### Datasheet | M4500 series 100GE-Enabled Managed Switches





The trend of moving matrix switching into the Ethernet network is accelerating and AV over IP already delivers capabilities far beyond that of a traditional matrix switch. Historically it has been simple to design AV over IP systems of up to 96 I/Os using a single switch and Layer-2 Multicast IGMP. However, larger installations required data center-class 100G Ethernet switches with more complex Layer-3 multicast routing techniques, adding complexity and cost to the Ethernet infrastructure. As networked AV systems become ever larger, a new class of switches has come to market. They combine the configurability of a matrix switch with the power and scalability of Ethernet to support hundreds of AV over IP endpoints, at a price point dramatically cheaper than comparable matrix switches. Introducing two new 100GE enabled switches for ProAV, the M4500 series. Removing the need for Layer-3 PIM routing, these new switches offer IGMP Plus and greatly simplify system architectures with the same well-known Layer-2 techniques across the entire AV over IP network. The revolutionary NETGEAR AV user interface and Engage™ Controller contain preconfigured profiles for all major audio, video, and lighting protocols.

## Highlights

### A 10G to 100G solution

- The M4500-32C offers 32-port QSFP28 preconfigured for 100G and can support 40G QSFP+ and 50G QSFP28 optics or DAC cables
- The M4500-48XF8C offers 48-port SFP28 preconfigured for 10G with 8-port 100G QSFP28 uplinks, and the SFP28 ports can support 10G and 25G

## NETGEAR listens to and supports the ProAV community

- IGMP Plus<sup>™</sup> means AV-over-IP multicasting will work out of the box and not flood your network
- Auto-LAG and Auto-Trunk automatically configure the uplinks between multiple switches

- The Engage<sup>™</sup> Controller manages all M4250, M4300, and M4350 switches for your AV installations
- NETGEAR Pro AV Design team to help with system design and implementation to ensure the project will work
- Dante, Q-SYS, AES67, NVX, AMX, Q-SYS, NDI 4, NDI 5, ZeeVee, Aurora Multimedia, Kramer, Atlona, LibAV, Visionary, SDVoE, and many others!

#### **Higher availability**

- Meet the requirements of high performance, high availability, fast scale out, low latency performance, and Multi-chassis Link Aggregation (MLAG)
- The M4500 switches offer 1+1 power and 4+2 fan redundancy, an x86 Intel Atom® Processor C3558 with 8GB DDR3/ECC RAM and 128GB SSD storage

### Industry standard management

- The M4500 switches come with an industry standard command line interface (CLI), SSH, SNMP, sFlow, and MLAG
- An out of band 1 Gigabit Ethernet port facilitates management, with the AV user interface and the Engage Controller

#### Industry leading warranty

- NETGEAR M4500 series is covered under NETGEAR ProSAFE Limited Lifetime Hardware Warranty\*
- 90 days of Technical Support via phone and email, Lifetime Technical Support through online chat and Lifetime Next Business Day hardware replacement



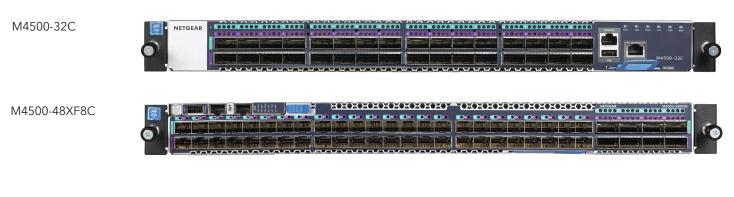
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### Hardware-at-a-Glance

				FRONT	RE	AR	MANAGEMENT	
Model name	Form- Factor	Switch- ing Fabric	25GBASE-X SFP28 ports	100GBASE-X QSFP28 ports	PSU	Fans	Out-of-band Console	Model number
M4500-32C	Full width 1-unit 1U rack mount	6.4 Tbps		32 ports 1x100G; 1x50G; 1x40G; 4x25G; 4x10G 1x100G default mode	Modular 2 bays 2 PSU included (1+1 redundancy): 2 x APS750W	Modular 6 slots 6 Fans included (4+2 redundancy): 6 x ATF402 Front-to-back 64.0dB	Ethernet: Out-of-band 1G port (Front) Console: RJ45 RS232 (Front) Storage: USB (Front)	CSM4532
M4500-48XF8C	<b>Full width</b> 1-unit 1U rack mount	4 Tbps	48 ports 1x25G; 1x10G; 1x1G* 1x10G default mode	8 ports 1×100G; 1×100G; 1×50G; 1×40G; 4×25G; 4×10G 1×100G default mode	Modular 2 bays 2 PSU included (1+1 redundancy): 2 x APS750W	Modular 6 slots 6 Fans included (4+2 redundancy): 6 x ATF402 Front-to-back 68.0dB	Ethernet: Out-of-band 1G port (Front) Console: RJ45 RS232 (Front) Storage: USB (Front)	XSM4556

\* SFP28 port speed is configurable by multiples of 4 ports (Port-1 for 1-2-3-4; Port-5 for 5-6-7-8; etc.)

### **Front View**



### **Rear View**

M4500-32C



M4500-48XF8C



### Software-at-a-Glance

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Model name	Manage- ment	AV Dedicated UI	IPv4/IPv6 ACL and QoS, DiffServ	IPv4/IPv6 Multicast Filtering	IPv4 / IPv6 Policing and Conver- gence	VLANs	Trunking Port Channel	IPv4/IPv6 Authentication Security	IPv4/IPv6 Static Routing	IPv4/IPv6 Dynamic Routing	Datacenter Features	Model number
M4500 series	NETGEAR Engage Controller Out-of- band; CLI; Telnet; SSH SNMP, MIBs RSPAN Ra- dius Users, TACACS+	AV Web- based GUI Designed for AV installers AV-related controls Audio over IP profiles Video over IP profiles Mixed Audio and Video profiles	Ingress/ egress 1 Kbps shaping rate limit	IGMP Plus for automatic IGMP IGMPv3 MLDv2 Snooping, Proxy SSM IGMPv1,v2 Querier (compatible v3) Control Packet Flood- ing	Policy- based rout- ing (PBR) LLDP-MED IEEE 1588 PTPv2 1-Step End- to-End Transparent Clock (TC)	Static, Dynamic Double VLAN mod (QinQ)	Auto-Trunk and Auto-LAG between M4250, M4300, M4350, and M4500 Switches Static LAG, or Dynamic LACP Seven (7) L2/ L3/L4 hashing algorithms Multi Chassis Link Aggregation Group (MLAG)	Successive Tiering (DOT1X; MAB) DHCP Snooping Dynamic ARP Inspection IP Source Guard	Port, Subnet, VLAN routing DHCP Relay Multicast static routes	IP Multinetting/ CIDR PBR VRRPv2, OSPFv3 PIM-SM/ SSM BGP4, VRF-Lite	PFC DCBX CoS Queuing and ETS VXLAN Gateway	All models

## Performance-at-a-Glance

					·	TABLI	E SIZE						
Model name	MAC ARP/ NDP	Routing / Switching Capacity	Through- put	Application Route Scaling	Packet Buffer	Latency	IP Multicast Forwarding Entries	CPU	Multicast IGMP Group member- ship	VLANs	Link Aggregation Port Channel	sFlow	Model number
M4500-32C M4500-48XF8C	32K MAC 8K ARP 2.5K NDP 32K	6.4 Tbps Line-rate	2 Bpps 2 Bpps	Static routes: 128 IPv4 routes: 32K IPv6 routes: 24K IP IGMP/ MLD: 2,048 PIM-SM: 1536 PIM-SMv6: 512 Static routes:	256 Mb 256 Mb	64-byte frames <0.13μs 100G QSFP28 <0.417μs 50G QSFP28 <0.15μs 40G QSFP+ <0.125μs 4x25G breakout <0.766μs 4x10G breakout 64-byte frames	2,048 IPv4 2.048 IPv6	x86 Intel Atom® Processor C3558 8GB DDR3/ECC	4K IPv4 / IPv6	4K VLANs	64 groups (LAG) 802.3ad with LACP 32 members/ LAG 63 groups	sFlow v5 8 sessions 416 samplers 416	CSM4532 XSM4556
	MAC 8K ARP 2.5K NDP	Line-rate		128 IPv4 routes: 32K IPv6 routes: 24K IP IGMP/ MLD: 2,048 PIM-SM: 1536 PIM-SMv6: 512		<0.117µs 25G SFP28 <0.119µs 10G SFP+ <0.129µs 100G QSFP28 <0.129µs 50G QSFP28 <0.124µs 40G QSFP+	2.040 IFV0	RAM 128GB SSD storage			MLAG Multichassis LAG 32 members/ MLAG	410 pollers 8 receivers	

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/// AV Line

## Product Brief



The NETGEAR M4500 series is a powerful 10G, 25G, and 100G solution designed for the edge, the server room, and the core. M4500 delivers nonstop Multi-Chassis Link Aggregation MLAG, spine and leaf, edge to core connectivity for AV and IT networks. In AV environments, the AV User Interface, Engage Controller and AV profiles are certified by 200+ AV manufacturers.

### **Key features**

- Cost effective 100G aggregation and 10G access layer for AV deployments and redundant spine & leaf topologies
- Zero Touch AV-over-IP with pre-configured L2 Multicast on all models (10G AV encoders and decoders) and SDVoE-ready
- Advanced Layer 3 feature set including IP Multinetting/CIDR, Static, PBR, VRRPv2, OSPFv3, PIM-SM, VxLAN, BGP4, VRF-Lite
- Optimized for "Spine and Leaf" redundant AV installations, with or without MLAG between spine switches
- Up to 320 TX / 320 RX (10 Gigabit) Nodes all line rate with each other in a redundant spine and leaf architecture
- 2 power supply units (APS750W) and 6 redudant fan trays (AFT402) pre-installed for 1+1 power and 4+2 fan redundancy
- Ultra-low latency (spine 0.13µs @100G; leaf 0.119µs @10G) and scalable table size (32K MAC, 8K ARP, 4K VLANs, 32K routes)

### **AV Software features**

- Designed for the most demanding AV over IP installations of up to thousands of endpoints
- AV-centric User Interface allows for simple, profile-based, per-port configuration in a snap
- Works out of the box with automatic, multiswitch configuration for most AV-over-IP installs
- All the simplicity of the M4250 AV Line packed in more Enterprise-class hardware with redundant PSUs and larger fabrics
- Less time to install and configure using the NETGEAR Engage™ Controller
- NETGEAR IGMP Plus<sup>™</sup> means AV-over-IP multicasting will work out of the box and not flood your network

• With Auto-Trunk and Auto-LAG, simply connect M4500 switches together and you are done!

### **Other Software features**

- Advanced classifier-based, time-based hardware implementation for L2 (MAC), L3 (IP) and L4 (UDP/TCP) security and prioritization
- Selectable Port-Channel / LAG (802.3ad - 802.1AX) L2/L3/L4 hashing for fault tolerance and load sharing with any Ethernet channeling
- Up to 64 Link Aggregation Groups (LAG, Port-Channel, LACP) with 32 ports per LAG and Multi-chassis Link Aggregation (MLAG)
- Comprehensive IPv4/IPv6 static and dynamic routing including IP Multinetting/ CIDR, PBR, VRRPv2, OSPFv3, PIM-SM6, BGP4, VRF-Lite
- PTPv2 Transparent Clock (1-step E2E)
- Advanced IPv4/IPv6 security including malicious code detection, DHCP Snooping, IP Source Guard, and Control Plane Policing (CoPP)
- Priority-Based Flow Control (PFC), DCBX Bridging, Enhanced Transmission Selection (ETS) and VXLAN Gateway for server installations

### Availability

- Two (2) redundant, modular power supplies are pre-installed contributing to business continuity management
- Six (6) hot-swappable fan trays are preinstalled for 4+2 fan redundancy
- Spine and leaf architecture with every leaf switch (10G/25G access) connecting to every spine switch (distributed 100G core)
- Up to 48 paths ECMP routing for load balancing and redundancy

• Link Dependency feature enables or disables ports based on the link state of different ports

### Management

- Industry standard SNMP, RMON, MIB, LLDP, AAA, sFlow and RSPAN remote mirroring implementation
- Service port for out-of-band 1 Gigabit Ethernet management (OOB)
- Standard RS232 straight-through RJ45 for local management console (USB 2.0 to RS232 converter with PL203 chipset is advised)
- Non-Disruptive Configuration for applying a new configuration file without disrupting the operation of unchanged features
- Industry standard command line interface (CLI) only

#### **NETGEAR** Warranty

- M4500 series is backed by a NETGEAR ProSAFE<sup>®</sup> Limited Lifetime Hardware Warranty\*
- Lifetime Next Business Day Hardware Replacement
- ProSUPPORT 24x7 Advanced Technical Support via phone for 90 days (Remote diagnostics performed by our technical experts for prompt resolution of technical issues. ProSUPPORT coverage can be extended by purchasing one, three, or five year contracts)
- ProSUPPORT Lifetime 24x7 Advanced Technical Support via chat.





## Features Highlights

AV-over-IP features	
Pre-configured for Audio and Video over IP	• M4350 switch series is pre-configured for Audio and Video over IP out of the box with a dedicated AV web-based GUI interface for more specific AV installations
Color-based AV profiles	<ul> <li>Color-based AV profiles can be applied to the different ports</li> </ul>
EngageTM Controller	<ul> <li>The Engage Controller manages all M4250, M4300, M4350, and M4500 switches for your AV installations</li> </ul>
Audio / video / control mixed profiles	<ul> <li>Dante, Q-SYS, AES67, NVX, AMX, Q-SYS, NDI 4, NDI 5, ZeeVee, Aurora Multimedia, Kramer, Atlona, LibAV, Visionary, SDVoE, Lighting (Art-Net, sACN, etc.) and many others!</li> </ul>
NETGEAR IGMP Plus™	<ul> <li>IGMP Plus for automatic multicast across a M4250 / M4300 / M4350/ M4500 L2 network (Spine and Leaf topologies), removing the need for L3 PIM routing <ul> <li>IGMP Plus is pre-configured on default VLAN 1 out of the box</li> <li>IGMP Plus can be configured on another VLAN for automatic IGMP across switches on that VLAN (uplinks can make part of that VLAN in trunk mode)</li> <li>IGMP Plus allow AV-over-IP devices (TX/Encoders and RX/Decoders) to be connected across multiple switches in a star topology</li> <li>The show igmpsnooping group command in CLI and AV GUI displays the Source and Group IP addresses along with their corresponding MAC addresses that are learnt through IGMP Snooping in a given VLAN on a given interface</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Auto-LAG	• If more than one link between two M4500 switches or MLAG, or to M4250/M4300/ M4350 switches, a Link Aggregation Group is created, dynamically
Auto-Trunk	• Dynamic VLAN trunking as soon as an M4500 switch or a M4500 MLAG gets connected to another M4500 switch, or M4250/M4300/M4350 with Auto-Trunk enabled
PTPv2 TC	<ul> <li>IEEE 1588 (section 10 and 11.5) PTPv2 Transparent Clock (TC) End-to-End implementation considering the residence time of PTPv2 packets from ingress to egress</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1-step Transparent Clock mode, using the residence time of the PPTPv2 packet at the egress port level</li> <li>The "Sync" &amp; "Delay_Req" fields of passing/egressing out PTPv2 packets are updated with the residence time in the switch, the other fields in PTPv2 packets ("Announce", "Delay_Resp", "Pdelay_Req" and "Pdelay_Resp") are not updated</li> </ul>
Switching Features	
VLAN Support	• VLANs are collections of switching ports that comprise a single broadcast domain. Packets are classified as belonging to a VLAN based on either the VLAN tag or a combination of the ingress port and packet contents. Packets sharing common attributes can be groups in the same VLAN. The switch software is in full compliance with IEEE 802.1Q VLAN tagging.
Double VLAN	• The Double VLAN feature (IEEE 802.1QinQ) allows the use of a second tag on network traffic. The additional tag helps differentiate between customers in the Metropolitan Area Networks (MAN) while preserving individual customer's VLAN identification when they enter their own 802.1Q domain.



Switching Modes	• The switchport mode feature helps to minimize the potential for configuration errors. The feature also makes VLAN configuration easier by reducing the amount of commands needed for port configuration. For example, to configure a port connected to an end user, you can configure the port in Access mode. Ports connected to other switches can be configured in Trunk mode. VLAN assignments and tagging behavior are automatically configured as appropriate for the connection type.
Spanning Tree Protocols (STP)	• Spanning Tree Protocol (IEEE 802.1D) is a standard requirement of Layer 2 switches that allows bridges to automatically prevent and resolve L2 forwarding loops. The STP feature supports a variety of per-port settings including path cost, priority settings, Port Fast mode, STP Root Guard, Loop Guard, TCN Guard, and Auto Edge. These settings are also configurable per-Port-channel.
Rapid Spanning Tree	• Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) detects and uses network topologies to enable faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change, without creating forwarding loops. The port settings supported by STP are also supported by RSTP.
Multiple Spanning Tree	<ul> <li>Multiple Spanning Tree (MSTP) operation maps VLANs to spanning tree instances. Packets assigned to various VLANs are transmitted along different paths within MSTP Regions (MST Regions). Regions are one or more interconnected MSTP bridges with identical MSTP settings. The MSTP standard lets administrators assign VLAN traffic to unique paths.</li> <li>M4500 supports IEEE 802.1Q-2005, which is a version of corrected problems associated with the previous version. It provides for faster transition-to-forwarding, and incorporates new features for a port (restricted role and restricted TCN).</li> </ul>
Bridge Protocol Data Unit (BPDU) Guard	• Spanning Tree BPDU Guard is used to disable the port in case a new device tries to enter the already existing topology of STP. Thus devices, which were originally not a part of STP, are not allowed to influence the STP topology.
Port-channel	• Up to 32 ports can combine to form a single Port-Channel (LAG). This enables fault tolerance protection from physical link disruption, higher bandwidth connections and improved bandwidth granularity. A Port-channel is composed of ports of the same speed, set to full-duplex operation
Link Aggregate Control Protocol (LACP)	• Link Aggregate Control Protocol (LACP) uses peer exchanges across links to determine, on an ongoing basis, the aggregation capability of various links, and continuously provides the maximum level of aggregation capability achievable between a given pair of systems. LACP automatically determines, configures, binds, and monitors the binding of ports to aggregators within the system.
Multi Chassis Link Aggregation Group (MLAG)	• This feature enables a Port-channel to be created across two independent units, which creates a scenario where some member ports of the MLAG can reside on one unit and the other members of the MLAG can reside on the other unit. The partner device on the remote side can be a MLAG unaware unit. For the MLAG unaware unit, the MLAG appears to be a single Port-channel connected to a single unit.
Flow Control Support (IEEE 802.3x)	• Flow control enables lower speed switches to communicate with higher speed switches by requesting that the higher speed switch refrains from sending packets. Transmissions are temporarily halted to prevent buffer overflows.

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Asymmetric FIAlternate Store and Forward (ASF)	• When in asymmetric flow control mode, the switch responds to PAUSE frames received from peers by stopping packet transmission, but the switch does not initiate MAC control PAUSE frames. When the switch is configured in asymmetric flow control (or no flow control mode), the device is placed in egress drop mode. Egress drop mode maximizes the throughput of the system at the expense of packet loss in a heavily congested system, and this mode avoids head of line blocking. Asymmetric flow control is not supported on Fast Ethernet platforms because support was introduced to the physical layer with the Gigabit PHY specifications.
Alternate Store and Forward (ASF)	• The Alternate Store and Forward (ASF) feature, which is also known as cut-through mode, reduces latency for large packets. When ASF is enabled, the memory management unit (MMU) can forward a packet to the egress port before it has been entirely received on the Cell Buffer Pool (CBP) memory.
Jumbo Frames Support	• Jumbo frames enable transporting data in fewer frames to ensure less overhead, lower processing time, and fewer interrupts. The maximum transmission unit (MTU) size is configurable per-port (max 9K).
Auto-MDI/MDIX Support	• M4500 supports auto-detection between crossed and straight-through cables. Media-Dependent Interface (MDI) is the standard wiring for end stations, and the standard wiring for hubs and switches is known as Media- Dependent Interface with Crossover (MDIX).
Unidirectional Link Detection (UDLD)	• The UDLD feature detects unidirectional links physical ports by exchanging packets containing information about neighboring devices. The purpose of the UDLD feature is to detect and avoid unidirectional links. A unidirectional link is a forwarding anomaly in a Layer 2 communication channel in which a bidirectional link stops passing traffic in one direction.
Expandable Port Configuration	<ul> <li>Expandable ports allow you to configure a 100GbE port in either 4×25/10GbE mode or 1×40GbE mode. When the 100GbE port is operating in 4×25/10GbE mode, the port operates as four 25/10GbE ports, each on a separate lane. This mode requires the use of a suitable 4×25GbE to 1×100GbE pigtail cable. Expandable port capability can be enabled on 100G ports using the CLI command [no] port-mode. A change to the port mode is made effective immediately.</li> </ul>
Port Speed Configuration	<ul> <li>M4500-48XF8C provides 48 ports SFP28 pre-configured for 10Gbps. Port speed can be 25Gbps, 10Gbps or 1Gbps. SFP28 port speed is only configurable by multiples of 4 ports using the CLI command [no] port-mode. For instance, configuring Port-1 using (M4500-48XF8C) (Interface 0/1)#port-mode 4x1G is actually setting all ports 1, 2, 3 and 4 at 1Gbps speed. Configuring Port-5 using (M4500-48XF8C) (Interface 0/5)#port-mode 4x1G is setting all ports 5, 6, 7 and 8 at 1Gbps speed.</li> </ul>
VLAN-aware MAC-based Switching	<ul> <li>Packets arriving from an unknown source address are sent to the CPU and added to the Hardware Table. Future packets addressed to or from this address are more efficiently forwarded.</li> </ul>
Back Pressure Support	• On half-duplex links, a receiver may prevent buffer overflows by jamming the link so that it is unavailable for additional traffic. On full duplex links, a receiver may send a PAUSE frame indicating that the transmitter should cease transmission of frames for a specified period. When flow control is enabled, the switch will observe received PAUSE frames or jamming signals, and will issue them when congested.
Auto Negotiation	• Auto negotiation allows the switch to advertise modes of operation. The auto negotiation function provides the means to exchange information between two switches that share a point-to-point link segment, and to automatically configure both switches to take maximum advantage of their transmission capabilities. The switch enhances auto negotiation by providing configuration of port advertisement. Port advertisement allows the system administrator to configure the port speeds that are advertised.



Storm Control	• When Layer 2 frames are forwarded, broadcast, unknown unicast, and multicast frames are flooded to all ports on the relevant virtual local area network (VLAN). The flooding occupies bandwidth, and loads all nodes connected on all ports. Storm control limits the amount of broadcast, unknown unicast, and multicast frames accepted and forwarded by the switch. Per-port and per-storm control type (broadcast, multicast, or unicast), the storm control feature can be configured to automatically shut down a port when a storm condition is detected on the port; or to send a trap to the system log. When configured to shut down, the port is put into a diagnostic-disabled state. The user must manually re-enable the interface for it to be operational. When configured to send a trap, the trap is sent once in every 30 seconds. When neither action is configured, the switch rate-limits the traffic when storm conditions occur.
Port Mirroring	• Port mirroring monitors and mirrors network traffic by forwarding copies of incoming and outgoing packets from up to four source ports to a monitoring port. The switch also supports flow-based mirroring, which allows you to copy certain types of traffic to a single destination port. This provides flexibility–instead of mirroring all ingress or egress traffic on a port the switch can mirror a subset of that traffic. You can configure the switch to mirror flows based on certain kinds of Layer 2, Layer 3, and Layer 4 information. The switch supports up to four monitor sessions. Port mirroring, flow based mirroring, RSPAN, and VLAN mirroring can be configured at the same time on the switch using different sessions IDs and in any combinations. Any two sessions cannot be identical. Multiple mirroring sessions are supported for all types of mirroring. A given interface can be used as a source interface as port A and destination interface as port B. Another session can be created with source interface as a destination interface for more than one session. An IP/MAC access-list can be attached to any mirroring session or to all sessions at the same time.
sFlow	• sFlow is the standard for monitoring high-speed switched and routed networks. sFlow technology is built into network equipment and gives complete visibility into network activity, enabling effective management and control of network resources. The switch supports sFlow version 5.
Static and Dynamic MAC Address Tables	<ul> <li>You can add static entries to the switch's MAC address table and configure the aging time for entries in the dynamic MAC address table. You can also search for entries in the dynamic table based on several different criteria.</li> </ul>
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	• The IEEE 802.1AB defined standard, Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP), allows the switch to advertise major capabilities and physical descriptions. This information can help you identify system topology and detect bad configurations on the LAN.
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) for Media Endpoint Device	• The Link Layer Discovery Protocol for Media Endpoint Devices (LLDP-MED) provides an extension to the LLDP standard for network configuration and policy, device location, Power over Ethernet management, and inventory management.
DHCP Layer 2 Relay	• This feature permits Layer 3 Relay agent functionality in Layer 2 switched networks. The switch supports L2 DHCP relay configuration on individual ports, Port-channels and VLANs.
MAC Multicast Support	• Multicast service is a limited broadcast service that allows one-to-many and many- to-many connections. In Layer 2 multicast services, a single frame addressed to a specific multicast address is received, and copies of the frame to be transmitted on each relevant port are created.



IGMP Snooping	• Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) Snooping is a feature that allows a switch to forward multicast traffic intelligently on the switch. Multicast IP traffic is traffic that is destined to a host group. Host groups are identified by class D IP addresses, which range from 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.255. Based on the IGMP query and report messages, the switch forwards traffic only to the ports that request the multicast traffic. This prevents the switch from broadcasting the traffic to all ports and possibly affecting network performance.
Source Specific Multicasting (SSM)	• This mechanism provides the ability for a host to report interest in receiving a particular multicast stream only from among a set of specific source addresses, or its interest in receiving a multicast stream from any source other than a set of specific source addresses.
Control Packet Flooding	• This feature enhances the MGMD Snooping functionality to flood multicast packets with DIP=224.0.0.x to all members of the incoming VLAN irrespective of the configured filtering behavior. This enhancement depends on the ability of the switch to flood packets with DIP=224.0.0.x irrespective of the entries in the L2 Multicast Forwarding Tables.
Flooding to mRouter Ports	• This feature enhances the MGMD Snooping functionality to flood unregistered multicast streams to all mRouter ports in the VLAN irrespective of the configured filtering behavior. This enhancement depends on the ability of the switch to flood packets to specific ports in the incoming VLAN when there are no entries in the L2 Multicast Forwarding Tables for the specific stream. In platforms that do not have the hardware capability, incoming multicast streams are always flooded in the ingress VLAN when the switch supports an "L2 multicast miss."
IGMP Snooping Querier	• When Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) and IGMP are enabled in a network with IP multicast routing, the IP multicast router acts as the IGMP querier. However, if it is desirable to keep the multicast network Layer 2 switched only, the IGMP Snooping Querier can perform the query functions of a Layer 3 multicast router.
Management and Control Plane ACLs	• This feature provides hardware-based filtering of traffic to the CPU. An optional 'management' feature is available to apply the ACL on the CPU port. Currently, control packets like BPDU are dropped because of the implicit 'deny all' rule added at the end of the list. To overcome this rule, you must add rules that allow the control packets. Support for user-defined simple rate limiting rule attributes for inbound as well as outbound traffic is also available. This attribute is supported on all QoS capable interfaces - physical, Port-channel, and control-plane.
Remote Switched Port Analyzer (RSPAN)	• Along with the physical source ports, the network traffic received/transmitted on a VLAN can be monitored. A port mirroring session is operationally active if and only if both a destination (probe) port and at least one source port or VLAN is configured. If neither is true, the session is inactive. The switch supports remote port mirroring. The switch also supports VLAN mirroring. Traffic from/to all the physical ports which are members of that particular VLAN is mirrored (The source for a port mirroring session can be either physical ports or VLAN). For Flow-based mirroring, ACLs are attached to the mirroring session. The network traffic that matches the ACL is only sent to the destination port. This feature is supported for remote monitoring also. IP/ MAC access-list can be attached to the mirroring session. Up to four RSPAN sessions can be configured on the switch and up to four RSPAN VLANs are supported. An RSPAN VLAN cannot be configured as a source for more than one session at the same time. To configure four RSPAN mirroring sessions, it is required to configure 4 RSPAN VLANs.



Link Dependency IPv6 Router Advertisement Guard	<ul> <li>The Link Dependency feature supports enabling/disabling ports based on the link state of other ports (i.e., making the link state of some ports dependent on the link state of others). In the simplest form, if port A is dependent on port B and switch detects link loss on B, the switch automatically brings down link on port A. When the link is restored to port B, the switch automatically restores link to port A. The link action command option determines whether link A will come up/go down, depending upon the state of link B.</li> <li>M4500 supports IPv6 Router Advertisement Guard (RA-Guard) to protect against attacks via rogue Router Advertisements in accordance with RFC 6105. RA Guard supports Stateless RA-Guard, for which you can configure the interface to allow received router advertisements and router redirect message to be processed/ forwarded or dropped. By default, RA-Guard is not enabled on any interfaces. RA-</li> </ul>
	Guard is enabled/disabled on physical interfaces or Port-channels. RA-Guard does not require IPv6 routing to be enabled.
FIP Snooping	<ul> <li>The FCoE Initialization Protocol (FIP) is used to perform the functions of FC_BB_E device discovery, initialization, and maintenance. FIP uses a separate EtherType from FCoE to distinguish discovery, initialization, and maintenance traffic from other FCoE traffic. FIP frames are standard Ethernet size (1518 Byte 802.1q frame), whereas FCoE frames are a maximum of 2240 bytes. FIP snooping is a frame inspection method used by FIP Snooping Bridges to monitor FIP frames and apply policies based upon the L2 header information in those frames.</li> </ul>
	• Snooping
	• Auto-configuration of Ethernet ACLs based on information in the Ethernet headers of FIP frames.
	• Emulation of FC point-to-point links within the DCB Ethernet network.
	• Enhanced FCoE security/robustness by preventing FCoE MAC spoofing.
	<ul> <li>The role of FIP snooping-enabled ports on the switch falls under one of the following types:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Perimeter or Edge port (connected directly to a Fiber Channel end node or ENode).</li> </ul>
	• Fiber Channel forwarder (FCF) facing port (that receives traffic from FCFs targeted to the ENodes).
	• Note: The FIP Snooping Bridge feature supports the configuration of the perimeter port role and FCF- facing port roles and is intended for use only at the edge of the switched network. The default port role in an FCoE-enabled VLAN is as a perimeter port. FCF-facing ports are configured by the user.
ECN Support	• Explicit Congestion Notification (ECN) is defined in RFC 3168. Conventional TCP networks signal congestion by dropping packets. A Random Early Discard scheme provides earlier notification than tail drop by dropping packets already queued for transmission. ECN marks congested packets that would otherwise have been dropped and expects an ECN capable receiver to signal congestion back to the transmitter without the need to retransmit the packet that would have been dropped. For TCP, this means that the TCP receiver signals a reduced window size to the transmitter but does not request retransmission of the CE marked packet. M4500 implements ECN capability as part of the WRED configuration process. It is configured as parameter in the random-detect command. Eligible packets are marked by hardware based upon the WRED configuration. You can configure any CoS queue to operate in ECN marking mode and can configure different discard thresholds for each color.

Configurable Access and Authentication Profiles	• You can configure rules to limit access to the switch management interface based on criteria such as access type and source IP address of the management host. You can also require the user to be authenticated locally or by an external server, such as a RADIUS server.
AAA Command Authorization	• This feature enables AAA Command Authorization on the switch.
Password-protected Management Access	<ul> <li>Access to the CLI and SNMP management interfaces is password protected, and there are no default users on the system.</li> </ul>
Strong Password Enforcement	• The Strong Password feature enforces a baseline password strength for all locally administered users. Password strength is a measure of the effectiveness of a password in resisting guessing and brute-force attacks. The strength of a password is a function of length, complexity and randomness. Using strong passwords lowers overall risk of a security breach.
MAC-based Port Security	• The port security feature limits access on a port to users with specific MAC addresses. These addresses are manually defined or learned on that port. When a frame is seen on a locked port, and the frame source MAC address is not tied to that port, the protection mechanism is invoked.
RADIUS Client	• The switch has a Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) client and can support up to 32 authentication and accounting RADIUS servers.
TACACS+ Client	• The switch has a TACACS+ client. TACACS+ provides centralized security for validation of users accessing the switch. TACACS+ provides a centralized user management system while still retaining consistency with RADIUS and other authentication processes.
Dot1x Authentication (IEEE 802.1X)	• Dot1x authentication enables the authentication of system users through a local internal server or an external server. Only authenticated and approved system users can transmit and receive data. Supplicants are authenticated using the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). Also supported are PEAP, EAP-TTL, EAP- TTLS, and EAP-TLS. M4500 supports RADIUS-based assignment (via 802.1X) of VLANs, including guest and unauthenticated VLANs. The Dot1X feature also supports RADIUS-based assignment of filter IDs as well as MAC-based authentication, which allows multiple supplicants connected to the same port to each authenticate individually.
MAC Authentication Bypass	• The switch supports the MAC-based Authentication Bypass (MAB) feature, which provides 802.1x- unaware clients (such as printers and fax machines) controlled access to the network using the devices' MAC address as an identifier. This requires that the known and allowable MAC address and corresponding access rights be pre-populated in the authentication server. MAB works only when the port control mode of the port is MAC- based.
DHCP Snooping	• DHCP Snooping is a security feature that monitors DHCP messages between a DHCP client and DHCP server. It filters harmful DHCP messages and builds a bindings database of (MAC address, IP address, VLAN ID, port) tuples that are specified as authorized. DHCP snooping can be enabled globally and on specific VLANs. Ports within the VLAN can be configured to be trusted or untrusted. DHCP servers must be reached through trusted ports. This feature is supported for both IPv4 and IPv6 packets.

DHCPv6 Snooping	In an IPv6 domain, a node can obtain an IPv6 address using the following mechanisms:
	<ul> <li>IPv6 address auto-configuration using router advertisements</li> </ul>
	• The DHCPv6 protocol
	In a typical man-in-the-middle (MiM) attack, the attacker can snoop or spoof the traffic act as a rogue DHCPv6 server. To prevent such attacks, DHCPv6 snooping helps to secure the IPv6 address configuration in the network. DHCPv6 snooping enables the Brocade device to filter untrusted DHCPv6 packets in a subnet on an IPv6 network. DHCPv6 snooping can ward off MiM attacks, such as a malicious user posing as a DH-CPv6 server sending false DHCPv6 server reply packets with the intention of misdirect-ing other users. DHCPv6 snooping can also stop unauthorized DHCPv6 servers and prevent errors due to user misconfiguration of DHCPv6 servers.
Dynamic ARP Inspection	• Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI) is a security feature that rejects invalid and malicious ARP packets. The feature prevents a class of man-in-the-middle attacks, where an unfriendly station intercepts traffic for other stations by poisoning the ARP caches of its unsuspecting neighbors. The malicious station sends ARP requests or responses mapping another station's IP address to its own MAC address.
IP Source Address Guard	• IP Source Guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection use the DHCP snooping bindings database. When IP Source Guard is enabled, the switch drops incoming packets that do not match a binding in the bindings database. IP Source Guard can be configured to enforce just the source IP address or both the source IP address and source MAC address. Dynamic ARP Inspection uses the bindings database to validate ARP packets. This feature is supported for both IPv4 and IPv6 packets.
Quality of Service Features	
Access Control Lists (ACL)	Access Control Lists (ACLs) ensure that only authorized users have access to specific resources while blocking off any unwarranted attempts to reach network resources. ACLs are used to provide traffic flow control, restrict contents of routing updates, decide which types of traffic are forwarded or blocked, and above all provide security for the network. M4500 supports the following ACL types: • IPv4 ACLs
	• IPv6 ACLs
	• MAC ACLs
	For all ACL types, you can apply the ACL rule when the packet enters or exits the physical port, Port-channel, or VLAN interface (ingress and egress ACLs).
ACL Remarks	<ul> <li>Users can use ACL remarks to include comments for ACL rule entries in any MAC ACL. Remarks assist the user in understanding ACL rules easily.</li> </ul>
ACL Rule Priority	• This feature allows user to add sequence numbers to ACL rule entries and re-sequence them. When a new ACL rule entry is added, the sequence number can be specified so that the new ACL rule entry is placed in the desired position in the access list.
Differentiated Service (DIffServ)	<ul> <li>The QoS Differentiated Services (DiffServ) feature allows traffic to be classified into streams and given certain QoS treatment in accordance with defined per-hop behaviors. The switch supports both IPv4 and IPv6 packet classification.</li> </ul>
Class of Service (CoS)	• The Class of Service (CoS) queueing feature lets you directly configure certain aspects of switch queuing. This provides the desired QoS behavior for different types of network traffic when the complexities of DiffServ are not required. CoS queue characteristics, such as minimum guaranteed bandwidth and transmission rate shaping, are configurable at the queue (or port) level.



Management Features	
Management Options	<ul> <li>You can use the following methods to manage the switch:</li> <li>Use a telnet client, SSH client, or a direct console connection to access the CLI. The CLI syntax and semantics conform as much as possible to common industry practice.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Use a network management system (NMS) to manage and monitor the system through SNMP.</li> </ul>
	M4500 supports SNMP v1/v2c/v3 over the UDP/IP transport protocol.
Management of Basic Network Information	• The DHCP client on the switch allows the switch to acquire information such as the IP address and default gateway from a network DHCP server. You can also disable the DHCP client and configure static network information. Other configurable network information includes a Domain Name Server (DNS), host name to IP address mapping, and a default domain name. M4500 also includes a DHCPv6 client for acquiring IPv6 addresses, prefixes, and other IPv6 network configuration information.
File Management	• You can upload and download files such as configuration files and system images by using TFTP, Secure FTP (SFTP), or Secure Copy (SCP). Configuration file uploads from the switch to a server are a good way to back up the switch configuration. You can also download a configuration file from a server to the switch to restore the switch to the configuration in the downloaded file.
Malicious Code Detection	• This feature provides a mechanism to detect the integrity of the image, if the software binary is corrupted or tampered with while end user attempts to download the software image to the switch. This release addresses this problem by using digital signatures to verify the integrity of the binary image. It also provides flexibility to download a digitally signed configuration script and verify the digital signature to ensure the integrity of the downloaded configuration file.
Automatic Installation of Firmware and Configuration	• The Auto Install feature allows the switch to upgrade the configuration file automatically during device initialization with limited administrative configuration on the device. The switch can obtain the necessary information from a DHCP server on the network.
Warm Reboot	• The Warm Reboot feature reduces the time it takes to reboot the switch thereby reducing the traffic disruption in the network during a switch reboot. For a typical switch, the traffic disruption is reduced from about two minutes for a cold reboot to about 20 seconds for a warm reboot.
SNMP Alarms and Trap Logs	• The system logs events with severity codes and timestamps. The events are sent as SNMP traps to a trap recipient list.
Remote Monitoring (RMON)	• RMON is a standard Management Information Base (MIB) that defines current and historical MAC-layer statistics and control objects, allowing real-time information to be captured across the entire network. The data collected is defined in the RMON MIB, RFC 2819 (32-bit counters), RFC 3273 (64-bit counters), and RFC 3434 (High Capacity Alarm Table).

Statistics Application	The statistics application collects the statistics at a configurable time interval. The user can specify the port number(s) or a range of ports for statistics to be displayed. The configured time interval applies to all ports. Detailed statistics are collected between the specified time range in date and time format. The time range can be defined as having an absolute time entry and/or a periodic time. For example, a user can specify the statistics to be collected and displayed between 9:00 15 OCT 2019 (START) and 21:00 15 OCT 2019 (END) or schedule it on every MON, WED and FRI 9:00 (START) to 21:00 (END). The user receives these statistics in a number of ways as listed below: • User requests through CLI for a set of counters. • User can configure the device to display statistics using syslog or email alert. The syslog or email alert messages are sent by statistics application at END time. The statistics are presented on the console at END time.
Log Messages	<ul> <li>The switch maintains in-memory log messages as well as persistent logs. You can also configure remote logging so that the switch sends log messages to a remote log server. You can also configure the switch to send log messages to a configured SMTP server. This allows you to receive the log message in an e-mail account of your choice. Switch auditing messages, CLI command logging, and SNMP logging can be enabled or disabled.</li> </ul>
System Time Management	<ul> <li>The switch will obtain the system time and date through NTP (Network Time Protocol) service of Linux server, or you can set the time and date locally or configure the time zone on the switch via Linux.</li> </ul>
Source IP Address Configuration	• Syslog, TACACS, SNTP, sFlow, SNMP Trap, RADIUS, and DNS Clients allow the IP Stack to select the source IP address while generating the packet. This feature provides an option for the user to select an interface for the source IP address while the management protocol transmits packets to management stations. The source address is specified for each protocol.
Multiple Linux Routing Tables	• On Linux systems, local and default IPv4 routes for the service port and network port are installed in routing tables dedicated to each management interface. Locally- originated IPv4 packets use these routing tables when the source IP address of the packet matches an address on one of these interfaces. This feature allows the Linux IP stack to use default routes for different interfaces simultaneously.
Open Network Install Environment Support	of network operating system (NoS) onto a switch. When the switch boots, ONIE enables the switch to fetch a NoS stored on a remote server. The remote server can hold multiple NoS images, and you can specify which NoS to load and run on the switch. ONIE support in the switch software facilitates automated data center provisioning by enabling a bare-metal network switch ecosystem.
	<ul> <li>ONIE is a small operating system. It is preinstalled as firmware and requires an ONIE-compliant boot loader (U-Boot/BusyBox), a kernel (Linux) and the ONIE discovery and execution application. For more information about ONIE, see http://onie.github.io/onie.</li> </ul>
Interface Error Disable and Auto Recovery	• If the switch detects an error condition for an interface, it places the interface in the diagnostic disabled state by shutting down the interface. The error-disabled interface does not allow any traffic until it is reenabled. You can manually reenable the interface, or, if the Auto Recovery feature is enabled, the interface can be reenabled automatically after a configurable time-out period.
	• There are multiple reasons that may cause the switch to place an interface in the error-disabled state. Auto Recovery can be configured to take effect if an interface is error-disabled for any reason, or for some reasons but not others.



CLI Scheduler	• The CLI scheduler allows administrators to schedule fully-qualified EXEC mode CLI commands to run once, at specified intervals, at specified calendar dates and times, or upon system startup. CLI scheduler has two basic processes. A policy list is configured containing lines of fully-qualified EXEC CLI commands to be run at the same time or same interval. One or more policy lists are then scheduled to run after a specified interval of time, at a specified calendar date and time, or upon system startup. Each scheduled occurrence can be set to run either once only or on a recurring basis.
Routing Features	
IP Unnumbered	• Each routing interface can be configured to borrow the IP address from the loopback interfaces and use this IP for all routing activities. The IP Unnumbered feature was initially developed to avoid wasting an entire subnet on point-to-point serial links. The IP Unnumbered feature can also be used in situations where adjacencies are transient and adjacent interfaces cannot be easily configured with IPv4 addresses in the same subnet. It also helps in reducing the configuration overhead in large scale Data-Center deployments.
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	<ul> <li>Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) is a dynamic routing protocol commonly used within medium-to-large enterprise networks. OSPF is an interior gateway protocol (IGP) that operates within a single autonomous system.</li> </ul>
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	<ul> <li>BGP is an exterior routing protocol used in large-scale networks to transport routing information between autonomous systems (AS). As an interdomain routing protocol, BGP is used when AS path information is required to provide partial or full Internet routing downstream. The switch supports BGP version 4. The following BGP features are supported:</li> <li>Proprietary BGP MIB support for reporting status variables and internal counters.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Additional route map support: Match as-path; Set as-path; Set local-preference; Set metric</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Support for inbound and outbound neighbor-specific route maps.</li> </ul>
	• Handles the BGP RTO full condition.
	<ul> <li>Support for the show ip bgp command.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Support for the show ip bgp traffic command.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Support for the bgp always-compare-med command.</li> </ul>
	• Support for the maximum number of BGP neighbors: 128.
	• A prefix list is supported to filter the output of the show ip bgp command.
	<ul> <li>Configurable maximum length of a received AS_PATH.</li> </ul>
	• Show command to list the routes accepted from a specific neighbor.
	<ul> <li>Show command to list the routes rejected from a specific neighbor.</li> </ul>
	• Support for BGP communities.
	• Support for IPv6.
	• IPv6 Transport and Prefix list
	<ul> <li>Support for BGP peer templates to simplify neighbor configuration.</li> </ul>
VLAN Routing	<ul> <li>M4500 supports VLAN routing. You can also configure the software to allow traffic on a VLAN to be treated as if the VLAN were a router port.</li> </ul>



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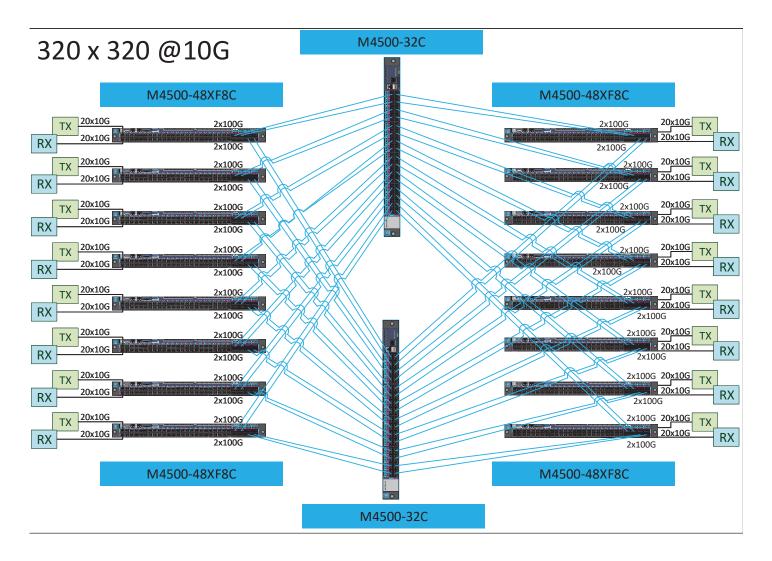
## Datasheet | M4500 series 100GE-Enabled Managed Switches

IP Configuration	• M4500 IP configuration settings to allow you to configure network information for VLAN routing interfaces such as IP address and subnet mask, MTU size, and ICMP redirects. Global IP configuration settings for the switch allow you to enable or disable the generation of several types of ICMP messages and enable or disable the routing mode.
Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Table Management	• You can create static ARP entries and manage many settings for the dynamic ARP table, such as age time for entries, retries, and cache size.
BOOTP/DHCP Relay Agent	<ul> <li>The switch BOOTP/DHCP Relay Agent feature relays BOOTP and DHCP messages between DHCP clients and DHCP servers that are located in different IP subnets.</li> </ul>
IP Helper and UDP Relay	• The IP Helper and UDP Relay features provide the ability to relay various protocols to servers on a different subnet.
Routing Table	• The routing table displays information about the routes that have been dynamically learned. You can configure static and default routes and route preferences. A separate table shows the routes that have been manually configured.
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)	• VRRP provides hosts with redundant routers in the network topology without any need for the hosts to reconfigure or know that there are multiple routers. If the primary (master) router fails, a secondary router assumes control and continues to use the virtual router IP (VRIP) address. VRRP Route Interface Tracking extends the capability of VRRP to allow tracking of specific route/interface IP states within the router that can alter the priority level of a virtual router for a VRRP group.
Algorithmic Longest Prefix Match (ALPM)	• Algorithmic Longest Prefix Match (ALPM) is a protocol used by routers to select an entry from a forwarding table. When an exact match is not found in the forwarding table, the match with the longest subnet mask, also called longest prefix match, is chosen. It is called the longest prefix match because it is also the entry where the largest number of leading address bits of the destination address match those in the table entry.ALPM enables support for large number of routes. (For BGP, 32k IPv4 routes and 24k IPv6 are supported.) The SDM template, "dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 alpm" is available to accommodate a large number of routes.
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection	• Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) is presented as a service to its user applications, providing the options to create and destroy a session with a peer device and reporting upon the session status. On the switch, OSPF and BGP can use BFD for monitoring of their neighbors' availability in the network and for fast detection of connection faults with them.
VRF Lite Operation and Configuration	• The Virtual Routing and Forwarding feature enables a router to function as multiple routers. Each virtual router manages its own routing domain, with its own IP routes, routing interfaces, and host entries. Each virtual router makes its own routing decisions, independent of other virtual routers. More than one virtual routing table may contain a route to a given destination. The network administrator can configure a subset of the router's interfaces to be associated with each virtual router. The router routes packets according to the virtual routing table associated with the packet's ingress interface. Each interface can be associated with at most one virtual router.
Layer 3 Multicast Features	
Internet Group Management Protocol	• The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is used by IPv4 systems (hosts and routers) to report their IP multicast group memberships to any neighboring multicast routers. The switch performs the "multicast router part" of the IGMP protocol, which means it collects the membership information needed by the active multicast router.



PIM Sparse Mode (PIM-SM)	• Protocol Independent Multicast-Sparse Mode (PIM-SM) is used to efficiently route multicast traffic to multicast groups that may span wide area networks, and where bandwidth is a constraint. PIM-SM uses shared trees by default and implements source-based trees for efficiency. This data threshold rate is used to toggle between trees.
PIM Source Specific Multicast (PIM-SSM)	• Protocol Independent Multicast–Source Specific Multicast (PIM-SSM) is a subset of PIM-SM and is used for one-to-many multicast routing applications, such as audio or video broadcasts. PIM-SSM does not use shared trees.
PIM IPv6	• PIM-SM support IPv6 routes.
MLD/MLDv2 (RFC 2710 / RFC 3810)	<ul> <li>MLD is used by IPv6 systems (listeners and routers) to report their IP multicast addresses memberships to any neighboring multicast routers. The implementation of MLD v2 is backward compatible with MLD v1.</li> </ul>
	• MLD protocol enables the IPv6 router to discover the presence of multicast listeners, the nodes that want to receive the multicast data packets, on its directly attached interfaces. The protocol specifically discovers which multicast addresses are of interest to its neighboring nodes and provides this information to the multicast routing protocol that make the decision on the flow of the multicast data packets.
Datacenter Features	
Priority-Based Flow Control	• The Priority-Based Flow Control (PFC) feature allows the user to pause or inhibit transmission of individual priorities within a single physical link. By configuring PFC to pause a congested priority (priorities) independently, protocols that are highly loss sensitive can share the same link with traffic that has different loss tolerances. Priorities are differentiated by the priority field of the 802.1Q VLAN header. An interface that is configured for PFC is automatically disabled for 802.3x flow control.
Data Center Bridging Exchange Protocol	<ul> <li>The Data Center Bridging Exchange Protocol (DCBX) is used by data center bridge devices to exchange configuration information with directly-connected peers. The protocol is also used to detect misconfiguration of the peer DCBX devices and optionally, for configuration of peer DCBX devices.</li> </ul>
CoS Queuing and Enhanced Transmission Selection	• The CoS Queuing feature allows the switch administrator to directly configure certain aspects of the device hardware queuing to provide the desired QoS behavior for different types of network traffic. The priority of a packet arriving at an interface can be used to steer the packet to the appropriate outbound CoS queue through a mapping table. CoS queue characteristics such as minimum guaranteed bandwidth, transmission rate shaping, etc. are user configurable at the queue (or port) level. Enhanced Transmission Selection (ETS) allows Class of Service (CoS) configuration settings to be advertised to other devices in a data center network through DCBX ETS TLVs. CoS information is exchanged with peer DCBX devices using ETS TLVs.
VXLAN Gateway	<ul> <li>Logically segregated virtual networks in a data center are sometimes referred to as data center VPNs. The VXLAN Gateway is a solution that allows VXLAN to communicate with another network, particularly a VLAN. It offers VXLAN Tunnel Endpoint (VTEP) functionality for VXLAN tunnels on the switch. VXLAN is a layer-3 function, IP-based technologies that prepend an existing layer-2 frame with a new IP header, providing layer-3 based tunneling capabilities for layer-2 frames. This essentially enables a layer-2 domain to extend across a layer-3 boundary. For the traffic from a VXLAN to use services on physical devices in a distant network, the traffic must pass through a VXLAN Gateway.The VXLAN Gateway feature is configurable through the CLI. It also offers an Overlay API to facilitate programming from external agents.</li> </ul>

## Target Application (SDVoE)



### For AV over IP installations

• Installers opting to use M4500-48XF8C switch in their installation will find that it is already preconfigured out of the box. Experience true AV and multicast Zero Touch network configuration. Connect AV over IP encoders and decoders, and power on the switch. It just works! Then use the M4500-32C switch to aggregate the edge switches for a complete set up in large projects up to 320x320 SDVoE (10Gb) devices in a single architecture.

### Intelligent IGMP Plus

• IGMP Plus multicast allows for scalable ProAV installations at Layer 2 without the PIM (Protocol Independent Multicast) complexity. IGMP Plus is default on VLAN 1 out of the box and can be configured on another VLAN for automatic IGMP across M4500 and M4300 switches on that VLAN.

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## Datasheet | **M4500 series** 100GE-Enabled Managed Switches

### Components and Modules

#### M4500-32C 100GE Managed Switch

### Ordering information

- Americas, Europe: CSM4532-100NAS
- Europe: CSM4532-100EUS
- Asia Pacific: CSM4532-100AJS
- China: CSM4532-100PRS
- Warranty: Lifetime ProSAFE Hardware Warranty

- The M4500-32C provides 32-port QSFP28 (100G, 50G and 40G)
- QSFP28 ports are preconfigured for 100G
- 6.4Tbps non-blocking fabric for 32 x 100G bi-directional
- Two modular power supplies APS750W are pre-installed for 1+1 redundancy
- Six modular fan trays AFT402 are pre-installed for 4+2 redundancy
- Two mounting ears and screws for rack mounting (front)
- One set of rail kits for rack mounting (back)
- Out-of-band 1G Ethernet Management port
- RJ45 RS232 console port and USB storage port
- L2/L3/L4 rich services for AV over IP (certified SDVoE-ready)
- Enhanced IGMP Plus for plug & play L2 Multicast between M4300/M4500 switches
- Line-rate spine and leaf with M4500-48XF8C (48-port SFP28 and 8-port QSFP28)
- Static and dynamic routing with VRRP, OSPF, BGP, VRF-Lite and PIM-SM/SSM
- 64dB @25°C / 77°F





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## Datasheet | **M4500 series** 100GE-Enabled Managed Switches

### Components and Modules

#### M4500-48XF8C 25/100GE Managed Switch

### Ordering information

- Americas, Europe: XSM4556-100NAS
- Europe: XSM4556-100EUS
- Asia Pacific: XSM4556-100AJS
- China: XSM4556-100PRS
- Warranty: Lifetime ProSAFE Hardware Warranty

- The M4500-48XF8C switch provides 48-port SFP28 (25G, 10G and 1G fiber)
- And it also provides 8-port QSFP28 (100G, 50G and 40G fiber)
- SFP28 ports are preconfigured for 10G, QSFP28 ports for 100G
- 4Tbps non-blocking fabric for 48 x 25G and 8 x 100G bi-directional
- Two modular power supplies APS750W are pre-installed for 1+1 redundancy
- Six modular fan trays AFT402 are pre-installed for 4+2 redundancy
- Two mounting ears and screws for rack mounting (front)
- One set of rail kits for rack mounting (back)
- Out-of-band 1G Ethernet Management port
- RJ45 RS232 console port and USB storage port
- L2/L3/L4 rich services for AV over IP (certified SDVoE-ready)
- Enhanced IGMP Plus for plug & play L2 Multicast between M4300/M4500 switches
- Line-rate spine and leaf with M4500-32C (32-port QSFP28)
- Static and dynamic routing with VRRP, OSPF, BGP, VRF-Lite and PIM-SM/SSM
- 68dB @25°C / 77°F





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## Datasheet | M4500 series 100GE-Enabled Managed Switches

### Accessories



### Ordering information

- Wordwide: APS750W-10000S
- Without power cord

Ordering information • Wordwide: AFT402-10000S

• Warranty: 5 years

• Warranty: 5 years

**AFT402** 

**Fan Tray** 



- Modular PSU for M4500-32C and M4500-48XF8C
- C14 connector
- Spare unit (M4500 switches ship with two PSUs already)
- Capacity:
  - Up to 750W output power at 110V-240V AC:



- Modular fan tray for M4500-32C and M4500-48XF8C
- Front-to-back
- Spare unit (M4500 switches ship with six fans already)

## GBIC QSFP28, QSFP+, SFP+ and SFP Optics for M4500 series

### AGM734 1000BASE-T RJ45 SFP (Gigabit)

#### Ordering information

- Wordwide: AGM734-10000S
- Warranty: 5 YEARS



#### Ordering information

- Wordwide: AXM765-10000S
- Warranty: 5 YEARS





- Fits into M4500 models SFP28 interfaces
- 1 port Gigabit RJ45
- Supports only 1000Mbps full-duplex mode
- Up to 100m (328 ft) with Cat5 RJ45 or better
- Conveniently adds 1G copper connectivity to M4500 fiber interfaces
- Fits into M4500 models SFP28 interfaces
- 1 port 10GBASE-T RJ45
- Copper connectivity up to 30 m (98 feet) distance
- CAT6a or better wiring required for 10GBASE-T up to 30 meters
- Conveniently adds 10G copper connectivity to M4500 fiber interfaces

## GBIC QSFP28, QSFP+, SFP+ and SFP Optics for M4500 series

ORDERING INFORMATION Worldwide: see table below	Multimode	Fiber (MMF)	Single mode Fiber (SMF)
Warranty: 5 YEARS	OM1 or OM2 62.5/125μm	OM3 or OM4 50/125µm	9/125µm
100 Gigabit OSFP28		ACM761 100GBASE-SR4 Duplex 4 MMF links - MTP/MPO connector up to 100m (328 ft) ACM761-10000S (1 unit)	ACM762 100GBASE-LR4 long reach single mode LC duplex connector up to 10km (6.2 miles) ACM762-10000S (1 unit)
40 Gigabit QSFP+		AXLM761 40GBASE-MR4 Duplex 1 MMF link - LC duplex connector up to 150m (492 ft) AXLM761-10000S (1 unit)	AXLM762 40GBASE-LR4 long reach single mode LC duplex connector up to 10km (6.2 miles) AXLM762-10000S (1 unit)
10 Gigabit SFP+	AXM763 10GBase-LRM long reach multimode 802.3aq - LC duplex connector up to 220m (722 ft) AXM763-10000S (1 unit)	AXM763 10GBase-LRM long reach multimode 802.3aq - LC duplex connector up to 260m (853 ft) AXM763-10000S (1 unit)	AXM762 10GBase-LR long reach single mod LC duplex connector up to 10km (6.2 miles) AXM762-10000S (1 unit) AXM762P10-10000S (pack of 10 units)
• Fits into M4500 models SFP28 interfaces		AXM761 10GBase-SR short reach multimode LC duplex connector OM3: up to 300m (984 ft) OM4: up to 550m (1,804 ft) AXM761-10000S (1 unit) AXM761P10-10000S (pack of 10 units)	AXM764 10GBase-LR LITE single mode LC duplex connector up to 2km (1.2 mile) AXM764-10000S (1 unit)
Gigabit SFP Fits into M4500 models SFP28 interfaces	AGM731F 1000Base-SX short range multimode LC duplex connector up to 275m (902 ft) AGM731F (1 unit)	AGM731F 1000Base-SX short range multimode LC duplex connector OM3: up to 550m (1,804 ft) OM4: up to 1,000m (3,280 ft) AGM731F (1 unit)	AGM732F 1000Base-LX long range single mode LC duplex connector up to 10km (6.2 miles) AGM732F (1 unit)



### Direct Attach Cables for M4500 series

ORDERING INFORMATION		QSFP28 to QSFP28	
Worldwide: see table below Warranty: 5 YEARS	1 meter (3.3 ft)	3 meters (9.8 ft)	
100 Gigabit DAC	ACC761	ACC763	
	100G QSFP28 Cu (passive) QSFP28 connectors	100G QSFP28 Cu (passive) QSFP28 connectors	
Fits into M4500 models QSFP28 interfaces	ACC761-10000S (1 unit)	ACC763-10000S (1 unit)	
		QSFP+ to QSFP+	
40 Gigabit DAC	AXLC761	AXLC763	
	40G QSFP+ Cu (passive) QSFP+ connectors	40G QSFP+ Cu (passive) QSFP+ connectors	
Fits into M4500 models QSFP28 interfaces	AXLC761-10000S (1 unit)	AXLC763-10000S (1 unit)	
		SFP+ to SFP+	
10 Gigabit DAC	1 meter (3.3 ft)	3 meters (9.8 ft)	5 meters (16.4 ft)
	AXC761	AXC763	AXC765
$\cap$	10GSFP+ Cu (passive) SFP+ connectors	10GSFP+ Cu (passive) SFP+ connectors	10GSFP+ Cu (active) SFP+ connectors
	AXC761-10000S (1 unit)	AXC763-10000S (1 unit)	AXC765-10000S (1 unit)
	7 meters (23.0 ft)	10 meters (32.8 ft)	15 meters (49.2 ft)
	AXC767	AXC7610	AXC7615
	10GSFP+ Cu (active) SFP+ connectors	10GSFP+ Cu (active) SFP+ connectors	10GSFP+ (duplex fiber optic) SFP+ connectors
	AXC767-10000S (1 unit)	AXC7610-10000S (1 unit)	AXC7615-10000S (1 unit)
	20 meters (65.6 ft)		
	AXC7620		
	10GSFP+ (duplex fiber optic) SFP+ connectors		
Fits into M4500 models SFP28 interfaces	AXC7620-10000S (1 unit)		

## Direct Attach Cables for M4500 series

### Requirements based on 7.0 software release



Model Name	Description	Model number
M4500-32C	32x40G/50G/100G QSFP28 ports, preconfigured for 100G - 2xPSUs and 6xFan Trays already installed	CSM4532
M4500-48XF8C	48x10G/25G SFP28 ports preconfigured for 10G and 8x40G/50G/100G QSFP28 ports, preconfigured for 100G - 2xPSUs and 6xFan Trays already installed	XSM4556
APS750W	PSU for M4500-32C and M4500-48FX8C (front to back), only for spare	APS750W
AFT402	Fan tray for M4500-32C and M4500-48XF8C (front to back), only for spare	AFT402

PHYSICAL INTERFACES				
Ethernet Ports	SFP28 1G/10G/25GBASE-X		QSFP28 40G/50G/100GBASE-X	
M4500-32C		-	32 ports 1x100G; 1x50G; 1x40G; 4x25G pi 1x100G default mo	
M4500-48XF8C	1x25G; 1x10G; 1x1G co 4 p	ports nfigurable by multiples of ports fault mode	8 ports 1x100G; 1x50G; 1x40G; 4x25G pig 1x100G default mo	
Total Usable Port Count	25G SFP28 Ports	100G QSFP28 Ports		
M4500-32C	-	32		
M4500-48XF8C	48	8		
Management Ports	Consc	le ports	Service port (Out-of-band Ethernet)	Storage port
All models	Serial RS23	2 RJ45 (front)	1 x RJ45 10/100/1000BASE-T (front)	1 x USB (front)
Modular Power Supplies	PSU Slots	Included PSU	Application with 2 PSUs (cor	ne standard)
All models	2	2 x APS750W front-to-back	1+1 redundancy and lowers switch noise when 2 power sources	
Modular Fan Trays	Fan Slots	Included Fans	Application with 6 Fan Trays (come standard)	
All models	6	6 x AFT402 front-to-back	4+2 redundancy and lowers switch noise when all 6 fans	
Airflow				
All models			Front-to-back airflow	
Processor/Memory				
Processor (CPU) - all models		x80	6 Intel Atom® Processor C3558	
System memory (RAM) - all models			8GB DDR3L 1600 ECC RAM	
Code storage (flash) - all models			128GB M.2 SSD	Dual firmware image
Packet Buffer Memory				
All models			256 Mb Dy used ports	namically shared across only
Performance Summary			·	
Switching fabric				
M4500-32C			6.4 Tbps fabric)	Line-rate (non blocking
M4500-48XF8C	4 Tbps Line-rate (non bloc fabric)		Line-rate (non blocking	
Throughput				
All models	2 Bpps		2 Bpps	

## Datasheet | M4500 series 100GE-Enabled Managed Switches

M4500-48XF8C	0.129µs	0.129µs	0.129µs	0.129µs
Latency - 50G Fiber	64-byte frames	512-byte frames	1024-byte frames	1518-byte frames
M4500-32C	0.417µs	0.417µs	0.417µs	0.417µs
M4500-48XF8C	0.129µs	0.129µs	0.129µs	0.129µs
Latency - 40G Fiber	64-byte frames	512-byte frames	1024-byte frames	1518-byte frames
M4500-32C	0.15µs	0.15µs	0.15µs	0.15µs
M4500-48XF8C	0.144µs	0.144µs	0.144µs	0.143µs
Latency - 25G Fiber	64-byte frames	512-byte frames	1024-byte frames	1518-byte frames
M4500-32C	0.125µs	0.125µs	0.125µs	0.122µs
M4500-48XF8C	0.117µs	0.117µs	0.117µs	0.115µs
Latency - 10G Fiber	64-byte frames	512-byte frames	1024-byte frames	1518-byte frames
M4500-32C	0.766µs	0.764µs	0.764µs	0.765µs
M4500-48XF8C	0.119µs	0.117µs	0.117µs	0.118µs
Green Ethernet				
Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)		Not su	pported	
Other Metrics				
Forwarding mode	Store-and-forward (Alternate Store and Forward mode configurable for cut-through mode)			-through mode)
Addressing	48-bit MAC address			
Address database size	32K-2 MAC addresses			
Number of VLANs	4,093 VLANs (802.1Q) simultaneously			
Number of multicast groups filtered (IGMP)	4K total (2,048 IPv4 and 2,048 IPv6)			
Number of Link Aggregation Groups (LAGs)	64 groups with up to 32 ports per LAG 802.3ad / 802.1AX- 2008			
Number of Link Aggregation Groups (MLAG)	63 groups with up to 32 ports per MLAG			
Number of hardware queues for QoS (Stand- alone)	8 queues			
Number of routes				
IPv4	32K IPv4 Ur	icast Routes	SDM (System Data Manage templates allow for granula	
IPv6	24K IPv6 Ur	icast Routes	tion depending on IP	
Number of static routes				
IPv4/IPv6		1	28	
Number of IP routing interfaces (port or VLAN)	128			
Jumbo frame support	up to 9KB packet size			
Acoustic Noise (ANSI-S10.12)	@ 25 °C ambient (77 °F)			
M4500-32C	64 dB Fan speed control			
M4500-48XF8C	68 dB Fan speed control			
Heat Dissipation (BTU)			s 6 Fans	
M4500-32C	1453.6 BTU/hr			
M4500-48XF8C	1344.4 BTU/hr			
	@ 25 °C ambient (77 °F)			
Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF)		@ 25 °C am	ibient (77 °F)	



LAYER 2 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION		
L2 MAC address table		32K-2
	802.3ad with LACP Auto-LAG for dynamic Link Aggregation Group when more than one link between two M4500 switches or	Yes (Total: 64) Yes
Link Aggregation	MLAG, or to M4250/M4300/M4350 switches EtherChannel Liked Max. member per group Unicast / Multicast traffic Balance over Trunking port	Yes (Total: 64) 32 Yes
VLAN	LACP Fallback IEEE 802.1Q Tagged Based Port-Based Auto-Trunk for dynamic VLAN trunking as soon as an M4500 switch or MLAG gets connected to another M4500 switch, or M4250/M4300/M4350 with Auto- Trunk enabled Private VLAN GVRP 802.1v Protocol	Yes Yes (4093 VLANs) Yes Yes No No
	Voice VLAN MAC-based VLAN IP-subnet VLAN MAC Voice VLAN VTP v1/v2 IEEE 802.1D	No No No No No
Spanning Tree	IEEE 802.1w IEEE 802.1s Spanning Tree Fast Forwarding Loop Guard BPDU filter/guard Auto Edge TCN Guard Root Guard	Yes Yes (31 + 1 instances) Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
Storm Control	Broadcast Unknown Multicast DLF (unknown unicast)	Yes Yes Yes
IGMP/MLD Snooping	IGMP Snooping v1/v2/v3 MLD Snooping v1/v2 IGMPv1/v2 and MLDv1/v2 querier support IGMP Immediate Leave	Yes (total 4096 groups/64 static entries) Yes (totally 255 VLANs) Yes
IGMP Plus Enhanced Implementation	IGMP Plus for automatic multicast across M4300 / M4500 (Spine and Leaf) at Layer 2 (Removing the need for L3 PIM routing)	Yes
GMRP	No	
Jumbo Frame	Yes (9K)	
QinQ	Yes	
Link State Tracking	Yes	
Port backup	Yes	
Loop Protection	Yes	
	Yes	
SECURITY FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION		N
Static/Dynamic Port Security (MAC-based)		Yes 1. Static: 20/interface 2. Dynamic: 600/interface

		V
	Port-Based	Yes
	Mac-Based	Yes
	VLAN assignment	Yes
	MAC Bypass	Yes
802.1x	Guest VLAN	Yes
	Unauthenticated VLAN	Yes
	QoS assignment	No
	Supplicant	No
	Authenticator	Yes
	Maximum number of ACLs (any type)	100
	Maximum number of configurable rules per list	1,023 ingress/egress
Access Control Lists	Maximum ACL rules (system-wide)	16,384
	L2/L3/L4	Yes
	Authentication	Yes
RADIUS	Accounting	Yes (32 servers)
TACACS+	Authentication	Yes
	Accounting	Yes
HTTPS and SSL (Secured Web)		No
SSH V1.5		No
SSH V2.0 (Secured Telnet session)		Yes
	Local Authentication	Yes
User name password authentication	Remote Authentication via RADIUS/TACACS+	Yes
	ААА	Yes (No Accounting)
DOS control	,	No
Management IP filter (SNMP/WEB/Telnet/SS	SH)	Yes
ServiceProhibitAccess(SNMP/WEB/Telnet/SS		No
MAC filter		No
IP Source Guard		Yes (1K)
Dynamic ARP inspection (DAI)		Yes
DHCP snooping	DHCP v4	Yes (32K)
	DHCP v6	Yes (32K)
Web Authentication (Captive Portal)	No	
Control Plane Policing / CoPP		Yes
MSChapv2		Yes
SSH Public Key Authentication	Yes	
Download SSL Root Certificate File / Server	Key File	Yes
Role Base Access Control (RBAC) w/ RADIUS and TACACS		Yes
QOS FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION		
Number of priority queues		8 queues/port
	WRR Pripority scheduling	Yes
Scheduling for priority queue	Strict Pripority scheduling	Yes
and a promy quote	Hybrid (WRR + Strict) Pripority scheduling	Yes
	802.1p based COS	Yes
COS	IP TOS Precedence based COS	Yes
	IP DSCP based COS	Yes
	Class table	32
	Max rules per class	13
DiffServ	Policy table	64
iscel Optimization	Max instances per policy	28 Yes
iSCSI Optimization		
Auto VolP		No
PTP - PTPV2 TRANSPARENT CLOCK FEATUR	RE SUPPORT	
IEEE 1588 PTPv2	1	Yes
	Transparent Clock (TC) End-to-End implementation consider-	
Implementation	ing the residence time of PTPv2 packets from ingress to egress	Yes
	ing the residence time of PTPv2 packets from ingress to	Yes Yes

PTPv2 packet fields that are updated	The "Sync & Delay_Req" field of passing/egressing out PTPv2 packets is updated with the residence time in the switch	Yes
PTPv2 packet fields that are NOT updated	Other fields in PTPv2 packets ("Announce", "Delay_Resp", "Pdelay_Req" and "Pdelay_Resp")	No
MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION		
Industry standard CLI		Yes
CLI filtering		Yes
Web Based Management GUI		No
Telnet/SSH (inbound/outbound)		Yes (5 Sessions)
	TFTP	Yes
	Xmodem	No
Software Download/Upload	FTP	Yes
	SCP/SFTP	Yes
Dual Image	361/3111	Yes
Duai image	TETP	Yes
	Xmodem	No
Configuration Download/Upload	FTP	Yes
	SCP/SFTP	Yes
	v1	Yes
SNMP	v2c	Yes
SINIME	v2c v3	
SNMP Inform	v2	Yes Yes
RMON	RMON I (1,2,3,9 group)	Yes
BOOTP	Client	No
	Relay	Yes Yes
	Client	
DUCD	Relay	Yes
DHCP	Server	No
	L2 option 82 Relay	Yes
	L3 option 82 Relay	Yes
Event/Error Log	Local Flash	Yes
	Remote server via System Log DDNS	Yes
DNG		No
DNS	Client	Yes
	Relay	Yes
ICMD		Yes
ICMP	ICMP Redirect	No
	ICMP unreachable	No
Traceroute		Yes
SNTPv4		No
LDAP client		No
IP Clustering		No
	802.1ab	Yes
LLDP	802.MED	Yes
	Potential error detection	Yes
CDP		No
UDLD		Yes
	SPAN	Yes
Port Mirroring	SPAN with ACL filter	Yes
i ort will offing	SPAN with VLAN	Yes
	RSPAN	Yes
Remote Capture		Yes
sFlow v5		Yes (8 sessions)
	Max Stacking members	No
	Standby stack master assignment	No
Stacking Features	Nonstop forwarding / Fast reinitialization	No
5	Auto configuration/script sync.	No
	Image auto sync with stack master	No

Cable test		No
Email Alerting		Yes
Email Alerting CLI Scheduler		Yes
Auto Install		Yes
ONIE support		Yes
Fluentd Support		Yes
Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)		No
	I2C Detection/Recovery	No
	Get BMC Info (IP, MAC, Version, Account)	No
BMC Features	Provide Power Consumption to BMC	No
	Set IP addr. & Password of BMC	No
	Watchdog enable/disable	No
Error-Disable Recovery	1 9	Yes
Ansible Support		Yes
ONIE In-band FW Upgrade		Yes
In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU)		Yes
IPV6 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION		
IPv4/IPv6 Dual Protocol Stack		Yes
ICMPv6		Yes
ICMPv6 Redirect		Yes
IPv6 Path MTU Discovery		No
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery		Yes
Stateless Autoconfiguration		Yes
Manual Configuration		Yes
5	Client	Yes
DHCPv6	Relay	Yes
	Server	No
SNMP over IPv6		Yes
HTTP over IPv6		No
SSH over IPv6		Yes
IPv6 Telnet Support		Yes
IPv6 DNS Resolver		Yes
IPv6 RADIUS Support		Yes
IPv6 TACACS+ Support		Yes
IPv6 Syslog Support		Yes
IPv6 TFTP Support		Yes
IPV6 SECURITY FUNCTIONAL DESRIPTION		
		Yes
IPv6 ACL	L3/L4	L3: SIPv6, DIPv6, flow-lable, dscp
		L4: TCP/UDP port
LAYER 3 IPV4 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION		
Number of IP interface		128
IP Multinetting / CIDR		Yes
/31 subnets		Yes
IP ARP	Static	128 8192
Provi ARP	Dynamic	Yes
Proxy ARP		No
Local Proxy ARP		No No
IRDP		
Static Route		Yes(128)
ECMP		Yes (48)
IP GRE		No
	Static routing	Yes
	RIP v1/v2	No
	OSPFv2	Yes
Unicast Routing	OSPFv2 / GR	Yes
-	BGP4	Yes
	BGP4 / AS4	Yes
	BGP4 / GR ISIS	Yes No

## Datasheet | M4500 series 100GE-Enabled Managed Switches

	Multicast groups	Yes
	IGMP v1/v2/v3	Yes
	DVMRP	No
Multicast Routing	PIM-DM	No
	PIM-SM	Yes
	PIM-SSM	Yes
	IGMP Proxy	No
	Group Number	255
VRRPv2	Active-Active Mode w/ MLAG	Yes
	Master-Backup Mode	Yes
Loopbacks		Yes
	IPv4 routes	32K
	IPv6 routes	24К
	ARP entries	8K
	ND entries	2.5K
Route	IP IGMP/MLD	2048
	PIM-SM/SSM	1536
	DVMRP	No
	IPv6 multicast (PIM-SM/SSM)	512
Source IP Configuration		Yes
	PBR	Yes
Policy-based routing	ECMP support	Yes
Dead Gateway Detection		No
	Number of VRFs	64
	Static	Yes
VRF Lite	OSPF	Yes
Vici Lite	BFD	Yes
	PBR	
	Number of sessions	Yes 96
	Static Route	Yes
	OSPFv2	
BFD		Yes
	BGP4	Yes
	VLAN	Yes
V(222.0	Multi-Hop	Yes
VRRPv3		Yes
BHD		Yes
LAYER 3 IPV6 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIP	TION	
Number of IPv6 interfaces		128
Static Route		Yes
	RIPng	No
	OSPFv3	Yes
Unicast Pourting	OSPFv3 / GR	Yes
Unicast Routing	BGP4	Yes
	BGP4 AS4	Yes
	BGP4 GR	Yes
	MLD v1/v2	Yes
	MLD Proxy	No
Multicast Routing	PIM-DMv6	No
	PIM-SMv6	Yes
	PIM-SSMv6	Yes
Tunnels		Yes
Loopbacks		Yes
Loophacka	Number of sessions	96
	OSPFv3	Yes
BFD	BGP4	Yes
	VLAN	Yes
IBP FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	VLAIN	
		Ne
Uplink sets		No
Port Groups		No
VLAN Port Groups		No

Service LAN & VLAN		No
EHM FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION		
EHM		No
DATA CENTER FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION		
FIP snooping		Yes
CN		No
ETS		Yes
PFC		Yes
DCBX for PFC (CEE v1.01/IEEE)		Yes
DCBX for ETS (CEE v1.01/IEEE)		Yes
EVB/802.1Qbg (Baseline)		No
	Max. groups	63
	Max. member ports per group	32
	MLAG L2 Unicast	Yes
	MLAG L3 Unicast	Yes
Multichassis LAG	MLAG L2 Multicast	Yes
	MLAG L3 Multicast	No
	w/ ISSU	Yes
	w/ RSTP	Yes
	w/ MSTP	Yes (31 + 1 instances)
	w/ VXLAN	Yes
	MAX Tenants	128
	MAX VTEPs	32
VXLAN	Unicast tunnel for BUM packet	Yes
	Multicast tunnel for BUM packet	Yes
	Multiple Group of Multicast tunnel for BUM packet	Yes (128)
NVGRE	Unicast tunnel for BUM packet	No
INVGIL	Multicast tunnel for BUM packet	No
NAT		No
OpenFlow		No
TRILL		No
	OpEN API ADK	Yes
Open API	Restful API	Yes
	Restful API with SSL	Yes
OpenStack Support		No
Puppet/Chef Support		No
2-Pass RIOT	Unicast mode	Yes
SUPPORTED MIBS		
Base Package MIBs	MIBs can be dowloaded here: http://www.netgear.com	n/support/product/m4500-32c.aspx
LEDS		
Per port	Speed, Link, Activity	
Per device	Power, System, PSU 1, PSU 2, Fan	
PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS		
Dimensions		
M4500-32C	Width: 17.32 inches (44 cm); Height: 1U - 1.7 inches (4.32 cm); Depth: 20 inches (50.8cm)	
M4500-48XF8C	Width: 17.32 inches (44 cm); Height: 10 - 1.7 inches (4.32 cm); Depth: 20 inches (50.8cm) Width: 17.32 inches (44 cm); Height: 10 - 1.7 inches (4.32 cm); Depth: 20 inches (50.8cm)	
Weight		
M4500-32C	21.54 lb (9.78 kg)	
M4500-48XF8C	21.34 lb (9.78 kg) 21.43 lb (9.73 kg)	
POWER CONSUMPTION		
Worst case, all ports used, line-rate traffic		Heat Dissipation
M4500-32C	426W max	1453.6 BTU/hr
M4500-48XF8C	394W max	1344.4 BTU/hr



ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATION			
Operating:			
Temperature	32° to 122°F (0° to 50°C)		
Humidity	90% maximum relative humidity, non-condensing		
Altitude	10,000 ft (3,000 m) maximum		
Storage:			
Temperature	- 4° to 158°F (-20° to 70°C)		
Humidity	95% maximum relative humidity, non-condensing		
Altitude	10,000 ft (3,000 m) maximum		
ELECTROMAGNETIC EMISSIONS A	ND IMMUNITY		
Certifications	CE: EN 55032:2012+AC:2013/CISPR 32:2012, EN 61 Class A, EN 61000-3-3:2013, EN 55024:2010 VCCI : VCCI-CISPR 32:2016, Class A RCM: AS/NZS CISPR 32:2013 Class A CCC: GB4943.1-2011; YD/T993-1998; GB/T9254-200 FCC: 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Class A, ANSI C63.4:2014 ISED: ICES-003:2016 Issue 6, Class A, ANSI C63.4:20 BSMI: CNS 13438 Class A	08 (Class A)	
SAFETY			
Certifications	UL listed (UL 1950)/cUL IEC 950/EN 60950 CE LVD: EN 60950-1: 2006 + A11:2009 + A1:2010 + RCM (AS/NZS) 60950.1:2015	CE LVD: EN 60950-1: 2006 + A11:2009 + A1:2010 + A12:2011 + A2:2013 RCM (AS/NZS) 60950.1:2015 CCC (China Compulsory Certificate): GB4943.1-2011; YD/T993-1998; GB/T9254-2008 (Class A)	
PACKAGE CONTENT			
All models	Console cable with one DB9 female connector and o Power cord(s)	Two mounting ears and screws for rack mounting (front) One set of rail kits for rack mounting (back)	
OPTIONAL MODULES AND ACCES	SORIES		
APS750W	PSU for M4500-32C and M4500-48FX8C (front to back), only for s	pare, no power cord APS750W-10000S	
AFT402	Fan tray for M4500-32C and M4500-48XF8C (front to back), only f		
AGM731F	1000BASE-SX SFP GBIC (Multimode)	AGM731F	
AGM732F	1000BASE-LX SFP GBIC (Single mode)	AGM732F	
AGM734	1000BASE-T RJ45 SFP GBIC	AGM734-10000S	
AXC761	10GSFP+ Cu (passive) SFP+ to SFP+ Direct Attach Cable 1m	AXC761-10000S	
AXC763		AXC761-100003	
AXC765	10GSFP+ Cu (passive) SFP+ to SFP+ Direct Attach Cable 3m		
	10GSFP+ Cu (active) SFP+ to SFP+ Direct Attach Cable 5m	AXC765-10000S	
AXC767	10GSFP+ Cu (active) SFP+ to SFP+ Direct Attach Cable 7m	AXC767 -10000S	
AXC7610	10GSFP+ Cu (active) SFP+ to SFP+ Direct Attach Cable 10m	AXC7610-10000S	
AXC7615	10GSFP+ (Duplex Fiber Optic) SFP+ to SFP+ Direct Attach Cable		
AXC7620	10GSFP+ (Duplex Fiber Optic) SFP+ to SFP+ Direct Attach Cable 2		
AXLC761	40GBASE-CR4 (passive) QSFP+ to QSFP+ Direct Attach Cable 1m	AXLC761-10000S	
AXLC763	40GBASE-CR4 (passive) QSFP+ to QSFP+ Direct Attach Cable 3m	AXLC763-10000S	
ACC761	100GBASE-CR4 (passive) QSFP28 to QSFP28 Direct Attach Cable	1m ACC761-10000S	
ACC763	100GBASE-CR4 (passive) QSFP28 to QSFP28 Direct Attach Cable	3m ACC763-10000S	
AXM761	10GBASE-SR SFP+ GBIC (OM3/OM4 Multimode)	AXM761-10000S	
AXM761 (Pack of 10 units)	10GBASE-SR SFP+ GBIC (OM3/OM4 Multimode)	AXM761P10-10000S	
AXM762	10GBASE-LR SFP+ GBIC (Single mode)	AXM762-10000S	
AXM762 (Pack of 10 units)	10GBASE-LR SFP+ GBIC (Single mode)	AXM762P10-10000S	
AXM763	10GBASE-LRM SFP+ GBIC (Long Reach Multimode for OM1/OM2, also compatible with OM3/ OM4)         AXM762-10010005		
	10GBASE-LR LITE SFP+ GBIC (Single mode) AXM764-10000S		
AXM764			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AXM765-10000S	
AXM765	10GBASE-T RJ45 SFP+ GBIC up to 30 meters on CAT6a or better	AXM765-10000S	
AXM765 AXLM761	10GBASE-T RJ45 SFP+ GBIC up to 30 meters on CAT6a or better 40GBASE-MR4 Duplex LC (one duplex OM3/OM4 Multimode link	) 150m QSFP+ Transceiver AXLM761-10000S	
AXM765	10GBASE-T RJ45 SFP+ GBIC up to 30 meters on CAT6a or better	150m QSFP+ Transceiver         AXLM761-10000S           FP+ Transceiver         AXLM762-10000S	

## Datasheet | M4500 series 100GE-Enabled Managed Switches

### /// AV Line

WARRANTY AND SUPPORT		
ProSAFE Limited Lifetime Hardware Warranty*	Included, lifetime	
90 days of Technical Support via phone and email*	Included, 90 days after purchase	
Lifetime Technical Support through online chat*	Included, lifetime	
Lifetime Next Business Day hardware replace- ment*	Included, lifetime	
PROSUPPORT SERVICE PACKS		
Installation contracts for:	All models	
PSB0304-10000S	Remote Installation Setup and Configuration Service Contract (2-hour planned appointment)	
Supplemental support contracts for:	M4500-32C M4500-48XF8C	
PMB0314-10000S	OnCall 24x7 1-year CAT 4	
PMB0334-10000S	OnCall 24x7 3-year CAT 4	
PMB0354-10000S	OnCall 24x7 5-year CAT 4	
ORDERING INFORMATION		
M4500-32C		
Americas	CSM4532-100NAS	
Europe	CSM4532-100EUS	
Asia Pacific	CSM4532-100AJS	
China	CSM4532-100PRS	
M4500-48XF8C		
Americas	XSM4556-100NAS	
Europe	XSM4556-100EUS	
Asia Pacific	XSM4556-100AJS	
China	XSM4556-100PRS	

\*\* This product comes with a limited warranty that is valid only if purchased from a NETGEAR authorized reseller, and covers unmodified hardware, fans and internal power supplies - not software or external power supplies, and requires product registration at https://www.netgear.com/business/registration within 90 days of purchase; see https:// www.netgear.com/about/warranty for details. Intended for indoor use only.

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