

Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G Deployment Guide

February 28, 2007 EDCS-574256



The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G is adaptable for all mobile professionals, from managers on the move within an office environment to associates working in the warehouse, on the sales floor, or in the call center. Nurses, doctors, educators, and IT personnel can be easily reached as industries adopt wireless LANs.

This guide provides information and guidance to help the network administrator deploy these phones in a wireless LAN environment.

Revision History

| Date | Comments |
|------------|-----------------|
| 02/28/2007 | Initial Version |
| | |

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Requirements for Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G

The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G is an IEEE 802.11a/b/g wireless IP phone that provides voice communications in conjunction with these components. Check that your wireless LAN meets the requirements to support the specifications for these phones:

Call Control

For call control, the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G supports only Skinny Client Control Protocol (SCCP) on the following applications:

- Cisco Unified CallManager 4.1, 4.2, 5.0, and later
- Cisco Unified CallManager Express 4.1 and later
- SRST 4.1 and later

Device Support in Cisco Unified CallManager

Cisco Unified CallManager versions 4.1, 4.2 and 5.0 require that you install a device package or service release update in order to enable Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G device support.

CM 5.0(4) or higher requires signed COP files.

Device packages for Cisco Unified CallManager are available at http://www.cisco.com/kobayashi/sw-center/sw-voice.shtml.

Supported Protocols

Supported voice and wireless LAN protocols include these:

- Real Time Protocol (RTP)
- G.711u-law, G.711a-law, G.729a, G.729ab
- Real Time Control Protocol (RTCP)
- Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP)
- Syslog
- CCX v4 Support
- Unscheduled Auto Power Save Delivery (U-APSD) and TSPEC
- Power Save Poll (PS-POLL)

Supported Access Points

The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G is supported on both the Cisco autonomous and lightweight solutions.

These are the recommended software versions:

• Cisco Wireless LAN Controller (Lightweight) 4.0 or higher

• Cisco IOS Access Points (Autonomous) 12.3(8)JEA or higher

Cisco Aironet Access Points



Wireless LAN Controllers



Note: VoWLAN is not currently supported in conjunction with MESH technology.

Cisco Access Point Models and Modes

This table lists the modes that are supported by each Cisco access point.

| Cisco Series | 802.11b | 802.11g | 802.11a | Autonomous | Light Weight |
|--------------|---------|---------|----------|------------|--------------|
| 350 | Yes | No | No | Yes | No |
| 1000 | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| 1100 | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| 1130AG | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 1200 | Yes | Yes | Optional | Yes | Yes |
| 1240AG | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 1300 | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Phone Models and Regulatory Domains

Cisco manufactures four Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G models that support the following domains. On the phone, you can identify its domain by pressing **Settings > Model Information > WLAN Regulatory Domain** and referencing the Regulatory Domain number in this list:

Use this table to identify specific phone versions that support these regulatory domains for use around the world:

| Regulatory Domain | Phone Device Number | Regulatory Domain Number | Band Range | Available Channels | 5 GHz Channel Set |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| FCC (Americas) | CP-7921G-A-K9 | 1050 | 2.412–2.462 GHz | 11 | |
| | | | 5.15–5.25 GHz | 4 | UNII-1 |
| | | | 5.25–5.35 GHz | 4 | UNII-2 |
| | | | 5. 47–5.725 GHz | 11 | UNII-2 Extended |
| | | | 5.725–5.825 GHz | 4 | UNII-3 |
| ETSI (Europe) | CP-7921G-E-K9 | 3051 | 2.412–2.472 GHz | 13 | |
| | | | 5.15–5.725 GHz | 19 | |
| Japan | CP-7921G-J-K9 | 4153 | 2.412–2.472 GHz | 13 (OFDM) | |
| | | | 2.412–2.484 GHz | 14 (CCK) | |
| | | | 5.15–5.35 GHz | 8 | |
| World | CP-7921G-W-K9 | 5252 | Uses 802.11d to identify band ranges and channels | | |

World Mode (802.11d)

If using the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G World (-W) model, then you must enable 802.11d. The phone gives precedence to 802.11d to determine the channels and transmit powers to use and inherits its client configuration from the associated access point.

Enable World-Mode (802.11d) for the corresponding country where the access point is located.

If 802.11d information is not available from the access point, then the phone uses the locally configured regulatory domain. If the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G –A, –E or –P model is taken to another country, where the access point uses a different regulatory domain, then 802.11d will be required for the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G to operate successfully.

When using 802.11a, you can enable 802.11d to discover which channels are used in the network. Specifically, for 802.11h support, the phone passively scans some of the 5 GHz channels (DFS) first before actively scanning any network. channels.

The supported countries where the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G is allowed to operate are listed below:

Supported Countries for the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G

| Australia (AU) | Hungary (HU) | Portugal (PT) |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Austria (AT) | Iceland (IS) | Romania (RO) |
| Belgium (BE) | Ireland (IE) | Saudi Arabia (SA) |
| Bulgaria (BG) | Italy (IT) | Singapore (SG) |
| Canada (CA) | Japan (JP) | Slovakia (SK) |
| Cyprus (CY) | Latvia (LV) | Slovenia (SI) |
| Czech Republic (CZ) | Liechtenstein (LI) | South Africa (ZA) |
| Denmark (DK) | Lithuania (LT) | Spain (ES) |
| Estonia (EE) | Luxembourg (LU) | Sweden (SE) |
| Finland (FI) | Malta (MT) | Switzerland (CH) |

France (FR) Monaco (MC) Turkey (TR)
Germany (DE) Netherlands (NL) Ukraine (UA)

Gibraltar (GI) New Zealand (NZ) United Kingdom (GB)
Greece (GR) Norway (NO) United States (US

HongKong (HK) Poland (PL)

Note: To see if countries not included in this list are now supported, go to the Cisco Product Approval Status web site at this LIBL.

 $\underline{http://tools.cisco.com/cse/prdapp/jsp/externalsearch.do?action=externalsearch\&page=EXTERNAL_SEARCH_NACTIONAL_SEARCH_NACTIONAL_NACTIO$

Data Rates, Range and Receiver Sensitivity

Use this table to see the data rates, ranges, and receiver sensitivities for Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G depending on the WiFi standard in use.

| 802.11a | Data Rate | Range | Receiver Sensitivity |
|----------------------|-----------|------------------|----------------------|
| Max Tx Power is 40mW | 6 Mbps | 610 ft (186 m) | -89 dBm |
| | 9 Mbps | 610 ft (186 m) | -88 dBm |
| | 12 Mbps | 558 ft (170 m) | -86 dBm |
| | 18 Mbps | 541 ft (165 m) | -85 dBm |
| | 24 Mbps | 508 ft (155 m) | -82 dBm |
| | 36 Mbps | 426 ft (130 m) | -80 dBm |
| | 48 Mbps | 328 ft (100 m) | -76 dBm |
| | 54 Mbps | 295 ft (90 m) | -74 dBm |
| 802.11g | Data Rate | Range | Receiver Sensitivity |
| Max Tx Power is 40mW | 6 Mbps | 722 ft (220 m) | -90 dBm |
| | 9 Mbps | 656 ft (200 m) | -89 dBm |
| | 12 Mbps | 623 ft (190 m) | -87 dBm |
| | 18 Mbps | 623 ft (190 m) | -85 dBm |
| | 24 Mbps | 623 ft (190 m) | -82 dBm |
| | 36 Mbps | 492 ft (150 m) | -78 dBm |
| | 48 Mbps | 410 ft (125 m) | -74 dBm |
| | 54 Mbps | 394 ft (120 m) | -73 dBm |
| 802.11b | Data Rate | Range | Receiver Sensitivity |
| Max Tx Power is 50mW | 1 Mbps | 1,027 ft (313 m) | -95 dBm |
| | 2 Mbps | 951 ft (290 m) | -89 dBm |
| | 5.5 Mbps | 853 ft (260 m) | -89 dBm |
| | 11 Mbps | 787 ft (240 m) | -85 dBm |

Setting Data Rates

When 802.11b clients exist in the wireless network, then you should set data rates as follows:

- 11 Mbps as the basic rate (mandatory)
- 18–54 Mbps as optional (supported)
- Disable the other lower data rates.

Note: Some environments may require that you enable the 5.5 Mbps rate as a basic rate.

Set the lowest data rate enabled as the basic rate.

If 802.11b clients are not allowed in the WLAN, then you can disable the 1, 2, 5.5, 11 Mbps data rates. Note that capacity and throughput are reduced when lower rates are enabled.

Wireless Security

When deploying a WLAN, you must provide security. The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G supports the following wireless security features.

Authentication

Cisco Centralized Key Management (CCKM)

802.11i (802.1x authentication + TKIP encryption)

802.11i (802.1x authentication + AES encryption)

802.11i (Pre-Shared key + TKIP encryption)

802.11i (Pre-Shared key + AES encryption)

Extensible Authentication Protocol – Flexible Authentication via Secure Tunneling (EAP-FAST)

Lightweight Extensible Authentication Protocol (LEAP)

Encryption

Advanced Encryption Scheme (AES)

Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) / Message Integrity Check (MIC)

40-bit and 128-bit Wired Equivalent Protocol (WEP)

Cisco Centralized Key Management (CCKM)

When using 802.1x type authentication, you should implement CCKM for authentication. 802.1 xs can introduce delay during roaming due to its requirement for full re-authentication. CCKM centralizes the key management and reduces the number of key exchanges. Also, WPA introduces additional transient keys and can lengthen roaming time.

TKIP encryption is recommended when using CCKM for fast roaming as CCKM does not support AES currently.

Extensible Authentication Protocol - Flexible Authentication via Secure Tunneling (EAP-FAST)

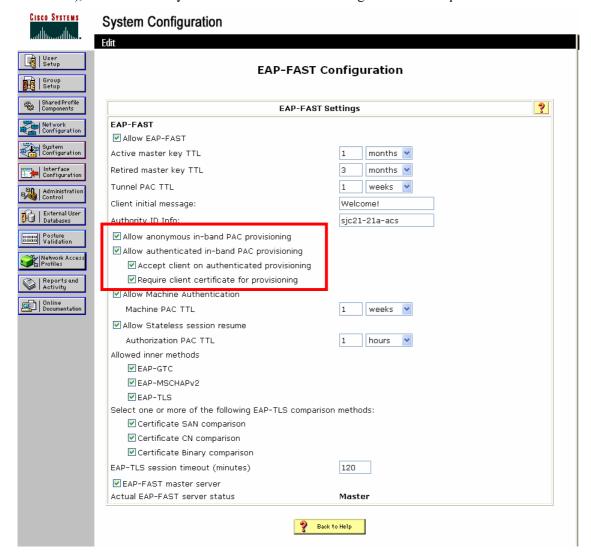
This client server security architecture encrypts EAP transactions within a Transport Level Security (TLS) tunnel between the access point and the Remote Authentication Dial-in User Service (RADIUS) server such as the Cisco Access Control Server (ACS).

The TLS tunnel uses Protected Access Credentials (PACs) for authentication between the client (phone) and the RADIUS server. The server sends an Authority ID (AID) to the client (phone), which in turn selects the appropriate PAC. The client (phone) returns a PAC-Opaque to the RADIUS server. The server decrypts the PAC with its master-key. Both end points now

have the PAC key and a TLS tunnel is created. EAP-FAST supports automatic PAC provisioning, but you must enable it on the RADIUS

To enable EAP-FAST in ACS 4.0, you must install a certificate.

The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G currently supports only automatic provisioning of the PAC (Protected Access Credential), so enable "Anonymous In-Band PAC Provisioning" on the access point as shown.



Voice Security

The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G supports the following voice security features.

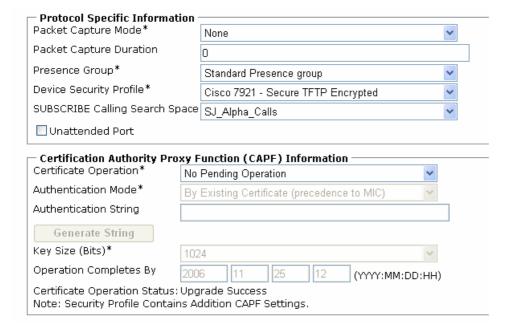
- Certificates
- Image authentication
- Device authentication
- File authentication
- Signaling authentication
- Secure Cisco Unified SRST
- Media encryption (SRTP)

- Signaling encryption (TLS)
- Certificate authority proxy function (CAPF)
- Secure profiles
- Encrypted configuration files
- Settings Access (can limit user access to configuration menus)
- Locked Network Profiles
- Administrator Password

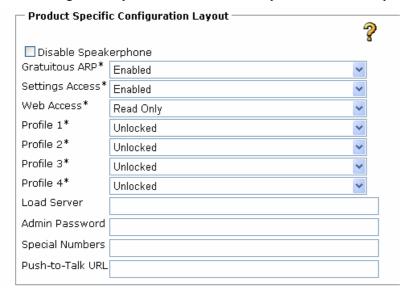
Setting Voice Security in Cisco Unified CallManager

Cisco Unified CallManager provides these available voice security features. For more information, refer to the Cisco Unified CallManager documentation at

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/voicesw/ps556/tsd products support series home.html



On the IP Phone Configuration page in Cisco Unified CallManager Administration, these Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G configuration options are available. For explanations of these options, click the "?" on the configuration page.



Phone Battery Life

The standard battery provides up to 80 hours standby time or up to 10 hours talk time.

The extended battery provides up to 100 hrs standby time or up to 12 hours talk time.

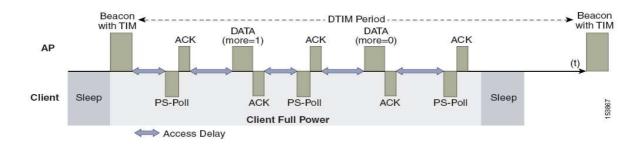
To extend battery life, Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G can use PS-POLL or U-APSD power save methods.

Power Save Poll (PS-POLL)

The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G uses PS-POLL when in idle mode.

If WiFi MultiMedia (WMM) is disabled on the access point, then the wireless IP phone uses PS-POLL for power save when a phone call is active.

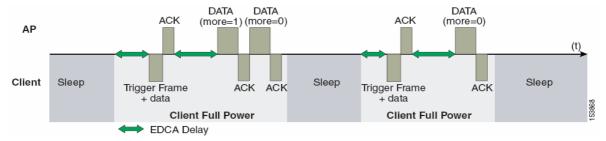
This is a sample packet sequence when using PS-POLL.



Unscheduled Auto Power Save Delivery (U-APSD)

When the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G is in an active phone call, it uses U-APSD (Unscheduled Auto Power Save Delivery) instead of PS-POLL for power save when WMM is enabled. U-APSD helps optimize battery life.

This is a sample packet sequence when using U-APSD.



Delivery Traffic Indicator Message (DTIM)

Increasing the DTIM period can also increase the battery life. The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G uses the DTIM period to schedule wakeup periods to check for incoming packets.

For optimal battery life and performance, we recommend setting the DTIM period to "2" with a beacon period of 100ms.

Single Access Point Mode

When using only one access point, select Single Access Point Mode on the phone to reduce scanning and optimize battery life for phones that do not roam.

When using multiple access points with roaming phones, disable "Single AP Mode", which is the default setting. This will prevent voice quality issues for roaming phones.

Quality of Service (QoS)

Quality of Service enables queuing to ensure high priority for voice traffic. To implement appropriate queuing for voice traffic, use the following suggestions:

- Ensure that WMM is enabled on the access point.
- Create a QoS policy on the access point giving priority to voice (RTP) traffic and apply that profile to the desired interfaces.

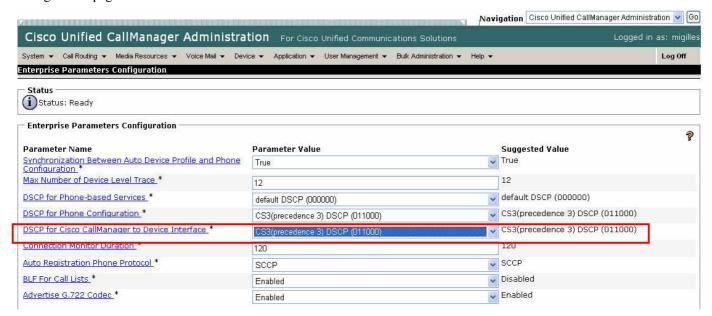
RTP (DSCP = EF) to
$$COS = 6$$

SCCP (DSCP = CS3) to $COS = 3$

- Be sure that RTP packets have the proper QoS markings and other protocols are not using the same QoS markings.
- Select the "Platinum" QoS profile for the voice WLAN when using Cisco Wireless LAN Controller technology and set the 802.1p tag to "6".
- Enable Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) preservation on the Cisco IOS switch and/or use a QoS policy to set DSCP to EF for RTP traffic (UDP port range 16384-32767) on the Cisco IOS router.

Configuring QoS for Phones in Cisco Unified CallManager

The SCCP DSCP values are configured in the Cisco Unified CallManager enterprise parameters. Cisco Unified CallManager uses the default value of CS3 to have devices set the DSCP marking for SCCP packets as shown in the Enterprise Parameters Configuration page.



Configuring QoS Policies for the Network

Set up QoS policies and settings for the following network devices.

Configuring Cisco IOS Access Points

You can use this QoS policy on the Cisco IOS access point (AP) to enable DSCP to COS mapping. This allows RTP packets to be placed into the voice queue, if those packets are marked correctly, when received at the access point level.

```
class-map match-all RTP
  match ip dscp ef
class-map match-all SCCP
  match ip dscp cs3
!
policy-map Voice
  class RTP
   set cos 6
  class SCCP
   set cos 3
!
interface X
  service-policy input Voice
  service-policy output Voice
```

Configuring Cisco Switch Ports

Configure the Cisco access point switch ports and uplink switch ports for DSCP trust.

```
mls qos
!
interface X
  mls qos trust dscp
```

Configuring Switch Ports for Wired IP Phones

Enable the Cisco wired IP phone switch ports for Cisco phone trust

```
mls qos
!
Interface X
  mls qos trust device cisco-phone
```

Configuring the Cisco IOS Router with the QoS Policy for Phones

Use this QoS policy on IOS router interfaces to map RTP and SCCP correctly, and optionally, you can mark all other traffic as best effort.

```
ip access-list extended SCCP
 permit tcp any eq 2000 any
 permit tcp any any eq 2000
ip access-list extended RTP
 permit udp any range 16384 32767 any
permit udp any any range 16384 32767
class-map match-all SCCP
match access-group name SCCP
class-map match-all RTP
match access-group name RTP
policy-map Voice
class RTP
 set dscp ef
class SCCP
 set dscp cs3
interface X
 service-policy input Voice
 service-policy output Voice
```

Sample Packet Capture

This packet capture shows that packets bound for the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G are marked with DSCP = EF and COS = 6 for RTP packets.



Configuring Call Admission Control

You have the option to configure inbound and outbound call admission control on the access point:

- Enable Call Admission Control / WiFi MultiMedia Traffic Specifications (TSPEC)
- Set the desired maximum RF bandwidth that is allocated for voice traffic
- Set the bandwidth that is reserved for roaming clients.

You can modify the PHY rate for the phone to use when Call Admission Control (CAC) is enabled.

Enable a rate that is greater than or equal to 12 Mbps. (Default setting is 12 Mbps)

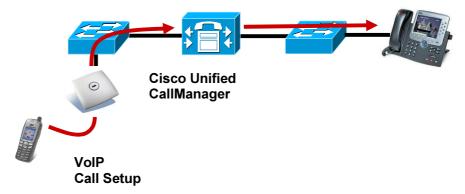
If you are using an 802.11b access point, then you must modify the PHY rate on each Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G phone to a supported data rate for 802.11b.

TSPEC has precedence over QBSS (QoS Basic Service Set).

Pre-Call Admission Control

If Call Admission Control (TSPEC) is enabled on the access point, the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G I sends an ADDTS (Add Traffic Stream) to the access point to request bandwidth in order to place or receive a call. If the AP sends an ADDTS successful message then the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G establishes the call. If the call is rejected by the access point and the wireless IP phone has no other access point to roam to, then phone displays "Network Busy".

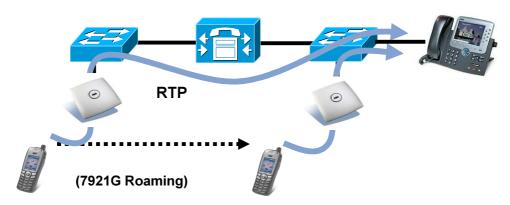
Pre-Call Admission Control



Roaming Admission Control

During a call, the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G measures Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI), QoS Basic Service Set (QBSS), and Packet Error Rate (PER) values for the current and all available access points to make roaming decisions.

If the original access point where the call was established had Call Admission Control (TSPEC) enabled, then the wireless IP phone will send an ADDTS request during the roam to the new access point.



For more information about Call Admission Control and QoS, refer to the "Cisco Unified Wireless Quality of Service" chapter in the chapter in the *Enterprise Design Mobility Guide* at this URL: http://www.cisco.com/univered/cc/td/doc/solution/emblty30.pdf

Designing the Wireless Network for Voice

You must consider these network design areas to insure adequate call capacity, signal strength and coverage for mobile wireless phones.

For more information about these topics, refer to the "VoWLAN Design Recommendations" chapter in the *Enterprise Design Mobility Guide* at this URL: http://www.cisco.com/univered/cc/td/doc/solution/emblty30.pdf

Call Capacity

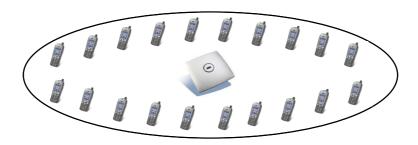
Design the network to accommodate the desired call capacity. The Cisco Access Point can support up to 20 active RTP streams for both 802.11g and 802.11a at a data rate of 54 Mbps. To achieve this capacity, you must use U-APSD and have minimal WLAN background traffic and radio frequency (RF) utilization.

At 11 Mbps, the Cisco Access Point can support up to 10 active RTP streams when using U-APSD with the same WLAN traffic conditions.

The number of calls may vary depending on the data rate, initial channel utilization, and the environment.

Using U-APSD instead of PS-POLL provides higher call capacity because U-PSAD is more efficient and has limited management overhead.

Each RTP stream is a connection from a phone to the access point or from the access point to a phone.



Dynamic Transmit Power Control (DTPC)

To successfully exchange packets between the wireless IP phone and the access point, you need to configure Dynamic Transmit Power Control (DTPC).

When using an access point that supports DTPC, set the client power to match the local access point power. **Note:** Do not use default setting of Max power.

If the access point does not support DTPC, then manually set the transmit power on the phone to match the highest transmit power of an access point in the WLAN. This setting prevents one-way audio when RF traffic is heard in one direction only.



Setting Preamble Type on the Access Point

Use the short preamble setting in the radio configuration setting on the access point when no legacy clients that require a long preamble are present in the WLAN.

By using the short preamble instead of the legacy long preamble, the wireless network performance is improved.

Planning Channel Usage

Use these guidelines to plan channel usage for these wireless environments.

5 GHz (802.11a)

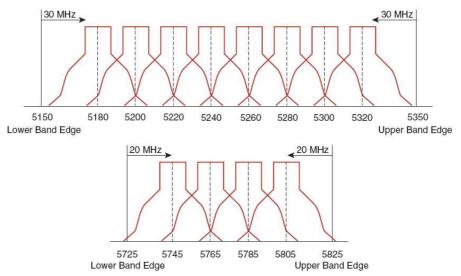
The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G supports Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) and Transmit Power Control (TPC) that are required for 802.11a (802.11h).

DFS dynamically instructs a transmitter to switch to another channel whenever radar signal is detected. If the access point detects radar, the radio on the access point goes on hold for at least 60 seconds while the access point passively scans for another usable channel.

TPC allows the client and access point to exchange information, so that the client can dynamically adjust the transmit power. The client uses only enough energy to maintain association to the access point at a given data rate. As a result, the client contributes less to adjacent cell interference, which allows for more densely deployed, high-performance WLANs.

Lower power on the client provides longer battery life because less power is used by the radio.

5 GHz channels overlap their adjacent channel, so there should be at least 1 channel of separation for adjacent access points.



Using Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) on Access Points

For autonomous solution access points, select Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) to use auto channel selection.

When DFS is enabled, enable at least one band (bands 1-4).

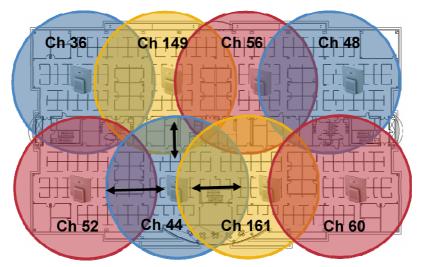
For lightweight solution access points, enable Auto RF.

In case of radar activity, have at least one access point per area that uses a non-DFS channel (UNII-1). This ensures that a channel is available when an access point's radio is in its hold-off period while scanning for a new usable channel.

For autonomous access points, enable band 1 only which allows the access point to use only a UNII-1 channel.

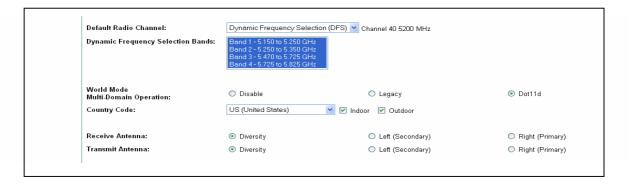
For lightweight solution, manually select a UNII-1 channel (channels 36, 40, 44, 48) for the desired access points.

In this diagram, 5 GHz cells use a non-DFS channel while other nearby cells use DFS channels to permit maximum call capacity under all conditions.



Minimum 20% Overlap

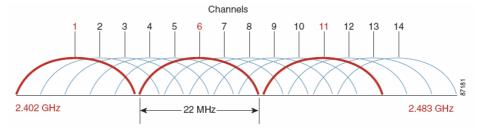
Currently the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G only supports up to 16 channels. For 5 GHz, 20 channels are available in the Americas and 19 channels in Europe. If the UNII-2 extended channels (channels 100-140) are available for use, we recommend that you disable UNII-2 (channels 52-64) on the access point.



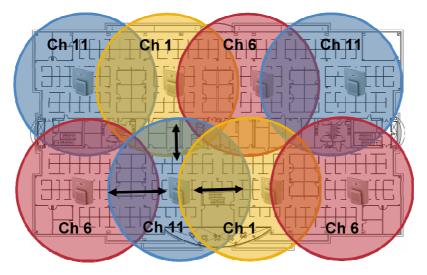
2.4 GHz (802.11b/g)

In the 2.4 GHz (802.11b/g environment, you must use non-overlapping channels when deploying VoWLAN. Non-overlapping channels have 22 MHz of separation and are at least 5 channels apart.

There are only 3 non-overlapping channels in the 2.4 GHz frequency range (channels 1, 6, 11). In Japan, you can use Channel 14 as a fourth non-overlapping channel when using 802.11b access points.



You must use non-overlapping channels and allow at least 20 percent overlap with adjacent channels when deploying phones in the 802.11b/g environment.



Minimum 20% Overlap

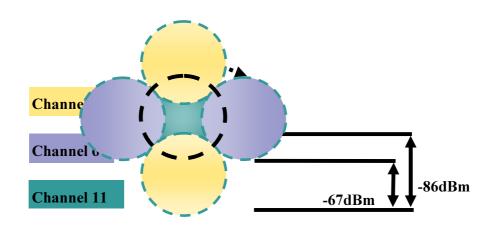
Signal Strength and Coverage

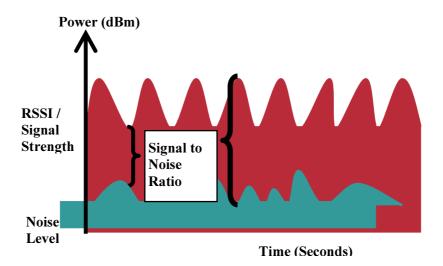
To ensure acceptable voice quality, the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G should always have a signal of -67 dBm or higher and ensure the Packet Error Rate (PER) is no higher than 1%.

Maintain a minimum SNR of 25dB = -92dBm noise level with -67 dBm signal.

The radius of the cell should be -67 dBm.

For more information about signal strength and cell edge design, refer to the "VoWLAN Design Recommendations" chapter in the *Enterprise Design Mobility Guide* at this URL: http://www.cisco.com/univered/cc/td/doc/solution/emblty30.pdf





Coverage

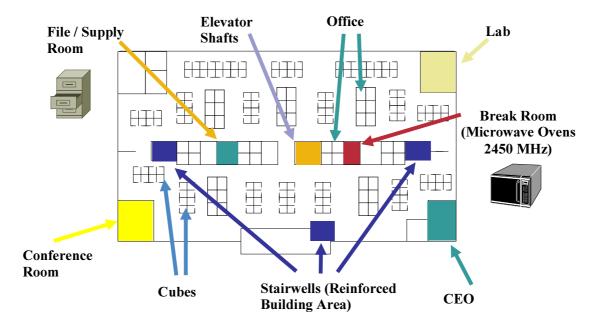
When designing the placement of access points, be sure that all key areas have sufficient coverage (signal).

Typical WLAN deployments for data only applications do not provide coverage for some areas where VoWLAN service is necessary such as elevators, stairways, and outside corridors.

WLAN interference is generated by microwave ovens, 2.4 GHz cordless phones, Bluetooth devices, or other electronic equipment operating in the 2.4 GHz band.

Microwave ovens operate on 2450 MHz, which is between channels 8 and 9 of 802.11b/g. Some microwaves are shielded more than others and that shielding reduces the spread of the energy. Microwave energy can impact channel 11, and some microwaves can affect the entire frequency range (channels 1 through 11). To avoid microwave interference, select channel 1 for use with access points that are located near microwaves.

Most microwave ovens, Bluetooth, phones and frequency hopping devices do not have the same effect on the 5 GHz frequency. The 802.11a technology provides more non-overlapping channels and typically lower initial RF utilization. For voice deployments, it is suggested that you use 802.11a for voice and use 802.11b/g for data.



Verify Coverage with Site Survey Tools

These are some of the tools and applications that you can use to verify coverage.

- Cisco Wireless Control System (WCS)
- Cisco Wireless LAN Solution Engine (WLSE)
- AirMagnet Survey (<u>www.airmagnet.com</u>)

After the WLAN is deployed, you can also use the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G to verify coverage by using the Site Survey menu.

The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G only scans other non-associated channels when the current signal lowers to a certain threshold, so you may see only one access point in the list.

To see all access points, place a call from the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G to a wired IP phone, where scanning occurs constantly while the phone call is active.

Access the Site Survey menu on the phone by pressing Settings > Status > Site Survey





Configuring Access Points

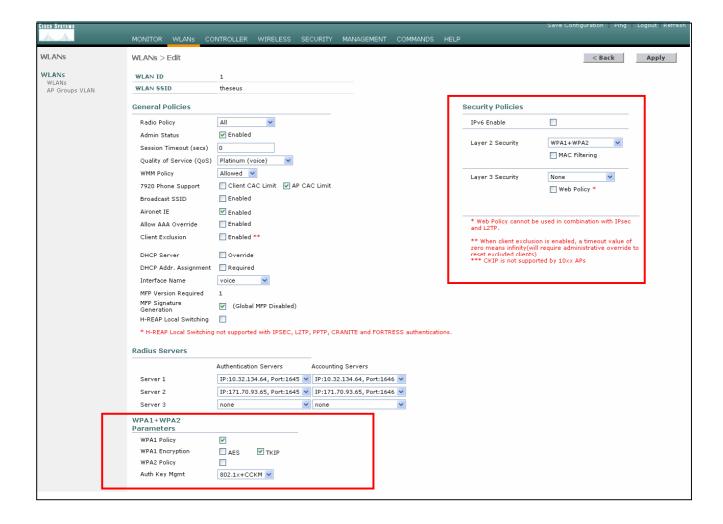
When configuring your access points, use these guidelines:

- Set the QoS policy to "Platinum".
- Enable WMM to enable QoS and the ability to use U-APSD.
- Disable DHCP address assignment required.
- Ensure "Aggressive Load Balancing" is disabled

When using 802.1x authentication, we recommend that you use CCKM which is supported using either TKIP or WEP encryption.

Note: CCKM is not supported with AES encryption.

If you have clients from other regions that will attempt to associate with the WLAN enable World Mode (802.11d)



VLANs and Autonomous Access Points

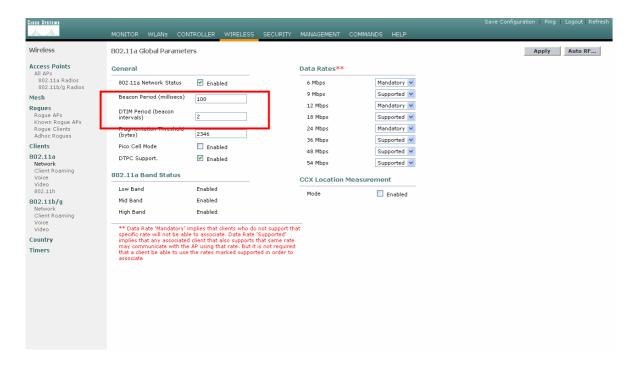
Segment wireless voice and data into two separate VLANs.

When you have autonomous access points, use a dedicated native VLAN. Autonomous access points use Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP), which is a multicast protocol.

For the native VLAN, we recommend that you do not use VLAN1 to ensure that packets are exchanged successfully.

Delivery Traffic Indicator Message (DTIM) Settings

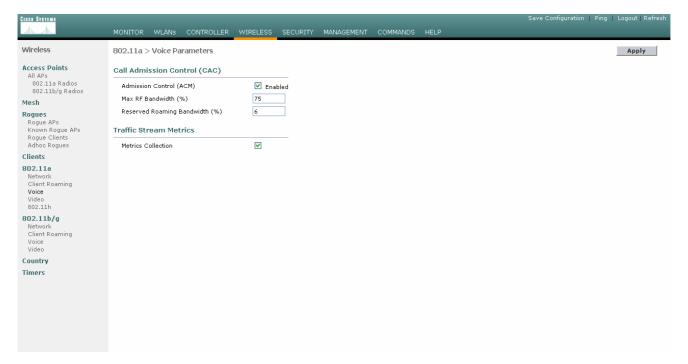
For optimal battery performance and quality, use DTIM of 2 with a beacon period of 100ms.



Call Admission Control (TSPEC) Settings

To enable Call Admission Control (TSPEC), you must configure maximum bandwidth and roaming bandwidth percentages for voice.

Maximum bandwidth default setting for voice is 75%, and 6% of that bandwidth is reserved for roaming clients.



Setting the Controller 802.1x Timeout

If using EAP-FAST or the 802.1x authentication is traversing the WAN, you need to increase the 802.1x timeout on the controller (default = 2 seconds) in order for the client to obtain the PAC via automatic provisioning.

The default timeout on the Cisco ACS server is 20 seconds, which is the recommended value

To change the 802.1x timeout on the Cisco Wireless LAN controller, telnet or SSH to the controller and enter the following command

For more information about these topics, refer to the *Enterprise Design Mobility Guide* at this URL: http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/solution/emblty30.pdf

Voice Quality Metrics

You can use the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G web interface to view call statistics information and troubleshoot possible problems with the network. Log onto the web interface and view Stream Statistics.

For more information, see the "Troubleshooting the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G" chapter in the *Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G Administration Guide* at this URL:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/phones/ps379/products administration guide chapter09186a008079b52a.html



Configuring the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G

There are two methods for configuring network settings on the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G:

Configuring Phones with the Keypad

You can use the menus and keypad on the phone by pressing **Settings > Network Profiles**. You need to unlock the screen by pressing **#.

For more information, refer to the "Configuring Settings on the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G" in the *Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G Administration Guide* at this URL: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/phones/ps379/products administration guide chapter09186a008079b4ce.htmll

Configuring Phones with the Web Interface

The phone has an HTTPS enabled web interface that you can access via the 802.11a/b/g radio or USB.

If you are using the USB cable connection to a PC, you must manually set a static IP on the computer side, for example, 192.168.1.X /24. By default, the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G USB is statically set to 192.168.1.100 /24.

You must log in to the administration web pages by using these defaults: username is "admin" and the password is "Cisco".

For more information, refer to the "Using the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G Web Pages" in the *Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G Administration Guide* at this URL: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/phones/ps379/products_administration_guide_chapter09186a008079b476.html

Configuring the Network Profile Parameters

Use these guidelines to configure network profiles.

- The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G supports multiple network profiles that allow one SSID per network profile.
- To extend battery life, use U-APSD mode for power save mode during active calls.
- If using 802.1x authentication via LEAP, EAP-FAST or AKM authentication modes, you must configure a username and password.
- If using WPA Pre-Shared key, enter the ASCII or hexadecimal formatted key.
- If using open authentication plus WEP encryption or shared key authentication, enter the static WEP key information that matches the access point configuration.
- Select whether to use Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) or configure static IP information.
- If option 150 or 66 is not configured to provide the TFTP server IP address via the network's DHCP scope, then enter the TFTP server IP address info.

Note: WEP128 is listed as WEP104 on the Cisco Wireless LAN controllers.

| illiilli CISCO | Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G SEP00093702281D | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| CISCO | | | | | |
| | Phone DN 23675 | LI 00093702281D | | | |
| HOME SETUP | | | | | |
| NETWORK PROFILES | Network Profile 1 Settings | | Advanced Profile 1 | | |
| Profile 1 Profile 2 | Wireless | | | | |
| Profile 3 Profile 4 | Profile Name | Profile 1 | | | |
| USB SETTINGS | SSID | theseus | | | |
| TRACE SETTINGS INFORMATION | Single Access Point | ○ True ● False | | | |
| NETWORK WIRELESS LAN | Call Power Save Mode | U-APSD/PS-POLL 💌 | | | |
| DEVICE | 802.11 Mode | 802.11a | ~ | | |
| STATISTICS WIRELESS LAN | WLAN Security | | | | |
| NETWORK STREAM STATISTICS | Authentication Method | EAP-FAST 🔻 | | | |
| STREAM 1 STREAM 2 | Export Security Credentials | ○ True ● False | | | |
| SYSTEM | Wireless Security Credentials | | | | |
| TRACE LOGS BACKUP SETTINGS | Username | migilles | | | |
| PHONE UPGRADE CHANGE PASSWORD | Password | ••••• | | | |
| | WPA Pre-shared Key Credentials | | | | |
| | Pre-shared Key Type | ASCII | | | |
| | Pre-shared Key | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Wireless Encryption | | | | |
| | Key Type Hex ASCII | | | | |
| | Transmit Key | Encryption Key | Key Size | | |
| | Encryption Key 1 | | ● 40 ○ 128 | | |
| | Encryption Key 2 | | ◎ 40 ○ 128 | | |
| | Encryption Key 3 | | ● 40 ○ 128 | | |
| | Encryption Key 4 | | ● 40 ○ 128 | | |
| | IP Network Configuration | | | | |
| | Obtain IP address and DNS se | | | | |
| | O Use the following IP address a | and DNS servers | | | |
| | IP Address | | | | |
| | Subnet Mask | | | | |
| | Default Router | | | | |
| | Primary DNS Server | | | | |
| | Secondary DNS Server | | | | |
| | Domain Name | | | | |
| | TFTP | lii. | | | |
| | Obtain TFTP servers automati | | | | |
| | Use the following TFTP server | s | | | |
| | TFTP Server 1 | | | | |
| | TFTP Server 2 | | | | |
| | 7. | | B | | |
| | | | Reset Save | | |

Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G Deployment Guide

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Configuring Advanced Network Profile Settings

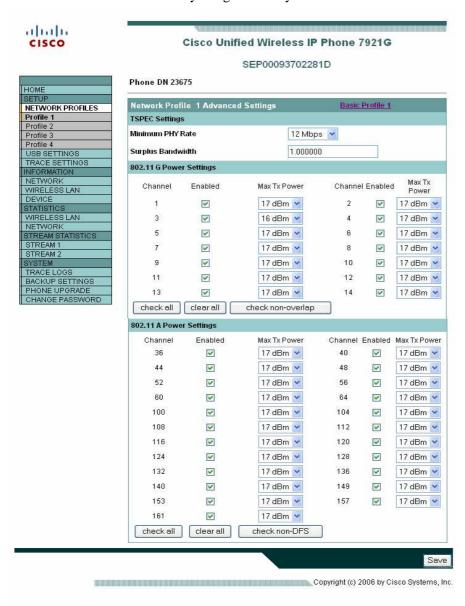
In the Advanced Network Profile settings, you can adjust the PHY rate. If less than 12 Mbps is enabled in the WLAN, then you must configure this parameter.

By limiting number of channels to be scanned, this helps reduce the time for access point discovery while passively scanning DFS channels in 802.11a mode. This also preserves battery life.

Disable only those channels that are not used in the WLAN. If you disable a channel that is currently used by an access point, then the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G might not associate to the WLAN successfully.

If all channels that are used in the WLAN are disabled on the phone, then use one of these methods to browse to the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G:

- USB cable connected to the PC.
- Full web access enabled in the Cisco Unified CallManager
- Re-enable all channels by using the factory default



Using Templates to Configure Phones

You can import and export phone configuration templates to the phone for fast configuration. The web interface, under Backup Settings encrypts the configuration file. You must specify the encryption key before exporting the file.

To export WLAN security information, such as authentication, username/password, pre-shared key, WEP keys, to a template, you must set the network profile to allow this capability. In the network profile that you want to use as a template, set "Export Security Credentials" to "True". Then you can import this information to other Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G phones.



Setting the Phone to Factory Default

You can clear configuration options that are stored in the phone by using the factory default menu option on the phone.

The factory default option erases all user-defined entries in Network Profiles, Phone Settings, and Call History.

To erase the local configuration, follow these steps:

- 1. Choose Settings > Phone Settings.
- 2. Press "**2" on the keypad.

The phone briefly displays "Restore to Default?"

3. Press the "Yes" softkey to confirm or "No" to cancel.

The phone resets after selecting "Yes".

Upgrading Firmware

There are two methods for upgrading Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G firmware.

Wireless TFTP

During TFTP server download, the phone configuration file is parsed and the device load is identified. The phone downloads the firmware files to flash if it is not running the specified image.

Cisco Unified CallManager device load takes precedence over the TFTP firmware version.

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You can specify the Load Server as an alternate TFTP server to retrieve firmware files in the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G product specific configuration in Cisco Unified CallManager Administration.

Web Interface

You can upload the firmware to the phone by using the web interface option, Phone Upgrade and browsing to the firmware TAR file.

Note: If the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G registers to Cisco Unified CallManager, web access to the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G gets set to read-only mode. In this mode, you are not allowed access to upgrade firmware.

Localization

The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G currently supports these languages. Other languages will be supported in the future.

- English
- French
- German
- Japanese

You must install the Locale packages to enable language support for these languages. English is the default language on the phone.

Download the locale packages from the Localization page at

http://www.cisco.com/kobayashi/sw-center/telephony/callmgr/locale-installer.shtml.

Healthcare Environments

This product is not intended for use with patient monitoring devices or other patient care devices, and should not be used as a primary communications tool in healthcare environments as it may use an unregulated frequency band susceptible to interference from other devices or equipment.

Cleaning the Phone

Gently wipe the Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G screen and housing with a soft, dry cloth.

Do not use any liquids or powders to clean the phone. Using anything other than a soft, dry cloth can damage the phone and cause failures.

Cover cases can protect the phone from moisture, dust, and dirt, and provide drop protection.

Available Phone Accessories

You can order these accessories for the phone. For more information, refer to the *Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G Accessories Guide* at this URL:

 $\underline{http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/phones/ps379/products_user_guide09186a008076b878.html}$

Carry Cases (also available at <u>www.zcover.com</u>)

Headsets (www.plantronics.com/cisco and www.jabra.com)

Desktop Charger

• Multi-Charger (available mid year 2007)

Lock Set

The Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G Multi-charger works well for locations where users share a common charging area, such as shift rooms.

Note: Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G and 7920 accessories are not interchangeable.

Additional Documentation

Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G Datasheet

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/phones/ps379/products data sheet0900aecd8059fcab.html

Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G Documentation

http://www.cisco.com/univered/cc/td/doc/product/voice/c ipphon/english/wip7921

Cisco Unified Wireless IP Phone 7921G Firmware

http://www.cisco.com/cgi-bin/tablebuild.pl/ip-7900ser-crypto

Cisco Voice Software

http://www.cisco.com/kobayashi/sw-center/sw-voice.shtml

Cisco Localization

http://www.cisco.com/kobayashi/sw-center/telephony/callmgr/locale-installer.shtml

Mobility SRND

http://www.cisco.com/univered/cc/td/doc/solution/emblty30.pdf

Access Points Using Lightweight Documentation

http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/wireless/control/index.htm

Access Points Using Autonomous Solution Documentation

http://www.cisco.com/univered/cc/td/doc/product/wireless/airo1200/accsspts/b1238ja/1238jasc/index.htm

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