

x230 Series

Allied Telesis x230 Series switches

for today's networks, supporting

provide an excellent access solution

Gigabit to the desktop for maximum

Plus (PoE+) models provide an ideal

solution for connecting and remotely

powering wireless access points, IP

video surveillance cameras, and IP

for silent operation, the x230 Series

SFP uplinks, and fanless models

connectivity at the network edge.

phones. With 8, 16 or 24 Gigabit ports,

enable flexible deployment and secure

Network security is guaranteed, with

powerful control over network traffic

types, secure management options,

and other multi-layered security

Network Access Control (NAC)

user access to the network, in

Allied Telesis x230 switches use 802.1x port-based authentication, in

gives unprecedented control over

order to mitigate threats to network

partnership with standards-compliant

dynamic VLAN assignment, to assess

a user's adherence to network security

policies and either grant access or

offer remediation. Tri-authentication

ensures the network is only accessed

by known users and devices. Secure

comprehensive range of features such

as DHCP snooping, STP root guard,

BPDU protection and access control

lists. Each of these can be configured

to perform a variety of actions upon

detection of a suspected attack.

access is also available for guests.

Security from malicious network

attacks is provided by a

features built right in.

infrastructure.

performance. The Power over Ethernet

Overview

Enterprise Gigabit Edge Switches

The Allied Telesis x230 Series of Layer 3 Gigabit switches offer an impressive set of features in a compact design, making them ideal for applications at the network edge.





Advanced storm protection features include bandwidth limiting, policy-based storm protection and packet storm protection.

Network storms are often caused by cabling errors that result in a network loop. Allied Telesis x230 Series switches provide features to detect loops as soon as they are created. Loop detection and thrash limiting take immediate action to prevent network storms.

Manageable

The x230 runs the advanced AlliedWare Plus[™] fully featured operating system, delivering a rich feature set and an industry-standard Command Line Interface (CLI). This reduces training requirements and is consistent across all AlliedWare Plus devices, simplifying network management.

The web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI) is an easy-to-use and powerful management tool, with comprehensive monitoring facilities.

Future-proof

x230 Series switches are Software Defined Networking (SDN) ready and able to support OpenFlow v1.3.

Powerful network management

Meeting the increased management requirements of modern converged networks, Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ Plus (AMF Plus) automates many everyday tasks including configuration management. The complete network can be managed as a single virtual device with powerful centralized management features. Growing the network can be accomplished with plug-and-play simplicity, and network node recovery is fully zero-touch.







AMF Plus secure mode increases network security with management traffic encryption, authorization, and monitoring.

ECO friendly

The x230 Series supports Energy Efficient Ethernet, which automatically reduces the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port. This sophisticated feature can significantly reduce your operating costs by reducing the power requirements of the switch and any associated cooling equipment.

The x230-10GT and x230L models are fanless, providing silent operation, which makes them ideal for desktop or work area deployment.

New Features

- ► AMF Plus secure mode
- ▶ VLAN ACLs
- ► TACACS+ Command Authorization
- ► Active Fiber Monitoring
- OpenFlow for SDN
- ► VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)
- ► Precision Time Protocol (PTP) Transparent Mode
- ► Fanless models provide silent operation
- ► G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection
- ► Link Monitoring
- ► Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)
- NETCONF/RESTCONF with YANG data modelling







Key Features

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ Plus (AMF Plus)

- AMF Plus is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the every-day running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.
- AMF Plus secure mode encrypts all AMF traffic, provides unit and user authorization, and monitors network access to greatly enhance network security.
- ▶ From AW+ 5.5.2-2 onwards, an AMF Plus license operating in the network provides all standard AMF network management and automation features, and also enables the AMF Plus intentbased networking features menu in Vista Manager EX (from version 3.10.1 onwards).

Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+)

With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints such as IP phones and wireless access points is not necessary. PoE+ reduces costs and provides even greater flexibility, providing the capability to connect devices requiring more power (up to 30 Watts) such as tilt and zoom security cameras.

Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™)

► EPSRing allows several x230 switches to join a protected ring capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is perfect for high availability in enterprise networks.

G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection

- G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed stand-alone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR.
- Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

Access Control Lists (ACLs)

ACLs filter network traffic to control whether routed packets are forwarded or blocked, and can be applied to a specific port or a VLAN. This provides a powerful network security mechanism to select the types of traffic to be analyzed, forwarded, or influenced in some way.

NETCONF/RESTCONF

 NETCONF/RESTCONF with YANG data modeling provides a standardized way to represent data and securely configure devices.

Easy To Manage

- The AlliedWare Plus operating system incorporates an industry standard CLI, facilitating intuitive manageability.
- With three distinct modes, the CLI is very secure, and the use of SSHv2 encrypted and strongly authenticated remote login sessions ensures CLI access is not compromised.

 As a Layer 2+ switch, a static route can be added to allow a user in a different subnet to manage the switch.

Storm protection

Advanced packet storm control features protect the network from broadcast storms:

- ► Bandwidth limiting minimizes the effects of the storm by reducing the amount of flooding traffic.
- Policy-based storm protection is more powerful than bandwidth limiting. It restricts storm damage to within the storming VLAN, with a defined traffic rate. The action the device should take when it detects a storm can be configured, such as disabling the port from the VLAN or shutting the port down.

Loop protection

- ➤ Thrash limiting, also known as Rapid MAC movement, detects and resolves network loops. It is highly user-configurable — from the rate of looping traffic to the type of action the switch should take when it detects a loop.
- ▶ With thrash limiting, the switch only detects a loop when a storm has occurred, which can potentially cause disruption to the network. To avoid this, loop detection works in conjunction with thrash limiting to send special packets, called Loop Detection Frames (LDF), that the switch listens for. If a port receives an LDF packet, one can choose to disable the port, disable the link, or send an SNMP trap.

Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) Root Guard

STP root guard designates which devices can assume the root bridge role in an STP network. This stops an undesirable device from taking over this role, where it could either compromise network performance or cause a security weakness.

Bridge Protocol Data Unit (BPDU) protection

BPDU protection adds extra security to STP. It protects the spanning tree configuration by preventing malicious DoS attacks caused by spoofed BPDUs. If a BPDU packet is received on a protected port, the BPDU protection feature disables the port and alerts the network manager.

sFlow

sFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector (up to 5 collectors can be configured) ensure a real-time view of network traffic.

Tri-authentication

Authentication options include 802.1x port authentication, web authentication for guest access, and MAC authentication for end points without an 802.1x supplicant. All three can be used simultaneously.

Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)

UFO lets you manage which ports in a VLAN can communicate with each other, and which only have upstream access to services, for secure multi-user deployment.

TACACS+ Command Authorization

► TACACS+ Command Authorization offers centralized control over which commands may be issued by each specific AlliedWare Plus device user. It complements authentication and accounting services for an AAA solution.

UniDirectional Link Detection

UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) is useful for monitoring fiber-optic links between two switches that use two single-direction fibers to transmit and receive packets. UDLD prevents traffic from being sent across a bad link by blocking the ports at both ends of the link in the event that either the individual transmitter or receiver for that connection fails.

Optical DDM

Most modern optical SFP/SFP+/XFP transceivers support Digital Diagnostics Monitoring (DDM) functions according to the specification SFF-8472. This enables real time monitoring of the various parameters of the transceiver, such as optical output power, temperature, laser bias current and transceiver supply voltage. Easy access to this information simplifies diagnosing problems with optical modules and fiber connections.

Active Fiber Monitoring

AFM prevents eavesdropping on fiber data or stacking links by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an alert sent.

VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)

VLAN mirroring allows traffic from a port on a remote switch to be analyzed locally. Traffic being transmitted or received on the port is duplicated and sent across the network on a special VLAN.

Find Me

▶ In busy server rooms comprised of a large number of equipment racks, it can be quite a job finding the correct switch quickly among many similar units. The "Find Me" feature is a simple visual way to quickly identify the desired physical switch for maintenance or other purposes, by causing its LEDs to flash in a specified pattern.

Precision Time Protocol (PTP)

 PTP (IEEE 1588v2) sychronizes clocks throughout the network with micro-second accuracy, supporting industrial automation and control systems.

Flexible deployment

► The x230-10GT and x230L models are fanless for silent operation. This enables switch placement in work spaces and on desktops with no interruption to network users.

Link Monitoring (Linkmon)

▶ Linkmon enables network health monitoring by regularly sending probes over key links to gather metrics comprising latency, jitter, and probe loss. This supports pro-active network management, and can also be used with triggers to automate a change to device or network configuration in response to the declining health of a monitored link.

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Key Solutions

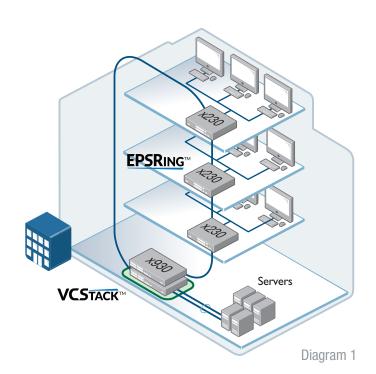
Network convergence

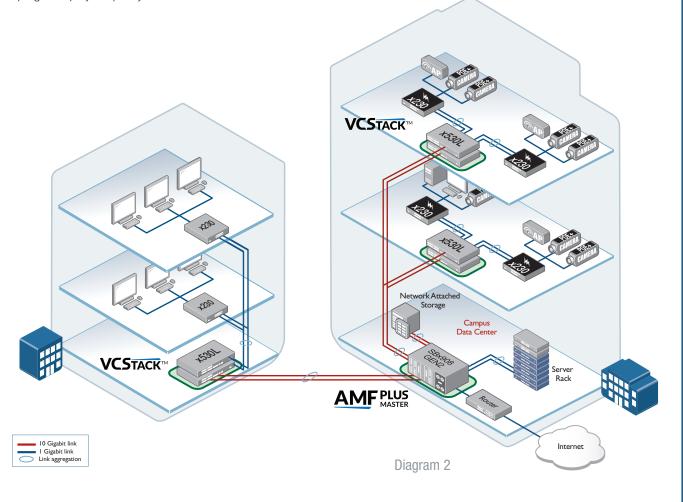
The convergence of network services in the Enterprise has led to increasing demand for highly available networks with minimal downtime. Diagram 1 shows x230 switches with high performance EPSR connectivity to the x930 VCStack core. This topology provides recovery in as little as 50ms, if required.

Network flexibility

Flexible network deployment is facilitated by the compact 10 and 18 port x230 PoE+ models, as shown in the Campus network in diagram 2. With the growth of wireless networking and digital security, the x230 PoE+ models are ideal supplying connectivity and power at the network edge, supporting the full 30 watts of PoE+. The fanless x230L models provide silent operation to enable deployment in work areas.

AMF Plus provides an easy yet powerful solution for managing multiple devices with plug-and-play simplicity.





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Product Specifications

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	100/1000X SFP PORTS	TOTAL PORTS	POE ENABLE PORTS	SWITCHING FABRIC	FORWARDING RATE
x230-10GP	8	2	10	8	20Gbps	14.9Mpps
x230-10GT	8	2	10	-	20Gbps	14.9Mpps
x230-18GP	16	2	18	16	36Gbps	26.8Mpps
x230-18GT	16	2	18	-	36Gbps	26.8Mpps
x230-28GP	24	4	28	24	56Gbps	41.7Mpps
x230-28GT	24	4	28	-	56Gbps	41.7Mpps
x230L-17GT	16	1	17	-	34Gbps	25.3Mpps
x230L-26GT	24	2	26	-	52Gbps	38.7Mpps

Physical specifications

PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	WEIGHT	PACKAGED DIMENSIONS	WEIGHT
x230-10GP	210 x 275 x 42.5 mm (8.27 x 10.83 x 1.67 in)	2.1 kg (4.6 lb)	430 x 260 x 100 mm (16.93 x 10.24 x 3.94 in)	3.1 kg (6.8 lb)
x230-10GT	263 x 179 x 38 mm (10.353 x 7.04 x 1.49 in)	0.77 kg (0.77 lb)	460 x 260 x 110 mm (18.11 x 10.24 x 4.33 in)	1.9 kg (4.2 lb)
x230-18GP	341 x 231 x 44 mm (13.42 x 9.09 x 1.73 in)	3.0 kg (6.6 lb)	520 x 350 x 110 mm (20.47 x 13.78 x 4.33 in)	4.4 kg (9.7 lb)
x230-18GT	341 x 231 x 44 mm (13.42 x 9.09 x 1.73 in)	2.4 kg (5.3 lb)	530 x 350 x 110 mm (20.87 x 13.78 x 4.33 in)	3.7 kg (8.2 lb)
x230-28GP	440 x 290 x 44 mm (17.32 x 11.42 x 1.73 in)	4.7 kg (10.4 lb)	540 x 370 x 110 mm (21.26 x 14.57 x 4.33 in)	6.1 kg (13.4 lb)
x230-28GT	341 x 231 x 44 mm (13.42 x 9.09 x 1.73 in)	2.4 kg (5.3 lb)	520 x 350 x 120 mm (20.47 x 13.78 x 4.72 in)	4.2 kg (9.3 lb)
x230L-17GT	341 x 210 x 44 mm (13.42 x 8.27 x 1.73 in)	2.2 kg (4.85 lb)	530 x 350 x 120 mm (20.87 x 13.78 x 4.72 in)	3.6 kg (7.9 lb)
x230L-26GT	341 x 231 x 44 mm (13.42 x 9.09 x 1.73 in)	2.4 kg (5.3 lb)	520 x 360 x 120 mm (20.47 x 14.17 x 4.72 in)	4 kg (8.8 lb)

Performance

- ▶ Up to 16K MAC addresses
- ▶ Up to 512 multicast entries
- ▶ 256MB DDR SDRAM (GP models)
- ► 512MB DDR SDRAM (GT models)
- ► 2048 configurable VLANs (GP models)
- ▶ 4094 configurable VLANs (GT models)
- ► 64MB flash memory
- ► Packet Buffer memory: 1.5MB
- ► Supports 10KB L2 jumbo frames
- ▶ Wirespeed forwarding

Reliability

- ► Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- ► Full environmental monitoring of PSU internal temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

Flexibility and compatibility

 SFP ports will support any combination of 10/100/1000T, 100X, 100FX, 100BX, 1000X, 1000SX, 1000LX, 1000ZX or 1000ZX CWDM SFPs

Diagnostic tools

- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- ► Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- ▶ Find-me device locator
- ► Cable fault locator (TDR)
- ► Optical Digital Diagnostics Monitoring (DDM)
- ► Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- ► Ping polling for IPv4 and IPv6

- ► Port and VLAN mirroring (RSPAN)
- ► TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6

IP Features

- ► IPv4 static routing and RIP
- ► DHCPv4 relay and client
- ▶ DHCPv6 relay and client
- Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6, SSHv6 and Syslogv6
- ► NTPv6 client and server
- ► IPv6 Ready certified

Management

- Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework Plus (AMF Plus) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- ► NETCONF/RESTCONF northbound interface with YANG data modelling
- Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- ► Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- ► Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- ▶ Powerful CLI scripting engine with built-in text editor
- SD/SDHC memory card socket allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices
- Configurable logs and triggers provide an audit trail of SD card insertion and removal
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management

Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED				
PRODUCI	10MBPS 100MBPS		1GBPS		
x230-10GP	56.5 µs	9.4µs	3.4µs		
x230-10GT	68.1µs	9.4µs	3.8µs		
x230-18GP/GT	46 µs	7.2µs	3.6µs		
x230-28GP/GT	64.3 µs	9.7µs	4.3 μs		
x230L-17GT	46 µs	7.2µs	3.6 µs		
x230L-26GT	64.3 µs	9.7 μs	4.3 μs		

- ► Management stacking allows up to 24 devices to be managed from a single console
- ► Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events

Quality of Service (QoS)

- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- ► Policy-based storm protection
- ► Extensive remarking capabilities
- ► Taildrop for queue congestion control
- Strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- ▶ IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

Resiliency Features

- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- ▶ Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- ► EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with enhanced recovery for extra resiliency
- ▶ Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- ► PVST+ compatibility mode
- ► RRP snooping
- ▶ STP root guard

Security Features

- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers, per VLAN or port
- ► Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- ▶ Dynamic ACLs assigned via port authentication

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- ► ACL Groups enable multiple hosts/ports to be included in a single ACL, reducing configuration
- ► Auth-fail and guest VLANs
- Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA)
- ▶ Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- ▶ BPDU protection
- ▶ DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- ▶ Dynamic VLAN assignment
- ► MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
- Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- ► Learn limits (intrusion detection) for single ports or LAGs
- Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN

- Secure Copy (SCP)
- Strong password security and encryption
- ► Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x
- ► RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port

Environmental specifications

- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F) (x230L models) Derated by 1°C per 305 meters (1,000 ft)
- Storage temperature range: -20°C to 60°C (-4°F to 140°F)
- Operating relative humidity range: 0% to 90% non-condensing
- Storage relative humidity range: 0% to 95% non-condensing

Operating altitude: 2,000 meters maximum (6,562 ft)

Electrical approvals and compliances

- ► EMC: EN55022 class A. FCC class A. VCCI class A
- ► Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) - AC models only

Safety

- Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950.1
- ► Certifications: UL, cUL, UL-EU

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

- ► EU RoHS compliant
- ► China RoHS compliant

Power characteristics

	NO POE LOAD			FULL POE+ LOAD			MAX POE	MAX POE	MAX POE+
PRODUCT	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	POWER	PORTS AT 15W PER PORT	PORTS AT 30W PER PORT
x230-10GP	16W	55 BTU/hr	33 dBA	180W	126 BTU/hr	41 dBA	124W	8	4
x230-10GT	16W	55 BTU/hr	Fanless	-	-	-	-	-	-
x230-18GP	21W	72 BTU/hr	34 dBA	330W	169 BTU/hr	42 dBA	247W	16	8
x230-18GT	18W	61 BTU/hr	29 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-
x230-28GP	37W	127 BTU/hr	34 dBA	520W	303 BTU/hr	42 dBA	370W	24	12
x230-28GT	26W	89 BTU/hr	34 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-
x230L-17GT	15W	51 BTU/hr	Fanless	-	-	-	-	-	-
x230L-26GT	20.5W	70 BTU/h	Fanless	-	-	-	-	-	-

Standards and Protocols

AlliedWare Plus Operating System

Version 5.5.4

Cryptographic Algorithms **FIPS Approved Algorithms**

Encryption (Block Ciphers):

- ► AES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)
- ▶ 3DES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes) Block Cipher Modes:
- ▶ CCM
- ► CMAC
- ► GCM
- ▶ XTS

Digital Signatures & Asymmetric Key Generation:

- ▶ DSA
- ► ECDSA
- ► RSA

Secure Hashing:

- ► SHA-1
- ► SHA-2 (SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512) Message Authentication:
- ► HMAC (SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512) Random Number Generation:
- ► DRBG (Hash, HMAC and Counter)

Non FIPS Approved Algorithms

RNG (AES128/192/256) DES

MD5

Ethernet

IEEE 802.2 Logical Link Control (LLC)

IEEE 802.3 Ethernet

IEEE 802.3ab1000BASE-T

IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE)

IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet plus (PoE+) IEEE 802.3azEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)

IEEE 802.3u 100BASF-X

IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation

IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X

IEEE 1588v2 Precision clock synchronization protocol v2

IPv4 Features

RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UI	DP)
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RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP)

RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)

RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams

over Ethernet networks

RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams

Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the RFC 922

presence of subnets

RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme RFC 950

Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams

over IFFF 802 networks

RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1122 Internet host requirements

RFC 1191 Path MTU discovery

RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with

CIDR

RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)

RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers

RFC 1918 IP addressing

RFC 2581 TCP congestion control

IPv6 Features

RFC 1981 Path MTU discovery for IPv6

RFC 2460 IPv6 specification

Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet RFC 2464

networks

RFC 2711 IPv6 router alert option

RFC 3484 Default address selection for IPv6

RFC 3587 IPv6 global unicast address format

RFC 3596 DNS extensions to support IPv6

RFC 4007 IPv6 scoped address architecture

Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses RFC 4193

RFC 4213 Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and

RFC 4291 IPv6 addressing architecture

RFC 4443 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) RFC 4861

Neighbor discovery for IPv6 RFC 4862

IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration

RFC 5014 IPv6 socket API for source address selection RFC 5095 Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6 REC 5175 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option

RFC 6105 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard

Management

AT Enterprise MIB including AMF Plus MIB and SNMP traps Optical DDM MIB

SNMPv1, v2c and v3

IEEE 802.1ABLink Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)

RFC 1155 Structure and identification of management information for TCP/IP-based Internets

RFC 1157 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

RFC 1212 Concise MIB definitions

MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based RFC 1213 Internets: MIB-II

RFC 1215 Convention for defining traps for use with the

SNMP

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RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB	RFC 2715	Interoperability rules for multicast routing	RFC 3580	IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines
RFC 1239	Standard MIB		protocols	RFC 3748	PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 1724	RIPv2 MIB extension	RFC 3306	Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast	RFC 4251	Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture
RFC 2578	Structure of Management Information v2		addresses	RFC 4252	Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
	(SMIv2)	RFC 3376	IGMPv3	RFC 4253	Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
RFC 2579	Textual conventions for SMIv2	RFC 4541	IGMP and MLD snooping switches	RFC 4254	Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol
RFC 2580	Conformance statements for SMIv2			RFC 5176	RADIUS CoA (Change of Authorization)
RFC 2674	Definitions of managed objects for bridges	Quality	of Service (QoS)	RFC 5246	Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.2
	with traffic classes, multicast filtering and		Priority tagging	RFC 5280	X.509 certificate and Certificate Revocation
	VLAN extensions	RFC 2211	Specification of the controlled-load network	0 0200	List (CRL) profile
RFC 2741	Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol		element service	RFC 5425	Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport
RFC 2819	RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)	RFC 2474	DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port	0 0 120	mapping for Syslog
RFC 2863	Interfaces group MIB	RFC 2475	DiffServ architecture	RFC 5656	Elliptic curve algorithm integration for SSH
RFC 3176	sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in	RFC 2597	DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)	RFC 6125	Domain-based application service identity
111 0 0 17 0	switched and routed networks	RFC 2697	A single-rate three-color marker	111 0 0120	within PKI using X.509 certificates with TLS
RFC 3411	An architecture for describing SNMP	RFC 2698	A two-rate three-color marker	RFC 6614	Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption
111 0 0 4 1 1	management frameworks	RFC 3246	DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)	111 0 0014	for RADIUS
RFC 3412	Message processing and dispatching for the	111 0 0240	Diriodiv Expedited For Warding (EF)	RFC 6668	SHA-2 data integrity verification for SSH
111 0 3412	SNMP	Resilier	cy Features	111 0 0000	SHA-2 data integrity verification for 33H
RFC 3413	SNMP applications		XLink aggregation (static and LACP)	Service	
RFC 3414	User-based Security Model (USM) for		MAC bridges	RFC 854	Telnet protocol specification
111 0 3414	SNMPv3		Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)		
RFC 3415	View-based Access Control Model (VACM)		Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	RFC 855	Telnet option specifications
111 0 3413	for SNMP		adStatic and dynamic link aggregation	RFC 857	Telnet echo option
RFC 3416	Version 2 of the protocol operations for the	ILLL 002.30	addatic and dynamic link aggregation	RFC 858	Telnet suppress go ahead option
NFC 3410	SNMP	Routing	Information Protocol (RIP)	RFC 1091	Telnet terminal-type option
RFC 3417	Transport mappings for the SNMP	RFC 1058	Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	RFC 1350	Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
RFC 3417	MIB for SNMP	RFC 2080	RIPng for IPv6	RFC 1985	SMTP service extension
RFC 3621	Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB	RFC 2081	RIPng protocol applicability statement	RFC 2049	MIME
RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the	RFC 2082	RIP-2 MD5 authentication	RFC 2131	DHCPv4 relay and client
HFC 3033	Ethernet-like interface types	RFC 2453	RIPv2	RFC 2616	Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
DEC 2626	31	111 0 2433	1111 VZ	RFC 2821	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 3636 RFC 4022	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB	Coourit	, Footures	RFC 2822	Internet message format
RFU 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol		/ Features	RFC 3046	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP
DEO 4110	(TCP)	SSH remote	0		option 82)
RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	SSLv2 and S		RFC 3315	DHCPv6 relay and client
RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges	TACACS+ A	ccounting, Authentication and Authorisation	RFC 3993	Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay
RFC 4292	IP forwarding table MIB	IEEE 000 4)	(AAA)		agent option
RFC 4293	MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)	IEEE 802.1)	Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP	RFC 4330	Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)
RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges	IEEE 000 4)	and MD5)		version 4
DE0 4500	with RSTP		Multi-supplicant authentication	RFC 5905	Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4
RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote		Port-based network access control		
DE0 5 40 4	ping, traceroute and lookup operations	RFC 2560	X.509 Online Certificate Status Protocol	VLAN s	
RFC 5424	Syslog protocol	DE0 0010	(OCSP)		ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q)
N4	-1	RFC 2818	HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")		Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges
	st support	RFC 2865	RADIUS authentication		VLAN classification by protocol and port
IGMP query		RFC 2866	RADIUS accounting	IEEE 802.3	acVLAN tagging
	oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)	RFC 2868	RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support		ID
	oing fast-leave	RFC 2986	PKCS #10: certification request syntax	Voice o	
	ing (MLDv1 and v2)	DEC 05.45	specification v1.7		ANSI/TIA-1057
RFC 1112	Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)	RFC 3546	Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions	Voice VLAN	
RFC 2236	Internet Group Management Protocol v2	RFC 3579	RADIUS support for Extensible		
	(IGMPv2)		Authentication Protocol (EAP)		

Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	
AT-FL-x230-QinQ	VLAN double tagging (Q-in-Q) license	▶ VLAN Q-in-Q	
AT-FL-x230-0F13-1YR	OpenFlow license for 1 year	► OpenFlow v1.3	
AT-FL-x230-0F13-5YR	OpenFlow license for 5 years	► OpenFlow v1.3	
AT-FL-x230-UDLD	UniDirectional Link Detection	▶ UDLD	
AT-FL-x230-PTP	PTP (IEEE 1588v2) license	▶ PTP Transparent Mode	
AT-FL-x230-8032	ITU-T G.8032 license	► G.8032 ring protection ► Ethernet CFM	

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x230 Series | Enterprise Gigabit Edge Switches

















Ordering Information

AT-x230-10GP-xx

L3 switch with 8 x 10/100/1000T PoE ports and 2 x 100/1000X SFP ports

AT-x230-10GT-xx

L3 switch with 8 x 10/100/1000T ports and 2 x 100/1000X SFP ports

AT-x230-18GP-xx

L3 switch with 16 x 10/100/1000T PoE ports and 2 x 100/1000X SFP ports

AT-x230-18GT-xx

L3 switch with 16 x 10/100/1000T ports and 2 x 100/1000X SFP ports

AT-x230-28GP-xx

L3 switch with 24 x 10/100/1000T PoE ports and 4 x 100/1000X SFP ports

AT-x230-28GT-xx

L3 switch with 24 x 10/100/1000T ports and 4 x 100/1000X SFP ports

AT-x230L-17GT-xx

L3 switch with 16 x 10/100/1000T ports and 1 x 100/1000X SFP port

AT-x230L-26GT-xx

L3 switch with 24 x 10/100/1000T ports and 2 x 100/1000X SFP ports

AT-RKMT-J05

Rack mount kit for x230-10GT

AT-RKMT-.I13

Rack mount kit for x230-18GP/18GT, x230L-17GT

AT-RKMT-J14

Rack mount kit for x230-10GP

AT-STND-J03

Stand-kit for AT-x230L-17/26GT, AT-x230-18/28GT, and AT-x230-10/18GP

Where xx = 10 for US power cord

20 for no power cord

30 for UK power cord

40 for Australian power cord 50 for European power cord

SFP modules

AT-SPFX/2

100FX multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPFXBD-LC-13

100BX Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1550 nm Rx) fiber up to

AT-SPFXBD-LC-15

100BX Bi-Di (1550 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to

AT-SPTX

1000T 100 m copper

AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m

AT-SPSX/I

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m industrial temperature

AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPLX10a

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLXI0/I

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature

AT-SPBDI0-13

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPBDI0-14

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLX40

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km

AT-SPBD20-13/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km

AT-SPBD20-14/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km

