress

Name	Party	Nativity	Date of Birth	Residence	Years Served
Augustus C. Dodge	Dem	Louisiana	Jan. 2, 1812	Burlington	1848-1855
George W. Jones	Dem	Indiana	April 12, 1804	Dubuque	1848-1859
James Harlan	Rep	Illinois	Aug. 26, 1820	Mount Pleasant	1855-1865
James W. Grimes	Rep	New Hampshire	Oct. 20, 1816	Burlington	1859-1869
Samuel J. Kirkwood	Rep	Maryland	Dec. 20, 1813	Iowa City	1866-1867
James B. Howell	Rep	New Jersey	July 4, 1816	Keokuk	1870-1871
James Harlan	Rep	Illinois	Aug. 26, 1820	Mc Pleasant	1867-1873
George G. Wright	Rep	Indiana	Mar. 24, 1825	Des Moines	1871-1877
William B. Allison	Rep	Ohio	Mar. 2, 1829	Dubuque	1873-1908
Samuel J. Kirkwood	Rep	Maryland	Dec. 20, 1813	Iowa City	1877-1881
James W. McDill	Rep	Ohio	Mar. 4, 1834	Afton	1861-1883
James F. Wilson	Rep	Ohio	Oct. 19, 1828	Fairfield	1863-1895
John H. Gear	Rep	New York	April 7, 1825	Burlington	1895-1900
Jonathan P. Dolliver	Rep	West Virginia	Feb. 26, 1858	Fort Dodge	1900-1910
Albert B. Cummins	Rep	Pennsylvania	Feb. 15, 1850	Des Moines	1908-1926
Lafayette Young	Rep	Iowa	May 10, 1848	Des Moines	1910-1911
William S. Kenyon	Rep	Ohio	June 10, 1869	Fort Dodge	1911-1922
Chas. A. Rawson	Rep	Iowa	May 20, 1857	Des Moines	1922-1922
Smith W. Brookhart	Rep	Missouri	Feb. 2, 1869	Washington	1922-1925
					1927-1933
Daniel F. Steck	Dem	Iowa	Dec. 16, 1881	Ottumwa	1926-1931
David W. Stewart	Rep	Ohio	Jan. 22, 1887	Sioux City	1926-1927
L. J. Dickinson	Rep	Iowa	Oct. 29, 1873	Algona	1931-1937
Louis Murphy	Dem	Iowa	Nov. 6, 1875	Dubuque	1933-1936
Guy M. Gillette	Dem	Iowa	Feb. 3, 1879	Cherokee	1936-1945
Clyde L. Herring	Dem	Michigan	May 3, 1879	Des Moines	1937-1943
George A. Wilson	Rep	Iowa	April 1, 1884	Des Moines	1943-1949
Bourke B. Hickenlooper	Rep	Iowa	July 21, 1896	Cedar Rapids	1945-1969
Guy M. Gillette	Dem	Iowa	Feb. 3, 1879	Cherokee	1949-1955
Thomas E. Martin	Rep	Iowa	Jan. 18, 1893	Iowa City	1955-1961
Jack Miller	Rep	Illinois	June 6, 1916	Sioux City	1961-1973
Harold E. Hughes	Dem	Iowa	Feb. 10, 1922	Ida Grove	1969-1975
Richard C. Clark	Dem	Iowa	Sept. 14, 1929	Marion	1973-1979
John C. Culver	Dem	Minnesota	Aug. 6, 1932	Cedar Rapids	1975-1981
Roger Jepsen	Rep	Iowa	Dec. 23, 1928	Davenport	1979-
Charles E. Grassley	Rep	Iowa	Sept. 17, 1933	New Hartford	1981-

Data on Senatorial Successions

James Harlan resigned to accept the cabinet portfolio of secretary of interior in Lincoln's cabinet. Samuel Kirkwood was elected to fill vacancy.

James W. Grimes resigned. James B. Howell elected to fill the unexpired term and George G. Wright elected for the new term.

Samuel Kirkwood resigned in 1881 to accept the cabinet portfolio of secretary of the interior. James W. McDill named by the governor to fill the vacancy; also elected by 19th General Assembly, 1882, to fill out balance of term.

John H. Gear died July 14, 1900. Jonathan P. Dolliver was appointed Aug. 22, 1900, to fill the vacancy. He was also elected by the 29th General Assembly, Jan. 9, 1902, to fill out the remainder of the term ending March 4, 1907, and was elected for another full term.

Sen. William B. Allison died Aug. 4, 1908, and Albert B. Cummins was selected at the special session of the 32nd General Assembly on Nov. 24, 1908, to fill the remainder of his term. Cummins was also elected by the 33rd General Assembly for the term beginning March 4, 1909.

Dolliver died Oct. 15, 1910. Lafayette Young was appointed Nov. 12, 1910, to fill the vacancy. The 34th General Assembly on April 12, 1911, elected William S. Kenyon to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dolliver. He resigned Feb. 24, 1922, to accept an appointment as judge of the federal circuit court. Charles A. Rawson was appointed Feb. 25, 1922, to fill the vacancy and he served until Nov. 7, 1922.

Albert B. Cummins died in July 1926. David W. Stewart was appointed to fill the vacancy until election, Nov. 2, 1926. Stewart was elected to fill the unexpired term.

On the death of Louis Murphy in 1936, Guy Gillette was elected for the short term over Berry Halden. The term expired Jan. 3, 1939.

Smith W. Brookhart was elected Nov. 7, 1922, for the unexpired term of Kenyon. In the election of Nov. 4, 1924, Brookhart ran against Daniel F. Steck with the vote showing Brookhart winning 447,594 to 446,840. The election was contested; however, and on April 12, 1926, the U.S. Senate voted 16 Republicans, 29 Democrats to unseat 31 Republicans, nine Democrats and one Farmer-Labor against unseating. As a result, Steck took over the seat on April 12, 1926, and served out the term. Brookhart subsequently won election to the Senate again in the 1926 election and served from March 4, 1927, to March 3, 1933.

Iowa Congressmen

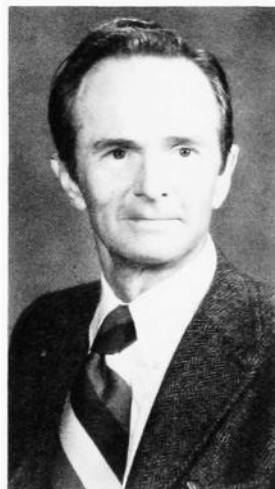
BEDELL, Berkley — Spirit Lake 6th District Democrat

Born March 5, 1921, Spirit Lake. Graduated Spirit Lake High School. Attended Iowa State University, 1940-42. Married the former Elinor Healy, 1943. Children: Ken, Tom, Joanne. Lieutenant, Army Air Force, 1942-45. Organizer and first president, Iowa Great Lakes Student Loan Fund Inc. Former secretary, Morningside College board of directors and Iowa Manufacturer's Association. Member: Kiwanis, Izaak Walton League, Masons, United Methodist Church. Founder and chairman of Berkley and Co., Spirit Lake. Named Small Businessman of the Year, 1964. Member, House Committee on Agriculture (subcommittees: Wheat, Soybeans and Feedgrains; Forest, Family farms and Energy; Conservation; Credit; and Rural Development). Committee on Small Business (subcommittees: chairman, Energy, Environment and Safety Issues affecting Small Business; and member, Anti-trust and Restraint of Trade).



EVANS, Cooper — Grundy Center 3rd District Republican

Born May 26, 1924, in Cedar Rapids, son of Thomas E. and Ora Evans. Married Jean Ruppelt, 1948. Two children. B.S. and M.S., Iowa State University. Graduate of Oak Ridge School of Reactor Technology, and U.S. Army Command and General Staff College. Studied at University of St. Andrews, Scotland. Farmer and farm manager. Served 19 years in U.S. Army. Served as director, Hawkeye Institute of Technology; commissioner of Grundy County Memorial Hospital; assistant commissioner, Grundy County Soil Conservation District; Grundy County engineer; chairman, Grundy County Board of Tax Review; president, Grundy Center Development Corporation. Elected to Iowa House of Representatives, 1974. Re-elected 1976 and 1978. Former member, Republican State Central Committee and Republican National Finance Committee. Member, House Committee on Agriculture and Technology Assessment Board.





HARKIN, Tom — Ames
5th District
 Democrat

Born Nov. 19, 1939, in Cumming, son of Patrick and Frances Harkin. Attended schools in Cumming and Dexter; graduated Dowling High School, Des Moines, 1958. B.S., Iowa State University, 1962. J.D., Catholic University of America, 1972. U.S. Navy jet pilot, 1962-67; lieutenant commander, U.S. Naval Air Reserve. Attorney, Polk County Legal Aid Society, 1973. Named Outstanding Young Alumnus by Iowa State University Alumni Association, 1974. Married to Ruth Raduenz Harkin. One daughter, Amy. Elected to 94th Congress, November 1974. Re-elected in 1976, 1978 and 1980.

LEACH, Jim — Davenport
1st District
 Republican

Born in Davenport on Oct. 15, 1942. Graduated Davenport High School, 1960; B.A., Princeton University, 1964; M.A., School of Advanced International Studies of John Hopkins University, 1966; further studies at the London School of Economics, 1966-68. Member of staff of U.S. Congressman Donald Rumsfeld, 1965-66. Foreign service officer assigned to the Department of State, 1968-69; administrative assistant to the director of the Office Economic Opportunity, 1969-70; foreign service officer assigned to the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, 1970-73. Member: U.S. delegation to the Geneva Disarmament Conference, 1971-72; U.S. delegation to the U.N. General Assembly, 1972; U.S. delegation to the U.N. Conference on Natural Resources, 1975; U.S. Advisory Commission on International Educational and Cultural Affairs, 1975-76. Member, Federal Home Loan Bank of Des Moines, 1975-76. President, Flamegas Companies Inc., 1973-76. Member: Bettendorf Chamber of Commerce, National Federation of Independent Business, Davenport Elks, Moose, Rotary, Episcopal Church. Married to the former Elisabeth Foxley. Elected to the 95th Congress, and re-elected to the 96th and 97th congresses. Member of the House Banking, Currency and Housing Committee, and the House Foreign Affairs Committee.



SMITH, Neal — Altoona
4th District
 Democrat

Born near Martinsburg, and raised near Packwood. Member and leader of 4-H club for 10 years. Served in Air Force in World War II. Citations included: nine Battle Stars, the Air Medal, four Oak Leaf Clusters, Order of the Purple Heart. Attended Missouri University, College of Liberal Arts; Syracuse University, Schools of Public and Business Administration. Graduated Drake Law School, 1950. Served as national president of Young Democrats of America and was chairman of the Polk County Welfare Board. Served in the prosecuting attorney's office in 1951. Farm manager and trial attorney, 1952-58. Married Beatrix Havens. Two children. Elected to Congress in 1958 and has been re-elected in each of the 12 elections since. Member: House Small Business Committee; House Committee on Appropriations; Subcommittee on Health, Education & Human Services. Chairman, Subcommittee on Commerce, Justice, State and the Judiciary. Author and promoter of several bills such as the Wholesome Meat Act of 1967, the Anti-Nepotism law, the Pension and Welfare Protection Act, the Commodities Futures Trading Commission Act of 1974, the Small Business Acts of 1976 and 1980, Equal Access to Justice Act of 1980, the Omnibus Small Business Act of 1980, Emergency Medical Services, Flexible Small Business Regulatory Act, Grain Inspection Act, Loans for College Students, Export Barter Act.



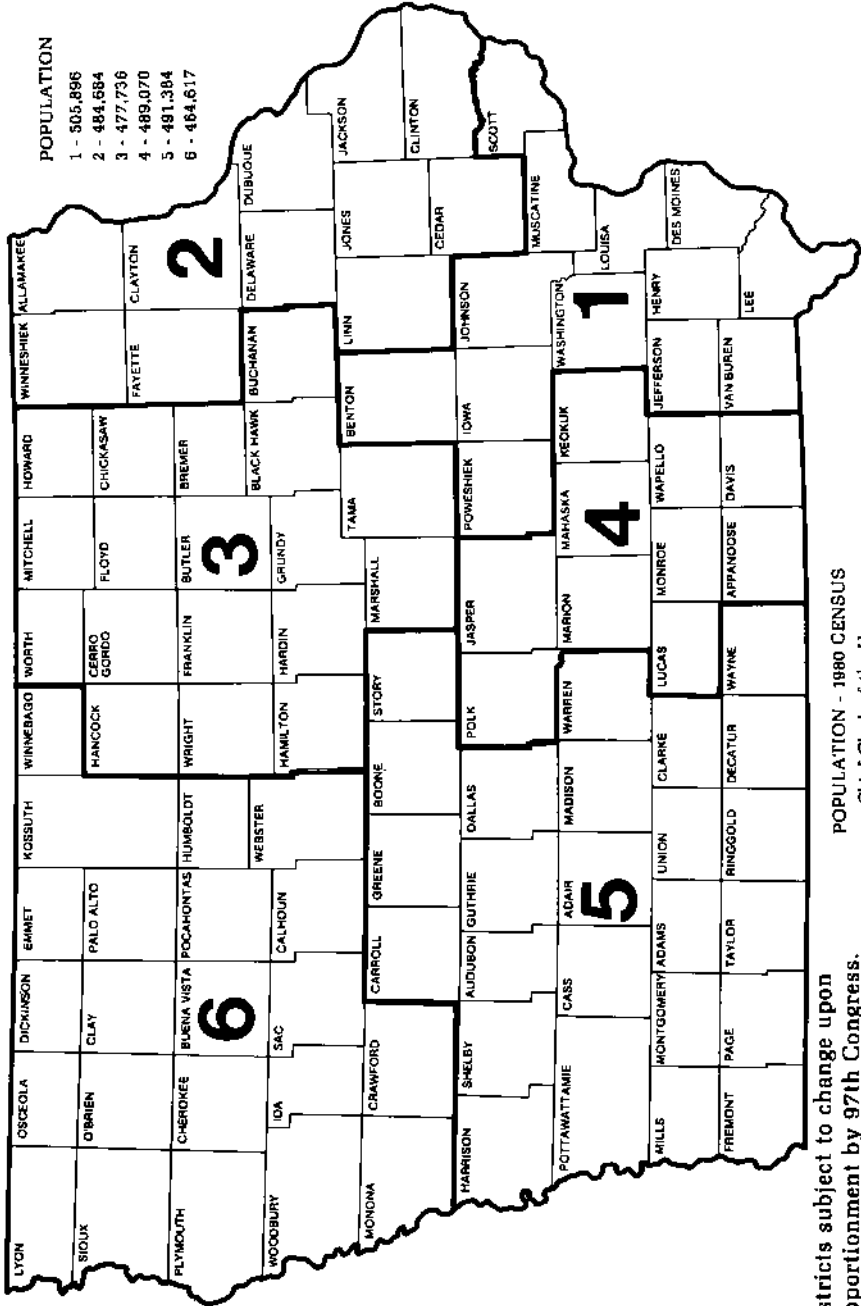
TAUKE, Tom — Dubuque
2nd District
 Republican

Born Oct. 11, 1950, Dubuque. Graduated Wahlert High School in Dubuque. Received B.A. from Loras College in Dubuque, and graduated University of Iowa College of Law. First elected to Congress, 1978; re-elected, 1980. Elected to Iowa General Assembly from 20th District in 1974, and re-elected in 1976. Delegate to Republican National Convention, 1976. Former member, State Central Committee of Republican Party of Iowa, and chairman, 2nd Congressional District Republican Party. Roman Catholic, member of Nativity Parish. Single. Member: Iowa State and Dubuque County Bar Associations, Rotary Club, Serra Club, Loras College Development Council.



CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS*

ESTABLISHED BY SENATE FILE 286 - 64th General Assembly - 1st REGULAR SESSION



POPULATION
 1 - 505,896
 2 - 484,684
 3 - 477,736
 4 - 489,070
 5 - 491,384
 6 - 484,617

* Districts subject to change upon reapportionment by 97th Congress.

POPULATION - 1980 CENSUS
 Chief Clerk of the House
 Pat Harper

Representatives in Congress

81st CONGRESS — 1949 to 1951

82nd CONGRESS — 1951 to 1953

83rd CONGRESS — 1953 to 1955

84th CONGRESS — 1955 to 1957

85th CONGRESS — 1957 to 1959

1	Fred Schwengel	Rep	Davenport	Insurance
2	Henry O. Taile	Rep	Decorah	Educator
3	H. R. Gross	Rep	Waterloo	Radio
4	Karl LeCompte	Rep	Corydon	Publisher
5	Paul W. Cunningham	Rep	Des Moines	Lawyer
6	Merwin Coad	Rep	Boone	Minister
7	Ben Franklin Jensen	Rep	Exira	Lumberman
8	Charles B. Hoeven	Rep	Alton	Lawyer

86th CONGRESS — 1959 to 1961

1	Fred Schwengel	Rep	Davenport	Insurance
2	Leonard G. Wolf	Dem	Elkader	Feed Dealer
3	H. R. Gross	Rep	Waterloo	Radio
4	Steven V. Carter	Dem	Leon	Lawyer
4	John Kyl	Rep	Bloomfield	Clothier
5	Neal E. Smith	Dem	Altoona	Lawyer
6	Merwin Coad	Dem	Boone	Minister
7	Ben F. Jensen	Rep	Exira	Lumberman
8	Charles B. Hoeven	Rep	Alton	Lawyer

87th CONGRESS — 1961 to 1963

1	Fred Schwengel	Rep	Davenport	Insurance
2	James E. Bromwell	Rep	Cedar Rapids	Lawyer
3	H. R. Gross	Rep	Waterloo	Radio
4	John Kyl	Rep	Bloomfield	Clothier
5	Neal E. Smith	Dem	Altoona	Lawyer
6	Merwin Coad	Dem	Boone	Minister
7	Ben F. Jensen	Rep	Exira	Lumberman
8	Charles B. Hoeven	Rep	Alton	Lawyer

88th CONGRESS — 1963 to 1965

1	Fred Schwengel	Rep	Davenport	Insurance
2	James E. Bromwell	Rep	Cedar Rapids	Lawyer
3	H. R. Gross	Rep	Waterloo	Radio
4	John Kyl	Rep	Bloomfield	Clothier
5	Neal E. Smith	Dem	Altoona	Lawyer
6	Charles B. Hoeven	Rep	Alton	Lawyer
7	Ben F. Jensen	Rep	Exira	Lumberman

89th CONGRESS — 1965 to 1967

1	John Richard Schmidhauser	Dem	Iowa City	Educator
2	John C. Culver	Dem	Marion	Lawyer
3	H. R. Gross	Rep	Waterloo	Radio
4	Bert Andrew Bandstra	Dem	Pella	Lawyer
5	Neal E. Smith	Dem	Altoona	Lawyer
6	Stanley L. Greigg	Dem	Sioux City	Educator
7	John R. Hansen	Dem	Manning	Businessman

90th CONGRESS — 1967 to 1969

91st CONGRESS — 1969 to 1971

92nd CONGRESS — 1971 to 1973

1	Fred Schwengel	Rep	Davenport	Insurance
2	John C. Culver	Dem	Marion	Lawyer
3	H. R. Gross	Rep	Waterloo	Radio
4	John H. Kyl	Rep	Bloomfield	Clothier
5	Neal E. Smith	Dem	Altoona	Lawyer
6	Wiley Mayne	Rep	Sioux City	Lawyer
7	William Scherle	Rep	Henderson	Farmer

93rd CONGRESS — 1973 to 1975

1	Edward Mezvinsky	Dem	Iowa City	Lawyer
2	John C. Culver	Dem	Marion	Lawyer
3	H. R. Gross	Rep	Waterloo	Radio
4	Neal Smith	Dem	Altoona	Lawyer
5	William Scherle	Rep	Henderson	Farmer
6	Wiley Mayne	Rep	Sioux City	Lawyer

94th CONGRESS — 1975 to 1977

1	Edward Mezvinsky	Dem	Iowa City	Lawyer
2	Michael T. Blouin	Dem	Dubuque	Educator
3	Charles Grassley	Rep	New Hartford	Farmer
4	Neal Smith	Dem	Altoona	Lawyer
5	Tom Harkin	Dem	Sioux City	Lawyer
6	Berkley Bedell	Dem	Spirit Lake	Businessman

95th CONGRESS — 1977 to 1979

1	James Leach	Rep	Davenport	Businessman
2	Michael T. Blouin	Dem	Dubuque	Educator
3	Charles Grassley	Rep	New Hartford	Farmer
4	Neal Smith	Dem	Altoona	Lawyer
5	Tom Harkin	Dem	Ames	Lawyer
6	Berkley Bedell	Dem	Spirit Lake	Businessman

96th CONGRESS — 1979 to 1981

1	James Leach	Rep	Davenport	Businessman
2	Tom Tauke	Rep	Dubuque	Lawyer
3	Charles Grassley	Rep	New Hartford	Farmer
4	Neal Smith	Dem	Altoona	Lawyer
5	Tom Harkin	Dem	Ames	Lawyer
6	Berkley Bedell	Dem	Spirit Lake	Businessman

97th CONGRESS — 1981 to 1983

1	James Leach	Rep	Davenport	Businessman
2	Tom Tauke	Rep	Dubuque	Lawyer
3	Cooper Evans	Rep	Grundy Center	Farm manager-engineer
4	Neal Smith	Dem	Altoona	Lawyer
5	Tom Harkin	Dem	Ames	Lawyer
6	Berkley Bedell	Dem	Spirit Lake	Businessman

Legislative Branch

The constitution places the legislative authority of Iowa government in a General Assembly made up of a Senate and a House of Representatives, and limits the membership to no more than 50 senators and 100 representatives, which is the present size.

The General Assembly is the lawmaking body of state government. A constitutional provision that no money can be spent from the state's treasury unless the General Assembly writes a law to do so, is the basis of the legislature's power of the purse. The assembly also has the power to call itself into special session upon written request made to the presiding officers of both houses by two-thirds of the members of both. The sole power of impeachment is vested in the House of Representatives, with the power to try impeachments vested in the Senate.

A state representative must be at least 21 years of age, and a state senator at least 25 years of age at the time he or she takes office. The other qualifications for the office of legislator are U.S. citizenship, Iowa residency for at least one year, and district residency by at least 60 days prior to election.

Representatives are elected to two-year terms; senators are elected to four-year terms. Presently, one-half of the 50 senators' terms expire every two years.

The presiding officer of the House of Representatives is the speaker of the House, a state representative who is elected to the position by the House members. The Senate's presiding officer is the lieutenant governor who is known as the president of the Senate when he or she presides.

General Assembly members are administered an oath of office on the second Monday in January of the year following their elections. The constitution requires the General Assembly to convene yearly on the second Monday in January.

Iowa's general assemblies have been numbered chronologically from statehood in 1846 to distinguish each new session, its membership, and its laws from all other sessions. The 69th General Assembly, meeting in 1981 and 1982, marks the 69th time a legislative session has been held in Iowa; its bills which become signed by the governor will become identifiable parts of the state's book of laws called the Code of Iowa.

During the two years of each General Assembly's existence, the legislature can be expected to send over 500 bills to the governor to be signed into law. Frequently, more than one-fourth of these are money bills (appropriations and budget) to finance state government. As many as four to five times the number of bills that actually become laws will have been introduced for legislative consideration during the two years.

The constitution stipulates that bills may originate in either chamber of the General Assembly, and empowers each chamber to determine its own rules of procedure, except each is prohibited from adjourning for more than three days without the consent of the other.

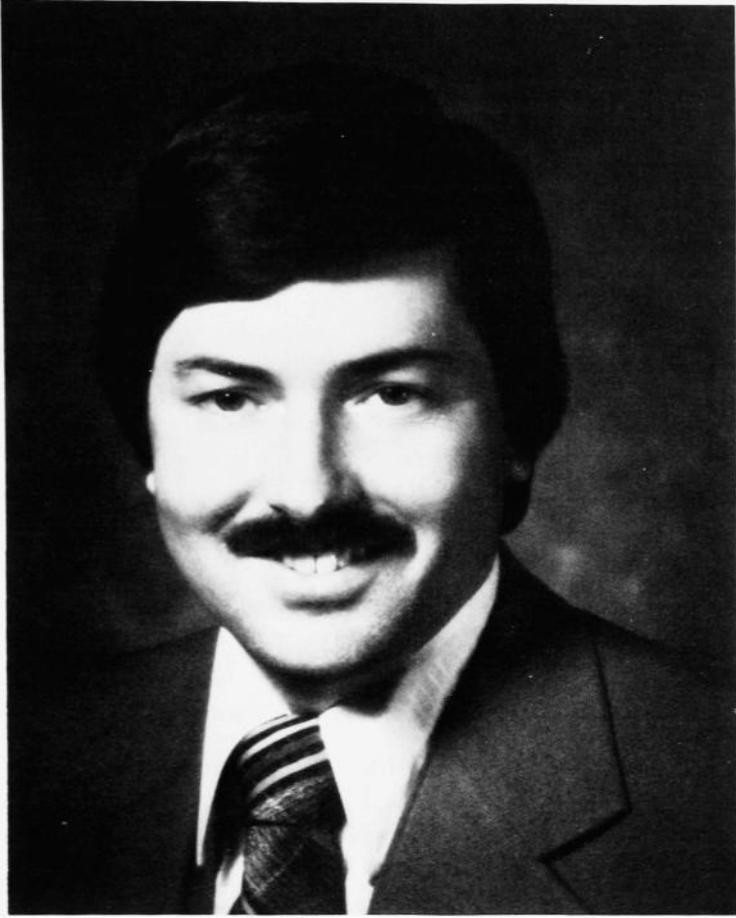
Presently each chamber adopts its own rules; joint rules are also adopted to govern legislative procedures that affect the orderly flow of bills between the two houses.

The General Assembly functions year round, although its legislative sessions last slightly less than half of each year. The periods between the lawmaking sessions are called legislative interim periods and are devoted to legislative studies by the members who work in committees to prepare bills for consideration in up-coming sessions.

The constitution mandates that each chamber "shall have all other powers necessary for a branch of the General Assembly of a free and independent state." And with those powers, the constitution mandates legislative accountability to the citizens of Iowa by requiring publication of all the General Assembly's proceedings in a journal.

Another constitutional requirement that the doors of each House shall be open, "except on such occasions as, in the opinion the House, may require secrecy." This has evolved through rules and laws to the present policy which is that all official legislative business, including committee meetings, floor debate, and interim meetings, are open to firsthand public view.

President of the Senate



Lieutenant Governor Terry E. Branstad

For biography of Lieutenant Governor Branstad,
see elected Administrative Officials.

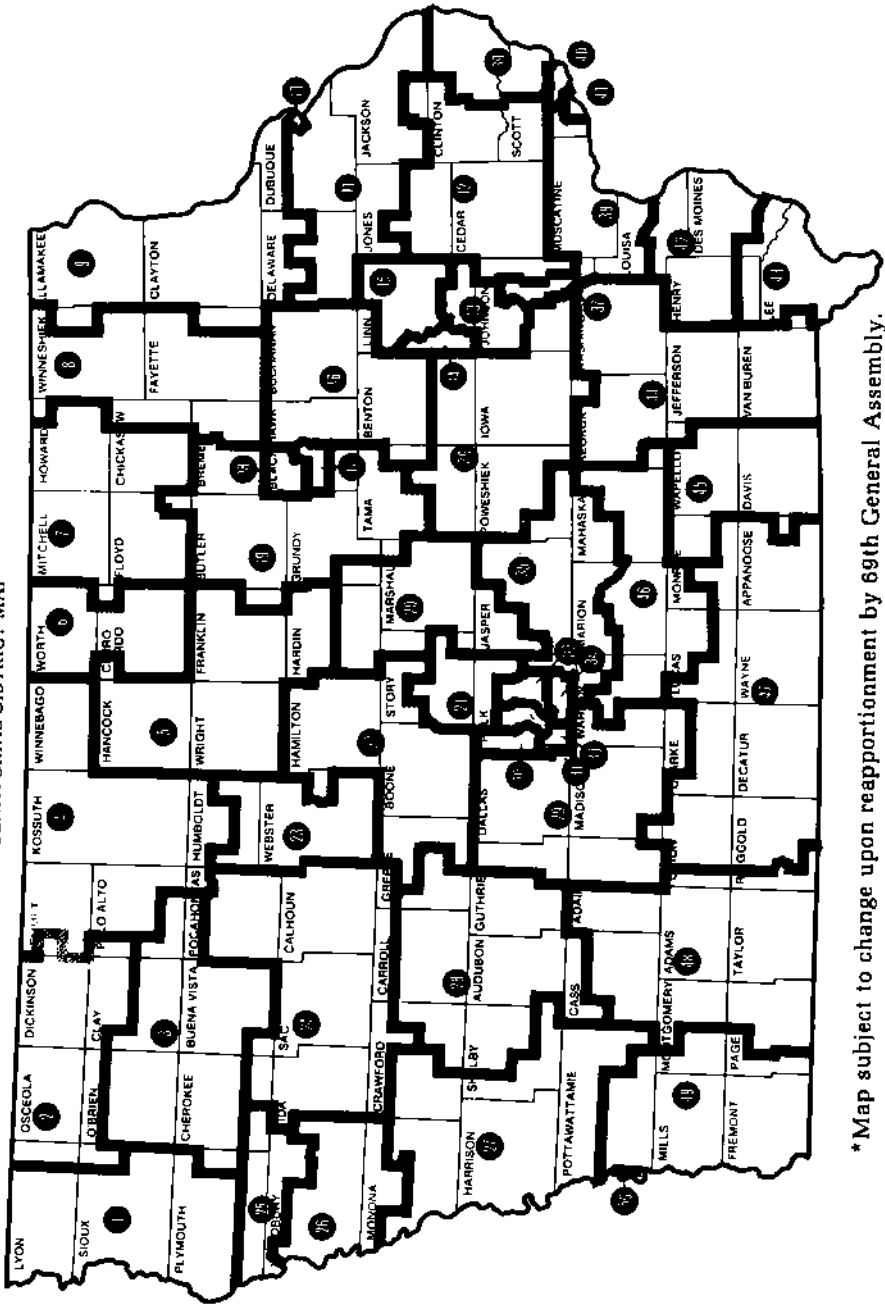
69th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Senate Officers

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR TERRY E. BRANSTAD, president of the Senate	Lake Mills
JERRY MATHIASSEN, administrative assistant to lieutenant governor	Des Moines
GRACE COPLEY, confidential secretary to lieutenant governor	Des Moines
DICK RAMSEY, <i>president pro tempore</i>	Osceola
CALVIN O. HULTMAN, <i>majority floor leader</i>	Red Oak
EDGAR H. HOLDEN, <i>assistant majority floor leader</i>	Davenport
JOHN S. MURRAY, <i>assistant majority floor leader</i>	Ames
JOHN N. NYSTROM, <i>assistant majority floor leader</i>	Boone
LOWELL L. JUNKINS, <i>minority floor leader</i>	Montrose
PATRICK J. DELUHERY, <i>assistant minority floor leader</i>	Davenport
C. W. "BILL" HUTCHINS, <i>assistant minority floor leader</i>	Guthrie Center
LINDA HOWARTH MACKAY, <i>secretary of the Senate</i>	Des Moines
K. MARIE THAYER, <i>assistant secretary of the Senate</i>	Ankeny
MARJORIE HELKENN, <i>administrative assistant to majority leader</i>	Des Moines
RAND FISHER, <i>majority caucus staff director</i>	Des Moines
PETER CONIGLIO, <i>research analyst</i>	Ames
SUSAN JOHNSON, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
BARBARA H. LEISER, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
JULE THORSEN, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
MICKEY WALLER, <i>secretary to majority caucus staff</i>	Des Moines
G. KAY BOLTON, <i>administrative assistant to minority leader</i>	Des Moines
WILLIAM C. MALONEY, <i>minority caucus staff director</i>	Des Moines
KIBBI BRYANT, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
JOHN W. FREW, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
GREG NICHOLS, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
REBECCA ROORDA, <i>research analyst</i>	West Des Moines
LISA THOMPSON, <i>legal counsel</i>	Altoona
CYNTHIA A. CLINGAN, <i>assistant legal counsel</i>	Des Moines
ROBIN LANE, <i>assistant to the legal counsel</i>	Des Moines
MARY ANN ABBOTT, <i>finance clerk</i>	Des Moines

TERRY PEPPER, <i>assistant finance clerk</i>	Des Moines
JOYCE HORNER, <i>secretary to the secretary</i>	Des Moines
ELIZABETH LIGOURI, <i>recording clerk</i>	Des Moines
JUDY RUTLEDGE, <i>records and supply clerk</i>	Des Moines
CAROLE J. KELLY, <i>journal editor</i>	Altoona
NANCY SMITH, <i>assistant journal editor</i>	Runnells
MARY BUBAN, <i>compositor</i>	Des Moines
MAXINE E. GUNTON, <i>chief indexer</i>	Des Moines
CARYLL WILBUR, <i>assistant indexer</i>	Indianola
SUSAN HUTCHISON, <i>bill clerk</i>	Des Moines
FAYE FRITZJUNKER, <i>assistant bill clerk</i>	West Des Moines
BETTY LAWLER, <i>switchboard operator</i>	Des Moines
BETTY SCHWENGELS, <i>switchboard operator</i>	Fairfield
ROY W. NELSON, <i>sergeant-at-arms</i>	Des Moines
B. W. BUD RULON, <i>assistant sergeant-at-arms</i>	Des Moines
FRANCIS J. BURNS, <i>doorkeeper</i>	Des Moines
CATHERINE L. DeHECK, <i>doorkeeper</i>	Des Moines
JOHN F. "JACK" LEVINE, <i>doorkeeper</i>	Des Moines
FRANK J. MURPHY, <i>doorkeeper</i>	Des Moines
CHARLES B. MURRAY, <i>doorkeeper</i>	Des Moines
RAY J. PROSPERI, <i>chief doorkeeper</i>	Des Moines
KERMIT HAUN, <i>postmaster</i>	Des Moines
JAMES M. SULLIVAN, <i>porter</i>	Des Moines

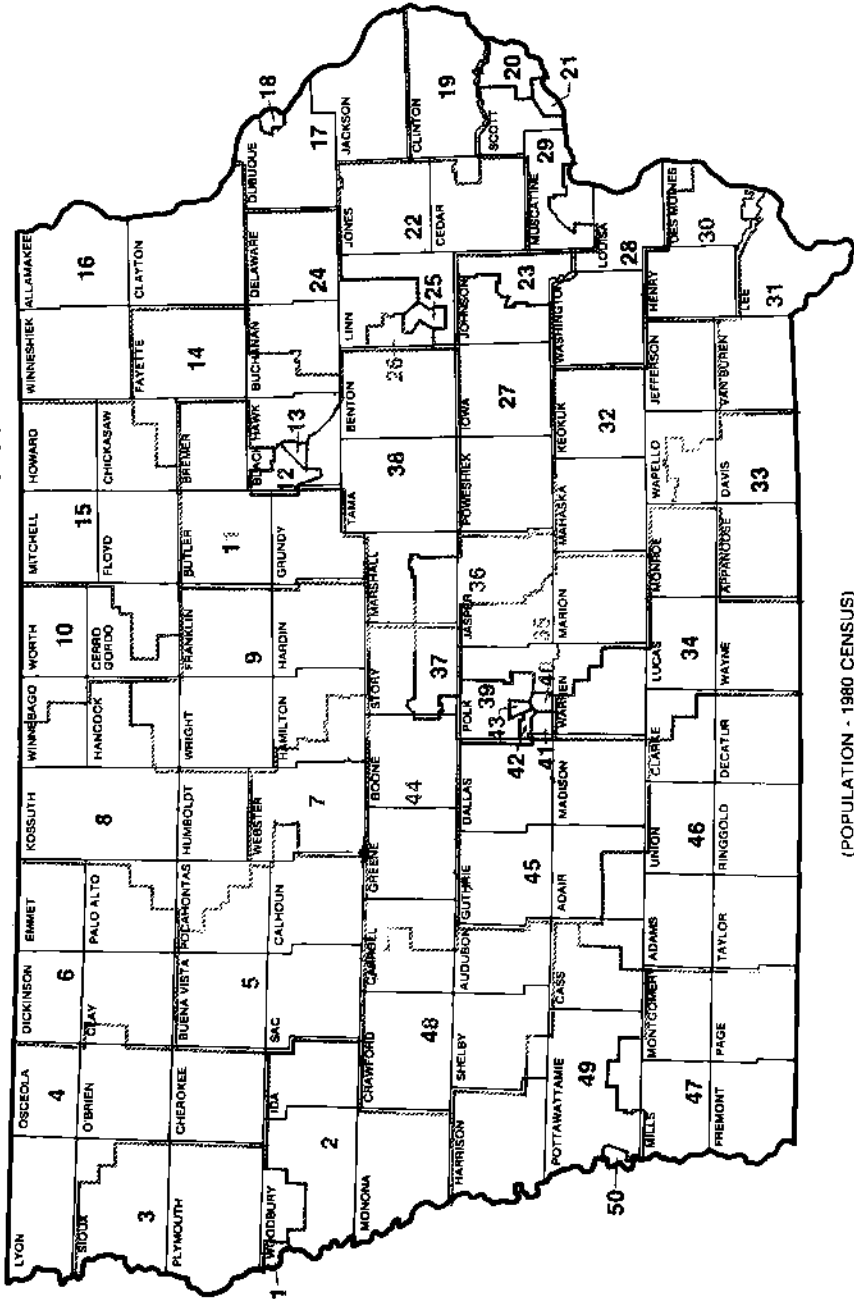
69th GENERAL ASSEMBLY
SENATORIAL DISTRICT MAP*



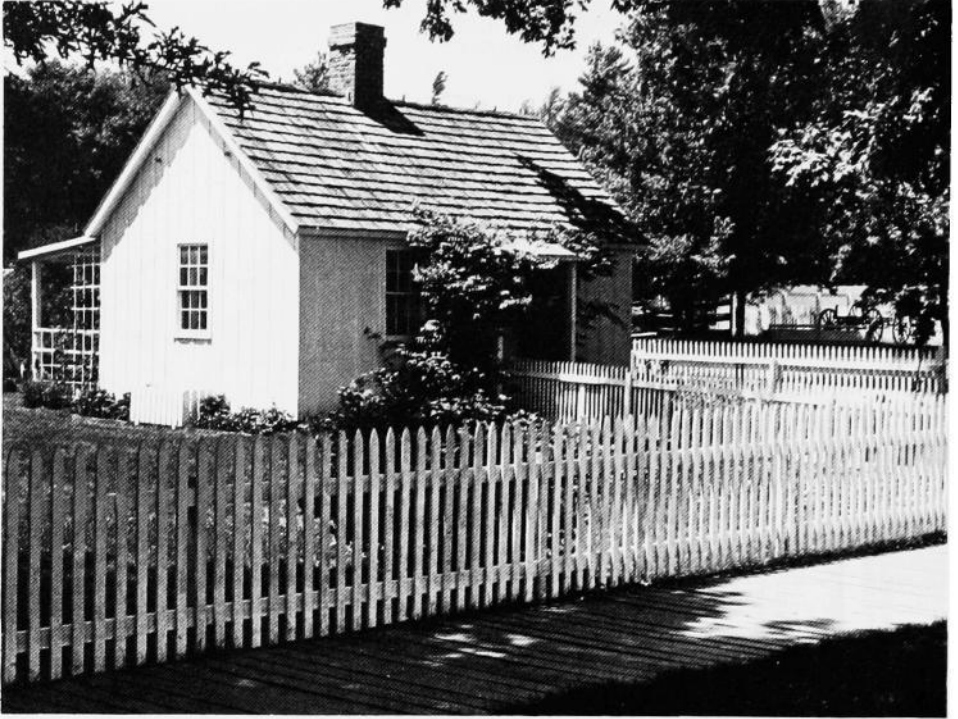
* Map subject to change upon reapportionment by 69th General Assembly.

SIXTY-NINTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY
SENATORIAL DISTRICTS

ESTABLISHED BY SENATE FILE 581 - 69th G.A. - 2nd EXTRAORDINARY SESSION



(POPULATION - 1980 CENSUS)



Herbert Hoover's birthplace, West Branch

Four hundred thousand visitors annually pass through the humble two-room cottage where the 31st President of the United States was born. This is one of several buildings in the Downey Street neighborhood which have been carefully restored by the National Park Service. The cottage is furnished with many of the original pieces which belonged to Hoover's parents, Jesse and Hulda, who built the home about 1870.



Herbert Hoover Library, West Branch

Secretary of the Senate
MACKAY, Linda Howarth - Des Moines

Born March 16, 1951, at Lafayette, Ind., daughter of J. Willard and Belva G. Howarth. Graduated Warren Community Schools (Pine Village, Ind.), 1969 and B.A., Indiana University (Bloomington, Ind.), 1973. Former assistant vice president, Commercial Banking, Merchants National Bank & Trust Company of Indianapolis, Ind. Married James I. Mackay, 1980.



ANDERSON, Ted J. - Waterloo
18th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born Aug. 21, 1943, in Waterloo, son of Russell and Kay Anderson. Graduated Columbus High School. Served in Air Force from 1961 to 1964. Factory worker for Deere and Co., and secretary for UAW Local #838. Past member of Waterloo Jaycees, Amvets Post #19 and board of directors of Boy Scouts for Winnebago Council. Appointed to Black Hawk County Crime Commission, 1970. Member of board of directors of McElroy-ConWay Civic Center, Goodwill Industries, University of Iowa Alumni Council, and Common Cause. Vice president of Iowa UAW CAP Council. Served as chairman of Black Hawk County, 3rd District, and State Democratic Platform committees, 1978; currently on Iowa Democratic State Central Committee. Catholic. Wife, Bonnie Jean; six sons and one daughter. First term.



BAUGHER, Gary L. - Ankeny
31st Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in Davenport, April 26, 1942, son of Ray and Eula Baugher. Attended Newton and Ankeny Grade School. Graduated from Ankeny High School, 1960. B.A. and B.S. (Ed.), Northeast Missouri State University, 1967. M.A., Drake University, 1968. Teacher and coach, 1968-72. Owner/manager, Mel-Ray Mobile Home Park since 1972. Married Toni L. Pendergast of Kirksville, Mo., 1964. Daughter, Tirzah and sons: Aaron, Andrew. Served in U.S. Army for three years. Member, First Federated Church in Des Moines. Member, Ankeny Chamber of Commerce and Manufactured Housing Association of Iowa—treasurer, 1974-75 and president, 1976. One session of 68th General Assembly and remainder of present term.





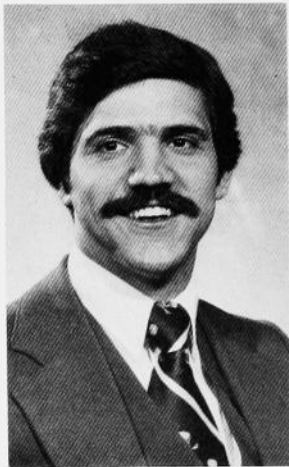
**BISENIUS, Stephen W. - Cascade
11th Senatorial District
Republican**

Born in Monticello, June 16, 1947, son of Dr. Edwin J. and Louise S. Bisenius. Graduated from Aquin High School in Cascade in 1965. B.A., Samford University, 1969. Realtor associate since 1972. Single. Served in Army Intelligence, 1969-72. Vietnam tour of duty, 1970-71. Member, St. Mary's Catholic Church, Cascade. Member: Monticello Chapter V.F.W., Cascade Chapter American Legion, Iowa Association of Realtors and American Legislative Exchange Council.



**BRILES, James E. - Corning
48th Senatorial District
Republican**

Born March 31, 1926, in Prescott. Educated in public school at Prescott. Married Lorene Tendall. Three sons, two daughters. Member: Methodist Church, American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars. Served in World War II in Asiatic-Pacific Theater. In auction and real estate business in Adams County, 32 years. Eight years in the House, 16 years in Senate.

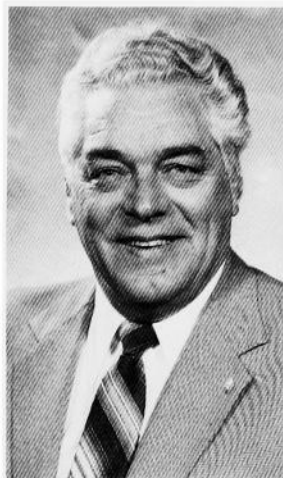


**BROWN, Joe - Montezuma
35th Senatorial District
Democrat**

Born in Clinton on April 23, 1951, son of Lewis W. and Elizabeth J. Brown. Attended St. Mary's Grade School. Graduated from Clinton High School in 1969. A.A., Mount St. Clare College, 1971. B.A., William Penn College, 1973. *Who's Who in American Junior Colleges 1971. Who's Who in American Colleges and Universities 1973.* Government and economics instructor at Montezuma High School, 1975-78. Married Ginger Van Hoever; children: Holly and Jeb. Graduate work in political science at University of Iowa, 1980. Member of I.S.E.A. and Farm Bureau. First term.

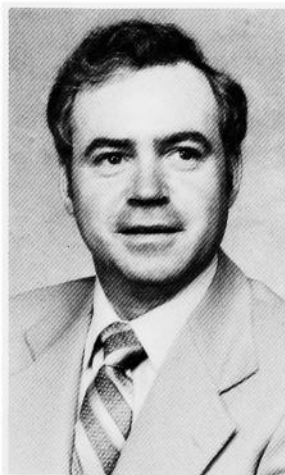
CARNEY, Clarence S. - Sioux City
25th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in Ossining, N.Y., June 21, 1925, son of Josephine and Clarence G. Carney. Graduated from Hastings-on-Hudson High School, 1943. B.S., Iowa State University, 1951. M.A., University of Northern Iowa, 1960. High school and college coach, teacher and administrator, 15 years; utility executive since 1966. Married Jacquelyn Moore of Osage, 1950. One son and two daughters. World War II Navy Air Corps, 3½ years. Member, St. Thomas Episcopal Church, past senior warden; past member and president, Sioux City School Board; past president, Sertoma Club; past master, Tyrian Lodge. Member: York Rite, Shrine Chanters, White Horse Patrol, and Shrine Consistory. Past commodore and president, River-Cade. Prairie Gold Boy Scout Council board member, Siouxland Press Club member, Sioux City Concert Course board member, Phi Delta Kappa. First term.



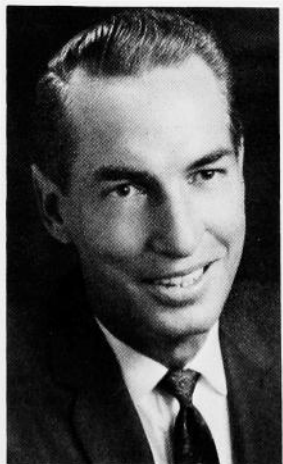
CARR, Robert M. - Dubuque
10th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born May 9, 1937 at Bernard, son of M.L. and Mae Carr. Graduated high school at Garryowen. Attended Loras College at Dubuque. Married Rose T. Connolly, 1960. Children: Tim, Mark and Kim. Securities broker. Served one term as state representative. Chairman, Transportation and Law Enforcement Budget Committee, 67th General Assembly. Member: Dubuque Evening Optimists, Dubuque Environmental Coordinating Association, League of Women Voters, Iowa Consumers League, Knights of Columbus, and St. Anthony's Catholic Church, Dubuque. Seventh year in Senate.



COLEMAN, C. Joseph - Clare
23rd Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born in Clare, and attended St. Matthew's Academy, Iowa State University and Bradley University. Farmer, bank director and real estate broker. Member of the Elks, Lions, Knights of Columbus, Terrace Hill Society, and secretary of Pioneer Lawmakers. Former director of the American Soybean Association, National Corn Growers Association, the Iowa American Revolution Bicentennial Commission, and Iowa Development Commission. Served as assistant minority leader, majority leader and president pro tempore of the Iowa Senate. Chairman of the Appropriations and Transportation committees, Budget and Financial Control Committee, and Legislative Council. Catholic. Wife, Polly; three sons. Twenty-fourth year.





COMITO, Richard "Dick" L. - Waterloo
17th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in Des Moines on Feb. 11, 1939, son of Frank M. and Rose Comito. Graduated Dowling High School, 1956. B.S., Drake University College of Pharmacy, 1961. Married Margaret Ann Miller of Dallas, Iowa, 1960. Four daughters: Mrs. John David McKeown, Juanita Ann, Carmella Star, Rachell; one son, Richard Lee; and one granddaughter, Amanda Margaret McKeown. Member of Saint Edward's Catholic Church, Iowa Pharmaceutical Association, American Pharmaceutical Association, Knights of Columbus, and Elks Club. Second term.



CRAFT, Rolf V. - Decorah
8th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in Waterloo on Nov. 1, 1937, son of Vaughn L. and Margaret Craft. Graduated Hudson High School, 1955. B.S., Iowa State University, 1959. M.S., Iowa State University, 1966. Ph.D., Iowa State University, 1968. Professor of Economics at Luther College since 1967. Farmer. Married Naomi Stadtmueller, 1961. Two sons: Erik, Andrew. Member: Decorah Lutheran Church, Iowa Farm Bureau, Winneshiek County Pork Producers, Winneshiek County Cattlemen's Association, and American Agricultural Economic Association. Second term.



DeKOSTER, Lucas James - Hull
1st Senatorial District
 Republican

Born June 18, 1918, in Hull, son of John and Sarah K. DeKoster. Attended Hull High School. Attended Kansas State College, 1935-36 and Iowa State University, 1936-39. B.S. in mechanical engineering. Cleveland Marshall Law School, Cleveland, Ohio, 1945-49; doctor of law degree, cum laude. Wife, Dorothea. Married Dec. 30, 1942. Five children. Member Reformed Church in America, American Bar Association, State Bar Association, Iowa Independent Insurance Agent Association. President of Hull Building & Loan Association and Mutual Fire & Automobile Insurance Co., Cedar Rapids. Lawyer and insurance agent. Fifth term.

DELUHERY, Patrick J. - Davenport
41st Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born in Birmingham, Ala., on Jan. 31, 1942, son of Lucille and the late Frank B. Deluhery. Attended Davenport schools. Graduated from Assumption High School, Davenport, 1960. B.A. (with honors), University of Notre Dame, 1964. B.Sc. (Econ.) (with honors), The London School of Economics, 1967. College teacher since 1975 in the Department of Economics and Business Administration, St. Ambrose College, Davenport. Elected faculty chairperson, 1977-78. Legislative assistant to U.S. Sens. Harold Hughes and John Culver, 1969-75. Married Margaret Morris, Washington, D.C., 1973. Daughters: Allison, Norah and Rose. Catholic. Elected assistant minority leader for the 69th General Assembly. Elected to the Iowa Senate on Nov. 7, 1978.



DOYLE, Donald V. - Sioux City
26th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born Jan. 13, 1925, in Sioux City. Educated in public schools in Sioux City. Attended Colorado A & M, and University of Nebraska. B.S., Morningside College, and J.D., University of South Dakota Law School. U.S. Army Air Corps, World War II. Practicing attorney in Sioux City. Married Janet Holtz. Daughter, Dawn. Member: Sioux City Bar Association, Federal Communications Bar, Iowa Bar Association (legal associations), and Delta Theta Phi (legal fraternity). Served three terms as judge advocate and past state commander of Iowa CBI Veterans Association, and three terms as national judge advocate of the CBI Veterans Association. Nine terms in House; first term in Senate.



DRAKE, Richard F. - Muscatine
38th Senatorial District
 Republican

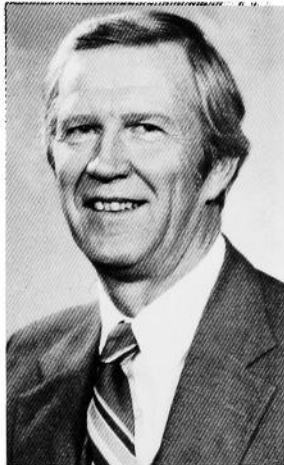
Born Sept. 28, 1927, in Muscatine, son of Frank and Gladys Drake. Graduated Muscatine High School, 1945. Attended Iowa State University, Sigma Chi fraternity. Graduate, U.S. Naval Academy, 1950. Married Shirley Henke, 1950. Children: Rick, Cheryl. Engaged in general farming. Lutheran. Member: V.F.W., Elks, Shrine, Masons, American Legion, Farm Bureau. Former 1st Congressional Republican chairman. Lieutenant commander in U.S. Navy, World War II and Korea. Commanding officer, U.S.S. Crow. Served four terms in the House. Second term in Senate.





DREESZEN, Elvie - Cushing
24th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born Aug. 7, 1920, son of Rudolf and Louise Dreeszen. Attended country school, graduated from Cushing High School, 1937. Married Norma Crane, Denison, 1946. Farmer. Two sons and two daughters. Served in World War II for 3½ years. Awarded Iowa Master Farmer, 1964. Member of St. John Lutheran Church, Ida County Farm Bureau, Pork Producers, County Cattlemen's Association, Board of Review, 4-H leader. Member of Soil Conservation Society of America, Sub-Watershed Committee and American Soybean Association. Served on Water Pollution Control Commission, 1969-72; and National Public Advisory Committee on Soil and Water Conservation, 1970-73. Agricultural assistant to U.S. Rep. Wiley Mayne, 1972-74; American Legion; Kiwanis Club; and past member of Holstein Community School Board. First term.



GALLAGHER, James V. — Jesup
16th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born Feb. 18, 1933, in Carroll, son of Vincent and Benita Gallagher. Educated at St. Ann's Academy, State College of Iowa, Grand View College and University of Northern Iowa. Married Carlene Spaen, 1955. Sons: Michael, Daniel, John, Steven, Thomas; daughter, Kathleen (deceased). Employed by Bell Telephone Company, 25 years. Served two years in Army during Korean War, staff sergeant. Member: St. Anthanasius Catholic Church, CWA, Iowa Wild-Life Federation, Kentucky Colonels. Iowa legislative conservationist, 1965. Member: Iowa Energy Policy Council and State Communications Review Committee. Chair of Senate Energy Committee, 1976-77. Two terms House, 1964-68; three terms in Senate, 1972-84.



GENTLEMAN, Julia B. — Des Moines
33rd Senatorial District
 Republican

Born Aug. 24, 1931, in Des Moines, daughter of John and Marguerite Brooks. Graduated from Roosevelt High School in Des Moines, 1949. B.S., Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill., 1953. Married Gregor Gentleman, 1954. Three daughters and two sons. Two terms in House, first term in Senate.

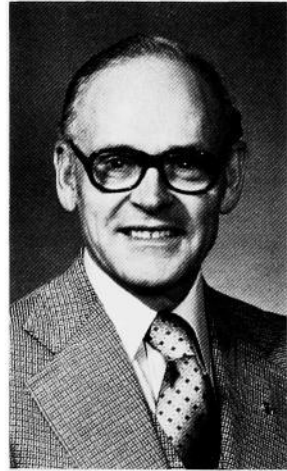
GOODWIN, Norman J. — DeWitt
39th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in Austin, Minn., on Jan. 5, 1913, son of Nels and Nellie Goodwin. Graduated from Austin High School, 1931. B.S., University of Minnesota, 1936. M.S., University of Minnesota, 1945. Clinton County extension director, 1951-78. Married Marion Blomgren, 1936. One son and two daughters. Distinguished Service Award, 1960; president of the Iowa Association of County Extension Directors, 1965; Bereford-Quaife Award, 1967; Iowa Cattleman's Award, 1969; Honorary Master Pork Producer, 1971; Liberty Bell Award, 1975; president of the National Association of Agricultural Agents, 1975; R. K. Bliss Extension Citation, 1976; Able Toastmaster, 1976. Member: United Methodist Church, People to People International, U.N. Association, Lions, Masonic Lodge, Clinton County Farm Bureau, Cattleman's and Pork Producers Association.



GRATIAS, Arthur L. — Nora Springs
7th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in Nora Springs on May 1, 1920, son of Hugo and Katherine Gratias. Attended Rock Grove Country School. Graduated from Rockford High School, 1937. B.A., Wartburg College, 1970. M.A. in School Administration at U.N.I., 1972. Married Alice Dissmore of LaCrosse, Wis., 1943. Three sons, married. Six grandchildren. Served in Army during World War II, four years. Farmed 23 years. School board member, 22 years. Governor of Nebraska-Iowa District Kiwanis, 1976-77. Received Governor's Award; Wartburg Alumni Community Service Award, 1978. Floyd County Farm Bureau member, and board member of Ackley and Good Shepherd Nursing and Retirement Homes in Mason City. Farm Service Coop director, member of Eden Presbyterian church, American Legion commander and adjutant, teacher for five years, principal for four years, president of local and delegate to I.S.E.A. and N.E.A. conventions.



HESTER, Jack W. — Honey Creek
27th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in Modale on June 22, 1929. Son of Everett and Claire Hester. Graduated Persia High School, 1947. Married Joan Goshorn of Persia, 1951. Two sons and four daughters. Farmer and livestock raiser. Served in U.S. Air Force during Korean War. Member of Hazel Dell Methodist Church, Pork Producers and Farm Bureau. Past director of Farm Bureau Services. Past 4-H leader, Farm Bureau leader and township trustee. Former member of Neola Community Choir, Extension Council and Westfair Board. Soil conservation participant, recipient of regional and district soil conservation awards. Regional and district F.H.A. Family of the Year.





HOLDEN, Edgar H. — Davenport
40th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in Tama on March 24, 1914, son of Glenn B. and Laura Warner Holden. Graduated Davenport High School, 1932. Married Rachel O. Brown, 1937. Served in U.S. Army, 1943-45; 9th Army QMC clerk, European Theatre. Past president, Iowa LP-Gas Association and former board member, National LP-Gas Association. Member: Presbyterian Church, Gideons, Rotary, Davenport Chamber of Commerce, American Legion, and Advisory Board member of Salvation Army. Real estate broker and developer. President of Holdens Inc., and Central Scott Telephone Co. Treasurer, Edgetowner Restaurant Inc. Served in House of Representatives, 1967-74. House majority leader, 1973 and 1974. Elected to Senate in 1977 in special election. Second term.



HULSE, Merlin D. — Clarence
12th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in Clarence, Sept 21, 1923, son of Richard and Eleanor Hulse. Graduated Clarence High School, 1941. Married Darlene Prange, 1945. Two children: Patricia and Denny. Member, United Church of Christ; chairman of UCC Council; Cedar County Outstanding Young Farmer in 1957; Master Swine Producer, 1965; 4-H leader for 15 years, and honorary member; director, Clarence Savings Bank; Lions Club; chairman, Lean Line Feeder Pig Corp.; Community Ambulance Association; County Farm Bureau; County Fair Board; County Extension Service; County Cattleman's Association; Swine Association. Second term.



HULTMAN, Calvin O. — Red Oak
49th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in Omaha, Neb., May 24, 1941, son of Oscar and Lola H. Hultman. Graduated Stanton Community High School. Attended Dana College, Blair, Neb.; graduated Iowa State University, 1965. B.S. in History and Government. Married Charlene Maines, 1968. Sons: Calvin O., II and Daniel A. Businessman. Member of Bethlehem Lutheran Church, Rotary, Masons, B.P.O.E., Red Oak Chamber of Commerce, Acacia National Fraternity. Former administrative assistant for Congressman William J. Scherle, 7th Congressional District of Iowa. Named Jaycee Outstanding Young Man in Iowa, 1972. Third term as senator. Minority leader in 67th General Assembly. Marority leader in 68th and 69th general assemblies.

HUSAK, Emil J. — Toledo
36th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born Sept. 18, 1930, in Toledo, son of Mary and the late William Husak. Educated in Tama County schools. Married Dorothy Uhlenberg, 1955. Children: Michael, Dennis, Janice, Laurie. Livestock and grain farmer. Served in U.S. Army during Korean Conflict, 1952-54. Former president, Tama County Democratic Club. Past American Legion, 3rd District, county and post adjutant. County vice commander and local post commander. Member of Tama County Democrat Club, Eagles, Kiwanis, American Legion, 40-8, K.D. Lodge, St. Patrick's Catholic Church. Presently serving as ranking member of Human Resources Budget subcommittee. Served five terms in the House. First term in the Senate.



HUTCHINS, C.W. "Bill" — Guthrie Center
28th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born in Guthrie County, March 29, 1931, son of Jack and Hazel Hutchins. Graduated from Audubon High School, 1948. Married JoAnn Reser, 1955. Four daughters. Involved in Korean Conflict, three years. Member: Chamber of Commerce, American Legion, Lions Club, Volunteer Fire Department and United Methodist Church. Served in Iowa House of Representatives during 65th and 66th general assemblies, Iowa Senate during 67th and 68th general assemblies. Second term.



JENSEN, John W. — Plainfield
19th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in York, Neb., March 28, 1926, son of Matthias and Bessie Jensen. Attended Cordova Grade School (Nebraska). Graduated from Dike High School, 1944. Served in Marine Corps during World War II, 1944-46. Married Myrtle L. Shipp of Plainfield, 1948. Three daughters and two sons. Member of Horton Baptist Church, Farm Bureau, Northeast Iowa Angus Association, Iowa Angus Association, and Bremer County Beef Producers. President of Plainfield Community School Board for eight years. Worked eight years as fieldman for Butler County Farm Bureau. Treasurer of Bremer County Beef Producers. First term. Vice chair of Transportation Committee, and member of Commerce, Education, Appropriation Standing committees. Senate chair of Regulatory and Finance subcommittee.





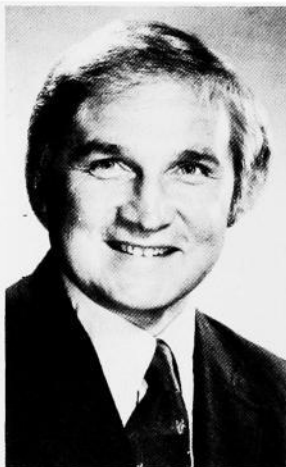
JUNKINS, Lowell L. — Montrose
43th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born March 9, 1944, Fort Madison, son of Ralph and Selma Junkins. Graduated Central Lee Community High School in Argyle, 1962. Attended ISU in Ames. Married Linda Decker, 1963. Daughters: Kristina and Kara. Small businessman and farmer. Member: Montrose Presbyterian Church, Montrose Chamber of Commerce, Jaycees, Lions, Elks, Eagles and Jappa Lodge 136. On advisory board of Lee County Youth Services Inc. NCSL - Legislative Leaders; assistant majority leader, 1976-77; minority leader, 1978-79; and re-elected minority leader, 1980-81. Serving third term.



KINLEY, George R. — Des Moines
34th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born June 4, 1937, in Akron, Ohio, son of Raymond and Marie Kinley. Resided past 30 years in Des Moines. Graduated Dowling High School. B.A., Drake University, 1960. Married Carolyn Pritchard, 1958. Two sons, two daughters. South Des Moines businessman - operates Kinley Golf Sales. Member: Christ the King Catholic Church and Dowling Club. Served one term in House. Senate majority leader in 66th and 67th assemblies.



KUDART, Arthur R. "Bud" — Cedar Rapids
13th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in Mount Vernon, Iowa, July 27, 1930, son of Arthur E. and Lillian Kudart. Attended Mount Vernon schools and graduated from Mount Vernon High School, 1948. Attended Cornell College; B.A., University of Iowa, 1952; J.D., University of Iowa, 1958. Attorney, Kudart & Holmes. Married Patricia Brown of Dysart, Iowa, 1954. Children: Kay and Tom. Served as officer, Marine Corps and Marine Corps Reserve, 1952-60. Field staff of Congressman Fred Schwengel, 1957-58. Vice president, Young Republicans of Linn County, 1961; Rural Linn County Organizational chairman, 1962-63; City Linn County Organizational chairman, 1964. Author of book, *New Republican Politics*, 1972. Member: Westminster Presbyterian Church, Linn County and Iowa Bar Associations, Iowa and American Trial Lawyers Associations, American Legion Post #309. First term in Senate.

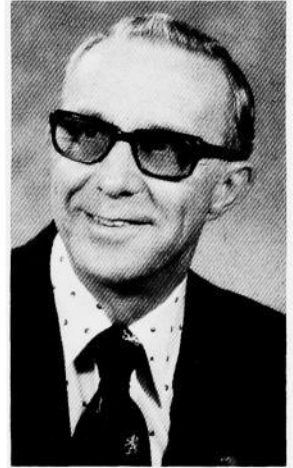
LURA, Mick R. — Marshalltown
20th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born in Eldora, Aug. 24, 1948, son of Geahard R. and Opal M. Herbert Lura. Graduated from Marshalltown High School, 1966. B.S. in Accounting (*cum laude*), Columbus College, Columbus, Ga. Positions include accountant, auditor and computer systems designer. Married Susan Revell of Grinnell, 1967. Children: Jason and Jessica. Served four years in U.S. Army, including tour of duty in Viet Nam. Kiwanis Club and American Legion member. Instructor, Adult Education Program. Member and former financial secretary, Hope United Methodist Church. Republican precinct committeeman, four years; financial chairman, Marshall County Republican Party, 1977-78. Served one term in House of Representatives, 68th General Assembly.



MILLER, Alvin V. — Ventura
6th Senatorial District
 Democrat

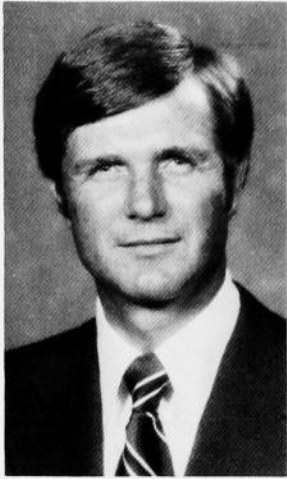
Born in Clear Lake, Feb. 2, 1921, son of Claude O. and Cora M. Miller. Graduated Clear Lake High School, 1939. Married Frances Elizabeth Sorensen, 1943. Three children: Marlene, Marcia and Danny. Retail chemical and fertilizer firm, insurance agency and farming. Member, United Methodist Church. Director, Cerro Gordo Mutual Insurance Association. Member: Clear Lake Chamber of Commerce, Farm Bureau, Lions, I.O.O.F., and D.B.S. Four years in House. Second term in Senate.



MILLER, Charles P. — Burlington
42nd Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born in Harbor Beach, Mich., April 29, 1918, son of William and Victoria Miller. Graduated from high school in 1937 in Port Huron, Mich. Attended Burlington Junior College, 1947-48, and Palmer College of Chiropractic in Davenport, 1948-52. Practicing as a doctor of chiropractic since 1952. Married Virginia M. Ferrington, 1946. Five sons, one daughter and eleven grandchildren. In the U.S. Navy, 1940-46, and Naval Reserves, 1947-51. Received Silver Beaver Scouting Award, 1948; Fellowship Palmer Academy of Chiropractic, 1966; Fellowship in International Chiropractors Association, 1969; listed in *Who's Who in the Midwest*, 1967. Iowa House speaker pro tempore, 1965-66. Member of St. Patrick's Catholic Church; executive board, Southeast Iowa Council of Boy Scouts; American Legion; Veterans of Foreign Wars; Eagles; Elks; 4th Degree Knights of Columbus; and International Chiropractors Association. Four terms in the House and serving 11th year in the Senate.





MURRAY, John S. — Ames
21st Senatorial District
 Republican

Born March 22, 1939, in Ames, son of William and Mildred Murray. Graduated Ames High School, 1957. B.A., Cornell University in Ithaca, N.Y., 1961. M.A., Columbia University in New York, N.Y., 1962. J.D., University of Iowa College of Law, 1968. Lieutenant, U.S. Marine Corps, 1962-65. Married Robin Ruhe; sons: David and Peter. Former executive assistant to Gov. Robert D. Ray, 1970-72. Private law practice in Ames since 1972. Member Phi Beta Kappa, Pi Kappa Phi and Order of the Coif. Unitarian. Third term.



NYSTROM, John N. — Boone
22nd Senatorial District
 Republican

Born June 16, 1933, son of Clifford and Agnes Nystrom of Boone. Married Joanne Barnes. Children: Eric, Ellen and Monica. President, Nystrom Motors Inc. Graduated Boone High School and Boone Junior College. Attended Iowa State University. Former 6th District, Young Republican chairman. Member, Republican State Central Committee, 1969-70. Member: Shrine, Elks, VFW, Masonic Lodge, American Legion, Des Moines Consistory, YMCA, Junior Chamber of Commerce, and First Baptist Church. Served in U.S. Army in Korea. Elected to House in 1970. Elected to Senate, 1972; re-elected in 1976, 1980. Assistant majority leader, Senate.



PALMER, William D. — Des Moines
32nd Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born Jan. 13, 1935, in Iowa City, son of George D. and Florence I. Palmer. Educated East Des Moines High School and Life Underwriters Training Course. Married Evelyn L. Johnson, 1953. Two sons, one daughter. President of Palmer and Associates Inc., General Insurance Agency. Member: Masons, Union Park Methodist Church and Highland Memory Gardens Cemetary Board. Representative, two terms. Fourth term in Senate.

PRIEBE, Berl Eastman — Algona
4th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born May 31, 1918, in Lone Rock, son of Clarence and Amy Bond Priebe. Graduated Bancroft High School, 1935. Married Madelyn Paetz, 1938. Children: Constance, Paula and Gary. Farmer. Member: Lutheran Church, Izaak Walton League, Gun Club, Saddle Club, Algona Country Club, Kossuth County Beef and Pork Producers, Iowa State Beef and Pork Producers, Iowa State and American Angus Association, Farm Bureau, Cooperative Elevators, Rural Electric Cooperative, and Insurance Mutual. President, Kossuth County Fair Board. Director, North Iowa Fair; 4-H leader. Democratic state delegate. Assistant majority leader, 66th General Assembly. Representative, two terms. Third term in Senate, eight years.



RAMSEY, Richard R. — Osceola
47th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born Nov. 23, 1940, Clarke County, son of Joseph D. and Ardis Ramsey. Graduate of Osceola High School, University of Northern Iowa, University of Iowa Law School. U.S. Army, 1966-68; served one year in Vietnam. Elected Clarke County attorney, 1968, re-elected in 1970 and 1972. Protestant. Married Natalie J. Green of Falls Church, Va., 1968. Children: Adam Todd, Angela Ruth, Aaron Nathaniel and Aimee Rebecca. Former member of Iowa Law Enforcement Academy. Former committeeman, finance chairman and chairman, Clarke County Republican Central Committee. Past president and secretary, Osceola Jaycees; service officer, Osceola American Legion. Member: Iowa Bar Association, Osceola Lions Club, Eagles and Clarke County Farm Bureau. Chairman, Energy Committee. Member, Legislative Council. President pro tempore. Third term.



READINGER, David M. — Urbandale
30th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born Dec. 23, 1935, in Des Moines, son of Max O. and A. Evelyn Readinger. Graduated Roosevelt High School, 1954. U.S. Army, 1954-57. Graduated Drake University, 1962, Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration. Member: St. John's Lutheran Church, Drake National "D" Club, Urbandale Jaycees, Urbandale Lions Club, Urbandale Boosters Club, and Des Moines Chapter of Iowa League of Women Voters. Two terms in Iowa House. Second term in Iowa Senate.





RODGERS, Norman George — Adel
29th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born Sept. 21, 1927, in Chatfield, Minn., son of William and Rhoda Rodgers. Graduated high school, 1944. Completed 18-month course, American Institute of Business. Married Feb. 6, 1950; wife, Norma. Children: Pamela Kay and Michael Norman. Supermarket owner-farmer. Store manager, Thriftway Stores Inc., Creston, 1950-51; Des Moines, 1952-54; field representative, Super Valu Stores Inc., 1955-57; supermarket owner-operator since 1957. Member: Episcopal Church, National Historical Society, Adel Historical Society, Urbandale Chamber of Commerce, Adel Rotary Club, Elks, American Legion, VFW, Iowa Retail Food Dealers Association, Farm Bureau. Director of Adel Development Corporation, Adel Manor and Raccoon Valley State Bank. U.S. Navy, 1944-46, 1951, 1952. Two terms in Iowa House and third term in Senate.



RUSH, Bob — Cedar Rapids
15th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Son of Bob and Erma Rush, lifelong residents of Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Born in Lake Forest, Ill., on Oct. 30, 1944. Received early education in Cedar Rapids public schools, graduating from Washington High School in 1962. B.A., Northwestern University, 1966, and J.D., University of Iowa Law School, 1970. Graduate study, George Washington University. Married Judy Burgin Ptacek; two daughters. Substitute teacher. Served as special assistant to the U.S. attorney for the District of Columbia, and trial attorney for the U.S. Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, Washington, D.C., 1971-73. Returned to Cedar Rapids to private law practice. Member, League of Women Voters. Methodist. Second term. Assistant minority leader, 1979-80.



SCHWENGELS, Forrest V. — Fairfield
44th Senatorial District
 Republican

Born Aug. 27, 1915, at Sheffield. Attended schools in Sheffield; Chicago, Ill.; and Kirksville, Mo. Attended N.E. Missouri State Teachers College in Kirksville, and B.A., Parsons College, 1940. M.A., Georgetown University; doctorate study at Indiana University. Phi Kappa Phi. Married Betty Pickett, 1943; three children. Real estate salesman. Elder, First Presbyterian Church. Twenty-three years in the U.S. Air Force, returned 1963; professor, Parsons College, 1963-73. Member: Farm Bureau, Lions, Elks, Masons, Retired Officers Association, Air Force Association, Phi Sigma Epsilon, American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Chamber of Commerce, Shrine, Indian Hills Community College Development Corporation, Soil Conservation Society of America. Elected to Iowa Senate, 1972.

SLATER, Tom — Council Bluffs
50th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born in Templeton, Nov. 5, 1945, son of Don and Geraldine Slater. Graduated Kuemper High School, Carroll, 1963. B.A., Washburn University, 1967. Graduate study, I.S.U. Advertising and public relations business since 1974. Former director of Parks, Recreation and Public Property, Council Bluffs. One daughter, Angela. Catholic. Member: Chamber of Commerce, Occupational Licensing Committee, Legislative Environmental Action Group, and I.W.P.C. Second term



SMALL, Arthur A., Jr. — Iowa City
37th Senatorial District
 Democrat

Born Oct. 14, 1933, in Brunswick, Maine. B.A., Bowdoin College. M.A., University of Iowa. Married Mary Jo O'Callaghan, Nov. 26, 1960. Children: Peter, Martha and Arthur. Three years in U.S. Army. Former faculty member, St. Ambrose College. Served as legislative assistant to former U.S. Congressman John R. Schmidhauser. Four terms in House. First term in Senate.



TAYLOR, Ray — Steamboat Rock
5th Senatorial District
 Republican

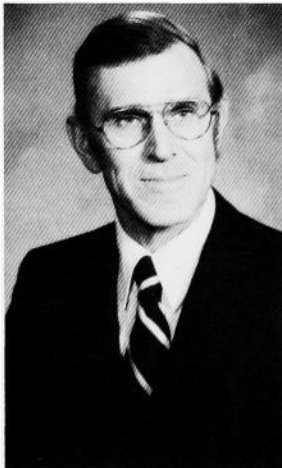
Born June 4, 1923, Steamboat Rock, son of Leonard and Mary Taylor. Graduate of Steamboat Rock schools. Attended U.N.I. and Baylor University. Married Mary Elizabeth Allen. One son, three daughters. Owner-operator of farm near Steamboat Rock. Owner of Karol Ann's dress shop, Eldora. Member of First Baptist Church. Member: state board of American Cancer Society, Farm Bureau, Wildlife Club, board of Faith Baptist Bible College of Ankeny, Confidential Records Board, Legislative Council, American Legislative Exchange Council, and Boundary Committee. Former chairman, Hardin County Bicentennial Committee. Past member: Toastmasters, Board of Adjustment for Hardin County, R.E.C. Board. Former member, Steamboat Rock School Board for 15 years - 12 years as president. Served in the 65th, 66th, 67th and 68th general assemblies. Chairman of Agriculture and Ethics committees. Member: Education, Judiciary, Ways and Means, and Appropriations subcommittee in the 69th General Assembly.





**TIEDEN, Dale L. — Elkader
9th Senatorial District
Republican**

Born Oct. 11, 1922, son of Lewis and Grace Fisher Tieden. Graduated Elkader High School and Elkader Junior College. Attended University of Iowa. Single. Farmed since 1959. Managed feed, livestock and fertilizer operation until 1967. Farming and office work since 1968. Member: United Church of Christ, Masonic Lodge, Farm Bureau, Izaak Walton League, Rotary and Chamber of Commerce. Served as secretary in County Farm Bureau and Township Agriculture committees. Four terms in Iowa House. Third term in Senate.



**VANDE HOEF, Richard P. — Harris
2nd Senatorial District
Republican**

Born May 15, 1925, in Boyden, Iowa, son of Paul and Maggie Vande Hoef. Attended area schools. Married Harriet Van Der Maten, 1946. Children: Dennis, Judith, Duane and Brian. Served two years in the Army during World War II. Farmer, president of Brand H.R.s Farms Ltd., and 1979 recipient of the Osceola County Farm Bureau Service to Agriculture Award. Member and elder of Ocheyedan Christian Reformed Church. Member: American Legion, Osceola County Farm Bureau, Osceola County Cattleman's Association, and Osceola County Pork Producers. First term.



**VAN GILST, Bass — Oskaloosa
46th Senatorial District
Democrat**

Born April 14, 1911, in Marion County. Married Harriet De Bruin of Oskaloosa in 1937. Children: Ken, Carl, Elaine, Mark, Diane and Joleen. Member, Christian Reformed Church. Past president of Oskaloosa Lions Club, Mahaska Farm Service Co. Member: Chamber of Commerce; Farm Bureau; board of directors, V.G. Farms Inc. Served on Mahaska County Homemaker Health Aid Service Board, Health Planning Council of Iowa, and Area Four Advisory Council of Iowa Health Systems Agency. Fund-drive chairman, United Community Services. Member of Legislative Fiscal Committee and Capitol Planning Commission. Senate Democratic whip in the 65th General Assembly. Assistant majority leader in the 66th General Assembly. Serving fifth, four-year term in Senate.

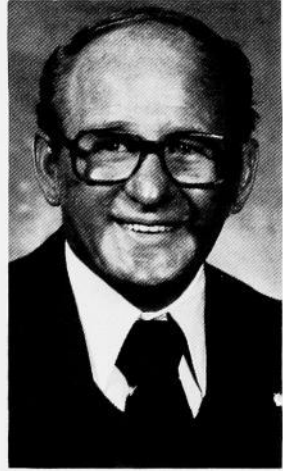
**WALDSTEIN, A. F. "Arne" — Storm Lake
3rd Senatorial District
Republican**

Born Jan. 17, 1925, Buena Vista County. Graduated Lincoln-Lee Consolidated High School, 1943. U.S. Army Air Corps, 1944-45. Buena Vista College, 1946. Graduated Iowa State University, B.S. in Agriculture, December 1949. Married Marianne Aust, 1951. Children: Frederic, Arne Paul, Elizabeth and Mark. Professional farm manager and rural appraiser. President and general manager, Stalcup Agricultural Service Inc. Accredited titles from the American Society of Farm Managers and Rural Appraisers for management and appraisal. Farm owner, real estate broker and agriculture consultant to the Agency for International Development. Instructor, management seminars. Member: St. Marks Lutheran Church, Izaak Walton League, B.P.O.E., Farm Bureau, Governor's Agricultural Promotion Board. First term.



**WELLS, James D. — Cedar Rapids
14th Senatorial District
Democrat**

Born Aug. 7, 1928, in Marathon, son of W.W. and Florence Wells. Graduated Marathon High School and various labor schools. Married Shirley Ann Clare, 1950. Daughters: Linda, Cheryl and Nancy. Employee, Quaker Oats Co., 25 years. Active in U.S.C. committees, C.O.P.E. committee chairman for Community Affairs. Member, Ashbury United Methodist Church. Member: 16th Avenue Commercial Club, Local 110 and Retail Wholesale Department Stores Union. Past president, Credit Union Board; former recording secretary, Local 110 RWDSU. Cedar Rapids Sport Club and Fraternal Order of the Eagles. Served in Army Reserve, 328th Combat Battalion. Attained sergeant first class. Served six terms in the House of Representatives. First term in Senate.



**YENGER, Sue — Ottumwa
45th Senatorial District
Republican**

Born in Ottumwa, Aug. 5, 1938, daughter of Bernice and James F. Peck. Graduated from Ottumwa High School, 1956, and Ottumwa Height Junior College, 1958. B.A., Parsons College, 1961. Former teacher in Ottumwa Schools, director and teacher of Head Start Program in Wapello County, and manager of Work Incentive Program for Area XV, 1973-78. Married Jim Yenger of Ottumwa, 1959. Children: Laura and Russell. Former board of directors' chairman, Ottumwa Day Care Center; former board member, Wapello County United Way; and former chairman of advisory board for Wapello County Alcoholism Program. Current member of Iowa Women's Political Caucus, GOP Women and advisory board for Women's Center and Displaced Homemakers Program of Indian Hills Community College. Commissioner, Commission on Aging. Member, Disciples of Christ (Christian Church). Chair of Appropriations Subcommittee on Human Resources and vice chair of Human Resources. First term.





Old Capitol, Iowa City.

Speaker of the House



**Stromer, Delwyn — Garner
District 9
Republican**

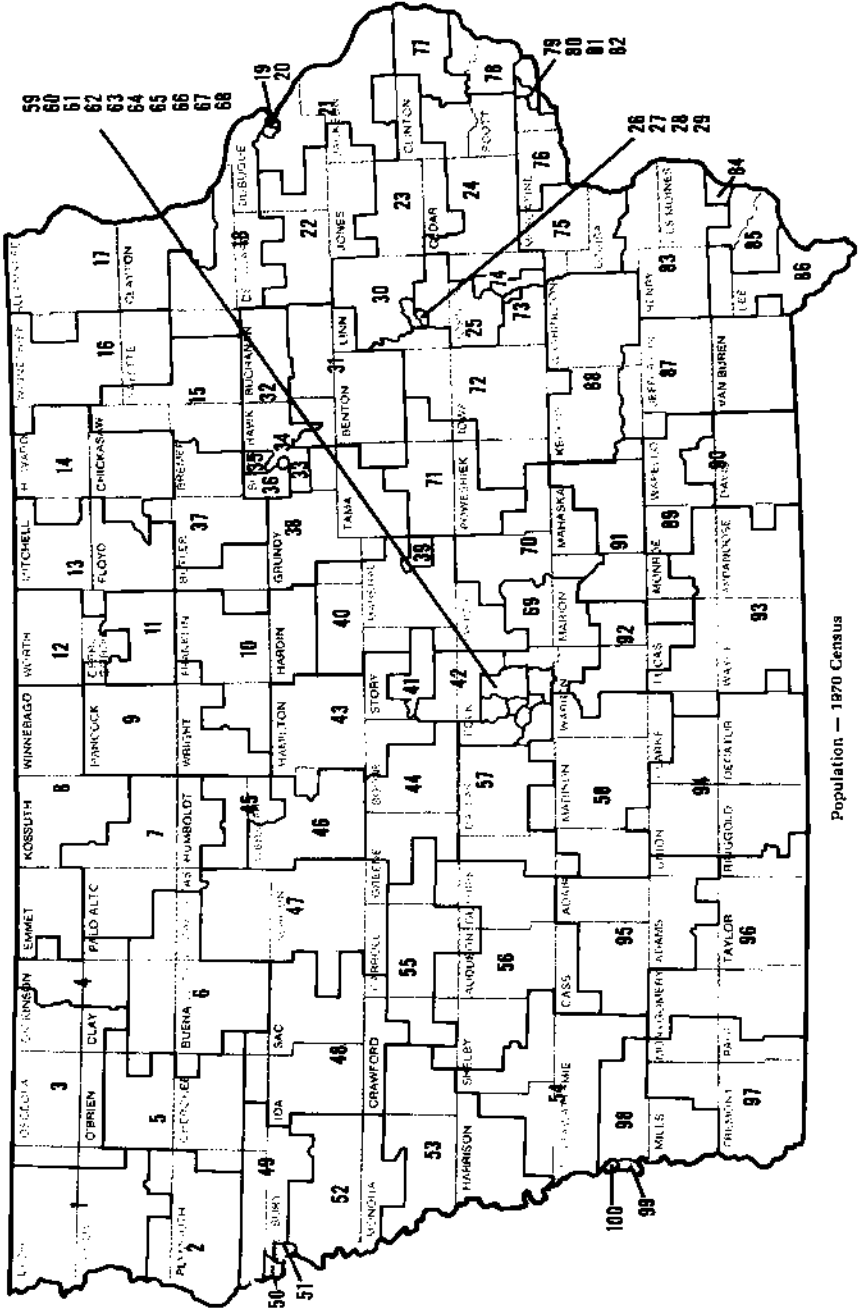
For biography of Speaker Stromer,
see state Representatives.

House Officers

DELWYN STROMER, <i>speaker of the House</i>	Garner
LESTER D. MENKE, <i>speaker pro tempore</i>	Calumet
LAWRENCE POPE, <i>majority floor leader</i>	Des Moines
WAYNE BENNETT, <i>assistant majority floor leader</i>	Galva
ROGER A. HALVORSON, <i>assistant majority floor leader</i>	Monona
INGWER L. HANSEN, <i>assistant majority floor leader</i>	Hartley
BETTY A. HOFFMANN, <i>assistant majority floor leader</i>	Muscatine
DONALD D. AVENSON, <i>minority floor leader</i>	Oelwein
ROBERT T. ANDERSON, <i>assistant minority floor leader</i>	Newton
RICHARD L. BYERLY, <i>assistant minority floor leader</i>	Ankeny
DALE M. COCHRAN, <i>assistant minority floor leader</i>	Eagle Grove
JOHN H. CONNORS, <i>assistant minority floor leader</i>	Des Moines
RITA K. COURTNEY, <i>administrative assistant to</i> <i>speaker</i>	Des Moines
JANET S. CLAYTON, <i>executive secretary to speaker</i>	Des Moines
SHARON R. PILMER, <i>administrative assistant to</i> <i>majority floor leader</i>	Des Moines
MARK BRANDSGARD, <i>administrative assistant to</i> <i>minority floor leader</i>	Humboldt
PAT H. HARPER, <i>chief clerk</i>	Des Moines
DOROTHY POTTHOFF, <i>executive secretary to chief clerk</i> ...	Des Moines
SUSAN BRUCKSHAW, <i>clerk to chief clerk</i>	Des Moines
BRUCE GRAHAM, <i>assistant chief clerk-legal counsel</i>	Indianola
DEBRA WOZNIAK, <i>assistant legal counsel</i>	Des Moines
M. MAXINE MANN, <i>assistant to the assistant chief</i> <i>clerk-legal counsel</i>	Des Moines
PEG E. KEPHART, <i>assistant to legal counsel &</i> <i>engrossing-enrolling clerk</i>	Des Moines
ALYCE M. ELMITT, <i>recording clerk</i>	Des Moines
ELIZABETH A. ISAACSON, <i>journal editor</i>	Des Moines
VIVIAN ANDERS, <i>assistant Journal editor</i>	Liberty Center
CAROL S. EDWARDS, <i>compositor</i>	Des Moines
C. ELAINE SCHOONOVER, <i>compositor</i>	Des Moines
BILLIE J. WALLING, <i>finance clerk</i>	Des Moines
DEBRA K. OLSON, <i>assistant finance clerk</i>	Huxley
COLLEEN DILLON, <i>supervisor of clerks</i>	Des Moines
IVADEL HUFF, <i>swing clerk</i>	Des Moines
ANN A. McCARTY, <i>supply clerk</i>	Des Moines
PATRICIA A. BARRY, <i>Public Information Office</i> <i>director</i>	Des Moines
SUZANNE SEARLES, <i>assistant Public Information</i> <i>Office director</i>	Des Moines
ANNE BLOMME, <i>clerk to Public Information Office</i>	Ankeny

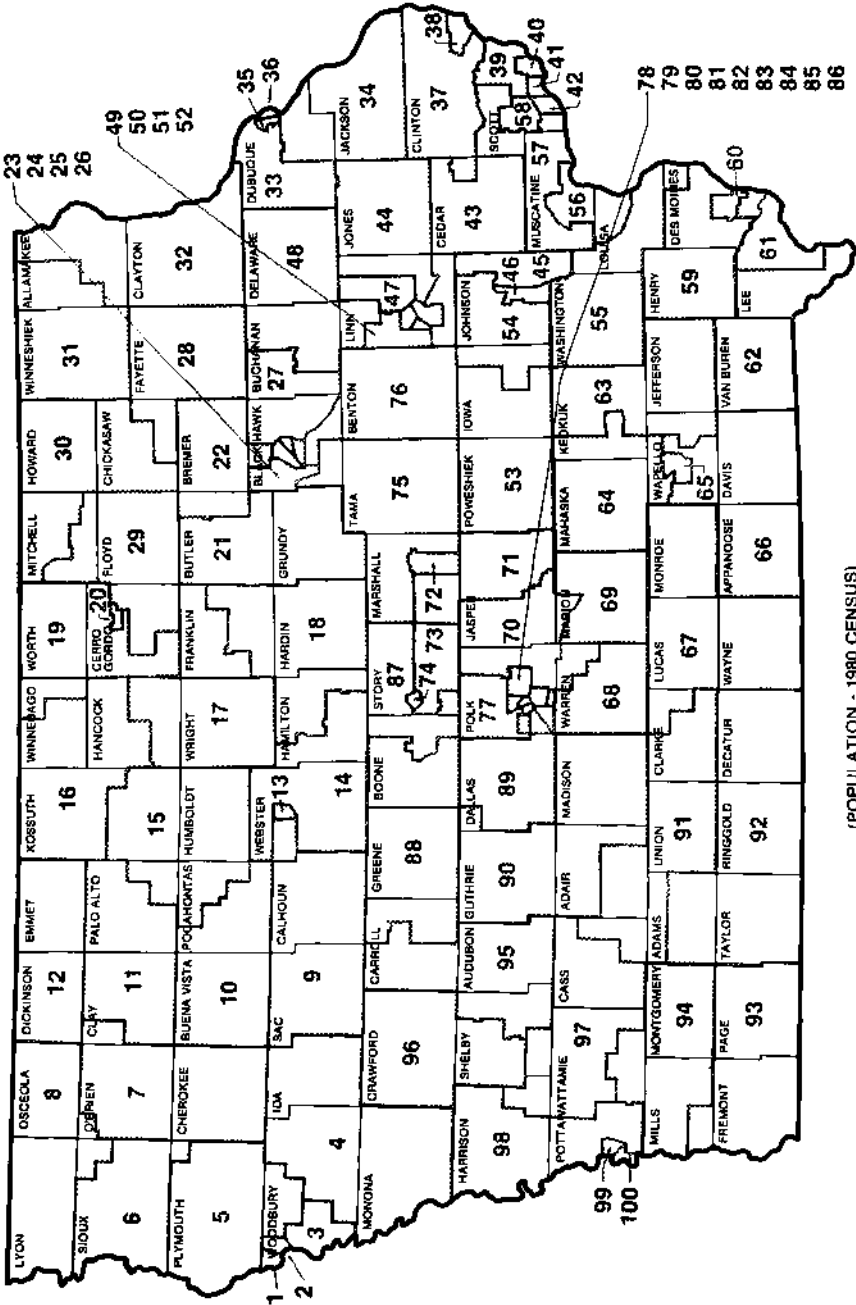
LISA WUEST, <i>aide to Public Information Office</i>	Des Moines
PHYLLIS J. FRAIZER, <i>bill clerk</i>	Des Moines
MADLINE E. JAMES, <i>assistant bill clerk</i>	Des Moines
JUANITA F. SWACKHAMMER, <i>chief indexer</i>	Des Moines
WILMA F. ZIKA, <i>indexing assistant</i>	Des Moines
MILDRED M. WEBER, <i>postmaster</i>	Hartley
BEVERLY BAKER, <i>switchboard operator</i>	Des Moines
ROSEMARY MASSMAN, <i>switchboard operator</i>	Des Moines
DONALD E. EMANUEL, <i>sergeant-at-arms</i>	Des Moines
FRANK L. CHRISTEN, <i>assistant sergeant-at-arms</i>	Des Moines
GUSTAF W. ADAMSON, <i>doorkeeper</i>	Des Moines
LUMAN W. BELL, <i>doorkeeper</i>	Des Moines
ARTHUR E. BORWICK, <i>doorkeeper</i>	Des Moines
CARMAN BREEDING, <i>doorkeeper</i>	Altoona
GEORGE FALK, <i>doorkeeper</i>	Des Moines
HAROLD L. MISSMAN, <i>doorkeeper</i>	Des Moines
EVELYN SEANEY, <i>elevator operator</i>	Des Moines
PAULA J. FELTNER, <i>majority caucus staff director</i>	Des Moines
JOSEPH J. O'HERN, <i>minority caucus staff director</i>	Des Moines
MARYJO F. WELCH, <i>clerk, majority caucus staff</i>	Des Moines
CATHY AUWAERTER, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
N. JOHN BOEHM, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
RONDA L. MENKE, <i>research analyst</i>	Perry
M.L. TRIGGS, <i>research analyst</i>	Laurens
KEVIN VINCHATTLE, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
BARBARA WINTERS, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
KATHY PETERSON, <i>clerk, minority caucus staff</i>	Des Moines
BRADLEY KADING, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
LINDA KING KADING, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
MARY O'CONNOR, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines
TOM PATTERSON, <i>research analyst</i>	Des Moines

69th GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DISTRICTS*



Population -- 1970 Census

SIXTY-NINTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DISTRICTS
ESTABLISHED BY SENATE FILE 581 - 69th G. A. - 2nd EXTRAORDINARY SESSION



(POPULATION - 1980 CENSUS)

Chief Clerk of the House

Chief Clerk of the House

HARPER, Pat. H. — Des Moines

Born in Twin Falls, Idaho, daughter of Tom and Luetta Heath. Attended elementary and secondary schools in Preston, Idaho. Attended University of Idaho, Moscow. Children: Scootch Pankonin, Washington, D.C.; Tom Harper, Corvallis, Ore.; Bob Harper, Boise, Idaho; and granddaughter, Ann Pankonin, Washington, D.C. Episcopalian. Secretary of the Idaho state Senate, 1973-80. Appointed chief clerk of the Iowa General Assembly, October 1980.



State Representatives

ANDERSON, James O. — Brayton

District 56

Republican

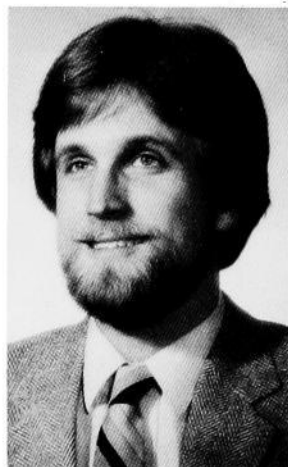
Born in Brayton, May 2, 1928, son of Raymond and Mary Anderson. Attended rural grade school. Graduated from Exira High School, 1946. B.S., Iowa State University, 1950. Married Laurine Jensen of Exira, 1952. Three children: Steven, Linda and Kay. Served in Air Force, 1951-53. Farmer and livestock feeder since 1953. Board member of Exira Christian Church. Member, Audubon County Farm Bureau - past treasurer and director; past board member, Exira Community School; 4-H club leader; and Audubon county Draft Board member. Former director, Audubon county FHA board; Audubon county extension director and American Legion member. Member of Iowa Cattleman Association. Second term.





ANDERSON, Robert T. — Newton
District 69
 Democrat

Born in Marshalltown on March 8, 1945, son of Robert Sr. and Ida Halvorson Anderson. Graduated from LDF of LeGrand High School, 1963. B.A., University of Iowa, 1967. M.A., University of Iowa, 1971. Married Elsie Ulland, 1967. Son: Robert Elias, born in 1978. Member: St. Luke United Methodist Church, United Teaching Profession, Newton Optimist Club, Izaak Walton League. Majority whip, 67th General Assembly; assistant minority leader, 68th and 69th assemblies. Fourth term.



ARNOULD, Bob — Davenport
District 82
 Democrat

Born in Davenport, Sept. 23, 1953, son of Robert and Gertrude Arnould. Attended Madison Grade School, Davenport. Graduated from Central High School, 1972. Attended Brown University, 1973-74, and Iowa State University, 1975-76. Single. Former V.I.P. field staff for Iowa Democratic Party. Scott County Democratic Party chairperson, 1976-78. Catholic. Member, Iowa Civil Liberties Union and Common Cause of Iowa. Third term.



AVENSON, Donald D. — Oelwein
District 15
 Democrat

Born Sept. 16, 1944, in Minneapolis, son of Donald C. and Wilma Avenson. Graduated from Oelwein Community High School, 1962. B.S., University of Wisconsin, 1970. Graduate study at University of Northern Iowa. Tool and die maker for Oelwein Tool & Die. Married Diane Duda, 1964. Children: Eric, Clay and Nicolle. Avid outdoorsman. Member: Peace Lutheran Church, Fayette County Conservation Club, Ducks Unlimited. Assistant majority floor, 66th and 67th assemblies. Democratic floor leader, 68th and 69th assemblies. Fifth term.

BENNETT, Wayne — Galva
District 48
 Republican

Born Nov. 7, 1927, in Schaller, son of Wilbur and Blanche Bennett. Graduated from Ida Grove High School. Attended Iowa State University. Married Barbara Noll, Ida Grove, 1949. One son, one daughter. Farmed in Galva area since 1950. Former president and voting delegate of Ida County Farm Bureau; chairman, Ida County Soil Conservation District Commissioners; former chairman, Ida County 4-H Committee. Member and former lay leader, Silver Creek Methodist Church. Fifth term.



BINNEBOESE, Donald H. — Hinton
District 49
 Democrat

Born in Plymouth County, Feb. 17, 1924, son of Albert H. and Emma Helmke Binneboese. Attended public school. Married Marga Howe, 1944. Children: Allen, Patricia, Cheryl, Sally and Donald Jr. Self-employed farmer since 1948. Member: Trinity Lutheran at Hinton, various service and supply cooperatives, and National Farm Organization. ASC committee man. Fourth term.



BRANDT, Diane — Cedar Falls
District 35
 Democrat

Born Aug. 28, 1938, in Emmet County. Graduated Armstrong High School. B.S., Iowa State University, 1961. Served on Cedar Falls Planning and Zoning Commission. Former president of League of Women Voters of Waterloo-Cedar Falls. Former president of Waterloo branch of American Association of University Women. Member of Women's Political Caucus, ICLU, NAACP, First Presbyterian Church. Fourth term.



BRANSTAD, Clifford O. — Thompson
District 8
 Republican

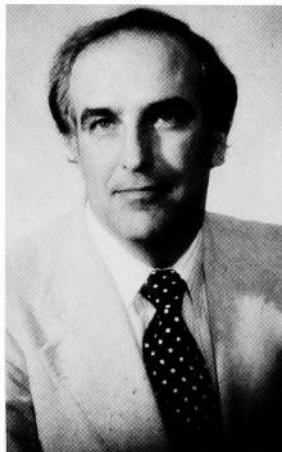


Born in Thompson on April 23, 1924. Son of Philip and Lydia Branstad. Attended Thompson High School; Dunwoody Institute, Minneapolis, Minn.; State Teachers College, Stevens Point, Wisc. Received B.A. in Sociology and Economics, University of Iowa in 1948. Married Grace Martin, 1947. Three sons, two daughters. Served during World War II, 34 months - 41 missions as bomber pilot in Mediterranean theater. Past president, Winnebago Farm Bureau; Thompson School Board; Winnebago Pork Producers; church board; 4-H leader; FFA honorary member; Iowa Property Taxpayer's Association; and People United for Rural Education. Member: American Legion, VFW, Farmer's Union, Iowa Soybean Association, and Corn Grower's Association. Finance chairman, Winnebago County Republicans. With members of his family, farms 3,200 acres — a grain and livestock operation in Winnebago County. Second term.



BRUNER, Charles Hughes — Ames
District 41
 Democrat

Born in Ames on April 26, 1948, son of Charlotte and David Bruner. Graduated from Ames High School, 1966 (Merit Scholar). B.A., *magna cum laude*, Macalester College, 1970. M.A., 1972, and Ph.D., 1978, in political science, Stanford University. National Institute of Mental Health Fellow, 1972-73. Administration on Aging dissertation grant, 1977. Director of Legislative Affairs for the Human Resources Association of Iowa, 1976-77. Visiting professor, Iowa State University political science faculty, 1979. Member: IWPC, ICLU, Common Cause, Citizens Advisory Board of CARG, and NOW. Second term.



BYERLY, Richard L. — Ankeny
District 61
 Democrat

Born July 18, 1938, in Boone. Son of Virgil and Bessie Byerly. Wife, Pamela Mary. Graduated Boone High School, 1956. A.A., Boone Junior College, 1958. B.A. in mathematics, Simpson College, 1960. M.S. and Ph.D., Iowa State University, 1967-70. Worked out of Congressman Neal Smith's office. Fifth term. Five children. Employed as a Des Moines Area Community College administrator. High school teacher and coach, 1961-67. Selected to Community College National Internship experience in 1971. Received Iowa Jaycees' Outstanding Young Iowan Award, 1975. Author and free lance writer.

CARL, Janet A. — Grinnell
District 71
 Democrat

Born in Atlantic, Iowa, Feb. 24, 1948, daughter of Chauncey H. and Marynelle Holmes Carl. Attended Jackson Grade School. Graduated from Atlantic High School, 1966. B.A., University of Iowa, 1970. M.A., University of Iowa, 1973. Employed in higher education administration since 1971. Cited in *Who's Who of American Women*, 1978. President, Iowa Student Personnel Association, 1980. Member, National Organization for Women. First term.



CARPENTER, Dorothy F. — West Des Moines
District 66
 Republican

Born in Ismay, Mont., March 13, 1933, daughter of Dan and Mary Ann Fulton. Graduated from Custer County High School, Miles City, Mont., 1951. B.A., Grinnell College, 1955. Married Thomas Carpenter, 1955. Grinnell College Alumni Award, 1980. Member: Episcopal Church, League of Women Voters, Iowa and Polk County Women's Political Caucuses, T.T.T., and Common Cause. First term.



CHIDO, Ned F. — Des Moines
District 67
 Democrat

Born Aug. 2, 1942, in Des Moines, son of Frank and Rose Chiodo. Graduated Dowling High School, 1961, and attended Drake University. Married Marilyn Pigneri of Des Moines. Four sons. Small businessman. Member of St. Anthony's Catholic Church, American Legion, Dowling Club, Knights of Columbus, C.I.A., Stemma de Italia, and P.G.A. Third term.





CLARK, Betty Jean — Rockwell

District 11

Republican

Born April 18, 1920, in Kansas City, daughter of the late Rev. Raymond C. and Mary Walker. Attended Fort Hays Kansas State College, University of Utah, University of the Pacific, and Garrett Evangelical Seminary. Married Homer O. Clark, 1950. One daughter, two sons. Former director of Student Program, Wesley Foundation at Iowa State University. Former news editor, Iowa Conference United Methodist Women, and publisher-editor of "The Periodical Key." Member: League of Women Voters, Iowa Women's Political Caucus, Common Cause, Federation of Republican Women, P.E.O. Sisterhood, Business and Professional Women, and the United Methodist Church. Third term.



CLARK, John H. — Keokuk

District 86

Republican

Born Nov. 24, 1946, in Keokuk, son of Howard A. and Margaret R. Clark. Graduated Keokuk High School, 1965. B.A., Drury College, 1969, history and political science. Stockbroker with R.G. Dickinson and Company. Member of First Congregational Church, Kiwanis Club, Keokuk Chamber of Commerce, and Iowa Farm Bureau. Active many years in Experiment in International Living. Married Colette Detwiler, Springfield, Mo., 1972. One daughter, Sarah. Delegate to the 1976 Republican National Convention. Assistant majority floor leader, 68th General Assembly. Current chairman of Cities Committee. Sixth term.



CLEMENTS, James Bryson — Davenport

District 80

Republican

Born in North Hollywood, Ca., Nov. 19, 1954, son of Joseph and Beverly Clements. Attended Brigham Young University. Ordained minister from 1974 to 1976, serving in London, England. Carpenter since 1976, and member of Local #4. Married Judy Marten of Davenport in 1976. Children: Troy, Todd, Douglas Sean, Tosca, and Micaela. Member of Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints and Metropolitan Opera Guild. First term.

**COCHRAN, Dale M. — Eagle Grove
District 45
Democrat**

Born at Fort Dodge, Nov. 20, 1928, son of Melvin and Gladys Cochran. Graduate of Fort Dodge High School. B.S., Iowa State University, 1950. Married Jeannene Hirsch, 1952. Children: Deborah, Cynthia and Tamara. Owner of 400-acre farm. Served as director of Iowa Soybean Association, Iowa Soybean Promotion Board, farm editor of Fort Dodge *Messenger*, member of the executive committee of the National Conference of State Legislatures (NCSL), executive committee of the Council of State Governments, and chairman of the Assembly on the Legislature of the NCSL. Director of the Iowa Rural Development Policy Council. Member, United Methodist Church. Honorary life-time member of the Iowa Association of Soil District Commissioners; member of Gamma Sigma Delta, Honorary Society of Agriculture. Recipient of the Altig Award; member of Elks and Lions Club. Minority floor leader, 1971-74. Speaker of the Iowa House of Representatives, 1975-78. Assistant minority leader. Ninth term.



**CONLON, Walter — Muscatine
District 76
Republican**

Born in Jersey City, N.J., Feb. 20, 1947, son of Walter and Anastasia Conlon. B.A., Loras College, 1969. U.S. Army, 1969-71. M.A., J.D., University of Iowa, 1975. Attorney. Married Kristine Meyer of Muscatine, 1973. Two sons. Chairman, Iowa College Young Republican Federation, 1972-73. Member: St. Mary's Catholic Church, Elks, Muscatine Club, Knights of Columbus, and Muscatine County and Iowa State Bar Associations. Third term.



**CONNOLLY, Michael W. — Dubuque
District 20
Democrat**

Born in Dubuque on Oct. 31, 1945, son of Albert and Margaret Daly Connolly. Attended St. Joseph's Grade School, Farley, Iowa. Graduated from St. Joseph's High School, 1963. B.A., Loras College, 1967 (National History Honor Society). M.A., Loras College, 1976. Teacher at Dubuque Senior High School for 10 years. Social Studies Department head, the last four years. Married Martha Fessler of Farley, 1972. Children: Maureen and John. Member of St. Joseph's Church, Dubuque, Iowa. Veteran, U.S. Army Reserve, six years. Member: Dubuque Education Association, Dubuque Arts Council, Loras Club, Board of Dubuque Child Care, and Dubuque County Democratic Party — served on platform, elections and finance committees. Second term.





CONNORS, John H. — Des Moines
District 64
 Democrat

Born Dec. 2, 1922, in Des Moines, son of John J. and Edna Connors. Graduated from North High School, 1942. Attended Harvard University Trade Union Program. Served in Navy Reserve and Merchant Marine, World War II. Member, Des Moines Fire Department, 1950-77, retired captain. Married Marjorie Leonard, 1945. One son and one daughter. Member, Capitol Hill Christian Church. Member of Masonic Orders, Shrine. Served on Logan Priority Board, first chairman of city-wide Central Advisory Board of the Des Moines Community Development Program. Served on boards of Polk County Society for Crippled Children and Adults, and Iowa Chapter Muscular Dystrophy Association. President, Iowa Golden Gloves Association, and vice president, National Golden Gloves Association of America. Member of Des Moines Friendship and Sister City Commission. Insurance representative and labor arbitrator. Fifth term.



COOK, Lisle — Hubbard
District 40
 Republican

Born in Hubbard on Sept. 27, 1936, son of Maurice and Fern Cook. Graduated from New Providence High School. B.S., Iowa State University, 1960. Farm Youth Exchange to England — Wales 1958; state 4-H and state FFA officer. Married Margaret Speas. Four sons. Iowa Master Pork Producer and Pork All American. Member, Hardin County Farm Bureau, State Farm Bureau Board and Honey Creek-New Providence Friends Church. First term.



COREY, Virgil E. — Morning Sun
District 83
 Republican

Born near Morning Sun on Sept. 23, 1916, son of John and Maxie Corey. Attended Morning Sun Grade School. Graduated from Morning Sun High School, 1933. Attended Cornell College, 1937-39. B.S., agricultural education, Iowa State University, 1942. Married Elsie Gaide of LaPorte City, 1941. Three sons and one daughter. Vocational agriculture instructor, Manilla, Coggon and Lone Tree. LL.B. degree, LaSalle Extension University, 1956. Past president of Eastern Iowa Light and Power Cooperative, and Louisa County Farm Bureau. Louisa County District Soils commissioner. Member of Louisa County Board of Review, Southeast Iowa Regional Planning Commission, United Methodist Church, and Masons. Order of Eastern Star. Farmer. Second term.

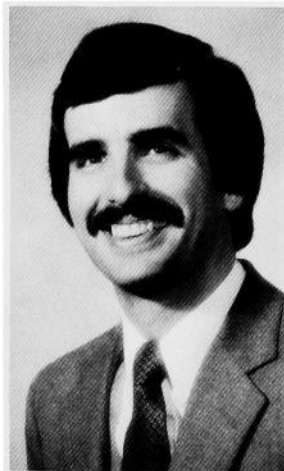
CRABB, Frank A. — Denison
District 53
 Republican

Born May 23, 1903, in Decatur, Ill., son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Crabb Sr. Graduated Litchfield (Ill.) Community High School, 1922. Attended De Pauw University and the University of Chicago. Married Dorothy Ward, 1931. Daughter, Susan. Retired meat-packing executive and farmer. Honorary Master Pork Producer of Iowa. Presbyterian. Member: Rotary, Masons in Australia, Shiners, Jesters, Denison Country Club and Crawford County Farm Bureau. Past director and vice president of western division, and chairman, pork committee for National Independent Meat Packers' Committee and Subcommittee to Develop Better Hog Production. American Meat Institute. State vehicle dispatcher, 1970-72. Sixth term.



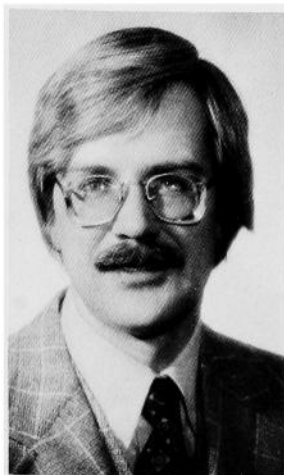
CRAWFORD, Reid W. — Ames
District 42
 Republican

Born Feb. 6, 1951, in Ames, son of Harold and Rachel Crawford. Graduated from Ames Senior High School, 1969. B.A., political science, Iowa State University, 1973. J.D., Drake University Law School, 1980. Single. Member and elder, Northminster Presbyterian Church. Iowa State Memorial Union board of directors; member, Story County and Iowa Bar Associations; and chair of the State Government Committee. Fifth term.



CUSACK, Gregory D. — Davenport
District 81
 Democrat

Born May 6, 1943, in Davenport, son of Daniel I. and Jeannette M. Heaney Cusack. Graduated from Assumption High School, 1961. Attended Georgetown University. B.A., St. Ambrose College; M.A., University of Iowa. Taught at Briar Cliff College and Marycrest College. Community organizer for Central Neighborhood Corporation of Davenport, and director, League of Women Voters Education Fund Youth project. Member: American Civil Liberties Union, American Historical Association, American Association for the Advancement of Slavic Studies, and American Academy of Political Science. Served three years as Davenport city councilman. Appointed to Commission on Aging, Energy Policy Council, and Task Force on Housing and Health Care for Dependent Adults. Chairman of House Budget Committee, 67th General Assembly. Fifth term.





DAGGETT, Horace C. — Lenox
District 96
 Republican

Born May 15, 1931, in Prescott, son of Don and Mildred Daggett. Graduated Prescott Community School, 1948. Married Ruth Foster, 1952. Children: Dennis, Debra and Douglas. Farmer in Adams County. Member, First Baptist Church, Creston — adult Sunday school teacher. Member, Iowa National Guard. Honor graduate of Army NCO Academy, Ft. Riley, Kan., 1951. Adams County Farm Bureau — past president and director; Lenox Community School Board, 1968-71. Adams County 4-H Youth Committee, past leader and member, 1967-72. Fifth term.



DANKER, Arlyn E. — Minden
District 54
 Republican

Born May 31, 1927, in Council Bluffs, son of Emil and Linda Danker. Graduated Oakland High School, 1945. Married Lois Mauer, 1948. Children: Kathleen and David. Grandchildren: Shad, Shelly, Garrett and Nathan. Farmer, livestock producer and feeder. Member, Minden United Church of Christ — a past board member. Former township trustee. Member: Farm Bureau, Pottawattamie County Pork Producers Association, Pottawattamie County Cattlemans Association, Pottawattamie County Taxpayers Association, Farm Service Co-op of Harlan and Council Bluffs, Minden Community Club, and American Legislative Exchange Council. Fifth term.



DAVITT, Philip A. — St. Charles
District 58
 Democrat

Born in Madison County on May 23, 1931, son of Phil and Barbara Davitt. Graduated Martensdale High School, 1949. Married Theo Love, 1950. Sons: Mark, Mike, Joe and Jay, and daughters: Maria and Julie. Livestock/grain farmer. Former Firestone Tire and Rubber worker. Engineer for Rock Island Railroad. Insurance Agent. Served on board of directors of Polk-Warren County Mutual Insurance Co. Township trustee; member, Warren County Democrats. Member of Warren County Farm Bureau, Knights of Columbus and Catholic Church. Third term.

DE GROOT, Kenneth R. — Doon
District 1
 Republican

Born Oct. 16, 1929, in Perkins, son of Peter J. and Agnes Nettinga De Groot. Educated at Hull Public School, Iowa State University and Northwestern College. Married Clarretta Risseeuw, 1950. Children: Perry, Wesley, Nyla and Kendall. Farmer in Lyon County. Past secretary of Land O'Lakes—Northwest Iowa Dairy Division, and lifetime Farm Bureau member and past office holder. Former Lyon County Zoning commissioner and 4-H leader. Member of Reformed Church of America. Sunday school teacher. Past president of youth group, adult Bible leader and registrar. Former president of Siouxland Sunday School Association, and vice president of Midwest Reformed Men's Brotherhood. Second term.



DIELEMAN, William W. "Bill" — Pella
District 70
 Democrat

Born Jan. 19, 1931, in Oskaloosa, son of Garret J. and Jozena Dieleman. Graduated from Pella Christian High School, 1949. B.A., Calvin College, 1959. M.A., University of Iowa, 1966. American government and history teacher, 1959-74. Married Emily J. Langstraat, 1951. Children: Wendell, Cyndi and Kris. Member of Calvary Christian Reformed Church. Veteran: Iowa National Guard, 1951-53; Korean Conflict, 1953-55; Reserves, six years. Member of American Legion. Owner of Diamond Trail News, Sully. Member, Iowa Press Association and National Newspaper Association. Past member and vice chairman of the Central Iowa Regional Association of Local Governments, 1972-75. Life insurance underwriter for Bankers Life, Nebraska. Member of Iowa and National Association of Life Insurance Underwriters. Fourth term.



DIEMER, Marvin E. — Cedar Falls
District 36
 Republican

Born in New Auburn, Minn., on May 30, 1924, son of Herman and Marie Diemer. Graduated from Alpha High School, 1943. B.A., Drake University, 1950. Public accountant since 1950. Married Lois Fullbright of Cedar Falls in 1954, two sons and one daughter. In World War II; U. S. Marines, 2½ years. Member of Nazareth Lutheran Church, Accountants Association of Iowa, Rotary, and Cedar Falls Chamber of Commerce. Second term.





**DODERER, Minnette — Iowa City
District 74
Democrat**

Born in Holland, Iowa, on May 16, 1923, daughter of Sophie and John Frerichs. Graduated from East High, Waterloo. B.A. (economics), University of Iowa. Married Fred Doderer, 1944. One son and one daughter. Member, Iowa House, 1964-68, and Iowa Senate, 1969-78 (president pro tempore, 1975-76). Served on Iowa Health Facilities Commission; visiting professor at Stephens College, Columbia, Mo., and at Iowa State University, Ames. Member: First Methodist Church; Women's Equity Action League; Business and Professional Women; Board of Fellows, Iowa State University of Religion; Board of Iowa Children and Family Services; and Iowa Civil Liberties Union. Honorary member of Delta Kappa Gamma. Inducted into the Iowa Women's Hall of Fame, 1979.



**EGENES, Sonja Carlsen — Story City
District 43
Republican**

Born Oct. 19, 1930, in St. Paul, daughter of the Rev. Samuel and Lillian Querna Carlsen. Attended St. Olaf College, S.U.I. and I.S.U. B.S., 1951. Graduate study, I.S.U. Fulbright Scholar, political history, Oslo, Norway. Taught government, I.S.U., 1960-62. Married John Stark Egenes, 1948. Son, Jay. Former director, Iowa Metropolitan Opera Auditions; Tax Study Division; "Ideas For a Better Iowa," Landscape Critics Council. Member: Ames International Orchestra Festival Association, Iowa Women's Political Caucus, Federation of Republican Women, Federated Women's Club Commissioner on Education Commission of the States. Phi Kappa Phi and Omicron Nu honoraries. Lutheran. Sixth term.



**GETTINGS, Don E. — Ottumwa
District 90
Democrat**

Born in Wapello County on Nov. 21, 1923, son of Thomas and Sabina Gettings. Graduated from Ottumwa High School, 1942. Married Beverly Gustavison in Ottumwa, 1947. Two children: Greg and Melinda. Employee of John Deere for 35 years as a machine repairman. National delegate to the Democratic Convention in New York City, 1976. Member of board of directors of John Deere Credit Union, Local 74; U.A.W.; Eagles Lodge #114; and St. Patrick's Catholic Church. Third term.

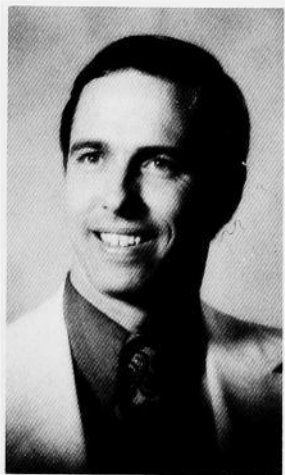
GROSS, L.W. Joe — Mt. Ayr
District 94
 Republican

L.W. Joe Gross, 55, of Mt. Ayr. Owner and administrator of a nursing home. Born Ft. Morgan, Colo. Graduated from Arispe High School in 1943; 250 hours continuing education in administration. Served in the U.S. Navy during World War II. Methodist. Member of Masonic Lodge, Des Moines Consistory, Shrine, Eastern Star, American Legion, VFW, Farm Bureau. Vice president, Iowa Health Care Association. Wife, Helen; two daughters, one son. First term.



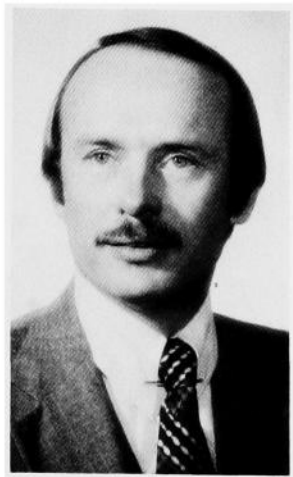
GROTH, Richard Lee — Albert City
District 6
 Democrat

Born in Storm Lake on March 18, 1946, son of Chris and Florence Groth. Attended Newell-Providence Elementary School. Graduated from Alta Community High School, 1964. B.A. in American government, Iowa State, 1968. M.A., in guidance and counseling, University of Northern Iowa, 1971. Educator and counselor since 1968. Married Susan Wilson of Sac City in 1965. Children: Kristine and Randy. Member, Evangelical Free Church, Iowa State Education Association, Iowa Personnel and Guidance Association, Farm Bureau, Storm Lake Board of Realtors, and Albert City Jaycees. Second term.



HALL, Hurley W. — Marion
District 29
 Democrat

Born July 4, 1935, in Oxford Junction, son of Harold and Norma Hall. Graduated from Oxford Junction High School, 1952. Two years in U. S. Army and two years in Iowa National Guard. Engineer for Northwestern Bell Telephone Company, 28 years. Member, Marion City Council, eight years. Married Madelyne Celandia of Ottumwa, 1958. Children: Todd, Tracy and Trisha. Member of St. Joseph's Catholic Church of Marion and Marion Democratic Club. Past member of Communication Workers of America, Local 7101; and past chairman, Marion Planning and Zoning Commission. Second term.





HALVORSON, Rod — Fort Dodge
District 46
 Democrat

Born in Appleton, Minn., on Dec. 23, 1949, son of Hjalmer and Leona Halvorson. Graduated Appleton High School, 1967. Public administration intern at the University of Minnesota, 1970. B.A. in business administration at Moorhead State University, 1971. Graduate studies in Community and Regional Planning at North Dakota State University, 1972. Fort Dodge realtor, and former district manager for Congressman Berkley Bedell. Campaign organizer for Bedell, 1972-78. Executive director, Pipestone Chamber of Commerce, 1973. Member of the Iowa Democratic State Central Committee, 6th Congressional District. Member of the United Church of Christ, Kiwanis, Elks and Sons of Norway. Second term.



HALVORSON, Roger A. — Monona
District 17
 Republican

Born at Waterville, Iowa, on Feb. 12, 1934, son of Victory and Ruby Halvorson. Graduated Waterville High School, 1951. B.S., Upper Iowa University, 1955. Taught at Luana High School, 1955-56. Insurance and real estate sales. Married Connie Rohde, 1955. Four children: Tracey, Rogeta, Jay and Lisa. Elected majority floor leader, 68th General Assembly; assistant majority floor leader, 69th General Assembly. Fourth term.



HANSEN, Ingwer L. — Hartley
District 3
 Republican

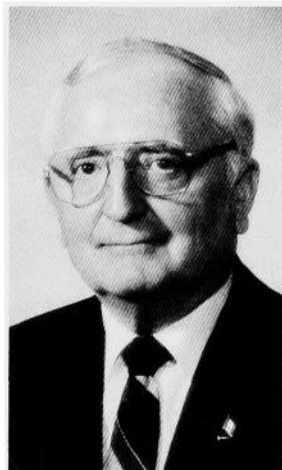
Born Aug. 8, 1912, in Hartley. Graduated Hartley High School, 1930. Retired from U. S. Postal Service, 1972. Secretary, Hartley Chamber of Commerce, 1940-72. Married Patricia Greenlee, 1939. One son, two daughters. Served in Army, World War II. Past post and district commander, American Legion. Served as president and director of Hartley Community Memorial Hospital, 1958-76. Served 11 years as president of O'Brien County Board of Education. Director of Handicap Village, Sheldon. Member: United Church of Christ, American Legion, Masonic Orders, Order of the Eastern Star, Shrine, Farm Bureau and IRLCA. Assistant majority floor leader. Fifth term.

HANSON, Darrell R. — Manchester**District 18****Republican**

Born in Astoria, Ore., Aug. 8, 1954, son of Robert and DeLauris Hanson. Graduated from Central Community High School of Elkader, 1972. Attended University of Kansas, 1972-73. B.G.S., *With High Distinction*, University of Iowa, 1976. Alternate delegate, 1976 Republican National Convention. Research analyst, Senate minority caucus staff, 1977. District representative for Lutheran Brotherhood, 1978. Married Janet Clark of Des Moines, June 21, 1980. Member: First Lutheran Church, Izaak Walton League, Manchester Jaycees, Delaware County Farm Bureau, Society for the Preservation of Bluegrass Music of America, Iowa Children's and Family Services. Second term.

**HARBOR, William H. — Henderson****District 97****Republican**

Born in Henderson on Oct. 28, 1920, son of Ora L. and Pearl Harbor. Graduated from high school in 1938. B.A., University of Iowa, 1943. Owner-operator of grain elevator. World War II, Naval lieutenant, three years. Henderson city councilman, 1950-54 and 1964-66. Henderson city mayor, 1977-80. State senator, 1957-61. Iowa House speaker, 1969-73 and 1980. Iowa House speaker pro-tempore, 1979. Iowa House chief clerk, 1973-74. State Heart Fund chairman, 1976-77. Board member, National Gasohol Commission. Board member, Big Brothers-Big Sisters, Des Moines. Member: Masons and Henderson Fire Department. Ninth term.

**HOFFMAN, Betty A. — Muscatine****District 75****Republican**

Born in Wanatah, Ind., on Dec. 1, 1921, daughter of LeRoy and Mary Black. Graduated from Wanatah High School and Indiana State University. Taught school in Indiana. Married the late Kenneth S. Hoffman, 1946. Two sons, one daughter. Member: Wesley United Methodist Church, Phoenix Federated Club, Iowa Women's Political Caucus, Farm Bureau and League of Women Voters. Third term.





**HOLT, Lee W. — Spencer
District 4
Republican**

Born in La Salle County, Ill., Aug. 30, 1909, son of Peter and Anna Holt. Graduated from Ottosen High School, 1927. Graduated from American Institute of Business in Des Moines, 1936. Member, Iowa Drivers License Division and Iowa Highway Patrol, 1937-46. In automobile business since 1946. Married Dorothy Van Buskirk of Ottosen, 1937. Two daughters and one son. Time magazine Quality Dealer Award for Iowa, 1972. Spencer Citizen of the Year, 1977. Northwood Institute Award, 1978. Member: First English Lutheran Church, Spencer Rotary, Spencer Chamber of Commerce, Spencer Industries Foundation, Iowa Automobile Dealers Association, Fellows of Augustana College. Board chairman, St. Luke Lutheran Home. Second term.



**HORN, Wally E. — Cedar Rapids
District 28
Democrat**

Born Nov. 28, 1933, in Bloomfield, son of Lyle and LaRetta Horn. Graduated Bloomfield High School, 1952. B.S., Northeastern Missouri State Teachers College, 1958; M.A., 1962. Graduate work, Texas A & M and University of Iowa. Teacher and coach, Jefferson Senior High. Children: Julie and Gregory. In U. S. Army, 1953-55. Member, Christian Church. Past president, Kiwanis and Cedar Rapids Education Association. Cedar Rapids Kids League Baseball board member. Former board president, Linn County Historical and Museum Association. Legion member; past member, Democratic State Finance Committee; former Linn County Democratic Central committeeman. Fifth term.



**HOWELL, Rollin K. — Marble Rock
District 13
Democrat**

Born March 24, 1929, at Rockford, son of Floyd K. and Ella M. Howell. Graduated Mason City High School, 1947. Married Joyce E. Stiles, 1950. Children, Barbara J., Steven K. and David M. Served in Army Corps of Engineers during Korean Conflict, 17 months overseas. Self-employed farmer since 1954. Served as precinct committeeman, county chairman and 4-H leader, 10 years. Member: American Legion, S.A.R., Floyd County, National Historical Societies, Common Cause, and Lion's. Methodist. Fifth term.

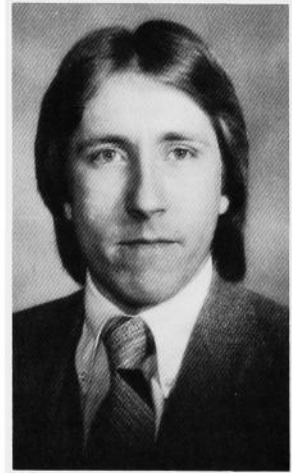
HUMMEL, Perry Kyle — Vinton
District 31
 Republican

Born July 23, 1935, Woodbury County, Iowa, son of Perry J. and Mary Paisley Hummel. Graduate Vinton High School, 1953. U. S. Army, 1953-55. Married Shirley R. Schrenk, 1955; six children. Construction business in Vinton, real estate appraisers. Past president, Iowa Land Improvement Contractors Association; past president, Vinton Jaycees; past chairman, Benton County Republicans. Elder, Presbyterian Church. Vinton Development Corp., Masonic Lodge, Lions Club, American Legion, Farm Bureau, Chamber of Commerce. Second term.



JAY, Daniel J. — Centerville
District 93
 Democrat

Born in Centerville on May 13, 1954, son of Elvin and Ferne Jay. Graduated from Moulton-Udell Community School, 1972. B.A., Drake University, 1975. J.D., Drake University, 1979. Associate, Drake Law Office, a three-member Centerville firm. Member: Moulton United Methodist Church, Elks and Centerville Jaycees. Phi Beta Kappa. Single. Second term.



JOCHUM, Thomas J. — Dubuque
District 19
 Democrat

Born in Dubuque on Dec. 25, 1951. Graduated from Wahlert High School, and attended Loras College. Employed at Deere and Co. Member of United Auto Workers. Former editor of UAW #94 News. Former campaign staffer, Kennedy for President Committee. Former campaign organizer for Iowa Democratic Party. Member of Americans for Democratic Action and Sacred Heart Parish. Roman Catholic. Wife, Mary Pam; daughter, Sarah Noel. Fourth term.





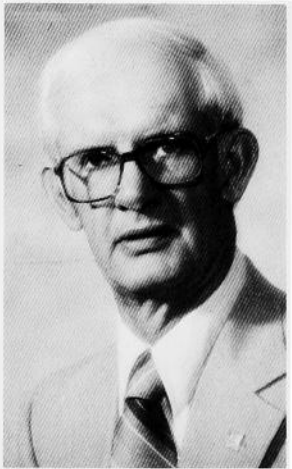
JOHNSON, Jim — Elma
District 14
 Republican

Born Jan. 21, 1939. Wife, Evelyn; two sons, Steven and Mikel. Graduated Elma High School and University of Northern Iowa. Member, St. Peters Lutheran Church, Elma; part owner, grocery store; crop adjuster. Second term. Chairman, House Administration Committee. Serves on Education, Judiciary and Law Enforcement, Rules and State Departments Subcommittee for Appropriations.



JOHNSON, Robert M. L. — Cedar Rapids
District 26
 Republican

Born Jan. 6, 1921, Des Moines, son of Max L. and Nell Johnson. Educated Cedar Rapids schools; Coe College, three years. Married Edna Mae Haldy, Cedar Rapids, 1941. One son, one daughter. Marketing manager, Videa Ltd.; partner, Modern Marketing and Management; real estate salesman; trustee, AEIT. Former Cedar Rapids safety commissioner and mayor; city manager, Marion; Iowa candidate for 2nd District congressman, 1966; legislative reporter for WMT stations; and *Waterloo Courier* reporter. Member, Kenwood Presbyterian Church. Recipient of Distinguished Service Award (Sales Executive Club); DeMolay Legion of Honor; Upper Case Award; Optimist Recognition Award; and Boss of the Year, ABWA. Past president, UCS. Past chairman, large cities group, Iowa League of Municipalities; Governor's Commission, State and Local Government. Author of articles on government. World War II infantry officer. First term.

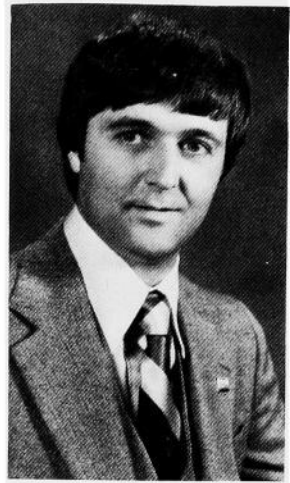


JOHNSON, Warren — Sloan
District 52
 Republican

Born in Huron, S.D., on June 11, 1922, son of Warren and Ruth Johnson. Graduated Sioux City Central High School. Attended Grinnell and Morningside colleges. Farmer since 1951. Married Mariellen Rifenburg of Sioux City, 1947. Three sons and two daughters. Served in Army during World War II, three years. Member, past moderator and deacon, United Congregational Church. Served as president of Sioux City Jaycees, Woodbury County Farm Bureau, Woodbury Extension Council, Pork Producers; and secretary, Iowa Pork Producers. Member, State Extension Advisory Council. President, Sloan Consolidated, Westwood Community and Woodbury County schools. Present chairman, AEA 12. Second term.

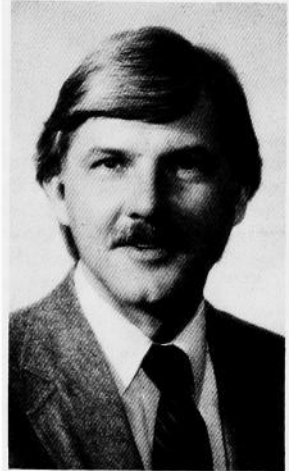
KIRKENSLAGER, Larry K. — Burlington
District 84
 Republican

Born in Burlington on Aug. 6, 1944, son of Troxel E. and Lela. Graduated from Stronghurst High School in Illinois. Two years junior college at Southeastern Community College. Electrician for 13 years. Wife, Teresa; daughters: Kristi and Julie. Served in U. S. Navy for three years. Member: American Legion, Knights of Columbus, Elks, Ducks Unlimited, Eagles and St. John Catholic Church. Second term.



KREWSON, Lyle R. — Urbandale
District 59
 Republican

Born in Delta, Oct. 27, 1943, son of Kermit and Lucille Krewson. Graduated Van Horne High School, 1961. B.A., University of Iowa, 1967. Worked in politics since 1968. One son. Member of U. S. Army Reserves since 1968. Received George Washington Honor Medal Award, Freedoms Foundation, 1972. Member: United Methodist Church. Chairman, Corrections/Mental Health Appropriations Subcommittee. Third term.



LAGESCHULTE, Ray A. — Waverly
District 37
 Republican

Born Aug. 2, 1922, in Bremer County, son of Frank and Sarah Lageschulte. Graduated Waverly High School, 1941. Married Virginia Koefoed, 1945. Children: Donna, Cordell, David, Teri George. Life-long Bremer County farmer. Member, Methodist Church and Waverly Chamber of Commerce. Past president and voting delegate of Farm Bureau; former board member of Bremer Co-op Creamery, Bremer Fair Board and the Bremer County Board of Adjustment. Fourth term.





LIND, Thomas A. — Waterloo
District 33
 Republican

Born in Burlington, June 29, 1918, son of John A. and Amanda A. Lind. Graduated Burlington High School, 1936. B.A., University of Iowa, 1940; M.A., 1947. Teacher, coach and administrator in public and non-public schools in Waterloo since 1947. Director, Lind Bros. Motors Ltd. Married Barbara Jean Schupp of Burlington, 1944. Five sons and one daughter. Three years, World War II. Overseas European theater, 2½ years. Past vice president of board of directors, Waterloo Community Schools. Former member of board of directors, AEA 7, and past officer and board member of Iowa high school athletic directors. Former officer and board member, Blackhawk Officials Association and Big Five Athletic Conference. Member, St. Joseph Catholic Church. Life-time teacher's certificate. Third term.



LLOYD-JONES, Jean Hall — Iowa City
District 73
 Democrat

Born in Washington, D.C., Oct. 14, 1929, daughter of Lucille Thurston and John Emerson Hall. Attended public schools in Carrizozo and Albuquerque, New Mexico. B.S., Northwestern University, 1951. M.A., University of Iowa, 1971. Married Richard Lloyd-Jones, 1951. One daughter and three sons. President, League of Women Voters of Iowa, 1971-75; member, Iowa 2000 state planning committee, 1972-74; chair, Iowa Committee for International Women's Year, 1977; member, Governor's Task Force on Governmental Ethics, 1977. Member: Trinity Episcopal Church, Business and Professional Women, Civil Liberties Union, Common Cause, League of Women Voters, National Organization for Women, The Nature Conservancy, U.N. Association, Women's Equity Action League, and Women's Political Caucus. Second term.



LONERGAN, Joyce — Boone
District 44
 Democrat

Born March 5, 1934, near Belle Plaine in Benton County, daughter of Robert and Fannie Duda Jacobi. Graduated Boone High School, 1952. Attended Boone Junior College. Widow of Paul Lonergan. Two sons and two daughters. Member, Sacred Heart Catholic Church and Altar Society. Served two years as international affairs chairman of Sioux City Diocese Council of Catholic Women; past president of Boone County Church Women United; and past president of Home-School Association. Served two terms as secretary for Boone County, Democratic Central Committee; winner of 1977 Soroptimists "Women Helping Women" award. Member, Farm Bureau, Boone County Historical Society. Fourth term.



MANN, Karen — Scranton
District 55
 Republican

Born in Fairbanks, Alaska, July 26, 1948, daughter of Karl and Beatrice Swanson. Graduated from Princeton High School, Princeton, Minn., 1965. B.A., Dickinson State College, 1971. Employed in private sector since 1971. Married Randolph Mann, 1969; one daughter. Member, Pleasant Ridge Community Church.



MAULSBY, Ruhl — Rockwell City
District 47
 Republican

Born in Rockwell City, Oct. 18, 1923, son of Irvin and Eva Maulsby. Attended Garfield Township grade schools. Graduated from Rockwell City High School, 1940. Married Mary Ellen Bawden, 1944. Two sons and two daughters, all married. Owner-operator of livestock farm since 1948. Member of United Methodist Church and Iowa Property Taxpayers Association. Past president and voting delegate of county Farm Bureau. Member: Cattleman's Association, Pork Producers, Soybean Association, Iowa Corn Growers, and People United for Rural Education. Former member of the Rockwell City School Board, the Rockwell City Exposition Board, and the Calhoun County Compensation Board. Second term.



McKEAN, Andy — Morley
District 23
 Republican

Born June 23, 1949, son of Lloyd and Elly Mayer McKean. Educated in public schools in Greenburgh, N.Y. B.S., State University of New York at Oneonta, 1971. M.C.P., University of Rhode Island, 1974. J.D., University of Iowa, 1977. Graduate school instructor at the University of Iowa. Lawyer with offices in Morley, Iowa. Square dance caller with the Scotch Grove Pioneers. Member of the Morley Faith United Methodist Church, Jones County Farm Bureau, Jones County Historical Society, and Knights of Pythias. McKean's great-grandfather, Judge John McKean, also represented Jones County in the Iowa Legislature. Second term.



MENKE, Lester D. — Calumet
District 5
 Republican

Born Dec. 16, 1918, in O'Brien County, son of Ernest and Clara Menke. Graduated Calumet High School, 1936. B.A., Morningside College, 1940. One year law school, University of Iowa. Married Kathlyn Kolp, 1941. Children: David, Daniel, Timothy, Anne and Sarah. Farmed 31 years near Calumet, farm owner. Insurance agency. Member of United Church of Christ and Masonic Lodge. Served on public school boards for more than 20 years. Former member of board of directors of Iowa Association of School Boards and State Board of Public Instruction — president two years. Former director, National Association of State Boards of Education. Served on Iowa Educational Radio and Television Facilities Board. Currently serving on board of directors at Morningside College. Fifth term. Speaker pro tempore, 69th General Assembly.



MILLER, Kenneth D. — Independence
District 32
 Democrat

Born Dec. 31, 1925, in Oelwein, son of Lawrence and Margaret Miller. Attended Oelwein schools, A.F.I. School of Engineering, F.M.F. Management School. Former owner-operator of retail milk and dairy products route for 17 years. Currently, owner of mobile home court. Married Shirley Gates, 1947; three sons: Larry, Allen and Joel. In World War II, served in Marine Corps in the Pacific theater. Member: V.F.W., American Legion and Buchanan County Wild Life. Served as township school director, 4-H leader, D.H.I.A. supervisor, township A.S.C. chairman, and chairman of Buchanan County Democratic Central Committee. Fifth term. Serving on Agriculture, Appropriations, Ways and Means, Claims, Human Resources, and Appropriation Subcommittee of Human Resources.



MULLINS, Sue B. — Corwith
District 7
 Republican

Born in Denver, Colo., June 18, 1936, daughter of Laurence C. and Helen M. Blunt. Graduated from Evanston Township High School, Evanston, Ill. B.S., Iowa State University, 1967. Married James A. Mullins, 1956. Two sons, one daughter. Free lance writer for farm publications. Involved in State Planning Committee, Iowa 2000 Phase II; State Advisory Council, Community Betterment and Continuing Education; and Dean's Advisory Council, I.S.U. College of Agriculture. Member: American Association of University Women, United Methodist Church, Kossuth County Farm Bureau, and Iowa Women's Political Caucus. Second term.

**NORLAND, Lowell E. — Kensett
District 12
Democrat**

Born Aug. 14, 1931, in Mason City, son of Norman and Aletta Norland. Graduated from Kensett High School, 1949. Attended University of Northern Iowa, 1949-51. Farmer since 1951. Part-time tax consultant, 1962-72. Married Donna Kingland, 1951. Three sons, one daughter and two grandsons. Charter member, Worth County Extension Council; past president, Kensett Lions Club; former chairman, Worth County Democrats. Member, Elks Creek Lutheran Church. Father was a member of the Iowa House during 1940s. Fifth term.



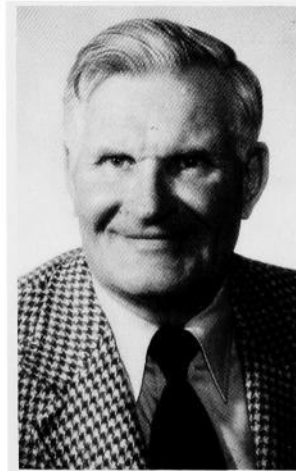
**O'KANE, James D. — Sioux City
District 50
Democrat**

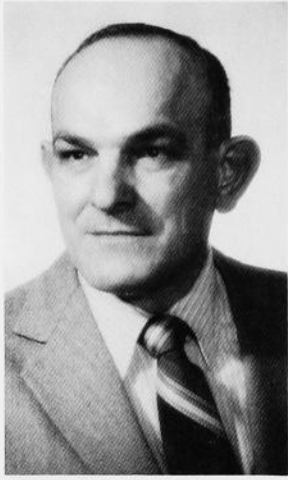
Born Sept. 28, 1951, in Sioux City. Graduated Heelan High School, 1969. Graduated Briar Cliff College, 1976. Married Linda Kay Whitmer, 1974. Son, Daniel Patrick, born in 1980. Member: Sierra Club, NAACP, National Wildlife Federation, St. Boniface Men's Club, Woodbury County Democratic Club, Iowa Boundary Commission, and Commission on Professional and Occupational Regulation. Second term.



**OXLEY, Myron B. "Mike" — Marion
District 30
Democrat**

Myron Oxley, 58, of Marion, is a livestock and grain farmer. Graduate of Marion High School. Member: A.F. & A.M. Lodge No. 6, R.A.M. No. 10, and three co-operatives. Democratic committeeman for Marion Township, 20 years. Served in the 61st General Assembly. Methodist. Wife, Jean; one daughter, one son. Fourth term.





**PAVICH, Emil S. — Council Bluffs
District 99
Democrat**

Born July 30, 1931, in Council Bluffs, son of Guy and Josephine (Pavelich) Pavich. Graduated from Thomas Jefferson High School, 1949. U. S. Army, 1952-54. Employee of Kellogg Company. Member of Grain Millers Local-50, Central-Labor Union and Southside Neighborhood Organization. Pottawattamie County Democratic chairman, 1966-74. Member: County Democratic Committee; and American Political, Items Collectors; Pottawattamie County and State Historical Societies. Catholic. Fourth term.



**PELETT, Wendell C. — Atlantic
District 95
Republican**

Born March 15, 1917, in Cass County. Graduated Atlantic High School. Attended Iowa State University. Past member, Atlantic Community School Board. Served Atlantic Methodist Church board. Iowa Master Farmer, 1961. Member, Lions Club. Former district governor, Lions International. Served five years as trustee, Iowa Lions Sight Conservation Foundation. Past member of State Advisory Extension Council. Outstanding Iowa State University Alumni for Cass County, 1967. Past district commissioner, Cass County Soil Conservation. Past director, Iowa Association of Soil Conservation District Commissioners. Member, State Soil Conservation Committee, eight years. Married Haleen Judd. One daughter, one son. Sixth term.

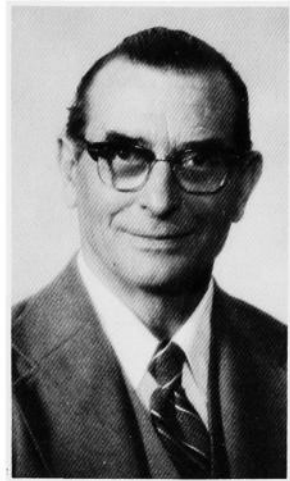


**PELTON, John — Clinton
District 77
Republican**

Born in Clinton on June 16, 1946, son of Charles H. and Rosanna Pelton. Graduated Clinton High School, 1964. B.A., University of Iowa, 1968. J.D., University of Iowa, 1973. M.A., University of Iowa, 1979. Student body president, University of Iowa, 1967-68. U. S. Army, 1969-70. Park ranger, Yellowstone National Park. Member: First Presbyterian Church, Izaak Walton League, Clinton County Farm Bureau, Audubon Society, World Wildlife Fund, Ducks Unlimited, and Cousteau Society. Chairman, House Energy Committee, 1981-82. Third term.

PETRICK, George E. — Mt. Vernon
District 25
 Republican

Born in Mt. Vernon on Nov. 9, 1917, son of Frank and Jennie Petrick. Attended grade schools near Mt. Vernon. Graduated from Mt. Vernon High School, 1935. Farmed in Mt. Vernon area since 1937. Married Joanne Lnenicka of Cedar Rapids, 1943. Sons, Larry and John; daughters, Diana and Kathryn. Four grandchildren. Foreman, Allis Chalmers Farm Equipment business, 1959. Served on Mt. Vernon Chamber of Commerce and Lisbon-Mt. Vernon Rotary Club. Member: Presbyterian Church, Masonic Lodge, Eastern Star, Linn County Farm Bureau, and Iowa Retail Farm Equipment Association. Served on Linn County Zoning Commission. First term.



POFFENBERGER, Virginia J. — Perry
District 57
 Republican

Born in Perry, Nov. 12, 1934, daughter of Charles and Loraine Joy. Graduated from Perry High School, 1953. B.S., Iowa State University, 1957; J.D., Drake University Law School, 1978. Married Richard Poffenberger in 1957. Children: Elizabeth, Thomas and James. Currently a lawyer in private practice. Member of Methodist Church; American, Iowa and Dallas County Bar Associations; P.E.O.; Business and Professional Women; Dallas County Women's Political Caucus; and Dallas County Farm Bureau. Second term.



PONCY, Charles N. — Ottumwa
District 89
 Democrat

Born March 2, 1922, in Wapello County, son of Charles F. and Elsie McDonough Ponce. Graduated Ottumwa High School, 1940. Married Naomi L. McCrory, 1942; sons: Charles N. and Paul David. Lutheran. Served in World War II. Uncertified school employee and low rent housing commissioner. Secretary, Local 1141 and Ottumwa Labor Council. President, Wapello County Advisory Committee. Director, School Employee Credit Union. Member: N.A.A.C.P., Izaak Walton, Higher Education Facilities Commission, A.F.S.C. and M.E., New Frontier Club, American Legion, and Elks. Sixth term.





POPE, Lawrence E. — Des Moines
District 65
 Republican

Born in Rockford, Ill., on Feb. 29, 1940, son of James and Lorraine Pope. Graduated from Roosevelt High School in Des Moines. B.A., Drake University, 1967. J.D., Drake University Law School, 1967. L.L.M., New York University Law School, 1968. Professor of Law at Drake University Law School since 1973, teaching Constitutional Law, Administrative Law and Labor Law. Counsel to law firm of Belin, Harris, Helmick and Lovrien since 1974. Married Dianne Mahlock of Onawa in 1965. Elected majority floor leader, 69th General Assembly. Second term.



RAPP, Stephen J. — Waterloo
District 34
 Democrat

Born in Waterloo on Jan. 26, 1949, son of S. John and Beverly Rapp. Married to Dolly Maier on Jan. 3, 1981. Attended Cedar Falls public schools. Graduated from Cedar Falls High School, 1967. B.A. (*cum laude*), Harvard College, 1971. Attended Columbia Law School, 1971-72. J.D. (with honors), Drake University Law School, 1973. Member, Order of the Coif. Democratic nominee, U.S. House of Representatives, 3rd District, 1974 and 1976. Counsel to Majority Caucus, Iowa House, 1975. Chairman, Citizens' Committee on Tax Reform, 1975-76. Member, Iowa Compensation Commission, 1976-78. Staff director and counsel, U.S. Senate Juvenile Delinquency Subcommittee, 1977-78. Delegate and member of Rules Committee, 1980 Democratic National Convention. Attorney, Rapp & Gilliam, P.C., Waterloo and Des Moines. Methodist. Third term.



RENAUD, Dennis L. — Altoona
District 63
 Democrat

Born in Des Moines on Oct. 25, 1942, son of Raymond and Carroll Renaud. Attended Altoona public schools, graduated 1960. Attended Waterloo Barber College, 1960-61. Certified emergency medical technician. Des Moines Fire Department, 11 years; barber business, 20 years. Wife, Diane Sue. Children: Jackie, Jim and Billy. Attend Altoona Christian Church. Member: Altoona Chamber of Commerce (past board member), Lions, Elks and Local #4 Des Moines Professional Firefighters. Attended Hawkeye Boys State, 1959. Served three years on Altoona City Council. Appointed to Committee of Intergovernmental Relations and Finance, National League of Cities, 1979-80. First term.

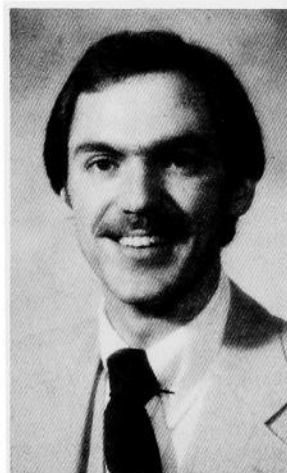
RENKEN, Robert H. — Aplington
District 38
 Republican

Born in Grundy County on Sept. 25, 1922, son of Renke H. and Bertha Renken. Graduated Grundy Center High School. Married Patricia Ann Cavanaugh. One son, Jeff. Livestock-grain farmer. President, Austinville Feeder Pig Corp. Served U.S. Army Air Corp during World War II. Former zone manager, International Harvester Co., Portland, Ore. Past state commander, Iowa Department of American Veterans of World War II and Korea. National executive committee member and chairman, Amvets' National Americanism Council. Past president, Grundy County Farm Bureau. Served on Grundy County Zoning Commission, Zoning Board of Adjustment, Farmers' Home Administration Board, and Veteran Affairs Commission. Grundy County Republican chairman, four years. Grundy County Board of Supervisors, three years. Member: Lutheran Church, Farm Bureau, Amvets, American Hereford Association, Beef Producers, and Pork Producers. Elected to the House in 1979 special election.



RITSEMA, Douglas J. — Orange City
District 2
 Republican

Born in Holland, Mich., on Dec. 28, 1952, son of Herbert and Jeanne Ritsema. Graduated from Maurice-Orange City High School, 1971. B.A. in mathematics (magna cum laude), Northwestern College, 1975. J.D. (with distinction), University of Iowa, 1978. Past president of Sigma Tau. In *Who's Who in American Colleges and Universities*. House intern, 1977. Member Reformed Church in America, American Bar Association, Iowa State Bar Association, Orange City Chamber of Commerce, and Confidential Records Council. Second term.



RUNNING, Richard V. — Cedar Rapids
District 27
 Democrat

Born Jan. 22, 1946, in New Rockford, N.D., son of Vernon E. and Lucille M. Running. Graduated from Cashton High School, Cashton, Wisc., 1964. B.S., University of Wisconsin-LaCrosse, 1973. Interned in urban-regional planning, Minneapolis, Minn. Served in U.S. Navy, 1966-68. Vietnam veteran. Married Joan A. Meighan of Cedar Rapids in 1968. Children: Elizabeth, Stefanie and Kirsten. Former executive board member and organizational representative for United Food and Commercial Workers Local 3-P. Past chairman for Iowa 2nd District Committee on Political Education. Field representative/labor liaison for former U.S. Congressman Mike Blouin. Employed as a quality assurance technologist for Wilson Foods Corp. Member of St. Patrick's Catholic Church, Iowa Farm-Labor Coalition, Eagles, Veterans of Foreign Wars, and American Legion. First term.





SCHNEKLOTH, Hugo A. — Eldridge
District 78
 Republican

Born at Eldridge on April 24, 1923, son of Hugo W. and Sophia Schnekloth. Graduated Davenport High School, 1940. Farmer and president, Schnekloth Farms Inc. Married Mildred Blunk, 1947. Children: John and Doris. Public member of Eminent Domain Study Committee of Iowa state Legislature, 1969-70. Member: St. Paul Lutheran Church, Kiwanis, Grange, Farm Bureau and Iowa Cattlemen's Association. Director of Central Scott Telephone Company. Former 4-H leader, township clerk, president and voting delegate to Scott County Farm Bureau, and chairman of IFBF Beef Advisory Committee. Represented Iowa on AFBF Beef Cattle Committee. Third term.



SCHROEDER, Laverne — McClelland
District 98
 Republican

Born April 14, 1933, near McClelland, son of Emil and Emma Schroeder. Graduate of Treynor High School, 1952. Korean War Veteran, 1953-55. Completed three-year agriculture and record-keeping course under GI Bill. Member: Farm Bureau, Pottawattamie County Cattle Feeders Association, National Livestock Feeders Association, and American Legion. Former township trustee. Married Donna Jean Novotny, 1960. Daughters: Vicki, Rita, Jean, Nancy and Sandra. Member of St. Patrick's Catholic Church, Council Bluffs. Seventh term.

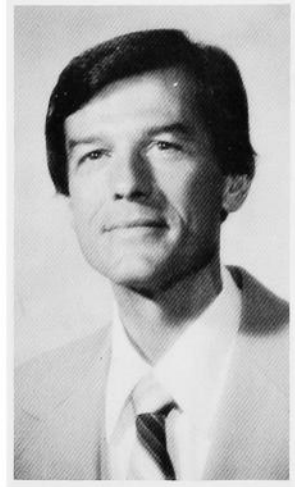


SHIMANEK, Nancy J. — Monticello
District 22
 Republican

Born Dec. 1, 1947, in Monticello. Graduated from Sacred Heart High School, Monticello. B.A., Clarke College, 1970; J.D., University of Iowa, College of Law, 1973. Law clerk, Iowa Supreme Court, 1973-74; assistant attorney general, 1974-76. Currently a lawyer in private practice. Member: American Bar Association, Iowa State Bar Association, Jones County Bar Association, Iowa Women's Political Caucus, Business and Professional Women, American Legion Auxiliary, and Iowa Federation of Republican Women. Single, Catholic. Third term.

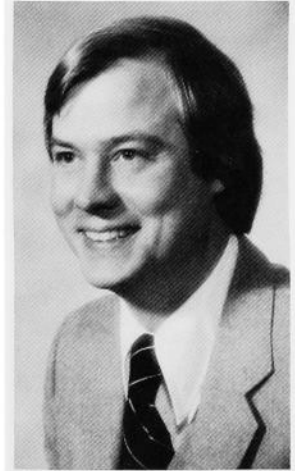
**SHULL, Douglas K. — Indianola
District 92
Republican**

Born in Sac City on Jan. 14, 1943, son of Arlo C. and Mary I. Shull. Graduated from Sac Community High School in 1961. Attended University of Iowa, 1962-63; B.S., University of South Dakota, 1965. Certified public accountant since 1970. Married Carol Madison of Sac City in 1965. One son and one daughter. Member of First United Methodist Church, American Institute of CPA's, Iowa Society of CPA's, and Kiwanis. Second term.



**SMALLEY, Douglas R. — Des Moines
District 60
Republican**

Born in Centralia, Wash., on Jan. 21, 1946, son of Ralph and Irene Smalley. Graduated from Perry High School in 1964. B.A., University of Iowa, 1968. J.D., Drake University Law, 1971. Assistant attorney general, Iowa Department of Justice, 1971-76. Married Bonnie Vossberg of Shell Rock, 1973. One daughter, Krista. Attends First Federated Church. Member, Iowa Bar Association and American Bar Association. Third term.



**SMITH, Jo — Davenport
District 79
Republican**

Born in Columbus Junction, Sept. 24, 1926, daughter of H. Lee and Juanita Huston. Graduated Columbus Junction High School, 1944. Attended University of Iowa. Married Marshall Smith of Columbus Junction, 1945. Three daughters. Member, St. John's United Methodist Church. Past president: Davenport Jaycettes, Fairmount Pre-school for Multi-handicapped, Friendly House, and River Bend and Mississippi Valley Girl Scout Councils. Member, United Neighborhood Centers of America, board of directors. First term.





SPEAR, Clay R. — Burlington
District 85
 Democrat

Born June 23, 1916, in Davenport, son of Ralph and Bertha Spear. Graduated Davenport High School, 1934. B.A., Saint Ambrose, 1941. M.A., Drake University, 1973. Postal clerk at Davenport, 1935-42. Postal inspector, 1945-66 at Huron, S.D.; Hannibal, Mo.; and Burlington. Postal service officer at Des Moines, 1966 until retirement in 1971. Married Dorothy Trout, 1940. Children: Diantha, Jonathan and Ann. Member: Presbyterian Church, League of Women Voters, NAACP, Common Cause, A.A.R.P., National Association of Retired Federal Employees, Saint Ambrose and Drake Alumni. Member, North Lee County, Des Moines County, and Iowa Historical Societies. Fourth term.



STROMER, Delwyn — Garner
District 9
 Republican

Born April 22, 1930, in Garner, son of Aaron and Ruby Stromer. Graduated from Garner High School, 1947. Korean veteran, 1953-55; Army reserves, 1951-53 and 1955-59. Member: United Church of Christ, American Legion, Farm Bureau, Lions and 4-H club leader. Former treasurer and vice president, Hancock County Farm Bureau. Married Harriet J. Ostendorf, 1950. Children: Linda, Randy (deceased), Pamela and David. Selected vice chairman of the Education Task Force of the National Conference of State Legislatures. Presently on executive committee of the National Conference of State Legislatures. Assistant majority floor leader in the 65th General Assembly and assistant minority floor leader in the 66th and 67th assemblies. Speaker pro tempore, 68th General Assembly. Speaker of the House, 69th General Assembly. Eighth term.

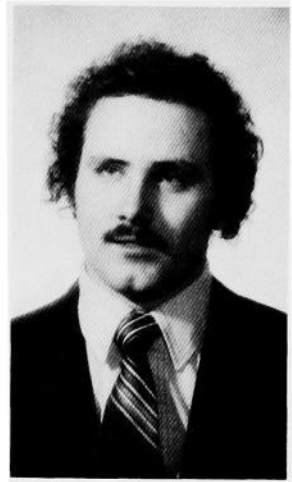


STUELAND, Vic — Grand Mound
District 24
 Republican

Born in Vinton, on March 17, 1920. Member of the Iowa Natural Resources Council, director of Iowa Cattleman's Association, vice chair of Iowa Beef Industry Council, and chair of the Tri-State Health Planning Commission. Member: Farm Bureau and Faith Lutheran Church. Wife, Evelyn; two children: Mrs. Lauren "Linda" Hansen and John (U.S.A.F.-deceased). Member, Izaak Walton League and Lions. Member of the board of directors of the First Central State Bank. First term.

STURGEON, Al — Sioux City
District 51
 Democrat

Born in Sioux City, on Feb. 14, 1956, son of Harold A. and Opal. Graduated from Sioux City East High School and Morningside College (*summa cum laude*). Previously employed as a consultant for the Northwest Regional Library, and production worker at Continental Baking Co. for 6½ years. Member, Baker and Confectionery Workers Union. Member of Woodbury County Democratic Central Committee since 1976. Member, Citizens/Labor Energy Coalition and Rustin Avenue United Methodist Church. Son, Jason, 6. First term.



SULLIVAN, William R. — Cantril
District 87
 Democrat

Born in Decatur, Ill., March 29, 1945, son of Wade and Ruth Sullivan. Graduated Fox Valley High School, 1963. A.A., Centerville Community College, 1965. Served two years in U.S. Army. City councilman, Cantril, five years. Married Kyong Cha Pak, 1968; children: Christine and Robert. Member: Christian Church, American Legion and Lions Club. First term.



SWARTZ, Thomas E. — Marshalltown
District 39
 Democrat

Born March 9, 1946, son of Kenneth E. and Ruth E. Swartz. Graduated from Marshalltown High School, 1964. B.A., University of Iowa, 1968. Received teaching certificate, Iowa State University, 1970. High school teacher, 1970-75. Marshall County supervisor, 1974-80. Realtor since 1975. Past president, Marshalltown Board of Realtors, 1980. Married Janey Lynn Twedt, 1968. Sons: Brandon and Brian. Member of Noon Lions Club and Board of Realtors.





**SWEARINGEN, George R. — Sigourney
District 88
Republican**

Born in Winfield on Jan. 8, 1923, son of George and Priscilla Swearingen. Attended Winfield Grade School. Graduated from Winfield High School, 1941. B.S., Iowa State University, 1949. Vocational agriculture instructor, 27 years. Self-employed legislator. Married Marian Smith of Maywood, Ill., 1949. Two daughters and one son. Member: United Methodist Church, Masons, Consistory, Shrine, Order of Eastern Star, Keokuk County Ikes, and Keokuk County Farm Bureau. Second term.



**TOFTE, Semor C. — Decorah
District 16
Republican**

Born Aug. 30, 1911, in Tofte, Minn., son of Andrew and Sonneva Tofte. Graduated from Grand Marais High School and Carleton College. Married Pearl Enga, 1935. Two sons, two daughters. Coached at Pillsbury Academy, Owatonna, Minn. With John Deere Sales Department for nine years. Co-owner and manager, John Deere franchise in Decorah, 25 years. Zone manager for Investors Diversified Services, four years. Retired from industry. Past president, Decorah Chamber of Commerce; Rotary Club; and First Lutheran Church. P.E.R., B.P.O.E. 443, Decorah. Fifth term.



**TRUCANO, Jo Ann — Des Moines
District 62
Republican**

Born Aug. 30, 1943, in Early, Iowa, daughter of Joe and Delores Determan. Graduated from St. Josephs Academy. Attended Iowa State University. Married Allen Trucano, 1961. Children: Suzanne, James, Kathryn and Deanna. Employed at Massey Ferguson-Foam Molding. Member of Holy Trinity Parish. Served on the Bishop's Steering Committee for Women on Justice. A member of the TEC program, Boy Scout leader, Girl Scout leader, and campsite director. Scholarship chairman for the Des Moines Panhellenic Association. First term.

TYRRELL, Phillip E. — North English
District 72
 Republican

Born in Anthon, Iowa, on June 29, 1932, son of Charles F. and Joanna Tyrrell. Attended Spencer grade schools. Graduated from Spencer High School, 1950. Involved in Korean War for three years; member, 511th Airborne Regimental Combat Team. Insurance business since 1956. Married Diane Graf of Spencer, 1955. Three sons and four daughters. Past mayor of North English. Member: St. Joseph Catholic Church, Independent Agents of Iowa and Iowa County, Rotary, and NRA. Second term. Presently serving as vice chair of the Appropriations Subcommittee on Education, and serves as a member of Agriculture, Cities and Natural Resources committees.



VAN MAANEN, Harold G. — Oskaloosa
District 91
 Republican

Born in Oskaloosa on July 28, 1929, son of Gilbert and Cora Van Maanen. Graduated from Pella High School, 1947. Married Luella Groenendyk of Tracy, 1950. Children: Janna and Greg. Farmer since 1950. Involved in Korean Conflict for two years. Twin Cedars School board member, 16 years; Mahaska Hospital board of trustees, 10 years; livestock auction clerk, 10 years; 4-H leader, five years; Mahaska County 4-H Youth Committee, 4 years. Honorary 4-H Member Award, 1978. Member: Mahaska County Farm Bureau, American Legion, Chamber of Commerce, and Tracy Christian Reformed Church. Second term.



WALTER, Marcia K. — Council Bluffs
District 100
 Democrat

Born April 3, 1950, in Omaha, Neb., daughter of Robert and Helen Gambrel. Attended Iowa Western Community College. Husband, Craig; children: Craig Justin and Melisa Kay. Member: Business and Professional Women, Legislative Ladies League, Historical Society of Pottawattamie County, La Leache League, and Southwest Iowa Talented and Gifted. Past president, Democratic Women's Club. 1981 Outstanding Young Woman of America. First term.



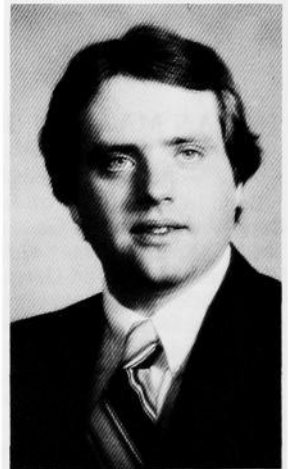
WELDEN, Richard W. — Iowa Falls
District 10
 Republican

Born July 11, 1908, in Iowa Falls, son of William E. and Bess Wilkinson Welden. Graduated Iowa Falls schools; attended Ellsworth College. B.S., Iowa State University, 1931; honor societies: Tau Beta Pi and Phi Kappa Phi. Married Ruth Wulkau, 1935. Children: Jerrold and Sandra. Member: Methodist Church, Rotary, Elks, Farm-Bureau, Izaak Walton League, Iowa Rose Society, and Iowa Engineering Society. Past president, honorary member, Associated General Contractors of Iowa; life member, American Society of Civil Engineers. Former member, president, Iowa Falls School Board and Iowa Falls Planning Commission. Received Community Service Award, 1967. Retired contractor; part owner, Weldens Ready Mix Inc. Director, Iowa Falls State Bank, and Iowa Falls Federal Savings and Loan Association. Eighth term.



WELSH, Joseph, J. — Dubuque
District 21
 Democrat

Born Aug. 10, 1955, in Dubuque, son of Glenn and Margaret Welsh. Graduated Dubuque Senior High School. Attended Loras College, Dubuque. Former Dubuque County deputy sheriff. Member, Knights of Columbus. Key West volunteer fireman. Single. Catholic. Second term.



WOODS, Jack E. — Des Moines
District 68
 Democrat

Born March 16, 1936, in Des Moines, son of Jack and Bernice Woods. Graduated Lincoln High School, Des Moines, 1955. Married Kathryn M. Foreman. Children: Debra, Shelly, Jack Jr. Member, Masonic Lodge and Za-Ga-Zig Shrine. Self-employed. Fifth term.



Code Editor

Appointed by the Legislative Council

The Code editor is required by law to prepare the manuscript copy of all laws, acts and joint resolutions passed at each session of the General Assembly and to arrange the same in chapters with comprehensive index. The editor is also required to submit such recommendations as are deemed proper to each General Assembly for the purpose of amending, revising and codifying such portions of the law as may be conflicting, redundant or ambiguous.

The Code of Iowa contains all the general and permanent laws in the state. The first Code was published in 1851 and the Codes have been continuously kept up-to-date since then. Until 1924, each new Code was separately authorized by the General Assembly and a new editor appointed for each. In 1924, the position was made permanent and the law changed to provide publication each four years. The statute was amended in 1970 to provide for the Code to be published each two years.

The Code editor must examine and apply each act of the General Assembly to the body of existing law — eliminating all special and private acts and the parts of the general acts that may be temporary in nature. The editor must determine the location of new legislation and assign chapter and section numbers as well as supply section headings, historical references and cross-references to enable the searcher in the law to trace the sources and origins of the ideas contained therein. Volumes of Tables of Corresponding Sections of Session Laws and Codes are also published. A comprehensive and detailed index to the Code must also be prepared and published each two years. The Code editor is also required to publish, in loose-leaf form with amendments as effective, the Rules of Civil Procedure, Rules of Criminal Procedure, Rules of Appellate Procedure, and Supreme Court rules. The editor shall, immediately after the issuance of the new Code, prepare copy for the ensuing Code or supplement thereto, and at all times keep the same revised to date in the files of his office.

The Code editor also publishes the administrative rules of all the various state governmental departments in the Iowa Administrative Code. Biweekly supplements to these rules are also published along with a biweekly bulletin of proposed rules, executive orders and proclamations. The Code editor, or someone from his office, is designated by statute as secretary of the Legislative Administrative Rules Review Committee which meets each month.



FAUPEL, Wayne A. — Des Moines
Code Editor

Born Oct. 18, 1899 in Dixon, Ill. Graduated from Mason City High School, 1917. Attended Iowa State University; University of Iowa, 1925. Married Corinne Conlee, 1926; two children, four grandchildren and one great grandson. Industrial chemist in California, 1926-31. Employed in Code editor's office since 1931; deputy, 1938-70. Served in U.S. Army in World War I. Presbyterian. Alpha Chi Sigma fraternity, Masons, charter member of the American Legion, and honorary member of the Pioneer Lawmakers Association.



Law Library in Iowa Capitol Building.

The Judicial Branch

- **U.S. Court of Appeals**
- **Southern District of Iowa**
- **Northern District of Iowa**
- **Iowa Supreme Court**
- **Iowa Court of Appeals**
- **Iowa District Court**
- **Board of Examiners for Court Shorthand Reporters**
- **Judicial Nominating Commissions**
- **Judicial Magistrate Appointing Commissions**
- **Judicial Qualifications Commission**

Judicial Branch

The judicial branch of the state of Iowa is comprised of a Supreme Court, a Court of Appeals and a District Court. Within the District Court there are three types of judicial officers: district judges, district associate judges and part-time magistrates.

Supreme Court

The Supreme Court consists of nine justices. A vacancy is filled by gubernatorial appointment from a list of three nominees provided by the state judicial nominating commission. A year after appointment and every eight years thereafter, the justice stands for retention in office at a general election. Justices select one of their number as chief justice; the chief justice serves in that capacity until the expiration of his or her term.

Court of Appeals

Commencing January 1977, a five-member Court of Appeals began hearing appellate cases diverted to them by the Supreme Court. The Court of Appeals is located in the statehouse and uses the courtroom of the Supreme Court. The Court of Appeals has subject matter jurisdiction to review civil actions and special civil proceedings whether at law or in equity, criminal actions, post-conviction remedy proceedings, and small claims actions.

Attorney General

The constitution also provides for an attorney general elected at the regular election for a term of four years. He represents the state in legal matters, gives advice to state officers, and has, in addition, certain administrative functions.

Judicial Districts

The state of Iowa is divided into eight judicial districts; each district is comprised of from five to 22 counties and six to 20 judges of general jurisdiction. For purposes of nomination and appointment of district judges, five of the eight districts are divided into subdistricts for a total of 13 judicial election districts. In each district a chief judge is appointed by the Supreme Court to supervise the work of all trial judges and magistrates. A district judge is appointed by the governor from a list of two nominees selected by the judicial election district nominating commission. Retention in office is subject to popular vote one year after appointment and every six years thereafter.

The jurisdiction of district associate judges is limited to civil actions for money judgments where the amount in controversy does not exceed \$3,000, criminal offenses less than a felony, and juvenile matters. District associate judges serve four-year terms and must be admitted to the bar. Associate judges are appointed by the District Court judges within the judicial election district from a list of three nominees submitted by the county judicial magistrate appointing commission; they stand for retention in office at the general election within the judicial election district.

Part-time judicial magistrates are appointed directly by the county magistrate appointing commissions; they are not required to be attorneys. All 99 counties have at least one part-time magistrate. In counties allotted three or more part-time magistrates, a majority of the District Court judges in the judicial election district may vote to substitute and appoint one district associate judge in lieu of three part-time magistrates. Part-time magistrates are authorized to handle preliminary hearings, nonindictable or simple misdemeanors, search warrant proceedings, small claims, emergency hospitalization hearings, and various miscellaneous actions in which the punishment does not exceed 50 days in jail or \$100 fine. Small claims include civil actions for: (1) money judgments where the amount in controversy is \$1,000 or less, exclusive of interest and costs, and (2) forcible entry and detainer where no question of title to property is involved.

The U.S. Court of Appeals for the 8th Circuit

The U.S. circuit judge for the 8th Circuit is Roy L. Stephenson of Des Moines.

The U.S. Court of Appeals for the 8th Circuit is composed of the districts of northern Iowa, southern Iowa, Minnesota, eastern Missouri, western Missouri, eastern Arkansas, western Arkansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota.

The court handles appeals from judgments and orders of the various federal District Courts in the seven states of this circuit.

Sessions are held on a monthly basis from September through June at St. Louis, Mo., except that the October, May and June sessions are generally held at St. Paul, Minn. Sessions generally commence on the second Monday of each month and last a week.

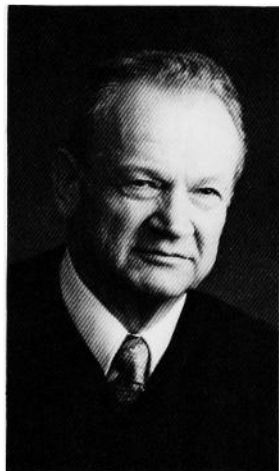
The bench consists of Chief Judge Donald P. Lay, Omaha, Neb.; Gerald W. Heaney, Duluth, Minn.; Myron H. Bright, Fargo, N.D.; Donald R. Ross, Omaha, Neb.; Roy L. Stephenson, Des Moines, Iowa; J. Smith Henley, Harrison, Ark.; Theodore McMillian, St. Louis, Mo.; and Richard S. Arnold, Little Rock, Ark. Clerk of the court is Robert D. St. Vrain, St. Louis, Mo.

STEPHENSON, Roy L. — Des Moines

Republican

U.S. Circuit Judge, 8th Circuit

Born March 14, 1917, at Spirit Lake. High school, Spencer; graduated State University of Iowa, B.A., 1938; graduated State University of Iowa Law School, J.D., 1940. Married Elizabeth Clulow, Des Moines. Children: Betty Jean, Douglas and Randall. Captain, World War II; brigadier general, Iowa National Guard (retired). Member of Polk County, Iowa State and American Bar Associations. Polk County Republican chairman, 1950-53; U.S. attorney, Southern District of Iowa, 1953-60. Appointed U.S. district judge, Southern District of Iowa, by President Eisenhower, 1960; chief judge, 1961-71. Appointed to U.S. Court of Appeals, 8th Circuit, by President Nixon, 1971.



Southern District of Iowa

Chief U.S. District Judge—Hon. Wm. C. Stuart.

U.S. District Judge—Hon. Donald E. O'Brien.

U.S. District Judge—Hon. Harold D. Vietor.

Senior District Judge—Hon. Wm. C. Hanson.

U.S. Magistrate—Hon. R. E. Longstaff.

Clerk, U.S. District Court—James R. Rosenbaum.

U.S. Attorney—Roxanne Barton Conlin.

Assistant U.S. Attorneys—Kermit B. Anderson, Amanda M. Dorr, Christopher D.

Hagen, Ronald M. Kayser, Terry F. Wright.

U.S. Marshall—R. W. "Dick" Nehring.

Chief U.S. Probation Officer—Edwin Ailts, Adel.

U.S. Probation Officer—Stanley J. Green, Slater.

U.S. Probation Officer—David Duffy, Des Moines.

U.S. Probation Officer—Robert Surran, Bettendorf.

U.S. Probation Officer—Kenneth D. Smith, Des Moines.

Bankruptcy Judge

Richard Stageman, Des Moines.

U.S. Magistrates

R. E. Longstaff, Des Moines — full time.
Richard W. Peterson, Council Bluffs — part time.
Wm. Scott Power, Burlington — part time.

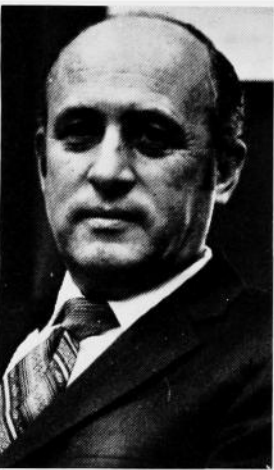


HANSON, William C. — Jefferson

Republican
Senior Judge

U.S. District Court for Southern District of Iowa

Born May 14, 1909, in Greene County. Son of Willis and Pearl Cook Hanson. Appointed to federal bench by President Kennedy in 1962; assumed senior status in August 1977. Attended Jefferson public schools, received B.A. from State University of Iowa in 1933 and J.D. in 1935. Entered law practice in Greene County in 1935, and was admitted to the U.S. Federal Court, the U.S. Tax Court, the Iowa Supreme Court and all other courts in Iowa. County attorney from 1938 to 1946. Elected judge of the 16th Judicial District of Iowa, 1955. Member of various bar associations and professional societies and is affiliated with many Masonic organizations, including Shrine. Active in Methodist Church, Chamber of Commerce, Rotary, Boy Scouts. Married Ruth Hastings. Four sons, two daughters.



STUART, William C. — Chariton Chief Judge, U.S. District Court Southern District of Iowa

Born April 28, 1920, Knoxville. Son of George C. and Edith A. Stuart. Graduated Chariton High School, 1937; State University of Iowa, A.B., 1940; J.D., 1942. Pilot, Naval Air Corps, 1943-45. Practiced law in Chariton, 1946-62. Married Mary Elgin Cleaver, 1946. Children: Corwin, Cullen Melanie and Valerie. Member: district, state and American Bar Associations; Presbyterian Church; Phi Kappa Psi; Phi Delta Phi; A.F.L.; Omicron Delta Kappa; Order of Coif; A.F.&A.M.; Shrine; and American Legion. City attorney, 1947-49. Served in Senate — 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th and 59th assemblies. Appointed to Supreme Court in 1962. Appointed U.S. district judge by President Nixon, 1971; became chief judge in August 1977.

VIETOR, Harold D. — Des Moines
Judge, U.S. District Court
Southern District of Iowa

Born Dec. 29, 1931, in Parkersburg, Iowa. Son of Harold H. and Alma J. (Kreimeyer) Vietor. Graduated Ackley Public High School, Ackley, Iowa, 1949. Graduated University of Iowa, B.A., 1955; J.D. with high distinction, 1958. Served in U.S. Navy, 1952-54. Law clerk to the Honorable Martin Van Oosterhout, judge of the U.S. Court of Appeals, 8th Circuit, 1958-59. Practiced law in Bleakley Law Offices, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 1959-65. Judge of the Iowa District Court, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 1965-79; chief judge from 1970-79. Member, Iowa and American Bar Associations, American Judicature Society, Order of Coif, Iowa State Historical Society. Married Dalia Artemisa Zamarripa Cadena in 1973. Father of three children: Christine Elizabeth, John Richard and Greta Maria. Appointed U.S. district judge by President Carter in 1979.



McMANUS, Edward Joseph — Cedar Rapids
Chief Judge, U.S. District Court
Northern District of Iowa

Born Feb. 9, 1920, at Keokuk. Graduated Keokuk High School, 1936. Attended St. Ambrose College, Davenport, 1936-38; B.A. degree, University of Iowa, 1940; J.D. degree, College of Law, University of Iowa, 1942. Admitted to Iowa Bar Association in 1942. U.S. Naval aviator, 1942-46; lieutenant, U.S.N.R. City attorney, Keokuk, 1946-55. State senator, 1st District, 1955-59. Lieutenant governor of Iowa, 1959-61. Catholic. Married Sally Hassett, 1945. Five sons. Appointed U.S. district judge by President Kennedy in 1962.



O'BRIEN, Donald E. — Sioux City
Judge, U.S. District Court
Northern and Southern Districts of Iowa

Born Sept. 30, 1923, at Marcus. Graduated Trinity High School, 1941. Attended Trinity College, 1941-42; Creighton University, Omaha, Neb., 1946-48; LL.B., College of Law. Admitted to Iowa Bar in 1948. U.S. Army Air Force, 1942-45; first lieutenant. Assistant city attorney, Sioux City, 1949-54. Woodbury County attorney, Sioux City, 1955-58. U.S. district attorney for the Northern District of Iowa, 1961-67. Catholic. Married Ruth Mahon, 1950. Two daughters and two sons. Appointed U.S. district judge by President Carter in 1978.



Northern District of Iowa

Chief Judge, U.S. District Court—Hon. Edward J. McManus, Cedar Rapids.
 Judge, U.S. District Court—Hon. Donald E. O'Brien, Sioux City.
 Clerk, U.S. District Court—William J. Kanak, Cedar Rapids.
 U.S. Attorney—James H. Reynolds, Cedar Rapids.
 U.S. Marshall—Jack A. Roe, Cedar Rapids.
 Chief U.S. Probation Officer—Michael O. Ebinger, Cedar Rapids.
 U.S. Court Reporter—Burton D. Boudreaux, Cedar Rapids.
 U.S. Court Reporter—Mary Anne Cassel, Sioux City.

Referee in Bankruptcy

William W. Thinner, Cedar Rapids.

U.S. Magistrates

James D. Hodges Jr., Cedar Rapids.
 Paul Deck Jr., Sioux City.
 Peter Klauer, Dubuque.

The U.S. District Court shall be in continuous session on all business days throughout the year, in all places for holding court in all divisions of the Northern District of Iowa.

The Iowa Supreme Court

Located on main floor of Capitol Building

Terms of court commence on the second Tuesday in January, the first Tuesday after the first Monday in May, the first Tuesday after the third Monday in September.

The regular term of office for a justice is eight years. A vacancy is filled through appointment by the governor from a list of nominees submitted by the state nominating commission. The appointee must stand for retention for a full term at the first judicial election which next precedes the expiration of the regular term they are then serving.

Justices elect one of their number as chief justice and he holds office until expiration of his term.

The Supreme Court has general appellate jurisdiction in both civil and criminal cases. The Supreme Court has authority to supervise the trial court, to prescribe the procedure in matters brought before it and the rules for admission of attorneys to the practice. It also has the power to prescribe rules of civil and appellate procedure, and any rules prescribed by the Supreme Court and reported to the Legislature become effective unless changed by the Legislature.

The Board of Law Examiners is under the jurisdiction of the Iowa Supreme Court. Current board members include:

WALTER C. SCHROEDER, Mason City; term expires 1982.
 FREDERICK G. WHITE, Waterloo; term expires 1982.
 SUSAN COREY, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1981.
 JAMES N. MILLHONE, Clarinda; term expires 1981.
 MAURICE B. NIELAND, Sioux City; term expires 1981.
 JAMES G. MILANI, Centerville; term expires 1983.
 JOY G. ROHM, Des Moines; term expires 1983.

Iowa Supreme Court Justices

(Justices listed according to seniority)

REYNOLDSON, W. W. — Osceola Chief Justice, Iowa Supreme Court

Born May 17, 1920, at St. Edward, Neb., son of Walter S. and Mabel Reynoldson. B.A., State Teachers College, Wayne, Neb., 1942. U.S. Navy, World War II, 1942-46. J.D., University of Iowa, 1948. Order of Coif. Married Janet Mills, 1942; one son and one daughter. Practiced law in Osceola, 1948-71. County attorney, Clarke County, 1953-57. Osceola Community Service Award, 1968. Member: United Methodist Church; Rotary; American Legion; V.F.W.; Iowa Academy of Trial Lawyers; Association of Trial Lawyers of America; American College of Trial Lawyers; Clarke County, Iowa State and American Bar Associations; American Judicature Society. Fellow, American Bar Foundation. Appointed justice of Iowa Supreme Court, 1971, by Gov. Robert Ray. Elected chief justice effective Aug. 3, 1978. Term ends Dec. 31, 1988.



LeGRAND, Clay — LeClaire Justice, Iowa Supreme Court

Born Feb. 26, 1911, St. Louis, Mo., son of Nic and Mary M. LeGrand. Educated at St. Ambrose College, Davenport, 1928-31; The Catholic University of America, Washington, D.C., graduated 1934 (LL.B.). Married Suzanne Wilcox, 1935. Three children: Mary Sue, Julie and Nicholas. Member of Scott County, Iowa State and American Bar Associations. Member of American Judicature Society. Engaged in private law practice from 1934 to 1957. Judge of 7th Judicial District of Iowa from 1957 to 1967. Appointed judge of Supreme Court, 1967. Term ends Dec. 31, 1984.





UHLENHOPP, Harvey — Hampton
Justice, Iowa Supreme Court

Born June 23, 1915, in Butler County, son of H.H. and Charlotte E. Uhlenhopp. Educated in Hampton public schools; Grinnell College, A.B.; and The University of Iowa College of Law, J.D. Admitted to Iowa Bar, 1939. In general law practice from 1939 to 1953, except while in service from 1943 to 1945. Franklin County attorney from 1947 to 1950. Member of Iowa General Assembly, 1951-52. Iowa district judge from 1953 to 1970. Appointed justice of Iowa Supreme Court, 1970. Member of Iowa and American Bar Associations, American Judicature Society, Institute of Judicial Administration, American Law Institute. Married Elizabeth C. Elliott, 1940. Two sons. Term ends Dec. 31, 1988.



HARRIS, K. David — Jefferson
Justice, Iowa Supreme Court

Born July 29, 1927, at Jefferson, son of Orville W. and Jessie Smart Harris. Educated in the Jefferson public schools and the University of Iowa, B.A. and J.D. Army veteran of World War II — 7th Infantry Division, Pacific Theatre. Married Madonna Coyne of Jefferson. Three children. Practiced law at Jefferson, 1951-62. Greene County attorney, 1959-62. District judge, 1962-72. Appointed justice of Iowa Supreme Court, January 1972, by Gov. Robert Ray. Term ends Dec. 31, 1982.

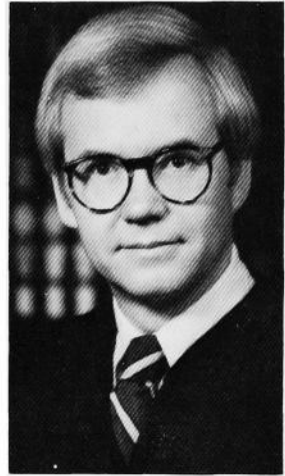


McCORMICK, Mark — Des Moines
Justice, Iowa Supreme Court

Born April 13, 1933, Fort Dodge. Graduated from Fort Dodge High School, 1951; A.B., Villanova University, 1955; J.D., Georgetown University, 1960. Served in U.S. Navy, 1955-58. Law clerk for Harvey Johnsen, chief judge of U.S. Court of Appeals, 8th Circuit, 1960-61. Practiced law in Fort Dodge, 1961-68; assistant Webster County attorney, 1963-66; appointed District Court judge, 1968, by Governor Hughes; and appointed to the Supreme Court in 1972, by Gov. Robert Ray. Term ends Dec. 31, 1982.

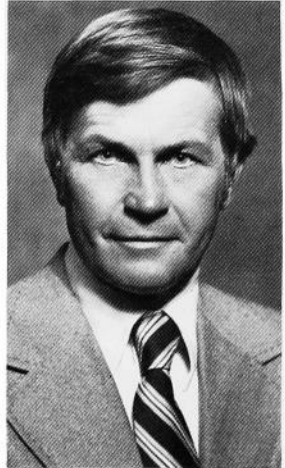
**ALLBEE, Robert G. — Des Moines
Justice, Iowa Supreme Court**

Born Dec. 14, 1928, Muscatine, son of George and Ethel Allbee. Educated in public schools of Muscatine and Lyon counties. U.S. Navy, 1946-48. Grinnell College, 1948-50; A.B., Colorado College, 1952; J.D., Drake University, 1955. Married Jennie Johnson of Des Moines in 1960. Four children: Susan, Carolyn, Thomas and Anne. Practiced law in Des Moines, 1955-75 — Ahlers, Cooney, Dorweiler, Allbee, Haynie & Smith law firm. Member of American College of Trial Lawyers, and Polk County and Iowa State Bar Associations. Elder, Presbyterian Church. District judge, 1975-76. Chief judge, Iowa Court of Appeals, 1976-78. Appointed justice of Iowa Supreme Court on June 21, 1978. Term ends Dec. 31, 1988.



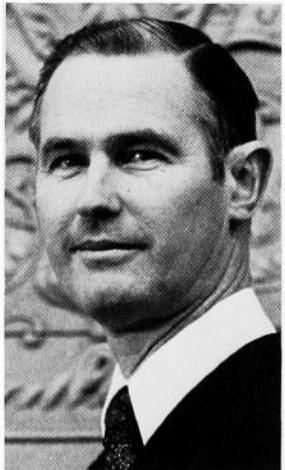
**LARSON, J. L. — Harlan
Justice, Iowa Supreme Court**

Born May 17, 1936, in Harlan. Graduate, University of Iowa, 1958; J.D., 1960. Editor of the Iowa Law Review while in college. Law clerk, U.S. Court of Appeals, 8th Circuit. Married, four children. Shelby County attorney, 1965-70. Practiced law until appointment to District Court in 1975. Appointed to Iowa Supreme Court in 1978. Term ends Dec. 31, 1988.



**McGIVERIN, Arthur A. — Ottumwa
Justice, Iowa Supreme Court**

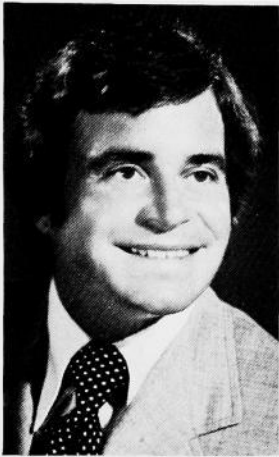
Born Nov. 10, 1928, in Iowa City. Graduated McKinley High School, Cedar Rapids, 1946; B.S.C., 1951, and J.D., 1956, University of Iowa, Iowa City. Practiced law in Ottumwa, with firm of Barnes, Schlegel and McGiverin, 1956-65. District judge, 1965-78. Chief judge, 8th District. Married, four children. Member: St. Mary's Catholic Church, Ottumwa; Iowa State Bar Association; 8A Judicial District Bar Association; Supreme Court Commission on Continuing Legal Education; State Bar Association Committee on Uniform Jury Instructions. Appointed to Supreme Court, Aug. 11, 1978. Term ends Dec. 31, 1988.





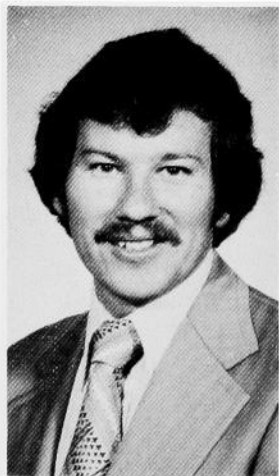
**SCHULTZ, Louis W. — Iowa City
Justice, Iowa Supreme Court**

Born March 24, 1927, Deep River, son of M. Louis and Esther Schultz. Attended Central College and received LL.B., Drake University, 1949. Navy veteran of World War II. Married Jean Stephen of Des Moines. Three children: Marcia, Mark and Paul. Practiced law in Marengo with firm of Harned, Schultz and McMeen. Iowa County attorney, 1960-68. Appointed district judge, 1971, and appointed to Supreme Court, 1980. Term ends Dec. 31, 1982.



**O'BRIEN, William J. — Des Moines
Administrator of the Judicial Department**

Born Jan. 28, 1945, in Des Moines. Graduated Dowling High School, 1962. B.A., Drake University, 1966; J.D., 1970. Law clerk for Justice Francis Becker, Iowa Supreme Court, 1970-71; research director, Iowa Supreme Court, 1971-73; appointed court administrator, October 1973. Married, two children.



**RICHARDSON, R. Keith — Jefferson
Clerk of Supreme Court and Appeals Court**

Born April 7, 1946, in Jefferson. Graduated from Jefferson Community High School, 1964. B.A., University of Iowa, 1968. B.B.A., University of Iowa, 1973. Staff accountant — Peat, Marwick, Mitchell and Co., 1973-74. Appointed acting Supreme Court clerk, November 1974. Married, two children.

The Iowa Court of Appeals

In 1976, the Legislature created a five-member appellate court known as the Iowa Court of Appeals. The court began hearing oral arguments and deciding cases in January 1977. The Court of Appeals is authorized to review all civil and criminal actions, post-conviction remedy proceedings, small claims actions, writs, orders, and other processes transferred to it by the Supreme Court. All cases continue to be appealed directly to the Supreme Court which transfers certain cases to the Court of Appeals. Decisions of the Court of Appeals may be reviewed by the Supreme Court.

Judges of the Court of Appeals are appointed and retained in the same manner as justices of the Supreme Court; however, their term of office is six years. The judges elect one of their number as chief judge who holds office until his/her term expires.

OXBERGER, Leo — St. Charles Chief Judge, Iowa Court of Appeals

Born July 2, 1930, in Des Moines. Graduated North Des Moines High School, 1948; B.A., Drake University, 1954, and J.D., 1957. Polk County Republican chairman, 1958-62. Activities: instructor, Drake University; Des Moines Area Community College; Iowa Crime Commission; Polk County Legal Aid Society; Iowa Legal Services Advisory Committee; Master Plan Corrections Committee. Member: Polk County, Iowa State and American Bar Associations. Practiced law, 1957-69. District judge, 1969-76. Iowa Court of Appeals, 1976. Term expires Dec. 31, 1983.



CARTER, James H. — Cedar Rapids Judge, Iowa Court of Appeals

Born Jan. 18, 1935, in Waverly. Graduated Clarksville High School in 1952; B.A., University of Iowa, 1956; J.D., University of Iowa College of Law, 1960. Married, two children. Law clerk to Hon. Henry N. Graven, U.S. District Court, 1960-62. General practice of law with Shuttleworth & Ingersoll, Cedar Rapids, 1962-73. Judge, 6th Judicial District, 1973-76. Appointed to Iowa Court of Appeals, September 1976. Term expires Dec. 31, 1982. Member, American and Iowa State Bar Associations.





**DONIELSON, Allen L. — West Des Moines
Judge, Iowa Court of Appeals**

Born May 22, 1927, at Maquoketa. Graduated Maquoketa High School in 1945. Pre-law at University of Dubuque and University of Iowa. Drake University Law School, 1952. Married, three children. Admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the United States, 8th Circuit Court of Appeals; District Courts for the Northern and Southern District of Iowa; U.S. Court of Claims; U.S. Tax Court; U.S. Customs Court; and Supreme Court of Iowa. Member of the American, Federal, Iowa and Polk County Bar Associations. Practiced law in Des Moines. U.S. attorney for the Southern District of Iowa, 1969-76. Appointed to Iowa Court of Appeals in November 1976. Term expires Dec. 31, 1983.



**JOHNSON, Janet A. — Des Moines
Judge, Iowa Court of Appeals**

Born March 10, 1940, in Adair County. Graduated Anita Community High School, 1958; A.B., with honors, University of Illinois at Chicago Circle, 1968; J.D., with honors, Drake University Law School, 1972. Member of Drake University Law School faculty since 1973. Part-time practice of law as sole practitioner. One daughter. Member, former chairperson, Iowa Board of Parole since 1975. Member: American, Iowa State and Polk County Bar Associations; Order of the Coif; honor society of Phi Kappa Phi. Appointed to Court of Appeals, 1978. Term expires Dec. 31, 1986.



**SNELL, Bruce M. Jr. — Ida Grove
Judge, Iowa Court of Appeals**

Born Aug. 18, 1929, at Ida Grove, son of Justice Bruce M. and Donna Potter Snell. Educated in Ida Grove public schools; A.B., Grinnell College, 1951; J.D., University of Iowa, 1956. Order of Coif. Comments editor, Iowa Law Review. Admitted to Iowa and New York Bars in 1956 and 1959, respectively. Law clerk to Judge Henry N. Graven, U.S. District Court, Northern District of Iowa, 1956-57. Iowa assistant attorney general, 1961-65. Married Anne Fischer of Meservey in 1956; children, Becky and Brad. Member of Methodist Church, Kiwanis, Shrine, Iowa State and American Bar Associations. Appointed judge of Iowa Court of Appeals, Sept. 23, 1976. Term expires Dec. 31, 1984.

The Iowa District Court

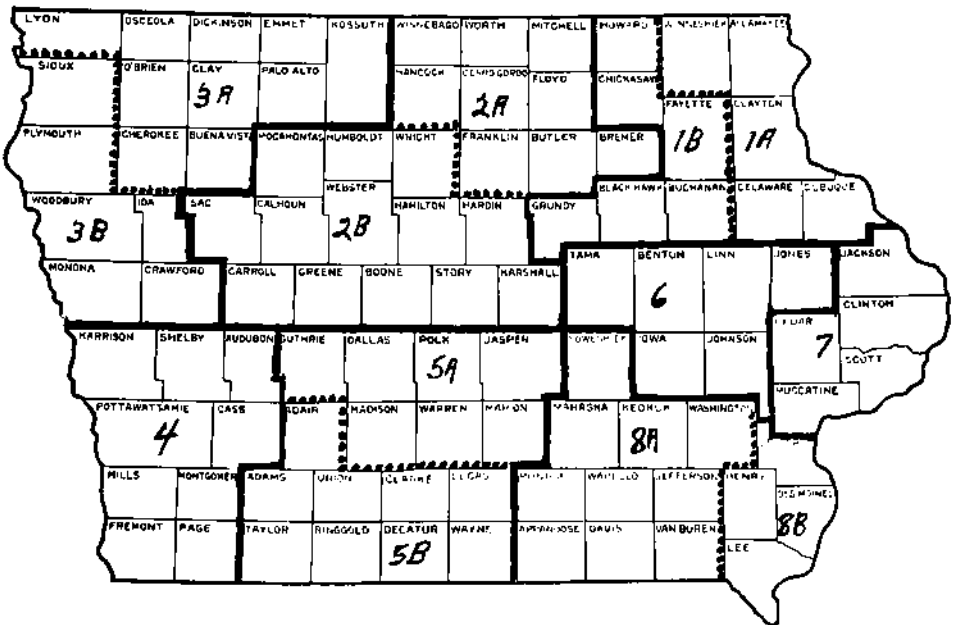
The unified Trial Court Act of 1972 abolished all trial courts below the District Court of Iowa and established the "Iowa District Court" as a unified trial court, effective July 1, 1973. It has general jurisdiction of all civil, criminal and juvenile cases, and probate matters in the state.

For purposes of administration and ordinary judicial functions, the state is divided into eight judicial districts as shown on the map which follows and into 13 judicial election districts.

The unified trial court operates through 166 part-time judicial magistrates, 39 district associate judges and 92 District Court judges. The judicial magistrates are appointed by a commission existing in each county. District associate judges are nominated by a commission and appointed by the district judges within the judicial election district. The number of District Court judges authorized in each judicial election district is determined by a statutory judgeship formula based on combined civil and criminal case filings in that district and its population. However, application of the formula has been frozen and the number of district judges has been limited to 92.

The regular term of office for a District Court judge is six years. A vacancy is filled through appointment by the governor from a list of nominees submitted by the district nominating commission. The appointee must stand for retention for a full term at the first judicial election held after he has served for at least one year. District Court judges may stand for retention at the general election which next precedes the expiration of the regular term they are then serving.

State Judicial Districts



Chief Judges

Pursuant to the rules for administration, adopted by the Supreme Court, the chief justice, with the approval of that court, appoints one District Court judge in each of the eight judicial districts as its chief judge, to serve for a term of two years. Those currently serving include:

Name	District	Address
Charles W. Antes	1st	West Union
Newt Draheim	2nd	Clarion
James P. Kelley	3rd	LeMars
Paul H. Sulhoff	4th	Council Bluffs
Harry Perkins Jr.	5th	Des Moines
William R. Eads	6th	Cedar Rapids
James R. Havercamp	7th	Davenport
Phillip R. Collett	8th	Ottumwa

Iowa Senior Judges

(Judges listed according to seniority)

Name	Address
M. L. Mason	Mason City
C. Edwin Moore	Des Moines
James E. Hughes	Lenox
Lowell D. Phelps	Davenport
Warren Rees	Anamosa
John N. Hughes	Des Moines
Harold L. Martin	Hamburg
Nathan Grant	Davenport

Judges of the District Court

(Judges listed according to seniority)

Name	Office Address	Term Ending
Election District 1A		
Thomas H. Nelson	Dubuque	Dec. 31, 1984
Joseph C. Keefe	Decorah	Dec. 31, 1984
Robert J. Curan	Dubuque	Dec. 31, 1982
John L. Degan	Guttenberg	Dec. 31, 1982

Election District 1B

Peter Van Metre	Waterloo	June 30, 1983
Carroll E. Engelkes	Waterloo	June 30, 1983
Roger F. Peterson	Waterloo	Dec. 31, 1986
Charles W. Antes, C. J.	West Union	Dec. 31, 1986
Dennis D. Damsgaard	Waterloo	Dec. 31, 1986
Frank Elwood	Cresco	Dec. 31, 1986
Leonard D. Lybbert	Waterloo	Dec. 31, 1982
William G. Klotzbach	Independence	Dec. 31, 1984

Name	Office Address	Term Ending
Election District 2A		
John F. Stone	Mason City	Dec. 31, 1984
B. C. Sullivan	Rockford	Dec. 31, 1984
Jack W. Frye	Charles City	Dec. 31, 1986
Ray E. Clough	Mason City	Dec. 31, 1986
Ralph F. McCartney	Charles City	Dec. 31, 1986
Election District 2B		
Paul E. Hellwege	Boone	Dec. 31, 1984
Edward J. Flattery	Fort Dodge	Dec. 31, 1984
Newt Draheim, C. J.	Clarion	Dec. 31, 1984
James C. Smith	Carroll	Dec. 31, 1986
George G. Fagg	Marshalltown	Dec. 31, 1986
Russell J. Hill	Webster City	Dec. 31, 1986
Robert K. Richardson	Jefferson	Dec. 31, 1986
Albert L. Habnab	Fort Dodge	Dec. 31, 1982
Milton D. Seiser	Ames	Dec. 31, 1984
David R. Hansen	Iowa Falls	Dec. 31, 1984
Carl D. Baker	Marshalltown	Dec. 31, 1982
Election District 3A		
Richard W. Cooper	Storm Lake	June 30, 1983
Murray S. Underwood	Spencer	Dec. 31, 1986
James H. Andreasen	Algona	Dec. 31, 1982
Tom Hamilton	Spirit Lake	Dec. 31, 1984
Charles H. Barlow	Spirit Lake	Dec. 31, 1984
Election District 3B		
Lawrence W. McCormick	Sioux City	June 30, 1983
James P. Kelley, C. J.	LeMars	Dec. 31, 1982
Donald M. Pendleton	Sioux City	Dec. 31, 1984
Charles R. Wolle	Sioux City	Dec. 31, 1982
Richard F. Branco	Holstein	Dec. 31, 1982
Election District 4		
Paul H. Sulhoff, C. J.	Council Bluffs	Dec. 31, 1982
Ernest F. Hanson	Audubon	Dec. 31, 1982
Leo F. Connolly	Council Bluffs	Dec. 31, 1984
Keith E. Burgett	Oakland	Dec. 31, 1986
Glen M. McGee	Glenwood	Dec. 31, 1986
J. C. Irvin	Shenandoah	Dec. 31, 1982
Election District 5A		
Maurice C. Herrick	Indianola	Dec. 31, 1984
Harry Perkins Jr., C. J.	Des Moines	Dec. 31, 1984
Dale S. Missildine	Des Moines	Dec. 31, 1984
Robert O. Frederick	Winterset	Dec. 31, 1986
James P. Denato	Des Moines	Dec. 31, 1986
Van Wifvat	Perry	Dec. 31, 1984
Anthony M. Critelli	Des Moines	Dec. 31, 1986
Maynard Hayden	Indianola	Dec. 31, 1986
Ray Hanrahan	Des Moines	Dec. 31, 1984
Luther T. Glanton	Des Moines	Dec. 31, 1984

Name	Office Address	Term Ending
Theodore H. Miller	West Des Moines	Dec. 31, 1984
Richard A. Strickler	Des Moines	Dec. 31, 1984
Ray C. Fenton	Des Moines	Dec. 31, 1984
Louis A. LaVorato	Des Moines	Dec. 31, 1986
Joel D. Novak	Des Moines	Dec. 31, 1982
Rodney J. Ryan	Des Moines	Dec. 31, 1982
Gene Needles	Norwalk	Dec. 31, 1982

Election District 5B

Thomas S. Bown	Corydon	Dec. 31, 1986
James W. Brown	Osceola	Dec. 31, 1986
Richard D. Morr	Chariton	Dec. 31, 1982

Election District 6

William R. Eads, C. J.	Cedar Rapids	Dec. 31, 1982
Ansel J. Chapman	Iowa City	Dec. 31, 1982
Robert Osmundson	Iowa City	Dec. 31, 1984
Clinton E. Shaeffer	Cedar Rapids	Dec. 31, 1984
A. Frederick Honsell	Cedar Rapids	Dec. 31, 1986
Robert E. Ford	Cedar Rapids	Dec. 31, 1984
Harold Swailes	Belle Plaine	Dec. 31, 1984
Thomas M. Horan	Cedar Rapids	Dec. 31, 1986
L. Vern Robinson	Iowa City	Dec. 31, 1982
Larry J. Conmey	Anamosa	Dec. 31, 1982

Election District 7

Robert K. Stohr	Muscatine	Dec. 31, 1984
James R. Haverkamp, C. J.	Davenport	Dec. 31, 1986
Max R. Werling	Tipton	Dec. 31, 1986
Charles H. Pelton	Clinton	Dec. 31, 1982
Lawrence D. Carstensen	Clinton	Dec. 31, 1982
Margaret S. Briles	Davenport	Dec. 31, 1984
J. Hobart Darbyshire	Davenport	Dec. 31, 1986
John J. Carlin	Davenport	Dec. 31, 1982
Jack L. Burns	Muscatine	Dec. 31, 1982

Name	Office Address	Term Ending
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Election District 8A

Phillip R. Collett, C. J.	Ottumwa	Dec. 31, 1984
Dick Schlegel	Ottumwa	Dec. 31, 1986
Richard J. Vogel	Grinnell	Dec. 31, 1986
James D. Jenkins	Albia	Dec. 31, 1986
James P. Rielly	Oskaloosa	Dec. 31, 1982
Charles R. Bates	Washington	Dec. 31, 1982

Election District 8B

William S. Cahill	Burlington	Dec. 31, 1980
Harlan W. Bainter	Mount Pleasant	Dec. 31, 1984
David B. Hendrickson	Keokuk	Dec. 31, 1986
John C. Miller	Burlington	Dec. 31, 1982

Board of Examiners for Court Shorthand Reporters

Office location: call clerk of Supreme Court

HARRIET E. NIELSEN, Ida Grove; term expires 1983.
DONALD L. SETHER, Ottumwa; term expires 1981.
SHIRLEY LISCHER, Creston; term expires 1981.
DAROLD F. WESTPHAL, Iowa City; term expires 1982.
WILLIAM L. FAIRBANK, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

Authorized by the 38th General Assembly and amended by the 65th General Assembly. The examiners are appointed by the governor with the approval of 2/3 of the members of the Senate. Under law, three of the members must be certified shorthand reporters and two members representing the general public. A certified member shall be actively engaged in the practice of certified shorthand reporting and shall have been so engaged for five years preceding the appointment, the last two of which shall have been in Iowa. The board conducts examinations of those seeking to become certified shorthand reporters.

Judicial Nominating Commissions

Under a constitutional amendment adopted in 1962 and the provisions of Chapter 46, Code 1973, there is a state judicial nominating commission and a district judicial nominating commission in each of the 13 judicial election districts.

The state commission submits nominees for a vacancy on the Supreme Court or Court of Appeals. It is comprised of 15 members, seven elected by the bar, seven appointed by the governor and the senior member of the Supreme Court, other than the chief justice. The Supreme Court member is the chairman of this commission.

The district commissions submit nominees for a vacancy on the District Court bench in their respective judicial election districts. They are each composed of 11 members, five elected by the bar, five appointed by the governor and the senior judge in the judicial election district who is the chairman of the commission.

Judicial Magistrate Appointing Commissions

Each county in the state has such a commission. Its duty is to appoint the number of judicial magistrates allotted to their county by the state court administrator. Each commission is comprised of a District Court judge designated by the chief judge of the judicial district, two attorneys elected by the bar of the county, and three members appointed by the board of supervisors of the county.

Commission on Judicial Qualifications

Under a 1972 amendment to the Iowa Constitution and the provisions of chapter 605 of the Code, there is a commission on judicial qualifications which receives and investigates complaints about the qualifications of Supreme Court justices, Court of Appeals judges, District Court judges, and district associate judges. The commission can apply to the Supreme Court to retire, discipline or remove a judge.

The commission is composed of seven members, four of whom are appointed by the governor subject to Senate confirmation, and three, including a District Court judge, are appointed by the chief justice.

Elections

- **1980 Primary Election — by Offices**
- **1980 General Election — by Offices**
- **Popular Vote in Iowa for U.S. Senator**
- **Election of District Court Judges**
- **1980 General Election — by Precincts**

Primary Election — 1980
Canvass By Counties Of The Votes Cast For
United States Representatives
FIRST DISTRICT

COUNTIES	Leach (Rep.)	Larew (Rep.)	Nielsen (Dem.)
Benton	1,427	366	302
Des Moines	2,035	1,499	663
Henry	2,793	523	242
Iowa	1,809	373	229
Jefferson	2,080	309	178
Johnson	2,795	3,731	994
Lee	1,705	1,350	693
Louisa	1,182	144	114
Muscatine	2,408	427	290
Poweshiek	1,809	411	229
Scott	7,137	1,905	1,343
Van Buren	1,281	184	122
Washington	1,922	263	150
TOTALS	30,383	11,485	5,549
Republican Scattering — 23			
Democratic Scattering — 9			

SECOND DISTRICT

COUNTIES	Tauke (Rep.)	Sovern (Dem.)
Allamakee	1,733	239
Cedar	1,381	293
Clayton	1,970	1,040
Clinton	3,957	745
Delaware	1,449	488
Dubuque	3,331	5,974
Fayette	2,457	676
Jackson	859	1,135
Jones	1,455	921
Linn	8,806	5,394
Winneshiek	1,526	291
TOTALS	28,924	17,196
Republican Scattering — 1		
Democratic Scattering — 0		

THIRD DISTRICT

COUNTIES	Evans (Rep.)	Hansen (Rep.)	Sires (Rep.)	West (Rep.)	Cutler (Dem.)
Black Hawk	4,740	5,362	565	2,791	2,137
Bremer	1,316	555	90	1,055	373
Buchanan	1,432	408	96	566	631
Butler	1,614	265	63	1,745	171
Cerro Gordo	1,966	903	64	1,518	661
Chickasaw	781	404	30	416	1,047
Floyd	989	474	42	731	296
Franklin	1,260	333	26	798	208
Grundy	2,743	127	54	667	205
Hamilton	1,088	256	48	879	437
Hancock	1,300	247	32	444	228
Hardin	854	246	36	1,807	476
Howard	582	186	18	262	369
Marshall	1,118	248	65	4,456	1,057
Mitchell	1,267	284	21	484	297
Tama	1,495	273	74	1,044	480
Worth	762	134	23	339	292
Wright	1,173	166	25	458	318
TOTALS	26,480	10,871	1,372	20,460	9,683
Republican Scattering — 1					
Democratic Scattering — 6					

FOURTH DISTRICT

COUNTIES	Cosson (Rep.)	Heidel (Rep.)	Young (Rep.)	Smith (Dem.)
Appanoose	188	239	800	954
Davis	96	142	250	632
Jasper	236	617	1,804	1,430
Keokuk	166	245	710	597
Lucas	116	311	863	585
Mahaska	297	750	1,417	659
Marion	174	370	1,048	2,648
Monroe	91	218	445	540
Polk	3,531	4,474	13,018	9,243
Wapello	170	389	1,077	1,895
TOTALS	5,065	7,755	21,432	19,183

Republican Scattering — 6
Democratic Scattering — 3

FIFTH DISTRICT

COUNTIES	Hultman (Rep.)	Harkin (Dem.)
Adair	1,215	342
Adams	656	303
Audubon	571	499
Boone	1,308	760
Carroll	641	590
Cass	2,184	481
Clarke	715	559
Dallas	1,371	1,411
Decatur	791	571
Fremont	805	507
Greene	1,249	438
Guthrie	1,002	457
Harrison	973	1,404
Madison	1,394	986
Mills	1,324	238
Montgomery	2,116	329
Page	1,440	250
Pottawattamie	3,628	1,559
Ringgold	870	407
Shelby	827	567
Story	3,693	1,376
Taylor	842	221
Union	767	304
Warren	1,914	1,274
Wayne	883	404
TOTALS	33,179	16,267

Republican Scattering — 11
Democratic Scattering — 6

SIXTH DISTRICT

COUNTIES	Carney (Rep.)	Bedell (Dem.)
Buena Vista	1,432	411
Calhoun	898	335
Cherokee	975	310
Clay	1,329	429
Crawford	1,013	697
Dickinson	937	486
Emmet	743	389
Humboldt	941	448
Ida	715	289
Kossuth	1,205	1,121
Lyon	1,355	216
Monona	696	698
O'Brien	1,604	293
Osceola	596	204
Palo Alto	507	1,445
Plymouth	1,317	296
Pocahontas	811	768
Sac	1,364	319
Sioux	2,335	242
Webster	1,963	1,950
Winnebago	1,198	347
Woodbury	4,935	3,026
TOTALS	28,869	14,719

Republican Scattering — 0
Democratic Scattering — 0

For State Senator

SECOND DISTRICT			
Leon Triggs (R) Spencer	2,598	David M. Readinger (R) Urbandale	4,635
Richard P. Vande Hoef (R) Harris	3,134	THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT	
John E. van der Linden (D) Sibley	1,183	William D. Palmer (D) Des Moines	2,055
Democratic scattering	1	THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT	
FOURTH DISTRICT		George R. Kinley (D) Des Moines	1,727
Berl E. Priebe (D) Algona	2,770	THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT	
Republican scattering	9	Charles V. Dunham (R) Deep River	1,445
SIXTH DISTRICT		C. Eugene Long (R) Montezuma	946
Patrick J. Breheny (R) Clear Lake	4,111	Dean L. Morse (R) North English	1,228
Alvin V. Miller (D) Ventura	975	Bruce Ostrom (R) Hartwick	1,527
EIGHTH DISTRICT		Emil J. Husak (D) Toledo	1,966
Rolf V. Craft (R) Decorah	4,290	Republican scattering	10
TENTH DISTRICT		Democratic scattering	1
John M. Walsh (R) Dubuque	1,780	THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT	
Bob Carr (D) Dubuque	4,522	Richard F. Drake (R) Muscatine	3,628
TWELFTH DISTRICT		FORTIETH DISTRICT	
Merlin D. Hulse (R) Clarence	3,354	Edgar H. Holden (R) Davenport	3,886
Michael L. Richards (D) Anamosa	1,264	Mary Johnson (D) Davenport	1,066
Republican scattering	7	FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT	
Democratic scattering	188	Ralph L. Caston III (R) Burlington	3,670
FOURTEENTH DISTRICT		Charles P. Miller (D) Burlington	1,642
James D. Wells (D) Cedar Rapids	414	Republican scattering	2
SIXTEENTH DISTRICT		Democratic scattering	2
Maurice Stoneman (R) Independence	4,061	FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT	
James V. Gallagher (D) Jesup	1,501	Forrest V. Schwengels (R) Fairfield	6,252
Republican scattering	9	R. W. Gustafson (D) Keosauqua	1,157
Democratic scattering	2	Cynthia Hesseltine (D) Fairfield	644
EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT		Republican scattering	12
Gordon B. Denton (R) Cedar Falls	1,595	Democratic scattering	2
Jerry E. Jorgensen (R) Cedar Falls	3,653	FORTY-SIXTH DISTRICT	
Ted Anderson (D) Waterloo	715	Bass Van Gilst (D) Oskaloosa	2,783
Republican scattering	1	Republican scattering	2
TWENTIETH DISTRICT		FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT	
Virtus Brockman (R) Melbourne	3,752	James E. Briles (R) Corning	5,868
Mick Lura (R) Marshalltown	4,016	Dave Schweers (D) Lenox	1,373
Ralph Howe (D) Clemons	1,407	Republican scattering	5
TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT		FIFTIETH DISTRICT	
Jack N. Nystrom (R) Boone	4,695	Jim Griffin (R) Council Bluffs	1,530
Robt E. Eide (D) Luther	778	Tom Slater (D) Council Bluffs	670
Doris Van Sickle (D) Boone	881	Republican scattering	2
Democratic scattering	1		
TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT			
Elvie Dreeszen (R) Cushing	3,910		
John Scott (D) Pocahontas	1,727		
Democratic scattering	1		
TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT			
Leonard C. Andersen (R) Sioux City	1,534		
William W. Douglass, Jr. (R) Sioux City	1,462		
James Calhoun (D) Sioux City	1,688		
TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT			
George Opperman (R) Manning	3,394		
C. W. Bill Hutchins (D) Guthrie Center	1,803		
Republican scattering	1		

For State Representatives

FIRST DISTRICT			
Kenneth De Groot (R) Doon	3,909		
SECOND DISTRICT			
Douglas Ritsema (R) Orange City	2,066		
Kenneth Wright (D) Remsen	225		
THIRD DISTRICT			
Ingwer L. Hansen (R) Hartley	2,827		
FOURTH DISTRICT			
Lee Holt (R) Spencer	2,226		
David Grussing (D) Estherville	598		
FIFTH DISTRICT			
Lester D. Menke (R) Calumet	2,166		
Democratic scattering	1		
SIXTH DISTRICT			
Lester Gingerich (R) Storm Lake	2,026		
Richard Groth (D) Albert City	666		
SEVENTH DISTRICT			
Sue Mullins (R) Corwith	1,936		
Daniel P. Fogarty (D) Cylinder	1,778		
EIGHTH DISTRICT			
Clifford O. Branstad (R) Thompson	2,406		
Ruth A. Bolie (D) Thompson	700		
Republican scattering	2		
Democratic scattering	2		
NINTH DISTRICT			
Delwyn Stromer (R) Garner	3,413		
TENTH DISTRICT			
Richard W. Welden (R) Iowa Falls	3,561		
Republican scattering	3		
ELEVENTH DISTRICT			
Betty Jean Clark (R) Rockwell	2,379		
Jeanne L. Argos (D) Mason City	394		
TWELFTH DISTRICT			
Juanita Davidson (R) Northwood	1,124		
Beverly Pangburn (R) Northwood	1,351		
Lowell E. Norland (D) Kensett	613		
Republican scattering	1		
Democratic scattering	1		
THIRTEENTH DISTRICT			
Gene A. Ostendorf (R) Dougherty	2,596		
Rollin K. Howell (D) Marble Rock	547		
FOURTEENTH DISTRICT			
Jim Johnson (R) Elma	2,776		
Larry Miles Dinger (D) Riceville	1,176		
Republican scattering	1		
Democratic scattering	2		
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT			
Donald D. Avenson (D) Oelwein	937		
Republican scattering	3		
SIXTEENTH DISTRICT DISTRICT			
Semor C. Tofte (R) Decorah	2,401		
Joyce E. Christensen (D) West Union	480		
Democratic scattering	1		
SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT			
Roger A. Halvorson (R) Monona	3,056		
EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT			
Darrell R. Hanson (R) Manchester	1,923		
NINETEENTH DISTRICT			
Thomas J. Jochum (D) Dubuque	2,133		
TWENTIETH DISTRICT			
Michael W. Connolly (D) Dubuque	2,326		
TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT			
Robert W. Nagle (R) Dubuque	926		
Joe J. Welsh (D) Dubuque	2,684		
TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT			
Nancy J. Shimanek (R) Monticello	1,376		
Don Knapp (D) Cascade	1,215		
Robert Bob Steen (D) Monticello	792		
TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT			
Andy McKean (R) Morley	1,917		
Patrick Haggerson (D) Anamosa	429		
David L. Rosheim (D) Maquoketa	511		
Democratic scattering	6		
TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT			
Vic Stueland (R) Grand Mound	1,678		
Herbert C. Hinkhouse (D) West Branch	820		
Democratic scattering	2		
TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT			
George Petrick (R) Mount Vernon	1,604		
David E. Osterberg (D) Mount Vernon	882		
John E. Patchett (D) North Liberty	894		
TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT			
Robert M. L. Johnson (R) Cedar Rapids	2,014		
Juan Cortez (D) Cedar Rapids	752		
TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT			
James M. Moore (D) Cedar Rapids	419		
Richard V. Running (D) Cedar Rapids	1,033		
TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT			
Wally E. Horn (D) Cedar Rapids	648		
Dean Sturtz (D) Cedar Rapids	411		
TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT			
Hurley W. Hall, (D) Marion	660		
THIRTIETH DISTRICT			
A. Gordon Holmes (R) Cedar Rapids	1,577		
Myron B. Oxley (D) Marion	928		
Republican scattering	5		
Democratic scattering	1		
THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT			
Kyle Hummel (R) Vinton	2,282		
Republican scattering	1		
Democratic scattering	19		
THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT			
Kenneth D. Miller (D) Independence	672		
Republican scattering	39		
THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT			
Thomas A. Lind (R) Waterloo	3,557		
Republican scattering	1		
THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT			
Stephen J. Rapp (D) Waterloo	398		
THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT			
Diane Brandt (D) Cedar Falls	444		
THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT			
Marvin E. Diemer (R) Cedar Falls	2,575		
Dennis P. Jensen (D) Cedar Falls	280		
Republican scattering	1		
THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT			
Ray Lageschulte (R) Waverly	4,024		
Republican scattering	2		
Democratic scattering	2		
THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT			
Robert H. Renken (R) Aplington	4,717		
Kenneth L. Slika (D) Grundy Center	373		
THIRTY-NINTH DISTRICT			
Mike Hargrave (R) Marshalltown	1,624		
Edmund C. Johnson (R) Marshalltown	2,099		
Bert Permar (D) Marshalltown	492		
Tom Swartz (D) Marshalltown	528		
FORTIETH DISTRICT			
Lisle Cook (R) Hubbard	2,062		
John W. Nichols (R) St. Anthony	1,779		
William Eugene McAlpine (D) Laurel	599		
FORTY-FIRST DISTRICT			
Charles E. Minor (R) Ames	1,970		
Charles Bruner (D) Ames	582		
FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT			
Reid W. Crawford (R) Ames	1,540		
Robert D. Mohr (D) Ames	472		

FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT		SIXTY-FIFTH DISTRICT	
Sonja Egenes (R) Story City	2,086	Lawrence Pope (R) Des Moines	2,389
John Hemingway (R) Webster City	1,433	Mike Murray (D) Des Moines	694
Kathleen R. Moore (D) Story City	387	SIXTY-SIXTH DISTRICT	
William F. Pelz (D) Ames	429	Dorothy F. Carpenter (R) West Des Moines	3,878
FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT		Mark Kennis (D) West Des Moines	311
Kenneth E. Frazier (R) Boone	1,607	Ione G. Shaddock (D) West Des Moines	502
Joyce Lonergan (D) Boone	778	Republican scattering	4
FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT		SIXTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT	
John E. Rowles (R) Fort Dodge	2,197	Ned F. Chiodo (D) Des Moines	1,071
Dale M. Cochran (D) Eagle Grove	1,076	SIXTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT	
FORTY-SIXTH DISTRICT		Steve Scheffler (R) Des Moines	998
Rebecca A. Kudron (R) Fort Dodge	962	Jack E. Woods (D) Des Moines	835
Rod Halvorson (D) Fort Dodge	1,033	SIXTY-NINTH DISTRICT	
FORTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT		Robert T. Anderson (D) Newton	1,359
Ruhl Maulsby (R) Rockwell City	1,824	Regina Hanover (R) Mitchellville	408
William J. Messenger (D) Fonda	765	(Nominated by write-in votes)	
FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT		Republican scattering	3
Wayne Bennett (R) Galva	2,441	SEVENTIETH DISTRICT	
Dale L. Schnirring (D) Sac City	574	Barbara Sagraves (R) Pella	2,156
Republican scattering	2	Bill Dieleman (D) Pella	1,297
FORTY-NINTH DISTRICT		Republican scattering	2
Roger L. Siddall (R) Sioux City	1,408	SEVENTY-FIRST DISTRICT	
Donald H. Binneboese (D) Hinton	595	Gregg M. Edwards (R) Grinnell	1,086
FIFTIETH DISTRICT		Burt E. Nardie (R) Toledo	1,030
Claire M. Miethke (R) Sioux City	1,313	David Wulf (R) Tama	307
James D. O'Kane (D) Sioux City	607	Gordon E. Earley (D) Malcom	319
FIFTY-FIRST DISTRICT		Mary Hartnett (D) Grinnell	363
Donald V. Doyle (D) Sioux City	430	Janet Carl (D) write-in votes	252
Al Sturgeon (D) Sioux City	748	Republican scattering	2
FIFTY-SECOND DISTRICT		Democratic scattering	2
Warren Johnson (R) Sloan	1,700	SEVENTY-SECOND DISTRICT	
H. Lyle Scheelhaase (D) Moville	933	Phillip E. Tyrrell (R) North English	2,512
FIFTY-THIRD DISTRICT		Stephen J. Hanson (D) Williamsburg	920
Frank Crabb (R) Denison	2,049	Democratic scattering	1
Democratic scattering	1	SEVENTY-THIRD DISTRICT	
FIFTY-FOURTH DISTRICT		Jean Lloyd-Jones (D) Iowa City	1,218
Arlyn E. Danker (R) Minden	1,911	Republican scattering	2
Betty M. Baldwin (D) Neola	1,105	Democratic scattering	1
Democratic scattering	10	SEVENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT	
FIFTY-FIFTH DISTRICT		Douglas P. Bell (R) Iowa City	999
Carroll Perkins (D) Jefferson	683	Michael W. Burns (D) Iowa City	759
FIFTY-SIXTH DISTRICT		Minnette Doderer (D) Iowa City	1,509
James O. Anderson (R) Brayton	2,077	Pat Gilroy (D) Iowa City	854
Robert J. Skow (D) Guthrie Center	927	Democratic scattering	1
Republican scattering	1	SEVENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT	
FIFTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT		Betty A. Hoffmann (R) Muscatine	2,211
Virginia Poffenberger (R) Perry	1,665	Joe Hankins (D) Muscatine	564
Dennis Curtis (D) Wauke	1,182	Republican scattering	3
FIFTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT		Democratic scattering	2
Newton M. Coughenour (R) Winterset	2,778	SEVENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT	
Philip A. Davitt (D) St. Charles	1,874	Walter Conlon (R) Muscatine	1,423
Republican scattering	4	Dale K. Simmons (D) Blue Grass	525
Democratic scattering	5	SEVENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT	
FIFTY-NINTH DISTRICT		John Pelton (R) Clinton	2,308
Lyle R. Krewson (R) Urbandale	2,372	SEVENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT	
Chuck Larson (D) Polk City	718	Hugo Schnekieth (R) Eldridge	1,480
SIXTIETH DISTRICT		C. Arthur Ollie (D) Clinton	362
Douglas R. Smalley (R) Des Moines	2,525	SEVENTY-NINTH DISTRICT	
Jack Holveck (D) Des Moines	781	Jo Smith (R) Davenport	1,875
SIXTY-FIRST DISTRICT		Mary Kay Lee (D) Bettendorf	387
Richard L. Byerly (D) Ankeny	871	Republican scattering	1
SIXTY-SECOND DISTRICT		EIGHTIETH DISTRICT	
Gary T. Bishop (D) Des Moines	268	James Bryson Clements (R) Davenport	1,602
Norman G. Jesse (D) Des Moines	528	Keith L. Honnold (R) Davenport	538
SIXTY-THIRD DISTRICT		Robert F. Bina (D) Davenport	780
Ronald G. Bird (D) Altoona	316	EIGHTY-FIRST DISTRICT	
Dennis L. Renaud (D) Altoona	1,049	Gloria F. Grilk (R) Davenport	636
D. A. Soda (D) Des Moines	206	Gregory D. Cusack (D) Davenport	583
Republican scattering	1	EIGHTY-SECOND DISTRICT	
SIXTY-FOURTH DISTRICT		Robert C. Arnould (D) Davenport	647
John H. Connors (D) Des Moines	781		

EIGHTY-THIRD DISTRICT	
Virgil E. Corey (R) Morning Sun	3,434
Eugene Larson (D) Burlington	1,005
Republican scattering	14
Democratic scattering	4
EIGHTY-FOURTH DISTRICT	
Larry Kirkenslager (R) Burlington	945
Donna R. Peebler (D) West Burlington	954
EIGHTY-FIFTH DISTRICT	
Phillip E. Prickett (R) Burlington	1,108
Clay Spear (D) Burlington	1,299
EIGHTY-SIXTH DISTRICT	
John H. Clark (R) Keokuk	1,291
Patrick J. Hogan (D) Keokuk	1,067
Republican scattering	2
EIGHTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT	
Edwin F. Kelly (R) Fairfield	1,897
Floyd H. Millen (R) Farmington	1,998
William R. Sullivan (D) Cantrill	829
Republican scattering	12
EIGHTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT	
George R. Swearingen (R) Sigourney	2,500
Steve A. Burnett (D) Delta	589
Martin L. Lucas (D) Sigourney	347
EIGHTY-NINTH DISTRICT	
Sonja L. Larsen (R) Ottumwa	1,512
Charles N. Poncy (D) Ottumwa	1,307
Republican scattering	1
Democratic scattering	1
NINETIETH DISTRICT	
Don Gettings (D) Ottumwa	1,680
NINETY-FIRST DISTRICT	
Harold Van Maanen (R) Oskaloosa	2,487
Nicholas A. Novotny (D) Oskaloosa	984

NINETY-SECOND DISTRICT	
Doug Shull (R) Indianola	2,306
Ruth Crouse DeYoung (D) Indianola	1,336
NINETY-THIRD DISTRICT	
Daniel Jay (D) Moulton	1,583
Republican scattering	11
Democratic scattering	1
NINETY-FOURTH DISTRICT	
L. W. Joe Gross (R) Mt. Ayr	2,881
Arlo Hullinger (D) Leon	1,355
Republican scattering	1
Democratic scattering	2
NINETY-FIFTH DISTRICT	
Wendell C. Pellett (R) Atlantic	3,441
Tom Nolte (D) Atlantic	689
Democratic scattering	1
NINETY-SIXTH DISTRICT	
Horace Daggett (R) Lenox	3,172
Democratic scattering	2
NINETY-SEVENTH DISTRICT	
William H. Harbor (R) Henderson	3,084
Bill Majure (D) Red Oak	629
NINETY-EIGHTH DISTRICT	
Laverne William Schroeder (R) McClelland	2,140
Dale W. Friesen (D) Council Bluffs	435
Republican scattering	2
Democratic scattering	1
NINETY-NINTH DISTRICT	
Emil S. Pavich (D) Council Bluffs	347
Republican scattering	85
ONE HUNDREDETH DISTRICT	
Marcia K. Walter (D) Council Bluffs	335
Republican scattering	137
Democratic scattering	2

JUNE 3, 1980, PRIMARY ELECTION
U.S. Senator And Auditor of State

COUNTIES	UNITED STATES SENATOR			AUDITOR OF STATE
	Grassley (Rep.)	Stoner (Rep.)	Culver (Dem.)	Johnson (Rep.)
Adair	947	612	320	1,205
Adams	529	311	280	669
Allamakee	1,561	516	269	1,485
Appanoose	620	678	910	820
Audubon	454	273	448	558
Benton	1,203	470	689	1,293
Black Hawk	12,209	1,825	2,140	8,857
Boone	1,164	673	700	1,314
Bremer	3,017	326	402	2,214
Buchanan	2,155	487	671	2,135
Buena Vista	1,152	847	366	1,448
Butler	3,561	329	171	2,482
Calhoun	707	447	318	902
Carrroll	816	336	547	634
Cass	2,075	1,067	428	2,033
Cedar	1,083	461	346	1,230
Cerro Gordo	4,112	573	724	3,412
Cherokee	820	588	274	975
Chickasaw	1,533	173	1,084	1,400
Clarke	563	360	506	742
Clay	1,023	769	391	1,328
Clayton	1,652	623	1,330	1,468
Clinton	2,320	2,363	862	2,724
Crawford	898	575	580	1,038
Dallas	1,101	846	1,267	1,338
Davis	323	202	608	421
Decatur	661	361	532	853
Delaware	1,182	523	573	1,071
Des Moines	1,178	1,189	2,114	1,555
Dickinson	768	530	426	967
Dubuque	2,632	1,416	8,960	2,274
Emmet	753	513	338	810
Fayette	2,329	556	756	2,025
Floyd	2,022	372	335	1,677
Franklin	2,220	438	228	1,751
Fremont	614	392	454	710
Greene	991	609	413	1,240
Grundy	3,174	448	223	2,220
Guthrie	968	579	414	1,010
Hamilton	2,052	469	491	1,717
Hancock	2,071	291	275	1,521
Hardin	2,585	543	567	1,936
Harrison	822	342	1,250	991
Henry	1,654	1,310	767	2,593
Howard	1,070	76	426	860
Humboldt	958	570	417	1,016
Ida	669	346	265	731
Iowa	1,571	675	612	1,567
Jackson	623	380	1,498	630
Jasper	1,773	1,234	1,410	1,966
Jefferson	1,332	875	512	1,928
Johnson	1,753	1,941	4,890	2,305
Jones	1,193	375	992	1,309
Keokuk	917	446	600	949
Kossuth	1,308	724	974	1,239
Lee	1,053	905	2,049	1,512
Linn	7,171	3,620	5,944	5,979
Louisa	686	561	267	1,065
Lucas	863	622	574	1,138
Lyon	1,640	682	183	1,330
Madison	983	773	908	1,380
Mahaska	1,809	1,028	627	2,014
Marion	1,277	761	2,488	900
Marshall	4,864	1,305	1,221	4,308
Mills	1,143	487	220	1,137
Mitchell	1,966	252	312	1,602

U.S. Senator And Auditor of State

COUNTIES	UNITED STATES SENATOR			AUDITOR OF STATE
	Grassley (Rep.)	Stoner (Rep.)	Culver (Dem.)	Johnson (Rep.)
Monona	481	525	575	723
Monroe	462	392	544	696
Montgomery	1,478	898	284	1,635
Muscatine	1,453	1,518	723	2,258
O'Brien	1,546	865	256	1,549
Osceola	640	307	162	581
Page	1,161	655	222	1,412
Palo Alto	498	339	1,175	533
Plymouth	1,011	873	258	1,325
Pocahontas	668	451	670	834
Polk	11,661	12,930	8,725	14,845
Pottawattamie	2,865	1,604	1,417	3,190
Poweshiek	1,398	852	702	1,635
Ringgold	744	509	378	903
Sac	1,081	1,015	287	1,394
Scott	3,901	4,360	3,347	6,104
Shelby	806	300	509	788
Sioux	2,472	1,126	216	2,231
Story	2,910	2,520	1,259	3,379
Tama	2,615	508	600	1,849
Taylor	703	371	250	890
Union	574	436	294	744
Van Buren	851	499	315	1,185
Wapello	902	867	1,912	1,304
Warren	1,579	1,248	1,180	1,937
Washington	1,425	897	423	1,686
Wayne	667	509	381	899
Webster	1,884	1,322	1,865	2,219
Winneshago	1,390	166	338	1,237
Winneshiek	1,417	504	305	1,270
Woodbury	3,122	3,230	2,823	3,832
Worth	1,186	181	326	1,090
Wright	1,674	383	399	1,306
TOTALS	170,120	89,409	95,656	175,374
		Republican Scattering — 34		Rep. Scat.— 36
		Democratic Scattering — 52		Dem. Scat.- 110

General Election — 1980

President of the United States

COUNTIES	REPUBLICAN		DEMOCRATIC		NOM. BY PET.		LIBERTARIAN	
	Ronald Reagan	George Bush	Jimmy Carter	Walter Mondale	John B. Anderson	Patrick J. Lucey	Ed Clark	David Koch
Adair	2,821	2,821	1,454	1,454	356	356	48	48
Adams	1,779	1,779	940	940	214	214	45	45
Allamakee	4,000	4,000	2,170	2,170	343	343	54	54
Appanoose	3,544	3,544	2,769	2,769	353	353	50	50
Audubon	2,523	2,523	1,546	1,546	251	251	25	25
Benton	5,329	5,329	4,223	4,223	948	948	116	116
Black Hawk	29,627	29,627	27,443	27,443	5,847	5,847	535	535
Boone	5,732	5,732	5,126	5,126	1,081	1,081	120	120
Bremer	6,706	6,706	3,527	3,527	970	970	97	97
Buchanan	5,041	5,041	3,605	3,605	689	689	76	76
Buena Vista	5,272	5,272	3,468	3,468	771	771	144	144
Butler	4,730	4,730	1,990	1,990	392	392	56	56
Calhoun	3,633	3,633	2,150	2,150	407	407	122	122
Carroll	5,017	5,017	3,885	3,885	736	736	84	84
Cass	5,391	5,391	2,176	2,176	475	475	70	70
Cedar	4,398	4,398	2,589	2,589	697	697	83	83
Cerro Gordo	11,189	11,189	9,363	9,363	2,024	2,024	185	185
Cherokee	4,087	4,087	2,719	2,719	599	599	81	81
Chickasaw	3,929	3,929	2,935	2,935	500	500	60	60
Clarke	2,417	2,417	1,614	1,614	310	310	59	59
Clay	4,479	4,479	3,179	3,179	991	991	101	101
Clayton	5,115	5,115	3,297	3,297	669	669	106	106
Clinton	13,025	13,025	9,698	9,698	2,140	2,140	260	260
Crawford	4,883	4,883	2,500	2,500	509	509	97	97
Dallas	6,296	6,296	5,310	5,310	1,200	1,200	128	128
Davis	2,003	2,003	1,689	1,689	200	200	32	32
Decatur	2,212	2,212	2,048	2,048	318	318	50	50
Delaware	4,316	4,316	2,671	2,671	727	727	62	62
Des Moines	9,158	9,158	9,977	9,977	1,041	1,041	183	183
Dickinson	4,028	4,028	2,620	2,620	687	687	86	86
Dubuque	18,649	18,649	18,689	18,689	3,708	3,708	368	368
Emmet	3,062	3,062	2,153	2,153	446	446	55	55
Fayette	6,374	6,374	4,377	4,377	647	647	100	100
Floyd	4,665	4,665	3,634	3,634	728	728	66	66
Franklin	3,290	3,290	1,920	1,920	406	406	56	56
Fremont	2,693	2,693	1,203	1,203	191	191	43	43
Greene	3,154	3,154	2,210	2,210	510	510	55	55
Grundy	4,644	4,644	1,869	1,869	440	440	56	56
Guthrie	3,214	3,214	1,866	1,866	384	384	44	44
Hamilton	4,745	4,745	2,741	2,741	679	679	82	82
Hancock	3,681	3,681	1,918	1,918	462	462	17	17
Hardin	5,329	5,329	3,757	3,757	730	730	89	89
Harrison	4,502	4,502	2,152	2,152	311	311	81	81
Henry	4,430	4,430	3,317	3,317	629	629	70	70
Howard	2,975	2,975	2,214	2,214	336	336	42	42
Humboldt	3,575	3,575	1,840	1,840	394	394	77	77
Ida	2,825	2,825	1,235	1,235	254	254	37	37
Iowa	4,153	4,153	2,606	2,606	667	667	84	84
Jackson	4,479	4,479	3,518	3,518	622	622	106	106
Jasper	8,286	8,286	7,258	7,258	1,221	1,221	152	152
Jefferson	4,099	4,099	2,577	2,577	505	505	99	99
Johnson	13,642	13,642	20,122	20,122	8,101	8,101	508	508
Jones	4,506	4,506	3,521	3,521	759	759	114	114
Keokuk	3,145	3,145	2,390	2,390	369	369	62	62
Kossuth	5,568	5,568	3,810	3,810	775	775	94	94
Lee	8,793	8,793	8,204	8,204	1,047	1,047	183	183
Linn	36,254	36,254	31,950	31,950	8,773	8,773	994	994
Louisia	2,530	2,530	1,700	1,700	291	291	57	57
Lucas	2,593	2,593	1,989	1,989	291	291	49	49
Lyon	4,349	4,349	1,431	1,431	375	375	48	48
Madison	3,320	3,320	2,496	2,496	505	505	72	72

President of the United States

COUNTIES	REPUBLICAN		DEMOCRATIC		NOM. BY PET.		LIBERTARIAN	
	Ronald Reagan	George Bush	Jimmy Carter	Walter Mondale	John B. Anderson	Patrick J. Lucey	Ed Clark	David Koch
Mahaska	5,650	5,650	3,968	3,968	603	603	106	106
Marion	6,665	6,665	5,490	5,490	1,232	1,232	108	108
Marshall	10,707	10,707	7,114	7,114	1,541	1,541	188	188
Mills	3,581	3,581	1,244	1,244	281	281	60	60
Mitchell	3,401	3,401	2,040	2,040	361	361	49	49
Monona	3,268	3,268	1,660	1,660	275	275	69	69
Monroe	2,003	2,003	1,866	1,866	216	216	22	22
Montgomery	4,115	4,115	1,556	1,556	301	301	65	65
Muscatine	7,829	7,829	5,597	5,597	1,522	1,522	160	160
O'Brien	4,937	4,937	2,210	2,210	536	536	63	63
Osceola	2,177	2,177	1,051	1,051	234	234	20	20
Page	5,618	5,618	1,772	1,772	356	356	49	49
Palo Alto	3,025	3,025	2,463	2,463	412	412	60	60
Plymouth	6,515	6,515	2,965	2,965	756	756	92	92
Pocahontas	3,194	3,194	1,959	1,959	397	397	113	113
Polk	64,156	64,156	61,984	61,984	15,819	15,819	1,301	1,301
Pottawattamie	20,222	20,222	10,709	10,709	1,870	1,870	319	319
Poweshiek	4,598	4,598	3,529	3,529	821	821	72	72
Ringgold	1,884	1,884	1,150	1,150	191	191	25	25
Sac	3,725	3,725	1,976	1,976	467	467	89	89
Scott	34,701	34,701	26,391	26,391	5,760	5,760	832	832
Shelby	4,147	4,147	1,892	1,892	372	372	54	54
Sioux	10,768	10,768	2,698	2,698	610	610	64	64
Story	15,829	15,829	13,529	13,529	7,252	7,252	503	503
Tama	4,840	4,840	3,049	3,049	593	593	98	98
Taylor	2,715	2,715	1,226	1,226	240	240	28	28
Union	3,372	3,372	2,182	2,182	368	368	46	46
Van Buren	2,142	2,142	1,311	1,311	183	183	36	36
Wapello	7,475	7,475	8,923	8,923	1,050	1,050	176	176
Warren	7,360	7,360	6,610	6,610	1,369	1,369	131	131
Washington	3,967	3,967	2,877	2,877	703	703	67	67
Wayne	2,221	2,221	1,627	1,627	218	218	36	36
Webster	10,438	10,438	9,001	9,001	1,386	1,386	154	154
Winnebago	3,808	3,808	2,208	2,208	417	417	35	35
Winneshiek	5,033	5,033	3,201	3,201	938	938	81	81
Woodbury	23,553	23,553	15,930	15,930	3,184	3,184	489	489
Worth	2,247	2,247	1,721	1,721	301	301	31	31
Wright	3,936	3,936	2,645	2,645	497	497	57	57
TOTALS	676,026	676,026	508,672	508,672	115,633	115,633	13,123	13,123

United States Senator and Auditor of State

COUNTIES	UNITED STATES SENATORS						AUDITOR OF STATE					
	REP. Charles E Grassley	DEM John Culver	LIB. Robert V Hen- gerer	NOM. BY PET. Garry De Young	NOM. BY PET John I. Hen- derson	Scatter- ing	CTY TOTALS	REP. Richard D. John- son	DEM No Can- didate	SOC. Thomas Oliver	Scatter- ing	CTY TOTALS
Adair	2,786	1,742	8	19	4	0	4,559	2,935	0	12	0	2,947
Adams	1,755	1,023	4	3	4	0	2,789	1,749	0	19	3	1,771
Allamakee	4,254	2,109	9	23	3	0	6,398	4,132	0	68	0	4,200
Appanoose	3,550	2,811	27	74	15	0	6,477	2,984	0	62	0	3,046
Audubon	2,500	1,623	5	18	3	0	4,149	2,115	0	34	0	2,149
Benton	5,977	4,374	33	23	61	0	10,468	5,665	0	103	1	5,769
Black Hawk	33,918	28,415	141	125	195	1	62,795	31,067	0	761	7	31,835
Boone	5,647	5,832	30	73	27	0	11,609	5,673	0	145	0	5,818
Bremer	7,822	3,301	13	27	7	0	11,170	7,186	0	160	0	7,346
Buchanan	5,340	3,682	10	13	4	0	9,049	4,979	0	20	9	5,008
Buena Vista	5,158	4,031	64	33	23	2	9,311	4,906	0	130	1	5,037
Butler	5,422	1,676	17	4	4	0	7,123	4,883	0	78	0	4,961
Calhoun	3,716	2,359	47	36	16	0	6,174	3,177	0	92	0	3,269
Carroll	5,059	4,029	24	84	31	0	9,227	3,672	0	90	0	3,762
Cass	5,242	2,312	15	26	11	2	7,808	4,655	0	66	0	4,721
Cedar	4,561	2,941	24	32	17	0	7,575	4,497	0	93	0	4,590
Cerro Gordo	12,444	9,677	39	61	29	2	22,252	11,560	0	246	3	11,809
Cherokee	4,131	3,003	13	31	15	0	7,193	3,995	0	117	0	4,112
Chickasaw	4,692	2,580	6	3	8	0	7,289	4,296	0	3	6	4,305
Clarke	2,329	1,913	8	11	4	1	4,266	2,198	0	7	7	2,212
Clay	4,481	3,697	29	46	16	0	8,269	4,488	0	156	0	4,644
Clayton	5,132	3,834	17	25	12	0	9,020	4,814	0	179	0	4,993
Clinton	12,796	11,422	94	92	26	0	24,430	12,516	0	520	1	13,037
Crawford	4,901	2,490	15	36	18	0	7,460	3,892	0	134	0	4,026
Dallas	6,084	5,522	37	51	7	0	12,701	5,455	0	87	0	5,542
Davis	2,035	1,784	5	15	4	2	3,845	1,971	0	15	1	1,987
Decatur	2,287	2,179	11	15	3	0	4,495	2,081	0	11	10	2,102
Delaware	4,613	2,905	23	32	8	0	7,581	4,669	0	108	0	4,777
Des Moines	9,286	10,251	58	81	44	1	19,721	9,944	0	228	2	10,174
Dickinson	3,864	2,997	34	39	17	0	6,951	4,009	0	159	0	4,168
Dubuque	19,172	20,877	85	134	52	1	40,321	14,449	0	437	0	14,886
Emmet	2,863	2,431	17	53	6	0	5,370	2,645	0	65	0	2,710
Fayette	6,702	4,642	30	30	10	0	11,414	6,541	0	107	1	6,649
Floyd	5,246	3,590	24	27	15	0	8,902	4,787	0	91	1	4,879
Franklin	3,888	1,654	11	24	2	0	5,579	3,592	0	39	0	3,631
Fremont	2,611	1,224	12	16	10	0	3,873	2,289	0	63	0	2,352
Greene	3,070	2,535	15	40	12	0	5,672	2,626	0	92	0	2,718
Grundy	5,309	1,592	9	9	11	0	6,930	4,628	0	54	0	4,682
Guthrie	3,070	2,228	7	26	6	0	5,337	2,677	0	58	1	2,736
Hamilton	5,218	2,814	22	42	10	0	8,106	4,722	0	101	0	4,823
Hancock	4,044	1,879	9	21	4	0	5,957	3,575	0	43	0	3,618
Hardin	5,822	3,626	12	46	29	1	9,536	4,980	0	77	0	5,057
Harrison	4,478	2,255	7	7	3	0	6,750	4,401	0	3	8	4,412
Henry	4,598	3,515	17	13	4	0	8,147	4,617	0	10	1	4,628
Howard	3,742	1,778	1	2	2	0	5,525	3,419	0	14	10	3,443
Humboldt	3,469	2,198	18	39	7	0	5,731	2,658	0	61	0	2,919
Ida	2,765	1,365	8	13	5	0	4,156	2,468	0	58	0	2,526
Iowa	4,476	2,775	27	28	13	0	7,319	4,180	0	129	0	4,309
Jackson	4,515	3,806	38	50	15	2	8,426	3,895	0	129	0	4,024
Jasper	8,496	7,902	50	114	19	0	16,581	7,600	0	142	0	7,742
Jefferson	4,200	2,743	53	17	5	0	7,018	4,734	0	14	6	4,754
Johnson	13,311	28,412	213	137	62	0	42,135	16,983	0	1,959	5	18,947
Jones	4,784	3,899	30	19	13	0	8,745	5,283	0	20	0	5,303
Keokuk	3,324	2,378	22	64	8	0	5,796	3,034	0	58	0	3,092
Kossuth	5,848	3,784	19	49	16	1	9,717	4,317	0	131	0	4,448
Lee	8,297	8,990	64	98	49	0	17,498	8,466	0	272	0	8,738
Linn	35,829	40,460	405	322	76	6	77,098	34,511	0	1,269	3	35,783
Louisa	2,697	1,769	8	8	11	0	4,493	3,051	0	4	3	3,058

United States Senator and Auditor of State

COUNTIES	UNITED STATES SENATORS							AUDITOR OF STATE				
	REP Charles E Grassley	DEM John Culver	LIB Robert V Hengerer	NOM BY PET Garry De Young	NOM BY PET John I Henderson	Scatter- ing	CTY TOTALS	REP Richard D Johnson	DEM No Can- didate	SOC Thomas Oliver	Scatter- ing	CTY TOTALS
Lucas	2,668	2,089	10	19	2	0	4,788	2,582	0	10	0	2,592
Lyon	4,303	1,487	9	23	13	0	5,835	3,772	z	77	0	3,849
Madison	3,140	2,838	13	15	3	0	6,009	3,457	0	16	7	3,480
Mahaska	5,696	4,259	30	54	29	0	10,068	4,845	0	235	0	5,080
Marion	6,764	6,106	0	142	17	0	13,029	5,300	0	0	0	5,300
Marshall	11,560	7,492	64	98	20	0	19,234	10,867	0	181	2	11,050
Mills	3,533	1,295	19	13	14	0	4,874	3,328	0	44	0	3,372
Mitchell	3,903	1,816	11	28	7	0	5,765	3,616	0	56	37	3,709
Monona	3,098	1,801	16	16	7	0	4,938	2,755	0	81	0	2,836
Monroe	1,942	2,013	8	14	1	2	3,980	1,867	0	9	4	1,880
Montgomery	4,087	1,510	15	21	17	0	5,650	3,791	0	46	0	3,837
Muscatine	8,110	6,290	68	74	61	0	14,603	8,887	0	240	0	9,127
O'Brien	4,794	2,443	25	14	26	0	7,302	4,452	0	88	0	4,540
Osceola	2,034	1,217	6	17	15	0	3,289	1,836	0	29	1	1,866
Page	5,423	1,947	14	17	8	0	7,409	5,083	0	79	0	5,162
Palo Alto	2,814	2,650	22	49	12	0	5,547	2,066	0	86	0	2,152
Plymouth	6,358	3,243	29	54	31	0	9,716	5,091	0	171	0	5,262
Pocahontas	3,090	2,313	52	38	8	0	5,501	2,539	0	71	0	2,610
Polk	69,955	78,300	518	935	187	9	139,914	60,918	0	1,835	10	62,763
Pottawattamie	18,921	12,150	112	124	93	0	31,400	17,966	0	506	0	18,472
Poweshiek	4,615	4,213	26	33	9	2	8,898	4,701	0	146	1	4,848
Ringgold	1,921	1,217	5	6	2	0	3,151	1,535	0	54	0	1,589
Sac	3,627	2,145	36	39	10	0	5,857	3,118	0	73	0	3,191
Scott	33,653	32,228	381	269	274	4	66,809	35,123	0	944	7	36,074
Shelby	4,220	1,940	14	17	12	0	6,203	3,636	0	94	0	3,730
Sioux	10,691	2,794	17	16	43	0	13,561	9,436	0	140	0	9,575
Story	15,848	20,191	180	174	31	3	36,427	16,497	0	786	2	17,285
Tama	5,637	3,182	42	33	3	0	8,897	4,627	0	68	0	4,695
Taylor	2,620	1,283	4	2	5	0	3,914	2,575	0	0	0	2,575
Union	3,237	2,389	9	39	7	1	5,682	2,845	0	53	0	2,898
Van Buren	2,183	1,364	4	7	1	0	3,559	2,243	0	4	2	2,249
Wapello	7,242	9,530	70	182	38	1	17,063	6,348	0	259	0	6,607
Warren	7,200	7,834	32	102	11	1	15,180	6,823	0	201	0	7,024
Washington	4,192	3,120	27	34	11	0	7,384	4,525	0	76	0	4,601
Wayne	2,216	1,604	10	12	7	0	3,849	2,378	0	4	5	2,387
Webster	9,673	10,128	54	209	65	0	20,129	8,828	0	254	0	9,082
Winnebago	3,941	2,311	5	2	5	0	6,264	3,951	0	1	5	3,957
Winneshiek	5,478	3,420	30	38	10	0	8,976	5,686	0	177	0	5,863
Woodbury	22,093	18,484	138	248	99	3	41,065	19,490	0	627	0	20,117
Worth	2,472	1,723	3	5	8	0	4,211	2,246	0	7	2	2,255
Wright	4,426	2,551	12	27	3	0	7,019	4,170	0	56	0	4,226
TOTALS	683,014	581,545	4,233	5,858	2,336	48	1,277,034	647,299	0	17,287	175	664,761

United States Representative

FIRST DISTRICT

COUNTIES	Jim Leach (Rep.)	Jim Larew (Dem.)	Gloria Williams (Socialist)	Michael R. Grant (Libertarian)	Scat- tering	TOTALS
Benton	6,342	3,176	25	61		9,604
Des Moines	12,211	7,110	47	83		19,451
Henry	5,287	2,263	1	19		7,570
Iowa	4,655	2,265	18	32		6,970
Jefferson	5,105	1,847	5	38	1	6,996
Johnson	21,902	18,061	311	319		40,593
Lee	9,834	7,173	39	87		17,133
Lousa	3,201	1,181		10		4,392
Muscatine	9,713	4,483	29	89		14,314
Poweshiek	5,356	2,999	33	30		8,418
Scott	42,407	18,810	571	266	15	62,069
Van Buren	2,437	1,054				3,491
Washington	4,899	2,180	12	35		7,126
TOTALS	133,349	72,602	1,091	1,069	16	208,127

SECOND DISTRICT

COUNTIES	Tom Tauke (Rep.)	Steve Sovern (Dem.)	Dean Miller (Libertarian)	James D. Roberson (Nom. by Pet.)	Scat- tering	TOTALS
Allamakee	4,393	1,875	18	27		6,313
Cedar	4,999	2,357	37	24		7,417
Clayton	5,458	3,281	25	34		8,799
Clinton	14,823	8,901	124	163		24,011
Delaware	4,705	2,747	28	33		7,513
Dubuque	22,834	16,790	128	165		39,918
Fayette	6,830	4,262	32	41	1	11,166
Jackson	5,240	2,904	34	52	1	8,231
Jones	4,923	3,525	23	22		8,493
Linn	37,647	37,651	487	291	1	76,077
Winneshiek	5,778	2,838	49	34		8,699
TOTALS	117,631	87,131	985	887	3	206,637

United States Representative

THIRD DISTRICT

COUNTIES	Cooper Evans (Rep.)	Lynn G. Cutler (Dem.)	James E. Suppus (American)	Scat- tering	TOTALS
Black Hawk	28,786	33,043	154	1	61,984
Bremer	6,396	4,492	14	1	10,903
Buchanan	4,610	4,479	1	1	9,091
Butler	4,612	2,378	42		7,032
Cerro Gordo	10,121	11,973	19		22,113
Chickasaw	3,177	3,350	2		6,529
Floyd	4,175	4,622	15		8,812
Franklin	2,901	2,520	3		5,424
Grundy	5,161	1,650	6		6,817
Hamilton	4,103	3,659	14		7,776
Hancock	3,286	2,498	2		5,786
Hardin	4,575	4,257	11		8,843
Howard	2,748	2,434	2		5,184
Marshall	9,481	9,088	26		18,595
Mitchell	3,325	2,354			5,679
Tama	4,716	3,860	18		8,594
Worth	1,971	2,099			4,070
Wright	3,725	2,979	12		6,716
TOTALS	107,869	101,735	341	3	209,948

FOURTH DISTRICT

COUNTIES	Donald C. Young (Rep.)	Neal Smith (Dem.)	Kalonji L. Saadiq (Socialist)	Scat- tering	TOTALS
Appanoose	3,285	3,064	6		6,355
Davis	1,778	1,956	2		3,736
Jasper	8,176	8,279	9		16,464
Keokuk	2,604	2,952	8		5,564
Lucas	2,353	2,412	1		4,766
Mahaska	5,251	4,864	16		9,931
Marion	6,259	6,461			12,720
Monroe	1,934	2,023	1		3,958
Polk	61,662	76,506	310	7	138,485
Wapello	7,033	9,579	36		16,648
TOTALS	100,335	117,896	389	7	218,627

United States Representative

FIFTH DISTRICT

COUNTIES	Cal Huffman (Rep.)	Tom Harkin (Dem.)	Scat- tering	TOTALS
Adair	1,695	2,878		4,573
Adams	1,163	1,783		2,946
Audubon	1,643	2,544		4,187
Boone	3,611	7,851		11,462
Carroll	2,912	6,178		9,090
Cass	3,752	4,045		7,797
Clarke	1,416	2,874	1	4,291
Dallas	4,019	8,497	1	12,517
Decatur	1,248	3,151		4,399
Fremont	2,044	1,895		3,939
Greene	1,938	3,656		5,594
Guthrie	1,916	3,362		5,278
Harrison	3,013	3,779		6,792
Madison	1,980	4,227		6,207
Mills	2,959	1,992		4,951
Montgomery	3,398	2,457		5,855
Page	4,505	3,019		7,524
Pottawattamie	15,909	15,973		31,882
Ringgold	1,105	1,890		2,995
Shelby	2,788	3,473		6,261
Story	11,603	23,858	1	35,462
Taylor	1,702	2,175		3,877
Union	2,038	3,723		5,761
Warren	4,790	10,074		14,864
Wayne	1,325	2,541		3,866
TOTALS	84,472	127,895	3	212,370

SIXTH DISTRICT

COUNTIES	Clarence S. Carney (Rep.)	Berkley Bedell (Dem.)	Scat- tering	TOTALS
Buena Vista	3,005	6,386		9,391
Calhoun	1,946	3,990		5,936
Cherokee	2,231	5,076		7,307
Clay	2,502	5,990		8,492
Crawford	2,886	4,480		7,366
Dickinson	1,959	5,381		7,340
Emmet	1,414	4,071		5,485
Humboldt	2,079	3,509		5,588
Ida	1,651	2,591		4,242
Kossuth	2,881	6,832		9,713
Lyon	2,889	2,810		5,699
Monona	1,902	4,143		6,045
O'Brien	3,032	4,477		7,509
Osceola	1,271	2,118		3,389
Palo Alto	1,417	4,262		5,679
Plymouth	3,758	6,284		10,042
Pocahontas	1,546	3,865		5,411
Sac	2,060	3,864		5,924
Stoux	7,620	5,998		13,618
Webster	5,559	13,726		19,285
Winnebago	2,980	3,059		6,039
Woodbury	15,278	26,548	1	41,827
TOTALS	71,866	129,460	1	201,327

Judges of the Supreme Court

COUNTIES	ROBERT G. ALLBEE		JERRY L. LARSON		ARTHUR A. MCGIVERIN		W. WARD REYNOLDS		HARVEY UHLENHOPP	
	AFF.	NEG.	AFF.	NEG.	AFF.	NEG.	AFF.	NEG.	AFF.	NEG.
Adair	2,542	693	2,550	680	2,496	705	2,505	707	2,459	729
Adams	1,496	445	1,533	439	1,473	469	1,512	445	1,456	476
Allamakee	2,177	700	2,231	667	2,290	663	2,175	713	2,191	700
Appanoose	1,959	720	1,987	710	2,106	705	2,084	700	1,900	795
Audubon	1,145	456	1,407	405	1,115	460	1,120	450	1,163	468
Benton	3,688	968	3,639	975	3,647	981	3,479	1,040	3,513	1,024
Black Hawk	27,571	8,117	30,730	7,623	28,531	8,659	28,250	8,562	29,196	8,225
Boone	3,883	1,375	3,969	1,292	4,140	1,304	4,053	1,344	4,023	1,413
Bremer	3,876	1,277	3,875	1,258	3,830	1,261	3,920	1,197	4,032	1,261
Buchanan	5,532	1,662	5,653	1,556	5,517	1,639	5,512	1,641	5,715	1,556
Buena Vista	3,457	885	3,404	943	3,314	939	3,284	932	3,231	977
Butler	2,191	596	2,405	584	2,170	676	2,163	639	2,290	626
Calhoun	1,706	652	1,701	666	1,764	638	1,705	716	1,711	692
Carroll	2,514	789	2,518	828	2,511	785	2,768	772	2,494	848
Cass	2,392	844	2,571	789	2,373	832	2,411	786	2,435	852
Cedar	3,068	777	2,940	807	2,929	781	2,819	842	2,844	846
Cerro Gordo	8,910	2,264	9,196	2,303	8,857	2,347	8,817	2,373	8,977	2,420
Cherokee	2,576	746	2,654	673	2,762	674	2,609	753	2,550	781
Chickasaw	3,777	799	3,894	729	3,796	785	3,881	758	3,875	800
Clarke	2,466	747	2,550	695	2,495	735	3,252	672	2,447	779
Clay	3,297	677	3,296	695	3,250	707	3,219	704	3,192	728
Clayton	2,706	1,002	2,956	923	2,692	1,073	2,715	1,024	2,649	1,059
Clinton	8,710	2,658	8,785	2,583	9,349	2,534	8,656	2,819	8,402	2,930
Crawford	1,988	789	2,047	757	1,957	817	2,137	729	1,946	839
Dallas	4,623	1,367	4,633	1,283	4,492	1,397	4,489	1,367	4,569	1,419
Davis	2,022	658	2,063	630	2,141	632	1,965	685	1,943	710
Decatur	2,478	657	2,602	627	2,471	775	2,919	553	2,422	702
Delaware	2,760	937	2,855	885	2,989	847	2,771	983	2,776	954
Des Moines	7,798	2,334	8,085	2,280	7,698	2,336	8,298	2,262	7,483	2,602
Dickinson	2,684	629	2,733	576	2,658	633	2,664	622	2,719	637
Dubuque	12,512	4,370	12,107	4,056	10,722	4,176	11,743	4,187	11,705	4,219
Emmet	1,933	462	2,063	439	1,912	512	1,897	494	1,862	517
Fayette	4,221	1,423	4,203	1,385	4,391	1,373	4,139	1,513	4,217	1,454
Floyd	3,030	715	3,130	635	3,046	657	3,147	681	3,206	669
Franklin	2,317	475	2,183	392	2,057	454	2,070	414	2,974	364
Fremont	1,065	605	1,111	576	1,001	618	989	626	956	653
Greene	1,667	670	1,792	639	1,680	674	1,676	685	1,624	707
Grundy	2,389	567	2,412	545	2,507	532	2,370	598	2,548	529
Guthrie	1,273	599	1,300	585	1,237	592	1,362	561	1,215	651
Hamilton	2,746	732	2,739	660	2,621	719	2,593	713	3,113	695
Hancock	2,022	518	1,988	524	1,888	576	1,896	558	1,942	560
Hardin	2,562	732	2,992	502	2,544	784	2,540	704	2,751	935
Harrison	3,626	1,379	3,898	1,214	3,697	1,278	3,618	1,386	3,578	1,415
Henry	5,272	1,080	5,605	949	5,381	1,057	5,451	1,038	5,173	1,196
Howard	3,063	611	3,181	545	3,130	605	3,074	623	3,161	551
Humboldt	1,909	502	1,871	519	1,818	540	1,816	548	1,894	523
Ia	1,362	782	1,486	741	1,347	807	1,386	772	1,343	812
Iowa	2,445	686	2,549	630	2,691	635	2,425	745	2,371	762
Jackson	2,179	614	2,166	621	2,174	593	2,331	580	2,133	681
Jasper	5,563	1,645	5,691	1,559	5,458	1,679	5,471	1,657	5,604	1,662
Jefferson	3,915	945	3,848	874	4,131	873	3,808	1,015	3,663	1,032
Johnson	16,407	4,097	17,424	3,908	16,435	4,364	16,451	4,230	15,916	4,501
Jones	5,377	1,373	5,591	1,258	5,586	1,271	5,392	1,374	5,314	1,435
Keokuk	1,549	737	1,629	674	1,643	694	1,643	679	1,507	788
Kossuth	2,795	908	2,864	856	2,786	903	2,789	850	2,906	887
Lee	7,450	2,611	7,404	2,593	7,205	2,630	7,128	2,674	6,974	2,722
Linn	28,582	7,687	30,989	6,965	29,084	7,917	28,807	7,763	28,178	8,224
Louisa	2,774	566	2,836	523	2,798	536	2,678	611	2,445	641
Lucas	2,901	660	2,832	627	2,825	667	2,975	613	2,712	719
Lyon	1,627	537	1,619	504	1,551	551	1,553	536	1,599	535
Madison	3,540	590	3,347	589	3,486	640	1,569	626	3,336	700
Mahaska	3,234	1,005	3,511	946	3,297	1,034	3,277	978	3,057	1,078
Marion	3,625	1,356	3,741	1,281	3,831	1,325	3,687	1,378	3,558	1,429
Marshall	8,063	1,809	8,127	1,707	7,828	1,799	8,306	1,759	7,771	1,956
Mills	1,656	751	1,713	719	1,585	765	1,637	726	1,652	768
Mitchell	2,204	442	2,193	460	2,086	478	2,102	478	2,113	495

Judges of the Supreme Court

COUNTIES	ROBERT G. ALLBEE		JERRY L. LARSON		ARTHUR A. MCGIVERIN		W. WARD REYNOLDSON		HARVEY UHLENHOPP	
	AFF	NEG	AFF	NEG	AFF	NEG	AFF	NEG	AFF	NEG
Monona	1,502	627	1,639	584	1,455	689	1,504	636	1,450	678
Monroe	2,071	629	2,198	579	2,313	537	2,061	663	2,068	641
Montgomery	1,852	612	1,889	588	1,793	669	1,920	596	1,777	679
Muscatine	5,667	1,080	5,000	1,165	4,853	1,223	4,799	1,216	4,736	1,305
O'Brien	2,287	538	2,270	545	2,179	585	2,142	609	2,146	585
Osceola	925	265	999	250	920	295	930	266	902	291
Page	2,470	1,044	2,570	970	2,628	962	2,913	1,049	2,435	1,063
Palo Alto	1,688	456	1,725	459	1,691	449	1,785	431	1,658	514
Plymouth	3,338	922	3,433	860	3,328	925	3,336	899	3,413	1,122
Pocahontas	1,582	456	1,517	460	1,486	473	1,473	458	1,463	489
Polk	58,102	14,155	59,729	13,791	56,825	14,876	57,533	14,457	55,693	15,414
Pottawattamie	10,749	4,155	11,432	3,823	11,294	4,142	10,662	4,271	10,308	4,482
Poweshiek	3,443	827	3,479	803	3,381	855	3,519	808	3,460	871
Ringgold	1,640	397	1,706	364	1,644	383	1,842	334	1,632	413
Sac	1,641	720	1,797	664	1,611	776	1,643	722	1,668	740
Scott	26,015	6,151	28,113	5,700	26,291	6,486	25,742	6,347	25,164	6,787
Shelby	1,993	589	3,391	439	2,144	584	2,045	619	1,972	659
Sioux	4,117	1,277	4,227	1,198	4,120	1,276	4,337	1,176	3,988	1,426
Story	15,437	3,492	15,867	3,255	15,549	3,556	15,563	3,474	16,453	3,500
Tama	2,835	882	2,903	820	3,060	807	2,810	1,011	2,929	832
Taylor	1,958	742	2,027	721	1,938	774	1,970	747	1,912	806
Union	1,641	560	1,681	538	1,724	567	1,819	547	1,618	572
Van Buren	1,846	643	1,936	589	2,033	580	1,892	613	1,816	668
Wapello	4,991	1,655	5,270	1,584	5,770	1,592	4,938	1,649	5,096	1,681
Warren	5,914	2,008	5,884	2,082	5,661	2,183	5,890	2,153	5,403	2,333
Washington	2,465	830	2,752	722	2,574	845	2,472	856	2,385	908
Wayne	2,208	636	2,278	582	2,282	605	2,351	591	2,155	676
Webster	6,953	2,018	7,034	1,914	6,816	2,007	7,241	2,016	7,315	2,180
Winnebago	3,694	757	3,795	694	3,625	747	3,690	734	3,779	830
Winneshiek	3,062	819	3,035	842	2,987	859	2,949	842	2,962	855
Woodbury	15,749	4,182	17,560	3,657	15,834	4,541	16,041	4,152	15,114	4,691
Worth	2,610	509	2,684	460	2,673	490	2,605	514	2,622	532
Wright	2,233	599	2,303	599	2,236	618	2,387	571	2,614	655
TOTALS	489,415	137,693	509,670	130,371	490,990	140,043	488,751	139,210	482,979	146,191

SUPREME COURT JUSTICES STANDING FOR RETENTION

	AFF.	NEG.		AFF.	NEG.
Robert G. Allbee	489,415	137,693	Jerry L. Larson	509,670	130,371
Arthur A. McGiverin	490,990	140,043	W. Ward Reynoldson	488,751	139,210
Harvey Uhlenhopp	482,979	146,191			

COURT OF APPEALS JUDGE STANDING FOR RETENTION

	AFF.	NEG.
Janet A. Johnson	508,692	130,516

DISTRICT COURT JUDGES STANDING FOR RETENTION

DISTRICT 1B	AFF.	NEG.		AFF.	NEG.
Charles W. Antes	48,106	15,933	Robt. O. Frederick	82,315	22,093
Dennis D. Damsgaard	51,289	12,706	M. J. V. Hayden	81,764	22,198
Frank D. Elwood	50,473	12,607	Louis A. Lavorato	77,978	27,289
Roger F. Peterson	50,977	12,495	Joel D. Novak	81,527	22,258
DISTRICT 2A					
Ray E. Clough	30,674	7,624	DISTRICT 5B		
Jack W. Frye	32,339	7,478	James W. Brown	21,594	4,935
Ralph F. McCartney	31,951	7,558	DISTRICT 6		
DISTRICT 2B					
George G. Fagg	51,775	16,551	August F. Honsell, Jr.	62,221	15,926
Russell J. Hill	54,661	14,031	Thomas M. Horan	61,852	15,327
R. K. Richardson	54,933	12,925	DISTRICT 7		
James C. Smith	54,021	13,824	J. Hobart Darbyshire	45,523	12,404
DISTRICT 3A					
Murray S. Underwood	25,802	5,939	James R. Haverkamp	50,078	11,632
DISTRICT 4					
Keith E. Burgett	29,434	9,891	Max R. Werling	46,815	11,917
Glen M. McGee	28,892	9,623	DISTRICT 8A		
DISTRICT 5A					
Anthony M. Critelli	81,095	29,322	James D. Jenkins	28,771	8,247
James P. Denato	71,694	39,478	Dick R. Schlegel	30,327	8,517
DISTRICT 8B					
			Richard J. Vogel	29,298	8,037
			William S. Cahill	25,830	6,741
			David B. Hendrickson	24,849	6,452

Amendments to the Constitution

COUNTIES	AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION (HJR 5) (EQUAL RIGHTS)			CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION		
	YES	NO	TOTALS	YES	NO	TOTALS
Adair	1,384	2,925	4,309	1,327	2,907	4,234
Adams	1,198	1,525	2,723	1,084	1,488	2,572
Allamakee	1,758	3,528	5,286	2,340	2,915	5,255
Appanoose	2,003	2,944	4,947	1,962	2,894	4,856
Audubon	1,226	1,951	3,177	1,298	1,762	3,060
Benton	3,264	5,121	8,385	3,460	4,820	8,280
Black Hawk	23,276	30,542	53,818	22,116	31,231	53,347
Boone	4,067	5,930	9,997	3,516	6,271	9,787
Bremer	3,279	5,485	8,764	3,506	5,201	8,707
Buchanan	3,574	5,145	8,719	3,464	4,836	8,300
Buena Vista	2,960	4,789	7,749	3,363	4,479	7,842
Butler	1,999	3,771	5,770	2,618	3,116	5,734
Calhoun	1,758	3,025	4,783	1,877	2,851	4,728
Carroll	2,751	4,670	7,421	2,715	4,344	7,059
Cass	2,808	2,936	5,744	2,477	3,142	5,619
Cedar	2,672	3,289	6,161	2,282	3,881	6,163
Cerro Gordo	8,195	11,138	19,333	7,048	12,016	19,064
Cherokee	2,174	3,690	5,864	2,331	3,724	6,055
Chickasaw	2,998	3,953	6,951	2,690	4,109	6,799
Clarke	1,694	2,395	4,089	1,500	2,438	3,938
Clay	2,695	4,523	7,218	2,715	4,588	7,303
Clayton	2,841	3,845	6,686	3,067	3,692	6,759
Clinton	9,884	8,317	18,201	7,832	10,276	18,108
Crawford	2,067	2,802	4,869	2,455	2,432	4,887
Dallas	4,814	5,969	10,783	3,842	6,683	10,525
Davis	1,373	2,143	3,516	1,222	2,230	3,452
Decatur	1,812	2,304	4,116	1,571	2,455	4,026
Delaware	2,530	3,674	6,204	2,517	3,624	6,341
Des Moines	7,535	7,991	15,526	5,190	10,202	15,392
Dickinson	2,207	3,384	5,591	2,256	3,250	5,506
Dubuque	12,384	18,657	31,041	11,898	18,473	30,371
Emmet	1,920	2,720	4,640	1,459	3,013	4,472
Fayette	3,741	5,718	9,459	4,565	4,974	9,539
Floyd	2,923	3,838	6,761	2,762	3,965	6,727
Franklin	1,986	2,644	4,630	1,859	2,725	4,584
Fremont	1,099	1,808	2,970	1,200	1,710	2,910
Greene	1,582	3,149	4,731	1,779	3,061	4,840
Grundy	1,981	3,593	5,574	2,226	3,313	5,539
Guthrie	2,007	3,241	5,248	1,885	3,211	5,096
Hamilton	2,703	4,511	7,214	2,632	4,426	7,058
Hancock	1,833	3,198	5,031	2,110	2,886	4,996
Hardin	3,160	4,482	7,642	2,675	4,917	7,592
Harrison	3,663	2,599	6,262	3,313	2,814	6,127
Henry	3,968	4,113	8,081	2,516	5,226	7,742
Howard	2,205	3,251	5,456	2,088	3,081	5,169
Humboldt	1,496	2,772	4,268	1,655	2,643	4,298
Ida	1,147	2,451	3,598	1,509	2,032	3,541
Iowa	2,250	3,783	6,033	2,280	3,661	5,941
Jackson	2,579	2,795	5,374	2,348	3,056	5,404
Jasper	5,668	7,439	13,107	4,731	8,271	13,002
Jefferson	3,304	3,535	6,839	2,508	4,016	6,524
Johnson	25,264	12,136	37,400	10,303	25,895	36,198
Jones	3,579	4,853	8,432	3,054	5,201	8,255
Keokuk	1,783	2,721	4,504	1,671	2,950	4,621
Kossuth	2,842	4,689	7,531	2,825	4,687	7,512
Lee	5,790	8,480	14,270	5,424	8,436	13,860
Linn	28,149	33,650	61,799	22,397	38,128	61,525
Louisa	2,029	2,015	4,044	1,663	2,266	3,929
Lucas	1,876	2,620	4,496	1,598	2,602	4,200
Lyon	989	3,456	4,445	1,423	2,845	4,268
Madison	2,655	3,231	5,886	2,274	3,357	5,631
Mahaska	3,053	5,244	8,297	2,771	5,341	8,112
Marion	4,247	6,554	10,801	3,569	6,687	10,256
Marshall	7,030	11,017	18,047	6,509	10,969	17,478
Mills	1,589	2,063	3,652	1,672	2,071	3,743

Amendments to the Constitution

COUNTIES	AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION (HJR 5) (EQUAL RIGHTS)			CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION		
	YES	NO	TOTALS	YES	NO	TOTALS
Mitchell	1,918	2,577	4,495	2,093	2,522	4,615
Monona	1,616	2,271	3,887	1,741	2,112	3,853
Monroe	1,616	2,150	3,766	1,383	2,199	3,582
Montgomery	1,614	2,486	4,100	1,790	2,344	4,134
Muscatine	6,565	5,474	12,039	5,513	6,341	11,854
O'Brien	2,058	4,531	6,589	2,329	4,117	6,446
Osceola	741	1,928	2,669	1,092	1,559	2,651
Page	1,940	4,246	6,186	2,504	3,460	5,964
Palo Alto	1,608	2,568	4,176	1,655	2,609	4,264
Plymouth	2,882	5,367	8,049	3,862	4,193	8,055
Pocahontas	1,533	2,741	4,274	1,717	2,561	4,278
Polk	57,222	57,655	114,877	40,867	72,686	113,553
Pottawattamie	12,173	11,129	23,302	11,809	11,219	23,028
Poweshiek	3,441	4,056	7,497	2,354	5,053	7,407
Ringgold	1,509	1,451	2,960	1,393	1,441	2,834
Sac	1,778	3,130	4,908	2,048	2,782	4,830
Scott	28,341	26,418	54,759	21,581	31,544	53,125
Shelby	2,239	2,656	4,895	2,634	2,129	4,763
Sioux	2,250	9,713	11,963	4,111	7,366	11,477
Story	16,938	15,481	32,419	8,687	23,199	31,886
Tama	2,456	4,279	6,735	2,726	4,099	6,825
Taylor	1,388	2,168	3,556	1,315	2,116	3,431
Union	1,934	2,530	4,464	1,748	2,562	4,330
Van Buren	1,649	1,798	3,447	1,481	1,812	3,293
Wapello	6,011	8,130	14,141	4,850	8,619	13,469
Warren	5,697	7,559	13,256	4,216	9,055	13,271
Washington	2,658	3,401	6,059	2,132	3,980	6,112
Wayne	1,416	2,373	3,789	1,455	2,170	3,625
Webster	5,814	10,447	16,261	5,863	10,357	16,220
Winnebago	2,690	3,077	5,667	2,504	3,059	5,563
Winneshiek	3,249	4,028	7,277	2,996	4,460	7,456
Woodbury	12,440	21,675	34,115	15,106	18,718	33,824
Worth	2,030	2,016	4,046	1,829	2,096	3,925
Wright	2,124	3,676	5,800	2,073	3,605	5,678
TOTALS	468,708	591,925	1,060,633	404,249	640,130	1,044,379

STATE SENATORS

SECOND DISTRICT		TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT	
Richard P. Vande Hoel (R) Harris	13,912	George Opperman (R) Manning	9,848
John E. van der Linden (D) Sibley	9,612	C. W. Bill Hutchins (D) Guthrie Center	12,449
FOURTH DISTRICT		Scattering	3
Berl E. Priebe (D) Algona	15,459	THIRTIETH DISTRICT	
Scattering	6	David M. Readinger (R) Urbandale	17,024
SIXTH DISTRICT		Robert J. Marks (D) Urbandale	13,092
Patrick J. Breheny (R) Clear Lake	11,218	Scattering	2
Alvin V. Miller (D) Ventura	13,467	THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT	
Scattering	2	Ray C. Stiles (R) Des Moines	6,890
EIGHTH DISTRICT		William D. Palmer (D) Des Moines	15,228
Rolf V. Craft (R) Decorah	15,254	THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT	
Scattering	2	Gary E. Cozad (R) Des Moines	6,807
TENTH DISTRICT		George R. Kintley (D) Des Moines	14,927
John M. Walsh (R) Dubuque	10,359	Tex Allen (Pet.) Des Moines	259
Bob Carr (D) Dubuque	12,588	THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT	
TWELFTH DISTRICT		Charles V. Dunham (R) Deep River	10,671
Merlin D. Hulse (R) Clarence	13,407	Emil J. Husak (D) Toledo	11,475
Michael L. Richards (D) Anamosa	8,217	Scattering	2
FOURTEENTH DISTRICT		THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT	
James D. Wells (D) Cedar Rapids	14,215	Richard F. Drake (R) Muscatine	13,837
Rich Newell (Lib.) Cedar Rapids	867	Tom Tucker (D) Muscatine	8,887
SIXTEENTH DISTRICT		FORTIETH DISTRICT	
Maurice Stoneman (R) Independence	9,669	Edgar H. Holden (R) Davenport	16,157
James V. Gallagher (D) Jesup	12,782	Mary Johnson (D) Davenport	12,777
Scattering	3	Scattering	1
EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT		FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT	
Jerry E. Jorgensen (R) Cedar Falls	12,801	Ralph L. Caston III (R) Burlington	9,589
Ted Anderson (D) Waterloo	13,356	Charles P. Miller (D) Burlington	12,631
TWENTIETH DISTRICT		FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT	
Mick Lura (R) Marshalltown	13,296	Forrest V. Schwengels (R) Fairfield	14,690
Ralph Howe, (D) Clemons	11,049	R. W. Gustafson (D) Keosauqua	7,224
Scattering	4	Scattering	3
TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT		FORTY-SIXTH DISTRICT	
Jack N. Nystrom (R) Boone	15,168	James M. Bellamy (R) Knoxville	11,443
Doris Van Sickle (D) Boone	9,482	Bass Van Gilst (D) Oskatoosa	12,384
TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT		FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT	
Elvie Dreeszen (R) Cushing	11,813	James E. Bries (R) Corning	12,590
Howard Heisterkamp (D) Breda	8,221	Dave Schweers (D) Lenox	11,189
Frank Hanisch (Lib.) Laurens	481	Scattering	4
TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT		FIFTIETH DISTRICT	
Leonard C. Andersen (R) Sioux City	9,575	Jim Griffin (R) Council Bluffs	8,503
Donald V. Doyle (D) Sioux City	10,803	Tom Slater (D) Council Bluffs	8,664
Scattering	5		

STATE REPRESENTATIVES

FIRST DISTRICT		TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT	
Kenneth De Groot (R) Doon	11,466	John M. McGill (R) Dubuque	4,132
Scattering	1	Joe J. Welsh (D) Dubuque	7,893
SECOND DISTRICT		Scattering	1
Douglas Ritsema (R) Orange City	7,520	TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT	
Kenneth Wright (D) Remsen	3,295	Nancy J. Shimanek (R) Monticello	6,424
THIRD DISTRICT		Don Knapp (D) Cascade	5,307
Ingwer L. Hansen (R) Hartley	9,086	TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT	
Scattering	2	Andy McKean (R) Morley	8,433
FOURTH DISTRICT		David L. Rosheim (D) Maquoketa	2,566
Lee Holt (R) Spencer	8,195	TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT	
David Grussing (D) Estherville	3,627	Vic Stueland (R) Grand Mound	6,260
FIFTH DISTRICT		Herbert C. Hinkhouse (D) West Branch	5,747
Lester D. Menke (R) Calumet	8,050	TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT	
SIXTH DISTRICT		George Petrick (R) Mount Vernon	7,215
Lester Gingerich (R) Storm Lake	4,539	John E. Patchett (D) North Liberty	7,034
Richard Groth (D) Albert City	7,421	Scattering	3
SEVENTH DISTRICT		TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT	
Sue Mullins (R) Corwith	6,349	Robert M. L. Johnson (R) Cedar Rapids	5,897
Daniel P. Fogarty (D) Cylinder	6,162	Juan Cortez (D) Cedar Rapids	4,738
EIGHTH DISTRICT		Scattering	2
Clifford O. Branstad (R) Thompson	7,506	TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT	
Ruth A. Bolie (D) Thompson	3,921	Richard Rawson (R) Cedar Rapids	5,671
NINTH DISTRICT		Richard V. Running (D) Cedar Rapids	7,521
Delwyn Stromer (R) Garner	8,298	TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT	
Scattering	1	G. L. Pete Bell (R) Cedar Rapids	3,182
TENTH DISTRICT		Wally E. Horn (D) Cedar Rapids	5,817
Richard W. Welden (R) Iowa Falls	7,551	TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT	
Scattering	21	Kenneth D. Feeney (R) Cedar Rapids	4,867
ELEVENTH DISTRICT		Hurley W. Hall (D) Marion	7,507
Betty Jean Clark (R) Rockwell	8,366	Scattering	1
Jeanne L. Argos (D) Mason City	4,539	THIRTIETH DISTRICT	
TWELFTH DISTRICT		A. Gordon Holmes (R) Cedar Rapids	7,163
Beverly Pangburn (R) Northwood	2,843	Myron B. Oxley (D) Marron	7,834
Lowell E. Norland (D) Kensett	4,921	Jon Wacker (Lib.) Marion	186
Scattering	1	THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT	
THIRTEENTH DISTRICT		Kyle Hummel (R) Vinton	6,761
Gene A. Ostendorf (R) Dougherty	5,558	Hope Rogers (D) Vinton	4,518
Rollin K. Howell (D) Marble Rock	6,304	Scattering	3
FOURTEENTH DISTRICT		THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT	
Jim Johnson (R) Elma	6,666	Terry L. Helton (R) Evansdale	4,115
Larry Miles Dinger (D) Riceville	6,518	Kenneth D. Miller (D) Independence	6,639
Scattering	1	Scattering	1
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT		THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT	
Gordon Eide (R) Oelwein	4,738	Thomas A. Lind (R) Waterloo	10,782
Donald D. Avenson (D) Oelwein	6,461	Scattering	3
Scattering	2	THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT	
SIXTEENTH DISTRICT		Stephen J. Rapp (D) Waterloo	5,787
Semor C. Tofte (R) Decorah	7,414	Scattering	2
Joyce E. Christensen (D) West Union	3,973	THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT	
SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT		Violet A. Armstrong (R) Cedar Falls	3,975
Roger A. Halvorson (R) Monona	7,994	Diane Brandt (D) Cedar Falls	7,579
Peter J. Grady (D) Harper's Ferry	4,132	THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT	
EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT		Marvin E. Diemer (R) Cedar Falls	8,758
Darrell R. Hanson (R) Manchester	6,381	Leonard V. Larsen (D) Cedar Falls	5,446
Helene Hurley (D) Manchester	4,889	Scattering	2
NINETEENTH DISTRICT		THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT	
Thomas J. Jochum (D) Dubuque	6,131	Ray Lageschulte (R) Waverly	9,604
Scattering	3	Scattering	3
TWENTIETH DISTRICT		THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT	
Clem J. Walleser (R) Dubuque	5,910	Robert H. Renken (R) Aplington	9,023
Michael W. Connolly (D) Dubuque	7,305	Kenneth L. Sliika (D) Grundy Center	3,078

THIRTY-NINTH DISTRICT

Edmund C. Johnson (R) Marshalltown	6,079
Tom Swartz (D) Marshalltown	6,888

FORTIETH DISTRICT

Lisle Cook (R) Hubbard	7,588
William Eugene McAlpine (D) Laurel	3,331

FORTY-FIRST DISTRICT

Charles E. Minor (R) Ames	6,617
Charles Bruner (D) Ames	8,184
William McClain (Lib.) Ames	219
Scattering	1

FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT

Reid W. Crawford (R) Ames	10,985
Robert D. Mohr (D) Ames	4,620
John Failor (Lib.) Ames	287

FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT

Sonja Egenes (R) Story City	6,721
William F. Pelz (D) Ames	5,859

FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

Kenneth E. Frazier (R) Boone	5,167
Joyce Lonergan (D) Boone	6,618

FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

John E. Rowles (R) Fort Dodge	6,297
Dale M. Cochran (D) Eagle Grove	7,132

FORTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

Rebecca A. Kudron (R) Fort Dodge	3,218
Rod Halvorson (D) Fort Dodge	6,564

FORTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

Ruhl Maulsby (R) Rockwell City	4,649
William J. Messenger (D) Fonda	4,512
Ben L. Olson (Lib.) Pocahontas	1,409

FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

Wayne Bennett (R) Galva	6,481
Dale L. Schnurring (D) Sac City	4,263
Gary A. Stamp (Pet.) Ida Grove	111

FORTY-NINTH DISTRICT

Roger L. Siddall (R) Sioux City	5,959
Donald H. Binneboese (D) Hinton	6,033

FIFTIETH DISTRICT

Claire M. Miethke (R) Sioux City	5,209
James D. O'Kane (D) Sioux City	5,601

FIFTY-FIRST DISTRICT

Al Sturgeon (D) Sioux City	5,182
Scattering	3

FIFTY-SECOND DISTRICT

Warren Johnson (R) Sloan	6,587
Lyle Scheelhaase (D) Moville	5,858

FIFTY-THIRD DISTRICT

Frank Crabb (R) Denison	8,070
Scattering	5

FIFTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

Arlyn E. Danker (R) Minden	7,227
Betty M. Baldwin (D) Neola	4,077
Scattering	1

FIFTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

Karen Mann (R) Scranton	5,871
Carroll Perkins (D) Jefferson	5,513

FIFTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

James O. Anderson (R) Brayton	6,066
Robert J. Skow (D) Guthrie Center	5,320

FIFTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

Virginia Poffenberger (R) Perry	6,857
Dennis Curtis (D) Waukee	5,891
Scattering	4

FIFTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

Newton M. Coughenour (R) Winterset	5,638
Philip A. Davitt (D) St. Charles	9,591
Scattering	1

FIFTY-NINTH DISTRICT

Lyle R. Krewson (R) Urbandale	8,914
Chuck Larson (D) Polk City	7,552
Scattering	2

SIXTIETH DISTRICT

Douglas R. Smalley (R) Des Moines	7,584
Jack Holveck (D) Des Moines	7,147

SIXTY-FIRST DISTRICT

Don Mendenhall (R) Des Moines	6,067
Richard L. Byerly (D) Ankeny	8,017

SIXTY-SECOND DISTRICT

Jo Ann Trucano (R) Des Moines	4,780
Norman G. Jesse (D) Des Moines	4,647

SIXTY-THIRD DISTRICT

Jeanne C. Porter (R) Des Moines	4,879
Dennis L. Renaud (D) Altoona	8,391

SIXTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

Mark A. French (R) Des Moines	2,291
John H. Connors (D) Des Moines	6,927
Scattering	2

SIXTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

Lawrence Pope (R) Des Moines	6,964
Mike Murray (D) Des Moines	5,130
Scattering	4

SIXTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

Dorothy F. Carpenter (R) W. Des Moines	12,575
Ione G. Shaddock (D) W. Des Moines	6,187

SIXTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

Kenneth Klauenburch (R) Des Moines	2,690
Ned F. Chiodo (D) Des Moines	6,850

SIXTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

Steve Scheffler (R) Des Moines	5,300
Jack E. Woods (D) Des Moines	8,061

SIXTY-NINTH DISTRICT

Regina Hanover (R) Mitchellville	6,119
Robert T. Anderson (D) Newton	7,634
Scattering	5

SEVENTIETH DISTRICT

Barbara Sagraves (R) Pella	5,876
Bill Dieleman (D) Pella	7,975

SEVENTY-FIRST DISTRICT

Gregg M. Edwards (R) Grinnell	4,615
Janet Carl (D) Grinnell	6,665
Gordon E. Earley (Pet.) Malcom	176

SEVENTY-SECOND DISTRICT

Phillip E. Tyrrell (R) North English	6,821
Stephen J. Hanson (D) Williamsburg	4,666

SEVENTY-THIRD DISTRICT

Howard N. Sokol (R) Iowa City	5,923
Jean Lloyd-Jones (D) Iowa City	8,782
Michael G. Lewis (Lib.) Iowa City	292
Scattering	1

SEVENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

Douglas P. Bell (R) Iowa City	4,435
Minnette Doderer (D) Iowa City	10,494
Dan McDonald (Lib.) Iowa City	466

SEVENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

Betty A. Hoffmann (R) Muscatine	6,797
Joe Hankins (D) Muscatine	4,706
Scattering	1

SEVENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

Walter Conlon (R) Muscatine	7,218
Dale K. Simmons (D) Blue Grass	4,587

SEVENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

John Pelton (R) Clinton	8,061
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SEVENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

Hugo Schnekoth (R) Eldridge	6,637
C. Arthur Ollie (D) Clinton	5,708
Scattering	1

SEVENTY-NINTH DISTRICT
 Jo Smith (R) Davenport 10,314
 Scattering 3

EIGHTIETH DISTRICT
 James Bryson Clements (R) Davenport 7,832
 Robert F. Bina (D) Davenport 6,894
 Scattering 1

EIGHTY-FIRST DISTRICT
 Gloria F. Grilk (R) Davenport 2,743
 Gregory D. Cusack (D) Davenport 4,944
 Scattering 1

EIGHTY-SECOND DISTRICT
 Michael J. Van Camp (R) Davenport 4,351
 Robert C. Arnould (D) Davenport 4,817

EIGHTY-THIRD DISTRICT
 Virgil E. Corey (R) Morning Sun 7,610
 Eugene Larson (D) Burlington 4,558

EIGHTY-FOURTH DISTRICT
 Larry Kirkenslager (R) Burlington 6,053
 Donna R. Peebler (D) West Burlington 4,775

EIGHTY-FIFTH DISTRICT
 Phillip E. Prickett (R) Burlington 4,561
 Clay Spear (D) Burlington 6,706

EIGHTY-SIXTH DISTRICT
 John H. Clark (R) Keokuk 7,151
 Patrick J. Hogan (D) Keokuk 4,379

EIGHTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT
 Floyd H. Millen (R) Farmington 5,348
 William R. Sullivan (D) Cantril 5,994
 Scattering 2

EIGHTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT
 George R. Swearingen (R) Sigourney 5,856
 Steve A. Burnett (D) Delta 4,746
 Scattering 2

EIGHTY-NINTH DISTRICT
 Sonja L. Larsen (R) Ottumwa 5,731
 Charles N. Poncey (D) Ottumwa 6,022

NINETIETH DISTRICT
 John K. Melcher (R) Ottumwa 3,955
 Don Gettings (D) Ottumwa 7,258

NINETY-FIRST DISTRICT
 Harold Van Maanen (R) Oskaloosa 7,959
 Nicholas A. Novotny (D) Oskaloosa 3,188
 Scattering 1

NINETY-SECOND DISTRICT
 Doug Shull (R) Indianola 7,113
 Ruth Crouse DeYoung (D) Indianola 5,509

NINETY-THIRD DISTRICT
 Paul Anthony Romans (R) Derby 4,409
 Daniel Jay (D) Moulton 7,482

NINETY-FOURTH DISTRICT
 L. W. Joe Gross (R) Mt. Ayr 6,587
 Arlo Hullinger (D) Leon 5,918
 Scattering 1

NINETY-FIFTH DISTRICT
 Wendell C. Pellett (R) Atlantic 7,769
 Tom Nolte (D) Atlantic 4,512
 Scattering 1

NINETY-SIXTH DISTRICT
 Horace Daggett (R) Lenox 9,347
 Scattering 3

NINETY-SEVENTH DISTRICT
 William H. Harbor (R) Henderson 7,597
 Bill Majure (D) Red Oak 4,219

NINETY-EIGHTH DISTRICT
 Laverne Wm. Schroeder (R) McClelland 7,027
 Dale W. Friesen (D) Council Bluffs 3,172

NINETY-NINTH DISTRICT
 Mike Sizer (R) Council Bluffs 3,297
 Emil S. Pavich (D) Council Bluffs 4,399

ONE HUNDREDTH DISTRICT
 Gary Galle (R) Council Bluffs 4,784
 Marcia K. Walter (D) Council Bluffs 4,896

Popular Vote in Iowa for President

1948	Harry Truman D*	522,380
	Thomas Dewey R	494,018
1952	D. Eisenhower R	808,906
	A. Stevenson D	451,513
1956	D. Eisenhower R	729,187
	A. Stevenson D	501,858
1960	Richard Nixon R	722,381
	John F. Kennedy D	550,565
1964	Barry M. Goldwater R	449,148
	Lyndon B. Johnson D	733,030
1968	Richard M. Nixon R	619,106
	H. H. Humphrey D	476,699
1972	Richard M. Nixon R	706,207
	George S. McGovern D	496,206
	John G. Schmitz AI	22,056
1976	Gerald R. Ford R	632,852
	Jimmy Carter D	619,874
	Eugene J. McCarthy P	19,828
1980	Ronald Reagan R	676,026
	Jimmy Carter D	508,672
	John Anderson P	115,633

* Political Party—D, Democratic;
 R, Republican;
 AI, American Independent;
 P, Petition.

Popular Vote in Iowa for United States Senator

United States Senators in Iowa were elected in joint session of the House and Senate of the Iowa General Assembly from 1846 to 1909. Term six years. Starting in 1914, their election has been by popular vote.

1948	Guy Gillette	D	578,226
	Geo. Wilson	R	415,778
1950	B. Hickenlooper	R	470,613
	A. J. Loveland	D	383,766
1954	Thomas A. Martin	R	442,409
	Guy Gillette	D	402,712
1956	B. Hickenlooper	R	635,499
	R. M. Evans	D	543,156
1960	Jack Miller	R	642,463
	H. C. Loveless	D	595,119
1962	B. Hickenlooper	R	431,364
	E. B. Smith	D	376,602
1966	Jack Miller	R	522,339
	E. B. Smith	D	324,114
1968	Harold E. Hughes	D	574,884
	David M. Stanley	R	568,469
1972	Dick Clark	D	662,637
	Jack Miller	R	530,525
	Wm. A. Rocab, Jr.	AI	8,954
1974	John Culver	D	462,947
	David M. Stanley	R	420,546
1978	Roger Jepsen	R	421,598
	Dick Clark	D	395,066
1980	Charles E. Grassley	R	683,014
	John Culver	D	581,545

Popular Vote in Iowa for Governor

1956	H. C. Loveless	D	616,852
	Leo A. Hoegh	R	587,383
1958	H. C. Loveless	D	465,024
	Wm. G. Murray	R	394,071
1960	Norman Erbe	R	645,026
	E. J. McManus	D	592,063
1962	Harold E. Hughes	D	430,899
	Norman A. Erbe	R	338,955
1964	Harold E. Hughes	D	794,610
	Evan Hultman	R	365,131
1966	Harold E. Hughes	D	494,259
	Wm. G. Murray	R	394,518
1968	Robert D. Ray	R	614,328
	Paul Franzenburg	D	521,216
1970	Robert D. Ray	R	403,394
	Robert D. Fulton	D	368,911
	Robert Dilley	AI	18,933
1972	Robert D. Ray	R	707,177
	Paul Franzenburg	D	487,282
	Robert D. Dilley	AI	15,715
1974	Robert D. Ray	R	534,518
	James Schaben	D	377,553
1978	Robert D. Ray	R	491,713
	Jerome D. Fitzgerald	D	345,519

General Election — 1980

General election returns are presented precinct by precinct in the following pages, in an alphabetical listing of counties. Persons studying these returns by congressional district may wish to refer to the congressional map.

PRECINCT	21 Precincts										
	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Adair.....	219	119	14	198	145	150	191	141	179	107	199
Bridgewater.....	67	52	18	69	62	38	94	37	90	34	90
Eureka.....	59	22	15	61	38	26	73	28	68	36	59
Grand River.....	83	36	11	76	53	38	91	34	92	50	72
Greenfield.....	685	362	83	680	453	464	659	268	708	176	890
Grove.....	94	47	9	98	52	40	108	33	114	53	91
Harrison.....	78	22	11	79	36	45	68	43	73	47	64
Jackson.....	76	41	10	73	49	33	95	39	87	47	78
Jefferson.....	88	44	5	81	55	54	81	43	91	46	35
Lee.....	93	29	18	93	47	55	86	36	100	44	88
Lincoln.....	80	44	10	68	57	41	89	47	88	45	84
Orient.....	150	136	36	165	138	82	232	132	167	124	165
Prussia.....	102	16	14	96	35	51	85	33	97	40	89
Richland.....	97	44	8	88	56	53	96	31	118	48	96
Stuart.....	80	78	10	71	92	51	114	54	100	46	103
Summerset.....	359	148	36	355	162	222	311	129	388	147	342
Summit.....	35	35	2	84	29	45	69	41	68	44	61
Union.....	78	41	4	70	48	24	97	52	82	45	65
Walnut.....	66	38	5	58	47	31	78	41	66	41	70
Washington.....	78	33	7	90	25	55	62	25	85	41	64
Absentee & Special Voters	113	67	20	133	63	97	96	97	85	66	102
Total.....	2821	1454	356	2786	1742	1695	2878	1384	2925	1327	2907

ADAMS COUNTY												16 Precincts	
PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION		
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Lincoln.....	68	30	5	70	34	48	57	31	70	46	50		
Washington.....	96	32	7	103	28	70	63	36	96	65	58		
Cart.....	80	30	6	81	29	37	78	29	73	50	56		
Douglas.....	72	42	6	65	45	49	72	45	64	50	51		
Douglas.....	95	47	6	103	44	63	82	73	57	59	91		
Quincy.....	97	60	4	90	60	59	103	65	85	59	135		
Prescott.....	146	105	19	148	106	83	200	99	169	112	49		
Union.....	80	29	6	68	42	34	81	60	48	52	98		
Nodaway.....	121	44	15	122	53	90	93	68	108	73	41		
Brooks.....	37	28	4	41	23	29	43	28	36	22	51		
Mercer.....	67	37	15	75	40	40	61	62	52	61	50		
Grant.....	91	26	1	81	81	47	82	43	78	67	248		
Corning 1st.....	264	159	43	262	175	175	290	196	223	133	200		
Corning 2nd.....	200	119	20	193	118	157	176	145	157	76	171		
Corning 3rd.....	184	98	22	176	109	123	184	119	170	99	87		
Absentee & Special Voters	81	56	27	77	76	59	100	99	49	48	1488		
Total.....	1779	940	214	1755	1023	1163	1783	1198	1525	1084	1488		

ALLAMAKEE COUNTY												22 Precincts	
PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION		
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Center.....	84	39	10	109	26	105	25	28	86	63	49		
Fairview.....	31	14	5	27	25	27	23	19	20	24	16		
Franklin.....	112	34	6	119	31	119	31	28	106	60	28		
French Creek.....	33	38	1	48	23	42	29	18	46	39	21		
Hanover.....	34	53	4	53	46	46	43	7	70	17	59		
Iowa.....	192	124	15	197	124	192	123	96	116	85	121		
Jefferson.....	181	46	11	191	39	181	47	39	183	120	104		
Lafayette.....	69	84	5	80	71	75	71	29	98	70	81		
Lansing.....	308	267	35	323	266	370	219	159	262	181	229		
Linton.....	67	31	1	69	27	64	32	23	60	42	38		

ALLAMAKEE, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Ludlow	180	49	10	202	38	202	37	67	135	102	103
Makee	162	74	17	196	59	178	63	66	167	127	110
Paint Creek	156	68	9	166	62	175	48	63	134	85	111
Post	687	270	57	668	301	694	268	316	504	298	524
Taylor	78	144	9	79	145	81	135	67	102	63	95
Union City	68	18	2	87	19	94	12	46	46	71	20
Union Prairie	154	50	6	171	33	166	40	46	155	100	96
Waterloo	82	38	9	94	35	85	37	81	81	47	62
Waukon 1st	343	160	44	368	166	414	117	133	303	170	270
Waukon 2nd	359	242	33	418	207	423	186	143	418	250	308
Waukon 3rd	386	191	24	379	212	415	167	189	308	211	269
Absentee & Special Voters	216	136	30	218	163	243	126	166	127	122	168
Total	4000	2170	343	4254	2109	4393	1875	1758	3528	2340	2915

APPANOOSE COUNTY

25 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Bellair	149	135	14	154	126	135	145	74	127	84	114
Caldwell	100	87	9	107	79	106	81	48	94	57	82
Centerville W1 P1	289	197	32	260	216	277	213	180	205	146	233
Centerville W1 P2	214	209	25	219	211	196	230	151	168	140	173
Centerville W2 P1	216	148	27	202	167	194	173	124	163	98	161
Centerville W2 P2	200	111	24	187	119	204	134	125	136	122	142
Centerville W3 P1	185	198	18	202	184	176	205	127	173	114	184
Centerville W3 P2	235	209	29	257	200	224	227	147	130	130	228
Chariton	37	32	3	35	35	30	39	26	39	21	43
Douglas	62	27	9	64	47	65	26	23	47	34	35
Franklin	59	25	1	55	17	55	25	11	61	27	43
Independence	102	33	5	92	43	90	46	45	74	55	59
Johns	150	54	5	145	57	140	145	48	121	64	81
Lincoln	73	22	5	64	32	60	35	25	54	30	47

APPANOOSE, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Pleasant.....	142	128	14	162	110	124	135	72	143	91	116
Sharon.....	88	35	7	62	38	52	50	22	60	30	51
Taylor.....	234	150	22	241	142	206	175	108	205	108	195
Udell.....	95	82	9	90	84	93	81	55	98	52	99
Union.....	48	42	1	53	35	51	38	18	51	18	46
Vermillion.....	173	133	18	187	129	189	149	94	159	110	148
Walnut Mystic.....	143	186	14	119	197	127	194	77	115	92	100
Walnut Rathbun.....	55	68	6	50	52	52	72	44	46	38	52
Washington.....	60	50	6	63	49	58	55	35	65	47	54
Wells.....	185	178	18	194	175	189	189	88	161	81	163
Absentee & Special Voters	260	229	32	246	257	232	280	238	163	160	224
Total.....	3544	2789	353	3550	2811	3285	3064	2003	2944	1962	2894

AUDUBON COUNTY

9 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Viola.....	79	30	8	76	35	47	62	25	70	48	47
Cameron Lincoln.....	218	93	19	222	89	144	170	87	135	113	102
Doug/me ville.....	696	367	72	688	401	447	650	318	512	305	488
S 1/2 Leroy Township.....	438	262	40	417	281	297	410	209	356	188	366
Sharon Township.....	178	151	16	175	146	108	232	74	151	100	112
Hamlin & Greeley.....	183	118	16	180	129	88	227	92	154	118	123
Oakfield.....	151	69	14	142	81	88	140	87	110	84	83
Audubon & Exira.....	418	317	41	427	319	288	471	229	368	256	309
Absentee & Special Voters	164	139	25	173	142	136	182	125	97	84	132
Total.....	2523	1546	251	2500	1623	1643	2544	1228	1951	1298	1782

1980 GENERAL ELECTION

30 Precincts

BENTON COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Belle Plaine I	237	207	32	272	192	303	120	120	206	95	236	
Belle Plaine II	190	201	38	228	188	244	131	104	187	100	192	
Belle Plaine III	144	194	14	166	170	163	138	83	184	93	174	
Benton	106	117	9	109	127	129	97	74	142	103	113	
Big Grove	67	47	14	87	43	99	20	48	70	70	50	
Bruce	109	41	18	127	44	131	25	60	101	73	88	
Canton	115	81	30	129	95	138	88	128	108	82	108	
Cedar	161	76	33	193	92	193	58	90	153	112	114	
Eden	96	60	19	112	65	117	53	70	91	78	79	
Eldorado	300	249	51	338	264	351	207	146	312	216	235	
Florence	228	189	44	253	195	239	161	126	216	125	217	
Fremont	332	212	50	359	228	349	201	150	324	227	248	
Harrison	94	53	18	117	49	112	78	55	62	62	69	
Homer	56	51	23	88	41	80	36	51	71	55	64	
Iowa	104	58	19	105	73	118	43	58	98	69	85	
Jackson	143	99	37	172	100	185	73	116	126	137	105	
Kane	224	163	39	251	168	265	107	96	198	117	173	
Leroy	255	220	37	289	211	287	181	144	231	135	237	
Monroe	80	44	7	94	34	98	26	46	85	54	60	
Polk	199	318	37	211	340	238	270	141	265	147	254	
Shellsburg	183	123	17	172	140	185	98	88	192	110	175	
St Clair	97	104	10	125	87	117	71	51	116	60	107	
Taylor	174	99	25	191	103	210	71	113	135	113	126	
Union	244	223	41	277	215	279	170	165	236	160	237	
Vinton 1	305	224	47	323	254	383	158	184	268	174	274	
Vinton 2	246	174	57	266	201	275	138	149	193	138	199	
Vinton 3	294	187	64	337	198	371	121	207	267	172	269	
Vinton 4	272	205	48	308	207	353	145	181	255	176	251	
Walford	47	69	13	57	70	57	84	50	63	49	63	
Absentee & Special Voters	227	135	57	226	180	292	98	227	146	158	198	
Total	5329	4223	948	5977	4374	6342	3176	3264	5121	3460	4820	

88 Precincts

BLACK HAWK COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Waterloo W1 P1.	435	335	65	495	345	442	397	276	487	328	431	
Waterloo W1 P2.	595	376	111	669	396	604	464	448	552	448	527	
Waterloo W1 P3.	264	379	28	327	334	235	413	217	249	255	305	
Waterloo W1 P4.	337	337	45	339	343	272	399	214	272	399	310	
Waterloo W1 P5.	351	408	46	400	394	335	452	232	447	255	410	
Waterloo W1 P6.	595	445	119	679	468	574	559	446	627	481	582	
Waterloo W1 P7.	514	507	103	594	512	482	618	389	629	411	701	
Waterloo W1 P8.	990	574	142	1073	616	937	704	631	940	704	855	
Waterloo W2 P1.	489	317	75	534	339	472	404	428	474	328	464	
Waterloo W2 P2.	690	280	82	727	314	665	368	428	526	401	548	
Waterloo W2 P3.	464	350	78	520	371	450	430	296	494	364	427	
Waterloo W2 P4.	338	383	48	402	362	330	428	245	430	286	377	
Waterloo W2 P5.	453	310	59	484	336	450	370	311	434	323	386	
Waterloo W2 P6.	801	638	111	884	591	775	728	539	758	525	767	
Waterloo W2 P7.	1166	501	146	1194	652	1122	658	698	942	827	791	
Waterloo W2 P8.	740	663	131	812	682	668	820	520	789	610	667	
Waterloo W3 P1.	179	236	25	218	216	170	262	127	201	124	196	
Waterloo W3 P2.	100	442	23	127	413	101	449	166	171	127	186	
Waterloo W3 P3.	331	400	48	375	396	315	445	276	352	244	377	
Waterloo W3 P4.	230	392	39	298	359	220	435	221	337	233	321	
Waterloo W3 P5.	268	415	34	317	380	269	439	209	336	224	310	
Waterloo W3 P6.	262	432	37	303	409	240	476	219	345	232	316	
Waterloo W3 P7.	376	313	53	319	368	270	410	246	346	237	316	
Waterloo W3 P8.	349	313	56	393	317	328	381	284	373	273	352	
Waterloo W4 P1.	142	225	15	150	220	125	241	113	168	101	162	
Waterloo W4 P2.	96	309	29	126	290	95	324	119	129	99	144	
Waterloo W4 P3.	213	370	31	326	356	181	408	184	268	193	245	
Waterloo W4 P4.	239	425	55	277	428	199	488	184	278	244	349	
Waterloo W4 P5.	226	356	30	284	324	200	369	157	300	191	260	
Waterloo W4 P6.	342	30	3	31	327	21	337	45	25	37	62	
Waterloo W4 P7.	55	462	11	77	430	46	464	154	108	110	134	
Waterloo W4 P8.	90	455	15	118	418	98	448	219	139	164	158	
Waterloo W5 P1.	268	267	57	318	267	278	302	195	327	232	284	
Waterloo W5 P2.	311	295	62	374	285	313	335	210	332	232	338	
Waterloo W5 P3.	371	334	69	421	338	375	382	241	467	323	379	
Waterloo W5 P4.	302	305	50	344	314	293	354	205	359	204	337	
Waterloo W5 P5.	308	330	58	363	322	308	372	223	376	272	368	
Waterloo W5 P6.	419	366	53	473	365	397	443	171	475	306	413	
Waterloo W5 P7.	293	295	36	322	284	271	233	171	335	214	278	
Waterloo W5 P8.	267	339	43	321	319	244	387	190	340	237	274	

1980 GENERAL ELECTION

BLACK HAWK, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Cedar Falls W1 P1	223	219	53	277	212	204	274	154	282	201	236	
Cedar Falls W1 P2	228	280	67	273	297	215	354	216	278	210	272	
Cedar Falls W1 P3	331	284	101	406	307	320	394	329	300	216	402	
Cedar Falls W1 P4	256	271	75	309	301	233	368	263	240	175	327	
Cedar Falls W2 P1	378	265	88	410	321	374	361	280	365	255	379	
Cedar Falls W2 P2	333	252	87	366	302	294	385	298	296	204	379	
Cedar Falls W2 P3	201	377	174	231	539	184	581	444	251	182	498	
Cedar Falls W2 P4	474	377	193	557	496	469	567	477	460	297	636	
Cedar Falls W2 P5	109	132	19	130	120	109	139	103	119	99	121	
Cedar Falls W3 P1	688	439	196	776	516	689	587	552	639	416	760	
Cedar Falls W3 P2	370	258	89	411	294	330	359	271	376	216	429	
Cedar Falls W3 P3	566	365	134	673	393	587	474	451	535	393	569	
Cedar Falls W3 P4	477	387	123	558	422	469	507	425	478	294	594	
Cedar Falls W4 P1	269	287	163	326	389	252	450	353	314	192	466	
Cedar Falls W4 P2	186	322	204	222	482	169	516	346	284	119	491	
Cedar Falls W4 P3	238	314	147	260	454	231	489	406	225	144	478	
Cedar Falls W4 P4	184	319	201	185	507	144	550	362	274	98	523	
Cedar Falls W5 P1	482	294	107	580	311	498	382	405	423	302	520	
Cedar Falls W5 P2	574	310	111	644	349	575	412	417	539	358	595	
Cedar Falls W5 P3	517	319	99	598	329	525	394	364	508	352	500	

BLACK HAWK, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULLVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Cedar Falls W5	778	593	166	921	613	793	731	649	808	501	930
P4											
Evansdale Ward	213	321	21	239	305	179	376	171	260	176	241
1											
Evansdale Ward	123	207	14	115	205	99	223	116	184	148	142
2											
Evansdale Ward	170	274	15	195	280	161	320	147	218	168	204
3											
Evansdale Ward	169	237	25	170	257	139	287	152	222	175	195
4											
Barclay Twp.	153	123	12	191	146	146	142	71	166	132	98
Bennington Twp.	189	57	18	217	52	888	76	85	145	134	94
Big Creek Twp.	638	531	96	767	475	868	574	335	699	431	586
Black Hawk 1st	668	358	69	755	376	633	435	352	584	415	507
Black Hawk 2nd	88	25	16	103	23	88	41	35	64	48	50
Cedar Twp 1st	328	365	42	361	366	296	434	215	419	290	348
Cedar Twp 2nd	81	46	12	85	55	80	62	42	70	56	62
Cedar Falls Twp.	86	48	20	97	63	94	65	63	78	58	85
Eagle Twp.	163	98	16	186	74	169	100	83	136	101	118
E Waterloo Twp	267	296	46	316	285	262	339	168	296	202	256
1st											
2nd	13	18	1	12	21	13	19	8	17	12	13
Fox Twp.	151	132	12	208	65	170	113	48	182	124	103
Lester Twp.	316	280	33	362	267	316	312	181	343	245	268
Lincoln Twp.	157	70	14	202	32	202	49	63	146	111	100
Mt Vernon Twp.	263	154	37	319	132	263	184	129	266	189	205
Orange Twp.	153	48	25	174	50	154	71	64	134	107	90
Poyner Twp 1st	297	335	29	355	295	293	356	197	365	232	315
Poyner Twp 2nd	219	235	35	252	225	232	243	110	284	190	200
Spring Creek Twp	91	56	14	111	47	91	71	43	98	64	80
Union Twp.	222	101	36	273	63	231	123	123	196	51	169
Washington Twp											
1st	157	94	20	187	75	155	105	90	136	99	127
Washington Twp											
2nd	28	14	9	36	12	29	18	17	24	18	23
Absentee & Special Voters	1590	951	219	1778	1033	1613	1189	1615	790	1206	1299
Total	29827	27443	5647	34008	28415	28786	33043	23276	30542	22016	31231

1980 GENERAL ELECTION

28 Precincts

BOONE COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Amequa	96	49	19	83	74	49	114	44	89	65	66
Beaver	68	34	9	458	46	31	83	40	56	39	55
Boone 1st	455	478	104	458	527	280	688	339	529	303	532
Boone 2nd	559	527	152	663	630	480	797	522	636	394	725
Boone 3rd	609	379	128	635	478	478	590	374	571	322	619
Boone 4th	423	457	78	401	504	256	653	293	462	256	484
Boone 5th	356	484	93	366	497	222	648	290	445	250	471
Cass	55	43	7	52	52	30	72	44	66	28	66
Collax	146	119	38	134	164	91	201	107	160	98	169
Des Moines	248	185	35	240	211	163	292	154	248	169	236
Dodge	107	123	9	110	120	52	175	83	116	80	116
Douglas	96	88	11	87	108	54	137	62	111	55	109
Fraser Town	10	31	8	10	33	6	41	12	23	9	25
Garden	112	93	18	105	108	58	155	54	139	78	116
Grant & Boxholm	166	89	11	165	91	90	157	76	129	87	122
Harrison	100	65	13	99	73	59	111	61	93	57	90
Jackson	108	113	27	106	134	58	168	94	135	87	143
Madrid City 1st	124	170	24	112	193	85	219	109	164	72	189
Madrid City 2nd	134	245	17	134	252	96	302	139	214	109	230
Madrid City 3rd	137	198	23	125	225	88	260	115	182	95	190
Marcy & Moingona	132	107	36	143	121	73	192	94	148	82	151
Peoples	107	54	20	100	79	49	122	78	77	74	78
Pilot Mound	104	87	12	103	96	54	149	53	118	58	103
Sheldahl Town	6	8	0	6	7	2	6	7	4	6	5
Union	102	93	21	93	117	56	155	75	120	57	143
Worth & Luther	99	115	20	93	131	52	174	97	104	71	126
Yell & Ogden	582	428	81	567	483	297	743	338	540	298	569
Absentee & Special Voters	391	283	69	368	328	301	421	312	249	219	341
Total	5732	5126	1081	5647	5632	3611	7851	4067	5930	3515	6271

BREMER COUNTY PRECINCT	20 Precincts											
	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Dayton Township	135	46	13	157	36	120	67	48	104	77	77	
Douglas Township	129	95	22	184	80	135	107	69	116	69	114	
Franklin Township	154	65	8	169	59	152	73	61	111	85	81	
Frederika Township	110	95	9	134	82	103	101	46	94	65	78	
Fremont Township	481	318	47	532	284	420	372	230	363	267	322	
Jackson Township	351	218	49	406	201	333	264	175	284	220	230	
Jefferson Township	717	418	84	824	386	698	498	357	586	432	510	
Lafayette Pct.	153	83	30	210	61	168	100	70	137	82	122	
Leroy Sumner 2 Pct.	226	80	17	251	63	202	102	73	224	138	157	
Maxfield Township	432	202	43	489	174	408	232	153	338	227	263	
Polk Township	324	138	33	382	108	307	163	123	233	158	197	
Warren	231	73	14	260	55	207	93	85	179	109	151	
Washington	153	75	30	189	68	147	104	83	130	89	118	
Waverly Ward 1	480	288	88	610	259	455	394	307	497	275	525	
Waverly Ward 2	433	221	98	515	234	424	323	238	400	208	419	
Waverly Ward 3	393	184	57	434	203	367	267	163	348	165	338	
Waverly Ward 4	599	311	106	679	331	590	403	320	470	254	535	
Waverly Ward 5	277	205	121	343	248	282	306	261	241	154	350	
Summer	634	277	58	712	246	587	380	214	483	284	407	
Absentee & Special Voters	314	124	45	362	122	311	163	203	147	138	207	
Total	6706	3527	970	7822	3301	6396	4492	3278	5485	3506	5201	

1980 GENERAL ELECTION

24 Precincts

BUCHANAN COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Buffalo Aurora . . .	93	76	12	96	78	83	92	83	90	71	92
Buffalo Stanley . .	84	43	7	95	33	73	52	53	73	57	70
Byron	320	217	26	330	213	256	283	211	222	191	217
Cono	120	46	17	127	49	115	63	59	123	72	106
Fairbank	229	242	18	225	248	208	267	151	295	173	284
Fremont	61	63	16	95	65	73	82	76	80	77	74
Hazleton	317	217	34	325	231	283	269	244	291	246	272
Homer	168	122	38	192	125	164	156	142	148	123	182
Jefferson	174	110	25	195	101	170	129	109	190	140	152
Jesup	510	324	72	549	326	511	370	265	656	368	536
Liberty	251	155	28	280	149	226	202	227	183	82	128
Madison	225	157	17	236	154	195	199	204	184	179	82
Middlefield	59	91	24	76	91	61	107	77	99	69	102
Newton	94	92	15	112	76	96	94	83	110	83	120
Perry	143	138	21	166	125	124	169	109	189	130	158
Sumner	112	70	17	130	62	115	78	67	127	67	126
Washington	262	182	35	274	185	238	228	206	268	172	280
Westburg	115	99	15	136	85	116	106	66	157	106	118
Independence 1st . .	341	222	45	343	239	282	301	219	362	206	359
Independence 2nd . .	286	172	36	284	189	260	229	194	287	174	297
Independence 3rd . .	339	210	39	339	238	286	304	258	336	203	376
Independence 4th . .	189	265	38	194	277	171	305	178	296	149	307
Independence 5th . .	290	152	44	286	175	267	209	192	286	196	274
Absentee & Special Voters	239	140	48	255	168	237	175	103	93	151	124
Total	5041	3505	689	5340	3682	4610	4479	3574	5145	3464	4836

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Alta	334	254	54	335	288	209	442	142	363	189	232		
Brooke	77	33	9	82	30	28	66	32	51	49	44		
Coon	105	34	9	95	50	35	114	40	92	57	57		
Elk	60	58	7	70	51	25	99	41	73	57	58		
Fairfield	331	176	49	345	183	178	366	132	329	205	260		
Grant	123	46	19	126	63	64	129	36	123	84	77		
Hayes	185	86	17	174	106	90	205	102	137	107	137		
Lakeside	106	82	17	102	98	59	143	75	93	67	103		
Lee	85	55	12	83	70	29	124	56	81	67	76		
Lincoln	86	26	10	79	41	34	90	33	65	64	40		
Linn Grove	104	64	20	104	78	46	138	59	95	66	88		
Maple Valley	86	44	12	92	46	26	114	28	87	60	64		
Newell	362	221	33	313	268	162	438	163	300	222	262		
Nokomis	131	68	13	136	67	62	151	48	141	118	72		
Poland	173	140	24	168	154	68	256	109	185	147	154		
Providence	94	68	12	83	70	38	138	34	108	72	78		
Rambrandt	106	63	14	90	80	44	136	56	89	64	86		
Scott	98	41	6	93	51	42	105	36	87	77	57		
Sioux Rapids	174	150	38	180	165	106	247	121	169	109	188		
Storm Lake 1st	442	303	49	430	395	280	498	240	412	261	400		
Storm Lake 2nd	292	293	52	293	321	203	427	224	297	212	327		
Storm Lake 3rd	478	240	50	460	263	336	409	272	366	260	398		
Storm Lake 4th	305	305	108	404	433	390	545	330	407	267	487		
Storm Lake 5th	277	297	46	307	269	192	420	216	276	167	334		
Truesdale	161	96	20	154	111	99	170	72	136	114	108		
Absentee & Special Voters	368	225	70	351	292	248	395	293	225	188	292		
Total	5272	3468	771	5158	4031	3005	6386	2960	4789	3363	4479		

BUENA VISTA COUNTY

26 Precincts

18 Precincts

BUTLER COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Albion	547	292	47	626	268	536	343	236	426	283	372
Beaver	302	218	34	414	148	319	224	157	276	215	217
Benezette	111	30	10	117	33	94	50	47	86	66	64
Butler	374	251	468	202	339	339	316	197	359	237	326
Coldwater	468	259	55	527	253	475	301	243	456	267	448
Dayton	125	40	5	141	26	119	43	58	73	67	65
Fremont	105	36	15	125	28	104	50	36	68	65	58
Jackson	113	34	9	129	28	116	37	41	84	74	53
Jefferson	97	31	9	109	30	91	41	32	82	48	60
Madison	143	34	11	157	30	138	49	49	99	81	62
Monroe	523	145	283	571	125	523	163	173	346	236	273
Pittsford	334	89	18	367	78	311	126	113	215	165	180
Ripley	111	18	12	119	22	99	41	38	90	53	75
Shell Rock	447	216	53	547	161	442	269	234	419	293	346
Washington	166	36	7	183	22	160	45	50	125	93	78
West Point Allison	454	149	14	466	147	448	156	132	336	207	262
West Point											
Bristow	121	30	8	136	22	107	51	42	90	68	66
Absentee & Special Voters	188	72	10	218	55	192	73	120	121	100	133
Total	4730	1980	392	5422	1876	4612	2378	1996	3771	2618	3116

21 Precincts

CALHOUN COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT		U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION		
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Lake City	459	367	57	472	380	304	521	263	396	225	416
Union	216	129	16	204	157	113	234	86	169	72	176
Elm Grove	72	60	6	70	66	39	96	45	57	47	60
Twin Lakes	75	37	9	80	38	29	86	28	72	56	45
Butler 1	252	188	28	270	161	123	293	86	242	90	235
Butler 2	49	34	3	45	39	21	64	13	42	21	36
Sherman	103	58	16	106	64	42	126	54	83	55	87

CALHOUN, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Rockwell City . . .	612	360	73	638	402	386	622	355	471	316	491	
Center	555	337	70	553	382	254	674	222	496	267	444	
Garfield	77	45	12	88	44	38	96	52	69	69	49	
Greenfield	89	50	4	88	52	48	89	43	66	59	49	
Jackson	116	61	9	116	67	43	128	65	114	65	91	
Logan	78	37	11	72	50	43	79	37	58	36	62	
Williams	79	27	7	87	26	30	77	36	54	45	48	
Cedar 1	68	42	7	75	39	31	87	22	72	54	42	
Cedar 2	133	56	12	143	62	67	130	45	121	76	63	
Reading	184	82	11	182	93	113	151	73	130	86	110	
Lake Creek	67	25	8	87	30	27	68	38	59	50	30	
Calhoun	77	38	10	78	44	27	89	47	57	45	61	
All	71	38	16	76	47	40	77	36	63	44	58	
Absentee & Special Voters	200	100	22	206	116	125	193	149	134	111	156	
Total	3633	2,150	407	3716	2359	1946	3990	1758	3025	1877	2851	

CARROLL COUNTY

25 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Wheatland	65	37	15	66	47	26	83	27	70	46	49
Breda	106	131	13	114	114	37	180	61	118	47	112
Kniest	107	99	19	125	89	32	179	54	122	60	83
Sherridan	130	63	14	137	61	83	114	59	87	87	84
Jasper	111	64	15	125	56	60	119	61	95	48	86
Arcadia	143	132	27	147	142	68	196	79	149	77	133
Maple River	91	105	12	113	85	50	146	49	119	65	79
Grant Twp	75	54	9	93	38	45	87	34	73	43	61
Gidden Isl	352	179	39	330	208	205	332	184	259	132	284
Gidden 2nd	50	29	4	51	28	5	43	26	43	35	31
Washington	113	50	7	102	56	61	98	47	92	67	67
Roselle 1st	98	58	13	103	52	33	122	29	90	46	66

CARROLL, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Roselle 2nd	74	80	9	78	73	37	119	42	61	50	63
Pleasant Valley	106	86	13	109	83	36	158	46	126	73	88
Richland	57	32	7	65	41	30	72	29	56	36	48
Ewoldt	105	37	10	110	37	73	80	41	95	64	63
Warren (manning)	417	292	55	397	300	252	466	218	281	197	275
Eden	141	126	16	147	113	57	198	54	137	76	100
Newton	116	131	13	136	104	49	194	56	390	68	101
Union	522	280	57	462	301	296	465	234	390	181	422
Carroll 1st	720	530	123	685	534	488	831	376	709	394	661
Carroll 2nd	370	377	65	378	399	338	537	240	384	221	396
Carroll 3rd	351	329	62	367	347	220	505	241	400	221	375
Carroll 4th	347	399	63	384	373	217	545	249	400	215	392
Absentee & Special Voters	238	205	56	235	248	167	309	232	162	146	225
Total	5017	3885	738	5059	4029	2912	6178	2751	4670	2715	4344

CASS COUNTY

24 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Atlantic 1st	400	211	37	420	176	298	311	196	193	155	220
Atlantic 2nd	346	184	14	337	174	235	288	193	153	162	170
Atlantic 3rd	415	139	31	400	150	316	250	214	201	168	232
Atlantic 4th	500	195	48	475	234	376	376	254	291	205	331
Atlantic 5th	627	242	58	614	266	442	456	383	270	270	437
Bear Grove	125	25	5	125	28	80	73	55	65	68	57
Benton	83	48	13	71	44	27	94	34	55	51	51
Brighton	113	48	17	98	70	76	102	66	54	57	64
Cass	224	89	21	225	91	153	167	113	107	116	104
Edna	78	28	4	78	33	44	62	33	47	39	36
Franklin	151	67	15	145	63	100	119	63	100	60	63
Grant 1st	302	182	38	272	209	196	315	146	193	119	221
Grant 2nd	86	41	14	76	49	46	89	38	56	39	57

CASS, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND.		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Grove.....	117	32	17	128	33	88	73	58	63	50	71	
Lincoln.....	88	37	10	80	42	38	97	44	41	41	50	
Massena.....	233	132	21	249	97	160	214	123	193	117	191	
Noble.....	152	24	9	145	33	115	63	58	99	92	65	
Pleasant 1st.....	380	97	24	356	119	302	195	185	170	166	192	
Pleasant 2nd.....	96	23	8	93	27	64	63	46	49	53	40	
Pynose.....	149	40	1	165	38	108	82	82	76	82	59	
Union.....	241	84	14	214	30	145	183	109	128	114	119	
Victoria.....	86	33	5	104	30	68	67	31	68	40	48	
Washington.....	105	31	1	104	30	68	72	57	65	68	53	
Absentee & Special Voters	312	144	50	298	182	231	243	246	151	167	211	
Total.....	5391	2176	475	5242	2312	3752	4045	2808	2936	2477	3142	

CEDAR COUNTY

19 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND.		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Cass Linn Twp	113	88	15	114	96	127	82	77	100	75	97	
Center.....	213	92	32	239	91	238	88	122	167	117	177	
Dayton.....	393	171	44	402	182	432	146	201	278	158	333	
Fairfield.....	116	45	17	136	36	119	48	74	74	76	78	
Farmington.....	517	258	76	525	287	605	191	301	299	281	319	
Fremont.....	290	140	23	289	157	288	163	131	232	113	256	
Inland.....	237	115	40	246	130	286	81	125	150	100	174	
Ita Roch Sugar Creek.....	292	130	38	310	140	304	125	155	216	180	187	
Lowden.....	194	97	27	185	122	100	85	100	117	73	147	
Maasillon.....	108	46	18	113	57	135	34	67	83	73	74	
Mechanicsville Corp.....	208	163	23	212	178	234	152	140	216	120	237	
Pioneer.....	124	58	14	123	77	120	73	77	94	64	105	
Red Oak.....	59	29	14	73	38	67	39	43	57	38	66	

CEDAR, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Springdale Gower	585	532	141	576	666	671	548	568	453	342	657
Springfield	97	51	11	105	52	114	37	57	76	58	73
Tipton 1st	186	137	30	190	146	220	111	114	153	82	182
Tipton 2nd	247	148	40	266	160	274	145	166	204	112	252
Tipton 3rd	271	156	57	292	181	352	116	194	217	122	296
Absentee & Special Voters	148	133	37	185	145	202	93	166	103	98	170
Total	4398	2589	697	4561	2941	4999	2357	2872	3289	2282	3681

CERRO GORDO COUNTY

39 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Bath	109	70	14	127	64	92	100	65	112	77	99
Clear Lake 1st	895	318	118	715	396	665	448	466	584	398	641
Clear Lake 2nd	557	382	93	627	381	511	490	320	496	302	512
Clear Lake 3rd	595	349	93	657	362	525	488	354	523	337	506
Clear Lake Pct	430	243	66	463	265	328	362	238	362	225	372
Dougherty	62	106	10	79	95	53	124	45	121	62	103
Falls Plymouth Prec.	127	135	20	153	125	111	167	99	149	110	135
Falls Rock Falls Prec.	123	96	25	144	90	112	128	71	118	74	112
Geneseo Pct	272	272	32	372	244	292	314	151	342	179	315
Grant	123	55	9	124	54	100	77	48	125	83	86
Grimes-Meservey	110	52	14	125	54	101	70	45	105	67	86
Grimes-Thornton	186	111	10	198	101	161	138	87	186	76	182
Lake	158	70	22	168	77	136	107	73	148	95	122
Lime Creek	148	137	25	158	151	127	177	111	129	106	135
Lincoln	90	43	7	102	37	65	76	40	75	44	67
Mason City W1.p1	223	354	43	272	337	206	402	235	283	160	324
Mason City W1.p2	376	507	85	447	495	336	622	327	481	260	533

CERRO GORDO, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Mason City W1,p3.....	406	397	73	422	422	387	480	328	411	235	499
Mason City W1,p4.....	522	390	121	560	439	488	528	474	480	359	585
Mason City W2,p1.....	307	351	79	349	358	286	424	285	324	227	370
Mason City W2,p2.....	607	332	113	856	371	570	466	477	527	367	620
Mason City W2,p3.....	158	282	57	207	279	155	338	167	235	137	255
Mason City W2,p4.....	234	397	51	286	388	223	458	256	313	184	380
Mason City W3,p1.....	331	305	71	394	307	298	387	289	337	203	421
Mason City W3,p2.....	363	379	74	396	402	310	494	311	399	244	467
Mason City W3,p3.....	815	576	141	879	622	716	792	546	328	448	916
Mason City W3,p4.....	124	178	18	146	165	105	201	121	149	92	176
Mason City W4,p1.....	323	247	69	353	279	298	341	296	318	184	410
Mason City W4,p2.....	470	548	107	513	584	412	693	401	502	323	567
Mason City W4,p3.....	534	503	101	594	528	458	649	333	387	343	582
Mason City W4,p4.....	208	302	40	230	300	169	307	209	267	206	264
Mason Mason Prec.....	116	100	15	131	95	112	117	104	102	77	125
Mason West Mason Prec.....	27	22	1	36	15	25	26	18	23	22	20
Mt Vernon.....	97	51	14	103	60	78	96	50	97	66	73
Owen.....	103	51	7	111	82	51	82	26	125	77	76
Pleasant Valley.....	154	71	24	174	75	123	117	67	171	93	142
Portland.....	81	70	21	101	68	76	90	54	86	48	88
Union.....	70	32	13	77	35	48	63	25	71	41	64

CERRO GORDO, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Absentee & Special Voters	710	479	128	793	506	692	589	583	437	397	596
Total	11189	9363	2024	12444	9677	10121	11973	8195	11138	7048	12016

CHEROKEE COUNTY

22 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Atton	101	38	10	87	56	40	110	45	70	62	61
Amherst	122	21	5	105	37	47	102	29	103	58	76
Cedar Larrabee	123	77	11	117	86	65	143	53	113	53	118
Cherokee Twp	209	125	26	214	133	117	236	109	194	126	184
Cherokee 1st	505	404	80	511	446	325	647	341	450	278	530
Cherokee 2nd	358	320	68	373	351	227	509	215	353	222	385
Cherokee 3rd	619	434	76	611	460	388	700	352	494	299	580
Diamond	88	31	9	83	42	47	80	36	72	60	52
Grand Meadow	111	61	10	106	63	38	142	38	109	86	71
Liberty	99	40	6	96	45	48	98	23	105	52	80
Marcus Marcus	326	200	57	327	226	157	428	149	328	184	312
Pilot	80	53	22	94	55	28	128	53	74	69	83
Pitcher Aurelia	332	228	65	348	251	186	429	181	313	182	324
Rock	71	70	12	80	67	25	128	38	96	58	78
Sheridan											
Cleghorn	121	68	32	139	81	57	166	55	124	67	119
Sheridan Meriden	104	82	9	101	86	42	150	40	111	51	106
Silver	93	44	9	111	33	46	100	28	91	50	71
Spring	55	37	9	57	39	24	73	27	50	36	45
Tilden	95	37	12	96	47	25	121	31	89	60	61
Willow Quimby	134	113	15	137	109	72	181	82	109	70	113
Willow Washta	62	79	11	69	78	36	118	40	95	40	96
Absentee & Special Voters	279	157	45	268	214	192	289	231	147	168	219
Total	4087	2719	599	4131	3003	2231	5076	2174	3690	2331	3724

18 Precincts

CHICKASAW COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Bradford	636	361	104	702	399	532	512	487	565	396	665	
Chickasaw	224	205	29	260	175	178	224	187	234	178	231	
Dayton	144	98	16	159	98	109	118	153	167	102	148	
Deerfield	124	110	18	169	78	80	129	88	138	101	123	
Dresden	246	116	24	297	91	221	130	136	215	155	190	
Fredericksburg	323	116	25	368	93	274	151	156	283	152	290	
Jacksonville	191	100	21	230	79	155	130	129	159	149	141	
New Hampton	213	109	28	261	95	180	149	143	198	149	197	
New Hampton 1st	164	156	19	178	157	113	178	143	173	114	192	
New Hampton 2nd	201	237	27	227	213	154	247	172	240	149	245	
New Hampton 3rd	324	243	34	261	221	183	274	205	266	140	315	
New Hampton 4th	325	211	33	347	213	251	245	229	311	188	355	
Richland	124	61	11	146	47	110	79	81	123	104	104	
Stapleton	200	255	21	258	199	131	244	158	264	152	278	
Utica	137	147	23	202	100	118	150	136	199	107	195	
Washington 1	136	127	17	190	83	124	102	99	160	104	154	
Washington 2	148	109	9	182	84	96	125	103	143	119	131	
Absentee & Special Voters	169	158	41	215	155	168	165	204	125	154	165	
Total	3929	2935	500	4692	2580	3177	3350	2398	3963	2690	4109	

16 Precincts

CLARKE COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Liberty	78	72	12	80	82	38	123	60	100	45	108	
Fremont	108	60	8	105	88	59	115	66	114	64	112	
Washington	66	58	6	71	62	25	106	48	84	61	64	
Madison	66	33	4	63	38	31	68	32	69	46	55	
Troy	231	162	37	219	201	99	314	168	246	159	233	
Ward	108	43	14	106	64	57	106	56	106	77	63	
Oceola	190	80	37	183	121	187	187	117	179	101	184	
Jackson	122	105	9	128	104	71	156	89	128	92	121	

CLARKE, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Franklin	65	47	7	69	47	26	90	39	75	49	66
Green Bay	56	73	7	58	67	22	104	56	69	58	59
Knock	53	41	10	54	49	31	71	46	50	46	50
Doyle	60	51	14	67	55	34	92	59	62	55	63
Osceola 1st	420	271	60	382	352	240	489	284	413	239	415
Osceola 2nd	184	121	22	174	142	116	200	122	169	93	168
Osceola 3rd	444	282	46	419	333	288	475	320	413	235	488
Absentee & Special Voters	187	115	12	151	127	99	178	132	117	80	159
Total	2417	1614	310	2329	1913	1416	2874	1694	2395	1500	2436

CLAY COUNTY

23 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Clay	209	147	44	216	156	109	278	103	234	110	223
Douglas	85	50	11	68	54	23	102	35	58	55	49
Freeman	75	103	24	101	92	39	166	70	120	73	114
Garfield	127	83	20	119	99	46	182	70	128	56	138
Gill Grv Gill Grv.	42	32	14	42	47	19	47	28	47	34	42
Gill Grv Grmville	67	41	11	63	41	28	78	30	66	30	70
Herdland	65	56	13	61	69	25	111	33	63	52	53
Lake	58	47	11	47	63	19	96	48	58	44	66
Lincoln	102	56	12	89	63	40	130	46	85	47	90
Logan	81	38	10	82	43	24	104	29	89	40	65
Lone Tree	236	175	41	246	182	114	331	114	275	120	278
Meadow	117	130	31	115	150	47	231	66	161	102	150
Peterson	196	129	36	209	133	94	265	102	188	125	181
Riverton	90	54	20	96	61	54	109	46	99	54	91
Sioux	62	79	30	66	70	30	127	50	95	74	72
Spencer 1st	402	317	87	409	361	232	566	280	403	295	436
Spencer 2nd	316	236	87	320	284	204	419	198	319	193	335
Spencer 3rd	481	401	112	460	474	307	678	318	482	293	535

CLAY, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Spencer 4th	741	376	180	712	516	468	791	372	732	432	641
Spencer 5th	519	379	143	533	454	338	695	370	545	340	579
Summit	71	43	7	57	56	28	91	33	66	34	69
Waterford	73	29	11	83	24	33	77	25	72	24	74
Absentee & Special Voters	284	181	47	289	215	183	305	229	178	148	258
Total	4479	3179	991	4481	3697	2502	5990	2695	4523	2715	4588

CLAYTON COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Boardman	523	406	107	549	462	596	395	334	455	312	465
Buena Vista	43	110	6	51	106	51	97	32	59	37	51
Cass	464	250	58	481	283	511	231	284	347	249	374
Clayton	74	82	14	79	75	90	52	43	74	66	54
Cox Creek	54	74	20	60	62	87	77	38	62	62	63
Elk	70	49	11	84	48	72	58	49	56	63	44
Farmersburg	181	123	18	167	125	206	106	95	136	113	120
Garnaville	292	143	34	288	175	310	159	128	227	168	203
Giard	59	133	34	153	74	140	62	61	67	61	72
Grand Meadow	175	44	20	190	47	188	44	86	127	106	109
Highland	68	44	11	68	41	57	57	42	57	42	43
Jefferson	744	524	69	712	600	699	611	404	487	411	504
Littleport	56	31	5	61	30	58	32	26	43	49	23
Luana	96	70	20	123	60	118	61	52	118	63	69
Lodowillo	188	62	22	202	66	185	79	73	124	93	112
Mallery	82	62	8	83	70	84	68	48	74	89	50
Marion	118	48	10	126	51	112	53	45	88	75	69
Mendon 1	111	134	14	100	157	122	110	73	94	82	89
Mendon 2	260	228	19	200	325	305	186	186	183	160	207
Millville	81	70	10	74	84	83	73	40	62	74	60
Monona	527	217	51	512	269	537	225	266	372	280	372

26 Precincts

CLAYTON, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Read	82	27	12	88	40	91	32	36	60	52	33
Sperry	165	115	16	168	123	186	98	66	152	90	129
Volga	98	77	13	102	87	104	66	55	66	55	67
Wagner	121	91	22	124	109	147	78	76	102	73	109
Absentee & Special Voters	281	178	51	257	243	320	177	200	143	139	201
Total	5115	3297	669	5132	3834	5459	3281	2841	3845	3067	3692

CLINTON COUNTY

37 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Bloomfield	223	178	34	228	190	256	162	140	145	139	145
Brookfield	125	60	28	134	77	178	32	73	99	78	93
Camanche Twp.	74	44	10	83	41	91	29	44	42	46	35
Camanche City 1st	511	327	81	485	416	536	337	305	324	227	413
Camanche City 2nd	459	373	92	446	439	534	349	361	312	316	357
Center	236	88	20	227	108	246	79	137	129	121	142
Deep Creek	215	91	21	217	100	234	87	113	96	101	113
Dewitt Twp.	262	161	66	286	170	315	136	147	221	148	212
Dewitt City 1st	453	323	83	475	359	528	269	254	272	217	420
Dewitt City 2nd	676	425	101	713	425	795	323	364	553	321	596
Eden	256	108	30	249	139	284	111	125	152	106	187
Elk River	305	82	27	297	109	301	95	173	104	128	151
Grant	96	39	18	101	51	114	32	61	64	68	64
Hampshire	272	131	39	274	166	293	133	176	136	156	163
Liberty	116	55	14	125	61	144	41	87	71	90	68
Oliva	264	127	23	258	130	280	94	125	155	112	161
Orange	234	198	51	264	196	287	167	142	222	124	235
Sharon	204	130	33	216	153	261	98	136	138	91	175
Spring Rock	248	154	39	254	183	302	129	135	165	98	211

CLINTON, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Washington	84	86	12	108	74	89	90	54	85	46	92		
Waterford	202	157	19	227	147	230	132	109	173	106	168		
Welton	115	92	32	137	96	143	88	86	92	85	97		
Clinton W1 P1	382	378	52	324	463	394	382	349	237	260	328		
Clinton W1 P2	379	358	65	364	415	399	357	233	288	276	288		
Clinton W2 P1	195	374	52	192	402	212	366	254	182	201	182		
Clinton W2 P2	585	504	125	602	596	694	467	508	414	418	503		
Clinton W3 P1	358	393	74	319	472	371	411	345	238	253	331		
Clinton W3 P2	781	406	111	764	508	883	367	613	428	501	541		
Clinton W4 P1	243	390	82	259	406	291	345	291	149	221	223		
Clinton W4 P2	559	381	57	524	481	651	341	440	311	337	419		
Clinton W5 P1	442	393	78	386	483	497	370	391	244	285	343		
Clinton W5 P2	880	637	119	819	774	1003	571	728	571	524	747		
Clinton W6 P1	315	330	57	283	392	337	321	302	162	218	250		
Clinton W6 P2	600	458	108	591	548	717	398	471	365	384	445		
Clinton W7 P1	346	313	55	333	367	389	303	305	213	244	272		
Clinton W7 P2	558	376	88	522	444	630	330	451	322	353	410		
Absentee & Special Voters	792	597	174	708	816	929	579	759	447	455	703		
Total	13025	9688	2140	12796	11422	14823	8901	9884	8317	7832	10276		

CRAWFORD COUNTY

27 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Acron	27	29	4	29	25	19	33	14	16	13	15
Boyer	82	26	7	66	28	52	59	41	54	61	34
Charter Oak	235	147	21	230	135	140	232	63	132	105	107
Denison 1st	575	297	70	576	312	360	518	268	344	259	363
Denison 2nd	421	288	45	423	261	314	356	192	250	215	219
Denison 3rd	662	293	72	661	300	471	489	293	412	323	375
Denison Twp.	135	55	10	143	53	69	123	76	87	96	75
East Boyer	157	39	16	158	51	83	126	68	97	98	70

DALLAS, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Des Moines	277	353	74	266	422	177	507	251	314	164	395		
Desoto Van Meter	156	162	46	141	211	86	270	116	168	99	183		
Dexter-Union	275	202	34	270	234	175	330	162	313	179	288		
Grant	211	320	56	210	368	129	447	201	237	157	153		
Linn	83	76	6	77	85	31	129	39	92	47	87		
Linn	133	87	24	121	116	75	163	95	124	134	134		
Perry 1st	491	449	110	476	554	339	682	415	512	256	667		
Perry 2nd	424	439	90	411	524	288	640	393	412	276	509		
Perry 3rd	258	342	55	282	364	173	467	207	255	143	312		
Redfield-Union	160	180	16	165	167	101	221	115	158	61	209		
Spring Valley	117	85	33	113	116	79	151	83	90	71	98		
Sugar Grove	208	115	42	198	159	127	236	153	190	130	209		
Van Meter-Van Meter	379	259	69	367	337	228	472	300	376	272	395		
Walnut	623	510	126	588	655	414	794	412	591	348	649		
Washington	106	48	26	111	76	54	128	75	96	63	98		
Absentee & Special Voters	317	214	83	306	280	222	363	292	188	200	268		
Total	6296	5310	1200	6084	6522	4019	8497	4814	5969	3842	6663		

DAVIS COUNTY

19 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Bloomfield 1st	243	174	21	251	183	244	181	95	212	110	286		
Bloomfield 2nd	225	164	22	208	190	216	177	177	215	113	250		
Bloomfield 3rd	190	192	20	193	202	167	220	156	205	101	247		
Cleveland	139	89	8	133	100	116	114	114	154	73	145		
Drakesville	84	58	4	83	62	78	66	44	90	41	98		
Fabus	74	37	8	72	43	65	68	39	68	42	62		
Fox River	51	55	5	49	61	45	62	31	71	28	74		
Grove	99	46	4	95	52	77	69	44	106	89	89		
Lick Creek	133	144	14	148	144	116	169	88	194	98	169		

DAVIS, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Marion	62	43	10	64	50	56	53	40	70	39	70
Perry	71	62	13	77	68	64	74	53	82	56	74
Prairie	94	104	7	103	94	83	111	84	101	59	109
Roscoe	35	33	4	41	32	32	38	30	41	31	37
Salt Creek	53	49	3	53	48	63	63	40	37	37	62
Soap Creek	107	91	17	117	94	96	108	91	116	80	123
Union	76	84	4	71	84	102	102	71	87	65	85
West Grove	70	96	7	78	93	65	102	52	97	68	78
Wyacondah	86	74	11	98	73	66	94	72	85	66	80
Absentee & Special Voters	111	94	18	101	111	99	108	94	83	60	102
Total	2003	1689	200	2036	1784	1778	1956	1373	2140	1222	2230

DECATUR COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Bloomington	47	45	6	57	40	35	61	35	56	44	44
Burrell	100	85	8	101	76	50	131	52	119	55	107
Center	73	70	8	87	67	28	122	60	87	57	79
Decatur	91	88	10	111	76	56	124	65	120	48	125
Eden	61	48	7	71	47	41	68	47	44	54	53
Fayette	58	36	4	56	40	31	57	47	44	51	38
Franklin	115	59	9	118	65	56	123	54	121	65	108
Garden Gr Garden	74	100	4	71	108	32	145	72	96	77	91
Leroy Garden	33	31	3	32	36	10	58	25	39	42	22
Grove	52	24	9	52	49	34	48	30	49	37	36
Grand River	61	39	3	71	30	38	60	23	76	38	58
Hamilton	55	34	7	55	38	25	72	31	68	41	53
High Point	116	184	37	128	206	73	254	165	123	104	161
Lamoni 1st	381	411	124	366	492	228	634	544	330	327	510

23 Precincts

DECATUR, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Leon 1st	126	145	5	146	129	84	193	99	158	95	152	
Leon 2nd	112	106	18	106	138	65	171	105	123	53	161	
Leon 3rd	196	209	21	204	212	130	280	74	216	115	255	
Long Creek	114	65	4	112	66	60	120	63	96	74	83	
Morgan	14	17	2	22	11	7	26	8	23	17	12	
New Buda	54	42	9	61	42	29	72	35	62	32	58	
Richland	127	87	6	113	104	51	160	80	119	77	118	
Woodland	42	21	3	45	21	20	48	18	49	17	48	
Absentee & Special Voters	110	89	11	100	104	72	125	86	57	51	81	
Total	2212	2048	316	2287	2179	1248	3151	1812	2304	1571	2455	

DELAWARE COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Adams	143	170	43	166	192	166	188	85	191	77	199	
Bremen-Bremen	57	209	24	209	59	195	77	65	136	100	105	
Coffins Grove	128	96	28	144	102	146	99	86	111	90	111	
Colony	256	176	30	285	152	294	141	124	213	143	202	
Delaware Oneida	65	34	6	67	35	69	32	20	47	26	46	
Delaware	224	136	43	249	147	257	140	154	204	140	227	
Delhi	222	115	38	224	126	245	174	133	174	116	189	
Earville	241	155	35	269	156	258	159	129	199	110	215	
Elk	371	77	22	174	88	129	110	89	128	100	122	
Hazel Green	119	62	23	115	85	119	83	63	109	84	96	
Honey Creek	263	145	32	272	151	268	131	138	217	143	226	
Manchester W1	251	189	50	271	215	287	197	223	155	170	255	
Manchester W2	374	228	56	390	256	410	228	221	296	184	358	
Manchester W3	490	285	85	503	335	541	285	321	441	284	482	
Milo	101	125	37	122	122	234	112	150	175	146	184	
North Fork	113	66	18	139	63	125	71	45	106	86	70	
Oneida	40	29	5	42	31	42	30	13	43	25	36	

23 Precincts

DELAWARE, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Prairie	108	49	14	126	42	126	42	40	120	75	90
Richland	113	93	34	119	112	131	93	82	107	75	119
South Fork	269	237	47	288	300	300	234	190	244	161	270
Union	86	28	15	91	37	91	40	50	68	53	61
Bremen-Dyersville	4	8	0	5	7	4	8	4	6	8	3
Absentee & Special Voters	215	124	42	220	154	248	123	170	122	136	158
Total	4316	2671	727	4613	2905	4705	2747	2530	3674	2517	3824

DES MOINES COUNTY

30 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Benton	164	121	17	146	148	180	98	99	148	84	160
Burlington 1	345	474	48	331	499	467	331	328	348	220	426
Burlington 2	305	355	37	297	377	416	256	299	299	149	429
Burlington 3	288	340	28	250	360	363	236	281	251	186	347
Burlington 4	135	315	26	145	305	202	241	166	177	122	195
Burlington 5	188	304	21	188	305	276	219	184	172	143	213
Burlington 6	475	557	57	434	612	644	382	474	370	298	546
Burlington 7	526	514	66	550	524	709	338	438	465	279	626
Burlington 8	573	733	52	585	731	782	501	493	557	299	752
Burlington 9	451	468	54	460	486	652	283	393	393	241	547
Burlington 10	485	529	50	501	517	654	357	400	464	224	634
Burlington 11	300	434	36	337	417	447	296	337	318	217	420
Burlington 12	134	331	26	141	340	189	285	202	185	146	241
Burlington 13	379	591	41	399	579	483	469	327	390	218	477
Burlington 14	588	501	84	596	517	773	320	466	481	323	599
Burlington 15	212	57	2	22	52	24	50	20	28	22	25
Concordia	512	188	12	218	181	262	230	152	154	121	183
Danville	436	379	49	473	391	598	272	286	375	240	422
Flint River	165	446	57	473	451	598	321	356	356	266	448
Franklin	120	120	20	149	132	180	96	99	124	94	128

DES MOINES, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Huron.....	94	71	8	97	71	126	34	50	96	67	75	
Jackson.....	33	52	2	36	46	53	31	36	36	37	34	
Pleasant Grove..	95	64	4	106	54	117	37	45	67	37	74	
Tama.....	242	257	19	226	286	316	185	192	208	129	261	
Union.....	168	142	11	182	130	152	98	117	146	128	142	
Washington.....	150	44	9	152	47	157	33	67	76	88	78	
West Burlington 1	580	776	75	618	801	844	585	462	607	281	786	
West Burlington 2	30	57	0	39	47	47	38	29	40	17	48	
Yellow Springs ..	583	320	54	591	336	725	197	280	370	245	405	
Absentee & Special Voters	500	437	96	478	519	701	294	476	312	295	486	
Total.....	9158	9977	1041	9288	10251	12211	7110	7535	7991	5190	10202	

DICKINSON COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
A Pk Cent Grv 1..	358	225	70	348	268	194	466	204	299	208	274	
A Pk Cent Grv 2..	181	107	23	172	122	100	215	91	124	85	122	
Spirit Lk Cent Grv	908	610	150	864	676	468	1201	493	775	507	743	
Diamond Lake ..	70	55	6	73	49	32	97	34	63	39	59	
Excelsior.....	69	38	9	72	35	26	84	33	51	33	46	
Lakeville.....	428	179	72	396	252	234	447	222	310	242	285	
Lloyd.....	144	136	31	123	172	41	276	72	159	59	180	
Milford Twp-Old	68	71	19	80	63	28	139	41	71	54	65	
Okoboji Twp.....	520	444	95	526	471	248	807	269	498	308	455	
Milford.....	69	64	13	77	57	17	127	36	82	43	74	
Richland.....	321	178	46	295	203	128	410	120	293	154	257	
Spirit Lake.....	200	131	30	198	139	103	253	99	165	107	163	
Spirit Lake.....	189	113	32	180	139	88	247	114	157	119	152	
Superior.....	76	58	16	69	71	29	122	43	62	44	59	

16 Precincts

DICKINSON, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Westport	40	48	7	52	35	16	78	23	50	31	43
Absentee & Special Voters	389	185	69	340	245	205	412	311	225	223	293
Total	4028	2620	687	3864	2997	1959	5381	2207	3384	2256	3250

DUBUQUE COUNTY

52 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Dubuque 1st.....	540	691	112	626	787	640	647	349	606	322	606
Dubuque 2nd.....	207	324	58	218	356	278	283	203	216	185	229
Dubuque 3rd.....	319	428	45	331	453	382	391	243	431	273	397
Dubuque 4th.....	499	794	78	530	767	645	652	350	628	336	655
Dubuque 5th.....	320	420	67	345	441	365	399	190	379	218	344
Dubuque 6th.....	253	489	57	294	475	317	438	215	385	228	360
Dubuque 7th.....	193	329	39	195	323	210	323	127	250	139	231
Dubuque 8th.....	286	373	67	283	430	348	358	228	304	210	328
Dubuque 9th.....	244	302	94	222	413	317	303	242	279	215	304
Dubuque 10th.....	257	441	85	284	460	369	379	372	337	205	372
Dubuque 11th.....	406	474	105	430	527	516	431	272	470	239	496
Dubuque 12th.....	389	454	120	397	550	535	398	361	390	245	494
Dubuque 13th.....	823	586	147	616	698	1033	459	509	754	469	674
Dubuque 14th.....	406	400	123	392	531	557	361	343	400	279	446
Dubuque 15th.....	383	459	118	398	523	503	406	308	423	253	482
Dubuque 16th.....	463	485	93	494	531	637	395	333	490	315	498
Dubuque 17th.....	569	531	111	576	601	756	398	352	576	328	587
Dubuque 18th.....	479	474	92	453	568	571	426	321	507	312	496
Dubuque 19th.....	814	589	127	752	745	968	524	495	644	493	644
Dubuque 20th.....	885	806	192	867	986	1090	761	689	890	569	966
Dubuque 21st.....	700	538	128	657	681	804	518	445	661	413	646
Dubuque 22nd.....	453	640	90	447	599	544	544	455	531	337	615
Dubuque 23rd.....	552	529	93	530	627	667	474	445	598	365	562
Dubuque 24th.....	613	454	164	589	614	785	402	455	559	408	584

DUBUQUE, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Dubuque 25th.	389	334	69	366	398	461	306	265	360	252	372
Dubuque 26th.	140	127	37	147	158	166	136	106	142	112	133
Dubuque 27th.	19	12	7	19	18	23	13	11	23	14	19
Votes With											
Dubuque 5	13	20	2	19	16	18	15	3	27	13	16
Cascade	174	305	46	246	274	251	252	101	225	121	203
Center	306	248	44	335	245	355	223	148	221	189	278
Concord.	177	176	31	231	147	216	154	61	187	130	120
Dodge	287	198	33	300	204	315	178	97	224	157	164
Dub North.	415	208	52	384	270	425	227	171	342	239	276
Dub South	507	443	95	560	467	608	414	332	489	308	507
Dyersville 1	300	235	48	338	239	356	217	148	236	161	211
Dyersville 2	218	164	25	219	187	234	166	98	177	101	162
Dyersville 3	342	188	30	348	213	360	202	130	246	195	200
Eagle Point.	78	79	13	76	93	94	70	46	91	43	93
Farley	189	257	54	234	262	238	245	115	189	112	196
Iowa	111	102	22	141	98	143	96	61	99	74	83
Jefferson	307	252	43	358	223	361	212	86	338	137	267
Liberty	213	89	25	221	47	182	123	77	125	107	92
Mosalem	276	203	40	304	202	285	213	142	238	161	127
New Wine.	286	135	35	361	102	303	142	70	193	136	127
Paru.	244	187	30	247	202	278	161	79	246	122	203
Prairie Creek	109	217	27	134	212	142	207	87	149	83	130
Table Mount	609	496	105	597	586	690	467	331	573	337	560
Taylor	343	419	52	393	389	389	387	104	391	199	388
Vernon	235	192	36	261	191	293	143	104	211	127	186
Washington	116	108	19	123	117	141	83	53	112	74	92
Whitewater.	164	241	45	198	254	227	218	106	189	110	177
Absentees & Special Voters	1019	1043	237	996	1247	1368	854	1055	799	728	1034
Total	18649	18689	3708	18172	20877	22834	16790	12384	18857	11898	18473

19 Precincts

EMMET COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Eatherville 1st	408	276	59	384	339	169	574	242	380	185	423
Eatherville 2nd	252	256	39	229	276	123	412	183	282	123	332
Eatherville 3rd	212	212	41	219	254	160	331	177	255	109	308
Eatherville 4th	225	216	39	221	214	128	338	182	239	133	258
Eatherville 5th	400	291	61	356	359	195	531	258	408	181	452
Armstrong Grove	301	192	58	283	209	142	380	163	286	137	281
Center	124	68	11	116	74	49	144	79	91	75	94
Denmark	182	122	18	179	119	73	234	90	140	80	134
Ellsworth	61	45	17	62	48	17	102	32	52	29	54
Emmet	69	27	5	84	35	29	68	32	47	28	48
Eatherville Twp.	127	62	15	110	90	42	171	74	97	54	110
High Lake	90	42	11	88	44	43	93	37	76	48	63
Iowa Lake	60	23	3	50	28	21	61	21	43	24	37
Jack Creek	61	35	8	57	35	20	78	39	56	35	56
Lincoln	80	35	9	71	47	21	93	48	71	28	71
Swan Lake	59	40	7	68	32	16	84	36	51	38	46
Twelve Mile Lake	50	35	8	51	37	12	85	39	47	27	57
Wallingford City	63	40	2	63	47	40	59	26	43	25	43
Special Voters	194	113	35	181	144	115	225	182	92	102	146
Total	3062	2153	446	2863	2431	1414	4071	1920	2720	1459	3013

29 Precincts

FAYETTE COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Auburn	126	178	17	156	160	124	179	80	152	109	112
Banks	72	107	21	139	60	136	60	68	104	109	74
Bethel	108	53	8	125	49	100	69	35	104	70	71
Center	153	64	12	158	69	149	71	74	107	107	72
Clermont	208	119	16	291	121	301	105	137	239	170	147
Dover	205	47	15	208	58	211	165	51	165	150	90
Eden	156	199	21	180	183	156	194	120	194	153	162

FAYETTE, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Fairfield	224	114	16	219	133	239	100	108	184	126	172	
Fayette	318	201	40	327	224	312	224	209	301	214	303	
Fremont	217	106	14	231	92	228	85	47	150	133	123	
Harlan	272	161	34	291	171	300	157	165	234	236	173	
Illia	165	97	14	171	97	162	101	75	149	83	142	
Jefferson	208	125	24	222	111	220	111	118	180	131	175	
Oelwein 1st	414	330	45	404	380	448	324	286	387	309	385	
Oelwein 2nd	317	412	43	320	432	344	395	282	337	307	329	
Oelwein 3rd	297	393	36	305	418	334	387	241	321	239	329	
Oelwein 4th	432	321	37	412	367	458	302	272	365	282	366	
Oran	150	138	10	155	132	166	119	88	158	121	123	
Pleasant Valley	284	178	24	284	177	303	158	145	223	159	218	
Putnam	130	55	13	150	46	147	150	64	101	84	84	
Scott	98	58	8	105	56	100	57	68	71	98	54	
Smithfield	106	52	11	124	47	120	46	54	92	103	54	
Union	157	51	13	157	82	163	52	60	131	101	94	
West Union 1st	304	120	20	303	142	312	127	118	273	166	222	
West Union 2nd	253	147	25	261	163	267	150	150	219	161	205	
West Union 3rd	257	137	19	243	175	278	127	135	232	164	205	
Westfield	89	22	9	96	25	85	35	43	53	52	41	
Windsor	281	149	30	308	140	288	154	131	261	204	196	
Absentee & Special Voters	338	287	50	345	336	389	278	297	210	229	285	
Total	6374	4377	647	6702	4642	6830	4282	3741	5718	4565	4974	

FLOYD COUNTY

18 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Charles City 1st	438	398	69	521	361	433	441	202	354	239	390
Charles City 2nd	490	445	94	607	489	413	596	329	384	262	453
Charles City 3rd	417	458	70	442	467	360	467	282	331	224	372
Charles City 4th	590	416	96	648	427	538	533	443	608	349	587

FLOYD, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE			EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Cedar	86	41	13	94	44	67	72	50	73	62	56			
Floyd	267	182	46	303	177	250	230	174	198	181	186			
Niles	129	104	25	165	93	114	137	77	123	95	102			
Pleasant Grove	85	57	10	116	43	87	66	52	72	68	59			
Riverton	162	96	23	196	76	160	111	100	151	133	123			
Rockford	291	290	36	331	264	387	377	249	288	226	298			
Rock Grove	445	321	73	486	345	387	431	183	377	185	363			
Rudd	185	109	22	207	108	164	147	91	164	103	129			
East St Charles	230	150	26	268	129	212	186	155	206	183	171			
West St Charles	223	107	31	246	114	205	151	146	156	129	170			
Scott	54	48	7	66	44	44	64	37	52	41	50			
Ulster	125	66	10	159	38	108	89	49	104	75	79			
Union	184	189	25	201	170	146	217	115	159	120	159			
Absentee & Special Voters	264	177	52	290	191	269	207	263	169	187	217			
Total	4665	3634	728	5246	3590	4175	4622	2923	3838	2762	3965			

FRANKLIN COUNTY

23 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE			EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Coulter	46	70	4	70	47	43	66	23	51	25	49			
Geneva	133	76	12	159	60	118	96	102	89	108	76			
Grant	118	59	7	136	44	93	83	63	63	78	66			
Hamilton	76	45	7	97	31	71	62	35	74	36	73			
Hampton 1	497	354	60	578	304	449	430	348	360	250	488			
Hampton 2	449	296	60	539	255	410	389	313	351	248	419			
Ingham	116	67	12	138	59	95	92	65	79	69	69			
Latimer	164	67	12	191	51	145	81	70	134	63	137			
Lee	78	52	5	85	47	73	68	43	59	44	60			
Marton	113	36	12	129	32	100	57	51	62	62	72			
Morgan	112	53	18	140	38	91	75	52	106	66	84			
Mott	179	83	24	196	88	143	138	128	117	120	130			

FRANKLIN, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Oakland	87	76	13	110	66	80	89	46	116	73	86	
Osceola	93	36	15	106	38	62	57	67	80	76	48	
Osceola Ackley	12	13	6	20	10	12	15	8	17	16	11	
Reeve	104	46	19	138	36	101	62	68	75	69	82	
Richard	95	33	16	98	45	77	61	51	73	53	73	
Ross	103	62	6	127	42	93	77	51	66	56	79	
Scott	132	76	20	166	53	123	95	63	121	65	111	
Sheffield	298	153	29	338	138	244	232	130	255	129	255	
West Fork	79	20	9	85	21	78	31	32	57	44	41	
Wianer	81	28	7	93	23	72	39	30	68	31	66	
Absentee & Special Voters	125	117	33	151	128	108	165	147	96	80	150	
Total	3290	1920	406	3888	1654	2901	2520	1986	2644	1859	2725	

FREMONT COUNTY

20 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTIMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Benton	100	46	10	106	45	73	78	37	67	44	60	
Fisher	294	118	28	291	147	216	220	140	225	151	218	
Franklin I	171	78	16	170	82	157	97	63	83	51	62	
Franklin II	93	72	9	107	51	97	68	49	64	48	67	
Franklin III	62	49	5	64	40	61	51	28	26	16	35	
Green	123	30	6	120	24	103	51	44	71	66	59	
Locust Grove	98	25	4	102	23	76	51	40	66	50	59	
Madison	81	23	4	80	25	65	41	35	44	28	52	
Monroe	102	62	6	97	63	64	102	29	104	50	84	
Prairie	58	22	5	58	28	45	39	22	50	38	50	
Riverside	146	54	7	139	52	102	98	59	93	72	81	
Riverton	123	47	9	101	57	74	97	49	80	90	72	
Ross	254	83	14	243	98	197	155	74	190	90	178	
Scott I	78	66	5	71	68	53	44	44	40	36	52	
Scott II	61	30	4	51	30	33	53	27	27	23	34	

FREMONT, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Sidney I	255	116	22	237	127	176	197	86	187	128	148
Sidney II	282	124	10	265	121	198	195	73	221	97	181
Walnut	63	24	4	68	23	56	39	36	45	49	35
Washington	107	41	8	111	.41	91	68	61	58	54	64
Absentees & Special Voters	132	83	13	130	87	108	112	103	67	53	118
Total	2693	1203	191	2611	1224	2044	1895	1099	1808	1200	1710

GREENE COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Bristol	73	58	15	77	67	32	115	34	78	43	71
Cedar	54	58	10	52	68	28	94	24	70	33	60
Dawson	69	63	8	73	68	42	97	47	82	51	78
Franklin	68	44	4	62	47	46	64	33	64	43	55
Grant	83	57	18	85	65	51	93	55	90	60	50
Greenbrier	55	28	11	54	38	31	61	31	35	35	55
Hardin	45	35	11	45	45	25	62	32	51	29	56
Highland	169	169	30	177	175	101	249	98	193	78	200
Jackson	69	66	15	64	81	26	114	48	75	24	91
Jefferson I	383	247	60	390	284	271	397	222	366	174	424
Jefferson II	240	216	44	251	211	154	313	127	250	101	266
Jefferson III	548	309	80	523	370	400	494	275	475	228	519
Junction I	251	171	39	242	191	149	286	120	228	103	236
Junction II	40	41	11	37	49	26	65	32	46	28	48
Junction III	59	30	7	59	32	34	60	37	34	37	36
Kendrick	67	45	12	70	49	36	64	46	61	41	64
Paton	150	133	29	155	145	87	202	87	143	66	154
Washington	130	116	33	117	150	61	206	78	139	64	156
Scranton	271	172	26	245	197	157	280	129	285	151	253
Willow	84	19	5	74	29	36	86	21	79	39	60

21 Precincts

GREENE, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Absentee & Special Voters	246	131	42	217	174	146	244	199	158	163	175
Total	3154	2210	510	3070	2536	1938	3656	1779	3061	1582	3149

GRUNDY COUNTY

19 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Beaver	203	49	24	226	47	199	66	52	167	63	134
Blackhawk	672	282	51	763	237	809	192	306	499	340	443
Clay Beaman	143	67	18	170	64	142	82	81	117	80	118
Clay Conrad	383	169	41	414	158	324	228	177	267	148	290
Colfax	232	66	9	274	34	263	39	46	202	96	147
Fairfield	181	87	21	214	84	197	83	83	145	100	131
Felix	145	37	9	158	32	142	46	55	106	86	77
German	149	45	8	168	30	156	38	37	129	84	89
Grant	398	269	47	478	223	439	254	217	342	230	328
Grundy Center 1st	310	129	21	368	97	373	86	126	221	133	205
Grundy Center 2nd	289	113	33	311	117	362	71	148	223	143	219
Grundy Center 3rd	287	130	41	315	132	384	86	169	203	120	249
Lincoln	113	40	13	133	33	138	24	43	100	80	80
Melrose	120	43	20	136	47	123	62	48	100	66	89
Palermo	117	28	11	124	32	130	24	49	91	71	68
Pleasant Valley	163	23	3	171	17	152	33	42	120	81	84
Shilon	415	142	21	469	111	403	137	100	307	113	290
Washington	117	41	10	139	31	142	27	47	96	55	92
Absentee & Special Voters	227	107	39	294	80	303	69	155	158	124	180
Total	4644	1869	440	5509	1592	5161	1650	1981	3593	2226	3313

21 Precincts

GUTHRIE COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Adair	6	9	1	5	11	4	12	8	7	2	13	
Baker	86	48	4	80	56	43	91	42	93	60	72	
Bear Grove	82	22	15	79	34	49	66	40	53	63	52	
Beaver	226	68	19	205	104	147	164	89	225	115	179	
Casey City	106	72	6	103	78	89	111	59	118	65	109	
Cass Panora	375	273	51	363	317	203	461	303	389	254	411	
Cass Yale	79	42	11	76	55	50	78	58	71	45	77	
Dodge	159	102	8	154	109	83	180	113	142	90	162	
Grant	95	36	16	100	42	43	101	68	80	71	76	
Highland	236	127	18	231	141	167	200	130	232	132	218	
Jackson	79	36	8	77	43	43	79	51	75	52	69	
Orange	63	35	8	68	31	42	56	28	73	46	52	
Penn Stuart	360	235	47	321	304	242	388	236	375	164	427	
Richland Jamaica	82	103	20	84	120	49	158	85	111	83	119	
Richland Yale	47	32	5	46	34	24	55	37	43	28	53	
Seeley	74	58	6	76	55	38	97	32	105	44	88	
Thompson	70	43	4	61	50	36	76	55	62	74	66	
Union	68	21	2	69	18	30	58	21	67	34	52	
Valley	577	334	75	549	385	344	582	299	612	277	589	
Victory	162	65	25	159	94	105	140	82	164	69	175	
Special Voters	182	107	35	165	148	105	211	159	122	117	152	
Total	3214	1866	384	3070	2228	1916	3362	2007	3241	1885	3211	

25 Precincts

HAMILTON COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Webster City 1	209	117	22	210	122	163	174	129	168	121	162
Webster City 2	242	173	30	264	175	202	217	154	258	164	237
Webster City 3a	267	205	35	310	184	218	270	176	301	134	268
Webster City 3b	375	260	68	394	286	304	371	259	375	231	395
Webster City 4a	186	118	30	202	132	158	173	121	181	98	206

HAMILTON, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Webster City 4b	155	132	18	175	122	119	163	63	182	86	177
Webster City 5	138	138	18	148	138	100	173	72	187	83	151
Webster City 6	343	170	55	368	196	285	270	217	311	182	337
Blairsburg Twp	155	73	11	168	75	116	126	53	171	77	146
Cass Twp	125	67	21	156	55	102	96	109	108	75	107
Clear Lake Twp	243	122	33	286	112	212	147	122	233	149	208
Ellsworth Twp	173	92	27	176	110	156	109	79	188	76	165
Freedom Twp	104	46	16	109	50	68	83	67	74	71	65
Fremont Twp	86	37	14	94	41	75	51	56	73	67	59
Hamilton Twp	84	47	9	86	51	89	48	58	85	50	82
Independence Twp	157	91	19	180	82	138	122	65	173	93	141
Liberty Twp	133	37	12	139	44	123	56	43	112	75	77
Lincoln Twp	228	105	27	248	108	234	119	103	200	101	190
Lyon Twp	413	174	68	452	189	371	248	191	346	157	373
Marion Twp	225	157	35	248	166	196	178	120	256	135	230
Rose Grove Twp	79	34	12	92	40	79	40	45	85	22	90
Scott Twp	92	54	10	105	52	87	66	42	92	56	76
Webster Twp	68	63	17	91	51	63	78	54	80	62	71
Williams Twp	189	98	22	208	89	163	126	86	161	100	143
Absentee & Special Voters	276	131	51	312	142	282	155	240	193	166	239
Total	4745	2741	879	5218	2814	4103	3659	2703	4511	2632	4426

HANCOCK COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Ellington	169	82	9	170	82	141	103	69	122	86	100
Madison	105	71	21	117	69	86	99	76	107	93	91
Forest City	65	26	17	67	40	52	40	55	37	35	56
Crystal	149	89	24	159	92	142	116	87	142	87	100
Bingham	180	66	16	189	54	141	88	59	173	84	148
Total	677	336	87	705	351	403	365	270	451	263	442

19 Precincts

HANCOCK, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Ortel	100	31	13	110	32	89	47	36	82	56	63	
Britt	635	332	76	882	331	589	418	285	606	320	562	
Garfield	99	62	20	114	62	75	98	41	119	90	73	
Concord	788	431	93	845	442	876	600	385	636	429	560	
Ell	241	111	36	267	114	201	168	134	196	121	212	
Liberty	104	39	12	112	41	85	59	35	106	73	66	
Erin	105	27	12	122	23	94	45	26	106	50	78	
Boone	69	43	8	82	38	69	47	47	54	37	64	
Magor	65	26	6	64	32	59	32	24	66	51	51	
Magor Corwith	130	86	17	142	71	123	86	80	130	84	124	
Amsterdam	225	176	22	270	145	222	174	119	203	117	212	
Twin Lake	86	35	5	94	29	71	52	39	83	52	56	
Avery	141	71	16	169	57	132	91	68	130	85	101	
Absentee & Special Voters	245	114	37	269	120	250	131	168	152	151	169	
Total	3681	1916	462	4044	1879	3286	2498	1833	3198	2110	2886	

HARDIN COUNTY

20 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Alden	254	288	47	313	241	208	297	169	337	141	372	
Buckeye	90	91	6	90	69	77	89	50	117	56	111	
Clay	235	111	21	259	85	232	103	50	216	91	188	
Concord	112	85	11	112	89	100	88	42	121	111	111	
Eldora Township	108	63	15	116	63	99	69	55	99	50	103	
Eldora City	819	501	104	863	498	695	598	394	667	327	746	
Ellis	52	78	4	85	84	35	91	61	47	46	65	
Etna	576	285	76	610	277	480	346	311	363	282	387	
Grant	108	39	12	108	40	93	69	53	89	68	73	
Hardin	263	205	44	303	190	217	242	190	188	151	223	
Iowa Falls 1st	448	536	89	507	525	369	611	353	378	225	491	
Iowa Falls 2nd	689	565	118	752	587	589	648	580	587	395	787	

HARDIN, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Jackson	119	58	10	122	58	95	65	47	112	53	106
Pleasant	99	54	14	122	35	96	54	39	83	51	69
Providence	160	105	34	217	78	165	107	107	185	102	149
Sherman	220	167	24	236	160	188	167	95	212	110	196
Tipton	352	174	27	357	181	257	221	174	232	149	255
Union	187	120	25	206	125	164	145	93	175	88	175
Whitten	98	44	2	101	35	83	45	44	54	39	81
Absentee & Special Voters	330	187	47	371	186	323	215	288	200	199	269
Total	5,329	3,757	730	5,822	3,626	4,575	4,252	3,160	4,482	2,675	4,917

HARRISON COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Allen	85	17	4	90	19	65	44	46	55	64	36
Boyer	119	40	4	121	42	75	80	89	63	86	64
Calhoun	84	9	1	68	24	39	54	42	44	53	30
Cass	67	35	1	75	26	41	58	34	63	57	40
Cincinnati	58	29	2	65	24	38	50	61	25	51	34
Cley	44	18	4	44	21	20	45	37	23	34	24
Douglas	88	41	6	90	39	52	77	71	57	56	52
Dunlap	293	217	29	324	198	232	292	245	251	225	263
Harrison	77	57	4	89	49	54	87	68	67	73	60
Jackson	199	82	15	184	97	117	164	165	86	152	103
Jefferson	140	57	15	144	56	69	136	121	79	122	81
Lagrange	99	36	3	99	30	66	70	60	65	72	52
Lincoln	85	15	3	82	20	47	52	45	51	49	36
Little Sioux	132	66	9	125	69	77	124	130	53	119	75
Logan	435	187	39	431	201	312	331	334	257	295	271
Magnolia	203	58	11	204	63	144	124	147	104	132	109
Missouri Valley 1st	287	214	20	297	220	213	309	328	173	271	225

27 Precincts

HARRISON, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Missouri Valley 2nd	187	118	13	189	116	139	173	160	116	146	129		
Missouri Valley 3rd	236	150	13	223	156	157	232	259	105	199	141		
Morgan	168	79	12	158	87	100	143	151	85	114	121		
Regan	75	32	6	83	36	57	62	64	50	70	46		
St John	265	106	24	272	110	188	217	167	133	144	147		
Taylor	161	75	11	140	104	159	159	174	55	119	102		
Union	121	36	3	118	37	66	92	81	83	81	66		
Washington	200	88	8	185	92	124	167	111	151	164	97		
Woodbine	376	176	33	379	177	295	263	282	229	239	263		
Absentee & Special Voters	208	114	21	186	142	155	178	197	82	126	147		
Total	4502	2152	311	4478	2255	3013	3779	3663	2599	3313	2814		

HENRY COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Baltimore	137	110	19	154	105	176	72	126	142	86	171		
Canaan	152	61	8	156	64	178	33	102	116	80	134		
Center	231	175	38	261	178	291	114	204	246	149	289		
Hillsboro	59	53	7	69	44	48	40	40	62	40	60		
Jackson	117	78	5	114	81	129	46	92	105	90	116		
Jefferson	249	227	29	258	231	301	123	175	305	164	305		
Marion	109	60	12	115	60	119	38	85	85	72	100		
Mt Pleasant 1st	397	392	63	397	434	484	277	426	406	182	617		
Mt Pleasant 2nd	371	326	97	394	376	465	228	411	375	177	571		
Mt Pleasant 3rd	264	310	34	270	243	298	170	267	247	148	340		
Mt Pleasant 4th	455	378	78	441	378	566	218	437	387	231	552		
New London City	417	407	45	440	396	474	318	398	422	241	554		
New London Twp	150	75	16	149	79	153	66	117	115	107	124		
Rome	37	60	3	45	54	51	40	45	54	29	64		

21 Precincts

HENRY, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Salem	185	128	15	210	101	207	75	128	179	74	165
Scott	339	214	35	360	211	430	110	291	258	198	331
Tippecanoe	151	77	21	149	100	124	72	124	129	83	158
Trenton	125	94	11	131	84	138	65	70	158	70	143
Wayne	251	98	36	253	118	303	54	182	196	143	228
Jefferson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Absentees & Special Voters	234	140	57	232	177	292	106	239	126	152	204
Total	4430	3317	629	4598	3515	5287	2263	3968	4113	2516	5226

HOWARD COUNTY

19 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Albion	102	53	14	132	36	99	63	79	69	60	97
Forest City Twp	250	121	24	278	112	246	130	140	229	121	238
Chester	105	75	18	127	71	100	87	87	94	109	109
Oak Dale	47	32	5	60	26	43	37	28	58	32	52
Jamestown	172	97	19	201	89	160	110	106	182	113	186
Saratoga	94	60	11	102	54	88	66	61	94	55	88
Howard Center	84	70	10	126	41	92	72	71	93	95	70
Vernon Springs	192	84	19	224	74	184	98	112	167	122	159
Cresco 1st	308	261	47	412	189	257	307	309	443	305	430
Cresco 2nd	441	272	27	608	236	404	309	292	427	234	466
Cresco 3rd	291	247	36	374	202	268	208	252	338	156	236
New Oregon	140	136	11	212	77	116	116	104	181	132	151
Protivin	88	128	9	110	98	51	133	69	112	73	93
Paris Twp 1st	55	56	6	78	39	45	69	39	70	48	60
Paris Twp 2nd	78	55	12	103	36	63	73	46	93	59	81
Afton Pct	211	179	14	260	153	195	194	140	239	163	218
Howard 1st	128	121	14	174	84	114	128	81	154	109	138
Howard 2 Pct	38	43	9	56	34	42	46	33	51	45	38

HOWARD, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Absentee & Special Voters	181	125	25	215	113	181	135	166	137	106	191
Total	2975	2214	336	3742	1778	2748	2434	2205	3251	2088	3091

HUMBOLDT COUNTY

18 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Avery	79	84	10	85	86	43	129	42	105	63	87
Beaver	107	51	4	99	61	59	97	28	102	67	63
Corinth	144	40	21	145	60	81	121	83	106	82	90
Dakota City	211	153	35	215	168	113	263	100	171	89	183
Delana	221	97	24	199	123	116	211	75	189	101	145
Gilmore City	97	62	8	86	73	58	95	34	76	76	76
Grove	109	37	14	112	48	67	89	46	82	64	64
Humboldt Township	199	110	9	180	124	92	217	54	147	98	101
Humboldt Ward I	379	381	87	837	493	588	733	358	612	328	650
Humboldt Ward II	490	266	54	456	336	263	622	207	387	211	393
Lake	136	52	10	128	64	66	100	62	100	63	88
Luverne	58	35	8	63	29	38	54	19	52	29	43
Norway	140	88	10	147	91	67	182	56	114	68	108
Norwick	141	86	20	152	91	85	144	73	137	92	123
Rutland	179	98	17	181	109	96	190	68	124	190	118
Wacoosta	94	49	9	85	65	37	116	38	74	116	82
Weaver	89	53	19	103	54	45	107	34	79	49	66
Absentee & Special Voters	202	98	35	196	123	184	159	136	133	106	165
Total	3575	1840	394	3469	2198	2079	3509	1496	2772	1655	2643

13 Precincts

IDA COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Gaiva.....	220	102	18	221	101	115	223	87	206	146	142	
Griggs.....	530	192	61	539	219	308	463	254	376	233	375	
Douglas.....	91	51	6	91	53	52	96	45	93	55	80	
Battle.....	101	39	8	98	44	47	98	38	89	53	70	
Logan.....	111	48	6	111	47	51	110	38	117	62	73	
Silver Creek.....	88	25	5	92	21	47	72	30	72	54	53	
Blaine.....	210	69	12	189	91	113	178	180	180	106	142	
Corwin.....	819	356	66	770	417	516	700	301	742	407	624	
Maple.....	295	181	37	308	171	179	319	129	283	177	225	
Garfield.....	60	41	5	65	41	32	70	15	59	31	44	
Grant.....	79	26	7	78	27	37	73	18	68	48	51	
Hayes.....	96	33	6	95	42	55	78	35	85	52	66	
Absentee & Special Voters	125	72	17	118	91	99	110	97	81	86	87	
Total.....	2825	1235	254	2765	1385	1651	2591	1147	2451	1509	2032	

20 Precincts

IOWA COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Dayton.....	98	52	22	123	46	111	50	44	105	66	71	
English I.....	99	94	13	114	83	107	80	45	109	66	91	
English II.....	329	204	31	351	210	376	152	194	247	174	263	
Fillmore.....	90	131	23	97	140	114	115	105	82	65	120	
Greene.....	77	62	26	98	64	95	55	43	118	85	71	
Hartford I.....	152	54	14	152	84	140	65	62	110	74	91	
Hartford II.....	331	153	40	347	155	349	149	105	320	159	269	
Hilton.....	80	224	20	226	88	231	73	88	185	129	151	
Honey Creek.....	101	54	9	115	45	98	55	50	87	64	72	
Iowa.....	209	51	26	210	70	211	65	71	178	100	138	
Lenox.....	354	268	82	406	290	391	259	232	308	174	384	
Lincoln.....	97	42	7	104	41	103	39	31	99	46	82	
Marengo.....	705	459	109	757	484	778	389	384	807	321	664	

IOWA, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Pilot.....	83	63	28	95	73	113	58	57	96	80	74	
Sumner.....	105	56	15	112	60	120	47	57	96	63	91	
Troy.....	120	64	17	129	68	132	63	50	123	68	102	
Washington.....	148	102	22	168	98	165	93	84	134	76	140	
Williamsburg.....	528	403	107	539	468	639	303	310	508	265	545	
York.....	94	64	12	108	56	97	58	50	103	70	84	
Absentee & Special Voters	211	150	44	225	170	285	97	188	159	135	178	
Total.....	4153	2606	667	4476	2775	4655	2265	2250	3783	2280	3661	

JACKSON COUNTY

25 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Bellevue.....	433	534	83	439	550	542	424	214	356	222	363	
Bellevue Twp... ..	151	93	9	139	107	161	62	60	88	56	94	
Brandon.....	84	33	6	59	39	66	30	39	40	60	26	
Butler.....	54	65	20	74	81	73	81	43	58	44	55	
Fairfield.....	75	39	17	73	53	87	36	49	40	54	33	
Farmers Creek..	84	81	17	96	82	103	67	56	48	51	56	
Iowa.....	195	80	25	182	116	232	58	86	98	75	112	
Jackson.....	110	147	5	121	128	154	63	54	88	72	73	
Maquoketa 1st..	206	189	27	201	189	228	144	122	127	143	137	
Maquoketa 2nd..	225	197	28	222	215	263	147	147	132	123	153	
Maquoketa 3rd..	218	196	36	218	169	262	120	117	161	90	185	
Maquoketa 4th..	207	179	40	204	198	257	152	160	131	121	162	
Maquoketa 5th..	393	248	66	373	315	463	218	274	237	195	312	
Maquoketa Twp	153	71	20	155	79	169	65	108	81	107	75	
Monmouth.....	133	105	17	135	109	150	87	70	75	70	82	
Otter Creek.....	107	137	12	113	130	118	124	65	105	68	108	
Perry.....	180	88	19	187	94	201	73	92	104	94	100	
Prairie Springs..	120	180	16	151	151	148	160	60	136	82	132	
Richland.....	84	83	10	99	72	96	69	48	61	56	61	

JACKSON, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
South Fork	211	118	31	236	126	258	93	151	106	136	120
Tete Des Morts	168	126	31	182	153	180	128	95	131	87	137
Van Buren	397	199	34	392	226	454	151	183	175	151	201
Washington	86	67	7	85	71	104	44	35	48	47	33
Union	235	157	18	215	182	238	148	85	78	82	79
Absentee & Special Voters	190	146	28	184	171	231	116	166	91	110	147
Total	4479	3518	622	4515	3806	5240	2904	2579	2795	2348	3056

JASPER COUNTY

32 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Buena Vista	174	104	21	198	103	164	134	70	170	83	153
Clear Creek	58	114	8	106	74	102	78	58	99	61	94
Colfax 1st	92	132	87	87	138	104	130	67	97	72	102
Colfax 2nd	137	179	14	143	183	162	187	106	142	169	158
Colfax 3rd	132	227	33	129	253	154	232	85	155	85	158
Des Moines	443	317	49	432	378	446	367	224	381	223	387
Elk Creek	147	92	7	165	74	122	149	51	149	83	121
Fairview	556	414	66	567	446	558	461	310	457	327	430
Hickory Grove	89	52	16	96	69	75	85	74	74	66	78
Independence	247	308	38	269	303	255	335	183	243	185	247
Kellogg	229	248	44	239	263	231	278	198	219	175	229
Lynn Grove	169	88	12	182	81	151	114	23	199	82	136
Malaka	70	70	13	73	78	75	78	48	77	52	72
Mariposa	70	46	10	82	46	63	59	47	85	48	63
Mound Prairie	129	127	24	132	142	108	169	88	134	96	127
Newton Township	364	320	71	406	363	366	376	291	287	228	361
Newton W1 P1	249	428	58	281	448	272	494	258	259	188	324
Newton W1 P2	356	370	59	360	392	363	368	284	327	284	417
Newton W2 P1	493	510	68	502	544	472	578	417	461	278	582

JASPER, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Newton W2 P2 . . .	453	477	61	459	534	483	512	376	424	254	542
Newton W3 P1 . . .	326	391	49	322	426	356	399	251	295	184	353
Newton W3 P2 . . .	315	382	46	322	411	303	431	298	284	189	388
Newton W4 P1 . . .	605	340	79	613	403	640	373	458	454	297	613
Newton W4 P2 . . .	422	442	87	454	465	466	463	336	379	215	487
Palo Alto	251	171	27	256	177	240	198	141	203	147	206
Poweshiek	193	162	29	181	193	171	209	162	194	135	217
Richland	163	36	12	173	33	131	76	26	149	64	117
Rock Creek	200	131	39	204	154	173	183	138	155	128	170
Sherman	94	81	12	99	88	91	98	65	91	73	84
Lynn Grove Sully . . .	432	142	11	451	112	349	212	54	417	150	323
Washington	121	120	30	108	154	116	154	78	148	75	146
Absentee & Special Voters	430	283	92	407	371	392	387	398	231	226	377
Total	8286	7258	1221	8496	7902	8176	8279	5668	7439	4731	8271

JEFFERSON COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Blackhawk	117	37	13	110	51	140	22	67	92	76	79
Buchanan	180	89	24	186	98	199	78	121	162	97	177
Cedar	109	72	17	113	85	139	60	100	101	86	103
Center	274	155	18	279	167	337	108	197	241	152	265
Des Moines	77	66	5	85	60	94	48	75	72	52	92
Fairfield 1st	700	321	71	702	369	880	186	520	525	354	626
Fairfield 2nd	323	316	85	296	328	456	215	486	228	325	328
Fairfield 3rd	199	197	17	215	187	237	164	170	211	152	216
Fairfield 4th	336	212	49	340	242	405	175	277	255	190	322
Fairfield 5th	568	322	75	572	385	722	237	447	485	311	601
Liberty	151	100	10	167	92	167	65	108	149	101	150
Lockridge	176	126	12	186	121	208	98	128	179	102	190
Locust Grove	187	135	12	204	123	212	106	102	206	110	180

16 Precincts

JEFFERSON, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Penn	124	101	25	141	95	165	72	95	140	89	142	
Polk	163	75	20	183	66	208	39	60	159	72	152	
Round Prairie	75	60	2	88	50	87	48	45	92	56	78	
Walnut	90	60	9	99	62	110	46	44	111	44	112	
Absentee & Special Voters	250	133	41	235	162	319	81	242	127	140	203	
Total	4099	2577	505	4200	2743	5105	1847	3304	3535	2508	4016	

JOHNSON COUNTY

53 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Big Grove	417	486	96	439	560	581	364	392	400	270	544	
Cedar	75	115	22	73	140	109	97	76	82	63	100	
Clear Creek	150	137	38	143	175	189	116	136	108	86	155	
Coralville 1st	574	915	378	577	1283	975	799	1139	604	475	1129	
Coralville 2nd	479	687	278	443	1066	765	584	905	390	367	881	
Coralville 3rd	117	173	61	132	224	144	118	219	118	219	212	
East Lucas	86	99	34	86	129	123	88	131	66	66	132	
Fremont	250	277	62	271	307	306	261	233	198	157	275	
Graham	75	112	31	106	112	126	92	89	101	78	111	
Hardin	74	144	24	93	145	108	108	86	99	67	114	
Hill	78	165	25	85	175	102	132	112	132	58	132	
Jefferson	450	427	93	464	509	558	347	352	468	303	509	
Liberty	41	108	20	49	115	70	84	83	49	44	90	
Lincoln	61	92	17	67	43	54	42	49	43	38	52	
Madison	110	59	16	112	71	118	60	77	86	60	102	
Monroe	90	72	17	103	70	98	64	66	92	66	76	
Newport	168	249	68	180	299	264	199	269	154	127	280	
Oxford	255	288	54	282	337	287	284	237	276	174	339	
Penn	289	339	145	278	482	489	267	497	229	197	508	
Pleasant Valley	62	60	17	75	62	82	52	52	64	42	73	
Scott	226	211	76	280	243	321	166	237	189	171	249	

1980 GENERAL ELECTION

JOHNSON, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Sharon.....	119	90	34	127	112	165	73	107	95	83	117		
Union.....	114	130	50	111	188	154	124	138	109	94	152		
University Heights	256	281	128	238	429	381	274	431	173	140	441		
Washington.....	138	82	32	146	96	172	55	91	111	108	213		
West Lucas.....	132	176	70	126	242	207	157	213	108	108	122		
Iowa City 1st.....	335	588	348	303	956	666	537	904	263	278	840		
Iowa City 2nd.....	163	241	175	177	393	307	227	346	146	128	319		
Iowa City 3rd.....	283	333	281	280	597	495	332	519	271	219	488		
Iowa City 4th.....	254	365	175	204	678	424	345	570	174	122	605		
Iowa City 5th.....	272	408	307	281	677	527	371	606	289	264	563		
Iowa City 6th.....	246	444	312	265	720	517	437	571	237	223	604		
Iowa City 7th.....	333	509	249	296	810	589	481	756	240	240	740		
Iowa City 8th.....	265	546	284	194	810	544	498	729	268	232	723		
Iowa City 9th.....	684	910	396	641	1344	1068	811	1320	620	458	1334		
Iowa City 10th.....	233	435	167	220	620	388	407	514	235	197	522		
Iowa City 11th.....	137	429	196	133	641	302	405	549	129	171	476		
Iowa City 12th.....	250	428	130	243	573	402	385	457	267	215	489		
Iowa City 13th.....	413	722	271	424	984	746	621	853	447	329	946		
Iowa City 14th.....	231	415	149	231	559	390	358	481	225	168	537		
Iowa City 15th.....	371	557	206	357	762	617	455	655	351	230	754		
Iowa City 16th.....	343	455	144	321	622	529	376	537	295	241	591		
Iowa City 17th.....	267	440	167	258	610	433	395	552	224	193	561		
Iowa City 18th.....	243	514	173	243	739	403	513	678	218	223	630		
Iowa City 19th.....	237	666	289	197	1003	483	653	916	193	253	800		
Iowa City 20th.....	209	569	237	197	842	395	588	753	178	246	634		
Iowa City 21st.....	214	582	245	220	842	434	563	739	197	234	656		
Iowa City 22nd.....	294	519	218	278	749	480	497	665	251	221	859		
Iowa City 23rd.....	564	803	223	529	1069	908	652	965	497	354	1078		
Iowa City 24th.....	410	425	154	398	631	576	383	570	314	223	626		
Iowa City 25th.....	411	547	210	387	768	711	427	694	389	253	808		
North Liberty.....	362	413	158	338	570	478	399	513	328	245	564		
Absentee & Special Voters	724	955	354	701	1338	1088	902	1435	484	590	1240		
Total.....	13642	20122	8101	13311	28412	21902	18061	26264	12136	10303	25695		

29 Precincts

JONES COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Anamosa 1st	299	241	53	317	277	219	172	241	341	159	414	
Anamosa 2nd	103	126	16	99	142	100	140	101	145	73	164	
Anamosa 3rd	136	116	27	140	139	137	134	128	144	80	184	
Anamosa 4th	337	231	31	335	280	346	257	256	351	180	402	
Cass	130	108	14	139	108	128	120	82	158	83	152	
Castle Grove	107	110	20	124	105	133	103	65	140	87	131	
Center Jct												
Madison	132	84	30	154	87	162	74	100	128	89	144	
Clay	49	47	13	62	51	69	42	41	64	50	58	
Fairview	206	133	28	230	134	229	133	134	230	129	224	
Greenfield	170	66	28	191	110	188	98	115	174	114	182	
Hale	86	65	24	96	77	101	71	64	108	59	111	
Jackson	88	65	8	79	71	110	51	74	86	73	83	
Lovell	223	130	44	236	152	222	169	181	193	154	224	
Monticello 1st	218	156	36	225	181	225	176	177	218	114	263	
Monticello 2nd	287	161	36	264	214	300	182	207	256	164	286	
Monticello 3rd	172	174	30	187	174	170	197	159	189	125	214	
Monticello 4th	246	167	36	261	190	267	174	182	260	136	278	
Morley	68	61	17	91	58	95	53	53	88	45	93	
Onslow	75	36	9	51	48	85	34	39	73	39	69	
Oxford	197	201	24	208	201	224	183	215	183	182	202	
Richland East	105	170	26	142	156	134	149	123	161	88	178	
Richland West	53	13	6	54	32	50	37	31	53	33	51	
Rome	224	179	42	239	206	263	168	163	259	128	284	
Scotch Grove	121	101	14	160	86	144	89	97	129	98	126	
Stone City	22	30	12	23	40	28	34	33	36	50	50	
Washington	62	83	12	72	81	73	80	67	78	65	74	
Wayne	155	118	26	182	104	190	103	96	185	114	163	
Wyoming	241	161	55	238	208	261	172	184	238	162	254	
Absentee & Special Voters	195	158	38	195	189	259	130	151	197	213	142	
Total	4506	3521	759	4784	3899	4923	3525	3579	4853	3054	5201	

1980 GENERAL ELECTION

26 Precincts

KEOKUK COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Adams	142	134	17	152	133	102	166	87	143	82	149
English River 1	50	57	9	86	53	41	64	38	61	40	58
English River 2	146	67	6	143	69	113	84	52	105	77	89
Liberty	101	55	10	107	56	58	91	40	77	51	75
Lafayette 1	58	83	13	65	87	52	103	52	84	50	84
Lafayette 2	213	211	40	238	214	172	247	157	114	128	127
Plank	80	81	26	97	87	64	114	56	94	68	92
Van Buren	100	86	17	112	87	89	90	80	89	68	86
Benton	239	188	19	241	183	210	230	136	214	129	220
Steady Run	112	56	12	109	65	85	93	50	93	59	83
Clear Creek	52	47	8	69	36	43	54	30	63	45	51
East Lancaster	43	25	1	43	21	30	28	12	37	18	35
West Lancaster	71	54	11	81	52	56	71	37	65	41	71
Jackson	142	102	6	160	102	102	131	61	137	90	121
Richland	232	159	17	248	143	196	196	130	226	116	248
Sigourney Twp	73	33	9	78	29	63	41	30	58	36	58
Sigourney 1st	140	96	16	145	102	128	114	62	118	59	131
Sigourney 2nd	114	70	15	120	72	104	85	55	93	37	118
Sigourney 3rd	191	174	14	206	162	178	183	102	173	74	211
Sigourney 4th	116	105	20	119	116	99	124	80	109	40	160
Warren	129	116	9	142	103	114	127	65	105	70	109
What Cheer	169	104	13	159	103	144	119	81	150	68	167
Washington	76	65	14	80	71	60	84	63	73	58	77
Prairie 1st	63	47	7	66	51	62	49	44	55	29	73
Prairie 2nd	75	49	10	78	53	67	63	39	68	30	80
Absentee & Special Voters	208	145	30	209	170	172	200	164	122	112	177
Total	3145	2390	388	3324	2378	2604	2952	1783	2721	1871	2950

36 Precincts

KOSSUTH COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Algona 1st	375	275	74	422	281	264	429	251	319	183	379	
Algona 2nd	377	236	68	385	262	233	426	215	350	208	359	
Algona 3rd	335	365	68	390	344	214	345	229	214	217	369	
Algona 4th	289	254	71	299	287	156	432	267	273	197	328	
Buffalo	294	115	25	315	103	142	273	92	262	143	214	
Burt 1st	196	158	29	211	156	98	270	107	163	87	193	
Burt 2nd	42	8	3	36	14	15	35	12	15	10	29	
Cresco	245	165	61	266	170	122	322	141	208	128	212	
Eagle	42	15	3	39	19	39	117	25	27	24	31	
Fenton 1st	79	84	4	79	68	39	117	28	63	27	58	
Fenton 2nd	142	82	21	150	73	71	161	75	90	55	100	
Garfield	118	40	13	113	62	25	139	22	115	41	88	
German	122	14	7	122	77	57	60	22	97	46	76	
Grant	50	27	1	44	29	25	60	20	35	25	36	
Greenwood	280	291	38	302	269	96	494	130	238	121	239	
Harrison	323	150	16	306	143	174	268	123	195	103	209	
Hebron	55	15	1	43	24	30	97	22	30	22	30	
Irvington	90	82	6	109	63	37	130	42	80	61	60	
Ledyard 1st	153	71	7	137	76	93	120	44	81	42	82	
Ledyard 2nd	102	43	12	96	54	69	76	47	55	45	58	
Lincoln	93	27	8	95	30	62	61	38	65	34	63	
Loits Creek	87	54	8	95	45	31	117	38	92	56	74	
Luverne	146	87	7	151	74	79	141	44	109	62	103	
Plum Creek	98	72	18	102	64	45	125	45	85	65	70	
Portland	75	50	12	83	110	26	110	33	72	25	75	
Prairie	92	61	11	102	55	41	122	40	91	73	66	
Ramsey	82	36	8	77	39	29	88	31	56	34	48	
Riverdale	113	84	11	107	97	36	167	33	133	80	94	
Seneca	63	49	11	70	52	29	96	26	59	30	61	
Sherman	80	20	7	53	64	21	109	24	79	42	63	
Springfield	64	50	5	56	22	42	38	18	43	14	46	
Swea	86	21	6	78	25	22	65	30	59	34	55	
Union	70	63	17	95	50	22	125	51	73	60	63	
Wesley	180	193	27	220	152	88	289	89	176	102	178	
Whittemore & Absentee Voters	222	227	32	247	206	91	376	109	226	151	187	
Special Voters	318	232	69	338	260	222	375	279	217	198	286	
Total	5668	3810	775	5848	3784	2881	6832	2842	4689	2825	4697	

1980 GENERAL ELECTION

27 Precincts

LEE COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Fort Madison 1st	365	340	63	380	371	451	287	311	320	240	373		
Fort Madison 2nd	456	519	71	485	536	592	428	393	451	362	458		
Fort Madison 3rd	474	571	65	462	504	547	503	422	457	359	483		
Fort Madison 4th & 5-1	442	628	44	408	641	480	563	383	431	315	454		
Fort Madison W5 P2	550	613	79	558	634	619	496	462	472	426	491		
Keokuk 1st	429	326	59	355	422	456	304	299	414	210	475		
Keokuk 2nd	230	323	38	219	355	245	314	182	288	136	317		
Keokuk 3rd	349	336	42	298	389	402	296	228	399	166	439		
Keokuk 4th	208	374	18	163	374	199	374	133	339	151	316		
Keokuk 5th	662	438	86	594	542	758	372	375	659	344	682		
Keokuk 6th	319	379	28	282	436	309	375	175	380	155	387		
Keokuk 7th	471	426	49	383	523	480	419	179	501	233	484		
Cedar	131	65	13	130	70	162	37	57	108	90	77		
Charleston	126	74	13	114	86	125	65	52	110	52	86		
Denmark	233	144	9	214	155	426	191	110	169	134	140		
Des Moines	167	117	13	152	124	175	101	55	176	92	132		
Donnellson	380	249	43	372	267	249	111	216	313	204	311		
Franklin'	153	80	13	155	82	168	59	81	112	70	121		
Green Bay	122	54	7	127	50	142	33	45	98	73	68		
Harrison	365	301	22	322	334	377	284	171	395	196	352		
Jackson	256	250	28	275	228	305	202	178	238	192	216		
Jefferson	377	109	12	139	94	153	68	89	106	84	103		
Marion	377	363	43	350	400	416	327	223	374	217	315		
Pleasant Ridge W Pt'	364	408	53	411	386	461	314	266	381	281	348		
Van Buren	112	55	10	113	57	112	59	51	99	67	76		
Washington	426	230	43	435	240	459	204	219	338	245	304		
Absentee & Special Voters	477	432	65	420	536	565	367	434	354	308	446		
Total	8793	8204	1047	8297	8990	9834	7173	5790	8480	5424	8436		

67 Precincts

LINN COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Buffalo Township	73	123	23	101	114	101	110	73	106	80	102	
Boulder Township	113	136	9	136	92	123	100	58	118	86	84	
Brown Township	508	388	83	534	433	550	411	261	435	255	450	
Berram Township	473	362	88	476	469	487	436	323	372	283	424	
College Township	174	161	52	178	196	171	202	159	198	176	196	
Clinton Township	289	280	62	286	324	264	335	177	274	176	278	
Fairfax Township	442	403	82	442	454	455	462	276	448	288	444	
Fayette Township	195	117	27	179	159	182	142	98	162	119	136	
Grant Township	250	144	43	280	180	254	192	91	221	135	190	
Monroe-Hlawatha Jackson	1001	894	228	1054	1038	1027	1047	879	927	578	1019	
Township	358	193	36	374	208	358	221	164	350	236	292	
Linn Township	146	94	27	149	108	156	108	81	126	76	140	
Franklin-Lisbon	415	418	111	455	475	485	436	289	414	285	420	
Maine Township	383	275	72	316	324	385	324	316	325	208	301	
Marion-Linn-Mar Franklin-Mt	578	274	107	627	330	603	341	348	517	354	517	
Vernon	654	597	321	597	949	796	733	781	474	370	849	
Otter Creek	284	210	45	327	209	192	246	125	271	160	246	
Puham	216	217	46	239	230	237	217	145	208	146	212	
Monroe-Robins	802	511	138	783	657	729	689	402	718	423	712	
Spring Grove	162	92	28	184	116	191	107	92	144	136	110	
Marion-Squaw Creek	210	75	34	203	108	217	97	137	135	106	163	
Washington	484	450	102	481	531	410	581	278	460	339	421	
Cedar Rapids 1	494	714	126	456	850	478	802	501	648	437	706	
Cedar Rapids 2	538	486	140	523	623	586	550	435	511	330	604	
Cedar Rapids 3	550	526	145	550	656	580	649	407	585	306	657	
Cedar Rapids 4	991	408	145	918	809	1028	478	728	732	565	896	
Cedar Rapids 5	770	493	191	716	712	842	576	629	621	386	879	
Cedar Rapids 6	272	519	74	282	583	542	589	346	408	382	453	
Cedar Rapids 7	143	394	24	135	415	146	382	148	344	110	175	
Cedar Rapids 8	389	491	139	390	626	427	562	447	344	280	503	
Cedar Rapids 9	342	146	111	338	565	370	513	358	341	235	461	
Cedar Rapids 10	563	641	162	624	824	700	728	597	632	359	847	
Cedar Rapids 11	857	562	221	818	793	900	705	606	872	413	864	
Cedar Rapids 12	695	521	189	652	614	948	614	732	540	344	789	
Cedar Rapids 13	869	497	206	825	728	948	601	582	574	344	811	
Cedar Rapids 14	541	780	128	545	868	590	809	467	615	376	714	
Cedar Rapids 15	253	360	67	241	447	239	430	227	299	207	331	

1980 GENERAL ELECTION

LINN, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Cedar Rapids 16	873	1008	207	859	1198	887	1149	680	993	594	1082
Cedar Rapids 17	860	780	192	804	1024	884	920	662	821	529	949
Cedar Rapids 18	796	731	218	793	940	851	861	669	851	495	965
Cedar Rapids 19	570	598	127	564	726	596	698	478	636	408	717
Cedar Rapids 20	723	718	141	677	891	715	828	459	732	420	806
Cedar Rapids 21	265	600	77	254	666	273	627	307	374	252	422
Cedar Rapids 22	382	740	133	415	498	407	344	307	498	311	537
Cedar Rapids 23	223	473	72	233	515	230	509	245	316	210	334
Cedar Rapids 24	353	512	89	367	580	355	589	301	429	271	474
Cedar Rapids 25	693	629	146	624	825	677	756	503	666	422	736
Cedar Rapids 26	524	548	143	507	682	532	648	368	516	305	588
Cedar Rapids 27	311	542	106	325	602	282	629	291	334	223	409
Cedar Rapids 28	246	303	55	237	348	254	313	186	217	135	254
Cedar Rapids 29	701	614	197	697	788	742	746	582	444	444	729
Cedar Rapids 30	345	459	140	359	552	350	547	375	371	277	462
Cedar Rapids 31	859	482	167	689	640	689	584	483	584	357	720
Cedar Rapids 32	584	580	178	600	700	615	685	453	627	350	730
Cedar Rapids 33	778	598	227	775	791	785	789	556	703	444	827
Cedar Rapids 34	1350	901	312	1340	1191	1388	1085	1043	1071	754	1340
Cedar Rapids 35	728	419	178	716	589	758	548	550	571	373	228
Cedar Rapids 36	1543	859	358	1489	1258	1569	1127	1159	1254	860	1528
Marion W1 P1. . .	388	325	49	386	392	385	376	266	378	207	444
Marion W1 P2. . .	533	451	130	557	543	548	533	302	380	302	612
Marion W2 P1. . .	472	400	119	472	488	504	459	376	435	266	545
Marion W2 P2. . .	885	517	183	862	693	845	591	737	564	422	912
Marion W3 P1. . .	364	378	71	387	430	365	426	277	318	217	371
Marion W3 P2. . .	547	448	160	528	597	578	525	416	406	342	623
Marion W4 P1. . .	489	340	109	488	433	544	380	229	406	283	484
Marion W4 P2. . .	610	518	187	621	675	639	647	486	610	347	765
Special Voters	1884	1565	488	1757	2154	2081	1789	2113	1504	1355	2152
Total	36254	31950	8773	35829	40460	37647	37651	26149	33650	22397	39128

LYON, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDALL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Lyon Richland...	531	139	31	525	144	379	284	60	414	168	289
Rock Riverside...	188	74	10	192	57	112	141	44	134	63	108
Rock Rapids...	859	319	90	814	382	511	660	253	653	270	619
Wheeler...	503	179	49	461	211	369	306	113	404	118	391
Absentee & Special Voters	209	90	30	186	116	143	173	124	125	97	138
Total	4349	1431	375	4903	1487	2889	2610	989	3456	1423	2945

MADISON COUNTY

20 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Winterset 1st...	199	199	25	186	205	114	292	172	184	124	203
Winterset 2nd...	287	195	44	264	230	179	328	213	277	156	310
Winterset 3rd...	270	220	41	261	239	177	342	203	248	157	301
Winterset 4th...	218	175	42	207	188	137	281	183	221	135	232
Lee...	75	93	14	74	100	34	148	90	94	68	106
Jefferson...	90	59	22	95	74	50	121	80	93	88	71
Madison Earlham	359	240	68	335	300	223	440	298	344	212	410
Penn...	82	64	19	84	76	48	120	64	101	62	96
Jackson...	97	42	12	93	49	47	104	60	83	65	79
Douglas Lincoln	213	153	36	205	171	129	255	169	208	165	199
Union...	87	78	17	88	93	64	122	78	107	91	85
Crawford...	108	113	19	105	129	86	182	105	138	94	132
South...	278	228	33	257	249	166	374	239	290	192	315
Scott...	113	112	28	122	119	67	181	102	132	117	114
Webster...	69	44	8	64	57	28	97	51	70	53	63
Grand River	127	39	12	108	57	60	114	77	90	92	74
Monroe	79	62	5	86	70	37	106	63	76	53	80
Walnut	106	95	12	106	95	55	149	72	130	69	120
Ohio	222	188	16	207	188	133	268	159	226	147	217

MADISON, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Absentee & Special Voters	232	118	32	213	149	186	203	179	121	134	150
Total	3320	2496	505	3140	2838	1980	4227	2655	3231	2274	3357

MAHASKA COUNTY

27 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Adams	122	48	10	127	47	112	67	36	112	49	93
Black Oak	254	95	12	260	90	213	144	55	254	113	180
Cedar	294	198	29	308	214	275	242	125	251	140	239
East Des Moines	50	40	5	61	41	45	43	29	48	27	49
Eddyville Town	31	44	1	54	32	44	39	23	53	34	43
Garfield	256	33	3	27	39	27	37	24	25	17	34
East Harrison	61	47	4	82	51	50	203	135	264	163	229
West Harrison	84	29	8	88	28	46	49	34	73	54	52
Jefferson	94	52	1	104	46	90	60	51	66	37	44
Lincoln	141	75	9	133	90	122	97	51	86	43	67
Madison	121	83	11	131	78	94	114	44	127	51	123
Monroe	97	51	8	98	46	65	83	41	69	49	64
Oskaloosa 1st	433	429	64	426	481	414	485	350	432	221	527
Oskaloosa 2nd	303	319	33	274	332	290	320	180	345	151	346
Oskaloosa 3rd	412	399	61	399	375	310	375	254	310	173	372
Oskaloosa 4th	529	399	88	503	490	505	477	406	443	263	570
Oskaloosa 5th	640	438	77	649	490	633	490	399	544	281	641
Pleasant Grove	104	87	13	104	87	86	104	39	125	49	117
Prairie	381	329	37	419	312	382	341	182	429	180	391
Richland	180	82	9	205	64	161	107	39	187	104	127
Scott	123	70	10	124	77	99	101	61	116	65	112
Spring Creek	284	150	20	256	173	260	188	131	238	130	229
Union	98	43	1	101	38	82	57	19	84	36	67
Univ Park Town	181	45	16	179	55	181	55	57	150	45	158

MAHASKA, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
White Oak	93	96	8	115	84	92	103	46	87	55	81
Absentee & Special Voters	280	188	45	270	227	266	242	232	225	172	270
Total	5650	3968	603	5696	4259	5251	4864	3063	5244	2771	5341

MARION COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Harvey	102	108	13	88	121	75	127	59	91	50	87
Tracy	106	76	12	111	76	80	99	52	107	43	98
Dallas Township	98	69	15	90	85	70	103	91	120	59	88
Dallas Town	56	97	11	43	109	4	108	38	79	47	66
Melcher Town	100	267	11	81	285	89	263	97	169	81	164
Franklin Twp.	78	51	17	85	82	71	69	49	71	55	58
Attica	120	89	11	117	94	105	118	52	118	104	101
Pershing	31	99	8	33	104	28	101	29	70	30	68
East Knoxville Twp	305	212	46	314	232	272	265	290	271	203	253
West Knoxville Twp	192	127	38	193	152	188	166	134	175	121	180
Knoxville 1st Ward	563	453	80	519	485	489	550	343	504	256	548
Knoxville 2nd Ward	495	407	66	460	487	435	481	334	429	252	492
Knoxville 3rd Ward	553	486	90	480	584	515	556	347	502	267	545
Lake Prairie Twp	372	207	56	386	228	335	283	177	364	195	324
Pella 1st Ward	514	378	78	567	427	507	422	275	493	192	547
Pella 2nd Ward	621	323	94	539	363	621	389	269	592	248	600
Pella 3rd Ward	669	392	141	750	412	710	454	306	644	306	698
Pella 4th Ward	301	279	209	363	279	357	344	366	372	344	441
Bussey	109	197	10	111	195	111	193	83	136	71	145

28 Precincts

MARION, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Hamilton.....	30	48	5	30	49	26	52	15	36	15	36	
Marysville.....	36	48	6	47	42	40	51	21	48	22	49	
Pleasant Grove Twp.....	174	151	26	190	155	157	173	117	167	114	166	
Pleasantville Town.....	280	312	65	283	347	279	337	220	292	157	240	
Red Rock Twp.....	75	68	10	75	76	79	74	49	83	60	75	
Summit Twp.....	144	116	26	159	113	143	138	65	170	80	148	
Union Twp.....	71	48	12	78	50	72	72	38	68	40	56	
Washington Twp. Absentee &.....	135	84	11	131	85	101	124	58	147	83	120	
Special Voters	345	298	65	331	368	310	385	275	227	183	296	
Total.....	8665	5490	1232	6784	6106	6259	6461	4247	8554	3569	6667	

MARSHALL COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Marshalltown W1 P1.....	302	401	69	358	393	249	484	250	385	234	377	
Marshalltown W1 P2.....	328	330	59	364	328	278	388	245	371	231	345	
Marshalltown W2 P1.....	440	398	78	480	416	384	478	319	506	303	514	
Marshalltown W2 P2.....	541	349	122	580	409	508	465	426	519	319	610	
Marshalltown W3 P1.....	306	315	48	319	316	246	352	225	406	213	389	
Marshalltown W3 P2.....	627	377	83	676	388	565	490	379	575	308	621	
Marshalltown W4 P1.....	389	461	61	435	453	327	535	326	545	303	532	
Marshalltown W4 P2.....	522	371	96	572	401	453	483	331	614	354	563	

31 Precincts

MARSHALL, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Marshalltown W5 P1	686	353	95	737	386	615	499	414	697	382	697
Marshalltown W5 P2	801	486	134	871	528	683	699	572	602	464	874
Marshalltown W6 P1	621	420	77	673	413	551	500	390	549	312	601
Marshalltown W6 P2	695	348	107	725	409	610	514	468	833	380	706
Bangor	76	33	4	84	31	65	38	38	68	52	53
Eden	125	117	16	146	116	114	132	85	159	96	147
Jefferson	229	164	24	261	158	210	195	124	285	174	228
Green Castle	329	184	30	347	197	310	211	137	383	174	334
Iowa	179	121	31	187	134	127	182	110	208	115	198
Legrand	366	282	48	407	266	324	330	213	409	239	369
Liberty	102	74	10	115	70	76	100	81	93	80	88
Liscomb	162	107	12	157	118	150	126	103	170	113	154
Logan	275	164	34	299	182	244	206	161	268	201	226
Marion	209	100	22	229	104	177	146	89	226	147	167
Marionette	285	130	28	304	143	241	204	133	308	132	302
Minerva	194	79	5	198	73	168	93	88	145	107	120
St Center	485	282	49	522	284	431	346	289	427	254	455
Taylor	189	68	14	165	87	150	95	90	154	97	142
Timber Creek 1	233	134	29	256	143	214	173	123	244	121	231
Timber Creek 2	135	48	19	131	67	126	73	65	127	61	104
Vienna	138	38	19	151	44	135	60	68	117	75	108
Washington	142	78	19	187	72	140	95	84	137	79	138
Absentee & Special Voters	813	324	103	644	385	610	397	604	485	369	576
Total	10707	7114	1541	11560	7492	9481	9086	7030	11017	8509	10869

17 Precincts

MILLS COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Henderson	247	43	11	253	41	198	103	70	148	113	116	
Ingraham	171	51	14	160	61	144	62	51	85	73	66	
Minedola	133	58	7	132	54	110	85	55	78	67	77	
West Oak	149	50	22	152	90	119	131	118	94	101	108	
St Marys	23	11	5	18	17	17	18	14	18	17	16	
Pacific Junction	226	107	9	227	90	185	146	100	106	111	100	
Glenwood 1st	428	173	37	410	177	356	284	202	275	186	305	
Glenwood 2nd	444	174	51	434	198	370	279	226	253	225	274	
Glenwood 3rd	435	185	44	429	194	369	282	193	280	188	285	
Center	123	25	6	119	32	95	57	42	76	57	52	
Malvern	447	115	30	428	125	367	183	175	197	168	215	
Hastings	91	37	8	101	32	77	55	53	86	49	70	
Emerson	227	45	12	219	48	182	88	68	120	66	132	
Strahan	150	40	3	149	61	123	59	81	106	61	79	
Rawles	100	26	9	112	21	90	46	40	63	52	51	
Tabor	34	13	0	36	12	26	20	17	17	11	24	
Absentee & Special Voters	153	81	15	154	69	131	92	106	83	81	101	
Total	3581	1244	281	3533	1295	2959	1992	1589	2063	1672	2071	

22 Precincts

MITCHELL COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Burt Oak	101	31	13	116	23	92	50	42	63	70	37
Cedar	173	90	15	199	79	227	114	97	167	134	133
Douglas	123	73	18	155	60	120	94	85	100	98	77
East Lincoln	61	31	8	70	30	58	39	37	43	48	36
Jenkins	249	140	15	285	117	212	168	107	205	126	188
Liberty	79	48	12	103	36	72	58	46	70	59	62
Mitchell	102	79	7	125	61	101	84	68	82	71	80
Newburg	102	68	17	125	61	103	81	72	79	74	81
Oaage Twp	106	48	10	111	53	105	61	78	76	82	71

MITCHELL, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Osage 1st	377	183	41	396	194	364	217	187	281	196	294	
Osage 2nd	225	134	20	255	112	223	144	119	170	106	191	
Osage 3rd	197	136	35	231	131	176	184	127	139	116	151	
Osage 4th	273	133	22	301	123	268	152	128	206	132	217	
Otranto	80	70	12	91	74	92	69	67	64	73	61	
Rock	100	43	10	106	42	94	53	35	91	62	65	
St Ansgar	395	229	29	420	220	393	246	245	253	195	317	
Stacyville	210	210	27	287	147	180	226	111	164	140	146	
Union	79	14	14	101	45	50	52	50	65	73	53	
Wayne	47	26	3	56	36	42	30	14	36	33	21	
McIntire	42	35	1	55	24	37	37	39	38	30	44	
West Lincoln	88	44	8	95	43	75	62	49	75	72	52	
Absentee & Special Voters	182	137	24	220	119	202	133	135	110	101	145	
Total	3401	2040	361	3903	1816	3325	2354	1918	2577	2093	2522	

MONOMA COUNTY

21 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Ashton Westfork	110	45	6	101	53	59	103	72	88	86	93
Belvidere	80	38	9	80	44	48	77	40	44	44	49
Center	98	52	7	97	52	55	99	51	62	51	61
Cooper Maple	165	82	16	156	85	68	190	50	130	89	102
Fairview Lake	129	43	4	117	54	73	108	49	93	73	74
Franklin Lincoln	169	88	7	166	88	81	171	85	142	126	109
Grant	77	54	12	76	52	36	101	38	59	37	57
Jordan Soldier	208	113	20	203	131	127	208	125	119	134	108
Kennebec	88	19	2	74	32	45	62	42	42	62	23
Mapleton	402	205	38	366	221	220	401	167	283	130	323
Onawa 1st	124	99	13	113	103	79	145	62	101	77	84
Onawa 2nd	261	100	19	241	114	158	208	114	178	144	160
Onawa 3rd	280	132	23	286	135	178	233	130	210	142	187

MONONA, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Onawa 4th	157	102	13	168	88	104	151	71	114	77	97
St Clair	241	102	12	223	114	119	217	68	160	93	138
Sherman	119	100	14	128	101	73	158	75	90	70	87
Sioux	26	16	3	26	17	12	29	12	25	11	26
Sp Valley	145	71	18	151	144	85	144	91	93	101	81
Whiting	137	102	9	124	100	144	141	86	108	83	104
Willow	61	13	1	60	11	42	28	24	36	29	33
Absentee & Special Voters	191	85	29	174	131	134	170	142	87	102	116
Total	3268	1660	275	3098	1801	1902	3143	1616	2271	1741	2112

MONROE COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Albia 1st	196	204	28	192	222	208	211	163	240	141	236
Albia 2nd	250	217	20	237	239	234	241	196	261	148	270
Albia 3rd	167	191	17	153	191	152	216	138	208	136	201
Albia 4th	214	236	23	191	267	235	229	193	247	135	288
Troy & Mantua Pct 5	251	212	40	254	237	239	251	214	266	190	273
Monroe & Urbana Pct 6	144	106	13	154	101	144	112	86	173	111	137
G'ford-Frank-Jack #7	142	154	17	151	153	147	156	131	163	115	162
Cedar-Wayne Pct B	96	107	6	86	114	71	126	81	114	71	110
Union Pct 9	195	172	10	175	191	162	209	153	182	128	198
Bluff Ck-Pleasant 10	156	111	17	157	120	146	128	95	168	85	168
Absentee & Special Voters	190	156	25	192	152	196	143	166	128	112	156
Total	2003	1886	216	1842	2013	1934	2023	1616	2150	1363	2199

11 Precincts

MONTGOMERY COUNTY										17 Precincts	
PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
East	93	31	4	93	32	70	59	49	50	52	47
Washington	95	45	12	94	55	56	100	48	78	59	67
Douglas Grant	128	40	6	118	42	83	82	51	79	63	67
Scott Stanton	334	136	18	345	119	387	199	138	230	134	227
Frankfort	25	140	7	140	24	124	58	40	97	67	71
Pilot Grove	99	15	4	95	20	64	53	28	68	57	39
Grant Coburg	125	30	9	131	28	120	46	42	85	74	56
Red Oak	152	38	7	142	39	127	61	55	90	76	72
Sherman Elliott	208	93	8	208	82	156	140	64	124	92	100
West	90	18	3	80	24	66	40	22	69	54	34
Garfield	101	28	5	109	28	91	43	50	69	67	49
Lincoln	105	18	5	109	16	81	53	29	80	54	54
Red Oak 1st	419	208	45	427	181	344	308	141	255	143	236
Red Oak 2nd	515	214	41	511	195	439	308	171	319	182	301
Red Oak 3rd	913	328	74	900	334	827	474	403	564	374	595
Villisca City	343	208	26	333	197	249	308	142	184	149	183
Absentee & Special Voters	255	81	27	254	94	94	125	138	45	93	145
Total	4115	1556	301	4087	1510	3396	2457	1614	2486	1790	2344

MUSCATINE COUNTY										25 Precincts	
PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Bloomington Twp	191	97	56	221	112	252	77	141	134	145	132
Cedar Twp	63	24	13	61	39	69	26	28	72	37	61
Fruitland Twp	200	150	36	194	169	231	123	168	117	149	139
Fulton Twp	163	112	13	175	103	199	81	120	125	107	134
Goshen Twp	152	66	8	150	70	153	65	77	95	79	93
Lake Twp	123	121	18	136	72	157	45	72	157	95	63
Montpelier Twp	135	121	23	174	128	209	100	113	108	100	122
Moscow Twp	141	81	17	138	65	163	61	80	95	76	95
1st Prec Muscatine	629	417	134	668	469	815	307	542	448	466	508

1980 GENERAL ELECTION

MUSCATINE, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
2nd Prec	407	362	99	424	410	538	289	445	360	353	433
Muscatine											
3rd Prec	322	269	77	351	287	412	212	316	259	283	280
Muscatine											
4th Prec	325	315	94	325	372	429	261	342	213	234	312
Muscatine											
5th Prec	319	281	83	342	305	397	200	286	263	244	291
Muscatine											
6th Prec	841	380	180	857	504	1052	309	713	489	570	610
Muscatine											
7th Prec	307	403	66	322	406	392	322	366	276	289	326
Muscatine											
8th Prec	255	327	49	292	313	290	293	252	204	187	229
Muscatine											
9th Prec	341	267	59	348	282	427	203	299	229	250	267
Muscatine											
10th Prec	415	354	70	414	375	481	297	321	287	267	338
Muscatine											
Orono Twp	98	59	19	94	70	105	55	75	55	67	57
Pike Twp	157	155	22	184	145	190	128	141	132	130	139
Seventy Six Twp	80	68	19	90	76	102	63	80	70	70	77
Sweetland Twp	438	239	72	434	281	511	190	326	242	308	248
Wapsie Twp	639	398	103	640	485	760	352	440	400	307	542
Wilton Twp	673	322	94	672	388	825	238	389	480	370	485
Absentee & Special Voters	415	260	98	405	333	554	186	430	243	311	350
Total	7829	5597	1522	8110	6290	9713	4483	6565	5474	5513	6341

20 Precincts

OBRIEN COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Baker.....	95	54	6	101	42	43	112	33	97	61	67		
Caledonia.....	90	63	11	80	71	27	134	42	109	59	91		
Carrroll.....	175	65	13	166	65	102	137	68	155	59	116		
Center.....	78	48	7	83	44	42	90	49	70	59	61		
Dale.....	90	39	22	92	54	37	111	71	64	49	87		
Floyd.....	151	39	9	153	43	80	117	36	144	84	92		
Franklin.....	613	182	25	591	190	463	350	114	661	202	517		
Grant.....	46	45	18	55	46	25	84	43	46	49	41		
Hartley.....	543	267	53	510	293	323	502	204	464	239	405		
Highland.....	67	51	28	76	65	41	107	50	61	61	67		
Liberty.....	127	62	16	132	65	61	141	58	109	58	113		
Lincoln.....	94	33	7	92	38	50	81	22	107	41	86		
Omega.....	64	53	15	73	46	24	107	47	61	46	66		
Sheldon 1st.....	691	205	52	654	241	439	469	249	658	318	565		
Sheldon 2nd.....	354	163	28	341	176	236	289	112	300	141	251		
Sheldon 3rd.....	398	165	53	376	202	260	347	152	381	180	340		
Summit.....	352	188	53	355	200	238	328	196	288	157	336		
Union.....	424	204	57	389	238	225	439	177	362	167	364		
Waterman.....	246	181	34	258	174	155	297	152	246	144	257		
Absentee & Special Voters	229	123	29	217	150	161	215	183	141	116	196		
Total.....	4937	2210	536	4794	2443	3032	4477	2058	4531	2329	4117		

11 Precincts

OSCEOLA COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
May City.....	163	92	13	150	102	83	183	54	130	90	105		
Ashton.....	275	142	42	275	156	133	315	79	255	150	180		
Malvin.....	182	104	24	160	123	113	191	59	133	87	117		
Hiview.....	241	81	13	214	94	129	192	68	201	117	150		
Harris.....	124	51	5	124	63	75	106	35	124	63	92		
Ocheyedan.....	298	178	36	303	175	159	344	107	305	163	248		

OSCEOLA, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Sibley 1	111	56	9	98	88	71	100	44	91	65	84
Sibley 2	241	117	30	223	143	157	226	85	220	103	180
Sibley 3	346	173	43	315	214	245	299	137	325	163	296
West Holman	110	23	11	111	29	58	81	28	85	48	62
Absentees & Special Voters	86	34	9	75	50	48	81	45	59	43	55
Total	2,177	1,051	234	2,034	1,217	1,271	2,118	741	1,928	1,092	1,559

PAGE COUNTY

24 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Amity	188	46	9	187	49	140	97	66	137	91	108
Buchanan	126	56	3	126	54	97	84	36	108	88	73
Clarinda North	458	193	46	467	203	371	301	185	355	200	321
Clarinda Center	438	156	39	410	190	348	268	152	330	188	301
Clarinda South	455	174	25	446	179	376	250	168	348	157	334
Colfax	117	27	6	111	22	39	50	39	74	63	63
Douglas	101	14	7	98	22	79	40	51	62	74	38
East River	84	19	2	81	18	58	43	25	67	38	46
Fremont	109	27	10	119	26	104	43	39	90	81	51
Grant	165	29	11	166	32	143	56	55	116	94	51
Harlan	180	41	9	168	55	131	96	57	134	73	104
Lincoln	162	36	6	151	34	122	71	39	118	76	79
Morton	103	12	11	90	26	66	57	30	81	42	68
Nebraska	50	15	2	42	24	39	28	17	45	37	26
Nodaway	193	36	6	196	31	138	91	122	176	122	84
Pierce	378	97	21	363	114	301	190	125	275	167	201
Shenandoah 1st	371	167	20	354	164	291	121	199	247	232	244
Shenandoah 2nd	583	227	30	563	227	500	316	199	428	232	375
Shenandoah 3rd	685	232	35	659	253	579	350	231	585	288	491
Tarkio	110	12	0	111	13	87	37	87	82	67	50
Valley	91	24	7	85	38	60	58	35	59	62	52

PAGE, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Washington	141	22	12	125	36	101	68	28	115	66	70	
Yorktown	41	10	0	37	11	29	21	15	28	17	24	
Absentee & Special Voters	288	100	37	277	131	265	155	165	138	104	183	
Total	5618	1772	356	5423	1947	4505	3019	1940	4246	2504	3460	

PALO ALTO COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Booth Twp	60	29	10	58	40	16	86	20	64	29	54	
Curlfaw N Rush Lake 1	74	36	13	70	41	38	74	21	68	41	49	
Ellington Twp	48	40	13	45	50	18	84	37	43	42	42	
Emmetsburg 1st	269	186	34	222	225	147	318	159	222	118	257	
Emmetsburg 2nd	255	247	43	250	252	151	376	183	236	164	259	
Emmetsburg 3rd	167	274	24	159	263	97	334	128	185	118	204	
Emmetsburg 4th	180	224	42	156	243	82	351	104	172	113	162	
Emmetsburg Twp	81	61	8	78	66	32	118	54	61	57	64	
Fairfield Twp	99	74	11	94	71	30	145	38	91	72	65	
Fern Valley Twp	79	60	10	76	63	14	131	48	59	50	54	
Freedom Twp	74	52	8	71	54	25	105	36	62	41	59	
Great Oak Twp	43	53	6	40	49	9	80	27	31	24	36	
Highland Twp	270	198	18	256	186	157	314	120	160	114	181	
Independence Twp	108	26	9	98	42	48	92	33	82	49	65	
Lost Island Twp	87	39	7	73	52	26	106	36	68	43	63	
Mallard S Rush Lake	127	74	14	116	81	61	148	43	96	54	94	
Nevada Twp	33	30	7	38	30	13	58	23	34	28	30	
Silver Lake Twp	164	80	20	157	92	74	182	58	112	75	105	
Vernon Twp	76	30	6	67	42	22	87	30	54	60	29	
Walnut Twp	248	222	40	236	244	147	352	120	236	114	237	

22 Precincts

PALO ALTO, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
West Bend Twp	302	221	27	295	212	104	398	97	295	115	279
Absentee & Special Voters	190	197	41	161	252	108	312	194	137	134	201
Total	3025	2463	412	2814	2650	1417	4262	1608	2568	1655	2609

PLYMOUTH COUNTY

16 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Portland	491	189	40	442	224	323	367	132	354	228	182
Preston Grant	266	62	13	245	73	141	191	80	145	148	85
America Elgin	270	129	30	278	137	134	295	116	245	208	162
Fred-Meadow- Marion	259	210	37	291	176	78	433	102	356	181	248
Renssen Henry (dist 5)	515	322	61	523	309	198	878	178	452	333	333
Johnson Washington	288	68	22	280	84	165	221	104	194	189	117
Sioux Westfield	287	179	19	276	183	145	312	107	267	227	163
Liberty Plymouth	367	155	31	374	137	245	300	119	270	174	223
Stanton Union	205	106	19	209	102	103	225	179	179	133	128
Elkhorn Garfield	576	193	61	559	210	357	449	186	431	308	327
Hungerford Lincoln	469	187	63	436	234	253	454	181	412	284	317
Perry Hancock	324	117	33	308	147	208	284	129	254	159	217
Le Mars 1st	763	408	133	763	469	462	816	439	666	499	614
Le Mars 2nd	608	250	86	539	305	384	568	279	528	321	487
Le Mars 3rd	545	276	64	533	300	363	502	239	465	311	402
Absentee & Special Voters	262	134	44	252	173	199	238	202	147	158	188
Total	6515	2965	756	6358	3243	3758	6284	2682	5367	3862	4193

POCAHONTAS COUNTY												19 Precincts		
PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE			EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Bellville	196	86	18	182	112	77	215	72	166	88	147	88	147	
Cedar	284	207	23	279	208	119	376	101	264	144	215	144	215	
Center	582	450	81	553	529	308	770	272	538	275	530	275	530	
Clinton	182	140	23	186	151	100	220	106	138	96	144	96	144	
Colfax	93	45	12	95	50	40	108	51	93	51	68	51	68	
Cummins	171	93	17	165	113	72	210	79	152	91	142	91	142	
Des Moines	67	32	6	60	48	19	88	32	56	45	45	45	45	
Dover	92	56	11	85	67	26	128	40	85	69	63	69	63	
Garfield	83	40	12	81	49	34	87	41	72	46	62	46	62	
Grant	70	48	10	69	53	30	97	30	81	48	85	48	85	
Lake	138	97	22	148	100	51	188	67	129	85	113	85	113	
Lincoln	79	25	16	74	48	26	94	25	75	59	41	59	41	
Lizard	80	40	13	75	57	32	104	31	74	39	62	39	62	
Marshall	91	33	3	87	36	29	101	20	73	48	63	48	63	
Powhatan	101	68	11	103	73	53	124	56	79	57	79	57	79	
Roosevelt	54	27	4	51	41	13	76	20	53	37	39	37	39	
Sherman	63	47	8	55	58	23	90	34	69	52	54	52	54	
Swan Lake	541	294	65	544	324	357	539	290	398	246	449	246	449	
Absentee & Special Voters	227	130	37	198	186	137	258	177	148	141	180	141	180	
Total	3194	1959	397	3090	2313	1546	3865	1533	2741	1717	2561	1717	2561	

POLK COUNTY												150 Precincts		
PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE			EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Des Moines 1	473	626	96	454	708	433	749	414	533	339	612	339	612	
Des Moines 2	527	645	119	481	757	504	763	427	588	347	667	347	667	
Des Moines 3	368	484	83	349	553	339	564	312	472	261	472	261	472	
Des Moines 4	339	458	74	350	487	335	507	300	423	260	447	260	447	
Des Moines 5	468	381	71	364	536	346	545	300	407	259	440	259	440	
Des Moines 6	362	444	81	330	508	342	514	342	342	228	461	228	461	
Des Moines 7	347	388	66	334	448	344	458	255	389	212	423	212	423	

POLK, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Des Moines 8 . . .	488	398	124	429	566	492	493	477	391	295	557
Des Moines 9 . . .	358	305	85	334	401	371	377	313	337	226	413
Des Moines 10 . . .	550	373	134	476	546	595	476	335	443	296	586
Des Moines 11 . . .	446	323	93	416	428	437	415	349	353	262	468
Des Moines 12 . . .	851	455	165	614	624	677	562	630	470	385	700
Des Moines 13 . . .	408	458	106	404	555	426	532	387	388	279	492
Des Moines 14 . . .	477	476	151	463	614	464	617	444	444	294	606
Des Moines 15 . . .	545	410	143	521	548	533	537	456	496	330	621
Des Moines 16 . . .	533	381	137	484	537	490	532	422	425	476	434
Des Moines 17 . . .	804	444	181	519	686	588	484	594	478	347	720
Des Moines 18 . . .	430	273	124	437	437	403	409	375	358	229	506
Des Moines 19 . . .	496	420	151	461	582	470	560	469	424	308	586
Des Moines 20 . . .	435	561	153	436	690	459	647	473	440	286	619
Des Moines 21 . . .	293	336	56	262	391	281	387	228	285	186	322
Des Moines 22 . . .	231	381	49	221	421	236	401	252	219	184	198
Des Moines 23 . . .	300	409	65	293	463	273	496	261	340	222	265
Des Moines 24 . . .	396	474	103	369	588	395	566	357	414	258	501
Des Moines 25 . . .	220	224	59	226	261	220	271	174	225	141	259
Des Moines 26 . . .	383	505	87	355	607	367	579	323	388	254	450
Des Moines 27 . . .	374	503	78	350	585	364	591	328	429	269	484
Des Moines 28 . . .	456	488	70	417	571	405	600	319	464	258	531
Des Moines 29 . . .	437	542	136	480	613	435	655	387	539	325	565
Des Moines 30 . . .	339	489	81	312	588	293	618	311	426	270	473
Des Moines 31 . . .	362	468	52	318	526	283	554	272	385	265	378
Des Moines 32 . . .	410	511	68	395	557	372	584	373	423	387	485
Des Moines 33 . . .	313	438	49	278	495	266	513	223	362	219	363
Des Moines 34 . . .	156	271	26	148	291	134	299	139	251	139	251
Des Moines 35 . . .	321	465	63	290	519	306	528	239	392	206	420
Des Moines 36 . . .	72	633	18	76	622	78	616	188	70	130	202
Des Moines 37 . . .	128	389	31	129	383	125	384	177	155	131	203
Des Moines 38 . . .	195	296	63	210	318	211	327	246	221	183	276
Des Moines 39 . . .	149	316	60	143	351	140	348	221	186	189	225
Des Moines 40 . . .	153	480	62	158	529	173	489	309	172	159	296
Des Moines 41 . . .	69	242	27	82	243	67	251	102	79	83	111
Des Moines 42 . . .	48	344	23	57	341	51	341	126	92	81	131
Des Moines 43 . . .	35	388	13	36	361	39	375	120	68	83	101
Des Moines 44 . . .	154	419	63	162	478	183	445	296	193	170	306
Des Moines 45 . . .	213	362	419	211	488	258	397	380	208	202	360
Des Moines 46 . . .	571	473	208	550	680	609	620	615	449	340	716
Des Moines 47 . . .	432	375	179	408	569	456	504	557	360	290	619

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE			EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO			
Des Moines 48	445	444	219	421	673	491	583	621	365	304	664			
Des Moines 49	543	486	213	498	710	554	640	880	399	325	732			
Des Moines 50	589	541	138	534	709	579	870	537	493	290	713			
Des Moines 51	549	531	127	510	644	527	629	509	454	348	625			
Des Moines 52	301	204	92	269	318	284	292	306	215	173	343			
Des Moines 53	327	247	141	313	402	354	354	392	178	178	448			
Des Moines 54	391	495	177	359	698	412	626	593	338	390	628			
Des Moines 55	216	413	160	202	586	261	510	474	211	202	460			
Des Moines 56	193	278	80	200	337	212	311	230	214	140	293			
Des Moines 57	156	548	36	152	570	152	557	258	141	123	279			
Des Moines 58	213	489	45	183	518	179	541	351	305	200	350			
Des Moines 59	388	611	90	382	654	364	689	332	444	295	351			
Des Moines 60	144	358	26	122	361	114	374	125	171	111	188			
Des Moines 61	287	498	54	292	505	272	535	273	359	233	390			
Des Moines 62	17	126	0	17	119	10	130	45	49	29	47			
Des Moines 63	239	472	64	252	508	230	524	299	173	265	370			
Des Moines 64	138	414	35	138	426	146	415	184	122	108	190			
Des Moines 65	158	225	60	168	260	165	253	203	141	123	212			
Des Moines 66	112	254	68	119	299	123	292	231	122	139	201			
Des Moines 67	519	487	211	471	727	537	637	605	370	285	676			
Des Moines 68	348	614	113	341	701	368	558	516	315	527	527			
Des Moines 69	507	398	182	469	600	532	531	288	608	530	358			
Des Moines 70	595	378	188	531	635	616	537	675	350	308	704			
Des Moines 71	572	282	188	500	524	572	454	601	307	295	622			
Des Moines 72	102	174	24	107	184	94	193	95	125	79	140			
Des Moines 73	223	477	197	404	478	491	381	552	254	231	571			
Des Moines 74	644	258	189	537	533	650	402	616	308	272	638			
Des Moines 75	946	536	202	865	792	915	688	766	646	519	856			
Des Moines 76	523	423	129	485	572	494	539	317	546	574	405			
Des Moines 77	240	580	58	195	854	180	656	221	352	193	372			
Des Moines 78	193	395	34	181	423	166	435	152	273	151	269			
Des Moines 79	425	576	130	414	685	428	666	404	519	354	547			
Des Moines 80	350	517	63	336	549	290	595	285	423	251	444			
Des Moines 81	291	400	83	254	504	246	512	288	328	220	187			
Des Moines 82	171	342	37	145	378	126	405	155	133	141	252			
Des Moines 83	249	414	57	234	461	221	471	220	297	200	317			
Des Moines 84	534	343	84	311	630	317	621	340	405	265	481			
Des Moines 85	265	346	78	422	467	223	448	286	286	169	355			
Des Moines 86	360	242	105	349	387	332	403	316	316	256	371			
Des Moines 87	460	476	128	435	601	482	552	442	385	298	519			

POLK, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Des Moines 88 . . .	223	282	42	207	328	197	343	191	243	167	268
Des Moines 89 . . .	480	581	125	447	721	436	734	483	458	350	586
Des Moines 90 . . .	488	573	144	489	671	484	695	488	536	359	618
Des Moines 91 . . .	412	586	90	410	649	378	682	354	460	318	490
Des Moines 92 . . .	248	363	79	259	406	235	424	276	29	187	387
Des Moines 93 . . .	393	507	67	379	561	336	600	309	428	268	468
Des Moines 94 . . .	354	488	83	329	562	298	603	291	404	274	421
Des Moines 95 . . .	366	438	79	352	621	318	549	309	415	252	456
Allen	158	163	21	156	172	148	184	116	87	142	161
Beaver	379	379	66	476	428	480	435	309	434	225	495
Bloomfield 1 . . .	302	398	54	284	438	271	466	253	326	207	346
Bloomfield 2 . . .	272	130	34	259	170	248	183	170	173	127	220
Camp	303	249	46	294	279	267	319	152	319	182	285
Clay 1	599	508	108	591	506	495	509	627	380	394	679
Clay 2	850	602	175	775	788	728	864	616	856	499	952
Crocker 1	698	802	233	1180	695	1104	926	712	1028	504	1205
Crocker 2	442	442	126	520	588	545	535	371	442	250	561
Crocker 3	528	528	151	566	697	555	685	600	574	338	728
Crocker 4	371	260	83	360	344	343	358	220	335	205	374
Crocker 5	434	319	105	406	420	420	410	316	401	217	488
Crocker 6	449	277	107	457	358	455	353	282	404	216	467
Crocker 7	395	385	82	485	488	485	495	369	441	306	492
Delaware 1	324	394	50	327	423	296	464	267	327	235	351
Delaware 2	133	308	33	139	317	141	326	152	186	116	222
Delaware 3	217	388	49	217	413	202	446	173	325	148	338
Douglas	270	137	52	244	204	224	235	151	260	187	220
Elkhart	205	166	37	212	198	177	233	143	247	142	240
Four Mile 1	369	262	42	358	301	332	334	217	368	367	367
Four Mile 2	729	615	136	679	757	657	765	498	723	440	761
Franklin 1	197	186	34	186	122	158	153	89	185	118	158
Franklin 2	228	159	17	208	189	194	194	124	204	105	230
Jefferson	605	370	105	584	489	621	443	400	524	373	431
Lincoln	254	158	38	267	169	223	241	145	241	134	245
Madison	381	368	62	396	393	407	388	247	391	217	411
Saylor 1	207	348	58	212	392	202	406	230	202	192	297
Saylor 2	320	321	57	325	359	299	385	212	366	208	350
Saylor 3	437	450	64	424	488	378	532	285	455	280	446
Union	63	51	13	59	64	58	65	41	83	38	80
Valley 1	363	523	114	342	639	348	599	397	397	301	510
Valley 2	461	521	122	422	669	441	638	489	393	287	552

POLK, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Valley 3	753	449	182	693	677	748	603	661	538	372	810
Valley 4	661	286	153	615	473	618	456	485	459	359	595
Valley 5	718	340	177	668	542	736	462	528	501	362	644
Valley 6	926	348	225	831	641	918	551	695	618	438	850
Valley 7	570	301	135	503	490	519	461	486	421	290	594
Valley 8	843	413	209	747	699	799	644	696	583	419	857
Valley 9	548	318	110	504	445	566	388	447	438	282	563
Walnut 2	567	278	120	525	433	544	410	407	390	252	543
Walnut 3	638	269	115	585	434	591	402	471	387	307	543
Walnut 4	585	451	138	542	613	559	580	535	447	334	627
Walnut 5	717	596	210	679	824	751	725	692	601	393	881
Washington	875	318	189	786	586	873	481	612	583	445	789
Webster 1	106	81	22	111	72	74	111	49	110	57	101
Webster 2	552	407	94	487	535	524	508	417	556	312	642
Webster 3	370	309	83	335	406	348	396	312	351	181	405
Webster 4	711	471	127	646	648	662	636	579	601	412	736
Webster 5	606	446	142	543	631	573	602	500	573	325	726
Webster 6	1321	684	307	1223	1057	1303	986	1021	1091	746	1321
Webster 7	1138	608	279	1086	954	1143	869	1068	879	731	1172
Webster 8	580	473	116	556	578	631	516	432	541	339	611
Webster 9	270	199	43	249	244	258	241	153	263	155	282
Absentee &	143	116	35	136	149	145	139	110	138	84	150
Special Voters	3779	2859	857	3251	3836	3468	3796	4004	2239	2329	3517
Total	64156	61984	15819	59985	78300	61662	76508	57222	57655	40867	72886

POTTAWATTAMIE COUNTY

53 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Council Bluffs 1	587	410	72	546	444	468	584	400	315	330	350
Council Bluffs 2	540	336	48	485	386	412	485	323	308	304	301
Council Bluffs 3	557	373	52	504	415	415	538	351	328	327	325

POTTAWATTAMIE, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Council Bluffs 4	394	287	41	360	324	296	408	242	220	210	239		
Council Bluffs 5	409	328	52	398	343	303	425	303	281	293	280		
Council Bluffs 6	337	290	36	302	320	273	374	233	203	233	193		
Council Bluffs 7	833	363	110	757	496	692	589	617	472	491	542		
Council Bluffs 8	634	365	74	622	415	402	497	402	360	367	445		
Council Bluffs 9	770	348	80	710	437	623	551	427	479	440	445		
Council Bluffs 10	657	441	102	819	534	719	657	539	490	474	551		
Council Bluffs 11	694	322	70	633	386	600	450	494	423	417	477		
Council Bluffs 12	409	222	39	388	248	339	306	282	241	230	287		
Council Bluffs 13	349	251	53	353	263	309	325	186	168	168	172		
Council Bluffs 14	301	222	33	290	235	250	286	190	145	154	172		
Council Bluffs 15	240	286	32	220	307	182	258	216	171	159	159		
Council Bluffs 16	264	291	24	233	322	190	375	204	148	192	151		
Council Bluffs 17	458	326	41	418	373	333	477	329	266	269	295		
Council Bluffs 18	331	331	61	428	364	351	485	358	260	288	308		
Council Bluffs 19	249	249	23	224	260	198	300	147	138	156	128		
Council Bluffs 20	524	283	73	589	340	547	395	365	356	355	379		
Council Bluffs 21	456	332	31	404	368	342	444	259	230	232	244		
Council Bluffs 22	288	168	18	254	178	228	212	180	145	177	151		
Council Bluffs 23	486	232	46	424	268	341	300	269	274	283	255		
Belknap	593	134	18	553	154	479	251	232	244	257	220		
Boomer	152	55	7	149	56	114	97	56	89	94	52		
Carson	290	106	20	270	118	197	203	175	122	186	116		
Council Bluffs City	589	430	61	422	593	392	593	374	221	334	249		
Crescent	242	106	17	230	114	172	179	132	95	136	85		
Center	83	17	6	79	26	55	47	44	36	27	27		
Ganer	771	251	68	739	327	641	443	391	413	415	387		
Grove	98	15	2	85	19	36	46	38	24	66	21		
Hardin	211	58	13	206	113	168	113	102	124	132	88		
Hazel Dell	212	108	22	206	127	160	176	134	131	119	119		
James	98	29	9	102	30	73	64	61	51	87	41		
Keg Creek	251	52	11	253	65	207	103	99	141	134	107		
Knox	426	282	45	503	317	334	496	282	282	337	258		
Lake	232	124	17	230	127	189	170	157	128	117	108		
Layton	357	143	25	357	149	263	247	157	244	204	201		
Lewis	1196	410	91	1127	517	984	685	657	666	589	722		
Lincoln	76	27	9	81	31	42	70	34	49	45	34		
Macedonia	156	47	17	155	48	130	81	92	68	107	51		
Minden	282	86	16	266	101	187	180	114	136	159	100		
Neola	345	201	26	323	218	224	321	126	243	185	195		

POTTAWATTAMIE, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Norwalk	295	99	21	165	126	206	193	139	145	166	117
Pleasant	108	38	2	116	28	64	81	59	77	98	39
Rockford	159	70	14	142	85	108	123	84	80	94	88
Silver Creek	266	88	12	280	91	225	180	142	185	182	155
Valley	181	48	10	174	59	125	108	73	95	106	65
Washington	137	30	6	130	34	106	58	47	85	86	47
Waveland	95	21	1	94	23	73	47	46	60	58	49
Wright	74	20	2	71	22	53	44	28	28	44	25
York	129	14	2	126	19	116	27	55	79	77	60
Absentee & Special Voters	937	523	97	848	611	774	758	739	341	511	586
Total	20222	10709	1870	18921	12150	15909	15973	12173	11129	11809	11219

POWESHIEK COUNTY

23 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Barnes City	4	11	2	7	10	10	4	1	13	6	8
Bear Creek	408	292	55	433	314	481	248	207	376	194	405
Chester	106	53	7	108	55	123	38	61	93	63	95
Deep River	166	82	28	167	101	171	74	104	138	90	133
Grant	177	91	25	177	115	205	81	104	154	171	171
Grinnell 1st	330	482	151	282	678	443	471	627	270	192	645
Grinnell 2nd	710	481	155	690	647	890	393	651	568	319	918
Grinnell 3rd	333	339	57	347	361	368	284	229	312	149	378
Grinnell 4th	317	451	77	322	509	397	391	344	315	181	473
Jackson	58	128	11	130	62	143	35	43	104	66	79
Jefferson	110	61	9	114	64	114	54	57	106	82	82
Lincoln	85	40	6	84	46	94	32	34	79	47	87
Madison	139	98	21	155	98	165	85	72	136	81	129
Maicom	124	129	21	134	132	148	116	71	122	90	118
Montezuma	413	235	41	399	259	446	163	183	366	155	386
Pleasant	85	49	12	85	60	91	49	38	75	37	78

POWESHIEK, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Scott	61	54	10	72	52	79	43	43	69	47	66		
Sheridan	83	58	11	89	65	92	38	48	74	46	69		
Sugar Creek	136	72	11	136	79	136	59	41	134	55	120		
Union	145	101	14	139	115	160	69	77	132	81	120		
Warren	110	51	9	115	53	104	52	46	102	87	87		
Washington	102	67	11	115	60	110	49	58	85	47	83		
Absentee & Special Voters	328	206	75	315	275	408	171	331	213	173	333		
Total	4598	3529	821	4615	4213	5356	2999	3441	4056	2354	5053		

RINGGOLD COUNTY

20 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Lincoln	62	30	9	60	39	17	72	45	51	42	46		
Grant	61	28	7	67	29	18	72	45	49	50	45		
Benton	27	46	2	27	43	12	65	43	27	33	33		
Clinton	64	60	7	52	73	30	90	57	58	50	62		
Waubensie	36	26	5	33	32	18	45	37	27	36	26		
Jefferson	49	17	9	49	23	20	52	33	35	29	38		
Washington	131	76	17	143	70	70	142	92	117	109	92		
Middle Fork	48	33	8	64	35	35	56	40	40	41	41		
Rice	71	26	8	62	38	39	56	49	49	55	42		
Tingley	136	92	10	130	104	83	140	106	110	106	104		
Liberty	74	21	11	76	28	44	53	43	55	53	46		
Poe	58	43	6	75	29	44	58	49	49	49	47		
Lotts Creek	34	12	1	31	15	15	29	20	23	25	18		
Union	87	56	12	87	57	38	113	75	65	81	48		
Monroe	44	52	10	62	46	22	80	56	43	63	32		
Athens	120	97	6	126	92	68	140	101	98	90	113		
Riley	33	11	2	32	13	19	24	21	23	22	20		
Mt. Ayr Ward 1	275	147	23	269	180	183	221	187	209	153	220		
Mt. Ayr Ward 2	329	202	26	335	198	228	277	260	263	202	289		

RINGGOLD, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Absentee & Special Voters	145	75	15	141	83	99	111	147	60	94	99
Total	1884	1150	195	1921	1217	1105	1890	1509	1451	1393	1441

SAC COUNTY

22 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Eureka	271	149	32	253	159	145	282	113	194	123	177
Eden	83	32	10	77	43	25	99	30	66	52	47
Delaware	111	56	11	125	47	57	112	85	88	75	80
Douglas	59	49	13	71	50	30	96	38	63	60	42
Cook	92	15	12	84	27	44	71	33	64	55	41
Boyer Valley	256	197	36	252	188	148	318	137	287	146	271
Jackson	118	54	20	137	56	51	139	76	92	108	61
Cedar	192	109	21	184	105	86	215	118	135	115	136
Richland	428	148	40	405	184	244	348	154	386	210	328
Clinton	70	25	4	60	35	30	70	24	62	37	48
Wall Lake	384	274	66	372	308	238	455	202	394	193	395
Coon Valley	73	47	24	90	47	48	90	45	73	58	57
Wheeler	88	26	3	89	23	49	64	26	76	53	51
Levey	228	107	26	295	115	147	212	88	213	118	182
E Viola	84	22	3	72	29	38	61	25	67	51	51
W Viola	94	55	9	93	52	55	99	40	80	50	66
Sac	152	73	10	131	95	77	144	44	151	48	133
Sac City P1	103	56	9	108	51	44	114	51	71	61	64
Sac City P2	150	82	14	133	109	77	170	82	119	72	121
Sac City P3	284	189	30	289	184	157	323	195	208	169	219
Sac City P4	204	109	35	194	129	115	212	134	135	97	168
Absentee & Special Voters	201	80	39	163	109	145	170	55	106	109	46
Total	3725	1976	467	3627	2145	2060	3864	1778	3130	2048	2792

63 Precincts

SCOTT COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Davenport W1 P1	362	485	54	359	486	394	377	332	361	278	403	
Davenport W1 P2	743	661	124	764	704	879	487	605	602	482	677	
Davenport W1 P3	322	560	58	334	553	388	374	353	400	308	424	
Davenport W1 P4	368	596	54	390	595	462	423	420	396	340	454	
Davenport W2 P1	960	672	130	962	712	1161	482	741	759	569	879	
Davenport W2 P2	630	508	100	582	613	773	366	489	542	371	634	
Davenport W2 P3	877	660	103	632	732	963	476	619	715	494	834	
Davenport W2 P4	584	552	109	539	648	664	395	477	519	402	553	
Davenport W3 P1	120	343	35	153	305	167	257	209	162	181	181	
Davenport W3 P2	247	444	60	255	465	333	324	258	302	256	302	
Davenport W3 P3	247	346	25	95	337	125	263	200	89	126	144	
Davenport W3 P4	168	233	23	194	231	193	185	162	97	114	130	
Davenport W4 P1	490	506	95	473	556	556	375	459	392	341	460	
Davenport W4 P2	476	487	96	456	570	547	381	428	385	341	460	
Davenport W4 P3	260	351	75	316	368	325	272	338	238	241	272	
Davenport W4 P4	429	527	146	426	630	600	330	510	382	352	495	
Davenport W5 P1	282	409	14	268	431	312	310	330	214	232	280	
Davenport W5 P2	328	479	109	333	527	406	355	449	294	303	402	
Davenport W5 P3	344	560	81	337	590	463	381	438	386	324	429	
Davenport W5 P4	809	328	157	775	500	1046	198	547	536	455	689	
Davenport W6 P1	548	588	108	538	665	729	426	546	477	388	604	
Davenport W6 P2	665	509	121	665	606	844	349	511	520	377	617	
Davenport W6 P3	1142	513	239	1086	736	1400	363	865	763	632	946	
Davenport W6 P4	1482	687	224	1405	956	1814	436	1071	952	823	1123	
Davenport W7 P1	717	648	74	685	709	814	489	561	657	444	726	
Davenport W7 P2	796	551	122	760	684	960	431	583	629	467	711	
Davenport W7 P3	734	571	106	673	679	873	407	584	541	410	666	
Davenport W7 P4	668	487	114	657	592	877	322	556	522	398	657	
Davenport W8 P1	1087	886	204	1063	1021	1287	683	834	898	689	1036	
Davenport W8 P2	319	334	54	363	363	392	268	255	272	209	304	
Davenport W8 P3	1048	683	177	1017	846	1269	480	801	820	634	942	
Davenport W8 P4	1272	955	211	1186	1168	1574	650	1032	1003	753	1192	
Davenport W8 P5	21	7	6	22	11	27	3	9	12	6	16	
Bettendorf W1 P1	927	345	86	862	470	1085	212	581	603	476	683	
Bettendorf W1 P2	462	347	82	436	434	600	237	391	309	260	396	
Bettendorf W2 P1	561	267	116	595	394	760	155	530	351	372	499	
Bettendorf W2 P2	878	460	140	843	618	1076	337	648	666	520	755	
Bettendorf W3 P1	348	324	72	343	383	451	256	337	277	219	329	
Bettendorf W3 P2	325	329	64	322	377	368	263	291	245	219	294	
Bettendorf W4 P1	507	306	61	447	400	591	223	394	345	282	433	

SCOTT, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Bettendorf W4 P2	1140	548	199	1060	797	1341	443	885	752	680	905
Bettendorf W5 P1	629	424	115	609	540	814	301	515	465	370	587
Bettendorf W5 P2	1046	499	160	971	696	1238	357	785	694	575	857
Bettendorf W5 P3	202	49	14	192	70	223	37	103	119	79	135
Allens Grove	183	107	33	194	124	226	82	127	137	115	151
Blue Grass City	258	255	40	276	254	354	149	215	198	177	231
Buffalo	658	614	94	644	648	736	460	508	578	477	581
Butler	616	432	117	614	511	769	284	423	487	345	586
Cleona	141	41	17	132	59	157	26	60	113	95	75
Cody (leclaire Twp)	401	188	54	390	238	459	72	241	273	202	304
Eldridge City	780	474	134	820	529	1051	272	457	582	317	715
Hickory Grove	244	80	37	239	119	292	57	141	159	138	159
Leclaire City	587	464	68	596	507	691	353	415	462	315	531
Liberty	189	99	20	182	118	204	74	93	118	93	121
Lincoln	183	64	21	185	82	208	45	108	138	113	137
Panorama Park City	41	46	4	50	36	52	31	37	27	31	32
Princeton	314	239	28	302	248	374	152	215	212	150	263
Pleasant Valley	303	144	43	287	196	358	100	189	188	167	202
Riverdale	152	72	14	143	92	171	51	99	123	89	121
Sheridan	189	80	20	172	97	207	55	129	112	109	118
Watcoff	747	445	99	719	531	877	296	461	490	392	551
Winfield	346	228	54	355	265	422	179	199	266	161	316
Absentee & Special Voters	1870	1307	353	1779	1741	2532	933	2038	1185	1921	1835
Total	34701	26991	5760	33653	31228	42407	18810	28341	28418	21581	31544

SHELBY COUNTY		22 Precincts									
		U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND	
PRECINCT	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Douglas	123	49	7	134	43	74	107	76	83	99	60
Lincaln	124	38	10	122	46	75	94	58	63	81	38
Greeley	92	28	10	95	28	54	75	47	51	58	32
Harlan 4	269	130	18	291	130	207	214	188	180	225	140
Washington	118	144	25	147	125	61	214	87	134	108	105
Jefferson	239	86	16	243	84	167	160	127	150	152	114
Westphalia	144	121	15	144	117	94	174	72	89	73	71
Earling 1											
Westphalia											
Earling 2	65	86	22	100	84	46	143	52	66	61	54
Center	150	37	14	158	41	106	90	75	108	108	60
Polk	97	22	5	99	22	56	65	32	68	69	28
Grove	62	33	3	60	35	27	71	36	37	36	36
Shelby	316	74	14	307	79	219	173	101	188	117	152
Harlan 3	445	193	37	455	198	354	310	267	244	287	217
Harlan 2	436	170	39	435	192	336	294	287	239	282	245
Clay	361	114	19	341	133	219	260	92	247	130	197
Harlan 1	253	96	18	243	103	175	186	138	134	156	103
Jackson	134	68	7	133	64	87	111	81	110	110	60
Monroe	107	50	5	105	52	75	83	53	66	75	40
Fairview	97	20	9	104	21	72	54	56	60	74	41
Union	129	141	20	158	119	65	224	102	123	119	102
Cass	126	89	10	134	77	89	152	58	116	84	75
Absentee & Special Voters	220	103	49	214	147	150	219	154	132	120	159
Total	4147	1892	372	4220	1940	2788	3473	2239	2656	2634	2129

25 Precincts

SIoux COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Capel	228	15	4	216	21	147	98	28	192	97	119
Center	182	20	4	193	13	102	101	21	164	98	87
Eagle Bluncombe	148	33	8	148	35	86	100	22	141	47	105
East Orange	104	167	18	115	147	40	230	84	154	86	119
Floyd	466	143	26	469	128	300	302	81	452	218	284
Garfield	87	32	8	88	32	72	50	32	85	46	62
Grant	167	53	17	165	62	99	131	45	162	57	144
Hawarden Logan	643	409	83	613	446	483	608	304	605	325	572
Holland	246	48	10	233	60	168	130	46	227	93	171
Lincoln	1014	95	27	1006	93	631	130	115	829	318	592
Lynn	154	30	10	157	32	98	95	30	145	81	94
Nassau	421	198	36	421	212	288	358	114	396	185	327
Orange City 1	673	171	42	656	191	498	350	153	661	220	547
Orange City 2	938	213	72	862	290	657	530	250	793	345	686
Plato	237	29	8	238	29	172	94	29	201	98	122
Reading	322	107	24	332	93	186	258	88	355	146	269
Rock	1189	221	38	1185	188	969	412	183	1039	344	775
Sheridan	455	83	20	433	100	312	226	71	384	140	305
Sherman	218	52	6	223	40	144	128	20	231	93	137
Sioux Center	1701	314	68	1698	305	1235	771	309	1437	568	1079
Sioux Settlers	163	28	11	172	26	129	72	14	164	60	110
Washington											
Logan	147	52	13	151	50	78	127	21	128	54	92
Welcome	300	36	6	288	39	175	164	43	269	111	190
West Branch	269	47	13	284	35	150	173	37	263	153	145
Absentee & Special Voters	316	101	40	316	126	220	226	180	236	130	243
Total	10768	2698	610	10691	2794	7620	5998	2250	9713	4111	7366

50 Precincts

STORY COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Ames W1,p.1.....	286	377	241	305	586	215	657	456	346	346	586		
Ames W1,p.2.....													
Wash'n 3.....	332	346	144	348	458	240	556	370	355	229	475		
Ames W1,p.3.....	248	315	182	263	484	207	540	429	355	167	499		
Ames W1,p.4.....	285	270	147	280	412	230	458	341	275	165	443		
Ames W1,p.5.....	362	306	142	355	444	290	496	432	317	177	567		
Ames W1,p.6.....	497	320	197	497	528	402	595	443	207	443	723		
Ames W2,p.1.....	306	343	162	297	518	254	620	551	333	151	620		
Ames W2,p.2.....	411	313	133	385	462	324	520	475	325	153	634		
Ames W2,p.3.....	396	268	145	381	412	287	514	364	392	161	483		
Ames W2,p.4.....	797	612	322	770	928	613	1072	872	396	396	1194		
Ames W2,p.5.....	349	405	316	370	682	266	765	547	466	741	741		
Ames W2,p.6.....	434	423	421	476	755	282	880	656	548	257	828		
Ames W2,p.7.....	57	26	21	54	49	40	64	61	39	20	77		
Ames W3,p.1.....	667	618	348	679	972	545	1098	893	683	433	1124		
Ames W3,p.2.....	430	247	192	374	469	334	474	404	366	152	573		
Ames W3,p.3.....	390	326	224	359	567	295	596	523	262	134	431		
Ames W3,p.4.....	362	371	228	361	595	262	668	665	410	231	665		
Ames W3,p.5.....	276	300	280	304	532	210	581	392	401	150	601		
Ames W3,p.6.....	488	523	282	492	826	384	911	686	588	319	919		
Ames W4,p.1.....	348	424	305	355	729	284	758	828	399	228	785		
Ames W4,p.2.....	463	469	352	431	632	340	919	819	426	240	975		
Ames W4,p.3.....													
Frank 2.....	344	343	212	330	551	251	626	502	357	230	615		
Ames W4,p.4.....	146	161	126	160	281	112	309	226	197	84	318		
Ames W4,p.5.....	357	284	329	378	562	229	852	447	463	211	664		
Ames W4,p.6.....	239	257	231	279	443	189	499	349	338	151	513		
Collins.....	144	144	20	181	145	110	173	92	176	90	176		
Grant.....	117	88	25	125	105	72	155	99	120	84	126		
Franklin 1st.....	499	403	205	528	565	353	737	501	498	284	702		
Howard Roland.....	428	208	68	389	293	287	384	209	330	191	343		
Indian Creek.....													
Maxwell.....	277	261	60	283	305	182	396	179	292	148	303		
Kelley Kelley.....	31	58	17	26	77	13	81	48	47	31	62		
Lafayette Story City.....													
Lincoln Zearing.....	105	86	19	103	88	60	130	72	104	65	111		
Milford.....	245	129	34	242	147	157	234	111	203	106	206		
Nevada 1 Nevada.....	72	94	32	77	121	46	88	68	71	52	107		
Nevada 2 Nevada.....	243	231	45	238	273	153	353	197	222	137	271		
Nevada 3 Nevada.....	262	263	73	302	284	212	369	175	296	140	321		

STORY, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Nevada 3 Nevada	295	214	83	329	243	247	316	228	289	169	334		
Nevada 4 Nevada	344	251	81	369	267	280	367	234	30	183	367		
Nevada Township	109	73	32	114	93	82	129	68	112	52	127		
New Albany Colb	274	227	35	291	224	185	331	156	242	155	242		
Palestine 1	486	342	126	489	447	327	601	319	491	241	549		
Palestine 2 Slater	409	307	84	362	414	241	522	249	418	188	469		
Richland	103	61	21	107	79	55	128	82	90	66	82		
Sherman	98	45	6	95	47	44	97	42	81	54	88		
Story City Story	712	450	114	706	527	507	696	372	615	303	856		
Union Cambridge	247	213	41	239	246	147	339	140	132	271	268		
Warren	151	108	15	148	116	75	185	74	144	80	140		
Washington 1	175	137	71	158	225	125	255	198	152	96	252		
Washington 2	28	26	13	32	36	22	43	29	34	16	45		
Absentee & Special Voters	676	475	250	670	727	526	872	855	417	396	827		
Total	15829	13529	7252	15848	20191	11603	23658	16936	15481	8657	23199		

TAMA COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Buckingham	125	44	7	145	34	132	48	47	111	69	89		
Carlton	256	142	33	291	157	265	183	110	254	134	226		
Carroll	79	59	13	100	63	79	92	37	92	57	76		
Clark	485	172	58	567	212	508	251	240	352	246	351		
Columbia	79	78	5	98	78	77	90	38	96	61	73		
Cryatal	108	37	6	128	33	112	45	51	83	75	61		
Geneso	124	30	11	140	35	128	50	56	92	61	86		
Grant	130	31	21	145	40	147	39	64	91	83	76		
Highland	65	38	7	77	39	64	45	29	69	36	61		
Howard	105	47	12	115	51	86	73	29	111	58	81		

26 Precincts

TAMA, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Indian Settlement	4	16	6	10	15	6	17	4	12	5	9	
Indian Village	158	122	12	186	125	134	150	91	138	108	131	
Lincoln	157	75	18	182	76	175	82	67	140	104	114	
Onelda	143	98	23	185	108	167	117	70	165	88	146	
Other Creek	84	78	6	107	68	69	98	31	94	43	85	
Perry	603	297	74	667	317	619	352	293	461	338	436	
Richland	56	38	6	73	31	46	56	24	62	41	45	
Salt Creek	132	117	13	178	87	135	116	50	135	80	114	
Spring Creek	407	212	39	449	224	394	271	180	318	225	273	
Tama	559	534	72	640	573	485	684	300	474	252	552	
Toledo 1st	247	198	25	294	196	220	268	149	240	121	265	
Toledo 2nd	115	105	20	137	119	102	152	86	132	82	132	
Toledo 3rd	252	161	29	275	177	223	216	128	239	124	249	
East York	57	67	10	73	74	52	79	45	58	40	68	
West York	36	66	8	57	56	33	76	27	53	39	45	
Absentee &												
Special Voters	274	187	57	318	194	295	218	210	207	157	255	
Total	4840	3049	593	5637	3182	4716	3860	2456	4279	2726	4099	

TAYLOR COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Athel-Block-Jeff-Gay	162	99	17	170	108	108	167	72	183	97	165	
Bed 1-Bea-Ben-Clay	324	130	32	325	130	226	215	172	291	182	266	
Bed 2-3-Ross-Jack	528	244	33	507	218	360	364	164	343	163	316	
Clearfield Grant	195	72	25	180	101	89	178	139	145	105	162	
Conway Marshall Gravity	59	28	7	54	29	43	44	35	50	40	44	
Washington	122	73	15	129	65	89	111	70	114	78	106	
Total	1222	617	106	1229	665	1000	1000	617	1000	617	1000	

12 Precincts

TAYLOR, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Lenox Platte.....	515	271	47	470	315	271	505	341	398	255	444
N Market-Dalh- Mason.....	343	125	17	335	130	212	249	146	313	153	282
Nodaway Holt Grove.....	189	58	20	192	63	117	135	85	157	107	131
Polk.....	58	25	5	59	21	39	41	20	53	26	50
Sharpeburg Marshall.....	30	45	10	41	36	24	55	28	49	32	47
Absentee & Special Voters	170	56	12	158	66	124	111	116	72	75	103
Total.....	2715	1226	240	2620	1283	1702	2175	1398	2169	1315	2116

UNION COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Creston 1st.....	450	280	49	422	315	272	482	270	318	228	343
Creston 2nd.....	430	272	69	415	308	280	463	270	316	203	364
Creston 3rd.....	390	246	47	381	259	230	432	225	319	193	333
Creston 4th.....	176	148	16	171	140	90	266	86	155	77	150
Creston 5th.....	468	269	37	420	311	279	454	233	368	206	363
Dodge.....	47	36	4	42	43	27	59	34	39	39	38
Douglas.....	184	101	16	154	119	106	193	94	122	104	108
Grant.....	106	51	12	105	57	59	110	66	59	44	84
Highland.....	98	51	5	88	59	58	86	57	75	61	57
Jones.....	74	50	9	74	48	41	87	39	60	43	57
Lincoln.....	88	45	3	88	49	57	81	45	74	45	67
New Hope.....	122	111	8	117	115	78	154	70	92	75	86
Platte.....	78	54	13	70	65	41	102	57	64	67	50
Pleasant.....	35	23	0	35	24	25	33	14	37	22	25
Sand Creek.....	77	46	7	82	43	37	93	46	53	35	58
Spaulding.....	92	43	5	93	49	56	79	39	68	50	63
Union.....	272	180	31	285	183	174	267	131	194	143	173

18 Precincts

UNION, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Absentee & Special Voters	186	176	32	184	199	129	262	156	116	100	161
Total	3372	2182	368	3237	2388	2038	3723	1934	2530	1748	2582

VAN BUREN COUNTY

16 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Bonsaparte	147	132	11	137	147	181	98	137	123	114	129
Cedar	123	71	12	129	68	144	48	97	99	86	101
Cherquest	56	50	3	59	45	63	39	44	57	49	51
Des Moines	59	32	9	58	36	61	28	50	48	38	59
Farmington	280	182	19	295	175	313	148	189	280	180	259
Harrisburg	84	33	9	89	35	92	32	51	68	57	80
Henry	43	22	5	42	25	51	17	30	36	34	31
J1 Milton	155	114	12	164	102	168	96	126	130	108	131
J2 Cantril	139	68	7	119	90	144	60	102	88	84	107
Lick Creek	85	61	6	97	53	105	43	67	83	68	71
Union	213	95	20	214	107	233	89	147	172	144	150
Van Buren	368	260	46	386	276	444	199	350	310	281	358
Vernon	85	41	5	84	27	73	35	53	54	64	36
Village	164	85	14	169	91	182	79	87	169	146	94
Washington	61	21	1	48	28	58	18	41	37	31	40
Absentee & Special Voters	100	44	4	92	59	125	25	78	64	49	81
Total	2142	1311	183	2183	1364	2437	1054	1649	1798	1481	1812

32 Precincts

WAPELLO COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	YOUNG (Rep.)	SMITH (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Adams	158	162	15	153	168	145	175	66	159	58	154
Agency	213	240	35	210	263	196	284	164	203	144	197
Cass	67	46	5	66	52	59	60	25	50	22	51
Ottumwa 1st	217	440	34	211	485	196	450	232	358	192	372
Ottumwa 2nd	200	297	52	194	333	223	291	207	280	173	273
Ottumwa 3rd	344	339	77	311	417	345	381	365	321	204	463
Ottumwa 4th	468	245	62	441	313	475	266	362	299	251	390
Ottumwa 5th	742	480	100	722	560	724	530	558	640	407	760
Ottumwa 6th	174	294	22	175	288	151	313	129	245	129	236
Ottumwa 7th	241	381	51	243	395	234	402	246	290	173	324
Ottumwa 8th	241	357	47	213	398	230	386	244	248	169	293
Ottumwa 9th	210	387	29	190	412	188	402	205	370	171	343
Ottumwa 10th	277	434	37	289	448	258	441	197	370	156	370
Ottumwa 11th	163	384	15	154	373	136	400	162	281	134	282
Ottumwa 12th	188	390	24	191	381	187	368	157	314	133	318
Ottumwa 13th	236	416	31	230	417	223	410	181	352	156	344
Ottumwa 14th	319	447	32	315	462	306	471	259	382	196	418
Ottumwa 15th	330	420	36	297	445	292	451	268	388	237	397
Ottumwa 16th	450	501	61	456	523	435	530	327	510	277	529
Center 17	205	232	25	189	241	183	256	165	251	161	225
Center 18	121	172	18	115	182	107	186	115	144	98	149
Columbia	224	200	15	210	208	202	213	110	226	122	196
Competine	86	62	10	98	56	66	88	45	87	55	68
Dahlonega	117	105	18	129	111	122	117	87	117	90	106
Green	149	137	21	150	145	146	154	89	142	83	137
Highland	105	101	10	79	92	92	87	49	103	85	55
Keokuk	157	198	21	159	208	157	205	119	172	123	157
Pleasant	89	51	13	69	52	72	69	63	61	64	50
Polk	121	111	18	124	117	104	141	84	125	82	126
Richland	139	106	22	133	114	139	117	97	122	107	99
Washington	268	306	22	250	324	217	349	147	222	140	215
Absentee & Special Voters	456	512	72	442	580	425	566	481	347	257	532
Total	7475	8923	1050	7242	9530	7033	9579	6011	8130	4850	8619

1980 GENERAL ELECTION

24 Precincts

WARREN COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Allen	703	702	118	649	815	986	463	534	800	408	914
Belmont	198	231	24	222	209	311	121	131	233	140	219
Greenfield 1	296	393	71	280	480	547	193	291	297	242	440
Greenfield 2	399	347	66	380	418	497	278	328	363	283	427
Jackson	123	180	13	116	188	244	65	91	174	100	168
Jefferson	301	293	38	277	337	450	163	194	350	176	364
Liberty	109	113	16	120	115	172	59	70	129	66	131
Lincoln	414	292	61	403	350	433	312	298	378	248	431
Linn 1	334	314	76	343	377	481	219	291	375	212	434
Linn 2	227	204	31	226	230	341	120	175	231	185	234
Norwalk	550	517	125	531	645	875	297	445	661	325	777
Otter	82	71	18	89	81	115	53	64	77	54	91
Palmyra	129	93	32	124	126	152	95	80	140	83	134
Richland	215	197	33	207	224	275	142	124	259	127	251
Squaw	122	75	21	133	82	128	82	60	131	69	128
Union	90	67	10	76	82	118	44	49	86	52	86
Virginia	198	199	29	214	203	287	126	133	212	129	216
Washington 1	653	518	151	612	689	858	421	600	551	307	841
Washington 2	586	432	130	537	577	707	404	509	523	265	764
Washington 3	514	518	113	600	615	789	417	478	586	249	619
Washington 4	421	386	102	441	442	595	282	331	439	200	568
White Breast	137	140	14	136	143	180	93	79	128	71	133
White Oak	145	86	17	138	107	146	98	67	154	63	157
Absentee & Special Voters	344	242	60	346	289	387	243	275	250	182	340
Total	7360	6610	1369	7200	7834	10074	4790	5697	7559	4216	9055

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT					U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	LEACH (Rep.)	LAREW (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO
Brighton Twp . . .	44	30	3	49	25	54	23	28	35	28	36	28	36
Brighton City . . .	118	91	18	130	90	144	61	51	128	69	110	69	110
Cedar	106	31	5	110	32	111	27	39	85	51	70	51	70
Clay	88	46	8	95	45	101	32	41	71	36	80	36	80
Crawford	230	76	12	244	68	258	45	89	152	89	162	89	162
Dutch Creek	47	48	17	65	45	73	29	40	56	47	51	47	51
Kalona	302	210	63	303	255	361	174	200	246	143	289	143	289
Richmond	73	89	14	80	77	89	60	50	68	50	72	50	72
Franklin Center	80	38	11	92	31	103	20	36	67	48	61	48	61
West Chester	53	46	3	59	42	64	32	41	57	41	51	41	51
Highland	84	62	22	76	67	83	59	57	63	39	84	39	84
Iowa	181	334	62	212	344	215	312	186	201	151	266	151	266
Jackson	104	71	14	107	80	135	47	68	98	69	97	69	97
Lime Creek	351	240	49	361	263	419	188	237	287	186	353	186	353
Marion	98	53	23	107	58	112	48	47	92	68	71	68	71
Oregon	181	113	46	193	132	240	80	95	161	107	149	107	149
Seventy Six	76	53	11	78	57	106	28	47	76	50	78	50	78
Washington	217	135	37	236	140	274	96	162	173	120	217	120	217
Washington 1st	227	185	42	232	203	292	136	201	187	117	270	117	270
Washington 2nd	336	304	76	354	329	431	233	278	308	165	424	165	424
Washington 3rd	389	259	75	393	312	485	185	244	319	157	407	157	407
Washington 4th	384	270	41	404	262	467	179	240	325	186	390	186	390
Absentee & Special Voters	215	113	51	211	163	282	86	189	135	115	202	115	202
Total	3987	2877	703	4192	3120	4899	2180	2856	3401	2132	3980	2132	3980

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT					U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO
Benton	76	44	11	81	43	46	87	45	85	55	72	55	72
Clay	57	31	2	57	28	29	61	33	53	39	45	39	45
Clinton	36	19	2	36	18	23	32	20	35	21	32	21	32

WAYNE, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	HULTMAN (Rep.)	HARKIN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO		
Howard	37	37	0	33	28	22	43	20	42	33	32		
Jefferson	55	30	6	59	30	36	56	23	66	33	50		
Monroe	45	17	9	54	15	31	40	15	53	28	34		
Richman	213	204	24	182	154	259	259	170	244	166	225		
So Fork	96	64	8	98	63	54	62	62	97	78	72		
Union	71	61	2	72	60	46	86	39	91	66	64		
Walnut	77	38	5	76	40	38	80	36	87	59	61		
Warren	189	164	17	186	160	108	235	112	229	113	213		
Washington	75	54	13	76	63	32	109	48	89	61	66		
Wright	86	34	8	88	54	67	67	12	107	46	72		
Seymour	199	206	19	210	202	117	293	137	234	133	217		
Jackson-Sewal	48	19	2	45	23	33	32	16	46	20	41		
Lineville	94	86	9	95	89	48	140	71	99	86	89		
Jackson-Harvard	60	27	2	61	28	22	56	40	46	49	35		
Clio	39	17	2	40	15	22	30	18	39	18	35		
Corydon Twp	72	37	10	81	33	52	63	49	62	48	60		
Corydon Pct.	453	356	48	452	375	315	524	329	470	243	520		
Absentee & Special Voters	145	91	16	132	106	106	134	124	100	80	135		
Total	2221	1827	216	2216	1604	1325	2541	1416	2373	1455	2170		

WEBSTER COUNTY

36 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Badger Township	372	239	30	335	283	186	416	160	340	224	278	
Burnside Township	125	77	7	121	75	49	149	54	125	86	86	
Clay	123	81	7	109	59	47	120	43	99	62	69	
Colfax	80	52	4	99	63	38	116	30	120	77	71	
North Cooper	112	102	16	109	102	68	146	53	125	72	109	
South Cooper	44	43	6	41	44	20	62	22	37	26	33	
Dayton Hardin	365	248	45	351	284	189	423	187	322	204	329	

WEBSTER, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Deer Creek	141	58	21	122	84	53	147	54	122	82	86	
Douglas	237	184	26	204	222	105	315	112	251	126	228	
Duncombe	83	111	13	76	115	38	306	47	98	59	85	
Elkhorn	203	207	28	198	212	94	306	94	228	125	200	
Fort Dodge 1	885	506	99	792	651	479	916	483	791	451	809	
Fort Dodge 2	265	388	32	252	369	202	479	140	337	180	299	
Fort Dodge 3	338	336	38	315	355	202	451	221	380	180	372	
Fort Dodge 4	650	486	105	607	587	377	787	615	326	427	705	
Fort Dodge 5	736	432	101	669	554	445	746	428	646	408	674	
Fort Dodge 6	561	481	101	515	571	368	686	319	563	269	616	
Fort Dodge 7	374	374	41	374	417	203	530	251	381	223	411	
Fort Dodge 8	625	483	92	584	571	318	815	360	505	274	705	
Fort Dodge 9	391	503	50	352	520	202	664	242	437	228	431	
Fort Dodge 10	483	420	85	424	492	288	586	251	462	235	479	
Fort Dodge 11	92	263	20	91	245	54	278	94	104	76	109	
Fort Dodge 12	294	352	42	300	345	188	486	151	364	205	318	
Fort Dodge 13	333	519	56	301	565	188	677	194	499	226	457	
Fulton Township	183	100	21	171	121	71	210	62	188	92	161	
Gowrie Township	412	168	50	398	212	178	412	151	337	166	327	
Jackson Township	88	137	20	76	152	25	192	53	114	72	92	
Johnson Township	106	136	13	84	157	28	208	59	142	82	118	
Lost Grove Township	166	139	24	150	167	68	243	97	166	106	163	
Newark Township	120	112	9	120	113	52	189	65	125	68	124	
Otho Township	265	265	32	149	266	80	320	109	207	136	194	
Pleasant Valley	181	160	18	139	198	91	245	109	173	119	168	
Roland Township	214	190	22	203	150	101	233	81	212	104	193	
Webster-Summer-Yell	174	237	23	170	244	80	306	94	206	106	189	
Washington Township	93	63	6	101	61	44	110	40	99	50	85	
Absentee & Special Voters	639	431	85	605	520	450	649	467	417	319	536	
Total	10438	9001	1386	9673	10128	5559	13726	5814	10447	5863	10357	

17 Precincts

WINNEBAGO COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	GARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Buffalo	507	227	41	516	234	336	374	148	507	252	424
Center	822	442	79	820	483	714	548	379	571	454	533
Eden	65	37	5	62	39	45	59	50	61	54	40
Forest City W1	242	154	30	262	162	206	200	221	178	200	244
Forest City W2	149	137	26	161	140	127	162	172	129	110	172
Forest City W3	432	286	63	470	298	364	360	358	388	305	426
Forest City W4	243	134	27	246	138	211	160	198	182	141	230
Leland	68	63	12	72	56	58	68	60	65	57	59
Grant	98	41	9	110	36	63	80	54	92	75	88
King	262	159	14	263	165	153	252	197	232	181	205
Lincoln	191	66	14	188	76	135	120	131	125	114	115
Linden	61	47	13	69	53	45	75	54	66	63	53
Scarville-Logan	72	68	16	79	68	59	88	65	69	69	77
Mt. Valley	196	93	20	199	100	136	157	138	148	167	115
Newton	100	69	9	114	58	87	83	84	83	89	71
Norway	82	60	9	93	54	72	72	81	68	70	69
Absentee & Special Voters	218	125	30	217	144	169	181	183	129	141	158
Total	3908	2208	417	3841	2311	2980	3059	2580	3077	2504	3059

28 Precincts

WINNESHIEK COUNTY

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TALUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Bloomfield	177	67	9	186	58	182	56	73	119	102	100
Bluffton	82	54	13	97	50	88	49	41	87	63	66
Burr Oak	102	48	6	105	48	101	46	46	86	62	76
Calmar 1st	384	232	53	335	219	342	185	136	311	144	317
Calmar 2nd	104	110	25	134	94	135	70	78	96	68	109
Canoe	113	57	25	117	70	137	45	73	88	57	106
Decorah 1st	321	253	46	344	257	373	218	225	235	167	297
Decorah 2nd	335	239	59	354	276	377	247	240	283	247	354
Decorah 3rd	482	308	87	462	384	559	269	346	346	223	474

WINNESHIEK, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	TAUKE (Rep.)	SOVERN (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Decorah 4th.	239	195	113	259	270	332	187	294	174	144	299
Decorah 5th.	285	193	111	304	274	376	177	272	240	178	312
Decorah Twp.	263	141	63	286	169	288	159	211	186	180	216
Frankville	161	65	22	191	51	185	56	72	144	113	109
Fremont	60	52	6	85	52	64	46	26	49	40	42
Glenwood	143	50	20	151	64	160	46	66	116	78	106
Hesper.	114	84	16	140	69	151	57	75	101	86	92
Highland.	95	33	7	102	27	113	17	45	63	50	58
Jackson.	78	102	15	129	70	103	81	50	102	60	102
Lincoln.	157	96	26	181	89	168	89	61	148	74	142
Madison.	129	57	14	143	57	148	45	54	106	88	97
Military.	358	179	159	395	159	356	175	152	327	228	268
Orleans.	108	48	16	123	45	121	38	41	95	57	77
Pleasant.	62	72	10	90	70	92	57	63	68	63	72
Springfield	120	83	16	139	75	142	71	79	13	13	116
Summer	87	59	26	119	54	96	66	46	80	71	84
Washington 1st.	96	48	13	112	41	103	43	33	85	69	54
Washington 2nd	143	158	21	171	147	163	137	107	154	147	118
Special Voters	235	118	64	234	181	303	107	242	117	139	217
Total	5033	3201	938	5478	3420	5778	2838	3249	4028	2996	4460

WOODBURY COUNTY

59 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Sioux City 1st.	159	318	17	151	316	117	361	118	165	137	146
Sioux City 2nd	294	317	53	274	340	205	441	215	307	232	281
Sioux City 3rd.	260	333	36	244	344	168	436	179	271	234	216
Sioux City 4th.	277	374	48	264	391	189	474	205	326	262	272
Sioux City 5th.	410	558	68	379	579	273	723	243	456	358	345
Sioux City 6th.	506	560	72	485	592	353	752	323	565	387	448
Sioux City 7th.	480	466	83	437	545	301	720	308	516	352	464

WOODBURY, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR			U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Sioux City 8th.....	135	274	18	119	276	103	310	116	154	144	133	
Sioux City 9th.....	560	413	108	525	506	412	649	374	515	393	485	
Sioux City 10th.....	131	109	7	122	112	103	149	90	85	93	81	
Sioux City 11th.....	557	292	88	553	343	341	574	283	515	346	443	
Sioux City 12th.....	132	240	36	124	259	84	314	108	140	116	134	
Sioux City 13th.....	304	238	47	295	269	193	385	150	331	226	252	
Sioux City 14th.....	249	158	34	226	189	172	258	143	215	148	186	
Sioux City 15th.....	212	175	34	181	217	127	293	131	198	131	184	
Sioux City 16th.....	430	514	71	433	552	312	665	295	447	324	418	
Sioux City 17th.....	1359	608	204	1272	835	902	1240	721	1188	781	1117	
Sioux City 18th.....	489	352	91	439	426	316	578	286	448	350	374	
Sioux City 19th.....	543	417	67	511	485	380	633	284	510	346	430	
Sioux City 20th.....	301	413	42	278	427	199	538	234	330	267	287	
Sioux City 21st.....	217	363	47	203	385	151	463	193	319	209	288	
Sioux City 22nd.....	488	351	86	447	414	318	570	270	445	292	454	
Sioux City 23rd.....	533	510	93	511	555	302	791	286	608	435	454	
Sioux City 24th.....	713	467	87	675	526	429	806	361	683	448	567	
Sioux City 25th.....	662	526	105	581	638	441	817	418	638	413	600	
Sioux City 26th.....	728	437	101	660	530	477	768	363	699	410	640	
Sioux City 27th.....	725	453	104	720	535	481	784	371	713	447	827	
Sioux City 28th.....	1260	602	134	1126	780	778	1194	603	1116	784	941	
Sioux City 29th.....	1206	482	119	1113	647	773	996	517	1067	638	934	
Sioux City 30th.....	948	417	130	949	515	669	806	447	809	548	699	
Sioux City 31st.....	715	298	80	643	425	512	567	349	602	411	534	
Sioux City 32nd.....	525	347	74	491	399	377	540	262	483	339	394	
Sioux City 33rd.....	842	176	96	819	273	685	444	403	604	486	508	
Sioux City 34th.....	153	149	24	122	180	88	228	83	157	107	125	
Arlington.....	469	175	43	443	216	289	365	151	369	224	291	
Banner.....	236	133	32	241	135	138	266	100	225	153	184	
Concord.....	276	82	20	266	96	138	240	100	207	161	139	
Floyd.....	233	126	23	268	143	117	266	95	214	140	176	
Grange.....	56	27	13	53	39	41	55	46	46	40	34	
Grant.....	76	44	5	75	40	29	98	26	57	43	42	
Kedron.....	110	55	11	104	62	53	119	18	77	52	60	
Lakeport.....	54	25	6	40	37	24	57	18	49	29	39	
Liberty.....	216	168	36	222	171	136	274	96	245	123	217	
Liston.....	207	141	20	188	150	71	291	79	179	123	133	
Little Sioux.....	152	70	17	138	86	69	163	48	113	64	91	
Miller.....	260	138	17	240	128	137	260	78	247	157	163	
Morgan.....	77	28	9	78	33	43	71	26	57	36	42	

WOODBURY, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	CARNEY (Rep.)	BEDELL (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Moville	101	30	8	86	47	34	99	36	83	59	57	
Oto	120	77	15	112	81	58	143	35	80	69	59	
Rock 1	124	62	10	115	72	58	138	22	112	47	97	
Rock 2	79	46	11	85	43	42	94	30	75	42	70	
Rutland	275	88	22	257	105	119	254	67	219	171	130	
Sloan	348	159	38	348	183	203	328	102	281	135	248	
Union	215	92	19	205	101	118	197	55	181	103	138	
Westfork	127	53	17	128	84	50	143	44	118	60	86	
Willow	178	89	15	170	91	81	191	53	151	100	108	
Wolf Creek	93	23	13	93	32	33	90	21	77	49	52	
Woodbury	787	458	94	722	533	503	810	352	729	455	631	
Absentee & Special Voters	1261	819	187	1145	1031	985	1233	1009	845	846	965	
Total	23553	15930	3184	22093	18484	15278	28548	12440	21875	15108	18718	

WORTH COUNTY

13 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT				U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Barton	76	34	7	84	29	65	48	47	70	66	48	
Bristol	98	127	21	131	111	104	134	129	101	102	114	
Brookfield	100	62	17	109	71	76	98	87	84	81	81	
Danville	124	99	17	134	101	91	133	105	123	113	104	
Deer Creek	74	6	24	80	32	69	32	46	60	68	33	
Fertile	246	104	16	262	98	202	141	116	233	138	212	
Grove	617	386	65	640	414	582	447	547	465	464	514	
Hartland	83	50	12	87	53	72	89	79	64	74	68	
Kensett	137	164	21	145	186	118	187	147	150	131	181	
Lincoln	365	382	81	396	384	285	462	378	374	309	428	
Silver Lake	82	57	10	97	50	76	66	62	64	65	65	
Union	129	147	29	186	141	111	188	151	154	116	189	

WORTH, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Absentee & Special Voters	127	85	19	141	84	120	94	115	74	87	99
Total	2247	1721	301	2472	1723	1971	2099	2030	2016	1829	2096

WRIGHT COUNTY

29 Precincts

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Belmond 1st.	142	148	21	165	141	129	167	107	162	92	181
Belmond 2nd.	176	128	24	212	112	159	145	89	191	72	206
Belmond 3rd.	170	151	29	177	163	147	173	113	167	60	211
Belmond Twp.	86	43	8	106	32	82	51	39	81	41	72
Blaine	221	149	31	266	120	197	174	107	203	119	189
Boone	67	35	7	85	24	75	30	26	75	51	48
Clarion 1st.	248	113	32	238	153	213	158	148	183	137	184
Clarion 2nd.	191	133	27	201	177	177	159	106	191	118	173
Clarion 3rd.	129	132	23	146	134	113	153	70	131	68	121
Clarion 4th.	124	125	18	137	129	125	131	95	131	65	153
Dayton	77	44	4	77	40	50	29	29	67	35	55
Eagle Grove 1st.	79	140	18	108	125	79	148	54	110	73	86
Eagle Grove 2nd.	186	155	18	213	141	170	160	85	193	90	171
Eagle Grove 3rd.	300	189	35	317	194	291	202	146	282	145	271
Eagle Grove 4th.	294	170	38	324	170	298	176	144	286	127	275
Eagle Grove Twp.	108	49	7	83	43	63	57	34	75	77	77
Grant	59	59	9	120	56	111	58	65	89	58	94
Iowa	131	72	31	167	69	117	100	68	108	69	111
Lake	87	20	2	93	18	81	24	25	70	33	57
Liberty	257	133	22	292	116	273	129	104	226	116	207
Lincoln	82	35	7	90	33	65	50	46	55	52	51
Norway	66	40	6	86	23	74	36	24	79	43	59
Norway	127	48	15	138	48	108	75	44	110	53	108
Pleasant	39	44	2	39	43	27	51	23	47	30	42
Woolstock Twnl.	87	49	6	100	39	86	54	42	78	49	72

WRIGHT, cont.

PRECINCT	U.S. PRESIDENT			U.S. SENATOR		U.S. REPRESENTATIVE		EQUALS RIGHTS AMEND		CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION	
	REAGAN (Rep.)	CARTER (Dem.)	ANDERSON (Ind.)	GRASSLEY (Rep.)	CULVER (Dem.)	EVANS (Rep.)	CUTLER (Dem.)	YES	NO	YES	NO
Vernon.....	58	48	4	74	38	62	45	37	55	45	48
Wall Lake.....	48	34	11	56	37	55	36	30	51	49	29
Woolstock.....	58	34	6	63	33	46	47	27	67	36	57
Absentee & Special Voters	225	125	36	247	137	231	141	195	133	124	197
Total.....	3936	2645	497	4426	2551	3725	2979	2124	3676	2073	3605

Appointed Officials

- **Boards**
- **Commissions**
- **Departments**

State Board of Accountancy

Jewett Building, 904 Grand Avenue, Des Moines 50309

Appointed by the governor

DONALD W. BROWN, C.P.A., Ames; term expires 1983.
 GAYLON L. HALVERSON, C.P.A., Cedar Falls; term expires 1984.
 HARLAN L. GRONWOLD, C.P.A., Atlantic; term expires 1982.
 HARRY C. JENSEN, Des Moines; term expires 1982.
 RUTH KUNEY, C.P.A., Des Moines; term expires 1982.
 JERRY J. PERPICH, C.P.A., Des Moines; term expires 1983.
 RUTH M. ROBERTS, Fort Dodge; term expires 1981.
 STANTON G. BONTA, Des Moines; executive secretary

No person shall be eligible for more than three consecutive terms of office. Under the provisions of the law, the board meets as often as deemed necessary, but shall hold at least one meeting per year at the seat of government. The examination fee for those taking an examination to qualify as certified public accountants is \$90. Board members are compensated at the rate of \$40 per day.

The "Public Accountancy Act of 1974," which went into effect July 1, 1975, does not provide for the carry-over of any members of the current board — instead requires the appointment of seven board members two of whom shall be "public" members.

Commission on the Aging

415-10th, Des Moines 50319

COLLEEN SHAW, chairperson, Corning; term expires 1981.
 HARRY I. PRUGH, vice chairperson, Des Moines; term expires 1981.
 HARRIETTE J. BAUM, Manchester; term expires 1984.
 DON C. NICKERSON, Des Moines; term expires 1983.
 REP. GREGORY D. CUSACK, Davenport; term expires 1983.
 SEN. SEN. SUE YENGER, Ottumwa; term expires 1981.
 FLORENCE "PENNY" DAVIDSEN, Iowa City; term expires 1984.
 LOUISE M. ROSENFELD, Ames; term expires 1981.
 GLENN R. BOWLES, executive director.

The Commission on the Aging was created by the 61st General Assembly to investigate problems of the aging in Iowa, to make recommendations to appropriate state agencies, and to cooperate with private and governmental agencies at all levels in programs and services needed by the aging. The commission selects its own officers for four-year terms, and meets at least six times each year. The governor appoints an executive director, who, in turn, appoints the staff of the state agency. The executive director and staff are accountable to the commission for policy and program funding decisions.

The basic concerns of the commission are income, health, housing, educational opportunities, employment, transportation, nutrition, volunteer opportunities, recreational activities, spiritual well-being, and community involvement in the problems of older Iowans.

State Archaeologist

Eastlawn Building, Iowa City 52242

Appointed by Board of Regents.

DUANE C. ANDERSON, Iowa City, state archaeologist.

A law passed by the 58th General Assembly (C.'62, 305A), stipulates that the board of regents shall appoint a state archaeologist who shall be a member of the faculty of the department of anthropology at the University of Iowa. He has the primary

responsibility for the discovery, location and excavation of archaeological remains. He is required to coordinate all such activities through co-operation with the state department of transportation, the state conservation commission and other state agencies, and is empowered to enter agreements and co-operative efforts with federal agencies. He is authorized to issue educational and scientific reports pertaining to his duties.

Board of Architectural Examiners

1018 Des Moines St., Des Moines 50319

Appointed by the governor.

MARGARET W. APOSTLE, Grinnell; term expires 1983.
 GEORGE E. DEININGER, Dubuque; term expires 1982.
 BERNARD I. JONES, Sioux City; term expires 1982.
 W. DAVID FREVERT, Des Moines; term expires 1983.
 RICHARD F. HANSEN, Iowa City; term expires 1984.
 BERNARD J. KENINGER, Spencer; term expires 1984.
 NANCY G. McHUGH, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1983.
 LOIS KALLEEN, Des Moines; Executive Secretary

The law for the registration of architects and appointment of the Board of Examiners was enacted in 1927. The 61st General Assembly amended the law to provide a practice act. Anyone wishing to practice architecture in the state of Iowa shall be required to qualify under the provisions of this act. The Board of Examiners meets annually in July of each year and at various other times. Examinations are given twice each year; Qualifying Examinations (two days), and Professional Examinations (three days). This board is a member of the National Council of Architectural Registration Boards and collaborates closely with the council.

Iowa State Arts Council

Executive Hill, 1223 E. Court, Des Moines 50319

J.D. SINGER, chairman, Waterloo; term expires 1983.
 MARY TONE, vice chairman, Ames; term expires 1982.
 MARGARET A. EVERIST, Sioux City; term expires 1984.
 WILLIAM J. FULTZ, Des Moines; term expires 1981.
 BEATRICE A. HUSTON, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1983.
 ARNOLD E. LEVINE, Des Moines; term expires 1983.
 JACQUELINE MERRITT, Dubuque; term expires 1982.
 LeROY MITCHELL, Des Moines; term expires 1983.
 MARIA PEARSON, Marne; term expires 1982.
 BARBARA A. QUINN, Spencer; term expires 1984.
 MARY RICHARD, Iowa City; term expires 1983.
 JESSIE SCHECHTMAN, Carroll; term expires 1982.
 MARK SHEARER, Columbus Junction; term expires 1983.
 JEROME W. WADIAN, Fayette; term expires 1982.
 GORDON WILL, Red Oak; term expires 1984.
 One Council appointment is pending; term expires 1983.
 DR. SAM W. GRABARSKI, Des Moines; executive director

The Iowa Arts Council, founded in 1967, promotes the practice and appreciation of the arts in Iowa through programs and grants, with the support of state and federal funds.

Fifteen private citizens, appointed by the governor, serve non-salaried terms of three years on a board, functioning as advisors to the executive director and staff. The chairman and vice chairman of the board are appointed annually by the governor. Council members gather for business meetings, serve on advisory panels and represent the IAC at state, regional and national meetings.

A professional staff of 12 is maintained in Des Moines to administer the programs and services of the Iowa Arts Council, headed by the executive director, who is appointed by the governor. The IAC administers grants-in-aid programs available to

non-profit, tax-exempt organizations and individual artists based in Iowa. Staff members provide consultation to arts organizations and artists, free of charge, in the use of IAC programs, local arts council planning, fiscal management and many other areas. Staff and board members also serve as speakers for workshops and seminars throughout the state.

The Iowa Arts Council Board adopted the following mission statement in June 1980: "The mission of the Iowa Arts Council is to encourage active participation of the citizens of Iowa in aesthetic awareness and creative expression, and to create a cultural climate in which the arts may flourish."

Department of Banking

530 Liberty Bldg., 418 Sixth Ave., Des Moines 50309

THOMAS H. HUSTON, superintendent of banking and ex officio member and chairman of the state Banking Board.

JULIA ANDERSON, Ames; term expires 1981.

VINCENT C. CHAPMEN, West Des Moines; term expires 1981.

MARVIN F. CHEVALIER, Postville; term expires 1981.

C. LYLE MONAHAN, Audubon; term expires 1981.

BETTY L. STEELE, Des Moines; term expires 1981.

CHARLES H. WALSH, Burlington; term expires 1981.

HOWARD K. HALL, deputy superintendent of banking

RON L. BRADSHAW, assistant to the superintendent.

AUSTIN T. HELGERSON, assistant to the superintendent.

N. DEAN ROWLAND, bank examination analyst.

STEVEN C. MOSER, bank examination analyst

RANDY STEIG, assistant to the superintendent.

LARRY D. KINGERY, small loan supervisor.

WILLIAM V. MULLINS, bank examination analyst

The superintendent of banking and members of the state Banking Board are appointed by the governor for terms of four years.

The superintendent of banking is charged by law with supervision, direction and control of all banks and trust companies operating under state charter, loan companies operating under the Iowa Small Loan Act and any individual, partnership, unincorporated association agency or corporation licensed to do the business of debt management. Persons or organizations engaged in the sale of written instruments for transmission or payment of money are required to deposit bond with and submit financial statement to the superintendent of banking. The superintendent of banking is an ex officio member and chairman of the state banking board which acts in an advisory capacity to the superintendent in most matters.

Iowa Beer and Liquor Control Department

1918 S.E. Hulsizer Ave., Ankeny 50021

GLEN FOBES, chairman, Edgewood; term expires 1983.

DEAN FREDERICKSON, vice chairman, Harlan; term expires 1984.

ANDREA VAN BEEK, secretary, Orange City; term expires 1985.

BENNETT GORDON, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

DANIEL CAHILL, Burlington; term expires 1986.

ROLLAND A. GALLAGHER, director.

The original Iowa Liquor Control Commission was replaced by an act of the 64th General Assembly.

The Act provided for the creation of the Iowa Beer and Liquor Control Department to administer and enforce the laws of this state concerning beer and alcoholic liquor. Within this department was created a liquor control council composed of five members, not more than three of whom shall belong to the same political party. The initial council was appointed by the governor for respective terms of one, two, three, four, and five years, to commence Jan. 1, 1972. Subsequent appointments are to be made for five years, subject to confirmation by two-thirds of the Senate. The council was empowered to appoint a full-time director subject to the approval of two-thirds of the Senate, to serve at the pleasure of the council.

1. The council shall act as a policy-making body and serve in an advisory capacity to the director. The director shall be responsible for the daily operations of the department and execute the policies of the department as determined by the council.

2. The council may affirm, reverse, or amend all actions of the director, including but not limited to the following instances:

- A. Purchases of alcoholic liquor for resale by the department.
- B. The granting or refusing of liquor licenses and beer permits, and the suspension or revocation of such licenses and permits.
- C. The establishment of retail prices of alcoholic liquor.
- D. The establishment or discontinuance of state liquor stores.

The department has sole power to buy, import, sell, and control the sale of liquors; to establish, maintain and discontinue state liquor stores in such cities and towns as deemed advisable; to rent, lease and equip any building or any land necessary to carry out the provisions of the act; to appoint necessary employees; to determine the nature, form and capacity of packages kept or sold under the act, and to prescribe the labels and seals to be placed on same; to license, inspect and control the manufacture of alcoholic liquors in Iowa; and to make rules and regulations necessary for carrying out the provisions of the act.

The 60th General Assembly in 1963 amended the Liquor Control Act to permit the sale of liquor by the drink, and to provide for the issuance of retail licenses by the department, if applications are approved by city or town councils or boards of county supervisors.

Commission for the Blind

Main Office, Orientation Center and Library located at
 Fourth and Keosauqua, Des Moines 50309
 732 Higley Building, Cedar Rapids 52401
 620 Donaldsons Building, Waterloo 50703
 427 Frances Building, Sioux City 51101

Appointed by the governor

ARLENE DAYHOFF, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1981.

NOLDEN GENTRY, Des Moines; term expires 1982

RICHARD CRAWFORD, Sioux City; term expires 1983.

JOHN N. TAYLOR, Des Moines, director.

The Commission for the Blind, created in 1925, offers services to the blind in Iowa in order that they may receive the necessary training and opportunity to become independent, competitive citizens. There are several departments of the commission through which such help is given.

At the orientation center in Des Moines blind adults are given instruction in the skills of blindness. Courses for students include Braille, travel, home management (cooking, cleaning, shopping and sewing), shop work with regular industrial machinery, typing and personal grooming. There are also other courses in attitudes and techniques that bring to the student a true understanding of blindness — that it need not mean helplessness and is, in fact, no more than a physical nuisance if training and opportunity are available. It is important to the blind person (especially the newly blind) to learn that blind persons are actually working as full time, regular electricians, machinists, farmers, lawyers, scientists, teachers, salesmen, etc. For those who are unable to attend the center, the rehabilitation teachers provide such instruction in the home community.

When a blind person has acquired proficiency in the skills of blindness, the Commission for the Blind helps him obtain specific training in a vocational skill. The blind person is then helped in finding and obtaining employment.

The commission library distributes, as does a public library, reading material to the blind of the state. This material is in the form of Braille books and magazines, recorded books and magazines on talking book records, and taped material. The library also

distributes talking book machines on which the records may be played. Library service is available to any blind person over five. Homework units are established in the homes of some blind persons, and products produced are marketed throughout the state.

The commission serves as a central source of supply for a great variety of specialized products, tools and aids useful to the blind, children as well as adults. Braille watches and clocks; Braille writing devices, Braille paper; specialized rulers and other measuring devices which can be read by touch; canes of all types; cooking utensils with specially marked dials; standard playing cards with Braille markings added; other games such as chess, checkers, bingo, and scrabble (with special markings as needed); Braille thermometers and barometers; specially marked volt meters and similar electrical measuring devices; special marked insulin syringes for blind diabetics; and Braille cookbooks are samples of the items stocked. These items are made available to the blind of the state at the commission's cost, or they are provided without cost when the blind person is unable to pay, when there is a clearly demonstrated need for the product, and when the resources of the commission will permit. The commission also assists blind persons to procure at cost certain needed nonspecialized items such as tape recorders, tape, and headphones for talking book machines. Again, there are instances in which these items are provided without charge when there is need and when resources will permit.

A number of blind children do not attend the Iowa Braille and Sight Saving School at Vinton, but are enrolled in regular public schools throughout the state. Upon request, the commission works with the division of special education of the Department of Public Instruction to procure books and specialized material for those children and to provide counseling and guidance.

A register of the blind in Iowa showing cause of blindness, age, and other statistical information valuable in program evaluation and planning, is maintained by the commission. It is estimated that there are over 6,000 blind people in Iowa and that approximately nine or 10 Iowans become blind each week.

State Building Code

Office for Planning and Programming

523 E. 12th, Des Moines 50319

Building Code Advisory Council (appointed by governor)

CAROLYN ERICKSON, Route 1, Ogden; term expires 1984.

ROBERT ERNSTER, Guttenberg; term expires 1984.

WILLIAM LEACHMAN, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

JAMES CHAMPION, Sioux City; term expires 1982.

HERMAN (TED) WIEDENMAN, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

ROBERT WILLIAMS, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

JOHN MAYFIELD, Clinton; term expires 1984.

DONALD W. APPELL, building code commissioner.

Objectives and Authority

The 64th General Assembly, 1972 session, created the Iowa State Building Code, Chapter 103A, **Code of Iowa**. The State Building Code commissioner with the approval of the Advisory Council is empowered and directed by section 103A.7 to formulate and adopt, and from time to time amend or revise, reasonable rules to establish minimum safeguards in the erection and construction of buildings and structures, to protect the health, safety and welfare of the public.

The departmental rules are published in the Administrative Code as chapter 5 of Planning and Programming number 630. The Iowa State Building Code Administrative Section begins at 630-5.100(103A) and consists of eight divisions which make up the Iowa State Building Code. As authorized by section 103A.8, the standards used are as far as practical with some exceptions are applicable national codes.

The Building Code Commissioner is also required to administer and enforce the provisions of chapter 104A, **Code of Iowa**, "Building Entrance for Handicapped Persons."

Effect and Application

The State Building Code is applicable to all buildings and structures owned by the state or an agency of the state and in each governmental subdivisions where the governing body has adopted a resolution accepting the application of the Code.

Three divisions of the State Building Code are applicable throughout the state and preempt any local building regulations. These are as follows:

1. Provisions of the State Building Code relating to the manufacture and installation of factory-built structures apply throughout the state. This includes all types of buildings which are factory-built as well as mobile homes and tie downs for mobile homes. Any mobile home sold, new or used, are required to be tied-down.
2. Provisions for making buildings accessible to and functional for the physically handicapped and elderly persons by authority of section 104A.6 of chapter 104A **Code of Iowa**.
3. Provisions for thermal and lighting efficiency standards apply to all new state-owned and public owned buildings and to all new construction in governmental subdivisions which have a building code, either the State Building Code or a local building code, and to all other new construction in the state which contains more than one hundred thousand cubic feet of enclosed heated or cooled space.

Administration Section

The Administration Section of the State Building Code as published in the I.A.C. is the adoption of and amendments to the national codes which make up the Building Code. The eight divisions are as follows:

Division 1 - Application and adoption procedures and the requirements for general construction as published in the Uniform Building Code.

Division 2 - Electrical as published in the National Electric Code.

Division 3 - Mechanical, as published in the Uniform Mechanical Code.

Division 4 - Plumbing as published in the Uniform Plumbing Code.

Division 5 - An optional code for use for one and two family dwellings as published in the "One and Two Family Dwelling Code."

Division 6 - Requirements for the manufacture and installation of factory-built structures.

Division 7 - Provisions for making buildings intended for use by the general public accessible to and functional for the physically handicapped.

Division 8 - Thermal and Lighting Efficiency Standards as published in the "Code for Energy Conservation in New Building Construction."

The divisions are from time to time amended and revised as the national codes are changed. Copies of the Administration Section (Divisions 1 thru 8) and Divisions 6, 7 and 8 are distributed for a fee to anyone who requests copies.

Iowa Campaign Finance Disclosure Commission

507 10th St., Des Moines 50309

HERBERT S. SELBY, chairman, Newton; term expires 1983.

EMMANUEL S. BIKAKIS, vice chairman, Sioux City; term expires 1985.

ROBERT D. FULTON, Waterloo; term expires 1983.

ELWIN D. FARWELL, Decorah; term expires 1985.

CAROLYN FARRELL, BVM, Dubuque; term expires 1987.

KAY WILLIAMS, executive director

The 65th General Assembly, 1973 session, created the Campaign Finance Disclosure Commission to review, monitor and make available for public inspection financial disclosure reports filed by political committees and candidates' committees in the state of Iowa. The commission consists of five members, not more than three of whom shall be from the same political party. The members are appointed by the governor for a six-year term, subject to the confirmation of the Senate.

The duties of the commission are: to develop forms for the filing of reports and statements required to be filed under the provisions of the campaign disclosure law; to furnish forms to committee treasurers and county commissioners of election; to prepare and publish a manual; to assure that reports and statements are available for public inspection and copying; and to review reports and statements filed under the provisions of the disclosure law.

The commission also serves as a quasi-judicial body. The commission may gather evidence, hold a hearing and propose a finding of fact and decision based on the conclusions of law as to whether a committee has violated the provisions of Chapter 56 of the Code. Any eligible elector may file a complaint. In this case, the commission would hear the complaint and propose a decision based on conclusions of law as applied to the facts brought forth by the complainant. If the commission finds reasonable grounds to believe that a violation of the law has occurred, they may refer the complaints to the appropriate prosecuting authority.

The Campaign Finance Disclosure Commission is also responsible for working with the state director of revenue and the state comptroller to administer the provisions of the Iowa election campaign fund. This fund allows any person whose state income tax liability for any taxable year is \$1.00 or more to designate \$1.00 of such liability to be paid over to the Iowa election campaign fund for the account of any specified political party.

State Capitol Planning Commission

Capitol Building, Des Moines 50319

REPRESENTATIVE GLENN BROCKETT, Marshalltown, chairman

SEN. CLARENCE CARNEY, Sioux City

SEN. BASS VAN GILST, Oskaloosa

REP. LARRY POPE, Des Moines

REP. BILL DIELMAN, Pella

JOHN R. FITZGIBBON, Des Moines

HAROLD McCORMICK, Manchester

MARIE MILLARD, Woodbine

FRANCIS J. CAMIZZI, Cedar Rapids

GORDON D. LINGE, Storm Lake

STANLEY McCausland, Des Moines, secretary

The Iowa State Capitol Planning Commission was established by the 58th General Assembly in 1959 and is composed of legislators, residents of the state appointed by the governor, and the director of the Department of General Services. The commission's purpose is to advise on the location and architecture of buildings and on other aspects of the development of Iowa's state capitol grounds.

The commission was provided funds by the 60th General Assembly for planning future expansion and development of the statehouse grounds. A report of the commission's findings was submitted to the 61st General Assembly and adopted by the assembly as the "master plan and guide for future expansion and development of the state capitol grounds of the state of Iowa."

Citizens' Aide/Ombudsman

515 East 12th, Des Moines 50319

Appointed to four-year term by the Legislative Council

WILLIAM P. ANGRICK II, citizens' aide/ombudsman.

RUTH L. MOSHER, first deputy.

RAYMOND A. CORNELL, deputy for corrections.

JOHN M. SPINNATO, legal analyst.

DONEEN WOODWARD, general deputy.

LINDA L. HOFFMANN, general deputy.

The Citizens' Aide office was established Oct. 1, 1970 by Gov. Robert D. Ray as a part of his office. In 1972, the Citizens' Aide Act, now Chapter 601G of the Iowa Code, was passed removing the Citizens' Aide from the governor's office and placing it directly under the Legislative Council. The Citizens' Aide is appointed to a four-year term by the Legislative Council subject to confirmation by a majority vote of both Houses of the General Assembly. The Citizens' Aide receives and investigates complaints from the public concerning the administrative actions of public officials of state and local government in Iowa. When a citizen's complaint is deemed to be justified, the Citizens' Aide recommends to the agency that it take corrective action. The Citizens' Aide may publish his recommendations and conclusions. Excluded from the Citizens' Aide's jurisdiction are the governor and his personal staff, the General Assembly and its staff, and the courts and appurtenant judicial staff. The Citizens' Aide does not have the authority to investigate complaints of employees of agencies which relate to their employment. By implication, the Citizens' Aide does not have the authority to investigate agencies of the federal government and non-governmental entities.

The Citizen's Aide Act was amended by the laws of the 65th General Assembly (1974), to create the position of deputy for corrections. The deputy for corrections specializes in the receipt and the investigation of complaints from or relating to inmates in correctional institutions.

Civil Rights Commission

Sixth and Grand, Des Moines 50309

Appointed by the governor for four-year terms.

ANNETTE PIEPER EDGINGTON, Des Moines, Democrat; term expires 1983.

MARGUERITE COLHORN, Des Moines; term expires 1985.

REV. JAMES L. HARMON, Estherville; term expires 1985.

RACHEL W. EVANS, Fort Dodge, Republican; term expires 1982.

JACK W. PETERS, Council Bluffs, Republican; term expires 1983.

THOMAS P. MCDONNELL, Clinton; term expires 1985.

ALFREDO G. PARRISH, Des Moines, Republican; term expires 1983.

ARTIS VAN ROEKEL REIS, Des Moines, executive director.

Under the act of the 61st General Assembly as amended, the Civil Rights Commission is charged with investigating, holding hearings, and rendering decisions on any complaints of unfair or discriminatory practices in public accommodations, employment, credit, housing, apprenticeship programs, on-the-job training programs, and vocational schools; on the basis of age, race, creed, color, sex, religion, national origin, or disability; and with planning and conducting programs designed to eliminate racial, religious, cultural, and intergroup tensions. The commission consists of seven members appointed by the governor to staggered terms of four years each, subject to the advice and consent of the Senate. No more than four members of the commission shall belong to the same political party, and its membership shall represent as wide a geographical diversity as practical. Hearings are provided for in the event of failure of effort toward conciliation, and orders resulting from such hearings are subject to judicial review. Commission officers are elected by the members and serve for one year starting on May 1.

Iowa College Aid Commission

201 Jewett Building,

WILLIAM R. FERGUSON, chairman, Glidden; term expires 1983.
 ROBERT D. BENTON, Des Moines; term is continuous.
 SEN. ARTHUR L. GRATIAS, Nora Springs; term expires 1983.
 KARL F. LANGROCK, Des Moines; term expires 1983.
 ROBERT E. PHIPPS, Fairfield; term expires 1981.
 JOHN PRIHODA, Marshalltown; term expires 1983.
 MARILYN R. TUCKER, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1981.
 MARY ANN BROWN, Mt. Pleasant; term expires 1982.
 JOHN B. RIGLER, Muscatine; term expires 1982.
 REP. HORACE DAGGETT, Kent; term expires 1983.
 WILLIS ANN WOLFF, executive director

The Iowa College Aid Commission is the only state agency responsible for planning and administering programs of assistance to both public and private colleges and universities throughout Iowa. Represented on the 11 member commission are the Board of Regents, the Department of Public Instruction, the Iowa private colleges and universities, the Vocational Education Advisory Council, each house of the Legislature, Iowa lending institutions, Iowa students, and the general public. The lender, student, general public and private college representatives are appointed by the governor. The state superintendent of public instruction serves by virtue of office. The remaining four members are appointed by the bodies they represent.

Established in April 1964, to implement the federal assistance program for construction of academic facilities provided by the Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963, the commission now administers the programs described below:

Grants for Academic Facilities and Instructional Equipment

The commission receives applications from colleges and universities for federal funds under Titles VII A and VI B of the Higher Education Act of 1965, verifies their eligibility and assigns relative priorities for grants. On the basis of these priority ratings, the commission then recommends to the U.S. Office of Education the distribution of Iowa's allotted funds. The funds are used in the construction or remodeling of classroom, laboratory, library and administration facilities, and for classroom equipment.

State Of Iowa Scholarships

In May 1965, the Legislature authorized establishment of a state-supported scholarship fund. Appropriations for awards in 1980-81 were \$350,000 in state funds equally matched by federal funds. Monetary recipients are selected on the basis of academic ability and financial need. Certificates of Achievement are awarded to applicants who demonstrate high academic achievement.

Iowa Guaranteed Student Loan Program

This program, implemented in 1979, permits students to borrow from commercial lending institutions at a low rate of interest subsidized by the federal government on easy repayment terms. The loans are insured by the Iowa College Aid Commission and reinsured by the Federal government under the terms of an agreement with the ICAC.

Comprehensive Planning

Federal grants are allotted annually under Title XII, Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, for the purpose of comprehensive planning in higher education. The commission has used these funds for a wide range of studies in support of statewide planning at Iowa's colleges and universities. Study projects completed include facilities inventories, enrollment projections, needs of the disadvantaged student, surveys of student plans for postsecondary education, financial needs, nontraditional education resources and needs, and many other topics. These funds are currently being used for statewide coordination of the Iowa Lifelong Learning Project.

Iowa Tuition Grant Program

In 1969, the General Assembly established the Iowa Tuition Grant Program to provide financial assistance for Iowa students enrolled in Iowa's private colleges and

universities. Funding for this program in 1980-81 was \$14,750,000, with a maximum grant of \$1,700. The amount of the grant, based on the student's estimated financial need, is limited to tuition and fees minus the average that the student would pay at a state university.

Iowa Vocational-Technical Tuition Grant Program

The 65th General Assembly established the Iowa Vocational-Technical Tuition Grant Program to provide financial assistance to needy Iowa resident students enrolled in vocational-technical courses at public area schools in the state. Qualified students may receive a maximum of \$400 per year. In 1980-81, the program was funded at \$450,000 in state funds equally matched by federal funds.

State Student Incentive Grants

This federal program of matching funds for state scholarships and grants was authorized in the Education Amendments of 1972, but was not funded until fiscal year 1974. These funds have been used primarily to supplement the state appropriations for State of Iowa Scholarships and Iowa Vocational-Technical Tuition Grants. In 1980-81, the Iowa allocation was \$858,961.

Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS)

In cooperation with the National Center for Education Statistics, the commission coordinates annual collection of data from Iowa postsecondary schools. An annual **Digest** based on the HEGIS data is published by the Commission.

Osteopathic Subvention Program

The Commission supervises payment of state funds to the College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery, Des Moines. These funds, totaling \$1,200,000 in fiscal year 1981 and \$450,000 in fiscal year 1982 require that Iowa residents comprise at least 30 percent of each class.

Optometric Training Program

The commission is authorized to contract with colleges of optometry in other states for admission of Iowa residents.

National Guard Education Benefits

The program, established in 1978, provides grants of up to \$250 per year toward the educational expenses of enlisted members of the Iowa National Guard. Recipients must be enrolled in at least a half-time program as undergraduates at an eligible Iowa postsecondary institution.

Podiatric Training Program

The commission is authorized to contract with colleges of podiatry in other states for admission of Iowa residents.

State Student Financial Aid Training Program

The commission administers federal grants under Title IV, Higher Education Act of 1965, to design and develop training programs for college financial aid administrators.

Iowa State Commerce Commission

Lucas Building, Des Moines 50319

ANDREW VARLEY, chairman, Adair County, Republican; term expires 1983.

FRED H. MOORE, commissioner, Dickinson County, Democrat; term expires 1985.

CHRISTINE A. HANSEN, commissioner, Polk County, Republican; term expires 1987.

Appointed by the Commission

ROBERT G. HOLETZ, executive secretary, Polk County.

JAMES R. MARET, commerce counsel, Dallas County.

RAYMOND K. VAWTER, JR., director of Public Utilities Division, Polk County.

ROBERT J. LATHAM, director of Rates Research Division, Polk County.

EARL W. DICK, director of Grain Warehouse Division, Polk County.

JOHN E. HENSEL, director of administration, Polk County.

The Iowa State Commerce Commission operates under an array of statutes delegating legislative authority and responsibility as to the economic regulation of public utilities, grain warehouses and grain dealers located in the state. Prior responsibilities of the agency relating to the regulation of railroads and motor transportation activities were transferred by act of the 65th General Assembly to the newly created Iowa Department of Transportation, effective July 1, 1975.

The primary function of the commission in recent years has been in the area of public utility rate regulation under Chapter 476 of the Iowa Code. Heretofore, this code chapter has accorded the commission extensive authority over the rates and charges of almost all of the investor-owned gas, electric, telephone and water companies serving the people of this state. During 1976, the 68th General Assembly, by Senate File 1258, added to the commission's rate making authority the responsibility for establishing just and reasonable rates for electric utility service as provided by the Rural Electric Cooperatives operating in Iowa. Additional responsibility for the demarcation of electric service territories for all utility operations in the state was delegated by the same legislation. And during the same session, the General Assembly, by House File 1450, made the commission responsible for certification of virtually all electric generating plant construction in the state.

In 1980, the jurisdiction of the commission was expanded under House File 2550 to include programs designed to promote the use of cost effective energy conservation strategies by rate or service-regulated gas and electric utilities. The commission may initiate these programs to accumulate sufficient data to evaluate alternatives. Under the law, the commission may also require or authorize a public utility to establish peak load management procedures.

Both new and basic functions mentioned must be performed in the context of continuing responsibilities for acting upon applications seeking approval to construct and operate gas pipelines and electric transmission lines, and for investigating and resolving complaints regarding activities directed by utility company management.

The commission anticipates that it will continue to be faced with the need to process upwards of 500 formal tariff filings per year, made on behalf of the approximate 106 rate regulated utilities, of which approximately 45 filings will require prosecution through trial-type hearing procedures and formal agency decisions on evidence of record. These filings will include approximately 20 major rate increase proposals, amounting to \$100 million per year. By its decisions to date, the commission has ordered refunds to the public of approximately \$45 million on an annual basis.

Within the Grain Warehouse division, licenses for approximately 1,900 grain dealers and 800 grain warehouses are issued under the authority of Chapters 542 and 543 of the Code of Iowa. Division staff periodically inspect the operations and facilities of licensees and assure compliance with the financial and insurance requirements of the Code and agency rules.

Commerce Counsel

The office of Commerce Counsel represents one of the first public defender offices devoted to public protection as to rates charged by utility companies and common carriers. As is true of the Commerce Commission itself, the Commerce Counsel's transportation responsibilities, as initially defined by the 34th General Assembly in 1911, now reside with the Department of Transportation, Transportation Regulation Board.

In addition to acting as attorney for and legal advisor of the Commerce Commission, the Commerce Counsel must investigate as to the lawfulness of all rates and practices of the persons under the jurisdiction of the Commission; and must institute such proceedings as may be necessary to correct any illegality on the part of such persons. In this connection, the office must prosecute in the name of the state, all action necessary to enforce or to restrain the violation of any rule or order of the Commerce Commission.

State Comptroller

Capitol Building, Des Moines

RONALD F. MOSHER, Polk County, comptroller.

The state comptroller audits all demands by the state and preaudits all accounts submitted for the issuance of state warrants; controls the payment of all monies into the state treasury and all payments from the state treasury; prescribes all accounting and business forms and the system of accounts and reports of financial transactions by all departments and agencies of the state government other than those of the legislative branch; keeps the central budget and proprietary control accounts of the state government; establishes a reasonable cash revolving fund for each department or institution for disbursement purposes where needed; has the custody of all books, papers, records, documents, conveyances, leases and other documents appertaining to the fiscal affairs and property of the state which are not required to be kept in some other office; apportions the interest of the permanent school fund; prepares biennially a list of all standing appropriations and furnishes a report of same to each member of the Legislature; prepares the budget document and drafts the legislation to make it effective; reviews such requests for allotments as are submitted to the governor for approval; determines the need for all transfers of appropriations submitted to the governor; makes such investigations of the organizations, activities and methods of procedure of the several departments and establishments as he may be called upon to make by the governor and executive council or the Legislature; furnishes any committee of either House of the Legislature having jurisdiction over revenues or appropriations such aid and information regarding financial affairs of the government as it may request; prepares and files in his office, on or before Dec. 1 of each even-numbered year, a state budget report setting forth in detail and in summary the financial conditions and operations of the government; and prepares such other reports as the governor or the General Assembly may from time to time require of him.

The state comptroller collects and maintains budget information pertaining to the state budget, local budgets, school district budgets, and the budgets of various other local jurisdictions within the state. The office coordinates federal funds input into the state and assures their inclusion into the budget planning process; responsible for procuring and maintaining the central data processing facility for state government; employs the State Employment Relations director, who is responsible for collective bargaining with public employee labor organizations. The state comptroller sits on various committees and commissions as the Legislature and Governor may direct from time to time, e.g., the State Appeal Board, the Records Management Council, the Communications Committee, the Educational Data Processing Committee, City Finance Committee, and others.

State Appeal Board

All Members Ex Officio.

MAURICE E. BARINGER, treasurer of state.

RICHARD D. JOHNSON, auditor of state.

RONALD F. MOSHER, comptroller.

The State Appeal Board is governed by four separate chapters of the Code of Iowa. Chapter 23 covers public contracts and bonds and allows citizens to appeal from decisions of municipalities on public improvements. Chapter 24 covers local budget laws whereby citizens can appeal on budgets adopted by municipalities. Chapter 25 covers claims against the state of Iowa and by the state of Iowa against municipalities. Chapter 25A covers tort claims filed by people against the state of Iowa where a state agency or any of its employees may have caused negligence, a wrongful act or omission. The Appeal Board reviews all claims under Chapters 25 and 25A after receiving recommendations from the special assistant attorney general for claims, and may pay such claims. Claims denied under Chapter 25 are referred to the Legislature.

State Conservation Commission

See Wildlife Refuges, Hunting,
Fishing Areas, Parks, Preserves and Forests.
Wallace State Office Building, Des Moines 50319

RICHARD THORNTON, Des Moines, Democrat; term expires 1987.
BAXTER FREESE, Wellman, Republican; term expires 1987.
RICHARD W. KEMLER, Marshalltown, Democrat; term expires 1983.
CAROLYN T. WOLTER, Des Moines, Democrat; term expires 1983.
MARIAN PIKE, Whiting, Republican; term expires 1987.
JOHN FIELD, Hamburg, Republican; term expires 1985.
DONALD KNUDSEN, Eagle Grove, Republican; term expires 1985.
LARRY J. WILSON, Des Moines, state conservation director.

The Iowa State Conservation Commission is charged with the duty to establish, maintain, improve, beautify and administer state parks, preserves, forests and other state conservation areas.

The commission is charged with the duty of protecting, propagating, increasing and preserving fish, game and fur-bearing animals, and protecting the birds of the state and enforcement of laws relating thereto. The administration and enforcement of laws relating to boats and navigation in the state-owned inland waters of the state is a duty of the commission.

The commission has jurisdiction over the state-owned meandered lakes and streams of the state and improvements relating to such waters. The commission is designated as the agency to coordinate the planning efforts of all governmental agencies in Iowa who may wish to participate in federal funds made available under the lands and water act.

Iowa State Crime Commission

Lucas Building, Des Moines 50319

RICHARD E. GEORGE, Des Moines, executive director.

The purpose of Iowa's Crime Commission is to administer the Justice System Improvement Act and Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act as they pertain to the state of Iowa by making a careful examination of our system of justice in Iowa today.

The basic responsibility for dealing with state and local crime and criminals is, must be, and remains a state and local problem. Iowa has attacked many items involving law enforcement and criminal administration on an isolated basis, but these programs allow us to establish a comprehensive, coordinated plan of evaluation, recommendations and actions to improve the criminal and juvenile justice systems.

The director, appointed by the governor and serving from his office, will assist in and coordinate Iowa's planning of law enforcement and criminal administration. He will be aided by a commission with membership appointed by the governor from fields of law enforcement, courts, corrections, juvenile justice and citizenry.

Duties of the Office

1. To inquire into the causes of crime and the adequacy of the existing system of law enforcement, criminal justice and corrections in Iowa.
2. To make Iowa eligible for annual grants from the U.S. Department of Justice, Law Enforcement Assistance Administration by preparing a comprehensive plan encompassing all areas of the criminal justice system in the state.
3. To work closely with state and local officials and organizations and make recommendations and conclusions as to how state and local government can act to make law enforcement and the administration of justice more effective and fair.
4. To provide fiscal and administrative management of a program that combines federal, state and local funds.

Method of Operation

1. Evaluate the impact of crime, determining such things as causes and motivations.
2. Seek methods to improve police standards, in areas such as recruitment, salaries, organization and management, field procedures, equipment, and communications.
3. Seek to raise the quality of the courts, including prosecutors, judges and defense attorneys.
4. Make recommendations and provide funds for Iowa's correctional system.

Iowa Dairy Industry Commission

Dairy Building, Ankeny 50021

HAROLD EGGINK, Sibley; term expires 1983.

DR. FRED FOREMAN, Ames.

MAYNARD LANG, Brooklyn; term expires 1981.

ROBERT LOUNSBERRY, Des Moines.

G. JOE LYON, Toledo; term expires 1981.

DR. WILLIAM MARION, Ames.

LEROY MEYER, Sac City; term expires 1982.

ELMER PAPER, Stockton; term expires 1983.

JOHN PRESTEMON, Waukon; term expires 1983.

RICHARD REINHART, Cresco; term expires 1982.

BOB SCHULTZ, Luana; term expires 1981.

LARRY SHOVER, Delhi; term expires 1982.

KEITH R. MAXEY, executive secretary

The Iowa Dairy Industry Commission was established by the Iowa Legislature in 1939.

The law provides for the deduction of one cent per pound of butterfat in cream, or four cents per hundredweight of milk purchased by the first buyers from Iowa producers between the months of May and June.

Funds collected are remitted to the Iowa Dairy Industry Commission to further the cause of the Iowa dairy industry. This includes advertising, publicity, sales promotion, research, and education.

Iowa Development Commission

250 Jewett Building

Appointed by the Governor

WILLIAM H. BURGER, chairman, Waterloo; term expires 1981.

E. THURMAN CASKILL, vice chairman, Corwith; term expires 1981.

DONNA KEPPY, secretary, Wilton; term expires 1983.

STEVE CHAPMAN, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

HUGH D. CLARK, Dubuque; term expires 1981.

ROBERT H. MEIER, Ottumwa; term expires 1981.

MARDELLE NOBLE, Oelwein; term expires 1983.

F. FORBES OLBERG, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1982.

BILL RILEY, Des Moines; term expires 1984.

RONALD SCHECHTMAN, Carroll; term expires 1984.

GERALD L. WEINER, Sioux City; term expires 1984.

WILLIAM J. BESTMANN, Des Moines, director.

The activities of the Iowa Development Commission are focused on orderly economic growth in the state. It is the function of the commission to maintain continued recognition of Iowa's achievements in agriculture, to provide an incentive for positive community improvement, to aid in the development of its growing industrial economy, to assist in expansion of markets for Iowa goods and services through international trade, and to promote its assets in the field of recreation and travel.

Agricultural products are a major part of the state's economy. Yet Iowa's industrial assets-productive labor force, invigorating business climate, central location and transportation facilities, are recognized as conducive to the profitable operation of manufacturing facilities. Legislative actions have complemented the state's growing industrial base as well.

The Iowa Development Commission has nine operational divisions. They are: Administrative Services, Agricultural Development and Promotion, Community Betterment, Industrial Development, International, Research, European Office, Public Information and Tourism and Travel.

The goal of the Agricultural Development and Promotion division is to enhance the image of Iowa agriculture and to promote the sale of Iowa agricultural products throughout the nation and the world. By strengthening existing markets and developing new markets it strives to stabilize farm prices at a profitable level. Through research and education, new production methods and alternatives are presented to keep production costs low.

One example of this is the "Fine Iowa Meats" promotion which has been successful in bringing together producers, processors and retailers in a unified effort to develop new and expanded markets for the state's grain-fed beef and pork. In addition, the division works with farm organizations, commodity associations, other state agencies and industrial groups in their efforts to improve the economic position of Iowa's farm industry.

Iowa Community Betterment is a program designed to provide an incentive to communities which are undertaking local improvement projects. Staff members hold local workshops, encourage local volunteer effort in community improvement, and coordinate an annual awards day competition. They also compile project fact files to aid participating communities in carrying out their local programs.

The Industrial Development division addresses itself to attracting new industries to Iowa, assisting manufacturing firms already located here and representing Iowa communities which seek to diversify their economy through the addition of manufacturing operations. This division works closely with local industrial development groups and chambers of commerce to create a good industrial climate. They maintain close liaison with management consulting firms and with all organizations interested in industrial development.

The European Office is directly responsible to the Industrial Development division. The primary emphasis of the office in Germany is to attract foreign industries to an Iowa location. The office also serves as an extension of the Iowa Development Commission's agriculture, tourism and export activities.

The program of the International division is designed to encourage Iowa manufacturers to sell their goods overseas and to assist Iowa exporters in expanding their foreign sales. Trade missions are led by the division to various international market areas to aid Iowa manufacturers in creating overseas sales. Other projects include the Governor's Export Expansion Conference and the Foreign Student Contact Program, designed to promote involvement between Iowa business personnel and foreign students in the state.

The Tourism and Travel division works to increase the number of dollars spent in the Hawkeye State by travelers and those engaged in other leisure-time activities. To accomplish this, the division staff provides information about Iowa's vacation and recreation attractions to travelers. It assists communities in promoting their events and supervises the activities of the state's seven tourism regions. The staff represents Iowa at recreation and travel expositions, and develops publications and special projects. The division also operates seven information centers along Iowa's interstate highways.

Out of the Research division comes data and resource material for all IDC divisions and the general public. This division becomes involved in research projects, in publishing information collections such as the *Statistical Profile of Iowa* and the *Directory of Iowa Manufacturers*, and in answering requests from other divisions, the public and other governmental agencies.

It's through the Public Information division that Iowans keep abreast of IDC activities and programs, through news releases, speakers, audio-visual presentations, brochures and articles in the media. This division also assists motion picture producers in finding filming locations in Iowa.

State Educational Radio and Television Facility Board

P.O. Box 1758, Des Moines 50306

JOLLY ANN DAVIDSON, chairman, Clarinda; term expires 1982.
 DR. GARY H. KOERSELMAN, vice chairman, Sioux City; term expires 1982.
 DR. ROBERT D. BENTON, Des Moines; term expires 1983.
 S.J. BROWNLEE, Emmetsburg; term expires 1981.
 GEORGE J. DORRINGTON, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1981.
 BETTY JEAN FURGERSON, Waterloo; term expires 1983.
 KAREN GOODENOW, Wall Lake; term expires 1981.
 ANN JORGENSEN, Garrison; term expires 1983.
 DONALD H. SHAW, Davenport; term expires 1982.
 LARRY G. PATTEN, executive director.
 C. DAVID BOLENDER, director of administration.
 JOHN C. WHITE, director of programming.
 DON D. SAVERAID, director of engineering.

Section 88 of the Acts of the 62nd General Assembly creates a board to be known as the State Educational Radio and Television Facility Board consisting of nine members, three to be appointed by the board of Public Instruction, three by the Board of Regents and three by the governor. The purpose of the board is to plan, establish, and operate an educational radio and television facility and such other communications services as the board may deem necessary to accomplish the educational objectives of the state of Iowa. The board currently operates KDIN-TV, Channel 11 in Des Moines; KIIN-TV, Channel 12 in Iowa City; KRIN-TV, Channel 32 in Waterloo; KSIN-TV, Channel 27 in Sioux City; KBIN-TV, channel 32 in Council Bluffs; KHIN-TV, Channel 36 in Red Oak; KYIN-TV, Channel 24 in Mason City; KTIN-TV, Channel 21 in Fort Dodge; and translators Channel 33 in Ottumwa, Channel 38 in Fort Madison, Channel 44 in Keokuk, Channel 54 in Keosauqua, Channel 25 in Rock Rapids, and Channel 33 in Sibley.

Employment Agency License Commission

307 E. Seventh Des Moines 50319

All Members Ex Officio

MARY JANE ODELL, secretary of state.
 ROBERT C. LANDESS, industrial commissioner.
 ALLEN J. MEIER, labor commissioner.

The commission is responsible for the licensing and regulation of private employment agencies pursuant to Chapters 94 and 95, Code of Iowa, 1981. Additional regulations for the licensing and operation of private employment agencies are set forth in Chapter 350, Iowa Administrative Code.

The commission currently licenses over 70 private employment agencies. Administrative and investigatory responsibilities have been assigned to the labor commissioner. Any inquiries or complaints relative to the operation of private employment agencies may be submitted to the Bureau of Labor, 307 E. Seventh St., Des Moines, Iowa 50319. (515) 281-3606.

Governor's Committee on Employment of the Handicapped

Grimes Building, Des Moines 50319

Term two years. Appointed by the governor.

HELEN SETTLE, Marshalltown, chairman; term expires 1981.
TOM JOHNSON, Ottumwa, vice chairman; term expires 1981.
DONALD W. WESTERGARD, executive secretary, Indianola.

ANGELINE ANDERSON, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

JAMES BETHEL, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

PAUL BRODIGAN, Glenwood; term expires 1982.

LaVAUN EARWOOD, Lohrville; term expires 1982.

JOHN EWING, North Buena Vista; term expires 1982.

WILLIAM GLYNN, Bettendorf; term expires 1982.

RONALD GROOMS, Ames; term expires 1982.

LINDA HANSSEN, Eldridge; term expires 1982.

B.L. HAWN, Waterloo; term expires 1982.

RICHARD HOPKINS, Davenport; term expires 1982.

SHARON HOVINGA, Council Bluffs; term expires 1981.

THOMAS JOHNSON, Ottumwa; term expires 1982.

SCOTT KEITH, Okoboji; term expires 1982.

ROBERT KOZEL, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1982.

EDWARD McCARTAN, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

RALPH NEPPEL, Iowa City; term expires 1982.

KATHLEEN O'LEARY, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

JON SCHNEIDER, Urbandale; term expires 1982.

MERLE SMITH, Sioux City; term expires 1982.

VERA SMITH, Fairfield; term expires 1982.

JOHN STASCHKE, Wilton; term expires 1982.

WILLIAM WAGNER, Dallas Center; term expires 1982.

ARLYN WEIENETH, Ankeny; term expires 1982.

LINDA WING, Des Moines; term expires 1981.

EDWARD WINTER, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1981.

The Governor's Committee on Employment of the Handicapped was created by an act of the 61st General Assembly to promote employment of the handicapped through a continuing program of public information and education. The committee is composed of 26 members and eight ex-officio members who are in charge of other state agencies interested in employment for the handicapped.

The members consist of representatives from industry, labor, business, agriculture, federal, state and local government and representatives of religious, charitable, fraternal, civic, educational, medical, legal, veteran, welfare, women's and other professional groups and organizations. All members serve without per diem expenses.

Members of the committee are appointed for a term of two years and may be reappointed when their term expires.

The committee is charged with cooperating with all public and private agencies interested in employment of the handicapped and to encourage and assist in the organization of committees at the community level.

The members work closely in developing employer acceptance of qualified handicapped workers and informing handicapped persons of specific facilities available in seeking employment.

Iowa Energy Policy Council

Capitol Complex, Des Moines 50319

DR. EDWARD J. STANEK, director and chairman.
DOUGLAS K. TRUE, deputy director.
JAMES WOLL, Fuels Division director.
B.Z. KARACHIWALA, Grants/Conservation Division director.
PHIL SVANOE, Iowa Solar Office coordinator.
DAN FRENCH, Information director.

Public Members:

JOSEPHINE GITTLER, Iowa City.
DR. ROBERT S. HANSEN, Ames.
JAMES E. HUYSER, Lovilia.
DELMER A. NELSON, Spirit Lake.
CHARLES PELTON, Clinton.
SUZAN M. STEWART, Sioux City.
KATHLEEN WOOD, Des Moines.

Legislative Members:

SEN. JAMES V. GALLAGHER, Jessup.
SEN. FORREST SCHWENGELS, Fairfield.
REP. VIRGINIA POFFENBERGER, Perry.
REP. CHARLES BRUNER, Ames.

Ex Officio Members:

LARRY CRANE, director, Department of Environmental Quality.
R.L. KASSEL, director, Department of Transportation.
DONALD KOCH, state geologist.
ROBERT H. LOUNSBERRY, secretary of agriculture.
ANDREW VARLEY, chairman, Iowa Commerce Commission.
LARRY VANCE, director, Department of Soil Conservation.
JAMES WEBB, director, Natural Resources Council.

The 65th General Assembly created the Iowa Energy Policy Council in 1974 to formulate energy policy in Iowa and to assist the state in response to problems of energy supply, consumption and development. It was, and is today, composed of public members, legislators and agency heads from other departments of state government that have a clear involvement in or statutory responsibility for energy related programs.

The council serves as an advisory agency to the governor and the state Legislature on all energy matters. Originally scheduled to terminate on June 30, 1977, the council's life has been extended until 1983. The EPC is recognized as one of the state's most visible agencies although it is relatively small, its existence is considered temporary and it has no regulatory authority.

EPC implements numerous energy conservation programs covering virtually every sector of the state's population. The council also sponsors research, maintains a data base on energy use, has planning responsibility for emergency energy use, and furnishes the public with many educational materials. Also with federal funds, the EPC established a state solar office within its structure to promote the commercialization of solar energy in Iowa and serve as a focal point of state solar activities.

State Board of Engineering Examiners

Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines 50319

Appointed by the governor.

RONALD BROWN, Muscatine; term expires 1983.
 CHARLES E. HALES, Council Bluffs; term expires 1984.
 KATHY S. ELLISTON, Des Moines; term expires 1983.
 FRANCIS E. HOLLAND, Mason City; term expires 1984.
 R. BRUCE HOPKINS, Cedar Falls; term expires 1982.
 HARRISON KANE, Iowa City; term expires 1982.
 HERMAN LEWIS, Edgewood; term expires 1984.
 BONITA A. FAGERSTROM, Secretary.

The State Board of Engineering Examiners was created by the 38th General Assembly in 1919. No person can practice professional engineering or land surveying without first being registered with this board. The board meets from time to time and conducts examinations of applicants for registration.

The law provides that the membership of the board shall consist of seven members who shall be appointed by the governor and confirmed by the Senate. Five of these members shall be professional engineers and two, representatives of the general public.

Iowa Department of Environmental Quality

Wallace Building, Des Moines 50319

LARRY E. CRANE, executive director.
 JOSEPH E. OBR, director, Construction Grants Division.
 ALLAN E. STOKES, director, Management Services.
 CHARLES MILLER, director, Air and Land Quality Division.
 J. EDWARD BROWN, director, Water Quality Division.
 PETER R. HAMLIN, director, Compliance Division.

The Department of Environmental Quality was created by the 64th General Assembly in 1973, and is responsible for improving and maintaining the quality of Iowa's air, land and water. The department's main function is to develop and implement programs which will help insure that the major sources of pollution in Iowa are meeting the environmental standards.

A nine-member commission, appointed by the governor, is responsible for determining DEQ policies, and developing and conducting programs to implement these policies. Also, the commission adopts rules and standards, and initiates enforcement actions taken by the department.

The programs developed by the commission are carried out through the DEQ staff of scientists, engineers and other professionals. The staff is headed by the executive director who is appointed by the governor.

Iowa's air quality programs are concerned with cleaning up areas that are not meeting air quality standards and planning ways to keep unpolluted areas clean. DEQ has also developed a program for controlling nuisance odors.

Land quality programs include closing open dumps, approving sanitary landfills, encouraging recycling efforts, controlling hazardous substances, and the siting of hazardous waste facilities. The department maintains an environmental emergency response program for responding to hazardous substance spills and is also involved in the statewide radiation safety program.

DEQ's water quality programs consist of two major areas: wastewater treatment and clean water management planning. A certification program for operators of wastewater and water supply treatment plants is conducted by DEQ.

DEQ's construction grants program assists local communities in obtaining state and federal funding for the construction of sewage treatment plants.

State Executive Council

Office located on first floor of Capitol Building.

Membership ex officio.

ROBERT D. RAY, governor.
 MARY JANE ODELL, secretary of state.
 RICHARD D. JOHNSON, auditor of state.
 MAURICE E. BARINGER, treasurer of state.
 R. H. LOUNSBERRY, secretary of agriculture.
 W. C. WELLMAN, secretary.

The Executive Council was created by the adoption of the Code of 1860. The secretary of state acted as secretary of the council until the enactment of the Code of 1897, which provided for a secretary.

Business of the Executive Council

Among the duties placed upon the Executive Council by the laws of Iowa are the following: to act upon all state activities and to notify all interested persons of action taken therein; to determine the value at which property may be taken by Iowa corporations and amount of stock which may be issued on account thereof; to approve articles of incorporation and by-laws of building and loan associations, and plan for liquidation of said associations; to approve property purchases and acceptance of gifts, to authorize department leases; to approve the issuance of patents, corrected patents and easements; to authorize and pay special assessments; to authorize and pay court costs, and special attorney general fees; to authorize condemnation proceedings; approve bank depositories of public funds; the canvass of votes cast for state and district officers; the declaration of changes in classification of cities; the approval of out-of-state travel.

Report of the Executive Council Secretary

Section 19.6 Code of Iowa, 1979, requires that a report of the secretary of the Executive Council be published in the Iowa Official Register. That portion of the secretary dealing with matters of general interest is presented here.

Other matters required in the report as to Iowa cities and the official canvass of Iowa election results are presented in tables elsewhere.

The council had 50 regular meetings and convened four times as the Official Board of Canvass in 1978.

There were no corporations authorized to issue stock in exchange for property or out of surplus in 1978.

The council had 51 regular meetings, five special meetings and convened one time as the Official Board of Canvass in 1979.

There were no corporations authorized to issue stock in exchange for property or out of surplus in 1979.

Iowa State Fair

(Ex-Officio Members of Fair Board)

ROBERT D. RAY, governor	Des Moines
W. ROBERT PARKS, president, Iowa State University	Ames
ROBERT H. LOUNSBERRY, secretary of agriculture	Des Moines

Officers

President—FRED STROTHMAN	New London
Vice President—MERRITT TRIGGS	Mt. Ayr
Secretary—Manager—J.D. TAYLOR	Des Moines
Treasurer—JOHN M. SHANDA	Perry

District Directors

1st District—ED EICHELBERGER	West Liberty
2nd District—EDYTHE SATTERLEE	Manchester
3rd District—DON GREJMAN	Garner
4th District—KATY ELSON	Bondurant
5th District—MERRITT TRIGGS	Mt. Ayr
6th District—JEAN M. KLEVE	Humboldt

Directors at Large

CLIFF JOHNSON	Council Bluffs
DAVE HUIJKER	Decorah
FRED STROTHMAN	New London

Information on the Iowa State Fair

Every August, hundreds of thousands of people from all over the Midwest flock to the Iowa State Fair, the state's great celebration, a salute to Iowa's best in agriculture, industry, entertainment and achievement.

The fair is the home of a 20-acre Farm Machinery Show, and the largest art show in the state. Over 600 exhibitors and concessionaires offer modern merchandise and quality foods. Large 4-H and VoAg/FFA shows provide excellent educational opportunity for youngsters. Five stages of free entertainment are featured every day. The grandstand offers superstar stage shows and track events. History comes alive in Heritage Village, a tribute to Iowa's hardy pioneers.

The Iowa State Fair is one of the oldest agricultural and industrial expositions in the nation. The first was held in Fairfield, Iowa, in 1854, on a six-acre tract. An outgrowth of one of Iowa's early county fairs, The State Fair was managed by the Iowa Agricultural Society. Next year's fair was also held in Fairfield. From 1856 to 1879, the fair moved from city to city: Muscatine, 1856-57; Oskaloosa, 1858-59; Iowa City, 1860-61; Dubuque, 1862-63; Burlington, 1864-66; Clinton 1867-68; Keokuk, 1869-70 and 1874-75; Cedar Rapids, 1871-73 and 1876-78.

In 1879, the fair moved to Des Moines to stay. In 1884, the Legislature appropriated \$50,000 for the purchase of grounds in Des Moines on condition that the city raise an equal sum for site improvements. The present 400-acre site was dedicated two years later. The Iowa Fair was the inspiration for the novel and original motion picture, "State Fair".

A separate fair board was created in 1923, consisting of the governor, the secretary of agriculture, the president of Iowa State University, one director from each congressional district and three directors-at-large. Official delegates, representing Iowa's 103 county fairs and other agricultural associations, elect these directors at the annual State Agricultural Convention in December. The president and vice president of the fair board are elected by the board from elected directors. The board also selects the secretary and the treasurer.

All operating expenses are paid for from revenue generated by the fair and special legislative appropriations are used for capital improvements and repair. The fairgrounds are used year round as a meeting and exposition center, featuring such events as large trade and machinery shows; sports events; national livestock, horse and dog shows; arts and crafts exhibitions; private gatherings; auto races; concerts and a wide variety of other activities.

Department of General Services

Hoover Building, Des Moines 50319

STANLEY L. McCAUSLAND, Des Moines, director

The Department of General Services, created by the 64th General Assembly of Iowa, 1971, is responsible for services formerly performed by the executive council of Iowa, printing board, car dispatcher, communications director, and buildings and grounds department. Under the general direction, supervision and control of the governor, the Department of General Services is headed by a director who is appointed by the governor with the approval of two-thirds of the Senate.

The following divisions have been established with the Department of General Services: Director's Office, General Administration Unit, Division of Centralized Printing, Division of Buildings and Grounds, Office of Records Management, Division of Communications, Risk Management Division, Division of Centralized Purchasing, Vehicle Dispatcher Division, Division of Educational Radio and Television, Iowa Mail Room Division and the Federal Surplus Property Division.

The director's office is staffed by the director, a financial officer, a facilities engineer and a secretary. The director is responsible for construction of new buildings, assignment of space in state buildings located at the seat of government, providing a central mail unit for use of state offices, first-aid facilities and capitol tours. Additionally, the director's duties include the proper coordination of all projects related to the functions of the division of buildings and grounds.

The creation of the Department of General Services established a more efficient coordination of services provided to the various state departments. The majority of services provided - printing, purchasing, automobiles, etc. - are charged back to the various using agencies.

General Administration Division

SHIRLEY T. PHILLIPS, Des Moines, chief

Under the direction of the director, Department of General Services, the responsibilities of the chief, General Administration, are supervision of the statehouse mail services, first aid room, capitol tours, information desks, Central Supply Unit, Word Processing, State Surplus Property and assignment of space in the state buildings and parking facilities.

The statehouse mail service has a staff of 18 and includes a mail room supervisor, one accounting clerk, 10 mail clerk I's, four mail clerk II's and two drivers. Mail rooms are located in the five major state buildings for the processing and distribution of mail. Approximately 700,000 pieces of mail are handled monthly. Two mail trucks average 65 miles daily servicing all state offices located outside the major state buildings.

An average of 24 patients per day use the first-aid facility. A registered nurse is in charge and a doctor is on call for emergencies.

Information desks in the Capitol and Wallace Buildings serve an average of 1,200 visitors per day. There are 15 conducted tours of the Capitol each day and hourly tours to the Capitol dome.

The Central Supply Unit distributes various items of office supplies to all state agencies.

Any item of surplus equipment or furniture that an agency has on its inventory list is transferred to General Administration. Most items are then used by other agencies. Outdated or unusable items are sold annually at a public auction and the proceeds are deposited in the state general fund.

Buildings and Grounds Division

JOHN W. DRUMMOND, Polk City, superintendent

The superintendent of Buildings and Grounds of the state of Iowa, under the general direction of the director, Department of General Services, except as otherwise provided by law, provides for proper maintenance, repairs and replacement of state Capitol complex grounds, sidewalks, drives and parking lots, equipment and buildings at the seat of government including Terrace Hill and the Valley Bank Building.

The present staff consists of 220 regular employees. Staffing in an administrative central office includes the superintendent, assistant superintendent, secretary II, accounting clerk II, clerk typist III and storekeeper II. It is the duty of this office to supervise and direct 216 maintenance employees. These maintenance employees are divided into five areas of responsibility as follows:

- (1) The Building Maintenance Section provides clean and orderly buildings for state employees and the thousands that visit the Capitol each year.
- (2) The Grounds Maintenance Section is responsible for the beautification, dressing and care of the grounds during the summer months and provides for snow clearance in the winter.
- (3) The Construction Maintenance Section provides painters, carpenters, a mason and a locksmith for repairs and remodeling of state buildings.
- (4) The Electrical Maintenance Section plays a large part in electrical and telephone installation for office remodeling, as well as all regular electrical maintenance.
- (5) The Mechanical Maintenance Section

maintains heating and cooling systems (HVAC), drainage, plumbing and piping throughout the complex.

The division's maintenance personnel and shops are now housed in a new building containing 26,000 square feet of floor space and located at East 13th and Vine streets.

The division of Building and Grounds through their continuing support and care preserves the historical beauty of all buildings and grounds at the seat of state government in the best interests of and to the pride of all the citizens of Iowa.

Communications Division

GLEN D. ANDERSON Jr., West Des Moines, chief

It is the responsibility of the Communications Division to develop, administer, unify and standardize communication services to meet normal and emergency requirements of all state departments. It is further intended, that the division provide coordination to all departments to effect maximum practical consolidation and joint use of communications services.

The design and implementation of two-way radio systems, broadcast distribution systems, basic telephone and voice systems and data communication networks, that are responsive to user requirements, are major activities of the division.

Printing Division

VERN LUNDQUIST, Des Moines, superintendent

Prior to Jan. 17, 1972, all state printing purchases were supervised by the State Printing Board. This consisted of three elected officials: the secretary of state, the auditor and the attorney general, plus two additional officials who were appointed by the elected officials. The State Printing Board appointed a superintendent of printing to act as their executive secretary.

In 1972 this function was transferred to the Printing Division of the Department of General Services and the printing board was abolished. The supervising and purchasing of state printing is administered by the director of General Services or his designee, the superintendent of printing, who is appointed by the director of General Services.

The administration of the division by the superintendent is divided into five functions: printing purchases, printing consultation, centralized printing, custody of state legal documents and office copiers.

The primary purpose of the printing division is to purchase state printing in the most economical manner, by making use of competitive bidding procedures as outlined in the Code of Iowa and the Iowa Administrative Code. The general office, which has a staff of five people, purchases approximately \$4 million worth of printing annually. In addition to this staff, there is an assistant at the University of Iowa, Iowa State University, University of Northern Iowa and the Department of Transportation in Ames. The universities and DOT do their own purchasing of printing items that are less than \$2,000 each. Purchases over \$2,000 are purchased by the Printing Division.

The Printing Division performs as a printing consultant to state agencies to advise them of the most economical procedures to follow in producing a printed item. The Code of Iowa gives the Printing Division the authority to revise and edit printed items to serve the best interests of the state of Iowa.

The superintendent of printing is responsible for the administration of Centralized Printing, a facility which produces state printing. The printing produced by Centralized Printing is short run and quick delivery to meet the timely demands of state agencies. The main plant of this facility is in the Grimes Building with sub-units in each major state building. Centralized Printing, with a staff of 28 people, produces over \$1.5 million worth of printing annually. The printing produced by the staff is sold to state agencies, resulting in Centralized Printing being self-sustaining in much the same manner as a private business firm. Paper stock for Centralized Printing and other state agencies in Des Moines is purchased by the Printing Division and distributed from the Printing Division warehouse which has two employees.

The superintendent of printing has custody of state legal documents which are stored in and distributed from the Printing Division warehouse. These documents are distributed to the various state agencies and to the public as directed by the Code of Iowa.

The superintendent of printing has authority over all office copiers that are located in state offices in the city of Des Moines. This is to prevent an over-proliferation of office copiers and to fit the proper copiers to the required needs.

Purchasing Division

JACK T. PITZER, Urbandale, Chief Purchasing Officer

The Purchasing Division of the Department of General Services is charged with the responsibility of purchasing all types of commodities and equipment required by all state agencies with the exception of the Board of Regents Institutions, the Commission for the Blind, and the Department of Transportation.

The main emphasis of the Purchasing Division is to provide a modern centralized purchasing program, establish standards of products that are required for the efficient operation of the individual agency and to encourage maximum competition on a basis of fair and equal opportunity to those qualified and interested in selling to the State of Iowa.

There are currently 19 persons employed in the Purchasing Division providing these services to the State of Iowa.

Records Management Division

KATHLEEN S. LOOKINGBILL, West Des Moines, division director

The Records Management Division was established in January 1975, to provide administrative support to the State Records Commission, as required under Chapter 304 of the Code of Iowa. A primary responsibility of the division is to review records-related systems within state agencies, and to provide to the State Records Commission recommendations for changes necessary to assure maximum efficiency and economic use of equipment and procedures. The State Records Management Manual, developed by the division, sets out the division's operating policies and procedures, as well as records retention and disposition schedules for all state agencies records except those of the Highway Division of the Department of Transportation and the Board of Regents.

As a division of the Department of General Services, the Records Management staff is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of records filing systems, including centralized records storage facilities. The records centers provide a relatively low-cost alternative to those state agencies which process large volumes of paperwork, and yet do not have sufficient space available to store that paper for the required length of time.

The micrographics section of the Records Management Division provides micrographics services to state agencies. The micrographic section is capable of indexing, filming, processing and duplicating a wide variety of state agency records and files, from checks and warrants to engineering drawings and blueprints. In addition, the micrographics section assists in the design, installation and quality control procedures for intra-agency micrographics units.

Risk Management Division

CRAIG A. HOEMAN, Urbandale,

The Risk Management Division was created by the 67th General Assembly in 1978, under Section 18.160 of the Code of Iowa. The risk manager was appointed in January 1980.

The overall objective of the division is to provide risk management services to all state boards, commissions and agencies as well as governmental subdivisions. These services apply to all property and liability loss exposures and include risk identification and analysis, risk control programs and risk financing programs.

The division is responsible for maintaining loss and exposure data on all of the state's property and liability risks and must purchase the needed insurance coverage for all of state government.

After the program for the state has been implemented, the division will begin to provide risk management services to cities, counties, townships, school districts, area education agencies, area vocational schools and area community colleges within the state.

Surplus Property Division

Hoover State Office Building, Des Moines 50319

THOMAS L. ROLLER, Des Moines, director.

The Surplus Property Division acquires equipment and supplies no longer needed by the federal government and distributes them to eligible agencies within Iowa. The property, ranging from paperclips and typewriters, to bulldozers and aircraft, is used to fill the needs of public agencies, schools, hospitals, museums, libraries and non-profit health and education activities.

The division, which has an authorized staff of 14, is responsible for determining the property needs of the eligible agencies, locating and inspecting the property, transporting Iowa's allocation back to the state, maintaining accountability records, and making distribution in a fair and equitable manner.

After establishing eligibility, agency representatives may visit the Surplus Property Distribution Center on the Iowa State Fairgrounds in Des Moines where they may select from an inventory valued at more than \$5 million in original federal acquisition cost. During fiscal year 1980, \$6.7 million worth of federal surplus property was brought into the state for redistribution giving Iowa 150% of its theoretic national entitlement. This was accomplished at a cost of \$242,499, which covered all of the division's salaries and expenses. The division receives no appropriation, operating instead out of a revolving fund derived from small service charges paid by the recipients of federal surplus property.

Among the division's more notable acquisitions were a 277-foot riverboat; a herd of dairy cows for Iowa State University; 21 helicopters for cities, counties and schools; and the Nixon White House guard uniforms for the Meriden-Cleghorn High School Band.

Vehicle Dispatcher Division

MILFORD L. JUHL, Boone, State Vehicle Dispatcher

The 48th General Assembly vested authority in the governor, effective July 1, 1939, to assign all state-owned motor vehicles to state officers and employees, and state offices, department bureaus and commissions. A state car dispatcher was then appointed to control state-owned cars.

In 1941, the 49th General Assembly provided for the maintenance of all cars and trucks by the state car dispatcher. The 64th General Assembly created the Department of General Services and transferred from the governor to the director of the department, the authority to assign all state-owned vehicles, effective July 1, 1972. And at this time, the title was changed from state car dispatcher to state vehicle dispatcher.

In 1973, the 65th General Assembly amended the authority of the vehicle dispatcher to purchase, and the department to assign, all motor vehicles for all branches of state government, by granting the authority to purchase and assign vehicles, to the State Highway Commission, institutions under the State Board of Regents, the Commission for the Blind, and any other agencies exempted by law.

The cost of maintenance, plus administrative costs and depreciation for each motor vehicle are charged back to each department. The division maintains a record of miles driven, cost per mile of each unit, and the overall operation cost on approximately 2,121 units. The state vehicle dispatcher receives requests from the various departments desiring new units, and with the approval of the director of the department and with the cooperation of the Purchasing Division, holds bid lettings to purchase new vehicles and sells the old vehicles at public auctions. The division also approves, pays and supervises all repairs to state vehicles under its jurisdiction and assists in settling insurance claims.

The division garage maintains 198 pool vehicles in addition to doing as much work as possible on any of the remaining 1,923 assigned vehicles.

Parts, accessories and supplies are carried in the state service station and garage such as gasoline, oil, tires, batteries, anti-freeze, spark plugs, filters etc. for use on state vehicles.

The office operates under the jurisdiction of the director of the department. The state vehicle dispatcher is appointed by the director of General Services and serves at his pleasure. The staff includes 22 regular personnel.

Geological Survey

123 N. Capitol Street, Iowa City, Iowa

DONALD L. KOCH, Director and State Geologist, Iowa City.

The fundamental function of the Geological Survey is to collect, interpret, and report information on basic geologic features, including surface and groundwater, and products of the state including coal, gypsum, sand and gravel, ceramic clay and shale, limestone and dolomite, raw materials for the manufacture of cement, ore deposits, and other mineral resources. Extensive geophysical studies have augmented the normal geological studies. As the repository for all basic geologic and water data obtained in the state, the survey makes every effort to secure all such data and, in turn, to reduce the data so that it is meaningful and available to all agricultural, industrial, and governmental organizations and to individual citizens.

In addition to the basic data program, the survey conducts various research programs aimed at furthering the geologic and hydrologic knowledge of the state. The programs range from re-evaluation and manipulation of extant data to complex data gathering and interpretative surveys. The knowledge gained through research leads not only to better management of our known resources, but also to discovery, utilization and protection of the resources of Iowa. To implement research in hydrology in the state, the survey uses the authority granted in section 305.8, Code of Iowa, to cooperate with the Water Resources Division of the U.S. Geological Survey in cost-sharing programs. Cooperative programs with the Water Resources Division accomplish the collection and dissemination of data on water wells, water levels, streamflow and sediment loads, lake levels, and other hydraulic data.

The basic method of information dissemination is in formal reports and maps published by the Iowa Geological Survey. These publications include special county reports and maps covering geology and mineral production. There are four technical papers on Iowa coal and ten water supply bulletins. Recently an updated geologic map of Iowa and a mineral resources map of Iowa have been published. The publication of a new "public information" series has been established. In the absence of a report on a particular area of interest or where a detailed report is necessary for a specific purpose, unpublished special reports are provided to governmental units. To further the value of the reports, the survey acts in a consultative capacity to those nonprofit groups who seek assistance. Except where the state can expect to acquire important information, consultations with private consulting firms are not performed, but the survey data bank and files are freely available for the use of all.

In its role as consultant, the survey has the responsibility of providing information about naturally occurring resources. In this context the survey assumes a strong responsibility in advising local and regional planners as to effects various land uses will have on the environment under the existing geologic and hydrologic conditions of an area. The study of geologic conditions as they affect land-use planning and environmental preservation is an important interpretative function of the state geologist and his staff.

Consultation with various state and federal agencies with regulatory powers over activities affecting the environment is a part of the ongoing program of the survey. In accordance with chapter 84, Code of Iowa 1981, the state geologist acts as the oil and gas administrator.

Iowa State Department of Health

The Iowa State Board of Health is the policy-making body for the State Department of Health and has the powers and duties to adopt, promulgate, amend and repeal rules and regulations, and advise or make recommendations to the governor, General Assembly, and the commissioner of Public Health relative to public health, hygiene and sanitation.

The Iowa State Board of Health is comprised of the following members appointed by the governor:

FREDERIC M. ASHLER, M.D.; JOHN I. BALLENSKY, R.Ph., Sigourney; WILLIAM BROWN, D.D.S., Des Moines; KENNETH L. CLAYTON, D.O., Spirit Lake; JOHN L. CLEASBY, Ph.D., Ames; MARY KENNEDY R.N., Cedar Falls; AARON P. RANDOLPH, M.D., Anamosa; PAUL SEEBOHN, M.D., Iowa City; PAUL W. THIELKING, O.D., Des Moines.

Commissioner: NORMAN L. PAWLEWSKI, B.S., appointed by the governor.

Assistants to the commissioner: appointed by the commissioner of public health.

For Medical Affairs—RONALD D. ECKOFF, M.D., M.P.H.

Central Administration: Fiscal Office, Data Processing, Communications, Personnel Office, Office Services, Statistical Services, Vital Records—PAUL CARLSON, B.S., M.P.A.

For External Affairs: Legislative Services, Legal Services, Licensing and Certification—TED R. ELLIS, B.A.

Under the direction of the commissioner, the Iowa State Department of Health exercises general supervision of the state's public health, promotes public hygiene and sanitation, and, unless otherwise provided, enforces law relating to public health. The department's programs are conducted through service areas composed of appropriate divisions.

Office for Health Planning and Development

COOPER L. PARKER, director.

The Office for Health Planning and Development is responsible for:

1. Conducting the health planning activities of the state and implementing those parts of the State Health Plan and the plans of the Health Systems Agencies within the state which relate to the government of the state.
2. Preparing, reviewing and revising, as necessary (but at least annually), a preliminary State Health Plan.
3. Assisting the Statewide Health Coordinating Council in the performance of its functions generally.
4. Serving as the designated planning agency of the state for the purposes of Section 1122 of the Social Security Act when an agreement is approved pursuant to such section, and administering the State Certificate of Need program which applies to new institutional health services proposed to be offered or developed within the state.
5. Making findings as to the need for new institutional health services after consideration of recommendations submitted by the Health Systems Agencies.

Statewide Health Coordinating Council

Members are appointed by the governor. They are: C. F. Barrett, D.D.S., Davenport; Karen Blue, Red Oak; Barbara H. Brody, Davenport; Thomas R. Carlyle, Denison; Ardelle Conner, Glenwood; Leland M. Couch, Des Moines; Robert M. Dunlop, Orange City; Donald W. Dunn, Des Moines; Robert H. Evans, Logan; Gwendolyn W. Fowler, Des Moines; Marilee Fredericks, Ph.D., Des Moines; Robert G. Gibbs, Des Moines; Lois Haecker, Des Moines; Susan M. Hallock, Council Bluffs; Helen B. Henderson, Des Moines; Lynne M. Illes, Des Moines; Marcus L. Jarrett, Davenport; Linda Kamp, Davenport; Edward R. Lynn, Council Bluffs; Wayne H. Maddocks, Des Moines; Martha A. Nash, Waterloo; Robert A. Pfaff, M.D., Dubuque; Herman Rubel, Laurens; Ward Scott,

Farragut; Robert L. Simmons, Des Moines; Ethan Sproston, Cedar Rapids; Dale A. Turnmire, Cresco; John E. Tyrrell, M.D., Manchester; E. J. VanNostrand, Creston; Sara T. Wissing, Davenport.

Division of Community Health

RONALD D. ECKOFF, M.D., M.P.H., chief.

The Division of Community Health promotes and supports adequate and effective public health services at the local level. The Nursing Section assists communities in developing health services by providing technical advice, consultation and financial assistance. Regional offices are located at Manchester, Mason City, Spencer, Washington, Atlantic and Des Moines. The division also administers the home health service aspect of the Federal Health Insurance Benefits Program. The Deaf Service Section is striving to improve the availability of services to the deaf. A Renal Disease-Hypertension Section provides financial assistance for medically-related expenses to Iowans with chronic renal diseases, and supports professional and public education programs regarding hypertension. The Emergency Medical Services Section of the division conducts activities designed to improve the level of emergency medical services available to Iowans.

Deaf Services Advisory Committee

Members are appointed by the governor. They are: Lester Ahls, Cedar Falls; Joseph Myklebust, Council Bluffs; Lloyd W. Courter, Boone; Melanie H. Raulerson, Decorah; Don Kissel Sr., Des Moines; Sister Marcella Narlock, Clinton; Shirley Hampton, Davenport.

Renal Disease Advisory Committee

Members are appointed by the Public Health commissioner. They are: Duane Buchheit, Cedar Rapids; John Davis, Des Moines; Kennedy C. Fawcett, M.D., Ames; Margery Fearing, R.N., Iowa City; C. T. Flynn, M.D., Des Moines; Russell Pounds, Ames; Thomas B. Reed, Chariton; Carl J. Richards, M.D., Iowa City; Carrol Roy, Iowa City; John Van Vliet, Pella.

Governor's Emergency Medical Service Advisory Council

Members are appointed by the governor. They are: Albert E. Cram, M.D., Iowa City; Alice Akers, Orient; Don E. Boyle, M.D., Sioux City; John Collins, M.D., Walt Gary, Fairfield; Phyllis Griggs, R.N., Lake City; Jane Hasek, R.N., Waterloo; Duane Heintz, Bettendorf; Monnie Jo Honaker, R.N., Council Bluffs; Darwin Melcher, Decorah; Duane Terpenning, West Des Moines; Elizabeth Thompson, R.N. Mason City; Timothy Trosky, Cedar Rapids; Helen Van Gelder, R.N., Orange City; Don Wederquist, Des Moines.

Division of Disease Prevention

RUSSELL W. CURRIER, D.V.M., M.P.H., chief.

The Division of Disease Prevention is charged with determining the frequency with which 45 specific infectious diseases occur within Iowa's population and reducing the risk and costs of these diseases to the public. The division provides advice and assistance to local communities pertaining to the incidence and control of other communicable diseases. It is concerned with achieving the eventual eradication of tuberculosis and with decreasing and controlling venereal diseases in Iowa. It also functions to reduce the incidence of disease acquired from animals through improved recognition and control procedures. Additional activities center on reducing vaccine-preventable diseases through issuance of vaccine to public and private medical clinics, assessment of vaccination levels in Iowa children and conducting emergency clinics for outbreak control. An active disease control program is also provided for all other diseases of

public health importance, including hospital acquired infections. These programs involve active monitoring of disease, case investigation, and consultation in diagnosis, treatment, and control. Environmental engineering activities of the division focus on nonmunicipal water/sewage problems, enforcement of USPHS milk standards, community swimming pool maintenance, publication of state plumbing code and investigation of various environmental problems. Also a program to license and inspect diagnostic radiation equipment is operational.

During 1980, the division established two new activities focusing on health promotion/risk reduction initiatives at state and local levels, and a program to provide management assistance for refugee health problems.

Boards of Examiners

Appointed by the governor. The Iowa State Department of Health provides administrative support and a large variety of services to all boards through the Licensing and Certification Section, a unit within the Office of External Affairs.

Barber Examiners

The board, responsible for the licensing and inspection of approximately 2,000 barbers and 1,250 establishments, is composed of three licensed barbers and two public members. The barber licensing law was enacted in 1927, and Chapters 147, 158 and 258A are the principal laws governing the board.

Patricia E. Cornick, Des Moines; Harold L. Erichsen, Sioux City; Phyllis L. Henderson, West Des Moines; Richard E. Sisco, Cedar Rapids; Charles Vance, Davenport.

Chiropractic Examiners

The board, responsible for the licensing of approximately 1,100 chiropractors, is composed of five licensed chiropractors and two public members. The chiropractic licensing law was enacted in 1921, and Chapters 147, 151 and 258A are the principal laws governing the board.

Sister Mary Xavier Coens, Dubuque; Lloyd L. Cutler, D.C., Marshalltown; H. Ronald Frogley, D.C., Davenport; Lillian M. Leibhart, Ottumwa; Ronald O. Masters II, D.C., Mason City; Donald J. Meylor, D.C., LeMars; Milton F. Schlein, D.C., Postville.

Cosmetology Examiners

The board, responsible for the licensing and inspection of approximately 19,000 cosmetologists and 4,200 establishments, is composed of three licensed cosmetologists and two public members. The cosmetology licensing law was enacted in 1927, and Chapters 147, 157 and 258A are the principal laws governing the board.

Barbara Faylor, Ankeny; Marlene Donovan, Estherville; Helen Mefferd, Laurens; Delores C. Morris, Oelwein; Nancy Welter, Cedar Rapids.

Dental Examiners

The board, responsible for the licensing of approximately 3,700 dentists and dental hygienists, is composed of five licensed dentists, two licensed dental hygienists and two public members. The dental licensing law was enacted in 1900, and Chapters 147, 153 and 258A are the principal laws governing the board.

Nancy Flood, Seymour; Judith E. Glasgow, D.H., Coralville; Clarence R. Hosford, D.D.S., Monticello; Eugene E. Houk, D.D.S., Jefferson; Lewis A. James, D.D.S., Des Moines; A. G. Kegler, D.D.S., Independence; Connie Price, Des Moines; Marcia L. Wiedmeyer, D.H. Bettendorf; Daniel J. Welsh, D.D.S., Emmetsburg.

Hearing Aide Dealers Examiners

The board, responsible for the licensing of approximately 165 hearing aid dealers, is composed of three licensed as hearing aid dealers and two public members. The hearing aid dealers licensing law was enacted in 1974, and Chapters 147, 154A and 258A are the principal laws governing the board.

Larry D. Baker, Waterloo; Charles Edmund Chamberlain, Clear Lake; Mildred F. Coughlon, Ft. Dodge; Mary Mills, Muscatine; Clifford Welcher, Greenfield.

Mortuary Science Examiners

The board, responsible for the licensing of approximately 2,000 licensees, is composed of three licensed in mortuary science and two public members. The mortuary science licensing law was enacted in 1907, and Chapters 147, 156 and 258A are the principal laws governing the board.

Paul L. Chapman Sr., Clarence; Idamae Fake, Denison; Donna Gabriel, Clinton; Gene F. D. Siegert, Dubuque; Gary L. Sliefert, Storm Lake.

Nursing Home Administrators Examiners

The board, responsible for the licensing of approximately 675 nursing home administrators, is composed of four persons licensed as nursing home administrators, three persons licensed in other professions involved with the treatment of the chronically ill or elderly, and two public members. The nursing home administrators licensing law was enacted in 1970, and Chapters 147, 135E and 258A are the principal laws governing the board.

Joanne K. Austad, Newton; Lester Beachy, M.D., Des Moines; Mary E. Heltsley, Ames; the Rev. Lyle E. Peters, Des Moines; Phyllis J. Peters, Sioux City; Richard F. Babe, D.D.S., Des Moines; Lois M. Sherman, Cedar Falls; Sidney S. Vander Woude, Coralville.

Optometry Examiners

The board, responsible for the licensing of approximately 540 optometrists, is composed of five licensed optometrists and two public members. The optometry licensing law was enacted in 1909, and Chapters 147, 154 and 258A are the principal laws governing the board.

Ira Max Deal, Mt. Pleasant; Larry D. DeCook, Newton; Maria Alicia Garcia-May, Des Moines; Bertha J. Kirkwood, Ankeny; Earl M. Overholser, Shenandoah; Martha H. Peck, Fort Madison; Robert F. Renfro, Sioux City.

Physical and Occupational Therapy Examiners

The board, responsible for the licensing of approximately 715 people, is composed of three licensed physical therapists, two licensed occupational therapists and two public members. The physical therapy law was enacted in 1965, and the occupational therapy law was enacted in 1981, and Chapters 147, 148A and 258A are the principal laws governing the board.

Richard Davison, L.P.T., Dubuque; Deborah L. Green, Boone; Jean J. Linder, O.T., Des Moines; Kristi Livingston, Clear Lake; Ferol S. Menzel, Ph.D., Ames; Sharon A. Simmons, L.P.T., Des Moines.

Podiatry Examiners

The board, responsible for the licensing of approximately 165 podiatrists, is composed of three licensed podiatrists and two public members. The podiatry licensing law was enacted in 1921, and Chapters 147, 149 and 258A are the principal law governing the board.

Margaret A. Harden, Perry; Robert R. Morris, D.P.M., Storm Lake; Ray J. Samuel, D.P.M., Marshalltown; Wilfred M. Spector, D.P.M., Iowa City; Shirley A. Thompson, Keokuk.

Psychology Examiners

The board, responsible for the licensing of approximately 340 psychologists, is composed of five licensed psychologists and two public members. The psychology licensing law was enacted in 1975, and Chapters 147, 154B and 258A are the principal laws governing the board.

Darrel Dierks, M.S., Cedar Falls; Kathryn Clark Gerken, Ph.D., Iowa City; Marjorie S. Halstrom, Cherokee; Joan M. Jacob, Cedar Rapids; Herbert S. Roth, Ph.D., Des Moines; Norman Scott, Ph.D., Ames; Ellen E. Steele, Dubuque.

Speech Pathology and Audiology Examiners

The board, responsible for licensing of approximately 325 people, is composed of five licensed speech pathologists or audiologists and two public members. The speech pathologists and audiologists licensing law was enacted in 1976, and Chapters 147 and 258A are the principal laws governing the board.

Jacqueline F. Bryant, Cedar Rapids; Kenneth C. Hawes, Rockford; Marvin Pekny, Council Bluffs; John E. Scherrman, Sioux City; Julia A. Shirk, Des Moines; Darrell L. Wheeler, Knoxville; Donald R. White, Davenport.

Advanced Emergency Medical Care Council

Members are appointed by the State Board of Health. They are: James German, D.O., Des Moines; Ronald D. Eckoff, M.D., M.P.H., Des Moines; Jane Hasek, R.N., Reinbeck; Robert G. Hathaway, M.D., Waterloo; William Kettelkamp, M.D., Marion; Jerry Long, Webster City; Roger Nelson, Brooklyn; Joseph H. Spearing, Harlan; Mike Stevens, Cedar Rapids; Ernest O. Theilen, M.D., Iowa City; Carol Wagner, R.N., Mount Vernon; Douglas K. York, Ottumwa.

Division of Personal and Family Health

JOHN E. GOODRICH, D.D.S., M.P.H., chief.

The Division of Personal and Family Health works in several specific areas to provide health care for Iowans. The Maternal and Child Health Section strives to assure comprehensive health services, especially preventive, for women (ages 15-44), and children (under age 21), in the state of Iowa by funding and promoting the development of Child Health Centers and Maternal Health Centers. The Child Health Centers and Maternal Health Centers assure preventive health to children and pregnant women through health education, assessment, counseling, referral to the appropriate health and social providers, and appropriate follow-up. The Dental Health Section works to assure good oral health for Iowa's citizens by promoting community water fluoridation, topical fluoride programs, school dental health education, preventive dentistry and screening and referral services.

A Birth Defects Institute was established in the Iowa State Department of Health by the 66th General Assembly. This program provides genetic counseling to Iowa families through 16 regional clinic sites. In addition, the institute is authorized to seek information on the causes for prevention of birth defects and related diseases. It can conduct research, distribute its findings, educate and train medical practitioners, and is in the process of instituting a program for screening of newborns for four genetic and metabolic diseases.

A Supplemental Food Program (WIC) in 99 counties serves low income women and children who are nutritionally at risk by providing special foods, nutrition education and referral for health care.

A sudden Infant Death Syndrome Program informs and educates the public about sudden infant death, and provides crisis counseling for parents.

The Iowa Family Planning Program provides services to residents of 59 counties through contracts with 12 delegate agencies. Clinics and local physicians provide medical examinations for contraceptive care, counseling on infertility and sterilization, and referrals for educational and supportive health services.

Birth Defects Advisory Committee

Members are appointed by the public health commissioner. They are: James Hanson, M.D., Iowa City; Dwight Cruikshank, M.D., Iowa City; Richard Fischer, Des Moines; Kathleen Kellen, Des Moines; John MacQueen, M.D., Iowa City; Vernon Varner, M.D., J.D., Des Moines; Michael E. Myszewski, Ph.D., Des Moines; Joan K. Stadler, Ph.D., Ames; Brenda Goepfert, R.N., Cedar Rapids; Virginia VonTalge, Manchester; Harold Bridges, Muscatine; Clive Ayers, D.O., Atlantic; Vasthi Christensen, R.N., Council Bluffs; Zenobia White, Des Moines; Mary Lyons, M.D., Des Moines; Minnette Doderer, Iowa City; Sen. Lucas J. DeKoster, Hull.

Division of Health Facilities

J. N. BUCKLEY, chief.

The Division of Health Facilities is comprised of several sections and programs administering activities directed at improving specific aspects of institutional health care. These sections employ programs of education, consultation and regulation to improve the safety of the physical plant and improve the quality of health care provided for the patients in the institutions. Where federal construction grant-in-aid or loan assistance was made available, the division assists sponsors and the federal government in processing claims for federal payments, filing progress reports, construction monitoring and assurance commitments.

The division also provides supporting staff to the following councils:

Hospital Licensing Board

Members are appointed by the governor and hold office for a four-year term or until their successors are appointed: Dwight G. Reigert, Davenport; Richard G. Schreiber, Ottumwa; Kenneth Hobson, Cherokee; Bernard M. Grahek, Cedar Rapids; and Charles Ingersoll, Des Moines.

Health Facilities Advisory Committee

Members are appointed by the commissioner. They are: Robert Leber, Des Moines; Lois Hacker, Des Moines; Lynne Illis, Des Moines; Gary Gesaman, Des Moines; Buck Brock, Des Moines; Royce Jones, Fort Dodge; Joyce Anderson, Mason City; Harold Trupp, Waterloo; Robert Gibbs, Des Moines; Helen Henderson, Des Moines; Bill Howard, Des Moines; Dr. Joseph Veverka, Prairie City; G. Sharp Lannom IV, Grinnell; Dr. W. W. Morris, Iowa City; Dennis Howe, Des Moines; Dana L. Petrowsky, Des Moines; Larry Breeding, West Des Moines; Eldon Huston, West Des Moines; Wendell Stone, West Des Moines; Meg Speer, Ames; G. K. Dawley, Eagle Grove; Herb Dean, Des Moines; Gary Soderberg, Iowa City; Carol Arslander, Urbandale.

Iowa State Historical Department

East 12th and Grand Avenue, Des Moines

LE ROY PRATT, chairman, Des Moines; term expires 1983.
 ROBERT J. DIETRICH, Creston; term expires 1983.
 ELIZABETH A. KLECKNER, Orchard; term expires 1983.
 LAURENCE D. LAFORE, Iowa City; term expires 1982.
 R. CLARK MALLAM, Decorah; term expires 1982.
 GEORGE S. MILLS, Des Moines; term expires 1982.
 ROGER D. NATTE, Fort Dodge; term expires 1982.
 WARREN J. REES, Anamosa; term expires 1981.
 LELAND L. SAGE, Cedar Falls; term expires 1981.
 HELEN M. VIRDEN, Mount Pleasant; term expires 1982.
 PRISCILLA L. WANATEE, Tama; term expires 1981.
 WILLIAM O. WEAVER, Wapello; term expires 1981.

Division of Historical Museum and Archives

JACK MUSGROVE, director.

The State Historical, Memorial and Art Department was organized in 1892 by Charles Aldrich. The State Historical Building was erected in 1898, with an addition to present size in 1908.

The department was reorganized in 1939 as the Iowa State Department of History and Archives. On July 1, 1974, the department became one of three divisions of the Iowa State Historical Department, a state agency created by the 65th General Assembly with the name being changed to Division of Historical Museum and Archives. The director is selected by the State Historical Board. Under this reorganization plan, the division encompasses six sections, each functioning to preserve the history of Iowa.

The Archives Section has under its jurisdiction all records of state transactions, legal legislative and administrative papers. They now total over 50 million pieces of information and are constantly on the increase. However, every item is cataloged and is readily retrieved if the occasion arises. The State Archives Section was moved into larger quarters in the Harvester Building, Seventh and Court Avenue, and already storage space is at a premium.

ANNALS OF IOWA is concerned with the quarterly publication of factual written material pertinent to Iowa history. This section was founded over 113 years ago and has served well to preserve and publish items of historical value.

The Census Section is used to establish records of birth and genealogy and in many cases can provide the only records of birth and residence available to some citizens. The census records date back more than 125 years and are a very valuable source of historical information to genealogists and researchers.

The Historical Library contains a wealth of historical materials in the form of grave records, county histories, genealogical reference books and history books pertaining to Iowa and its growth. This library collection consists of over 60,000 volumes and is considered to be the best source of historical and genealogical information in the Midwest. In addition, the manuscripts and papers of famous Iowans are cataloged and housed in the Historical Library.

The Newspaper Section also plays an important part in preserving history as it is written day by day. Daily and weekly papers from each of the 99 counties in Iowa are received, cataloged and microfilmed. They then become part of the most complete newspaper collection in the Midwest. These publications provide an invaluable source of on-the-spot history to researchers and cover the development of Iowa from the earliest times.

The Historical Museum provides Iowans and visitors with a comprehensive look at the history of our state. Museum exhibits fully cover the story of Iowa as told by rocks and fossils on up to, and including, the Atomic Age. Here, Iowans can see how the state has developed from the primitive prairie of yesterday into the progressive Iowa of today. The Iowa State Museum is an unrivaled and unique institution in which all Iowans can take pride; its doors are open every day of the year to welcome individuals or groups. School groups of all ages make use of the guide services, and lectures are provided to emphasize any phase of history or pre-history.

Museum displays encompass all facets of the history of our state. Displayed are tools, utensils and implements used by Iowa pioneers to conquer the wilderness and

make it productive. Transportation items range from pioneer ox wagons, stage coaches and early automobiles to those of the airplane age. There is a fine collection of Kentucky rifles, both flintlock and percussion, as well as many other early firearms.

Progress in telephone communication is exemplified by a collection of telephone instruments that present the history of telephones in Iowa from first to latest.

The Indian history of Iowa is traced from the earliest cultures to modern times. Many ancient artifacts are on display along with an unexcelled collection of more recent Indian materials including beadwork, canoe and wickiup. The civil history displays include antique glassware, tools, household items and artifacts used by pioneer Iowans in their pursuit of everyday living. These relics help us to get a glimpse of life as it was. Souvenirs on display also help to depict the part that Iowa and Iowans have played in the military activities of past years.

The geology of Iowa is represented by rock samples, mineral specimens and fossils from every formation in the state, covering over a half-billion years of geologic time. On display is an exhibit of fossil starfish and crinoids from LeGrand, an area famous for the fine specimens which have been obtained there.

The wildlife exhibits portray the bird and animal life of Iowa, both past and present. A set of bird study skins is also maintained for use by study groups and conservation organizations.

The use of the division's facilities by individuals, school and college groups is on the increase and the staff of the Division of Historical Museum and Archives is always ready to aid the public in its quest for historical facts.

Division of the State Historical Society

402 Iowa Ave., Iowa City 52240

PETER T. HARSTAD, director.

This institution traces its roots back to 1857 when the General Assembly enacted legislation to create a state historical society in Iowa City. The current policies of this division are established by the Iowa State Historical Board. The agency is supported by state appropriation, by its members, and by gifts and grants. As of July 1, 1980 there were over 8,000 members of the State Historical Society — the largest membership of any state historical society in the Midwest.

According to the *Code of Iowa* (Chapter 303), the State Historical Society exists to: "maintain a library of materials related to the history of this state and illustrative of the progress and development of the state; conduct historical studies and researches and issue publications; disseminate knowledge of the history of this state among the people of the state; encourage and assist local, county, and regional organizations devoted to historical purposes and foster an understanding and appreciation of Iowa history among all units of government; maintain artifacts of archaeological significance; plan, develop and publicize a uniform system of marking state historical, archaeological, geological and legendary sites."

The library contains over 115,000 cataloged items; 13,000 bound newspaper volumes and over 11,000 reels of microfilmed newspapers and census data. Several of the items include: county histories, centennial publications, biographies, governmental documents, city directories, plat books, atlases, cemetery records and maps. The Manuscript collection consists of more than 2,800 linear feet of personal papers, letters, diaries and records of organizations and businesses. In addition, there are over 100,000 photographs and some 300 oral history tapes and transcripts. The collections are available for public use. Reference service by mail or telephone is also provided.

The society's award-winning popular history magazine, *The Palimpsest*, is published six times per year. *News for Members*, a newsletter which tells about the society's activities, appears quarterly. *The Goldfinch*, a history magazine for school children, is also published four times a year. The society continues its long tradition of issuing scholarly books on Iowa history topics; efforts are also underway to revitalize a scholarly historical journal.

The division administers the Toolesboro Mound Group, a Hopewell burial site near Wapello which is a National Historic Landmark. The historical markers along Iowa's interstate highways are erected by the society.

The full-time staff is comprised of a director, an associate director (who heads up Field Services), an administrative assistant, an editor, a historical researcher, a

manuscript librarian and aide, three professional librarians, a business manager, a receptionist, and two secretaries. The society also benefits from the services of part-time employees, college work-study students and volunteers.

Division of Historic Preservation

26 E. Market St., Iowa City 52240

ADRIAN D. ANDERSON, director.

History:

Prior to 1974, the responsibilities and services now centered in the Division of Historic Preservation were located in several other state agencies. In 1970, following requirements of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, William J. Petersen, the superintendent of the State Historical Society, initiated efforts to establish a state historic preservation program for Iowa. In late 1971, Adrian D. Anderson, then assistant state archaeologist, was appointed by the governor to develop a State Historical Preservation program in accordance with federal guidelines. The program was juggled between state agencies for a time—first in the Office of the State Archaeologist (1971-1973), and later in the State Conservation Commission (1973-1974). Stability for the program finally came with the organization of the State Historical Department in 1974. At this time, the State Historical Preservation program was given division status and responsibility for the coordination of both federal and state preservation efforts. Since then, the state has become increasingly committed to preservation objectives. As a result, the division has become a center of professional preservation experience and expertise to better serve Iowa residents.

Services:

The Division of Historic Preservation works with those traces of our history which do not lend themselves to being housed in either a museum or library—buildings, structures, sites and districts. Efforts to conserve the man-made environment involve the disciplines of architecture and archaeology in addition to history. Programs administered by the division include statewide Historical, Architectural and Archaeological Surveys; the Inventory Program; the National Register of Historic Places for Iowa; the Grants-in-Aid Program; the Public Information Program; the Review and Compliance Program; and the Property Development Program.

- Iowa's past is revealed through existing structures and sites associated with the persons, events and patterns of development which figured in the history of communities and regions. The objective of the *Historical Survey* is to systematically identify and recognize such properties.
- The *Architectural Survey* locates, documents and evaluates Iowa's built environment with an eye toward materials, style, construction technique and architecture. This survey capitalizes on the fact that Iowa's rural and urban landscapes provide ample opportunity to study and appreciate the architectural character of Middle America.
- Much of the record of Iowa's earliest peoples is hidden beneath the soil. The *Archaeological Survey* is designed to locate and study these remnants of earlier cultures, and to plan their preservations.
- Information gathered about culturally significant properties through professional research and surveys, and from material contributed by interested individuals and historical groups is recorded and made accessible to the public through the *Inventory Program*. Photographs, maps and other documentation is collected for each site.
- The *National Register of Historic Places* is the nation's official list of cultural resources considered worthy of preservation. It recognizes properties of historical, architectural and archaeological significance, and since 1966, has included properties of local and state significance as well as national significance. National Register properties are identified through the division's surveys and with the assistance of interested citizens around the state.

- The *Grants-in-Aid Program* provides matching funds for assistance in the restoration, rehabilitation and acquisition of properties listed in the National Register of Historic Places. Funds for this program are made available through the U.S. Department of Interior, Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service.
- Due to continuing public interest in preservation issues and programs, the division maintains a *Public Information and Education Program* to provide advisory services, speakers, print materials and visual materials. The division issues a quarterly newsletter, *The Bracket*, which deals with a variety of preservation topics and is available to the public free of charge.
- Through its *Review and Compliance Program*, the Division of Historic Preservation fulfills its federal responsibilities for the protection of cultural resources. All federally funded and licensed projects within the state are reviewed to determine whether or not they endanger significant historical, architectural or archaeological resources. Comment is provided promptly to ensure that projects will not be delayed.
- The *Property Development Program* involves the division in management of several state-owned historic sites: "Montauk," the home of former Governor William Larrabee in Clermont, the Union Sunday School, and the Clermont Bank and Museum exhibiting the Larrabee museum collection. The division also manages the historic Gardner log cabin, associated with "The Spirit Lake Massacre" in 1957. Through this program, the division is also able to advise other government agencies and the public on proper preservation and management for historic properties.

Iowa Housing Finance Authority

418 Sixth Ave., Des Moines 50309

GORDON AISTROPE, chairman, Fairfield.
 GLEN ERICKSON, vice chairman, Davenport.
 GENE GEISSINGER, treasurer, Des Moines.
 ROY BERGER, Des Moines.
 CONSTANCE FOSTER, Des Moines.
 NEIL RONFELDT, Council Bluffs.
 ELMER VERMEER, Sioux Center.
 EARL YODER, Iowa City.
 JOY CORNING, Waterloo.
 WILLIAM H. MCNARNEY, director.

The 66th General Assembly in 1975, created the Iowa Housing Finance Authority to develop and undertake programs which assist in attainment of adequate housing for low or moderate income families, elderly families and families with one or more persons who are handicapped or disabled.

The duties of the authority are to utilize the proceeds of the sale of bonds and notes, state appropriations, federal grant and loan programs, and local and private contributions, to provide loans and grants to eligible recipients, to monitor such programs and regularly account for same to the citizens of Iowa.

Thirty percent or more of the housing units provided directly or indirectly by the authority in any three-year period must be for benefit of very low-income families, elderly families or families with one or more persons who are handicapped or disabled.

Iowa Industrial Commissioner

Workers' Compensation Service

507 - 10th St., Des Moines 50319

ROBERT C. LANDESS, commissioner; term expires 1985.

CARL J. HAALAND, assistant.

JOSEPH M. BAUER, deputy commissioner.

LEE M. JACKWIG, deputy commissioner.

E. J. KELLY, deputy commissioner.

DAVID E. LINQUIST, deputy commissioner.

JUDITH ANN HIGGS, deputy commissioner.

DAVID B. MORANVILLE, deputy commissioner.

HELMUT MUELLER, deputy commissioner.

MARY M. WEIBEL, legal analyst.

LEONARD C. EWALD, rehabilitation counselor.

MARIANNE E. GILLIAM, claim analyst.

LAURA HEEMSTRA, claim analyst.

CARRIE THOMAS, claim analyst.

WENDY K. WILSON, claim analyst.

The Workers' Compensation Law was enacted by the 35th General Assembly in 1913. The industrial commissioner administers this law. Iowa was one of the first states to provide benefits for injuries, occupational diseases and occupational hearing loss sustained by industrial workers. Injuries resulting in death, permanent disability or temporary disability must be reported to the commissioner. If the injured worker and employer agree on compensation, a memorandum thereof is approved by the commissioner. If an agreement cannot be reached, either the employee or employer may request a hearing before a deputy commissioner in a county of the judicial district where the injury occurred. Decisions are reviewed by the commissioner and may be appealed to a district court and the Supreme Court. Settlement agreements or awards may be re-opened for three years after the last payment if the injured employee has a change of condition.

The industrial commissioner is a member of the Employment Agency License Commission, the Governor's Committee on Employment of the Handicapped and the State Employees Deferred Compensation Committee.

Commissioner of Insurance

Lucas Building, Des Moines 50319

Term four years. Appointed by the governor.

BRUCE W. FOUDDREE, insurance commissioner.

RICHARD S. BALDWIN, deputy commissioner and chief examiner.

TONY L. SCHRADER, deputy commissioner.

JANET GRIFFIN, deputy commissioner.

CRAIG GOETTSCHE, superintendent of securities.

LANICE LUNDBERG, administrative officer.

The office of commissioner of insurance, as the executive head of the Insurance Department of Iowa, was created by chapter 146, of the laws of the 35th General Assembly (1913). The first commissioner took office on July 1, 1914. Previous to that time, the supervision of insurance had been under the direction of the auditor of state.

The commissioner of insurance has general control, supervision and direction over all insurance business transacted in the state, and is charged with the responsibility of administering the laws of the state relating to insurance.

Under the law, all securities in which the reserves of Iowa life insurance companies are invested, are required to be deposited with the commissioner and complete records are kept showing each item on deposit at all times.

The commissioner supervises all transactions relating to the organization, re-organization, liquidation and dissolution of domestic insurance corporations. He supervises the sale in the state of all stock or other evidences of interest either by

domestic or foreign insurance companies. He is the statutory receiver in the event of liquidation of any Iowa insurance company.

All domestic and foreign insurance companies must, before engaging in the insurance business in this state, obtain a certificate of authority from the commissioner of insurance. These certificates expire annually on May 1, and action is taken on their renewals after analysis of complete financial statements filed covering the condition of the company as of the previous year end. All insurance agents must likewise obtain individual licenses to solicit business. In 1979, there were 1,200 insurance companies authorized to do business in the state, and approximately 45,000 individual agents were licensed.

A state statute requires casualty insurance companies to file policy forms and rates with the insurance commissioner for approval, and a rating division has been set up with the insurance department to handle form and rate filings together with supporting statistical information. There are approximately 23,000 filings per year.

In addition, the commissioner supervises the business of life and health insurers, health maintenance organizations, and mutual hospital and health service corporations, including rates and forms used by them. There are approximately 13,000 of these filings each year.

The commissioner conducts examinations of all domestic insurance organizations at least once every three years. He may also make an examination of any foreign insurance company authorized or seeking to be authorized to do business within the state.

Securities Department

The Iowa securities law is administered by the commissioner of insurance. Chapter 502 of the Code of Iowa empowers the commissioner to regulate the sale of securities within the state of Iowa and provides for the licensing of securities salesmen and dealers.

The commissioner also has jurisdiction over the sale of stock on the installment plan and sale of memberships or certificates of membership entitling the holder thereof to purchase merchandise, materials or services on a discount or cost-plus basis.

Advisory Investment Board

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System

P.O. Box 1555, Des Moines 50306

Term: six years.

SEN. JOHN NYSTROM, Boone.

REP. DOUGLAS SHULL, Indianola.

JOSEPH TRECEK, term expires 1987.

DALE K. DE KOSTER, Waterloo (banking); term expires 1985.

ELDON MEYERS, Mason City School System; term expires 1987.

KEITH GUNZENHAUSER, Des Moines (life insurance); term expires 1983.

BETTY S. MAXHEIMER, Wright County treasurer; term expires 1983.

The Advisory Investment Board consists of seven members and includes a member of the Senate appointed by the president of the Senate and a member of the House of Representatives appointed by the speaker of the House as ex officio members. An executive of a domestic life insurance company, state or national bank operating within Iowa, major industrial corporation located within Iowa, and two ex officio members who are active members of the system — one an employee of a school district, county school system, joint county system or merged area, and one who is not an employee of a school district, county school system, joint county system or merged area — are appointed to the board by the governor.

Moneys collected and not immediately needed for the payment of retirement benefits are invested in securities. All investments are made on order of the Iowa Employment Security Commission upon the recommendation of the Advisory Investment Board.

Iowa Department of Job Service

1000 E. Grand Ave., Des Moines 50319

COLLEEN SHEARER, director.

RICHARD G. FREEMAN, deputy director.

JAMES HUNSAKER III, administrative officer.

WALTER F. MALEY, General Counsel.

KENNETH L. HAYS, administrator, Job Placement Division.

PAUL H. MORAN, administrator, Job Insurance Division.

EDMUND R. LONGNECKER, administrator, Iowa Public Employees Retirement System.

ERWIN E. FRERICHS, administrator, Administrative Service Division.

The Iowa Department of Job Service is composed of three divisions committed to the advancement of economic security for Iowa's workers—Job Placement and Job Insurance Divisions, and the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System. A fourth division—Staff Services—provides support for these three through six staff departments—Methods and Planning, Personnel, Data Processing, Research and Statistics, Information Services and Staff Development. The fifth division—Administrative Services—manages the agency's budgeting, accounting and fiscal responsibilities. The divisions of Job Placement and Job Insurance are administered under Chapter 96 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Public Employees Retirement System administration is under Chapter 97B, Code of Iowa.

Job Placement Division

The Job Placement division is responsible for the operation of Job Service facilities throughout Iowa to assist employers to obtain workers and to assist people to obtain work or training for which they are qualified. Toward this goal, Job Service provides related services of job counseling, aptitude and proficiency testing, job training assistance and special services to veterans, minority group members, handicapped, youth and older workers. The Job Placement division utilizes the most modern placement techniques such as computerized Job Bank and self-service Job Information Centers. In addition, complete labor market information is available through both general and special publications for employers, interested groups or organizations and applicants.

The ever-increasing number of Job Placement offices throughout the state has made the services available to all workers in the state. A total of 76 offices are using improved techniques and greater efficiency to help job seekers find employment. In federal fiscal year 1979, the division placed 113,694 Iowans in jobs.

Job Insurance Division

The purpose of Job Insurance is to partially compensate for wages lost by workers who are involuntarily unemployed. Job Insurance benefits are made possible by a tax paid by Iowa employers of one or more employees. This tax, accumulated in a trust fund, pays jobless workers for up to 39 weeks during a 12-month period. To collect benefits, the unemployed must meet eligibility requirements and must be unable to find suitable work. Benefits are paid weekly and amounts are based on earnings. In calendar year 1979, Job Insurance benefit payments totaled over \$112,140,480 million.

To assure a fair tax for each employer, rates are established on the basis of an actuarially sound system. Where there is a stable employment record, the tax rate may be lower than the standard rate, providing a strong incentive to the employer to maintain steady work and avoid layoffs.

Iowa Public Employees Retirement System

In 1953, the state Legislature established the IPERS Program as a supplement to federal Social Security for public employees. Since its beginning, the system has steadily improved and retirees' benefits have shown continued gains. Actuarially sound and fully funded, IPERS is a joint contributory program with employers contributing 5.75 percent of their employees' covered wages and employees paying 3.7 percent of wages up to \$20,000. About 142,900 employees of the state, its counties, cities and school districts, take part in the IPERS Program.

In addition to administering the state retirement system, the IPERS division is also responsible for public agency Social Security wage reporting and for collecting Social Security taxes from the state and its political subdivisions.

Federal Employment and Training Programs

Besides the activities of Job Placement, Job Insurance and IPERS divisions, the Iowa Department of Job Service administers federal programs for the Employment and Training Administration for the U.S. Department of Labor. Included among these are Trade Expansion Act, Work Incentive program, Job Corps and others.

Bureau of Labor

307 E. Seventh, Des Moines 50319

Commissioner appointed by the governor.

ALLEN J. MEIER, commissioner.

The office of labor commissioner was created by the 20th General Assembly in 1884.

Under the provisions of law, the commissioner is a member of the private employment agency commission and chairman of the committee on child labor. The commissioner also serves as the athletic commissioner and regulates all professional wrestling and boxing in the state of Iowa.

The bureau is responsible for the enforcement of laws relating to occupational safety and health, child labor/migrant labor, passenger and freight elevators, installation and inspection of fired and unfired pressure vessels, private employment agencies, reporting of work injuries and illnesses, the inspection and regulation of amusement rides, and wage collection/ payment, and railroad sanitation laws.

Iowa Board of Landscape Architectural Examiners

1018 Des Moines St., Des Moines 50319

Appointed by the governor

JOHN M. ROBERTS, chairman, Ames; term expires 1984.

JESSE LEWIS, vice chairman, Des Moines; term expires 1984.

MILFORD A. FJARE, Council Bluffs; term expires 1983.

JACK E. LEAMAN, Ames; term expires 1982.

NORMA S. PETERS, Waterloo; term expires 1984.

DOROTHY B. SHEIL, Des Moines; term expires 1983.

THOMAS R. DUNBAR, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

MARGUERITE MILLER, West Des Moines; executive secretary.

The law for the registration of landscape architects and the appointment of the Board of Landscape Architects was enacted in 1975 during the first session of the 66th General Assembly. Anyone wishing to practice landscape architecture in the state of Iowa shall be required to qualify under the provisions of this act—Chapter 118A, Code of Iowa.

The Landscape Architectural Examiners Board meet at various times of the year to interview applicants for registration by the Uniform National Examination or by reciprocity.

The Uniform National Examination is given once a year, in December. The examination requires three days, a 20-hour duration.

The board is a member of the Council of Landscape Architectural Registration Board and collaborates closely with the council.

Iowa Law Enforcement Academy

Located at Camp Dodge

Governing body: Iowa Law Enforcement Academy Council.

GARY D. HUGHES, chairman, Iowa City.

GREGORY H. WILLIAMS, vice chairman, Iowa City.

SEN. GARY L. BAUGHER, Ankeny.

ROSE MARIE EDGERTON, Davenport.

LEWIS E. GLENN, Cedar Falls.

PAUL C. HOFFEY, Cedar Falls.

REP. LEE W. HOLT, Spencer.

FRANK METZGER, Des Moines.

HARLAN C. PHILLIPS, Omaha.

BILLIE B. WALLACE, Des Moines.

Academy staff:

JOHN F. CALLAGHAN, director, Urbandale.

BEN K. YARRINGTON, assistant director, Ankeny.

The Iowa Law Enforcement Academy, located at Camp Dodge, was created by the 62nd General Assembly to implement a mandated, law-enforcement, training program. This program requires the initial and continued training of all law enforcement officers in the state regardless of whether the officer is employed by the state, a county or a municipality. The academy provides a 10-week, recruit-training program together with in-service and command-level programs as well as specialized schools in all areas of law enforcement. The training, all equipment and material for such training are provided at no cost to the officer, his department or the community.

The academy is responsible for the development of training programs, the approval of regional training facilities, and the establishment and enforcement of hiring standards for law-enforcement officers. In addition to making recommendations to the governor, the attorney general, the Department of Public Safety and the Legislature, deemed necessary for improvement of the law-enforcement service, the academy is authorized to direct research and accept grants to conduct studies directed toward upgrading law enforcement to professional status.

State Library Commission of Iowa

East Wing, Historical Building, Des Moines 50319

BARRY L. PORTER, state librarian.

DR. RALPH DORNER, Des Moines; term expires June 30, 1983.

JULIA FALK, Shenandoah; term expires June 30, 1981.

RICHARD O. SHIRK, Oelwein; term expires June 30, 1981.

MARIE WALLINGA, chairperson, Sioux Center; term expires June 30, 1982.

WILLIAM O'BRIEN, Des Moines; Supreme Court administrator.

The 65th General Assembly established a library department which includes the State Library, formerly the Iowa State Traveling Library; the Law Library; and the Medical Library under the State Library Commission of Iowa. In 1975, the Military Library division which is located at Camp Dodge was included.

The commission consists of the Supreme Court administrator and four members appointed by the governor who serve four-year terms. One member is from the medical profession and three members are selected at large. The state librarian, appointed by the State Library Commission, supervises all activities of the department.

State Library

East Wing, Historical Building

BARRY L. PORTER, state librarian.
JACK W. HURKETT, assistant director.

Gov. Robert Lucas established the State Library in 1839. The library has grown from 1,600 volumes to a library containing 112,368 volumes; 10,275 microfilm reels; 180,000 microfiche; 15,000 phonorecords; 300 audio tapes; 3,413 16 mm films; and 46 video tapes. The library also has a specialized collection of books about Iowa and books written by Iowa authors.

Chapter 303A of the **Iowa Code** sets forth the duties and functions of the State Library. Its function is to work toward the development of statewide library services, to provide library service to governmental agencies, to the state Legislature, and to residents of Iowa. A statewide network, the Iowa Library Information Teletype Exchange (I-LITE) provides interlibrary loan service to state government and libraries throughout Iowa.

The State Library is a selective federal depository of U.S. publications. Emphasis is placed on collecting documents of interest to state government and the public, such as Bureau of Census materials. In addition to the depository collection, the State Library subscribes to a service providing indexing and a comprehensive microfiche collection of federal statistical and congressional publications.

The State Library participates as the principal repository for publications and microform products of Iowa Census Data Center, a prototype program of the U.S. Bureau of the Census. The State Library also serves as the primary printed document distribution point for the Iowa Census Data Center.

In 1978, the General Assembly passed an act creating a Depository Library Center to serve as the central agency for the collection and distribution of state documents. The Depository Library Center began to collect and distribute state documents in July 1979.

The state documents are distributed to the Library of Congress, the Center for Research Libraries, and 41 Iowa depository libraries, which are geographically distributed throughout the state in order to give all Iowa residents access to Iowa documents published by state agencies and institutions.

The State Library administers state funds and federal funds made available under the Library Services and Construction Act.

Consultant service is provided to libraries, state institutions, college and university libraries. The State Library gives support to the regional systems and distributes appropriated funds to regional libraries on an equal basis.

The regional library system was established in 1973 for the purpose of providing supportive library services to existing public libraries and individuals with no other access to public library service and to encourage local financial support of public library service in those localities where it is presently inadequate or nonexistent. The state is divided into seven regions, each with its own regional board of library trustees. Each board appoints the regional administrator for its region.

State Law Library

West Wing, Second floor, State Capitol Building

JAMES H. GRITTON, state law librarian.

In the reorganization of the state libraries by the 65th General Assembly in 1973, the Law Library became a division of the State Library Commission. The law librarian is appointed by the state librarian with the approval of the Iowa State Library Commission and the Iowa Supreme Court.

The Law Library's collection contains over 180,000 volumes, including the laws and reports of all of the states and some foreign countries, government documents, the abstracts and arguments of the Iowa Supreme Court and Court of Appeals, legal periodicals, legal treaties, and material produced by the Iowa Legislature.

The primary functions of the State Law Library are to provide reference and research facilities for the state courts, the state Legislature, the Legislative Service Bureau, the office of the attorney general, other agencies of government, the legal profession and the general public. The Law Library serves as an access point to material pertaining to Iowa legislative activities.

The library is housed in one of the most beautiful rooms in state government, with four of its five floors enclosed by ornamental balconies, its original gaslights wired for electricity, and circular wrought-iron staircases rising four stories at each end of the room.

State Medical Library

Second floor, Historical Building

PAMELA CLARK REES, medical librarian.

The State Medical Library of Iowa was established as a department of the State Library in July 1919, and became a separate library in the reorganization of state libraries by the 48th General Assembly in 1931. In 1973, the Medical Library became a division of the State Library Commission of Iowa.

This library contains over 30,000 volumes and subscribes to more than 500 medical and scientific journals annually. In addition to its collection of current materials, there is an extensive section on medical history.

The primary function of the State Medical Library of Iowa is to provide reference, research and interlibrary loan services to government agencies, physicians and other medical personnel, attorneys, students, libraries and the general public.

Computerized searching services are available to all, as well as consultation services for library managers. A state-wide WATS System makes medical information available quickly and easily.

The library serves as one of 13 resource libraries in a six-state area comprising the Midwest Health Science Library Network. The goal of MHSLN is to help bring to health personnel the information they need for patient care, health research and education.

Military Library

Memorial Hall at Camp Dodge

ROGER W. GILBERT, adjutant general.

The collection contains documents, reports, records and books which describe the history of the Iowa National Guard and individual Iowans who have served in the armed services.

Legislative Committees

Standing Legislative Committees

Legislative Fiscal Committee

REP. RICHARD WELDEN, chairperson.

SEN. GARY BAUGHER

SEN. ROLF V. CRAFT

SEN. JOHN MURRAY

SEN. WILLIAM D. PALMER

SEN. BOB RUSH

REP. GREGORY CUSACK

REP. LOWELL NORLAND

REP. LAWRENCE POPE

REP. HUGO SCHNEKLOTH

The Legislative Fiscal Committee was established by the 1973 session of the 65th General Assembly and replaces the former Budget and Financial Control Committee. The committee is a bipartisan body comprised of ten members; the chairpersons or their designated committee member, and the ranking minority party members of their designated committee member of the committees of the House and Senate responsible for developing a state budget and appropriating funds; the chairpersons or their designated committee members, and the ranking minority party members or their designated committee members of the committees on ways and means; and two members, one appointed from the majority party of the Senate by the president of the Senate, and one appointed from the majority party of the House by the speaker of the

House of Representatives. In each House, unless one of the members who represent the committee on ways and means is also a member of the Legislative Council, the person appointed from the membership of the majority party in that House shall also be appointed from the membership of the Legislative Council. The Legislative Fiscal Committee shall determine policies for the Legislative Fiscal Bureau and shall direct the administration of performance audits and visitations, subject to the approval of the Legislative Council.

Legislative Fiscal Bureau

GERRY D. RANKIN, director.

(Appointed by the Legislative Council upon recommendation of Legislative Fiscal Committee.)

This bureau was established by the 1973 session of the 65th General Assembly and operates under the direction and control of the Legislative Fiscal Committee, subject to the approval of the Legislative Council.

The duties of the bureau include making recommendations to the General Assembly concerning the state's budget and revenue, furnishing information to committees on appropriations and committees on ways and means, assisting standing committees and members of the General Assembly in attaching fiscal notes to legislative bills and resolutions, conducting program evaluations, and reporting quarterly on the status of major state funds. The bureau performs a program evaluation function and such other duties as shall be assigned to the bureau by the Legislative Fiscal Committee or by the General Assembly.

Legislative Council

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR TERRY E. BRANSTAD, *ex officio*.

SEN. CALVIN O. HULTMAN

REP. DELWYN STROMER

Lieutenant Governor Terry E. Branstad, Sen. Gary L. Baugher, Sen. James E. Briles, Sen. C. Joseph Coleman, Sen. Calvin O. Hultman, Sen. C. W. Bill Hutchins, Sen. Lowell L. Junkins, Sen. John S. Murray, Sen. William D. Palmer, Sen. Richard Ramsey, Sen. Ray Taylor, Rep. Delwyn Stromer, Rep. Robert T. Anderson, Rep. Donald D. Avenson, Rep. John H. Clark, Rep. John H. Connors, Rep. Gregory D. Cusack, Rep. Ingwer L. Hansen, Rep. Lester D. Menke, Rep. Lawrence Pope, Rep. Richard W. Welden.

The Legislative Council was established in 1969 as the successor to the Legislative Research Committee. It consists of 20 voting members and one non-voting member, the lieutenant governor. Its membership represents majority and minority members of both Houses, the leadership of both Houses, the Ways and Means and Appropriations Committees, and the at-large membership of the two Houses. The duties of the council are to oversee interim legislative business, prepare legislative facilities for the legislative sessions, undertake studies, and set the policies for the Legislative Fiscal Bureau, Legislative Service Bureau, code editor's office, and Citizens' Aid office. A new council is established each odd-numbered year prior to the fourth Monday in January and serves until the following January 1 of the next odd-numbered year.

Iowa Legislative Service Bureau

SERGE H. GARRISON, director.

The Legislative Service Bureau's purpose is to provide research, bill drafting, and staff services to committees and individual members of the Iowa General Assembly. These services are provided on an objective, nonpartisan basis by a professionally trained staff. Bureau policies are established by the twenty-one member Legislative Council to whom the Bureau Director is responsible.

Major studies requested by the General Assembly, either house of the General Assembly, a legislative committee, or twenty or more members of the General Assembly are undertaken by the bureau staff upon approval by, and in accordance with priorities established by the council. Final reports of the studies conducted during a legislative interim are distributed to all members of the General Assembly. Service Bureau staff

personnel do not make recommendations to legislators, but the council or a legislative committee delegated by the council to participate in a study may make recommendations to the General Assembly on the basis of facts gathered by the Service Bureau.

Minor research and reference projects, which can be completed by a Service Bureau staff member with a limited amount of work, are performed at any time upon the request of any legislator without the necessity of specific approval of the council.

Bills are prepared by the Service Bureau for introduction in the General Assembly, at the request of any committee or individual member. The services performed range from review and possible revision of legislative proposals developed elsewhere to complete drafting of bills on the basis of objectives stated by the requestors. Nearly 5,600 requests for preparation of bills and amendments to bills were handled by the bureau during each of the past two legislative sessions.

The bureau was first established in 1955 as the Legislative Research Bureau. The agency's title was changed to the Legislative Service Bureau and was given added responsibilities by the 1969 regular session of the 63rd General Assembly.

Administrative Rules Review Committee*

REP. LAVERNE SCHROEDER, chairman.

SEN. BERL E. PRIEBE, vice chairman.

REP. BETTY JEAN CLARK

SEN. EDGAR HOLDEN

SEN. DALE TIEDEN

REP. NED CHIODO

Staff:

Phyllis Barry

Joseph Royce

The Administrative Rules Review Committee is a bipartisan body composed of three legislators from each House of the General Assembly. Committee members are appointed for four-year terms, beginning May 1 of the year appointment, by the respective presiding officers and are required to meet at least once every month on the second Tuesday. Administrative rules proposed by the state agencies are selectively reviewed by the committee. The committee has the authority to object to proposed rules; delay the effective date of rules for 70 days, for further study, delay and effective date of rules until the expiration of 45 days into the next legislative session; and request an economic impact statement on any proposed rules.

Iowa State Board of Medical Examiners

State Capitol Complex, Executive Hills West

JOSEPH B. BAKER, D.O., Greenfield; term expires 1982.
 CYRUS L. BEYE, M.D., Sioux City; term expires 1982.
 JACK L. DODD, M.D., Ames; term expires 1983.
 ALEXANDER ERVANIAN, M.D., Des Moines; term expires 1983.
 KATHRYN E. GAMMACK, Des Moines; term expires 1981.
 FREDRICK V. HETZLER, D.O., Davenport; term expires 1981.
 JOSEPH A. McCAFFREY, Davenport; term expires 1982.
 REID E. MOTLEY, M.D., Cedar Rapids; term expires 1981.
 ROSALIE B. NELIGH, M.D., Council Bluffs; term expires 1983.
 RONALD V. SAF, executive director.

The Board of Medical Examiners was created by the 21st General Assembly in 1886. The Board of Osteopathic Examiners was established in 1907. These two agencies became a composite Board of Medical Examiners by action of the 60th General Assembly, effective May 9, 1963.

Board members are appointed by the governor with confirmation by the Senate.

The board meets monthly and has the responsibility to administer and enforce the laws and administrative rules regarding the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, osteopathy, physician's assistants, and advanced emergency medical technicians and paramedics.

The board conducts two examinations each year for licensure to practice medicine and surgery for both medical and osteopathic doctors, determines the eligibility of physicians for licensure by endorsement or reciprocity, issues resident physician licenses, as well as temporary and special licenses.

The board also administers the physician's assistant program under Chapter 148B of the Code and is responsible for the administration of Chapter 147A for the certification of advanced emergency medical technicians and paramedics.

The board is empowered with the duty and responsibility of licensure discipline, which involves the investigation of complaints, review of evidence, initiation and prosecution of disciplinary proceedings, imposition of licensee discipline, and may petition the District Court for enforcement of its authority. It registers and establishes peer review committees to investigate and report to the board complaints or other evidence of acts or omissions constituting cause for licensee discipline, determines and administers annual license renewals and requirements for continuing medical education, certifications for licensure in other jurisdictions, and establishes procedures regarding disputes between licensees and patients which result in judgment or settlements of malpractice claims or actions.

During fiscal year 1979-80, the board processed 7,615 renewals of permanent licenses, issued 493 new licenses, issued 148 new resident licenses with 135 renewals, issued 55 new temporary licenses with 13 renewals, certified 50 physician's assistants with 67 renewals, and processed 240 certifications and 3,500 verifications of current licensees.

Since October 9, 1979, the board has conducted 33 EMT and paramedic examinations; certified 101 EMT-I, 102 EMT-II, and 112 paramedics; and has approved eight training programs.

During the 1980 calendar year, the board received 293 complaints, closed 63 investigative files and imposed 36 sanctions consisting of revocations, suspensions, probations, civil penalties and letters of warning.

Iowa Mental Health Authority

University of Iowa, Oakdale Campus, Oakdale 52319

HERBERT L. NELSON, M.D., director.
 JOHN E. LANGHORNE, Ph.D., acting assistant director.

The Iowa Mental Health Authority is a state agency affiliated with the University of Iowa College of Medicine and located at the University of Iowa Oakdale Campus near

Iowa City. The legal operating mandates of the authority are Chapters 225B (Iowa Mental Health Authority Act) and 230A (the Community Mental Health Centers Act) of the Iowa Code and public laws 79-487 (the National Mental Health Act) and 94-63 (the Special Health Revenue Sharing Act of 1975). Funding is provided jointly by the state of Iowa and the federal government.

The policy-making board of directors for the IMHA is the Committee on Mental Hygiene and consists of the director of the Iowa Psychiatric Hospital at Iowa City, the commissioner of the state Department of Health, the dean of the College of Medicine at the University of Iowa, a member of the state Board of Regents appointed by the board, the commissioner of the state Department of Social Services, the director of the Division of Mental Health Resources, a member of the state Board of Public Instruction appointed by the board, and with members appointed by the governor. The members appointed by the governor include one each from the Committee on Nervous and Mental Disease of the Iowa Medical Society, the Iowa Psychiatric Society, the Mental Health Association of Iowa, Iowa Psychological Association, the Iowa Society of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, the Iowa Association for Retarded Citizens and two representatives of boards of community mental health centers. The committee meets quarterly.

The primary function of the Iowa Mental Health Authority is to provide state-level support for the community-based mental health centers of Iowa. To accomplish this, the Mental Health Authority has five major program areas: 1) Mental Health Planning; 2) Grants-in-Aid; 3) Information Systems; 4) Education and Training; and, 5) Standards and Accreditation. For more information on these programs please contact the authority at the above address.

Iowa Merit Employment Department Merit Employment Commission

Grimes Building, Des Moines 50319

WALTER B. ROETTGER, term expires 1987.

ELIZABETH BURMEISTER, term expires 1987.

EVELYN LABODE, Muscatine; term expires 1985.

IVOR STANLEY, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1983.

JOAN D. MITCHELL, Grinnell; term expires 1985.

WALLACE L. KEATING, Des Moines, director of Merit Employment.

B. FRANCES VAN WINKLE, deputy director.

RAYMOND E. WILSON, manager, Professional Services Division.

CLINTON P. DAVIS III, manager, Technical Services Division.

The 62nd General Assembly passed a bipartisan act establishing in the state of Iowa a system of personnel administration based on merit principles and scientific methods for governing the appointment, promotion, welfare, transfer, layoff, removal and discipline of its classified employees, and other incidents of state employment. It provides that all appointments to positions in the classified service shall be made solely on the basis of merit and fitness. The act established a Department of Merit Employment and a Merit Employment Commission which originally consisted of three members. Membership was expanded to five members by the 63rd General Assembly. The members are appointed by the governor, subject to approval of two-thirds of the membership of the Senate.

It is the duty of the Merit Employment Commission to appoint a director of Merit Employment, to adopt rules for administration of the merit system, to approve the classification plan, to submit the pay plan to the Executive Council for approval, and to hear appeals of disciplinary actions.

It is also the duty of the commission to represent the public interest in the improvement of personnel administration in the state merit system; to advise the governor and the directors on problems concerning personnel administration; to foster

the interest of institutions of learning and of industrial, civic, professional, and employee organizations in the improvement of personal standards in the state merit system; to make any investigation which it may consider desirable concerning the administration of personnel in the state merit system and make recommendations to the director and to make an annual report and special reports and recommendations to the governor.

The director of Merit Employment, as executive head of the department, directs and supervises all administrative professional, and technical programs of the department. He/She is charged with the responsibility of developing and putting into operation policies, rules and procedures which are based on merit principles and law. These involve the classifying of positions; administration of the pay plan; recruitment of qualified candidates for possible public employment; preparation, validation, administration, and scoring of examinations; preparation, custody, and maintenance of lists of eligibles; certification of eligible lists to agencies as vacancies occur; management of complete personnel records including appointments, salary advancements, promotions and terminations; auditing the payrolls and review of transactions to insure compliance with statutes, bargaining agreements, rules and regulations in all personnel actions, EEO/Affirmative Action technical assistance and reporting; intergovernmental personnel programs; performance planning and evaluation; and personnel resource and information services.

The merit system of personnel administration covers approximately 22,000 employees. Each original appointee must meet the minimum requirements as defined in the class specifications, pass a practical examination, be selected from among the top six scores on the eligible list, and serve a six-month probationary period. Permanent employees may be discharged only for cause, and have the right of appeal.

Iowa Natural Resources Council

Wallace Building, Des Moines 50319

JOHN P. WHITESELL, chairman, Iowa Falls; term expires 1981.

JOYCE A. CONKLIN-REPP, chairperson, Minburn; term expires 1983.

CHARLOTTE MOHR, Eldridge; term expires 1985.

MERWIN D. DOUGAL, Ames; term expires 1983.

E. EILEEN HEIDEN, Denison; term expires 1983.

CAROL P. HOUGH, Lamoni; term expires 1985.

EDWIN AUGUSTINE, Washington; term expires 1985.

GENE WEISE, Manning; term expires 1987.

SANDRA YATES, Ottumwa; term expires 1983.

LOUIS F. GIESEKE, water commissioner.

JAMES R. WEBB, director.

WAYNE GIESELMAN, chief engineer.

The Iowa Natural Resources Council was created in 1949 by the 53rd third General Assembly, which assigned the council the duty and authority to establish and enforce an appropriate comprehensive state-wide program for the control of water and the protection of the surface and underground water resources of the state (Chapter 455A, Iowa Code, 1962). The duties and responsibilities of the council were enlarged in 1957 by the 57th General Assembly, which established a permit system for the regulation of water use and assigned administration of the permit system to the council. These duties were further enlarged in 1963 through enactment of an oil and gas conservation law to be administered by the council through the office of the state geologist (Chapter 84, acts of the 60th General Assembly).

The Resources Council is composed of nine members appointed to overlapping six-year terms by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The members, who serve on a per diem basis, must be electors of the state and are selected from the state at large solely with regard to their qualifications and fitness to discharge the duties of office without regard to their political affiliation. The director of the council, qualified by training and experience, serves as its executive officer having charge of the work of the council under its direction and orders.

The functions and duties of the Resources Council include the establishment and administration of comprehensive state-wide programs for flood control and for the conservation, development and use of the waters of the state. The council has been designated as the agency to maintain liaison with federal agencies conducting investigations and studies of projects for navigation and flood control affecting the state and to make official comments on project reports. The council also acts as the coordinating agency for flood control and water resources projects on the local and state level. The council approves or disapproves plans for any structure, dam, obstruction, deposit or excavation in or on any floodway and may abate as a public nuisance any of the foregoing which adversely affects flood control. The council may establish and enforce regulations for the orderly development and wise use of the flood plains of any river or stream within the state. The council has been designated as the state coordinating agency for the National Flood Insurance Program.

The permit system for regulated uses of water is administered by a water commissioner and deputies chosen by the council. The water rights law declares that all waters within the state, both surface and underground, belong to the people of the state and are subject to regulated use for beneficial purposes. Except for a few uses defined in the law as non-regulated, any use of 5,000 gallons or more per day is subject to regulation. Permits may be granted for any period of time not to exceed 10-years and are reviewed prior to renewal or extension. Priority is given only to the use of water for ordinary household purposes, for poultry, livestock and domestic animals. The council establishes the average minimum flow for a given point on a water course and may issue permits for beneficial use of water therefrom if the average minimum flow is preserved.

The oil and gas conservation law (Chapter 84, acts of the 60th General Assembly), was enacted to conserve and protect the oil, gas and water resources of the state. Impetus for passage of the law was provided by the discovery of a deposit of commercially acceptable crude oil in Washington County in 1963 and the resultant increased drilling activity. Administration of the law was assigned to the Iowa Natural Resources Council through the office of the state geologist. The council has adopted administrative rules defining in detail its requirements under the law.

Board of Nursing

1223 E. Court, Des Moines 50319

Appointed by the governor.

BARBARA A. STEEN, R.N., chairman, Jesup; term expires 1982.
 RUTH M. TURNIS, R.N., secretary, Dubuque; term expires 1981.
 JO ANN H. ERICKSON, R.N., Sioux City; term expires 1983.
 DONNA R. HEALD, R.N., Mount Pleasant; term expires 1982.
 ELIZABETH H. KINNEY, L.P.N., Waterloo; term expires 1981.
 MARY "MOLLY" SCOTT, Spencer; term expires 1983.
 R. MARK ZIMMERMAN, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1981.
 LYNNE M. ILLES, R.N., Des Moines; Executive Director.
 HELEN LOBAS, R.N., West Des Moines; Associate Director.
 WILDA D. WAGNER, R.N., Des Moines; Associate Director.
 JEANNE WILSON, R.N., Des Moines; Associate Director.
 RICHARD C. LAMB, Des Moines; Associate Director.

The Iowa Board of Nursing was made a department separate from the Department of Health by action of the 46th General Assembly in 1935.

The board has the responsibility to administer and enforce the laws relating to the practice of nursing, to elevate the standards of schools of nursing, to promote the educational and professional standards of nurses and nursing in this state and to regulate mandatory continuing education as a prerequisite to license renewal.

The board conducts examinations and issues licenses to both registered nurses and licensed practical nurses.

Since 1907, when the first regulatory act affecting the practice of professional nursing was enacted 62,766 registered nurse certificates have been issued. At the close of the 1980 fiscal year, 25,739 registered nurses renewed their licenses.

Since 1949, when the first regulatory act affecting the practice of practical nursing was enacted, 18,970 licensed practical nurse certificates have been issued. At the close of the 1980 fiscal year, 10,401 licensed practical nurses renewed their licenses.

Through the executive director, the board keeps all records pertaining to the licensure of nurses, processes all applications for licensure, collects fees, and issues all licenses to practice nursing.

The board is responsible for the initial and on-going approval of schools of nursing. At the present time, there are 40 schools in Iowa preparing the registered nurse and 27 preparing the licensed practical nurse.

Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission

Colony Building, Second floor, 507 10th St., Des Moines 50319

I. JOHN ROSSI, chairman, West Des Moines; term expires 1982.

HUBERT W. RANDELS, Des Moines; term expires 1986.

PATRICIA RHODES CEPICAN, Davenport; term expires 1984.

CHARLES FROST STRUTT, hearing officer.

MARY L. OLSON, executive secretary.

The Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission was established by act of the Iowa Legislature effective July 1, 1972. Chapter 88 of the Code designates the commissioner of labor to administer and enforce the act and the Review Commission, a separate and independent agency, to adjudicate appeals. It is also the Review Commission's responsibility to hear cases under the Elevator Code (Chapter 104).

Board of Parole

Hoover State Office Building, Des Moines, 50319

WALTER L. SAUR, Oelwein, Republican; term expires April 30, 1982.

WILLIAM C. CRIBBS, Waterloo; term expires April 30, 1983.

L. VIRGINIA HARPER, Fort Madison, Democrat; term expires April 30, 1984.

JACQUELINE DAY, Des Moines, Republican; term expires April 30, 1985.

RICHARD F. NAZETTE, Cedar Rapids, Republican; term expires April 30, 1985.

DONALD L. OLSON, West Des Moines, executive secretary.

The Board of Parole was established in 1907 by the 37th General Assembly.

The Board of Parole shall consist of five electors of the state. Not more than three members shall belong to the same political party. At least two members shall be practicing attorneys-at-law at the time of appointment. Each member shall serve for five years, from May 1 of the year of appointment (except appointees to fill vacancies who shall serve for the balance of the unexpired term). The chairperson of the board shall be elected by the members of the board to a term of one year and may serve more than one term. A majority of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum to transact business.

The board is charged with the duty of investigating and studying the cases of prisoners confined in the penitentiary and the men's and women's reformatories, and is authorized to release on parole, any prisoner, except those serving life terms, after serving the portion of the maximum term it deems proper. On July 1, 1968, the supervision of parolees and probationers was delegated by statute to the Department of Social Services. However, the board may revoke and remand to prison any person it has released on parole for any reason it deems proper. It also retains the power to grant a final discharge to any parolee under the supervision of the Bureau of Community Correction Services of the Department of Social Services, usually on the recommendation of the supervising officer.

The board also serves in an advisory capacity to the governor, since under the law, all applicants for restoration of citizenship rights, pardons or commutations in felony cases, must be referred to the board by the governor for study and recommendation before he may act upon them.

Board of Pharmacy Examiners

1209 East Court, Des Moines 50319

Appointed by the governor.

A.J. PLAMER, pharmacist, chairperson, Des Moines; term expires 1983.

D.D. KILLION, pharmacist, Red Oak; term expires 1982.

R.E. BELLINGER, pharmacist, Fort Dodge; term expires 1984.

M.W. EGGLESTON, pharmacist, Waverly; term expires 1982.

M.L. UNDERWOOD, Mason City; term expires 1984.

V.M. FIEDLER, vice chairperson, Spencer; term expires 1983.

N.C. JOHNSON, pharmacist, Des Moines, executive secretary.

G.W. STAPP, pharmacist, Oskaloosa; term expires 1984.

The Iowa Commission of Pharmacy originated on April 23, 1880, at the direction of the state Executive Department. The commission then perfected an organization known as the state Board of Pharmacy on May 5, 1880. The board was composed of three members. At this time, through the Pharmacy Act under Chapter 75, the newly formed board developed a set of standards for individuals to be qualified as pharmacists by examination. Thus, the Board of Pharmacy came into being for the protection of public health, welfare and safety.

The present board consists of seven members—five professional members and two representatives of the general public. They are all appointed by the governor for three-year terms and function under the statutory authority of Chapters 147, 155, 203, 203A, 204 and 205, Code of Iowa, 1981. The board has the responsibility for administering competency examinations and issues licenses to qualified applicants.

Through the executive secretary, the board maintains all records relating to continuing education and licensure by examination or reciprocity, processes all applications for licensure, collects fees, and issues all new and renewal licenses to those persons engaged in the practice of pharmacy.

The board has the authority to promulgate administrative rules and promotes and enforces minimum professional standards of practice.

The board is responsible for administering the regulatory provisions of the Code relating to the following:

- A. The legal aspects of professional practice and the licensing of drug manufacturers, distributors and community and institutional pharmacies.
- B. The adulteration and labeling requirements for drugs.
- C. The purity, quality and strength of drugs.
- D. The Controlled Substances Act and a state registration program for all legal handlers of controlled substances.
- E. The sale, distribution, labeling and records requirements of transactions for designated poisonous substances.

The board administers the pharmacy intern training program which prepares the pharmacy student for the contemporary practice of community or hospital pharmacy.

Office for Planning and Programming

523 E. 12th St., Des Moines 50319

ROBERT F. TYSON, Des Moines, director.

The Office for Planning and Programming, created by executive order in November 1966, was established as part of the Governor's Office in 1969 by the 63rd General Assembly.

OPP provides coordination, research, planning and program management for the Office of the Governor. In addition, it provides technical assistance for the strengthening of planning and management capabilities of local governments and councils of those governments. The office also manages certain federal grants funded to the governor. Most of these federal funds are distributed to other state and local agencies.

Included among the activities undertaken by OPP are: preparation of comprehensive statewide recommendations and plans in the areas of economic policy, manpower training and development, youth services, and developmental disabilities. The office also prepares an annual report on the economic growth and development of the state; acts as resource center to assist the General Assembly, state officials, state agencies and local governments; and compiles and maintains current information on available and pending federal and private aid programs for state agencies and local governments, and provides assistance to them in making necessary grant applications.

OPP maintains a state clearinghouse for the purposes of reviewing and coordinating federal grant applications, and for preparing reports of comments upon them in accordance with intergovernmental relations programs of federal and state governments.

Responsibilities also include the state building code, the city development board, coordination of the National Highway Safety Act, and assistance to cities and counties for the development and implementation of personnel programs.

OPP provides support and assistance to community action agencies, including weatherizing homes for low income elderly citizens; assists low income residents in payment of fuel bills; analyzes criminal justice statistics; collects and coordinates occupational data; and staffs the Iowa Council for Children.

Staff services have been provided, upon request, to committees appointed by the governor, such as the Governor's Educational Advisory Committee, the Governor's Economic Advisory Committee, the Governor's Housing Task Force, the Governor's Conference on Iowa in the Year 2000, the Governor's Task Force on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, the Governor's Task Force on Mental Health, and the Corrections Master Plan.

In addition, the office prepares reports and provides assistance as the governor or General Assembly requests.

State Advisory Board for Preserves

Appointed by the governor.

DOROTHY M. BARINGER, Des Moines; chairperson.

DUANE C. ANDERSON, Iowa City; state archaeologist.

DARYL SMITH, Cedar Falls.

WILLIAM FURNISH, West Branch.

PETER T. HARSTAD, Iowa City; director, State Historical Society.

LARRY J. WILSON, Des Moines; director, State Conservation Commission.

M. GENE ULRICH, LeMars.

DEAN M. ROOSA, Ames; board ecologist.

The 61st General Assembly in 1965 authorized the establishment of a state system of preserves to maintain areas with unusual flora, fauna, geological, archaeological, scenic or historical features as nearly as possible in their natural condition. The advisory board will recommend dedication of certain areas as preserves, make rules and regulations for their management, and recommend the inclusion of additional public and private lands in the preserves system.

Department of Public Defense

Adjutant General of Iowa

Office located in Headquarters Building at Camp Dodge.

Appointed by the governor for a term of four years.

MAJ. GEN. ROGER W. GILBERT, Camp Dodge; term expires 1983.

BRIG. GEN. WARREN G. LAWSON, Camp Dodge; deputy adjutant general.

COL. FRANKLIN D. PETERSON, Des Moines; U.S. property and fiscal officer.

Chapter 29.1, of the Code of Iowa provides for the department of defense of the state of Iowa, which is composed of the military agency and the Office of Disaster Services. The adjutant general of Iowa is executive director of the department.

Within the department, there is a state military agency which is styled and known as the "Military Division, Department of Public Defense," with the adjutant general as the executive director. The military division includes the Office of Adjutant General and all functions, responsibilities, power and duties of the adjutant general and the military forces of the state as provided in the state's laws.

There is also a state Office of Disaster Services with a director of disaster services within the department. The adjutant general, as the executive director, exercises supervisory authority over the division.

Military Division

Chapter 29A, Code of Iowa. The Military Code of Iowa, provides for the establishment, command, support, administration and operation of the military forces of the state of Iowa, as promulgated by the U.S. Constitution and implementing federal statutes, the Iowa Constitution, and applicable federal policies and regulations.

The Iowa National Guard (Army and Air), constitutes the military forces of the state of Iowa except during such time as it may be in the active service of the United States. The Military Code of Iowa provides for the establishment of an "Iowa State Guard" during such time as the Iowa National Guard is in active federal service.

The federal mission of the Army and Air National Guard of the United States is to provide units for the reserve components of the Army and Air Force adequately organized, trained and equipped, and available for mobilization in the event of a national emergency or war, in accordance with the deployment schedule, and capable of participating in combat operations, in support of the Army and Air Force war plans.

The state mission of the Iowa National Guard is to provide sufficient organizations in the state, so trained and equipped as to enable them to function efficiently at existing strength in the protection of life and property and the preservation of peace, order and public safety, under competent orders of the state authorities.

The governor is the commander-in-chief of the military forces, except when they are in federal status. The governor may employ the military forces of the state for the defense or relief of the state, the enforcement of its laws, the protection of life and property, emergencies resulting from disasters or public disorders, as defined in Section 29C.2, and parades and ceremonies of a civic nature.

The adjutant general of Iowa is appointed by the governor and, as chief of staff to the commander-in-chief, executes all orders. He is responsible for the administration, organization, equipping and training of the military forces of the state of Iowa in accordance with policies and directives of the Department of Defense.

The military support section of the headquarters of the military division has the function of the development and issuance of plans relating to the supplemental support provided by all services of the military components within the state (active and reserve). The plans for military support to civil defense are based on and complement plans developed by civil authority.

Office of Disaster Services

JACK CRANDALL, director.

The adjutant general has general direction and control of the Office of Disaster Services, and is responsible to the governor for the carrying out of civil defense and emergency planning and in the event of disaster beyond local control, may assume

direct operational control over all or any part of the civil defense and emergency planning functions within the state of Iowa.

The division is under the management of the director of disaster services, who is appointed by the governor.

The director is vested with the authority to administer civil defense and emergency planning affairs within the state of Iowa, including man-made or natural disasters, and is also responsible for preparing and executing the civil defense and emergency planning programs of the state, subject to the direction of the governor and supervisory control of the executive director of the Department of Public Defense.

The director is also responsible for the preparation of a comprehensive plan and program for the civil defense and emergency resources management of the state, such plan and program to be integrated into and coordinated with the civil defense plans and emergency planning of the federal government and of other states to the fullest possible extent, and to coordinate the preparation of plans and programs for civil defense and emergency planning for the political subdivisions and various departments of the state. Such plans are to be integrated into and coordinated with a comprehensive state emergency program for the state of Iowa as coordinated by the director of public defense to the fullest possible extent. The director is also responsible for making such studies and surveys of the industries, resources and facilities in the state of Iowa as may be necessary to determine the capabilities of the state for civil defense and emergency resources management and to plan for the most efficient emergency use thereof.

Department of Veterans Affairs

Appointed by the governor.

WARREN K. ALLBAUGH, chairman, Veterans of Foreign Wars.

KENNETH D. SEEMANN, The American Legion.

BUFORD L. PHILLIPS, Disabled American Veterans.

CHARLES H. WRIGHT, American Veterans.

ROSA E. CUNNINGHAM, Appointed at Large.

Chapter 35A, Code of Iowa, provides for a Department of Veterans Affairs. The department consists of five commissioners, a director and an administrative staff. The department maintains information and data concerning the military service records of Iowa veterans, assists County Commissions of Veterans Affairs pursuant to Chapter 250, conducts two annual service schools for county commissioners, administers War Orphans Educational Aid (Chapter 35), annually evaluates the Iowa Veterans Home, assists the Veterans Administration Regional Office and V. A. Medical Centers by providing information concerning veterans service records, administers Graves Registration Records of deceased Iowa veterans, and other administration on records requested by chartered service organizations.

The Bonus Board was repealed by the first session of the 68th General Assembly.

State Armory Board

Appointed by the governor.

MG ROBERT W. GILBERT, chairman, Des Moines.

BG WARREN G. LAWSON, Grimes.

BG RICHARD GEITH, Ottumwa.

COL. CHARLES P. DOYLE, Fort Dodge.

COL. HAROLD M. THOMPSON, Granger.

LTC ROBERT L. SENTMAN, Oxford.

DEL VAN HORN, Jefferson.

Section 29A.57, Code of Iowa, provides the authority, powers and responsibilities of the board. The adjutant general serves as chairman of the board. The powers and responsibilities of the board include: (1) procurement of land or real estate for location or construction of armories, facilities and outdoor training sites; (2) administer federal and state funds assigned for construction and maintenance of armories and facilities, and coordinate utilization of armories and facilities as required for the administration, training and support of the National Guard.

Iowa Public Employment Relations Board

(Collective Bargaining)

507 10th St., Des Moines 50309

JOHN E. BEAMER, chairman; term expires 1982.

JOHN R. LOIHL, board member; term expires 1984.

PETER L. J. PASHLER, board member; term expires 1984.

The Public Employment Relations Act, enacted in 1974, has as its avowed public purpose the promotion of "harmonious and cooperative relationships between government and its employees." Specifically, the statute grants employees of the state and its political subdivisions, including cities, counties and school districts, the right to join and participate in employee organizations, and the right to bargain collectively through such employee organizations.

The act contains detailed procedures by which employees can exercise those rights, including provisions for the determination of appropriate bargaining units, representation elections in which employees may select an employee organization to bargain on their behalf, prohibited practice provisions which proscribe certain conduct and activities, and provisions requiring the periodic reporting of finances by employee organizations.

The Public Employment Relations Board is vested with the administration of this act. As a quasi-judicial administrative agency, operating under the Iowa Administrative Procedures Act, the board conducts hearings and issues legal decisions in unit determination and representation matters, prohibited practice complaints, and petitions for declaratory ruling. A staff of hearing officers also performs, by delegation, this function. In addition, the board administers the remaining provisions of the act. In that regard, the board administers the remaining provisions of the act. In that regard, it provides mediators, fact-finders and arbitrators in collective bargaining impasses; it collects data and conducts studies relating to wages, hours, benefits and other terms and conditions of public employment; and it collects registration reports and annual reports, including financial statements, from employee organizations.

There are approximately 160,000 public employees in Iowa, employed by the state and some 1,500 political subdivisions. Nearly half of those employees have exercised rights granted by the statute, and belong to units which have selected an employee organization to represent them in collective negotiations with their employers. It is the responsibility of the Public Employment Relations Board to oversee those negotiations and assure that the rights of these employees are preserved and protected.

Iowa State Department of Public Instruction

Grimes State Office Building, Des Moines 50319

SUSAN M. WILSON, president, Waterloo; term expires 1982.

KAREN K. GOODENOW, vice president, Wall Lake; term expires 1984.

WILLIAM N. CROPP, Des Moines; term expires 1984.

JOLLY ANN DAVIDSON, Clarinda; term expires 1986.

STEPHEN GARARD, Sigourney; term expires 1984.

DIANNE L. D. PACA, Garner; term expires 1986.

MARY E. ROBINSON, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1986.

JOHN E. VAN DER LINDEN, Sibley; term expires 1982.

HAROLD R. YEOMAN, Monticello; term expires 1982.

ROBERT D. BENTON, Ed.D., state superintendent and executive officer.

The 55th General Assembly established the State Board of Public Instruction, consisting of nine members—one member selected from each of eight congressional districts as they existed on Jan. 1, 1953, and one member appointed by the governor and confirmed by the Senate—each serving a term of six years. The 61st General Assembly made the following change in the selection of the eight members to the state board; each

congressional district shall nominate two persons to fill vacancies as they occur on the state board; the governor shall then appoint one of the two nominated to serve on the state board.

The 62nd General Assembly amended the law again. It now reads as follows: "The State Board of Public Instruction, hereinafter called the state board, shall consist of nine members who shall be appointed by the governor with the approval of two-thirds of the members of the Senate. Not more than five members shall be of the same political party."

The state board is a policy-making body of lay people, with the same relationship to all the public schools in Iowa as that existing between the local board of education and the local district.

The state board is directed by statute to appoint the state superintendent every four years after July 1, 1955, with the approval of two-thirds of the Senate. The law provides for the appointment of a deputy superintendent and employment of the professional staff and clerical personnel deemed necessary by the board to carry out its obligations.

The functions of the Iowa State Department of Public Instruction are classified into three categories: leadership, regulatory and operational.

Educational leadership is the major purpose served by the department. Although the department provides other services, its primary purpose is the growth and development of education in the state for the benefit of all Iowans. Through such leadership, the department helps to mobilize, unify and coordinate all the positive forces concerned with improving education. It strives to give common direction to the efforts of all.

Such leadership involves analyzing the nature and future direction of education and communicating with the public about such trends. This leadership role is also exercised by (1) planning for each major area of service and coordinating the planning for the total state program of education, (2) conducting research to assist in formulation of policy and evaluation of programs, (3) offering advisory services by persons specialized in certain phases of school operations, (4) providing coordination to promote unity and encourage proper balance, (5) supplying information to keep the public aware of educational needs and progress, and (6) supporting in-service education to foster the continuing growth of all persons engaged in education in the state.

The regulatory function of the Department of Public Instruction is aimed primarily at assuring that the basic provisions for education in the constitution are available to all children in the state and that state laws enacted to supplement and enrich those basic provisions are enforced. The state delegated broad authority to local school districts for the management and operation of education programs, but, at the same time, the department has been charged with guaranteeing at least minimum performance through regulations known as "standards" for Iowa schools. These standards are established by statute or by the department through the authority granted it by the statutes.

The operational function is carried out through services offered to local school districts when the scope, expense or technical nature of these services makes them more easily offered on a broad scale, and centralized service to individuals, such as vocational rehabilitation.

The state superintendent is given the responsibility for coordinating the department's work. He meets the obligation by working through five major branches: School Administration, Instruction and Professional Education, Pupil Personnel Services, Area Schools and Career Education, and Rehabilitation Education and Services. Each of these branches is headed by an associate superintendent working under the general supervision of the deputy superintendent.

Department of Public Safety

Wallace State Office Building, Des Moines 50319

Appointed by governor.

WILLIAM D. MILLER, commissioner of Public Safety.

GARY HAYWARD, legal counsel.

The Iowa Department of Public Safety was created by the 48th General Assembly in 1939, through the consolidation of several departments and divisions under one executive designated as commissioner of public safety. This consolidation allowed for coordination among enforcement and safety agencies at all levels of government within Iowa. Today, the Iowa Department of Public Safety includes the following divisions:

Division of State Patrol

COL. ED DICKINSON, Polk County, chief.

The Iowa State Patrol was created by the 46th General Assembly in 1935, and has a current authorized strength of 430 uniformed officers.

The duties of the state patrol are to enforce all motor vehicle laws, to exercise general peace officer powers (with restrictions stated in Chapter 80, Code of Iowa), to investigate traffic accidents occurring on the highways, to provide emergency medical care and assist in the removal of persons injured as a result of traffic crashes, to provide assistance to local law enforcement agencies upon request or when the need is evident, and to promote highway safety.

Division of Criminal Investigation

GERALD W. SHANAHAN, Polk County, chief.

County and municipal enforcement agencies may obtain Criminal Investigation Division assistance in difficult criminal investigations, though the division is not a local policing unit. The division is called upon to investigate matters involving security of state government and to cooperate with elective and appointive officials in such investigations.

The division is divided into four sections:

The Administrative Section oversees the Identification unit.

The Field Operations Section assigns special agents to work with local peace officers who have requested assistance, and coordinates all criminal investigations conducted by the division.

The Criminalistics Laboratory Section includes the scientific equipment and technicians necessary to effective criminal investigation and crime prevention.

The Criminal Intelligence Section is responsible for planning, developing and implementing a strategic intelligence program for the division, which includes providing immediate support to, and insuring coordination among, specific investigations through the search for, and development and dissemination of, interrelated information contained in law enforcement and public records.

Public Safety Communications Division

G. HANK MAYER, Polk County, director.

The Communications Division provides total police communications to the public safety sector, including the Department of Public Safety, police departments, sheriffs' offices and other local, state and federal agencies. These services include, but are not limited to, central dispatch service for emergency and operational situations; provision to public safety agencies, local, state, and federal, of a total communications capability according to their needs; provision of a link between the field force, data banks and other sources of information necessary for the efficient operation of field officers; a system for relay of messages between and for all public safety agencies; a system for relay and dissemination of administrative orders and instructions, and a capability for meeting all disaster and contingency situations with needed communications response.

Division of Fire Protection and Investigation

WILBUR R. JOHNSON, Polk County, fire marshal.

The duties of this division are to enforce all state laws relating to arson and explosives, to investigate causes of fires and to promote fire safety and prevention through education. This division is charged with enforcing all laws and departmental rules relating to the transportation, storage and handling of flammable liquids, liquefied petroleum gas and explosives. In addition, this division is responsible for enforcement of the laws and departmental rules pertaining to fire safety, equipment, design and exit of buildings in which the public congregates.

Division of Administrative Services

CARROLL L. BIDLER, Polk County, chief.

This division provides primary support services to the department in the general areas of accounting, budgeting, personnel, public information and data processing services.

The division also provides data processing support to other state and local criminal justice agencies through the provision of on-line criminal justice data bases available to all criminal justice agencies via data terminals located in major police departments and county sheriff's offices. National criminal justice information is also provided through the National Crime Information Center and the National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System.

Division of Capitol Security

CAPT. EARL USHER, Polk County, director.

The Division of Capitol Security was transferred on July 1, 1976, from the Iowa Department of General Services to the Iowa Department of Public Safety by act of the 66th General Assembly, in 1976.

The division is responsible for the security of buildings, other property and life in the state Capitol Complex and Terrace Hill, as well as for the protection of the governor and his family, dignitaries, state officials and the general public. It also renders assistance to persons employed in the complex and visitors to those areas and directs traffic and enforces traffic regulations in the areas under its jurisdictions.

Iowa Real Estate Commission

Executive Hills, Des Moines 50319

JOHN J. POGGE, chairperson, Council Bluffs; term expires 1982.

JULIAN C. CAMPBELL, vice chairperson, Bloomfield; term expires 1983.

GRACIE M. RUDEN, LeMars; term expires 1984.

MONROE COLSTON, Des Moines; term expires 1984.

MILDRED E. ELLIOTT, Mt. Ayr; term expires 1982.

EUGENE O. JOHNSON, West Des Moines; director.

The first real estate license law was enacted by the 43rd General Assembly and became effective on Jan. 1, 1930.

The Real Estate Commission administers the Iowa Real Estate License Law, Chapter 117, and Sales of Subdivided Land Outside of Iowa, Chapter 117A. The commission also administers appropriate portions of the Continuing Education Program, Chapter 258A. The license law authorizes the commission to issue licenses and regulate the activities of real estate brokers and salespersons, and to carry out a program of real estate education. The subdivided land law authorizes the commission to register out-of-state subdividers who engage in business in Iowa, and to refer violations to the attorney general or to an appropriate court. Chapter 258A requires licensees to participate in continuing education, and authorizes the commission to make rules. The act also establishes procedures for review of the licensees and lists grounds for disciplinary sanctions.

State Records Commission

MARY JANE ODELL, Des Moines; secretary of state and chairperson.
 ADRIAN D. ANDERSON, Des Moines; director, Historical Museum and Archives.
 MAURICE E. BARINGER, West Des Moines; treasurer.
 WILLIAM L. KRAHL, Des Moines; comptroller, division director.
 WILLIAM O'BRIEN, Des Moines; Supreme Court administrator.
 RICHARD FISH, Des Moines; auditor's office—administrative division deputy.
 STANLEY L. McCAUSLAND, Des Moines; director, Department of General Services and secretary.

The State Records Commission, established in 1974 under legislation enacted by the 65th General Assembly, is responsible for the management of state records. All executive departments, offices, commissions and boards, with the exception of the highway division of the Iowa Department of Transportation and the agencies and institutions under the control of the State Board of Regents, are subject to the policies and provisions of the commission's records management program, as documented in the State Records Management Manual. The highway division of the Department of Transportation and the State Board of Regents are required to obtain State Records Commission approval of the administrative rules documenting the respective records management programs of those agencies.

Specific duties of the State Records Commission include the determination of those records of sufficient administrative, legal, fiscal, research or historical value to warrant continued preservation; the determination of those records of no further administrative, legal, fiscal, research or historical value, to be disposed of or destroyed; the establishment of a system for the protection and preservation of records essential for the continuity or re-establishment of governmental function in the event of an emergency arising from enemy action or natural disaster; the approval of the purchase of records storage equipment and supplies by state agencies; and the approval of the purchase of records duplicating or microfilming equipment and supplies by state agencies.

The Records Management Division of the Department of General Services provides administrative support to the State Records Commission. The division reviews records-related systems within the state agencies, and provides to the Records Commission recommendations for changes necessary to assure maximum efficiency and economic use of equipment and procedure. In addition, the Records Management Division functions as a liaison on behalf of the State Records Commission, and implements the directives, policies and decisions of the commission as applied to the state agencies.

State Board of Regents

Lucas Building, Des Moines 50319

Appointed by governor. Term: six years.

PEG ANDERSON, Bettendorf, Republican; term expires 1987.
 S.J. BROWNLEE, Emmetsburg, Republican; term expires 1985.
 PERCY G. HARRIS, Cedar Rapids, Democrat; term expires 1983.
 ANN JORGENSEN, Garrison, Republican; term expires 1985.
 JOHN C. MC DONALD, Dallas Center, Republican; term expires 1987.
 JUNE MURPHY, Des Moines, Democrat; term expires 1987.
 ARTHUR A. NEU, Carroll, Republican; term expires 1985.
 FRED W. NOLTING, Waterloo, Democrat; term expires 1983.
 PETER J. WENSTRAND, Essex, Independent; term expires 1983.
 R. WAYNE RICHEY, Des Moines, executive secretary of board.

Board Office Staff

R. WAYNE RICHEY, Des Moines, executive secretary.
 ROBERT J. BARAK, Ankeny, academic affairs/director of research.
 ROGER A. MAXWELL, Des Moines, EEO compliance officer.
 ROBERT G. McMURRAY, West Des Moines, director of facilities and business management.
 LYLE SONNENSCHNEIN, West Des Moines, budget director.
 DONALD R. VOLM, Des Moines, Regents Merit System director.
 CHARLES K. WRIGHT, Ankeny, Regents Employment Relations director.

Institutions governed by Board of Regents

State University of Iowa, Iowa City Willard L. Boyd, president.
 Iowa State University of Science and Technology,
 Ames W. Robert Parks, president.
 University of Northern Iowa, Cedar Falls John J. Kamerick, president.
 Iowa Braille and Sight Saving School,
 Vinton Richard M. DeMott, superintendent.
 Iowa School for the Deaf,
 Council Bluffs C. Joseph Giangreco, superintendent.

Department of Revenue

Hoover State Office Building, Des Moines 50319

GERALD D. BAIR, Ankeny, director.

The Iowa Department of Revenue was established on Jan. 1, 1968. The director of revenue, appointed by the governor, is the chief administrative officer of the Department of Revenue and as such assumes all of the powers and responsibilities previously entrusted to the State Tax Commission. In addition, he is empowered to appoint deputy directors.

Also created within the structure of the Department of Revenue is a state Board of Tax Review. The bipartisan board consists of three members appointed for six-year terms, except for first appointees. The state board serves in a review capacity, being empowered to pass upon all actions of the director and affirm, modify, reverse or remand such actions. The board is constituted as a separate tax research commission to aid and advise in the legislative process.

The members of the State Board of Tax Review are:

STEVEN H. JACOBS, Scott County, chairman; term expires June 1985.
 CYRIL MANDELBAUM, Polk County; term expires June 1983.
 DEAN RICHARD PEEBLER, Polk County; term expires April 1987.

Since Jan. 1, 1968, administration of the following taxes and tax related activities has been performed by the Department of Revenue: collection of individual and corporate income, sales and use, inheritance, insurance premium (deposit of premium only), cigarette and tobacco products, equipment car, real estate transfer, franchise, motor vehicle fuel, and chain store taxes. The Department of Revenue has varying degrees of responsibility in the following areas: equalization of property taxation within the state, central assessment of utility and railway property, supervision of local assessment, certification of homestead credits, veterans exemptions, and disabled and senior citizens property tax and rent reimbursements. The department is also responsible for issuing gambling licenses and processing required reports from establishments licensed to conduct legal gambling activities.

Department of Social Services

Hoover State Office Building, Des Moines 50319

MICHAEL V. REAGEN, Ph.D., commissioner.

DOLPH PULLIAM, chair, Des Moines, Republican; term expires 1985.

MADALENE TOWNSEND, vice chairperson, Davenport, Republican; term expires 1985.

GRACIE LARSEN, Council Bluffs, Democrat; term expires 1983.

JOAN LIPSKY, Cedar Rapids, Republican; term expires 1985.

FERNICE W. ROBBINS, Waterloo, Democrat; term expires 1983.

The Iowa Department of Social Services was created by an act of the 62nd General Assembly, combining certain programs of the former Board of Control of State Institutions, the Board of Social Welfare and the Board of Parole.

A five-member Council on Social Services, appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate, serves in a policy-making capacity for all department services, and in an advisory capacity to the governor and the commissioner. The commissioner is the chief executive of the department and is responsible for the administration of department programs and services. The commissioner is the chief executive of the department and is responsible for the administration of department programs and services. The commissioner is appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation, and serves at the pleasure of the governor.

The department's central organizational structure is composed of the Office of Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner, and seven major divisions: Administrative Services, Adult Corrections, Community Programs, Field Operations, Mental Health Resources, Operations Control, and Planning Services. The commissioner, deputy commissioner and the seven division directors serve as the Cabinet of the department. Social Services employs approximately 8,900 people in its local offices, institutions and central office.

The Office of the Deputy Commissioner includes the Office of Personnel and Training, Office of Communications, Volunteer Program and the Iowa Veterans Home.

Division of Administrative Services

PATRICK D. CAVANAUGH, director.

The division provides primary support services to all line elements of the department in the general area of business administration, budget preparation, accounting, payroll, data processing, statistics, purchasing, architectural and engineering services, and child support recovery.

Division of Community Programs

SANDRA SCOTT, director.

The Division of Community Programs has administrative responsibility for the income maintenance and service programs and oversees the operation of Iowa's three juvenile facilities.

The Bureau of Financial Assistance administers the Aid to Families with Dependent Children program and Food Stamps. Also within this bureau are the Indochinese Refugee program, the Work Incentive program and Aid to Indians program.

The Bureau of Medical Services administers the title XIX (Medicaid) program. This program provides medical services including nursing care to eligible Iowans. Included in this bureau are the Early and Periodic Health Screening program for children, State Supplemental Assistance and the Remedial Eye program.

The Bureau of Adult Services administers the following service programs to eligible Iowans: homemaker, chore, adult day care, protective services to adults, displaced homemaker, domestic abuse, family life homes, residential services and sheltered work/work activity.

The Bureau of Children's Services administers the foster care program, day care, protective service, family counseling, adoption, licensing and services to children who

are in conflict with the law. The bureau also oversees children who have been adjudicated delinquent or children in need of assistance and who are committed to the Department of Social Services for care, guardianship and control. Approximately two-thirds of these clients, at any given time, are in community placements, while the remaining one-third reside at the Eldora Training School, the Mitchellville Training School and the State Juvenile Home, Toledo.

Division of Adult Corrections

HAL FARRIER, director.

This division is responsible for the development, funding and monitoring of state-wide adult community correctional programs. The division also administers the adult correctional institutions. Those institutions include: the Iowa State Penitentiary at Fort Madison, a maximum security facility for the older, longer-term felon; the John Bennett Correctional Center at Fort Madison, a medium security facility for inmates moving from maximum security to the community programs by gradual release; the Iowa State Reformatory at Anamosa, serving the younger and first-time felon; the Medium Security Unit at Mt. Pleasant, housing younger felons making the transition to the community by gradual release and those individuals demonstrating specific problems to community adjustment (i.e. substance abuse); the Women's Reformatory at Rockwell City, housing all women incarcerated for more than one year; the Riverview Release Center at Newton, a minimum security housing unit for the prisoner employment program, the Iowa Security Medical Facility at Oakdale, serving mentally ill offenders and providing evaluation of individuals for the Board of Parole Court; and the Clarinda Correctional Treatment Center, for residents needing special care in the area of mental retardation, mental illness, alcoholism and social inadequacies.

All of the major institutions within the division offer educational, vocational and work programs. In addition, supportive services such as counseling and medical care for the inmate and his family are also provided. Iowa State Industries provides a realistic work setting within the correctional institutions producing a wide range of products which are sold within the state.

Community-based services are offered in all of Iowa's eight judicial districts. These community services are funded by the Department of Social Services and are locally controlled.

Districts provide the following mandated community-based services: pre-trial, pre-sentencing, probation and residential treatment.

The division also oversees three post-institutional services: work release, parole and halfway houses. Other programs administered by the division include county jail inspection, parole and the interstate compact for receiving and transferring inmates.

Division of Planning Services

CHARLES PALMER, acting director.

This division is responsible for coordinating the planning process, assisting service divisions on certain specialized tasks, and maintaining ongoing long and short-range plans to assure direction and continuity.

Division of Operations Control

CHARLES H. SWEENEY, director.

This division provides oversight and management control support to the department and is responsible for program performance evaluations, auditing, appeals and fair hearings, affirmative action, fraud investigation, quality control, internal affairs, federal/state regulations, administrative procedures and policy. The division is also responsible for liaison with the attorney general's office, Department of Public Safety's Division of Criminal Investigation and the Iowa Legislature.

Division of Field Operations

LARRY D. JACKSON, director.

This division is responsible for implementing all community-based programs of the department related to adults, children, families and juveniles. The division's central structure (director, assistant, administrative assistant and secretary), is responsible for the supervision and management of 132 service locations across the state. These county service sites are organized into 16 districts, which correspond to the governor's planning region. All local field staff of the department are directly responsible to the division's 16 district administrators who, in turn, are responsible to the director of the Division of Field Operations. The major programs and services implemented through the division's local offices include foster care for children and adults, day care services, protective services, homemaker services, adoption services, family planning, Aid to Dependent Children, State Supplemental Assistance, Food Stamps, medical assistance and interstate compacts for juveniles.

Division of Mental Health Resources

CHARLES M. PALMER, director.

This division carries administrative responsibility for the major institutions in Iowa serving the mentally ill and the mentally retarded. Institutions include the Mental Health Institutes at Cherokee, Clarinda, Independence, Mt. Pleasant, and the State Hospital-Schools at Glenwood and Woodward.

The division is also responsible for interstate compacts on mental health and mental retardation, as well as for maintaining departmental relationships and responsibilities as provided in the Code of Iowa to county care facilities, certain county officers, the Iowa Mental Health Authority and organizations relating to mental health and mental retardation.

As part of this division, the Bureau of Developmental Disabilities coordinates, plans, funds and evaluates services for the mentally and physically handicapped.

Department of Soil Conservation

Wallace State Office Building, Des Moines 50319

State Soil Conservation Committee

WALTER HAGEN, Waterville; term expires 1979.
 CARROLL J. HOBSON, Eldora; term expires 1981.
 STANLEY ISAACSON, Des Moines; term expires 1985.
 KENNETH KASSEL, Ayrshire; term expires 1981.
 J. THOMAS KENNY, Akron; term expires 1983.
 LOUISE MOON, Des Moines; term expires 1981.
 CLIFFORD STILLE, Macedonia; term expires 1985.
 VIRGINIA STRIEGEL, What Cheer; term expires 1983.

Ex Officio Members:

DEAN CHARLES E. DONHOWE, Ames; Cooperative Extension Services, Iowa State University.
 LARRY CRANE, Des Moines; executive director, Department of Environmental Quality.
 ROBERT LOUNSBERRY, McCallsburg; secretary of agriculture.
 JAMES R. WEBB, Des Moines; director, Iowa Natural Resources Council.
 ROBERT FAGERLAND, West Des Moines; acting director, Iowa Conservation Commission.

Advisors:

WILLIAM J. BRUNE, Des Moines; state conservationist, U.S. Soil Conservation Service.
 CARL SCHNOOR, Boone; Iowa County Engineers Association.

Staff

LAWERENCE G. VANCE, Urbandale; director.

KENNETH R. TOW, Des Moines; assistant director.

JACK KUBICEK, Urbandale; administrative officer.

DANIEL LINDQUIST, Des Moines; soil conservation engineer, Conservancy District Division.

MARVIN ROSS, Slater; division director, Mines and Minerals Division.

LEON FODERBERG, West Des Moines; resource conservationist, Soil Conservation District Division.

The Department of Soil Conservation is responsible for the administration of the State Soil Conservation Laws. The State Soil Conservation Committee establishes policy for the agency.

Duties include: organization and supervision of soil conservation districts; promotion of soil conservation programs in soil conservation districts; dissemination of information between districts; assistance with the development of watershed programs; securing the cooperation and assistance of federal, state and local agencies in the work of soil conservation districts; and administration of state appropriations to soil conservation districts, including soil conservation cost-sharing funds.

The department also provides clerical and technical assistance to soil conservation districts throughout the state. Funds appropriated for soil conservation district commissioners' expenses are allocated to districts by the department. The department also assists districts with establishing soil loss limits and carrying out the provisions of Iowa's erosion control law.

The department is responsible for working with conservancy districts to develop water management plans. The department is also delegated responsibility for planning and implementation of nonpoint pollution segments of the state's water quality management program.

The department's Mines and Minerals Division is responsible for the licensing of mine operators, the registration of mine sites, and the reclamation of surface-mined lands in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Iowa. The department is also the delegated agency to administer the provision of the Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement of 1977.

Land Rehabilitation Advisory Board

RICHARD DAVIDSON, Des Moines.

WILLIAM W. FALL, Bussey.

DON KOCH, Iowa City.

STAN HENNING, Ames.

GENE HERTEL, Des Moines.

CAROLYN T. LUMBARD, Des Moines.

HUGH TEMPLETON, Knoxville.

The board is required to:

1. Advise the Department of Soil Conservation on any matter relating to administration and enforcement of the mining laws of Iowa.

2. Advise the department with respect to surface-mined land rehabilitation projects.

3. Advise the department on the gathering, preparation and dissemination of information on methods of rehabilitating land which has been surface mined, and on any state, federal or other financial assistance which may be available to assist in paying the cost of rehabilitation of the land.

Spanish Speaking Peoples Commission

507 10th St., Des Moines 50309

ALFREDO BENAVIDEZ, Iowa City; term expires 1981.
 HERBERT BECCERA, Council Bluffs; term expires 1981.
 JUAN CADENA, Muscatine; term expires 1981.
 VIRGINIA CORREA JONES, Ames; term expires 1981.
 SISTER IRENE MUNOZ, Muscatine; term expires 1981.
 ILA PLASENCIA, Des Moines; term expires 1981.
 ERNESTO RODRIGUEZ, Davenport; term expires 1981.
 JOHN TUCKER, Muscatine; term expires 1981.
 MIGUEL A TERAN, executive director.

The Spanish Speaking Peoples Commission was created by the 66th General Assembly in 1976, to act as an advocacy agency for Spanish-speaking Iowans in certain areas of concern, including: education, employment, health, housing, administration of justice, welfare and recreation.

The commission is headed by a nine-member board of directors who are appointed by the governor and who will serve until June 1981, when the initial term of the commission is to expire.

Pursuant to Chapter 16, Code of Iowa, 1977, the commission is to coordinate, assist and cooperate with the efforts of various state departments, agencies and institutions to serve the needs of Spanish-speaking persons.

In addition, the commission provides assistance to Spanish-speaking community organizations throughout the state, in setting up programs and projects for the benefit of the local citizens.

Each one of the commissioners serves as chairperson of a committee designed to address problems in all major areas of concern. These committees are made up of individuals from throughout the state who are interested and have expertise in various socio-economic areas.

The Spanish Speaking Peoples Commission is obligated to submit a report on its activities, functions and recommendations to the Legislature every two years.

Iowa Commission on the Status of Women

507—10th, Des Moines 50319

PATRICIA L. GEADELMANN, chairperson, Cedar Falls; term expires 1984.
 MARGARET S. ANDERSON, Bettendorf; term expires 1984.
 EDWARD M. ANSON, Sioux City; term expires 1984.
 FRANCES CALHOON, Huxley; term expires 1982.
 MARY E. CAMPOS, Des Moines; term expires 1982.
 ROSA CUNNINGHAM, Des Moines; term expires 1984.
 CLINTON P. DAVIS III, Des Moines; term expires 1982.
 MARCIA PETERSON, Des Moines; term expires 1984.
 MILDRED I. FREEL, Iowa City; term expires 1982.
 DORIS K. GREGORY, Blockton; term expires 1984.
 PHILLIP B. HILL, Des Moines; term expires 1982.
 CAROLYN HANNAN, Council Bluffs; term expires 1984.
 EUNICE KUYPER, Knoxville; term expires 1984.
 BILLIE D. LLOYD, Davenport; term expires 1984.
 GRETTA MERKLEY, Des Moines; term expires 1984.
 IRIS MUCHMORE, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1984.
 MARY PETERSON, Shelby; term expires 1984.
 PEGGY PINDER, Sioux City; term expires 1982.
 JOAN POE, Cedar Falls; term expires 1982.
 ROSELIND RABINOWITZ, Des Moines; term expires 1982.
 JOYCE M. SAMUELS, Ames; term expires 1982.
 DAVID SCOTT, Des Moines; term expires 1982.
 MARY WINSLOW, Des Moines; term expires 1982.
 SUE FOLLON, executive director, Des Moines.

The commission was established by statute in 1972. The 24 members are appointed by the governor. Its principle function is to study the changing needs and problems of the women of this state, and to develop and recommend new programs and constructive action to the governor and the General Assembly. The commission shall:

1. Serve as a clearinghouse on programs and agencies operating to assist women.
2. Conduct conferences.
3. Cooperate with governmental agencies to assist them in equalizing opportunities between men and women in employment and in expanding women's rights and opportunities.
4. Serve as the central permanent agency for the development of services for women.
5. Co-operate with public and private agencies in joint efforts to study and resolve problems relating to the status of women.
6. Publish and disseminate information relating to women and develop other educational programs.
7. Provide assistance to organized efforts by communities, organizations, associations and other groups working toward the improvement of women's status.

Department Of Substance Abuse

Suite 202, Insurance Exchange Building, Des Moines 50319

RUTH ANDERSON, Waterloo; term expires 1981.

FRANK J. DELANEY, Burlington; term expires 1981.

CAROLE HARDER, Keystone; term expires 1981.

FRANK T. HARRISON, Des Moines; term expires 1983.

JOSEPH B. MACKRILL, Forest City; term expires 1983.

DALLAS O. MINCHIN, M.D., Council Bluffs; term expires 1983.

MARILYN MURPHY, Sioux City; term expires 1981.

WILLIAM N. PLYMAT, Urbandale; term expires 1981.

RICHARD R. WHITTLESEY, Ph.D., Bettendorf; term expires 1983.

GARY P. RIEDMANN, director.

RONALD E. WALTERS, deputy director.

The Iowa Department of Substance Abuse was created on January 1, 1978, through a merger of the Iowa Division on Alcoholism (Department of Health) and the Iowa Drug Abuse Authority. This merger was first mandated by the 66th General Assembly in 1976. The purpose of the department and its nine-member Commission on Substance Abuse is to provide overall planning and coordination for substance (alcohol and other drug) abuse prevention and treatment functions within the state of Iowa.

Policy for the IDSA is set by the commission. The members of this commission are appointed by the governor. In addition to the commission, IDSA consists of a director, deputy director, staff and a nine-member advisory council. The director and advisory council are also appointed by the governor.

The primary functions of the IDSA are as follows:

- 1) Licensing of substance abuse treatment programs.
- 2) Administering federal and state substance abuse funds and monitoring the use of these funds.
- 3) Planning and coordinating state substance abuse efforts, including the development of a state plan.
- 4) Providing training opportunities for substance abuse program personnel.
- 5) Coordinating efforts with other relating agencies, especially social service, criminal justice and education agencies.
- 6) Collecting of client data for planning and evaluation purposes.
- 7) Providing technical assistance to substance abuse programs and community groups.
- 8) Providing public information on substance abuse.
- 9) Researching alternative funding sources for substance abuse.

Department of Transportation

800 Lincoln Way, Ames 50010

ROBERT R. RIGLER, chairman, New Hampton; term expires 1982.
 DENNIS W. VOY, Maquoketa; term expires 1985.
 BARBARA J. DUNN, Des Moines; term expires 1984.
 DARREL RENSINK, Sioux Center; term expires 1985.
 DEL VAN HORN, Jefferson; term expires 1984.
 C. ROGER FAIR, Davenport; term expires 1983.
 BRUCE H. VANDRUFF, Red Oak; term expires 1982.
 RAYMOND KASSEL, state director of transportation, Des Moines.

The Iowa Department of Transportation, established by legislation passed by the 65th General Assembly and mandated to begin official functions on July 1, 1974, is responsible for coordinating the various facets of Iowa's transportation system.

Seven commissioners appointed by the governor are responsible for determination of general operating policies which are carried out by the director of transportation and the department staff.

The Department of Transportation brings together transportation responsibilities formerly handled by the Aeronautics Commission, Highway Commission, Motor Vehicle Divisions of the Department of Public Safety, the Transportation Regulations Division of the Iowa Commerce Commission and the Iowa's Reciprocity Board. Additional responsibilities in the areas of public transit and river transportation are handled by the newly created divisions.

The purpose of the department is summed up in the beginning of the DOT policy statement: "The goal of the Iowa Department of Transportation is to assure adequate, safe and efficient transportation facilities for Iowa citizens by developing a total system which serves user needs and provides maximum economic and social benefits."

The department includes nine divisions and a Transportation Regulation Board. The duties and responsibilities of these departmental divisions are summarized below.

Administration Division

J.M. McCOY, director.

Provides general administrative and support services such as accounting, purchasing, information, data processing, personnel, facilities management and fleet operation.

Highway Division

D.E. McLEAN, director.

Responsible for project planning, design and Right-of-Way acquisition resulting in construction, and inspection of contracted primary road projects. Responsible for maintaining Iowa's primary road system for safe usage by the public. Acts as liaison in obtaining and disbursing federal highway funds.

Aeronautics Division

HARRY A. HOOVER, director.

Handles aircraft and pilot licensing, aircraft registration and airport programs. Operates state aircraft pool.

Motor Vehicle Division

GORDON SWEITZER, director.

Responsible for vehicle registration, drivers' licenses, reciprocity and prorate truck registration, motor vehicle inspection, dealers' licenses, truck regulation, traffic weight operations, and toll bridge operations.

Railroad Transportation Division

LES HOLLAND, director.

Administers state and federal rail assistance programs; evaluates rail abandonments and rail merger applications; administers grade crossing improvement programs and monitors the physical condition of Iowa's rail system. Provides staff assistance to the Iowa Railway Finance Authority.

Public Transit Division

JOANNE SHORT, director.

Responsible for public transit planning and investigation of feasibility of various types of public transit. Acts as state designee for disbursement of federal mass transit funding.

River Transportation Division

HARRY A. HOOVER, acting director.

Coordinates use of river transportation with other transportation modes and examines potential for more efficient use of Iowa's waterways.

Planning and Research Division

IAN MAC GILLIVRAY, director.

Responsible for DOT policy analysis, advance planning and determination of priorities. Collection of data to be used in transportation planning and coordination of transportation between state and local governments, and transportation economic studies.

General Counsel Division

R. GOODWIN, special assistant attorney general.

Legal staff assigned from the attorney general's office handles legal matters for the DOT.

Transportation Regulation Board

CONRAD AMEND, term expires 1981.

KRISTINE GRIMM, term expires 1985.

JACK LINGE, term expires 1982.

Regulates routes and fees charged by truck and rail carriers, determines operating regulations and rules on transportation issues, changes in service, and applications for public certificates of convenience and necessity.

State Vocational Education Advisory Council

Executive Hills, Des Moines 50319

Term: three years. Appointed by governor.

IVAN DAVIS, Vinton; term expires 1982.
 RUDY ENGSTROM, Lake City; term expires 1982.
 DENNIS FETTERS, Des Moines; term expires 1981.
 ORVILLE FRAZIER, Harlan; term expires 1983.
 JAMES HUFF, Dubuque; term expires 1982.
 DONNA KEPPY, Wilton; term expires 1983.
 JOHN KIBBIE, Emmetsburg; term expires 1981.
 VIRGINIA KLEMM, Des Moines; term expires 1981.
 DONALD LANTZ, Stanton; term expires 1981.
 SISTER MARY LENZ, vice chairperson, Sioux City; term expires 1982.
 FRANCES MELVOLD, Maquoketa; term expires 1981.
 HENRY E. MERKEL, Des Moines; term expires 1983.
 MARY MIXDORF, Iowa City; term expires 1981.
 GRACIELA PAGE, Muscatine; term expires 1982.
 JOHN PRIHODA, Marshalltown; term expires 1982.
 MARTHA QUINT, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1981.
 W. RAY RICHARDSON, Waterloo; term expires 1982.
 RANDALL ROBERTS, Fayette; term expires 1983.
 MARY SHERER, chairperson, Des Moines; term expires 1981.
 MARINA SORLIE, Des Moines; term expires 1982.
 ELMER SOVERN JR., Albia; term expires 1981.
 VERNON VAN SICKLE, Eldora; term expires 1983.
 HARLAN E. GIESE, executive director, Des Moines.

The State Advisory Council for Vocational Education was created by the 63rd General Assembly in 1969. This council advises the state Board of Public Instruction on policy matters relating to the administration of the state plan and accountability report for vocational education, conducts an annual evaluation of the vocational education effort in the state, and is to advise on the development of or amendment to the state plan for vocational education. The council is also charged with the responsibility of conducting at least one public hearing annually at which any concerns about vocational and career education can be brought to the council. The council is to perform other duties as required in order for the state to qualify for federal aid and grants for vocational education.

The law provides that the membership of the council will have a minimum of 20 members and not more than 23 members and further specifies the backgrounds of the individuals that must be represented on the council. The council will hold a minimum of one meeting each quarter.

Board of Voting Machine Commissioners

Clerk of court, Courthouse, Maquoketa 52060

ROY E. VOELKER, chairman, Oskaloosa; term expires 1981.
 RALPH DE COOK, Pella; term expires 1979.
 LOIS SCHNOOR, Maquoketa; term expires 1981.

The board passes on the capacity of voting machines to perform satisfactorily. Approval of this board is required before a new type of machine can be adopted.

Voter Registration Commission

Level B — Hoover State Office Building

JOHN LAW
TIM HYDE
LOUISE WHITCOME
DALE L. NELSON, state registrar.

Every eligible elector shall be registered to qualify to vote in any election [C '77, 47.4].

Any eligible elector may register in person with the county commissioner or designee, with a mobile registrar or on a prescribed postcard registration form [C '77, 48.2, 48.3].

Registration closes at 5 p.m., 10 days prior to an election. Postcard registration closes 25 days prior [C '77, 48.11, 48.4].

Watchmaker's Board

990 Des Moines St., Suite 200, Des Moines 50316

HOWARD W. WILSHIRE JR., New Hampton; term expires 1982.
MARIAN R. HAAF, Waterloo; term expires 1983.
K. LANE KUNATH, Spencer; term expires 1981.
IRVIN H. PALM, Red Oak; term expires 1982.
JAMES W. PETERSON, Washington, term expires 1981.
RONALD C. REICHERT, Hiawatha; term expires 1983.
SIDNEY E. WILCOX, Missouri Valley; term expires 1981.
DEE DE KOCK, Des Moines; executive secretary.

The 51st General Assembly created a Watchmaker's Board to register all persons or firms engaged in watchmaking or repair. Members of the board shall set their own per diem compensation at a rate not exceeding \$40 per day for each day actually engaged in the discharge of their duties, with maximum compensation of \$300 a year. They are required by law to meet at least once a year.

Iowa State Appellate Defender's Office

First Floor Lucas Building, Des Moines 50319

FRANCIS C. HOYT, JR., chief appellate defender.

In the fall of 1979, the Supreme Court Cost of Litigation Committee recommended the development of a State Appellate Defender's Office and in 1980, such an office was created by the Iowa Legislature.

The major function of the office is to represent indigent criminal defendants on appeals to the Iowa Supreme Court.

Major objectives of the office include: reducing the cost of criminal appeals within the state, reducing unnecessary delays in the administration of criminal appeals, and providing high quality appellate representation to indigent criminal defendants.

The chief appellate defender is appointed by the governor.

Assessor Education Commission

Hoover State Office Building, Des Moines 50319

MICHAEL CAVITT, chairman, Iowa City.
 GERALD D. BAIR, director of Revenue, Des Moines.
 EARL JAGO, Waterloo City assessor.
 DAYLE PURCELL, Harrison County assessor, Logan.
 LEROY PETERSON, Grimes.
 ANN SPANGLER, Page County recorder, Clarinda.
 CYRIL MANDELBAUM, Des Moines.

The Assessor Education Commission was established on Jan. 1, 1979, pursuant to Senate File 221, enacted by the 67th General Assembly. This seven member commission consists of the director of Revenue, two Iowa assessors appointed by the Executive Board of the Iowa State Association of Assessors, one member appointed by the State Board of Tax Review and three lay persons appointed by the governor.

The AEC was created to develop and administer a program of continuing education for Iowa assessors and deputy assessors emphasizing assessment and appraisal procedures, assessment laws of the state, and the subject matter specified in Section 441.5, 1981 Code of Iowa. The basic responsibilities of the Assessor Education Commission are:

1. To establish or designate the courses to be offered as part of the continuing education program, content of courses, and the number of hours of classroom instruction for each course.
2. To meet periodically to evaluate the continuing education program in order to make any changes necessary.
3. To uphold the confidentiality of examinations.
4. Certification to conference boards of eligibility for reappointment of assessors.
5. Rule making.

The objective of the AEC is to continually strive to keep all Iowa assessors informed of educational requirements and commission activities, to certify courses that address relevant subject matters and to explore different avenues of education as need arises.

Iowa Boundary Commission

Capitol Building, Des Moines 50319

REP. FRANK CRABB, chairperson, Denison.
 SEN. TOM SLATER, vice chairperson, Council Bluffs.
 SEN. JACK HESTER, Honey Creek.
 SEN. RAY TAYLOR, Steamboat Rock.
 SEN. WARREN JOHNSON, Sloan.
 REP. JAMES O'KANE, Sioux City.

The 67th General Assembly created the Iowa Boundary Commission in 1978. It is composed of three senators appointed by the president of the Senate and three representatives appointed by the speaker of the House for four-year terms.

The commission is authorized to meet with representatives from agencies of this state, other states and the federal government to discuss Iowa's boundaries and problems related to those boundaries. The commission may make reports and recommendations, which may include proposals negotiated with other states, to the General Assembly.

The commission's statute is codified in Chapter 2, Code of Iowa. Staff assistance is provided to the commission by the Legislative Service Bureau.

Department of Credit Unions

Executive Hills West

1209 E. Court Ave., Des Moines 50319

BETTY MINOR, administrator.

JAMES A. BRODY, deputy administrator.

Review Board

AILEEN BROWN, Des Moines; term expires 1984.

JERRY R. COUGHLON, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

MICHAEL J. JACKSON, Waterloo; term expires 1983.

DOROTHY KRAUSE, Iowa City; term expires 1982.

JAMES J. MC CUE, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1984.

LOIS JEAN MILLER, Carroll; term expires 1983.

LAYTON M. STUMP, Chairman, Waterloo; term expires 1982.

The Department of Credit Unions was established Jan. 1, 1979, by the 67th General Assembly. The administrator is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the governor subject to confirmation by the Senate. The seven member Review Board is appointed by the governor for staggered three-year terms, also subject to confirmation by the Senate. Two of the board members may be public members; however, at no time shall more than five of the members be directors or employees of a credit union. A list of nominees may be submitted to the governor by any credit union located in the state. The board may adopt, amend and repeal rules pursuant to Chapter 17A or take such action as it deems necessary or suitable to effect the provisions of Chapter 533, Code of Iowa.

The administrator is charged with the supervision, control and enforcement of the laws, bylaws, rules and regulations pertaining to the organization and operation of credit unions operating under a state charter. It is the intent and responsibility of the administrator and department staff to protect the interests and corporate rights of the more than 500,000 members of Iowa credit unions. This is done through regular examination and analization of the operation in each credit union, with such remedial action taken as deemed necessary. In addition the department provides an orderly process for the chartering, merger, conversion and liquidation of state credit unions; advises governmental bodies and agencies and individuals in matters of credit union affairs; provides fundamental and technical assistance to credit unions; properly disposes of public complaint or inquiry pertaining to the management of state credit unions; provides state liaison with authorized member account insurers and maintains an equitable fee structure and offset of department expenditures.

Iowa Department of Job Service

Appeal Board

1000 East Grand, Des Moines 50319

JAMES A. ALTHAUS, chairman, Des Moines; term expires 1986.

CLIFF BURROUGHS, vice chairman, Greene; term expires 1984.

NORMA I. LOCK, board member, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

The full-time, three-member board was created by statute, organized in 1976, to review and decide disputed claims for unemployment benefits. The appeal board consists of a representative of management, a representative of labor and a representative of the public. Members are appointed by the governor for six year terms on a staggered basis.

State Mental Health Advisory Council

First Floor Hoover Building, Des Moines 50319

DON E. PERKINS, chairman, provider representative; term expires 1984.

KAY E. DULL, vice chairman, provider representative; term expires 1982.

PHYLLIS CHRISTIANSEN, executive committee, consumer representative; term expires 1984.

Provider Representatives

RICHARD BEALKA, M.D., Independence; term expires 1983.

VERA FRENCH, M.D., Bettendorf; term expires 1983.

HELEN HENDERSON, Des Moines; term expires 1984.

Consumer Representatives

ELWIN FARWELL, Decorah; term expires 1983.

JAMES HASSENFRTZ, Mt. Pleasant; term expires 1984.

MARGARET MC DONALD, Cherokee; term expires 1982.

FERRELL REED, Clarinda; term expires 1983.

DAVID STOUT, Waterloo; term expires 1982.

The Advisory Council was established by the 1978 session of the 67th General Assembly to work towards the strengthening of Iowa's mental health delivery system by assuring that quality mental health services are uniformly available and accessible to all Iowans. The council is composed of consumer and provider representatives and conforms as closely as possible with pertinent requirements of United States P.L. 94—63.

The council's responsibilities include: advising responsible state officials and agencies on the establishment and implementation of mental health policies and programs exercising duties which include review of the State Mental Health Plan; preparing and promulgating administrative rules governing services offered by an alternative diagnostic facility in performing preliminary diagnostic evaluations, mandated in Chapter 225B.4, Code 1981; and advising the governor and Legislature on the organization of a unified state mental health agency. The council also serves as an ad hoc committee to the Plan Development Committee of the State Health Coordinating Council for purposes of reviewing the State Plan and grant applications.

Iowa Office for Voluntary Citizen Participation

Capitol Building, Des Moines 50319

DOROTHEA H. SIDNEY, chairman, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

DOROTHY BALFANZ, treasurer, Mason City; term expires 1982.

ROBERT D. COLE, Creston; term expires 1983.

CAROLYN FARRELL, Dubuque; term expires 1981.

JACK GILBERT, Sioux City; term expires 1983.

DR. ROY PARKS, Ames; term expires 1981.

BENITA L. STRAIT, Iowa City; term expires 1983.

HELEN F. TACK, Glenwood; term expires 1982.

REV. HAROLD VARCE, Des Moines; term expires 1982.

BARBARA J. FINCH, state program director.

The Office for Voluntary Citizen Participation was established by executive order on Nov. 2, 1978. The nine-member advisory council is appointed by the governor.

The OVCP's functions are: 1) to develop and expand volunteer programs in order to enhance the work of public and private agencies and institutions; 2) to provide greater recognition and visibility to volunteer efforts; 3) to serve as an information resource center on subjects related to volunteerism; 4) to provide technical assistance and consultation to the voluntary section; and 5) to identify areas in the public and private sector in which volunteers could make a contribution and encourage the same.

Iowa Family Farm Development Authority

418 Sixth Ave., Des Moines 50309

MAURICE E. BARINGER, treasurer of state.
 ROBERT H. LOUNSBERRY, secretary of agriculture.
 JOHN E. SOORHOLTZ, chairman, Melbourne; term expires 1986.
 GEORGE K. SCHNEIDERMANN, vice chairman, Rock Rapids; term expires 1986.
 GENE E. GEISSINGER, treasurer, Des Moines; term expires 1982.
 STEVEN A. BASLER, Sharpsburg; term expires 1984.
 EDWARD ENGSTROM, Kanawha; term expires 1982.
 M. LINDA NICHOLS, Onawa; term expires 1984.
 LOIS SCHNOOR, Maquoketa; term expires 1986.
 DWIGHT O. SEEGMILLER, Iowa City; term expires 1982.
 ALICE JANE WALTER, Guttenburg; term expires 1984.
 WILLIAM H. MC NARNEY, director.
 WILLIAM H. GREINER, executive administrator.

The 68th Iowa General Assembly, created the Iowa Family Farm Development Authority in 1980, for the purpose of assisting beginning farmers, as defined by Chapter 175, Code of Iowa, in purchasing agricultural land, agricultural improvements and depreciable agricultural property for the purpose of farming.

The Authority may issue negotiable bonds and notes to finance its programs in assisting beginning farmers. It may also participate in and cooperate with programs of the Farmers Home Administration, Federal Land Bank, any other agency of the federal government or with any program of any other state agency in the administration of the beginning farmer loan program.

Iowa Railway Finance Authority

800 Lincoln Way, Ames 50010

WILLIAM MC GRATH, chairman, Melrose; term expires 1986.
 MARK WAMPLER, vice chairman, Allerton; term expires 1982.
 CHARLES CRAWFORD, Adair; term expires 1982.
 FRED MC KIM, West Bend; term expires 1984.
 O. R. WOODS, Cedar Rapids; term expires 1984.
 RAYMOND KASSEL, secretary, Ames.

The Iowa Railway Finance Authority was established by legislation in 1980. The Authority will enable the state to actively participate in preserving essential components of Iowa's rail system. Prior to its establishment, decisions affecting Iowa's rail system were being made exclusively in the court, private sector and by the federal government.

The five-member board is appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. The director of the Department of Transportation serves as secretary to the board and Iowa Department of Transportation staff members serve as staff.

Specific duties and authorities of the board include: the power of eminent domain; the authority to acquire railway facilities; the responsibility to determine the location of any railway facility to be financed, and to construct, reconstruct, renovate, replace, maintain, repair and lease those facilities; the capability to enter into contracts for the operation, management or use of a railway facility; the authority to sell or convey any of the railway facilities; the authority to issue bonds or other obligations; the authority to collect rents and other charges for the use of its railway facility; the authority to extend loans for financing the project costs; the authority to receive and accept loans or grants in aid of project costs; the authority to temporarily operate a railway facility if necessary to preserve an essential part of a railway system. The board does not have authority to own rolling stock.

Schools, Colleges and Universities

- **State Schools and Universities**
- **Area Education Agencies**
- **Area Community Colleges, Vocational Schools and Public Community or Junior Colleges**
- **Private Colleges and Universities**
- **Private Junior Colleges**

State Schools and Universities

THE UNIVERSITY OF IOWA

Iowa City

President, Willard L. Boyd, B.S.L., LL.B., LL.M., S.J.D.

Vice President for Academic Affairs and Dean of the Faculties, May Brodbeck, B.A., M.A., Ph.D.

Vice President for Student Services and Dean of Academic Affairs, Philip G. Hubbard, B.S.E.E., M.S., Ph.D.

Vice President for Finance and University Services, Randall P. Bezanson, B.S., J.D.

Vice President for Educational Development and Research and Dean of the Graduate College, Duane C. Priestestersbach, B.Ed., M.A., Ph.D.

The University of Iowa was the first public institution of higher learning founded by the state of Iowa. The date was Feb. 25, 1847, just 59 days after Iowa gained statehood. The act establishing the university was passed in the legislative chambers of Old Capitol. In its early days, the university was devoted primarily to the education of teachers for Iowa's secondary schools. Classes began in 1855 with a student body of 19 and a faculty of three. From this, the university has evolved into an integrated liberal arts, graduate and professional institution offering programs of teaching, research and educational public service. Today the university is organized in ten colleges — Business Administration, Dentistry, Education, Engineering, Graduate, Law, Liberal Arts, Medicine, Nursing and Pharmacy — which together comprise more than 80 departments and seven schools. The schools, all within the College of Liberal Arts, are: Art and Art History, Journalism and Mass Communication, Letters, Library Science, Music, Religion, and Social Work.

The core of the university is arts and sciences surrounded by well integrated professional colleges. The university seeks to offer programs of quality and to be receptive to change. It was the first state university to admit women students on an equal basis with men. It also was an early leader in the general education movement, with its broad accent on the liberal arts.

This venturesome spirit is also evidenced by the university's willingness to experiment in developing interdisciplinary programs which utilize faculty members from different departments. One result, the field of speech pathology and audiology, originated through such a cross-fertilization among several academic disciplines. By fusing its capabilities in engineering and the health sciences, the university similarly has become a center for the development of sophisticated prosthetic devices, such as artificial hip joints, and now offers an inter-departmental undergraduate program in biomedical engineering.



President Willard L. Boyd

Research

Teaching, research and service functions of higher education are tightly interwoven in the philosophies and policies of the university. Even as the faculty transmits knowledge to students, it strives to increase knowledge through research and to make both the knowledge and resources of the university available and useful to all. The university does not define research narrowly. A pioneer in the acceptance of work in the creative arts in satisfaction of thesis requirement for advanced degrees, it adheres to the position that the term "research" applies to creativity in all fields. Imaginative originality, be it in the fine arts or in the sciences, is of a common character and significance in the overall intellectual life of the institution. This creative activity is a requisite function of a faculty if its teaching is to have the qualities of relevance, freshness and effectiveness expected of a quality institution of higher learning.

During the past few years, increasing amounts of federal and private funds have been made available for the support of these creative activities. These funds support key programs which are at the heart of the university's functions and purposes, although state-appropriated funds and tuition obviously form the base of the financial support of the Regent institutions. Recent examples of those federally supported programs which combine the teaching, research and services functions and have a direct effect upon the state of Iowa are the outreach program to find ways to improve the treatment of autistic children in the state, the Hemophilia Center project that serves Iowans afflicted with this disease, the Iowa State Cancer Registry, the Epidemiology Research Center, and the Iowa Epidemiologic Study on Pesticides.

Public Service

The university also provides many direct services to the state. Its Division of Continuing Education reaches thousands of Iowans each year through off-campus courses, correspondence study, on-campus conferences and workshops, and the distribution of films and other educational materials. Increasing attention is given to the needs of nontraditional students through expansion of the university's Saturday and evening class program and introduction of a program of short noncredit courses for adults. University service agencies such as the Management Center, Industrial Relations Institute and Labor Center, the Institute of Public Affairs, and Institute of Agricultural Medicine provide still other types of special services to the state.

In cooperation with the other Iowa Regent universities, The University of Iowa offers the bachelor of liberal studies (B.L.S.) degree, a broad-based liberal arts program designed for persons away from the campus to take in their spare time. The universities have started offering the program in selected communities throughout the state.

The University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics serve as the tertiary health care center for the entire state of Iowa. Each year the hospital admits more than 40,000 patients for hospitalization and treats an additional 318,000 in out-patient clinics. As a tertiary level health care center, it provides the state with a number of specialized capabilities, such as burn treatment, organ transplantation and pediatric heart surgery. The center also operates as a teaching and research base for the university's Colleges of Medicine, Dentistry, Nursing and Pharmacy, as well as for other health-related professions.

The University Hospitals and Clinics also includes the Psychiatric Hospital, the University Hospital School and the Oakdale Hospital, where pulmonary disease and alcoholism treatment units are located. Also headquartered at the university's Health Center are the Iowa State Services for Crippled Children and The University of Iowa Hygienic Laboratory, which provide services to agencies of state and local governments and private citizens, as well as the Colleges of Medicine, Pharmacy, Nursing and Dentistry.

Enrollment

During the past two decades, the university's enrollment has more than doubled as greater numbers have sought to prepare themselves for life and work in an increasingly complex society. One of the university's highest priorities as a public institution is to assure its accessibility to all qualified students. At the same time, the university strives to provide an attractive, individualized learning environment, in keeping with its traditional concern that education should remain an individual experience. An open-stack library system and the utilization of computer-aided instruction augment an outstanding faculty and staff. A modern residence hall system offers students an opportunity to meet and live with students of diverse backgrounds and aspirations. An abundance of recreational activities are available on the campus, while the Iowa Center for the Arts affords students with a wide range of opportunities for cultural enrichment in the visual and performing arts.

The university thus serves Iowa in a variety of ways. As an educational institution, it prepares people — over 160,000 graduates since the opening of the first classes — who are vital to the well-being of Iowa's communities. Currently, nearly 5,000 degrees are awarded each year, ranging from the baccalaureate to the most advanced degrees in many specialized areas of knowledge. As a research institution, it has helped to advance knowledge and has contributed to the betterment of the quality of life in Iowa. As a service institution, it provides many essential services which would not otherwise be available to Iowans. Finally, as a center of the arts — in music, theater, dance, creative writing and the visual arts — the university enriches the cultural life of Iowa.

Following is the annual record of enrollment at the university since 1954:

Year	Enrollment November 1	June to June on Campus of College Grade	All Types Including Corres- pondence and Ex- cluding Conferences and Short Courses
1954-55	8,414	11,011	15,634
1955-56	9,331	11,549	16,061
1956-57	9,901	12,572	17,938
1957-58	10,254	12,946	18,736
1958-59	10,516	13,564	20,073
1959-60	10,789	14,207	21,164
1960-61	11,113	14,728	21,543
1961-62	11,701	15,395	22,553
1962-63	12,114	16,095	23,161
1963-64	12,923	17,033	24,396
1964-65	14,480	18,957	26,232
1965-66	16,355	20,497	27,050
1966-67	17,755	22,099	28,394
1967-68	18,659	23,106	28,783
1968-69	19,506	24,591	30,075
1969-70	20,236	25,408	30,589
1970-71	20,604	25,618	30,248
1971-72	20,387	25,430	29,300
1972-73	20,052	25,434	28,456
1973-74	20,528	26,058	30,874
1974-75	21,271	27,934	32,944
1975-76	22,512	29,055	33,683
1976-77	22,393	29,387	34,179
1977-78	22,766	29,405	34,555
1978-79	22,990	30,052	35,578
1979-80	23,349	30,909	35,546
1980-81	25,100	Not available	Not available

IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Ames

Officers of Administration

President, William Robert Parks, Ph.D.
 President Emeritus, James H. Hilton, D.Sc.
 Vice President for Academic Affairs, George C. Christensen, Ph.D.
 Vice President for Research, Daniel J. Zaffarano, Ph.D.
 Vice President for Student Affairs, Thomas B. Thielen, Ph.D.
 Vice President for Business and Finance, Wayne R. Moore, B.S.
 Vice President for Information and Development, Carl Hamilton, B.S.

The University

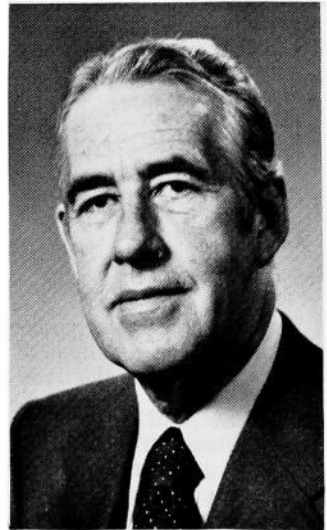
Iowa State University was one of the earliest institutions established in the movement to create an educational system uniquely suited to American democratic philosophy.

It was founded by the Iowa General Assembly in 1858. Four years later the national "people's college" movement was underwritten by the Morrill Land-Grant Act which made federal lands available to endow colleges whose aim was to promote "liberal and practical education . . . in the several pursuits and professions of life." Iowa was the first state to accept the terms of the Morrill Act. In March 1863, the General Assembly awarded Iowa's grant to the recently-chartered institution at Ames.

Originally the Land-Grant colleges were primarily concerned with subjects relating to agricultural and industrial pursuits. Thus, Iowa State began as "Iowa Agricultural College," and in 1896 was given the more inclusive name, "Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts." In those beginning years, it established a national—and in many cases international—reputation in the areas of agriculture, veterinary medicine, home economics and engineering.

Adapting Land-Grant philosophy to the changing needs of the 20th century, Iowa State has maintained its preeminence in these areas, but has broadened and strengthened its work in other fields to the point that its largest enrollment now is in the sciences and humanities.

Increasing numbers of students find in the broadbased curricula of Iowa State opportunities to specialize in excellent programs of science and technology, and to acquire a general background of education in the liberal arts tradition.



President W. Robert Parks

The Development of the University

Iowa State opened its doors to a preparatory class in the fall of 1868, with instruction at the college level beginning the following March. A class of 26 was graduated at the first commencement in 1872.

The college pioneered in the establishment of agricultural curricula, was the first state institution to found a veterinary school, and helped move engineering from a small and narrow profession to its present key position in our industrialized society. The basic sciences were emphasized. Coeducational from its beginning, Iowa State took leadership in domestic economy (later to become home economics).

Graduate study was offered almost as soon as classes began, and the first graduate degree was conferred in 1877. Experimentation and research also started early, first in agriculture and shortly thereafter in home economics, engineering, science and veterinary medicine.

Iowa State shared the conviction with other Land-Grant institutions that all people should have access to the ideas and knowledge of the campus. By 1870, it was holding educational institutes in various Iowa towns. In 1903, it set the pattern of county cooperative extension as it is conducted now throughout the United States.

Iowa State's program became that of a university with special teaching responsibility in science and technology, an extension education program throughout the state, and extensive research interests to advance frontiers of learning.

Since 1959 it has been known as Iowa State University of Science and Technology.

Instruction is offered throughout the year, divided into four quarters of approximately 11 weeks each. Beginning with the 1981-82 academic year, the university will switch to a two-semester format.

The Iowa State Student

Iowa State enrolls more freshmen than any other college or university in the state.

At the three public universities in Iowa in fall 1979, the enrollment of new freshmen was 9,182. Iowa State's 4,345 freshmen constituted nearly half of that total. The 1979 Iowa State undergraduate enrollment of 20,144 constituted 45 percent of the undergraduate enrollment at the public universities.

About 21 percent of the undergraduate students are from outside the borders of Iowa.

In 1979-80, the university awarded 3,617 bachelors degrees and 940 advanced and professional degrees. Since the first class was graduated in 1872, 118,913 degrees have been awarded as of June 30, 1980.

Enrollment at the university in the fall of 1979 was 23,486 and was distributed by areas of study as follows:

Agricultural Engineering	153
Agriculture	3,237
Education	1,196
Engineering	4,023
Home Economics	1,534
Sciences and Humanities	7,609
Veterinary Medicine	481
Graduate	3,342

Academic Programs

The university is organized into eight colleges, listed here with their chief academic programs. A new College of Design was founded July 1, 1978. In many cases, certain majors, options or electives allow for increased specialization within programs.

College of Agriculture

Agricultural Biochemistry	Farm Operation
Agricultural Business	Fisheries and Wildlife Biology
Agricultural Education	Food Technology
Agricultural Extension Education	Forestry
Agricultural Mechanization	Horticulture
Agriculture Journalism	International Agriculture
Agronomy	Journalism and Mass Communication
Animal Ecology	Pest Management
Animal Science	Plant Pathology
Biometry	Public Service and
Dairy Science	Administration in Agriculture
Entomology	Seed Science

College of Design

Architecture	Community and Regional Planning
Art and Design	Landscape Architecture

College of Education

Elementary Education
 Industrial Education
 Physical Education

Professional Studies in Education
 Secondary Education

College of Engineering

Aerospace Engineering
 Agricultural Engineering
 Ceramic Engineering
 Chemical Engineering
 Civil Engineering
 Computer Engineering
 Construction Engineering
 Electrical Engineering

Engineering Operations
 Engineering Science and Mechanics
 Industrial Engineering
 Mechanical Engineering
 Metallurgical Engineering
 Nuclear Engineering
 Surveying

College of Home Economics

Child Development
 Family Environment
 Food and Nutrition
 Home Economics Education

Home Economics Journalism
 Home Economics Studies
 Institution Management
 Textiles and Clothing

College of Sciences and Humanities

Anthropology
 Bacteriology (Microbiology)
 Biochemistry
 Biology
 Biophysics
 Botany
 Business Administration
 Chemistry
 Computer Science
 Distributed Studies
 Earth Science
 Economics
 English
 Environmental Studies
 French
 Geology
 German
 History

Individual Major
 International Studies
 Mathematics
 Metallurgy
 Meteorology
 Music
 Naval Science
 Philosophy
 Physics
 Political Science
 Psychology
 Russian
 Sociology
 Spanish
 Speech
 Statistics
 Zoology

College of Veterinary Medicine

Veterinary Medicine

Graduate College

Confers the degrees of master of science, master of arts, specialist, doctor of philosophy and master of agriculture, master of architecture, master of community and regional planning, master of education, master of engineering, master of landscape architecture, and master of public administration. Programs leading to the doctorate are available in approximately 70 disciplines. Several interdisciplinary programs such as biomedical engineering, general graduate studies, immunobiology, industrial administrative sciences, industrial relations, molecular, cellular and developmental biology, and water resources are also available.

Operating Budget

In the year ending June 30, 1979, the Iowa State University expenditures for operation were approximately \$202.3 million. Of this total, about 22 percent was for instruction, about 22 percent for research, about 8 percent for extension services and 28 percent for self-supporting enterprises such as the operation of the residence hall system and stores. The remainder was for the physical plant, academic support and student financial aid.

State appropriations accounted for about 38 percent of the income for the year, gifts, grants and contracts for about 19 percent and self-supporting enterprises 29 percent. Federal appropriations contributed a little more than 3 percent and student fees 9 percent of total operation, including research and extension as well as instruction. The remainder came from sales and endowment income, organized activities and miscellaneous other income.

Physical Plant

As of June 30, 1979, the value of the land, buildings and equipment, and other improvements of the university, based on acquisition cost was about \$310,000,000. This figure included buildings and equipment used by auxiliary enterprises. Somewhat more than half of the funds for construction of all facilities came from gifts and grants or student fees and other charges. The remainder came from state appropriations.

Research and Service Agencies

Research and service agencies of the university include:

- The Iowa Agricultural and Home Economics Experiment Station
- The Engineering Research Institute
- The Sciences and Humanities Research Institute
- The Home Economics Research Institute
- The Industrial Relations Center
- The Computation Center
- The Statistical Laboratory
- The Energy and Mineral Resources Research Institute, of which the Ames laboratory of the United States Department of Energy is an integral part
- University Extension, which includes the Cooperative Extension Service in Agricultural and Home Economics, Engineering Extension, the Center for Industrial Research and Service, and the Office of Extension Courses and Conferences
- The Iowa Veterinary Medical Diagnostic Laboratory
- The Veterinary Medical Research Institute
- The Center for Agricultural and Rural Development
- The North Central Regional Center for Rural Development
- The Water Resources Research Institute
- The World Food Institute
- The Research Institute for Studies in Education

UNIVERSITY OF NORTHERN IOWA

Cedar Falls

President, John J. Kamerick, Ph.D.

Vice President and Provost, James G. Martin, Ph.D.

Vice President for Student Services, Thomas W. Hansmeier, Ed.D.

Assistant to the President for State Relations & Special Events,

Edward V. Voldseth, Ph.D.

Vice President for Administrative Services, Robert D. Stansbury, Ph.D.

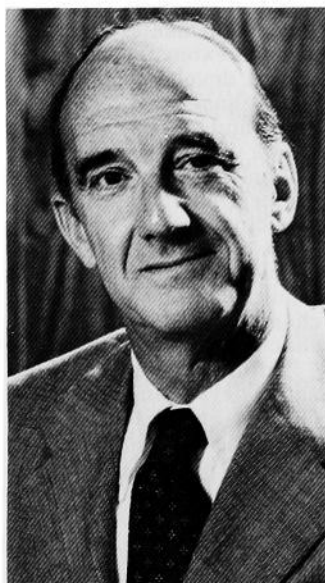
The University of Northern Iowa is a member of the American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education, the American Association of State Colleges and Universities, and the Council of Graduate Schools in the United States. The university is fully accredited through the master's degrees, the specialist's degrees and the Doctorate in Industrial Technology by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools. The university is also accredited by the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education. The university's programs are accredited by the following professional accrediting agencies: the National Association of Schools of Music, the National Association of Schools of Art, the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association, the National Council of Social Work Education, the American Association of Museums and the American Home Economics Association. Programs are also approved by the Iowa State Department of Public Instruction, the National University Extension Association and the American Chemical Society.

Created by act of the Iowa General Assembly, the university opened on Sept. 6, 1876, as Iowa State Normal School and was authorized to grant the bachelor's degree in 1904. In 1909, the name of the institution was changed to Iowa State Teachers College and in the following 50 years achieved national status in teacher education. In 1961, the state Legislature broadened the function of the institution to offer programs of instruction in the liberal and vocational arts and changed the name to the State College of Iowa. The university now offers five baccalaureate degrees: the Bachelor of Arts, the Bachelor of Technology established in 1968, the Bachelor of Music established in 1969, and the Bachelor of Fine Arts established in 1976. Programs leading to certification to teach are available on both of the first two degrees. The Bachelor of Liberal Studies, the fifth baccalaureate degree, is an external degree made available through the cooperative efforts of the three Iowa Regents universities. This degree was approved by the Regents in 1977.

Graduate work leading to the Master of Arts in Education degree was begun in 1952, and in 1960 the graduate program was extended with the addition of a sixth-year program leading to the Specialist in Education degree. The Master of Arts degree was effected in 1965 and the Specialist degree was inaugurated in 1970. The Master of Business Administration degree began in 1975 and the Master of Music degree was established in 1976. The graduate program was further extended in 1978 with the addition of UNI's first doctoral degree, the Doctor of Industrial Technology.

The change to university status on July 1, 1967, brought increased attention to research and services, major changes in the administrative organization of the institution, and the offering of a far broader curriculum not only in education but in fields other than teaching along with an increased emphasis on graduate work.

The function of the university is described by the following statement of mission approved by the State Board of Regents in 1978:



President John J. Kamerick

"The University of Northern Iowa at Cedar Falls is recognized as having a mission of sufficient scope to enable it to be a distinguished arts and sciences university with an outstanding teacher education program. It provides leadership in the development of programs for the pre-service and in-service preparation of teachers and other educational personnel for schools, colleges and universities. The institution offers undergraduate and graduate programs and degrees in the liberal and practical arts and sciences, including selected areas of technology. It offers pre-professional programs and conducts research and extension programs to strengthen the educational, social, cultural, and economic development of Iowa and the larger community. Evolution from a state college to a university entailed a broadening of offerings, development of more specialized undergraduate and graduate programs, and greater emphasis on research and public professional services.

"It is imperative that the quality of the university's instruction be maintained and enhanced through increasingly strong emphasis on: 1) general or liberal education as the most essential ingredient for the undergraduate student, 2) the central importance and complementary relationship of teaching and research, 3) enrichment of instruction through extensive clinical, laboratory and field experiences, and independent study, and 4) development of the life of the university community itself as an effective educational force. In order to serve students of all ages and to be responsive to their needs and preferences and to the needs of society, it is imperative that the university offer a variety of programs in such areas as liberal arts, arts, business, social work and technology. It will offer no major programs in agriculture, architecture, dentistry, engineering, forestry, hospital administration, law, pharmacy, medicine or veterinary medicine.

"In the area of teacher preparation the university must remain at the forefront of developments in the field of education and be prepared to offer instruction in new areas required by society. Furthermore, UNI should be more than merely responsive to changing needs and interests of its students and society. It must provide leadership in educational innovations, programs and research.

"Future programs will be determined by the continuing study of existing programs and of developing needs. Programs will be curtailed or eliminated when the assessment of need and resources indicates that resources could better be devoted to other programs. The University approaches the addition of new programs with considerable caution. Generally, new programs are fashioned out of existing programs in response to developing needs. However, if the University is to remain vital, it must consider at the appropriate time the development of some new programs that fall within its general mission and meet the new needs of students and of society."

Organization

The principal academic units of the university are the four instructional colleges, the School of Business and the Graduate College, each governed by a dean. The instructional groups, which include both schools and departments, are:

School of Business: Business (Accounting, Management, Marketing), Business Education and Administrative Management.

Education: Curriculum and Instruction; Educational Psychology and Foundations; School of Health, Physical Education and Recreation; Library Science; School Administration and Personnel Services; Special Education; Teaching; Office of Student Field Experiences.

Humanities and Fine Arts: Art, Communicative Disorders, English Language and Literature, Modern Languages, School of Music, Philosophy and Religion, Speech.

Natural Sciences: Biology, Chemistry, Earth Science, Industrial Technology, Mathematics, Physics.

Social and Behavioral Sciences: Economics; Geography; History; Home Economics; Political Science; Psychology; Sociology, Anthropology and Social Work.

The Division of Extension and Continuing Education is an integral part of the academic structure.

Enrollment and Staff

Enrollment at the University of Northern Iowa has grown from 3,616 students enrolled for on-campus credit in the fall of 1960 to 10,382 persons under instruction in the fall of 1979. The majority of the students are residents of Iowa.

The full-time equivalent staff in 1980 numbers 568 instructional and institutional officials and 697 general service staff members. The teaching faculty is composed of 4 percent instructors, 38 percent assistant professors, 30 percent associate professors, 28 percent professors. More than 61 percent of those who teach college-level classes have the doctor's degree.

The Malcolm Price Laboratory School at UNI offers work from pre-school through the 12th grade, and provides an excellent facility where students in the teacher education program may observe and participate in classroom activities. The school is also a laboratory for research and experimentation in teaching techniques and materials.

Undergraduate Education

Although teacher education remains an important program, the university offers degrees to students majoring in a wide variety of subjects. Basic differences between curricula in teacher education and those in liberal arts and the vocational-technical areas is that the latter curricula do not require the work in professional education courses and student teaching needed for teacher certification. Teacher education programs require 130 semester hours for graduation, with 124 semester hours required for the liberal and vocational arts Bachelor of Arts degrees.

The Bachelor of Technology degree allows the student a choice of major in one of four areas: technical institute education, trade and industrial education, industrial technology, or construction technology. The degree programs vary from 133 to 127 hours and several require at least one year of recent and significant technical or trade experience in industry in addition to the course work.

The Bachelor of Music degree allows students the choice of an educational major or two professional majors. The music education major carries certification to teach in grades K-12. The performance major, with emphases in voice, piano, organ and band-orchestral instruments, and the theory-composition major are professional programs designed to prepare students for careers as artists-performers or composers or for entrance to graduate schools where further excellence in a performance area might be pursued. Each major requires a total of 130 semester hours.

The Bachelor of Fine Arts degree is also available with a major in music theater, an interdisciplinary program requiring core courses from the music and theatre (speech) departments, or art. A total of 130 semester hours is required for the degree. Graduates of the music theater program could qualify for professional careers in music theater and, upon completion of the requirements for the music education major under the Bachelor of Music degree, could qualify for directorial positions in the public schools. The art program under this degree is designed to provide professional career training in all studio areas and requires a minimum of 75 semester hours of work in art.

The Bachelor of Liberal Studies degree is an external degree that provides baccalaureate educational opportunities to those who cannot attend college as full-time, on-campus students. Each of the three Iowa Regents universities offers the degree with the same curriculum requirements. Formal admission to the program requires an Associate of Arts or an Associate of Science degree from an accredited two-year college, or at least 62 semester hours (93 quarter hours) of college work acceptable for credit toward graduation at one of the three Iowa Regents universities with a grade average of at least 2.00.

The university seeks to guarantee a reasonable breadth in each of its graduates with a requirement in general education. The general education program of 40 semester hours is flexible in structure and consists of a wide and diverse selection of work in the humanities, social sciences, mathematics and science, psychology, physical education, and communication skills. Most of the courses in this program are required of each student unless he or she can demonstrate adequate competency in the area.

In addition to the degree programs, UNI offers several pre-professional and joint programs in cooperation with other institutions. Pre-professional work is available in medicine, dentistry, physical therapy, engineering, and a two-year Nursing Program with the University of Iowa. Joint programs include the Freshman Academic Program

with Allen Memorial School of Nursing, Waterloo, and a Medical Technology program, with both Allen and Schoitz School of Medical Technology, Waterloo, in which the first three years are offered at UNI.

Graduate Education

The university offers seven graduate degrees: the Master of Arts, the Master of Arts in Education, Master of Business Administration, Master of Music, the Specialist, the Specialist in Education, and the Doctor of Industrial Technology. A cooperative doctoral program in educational administration is also available which may be started at the University of Northern Iowa and completed at the University of Iowa.

A number of curricula leading to the Master of Arts degree are available to provide graduate training for classroom teachers in the elementary and secondary schools and the junior colleges, or for those interested in additional education who do not plan to teach. The following curricula are available: art, audiology, biology, business education, chemistry, communications media, counseling, earth science, English, English linguistics, French, geography, German history, home economics, industrial arts, library science, mathematics, mathematics for elementary and middle schools, music, music education, physical education, physics, political science, school business management, science, science education, social science, sociology, Spanish, speech, speech pathology, technology, teaching English to speakers of other languages (TESOL), TESOL/modern languages, and two languages (French/German, Spanish/French, and German/Spanish). The program is highly flexible, the specific curriculum for each student being prescribed by the student's undergraduate background, experience and future plans.

The Master of Arts in Education degree is awarded for the satisfactory completion of the graduate curricula in early childhood education, educational media, general educational psychology, school psychology, teaching, education of the gifted, elementary education, middle school/junior high school education, developmental reading and language arts-elementary, developmental reading-secondary, remedial reading, secondary principalship, elementary principalship, elementary supervision, school business management, special education, elementary guidance and counseling, secondary guidance and counseling, and college student personnel services.

The Master of Music degree may be earned in four areas: composition, music history, conducting and performance. The degree is designed to prepare students for a college or secondary school teaching career, a performance career as a professional musician, conductor or composer, or further graduate work at the doctoral level. A Master of Music degree requires 30 semester hours. Completion of a thesis is required for the music history major.

The Master of Business Administration degree provides a broad, integrated program with emphasis in the functional areas of business and on selected, specialized techniques in order to provide a balance between theoretical knowledge and practical business operations. The M.B.A. curriculum is designed to meet the needs of students with undergraduate backgrounds in liberal arts, technical sciences or engineering, as well as those with business degrees.

The Specialist and Specialist in Education degrees require a minimum of two years of graduate study and are designed for such specialists in the fields of science education, education as school principals and superintendents, curriculum coordinators and consultants, education and school psychologists, reading clinicians, school business managers, guidance counselors, supervisors of industrial arts and business education, and professionals in the field of college student personnel services. The programs are open to students who have the master's degree and, for the Specialist in Education degree, at least one year of teaching experience.

The Doctor of Industrial Technology degree is designed to develop scholars in the field of education and industry. The degree program requires a minimum of 64 semester hours of post-master's degree work, including a dissertation and a scholarly paper suitable for publication. The DIT program prepares students for careers as teachers, supervisors and/or consultants in industrial arts, trade and industrial education, technical institute education, and industrial technology at all levels of education, as well as administrators, researchers and research coordinators in both education and industry, and as coordinators and directors of industrial training programs.

Service Responsibilities

The university has a legislative charge to provide public services to assist in the cultural, economic and social development of Iowa residents. The Division of Extension and Continuing Education works cooperatively with the university staff in providing services to the public schools, business and industry, and other community and professional groups through a variety of programs.

Members of the university faculty can be made available to share their expertise with various publics and provide consultant services throughout the state. Workshops and conferences are organized for business and industrial groups, and special non-credit courses and those granting continuing education units are offered.

Included in the division are consultative services, extension-credit work, non-credit classes, correspondence and independent study, conferences and workshops, and publications. The division is a focal agency in assisting with the development and coordination of continuing education programs held on campus for various age-level groups, including many high school level activities. A teaching aid series and a research and survey series are two types of educational service publications distributed at cost, through this office.

The university owns and operates two non-commercial, listener-supported, FM radio stations, KUNI and KHKE. Operated by the Broadcasting Services department, KUNI operates with a power of 100,000 watts, transmitting from a 2,000 ft. tower centrally located in eastern Iowa, while KHKE transmits from a 400 ft. tower located in Waterloo at a power of 8,000 watts. Programs are also prepared and distributed by tape and network connections to stations across the state and nation.

The University of Northern Iowa Center for Urban Education is part of the Educational Opportunity Program and works closely with the various departments of the university. It is designed to increase the educational opportunities of the disadvantaged of all ages. Programs offering opportunities to prepare teachers and others to work in urban areas are offered at the center, which is located in the heart of the urban area of Waterloo, Iowa.

Iowa Braille and Sight Saving School

Vinton

Richard M. DeMott, superintendent

The Iowa Braille and Sight Saving School opened in Iowa City on April 5, 1853. Nine years later (August 1862), the school was moved to its present location at Vinton.

The Iowa Braille and Sight Saving School is an educational facility which offers a complete educational program for partially-sighted and totally blind boys and girls from pre-school through high school. Counseling parents of pre-school and school-age children is part of the program offered. The school can be called upon for assistance in locating or obtaining information about special materials, or other placement within the state for visually-impaired children.

A modern curriculum includes ungraded multi-level instruction. In addition to academic subjects, special emphasis is placed upon pre-vocational preparation, physical education and instruction in orientation and mobility, including the use of the long cane for travel. Students are prepared for college entrance, vocational school entrance, further training at the Commission for the Blind, direct post-school employment, or other appropriate adult services.

Supported by appropriations made by the state Legislature, the school is governed by the state Board of Regents. No charges are required for room, board, laundry, tuition and educational supplies. In addition to the regular school term, a summer school program is offered when funds are available. This program is designed for instruction in orientation, mobility and enrichment activities. Blind or partially-sighted children who are not enrolled at the school for the regular term may attend the summer program.

In addition to the Thanksgiving, Christmas and Easter vacations, a home weekend program is in operation at the school. This program requires that each student return to his home at designated weekends throughout the year. Parents are encouraged to visit the school as often as possible and to have their children return home on weekends.

A special instructional program meets the needs of pupils with partial vision, in addition to the program for blind children. Students in this program use large-type

material as their basic reading medium. Specialized equipment, such as lighted magnifiers, material for enlargement and duplication, is available.

A full, social program under the direction of trained and experienced personnel, and extra-curricular activities such as bowling, swimming, wrestling, track, skating and chorus round out the program.

Individualized instruction is made possible both by continuous progress curriculum and an annual enrollment of approximately 100 students, permitting a very favorable teacher-pupil ratio.

Tours of the facility are conducted on selected days. For further information write the superintendent.

Iowa School for the Deaf

Council Bluffs

C. Joseph Giangreco, Ed.D., superintendent

The Iowa School for the Deaf is located on a beautiful, 120-acre campus, three and one-half miles south of Council Bluffs, on Highway 275. It is a state, tax-supported school, open to all students in Iowa under 21 years of age whose hearing loss is too great for them to get along satisfactorily in a regular public school. It is governed by the state Board of Regents. The school's educational program is designed to develop the whole child with a well-balanced program in academic, vocational, physical and social education.

No charge is made to residents of Iowa for room, board, laundry, tuition, school supplies, transportation, and limited medical and dental care.

The Iowa School for the Deaf works closely with the state vocational rehabilitation division to help place students in industry, college and advanced trade schools upon completion of the school's curriculum. In short, the Iowa School for the Deaf aims to prepare to the best of its ability, all the children entrusted to its care to live successfully, happily and effectively in today's world.

Area Education Agencies

Iowa State Department of Public Instruction

Regional education in Iowa took a giant step forward in 1974 when landmark legislation transformed the jigsaw maze of 79 county or joint county school systems into 15 Area Education Agencies, sharing common boundaries with Iowa's 15 Area Vocational Technical Schools and Community Colleges.

The move was the culmination of some six years of legislative consideration. Originally, the intent was simply to eliminate county boards of education as tax bodies. However, as the educational services provided by county and joint county school systems were reviewed, it became increasingly evident that they had to be continued. Instead, the need was established for an intermediate educational service agency and for equalized financial support for each child.

Following are the significant features of the bill:

GOVERNANCE: The AEA boards were elected from the same director districts governing Area Vocational Technical Schools and Community Colleges. Elections were determined by a convention of local boards of education who appointed representatives from each of the director subdistricts.

Each board employs an AEA administrator, a director of special education and any other necessary staff. They prepare plans for providing intermediate services which are approved by the state Department of Public Instruction.

The new Area Education Agencies began serving the 15 regions—including 450 local school districts in 99 counties—on July 1, 1975.

SERVICES: AEAs are required to provide instructional and supportive special education and educational media services. They may provide in-service training, educational data processing, research and educational planning, auxiliary services, and other educational programs and services upon written request of 60 percent of the school districts served or districts representing 60 percent of the school population.

FINANCING: Local school districts must be involved in a plan to provide special education instruction and supportive programs for all pupils needing such services. Once this program and budget are approved by the state Board of Public Instruction, costs are spread to all local school districts on a per-pupil basis, with local districts providing special education instructional programs and the AEAs providing support programs.

Students in a regular curriculum are assigned a weighting of one, with special education students assigned the following weighted factors: enrollment in resources rooms (1.7); self-contained rooms (2.0); severely handicapped (4.0).

The educational service provided by the media center is determined by state guidelines and according to state approval. The cost is assessed on a per-pupil basis to all students in each area, varying from \$14 to \$15. An additional \$18 per pupil has been approved by the state Board of Public Instruction to offer other educational services.

Federal and state programs will still be funded separately and provided by the AEA. Additionally, local school districts may contract independently with the AEA and provide the financing for the service. While there is approximately \$27 to \$29 per pupil for media and all other educational services, the funding for special education is considered open-ended, which requires the Legislature to appropriate whatever funds are needed to accommodate the educational programs approved by the state Board of Public Instruction.

HISTORY: The legislative action was a giant step, but not the first. In 1858, Iowa joined the rank of states having a three-level system of school governance with the creation of the position of county administrator. The administrator, elected by popular vote for two years, was the educational leader and supervisor of all county schools.

The law was amended in 1913 to provide for a county superintendent and a six-member county board of education elected for three-year terms. The county superintendent, responsible for services to local schools and students, was appointed for three years. Those services were financed with an independent budget provided by a separate mill levy.

The law was amended in 1957 to permit two or more adjacent counties to jointly employ an administrative head and provide joint services. A second amendment in 1965 permitted the "merging" of two or more adjacent county systems into one joint system with one administrative unit.

During the same legislative session, the provision for (not more than) 20 area vocational schools or community colleges was passed. A network of 15 area schools (13 community colleges and two vocational-technical schools) now serves all Iowa.

There were 99 county superintendents in Iowa prior to 1957. That number was gradually reduced to 52, employed by three types of school systems: 24 served single counties; 18 served 45 counties with joint employment agreements; and 10 served 30 counties with joint (merged) systems. Those 10 served half the children in Iowa.

Now, through the Area Education Agencies, the way is cleared in Iowa for sound educational planning, programming and delivery of services.

Area Education Agency 1

Administrative Center, Elkader

Counties: Allamakee, Chicksaw, Clayton, Delaware, Dubuque, Fayette, Howard and Winneshiek. Chairperson, Dr. Rex Wellman; administrator, Richard L. Hansen; assistant administrator, Cletus Koppen; administrative assistant, Steve Bobst; secretary, Doris Scofield; treasurer, James Hennager; special education director, Eugene Pratt; media director, Paula Halverson; educational services director, Cletus Koppen. Population of Area Education Agency: 221,527; size of Area Education Agency: 4,857 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: nine; number of local districts: 27.

Area Education Agency 2

Administrative Center, Clear Lake

Counties: Butler, Cerro Gordo, Floyd, Franklin, Hancock, Mitchell, Winnebago, Worth and Wright. Chairperson, Janet Turner; administrator, Dr. Dale L. Jensen; secretary, Mildred Peterson; treasurer, Robert W. Petersen; special education director, Harold Webb; media director, James Clark; educational services, Dennis Schrag; business manager, Dennis Scudder. Population of Area Education Agency: 136,629; size of Area Education Agency: 3,621 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: nine; number of local districts: 28

Area Education Agency 3

Administrative Center, Cylinder

Counties: Clay, Dickinson, Emmet, Kossuth and Palo Alto. Chairperson, Kenneth Salton; administrator, Nels E. Christensen; secretary and business manager, Donna Johnson; treasurer, Robert Freeman; special education director, Dixey Morrison; media director, Jacquelyn Campeny; educational services director, Paul Stuart. Population of Area Education Agency: 81,437; size of Area Education Agency: 2,935 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: seven; number of local districts: 26.

Area Education Agency 4

Administrative Center, Sioux Center

Counties: Cherokee, Lyon, O'Brien, Osceola and Sioux. Chairperson, Roger Leavitt; administrator, Charles Irwin; secretary, Charles Siebsen; treasurer, James Stachour; special education director, Robert Tegeler; media director, Donald Whitmarsh; educational services director, Charles Siebsen. Population of Area Education Agency: 71,145; size of Area Education Agency: 2,514 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: seven; number of local districts: 21.

Area Education Agency 5

Administrative Center, Fort Dodge

Counties: Buena Vista, Calhoun, Greene, Hamilton, Humboldt, Pocahontas, Sac, Webster and Wright. Chairperson, Jerome Kiliper; administrator, Donald D. Ambrosion; administrative assistant, A.N. Wood; secretary, June Logue; treasurer, A.N. Wood; special education director, Frederick Krueger; media director, R.E. Dunlap; educational services director, Glen Lookingbill. Population of Area Education Agency: 168,787; size of Area Education Agency: 5,052 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: nine; number of local districts: 45.

Area Education Agency 6

Administrative Center, Marshalltown

Counties: Grundy, Hardin, Marshall, Poweshiek and Tama. Chairperson, Roger Zimmerman, administrator, Dr. Richard Ploeger; secretary-treasurer, James Heikens; special education director, Mike Donahue; media director, Mary Travillian. Population of Area Education Agency: 101,223; size of Area Education Agency: 2,477 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: seven; number of local districts: 21.

Area Education Agency 7

Administrative Center, Cedar Falls

Counties: Black Hawk, Bremer, Buchanan, Butler, Chickasaw, Grundy and Tama. Chairperson, Ellamae Gogel; administrator, Dr. Ronald Dickenson; secretary, Mary Lou Moser; treasurer, R. E. Lauterbauch; special education director, R. Wayne Mooers; media director, Beverly Trost; educational services director, Harry Budensiek. Population of Area Education Agency: 208,829; size of Area Education Agency: 2,740 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: nine; number of local districts: 26.

Area Education Agency 9

Administrative Center, Davenport

Counties: Cedar, Clinton, Jackson, Louisa, Muscatine and Scott. Chairperson, Donald P. Davies; administrator, Dr. Clark Stevens; secretary, Barbara J. Dalton; treasurer, Donald W. Schneden; special education director, Dr. Vernon L. Vance; media director, John T. Haack; educational services director, Dr. Jerry L. Ready. Population of Area Education Agency: 265,333; size of Area Education Agency: 2,446 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: nine; number of local districts: 24.

Area Education Agency 10

Administrative Center, Cedar Rapids

Counties: Benton, Cedar, Iowa, Johnson, Jones, Linn and Washington. Chairperson, John Bouslog; administrator, Dwight G. Bode; secretary, Sue Holmes; treasurer, Ron Bowers; special education director, Dr. Myron W. Rodee; media director, Dr. Clifford Ehlinger; educational services director, Dr. John H. Cordes. Population of Area Education Agency: 326,919; size of Area Education Agency: 4,292 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: nine; number of local districts: 39.

Area Education Agency 11

Administrative Center, Ankeny

Counties: Audubon, Boone, Carroll, Dallas, Guthrie, Jasper, Madison, Marion, Polk, Story and Warren. Chairperson, E.E. Andrews; administrator, Dr. Bill Clark; secretary, Margaret Korshun; treasurer, Joseph C. Picken; special education director, Dr. Robert Gibson; media director, Dr. Marvin Davis; educational services director, Dr. Joseph Millard. Population of Area Education Agency: 547,788; size of Area Education Agency: 6,560 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: nine; number of local districts: 63.

Area Education Agency 12

Administrative Center, Sioux City

Counties: Cherokee, Crawford, Ida, Monona, Plymouth and Woodbury. Chairperson, Russell Hyde; administrator, Vance Stead; secretary, Duane Folkers; treasurer, Robert A. Peterson; special education director, Dr. Marilyn Marsh; media director, Alvin Zimmerman; educational services director, Dr. Richard Petersen; business manager, Wally Delzell. Population of Area Education Agency: 180,566; size of Area Education Agency: 3,903 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: nine; number of local districts: 29.

Area Education Agency 13

Administrative Center, Council Bluffs

Counties: Cass, Fremont, Harrison, Mills, Page, Pottawattamie and Shelby. Chairperson, Grant Hunter; administrator, Dr. Calvin R. Bones; assistant administrator, Gene Sanders; secretary and business manager, William Perry; treasurer, Craig S. Lovstad; special education director, James P. Ziolkowski; assistant director of special education, Dr. Richard Winter; media director, L.W. "Les" Harvey; educational services director, Dr. John Jones. Population of Area Education Agency: 177,649; size of Area Education Agency: 4,454 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: nine; number of local districts: 33.

Area Education Agency 14

Administrative Center, Creston

Counties: Adair, Adams, Clarke, Decatur, Montgomery, Ringgold, Taylor and Union. Chairperson, Larry O'Neill; administrator, Dr. Patrick T. Kelly; secretary, Hazel Jensen; treasurer, Al Wilbur; special education director, Harold Connly; media director, O.J. Fargo; business manager, Joseph Daley. Population of Area Education Agency: 73,059; size of Area Education Agency: 3,804 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: eight; number of local districts: 22.

Area Education Agency 15

Administrative Center, Ottumwa

Counties: Appanoose, Davis, Jefferson, Keokuk, Lucas, Mahaska, Monroe, Van Buren, Wapello and Wayne. Chairperson, Harold Mick; administrator, Donald G. Roseberry; secretary, Nancy Macy; special education director, Dr. Larry Keele; media director, W. Leon Maxson; educational services director, Ray Wingate. Population of Area Education Agency: 150,601; size of Area Education Agency: 4,755 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: nine; number of local districts: 26.

Area Education Agency 16

Administrative Center, Mount Pleasant

Counties: Des Moines, Henry, Lee and Louisa. Chairperson, Wendall Patton; administrator, Dr. Buford Garner; secretary, Ollive Sullivan; treasurer, Robert Bontrager; special education director, Dr. John Bryant; media director, George I. Burrow; business manager, J.P. Lewiston. Population of Area Education Agency: 116,822; size of Area Education Agency: 1,623 square miles; size of Area Education Agency Board: five; number of local districts: 13.

Iowa's Area Schools

Iowa State Department of Public Instruction

Grimes State Office Building, Des Moines

Robert D. Benton, Ed.D., state superintendent of Public Instruction
Area Schools and Career Education Branch

DR. WILLIAM M. BAILEY, associate superintendent — Area Schools and Career Education Branch, Des Moines.

CHARLES R. MOENCH, Des Moines, director, Area Schools Division.

JAMES D. ATHEN, Des Moines, director, Career Education Division.

ROBERT YEAGER, Des Moines, chief, Fiscal Control.

The Iowa 61st General Assembly in 1965 approved legislation permitting the development of a state-wide system of post-secondary educational institutions operated under the direction of the state Board of Public Instruction. These institutions were officially designated as area schools and were to be organized by merged areas which included two or more counties. The boards of education of county school systems were authorized to plan for the merger of county school systems, or parts thereof, to develop a merged area. Each merged area was required to have a minimum of 4,000 public and private pupils in grades nine through 12.

The merged areas were authorized to develop area schools as either area community colleges or area vocational schools. The statement of policy contained in the original enabling legislation and amended in 1967 by the 62nd General Assembly identified the following categories as appropriate educational opportunities and services to be provided by the area schools:

1. The first two years of college work including pre-professional education. (This does not apply to those merged areas that organized as area vocational schools.)
2. Vocational and technical training.
3. Programs for in-service training and retraining of workers.
4. Programs for high school completion for students of post-high school age.
5. Programs for all students of high school age who may best serve themselves by enrolling for vocational and technical training while also enrolled in a local high school, public or private.
6. Student personnel services.
7. Community services.
8. Vocational education for persons who have academic, socio-economic or other handicaps which prevent succeeding in regular vocational education programs.
9. Training, retraining and all necessary preparation for productive employment of all citizens.
10. Vocational and technical training for persons who are not enrolled in a high school and who have not completed high school.

The provision for funding of area schools was provided through a combination of federal, state and local funds and student tuitions. These funds now include a local tax of 20¼ cents per \$1,000 of assessed value on property within the merged area for operational funds and an additional tax not exceeding 20¼ cents per \$1,000 of assessed value for the purchase of sites and construction of buildings. The levy for sites and construction must be approved by the voters in the merged area for a period not to exceed 10 years. General state aid is distributed to area schools on the basis of \$2.25 per day for the full-time equivalent enrollment of students who are residents of the state. The individual area school has the authority to establish tuition. Tuition for residents of Iowa, however, is not to exceed the lowest tuition rate per semester, or the equivalent, charged by the three state universities.

There are currently 15 area schools in operation. The merged areas of these 15 area schools include all of the 99 counties in Iowa. Cherokee County, the last county to remain outside of the merged area system, joined the system during the spring of 1971. Thirteen of the area schools have been organized as area community colleges and two have been organized as area vocational schools. All 15 area schools are approved by the state Board of Public Instruction and by the state Board of Regents.

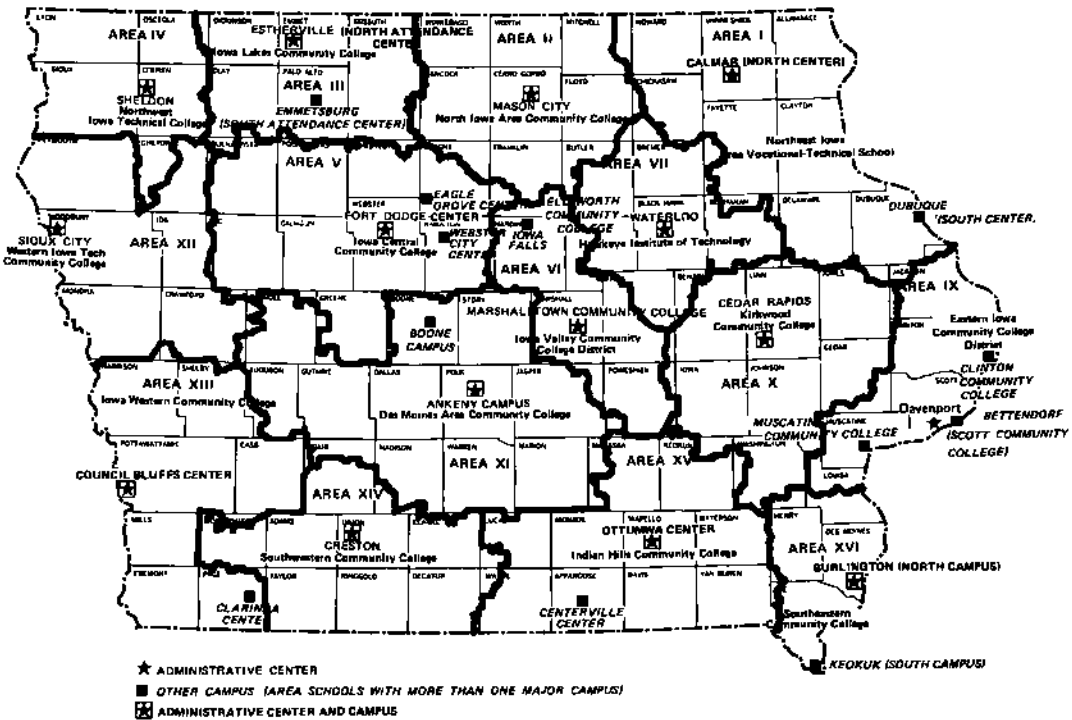
The legislation permitting the development of the area schools provided a procedure whereby the public junior colleges operated by local public school districts could be

integrated into area schools. There were 16 public junior colleges operating in Iowa at the time the area schools were organized. One or more of these public junior colleges had operated since 1918 when the first public junior college in Iowa, Mason City Junior College, was organized. As the area schools were organized, all of the 16 public junior colleges merged with these new institutions. Emmetsburg Community College, the last of the public junior colleges to merge with an area school, joined with merged Area III—Iowa Lakes Community College—on July 1, 1970.

Nine of the area schools have developed as multi-campus institutions. Eight of these area schools merged with existing public junior colleges and five of the nine have also developed additional attendance centers more convenient to large population centers. A total of 27 major campuses are now operated by area schools with additional programs located on numerous smaller, satellite attendance centers throughout the merged areas.

Area schools offer a wide variety of instructional services depending on local needs in the individual merged area. The services are offered through the three major instructional divisions of adult education, career education and college-parallel education, and include high school completion courses for adults, continuing and general education courses of general interest to adults, supplementary career courses for employed individuals who are in need of occupational upgrading, preparatory career programs to prepare individuals for immediate employment opportunities, college parallel programs that are the equivalent of the first two years of a four-year college program, and specialized programs for the handicapped and disadvantaged.

Enrollment for all area schools during the 1980 fall term was 37,869. This enrollment includes most of the full-time enrollment of area schools and is comparable to enrollments reported by other post-secondary educational institutions. Total enrollment for the 1979-80 school year, including adult education registrations (subject to some duplication), was 498,061. The total full-time equivalent of all students in area schools during the 1979-80 school year was 48,049.81.



AREA I — Northeast Iowa Technical Institute Calmar/Peosta

Clyde Kramer, Superintendent

Northeast Iowa Technical Institute, organized in 1966, offers 40 full-time career education programs of three to 12 quarters in length. Northeast Iowa Technical Institute North and South Centers received full accreditation by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools in April of 1977. The Associate of Applied Science is awarded for completion of degree programs, and the diploma is awarded for vocational-technical courses. Part-time continuing education programs are offered in the merged area through the cooperation of the 27 community school districts. The North Campus near Calmar has five instructional facilities in addition to one, off-campus, leased instructional unit. The South Campus, located on 97 acres near Peosta, is a newly-constructed, instructional facility housing all classrooms, labs, shops and offices under one roof. The South Campus Adult Learning Center is located in downtown Dubuque in a rented facility. In addition, a high school agriculture course is offered at Eastern Allamakee High School, Lansing; and Turkey Valley Community School, Jackson Junction. A building trades class is offered in conjunction with the Starmont High School, Strawberry Point; Ed-Co Community Schools, Edgewood and Colesburg; Central Community Schools, Elkader; and Western Dubuque Community Schools, Farley. A high school health aide program is being offered in conjunction with Western Dubuque Community Schools in Farley. The enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 1,092 with a full-time professional staff of 120.

AREA II — North Iowa Area Community College, Mason City

Dr. David L. Buettner, Superintendent

North Iowa Area Community College was organized May 3, 1966, and merged with the former Mason City Junior College. The college offers a two-year, college parallel program; 19 full-time career education programs from six to 24 months in length; and part-time educational programs for adults at sites located throughout the nine-county merged area. The college is accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. The campus is located on 318 acres east of Mason City with new facilities that include dormitories which will accommodate 440 students. A satellite attendance center is located in Charles City. Degrees offered include the Associate in Arts, Associate in Science, Associate in General Studies, and Associate in Applied Science for programs of two academic years. A diploma is issued for the completion of programs approximately one academic year in length. Enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 1,926, and the full-time professional staff numbered 132.

AREA III — Iowa Lakes Community College, Estherville

Richard H. Blacker, Superintendent

Iowa Lakes Community College was organized on Jan. 12, 1967, and merged with the former Estherville Junior College on July 1, 1968, and with Emmetsburg Community College on July 1, 1970. The college offers a two-year college parallel program; pre-professional programs; 11 career-option programs that lead directly into employment or to higher education; 20 full-time, vocational-technical programs of from one to two years in length; part-time educational programs for adults; high school completion and high school equivalency programs; secondary exploratory programs; and evening programs for veterans and others who wish to take full or part-time programs while still employed. The latter programs are conducted at centers located throughout the five-county area. The college has two principal attendance centers — at Emmetsburg and Estherville — with new facilities at both centers. The college is accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. Graduates receive an Associate in Arts or Associate in Science degree upon completion of the college parallel and career option programs, an Associate in Applied Science upon completion of technical programs, and diplomas upon completion of vocational programs. Enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 1,605, and the full-time professional staff numbered 123.

AREA IV — Northwest Iowa Technical College, Sheldon Clarence E. Martin, Superintendent

Northwest Iowa Vocational School, organized April 27, 1966, merged with the former Northwest Iowa Area Vocational School. The college received community college status in September of 1973, and changed its name to Northwest Iowa Technical College in June of 1975. The institution received full accreditation with the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools in June of 1980. Northwest Iowa Technical College offers 25 full-time, vocational-technical programs of from two to eight quarters in length. In adult education, 13,011 adults were enrolled in career supplemental, preparatory and continuing education and avocational short courses during fiscal year 1980. The college is located on a 146-acre campus, one mile west of Sheldon, with an adjacent 117 acres of farmland. Graduates receive an Associate in Applied Science degree, a diploma or a certificate upon graduation. The full-time enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 434, and the full-time professional staff numbers 57.

AREA V — Iowa Central Community College, Fort Dodge Dr. Edwin Barbour, Superintendent

Iowa Central Community College, which was organized April 25, 1966, merged the former public junior colleges in Eagle Grove, Fort Dodge and Webster City, where each of its three centers are located. The college offers a two-year college parallel program, 30 vocational-technical programs from 18 weeks to two years in length, and 12 secondary career programs in cooperation with local high schools in the Storm Lake, Humboldt-Pocahontas, Clarion, Manson, Rockwell City and Eagle Grove areas. Cooperative agreements with over 80 percent of the schools in the nine-county area provide part-time educational programs for many adults. The college has a new academic building at the Eagle Grove center, an entirely new center on the 114-acre site in Fort Dodge, where dormitory facilities are available, and three new buildings on a 15-acre site in Webster City. Iowa Central has accreditation status with the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. Graduates receive an Associate of Arts degree or an Associate of General Studies degree upon graduation from the college parallel division, or from one of the five career option programs; an Associate in Applied Science degree upon graduation from a vocational-technical program of two years or more, and a certification of graduation upon completion of a vocational-technical program of less than two years. The full-time enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 2,662. Over 35,000 persons were enrolled in adult education programs and activities. The full-time professional staff numbered 195.

AREA VI — Iowa Valley Community College District, Marshalltown

Dr. John J. Prihoda, Superintendent

Iowa Valley Community College District, organized July 9, 1966, merged the former public junior colleges in Iowa Falls and Marshalltown. Both colleges are accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. The colleges offer two-year college parallel and pre-professional programs, and 17 career option programs of one and two years. There are 23 vocational-technical programs from eight weeks to two years and many part-time and special educational opportunities for adults of the merged area. All of the 21 community school districts cooperate in an extensive program of adult and continuing education throughout the district, with approximately 25,000 enrollments annually. Ellsworth Community College is located in Iowa Falls on a five-acre site, where dormitory facilities for men and women are available. A recently completed health-physical education facility includes an indoor swimming pool. Marshalltown Community College is located on a 209-acre campus with three new buildings. The master plan for future development includes facilities for health careers and the district administrative offices. Four associate degrees are awarded to graduates from the arts and science and technical programs, and diplomas are granted to graduates of the vocational programs. The full-time enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 1,918, and the full-time professional staff numbered 125.

AREA VII — Hawkeye Institute of Technology, Waterloo

Dr. John E. Hawse, Superintendent

Hawkeye Institute of Technology, organized May 25, 1966, offers 46 full-time vocational-technical programs of from four weeks to eight quarters in length, and part-time educational programs for adults. The institute has developed a campus of 320 acres in the southern part of Waterloo. The seven buildings now on campus are designed to provide specific education in the vocational-technical occupations offered by the institute. Rented facilities in four Waterloo locations provide additional space necessary to house all programs. The goal is to have all programs on campus as soon as financial resources are available. The institute is accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools and numerous professional accrediting bodies. Graduates are awarded the Associate in Applied Science degree, Associate in Applied Arts degree, diploma or certificate depending upon the program. The full-time enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 1,752 and the adult education enrollment was over 34,045. The full-time professional staff numbered 145.

AREA IX — Eastern Iowa Community College District, Davenport

Michael E. Crawford, Superintendent

Eastern Iowa Community College District was organized on March 16, 1966, merging former public junior colleges in Clinton and Muscatine and the vocational-technical school sponsored by the Davenport Community School District. The district includes Clinton Community College, Muscatine Community College and Scott Community College. The North Central Association has granted full accreditation to all of the colleges. The colleges offer a two-year college parallel program, 36 vocational-technical programs of from 24 weeks to two years in length, and part-time educational programs for adults in the merged area. The colleges operate on a 12-acre site in Clinton, a 22-acre site in Muscatine, a 181-acre site on Belmont Road in Bettendorf, and a Palmer campus in downtown Davenport maintained as a result of the merger of Palmer Junior College with Eastern Iowa. Graduates receive an Associate in Arts or Associate in Science degree upon graduation from the college parallel program, and Associate in Applied Science degree upon graduation from the vocational programs. The enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 1,931 full-time and 1,710 part-time students. The full-time professional staff numbered 210. The district also operates transfer programs at Maquoketa and Bellevue and eight jointly administered programs involving 13 high schools throughout the district.

AREA X — Kirkwood Community College, Cedar Rapids

Dr. Bill F. Stewart, Superintendent

Kirkwood Community College, organized May 18, 1966, merged with the vocational-technical school formerly operated by the Cedar Rapids Community School District. Kirkwood is accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. The college offers a two-year college parallel program, 65 vocational-technical programs of from one to eight quarters in length, and part-time educational programs for adults in the merged area. The main campus is located on a 315-acre site on the south edge of Cedar Rapids. Graduates receive an Associate of Arts or Associate in Science degree upon graduation from the college parallel program, an Associate in Applied Science degree upon graduation from the technical programs, and a certificate or diploma upon graduation from vocational programs. The enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 4,744 in vocational-technical and arts and sciences, with nearly 41,000 registrations received in adult education classes in 1979-80. The full-time professional staff numbered 330. In addition, high school career exploratory (KEY) centers are located in Washington, Monticello, Williamsburg, Iowa City and Cedar Rapids.

AREA XI — Des Moines Area Community College, Ankeny

Paul Lowery, Superintendent

Des Moines Area Community College, organized May 23, 1966, merged with Boone Junior College, operated by the Boone Community School District, on July 1, 1969. It is a multi-campus operation with the master campus located on a 320-acre site in Ankeny. In addition to the branch campus in Boone, the Urban Campus is operated in the inner-city of Des Moines, and a Western Attendance Center in Carroll. The college is fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. It offers over 60 career education programs from 12 weeks to 24 months in length; 13, six to eight quarter para-professional and liberal arts curricula. Part-time educational programs for adults are offered at sites throughout the 11-county area. The enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 5,534, and the full-time professional staff numbered 354. Graduates from the college parallel, para-professional, pre-professional and liberal arts programs receive Associate in Arts degrees; from the seven quarter technical programs, an Associate in Applied Science degree or an Associate in Applied Arts degree; from vocational programs, a diploma; and upon completion of a specific program of short duration, a certificate.

AREA XII — Western Iowa Tech Community College, Sioux City

Dr. Robert H. Kiser, Superintendent

Western Iowa Tech Community College was organized on Dec. 8, 1966, and is accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. The college offers 49 full-time preparatory career education programs of from two quarters to two years in length, and part-time adult and continuing education programs. A new campus was placed in use in the fall of 1974, following completion of the Technical and Para-Professional Building, bringing most programs to a central campus on a 145-acre site in Sioux City. Full-time, career education programs are also conducted in locations at Lawton, Cherokee, Denison, Ida Grove and Mapleton. The Associate of Arts in Business degree is awarded through a college parallel course offered in Denison. The Associate in Applied Science degree is awarded to graduates of the technical programs and a diploma or certificate to graduates of other programs. Full-time enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 1,114 and full-time professional staff numbered 115.

AREA XIII — Iowa Western Community College, Council Bluffs

Dr. Robert Looft, Superintendent

Iowa Western Community College, organized May 26, 1966, merged with the former public junior college at Clarinda on July 1, 1966. The college is accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. The college offers two-year college transfer programs, including an innovative weekend college program for employed adults, and 44 career programs ranging in length from three to eight quarters. In addition, a vocational educational program for high school students is offered. The college also offers part-time educational programs for adults in its seven-county merged area. Main attendance centers are located at Council Bluffs and Clarinda with other centers situated at Atlantic, Harlan, Shenandoah and Woodbine. Degrees granted include the Associate in Arts, Associate in Applied Science and Associate in Science. A diploma or certificate is granted upon the completion of selected programs. The enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 2,685. In addition, the adult and continuing education cumulative enrollment exceeded 25,000 for the 1979-80 college year. Full-time equivalency enrollment for all divisions for 1979-80 was 3,445. The college employs 180 full-time professional staff.

AREA XIV — Southwestern Community College, Creston **Dr. John A. Smith, Superintendent**

Southwestern Community College, organized on Feb. 17, 1968, merged with the former public junior college at Creston. The institution offers a two-year college parallel program that is the equivalent of the first two years of a baccalaureate degree program, 14 full-time career education programs from one to two years in length, and part-time educational programs for adults at sites located throughout the eight-county merged area. The college has a new campus on a 400-acre site northwest of Creston. Dormitory facilities are available for both men and women. The college is accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. Graduates receive an Associate of Arts degree upon completion of a college parallel program, and an Associate of Applied Science or certificate upon completion of a career program. The full-time enrollment for the 1979 fall semester was 619, and the full-time professional staff numbered 55.

AREA XV — Indian Hills Community College, Ottumwa **Dr. Lyle Hellyer, Superintendent**

Indian Hills Community College, serving a 10-county area in southern Iowa, is headquartered on a 215-acre campus at the Ottumwa Industrial Airport. Established in 1962, in former Naval Air Station facilities, the Ottumwa center became an area college in 1966. Centerville Community College, founded in 1930, merged with Indian Hills in 1968 and now occupies a 72-acre site where a dozen new buildings were erected. Ottumwa Heights College, a private institution founded in 1925, merged with Indian Hills in 1979. A second Ottumwa campus is maintained at that location within the city limits. The college has Lifetime Learning Centers in downtown Ottumwa, on the Centerville campus and in Oskaloosa. Indian Hills is accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. It offers a two-year program in arts and sciences, 33 vocational programs, adult education classes, career exploration for high school seniors, and off-campus instruction ranging from basic education to college credit courses. Associate degrees may be earned in career programs as well as in liberal arts. There were 1,355 regular daytime students in the fall quarter of 1979, and the equivalent of full-time enrollment for all programs in the fiscal year 1979-80 was 3,309.

AREA XVI — Southeastern Community College, Burlington **C.W. Callison, Superintendent**

Southeastern Community College was organized on July 26, 1966. On July 1, 1967, it merged with the former public junior colleges in Burlington and Keokuk. The college offers a two-year college parallel program that is the equivalent of the first two years of a baccalaureate degree program; 23 full-time career education programs from three quarters to two years in length, two career option programs, and part-time educational programs for adults at sites located throughout the merged area. Ten full-time career education programs are also offered for inmates of the Iowa State Penitentiary, and an exploratory program is available for high school students. The college has two major campuses located in West Burlington and Keokuk. An independent learning center is maintained at the West Burlington Campus to accommodate the non-traditional student. Graduates of the college receive either Associate in Arts or Associate in Science degrees upon completion of the college parallel programs, an Associate in Applied Science degree upon completion of the technical programs, an Associate in Applied Arts in the two-year vocational programs, and a diploma upon completion of other vocational programs. An Associate of General Studies degree is also offered. The full-time enrollment for the 1979 fall term was 1,330 and the full-time professional staff numbered 115. The full-time equivalent enrollment for 1979-80 was 2,210. Southeastern is fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools.

Private Colleges and Universities

Private colleges and universities of Iowa offering programs of two years or more leading to associate, baccalaureate and advanced degrees:

Briar Cliff College, Sioux City

Briar Cliff College, founded in 1930 by the Sisters of St. Francis of the Holy Family, is a fully accredited, four-year, Catholic, coeducational, liberal arts college. The campus covers 70 acres. With an enrollment of 1,350, the college offers 20 major fields of study, plus 12 preprofessional programs. Briar Cliff confers the B.A., B.S. and B.S. in medical technology, as well as the two-year Associate of Arts degree in major areas. Teachers are trained for certification on both the elementary and secondary levels. New majors include mass communications, nursing and social work. Other additions include a computer center, office of continuing education and weekend college. Genece Quinn is registrar.

Buena Vista College, Storm Lake

Buena Vista was founded at Storm Lake in 1891, and is a fully accredited, co-educational, liberal arts college related to the United Presbyterian Church in the U.S.A. A teaching faculty of 85 serves about 1,400 students in day and evening classes.

A summer school is held each year in modern, air-conditioned facilities located on a campus that reaches to the shore of the lake. The college has enrollment centers at Fort Dodge, Spencer and Council Bluffs.

The major fields of concentration cover the broad spectrum of liberal arts, and students are prepared for graduate schools, the teaching profession and business.

Originally established to serve the interests of northwest Iowa, the college now attracts a cosmopolitan student body from more than 11 states and foreign countries, and its faculty includes people from a number of other countries and cultures. Keith G. Briscoe is president.

Central College, Pella

Central College is a four-year, liberal arts college, affiliated with the Reformed Church in America, offering a broad program of cultural training. The college is fully accredited by the North Central Association, the American Chemical Society and the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education. Central is truly an international institution with branch campuses in London, Vienna, Paris, Madrid and Merida, Yucatan and Carmarthen, Wales.

Central offers its 1,500 students the 3 x 3 calendar and major work in 23 fields, plus pre-professional training for law, the ministry, medicine and education.

In 1974, Central opened its \$1.5 million Learning Resource Center and extensively renovated two other buildings to house international studies, arts and behavioral sciences.

A new outdoor recreation facility which includes a football stadium, an all-weather metric track, a baseball field and intramural facilities was completed in 1977. The Vermeer Science Center opened in the fall of 1978.

Kenneth J. Weller, Ph.D., is president; James M. Brandl is dean of admissions and financial aids; and Rudy Thies is registrar.

Clarke College, Dubuque

Founded in 1843, Clarke is a four-year, coeducational, Catholic college with full academic recognition including accreditation by the North Central Association of

Colleges and Secondary Schools, the National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education, the National Association of Schools of Music, and the Council on Social Work Education. Clarke cooperates with Loras and the University of Dubuque in an arrangement which enables Clarke's 70 faculty members to instruct students from all three colleges while students may attend classes on all three campuses.

Clarke's 725 students may choose majors in 26 traditional liberal arts fields or combine areas of specialization in a student contract. Students are encouraged to pursue professional programs of study in such areas as business administration, computer sciences, corporate communication, medical technology, nursing, physical therapy, social work, special education and teacher education at the elementary and secondary levels. The academic curriculum may be enhanced by independently designed projects and internships available in most areas of study. Clarke accepts credit from most study-abroad programs.

The graduate division offers a professional program for elementary school administrators, reading specialists, master teachers and learning disabilities teachers. Open to men and women, the graduate program in education is primarily an evening-summer program.

The continuing education division provides opportunities for men and women to return to school to earn a B.A. degree, to prepare for a career or to develop new skills for personal and professional enrichment.

Meneve Dunham, Ph.D., is president; Thomas McCarver is vice president for academic affairs; and Sister Eugena Sullivan, B.V.M., is registrar.

Coe College, Cedar Rapids

Coe College is a coeducational, privately supported, liberal arts college with an average enrollment of 1,350 students. Coe's academic year is organized under the 4-1-4 calendar, and over 65 percent of Coe's faculty have Ph.D. degrees from leading universities. Coe confers a Bachelor of Arts degree, a Bachelor of Music degree and a Bachelor of Science in Nursing degree.

Coe pioneered the open-choice curriculum where, since 1970, the student has designed his own educational plan with faculty consultation. In 1973, the college received the Ford Foundation Venture Fund grant for innovative undergraduate programming.

Coe has a chapter of Phi Beta Kappa and Phi Kappa Phi, belongs to the Associated Colleges of the Midwest, is accredited by the National Association of Schools of Music, and its chemistry department is accredited by the American Chemical Society. Its teacher education program is accredited by the Iowa State Department of Public Instruction.

More than 50 off-campus programs in the United States and several foreign countries are open to Coe students, as well as opportunities in independent study, honors research work, work/service and internship options, and interdisciplinary seminars.

Coe College was founded in 1851 and is historically related to the United Presbyterian Church, U.S.A. Leo L. Nussbaum is the president.

A scholarship, grant-in-aid and work program is provided for students in need of financial assistance. Loan programs are available.

College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery, Des Moines

The College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery, established in 1898, offers a fully accredited medical curriculum leading to the Doctor of Osteopathy degree. It is accredited by the Bureau of Professional Education of the American Osteopathic Association. The student body numbers 528. One hundred seventy-five osteopathic physicians were graduated in 1978. A minimum of three years undergraduate work is required for admission. Most students have a baccalaureate degree. Facilities include five administrative and instructional buildings, and a specialty clinic at the college campus at 3200 Grand.

The college also has six family practice clinics serving Des Moines and two clinics in rural areas of the state. Thirteen affiliated hospitals throughout the United States provide student externships in internal medicine, surgery, obstetrics/gynecology and pediatrics.

President of the college is J. Leonard Azneer, Ph.D.

Cornell College, Mt. Vernon

Cornell College, Mt. Vernon, founded in 1853, is a 128-year-old, independent, coeducational, liberal arts college with an enrollment of more than 900 students. Cornell has a longstanding reputation for academic success and is widely noted for its unique One-Course-at-a-Time curricular structure.

Cornell students, pursuing one of four degrees (Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Special Studies, Bachelor of Music and Bachelor of Philosophy), take one course at a time in a plan of concentrated study designed to make learning more efficient, exciting and challenging.

Cornell divides the traditional academic year, September through May, into nine, 3½ week terms. Students and professors engage in one course at a time, one, each 3½ week term. Terms are punctuated by four-day weekends of organized on and off-campus activity.

Cornell College has a chapter of Phi Beta Kappa and seven other national honorary societies and is related to the Methodist church. The college offers a full range of off-campus programs, including study at the Oak Ridge National Laboratory and the Experiment in International Living.

Student-faculty ratio is 12:1. Admission to Cornell is based on academic achievement, test scores on the ACT or SAT, and recommendations. Dr. Philip B. Secor is president.

Divine Word College, Epworth

The Divine Word College is a four-year, liberal arts college accredited by the North Central Accrediting Association. It is a Catholic seminary educating men who are exploring the possibility of becoming religious priests or brothers in the Society of the Divine Word or diocesan clergy. A Bachelor of Arts and a Bachelor of Science are offered in one of four major fields: Humanities, Science and Mathematics, Philosophy and Theology, and Social Sciences. All students are required to make a minor in cross cultural studies. A two-year, Associate of Arts degree with a concentration in cross cultural studies is also offered. Minority and foreign students are especially invited. Roughly one-third of the students are of minority background. The college is owned and run by the Society of the Divine Word, a worldwide, Catholic, missionary organization. The student body numbers approximately 90 and the Rev. Raymond T. Quetchenbach, Ph.D., is president.

Dordt College, Sioux Center

Dordt College, founded in 1955, is a four-year, coeducational, liberal arts college affiliated with the Christian Reformed church. The B.A. degree is offered in general education, elementary education, secondary education and in pre-professional areas. The college has a staff of 75 and an enrollment of 1,218, from 28 states, seven Canadian provinces and three foreign countries. The campus consists of 20 buildings located on a 45-acre site located on the northeast edge of the community. Administrative officers of the college include: Rev. B.J. Haan, president; Dr. Douglas Ribbens, vice president for academic affairs; Bernard DeWit, vice president for business affairs; Lyle Gritters, vice president for development; Rev. John Hulst, vice president for student affairs; and Howard Hall, director of admissions.

Drake University, Des Moines

Drake University was founded in Des Moines in 1881 by a group of civic leaders, educators, ministers and laymen of the Disciples of Christ Church. Named after Gov. Francis Marion Drake of Centerville, Drake is an independent, private university consisting of nine colleges and schools—the colleges of liberal arts, business administration, education, fine arts, pharmacy and the schools of journalism, law, graduate studies and Drake's college for continuing education, which offers late afternoon, evening extension and Saturday classes.

The university grants 12 undergraduate degrees and 19 graduate and professional degrees, including the Doctor of Arts and the Doctor of Education degrees.

Drake has been on the approved list of the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools since that association was established in 1913.

Special events at Drake each year include the famous Drake Relays, numerous concerts, recitals, theater productions, conferences, music symposia, art exhibitions and lectures featuring nationally and internationally known personalities.

The campus is situated on the northwest side of Des Moines. Several additions to the campus have been completed in recent years, including Olmsted Center, a social and continuing education facility; Olin Hall of Biological Sciences; Harold G. Cartwright Hall, the Drake Law School facility; and the Hill M. Bell Center, a physical education and recreation building. Dr. Wilbur C. Miller is president of the university.

Faith Baptist College, Ankeny

Faith Baptist Bible College is a coeducational Bible college located in the heart of the Midwest. Its emphasis is on the Bible with study also included in Theology, Christian Ministries and General Studies. It is affiliated with the American Association of Bible Colleges and is approved by the National General Association of Regular Baptist Churches. Faith Baptist Bible College had its beginning in Omaha, Neb., in 1921, and was then known as Omaha Bible Institute. The school moved to Ankeny, Iowa, in 1967. The name Faith Baptist Bible College was chosen in light of the faithfulness of God which maintained the college through its years of existence and would be necessary for its continuance. The faculty numbers 32, nine having earned doctorates in their teaching field. The student body numbers more than 400. Degrees offered include: Associate of Arts, Bachelor of Science, Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Theology. Dr. Gordon L. Shipp is president.

Graceland College, Lamoni

Graceland College was founded in 1895 by the Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints. From the beginning, the college has been a non-sectarian school where people could receive a good education, coupled with standards of high Christian ideals. In 1920, the institution became an accredited junior college. In April of 1960, Graceland was accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools as a baccalaureate degree granting institution.

Curricula are offered leading to a baccalaureate degree with majors in art, business administration, business education, chemistry, economics, elementary education, English, German, health, history, international studies, mathematics, modern foreign language, music, music education, philosophy and religion, physical education, political science-history, psychology, recreation, religious studies, social studies, social welfare, sociology, Spanish, theatre and speech, biology, biology (pre-dental and premedical), computer engineering, computer science, medical technology, nursing, science (basic), and programs in liberal studies and special studies (experimental curriculum). Graceland's fall 1980 enrollment was 1,306. Joe E. Hanna is president.

Grand View College

Grand View College is a coeducational, liberal arts college offering four- and two-year programs. Founded in 1896, the college is affiliated with the Lutheran Church in America and is fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools. Basic to Grand View's philosophy of education is a close student-faculty relationship, and preparation for life in service to humanity.

The college operates on a 4-4-1-1-1 calendar, with special programs including International Studies, Evening College and three, one-month sessions in May, June and July. The Bachelors Degree is offered in Business Administration, Commercial Art, Communication (Radio-TV or Journalism), English, Nursing (B.S.N. with NLN

Accreditation), Visual Art and a variety of inter-disciplinary programs. The Associate Degree is offered in the Humanities, Social Studies and the Natural Sciences. Current enrollment is approximately 1,000 students. Grand View's 25-acre campus is located in Des Moines. Karl F. Langrock is president of the college.

Grinnell College, Grinnell

Grinnell College was founded in 1846, the same year that Iowa became a state. Established as Iowa College at Davenport, by the "Iowa Band" of young Congregational ministers, the college moved to Grinnell in 1859 to merge with Grinnell University, which had been founded in 1858. The two continued as Iowa College until 1909, when the present name was adopted.

Grinnell is a privately endowed, residential, coeducational, liberal arts college. Its 1,200 students come from 44 states and 18 foreign countries; and the faculty numbers more than 100, of whom, more than two-thirds hold the Ph.D. degree or its equivalent. While emphasis is strongly placed on liberal arts, the curriculum provides preprofessional preparation for medicine, dentistry, law, engineering, theology, business, government service and teaching. On its 90-acre campus, the college has more than 30 buildings, including a \$1,200,000 library opened in 1959; a \$1,500,000 fine arts center opened in 1961; a \$988,300 student center opened in 1964; a \$1,164,000 addition to science facilities opened in 1965; and a new physical education complex. Maxine Paul is the college's registrar.

Iowa Wesleyan College, Mount Pleasant

Iowa Wesleyan College, a fully accredited, coeducational, liberal arts college, was first organized as the Mount Pleasant Literary Institute in 1842, and reorganized the following year as the Mount Pleasant Collegiate Institute. The college is the oldest degree-granting institution west of the Mississippi River, having a continuous history from the time it was founded. The college is related to the United Methodist Church. The name was changed to Iowa Wesleyan University in 1855, and to Iowa Wesleyan College in 1911.

Emphasis is on the liberal arts. Among principal offerings are music, nursing, science, religion, language, psychology, business administration, accounting and education. Iowa Wesleyan has 630 full-time students and an additional 125 part-time and special students. The faculty numbers 50, of whom 30 percent have earned Ph.D. degrees. Howard Martin is dean of admissions.

Loras College, Dubuque

Loras College, a Catholic, coeducational institution in Dubuque, Iowa, was founded in 1939. The school is under the supervision of a board of regents. The college has one of the largest private libraries in the state, over 200,000 volumes. Iowa's oldest, Loras has an enrollment of 1,868; 759 women and 1,109 men.

The degrees of Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science, Bachelor of Music, Associate of Arts and Associate of Science are granted with majors in accounting, art, biology, business administration, chemistry, classical languages, economics, English, German, French, Spanish, history, mathematics, medical technology, music, philosophy, physical education, physics, political science, psychology, sociology, social work, speech and religious studies. Pre-professional curricula include law, dentistry, medicine, engineering, teacher education, ecclesiastics, arts — engineering programs, and two-three cooperative engineering programs through arrangements with leading universities.

Loras College offers various M.A. degrees in the fields of education, English, history and psychology.

Dan Conry is the director of admissions.

Luther College, Decorah

Luther College, founded in 1861, is a fully accredited, coeducational, four-year, liberal arts college affiliated with the American Lutheran Church. The 800-acre campus rests on a plateau overlooking the scenic Oneota Valley of northeast Iowa's bluff country. Facilities include a 250,000 volume library, well-equipped science laboratories, a spacious athletic complex, a central union, and the new Center for Faith and Life, for worship and the performing arts.

Luther's broad liberal arts program includes pre-professional training in accounting, education, nursing and social work; internships and study-abroad opportunities. Its music organizations enjoy a national and international reputation. Luther's athletics program offers intercollegiate and intramural competition for both men and women. Enrollment is 2,000. Dr. E.D. Farwell is president.

Maharishi International University, Fairfield

Maharishi International University, founded in 1971 by Maharishi Mahesh Yogi, offers a unique educational experience. The MIU curriculum incorporates the study of traditional academic disciplines with a technology, the Transcendental Meditation and TM-Sidhi program, which increases the intelligence of the student, thereby enhancing his or her capacity to assimilate, appreciate and apply knowledge. MIU is a non-sectarian, coeducational university, accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. The university offers B.A. or B.S. degrees in 10 majors and M.A. degrees in Education and Higher Education Administration. The student body numbers approximately 600, with students coming from all over the United States and many foreign countries. The MIU faculty is a highly qualified group of individuals dedicated to making an outstanding contribution in the scholarship and research of their respective fields. Dr. Bevan Morris is president.

Marycrest College, Davenport

Marycrest College, founded in 1939, is a fully accredited, coeducational, liberal arts college, located on the Mississippi River in the Quad City metropolitan area. About 1,000 students represent all regions of the United States and several foreign countries. Liberal arts courses, professional and pre-professional training are offered in 33 major fields of study. Marycrest confers the Associate of Arts, Bachelor of Art, Bachelor of Science, Bachelor of Science in Nursing, Bachelor of Arts in Special Studies, and Master of Arts degrees. The masters program includes majors in education, elementary education, concentration in reading, reading clinician and specific learning disabilities. Scholarships and a number of financial aid programs are available. Close faculty-student association prevails. A. Lynn Bryant, Ph.D., is president.

Morningside College, Sioux City

A coeducational, liberal arts college, Morningside was founded in 1894 by the Methodist Church. In 1914, Morningside was joined by Charles City College which moved to Sioux City. Today, the college has over 1,500 full- and part-time students and a full-time faculty of 74. The college maintains close ties with the United Methodist Church, but virtually every major religion is represented on campus.

Morningside College and its various programs are accredited by appropriate agencies. While the curriculum is essentially liberal arts in character, professional training is given in business administration, teaching, social work, nursing and music. Pre-professional education is also offered in such areas as engineering, law, medicine, theology, dentistry and optometry.

Morningside offers nearly 40 major fields of study and a graduate program in education.

Mount Mercy College, Cedar Rapids

Mount Mercy College is a four-year, coeducational institution located in Cedar Rapids. It is fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools and is recognized by the Iowa State Department of Education for teacher certification in early childhood, elementary and secondary education. The college has also received accreditation by the Council on Social Work Education and for the baccalaureate degree program in nursing from the National League for Nursing. It is approved by the Council on Education of the American Medical Association for medical technology graduates. Mount Mercy confers the Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science, Bachelor of Applied Arts and Bachelor of Applied Science degrees. Major fields of study include: accounting, art, biology, business, business administration, criminal justice administration, education, English, history, mathematics, medical technology, music, music education, nursing, political science, psychology, social work, sociology, speech and drama. Dr. Thomas R. Feld is president.

Northwestern College, Orange City

A four-year, coeducational, Christian liberal arts college of the Reformed Church in America, Northwestern was founded as an academy by Dutch immigrants. It achieved accreditation as a junior college prior to developing its four-year program in 1957. Northwestern offers the B.A. degree. The college is fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools and is approved by the Iowa State Department of Education and National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education for teacher certification at the elementary and secondary levels. Activities include an evening adult education program during the regular session, along with regular summer school programs and a variety of in-service workshops for teachers. Major fields of study include: art, biology, business administration, business education, chemistry, English, history, humanities, mathematics, medical technology, music, natural science, philosophy, physical education, political science, psychology, religion, social science, sociology, speech and theatre, social work, and library science.

The college has a cooperative arrangement with different hospitals located in Iowa, Nebraska, South Dakota and Michigan for the training of medical technologists, and it also offers programs in pre-engineering, pre-law, pre-veterinary, pre-medicine and secretarial science. Students come from a wide geographical area within the United States and from a number of foreign countries. Director of Admissions is Ronald De Jong.

Open Bible College, Des Moines

Open Bible College, established in 1930, is a school for the education and training of men and women for full-time Christian service. Offering either a four- or two-year course of study in Pastoral Ministry, Christian Education, Missions or Sacred Music, it confers bachelor and associate degrees respectively, and is accredited by the American Association of Bible Colleges. It is owned by the Central Division of Open Bible Standard Churches Inc., and has a student body of more than 90. Randall A. Bach is president.

Palmer College of Chiropractic, Davenport

The Palmer College of Chiropractic was founded at Davenport, Iowa, in 1895. The founder of the profession and the college was Dr. Daniel David Palmer, who created the college after years of intensive study and research. Dr. Joseph P. Mazzarelli is chairman of the board of trustees and Dr. J.F. McAndrews is president of the college. Palmer College, the first chiropractic institution, remains the largest, with an enrollment of approximately 1,800 students and a faculty of 120 F.T.E. members.

St. Ambrose College, Davenport

St. Ambrose College is a private, coeducational college offering a four-year undergraduate combination of liberal and practical arts, plus a graduate program leading to the Master of Business Administration degree. Founded in 1882, it is named for the fourth century saint and bishop of Milan. There is a religious environment at St. Ambrose in the Catholic tradition with an ecumenical orientation. St. Ambrose is accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools and the Iowa Department of Public Instruction. Total enrollment is 1,993, with 150 full-and part-time faculty. Degrees conferred are the Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science, Bachelor of Music, Bachelor of Music Education, Bachelor of Arts in Special Studies, Bachelor of Elected Studies, and Master of Business Administration. Dr. William J. Bakrow is president of the college.

Simpson College, Indianola

Simpson is an independent, Methodist-related, coeducational, four-year college of liberal arts and sciences, offering the Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Music degrees. The college operates on the 4-1-4 academic calendar. Simpson's size (850) and faculty-to-student ratio (1:14) insure that every student receives the individual attention necessary for his or her full development. Simpson was founded in 1860. Dr. Robert E. McBride is president. The campus is comprised of 27 major buildings.

Simpson annually hosts the Des Moines Metro Opera, the national hot air balloon races and the United Methodist Pastors' School.

University of Dubuque, Dubuque

The University of Dubuque consists of a College of Liberal Arts (1,050 students) and a Theological Seminary (200 students), both related to the United Presbyterian Church U.S.A. The college, featuring a creative curriculum known as "focused liberal arts," offers 30 majors and cooperative programs with Clarke and Loras colleges in Dubuque. The seminary, one of a three-seminary consortium called the three Schools of Theology in Dubuque, shares facilities with Aquinas Institute at 2570 Ashbury Road. The seminary emphasizes parish ministry, field experience and an active Continuing Education Program. Walter F. Peterson, Ph.D., is president.

Upper Iowa University, Fayette

Upper Iowa University was founded in 1857. It is an independent, non-tax-supported, liberal arts college with strong programs in education, fine arts, the sciences and business. Fourteen new buildings have been added to the university since 1955. Upper Iowa University is on the semester schedule. Computer Science, Health Care Administration, Medical Technology, Mortuary Science, Nursing and R.O.T.C. are six of the programs available. An outstanding faculty offers higher education in a coeducational, non-denominational environment. Dr. Darcy C. Coyle is president of the university, William H. Drake is acting academic dean, and Lois Y. Wilcox is registrar.

Vennard College, University Park

Vennard College was organized in Chicago in 1910 as the Chicago Evangelistic Institute. In 1951, it was moved to University Park, Iowa. Later, the name was changed to Vennard College, honoring the founder and first president. Today, the 75-acre campus includes seven buildings.

Vennard College provides professional preparation for Christian service. A Bachelor of Arts degree is offered, including a major in Bible with a minor from one of the

following areas: pastoral ministry, Christian education, missions, music, communications and general education. The college is an accredited member of the American Association of Bible Colleges, which is a constituent member of the Council on Post-secondary Education. It is interdenominational and coeducational. Merne A. Harris is president and Gordon Bennett is academic dean. Vennard has a faculty of 12 and a student body of 200.

Waldorf College, Forest City

Waldorf College is an accredited, residential, two-year college of the American Lutheran Church. It is located in Forest City, Iowa, a community of about 4,500 in north central Iowa, midway between Minneapolis-St. Paul and Des Moines.

Founded in 1903, Waldorf offers work in general education, college transfer and two-year, career-oriented programs. Associate degrees are offered. The current enrollment is approximately 500 students.

Since 1962, the campus has nearly tripled in size and the student enrollment has doubled. There are now 10 major buildings on campus, a new music facility and a new 26-acre physical education complex is being developed. The Odvin Hagen Music Center was dedicated in October of 1976.

Wartburg College, Waverly

Wartburg College is a coeducational, liberal arts college affiliated with the American Lutheran Church and is regionally and nationally accredited by such groups as the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, and the Council on Social Work Education. Membership also includes the American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education, the National Association for Business Teacher Education, and the National Association of Schools of Music. Degrees offered include Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Music and Bachelor of Music Education. Dating back to 1852, the school has an enrollment of about 1,100 students, a faculty numbering more than 75 and an 83-acre campus. Dr. Robert L. Vogel is president.

Wartburg Theological Seminary, Dubuque

Wartburg Theological Seminary, Dubuque, established in 1854, is a school for the education and training of men and women for the ministry in the church. Offering a three-year course in Biblical and theological studies beyond the level of college graduation and one year of practical training in the field, it confers the degrees of Master of Divinity, Master of Sacred Theology and Doctor of Ministry, and is accredited by the American Association of Theological Schools and the North Central Association. It is owned and operated by The American Lutheran Church and has a student body of 300 and a faculty of 20. Dr. William H. Weiblen is president.

Westmar College, LeMars

Flexibility characterizes the Westmar program. Departmental, interdisciplinary and student-initiated majors are offered. The Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Music Education and Bachelor of Applied Science degrees are offered. The BAS degree is a program that allows students who have completed vocational programs to use their technical education in meeting bachelor degree requirements.

The college calendar is two semesters, an interim and summer school. The interim is conducted in January and is a time for innovation, experimentation and creativity. Campus programs are supplemented by a variety of study opportunities off campus, including urban centers and other countries.

Founded in 1890, Westmar is fully accredited and related to the United Methodist Church. The 83-acre campus includes 17 major buildings. Book value of college assets is nearly \$10 million. The 650 students represent 29 states and five foreign countries. The faculty totals 40. Dr. John Courter is president.

William Penn College, Oskaloosa

William Penn is a four-year, coeducational, liberal arts college stressing the practical usage of the B.A. degree in all of the 19 majors, 27 minors and 12 pre-professional areas offered.

Penn stresses many areas of liberal arts learning and has one of the strongest teacher-education programs in the state. Penn is also one of the few Iowa colleges offering industrial arts and home economics majors. Sociology and human relations majors are strong points of the college. A 40-acre, outdoor, biology laboratory is part of the William Penn campus, as well as an adjoining 300-acre housing development and farm.

Enrollment has remained stable at just under 600 students for the past several years. With a student-faculty ratio of 13-1, Penn has a two-semester curriculum with courses also offered during two summer sessions and interim programs in January and May.

Fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools and the National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education, William Penn was founded in 1873 by the Iowa Yearly Meeting of Friends. Dr. Gus Turbeville is president, and Dr. Adolph Geodeken is chairman of the Department of Education.

Private Junior Colleges in Iowa

Mount Saint Clare College, Clinton

Mount Saint Clare is a fully accredited, two- and four-year, coeducational, liberal arts college in Clinton. Its low ratio of student-to-faculty provides a personalized academic relationship. A broad choice of curriculum leading to an Associate of Arts degree offers an excellent basic college program and facilitates easy transfer for further study.

Special two-year programs include executive secretarial, medical secretarial, early childhood education and cytotechnology, culminating in either an Associate of Applied Science or an Associate of Arts degree. Students may obtain either college credits or exemption from certain requirements by means of CLEP examinations. Special four year programs include a Bachelor of Arts degree in business administration with a minor in accounting.

Resident facilities are available for both men and women. In addition to a low annual cost, the Mount offers various forms of scholarships and financial aid. Dr. Dan Johnson is president. Sister Evelyn McKenna is dean of admissions and financial aid.

Ottumwa Heights College, Ottumwa

Ottumwa Heights College is a two-year, private, co-educational, liberal arts career oriented college, accredited in 1928. A wide choice of programs is offered leading to Associate of Arts, Associate of Applied Science and Associate of Applied Arts degrees. The college also provides a semi-intensive English institute for foreign students and a post-secondary program for students with learning disabilities.

About half of the students transfer to complete at least a Bachelor's Degree. Two-year programs are also offered in medical, bi-lingual, legal and executive secretarial sciences, medical record technology, x-ray technology, business, teacher's aide and recreational leadership. A limited number of third-level courses are offered together with CLEP exams and credit for life experience.

A complete financial aid program is available which includes Honor Awards for students in the top 25 per cent of their class.

A new campus of interconnected buildings was constructed in 1960 under the direction of the Sisters of the Humility of Mary. Sister Bernadine Pieper is president.

Palmer Junior College, Davenport

Palmer Junior College, was founded in 1965 in order to provide quality education for those persons who might not otherwise attend college. Tuition is lowest of private colleges in the State of Iowa, and a wide range of financial aid programs is available. There is a liberal enrollment policy, and small class size is supported by individualized counseling services. Courses are scheduled at night and on weekends. Associate degrees are offered with concentrations in business administration, communication, fine arts, general studies, liberal arts, engineering, science, and pre-chiropractic. Facilities include the new Palmer Library with access to approximately 400,000 volumes, and the Palmer Alumni Auditorium, home of the nationally-known Lions basketball team. Palmer Junior College is approved by veterans, vocational rehabilitation, and the Iowa Board of Regents Commission on College Relations. The college is a candidate for accreditation with the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools.

Sioux Empire College, Hawarden

Sioux Empire College is a small, coeducational, liberal arts college founded in 1965, by a group of Hawarden citizens.

Classes began in 1967 and the emphasis continues to be on college preparatory work, at the same time attempting to serve the needs of the community.

Dr. A.D. Hudek serves as president of the college, and Marian Ryger is dean of instruction.

The student body (325), is largely composed of people within a 45-mile radius in the tri-state area of Nebraska, Iowa and South Dakota, and it includes the veteran as well as the recent high school graduate. Curriculum at Sioux Empire College is diverse and is designed to stimulate broad interests by introducing the student to the major areas of knowledge, with emphasis in athletics, music and journalism.

The college is located on a 25-acre tract on the north edge of Hawarden, overlooking the Sioux River valley. Buildings include a large classroom structure, three dormitories, a multi-purpose physical education and residential facility, and administration house and a student social center.

General Information

- **Official Dates**
- **County Statistics**
- **1980 Census**
- **Party State Central Committees**
- **Iowa Veterans' Organizations**
- **Wildlife Refuges, Hunting and Fishing Areas**

Calendar of Official Dates

Chapter 33 of the 1981 Code of Iowa provides that the following are legal public holidays:

New Year's Day	Jan. 1
Lincoln's Birthday	Feb. 12
Washington's Birthday	Third Monday in February
Memorial Day	Last Monday in May
Independence Day	July 4
Labor Day	First Monday in September
Veterans Day	Nov. 11
Thanksgiving Day	Fourth Thursday in November
Christmas Day	Dec. 25

Chapter 31 and 186A of the 1981 Code of Iowa provides that the following are special observance days:

- *Arbor Day and Arbor Week — The last Friday in April and the week thereof.
 - *Mother's Day — The second Sunday in May.
 - Flag Day — June 14, anniversary of adoption of the U.S. flag by the Continental Congress at Philadelphia, 1777.
 - *Independence Sunday — The Sunday preceding the Fourth of July.
 - Herbert Hoover Day — The Sunday nearest Aug. 10.
 - *Columbus Day — Oct. 12.
 - *Youth Honor Day — Oct. 31.
 - *Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day — The Sunday nearest Jan. 15.
- *By proclamation of governor.

Filing Nomination Papers

State and National — For U.S. senators, representatives in Congress, and all elective state offices, to be filed in the office of the secretary of state not more than 85 nor less than 67 days at 5 p.m. prior to the date set for holding the primary election. (C., '77, 43.11.)

County — For all elective county offices, to be filed in the office of the county commissioner by 5 p.m. at least 55 days prior to the date fixed for holding the primary election. (C., '77, 43.11.)

Township or Precinct — For elective offices of a subdivision of a county to be filed with the county commissioner 55 days at 5 p.m. prior to the primary. (C., '77, 43.21.)

Cities — For elective offices in all cities and towns to be filed not more than 65 days nor less than 40 days at 5 p.m. prior to regular city election. (C., '77, 376.4.) Or cities may provide by ordinance for nonparty nominations, or nominations by petition, as provided by chapters 44 and 45 of the code.

School — For all elective offices in each independent city, Iowa or consolidated district, shall be filed with the secretary of the school board not earlier than 65 or less than 40 days at 5 p.m. before the election. (C., '77, 277.4.)

Primary Election Dates

Municipal — If necessary, the primary election in cities on the third Tuesday prior to the regular election. (C., '77, 376.7.)

General — The primary election shall be held the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June in each even-numbered year. (C., '77, 43.7.)

Election Dates

Cities and Towns — Regular city elections shall be held biennially on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of odd-numbered years. (C., '77, 376.1.)

School — The regular school election shall be held annually on the second Tuesday in September. (C., '77, 277.1)

General — The general election for state, district, county and township officers shall be held on the first Tuesday next after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year. (C., '77, 39.1.)

Political Convention Dates

County — Each political party shall hold its own county convention and such conventions shall be held either preceding or following the primary election but no later than 10 days following the primary election and shall be held on the same day throughout the state. (C., '77, 43.4.)

District — Each district may hold a district convention, etc. (C., '77, 43.101.)

State — Each political party shall hold a state convention, either preceding or following the primary election. The state central committee of each political party shall designate the time and place of the state convention. (C., '77, 43.107.)

Presidential or Special — Precinct caucuses, county conventions and state conventions of each political party are held in even-numbered years.

Election of State Officials

Each four years in Iowa, beginning in 1974, the people elect their governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor of state, treasurer of state, secretary of agriculture and attorney general.

State commerce commissioners were elective officials until 1959 when the 58th General Assembly enacted legislation providing for their appointment by the governor, beginning in 1963. The superintendent of public instruction is named by the State Board of Public Instruction.

Justices of the Supreme Court, and judges of the Court of Appeals and the District Court are appointed by the governor from lists of nominees presented by judicial nominating commissions. This system of appointing judges was provided by an amendment to the state constitution approved by the people at an election in 1962.¹

Members of the Senate are elected for four years; House members for two years.

Terms of County Officers

*Elected county officers are the clerk of court, auditor and sheriff, elected in 1980 for four-year terms; the treasurer, county attorney and recorder, elected in 1978 for four-year terms; and the county supervisors, elected for four-years which overlap. Elections are held in even-numbered years.

Election of Federal Officials

Federal elections occur every two years, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in even-numbered years. The constitution provides that the only elected federal officials are the president, vice president, U.S. senators and U.S. representatives. All other officers are appointed — practically all by the president. U.S. senators serve a term of six years; House members serve terms of two years, being elected in even-numbered years.

¹All judges are subsequently retained or not retained in office by the voters at the general election.

*Elected in each county at the general election in 1978 for four-year terms; the clerk of court, auditor and sheriff; elected in 1974 for four-year terms; the treasurer, recorder and county attorney.

Statistical Information of Iowa Counties

1980 Population of Iowa — 2,913,808

(The 1980 figures in this publication are subject to change pending the outcome of the various lawsuits dealing with census counts.)

Total Voting Precincts in 1970 — 2,524

County No.	County	1980 Population	County Seat and 1980 Population	Area in Square Miles	No. of voting Precincts 1970	Congressional District	Judicial District	Senatorial District
1	Adair	9,509	Greenfield	2,243	569	20	5	12
2	Adams	5,731	Corning	1,939	426	15	5	3
3	Allamakee	15,108	Waukon	3,983	639	21	2	13
4	Appanoose	15,511	Centerville	6,558	523	28	4	2
5	Audubon	8,559	Audubon	2,841	448	13	5	15
6	Benton	23,649	Vinton	5,040	718	26	1	17
7	Black Hawk	137,981	Waterloo	75,985	587	74	3	10
8	Boone	26,184	Boone	12,602	573	20	5	11
9	Bremer	24,820	Waverly	8,444	439	20	3	12
10	Buchanan	22,900	Independence	6,392	569	23	3	10
11	Buena Vista	20,774	Storm Lake	8,814	573	25	6	14
12	Butler	17,688	Allison	1,132	582	17	3	12
13	Calhoun	13,542	Rockwell City	2,276	572	20	6	16
14	Carroll	22,951	Carroll	9,705	574	24	5	16
15	Cass	16,932	Atlantic	7,789	559	23	5	15
16	Cedar	18,635	Tipton	3,055	585	20	2	8
17	Cerro Gordo	48,458	Mason City	30,144	576	30	3	12
18	Cherokee	16,238	Cherokee	7,004	573	21	6	18
19	Chickasaw	15,437	New Hampton	3,940	505	15	3	13
20	Clarke	8,812	Osceola	3,750	429	15	5	3
21	Clay	19,576	Spencer	11,726	571	22	6	14
22	Clayton	21,098	Elkader	1,888	778	25	2	13
23	Clinton	57,122	Clinton	32,828	695	36	2	7
24	Crawford	18,935	Denison	6,675	716	28	6	16
25	Dallas	29,513	Acel	2,846	597	23	5	5
26	Davis	9,104	Bloomfield	2,849	509	18	4	2
27	Decatur	9,794	Leon	2,094	530	22	5	3
28	Delaware	18,933	Manchester	4,942	573	21	2	13
29	Des Moines	46,203	Burlington	29,529	409	30	1	1
30	Dickinson	15,629	Spirit Lake	3,976	378	13	6	14
31	Dubuque	93,745	Dubuque	62,321	608	38	2	13
32	Emmet	13,336	Estherville	7,518	395	17	6	14
33	Fayette	25,488	West Union	2,783	728	28	2	13
34	Floyd	19,597	Charles City	8,778	503	16	3	12
35	Franklin	13,036	Hampton	4,630	586	22	3	11
36	Fremont	9,401	Sidney	1,308	523	18	5	16
37	Greene	12,119	Jefferson	4,854	569	20	5	16
38	Grundy	14,366	Grundy Center	2,880	501	18	3	10
39	Guthrie	11,983	Guthrie Center	1,713	596	19	5	5
40	Hamilton	17,862	Webster City	8,572	577	22	3	11
41	Hancock	13,833	Garner	2,908	570	16	3	12
42	Hardin	21,776	Eldora	3,063	574	19	3	11
43	Harrison	16,348	Logan	1,540	695	26	5	15
44	Henry	18,890	Mount Pleasant	7,322	440	19	1	8
45	Howard	11,114	Cresco	3,860	471	19	3	13
46	Humboldt	12,248	Dakota City	1,072	435	17	6	14
47	Ida	8,906	Ida Grove	2,285	431	12	6	16
48	Iowa	15,429	Marengo	2,308	584	22	1	8
49	Jackson	22,503	Maquoketa	6,313	644	25	2	7
50	Jasper	36,425	Newton	15,292	736	31	4	8
51	Jefferson	16,316	Fairfield	9,428	438	19	1	2
52	Johnson	81,717	Iowa City	50,508	617	45	1	8
53	Jones	20,401	Anamosa	4,958	585	28	2	8
54	Keokuk	12,921	Sigourney	2,330	579	26	4	6
55	Kossuth	21,891	Algona	6,289	979	35	6	14
56	Lee	43,106	Fort Madison	13,520	522	29	1	1
57	Linn	169,775	Cedar Rapids	110,243	713	67	2	8
58	Louise	12,055	Wapello	2,011	403	17	1	8
59	Lucas	10,313	Chariton	4,987	433	15	4	2
60	Lyon	12,896	Rock Rapids	2,693	588	21	6	18
61	Madison	12,597	Winterset	4,021	565	18	5	5
62	Mahaska	22,867	Oskaloosa	10,629	572	27	4	6

Statistical Information of Iowa Counties (Cont'd.)

County No.	County	1980 Population	County Seat and Population 1980	Area in Square Miles	No. of Pre-cincts 1970	Congressional District	Judicial District	Senatorial District	
63	Marion	29,689	Knoxville	8,143	568	27	4	5	11
64	Marshall	41,652	Marshalltown	26,938	574	23	3	17	26
65	Mills	13,406	Glenwood	5,290	446	17	5	15	6
66	Mitchell	12,329	Osage	3,718	467	20	3	12	41
67	Monroa	11,692	Onawa	3,283	697	26	6	4	22
68	Monroe	9,209	Albia	4,184	435	18	4	2	3
69	Montgomery	13,413	Red Oak	6,810	422	18	5	15	5
70	Muscatine	40,436	Muscatine	23,467	439	19	1	7	14
71	O'Brien	16,972	Pringhar	1,050	575	19	6	18	48
72	Osceola	8,371	Sibley	3,051	397	13	6	18	48
73	Page	19,063	Clarinda	5,458	535	27	5	15	6
74	Palo Alto	12,721	Emmetsburg	4,621	561	19	6	14	45
75	Plymouth	24,743	LeMars	8,276	863	30	6	18	47
76	Pocahontas	11,369	Pocahontas	2,352	580	18	6	14	45
77	Polk	303,170	Des Moines	191,003	594	142	4	9	20
78	Pottawattamie	86,561	Council Bluffs	56,449	964	57	5	15	13
79	Poweshiek	19,306	Montezuma	1,485	589	21	1	6	18
80	Ringgold	6,112	Mount Ayr	1,938	538	19	5	3	4
81	Sac	14,118	Sac City	3,000	578	20	6	16	36
82	Scott	160,022	Davenport	103,264	453	55	1	7	15
83	Shelby	15,043	Harlan	5,357	597	24	5	15	22
84	Sioux	30,813	Orange City	4,586	766	28	6	18	49
85	Story	72,326	Nevada	5,912	568	33	5	11	27
86	Tama	19,533	Toledo	2,445	720	25	3	17	25
87	Taylor	8,353	Bedford	1,692	528	19	5	3	5
88	Union	13,858	Creston	6,429	426	17	5	3	5
89	Van Buren	8,626	Keosauqua	1,003	487	19	1	2	2
90	Wapello	40,241	Ottumwa	27,381	437	32	4	2	9
91	Warren	34,878	Indianola	10,843	572	21	5	5	11
92	Washington	20,141	Washington	6,584	568	21	1	6	8
93	Wayne	8,199	Corydon	1,818	532	20	5	3	4
94	Webster	45,953	Fort Dodge	29,423	718	33	6	11	35
95	Winnebago	13,010	Forest City	4,270	401	16	6	12	43
96	Winneshiek	21,876	Decorah	7,991	686	27	2	13	39
97	Woodbury	100,884	Sioux City	82,003	871	59	6	4	37
98	Worth	9,075	Northwood	2,193	400	12	3	12	43
99	Wright	16,319	Clarion	3,080	577	29	3	11	34

Population of Iowa: 1840 to 1980

(A minus sign (-) denotes decrease)

Census	Population	Increase over preceding census	
		Number	Percent
1980	2,913,808	88,440	3.1
1970	2,825,368	67,831	2.4
1960	2,757,537	136,464	5.2
1950	2,621,073	82,805	3.3
1940	2,538,268	67,328	2.7
1930	2,470,939	66,918	2.8
1920	2,404,021	179,250	8.1
1910	2,224,771	- 7,082	- 0.3
1900	2,231,853	319,556	16.7
1890	1,912,297	287,682	17.7
1880	1,624,615	430,595	36.1
1870	1,194,020	519,107	76.9
1860	674,913	482,699	251.1
1850	192,214	149,102	345.8
1840	243,112

¹This population figure for 1970 differs from the 1979-80 Red Book population figure for 1970 by 327. The updated figure was reported in the advance census counts for 1980.

²Includes population of area now constituting that part of Minnesota lying west of the Mississippi River and a line drawn from its source northward to the Canadian boundary. This area formed a part of Iowa Territory in 1840.

Iowa Population Figures — 1980 Census

Population of Places: 1980 and 1970

All Incorporated Places

Place	County	1980	1970	Place	County	1980	1970
Ackley	Franklin, Hardin	1,900	1,784	Belle Plaine	Benton	2,903	2,810
Ackworth	Warren	83	111	Bellevue	Jackson	2,450	2,336
Adair	Adair, Guthrie	883	750	Belmond	Wright	2,505	2,358
Adel	Dallas	2,846	2,419	Bennett	Cedar	458	385
Afton	Union	985	823	Benton	Ringgold	33	46
Agency	Wapello	657	610	Berkley	Boone	49	56
Ainsworth	Washington	547	455	Bernard	Dubuque	130	148
Akron	Plymouth	1,517	1,324	Bertram	Linn	216	177
Albert City	Buena Vista	818	683	Bettendorf	Scott	27,381	22,126
Albia	Monroe	4,184	4,151	Bevington	Madison, Warren	60	54
Albion	Marshall	739	772	Birmingham	Van Buren	410	452
Alburnett	Linn	411	418	Blairsburg	Hamilton	288	287
Alden	Hardin	953	876	Blairstown	Benton	695	612
Alexander	Franklin	190	249	Blakesburg	Wapello	404	403
Algona	Kossuth	6,289	6,032	Blanchard	Page	101	139
Alleman	Polk	307	---	Blencoe	Monona	247	255
Allerton	Wayne	670	643	Blockton	Taylor	280	273
Allison	Butler	1,132	1,071	Bloomfield	Davis	2,849	2,718
Aita	Buena Vista	1,720	1,717	Blue Grass	Scott	1,377	1,032
Aita Vista	Chickasaw	314	283	Bode	Humboldt	406	372
Alfon	Sioux	986	1,018	Bonaparte	Van Buren	489	517
Altoona	Polk	5,764	2,883	Bondurant	Polk	1,283	462
Alvord	Lyon	246	204	Boone	Boone	12,602	12,468
Ames	Story	45,771	39,505	Bouton	Dallas	139	160
Anamosa	Jones	4,956	4,389	Boxholm	Boone	267	242
Andover	Clinton	107	90	Boydton	Sioux	708	670
Andrew	Jackson	349	335	Braddyville	Page	199	207
Anita	Cass	1,153	1,101	Bradgate	Humboldt	151	130
Ankeny	Polk	15,429	9,151	Brandon	Buchanan	337	432
Anthon	Woodbury	687	711	Brayton	Audubon	170	151
Aplington	Butler	1,027	936	Breda	Carroll	502	518
Arcadia	Carroll	454	414	Bridgewater	Adair	233	188
Archer	O'Brien	134	134	Brighton	Washington	804	632
Aredale	Butler	88	126	Bristow	Butler	252	230
Arion	Crawford	207	199	Britt	Hancock	2,185	2,069
Arispe	Union	89	93	Bronson	Woodbury	289	193
Arlington	Fayette	498	481	Brooklyn	Poweshiek	1,509	1,410
Armstrong	Emmet	1,153	1,061	Brunsville	Plymouth	140	125
Arnolds Park	Dickinson	1,051	970	Buckeye	Hardin	154	143
Arthur	Ida	288	273	Buck Grove	Crawford	84	41
Asbury	Dubuque	2,017	410	Buffalo	Scott	1,441	1,513
Ashton	Osceola	441	483	Buffalo Center	Winnebago	1,233	1,118
Aspinwall	Crawford	65	81	Burlington	Des Moines	29,529	32,366
Atalissa	Muscatine	360	244	Burt	Kossuth	689	608
Atmelstan	Taylor	45	65	Bussey	Marion	579	498
Atkins	Benton	678	581	Calamus	Clinton	452	396
Atlantic	Cass	7,789	7,306	Callender	Webster	446	421
Auburn	Sac	320	329	Calmar	Winneshiek	1,053	1,008
Audubon	Audubon	2,841	2,907	Calumet	O'Brien	212	219
Aurelia	Cherokee	1,143	1,065	Camanche	Clinton	4,725	3,470
Aurora	Buchanan	248	229	Cambridge	Story	732	661
Avoca	Pottawattamie	1,650	1,535	Cantril	Van Buren	299	258
Ayrshire	Palo Alto	243	243	Carbon	Adams	110	135
Badger	Webster	653	465	Carlisle	Polk, Warren	3,073	2,246
Bagley	Guthrie	370	365	Carpenter	Mitchell	109	122
Baldwin	Jackson	198	172	Carroll	Carroll	9,705	8,716
Balltown	Dubuque	106	79	Carson	Pottawattamie	716	755
Bancroft	Kossuth	1,082	1,103	Carter Lake	Pottawattamie	3,438	3,268
Bankston	Dubuque	40	28	Cascade	Dubuque, Jones	1,912	1,744
Barnes City	Mahaska, Poweshiek	266	238	Casey	Adair, Guthrie	473	561
Barnum	Webster	198	147	Castalia	Winneshiek	188	210
Bassett	Chickasaw	128	152	Castana	Monona	228	211
Batavia	Jefferson	525	525	Cedar Falls	Black Hawk	36,322	29,597
Battle Creek	Ida	919	837	Cedar Rapids	Linn	110,243	110,642
Baxter	Jasper	951	788	Center Jct.	Jones	182	172
Bayard	Guthrie	637	628	Center Point	Linn	1,591	1,456
Beacon	Mahaska	530	338	Centerville	Appanoose	6,558	6,531
Beaconsfield	Ringgold	39	48	Central City	Linn	1,087	1,116
Beamam	Grundy	219	222	Centralia	Dubuque	106	105
Beaver	Boone	85	113	Chariton	Lucas	4,967	5,009
Bedford	Taylor	1,692	1,733	Charles City	Floyd	8,778	9,268

Place	County	1980	1970	Place	County	1980	1970
Charlotte	Clinton	442	444	Delmar	Clinton	633	599
Charter Oak	Crawford	615	715	Deloit	Crawford	345	279
Chatsworth	Sioux	110	90	Delphos	Ringgold	45	35
Chelsea	Tama	378	381	Delta	Keokuk	482	475
Cherokee	Cherokee	7,004	7,272	Denison	Crawford	6,875	6,218
Chester	Howard	175	185	Denver	Bremer	1,647	1,169
Chillicothe	Wapello	131	128	Derby	Lucas	171	161
Churdan	Greene	540	598	Des Moines	Polk	191,003	201,404
Cincinnati	Appanoose	598	570	De Soto	Dallas	1,035	369
Clare	Webster	229	249	De Witt	Clinton	4,512	3,647
Clarence	Cedar	1,001	915	Dexter	Dallas	678	652
Clarinda	Page	5,458	5,420	Diagonal	Ringgold	362	327
Clarion	Wright	3,060	2,972	Dickens	Clay	289	240
Clarksville	Butler	1,424	1,360	Dike	Grundy	987	794
Clayton	Clayton	68	113	Dixon	Scott	312	276
Clearfield	Ringgold, Taylor	433	430	Dolliver	Emmet	125	95
Clear Lake	Cerro Gordo	7,458	6,430	Donahue	Scott	289	216
Cleghorn	Cherokee	275	274	Donnan	Fayette	10	18
Clemons	Marshall	175	178	Donnellson	Lee	972	798
Clermont	Fayette	602	582	Doon	Lyon	537	437
Clinton	Clinton	32,828	34,719	Dougherty	Cerro Gordo	128	133
Clio	Wayne	106	113	Dow City	Crawford	616	571
Clive	Polk	6,064	3,005	Dows	Franklin, Wright	771	777
Clutier	Tama	249	275	Drakesville	Davis	212	183
Coburg	Montgomery	52	36	Dubuque	Dubuque	62,321	62,309
Coggon	Linn	639	656	Dumont	Butler	815	724
Coin	Page	316	294	Duncombe	Webster	504	418
Colesburg	Delaware	453	379	Dundee	Delaware	164	166
Colfax	Jasper	2,234	2,293	Dunkerton	Black Hawk	718	563
College Springs	Page	307	295	Dunlap	Harrison	1,374	1,292
Collins	Story	451	404	Durango	Dubuque	41	55
Colo	Story	808	606	Durant	Cedar, Musca-		
Columbus City	Louisa	367	312		tine, Scott	1,583	1,472
Columbus Jct.	Louisa	1,429	1,205	Dyersville	Delaware, Dubuque	3,825	3,437
Colwell	Floyd	91	100	Dysart	Tama	1,355	1,251
Conesville	Muscataine	301	295	Eagle Grove	Wright	4,324	4,489
Conrad	Grundy	1,133	932	Earlham	Madison	1,140	974
Conway	Taylor	93	91	Earling	Shelby	520	573
Coon Rapids	Carroll	1,448	1,381	Earlville	Delaware	844	751
Coppock	Henry, Jefferson,			Early	Sac	670	727
	Washington	47	58	East Peru	Madison	124	184
Coralville	Johnson	7,687	6,130	Eddyville	Mahaska, Monroe,		
Corning	Adams	1,939	2,095		Wapello	1,116	945
Correctionville	Woodbury	935	870	Edgewood	Clayton, Delaware	900	786
Corwith	Hancock	480	438	Elberon	Tama	194	203
Corydon	Wayne	1,818	1,745	Eldon	Wapello	1,255	1,319
Cotter	Louisa	60	55	Eldora	Hardin	3,063	3,223
Coulter	Franklin	264	262	Eldridge	Scott	3,279	1,535
Council Bluffs	Pottawattamie	56,449	60,348	Elgin	Fayette	702	613
Craig	Plymouth	105	98	Elkader	Clayton	1,688	1,592
Crawfordsville	Washington	290	288	Elkhart	Polk	256	289
Crescent	Pottawattamie	547	284	Elk Horn	Shelby	746	667
Cresco	Howard	3,860	3,927	Elkport	Clayton	98	87
Creston	Union	8,429	8,234	Elk Run Hts	Black Hawk	1,186	1,175
Cromwell	Union	157	168	Elliott	Montgomery	493	423
Crystal Lake	Hancock	314	276	Ellston	Ringgold	60	76
Cumberland	Cass	351	385	Ellsworth	Hamilton	480	443
Cumming	Warren	151	189	Elma	Howard	714	601
Curlew	Palo Alto	85	95	Ely	Linn	425	275
Cushing	Woodbury	270	204	Emerson	Mills	502	484
Cylinder	Palo Alto	119	133	Emmetsburg	Palo Alto	4,621	4,150
Dakota City	Humboldt	1,072	746	Epworth	Dubuque	1,380	1,132
Dallas	Marion	451	438	Essex	Page	1,001	770
Dallas Center	Dallas	1,360	1,128	Estherville	Emmet	7,518	8,108
Dana	Greene	110	118	Evansdale	Black Hawk	4,798	5,038
Danbury	Woodbury	492	527	Everly	Clay	796	699
Danville	Des Moines	994	948	Exira	Audubon	978	966
Davenport	Scott	103,264	98,469	Exline	Appanoose	217	224
Davis City	Decatur	327	301	Fairbank	Buchanan, Fayette	990	810
Dawson	Dallas	229	232	Fairfax	Linn	583	635
Dayton	Webster	941	909	Fairfield	Jefferson	9,428	8,715
Decatur City	Decatur	199	198	Farley	Dubuque	1,287	1,096
Decorah	Winneshiek	7,991	7,237	Farmersburg	Clayton	276	232
Dedham	Carroll	321	325	Farmington	Van Buren	969	800
Deep River	Poweshiek	323	323	Farnhamville	Calhoun, Webster	461	393
Defiance	Shelby	383	392	Farragut	Fremont	603	521
Delaware	Delaware	170	153	Fayette	Fayette	1,515	1,947
Delhi	Delaware	511	527	Fenton	Kossuth	394	403

Place	County	1980	1970	Place	County	1980	1970
Ferguson	Marshall	173	203	Hartford	Warren	761	582
Fertile	Worth	372	394	Hartley	O'Brien	1,700	1,694
Floris	Davis	187	145	Hartwick	Poweshiek	92	101
Floyd	Floyd	408	380	Harvey	Marion	275	217
Fonda	Pocahontas	863	900	Haslings	Mills	215	229
Fontanelle	Adair	805	752	Havelock	Pocahontas	279	248
Forest City	Hancock, Winnebago	4,270	3,841	Haverhill	Marshall	173	160
Fort Atkinson	Winneshiek	374	339	Hawarden	Sioux	2,722	2,789
Fort Dodge	Webster	29,423	31,263	Hawkeye	Fayette	512	529
Fort Madison	Lee	13,520	13,996	Hayesville	Keokuk	93	93
Fostoria	Clay	261	219	Hazelton	Buchanan	877	626
Franklin	Lee	142	111	Hedrick	Keokuk	847	790
Fraser	Boone	139	143	Henderson	Mills	236	211
Fredericksburg	Chickasaw	1,075	912	Hepburn	Page	42	38
Frederika	Bremer	223	190	Hiawatha	Linn	4,825	2,415
Fredonia	Louisia	224	168	Hills	Johnson	547	507
Fremont	Mahaska	730	480	Hillsboro	Henry	208	252
Fruitland	Muscatine	461	---	Hinton	Plymouth	659	488
Galt	Wright	60	50	Holland	Grundy	278	258
Galva	Ida	420	412	Holstein	Ida	1,477	1,445
Garber	Clayton	140	148	Holy Cross	Dubuque	310	290
Garden Grove	Decatur	297	285	Hopkinton	Delaware	774	800
Garnaville	Clayton	723	634	Hornick	Woodbury	239	250
Garner	Hancock	2,908	2,257	Hospers	Sioux	655	648
Garrison	Benton	411	383	Houghton	Lee	124	119
Garwin	Tama	626	583	Hubbard	Hardin	852	846
Geneva	Franklin	218	201	Hudson	Black Hawk	2,267	1,535
George	Lyon	1,241	1,194	Hull	Sioux	1,714	1,523
Gibson	Keokuk	75	80	Humboldt	Humboldt	4,794	4,665
Gilbert	Story	805	521	Hurleston	Wayne	671	673
Gilbertville	Black Hawk	740	655	Hurstville	Jackson	57	88
Gillett Grove	Clay	93	---	Huxley	Story	1,894	937
Gilman	Marshall	642	513	Ida Grove	Ida	2,285	2,261
Gilmore City	Humboldt, Pocahontas	626	766	Imogene	Fremont	188	192
Gladbrook	Tama	970	961	Independence	Buchanan	6,392	5,910
Glenwood	Mills	5,280	4,421	Indianola	Warren	10,843	8,852
Glidden	Carroll	1,076	964	Inwood	Lyon	755	644
Goldfield	Wright	789	722	Ionia	Chickasaw	350	270
Goodell	Hancock	220	218	Iowa City	Johnson	50,508	46,850
Goose Lake	Clinton	274	218	Iowa Falls	Hardin	6,174	6,454
Gowrie	Webster	1,089	1,225	Ireton	Sioux	588	582
Graettinger	Palo Alto	923	907	Irwin	Shelby	427	448
Gral	Dubuque	98	70	Jackson Jct.	Winneshiek	94	106
Grafton	Worth	255	254	Jamaica	Guthrie	275	271
Grand Jct.	Greene	970	967	Janesville	Black Hawk, Bremer	840	741
Grand Mound	Clinton	674	627	Jefferson	Greene	4,854	4,735
Grand River	Decatur	188	211	Jesup	Buchanan	2,343	1,662
Grandview	Louisia	473	357	Jewell Jct.	Hamilton	1,145	1,152
Granger	Dallas	619	861	Johnston	Polk	2,617	222
Grant	Montgomery	143	152	Joice	Worth	223	201
Granville	Sioux	336	383	Jolley	Calhoun	91	112
Gravity	Taylor	245	286	Kalona	Washington	1,862	1,488
Gray	Audubon	108	145	Kamrar	Hamilton	225	243
Greeley	Delaware	313	323	Kanawha	Hancock	756	822
Greene	Butler	1,332	1,363	Kellerton	Ringgold	278	299
Greenfield	Adair	2,243	2,212	Kelley	Story	237	235
Green Island	Jackson	103	112	Kellogg	Jasper	654	607
Greenville	Clay	122	117	Kensett	Worth	380	361
Grimes	Polk	1,973	834	Kent	Union	70	86
Grinnell	Poweshiek	8,868	8,402	Keokuk	Lee	13,536	14,631
Griswold	Cass	1,176	1,181	Keomah	Mahaska	99	---
Grundy Center	Grundy	2,880	2,712	Keosauqua	Van Buren	1,003	1,018
Gruver	Emmet	145	135	Keota	Keokuk	1,034	1,112
Guernsey	Poweshiek	83	94	Keswick	Keokuk	300	257
Guthrie Center	Guthrie	1,713	1,834	Keystone	Benton	618	549
Guttenburg	Clayton	2,428	2,177	Kimbalton	Audubon	362	343
Halbur	Carroll	229	235	Kingsley	Plymouth	1,209	1,097
Hamburg	Fremont	1,597	1,649	Kinross	Keokuk	79	98
Hamilton	Marion	163	186	Kirkman	Shelby	95	72
Hampton	Franklin	4,630	4,376	Kirkville	Wapello	220	222
Hancock	Polk, Waukegan	254	228	Kiron	Kiron	317	275
Hanlontown	Worth	213	182	Klemme	Hancock	620	554
Hansell	Franklin	138	124	Krierier	Calhoun	125	131
Harcourt	Webster	347	305	Knoxville	Marion	8,143	7,755
Hardy	Humboldt	72	73	Lacona	Warren	376	424
Harian	Shelby	5,357	5,049	Ladora	Iowa	289	321
Harper	Keokuk	138	173	Lake City	Calhoun	2,006	1,910
Harpers Ferry	Allamakee	258	227	Lake Mills	Winnebago	2,281	2,124
Harris	Osceola	228	195	Lake Park	Dickinson	1,123	918

Place	County	1980	1970	Place	County	1980	1970
Lakeside	Buena Vista	589	353	Manning	Carroll	1,609	1,656
Lake View	Sac	1,291	1,249	Manson	Calhoun	1,924	1,993
Lakota	Kossuth	330	385	Mapleton	Monona	1,495	1,647
Lamb's Grove	Jasper	228	239	Maquoketa	Jackson	6,313	5,677
Lamoni	Decatur	2,705	2,540	Marathon	Buena Vista	442	447
Lamoni	Buchanan	554	498	Marble Rock	Floyd	419	461
La Motte	Jackson	322	326	Marcus	Cherokee	1,206	1,272
Lanesboro	Carroll	196	203	Marengo	Iowa	2,308	2,235
Lansing	Allamakee	1,181	1,227	Marion	Linn	19,474	18,028
La Porte City	Black Hawk	2,324	2,256	Marne	Cass	162	187
Larchwood	Lyon	701	611	Marquette	Clayton	528	509
Larrabee	Cherokee	169	187	Marshalltown	Marshall	26,938	26,219
Latimer	Franklin	441	393	Martelle	Jones	315	341
Laurel	Marshall	278	245	Martensdale	Warren	438	306
Laurens	Pocahontas	1,606	1,792	Martinsburg	Keokuk	174	140
Lawler	Chickasaw	534	513	Marysville	Marion	84	91
Lawton	Woodbury	447	406	Mason City	Cerro Gordo	30,144	30,379
Le Claire	Scott	2,899	2,520	Masonville	Delaware	150	147
Ledyard	Kossuth	215	240	Massena	Cass	518	433
Le Grand	Marshall	921	565	Matlock	Sioux	109	89
Lehigh	Webster	654	739	Maunce	Sioux	288	266
Leighton	Mahaska	137	140	Maxwell	Story	783	758
Leiland	Winnebago	274	223	Maynard	Fayette	561	503
LeMars	Plymouth	8,276	8,159	Maysville	Scott	151	170
Lenox	Adams, Taylor	1,338	1,215	Mechanicsville	Cedar	1,166	989
Leon	Decatur	2,094	2,142	Mediapolis	Des Moines	1,685	1,242
Le Roy	Decatur	31	43	Melbourne	Marshall	732	661
Lester	Lyon	274	238	Melcher	Marion	953	913
Letts	Louisa	473	434	Melrose	Monroe	218	192
Lewis	Cass	497	526	Melvin	Osceola	277	325
Libertyville	Jefferson	281	329	Menlo	Guthrie	410	391
Lidderdale	Carroll	197	173	Meriden	Cherokee	233	167
Lime Springs	Howard	476	497	Merrill	Plymouth	737	790
Lincoln	Tama	202	184	Meservey	Cerro Gordo	324	354
Linden	Dallas	264	278	Middletown	Des Moines	487	443
Lineville	Wayne	319	385	Miles	Jackson	398	409
Linn Grove	Buena Vista	205	240	Millford	Dickinson	2,076	1,668
Lisbon	Linn	1,458	1,329	Millersburg	Iowa	184	187
Liscomb	Marshall	296	328	Millerton	Wayne	72	82
Littleport	Clayton	106	97	Millville	Clayton	50	27
Little Rock	Lyon	490	531	Milo	Warren	778	561
Little Sioux	Harrison	251	239	Milton	Van Buren	567	567
Livemore	Humboldt	490	510	Minburn	Dallas	390	378
Lockridge	Jefferson	271	232	Minden	Pottawattamie	419	433
Logan	Harrison	1,540	1,526	Mingo	Jasper	303	260
Lohrville	Calhoun	521	553	Missouri Valley	Harrison	3,107	3,519
Lone Rock	Kossuth	189	188	Mitchell	Mitchell	193	233
Lone Tree	Johnson	1,014	834	Mitchellville	Polk	1,530	1,341
Long Grove	Scott	596	269	Modale	Harrison	373	297
Lorimer	Union	405	346	Mondamin	Harrison	423	420
Lost Nation	Clinton	524	547	Moneta	O'Brien	43	41
Lovilia	Monroe	637	640	Monmouth	Jackson	210	257
Lowden	Cedar	717	667	Monona	Clayton	1,530	1,395
Low Moor	Clinton	345	347	Monroe	Jasper	1,875	1,389
Luana	Clayton	246	225	Montezuma	Poweshiek	1,485	1,353
Lucas	Lucas	292	247	Monticello	Jones	3,641	3,509
Luther	Boone	155	189	Montour	Tama	367	334
Lu Verne	Humboldt, Kossuth	418	380	Montrose	Lee	1,038	735
Luxemburg	Dubuque	271	185	Moorhead	Monona	264	271
Luzerne	Benton	114	134	Moorland	Webster	257	269
Lynnville	Jasper	406	381	Moravia	Appanoose	706	699
Lytton	Calhoun, Sac	377	378	Morely	Jones	94	123
McCallsburg	Story	304	307	Morning Sun	Louisa	959	906
McCausland	Scott	381	226	Morrison	Grundy	146	136
McClelland	Pottawattamie	177	146	Moullton	Appanoose	762	763
Macedonia	Pottawattamie	279	330	Mount Auburn	Benton	188	200
McGregor	Clayton	945	990	Mount Ayr	Ringgold	1,938	1,762
McIntire	Mitchell	197	234	Mount Pleasant	Henry	7,322	7,007
Macksburg	Madison	132	142	Mount Sterling	Van Buren	96	87
Madrid	Boone	2,281	2,448	Mount Union	Henry	145	173
Magnolia	Harrison	207	206	Mount Vernon	Linn	3,325	3,018
Malcom	Poweshiek	418	388	Moville	Woodbury	1,273	1,188
Mallard	Palo Alto	407	384	Murray	Clarke	703	620
Maloy	Ringgold	38	45	Muscatine	Muscatine	23,467	22,405
Malvern	Mills	1,244	1,158	Mystic	Appanoose	665	696
Manchester	Delaware	4,942	4,641	Nashua	Chickasaw	1,846	1,712
Manilla	Crawford	1,020	943	Nemaha	Sac	120	117
Manly	Worth	1,496	1,294	Neola	Pottawattamie	839	968

Place	County	1980	1970	Place	County	1980	1970
Nevada	Story	4,912	4,952	Plainview	Scott	45	23
New Albin	Allamakee	609	644	Plano	Appanoose	111	109
Newell	Buena Vista	913	877	Pleasant Hill	Polk	3,493	1,535
Newhall	Benton	899	701	Pleasanton	Decatur	75	62
New Hampton	Chickasaw	3,940	3,621	Pleasant Plain	Jefferson	144	121
New Hartford	Butler	764	690	Pleasantville	Marion	1,531	1,297
New Liberty	Scott	136	141	Plover	Pocahontas	135	129
New London	Henry	2,043	1,900	Plymouth	Cerro Gordo	463	461
New Market	Taylor	554	501	Pocahontas	Pocahontas	2,352	2,338
New Providence	Hardin	249	208	Polk City	Polk	1,658	715
New Sharon	Mahaska	1,225	944	Pomeroy	Calhoun	895	765
Newton	Jasper	15,292	15,619	Popejoy	Franklin	112	147
New Vienna	Dubuque	430	392	Portsmouth	Shelby	240	239
New Virginia	Warren	512	452	Postville	Allamakee, Clayton	1,475	1,546
Nichols	Muscatine	375	396	Prairieburg	Linn	197	182
Nodaway	Adams	185	176	Prairie City	Jasper	1,278	1,141
Nora Springs	Floyd	1,572	1,337	Prescott	Adams	349	305
Northboro	Page	115	115	Preston	Jackson	1,120	950
North Buena Vista	Clayton	155	118	Pringhar	O'Brien	1,050	995
North English	Iowa, Keokuk	990	965	Princeton	Scott	965	633
North Liberty	Johnson	2,045	1,055	Promise City	Wayne	149	146
North Washington	Chickasaw	142	134	Protvin	Howard	368	333
Northwood	Worth	2,193	1,950	Pulaski	Davis	267	255
Norwalk	Warren	2,676	1,745	Quasqueton	Buchanan	599	464
Norway	Benton	633	554	Quimby	Cherokee	424	395
Numa	Appanoose	205	165	Radcliff	Hardin	593	548
Oakland	Pottawattamie	1,552	1,603	Rake	Winnebago	283	324
Oakland Acres	Jasper	139	---	Ralston	Carroll, Greene	108	129
Oakville	Louisa	470	369	Randalia	Fayette	101	81
Ocheyedan	Osceola	599	545	Randall	Hamilton	171	179
Odebolt	Sac	1,299	1,323	Randolph	Fremont	223	214
Oelwein	Fayette	7,564	7,735	Rathbun	Appanoose	93	113
Ogden	Boone	1,953	1,661	Raymond	Buck Hawk	655	582
Okoboji	Dickinson	559	361	Readlyn	Bremer	858	616
Olds	Henry	225	206	Reasnor	Jasper	277	284
Olin	Jones	735	710	Redding	Ringgold	91	111
Ollie	Keokuk	232	268	Redfield	Dallas	959	921
Onawa	Monona	3,283	3,154	Red Oak	Montgomery	6,810	6,210
Oneida	Delaware	61	55	Reinbeck	Grundy	1,808	1,711
Onslow	Jones	218	253	Rembrandt	Buena Vista	291	250
Orange City	Sioux	4,588	3,572	Remsen	Plymouth	1,592	1,367
Orchard	Mitchell	95	115	Renwick	Humboldt	140	429
Orient	Adair	416	324	Rhodes	Marshall	367	347
Orleans	Dickinson	546	396	Riceville	Howard, Mitchell	919	877
Osage	Mitchell	3,718	3,815	Richland	Keokuk	600	595
Osceola	Clarke	3,750	3,124	Richardsville	Dubuque	215	193
Oskaloosa	Mahaska	10,989	11,224	Ricketts	Crawford	143	141
Ossian	Winneshiak	829	847	Ridgeway	Winneshiak	308	218
Osterdock	Clayton	35	59	Rinard	Calhoun	97	88
Otlio	Webster	692	581	Ringsted	Emmet	557	509
Oto	Woodbury	172	203	Rippey	Greene	304	270
Ottosen	Humboldt	92	93	Riverdale	Scott	462	684
Ottumwa	Wapello	27,381	29,610	Riverside	Washington	826	758
Owasa	Hardin	65	69	Riverton	Fremont	342	331
Oxford	Johnson	676	666	Robins	Linn	726	663
Oxford Junction	Jones	600	666	Rock Falls	Cerro Gordo	148	150
Oyens	Plymouth	146	145	Rockford	Floyd	1,012	902
Pacific Junction	Mills	511	505	Rock Rapids	Lyon	2,693	2,632
Packwood	Jefferson	210	157	Rock Valley	Sioux	2,706	2,205
Palmer	Pocahontas	268	264	Rockwell	Cerro Gordo	1,039	923
Palo	Linn	529	430	Rockwell City	Calhoun	2,276	2,396
Panama	Shelby	229	221	Rodman	Palo Alto	86	104
Panora	Guthrie	1,211	982	Rodney	Monona	82	66
Panorama Park	Scott	145	219	Roland	Story	1,005	803
Parkersburg	Butler	1,968	1,631	Rolle	Pocahontas	796	767
Parnell	Iowa	234	175	Rome	Henry	113	135
Paton	Greene	291	329	Rose Hill	Mahaska	214	192
Patterson	Madison	138	120	Rossie	Wayne	72	91
Paullina	O'Brien	1,224	1,257	Rowan	Wright	259	231
Pella	Marion	8,349	6,668	Rowley	Buchanan	275	241
Peosta	Dubuque	120	57	Royal	Clay	522	469
Perry	Dallas	7,053	6,906	Rudd	Floyd	460	429
Persia	Harrison	355	316	Runnels	Polk	377	354
Peterson	Clay	470	469	Russell	Lucas	593	591
Pierson	Woodbury	408	421	Ruthven	Palo Alto	769	708
Pilot Mound	Boone	223	214	Rutland	Humboldt	163	215
Pioneer	Humboldt	40	56	Ryan	Delaware	390	343
Pisgah	Harrison	307	286	Sabula	Jackson	624	845
Plainfield	Bremer	469	446	Sac City	Sac	3,000	3,268

Place	County	1980	1970	Place	County	1980	1970
Sageville	Dubuque	291	338	Tabor	Fremont, Mills	1,088	957
St. Ansgar	Mitchell	1,100	994	Tama	Tama	2,968	3,000
St. Anthony	Marshall	140	156	Templeton	Carrroll	319	312
St. Charles	Madison	507	443	Tennant	Shelby	77	93
St. Donatus	Jackson	197	164	Terril	Dickinson	420	397
St. Lucas	Fayette	194	194	Thayer	Union	87	100
St. Marys	Warren	111	105	Thompson	Winnebago	668	600
St. Olaf	Clayton	138	140	Thor	Humboldt	200	212
St. Paul	Lee	141	129	Thornburg	Keokuk	103	98
Salem	Henry	463	458	Thornton	Cerro Gordo	442	410
Salix	Woodbury	429	387	Thurman	Fremont	221	230
Sanborn	O'Brien	1,398	1,465	Tiffin	Johnson	413	299
Sandyville	Warren	86	89	Tingley	Ringgold	210	244
Scarville	Winnebago	82	81	Tipton	Cedar	3,055	2,877
Schaller	Sac	832	835	Titonka	Kossuth	607	599
Schleswig	Crawford	868	875	Toledo	Tama	2,445	2,361
Scranton	Greene	748	751	Toronto	Clinton	172	145
Searsboro	Poweshiek	134	140	Traer	Tama	1,703	1,682
Sergeant Bluff	Woodbury	2,415	1,164	Treynor	Pottawattamie	981	472
Seymour	Wayne	1,036	931	Tripoli	Bremer	1,280	1,345
Shambaugh	Page	197	170	Truesdale	Buena Vista	128	132
Shannon City	Ringgold, Union	93	100	Truro	Madison	407	359
Sharpsburg	Taylor	114	106	Turin	Monona	103	115
Sheffield	Franklin	1,224	1,070	Udell	Appanoose	75	71
Shelby	Pottawattamie, Shelby	665	537	Underwood	Pottawattamie	448	424
Sheldahl	Boone, Polk, Story	315	285	Union	Hardin	515	484
Sheldon	O'Brien, Sioux	5,003	4,535	Unionville	Appanoose	150	161
Shell Rock	Butler	1,478	1,159	University Hts.	Johnson	1,069	1,265
Shellsburg	Benton	771	740	University Park	Mahaska	645	534
Shenandoah	Fremont, Page	6,274	5,968	Urbana	Benton	574	552
Sherrill	Dubuque	208	190	Urbandale	Polk	17,869	14,434
Shueyville	Johnson	287	154	Ute	Monona	479	512
Sibley	Osceola	3,051	2,749	Varl	Crawford	490	486
Sidney	Fremont	1,308	1,061	Valeria	Jasper	80	96
Sigourney	Keokuk	2,330	2,319	Van Horne	Benton	682	613
Silver City	Mills	291	272	Van Meter	Dallas	747	464
Sioux Center	Sioux	4,588	3,450	Van Wert	Decatur	245	244
Sioux City	Woodbury	82,003	85,925	Varina	Pocahontas	122	140
Sioux Rapids	Buena Vista	897	813	Ventura	Cerro Gordo	614	543
Stater	Story	1,312	1,094	Victor	Iowa, Poweshiek	1,046	949
Sloan	Woodbury	978	799	Villisca	Montgomery	1,434	1,402
Smithland	Woodbury	282	293	Vincent	Webster	207	204
Soldier	Monona	257	242	Vining	Tama	96	71
Solon	Johnson	969	837	Vinton	Benton	5,040	4,845
Somers	Calhoun	220	197	Volga	Clayton	310	305
South English	Keokuk	211	218	Wadena	Fayette	230	237
Spencer	Clay	11,726	10,278	Wahpeton	Dickinson	372	149
Spillville	Winneshiek	415	361	Walcott	Muscatine, Scott	1,425	989
Spirit Lake	Dickinson	3,976	3,014	Walford	Benton, Linn	285	286
Spragueville	Jackson	149	112	Walker	Linn	733	622
Springbrook	Jackson	209	196	Wallingford	Emmet	256	245
Spring Hill	Warren	95	131	Wall Lake	Sac	892	936
Springville	Linn	1,165	970	Walnut	Pottawattamie	897	870
Stacyville	Mitchell	538	598	Wapello	Louisa	2,011	1,873
Stanhope	Hamilton	492	482	Washington	Washington	6,584	6,317
Stanley	Buchanan	154	151	Washta	Cherokee	320	319
Stanton	Montgomery	747	574	Waterloo	Black Hawk	75,965	75,533
Stanwood	Cedar	705	642	Waterville	Allamakee	157	158
State Center	Marshall	1,292	1,232	Waucoma	Fayette	308	357
Steamboat Rock	Hardin	387	394	Waukee	Dallas	2,227	1,577
Stockport	Van Buren	272	334	Waukon	Allamakee	3,983	3,883
Stockton	Muscatine	240	222	Waverly	Bremer	8,444	7,205
Storm Lake	Buena Vista	8,814	8,591	Wayland	Henry	720	702
Story City	Story	2,762	2,104	Webb	Clay	222	234
Stout	Grundy	190	196	Webster	Keokuk	124	130
Stratford	Hamilton, Webster	806	710	Webster City	Hamilton	8,572	8,488
Strawberry Point	Clayton	1,463	1,281	Weldon	Decatur	187	155
Struble	Plymouth	70	59	Wellman	Washington	1,125	977
Stuart	Adair, Guthrie	1,650	1,354	Wellsburg	Grundy	761	754
Sully	Jasper	828	685	Welton	Clinton	119	104
Sumner	Bremer	2,335	2,174	Wesley	Kossuth	598	548
Superior	Dickinson	188	139	West Bend	Kossuth, Palo Alto	941	865
Sutherland	O'Brien	897	875	West Branch	Cedar	1,867	1,322
Swaledale	Cerro Gordo	166	222	West Burlington	Des Moines	3,371	3,139
Swan	Marion	102	56	West Chester	Washington	191	199
Swea City	Kossuth	813	774	West Des Moines	Polk	21,894	16,441
Swisher	Johnson	654	417	Westfield	Plymouth	199	148

Place	County	1980	1970	Place	County	1980	1970
Westgate	Fayette	263	204	Windsor Hts.	Polk	5,474	6,303
West Liberty	Muscatine	2,723	2,296	Winfield	Henry	1,042	897
West Okoboji	Dickinson	435	210	Winterset	Madison	4,021	3,654
Westphalia	Shelby	169	121	Winthrop	Buchanan	767	750
West Point	Lee	1,133	1,045	Wiota	Cass	181	171
Westside	Crawford	387	389	Woden	Hancock	287	285
West Union	Fayette	2,783	2,624	Woodbine	Harrison	1,453	1,349
Wheat Cheer	Keokuk	803	868	Woodburn	Clarke	207	186
Wheatland	Clinton	840	832	Woodward	Dallas	1,212	1,010
Whiting	Monona	734	590	Woolstock	Wright	235	222
Whittemore	Kossuth	647	658	Worthington	Dubuque	432	365
Whitten	Hardin	168	194	Wyoming	Jones	702	746
Wiley	Carroll	94	72	Yale	Guthrie	299	301
Williams	Hamilton	410	456	Yetter	Calhoun	52	52
Williamsburg	Iowa	2,033	1,544	Yorktown	Page	123	105
Williamson	Lucas	210	215	Zearing	Story	630	535
Wilton	Cedar, Muscatine	2,502	1,873	Zwingle	Dubuque, Jackson	119	96

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

State Central Committee Officers

Chairman — Bennett A. Webster, 2600 Ruan Center, Des Moines 50309.

Office: 515-243-6251.

Co-chairman — Diana Stadtmueller, R.R. 1, Monticello 52310. 319-465-3073.

Executive director — Timothy N. Hyde, 3312 Elmwood, Des Moines 50312.
515-277-5836.

National Committee Members

National committeeman — John McDonald, 502 15th St., Dallas Center 50063.

Office: 515-992-3728.

National committeewoman — Mary Louise Smith, 654 59th St., Des Moines 50312.
515-279-5390.

State Central Committee Members

1st District — John Axel, 2007 Circle Drive, Muscatine 52761. Office: 319-264-7218.

Jane Eastin, 300 River Drive, Bettendorf 52722. 319-355-0130.

Kaytee Davis, 126 Windsor Circle, Burlington 52601. Office: 319-753-1641.

2nd District — Marian B. Pfaff, 755 Sunset Ridge, Dubuque 52001. 319-583-2233.

Oliver Emerson, R.R. 1, Waterville 52170. 319-535-7533.

Bill Scott, 3128 Sidney St. S.E., Cedar Rapids 52403. 319-362-4452.

3rd District — Roger D. Pease, 3011 Knoke Place, Cedar Falls 50613. Office:
319-277-4393.

Ken Logemann, R.R. 2, Northwood 50459. 515-324-1668.

Sharon Crosser, 418 Birch, Eldora 50627. 515-858-5974.

4th District — Pat Bain, 3727 Park Ave., Des Moines 50321. 515-243-4340.

John A. Merriman, 1001 Equitable Building, Des Moines 50309. Office:
515-245-6710.

Roy E. Voelker, 1510 S. First, Oskaloosa 52577. 515-672-2672.

5th District — Marjorie Askew, Thurman 51654. 712-628-2591.

Joe Cross, Box 547, Mt. Ayr 50854. Office: 515-464-3204.

Frank "Ted" Tedesco, Route 1, Ames 50010. 515-232-7060.

6th District — Darrel Rensink, 503 6th St. S.E., Sioux Center 51250. Office:
712-722-0761.

Ruth Holtan, R.R. 5, Box 15, Forest City 50436. 515-582-4196.

Claudine Mansfield, 102 Hickory Lane, Humboldt 50548. 515-332-3040.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE**State Central Committee Officers**

Chairman — Ed Campbell, 1120 Mulberry, Des Moines 50309. 515-244-7292.
 Vice chair — Barb Leach, R.R. 1, Atlantic 50022. 712-243-6594.
 Secretary — Joan Kiernan, R.R. 1, Booneville 50038. 515-996-2720.
 Treasurer — Charles Hanson, 3109 S.W. 40th, Des Moines 50321. 515-243-3806.

National Committee Members

National committeeman — Bill Sueppel, 122 S. Linn St., Iowa City 52240. 319-338-4360.
 National committeewoman — Jean Haugland, 6750 School St., #1402, Des Moines 50311.
 515-255-8580.
 National committeeman — Chuck Gifford, 609 S. 4th Ave. E., Newton 50208. 515-792-2918.

State Central Committee Members

1st District — Mary Ellen Chamberlin, 709 Grand, Davenport 52803. 319-324-9578.
 Harry Baxter, 1016 N. 4th, Burlington 52601. 319-754-4372.
 Charlie Krogmeier, Box 307, West Point 52656. 319-837-6763.
 Brigid Vance, 601 S. Harrison Place, Mount Pleasant 52641.
 319-385-4564.
 2nd District — Doris Peick, 708 Old Marion Rd. N.E., Cedar Rapids 52402. 319-393-8047.
 Ed West, 2044 North Towne Place N.E., No. 2, Cedar Rapids 52402. 319-393-2044.
 Jean Pardee, 727 High View Drive, Clinton 52732. 319-242-8111.
 Andrew Frommelt, P.O. Box 105, Dubuque 52001. 319-556-2262.
 3rd District — Ted Anderson, 1686 Oakwood Drive, Waterloo 50701. 319-232-3531.
 Dave Nagle, 4935 N. Union Road, Cedar Falls 50613. 319-266-3194.
 Mary Jo Lorge, Ambassador East II, 502 S. Ohio, Mason City 50401. 515-424-4353.
 Karen Lancaster, 609 S. Shore Drive, Clear Lake 50428. 515-357-3732.
 4th District — Mary Kennedy, 200 Center Ave. S., Mitchellville 50169. 515-967-3525.
 Ralph Bradshaw, Box 373, Hedrick 52563. 515-653-2447.
 Judy Wilson, 4330 N.E. 8th, Des Moines 50313. 515-266-0607.
 Art Hedberg, 840 Fifth Ave., Des Moines 50309. 515-266-6250.
 5th District — Sam Garst, 1801 Otley, Perry 50220. 515-465-2386.
 Barb Leach, R.R. 1, Atlantic 50022. 712-243-5526.
 Carol Brannon, 1211 Top-O-Hollow Road, Ames 50010. 515-233-1669.
 Leland Carmichael, R.R. 3, Villisca 50864. 712-826-6161.
 6th District — Shari Fitzgerald, 726 N. Third St., Fort Dodge 50501. 515-576-6933.
 Jim Lodwick, P.O. Box 234, Denison 51442. 712-623-4641.
 Lorna Clark, R.R. 1, Cherokee 51012. 712-225-3052.
 Rod Halvorson, 1030 N. 7th, Fort Dodge 50501. 515-576-7920.

Minority Representatives

Black Political Caucus — Tom Mann, 4049 Lower Beaver Road, Des Moines 50323.
 515-255-5338.
Native American — Lorraine M. Keller, 1330 Glencoe Lane, Bettendorf 52722.
 319-355-3837.
Hispanic — Lando Valadez, 2714 Ingersoll, Des Moines 50312.

Ex-Officio Members

Senate Democratic leader — Lowell Junkins, Montrose 52639. 319-463-5834.
House Democratic leader — Donald Avenson, 30 Maplewood Drive, Oelwein 50662.
 319-283-1124.

Democratic County Officials Organization

Franklin Main, 101 S. Mulberry, Lamoni 50140. 515-784-3744.

Iowa Veterans' Organizations

The American Legion in Iowa

The American Legion was started in Paris on March 15, 1919. The Legion was launched formally at St. Louis on May 8, 1919, by world war veterans from nearly every state in the union, who had been selected by temporary secretaries named at the request of Theodore Roosevelt Jr., who acted under instructions from the Paris caucus.

The first Iowa state convention was held in Des Moines on Sept. 4, 1919. The first national convention of delegates from the newly organized state departments was held in Minneapolis on Armistice Day, 1919.

The American Legion Auxiliary of mothers, wives, sisters, granddaughters and daughters of Legionnaires was organized in 1921.

Hanford MacNider established the *Iowa Legionnaire* with Frank Miles as editor on March 4, 1921. He was succeeded as editor on April 1, 1946, by A. F. Faber who served until Jan. 3, 1965. Glenn M. Dugger, served until July 1, 1970 and upon retirement was succeeded by Marion P. Johnson until Nov. 1, 1976. Larry Scarpino was replaced on Sept. 30, 1979, by the current editor, Jim Quinlan.

The Department of Iowa headquarters is located at 720 Lyon St., Des Moines 50316. There are nine districts in Iowa with 650 local posts and an approximate annual membership of 100,000.

Iowa has been in the national American Legion's Big Ten Department since 1934.

The Iowa department stresses the national program of Americanism, national security, child welfare and rehabilitation, in addition to many youth programs to develop good citizenship.

Iowa has contributed leadership to the national organization through three national commanders: Gen. Hanford MacNider of Mason City, J. Ray Murphy, formerly of Ida Grove, and Donald E. Johnson of West Branch.

The Iowa department has provided four national chaplains for the American Legion: Monsignor Edward Smith, Sioux City; Monsignor Pat N. McDermott, Atlantic; the Rev. Albert J. Hoffman, Dubuque, and the Rev. Lawrence P. Fitzpatrick, Coin.

Two Iowans have served as national vice commanders: G. M. Brown, Whiting; and V. J. Maxheim, Clinton.

American Veterans of World War II, Korea and Vietnam

The American veterans of World War II, commonly known as the AMVETS, were organized nationally in September 1944 at Kansas City, Mo. The AMVETS were granted a national charter by an act of Congress, and President Truman signed the measure on July 28, 1947. AMVETS is the only nationally chartered World War II veteran's organization.

AMVETS got its start in Iowa at Atlantic in 1944, and was incorporated as the Iowa Department of AMVETS on May 1, 1945. The first state convention was held in Des Moines in 1947. AMVETS were recognized as a nationally chartered World War II veterans' organization by the Iowa Legislature in March 1949, and entered as such in the Iowa Code.

The AMVETS principles are (1) to promote world peace, (2) to perpetuate the American way of life and (3) to help the veteran help himself.

The AMVETS have a national and state auxiliary comprised of the wives, mothers and sisters of World War II veterans.

The Iowa Department headquarters are located at 406 E. Fourth St., Ankeny, with Robert O. Steben as executive director and national service officer. Currently, the Iowa Department has 70 AMVET posts covering all parts of the state, and is the sixth largest AMVET department in the nation.

Iowa AMVETS assemble in conventions each year to elect new officers. The fiscal year begins in July and ends June 30. Any person who served actively in the armed forces any length of time between Sept. 16, 1940, and May 8, 1975, is eligible to become a member.

China-Burma-India Veterans Association

The Carl F. Moershel Basha of Iowa was organized in Des Moines in November 1952, and is for veterans of World War II who served in the China-Burma-India Theater. The late Moershel of Homestead, had served in India as a lieutenant colonel with the 10th Air Force and was one of the 14 Iowans who started the Iowa Basha. (Basha is an Indian word for house or hut.)

There are more than 500 CBI veterans on the Iowa mailing list. The national headquarters is at the War Memorial Center in Milwaukee, Wis. National reunions are held each year and Iowa has been host three times — at Cedar Rapids in 1960 and 1981, and Des Moines in 1968.

Iowa meetings are held twice a year in different cities. The national charter for the Iowa Basha is on display at the Ox Yoke Inn at Amana, as the owner of the restaurant is a CBI veteran and most state spring meetings have been held there.

Darwin Carlile of Perry was the first state commander. Ray Alderson of Dubuque, who served 20 consecutive years as the Iowa adjutant and finance officer, was elected national commander of the CBIVA in 1977-78 and was the first Iowan to hold this office. Alderson also received the organization's Award of Merit in 1975 at the San Francisco reunion. Neil Maurer of Laurens, edits and publishes the national magazine, *Ex-CBI Roundup*, which is mailed monthly to CBI veterans in all states. He was the recipient of the CBIVA Award of Merit at the Atlanta, Ga., reunion in 1976. Iowans who have served as national CBIVA officers include Donald V. Doyle of Sioux City, judge advocate; Alderson, Maurer, William Leichsenring of Amana, Elizabeth Emmons Gussak of Clinton, Marvin Boyenga of Mason City, and Dr. Victor Tamashunas of Ames, junior vice commanders; and Carlile, service officer and provost marshal. Gussak was elected the state's first woman commander in 1981.

The Disabled American Veterans in Iowa

The Disabled American Veterans, commonly known as the D.A.V., was organized nationally in 1920 by groups of disabled veterans then undergoing vocational training courses and chartered by Congress in 1932, to render service to, for and by disabled war veterans. The D.A.V. has, ever since its inception, been the spokesman for the disabled war veterans of America, in Congress and before its various committees as well as before the Veterans Administration and its local regional offices and facilities.

During 1920 and 1921, the first three chapters of the Iowa Department were organized in the vocational training centers at Des Moines, Iowa City and Ames. The Department of Iowa D.A.V. held its first state convention in 1922 at Iowa City.

The D.A.V. in Iowa has grown to 59 chapters and over 6,500 members. The national service officer in Iowa is Larry Jatho, located at 921B Federal Building, 210 Walnut, Des Moines. The state headquarters are in Des Moines. The address is 3812 Clinton, Des Moines 50310, and the adjutant and business manager is Buford L. Phillips.

Grand Army of the Republic

The Grand Army of the Republic was a patriotic and fraternal organization of the Union survivors of the military and naval forces of the Civil War who served between April 12, 1861, and April 9, 1865.

Iowa was one of the first states of the Union to attempt organization of the Grand Army of the Republic, receiving as a department its first charter on July 12, 1866. Its permanent organization dates from Jan. 23, 1879.

There were over 519 posts chartered in Iowa. Membership stood at its peak in 1890 when 52,013 veterans held membership.

Six veterans of the Civil War served as governors of Iowa. Col. William M. Stone of Knoxville, 1864-68; Col. Samuel Merrill of McGregor, 1868-72; Col. Cyrus C. Carpenter of Fort Dodge, 1872-76; Capt. Joshua G. Newbold of Mount Pleasant, 1877-78; Capt. Buren R. Sherman of Vinton, 1882-86; Lt. Col. Francis M. Drake of Centerville, 1896-98.

To the Grand Army of the Republic goes the credit for having instituted Memorial Day, with all the tender and reverent patriotism which that occasion always reveals, and for having kept alive, in history and story, the brave deeds performed upon the battlefields by many a gallant soldier. To them goes the credit of having preserved the Union at a critical period in its history. Their average age when they fought the war was 19.

Nate E. Kendall, former governor of Iowa, was principal speaker at the dedication of the Iowa monument on the battlefield of Shiloh. He eulogized the veterans of the sanguine conflict, when he said: "No soldier ever entered a field with such noble purpose, and none ever merged with a record of such glorious accomplishment. When our beloved flag was insulted, when our territorial integrity was threatened, when our national life was imperiled, they promptly responded to the appeal of President Lincoln, and cheerfully embraced self-immolation to secure the perpetuity of the government of the people, by the people and for the people, and to render positive the certainty that the government, after being baptized in the sacred blood of the Revolutionary fathers, should not disappear from the earth, but that it, under God, should have everlasting life.

"And over the graves of the fallen dead the spring has cast its tender violets, the summer its gorgeous field of flowers, the autumn its golden withered leaves, the winter its blanket of snow. All is forgiven, all is forgotten except the glorious results of the combat in which our soldiers were engaged.

"The United States of America! The immortal principles of justice and equity which underlie it! The incomparable benefits which it secures to its citizenship. The inestimable sacrifices which have been suffered to maintain it! It is our home, our country, our beloved government, bequeathed to us forever by the venerated fathers, the most invaluable inheritance ever bestowed upon the sons of men."

The Iowa Department lost its last member on Sept. 20, 1949, when James P. Martin of Sutherland, died.

The 55th General Assembly dismantled the G.A.R. room in the Capitol and stored the records with the History and Archives department.

Iowa State Association Rainbow Division Veterans

While the 42nd Division was serving as a part of the Army of Occupation along the Rhine River in Germany, a universal desire arose to perpetuate in civil life the bond of wartime comradeship by forming an organization of all Rainbow veterans. During March 1919, the call for a convention went out to all units of the Rainbow Division and as a result, representatives from each of the divisional units met in the city of Bad Neuenahr, Germany. There, the "Rainbow Division Veterans" was formed.

The 168th Iowa Infantry commanded first by Col. E. R. Bennett, then by Col. Mathew A. Tinley was a unit in the Rainbow Division and upon return of the regiment to its home state of Iowa, immediate plans were formulated to establish Rainbow Veterans chapters. The first and principal chapter was formed in Des Moines, followed by subchapters Sioux City, Council Bluffs, Creston and Waterloo. As the years passed by, and a greater interest developed among veterans of the Rainbow Division, the Iowa State Association Rainbow Division Veterans was formed in Des Moines, March 1936. The Des Moines chapter became the Col. E. R. Bennett Chapter; Council Bluffs, the Mathew A. Tinley Chapter; Sioux City, the Northwest Iowa Chapter; Waterloo, the Cedar Valley Chapter; while the Creston Chapter continued under that name. Other chapters were formed in Ottumwa, Cedar Rapids, Mason City — the North Iowa Chapter; Oskaloosa, and the Douglas MacArthur Chapter in Red Oak. The Iowa association is a member of the National Association Rainbow Division, which has its national headquarters in Roanoke, Va. Tinley of Council Bluffs, Homer W. Gardner of Des Moines, Theodore Johnson and Ralph Heasty, Cedar Rapids, have each served as president of the national association.

The national association holds its annual reunion July 12 - 14 each year. The reason for the National Reunion being held annually at that time is to commemorate the Battle of Champagne which occurred July 14, 1918. The Iowa state association meets annually in April. It was originally held March 5 - 6 to commemorate the first engagement of the regiment with the enemy in the trenches in Lorraine. This date was later changed to April because of adverse weather conditions occurring in March. The Rainbow Division was re-activated at Camp Gruber, Okla. in July of 1943 and those who served with the division in World War II are also eligible for membership. Iowa contributed 3,800 National Guardsmen to the division in World War I and 750 in World War II. The organization is the most closely knit of any American division that served in both World War I and World War II. It has chapters in 36 states with a total paid membership of 7,000 and a full-time national secretary. It permits Rainbow comradeship in civil life, a most fitting memorial to the Rainbow dead, and a rich heritage to its descendants. The Iowa Rainbow Auxiliary is active in community services, visitation to Veterans'

administration hospitals and has the largest membership in the national association. Ethel Gardner and Helen Davidson have served as national auxiliary presidents.

The state secretary of the Iowa association is Howard Parker, 727 37th St. N.E., Cedar Rapids 52402.

Iowa Veterans of Foreign Wars

The Veterans of Foreign Wars, Department of Iowa, was granted its charter by the national organization on May 26, 1921. Its objectives are fraternal, patriotic, historical and educational; to preserve and strengthen comradeship among its members and to assist worthy comrades; to perpetuate the memory and history of its dead, and to assist their widows and orphans; to maintain true allegiance to the government of the United States and fidelity to its constitution and laws; to foster true patriotism, to maintain and extend the institutions of American freedom, and to preserve and defend the United States from all her enemies. V.F.W. is comprised of only American men who served honorably in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force or Coast Guard of the United States, in hostile waters or on foreign soil during any foreign war, insurrection or expedition.

Veterans of Foreign Wars has a ladies auxiliary of mothers, wives, sisters and daughters, and a fraternal order consisting of the Military Order of Cooties of V.F.W. members.

The Department of Iowa, consisting of 196 posts, is headquartered at 3601 Beaver Ave., Des Moines 50310.

The Marine Corps League in Iowa

The Marine Corps League began its formal existence at the first session of the 75th Congress of the United States, Jan. 5, 1937, by an act of that Congress. The purposes of this organization were spelled out in eight major resolutions in the original charter. They were:

1. To preserve the traditions of the U.S. Marine Corps.
2. To bind together in fellowship those who currently serve the Marine Corps to those members who have been honorably discharged from its ranks.
3. To fit its members for the duties of citizenship and to encourage them to serve as ably as citizens, as they have served their country under arms.
4. To hold sacred the memory of Marines who have given their lives for this nation.
5. To foster love for the principles which they have supported by blood and valor since the founding of our republic.
6. To maintain true allegiance to American institutions.
7. To aid and render assistance to all Marines and former Marines as well as to their widows and orphans.
8. To perpetuate the history of the Marine Corps and by fitting acts to observe the anniversaries of historical occasions of particular interest to Marines.

There are seven detachments with a membership of almost 500 members. The membership embraces men and women and is open to all active, reserve, retired and former Marines of all ranks.

Iowa Marine Corps League detachments are located in Altoona, Boone, Cedar Rapids, Davenport, Des Moines, Dubuque and Washington.

The Marine Corps League also has an honor society (the Military Order of Devil Dogs), an auxiliary composed of wives, mothers, sisters and daughters of Marines, and a youth oriented organization called the Young Marines.

Retired U.S. Marine Master Sgt. John K. "Jack" Baird, a veteran of the Korean War and two combat tours in Vietnam, was the 1979-80 department of Iowa commandant.

Spanish American War Veterans

The United Spanish War Veterans came into existence because of the desire to carry on the comradeship that came from associations in the service with the only 100 percent volunteer army the world has ever known.

In this organization, the Iowa Department is one of 22 departments. The Iowa organization will continue until the death of the last member. At the headquarters' office, reports of the organization and personnel are kept. Plans are made for the annual encampment, and service is given in claims for pensions for widows plus assistance with the aid and attendant allowance under Public Law 90-77.

Department adjutant is Evelyn M. Fischer, 856 First St., Webster City 50595.

Veterans of World War I of the U.S.A.

The origin of this organization dates back to the middle 1950s when World War I veterans of several states met in an organizational effort and founded Veterans of World War I of the U.S.A. It gained national status and recognition when Congress granted it a national charter which was signed by President Eisenhower on July 18, 1958.

The Department of Iowa had its inception when a state convention was held in Cedar Rapids, and a constitution and by-laws were adopted on May 19, 1957. W. R. Kime of Richland was elected first state commander at that convention. Iowa was honored by the election of Kime as national commander in 1963. An annual state convention is held for administrative review and discussion and for the sociabilities of such a reunion.

Members of 93 barracks, as the local units are referred to, constitute the membership of the state of Iowa. A ladies' auxiliary of 93 units serves as an active motivation force in civic and relief efforts and general activities.

The state is divided into eight districts with boundaries conforming with the eight congressional districts of 1958. Two district meetings are held in each district annually. District commanders serve as members of the state board of administration.

As the average age of World War I veterans is 83, death annually takes a heavy toll in membership.

The organization provides liaison between veterans and government and a vital social medium for members.

American Legion Boys State and Girls State

The American Legion Boys State is held in June at Camp Dodge, Iowa. Local American Legion posts choose 832 high school juniors to attend this one-week program on the duties, privileges, rights and responsibilities of American citizenship.

Likewise each year, 304 girls completing their junior or third year of senior high school attend American Legion Girls State held on the campus of the University of Northern Iowa, Cedar Falls, in June. This activity is sponsored by Iowa's American Legion Auxiliary.

The entire program is nonpartisan and nonmilitary. It is a school in statesmanship, an operating, mythical 51st state where the boys and girls elect city, county and state officials and carry out all of the functions of government.

Upon registration, the boys are assigned to mythical cities in mythical counties. They become members of either the Federalist or Nationalist party. Political caucuses are held, party platforms adopted, and, in a manner as approximate to Iowa law as possible under the circumstances, candidates for all offices are nominated and elected. The legislature passes laws, the courts try cases, bureaus function, city councils pass ordinances, all under the guidance of experienced counselors. Hawkeye Boys State was originated in 1938.

The girls also are taught, by participation, the fundamental principles of Iowa government. They follow the process from the establishment of city government, through the filing of nomination papers and campaigning for office, to the election and installation of the governor and other state officials. During the week the auxiliary requests city, county and state officials to talk on their particular duties and responsibilities.

Two girls are selected to attend Girls Nation in Washington, D.C., where they are taught the of the federal government's functions.

Two "boys staters" are selected each year to attend Boys Nation, which is held at American University, Washington, D.C. Here, young men are exposed to the functions of federal government.

Wildlife Refuges, Hunting and Fishing Areas, State Parks, and Forests

State Conservation Commission

Commission Jurisdiction

The state Conservation Commission has jurisdiction over the following lands and water areas of the state: 11 meandered streams, 1,600 miles; 109 wildlife refuges, 62,557.847 acres; 28 artificial lakes, 4,800 acres; 72 natural lakes, 43,235 acres; 361 public hunting and fishing grounds, 171,149.71 acres; 87 state areas under local management for hunting, parks and fishing, 8,004.25 acres; 104 state parks and preserves, 52,257.37 acres; seven state forests, 24,645.48 acres. (See state Conservation Commission, Chapter 5.)

Wildlife Refuges*

County	Name of Area	Acres
Buena Vista	Storm Lake Island	7.00
Clay	Round Lake	438.00
Des Moines	Allen Green Refuge	152.21
Guthrie	McCord Pond	112.00
Hancock	West Twin Lake	109.00
Polk	Flint Acres	59.00
Pottawattamie	Smith Area	200.00
Wright	Lake Cornelia	273.00
	Total	1,761.11

*Fishing is permitted in some areas during portions of the year.
Estimated pending survey.

Partial Refuges (Game Areas that have a portion set up as a Wildlife Refuge)

County	Name of Area	No. of Acres Open to Public Hunting	No. of Acres in Wildlife Refuge	Total Acres
Adams	Lake Icaria	1,886.00	60.00	1,946.00
Appanoose	Rethbun Area	13,104.00	1,000.00	14,104.00
Boone	Wildlife Exhibit & Research Area	375.00	40.00	415.00
Bremer	Sweet Marsh	1,227.67	500.00	1,727.67
Butler	Big Marsh	2,082.52	731.00	2,813.52
Calhoun	South Twin Lake	400.00	200.00	600.00
Emmet	Ingham Lake	922.12	80.00	1,002.12
Fremont	Forney Lake	618.67	450.00	1,068.67
	Riverton Area	791.16	150.00	941.16
Greene	Dunbar Slough	371.32	136.00	507.32
Guthrie	Bays Branch	597.00	200.00	797.00
Jackson	Green Island Area	2,293.00	1,000.00	3,293.00
Johnson	Hawkeye Wildlife Area	12,078.00	1,000.00	13,078.00
Jones	Muskrat Slough	249.77	115.90	365.67
Lucas	Colyn Area	570.25	200.00	770.25
Marion	Red Rock Area	21,842.00	3,700.00	25,542.00
Monona	Louisville Bend	400.00	600.00	1,000.00
Palo Alto	Five Island Lake	385.00	725.82	1,110.82
Polk	Saylorville	11,358.00	554.00	11,912.00
Sac	Black Hawk Station & Pits	174.72	156.08	330.80
Tama	Otter Creek Marsh	2,201.81	500.00	2,701.81
Winnebago-Worth	Rice Lake	1,294.02	537.00	1,831.02
Worth	Elk Creek Marsh	1,299.57	200.00	1,499.57
	Total	76,521.60	12,835.80	89,357.40

Public Hunting and Fishing Areas

County	Name of Area	Acres	Primary Uses
Adair	Adair County Wildlife Area	352.00	Hunting
	Meadow Lake	320.00	Hunting-Fishing
Allamakee	Fish Farm Mounds	307.00	Hunting
	French Creek	672.75	Hunting-Fishing
	Kain's Lake	200.00	Hunting
	Lansing Big Lake	679.00	Hunting
	Lansing Station	21.961	Fishing
	Lansing Wildlife Area	840.00	Hunting
	Little Paint Creek	847.49	Hunting-Fishing
	Mud Hen Lake	164.00	Hunting-Fishing
	New Albin Big Lake	200.00	Hunting
	Nobles Island	30.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Waukon Junction	203.389	Hunting-Fishing
	Yellow River Forest	6,348.00	Hunting-Fishing
Allamakee-Clayton			
Appanoose-Davis-			
Lucas-Monroe	Rathbun Lodge Area	345	Hunting
	Stephens Forest	6,853.92	Hunting-Fishing
	Union-Moravia Forest Unit	1,308	Hunting
Benton	Dudgeon Lake	1,257.46	Hunting-Fishing
Black Hawk	Falls Access	269.31	Hunting-Fishing
	Geo. Wyth Memorial	(Park)	Fishing Only
Boone	Holst Forest	313.32	Hunting
	Ledges	(Park)	Fishing Only
	Pilot Mound Forest (Holst)	33.47	Hunting
	Wildlife Research Station	281	Hunting
Bremer	Little Buck	120.00	Hunting
	Sweet Marsh	1,915.359	Hunting-Fishing
Buchanan	Cutshaw Bridge	26.856	Hunting-Fishing
	Otterville Bridge	187.12	Hunting-Fishing
	Troy Mills	276.528	Hunting-Fishing
Buena Vista	Bel Air Access	3.55	Fishing
	Little Storm Lake	275.541	Hunting-Fishing
	Pickeral Lake	176.00	Hunting-Fishing
	*Storm Lake	3,096.61	Hunting-Fishing
Butler	Big Marsh	2,813.39	Hunting-Fishing
Cathoun	*North Twin Lake	569.00	Hunting-Fishing
	North Twin Access	4.52	Fishing
	South Twin Lake	600.00	Hunting
	Towhead Lake	193.287	Hunting
Carroll	Artesian Lake	42.00	Hunting-Fishing
Cass	Lake Anita	(Park)	Fishing
Cerro Gordo	Clear Lake	3,643.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Clear Lake Fishing Accesses	7.10	Fishing
	Clear Lake Hatchery Service Areas	4,082	Fishing
	Clear Lake Hatchery Access	3.42	Fishing
	Clear Lake Outlet	0.50	Fishing
	Clear Lake Ponds	41.22	Hunting
	Clear Lake State Park	(Park)	Fishing
	Lekwa Marsh	31,896	Hunting
	McIntosh Woods	(Park)	Fishing
	South Shore Acres	0.75	Fishing
Cerro Gordo—Hancock	Ventura Marsh	751.56	Hunting-Fishing
Cherokee	Soo Access	16,706	Fishing-Hunting
Clay	Barringer Slough	1,071.078	Hunting
	Dan Green Slough	310.95	Hunting
	Dewey's Pasture	442.00	Hunting
	Elk Lake	305.76	Hunting
	Little Sioux Wildlife Area	160.00	Fishing
	Lost Island Marsh	338.00	Hunting
	Wanata Reserve	(Park)	Fishing
	Wapiti Marsh	80.00	Hunting
	Mud Lake	251.79	Hunting
	Oecheyedan Game Area	100.00	Hunting
	Smith Slough	291.50	Hunting-Fishing
	Trumbull Lake & Access	1,223.99	Hunting-Fishing
Clayton	Big Springs	36.727	Fishing
	Big Springs Hatchery	75.42	Hunting-Fishing
	Bloody Run	300.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Sny Magill	5.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Sny Magill-N. Cedar	1,634.96	Hunting-Fishing
Clinton	Turkey River Mounds	62.00	Hunting
	Barber Wildlife Area	800.00	Hunting
	Goose Lake	886.624	Hunting

WILDLIFE REFUGES, HUNTING AND FISHING AREAS

County	Name of Area	Acres	Primary Uses
Dallas	Dallas Lake	132.00	Hunting
	Earlham Bridge Access	9.00	Fishing-Hunting
	Pleasant Valley	145.00	Hunting-Fishing
Davis	Spring Valley Access	9.00	Fishing
	Eldon Game Area	924.71	Hunting-Fishing
Decatur	Lake Wapello (Park)		Fishing
	Decatur Wildlife Area	1,063.00	Hunting
Delaware	Nine Eagles (Park)		Fishing
	Backbone (Park)		Fishing Only
	Backbone Forest	186.31	Hunting
	Little Turkey River	100.00	Hunting
	Ram Hollow	100.00	Hunting
Des Moines	Silver Lake	39.00	Fishing
	Augusta Wildlife Area	111.00	Hunting
Dickinson	Arnolds Park Stripping Station	.299	Fishing
	Cayler Prairie	160.00	Hunting
	Center Lake	345.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Christopherson Slough	535.433	Hunting
	Cory Marsh	38.00	Hunting
	Grandalls Beach	5.68	Hunting-Fishing
	Diamond Lake	562.83	Hunting-Fishing
	*East Okaboji	1,873.20	Hunting-Fishing
	East Okaboji Access	2.77	Fishing
	East Okaboji Beach	.20	Fishing
	East Okaboji Slough	19.109	Hunting-Fishing
	Garlock Slough	221.612	Hunting-Fishing
	Gull Point (Park)		Fishing Only
	Hales Slough	84.96	Hunting-Fishing
	Hottas Lake	377.74	Hunting-Fishing
	Jemmerson Slough	343.203	Hunting
	Kettleson Hogsback	261.863	Hunting
	Lazy Lagoon	.20	Fishing
	Little Spirit Lake	214.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Lower Gar	273.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Lower Gar Access	35.259	Fishing-Hunting
	Mini-Wakan (Park)		Fishing Only
	*Minnewashta Lake	121.68	Hunting-Fishing
	Marble Beach	64.352	Hunting-Fishing
	Marble Lake	183.47	Hunting-Fishing
	McClelland Access	(leased)	Hunting-Fishing
	McClelland Slough	(leased)	Hunting-Fishing
	Narrow Access	.27	Fishing
	Orleans Access	.64	Fishing
	Pikes Point (Park)		Fishing Only
	Pillsbury Point (Park)		Fishing Only
	Pleasant Lake	83.56	Hunting
	Prairie Lake	108.86	Hunting
	*Silver Lake	1,103.245	Hunting-Fishing
	Silver Lake Access	38.124	Hunting-Fishing
	*Spirit Lake	5,684.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Spirit Lake Hatchery	42.751	Fishing-Hunting
	Spirit Lake Outlet	1.162	Fishing
	Spring Run	786.31	Hunting
	Sunken Lake	62.40	Hunting-Fishing
	Swan Lake	379.64	Hunting-Fishing
	Trappers Bay (Park)		Fishing Only
	Trappers Bay Access	7.58	Hunting-Fishing
	Upper Gar	42.91	Hunting-Fishing
	Welch Lake	75.00	Fishing
*West Okoboji	3,939.00	Hunting-Fishing	
Yager Slough	55.986	Hunting	
White Pine Hollow	712.00	Hunting	
Dubuque	Birge Lake	136.54	Hunting
	Cheever Lake	359.013	Hunting
Emmet	Cunningham Slough	361.597	Hunting
	Eagle Lake	276.666	Hunting
	East Des Moines River Access	44.88	Fishing
	East Swan	775.29	Hunting
	Four-Mile Lake	233.00	Hunting
	Grass Lake	171.424	Hunting
	*High Lake	683.00	Hunting-Fishing
	*Ingham Lake	1,046.593	Hunting-Fishing
	Iowa Lake	526.00	Fishing-Hunting
	Okamanpedan (Park)		Fishing Only
	Ryan Lake	366.14	Hunting
	*Tuttle Lake	999.59	Hunting-Fishing
	Tuttle Lake Marsh	160.00	Hunting
	Twelve Mile Lake	290.00	Hunting
	West Swan Lake	1,043.13	Hunting

County	Name of Area	Acres	Primary Uses
Fayette	Big Rock Access	333.88	Hunting-Fishing
	Echo Valley (Park)		Fishing Only
	Grannis Creek	179.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Volga River Area	4,820.10	Hunting-Fishing
Franklin	Beeds lake (Park)		Fishing Only
Franklin-Wright	Beeds	30.00	Hunting
	Dows Area	231.00	Hunting-Fishing
Fremont	Forney Lake	1,071.34	Hunting
	I-29 Areas (4)	304.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Riverton Area	2,504.98	Hunting-Fishing
	Waubonsie Access	53.00	Fishing-Hunting
Greene	Dunbar Slough	507.318	Hunting
	Finn Pond	56.00	Hunting
	Goose Lake	456.09	Hunting
	McMahon Access	287.243	Hunting-Fishing
	Rippey Access	30.50	Hunting-Fishing
	Snake Creek Marsh	240.00	Hunting
Guthrie	Bays Branch	797.12	Hunting-Fishing
	Elk Grove	1,600.00	Fishing-Hunting
	Lakin Slough	299.79	Hunting
	Lennon Mills	285.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Middle Raccoon River Access	187.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Sheeder Prairie	25.00	Hunting
	Springbrook (Park)		Fishing Only
Hamilton	Little Wall Lake	273.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Tunnel Mill Access	90.00	Fishing-Hunting
Hancock	Crystal Lake	413.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Eagle Lake	819.12	Hunting
	East Twin Lake	493.319	Hunting-Fishing
	Goodell Wildlife Area	72.9	Hunting
	West Twin Lake	109.00	Hunting-Fishing
Hardin	Pine Lake (Park)		Fishing Only
Harrison	California Bend	700.00	Hunting
	Deer Island	600.00	Hunting
	Nobles Lake	288.809	Hunting
	Rand Access	5.00	Fishing
	Rand Bar	59.84	Hunting
	Round Lake	402.29	Hunting
	St. Johns Wildlife Area	87.00	Hunting
	Soldier Bend	230.00	Hunting
	Three Rivers Area	300.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Tyson Island	900.00	Hunting-Fishing
Henry	Geode (Park)		Fishing Only
Howard	Elma Wildlife	155.00	Hunting
	Hayden Prairie	240.00	Hunting
	Turkey River Area	410.00	Hunting-Fishing
Humboldt	Bradgate Access	81.145	Fishing-Hunting
	Dakota City Access	.60	Fishing
	Humboldt Hatchery Access	19.61	Fishing
	Ottosen Pot Holes	106.41	Hunting
Ida	Washta Access	52.04	Fishing-Hunting
Iowa	Koszta Access	61.30	Hunting-Fishing
	Randolph Access	399.00	Hunting-Fishing
Jackson	Big Mill Creek	514.00	Hunting
	Dalton Pond	5.00	Fishing-Hunting
	Green Island	660.00	Fishing-Hunting
Jasper	Colfax Area	350.00	Hunting
	Kellogg Area	65.00	Hunting
	Rock Creek Game Area	434.79	Hunting-Fishing
	Rock Creek (Park)		Fishing Only
Johnson	Lake Macbride (Park)		Fishing Only
	Swan Lake	44.00	Hunting
Jones	Indian Bluffs	410.00	Hunting
	Muskrat Slough	366.00	Hunting
	Wapsipinicon (Park)		Fishing Only
Keokuk	Rubio Access	219.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Skunk River Access	426.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Skunk River Area	425.38	Fishing-Hunting
Kossuth	Buffalo Creek	379.982	Hunting-Fishing
	Burt Lake	40.00	Hunting
	Goose Lake	224.88	Hunting
	Iowa Lake Marsh	126.226	Hunting
	Schwob Marsh	265.25	Hunting
	Seneca Access	36.3	Fishing-Hunting
	State Line Marsh	147.08	Hunting

WILDLIFE REFUGES, HUNTING AND FISHING AREAS

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County	Name of Area	Acres	Primary Uses
Lee	Green Bay Lake	226.50	Hunting
Lee-Van Buren	Shimek Forest	6,312.00	Hunting-Fishing
Linn	Palisades-Kepler (Park)		Fishing Only
Linn-Benton	Pleasant Creek Area	1,835.00	Fishing-Hunting
Louisa	Cone Marsh	701.00	Hunting
	Klum Lake	649.73	Hunting
	Odessa	4,100.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Odessa Accesses	2,700.61	Hunting-Fishing
Louisa-Muscatine	Muscatine Slough	1,790.41	Hunting
Louisa-Muscatine-Des Moines	Mississippi River Island	4,700.00	Fishing-Hunting
Lucas	Brown Slough	153.00	Hunting
	Colyn Area	770.00	Fishing-Hunting
	Red Haw Lake (Park)		Fishing Only
Lucas-Monroe	Stephens Forest	9,182.00	Hunting-Fishing
Lyon	Big Sioux Wildlife Area	798.00	Fishing-Hunting
	Gitche Manitou	153.00	Fishing-Hunting
Madison	Badger Creek	1,150.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Pammel (Park)		Fishing Only
Mahaska	Barnes City Lake	1,367.00	Hunting
	Hull Area	378.359	Hunting
	Lake Keomah (Park)		Fishing Only
	Lakonta Access	24.00	Fishing
Marion	Pella Area	276.405	Hunting
	Red Rock Area	25,542.00	Fishing-Hunting
Marshall	Nicholson Ford	84.43	Hunting-Fishing
Mills	I-29 Areas (2)	237.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Willow Slough	598.899	Hunting-Fishing
Mitchell	Pioneer Park (Park)		Fishing
	Wapsi River Area	114.00	Fishing-Hunting
Monona	Badger Lake	444.28	Hunting-Fishing
	Blackbird Bend	450.00	Hunting
	Blue Lake	988.65	Hunting-Fishing
	Ivy Island	300.00	Hunting
	Lewis and Clark (Park)		Fishing
	Loess Hills	2,460.00	Hunting
	I-29 Wildlife Area	23.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Middle Decatur Access	22.44	Hunting-Fishing
	Upper Decatur Bend	400.00	Fishing-Hunting
Monona-Woodbury	Winnebago Bend	65.01	Hunting-Fishing
Monroe	Cottonwood Pits	55.00	Hunting-Fishing
	LaHart Area	169.93	Hunting-Fishing
	Miami Lake	600.74	Hunting-Fishing
	Tyrone Wildlife Area	814.00	Hunting
Montgomery	Viking Lake (Park)		Fishing Only
Muscatine	Keokuk Lake	30.11	Hunting
	Red Cedar Wildlife Area	773.35	Hunting
	Weise Slough	1,707.267	Hunting-Fishing
	Muscatine Slough	1,790.71	Fishing
Osceola	Iowa Lake	114.39	Fishing-Hunting
	Rush Lake	336.55	Fishing-Hunting
Paig Alto	Blue Wing Marsh	159.823	Hunting
	Fallow Marsh	185.763	Hunting
	Five Island Lake	1,109.545	Hunting-Fishing
	Kearny State Park (Park)		Fishing
	Lost Island Access	1.96	Fishing
	Lost Island Lake	1,260.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Oppedahl Area	183.96	Hunting
	Perkins Marsh	25.00	Hunting
	Rush Lake	522.00	Hunting
	*Silver Lake	684.00	Hunting-Fishing
	*Virgin Lake	225.065	Hunting-Fishing
Pocahontas	Little Clear Lake	187.00	Hunting
	Kalsow Prairie	160.00	Hunting
	Lizard Lake	348.398	Hunting-Fishing
	Sunken Grove	370.72	Hunting
Polk	Big Creek	1536.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Flint Access	175.00	Fishing Only
	Interstate No. 35 Area	10.00	Hunting
	Interstate No. 80 Area	60.00	Hunting
	Raccoon River Access	4.80	Fishing
	Sycamore Access	81	Fishing
	Walnut Woods (Park)		Fishing Only
Pottawattamie	Lake Manawa (Park)		Fishing-Hunting
	Smith Game Area	201.00	Hunting
	Wilson Island	497.65	Hunting-Fishing
Ringgold	Mt. Ayr Area	1,157.85	Hunting-Fishing
	Mt. Ayr Hatchery	22.12	Hunting-Fishing
	Mt. Ayr Wildlife Area	1158.00	Hunting
	Ringgold Game Area	800.00	Hunting
Ringgold-Decatur	Sand Creek	1,835.00	Hunting

County	Name of Area	Acres	Primary Uses
Sac	Black Hawk Lake	957.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Black Hawk Marsh	206.00	Hunting
	Black Hawk State Park	(Park)	Fishing
	Kiowa Marsh	40.00	Hunting
	Lake View Hatchery & Pits including Arrowhead	330.797	Hunting-Fishing
	Sac City Access	23.39	Fishing-Hunting
Scott	Tomahawk Marsh	39.45	Hunting
	Princeton Area	1,113.65	Hunting-Fishing
Shelby	Prairie Rose	(Park)	Fishing Only
Sioux	Big Sioux Wildlife Area	93.20	Hunting
	Rock Sioux Access	30.00	Hunting-Fishing
Story-Marshall	Hendrickson Marsh	600.505	Hunting-Fishing
	Otter Creek Marsh	3,284.00	Fishing-Hunting
Tama	Salt Creek Wildlife Area	290.00	Hunting
	Union Grove	(Park)	Fishing Only
Taylor	Lake of Three Fires	(Park)	Fishing Only
Union	Green Valley	(Park)	Fishing Only
	Des Moines River Access	8.00	Fishing
Van Buren	Lacey-Keosauqua	(Park)	Fishing Only
	Van Buren Wildlife Area	440.00	Hunting
Wapello	Cliffland Access	20.21	Hunting-Fishing
Warren	Banner Area	224.19	Hunting-Fishing
	Hooper Area	323.00	Hunting-Fishing
Washington	Lake Ahquabi	(Park)	Fishing Only
	Lake Darling	(Park)	Fishing Only
Washington-Keokuk	Rubio Access	133.90	Fishing
Wayne	Bob White	(Park)	Fishing Only
	Rairoad R.O.W.	28.00	Hunting
Webster	Brushy Creek	3,036.71	Fishing-Hunting
	Dolliver Memorial	(Park)	Fishing Only
	Deception Hollow Area	40.20	Hunting-Fishing
	Lizard Creek Area	102.819	Hunting-Fishing
	Woodman Hollow	63.44	Fishing-Hunting
	Harmon Lake	483.30	Hunting
Winnebago	Myre Slough	429.854	Hunting
	Rice Lake	1,831.00	Hunting-Fishing
Winnebago-Worth	Bluffton Area	93.538	Hunting-Fishing
	Canoe Creek	224.16	Hunting-Fishing
Winneshiek	Cardinal Marsh	862.37	Hunting-Fishing
	Cold Water	61.36	Hunting-Fishing
	Falcon Springs	241.40	Hunting
	Kendallville Access	10.00	Fishing-Hunting
	Matanaphy Springs	64.215	Hunting-Fishing
	Masted Spring	16.919	Hunting
	North Bear Access	547.538	Hunting-Fishing
	Siewers Spring	21.207	Fishing
	South Bear Access	299.14	Hunting-Fishing
	Trout Run	70.61	Fishing
	Upper Iowa River Area	5,676.56	Fishing-Hunting
	Brown's Lake	1,050.00	Hunting-Fishing
	Stone	(Park)	Fishing Only
	Bright's Lake	122.43	Hunting
	Worth	Elk Creek Marsh	1,499.57
Peterson Potholes		45.00	Hunting
Silver Lake and Marsh		427.00	Hunting
Wright	Big Wall Lake	978.47	Hunting
	Elm Lake	466.00	Hunting
	Lake Cornelia	273.00	Fishing
	Morse Lake	171.635	Hunting-Fishing
Total Acres		168,627.40	

*Open Water Refuges

State Parks and Preserves

(Inviolate Wildlife Refuges Except Forest Preserves and Prairies)

Name of Area	County	Acreage	Location
STATE PARKS			
Ambrose A. Call	Kossuth	129.65	1½ mi. S.W. of Algona
Backbone	Delaware	1,779.52	4½ mi. S.W. of Strawberry Point
°Badger Creek	Madison	1,150.00	8 mi. E. of Earham
Beeds Lake	Franklin	319.41	3 mi. N.W. of Hampton
Bellevue	Jackson	547.00	S. side of Bellevue
Big Creek	Polk	3,554.00	2 mi. N. of Polk City
Black Hawk Lake	Sac	267.00	Lake View
Bob White	Wayne	380.535	1 mi. West of Allerton
°Brushy Creek	Webster	4,045.00	4 mi. E. of Lehigh
Clear Lake	Cerro Gordo	102.139	1 mi. S. of Clear Lake
Dolliver Memorial	Webster	572.07	3 mi. N.W. of Lehigh
Echo Valley	Fayette	100.91	3 mi. S.E. of West Union
Elk Rock	Marion	2,150.00	7 mi. N.E. of Knoxville
Fort Defiance	Emmet	181.14	1 mi. S.W. of Estherville
Geode	Des Moines-Henry	1,540.675	4 mi. S.W. of Danville
Geo. Wyth Memorial	Black Hawk	455.00	Adjacent to Cedar Falls
Green Valley	Union	918.00	2½ mi. N.W. of Creston
Gull Point	Dickinson	165.36	West side of West Okoboji
Honey Creek	Appanoose	870.00	6 mi. West of Moravia
Lacey-Keosauqua	Van Buren	1,883.00	Adjacent to Keosauqua
Lake Anita	Cass	942.105	Adjacent to Anita
Lake Ahquabi	Warren	774.8	5½ mi. S.W. of Indianola
Lake Darling	Washington	1,386.668	3 mi. W. of Brighton
Lake Keomah	Mahaska	365.00	5 mi. E. of Oskatoosa
Lake Macbride	Johnson	2,180.00	4 mi. W. of Solon
Lake Manawa	Pottawattamie	1,371.70	1 mi. S. of Council Bluffs
Lake of Three Fires	Taylor	691.213	3 mi. N.E. of Bedford
Lake Wapello	Davis	1,435.00	6 mi. W. of Drakesville
Ledges	Boone	860.180	6 mi. S. of Boone
Lewis and Clark	Monona	176.00	4 mi. N.W. of Onawa
Lower Gar Access	Dickinson	35.259	½ mi. S.E. of Arnolds Park
McIntosh Woods	Cerro Gordo	278.500	¾ mi. N.W. of Ventura
Maquoketa Caves	Jackson	152.14	7 mi. N.W. of Maquoketa
Marble Beach	Dickinson	64.352	2 mi. N.W. of Orleans
Margo Frankel Woods	Polk	135.51	2 mi. N. of Des Moines
Mini-Wakan	Dickinson	20.13	6 mi. N.E. of Orleans
Nine Eagles	Decatur	1,118.570	6 mi. S.E. of Davis City
Okamanpedan	Emmet	18.59	3 mi. N.E. of Dolliver
Palisades-Kepler	Linn	692.111	3½ mi. W. of Mount Vernon
Pammel	Madison	281.21	5 mi. S.W. of Winterset
Pikes Peak-McGregor Heights	Clayton	968.00	3 mi. S.E. of McGregor
Pikes Point-Pillsbury Point	Dickinson	15.00	East side of West Okoboji
Pilot Knob	Hancock	379.76	5 mi. S.E. of Forest City
Pine Lake	Hardin	572.266	½ mi. N.E. of Eldora
°Pleasant Creek	Linn-Benton	1,835.00	4½ mi. N.W. of Palo
Prairie Rose Lake	Shelby	681.095	11½ mi. S.E. of Harlan
Preparation Canyon	Monona	344.000	5 mi. S.W. of Moorhead
Red Haw Lake	Lucas	419.86	1 mi. E. of Chariton
Rice Lake	Winnebago-Worth	46.90	2½ mi. S.E. of Lake Mills
Rock Creek	Jasper	1,696.878	6 mi. N.E. of Kellogg
Sharon Bluffs	Appanoose	143.90	3 mi. S.E. of Centerville
Springbrook	Guthrie	794.275	7 mi. N. of Guthrie Center
Stone Park	Woodbury	1,039.00	N. side of Sioux City
Trappers Bay	Dickinson	57.23	Adjacent to Lake Park
Twin Lakes	Calhoun	15.08	7½ mi. N. of Rockwell City
Union Grove	Tama	289.040	4 mi. S.W. of Gladbrook
Viking Lake	Montgomery	953.84	4 mi. E. of Stanton
°Voiga River	Fayette	5,400.00	4 mi. N. of Fayette
Walnut Woods	Polk	260.00	12 mi. S.W. of Des Moines
Wanata	Clay	159.96	½ mi. S. of Peterson
Wapsipinicon	Jones	251.00	Adjacent to Anamosa
Waubonsie	Fremont	1,208.66	7 mi. S.W. of Sidney
Wild Cat Den	Muscatine	321.310	3 mi. E. Fairport
STATE PRESERVES			
Arnolds Park Pier	Dickinson	30	Arnolds Park
Abbie Gardner Sharp Cabin	Dickinson	1.33	Arnolds Park
Barkley	Boone	40.00	2 mi. N.E. of Fraser
°Bluffton Fir Stand	Winneshiek	94.00	Across river from Bluffton
°Brush Creek Canyon	Fayette	216.74	2 mi. N. of Arlington

*Designated State Preserves System.

°State recreation area — hunting allowed.

Name of Area	County	Acreage	Location
*Cayler Prairie	Dickinson	160.00	4 mi. W. of Wahpeton
Charles A. Poisel			
Indian Mounds	Des Moines	2.60	1 mile N. of Kingston
*Clay Prairie	Butler	2.64	11 mi. N. of Parkersburg
*Cold Water Cave	Winneshiek	60.00	3 mi. N.W. of Bluffton
*Decorah Ice Cave	Winneshiek	2.90	N. edge of Decorah
*Dinesen Prairie	Shelby	17.00	2 mi. N.E. of Harlan
Fish Farm Mounds	Allamakee	2.94	4 mi. S. of New Albin
*Fort Atkinson	Winneshiek	4.77	N.W. edge of Fort Atkinson
*Freda Hafner	Dickinson	110.00	2 mi. W. of Wahpeton
Galland School	Lee	.60	3 mi. S. of Montrose
*Gitchie Manitou	Lyon	91.33	9 mi. N.W. of Larchwood
*Hartley Fort	Allamakee	2.00	7 mi. S.W. of New Albin
*Hayden Prairie	Howard	240.00	5½ mi. S.W. of Lime Springs
*Indian Fish Trap	Iowa	1.50	1 mi. S. of Amana
*Kalsow Prairie	Pocahontas	160.00	4 mi. N.W. of Manson
*Malchow Indian Mounds	Des Moines	6.2	9 mi. N. of Burlington
*Merrill A. Stainbrook	Johnson	23.00	2½ mi. N.E. of North Liberty
*Merritt Forest	Clayton	20.00	6½ mi. S.W. of Guttenberg
*Mount Pisgah Cemetery	Union	1.00	5½ mi. S.W. of Larimore
*Old State Quarry	Johnson	8.00	1½ N.E. of North Liberty
*Pecan Grove	Muscatine	25.00	2 mi. S.W. of Muscatine
*Pilot Knob	Hancock	368.81	4 mi. E. of Forest City
Plum Grove	Johnson	4.28	S.E. section of Iowa City
*St. James Lutheran Church	Winneshiek	.10	N.E. edge of Fort Atkinson
*Sheeder Prairie	Guthrie	25.00	5 mi. N.W. of Guthrie Center
*Silver Lake Fen	Dickinson	15.00	3 mi. W. of Lake Park
*Starrs Cave	Des Moines	140.00	1 mi. N. of Burlington
*Stinson Prairie	Kossuth	32.00	4 mi. S.W. of Algona
*Turkey River Mounds	Clayton	82.10	4½ mi. E. of Guttenberg
*White Pine Hollow	Dubuque	712.00	2 mi. N.W. of Luxemburg
*Williams Prairie	Johnson	21.00	2 mi. N.W. of Oxford
*Witrock Indian Village	O'Brien	5.42	4 mi. S.E. of Sutherland
*Woodman Hollow	Webster	63.437	5 mi. N.W. of Lehigh
*Woodthrush Woods	Jefferson	25.00	8 mi. S.E. of Fairfield
Total Acreage		52,257.37	

*Designated State Preserves System.

*State recreation area — hunting allowed

State Areas — Transferred

Areas Under Management Agreements

With County Conservation Boards

Section 111.27, Iowa Code

County	Area Name	Section	Acres
Adams	Lake Icaria	L & W - F & G	1946.47
Benton	Dudgeon Wildlife Area	Wildlife	18.00
	Minne Estema Park	Fisheries	60.00
Black Hawk	Childs Access	Wildlife	20.00
	McFarland Park	Wildlife	75.59
	Hickory Hills	Open Space	175.00
	Husman Riffls Access	Fisheries	75.59
Boone	Dickcissel Recreation Area	Wildlife (Hwy. Comm.)	37.91
Buchanan	Troy Mills - Wapsi R. Access	Wildlife	11.49
Butler	Heery Woods	Parks	380.30
	Heery Woods	Parks	394.23
Calhoun	Muddy Bay - North Twin Lake	Waters	33.90
	Rainbow Bend Access	Fisheries	10.00
Carroll	Carroll Access	Wildlife	40.00
	Chickasaw Mills Park	Fisheries	16.00
	North Raccoon Access	Wildlife	45.24
	Swan Lake State Park	Parks	509.64
Cass	Hitchcock Rec. Area	Open Space	65.8
	Cold Springs State Park	Parks	104.00
Chickasaw	Chickasaw Mill Park	Fisheries	16.00
Clayton	Bixby State Park	Parks	69.00
Clinton	Killdeer Rec. Area	F & G (D.O.T.)	16.9
Des Moines	Edgewater Beach Access	Wildlife	1.57
	Skunk River Access	Wildlife	63.00
	Tama Beach Access	Wildlife	3.21
	Starrs Cave Park and Preserve	Open Space	142.60
Dickinson	Orleans Beach Area	Fisheries & Waters	1.802
Dubuque	J. Dubuque Monument Preserve	Parks	12.30
	Swiss Valley Park	Fisheries	17.39
Fayette	Langerman's Ford	F & G	6.59
Floyd	Idlewild Access	Wildlife	125.60
Franklin	West Fork Access	Fisheries	80.00
Greene	Spring Lake State Park	Parks	240.00
Guthrie	Lennon Mills Access	Parks & Wildlife	20.92
Hancock	Crystal Lake Recreation Area	Parks	130.00
	Eagle Lake Park	Parks	20.754
	East Twin Lake Park	Wildlife	1.00
Hardin	Hardin City Access	Fisheries	24.50
	Pine Lake - Iowa River Access	Parks	17.25
	Pine Ridge Area	L & W	131.10
	Schumacher Recreation Area	Open Space	122.00
Harrison	Little Sioux Delta	Waters	35.0
Henry	Oakland Mills Fishing Access	Fisheries	27.263
	Oakland Mills State Park	Parks	84.55
Howard	Turkey River Access	Wildlife	87.00
Humboldt	Bragdale Access	Fisheries	108.52
	Frank A. Gotch State Park	Parks	67.37
Iowa	I-80 Wildlife Area	Wildlife	12.96
Jackson	Big Mill Homestead	Wildlife	.1
	Lower Sabula Lake Access	Fisheries	14.256
Jasper	Kish Ke Kosh Prairie	Wildlife	16.55
Johnson	Green Castle Area	Wildlife	8.00
Jones	Pictured Rocks Access	Fisheries	427.36
Kossuth	Des Moines River Oxbow	Waters	1.00
Lee	Redwing Access	Wildlife (D.O.T.)	150.84
	Turkey Run	L & W	10.00
Linn	Matsell Bridge Access	Wildlife	36.37
	Matsell Bridge (Brinks)	Open Space	237.13
	Palisades Access	Wildlife	88.695
	Palisades - Dows Preserve	L & W	336.45
Lucas	Williamson Pond	Wildlife	126.08
Mahaska	Eveland Access	Waters	23.82
	Union Mills Access	Waters	12.50
Mills	Folsom Recreation Area	Wildlife (Hwy. Comm.)	99.80
	Mile Hill Recreation Area	Wildlife (Hwy. Comm.)	37.00
Mitchell	Pioneer Park	Parks	19.7
Monona	Decatur Bend Access	Wildlife	5.64
	Onewa Storage Yard Access	Wildlife	3.04
	Pawnee Recreation Area	Fisheries (Hwy. Comm.)	9.55
Monroe	Miami Lake Park	Fisheries	49.76
	Hardfish Access	Wildlife	12.00

County	Area Name	Section	Acres
O'Brien	Mill Creek State Park	Parks	157.50
Osceola	Ashton Pits Area	Wildlife	32,758
Plymouth	Millsite Access	F & G	18.21
Pocahontas	Lizard Lake Access	Wildlife	67,399
	Sunken Grove Island	Wildlife	35.00
Polk	Del Rio Access	Fisheries	32.00
Pottawattamie	Missouri River Access	Waters	21.50
	Blackbird Marsh	Wildlife	13.90
County	Area Name	Section	Acres
Poweshiek	Lincoln Wildlife Area	Wildlife	2.60
Scott	Cameron Timber	Open Space	35.68
	Buffalo Shores Access	Waters	25.00
Sioux	Oak Grove State Park	Parks	101.90
	Rock Sioux Access	Wildlife	30.00
Shelby	Rosenow Timber	Open Space	120.0
Story	Doolittle Prairie	F & G	26.05
Union	Thayer Pond Recreation Area	Fisheries	47.00
Van Buren	Des Moines River Access	F & G	8.00
	Shidepoke Access	L & W	4.60
Washington	McKain River Access	Fisheries	10.00
Winneshiek	South Bear Campground	Fisheries	15.00
Woodbury	Bigelow Park-Browns Lake	Fisheries	23,737
	Lakeport Township Wildlife Area	Wildlife (Hwy. Comm.)	121.00
	Liberty Township Wildlife Area	Wildlife (Hwy. Comm.)	97.74
	Brown's Lake-Bigelow Park	Parks	59.42
Worth	Silver Lake	Wildlife	28,718
Wright	Lake Cornelia Park	Parks	40,222
Total			8,606.18

Areas Transferred by Deed to a County Section 111.32, Iowa Code

County	Area Name	Section	Acres	Approval
Delaware	Silver Lake State Park	Parks	12.97	07-06-64
Palo Alto	Lost Island State Park	Parks	29.57	07-06-64
Story	Soper's Mills Access	Fisheries	18,448	11-05-62
Tama	T.F. Clark Park	Parks	24.22	08-08-60

Areas Transferred to Towns Section 111.32, Iowa Code

County	Area Name	Section	City	Acres	Approval
Butler	Beaver Meadows	Parks	Parkersburg	31.50	10-03-61
Dickinson	Silver Lake Access	Wildlife	Lake Park	9.60	08-16-73
Humboldt	Humboldt Fish Hatchery	Fisheries	Humboldt	19.61	06-05-73
Winneshiek	Twin Springs	Fisheries	Decorah	6.28	06-30-75

State Held Least Abrogated in Favor of a County

County	Area Name	Section	Approval
Linn	Lewis Access	Wildlife	11-07-60

State Forests

County	Name of Area	Acreage	Location
Allamakee	Yellow River	6,348.00	10 mi. N. of McGregor
Boone	Holst	334.00	12 mi. N.W. of Boone
	Pilot Mound	33.47	16 mi. N.W. of Boone
Delaware	Backbone	186.31	4 mi. S.W. of Strawberry Point
Lee-Van Buren	Shimek	8,312.00	20 mi. W. of Ft. Madison
Clarke-Lucas-Monroe- Davis-Appanoose	Stephens	9,182.00	10 mi. N.E. of Chariton and 10 mi. W. of Chariton
Pottawattamie	Gifford	40.00	1 mi. S. of Council Bluffs
Story	State Forest Nursery	96.00	1 mi. S. of Ames
Total		24,531.78	

Iowa Government, History and Traditions

- **History of Iowa**
- **Government of Iowa**
- **The Capitol**
- **Symbols, Traditions**
- **County Names**
- **Centennial**
- **Iowans in U.S. Supreme Court**
- **Iowans in Presidents' Cabinets**
- **Song**

History of Iowa

Revised, in part, by William Silag, Division of the State Historical Society (1980).

The Earliest Settlers

Long before the coming of the white man, Indians roamed the land that is now Iowa. Frequently referred to as Mound Builders, these early inhabitants are best commemorated in the Effigy Mounds National Monument above McGregor. Iowa archeologist Dr. Charles R. Keyes identified at least six different prehistoric cultures—the Algonquin, Hopewell, Oneota, Mill Creek, Effigy Mound and Glenwood. The Algonquin culture was found over nine-tenths of Iowa, while the other five were more localized—the Hopewell, Oneota and Mound Builders being largely in eastern Iowa, the Glenwood in southwestern Iowa, and the Mill Creek in northwest Iowa. Evidence of their presence in Iowa is recorded in village sites, caves and rock shelters, shell heaps, mounds, burial sites, trails, spirit places, rock carvings and paintings, stone dams or fish traps, flint and hematite quarries, caches, workshops, and enclosures.

The Indians who roamed Iowa in historic times knew little or nothing about these ancient people. Almost a score of tribes belonging to three different linguistic stocks have been associated with the Iowa country since the advent of the white man. The Ioway, Winnebago, Osage, Oto, Missouri, Omaha, Ponca, Sisseton and Wahpeton were tribes belonging to the Dakota or Siouan Linguistic Stock or Family. They are commonly referred to as Plains Indians. Their bitter enemies were the Woodland or canoe people—members of the Sauk, Mesquakie (Fox), Mascoutin, Illinois, Chippewa (Ojibway), Miami, Ottawa and Potawatomi tribes. These were members of the Algonquin Linguistic Stock or Family. The Iriquoian stock is only remotely associated with Iowa, being mainly responsible for driving other tribes from the Michigan, Ohio and Indiana areas across the Mississippi and into Iowa.

The French in Iowa

The written history of Iowa begins on June 17, 1673, when Louis Joliet and Father Jacques Marquette and their five rugged voyageurs paddled out of the Wisconsin River and into the Mississippi opposite present-day McGregor. Eight days later, on June 25, Joliet and Marquette met the Illinois Indians near the mouth of the Iowa River. It was the first meeting between the white man and the Indian on Iowa soil.

The French lost no time in exploring the vast wilderness drained by the Mississippi and its tributaries. In 1680, LaSalle sent an expedition under Michel Aco to discover the headwaters of the Mississippi. Aco and his two companions, Father Louis Hennepin and Pere Antoine, were captured by the Sioux Indians above the mouth of the Wisconsin River; however, after their release, they fled down the Mississippi. Another Frenchman, Nicholas Perrot, taught the Miami Indians how to mine lead in the Galena-Dubuque area. He also hunted buffalo with them in Iowa. Perrot was the first white man to meet and describe the Ioway Indians. Louis-Armand Lahotan and Charles LeSueur left records of their exploits, and Guillaume Delisle located Ioway Indian villages on Lake Okoboji and on the Big Sioux River. The expedition of Nicholas Joseph des Noyelles with 80 French soldiers and his Indian allies against the Sauk and Mesquakie Indians ended in a pitched battle at the Raccoon Fork of the Des Moines River on April 19, 1735.

The Spanish in Iowa

The Spanish period covers a scant four decades from 1762 to 1800. Jonathan Carver and Peter Pond, two Connecticut Yankees who visited northeast Iowa in 1766 and 1773 respectively, were the first explorers to appear during the Spanish regime. Jean Marie Cardinal mined lead in the Dubuque area during the Revolutionary War and may have lost his life in the defense of St. Louis. Thereafter, Spain assumed control of the territory and made three land grants in Iowa—to Julien Dubuque in 1796, to Louis Honore Tesson in 1799, and to Basil Giard in 1800. Dubuque was the only permanent settler in the Spanish period, living at the mouth of Catfish Creek from 1788 until his death in 1810.

Pre-territorial Iowa

Exploration of the Iowa country followed the acquisition of the Louisiana Purchase in 1803. Meriwether Lewis and William Clark traveled up the Missouri River in 1804, requiring 33 days to pass along the western border of what is now Iowa. Sgt. Charles Floyd, the only man to die on this expedition, was buried at the present site of Sioux City. In 1805, Zebulon M. Pike ascended the Upper Mississippi and recommended the present site of Burlington and the bluffs below McGregor as suitable locations for army posts. Subsequent explorers established a number of forts along the Mississippi. Fort Madison, the first American fort in Iowa, was erected in 1808 but was evacuated and burned in 1813. Fort Edwards, located opposite the mouth of the Des Moines River, was erected in 1815. Fort Armstrong was erected on Rock Island in 1816, and Fort Crawford at Prairie du Chien the same year. Fort Des Moines No. 1 was built on the present site of Montrose by Col. Stephen Watts Kearny in 1834. Fort Atkinson, Fort Dodge, Fort Des Moines No. 2, Fort Sanford and Fort Croghan are other military establishments associated with early Iowa history.

Such forts served as defense posts and as destination points for travelers into the Iowa country, including expeditions led by Missouri River fur trader Manuel Lisa and by noted artist George Catlin, who spent eight years painting pictures of Indians on the Upper Mississippi and Missouri frontiers. Some of these travelers came by land, others by water; the *Western Engineer* made the first steamboat voyage up the Missouri as far as present-day Council Bluffs in 1819, while the *Virginia* ascended the Mississippi to Fort Snelling in 1823. Several adventurers, such as Giacomo Beltrami and Father Pierre-Jean De Smet, left eyewitness accounts of the area in pre-territorial days. Perhaps the most important of these is the account written by Lt. Albert Miller Lea, whose *Notes on the Wisconsin Territory: Particularly with Reference to the Iowa District, or Black Hawk Purchase* appeared in 1836. Lt. Lea had been Col. Kearny's assistant and second in command on a dragoon expedition through the Indian country west of the Mississippi River in 1835. His little book described the prairie landscape in enthusiastic terms and also supplied the territory with its name, taken from the Iowa River which transected it. Lea's was just the first of a succession of publications describing Iowa's natural resources and its future potential. Similar books and pamphlets were written by John Plumbé Jr., Isaac Galland, John B. Newhall, and dozens of others; each helped focus the attention of prospective settlers on the beautiful country west of the Mississippi.

This publicity heightened public interest in Iowa, most of which had been originally designated as Indian territory. Already, however, significant steps had been taken to open the land for general settlement. A series of treaties with various Indian tribes had by the early 1830s weakened the tribes' hold on the territory. The turning point came in September 1832 with the signing of the Black Hawk Purchase Treaty, by the terms of which the Sauk and Mesquakie tribes ceded to the United States an area of 8,360 square miles in eastern Iowa. The treaty required the removal of the tribes by June 1, 1833, thus clearing away the principal obstacle to permanent white settlement in the Iowa country. Attached briefly to Michigan Territory for purposes of government in 1834, the land became part of the newly created Wisconsin Territory in 1836. That same year, the first federal census taken in the area showed that 10,531 white inhabitants already resided in the area of the Black Hawk Purchase, just three years after the Indian removal.

Today the Mesquakies survive as the principal Indian tribe in Iowa. Part of the Algonquin family, the Mesquakies once lived on the Atlantic coast, then moved westward through New York and Canada and on to Wisconsin. In the early fur trading days, the tribe formed an alliance with their kinsmen, the Sauks. The fur traders referred to the Mesquakies as the Reynards or Foxes; their name means "people of the red earth." In the mid-19th century, they lived along the Mississippi River but later migrated into the valley of the Des Moines. Their settlement is now in Tama County.

The Territory Becomes a State

On July 4, 1838, the U.S. Congress established the Territory of Iowa. President Martin Van Buren appointed Robert Lucas governor of the new territory, whose 22 counties already contained 23,242 persons. Since the Indian removal from eastern Iowa in 1833, a number of schools, churches and seminaries had been organized by white settlers in the recently vacated Indian lands. The first church in Iowa was erected by the Methodists at Dubuque in 1834. By 1838, the Baptists, Congregationalists, Quakers, Presbyterians and Roman Catholics had established churches. In addition, several newspapers and a bank served the territory's pioneer residents, and in 1836 public land surveys began.

With the advent of territorial status, all aspects of social and economic development accelerated. Land offices opened in Dubuque and Burlington, Iowa's principal population centers in those early years. Burlington also served as the territory's political capital for a brief period, until Lucas undertook the transfer of the territorial offices to Iowa City. In December 1842, the governor and the territorial Legislature moved into new quarters in the Stone Capitol on the east bank of the Iowa River. Iowa City would remain the hub of Iowa politics until the state constitution of 1857 moved the Capitol to Des Moines.

The Territory of Iowa had scarcely been established when a clamor arose for statehood. In 1844, a constitution was adopted featuring low salaries for state officials, limited state indebtedness, and restrictions on banks and corporations. The U.S. Congress refused to accept the boundaries requested by the people of Iowa in 1844, and they in turn rejected those proposed by Congress. A new constitution with the present-day boundaries (embracing 56,147 square miles) was adopted in 1846. Admitted to the Union on Dec. 28, 1846, Iowa was the first free state formed within the territory of the original Louisiana Purchase.

Parties and Politics in Iowa History

Democrats dominated state politics between 1846 and 1854. Ansel Briggs was elected the first governor, and Augustus Caesar Dodge and George Wallace Jones were named U.S. senators. A steady flow of northern immigrants during the 1850s, coupled with the successful campaign of the dynamic James W. Grimes in 1854, swept the Whigs into office. Two years later, Grimes founded the Republican Party in Iowa. Subsequently, Dodge and Jones were defeated, the constitution of 1857 was adopted, and the Capitol was moved from Iowa City to Des Moines. Ralph R. Lowe became the first Republican governor in 1858. In the next 122 years, only five Democrats—Horace Boies (1890-94), Clyde Herring (1933-37), Nelson Kraschel (1937-39), Herschel Loveless (1957-61), and Harold E. Hughes (1963-69)—have served as governor of Iowa. Republicans also dominate the ranks of the U.S. senators and representatives that Iowa voters have sent to the nation's Capitol.

A variety of factors explain Iowa's long-term adherence to Republicanism, most of them dating back to the party's founding in the era of the Civil War. The principles espoused by the Republicans in the 1850s—free soil, free labor, free men—proved compelling to Iowa pioneers intent on developing the bountiful resources of the newly settled territory. While antebellum Democrats foundered amidst charges of favoring slaveholders' privileges over homesteaders' rights, the Republicans forged a powerful ideology that combined the humanism of anti-slavery sentiment with an individualistic doctrine of economic progress.

The Underground Railroad

Prior to the Civil War, Iowa voters demonstrated a greater interest in the Republican Party's economic ideals than in its human rights principles. Iowans rejected the concept of black suffrage in the constitutional referendum of 1857, but the state's commitment to the abolition of slavery is well documented throughout the antebellum period. The most dramatic demonstration of this commitment was the extensive participation of Iowans in the underground railroad. Iowa had many stations in this secret network organized by citizens—many of them Quakers—who actively assisted runaway slaves in reaching Canada and freedom.

Many of these stations still stand. In barns, houses and cellars, devoted men and women found a few hours of rest and security for the black fugitives. One of the best known stations is Salem in Henry County. Its settlers were predominantly Quakers who, at the risk of life and property, befriended the black man. Armed Missourians with baying bloodhounds often rode into the community, close on the trail of the escaping slaves.irate slave owners threatened to shoot or hang those helping the fugitives, and to burn their buildings.

Ruel Daggs, a fire-breathing Missouri planter, lost many slaves by the Salem route and was particularly violent in his threats on participants in the underground railroad. Once he had a cannon planted in front of the Lewelling Stone House, where he claimed his slaves were hidden. Another time he roared into town with a small army and proposed to destroy the village. The unperturbed Quakers refused to be daunted by such threats. Later Daggs brought suit against Elihu Frazer and 18 others for \$10,000 for the part they had played in the loss of his "chattels." He valued his adult male slaves at \$2,000 each, adult female slaves at \$1,000 each, and slave children at \$500 each. The value of the number he had lost totaled \$9,000, and he added \$1,000 to pay for help hired to replace the missing slaves. He had, he said, "casually lost possession" of his slaves and traced them to Salem, where the defendents had helped them to escape. The records do not show the outcome of Daggs' suit, which was brought before a jury on Sept. 19, 1850.

John Brown, the noted abolitionist, had many friends in the underground railroad and was often in Iowa. He visited Tabor, West Liberty and Springdale frequently, and he also came to Grinnell, Des Moines and other Iowa towns on occasion. After his battles in Kansas, he fled into hiding among the Quakers in Iowa. While these men of peace did not condone Brown's violence, they did agree with his anti-slavery stand.

Tabor was Brown's favorite retreat. This was the underground station closest to Iowa's southern border and was used by Brown to drill his followers and to store arms for the fighting ahead. The community also provided refuge for the sick and wounded veterans of the battles in Kansas. Here and elsewhere, Brown came for brief periods of peace in his tumultuous anti-slavery campaign.

The stately old stone Lewelling House still stands in Salem and is open to the public. In its kitchen, furnished as in Civil War days, the stone steps that slaves followed to their hiding place in the cellar may be seen.

Iowa in the Civil War

By Edith Wasson McElroy, Iowa Civil War Centennial Commission

Electoral trends in Iowa prior to the Civil War heralded the rapid rise of Republicanism as the dominant force in public affairs, but it was the victory of the Republican-commanded Union Army in the sectional conflict that assured Iowa's future as virtually a one-party state.

Iowa had not yet celebrated its 15th year of statehood when the Civil War began. The state's population was concentrated along the Mississippi River and across the southern and central areas of the state. Of a total population of 675,000 people, about 116,000 men were subjected to military duty. Iowa contributed proportionately more men to Civil War military service than did any other state, north or south. It sent more than 75,000 volunteers to the armed forces, over one-sixth of whom were in their graves before Appomattox. Forty-eight infantry regiments, nine cavalry regiments and four batteries of artillery were organized during the four years of fighting. Almost half of the eligible male population in Iowa bore arms, a record that has never been exceeded in any war since.

Iowa had several brigadier generals and four major generals—Grenville Mellen Dodge, Samuel B. Curtis, Francis J. Herron and Frederick Steels. Many Iowa generals went on to state and national prominence following the war.

Iowa troops fought at Wilson's Creek in Missouri, Pea Ridge in Arkansas, Forts Henry and Donelson, Shiloh, Chattanooga, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, and Rossville Gap. They were at Vicksburg, Iuka and Corinth. They were with the Army of the Potomac in Virginia and fought under Sheridan in the Shenandoah Valley. They were buried at Andersonville. They marched on Gen. Nathaniel Banks' ill-starred expedition to the Red River. They marched and countermarched, skirmished and fought across most Southern states. Twenty-seven Iowans won the Congressional Medal of Honor, first awarded in the Civil War.

By special authority of the War Department, the 37th Iowa Volunteer Infantry was made up of men beyond military age. Their average age was 57; more than 100 were in their 60s, a number were 70, and at least one man was past 80. The Graybeards, as they were called, served as prison and provost guards, relieving younger men for active duty. For a time they guarded supply trains. Passing through guerilla territory, one train was attacked. Four men were wounded, two of whom died. When riding atop swaying trains proved too strenuous for their aging bodies, the men returned to prison guard duty.

After Lee's surrender, the weary Graybeards asked to go home. In recommending their discharge, General Willich pointed out that they had given some 1,300 sons and grandsons to the Union blues. On May 24, 1865, the regiment was mustered out at Davenport. It was the only regiment of men beyond the Army's age limit to serve in the Civil War. The regiment had a high reputation as prison guards, being more humane than was common in that day.

Few Iowa soldiers were native-born Iowans. They came from Pennsylvania, New England, New York, Ohio and Indiana. Southern small farmers, unable to compete with the great slaveholders, followed the Mississippi River to Iowa, and their sons wore the Union blue. Many soldiers were immigrants from foreign lands. There was scarcely a state or a nation not represented on Iowa's Civil War roster.

Iowa's First War Governor

From the outset of the Civil War, Gov. Samuel Kirkwood displayed extraordinary leadership in organizing Iowa's contribution to the Union cause. Kirkwood had come to Iowa in 1854, and in 1856 was chosen as a delegate to the convention that organized the new Republican Party in Iowa. From that time on, Kirkwood, the son of a Maryland farmer, remained a pre-eminent figure in Iowa politics, and in 1860 he was elected governor on the Republican ticket.

Difficulties beyond those confronting any other Iowa governor awaited Kirkwood when he journeyed in an old Concord stage, wallowing through snow drifts, to Iowa's new Capitol. Des Moines in 1860 was a shabby frontier town of less than 3,000 inhabitants. The new statehouse was more than a mile away from any hotel, with streets little more than wagon tracks through the swampy river bottom terrain leading up to it. The new governor had no aides, no staff, not even a private secretary. Typewriters were unknown. With the help of friends who volunteered their services, Kirkwood answered the voluminous correspondence that came to his desk by hand.

When the tidal wave of war rolled over the state, Kirkwood was faced with the need to provide equipment and supplies for the thousands of volunteers who poured into the crude camps. In May 1861, the General Assembly approved the issuance of \$800,000 worth of bonds, a tremendous sum for those days. Selling the bonds was not so easy. The state was in debt. Taxes were delinquent. The people were impoverished by the financial difficulties of the late '50s. To buy guns, the governor pledged his personal resources. With no guarantee of repayment, the state's banks came to his aid. Private citizens loaned thousands of dollars. Railroads carried soldiers without cost. Farmers gave food. Communities provided uniforms for their companies. Most Democrats, forgetting party animosities, joined with Republicans in advancing the Union cause. Newspapers wrote of little else than the war. Ministers preached that to serve the state was to serve the Lord, and Iowa's young men volunteered by the thousands.

When Kirkwood visited President-elect Lincoln in Springfield, he told him, "Iowa will not be frightened into abandoning its principles." Iowa was excited by the unhappy state of the Union, but would never consent to its dissolution. Dissenters existed, but they were a minority.

On President Lincoln's first call for volunteers, the state's quota of 10 companies was mustered six days before the official date. The second call was filled so promptly that the 2nd Regiment preceded the 1st into the field by a day.

The Mississippi River was a great throughway to the South down which Iowa's troops moved by river packet. Naturally, the first camps sprang up along its banks. Communications throughout the state were slow and centralization of training centers was imperative. From three to five days were required for a letter to reach Des Moines from Keokuk. Copies of the Burlington Hawk-Eye were carried from Eddyville to Des Moines, a distance of 75 miles, by pony express.

Volunteers were abundant, but guns were not. On April 29, 1861, Kirkwood wrote to the secretary of war in Washington: "For God's sake send us arms. I ask nothing more but arms and ammunition—we have the men to use them. Three regiments are waiting and 5,000 guns are required at once." Meanwhile, the men drilled with brooms. At Shiloh, Iowa regiments marched from riverboat to battlefield under enemy fire to load their guns for the first time.

The first camps were bleak and crude, with little thought of sanitation or physical comfort. As the war dragged on, some camps took on a kind of permanence with rude buildings of rough boards. Other camps consisted of rows of tents, which vanished when the troops marched out, only to bloom again when a new contingent arrived.

Military Organization

The regiment was the unit of command, with its colonel named by the governor. Despite the political overtone, the average ability of officers was high. Mistakes in selection were made, but in the field, the unfit officers soon disappeared. A certificate of sobriety was required by the governor from all elected officers; even so, drunkenness as well as incompetency occurred. Permitting the men to elect their officers was not always successful from a military viewpoint. It did have one noteworthy advantage: the elected officer had the respect and liking of his men, an important factor in the volunteer regiments. Few field or staff officers had previous military experience. The Civil War officer learned his trade on the march and on the battlefield. The majority of the officers, high and low, had been community and state leaders before the war. They were sincere and honest men fighting for a cause in which they believed.

The adjutant general's office was, like the governor's, overwhelmed. Soon after Bull Run, Kirkwood appointed Nathaniel B. Baker to the post. Baker was familiar with executive matters. A graduate of Harvard, he studied law in the office of Franklin Pierce. In New Hampshire, his native state, he served as a journalist, clerk of court, member of the legislature, twice speaker of the house, and finally governor.

Kirkwood and Baker made a strong team. Both men were highly competent executives with a deep concern for Iowa's troops. Arbitrary rules, mistreatment or arrogance brought quick and vigorous reprimands from the governor and the adjutant general. Baker's conduct in office was so efficient that he was cited by the War Department as the model for the adjutant general.

Internal Dissension

The Peace Democrats (often called "Copperheads" by their political opponents), at first opposed the war on strictly constitutional grounds. Dubuque editor Dennis A. Mahony was one such critic who defended the South's right to secede from the Union. Such outspoken opposition to the Republicans' war effort led to fears within Gov. Samuel Kirkwood's administration that Southern sympathizers in Iowa were conspiring to defeat the Union cause. A secret society, the Knights of the Golden Circle, allegedly engaged in such conspiratorial activities, although the evidence that such an organization even existed remains sketchy at best.

While history records no Civil War battles on Iowa soil, invasion from slave-owning Missouri was a constant threat, as was the danger from the warlike Sioux in the northwestern part of the state. Log stockades were built from Chain-of-Lakes in Emmet County to Sioux City. The Legislature authorized the formation of the Northern Border Brigade, which brought further security to the scattered settlers.

News of the Union defeat at Bull Run brought rejoicing to Missouri secessionists and renewed fears of an invasion of Iowa's southern border counties. Citizens slept with guns at hand and Kirkwood authorized the organization of militia in southeastern Iowa.

When news came on Sunday, Aug. 4, 1861, that a Confederate band numbering anywhere from 500 to 1,500 men was approaching Athens, Mo., across the Des Moines River from Croton, Iowa, Capt. David Moore with Belknap's Rifles and Capt. Sample's cavalry (on foot) set out from Keokuk to meet the enemy. Detachments from the 5th and 6th infantries encamped at Burlington arrived too late. Because the rebels were mounted, a forced march into Missouri was unable to overtake them. Two landmarks of that day still stand—the Benning House on the Missouri side of the river, its wall punctured by a cannon ball, and the Sprouse House on the Iowa side, where the wounded were cared for.

In southwestern Iowa, the first companies to reach the rendezvous of the 4th Iowa Regiment in July 1861 were hurried from Council Bluffs under Col. Grenville Dodge to repel a threatened Confederate invasion in that area.

The final raid into Iowa was made by Missouri guerillas in 1864. A dozen young men rode boldly into Davis County, robbing, murdering and looting. Bloomfield's county fair was in progress and a posse quickly formed. Commanded by Col. James B. Weaver, they rode out, only to find that the raiders had fled across the border.

Iowa's Second War Governor

When Samuel Kirkwood declined to seek a third term as governor in 1864, the Republicans asked William Milo Stone, a lawyer and newspaper publisher from Knoxville, to become the party's standard-bearer in Iowa. Stone was already well known to Iowa voters, having served with distinction in the Union Army for nearly three years.

When Fort Sumter was fired on, Stone raised a company in Knoxville and was elected its captain, even though he was not yet 21. He was wounded at Blue Mills and taken prisoner at Shiloh. After three months' captivity he was chosen as one of the three federal officers paroled by the Confederates to arrange an exchange of prisoners. The mission was unsuccessful; however, and Stone returned to Richmond and surrendered to Confederate authorities. Jefferson Davis was so pleased with his conduct that he sent Stone back to make another try. This time Stone accomplished his mission.

Freed by the Confederates, Stone returned to Knoxville, where he was made colonel of the 22nd Iowa Infantry. Returning to battle, he was wounded at Vicksburg. While recuperating, he was nominated by the Republicans to succeed Kirkwood. Resigning his commission, Stone waged a successful campaign, was elected governor in November 1863, and served as Iowa's governor through the remainder of the war.

Population and Economy in the Post-war Period

Iowa's agricultural economy blossomed in the decades following Appomattox. Trans-state railway lines, promised since territorial days, were finally completed in the late 1860s and 1870s, and commodity markets flourished. The cash value of Iowa farms jumped from \$92,435 in 1860 to \$3,376,779 in 1880. With the railroads came new settlers; the state's population grew from 674,913 in 1860 to 1,624,615 in 1880, an increase of 140 percent. Many of the newcomers were European immigrants; Iowa's 261,650 foreign-born residents in 1880 constituted 16 percent of its total population.

Not all Iowans farmed, of course. From the earliest years of settlement, the state's cities accounted for a steadily increasing share of its population. By 1900, a full one-quarter of all Iowans lived in cities. Ten years later, the federal census revealed that the number of people in the state's rural areas had begun to decline, while its urban population continued to increase. Nourished by farm-related commerce, such market centers as Des Moines, Davenport and Sioux City attracted newcomers to work in the sizeable manufacturing sector that developed during the later years of the 19th century. Iowa's economy remained agricultural, but by 1900, 53 percent of the state's working people found employment in non-farm occupations.

Politics from the Civil War to World War I

The political dominance of Iowa Republicanism faced few challenges in the years from 1865 to 1917. A succession of Republican governors held fast to the party's identity as the steward of economic progress, and few Iowans were disposed to dispute their leadership in the midst of the commercial prosperity that prevailed throughout most of the period. Critics of the political status quo drew followers primarily in times of economic distress. During the mid-1870s, for example, a sizeable number of Iowa farmers concluded that the Republican defense of free enterprise served mainly to uphold the privileges of business corporations over the public interest. The Granger and Antimonopoly movements of the 1870s began a series of third party efforts to advance the right of the farmer to enjoy a fair return on his labor. Though they never gained a real foothold in state politics, the third party movements caused the periodic— if temporary—desertion of thousands of farmers from the Republican ranks, and thus served as a warning that the state's political leaders had lost touch with an important

part of their constituency. Iowa Civil War hero James B. Weaver was twice chosen to head third party tickets as a candidate for the presidency, in 1880 by the Greenback-Labor Party and in 1892 by the People's Party.

More important than third party movements with respect to the actual conduct of public affairs in Iowa was the factionalism that divided the dominant Republican Party in the early 1900s. The spirit of reform that swept the nation at the turn of the century manifested itself in Iowa as a split between conservative ("standpat") and progressive ("insurgent") elements within the structure of the Grand Old Party. Standpat Republicans led by Sen. William Boyd Allison of Dubuque constituted a conservative party establishment dating back to the Civil War era and strongly identified with the railroads and other corporate interests. Progressive insurgents—led by Gov. Albert B. Cummins of Des Moines and, later, by Sen. Jonathan P. Dolliver of Fort Dodge—sought to wrest control of the party machinery from this entrenched elite. The Progressives' political motives are continually debated by Iowa historians, though it would appear that most insurgents had at least some sympathy with such typical progressive reforms as government regulation of interstate commerce, enactment of antitrust legislation, and the establishment of a direct primary. Perhaps the clearest statement of the ideals of the state's progressives is the "Iowa Idea," included as a plank in the Republican Party platform of 1901, which states that government powers should be used to maintain the general welfare rather than to advance special interests.

Iowa in World War I

During the years of American involvement in World War I, 114,224 men and women from Iowa served in the armed forces of the United States. These included: 96,726 enlisted men, 4,975 officers, 611 nurses in the Army; 1,044 enlisted men, 30 officers in the Marines; 10,211 enlisted men, 525 officers, 40 nurses, 42 yeomen in the Navy; and 20 cadets at West Point.

Of the men drafted for service, 51.7 percent were farmers or farm laborers. Despite their absence from the state's farms, Iowa's agricultural economy boomed. War disrupted European farm production and expanded the market for American foodstuffs. In Iowa, production of food for export rose to unprecedented levels and brought extraordinary prosperity to the state's economy. Unfortunately, this wartime demand encouraged over-production. With the conclusion of hostilities and the reduction of European demand after 1919, Iowa farmers faced glutted commodity markets and falling prices. By 1920, they were caught in the grip of an economic depression.

Politics in an Era of Depression

The loss of purchasing power among the state's farmers in the post-war years encouraged Iowa's political leaders to seek federal assistance in improving the farmer's economic security. Throughout the 1920s, Iowa's U. S. senators and representatives—including Smith W. Brookhart, Daniel F. Steck and Gilbert N. Haugen—called on the Republican administrations of Calvin Coolidge and Herbert Hoover to help agriculture achieve political equality with urban business and organized labor. More specifically, they hoped to win congressional and presidential approval of a system of farm price supports that would maintain parity between the prices farmers received for their crops and the prices they paid for non-agricultural goods. Frustrated by the failure of the Republicans' national leadership to respond positively to their demands, many state leaders—and the majority of Iowa voters—gave their support to Democratic presidential candidate Franklin D. Roosevelt in 1932.

Roosevelt's New Deal agricultural relief agencies provided Iowa farmers with much of the price support they had sought in the 1920s. General satisfaction with this and other aspects of the New Deal farm program led Iowa voters to relinquish their traditional commitment to the Republican Party in the period between 1932-38. Roosevelt's secretary of agriculture—Henry Agard Wallace of Des Moines—provided an important link between the state's farmers and the Democratic administration.

Iowa in World War II

During the years of World War II (1941-45), 262,638 Iowa men and women served in the armed forces of the United States. Nearly three-quarters served in the Army, but Iowans were also represented in the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard.

The war years witnessed great changes in Iowa's agricultural economy, most of them stimulated by the widespread adoption of motor-driven machinery in the early 1940s. The impact of this technological transformation became apparent almost immediately. While in 1940 Iowa had 212,318 farms producing goods valued at \$561,836,688, in 1945, the number of farms had declined to 208,934, but output had risen to \$1,232,010,705. Gasoline-powered tractors and other motorized farm vehicles enabled Iowa producers to make rapid advances in output despite the manpower reductions caused by war. Continuing demand for such machinery also stimulated the state's industrial sector, as Iowa manufacturers expanded plants and increased employment to take advantage of the new farm implement market.

Iowa in the Korean War

Not long after the close of World War II, Iowans were again called to battle. The Korean War, beginning in June 1950 and continuing through July 1953, saw 70,500 Iowans inducted into the armed forces of the United States.

Iowa Politics Since World War II

The Republican Party resumed its dominance of Iowa politics in the election of 1938 and has continued to command electoral majorities in most subsequent elections. Since the end of World War II, however, there has been an important consolidation of Democratic political forces in the state of Iowa. Beginning with an energetic voter registration campaign in the 1950s, the Democrats' resurgence culminated in impressive electoral victories in gubernatorial and congressional elections in the 1960s and 1970s. As a result, the one-party politics established in the Civil War era has given way to a more competitive two-party structure in recent years. Herschel C. Loveless, Harold E. Hughes and John C. Culver have provided leadership to the revitalized Democratic Party in Iowa.

Iowa in the Vietnam War

Iowans were again called to combat in the Vietnam War, beginning in 1964 and continuing through 1975.

A report compiled by the Iowa Bonus Board in August 1976 revealed that Iowa suffered 860 casualties resulting from hostile action and 524 casualties due to other causes. More than 103,000 Iowa men were engaged in the war. All persons serving in this war did so under the Universal Military Training and Service Act as amended, requiring registration of all males born on or after Aug. 22, 1922. Registration of such persons was required when they reached the age of 18.

Iowa Enters the 1980s

Iowa enters the 1980s with a strong economy and stable population. In 1978, the value of the state's economic output exceeded \$29 billion, with nearly \$4 billion in farm products and more than \$8 billion in manufactured goods. Mining, trade, construction, finance, private and government services, and transportation comprised other elements in Iowa's gross state product. Per capita income continued to rise in the 1970s, reaching \$6,877 in 1977, up from \$3,039, 10 years earlier. Of the 2.8 million people living in Iowa at the time of the 1970 federal census, 57.2 percent lived in urban areas and 42.8 percent lived in rural areas.

Center of State Government

The government of Iowa centers in the venerable golden-domed Capitol, which presides over a constellation of other buildings on its park-like, 93 acres and several buildings or quarters which the state owns or leases in downtown Des Moines. Planned in 1870, the Capitol was designed to house all the state's activities, but they have overflowed into one building after another as the state has grown and its functions have multiplied. Although the Capitol no longer houses all the government, it still is the center of administration, legislation and judicial interpretation.

There were 418 persons employed in the Capitol when the Iowa State Capitol Planning Commission made a survey. But when the Legislature is in session, there are also 150 legislators, their 150 secretaries and a staff of some 60 legislative clerks and assistants. Visitors throng the corridors at a rate of 600 to 700 a day during legislative sessions. Capitol visitors, in guided groups, in the first half of 1967, numbered between 75,000 and 100,000. Focal point of activity, aside from the legislative halls, is the cafeteria in the ground floor corridor.

Rivalling the Capitol for historic interest is the State Historical Building, where library resources and museum exhibits abound and guided tours are conducted.

How Site was Selected

Location of the Capitol on its commanding site resulted from a series of decisions that began almost with statehood. The new state quickly recognized that the Capitol should be farther west than Iowa City, and the 1st General Assembly, in 1846, authorized a commission to select a location. Amidst rivalries, a Jasper County selection was made, and then rejected. In 1854, the 5th General Assembly decreed a location "within two miles of the Raccoon fork of the Des Moines River." The exact spot was chosen when Wilson Alexander Scott gave the state 9½ acres, where the Capitol now stands.

A group of Des Moines citizens built a temporary Capitol (which was later bought by the state), near where the soldiers and sailor's monument now stands. In 1857, Gov. James W. Grimes proclaimed Des Moines to be the capital city, and state papers and functions were transported thither. The temporary Capitol was in use for 30 years, until destroyed by fire, but in the meantime, the permanent Capitol was being planned and built.

The General Assembly, in 1870, established a capitol commission to employ an architect, choose a plan for a building (not to cost more than \$1,500,000) and to proceed with the work, but only by using funds available without increasing the tax rate.

The board employed Edward Clark, architect of the capitol extension at Washington, to aid in selecting plans and modifying them to keep the cost within the limits of appropriations. The board also instituted tests to ascertain whether Iowa stone could be found suitable for building. John C. Cochrane and A. H. Piquenard were designated as architects, and a cornerstone was laid on Nov. 23, 1871. A smaller, full-time commission was appointed in 1872. Much of the original stone deteriorated through waterlogging and severe weather, and had to be replaced, and the cornerstone was relaid on Sept. 29, 1873.

Although the building, as planned, could not be constructed for \$1,500,000, the Cochrane and Piquenard design was retained and modifications were undertaken. Cochrane resigned in 1872, but Piquenard continued until his death in 1876. He was succeeded by two of his assistants, M.E. Bell and W.F. Hackney. Bell resigned in 1883 to become supervising architect for the Department of the Treasury in Washington, and Hackney continued until completion of the building.

Successive legislatures made appropriations, and the commission built within the limits of the funds appropriated. The building was dedicated in January 1884, when the General Assembly was in session. The governor's and other offices were occupied in 1885. The Supreme Court room was dedicated in 1886.

The building commission made its final report on June 29, 1886. The cost had totaled \$2,873,294.59. The audit showed that only \$3.77 was unaccounted for in the 15 years. The commission bemoaned that it could not have had another \$30,000 to finish the frescoes and build the south and west steps.

In 1902, in order to modernize and repair the building, a third capitol commission was created. While work proceeded, a disastrous fire in the north wing on Jan. 4, 1904, ruined the House chamber and damaged other offices. The commission restored the building, purchased paintings and mosaics, and redecorated all of the interior. The original decorations are still in the Senate. These expenditures raised the total cost of the Capitol to \$3,296,256.

Design of Capitol

The architectural design of the Capitol, rectangular in form, with great windows and high ceilings, follows the traditional pattern of the 19th century planning for public buildings, a modified and refined Renaissance style which gives the impression of strength and dignity combined with utility.

The commanding feature is the central towering dome. This is constructed of steel and stone and covered with 23 carat gold. The gold leafing was replaced in 1964-65 at a cost of \$79,938. The dome is surmounted by a lookout lantern that may be reached by long and winding stairs, and it terminates in a finial that is 275 feet above the ground floor. The rotunda beneath the dome is 67 feet in diameter. Four smaller domes of simple design rise from the four corners of the Capitol. The pediment over the front entrance discloses a fine piece of allegorical sculpture.

Stone for the basement was quarried in Johnson County, Iowa; granite came from Iowa boulders; stone of the main structure from St. Genevieve and Carroll counties, Missouri; steps, columns and other parts from Anamosa, Iowa; Cleveland, Ohio; Sauk Rapids, Minn.; Lamont and Joliet, Ill. Twenty-nine types of imported and domestic marble were used in the interior; and the wood used was nearly all from Iowa forests of walnut, cherry, catalpa, butternut and oak.

As is so often the case with public buildings, visitors are likely to enter on the ground floor, although the majestic approach is up the long hill and stone steps from the parking lots on the west. The ground floor corridors are busy with cafeteria service. Here, visiting groups may stop at the custodian's office to obtain information and to inquire about guide service. There are also information desks on the upper floors.

The beauty, dignity and arrangement of the interior become apparent as the visitor stands under the dome on the first floor. Broad, lofty corridors extend west, north and south. Walls are highly decorated. The grand staircase is to the east. Suites opening from the south corridor are those of the governor, auditor of state and treasurer of state. The Supreme Court and secretary of agriculture's office are to the north, the secretary of state's suite to the west.

The grand staircase ascends to a landing and divides north and south to bring visitors to the floor above, where the House of Representatives is on the north, the Senate on the south and the law library on the west.

The Senate hall is 58 feet long, 91 feet wide and 41.9 feet in height. It is finished in marble, white oak and scagliola, and is furnished in mahogany. The figures in the ceiling represent Industry, Law, Agriculture, Peace, History and Commerce.

The hall of the House of Representatives is 74 by 91.4 feet, and 47.9 feet in height. It is finished in marble, scagliola and black walnut.

The law library is 108.4 feet long, 52.6 feet wide and 44.9 feet high. It is finished in ash and chestnut and beautifully wainscoted in marble.

The Mural "Westward"

Extending full width of the east wall over the staircase is the great mural painting, "Westward," an idealized representation of the coming of the people who made Iowa. This was completed as part of the 1904 decoration. Edwin H. Blashfield, the artist, wrote of it:

"The main idea of the picture is a symbolical presentation of the Pioneers led by the spirits of Civilization and Enlightenment to the conquest by cultivation of the Great West. Considered pictorially the canvas shows a prairie schooner drawn by oxen

across the prairie. The family ride upon the wagon or walk at its side. Behind them and seen through the growth of stalks at the right, come crowding the other pioneers and later men. In the air and before the wagon are floating four female figures; one holds the shield with the arms of the State of Iowa upon it; one holds a book symbolizing enlightenment; two others carry a basket and scatter the seeds which are symbolical of the change from wilderness to plowed fields and gardens that shall come over the prairie. Behind the wagon and also floating in the air, two female figures hold respectively a model of a stationary steam engine and of a electro dynamo to suggest the forces which come with the later men. In the right hand corner of the picture, melons, pumpkins, etc., among which stand a farmer and a girl, suggest that here is the fringe of cultivation and the beginning of the prairie. At the left a buffalo skull rather emphasizes this suggestion."

On the upper floor level above the "Westward" painting are six mosaics in arched panels depicting Defense, Charities, the Executive, the Legislative, the Judiciary and Education. These were made in Venice from small pieces of colored stone, according to designs by Frederick Dielman of New York, who also designed the mosaic panels, Law and History, in the Congressional Library.

Twelve statues, high within the rotunda, beginning north of the library door, represent History, Science, Law, Fame, Art, Industry, Peace, Commerce, Agriculture, Victory, Truth and Justice.

Eight lunettes, or half-moon-shaped paintings, surrounding the rotunda are the work of Kenyon Cox, famous American artist. They are entitled: Hunting, Herding, Agriculture, the Forge, Commerce, Education, Science, Art. They are allegorical and indicate the progress of civilization.

At the top of the staircase on the south wall is a painting of a basket of corn by Floyd V. Brackney, a native of Marshall County. This picture was the center of the Iowa exhibit at the Panama-Pacific Exposition in San Francisco.

The battle flags carried by the Iowa regiments in various wars are preserved in niches on the main floor—Civil War, 36; Spanish American War, 13; First World War, 26. In the west hall is a plaque done by Nellie V. Walker in commemoration of the work of Iowa women in the fight for civic and political equality. In the south hall is a 26-foot photographic enlargement showing the grand review of the 168th Infantry on the Capitol grounds following its return from France in 1919.

A lofty banner, stretched high under the vault of the dome, is a G.A.R. emblem, painted by Joseph Czizek on the occasion of a Des Moines convention of the Grand Army of the Republic, and retained as a permanent decoration by order of Gov. Nathan Kendall in 1922.

Above the grand stairway, facing the large "Westward," are quotations. On the south side is one by Patrick Henry: "No free government or the blessings of Liberty can be preserved to any people but a firm adherence to Justice, Moderation, Temperance, Frugality and Virtue and by a frequent recurrence to fundamental principles."

On the north side is one by G. W. Curtis: "Courageous confidence in the intelligence of the community is the sure sign of leadership and success."

Underneath it is one by Solon: "The ideal state—that in which an injury done to the least of its citizens is an injury done to all."

Around the rotunda on the frieze above the columns is the famous Abraham Lincoln quotation: "That government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth."

The Governor's Office

On Jan. 1, 1885, Gov. Buren R. Sherman became the first occupant of the present offices of the governor of Iowa, following dedication of the state Capitol building the year before. Much of the decoration and original furnishings of that day are still preserved in the four-room suite. The large, ornate mahogany table in the center of the reception room is an example. The frescoed ceilings were painted in watercolors on the wet plaster more than 80 years ago.

The governor's private office was moved from the center room to the west office by Gov. Albert B. Cummins in 1902. The governor's desk also was installed at that time and has been used by all subsequent chief executives of Iowa. Gov. Nathan Kendall

[1921-25] provided the solid, straightback chairs for visitors. Frescoes of the Great Seal of the state of Iowa and of the Iowa Territorial Seal adorn the ceiling of the governor's private office.

The grandfather clock in the governor's office dates from about 1750 and once was owned by the prominent Iowa author Emerson Hough of Newton (1857-1923). The tall clock in the office of the executive assistant is the original master clock controlling other clocks in the law library, Supreme Court and legislative chambers. Operated by air, the clock must be wound once a week.

The offices are 23 feet 9 inches from floor to ceiling. The draperies are velvet and lined with satin with an underdrapery of semi-sheer fabrics. Lamps in the inner office are of pewter. Prisms of cut Czechoslovakian crystal decorate the chandelier in the reception room. The woodwork was carved in cherry and mahogany by skilled German craftsmen. The hearths and wainscoting are of fine domestic and imported marble. Paintings in the offices are the works of Iowa artists.

Home of Iowa's Governor

Terrace Hill, 2300 Grand Ave., in Des Moines, has been designated by the Iowa General Assembly as the home of Iowa's governors. This mid-Victorian home of red-brick, Italian marble, stained glass, brass, crystal and a variety of woods (including walnut, butternut, oak, French oak, mahogany and rosewood) was built by Benjamin Franklin Allen between 1867 and 1869 in a 30-acre grove of trees on what was then the west edge of Des Moines.

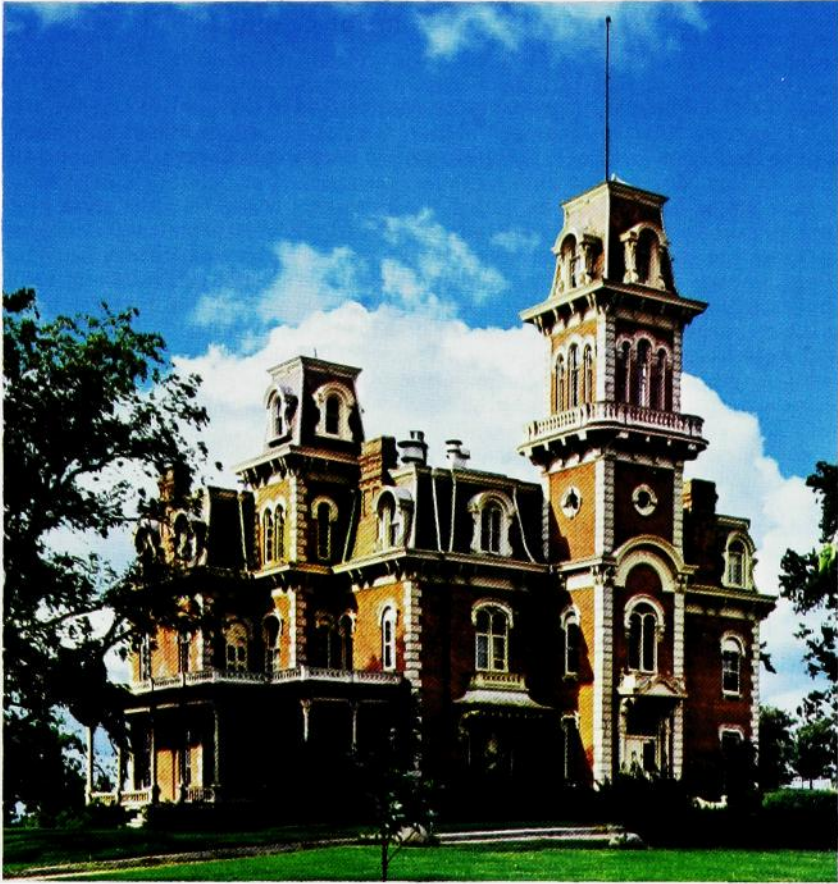
Iowa was then 20 years old, with a population of 7,000, as compared to today's total of nearly 3,000,000. Allen spared no expense in building his dream mansion. It reportedly cost some \$250,000 to build and furnish.

Designed by Chicago architect W. W. Boyington, Terrace Hill remains one of the most outstanding examples of Victorian residential architecture in the Midwest. With the exception of the Michigan Avenue Waterworks Tower, most of Boyington's other works were destroyed by the great Chicago fire.

Upon completion of Terrace Hill, the Allens held a combined 15th wedding anniversary and housewarming celebration. The party cost more than \$10,000 and was considered one of the most elaborate social events of the time. More than 600 guests from New York, Washington and the Middle West attended. Frederick Marion Hubbell, subsequent owner of Terrace Hill, was among the guests in attendance that evening.

In 1873, Allen left Des Moines for Chicago where he had purchased the controlling interest in the Cook County National Bank. The bank failed in January 1875 and Allen met financial disaster. To settle with his creditors, Allen sold most of his assets, including 22 of the 30 acres of the Terrace Hill tract.

The future of the mansion itself was uncertain until May 1884 when Hubbell managed to purchase the property for \$60,000 (a fifth of its original cost).



Terrace Hill

Hubbell loved Terrace Hill with a passion and wanted to preserve it forever, if possible. In 1903, at the age of 63, he set up a trust to safeguard his enormous holdings for his heirs. He stipulated that Terrace Hill should be maintained as a home for the oldest living male heir in the Hubbell family if that person so desired.

The last family member to live in the spacious 21-room mansion, Mrs. Grover Hubbell, left Terrace Hill in 1957 after the death of her husband. Since then, eligible male descendants have chosen not to live there.

Subsequently, with court approval, the Hubbell heirs were permitted to purchase the home from the family trust and on Aug. 24, 1971, formally presented Terrace Hill to the state of Iowa. That fall, Gov. Robert D. Ray appointed a 35-member commission to make recommendations for the home's use.

Headed by George Mills and later by Dick Graeme, the Terrace Hill Planning Commission recommended that Terrace Hill be used as a governor's residence. The General Assembly approved that recommendation and Ray signed into law on April 18, 1972, an "Act Relating to the Planning for and Conversion of Terrace Hill for Use as Governor's Mansion." The commission appointed William J. Wagner, noted artist of Iowa landmarks, as the official architect with instructions that the land and building comprising Terrace Hill be preserved basically unchanged.

A master plan coordinating eight acres of land—including the carriage house—with Terrace Hill, has been given extensive study and preparation. The Terrace Hill Society, however, has been founded for the purpose of raising funds and providing assistance in the restoration and furnishing of this historic home which belongs to all Iowans.

Growth of the Capitol Complex

Originally, the whole state government was housed in the Capitol, but departments through the years have outgrown it. There are now 17 state-owned buildings on or adjacent to the capitol grounds, one state owned building housing I.P.B.N. and 10 other buildings in Des Moines in which space is leased.

The first major building to be added to the capitol group was the state historical building, planned originally in 1896 to house the Aldrich historical collection, but now the home of the state historical department and a variety of library and museum functions. Known as the Historical Memorial and Art Building, it is 260 by 110 feet in size, built at the turn of the century and enlarged by an addition in 1908.

The limited area of the capitol grounds became a major political issue, and the 35th General Assembly in 1913 set up a tax to raise \$3,000,000 to purchase lots, buildings and residences to clear the way for expansion to 93½ acres. The land was landscaped, drives were put in, and a system of lighting was installed to enhance the beauty of the Capitol.

The six-story-and-basement Lucas office building, 120 by 246 feet in size, was started with an appropriation of \$1,650,000 by the 49th General Assembly. The first occupancy was completed when the Department of Public Instruction moved April 24, 1952. Total cost of the building was \$4,935,892. A tunnel from the new office building to the statehouse was completed early in 1953 at a cost of \$92,841.

The International Harvester Building, on the southwest corner of the state-house grounds, was bought in 1945. Total cost including remodeling of its five floors was \$541,972. This building now serves as a records and property center.

The Amos Hyatt school building, southeast on the grounds was remodeled for use of the Commerce Commission. After being condemned, the former school building was authorized for demolition.

Purchase of the old Y.M.C.A. building at Fourth Street and Keosauqua Way for \$300,000 was authorized by the 58th General Assembly in 1959. This building was remodeled for the Commission for the Blind.

The Iowa Employment Security Commission moved into a new office building in October 1963. The 59th General Assembly in 1961 financed construction in part by the use of non-refundable reserve funds accumulated from taxes paid by Iowa employers to the federal government for administration of the unemployment insurance program. The money, representing 85 percent of the \$1.7 million construction cost, will be returned to the Iowa Unemployment Trust Fund over a period of years by amortization grants by the federal government. The remainder of the building cost came from a \$75,000 appropriation from the state general funds and from an authorization allowing the use of \$225,000 from the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System for its offices. The new building is at 1000 East Grand Ave. across from the statehouse. Its light gray exterior brick closely resembles the color of the stone walls of the Capitol, and emphasis on the vertical dimension keeps the three-story new building in harmony with the much taller statehouse.

The contour of the building was modified in 1971 by construction of a three-story addition to house the ever-expanding programs administered by the Iowa Employment Security Commission under the direction of the manpower administration.

The state of Iowa purchased the Valley Bank Building for \$400,000 on Dec. 14, 1967. In 1980 the building was sold to the city of Des Moines as a part of the project to develop the entire block. The city took possession in January of 1981 and demolished it.

The Iowa Vocational Rehabilitation Center at 1029 Des Moines St. is a division of the state Department of Public Instruction. It was first housed in the old wood-frame governors' mansion. In 1954-55 a brick addition was built. The present structure was begun in 1968 and an addition was added in 1970. A second addition was completed in 1980, now all divisions of Vocational Rehabilitation are under one roof.

The purchase of the Vehicle Dispatchers Building at Fourth and Walnut was authorized by the 64th General Assembly in the amount of \$350,880.

The Henry A. Wallace Building, occupying the entire block north of Grand Avenue between Pennsylvania and East Ninth streets, was completed in 1978. This building is sometimes referred to as the Agricultural Building reflecting the important role agriculture plays in contributing to the great vitality of Iowa. The Agriculture

Department as well as a number of other agencies also involved in the use of the land are housed in the building. The laboratory facilities provided for the Department of Agriculture, State Hygenics Laboratory and Bureau of Criminal Investigation are second to none in the entire country. The Herbert Hoover State Office Building was also completed in 1978. This building located south of Walnut between East Thirteenth and East Fourteenth streets, is more of a general office building and also houses the Centralized Data Processing Division. Concurrent with the construction of these two large buildings, a new Central Energy Plant was constructed at the south end of East Thirteenth Street. This facility provides for steam and chilled water for most all buildings on the Capitol Complex through the tunnel system that also serves as pedestrian connections. The first phase of the remodeling of the Lucas Building was completed in 1981. This phase provided for the complete remodeling of the sixth and fifth floors as well as modernizing the mechanical and electrical systems in the building. It also provided availability to the handicapped by remodeling the east entrance into the building as well as installing an elevator that permits handicapped access to the pedestrian tunnel system. When the other floors are remodeled, the Lucas Building will have been brought up to the building standards of the 1980s.

The Capitol Building

Members of the 5th General Assembly, meeting in Iowa City in 1855, determined that the permanent site of a new state Capitol should be within "two miles of the junction of the Des Moines and Raccoon Rivers."

Legislation for the construction of a permanent statehouse was first enacted on April 3, 1868, with final legislative approval given on April 8, 1870. The cornerstone of the Capitol was laid on Sept. 29, 1873. The stone was brought from Buchanan County. Forty items were placed in it including \$40.55 in gold and silver coins and a membership list of the Monroe Cornet Band. The building was dedicated in 1884 with construction brought to a close in 1886. The cost was \$2,873,294.50. Expenditures were increased to a total of \$3,296,256 by repairs, restoration and redecoration following a fire in the north wing on Jan. 4, 1904.

The statehouse of Iowa is a massive building. It measures 363 feet 8 inches from north to south and 246 feet 11 inches from east to west. Its golden dome rises 275 feet above the ground floor. With a diameter of 80 feet, the golden dome is said to be the largest of its kind in the country and is overlaid with 23 carat gold.

The exterior of the building is entirely of stone, with elaborate columns and handsomely designed cornices and capitals. The substructure is of dark Iowa stone topped by a heavy course of vari-colored granite cut from glacial boulders gathered from Iowa prairies. The superstructure, or main part of the building, is of buff colored sandstone from quarries along the Mississippi River in Missouri. Twenty-nine kinds of marble were used in the finishing of the state house, 22 foreign marbles and domestic marbles from Tennessee, New York and Vermont.

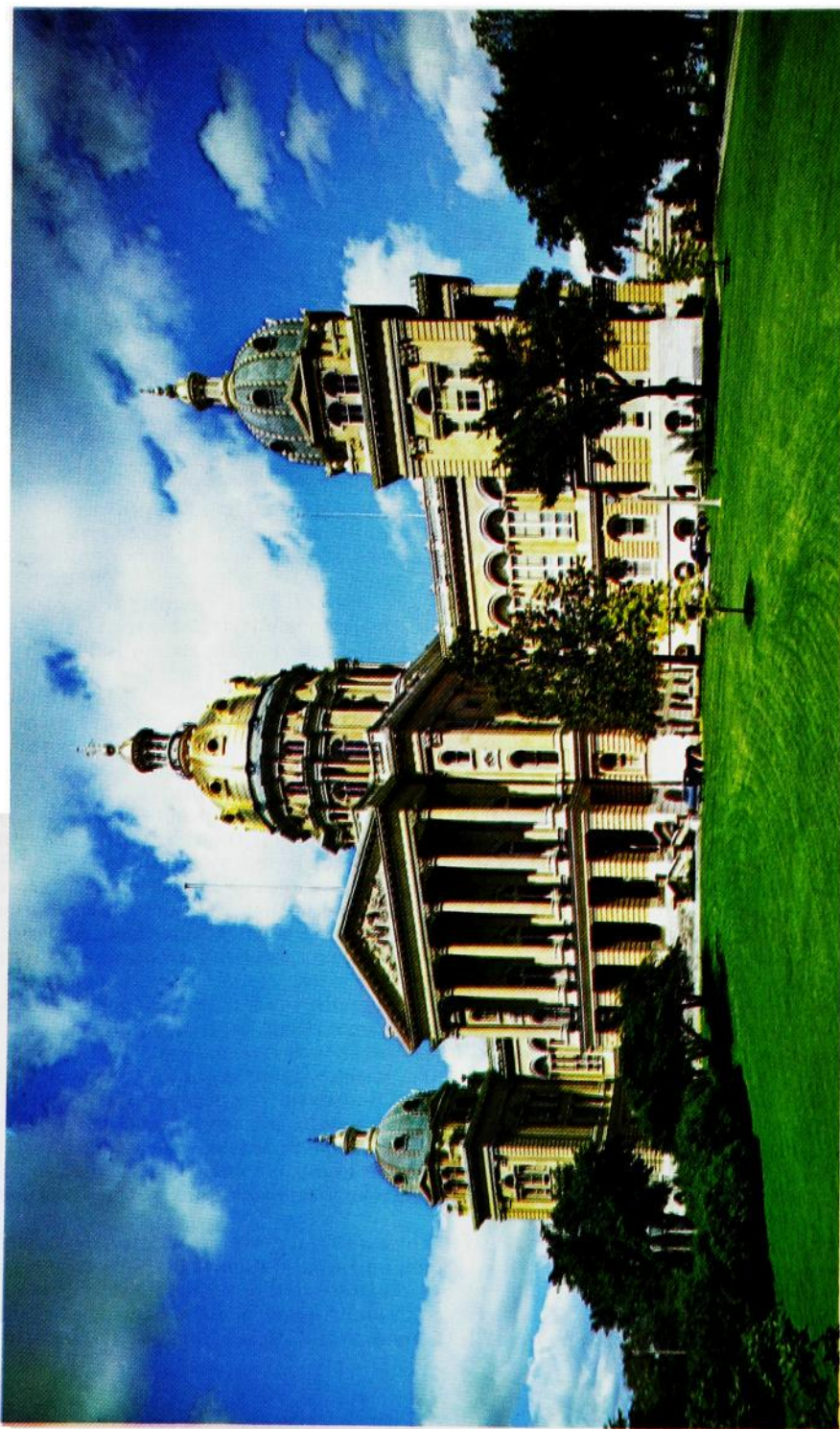
The marble Grand Stairway between the second and third floors is the focal point of the building. Up these steps the chief magistrate of the state is escorted to address the legislative branch of government. Down these steps newly inaugurated governors have led their official parties to begin gala balls in the majestic rotunda.

Around the rotunda, which measures nearly 67 feet in diameter, are four cases of regimental flags of Iowa Civil War companies. Others contain flags carried in the Spanish-American War and World War I.

The Supreme Court occupies the west side of the north corridor. Here, nine justices presently preside over the high court of the state of Iowa.

The Capitol also houses the offices of the governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general and secretary of agriculture, the state Senate and House of Representatives and the law library. Other offices of state government are found in the Capitol and in the state office building, state historical building and other buildings on and adjacent to the Capitol grounds and in downtown Des Moines.

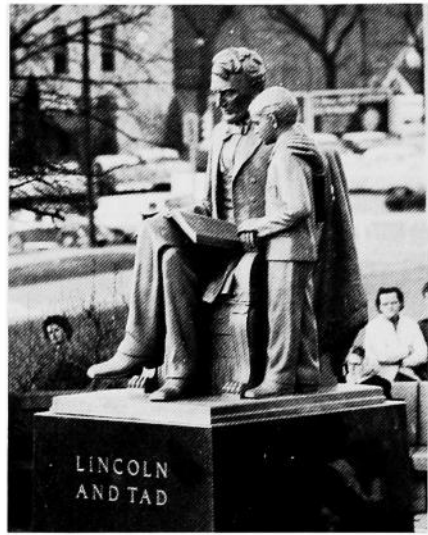
The original 17 acres of the Capitol site have been expended to approximately 165 acres. Thirty thousand plants, with 150 varieties of flowers, flourish on what will be the world's largest capitol setting when the work of the Capitol Planning Commission is completed.



THE CAPITOL



The Japanese Bell



Lincoln and Tad

Striking Monuments

The most striking monument on the Capitol grounds is the granite shaft rising 145 feet, erected to the memory of the soldiers and sailors of the Civil War. The heroic bronze figure "Victory" is predominant, while at the base there are four groups representing different branches of the military or naval service, and numerous historical plaques and medallion portraits of typical soldiers. The original design was by Harriet A. Ketcham, and work was commenced in 1894. A small and appropriate memorial to Christopher Columbus, erected by Iowa citizens of Italian ancestry, stands nearby.

Gen. Grenville Dodge erected a monument honoring Iowa's longtime Sen. William B. Allison. This is an allegorical design of heroic dimensions, depicting civic duties in the public service, and it is encompassed by a flower bed.

West of the Capitol is an impressive bronze statuary group depicting the pioneer. The cannon and mortar on the grounds are of Civil War days. The grave of Wilson A. Scott, one of those who gave the state the Capitol grounds, is near where he lived and is appropriately marked. A bronze cannon taken in the Spanish-American War and the headpiece of the Battleship Iowa are near the historical building. A granite block dedicated to the soldiers of the Spanish-American War also stands on the plaza east of the Capitol.

In 1950, the fine record of Iowa citizens in war bond drives was rewarded with the presentation of a replica of the Liberty Bell, and it is stationed just across the street west of the State Office Building. Boy Scouts presented a replica in miniature of the Statue of Liberty, and it is erected between Grand Avenue and the parking area east of the Capitol. A stone erected by the W.R.C. in honor of Crocker Post No. 12, Department of Iowa, was set in 1944.

20-Year Building Plan

The 61st General Assembly in 1965 adopted a master plan and guide for the future expansion and development of the state capitol grounds. This was the plan presented by the Capitol Planning Commission, as directed by the 60th General Assembly. It was entitled "Planning for 20 years."

Three steps toward carrying out the plan were taken by the 61st General Assembly, as follows:

1. Adoption of the plan.
2. Authorization for purchase of land by the state executive council. The proposed addition to extend east to East Fourteenth Street, north to Des Moines Street and south to the railroad tracks.
3. Appropriation of \$3,000,000 for a new state office building. A legislative advisory committee was named to act with the executive council to employ architects, approve plans and let contracts.

The additional land was acquired and construction of the new state office building was begun in 1966 and completed in 1968. The new building was named after James W. Grimes, Iowa's third governor, who went on to the U.S. Senate. The Department of Public Instruction, Merit Employment and several divisions of the Department of General Services presently occupy most of the space in the Grimes Building.

Other proposals of the 20-Year Plan have been accomplished:

Consolidation of the Vocational Rehabilitation division with new construction completed in 1970.

Razing of the Amos Hyatt Building, the Kasson Building and most of the buildings that were acquired with the acquisition of the additional land.

Continuing landscaping of the Capitol Complex.

The first session of the 65th General Assembly in 1973 appropriated \$5,000,000 for an additional office building and \$100,000 to develop plans for an additional building to house the Department of Agriculture and consolidate all the state laboratory facilities.

These plans were developed and the second session of the 65th General Assembly appropriated \$7,800,000 for the construction of this building. The second session also increased the appropriation for the additional office building to \$12,500,000 and appropriated \$100,000 to the Capitol Mall, an underground parking garage and a centralized cafeteria.

Building costs inflated at a rapid rate in 1974 and it was necessary for the first session of the 66th General Assembly to appropriate an additional \$3,000,000 for the construction of the two new office buildings. There was considerable discussion in regard to naming these buildings and it was decided that the building for the Agricultural Department would be named the Henry A. Wallace Building. The Capitol Planning Commission sponsored a state-wide contest to choose the other name—the Herbert Hoover State Office Building.

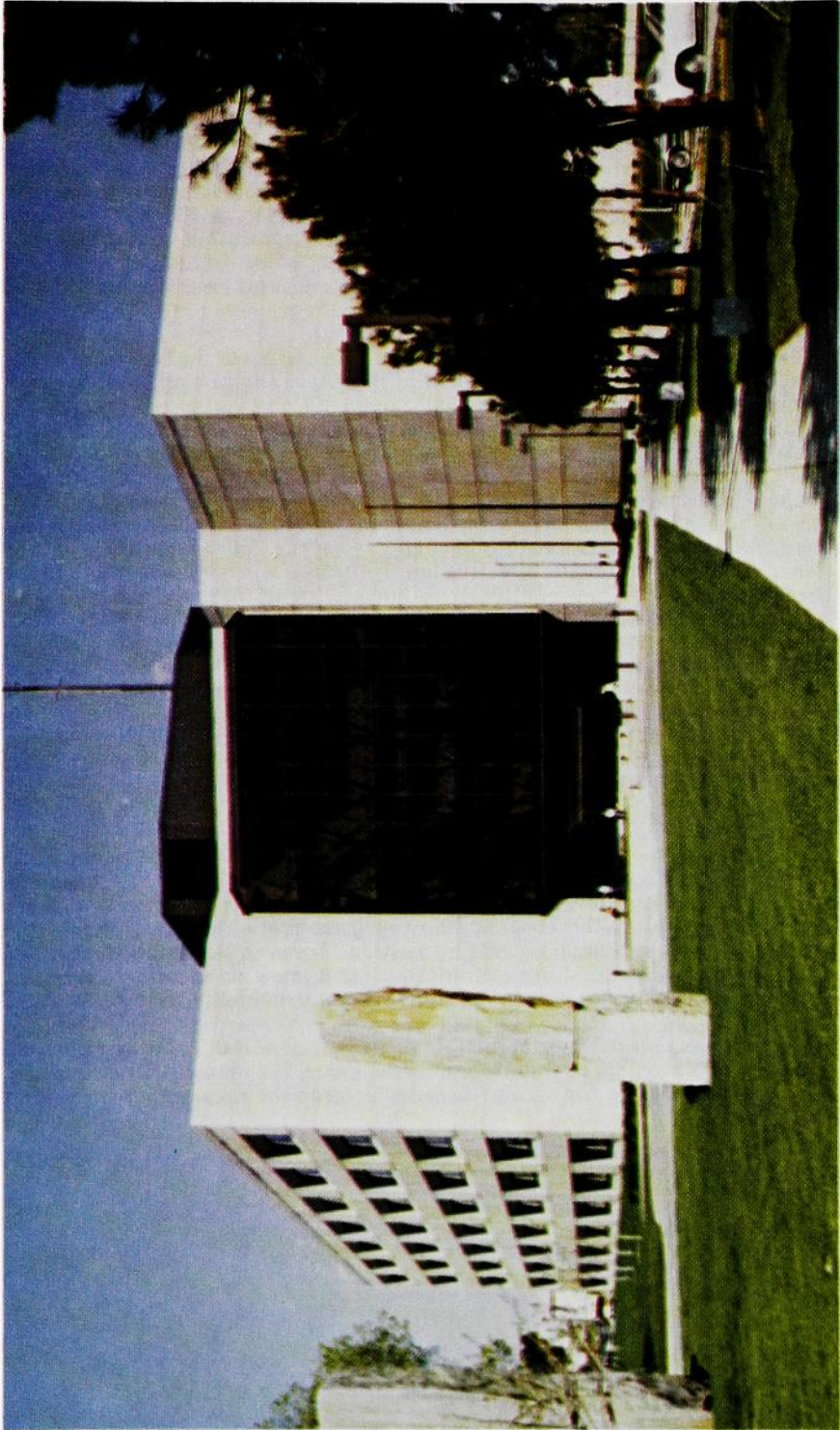
Ground was broken for the Henry A. Wallace Building July 24, 1975, and it was completed in 1978. Bids were opened for the Herbert Hoover State Office Building, September 19, 1975. This building was completed early in 1978.

The Capitol Planning Commission developed plans for a new central power plant which was completed and placed in operation in 1978. The power plant plans included a solar energy demonstration project which was completed in 1979.

The present Capitol Planning Commission was appropriated \$100,000 by the 68th General Assembly to plan a new State Historical Building.



THE HENRY A. WALLACE BUILDING



THE HOOVER BUILDING

The Government of Iowa

The government of the state of Iowa is based upon a constitution adopted by the people and upon statute laws enacted from time to time by the General Assembly.

Iowa has always used the separation of powers doctrine, dividing the governmental authority into its legislative, executive and judicial components. Iowa has had two state constitutions, the first approved in 1846, the second in 1857. Only eight states are now using constitutions adopted prior to the Iowa Constitution of 1857.

The Iowa Constitution's "Bill of Rights," Article I, is one of the best sections of the state constitution. It has been used as a reference guide for the model state constitution written by the National Municipal League and by the framers of the 1948 New Jersey Constitution.

The Electorate — Voter Qualifications — 1. Every citizen of the United States of the age of 18 years or older who is a resident of this state shall be an eligible elector. 2. Every qualified elector of this state shall have only one voting residence. 3. Every citizen of the United States of the age of 18 or older is presumed to have a residence some place in the United States for the purpose of voting for president and vice president of the United States. 4. A person's residence, for voting purposes only, is the place which he declares is his home with the intent to remain there permanently or for a definite or indefinite or undeterminable length of time. 5. Every eligible elector shall be registered pursuant to the provisions of chapter 48 of the Code to qualify to vote in any election. (Applicable statewide effective Jan. 1, 1975.) If a person who meets the above requirements moves to a new residence, within or without the state, and does not meet the voter requirements at his new residence, he may vote at his former precinct in Iowa until he meets the voter requirements of his new residence. However, a person who has moved to a new residence and fails to register to vote at his new residence after becoming eligible to do so shall not thereafter be entitled to vote at his former precinct in Iowa. **NOTE:** There is no longer any voter durational residency requirement in Iowa, but a voter must meet the above qualifications. The last day to register to vote for any specific election is 10 days prior to that election. Registration remains open at all times for future elections. Persons convicted of infamous crimes and those declared idiotic or insane are disfranchised. The rights of women to vote in Iowa is based upon the 19th Amendment of the U.S. Constitution.

Election Days — The regular elections for national, state, district and county officers are held on the Tuesday following the first Monday of November of the even numbered years. Candidates with a few exceptions, are nominated at the primary election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June preceding the general election. Provision is also made for nominations by petition or convention. Political parties must use the primary for nominating candidates, but in case no candidate receives the necessary 35 percent of the primary, a convention may nominate. (Sec. 43.52 & 43.65 as amended.)

The regular election date for municipal officers is the first Tuesday following the first Monday of November of the odd-numbered years. If a municipal primary election is necessary it is held on the second Tuesday prior to the regular municipal election.

Local Government

County Officials

The state of Iowa is divided into 99 counties, the boundaries of which may not be changed unless the change is approved by the voters of each county concerned. A board of supervisors consisting of three or five members is the chief administrative agency in the county. They appoint a county engineer, county home steward, medical examiner, county welfare director and other administrative officials. In addition, an auditor, who is clerk of the board of supervisors; a sheriff; county attorney; recorder; treasurer; and clerk of the District Court are elected by the voters, with terms of four years. The supervisors are also authorized to create the office of public defender to represent accused persons unable to pay for their own attorneys.

Local Functions

The Iowa county is a quasi-political corporation which collects municipal, school, county and state taxes, enforces state laws, has charge of poor relief and certain other welfare activities, and shares with the state highway commission on the management of the roads and bridges in the county.


Townships which in earlier days were effective units of local government within the counties, have lost almost all of their functions, except for operation of fire departments and cemeteries.

City Government

The laws of Iowa also authorize the incorporation of cities and towns. These municipalities derive their powers from the constitution in local matters except for the power to tax, which is granted by the General Assembly. Four cities and towns are governed by special charters granted before the adoption of the present constitution which forbids such acts of incorporation. Four cities have the commission form of government, six have adopted the city manager plan by popular election, two have home rule charters which provide for a city manager, 25 others have a city manager by ordinance, and 38 have city administrators. The commissioners are elected by the voters under the commission form and constitute the mayor and council. The city manager or city administrator is appointed by the council. In 876 other municipalities, the government is by the mayor-council system, in which the mayor and members of the council are elected by the voters for two-year or four-year terms.

City Councils

The council is the policy-making body in municipal government and it is also the chief administrative agency in the major-council cities. The mayor presides over the council, although he is not a member, and has the power to veto acts of the council subject to a two-thirds majority vote over his veto. He supervises municipal activities and appoints certain officers, including the marshal or chief of police, the city health officer, members of the police and fire departments, and other officials that the council may direct him to appoint. The city solicitor and clerk, and in some cases the engineer and members of the zoning board of adjustment are chosen by the council.



**WILD ROSE,
STATE FLOWER OF IOWA . . .**

was officially designated as the flower of the state by the 26th General Assembly extraordinary session. The resolution was adopted on May 7, 1897.



**EASTERN GOLDFINCH,
STATE BIRD OF IOWA . . .**

adopted by the 45th General Assembly, by a concurrent resolution on March 22, 1933. The bird is often called a wild canary.

Taxation

Taxation in Iowa is derived from several different sources. It is a multiple tax system, and based largely on the tax media listed in the table below showing fiscal year collections of the Department of Revenue and calendar year property taxes levied by local governments.

	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Individual Income Tax ...	\$ 450,138,937.10	\$ 507,873,329.35	\$583,623,047.22	\$688,500,937.27	\$ 719,217,461.39
Corporation Income Tax ...	82,722,096.76	96,271,874.89	130,225,460.42*	149,270,403.36*	152,243,950.40*
Sales Tax	269,602,998.40	302,601,196.71	327,574,479.42	368,566,777.77	393,900,049.76
Use Tax	86,438,234.78	101,027,093.10	109,097,442.79	119,896,337.37	120,611,466.09
Cigarette Tax	45,128,988.82	45,513,035.90	46,222,318.15	45,440,208.51	45,686,621.76
Inheritance Tax	28,270,222.53	33,068,192.38	36,808,113.69	40,717,392.94	47,671,508.73
Chain Store Tax	64,872.05	67,476.24	117,169.94	89,035.32	27,961.95**
Equipment Tax	125,464.67	116,693.42	91,583.81	1,684,986.63	967,899.15
Tabacco Products Tax ...	769,591.18	764,031.87	780,294.67	810,018.33	862,499.69
Insurance Premium Tax ...	26,798,999.36	30,927,855.73	35,855,737.77	39,420,717.17	43,759,983.92
Real Estate Transfer Tax ...	1,958,402.21	2,601,121.47	3,013,223.60	3,077,052.69	2,984,125.52
Motor Vehicle Fuels Tax ...	137,391,831.41	142,104,426.73	143,125,000.85	170,886,232.88	178,050,670.45
Franchise Tax	6,700,237.73	9,436,661.79	12,449,073.70*	13,760,807.64*	15,685,247.30*
Property Taxes Levied ...	878,632,214.73	993,153,963.28	1,058,347,585.52	1,136,675,917.87	1,210,525,794.00

* Includes Corporation Income and Franchise Tax reflect effects of transaction to estimated payment program.

** Chain Store Tax repealed effective June 30, 1979.

The property tax is assessed by county and city assessors with the exception of public utilities (such as railroads, gas lines, telephone and telegraph lines) which are assessed by the Department of Revenue. The Department of Revenue assists county and city assessors in the administration and equalization of personal and real property. Also, the department assists the assessors in recommendations of value on personal property. Numerous other duties are performed by the department, including those defined under Chapter 421, Code of Iowa.

Budgets Prepared and Submitted

Preparation—All taxing authorities except townships must at least twenty days prior to March 15 of each year prepare a budget of anticipated expenditures and estimated amount to be raised by taxation by funds.

Certification—After a hearing and the local board's decision, budgets are certified to the county auditor not later than March 15. (24.17)

Submitted to State Appeal Board—As soon as taxes are certified by each local board and have been computed by the county auditor, he shall forward a copy of each budget, together with a summary of all budgets to the State Appeal Board.

County Budget—On or before July 31 of each year, each county is required to appropriate in detail anticipated expenditures for every office or department for each and every purpose for which expenditures are authorized or demanded. The budget in detail must be completed and adopted by June 30 of the preceding fiscal year. This procedure is appropriating in detail the budget certified in March by funds.

State—On or before September 1 next prior to each biennial legislative session, all departments and establishments of the government shall transmit to the state comptroller estimates of their expenditure requirements for each fiscal year of the ensuing biennium.

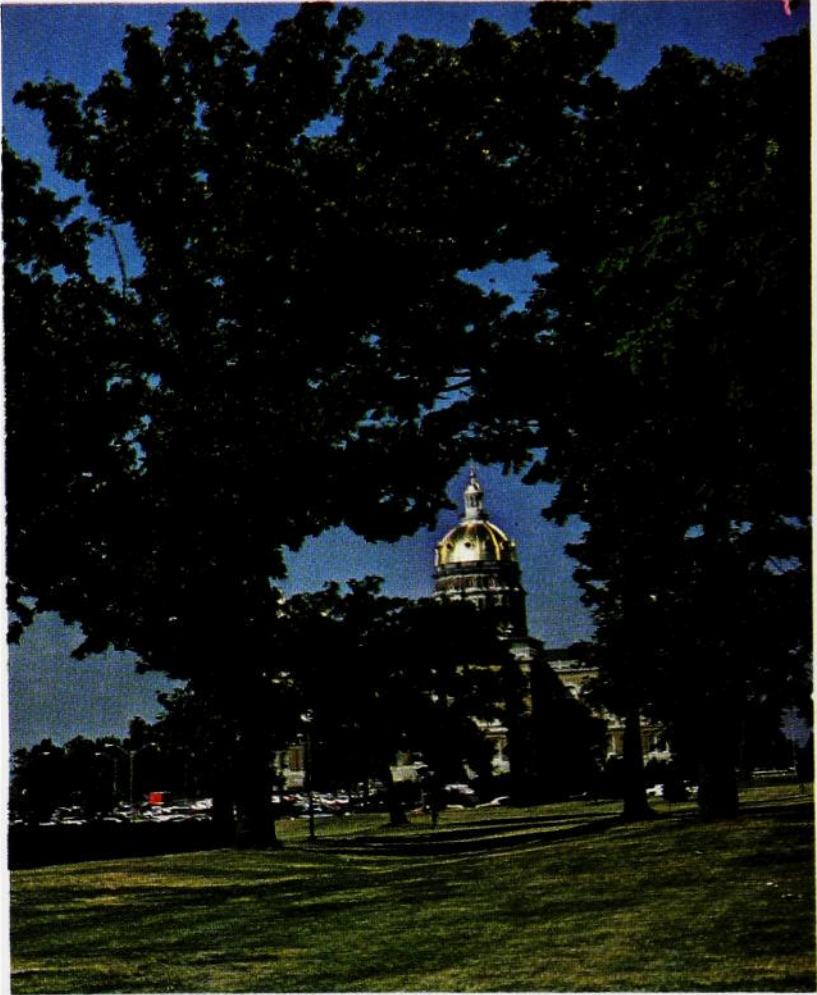
The comptroller shall prepare and file in his office, on or before the first day of December of each even-numbered year, a state budget report.

Not later than February 1 of the year of each biennial legislative session, the governor shall transmit to the legislature a document to be known as a budget, setting forth his financial program for each of the fiscal years of the ensuing biennium.

Origin and Naming of Iowa Counties

Of the two dates given for each county, the first is the date of establishment, when the county was put on the map; the second is when county government was organized and became effective. While population was sparse, an unorganized county might be attached to a neighboring organized county for purposes of administration. As settlement moved west, the Legislature established 50 so-called "paper counties" in 1851, completing the theoretical roster of 99 counties, but in many of them it was a matter of years before county governments were organized. In some instances, the dates are significant of changes in county names or boundaries. This information was collected by LeRoy G. Pratt for his book, *The Counties and Courthouses of Iowa*.

County	Dates		Named in honor of
Adair	1851	1855	Gen. John Adair, War of 1812; sixth governor of Kentucky
Adams	1851	1853	President John Adams, second president of United States
Allamakee	1847	1849	Allan Makee, Indian trader
Appanoose	1843	1846	Famous Sac and Fox Indian chief
Audubon	1851	1855	John James Audubon, eminent naturalist
Benton	1837	1846	Sen. Thomas Hart Benton of Missouri
Black Hawk	1843	1853	Famous chief of Sac and Fox Indians
Boone	1846	1849	Nathan Boone, son of Daniel Boone, army officer in the territory
Bremer	1851	1853	Fredricka Bremer, Swedish traveler and author
Buchanan	1837	1846	James Buchanan, 15th president of United States
Buena Vista	1851	1858	Final victory of Gen. Taylor in Mexican War
Butler	1851	1854	Gen. William O. Butler, Mexican War
Calhoun	1851	1855	Sen. John Calhoun, vice president of United States
Carroll	1851	1855	Charles Carroll, signer, Declaration of Independence
Cass	1851	1853	Sen. Lewis Cass, Michigan
Cedar	1837	1838	Red Cedar River which runs through county
Cerro Gordo	1851	1855	Famous battlefield of war with Mexico
Cherokee	1851	1857	Famous southern Indian tribe
Chickasaw	1851	1854	Prominent Indian Nation of the South
Clarke	1846	1851	James Clarke, governor of the territory
Clay	1851	1858	Lt. Col. Henry Clay Jr., of Kentucky, who fell in battle of Buena Vista
Clayton	1837	1838	Sen. John Middleton Clayton of Delaware
Clinton	1837	1840	De Witt Clinton, fifth governor of New York
Crawford	1851	1853	Wm. H. Crawford, secretary of the treasury and secretary of war
Dallas	1846	1847	George Mifflin Dallas, vice president of United States
Davis	1843	1844	Rep. Garret Davis, Kentucky
Decatur	1846	1850	Commodore Stephen Decatur, distinguished naval officer, War of 1812
Delaware	1837	1841	State of Delaware
Des Moines	1834	1834	The river by that name
Dickinson	1851	1857	Sen. Daniel S. Dickinson of New York
Dubuque	1834	1934	Julien DuBuque, first permanent white settler in Iowa
Emmet	1851	1859	Robert Emmet, Irish patriot
Fayette	1837	1847	Marquis de La Fayette
Floyd	1851	1854	Sgt. Charles Floyd of Lewis and Clark's expedition, died 1804, buried on banks of Missouri. First white man whose death and burial in Iowa are on record
Franklin	1851	1855	Benjamin Franklin
Fremont	1847	1850	Gen. John Charles Fremont, Mexican War
Greene	1851	1854	Gen. Nathaniel Greene, Revolutionary War
Grundy	1851	1856	Sen. Felix Grundy, Tennessee
Guthrie	1851	1851	Capt. Edwin Guthrie, Iowa volunteers, Mexican War
Hamilton	1856	1857	Sen. Wm. W. Hamilton, president, Iowa Senate
Hancock	1851	1858	John Hancock, president, Continental Congress
Hardin	1851	1853	Col. John J. Hardin, Illinois, killed in Mexican War



THE OAK, OFFICIAL STATE TREE . . .
for the state of Iowa, was so designated by a
resolution of March 13, 1961, adopted by the
59th General Assembly.



GEODE, STATE ROCK OF IOWA . . .
adopted by the 62nd General Assembly by a
House joint resolution. The resolution was
signed by the secretary of state on March 13,
1967.

County	Dates		Named in honor of
Harrison	1851	1853	William Henry Harrison, ninth president of the United States.
Henry	1836	1837	Henry Dodge, governor of Wisconsin territory
Howard	1851	1855	Gen. Tilghman A. Howard of Indiana
Humboldt	1857	1857	Baron Friedrich Heinnch Alexander von Humboldt, German scientist
Ida	1851	1858	Eliphalet Price, government surveyor, suggested name
Iowa	1843	1945	River that crosses county
Jackson	1837	1838	Andrew Jackson, seventh president of United States
Jasper	1846	1846	Sgt. William Jasper, Revolutionary War
Jefferson	1839	1839	Thomas Jefferson, third president of United States
Johnson	1837	1838	Col. Richard Mentor Johnson, vice president of United States
Jones	1837	1839	George Wallace Jones, first delegate in Congress from Wisconsin territory
Keokuk	1837	1844	Keokuk, chief of Sac tribe
Kossuth	1851	1855	Louis Kossuth, Hungarian patriot leader
Lee	1836	1836	William Elliott Lee of the New York Land Company, owners of extensive interests in the half breed tract of this county
Linn	1837	1839	Sen. Lewis Field Linn, Missouri
Louisa	1836	1837	Louisa Massey of Dubuque
Lucas	1846	1849	Robert Lucas, first governor of Iowa territory
Lyon	1851	1872	Brig. Gen. Nathaniel Lyon, Civil War
Madison	1846	1849	James Madison, fourth president of United States
Mahaska	1843	1844	Chief of the Ioway tribe
Marion	1845	1845	Gen. Francis Marion, Revolutionary War
Marshall	1846	1849	John Marshall, fourth chief justice of United States
Mills	1851	1851	Maj. Frederick Mills, Iowa officer in Mexican War
Mitchell	1851	1854	John Mitchell, Irish refugee of 1848
Monona	1851	1854	An Indian origin
Monroe	1843	1845	James Monroe, fifth president of United States
Montgomery	1851	1853	Gen. Richard Montgomery, killed in assault at Quebec, 1775
Muscatine	1836	1837	Island forming feature of this and Louisa County
O'Brien	1851	1860	William Smith O'Brien, a leader for Irish independence in 1848
Osceola	1851	1871	Famous Seminole Indian chieftain
Page	1847	1851	Capt. John Page, 4th U.S. Infantry, mortally wounded in the battle of Palo Alto
Palo Alto	1851	1858	First battlefield victory of Mexican War
Plymouth	1851	1858	Landing place of the Mayflower settlers
Pocahontas	1851	1859	Virginia Indian princess
Polk	1846	1846	James Knox Polk, 11th president of the United States
Pottawattamie	1847	1848	Indian tribe, former possessor of territory
Poweshiek	1843	1848	Prominent chief of Fox-Mesquakie Indians
Ringgold	1847	1855	Maj. Samuel Ringgold, mortally wounded in Mexican War
Sac	1851	1856	Indian tribe
Scott	1837	1837	Maj. Gen. Winfield Scott, negotiated first treaty purchasing lands in Iowa from Indians
Shelby	1851	1853	Gen. Isaac Shelby, first governor of Kentucky
Sioux	1851	1860	Indian tribe
Story	1846	1853	Joseph Story, associate justice of U. S. Supreme Court
Tama	1843	1853	Taimah, Fox chief
Taylor	1847	1851	Gen. Zachary Taylor, 12th president of United States
Union	1851	1853	Union of the states
Van Buren	1836	1837	Martin Van Buren, eighth president of United States
Wapello	1843	1844	Chief of Fox Indian tribes

County	Dates		Named in honor of
Warren	1846	1849	Gen. Joseph Warren of Revolutionary War
Washington	1839	1839	George Washington, first president of United States
Wayne	1846	1851	Gen. Anthony Wayne of Revolutionary War
Webster	1853	1853	Daniel Webster
Shelby	1851	1853	Gen. Isaac Shelby, first governor of Kentucky
Sioux	1851	1860	Indian tribe
Story	1846	1853	Joseph Story, associate justice of U. S. Supreme Court
Tama	1843	1853	Taimah, Fox chief
Taylor	1847	1851	Gen. Zachary Taylor, 12th president of United States
Union	1851	1853	Union of the states
Van Buren	1836	1837	Martin Van Buren, eighth president of United States
Wapello	1843	1844	Chief of Fox Indian tribes
Warren	1846	1849	Gen. Joseph Warren of Revolutionary War
Washington	1839	1839	George Washington, first president of United States
Wayne	1846	1851	Gen. Anthony Wayne of Revolutionary War
Webster	1853	1853	Daniel Webster
Winnebago	1851	1857	Indian tribe
Winneshiek	1847	1851	Chief of the Winnebagoes
Woodbury	1853	1853	Levi Woodbury, noted statesman of New Hampshire
Worth	1851	1858	Maj. Gen. William J. Worth, Mexican War
Wright	1851	1855	Silas Wright, 12th governor of New York and also Joseph A. Wright, governor of Indiana



GREAT SEAL OF IOWA . . . was adopted in 1847 by act of the 1st General Assembly. It is retained in the custody of and under the control of the governor.



IOWA STATE BANNER

On March 29, 1921, the 39th General Assembly adopted a resolution designating a design for a flag to be known as the "State Banner."

The banner was designed by Mrs. Dixie Cornell Gebhardt of Knoxville and sponsored by the Iowa Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. It consists of three vertical stripes of blue, white and red, with the blue stripe nearest the staff and the white stripe in the center depicting a spreading eagle bearing in its beak blue streamers on which is inscribed in white letters the state motto, "Our liberties we prize, and our rights we will maintain." The word "Iowa" in red letters is just below the streamers.

Iowa Centennial Memorial Foundation



Iowa Statehood Centennial Commemorative Half Dollar

The Iowa Centennial Memorial Foundation was created in 1948 by Gov. Robert D. Blue, to manage the \$198,000 collected from the sale of Iowa commemorative half dollars minted during Iowa's centennial year, 1947.

In accordance with Blue's executive order in 1948, the money was invested with half of the earnings added to the capital. The balance of the earnings is used to support scholarships for needy students and to confer the Iowa Award. The fund now stands at more than \$350,000. Five hundred, Iowa Centennial, half dollar coins will be sold in 1996 to help celebrate the 150th anniversary of the state. The remaining 500 coins will be sold in 2046 to help finance the state's bicentennial observance.

The Iowa Centennial Memorial Foundation is comprised of the governor, treasurer of state, attorney general, president of the state Board of Regents, former governors who have remained residents of Iowa, and four citizen trustees. The citizen trustees named by Blue in 1948 were: Ralph Evans, Davenport; Mary Humeston, Albia; Helen Mitchell, Council Bluffs; and John M. Henry, Des Moines. Citizen trustees since then include: Carl Cacciatori, Des Moines; Velma Fry, Vinton; and Charlotte Beck, Centerville. The latter three, with Henry, are the current citizen members.

Iowa Award

The Iowa Award, the state's most prestigious honor, was created in 1951 and is funded and conferred by the Iowa Centennial Memorial Foundation. The award, which is granted approximately every five years, is given to notable persons of Iowa selected by the foundation.

Past Iowa Award recipients include: Herbert Hoover, Jay N. Darling, Drs. James Van Allen and Frank Spedding, Henry A. Wallace, Mamie Eisenhower, Dr. Karl King, Dr. Norman Borlaug and Monsignor Luigi Ligutti.

Pictures of the recipients hang in the reception room in the governor's office.

Use of State Banner by Legislature

The 61st General Assembly, by Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 1, resolved: "That on each day when either the house or senate convenes that the state banner shall be raised on the flag poles directly over the chambers of either and that the state banner shall be lowered at each time the house or the senate adjourns for the day."

This usage replaces the prior employment of the U.S. flag for this purpose, which the legislative resolution declared to be improper.

Iowa Governors 1846 to Date

Name	Date of Birth	Place of Birth	County of Residence	Date of Inauguration	Age of Inauguration	Years Served	Politics	Date of Death
Ansel Briggs	Feb. 3, 1806	Vermont	Jackson	Dec. 3, 1846	40	1846-1850	Democrat	May 5, 1881
Stephen P. Hemstead	Oct. 1, 1816	New London, Connecticut	Dubuque	Dec. 4, 1850	38	1850-1854	Democrat	Feb. 16, 1883
James W. Grimes	Oct. 27, 1805	Deering, New Hampshire	Des Moines	Dec. 9, 1854	38	1854-1858	Whig	Feb. 7, 1872
Ralph P. Lowe	Nov. 20, 1816	Warren County, Ohio	Muscatine	Jan. 13, 1858	53	1858-1860	Republican	Dec. 22, 1863
Samuel J. Kirkwood	Dec. 20, 1813	Hartford County, Maryland	Johnson	Jan. 11, 1860	47	1860-1864	Republican	Sept. 1, 1894
William M. Stone	Oct. 14, 1827	Jefferson County, New York	Marion	Jan. 14, 1864	43	1864-1868	Republican	July 18, 1899
Samuel Merrill	Aug. 7, 1822	Oxford County, Maine	Clayton	Jan. 16, 1868	46	1868-1872	Republican	Aug. 31, 1899
Cyrus C. Carpenter	Nov. 24, 1829	Hartford, Pennsylvania	Webster	Jan. 11, 1872	43	1872-1876	Republican	May 29, 1898
Samuel J. Kirkwood	Dec. 20, 1813	Hartford County, Maryland	Johnson	Jan. 13, 1876	63	1876-1877	Republican	Sept. 1, 1894
Joshua G. Newbold	May 12, 1830	Fayette County, Pennsylvania	Henry	Feb. 1, 1877	47	1877-1878	Republican	June 10, 1903
John H. Gear	April 7, 1825	Ithaca, New York	Des Moines	Jan. 17, 1878	53	1878-1882	Republican	July 14, 1900
Buren R. Sherman	May 28, 1836	Phelps, New York	Benton	Jan. 12, 1882	46	1882-1886	Republican	Nov. 11, 1904
William Larrabee	Jan. 20, 1832	Ledyard, Connecticut	Fayette	Jan. 14, 1886	54	1886-1890	Republican	Nov. 16, 1912
Horace Boies	Dec. 7, 1827	erie County, New York	Black Hawk	Feb. 27, 1890	63	1890-1894	Democrat	April 4, 1923
Frank D. Jackson	Jan. 26, 1854	Arcade, New York	Polk	Jan. 11, 1894	40	1894-1896	Republican	Nov. 16, 1938
Francis M. Drake	Dec. 30, 1830	Rushville, Illinois	Appanoose	Jan. 16, 1896	66	1896-1898	Republican	Nov. 20, 1903
Leslie M. Shaw	Nov. 2, 1848	Morristown, Vermont	Crawford	Jan. 13, 1898	50	1898-1902	Republican	Mar. 28, 1932
Albert B. Cummins	Feb. 15, 1850	Green County, Pennsylvania	Polk	Jan. 16, 1902	52	1902-1908	Republican	July 30, 1926
Warren Garst	Dec. 4, 1850	Dayton, Ohio	Carroll	Nov. 24, 1908	58	1908-1909	Republican	Oct. 5, 1924
Beryl F. Carroll	Mar. 15, 1860	Davis County, Iowa	Davis	Jan. 14, 1909	49	1909-1913	Republican	Dec. 16, 1939
George W. Clarke	Oct. 24, 1852	Shelby County, Indiana	Dallas	Jan. 16, 1913	61	1913-1917	Republican	Nov. 28, 1936
William L. Harding	Oct. 3, 1877	Oscola County, Iowa	Woodbury	Jan. 11, 1917	40	1917-1921	Republican	Dec. 17, 1934
N.E. Kendall	Mar. 17, 1868	Lucas County, Iowa	Montroe	Jan. 13, 1921	53	1921-1925	Republican	Nov. 4, 1936
John Hammill	Oct. 14, 1875	Linden, Wisconsin	Hancock	Jan. 15, 1925	50	1925-1931	Republican	April 6, 1936
Daniel W. Turner	Mar. 17, 1877	Corning, Iowa	Adams	Jan. 15, 1931	53	1931-1933	Republican	April 15, 1969
Clyde L. Herring	May 3, 1879	Jackson, Michigan	Polk	Jan. 12, 1933	53	1933-1937	Democrat	Sept. 15, 1945
Nelson G. Kraschel	Oct. 27, 1889	Macon, Illinois	Shelby	Jan. 14, 1937	48	1937-1939	Democrat	Mar. 15, 1957
George A. Wilson	April 1, 1884	Adair County, Iowa	Polk	Jan. 12, 1939	54	1939-1943	Republican	Sept. 8, 1953
Bourke B. Hickenlooper	July 21, 1896	Taylor County, Iowa	Linn	Jan. 14, 1943	47	1943-1945	Republican	Sept. 4, 1971
Robert D. Blue	Sept. 24, 1898	Eggle Grove, Iowa	Wright	Jan. 11, 1945	46	1945-1949	Republican	Nov. 21, 1954
William S. Beardsley	May 13, 1901	Beacon, Iowa	Warren	Jan. 13, 1949	47	1949-1954	Republican	April 16, 1967
Leo Elthon	June 9, 1898	Fertile, Iowa	Worth	Nov. 22, 1954	56	1954-1955	Republican	
Leo A. Hoegh	Mar. 30, 1908	Audubon County, Iowa	Lucas	Jan. 13, 1955	46	1955-1957	Republican	
Herschel C. Loveless	May 11, 1911	Hedrick, Iowa	Wapello	Jan. 17, 1957	46	1957-1961	Democrat	
Norman A. Erbe	Oct. 25, 1919	Boone, Iowa	Boone	Jan. 12, 1961	41	1961-1963	Democrat	
Harold E. Hughes	Feb. 10, 1922	Ida Grove, Iowa	Ida	Jan. 17, 1963	40	1963-1969	Democrat	
Robert D. Fulton	Sept. 13, 1929	Waterloo, Iowa	Black Hawk	Jan. 1, 1969	39	1969-1969	Democrat	
Robert D. Ray	Sept. 26, 1928	Des Moines, Iowa	Polk	Jan. 16, 1969	40	1969-	Republican	

*Samuel J. Kirkwood resigned Feb. 1, 1877, to become a candidate for the U.S. Senate, to which office he was elected. Lt. Gov. Joshua Newbold served his unexpired term.

Albert B. Cummins resigned Nov. 24, 1908, after election to the U.S. Senate and was succeeded by Lt. Gov. Warren Garst, who served the unexpired term.

Governor Beardsley was killed in a highway accident Nov. 21, 1954. Lt. Gov. Leo Elthon was sworn in as governor Nov. 22, 1954, and served until Jan. 13, 1955, when Leo A. Hoegh was inaugurated as governor.

Lt. Gov. Robert D. Fulton became Governor of Iowa when former Gov. Harold E. Hughes resigned that position to assume his new duties as U.S. Senator. Fulton served the unexpired term from Jan. 1 to Jan 16, 1969.

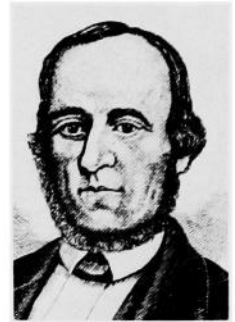
Territorial Goveners
By Presidential Appointment



Robert Lucas
1838-1841

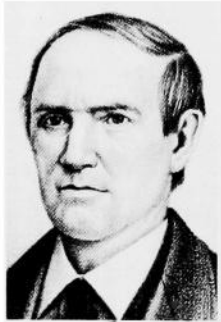


John Chambers
1841-1845



James Clarke
1845-1846

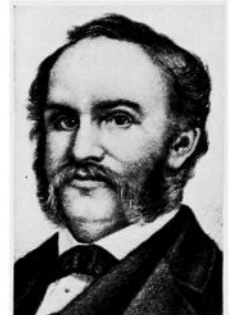
Governors of Iowa
By Election



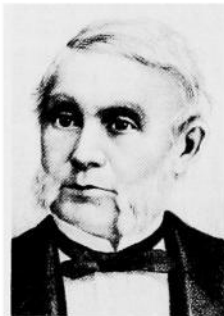
Ansel Briggs (D)
1846-1850



Stephen Hempstead (D)
1850-1854



James W. Grimes (W)
1854-1858



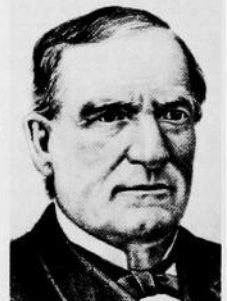
R. P. Lowe (R)
1858-1860



Saml. J. Kirkwood (R)
1860-1864 1876-1877



W. M. Stone (R)
1864-1868



Sam Merrill (R)
1868-1872

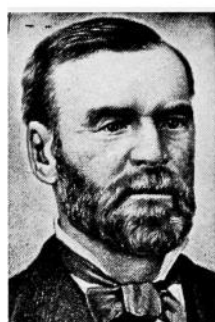
Governors of Iowa — Continued



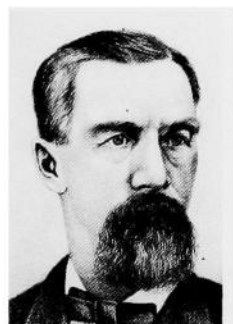
C. C. Carpenter (R)
1872-1876



J. G. Newbold (R)
1877-1878



John H. Gear (R)
1878-1882



Buren R. Sherman (R)
1882-1886



Wm. Larrabee (R)
1886-1890



Horace Boies (D)
1890-1894



Frank D. Jackson (R)
1894-1896



F. M. Drake (R)
1896-1898

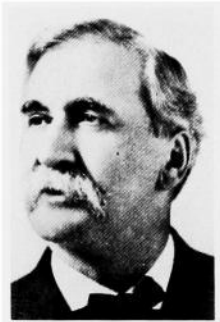


L. M. Shaw (R)
1898-1902

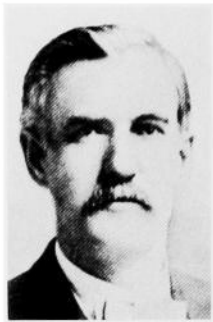


A. B. Cummins (R)
1902-1908

Governors of Iowa — Continued



Warren Garst (R)
1908-1909



B. F. Carroll (R)
1909-1913



Geo. W. Clarke (R)
1913-1917



W. L. Harding (R)
1917-1921



Nate Kendall (R)
1921-1925



John Hammill (R)
1925-1931



Dan W. Turner (R)
1931-1933



Clyde Herring (D)
1933-1937



Nels Kraschel (D)
1937-1939



George Wilson (R)
1939-1943

Governors of Iowa — Continued



B. Hickenlooper (R)
1943-1945



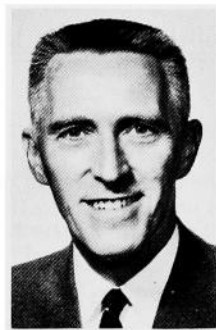
Robert D. Blue (R)
1945-1949



W. Beardsley (R)
1949-1954



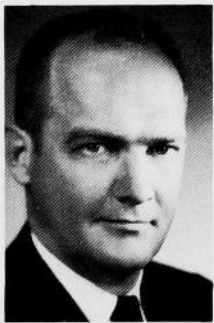
Leo Elthon (R)
1954-1955



Leo A. Hoegh (R)
1955-1957



H. C. Loveless (D)
1957-1961



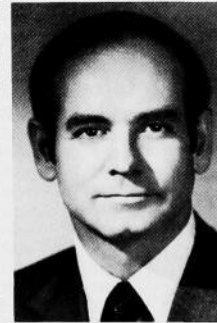
Norman A. Erbe (R)
1961-1963



Harold E. Hughes (D)
1963-1969



Robert D. Fulton (D)
1969-1969



Robert Ray (R)
1969-

TERRITORIAL OFFICIALS OF IOWA

GOVERNORS

Robert Lucas, appointed 1838; John Chambers, appointed 1841; James Clarke, appointed November 1845.

AUDITORS

Office created Jan. 7, 1840

Jesse Williams, appointed Jan. 17, 1840; William L. Gilbert, appointed Jan. 23, 1843, reappointed Feb. 27, 1844; Robert M. Secrest, appointed 1845.

TREASURERS

Office created Jan. 24, 1839

Thornton Bayless, appointed Jan. 23, 1839; Morgan Reno, appointed 1840.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

Office created Feb. 12, 1841; abolished March 9, 1842. William Reynolds, appointed in 1841.

SUPREME COURT

Charles Mason, chief justice, 1838 to 1846; Joseph Williams, associate justice, 1838 to 1846; Thomas S. Wilson, associate justice, 1838 to 1846; Thornton Bayless, clerk, 1838 to 1839; George S. Hampton, 1839 to 1846; Eastin Morris, reporter, 1843 to 1846.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS

William W. Chapman in 25th and 26th Congresses; Francis Gehon and Augustus C. Dodge in 27th, 28th and 29th Congresses.

LEGISLATIVE OFFICERS FOR THE TERRITORY OF IOWA

Before Iowa was admitted as a state in 1846, the Senate of the territory was called the Legislative Council. The presiding officer was known as the president of the council. The Iowa Constitution, approved by a vote of the people in 1857, created the office of lieutenant governor and named him as the ex officio president of the Senate.

The 1838, 1839 and 1840 sessions were held at the territorial capital at Burlington. The 1841 through 1845 sessions were held at Iowa City. In 1855, the 5th General Assembly voted to change the location of the capital to Des Moines.

Opening Date of Sessions	President, Legislative Council	Speaker of the House
November 1838	Jesse B. Browne	Wm. H. Wallace
November 1839	Stephen Hempstead	Edward Johnston
November 1840	M. Bainbridge	Thomas Cox
December 1841	J. W. Parker	Warren Lewis
December 1842	John D. Elbert	James M. Morgan
December 1843	Francis Springer and Thomas Cox	James P. Carleton
December 1844	Francis Gehon	John Foley
December 1845	S. Clinton Hastings	Geo. W. McCleary

LEGISLATIVE OFFICIALS AND DATES OF SESSIONS
PRESIDENTS OF THE SENATE*

Number	Convened	Adjourned	Name	Home County
1st	Nov. 30, 1846	Feb. 25, 1847	Thomas N. Baker	Polk
1st Ex.	Jan. 3, 1848	Jan. 25, 1848	Thomas Hughes	Johnson
2nd	Dec. 3, 1848	Jan. 15, 1849	John J. Selman	Davis
3rd	Dec. 2, 1850	Feb. 5, 1851	Enox Lowe	Des Moines
4th	Dec. 6, 1852	Jan. 24, 1853	W. E. Leffingwell	Clinton
5th	Dec. 4, 1854	Jan. 26, 1855	Maturin L. Fisher	Clayton
5th Ex.	July 2, 1856	July 16, 1856	Maturin L. Fisher	Clayton
6th	Dec. 1, 1856	Jan. 29, 1857	Wm. H. Hamilton	Dubuque

*Section 18, Article IV of the constitution, provides that the lieutenant governor shall perform the duties of the president of the senate.

LIETUNANT GOVERNORS

Office created Sept. 3, 1857, by the new constitution. The lieutenant governor is ex officio president of the Senate.

Name	Home County	Date of First Election or Appointment	Years Served
Oran Faville	Mitchell	Oct. 13, 1857	1858-1860
Nicholas J. Rusch	Scott	Oct. 11, 1859	1860-1862
John R. Needham	Mahaska	Oct. 8, 1861	1862-1864
Enoch W. Eastman	Hardin	Oct. 13, 1863	1864-1866
Benjamin F. Gue	Webster	Oct. 10, 1865	1866-1868
John Scott	Story	Oct. 8, 1867	1868-1870
Madison M. Walden	Appanoose	Oct. 12, 1869	1870-1871
Henry C. Buiss	Winneshiek	Sept. 13, 1871	1871-1874
Joseph Dysart	Tama	Oct. 14, 1873	1874-1876
Joshua G. Newbold	Henry	Oct. 12, 1876	1876-1877
Frank T. Campbell	Jasper	Oct. 9, 1877	1878-1882
Orlando H. Manning	Carroll	Oct. 11, 1881	1882-1885
John A. T. Hull	Polk	Nov. 3, 1885	1886-1890
Alfred N. Poyneer	Tama	Nov. 5, 1889	1890-1892
Samuel L. Bestow	Lucas	Nov. 3, 1891	1892-1894
Warren S. Dungan	Lucas	Nov. 7, 1893	1894-1896
Matt Parrott	Black Hawk	Nov. 5, 1895	1896-1898
James C. Milliman	Harrison	Nov. 2, 1897	1898-1902
John Herriott	Guthrie	Nov. 5, 1901	1902-1907
Warren Garst	Carroll	Nov. 6, 1908	1907-1908
George W. Clarke	Dallas	Nov. 3, 1908	1909-1913
William L. Harding	Woodbury	Nov. 5, 1912	1913-1917
Ernest R. Moore	Linn	Nov. 7, 1916	1917-1921
John Hammill	Hancock	Nov. 2, 1920	1921-1925
Clem C. Kimball	Pottawattamie	Nov. 4, 1924	1925-1928
Clyde L. Herring	Black Hawk	Nov. 8, 1928	1928-1933
Nelson G. Kraschel	Shelby	Nov. 8, 1932	1933-1937
George A. Wilson	Appanoose	Nov. 3, 1936	1937-1939
Bourke B. Hickenlooper	Linn	Nov. 8, 1938	1939-1943
Robert D. Blue	Wright	Nov. 3, 1942	1943-1945
Kenneth D. Evans	Mills	Nov. 7, 1944	1946-1951
William H. Nicholas	Cerro Gordo	Nov. 7, 1950	1951-1953
Leo Elthon	Worth	Nov. 4, 1952	1953-1957
William H. Nicholas	Cerro Gordo	Nov. 6, 1956	1957-1959
Edward J. McManus	Lee	Nov. 4, 1958	1959-1961
W. L. Mooty	Grundy	Nov. 8, 1960	1961-1965
Robert D. Fulton	Black Hawk	Nov. 3, 1964	1965-1968
Roger W. Jepsen	Scott	Nov. 5, 1968	1969-1972
Arthur A. Neu	Carroll	Nov. 7, 1972	1973-1978
Terry E. Branstad	Lake Mills	Nov. 7, 1978	1979-

SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE

Number	Convended	Adjourned	Name	Home County
1st	Nov. 30, 1846	Feb. 25, 1847	Jesse B. Browne	Lee
1st Ex.	Jan. 3, 1848	Jan. 25, 1848	Jesse B. Browne	Lee
2nd	Dec. 4, 1848	Jan. 15, 1849	Smiley H. Bonham	Johnson
3rd	Dec. 2, 1850	Feb. 5, 1851	George Temple	Des Moines
4th	Dec. 6, 1852	Jan. 24, 1853	James Grant	Scott
5th	Dec. 4, 1854	Jan. 26, 1855	Reuben Noble	Clayton
5th Ex.	July 2, 1856	July 16, 1856	Reuben Noble	Clayton
6th	Dec. 1, 1856	Jan. 29, 1857	Samuel McFarland	Henry
7th	Jan. 11, 1858	Mar. 23, 1858	Stephen B. Shelleby	Jasper
8th	Jan. 8, 1860	April 3, 1860	John Edwards	Lucas
8th Ex.	May 15, 1861	May 29, 1861	John Edwards	Lucas
9th	Jan. 13, 1862	April 8, 1862	Rush Clark	Johnson
9th Ex.	Sept. 3, 1862	Sept. 11, 1862	Rush Clark	Johnson
10th	Jan. 11, 1864	Mar. 29, 1864	Jacob Butler	Muscatine
11th	Jan. 8, 1866	April 3, 1866	Ed Wright	Cedar
12th	Jan. 13, 1868	April 6, 1868	John Russell	Jones
13th	Jan. 10, 1870	April 13, 1870	Aylett R. Cotton	Clinton
14th	Jan. 8, 1872	April 23, 1872	James Wilson	Tama
14th Adj.	Jan. 15, 1873	Feb. 20, 1873	James Wilson	Tama
15th	Jan. 12, 1874	Mar. 19, 1874	John H. Gear	Des Moines
16th	Jan. 18, 1876	Mar. 16, 1876	John H. Gear	Des Moines
17th	Jan. 14, 1878	Mar. 26, 1878	John Y. Stone	Mills
18th	Jan. 12, 1880	Mar. 27, 1880	Lore Alford	Black Hawk
19th	Jan. 9, 1882	Mar. 17, 1882	George R. Struble	Tama
20th	Jan. 14, 1884	April 2, 1884	William P. Wolf	Cedar
21st	Jan. 11, 1886	April 13, 1886	Albert Head	Greene
22nd	Jan. 9, 1888	April 10, 1888	William H. Redman	Poweshiek
23rd	Jan. 13, 1890	April 15, 1890	John T. Hamilton	Linn
24th	Jan. 11, 1892	Mar. 30, 1892	William O. Mitchel	Adams
25th	Jan. 8, 1894	April 6, 1894	Henry Stone	Marshall
26th	Jan. 13, 1896	April 11, 1896	Howard W. Byers	Shelby
26th Ex.	Jan. 19, 1897	May 11, 1897	Howard W. Byers	Shelby
27th	Jan. 10, 1898	April 1, 1898	James H. Funk	Hardin
28th	Jan. 8, 1900	April 6, 1900	Daniel H. Bowen	Allamakee
29th	Jan. 13, 1902	April 11, 1902	Willard L. Eaton	Mitchell
30th	Jan. 11, 1904	April 12, 1904	George W. Clarke	Dallas
31st	Jan. 8, 1906	April 6, 1906	George W. Clarke	Dallas
32nd	Jan. 14, 1907	April 9, 1907	Nathan E. Kendall	Monroe
32nd Ex.	Aug. 31, 1908	Nov. 24, 1908	Nathan E. Kendall	Monroe
33rd	Jan. 11, 1909	April 9, 1909	Guy A. Feely	Black Hawk
34th	Jan. 9, 1911	April 12, 1911	Paul E. Stillman	Greene
35th	Jan. 13, 1913	April 19, 1913	Edward H. Cunningham	Buena Vista
36th	Jan. 11, 1915	April 17, 1915	William I. Atkinson	Butler
37th	Jan. 8, 1917	April 14, 1917	Milton B. Pitt	Harrison
38th	Jan. 13, 1919	April 19, 1919	Arch W. McFarlane	Black Hawk
38th Ex.	July 2, 1919	July 2, 1919	Arch W. McFarlane	Black Hawk
39th	Jan. 10, 1921	April 8, 1921	Arch W. McFarlane	Black Hawk
40th	Jan. 8, 1923	April 17, 1923	J. H. Anderson	Winnebago
40th Ex.	April 18, 1923	July 30, 1924	J. H. Anderson	Winnebago
41st	Jan. 12, 1925	April 3, 1925	W. C. Edson	Buena Vista
42nd	Jan. 10, 1927	April 15, 1927	L. V. Carter	Hardin
42nd Ex.	Mar. 5, 1928	Mar. 14, 1928	Howard A. Mathews, pro tem	Des Moines
43rd	Jan. 14, 1929	April 12, 1929	J. H. Johnson	Marion
44th	Jan. 12, 1931	April 16, 1931	Francis Johnson	Dickinson
45th	Jan. 9, 1933	April 20, 1933	George E. Miller	Shelby
45th Ex.	Nov. 6, 1933	Mar. 12, 1934	George E. Miller	Shelby
46th	Jan. 14, 1935	April 23, 1935	John H. Mitchel	Webster
46th Ex.	Dec. 21, 1936	Dec. 24, 1936	John H. Mitchel	Webster
47th	Jan. 11, 1937	April 20, 1937	La Mar Foster	Cedar
48th	Jan. 9, 1939	April 26, 1939	John R. Irwin	Lee
49th	Jan. 13, 1941	April 10, 1941	Robert D. Blue	Wright
50th	Jan. 11, 1943	April 8, 1943	Henry W. Burma	Butler
50th Ex.	Jan. 26, 1944	Jan. 28, 1944	Henry W. Burma	Butler
51st	Jan. 8, 1945	April 13, 1945	Harold Felton	Warren
52nd	Jan. 13, 1947	April 25, 1947	Gus T. Kuester	Cass
52nd Ex.	Dec. 16, 1947	Dec. 19, 1947	Gus T. Kuester	Cass
53rd	Jan. 10, 1949	April 20, 1949	Gus T. Kuester	Cass
54th	Jan.	April 17, 1951	William S. Lynes	Bremer
55th	Jan. 12, 1953	April 29, 1953	William S. Lynes	Bremer
56th	Jan. 10, 1955	April 29, 1955	Arthur C. Hanson	Lyon
57th	Jan. 14, 1957	May 3, 1957	W. L. Mooty	Grundy
58th	Jan. 12, 1959	May 13, 1959	Vern Lisle	Page
59th	Jan. 9, 1961	May 10, 1961	Henry C. Nelson	Winnebago
60th	Jan. 14, 1963	May 18, 1963	Robert W. Naden	Hamilton
60th Ex.	Feb. 24, 1964	April 8, 1964	Robert W. Naden	Hamilton
61st	Jan. 11, 1965	June 10, 1965	Vincent B. Steffen	Chickasaw
62nd	Jan. 9, 1967	July 2, 1967	Maurice E. Baringer	Fayette
63rd	Jan. 13, 1969	May 23, 1969	William H. Harbor	Mills
64th	Jan. 11, 1971	June 10, 1971	William H. Harbor	Mills

SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE

Number	Convened	Adjourned	Name	Home County
65th	Jan. 8, 1973	June 20, 1973	Andrew Varley	Adair-Guthrie
66th	Jan. 13, 1975	June 20, 1975	Dale M. Cochran	Webster-Humboldt
67th	Jan. 10, 1977	June 13, 1977	Dale M. Cochran	Webster-Humboldt
68th	Jan. 8, 1978	July 18, 1978	Floyd H. Millen	Farmington
68th	Jan. 8, 1979	May 11, 1979	Floyd H. Millen	Farmington
68th	Jan. 14, 1980	April 26, 1980	William H. Harbor	Henderson
69th	Jan. 12, 1981	May 22, 1981	Delwyn Stromer	Garner
69th Ex.	June 24, 1981	June 26, 1981	Delwyn Stromer	Garner
69th Ex.	Aug. 12, 1981	Aug. 14, 1981	Delwyn Stromer	Garner
69th	Jan. 11, 1982	1982	Delwyn Stromer	Garner

SECRETARIES OF STATE

Name	Home County	Date of First Election or Appointment	Years Served
Elisa Cutler, Jr.	Van Buren	Oct. 26, 1846	1846-1848
Josiah H. Bonney	Van Buren	Aug. 7, 1848	1848-1850
George W. McClearly	Louisa	Aug. 5, 1850	1850-1856
Elijah Sells	Muscatine	Aug. 4, 1856	1850-1853
James Wright	Delaware	Oct. 14, 1862	1863-1867
Ed Wright	Cedar	Oct. 9, 1866	1867-1873
Josiah T. Young	Monroe	Nov. 5, 1872	1873-1879
John A. T. Hull	Davis	Oct. 8, 1878	1870-1885
Frank D. Jackson	Butler	Nov. 4, 1884	1885-1891
William M. McFarland	Emmet	Nov. 4, 1890	1891-1897
George L. Dobson	Polk	Nov. 3, 1896	1897-1901
William B. Martin	Adair	Nov. 6, 1900	1901-1907
William C. Hayward	Scott	Nov. 6, 1906	1907-1913
William S. Allen	Jefferson	Nov. 5, 1912	1913-1919
*W. C. Ramsey	Wright	July 1, 1919	1919-1928
Ed. M. Smith	Madison	Feb. 15, 1928	1928-1931
G. C. Greenwalt	Mills	Nov. 4, 1930	1931-1933
*Mrs. Alex Miller	Washington	Nov. 8, 1932	1933-1937
+Robert E. O'Brien	Woodbury	Jan. 27, 1937	1937-1939
Earl G. Miller	Polk	Nov. 8, 1938	1939-1943
Wayne N. Ropes	Monona	Nov. 3, 1942	1943-1947
Rollo H. Bergeson	Woodbury	Nov. 9, 1946	1947-1949
Melvin D. Synhorst	Sioux	Nov. 2, 1948	1949-1965
Gary L. Cameron	Jefferson	Nov. 3, 1964	1965-1966
Melvin D. Synhorst	Sioux	Nov. 8, 1966	1967-1980
*Mary Jane Odell	Polk	Nov. 1, 1980	1980-

* Appointed to fill vacancy on resignation of William S. Allen.

° Died Jan. 1937.

+ Appointed to fill vacancy caused by death of Mrs. Alex Miller.

* Appointed to fill vacancy on resignation of Melvin D. Synhorst.

AUDITORS OF STATE

Name	Home County	Date of First Election or Appointment	Years Served
Joseph T. Fales	Des Moines	Oct. 26, 1846	1846-1849
William Pattee	Bremer	Aug. 5, 1850	1850-1854
* Andrew J. Stevens	Polk	Aug. 7, 1854	1854-1855
John Pattee	Bremer	Sept. 13, 1855	1855-1859
Jonathan W. Cattell	Cedar	Oct. 12, 1858	1859-1865
John A. Elliott	Mitchell	Nov. 8, 1864	1865-1871
John Russell	Jones	Oct. 11, 1870	1871-1875
Buren R. Sherman	Benton	Oct. 13, 1874	1875-1881
William V. Lucas	Cerro Gordo	Nov. 2, 1880	1881-1883
° John L. Brown	Lucas	Oct. 7, 1882	1883-1885
Jonathan W. Cattell	Cedar	Mar. 19, 1885	1885-1886
° John L. Brown	Lucas	Jan. 23, 1886	1886-
Charles Beardesley	Des Moines	April 13, 1886	1886-
° John L. Brown	Lucas	July 14, 1886	1886-1887
James A. Lyons	Guthrie	Nov. 2, 1886	1887-1893
Cronelius G. McCathy	Story	Nov. 8, 1892	1893-1899
Frank F. Merriam	Delaware	Nov. 8, 1899	1899-1903
Beryl F. Carroll	Davis	Nov. 4, 1902	1903-1909
John L. Bleakly	Ida	Nov. 3, 1908	1909-1915
Frank S. Shaw	Tama	Nov. 3, 1914	1915-1921

AUDITORS OF STATE

Glenn C. Haynes.....	Cerro Gordo.....	Nov. 2, 1920	1921-1924
+James E. Thomas.....	Montgomery.....	Sept. 1, 1924	1924-1925
J. C. McClune.....	Mahaska.....	Nov. 4, 1924	1925-1927
J. W. Long.....	Story.....	Nov. 2, 1926	1927-1932
C. Fred Porter.....	Polk.....	April 21, 1932	1932-1933
Charles W. Storms.....	Lee.....	Nov. 8, 1932	1933-1939
C. B. (Chet) Akers.....	Wapello.....	Nov. 8, 1938	1939-1965
Lorne R. Worthington.....	Decatur.....	Nov. 3, 1965	1965-1966
Lloyd R. Smith.....	Polk.....	Nov. 8, 1966	1967-1978
*Richard D. Johnson.....	Polk.....	Jan. 29, 1979	1979-

*Resigned 1885. John Pattee appointed.

°John L. Brown was suspended twice and reinstated twice, on dates indicated.

+Appointed to fill vacancy on resignation of Glenn C. Haynes.

*Appointed to fill vacancy on death of Lloyd R. Smith.

TREASURERS OF STATE

Name	Home County	Date of First Election of Appointment	Years Served
Morgan Reno.....	Johnson.....	Oct. 26, 1846	1846-1850
Israel Kister.....	Davis.....	Aug. 5, 1850	1850-1852
Martin L. Morris.....	Polk.....	Aug. 2, 1852	1852-1859
John W. Jones.....	Hardin.....	Oct. 12, 1858	1860-1863
William H. Holmes.....	Jones.....	Oct. 8, 1862	1863-1867
Samuel E. Rankin.....	Washington.....	Oct. 9, 1866	1867-1873
William Christy.....	Clarke.....	Nov. 5, 1872	1873-1877
George W. Bemis.....	Buchanan.....	Nov. 7, 1876	1877-1881
Edwin H. Conger.....	Dallas.....	Nov. 2, 1880	1881-1885
Voltaire P. Twombly.....	Van Buren.....	Nov. 4, 1884	1885-1891
Byron A. Beeson.....	Marshall.....	Nov. 4, 1890	1891-1895
John Herrriott.....	Guthrie.....	Nov. 6, 1894	1895-1901
Gilbert S. Gilbertson.....	Winnebago.....	Nov. 6, 1900	1901-1907
Willison M. Morrow.....	Union.....	Nov. 6, 1906	1907-1913
*William C. Brown.....	Wright.....	Nov. 5, 1912	1913-1917
E. H. Hoyt.....	Delaware.....	May 14, 1917	1917-1921
W. J. Burbank.....	Black Hawk.....	Nov. 2, 1920	1921-1924
R. E. Johnson.....	Muscatine.....	Nov. 4, 1924	1925-1933
Leo J. Wegman.....	Carroll.....	Nov. 8, 1932	1933-1939
°W. G. C. Bagley.....	Cerro Gordo.....	Nov. 8, 1938	1939-1943
John M. Grimes.....	Clarke.....	Oct. 21, 1943	1943-1951
M. L. Abrahamson.....	Boone.....	Nov. 7, 1950	1951-1965
Paul Franzenburg.....	Grundy.....	Nov. 3, 1964	1965-1969
Maurice E. Baringer.....	Fayette.....	Nov. 5, 1968	1969-

*Died May 12, 1917.

°Died Oct. 20, 1943.

ATTORNEYS GENERAL

Name	Home County	Date of First Election or Appointment	Years Served
David C. Cloud.....	Muscatine.....	Aug. 1, 1853	1853-1856
Samuel A. Rice.....	Mahaska.....	Aug. 4, 1856	1856-1861
Charles C. Nourse.....	Polk.....	Nov. 6, 1860	1861-1865
Isaac L. Allen.....	Tama.....	Nov. 8, 1864	1865-1866
Frederick E. Bissell.....	Dubuque.....	Jan. 12, 1866	1866-1867
Henry O'Conner.....	Muscatine.....	June 20, 1867	1867-1872
Marsena E. Cutts.....	Mahaska.....	Feb. 23, 1872	1872-1877
John F. McJunkin.....	Washington.....	Nov. 7, 1876	1877-1881
Smith McPherson.....	Montgomery.....	Nov. 2, 1880	1881-1885
A. J. Baker.....	Appanoose.....	Nov. 4, 1884	1885-1889
John Y. Stone.....	Mills.....	Nov. 6, 1888	1889-1895
Milton Remley.....	Johnson.....	Nov. 6, 1894	1895-1901
Charles W. Mullan.....	Black Hawk.....	Nov. 6, 1900	1901-1907
Howard W. Byers.....	Shelby.....	Nov. 6, 1906	1907-1911
George Cosson.....	Audubon.....	Nov. 8, 1910	1911-1917
Horace M. Havner.....	Iowa.....	Nov. 7, 1916	1917-1921
Ben J. Gibson.....	Adams.....	Nov. 2, 1920	1921-1927
John Fletcher.....	Polk.....	Nov. 2, 1926	1927-1932
Edward L. O'Conner.....	Johnson.....	Nov. 8, 1932	1932-1937
John H. Mitchell.....	Webster.....	Nov. 3, 1936	1937-1939
*Fred D. Everett.....	Monroe.....	Nov. 8, 1938	1939-1940
+John M. Rankin.....	Lee.....	June 17, 1940	1940-1947

ATTORNEYS GENERAL

Name	Home County	Date of First Election or Appointment	Years Served
Robert L. Larson	Johnson	June 25, 1947	1947-1953
°Leo A. Hoegh	Lucas	Feb. 9, 1953	1953-1954
*Dayton Countryman	Story	Nov. 2, 1954	1954-1957
Norman A. Erbe	Boone	Nov. 6, 1956	1957-1961
Evan L. Hultman	Black Hawk	Nov. 8, 1960	1961-1965
Lawrence F. Scalise	Warren	Nov. 3, 1964	1965-1966
Richard Turner	Pottawattamie	Nov. 8, 1966	1967-1978
Thomas J. Miller	Clayton	Nov. 7, 1978	1979-

*Died June 10, 1940.

*Appointed to fill unexpired term of Fred D. Everett.

°Appointed to fill vacancy on resignation of Robert L. Larson.

*Dayton Countryman elected Nov. 2, 1954, to fill the unexpired term and also for the two-year term beginning in January 1965.

SECRETARIES OF AGRICULTURE

Office created in 1923 by the Extra Session of the 40th General Assembly

Name	Home County	Date of First Election or Appointment	Years Served
R. W. Cassaday	Monona	July 1, 1923	1923-1924
R. G. Clark	Hamilton	July 11, 1924	1924-
Mark G. Thornburg	Palo Alto	July 28, 1924	1924-1933
Ray Murray	Winneshago	Nov. 8, 1932	1933-1937
Thomas L. Curran	Wapello	Nov. 3, 1936	1937-1939
Mark Thornburg	Palo Alto	Nov. 8, 1938	1939-1943
Harry D. Linn	Polk	Nov. 3, 1942	1943-1950
*Clyde Spry	Woodbury	July 1, 1950	1950-1961
°L. B. Liddy	Van Buren	June 19, 1961	1961-1965
Kenneth E. Owen	Appanoose	Nov. 3, 1964	1965-1966
L. B. Liddy	Van Buren	Nov. 8, 1966	1967-1972
Robert H. Lounsberry	Story	Nov. 7, 1972	1973-

*Appointed to fill vacancy on resignation of Harry D. Linn. Elected and re-elected until 1960. Died June 14, 1961.

°Appointed to fill vacancy on death of Clyde Spry. Elected 1962.

SUPERINTENDENTS OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

Office created in 1847, abolished Dec. 24, 1958, and again created March 23, 1864.

Name	Home County	Date of First Election or Appointment	Years Served
James Harten	Henry	April 5, 1847	1847-
Thomas H. Benton, Jr.	Dubuque	April 3, 1848	1848-1864
James D. Eads	Lee	April 4, 1854	1854-1857
Joseph C. Stone	Johnson	Mar. 4, 1857	1857-
Maturin L. Fisher	Clayton	April 1, 1857	1857-1858
Oran Feville	Mitchell	Mar. 26, 1864	1864-1867
D. Franklin Wells	Johnson	Mar. 4, 1867	1867-1868
Abraham S. Kissell	Scott	Dec. 1, 1868	1868-1872
Alonzo Abernethy	Crawford	Nov. 5, 1871	1872-1876
Carl W. von Coelin	Black Hawk	Sept. 14, 1876	1876-1882
John W. Akers	Linn	Oct. 11, 1881	1882-1888
Henry Sabin	Clinton	Nov. 8, 1887	1888-1892
John B. Knoepfler	Allamakee	Nov. 3, 1891	1892-1894
Henry Sabin	Clinton	Nov. 7, 1893	1894-1898
Richard C. Barrett	Mitchell	Nov. 2, 1897	1898-1904
John F. Riggs	Keokuk	Nov. 3, 1903	1904-1910
Albert M. Deyoe	Hancock	Nov. 8, 1910	1911-1918
P. E. McClenahan	Johnson	Nov. 5, 1918	1919-1922
May E. Francis	Bremer	Nov. 7, 1922	1923-1926
Agnes Samuelson	Page	Nov. 2, 1926	1927-1939
Jessie M. Parker	Winneshago	Nov. 8, 1938	1939-1954
J. C. Wright	Lee	Jan. 2, 1955	1955-1961
Paul F. Johnston	Polk	Jan. 16, 1961	1961-1972
Robert D. Benton	Pottawattamie	July 1, 1972	1973-

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS*

Office created in 1878 by the 17th General Assembly

Name	Home County	Date of First Election or Appointment	Years Served
Cyrus C. Carpenter	Webster	Mar. 26, 1878	1878-
Peter A. Day	Johnson	Mar. 26, 1878	1878-1895
James W. McDill	Union	Mar. 26, 1878	1878-1881
Marcus C. Woodruff	Dubuque	Aug. 27, 1878	1878-1882
Albert R. Anderson	Fremont	Mar. 14, 1881	1881-1884
James Wilson	Tama	Mar. 30, 1882	1882-1883
Lorenzo S. Coffin	Webster	April 28, 1883	1883-1888
James W. McDill	Union	April 16, 1884	1884-1887
Spencer Smith	Pottawattamie	April 5, 1887	1887-1893
Frank T. Campbell	Jasper	Mar. 31, 1888	1888-1892
John W. Luke	Franklin	Nov. 4, 1890	1891-1895
George W. Perkins	Fremont	Nov. 8, 1892	1893-1899
Charles L. Davidson	Sioux	Nov. 6, 1894	1895-1898
Edward A. Dawson	Bremer	Jan. 7, 1896	1896-1907
Davis J. Palmer	Washington	Mar. 22, 1898	1898-1915
Welcome Mowry	Tama	Nov. 8, 1898	1899-1902
Ed. Brown	O'Brien	Nov. 5, 1901	1902-1905
Nathaniel S. Ketchum	Marshall	Nov. 8, 1904	1905-1915
Willard L. Eaton	Mitchell	Nov. 6, 1906	1907-1910
Clifford Thorne	Washington	Nov. 8, 1910	1911-1917
James H. Wilson	Adair	Nov. 3, 1914	1914-1916
John H. Guiher	Madison	Jan. 20, 1915	1915-1921
Edward D. Chassell	Plymouth	Dec. 1, 1916	1916-1917
Dwight N. Lewis	Polk	Jan. 3, 1917	1917-1927
Charles Webster	Fayette	Nov. 5, 1917	1917-1934
Fred P. Woodruff	Marion	Nov. 2, 1920	1921-1924
B. M. Richardson	Linn	Nov. 4, 1924	1925-1932
Fred P. Woodruff	Marion	June 21, 1927	1927-1934
M. P. Conway	Cass	Nov. 8, 1932	1933-*
George A. Huffman	Polk	Nov. 8, 1934	1935-*
Harry B. Dunlap	Story	Nov. 6, 1934	1935-*

*Name changed from Board of Railroad Commissioners to Iowa State Commerce Commission by H.F. 133, 47th General Assembly, effective July 4, 1937.

COMMERCE COMMISSIONERS

Name	Home County	Date of First Election or Appointment	Years Served
M.P. Conway	Cass	Nov. 8, 1932	1933-1941
George A. Huffman	Polk	Nov. 6, 1934	1935-1939
Harry B. Dunlap	Story	Nov. 6, 1934	1935-1939
Barr Keshlear	Page	Nov. 8, 1938	1939-1943
B. M. Richardson	Linn	Nov. 8, 1938	1939-1951
Carl B. Heed	Howard	Nov. 5, 1940	1941-1957
David B. Long	Polk	Nov. 3, 1942	1943-1955
Frank B. Means	Crawford	Jan. 7, 1952	1952-1952
John M. Ropes	Polk	Dec. 4, 1952	1952-1959
John A. Tallman	Wright	Nov. 2, 1954	1955-1959
*Ray H. Thompson	Jasper	Nov. 6, 1956	1957-1963
*Harold E. Hughes	Ida	Nov. 4, 1958	1959-1963
*Bernard J. Martin	Polk	Nov. 4, 1958	1959-1969
Waldo F. Wheeler	Polk	Jan. 11, 1963	1963-1965
Frank B. Means	Crawford	July 1, 1963	1963-1971
Dick A. Witt	Polk	May 3, 1965	1965-1972
Kenneth H. Benda	Poweshiek	July 1, 1969	1969-1971
Maurice Van Nostrand	Pottawattamie	July 1, 1971	1971-1979
Howard Bell	Story	Aug. 14, 1971	1971-1975
Fred H. Moore	Clay	Jan. 24, 1972	1972-
Mary F. Holstad	Polk	July 1, 1975	1975-1980
Andrew Varley	Adair	Dec. 7, 1979	1979-
Christine A. Hansen	Polk	Apr. 14, 1980	1980-

*During the tenure of these commissioners the office was changed from elective to appointive by act of the 58th General Assembly.

COMMERCE COMMISSIONERS

Name	Home County	Date of First Election or Appointment	Years Served
G. King Thompson	Linn	Jan. 1, 1951-June 30, 1965	30, 1965
Robert L. Larson	Johnson	Feb. 9, 1953-April 1, 1971	1, 1971
Henry F. Peterson	Pottawattamie	Nov. 3, 1955-June 30, 1965	30, 1965
Luke E. Linnan	Kossuth	Sept. 3, 1958-Dec. 15, 1958	15, 1958
Harry F. Garrett	Wayne	Dec. 15, 1958-Dec. 31, 1960	31, 1960
T. Eugene Thornton	Black Hawk	Jan. 1, 1959-May 9, 1967	9, 1967
Bruce M. Snell	Ida	Jan. 1, 1961-Mar. 4, 1970	4, 1970
C. Edwin Moore	Polk	April 17, 1962-Aug. 2, 1978	2, 1978
William C. Stuart	Lucas	Oct. 15, 1962-Nov. 8, 1971	8, 1971
M. L. Mason	Cerro Gordo	July 19, 1965-June 14, 1978	14, 1978
Maurice E. Rawlings	Woodbury	July 19, 1965-Aug. 17, 1978	17, 1978
Francis H. Becker	Dubuque	Sept. 20, 1965-Mar. 31, 1972	31, 1972
Clay LeGrand	Scott	July 5, 1967-	
Warren J. Rees	Jones	Nov. 13, 1960-Aug. 2, 1980	2, 1980
Harvey Uhlenhopp	Franklin	Mar. 10, 1970-	
W. W. Reynoldson	Clarke	May 1, 1971-	
K. David Harris	Greene	Jan. 11, 1972-	
Mark McCormick	Polk	April 12, 1972-	
Robert G. Allbee	Polk	June 21, 1978-	
Arthur A. McGiverin	Wapello	Aug. 15, 1978-	
J. L. Larson	Harrison	Aug. 30, 1978-	
Louis W. Schultz	Johnson	Aug. 29, 1980-	

*Election to court nullified by judicial decision.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT

Name	Home County	Years Served
Charles Mason	Des Moines	1838-June 11, 1847
Thomas S. Wilson	Dubuque	1838-Oct. 31, 1847
Joseph Williams	Muscatine	1838-Jan. 25, 1848
John F. Kinney	Lee	Jan. 15, 1849-Jan. 11, 1855
George Greene	Dubuque	June 12, 1847-Feb. 15, 1854
S. Clinton Hastings	Muscatine	Nov. 1, 1847-Jan. 9, 1855
Johathan C. Hall	Des Moines	Jan. 26, 1848-Jan. 14, 1849
William G. Woodward	Muscatine	Feb. 15, 1854-Jan. 15, 1855
Norman W. Isbell	Linn	Jan. 9, 1855-Jan. 11, 1860
Lacon D. Stockton	Des Moines	Jan. 16, 1855-June 2, 1866
George G. Wright	Van Buren	June 3, 1856-June 9, 1860
Ralph P. Lowe	Lee	Jan. 11, 1855-Jan. 11, 1860
Caleb Baldwin	Pottawattamie	June 26, 1860-Sept. 1, 1870
John F. Dillon	Scott	Jan. 12, 1860-Dec. 31, 1867
Chester C. Cole	Polk	Jan. 11, 1860-Dec. 31, 1863
Joseph M. Beck	Lee	Jan. 1, 1864-Dec. 31, 1869
Elias H. Williams	Clayton	Mar. 1, 1864-Jan. 19, 1878
James G. Day	Fremont	Jan. 1, 1868-Dec. 31, 1891
William E. Miller	Johnson	Jan. 18, 1870-Sept. 14, 1870
Austin Adams	Dubuque	Sept. 1, 1870-Dec. 31, 1883
William H. Seevers	Mahaska	Sept. 14, 1870-Dec. 31, 1875
James H. Rothrock	Cedar	Jan. 1, 1876-Dec. 31, 1887
Joseph R. Reed	Pottawattamie	Feb. 27, 1876-Dec. 31, 1888
Gifford S. Robinson	Buena Vista	Feb. 24, 1876-Dec. 31, 1896
Charles T. Granger	Allamakee	Jan. 1, 1884-Feb. 28, 1889
Josiah Given	Polk	Jan. 1, 1888-Dec. 31, 1889
Le Vega G. Kinee	Tama	Jan. 1, 1889-Dec. 31, 1901
Horace E. Deemer	Montgomery	Jan. 1, 1892-Dec. 31, 1897
Scott M. Ladd	O'Brien	May 8, 1894-Feb. 26, 1917
Charles M. Waterman	Scott	Jan. 1, 1897-Dec. 31, 1920
John C. Sherwin	Cerro Gordo	Jan. 1, 1898-June 18, 1902
Emilin McClain	Johnson	Jan. 1, 1900-Dec. 31, 1912
Sitas M. Weaver	Hardin	Jan. 1, 1901-Dec. 31, 1912
Charles A. Bishop	Polk	Jan. 1, 1902-Nov. 6, 1923
William D. Evans	Franklin	July 2, 1902-July 9, 1908
Bryon W. Preston	Mahaska	Sept. 17, 1908-Dec. 31, 1934
Frank R. Gaynor	Plymouth	Jan. 1, 1913-Dec. 31, 1924
Winfield S. Withrow	Henry	Jan. 1, 1913-Aug. 3, 1920
Benjamin I. Salinger	Carroll	April 19, 1913-Dec. 31, 1914
Truman S. Stevens	Fremont	Jan. 1, 1915-Dec. 31, 1920
Thomas Arthur	Harrison	May 1, 1917-Dec. 31, 1934
Frederick F. Faville	Webster	Sept. 15, 1920-Sept. 14, 1925
Lawrence DeGraff	Polk	Jan. 1, 1921-Dec. 31, 1932
Charles W. Vermillion	Appanoose	Jan. 1, 1921-Dec. 31, 1932
Elma G. Albert	Greene	Nov. 15, 1923-Sept. 3, 1927
Edgar A. Morling	Palo Alto	Jan. 1, 1925-Dec. 31, 1936
James W. Kindig	Woodbury	Oct. 1, 1925-Oct. 15, 1932
Henry F. Wagner	Keokuk	April 30, 1927-Dec. 31, 1934
John M. Grimm	Linn	Sept. 6, 1927-Dec. 31, 1932
William L. Bliss	Cerro Gordo	Feb. 1, 1929-Sept. 15, 1932
Richard F. Mitchell	Webster	Sept. 27, 1932-Dec. 5, 1932
George C. Claussen	Clinton	Jan. 1, 1939-April 16, 1962
*Hubert Utterback	Polk	Dec. 6, 1932-Dec. 31, 1942
John W. Anderson	Woodbury	Oct. 21, 1932-Dec. 4, 1932
Maurice F. Gonegan	Scott	April 17, 1933-Dec. 3, 1934
John W. Kintzinger	Dubuque	Dec. 5, 1932-April 16, 1933
Leon W. Powers	Crawford	Jan. 1, 1933-Dec. 31, 1938
Wilson H. Hamilton	Keokuk	Jan. 1, 1933-Dec. 31, 1938
James M. Parsons	Polk	Jan. 1, 1933-Dec. 31, 1938
Paul W. Richards	Montgomery	Jan. 1, 1933-Dec. 31, 1938
Carl B. Stiger	Tama	Dec. 4, 1934-Feb. 14, 1936
Edward A. Sager	Bremer	Jan. 1, 1935-Dec. 31, 1940
Ernest M. Miller	Shelby	Jan. 1, 1935-Dec. 16, 1937
Ralph O. Oliver	Woodbury	Jan. 1, 1935-Dec. 31, 1940
Frederic M. Miller	Polk	Feb. 15, 1936-Dec. 31, 1942
Oscar Hale	Louisa	Jan. 1, 1937-Dec. 31, 1942
Theodore G. Garfield	Story	Dec. 27, 1937-Dec. 13, 1938
Charles F. Wennerstrum	Lucas	Dec. 14, 1938-Oct. 1, 1962
Halleck J. Mantz	Audubon	Jan. 1, 1939-Sept. 30, 1946
John E. Mulroney	Webster	Jan. 1, 1939-Dec. 9, 1950
William A. Smith	Dubuque	Jan. 1, 1941-Nov. 2, 1969
Norman R. Hays	Marion	Jan. 1, 1941-Dec. 31, 1958
		Jan. 1, 1943-Jan. 1, 1953
		Jan. 1, 1943-Oct. 11, 1955
		Jan. 1, 1943-June 10, 1958
		Oct. 3, 1946-Aug. 31, 1965

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT

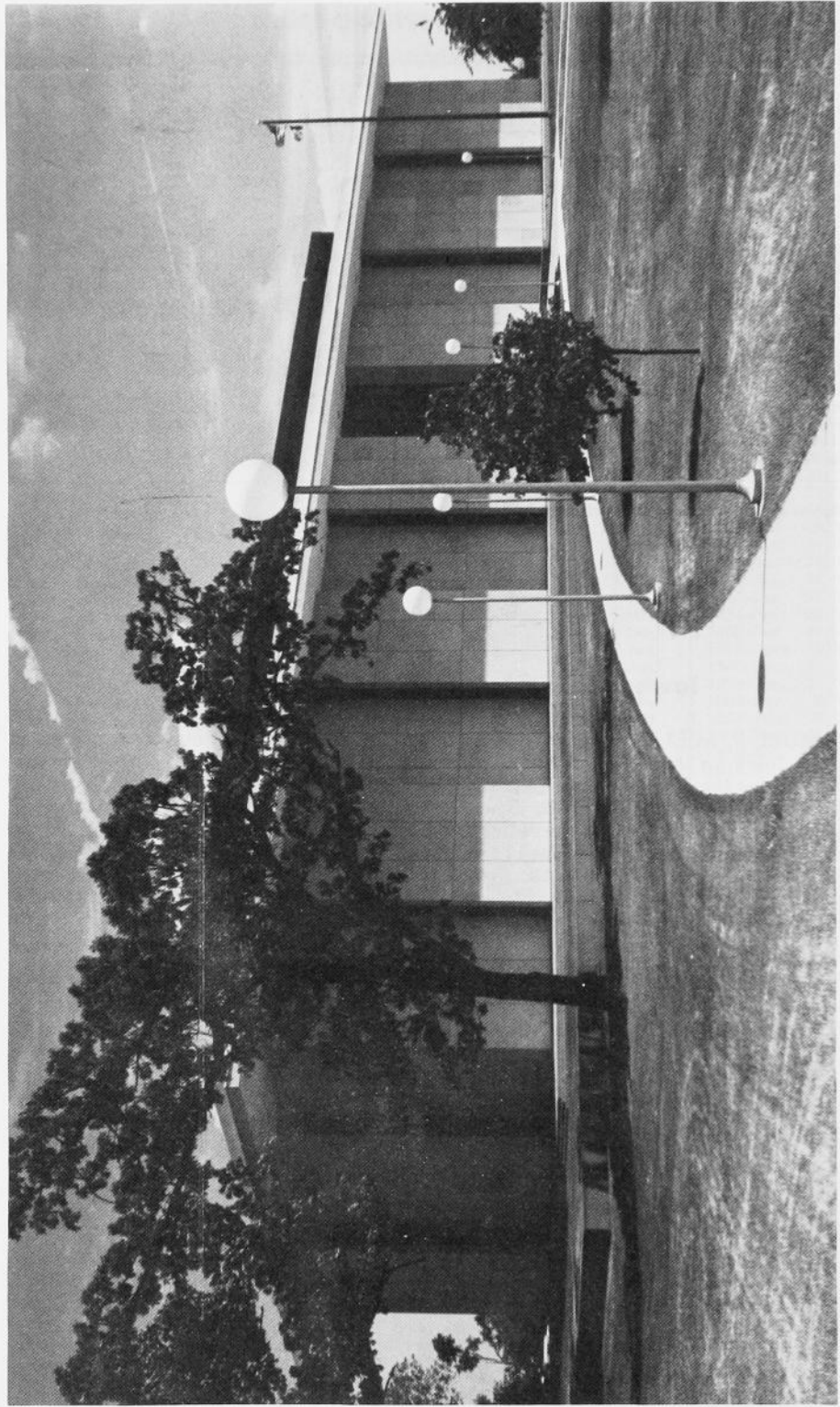
Name	Home County	Years Served
G. King Thompson	Linn	Jan. 1, 1951-June 30, 1965
Robert L. Larson	Johnson	Feb. 9, 1953-April 1, 1971
Henry F. Peterson	Pottawattamie	Nov. 3, 1955-June 30, 1965
Luke E. Linnan	Kossuth	Sept. 3, 1958-Dec. 15, 1958
Harry F. Garrett	Wayne	Dec. 15, 1958-Dec. 31, 1960
T. Eugene Thornton	Black Hawk	Jan. 1, 1959-May 9, 1967
Bruce M. Snell	Ida	Jan. 1, 1961-Mar. 4, 1970
C. Edwin Moore	Polk	April 17, 1962-
William C. Stuart	Lucas	Oct. 15, 1962-Nov. 8, 1971
M. L. Mason	Cerro Gordo	July 19, 1965-
Maurice E. Rawlings	Woodbury	July 19, 1965-
Francis H. Becker	Dubuque	Sept. 20, 1965-Mar. 31, 1972
Clay LeGrand	Scott	July 5, 1967-
Warren J. Rees	Jones	Nov. 13, 1960-
Harvey Uhlenhopp	Franklin	Mar. 10, 1970-
W. W. Reynoldson	Clarke	May 1, 1971-
K. David Harris	Greene	Jan. 11, 1972-
Mark McCormick	Polk	April 12, 1972-
Robert G. Allbee	Polk	June 21, 1978-
J. L. Larson	Harrison	Aug. 30, 1978-
Arthur A. McGivern	Wapello	Aug. 15, 1978-

*Election to court nullified by judicial decision.

Iowans in United States Supreme Court

SAMUEL F. MILLER — Born April 5, 1816, at Richmond, Kentucky. Located at Keokuk, Iowa, in 1850. Was personally acquainted with President Lincoln, who nominated him for the United States Supreme Court in 1862, where he served for 28 years.

WILEY BLOUNT RUTLEDGE, JR — Born July 20, 1894, at Cloverpart, Kentucky. Professor of law and dean of the college of law at the University of Iowa from 1935 to 1939. Appointed associate justice of the United States Supreme Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia in 1939. Appointed associate justice of the United States Supreme Court and sworn into office Feb. 16, 1943. Served until his death in 1949.



The Grimes Building

Iowans in Presidents' Cabinets

Fifteen Iowa men have served in the Cabinets of 13 presidents of the United States. The list of these is as follows:

JAMES HARLAN — Mount Pleasant. Served as secretary of the interior in the Cabinet of President Andrew Johnson in 1865 and 1866.

WILLIAM W. BELKNAP — Secretary of war in the two administrations of President Ulysses S. Grant. Made his home in Keokuk for a number of years.

GEORGE W. McCRARY — Served as secretary of war in the Cabinet of President Rutherford B. Hayes.

SAMUEL J. KIRKWOOD — Iowa's Civil War governor was secretary of the interior under President James A. Garfield.

FRANK HATTON — Burlington. Co-publisher with Robert J. Burdette of the Hawk-Eye. Assistant postmaster general from 1881 to 1884 and postmaster general in the Cabinet of President Chester Arthur from Oct. 17, 1884 to March 4, 1885.

JAMES WILSON — Served as secretary of agriculture for 16 years in the Cabinets of Presidents McKinley, Roosevelt and Taft.

LESLIE M. SHAW — Denison. Served as secretary of the treasury in the two administrations of President Theodore Roosevelt.

EDWIN T. MEREDITH — Secretary of agriculture in the Cabinet of President Woodrow Wilson. Born in Avoca, Iowa, in 1876.

HENRY C. WALLACE — Secretary of agriculture in the Cabinets of Presidents Harding and Coolidge.

HERBERT HOOVER — Served as secretary of commerce in the Cabinets of Presidents Harding and Coolidge, 1921 to 1929. Elected president of the United States in 1928, the first man born west of the Mississippi River to attain this position.

CURTIS DWIGHT WILBUR — Born at Boonesboro, Iowa, on May 10, 1867. Served as secretary of navy in Cabinet of President Coolidge.

RAY LYMAN WILBUR — Born at Boonesboro, Iowa, on April 13, 1875. Served as secretary of the interior in the Cabinet of President Herbert Hoover.

JAMES WILLIAM GOOD — Born near Cedar Rapids in 1866. Became secretary of war in the Cabinet of President Herbert Hoover.

HENRY AGARD WALLACE — Son of Henry C. Wallace. Served as secretary of agriculture in the first two terms of Franklin D. Roosevelt. Elected vice president in 1940. Appointed as secretary of commerce in 1945.

HARRY L. HOPKINS — Born in Sioux City in 1890. Secretary of commerce under President Franklin D. Roosevelt.

The Song of Iowa

Air. "Der Tannenbaum."* (My Maryland)

By. S. H. M. BYERS

1. You ask what land I love the best, I - o - wa, 'tis I - o - wa, The
2. See yon - der fields of tasseled corn, I - o - wa, in I - o - wa, Where

fair - est State of all the west, I - o - wa, O! I - o - wa. From
Plen - ty fills her gold - en horn, I - o - wa, in I - o - wa. See

yon - der Mis - sis - sip - pi's stream To where Mis - son - ri's wa - ters gleam O!
how her won - drous prai - ries shine To yon - der sun - set's pur - pling line, O!

fair it is as po - et's dream, I - o - wa, in I - o - wa.
hap - py land, O! land of mine, I - o - wa, O! I - o - wa.

3. And she has maids whose laughing eyes.
Iowa, O! Iowa.
To him who loves were Paradise.
Iowa, O! Iowa.
O! happiest fate that e'er was known.
Such eyes to shine for one alone,
To call such beauty all his own.
Iowa, O! Iowa.

4. Go read the story of thy past.
Iowa, O! Iowa.
What glorious deeds, what fame thou hast!
Iowa, O! Iowa.
So long as time's great cycle runs,
Or nations weep their fallen ones,
Thou'll not forget thy patriot sons,
Iowa, O! Iowa.

"Der Tannenbaum." the old air to which this song is sung, was a popular German students' song as early as 1849. It had been a Volks song long before that. During our Civil War, the Southerners adapted it to the song, "My Maryland."

Major S. H. M. Byers, in his day the "poet laureate" of Iowa, wrote the words set to music for this official song for the Hawkeye State.

IOWA'S FLAG SONG

By act of the joint session of the General Assembly of Iowa on March 24, 1949, the Iowa Flag poem, written by E. O. Osborn of Knoxville, and the music written by Esther May Clark of Oskaloosa, were officially adopted as the Iowa Flag Song, in honor of the Iowa flag, designed by Mrs. Dixie Cornell Gebhart of Knoxville.

Documents

- **Declaration of Independence**
- **Signers of the Declaration of Independence**
- **Constitution of the United States**
- **Amendments to the Constitution of the United States**
- **Constitution of the State of Iowa**
- **Amendments to the Constitution of Iowa**

The Declaration of Independence

In Congress, July 4, 1776

The unanimous Declaration of the Thirteen United States of America

When in the Course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the Powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the Laws of Nature and of Nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation. — We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness. That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundations on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their Safety and Happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that Governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly all experience hath shown, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same Object evinces a design to reduce them under absolute Despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such Government, and to provide new Guards for their future security. — Such has been the patient sufferance of these Colonies; and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former Systems of Government. The history of the present King of Great Britian is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute Tyranny over these States. To prove this, let Facts be submitted to a candid world. — He has refused his Assent to Laws, the most wholesome and necessary for the public good. — He has forbidden his Governors to pass Laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his Assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them. — He has refused to pass other Laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of Representation in the Legislature, a right inestimable to them and formidable to tyrants only. — He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their Public Records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures. — He has dissolved Representative Houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people. — He has refused for a long time, after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the Legislative Powers, incapable of Annihilation, have returned to the People at large for their exercise; the State remaining in the mean time exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and convulsions within. — He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose obstructing the Laws for Naturalization of Foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migration hither, and raising the conditions of new Appropriations of Lands. — He has obstructed the Administration of Justice, by refusing his Assent to Laws for establishing Judiciary Powers. — He has made Judges dependent on his Will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries. — He has erected a multitude of New Offices, and sent hither swarms of Officers to harass our People, and eat out their substance. — He has kept among us, in times of peace, Standing Armies without the Consent of our legislature. — He has affected to render the Military independent of and superior to the Civil Power. — He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his Assent to their acts of pretended Legislation: — For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us: — For protecting them, by a mock Trial, from Punishment for any Murders which they should commit on the Inhabitants of these States: — For cutting off our Trade with all parts of the world: — For imposing taxes on us without our Consent: — For depriving us in many cases, of the benefits of Trial by Jury: — For transporting us beyond Seas to be tried for pretended

offenses: — For abolishing the free System of English Laws in a neighbouring Province, establishing therein an Arbitrary government, and enlarging its Boundaries so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these Colonies: — For taking away our Charters, abolishing our most valuable Laws, and altering fundamentally the Forms of our Government: — For suspending our own Legislature, and declaring themselves invested with Power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever. — He has abdicated Government here, by declaring us out of his Protection and waging War against us. — He has plundered our seas, ravaged our Coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people. — He is at this time transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to compleat the works of death, desolation and tyranny, already begun with circumstances of Cruelty & perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the Head of a civilized nation. — He has constrained our fellow Citizens taken captive on the high Seas to bear Arms against their Country, to become the executioners of their friends and Brethren, or to fall themselves by their Hands. — He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavoured to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers, the merciless Indian Savages, whose known rule of warfare, is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions. — In every state of these Oppressions We have Petitioned for Redress in the most humble terms: Our repeated Petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A Prince, whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a Tyrant is unfit to be the rule of a free People. — Nor have We been wanting in attention to our British brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them by the ties of our common kindred to disavow these usurpations, which, would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They too have been deaf to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which denounces our Separation, and hold Them, as we hold the rest of mankind, Enemies in War, in Peace Friends.

We, therefore, the Representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress, Assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the Name, and by Authority of the good People of these Colonies, solemnly publish and declare, That these United Colonies are, and of Right ought to be Free and Independent States; that they are Absolved from all Allegiance to the British Crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britian, is and ought to be totally dissolved; and that as Free and Independent States, they have full Power to levy War, conclude Peace, contract Alliances, establish Commerce, and to do all other Acts and Things which Independent States may of right do. And for the support of this Declaration, with a firm reliance on the Protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our Lives, our Fortunes and our sacred Honor.

JOHN HANCOCK.

Signers of the Declaration of Independence

New Hampshire — Josiah Bartlett, Wm. Whipple, Matthew Thornton. Massachusetts Bay — Saml. Adams, John Adams, Robt. Treat Paine, Elbridge Gerry. Rhode Island — Step. Hopkins, William Ellery. Connecticut — Roger Sherman, Samel. Huntington, Wm. Williams, Oliver Wolcott. New York — Wm. Floyd, Phil. Livingston, Frans. Lewis, Lewis Morris. New Jersey — Richd. Stockton, Jno. Witherspoon, Frans. Hopkinson, John Hart, Abra. Clark. Pennsylvania — Robt. Morris, Benjamin Rush, Benja. Franklin, John Morton. Geo. Clymer, Jas. Smith, Geo. Taylor, James Wilson, Geo. Ross. Delaware — Caesar Rodney, Geo. Read, Tho. M'Kean. Maryland — Samuel Chase, Wm. Paca, Thos. Stone, Charles Carroll of Carrollton. Virginia — George Wythe, Richard Henry Lee, Th. Jefferson, Benja. Harrison, Thos. Nelson, Jr., Francis Lightfoot Lee, Carter Braxton. North Carolina — Wm. Hooper, Joseph Hewes, John Penn. South Carolina — Edward Rutledge, Thos. Heyward, Junr., Thomas Lynch, Junr., Arthur Middleton. Georgia — Button Gwinnett, Lyman Hall, Geo. Walton.

Constitution of the United States of America

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PREAMBLE

We the people of the United States, in Order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and our Posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

Section 1. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

No Person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the Age of twenty five Years, and been seven Years a Citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct Taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective Numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole Number of free Persons, including those bound to Service for a Term of Years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other Persons. The actual Enumeration shall be made within three Years after the first Meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent Term of ten Years, in such Manner as they shall by Law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty Thousand, but each State shall have at Least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to chuse three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the Representation from any State, the Executive Authority thereof shall issue Writs of Election to fill such Vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall chuse their Speaker and other Officers; and shall have the sole Power of Impeachment.

Section 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six Years; and each Senator shall have one Vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in Consequence of the first Election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three Classes. The Seats of the Senators of the first Class shall be vacated at the Expiration of the second Year, of the second Class at the Expiration of the fourth Year, and of the third Class at the Expiration of the sixth Year, so that one third may be chosen every second Year; and if Vacancies happen by Resignation, or otherwise, during the Recess of the Legislature of any State, the Executive thereof may make temporary Appointments until the next Meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such Vacancies.

No Person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty Years, and been nine Years a Citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no Vote, unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall chuse their other Officers, and also a President pro tempore, in the Absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the Office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole Power to try all Impeachments. When sitting for that Purpose, they shall be on Oath or Affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried the Chief Justice shall preside: And no Person shall be convicted without the Concurrence of two thirds of the Members present.

Judgment in Cases of Impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from Office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any Office of honor, Trust or Profit under the United States: but the Party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to Indictment, Trial, Judgment and Punishment, according to Law.

Section 4. The Times, Places and Manner of holding Elections for Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof: but the Congress may at any time by Law make or alter such Regulations, except as to the Places of chusing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by Law appoint a different Day.

Section 5. Each House shall be the Judge of the Elections, Returns and Qualifications of its own Members, and a Majority of each shall constitute a Quorum to do Business; but a smaller Number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the Attendance of absent Members, in such Manner, and under such Penalties as each House may provide.

Each house may determine the Rules of its Proceedings, punish its Members for disorderly Behaviour, and, with the Concurrence of two thirds, expel a Member.

Each House shall keep a Journal of its Proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such Parts as may in their Judgment require Secrecy; and the Yeas and Nays of the Members of either House on any question shall, at the Desire of one fifth of those Present, be entered on the Journal.

Neither House, during the Session of Congress, shall, without the Consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other Place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting.

Section 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a Compensation for their Services, to be ascertained by Law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall in all Cases, except Treason, Felony and Breach of the Peace, be privileged from Arrest during their Attendance at the Session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any Speech or Debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other Place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the Time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil Office under the Authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the Emoluments whereof shall have been encreased during such time; and no Person holding any Office under the United States, shall be a Member of either House during his Continuance in Office.

Section 7. All Bills for raising Revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with Amendments as on other Bills.

Every Bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a Law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his Objections to that House in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the Objections at large on their Journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such Reconsideration two thirds of that House shall agree to pass the Bill, it shall be sent, together with the Objections, to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds of that House, it shall become a Law. But in all Cases the Votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and Nays, and the Names of the Persons voting for and against the Bill shall be entered on the Journal of each House respectively. If any Bill shall not be returned by the President within ten Days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the Same shall be a Law, in like Manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by their Adjournment prevent its Return, in which Case it shall not be a Law.

Every Order, Resolution, or Vote to which the Concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of Adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the Same shall take Effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the Rules and Limitations prescribed in the Case of a Bill.

Section 8. The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow Money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes;

To establish a uniform Rule of Naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of Bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign Coin, and fix the Standard of Weights and Measures;

To provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States;

To establish Post Offices and post Roads;

To promote the Progress of Science and useful Arts, by securing for limited Times to Authors and Inventors the exclusive Right to their respective Writings and Discoveries;

To constitute Tribunals inferior to the supreme Court;

To define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations;

To declare War, grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, and make Rules concerning Captures on Land and Water;

To raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money to that Use shall be for a longer Term than two Years;

To provide and maintain a Navy;

To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces;

To provide for calling forth the Militia to execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections and repel Invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive Legislation in all Cases whatsoever, over such District (not exceeding ten Miles square) as may, by Cession of particular States, and the Acceptance of Congress, become the Seat of the Government of the United States, and to exercise like Authority over all Places purchased by the Consent of the Legislature of the State in which the Same shall be, for the Erection of Forts, Magazines, Arsenals, dock-Yards, and other needful Buildings;—And

To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Section 9. The Migration or Importation of such Persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the Year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a Tax or duty may be imposed on such Importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each Person.

The Privilege of the Writ of Habeas Corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in Cases of Rebellion or Invasion the public Safety may require it.

No Bill of Attainder or ex post facto Law shall be passed.

No Capitation, or other direct, Tax shall be laid, unless in Proportion to the Census or Enumeration herein before directed to be taken.

To Tax or Duty shall be laid on Articles exported from any State.

No Preference shall be given by any Regulation of Commerce or Revenue to the Ports of one State over those of another: nor shall Vessels bound to, or from, one State, be obliged to enter, clear, or pay Duties in another.

No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations

made by Law; and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time.

No Title of Nobility shall be granted by the United States: And no Person holding any Office of Profit or Trust under them, shall, without the Consent of the Congress, accept of any present, Emolument, Office, or Title, of any kind whatever, from any King, Prince, or foreign State.

Section 10. No State shall enter into any Treaty, Alliance, or Confederation; grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal; coin Money; emit Bills of Credit; make any Thing but gold and silver Coin a Tender in Payment of Debts; pass any Bill of Attainder, ex post facto Law, or Law impairing the Obligation of Contracts, or grant any Title of Nobility.

No State shall, without the Consent of the Congress, lay any Imposts or Duties on Imports or Exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection Laws: and the net Produce of all Duties and Imposts, laid by any State on Imports or Exports, shall be for the Use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such Laws shall be subject to the Revision and Controul of the Congress.

No State shall, without the Consent of Congress, lay any Duty of Tonnage, keep Troops, or Ships of War in time of Peace, enter into any Agreement or Compact with another State, or with a foreign Power, or engage in War, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent Danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

Section 1. The executive Power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his Office during the Term of four Years, and, together with the Vice President, chosen for the same Term, be elected, as follows: Each State shall appoint, in such Manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a Number of Electors, equal to the whole Number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress: but no Senator or Representative, or Person holding an Office of Trust or Profit under the United States, shall be appointed an Elector.

The Electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by Ballot for two Persons, of whom one at least shall not be an Inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a List of all Persons voted for, and of the Number of Votes for each; which List they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the Seat of the Government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the Presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the Certificates, and the Votes shall then be counted. The Person having the greatest Number of Votes shall be the President, if such Number be a Majority of the whole Number of Electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such Majority, and have an equal Number of Votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately chuse by Ballot one of them for President; and if no Person have a Majority, then from the five highest on the List the said House shall in like Manner chuse the President. But in chusing the President, the Votes shall be taken by States, the Representation from each State having one Vote; A quorum for this Purpose shall consist of a Member or Members from two thirds of the States, and a Majority of all the States shall be necessary to a Choice. In every Case, after the Choice of the President, the Person having the greatest Number of Votes of the Electors shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal Votes, the Senate shall chuse from them by Ballot the Vice President.

The Congress may determine the Time of chusing the Electors, and the Day on which they shall give their Votes; which Day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No Person except a natural born Citizen, or a Citizen of the United States, at the time of the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the Office of President; neither shall any Person be eligible to that Office who shall not have attained the Age of thirty five Years, and been fourteen Years a Resident within the United States.

In Case of the Removal of the President from Office, or of his Death, Resignation, or Inability to discharge the Powers and Duties of the said Office, the Same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by Law provide for the Case of Removal, Death, Resignation or Inability, both of the President and Vice President, declaring what Officer shall then act as President and such Officer shall act accordingly, until the Disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated Times, receive for his Services, a Compensation, which shall neither be encreased nor diminished during the Period for which he shall have

been elected, and he shall not receive within that Period any other Emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the Execution of his Office, he shall take the following Oath or Affirmation: — "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the Office of President of the United States, and will to the best of my Ability, preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States."

Section 2. The President shall be Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, and of the Militia of the several States, when called into the actual Service of the United States; he may require the Opinion, in writing, of the principal Officer in each of the executive Departments, upon any Subject relating to the Duties of their respective Offices, and he shall have Power to grant Reprieves and Pardons for Offences against the United States, except in Cases of Impeachment.

He shall have Power, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate, to make Treaties, provided two thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate, shall appoint Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, Judges of the supreme Court, and all other Officers of the United States, whose Appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by Law: but the Congress may by Law vest the Appointment of such inferior Officers, as they think proper, in the President alone, in the Courts of Law, or in the Heads of Departments.

The President shall have Power to fill up all Vacancies that may happen during the Recess of the Senate, by granting Commissions which shall expire at the End of their next Session.

Section 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress Information of the State of the Union, and recommend to their Consideration such Measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary Occasions, convene both Houses, or either of them, and in Case of Disagreement between them, with Respect to the Time of Adjournment, he may adjourn them to such Time as he shall think proper; he shall receive Ambassadors and other public Ministers; he shall take Care that the Laws be faithfully executed, and shall Commission all the Officers of the United States.

Section 4. The President, Vice President and all civil Officers of the United States, shall be removed from Office on Impeachment for, and Conviction of, Treason, Bribery, or other high Crimes and Misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

Section 1. The judicial Power of the United States, shall be vested in one supreme Court, and in such inferior Courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The Judges, both of the supreme and inferior Courts, shall hold their Offices during good Behaviour, and shall, at stated Times, receive for their Services, a Compensation, which shall not be diminished during their Continuance in Office.

Section 2. The judicial Power shall extend to all Cases, in Law and Equity, arising under this Constitution, the Laws of the United States, and Treaties made, or which shall be made, under their Authority; — to all Cases affecting Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls; — to all Cases of admiralty and maritime Jurisdiction; — to Controversies to which the United States shall be a Party; — to Controversies between two or more States; — between a State and Citizens of another State; — between Citizens of different States; — between Citizens of the same State claiming Lands under Grants of different States, and between a State, or the Citizens thereof, and foreign States, Citizens or Subjects.

In all Cases affecting Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, and those in which a State shall be Party, the supreme Court shall have original Jurisdiction. In all the other Cases before mentioned, the supreme Court shall have appellate Jurisdiction, both as to Law and Fact, with such Exceptions, and under such Regulations as the Congress shall make.

The Trial of all Crimes, except in Cases of Impeachment, shall be by Jury; and such Trial shall be held in the State where the said Crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such Place or Places as the Congress may by Law have directed.

Section 3. Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying War against them, or in adhering to their Enemies, giving them Aid and Comfort. No Person

shall be convicted of Treason unless on the Testimony of two Witnesses to the same overt Act, or on Confession in open Court.

The Congress shall have Power to declare the Punishment of Treason, but no Attainder of Treason shall work Corruption of Blood, or Forfeiture except during the Life of the Person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

Section 1. Full Faith and Credit shall be given in each State to the public Acts, Records, and judicial Proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general Laws prescribe the Manner in which such Acts, Records and Proceedings shall be proved, and the Effect thereof.

Section 2. The Citizens of each State shall be entitled to all Privileges and Immunities of Citizens in the several States.

A Person charged in any State with Treason, Felony, or other Crime, who shall flee from Justice, and be found in another State, shall on Demand of the executive Authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having Jurisdiction of the Crime.

No Person held to Service or Labour in one State, under the Laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in Consequence of any Law or Regulation therein, be discharged from such Service or Labour, but shall be delivered up on Claim of the Party to whom such Service or Labour may be due.

Section 3. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the Jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the Junction of two or more States, or Parts of States, without the Consent of the Legislatures of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

Section 4. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a Republican Form of Government, and shall protect each of them against Invasion; and on Application of the Legislature, or of the Executive (when the Legislature cannot be convened) against domestic Violence.

ARTICLE V.

The Congress, whenever two thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose Amendments to this Constitution, or, on the Application of the Legislatures of two thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing Amendments, which, in either Case, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes, as Part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislature of three fourths of the several States, or by Conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other Mode of Ratification may be proposed by the Congress: Provided that no Amendment which may be made prior to the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any Manner affect the first and fourth Clauses in the Ninth Section of the first Article; and that no State, without its Consent, shall be deprived of its equal Suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All Debts contracted and Engagements entered into, before the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority Contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the Members of the several State Legislatures, and all executive and judicial Officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by Oath or Affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious Test shall ever be required as a Qualification to any Office or public Trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The Ratification of the Conventions of nine States, shall be sufficient for the Establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the Same.

Done in Convention by the Unanimous Consent of the States present the Seventeenth Day of September in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and Eighty seven and of the Independence of the United States of America the Twelfth. In Witness whereof We have hereunto subscribed our Names,

G^o Washington — Presidt.

and deputy from Virginia

Attest: William Jackson, Secretary

New Hampshire — John Langdon, Nicholas Gilman.

Massachusetts — Nathaniel Gorham, Rufus King.

Connecticut — Wm. Saml. Johnson, Roger Sherman.

New York — Alexander Hamilton.

New Jersey — Wil: Livingston, David Brearley, Wm. Paterson, Jona: Dayton.

Pennsylvania — B. Franklin, Thomas Mifflin, Robt. Morris, Geo. Clymer, Thos.

FitzSimons, Jared Ingersoll, James Wilson, Gouv. Morris.

Delaware — Geo: Red, Gunning Bedford jun, John Dickinson, Richard Bassett, Jaco: Broom.

Maryland — James McHenry, Dan of St. Thos. Jenifer, Danl. Carroll.

Virginia — John Blair, James Madison, Jr.

North Carolina — Wm. Blount, Richd, Dobbs Spaight, Hu Williamson.

South Carolina — J. Rutledge, Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, Charles Pinckeny, Pierce Butler.

Georgia — William Few, Abr. Baldwin.

In Convention Monday, September 17th, 1787.

Present

The States of

New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Mr. Hamilton from New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, Resolved,

That the preceeding Constitution be laid before the United States in Congress assembled, and that it is the Opinion of this Convention, that it should afterwards be submitted to a Convention of Delegates, chosen in each State by the People thereof, under the Recommendation of its Legislature, for their Assent and Ratification; and that each Convention assenting to, and ratifying the Same, should give Notice thereof to the United States in Congress assembled.

Resolved, That it is the Opinion of this Convention, that as soon as the Conventions of nine States shall have ratified this Constitution, the United States in Congress assembled should fix a Day on which Electors should be appointed by the States which shall have ratified the same, and a day on which the Electors should assemble to vote for the President, and the Time and Place for commencing Proceedings under this Constitution. That after such Publication the Electors should be appointed, and the Senators and Representatives elected: That the Electors should meet on the Day fixed for the Election of the President, and should transmit their Votes certified, signed, sealed and directed, as the constitution requires, to the Secretary of the United States in Congress assembled, that the Senators and Representatives should convene at the Time and Place assigned; that the Senators should appoint a President of the Senate, for the sole Purpose of receiving, opening and counting the Votes for President; and, that after he shall be chosen, the Congress, together with the President, should, without Delay, proceed to execute this Constitution.

By the Unanimous Order of the Convention.

G^o Washington Presidt.

W. Jackson Secretary.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION

Amendment 1.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

Amendment 2.

A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed.

Amendment 3.

No soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the Owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

Amendment 4.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

Amendment 5.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

Amendment 6.

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law; and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the Assistance of Counsel for his defence.

Amendment 7.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury, shall be otherwise reexamined in any Court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

Amendment 8.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

Amendment 9.

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

Amendment 10.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.¹

Amendment 11.

The Judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by Citizens of another State, or by Citizens or Subjects of any Foreign State.²

Amendment 12.

The Electors shall meet in their respective states and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate:—The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates and the votes shall then be counted:—The person having the greatest number of votes for President, shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.—The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-President, shall be the Vice-President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States.³

Amendment 13.

Section 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

Section 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.⁴

Amendment 14.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Section 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the Executive and Judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Section 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Section 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Section 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.⁵

Amendment 15.

Section 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.⁶

Amendment 16.

The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration.⁷

Amendment 17.

The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote. The electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legislatures.

When vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the Senate, the executive authority of such State shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies; *Provided*, That the legislature of any State may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election as the legislature may direct.

This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any Senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the Constitution.⁸

Amendment 18.

Section 1. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale, or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

Section 2. The Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Section 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of the several States, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.⁹

Amendment 19.

The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.¹⁰

Amendment 20.

Section 1. The terms of the President and Vice President shall end at noon on the 20th day of January, and the terms of Senators and Representatives at noon on the 3rd day of January, of the years in which such terms would have ended if this article had not been ratified; and the terms of their successors shall then begin.

Section 2. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall begin at noon on the 3rd day of January, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

Section 3. If, at the time fixed for the beginning of the term of the President, the President elect shall have died, the Vice President elect shall become President. If a

President shall not have been chosen before the time fixed for the beginning of his term, or if the President elect shall have failed to qualify, then the Vice President elect shall act as President until a President shall have qualified; and the Congress may by law provide for the case wherein neither a President elect nor a Vice President elect shall have qualified, declaring who shall then act as President, or the manner in which one who is to act shall be selected, and such person shall act accordingly until a President or Vice President shall have qualified.

Section 4. The Congress may by law provide for the case of the death of any of the persons from whom the House of Representatives may choose a President whenever the right of choice shall have devolved upon them, and for the case of the death of any of the persons from whom the Senate may choose a Vice President whenever the right of choice shall have devolved upon them.

Section 5. Sections 1 and 2 shall take effect on the 15th day of October following the ratification of this article.

Section 6. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States within seven years from the date of its submission.¹¹

Amendment 21.

Section 1. The eighteenth article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States is hereby repealed.

Section 2. The transportation or importation into any State, Territory, or possession of the United States for delivery or use therein of intoxicating liquors, in violation of the laws thereof, is hereby prohibited.

Section 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by conventions in the several States, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.¹²

Amendment 22.

Section 1. No person shall be elected to the office of the President more than twice, and no person who has held the office of President, or acted as President, for more than two years of a term to which some other person was elected President shall be elected to the office of the President more than once. But this Article shall not apply to any person holding the office of President when this Article was proposed by the Congress, and shall not prevent any person who may be holding the office of President, or acting as President, during the term within which this Article becomes operative from holding the office of President or acting as President during the remainder of such term.

Section 2. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States within seven years from the date of its submission to the States by the Congress.¹³

Amendment 23.

Section 1. The District constituting the seat of the Government of the United States shall appoint in such manner as the Congress may direct:

A number of electors of President and Vice-President equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives in Congress to which the District would be entitled if it were a State, but in no event more than the least populous State; they shall be in addition to those appointed by the States, but they shall be considered, for the purposes of the election of President and Vice President, to be electors appointed by a State; and they shall meet in the District and perform such duties as provided by the twelfth article of amendment.

Section 2. The Congress shall have the power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.¹⁴

Amendment 24.

Section 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote in any primary or other election for President or Vice President, for electors for President or Vice President, or for Senator or Representative in Congress, shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or any State by reason of failure to pay any poll tax or other tax.

Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.¹⁵

Amendment 25.

Section 1. In case of the removal of the President from office or of his death or resignation, the Vice President shall become President.

Section 2. Whenever there is a vacancy in the office of the Vice President, the President shall nominate a Vice President who shall take office upon confirmation by a majority vote of both Houses of Congress.

Section 3. Whenever the President transmits to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives his written declaration that he is unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office, and until he transmits to them a written declaration to the contrary, such powers and duties shall be discharged by the Vice President as Acting President.

Section 4. Whenever the Vice President and a majority of either the principal officers of the executive departments or of such other body as Congress may by law provide, transmit to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives their written declaration that the President is unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office, the Vice President shall immediately assume the powers and duties of the office as Acting President.

Thereafter, when the President transmits to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives his written declaration that no inability exists, he shall resume the powers and duties of his office unless the Vice President and a majority of either the principal officers of the executive department or of such other body as Congress may by law provide, transmit within four days to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives their written declaration that the President is unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office. Thereupon Congress shall decide the issue, assembling within forty-eight hours for that purpose if not in session. If the Congress, within twenty-one days after receipt of the latter written declaration, or, if Congress is not in session, within twenty-one days after Congress is required to assemble, determines by two-thirds vote by both Houses that the President is unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office, the Vice President shall continue to discharge the same as Acting President; otherwise, the President shall resume the powers and duties of his office.¹⁶

Amendment 26.

Section 1. The right of citizens of the United States, who are eighteen years of age or older, to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of age.

Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.¹⁷

¹The first ten amendments were proposed by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on September 25, 1789, and were ratified by all of the states, except Connecticut, Georgia and Massachusetts, before the end of the year 1791, thereby becoming a part of the organic law, pursuant to the fifth article of the original constitution.

²The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on March 5, 1794, and was, in a message of the president of Congress January 8, 1798, declared to have been duly ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states.

³The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on December 12, 1803, in lieu of the original third paragraph of the first section of the second article, and was proclaimed by the secretary of state on September 25, 1804, to have been duly ratified.

⁴The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on February 1, 1865, and was proclaimed by the secretary of state on December 18, 1865, to have been duly ratified.

⁵The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on June 16, 1866, and was proclaimed by the secretary of state on July 28, 1868, to have been duly ratified.

⁶The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on February 27, 1869, and was proclaimed by the secretary of state on March 30, 1870, to have been duly ratified.

⁷The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on July 12, 1909, and was proclaimed by the secretary of state on February 25, 1913, to have been duly ratified.

⁸The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on May 16, 1912, and was proclaimed by the secretary of state on May 31, 1913, to have been duly ratified.

⁹The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on December 17, 1917, and was proclaimed by the acting secretary of state on January 29, 1919, to have been duly ratified. Repealed by amendment 21, December 5, 1933.

¹⁰The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on June 5, 1919, and was proclaimed by the secretary of state on August 26, 1920, to have been duly ratified.

¹¹The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on March 8, 1932, and was proclaimed by the secretary of state on February 6, 1933, to have been duly ratified.

¹²The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the several states on February 21, 1933, for ratification by convention, and was proclaimed by the acting secretary of state on December 5, 1933, to have been duly ratified.

¹³The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on March 24, 1947, and was proclaimed by the administrator of general services on March 1, 1951, to have been duly ratified.

¹⁴The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on June 16, 1960, and was proclaimed by the administrator of general services on March 29, 1961, to have been duly ratified.

¹⁵The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on August 27, 1962, and was proclaimed by the administrator of general services on February 4, 1964, to have been duly ratified.

¹⁶The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on July 6, 1965, and was proclaimed by the administrator of general services on February 23, 1967, to have been duly ratified.

¹⁷The above amendment was submitted by Congress to the legislatures of the several states on January 21, 1971, and was proclaimed by the administrator of general services on July 5, 1971, to have been duly ratified.

There was pending at the time of this publication an amendment relating to sexual discrimination.

Constitution of the State of Iowa

Preamble.

Boundaries.

Article I.—Bill of Rights.

- Sec. 1. Rights of persons.
 2. Political power.
 3. Religion.
 4. Religious test—witnesses.
 5. Dueling.
 6. Laws uniform.
 7. Liberty of speech and press.
 8. Personal security—searches and seizures.
 9. Right of trial by jury—due process of law.
 10. Rights of persons accused.
 11. When indictment necessary. See Amendment [9].
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Constitution of the State of Iowa

Preamble. WE THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF IOWA, grateful to the Supreme Being for the blessings hitherto enjoyed, and feeling our dependence on Him for a continuation of those blessings, do ordain and establish a free and independent government, by the name of the State of Iowa, the boundaries whereof shall be as follows:

Boundaries. Beginning in the middle of the main channel of the Mississippi River, at a point due East of the middle of the mouth of the main channel of the Des Moines River, thence up the middle of the main channel of the said Des Moines River, to a point on said river where the Northern boundary line of the state of Missouri—as established by the constitution of that State—adopted June 12th, 1820—crosses the said middle of the main channel of the said Des Moines River; thence Westwardly along the said Northern boundary line of the State of Missouri, as established at the time aforesaid, until an extension of said line intersects the middle of the main channel of the Missouri River; thence up the middle of the main channel of the said Missouri River to a point opposite the middle of the main channel of the Big Sioux River, according to Nicollett's Map; thence up the main channel of the said Big Sioux River, according to the said map, until it is intersected by the parallel of forty three degrees and thirty minutes North latitude; thence East along said parallel of forty three degrees and thirty minutes until said parallel intersects the middle of the main channel of the Mississippi River; thence down the middle of the main channel of said Mississippi River to the place of beginning.

ARTICLE I.

Bill of Rights.

Rights of persons. Section 1. All men are, by nature, free and equal, and have certain inalienable rights — among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty, acquiring, possessing and protecting property, and pursuing and obtaining safety and happiness.

Political power. Section 2. All political power is inherent in the people. Government is instituted for the protection, security, and benefit of the people, and they have the right, at all times, to alter or reform the same, whenever the public good may require it.

Religion. Section 3. The General Assembly shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; nor shall any person be compelled to attend any place of worship, pay tithes, taxes, or other rates for building or repairing places of worship, or the maintenance of any minister, or ministry.

Religious test—witnesses. Section 4. No religious test shall be required as a qualification for any office, or public trust, and no person shall be deprived of any of his rights, privileges, or capacities, or disqualified from the performance of any of his public or private duties, or rendered incompetent to give evidence in any court of law or equity, in consequence of his opinions on the subject of religion; and any party to any judicial proceeding shall have the right to use as a witness, or take the testimony of, any other person not disqualified on account of interest, who may be cognizant of any fact material to the case; and parties to suits may be witnesses, as provided by law.¹

Dueling. Section 5. Any citizen of this State who may hereafter be engaged, either directly, or indirectly, in a duel, either as principal, or accessory before the fact, shall forever be disqualified from holding any office under the Constitution and laws of this State.

Laws uniform. Section 6. All laws of a general nature shall have a uniform operation; the General Assembly shall not grant to any citizen, or class of citizens, privileges or immunities, which, upon the same terms shall not equally belong to all citizens.

Liberty of speech and press. Section 7. Every person may speak, write, and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right. No law shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech, or of the press. In all prosecutions or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence to the jury, and if it appears

to the jury that the matter charged as libellous was true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted.

Personal security—searches and seizures. Section 8. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable seizures and searches shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue but on probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons and things to be seized.

Right of trial by jury—due process of law. Section 9. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate; but the General Assembly may authorize trial by jury of a less number than twelve men in inferior courts; but no person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law.²

Rights of persons accused. Section 10. In all criminal prosecutions, and in cases involving the life, or liberty of an individual the accused shall have a right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury; to be informed of the accusation against him, to have a copy of the same when demanded; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for his witnesses; and, to have the assistance of counsel.³

When indictment necessary. Section 11. All offences less than felony and in which the punishment does not exceed a fine of One hundred dollars, or imprisonment for thirty days, shall be tried summarily before a Justice of the Peace, or other officer authorized by law, on information under oath, without indictment, or the intervention of a grand jury, saving to the defendant the right of appeal; and no person shall be held to answer for any higher criminal offence, unless on presentment or indictment by a grand jury,⁴ except in cases arising in the army, or navy, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger.⁵

Twice tried—bail. Section 12. No person shall after acquittal, be tried for the same offence. All persons shall, before conviction, be bailable, by sufficient sureties, except for capital offences where the proof is evident, or the presumption great.

Habeas corpus. Section 13. The writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, or refused when application is made as required by law, unless in case of rebellion, or invasion the public safety may require it.

Military. Section 14. The military shall be subordinate to the civil power. No standing army shall be kept up by the State in time of peace; and in time of war, no appropriation for a standing army shall be for a longer time than two years.

Quartering soldiers. Section 15. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war except in the manner prescribed by law.

Treason. Section 16. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against it, adhering to its enemies, or giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the evidence of two witnesses to the same overt act, or confession in open Court.

Bail—punishments. Section 17. Excessive bail shall not be required; excessive fines shall not be imposed, and cruel and unusual punishment shall not be inflicted.

Eminent domain. Section 18. Private property shall not be taken for public use without just compensation first being made, or secured to be made to the owner thereof, as soon as the damages shall be assessed by a jury, who shall not take into consideration any advantages that may result to said owner on account of the improvement for which it is taken.⁶

Imprisonment for debt. Section 19. No person shall be imprisoned for debt in any civil action, on mesne or final process, unless in case of fraud; and no person shall be imprisoned for a militia fine in time of peace.

Right of assemblage—petition. Section 20. The people have the right freely to assemble together to counsel for the common good; to make known their opinions to their representatives and to petition for a redress of grievances.

Attainder—ex post facto law—obligation of contract. Section 21. No bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, shall ever be passed.

Resident aliens. Section 22. Foreigners who are, or may hereafter become residents of this State, shall enjoy the same rights in respect to the possession, enjoyment and descent of property, as native born citizens.

Slavery—penal servitude. Section 23. There shall be no slavery in this State; nor shall there be involuntary servitude, unless for the punishment of crime.

Agricultural leases. Section 24. No lease or grant of agricultural lands, reserving any rent, or service of any kind, shall be valid for a longer period than twenty years.

Rights reserved. Section 25. This enumeration of rights shall not be construed to impair or deny others, retained by the people.⁷

ARTICLE II.

Right of Suffrage.

Electors. Section 1. [Every (white)⁸ male citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a resident of this State six months next preceding the election, and of the County in which he claims his vote sixty days, shall be entitled to vote at all elections which are now or hereafter may be authorized by law.]⁹

Privileged from arrest. Section 2. Electors shall, in all cases except treason, felony, or breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest on the days of election, during their attendance at such election, going to and returning therefrom.

From military duty. Section 3. No elector shall be obliged to perform military duty on the day of election, except in time of war, or public danger.

Persons in military service. Section 4. No person in the military, naval, or marine service of the United States shall be considered a resident of this State by being stationed in any garrison, barrack, or military or naval place, or station within this State.

Disqualified persons. Section 5. No idiot, or insane person, or person convicted of any infamous crime, shall be entitled to the privilege of an elector.

Ballot. Section 6. All elections by the people shall be by ballot.

General election. Section 7. See Amendments [7], [11] and [14].¹⁰

ARTICLE III.

Of the Distribution of Powers.

Departments of government. Section 1. The powers of the government of Iowa shall be divided into three separate departments—the Legislative, the Executive, and the Judicial; and no person charged with the exercise of powers properly belonging to one of these departments shall exercise any function appertaining to either of the others, except in cases hereinafter expressly directed or permitted.

Legislative Department.

General assembly. Section 1. The Legislative authority of this State shall be vested in a General Assembly, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives; and the style of every law shall be, "Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa."

Sessions. Section 2. [The sessions of the General Assembly shall be biennial, and shall commence on the second Monday in January next ensuing the election of its members; unless the Governor of the State shall, in the meantime, convene the General Assembly by proclamation.]¹¹

Representatives. Section 3. The members of the House of Representatives shall be chosen every second year, by the qualified electors of their respective districts, [on the second Tuesday in October, except the years of the Presidential election, when the election shall be on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November;]¹² and their term of office shall commence on the first day of January next after their election, and continue two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Qualifications. Section 4. No person shall be a member of the House of Representatives who shall not have attained the age of twenty-one years, be a [free white] [male]¹³ citizen of the United States, and shall have been an inhabitant of this State one year next preceding his election, and at the time of his election shall have had an actual residence of sixty days in the County, or District he may have been chosen to represent.

Senators—qualifications. Section 5. Senators shall be chosen for the term of four years, at the same time and place as Representatives; they shall be twenty-five years of age, and possess the qualifications of Representatives as to residence and citizenship.

Number and classification. Section 6. [The number of Senators shall not be less than one third, nor more than one half the representative body; and shall be so classified by

lot, that one class, being as nearly one half as possible, shall be elected every two years. When the number of Senators is increased, they shall be annexed by lot to one or the other of the two classes, so as to keep them as nearly equal in numbers as practicable.]¹⁴

Officers—elections determined. Section 7. Each house shall choose its own officers, and judge of the qualification, election, and return of its own members. A contested election shall be determined in such manner as shall be directed by law.

Quorum. Section 8. A majority of each house shall constitute a quorum to transact business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such manner and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Authority of the houses. Section 9. Each house shall sit upon its own adjournments, keep a journal of its proceedings, and publish the same; determine its rules of proceedings, punish members for disorderly behavior, and, with the consent of two thirds, expel a member, but not a second time for the same offense; and shall have all other powers necessary for a branch of the General Assembly of a free and independent State.

Protest—record of vote. Section 10. Every member of the General Assembly shall have the liberty to dissent from, or protest against any Act or resolution which he may think injurious to the public, or an individual, and have the reasons for his dissent entered on the journals; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house, on any question, shall, at the desire of any two members present, be entered on the journals.

Privileged from arrest. Section 11. Senators and Representatives, in all cases, except treason, felony, or breach of the peace, shall be privileged from arrest during the session of the General Assembly, and in going to and returning from the same.

Vacancies. Section 12. When vacancies occur in either house, the Governor or the person exercising the functions of Governor, shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

Doors open. Section 13. The doors of each house shall be open, except on such occasions, as, in the opinion of the house, may require secrecy.

Adjournments. Section 14. Neither house shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which they may be sitting.

Bills. Section 15. Bills may originate in either house, and may be amended, altered, or rejected by the other; and every bill having passed both houses, shall be signed by the Speaker and President of their respective houses.

Executive approval—veto. Section 16. Every bill which shall have passed the General Assembly, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor. If he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it with his objections, to the house in which it originated, which shall enter the same upon their journal, and proceed to re-consider it; if, after such re-consideration, it again pass both houses, by yeas and nays, by a majority of two thirds of the members of each house, it shall become a law, notwithstanding the Governor's objections. If any bill shall not be returned within three days after it shall have been presented to him, Sunday excepted, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the General Assembly, by adjournment, prevent such return. Any bill submitted to the Governor for his approval during the last three days of a session of the General Assembly, shall be deposited by him in the office of the Secretary of State, within thirty days after the adjournment, with his approval, if approved by him, and with his objections, if he disapproves thereof.¹⁵

Passage of bills. Section 17. No bill shall be passes unless by the assent of a majority of all the members elected to each branch of the General Assembly, and the question upon the final passage shall be taken immediately upon its last reading, and the yeas and nays entered on the journal.

Receipts and expenditures. Section 18. An accurate statement of the receipts and expenditures of the public money shall be attached to and published with the laws, at every regular session of the General Assembly.¹⁶

Impeachment. Section 19. The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment, and all impeachments shall be tried by the Senate. When sitting for that purpose, the senators shall be upon oath or affirmation; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two thirds of the members present.

Officers subject to impeachment—judgment. Section 20. The Governor, Judges of the Supreme and District Courts, and other State officers, shall be liable to impeachment

for any misdemeanor or malfeasance in office; but judgment in such cases shall extend only to removal from office, and disqualification to hold any office of honor, trust, or profit, under this State; but the party convicted or acquitted shall nevertheless be liable to indictment, trial, and punishment, according to law. All other civil officers shall be tried for misdemeanors and malfeasance in office, in such manner as the General Assembly may provide.

Members not appointed to office. Section 21. No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he shall have been elected, be appointed to any civil office of profit under this State, which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased during such term, except such offices as may be filled by elections by the people.

Disqualification. Section 22. No person holding any lucrative office under the United States, or this State, or any other power, shall be eligible to hold a seat in the General Assembly; but offices in the militia, to which there is attached no annual salary, or the office of justice of the peace, or postmaster whose compensation does not exceed one hundred dollars per annum, or notary public, shall not be deemed lucrative.

Failure to account. Section 23. No person who may hereafter be a collector or holder of public monies, shall have a seat in either House of the General Assembly, or be eligible to hold any office of trust or profit in this State, until he shall have accounted for and paid into the treasury all sums for which he may be liable.

Appropriations. Section 24. No money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law.

Compensation of members. Section 25. [*Each member of the first General Assembly under this Constitution, shall receive three dollars per diem while in session; and the further sum of three dollars for every twenty miles traveled, in going to and returning from the place where such session is held, by the nearest traveled route; after which they shall receive such compensation as shall be fixed by law; but no General Assembly shall have power to increase the compensation of its own members. And when convened in extra session they shall receive the same mileage and per diem compensation, as fixed by law for the regular session, and none other.*]¹⁷

Time laws to take effect. Section 26. No law of the General Assembly, passed at a regular session, of a public nature, shall take effect until the fourth¹⁸ day of July next after the passage thereof. Laws passed at a special session, shall take effect ninety days after the adjournment of the General Assembly by which they were passed. If the General Assembly shall deem any law of immediate importance, they may provide that the same shall take effect by publication in newspapers in the State.

Divorce. Section 27. No divorce shall be granted by the General Assembly.

Lotteries. Section 28. [*No lottery shall be authorized by this State; nor shall the sale of lottery tickets be allowed.*]¹⁹

Acts—one subject—expressed in title. Section 29. Every Act shall embrace but one subject, and matters properly connected therewith; which subject shall be expressed in the title. But if any subject shall be embraced in an Act which shall not be expressed in the title, such act shall be void only as to so much thereof as shall not be expressed in the title.

Local or special laws—general and uniform—boundaries of counties. Section 30. The General Assembly shall not pass local or special laws in the following cases:

For the assessment and collection of taxes for State, County, or road purposes;

For laying out, opening, and working roads or highways;

For changing the names of persons;

For the incorporation of cities and towns;

For vacating roads, town plats, streets, alleys, or public squares;

For locating or changing county seats.

In all the cases above enumerated, and in all other cases where a general law can be made applicable, all laws shall be general, and of uniform operation throughout the State; and no law changing the boundary lines of any county shall have effect until upon being submitted to the people of the counties affected by the change, at a general election, it shall be approved by a majority of the votes in each county, cast for and against it.²⁰

Extra compensation—payment of claims—appropriations for local or private purposes. Section 31. No extra compensation shall be made to any officer, public agent,

or contractor, after the service shall have been rendered, or the contract entered into; nor, shall any money be paid on any claim, the subject matter of which shall not have been provided for by pre-existing laws, and no public money or property shall be appropriated for local, or private purposes, unless such appropriation, compensation, or claim, be allowed by two-thirds of the members elected to each branch of the General Assembly.²¹

Oath of members. Section 32. Members of the General Assembly shall, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I do solemnly swear, or affirm, (as the case may be,) that I will support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Iowa, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of Senator, (or Representative, as the case may be,) according to the best of my ability." And members of the General Assembly are hereby empowered to administer to each other the said oath or affirmation.

Census. Section 33. [The General Assembly shall, in the years One thousand eight hundred and fifty nine, One thousand eight hundred and sixty three, One thousand eight hundred and sixty five, One thousand eight hundred and sixty seven, One thousand eight hundred and sixty nine, and One thousand eight hundred and seventy five, and every ten years thereafter, cause an enumeration to be made of all the [white]²² inhabitants of the State.]²³

Senators—number—method of apportionment. Section 34. [The number of senators shall, at the next session following each period of making such enumeration, and the next session following each United States census, be fixed by law, and apportioned among the several counties, according to the number of [white]²⁴ inhabitants in each.]²⁵

Senators—representatives—number—apportionment—districts. Section 35. [The Senate shall not consist of more than fifty members, nor the House of Representatives of more than one hundred; and they shall be apportioned among the several counties and representative districts of the State, according to the number of [white]²⁶ inhabitants in each, upon ratios to be fixed by law; but no representative district shall contain more than four organized counties, and each district shall be entitled to at least one representative. Every county and district which shall have a number of inhabitants equal to one-half of the ratio fixed by law, shall be entitled to one representative; and any one county containing in addition to the ratio fixed by law, one half of that number, or more, shall be entitled to one additional representative. No floating district shall hereafter be formed.]²⁷

Ratio of representation. Section 36. [At its first session under this Constitution, and at every subsequent regular session, the General Assembly shall fix the ratio of representation, and also form into representative districts those counties which will not be entitled singly to a representative.]²⁸

Districts. Section 37. [When a congressional, senatorial or representative district shall be composed of two or more counties, it shall not be entirely separated by any county belonging to another district; and no county shall be divided in forming a congressional, senatorial, or representative district.]²⁹

Elections by general assembly. Section 38. In all elections by the General Assembly, the members thereof shall vote viva voce and the votes shall be entered on the journal.

Municipal home rule. Section 38A.³⁰

Legislative districts. Section 39.³¹

ARTICLE IV.

Executive Department.

Governor. Section 1. The Supreme Executive power of this State shall be vested in a Chief Magistrate, who shall be styled the Governor of the State of Iowa.

Election and term. Section 2. [The Governor shall be elected by the qualified electors at the time and place of voting for members of the General Assembly, and shall hold his office two years from the time of his installation, and until his successor is elected and qualified.]³²

Lieutenant governor—returns of elections. Section 3. [There shall be a Lieutenant Governor, who shall hold his office two years, and be elected at the same time as the Governor. In voting for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, the electors shall designate for whom they vote as Governor, and for whom as Lieutenant Governor. The returns of every election for Governor, and Lieutenant Governor, shall be sealed up and transmitted to the seat of government of the State, directed to the Speaker of the House

of Representatives, who shall open and publish them in the presence of both Houses of the General Assembly.]³³

Election by general assembly. Section 4. The persons respectively having the highest number of votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, shall be declared duly elected; but in case two or more persons shall have an equal and the highest number of votes for either office, the General Assembly shall, by joint vote, forthwith proceed to elect one of said persons Governor, or Lieutenant Governor, as the case may be.³⁴

Contested elections. Section 5. Contested elections for Governor, or Lieutenant Governor, shall be determined by the General Assembly in such manner as may be prescribed by law.³⁵

Eligibility. Section 6. No person shall be eligible to the office of Governor, or Lieutenant Governor, who shall not have been a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the State, two years next preceding the election, and attained the age of thirty years at the time of said election.

Commander in chief. Section 7. The Governor shall be commander in chief of the militia, the army, and navy of this State.

Duties of governor. Section 8. He shall transact all executive business with the officers of government, civil and military, and may require information in writing from the officers of the executive department upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices.³⁶

Execution of laws. Section 9. He shall take care that the laws are faithfully executed.

Vacancies. Section 10. When any office shall, from any cause, become vacant, and no mode is provided by the Constitution and laws for filling such vacancy, the Governor shall have power to fill such vacancy, by granting a commission, which shall expire at the end of the next session of the General Assembly, or at the next election by the people.

Convening general assembly. Section 11. He may, on extraordinary occasions, convene the General Assembly by proclamation, and shall state to both Houses, when assembled, the purpose for which they shall have been convened.

Message. Section 12. He shall communicate, by message, to the General Assembly, at every regular session, the condition of the State, and recommend such matters as he shall deem expedient.

Adjournment. Section 13. In case of disagreement between the two Houses with respect to the time of adjournment, the Governor shall have power to adjourn the General Assembly to such time as he may think proper; but no such adjournment shall be beyond the time fixed for the regular meeting of the next General Assembly.

Disqualification. Section 14. No person shall, while holding any office under the authority of the United States, or this State, execute the office of Governor, or Lieutenant Governor, except as hereinafter expressly provided.

Terms—compensation of lieutenant governor. Section 15. [*The official term of the Governor, and Lieutenant Governor, shall commence on the second Monday of January next after their election, and continue for two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified. The Lieutenant Governor, while acting as Governor, shall receive the same pay as provided for Governor; and while presiding in the Senate, shall receive as compensation therefor, the same mileage and double the per diem pay provided for a Senator, and none other.*]³⁷

Pardons—reprieves—commutations. Section 16. The Governor shall have power to grant reprieves, commutations and pardons, after conviction, for all offences except treason and cases of impeachment, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law. Upon conviction for treason, he shall have power to suspend the execution of the sentence until the case shall be reported to the General Assembly at its next meeting, when the General Assembly shall either grant a pardon, commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence, or grant a further reprieve. He shall have power to remit fines and forfeitures, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law; and shall report to the General Assembly, at its next meeting, each case of reprieve, commutation, or pardon granted, and the reasons therefor; and also all persons in whose favor remission of fines and forfeitures shall have been made, and the several amounts remitted.

Lieutenant governor to act as governor. Section 17. In case of the death, impeachment, resignation, removal from office, or other disability of the Governor, the powers and duties of the office for the residue of the term, or until he shall be acquitted, or the disability removed, shall devolve upon the Lieutenant Governor.³⁸

President of senate. Section 18. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall only vote when the Senate is equally divided,³⁹ and in case of his absence, or impeachment, or when he shall exercise the office of Governor, the Senate shall choose a President pro tempore.

Vacancies. Section 19. *[If the Lieutenant Governor, while acting as Governor, shall be impeached, displaced, resign, or die, or otherwise become incapable of performing the duties of the office, the President pro tempore of the Senate shall act as Governor until the vacancy is filled, or the disability removed; and if the President of the Senate, for any of the above causes, shall be rendered incapable of performing the duties pertaining to the office of Governor, the same shall devolve upon the Speaker of the House of Representatives.]*⁴⁰

Seal of state. Section 20. There shall be a seal of this State, which shall be kept by the Governor, and used by him officially, and shall be called the Great Seal of the State of Iowa.⁴¹

Grants and commissions. Section 21. All grants and commissions shall be in the name and by the authority of the people of the State of Iowa, sealed with the Great Seal of the State, signed by the Governor, and countersigned by the Secretary of State.

Secretary—auditor—treasurer. Section 22. *[A Secretary of State, Auditor of State and Treasurer of State, shall be elected by the qualified electors, who shall continue in office two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified; and perform such duties as may be required by law.]*⁴²

ARTICLE V.

Judicial Department.

Courts. Section 1. The judicial power shall be vested in a Supreme Court, District Courts, and such other Courts, inferior to the Supreme Court, as the General Assembly may, from time to time, establish.

Supreme court. Section 2. *[The Supreme Court shall consist of three Judges, two of whom shall constitute a quorum to hold Court.]*⁴³

Election of judges—term. Section 3. *[The Judges of the Supreme Court shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State, and shall hold their Court at such time and place as the General Assembly may prescribe. The Judges of the Supreme Court so elected, shall be classified so that one Judge shall go out of office every two years; and the Judge holding the shortest term of office under such classification, shall be Chief Justice of the Court, during his term, and so on in rotation. After the expiration of their terms of office, under such classification, the term of each Judge of the Supreme Court shall be six years, and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified. The Judges of the Supreme Court shall be ineligible to any other office in the State, during the term for which they shall have been elected.]*⁴⁴

Jurisdiction of supreme court. Section 4. The Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction only in cases in chancery, and shall constitute a Court for the correction of errors at law, under such restrictions as the General Assembly may, by law, prescribe; and shall have power to issue all writs and process necessary to secure justice to parties, and exercise a supervisory control over all inferior judicial tribunals throughout the State.⁴⁵

District court and judge. Section 5. *[The District Court shall consist of a single Judge, who shall be elected by the qualified electors of the District in which he resides. The Judge of the District Court shall hold his office for the term of four years, and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified; and shall be ineligible to any other office, except that of Judge of the Supreme Court, during the term for which he was elected.]*⁴⁶

Jurisdiction of district court. Section 6. The District Court shall be a court of law and equity, which shall be distinct and separate jurisdictions, and have jurisdiction in civil and criminal matters arising in their respective districts, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.⁴⁷

Conservators of the peace. Section 7. The Judges of the Supreme and District Courts shall be conservators of the peace throughout the State.

Style of process. Section 8. The style of all process shall be, "The State of Iowa", and all prosecutions shall be conducted in the name and by the authority of the same.

Salaries. Section 9. *[The salary of each Judge of the Supreme Court shall be two thousand dollars per annum; and that of each District Judge, one thousand six hundred*

dollars per annum, until the year Eighteen hundred and Sixty; after which time, they shall severally receive such compensation as the General Assembly may, by law, prescribe; which compensation shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which they shall have been elected.]⁴⁸

Judicial districts—supreme court. Section 10. The state shall be divided into eleven judicial districts; and after the year eighteen hundred and sixty, the general assembly may re-organize the judicial districts and increase or diminish the number of districts, or the number of judges of the said court, and may increase the number of judges of the supreme court; but such increase or diminution shall not be more than one district, or one judge of either court, at any one session; and no re-organization of the districts, or diminution of the number of judges, shall have the effect of removing a judge from office. Such re-organization of the districts, or any change in the boundaries thereof, or increase or diminution of the number of judges, shall take place every four years thereafter, if necessary, and at no other time.⁴⁹

Judges—when chosen. Section 11. [The Judges of the Supreme and District Courts shall be chosen at the general election; and the term of office of each Judge shall commence on the first day of January next, after his election.]⁵⁰

Attorney general. Section 12. [The General Assembly shall provide, by law, for the election of an Attorney General by the people, whose term of office shall be two years, and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified.]⁵¹

District attorney. Section 13. [The qualified electors of each judicial district shall, at the time of the election of District judge, elect a District Attorney, who shall be a resident of the district for which he is elected, and who shall hold his office for the term of four years, and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified.]⁵²

System of court practice. Section 14. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly to provide for the carrying into effect of this article, and to provide for a general system of practice in all the Courts of this State.⁵³

Vacancies in courts. Section 15. Amendment [21].

State and district nominating commissions. Section 16. Amendment [21].

Terms—judicial elections. Section 17. Amendment [21].

Salaries—qualifications—retirements. Section 18. Amendment [21].

Retirement and discipline of judges. Section 19. Amendment [33].

ARTICLE VI.

Militia.

Composition—training. Section 1. The militia of this State shall be composed of all able-bodied [white]⁵⁴ male citizens, between the ages of eighteen and forty five years, except such as are or may hereafter be exempt by the laws of the United States, or of this State, and shall be armed, equipped, and trained, as the General Assembly may provide by law.

Exemption. Section 2. No person or persons conscientiously scrupulous of bearing arms shall be compelled to do military duty in time of peace: Provided, that such person or persons shall pay an equivalent for such exemption in the same manner as other citizens.

Officers. Section 3. All commissioned officers of the militia, (staff officers excepted,) shall be elected by the persons liable to perform military duty, and shall be commissioned by the Governor.

ARTICLE VII.

State Debts.

Credit not to be loaned. Section 1. The credit of the State shall not, in any manner, be given or loaned to, or in aid of, any individual, association, or corporation; and the State shall never assume, or become responsible for, the debts or liabilities of any individual, association, or corporation, unless incurred in time of war for the benefit of the State.

Limitation. Section 2. The State may contract debts to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts, direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the General Assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

Losses to school funds. Section 3. All losses to the permanent, School, or University fund of this State, which shall have been occasioned by the defalcation, mismanagement or fraud of the agents or officers controlling and managing the same, shall be audited by the proper authorities of the State. The amount so audited shall be a permanent funded debt against the State, in favor of the respective fund, sustaining the loss, upon which not less than six per cent. annual interest shall be paid. The amount of liability so created shall not be counted as a part of the indebtedness authorized by the second section of this article.

War debts. Section 4. In addition to the above limited power to contract debts, the State may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in war; but the money arising from the debts so contracted shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

Contracting debt—submission to the people. Section 5. Except the debts herein before specified in this article, no debt shall be hereafter contracted by, or on behalf of this State, unless such debt shall be authorized by some law for some single work or object, to be distinctly specified therein; and such law shall impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax, sufficient to pay the interest on such debt, as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt, within twenty years from the time of the contracting thereof; but no such law shall take effect until at a general election it shall have been submitted to the people, and have received a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election; and all money raised by authority of such law, shall be applied only to the specific object therein stated, or to the payment of the debt created thereby; and such law shall be published in at least one news paper in each County, if one is published therein, throughout the State, for three months preceding the election at which it is submitted to the people.⁵⁵

Legislature may repeal. Section 6. The Legislature may, at any time, after the approval of such law by the people, if no debt shall have been contracted in pursuance thereof, repeal the same; and may, at any time, forbid the contracting of any further debt, or liability under such law; but the tax imposed by such law, in proportion to the debt or liability, which may have been contracted in pursuance thereof, shall remain in force and be irrevocable, and be annually collected, until the principal and interest are fully paid.

Tax imposed distinctly stated. Section 7. Every law which imposes, continues, or revives a tax, shall distinctly state the tax, and the object to which it is to be applied; and it shall not be sufficient to refer to any other law to fix such tax or object.

Motor vehicle fees and fuel taxes. Section 8.⁵⁶

ARTICLE VIII. Corporations.

How created. Section 1. No corporation shall be created by special laws; but the General Assembly shall provide, by general laws, for the organization of all corporations hereafter to be created, except as hereinafter provided.

Taxation of corporations. Section 2. The property of all corporations for pecuniary profit, shall be subject to taxation, the same as that of individuals.

State not to be a stockholder. Section 3. The State shall not become a stockholder in any corporation, nor shall it assume or pay the debt or liability of any corporation, unless incurred in time of war for the benefit of the State.

Municipal corporations. Section 4. No political or municipal corporation shall become a stockholder in any banking corporation, directly or indirectly.

Banking associations. Section 5. No Act of the General Assembly, authorizing or creating corporations or associations with banking powers, nor amendments thereto shall take effect, or in any manner be in force, until the same shall have been submitted, separately, to the people, at a general or special election, as provided by law, to be held not less than three months after the passage of the Act, and shall have been approved by a majority of all the electors voting for and against it at such election.

State bank. Section 6. Subject to the provisions of the foregoing section, the General Assembly may also provide for the establishment of a State Bank with branches.⁵⁷

Specie basis. Section 7. If a State Bank be established, it shall be founded on an actual specie basis, and the branches shall be mutually responsible for each others liabilities upon all notes, bills, and other issues intended for circulation as money.

General banking law. Section 8. If a general Banking law shall be enacted, it shall provide for the registry and countersigning, by an officer of State, of all bills, or paper

credit designed to circulate as money, and require security to the full amount thereof, to be deposited with the State Treasurer, in United States stocks, or in interest paying stocks of States in good credit and standing, to be rated at ten per cent. below their average value in the City of New York, for the thirty days next preceding their deposit; and in case of a depreciation of any portion of said stocks, to the amount of ten per cent. on the dollar, the bank or banks owning such stock shall be required to make up said deficiency by depositing additional stocks; and said law shall also provide for the recording of the names of all stockholders in such corporations, the amount of stock held by each, the time of any transfer, and to whom.

Stockholders' responsibility. Section 9. Every stockholder in a banking corporation or institution shall be individually responsible and liable to its creditors, over and above the amount of stock by him or her held, to an amount equal to his or her respective shares so held for all of its liabilities, accruing while he or she remains such stockholder.

Bill-holders preferred. Section 10. In case of the insolvency of any banking institution, the bill-holders shall have a preference over its other creditors.

Specie payments—suspension. Section 11. The suspension of specie payments by banking institutions shall never be permitted or sanctioned.

Amendment or repeal of laws—exclusive privileges. Section 12. Subject to the provisions of this article, the General Assembly shall have power to amend or repeal all laws for the organization or creation of corporations, or granting of special or exclusive privileges or immunities, by a vote of two thirds of each branch of the General Assembly; and no exclusive privileges, except as in this article provided, shall ever be granted.⁵⁸

ARTICLE IX.

Education and School Lands.

1st. Education.

Board of education. Section 1. The educational interest of the State, including Common Schools and other educational institutions, shall be under the management of a Board of Education, which shall consist of the Lieutenant Governor, who shall be the presiding officer of the Board, and have the casting vote in case of a tie, and one member to be elected from each judicial district in the State.

Eligibility. Section 2. No person shall be eligible as a member of said Board who shall not have attained the age of twenty five years, and shall have been one year a citizen of the State.

Election of members. Section 3. One member of said Board shall be chosen by the qualified electors of each district, and shall hold the office for the term of four years, and until his successor is elected and qualified. After the first election under this Constitution, the Board shall be divided, as nearly as practicable, into two equal classes, and the seats of the first class shall be vacated after the expiration of two years; and one half of the Board shall be chosen every two years thereafter.

First session. Section 4. The first session of the Board of Education shall be held at the Seat of Government, on the first Monday of December, after their election; after which the General Assembly may fix the time and place of meeting.

Limitation of sessions. Section 5. The session of the Board shall be limited to twenty days, and but one session shall be held in any one year, except upon extraordinary occasions, when, upon the recommendation of two thirds of the Board, the Governor may order a special session.

Secretary. Section 6. The Board of Education shall appoint a Secretary, who shall be the executive officer of the Board, and perform such duties as may be imposed upon him by the Board, and the laws of the State. They shall keep a journal of their proceedings, which shall be published and distributed in the same manner as the journals of the General Assembly.

Rules and regulations. Section 7. All rules and regulations made by the Board shall be published and distributed to the several Counties, Townships, and School Districts, as may be provided for by the Board, and when so made, published and distributed, they shall have the force and effect of law.

Power to legislate. Section 8. The Board of Education shall have full power and authority to legislate and make all needful rules and regulations in relation to

Common Schools, and other education institutions, that are instituted, to receive aid from the School or University fund of this State: but all acts, rules, and regulations of said Board may be altered, amended or repealed by the General Assembly; and when so altered, amended, or repealed they shall not be re-enacted by the Board of Education.

Governor ex officio a member. Section 9. The Governor of the State shall be, ex officio, a member of said Board.

Expenses. Section 10. The Board shall have no power to levy taxes, or make appropriations of money. Their contingent expenses shall be provided for by the General Assembly.

State university. Section 11. The State University shall be established at one place without branches at any other place, and the University fund shall be applied to that Institution and no other.⁵⁹

Common schools. Section 12. The Board of Education shall provide for the education of all the youths of the State, through a system of Common Schools and such school shall be organized and kept in each school district at least three months in each year. Any district failing, for two consecutive years, to organize and keep up a school as aforesaid may be deprived of their portion of the school fund.

Compensation. Section 13. The members of the Board of Education shall each receive the same per diem during the time of their session, and mileage going to and returning therefrom, as members of the General Assembly.

Quorum—style of acts. Section 14. A majority of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; but no rule, regulation, or law, for the government of Common Schools or other educational institutions, shall pass without the concurrence of a majority of all the members of the Board, which shall be expressed by the yeas and nays of the final passage. The style of all acts of the Board shall be, "Be it enacted by the Board of Education of the State of Iowa."

Board may be abolished.⁶⁰ Section 15. At any time after the year One thousand eight hundred and sixty three, the General Assembly shall have power to abolish or re-organize said Board of Education, and provide for the educational interest of the State in any other manner that to them shall seem best and proper.

2nd. School Funds and School Lands.

Control—management. Section 1. The educational and school funds and lands, shall be under the control and management of the General Assembly of this State.

Permanent fund. Section 2. The University lands, and the proceeds thereof, and all monies belonging to said fund shall be a permanent fund for the sole use of the State University. The interest arising from the same shall be annually appropriated for the support and benefit of said University.

Perpetual support fund. Section 3. The General Assembly shall encourage, by all suitable means, the promotion of intellectual, scientific, moral, and agricultural improvement. The proceeds of all lands that have been, or hereafter may be, granted by the United States to this State, for the support of schools, which may have been, or shall hereafter be sold, or disposed of, and the five hundred thousand acres of land granted to the new States, under an act of Congress, distributing the proceeds of the public lands among the several States of the Union, approved in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty one, and all estates of deceased persons who may have died without leaving a will or heir, and also such per cent. as has been or may hereafter be granted by Congress, on the sale of lands in this State, shall be, and remain a perpetual fund, the interest of which, together with all rents of the unsold lands, and such other means as the General Assembly may provide, shall be inviolably appropriated to the support of Common schools throughout the State.

Fines—how appropriated. Section 4. The money which may have been or shall be paid by persons as an equivalent for exemption from military duty, and the clear proceeds of all fines collected in the several Counties for any breach of the penal laws, shall be exclusively applied, in the several Counties in which such money is paid, or fine collected, among the several school districts of said Counties, in proportion to the number of youths subject to enumeration in such districts, to the support of Common Schools, or the establishment of libraries, as the Board of Education shall, from time to time provide.⁶¹

Proceeds of lands. Section 5. The General Assembly shall take measures for the protection, improvement, or other disposition of such lands as have been, or may hereafter be reserved, or granted by the United States, or any person or persons, to this

State, for the use of the University, and the funds accruing from the rents or sale of such lands, or from any other source for the purpose aforesaid, shall be, and remain, a permanent fund, the interest of which shall be applied to the support of said University, for the promotion of literature, the arts and sciences, as may be authorized by the terms of such grant. And it shall be the duty of the General Assembly as soon as may be, to provide effectual means for the improvement and permanent security of the funds of said University.

Agents of school funds. Section 6. The financial agents of the school funds shall be the same, that by law, receive and control the State and county revenue for other civil purposes, under such regulations as may be provided by law.

Distribution. Section 7. The money subject to the support and maintenance of common schools shall be distributed to the districts in proportion to the number of youths, between the ages of five and twenty-one years, in such manner as may be provided by the General Assembly.

ARTICLE X.

Amendments to the Constitution.

How proposed—submission. Section 1. Any amendment or amendments to this Constitution may be proposed in either House of the General Assembly; and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two Houses, such proposed amendment shall be entered on their journals, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election, and shall be published, as provided by law, for three months previous to the time of making such choice; and if, in the General Assembly so next chosen as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to, by a majority of all the members elected to each House, then it shall be the duty of the General Assembly to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people, in such manner, and at such time as the General Assembly shall provide; and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments, by a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the General Assembly, voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become a part of the Constitution of this State.⁶²

More than one amendment. Section 2. If two or more amendments shall be submitted at the same time, they shall be submitted in such manner that the electors shall vote for or against each of such amendments separately.

Convention. Section 3. [At the general election to be held in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and in each tenth year thereafter, and also at such times as the General Assembly may, by law, provide, the question, "Shall there be a Convention to revise the Constitution, and amend the same?" shall be decided by the electors qualified to vote for members of the General Assembly; and in case a majority of the electors so qualified, voting at such election, for and against such proposition, shall decide in favor of a Convention for such purpose, the General Assembly, at its next session, shall provide by law for the election of delegates to such Convention.]⁶³

ARTICLE XI.

Miscellaneous.

Justice of peace—jurisdiction. Section 1. The jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace shall extend to all civil cases, (except cases in chancery, and cases where the question of title to real estate may arise,) where the amount in controversy does not exceed one hundred dollars, and by the consent of parties may be extended to any amount not exceeding three hundred dollars.⁶⁴

Counties. Section 2. No new County shall be hereafter created containing less than four hundred and thirty two square miles; nor shall the territory of any organized county be reduced below that area; except the County of Worth, and the counties west of it, along the Northern boundary of this State, may be organized without additional territory.

Indebtedness of political or municipal corporations. Section 3. No county, or other political or municipal corporation shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner, or for any purpose, to an amount, in the aggregate, exceeding five per centum on the value of the taxable property within such county or corporation — to be ascertained by the last State and county tax lists, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness.⁶⁵

Boundaries of state. Section 4. The boundaries of the State may be enlarged, with the consent of Congress and the General Assembly.

Oath of office. Section 5. Every person elected or appointed to any office, shall, before entering upon the duties thereof, take an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States, and of this State, and also an oath of office.⁶⁶

How vacancies filled. Section 6. In all cases of elections to fill vacancies in office occurring before the expiration of a full term, the person so elected shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term; and all persons appointed to fill vacancies in office, shall hold until the next general election, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Land grants located. Section 7. The General Assembly shall not locate any of the public lands, which have been, or may be granted by Congress to this State, and the location of which may be given to the General Assembly, upon lands actually settled, without the consent of the occupant. The extend of the claim of such occupant, so exempted, shall not exceed three hundred and twenty acres.

Seat of government established—state university. Section 8. The seat of Government is hereby permanently established, as now fixed by law, at the City of Des Moines, in the County of Polk; and the State University, at Iowa City, in the County of Johnson.

ARTICLE XII.

Schedule.

Supreme law—constitutionality of acts. Section 1. This Constitution shall be the supreme law of the State, and any law inconsistent therewith, shall be void. The General Assembly shall pass all laws necessary to carry this Constitution into effect.

Laws in force. Section 2. All laws now in force and not inconsistent with this Constitution, shall remain in force until they shall expire or be repealed.

Proceedings not affected. Section 3. All indictments, prosecutions, suits, pleas, complaints, process, and other proceedings pending in any of the courts, shall be prosecuted to final judgment and execution; and all appeals, writs of error, certiorari, and injunctions, shall be carried on in the several courts, in the same manner as now provided by law; and all offences, misdemeanors, and crimes that may have been committed before the taking effect of this Constitution, shall be subject to indictment, trial and punishment, in the same manner as they would have been, had not this Constitution been made.

Fines inure to the state. Section 4. All fines, penalties, or forfeitures due, or to become due, or accruing to the State, or to any County therein, or to the school fund, shall inure to the State, county, or school fund, in the manner prescribed by law.⁶⁷

Bonds in force. Section 5. All bonds executed to the State, or to any officer in his official capacity, shall remain in force and inure to the use of those concerned.

First election for governor and lieutenant governor. Section 6. The first election under this Constitution shall be held on the second Tuesday in October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty seven, at which time the electors of the State shall elect the Governor and Lieutenant Governor. There shall also be elected at such election, the successors of such State Senators as were elected at the August election, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, and members of the House of Representatives, who shall be elected in accordance with the Act of apportionment, enacted at the session of the General Assembly which commenced on the first Monday of December One thousand eight hundred and fifty six.

First election of officers. Section 7. The first election for Secretary, Auditor, and Treasurer of State, Attorney General, District Judges, Members of the Board of Education, District Attorneys, members of Congress and such State officers as shall be elected at the April election, in the year One thousand eight hundred and fifty seven, (except the Superintendent of Public Instruction,) and such county officers as were elected at the August election, in the year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, except Prosecuting Attorneys, shall be held on the second Tuesday of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight: *Provided*, That the time for which any District Judge or other State or County officer elected at the April election in the year One thousand eight hundred and fifty eight, shall not extend beyond the time fixed for filling like offices at the October election in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty eight.

For judges of supreme court. Section 8. The first election for Judges of the Supreme Court, and such County officers as shall be elected at the August election, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, shall be held on the second Tuesday of October, in the year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine.

General assembly—first session. Section 9. The first regular session of the General Assembly shall be held in the year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, commencing on the second Monday of January of said year.

Senators. Section 10. Senators elected at the August election, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, shall continue in office until the second Tuesday of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty nine, at which time their successors shall be elected as may be prescribed by law.

Offices not vacated. Section 11. Every person elected by popular vote, by vote of the General Assembly, or who may hold office by executive appointment, which office is continued by this Constitution, and every person who shall be so elected or appointed, to any such office, before the taking effect of this constitution, (except as in this Constitution otherwise provided,) shall continue in office until the term for which such person has been or may be elected or appointed shall expire: but no such person shall continue in office after the taking effect of this Constitution, for a longer period than the term of such office, in this Constitution prescribed.

Judicial districts. Section 12. The General Assembly, at the first session under this Constitution, shall district the State into eleven Judicial Districts, for District Court purposes; and shall also provide for the apportionment of the members of the General Assembly, in accordance with the provisions of this Constitution.

Submission of constitution. Section 13. This Constitution shall be submitted to the electors of the State at the August election, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, in the several election districts in this State. The ballots at such election shall be written or printed as follows: Those in favor of the Constitution, "New Constitution - Yes." Those against the Constitution, "New Constitution - No." The election shall be conducted in the same manner as the general elections of the State, and the poll-books shall be returned and canvassed as provided in the twenty-fifth chapter of the code, and abstracts shall be forwarded to the Secretary of State, which abstracts shall be canvassed in the manner provided for in the canvass of State officers. And if it shall appear that a majority of all the votes cast at such election for and against this Constitution are in favor of the same, the Governor shall immediately issue his proclamation stating that fact, and such Constitution shall be the Constitution of the State of Iowa, and shall take effect from and after the publication of said proclamation.

Proposition to strike out the word "white". Section 14. At the same election that this Constitution is submitted to the people for its adoption or rejection, a proposition to amend the same by striking out the word "White" from the article on the Right of Suffrage, shall be separately submitted to the electors of this State for adoption or rejection in manner following — Namely: A separate ballot may be given by every person having a right to vote at said election, to be deposited in a separate box; and those given for the adoption of such proposition shall have the words, "Shall the word 'White' be stricken out of the Article on the Right of Suffrage? Yes." And those given against the proposition shall have the words, "Shall the word 'White' be stricken out of the Article on the Right of Suffrage? No." And if at said election the number of ballots cast in favor of said proposition shall be equal to a majority of those cast for and against this Constitution, then said word "White" shall be stricken from said Article and be no part thereof.⁶⁸

Mills county. Section 15. Until otherwise directed by law, the County of Mills shall be in and a part of the sixth Judicial District of this State.

Section 16.⁶⁹

Done in Convention at Iowa City, this fifth day of March in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty seven, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the eighty first.

In testimony whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names.

TIMOTHY DAY
 S. G. WINCHESTER
 DAVID BUNKER
 D. P. PALMER
 GEO. W. ELLS
 J. C. HALL
 JOHN H. PETERS
 WM. A. WARREN
 H. W. GRAY
 ROBT. GOWER
 H. D. GIBSON
 THOMAS SEELY
 A. H. MARVIN
 J. H. EMERSON
 R. L. B. CLARKE
 JAMES A. YOUNG
 D. H. SOLOMON
 M. W. ROBINSON
 LEWIS TODHUNTER
 JOHN EDWARDS
 J. C. TRAER
 JAMES F. WILSON
 AMOS HARRIS
 JNO T. CLARK
 S. AYERS
 HARVEY J. SKIFF
 J. A. PARVIN
 W. PENN. CLARKE
 JEREMIAH HOLLINGSWORTH
 WM. PATTERSON
 D. W. PRICE.
 ALPHEUS SCOTT
 GEORGE GILLASPY
 EDWARD JOHNSTONE
 AYLETT R. COTTON
 FRANCIS SPRINGER, *President*
 Attest: — TH: J. SAUNDERS, *Secretary*
 E. N. BATES, *Asst. Secretary*

PROCLAMATION

Whereas an instrument known as the "New Constitution of the State of Iowa" adopted by the constitutional convention of said State on the fifth day of March A.D. 1857 was submitted to the qualified electors of said State at the annual election held on Monday the third day of August 1857 for their approval or rejection.

And whereas an official canvass of the votes cast at said election shows that there were Forty thousand three hundred and eleven votes cast for the adoption of said Constitution and Thirty eight thousand six hundred and eighty-one votes were cast against its adoption, leaving a majority of sixteen hundred and thirty votes in favor of its adoption.

Now therefore I, JAMES W. GRIMES, Governor of said State, by virtue of the authority conferred upon me, hereby declare the said New Constitution to be adopted, and declare it to be the supreme law of the State of Iowa.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Iowa.

L.S. Done at Iowa City this Third day of September A.D. 1857 of the Independence of the United States the eighty second and of the State of Iowa the eleventh.

JAMES W. GRIMES

By the Governor,
 Elijah Sells,
Secretary of State.

Amendments to the Constitution of Iowa

Amendments of 1868

- 1st Strike the word "white," from Section 1 of Article II thereof;
 2d. Strike the word "white," from Section 39 of Article III thereof;
 3d. Strike the word "white," from Section 34 of Article III thereof;
 4th Strike the word "white," from Section 35 of Article III thereof;
 5th Strike the word "white," from Section 1 of Article VI thereof;⁷⁰

Amendment of 1880

Strike out the words "free white" from the third line of Section four (4) of Article three (III) of said Constitution, relating to the legislative department.

Amendments of 1884

General election. [Amendment 1. *The general election for State, District County and Township officers shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November.*]⁷¹

Judicial districts. Amendment 2. At any regular session of the General Assembly the State may be divided into the necessary Judicial Districts for District Court purposes, or the said Districts may be reorganized and the number of the Districts and the Judges of said Courts increased or diminished; but no re-organization of the Districts or diminution of the Judges shall have the effect of removing a Judge from office.⁷²

Grand jury. Amendment 3. The Grand Jury may consist of any number of members not less than five, nor more than fifteen, as the General Assembly may by law provide, or the General Assembly may provide for holding persons to answer for any criminal offense without the intervention of a Grand Jury.⁷³

Amendment 4. That Section 13 of Article V of the Constitution be stricken therefrom, and the following adopted as such Section.

County attorney. SECTION 13. [The qualified electors of each county shall, at the general election in the year 1886, and every two years thereafter elect a County Attorney, who shall be a resident of the county for which he is elected, and shall hold his office for two years, and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified.]⁷⁴

Amendments of 1904

Amendment 1. Add as Section 16, to Article XII of the Constitution, the following:

General election. SECTION 16. [The first general election after the adoption of this amendment shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November in the year one thousand nine hundred and six, and general elections shall be held biennially thereafter. In the year one thousand nine hundred and six there shall be elected a governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, auditor of state, treasurer of state, attorney general, two judges of the supreme court, the successors of the judges of the district court whose terms of office expire on December 31st, one thousand nine hundred and six, state senators who would otherwise be chosen in the year one thousand nine hundred and five, and members of the house of representatives. The terms of office of the judges of the supreme court which would otherwise expire on December 31st, in odd numbered years, and all other elective state, county and township officers whose terms of office would otherwise expire in January in the year one thousand nine hundred and six, and members of the general assembly whose successors would otherwise be chosen at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and five, are hereby extended one year and until their successors are elected and qualified. The terms of offices of senators whose successors would otherwise be chosen in the year one thousand nine hundred and seven are hereby extended one year and until their successors are elected and qualified. The general assembly shall make such changes in the law governing the time of election and term of office of all other elective officers as shall be necessary to make the time of their election and terms of office conform to this amendment, and shall provide which of the judges of the supreme court shall serve as chief justice. The general assembly shall meet in regular session on the second Monday in January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and six, and also on the second Monday in January in the year one thousand nine hundred and seven, and biennially thereafter.]⁷⁵

Amendment 2. That Sections thirty-four (34) thirty-five (35) and thirty-six (36) of Article three (III) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa, be repealed and the following be adopted in lieu thereof.

Senators—number—method of apportionment. SECTION 34. [The Senate shall be composed of fifty members to be elected from the several senatorial districts, established by law and at the next session of the general assembly held following the taking of the state and national census, they shall be apportioned among the several counties or districts of the state, according to population as shown by the last preceding census.]⁷⁷

Representatives-number-apportionment. SECTION 35. [The House of Representatives shall consist of not more than one hundred and eight members. The Ratio of representation shall be determined by dividing the whole number of the population of the state as shown by the last preceding state or national census, by the whole number of counties then existing or organized, but each county shall constitute one representative district and be entitled to one representative, but each county having a population in excess of the ratio number, as herein provided of three fifths or more of such ratio number shall be entitled to one additional representative, but said addition shall extend only to the nine counties having the greatest population.]⁷⁸

Ratio of representation. SECTION 36. [The General Assembly shall, at the first regular session held following the adoption of this amendment, and at each succeeding regular session held next after the taking of such census fix the ratio of representation, and apportion the additional representatives, as herein before required.]⁷⁹

Amendment of 1908

That there be added to Section eighteen (18) of Article one (I) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa, the following:

Drainage ditches and levees. The general assembly, however, may pass laws permitting the owners of lands to construct drains, ditches, and levees for agricultural, sanitary or mining purposes across the lands of others, and provide for the organization of drainage districts, vest the proper authorities with power to construct and maintain levees, drains and ditches and to keep in repair all drains, ditches, and levees heretofore constructed under the laws of the state, by special assessments upon the property benefited thereby. The General Assembly may provide by law for the condemnation of such real estate as shall be necessary for the construction and maintenance of such drains, ditches and levees, and prescribe the method of making such condemnation.

Amendment of 1916

To repeal Section seven (7) of Article two (II) of the Constitution of Iowa and to adopt in lieu thereof the following, to-wit:

General election. SECTION 7. The general election for state, district, county and township officers in the year 1916 shall be held in the same month and on the same day as that fixed by the laws of the United States for the election of presidential electors, or of president and vice-president of the United States; and thereafter such election shall be held at such time as the general assembly may by law provide.⁸⁰

Amendment of 1926

Strike out the word "male" from Section four (4) of Article three (III) of said constitution, relating to the legislative department.

Amendment of 1928

[That the period (.) at the end of said section thirty-four (34) of Article three (III) of the Constitution of the state of Iowa be stricken and the following inserted:

" , but no county shall be entitled to more than one (1) senator."]⁸²

Amendment of 1936

Amend Article three (III) by repealing Section thirty-three (33) relating to the state census.

Amendment of 1942

That Article Seven (VII) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa be amended by adding thereto, as Section eight (8) thereof, the following:

Motor vehicle fees and fuel taxes. SECTION 8. All motor vehicle registration fees and all licenses and excise taxes on motor vehicle fuel, except cost of administration, shall

be used exclusively for the construction, maintenance and supervision of the public highways exclusively within the state or for the payment of bonds issued or to be issued for the construction of such public highways and the payment of interest on such bonds.

Amendments of 1952

Amendment 1. Section four (4) of Article IV of the Constitution of Iowa is amended by adding thereto the following:

Death of governor-elect or failure to qualify. If, upon the completion of the canvass of votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor by the General Assembly, it shall appear that the person who received the highest number of votes for Governor has since died, resigned, is unable to qualify, fails to qualify, or for any other reason is unable to assume the duties of the office of Governor for the ensuing term, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the person who received the highest number of votes for Lieutenant Governor until the disability is removed and, upon inauguration, he shall assume the powers and duties of Governor.

Amendment 2. Section nineteen (19) of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is repealed and the following adopted in lieu thereof:

Gubernatorial succession. SECTION 19. If there be a vacancy in the office of Governor and the Lieutenant Governor shall by reason of death, impeachment, resignation, removal from office, or other disability become incapable of performing the duties pertaining to the office of Governor, the President pro tempore of the Senate shall act as Governor until the vacancy is filled or the disability removed; and if the President pro tempore of the Senate, for any of the above causes, shall be incapable of performing the duties pertaining to the office of Governor the same shall devolve upon the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and if the Speaker of the House of Representatives, for any of the above causes, shall be incapable of performing the duties of the office of Governor, the Justices of the Supreme Court shall convene the General Assembly by proclamation and the General Assembly shall organize by the election of a President pro tempore by the Senate and a Speaker by the House of Representatives. The General Assembly shall thereupon immediately proceed to the election of a Governor and Lieutenant Governor in joint convention.⁵³

Amendment of 1962

Article Five (V) is amended in the following manner:

1. Section four (4) is amended by striking from lines eight (8) and nine (9) of such section the words, "exercise a supervisory" and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "shall exercise a supervisory and administrative".

2. Sections three (3), five (5), nine (9) and eleven (11) are repealed.

3. The following sections are added thereto:

Vacancies in courts. SECTION 15. Vacancies in the Supreme Court and District Court shall be filled by appointment by the Governor from lists of nominees submitted by the appropriate judicial nominating commission. Three nominees shall be submitted for each Supreme Court vacancy, and two nominees shall be submitted for each District Court vacancy. If the Governor fails for thirty days to make the appointment, it shall be made from such nominees by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

State and district nominating commissions. SECTION 16. There shall be a State Judicial Nominating Commission. Such commission shall make nominations to fill vacancies in the Supreme Court. Until July 4, 1973, and thereafter unless otherwise provided by law, the State Judicial Nominating Commission shall be composed and selected as follows: There shall be not less than three nor more than eight appointive members, as provided by law, and an equal number of elective members on such Commission, all of whom shall be electors of the state. The appointive members shall be appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation by the Senate. The elective members shall be elected by the resident members of the bar of the state. The judge of the Supreme Court who is senior in length of service on said Court, other than the Chief Justice, shall also be a member of such Commission and shall be its chairman.

There shall be a District Judicial Nominating Commission in each judicial district of the state. Such commissions shall make nominations to fill vacancies in the District Court within their respective districts. Until July 4, 1973, and thereafter unless otherwise provided by law, District Judicial Nominating Commissions shall be composed and selected as follows: There shall be not less than three nor more than six

appointive members, as provided by law, and an equal number of elective members on each such commission, all of whom shall be electors of the district. The appointive members shall be appointed by the Governor. The elective members shall be elected by the resident members of the bar of the district. The district judge of such district who is senior in length of service shall also be a member of such commission and shall be its chairman.

Due consideration shall be given to area representation in the appointment and election of Judicial Nominating Commission members. Appointive and elective members of Judicial Nominating Commissions shall serve for six year terms, shall be ineligible for a second six year term on the same commission, shall hold no office of profit of the United States or of the state during their terms, shall be chosen without reference to political affiliation, and shall have such other qualifications as may be prescribed by law. As near as may be, the terms of one-third of such members shall expire every two years.

Terms—judicial elections. SECTION 17. Members of all courts shall have such tenure in office as may be fixed by law, but terms of Supreme Court Judges shall be not less than eight years and terms of District Court Judges shall be not less than six years. Judges shall serve for one year after appointment and until the first day of January following the next judicial election after the expiration of such year. They shall at such judicial election stand for retention in office on a separate ballot which shall submit the question of whether such judge shall be retained in office for the tenure prescribed for such office and when such tenure is a term of years, on their request, they shall, at the judicial election next before the end of each term, stand again for retention on such ballot. Present Supreme Court and District Court Judges, at the expiration of their respective terms, may be retained in office in like manner for the tenure prescribed for such office. The General Assembly shall prescribe the time for holding judicial elections.

Salaries—qualifications—retirement. SECTION 18. Judges of the Supreme Court and District Court shall receive salaries from the state, shall be members of the bar of the state and shall have such other qualifications as may be prescribed by law. Judges of the Supreme Court and District Court shall be ineligible to any other office of the state while serving on said court and for two years thereafter, except that District Judges shall be eligible to the office of Supreme Court Judge. Other judicial officers shall be selected in such manner and shall have such tenure, compensation and other qualification as may be fixed by law. The General Assembly shall prescribe mandatory retirement for Judges of the Supreme Court and District Court at a specified age and shall provide for adequate retirement compensation. Retired judges may be subject to special assignment to temporary judicial duties by the Supreme Court, as provided by law.

Amendment of 1964

Section three (3) of Article ten (X) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is repealed and the following adopted in lieu thereof:

Constitutional convention. SECTION 3. At the general election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy, and in each tenth year thereafter, and also at such times as the General Assembly may, by law, provide, the question, "Shall there be a Convention to revise the Constitution, and propose amendment or amendments to same?" shall be decided by the electors qualified to vote for members of the General Assembly; and in case a majority of the electors so qualified, voting at such election, for and against such proposition, shall decide in favor of a Convention for such purpose, the General Assembly, at its next session, shall provide by law for the election of delegates to such Convention, and for submitting the results of said Convention to the people, in such manner and at such time as the General Assembly shall provide; and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments, by a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the General Assembly, voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become a part of the constitution of this state. If two or more amendments shall be submitted at the same time, they shall be submitted in such a manner that electors may vote for or against each such amendment separately.

Amendment of 1966

Section twenty-six (26) of Article III is amended by striking from line four (4) the word "Fourth" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "first".

Amendments of 1968

Amendment 1. Section two (2) of Article three (III) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is hereby repealed and the following adopted in lieu thereof:

Annual sessions of General Assembly. SECTION 2. The General Assembly shall meet in session on the second Monday of January of each year. The Governor of the state may convene the General Assembly by proclamation in the interim.

Amendment 2. Article three (III), legislative department, Constitution of the State of Iowa is hereby amended by adding the following new section:

Municipal home rule. SECTION 38A. Municipal corporations are granted home rule power and authority, not inconsistent with the laws of the General Assembly, to determine their local affairs and government, except that they shall not have power to levy any tax unless expressly authorized by the General Assembly.

The rule or proposition of law that a municipal corporation possesses and can exercise only those powers granted in express words is not a part of the law of this state.

Amendment 3. Section six (6) of Article three (III) section thirty-four (34) of Article three (III) and the 1904 and 1928 amendments thereto, sections thirty-five (35) and thirty-six (36) of Article three (III) and the 1904 amendment to each such section, and section thirty-seven (37) of Article three (III) are hereby repealed and the following adopted in lieu thereof:

Senators—number and classification. SECTION 6. The number of senators shall total not more than one-half the membership of the house of representatives. Senators shall be classified so that as nearly as possible one-half of the members of the senate shall be elected every two years.

Senate and House of Representatives—limitation. SECTION 34. The senate shall be composed of not more than fifty and the house of representatives of not more than one hundred members. Senators and representatives shall be elected from districts established by law. Each district so established shall be of compact and contiguous territory. The state shall be apportioned into senatorial and representative districts on the basis of population. The General Assembly may provide by law for factors in addition to population, not in conflict with the Constitution of the United States, which may be considered in the apportioning of senatorial districts. No law so adopted shall permit the establishment of senatorial districts whereby a majority of the members of the senate shall represent less than forty percent of the population of the state as shown by the most recent United States decennial census.

Senators and representatives—number and districts. SECTION 35. The General Assembly shall in 1971 and in each year immediately following the United States decennial census determine the number of senators and representatives to be elected to the General Assembly and establish senatorial and representative districts. The General Assembly shall complete the apportionment prior to September 1 of the year so required. If the apportionment fails to become law prior to September 15 of such year, the Supreme Court shall cause the state to be apportioned into senatorial and representative districts to comply with the requirements of the Constitution prior to December 31 of such year. The reapportioning authority shall, where necessary in establishing senatorial districts, shorten the term of any senator prior to completion of the term. Any senator whose term is so terminated shall not be compensated for the uncompleted part of the term.⁸⁴

Review by Supreme Court. SECTION 36. Upon verified application by any qualified elector, the Supreme Court shall review an apportionment plan adopted by the General Assembly which has been enacted into law. Should the Supreme Court determine such plan does not comply with the requirements of the Constitution, the court shall within ninety days adopt or cause to be adopted an apportionment plan which shall so comply. The Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction of all litigation questioning the apportionment of the General Assembly or any apportionment plan adopted by the General Assembly.

Congressional districts. SECTION 37. When a congressional district is composed of two or more counties it shall not be entirely separated by a county belonging to another

district and no county shall be divided in forming a congressional district.

Amendment 4. Section sixteen (16) of article three (III) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is hereby amended by adding the following new paragraph at the end thereof:

Item veto by Governor. The Governor may approve appropriation bills in whole or in part, and may disapprove any item of an appropriation bill; and the part approved shall become a law. Any item of an appropriation bill disapproved by the Governor shall be returned, with his objections, to the house in which it originated, or shall be deposited by him in the office of the Secretary of State in the case of an appropriation bill submitted to the Governor for his approval during the last three days of a session of the General Assembly, and the procedure in each case shall be the same as provided for other bills. Any such item of an appropriation bill may be enacted into law notwithstanding the Governor's objections, in the same manner as provided for other bills.

Amendment 5. Section twenty-five (25) of Article three (III) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is hereby repealed and the following adopted in lieu thereof:

Compensation and expenses of General Assembly. SECTION 25. Each member of the General Assembly shall receive such compensation and allowances for expenses as shall be fixed by law but no General Assembly shall have the power to increase compensation and allowances effective prior to the convening of the next General Assembly following the session in which any increase is adopted.

Amendments of 1970

Amendment 1. Article three (III) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is hereby amended by adding thereto the following new section:

Legislative districts. SECTION 39. In establishing senatorial and representative districts, the state shall be divided into as many senatorial districts as there are members of the senate and into as many representative districts as there are members of the house of representatives. One senator shall be elected from each senatorial district and one representative shall be elected from each representative district.

Amendment 2. Section one (1) of Article two (II) of the Constitution, as amended in 1868, is hereby repealed and the following is hereby adopted in lieu thereof:

Electors. SECTION 1. Every citizen of the United States of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a resident of this state for such period of time as shall be provided by law and of the county in which he claims his vote for such period of time as shall be provided by law, shall be entitled to vote at all elections which are now or hereafter may be authorized by law. The General Assembly may provide by law for different periods of residence in order to vote for various officers or in order to vote in various elections. The required periods of residence shall not exceed six months in this state and sixty days in the county.⁸⁵

Amendment 3. Section thirteen (13) of Article five (V) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa as amended by Amendment 4 of the Amendments of 1884 is hereby repealed. [County Attorney].

Amendments of 1972

Amendment 1. Section two (2) of Article four (IV) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is repealed and the following adopted in lieu thereof:

Election and term [governor]. SECTION 2. The Governor shall be elected by the qualified electors at the time and place of voting for members of the General Assembly, and shall hold his office for four years from the time of his installation, and until his successor is elected and qualifies.

Section three (3) of Article four (IV) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is hereby repealed and the following adopted in lieu thereof:

Lieutenant governor—returns of elections. SECTION 3. There shall be a Lieutenant Governor who shall hold his office for the same term, and be elected at the same time as the Governor. In voting for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, the electors shall designate for whom they vote as Governor, and for whom as Lieutenant Governor. The returns of every election for Governor, and Lieutenant Governor, shall be sealed up and transmitted to the seat of government of the State, directed to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who shall open and publish them in the presence of both Houses of the General Assembly.

Section fifteen (15) of Article four (IV) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is hereby repealed and the following adopted in lieu thereof:

Terms—compensation of lieutenant governor. SECTION 15. The official term of the Governor, and Lieutenant Governor, shall commence on the second Monday of January next after their election, and continue until their successors are elected and qualify. The Lieutenant Governor, while acting as Governor, shall receive the same compensation as provided for Governor; and while presiding in the Senate, and between sessions such compensation and expenses as provided by law.

Section twenty-two (22) of Article four (IV) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is repealed and the following adopted in lieu thereof:

Secretary—auditor—treasurer. SECTION 22. A Secretary of State, an Auditor of State and a Treasurer of State shall be elected by the qualified electors at the same time that the governor is elected and for a four-year term commencing on the first day of January next after their election, and they shall perform such duties as may be provided by law.

Section twelve (12) of Article five (V) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is repealed and the following adopted in lieu thereof:

Attorney general. SECTION 12. The General Assembly shall provide, by law, for the election of an Attorney General by the people, whose term of office shall be four years, and until his successor is elected and qualifies.

Amendment 2. Article five (V), Constitution of the State of Iowa, is hereby amended by adding thereto the following new section:

Retirement and discipline of judges. (SECTION 19.) In addition to the legislative power of impeachment of judges as set forth in Article three (III), sections nineteen (19) and twenty (20) of the Constitution, the Supreme Court shall have power to retire judges for disability and to discipline or remove them for good cause, upon application by a commission on judicial qualifications. The General Assembly shall provide by law for the implementation of this section.

Amendment 3. Section twenty-eight (28) of Article three (III) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is hereby repealed. [Lottery prohibition].

Amendments of 1974

Amendment 1. Section four (4), subdivision two (2), entitled "School Funds and School Lands," of Article nine (IX) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is hereby repealed.

Section four (4) of Article twelve (XII) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa is hereby repealed.

Amendment 2. Section two (2) of Article three (III) of the Constitution of the State of Iowa, as amended by amendment number one (1) of the Amendments of 1968 to the Constitution of the State of Iowa, is repealed and the following adopted in lieu thereof:

The General Assembly shall meet in session on the second Monday of January of each year. Upon the written request to the presiding officer of each House of the General Assembly by two thirds of the members of each House, the General Assembly shall convene in special session. The Governor of the state may convene the General Assembly by proclamation in the interim.

Amendment of 1978

Article three (III), legislative department, Constitution of the State of Iowa is hereby amended by adding the following new section:

Counties Home Rule. SECTION 39A. Counties or joint county-municipal corporation governments are granted home rule power and authority, not inconsistent with the laws of the general assembly, to determine their local affairs and government, except that they shall not have power to levy any tax unless expressly authorized by the general assembly. The general assembly may provide for the creation and dissolution of joint county-municipal corporation governments. The general assembly may provide for the establishment of charters in county or joint county-municipal corporation governments.

If the power or authority of a county conflicts with the power and authority of a municipal corporation, the power and authority exercised by a municipal corporation shall prevail within its jurisdiction.

The proposition or rule of law that a county or joint county-municipal corporation government possesses and can exercise only those powers granted in express words is not a part of the law of this state.

- ¹Referred to in §735.3 of the Code
- ²See also §§777.16, 780.23
- ³See Code §605.18
- ⁴As to indictment and the number of grand jurors, see Amendment [9]
- ⁵For civil jurisdiction of Justice of Peace, see Art. XI, §1; but see 64GA, chapter 1124
- ⁶See Amendment [19]
- ⁷An additional section (section 26) was added to article I by the amendment of 1882. The supreme court, however, in the case of *Koehler v. Hill*, 60 Iowa 543, on April 21, 1883, held that, owing to certain irregularities, the amendment did not become a part of the Constitution
- ⁸The above section was amended in 1868 by striking the word "white" from the first line thereof: See Amendment [1]
- ⁹In 1970, this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [30]
For qualifications of electors, see also Amendments 19 and 28, U. S. Constitution
A proposal to strike the word "male" was defeated in 1916.
- ¹⁰See Code §39.1
- ¹¹In 1968 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [24]
There was pending at the time of this publication an amendment revising this section: See 65GA, chapter 1283
- ¹²For provisions relative to the time of holding the general election, see Amendment [14]; See also Code §39.1
- ¹³For amendments striking "free white" and "male", see Amendments [6] and [15]
- ¹⁴In 1968 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [26]
- ¹⁵In 1988 an additional paragraph was added to this section: See Amendment [27]. Statutory provisions, §§3.4, 3.5 of the Code
- ¹⁶Statutory provisions, §14.10(5) of the Code.
- ¹⁷In 1968 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [28]. Statutory provisions, Code §§2.11 to 2.15.
- ¹⁸For provision changing effective date, see Amendment [23]. Supplementary provisions, §3.7 et seq. of the Code.
- ¹⁹This section repealed by Amendment [34]
- ²⁰Laws uniform, see Article I, §8
- ²¹See §3.14 of the Code
- ²²The above section was amended in 1868 by striking the word "white" therefrom: See Amendment [2]
- ²³This section repealed by Amendment [17]
- ²⁴The above section has been amended three times: in 1868 it was amended by striking the word "white" therefrom: See Amendment [3]
- ²⁵In 1904 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [12]; Also [16]; See also Amendment [26]
- ²⁶The above section has been amended twice. In 1868 it was amended by striking the word "white" therefrom: See Amendment [4]
- ²⁷In 1904 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [12]; See also Amendment [26]
- ²⁸In 1904 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [12]; See also Amendment [26]
- ²⁹In 1968 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [26]. See Amendment [12]
- ³⁰Amendment [25]
- ³¹Amendment [29]
- ³²In 1972 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [32]
- ³³In 1972 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [32]. For statutory provisions, see Code §50.35
- ³⁴See Amendment [19]
- ³⁵For statutory provisions, see Code §§58.1-58.7
- ³⁶Duty as to state accounts, §79.8 of the Code
- ³⁷In 1972 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [32]. See Code §2.13
- ³⁸Referred to in §7.14 (1, 2) of the Code
- ³⁹Tie vote on passage of a bill in G.A., see Art. III, §17
- ⁴⁰In 1952 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [20]
- ⁴¹See page xxvii for a description of the Great Seal of Iowa
- ⁴²In 1972 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [32]
- ⁴³See sec. 10 following; also §664.1 of the Code.
- ⁴⁴In 1962 this section was repealed: See Amendment [21]
- ⁴⁵This section was amended in 1962: See Amendment [21]. [Jurisdiction, Rules of Civil Procedure, number 331. See §624.2 of the Code
- ⁴⁶In 1962 this section was repealed: See Amendment [21]; See also Amendment [21(1)]
- ⁴⁷Statutory provision, §602.1 of the Code
- ⁴⁸In 1962 this section was repealed: See Amendment [21]. For statutory provisions relative to salary of judges of the supreme court, see §684.17 and the biennial salary Act

- ⁴⁰Much of this section apparently superseded by Amendment [8]
- ⁴¹In 1962 this section was repealed: See Amendment [21]
- ⁴²In 1972 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [32]
- ⁴³In 1884 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof. See Amendment [10]. In 1870 this substitute was repealed: See Amendment [31]
- ⁴⁴For provisions relative to the grand jury, see Amendment [9]
- ⁴⁵The above section was amended in 1868 by striking the word "white" therefrom: See Amendment [5]
- ⁴⁶For statutory provisions, see Code §§6.2, 6.4
- ⁴⁷See Amendment [18]
- ⁴⁸Sections 8 to 11, apply to banks of issue only. See 63 Iowa 11, also 220 Iowa 794 and 221 Iowa 102
- ⁴⁹Analogous provision, §491.39 of the Code
- ⁵⁰See Laws of the Board of Education, Act 10, December 25, 1858, which provides for the management of the state University by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Board of Education. See also sec. 2 of 2nd. division of this Article
- ⁵¹The board of education was abolished in 1864 by 10 GA, ch 52, §1. For statutory provisions, see Code §262.1 et seq.
- ⁵²Similar constitutional provision, Art. XII, §4. Analogous statute, §666.3 of the Code. There was pending at the time of this publication an amendment repealing this section; see 65GA, chapter 1282
- ⁵³For statutory provisions, see Code §§6.1, 6.3 to 6.7, 49.43 to 49.50
- ⁵⁴In 1964 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [22]
- ⁵⁵Nonindictable misdemeanors, jurisdiction, Art I, §11. [The office of Justice of Peace has been abolished by 64GA, chapter 1124.]
- ⁵⁶Statutory limitation, §§407.1, 407.2 of the Code
- ⁵⁷See §83.10 of the Code
- ⁵⁸Similar constitutional provision, Art. IX (2nd div.), §4. Analogous statute, §666.3 of the Code
- ⁵⁹This proposition failed to be adopted but see Amendment [1]
- ⁶⁰Sec. 16. For provisions relative to biennial election, see Amendment [11]: See also Amendment [14]
- There was pending at the time of this publication an amendment repealing this section: see 65GA, chapter 1282
- ⁶¹The first of these amendments was submitted to the electorate with the Constitution in 1857 but was defeated.
- ⁶²The above amendment, published as section 7 of Article II, was repealed by Amendment [14].
- ⁶³See section 10 of Article V.
- ⁶⁴See section 11 of Article I.
- ⁶⁵In 1970 this section was repealed: See Amendment [31].
- ⁶⁶The above amendment of 1904 has apparently been superseded by Amendment [14]. Practically the same amendment as the above was ratified in 1900, but the supreme court, in the case of State ex rel. Bailey v. Brookhart, 113 Iowa 250, held that said amendment was not proposed and adopted as required by the constitution, and did not become a part thereof.
- ⁶⁷In 1968 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [26].
- ⁶⁸See Amendment [16]; also Art. III, sec. 6.
- ⁶⁹In 1968 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [26].
- ⁷⁰In 1968 this section was repealed and a substitute adopted in lieu thereof: See Amendment [26].
- ⁷¹The above amendment repealed Amendment [7], which was published as section 7 of Article II; See also Amendment [11]. For statutory provisions, see Code §39.1.
- In 1916 a proposed amendment to extend the election franchise to women was defeated by the people.
- In 1917 a second proposed prohibition amendment was defeated by the people.
- In 1918 a second proposed amendment to enfranchise women was nullified by a procedural defect in failure to publish.
- ⁷²The above amendment was repealed by Amendment [26].
- ⁷³Applicable to Amendment [12]. See Art. III, sec. 6.
- ⁷⁴Referred to in §7.14 (2) of the Code.
- Practically the same amendments were proposed in 1947 but nullified by a procedural defect in 1949 by failure to publish before the election.
- ⁷⁵Referred to in §49.3.
- ⁷⁶See Amendment 26 to U.S. Constitution.

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