



You make **possible**



End-2-end policy from the Campus to the DC and back, a packet journey with SDA to ACI

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BRKOPS-2110

CISCO *Live!*

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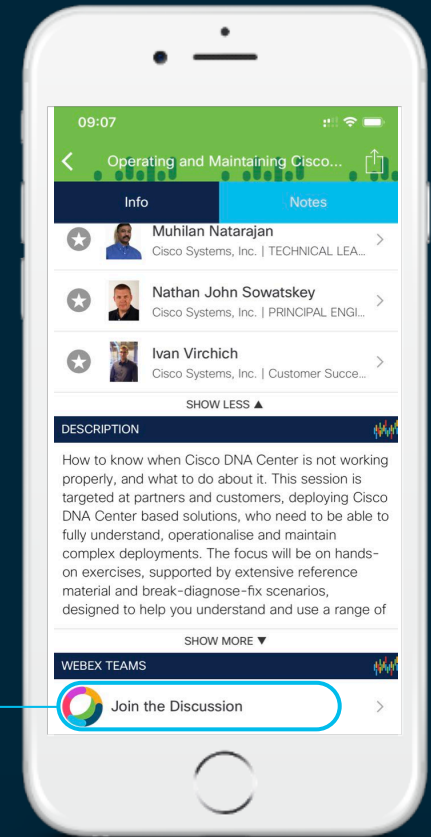
Cisco Webex Teams

Questions?

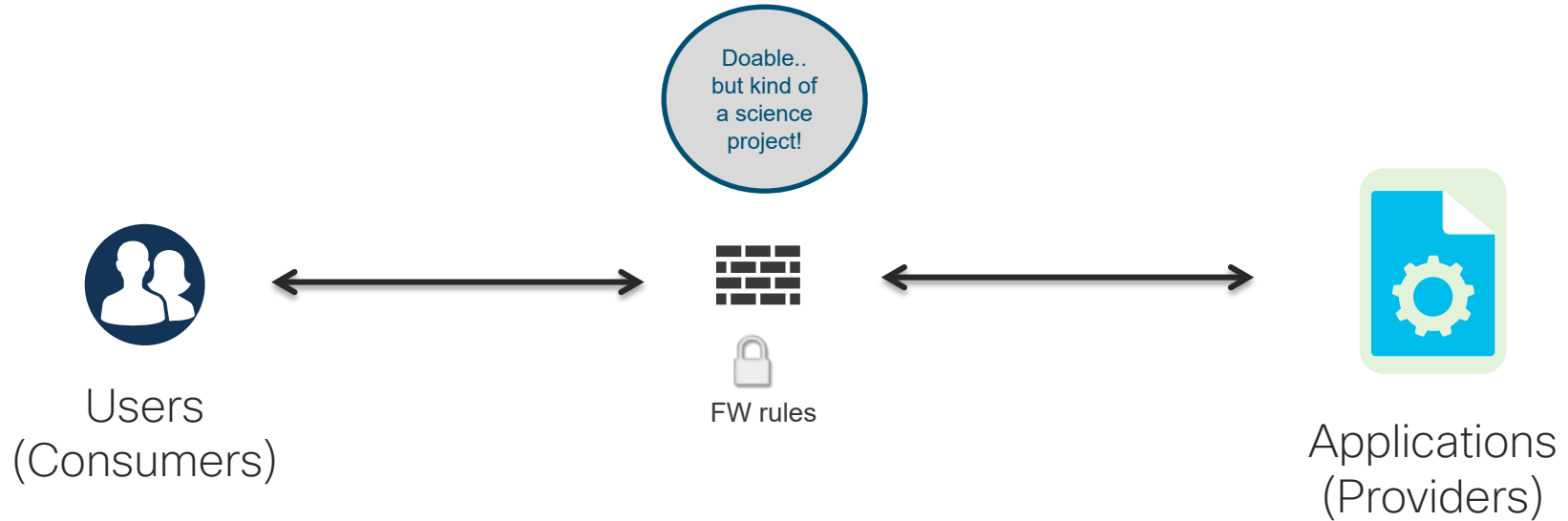
Use Cisco Webex Teams to chat with the speaker after the session

How

- 1 Find this session in the Cisco Events Mobile App
- 2 Click “Join the Discussion”
- 3 Install Webex Teams or go directly to the team space
- 4 Enter messages/questions in the team space



Why do we Build Networks?



Agenda

- ACI / SDA integration today
- A day in the life of a packet
- Demo
- ACI / SDA integration, the future

ACI / SDA integration today

Good News

SD-Access and ACI Fabric Similarities

SD-Access Fabric



- Underlay



- Overlay



- Logical constructs



- Virtual Network



- SGT



- User Endpoint



- Group Based Access Control



ACI Fabric

- Underlay



- Overlay



- Logical constructs



- VRF



- EPG



- App Endpoint

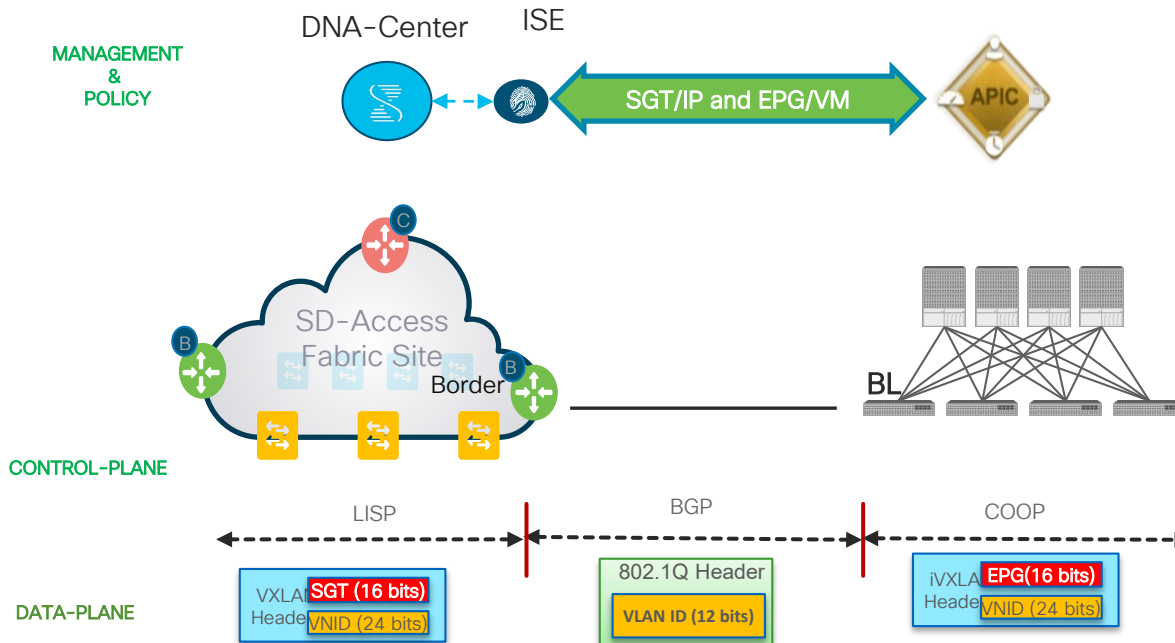


- Contract



ACI and SDA Pairwise Integration

SDA-ACI: Group/Identity Mapping

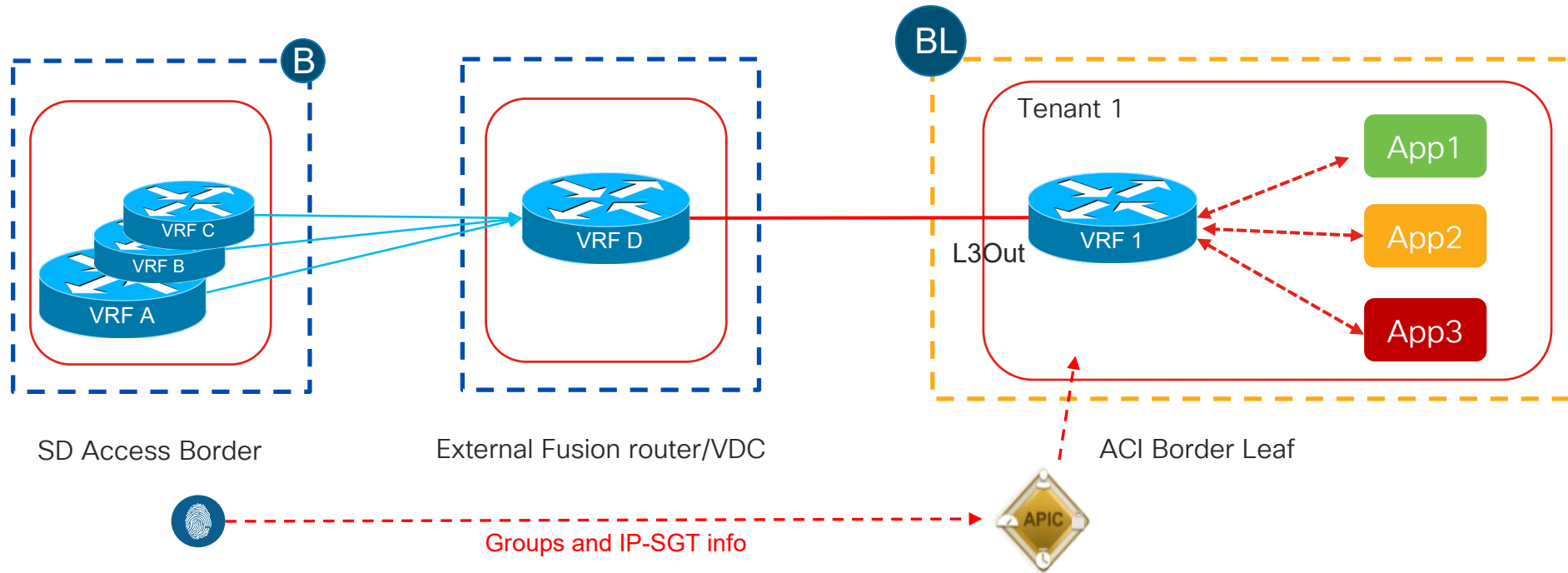


SGT -> External EPG	250
Number of Mappings	64k
Mappings per External EPG	8k
Transaction rate (target)	100/s

- a) IP Data path
- b) Exchange of SGT and EPG at the control plane layer
- c) IP-SGT/EPG bindings in both directions

SDA-ACI

Current Solution: Single VRF, Single Tenant



Note: Shared L3Out on ACI BL nodes currently not supported

Where will the
Policy Be applied?

Policy Enforcement on the Application Domain

Groups Provisioned from SDA to ACI (by ISE)

The screenshot shows the Cisco DNA Center interface with the 'POLICY' tab selected. Under 'Group-Based Access Control', the 'Scalable Groups' sub-tab is active. A table lists various groups and their associated virtual networks.

Name	Virtual Network
Auditors	DEFAULT_VN
BYOD	DEFAULT_VN
CANADASGT	DEFAULT_VN
CBASGT	DEFAULT_VN
CloudSvrs	DEFAULT_VN
Contractors	DEFAULT_VN
Developers	DEFAULT_VN
Development_Servers	DEFAULT_VN
Employees	DEFAULT_VN

ISE provisions SGTs
info to APIC via
REST API*

The screenshot shows the APIC interface for Tenant Pod01. Under the 'L3out' section, the 'Networks' folder is expanded, showing a list of External EPGs. A green dashed box highlights this list, and a blue arrow points from the DNA Center table to it.

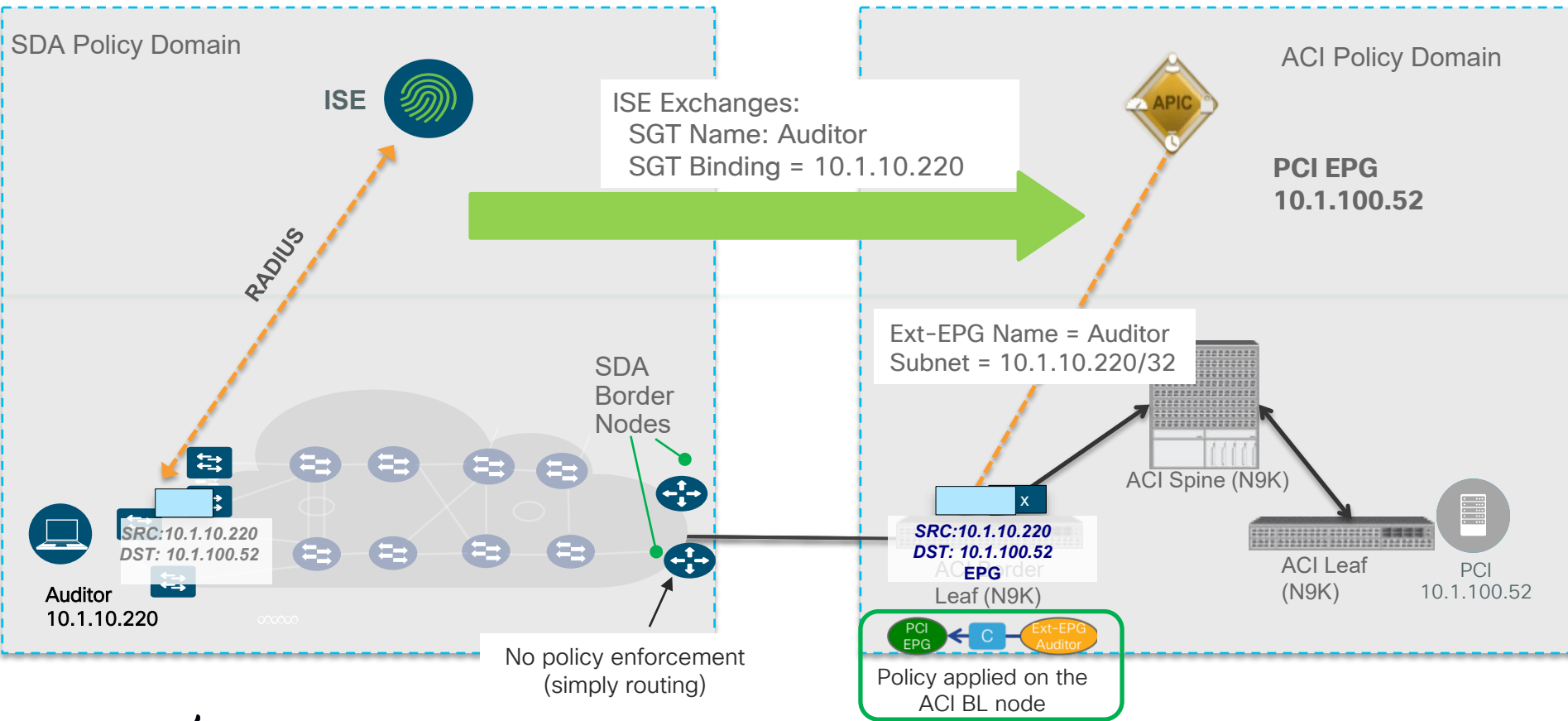
External EPGs associated to the L3Out

- Auditors_SGT
- BYOD_SGT
- Contractors_SGT
- Developers_SGT
- Development_Servers_SGT
- Employees_SGT
- Guests_SGT
- Network_Services_SGT
- PCI_Servers_SGT
- Point_of_Sale_Systems_SGT
- Production_Servers_SGT
- Production_Users_SGT
- Quarantined_Systems_SGT
- Test_Servers_SGT
- TrustSec_Devices_SGT
- default

* Provisioning of SGTs to APIC can be controlled at the SGT level

Policy Enforcement on the Application Domain

Applying Policy on the ACI BL Nodes



Policy Enforcement on the Application Domain

Enforcement Scale in ACI

	EX	FX	FX2
SGT ↔ External EPG	250	250	250
SGT IPv4 Mapping (/32)	64k	64k	64k
SGT IPv6 Mapping (/128)	24k	48k	24k
SGT IPv4+IPv6 Mapping (Dual-Stack)	24k + 24k	32k + 32k	24k + 24k
Policy	8k	128k	8k
Max. IPv4 Bindings per Ext-EPG	8k	8k	8k
Max. IPv6 Bindings per Ext-EPG	8k	8k	8k

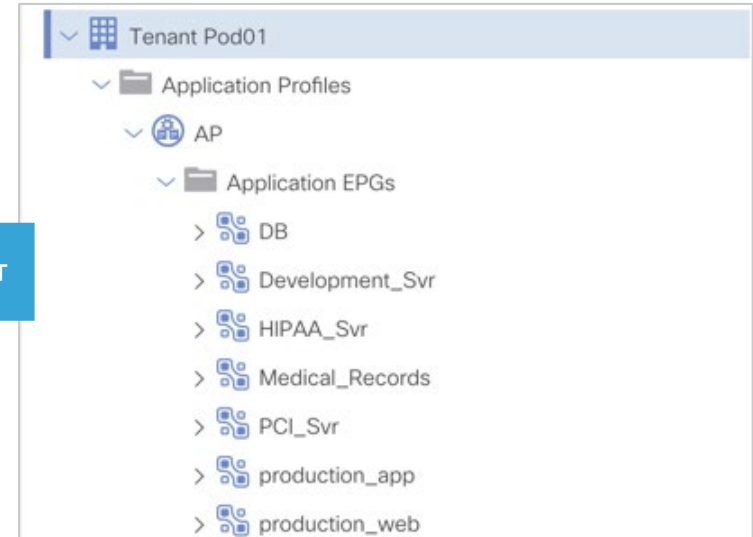
Note: “Egress Policy Enforcement” on Campus Facing ACI Border Leaf

Policy Enforcement on the SDA Domain

SDA Learning Groups from ACI

Group-Based Access Control Policies	Scalable Groups
Name	
AP_DB_EPG	
AP_Development_Svr_EPG	
AP_HIPAA_Svr_EPG	
AP_Medical_Records_EPG	
AP_PCI_Svr_EPG	
AP_production_app_EPG	
AP_production_web_EPG	

ISE retrieves Application EPGs from APIC via REST API*



Application EPGs associated to the ACI Tenant integrated with ISE

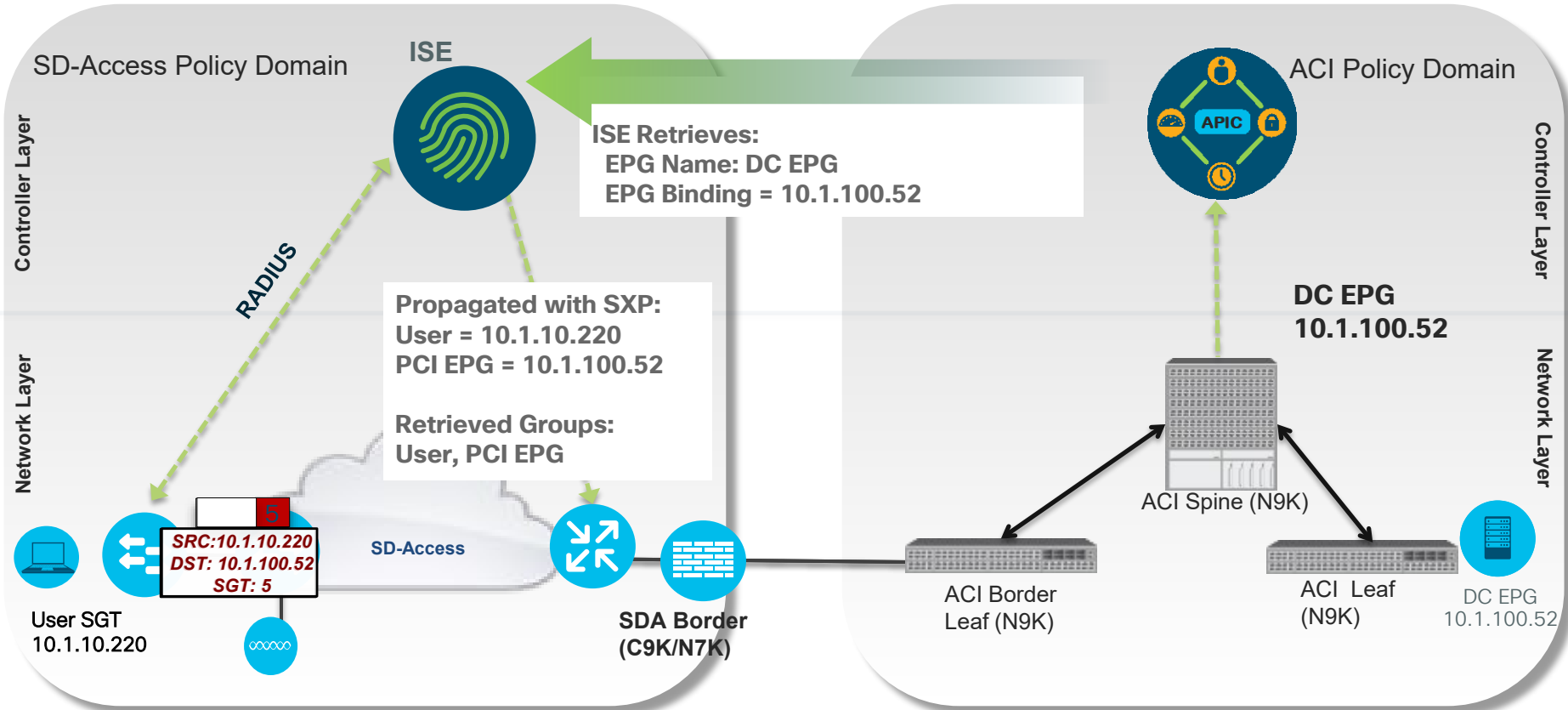
SGTs created in DNAC

* All the EPGs defined for the specific Tenant are retrieved

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Policy Enforcement on the SDA Domain

SDA Learning Groups from ACI



Policy Enforcement on the SDA Domain

Scaling Enforcement in SDA Environment

ISE/SDA Scale

Numbers of Groups 1000

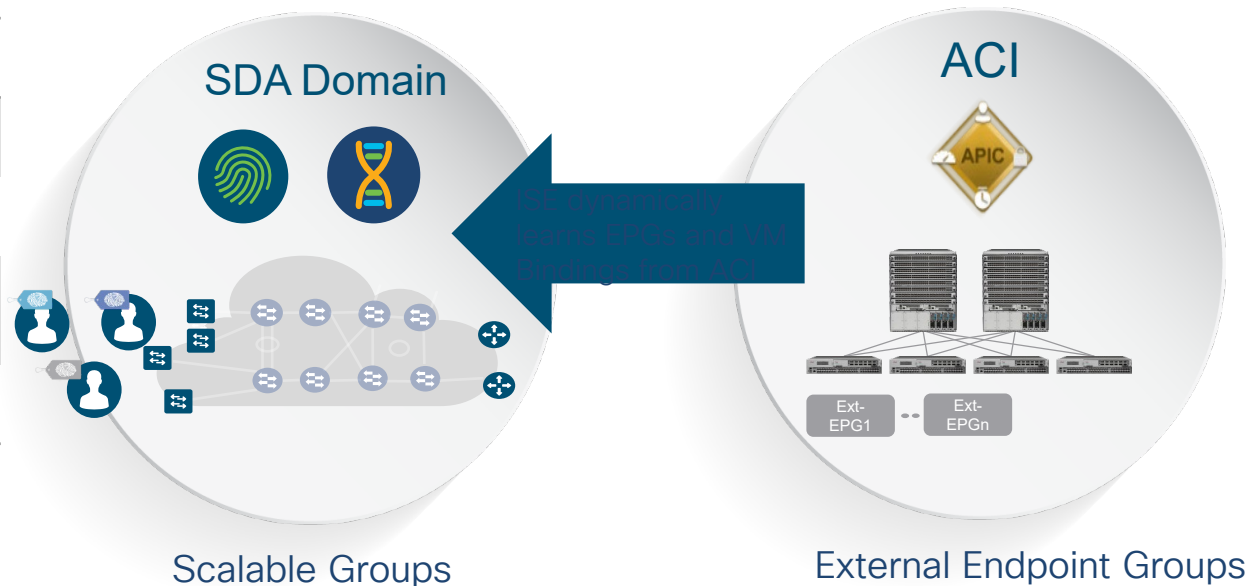
Number of Mappings* 250k

SXP Peers* 200

pxGrid Peers** 200

*Per pair of ISE SXP Nodes

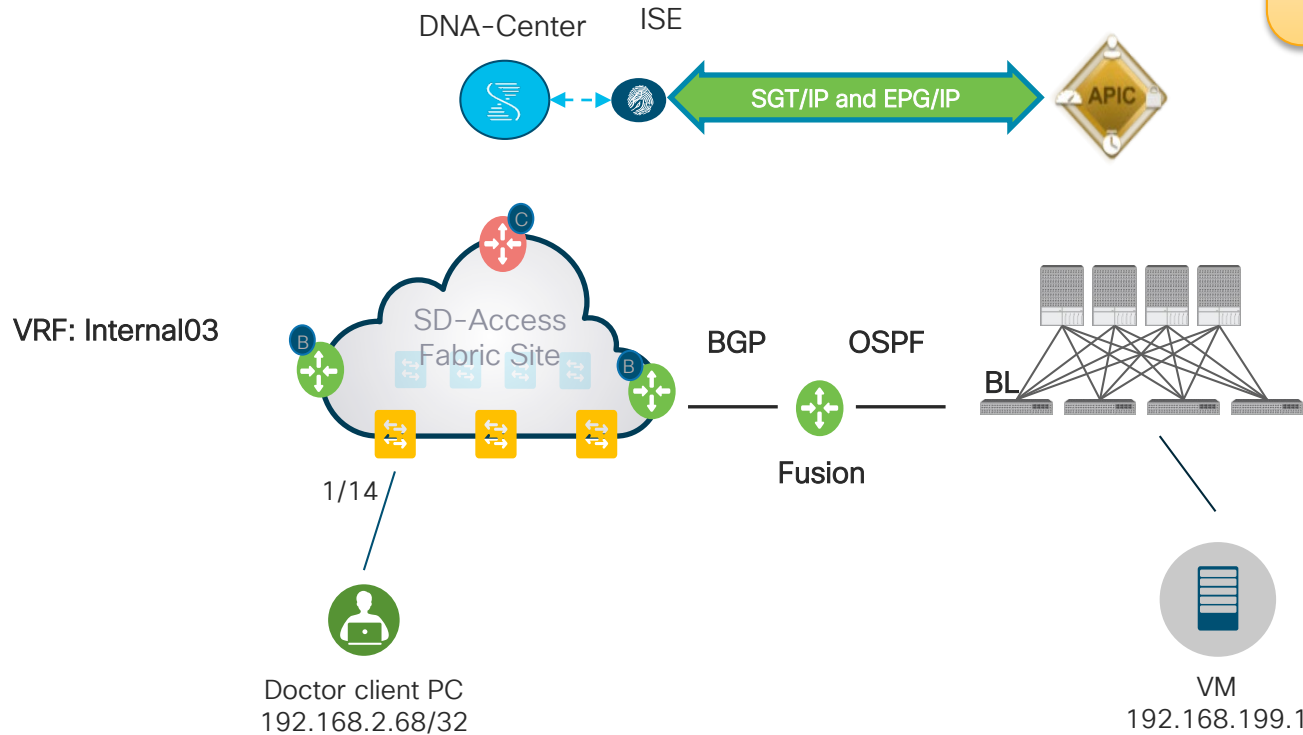
** Per ISE pxGrid node



A day in the life of a packet

Our setup for today

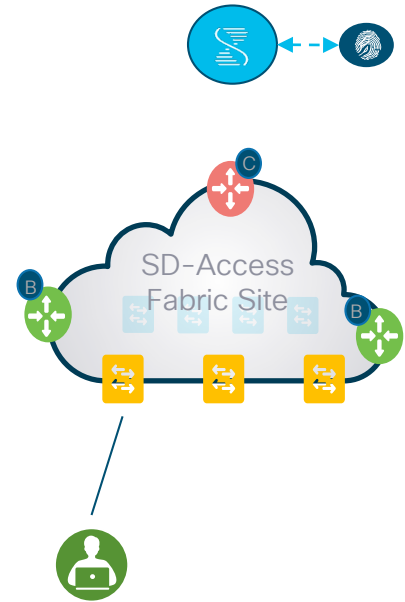
ISE with ACI Policy plane integration



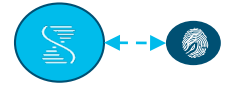
From SDA → ACI

Doctor logs into PC

The screenshot displays the Cisco DNA Center interface. At the top, navigation tabs include DESIGN, POLICY, PROVISION, ASSURANCE, and PLATFORM. Below these, there are sections for Devices, Fabric, and Services. The main content area is titled "All Fabrics > Diegem DiegemFabric". It features two tabs: "Fabric Infrastructure" and "Host Onboarding". The "Host Onboarding" tab is active, showing a list of network interfaces. A red box highlights the "GigabitEthernet1/0/14" interface, which is checked and has a green plus icon. Below it are "GigabitEthernet1/0/15" and "GigabitEthernet1/0/16", both unchecked and with red minus icons. The interface details for the selected interface are: Device-Type: USER_DEVICE, Segment: 192.168.2.0-Internal03, and Authentication: Closed Authentication.

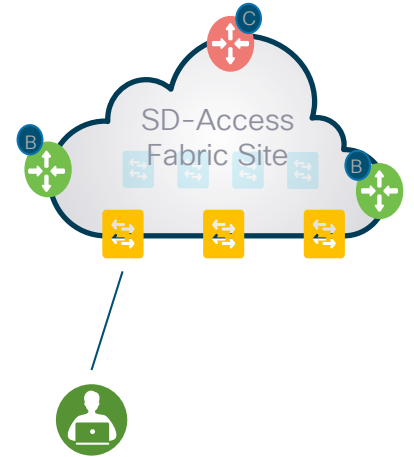


Doctor logs into PC

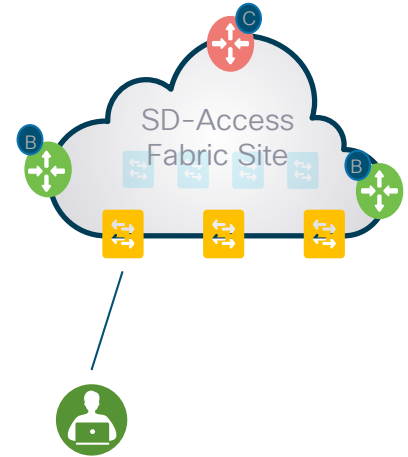
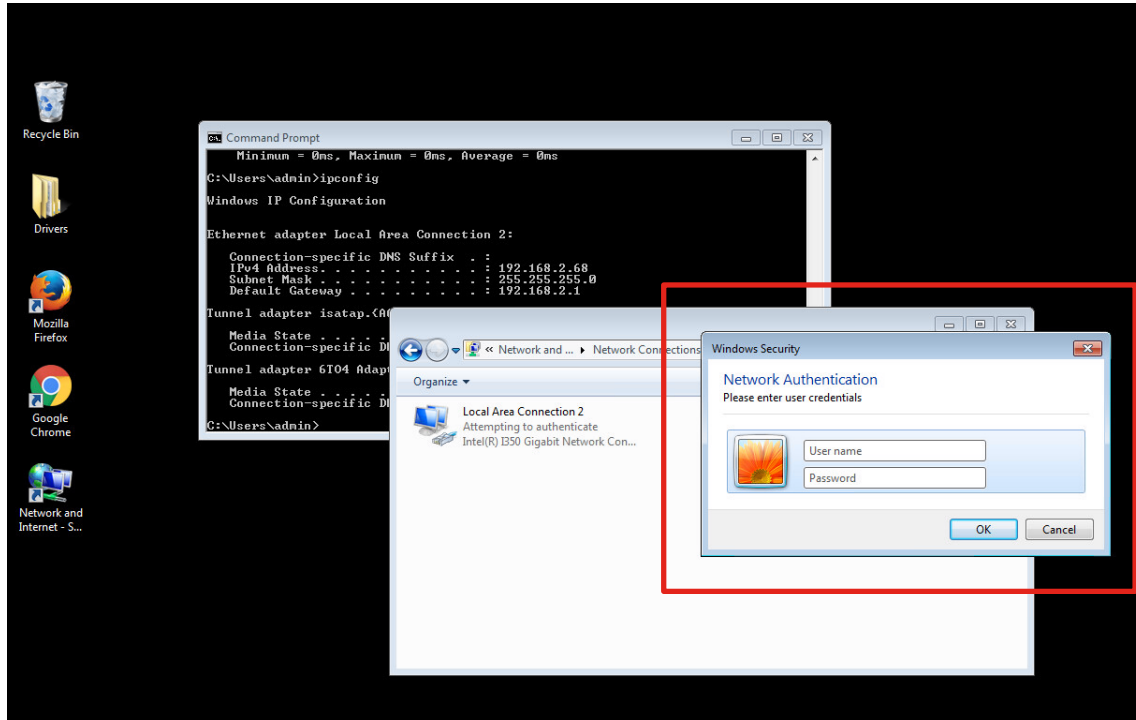


```
edge-1#show run int GigabitEthernet 1/0/14
Building configuration...

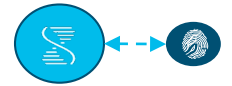
Current configuration : 398 bytes
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/14
 switchport access vlan 1023
 switchport mode access
 device-tracking attach-policy IPDT_MAX_10
 load-interval 30
 access-session inherit disable interface-template-sticky
 access-session inherit disable autoconf
 dot1x timeout tx-period 7
 dot1x max-reauth-req 3
 no macro auto processing
 source template DefaultWiredDot1xClosedAuth
 spanning-tree portfast
end
```



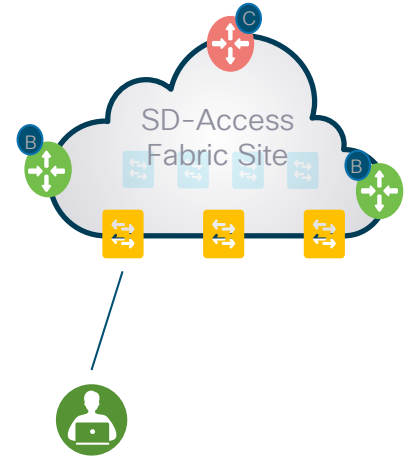
Doctor logs into PC



Doctor logs into PC



```
edge-1#show authentication sessions interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/14
Interface      MAC Address  Method Domain Status Fg Session ID
-----
Gi1/0/14      a036.9f8f.7a73 dot1x DATA Auth 420210AC00000018AE7B8D4C
```



Doctor logs into PC

```
edge-1#show authentication sessions interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/14 details
```

```
Interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/14
IIF-ID: 0x10D33F27
MAC Address: a036.9f8f.7a73
IPv6 Address: Unknown
IPv4 Address: 192.168.2.68
User-Name: derek
Device-type: Microsoft-Workstation
Device-name: MSFT 5.0
Status: Authorized
Domain: DATA
Oper host mode: multi-auth
Oper control dir: both
Session timeout: N/A
Acct update timeout: 172800s (local), Remaining: 171376s
Common Session ID: 420210AC00000018AE7B8D4C
Acct Session ID: 0x0000000b
Handle: 0x9e00000e
Current Policy: PMAP_DefaultWiredDot1xClosedAuth_1X_MAB
```

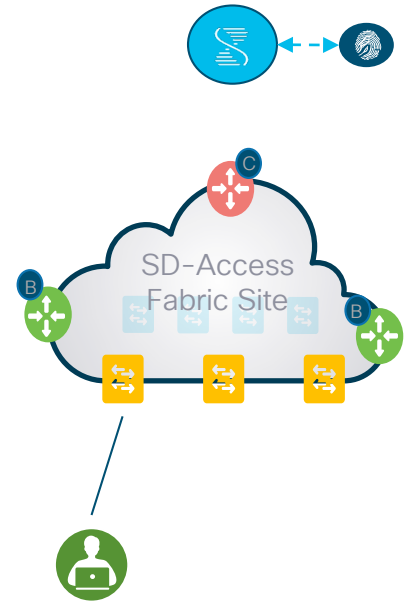
Local Policies:

Server Policies:
SGT Value: 16

Method status list:

Method	State
dot1x	Authc Success

```
edge-1#
```



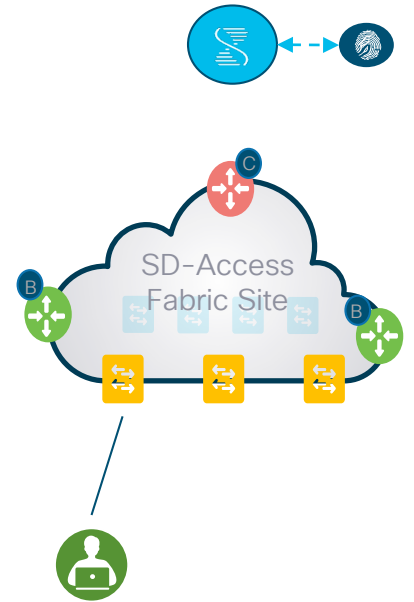
Doctor logs into PC

```
edge-1#show cts role-based sgt-map vrf Internal03 all
%IPv6 protocol is not enabled in VRF Internal03
Active IPv4-SGT Bindings Information
```

IP Address	SGT	Source
192.168.2.68	16	LOCAL

```
IP-SGT Active Bindings Summary
```

```
=====
Total number of LOCAL bindings = 1
Total number of active bindings = 1
```



Doctor logs into PC

```
edge-1#show cts environment-data
CTS Environment Data
=====
Current state = COMPLETE
Last status = Successful
Local Device SGT:
  SGT tag = 0-00:Unknown
Server List Info:
Installed list: CTSServerList1-0001, 1 server(s):
 *Server: 172.16.201.205, port 1812, A-ID
A7D68ABA7F1ED5D4929F31A08C22A8AA
  Status = ALIVE
  auto-test = TRUE, keywrap-enable = FALSE, idle-
time = 60 mins, deadtime = 20 secs
Security Group Name Table:
 0-00:Unknown
 2-00:TrustSec_Devices
 3-00:Network_Services
 4-00:Employees
 5-05:Contractors
 6-00:Guests
 7-00:Production_Users
 8-00:Developers
 9-06:Auditors
10-00:Point_of_Sale_Systems
11-00:Production_Servers
```

```
12-06:Development_Servers
13-00:Test_Servers
14-00:PCI_Servers
15-02:BYOD
16-0187:Doctors
17-0173:Nurses
18-09:Patients
19-02:IT
20-00:Nurses_contractors
21-00:BTH
255-00:Quarantined_Systems
10001-00:E_commerce_WebEPG
10002-00:E_commerce_AppEPG
10003-00:E_commerce_DbEPG
Environment Data Lifetime = 86400 secs
Last update time = 11:46:09 UTC Thu Jan 16 2020
Env-data expires in 0:21:55:32 (dd:hr:mm:sec)
Env-data refreshes in 0:21:55:32 (dd:hr:mm:sec)
Cache data applied = NONE
State Machine is running
edge-1#
```



Doctor logs into PC



Identity Services Engine | Home | Context Visibility | Operations | Policy | Administration | Work Centers

Policy Sets | Profiling | Posture | Client Provisioning | Policy Elements

Status	Rule Name	Conditions	Results	Hits	Actions
	Wired Dot1x Doctos	AND InternalUser-IdentityGroup EQUALS User Identity Groups:Doctors Wired_802.1X	Profiles: PermitAccess Security Groups: Doctors	8	

Doctor sends traffic – SDA side

Identity Services Engine | Home > Context Visibility > Operations > Policy > Administration > Work Centers

Network Access > Guest Access > TrustSec > BYOD > Profiler > Posture > Device Administration > PassiveID

Click here to do visibility setup [Do not show this again.](#)

Overview > Components > TrustSec Policy > Policy Sets > SXP > Troubleshoot > Reports > Settings

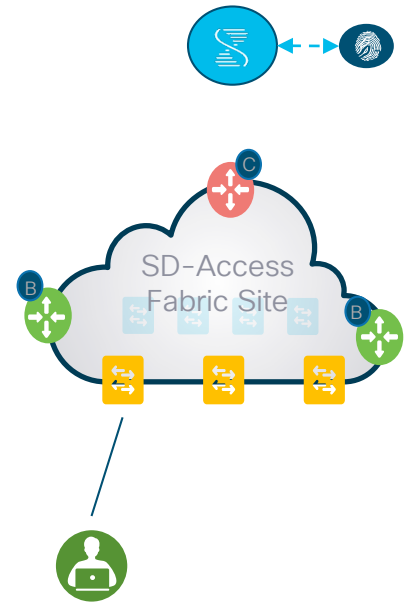
Security Groups

For Policy Export go to [Administration > System > Backup & Restore > Policy Export Page](#)

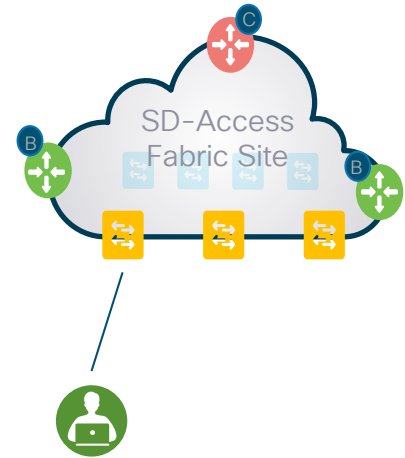
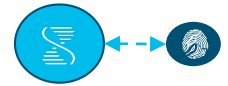
Selected 0 Total 25 ↺ ↻ Ref

[Edit](#) [Add](#) [Import](#) [Export](#) [Trash](#) [Push](#) [Verify Deploy](#) Show:

Icon	Name	SGT (Dec / Hex)	Description	Learned from
	Auditors	9/0009	Auditor Security Group	
	BTH	21/0015		
	BYOD	15/000F	BYOD Security Group	
	Contractors	5/0005	Contractor Security Group	
	Developers	8/0008	Developer Security Group	
	Development_Servers	12/000C	Development Servers Security Group	
	Doctors	16/0010		
	Employees	4/0004	Employee Security Group	
	E_commerce_AppEPG	10002/2712	Learned from APIC. Suffix: EPG Application profile f...	ACI
	E_commerce_DbEPG	10003/2713	Learned from APIC. Suffix: EPG Application profile f...	ACI
	E_commerce_WebEPG	10001/2711	Learned from APIC. Suffix: EPG Application profile f...	ACI
	Guests	6/0006	Guest Security Group	
	IT	19/0013		



Doctor sends traffic – SDA side



Doctor sends traffic – SDA side

```
edge-1#show cts role-based permissions
```

```
IPv4 Role-based permissions default:
```

```
Permit IP-00
```

```
IPv4 Role-based permissions from group 17:Nurses to group 16:Doctors:
```

```
Permit IP-00
```

```
IPv4 Role-based permissions from group 10001:E_commerce_WebEPG to group 16:Doctors:
```

```
Permit IP-00
```

```
RBACL Monitor All for Dynamic Policies : FALSE
```

```
RBACL Monitor All for Configured Policies : FALSE
```

Return traffic

SDA does egress policy



Doctor sends traffic – SDA side

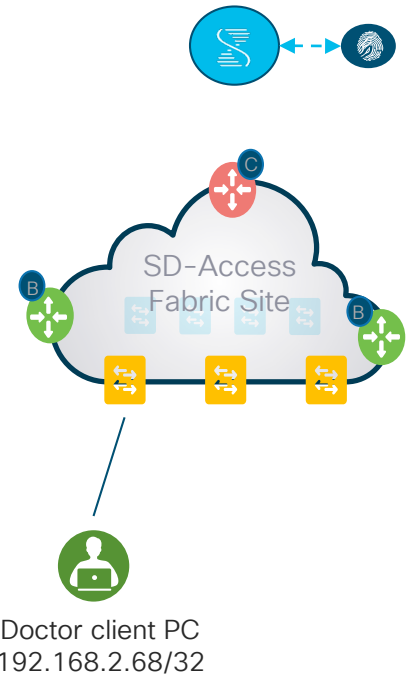
```
edge-1#show ip route vrf Internal03
```

Routing Table: Internal03

Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, m - OMP
n - NAT, Ni - NAT inside, No - NAT outside, Nd - NAT DIA
i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
H - NHRP, G - NHRP registered, g - NHRP registration summary
o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, I - LISP
a - application route
+ - replicated route, % - next hop override, p - overrides from PfR

Gateway of last resort is not set

```
192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks  
C    192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, Vlan1022  
L    192.168.1.1/32 is directly connected, Vlan1022  
192.168.2.0/24 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 2 masks  
C    192.168.2.0/24 is directly connected, Vlan1023  
L    192.168.2.1/32 is directly connected, Vlan1023  
I    192.168.2.68/32 [10/1] via 192.168.2.68, 00:22:48, Vlan1023  
edge-1#
```



Doctor client PC
192.168.2.68/32

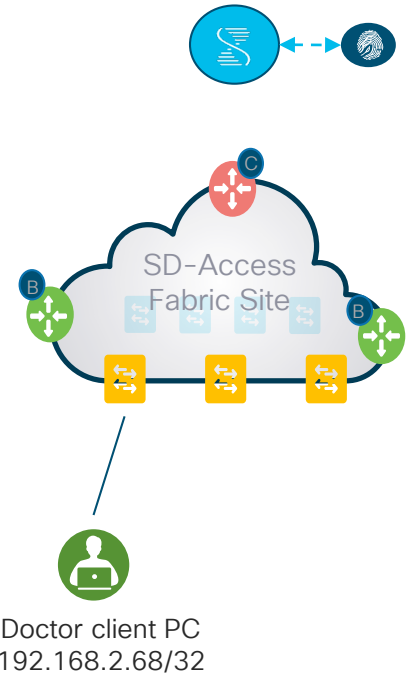
Doctor sends traffic – SDA side

```
edge-1#show run int vlan 1023
```

```
interface Vlan1023
  description Configured from Cisco DNA-Center
  mac-address 0000.0c9f.f45e
  vrf forwarding Internal03
  ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
  ip helper-address 172.16.201.201
  no ip redirects
  ip route-cache same-interface
  no lisp mobility liveness test
  lisp mobility 192_168_2_0-Internal03-IPv4
end
```

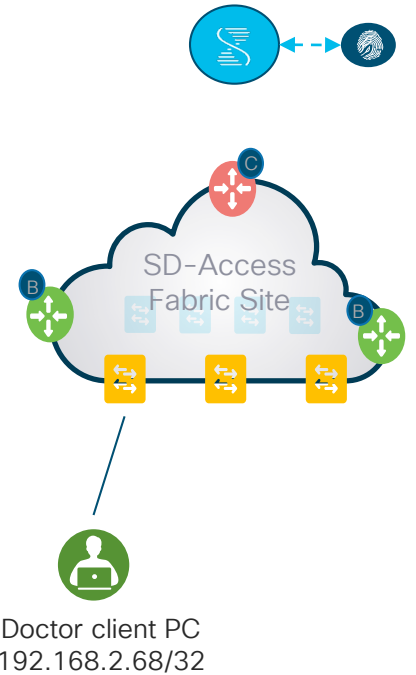
```
edge-1#show ip vrf
```

Name	Default RD	Interfaces
Guest03	<not set>	VI1024 LI0.4100
Internal03	<not set>	VI1023 VI1022 LI0.4099
Mgmt-vrf	<not set>	Gi0/0



Doctor sends traffic – SDA side

```
edge-1# sh run | s instance-id 4099
instance-id 4099
  remote-rioc-probe on-route-change
  dynamic-eid 192_168_1_0-Internal03-IPV4
  database-mapping 192.168.1.0/24 locator-set rloc_a88cb7ab-0d01-444e-9ee5-977f707b46ca
  exit-dynamic-eid
!
dynamic-eid 192_168_2_0-Internal03-IPV4
database-mapping 192.168.2.0/24 locator-set rloc_a88cb7ab-0d01-444e-9ee5-977f707b46ca
exit-dynamic-eid
!
service ipv4
  oid-table vrf Internal03
  map-cache 0.0.0.0/0 map-request
  exit-service-ipv4
!
exit-instance-id
```



Doctor sends traffic – SDA side

```
edge-1#sh ip lisp instance-id 4099 database 192.168.2.68/32
LISP ETR IPv4 Mapping Database for EID-table vrf Internal03 (IID 4099), LSBs: 0x1
Entries total 2, no-route 0, inactive 1

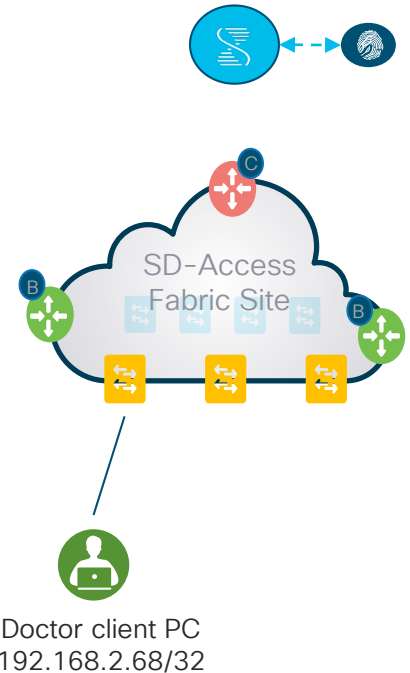
192.168.2.68/32 dynamic-eid 192_168_2_0-Internal03-IPV4, inherited from default locator-set rloc_a88cb7ab-
0d01-444e-9ee5-977f707b46ca
Locator Pri/Wgt Source State
172.16.2.97 10/10 cfg-intf site-self, reachable

edge-1# sh ip int brief | i Loopback0
Loopback0 172.16.2.97 YES NVRAM up

border-1#sh ip lisp | i Map
Map Server (MS): enabled
Map Resolver (MR): enabled
ITR Map-Resolver(s): 172.16.1.254
ETR Map-Server(s): 172.16.1.254
ITR Solicit Map Request (SMR): accept and process
Map-cache:
Map-cache limit: 32768
Map-cache activity check period: 60 secs

border-1#sh lisp site | i Site|Register|192.168.2.68
LISP Site Registration Information
Site Name Last Up Who Last Inst EID Prefix
Register Registered ID
00:30:15 yes# 172.16.2.97:46316 4099 192.168.2.68/32

border-1#sh ip int brief | i Loopback0
Loopback0 172.16.1.254 YES NVRAM up
```

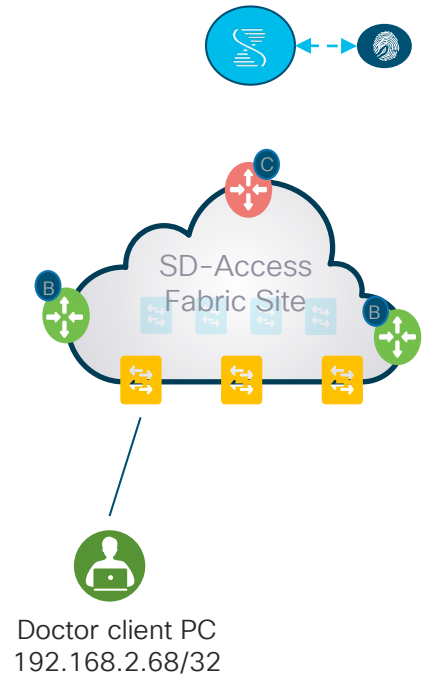


Doctor sends traffic – SDA side

```
edge-1#lig instance-id 4099 192.168.199.1
Mapping information for EID 192.168.199.1 from 172.16.1.254 with RTT 2 msec
192.168.199.0/24, uptime: 3d00h, expires: 23:59:59, via map-reply, complete
Locator    Uptime  State  Pri/Wgt  Encap-IID
172.16.1.254 3d00h  up     10/10    -
edge-1#
```

```
edge-1#sh ip lisp instance-id 4099 map-cache 192.168.199.1
LISP IPv4 Mapping Cache for EID-table vrf Internal03 (IID 4099), 7 entries
```

```
192.168.199.0/24, uptime: 3d00h, expires: 23:58:06, via map-reply, complete
Sources: map-reply
State: complete, last modified: 3d00h, map-source: 172.16.1.254
Idle, Packets out: 11139(6416064 bytes) (~ 00:33:24 ago)
Locator    Uptime  State  Pri/Wgt  Encap-IID
172.16.1.254 3d00h  up     10/10    -
Last up-down state change:      3d00h, state change count: 1
Last route reachability change: 3d02h, state change count: 1
Last priority / weight change:  never/never
RLOC-probing loc-status algorithm:
Last RLOC-probe sent:          never
```

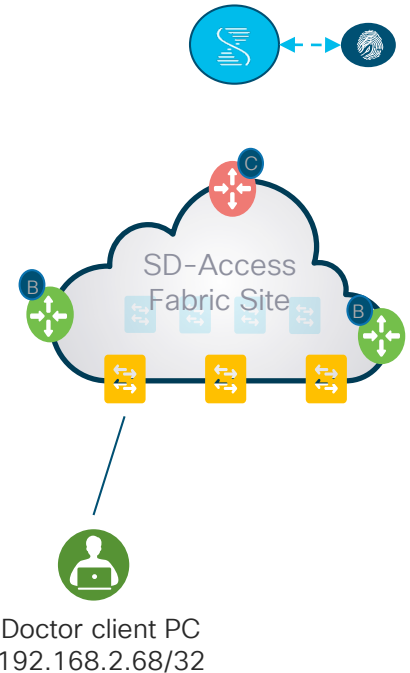


Doctor sends traffic – SDA side

```
border-1#show ip route vrf Internal03
```

Gateway of last resort is not set

```
172.16.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 3 masks
C    172.16.4.4/30 is directly connected, Vlan3002
L    172.16.4.5/32 is directly connected, Vlan3002
B    172.16.201.0/24 [20/0] via 172.16.4.6, 3d01h
192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 5 subnets, 2 masks
B    192.168.1.0/24 [200/0], 01:06:19, Null0
C    192.168.1.1/32 is directly connected, Loopback1022
I    192.168.1.3/32 [250/1], 01:06:19, Null0
I    192.168.1.4/32 [250/1], 01:16:49, Null0
I    192.168.1.5/32 [250/1], 01:17:59, Null0
192.168.2.0/24 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 2 masks
B    192.168.2.0/24 [200/0], 00:41:30, Null0
C    192.168.2.1/32 is directly connected, Loopback1023
I    192.168.2.68/32 [250/1], 00:41:30, Null0
B    192.168.199.0/24 [20/20] via 172.16.4.6, 3d01h
192.168.200.0/30 is subnetted, 2 subnets
B    192.168.200.0 [20/0] via 172.16.4.6, 3d01h
B    192.168.200.4 [20/0] via 172.16.4.6, 3d01h
```

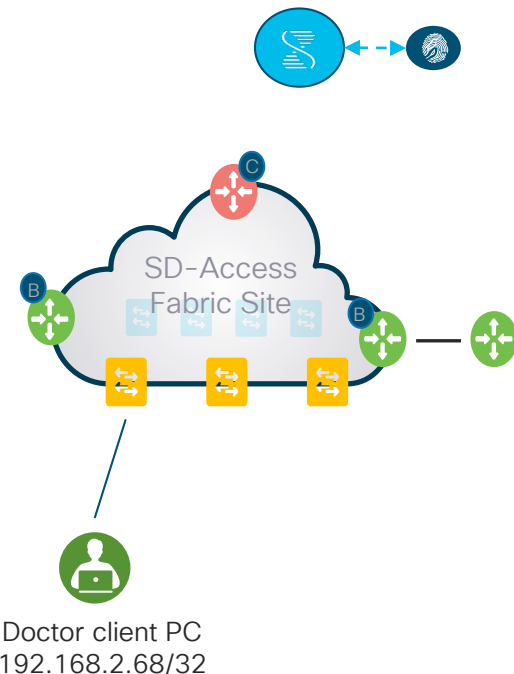


No egress policy on border

Doctor sends traffic – Fusion side

```
bdsol-dna03-fusion1#show ip route vrf Internal03
```

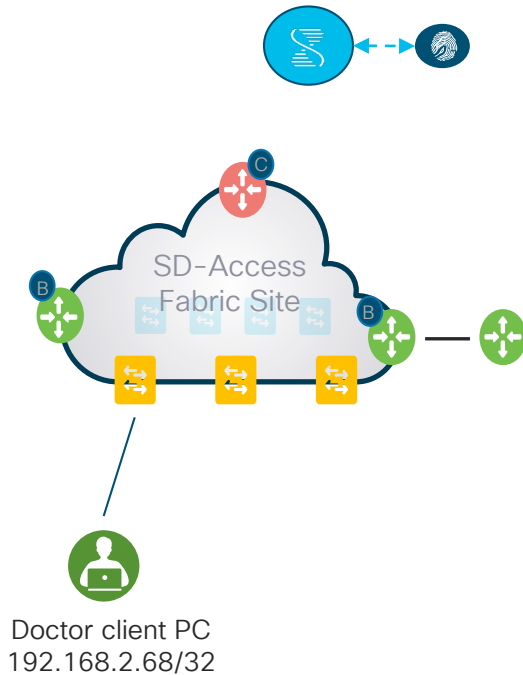
```
172.16.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 3 masks
C    172.16.4.4/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0.3002
L    172.16.4.6/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0.3002
B    172.16.201.0/24
    is directly connected, 7w0d, GigabitEthernet0/0/2.3653
L    172.16.201.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/2.3653
B    192.168.1.0/24 [20/0] via 172.16.4.5, 3d01h
B    192.168.2.0/24 [20/0] via 172.16.4.5, 3d01h
O E2 192.168.199.0/24
    [110/20] via 192.168.200.5, 3d01h, GigabitEthernet0/2/0.901
    [110/20] via 192.168.200.1, 3d01h, GigabitEthernet0/1/0.901
192.168.200.0/24 is variably subnetted, 6 subnets, 2 masks
C    192.168.200.0/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1/0.901
L    192.168.200.2/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1/0.901
C    192.168.200.4/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2/0.901
L    192.168.200.6/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2/0.901
O    192.168.200.201/32
    [110/2] via 192.168.200.1, 3d01h, GigabitEthernet0/1/0.901
O    192.168.200.202/32
    [110/2] via 192.168.200.5, 3d01h, GigabitEthernet0/2/0.901
```



BGP / OSPF route redistribution

Doctor sends traffic – Fusion side

```
bdsol-dna03-fusion1#show running-config | sec router
router ospf 1 vrf Internal03
router-id 192.168.200.200
redistribute bgp 65000 subnets
network 192.168.200.0 0.0.0.3 area 0.0.0.0
network 192.168.200.4 0.0.0.3 area 0.0.0.0
router bgp 65000
bgp log-neighbor-changes
redistribute connected
maximum-paths eibgp 2
!
address-family ipv4 vrf Internal03
redistribute connected
redistribute ospf 1 route-map OSPFtoInternal03BGP
neighbor 172.16.4.5 remote-as 65003
neighbor 172.16.4.5 activate
exit-address-family
```



Doctor sends traffic – Fusion side

```
bdsol-dna03-fusion1#show running-config | sec router
```

```
router ospf 1 vrf Internal03
```

```
router-id 192.168.200.200
```

```
redistribute bgp 65000 subnets
```

```
network 192.168.200.0 0.0.0.3 area 0.0.0.0
```

```
network 192.168.200.4 0.0.0.3 area 0.0.0.0
```

```
router bgp 65000
```

```
bgp log-neighbor-changes
```

```
redistribute connected
```

```
maximum-paths eibgp 2
```

```
!
```

```
address-family ipv4 vrf Internal03
```

```
redistribute connected
```

```
redistribute ospf 1 route-map OSPFtoInternal03BGP
```

```
neighbor 172.16.4.5 remote-as 65003
```

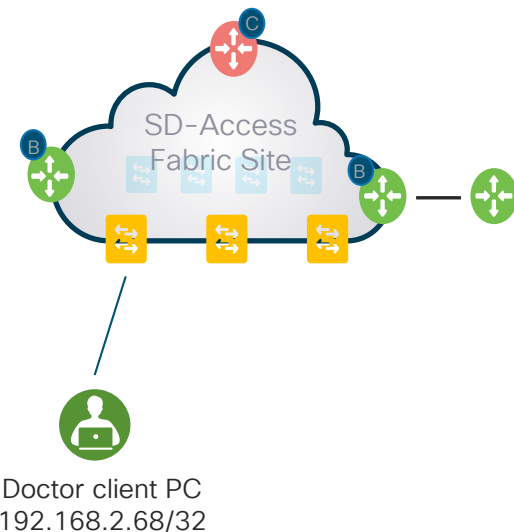
```
neighbor 172.16.4.5 activate
```

```
exit-address-family
```

```
bdsol-dna03-fusion1# show ip ospf neighbor
```

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
192.168.200.202	0	FULL/ -	00:00:36	192.168.200.5	GigabitEthernet0/2/0.901
192.168.200.201	0	FULL/ -	00:00:32	192.168.200.1	GigabitEthernet0/1/0.901

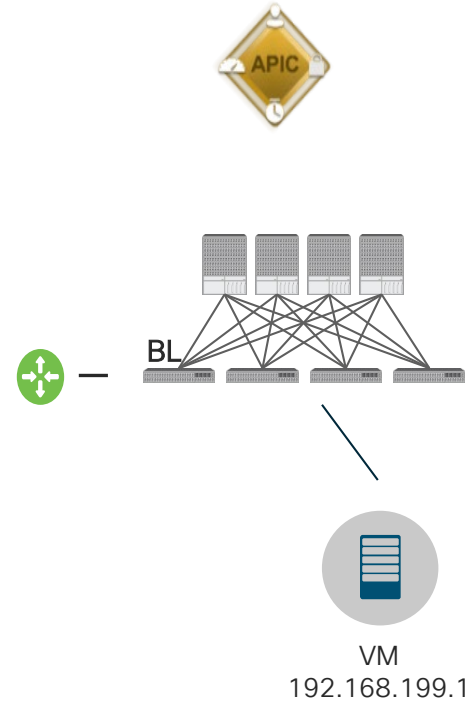
```
bdsol-dna03-fusion1#
```



Doctor sends traffic – ACI side

```
bdsol-aci12-leaf3# show vrf
VRF-Name          VRF-ID State Reason
black-hole        3 Up    --
BRKOPS2110:BRKOPS2110  5 Up    --
management        2 Up    --
overlay-1         4 Up    --

bdsol-aci12-leaf3# show ip ospf neighbors vrf BRKOPS2110:BRKOPS2110
OSPF Process ID default VRF BRKOPS2110:BRKOPS2110
Total number of neighbors: 1
Neighbor ID  Pri State      Up Time Address      Interface
192.168.200.200  1 FULL/-  3d01h  192.168.200.2 Eth1/41.9
```



Doctor sends traffic – ACI side

```
bdsol-aci12-leaf3# show endpoint ip 192.168.199.1
```

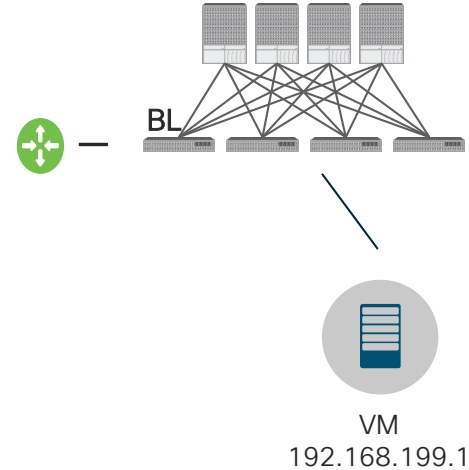
Legend:

s - arp H - vtep V - vpc-attached p - peer-aged
R - peer-attached-rl B - bounce S - static M - span
D - bounce-to-proxy O - peer-attached a - local-aged m - svc-mgr
L - local E - shared-service

VLAN/ Domain	Encap VLAN	MAC Address IP Address	MAC Info/ IP Info	Interface
-----------------	---------------	---------------------------	----------------------	-----------

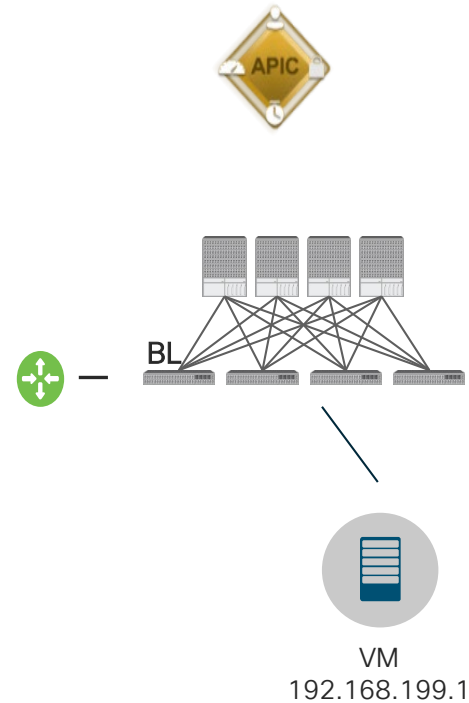
```
bdsol-aci12-leaf3# show ip route vrf BRKOPS2110:BRKOPS2110
```

```
172.16.201.0/24, ubest/mbest: 1/0  
  *via 192.168.200.2, eth1/41.9, [110/1], 3d01h, ospf-default, type-2, tag 3489725928  
192.168.1.0/24, ubest/mbest: 1/0  
  *via 192.168.200.2, eth1/41.9, [110/1], 3d01h, ospf-default, type-2, tag 3489725928  
192.168.2.0/24, ubest/mbest: 1/0  
  *via 192.168.200.2, eth1/41.9, [110/1], 3d01h, ospf-default, type-2, tag 3489725928  
192.168.199.0/24, ubest/mbest: 1/0, attached, direct, pervasive  
  *via 10.0.184.64%overlay-1, [1/0], 3d02h, static  
192.168.200.0/30, ubest/mbest: 1/0, attached, direct  
  *via 192.168.200.1, eth1/41.9, [0/0], 3d03h, direct  
192.168.200.1/32, ubest/mbest: 1/0, attached  
  *via 192.168.200.1, eth1/41.9, [0/0], 3d03h, local, local  
192.168.200.4/30, ubest/mbest: 1/0  
  *via 192.168.200.2, eth1/41.9, [110/41], 3d01h, ospf-default, intra  
192.168.200.201/32, ubest/mbest: 2/0, attached, direct  
  *via 192.168.200.201, lo1, [0/0], 3d03h, local, local  
  *via 192.168.200.201, lo1, [0/0], 3d03h, direct  
192.168.200.202/32, ubest/mbest: 1/0  
  *via 10.0.88.69%overlay-1, [1/0], 3d03h, bgp-101, internal, tag 101  
bdsol-aci12-leaf3#
```



Doctor sends traffic – ACI side

```
bdsol-aci12-spine1# show ip int vrf overlay-1
IP Interface Status for VRF "overlay-1"
lo0, Interface status: protocol-up/link-up/admin-up, iod: 4, mode: ptep
  IP address: 10.0.88.66, IP subnet: 10.0.88.66/32
  IP broadcast address: 255.255.255.255
  IP primary address route-preference: 0, tag: 0
lo1, Interface status: protocol-up/link-up/admin-up, iod: 81, mode: anycast-v6
  IP address: 10.0.184.66, IP subnet: 10.0.184.66/32
  IP broadcast address: 255.255.255.255
  IP primary address route-preference: 0, tag: 0
lo2, Interface status: protocol-up/link-up/admin-up, iod: 82, mode: anycast-v4
  IP address: 10.0.184.64, IP subnet: 10.0.184.64/32
  IP broadcast address: 255.255.255.255
  IP primary address route-preference: 0, tag: 0
lo3, Interface status: protocol-up/link-up/admin-up, iod: 83, mode: anycast-mac
  IP address: 10.0.184.65, IP subnet: 10.0.184.65/32
  IP broadcast address: 255.255.255.255
  IP primary address route-preference: 0, tag: 0
lo4, Interface status: protocol-up/link-up/admin-up, iod: 84, mode: anycast-mac,external
  IP address: 10.0.0.33, IP subnet: 10.0.0.33/32
  IP broadcast address: 255.255.255.255
  IP primary address route-preference: 0, tag: 0
...
```



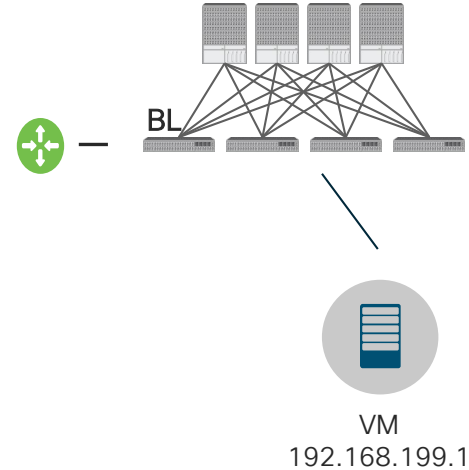
Doctor sends traffic – ACI side

```
bdsol-aci12-spine1# show coop internal info ip-db
```

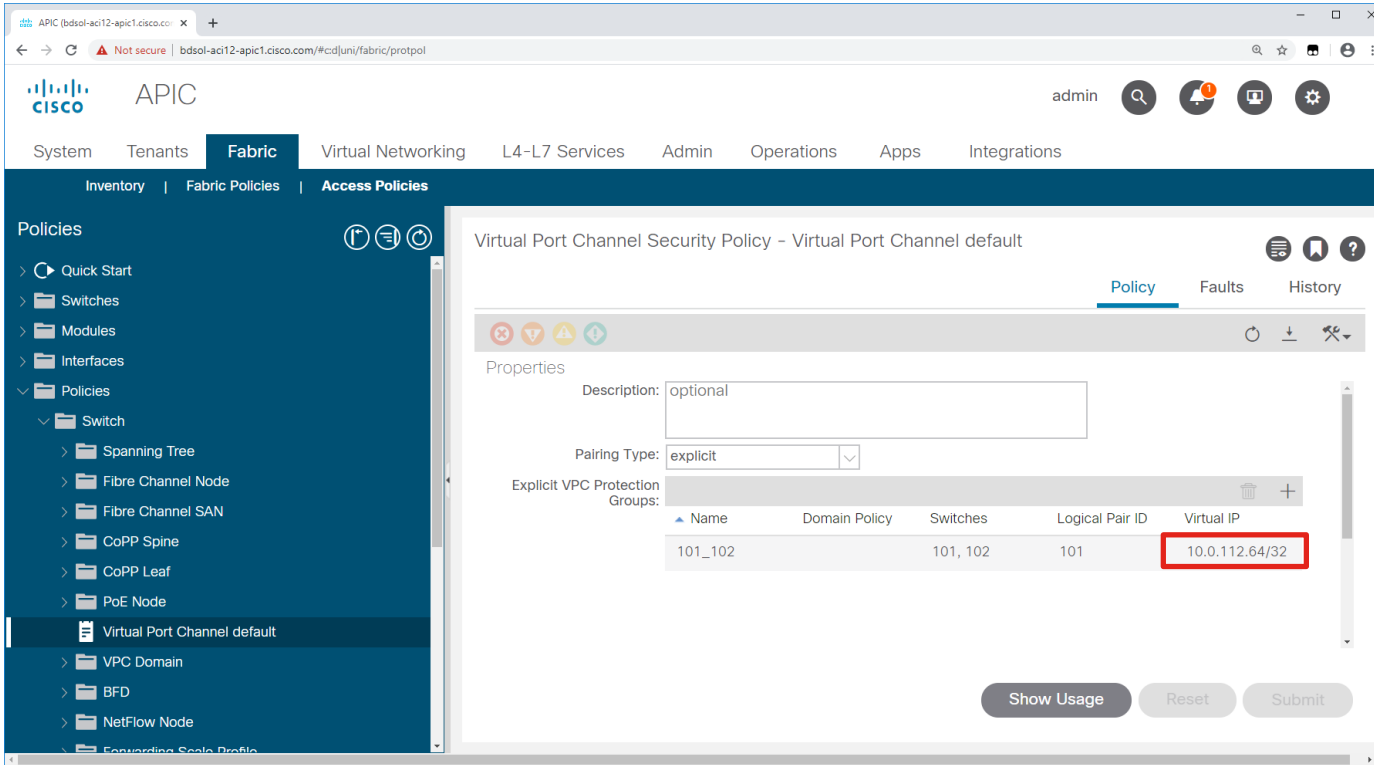
```
-----  
IP address : 192.168.199.1  
Vrf : 2752512  
Flags : 0  
EP bd vnid : 16056262  
EP mac : 00:50:56:B6:3F:9D  
Publisher Id : 10.0.88.64  
Record timestamp : 01 16 2020 14:05:25 230714325  
Publish timestamp : 01 16 2020 14:05:25 231331696  
Seq No: 0  
Remote publish timestamp: 01 01 1970 00:00:00 0
```

```
ORIB Tunnel info  
Num tunnels : 1  
  Tunnel address : 10.0.112.64  
  Tunnel ref count : 1
```

```
bdsol-aci12-spine1# acidiag frnread | grep 10.0.88.64  
102 1 bdsol-aci12-leaf2 SAL1951VHXH 10.0.88.64/32 leaf active 0  
bdsol-aci12-spine1#
```



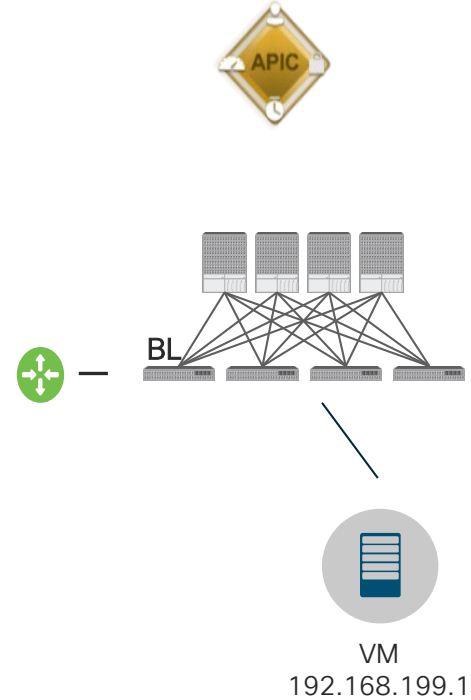
Doctor sends traffic – ACI side



The screenshot shows the APIC web interface for configuring a Virtual Port Channel Security Policy. The left sidebar shows the navigation menu with 'Policies' expanded to 'Switch' and 'Virtual Port Channel default' selected. The main content area displays the configuration for 'Virtual Port Channel Security Policy - Virtual Port Channel default'. The 'Properties' section includes a 'Description' field with the value 'optional' and a 'Pairing Type' dropdown set to 'explicit'. Below this is a table for 'Explicit VPC Protection Groups' with the following data:

Name	Domain Policy	Switches	Logical Pair ID	Virtual IP
101_102		101, 102	101	10.0.112.64/32

The 'Virtual IP' field '10.0.112.64/32' is highlighted with a red box. At the bottom of the configuration area are buttons for 'Show Usage', 'Reset', and 'Submit'.



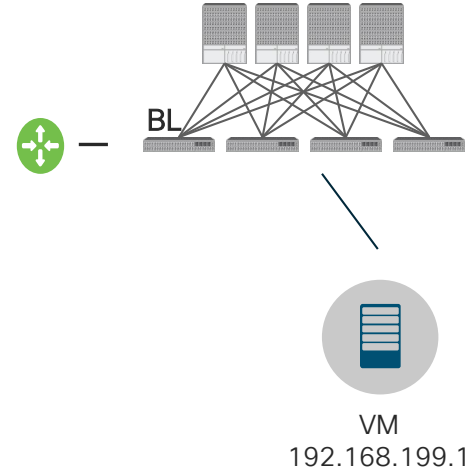
Doctor sends traffic – ACI side



```
bdsol-aci12-leaf2# show endpoint ip 192.168.199.1
Legend:
s - arp          H - vtep          V - vpc-attached  p - peer-aged
R - peer-attached-rl B - bounce      S - static        M - span
D - bounce-to-proxy O - peer-attached a - local-aged   m - svc-mgr
L - local        E - shared-service
```

VLAN/ Domain	Encap VLAN	MAC Address IP Address	MAC Info/ IP Info	Interface
2	vlan-1068	0050.5606.3f9d LaV		po5
BRKOPS2110:BRKOPS2110	vlan-1068	192.168.199.1 LaV		po5

```
bdsol-aci12-leaf2#
```

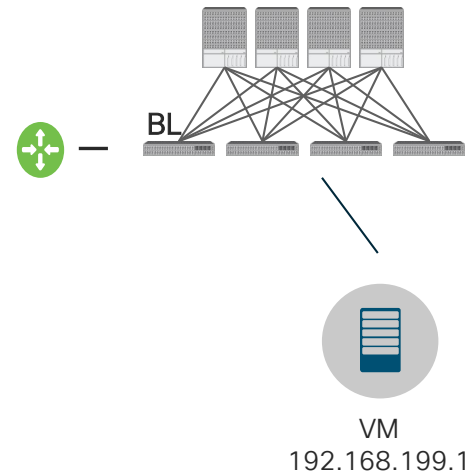


What about policy ?

Doctor sends traffic – ACI side

```
apic1# moquery -d uni/tn-BRKOPS2110/ap-E-commerce/epg-Web # see also moquery -c fvAEPg
```

```
# fv.AEPg
name          : Web
annotation    :
childAction   :
configIssues  :
configSt      : applied
descr        :
dn            : uni/tn-BRKOPS2110/ap-E-commerce/epg-Web
exceptionTag  :
extMngdBy    :
floodOnEncap : disabled
fwdCtrl      :
hasMcastSource : no
isAttrBasedEPg : no
isSharedSrvMsiteEPg : no
lcOwn        : local
matchT       : AtleastOne
modTs        : 2020-01-13T11:47:29.279+00:00
monPolDn     : uni/tn-common/monepg-default
nameAlias    :
pcEnfPref    : unenforced
pcTag        : 16386
prefGrMemb   : exclude
prio         : unspecified
rn           : epg-Web
scope        : 2752512
shutdown     : no
status       :
triggerSt    : triggerable
txid         : 11529215046069378734
uid          : 15374
```

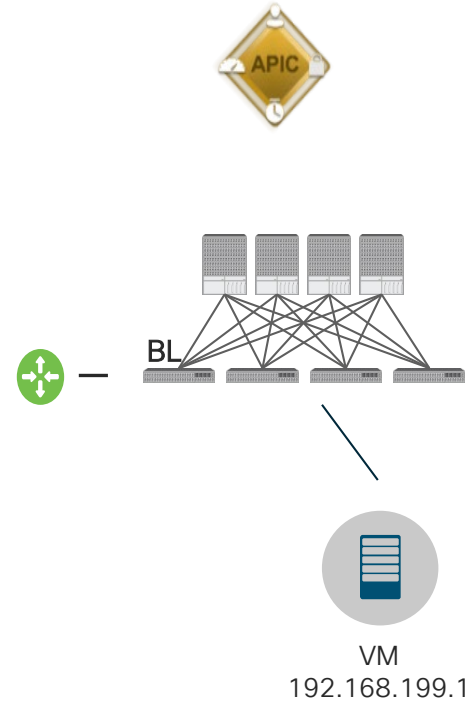


Doctor sends traffic – ACI side

```
apic1# moquery -d uni/tn-BRKOPS2110/out-Router1-BRKOPS2110/instP-DoctorsSGT
Total Objects shown: 1
```

```
# l3ext.InstP
name          : DoctorsSGT
annotation    : orchestrator:ise
childAction   :
configIssues  :
configSt      : applied
descr         :
dn            : uni/tn-BRKOPS2110/out-Router1-BRKOPS2110/instP-DoctorsSGT
exceptionTag  :
extMngdBy    :
floodOnEncap  : disabled
isSharedSrvMsiteEPg : no
lcOwn        : local
matchT       : AtleastOne
mcast        : no
modTs        : 2020-01-13T14:08:14.550+00:00
monPolDn     : uni/tn-common/monepg-default
nameAlias    :
pcTag        : 49155
preGrpMemb   : exclude
prio         : unspecified
rn           : instP-DoctorsSGT
scope        : 2752512
status       :
targetDscp   : unspecified
triggerSt    : triggerable
txld        : 11529215046069384275
uid          : 15374

apic1#
```



How does it end up in DoctorsSGT ?

Doctor sends traffic – ACI side



External EPG Instance Profile - DoctorsSGT

Policy | Operational | Stats | Health | Faults | History

General | Contracts | Subject Labels | EPG Labels

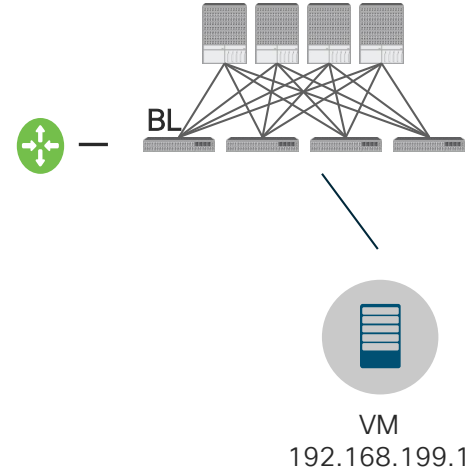
Healthy

Properties

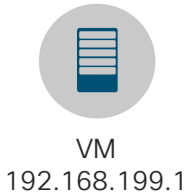
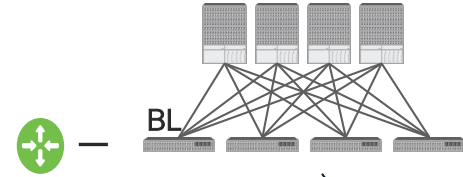
Subnets:				
IP Address	Scope	Name	Aggre	Ro Co Prc
192.168.1.4/32	External Subnets for the External EPG			
192.168.2.68/32	External Subnets for the External EPG			

Show Usage | Reset | Submit

Last Login Time: 2020-01-16 11:14:34 UTC+00:00 | Current System Time: 2020-01-16 15:16 UTC+00:00



Doctor sends traffic – ACI side



```
bdsol-aci12-leaf2# show zoning-rule | grep 2752512 | egrep "16386|49155"
| 4105 | 16386 | 15 | default | uni-dir | enabled | 2752512 | external_app | permit | src_dst_any(9)
|
| 4111 | 32770 | 16386 | default | uni-dir | enabled | 2752512 | external_app | permit | src_dst_any(9)
|
| 4114 | 16386 | 16389 | default | bi-dir | enabled | 2752512 | frontend_mgmt | permit | src_dst_any(9)
|
| 4112 | 16389 | 16386 | default | uni-dir-ignore | enabled | 2752512 | frontend_mgmt | permit | src_dst_any(9)
|
| 4101 | 16386 | 49155 | default | uni-dir-ignore | enabled | 2752512 | external_app | permit | src_dst_any(9)
|
| 4113 | 49155 | 16386 | default | bi-dir | enabled | 2752512 | external_app | permit | src_dst_any(9)
|
bdsol-aci12-leaf2#
```

From ACI → SDA

Next slides will
cover the
difference
compared to SDA
→ ACI

ACI Leaf

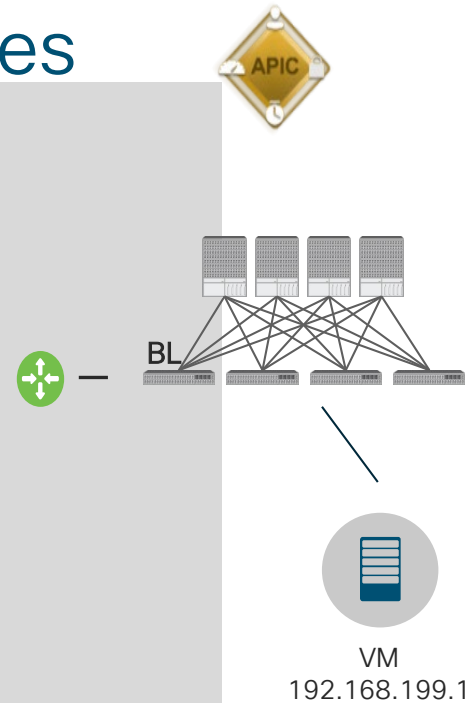
- Use VRF specific “Policy Control Enforcement Direction”

Policy Control Enforcement Direction: Egress Ingress

Return traffic - ACI side - external routes

```
bdsol-aci12-leaf2# show ip route vrf BRKOPS2110:BRKOPS2110
IP Route Table for VRF "BRKOPS2110:BRKOPS2110"
'*' denotes best ucast next-hop
'***' denotes best mcast next-hop
'[x/y]' denotes [preference/metric]
'%<string>' in via output denotes VRF <string>

172.16.201.0/24, ubest/mbest: 2/0
  *via 10.0.88.71%overlay-1, [200/1], 3d02h, bgp-101, internal, tag 101
  *via 10.0.88.69%overlay-1, [200/1], 3d02h, bgp-101, internal, tag 101
192.168.1.0/24, ubest/mbest: 2/0
  *via 10.0.88.71%overlay-1, [200/1], 3d02h, bgp-101, internal, tag 101
  *via 10.0.88.69%overlay-1, [200/1], 3d02h, bgp-101, internal, tag 101
192.168.2.0/24, ubest/mbest: 2/0
  *via 10.0.88.71%overlay-1, [200/1], 3d02h, bgp-101, internal, tag 101
  *via 10.0.88.69%overlay-1, [200/1], 3d02h, bgp-101, internal, tag 101
192.168.199.0/24, ubest/mbest: 1/0, attached, direct, pervasive
  *via 10.0.184.64%overlay-1, [1/0], 3d03h, static
192.168.199.254/32, ubest/mbest: 1/0, attached, pervasive
  *via 192.168.199.254, vlan1, [0/0], 3d03h, local, local
192.168.200.0/30, ubest/mbest: 1/0
  *via 10.0.88.71%overlay-1, [200/0], 3d03h, bgp-101, internal, tag 101
192.168.200.4/30, ubest/mbest: 1/0
  *via 10.0.88.69%overlay-1, [200/0], 3d03h, bgp-101, internal, tag 101
192.168.200.201/32, ubest/mbest: 1/0
  *via 10.0.88.71%overlay-1, [1/0], 3d03h, bgp-101, internal, tag 101
192.168.200.202/32, ubest/mbest: 1/0
  *via 10.0.88.69%overlay-1, [1/0], 3d03h, bgp-101, internal, tag 101
bdsol-aci12-leaf2# acidiag fvnread | egrep "10.0.88.71|10.0.88.69"
  103      1      bdsol-aci12-leaf3      SAL1940QA95      10.0.88.71/32      leaf      active
  104      1      bdsol-aci12-leaf4      SAL1940QAD8      10.0.88.69/32      leaf      active
bdsol-aci12-leaf2#
```



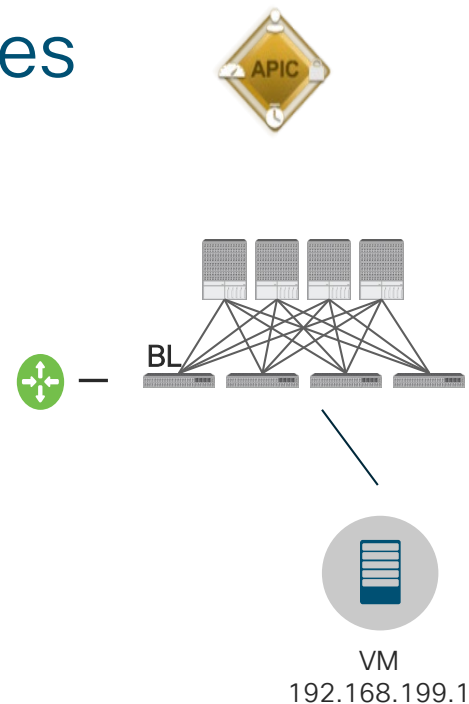
How do we receive these routes ?

Return traffic - ACI side - external routes

```
bdsol-aci12-leaf2# show bgp vpnv4 unicast vrf BRKOPS2110:BRKOPS2110
BGP routing table information for VRF overlay-1, address family VPNv4 Unicast
BGP table version is 116, local router ID is 10.0.88.64
Status: s-suppressed, x-deleted, S-stale, d-dampened, h-history, *-valid, >-best
Path type: i-internal, e-external, c-confed, l-local, a-aggregate, r-redist, I-injected
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete, | - multipath, & - backup
```

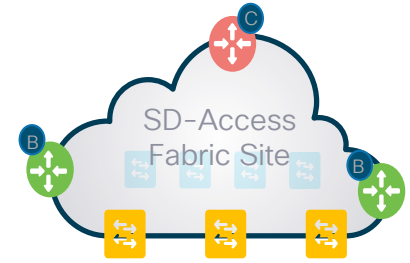
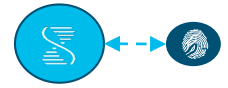
Network	Next Hop	Metric	LocPrf	Weight	Path
Route Distinguisher: 102:2752512 (VRF BRKOPS2110:BRKOPS2110)					
*>i172.16.201.0/24	10.0.88.69	1	100	0	?
* i	10.0.88.71	1	100	0	?
*>i192.168.1.0/24	10.0.88.69	1	100	0	?
* i	10.0.88.71	1	100	0	?
*>i192.168.2.0/24	10.0.88.69	1	100	0	?
* i	10.0.88.71	1	100	0	?
* i192.168.200.0/30	10.0.88.69	41	100	0	?
*>i	10.0.88.71	0	100	0	?
* i192.168.200.4/30	10.0.88.71	41	100	0	?
*>i	10.0.88.69	0	100	0	?
*>i192.168.200.201/32	10.0.88.71	0	100	0	?
*>i192.168.200.202/32	10.0.88.69	0	100	0	?

```
bdsol-aci12-leaf2#
```



Route reflectors send
outside L3out routes
through the fabric

Return traffic - SDA side - classify traffic



Identity Services Engine

Home > Context Visibility > Operations > Policy > Administration > Work Centers

Network Access > Guest Access > TrustSec > BYOD > Profiler > Posture > Device Administration > PassiveID

Overview > Components > TrustSec Policy > Policy Sets > SXP > Troubleshoot > Reports > Settings

Click here to do visibility setup Do not show this again.

All SXP Mappings

Rows/Page 4 1 / 1 Go 4 Total Rows

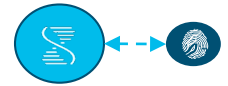
Refresh Add SXP Domain filter Manage SXP Domain filters Filter

IP Address	SGT	Learned From	Learned By	SXP Domain	PSNs Invo
192.168.1.4/32	Doctors (16/0010)	172.16.201.205,172.16.201.216	Session	default	ise
192.168.1.5/32	Nurses (17/0011)	172.16.201.205,172.16.201.216	Session	default	ise
192.168.2.68/32	Doctors (16/0010)	172.16.201.205,172.16.2.97	Session	default	ise
192.168.199.1/32	E_commerce_WebEPG (1...	172.16.201.205,10.48.22.69	Session	default	ise



Doctor client PC
192.168.2.68/32

Return traffic - SDA side - classify traffic



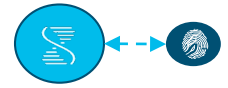
```
border-1#show running-config | inc sxp
cts sxp enable
cts sxp default password 7 <secret>
cts sxp connection peer 172.16.201.205 source 172.16.4.5 password default mode local
listener hold-time 0 0 vrf Internal03
```

```
border-1#show cts sxp connections vrf Internal03
SXP                : Enabled
Highest Version Supported: 4
Default Password   : Set
Default Key-Chain  : Not Set
Default Key-Chain Name: Not Applicable
Default Source IP  : Not Set
Connection retry open period: 120 secs
Reconcile period: 120 secs
Retry open timer is not running
Peer-Sequence traverse limit for export: Not Set
Peer-Sequence traverse limit for import: Not Set
```

```
-----
Peer IP           : 172.16.201.205
Source IP         : 172.16.4.5
Conn status       : On
Conn version      : 4
Conn capability   : IPv4-IPv6-Subnet
Conn hold time    : 120 seconds
Local mode        : SXP Listener
Connection inst#  : 1
TCP conn fd       : 1
TCP conn password: default SXP password
Hold timer is running
Duration since last state change: 2:05:02:27 (dd:hr:mm:sec)
Total num of SXP Connections = 1
```



Return traffic - SDA side - classify traffic

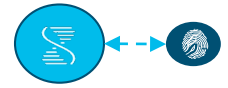


```
border-1#show ip int brief | inc 172.16.4.5
Vlan3002          172.16.4.5      YES NVRAM  up
border-1#show run int Vlan3002
Building configuration...

Current configuration : 186 bytes
!
interface Vlan3002
  description vrf interface to External router
  vrf forwarding Internal03
  ip address 172.16.4.5 255.255.255.252
  no ip redirects
  ip route-cache same-interface
end
border-1#
```



Return traffic - SDA side - classify traffic



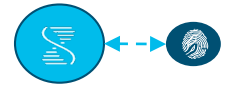
```
bdsol-dna03-fusion1#show ip route vrf Internal03

Gateway of last resort is not set

 172.16.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 3 masks
C       172.16.4.4/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0.3002
L       172.16.4.6/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0.3002
B       172.16.201.0/24
        is directly connected, 7w0d, GigabitEthernet0/0/2.3653
L       172.16.201.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/2.3653
B       192.168.1.0/24 [20/0] via 172.16.4.5, 3d02h
B       192.168.2.0/24 [20/0] via 172.16.4.5, 3d02h
O E2    192.168.199.0/24
        [110/20] via 192.168.200.5, 3d02h, GigabitEthernet0/2/0.901
        [110/20] via 192.168.200.1, 3d02h, GigabitEthernet0/1/0.901
 192.168.200.0/24 is variably subnetted, 6 subnets, 2 masks
C       192.168.200.0/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1/0.901
L       192.168.200.2/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1/0.901
C       192.168.200.4/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2/0.901
L       192.168.200.6/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2/0.901
O       192.168.200.201/32
        [110/2] via 192.168.200.1, 3d02h, GigabitEthernet0/1/0.901
O       192.168.200.202/32
        [110/2] via 192.168.200.5, 3d02h, GigabitEthernet0/2/0.901
bdsol-dna03-fusion1#
```



Return traffic - SDA side - classify traffic



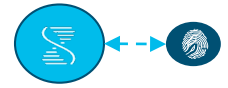
```
vrf definition Internal03
rd 1:4098
!
address-family ipv4
  import ipv4 unicast map globalToInternal03
  export ipv4 unicast map Internal03ToGlobal
  route-target export 1:4098
  route-target import 1:4098
exit-address-family

route-map Internal03ToGlobal permit 10
match ip address prefix-list Internal03ToGlobal

ip prefix-list Internal03ToGlobal seq 5 permit 192.168.1.0/24
ip prefix-list Internal03ToGlobal seq 6 permit 192.168.2.0/24
ip prefix-list Internal03ToGlobal seq 7 permit 172.16.4.4/30
```



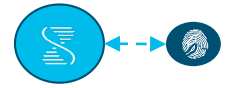
Return traffic - SDA side - classify traffic



```
border-1#show cts sxp sgt-map vrf Internal03
SXP Node ID(generated):0xC0A80301(192.168.3.1)
IP-SGT Mappings as follows:
IPv4,SGT: <192.168.1.4 , 16:Doctors>
source : SXP;
Peer IP : 172.16.201.205;
Ins Num : 1;
Status : Active;
Seq Num : 7
Peer Seq: AC10C9CD,AC10C9D8,
IPv4,SGT: <192.168.1.5 , 17:Nurses>
source : SXP;
Peer IP : 172.16.201.205;
Ins Num : 1;
Status : Active;
Seq Num : 11
Peer Seq: AC10C9CD,AC10C9D8,
IPv4,SGT: <192.168.2.68 , 16:Doctors>
source : SXP;
Peer IP : 172.16.201.205;
Ins Num : 1;
Status : Active;
Seq Num : 13
Peer Seq: AC10C9CD,AC100261,
IPv4,SGT: <192.168.199.1 , 10001:E_commerce_WebEPG>
source : SXP;
Peer IP : 172.16.201.205;
Ins Num : 1;
Status : Active;
Seq Num : 3
Peer Seq: AC10C9CD,0A301645,
Total number of IP-SGT Mappings: 4
border-1#
```



Return traffic - SDA side - classify traffic



```
edge-1#show cts role-based permissions
IPv4 Role-based permissions default:
    Permit IP-00
IPv4 Role-based permissions from group 17:Nurses to group 16:Doctors:
    Permit IP-00
IPv4 Role-based permissions from group 10001:E_commerce_WebEPG to group 16:Doctors:
    Permit IP-00
RBACL Monitor All for Dynamic Policies : FALSE
RBACL Monitor All for Configured Policies : FALSE

edge-1#show cts role-based counters
Role-based IPv4 counters
From    To      SW-Denied  HW-Denied  SW-Permitt  HW-Permitt  SW-Monitor  HW-Monitor
*       *       0          0          3500021    7260335    0           0
17      16      0          0          0          0          0           0
10001   16      0          0          0          3939       0           0
edge-1#
```



Egress policy on edge

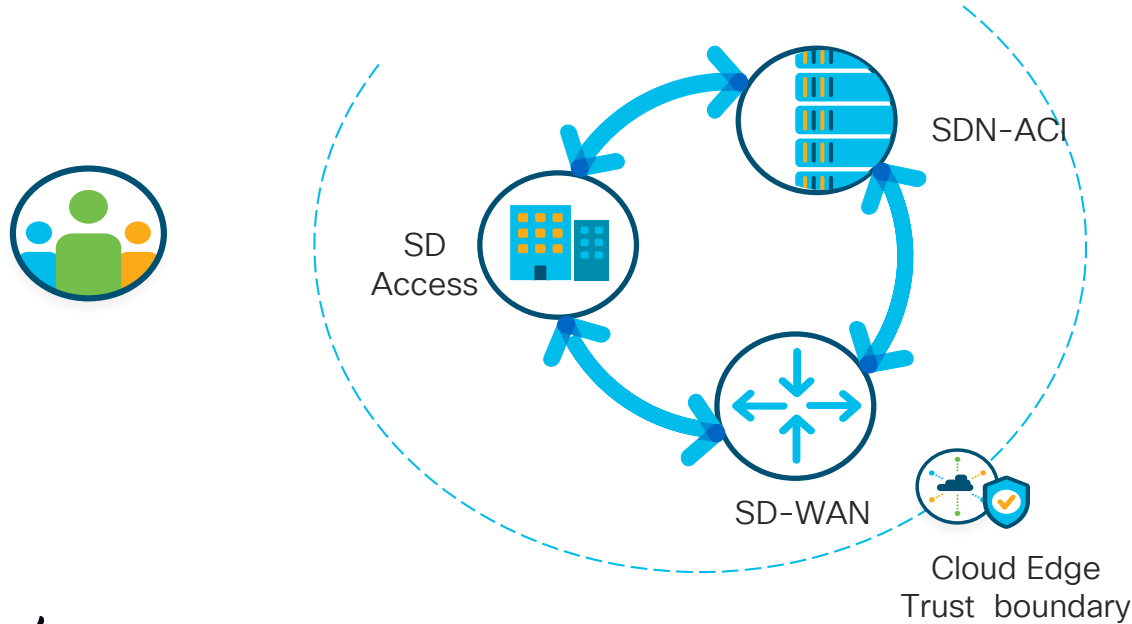


Demo

ACI / SDA integration, the future

Our Direction

- Policy
- Automation
- Telemetry, Analytics and Assurance
- Security, Identity and Segmentation



Disclaimer

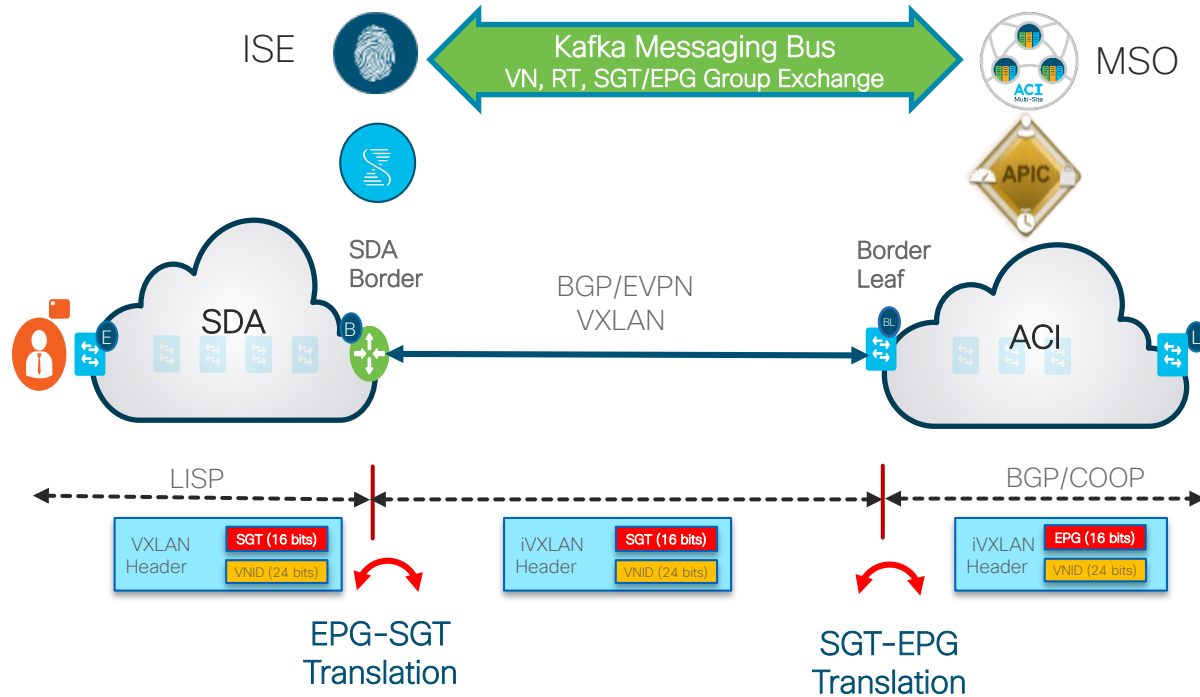
- Phase 2 of ACI/SDA integration is currently planned for Q3CY20. As a consequence some of the specific implementation options described in the following slides may slightly change before FCS



Phase 2 SDA-ACI

Overall Architecture

Q3CY20



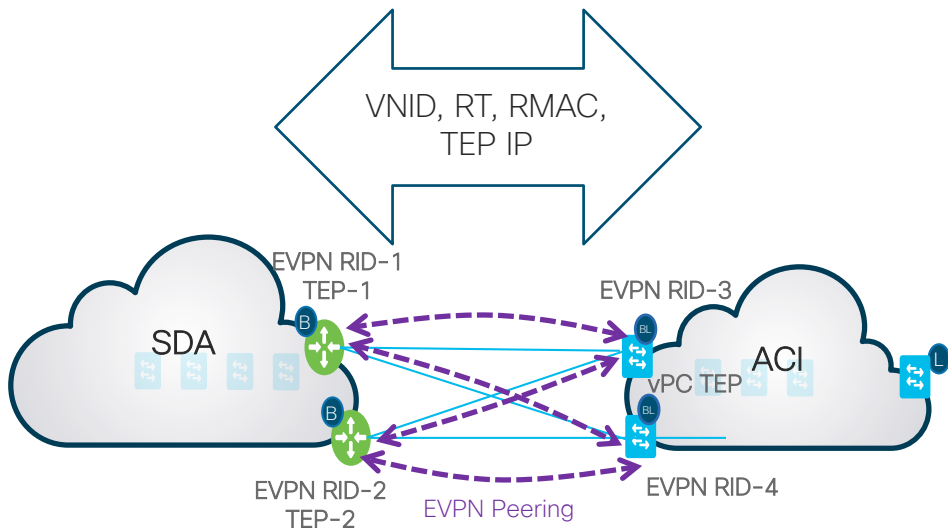
Area	Description
Policy Plane	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> {VN, IP, group} sharing via Kafka Messaging Bus Route Targets exchange between ACI and SDA (through ISE)
Control Plane	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> BGP-EVPN with exchange of subnet information
Data Plane	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> iVXLAN with group information Endpoint data-plane learning on ACI BL nodes

Underlay Connectivity between SDA Border Nodes and ACI BL Nodes

Control Plane Considerations

Control Plane Considerations

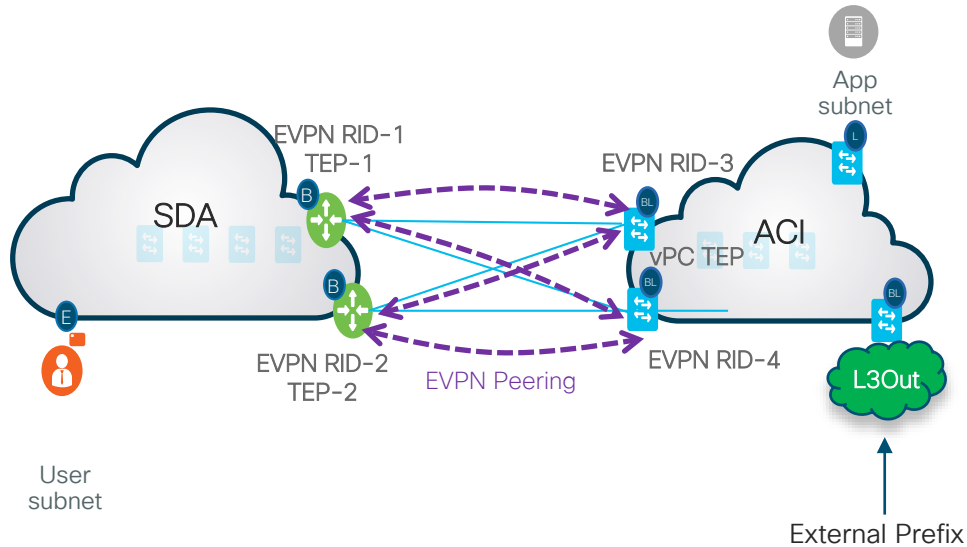
ACI-SDA BGP EVPN Peering



- BGP EVPN peerings to exchange prefix information for Campus and Application subnets
 - Full mesh BGP EVPN adjacencies between EVPN RIDs
- Information exchanged between border nodes:
 - VNIDs for the VRFs defined in each domain (downstream VNID assignment)
 - Route-Targets (RTs) value used to control import/export of prefixes into each VRF (Symmetric RT approach)
 - Router-MAC for the border node originating the prefix
 - TEP IP address to be used as next-hop
- VNID, RMAC, and TEP IP are used to construct VXLAN header for packets forwarded between SDA and ACI domains

Control Plane Considerations

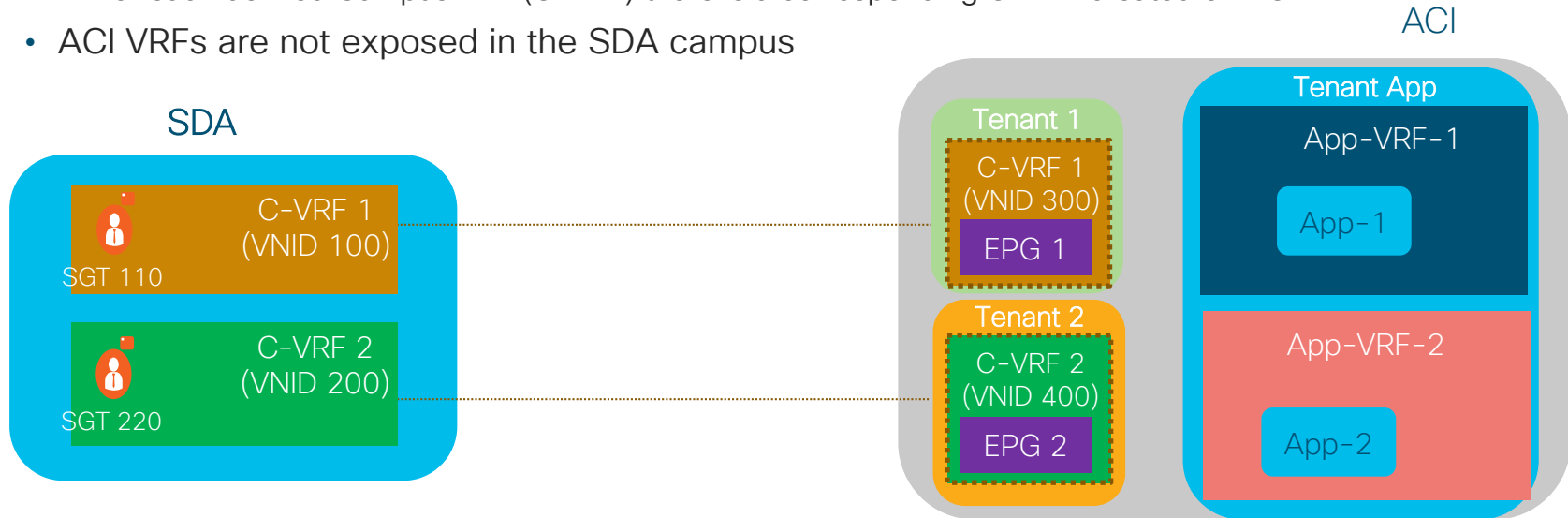
Route Exchange



- Routes are exchanged as EVPN type-5 routes with VNID of dedicated VRF
- Routes are imported within a domain based on the specific VRF RT import policies
- SDA border nodes push to ACI the subnets' routes for the users in the Campus requiring connectivity to the ACI services
- ACI BL nodes advertise the following routes to the SDA border nodes:
 - BD subnets for applications made available from ACI fabric
 - Prefix routes learnt in the ACI fabric from peers connected to other BL L3Outs
 - Specific /32 and /128 host routes for BDs that are stretched between ACI Pods/Sites (not at FCS)

Campus VRF Extension into ACI

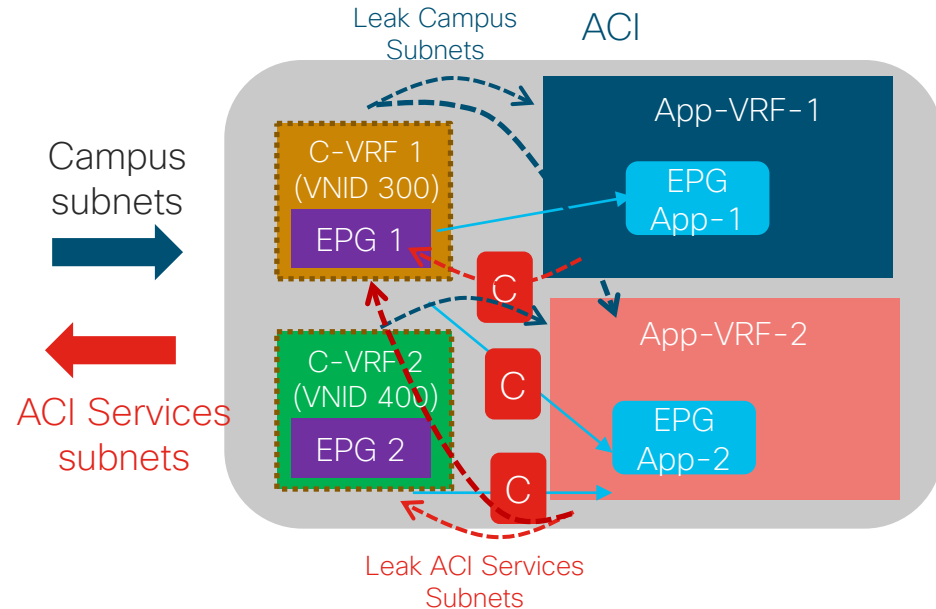
- Support multi-tenancy/multi-VRF design with minimal or no change to existing design on SDA and ACI side
- Allow campus to expose multiple VRFs to DC and ACI to expose apps from multiple VRFs to campus
 - SDA initiates a “Remote Tenant” setup in the ACI domain for each Campus VRF
 - For each defined Campus VRF (C-VRF) there is a corresponding C-VRF created on ACI
- ACI VRFs are not exposed in the SDA campus



Campus VRF Extension into ACI

Route-Leaking in ACI

- **Campus SG consuming an ACI Service:** in ACI is represented as a “shared service” contract between C-VRF and the VRF(s) of the different Application EPGs representing the ACI services
- The subnets representing the ACI services will be leaked into C-VRF on the ACI Border Leaf nodes and advertised toward the Campus through BGP EVPN
- Similarly, the campus Subnets are advertised from the SDA border nodes into the C-VRF in ACI through BGP EVPN and leaked into one or more application VRFs



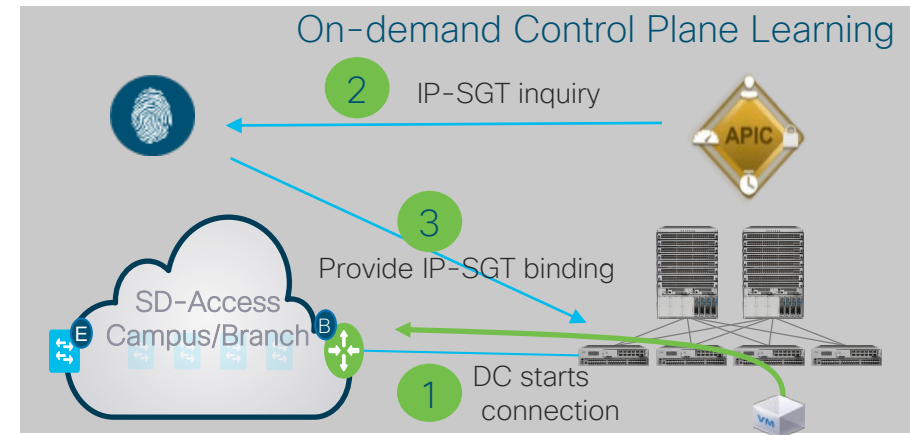
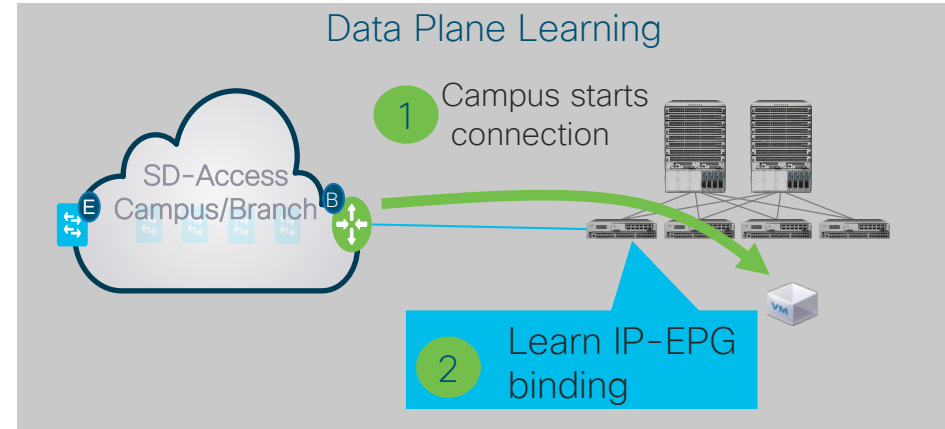
Data Plane Considerations

Phase 2 SDA-ACI

ISE-APIC/MSO Policy and Data Plane Learning

- Each campus SGT is represented as an External EPG in the ACI Border Leaf
- ACI BL learns the mapping of IP-SGT-EPG from data packet
 - Required because adjacent Campus IP addresses may be assigned to different SGTs
- Inquiry ISE for IP-SGT mapping when needed
 - E.g. when EP in ACI initiates the connection toward the campus
- Each domain can apply their policies independent of the other domain
 - On ACI the policy is always applied on the BL nodes (permit/deny/redirect to L4L7 graph, etc.)

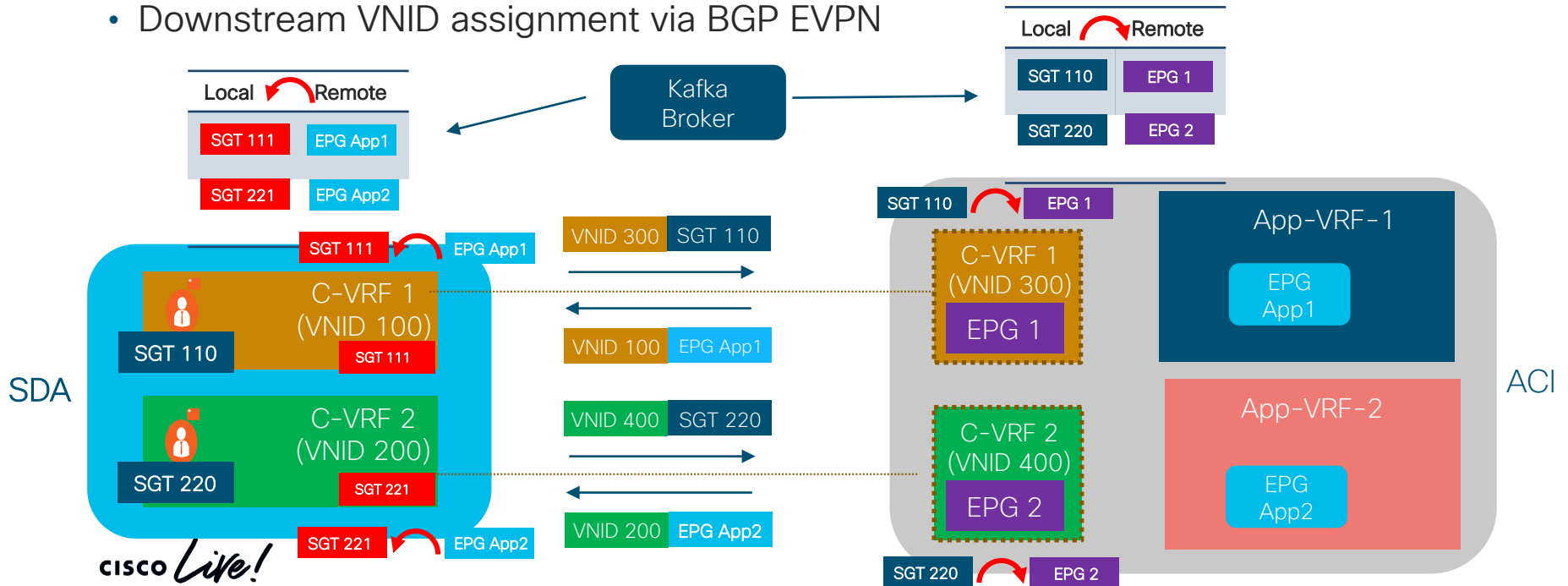
CISCO *Live!*



Campus VRF Extension into ACI

Class-ID Translation between Domains

- Class-ID translations to keep SDA and ACI separated domain for resource allocation
 - Pushed into each domain via Kafka
- Downstream VNID assignment via BGP EVPN



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