

37442

**MALCOLM
PIRNIE**

ARCS II



CONTRACT NO. 68-W9-0051

**WELSBACH/GENERAL GAS MANTLE
CONTAMINATION SITE
CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY
Work Assignment No. 050-28UC**

**DRAFT FINAL
REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION/FEASIBILITY
STUDY REPORT
VOLUME II**

**Remedial Planning Activities at Selected
Uncontrolled Hazardous Substance Disposal Sites
USEPA Region II (NY, NJ, PR, VI)**

**Malcolm Pirnie, Inc.
104 Corporate Park Drive
White Plains, New York 10602**

January 1999

300695

A

APPENDIX A

WELSBACH/GGM SITE

NJDEP PRELIMINARY RADIATION SURVEY PROPERTIES DATA

REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION AND FEASIBILITY STUDY

WELSBACH/GGM SITE

CAMDEN AND GLOUCESTER CITY

CAMDEN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

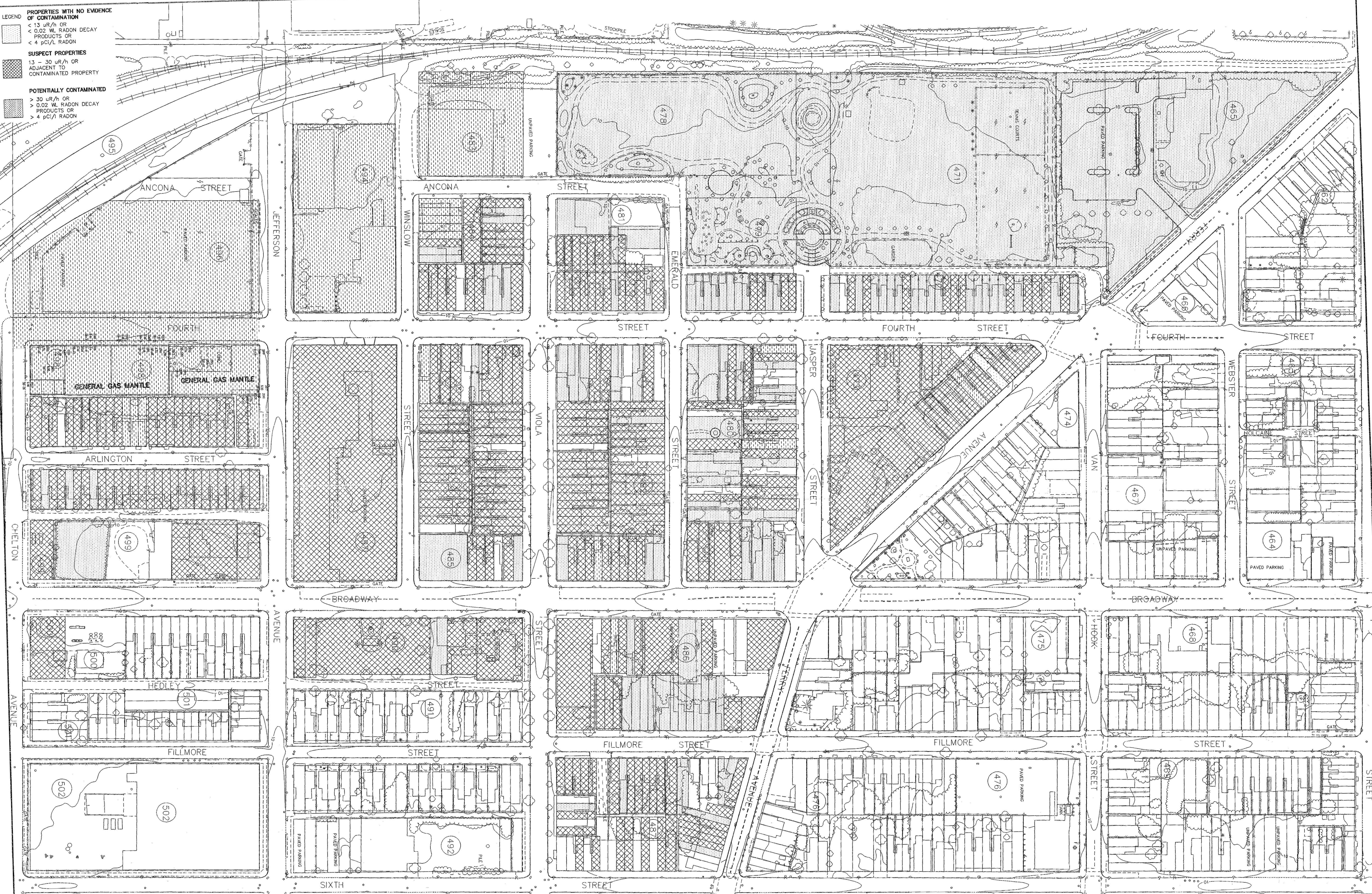
300698

LEGEND

PROPERTIES WITH NO EVIDENCE OF CONTAMINATION
 < 15 uR/h OR
 < 0.02 WL RADON DECAY PRODUCTS OR
 < 4 pCi/L RADON

SUSPECT PROPERTIES
 13 - 30 uR/h OR
 ADJACENT TO CONTAMINATED PROPERTY

POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATED
 > 30 uR/h OR
 > 0.02 WL RADON DECAY PRODUCTS OR
 > 4 pCi/L RADON



WELSBACH/GENERAL GAS MANTLE
 CAMDEN/GLOUCESTER CITY
 NEW JERSEY

PRELIMINARY EVALUATION OF THE WELSBACH/GENERAL GAS MANTLE INVESTIGATION
 STUDY AREA 1
 APPENDIX A-1
 1" = 60'

**MALCOLM
 PIRNIE**

REVISIONS		DES
NO.	DATE	REMARKS

DATE AUGUST 1998
 SHEET OF
 CAD REF. NO.

LEGEND

PROPERTIES WITH NO EVIDENCE OF CONTAMINATION
 < 13 uR/HR
 < 0.02 WL RADON DECAY PRODUCTS OR
 < 4 pCi/L RADON

SUSPECT PROPERTIES
 13 - 30 uR/HR
 ADJACENT TO CONTAMINATED PROPERTY

POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATED
 > 30 uR/HR OR
 > 0.02 WL RADON DECAY PRODUCTS OR
 > 4 pCi/L RADON



MALCOLM PIRNIE

REVISIONS			
NO.	BY	DATE	REVISIONS

DES _____
 DWN _____
 CDD _____

WELSBACH/GENERAL GAS MANTLE
 CAMDEN/GLOUCESTER CITY
 NEW JERSEY

PRELIMINARY EVALUATION OF THE WELSBACH/GENERAL GAS MANTLE INVESTIGATION
 STUDY AREA 2
 APPENDIX A-2
 1" = 60'

DATE AUGUST 1998
 SHEET _____ OF _____
 CAD REF. NO. _____

LEGEND

PROPERTIES WITH NO EVIDENCE OF CONTAMINATION
 < 13 uR/h OR
 < 0.02 WL RADON DECAY PRODUCTS OR
 > 4 pCi/L RADON

SUSPECT PROPERTIES
 13 - 30 uR/h OR
 ADJACENT TO CONTAMINATED PROPERTY

POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATED
 > 30 uR/h OR
 > 0.02 WL RADON DECAY PRODUCTS OR
 > 4 pCi/L RADON



MALCOLM PIRNIE

REVISIONS			
NO.	BY	DATE	REMARKS

DES _____
 DWN _____
 CKD _____

WELSBACH/GENERAL GAS MANTLE
 CAMDEN/GLOUCESTER CITY
 NEW JERSEY

PRELIMINARY EVALUATION OF THE WELSBACH/GENERAL GAS MANTLE INVESTIGATION
 STUDY AREA 3
 APPENDIX A-3
 1" = 100'

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 MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.
 DATE AUGUST 1998
 SHEET ____ OF ____
 CAD REF. NO. _____

2875 B002.20000 D:\CAD\PIR\1802\20\CCOR\CCOR43 Scale: 1:1 Date: 0/07/1999 Time: 13:35

LEGEND

PROPERTIES WITH NO EVIDENCE OF CONTAMINATION

< 13 uR/h OR
< 0.02 WL RADON DECAY PRODUCTS OR
< 4 pCi/L RADON

SUSPECT PROPERTIES

13 - 30 uR/h OR
ADJACENT TO
CONTAMINATED PROPERTY

POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATED

> 30 uR/h OR
> 0.02 WL RADON DECAY PRODUCTS OR
> 4 pCi/L RADON



**MALCOLM
PIRNIE**

NO.		BY	DATE	REVISIONS	REMARKS

DIC: _____
HWI: _____
OKD: _____

WELSBACH/GENERAL GAS MANTLE
CAMDEN/GLOUCESTER CITY
NEW JERSEY

PRELIMINARY EVALUATION OF THE WELSBACH/GENERAL GAS MANTLE INVESTIGATION
STUDY AREA 4
APPENDIX A-4
1" = 80'

DATE AUGUST 1998
SHEET _____ OF _____
CAD REF. NO. _____

30070

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LEGEND

PROPERTIES WITH NO EVIDENCE OF CONTAMINATION

- < 13 uR/h OR
- < 0.02 WL RADON DECAY PRODUCTS OR
- < 4 pCi/L RADON

SUSPECT PROPERTIES

- 13 - 30 uR/h OR
- ADJACENT TO CONTAMINATED PROPERTY

POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATED

- > 30 uR/h OR
- > 0.02 WL RADON DECAY PRODUCTS OR
- > 4 pCi/L RADON



MALCOLM PIRNIE	NO.		BY		DATE		REVISIONS		REMARKS	

WELSBACH/GENERAL GAS MANTLE
CAMDEN/GLOUCESTER CITY
NEW JERSEY

PRELIMINARY EVALUATION OF THE WELSBACH/GENERAL GAS MANTLE INVESTIGATION
STUDY AREA 5
APPENDIX A-5

300701
1" = 60'

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SHEET ____ OF ____
CAD REF. NO. _____

APPENDIX B

WELSBACH/GGM SITE

REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION DATA

REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION AND FEASIBILITY STUDY

WELSBACH/GGM SITE

CAMDEN AND GLOUCESTER CITY

CAMDEN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

300702

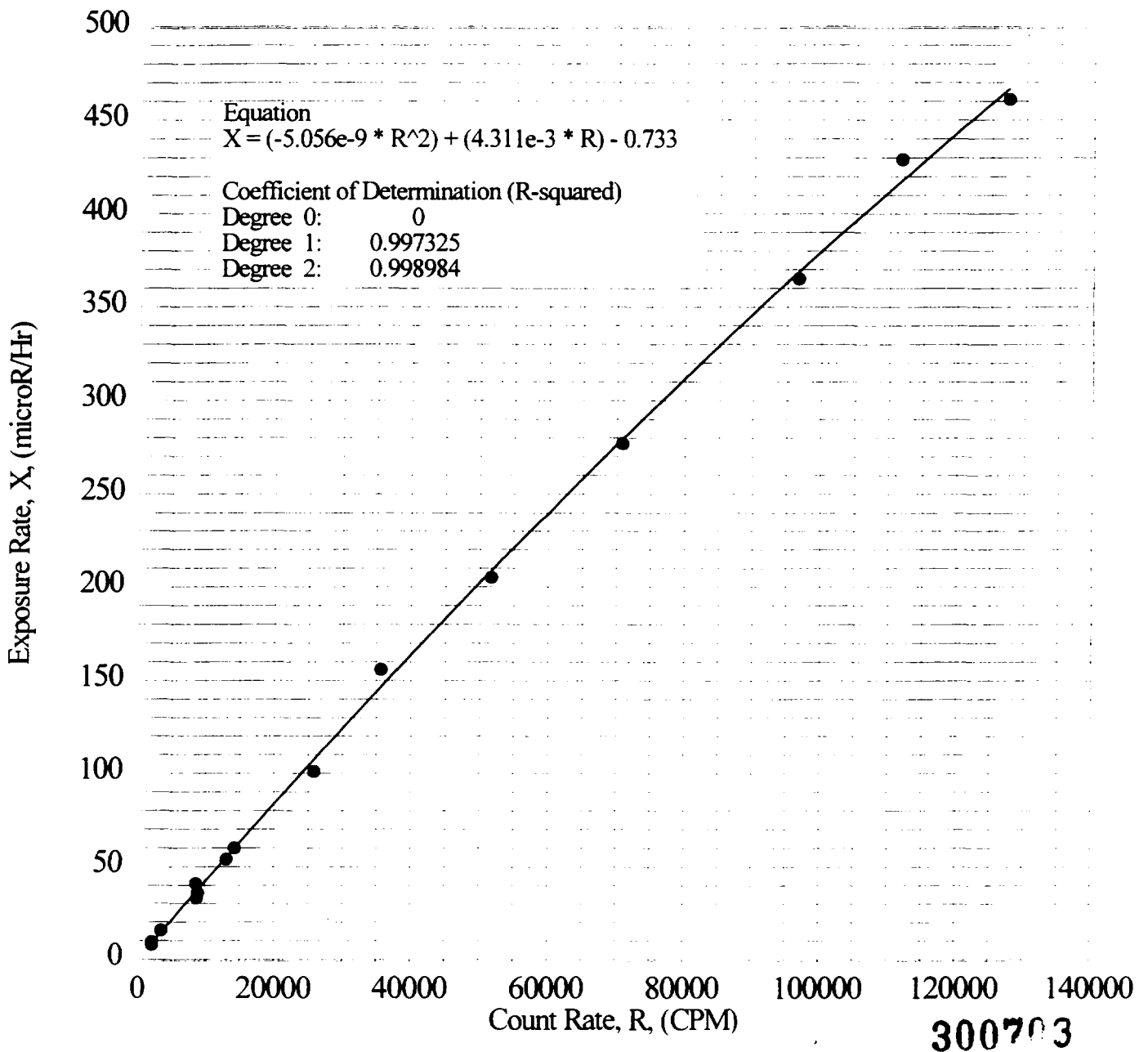
APPENDIX B-1

WELSBACH/GGM SITE REGRESSION CURVE

Observed Exposure Rate of Reuter Stokes Pressurized Ion Chamber
Model RSS-112 & 100 MicroR/hr

vs.

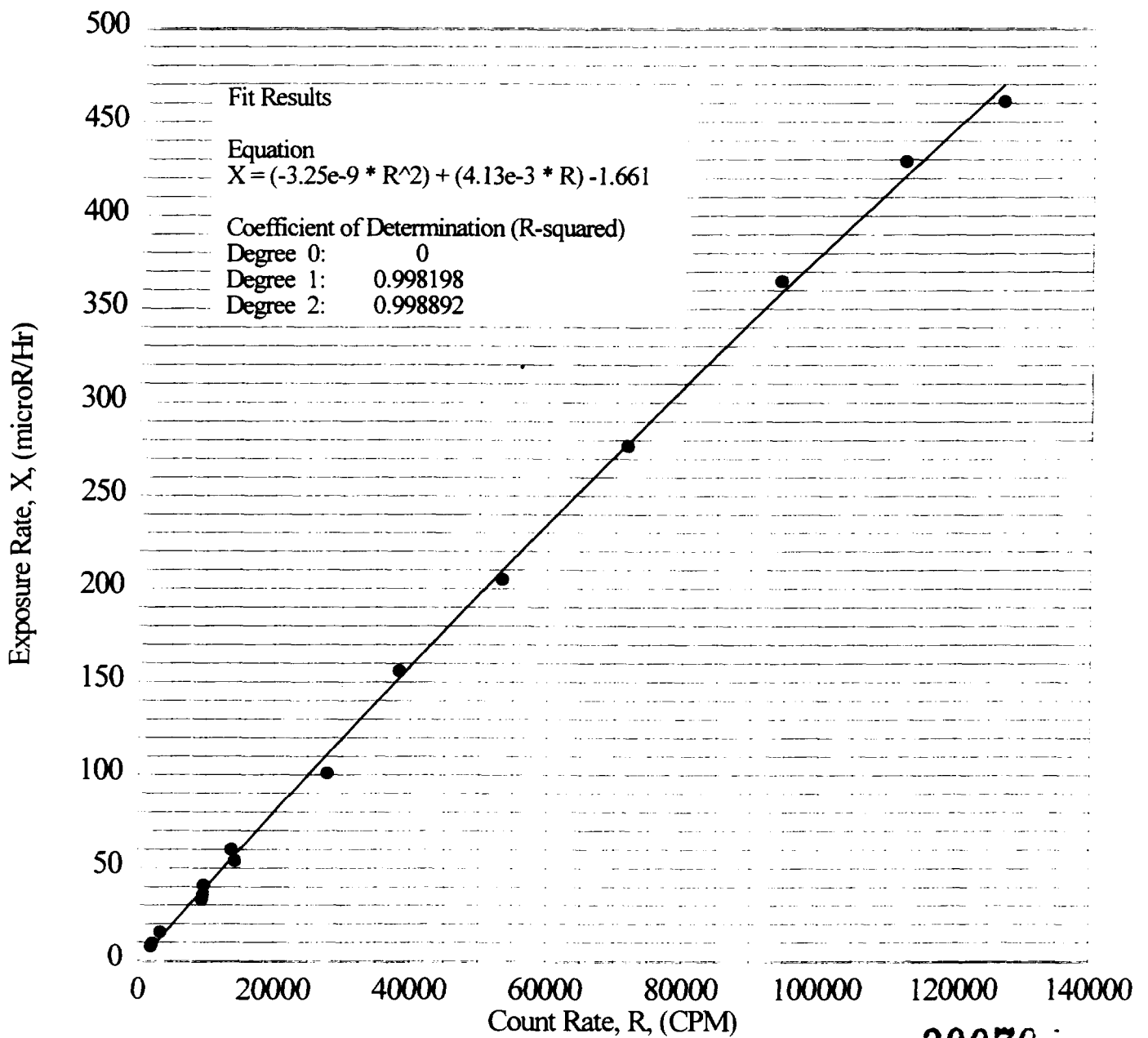
Observed Count Rate of Ludlum Model 12
RateMeter (Serial # 105760) coupled to Ludlum Model 44-2 (Serial
107588) 1"x1" NaI Detector At a Thorium Site



APPENDIX B-2

WELSBACH/GGM SITE REGRESSION CURVE

Observed Exposure Rate of Reuter Stokes Pressurized Ion Chamber
Model RSS-112 & 100 MicroR/hr
vs.
Observed Count Rate of Ludlum Model 12
Ratemeter (Serial # 78689) coupled to Ludlum Model 44-2 (Serial
071914) 1"x1" NaI Detector At a Thorium Site



300704

TOTAL BETA MEASUREMENT (dpm/100 cm²)

LEGEND:

INACCESSIBLE

① ≥ 1,608 TO < 5,000 dpm/100 cm²

② ≥ 5,000 TO < 15,000 dpm/100 cm²

③ ≥ 15,000 TO < 25,000 dpm/100 cm²

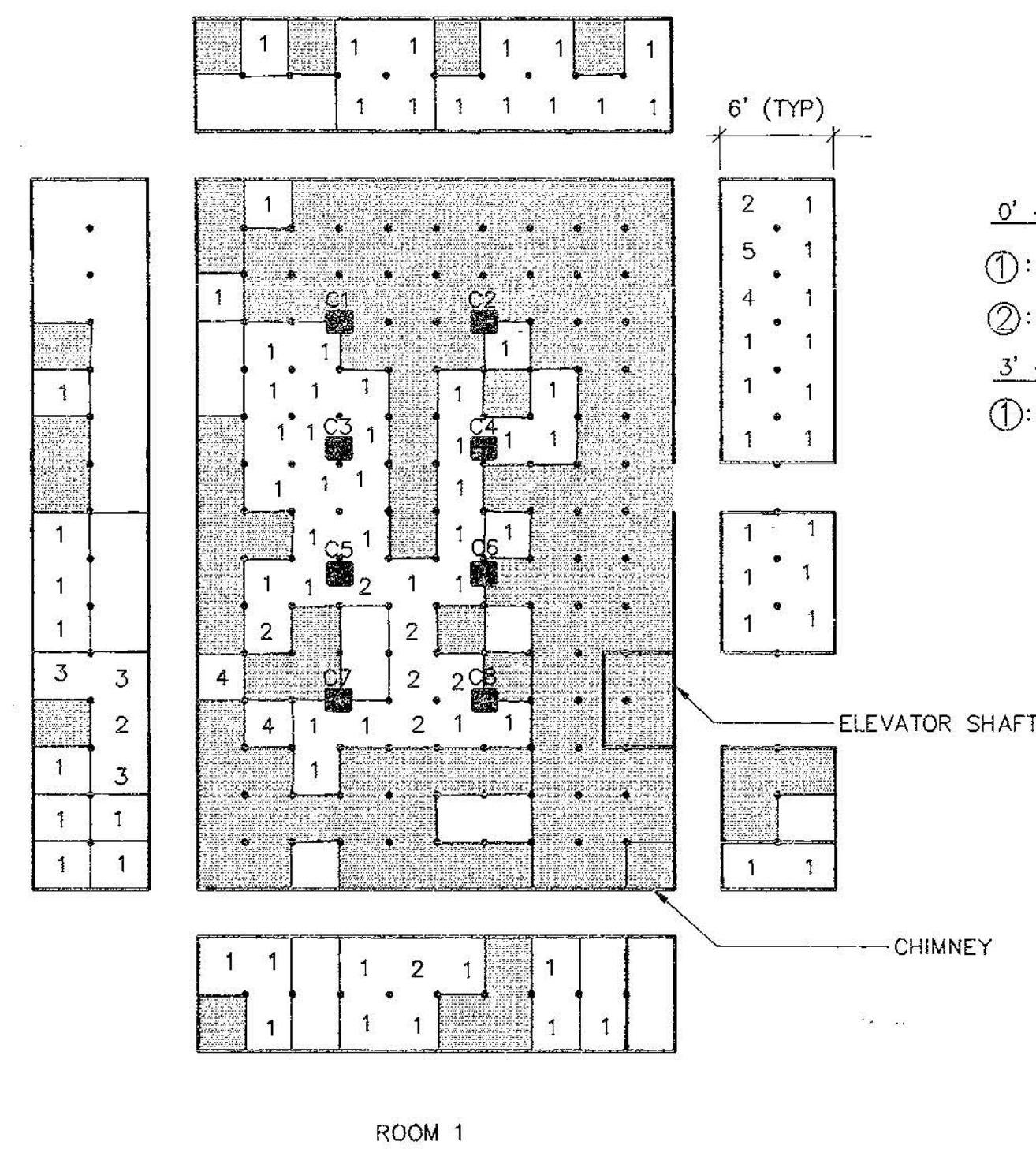
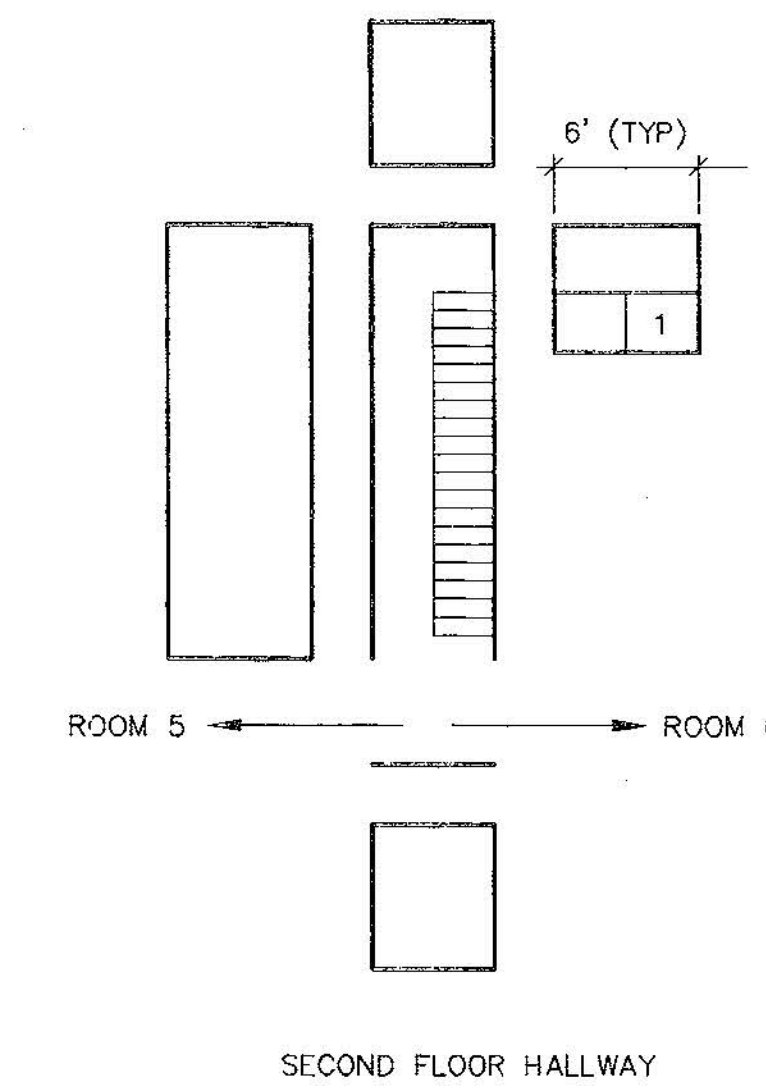
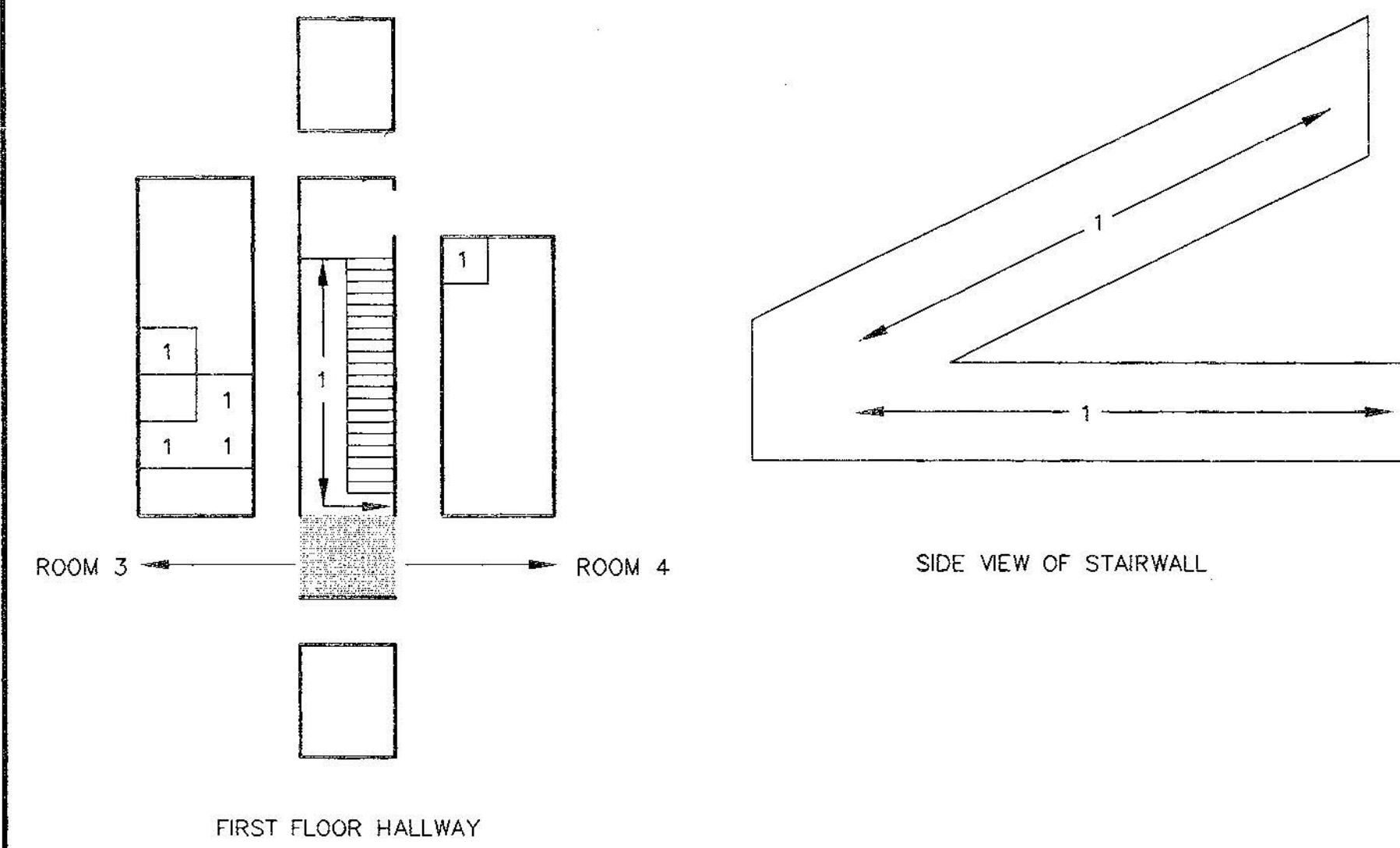
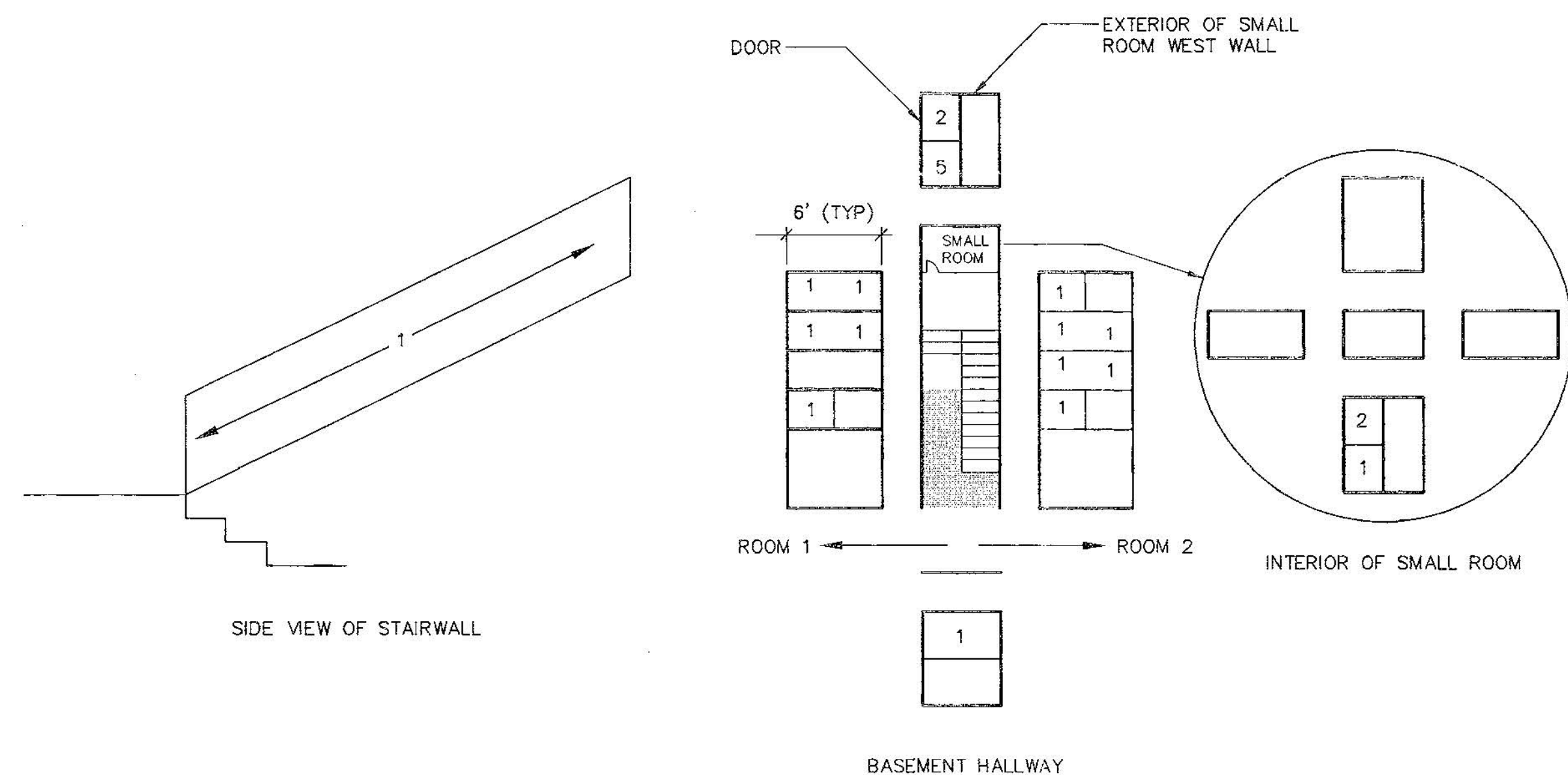
④ ≥ 25,000 TO < 35,000 dpm/100 cm²

⑤ ≥ 35,000 TO < 45,000 dpm/100 cm²

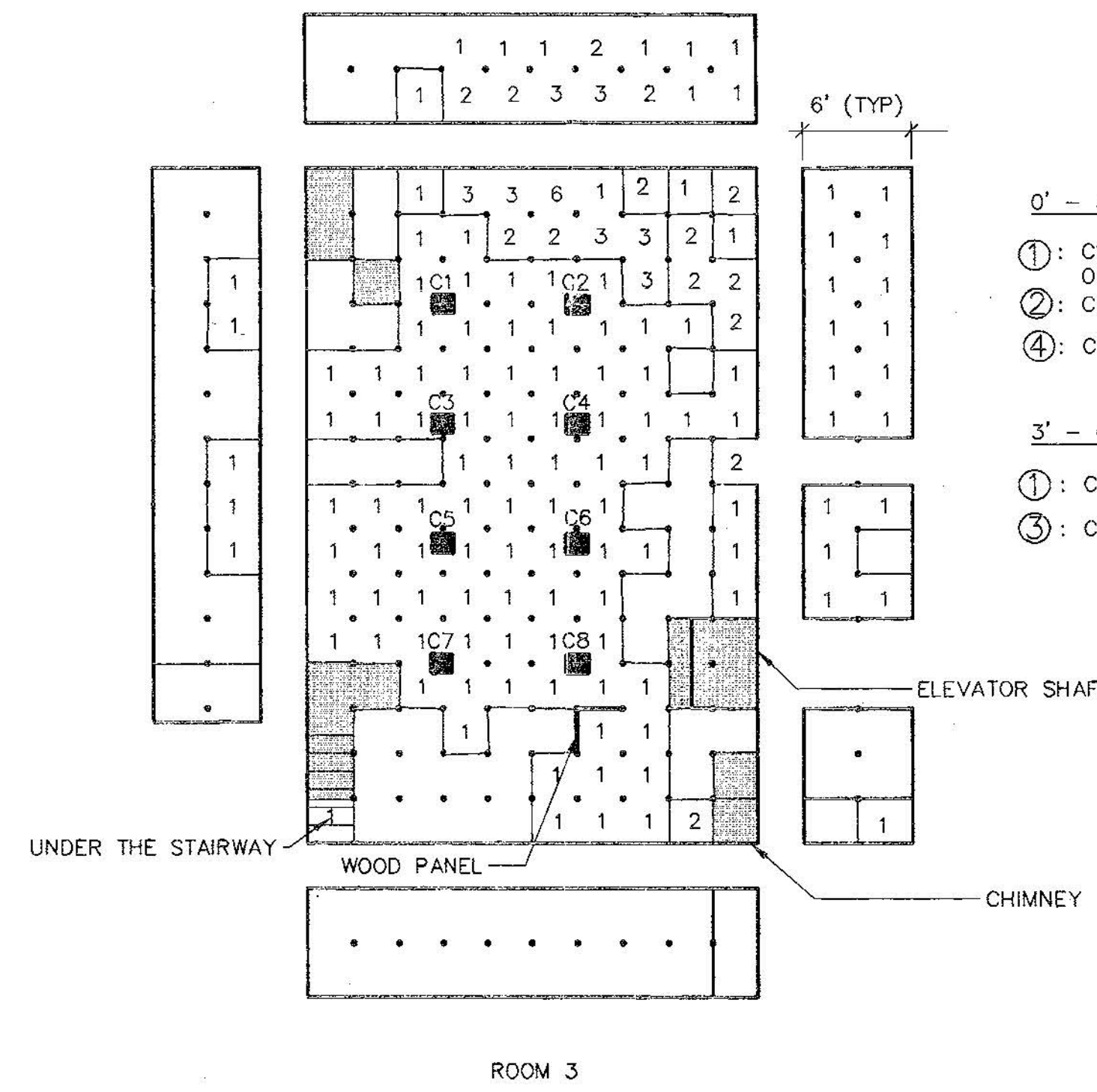
⑥ ≥ 45,000 TO < 55,000 dpm/100 cm²

C : COLUMN

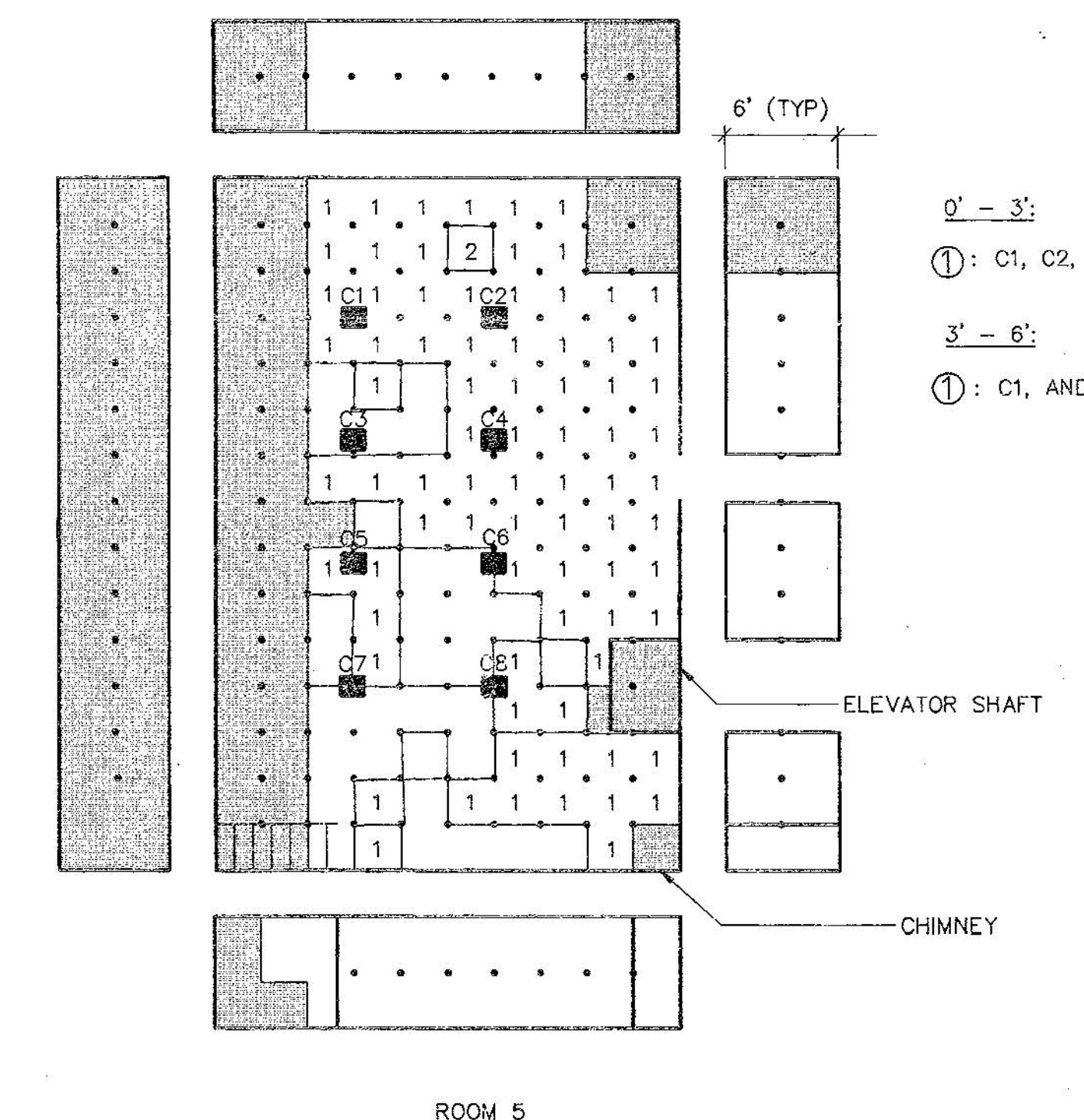
TOTAL BETA MEASUREMENTS ARE BELOW THE RELEASE CRITERIA (1,608 dpm/100cm²) UNLESS WHERE NOTED



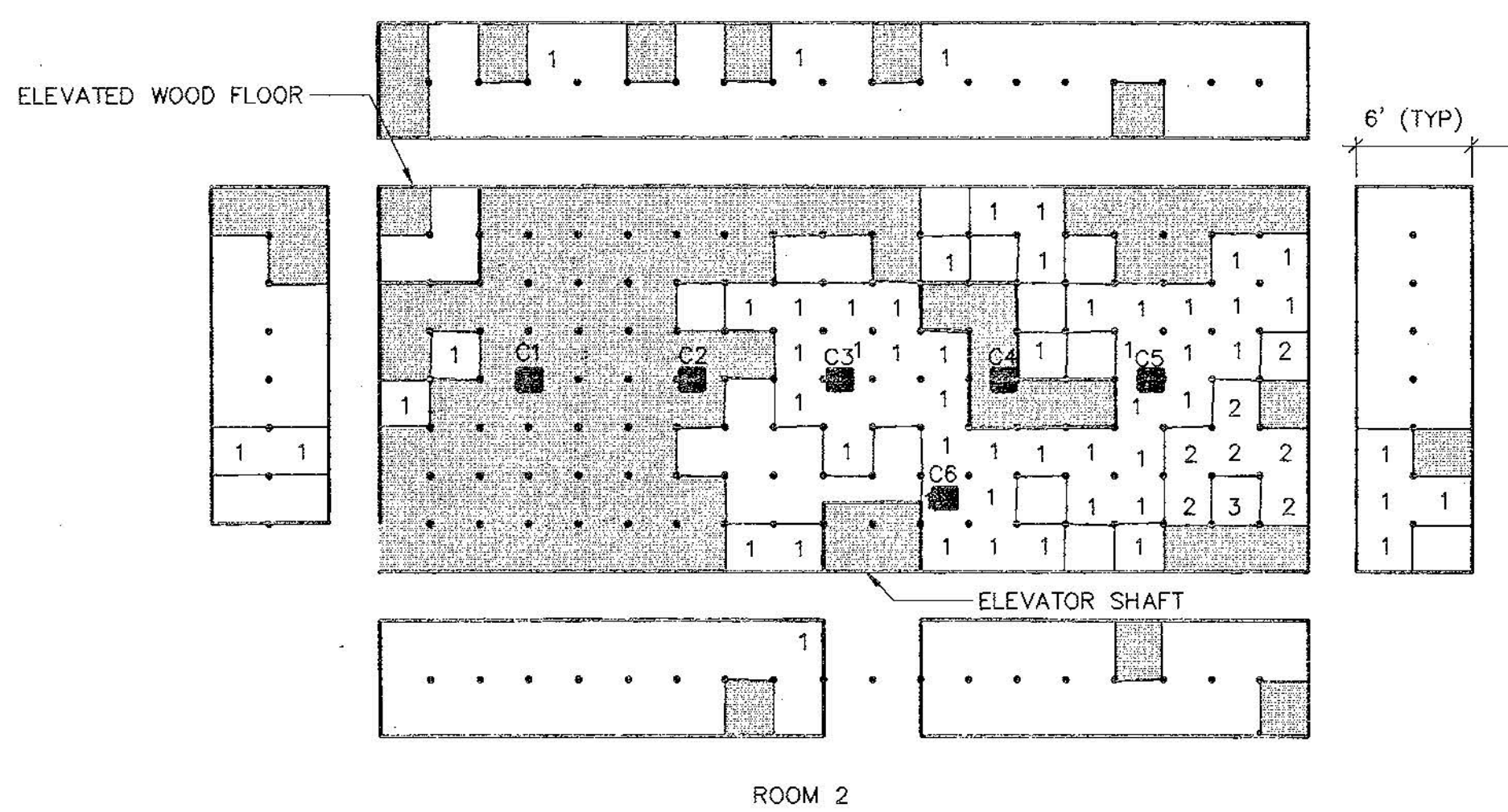
0' - 3':
 ①: C1, C2, C3, C4, C6, C8, AND EAST SIDE OF ELEVATOR SHAFT.
 ②: C5 AND C7
 3' - 6':
 ①: C1, C2, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8



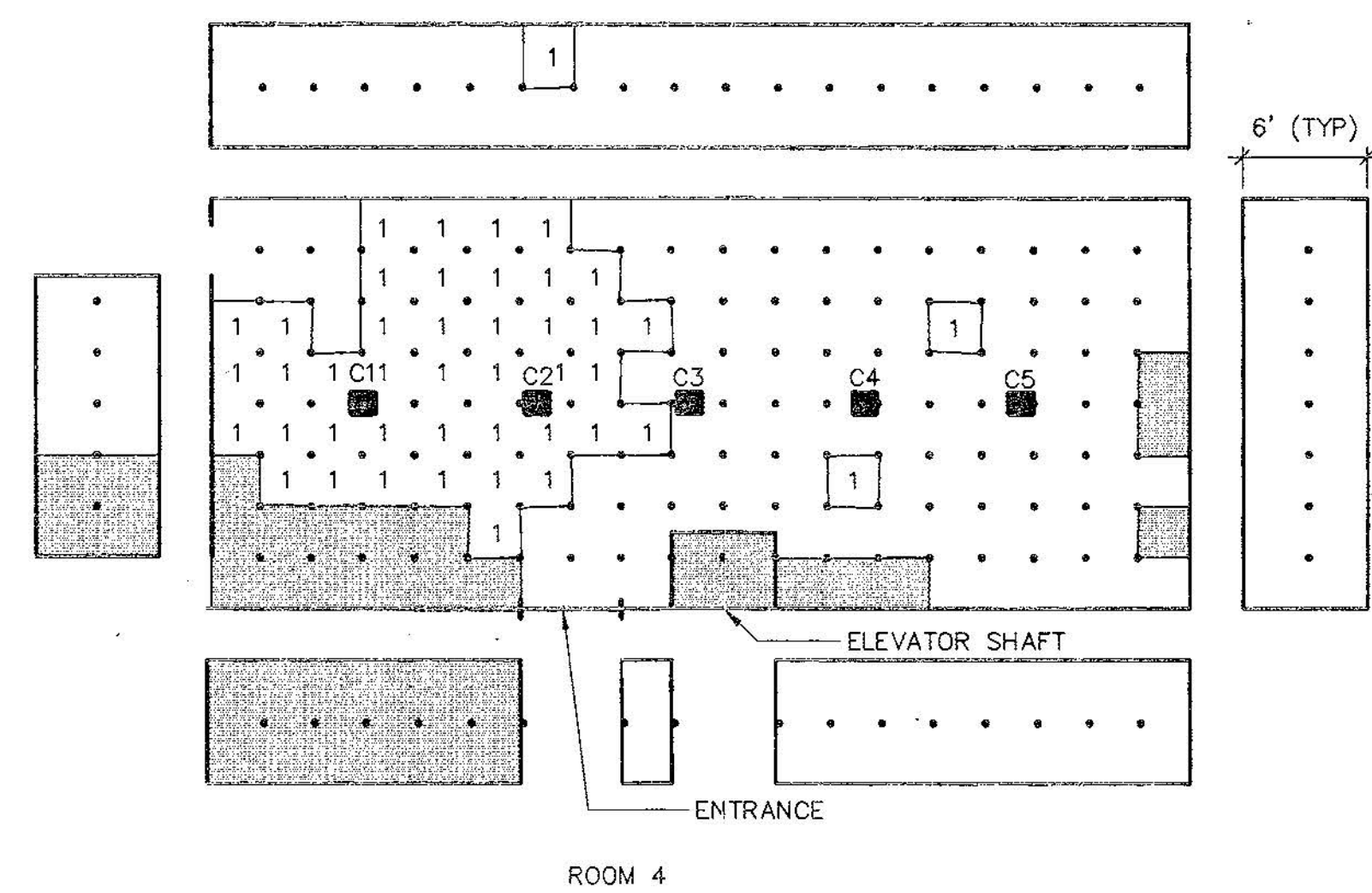
0' - 3':
 ①: C1, C3, C6, AND EAST SIDE OF ELEVATOR SHAFT.
 ②: C4 AND NORTH SIDE OF WOOD PANEL
 ④: C2
 3' - 6':
 ①: C1, C3, C4, AND C5
 ③: C2



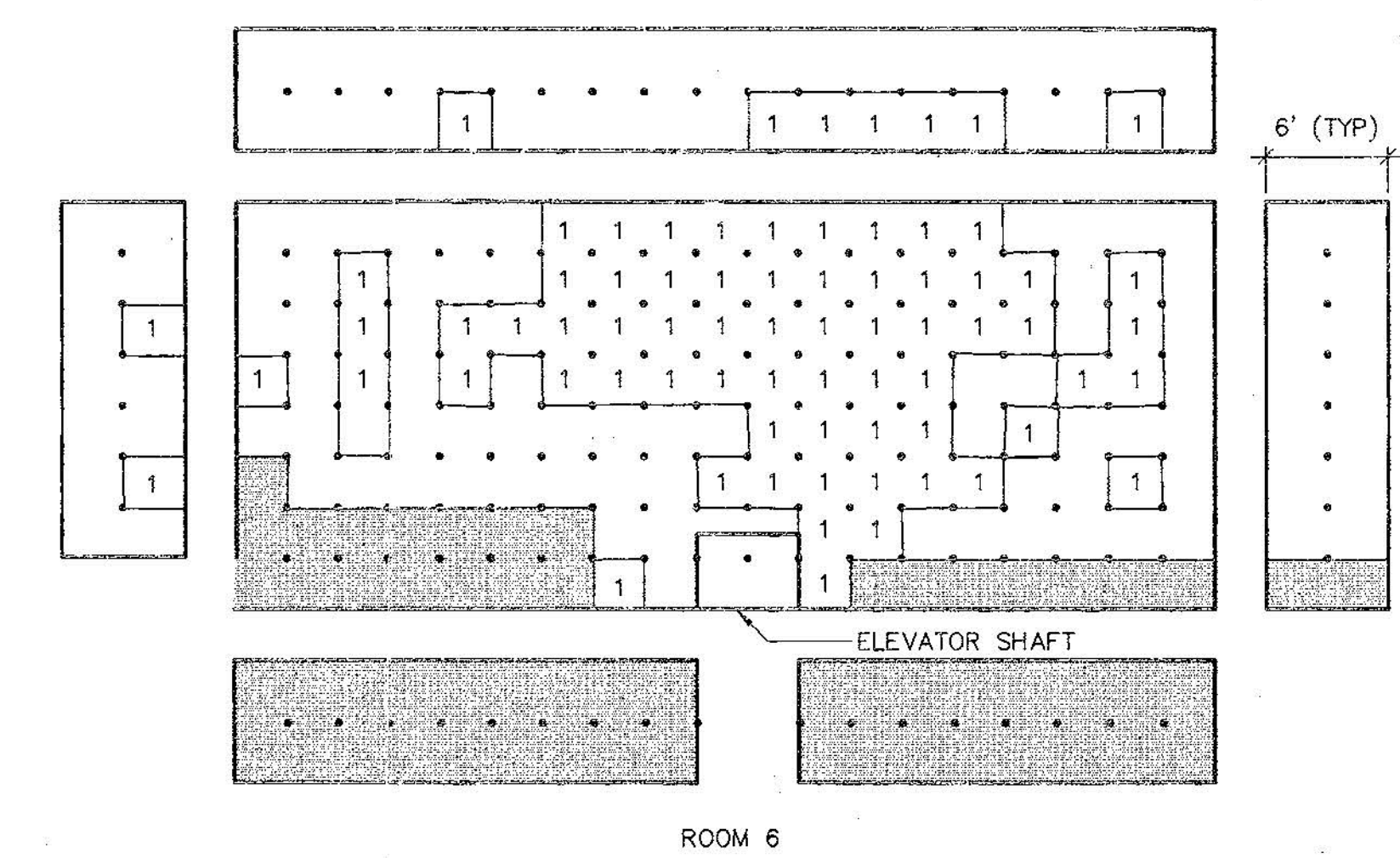
0' - 3':
 ①: C1, C2, C4, AND C8
 3' - 6':
 ①: C1, AND C2



0' - 3':
 ①: C2



0' - 6':
 ①: C1 AND C2



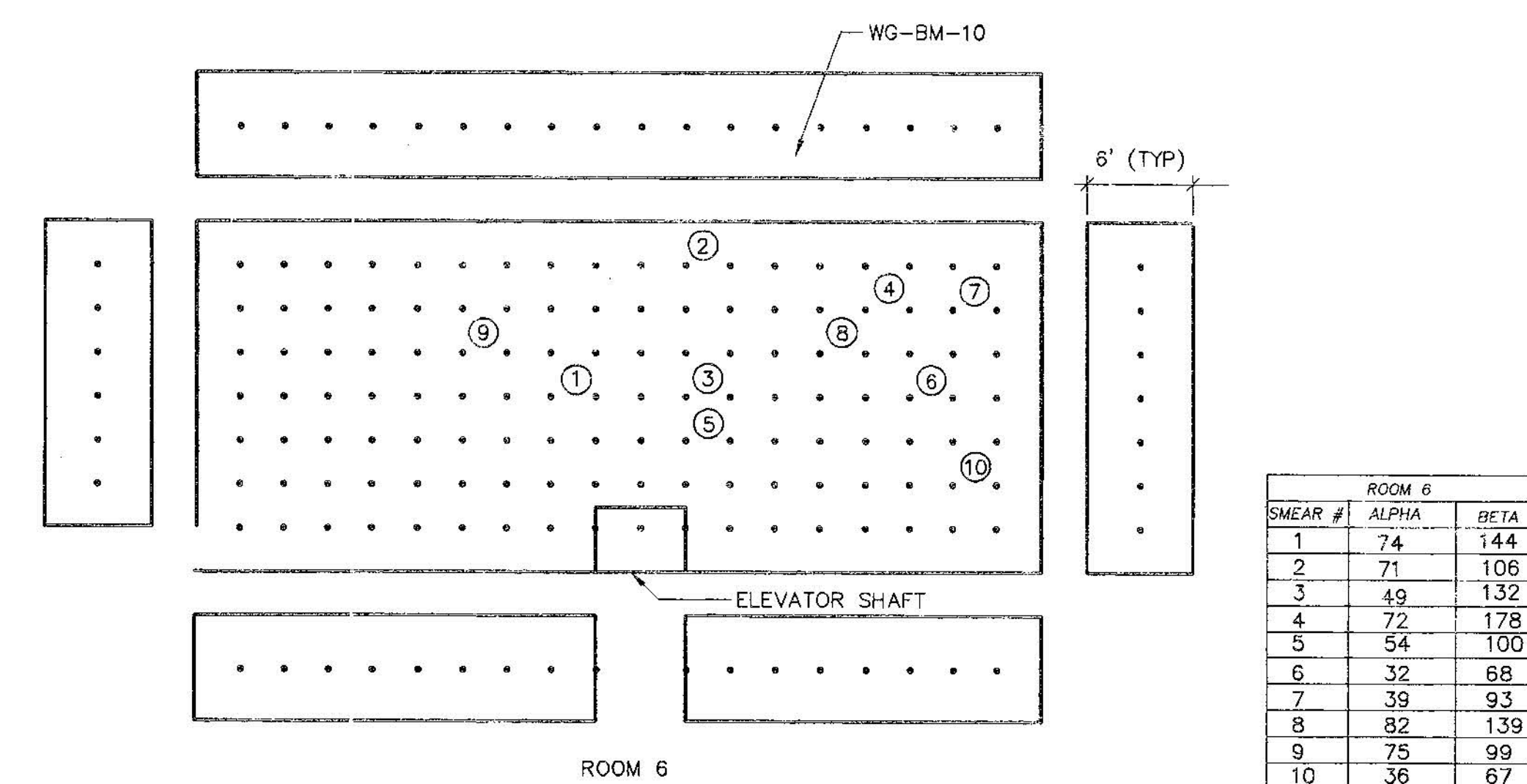
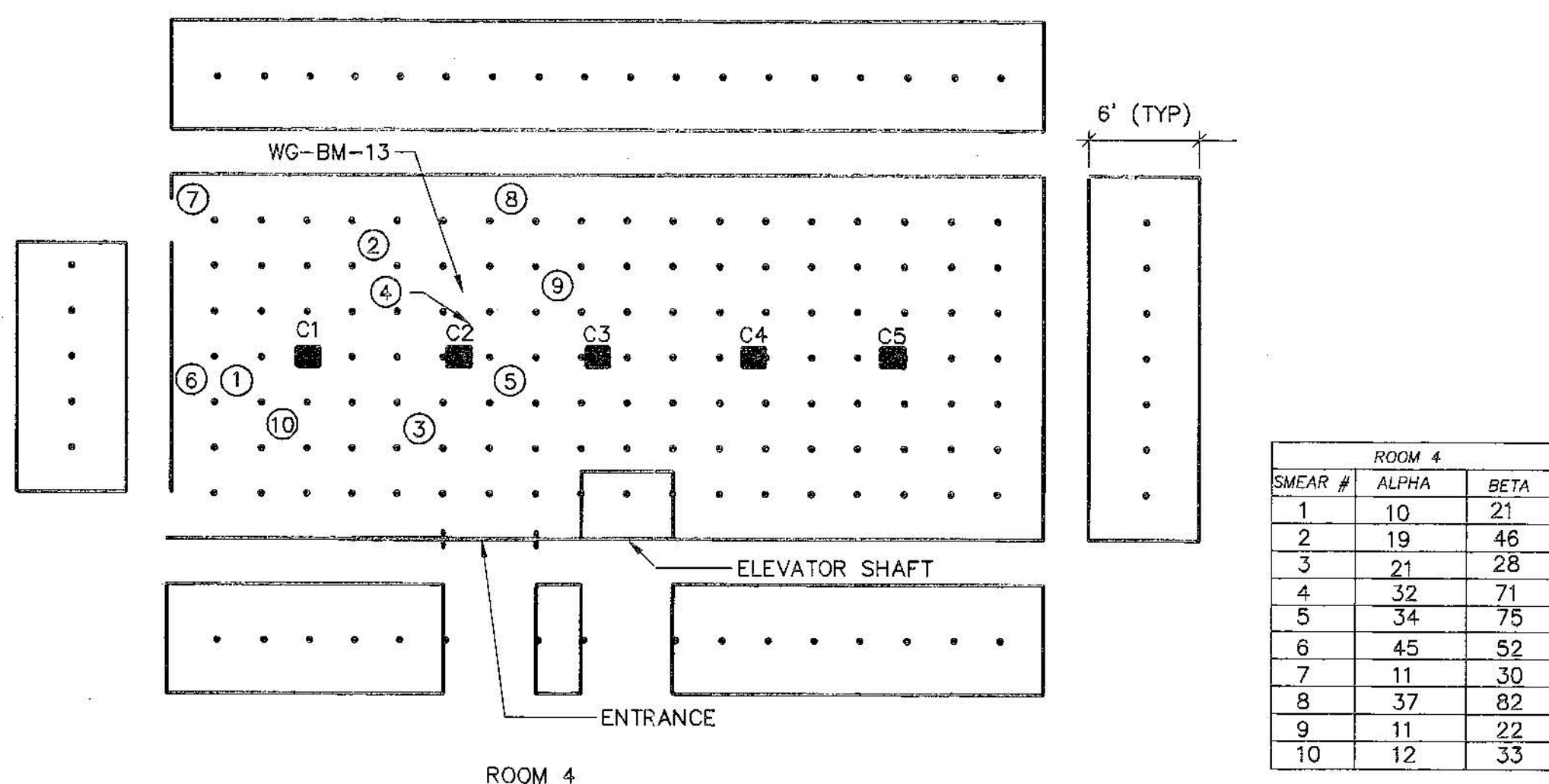
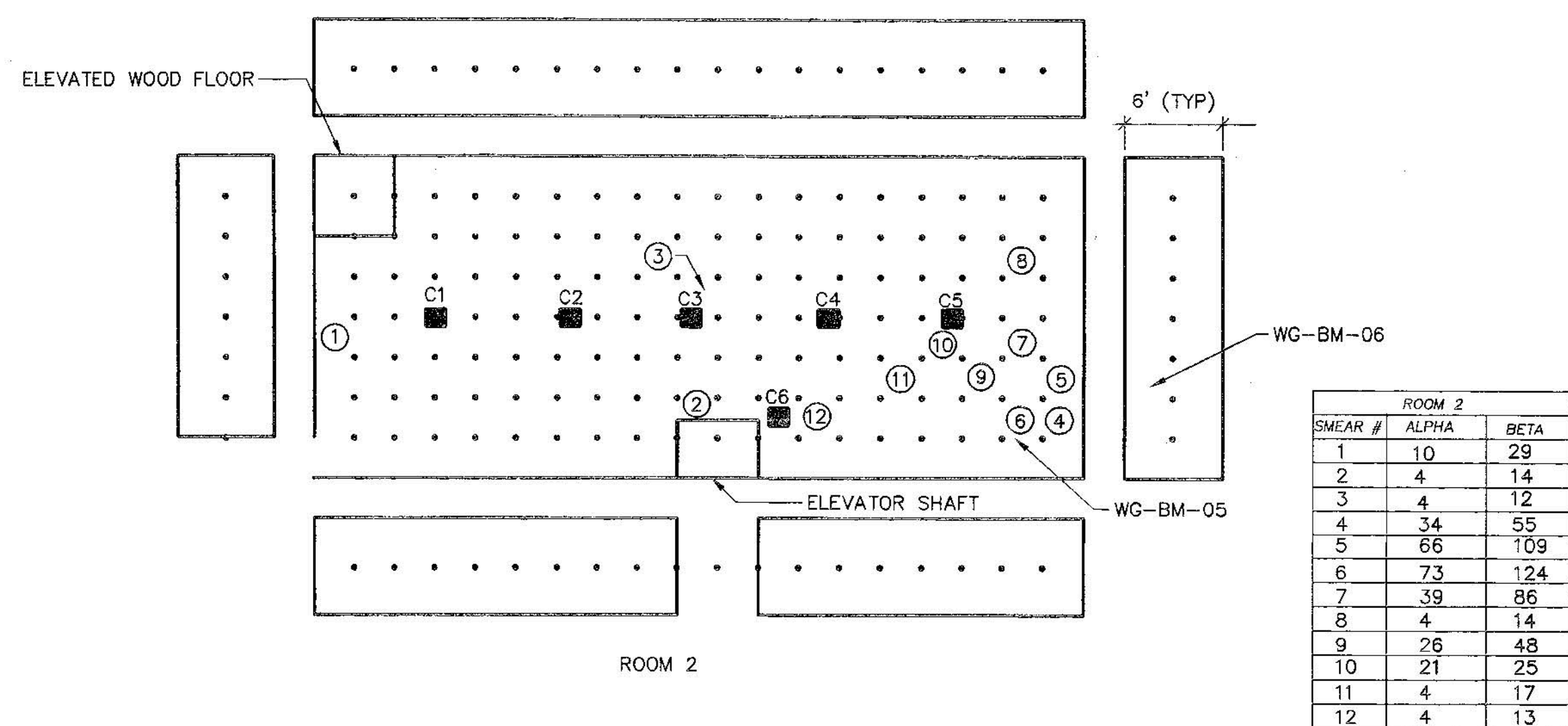
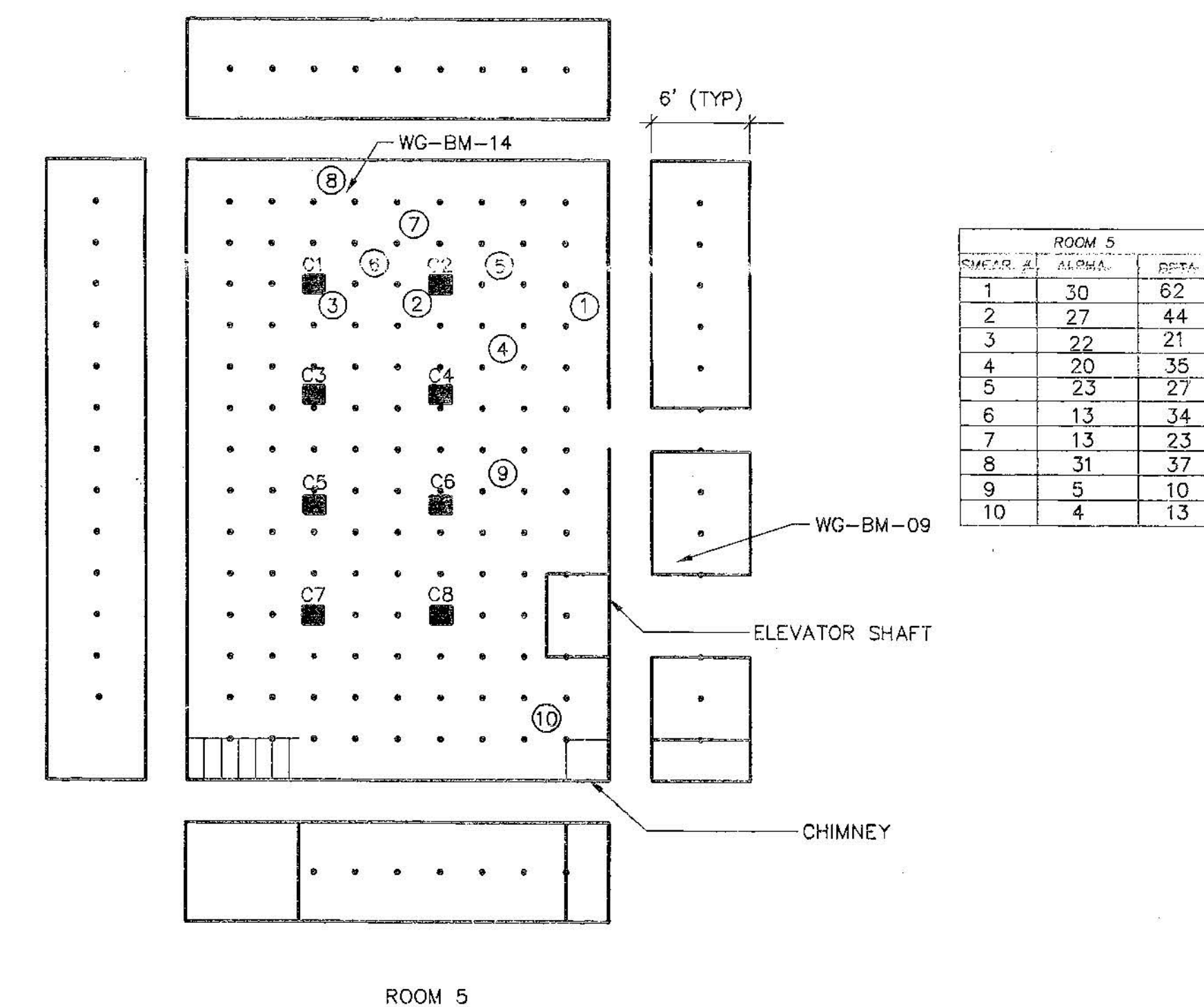
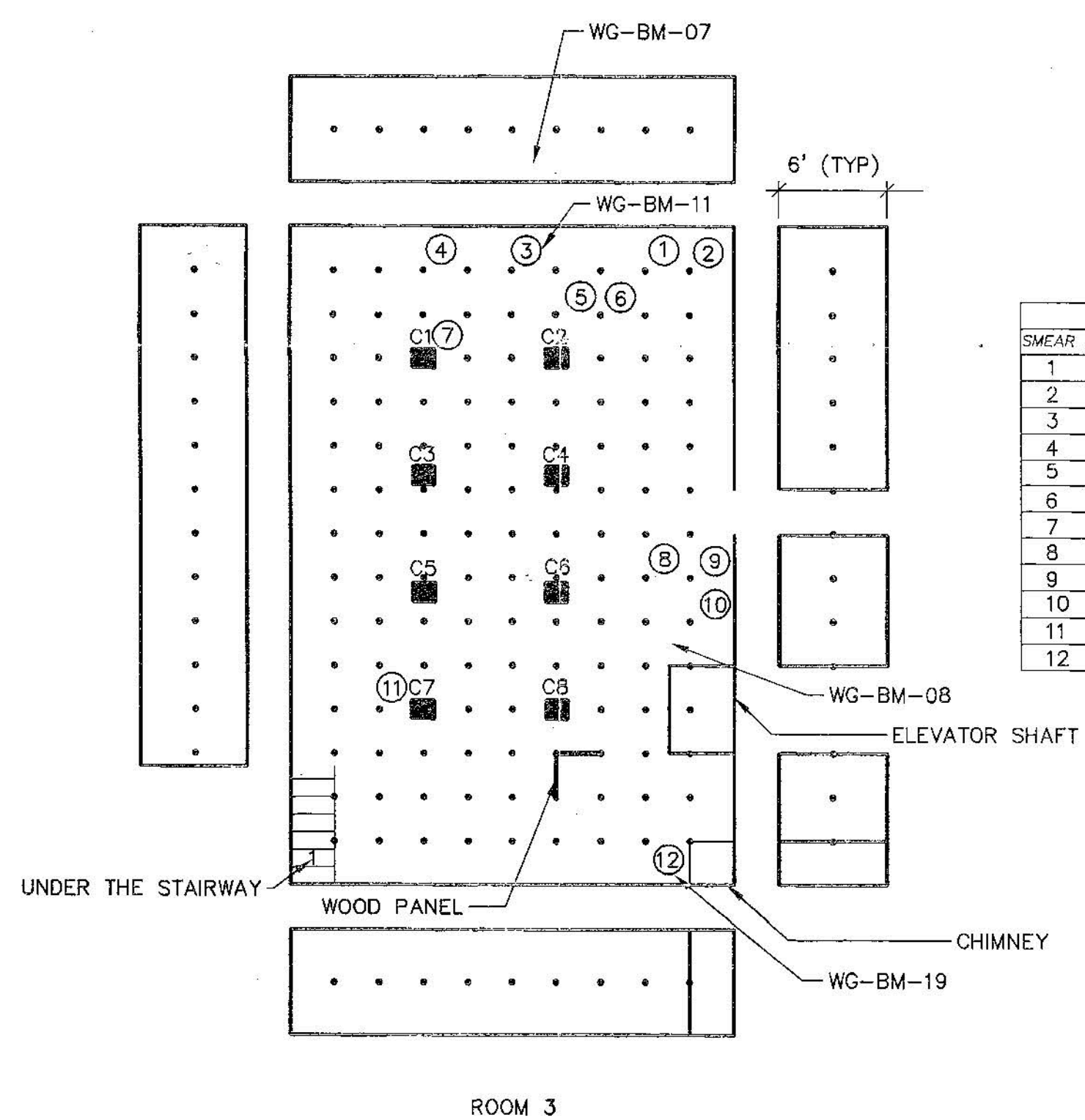
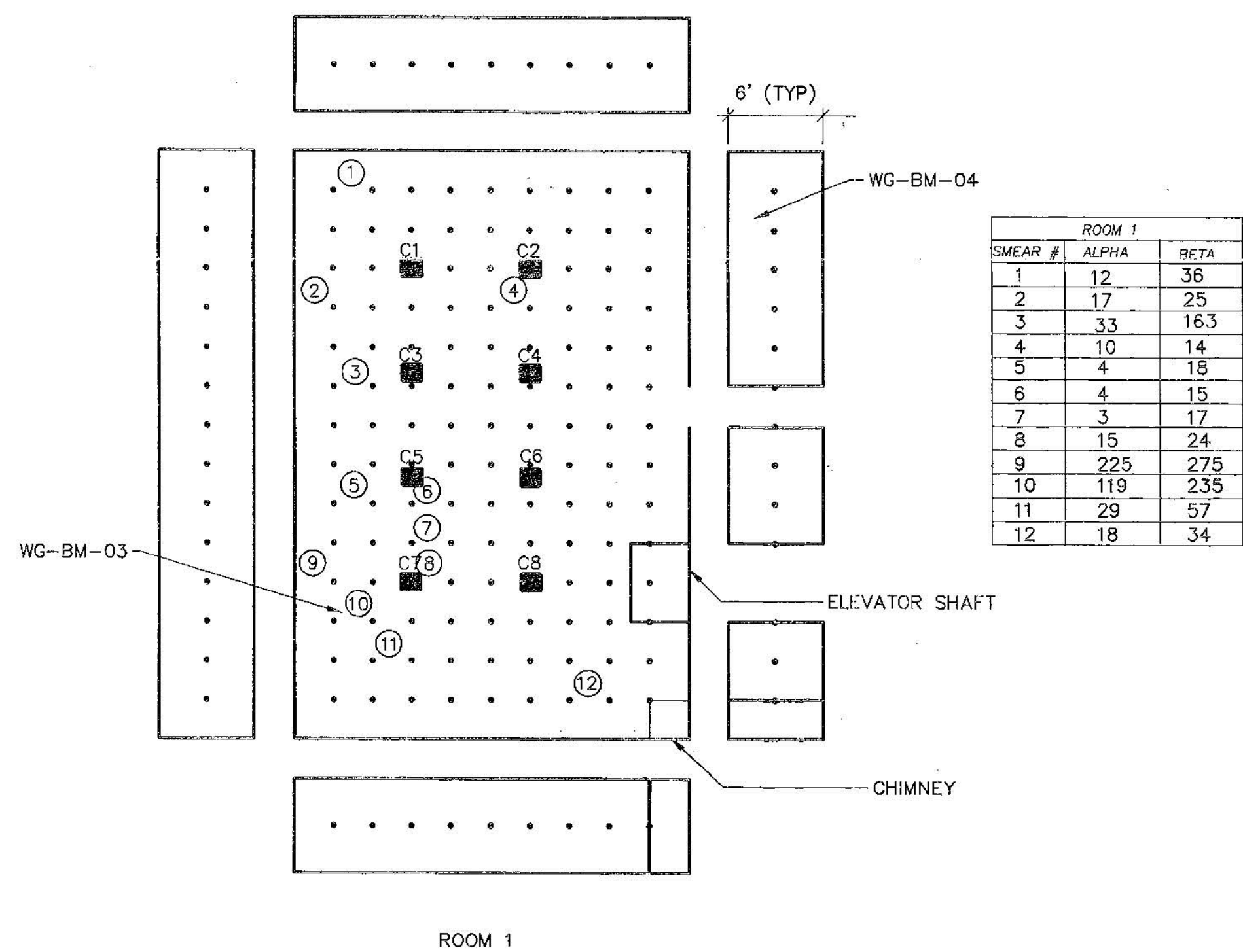
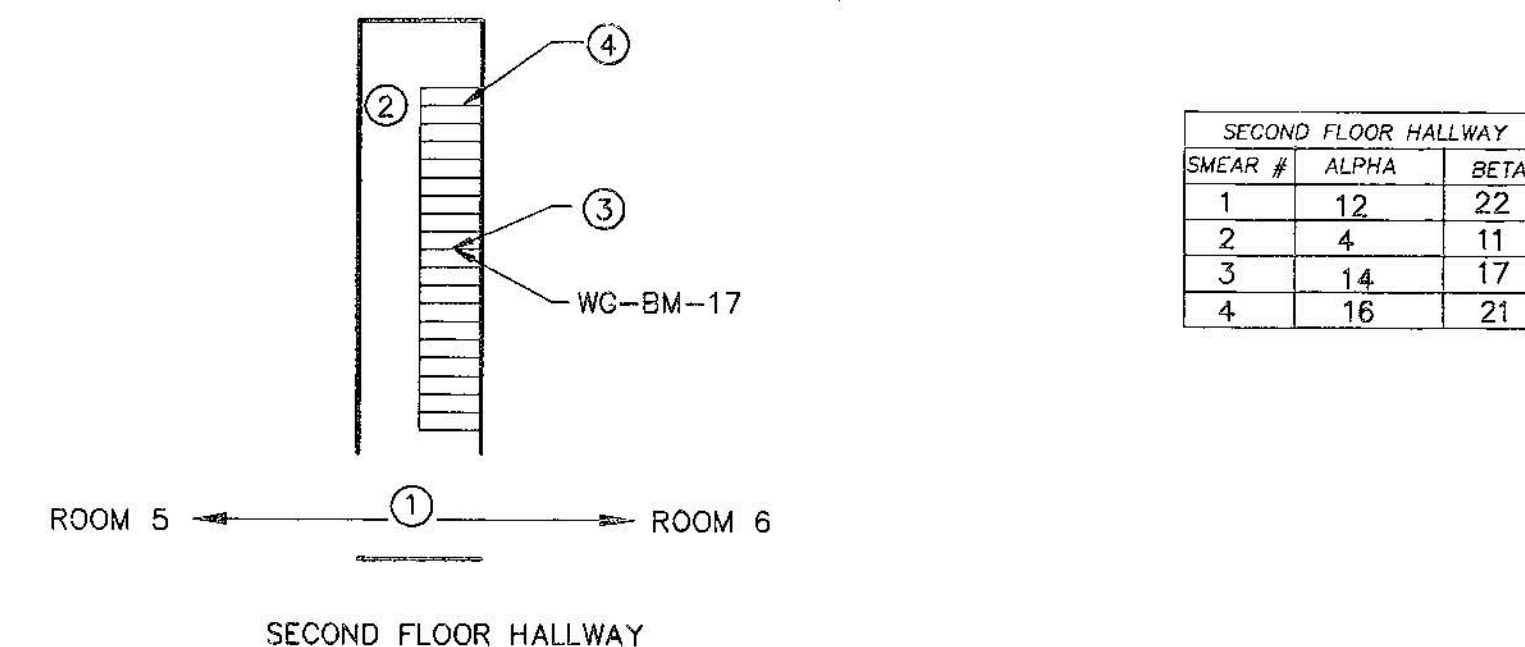
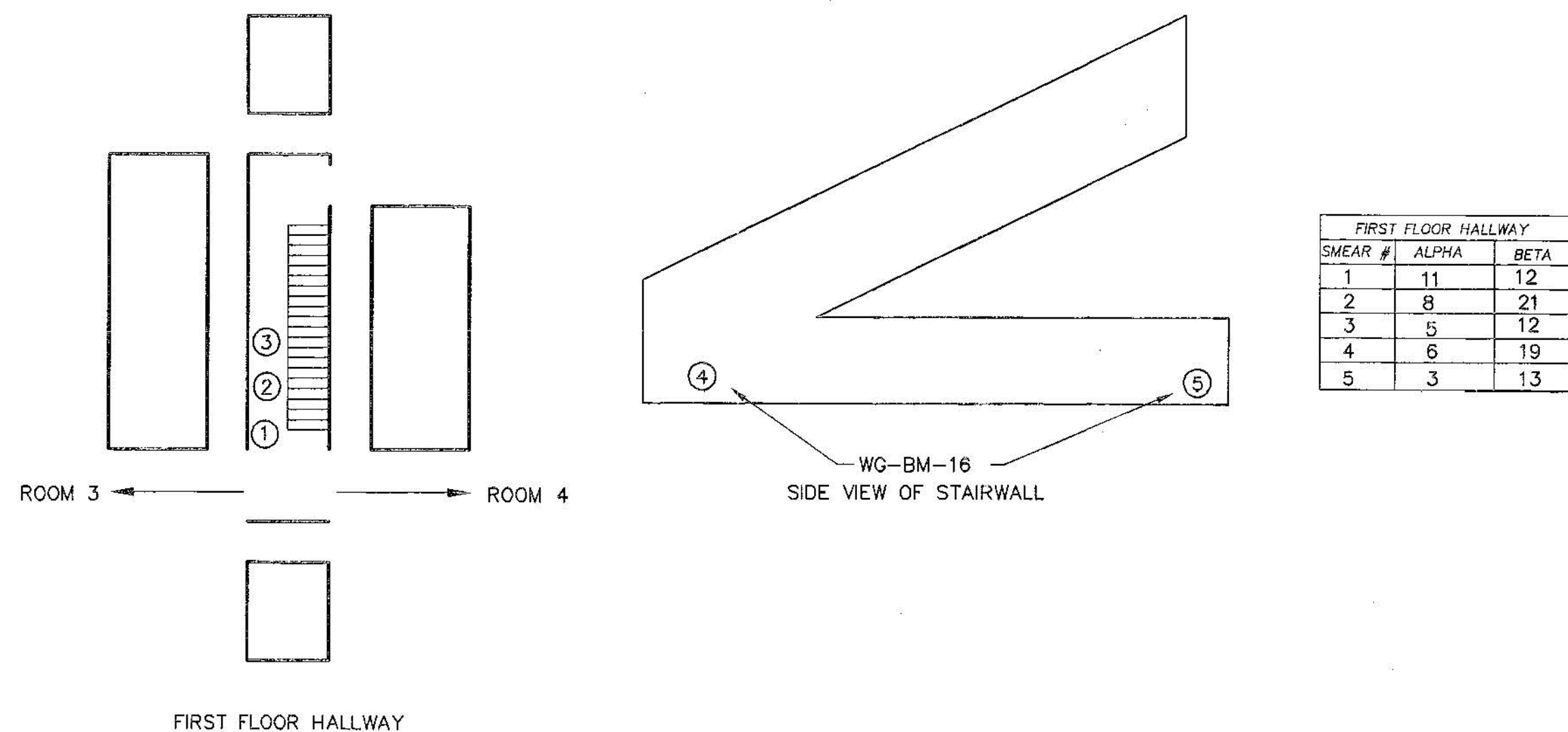
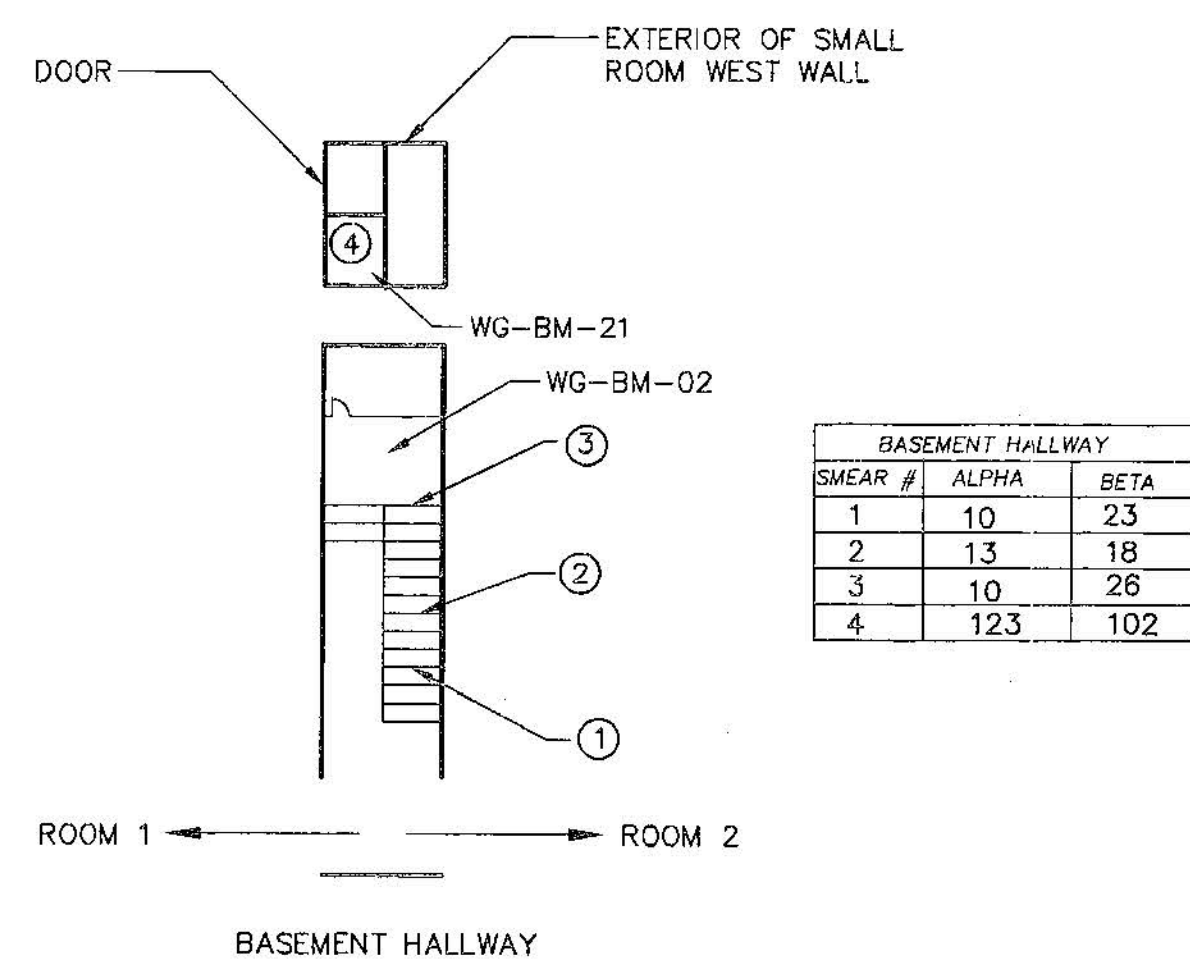
REVISIONS				DES	DES
NO.	BY	DATE	REMARKS		
				DWN	DWN
				CKD	CKD

LOCATION OF BUILDING MATERIAL SAMPLES AND SMEAR SURVEY

LEGEND:

- ④ SMEAR LOCATION (dpm/100cm²)
- WG-BM-# : BUILDING MATERIAL SAMPLE LOCATION
- C : COLUMN

- WG-BM-12: COMPOSITE SAMPLE COLLECTED FROM COLUMNS (C1, C2, C5, C7, AND C8) INSIDE ROOM 1
- WG-BM-18: COMPOSITE SURFACE DIRT SAMPLE COLLECTED FROM ROOMS 1 AND 2
- WG-BM-20: COMPOSITE SAMPLE COLLECTED FROM COLUMNS (C1, C2, AND C4) INSIDE ROOM 5
- WG-BM-22: COMPOSITE FLOOR SURFACE DIRT COLLECTED FROM ROOM 3-6



MALCOLM PIRNIE

REVISIONS			
NO.	BY	DATE	REMARKS

DES DES
DWN DWN
CKD CKD

WELSBACH/GGM SITE
SAMPLE LOCATIONS
INTERIOR OF FORMER GGM BUILDING
NOT TO SCALE

300708

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.
APPENDIX B-4

**APPENDIX B-5
WELSBACH/GGM SITE
RADON SAMPLING RESULTS**

Radon air concentration measured inside the basement of various properties

Location	Average Radon Air Concentration	
	Radon Gas (pCi/L)	Radon Progeny (WL)
General Gas Mantle	NA	1.7 - Room 1
	NA	0.0338 - Room 6
Study Area Property 1	0.5	0.0123
Study Area Property 2	1.2- Main Office	NA
	0.3 - Meeting Room	NA
	4.9 - Pump Room	NA
Study Area Property 3	< 0.3	0.0025
Study Area Property 4	2.1	0.0075
Study Area Property 5	0.7	0.00568
Study Area Property 6	0.7	0.0066
Study Area Property 7	< 0.2	0.00196
Study Area Property 8	0.7	0.0029
Study Area Property 9	1.1	NA
Study Area Property 10	*	4.96E-03
Study Area Property 11	0.9	0.0076
Study Area Property 12	0.3	1.27E-02
Study Area Property 13	0.9	4.70E-03
Study Area Property 14	1.0**	0.0168
Study Area Property 15	1.8	0.0056
Study Area Property 16	NA	NA
Study Area Property 17	NA	NA
Study Area Property 18	NA	NA
Study Area Property 19	NA	0.0092
	NA	0.0168
Study Area Property 20	NA	NA

300707

**APPENDIX B-6
WELSBACH/GGM SITE
VICINITY PROPERTIES SAMPLING RESULTS**

Sample Information (Soils)			Sample Radiological Results, pCi/g**								
Sample Identification No.	Borehole No.	Depth (inches)	U-234	U-235	U-238	Ra-226	Ra-228	Th-228	Th-230	Th-232	
WG-SS-SAP1-01	1	0-6	0.99 +/- 0.17	< 0.011	0.85 +/- 0.15	1.51 +/- 0.281	11.6 +/- 0.956	12.4 +/- 1.6	2.93 +/- 0.50	12.4 +/- 1.6	
WG-SS-SAP1-02		12-18	0.402 +/- 0.091	< 0.031	< 0.039	0.802 +/- 0.173	2.73 +/- 0.354	2.61 +/- 0.39	0.94 +/- 0.18	2.35 +/- 0.35	
WG-SS-SAP1-03		0-6	1.04 +/- 0.17	< 0.026	1.06 +/- 0.18	1.33 +/- 0.313	12.6 +/- 1.06	13.0 +/- 1.7	3.26 +/- 0.54	13.3 +/- 1.7	
WG-SS-SAP1-04	2	12-18	1.16 +/- 0.19	< 0.029	1.13 +/- 0.19	2.55 +/- 0.414	17.2 +/- 1.39	13.0 +/- 1.7	3.10 +/- 0.52	13.4 +/- 1.7	
WG-SS-SAP1-05		24-30	0.75 +/- 0.14	< 0.028	0.83 +/- 0.15	1.49 +/- 0.192	4.67 +/- 0.404	4.13 +/- 0.57	E 1.41 +/- 0.24	E 4.11 +/- 0.57	
WG-SS-SAP1-06		0-6	1.32 +/- 0.21	< 0.032	1.24 +/- 0.20	2.32 +/- 0.355	36.0 +/- 2.50	31.7 +/- 4.2	7.6 +/- 1.3	32.3 +/- 4.2	
WG-SS-SAP1-07	3	6-12	1.19 +/- 0.19	< 0.028	1.18 +/- 0.19	2.08 +/- 0.312	19.7 +/- 1.46	17.5 +/- 2.3	5.14 +/- 0.86	18.4 +/- 2.4	
WG-SS-SAP1-08		18-24	0.90 +/- 0.16	< 0.023	0.86 +/- 0.15	1.75 +/- 0.291	6.01 +/- 0.653	5.90 +/- 0.79	1.94 +/- 0.32	6.17 +/- 0.82	
WG-SS-SAP1-09	4	6-12	1.93 +/- 0.29	< 0.026	2.11 +/- 0.31	3.55 +/- 0.571	74.2 +/- 4.98	77.0 +/- 10.0	15.4 +/- 2.6	73.3 +/- 9.5	
WG-SS-SAP1-10		12-18	1.22 +/- 0.20	< 0.025	1.24 +/- 0.20	2.24 +/- 0.409	25.5 +/- 1.90	25.6 +/- 3.2	5.88 +/- 0.87	24.8 +/- 3.1	
WG-SS-SAP1-11	5	0-6	1.13 +/- 0.23	0.025 +/- 0.029	0.90 +/- 0.20	1.59 +/- 0.212	5.96 +/- 0.550	7.7 +/- 1.0	2.09 +/- 0.36	7.7 +/- 1.0	
WG-SS-SAP1-12		6-9	1.22 +/- 0.24	E 0.063 +/- 0.045	E 1.01 +/- 0.21	E 1.42 +/- 0.203	E 7.81 +/- 0.633	E 8.13 +/- 1.1	E 2.42 +/- 0.40	E 8.2 +/- 1.1	
WG-SS-SAP1-13	6	0-30	0.57 +/- 0.14	E 0.020 +/- 0.029	E 0.53 +/- 0.14	E 1.20 +/- 0.157	E 1.08 +/- 0.217	E 1.07 +/- 0.24	E 0.88 +/- 0.20	E 1.16 +/- 0.24	
WG-SS-SAP2-01	1	0-6	0.82 +/- 0.17	< 0.042	0.76 +/- 0.16	2.92 +/- 0.330	12.9 +/- 1.02	9.2 +/- 1.2	1.78 +/- 0.33	8.2 +/- 1.1	
WG-SS-SAP2-02		12-18	1.31 +/- 0.25	E 0.084 +/- 0.054	E 1.17 +/- 0.23	E 1.55 +/- 0.241	E 6.64 +/- 0.606	E 14.2 +/- 1.8	E 2.83 +/- 0.47	E 16.2 +/- 2.0	
WG-SS-SAP2-03		0-6	1.09 +/- 0.22	< 0.043	1.18 +/- 0.24	1.83 +/- 0.238	5.14 +/- 0.523	5.31 +/- 0.76	1.77 +/- 0.33	4.76 +/- 0.69	
WG-SS-SAP2-04	2	18-24	0.97 +/- 0.20	E < 0.073	E 1.13 +/- 0.23	E 1.84 +/- 0.261	E 8.44 +/- 0.720	E 9.1 +/- 1.2	E 1.81 +/- 0.34	E 7.3 +/- 1.0	
WG-SS-SAP2-05		24-30	0.69 +/- 0.16	E < 0.039	E 0.54 +/- 0.14	E 1.75 +/- 0.257	E 5.66 +/- 0.580	E 4.17 +/- 0.64	E 1.06 +/- 0.24	E 3.79 +/- 0.59	
WG-SS-SAP2-06	3	0-6	2.04 +/- 0.48	0.16 +/- 0.12	1.95 +/- 0.46	1.17 +/- 0.215	2.31 +/- 0.362	18.6 +/- 2.4	2.38 +/- 0.48	17.5 +/- 2.3	
WG-SS-SAP2-07		6-12	0.93 +/- 0.22	E 0.061 +/- 0.051	E 0.81 +/- 0.21	E 1.22 +/- 0.211	E 2.29 +/- 0.348	E 4.52 +/- 0.65	E 1.24 +/- 0.24	E 4.66 +/- 0.66	
WG-SS-SAP2-08		0-6	1.62 +/- 0.43	< 0.17	1.39 +/- 0.40	2.42 +/- 0.342	10.3 +/- 0.951	120 +/- 22	25.7 +/- 8.2	122 +/- 22	
WG-SS-SAP2-09	4	12-18	21.0 +/- 4.1	E < 0.95	E 25.8 +/- 4.7	E 49.2 +/- 3.21	E 379 +/- 24.0	E 443 +/- 140	E 206 +/- 77	E 538 +/- 130	
WG-SS-SAP2-10		18-24	110 +/- 15	E 4.4 +/- 1.6	E 101 +/- 14	E R	E R	E 1339 +/- 250	E 197 +/- 80	E 1185 +/- 220	
WG-SS-SAP2-11		24-30	26.5 +/- 5.1	E 2.0 +/- 1.1	E 30.0 +/- 5.5	E R	E R	E 342 +/- 110	E 154 +/- 63	E 355 +/- 100	
WG-SS-SAP2-12		0-6	1.65 +/- 0.24	0.073 +/- 0.033	1.67 +/- 0.25	3.34 +/- 0.370	E 20.3 +/- 1.48	E 16.8 +/- 2.0	2.37 +/- 0.33	16.1 +/- 1.9	
WG-SS-SAP2-13	5	6-12	5.13 +/- 0.70	E 0.257 +/- 0.090	5.73 +/- 0.77	7.44 +/- 0.669	E 68.1 +/- 4.50	E 65.6 +/- 7.7	9.5 +/- 1.2	60.0 +/- 7.1	
WG-SS-SAP2-14		18-24	0.91 +/- 0.14	E 0.050 +/- 0.021	E 0.80 +/- 0.12	E 2.61 +/- 0.262	E 5.61 +/- 0.482	E 4.75 +/- 0.64	1.22 +/- 0.21	4.47 +/- 0.041	
WG-SS-SAP2-15	6	6-12	0.72 +/- 0.19	< 0.12	0.82 +/- 0.21	1.38 +/- 0.222	E 5.19 +/- 0.537	E 4.93 +/- 0.71	1.07 +/- 0.23	3.90 +/- 0.59	
WG-SS-SAP2-16		18-24	0.91 +/- 0.16	< 0.024	0.92 +/- 0.16	3.65 +/- 0.351	E 13.9 +/- 1.05	E 10.3 +/- 1.4	1.58 +/- 0.30	9.3 +/- 1.2	
WG-SS-SAP2-17		0-6	1.05 +/- 0.22	0.061 +/- 0.043	1.00 +/- 0.21	1.30 +/- 0.259	E 9.50 +/- 0.851	E 8.2 +/- 1.0	1.96 +/- 0.31	8.2 +/- 1.0	
WG-SS-SAP2-18	7	6-12	1.27 +/- 0.53	< 0.36	1.40 +/- 0.53	221 +/- 14.3	2.77 +/- 0.966	E 208 +/- 25	27.5 +/- 3.7	209 +/- 25	
WG-SS-SAP2-19		18-24	2.43 +/- 0.72	< 0.29	2.36 +/- 0.71	2.9 +/- 0.292	9.74 +/- 0.734	E 13.7 +/- 2.1	4.59 +/- 0.90	12.8 +/- 1.9	
WG-SS-SAP2-20	8	0-6	10.5 +/- 1.7	0.81 +/- 0.33	10.6 +/- 1.7	12.8 +/- 0.989	99.5 +/- 6.48	E 132 +/- 16	16.3 +/- 2.4	132 +/- 16	
WG-SS-SAP2-21		6-12	1.30 +/- 0.20	0.039 +/- 0.026	1.31 +/- 0.20	2.43 +/- 0.277	7.81 +/- 0.700	E 9.6 +/- 1.2	2.15 +/- 0.30	9.2 +/- 1.1	
WG-SS-SAP2-22	9	0-6	0.84 +/- 0.15	E 0.028 +/- 0.021	E 0.65 +/- 0.12	E 1.55 +/- 0.245	E 4.52 +/- 0.508	E 3.70 +/- 0.48	1.17 +/- 0.18	3.23 +/- 0.42	
WG-SS-SAP2-23		18-24	1.68 +/- 0.29	< 0.084	1.40 +/- 0.25	4.42 +/- 0.624	24.9 +/- 2.07	E 10.8 +/- 1.5	1.70 +/- 0.38	8.6 +/- 1.2	
WG-SS-SAP2-24	10	6-12	2.88 +/- 0.72	< 0.23	2.18 +/- 0.61	9.38 +/- 0.660	34.6 +/- 2.27	E 87 +/- 11	10.7 +/- 1.7	86 +/- 11	
WG-SS-SAP2-25		12-18	0.64 +/- 0.35	< 0.26	0.71 +/- 0.38	1.62 +/- 0.209	4.41 +/- 0.457	E 5.7 +/- 1.1	1.84 +/- 0.51	5.7 +/- 1.0	
WG-SS-SAP2-26	11	0-30	1.32 +/- 0.19	0.060 +/- 0.024	1.45 +/- 0.20	1.75 +/- 0.240	2.25 +/- 0.363	E 2.68 +/- 0.33	1.52 +/- 0.20	2.44 +/- 0.30	
WG-SS-SAP3-01	1	0-5	0.63 +/- 0.11	0.017 +/- 0.014	0.62 +/- 0.11	1.11 +/- 0.202	17.0 +/- 1.20	E 4.03 +/- 0.50	E 1.13 +/- 0.16	2.63 +/- 0.34	

30078

**APPENDIX B-6
WELSBACH/GGM SITE
VICINITY PROPERTIES SAMPLING RESULTS (CONTINUED)**

Sample Information (Soils)			Sample Radiological Results, pCi/g**									
Sample Identification No.	Borehole No.	Depth (inches)	U-234	U-235	U-238	Ra-226	Ra-228	Th-228	Th-230	Th-232		
WG-SS-SAP3-02		0-6	0.58 +/- 0.11	0.039 +/- 0.025	0.61 +/- 0.11	1.42 +/- 0.227	4.15 +/- 0.463	E 13.0 +/- 1.7	E 2.74 +/- 0.51	14.2 +/- 1.9		
WG-SS-SAP3-03	2	14-20	0.64 +/- 0.13	0.036 +/- 0.029	0.77 +/- 0.15	1.05 +/- 0.205	16.1 +/- 1.16	E 176.9 +/- 22	E 28.4 +/- 4.9	167 +/- 21		
WG-SS-SAP3-04		20-26	1.28 +/- 0.22	0.034 +/- 0.027	0.96 +/- 0.18	1.17 +/- 0.320	47.6 +/- 3.13	E 25.4 +/- 3.9	E 4.7 +/- 1.2	26.5 +/- 4.0		
WG-SS-SAP3-05	3	6-12	0.54 +/- 0.10	< 0.023	E 0.423 +/- 0.088	E 0.601 +/- 0.120	2.24 +/- 0.255	E 2.49 +/- 0.33	E 0.98 +/- 0.15	2.42 +/- 0.32		
WG-SS-SAP3-06	3	0-6	0.53 +/- 0.10	0.19 +/- 0.015	0.452 +/- 0.091	0.916 +/- 0.156	5.65 +/- 0.485	E 6.03 +/- 0.74	E 1.53 +/- 0.21	5.57 +/- 0.69		
WG-SS-SAP3-07	4	0-6	0.61 +/- 0.11	0.036 +/- 0.021	0.60 +/- 0.11	1.49 +/- 0.172	2.12 +/- 0.261	E 2.03 +/- 0.27	E 1.02 +/- 0.15	1.85 +/- 0.25		
WG-SS-SAP3-08		6-12	0.66 +/- 0.11	0.032 +/- 0.019	0.503 +/- 0.094	1.24 +/- 0.161	2.53 +/- 0.282	E 2.89 +/- 0.38	E 1.10 +/- 0.16	3.31 +/- 0.42		
WG-SS-SAP3-09	5	0-6	0.59 +/- 0.11	0.030 +/- 0.019	0.66 +/- 0.12	1.26 +/- 0.177	3.46 +/- 0.370	E 3.21 +/- 0.41	E 1.01 +/- 0.15	3.23 +/- 0.41		
WG-SS-SAP3-10	6	0-25	0.61 +/- 0.11	< 0.022	0.62 +/- 0.11	0.929 +/- 0.149	1.09 +/- 0.235	E 1.18 +/- 0.17	E 0.82 +/- 0.13	1.16 +/- 0.17		
WG-SS-SAP4-01	1	0-6	0.66 +/- 0.18	< 0.056	0.64 +/- 0.18	1.54 +/- 0.225	1.05 +/- 0.359	0.76 +/- 0.19	0.69 +/- 0.17	0.70 +/- 0.17		
WG-SS-SAP4-02		6-12	1.04 +/- 0.25	E 0.048 +/- 0.051	E 0.80 +/- 0.21	E 1.23 +/- 0.172	0.915 +/- 0.239	1.32 +/- 0.27	0.96 +/- 0.21	1.21 +/- 0.24		
WG-SS-SAP4-03	2	0-6	0.78 +/- 0.21	0.068 +/- 0.057	0.78 +/- 0.21	1.21 +/- 0.219	1.06 +/- 0.296	E 1.02 +/- 0.25	E 0.99 +/- 0.23	1.02 +/- 0.23		E
WG-SS-SAP4-04		6-12	0.79 +/- 0.20	E < 0.053	E 0.95 +/- 0.23	E 4.61 +/- 0.384	2.74 +/- 0.373	1.41 +/- 0.31	1.43 +/- 0.30	1.31 +/- 0.28		E
WG-SS-SAP4-05	3	0-6	1.01 +/- 0.24	< 0.070	1.12 +/- 0.26	1.01 +/- 0.216	1.33 +/- 0.317	1.61 +/- 0.32	1.23 +/- 0.26	1.59 +/- 0.31		
WG-SS-SAP4-06	4	0-6	616 +/- 150	< 51	580 +/- 150	134 +/- 8.63	61.4 +/- 4.26	263 +/- 33	422 +/- 51	262 +/- 33		
WG-SS-SAP4-07		12-18	0.81 +/- 0.21	0.045 +/- 0.044	0.94 +/- 0.23	1.55 +/- 0.184	1.24 +/- 0.213	1.26 +/- 0.26	1.11 +/- 0.23	1.29 +/- 0.26		
WG-SS-SAP4-08		0-6	1.90 +/- 0.78	< 0.40	2.64 +/- 0.94	361 +/- 23.0	< 2.21	4.6 +/- 1.3	E 3.8 +/- 1.0	E 3.24 +/- 0.93		E
WG-SS-SAP4-09	5	6-12	1.11 +/- 0.64	E < 0.66	E 1.62 +/- 0.77	E 442 +/- 28.0	< 1.55	3.2 +/- 1.1	2.13 +/- 0.77	3.21 +/- 0.95		E
WG-SS-SAP4-10		18-24	0.82 +/- 0.21	E < 0.066	E 1.01 +/- 0.24	E 29.1 +/- 1.92	1.30 +/- 0.412	1.44 +/- 0.29	1.15 +/- 0.24	1.31 +/- 0.26		E
WG-SS-SAP4-11	6	0-24	1.00 +/- 0.25	E < 0.085	E 1.08 +/- 0.26	E 1.40 +/- 0.182	1.08 +/- 0.279	1.52 +/- 0.29	1.08 +/- 0.23	1.39 +/- 0.27		E
WG-SS-SAP5-01	1	0-6	1.58 +/- 0.55	< 0.26	1.06 +/- 0.45	1.93 +/- 0.333	30.0 +/- 2.10	35.5 +/- 4.7	4.9 +/- 1.0	30.6 +/- 4.2		
WG-SS-SAP5-02		12-18	0.95 +/- 0.23	< 0.063	0.78 +/- 0.20	1.54 +/- 0.211	6.82 +/- 0.598	7.31 +/- 0.99	1.60 +/- 0.30	7.5 +/- 1.0		
WG-SS-SAP5-03	2	0-6	1.02 +/- 0.42	< 0.28	1.82 +/- 0.38	1.56 +/- 0.241	9.41 +/- 0.793	11.4 +/- 1.8	E 3.73 +/- 0.84	E 13.6 +/- 2.1		E
WG-SS-SAP5-04		12-18	1.19 +/- 0.47	E < 0.27	E 0.98 +/- 0.42	E 1.62 +/- 0.208	16.3 +/- 1.12	19.4 +/- 2.8	E 4.37 +/- 0.91	E 20.2 +/- 2.9		E
WG-SS-SAP5-05	3	0-6	0.69 +/- 0.20	< 0.097	0.77 +/- 0.21	1.17 +/- 0.188	6.80 +/- 0.582	8.1 +/- 1.1	1.85 +/- 0.33	7.6 +/- 1.0		
WG-SS-SAP5-06		12-18	0.67 +/- 0.15	0.024 +/- 0.024	0.62 +/- 0.14	0.909 +/- 0.162	1.44 +/- 0.246	1.77 +/- 0.29	0.82 +/- 0.17	1.41 +/- 0.24		
WG-SS-SAP5-07	4	0-18	0.53 +/- 0.12	0.044 +/- 0.031	0.14 +/- 0.11	0.889 +/- 0.138	1.47 +/- 0.229	1.52 +/- 0.24	0.64 +/- 0.13	1.41 +/- 0.23		
WG-SS-SAP6-01		0-6	0.40 +/- 0.11	0.056 +/- 0.040	0.45 +/- 0.12	1.09 +/- 0.168	2.06 +/- 0.289	2.21 +/- 0.34	0.65 +/- 0.14	1.91 +/- 0.30		
WG-SS-SAP6-02	1	6-12	< 0.82	< 0.49	1.15 +/- 0.60	8.03 +/- 0.557	43.4 +/- 2.79	33.4 +/- 4.8	5.1 +/- 1.2	30.3 +/- 4.4		
WG-SS-SAP6-03		21-24	0.81 +/- 0.18	< 0.049	0.84 +/- 0.18	0.939 +/- 0.121	1.24 +/- 0.190	1.75 +/- 0.29	1.01 +/- 0.19	1.30 +/- 0.23		
WG-SS-SAP6-04	2	0-6	0.82 +/- 0.19	0.046 +/- 0.039	0.71 +/- 0.17	0.913 +/- 0.148	0.672 +/- 0.199	0.56 +/- 0.15	0.68 +/- 0.15	0.78 +/- 0.16		
WG-SS-SAP6-05	3	0-24	0.57 +/- 0.14	0.037 +/- 0.032	0.64 +/- 0.15	0.964 +/- 0.124	0.701 +/- 0.163	0.90 +/- 0.19	0.75 +/- 0.16	0.90 +/- 0.18		
WG-SS-SAP7-01	1	0-6	1.00 +/- 0.24	0.044 +/- 0.043	0.75 +/- 0.20	1.09 +/- 0.216	0.832 +/- 0.361	0.89 +/- 0.21	1.17 +/- 0.24	0.88 +/- 0.20		
WG-SS-SAP7-02		6-12	0.85 +/- 0.22	E 0.085 +/- 0.063	E 0.74 +/- 0.20	E 0.984 +/- 0.171	0.924 +/- 0.234	0.70 +/- 0.19	E 0.70 +/- 0.18	E 0.63 +/- 0.17		E
WG-SS-SAP7-03	2	0-6	0.73 +/- 0.19	E < 0.081	E 0.57 +/- 0.17	E 2.11 +/- 0.216	0.640 +/- 0.195	0.92 +/- 0.22	0.80 +/- 0.20	0.79 +/- 0.19		E
WG-SS-SAP7-04		6-12	0.52 +/- 0.16	< 0.051	0.40 +/- 0.13	0.775 +/- 0.155	0.677 +/- 0.296	0.74 +/- 0.20	0.76 +/- 0.19	0.68 +/- 0.18		
WG-SS-SAP7-05	3	0-6	0.70 +/- 0.19	< 0.073	0.62 +/- 0.18	0.904 +/- 0.210	0.778 +/- 0.327	0.72 +/- 0.18	0.81 +/- 0.19	0.80 +/- 0.19		
WG-SS-SAP7-06		0-12	0.72 +/- 0.20	< 0.081	0.44 +/- 0.16	1.00 +/- 0.177	0.985 +/- 0.258	0.75 +/- 0.20	0.73 +/- 0.18	0.66 +/- 0.17		
WG-SS-SAP8-01	1	0-6	0.77 +/- 0.20	E < 0.073	E 0.55 +/- 0.17	E 1.26 +/- 0.192	2.76 +/- 0.344	2.21 +/- 0.38	E 0.85 +/- 0.19	E 1.96 +/- 0.34		E
WG-SS-SAP8-02	2	0-6	0.87 +/- 0.22	< 0.084	0.79 +/- 0.21	1.65 +/- 0.193	3.52 +/- 0.372	3.62 +/- 0.56	1.25 +/- 0.26	3.63 +/- 0.55		

300703

APPENDIX B-6
WELSBACH/GGM SITE
VICINITY PROPERTIES SAMPLING RESULTS (CONTINUED)

Sample Information (Soils)			Sample Radiological Results, pCi/g**								
Sample Identification No.	Borehole No.	Depth (inches)	U-234	U-235	U-238	Ra-226	Ra-228	Th-228	Th-230	Th-232	
WG-SS-SAP8-03	3	0-6	0.69 +/- 0.18	E < 0.058	E 0.52 +/- 0.15	E 1.06 +/- 0.175	1.20 +/- 0.287	1.47 +/- 0.28	0.85 +/- 0.20	1.46 +/- 0.28	
WG-SS-SAP9-01	1	0-6	0.52 +/- 0.13	E 0.019 +/- 0.024	E 0.45 +/- 0.12	E 0.700 +/- 0.145	0.784 +/- 0.227	0.61 +/- 0.18	0.71 +/- 0.18	0.69 +/- 0.18	
WG-SS-SAP9-02	2	0-6	0.55 +/- 0.14	< 0.044	0.52 +/- 0.13	1.26 +/- 0.177	1.53 +/- 0.280	1.26 +/- 0.27	0.66 +/- 0.17	1.26 +/- 0.26	
WG-SS-SAP9-03	3	0-3	0.63 +/- 0.15	< 0.049	0.75 +/- 0.17	1.33 +/- 0.182	0.960 +/- 0.243	0.97 +/- 0.24	E 0.98 +/- 0.23	E 1.24 +/- 0.26	
WG-SS-SAPI0-01	1	0-6	1.02 +/- 0.19	< 0.029	0.91 +/- 0.18	1.41 +/- 0.286	1.11 +/- 0.384	0.95 +/- 0.16	0.99 +/- 0.17	1.03 +/- 0.17	
WG-SS-SAPI0-02		6-12	0.76 +/- 0.15	0.020 +/- 0.019	0.69 +/- 0.14	0.929 +/- 0.264	0.861 +/- 0.376	0.83 +/- 0.15	0.82 +/- 0.15	0.91 +/- 0.16	
WG-SS-SAPI0-03	2	0-6	0.73 +/- 0.15	0.034 +/- 0.028	0.68 +/- 0.15	1.08 +/- 0.319	1.32 +/- 0.516	0.71 +/- 0.14	0.71 +/- 0.14	0.65 +/- 0.13	
WG-SS-SAPI0-04		6-12	0.64 +/- 0.14	0.043 +/- 0.031	0.60 +/- 0.13	0.970 +/- 0.270	0.982 +/- 0.409	0.55 +/- 0.11	0.60 +/- 0.12	0.64 +/- 0.12	
WG-SS-SAPI1-01	1	0-6	0.392 +/- 0.094	< 0.032	0.347 +/- 0.087	0.633 +/- 0.257	0.584 +/- 0.530	0.373 +/- 0.093	< 0.48	0.386 +/- 0.091	
WG-SS-SAPI1-02		6-12	0.352 +/- 0.091	< 0.024	0.317 +/- 0.085	0.553 +/- 0.194	0.711 +/- 0.393	0.353 +/- 0.087	< 0.320	0.352 +/- 0.083	
WG-SS-SAPI1-03	2	0-6	0.53 +/- 0.12	< 0.024	0.45 +/- 0.10	0.806 +/- 0.389	0.988 +/- 0.406	0.49 +/- 0.11	< 0.56	0.54 +/- 0.11	
WG-SS-SAPI2-01	1	0-6	0.370 +/- 0.098	0.016 +/- 0.018	0.339 +/- 0.092	1.14 +/- 0.243	0.902 +/- 0.354	0.55 +/- 0.12	< 0.434	0.46 +/- 0.10	
WG-SS-SAPI2-02		6-12	0.71 +/- 0.15	0.040 +/- 0.029	0.53 +/- 0.12	0.790 +/- 0.253	0.863 +/- 0.334	0.52 +/- 0.12	0.69 +/- 0.13	0.57 +/- 0.12	
WG-SS-SAPI3-01	1	0-6	0.57 +/- 0.14	0.045 +/- 0.036	0.40 +/- 0.11	0.950 +/- 0.153	0.599 +/- 0.212	0.56 +/- 0.17	0.83 +/- 0.20	0.51 +/- 0.15	
WG-BM-23	NA	3	0.59 +/- 0.13	0.081 +/- 0.044	0.41 +/- 0.11	0.60 +/- 0.22	0.73 +/- 0.30	0.56 +/- 0.11	0.439 +/- 0.094	0.464 +/- 0.097	
WG-SS-SAPI4-01	1	0-6	1.13 +/- 0.21	0.033 +/- 0.028	1.01 +/- 0.19	4.55 +/- 0.446	29.8 +/- 2.05	14.7 +/- 1.8	2.45 +/- 0.33	13.2 +/- 1.6	
WG-SS-SAPI4-02		6-12	6.39 +/- 0.85	0.240 +/- 0.083	5.93 +/- 0.79	91.6 +/- 5.92	319 +/- 20.4	168 +/- 21	24.5 +/- 4.4	156 +/- 20	
WG-SS-SAPI4-03	2	6-12	0.42 +/- 0.11	< 0.50	0.34 +/- 0.10	0.782 +/- 0.121	0.405 +/- 0.132	0.94 +/- 0.15	0.497 +/- 0.091	0.87 +/- 0.14	
WG-SS-SAPI4-04		0-6	0.69 +/- 0.15	0.078 +/- 0.044	0.87 +/- 0.18	1.49 +/- 0.154	0.898 +/- 0.152	1.12 +/- 0.17	1.08 +/- 0.16	1.02 +/- 0.15	
WG-SS-SAPI4-05	3	12-18	0.70 +/- 0.15	0.027 +/- 0.024	0.80 +/- 0.16	1.24 +/- 0.139	0.810 +/- 0.146	1.02 +/- 0.16	1.04 +/- 0.16	0.97 +/- 0.15	
WG-SS-SAPI4-06	4	6-12	0.65 +/- 0.14	0.020 +/- 0.021	0.77 +/- 0.15	1.12 +/- 0.133	0.811 +/- 0.140	0.90 +/- 0.14	0.79 +/- 0.12	0.93 +/- 0.14	
WG-SS-SAPI4-07	5	0-6	0.57 +/- 0.13	< 0.038	0.53 +/- 0.13	1.18 +/- 0.135	3.25 +/- 0.273	3.52 +/- 0.45	0.94 +/- 0.14	2.67 +/- 0.35	
WG-SS-SAPI4-08		6-10	2.32 +/- 0.046	0.103 +/- 0.050	1.88 +/- 0.30	8.83 +/- 0.622	48.3 +/- 3.12	35.5 +/- 5.9	5.5 +/- 1.7	36.0 +/- 5.8	
WG-SS-SAPI4-09	6	6-12	1.44 +/- 0.53	< 0.13	1.56 +/- 0.55	9.22 +/- 0.769	33.6 +/- 2.41	41.3 +/- 5.4	7.7 +/- 1.4	54.7 +/- 7.0	
WG-SS-SAPI4-10	7	6-12	0.78 +/- 0.39	< 0.28	1.11 +/- 0.48	4.56 +/- 0.404	17.2 +/- 1.25	22.5 +/- 3.2	2.86 +/- 0.72	18.8 +/- 2.7	
WG-SS-SAPI4-11	8	0-8	0.85 +/- 0.22	< 0.057	0.73 +/- 0.20	1.31 +/- 0.168	2.99 +/- 0.338	8.8 +/- 1.2	E 1.43 +/- 0.28	E 9.2 +/- 1.2	
WG-SS-SAPI4-12	9	0-18	0.77 +/- 0.16	< 0.017	0.77 +/- 0.16	1.16 +/- 0.202	E 0.826 +/- 0.274	0.78 +/- 0.15	0.72 +/- 0.14	0.85 +/- 0.16	
WG-SS-SAPI5-01	1	0-6	0.99 +/- 0.19	0.044 +/- 0.031	0.90 +/- 0.17	1.68 +/- 0.211	3.74 +/- 0.386	3.82 +/- 0.48	1.43 +/- 0.20	3.79 +/- 0.48	
WG-SS-SAPI5-02		12-18	0.88 +/- 0.18	0.030 +/- 0.031	0.83 +/- 0.17	0.881 +/- 0.143	0.871 +/- 0.197	1.43 +/- 0.21	1.19 +/- 0.18	1.46 +/- 0.21	
WG-SS-SAPI5-03	2	0-5	1.48 +/- 0.25	0.081 +/- 0.043	1.38 +/- 0.24	2.45 +/- 0.275	1.82 +/- 0.317	1.45 +/- 0.21	1.56 +/- 0.22	1.39 +/- 0.20	
WG-SS-SAPI5-04	3	0-6	0.75 +/- 0.16	0.034 +/- 0.028	0.87 +/- 0.17	1.05 +/- 0.186	0.888 +/- 0.329	0.97 +/- 0.18	E 0.75 +/- 0.15	E 0.85 +/- 0.16	
WG-SS-SAPI6-01	1	0-6	1.00 +/- 0.20	< 0.063	1.26 +/- 0.24	2.66 +/- 0.353	18.9 +/- 1.41	E 19.3 +/- 2.4	E 3.10 +/- 0.51	16.9 +/- 2.1	
WG-SS-SAPI6-02		6-12	0.520 +/- 0.089	E 0.028 +/- 0.016	E 0.494 +/- 0.086	E R	R	E 1.18 +/- 0.18	E 0.66 +/- 0.12	E 0.97 +/- 0.16	
WG-SS-SAPI6-03	2	0-8	1.27 +/- 0.25	< 0.094	1.09 +/- 0.22	R	R	5.70 +/- 0.84	2.12 +/- 0.12	5.02 +/- 0.75	
WG-SS-SAPI6-04		0-6	1.84 +/- 0.56	< 0.24	1.74 +/- 0.53	R	R	8.7 +/- 1.9	4.8 +/- 1.2	8.8 +/- 1.8	
WG-SS-SAPI6-05	3	6-12	3.6 +/- 1.6	< 0.87	4.3 +/- 1.7	R	R	739 +/- 90	106 +/- 16	722 +/- 88	
WG-SS-SAPI6-06		18-24	2.2 +/- 1.2	< 0.42	< 0.93	377 +/- 23.9	41.0 +/- 3.09	E 52.4 +/- 8.6	10.8 +/- 3.0	40.4 +/- 7.0	
WG-SS-SAPI6-07	4	0-6	1.36 +/- 0.47	0.17 +/- 0.15	1.73 +/- 0.52	150 +/- 9.51	19.0 +/- 1.35	E 8.0 +/- 1.7	2.06 +/- 0.75	5.8 +/- 1.3	
WG-SS-SAPI6-08	5	0-6	2.0 +/- 1.1	< 0.95	< 1.2	2.11 +/- 0.328	66.3 +/- 4.29	E 47.1 +/- 7.9	13.0 +/- 3.3	50.4 +/- 8.2	
WG-SS-SAPI6-09		6-12	1.14 +/- 0.21	0.037 +/- 0.024	1.25 +/- 0.19	2.99 +/- 0.349	4.68 +/- 0.579	E 7.7 +/- 1.0	E 2.77 +/- 0.42	E 7.33 +/- 0.96	

300710

APPENDIX B-8
WELSBACH/GGM SITE
VICINITY PROPERTIES SAMPLING RESULTS (CONTINUED)

Sample Information (Soils)			Sample Radiological Results, pCi/g**								
Sample Identification No.	Borehole No.	Depth (inches)	U-234	U-235	U-238	Ra-226	Ra-228	Th-228	Th-230	Th-232	
WG-SS-SAP16-10	6	6-12	1.03 +/- 0.20	< 1.073	1.09 +/- 0.21	R	R	4.53 +/- 0.73	1.95 +/- 0.40	4.01 +/- 0.66	
WG-SS-SAP16-11		18-24	9.0 +/- 2.6	< 1.3	5.7 +/- 2.0	R	R	1918 +/- 230	265 +/- 34	1562 +/- 190	
WG-SS-SAP16-12		30-36	2.0 +/- 1.2	< 0.79	1.6 +/- 1.0	R	R	54.5 +/- 8.8	10.2 +/- 2.9	53.4 +/- 8.6	
WG-SS-SAP16-13	7	0-6	0.91 +/- 0.21	E < 0.064	E 1.07 +/- 0.24	E 4.24 +/- 0.371	E 2.36 +/- 0.386	2.73 +/- 0.45	1.34 +/- 0.27	3.16 +/- 0.50	
WG-SS-SAP16-14		18-24	1.46 +/- 0.81	< 0.31	1.19 +/- 0.76	212 +/- 13.5	76.2 +/- 5.09	123 +/- 16	19.5 +/- 3.4	122 +/- 16	
WG-SS-SAP16-15		24-30	0.42 +/- 0.14	E < 0.062	E 0.54 +/- 0.16	E 16.5 +/- 1.14	E 4.99 +/- 0.558	4.96 +/- 0.70	1.20 +/- 0.24	5.05 +/- 0.71	
WG-SS-SAP16-16	8	0-6	1.76 +/- 0.57	< 0.25	1.04 +/- 0.44	97.0 +/- 6.22	E 12.8 +/- 1.18	17.9 +/- 2.6	3.26 +/- 0.77	16.5 +/- 2.4	
WG-SS-SAP16-17		12-18	1.41 +/- 0.38	E < 0.14	E 1.02 +/- 0.32	E 9.53 +/- 0.702	E 3.05 +/- 0.447	3.68 +/- 0.66	E 1.74 +/- 0.40	E 3.99 +/- 0.69	
WG-SS-SAP16-18	9	0-6	0.45 +/- 0.10	E < 0.026	E 0.46 +/- 0.10	E 0.906 +/- 0.198	E 0.810 +/- 0.301	0.82 +/- 0.16	0.69 +/- 0.14	1.00 +/- 0.18	
WG-SS-SAP16-19		6-12	1.04 +/- 0.51	< 0.35	1.31 +/- 0.58	47.2 +/- 3.03	E 7.38 +/- 0.624	8.9 +/- 1.5	E 2.12 +/- 0.59	E 8.4 +/- 1.4	
WG-SS-SAP16-20		18-24	0.69 +/- 0.19	E < 0.072	E 0.64 +/- 0.18	E 4.25 +/- 0.342	E 1.50 +/- 0.255	1.49 +/- 0.29	0.68 +/- 0.17	1.39 +/- 0.27	
WG-SS-SAP16-21	10	0-6	1.74 +/- 0.64	< 0.43	1.14 +/- 0.51	2.46 +/- 0.405	E 29.4 +/- 2.13	53.8 +/- 6.9	12.7 +/- 2.0	52.8 +/- 6.7	
WG-SS-SAP16-22		6-12	0.66 +/- 0.18	< 0.062	0.71 +/- 0.19	1.59 +/- 0.217	E 2.87 +/- 0.390	2.19 +/- 0.38	1.04 +/- 0.23	2.17 +/- 0.38	
WG-SS-SAP16-23	11	0-36	0.81 +/- 0.29	< 0.19	0.88 +/- 0.30	1.91 +/- 0.261	E 1.34 +/- 0.329	1.09 +/- 0.33	0.94 +/- 0.28	1.35 +/- 0.34	
WG-SLAG-01	-	-	309 +/- 38	13.2 +/- 2.9	307 +/- 38	558 +/- 44.9	E 28.3 +/- 3.78	E 27.9 +/- 4.5	344 +/- 42	28.8 +/- 4.6	
WG-SS-SAP17-01	1	0-6	0.72 +/- 0.13	< 0.024	0.69 +/- 0.13	4.29 +/- 0.431	19.8 +/- 1.46	E 1.36 +/- 0.20	< 0.028	1.26 +/- 0.19	
WG-SS-SAP17-02		18-24	< 5.59	< 5.59	748 +/- 52.4	235 +/- 15.1	1450 +/- 91.8	E 1480 +/- 93.4		1430 +/- 90.9	
WG-SS-SAP17-03		24-30	< 2.90	< 2.90	609 +/- 39.7	185 +/- 11.8	1230 +/- 78.1	E 1080 +/- 68.6		1220 +/- 77.4	
WG-SS-SAP17-04	2	6-12	0.58 +/- 0.11	0.042 +/- 0.025	0.60 +/- 0.12	2.52 +/- 0.277	8.53 +/- 0.716	E 0.76 +/- 0.13	< 0.027	0.81 +/- 0.13	
WG-SS-SAP17-05		18-24	< 4.29	< 4.29	580 +/- 39.8	142 +/- 9.19	1010 +/- 63.9	E 959 +/- 60.8		996 +/- 63.2	
WG-SS-SAP17-06		24-27	5.1 +/- 1.1	E < 0.43	E 5.0 +/- 1.1	E 45.6 +/- 3.07	340 +/- 21.7	E 17.8 +/- 2.5	3.23 +/- 0.70	16.3 +/- 2.3	
WG-SS-SAP17-07	3	0-6	0.94 +/- 0.41	E < 0.21	E 0.66 +/- 0.33	E 6.54 +/- 0.585	41.2 +/- 2.80	E 17.4 +/- 2.5	1.38 +/- 0.43	7.6 +/- 1.3	
WG-SS-SAP17-08		6-12	< 179	< 179	16500 +/- 1210	2520 +/- 627	11700 +/- 751	E 11000 +/- 700		12500 +/- 807	
WG-SS-SAP17-09		12-17	< 128	< 128	7700 +/- 657	< 427	6150 +/- 403	E 5430 +/- 349		5860 +/- 384	
WG-SS-SAP17-10	4	0-6	0.079 +/- 0.035	< 0.021	0.080 +/- 0.036	11.8 +/- 1.29	64.1 +/- 4.87	2.10 +/- 0.28	< 0.034	2.16 +/- 0.30	
WG-BRICK-01	5	----	1.43 +/- 0.63	< 0.44	1.54 +/- 0.66	5.84 +/- 3.63	E 11.4 +/- 1.13	E 10.3 +/- 2.2	2.47 +/- 0.95	3.5 +/- 1.1	
WG-SS-SAP17-11	6	0-2	< 3.21	< 3.21	366 +/- 26.2	86.1 +/- 5.65	483 +/- 30.8	468 +/- 29.7		478 +/- 30.4	
---	7	Samples were not collected from this borehole due to auger refusal									
WG-SS-SAP17-12	8	0-6	3.23 +/- 0.78	< 0.21	2.84 +/- 0.73	7.48 +/- 0.654	36.8 +/- 2.57	E 22.3 +/- 3.1	2.99 +/- 0.69	19.4 +/- 2.7	
WG-SS-SAP17-13		6-12	0.75 +/- 0.37	< 0.21	0.31 +/- 0.23	4.29 +/- 0.454	21.3 +/- 1.61	E 16.5 +/- 2.4	2.86 +/- 0.70	14.6 +/- 2.2	
WG-SS-SAP17-14		12-18	0.300 +/- 0.070	< 0.024	0.289 +/- 0.069	1.35 +/- 0.198	3.38 +/- 0.394	E 1.13 +/- 0.17	< 0.025	0.63 +/- 0.11	
WG-SS-SAP17-15	9	0-6	0.39 +/- 0.12	< 0.065	0.35 +/- 0.11	1.83 +/- 0.305	9.16 +/- 0.840	E 4.62 +/- 0.63	< 0.044	4.14 +/- 0.57	
WG-SS-SAP17-16	10	0-6	6.02 +/- 1.2	0.32 +/- 0.23	6.5 +/- 1.2	272 +/- 17.3	55.8 +/- 3.67	E 33.1 +/- 4.4	3.83 +/- 0.82	26.4 +/- 3.6	
WG-SS-SAP17-17		6-12	1.13 +/- 0.23	0.053 +/- 0.042	0.87 +/- 0.19	3.94 +/- 0.363	12.5 +/- 0.976	E 4.78 +/- 0.65	< 0.045	4.30 +/- 0.59	
WG-SS-SAP17-18	11	0-6	0.90 +/- 0.20	< 0.070	0.93 +/- 0.20	1.05 +/- 0.189	2.60 +/- 0.352	E 1.16 +/- 0.22	E < 0.082	E 1.18 +/- 0.21	
WG-SS-SAP17-19		12-18	< 82.2	< 82.2	2460 +/- 283	< 256	2440 +/- 168	E 2270 +/- 149		2320 +/- 160	
WG-SS-SAP17-20		30-36	0.71 +/- 0.39	< 0.27	0.75 +/- 0.40	6.05 +/- 1.02	354 +/- 22.6	E 66.0 +/- 8.2	E 7.0 +/- 1.2	E 57.9 +/- 7.2	
WG-SS-SAP17-21	12	0-6	1.60 +/- 0.71	< 0.38	1.58 +/- 0.71	42.2 +/- 2.73	105 +/- 6.71	E 88 +/- 11	E 11.6 +/- 2.1	83 +/- 11	
WG-SS-SAP17-22		6-12	0.98 +/- 0.20	E < 0.054	0.77 +/- 0.17	3.14 +/- 0.260	2.14 +/- 0.249	E 2.47 +/- 0.37	E 1.16 +/- 0.21	E 1.97 +/- 0.31	
WG-SS-SAP17-23		0-6	1.03 +/- 0.19	0.044 +/- 0.031	0.87 +/- 0.17	1.42 +/- 0.337	1.08 +/- 0.442	1.00 +/- 0.18	0.87 +/- 0.16	1.04 +/- 0.18	

300713

APPENDIX B-6
WELSBACH/GGM SITE
VICINITY PROPERTIES SAMPLING RESULTS (CONTINUED)

Sample Information (Soils)			Sample Radiological Results, pCi/g**							
Sample Identification No.	Borehole No.	Depth (inches)	U-234	U-235	U-238	Ra-226	Ra-228	Th-228	Th-230	Th-232
WG-SS-SAP17-24	13	6-12	0.88 +/- 0.18	0.059 +/- 0.039	1.01 +/- 0.20	1.46 +/- 0.366	1.29 +/- 0.519	1.23 +/- 0.22	0.99 +/- 0.18	0.99 +/- 0.18
WG-SS-SAP17-25		12-18	1.04 +/- 0.19	< 0.035	0.94 +/- 0.18	1.20 +/- 0.295	1.27 +/- 0.569	0.94 +/- 0.17	0.94 +/- 0.17	0.95 +/- 0.17
WG-SS-SAP18-01	1	6-12	0.62 +/- 0.16	< 0.050	0.63 +/- 0.16	0.772 +/- 0.331	< 2.87	2.16 +/- 0.37	< 0.63	1.73 +/- 0.31
WG-SS-SAP18-02	2	0-6	8.1 +/- 1.4	0.53 +/- 0.32	8.0 +/- 1.4	2.10 +/- 0.762	29.8 +/- 2.82	46.0 +/- 5.9	7.0 +/- 1.3	42.8 +/- 5.5
WG-SS-SAP18-03		12-18	9.5 +/- 3.0	< 1.5	9.7 +/- 2.8	2.57 +/- 0.794	31.5 +/- 2.80	50.1 +/- 8.9	22.1 +/- 4.6	38.8 +/- 6.8
WG-SS-SAP18-04		30-36	0.46 +/- 0.13	< 0.058	0.53 +/- 0.14	1.15 +/- 0.346	< 0.898	0.77 +/- 0.12	0.92 +/- 0.136	0.82 +/- 0.12
WG-SS-SAP18-05		36-42	< 0.045	< 0.024	0.033 +/- 0.024	1.35 +/- 0.315	< 0.972	0.81 +/- 0.16	0.73 +/- 0.14	0.84 +/- 0.16
WG-SS-SAP18-06		48-54	0.72 +/- 0.14	0.036 +/- 0.026	0.63 +/- 0.13	1.05 +/- 0.360	< 0.618	0.67 +/- 0.14	0.67 +/- 0.13	0.68 +/- 0.13
WG-SS-SAP18-07	3	0-36	0.373 +/- 0.093	< 0.030	0.44 +/- 0.10	0.697 +/- 0.178	< 0.498	0.419 +/- 0.096	< 1.47	0.46 +/- 0.10
WG-SS-SAP18-08	4	0-36	0.52 +/- 0.11	< 0.025	0.378 +/- 0.090	0.587 +/- 0.215	< 0.521	0.48 +/- 0.11	< 0.44	0.412 +/- 0.097
WG-SS-SAP20-01	1	0-6		< 32.3	689 +/- 139	548 +/- 39.7	1420 +/- 97.4	1020 +/- 67.5		1480 +/- 102
WG-SS-SAP20-02		6-12		< 5.90	190 +/- 27.1	167 +/- 11.3	316 +/- 21.3	320 +/- 20.8		330 +/- 22.3
WG-SS-SAP20-03		12-18	111 +/- 59	< 39	< 61	284 +/- 18.7	526 +/- 34.7	354 +/- 120	206 +/- 75	427 +/- 110
WG-SS-SAP20-04	2	0-6	0.84 +/- 0.55	< 0.67	0.84 +/- 0.58	7.07 +/- 0.549	18.3 +/- 1.33	16.9 +/- 3.0	7.5 +/- 1.6	18.3 +/- 3.1
WG-SS-SAP20-05		6-12	< 5.6	< 5.6	< 5.6	18.8 +/- 1.29	77.3 +/- 5.02	78 +/- 17	28.3 +/- 8.8	85 +/- 17
WG-SS-SAP20-06		12-18	0.81 +/- 0.53	< 0.65	0.89 +/- 0.57	2.07 +/- 0.220	5.96 +/- 0.509	13.9 +/- 2.5	5.3 +/- 1.3	10.3 +/- 2.0
WG-SS-SAP20-07	3	0-6	0.43 +/- 0.12	E 0.085 +/- 0.054	E 0.47 +/- 0.13	0.903 +/- 0.208	1.17 +/- 0.350	0.94 +/- 0.19	0.83 +/- 0.17	0.84 +/- 0.17
WG-SS-SAP20-08		6-12	1.37 +/- 0.29	0.29 +/- 0.12	0.99 +/- 0.23	1.51 +/- 0.247	1.28 +/- 0.334	2.25 +/- 0.35	1.72 +/- 0.26	2.33 +/- 0.35
WG-SS-SAP20-09	4	0-6	12.1 +/- 4.9	< 3.2	10.6 +/- 4.6	55.8 +/- 4.03	179 +/- 12.1	237 +/- 39	43 +/- 13	228 +/- 37
WG-SS-SAP20-10		6-12	8.6 +/- 4.4	< 2.7	5.7 +/- 3.6	61.1 +/- 4.49	276 +/- 18.3	338 +/- 52	46 +/- 13	334 +/- 51
WG-SS-SAP20-11		12-18		< 2.86	136 +/- 15.3	47.2 +/- 3.52	175 +/- 11.9	172 +/- 11.1		177 +/- 11.9
WG-SS-SAP20-12	5	18-24	11.1 +/- 1.9	E 0.62 +/- 0.36	E 9.6 +/- 1.7	E 25.1 +/- 1.79	92.1 +/- 6.11	119 +/- 15	16.3 +/- 2.9	116 +/- 15
WG-SS-SAP20-13		18-24	0.96 +/- 0.45	< 0.39	1.22 +/- 0.53	3.98 +/- 0.575	32.5 +/- 2.44	15.6 +/- 3.0	3.7 +/- 1.2	16.1 +/- 2.9
WG-SS-SAP20-14		24-30	3.0 +/- 1.9	< 1.6	< 2.5	6.46 +/- 0.697	55.5 +/- 3.85	33.0 +/- 8.4	7.0 +/- 3.4	26.9 +/- 7.1
WG-SS-SAP20-15	6	30-36	2.04 +/- 0.74	< 0.40	2.12 +/- 0.73	8.56 +/- 0.885	62.4 +/- 4.34	38.3 +/- 5.6	6.4 +/- 1.5	36.5 +/- 5.3
WG-SS-SAP20-16		0-6	2.6 +/- 1.1	< 0.62	2.8 +/- 1.1	17.9 +/- 1.43	67.1 +/- 4.70	55.9 +/- 8.7	8.3 +/- 2.4	62.6 +/- 9.4
WG-SS-SAP20-17		6-8	7.3 +/- 2.9	< 1.5	6.4 +/- 2.7	29.2 +/- 2.10	105 +/- 6.99	105 +/- 18	E 24.5 +/- 6.8	E 103 +/- 17
WG-SS-SAP20-18	7	0-6	2.8 +/- 1.1	< 0.59	3.3 +/- 1.2	34.4 +/- 2.54	E 143 +/- 9.57	94 +/- 13	14.5 +/- 3.4	91 +/- 13
WG-SS-SAP20-19		6-12		< 2.25	80.6 +/- 9.26	41.4 +/- 2.88	118 +/- 7.87	112 +/- 7.23		119 +/- 7.92
WG-SS-SAP20-20		12-15	10.1 +/- 2.3	< 0.69	9.0 +/- 2.1	52.5 +/- 3.83	182 +/- 12.3	851 +/- 100	105 +/- 15	866 +/- 100
WG-SS-SAP20-21	8	0-6		< 5.32	168 +/- 20.8	83.5 +/- 5.94	248 +/- 16.7	242 +/- 15.7		249 +/- 16.8
WG-SS-SAP20-22		6-12	5.5 +/- 3.3	< 2.8	3.7 +/- 2.7	26.2 +/- 2.17	80.0 +/- 5.97	79 +/- 14	20.0 +/- 5.9	80 +/- 14
WG-SS-SAP20-23		12-18	< 1.7	< 1.2	< 1.4	7.77 +/- 0.753	25.9 +/- 2.03	19.8 +/- 4.4	6.6 +/- 2.2	17.1 +/- 3.9
WG-SS-SAP20-24	9	0-6	0.62 +/- 0.17	< 0.077	0.84 +/- 0.21	1.81 +/- 0.404	5.93 +/- 0.809	5.33 +/- 0.75	1.26 +/- 0.25	5.16 +/- 0.73
WG-SS-SAP20-25		6-12	0.96 +/- 0.36	< 0.18	0.92 +/- 0.35	2.40 +/- 0.347	6.34 +/- 0.755	5.7 +/- 1.0	1.34 +/- 0.40	7.2 +/- 1.2
WG-SS-SAP20-26		12-18	0.90 +/- 0.21	< 0.059	0.63 +/- 0.17	0.984 +/- 0.241	E 1.37 +/- 0.407	E 1.16 +/- 0.24	< 0.59	1.10 +/- 0.22
WG-SS-SAP20-28	10	0-6	0.78 +/- 0.15	0.077 +/- 0.040	0.74 +/- 0.15	0.902 +/- 0.290	0.597 +/- 0.589	0.59 +/- 0.12	< 0.346	0.410 +/- 0.090
WG-SS-SAP20-29		6-12	0.64 +/- 0.13	< 0.030	0.62 +/- 0.13	0.699 +/- 0.271	0.674 +/- 0.421	0.42 +/- 0.11	< 0.47	0.351 +/- 0.093
WG-SS-SAP20-30		12-18	0.52 +/- 0.11	0.019 +/- 0.018	0.387 +/- 0.095	0.525 +/- 0.336	0.807 +/- 0.261	0.388 +/- 0.094	< 0.46	0.363 +/- 0.087
WG-SS-SAP20-31	11	0-30	0.49 +/- 0.11	< 0.029	0.46 +/- 0.10	0.685 +/- 0.180	0.455 +/- 0.272	0.287 +/- 0.074	< 0.61	0.290 +/- 0.075

300712

APPENDIX B-6
WELSBACH/GGM SITE
VICINITY PROPERTIES SAMPLING RESULTS (CONTINUED)

Sample Information (Soils)			Sample Radiological Results, pCi/g**							
Sample Identification No.	Borehole No.	Depth (inches)	U-234	U-235	U-238	Ra-226	Ra-228	Th-228	Th-230	Th-232
WG-SS-SAP-BG-01	NA	0 - 24	0.68 +/- 0.14	< 0.015	0.57 +/- 0.13	1.00 +/- 0.160	0.527 +/- 0.200	0.423 +/- 0.099	< 0.72	0.354 +/- 0.086
WG-SS-SAP-BG-02	NA	0 - 24	0.316 +/- 0.091	< 0.017	0.345 +/- 0.095	0.399 +/- 0.206	0.544 +/- 0.412	0.363 +/- 0.098	< 0.41	0.44 +/- 0.10
WG-SS-SAP-BG-03	NA	0 - 24	0.53 +/- 0.12	0.021 +/- 0.020	0.44 +/- 0.11	0.978 +/- 0.161	0.411 +/- 0.249	0.66 +/- 0.14	< 0.51	0.60 +/- 0.12
WG-SS-SAP-BG-04	NA	0 - 24	0.72 +/- 0.15	< 0.039	0.71 +/- 0.15	1.21 +/- 0.326	0.626 +/- 0.405	0.91 +/- 0.16	0.82 +/- 0.15	0.77 +/- 0.14
WG-SS-SAP-BG-05	NA	0 - 24	0.70 +/- 0.14	0.015 +/- 0.016	0.58 +/- 0.12	0.848 +/- 0.324	0.506 +/- 0.488	0.60 +/- 0.12	< 0.58	0.53 +/- 0.11

Notes:

E - Estimated Value

R - Analysis did not Pass EPA QA/QC

SAP - Study Area Property

BG - Background

NA - Sample not Analyzed for this Radionuclide

300712

APPENDIX C

WELSBACH/GGM SITE

RISK ASSESSMENT TABLES

REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION AND FEASIBILITY STUDY

WELSBACH/GGM SITE

CAMDEN AND GLOUCESTER CITY

CAMDEN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

300714

APPENDIX C
HUMAN HEALTH EVALUATION

- Data Utilization
- Respirable Particulates Model
- Home-Grown Produce Model
- Concentration-Toxicity Screen and Chemicals of Potential of Concern Selection
- Essential Nutrient Screen
- Radiological Risk - RAGS Exposure and Risk Summaries
- Radiological Risk - RESRAD/RESRAD-BUILD Exposure and Risk Summaries
- Chemical Risk - Exposure and Risk Summaries
- Toxicological Profiles

DATA UTILIZATION

Before calculating 95% upper confidence limits (UCL) on the arithmetic average concentrations of the radionuclides of potential concern, the Shapiro and Wilk W test (for sample sizes ≥ 10 and ≤ 50) or D'Agostino's D test (for samples sizes > 50) were run on the data to determine if the data sets are consistent with a normal distribution (Gilbert, 1987).

If the data set was found to be consistent with the normal distribution, the 95% UCL was calculated from the following equation (USEPA, 1992):

$$UCL = x + t(s/n^{1/2})$$

where:

- x = the arithmetic average of the data
- s = the standard deviation of the data
- t = Student-t statistic
- n = sample size

If the data set was not found to be consistent with the normal distribution, the 95% UCL concentration was calculated from the following equation (USEPA, 1992):

$$UCL = e^{\{x + 0.5s^2 + sH_{(n-1)}^{1/2}\}}$$

where:

- UCL = 95% upper confidence limit on the arithmetic average
- e = constant (base of the natural log)
- x = the arithmetic average of the transformed data
- s = the standard deviation of the transformed data
- H = statistic for a one-sided 95% confidence limit on a lognormal average
- n = sample size

The results of the W or D tests, the maximum detected concentration, the appropriate 95% UCL concentration, and the exposure point concentration for each chemical and radionuclide of potential concern with a sample size ≥ 10 in each medium for the Sites are presented in their respective Standard Table 3 on the proceeding pages. For the chemical analysis, the calculation of a 95% UCL is inappropriate due to the limited number of samples; hence, the maximum detected concentration is used.

References

Gilbert, R.O. 1987. Statistical Methods for Environmental Pollution Monitoring. New York, NY: Van Nostrand Reinhold. 320 p.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1992. Supplemental Guidance to RAGS: Calculating the

Concentration Term. Publication 9285.7-08. Washington, DC: Office of Solid Waste and
Emergency Response.

300717

RESPIRABLE PARTICULATES MODEL

The methodology to evaluate the potential exposure of workers to respirable particulates emitted during the course of excavating soil during construction or utility maintenance activities is described below. The modeling required determination of an emission rate, an emission flux, and the concentration of respirable particulates in the ambient air at the excavation.

Emission Rate and Emission Flux

The emission rate calculation considered the digging of an 1.5 m wide x 5.0 m long x 5.0 m deep excavation by a bulldozer. A bulldozer was assumed for this analysis since an emission rate equation is available for a bulldozer and not a backhoe. Only emissions from the digging of the excavation were calculated; the soil removed from the excavation was assumed to be placed on the side of the excavation and covered to prevent wind-generated respirable particulates.

The following equation (USEPA, 1989) was used to derive an emission rate (in g/s) for respirable particulates:

$$[0.45 (s)^{1.5} (M)^{-1.4}]$$

where:

- s = silt content of the soil in weight %
- M = moisture content of the soil in weight %

Since soil particle size analyses were not conducted during the RI, a silt content of 16 % is assumed; this value represents the average of data for Camden and Gloucester Counties (NJDEP 1993). A moisture content of 10.2 % is used; this value represents the average moisture content, as reported for chemical analyses, of all subsurface soil samples collected during the RI. Solving the above equation resulted in a respirable particulate emission rate of 0.31 g/s, as presented below:

$$\begin{aligned} &= [0.45 (16)^{1.5} (10.2)^{-1.4}] \\ &= [0.45 (64) (0.039)] \\ &= 1.12 \text{ kg/hour} \\ &= 0.31 \text{ g/s} \end{aligned}$$

An emission flux of 0.04 g/s-m² was derived by dividing the emission rate by the surface area of the excavation (0.31 g/s ÷ 7.5 m²).

Air Concentrations

Ambient air concentrations for workers exposed to the excavation emissions were determined using the USEPA-approved Point, Area and Line source (PAL2.1) model, version 89272, (USEPA, 1987)

assuming that the excavation represents an area source of emissions. Unlike other area source models, such as the Industrial Source Complex (ISC) model and SCREEN3, PAL2.1 has the capability of determining impacts above area sources, as well as downwind of a source. PAL2.1 is a diverse model that can be used to estimate dispersion for point, area and line sources using Gaussian-plume steady-state assumptions. Simultaneous modeling of multiple sources and source types can be performed to calculate impacts of non-reactive chemicals at a large number of receptors. Also, user-specified meteorological options allow for input of site-specific conditions that are representative of the site being modeled.

For this analysis, the source was modeled as a 1.5 m x 5.0 m flat area source. Nine receptors were used in the analysis. Eight receptors were placed along the edge of the excavation; one at each of the four corners, and one at the center of each side. In addition, one receptor was placed over the center of the excavation. All receptors were placed at a height of 1.8 m to simulate the height of a worker. The meteorological data consisted of an array of 54 meteorological conditions as used in the USEPA-approved screening level model, SCREEN3 (USEPA, 1995a). These conditions represented 54 combinations of stability classes (1 to 6) and wind speeds (1 m/s to 20 m/s) that could occur in the atmosphere. The wind directions were set so that the wind would blow directly towards each of the receptors. Model options selected for the analysis included: a typical anemometer height of 6.1 meters, a mixing height of 5000 m, and an average temperature of 293 °K. The wind was assumed to be constant below 10 meters (as fixed by PAL2.1). The analysis was performed for both the rural and urban land use classifications. The emission rate of the area source was set at 1 g/s-m². Output was then in the form of g/m³ per g/s-m².

Results

The rural and urban modeling analyses predicted maximum 1-hour average unitized impacts of 0.0268 and 0.1302 g/m³ per g/s-m², respectively, at the corners of the excavation. The maximum 1-hour average respirable particulate concentration (in kg/m³) in the ambient air at the excavation was calculated from the following equation.

$$C = [1\text{-hour unitized impact in g/m}^3 \text{ per g/s-m}^2] \times [\text{emission flux in g/s-m}^2] \times [0.001 \text{ kg/g}]$$

Based on the urban land use classification, the maximum 1-hour average respirable particulate concentration is 5.21E-06 kg/m³, as presented below.

$$\begin{aligned} &= [0.1302 \text{ g/m}^3 \text{ per g/s-m}^2] * [0.04 \text{ g/s-m}^2] * [0.001 \text{ kg/g}] \\ &= 0.00000521 \text{ kg/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

Concentrations of the non-volatile radionuclides and chemicals of potential concern associated with this respirable particulate concentration are calculated in the Human Health Evaluation.

References

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy. 1993. A Summary of Selected Soil Constituents and Contaminants at Background Locations in New Jersey. Site

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300720

HOME-GROWN PRODUCE MODEL

Root Vegetables

The carrot serves as a surrogate for root vegetables grown in home gardens. Carrots are assumed to accumulate radionuclides of potential concern only through uptake from soil. It is further assumed that the carrots are washed before eaten, so that soil adherence to the carrots will not contribute to the chemical intake. To calculate radionuclide concentrations in carrots, the 95% UCL concentration or the maximum concentration in soil is multiplied by a radionuclide-specific root uptake factor (RUF).

RUFS for the radionuclides are based upon transfer coefficients developed by Baes et al. (1984) for tuber crops. The values presented in the following table have been adjusted to reflect the wet weight of each vegetable or fruit. For carrots, the moisture content accounts for approximately 88% of the total wet weight (Baes et al., 1984). Therefore the transfer coefficient is multiplied by 12%. Additional factors affect the bioavailability of radionuclides and the extent of root uptake including characteristics of the plant (species, age) and the soil properties (pH, organic content, cation exchange capacity, concentration of other metals, temperature, and aeration). Thus, in the absence of information regarding site-specific soil characteristics, the calculated RUFS should be considered best approximations.

Above-Ground Vegetables

To evaluate the potential exposure from eating "above-ground" vegetables and fruits (i.e., lettuce and tomatoes), the accumulation of radionuclides in the edible parts of the plant must be considered. The effective uptake of radionuclides from the soil depends upon the efficiency of root absorption and translocation to the edible portions. The radionuclide concentration in the edible portions of lettuce and tomato plants can be estimated by multiplying the 95% UCL concentrations or the maximum concentrations of each radionuclide of potential concern in soil by a plant uptake factor (PUF). Similarly to the roots, the potential for radionuclide translocation to the above-ground plant parts depends largely upon the characteristics of the radionuclide and the plant.

The PUFs for the uptake and translocation of the radionuclides to above-ground plant parts are based on transfer coefficients developed by Baes et al. (1984), similarly to those applied in evaluating carrots. Presented PUFs for radionuclides in lettuce are based upon transfer coefficients developed for vegetative plant parts (leaves and stems). The values presented in Table O-1 incorporate a dry-wet weight conversion factor assuming that lettuce typically has a 95% moisture content (Baes et al., 1984). For tomatoes, transfer coefficients developed for fruits were used in the intake estimates, assuming that the typical tomato has a 94% moisture content (Baes et al., 1984).

ROOT AND PLANT UPTAKE FACTORS			
RADIONUCLIDE	PUF LETTUCE	RUF CARROTS	PUF TOMATOES
Uranium-234	4.25E-04	4.80E-04	5.10-04
Uranium-238	4.25E-04	4.80E-04	5.10-04
Radium-226	7.50E-04	1.56E-04	9.00E-04
Radium-228	7.50E-04	1.56E-04	9.00E-04
Thorium-228	4.25E-05	1.02E-05	5.10-05
Thorium-230	4.25E-05	1.02E-05	5.10-05
Thorium-232	4.25E-05	1.02E-05	5.10-05
Lead-210	2.25E-03	1.08E-03	2.70E-03

References

Baes, C.F., III, R.D. Sharp, A.L. Sjoreen and R.W. Shor. 1984. A Review and Analysis of Parameters for Assessing Transport of Environmentally Released Radio nuclides through Agriculture. ORNL-5786. Oak Ridge, TN: Oak Ridge National Laboratory.

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CONCENTRATION-TOXICITY SCREEN AND CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN SELECTION

A concentration-toxicity screen was performed in accordance with USEPA guidance (USEPA, 1989). The purpose of the screen is to identify chemicals in a particular medium that most likely contribute significantly to the risk estimates. The screen is based on the maximum detected concentrations and USEPA toxicity criteria as represented by reference doses for non-carcinogenic effects and slope factors for carcinogenic effects. Individual chemical scores or risk factors are calculated by dividing the maximum detected concentration by the reference dose or multiplying by the slope factor. The individual risk factors are summed for a total risk factor and then the ratio of the individual risk factors to the total risk factor approximates the relative risk of each individual chemical. Chemicals with relative risks greater than 1% (0.01) are selected as chemicals of potential concern (COPC). Chemicals with relative risks less than 1% are eliminated from the human health evaluation.

The screen was performed using only oral toxicity criteria since no air quality data were collected. However, since inhalation of respirable particulates is a pathway of concern, for those chemicals with inhalation toxicity criteria a second concentration/toxicity screen was performed to determine if chemicals in a particular medium may be likely to contribute significantly to the risk estimates for the inhalation pathway.

Chemicals without toxicity criteria were selected as chemicals of potential concern if they could not be eliminated based on the other criteria (i.e., frequency of detection, background concentration, or nutrient screening concentration); they are evaluated qualitatively in the human health evaluation.

The results of the screen, including the reason for selection or elimination as chemicals of potential concern where not based solely on the screen, are presented on the following pages.

References

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund Volume I: Human Health Evaluation Manual (Part A). Interim Final. EPA/540/1-89/002. Washington, DC: Office of Emergency and Remedial Response.

**CONCENTRATION/TOXICITY SCREEN AND SELECTION OF COPC
SUBSURFACE SOIL WELSBACH**

CHEMICAL	Frequency of Detection	Detected Concentrations		Inhalation Reference Dose mg/kg-day	Risk Factor	Relative Risk	Screen	Inhalation Slope Factor (mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	Weight of Evidence Classification	Risk Factor	Relative Risk	Screen	Background Screen		Nutrient Screen Child/Adult mg/kg	Other Reason for Selection or Elimination
		Range mg/kg	Average mg/kg										Published Average Concentrations ¹ mg/kg	2X Average mg/kg		
Acetone	3 / 10	0.076 - 0.15		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
Acenaphthene	2 / 10	0.4 - 17		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
Acenaphthylene	1 / 10	1.2 - 1.2		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
Anthracene	4 / 10	0.54 - 7.8		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
Benzo(a)Anthracene	6 / 10	0.3 - 5.2		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO				
Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	6 / 10	0.4 - 9.3		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO				
Benzo(a)Pyrene	6 / 10	0.25 - 5.1		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO				
Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	4 / 10	0.47 - 1.5		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	2 / 10	0.049 - 2.7		--	0.00	0.00	NO	1.4E-02	B2	0.04	0.00	NO				
Chrysene	6 / 10	0.3 - 4.8		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO				
Dibenzofuran	1 / 10	16 - 16		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1 / 10	0.85 - 0.85		6E-02	14.17	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
Fluoranthene	6 / 10	0.59 - 12		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
Fluorene	1 / 10	14 - 14		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	4 / 10	0.57 - 1.9		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO				
Naphthalene	1 / 10	44 - 44		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
2-Methylnaphthalene	1 / 10	29 - 29		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
Phenanthrene	6 / 10	0.51 - 25		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
Pyrene	6 / 10	0.64 - 11		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO				
Aroclor-1248	1 / 9	0.3 - 0.3		--	0.00	0.00	NO	2.0E+00	--	0.60	0.00	NO				
Aroclor-1254	1 / 9	0.33 - 0.33		--	0.00	0.00	NO	2.0E+00	--	0.66	0.00	NO				
Aluminum	9 / 9	1220 - 9100	3686.667	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	*57000	114000		No; <2X
Antimony	1 / 9	1.8 - 1.8	1.8	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	0.07	0.14		Yes; >2X
Arsenic	9 / 9	2.7 - 272	46.43333	--	0.00	0.00	NO	1.50E+01	A	4080.00	1.00	YES	8.26	16.52		Yes; >2X
Barium	9 / 9	5.2 - 208	47.74444	1.00E-04	2080000.00	0.16	YES	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	*229	458		No; <2X
Beryllium	8 / 9	0.09 - 1.2	0.4375	6.00E-03	200.00	0.00	NO	8.40E+00	B1	10.08	0.00	NO	1.07	2.14		No; <2X
Cadmium	3 / 9	0.08 - 0.19	0.143333	--	0.00	0.00	NO	6.30E+00	B1	1.20	0.00	NO	0.65	1.3		No; <2X
Calcium	9 / 9	148 - 19700	4311.889	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	*6300	12600	>1E+6	No; nsc
Chromium	9 / 9	4.1 - 17.4	10.5	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	12.1	24.2		No; <2X
Cobalt	9 / 9	0.52 - 4.2	2.72	5.71E-06	735551.66	0.06	YES	--	ND	0.00	0.00	NO	*5.3	10.6		No; <2X
Copper	9 / 9	1.9 - 62.3	22.72222	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO	42.2	84.4		No; <2X
Iron	9 / 9	4020 - 18300	8905.556	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	*33	66	50,000 / 200,000	No; nsc
Lead	9 / 9	1.7 - 617	169.9556	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO	177.7	355.4		No; <2X, <EPA criteria ²
Magnesium	9 / 9	89 - 9040	2012.222	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	*4600	9200	400,000 / >1E+6	No; nsc
Manganese	9 / 9	3 - 147	74.12222	1.43E-05	10279720.28	0.78	YES	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO	335	670		No; <2X
Mercury	7 / 9	0.03 - 0.91	0.377143	9.00E-05	10111.11	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO	0.5	1		No; <2X
Nickel	9 / 9	0.71 - 23	6.69	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	16.6	33.2		No; <2X
Potassium	9 / 9	297 - 832	537	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	*12000	24000	>1E+6	No; nsc
Selenium	1 / 9	0.77 - 0.77	0.77	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO	0.06	0.12		Yes; >2X
Sodium	9 / 9	4.6 - 145	68.77778	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	7800	15600	>1E+6	No; nsc
Vanadium	9 / 9	7.3 - 34.5	16.71111	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	ND	0.00	0.00	NO	22.6	45.2		No; <2X
Zinc	7 / 9	5.3 - 89	41.7	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO	162.3	324.6		No; <2X
				Total Relative Risk:	13105597				Total Relative Risk:				4092.57			

1 = New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy Site Remediation Program and Division of Science and Research, 1993. A Summary of Selected Soil Constituents and Contaminants at Background Locations in New Jersey.
2 = USEPA, 1996. Recommendations of the Technical Review Workgroup for Lead for an Interim Approach to Assessing Risks Associated with Adult Exposures to Lead in Soil. Technical Review Workgroup for Lead.
* = Dragun and Chiasson 1991.
2X = Two times average background.
nsc = Nutrient screening concentration.
f/d = Frequency of detection.

**CONCENTRATION/TOXICITY SCREEN AND SELECTION OF COPC
SUBSURFACE SOIL GENERAL GAS MANTLE**

CHEMICAL	Frequency of Detection	Detected Concentrations		Inhalation Reference Dose mg/kg-day	Risk Factor	Relative Risk	Screen	Inhalation Slope Factor (mg/kg-day) ¹	Weight of Evidence Classification	Risk Factor	Relative Risk	Screen	Background Screen			Nutrient Screen Child/Adult mg/kg	Other Reason for Selection or Elimination
		Range mg/kg	Average mg/kg										Site-Specific Average Concentration ¹ mg/kg	2X Average mg/kg	Published Average Concentrations ¹ mg/kg		
2-Butanone	1 / 7	0.017 - 0.017		3E-01	0.06	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO					
Ethylbenzene	1 / 7	0.13 - 0.13		2.86E-01	0.45	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO					
Xylenes (total)	1 / 7	0.47 - 0.47		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO					
Anthracene	1 / 7	0.045 - 0.045		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO					
Benzo(a)Anthracene	1 / 7	0.17 - 0.17		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO					
Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	1 / 7	0.11 - 0.11		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO					
Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	1 / 7	0.22 - 0.22		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO					
Benzo(a)Pyrene	1 / 7	0.17 - 0.17		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO					
Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	1 / 7	0.082 - 0.082		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO					
Chrysene	1 / 7	0.18 - 0.18		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO					
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	1 / 7	0.043 - 0.043		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO					
Fluoranthene	1 / 7	0.34 - 0.34		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO					
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	1 / 7	0.1 - 0.1		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO					
2-Methylnaphthalene	1 / 7	0.53 - 0.53		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO					
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	1 / 7	0.62 - 0.62		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO					
Phenanthrene	2 / 7	0.19 - 0.65		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO					
Pyrene	1 / 7	0.32 - 0.32		--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO					
Aroclor-1248	1 / 7	0.028 - 0.028		--	0.00	0.00	NO	2.0E+00	--	0.06	0.00	NO					
Aluminum	7 / 7	3800 - 7140	5168.571	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	6930	13860	*57000		No, <2X
Arsenic	7 / 7	1.1 - 11.3	4.071429	--	0.00	0.00	NO	1.50E+01	A	169.50	0.97	YES	3	6	8.26		Yes, <2X but A carcinogen
Barium	7 / 7	12.1 - 38.7	21.65714	1.00E-04	387000.00	0.05	YES	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	19.3	38.6	*229		No, <2X
Beryllium	7 / 7	0.3 - 0.7	0.408571	6.00E-03	116.67	0.00	NO	8.40E+00	B1	5.88	0.03	YES	0.44	0.88	1.07		No, <2X
Calcium	7 / 7	168 - 520	344.1429	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	408	816		>1E+6	No, nsc, <2X
Chromium	7 / 7	5.2 - 14.5	8.7	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	10	20	12.1		No, <2X
Cobalt	7 / 7	2.7 - 5.2	3.614286	5.71E-06	910683.01	0.12	YES	--	ND	0.00	0.00	NO	4.2	8.4	*5.3		No, <2X
Copper	7 / 7	3.1 - 8.6	4.785714	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO	5.6	11.2	42.2		No, <2X
Iron	7 / 7	6370 - 13100	8761.429	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	10200	20400	*25000	50,000 / 200,000	No, nsc, <2X
Lead	7 / 7	3.6 - 71.2	14.81429	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	B2	0.00	0.00	NO	7	14	177.7		No, <EPA criteria ¹
Magnesium	7 / 7	953 - 1510	1246.143	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	1660	3320	*4600	400,000 / >1E+6	No, nsc, <2X
Manganese	7 / 7	49.5 - 90.4	66.54286	1.43E-05	6321678	0.83	YES	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO	82.5	165	335		No, <2X
Nickel	7 / 7	7.4 - 10.9	8.971429	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	10.8	21.6	16.6		No, <2X
Potassium	7 / 7	398 - 786	573.5714	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	786	1572	*12000	>1E+6	No, nsc, <2X
Selenium	1 / 7	0.68 - 0.68	0.68	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO			0.06		Yes, >2X
Sodium	2 / 7	22.1 - 123	72.55	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO			*7800	>1E+6	No, nsc, <2X
Thallium	1 / 7	1.9 - 1.9	1.9	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	ND	0.00	0.00	NO			0.1		Yes, >2X
Vanadium	7 / 7	6.7 - 22.5	11.91429	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	--	0.00	0.00	NO	13.8	27.6	22.6		No, <2X
Zinc	7 / 7	24.7 - 34.5	29.41429	--	0.00	0.00	NO	--	D	0.00	0.00	NO	42.4	84.8	162.3		No, <2X
				Total Relative Risk: 7619479				Total Relative Risk: 175.44									

1 = From WG-SB-40-04

2 = New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy Site Remediation Program and Division of Science and Research 1993 A Summary of Selected Soil Constituents and Contaminants at Background Locations in New Jersey

3 = USEPA, 1996 Recommendations of the Technical Review Workgroup for Lead for an Interim Approach to Assessing Risks Associated with Adult Exposures to Lead in Soil Technical Review Workgroup for Lead.

* = Dragun and Chiasson 1991.

no toxicit = Oral toxicity information is not available

2X = Two times average background.

nsc = Nutrient screening concentration.

fd = Frequency of detection.

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ESSENTIAL NUTRIENT SCREEN

Nutrient screening concentrations to evaluate the concentrations of essential nutrients (i.e., calcium, iron, magnesium, potassium, and sodium) in soil were derived from Recommended Daily Allowances (RDAs) and exposure parameters in the models used by the USEPA, Region III in their derivation of risk-based concentrations (USEPA, 1998). Based on the exposure scenarios considered in the human health risk evaluation, reference concentrations for soil were derived for ingestion by a child in a residential setting and an adult in an industrial setting. (ESHA Research, 1990).

Nutrient Screening Concentrations for Soil- Child

$$RC_s = RDA_a / IR_s * CF$$

where

- RC_s = nutrient screening concentration for soil (mg/Kg)
- RDA_a = recommended daily allowance for an adult (mg/day)
- IR_s = soil ingestion rate (200 mg/day)
- CF = conversion factor (10⁻⁶ Kg/mg)

Essential Nutrient	Recommended Daily Allowance (mg/day; male child)	Nutrient Screening Concentration for Soil (mg/Kg)
Calcium	800	> 1E+06
Iron	10	50,000
Magnesium	80	400,000
Potassium	1000	> 1E+06
Sodium	975	> 1E+06

Nutrient Screening Concentrations for Soil-Adult

$$RC_s = RDA_a / IR_s * FI * CF$$

where

- RC_s = nutrient screening concentration for soil (mg/Kg)
- RDA_a = recommended daily allowance for an adult (mg/day)
- IR_s = soil ingestion rate (100 mg/day)
- FI = fraction ingested (0.5)
- CF = conversion factor (10⁻⁶ Kg/mg)

Essential Nutrient	Recommended Daily Allowance (mg/day; male adult)	Nutrient Screening Concentration for Soil (mg/Kg)
Calcium	800	> 1E+06
Iron	10	200,000
Magnesium	350	> 1E+06
Potassium	2000	> 1E+06
Sodium	2400	> 1E+06

References

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1998. Risk-Based Concentration Table, April 1998. Philadelphia, PA: USEPA Region III, Technical Support Section.

ESHA Research. 1990. The Food Processor II. Nutrient Analysis System.

TABLE C-1-1
 SELECTION OF EXPOSURE PATHWAYS
 WELSBACH: RADIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE

Scenario Timeframe	Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Route	On-Site/ Off-Site	Type of Analysis	Rationale for Selection or Exclusion of Exposure Pathway		
Current	Soil	Soil	Holt Cargo	Worker	Adult	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	Quant None	Presence of gamma-emitting radionuclides in soil is possible Site is completely paved		
				Other Worker	Adults	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	Quant None	Presence of gamma-emitting radionuclides in soil is possible Site is completely paved		
		Particulates	Holt Cargo	Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved		
				Other Worker	Adults	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved		
Future	Soil	Soil	Holt Cargo	Worker	Adult	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	Quant None	Presence of gamma-emitting radionuclides in soil is possible Site will remain completely paved		
				Other Worker	Adults	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	Quant None	Presence of gamma-emitting radionuclides in soil is possible Site is completely paved		
				Construction Worker	Adult	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	Quant Quant	Presence of gamma-emitting radionuclides in soil is possible Contaminated soil may be encountered by construction workers during excavation activities		
				Resident	Adult	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	None None	Future use of land will remain industrial Future use of land will remain industrial		
					Child	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	None None	Future use of land will remain industrial Future use of land will remain industrial		
				Particulates	Holt Cargo	Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Future use of land will remain industrial
						Other Worker	Adults	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved
						Construction Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Contaminated soil may be encountered by construction workers during excavation activities
		Resident	Adult			Inhalation	Off-Site	None	Future use of land will remain industrial		
			Child	Inhalation	Off-Site	None	Future use of land will remain industrial				

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TABLE C-1-2 1
 OCCURRENCE, DISTRIBUTION AND SELECTION OF RADIONUCLIDES OF POTENTIAL CONCERN
 WELSBACH-WORKER

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: Holt Cargo

Radionuclide (1)	Minimum Concentration (2)	Maximum Concentration (2)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Concentration Used for Screening	Maximum Background Value (3)	ROPC Flag (4)	Rationale for Radionuclide Selection or Deletion (5)
Uranium 234	0.119	852	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	852	1.32	YES	TX, ASL
Uranium 238 + D	0.096	852	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	852	1.45	YES	TX, ASL
Radium 226 + D	0.262	455	pCi/g	WG-SB-32-01	455	1.91	YES	TX, ASL
Radium 228 + D	0.332	1280	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	1280	2.25	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 228 + D	0.32	1260	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	1260	2.68	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 230	0.44	852	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	852	1.52	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 232	0.321	1340	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	1340	2.44	YES	TX, ASL
Lead 210 + D	0.262	455	pCi/g	WG-SB-32-01	455	1.91	YES	TX, ASL

(1) Risk from decay products (+D) included as appropriate; secular equilibrium assumed between Lead-210 and Radium-226

(2) Minimum/maximum detected concentration

(3) Maximum concentrations from background samples. See text.

(4) Selection (YES) or deletion (NO) of radionuclides of potential concern (ROPC)

(5) Rationale Codes

Selection Reason: Infrequent Detection but Associated Historically (HIST)

Frequent Detection (FD)

Toxicity Information Available (TX)

Above Screening Levels (ASL)

Deletion Reason: Infrequent Detection (IFD)

Background Levels (BKG)

No Toxicity Information (NTX)

Essential Nutrient (NUT)

Below Screening Level (BSL)

300731

TABLE C-1-2.2
 OCCURRENCE, DISTRIBUTION AND SELECTION OF RADIONUCLIDES OF POTENTIAL CONCERN
 WELSBACH - CONSTRUCTION WORKER

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: Holt Cargo

Radionuclide (1)	Minimum Concentration (2)	Maximum Concentration (2)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Concentration Used for Screening	Maximum Background Value (3)	ROPC Flag (4)	Rationale for Radionuclide Selection or Deletion (5)
Uranium 234	0.76	852	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	852	1.32	YES	TX, ASL
Uranium 238 + D	0.82	852	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	852	1.45	YES	TX, ASL
Radium 226 + D	0.826	455	pCi/g	WG-SB-32-01	455	1.91	YES	TX, ASL
Radium 228 + D	2.21	1280	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	1280	2.25	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 228 + D	1.55	1260	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	1260	2.68	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 230	1.8	852	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-03	852	1.52	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 232	1.5	1340	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	1340	2.44	YES	TX, ASL
Lead 210 + D	0.826	455	pCi/g	WG-SB-32-01	455	1.91	YES	TX, ASL

(1) Risk from decay products (+D) included as appropriate, secular equilibrium assumed between Lead-210 and Radium-226

(2) Minimum/maximum detected concentration.

(3) Maximum concentrations from background samples. See text.

(4) Selection (YES) or deletion (NO) of radionuclides of potential concern (ROPC)

(5) Rationale Codes

Selection Reason: Infrequent Detection but Associated Historically (HIST)

Frequent Detection (FD)

Toxicity Information Available (TX)

Above Screening Levels (ASL)

Deletion Reason: Infrequent Detection (IFD)

Background Levels (BKG)

No Toxicity Information (NTX)

Essential Nutrient (NUT)

Below Screening Level (BSL)

300732

TABLE C-1-2.3
 OCCURRENCE, DISTRIBUTION AND SELECTION OF RADIONUCLIDES OF POTENTIAL CONCERN
 WELSBACH - CONSTRUCTION WORKER

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Particulates
 Exposure Point: Holt Cargo

Radionuclide (1)	Minimum Concentration (2)	Maximum Concentration (2)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Concentration Used for Screening	Maximum Background Value (3)	ROPC Flag (4)	Rationale for Radionuclide Selection or Deletion (5)
Uranium 234	0.76	852	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	852	1.32	YES	TX, ASL
Uranium 238 + D	0.82	852	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	852	1.45	YES	TX, ASL
Radium 226 + D	0.826	455	pCi/g	WG-SB-32-01	455	1.91	YES	TX, ASL
Radium 228 + D	2.21	1280	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	1280	2.25	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 228 + D	1.55	1260	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	1260	2.68	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 230	1.8	852	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-03	852	1.52	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 232	1.5	1340	pCi/g	WG-SB-05-01	1340	2.44	YES	TX, ASL
Lead 210 + D	0.826	455	pCi/g	WG-SB-32-01	455	1.91	YES	TX, ASL

(1) Risk from decay products (+D) included as appropriate; secular equilibrium assumed between Lead-210 and Radium-226

(2) Minimum/maximum detected concentration.

(3) Maximum concentrations from background samples. See text.

(4) Selection (YES) or deletion (NO) of radionuclides of potential concern (ROPC)

(5) Rationale Codes

Selection Reason: Infrequent Detection but Associated Historically (HIST)

Frequent Detection (FD)

Toxicity Information Available (TX)

Above Screening Levels (ASL)

Deletion Reason: Infrequent Detection (IFD)

Background Levels (BKG)

No Toxicity Information (NTX)

Essential Nutrient (NUT)

Below Screening Level (BSL)

300723

TABLE C-1-3.1
MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY
WELSBACH-WORKER

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo

Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal Data	Maximum Detected Concentration	EPC Units	Reasonable Maximum Exposure			Central Tendency		
						Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale
Uranium 234	pCi/g	6.76E+01	2.09E+02	852	pCi/g	2.09E+02	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Uranium 238 + D	pCi/g	5.69E+01	1.43E+02	852	pCi/g	1.43E+02	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Radium 226 + D	pCi/g	2.70E+01	6.98E+01	455	pCi/g	6.98E+01	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Radium 228 + D	pCi/g	1.33E+02	2.38E+03	1280	pCi/g	1.28E+03	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Thorium 228 + D	pCi/g	1.31E+02	3.36E+03	1260	pCi/g	1.26E+03	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Thorium 230	pCi/g	7.93E+01	2.19E+03	852	pCi/g	8.52E+02	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Thorium 232	pCi/g	1.47E+02	3.85E+03	1340	pCi/g	1.34E+03	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Lead 210 + D ¹	pCi/g	2.70E+01	6.98E+01	455	pCi/g	6.98E+01	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--

For non-detects, sample quantitation limit was used as a proxy concentration; for duplicate sample results, the maximum value was used in the calculation.

W - Test: Developed by Shapiro and Wilk, refer to Supplemental Guidance to RAGS: Calculating the Concentration Term, OSWER Directive 9285.7-081, May 1992.

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T); Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).

- (1) Lead-210 assumed in equilibrium with Radium-226.
- (2) Shapiro-Wilk W Test indicates data do not follow a normal distribution.
- (3) 95% UCL exceeds maximum detected concentration. Therefore, maximum concentration used for EPC.

300774

TABLE C-1-3.2
 MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY
 WELSBACH - CONSTRUCTION WORKER

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: Holt Cargo

Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal Data	Maximum Detected Concentration	EPC Units	Reasonable Maximum Exposure			Central Tendency		
						Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale
Uranium 234	pCi/g	1.47E+02	1.95E+03	852	pCi/g	8.52E+02	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Uranium 238 + D	pCi/g	1.24E+02	8.55E+02	852	pCi/g	8.52E+02	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Radium 226 + D	pCi/g	4.80E+01	2.35E+02	455	pCi/g	2.35E+02	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Radium 228 + D	pCi/g	2.81E+02	2.92E+03	1280	pCi/g	1.28E+03	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Thorium 228 + D	pCi/g	2.67E+02	1.90E+03	1260	pCi/g	1.26E+03	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Thorium 230	pCi/g	1.66E+02	1.21E+03	852	pCi/g	8.52E+02	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Thorium 232	pCi/g	3.11E+02	2.78E+03	1340	pCi/g	1.34E+03	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Lead 210 + D ¹	pCi/g	4.80E+01	2.35E+02	455	pCi/g	2.35E+02	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--

For non-detects, sample quantitation limit was used as a proxy concentration; for duplicate sample results, the maximum value was used in the calculation.

W - Test: Developed by Shapiro and Wilk, refer to Supplemental Guidance to RAGS: Calculating the Concentration Term, OSWER Directive 9285.7-081, May 1992.

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T); Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).

- (1) Lead-210 assumed in equilibrium with Radium-226.
- (2) Shapiro-Wilk W Test indicates data do not follow a normal distribution.
- (3) 95% UCL exceeds maximum detected concentration. Therefore, maximum concentration used for EPC.

30075

TABLE C-1-3.3
MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY
WELSBACH - CONSTRUCTION WORKER

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo

Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal Data	Maximum Detected Concentration	EPC Units	Reasonable Maximum Exposure			Central Tendency		
						Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale
Uranium 234	pCi/g	1.47E+02	1.95E+03	852	pCi/g	8.52E+02	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Uranium 238 + D	pCi/g	1.24E+02	8.55E+02	852	pCi/g	8.52E+02	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Radium 226 + D	pCi/g	4.80E+01	2.35E+02	455	pCi/g	2.35E+02	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Radium 228 + D	pCi/g	2.81E+02	2.92E+03	1280	pCi/g	1.28E+03	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Thorium 228 + D	pCi/g	2.67E+02	1.90E+03	1260	pCi/g	1.26E+03	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Thorium 230	pCi/g	1.66E+02	1.21E+03	852	pCi/g	8.52E+02	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Thorium 232	pCi/g	3.11E+02	2.78E+03	1340	pCi/g	1.34E+03	Max	W-Test (2,3)	--	--	--
Lead 210 + D ¹	pCi/g	4.80E+01	2.35E+02	455	pCi/g	2.35E+02	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--

For non-detects, sample quantitation limit was used as a proxy concentration; for duplicate sample results, the maximum value was used in the calculation.

W - Test: Developed by Shapiro and Wilk, refer to Supplemental Guidance to RAGS: Calculating the Concentration Term, OSWER Directive 9285.7-081, May 1992.

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T); Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).

- (1) Lead-210 assumed in equilibrium with Radium-226.
- (2) Shapiro-Wilk W Test indicates data do not follow a normal distribution.
- (3) 95% UCL exceeds maximum detected concentration. Therefore, maximum concentration used for EPC.

300736

TABLE C-1-4.1
VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
Receptor Population: Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
External (Radiation)	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Exposure (pCi-year/g) = RS x ET x EF x GSFo x ED x CF1
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	8	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	250	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	GSFo	Gamma Shielding Factor Outdoors	--	0.8 [2]	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	25	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	CF1	Conversion Factor 1	year/hours	1.14E-04	--	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgement.

[2] Due to pavement.

Sources:

USEPA, 1991: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285.6-03.

USEPA, 1997: Exposure Factors Handbook. OHEA. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa.

300737

TABLE C-1-4.2
VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Current /Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
Receptor Population: Other Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
External (Radiation)	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Exposure (pCi-year/g) = RS x ET x EF x GSFo x ED x CF1
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	4	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	125	[1]	--	--	
	GSFo	Gamma Shielding Factor Outdoors	--	0.8 [2]	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	25	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	CF1	Conversion Factor 1	year/hours	1.14E-04	--	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgement.

[2] Due to pavement.

Sources:

USEPA, 1991: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285.6-03.

USEPA, 1997: Exposure Factors Handbook. OHEA. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa.

300728

• TABLE C-1-4.3
 VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/Reference	Equation
External (Radiation)	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Exposure (pCi-year/g) = $RS \times ET \times EF \times GSFo \times ED \times CF1$
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	8	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	60	[1]	--	--	
	GSFo	Gamma Shielding Factor Outdoors	--	1 [2]	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	1	[1]	--	--	
	CF1	Conversion Factor 1	year/hours	1.14E-04	--	--	--	
Ingestion	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Intake (pCi) = $RS \times CF2 \times IR-S \times FI \times EF \times ED$
	CF2	Conversion Factor 2	g/mg	1.00E-03	--	--	--	
	IR-S	Ingestion Rate of Soil	mg/day	480	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	FI	Fraction Ingested	--	1	--	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	60	[1]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	1	[1]	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgement.

[2] 1 for exposed soil

Sources:

USEPA, 1991: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285.6-03.

USEPA, 1997: Exposure Factors Handbook. OHEA. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa.

300423

TABLE C-1-4.4
VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
Inhalation	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Intake (pCi) = RS x PEF x CF x IN x ET x EF x ED
	PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	kg/m ³	5.21E-06	See Appendix C	--	--	
	CF3	Conversion Factor 3	g/kg	1000	--	--	--	
	IN	Inhalation Rate	m ³ /hour	2.3	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	8	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	60	[1]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	1	[1]	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgement.

Sources:

USEPA, 1991: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285.6-03.

300740

TABLE C-1-5.1
 CANCER TOXICITY DATA – EXTERNAL
 WELSBACH-RADIONUCLIDES OF POTENTIAL CONCERN

Radionuclide of Potential Concern (1)	External Cancer Slope Factor	Units	Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description	Source	Date (MM/DD/YY)
Uranium 234	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Uranium 238 + D	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radium 226 + D	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radium 228 + D	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 228 + D	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 230	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 232	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Lead 210 + D	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95

(1) Risk from decay products (+D) included as appropriate.

HEAST= Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables

EPA Group:

- A - Human carcinogen
- B1 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates that limited human data are available
- B2 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans
- C - Possible human carcinogen
- D - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
- E - Evidence of noncarcinogenicity

Weight of Evidence:

- Known/Likely
- Cannot be Determined
- Not Likely

300741

TABLE C-1-5.2
 CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- ORAL
 WELSBACH-RADIONUCLIDES OF POTENTIAL CONCERN

Radionuclide of Potential Concern (1)	Oral Cancer Slope Factor	Units	Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description	Source	Date (MM/DD/YY)
Uranium 234	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Uranium 238 + D	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radium 226 + D	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radium 228 + D	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 228 + D	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 230	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 232	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Lead 210 + D	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95

(1) Risk from decay products (+D) included as appropriate.

HEAST= Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables

EPA Group:

A - Human carcinogen

B1 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates that limited human data are available

B2 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans

C - Possible human carcinogen

D - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

E - Evidence of noncarcinogenicity

Weight of Evidence:

Known/Likely

Cannot be Determined

Not Likely

300742

TABLE C-1-5.3
 CANCER TOXICITY DATA - INHALATION
 WELSBACH-RADIONUCLIDES OF POTENTIAL CONCERN

Radionuclide of Potential Concern (1)	Inhalation Cancer Slope Factor	Units	Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description	Source	Date (MM/DD/YY)
Uranium 234	1.40E-08	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Uranium 238 + D	1.24E-08	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radium 226 + D	2.75E-09	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radium 228 + D	9.94E-10	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 228 + D	9.68E-08	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 230	1.72E-08	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 232	1.93E-08	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Lead 210 + D	3.86E-09	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95

(1) Risk from decay products (+D) included as appropriate.

HEAST= Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables

EPA Group:

A - Human carcinogen

B1 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates that limited human data are available

B2 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans

C - Possible human carcinogen

D - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

E - Evidence of noncarcinogenicity

Weight of Evidence:

Known/Likely

Cannot be Determined

Not Likely

300743

TABLE C-1-6.1
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
Receptor Population: Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	2.09E+02	pCi/g	2.09E+02	pCi/g	M	9.51E+02	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.0E-08
	Uranium 238 + D	1.43E+02	pCi/g	1.43E+02	pCi/g	M	6.52E+02	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.3E-05
	Radium 226 + D	6.98E+01	pCi/g	6.98E+01	pCi/g	M	3.18E+02	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.1E-03
	Radium 228 + D	1.28E+03	pCi/g	1.28E+03	pCi/g	M	5.84E+03	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.9E-02
	Thorium 228 + D	1.26E+03	pCi/g	1.26E+03	pCi/g	M	5.75E+03	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.6E-02
	Thorium 230	8.52E+02	pCi/g	8.52E+02	pCi/g	M	3.89E+03	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.7E-07
	Thorium 232	1.34E+03	pCi/g	1.34E+03	pCi/g	M	6.11E+03	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.2E-07
	Lead 210 + D	6.98E+01	pCi/g	6.98E+01	pCi/g	M	3.18E+02	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.6E-08
Total Risk-All ROPC											5.7E-02

(1) M = Medium-Specific

300744

TABLE C-1-6.2
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
 Medium: Background Soil
 Exposure Medium: Background Soil
 Exposure Point: N/A
 Receptor Population: Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	2.98E+00	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	6.4E-11
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	2.82E+00	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.9E-07
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	4.78E+00	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.2E-05
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	4.18E+00	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.4E-05
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	4.28E+00	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.7E-05
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	3.62E+00	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.6E-10
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	4.19E+00	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	8.2E-11
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	4.78E+00	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	6.9E-10
Total Risk-All ROPC											7.3E-05

N/A = Not Applicable
 (1) M = Medium-Specific

300745

TABLE C-1-6.3
 RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
 Receptor Population: Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Gross Risk	Background Risk	Net Risk
External	Soil	Holt Cargo	5.7E-02	7.3E-05	5.7E-02
				Total Risk	5.7E-02

300746

TABLE C-1-6.4
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
Receptor Population: Other Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	2.09E+02	pCi/g	2.09E+02	pCi/g	M	2.38E+02	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	5.1E-09
	Uranium 238 + D	1.43E+02	pCi/g	1.43E+02	pCi/g	M	1.63E+02	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.1E-05
	Radium 226 + D	6.98E+01	pCi/g	6.98E+01	pCi/g	M	7.95E+01	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	5.4E-04
	Radium 228 + D	1.28E+03	pCi/g	1.28E+03	pCi/g	M	1.46E+03	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.8E-03
	Thorium 228 + D	1.26E+03	pCi/g	1.26E+03	pCi/g	M	1.44E+03	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	8.9E-03
	Thorium 230	8.52E+02	pCi/g	8.52E+02	pCi/g	M	9.71E+02	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.3E-08
	Thorium 232	1.34E+03	pCi/g	1.34E+03	pCi/g	M	1.53E+03	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.0E-08
	Lead 210 + D	6.98E+01	pCi/g	6.98E+01	pCi/g	M	7.95E+01	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.2E-08
Total Risk-All ROPC											1.4E-02

(1) M = Medium-Specific

300717

TABLE C-1-6.5
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Background Soil
Exposure Medium: Background Soil
Exposure Point: N/A
Receptor Population: Other Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	7.46E-01	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.6E-11
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	7.04E-01	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.6E-08
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	1.19E+00	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	8.1E-06
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	1.04E+00	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.4E-06
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	1.07E+00	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	6.6E-06
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	9.06E-01	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.0E-11
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	1.05E+00	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.1E-11
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	1.19E+00	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.7E-10
Total Risk-All ROPC											1.8E-05

N/A = Not Applicable

(1) M = Medium-Specific

300718

TABLE C-1-6.6
RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Receptor Population: Other Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Gross Risk	Background Risk	Net Risk
External	Soil	Holt Cargo	1.4E-02	1.8E-05	1.4E-02
Total Risk					1.4E-02

300719

TABLE C-1-6.7

RME

CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE

WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	8.52E+02	pCi/g	8.52E+02	pCi/g	M	4.66E+01	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.0E-09
	Uranium 238 + D	8.52E+02	pCi/g	8.52E+02	pCi/g	M	4.66E+01	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.1E-06
	Radium 226 + D	2.35E+02	pCi/g	2.35E+02	pCi/g	M	1.29E+01	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	8.7E-05
	Radium 228 + D	1.28E+03	pCi/g	1.28E+03	pCi/g	M	7.00E+01	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.3E-04
	Thorium 228 + D	1.26E+03	pCi/g	1.26E+03	pCi/g	M	6.89E+01	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.3E-04
	Thorium 230	8.52E+02	pCi/g	8.52E+02	pCi/g	M	4.66E+01	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.1E-09
	Thorium 232	1.34E+03	pCi/g	1.34E+03	pCi/g	M	7.33E+01	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.4E-09
	Lead 210 + D	2.35E+02	pCi/g	2.35E+02	pCi/g	M	1.29E+01	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.9E-09
	(Total)										7.5E-04
Ingestion	Uranium 234	8.52E+02	pCi/g	8.52E+02	pCi/g	M	2.45E+04	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	1.1E-06
	Uranium 238 + D	8.52E+02	pCi/g	8.52E+02	pCi/g	M	2.45E+04	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	1.5E-06
	Radium 226 + D	2.35E+02	pCi/g	2.35E+02	pCi/g	M	6.78E+03	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	2.0E-06
	Radium 228 + D	1.28E+03	pCi/g	1.28E+03	pCi/g	M	3.69E+04	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	9.1E-06
	Thorium 228 + D	1.26E+03	pCi/g	1.26E+03	pCi/g	M	3.63E+04	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	8.4E-06
	Thorium 230	8.52E+02	pCi/g	8.52E+02	pCi/g	M	2.45E+04	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	9.2E-07
	Thorium 232	1.34E+03	pCi/g	1.34E+03	pCi/g	M	3.86E+04	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	1.3E-06
	Lead 210 + D	2.35E+02	pCi/g	2.35E+02	pCi/g	M	6.78E+03	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	6.8E-06
	(Total)										3.1E-05

300750

TABLE C-1-6.8
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value (1)	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (2)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
Inhalation	Uranium 234	8.52E+02	pCi/g	4.44E+00	pCi/m ³	R	4.90E+03	pCi	1.40E-08	Risk/pCi	6.9E-05
	Uranium 238 + D	8.52E+02	pCi/g	4.44E+00	pCi/m ³	R	4.90E+03	pCi	1.24E-08	Risk/pCi	6.1E-05
	Radium 226 + D	2.35E+02	pCi/g	1.23E+00	pCi/m ³	R	1.35E+03	pCi	2.75E-09	Risk/pCi	3.7E-06
	Radium 228 + D	1.28E+03	pCi/g	6.67E+00	pCi/m ³	R	7.36E+03	pCi	9.94E-10	Risk/pCi	7.3E-06
	Thorium 228 + D	1.26E+03	pCi/g	6.56E+00	pCi/m ³	R	7.25E+03	pCi	9.68E-08	Risk/pCi	7.0E-04
	Thorium 230	8.52E+02	pCi/g	4.44E+00	pCi/m ³	R	4.90E+03	pCi	1.72E-08	Risk/pCi	8.4E-05
	Thorium 232	1.34E+03	pCi/g	6.98E+00	pCi/m ³	R	7.71E+03	pCi	1.93E-08	Risk/pCi	1.5E-04
	Lead 210 + D	2.35E+02	pCi/g	1.23E+00	pCi/m ³	R	1.35E+03	pCi	3.86E-09	Risk/pCi	5.2E-06
	(Total)										1.1E-03
Total Risk-All ROPC											1.9E-03

(1) See respirable particulates model in Appendix C.

(2) R = Route-Specific

300751

TABLE C-1-6.9

RME
 CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Background Soil
 Exposure Medium: Background Soil
 Exposure Point: N/A
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	3.58E-02	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	7.7E-13
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	3.38E-02	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.2E-09
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	5.74E-02	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.9E-07
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	5.02E-02	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.6E-07
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	5.14E-02	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.2E-07
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	4.35E-02	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.9E-12
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	5.02E-02	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	9.9E-13
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	5.74E-02	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	8.3E-12
	(Total)										8.7E-07
Ingestion	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	1.88E+01	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	8.4E-10
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	1.78E+01	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	1.1E-09
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	3.02E+01	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	8.9E-09
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	2.64E+01	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	6.5E-09
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	2.70E+01	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	6.2E-09
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	2.29E+01	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	8.6E-10
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	2.64E+01	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	8.7E-10
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	3.02E+01	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	3.0E-08
	(Total)										5.6E-08

300752

TABLE C-1-6.10
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Background Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: N/A
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value (1)	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (2)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
Inhalation	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	3.41E-03	pCi/m ³	R	3.76E+00	pCi	1.40E-08	Risk/pCi	5.3E-08
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	3.22E-03	pCi/m ³	R	3.55E+00	pCi	1.24E-08	Risk/pCi	4.4E-08
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	5.46E-03	pCi/m ³	R	6.03E+00	pCi	2.75E-09	Risk/pCi	1.7E-08
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	4.78E-03	pCi/m ³	R	5.27E+00	pCi	9.94E-10	Risk/pCi	5.2E-09
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	4.89E-03	pCi/m ³	R	5.40E+00	pCi	9.68E-08	Risk/pCi	5.2E-07
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	4.14E-03	pCi/m ³	R	4.57E+00	pCi	1.72E-08	Risk/pCi	7.9E-08
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	4.78E-03	pCi/m ³	R	5.28E+00	pCi	1.93E-08	Risk/pCi	1.0E-07
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	5.46E-03	pCi/m ³	R	6.03E+00	pCi	3.86E-09	Risk/pCi	2.3E-08
	(Total)										8.4E-07
Total Risk-All ROPC											1.8E-06

N/A = Not Applicable

(1) See respirable particulates model in Appendix C.

(2) R = Route-Specific

300753

TABLE C-1-6.11
RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Gross Risk	Background Risk	Net Risk
External	Soil	Holt Cargo	7.5E-04	8.7E-07	7.5E-04
Ingestion	Soil	Holt Cargo	3.1E-05	5.6E-08	3.1E-05
Inhalation	Particulates	Holt Cargo	1.1E-03	8.4E-07	1.1E-03
Total Risk					1.9E-03

300754

TABLE C-2.1
 SELECTION OF EXPOSURE PATHWAYS
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE: RADIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE

Scenario Timeframe	Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Route	On-Site/ Off-Site	Type of Analysis	Rationale for Selection or Exclusion of Exposure Pathway		
Current	Soil	Soil	GGM	Worker	Adult	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	None None	Building is currently unoccupied Building is currently unoccupied		
				Trespasser	Adolescent	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	Quant Quant	Presence of gamma-emitting radionuclides in soil is possible Contaminated soil may be encountered by adolescent trespassers		
		Building	Particulates	GGM	Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Building is currently unoccupied	
					Trespasser	Adolescent	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Vegetation hinders the resuspension of contaminated particles	
			Building Materials	GGM	Worker	Adult	External Radiation	On-Site	None	Building is currently unoccupied	
					Trespasser	Adolescent	External Radiation	On-Site	Quant	Presence of gamma-emitting radionuclides in building materials is possible	
	Particulates		GGM	Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Building is currently unoccupied		
				Trespasser	Adolescent	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Contaminated particles may become airborne		
	Radon Decay Products	GGM	Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Building is currently unoccupied			
			Trespasser	Adolescent	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Presence of radon decay products in building is possible			
	Future	Soil	Soil	GGM	Worker	Adult	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	None None	Workday assumed to be spent indoors Workday assumed to be spent indoors	
					Trespasser	Adolescent	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	Quant Quant	Presence of gamma-emitting radionuclides in soil is possible Contaminated soil may be encountered by adolescent trespassers	
Construction Worker					Adult	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	Quant Quant	Presence of gamma-emitting radionuclides in soil is possible Contaminated soil may be encountered by construction workers during excavation activities		
					Resident	Adult	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	Quant Quant	Residential land development is possible Residential land development is possible	
Child					Adult	External Radiation Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	Quant Quant	Residential land development is possible Residential land development is possible		
					Resident	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site On-Site	Quant Quant	Residential land development is possible Residential land development is possible	
Home Grown Produce					Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	Quant	Residential land development is possible		
					Child	Ingestion	On-Site	Quant	Residential land development is possible		
Particulates					GGM	Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Workday assumed to be spent indoors
						Trespasser	Adolescent	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Vegetation hinders the resuspension of contaminated particles
					Construction Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Contaminated soil may be encountered by construction workers during excavation activities	
						Resident	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Vegetation hinders the resuspension of contaminated particles
			Child	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Vegetation hinders the resuspension of contaminated particles			
				Resident	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Residential land development is possible		
Radon Decay Products			GGM	Resident	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Residential land development is possible		
				Child	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Residential land development is possible			
Building			Building Materials	GGM	Worker	Adult	External Radiation	On-Site	Quant	Presence of gamma-emitting radionuclides in building materials is possible	
					Trespasser	Adolescent	External Radiation	On-Site	Quant	Presence of gamma-emitting radionuclides in building materials is possible	
		Particulates	GGM	Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Contaminated particles may become airborne		
				Trespasser	Adolescent	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Contaminated particles may become airborne		
		Radon Decay Products	GGM	Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Presence of radon decay products in building is possible		
				Trespasser	Adolescent	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Presence of radon decay products in building is possible		

300755

TABLE C-2-2.1
 OCCURRENCE, DISTRIBUTION AND SELECTION OF RADIONUCLIDES OF POTENTIAL CONCERN
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: GGM

Radionuclide ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Concentration ⁽²⁾	Maximum Concentration ⁽²⁾	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Concentration Used for Screening to Background	Maximum Background Value ⁽³⁾	ROPC Flag ⁽⁴⁾	Rationale for Radionuclide Selection or Deletion ⁽⁵⁾
Uranium 234	0.33	3.96	pCi/g	WG-SB-37-01	3.96	1.32	YES	TX, ASL
Uranium 238 + D	0.35	3.5	pCi/g	WG-SB-37-01	3.5	1.45	YES	TX, ASL
Radium 226 + D	0.478	172	pCi/g	WG-SB-42-01	172	1.91	YES	TX, ASL
Radium 228 + D	0.5	140	pCi/g	WG-SB-37-01	140	2.25	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 228 + D	0.42	149	pCi/g	WG-SB-37-01	149	2.68	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 230	0.61	28	pCi/g	WG-SB-37-01	28	1.52	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 232	0.279	132	pCi/g	WG-SB-37-01	132	2.44	YES	TX, ASL
Lead 210 + D	0.478	172	pCi/g	WG-SB-42-01	172	1.91	YES	TX, ASL

(1) Risk from decay products (+D) included as appropriate; secular equilibrium assumed between Lead-210 and Radium-226

(2) Minimum/maximum detected concentration.

(4) Selection (YES) or deletion (NO) of radionuclides of potential concern (ROPC).

(3) Maximum concentrations from background samples. See text.

(5) Rationale Codes

Selection Reason: Infrequent Detection but Associated Historically (HIST)

Frequent Detection (FD)

Toxicity Information Available (TX)

Above Screening Levels (ASL)

Deletion Reason: Infrequent Detection (IFD)

Background Levels (BKG)

300756

TABLE C-2-2.2
 OCCURRENCE, DISTRIBUTION AND SELECTION OF RADIONUCLIDES OF POTENTIAL CONCERN
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Particulates
 Exposure Point: GGM

Radionuclide (1)	Minimum Concentration (2)	Maximum Concentration (2)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Concentration Used for Screening to Background	Maximum Background Value (3)	ROPC Flag (4)	Rationale for Radionuclide Selection or Deletion (5)
Uranium 234	0.33	3.96	pCi/g	WG-SB-37-01	3.96	1.32	YES	TX, ASL
Uranium 238 + D	0.35	3.5	pCi/g	WG-SB-37-01	3.5	1.45	YES	TX, ASL
Radium 226 + D	0.478	172	pCi/g	WG-SB-42-01	172	1.91	YES	TX, ASL
Radium 228 + D	0.5	140	pCi/g	WG-SB-37-01	140	2.25	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 228 + D	0.42	149	pCi/g	WG-SB-37-01	149	2.68	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 230	0.61	28	pCi/g	WG-SB-37-01	28	1.52	YES	TX, ASL
Thorium 232	0.279	132	pCi/g	WG-SB-37-01	132	2.44	YES	TX, ASL
Lead 210 + D	0.478	172	pCi/g	WG-SB-42-01	172	1.91	YES	TX, ASL

(1) Risk from decay products (+D) included as appropriate; secular equilibrium assumed between Lead-210 and Radium-226

(2) Minimum/maximum detected concentration.

(4) Selection (YES) or deletion (NO) of radionuclides of potential concern (ROPC).

(3) Maximum concentrations from background samples. See text.

(5) Rationale Codes

Selection Reason: Infrequent Detection but Associated Historically (HIST)
 Frequent Detection (FD)
 Toxicity Information Available (TX)
 Above Screening Levels (ASL)

Deletion Reason: Infrequent Detection (IFD)

300757

TABLE C-2-2.3
 OCCURRENCE, DISTRIBUTION AND SELECTION OF RADIONUCLIDES OF POTENTIAL CONCERN - INDOOR EXPOSURE RATES
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future Medium: Building Exposure Medium: Building Materials Exposure Point: GGM
--

(1) Radionuclide	(2) Minimum	(2) Maximum	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Concentration Used for Screening to Background	(3) Maximum Background Value	(4) ROPC Flag	(5) Rationale for Radionuclide Selection or Deletion
Indoor Exposure Rate	15	234	uR/hr	Basement at (25,20)	234	7	YES	TX, ASL

- (1) Indoor exposure rate survey from the basement of General Gas Mantle
- (2) Minimum/maximum detected.
- (3) Exposure rate due to naturally occurring radiation.
- (4) Selection (YES) or deletion (NO) of radionuclides of potential concern (ROPC).
- (5) Rationale Codes

Selection Reason: Infrequent Detection but Associated Historically (HIST)
 Frequent Detection (FD)
 Toxicity Information Available (TX)
 Above Screening Levels (ASL)

Deletion Reason: Infrequent Detection (IFD)
 Background Levels (BKG)

300758

TABLE C-2-3.1
MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: GGM

Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal Data	Maximum Detected Concentration	EPC Units	Reasonable Maximum Exposure			Central Tendency		
						Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale
						Uranium 234	pCi/g	1.39E+00	1.74E+00	3.96	pCi/g
Uranium 238 + D	pCi/g	1.32E+00	1.62E+00	3.5	pCi/g	1.62E+00	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Radium 226 + D	pCi/g	6.20E+00	4.08E+00	172	pCi/g	6.20E+00	Mean-N	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Radium 228 + D	pCi/g	1.35E+01	2.91E+01	140	pCi/g	2.91E+01	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Thorium 228 + D	pCi/g	1.64E+01	3.87E+01	149	pCi/g	3.87E+01	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Thorium 230	pCi/g	4.66E+00	1.24E+01	28	pCi/g	1.24E+01	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Thorium 232	pCi/g	1.49E+01	3.71E+01	132	pCi/g	3.71E+01	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Lead 210 + D ¹	pCi/g	6.20E+00	4.08E+00	172	pCi/g	6.20E+00	Mean-N	W-Test (2)	--	--	--

For non-detects, sample quantitation limit was used as a proxy concentration; for duplicate sample results, the maximum value was used in the calculation.

W - Test: Developed by Shapiro and Wilk, refer to Supplemental Guidance to RAGS: Calculating the Concentration Term, OSWER Directive 9285.7-081, May 1992.

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T); Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).

(1) Lead-210 assumed in equilibrium with Radium-226.

(2) Shapiro-Wilk W Test indicates data do not follow a normal distribution.

300759

TABLE C-2-3.2
MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: GGM

Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal Data	Maximum Detected Concentration	EPC Units	Reasonable Maximum Exposure			Central Tendency		
						Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale
Uranium 234	pCi/g	1.39E+00	1.74E+00	3.96	pCi/g	1.74E+00	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Uranium 238 + D	pCi/g	1.32E+00	1.62E+00	3.5	pCi/g	1.62E+00	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Radium 226 + D	pCi/g	6.20E+00	4.08E+00	172	pCi/g	6.20E+00	Mean-N	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Radium 228 + D	pCi/g	1.35E+01	2.91E+01	140	pCi/g	2.91E+01	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Thorium 228 + D	pCi/g	1.64E+01	3.87E+01	149	pCi/g	3.87E+01	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Thorium 230	pCi/g	4.66E+00	1.24E+01	28	pCi/g	1.24E+01	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Thorium 232	pCi/g	1.49E+01	3.71E+01	132	pCi/g	3.71E+01	95% UCL-T	W-Test (2)	--	--	--
Lead 210 + D ¹	pCi/g	6.20E+00	4.08E+00	172	pCi/g	6.20E+00	Mean-N	W-Test (2)	--	--	--

For non-detects, sample quantitation limit was used as a proxy concentration; for duplicate sample results, the maximum value was used in the calculation.

W - Test: Developed by Shapiro and Wilk, refer to Supplemental Guidance to RAGS: Calculating the Concentration Term, OSWER Directive 9285.7-081, May 1992.

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T); Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).

(1) Lead-210 assumed in equilibrium with Radium-226.

(2) Shapiro-Wilk W Test indicates data do not follow a normal distribution.

300760

TABLE C-2-3.3
 MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
 Medium: Building
 Exposure Medium: Building Materials
 Exposure Point: GGM

Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal Data	Maximum Detected Concentration	EPC Units	Reasonable Maximum Exposure			Central Tendency		
						Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale
Indoor Exposure Rate	uR/hr	4.02E+01	4.2E+01	234	uR/hr	4.2E+01	95% UCL-T	D'Agostino Test (1)	--	--	--
Radon Decay Products	WL	1.70E+00	--	--	WL	1.7E+00	--	--	--	--	--

For duplicate sample results, the maximum value was used in the calculation.

D' Agostino Test: Developed by D' Agostino (Gilbert 1987).

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T); Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).

(1) D' Agostino Test indicates data do not follow a normal distribution.

300761

TABLE C-2-3.4
MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Building
Exposure Medium: Building Materials
Exposure Point: GGM

Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal Data	Maximum Detected Concentration	EPC Units	Reasonable Maximum Exposure			Central Tendency		
						Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale
Columns	dpm/100 cm ²	2.64E+03	3.39E+03	1.00E+04	dpm/100 cm ²	3.39E+03	95% UCL-T	D'Agostino Test (1)	--	--	--
Walls	dpm/100 cm ²	2.59E+03	2.39E+03	4.48E+04	dpm/100 cm ²	2.59E+03	Mean-N	D'Agostino Test (1)	--	--	--
Floor	dpm/100 cm ²	3.71E+03	3.85E+03	2.73E+04	dpm/100 cm ²	3.85E+03	95% UCL-T	D'Agostino Test (1)	--	--	--
Radon	pCi/L	8.77E-01	1.16E+00	2.10E+00	pCi/L	1.16E+00	95% UCL-N	W-Test (2)	--	--	--

For duplicate sample results, the maximum value was used in the calculation.

D' Agostino Test: Developed by D' Agostino (Gilbert 1987).

W - Test: Developed by Shapiro and Wilk, refer to Supplemental Guidance to RAGS: Calculating the Concentration Term, OSWER Directive 9285.7-081, May 1992.

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T); Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).

(1) D' Agostino Test indicates data do not follow a normal distribution.

(2) Shapiro-Wilk W Test indicates data follow a normal distribution.

300762

TABLE C-2-4.1
VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Trespasser
Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
External (Radiation)	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Exposure (CDI) (pCi-year/g) = RS x ET x EF x GSFo x ED x CF1
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	1	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	120	[1]	--	--	
	GSFo	Gamma Shielding Factor Outdoors	--	1 [2]	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	6	[1]	--	--	
	CF1	Conversion Factor 1	year/hours	1.14E-04	--	--	--	
Ingestion	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Intake (pCi) = RS x CF2 x IR-S x FI x EF x ED
	CF2	Conversion Factor 2	g/mg	1.00E-03	--	--	--	
	IR-S	Ingestion Rate of Soil	mg/day	100	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	FI	Fraction Ingested	--	1	--	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	120	[1]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	6	[1]	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgment.

[2] 1 for exposed soil.

Sources:

USEPA, 1991: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285.6-03.

USEPA, 1997: Exposure Factors Handbook. OHEA. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa.

300763

TABLE C-2-4.2
 VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
 Medium: Building
 Exposure Medium: Building Materials
 Exposure Point: GGM
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
External (Radiation)	ER	Exposure Rate	uR/hour	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Exposure expressed as dose equivalent (urem) = $ER \times ET \times EF \times ED \times CF3$
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	1	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	120	[1]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	6	[1]	--	--	
	CF	Conversion Factor 3	urem/uR	0.97	[2]	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgement.

Sources:

[2] Pharm, B.S., Terpilak, M.S., 1984. The Health Physics and Radiological Health Handbook. Nucleon Lectern Associates.

300764

TABLE C-2-4.3
VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future Medium: Building Exposure Medium: Particulates Exposure Point: GGM Receptor Population: Trespasser Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
Inhalation	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	Intake (pCi) Intake will be modeled with RESRAD-BUILD

300795

TABLE C-2-4.4
 VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
 Medium: Building
 Exposure Medium: Radon Decay Products
 Exposure Point: GGM
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
Inhalation	WL	Working Level Concentration	WL	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Exposure (WLM) = WL x ET x EF x ED x 1/CF4
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	1	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	120	[1]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	6	[1]	--	--	
	CF	Conversion Factor 4	hours/work-month	170	--	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgment.

300766

TABLE C-2-4.5
VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
External (Radiation)	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Exposure (pCi-year/g) = RS x ET x EF x GSFo x ED x CF1
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	8	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	60	[1]	--	--	
	GSFo	Gamma Shielding Factor Outdoors	--	1 [2]	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	1	[1]	--	--	
	CF1	Conversion Factor 1	year/hours	1.14E-04	--	--	--	
Ingestion	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Intake (pCi) = RS x CF2 x IR-S x FI x EF x ED
	CF2	Conversion Factor 2	g/mg	1.00E-03	--	--	--	
	IR-S	Ingestion Rate of Soil	mg/day	480	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	FI	Fraction Ingested	--	1	--	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	60	[1]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	1	[1]	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgement.

[2] 1 for exposed soil.

Sources:

USEPA, 1991: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285.6-03.

USEPA, 1997: Exposure Factors Handbook. OHEA. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa.

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TABLE C-2-4.6

VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
Inhalation	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Intake (pCi) = RS x PEF x CF4 x IN x ET x EF x ED
	PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	kg/m ³	5.21E-06	See Appendix C	--	--	
	CF4	Conversion Factor 5	g/kg	1000	--	--	--	
	IN	Inhalation Rate	m ³ /hr	2.3	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	8	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	60	[1]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	1	[1]	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgement.

Sources:

USEPA, 1991: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285.6-03.

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TABLE C-2-4.7
VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Resident
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/Reference	Equation
External (Radiation)	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Exposure (CDI) (pCi-year/g) = $RS \times ET \times EF \times [(Fi \times GSF_i) + (Fo \times GSF_o)] \times ED \times CF1$
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	24	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	350	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	Fi	Time Fraction Indoors	--	0.875	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	Fo	Time Fraction Outdoors	--	0.125	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	GSFi	Gamma Shielding Factor Indoors	--	0.8 [2]	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	GSFo	Gamma Shielding Factor Outdoors	--	1 [2]	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	30	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	CF1	Conversion Factor 1	year/hours	1.14E-04	--	--	--	
Ingestion	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Intake (pCi) = $RS \times CF2 \times IR-S \times FI \times EF \times ED$
	CF2	Conversion Factor 2	g/mg	1.00E-03	--	--	--	
	IR-S	Ingestion Rate of Soil	mg/day	100	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	FI	Fraction Ingested	--	1	--	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	350	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	30	EPA, 1991	--	--	
Home Grows Produce	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Intake (pCi) = $RS \times [(IR-L \times PUF-L) + (IR-C \times RUF-C) + (IR-T \times PUF-T)] \times EF \times ED$
	IR-L	Ingestion Rate of Lettuce	g/day	17	Baer, 1984	--	--	
	PUF-L	Plant Uptake Factor-Lettuce	--	See Appendix O	See Appendix C	--	--	
	IR-C	Ingestion Rate of Carrots	g/day	48	Baer, 1984	--	--	
	RUF-C	Radionuclide-Specific Root Uptake Factor-Carrot	--	See Appendix O	See Appendix C	--	--	
	IR-T	Ingestion Rate of Tomatoes	g/day	57	Baer, 1984	--	--	
	PUF-T	Plant Uptake Factor-Tomatoes	--	See Appendix O	See Appendix C	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	350	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	30	EPA, 1991	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgment.

[2] 1 for exposed soil, 0.8 for pavement.

Sources:

Baer et al., 1984: A Review and Analysis of Parameters for Assessing Transport of Environmentally Released Radionuclides through Agriculture. ORNL-5786. Oak Ridge, TN. Oak Ridge National Laboratory.

USEPA, 1991: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285.6-03.

USEPA, 1997: Exposure Factors Handbook. OHEA. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa.

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TABLE C-2-4.8
VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Resident
Receptor Age: Child

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
External (Radiation)	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Exposure (CDI) (pCi-year/g) = $RS \times ET \times EF \times ((Fi \times GSF_i) + (Fo \times GSF_o)) \times ED \times CFI$
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	24	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	350	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	Fi	Time Fraction Indoors	--	0.75	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	Fo	Time Fraction Outdoors	--	0.25	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	GSFi	Gamma Shielding Factor Indoors	--	0.8 [2]	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	GSFo	Gamma Shielding Factor Outdoors	--	1 [2]	EPA, 1997	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	6	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	CFI	Conversion Factor 1	year/hours	1.14E-04	--	--	--	
Ingestion	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Intake (pCi) = $RS \times CF2 \times IR-S \times FI \times EF \times ED$
	CF2	Conversion Factor 2	g/mg	1.00E-03	--	--	--	
	IR-S	Ingestion Rate of Soil	mg/day	200	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	FI	Fraction Ingested	--	1	--	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	350	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	6	EPA, 1991	--	--	
Home Grows Produce	RS	Radionuclide Concentration in Soil	pCi/g	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Intake (pCi) = $RS \times ((IR-L \times PUF-L) + (IR-C \times RUF-C) + (IR-T \times PUF-T)) \times EF \times ED$
	IR-L	Ingestion Rate of Lettuce	g/day	4	Baes, 1984	--	--	
	PUF-L	Plant Uptake Factor-Lettuce	--	See Appendix O	See Appendix C	--	--	
	IR-C	Ingestion Rate of Carrots	g/day	27	Baes, 1984	--	--	
	RUF-C	Radionuclide-Specific Root Uptake Factor-Carrot	--	See Appendix O	See Appendix C	--	--	
	IR-T	Ingestion Rate of Tomatoes	g/day	24	Baes, 1984	--	--	
	PUF-T	Plant Uptake Factor-Tomatoes	--	See Appendix O	See Appendix C	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	350	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	6	EPA, 1991	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgment.

[2] 1 for exposed soil, 0.8 for pavement.

Sources:

Baes et al., 1984. A Review and Analysis of Parameters for Assessing Transport of Environmentally Released Radionuclides through Agriculture. ORNL-5786 Oak Ridge, TN. Oak Ridge National Laboratory

USEPA, 1991. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285 6-03

USEPA, 1997. Exposure Factors Handbook. OHEA. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa

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TABLE C-2-4.9
 VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Radon Decay Products
 Exposure Point: GGM
 Receptor Population: Resident
 Receptor Age: Adult, Child

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
Inhalation	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	Intake (pCi) Intakes will be modeled with RESRAD

300771

TABLE C-2-4.10
VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Building
Exposure Medium: Building Materials
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
External (Radiation)	ER	Exposure Rate	uR/hour	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Exposure expressed as dose equivalent (urem) = ER x ET x EF x ED x CF3
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	8	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	250	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	25	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	CF	Conversion factor 3	urem/uR	0.97	[2]	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgement.

Sources:

USEPA, 1991: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285.6-03.

[2] Pharm, B.S., Terpilak, M.S., 1984. The Health Physics and Radiological Health Handbook. Nucleon Lectern Associates.

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TABLE C-2-4.11
 VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Building
 Exposure Medium: Particulates
 Exposure Point: GGM
 Receptor Population: Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Equation
Inhalation	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	Intake (pCi) Intakes will be modeled with RESRAD-BUILD

300713

TABLE C-2-4.12
VALUES USED FOR EXPOSURE AND INTAKE CALCULATIONS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Building
Exposure Medium: Radon Decay Products
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/Reference	Equation
Radon Decay Products	WL	Working Level Concentration	WL	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Exposure (WLM) = WL x ET x EF x ED x 1/CF3
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	8	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	250	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	25	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	CF	Conversion Factor 3	hours/work-month	170	--	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgment.

Sources:

USEPA, 1991: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285.6-03.

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TABLE C-2-5.1
 CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- EXTERNAL
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE-RADIONUCLIDES OF POTENTIAL CONCERN

Radionuclide of Potential Concern (1)	External Cancer Slope Factor	Units	Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description	Source	Date (MM/DD/YY)
Uranium 234	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Uranium 238 + D	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radium 226 + D	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radium 228 + D	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 228 + D	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 230	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 232	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Lead 210 + D	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Exposure Rate Survey	7.00E-10	Risk/urem	A	NCRP	1993

(1) Risk from decay products (+D) included as appropriate.
 HEAST= Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables
 NCRP = National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements
 Report No. 115, 1993. Risk Estimates for Radiation Protection.

EPA Group:
 A - Human carcinogen
 B1 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates that limited human data are available
 B2 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans
 C - Possible human carcinogen
 D - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
 E - Evidence of noncarcinogenicity

Weight of Evidence:
 Known/Likely
 Cannot be Determined
 Not Likely

300775

TABLE C-2-5.2
 CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- ORAL
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE-RADIONUCLIDES OF POTENTIAL CONCERN

Radionuclide of Potential Concern (1)	Oral Cancer Slope Factor	Units	Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description	Source	Date (MM/DD/YY)
Uranium 234	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Uranium 238 + D	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radium 226 + D	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radium 228 + D	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 228 + D	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 230	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 232	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Lead 210 + D	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95

(1) Risk from decay products (+D) included as appropriate.
 HEAST= Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables

EPA Group:

- A - Human carcinogen
- B1 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates that limited human data are available
- B2 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans
- C - Possible human carcinogen
- D - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
- E - Evidence of noncarcinogenicity

Weight of Evidence:

- Known/Likely
- Cannot be Determined
- Not Likely

300776

TABLE C-2-5.3
 CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- INHALATION
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE-RADIONUCLIDES OF POTENTIAL CONCERN

Radionuclide of Potential Concern (1)	Inhalation Cancer Slope Factor	Units	Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description	Source	Date (MM/DD/YY)
Uranium 234	1.40E-08	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Uranium 238 + D	1.24E-08	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radium 226 + D	2.75E-09	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radium 228 + D	9.94E-10	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 228 + D	9.68E-08	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 230	1.72E-08	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Thorium 232	1.93E-08	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Lead 210 + D	3.86E-09	Risk/pCi	A	HEAST	11/01/95
Radon Decay Products	3.50E-04	Risk/WLM	A	BEIR IV	1988

(1) Risk from decay products (+D) included as appropriate.
 HEAST= Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables
 BEIR IV, 1988. Health Effects of Radon and Other Internally
 Deposited Alpha-Emitters.

EPA Group:

- A - Human carcinogen
- B1 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates that limited human data are available
- B2 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans
- C - Possible human carcinogen
- D - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
- E - Evidence of noncarcinogenicity

Weight of Evidence:

- Known/Likely
- Cannot be Determined
- Not Likely

300777

TABLE C-2-6.

RME
 CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: GGM
 Receptor Population: Trespasser
 Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	1.74E+00	pCi/g	1.74E+00	pCi/g	M	1.43E-01	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.1E-12
	Uranium 238 + D	1.62E+00	pCi/g	1.62E+00	pCi/g	M	1.33E-01	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	8.7E-09
	Radium 226 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	5.09E-01	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.4E-06
	Radium 228 + D	2.91E+01	pCi/g	2.91E+01	pCi/g	M	2.39E+00	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	7.8E-06
	Thorium 228 + D	3.87E+01	pCi/g	3.87E+01	pCi/g	M	3.17E+00	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.0E-05
	Thorium 230	1.24E+01	pCi/g	1.24E+01	pCi/g	M	1.02E+00	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.5E-11
	Thorium 232	3.71E+01	pCi/g	3.71E+01	pCi/g	M	3.04E+00	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	6.0E-11
	Lead 210 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	5.09E-01	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	7.4E-11
	(Total)										3.1E-05
Ingestion	Uranium 234	1.74E+00	pCi/g	1.74E+00	pCi/g	M	1.25E+02	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	5.6E-09
	Uranium 238 + D	1.62E+00	pCi/g	1.62E+00	pCi/g	M	1.16E+02	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	7.2E-09
	Radium 226 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	4.46E+02	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	1.3E-07
	Radium 228 + D	2.91E+01	pCi/g	2.91E+01	pCi/g	M	2.09E+03	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	5.2E-07
	Thorium 228 + D	3.87E+01	pCi/g	3.87E+01	pCi/g	M	2.78E+03	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	6.4E-07
	Thorium 230	1.24E+01	pCi/g	1.24E+01	pCi/g	M	8.93E+02	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	3.3E-08
	Thorium 232	3.71E+01	pCi/g	3.71E+01	pCi/g	M	2.67E+03	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	8.8E-08
	Lead 210 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	4.46E+02	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	4.5E-07
	(Total)										1.9E-06

30078

TABLE C-2-6.1.1 (continued)
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Building
Exposure Medium: Building Materials
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Trespasser
Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
External	Indoor Exposure Rate	4.17E+01	uR/hr	4.17E+01	uR/hr	M	2.91E+04	urem	7.00E-10	Risk/urem	2.0E-05
Inhalation	Radon Decay Products (Total)	1.70E+00	WL	1.70E+00	WL	M	7.20E+00	WLM	3.50E-04	Risk/WLM	2.5E-03
Total Risk-All ROPC											2.6E-03

(1) M = Medium-Specific

300779

TABLE C-2-6.1.2
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Background Soil
Exposure Medium: Background Soil
Exposure Point: N/A
Receptor Population: Trespasser
Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	5.37E-02	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.1E-12
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	5.07E-02	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.3E-09
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	8.60E-02	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	5.8E-07
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	7.52E-02	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.5E-07
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	7.70E-02	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.8E-07
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	6.52E-02	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.9E-12
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	7.53E-02	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.5E-12
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	8.60E-02	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.2E-11
	(Total)										1.3E-06
Ingestion	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	4.71E+01	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	2.1E-09
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	4.45E+01	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	2.8E-09
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	7.55E+01	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	2.2E-08
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	6.60E+01	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	1.6E-08
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	6.76E+01	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	1.6E-08
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	5.72E+01	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	2.1E-09
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	6.61E+01	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	2.2E-09
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	7.55E+01	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	7.6E-08
	(Total)										1.4E-07

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TABLE C-2-6.1.2 (continued)
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Background Building
Exposure Medium: Background Building Materials
Exposure Point: N/A
Receptor Population: Trespasser
Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
External	Indoor Exposure Rate	7.00E+00	uR/hr	7.00E+00	uR/hr	M	4.89E+03	urem	7.00E-10	Risk/urem	3.4E-06
Inhalation	Radon Decay Products (Total)	5.00E-03	WL	5.00E-03	WL	M	2.12E-02	WLM	3.50E-04	Risk/WLM	7.4E-06
Total Risk-All ROPC											1.1E-05
Total Risk-All ROPC											1.2E-05

N/A = Not Applicable
(1) M = Medium-Specific

300781

TABLE C-2-6.1.3
RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Receptor Population: Trespasser
Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Gross Risk	Background Risk	Net Risk
External	Soil Building Materials	GGM	3.1E-05	1.3E-06	3.0E-05
			2.0E-05	3.4E-06	1.7E-05
Ingestion	Soil	GGM	1.9E-06	1.4E-07	1.8E-06
Inhalation	Particulates ¹ Radon Decay Products	GGM	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
			2.5E-03	7.4E-06	2.5E-03
Total Risk					2.5E-03

¹ = From RESRAD-BUILD

300752

TABLE C-2-6.2
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	1.74E+00	pCi/g	1.74E+00	pCi/g	M	9.51E-02	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.0E-12
	Uranium 238 + D	1.62E+00	pCi/g	1.62E+00	pCi/g	M	8.85E-02	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	5.8E-09
	Radium 226 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	3.39E-01	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.3E-06
	Radium 228 + D	2.91E+01	pCi/g	2.91E+01	pCi/g	M	1.59E+00	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	5.2E-06
	Thorium 228 + D	3.87E+01	pCi/g	3.87E+01	pCi/g	M	2.12E+00	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.3E-05
	Thorium 230	1.24E+01	pCi/g	1.24E+01	pCi/g	M	6.79E-01	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.0E-11
	Thorium 232	3.71E+01	pCi/g	3.71E+01	pCi/g	M	2.03E+00	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.0E-11
	Lead 210 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	3.39E-01	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.9E-11
	(Total)										
Ingestion	Uranium 234	1.74E+00	pCi/g	1.74E+00	pCi/g	M	5.01E+01	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	2.2E-09
	Uranium 238 + D	1.62E+00	pCi/g	1.62E+00	pCi/g	M	4.66E+01	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	2.9E-09
	Radium 226 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	1.79E+02	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	5.3E-08
	Radium 228 + D	2.91E+01	pCi/g	2.91E+01	pCi/g	M	8.38E+02	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	2.1E-07
	Thorium 228 + D	3.87E+01	pCi/g	3.87E+01	pCi/g	M	1.11E+03	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	2.6E-07
	Thorium 230	1.24E+01	pCi/g	1.24E+01	pCi/g	M	3.57E+02	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	1.3E-08
	Thorium 232	3.71E+01	pCi/g	3.71E+01	pCi/g	M	1.07E+03	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	3.5E-08
	Lead 210 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	1.79E+02	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	1.8E-07
	(Total)										

30073

TABLE C-2-6.2.1 (continued)
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value (1)	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (2)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
Inhalation	Uranium 234	1.74E+00	pCi/g	9.06E-03	pCi/m ³	R	1.00E+01	pCi	1.40E-08	Risk/pCi	1.4E-07
	Uranium 238 + D	1.62E+00	pCi/g	8.42E-03	pCi/m ³	R	9.30E+00	pCi	1.24E-08	Risk/pCi	1.2E-07
	Radium 226 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	3.23E-02	pCi/m ³	R	3.57E+01	pCi	2.75E-09	Risk/pCi	9.8E-08
	Radium 228 + D	2.91E+01	pCi/g	1.52E-01	pCi/m ³	R	1.67E+02	pCi	9.94E-10	Risk/pCi	1.7E-07
	Thorium 228 + D	3.87E+01	pCi/g	2.01E-01	pCi/m ³	R	2.22E+02	pCi	9.68E-08	Risk/pCi	2.2E-05
	Thorium 230	1.24E+01	pCi/g	6.46E-02	pCi/m ³	R	7.13E+01	pCi	1.72E-08	Risk/pCi	1.2E-06
	Thorium 232	3.71E+01	pCi/g	1.93E-01	pCi/m ³	R	2.13E+02	pCi	1.93E-08	Risk/pCi	4.1E-06
	Lead 210 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	3.23E-02	pCi/m ³	R	3.57E+01	pCi	3.86E-09	Risk/pCi	1.4E-07
	(Total)										2.8E-05
Total Risk-All ROPC											4.9E-05

(1) See respirable particulates model in Appendix C.

(2) R = Route-Specific

300794

TABLEC-2-6.2.2

RME

CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Background Soil
Exposure Medium: Background Soil
Exposure Point: N/A
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	3.58E-02	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	7.7E-13
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	3.38E-02	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.2E-09
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	5.74E-02	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.9E-07
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	5.02E-02	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.6E-07
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	5.14E-02	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.2E-07
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	4.35E-02	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.9E-12
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	5.02E-02	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	9.9E-13
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	5.74E-02	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	8.3E-12
	(Total)										8.7E-07
Ingestion	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	1.88E+01	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	8.4E-10
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	1.78E+01	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	1.1E-09
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	3.02E+01	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	8.9E-09
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	2.64E+01	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	6.5E-09
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	2.70E+01	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	6.2E-09
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	2.29E+01	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	8.6E-10
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	2.64E+01	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	8.7E-10
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	3.02E+01	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	3.0E-08
	(Total)										5.6E-08

300795

TABLE C-2-6.2.2 (continued)
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Background Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: N/A
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value (1)	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (2)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
Inhalation 300786	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	3.41E-03	pCi/m ³	R	3.76E+00	pCi	1.40E-08	Risk/pCi	5.3E-08
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	3.22E-03	pCi/m ³	R	3.55E+00	pCi	1.24E-08	Risk/pCi	4.4E-08
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	5.46E-03	pCi/m ³	R	6.03E+00	pCi	2.75E-09	Risk/pCi	1.7E-08
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	4.78E-03	pCi/m ³	R	5.27E+00	pCi	9.94E-10	Risk/pCi	5.2E-09
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	4.89E-03	pCi/m ³	R	5.40E+00	pCi	9.68E-08	Risk/pCi	5.2E-07
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	4.14E-03	pCi/m ³	R	4.57E+00	pCi	1.72E-08	Risk/pCi	7.9E-08
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	4.78E-03	pCi/m ³	R	5.28E+00	pCi	1.93E-08	Risk/pCi	1.0E-07
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	5.46E-03	pCi/m ³	R	6.03E+00	pCi	3.86E-09	Risk/pCi	2.3E-08
(Total)											8.4E-07
Total Risk-All ROPC											1.8E-06

N/A = Not Applicable

(1) See respirable particulates model in Appendix C.

(2) R = Route-Specific

TABLE C-2-6.2.3
RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Gross Risk	Background Risk	Net Risk
External	Soil	GGM	2.1E-05	8.7E-07	2.0E-05
Ingestion	Soil	GGM	7.5E-07	5.6E-08	6.9E-07
Inhalation	Particulates	GGM	2.8E-05	8.4E-07	2.7E-05
Total Risk					4.8E-05

300787

TABLE C-2-6.3
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Resident
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	1.74E+00	pCi/g	1.74E+00	pCi/g	M	4.12E+01	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	8.8E-10
	Uranium 238 + D	1.62E+00	pCi/g	1.62E+00	pCi/g	M	3.83E+01	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.5E-06
	Radium 226 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	1.47E+02	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	9.9E-04
	Radium 228 + D	2.91E+01	pCi/g	2.91E+01	pCi/g	M	6.89E+02	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.3E-03
	Thorium 228 + D	3.87E+01	pCi/g	3.87E+01	pCi/g	M	9.16E+02	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	5.7E-03
	Thorium 230	1.24E+01	pCi/g	1.24E+01	pCi/g	M	2.94E+02	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.3E-08
	Thorium 232	3.71E+01	pCi/g	3.71E+01	pCi/g	M	8.79E+02	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.7E-08
	Lead 210 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	1.47E+02	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.1E-08
	(Total)										8.9E-03
Ingestion	Uranium 234	1.74E+00	pCi/g	1.74E+00	pCi/g	M	1.83E+03	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	8.1E-08
	Uranium 238 + D	1.62E+00	pCi/g	1.62E+00	pCi/g	M	1.70E+03	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	1.1E-07
	Radium 226 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	6.51E+03	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	1.9E-06
	Radium 228 + D	2.91E+01	pCi/g	2.91E+01	pCi/g	M	3.05E+04	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	7.6E-06
	Thorium 228 + D	3.87E+01	pCi/g	3.87E+01	pCi/g	M	4.06E+04	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	9.4E-06
	Thorium 230	1.24E+01	pCi/g	1.24E+01	pCi/g	M	1.30E+04	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	4.9E-07
	Thorium 232	3.71E+01	pCi/g	3.71E+01	pCi/g	M	3.89E+04	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	1.3E-06
	Lead 210 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	6.51E+03	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	6.6E-06
	(Total)										2.7E-05

30078

TABLE C-2-6.3.1 (continued)
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Home Grown Produce
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Resident
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
Ingestion 300789	Uranium 234	1.74E+00	pCi/g	1.74E+00	pCi/g	M	1.08E+03	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	4.8E-08
	Uranium 238 + D	1.62E+00	pCi/g	1.62E+00	pCi/g	M	1.01E+03	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	6.2E-08
	Radium 226 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	4.66E+03	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	1.4E-06
	Radium 228 + D	2.91E+01	pCi/g	2.91E+01	pCi/g	M	2.18E+04	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	5.4E-06
	Thorium 228 + D	3.87E+01	pCi/g	3.87E+01	pCi/g	M	1.67E+03	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	3.9E-07
	Thorium 230	1.24E+01	pCi/g	1.24E+01	pCi/g	M	5.36E+02	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	2.0E-08
	Thorium 232	3.71E+01	pCi/g	3.71E+01	pCi/g	M	1.60E+03	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	5.3E-08
	Lead 210 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	1.59E+04	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	1.6E-05
(Total)											2.3E-05
Total Risk-All ROPC											9.0E-03

(1) M = Medium-Specific

TABLE C-2-6.3
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Background Soil
Exposure Medium: Background Soil
Exposure Point: N/A
Receptor Population: Resident
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	1.55E+01	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.3E-10
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	1.46E+01	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	9.6E-07
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	2.48E+01	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.7E-04
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	2.17E+01	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	7.1E-05
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	2.22E+01	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.4E-04
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	1.88E+01	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	8.3E-10
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	2.18E+01	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.3E-10
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	2.48E+01	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.6E-09
(Total)											3.8E-04
Ingestion	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	6.87E+02	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	3.1E-08
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	6.49E+02	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	4.0E-08
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	1.10E+03	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	3.3E-07
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	9.62E+02	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	2.4E-07
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	9.85E+02	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	2.3E-07
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	8.34E+02	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	3.1E-08
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	9.64E+02	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	3.2E-08
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	1.10E+03	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	1.1E-06
(Total)											2.0E-06

300790

TABLE C-2-6.3.2 (continued)
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Background Soil
Exposure Medium: Home Grown Produce
Exposure Point: N/A
Receptor Population: Resident
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
Ingestion 300791	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	4.08E+02	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	1.8E-08
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	3.85E+02	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	2.4E-08
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	7.87E+02	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	2.3E-07
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	6.89E+02	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	1.7E-07
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	4.06E+01	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	9.4E-09
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	3.44E+01	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	1.3E-09
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	3.97E+01	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	1.3E-09
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	2.69E+03	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	2.7E-06
	(Total)										
Total Risk-All ROPC											3.8E-04

N/A = Not Applicable
(1) M = Medium-Specific

TABLE C-2-6.3.3
RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Resident
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Gross Risk	Background Risk	Net Risk
External	Soil	GGM	8.9E-03	3.8E-04	8.5E-03
Ingestion	Soil	GGM	2.7E-05	2.0E-06	2.5E-05
	Home Grown Produce		2.3E-05	3.2E-06	2.0E-05
Inhalation	Radon Decay Products ¹	GGM	4.9E-03	8.0E-04	4.1E-03
Total Risk					1.3E-02

¹ = From RESRAD

300792

TABLE C-2-6.4

RME

CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: GGM
 Receptor Population: Resident
 Receptor Age: Child

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	1.74E+00	pCi/g	1.74E+00	pCi/g	M	8.49E+00	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.8E-10
	Uranium 238 + D	1.62E+00	pCi/g	1.62E+00	pCi/g	M	7.90E+00	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	5.2E-07
	Radium 226 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	3.03E+01	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.0E-04
	Radium 228 + D	2.91E+01	pCi/g	2.91E+01	pCi/g	M	1.42E+02	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.7E-04
	Thorium 228 + D	3.87E+01	pCi/g	3.87E+01	pCi/g	M	1.89E+02	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.2E-03
	Thorium 230	1.24E+01	pCi/g	1.24E+01	pCi/g	M	6.06E+01	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.7E-09
	Thorium 232	3.71E+01	pCi/g	3.71E+01	pCi/g	M	1.81E+02	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.6E-09
	Lead 210 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	3.03E+01	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.4E-09
(Total)											1.8E-03
Ingestion	Uranium 234	1.74E+00	pCi/g	1.74E+00	pCi/g	M	7.30E+02	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	3.2E-08
	Uranium 238 + D	1.62E+00	pCi/g	1.62E+00	pCi/g	M	6.79E+02	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	4.2E-08
	Radium 226 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	2.60E+03	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	7.7E-07
	Radium 228 + D	2.91E+01	pCi/g	2.91E+01	pCi/g	M	1.22E+04	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	3.0E-06
	Thorium 228 + D	3.87E+01	pCi/g	3.87E+01	pCi/g	M	1.62E+04	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	3.8E-06
	Thorium 230	1.24E+01	pCi/g	1.24E+01	pCi/g	M	5.21E+03	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	2.0E-07
	Thorium 232	3.71E+01	pCi/g	3.71E+01	pCi/g	M	1.56E+04	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	5.1E-07
	Lead 210 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	2.60E+03	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	2.6E-06
(Total)											1.1E-05

300703

TABLE C-2-6.4.1 (continued)
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Home Grown Produce
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Resident
Receptor Age: Child

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
Ingestion 300704	Uranium 234	1.74E+00	pCi/g	1.74E+00	pCi/g	M	9.82E+01	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	4.4E-09
	Uranium 238 + D	1.62E+00	pCi/g	1.62E+00	pCi/g	M	9.13E+01	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	5.7E-09
	Radium 226 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	3.75E+02	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	1.1E-07
	Radium 228 + D	2.91E+01	pCi/g	2.91E+01	pCi/g	M	1.76E+03	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	4.4E-07
	Thorium 228 + D	3.87E+01	pCi/g	3.87E+01	pCi/g	M	1.36E+02	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	3.1E-08
	Thorium 230	1.24E+01	pCi/g	1.24E+01	pCi/g	M	4.35E+01	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	1.6E-09
	Thorium 232	3.71E+01	pCi/g	3.71E+01	pCi/g	M	1.30E+02	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	4.3E-09
	Lead 210 + D	6.20E+00	pCi/g	6.20E+00	pCi/g	M	1.34E+03	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	1.4E-06
	(Total)										1.9E-06
Total Risk-All ROPC											1.9E-03

(1) M = Medium-Specific

TABLE C-2-6.4

RME

CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Background Soil
 Exposure Medium: Background Soil
 Exposure Point: N/A
 Receptor Population: Resident
 Receptor Age: Child

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	3.20E+00	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	6.8E-11
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	3.02E+00	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.0E-07
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	5.12E+00	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.5E-05
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	4.48E+00	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.5E-05
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	4.58E+00	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.8E-05
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	3.88E+00	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.7E-10
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	4.48E+00	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	8.8E-11
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	5.12E+00	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	7.4E-10
	(Total)										
Ingestion	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	2.75E+02	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	1.2E-08
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	2.60E+02	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	1.6E-08
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	4.40E+02	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	1.3E-07
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	3.85E+02	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	9.5E-08
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	3.94E+02	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	9.1E-08
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	3.34E+02	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	1.3E-08
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	3.86E+02	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	1.3E-08
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	4.40E+02	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	4.4E-07
	(Total)										

300795

TABLE C-2-6.4.2 (continued)
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Background Soil
Exposure Medium: Home Grown Produce
Exposure Point: N/A
Receptor Population: Resident
Receptor Age: Child

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
Ingestion 300706	Uranium 234	6.54E-01	pCi/g	6.54E-01	pCi/g	M	3.70E+01	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	1.6E-09
	Uranium 238 + D	6.18E-01	pCi/g	6.18E-01	pCi/g	M	3.49E+01	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	2.2E-09
	Radium 226 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	6.34E+01	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	1.9E-08
	Radium 228 + D	9.17E-01	pCi/g	9.17E-01	pCi/g	M	5.55E+01	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	1.4E-08
	Thorium 228 + D	9.38E-01	pCi/g	9.38E-01	pCi/g	M	3.29E+00	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	7.6E-10
	Thorium 230	7.94E-01	pCi/g	7.94E-01	pCi/g	M	2.79E+00	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	1.0E-10
	Thorium 232	9.18E-01	pCi/g	9.18E-01	pCi/g	M	3.22E+00	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	1.1E-10
	Lead 210 + D	1.05E+00	pCi/g	1.05E+00	pCi/g	M	2.27E+02	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	2.3E-07
	(Total)										2.7E-07
Total Risk-All ROPC											7.9E-05

N/A = Not Applicable
(1) M = Medium-Specific

TABLE C-2-6.4.3
RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Resident
Receptor Age: Child

Exposure Route	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Gross Risk	Background Risk	Net Risk
External	Soil	GGM	1.8E-03	7.8E-05	1.7E-03
Ingestion	Soil	GGM	1.1E-05	8.1E-07	1.0E-05
	Home Grown Produce		1.9E-06	2.7E-07	1.6E-06
Inhalation	Radon Decay Products ¹	GGM	5.6E-04	9.2E-05	4.7E-04
Total Risk					2.2E-03

¹ = From RESRAD

300707

TABLE C-2-6.5.1
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Building
 Exposure Medium: Building Materials
 Exposure Point: GGM
 Receptor Population: Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
External	Indoor Exposure Rate	4.17E+01	uR/hr	4.17E+01	uR/hr	M	2.02E+06	urem	7.00E-10	Risk/urem	1.4E-03
Inhalation	Radon Decay Products	1.70E+00	WL	1.70E+00	WL	M	5.00E+02	WLM	3.50E-04	Risk/WLM	1.8E-01
Total Risk-All ROPC											1.8E-01

(1) M = Medium-Specific

300798

TABLE C-2-6.5.2
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Background Building
Exposure Medium: Background Building Materials
Exposure Point: N/A
Receptor Population: Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Background Cancer Risk
External	Indoor Exposure Rate	7.00E+00	uR/hr	7.00E+00	uR/hr	M	3.40E+05	urem	7.00E-10	Risk/urem	2.4E-04
Inhalation	Radon Decay Products	5.00E-03	WL	5.00E-03	WL	M	1.47E+00	WLM	3.50E-04	Risk/WLM	5.1E-04
Total Risk-All ROPC											2.4E-04

N/A = Not Applicable

(1) M = Medium-Specific

300799

TABLE C-2-6.5.3
RME
SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Gross Risk	Background Risk	Net Risk
External	Building Materials	GGM	1.4E-03	2.4E-04	1.2E-03
Inhalation	Particulates ¹	GGM	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
	Radon Decay Products		1.8E-01	5.1E-04	1.8E-01
Total Risk					1.8E-01

1 = From RESRAD-BUILD

300800

TABLE I
SELECTION OF EXPOSURE PATHWAYS
WELSBACH: CHEMICAL EXPOSURE

Scenario Timeframe	Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Route	On-Site/ Off-Site	Type of Analysis	Rationale for Selection or Exclusion of Exposure Pathway
Current	Soil	Soil	Holt Cargo	Worker	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved
						Dermal	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved
						Inhalation	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved
				Other Worker	Adults	Ingestion	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved
						Dermal	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved
						Inhalation	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved
Particulates	Holt Cargo	Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved		
		Other Worker	Adults	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved		
Future	Soil	Soil	Holt Cargo	Worker	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	None	Site will remain completely paved
						Dermal	On-Site	None	Site will remain completely paved
						Inhalation	On-Site	None	Site will remain completely paved
				Other Worker	Adults	Ingestion	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved
						Dermal	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved
						Inhalation	On-Site	None	Site is completely paved
				Construction Worker	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	Quant	Contaminated soil may be encountered by construction workers during construction activities
						Dermal	On-Site	Quant	Contaminated soil may be encountered by construction workers during construction activities
				Resident	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	None	Future use of land will remain industrial
						Dermal	On-Site	None	Future use of land will remain industrial
						Inhalation	On-Site	None	Future use of land will remain industrial
						Child	Ingestion	On-Site	None
				Dermal	On-Site		None	Future use of land will remain industrial	
				Particulates	Holt Cargo	Construction Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site
Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site			None	Site will remain completely paved		
Other Worker	Adults	Inhalation	On-Site			None	Site is completely paved		
Resident	Adult	Inhalation	Off-Site			None	Site will remain completely paved		
	Child	Inhalation	Off-Site			None	Site will remain completely paved		

300801

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: Bulk Cargo

CAS Number	Chemical	Minimum Concentration (1)	Minimum Qualifier	Maximum Concentration (1)	Maximum Qualifier	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (3)	Potential ARAR/TEC Value (4)	Potential ARAR/TEC Source	COPC Flag	Rationale for Contaminant Deletion or Selection (5)	
67-64-1	Acetone	0.076	E	0.15	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-02	3/10	0.1-0.12	0.15	N/A	2.00E+05	N	16	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL
83-32-9	Acetophenone	0.4	J	17	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	2/10	3.5-80.1	17	N/A	1.20E+05	N	570	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL
208-96-8	Acetanaphthene	1.2	J	1.2	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	1/10	3.5-80.1	1.2	N/A	-	N/A	N/A	NO	BC TS, BSL	
120-12-7	Anthracene	0.54	J	7.8	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	5/10	3.5-80.1	7.8	N/A	6.10E+05	N	12000	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL
56-55-3	Benz(a)Anthracene	0.3	J	5.2	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	5.2	N/A	7.80E+00	C	2	SSL	YES	ACTS
205-99-2	Benz(a)Fluoranthene	0.4	J	9.3	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	9.3	N/A	7.80E+00	C	5	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL
50-32-8	Benz(a)Pyrene	0.25	J	5.1	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	5.1	N/A	7.80E+01	C	8	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL
191-24-2	Benz(a,h,i)Perylene	0.47	J	1.5	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	4/10	3.5-80.1	1.5	N/A	-	N/A	N/A	NO	BC TS, BSL	
117-81-7	Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	0.049	J	2.7	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	2/10	3.5-80.1	2.7	N/A	4.10E+02	C	3600	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL
218-01-9	Chrysene	0.3	J	4.8	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	4.8	N/A	7.80E+02	C	160	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	16	-	16	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	1/10	3.5-80.1	16	N/A	8.20E+03	N	N/A	N/A	NO	BC TS, BSL
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.85	J	0.85	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	1/10	3.5-80.1	0.85	N/A	1.80E+05	N	17	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	0.59	J	12	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	12	N/A	8.20E+04	N	4300	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL
86-73-7	Fluorene	14	-	14	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	1/10	3.5-80.1	14	N/A	8.20E+04	N	560	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	0.57	J	1.9	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	4/10	3.5-80.1	1.9	N/A	7.80E+00	C	14	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL
91-20-3	Naphthalene	44	-	44	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	1/10	3.5-80.1	44	N/A	8.20E+04	N	84	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL
91-57-4	2-Methylnaphthalene	29	-	29	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	1/10	3.5-80.1	29	N/A	8.20E+04	N	N/A	N/A	NO	BC TS, BSL
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	0.51	J	25	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	25	N/A	-	N/A	N/A	NO	BC TS, BSL	
129-00-0	Pyrene	0.64	J	11	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	11	N/A	6.10E+04	N	4200	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL
12672-29-6	Arachlor-1248	0.3	-	0.3	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-02	1/9	0.35-1.84	0.3	N/A	2.90E+00	C	1	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL
11097-69-1	Arachlor-1254	0.33	-	0.33	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-02	1/9	0.35-1.84	0.33	N/A	2.90E+00	C	1	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL
7429-90-5	Arsenium	1220	E	9100	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	41.67-46.67	9100	(2)	2.00E+06	N	N/A	N/A	NO	BHKG, BSL
7440-34-0	Antimony	1.8	J	1.8	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-25-05	1/9	12.5-14.0	1.8	(2)	8.20E+02	N	5	SSL	YES	ABKG
7440-38-2	Arsenic	2.7	E	272	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	2.08-2.33	272	(2)	3.80E+00	C	29	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL, ABKG
7440-39-3	Barium	5.2	J	208	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	41.67-46.67	208	(2)	1.40E+05	N	1600	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL, BHKG
7440-41-7	Beryllium	0.09	J	1.2	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-06-03	8/9	1.04-1.17	1.2	(2)	4.10E+03	N	63	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL, BHKG
7440-43-9	Cadmium	0.08	J	0.19	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-23-03	3/9	1.04-1.17	0.19	(2)	2.00E+05	N	8	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL, BHKG
7440-70-2	Calcium	148	J	19700	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	1041.7-1166.9	19700	(2)	-	N/A	N/A	NO	NUT, BHKG	
16063-83-1	Chromium	4.1	E	17.4	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	2.08-2.33	17.4	(2)	2.00E+06	N	38	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL, BHKG
7440-48-4	Cobalt	0.52	J	4.2	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-02	9/9	10.42-11.67	4.2	(2)	1.20E+05	N	N/A	N/A	NO	BC TS, BSL, BHKG
7440-50-8	Copper	1.9	J	62.3	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-06-03	9/9	5.21-5.83	62.3	(2)	8.20E+04	N	N/A	N/A	NO	BC TS, BSL, BHKG
7439-89-6	Iron	4020	-	18300	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	20.83-23.34	18300	(2)	6.10E+05	N	N/A	N/A	NO	NUT, BSL
7439-92-1	Lead	1.7	-	617	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	0.63-0.7	617	(2)	-	400	SSL	NO	BC TS, BHKG	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	89	J	9040	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	1041.7-1166.9	9040	(2)	-	N/A	N/A	NO	BC TS, NUT	
7439-96-5	Manganese	3	J	147	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-12-01	9/9	3.13-3.5	147	(2)	4.10E+04	N	N/A	N/A	NO	BSL, BHKG
7439-97-6	Mercury	0.03	J	0.91	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-06-03	9/9	0.1-0.12	0.91	(2)	-	N/A	N/A	NO	BC TS, BHKG	
7440-02-0	Nickel	0.71	J	23	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-06-03	9/9	8.33-9.33	23	(2)	4.10E+04	N	130	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL, BHKG
7440-09-7	Potassium	297	J	832	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-02	9/9	1041.7-1166.9	832	(2)	-	N/A	N/A	NO	BC TS, NUT	
7782-49-2	Selenium	0.77	J	0.77	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-03-05	1/9	1.04-1.17	0.77	(2)	1.00E+04	N	5	SSL	YES	ABKG
7440-23-5	Sodium	4.6	J	145	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-06-03	9/9	1041.7-1166.9	145	(2)	-	N/A	N/A	NO	BC TS, NUT	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	7.3	J	34.5	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-31-05	9/9	10.42-11.67	34.5	(2)	1.40E+04	N	6000	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL, BHKG
7440-66-6	Zinc	5.3	-	89	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	7/9	4.17-4.67	89	(2)	6.10E+05	N	12000	SSL	NO	BC TS, BSL, BHKG

(1) Maximum/maximum detected concentration

(2) Average background values. See Appendix C

(3) U.S. EPA Region III, 1998, Risk-Based Concentration Table, Soil Industrial RBC's

(Cancer benchmark value = 1E-06, HQ = 1.0)

(4) Soil Screening Levels Migration to Groundwater 20 DAF (mg/kg)

(5) Rationale Codes Selection Reason

Infrequent Detection but Associated Historically (IHST)

Frequent Detection (FD)

Toxicity Information Available (TX)

Above Screening Levels (ASL)

Above Background Levels (ABKG)

Above CTS (ACTS)

Deletion Reason

Infrequent Detection (IFD)

Below Background Levels (BKG)

No Toxicity Information (NTX)

Essential Nutrient (NUT)

Below Screening Level (BSL)

Below CTS (BC TS)

Definitions N/A = Not Applicable

CRQL = Contract Required Quantitation Limit

CRDL = Contract Required Detection Limit

COPC = Chemical of Potential Concern

ARAR/TEC = Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement To Be Considered

RBC = Risk-Based Concentration

CTS = Concentration / Toxicity Screen (See Appendix C)

E = Estimated Value

J = Estimated Value, compound present below CRQL, but above IDL

C = Carcinogenic

N = Non-Carcinogenic

300802

OCCURRENCE, DISTRIBUTION AND SELECTED CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN

Scenario: Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Particulates
 Exposure Point: Holt Cargo

CAS Number	Chemical	Minimum Concentration (1)	Minimum Qualifier	Maximum Concentration (1)	Maximum Qualifier	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening (3) Toxicity Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Value (4)	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag	Rationale for Comment or Selection (5)	
67-64-1	Acetone	0.076	E	0.15	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-02	3/10	0.1-0.12	0.15	N/A	2.00E+05	N	16	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
83-32-9	Acetophenone	0.4	J	17	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	2/10	3.5-80.1	17	N/A	1.20E+05	N	570	SSL	NO	IK TS, BSL
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	1.2	J	1.2	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	1/10	3.5-80.1	1.2	N/A	-	N/A	N/A	NO	IK TS, BSL	
120-12-7	Anthracene	0.54	J	7.8	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	5/10	3.5-80.1	7.8	N/A	6.10E+05	N	12000	SSL	NO	IK TS, BSL
56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene	0.3	J	5.2	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	5.2	N/A	7.80E+00	C	2	SSL	YES	ACTS
205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	0.4	J	9.3	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	9.3	N/A	7.80E+00	C	5	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL
50-32-8	Benzo(e)Pyrene	0.25	J	5.1	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	5.1	N/A	7.80E+01	C	8	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	0.47	J	1.5	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	4/10	3.5-80.1	1.5	N/A	-	N/A	N/A	NO	IK TS, BSL	
117-81-7	Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	0.049	J	2.7	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	2/10	3.5-80.1	2.7	N/A	4.10E+02	C	3660	SSL	NO	IK TS, BSL
218-01-9	Chrysene	0.3	J	4.8	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	4.8	N/A	7.80E+02	C	160	SSL	NO	IK TS, BSL
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	16	-	16	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	1/10	3.5-80.1	16	N/A	8.20E+03	N	N/A	N/A	NO	IK TS, BSL
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.85	J	0.85	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	1/10	3.5-80.1	0.85	N/A	1.80E+05	N	17	SSL	NO	IK TS, BSL
204-44-0	Fluoranthene	0.59	J	12	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	12	N/A	8.20E+04	N	4300	SSL	NO	IK TS, BSL
86-73-7	Fluorene	14	-	14	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	1/10	3.5-80.1	14	N/A	8.20E+04	N	560	SSL	NO	IK TS, BSL
193-39-5	Indene(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	0.57	J	1.9	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	4/10	3.5-80.1	1.9	N/A	7.80E+00	C	14	SSL	NO	IK TS, BSL
91-20-3	Naphthalene	44	-	44	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	1/10	3.5-80.1	44	N/A	8.20E+04	N	84	SSL	NO	IK TS, BSL
91-57-4	2-Methylnaphthalene	29	-	29	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	1/10	3.5-80.1	29	N/A	8.20E+04	N	N/A	N/A	NO	IK TS, BSL
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	0.51	J	25	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	25	N/A	-	N/A	N/A	NO	IK TS, BSL	
129-00-0	Pyrene	0.44	J	11	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-05	6/10	3.5-80.1	11	N/A	6.10E+04	N	4200	SSL	NO	IK TS, BSL
12672-29-6	Aroclor-1248	0.3	-	0.3	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-02	1/9	0.35-1.84	0.3	N/A	2.90E+00	C	1	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL
11097-69-1	Aroclor-1254	0.33	-	0.33	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-02	1/9	0.35-1.84	0.33	N/A	2.90E+00	C	1	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL
7429-90-5	Aluminum	1220	E	9100	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	41.67-46.67	9100	(2)	2.00E+06	N	N/A	N/A	NO	BBKG, BSL
7440-34-0	Antimony	1.8	J	1.8	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-23-03	1/9	12.5-14.0	1.8	(2)	8.20E+02	N	5	SSL	YES	ABKG
7440-38-2	Arsenic	3.7	E	272	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	2.08-2.33	272	(2)	3.80E+00	C	29	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL, ABKG
7440-39-3	Boron	5.2	J	208	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	41.67-46.67	208	(2)	1.40E+05	N	1600	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7440-41-7	Beryllium	0.09	J	1.2	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-04-03	8/9	1.04-1.17	1.2	(2)	4.10E+03	N	63	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7440-43-9	Cadmium	0.06	J	0.19	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-32-03	3/9	1.04-1.17	0.19	(2)	2.00E+03	N	8	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7440-70-2	Calcium	148	J	19700	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	1041.7-1166.9	19700	(2)	-	N/A	N/A	NO	NUT, BBKG	
16063-83-1	Chromium	4.1	E	17.4	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	2.08-2.33	17.4	(2)	2.00E+06	N	38	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7440-48-4	Cobalt	0.52	J	4.2	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-02	9/9	10.42-11.67	4.2	(2)	1.20E+05	N	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7440-50-8	Copper	1.9	J	42.3	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-06-03	9/9	5.21-5.83	42.3	(2)	8.20E+04	N	N/A	N/A	NO	IK TS, BSL, BBKG
7439-89-6	Iron	4020	-	18300	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	20.83-23.34	18300	(2)	6.10E+05	N	N/A	N/A	NO	NUT, BSL
7439-92-1	Lead	1.7	-	617	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	0.63-0.7	617	(2)	-	400	SSL	NO	BCTS, BBKG	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	89	J	9040	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	9/9	1041.7-1166.9	9040	(2)	-	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, NUT	
7439-96-5	Manganese	3	J	147	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-12-01	9/9	3.13-3.5	147	(2)	4.10E+04	N	N/A	N/A	NO	BSL, BBKG
7439-97-6	Mercury	0.03	J	0.91	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-04-03	9/9	0.1-0.12	0.91	(2)	-	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, BBKG	
7440-02-0	Nickel	0.71	J	23	-	mg/kg	WG-SB-04-03	9/9	8.33-9.33	23	(2)	4.10E+04	N	130	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7440-09-7	Potassium	297	J	832	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-18-02	9/9	1041.7-1166.9	832	(2)	-	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, NUT	
7782-49-2	Selenium	0.77	J	0.77	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-03-05	1/9	1.04-1.17	0.77	(2)	1.00E+04	N	5	SSL	YES	ABKG
7440-23-5	Sodium	4.6	J	145	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-04-03	9/9	1041.7-1166.9	145	(2)	-	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, NUT	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	7.3	J	34.5	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-31-05	9/9	10.42-11.67	34.5	(2)	1.40E+04	N	6000	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7440-66-4	Zinc	5.3	-	89	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-15-05	7/9	4.17-4.67	89	(2)	6.10E+05	N	12000	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG

(1) Minimum maximum detected concentration.

(2) Average background values. See Appendix C.

(3) U.S. EPA Region III, 1998, Risk-Based Concentration Table, Soil Industrial RBC's (Soil screening values - 1E-06, HQ = 1.0)

(4) Soil Screening Levels Migration to Groundwater 20 DAF (mg/kg)

(5) Rationale Code Selection Reason:

Infrequent Detection but Associated Historically (HIST)

Frequent Detection (FD)

Toxicity Information Available (TX)

Above Screening Levels (ASL)

Above Background Levels (ABKG)

Above CTS (ACTS)

Deletion Reason

Infrequent Detection (IFI)

Below Background Levels (BBKG)

No Toxicity Information (NTX)

Essential Nutrient (NUT)

Below Screening Level (BSL)

Below CTS (BCTS)

Definitions: N/A - Not Applicable

CRQL - Contract Required Quantitation Limit

CRDL - Contract Required Detection Limit

COPC - Chemical of Potential Concern

ARAR/TBC - Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement To Be Considered

RBC - Risk-Based Concentration

CTS - Concentration - Toxicity Screen (See Appendix C)

E - Estimated Value

J - Estimated Value, compound present below CRQL but above HDL

C - Carcinogenic

N - Non-Carcinogenic

300803

TABLE 3.1
MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo

Chemical of Potential Concern	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal Data	Maximum Detected Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	EPC Units	Reasonable Maximum Exposure			Central Tendency		
							Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale
Benzo(a)Anthracene	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	5.2E+00	E	mg/kg	5.2E+00	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	9.3E+00	E	mg/kg	9.3E+00	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzo(a)Pyrene	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	5.1E+00	E	mg/kg	5.1E+00	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aroclor-1248	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	3.0E-01	--	mg/kg	3.0E-01	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aroclor-1254	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	3.3E-01	--	mg/kg	3.3E-01	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Antimony	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	1.8E+00	J	mg/kg	1.8E+00	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Arsenic	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	2.7E+02	E	mg/kg	2.7E+02	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Selenium	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	7.7E-01	J	mg/kg	7.7E-01	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A = Not Applicable

For duplicate sample results, the maximum value was used.

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max)

300804

TABLE 3.2
MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo

Chemical of Potential Concern	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal Data	Maximum Detected Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	EPC Units	Reasonable Maximum Exposure			Central Tendency		
							Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale
Benzo(a)Anthracene	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	5.2E+00	E	mg/kg	5.2E+00	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	9.3E+00	E	mg/kg	9.3E+00	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzo(a)Pyrene	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	5.1E+00	E	mg/kg	5.1E+00	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aroclor-1248	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	3.0E-01	--	mg/kg	3.0E-01	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aroclor-1254	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	3.3E-01	--	mg/kg	3.3E-01	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Antimony	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	1.8E+00	J	mg/kg	1.8E+00	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Arsenic	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	2.7E+02	E	mg/kg	2.7E+02	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Selenium	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	7.7E-01	J	mg/kg	7.7E-01	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A = Not Applicable

For duplicate sample results, the maximum value was used.

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max)

300975

TABLE 4.1
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	CS	Chemical Concentration in Soil	mg/kg	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg-day) = $CS \times CF1 \times IR-S \times FI \times EF \times ED \times 1/BW \times 1/AT$
	CF1	Conversion Factor 1	kg/mg	1.00E-06	--	--	--	
	IR-S	Ingestion Rate of Soil	mg/day	480	EPA, 1997a	--	--	
	FI	Fraction Ingested	--	1	--	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	60	[2]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	1	[2]	--	--	
	BW	Body Weight	kg	70	EPA, 1997a	--	--	
	AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	days	365	--	--	--	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	--	--	--	
Dermal	CS	Chemical Concentration in Soil	mg/kg	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	CDI (mg/kg-day) = $CS \times CF1 \times SSAF \times DABS \times SA \times EF \times ED \times 1/BW \times 1/AT$
	CF1	Conversion Factor 1	kg/mg	1.00E-06	--	--	--	
	SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	mg/cm ²	1	EPA, 1997a	--	--	
	DABS	Dermal Absorption Factor (Solid)	--	[1]	EPA, 1993a, 1996a	--	--	
	SA	Skin Surface Area Available for Contact	cm ² /event	2570	EPA, 1997a	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	60	[2]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	1	[2]	--	--	
	BW	Body Weight	kg	70	EPA, 1997a	--	--	
	AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	days	365	--	--	--	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25550	--	--	--		

[1] 0.14 for Aroclors 1248 and 1254, 0.03 for Arsenic.

[2] Professional Judgement

Sources:

USEPA, 1993a: Memo from John Schaum and Kim Hoang to Janine Dinan, 15 December

USEPA, 1996a: PCBs: Cancer Dose-Response Assessment and Application to Environmental Mixtures. EPA/600/P-96/001F. Washington, DC: Office of Research and Development, National Center for Environmental Assessment.

USEPA, 1997a: Exposure Factors Handbook. OHEA EPA/600/P-95/002Fa.

300006

TABLE 4.2
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/Reference	Intake Equation/Model Name
Inhalation	CS	Chemical Concentration in Soil	mg/kg	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg-day) = CS x PEF x IN x ET x EF x ED x 1/BW x 1/AT
	PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	kg/m ³	5.21E-06	See Appendix C	--	--	
	IN	Inhalation Rate	m ³ /hour	2.3	EPA, 1991a	--	--	
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	8	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	60	[1]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	1	[1]	--	--	
	BW	Body Weight	kg	70	EPA, 1997a	--	--	
	AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	days	365	--	--	--	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	--	--	--	

[1] Professional Judgement.

Sources:

EPA, 1991a: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285.6-03.

EPA, 1997a: Exposure Factors Handbook. OHEA. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa.

300807

TABLE 5.1
NON-CANCER TOXICITY DATA – ORAL/DERMAL
WELSBACH

Chemical of Potential Concern	Chronic/ Subchronic	Oral RfD Value	Oral RfD Units	Oral to Dermal Adjustment Factor (1)	Adjusted Dermal RfD (2)	Units	Primary Target Organ	Combined Uncertainty/Modifying Factors	Sources of RfD: Target Organ	Dates of RfD: Target Organ (3) (MM/DD/YY)
Benzo(a)Anthracene	Chronic	NA	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	--	IRIS; HEAST	N/A
Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	Chronic	NA	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	--	N/A	N/A
Benzo(a)Pyrene	Chronic	NA	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	--	IRIS; HEAST	N/A
Aroclor-1248	Chronic	2E-05	mg/kg-day	100%	2E-05	mg/kg-day	NOEL	--	IRIS; HEAST	03/01/97
Aroclor-1254	Chronic	2E-05	mg/kg-day	100%	2E-05	mg/kg-day	Eye	300	IRIS	03/01/97
Antimony	Chronic	4E-04	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	Longevity	1000	IRIS	03/01/91
Arsenic	Chronic	3E-04	mg/kg-day	95%	2.9E-04	mg/kg-day	Skin	3	IRIS	04/10/98
Selenium	Chronic	5E-03	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	Liver	3	IRIS	03/01/97

NA = Not Available

N/A = Not Applicable

(1) USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Volume I, Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A, Interim Final. EPA/540/1-89/002, Office of Emergency and Remedial Response, Washington, DC.

(2) Oral RfD x Oral to Dermal Adjustment Factor = Adjusted Dermal RfD

(3) IRIS searched 7/20/98

300805

TABLE 5.2
 NON-CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- INHALATION
 WELSBACH

Chemical of Potential Concern	Chronic/ Subchronic	Value Inhalation RfC	Units	Adjusted Inhalation RfD	Units	Primary Target Organ	Combined Uncertainty/Modifying Factors	Sources of RfC:RfD: Target Organ	Dates (1) (MM/DD/YY)
Benzo(a)Anthracene	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzo(a)Pyrene	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aroclor-1248	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aroclor-1254	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Antimony	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Arsenic	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Selenium	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

NA = Not Available

N/A = Not Applicable

(1) IRIS searched 7/20/98

300006

TABLE 5.3
 NON-CANCER TOXICITY DATA – SPECIAL CASE CHEMICALS
 WELSBACH

Chemical of Potential Concern	Chronic/ Subchronic	Value	Units	Primary Target Organ	Combined Uncertainty/Modifying Factors	Sources of Primary Target Organ	Date (MM/DD/YY)
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

300810

TABLE 6 I
 CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- ORAL/DERMAL
 WELSBACH

Chemical of Potential Concern	Oral Cancer Slope Factor	Oral to Dermal Adjustment Factor	Adjusted Dermal Cancer Slope Factor (1)	Units	Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description	Source	Date (2) (MM/DD/YY)
Benzo(a)Anthracene	7.30E-01	N/A	N/A	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	B2	IRIS	04/01/97
Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	7.30E-01	N/A	N/A	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	B2	IRIS	03/01/97
Benzo(a)Pyrene	7.30E+00	N/A	N/A	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	B2	IRIS	03/01/97
Aroclor-1248	2.00E+00	100%	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	--	IRIS, HEAST	03/01/97
Aroclor-1254	2.00E+00	100%	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	--	IRIS, HEAST	03/01/97
Antimony	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	--	IRIS	03/01/97
Arsenic	1.50E+00	95%	1.58E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	A	IRIS	04/10/98
Selenium	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	D	IRIS	03/01/97

IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System

HEAST= Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables

NA = Not Available

N/A = Not Applicable

EPA Group:

A - Human carcinogen

B1 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates that limited human data are available

B2 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans

C - Possible human carcinogen

D - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

E - Evidence of noncarcinogenicity

Weight of Evidence:

Known/Likely

Cannot be Determined

Not Likely

(1) OSF / Oral ABS = Adjusted Dermal Cancer Slope Factor

(2) IRIS searched 7/20/98

300811

TABLE 6.2
 CANCER TOXICITY DATA – INHALATION
 WELSBACH

Chemical of Potential Concern	Unit Risk	Units	Adjustment	Inhalation Cancer Slope Factor	Units	Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description	Source	Date (1) (MM/DD/YY)
Benzo(a)Anthracene	NA	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	IRIS	04/01/97
Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	NA	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	IRIS	03/01/97
Benzo(a)Pyrene	NA	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	IRIS	03/01/97
Aroclor-1248	NA	N/A	N/A	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	B2	IRIS	03/01/97
Aroclor-1254	NA	N/A	N/A	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	B2	IRIS	03/01/97
Antimony	NA	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	IRIS; HEAST	03/01/97
Arsenic	4.30E-03	ug/m	3500	1.50E+01	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	A	IRIS	04/10/98
Selenium	NA	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	IRIS	03/01/97

IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System

HEAST = Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables

NA = Not Available

N/A = Not Applicable

EPA Group:

A - Human carcinogen

B1 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates that limited human data are available

B2 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans

C - Possible human carcinogen

D - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

E - Evidence of noncarcinogenicity

Weight of Evidence:

Known/Likely

Cannot be Determined

Not Likely

(1) IRIS searched 7/20/98

300912

TABLE 6.3
CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- SPECIAL CASE CHEMICALS
WELSBACH

Chemical of Potential Concern	Value	Units	Source	Date MM/DD/YY
-	--	--	-	--

300813

TABLE 7.1.RME
 CALCULATION OF NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Hazard Calculation (1)	Intake (Non-Cancer)	Intake (Non-Cancer) Units	Reference Dose	Reference Dose Units	Reference Concentration	Reference Concentration Units	Hazard Quotient
Ingestion	Benzo(a)Anthracene	5.20E+00	mg/kg	5.20E+00	mg/kg	M	5.9E-06	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	9.30E+00	mg/kg	9.30E+00	mg/kg	M	1.0E-05	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(a)Pyrene	5.10E+00	mg/kg	5.10E+00	mg/kg	M	5.7E-06	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Aroclor-1248	3.00E-01	mg/kg	3.00E-01	mg/kg	M	3.4E-07	mg/kg-day	2.0E-05	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	2E-02
	Aroclor-1254	3.30E-01	mg/kg	3.30E-01	mg/kg	M	3.7E-07	mg/kg-day	2.0E-05	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	2E-02
	Antimony	1.80E+00	mg/kg	1.80E+00	mg/kg	M	2.0E-06	mg/kg-day	4.0E-04	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	5E-03
	Arsenic	2.72E+02	mg/kg	2.72E+02	mg/kg	M	3.1E-04	mg/kg-day	3.0E-04	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	1E+00
	Selenium	7.70E-01	mg/kg	7.70E-01	mg/kg	M	8.7E-07	mg/kg-day	5.0E-03	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	2E-04
	(Total)												1E+00
Dermal	Benzo(a)Anthracene	5.20E+00	mg/kg	5.20E+00	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	9.30E+00	mg/kg	9.30E+00	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(a)Pyrene	5.10E+00	mg/kg	5.10E+00	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Aroclor-1248	3.00E-01	mg/kg	3.00E-01	mg/kg	M	2.5E-07	mg/kg-day	2.0E-05	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	1E-02
	Aroclor-1254	3.30E-01	mg/kg	3.30E-01	mg/kg	M	2.8E-07	mg/kg-day	2.0E-05	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	1E-02
	Antimony	1.80E+00	mg/kg	1.80E+00	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Arsenic	2.72E+02	mg/kg	2.72E+02	mg/kg	M	4.9E-05	mg/kg-day	2.9E-04	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	2E-01
	Selenium	7.70E-01	mg/kg	7.70E-01	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	(Total)												2E-01
Total Hazard Index Across All Exposure Routes/Pathways													1E+00

(1) M = Medium-Specific

30094

TABLE 7.2.RME
 CALCULATION OF NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Particulates
 Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value (1)	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Hazard Calculation (2)	Intake (Non-Cancer)	Intake (Non-Cancer) Units	Reference Dose	Reference Dose Units	Reference Concentration	Reference Concentration Units	Hazard Quotient
Inhalation	Benzo(a)Anthracene	5.20E+00	mg/kg	2.71E-05	mg/m ³	R	1.2E-06	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	9.30E+00	mg/kg	4.85E-05	mg/m ³	R	2.1E-06	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(a)Pyrene	5.10E+00	mg/kg	2.66E-05	mg/m ³	R	1.1E-06	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Aroclor-1248	3.00E-01	mg/kg	1.56E-06	mg/m ³	R	6.8E-08	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Aroclor-1254	3.30E-01	mg/kg	1.72E-06	mg/m ³	R	7.4E-08	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Antimony	1.80E+00	mg/kg	9.38E-06	mg/m ³	R	4.1E-07	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Arsenic	2.72E+02	mg/kg	1.42E-03	mg/m ³	R	6.1E-05	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Selenium	7.70E-01	mg/kg	4.01E-06	mg/m ³	R	1.7E-07	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	(Total)												--
Total Hazard Index Across All Exposure Routes/Pathways													--

(1) See respirable particulates model in Appendix C.

(2) R = Route-Specific

300915

TABLE 8.1.RME
 CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Intake (Cancer)	Intake (Cancer) Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
Ingestion	Benzo(a)Anthracene	5.20E+00	mg/kg	5.20E+00	mg/kg	M	8.4E-08	mg/kg-day	7.30E-01	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	6E-08
	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	9.30E+00	mg/kg	9.30E+00	mg/kg	M	1.5E-07	mg/kg-day	7.30E-01	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	1E-07
	Benzo(a)Pyrene	5.10E+00	mg/kg	5.10E+00	mg/kg	M	8.2E-08	mg/kg-day	7.30E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	6E-07
	Aroclor-1248	3.00E-01	mg/kg	3.00E-01	mg/kg	M	4.8E-09	mg/kg-day	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	1E-08
	Aroclor-1254	3.30E-01	mg/kg	3.30E-01	mg/kg	M	5.3E-09	mg/kg-day	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	1E-08
	Antimony	1.80E+00	mg/kg	1.80E+00	mg/kg	M	2.9E-08	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Arsenic	2.72E+02	mg/kg	2.72E+02	mg/kg	M	4.4E-06	mg/kg-day	1.50E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	7E-06
	Selenium	7.70E-01	mg/kg	7.70E-01	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	(Total)										7E-06
Dermal	Benzo(a)Anthracene	5.20E+00	mg/kg	5.20E+00	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	9.30E+00	mg/kg	9.30E+00	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(a)Pyrene	5.10E+00	mg/kg	5.10E+00	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Aroclor-1248	3.00E-01	mg/kg	3.00E-01	mg/kg	M	3.6E-09	mg/kg-day	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	7E-09
	Aroclor-1254	3.30E-01	mg/kg	3.30E-01	mg/kg	M	4.0E-09	mg/kg-day	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	8E-09
	Antimony	1.80E+00	mg/kg	1.80E+00	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Arsenic	2.72E+02	mg/kg	2.72E+02	mg/kg	M	7.0E-07	mg/kg-day	1.58E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	1E-06
	Selenium	7.70E-01	mg/kg	7.70E-01	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	(Total)										1E-06
Total Risk Across All Exposure Routes/Pathways											8E-06

(1) M = Medium-Specific

300816

TABLE 8.2.RME
 CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Particulates
 Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value (1)	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (2)	Intake (Cancer)	Intake (Cancer) Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
Inhalation	Benzo(a)Anthracene	5.20E+00	mg/kg	2.71E-05	mg/m ³	R	1.7E-08	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	9.30E+00	mg/kg	4.85E-05	mg/m ³	R	3.0E-08	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(a)Pyrene	5.10E+00	mg/kg	2.66E-05	mg/m ³	R	1.6E-08	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Aroclor-1248	3.00E-01	mg/kg	1.56E-06	mg/m ³	R	9.6E-10	mg/kg-day	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	2E-09
	Aroclor-1254	3.30E-01	mg/kg	1.72E-06	mg/m ³	R	1.1E-09	mg/kg-day	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	2E-09
	Antimony	1.80E+00	mg/kg	9.38E-06	mg/m ³	R	5.8E-09	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Arsenic	2.72E+02	mg/kg	1.42E-03	mg/m ³	R	8.7E-07	mg/kg-day	1.50E+01	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	1E-05
	Selenium	7.70E-01	mg/kg	4.01E-06	mg/m ³	R	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1E-05
	(Total)										1E-05
Total Risk Across All Exposure Routes/Pathways											1E-05

(1) See respirable particulates model in Appendix C.

(2) R = Route-Specific

300817

TABLE 9.1.RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical	Carcinogenic Risk				Chemical	Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total		Primary Target Organ	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Soil	Soil	Holt Cargo	Benzo(a)Anthracene	6E-08	--	No Tox Data	6E-08	Benzo(a)Anthracene	N/A	No Tox Data	--	No Tox Data	--
			Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	1E-07	--	No Tox Data	1E-07	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	N/A	No Tox Data	--	No Tox Data	--
			Benzo(a)Pyrene	6E-07	--	No Tox Data	6E-07	Benzo(a)Pyrene	N/A	No Tox Data	--	No Tox Data	--
			Aroclor-1248	1E-08	--	7E-09	2E-08	Aroclor-1248	NOEL	2E-02	--	1E-02	3E-02
			Aroclor-1254	1E-08	--	8E-09	2E-08	Aroclor-1254	Eye	2E-02	--	1E-02	3E-02
			Antimony	No Tox Data	--	No Tox Data	--	Antimony	Longevity	5E-03	--	No Tox Data	5E-03
			Arsenic	7E-06	--	1E-06	8E-06	Arsenic	Skin	1E+00	--	2E-01	1E+00
			Selenium	--	--	--	--	Selenium	Liver	2E-04	--	No Tox Data	2E-04
			(Total)	7E-06	--	1E-06	8E-06	(Total)		1E+00	--	2E-01	1E+00
	Particulates		Benzo(a)Anthracene	--	No Tox Data	--	--	Benzo(a)Anthracene	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	--	No Tox Data	--	--	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			Benzo(a)Pyrene	--	No Tox Data	--	--	Benzo(a)Pyrene	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			Aroclor-1248	--	2E-09	--	2E-09	Aroclor-1248	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			Aroclor-1254	--	2E-09	--	2E-09	Aroclor-1254	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			Antimony	--	No Tox Data	--	--	Antimony	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			Arsenic	--	1E-05	--	1E-05	Arsenic	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			Selenium	--	--	--	--	Selenium	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			(Total)	--	1E-05	--	1E-05	(Total)		--	--	--	--
Total Risk Across Soil							2E-05	Total Hazard Index Across All Media and All Exposure Routes					1E+00
Total Risk Across All Media and All Exposure Routes							2E-05						

Total Liver HI = 2E-04
 Total Skin HI = 1E+00
 Total Eye HI = 3E-02

300918

TABLE 10.1.RME
 RISK ASSESSMENT SUMMARY
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical	Carcinogenic Risk				Chemical	Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total		Primary Target Organ	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Soil	Soil	Holt Cargo	Benzo(a)Anthracene	6E-08	--	No Tox Data	6E-08	Arsenic	Skin	1E+00	--	2E-01	1E+00
			Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	1E-07	--	No Tox Data	1E-07						
			Benzo(a)Pyrene	6E-07	--	No Tox Data	6E-07						
			Aroclor-1248	1E-08	--	7E-09	2E-08						
			Aroclor-1254	1E-08	--	8E-09	2E-08						
			Antimony	No Tox Data	--	No Tox Data	--						
			Arsenic	7E-06	--	1E-06	8E-06						
			Selenium	--	--	--	--						
			(Total)	7E-06	--	1E-06	8E-06						
	Particulates		Benzo(a)Anthracene	--	No Tox Data	--	--			--	--	--	--
			Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	--	No Tox Data	--	--						
			Benzo(a)Pyrene	--	No Tox Data	--	--						
			Aroclor-1248	--	2E-09	--	2E-09						
			Aroclor-1254	--	2E-09	--	2E-09						
			Antimony	--	No Tox Data	--	--						
			Arsenic	--	1E-05	--	1E-05						
			Selenium	--	--	--	--						
			(Total)	--	1E-05	--	1E-05						
Total Risk Across Soil							2E-05	Total Hazard Index Across All Media and All Exposure Routes					1E+00
Total Risk Across All Media and All Exposure Routes							2E-05	Total Skin HI =					1E+00

300819

TABLE I
SELECTION OF EXPOSURE PATHWAYS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE: CHEMICAL EXPOSURE

Scenario Timeframe	Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Receptor Population	Receptor Age	Exposure Route	On-Site/ Off-Site	Type of Analysis	Rationale for Selection or Exclusion of Exposure Pathway		
Current	Soil	Soil	GGM	Worker	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	None	Site is unoccupied		
						Dermal	On-Site	None	Site is unoccupied		
						Inhalation	On-Site	None	Site is unoccupied		
				Trespasser	Adolescent	Ingestion	On-Site	None	Contaminated soil in the subsurface		
						Dermal	On-Site	None	Contaminated soil in the subsurface		
						Inhalation	On-Site	None	Contaminated soil in the subsurface		
Particulates	GGM	Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Site is unoccupied				
		Trespasser	Adolescent	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Contaminated soil in the subsurface				
Future	Soil	Soil	GGM	Worker	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	None	Contaminated soil in the subsurface		
						Dermal	On-Site	None	Contaminated soil in the subsurface		
						Inhalation	On-Site	None	Contaminated soil in the subsurface		
				Trespasser	Adolescent	Ingestion	On-Site	None	Contaminated soil in the subsurface		
						Dermal	On-Site	None	Contaminated soil in the subsurface		
						Inhalation	On-Site	None	Contaminated soil in the subsurface		
				Construction Worker	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	Quant	Contaminated soil may be encountered by construction workers during construction activities		
						Dermal	On-Site	Quant	Contaminated soil may be encountered by construction workers during construction activities		
				Resident	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	None	Future use of land will remain industrial		
						Dermal	On-Site	None	Future use of land will remain industrial		
						Inhalation	On-Site	None	Future use of land will remain industrial		
						Child	Ingestion	On-Site	None	Future use of land will remain industrial	
				Dermal	On-Site		None	Future use of land will remain industrial			
				Particulates	GGM	Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Contaminated soil in the subsurface
						Trespasser	Adolescent	Inhalation	On-Site	None	Contaminated soil in the subsurface
				Construction Worker	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Contaminated soil may be encountered by construction workers during construction activities		
Resident	Adult	Inhalation	Off-Site			None	Future use of land will remain industrial				
	Child	Inhalation	Off-Site	None	Future use of land will remain industrial						

300820

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: CRIM

CAS Number	Chemical	Maximum Concentration (1)	Minimum Qualifier	Maximum Concentration (1)	Minimum Qualifier	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (3)	Potential ARAR/TBK Value (4)	Potential ARAR/TBK Source	COPC Flag	Rationale for Containment/Deletion or Selection (5)
78-93-3	2-Butanone	0.017	--	0.017	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	17	0.11-0.12	0.017	N/A	1.20E-06	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, BSL
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0.13	--	0.13	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	17	0.11-0.12	0.13	N/A	2.00E-05	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
133-20-7	Xylenes (total)	0.47	--	0.47	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	17	0.11-0.12	0.47	N/A	4.10E-06	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
120-12-7	Anthracene	0.045	J	0.045	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.045	N/A	6.10E-05	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene	0.17	J	0.17	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.17	N/A	7.80E-06	N/A	SSL	YES	ACTS
205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	0.11	J	0.11	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.11	N/A	7.80E-06	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	0.22	J	0.22	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.22	N/A	7.80E-06	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene	0.17	J	0.17	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.17	N/A	7.80E-06	N/A	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	0.082	J	0.082	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.082	N/A	--	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, BSL
218-01-9	Chrysenes	0.18	J	0.18	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.18	N/A	7.80E-06	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
84-74-2	Dibenzophthalenes	0.043	J	0.043	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.043	N/A	2.00E-05	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	0.34	J	0.34	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.34	N/A	8.20E-04	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	0.1	J	0.1	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.1	N/A	7.80E-06	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalenes	0.53	J	0.53	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.53	N/A	8.20E-04	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, BSL
86-30-6	N-antrodiphenylamine	0.62	J	0.62	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.62	N/A	1.20E-03	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	0.19	J	0.65	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.65	N/A	--	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, BSL
129-00-0	Pyrene	0.32	J	0.32	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	17	3.5-37.6	0.32	N/A	6.10E-04	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
12672-29-6	Arsolol-1248	0.028	J	0.028	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	17	0.353-0.382	0.028	N/A	2.90E-06	N/A	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL
7429-90-5	Aluminum	3800	--	7140	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	44.0-46.35	7140	(2)	2.00E-06	N/A	N/A	NO	BSL, BBKG
7440-38-2	Arsenic	1.1	J	11.3	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-36-04	77	2.14-2.32	11.3	(2)	3.80E-06	N/A	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL, TX
7440-39-3	Barium	12.1	J	38.7	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	42.8-46.4	38.7	(2)	1.40E-05	N/A	SSL	NO	BSL, BBKG
7440-41-7	Beryllium	0.3	J	0.7	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	1.07-1.16	0.7	(2)	4.10E-03	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7440-70-2	Calcium	168	J	520	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	1069.5-1158.8	520	(2)	--	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, NUT
16065-83-1	Chromium	5.2	E	14.5	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	2.14-2.32	14.5	(2)	2.00E-06	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7440-48-4	Cobalt	2.7	J	5.2	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	10.7-11.6	5.2	(2)	1.20E-05	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7440-50-8	Copper	3.1	J	8.6	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	5.4-5.8	8.6	(2)	8.20E-04	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7439-89-6	Iron	6370	--	13100	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	21.4-23.2	13100	(2)	6.10E-05	N/A	N/A	NO	NUT, BBKG
7439-92-1	Lead	3.6	E	71.2	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-36-04	77	0.64-0.7	71.2	(2)	--	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS
7439-95-4	Magnesium	953	J	1510	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	77	1069.5-1158.8	1510	(2)	--	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, NUT, BBKG
7439-96-5	Manganese	49.5	--	90.4	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	3.21-3.48	90.4	(2)	4.10E-04	N/A	N/A	NO	BSL, BBKG
7440-02-0	Nickel	7.4	J	10.9	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	8.56-9.27	10.9	(2)	4.10E-04	N/A	SSL	NO	BSL, BBKG
7440-09-7	Potassium	398	J	786	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	1069.5-1158.8	786	(2)	--	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, NUT, BBKG
7782-49-2	Selenium	0.68	J	0.68	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	17	1.07-1.16	0.68	(2)	1.00E-04	N/A	SSL	YES	ABKG
7440-23-5	Sodium	22.1	J	123	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-36-04	27	1069.5-1158.8	123	(2)	--	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, NUT, BBKG
7440-28-0	Thallium	1.9	J	1.9	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	17	2.14-2.32	1.9	(2)	1.40E-02	N/A	SSL	YES	ABKG
7440-62-2	Vanadium	6.7	J	22.5	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	10.7-11.59	22.5	(2)	1.40E-04	N/A	SSL	NO	BSL, BBKG
7440-66-6	Zinc	24.7	--	34.5	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	77	4.28-4.63	34.5	(2)	6.10E-05	N/A	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG

(1) Maximum maximum detected concentration

(2) Background values from WG-SB-40-04 See Appendix C

(3) U.S. EPA Region III, 1998, Risk-Based Concentration Table, Soil Industrial RBC's
(Cancer benchmark value = 1E-06, HQ = 1.0)

(4) Soil Screening Levels Migration to Groundwater 20 DAF (mg/kg)

(5) Rationale Codes - Selection Reason

Intriguing Detection but Associated Historically (IHST)

Frequent Detection (FD)

Toxicity Information Available (TX)

Above Screening Levels (ASL)

Above Background Levels (ABKG)

Above CTS (ACTS)

Intriguing Detection (IFT)

Below Background Levels (BBKG)

No Toxicity Information (NTX)

Essential Nutrient (NUT)

Below Screening Level (BSL)

Below CTS (BCTS)

Definitions

N/A - Not Applicable

CRQL - Contract Required Quantitation Limit

CRDL - Contract Required Detection Limit

COPC - Chemical of Potential Concern

ARAR/TBK - Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement To Be Considered

RBC - Risk-Based Concentration

CTS - Concentration Toxicity Screen (See Appendix C)

E - Estimated Value

J - Estimated Value, compound present below CRQL but above IHM

C - Carcinogenic

N - Non-Carcinogenic

300R21

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: GJM

CAS Number	Chemical	Minimum Concentration (1)	Minimum Qualifier	Maximum Concentration (1)	Maximum Qualifier	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (3)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value (4)	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag	Rationale for Contaminant Deletion or Selection (5)	
78-93-3	2-Butanone	0.017	--	0.017	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	1.7	0.11-0.12	0.017	N/A	1.20E+06	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, HSL	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0.13	--	0.13	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	1.7	0.11-0.12	0.13	N/A	2.00E+05	N/A	13	SSL	NO	BCTS, HSL
133-20-7	Xylenes (total)	0.47	--	0.47	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	1.7	0.11-0.12	0.47	N/A	4.10E+06	N/A	210	SSL	NO	BCTS, HSL
120-12-7	Anthracene	0.045	J	0.045	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.045	N/A	6.10E+05	N/A	12000	SSL	NO	BCTS, HSL
56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene	0.17	J	0.17	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.17	N/A	7.80E+00	C	2	SSL	YES	ACTS
205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	0.11	J	0.11	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.11	N/A	7.80E+00	C	5	SSL	NO	BCTS, HSL
207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	0.22	J	0.22	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.22	N/A	7.80E+01	C	49	SSL	NO	BCTS, HSL
50-32-8	Benzo(e)Pyrene	0.17	J	0.17	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.17	N/A	7.80E+01	C	8	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	0.082	J	0.082	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.082	N/A	--	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, HSL	
218-01-9	Chrysenes	0.18	J	0.18	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.18	N/A	7.80E+02	C	160	SSL	NO	BCTS, HSL
84-74-2	Di-n-butylphthalate	0.043	J	0.043	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.043	N/A	2.00E+05	N/A	2300	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	0.34	J	0.34	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.34	N/A	8.20E+04	N/A	4300	SSL	NO	BCTS, HSL
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	0.1	J	0.1	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.1	N/A	7.80E+00	C	14	SSL	NO	BCTS, HSL
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	0.53	J	0.53	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.53	N/A	8.20E+04	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, HSL	
86-30-6	N-nitrodiphenylamine	0.62	J	0.62	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.62	N/A	1.20E+03	C	1	SSL	NO	BCTS, HSL
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	0.19	J	0.65	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.65	N/A	--	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, BSL	
129-00-0	Pyrene	0.32	J	0.32	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	1.7	3.5-37.6	0.32	N/A	6.10E+04	N/A	4200	SSL	NO	BCTS, HSL
12672-29-6	Aroclor-1248	0.028	J	0.028	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	1.7	0.353-0.382	0.028	N/A	2.90E+00	C	1	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL
7429-90-5	Aluminium	3800	--	7140	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	44.0-46.35	7140	(2)	2.00E+06	N/A	N/A	NO	HSL, BBKG	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	1.1	J	11.3	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-36-04	7.7	2.14-2.32	11.3	(2)	3.80E+00	C	29	SSL	YES	ACTS, ASL, TX
7440-39-3	Barium	12.1	J	38.7	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	42.8-46.4	38.7	(2)	1.40E+05	N/A	1600	SSL	NO	BSL, BBKG
7440-41-7	Beryllium	0.3	J	0.7	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	1.07-1.16	0.7	(2)	4.10E+03	N/A	63	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7440-70-2	Calcium	168	J	520	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	1069.5-1158.8	520	(2)	--	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, NUT	
16065-83-1	Chromium	5.2	E	14.5	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	2.14-2.32	14.5	(2)	2.00E+06	N/A	38	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG
7440-48-4	Cobalt	2.7	J	5.2	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	10.7-11.6	5.2	(2)	1.20E+03	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG	
7440-50-8	Copper	3.1	J	8.6	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	5.4-5.8	8.6	(2)	8.20E+04	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG	
7439-89-6	Iron	6370	--	13100	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	21.4-23.2	13100	(2)	6.10E+05	N/A	N/A	NO	NUT, BBKG	
7439-92-1	Lead	3.6	E	71.2	E	mg/kg	WG-SB-36-04	7.7	0.64-0.7	71.2	(2)	--	400	SSL	NO	BCTS	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	953	J	1510	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-41-03	7.7	1069.5-1158.8	1510	(2)	--	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, NUT, BBKG	
7439-96-5	Manganese	49.5	--	90.4	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	3.21-3.48	90.4	(2)	4.10E+04	N/A	N/A	NO	HSL, BBKG	
7440-02-0	Nickel	7.4	J	10.9	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	8.56-9.27	10.9	(2)	4.10E+04	N/A	130	SSL	NO	HSL, BBKG
7440-09-7	Potassium	398	J	786	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	1069.5-1158.8	786	(2)	--	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, NUT, BBKG	
7782-49-2	Selenium	0.68	J	0.68	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	1.7	1.07-1.16	0.68	(2)	1.00E+04	N/A	5	SSL	YES	ABKG
7440-23-5	Sodium	22.1	J	123	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-36-04	2.7	1069.5-1158.8	123	(2)	--	N/A	N/A	NO	BCTS, NUT, BBKG	
7440-28-0	Thallium	1.9	J	1.9	J	mg/kg	WG-SB-34-03	1.7	2.14-2.32	1.9	(2)	1.40E+02	N/A	0.7	SSL	YES	ABKG
7440-62-2	Vanadium	6.7	J	22.5	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	10.7-11.59	22.5	(2)	1.40E+04	N/A	6000	SSL	NO	HSL, BBKG
7440-66-6	Zinc	24.7	--	34.5	--	mg/kg	WG-SB-42-04	7.7	4.28-4.63	34.5	(2)	6.10E+05	N/A	12000	SSL	NO	BCTS, BSL, BBKG

(1) Minimum/maximum detected concentration

(2) Background values from WG-SB-40-04 See Appendix C.

(3) U.S. EPA Region III, 1998, Risk-Based Concentration Table, Soil Industrial RBC's (Cancer benchmark value = 1E-06, HQ = 1.0)

(4) Soil Screening Levels Migration to Groundwater 20 (DAE) (mg/kg)

(5) Rationale Codes Selection Reason

Inrequent Detection but Associated Historically (IHST)
Frequent Detection (FD)
Toxicity Information Available (TX)
Above Screening Levels (ASL)
Above Background Levels (ABKG)
Above CTS (ACTS)
Inrequent Detection (IFD)
Below Background Levels (BBKG)
No Toxicity Information (NTX)
Essential Nutrient (NUT)
Below Screening Level (BSL)
Below CTS (BCTS)

Definitions

N/A - Not Applicable

CRQL - Contract Required Quantitation Limit

CRDL - Contract Required Detection Limit

COPC - Chemical of Potential Concern

ARAR/TBC - Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement To Be Considered

RBC - Risk-Based Concentration

CTS - Concentration - Toxicity Screen (See Appendix C)

E - Estimated Value

J - Estimated Value, compound present below CRQL but above IRL

C - Carcinogenic

N - Non-Carcinogenic

300922

TABLE 3.1
 MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: GGM

Chemical of Potential Concern	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal Data	Maximum Detected Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	EPC Units	Reasonable Maximum Exposure			Central Tendency		
							Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale
Benzo(a)Anthracene	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	1.7E-01	J	mg/kg	1.7E-01	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzo(a)Pyrene	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	1.7E-01	J	mg/kg	1.7E-01	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aroclor-1248	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	2.8E-02	J	mg/kg	2.8E-02	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Selenium	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	6.8E-01	J	mg/kg	6.8E-01	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Thallium	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	1.9E+00	J	mg/kg	1.9E+00	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A = Not Applicable

For duplicate sample results, the maximum value was used.

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max)

300823

TABLE 3.2
MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: GGM

Chemical of Potential Concern	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal Data	Maximum Detected Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	EPC Units	Reasonable Maximum Exposure			Central Tendency		
							Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Statistic	Medium EPC Rationale
Benzo(a)Anthracene	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	1.7E-01	J	mg/kg	1.7E-01	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzo(a)Pyrene	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	1.7E-01	J	mg/kg	1.7E-01	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aroclor-1248	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	2.8E-02	J	mg/kg	2.8E-02	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Selenium	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	6.8E-01	J	mg/kg	6.8E-01	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A
Thallium	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	1.9E+00	J	mg/kg	1.9E+00	Max	Site-Specific	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A = Not Applicable

For duplicate sample results, the maximum value was used.

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max)

300874

TABLE 41
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	CS	Chemical Concentration in Soil	mg/kg	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg-day) = CS x CF1 x IR-S x FI x EF x ED x 1/BW x 1/AT
	CF1	Conversion Factor 1	kg/mg	1.00E-06	--	--	--	
	IR-S	Ingestion Rate of Soil	mg/day	480	EPA, 1997a	--	--	
	FI	Fraction Ingested	--	1	--	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	60	[1]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	1	[1]	--	--	
	BW	Body Weight	kg	70	EPA, 1997a	--	--	
	AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	days	365	--	--	--	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	--	--	--	
Dermal	CS	Chemical Concentration in Soil	mg/kg	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	CDI (mg/kg-day) = CS x CF1 x SSAF x DABS x SA x EF x ED x 1/BW x 1/AT
	CF1	Conversion Factor 1	kg/mg	1.00E-06	--	--	--	
	SSAF	Soil to Skin Adherence Factor	mg/cm ²	1	EPA, 1997a	--	--	
	DABS	Dermal Absorption Factor (Solid)	--	[2]	EPA, 1996a	--	--	
	SA	Skin Surface Area Available for Contact	cm ² /event	2570	EPA, 1997a	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	60	[1]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	1	[1]	--	--	
	BW	Body Weight	kg	70	EPA, 1997a	--	--	
	AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	days	365	--	--	--	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25550	--	--	--		

[1] Professional Judgement

[2] 0.14 for Aroclor 1248

Sources:

USEPA, 1991: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1. Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285 6-03

USEPA, 1996a: PCBs: Cancer Dose-Response Assessment and Application to Environmental Mixtures. EPA/600/P-96/001F. Washington, DC: Office of Research and Development, National Center for Environmental Assessment.

USEPA, 1997a: Exposure Factors Handbook. OHEA. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa.

300935

TABLE 4.2
VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: GGM
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	CS	Chemical Concentration in Soil	mg/kg	See Table 3	See Table 3	--	--	Chronic Daily Intake (CDI) (mg/kg-day) = CA x PEF x IN x ET x EF x ED x 1/BW x 1/AT
	PEF	Particulate Emission Factor	kg/m ³	5.21E-06	See Appendix C	--	--	
	IN	Inhalation Rate	m ³ /hour	2.3	EPA, 1991	--	--	
	ET	Exposure Time	hours/day	8	[1]	--	--	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	60	[1]	--	--	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	1	[1]	--	--	
	BW	Body Weight	kg	70	EPA, 1997a	--	--	
	AT-N	Averaging Time (Non-Cancer)	days	365	--	--	--	
AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	--	--	--		

[1] Professional Judgement.

Sources:

EPA, 1991: Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund. Vol. 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual - Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors. Interim Final. OSWER. Directive 9285.6-03.

EPA, 1997a: Exposure Factors Handbook. OHEA. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa.

300896

TABLE 5.2
NON-CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- INHALATION
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Chemical of Potential Concern	Chronic/ Subchronic	Value Inhalation RfC	Units	Adjusted Inhalation RfD	Units	Primary Target Organ	Combined Uncertainty/Modifying Factors	Sources of RfC:RfD: Target Organ	Dates (1) (MM/DD/YY)
Benzo(a)Anthracene	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzo(a)Pyrene	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aroclor-1248	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Selenium	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Thallium	Chronic	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

NA = Not Available

N/A = Not Applicable

(1) IRIS searched 7/20/98

300827

TABLE 5.1
 NON-CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- ORAL/DERMAL
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Chemical of Potential Concern	Chronic/ Subchronic	Oral RfD Value	Oral RfD Units	Oral to Dermal Adjustment Factor (1)	Adjusted Dermal RfD (2)	Units	Primary Target Organ	Combined Uncertainty/Modifying Factors	Sources of RfD: Target Organ	Dates of RfD: Target Organ (3) (MM/DD/YY)
Benzo(a)Anthracene	Chronic	NA	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	--	IRIS; HEAST	04/01/97
Benzo(a)Pyrene	Chronic	NA	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	--	IRIS; HEAST	03/01/97
Aroclor-1248	Chronic	2E-05	mg/kg-day	100%	2E-05	mg/kg-day	NOEL	--	IRIS; HEAST	03/01/97
Selenium	Chronic	5E-03	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	Liver	3	IRIS	03/01/97
Thallium	Chronic	8E-05	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	NOEL	3000	IRIS	03/01/97

NA = Not Available

N/A = Not Applicable

(1) USEPA, 1989. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Volume I, Human Health Evaluation Manual, Part A, Interim Final. EPA/540/1-89/002, Office of Emergency and Remedial Response, Washington, DC.

(2) Oral RfD x Oral to Dermal Adjustment Factor = Adjusted Dermal RfD

(3) IRIS searched 7/20/98

300998

TABLE 5.3
 NON-CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- SPECIAL CASE CHEMICALS
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Chemical of Potential Concern	Chronic/ Subchronic	Value	Units	Primary Target Organ	Combined Uncertainty/Modifying Factors	Sources of Primary Target Organ	Date (MM/DD/YY)
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

300829

TABLE 6.1
 CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- ORAL/DERMAL
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Chemical of Potential Concern	Oral Cancer Slope Factor	Oral to Dermal Adjustment Factor	Adjusted Dermal Cancer Slope Factor (1)	Units	Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description	Source	Date (2) (MM/DD/YY)
Benzo(a)Anthracene	7.30E-01	N/A	N/A	(mg/kg-day) ¹	B2	IRIS	04/01/97
Benzo(a)Pyrene	7.30E+00	N/A	N/A	(mg/kg-day) ¹	B2	IRIS	03/01/97
Aroclor-1248	2.00E+00	100%	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ¹	--	IRIS; HEAST	03/01/97
Selenium	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	D	IRIS	03/01/97
Thallium	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	D	IRIS	03/01/97

IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System

HEAST= Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables

NA = Not Available

N/A = Not Applicable

EPA Group:

A - Human carcinogen

B1 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates that limited human data are available

B2 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans

C - Possible human carcinogen

D - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

E - Evidence of noncarcinogenicity

Weight of Evidence:

Known/Likely

Cannot be Determined

Not Likely

(1) OSF / Oral ABS = Adjusted Dermal Cancer Slope Factor

(2) IRIS searched 7/20/98

300230

TABLE 6.2
 CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- INHALATION
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Chemical of Potential Concern	Unit Risk	Units	Adjustment	Inhalation Cancer Slope Factor	Units	Weight of Evidence/ Cancer Guideline Description	Source	Date (1) (MM/DD/YY)
Benzo(a)Anthracene	NA	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzo(a)Pyrene	NA	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aroclor-1248	NA	N/A	N/A	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day)	B2	IRIS	03/01/97
Selenium	NA	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Thallium	NA	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System

HEAST= Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables

NA = Not Available

N/A = Not Applicable

EPA Group:

A - Human carcinogen

B1 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates that limited human data are available

B2 - Probable human carcinogen - indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans

C - Possible human carcinogen

D - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

E - Evidence of noncarcinogenicity

Weight of Evidence:

Known/Likely

Cannot be Determined

Not Likely

(1) IRIS searched 7/20/98

300931

TABLE 6.3
CANCER TOXICITY DATA -- SPECIAL CASE CHEMICALS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Chemical of Potential Concern	Value	Units	Source	Date MM/DD/YY
--	--	--	--	--

300832

TABLE 7.1.RME
 CALCULATION OF NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: GGM
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Hazard Calculation (1)	Intake (Non-Cancer)	Intake (Non-Cancer) Units	Reference Dose	Reference Dose Units	Reference Concentration	Reference Concentration Units	Hazard Quotient
Ingestion	Benzo(a)Anthracene	1.70E-01	mg/kg	1.70E-01	mg/kg	M	1.9E-07	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(a)Pyrene	1.70E-01	mg/kg	1.70E-01	mg/kg	M	1.9E-07	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Aroclor-1248	2.80E-02	mg/kg	2.80E-02	mg/kg	M	3.2E-08	mg/kg-day	2.0E-05	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	2E-03
	Selenium	6.80E-01	mg/kg	6.80E-01	mg/kg	M	7.7E-07	mg/kg-day	5.0E-03	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	2E-04
	Thallium	1.90E+00	mg/kg	1.90E+00	mg/kg	M	2.1E-06	mg/kg-day	8.0E-05	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	3E-02
	(Total)												3E-02
Dermal	Benzo(a)Anthracene	1.70E-01	mg/kg	1.70E-01	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(a)Pyrene	1.70E-01	mg/kg	1.70E-01	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Aroclor-1248	2.80E-02	mg/kg	2.80E-02	mg/kg	M	2.4E-08	mg/kg-day	2.0E-05	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	1E-03
	Selenium	6.80E-01	mg/kg	6.80E-01	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Thallium	1.90E+00	mg/kg	1.90E+00	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	(Total)												1E-03
Total Hazard Index Across All Exposure Routes/Pathways													3E-02

(1) M - Medium-Specific

300893

TABLE 7.2.RME
 CALCULATION OF NON-CANCER HAZARDS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Particulates
 Exposure Point: GGM
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value (1)	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Hazard Calculation (2)	Intake (Non-Cancer)	Intake (Non-Cancer) Units	Reference Dose	Reference Dose Units	Reference Concentration	Reference Concentration Units	Hazard Quotient
Inhalation	Benzo(a)Anthracene	1.70E-01	mg/kg	8.86E-07	mg/m ³	R	3.8E-08	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(a)Pyrene	1.70E-01	mg/kg	8.86E-07	mg/m ³	R	3.8E-08	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Aroclor-1248	2.80E-02	mg/kg	1.46E-07	mg/m ³	R	6.3E-09	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Selenium	6.80E-01	mg/kg	3.54E-06	mg/m ³	R	1.5E-07	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Thallium	1.90E+00	mg/kg	9.90E-06	mg/m ³	R	4.3E-07	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	(Total)												--
Total Hazard Index Across All Exposure Routes/Pathways													--

(1) See respirable particulates model in Appendix C.

(1) R = Route-Specific

300004

TABLE 8.1.RME
 CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Soil
 Exposure Point: GGM
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Intake (Cancer)	Intake (Cancer) Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
Ingestion	Benzo(a)Anthracene	1.70E-01	mg/kg	1.70E-01	mg/kg	M	2.7E-09	mg/kg-day	7.30E-01	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	2E-09
	Benzo(a)Pyrene	1.70E-01	mg/kg	1.70E-01	mg/kg	M	2.7E-09	mg/kg-day	7.30E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	2E-08
	Aroclor-1248	2.80E-02	mg/kg	2.80E-02	mg/kg	M	4.5E-10	mg/kg-day	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	9E-10
	Selenium	6.80E-01	mg/kg	6.80E-01	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Thallium	1.90E+00	mg/kg	1.90E+00	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	(Total)										
Dermal	Benzo(a)Anthracene	1.70E-01	mg/kg	1.70E-01	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(a)Pyrene	1.70E-01	mg/kg	1.70E-01	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Aroclor-1248	2.80E-02	mg/kg	2.80E-02	mg/kg	M	3.4E-10	mg/kg-day	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	7E-10
	Selenium	6.80E-01	mg/kg	6.80E-01	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Thallium	1.90E+00	mg/kg	1.90E+00	mg/kg	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	(Total)										
Total Risk Across All Exposure Routes/Pathways											2E-08

(1) M = Medium-Specific

300805

TABLE 8.2.RME
 CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Medium: Soil
 Exposure Medium: Particulates
 Exposure Point: GGM
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Chemical of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value (1)	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (2)	Intake (Cancer)	Intake (Cancer) Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
Inhalation	Benzo(a)Anthracene	1.70E-01	mg/kg	8.86E-07	mg/m ³	R	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Benzo(a)Pyrene	1.70E-01	mg/kg	8.86E-07	mg/m ³	R	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No Tox Data
	Aroclor-1248	2.80E-02	mg/kg	1.46E-07	mg/m ³	R	9.0E-11	mg/kg-day	2.00E+00	(mg/kg-day) ⁻¹	2E-10
	Selenium	6.80E-01	mg/kg	3.54E-06	mg/m ³	R	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Thallium	1.90E+00	mg/kg	9.90E-06	mg/m ³	R	N/A	mg/kg-day	N/A	N/A	
	(Total)										2E-10
Total Risk Across All Exposure Routes/Pathways											2E-10

(1) See respirable particulates model in Appendix C.

(1) R = Route-Specific

300826

TABLE 9.1.RME
 SUMMARY OF RECEPTOR RISKS AND HAZARDS FOR COPCs
 REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
 GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
 Receptor Population: Construction Worker
 Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical	Carcinogenic Risk				Chemical	Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total		Primary Target Organ	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Soil	Soil	GGM	Benzo(a)Anthracene	2E-09	--	No Tox Data	2E-09	Benzo(a)Anthracene	N/A	No Tox Data	--	No Tox Data	--
			Benzo(a)Pyrene	2E-08	--	No Tox Data	2E-08	Benzo(a)Pyrene	N/A	No Tox Data	--	No Tox Data	--
			Aroclor-1248	9E-10	--	7E-10	2E-09	Aroclor-1248	N/A	2E-03	--	1E-03	3E-03
			Selenium	--	--	--	--	Selenium	Liver	2E-04	--	No Tox Data	2E-04
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	Thallium	N/A	3E-02	--	No Tox Data	--
			(Total)	2E-08	--	7E-10	2E-08	(Total)		3E-02	0E+00	1E-03	3E-02
	Particulates	GGM	Benzo(a)Anthracene	--	No Tox Data	--	--	Benzo(a)Anthracene	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			Benzo(a)Pyrene	--	No Tox Data	--	--	Benzo(a)Pyrene	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			Aroclor-1248	--	2E-10	--	2E-10	Aroclor-1248	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			Selenium	--	--	--	--	Selenium	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			Thallium	--	--	--	--	Thallium	N/A	--	No Tox Data	--	--
			(Total)	--	2E-10	--	2E-10	(Total)		--	--	--	--
Total Risk Across Soil							2E-08	Total Hazard Index Across All Media and All Exposure Routes					3E-02
Total Risk Across All Media and All Exposure Routes							2E-08						

Total Liver HI = 2E-04

300837

TABLE 10.1.RME
RISK ASSESSMENT SUMMARY
GENERAL GAS MANTLE

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Medium	Exposure Medium	Exposure Point	Chemical	Carcinogenic Risk				Chemical	Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient				
				Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total		Primary Target Organ	Ingestion	Inhalation	Dermal	Exposure Routes Total
Soil	Soil	Holt Cargo	Benzo(a)Anthracene	2E-09	--	No Tox Data	2E-09	Aroclor-1248	N/A	2E-03	--	1E-03	3E-03
			Benzo(a)Pyrene	2E-08	--	No Tox Data	2E-08	Selenium	Liver	2E-04	--	No Tox Data	2E-04
			Aroclor-1248	9E-10	--	7E-10	2E-09						
			Selenium		--		--						
			Thallium		--		--						
			(Total)	2E-08	--	7E-10	2E-08	(Total)		2E-03	--	1E-03	3E-03
	Particulates		Benzo(a)Anthracene	--	No Tox Data	--	--			--	--	--	--
			Benzo(a)Pyrene	--	No Tox Data	--	--			--	--	--	--
			Aroclor-1248	--	2E-10	--	2E-10			--	--	--	--
			Selenium	--		--	--			--	--	--	--
			Thallium	--		--	--			--	--	--	--
			(Total)	--	2E-10	--	2E-10	(Total)		--	--	--	--
Total Risk Across Soil							2E-08	Total Hazard Index Across All Media and All Exposure Routes					3E-03
Total Risk Across All Media and All Exposure Routes							2E-08	Total Liver HI =					2E-04

30095

DATA USEABILITY WORKSHEET
Site: Welsbach/General Gas Mantle
Medium: Soil - Radiological

Requirement	Comment
Field Sampling	
Discuss sampling problems and field conditions that affect data useability.	None.
Are samples representative of receptor exposure for this medium (e.g., sample depth, grab vs. composite, filtered vs. unfiltered, low flow, etc.)?	Yes.
Assess the effect of field QC results on data useability.	In general, the field QC results did not affect data useability.
Summarize the effect of field sampling issues on the risk assessment, if applicable.	NA
Analytical Techniques	
Were the analytical methods appropriate for quantitative risk assessment?	Yes.
Were detection limits adequate?	In general, the detection limits were adequate. In a few instances, the MDCs were elevated (i.e., > 0.3 pCi/g).
Summarize the effect of analytical technique issues on the risk assessment, if applicable.	NA

300839

DATA USEABILITY WORKSHEET (continued)

Site: Welsbach/General Gas Mantle

Medium: Soil - Radiological

Requirement	Comment
Data Quality Objectives	
Precision - How were duplicates handled?	Two types of duplicates were collected; field blind duplicates and matrix spike/matrix spike duplicates (MS/MSDs). Both the field blind duplicate and MS/MSD samples were collected at a rate of one per 20 environmental samples.
Accuracy - How were split samples handled?	Split samples were not collected.
Representativeness - Indicate any problems associated with data representativeness (e.g., trip blank or rinsate blank contamination, COC problems, etc.).	In general, there were no recurring problems with data representativeness.
Completeness - Indicate any problems associated with data completeness (e.g., incorrect sample analysis, incomplete sample records, problems with field procedures, etc.).	In general, there were no problems with data completeness.
Comparability - Indicate any problems associated with data comparability.	NA
Were the DQOs specified in the QAPP satisfied?	Yes.
Summarize the effect of DQO issues on the risk assessment, if applicable.	NA

300840

DATA USEABILITY WORKSHEET (continued)

Site: Welsbach/General Gas Mantle

Medium: Soil - Radiological

Requirement	Comment
Data Validation and Interpretation	
<p>What are the data validation requirements for this region?</p>	<p>There are no radiological validation requirements for this region. The radiological data for this project were validated using the following QC:</p> <p>alpha spectroscopy-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) initial calibration (yearly) 2) calibration verification (weekly) 3) detector background check (monthly) 4) tracer analysis 5) method blank and rinsate blank 6) laboratory control sample (LCS) 7) laboratory duplicate analysis 8) field duplicate analysis 9) matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate analysis <p>gamma spectroscopy-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) initial calibration (yearly) 2) calibration verification (weekly) 3) detector background check (monthly) 4) method blank and rinsate blank 5) laboratory duplicate analysis 6) field duplicate analysis 7) percent dead time 8) photopeaks/reference library
<p>What method or guidance was used to validate the data?</p>	<p>There are no regional data validation guidelines. Therefore, the validation requirements were specified in the site-specific Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP).</p>
<p>Was the data validation method consistent with regional guidance? Discuss any discrepancies.</p>	<p>NA</p>
<p>Were all data qualifiers defined? Discuss those which were not.</p>	<p>Yes.</p>

DATA USEABILITY WORKSHEET (continued)
Site: Welsbach/General Gas Mantle
Medium: Soil - Radiological

Requirement	Comment
Which qualifiers represent usable data?	All data except rejected "R" data are useable.
Which qualifiers represent unusable data?	"R".
How are tentatively identified compounds handled?	NA
Summarize the effect of data validation and interpretation issues on the risk assessment, if applicable.	Any data that is qualified as rejected "R" is not used in the risk assessment.
Additional notes:	

300842

DATA USEABILITY WORKSHEET
Site: Welsbach/General Gas Mantle
Medium: Soil - Chemical

Requirement	Comment
Field Sampling	
Discuss sampling problems and field conditions that affect data useability.	None.
Are samples representative of receptor exposure for this medium (e.g., sample depth, grab vs. composite, filtered vs. unfiltered, low flow, etc.)?	Yes.
Assess the effect of field QC results on data useability.	In general, the field QC results did not affect data useability. In some instances, the rinsate blanks had contamination; however, the majority of the contaminants were common laboratory contaminants (e.g., methylene chloride). Therefore, rinsate blanks had only a very minor effect on the data.
Summarize the effect of field sampling issues on the risk assessment, if applicable.	NA
Analytical Techniques	
Were the analytical methods appropriate for quantitative risk assessment?	Yes.
Were detection limits adequate?	In general, the detection limits were adequate. In a few instances, some sample fractions were excessively diluted which resulted in high detection limits.
Summarize the effect of analytical technique issues on the risk assessment, if applicable.	NA

300913

DATA USEABILITY WORKSHEET (continued)

Site: Welsbach/General Gas Mantle

Medium: Soil - Chemical

Requirement	Comment
Data Quality Objectives	
Precision - How were duplicates handled?	Two types of duplicates were collected; field blind duplicates and matrix spike/matrix spike duplicates (MS/MSDs) (organics)/matrix spike/matrix duplicates (MS/MDs) (inorganics). Both the field blind duplicate and MS/MSD/MS/MD samples were collected at a rate of one per 20 environmental samples.
Accuracy - How were split samples handled?	Split samples were not collected.
Representativeness - Indicate any problems associated with data representativeness (e.g., trip blank or rinsate blank contamination, COC problems, etc.).	In general, there were no recurring problems with data representativeness. In some instances, there was contamination detected in the trip and rinsate blanks; however, this did not seriously affect the data.
Completeness - Indicate any problems associated with data completeness (e.g., incorrect sample analysis, incomplete sample records, problems with field procedures, etc.).	In general, there were no problems with data representativeness.
Comparability - Indicate any problems associated with data comparability.	NA
Were the DQOs specified in the QAPP satisfied?	Yes.

DATA USEABILITY WORKSHEET (continued)

Site: Welsbach/General Gas Mantle

Medium: Soil - Chemical

Requirement	Comment
Summarize the effect of DQO issues on the risk assessment, if applicable.	NA
Data Validation and Interpretation	
What are the data validation requirements for this region?	<p>Organic: The organic data were analyzed following USEPA Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) Statement of Work (SOW) OLM03.2. They were validated following USEPA CLP National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review, Multi-Media, Multi-Concentration (OLM01.0) and Low Concentration Water, December 1990, Revised June 1991, for data prepared under USEPA CLP SOW for Organic Analysis Multi-Media, Multi-Concentration, Doc. No. OLM03.2, or most recent and USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedures and Checklists for Organic Analysis (SOP HW-6, Revision 11 of 6/96).</p> <p>Inorganic: The inorganic data were analyzed following USEPA CLP SOW ILM04.0. They were validated following Laboratory Data Validation Functional Guidelines for Evaluating Inorganic Analysis, October 1989 Revision for Data Prepared Under USEPA CLP SOW for Inorganic Analysis, Multi-Media, Multi-Concentration, Doc. No. ILM04.0, or most recent and USEPA Region II Standard Operating Procedures and Checklists for Inorganic Analysis (SOP HW-2, Revision 11 of 1/92).</p>
What method or guidance was used to validate the data?	The validation requirements described above were used to validate the data.
Was the data validation method consistent with regional guidance? Discuss any discrepancies.	Yes.

DATA USEABILITY WORKSHEET (continued)
Site: Welsbach/General Gas Mantle
Medium: Soil - Chemical

Requirement	Comment
Were all data qualifiers defined? Discuss those which were not.	Yes, they are defined in CLP SOWs described above.
Which qualifiers represent useable data?	All data except rejected "R" data are useable.
Which qualifiers represent unuseable data?	"R".
How are tentatively identified compounds handled?	Any tentatively identified compounds (TICs) that are detected in the blanks or are instrument artifacts are rejected "R". For the remaining TICs, all calculations and spectra are reviewed. Non-identified TICs are qualified as both estimated "J" and tentatively identified "N".
Summarize the effect of data validation and interpretation issues on the risk assessment, if applicable.	Any data that is qualified as rejected "R" is not used in the risk assessment.
<p>Additional notes:</p> <p>Why were the Semi-Volatile, Pesticide/PCBs, and Inorganic fractions of sample WG-SB-18-04 and the Pesticide/PCBs and Inorganic fractions of sample WG-SB-18-05 not analyzed, respectively?</p> <p>Why were certain Semi-Volatile Organic compounds qualified as rejected ("R") in the data results for sample WG-SB-18-05?</p>	<p>The fractions were not analyzed due to insufficient sample volume.</p> <p>The compounds were rejected since the chemical analysis did not pass USEPA QA/QC due to low surrogate recoveries.</p>

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ToxFAQs

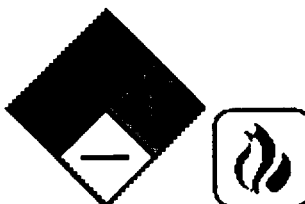
Antimony

CAS# 7440-36-0

September 1995

Antimony

Sb

[GIF Image](#)[XYZ File](#)

NFPA Label Key

[Material Safety Data Sheet](#)
(University of Utah)

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

This fact sheet answers the most frequently asked health questions about antimony. For more information, you may call the ATSDR Information Center at 1-800-447-1544. This fact sheet is one in a series of summaries about hazardous substances and their health effects. This information is important because this substance may harm you. The effects of exposure to any hazardous substance depend on the dose, the duration, how you are exposed, personal traits and habits, and whether other chemicals are present.

SUMMARY: Exposure to antimony occurs in the workplace or from skin contact with soil at hazardous waste sites. Breathing high levels of antimony for a long time can irritate the eyes and lungs, and can cause problems with the lungs, heart, and stomach. This chemical has been found in at least 403 of 1,416 National Priorities List sites identified by the Environmental Protection Agency.

What is antimony? (Pronounced an'ti-mo-nee)

Antimony is a silvery-white metal that is found in the earth's crust. Antimony ores are mined and then mixed with other metals to form antimony alloys or combined with oxygen to form antimony oxide.

Little antimony is currently mined in the United States. It is brought into this country from other countries for processing. However, there are companies in the United States that produce antimony as a by-product of smelting lead and other metals.

Antimony isn't used alone because it breaks easily, but when mixed into alloys, it is used in lead storage batteries, solder, sheet and pipe metal, bearings, castings, and pewter. Antimony oxide is added to

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textiles and plastics to prevent them from catching fire. It is also used in paints, ceramics, and fireworks, and as enamels for plastics, metal, and glass.

What happens to antimony when it enters the environment?

- Antimony is released to the environment from natural sources and from industry.
- In the air, antimony is attached to very small particles that may stay in the air for many days.
- Most antimony ends up in soil, where it attaches strongly to particles that contain iron, manganese, or aluminum.
- Antimony is found at low levels in some rivers, lakes, and streams.

How might I be exposed to antimony?

- Because antimony is found naturally in the environment, the general population is exposed to low levels of it every day, primarily in food, drinking water, and air.
- It may be found in air near industries that process or release it, such as smelters, coal-fired plants, and refuse incinerators.
- In polluted areas containing high levels of antimony, it may be found in the air, water, and soil.
- Workers in industries that process it or use antimony ore may be exposed to higher levels.

How can antimony affect my health?

Exposure to antimony at high levels can result in a variety of adverse health effects.

Breathing high levels for a long time can irritate your eyes and lungs and can cause heart and lung problems, stomach pain, diarrhea, vomiting, and stomach ulcers.

In short-term studies, animals that breathed very high levels of antimony died. Animals that breathed high levels had lung, heart, liver, and kidney damage. In long-term studies, animals that breathed very low levels of antimony had eye irritation, hair loss, lung damage, and heart problems. Problems with fertility were also noted. In animal studies, problems with fertility have been seen when rats breathed very high levels of antimony for a few months.

Ingesting large doses of antimony can cause vomiting. We don't know what other effects may be caused by ingesting it. Long-term animal studies have reported liver damage and blood changes when animals ingested antimony. Antimony can irritate the skin if it is left on it.

Antimony can have beneficial effects when used for medical reasons. It has been used as a medicine to treat people infected with parasites.

How likely is antimony to cause cancer?

The Department of Health and Human Services, the International Agency for Research on Cancer, and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) have not classified antimony as to its human carcinogenicity.

Lung cancer has been observed in some studies of rats that breathed high levels of antimony. No human studies are available. We don't know whether antimony will cause cancer in people.

Is there a medical test to show whether I've been exposed to antimony?

Tests are available to measure antimony levels in the body. Antimony can be measured in the urine, feces, and blood for several days after exposure. However, these tests cannot tell you how much antimony you have been exposed to or whether you will experience any health effects. Some tests are not usually performed in most doctors' offices and may require special equipment to conduct them.

Has the federal government made recommendations to protect human health?

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The EPA allows 0.006 parts of antimony per million parts of drinking water (0.006 ppm). The EPA requires that discharges or spills into the environment of 5,000 pounds or more of antimony be reported.

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has set an occupational exposure limit of 0.5 milligrams of antimony per cubic meter of air (0.5 mg/m³) for an 8-hour workday, 40-hour workweek.

The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) and the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) currently recommend the same guidelines for the workplace as OSHA.

Glossary

Carcinogenicity:

Ability to cause cancer.

Ingestion:

Taking food or drink into your body.

Long-term:

Lasting one year or more.

Milligram (mg):

One thousandth of a gram.

Parasite:

An organism living in or on another organism.

PPM:

Parts per million.

Short-term:

Lasting 14 days or less.

References

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR). 1992. Toxicological profile for antimony. Atlanta, GA: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Where can I get more information?

ATSDR can tell you where to find occupational and environmental health clinics. Their specialists can recognize, evaluate, and treat illnesses resulting from exposure to hazardous substances. You can also contact your community or state health or environmental quality department if you have any more questions or concerns.

For more information, contact:

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry
Division of Toxicology
1600 Clifton Road NE, Mailstop E-29
Atlanta, GA 30333
Phone: 1-800-447-1544
FAX: 404-639-6315



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300849

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Last Update: September 1, 1995

300850



ToxFAQs

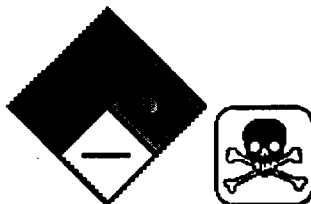
Arsenic

CAS# 7440-38-2

April 1993

Arsenic

As

[GIF Image](#)[XYZ File](#)[NFPA Label Key](#)[Material Safety Data Sheet](#)
(University of Utah)

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

This fact sheet answers the most frequently asked health questions about arsenic. For more information, you may call the ATSDR Information Center at 1-800-447-1544. This fact sheet is one in a series of summaries about hazardous substances and their health effects. This information is important because this substance may harm you. The effects of exposure to any hazardous substance depend on the dose, the duration, how you are exposed, personal traits and habits, and whether other chemicals are present.

SUMMARY: Exposure to higher than average levels of arsenic happens mostly in the workplace, near hazardous waste sites, or in areas with high natural levels. Arsenic is a powerful poison. At high levels, it can cause death or illness. This chemical has been found in at least 781 of 1,300 National Priorities List sites identified by the Environmental Protection Agency.

What is arsenic? (Pronounced ar' se-nik)

Arsenic is found in nature at low levels. It's mostly in compounds with oxygen, chlorine, and sulfur. These are called inorganic arsenic compounds. Arsenic in plants and animals combines with carbon and hydrogen. This is called organic arsenic. Organic arsenic is usually less harmful than inorganic arsenic.

Most arsenic compounds have no smell or special taste.

Inorganic arsenic compounds are mainly used to preserve wood. They are also used to make insecticides and weed killers. You can check the labels of treated wood and insecticides to see if they contain arsenic.

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Copper and lead ores contain small amounts of arsenic.

What happens to arsenic when it enters the environment?

- It doesn't evaporate.
- Most arsenic compounds can dissolve in water.
- It gets into air when contaminated materials are burned.
- It settles from the air to the ground.
- It doesn't break down, but can change from one form to another.
- Fish and shellfish build up organic arsenic in their tissues, but most of the arsenic in fish isn't toxic.

How might I be exposed to arsenic?

- Breathing sawdust or burning smoke from wood containing arsenic
- Breathing workplace air
- Ingesting contaminated water, soil, or air at waste sites
- Ingesting contaminated water, soil, or air near areas naturally high in arsenic

How can arsenic affect my health?

Inorganic arsenic is a human poison. Organic arsenic is less harmful.

High levels of inorganic arsenic in food or water can be fatal. A high level is 60 parts of arsenic per million parts of food or water (60 ppm). Arsenic damages many tissues including nerves, stomach and intestines, and skin. Breathing high levels can give you a sore throat and irritated lungs.

Lower levels of exposure to inorganic arsenic may cause:

- Nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea
- Decreased production of red and white blood cells
- Abnormal heart rhythm
- Blood vessel damage
- A "pins and needles" sensation in hands and feet

Long term exposure to inorganic arsenic may lead to a darkening of the skin and the appearance of small "corns" or "warts" on the palms, soles, and torso.

Direct skin contact may cause redness and swelling.

How likely is arsenic to cause cancer?

The Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) has determined that arsenic is a known carcinogen. Breathing inorganic arsenic increases the risk of lung cancer. Ingesting inorganic arsenic increases the risk of skin cancer and tumors of the bladder, kidney, liver, and lung.

Is there a medical test to show whether I've been exposed to arsenic?

Tests can measure your exposure to high levels of arsenic. These tests are not routinely performed in a doctor's office.

Arsenic can be measured in your urine. This is the most reliable test for arsenic exposure. Since arsenic stays in the body only short time, you must have the test soon after exposure.

Tests on hair or fingernails can measure your exposure to high levels of arsenic over the past 6-12 months. These tests are not very useful for low level exposures.

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These tests do not predict whether you will have any harmful health effects.

Has the federal government made recommendations to protect human health?

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) sets limits on the amount of arsenic that industrial sources can release. It restricted or canceled many uses of arsenic in pesticides and may restrict more. EPA set a limit of 0.05 parts per million (ppm) for arsenic in drinking water. EPA may lower this further.

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) established a maximum permissible exposure limit for workplace airborne arsenic of 10 micrograms per cubic meter ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$).

Glossary

Carcinogen:

Substance that can cause cancer.

Ingesting:

Taking food or drink into your body.

PPM:

Parts per million.

Microgram (μg):

One millionth of a gram.

References

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR). 1993. Toxicological profile for arsenic. Atlanta: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR). 1993. Case studies in environmental medicine: Arsenic toxicity. Atlanta: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Where can I get more information?

ATSDR can tell you where to find occupational and environmental health clinics. Their specialists can recognize, evaluate, and treat illnesses resulting from exposure to hazardous substances. You can also contact your community or state health or environmental quality department if you have any more questions or concerns. For more information, contact:

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300853

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300854



ToxFAQs

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)

CAS# 130498-29-2

September 1996

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons

There is no molecular representation since this substance is a mixture of many compounds.



Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

This fact sheet answers the most frequently asked health questions about polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. For more information, you may call the ATSDR Information Center at 1-800-447-1544. This fact sheet is one in a series of summaries about hazardous substances and their health effects. This information is important because these substances may harm you. The effects of exposure to any hazardous substance depend on the dose, the duration, how you are exposed, personal traits and habits, and whether other chemicals are present.

SUMMARY: Exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons usually occurs by breathing air contaminated by wild fires or coal tar, or by eating foods that have been grilled. PAHs have been found in at least 600 of the 1,430 National Priorities List sites identified by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

What are polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons?

Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) are a group of over 100 different chemicals that are formed during the incomplete burning of coal, oil and gas, garbage, or other organic substances like tobacco or charbroiled meat. PAHs are usually found as a mixture containing two or more of these compounds, such as soot.

Some PAHs are manufactured. These pure PAHs usually exist as colorless, white, or pale yellow-green solids. PAHs are found in coal tar, crude oil, creosote, and roofing tar, but a few are used in medicines or to make dyes, plastics, and pesticides.

What happens to PAHs when they enter the environment?

- PAHs enter the air mostly as releases from volcanoes, forest fires, burning coal, and automobile exhaust.

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- PAHs can occur in air attached to dust particles.
- Some PAH particles can readily evaporate into the air from soil or surface waters.
- PAHs can break down by reacting with sunlight and other chemicals in the air, over a period of days to weeks.
- PAHs enter water through discharges from industrial and wastewater treatment plants.
- Most PAHs do not dissolve easily in water. They stick to solid particles and settle to the bottoms of lakes or rivers.
- Microorganisms can break down PAHs in soil or water after a period of weeks to months.
- In soils, PAHs are most likely to stick tightly to particles; certain PAHs move through soil to contaminate underground water.
- PAH contents of plants and animals may be much higher than PAH contents of soil or water in which they live.

How might I be exposed to PAHs?

- Breathing air containing PAHs in the workplace of coking, coal-tar, and asphalt production plants; smokehouses; and municipal trash incineration facilities.
- Breathing air containing PAHs from cigarette smoke, wood smoke, vehicle exhausts, asphalt roads, or agricultural burn smoke.
- Coming in contact with air, water, or soil near hazardous waste sites.
- Eating grilled or charred meats; contaminated cereals, flour, bread, vegetables, fruits, meats; and processed or pickled foods.
- Drinking contaminated water or cow's milk.
- Nursing infants of mothers living near hazardous waste sites may be exposed to PAHs through their mother's milk.

How can PAHs affect my health?

Mice that were fed **high levels** of one PAH during pregnancy had difficulty reproducing and so did their offspring. These offspring also had higher rates of birth defects and lower body weights. It is not known whether these effects occur in people.

Animal studies have also shown that PAHs can cause harmful effects on the skin, body fluids, and ability to fight disease after both **short-** and **long-term** exposure. But these effects have not been seen in people.

How likely are PAHs to cause cancer?

The **Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS)** has determined that some PAHs may reasonably be expected to be carcinogens.

Some people who have breathed or touched mixtures of PAHs and other chemicals for **long periods** of time have developed cancer. Some PAHs have caused cancer in laboratory animals when they breathed air containing them (lung cancer), ingested them in food (stomach cancer), or had them applied to their skin (skin cancer).

Is there a medical test to show whether I've been exposed to PAHs?

In the body, PAHs are changed into chemicals that can attach to substances within the body. There are special tests that can detect PAHs attached to these substances in body tissues or blood. However, these tests cannot tell whether any health effects will occur or find out the extent or source of your exposure to the PAHs. The tests aren't usually available in your doctor's office because special equipment is needed to conduct them.

Has the federal government made recommendations to protect human health?

The **Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)** has set a limit of 0.2 milligrams of

300856

PAHs per cubic meter of air (0.2 mg/m^3). The OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) for mineral oil mist that contains PAHs is 5 mg/m^3 averaged over an 8-hour exposure period.

The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) recommends that the average workplace air levels for coal tar products not exceed 0.1 mg/m^3 for a 10-hour workday, within a 40-hour workweek. There are other limits for workplace exposure for things that contain PAHs, such as coal, coal tar, and mineral oil.

Glossary

Carcinogen:

A substance that can cause cancer.

Ingest:

Take food or drink into your body.

References

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR). 1995. Toxicological profile for polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. Atlanta, GA: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Where can I get more information?

ATSDR can tell you where to find occupational and environmental health clinics. Their specialists can recognize, evaluate, and treat illnesses resulting from exposure to hazardous substances. You can also contact your community or state health or environmental quality department if you have any more questions or concerns.

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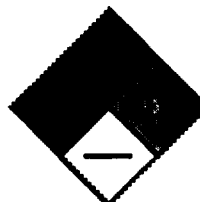
ToxFAQs

Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

CAS# 1336-36-3

September 1997

Octachlorobiphenyl

 $C_{12}H_2Cl_8$ [Stereo Image](#)[XYZ File](#)

NFPA Label Key

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

This fact sheet answers the most frequently asked health questions (FAQs) about polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs). For more information, call the ATSDR Information Center at 1-800-447-1544. This fact sheet is one in a series of summaries about hazardous substances and their health effects. It's important you understand this information because this substance may harm you. The effects of exposure to any hazardous substance depend on the dose, the duration, how you are exposed, personal traits and habits, and whether other chemicals are present.

HIGHLIGHTS: Polychlorinated biphenyls are a mixture of individual chemicals which are no longer produced in the United States, but are still found in the environment. Polychlorinated biphenyls can cause irritation of the nose and throat, and acne and rashes. They have been shown to cause cancer in animal studies. Polychlorinated biphenyls have been found in at least 383 of the 1,430 National Priorities List sites identified by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

What are polychlorinated biphenyls?

Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) are a group of manufactured organic chemicals that contain 209 individual chlorinated chemicals (known as congeners). PCBs are either oily liquids or solids and are colorless to light yellow in color. They have no known smell or taste. There are no known natural sources of PCBs. Some commercial PCB mixtures are known in the United States by their industrial trade name, Aroclor.

PCBs don't burn easily and are good insulating material. They have been used widely as coolants and lubricants in transformers, capacitors, and other electrical equipment. The manufacture of PCBs stopped in the United States in 1977 because of evidence that they build up in the environment and cause harmful effects. Products containing PCBs are old fluorescent lighting fixtures, electrical appliances

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containing PCB capacitors, old microscope oil, and hydraulic fluids.

What happens to PCBs when they enter the environment?

- Before 1977, PCBs entered the air, water, and soil during their manufacture and use.
- Today, PCBs can be released into the environment from hazardous waste sites that contain PCBs, illegal or improper dumping of PCB wastes, and leaks from electrical transformers containing PCBs.
- PCBs may be carried long distances in the air; they remain in the air for approximately 10 days.
- In water, a small amount of the PCBs may remain dissolved, but most sticks to organic particles and sediments.
- PCBs in water build up in fish and marine mammals and can reach levels thousands of times higher than the levels in water.

How might I be exposed to PCBs?

- Using old fluorescent lighting fixtures and old appliances such as television sets and refrigerators; these may leak small amounts of PCBs into the air when they get hot during operation
- Eating food, including fish, meat and dairy products containing PCBs
- Breathing air near hazardous waste sites that contain PCBs
- Drinking PCB-contaminated well water
- Repairing or maintaining PCB transformers

How can PCBs affect my health?

Animal testing is sometimes necessary to find out how toxic substances might harm people or to treat those who have been exposed. Laws today protect the welfare of research animals and scientists must follow strict guidelines.

People exposed to PCBs in the air for a long time have experienced irritation of the nose and lungs, and skin irritations, such as acne and rashes.

It is not known whether PCBs may cause birth defects or reproductive problems in people. Some studies have shown that babies born to women who consumed PCB-contaminated fish had problems with their nervous systems at birth. However, it is not known whether these problems were definitely due to PCBs or other chemicals.

Animals that breathed very high levels of PCBs had liver and kidney damage, while animals that ate food with large amounts of PCBs had mild liver damage. Animals that ate food with smaller amounts of PCBs had liver, stomach, and thyroid gland injuries, and anemia, acne, and problems with their reproductive systems. Skin exposure to PCBs in animals resulted in liver, kidney, and skin damage.

How likely are PCBs to cause cancer?

It is not known whether PCBs causes cancer in people. In a long-term (365 days or longer) study, PCBs caused cancer of the liver in rats that ate certain PCB mixtures.

The **Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS)** has determined that PCBs may reasonably be anticipated to be carcinogens.

Is there a medical test to show whether I've been exposed to PCBs?

There are tests to find out if PCBs are in your blood, body fat, and breast milk. Blood tests are probably the easiest, safest, and best method for detecting recent exposures to large amounts of PCBs.

However, since all people in the industrial countries have some PCBs in their bodies, these tests can only show if you have been exposed to higher-than-normal levels of PCBs. However, these measurements cannot determine the exact amount or type of PCBs you have been exposed to or how

long you have been exposed. In addition, they cannot predict whether you will experience any harmful health effects.

Has the federal government made recommendations to protect human health?

The **EPA** has set a maximum contaminant level of 0.0005 milligrams PCBs per liter of drinking water (0.0005 mg/L). The **EPA** requires that spills or accidental releases into the environment of 1 pound or more of PCBs be reported to the **EPA**.

The **Food and Drug Administration (FDA)** requires that milk, eggs, other dairy products, poultry fat, fish, shellfish, and infant foods contain not more than 0.2–3 parts of PCBs per million parts (0.2–3 ppm) of food.

Glossary

Carcinogen:

A substance with the ability to cause cancer

CAS:

Chemical Abstracts Service

Milligram (mg):

One thousandth of a gram

PPM:

Parts per million

Reference

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry. 1996. Toxicological profile for polychlorinated biphenyls (update). Atlanta, GA; U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Where can I get more information?

ATSDR can tell you where to find occupational and environmental health clinics. Their specialists can recognize, evaluate, and treat illnesses resulting from exposure to hazardous substances. You can also contact your community or state health or environmental quality department if you have any more questions or concerns.

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300860

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300861



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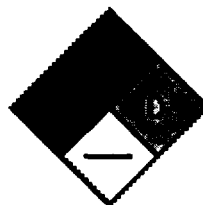
Selenium

CAS# 7782-49-2

September 1997

Selenium

Se

[GIF Image](#)[XYZ File](#)

NFPA Label Key

[Material Safety Data Sheet](#)
(University of Utah)

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

This fact sheet answers the most frequently asked health questions (FAQs) about selenium. For more information, call the ATSDR Information Center at 1-800-447-1544. This fact sheet is one in a series of summaries about hazardous substances and their health effects. It's important you understand this information because this substance may harm you. The effects of exposure to any hazardous substance depend on the dose, the duration, how you are exposed, personal traits and habits, and whether other chemicals are present.

HIGHLIGHTS: Selenium is an essential metal that helps prevent damage caused by oxygen. Most diets in the United States provide selenium at or above the daily requirement. Too much selenium can cause brittle hair, deformed nails, and loss of feeling and control in the arms and legs. Selenium has been found in at least 367 of the 1,430 National Priorities List sites identified by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

What is selenium?

Selenium is a metal commonly found in rocks and soil. In the environment, selenium is not often found in the pure form. Much of the selenium in rocks is combined with sulfide minerals or with silver, copper, lead, and nickel minerals. Selenium and oxygen combine to form several compounds.

Selenium sulfide is a bright red-yellow powder used in anti-dandruff shampoo. Industrially produced hydrogen selenide is a colorless gas with a disagreeable odor. It is probably the only selenium compound that might pose a health concern in the workplace.

Selenium dioxide is an industrially produced compound that dissolves in water to form selenious acid.

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Selenious acid can be found in gun blueing (a solution used to clean the metal parts of a gun).

What happens to selenium when it enters the environment?

- Small selenium particles in the air settle to the ground or are taken out of the air in rain.
- Soluble selenium compounds in agricultural fields can leave the field in irrigation drainage water.
- Selenium can collect in animals that live in water containing high levels of it.

How might I be exposed to selenium?

- By breathing air that contains selenium
- By eating food, drinking water, or taking dietary supplements that contain it

How can selenium affect my health?

People exposed to very high levels of selenium in have reported dizziness, fatigue, irritation, collection of fluid in the lungs, and severe bronchitis. The exact levels at which these effects occur are not known. Upon contact with skin, selenium compounds have caused rashes, swelling, and pain.

In the United States, selenium in most diets is usually enough to meet the daily requirement of this essential metal. In regions of China where soil levels of selenium are very low, diets lacking selenium have resulted in heart problems and muscle pain.

Selenium compounds can be harmful at daily dietary levels 5–10 times higher than the daily requirement. Accidentally swallowing a large amount of selenium (for example, a very large quantity of selenium supplement pills) could be life-threatening without immediate medical treatment.

If too much selenium is eaten over long periods of time, brittle hair and deformed nails can develop. People may also lose feeling and control in the arms and legs.

Very high amounts of selenium resulted in reproductive effects in rats and monkeys. It is not known if reproductive effects would occur in humans exposed to similar levels.

Exposure to high levels of selenium compounds caused malformations in birds, but selenium has not been shown to cause birth defects in humans or in other mammals.

How likely is selenium to cause cancer?

The **Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS)** has determined that selenium sulfide is reasonably anticipated to be a carcinogen. This compound has produced liver tumors in rats and mice and lung tumors in mice fed daily at very high levels.

Selenium sulfide is very different from the selenium compounds found in foods and in the environment. Selenium sulfide has not caused cancer in animals when it is placed on the skin, and the use of anti-dandruff shampoos containing selenium sulfide is considered safe.

The **EPA** believes that other selenium compounds are not classifiable with regard to their carcinogenicity. Studies of laboratory animals and people show that most selenium compounds probably do not cause cancer. In fact, studies of cancer in humans suggest that lower-than-normal selenium levels in the diet might increase the risk of cancer and studies in animals have shown that selenium has anticarcinogenic effects.

Is there a medical test to show whether I've been exposed to selenium?

Selenium can be measured in blood, urine, and nails of exposed individuals. However, since selenium is essential and normally present in foods, low levels are always found in body tissues and urine.

Tests are most useful for people who have recently been exposed to high levels. Urine is used to

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determine short-term exposure. Nail clippings can be used to determine longer-term exposure. These tests aren't available at most doctors' offices, but can be done at special laboratories that have the right equipment.

Has the federal government made recommendations to protect human health?

The **EPA** maximum contaminant level (MCL) for selenium in drinking water is 50 parts of selenium per billion parts of water (50 ppb). The **Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)** exposure limit for selenium compounds in workplace air is 0.2 milligrams of selenium per cubic meter of air (0.2 mg/m³) for an 8-hour day over a 40-hour workweek.

Glossary

Anticarcinogenic:

The ability to prevent cancer

Carcinogen:

A substance with the ability to cause cancer

CAS:

Chemical Abstracts Service

Source of Information

This ToxFAQs information is taken from the 1996 Toxicological Profile for Selenium produced by the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, Public Health Service, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service in Atlanta, GA.

Animal testing is sometimes necessary to find out how toxic substances might harm people and how to treat people who have been exposed. Laws today protect the welfare of research animals and scientists must follow strict guidelines.

Where can I get more information?

ATSDR can tell you where to find occupational and environmental health clinics. Their specialists can recognize, evaluate, and treat illnesses resulting from exposure to hazardous substances. You can also contact your community or state health or environmental quality department if you have any more questions or concerns.

For more information, contact:

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry
Division of Toxicology
1600 Clifton Road NE, Mailstop E-29
Atlanta, GA 30333
Phone: 1-800-447-1544
Fax: 404-639-6359



**U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Public Health Service
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry**

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300864

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ToxFAQs

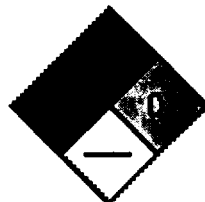
Thallium

CAS# 7440-28-0

September 1995

Thallium

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[GIF Image](#)[XYZ File](#)

NFPA Label Key

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

This fact sheet answers the most frequently asked health questions about thallium. For more information, you may call the ATSDR Information Center at 1-800-447-1544. This fact sheet is one in a series of summaries about hazardous substances and their health effects. This information is important because this substance may harm you. The effects of exposure to any hazardous substance depend on the dose, the duration, how you are exposed, personal traits and habits, and whether other chemicals are present.

SUMMARY: Exposure to thallium occurs mainly from eating food. Exposure to higher levels of thallium may occur in the workplace. Breathing high levels of thallium may result in effects on the nervous system, while ingesting high levels of it results in vomiting, diarrhea, temporary hair loss, and other effects. This chemical has been found in at least 210 of 1,416 National Priorities List sites identified by the Environmental Protection Agency.

What is thallium? (Pronounced thal'e-um)

Pure thallium is a bluish-white metal that is found in trace amounts in the earth's crust. In the past, thallium was obtained as a by-product from smelting other metals; however, it has not been produced in the United States since 1984. Currently, all the thallium is obtained from imports and from thallium reserves.

In its pure form, thallium is odorless and tasteless. It can also be found combined with other substances such as bromine, chlorine, fluorine, and iodine. When it's combined, it appears colorless-to-white or yellow.

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Thallium is used mostly in manufacturing electronic devices, switches, and closures, primarily for the semiconductor industry. It also has limited use in the manufacture of special glass and for certain medical procedures.

What happens to thallium when it enters the environment?

- Thallium enters the environment primarily from coal-burning and smelting, in which it is a trace contaminant of the raw materials.
- It stays in the air, water, and soil for a long time and is not broken down.
- Some thallium compounds are removed from the atmosphere in rain and snow.
- It's absorbed by plants and enters the food chain.
- It builds up in fish and shellfish.

How might I be exposed to thallium?

- Eating food contaminated with thallium may be a major source of exposure for most people
- Breathing workplace air in industries that use thallium
- Smoking cigarettes
- Living near hazardous waste sites containing thallium (may result in higher than normal exposures)
- Touching or, for children, eating soil contaminated with thallium
- Breathing low levels of thallium in air and water.

How can thallium affect my health?

Exposure to high levels of thallium can result in harmful health effects. A study on workers exposed on the job over several years reported nervous system effects, such as numbness of fingers and toes, from breathing thallium.

Studies in people who ingested large amounts of thallium over a short time have reported vomiting, diarrhea, temporary hair loss, and effects on the nervous system, lungs, heart, liver, and kidneys. It has caused death. It is not known what the effects are from ingesting low levels of thallium over a long time.

Birth defects were not reported in the children of mothers exposed to low levels from eating vegetables and fruits contaminated with thallium. Studies in rats, however, exposed to high levels of thallium, showed adverse developmental effects.

It is not known if breathing or ingesting thallium affects human reproduction. Studies showed that rats that ingested thallium for several weeks had some adverse reproductive effects. Animal data suggest that the male reproductive system may be susceptible to damage by low levels of thallium.

There is no information available on the health effects of skin contact with thallium in people or animals.

How likely is thallium to cause cancer?

The Department of Health and Human Services, the International Agency for Research on Cancer, and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) have not classified thallium as to its human carcinogenicity.

No studies are available in people or animals on the carcinogenic effects of breathing, ingesting, or touching thallium.

Is there a medical test to show whether I've been exposed to thallium?

There are medical tests available to measure levels of thallium in urine and hair. In addition, thallium can also be measured in blood; however, this is not a good indicator of exposure since thallium only stays in blood a very short time.

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These tests require special equipment that is not usually available in most doctor's offices. In addition, these tests cannot determine if adverse health effects will occur from the exposure to thallium.

Has the federal government made recommendations to protect human health?

The EPA requires that discharges or accidental spills into the environment of 1,000 pounds or more of thallium be reported.

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has set an exposure limit of 0.1 milligrams per cubic meter (0.1 mg/m³) for thallium in workplace air.

The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has established the same guidelines as OSHA for the workplace.

The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended that 15 mg/m³ of thallium be considered immediately dangerous to life and health. This is the exposure level of a chemical that is likely to cause permanent health problems or death.

Glossary

Carcinogenicity:

Ability to cause cancer.

Ingesting:

Taking food or drink into your body.

Milligram (mg):

One thousandth of a gram.

References

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR). 1992. Toxicological profile for thallium. Atlanta, GA: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Where can I get more information?

ATSDR can tell you where to find occupational and environmental health clinics. Their specialists can recognize, evaluate, and treat illnesses resulting from exposure to hazardous substances. You can also contact your community or state health or environmental quality department if you have any more questions or concerns.

For more information, contact:

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry
Division of Toxicology
1600 Clifton Road NE, Mailstop E-29
Atlanta, GA 30333
Phone: 1-800-447-1544
FAX: 404-639-6315



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Public Health Service
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry**

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**TABLE C-3-1
RESRAD PARAMETER VALUES**

PARAMETER	VALUE	SOURCE
Contaminated Zone		
Area (commercial, recreational)	10,000 m ²	Default
Area (residential)	1,000 m ²	Site-Specific
Thickness	1 m	Site-Specific
Length parallel to aquifer flow	100 m	Site-Specific
Density	1.5 g/cm ³	Site-Specific
Erosion Rate	0.001 m/y	Site-Specific
Total Porosity	0.41	Site-Specific
Effective Porosity	0.32	Site-Specific
Hydraulic Conductivity	1,100 m/y	Default
Zone b parameter	4.05	Site-Specific
Evapotranspiration coefficient	0.5	Default
Precipitation	1.1 m/y	Default
Irrigation	0.2 m/y	Default
Runoff coefficient	0.8	Default
Watershed area for nearby stream or pond	362,600 m ²	Site-Specific
Accuracy for water/soil computations	0.001	Default
Cover Zone		
Depth	0/0.08 m	Site-Specific
Density	2.34 g/cm ³	Site-Specific
Erosion Rate	0	Site-Specific
Saturated Zone		
Density	1.5 g/m ³	Default
Total Porosity	0.41	Site-Specific
Effective Porosity	0.32	Site-Specific
Hydraulic Conductivity	11,000 m/y	Site-Specific
Hydraulic Gradient	0.02	Default
Zone b parameter	4.05	Site-Specific
Water table drop rate	0.001 m/y	Default
Well Pump Intake Depth	0.00001 m below water table	Default
Well Pump Rate	0 cm ³ /y	Site-Specific
Unsaturated Zone		
Thickness	4 m	Default
Density	1.5 g/cm ³	Default
Total Porosity	0.41	Site-Specific
Effective Porosity	0.32	Site-Specific
Hydraulic Conductivity	1,100 m/y	Site-Specific
Zone b parameter	4.05	Site-Specific

TABLE C-3-1 (continued)
RESRAD PARAMETER VALUES

Inhalation		
Mass loading	0.0002 g/m ³	Default
Dilution length for airborne dust	3 m	Default
Inhalation-Shielding Factor	0.4	Default
External Radiation		
External Gamma Shielding Fraction	0.8	RAGS Default
Ingestion		
Fruit, vegetable, grain	36.75 kg/y adult 17.85 kg/y	RAGS Default RAGS Default
Leafy vegetables	5.95 kg/y child 1.4 kg/y	RAGS Default RAGS Default
Soil	100 mg/d adult 200 mg/d child	RAGS Default RAGS Default
Mass loading for foliar deposition	0.0001 g/m ³	Default
Depth of soil mixing layer	0.15 m	Default
Depth of roots	0.9 m	Default
Radon	defaults used for all parameters	

**TABLE C-3-2
RESRAD - PARAMETER VALUES**

PARAMETER	VALUE	SOURCE
Building		
Number of Rooms	1	Site-Specific
Deposition Velocity	0.01 m/s	Default
Resuspension Rate	0.0000005/s	Default
Air Exchange Rate	0.8/h	Default
Area	375 m ²	Site-Specific
Height	4 m	Site-Specific
Receptor Location	12.5, 7.5, 1 m (middle of room)	Site-Specific
Sources (all Area Sources)		
Walls	4	Site-Specific
Floor	1	Site-Specific
Columns	4	Site-Specific

TABLE C-3-3
RAGS / RESRAD COMPARISON OF RESULTS
WELSBACH

POPULATION	PATHWAY	NET RISK	
		RAGS	RESRAD
CONSTRUCTION WORKER	External	7.5E-04	7.3E-04
	Inhalation of Particulates	1.1E-03	4.1E-05
	Ingestion of Soil	3.1E-05	1.7E-06
SITE WORKER	External	5.7E-02	1.5E-02
OTHER WORKER	External	1.4E-02	4.0E-03

**TABLE C-3-4
RAGS / RESRAD COMPARISON OF RESULTS
GENERAL GAS MANTLE**

POPULATION	PATHWAY	NET RISK	
		RAGS	RESRAD
TRESPASSER	External	4.7E-05	2.0E-05
	Inhalation of Radon	2.5E-03	7.3E-06 *
	Ingestion of Soil	1.8E-06	2.3E-08
CONSTRUCTION WORKER	External	2.0E-05	1.9E-05
	Inhalation of Particulates	2.7E-05	9.4E-07
	Ingestion of Soil	6.9E-07	3.9E-08
SITE WORKER	External	1.2E-03	1.0E-04
	Inhalation of Radon	1.8E-01	3.7E-04 *
RESIDENT ADULT	External	8.5E-03	8.3E-03
	Inhalation of Radon	4.1E-03	4.1E-03
	Ingestion of Home Grown Produce	2.0E-05	5.2E-04
	Ingestion of Soil	2.5E-05	2.4E-05
RESIDENT CHILD	External	1.7E-03	1.6E-03
	Inhalation of Radon	4.7E-04	4.7E-04
	Ingestion of Home Grown Produce	1.6E-06	4.7E-05
	Ingestion of Soil	1.0E-05	9.7E-06

* = Calculated with RESRAD-BUILD.

TABLE C-3-5.1.
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
Receptor Population: Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	2.09E+02	pCi/g	2.09E+02	pCi/g	M	9.51E+02	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.0E-08
	Uranium 238 + D	1.43E+02	pCi/g	1.43E+02	pCi/g	M	6.52E+02	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.3E-05
	Radium 226 + D	6.98E+01	pCi/g	6.98E+01	pCi/g	M	3.18E+02	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.1E-03
	Radium 228 + D	1.33E+02	pCi/g	1.33E+02	pCi/g	M	6.05E+02	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	2.0E-03
	Thorium 228 + D	1.31E+02	pCi/g	1.31E+02	pCi/g	M	5.97E+02	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.7E-03
	Thorium 230	7.93E+01	pCi/g	7.93E+01	pCi/g	M	3.62E+02	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.6E-08
	Thorium 232 + D	1.47E+02	pCi/g	1.47E+02	pCi/g	M	6.72E+02	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.3E-08
	Lead 210 + D	6.98E+01	pCi/g	6.98E+01	pCi/g	M	3.18E+02	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.6E-08
Total Risk-All ROPC											7.9E-03

(1) M = Medium-Specific
BOLD = Arithmetic Average Concentration.

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TABLE C-3-5.2.
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Current / Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
Receptor Population: Other Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	2.09E+02	pCi/g	2.09E+02	pCi/g	M	2.38E+02	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	5.1E-09
	Uranium 238 + D	1.43E+02	pCi/g	1.43E+02	pCi/g	M	1.63E+02	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.1E-05
	Radium 226 + D	6.98E+01	pCi/g	6.98E+01	pCi/g	M	7.95E+01	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	5.4E-04
	Radium 228 + D	1.33E+02	pCi/g	1.33E+02	pCi/g	M	1.51E+02	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	5.0E-04
	Thorium 228 + D	1.31E+02	pCi/g	1.31E+02	pCi/g	M	1.49E+02	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	9.2E-04
	Thorium 230	7.93E+01	pCi/g	7.93E+01	pCi/g	M	9.04E+01	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.0E-09
	Thorium 232 + D	1.47E+02	pCi/g	1.47E+02	pCi/g	M	1.68E+02	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.3E-09
	Lead 210 + D	6.98E+01	pCi/g	6.98E+01	pCi/g	M	7.95E+01	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.2E-08
Total Risk-All ROPC											2.0E-03

(1) M = Medium-Specific

BOLD = Arithmetic Average Concentration.

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TABLE C-3-5.3
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Soil
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
External	Uranium 234	1.47E+02	pCi/g	1.47E+02	pCi/g	M	8.05E+00	pCi-year/g	2.14E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.7E-10
	Uranium 238 + D	1.24E+02	pCi/g	1.24E+02	pCi/g	M	6.77E+00	pCi-year/g	6.57E-08	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.4E-07
	Radium 226 + D	2.35E+02	pCi/g	2.35E+02	pCi/g	M	1.29E+01	pCi-year/g	6.74E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	8.7E-05
	Radium 228 + D	2.81E+02	pCi/g	2.81E+02	pCi/g	M	1.54E+01	pCi-year/g	3.28E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	5.0E-05
	Thorium 228 + D	2.67E+02	pCi/g	2.67E+02	pCi/g	M	1.46E+01	pCi-year/g	6.20E-06	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	9.1E-05
	Thorium 230	1.66E+02	pCi/g	1.66E+02	pCi/g	M	9.06E+00	pCi-year/g	4.40E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	4.0E-10
	Thorium 232 + D	3.11E+02	pCi/g	3.11E+02	pCi/g	M	1.70E+01	pCi-year/g	1.97E-11	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	3.4E-10
	Lead 210 + D	2.35E+02	pCi/g	2.35E+02	pCi/g	M	1.29E+01	pCi-year/g	1.45E-10	Risk/yr per pCi/g soil	1.9E-09
(Total)											2.3E-04
Ingestion	Uranium 234	1.47E+02	pCi/g	1.47E+02	pCi/g	M	4.24E+03	pCi	4.44E-11	Risk/pCi	1.9E-07
	Uranium 238 + D	1.24E+02	pCi/g	1.24E+02	pCi/g	M	3.56E+03	pCi	6.20E-11	Risk/pCi	2.2E-07
	Radium 226 + D	2.35E+02	pCi/g	2.35E+02	pCi/g	M	6.78E+03	pCi	2.96E-10	Risk/pCi	2.0E-06
	Radium 228 + D	2.81E+02	pCi/g	2.81E+02	pCi/g	M	8.09E+03	pCi	2.48E-10	Risk/pCi	2.0E-06
	Thorium 228 + D	2.67E+02	pCi/g	2.67E+02	pCi/g	M	7.69E+03	pCi	2.31E-10	Risk/pCi	1.8E-06
	Thorium 230	1.66E+02	pCi/g	1.66E+02	pCi/g	M	4.77E+03	pCi	3.75E-11	Risk/pCi	1.8E-07
	Thorium 232 + D	3.11E+02	pCi/g	3.11E+02	pCi/g	M	8.96E+03	pCi	3.28E-11	Risk/pCi	2.9E-07
	Lead 210 + D	2.35E+02	pCi/g	2.35E+02	pCi/g	M	6.78E+03	pCi	1.01E-09	Risk/pCi	6.8E-06
(Total)											1.4E-05

(1) M = Medium-Specific

BOLD = Arithmetic Average Concentration

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TABLE C-3-5.3 (continued)
RME
CALCULATION OF CANCER RISKS
REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE
WELSBACH

Scenario Timeframe: Future
Medium: Soil
Exposure Medium: Particulates
Exposure Point: Holt Cargo
Receptor Population: Construction Worker
Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Radionuclide of Potential Concern	Medium EPC Value	Medium EPC Units	Route EPC Value	Route EPC Units	EPC Selected for Risk Calculation (1)	Exposure	Exposure Units	Cancer Slope Factor	Cancer Slope Factor Units	Cancer Risk
Inhalation	Uranium 234	1.47E+02	pCi/g	7.66E-01	pCi/m ³	R	8.46E+02	pCi	1.40E-08	Risk/pCi	1.2E-05
	Uranium 238 + D	1.24E+02	pCi/g	6.45E-01	pCi/m ³	R	7.12E+02	pCi	1.24E-08	Risk/pCi	8.8E-06
	Radium 226 + D	2.35E+02	pCi/g	1.23E+00	pCi/m ³	R	1.35E+03	pCi	2.75E-09	Risk/pCi	3.7E-06
	Radium 228 + D	2.81E+02	pCi/g	1.46E+00	pCi/m ³	R	1.61E+03	pCi	9.94E-10	Risk/pCi	1.6E-06
	Thorium 228 + D	2.67E+02	pCi/g	1.39E+00	pCi/m ³	R	1.54E+03	pCi	9.68E-08	Risk/pCi	1.5E-04
	Thorium 230	1.66E+02	pCi/g	8.63E-01	pCi/m ³	R	9.53E+02	pCi	1.72E-08	Risk/pCi	1.6E-05
	Thorium 232 + D	3.11E+02	pCi/g	1.62E+00	pCi/m ³	R	1.79E+03	pCi	1.93E-08	Risk/pCi	3.5E-05
	Lead 210 + D	2.35E+02	pCi/g	1.23E+00	pCi/m ³	R	1.35E+03	pCi	3.86E-09	Risk/pCi	5.2E-06
(Total)											2.3E-04
Total Risk-All ROPC											4.7E-04

R = Route-Specific

BOLD = Arithmetic Average Concentration.

300878

**TABLE C-3-6
COMPARISON OF RISK RESULTS WHEN MAXIMUM
DETECTED CONCENTRATIONS* ARE REPLACED WITH
ARITHMETIC AVERAGE CONCENTRATIONS
WELSBACH**

POPULATION	ROPC	EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION		TOTAL NET RISK	
		MAXIMUM pCi/g	AVERAGE pCi/g	MAXIMUM	AVERAGE
CONSTRUCTION WORKER	U-234	852	147	7.0E-05	1.2E-05
	U-238	852	124	6.6E-05	9.4E-06
	Ra-228	1280	281	2.5E-04	5.4E-05
	Th-228	1260	267	1.1E-03	2.4E-04
	Th-230	852	166	8.5E-05	1.6E-05
	Th-232	1340	311	1.5E-04	3.4E-05
SITE WORKER	Ra-228	1280	133	1.9E-02	2.1E-03
	Th-228	1260	131	3.6E-02	3.6E-03
	Th-230	852	79	1.7E-07	1.6E-08
	Th-232	1340	147	1.2E-07	1.3E-08
OTHER WORKER	Ra-228	1280	133	4.8E-03	4.9E-04
	Th-228	1260	131	8.9E-03	9.1E-04
	Th-230	852	79	4.3E-08	3.9E-09
	Th-232	1340	147	3.0E-08	3.3E-09

* = Maximum detected concentration used as exposure point concentration when less than the calculated 95% UCL on the arithmetic average concentration.

300879

**TABLE C-3-7
COMPARISON OF RISK RESULTS
RAGS vs. RAGS-ADJUSTED
WELSBACH**

POPULATION	TOTAL NET RISK	
	RAGS	RAGS-ADJUSTED
CONSTRUCTION WORKER	1.9E-03	4.7E-04
SITE WORKER	5.7E-02	7.7E-03
OTHER WORKER	1.4E-02	1.9E-03

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**TABLE C-6-1
EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION AT VICINITY PROPERTIES**

LOCATION	RADIONUCLIDE	EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (pCi/g)	BASIS (pCi/g)
RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES	U-234	9.03E+00	MEAN
	U-238	8.54E+00	MEAN
	Ra-226	1.61E+01	MEAN
	Ra-228	1.68E+01	95% UCL
	Th-228	2.11E+01	95% UCL
	Th-230	8.22E+00	MEAN
	Th-232	2.07E+01	95% UCL
POPCORN FACTORY	U-234	2.28E+00	95% UCL
	U-238	1.82E+00	95% UCL
	Ra-226	3.77E+02	MAX
	Ra-228	7.62E+01	MAX
	Th-228	5.35E+02	95% UCL
	Th-230	4.38E+01	95% UCL
	Th-232	4.42E+02	95% UCL
SWIM CLUB	U-234	1.16E+01	95% UCL
	U-238	1.21E+01	95% UCL
	Ra-226	1.82E+01	95% UCL
	Ra-228	5.44E+01	95% UCL
	Th-228	3.29E+02	95% UCL
	Th-230	6.54E+01	95% UCL
	Th-232	3.53E+02	95% UCL
LAND PRESERVE	U-234	2.29E+02	95% UCL
	U-238	1.94E+02	95% UCL
	Ra-226	2.88E+02	95% UCL
	Ra-228	1.42E+03	MAX
	Th-228	1.02E+03	MAX
	Th-230	5.36E+02	95% UCL
	Th-232	1.48E+03	MAX
MARTINS LAKE	U-234	9.50E+00	MAX
	U-238	9.70E+00	MAX
	Ra-226	2.57E+00	MAX
	Ra-228	3.15E+01	MAX
	Th-228	5.01E+01	MAX
	Th-230	2.21E+01	MAX
	Th-232	4.28E+01	MAX
PUBLIC PARK	U-234	1.65E+04	MAX
	U-238	1.65E+04	MAX
	Ra-226	1.74E+03	95 % UCL
	Ra-228	1.17E+04	MAX
	Th-228	1.10E+04	MAX
	Th-230	1.65E+04	MAX
	Th-232	1.25E+04	MAX
DYNAMIC BLENDING	EXPOSURE RATE	uR/hr 1.08E+01	95 % UCL
	RADON DECAY PRODUCTS	WL 1.68E-02	MAX

300891

TABLE C-6-2.1

RESRAD PARAMETER VALUES AT VICINITY PROPERTIES
RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES

MEDIUM	EXPOSURE PARAMETER	UNITS	SYMBOL	OFF-SITE RESIDENT ADULT	OFF-SITE RESIDENT CHILD
SOIL - INGESTION					
	Ingestion Rate	mg/day	IR	100 [1]	200 [1]
	Fraction Ingested	unitless	FI	1	1
HOME GROWN PRODUCE - INGESTION					
	Ingestion Rate-Lettuce	g/day	IR	17 [3]	4 [3]
	Ingestion Rate-Carrots	g/day	IR	48 [3]	27 [3]
	Ingestion Rate-Tomatoes	g/day	IR	57 [3]	24 [3]
	Plant and Root Uptake Factors			See Appendix O	
OTHER PARAMETERS					
	Exposure Frequency	days/year	EF	350 [1]	350 [1]
	Exposure Duration	years	ED	30 [1]	6 [1]
	Exposure Time	hrs/day	ET	24 [4]	24 [4]
	Inhalation Rate-Radon*	cu.m/hour	IN	0.55 [2]	0.27 [2]
	Indoor/Outdoor Time Fractions	unitless	Fi/Fo	0.875/0.125 [2]	0.75/0.25 [2]
	Gamma Shielding factor	unitless	GSF	0.8/1.0	0.8/1.0

REFERENCES

[1] USEPA, 1991

[2] USEPA, 1997

[3] Baes, 1984

[4] Professional judgement

* = Average of male / female long term exposure.

TABLE C-6-2.2

RESRAD PARAMETER VALUES AT VICINITY PROPERTIES
POPCORN FACTORY

MEDIUM	EXPOSURE PARAMETER	UNITS	SYMBOL	TRESPASSER	CONSTRUCTION WORKER	SITE WORKER	RESIDENT ADULT
DIET - INGESTION							
	Ingestion Rate	mg/day	IR	100 [1]	480 [1]	50 [1]	50 [3]
	Fraction Ingested	unitless	FI	1	1	1	1
OTHER PARAMETERS							
	Exposure Frequency	days/year	EF	120 [3]	60 [1]	250 [1]	365 [3]
	Exposure Duration	years	ED	6 [3]	1 [1]	25 [1]	10 [3]
	Exposure Time	hrs/day	ET	2 [3]	8 [3]	8 [3]	24 [3]
	Inhalation Rate-Radon and Particulates	cu.m/hour	IN	2.3 [2]	2.3 [2]	0.83 [2]	0.55* [2]
	Indoor/Outdoor Time Fractions	unitless	Fi/Fo	0/1 [3]	0/1 [2]	0.875/0.125 [2]	0.875/0.125 [2]
	Gamma Shielding factor	unitless	GSF	0.8/1	1	0.8/1	0.8/1

REFERENCES

[1] USEPA, 1991

[2] USEPA, 1997

[3] Professional judgement

* = Average of male / female long term exposure.

TABLE C-6-2.3

RESRAD PARAMETER VALUES AT VICINITY PROPERTIES
SWIM CLUB

MEDIUM	EXPOSURE PARAMETER	UNITS	SYMBOL	SITE WORKER	ADULT MEMBER	CHILD MEMBER
SOIL INGESTION						
	Ingestion Rate	mg/day	IR	50 [1]	50 [3]	50 [3]
	Fraction Ingested	unitless	FI	1	1	1
OTHER PARAMETERS						
	Exposure Frequency	days/year	EF	100 [3]	100 [3]	100 [3]
	Exposure Duration	years	ED	25 [1]	30 [1]	6 [1]
	Exposure Time	hrs/day	ET	8 [3]	8 [3]	8 [3]
	Inhalation Rate-Radon and Particulates*	cu.m/hour	IN	0.83 [2]	0.75 [2]	0.7 [2]
	Indoor/Outdoor Time Fractions	unitless	Fi/Fo	0.5/0.5 [4]	0/1 [4]	0/1 [4]
	Gamma Shielding factor	unitless	GSF	0.8/1	0.8/1	0.8/1

REFERENCES

[1] USEPA, 1991

[2] USEPA, 1997

[3] Professional judgement

* = Average of light and sedentary activities for adult and child short term exposure

TABLE C-6-2.4

RESRAD PARAMETER VALUES AT VICINITY PROPERTIES
LAND PRESERVE

MEDIUM EXPOSURE PARAMETER	UNITS	SYMBOL	TRESPASSER	CONSTRUCTION WORKER	SITE WORKER	RESIDENT ADULT	RESIDENT CHILD
SOIL - INGESTION							
Ingestion Rate	mg/day	IR	100 [1]	480 [1]	10 [3]	100 [1]	200 [1]
Fraction Ingested	unitless	FI	1	1	1	1	1
HOME GROWN PRODUCE - INGESTION							
Ingestion Rate-Lettuce	g/day	IR	N/A	N/A	N/A	17 [4]	4 [4]
Ingestion Rate-Carrots	g/day	IR	N/A	N/A	N/A	48 [4]	27 [4]
Ingestion Rate-Tomatoes	g/day	IR	N/A	N/A	N/A	57 [4]	24 [4]
Plant and Root Uptake Factors						See Appendix O	
OTHER PARAMETERS							
Exposure Frequency	days/year	EF	120 [3]	60 [1]	250 [1]	350 [1]	350 [1]
Exposure Duration	years	ED	6 [3]	1 [1]	25 [1]	30 [1]	6 [1]
Exposure Time	hrs/day	ET	2 [3]	8 [3]	8 [3]	24 [3]	24 [3]
Inhalation Rate-Radon and Particulates	cu.m/hour	IN	2.3 [2]	2.3 [2]	0.83 [2]	0.55* [2]	0.27* [2]
Indoor/Outdoor Time Fractions	unitless	Fi/Fo	0/1 [3]	0/1 [3]	1/0 [3]	0.75/0.25 [2]	0.875/0.125 [2]
Gamma Shielding factor	unitless	GSF	1	1	0.8/1	0.8/1	0.8/1
REFERENCES							
[1] USEPA, 1991 [2] USEPA, 1997 [3] Professional judgement [4] Baes, 1984 N/A = Not Applicable * = Average of male / female long term exposure.							

TABLE C-6-2.5

RESRAD PARAMETER VALUES AT VICINITY PROPERTIES
MARTIN'S LAKE

MEDIUM	EXPOSURE PARAMETER	UNITS	SYMBOL	ADULT RECREATIONALIST	CHILD RECREATIONALIST
SOIL - INGESTION					
	Ingestion Rate	mg/day	IR	100 [1]	200 [1]
	Fraction Ingested	unitless	FI	1	1
OTHER PARAMETERS					
	Exposure Frequency	days/year	EF	250 [3]	250 [3]
	Exposure Duration	years	ED	30 [3]	6 [3]
	Exposure Time	hrs/day	ET	2 [3]	2 [3]
	Inhalation Rate-Particulates*	cu.m/hour	IN	0.75 [2]	0.7 [2]
	Indoor/Outdoor Time Fractions	unitless	Fi/Fo	0/1 [3]	0/1 [3]
	Gamma Shielding factor	unitless	GSF	1	1
REFERENCES					
[1] USEPA, 1991 [2] USEPA, 1997 [3] Professional Judgement * = Average of light and sedentary activities for adult and child short term exposure					

TABLE C-6-2.6

RESRAD PARAMETER VALUES AT VICINITY PROPERTIES
PUBLIC PARK

MEDIUM	EXPOSURE PARAMETER	UNITS	SYMBOL	SITE WORKER	ADULT RECREATIONALIST	CHILD RECREATIONALIST
IL - INGESTION						
	Ingestion Rate	mg/day	IR	200 [3]	100 [1]	200 [1]
	Fraction Ingested	unitless	FI	1	1	1
OTHER PARAMETERS						
	Exposure Frequency	days/year	EF	250 [3]	250 [3]	250 [3]
	Exposure Duration	years	ED	25 [1]	30 [1]	6 [1]
	Exposure Time	hrs/day	ET	8 [3]	2 [3]	2 [3]
	Inhalation Rate-Particulates*	cu.m/hour	IN	1.3 [2]	1.3 [2]	1.1 [2]
	Indoor/Outdoor Time Fractions	unitless	Fi/Fo	0/1 [3]	0/1 [3]	0/1 [3]
	Gamma Shielding factor	unitless	GSF	1	1	1

REFERENCES

- [1] USEPA, 1991
- [2] USEPA, 1997
- [3] Professional judgement
- * = Average of moderate and light activities for adult and child short term exposure; hourly average for outdoor worker

TABLE C-6-2.7

RESRAD PARAMETER VALUES AT VICINITY PROPERTIES
DYNAMIC BLENDING

MEDIUM	EXPOSURE PARAMETER	UNITS	SYMBOL	SITE WORKER
OTHER PARAMETERS				
	Exposure Frequency	days/year	EF	250 [3]
	Exposure Duration	years	ED	25 [1]
	Exposure Time	hrs/day	ET	8 [3]
	Inhalation Rate-Radon	cu.m/hour	IN	0.83 [2]
	Indoor/Outdoor Time Fractions	unitless	Fi/Fo	1/0 [1]
	Gamma Shielding factor	unitless	GSF	0.8
REFERENCES				
	[1] USEPA, 1991			
	[2] USEPA, 1997			
	[3] Professional judgement			

**TABLE C-6-3
VICINITY RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES
LIFETIME RISK**

POPULATION	PATHWAY	RISK		
		GROSS	BACKGROUND	NET
RESIDENT ADULT	External	6.5E-03	3.5E-04	6.2E-03
	Inhalation of Radon	1.2E-02	7.9E-04	1.1E-02
	Ingestion of Home Grown Produce	6.8E-04	4.2E-05	6.4E-04
	Ingestion of Soil	3.2E-05	2.0E-06	3.0E-05
	Total:	1.9E-02	1.1E-03	1.7E-02
RESIDENT CHILD	External	1.3E-03	6.8E-05	1.2E-03
	Inhalation of Radon	1.4E-03	9.0E-05	1.3E-03
	Ingestion of Home Grown Produce	6.2E-05	3.8E-06	5.8E-05
	Ingestion of Soil	3.0E-05	7.8E-07	2.9E-05
	Total:	2.7E-03	1.6E-04	2.5E-03

**TABLE C-6-4
VICINITY PROPERTIES - POPCORN FACTORY
LIFETIME RISK**

POPULATION	PATHWAY	RISK		
		GROSS	BACKGROUND	NET
TRESPASSER	External	9.9E-04	2.5E-06	9.9E-04
	Inhalation of Particulates	3.4E-05	9.4E-08	3.4E-05
	Ingestion of Soil	1.3E-06	3.8E-09	1.3E-06
	Total:	1.0E-03	2.6E-06	1.0E-03
CONSTRUCTION WORKER	External	3.3E-04	8.3E-07	3.3E-04
	Inhalation of Particulates	1.1E-05	3.1E-08	1.1E-05
	Ingestion of Soil	1.1E-06	3.1E-09	1.1E-06
	Total:	3.4E-04	8.6E-07	3.4E-04
SITE WORKER	External	2.7E-02	7.1E-05	2.7E-02
	Inhalation of Particulates	1.0E-01	2.8E-04	1.0E-01
	Inhalation of Radon	2.4E-04	5.6E-07	2.4E-04
	Ingestion of Soil	4.6E-05	1.4E-07	4.6E-05
	Total:	1.3E-01	3.5E-04	1.3E-01
RESIDENT ADULT	External	4.7E-02	3.5E-04	4.7E-02
	Inhalation of Radon	1.2E-01	7.9E-04	1.2E-01
	Ingestion of Soil	1.2E-04	2.0E-06	1.2E-04
	Total:	1.7E-01	1.1E-03	1.7E-01

**TABLE C-6-5
VICINITY PROPERTIES - SWIM CLUB
LIFETIME RISK**

POPULATION	PATHWAY	RISK		
		GROSS	BACKGROUND	NET
SITE WORKER	External	4.5E-03	3.1E-05	4.5E-03
	Inhalation of Particulates	7.7E-05	6.5E-05	1.2E-05
	Inhalation of Radon	1.4E-03	3.3E-07	1.4E-03
	Ingestion of Soil	1.3E-06	2.2E-08	1.3E-06
	Total:	6.0E-03	9.6E-05	5.9E-03
ADULT MEMBER	External	6.0E-03	4.1E-05	6.0E-03
	Inhalation of Particulates	1.2E-04	5.1E-07	1.2E-04
	Ingestion of Soil	1.6E-06	2.7E-08	1.6E-06
	Total:	6.1E-03	4.2E-05	6.1E-03
CHILD MEMBER	External	1.2E-03	8.2E-06	1.2E-03
	Inhalation of Particulates	2.2E-05	9.6E-08	2.2E-05
	Ingestion of Soil	3.2E-07	5.3E-09	3.1E-07
	Total:	1.2E-03	8.3E-06	1.2E-03

300891

**TABLE C-6-6
VICINITY PROPERTIES - LAND PRESERVE
LIFETIME RISK**

POPULATION	PATHWAY	RISK		
		GROSS	BACKGROUND	NET
TRESSPASSER	External	2.4E-03	2.5E-06	2.4E-03
	Inhalation of Particulates	1.2E-04	9.4E-08	1.2E-04
	Ingestion of Soil	2.3E-06	3.8E-09	2.3E-06
	Total:	2.5E-03	2.6E-06	2.5E-03
CONSTRUCTION WORKER	External	8.1E-04	8.3E-07	8.1E-04
	Inhalation of Particulates	4.0E-05	3.1E-08	4.0E-05
	Ingestion of Soil	1.8E-06	3.1E-09	1.8E-06
	Total:	8.5E-04	8.6E-07	8.5E-04
SITE WORKER	External	6.7E-02	6.9E-05	6.7E-02
	Inhalation of Particulates	6.0E-04	4.7E-07	6.0E-04
	Inhalation of Radon	8.8E-02	3.2E-04	8.8E-02
	Ingestion of Soil	1.6E-05	2.8E-08	1.6E-05
Total:	1.6E-01	3.9E-04	1.6E-01	
RESIDENT ADULT	External	3.6E-01	3.5E-04	3.6E-01
	Inhalation of Radon	2.2E-01	7.9E-04	2.2E-01
	Ingestion of Home Grown Produce	2.7E-02	4.2E-05	2.7E-02
	Ingestion of Soil	1.2E-03	2.0E-06	1.2E-03
Total:	6.1E-01	1.2E-03	6.1E-01	
RESIDENT CHILD	External	7.0E-02	6.8E-05	7.0E-02
	Inhalation of Radon	2.5E-02	9.0E-05	2.5E-02
	Ingestion of Home Grown Produce	2.5E-03	3.8E-06	2.5E-03
	Ingestion of Soil	4.6E-04	7.8E-07	4.6E-04
Total:	9.8E-02	1.6E-04	9.8E-02	

300892

TABLE C-6-7
VICINITY PROPERTIES - MARTIN'S LAKE
LIFETIME RISK

POPULATION	PATHWAY	RISK		
		GROSS	BACKGROUND	NET
ADULT RECREATIONALIST	External	7.0E-04	2.6E-05	6.7E-04
	Inhalation of Particulates	1.4E-05	3.2E-07	1.4E-05
	Ingestion of Soil	1.1E-06	8.3E-08	1.0E-06
	Total:	7.2E-04	2.6E-05	6.9E-04
CHILD RECREATIONALIST	External	1.4E-04	5.1E-06	1.3E-04
	Inhalation of Particulates	2.6E-06	6.0E-08	2.5E-06
	Ingestion of Soil	4.5E-07	3.3E-08	4.2E-07
	Total:	1.4E-04	5.2E-06	1.4E-04

300896

**TABLE C-6-8
VICINITY PROPERTIES - PUBLIC PARK
LIFETIME RISK**

POPULATION	PATHWAY	RISK		
		GROSS	BACKGROUND	NET
SITE WORKER	External	7.3E-01	8.6E-05	7.3E-01
	Inhalation of Particulates	2.3E-02	1.8E-06	2.3E-02
	Ingestion of Soil	3.0E-03	5.5E-07	3.0E-03
	Total:	7.6E-01	8.8E-05	7.6E-01
ADULT RECREATIONALIST	External	2.2E-01	2.6E-05	2.2E-01
	Inhalation of Particulates	6.9E-03	5.5E-07	6.9E-03
	Ingestion of Soil	4.5E-04	8.3E-08	4.5E-04
	Total:	2.3E-01	2.7E-05	2.3E-01
CHILD RECREATIONALIST	External	4.4E-02	5.1E-06	4.4E-02
	Inhalation of Particulates	1.2E-03	9.4E-08	1.2E-03
	Ingestion of Soil	1.8E-04	3.3E-08	1.8E-04
	Total:	4.5E-02	5.2E-06	4.5E-02

300864

**TABLE C-6-9
VICINITY PROPERTIES - DYNAMIC BLENDING
LIFETIME RISK**

POPULATION	PATHWAY	RISK		
		GROSS	BACKGROUND	NET
SITE WORKER	External	3.7E-04	2.0E-04	1.7E-04
	Inhalation of Radon	1.7E-03	5.2E-04	1.2E-03
	Total:	2.1E-03	7.2E-04	1.4E-03

D

APPENDIX D

WELSBACH/GGM SITE

DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING PROFILE CHARTS

REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION AND FEASIBILITY STUDY

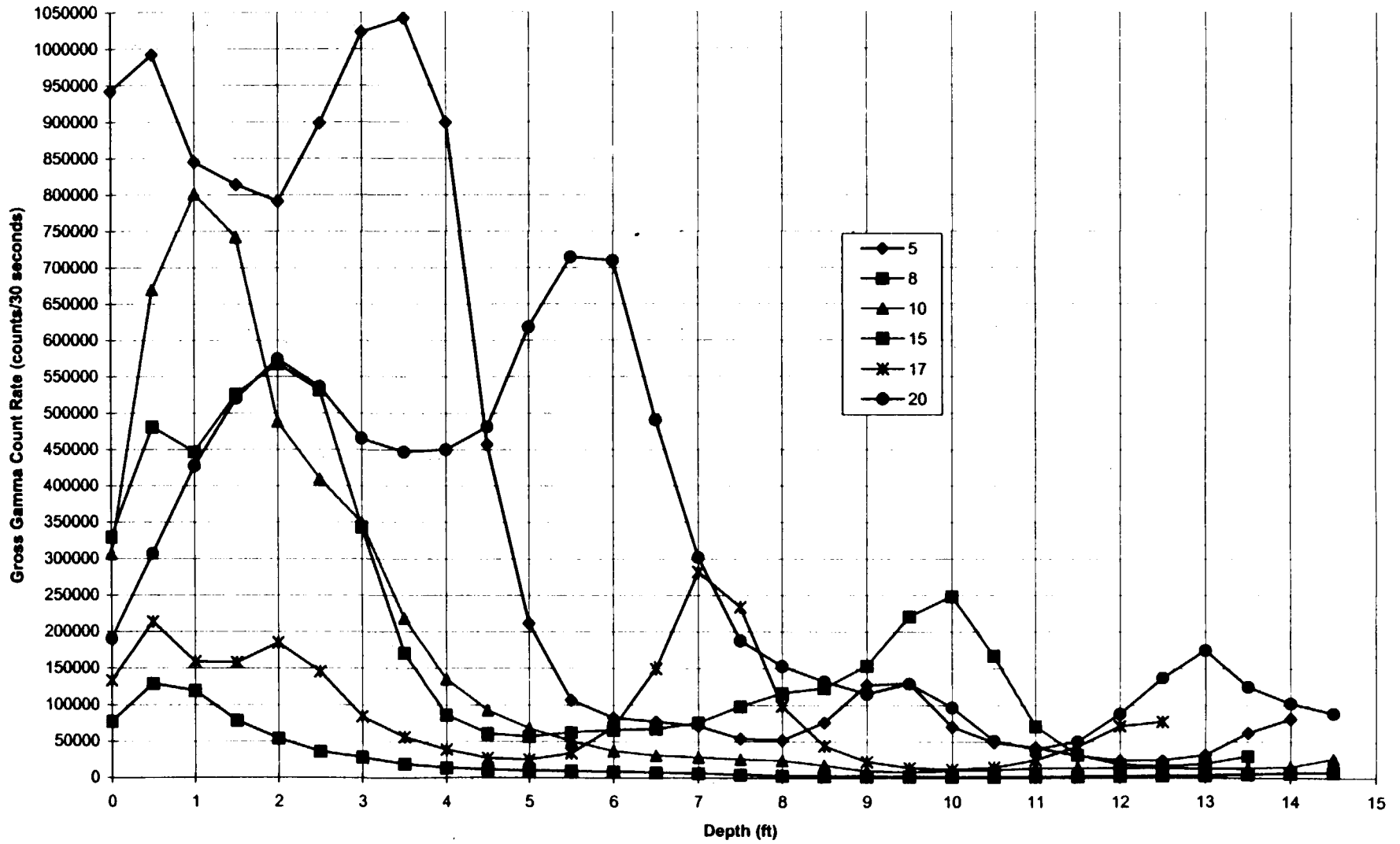
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

CAMDEN AND GLOUCESTER CITY

CAMDEN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

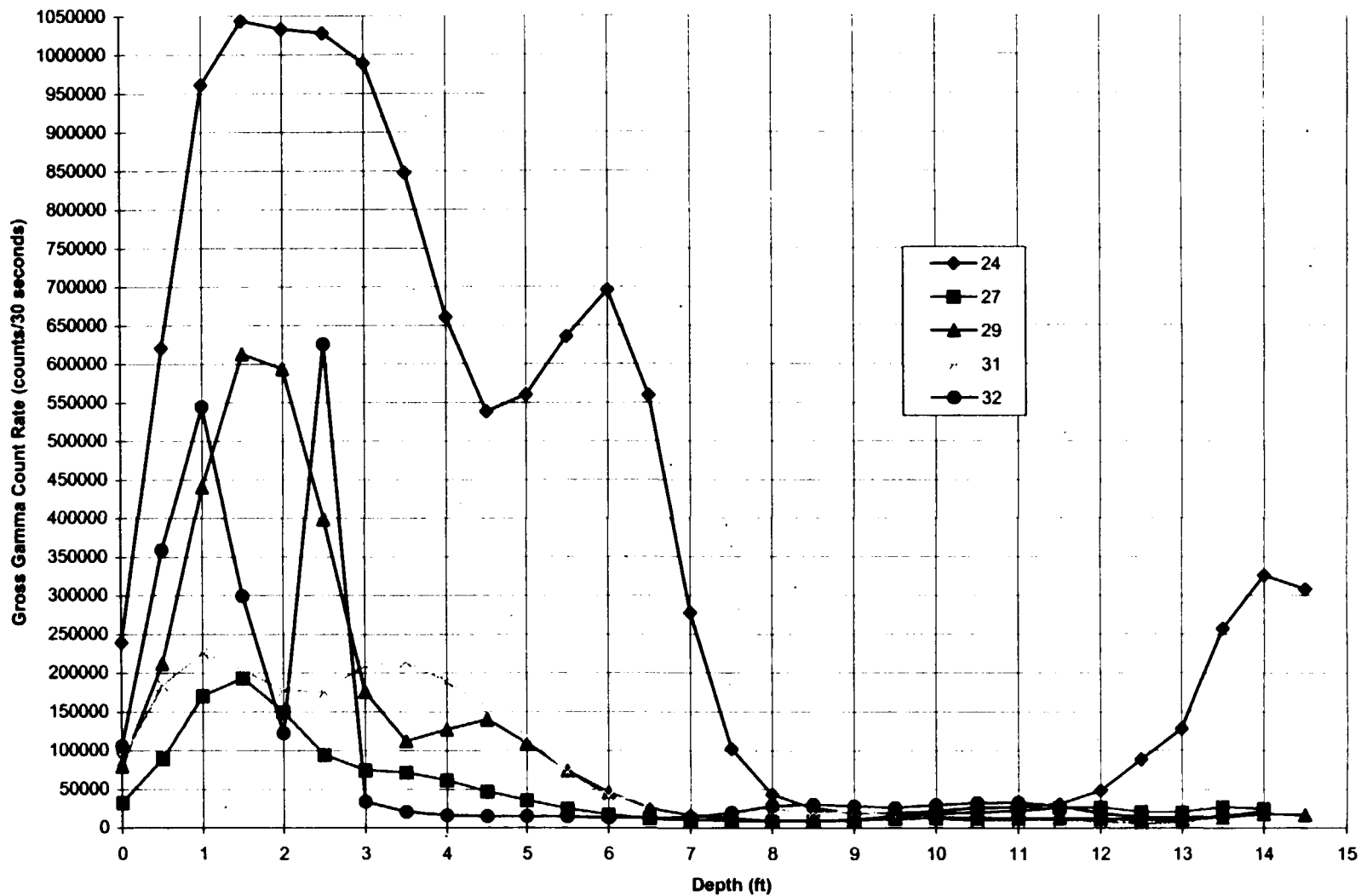
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (FORMER WELSBACH FACILITY)
APPENDIX D-1**



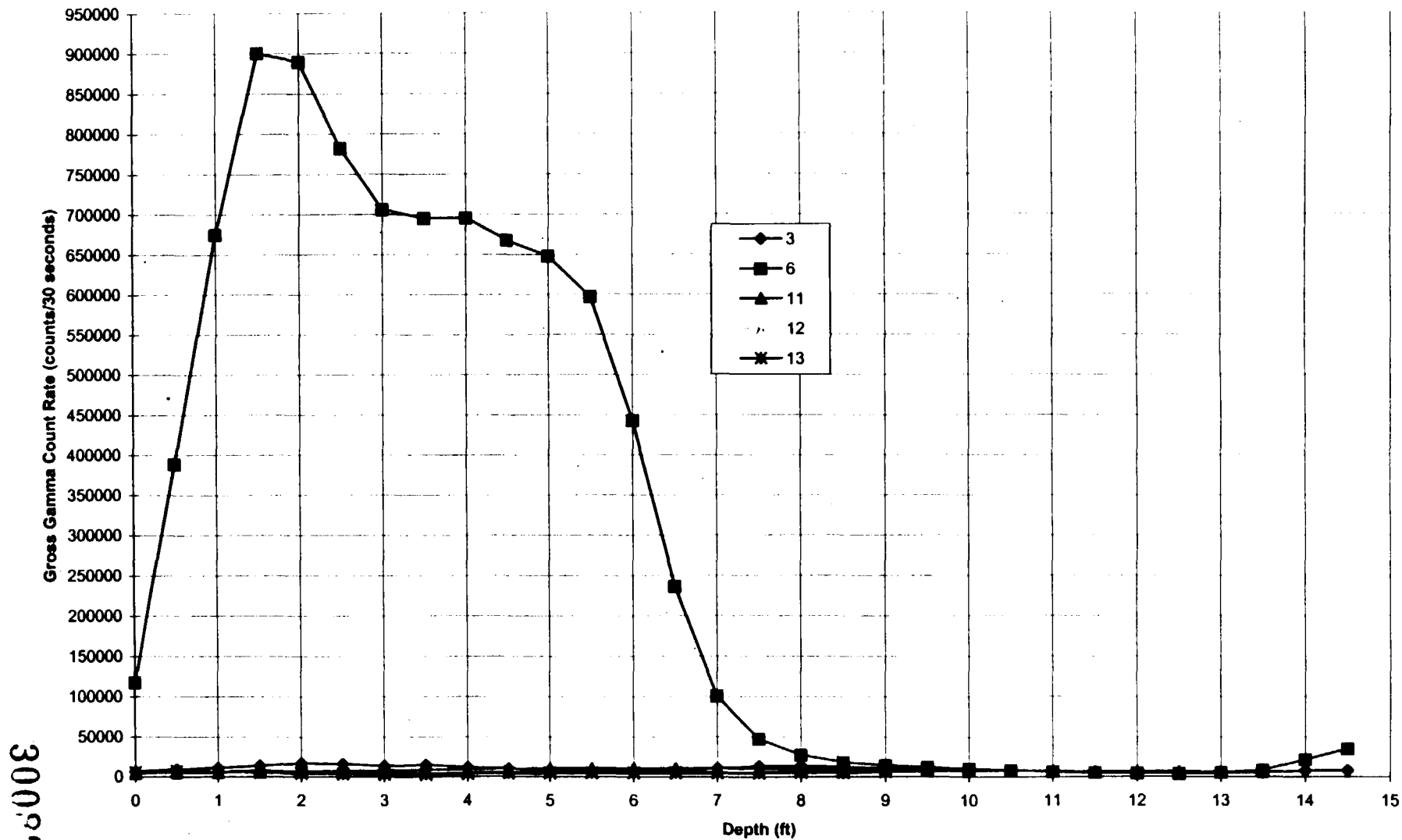
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (FORMER WELSBACH FACILITY)
APPENDIX D-1**



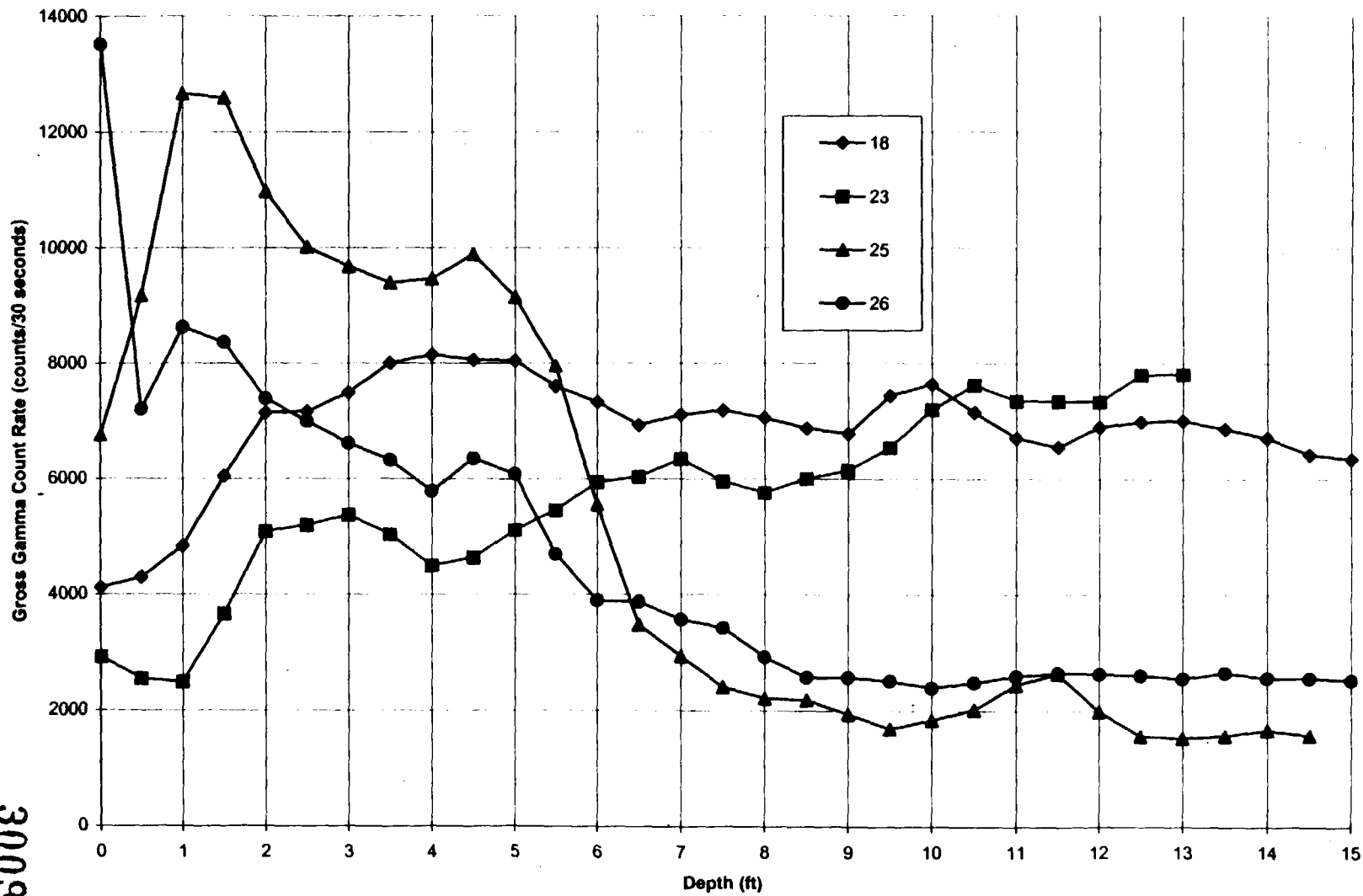
300893

WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (FORMER WELSBACK FACILITY)
APPENDIX D-1



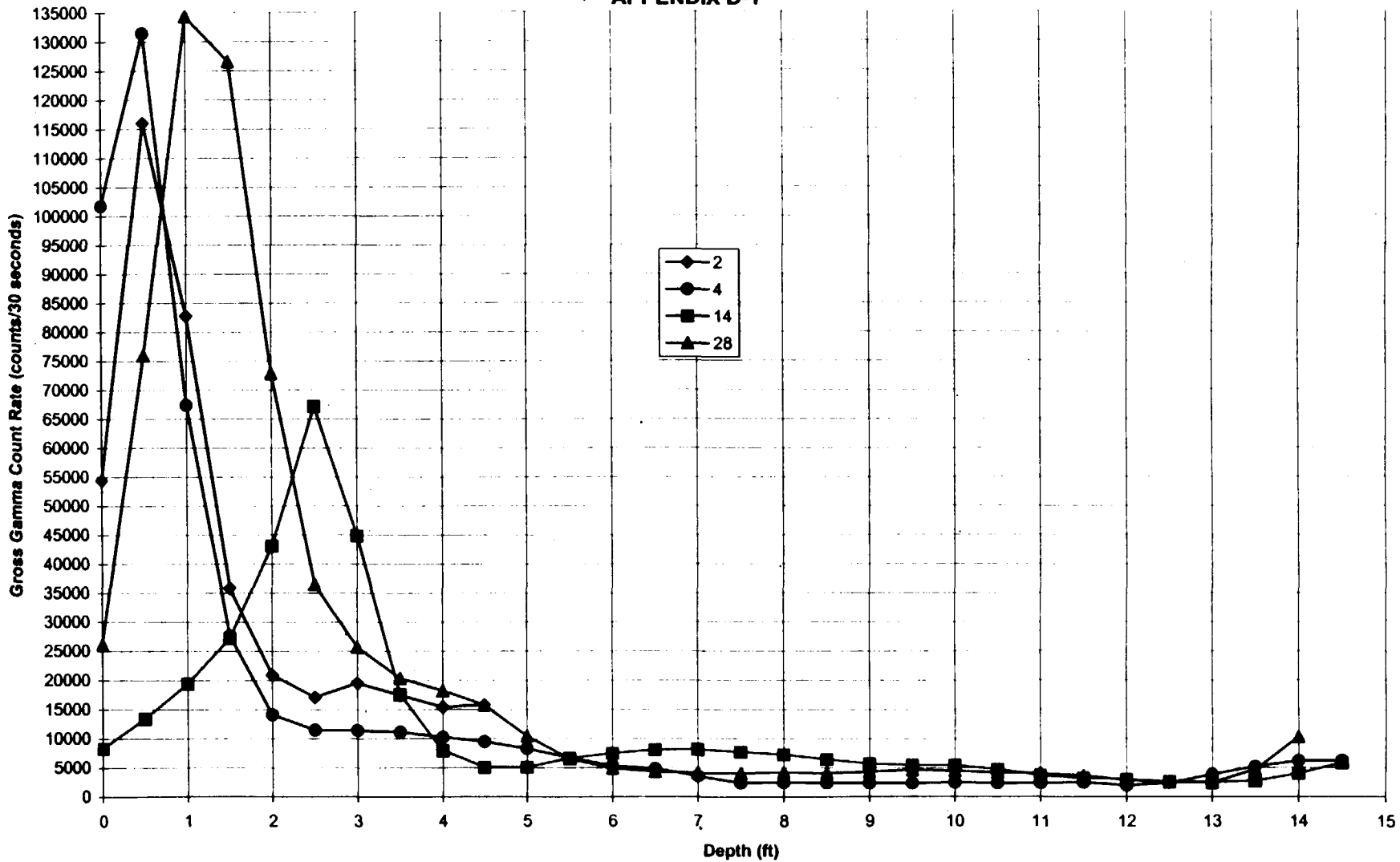
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (FORMER WELSBACH FACILITY)
APPENDIX D-1**



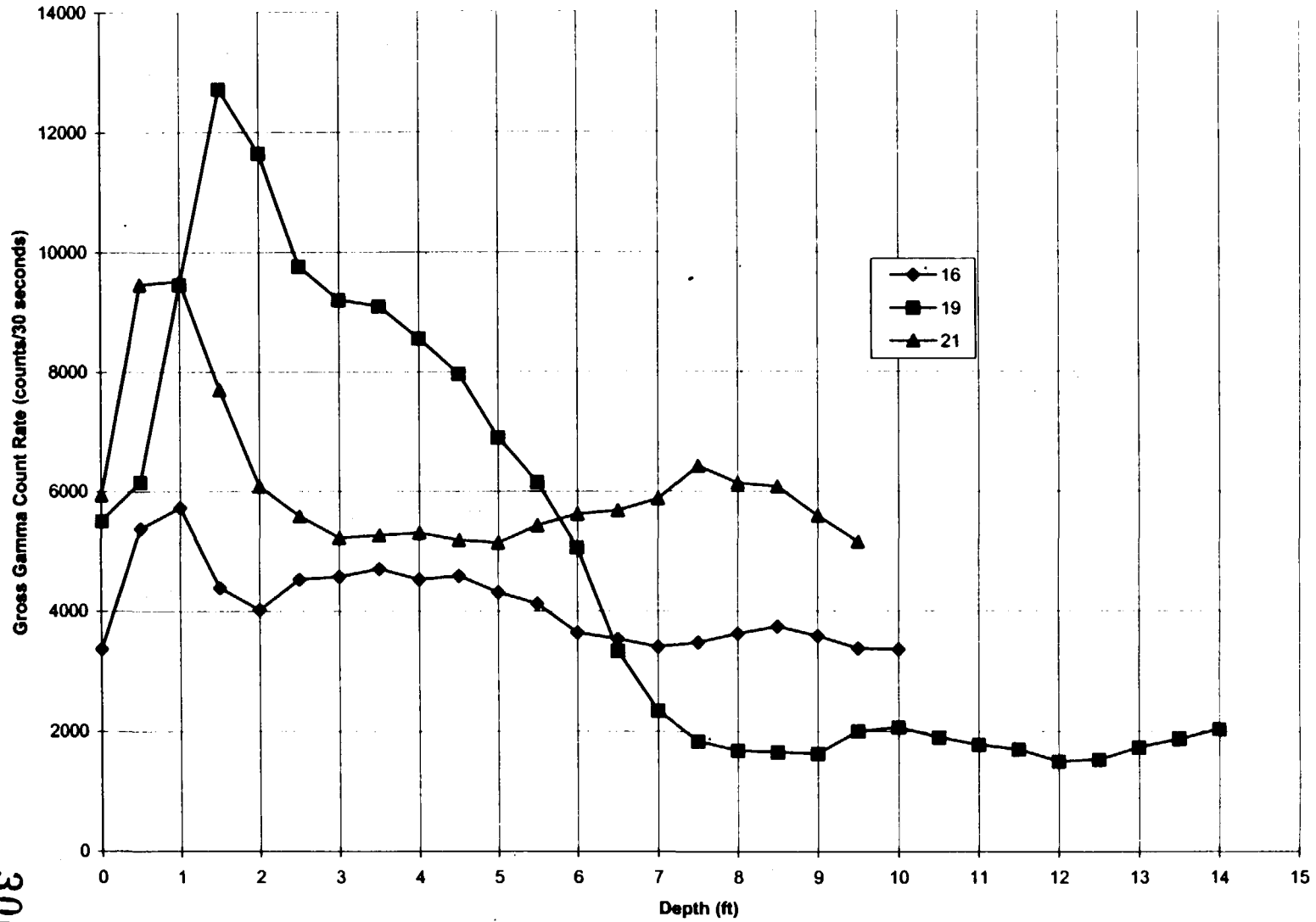
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (FORMER WELSBACH FACILITY)
APPENDIX D-1**



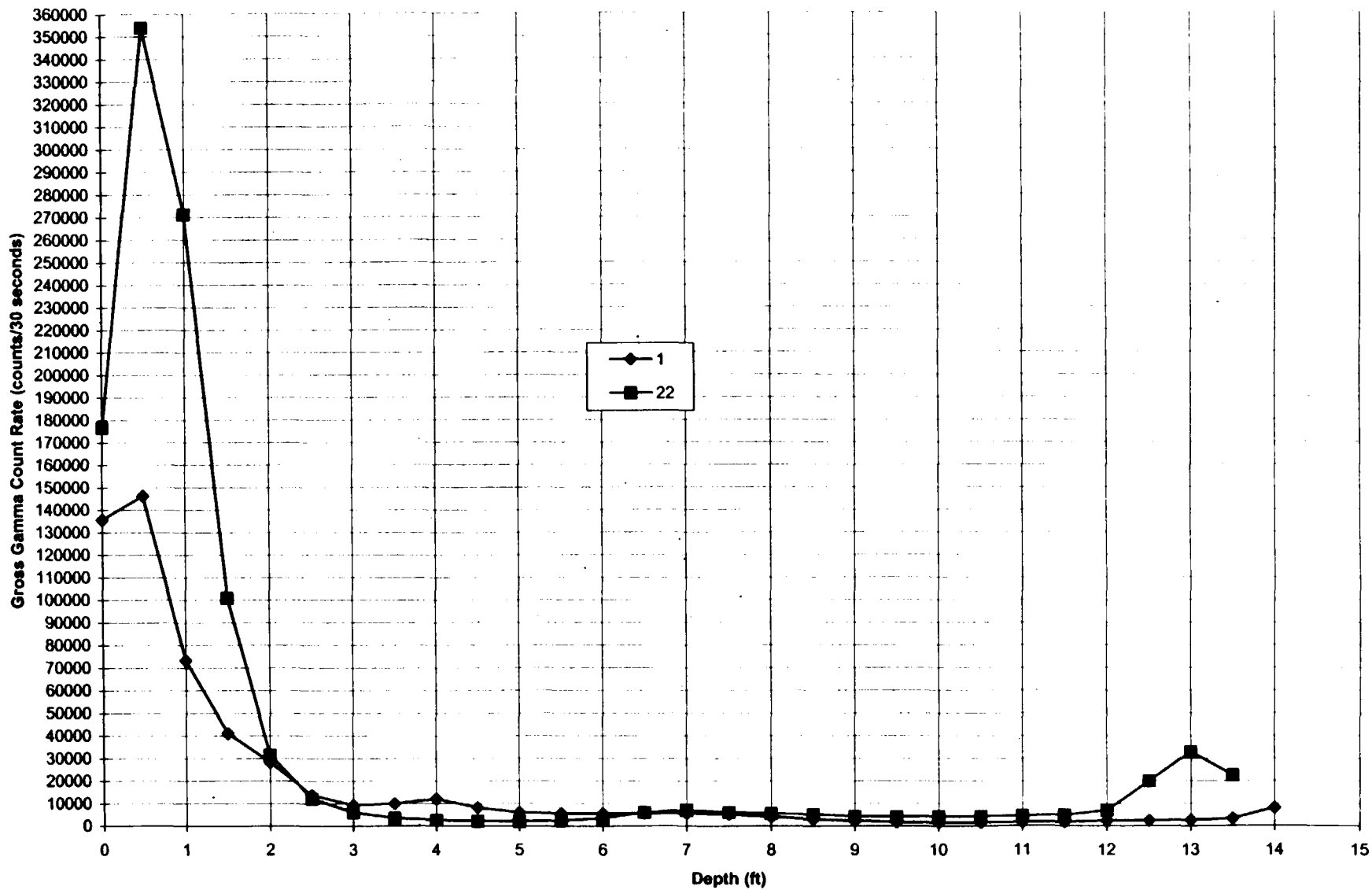
300901

**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (FORMER WELSBACH FACILITY)
APPENDIX D-1**



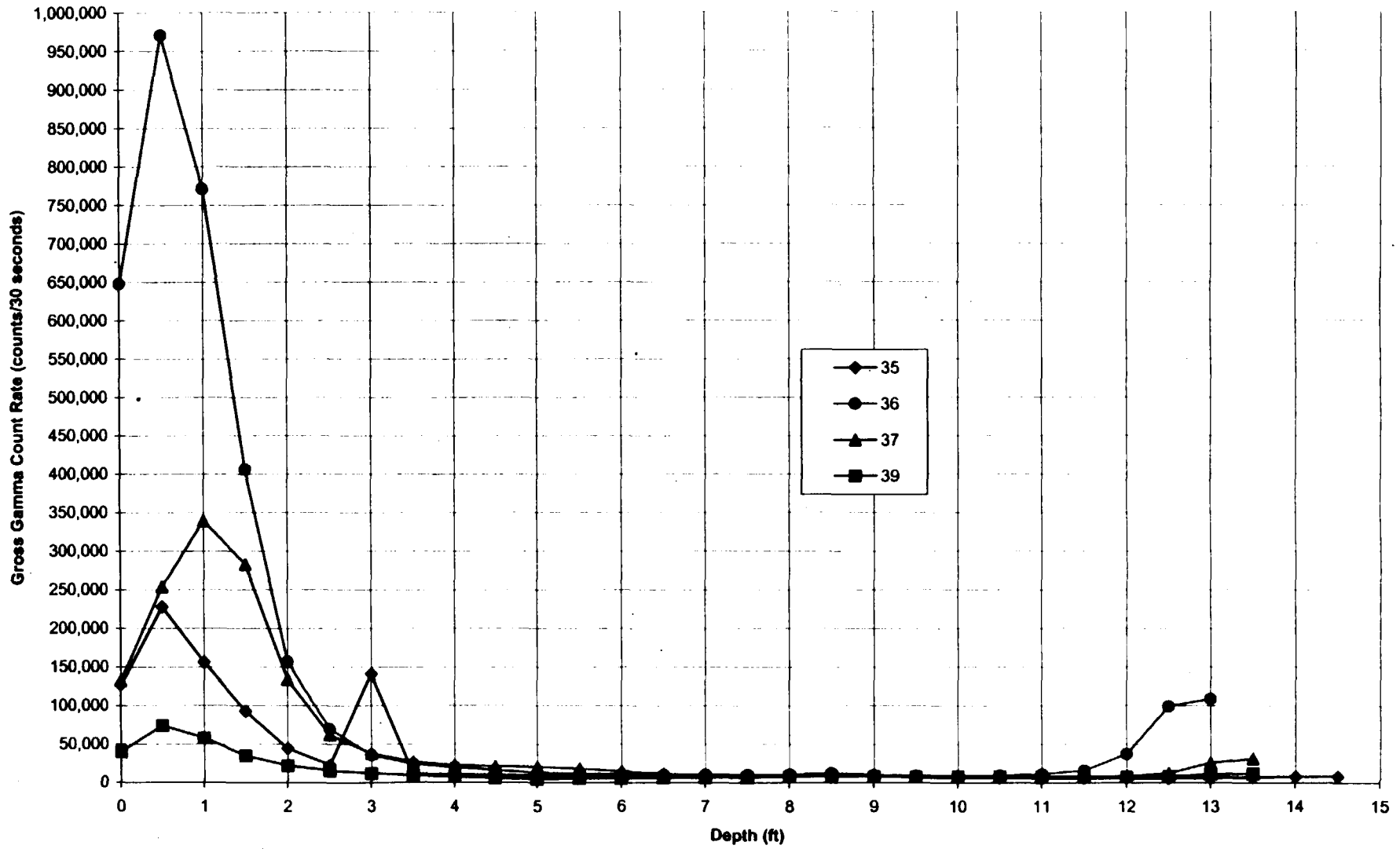
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WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (FORMER WELSBACH FACILITY)
APPENDIX D-1



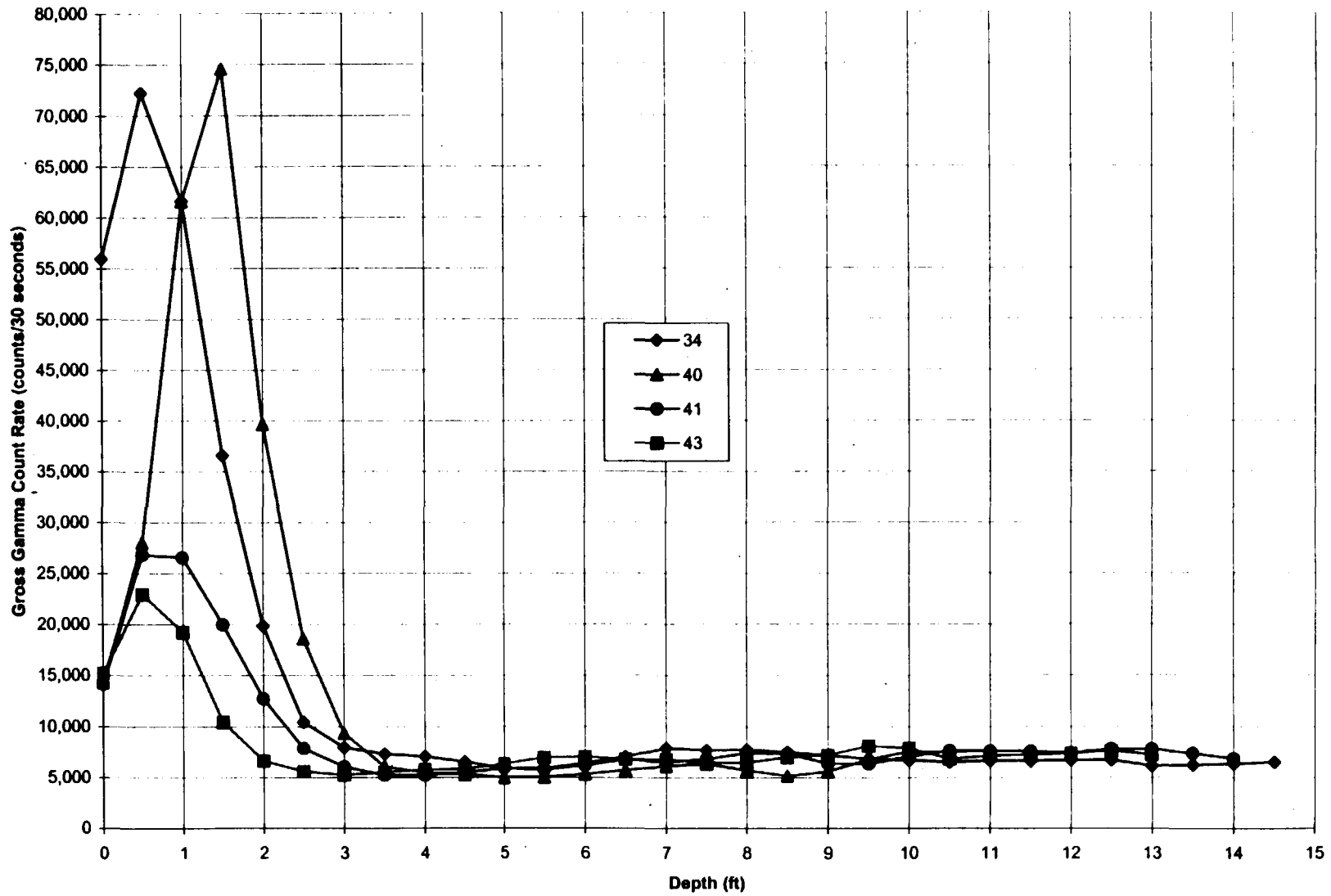
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WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (GGM)
APPENDIX D-2



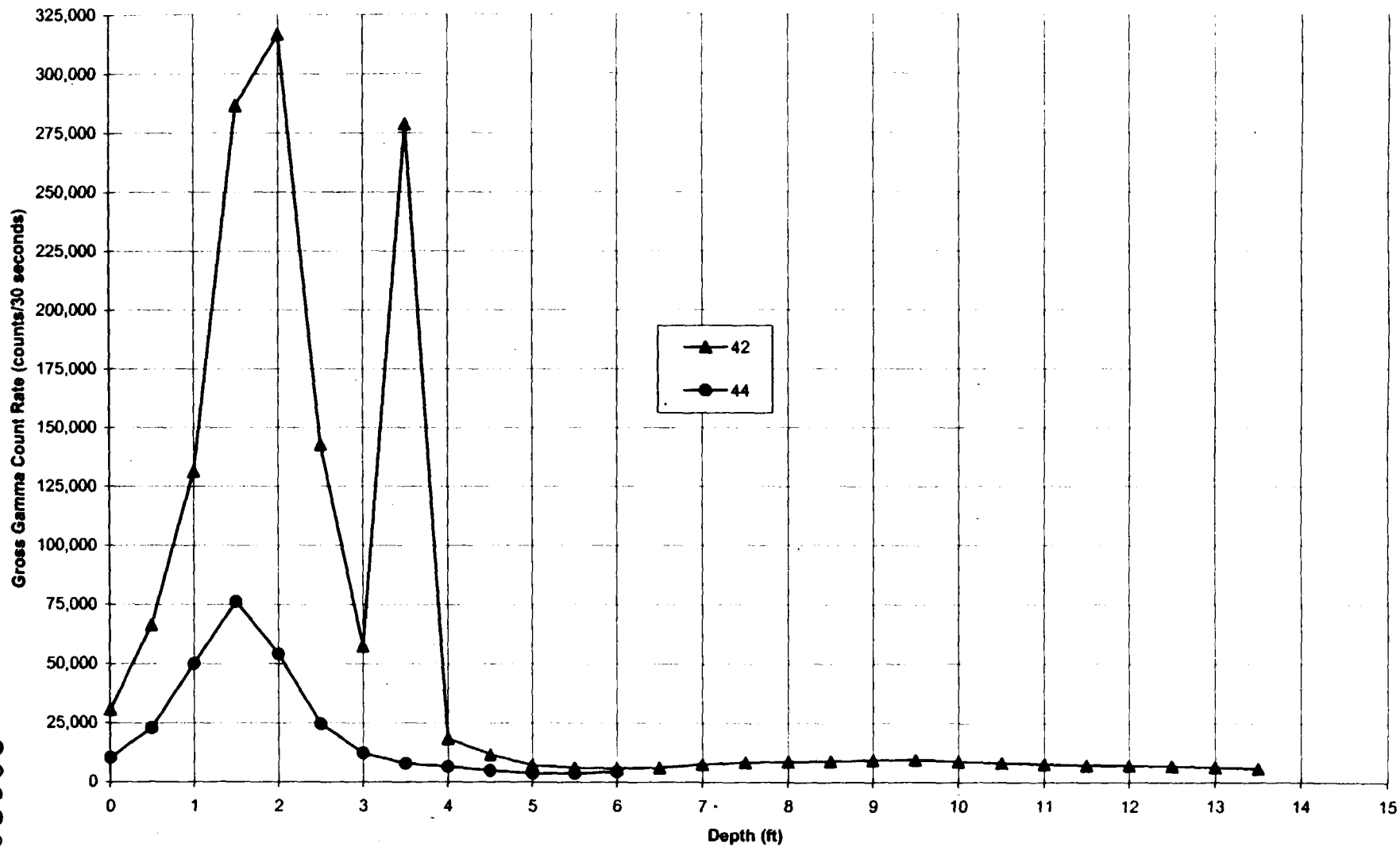
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WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (GGM)
APPENDIX D-2



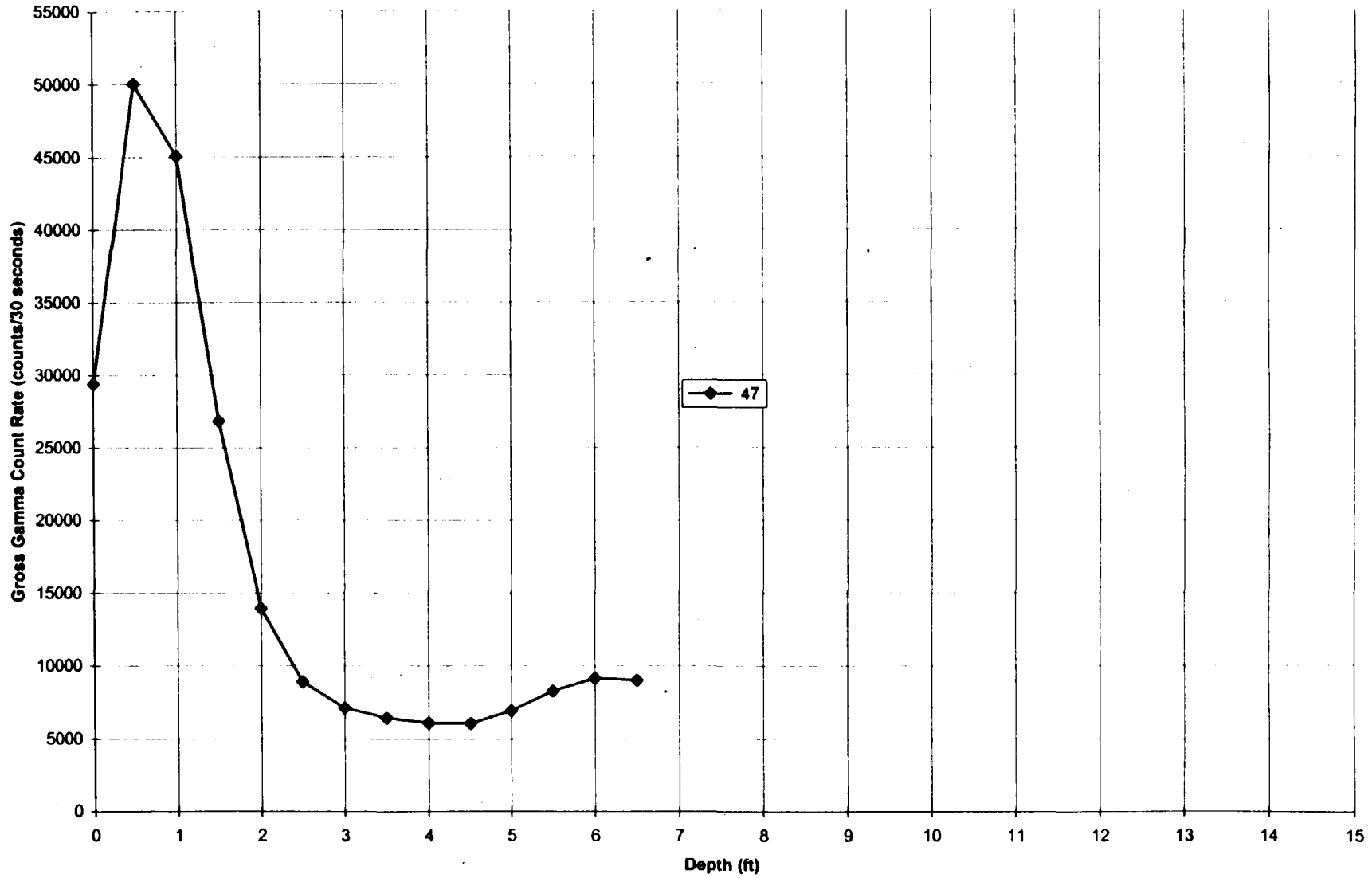
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WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (GGM)
APPENDIX D-2



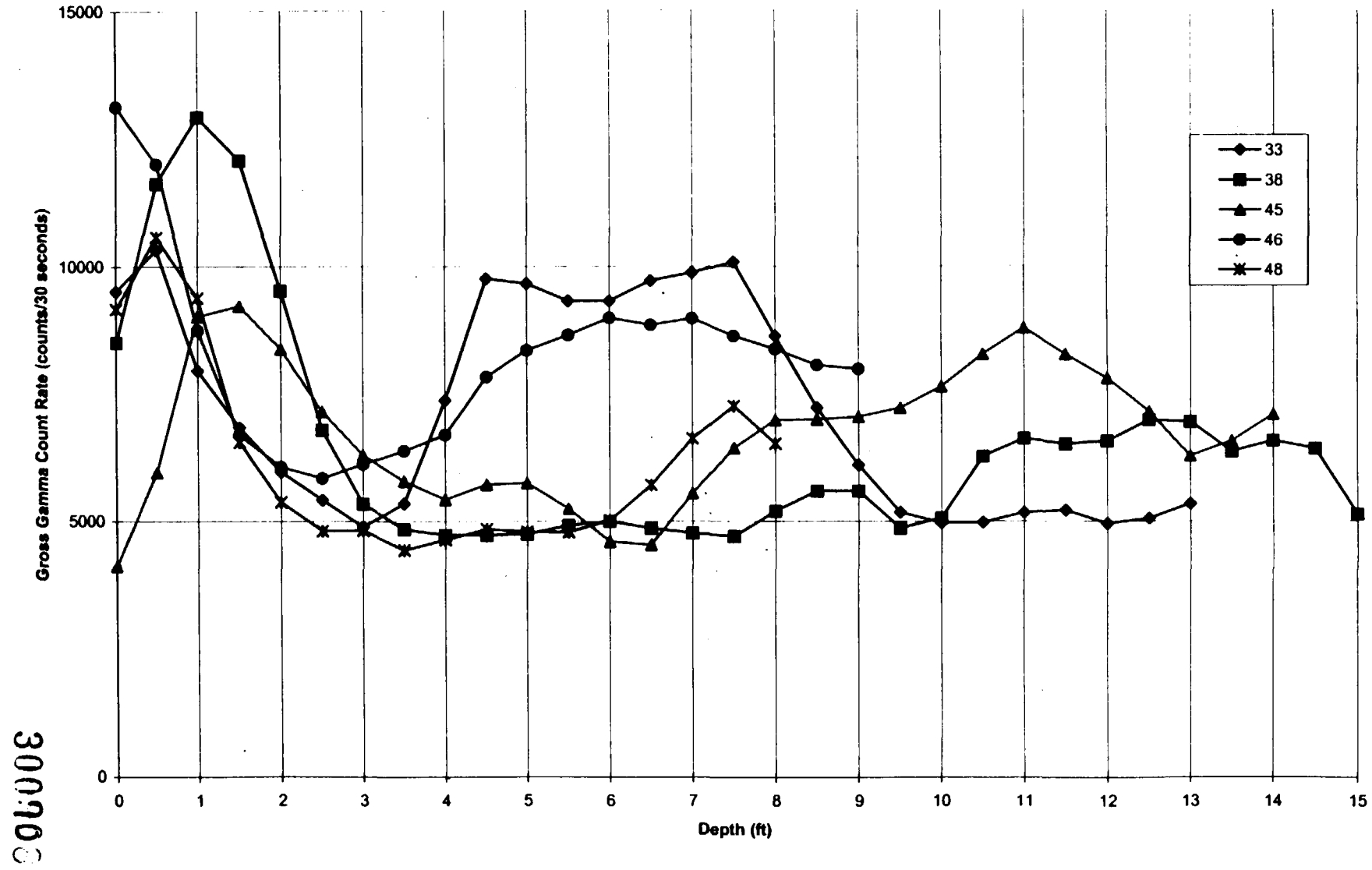
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WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (GGM)
APPENDIX D-2

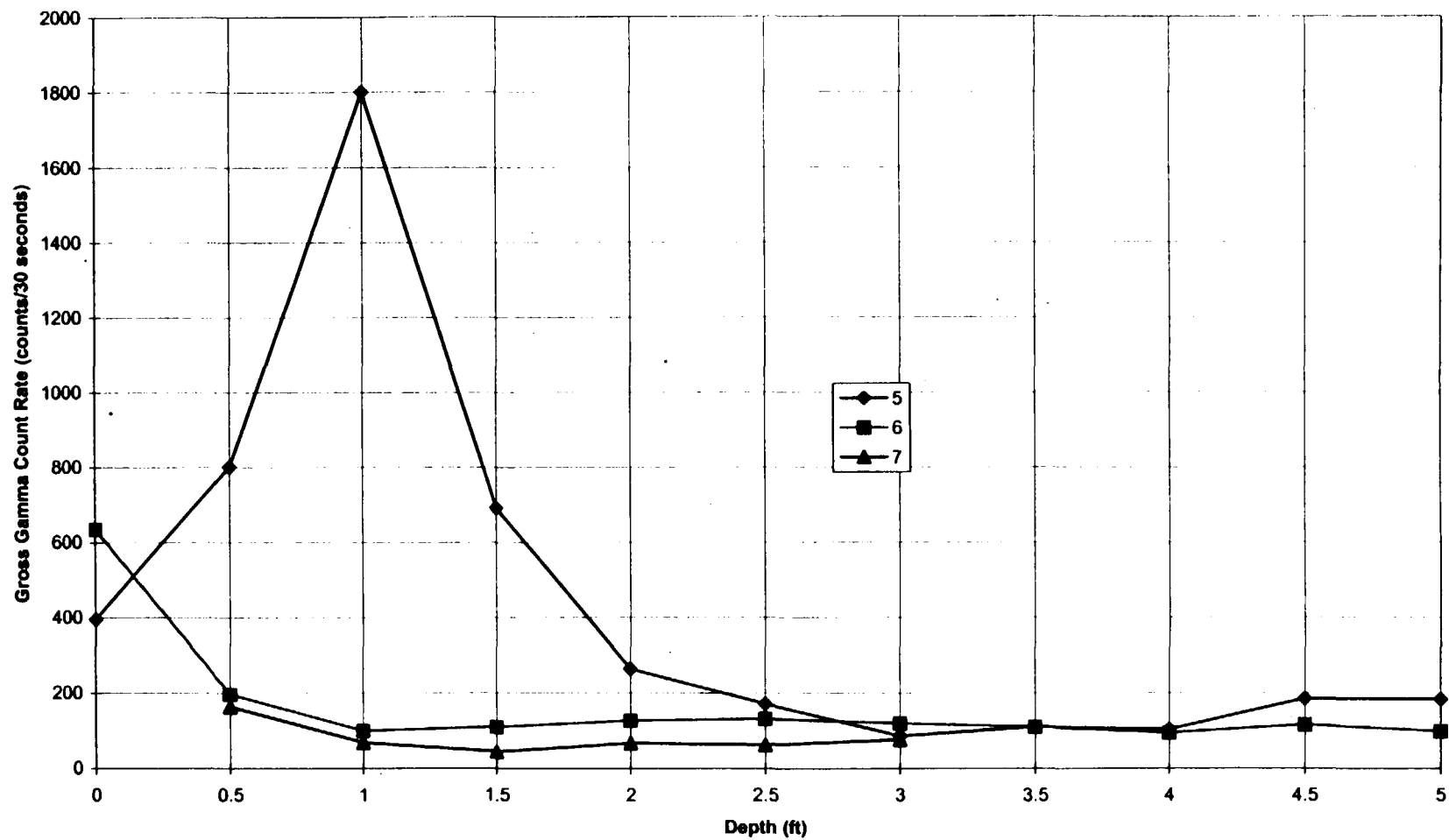


405008

**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (GGM)
APPENDIX D-2**

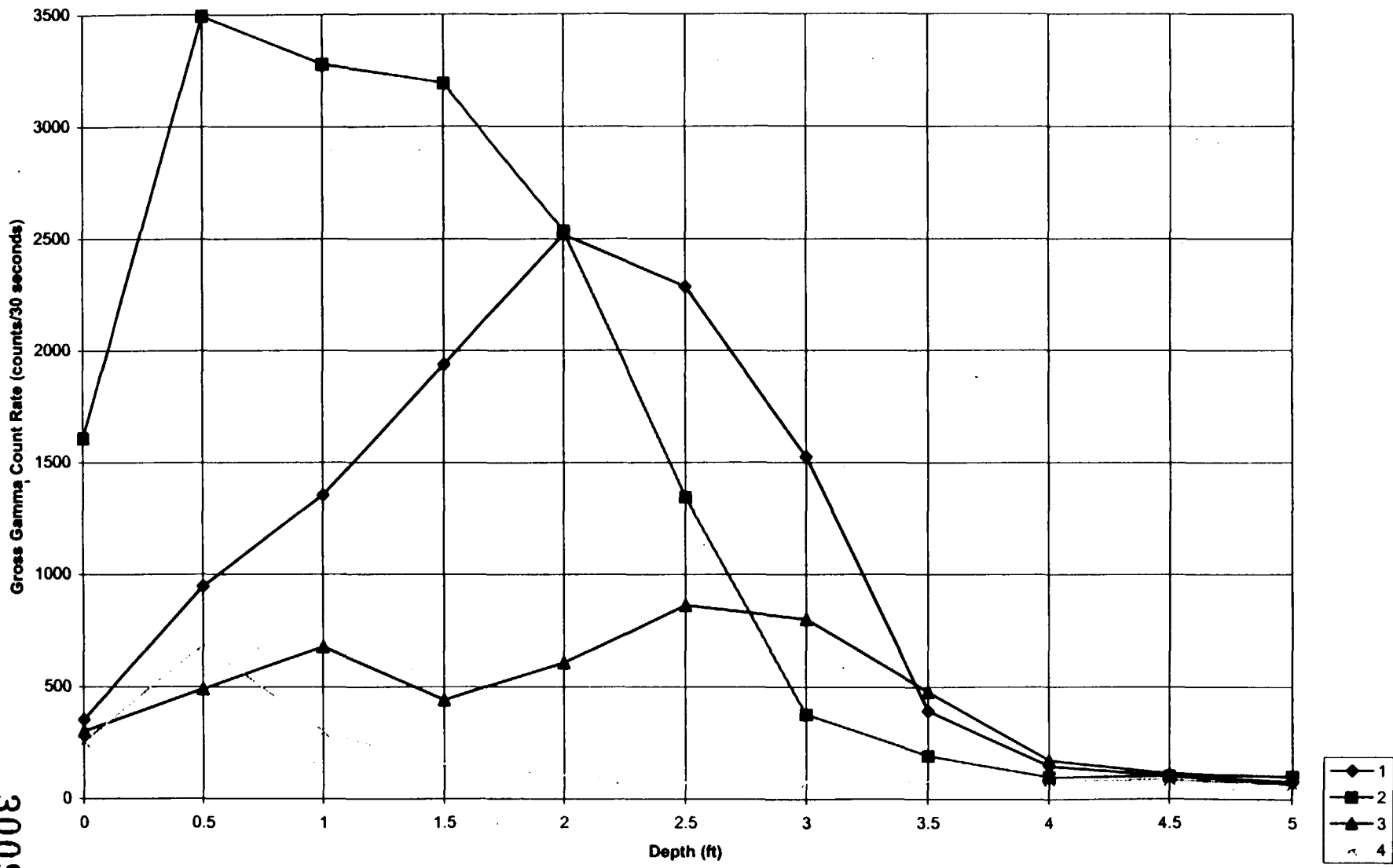


WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (GGM BASEMENT)
APPENDIX D-3



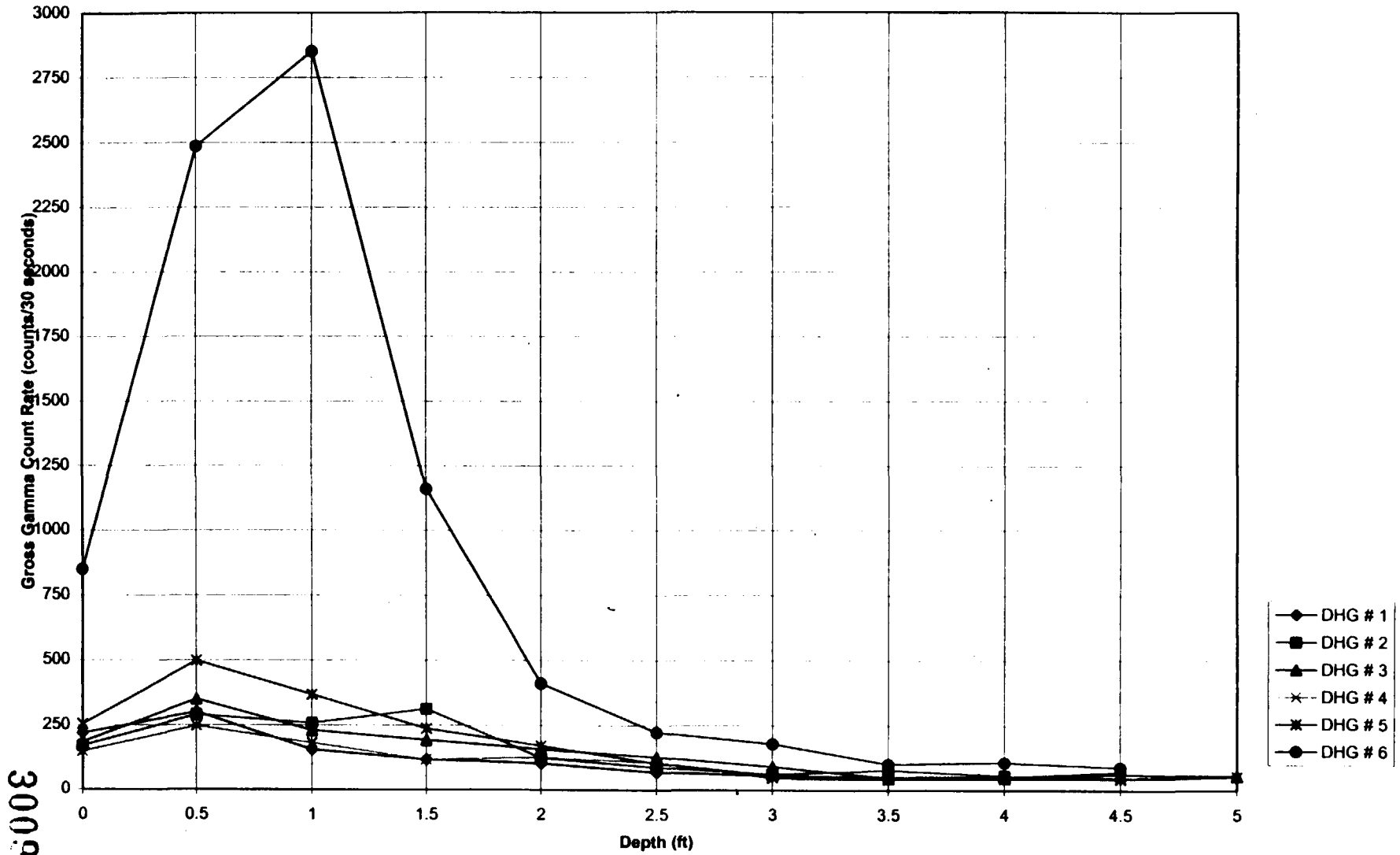
300906

WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (GGM ALLEYWAY)
APPENDIX D-2



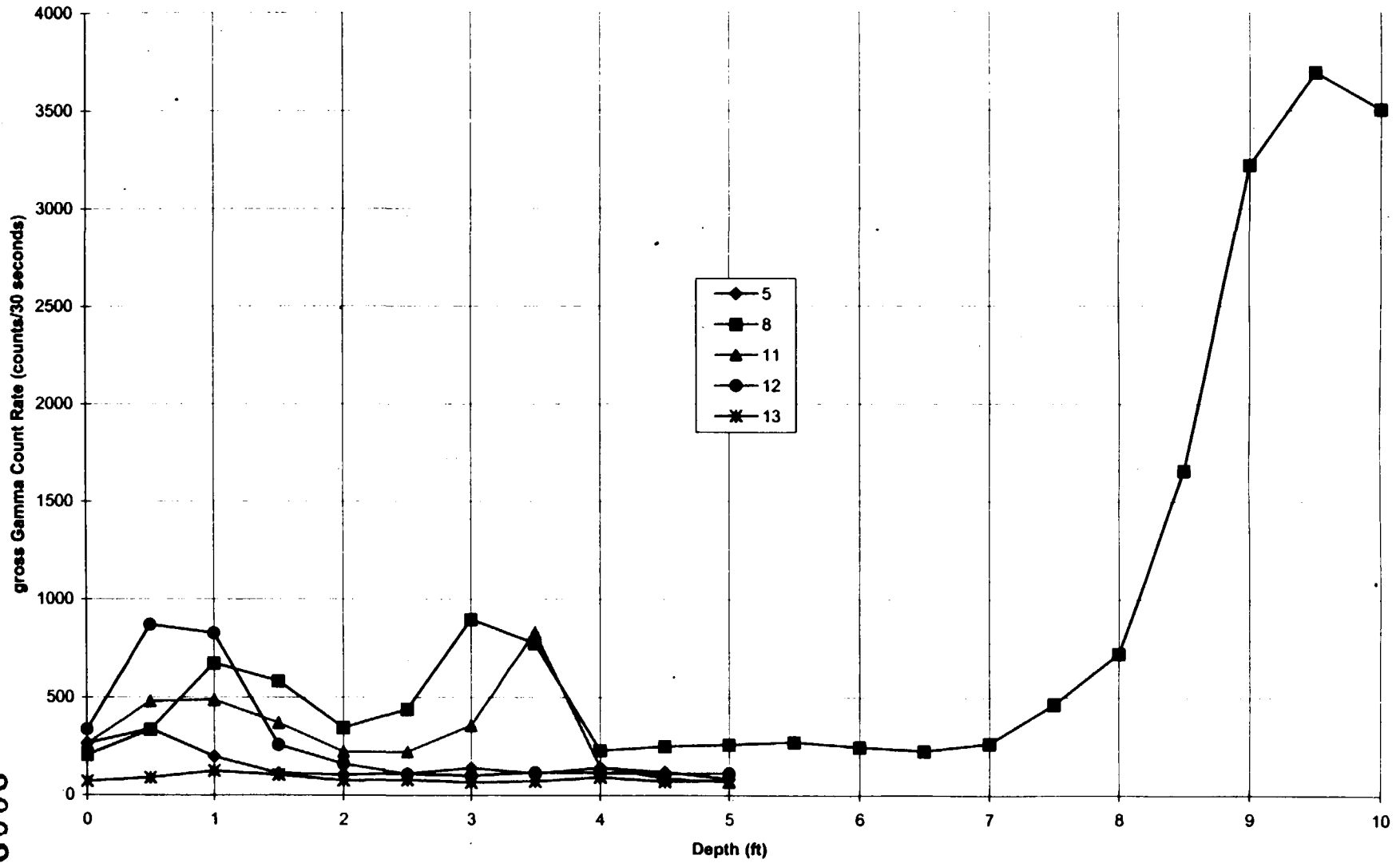
300910

**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 1)
APPENDIX D-3**



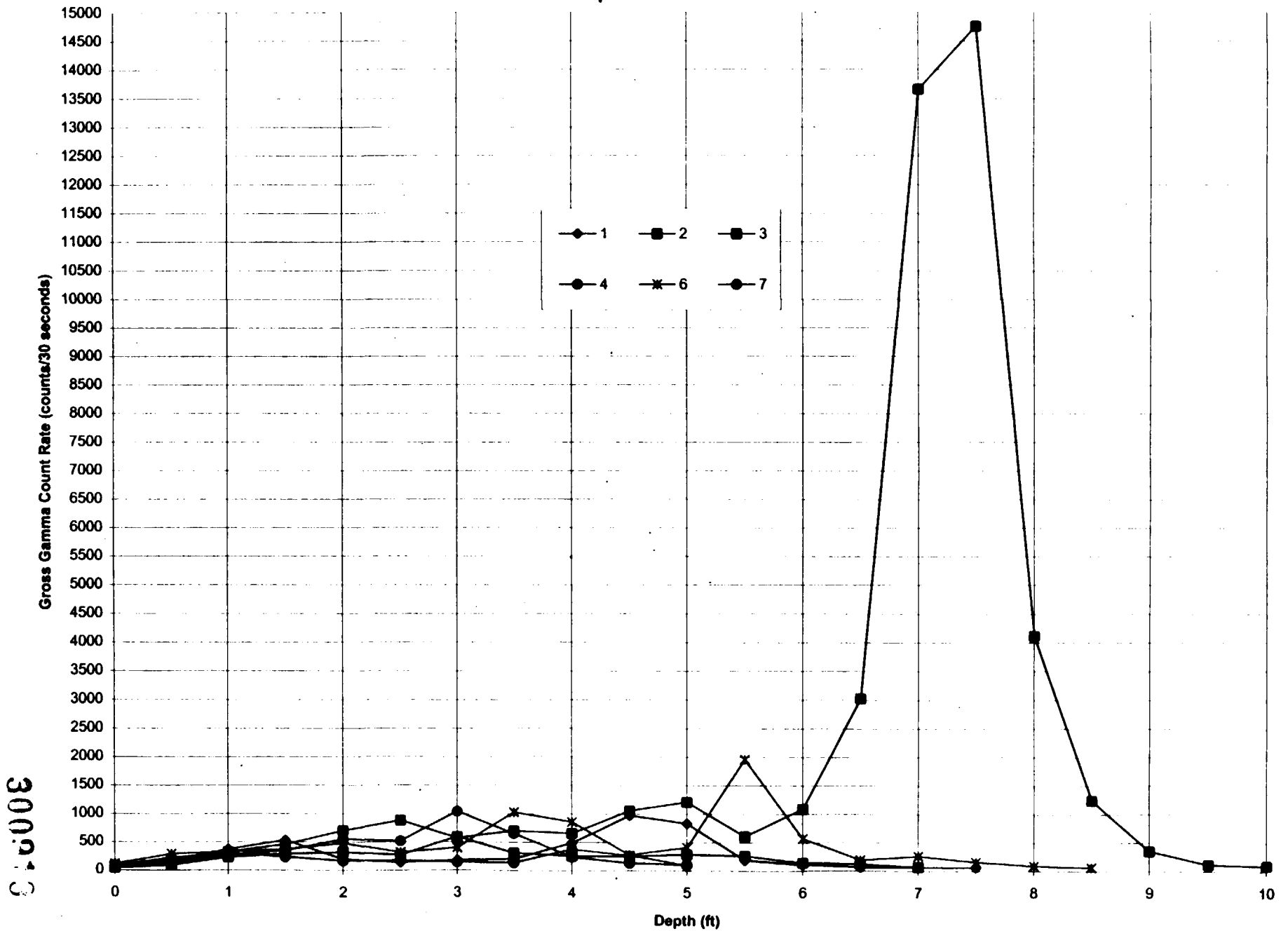
116011

WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 2)
APPENDIX D-3



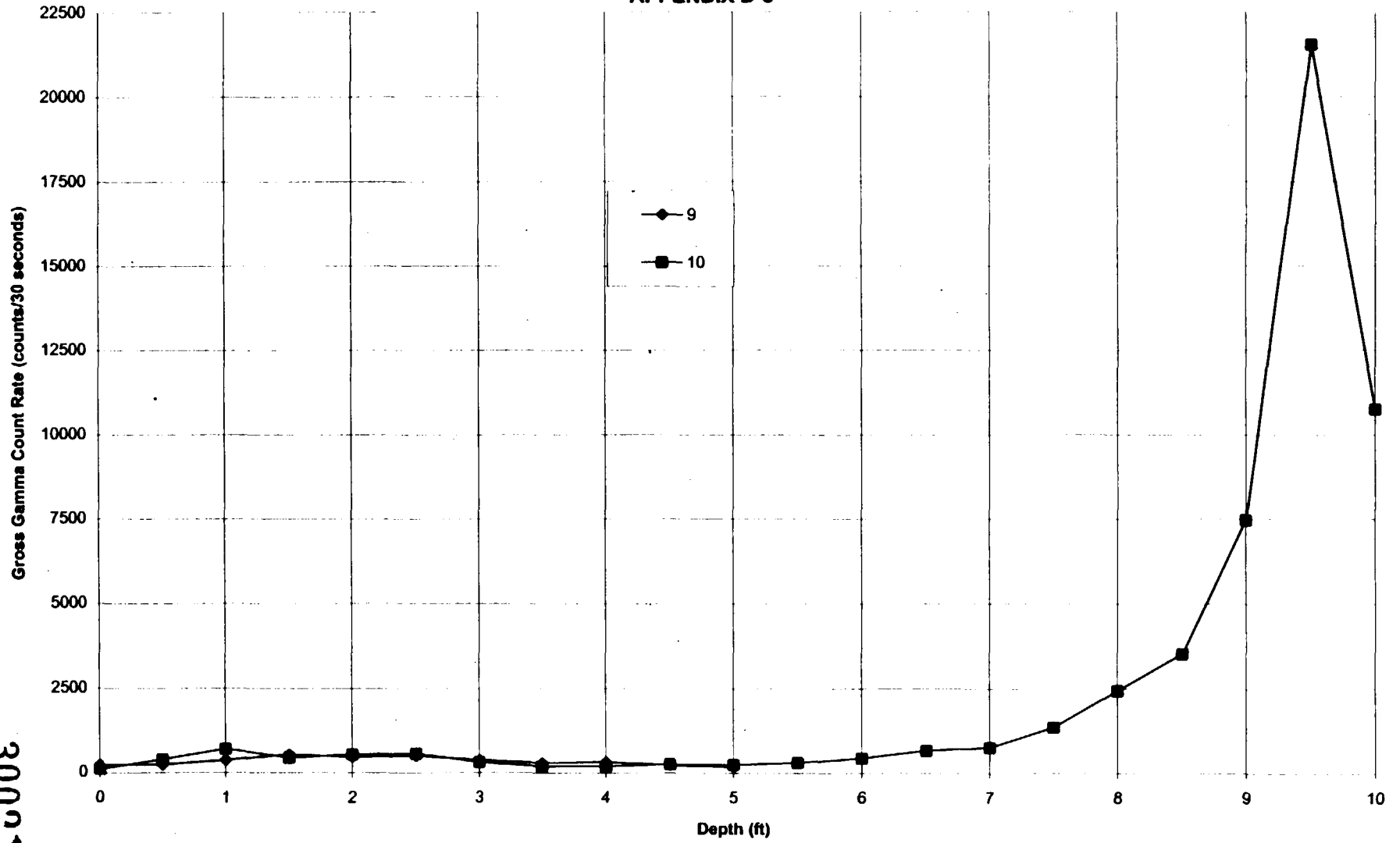
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WELSBAC_{HT}/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 2)
APPENDIX D-3



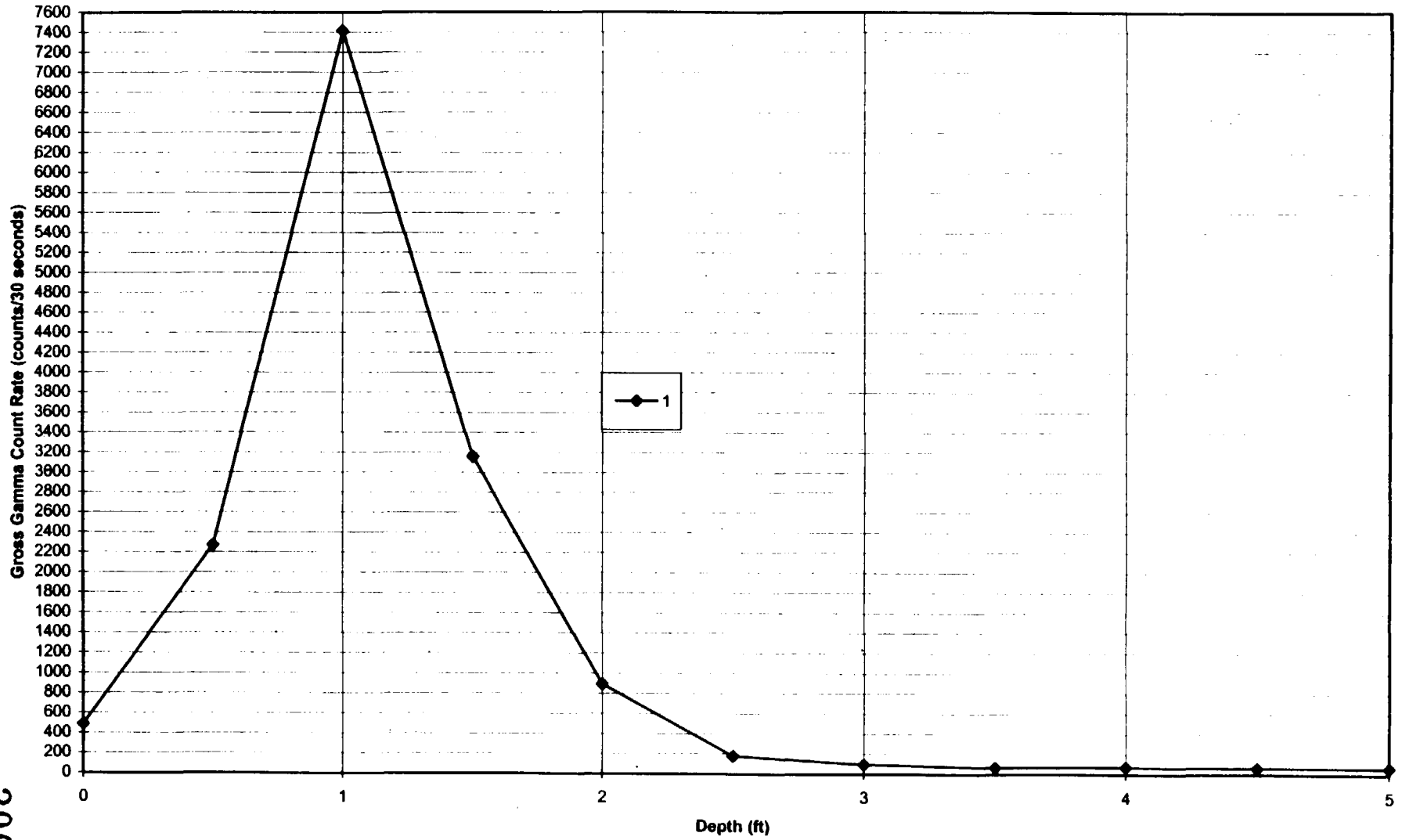
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WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 2)
APPENDIX D-3



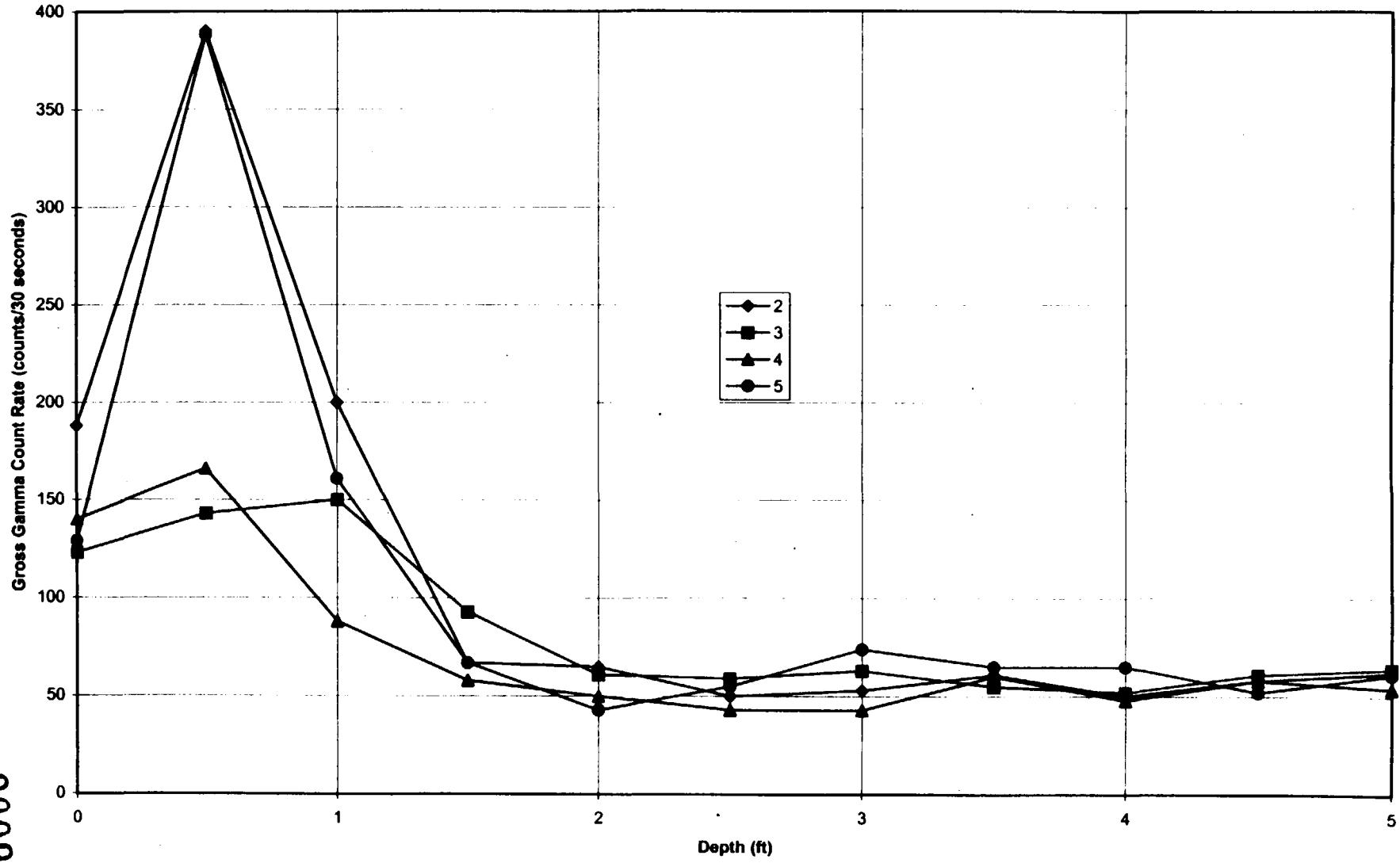
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WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 3)
APPENDIX D-3



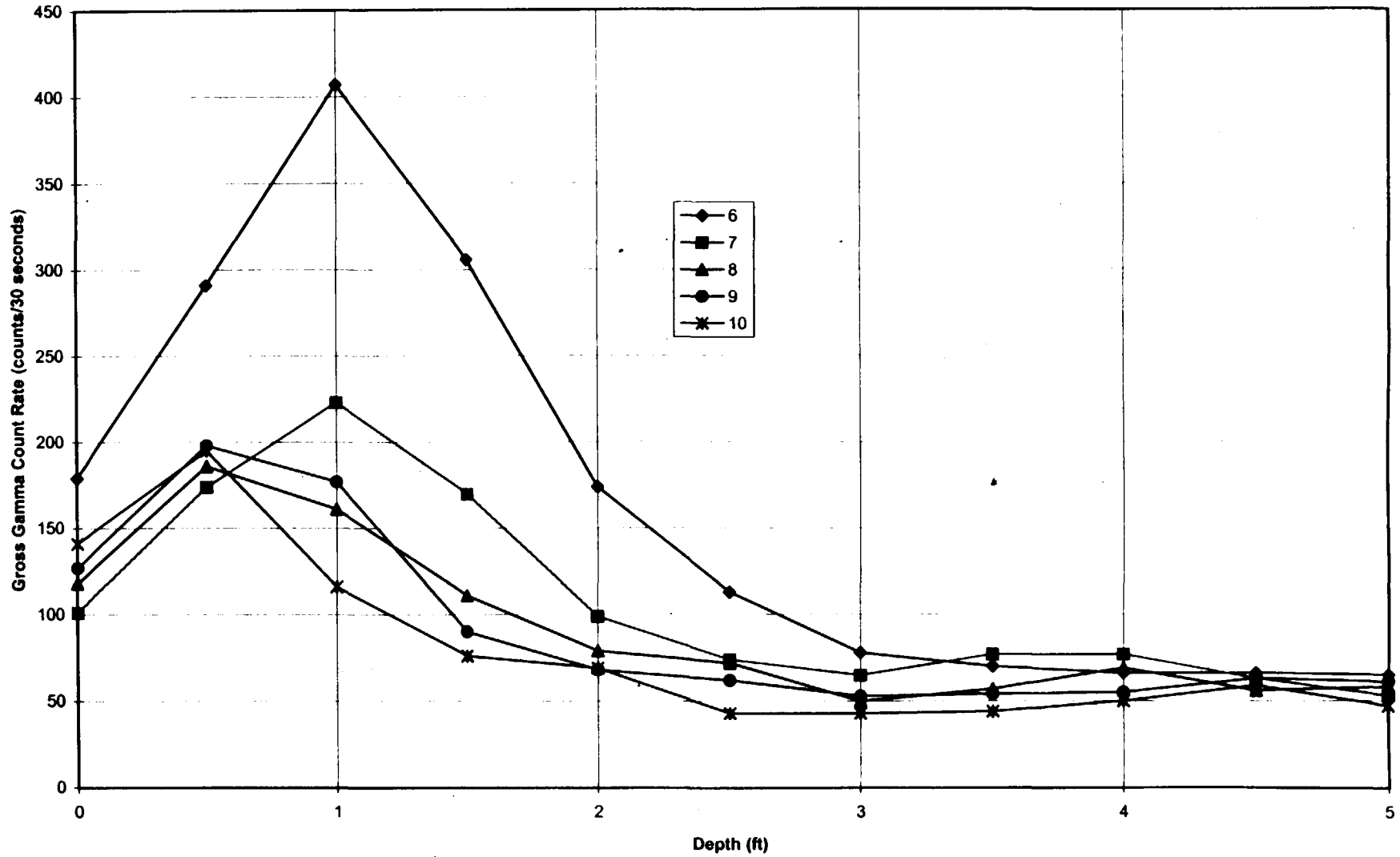
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WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 3)
APPENDIX D-3



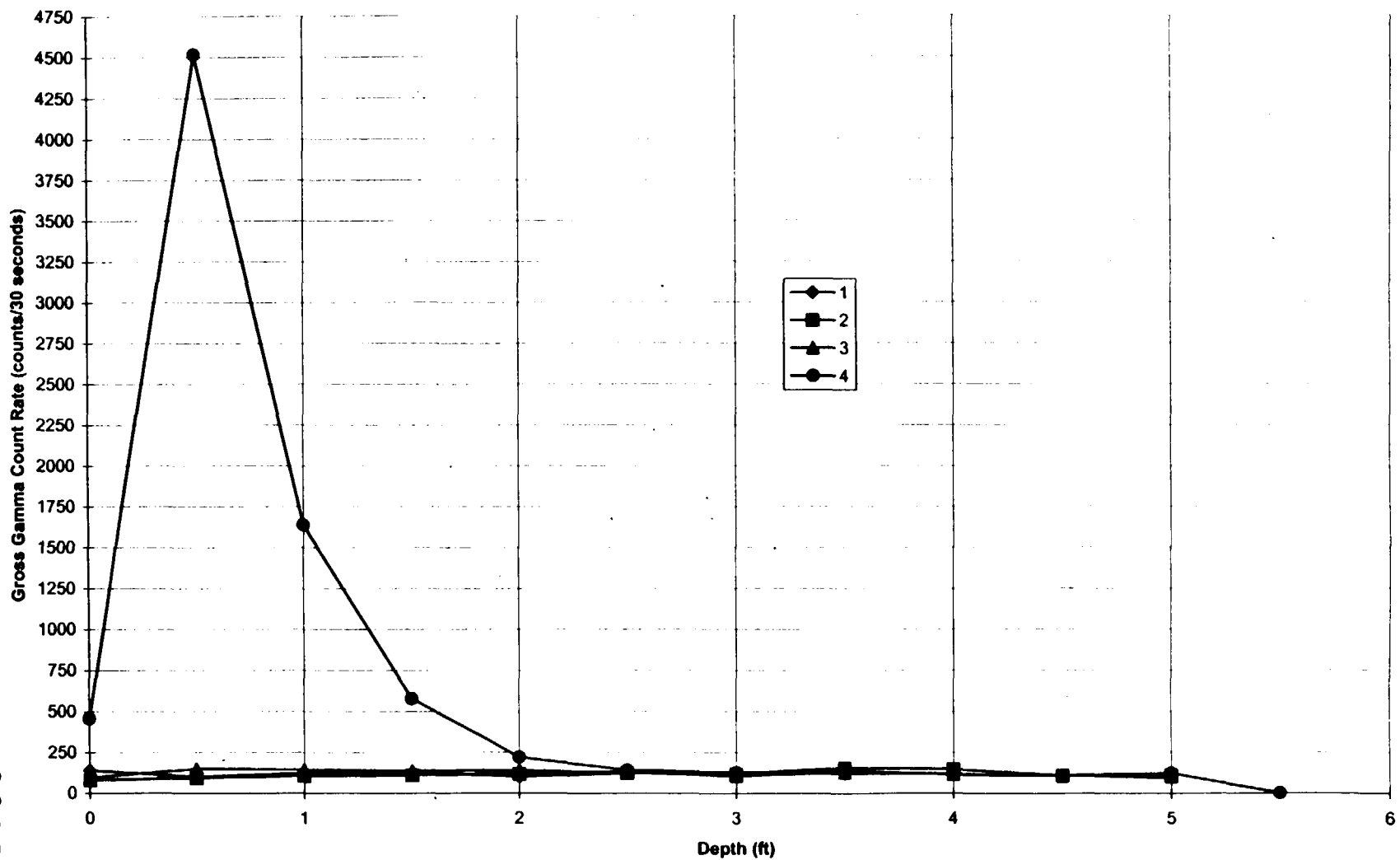
300916

WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 3)
APPENDIX D-3



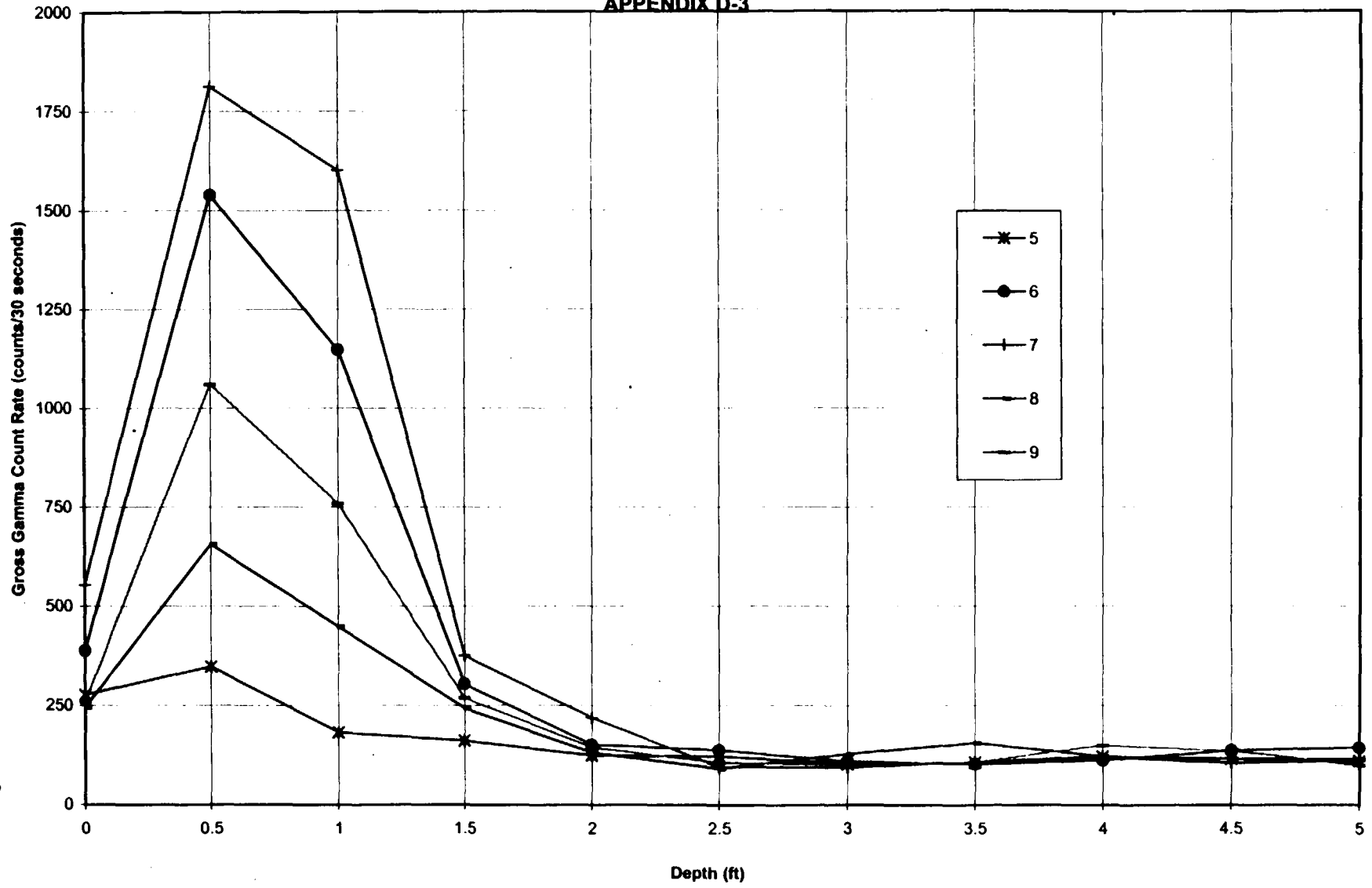
300011

WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY4)
APPENDIX D-3



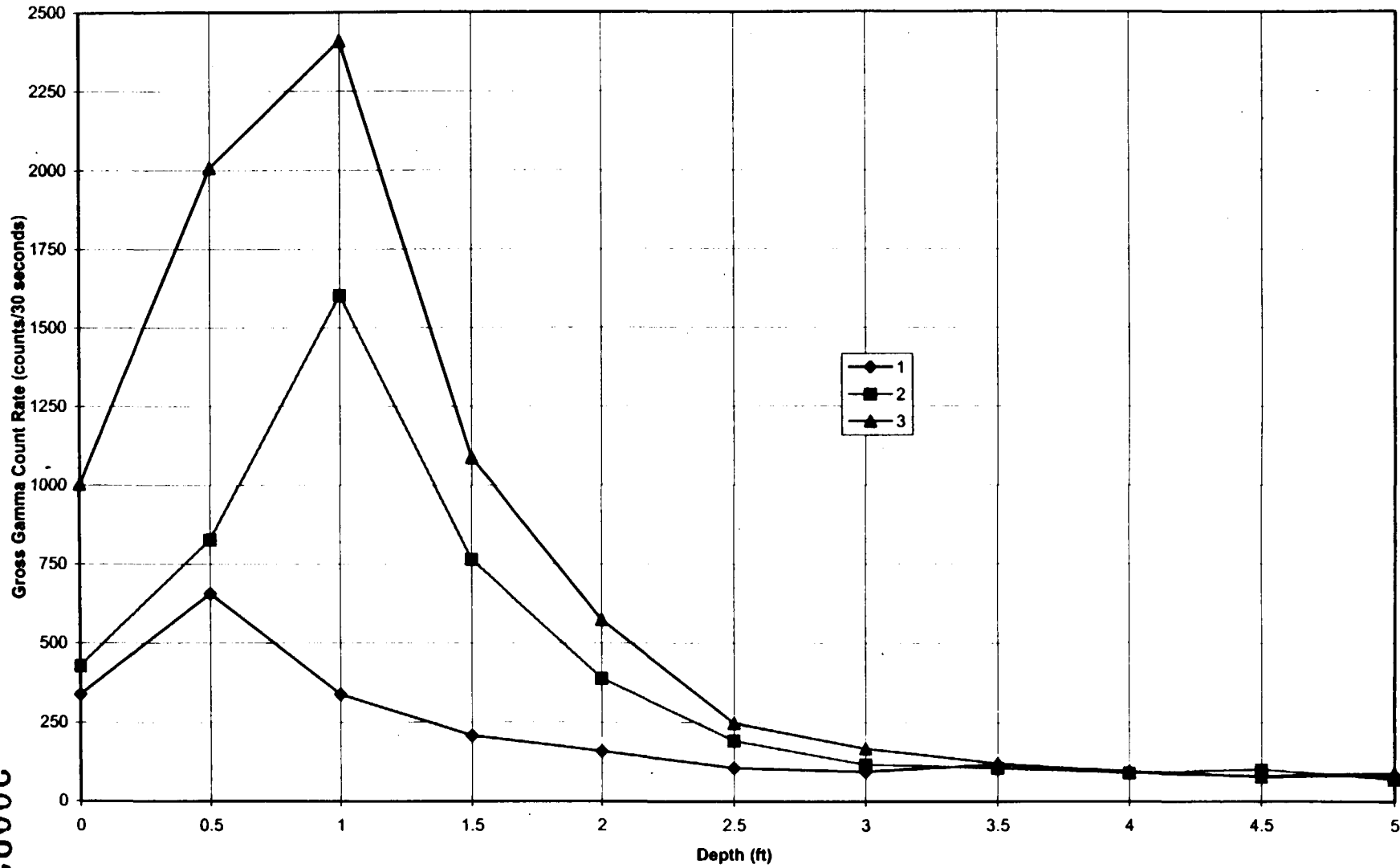
300913

WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY4)
APPENDIX D-3



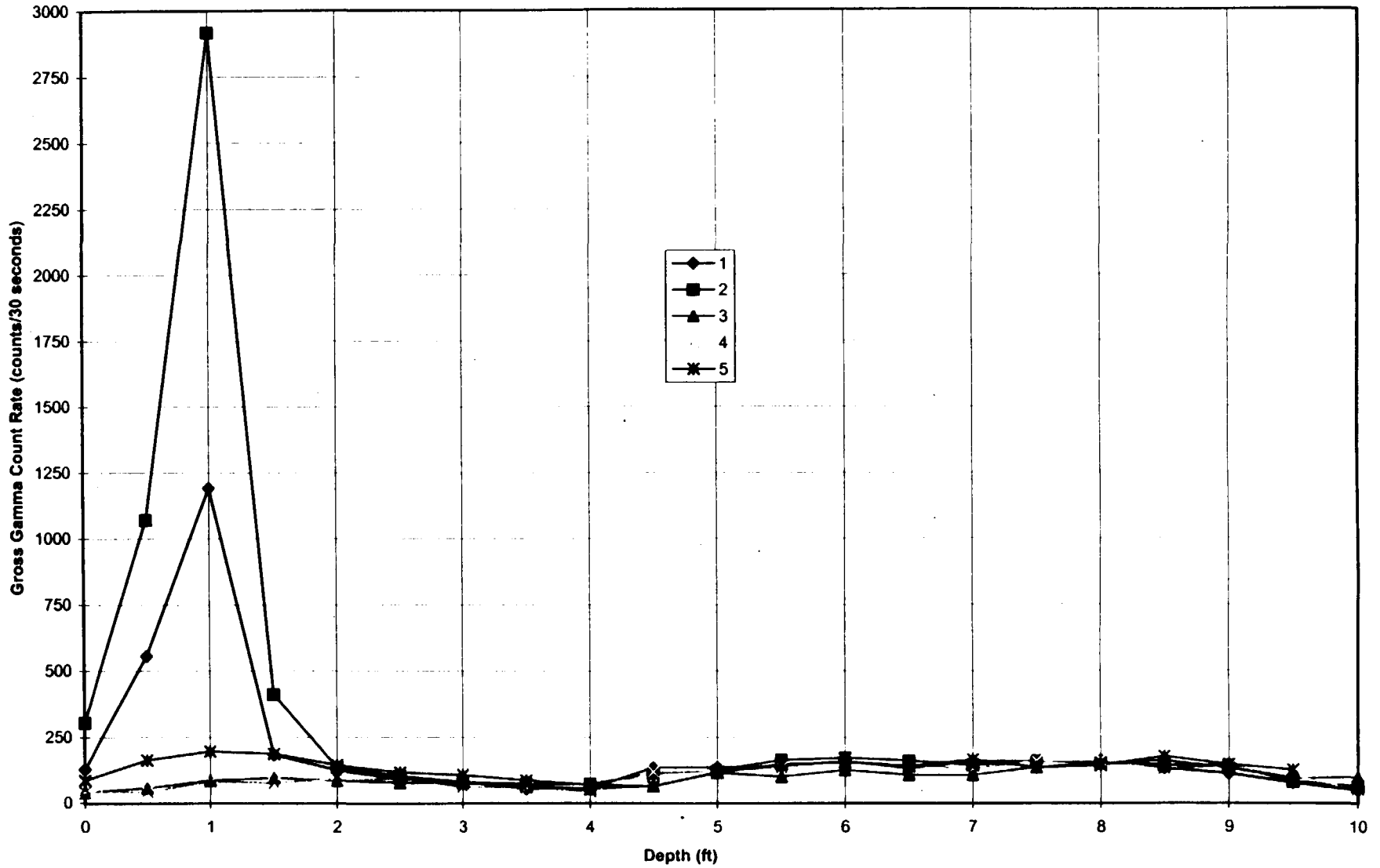
300919

WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 5)
APPENDIX D-3



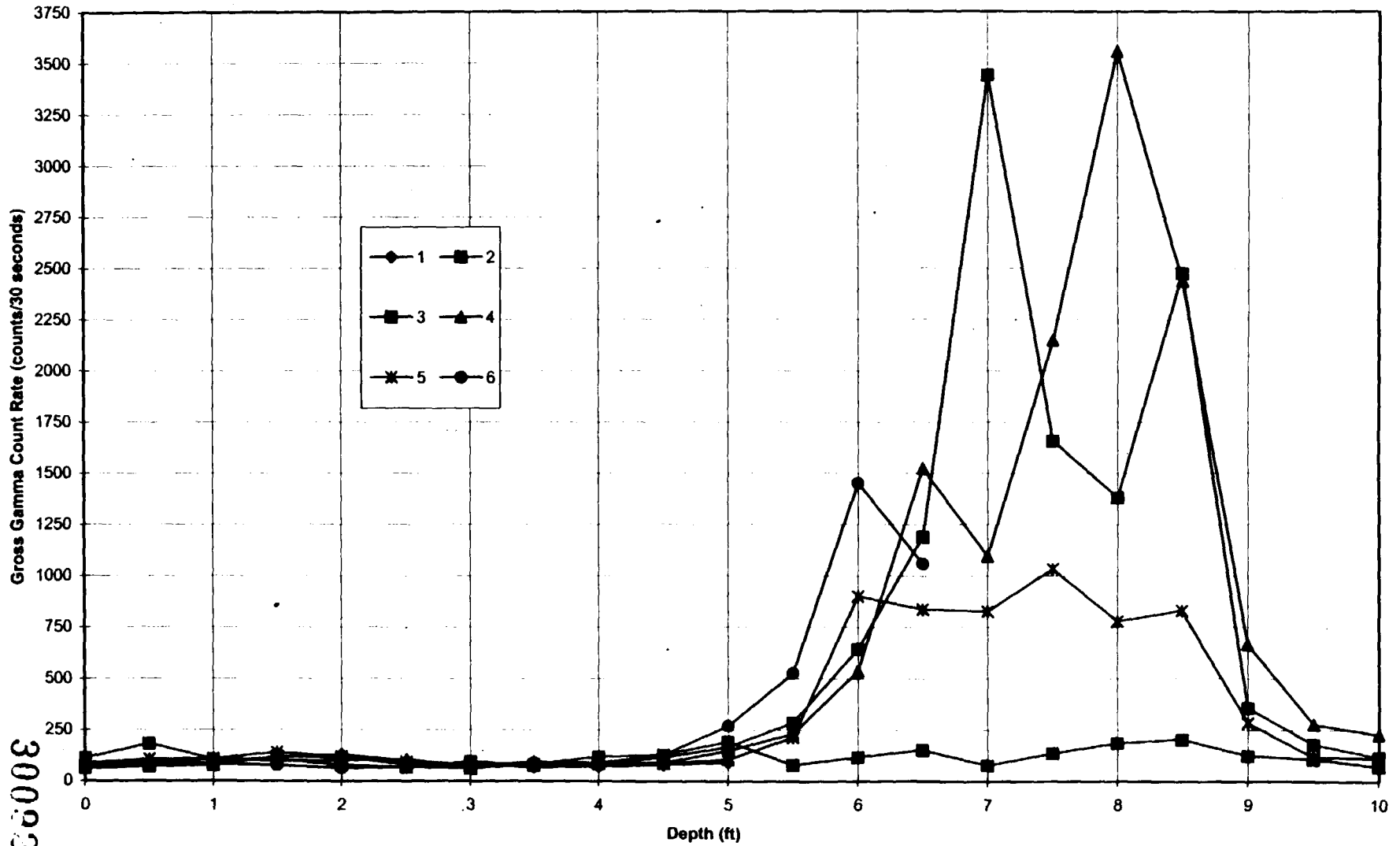
300020

WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 6)
APPENDIX D-3



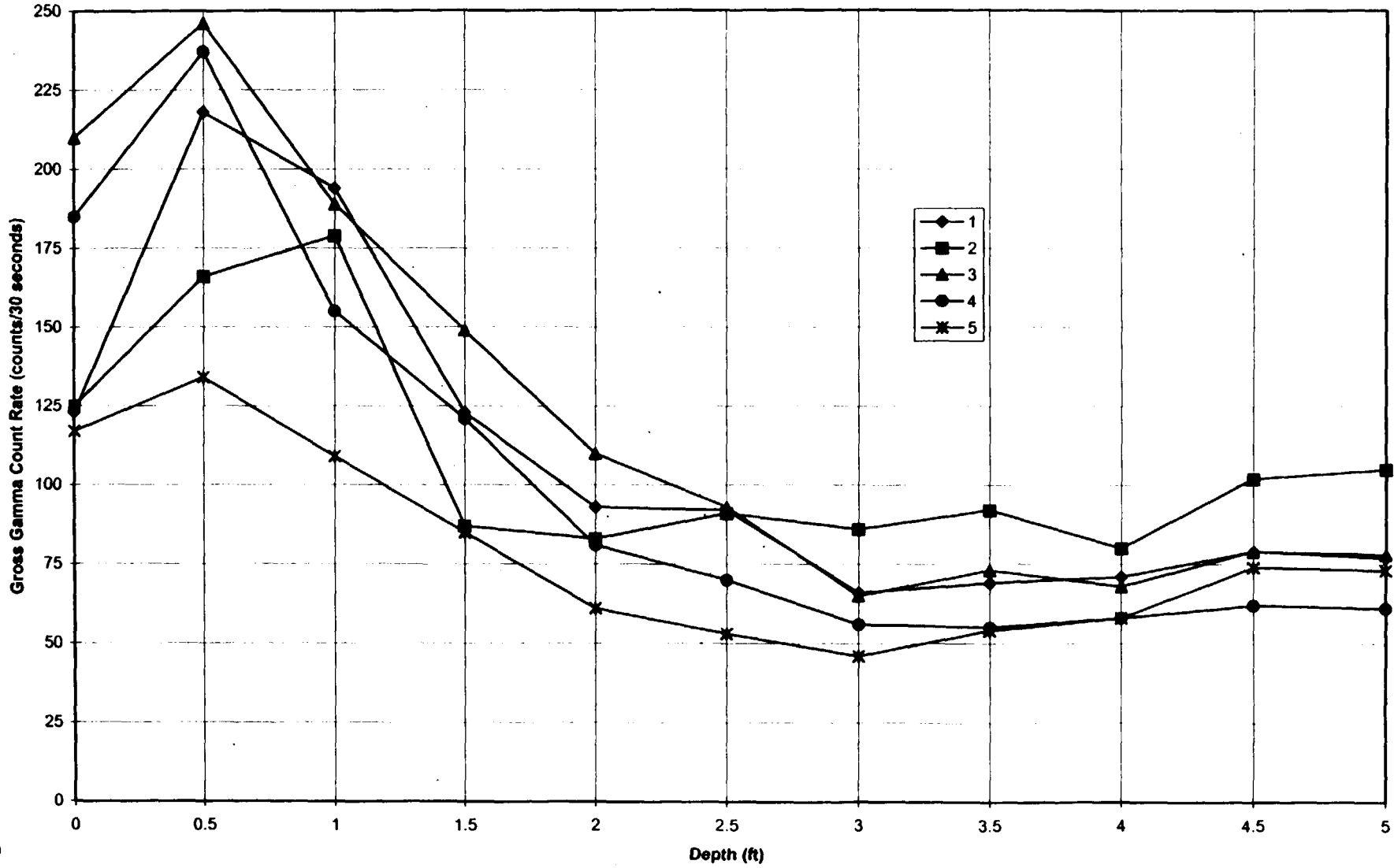
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 7)
APPENDIX D-3**



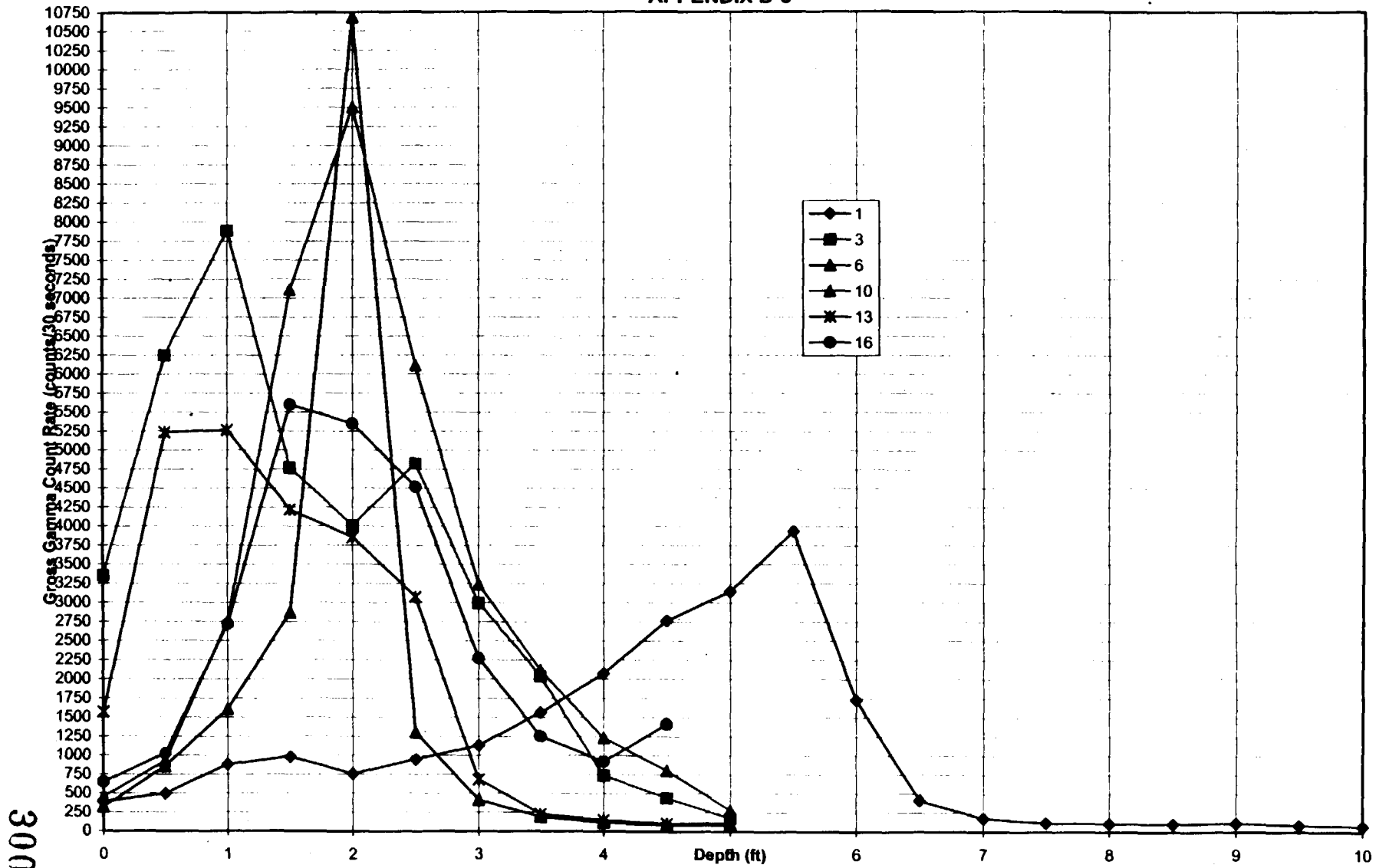
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 8)
APPENDIX D-3**



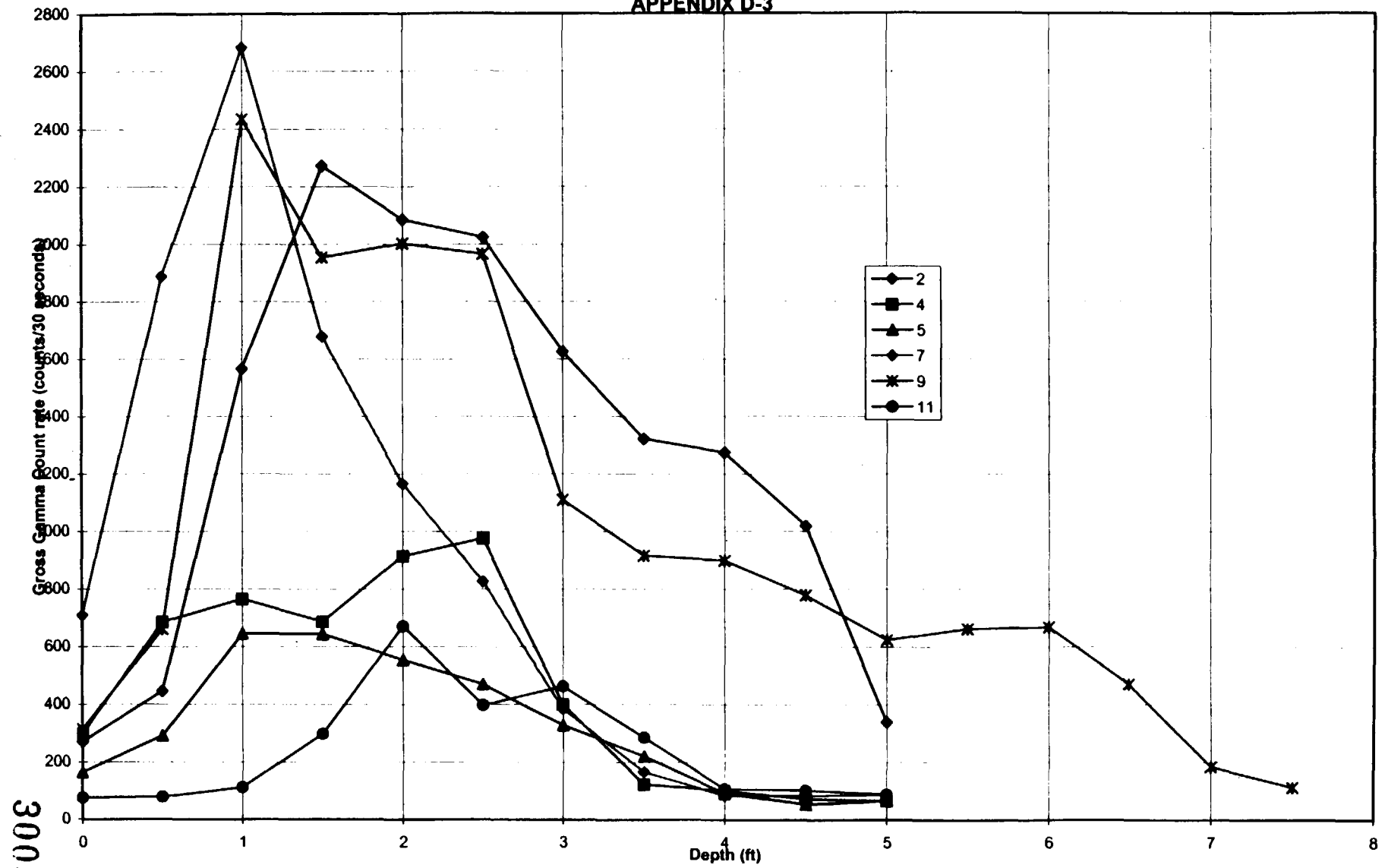
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 14)
APPENDIX D-3**



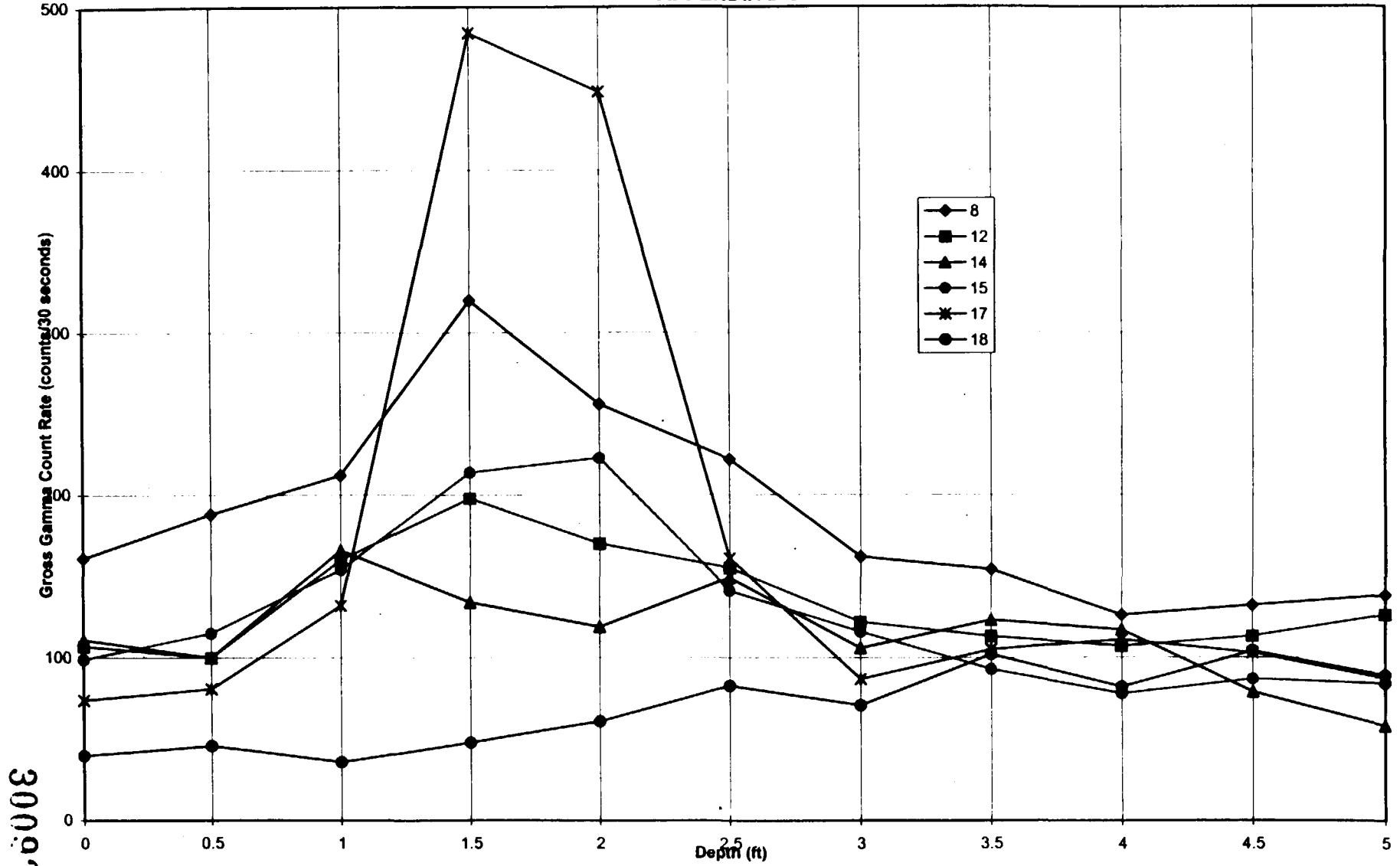
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 14)
APPENDIX D-3**



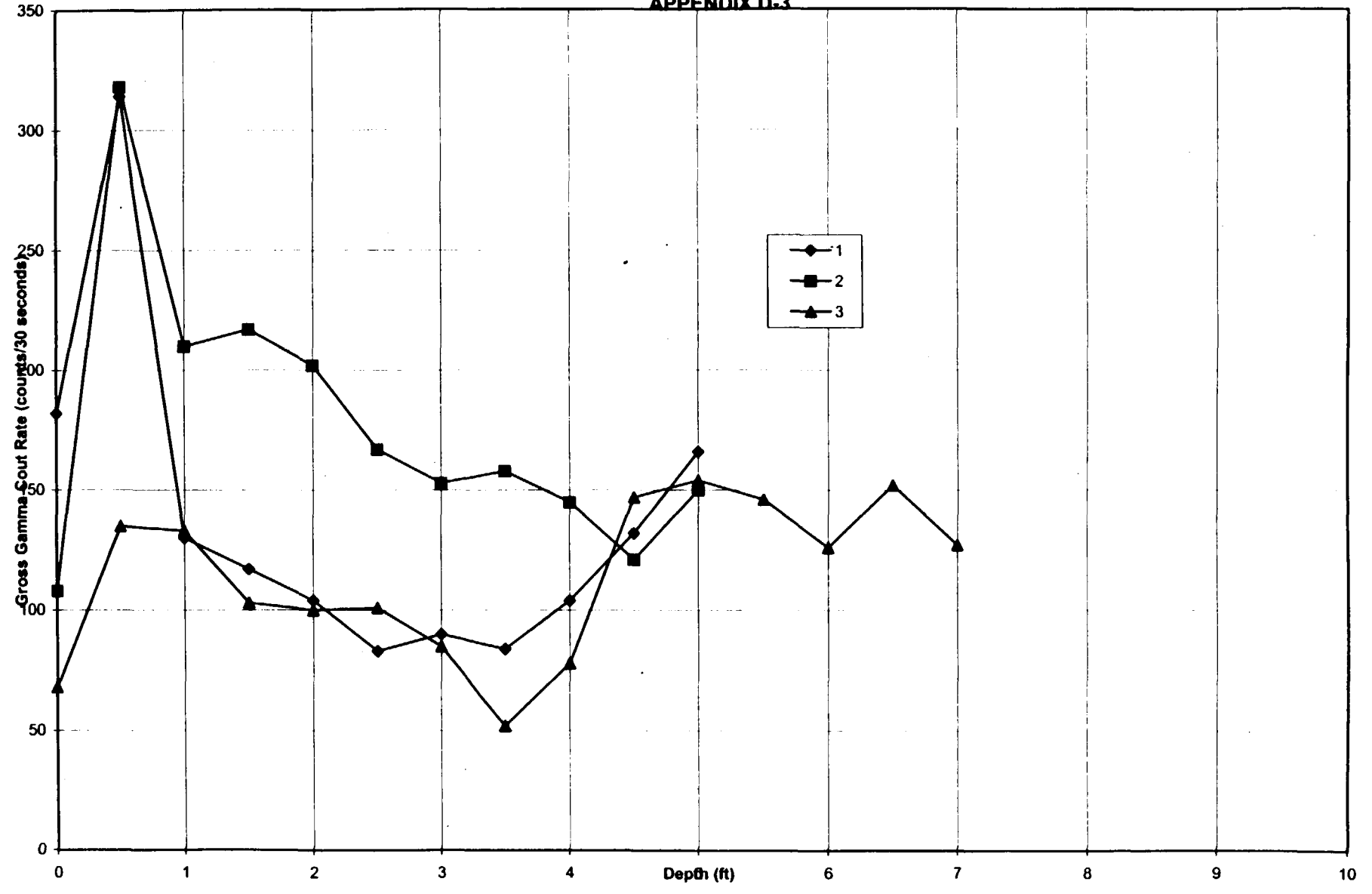
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 14)
APPENDIX D-3**



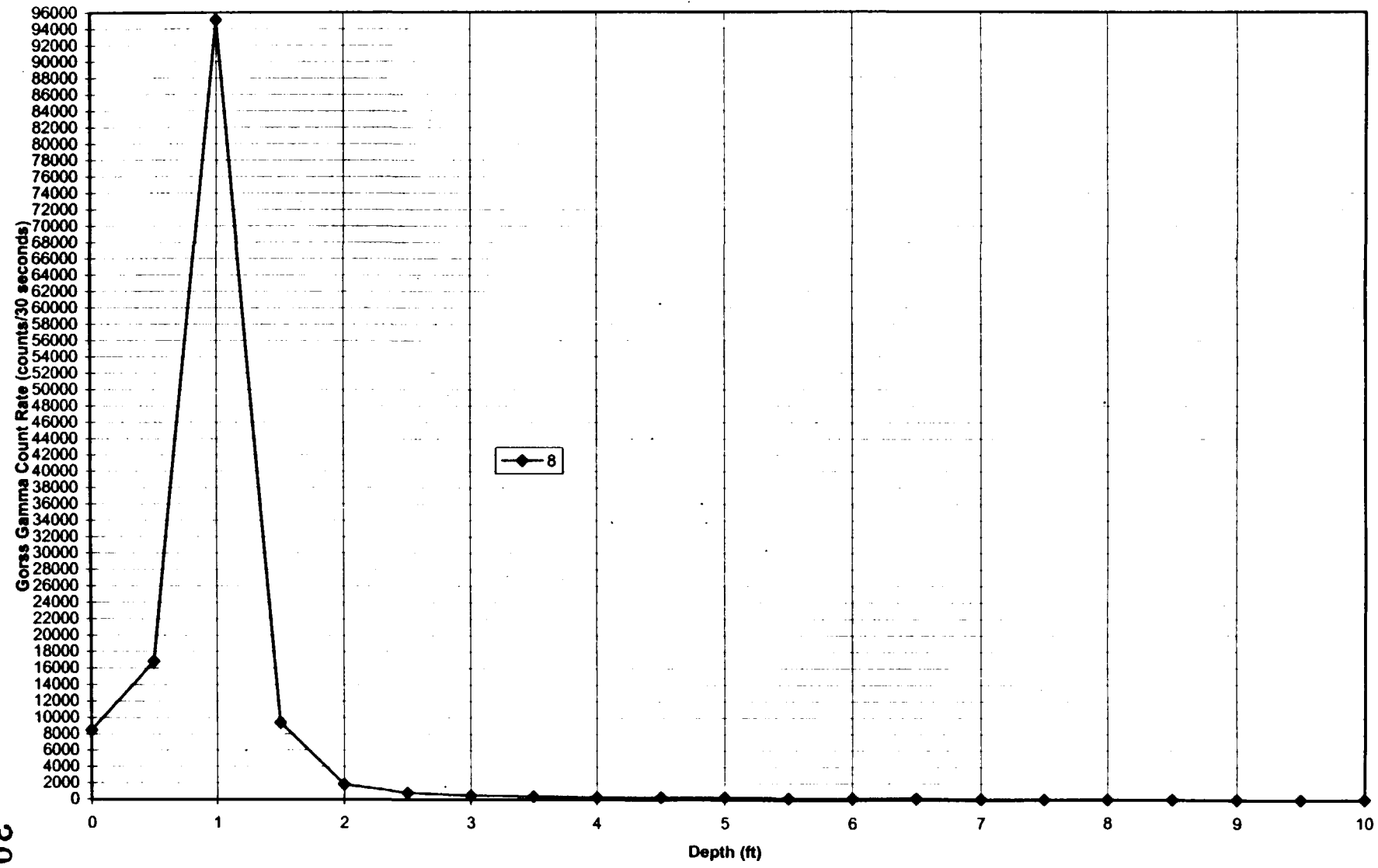
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WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 15)
APPENDIX D-3



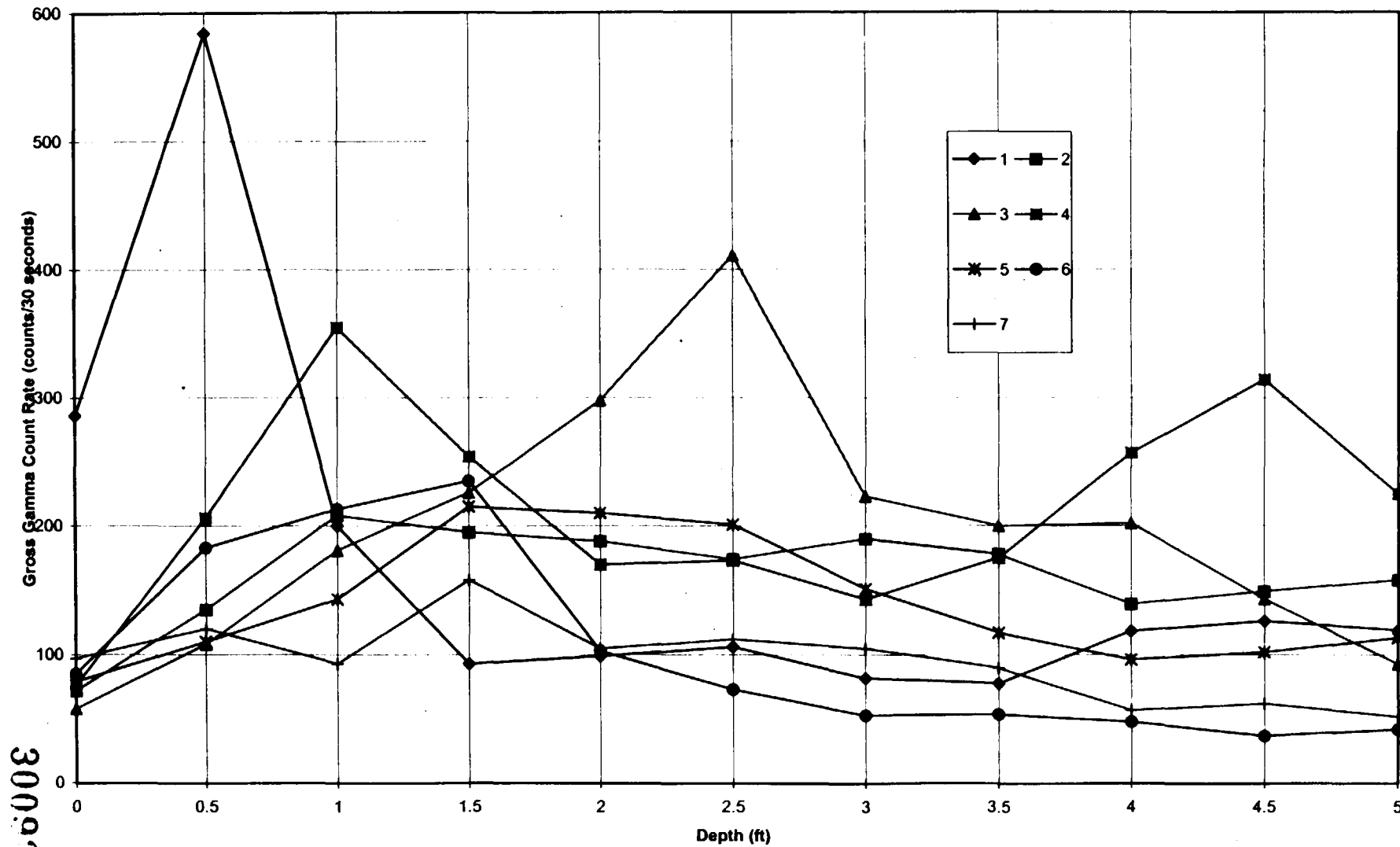
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WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 16)
APPENDIX D-3



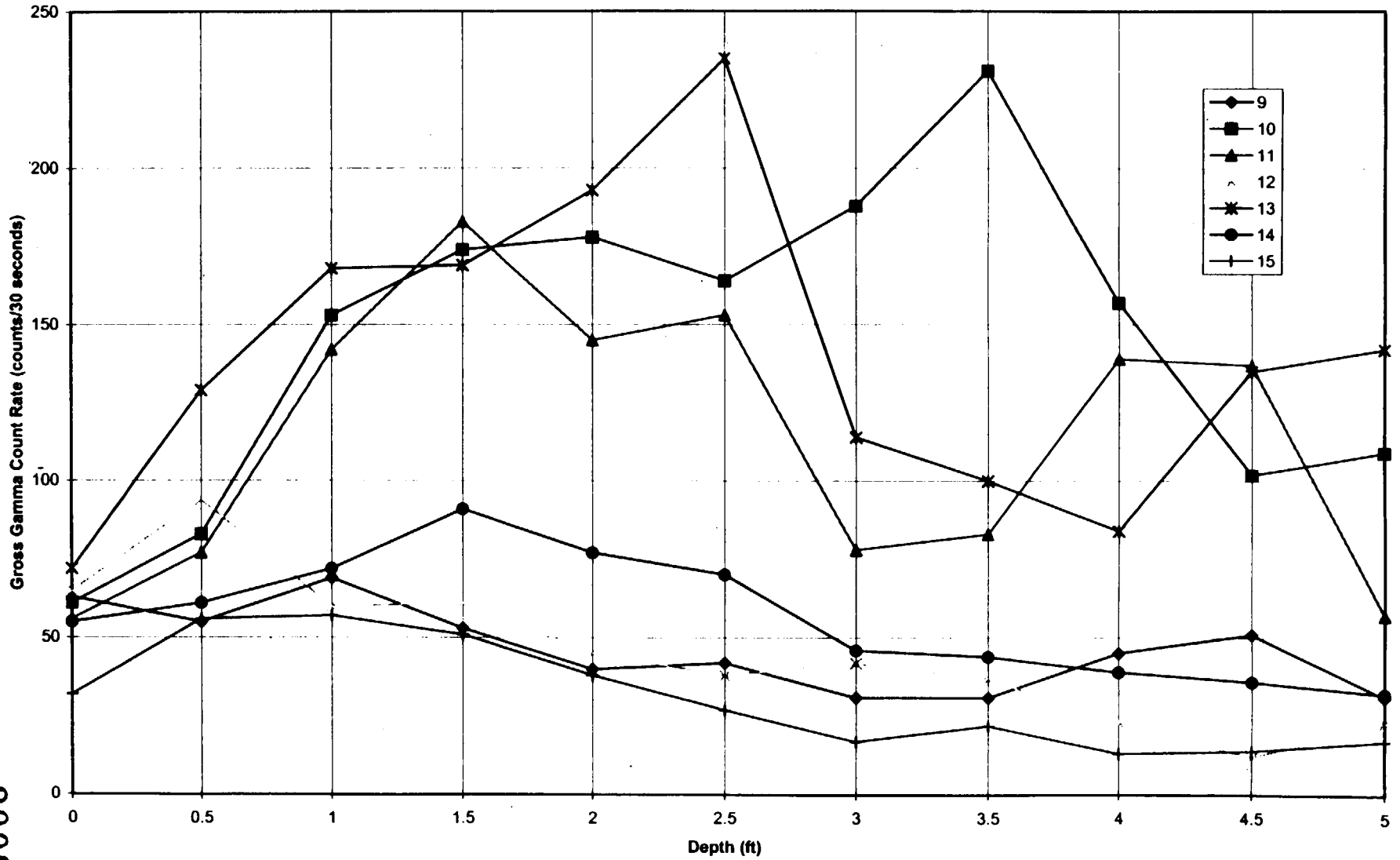
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 16)
APPENDIX D-3**



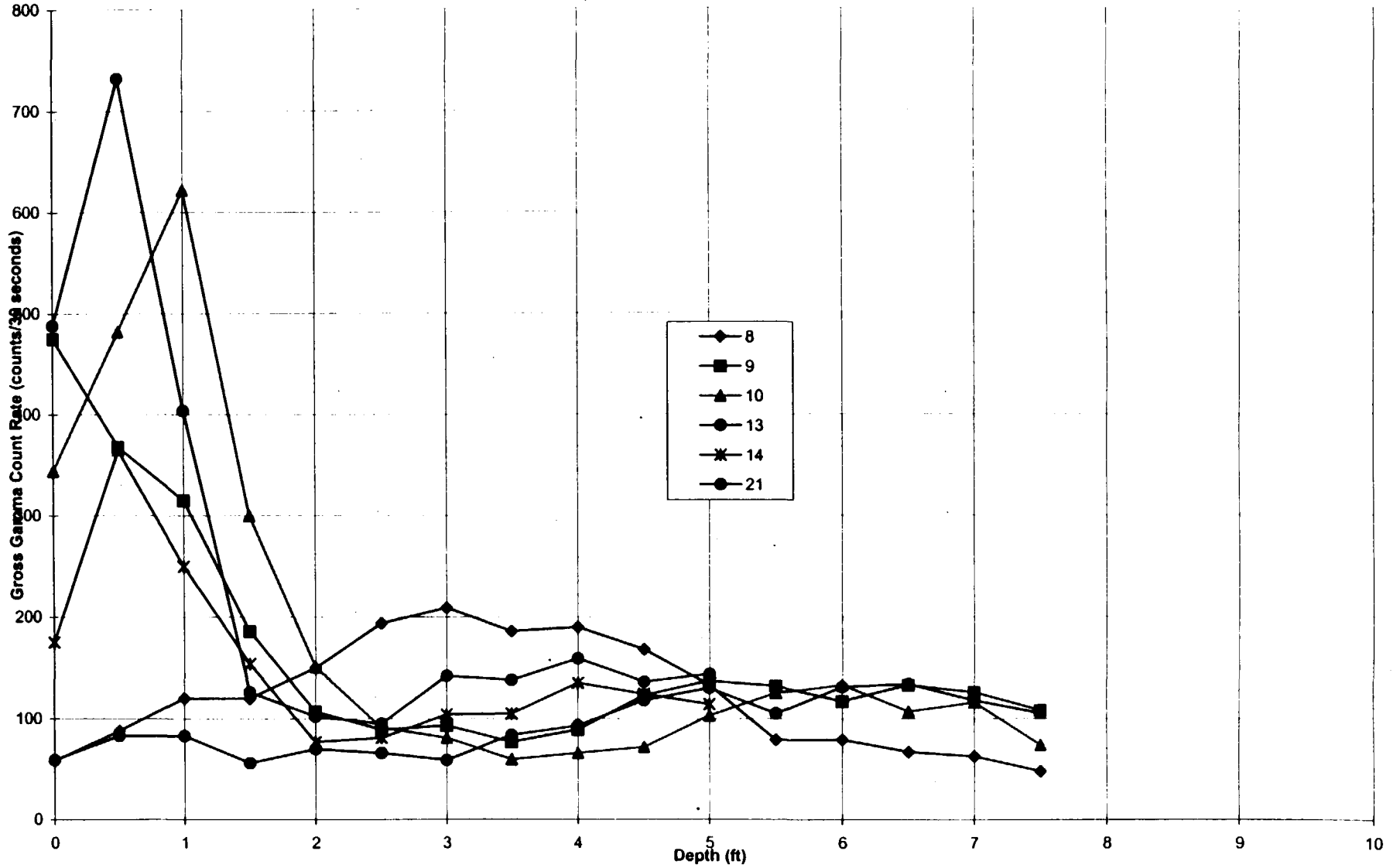
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 16)
APPENDIX D-3**



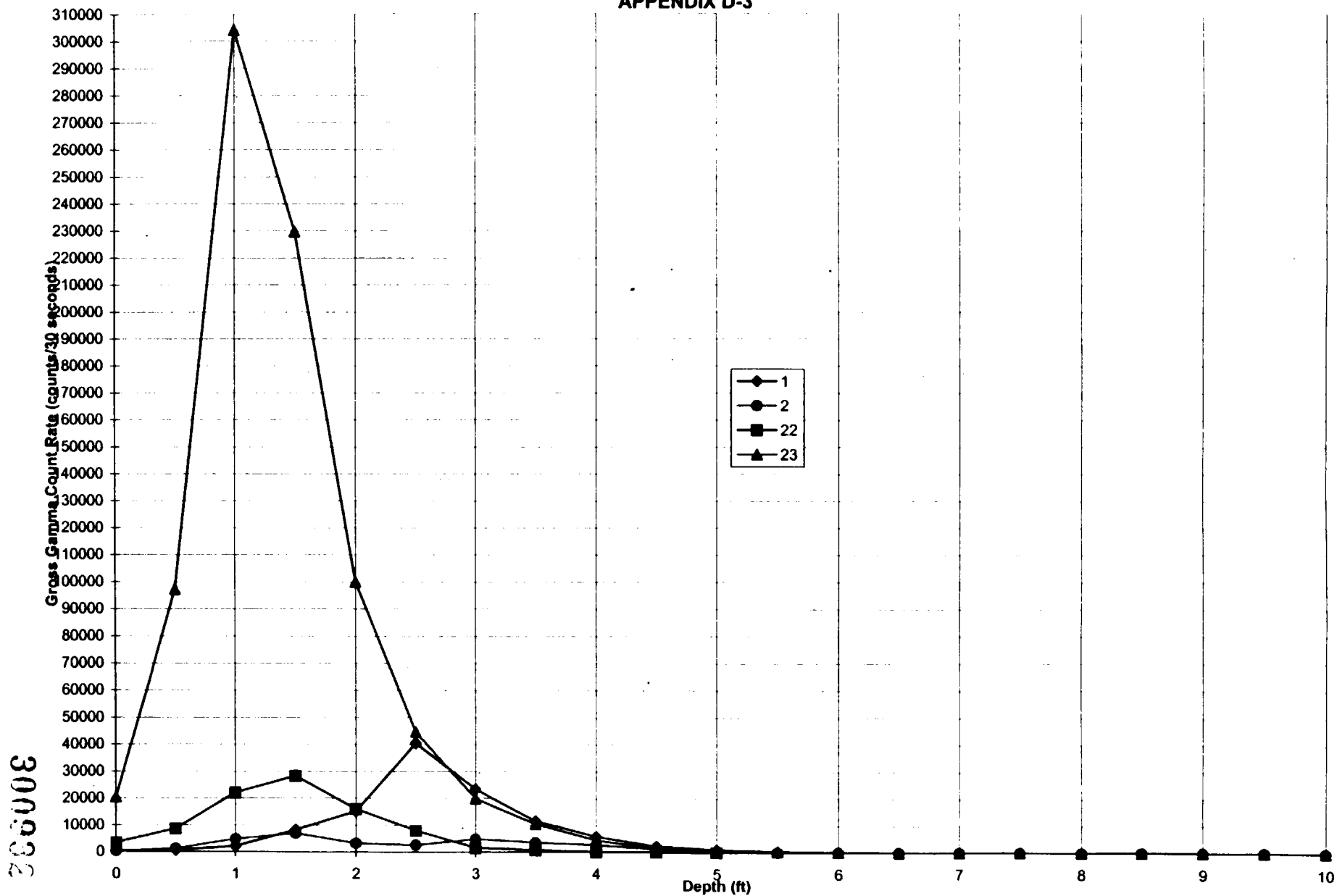
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 17)
APPENDIX D-3**

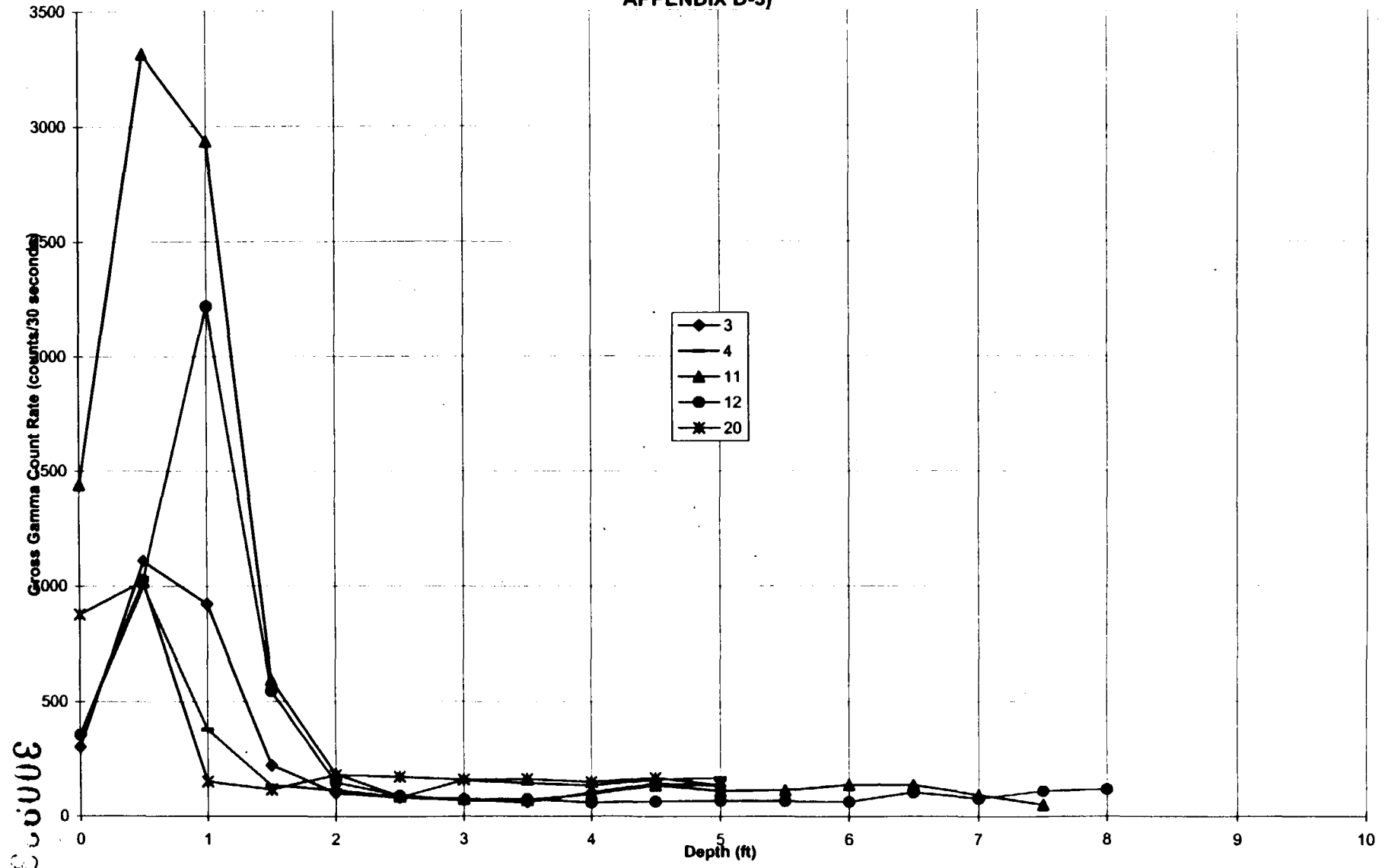


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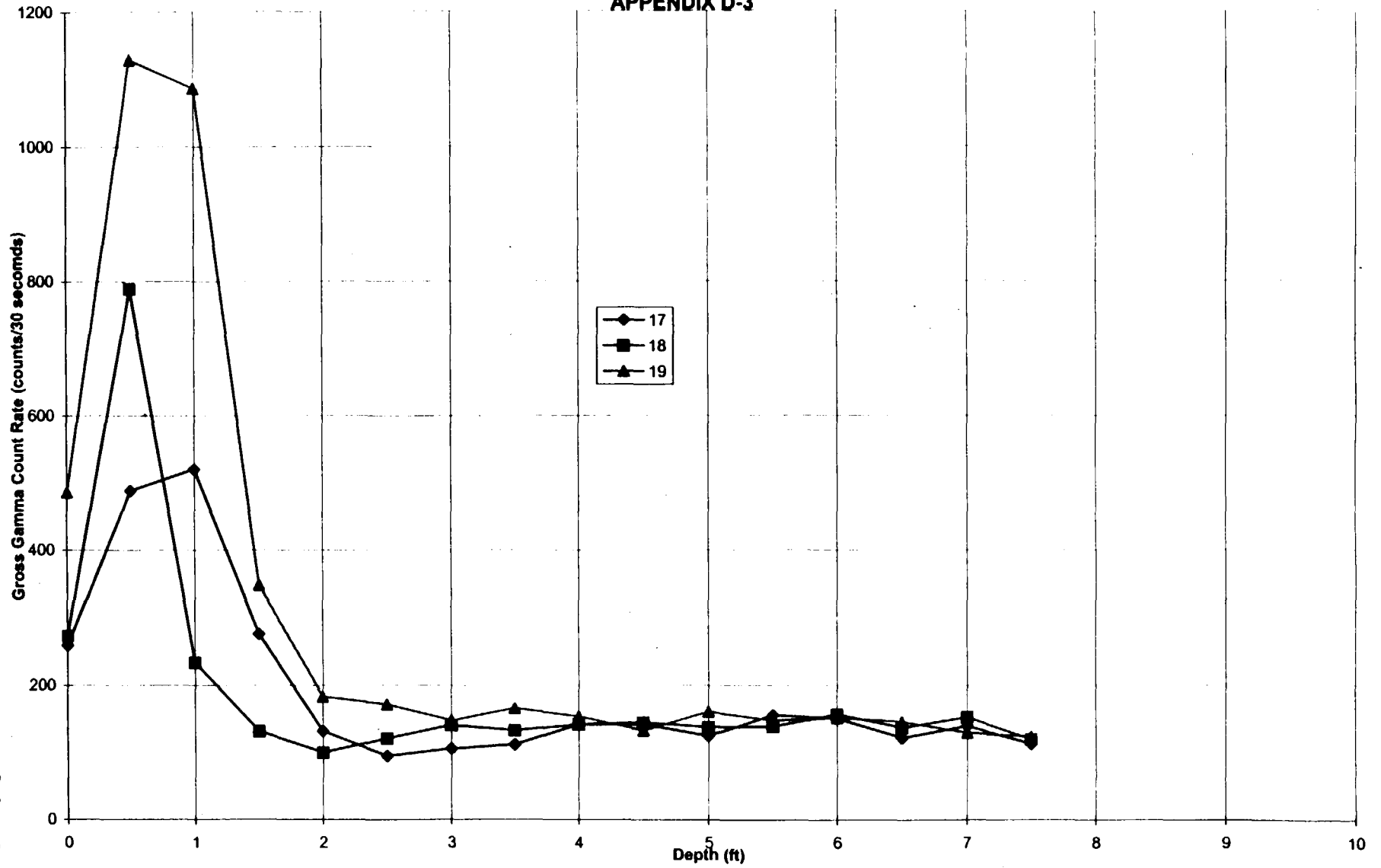
**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 17)
APPENDIX D-3**



WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 17
APPENDIX D-3)

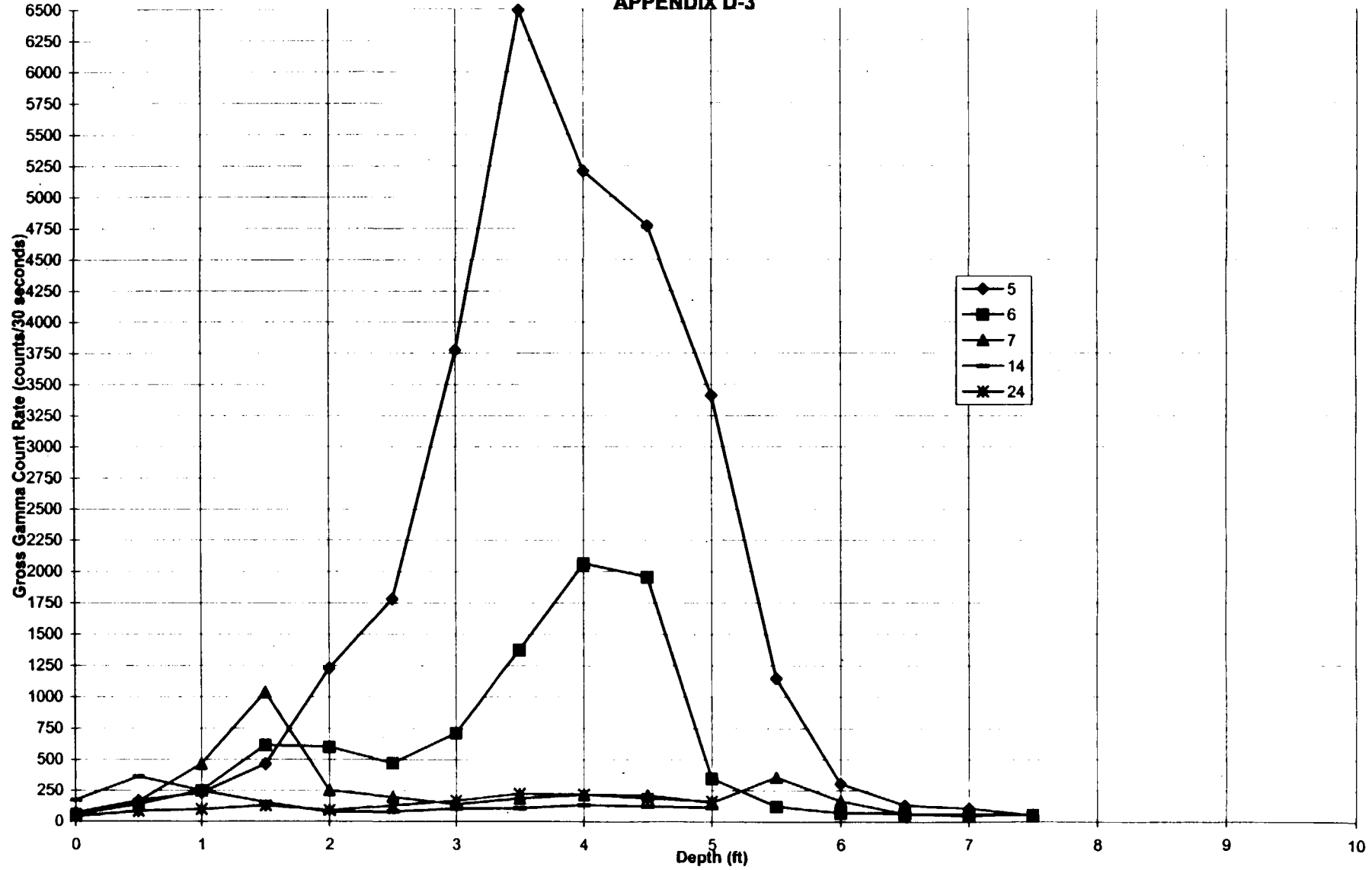


WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 17)
APPENDIX D-3



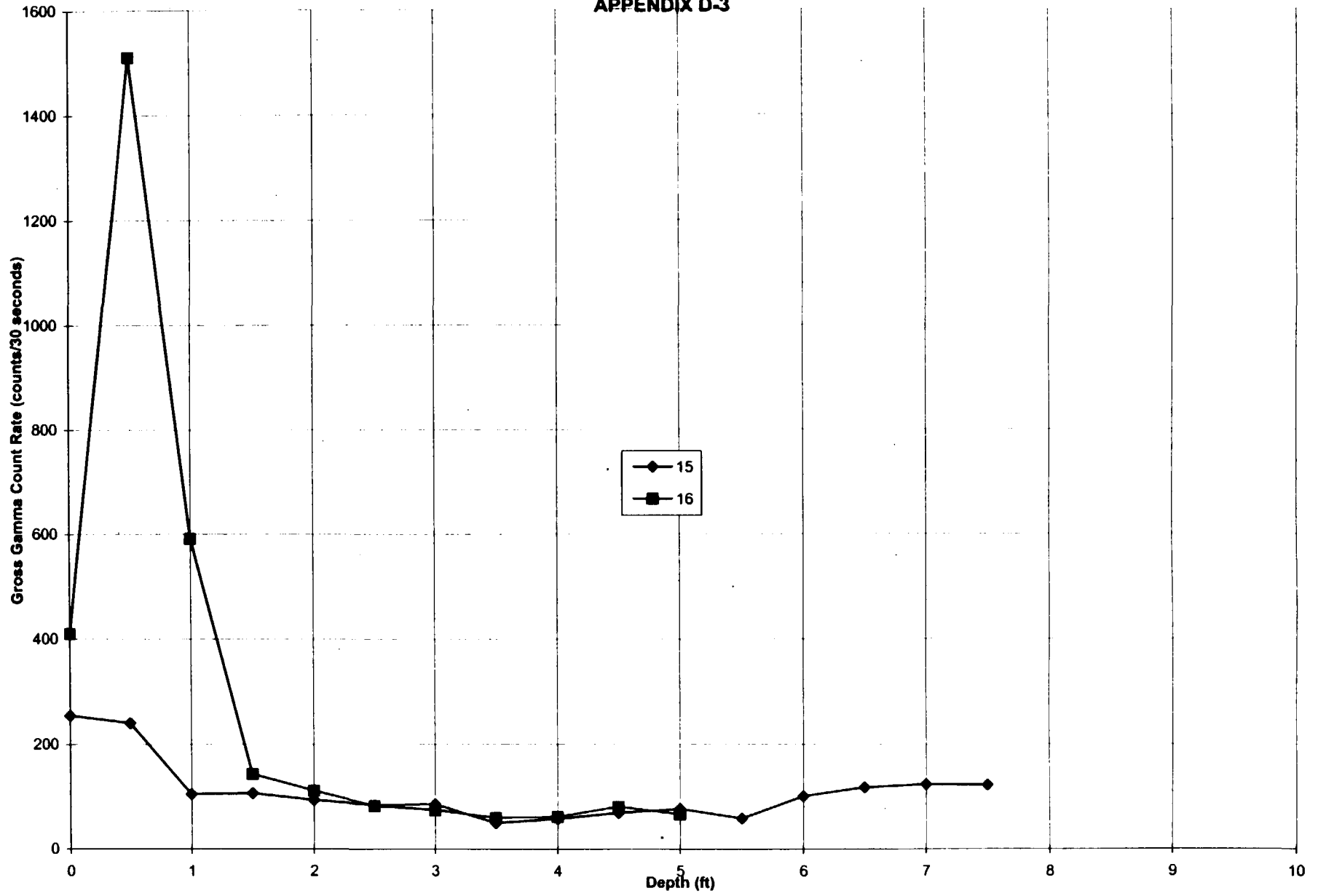
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 17)
APPENDIX D-3**



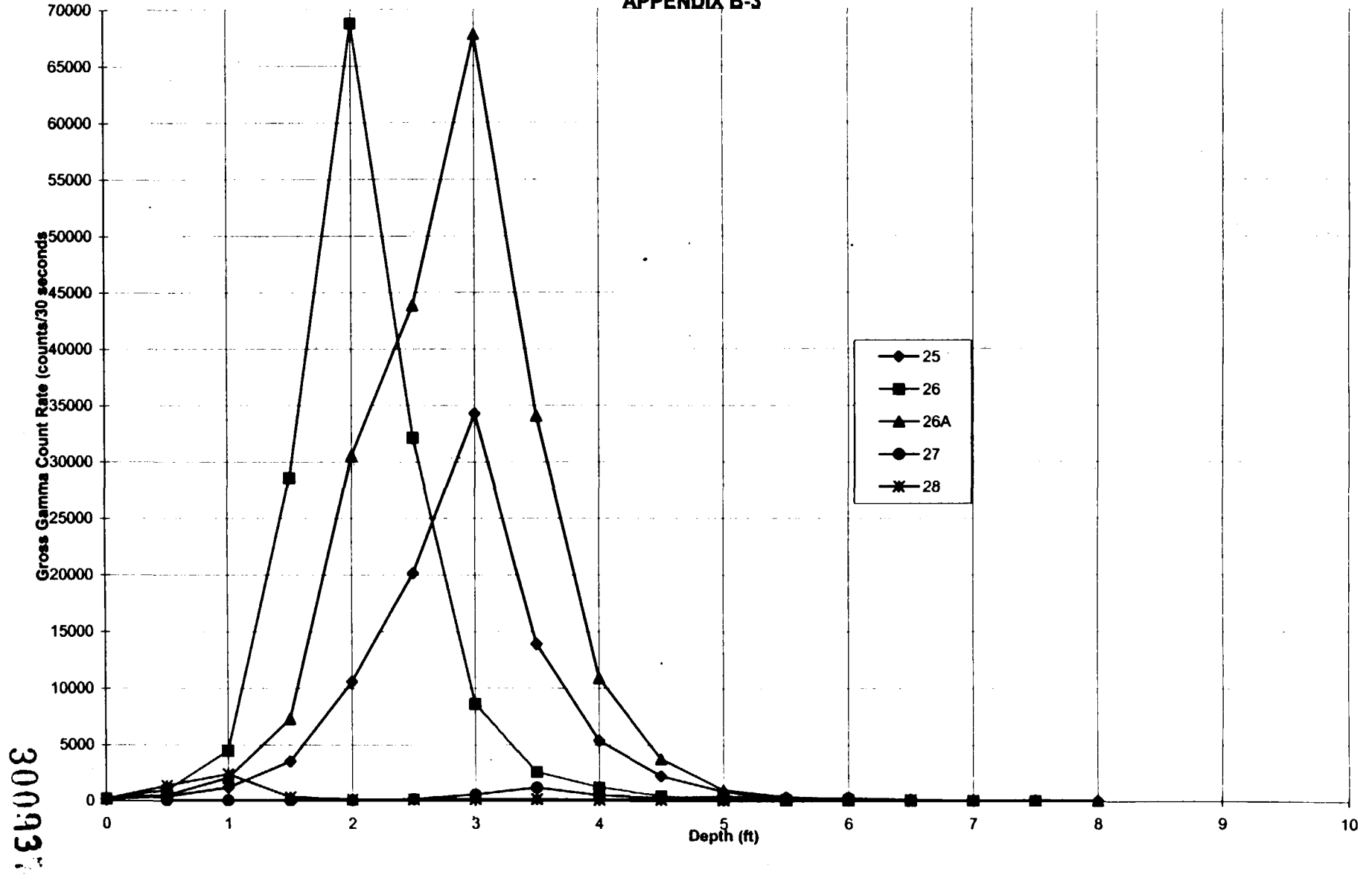
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WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 17)
APPENDIX D-3

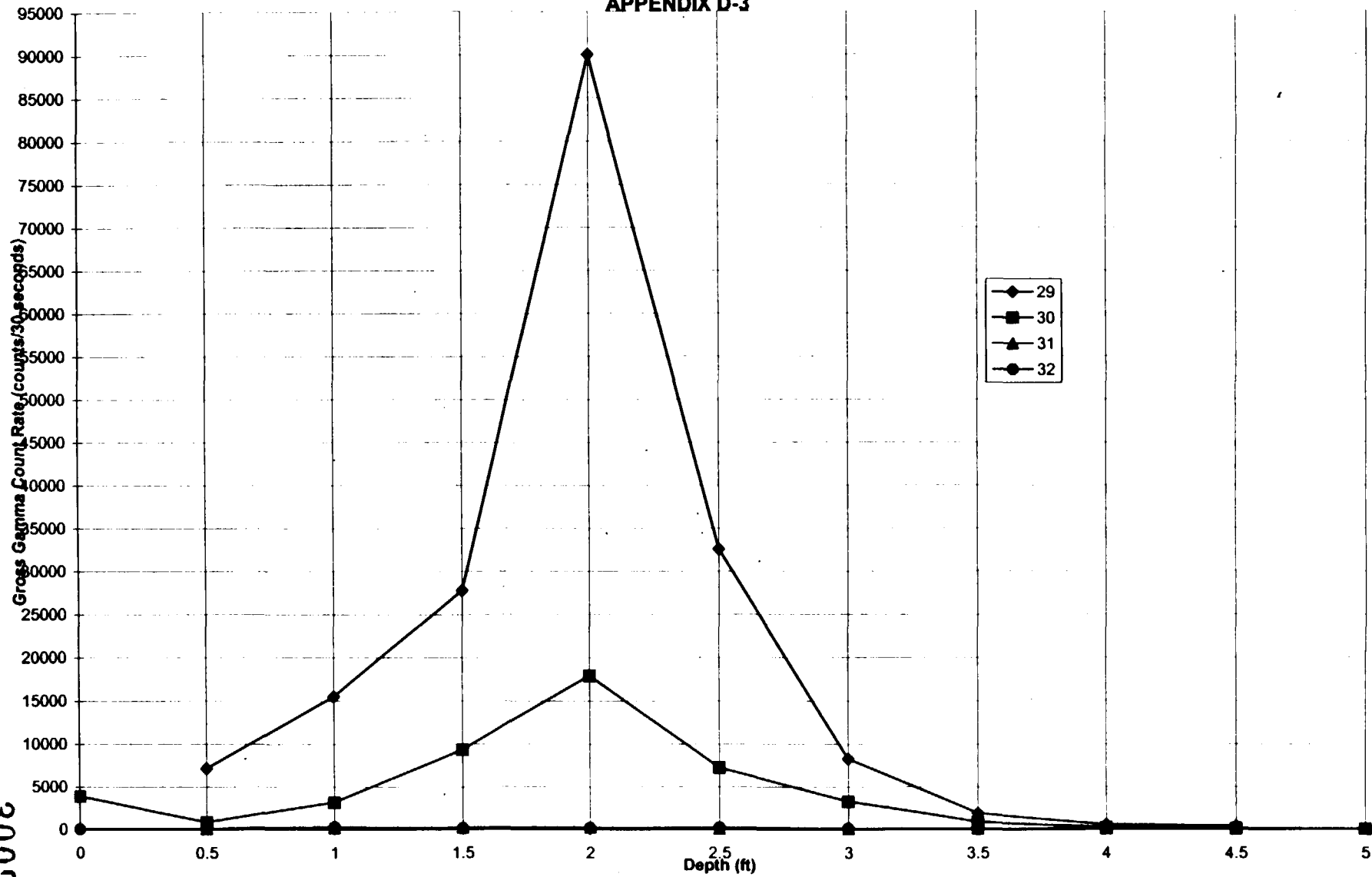


950008

WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 17)
APPENDIX B-3

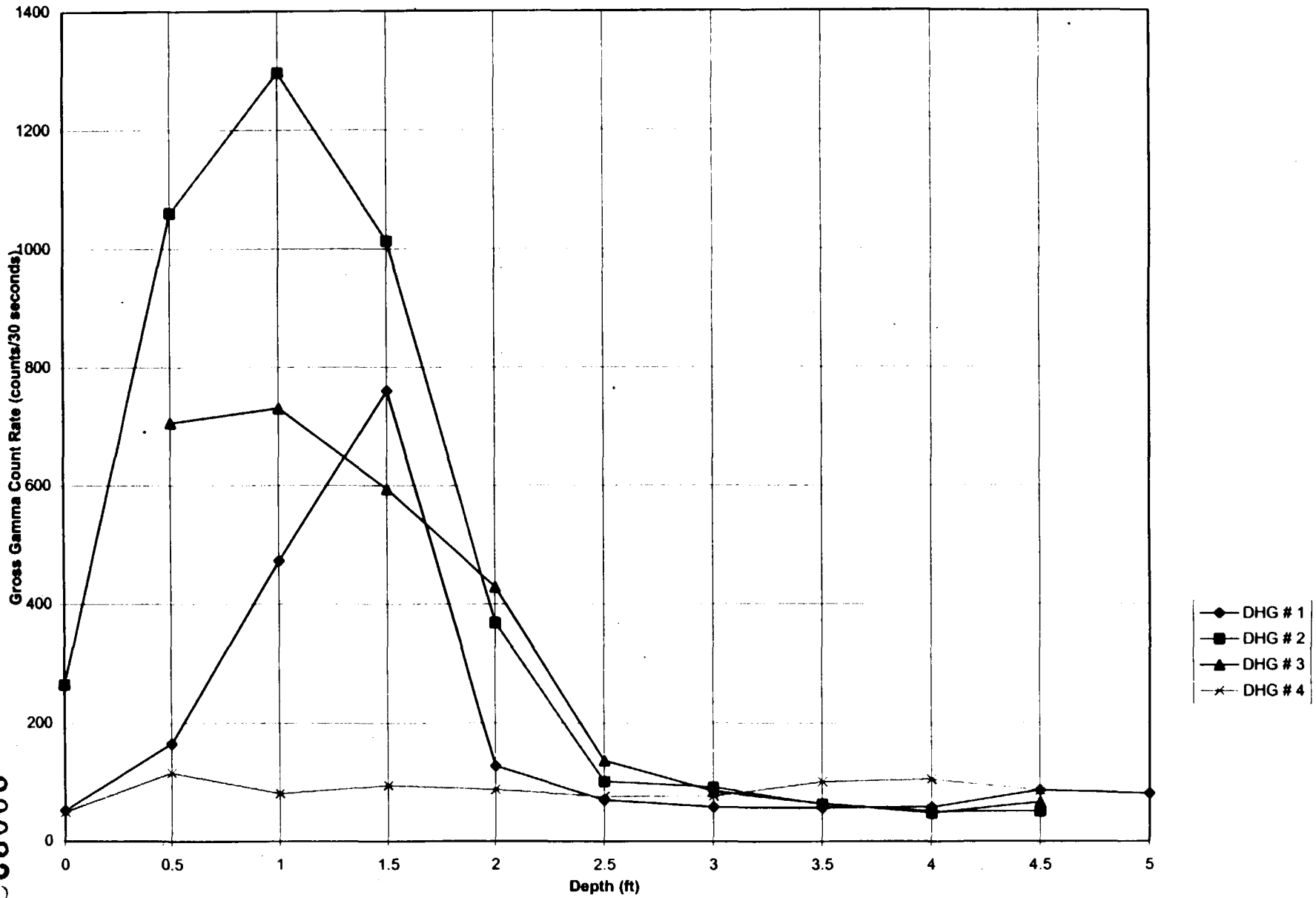


WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 17)
APPENDIX D-3



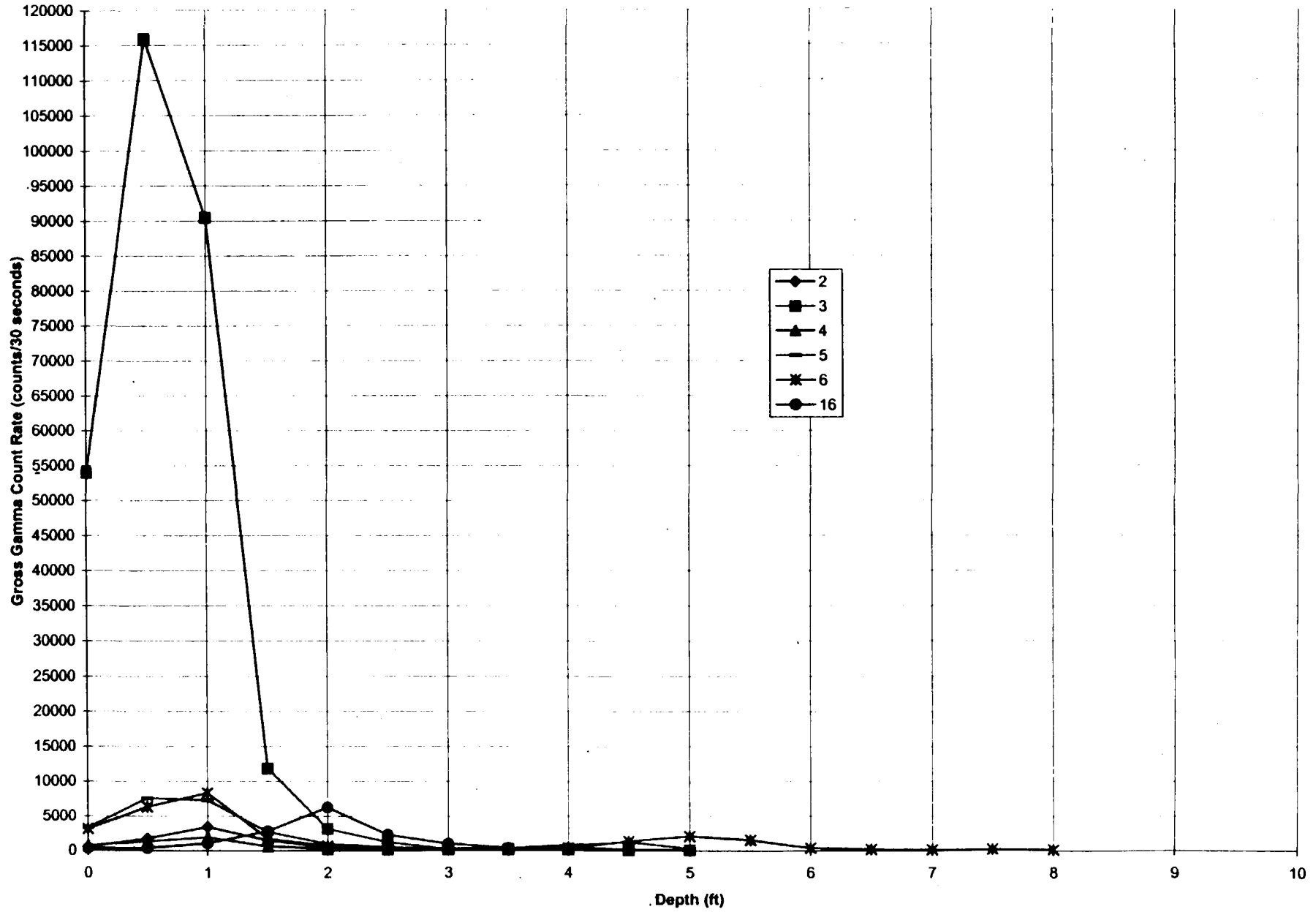
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WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 18)
APPENDIX D-3



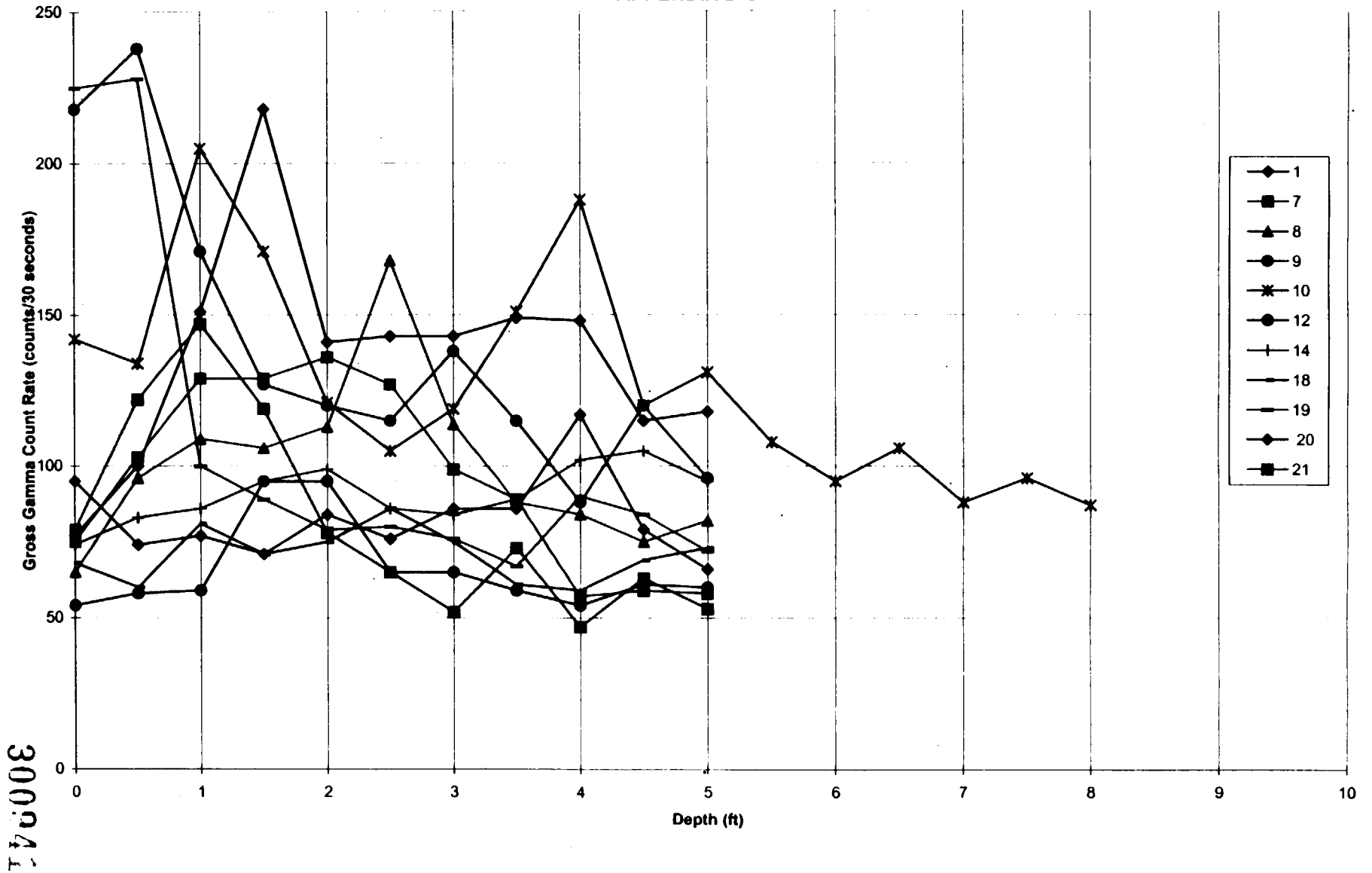
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**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 20)
APPENDIX D-3**

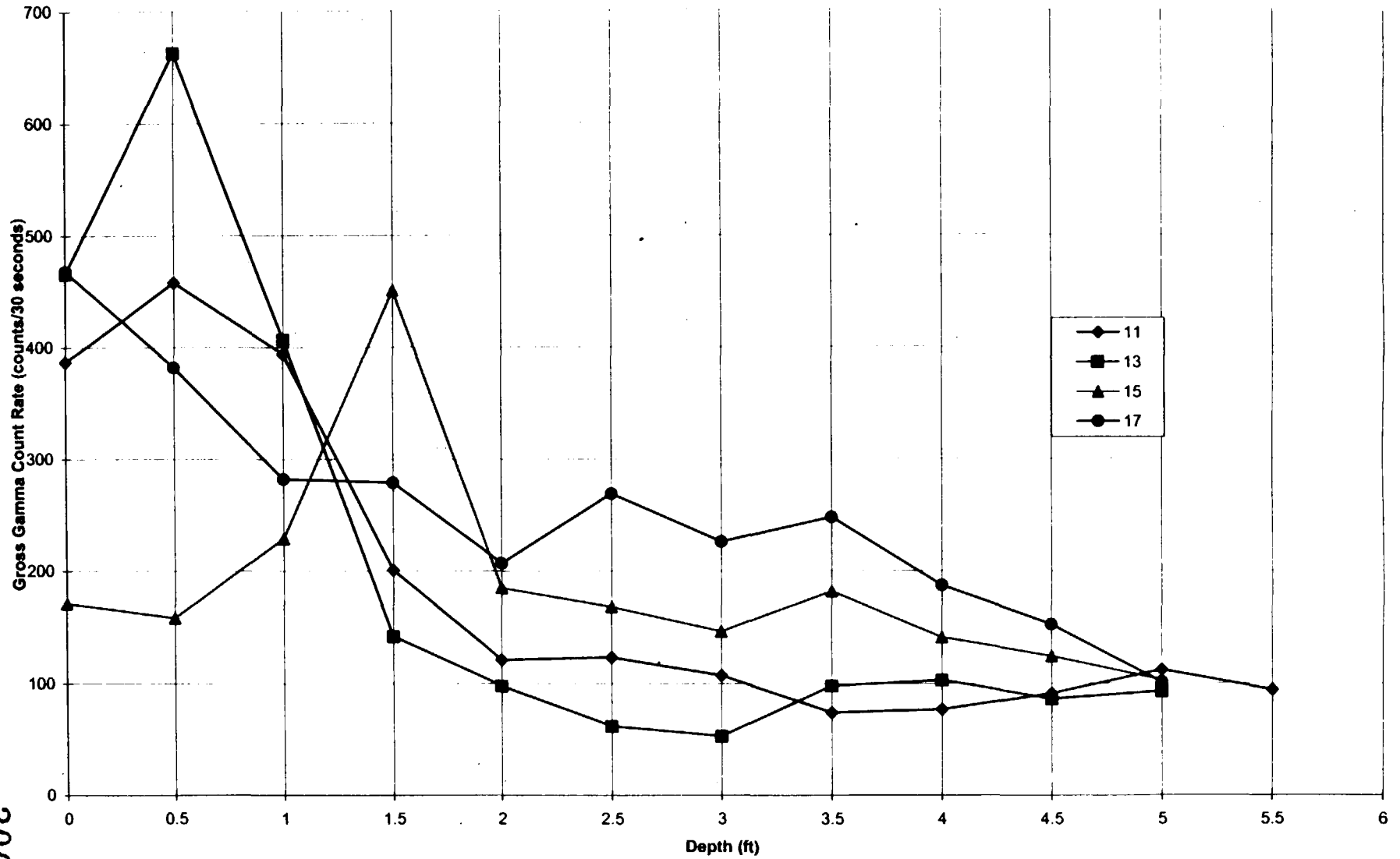


300040

**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 20)
APPENDIX D-3**



**WELSBACH/GGM SITE
DOWNHOLE GAMMA LOGGING RESULTS (PROPERTY 20)
APPENDIX D-3**



300942

APPENDIX E

WELSBACH/GGM SITE

EXPOSURE RATE DATA - GENERAL GAS MANTLE

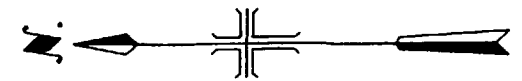
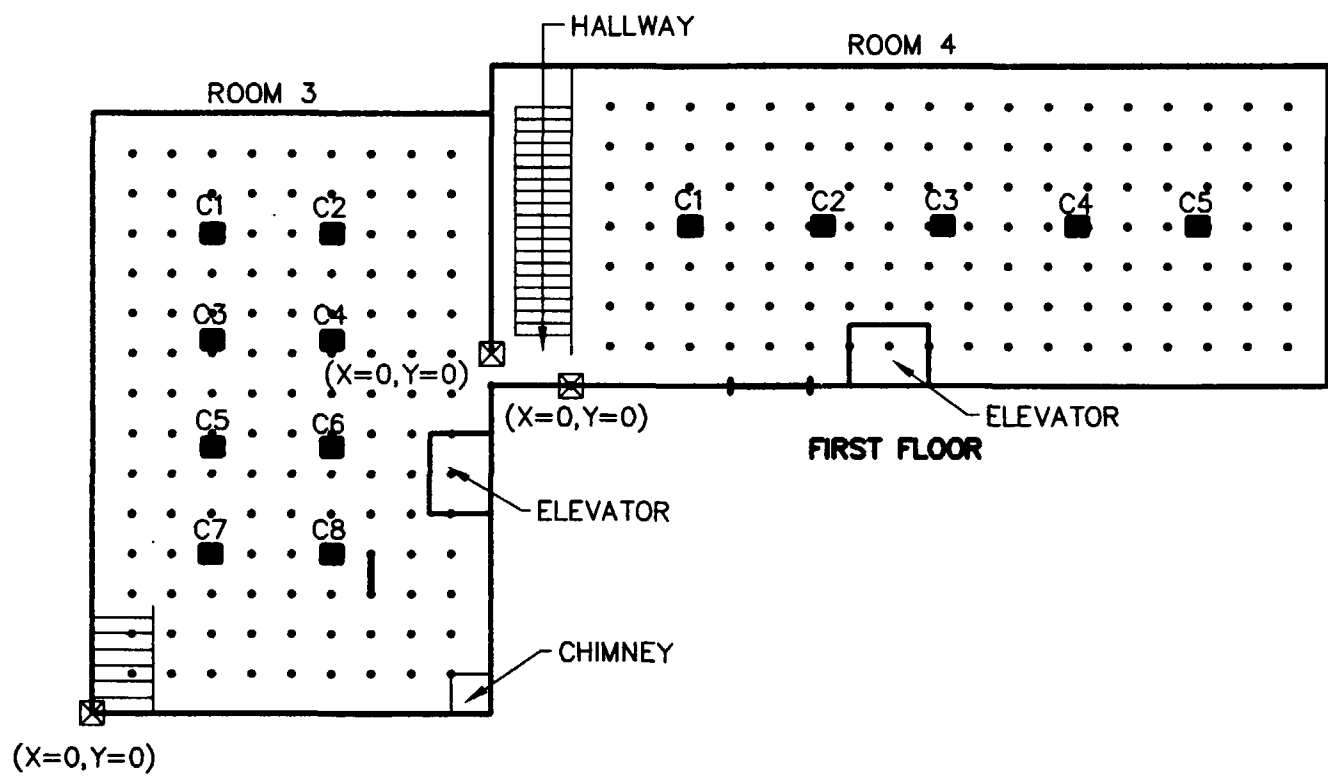
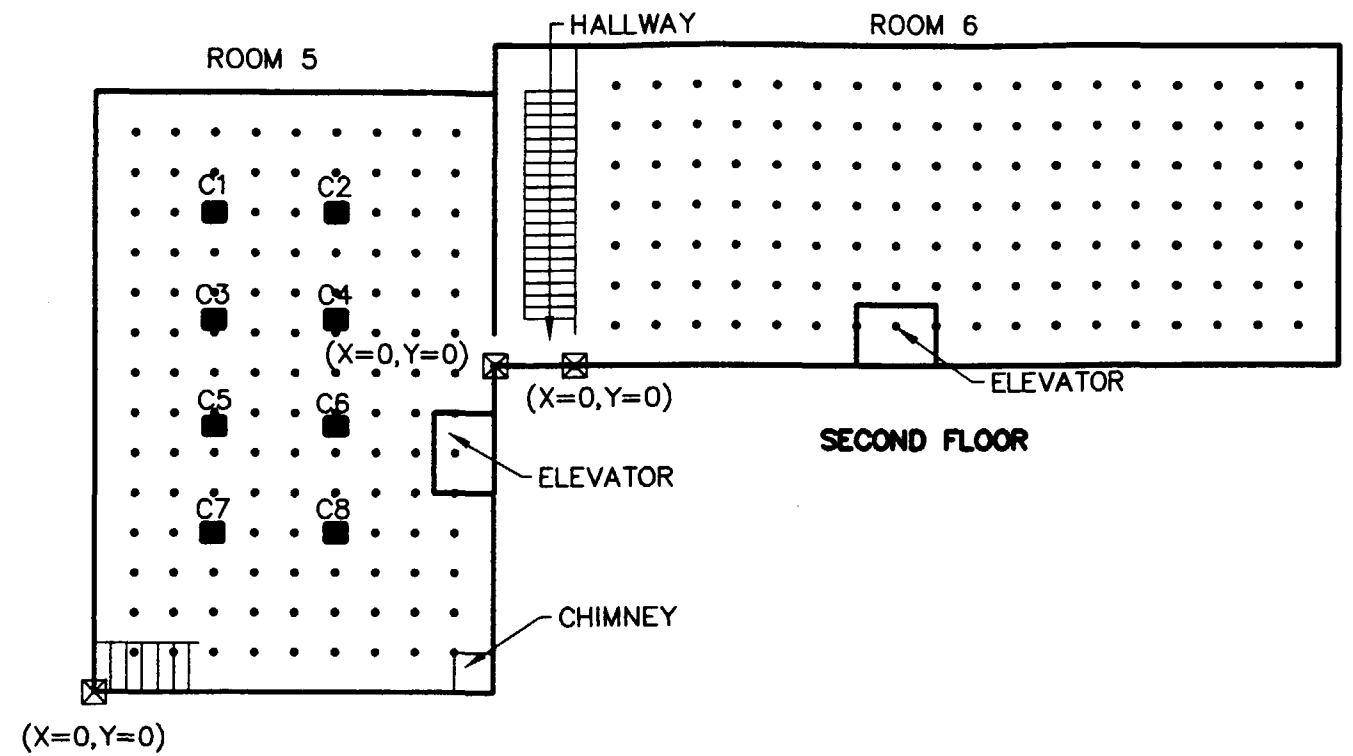
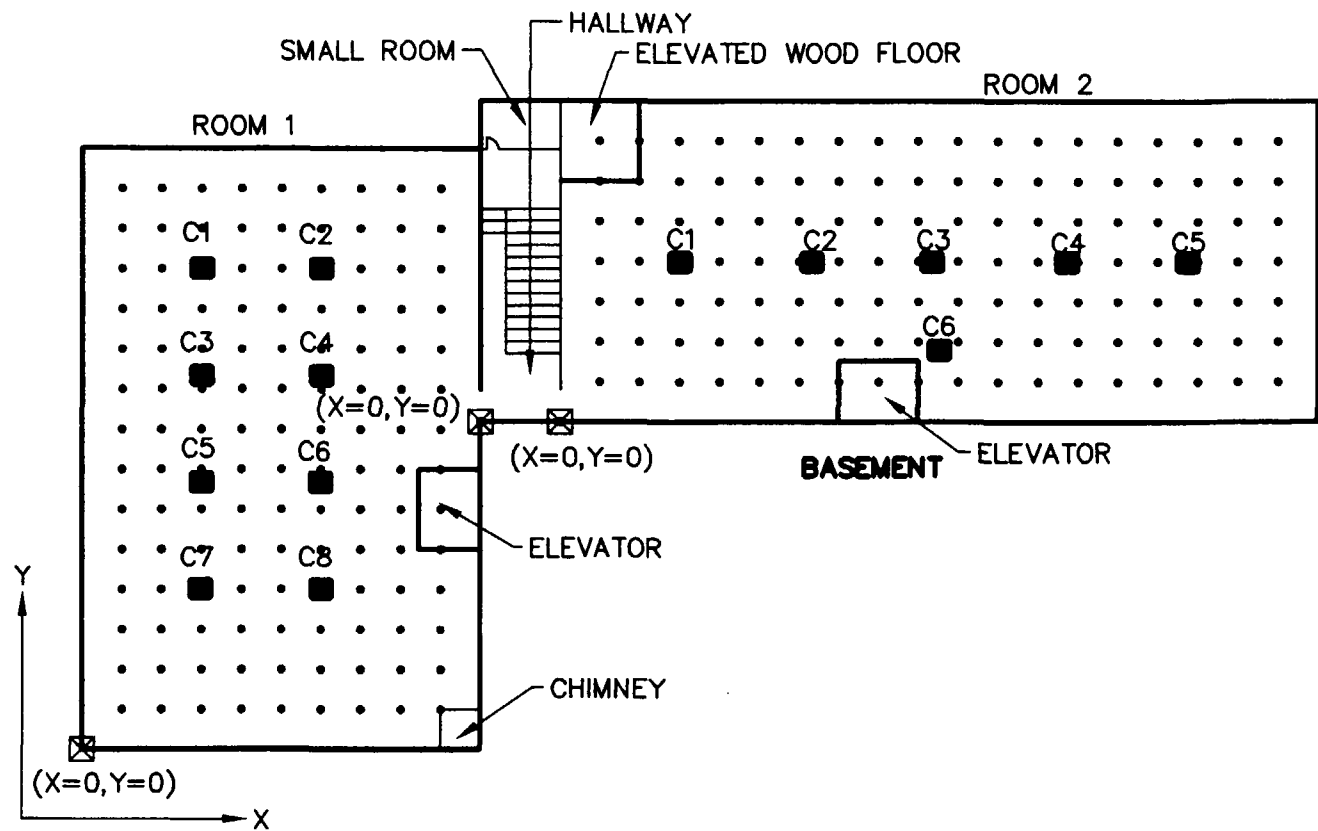
REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION AND FEASIBILITY STUDY

WELSBACH/GGM SITE

CAMDEN AND GLOUCESTER CITY

CAMDEN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

300943



300944

- NOTES:
- : 5' X 5' GRIDS
 - ☒ : LOCATION OF (X=0, Y=0) COORDINATE
 - C : COLUMN

NOT TO SCALE

WELSBACH/GGM SITE
FORMER GGM BUILDING
GRID POINT LOCATIONS

**MALCOLM
PIRNIE**

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

APPENDIX E

Room 1 Exposure Rate Results of the GGM Building

Welsbach/GGM Site

Gross Exposure Rate (μR/h)*

X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
0	0	47	39	5	35	56	68	10	70	43	47	20	25	68	96
0	5	51	47	5	40	39	43	10	74	39	39	20	30	127	111
0	10	64	56	5	45	27	31	15	0	39	31	20	35	39	39
0	15	189	135	5	50	31	27	15	5	35	39	20	40	35	35
0	20	135	111	5	55	27	27	15	10	39	43	20	45	35	31
0	25	151	127	5	60	31	31	15	15	64	60	20	50	39	31
0	30	127	119	5	65	31	31	15	20	43	56	20	55	43	39
0	35	178	151	5	70	31	35	15	25	72	76	20	60	72	60
0	40	39	43	5	74	23	27	15	30	88	84	20	65	96	80
0	45	31	31	10	0	47	39	15	35	47	51	20	70	80	80
0	50	43	31	10	5	39	39	15	40	35	31	20	74	72	72
0	55	27	23	10	10	47	51	15	45	35	35	25	0	60	47
0	60	23	23	10	15	80	72	15	50	39	31	25	5	39	39
0	65	31	27	10	20	60	68	15	55	39	35	25	10	35	35
0	70	31	27	10	25	92	80	15	60	72	64	25	15	64	88
0	74	27	23	10	30	80	80	15	65	60	56	25	20	636	234
5	0	127	56	10	35	60	56	15	70	60	56	25	25	76	88
5	5	119	64	10	40	39	35	15	74	51	56	25	30	47	56
5	10	68	64	10	45	31	31	20	0	72	43	25	35	35	39
5	15	127	104	10	50	35	31	20	5	107	47	25	40	39	39
5	20	119	104	10	55	31	31	20	10	31	39	25	45	39	31
5	25	80	88	10	60	39	43	20	15	60	60	25	50	35	39
5	30	80	96	10	65	39	39	20	20	47	56	25	55	47	43

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X (μR/h), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows:

$$X = (-3.25E-9 \cdot R^2) + (4.13E-3 \cdot R) - 1.661.$$

** Coordinates in feet.

N/A = Inaccessible.

300945

**Room 1 Exposure Rate Results of the GGM Building
Welsbach/GGM Site
Gross Exposure Rate ($\mu\text{R/h}$)***

X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
25	60	68	64	35	5	64	56	40	30	181	139	45	55	56	56
25	65	88	80	35	10	39	35	40	35	104	123	45	60	72	68
25	70	107	100	35	15	39	39	40	40	56	68	45	65	119	88
25	74	88	80	35	20	39	43	40	45	39	47	45	70	88	72
30	0	47	39	35	25	56	56	40	50	56	56	45	74	72	72
30	5	47	43	35	30	60	72	40	55	43	56	47	0	N/A	N/A
30	10	39	43	35	35	47	56	40	60	64	64	47	5	N/A	N/A
30	15	60	56	35	40	39	39	40	65	80	80	47	10	104	39
30	20	96	72	35	45	39	39	40	70	84	80	47	15	N/A	N/A
30	25	47	47	35	50	39	43	40	74	68	64	47	20	N/A	N/A
30	30	47	43	35	55	47	47	45	0	N/A	N/A	47	25	80	64
30	35	39	47	35	60	60	64	45	5	39	31	47	30	100	88
30	40	31	39	35	65	60	72	45	10	72	47	47	35	47	64
30	45	35	39	35	70	80	88	45	15	N/A	N/A	47	40	47	47
30	50	39	39	35	74	72	72	45	20	N/A	N/A	47	45	47	47
30	55	47	47	40	0	72	51	45	25	127	88	47	50	104	56
30	60	56	60	40	5	43	56	45	30	119	111	47	55	104	72
30	65	379	158	40	10	43	35	45	35	107	119	47	60	96	80
0	15DUP	189	119	40	15	31	35	45	40	47	60	47	65	189	111
30	70	96	111	15	30DUP	96	88	45	45	56	56	47	70	80	68
30	74	143	104	40	20	31	39	30	55 DUP	47	47	47	74	96	80
35	0	878	158	40	25	72	80	45	50	56	51	45	74 DUP	80	80

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X ($\mu\text{R/h}$), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows:

$$X = (-3.25E-9 \cdot R^2) + (4.13E-3 \cdot R) - 1.661$$

** Coordinates in feet.

N/A = Inaccessible.

300946

Room 2 Exposure Rate Results of the GGM Building
Welsbach/GGM Site
Gross Exposure Rate ($\mu\text{R/h}$)*

X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
0	0	19	15	10	25	19	19	25	5	19	23	35	30	27	23
0	5	23	19	10	30	19	15	25	10	23	19	35	35	23	23
0	10	19	15	10	35	19	19	25	15	23	23	35	39	15	15
0	15	15	19	10	39	19	19	25	20	23	23	40	0	23	19
0	20	23	19	15	0	23	23	25	25	23	23	40	5	23	19
0	25	19	19	15	5	23	23	25	30	19	23	40	10	23	23
0	30	23	19	15	10	23	19	25	35	19	15	40	15	27	31
0	35	N/A	19	15	15	23	23	25	39	19	15	40	20	31	31
0	39	N/A	N/A	15	20	19	23	30	0	27	23	40	25	31	27
5	0	19	15	15	25	23	23	30	5	19	23	40	30	23	23
5	5	27	23	15	30	23	23	30	10	23	27	40	35	15	15
5	10	23	19	15	35	23	23	30	15	23	27	40	39	19	19
5	15	19	23	15	39	N/A	N/A	30	20	27	27	45	0	19	15
5	20	19	15	20	0	19	15	30	25	31	31	45	5	19	19
5	25	23	19	20	5	23	19	30	30	23	23	45	10	23	23
5	30	19	19	20	10	19	23	30	35	19	19	45	15	23	23
5	35	N/A	19	20	15	23	23	30	39	15	15	45	20	23	23
5	39	N/A	19	20	20	23	23	35	0	23	19	45	25	27	23
10	0	19	19	20	25	23	23	35	5	23	23	45	30	23	23
10	5	23	23	20	30	19	19	35	10	23	23	45	35	23	19
10	10	19	19	20	35	23	19	35	15	31	31	45	39	19	15
10	15	23	23	20	39	23	19	35	20	27	31	50	0	N/A	N/A
10	20	23	23	25	0	19	19	35	25	31	31	50	5	N/A	N/A

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X ($\mu\text{R/h}$), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows:

$$X = (-3.25E-9 \cdot R^2) + (4.13E-3 \cdot R) - 1.661.$$

300947

**Room 2 Exposure Rate Results of the GGM Building
Welsbach/GGM Site
Gross Exposure Rate ($\mu\text{R/h}$)***

X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
50	10	N/A	N/A	60	30	19	19	75	5	19	19	85	25	19	19
50	15	23	23	60	35	19	19	75	10	23	19	85	30	19	19
50	20	19	23	60	39	19	15	75	15	19	19	85	35	19	19
50	25	23	23	65	0	19	19	75	20	23	23	85	39	19	19
50	30	23	23	65	5	19	19	75	25	23	19	90	0	31	27
50	35	19	15	65	10	23	19	75	30	19	19	90	5	31	27
50	39	15	15	65	15	23	23	75	35	23	23	90	10	31	27
55	0	N/A	N/A	65	20	23	19	75	39	19	19	90	15	27	23
55	5	N/A	N/A	65	25	23	19	80	0	19	19	90	20	23	23
55	10	N/A	N/A	65	30	23	23	80	5	23	23	90	25	19	19
55	15	19	19	65	35	23	23	80	10	31	23	90	30	19	19
55	20	27	23	65	39	19	19	80	15	23	23	90	35	19	19
55	25	23	23	70	0	19	19	80	20	19	19	90	39	19	19
55	30	19	19	70	5	19	19	80	25	23	23	95	0	31	23
55	35	19	15	70	10	23	19	80	30	23	19	95	5	47	39
55	39	15	15	70	15	23	23	80	35	19	19	95	10	31	23
60	0	23	19	70	20	23	23	80	39	19	19	95	15	23	19
60	5	19	19	70	25	23	19	85	0	31	27	95	20	19	19
60	10	19	19	70	30	19	19	85	5	47	31	95	25	23	23
60	15	19	19	70	35	23	23	85	10	31	23	95	30	23	19
60	20	23	19	70	39	23	19	85	15	31	23	95	35	19	19
60	25	19	19	75	0	19	19	85	20	23	23	95	39	39	23

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X ($\mu\text{R/h}$), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows:

$$X = (-3.25E-9 \cdot R^2) + (4.13E-3 \cdot R) - 1.661.$$

** Coordinates in feet.

N/A = Inaccessible.

300946

**Room 3 Exposure Rate Results of the GGM Building
Welsbach/GGM Site
Gross Exposure Rate ($\mu\text{R/h}$)***

X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
0	0	N/A	N/A	0	10	N/A	N/A	0	20	56	47	0	30	56	56
5	0	23	23	5	10	47	47	5	20	60	60	5	30	60	56
10	0	31	31	10	10	47	47	10	20	64	60	10	30	60	60
15	0	35	35	15	10	47	47	15	20	64	60	15	30	64	64
20	0	31	35	20	10	43	47	20	20	72	68	20	30	68	72
25	0	35	31	25	10	47	47	25	20	72	64	25	30	60	60
30	0	39	39	30	10	51	47	30	20	64	60	30	30	60	64
35	0	64	60	35	10	56	51	35	20	60	56	35	30	72	72
40	0	88	68	40	10	64	51	40	20	56	51	40	30	100	80
45	0	96	80	45	10	35	31	45	20	N/A	N/A	45	30	104	80
48	0	N/A	N/A	48	10	31	31	48	20	N/A	N/A	48	30	80	80
0	5	N/A	N/A	0	15	N/A	N/A	0	25	56	51	0	35	56	47
5	5	47	39	5	15	N/A	N/A	5	25	72	68	5	35	72	64
10	5	47	43	10	15	56	56	10	25	72	72	10	35	64	64
15	5	39	39	15	15	56	56	15	25	64	64	15	35	56	56
20	5	39	43	20	15	60	60	20	25	80	72	20	35	60	60
25	5	47	39	25	15	60	56	25	25	80	72	25	35	64	60
30	5	51	47	30	15	56	56	30	25	68	64	30	35	47	51
35	5	56	51	35	15	47	47	35	25	68	68	35	35	80	80
40	5	60	47	40	15	51	56	40	25	92	84	40	35	96	92
45	5	56	43	45	15	N/A	N/A	45	25	88	76	45	35	88	84
48	5	N/A	N/A	48	15	N/A	N/A	48	25	76	72	48	35	80	72

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X ($\mu\text{R/h}$), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows:

$$X = (-3.25E-9 \cdot R^2) + (4.13E-3 \cdot R) - 1.661.$$

** Coordinates in feet.

N/A = Inaccessible.

3000'S

**Room 3 Exposure Rate Results of the GGM Building
Welsbach/GGM Site
Gross Exposure Rate ($\mu\text{R/h}$)***

X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
0	40	47	47	0	50	43	39	0	60	47	39	0	70	47	47
5	40	64	60	5	50	47	47	5	60	43	47	5	70	47	51
10	40	60	56	10	50	47	47	10	60	51	56	10	70	68	84
15	40	56	56	15	50	47	51	15	60	64	64	15	70	147	127
20	40	64	56	20	50	60	64	20	60	104	96	20	70	379	234
25	40	60	56	25	50	88	84	25	60	119	104	25	70	234	234
30	40	64	64	30	50	80	76	30	60	127	119	30	70	750	379
35	40	88	80	35	50	88	84	35	60	96	104	35	70	636	308
40	40	96	84	40	50	88	80	40	60	104	107	40	70	139	151
45	40	96	80	45	50	76	72	45	60	96	92	45	70	104	100
48	40	80	72	48	50	72	68	48	60	88	76	48	70	100	84
0	45	47	43	0	55	39	39	0	65	47	47	0	75	39	39
5	45	51	47	5	55	43	47	5	65	47	47	5	75	43	39
10	45	51	51	10	55	47	47	10	65	56	64	10	75	56	64
15	45	56	51	15	55	51	56	15	65	72	84	15	75	189	119
20	45	56	56	20	55	80	80	20	65	197	135	20	75	185	147
25	45	72	68	25	55	92	88	25	65	151	151	25	75	430	308
30	45	68	64	30	55	96	88	30	65	181	174	30	75	447	60
35	45	80	80	35	55	80	80	35	65	234	234	35	75	447	379
40	45	96	88	40	55	104	92	40	65	111	135	40	75	127	147
45	45	80	80	45	55	84	80	45	65	104	100	45	75	104	96
48	45	72	64	48	55	72	68	48	65	88	84	48	75	80	76

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X ($\mu\text{R/h}$), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows:

$$X = (-3.25E-9 \cdot R^2) + (4.13E-3 \cdot R) - 1.661.$$

** Coordinates in feet.

N/A = Inaccessible.

300950

**Room 4 Exposure Rate Results of the GGM Building
Welsbach/GGM Site
Gross Exposure Rate ($\mu\text{R/h}$)***

X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
0	0	N/A	N/A	10	25	47	39	25	5	43	39	35	30	47	47
0	5	23	23	10	30	31	31	25	10	51	47	35	35	39	35
0	10	39	31	10	35	23	27	25	15	56	51	35	40	31	31
0	15	39	35	10	40	27	27	25	20	88	56	40	0	13	15
0	20	56	39	15	0	60	39	25	25	68	56	40	5	16	27
0	25	39	31	15	5	47	39	25	30	39	39	40	10	31	39
0	30	47	31	15	10	56	39	25	35	43	2	40	15	51	56
0	35	23	23	15	15	56	47	25	40	35	31	40	20	68	72
0	40	23	23	15	20	56	43	30	0	43	39	40	25	56	56
5	0	56	31	15	25	47	39	30	5	35	39	40	30	43	43
5	5	43	35	15	30	31	35	30	10	47	47	40	35	39	35
5	10	47	39	15	35	35	35	30	15	60	60	40	40	31	31
5	15	43	39	15	40	31	23	30	20	88	68	45	0	23	23
5	20	47	39	20	0	N/A	N/A	30	25	76	64	45	5	31	31
5	25	43	31	20	5	47	39	30	30	47	43	45	10	39	35
5	30	39	31	20	10	56	47	30	35	35	39	45	15	39	43
5	35	23	23	20	15	60	47	30	40	39	31	45	20	47	43
5	40	27	23	20	20	64	47	35	0	23	23	45	25	43	43
10	0	60	39	20	25	51	47	35	5	27	31	45	30	39	39
10	5	43	43	20	30	47	39	35	10	47	43	45	35	35	31
10	10	47	43	20	35	39	35	35	15	72	80	45	40	31	31
10	15	39	39	20	40	31	31	35	20	852	234	50	0	N/A	N/A
10	20	35	35	25	0	47	39	35	25	80	80	50	5	N/A	N/A

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X ($\mu\text{R/h}$), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows:

$$X = (-3.25E-9 \cdot R^2) + (4.13E-3 \cdot R) - 1.661.$$

300951

**Room 4 Exposure Rate Results of the GGM Building
Welsbach/GGM Site
Gross Exposure Rate (mR/h)***

X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
50	10	31	31	60	30	31	31	75	5	27	23	85	25	27	27
50	15	31	35	60	35	27	27	75	10	23	27	85	30	23	23
50	20	31	31	60	40	23	23	75	15	27	27	85	35	23	23
50	25	31	35	65	0	23	23	75	20	27	27	85	40	19	19
50	30	27	31	65	5	31	31	75	25	27	27	90	0	23	23
50	35	27	27	65	10	31	31	75	30	23	31	90	5	23	23
50	40	27	23	65	15	31	31	75	35	31	23	90	10	23	23
55	0	N/A	N/A	65	20	31	27	75	40	23	23	90	15	23	23
55	5	N/A	N/A	65	25	27	27	80	0	23	23	90	20	23	23
55	10	31	35	65	30	31	27	80	5	23	27	90	25	23	23
55	15	31	35	65	35	27	27	80	10	23	23	90	30	23	23
55	20	27	31	65	40	23	27	80	15	27	27	90	35	23	23
55	25	31	31	70	0	31	23	80	20	23	23	90	40	19	19
55	30	27	31	70	5	23	27	80	25	23	23	95	0	19	15
55	35	31	23	70	10	27	27	80	30	23	23	95	5	19	15
55	40	23	23	70	15	27	31	80	35	23	23	95	10	23	25
60	0	N/A	N/A	70	20	27	27	80	40	23	23	95	15	23	25
60	5	N/A	N/A	70	25	27	27	85	0	23	23	95	20	23	15
60	10	35	35	70	30	31	27	85	5	23	23	95	25	19	19
60	15	35	31	70	35	31	23	85	10	31	23	95	30	19	19
60	20	31	31	70	40	23	23	85	15	27	23	95	35	23	19
60	25	27	31	75	0	23	23	85	20	23	23	95	40	31	15

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X (uR/h), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows:

$$X = (-3.25E-9 \cdot R^2) + (4.13E-3 \cdot R) - 1.661.$$

** Coordinates in feet.

N/A = Inaccessible.

300050

**Room 5 Exposure Rate Results of the GGM Building
Welsbach/GGM Site
Gross Exposure Rate ($\mu\text{R/h}$)***

X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
15	0	31	27	20	0	39	31	25	0	39	31	30	0	39	39
15	5	35	31	20	5	39	35	25	5	43	39	30	5	47	39
15	10	39	39	20	10	47	43	25	10	47	39	30	10	47	43
15	15	39	35	20	15	43	39	25	15	39	39	30	15	47	47
15	20	39	39	20	20	51	43	25	20	51	47	30	20	47	47
15	25	39	39	20	25	47	47	25	25	47	47	30	25	56	47
15	30	158	39	20	30	39	39	25	30	47	43	30	30	47	43
15	35	43	39	20	35	47	47	25	35	51	47	30	35	56	51
15	40	51	47	20	40	64	56	25	40	64	56	30	40	60	56
15	45	47	47	20	45	51	51	25	45	56	56	30	45	56	56
15	50	56	51	20	50	60	56	25	50	60	60	30	50	60	56
15	55	56	56	20	55	80	64	25	55	72	72	30	55	72	64
15	60	64	64	20	60	88	80	25	60	92	88	30	60	80	80
15	65	80	72	20	65	104	88	25	65	107	88	30	65	96	88
15	70	84	80	20	70	104	84	25	70	104	88	30	70	111	88
15	75	76	68	20	75	100	76	25	75	96	80	30	75	104	80

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X ($\mu\text{R/h}$), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows:

$$X = (-3.25E-9 \cdot R^2) + (4.13E-3 \cdot R) - 1.661.$$

** Coordinates in feet.

N/A = Inaccessible.

300953

**Room 5 Exposure Rate Results of the GGM Building
Welsbach/GGM Site
Gross Exposure Rate ($\mu\text{R/h}$)***

X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
35	0	43	39	40	0	39	35	45	0	39	31	47	0	N/A	N/A
35	5	47	43	40	5	43	39	45	5	47	39	47	5	39	31
35	10	47	47	40	10	47	47	45	10	47	43	47	10	39	39
35	15	47	43	40	15	47	39	45	15	51	43	47	15	N/A	N/A
35	20	47	47	40	20	31	39	45	20	N/A	N/A	47	20	N/A	N/A
35	25	56	47	40	25	47	47	45	25	56	47	47	25	47	39
35	30	51	47	40	30	47	47	45	30	51	39	47	30	47	43
35	35	60	51	40	35	56	47	45	35	56	47	47	35	51	47
35	40	64	56	40	40	60	56	45	40	56	51	47	40	47	43
35	45	64	60	40	45	64	56	45	45	56	43	47	45	51	47
35	50	72	60	40	50	72	60	45	50	51	51	47	50	47	47
35	55	72	60	40	55	80	72	45	55	60	60	47	55	56	51
35	60	80	72	40	60	80	76	45	60	68	39	47	60	56	56
35	65	N/A	N/A	40	65	N/A	N/A	45	65	N/A	N/A	47	65	N/A	N/A
35	70	N/A	N/A	40	70	N/A	N/A	45	70	N/A	N/A	47	70	N/A	N/A
35	75	N/A	N/A	40	75	N/A	N/A	45	75	N/A	N/A	47	75	N/A	N/A

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X ($\mu\text{R/h}$), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows:

$$X = (-3.25E-9 \cdot R^2) + (4.13E-3 \cdot R) - 1.661.$$

** Coordinates in feet.

N/A = Inaccessible.

300054

Room 6 Exposure Rate Results of the GGM Building

Welsbach/GGM Site

Gross Exposure Rate ($\mu\text{R/h}$)*

X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
0	0	N/A	N/A	10	25	35	27	25	5	N/A	N/A	35	30	47	47
0	5	N/A	N/A	10	30	35	31	25	10	N/A	N/A	35	35	56	39
0	10	N/A	N/A	10	35	31	27	25	15	31	31	35	40	47	39
0	15	39	27	10	40	23	23	25	20	35	31	40	0	N/A	N/A
0	20	27	23	15	0	N/A	N/A	25	25	39	35	40	5	N/A	N/A
0	25	31	23	15	5	N/A	N/A	25	30	39	39	40	10	N/A	N/A
0	30	35	23	15	10	N/A	N/A	25	35	35	31	40	15	39	39
0	35	23	23	15	15	31	27	25	40	39	31	40	20	39	39
0	40	27	23	15	20	31	31	30	0	N/A	N/A	40	25	56	39
5	0	N/A	N/A	15	25	35	31	30	5	N/A	N/A	40	30	47	43
5	5	N/A	N/A	15	30	39	31	30	10	N/A	N/A	40	35	56	47
5	10	N/A	N/A	15	35	39	31	30	15	35	31	40	40	51	43
5	15	23	23	15	40	23	23	30	20	31	35	45	0	N/A	N/A
5	20	31	31	20	0	N/A	N/A	30	25	39	39	45	5	N/A	N/A
5	25	31	27	20	5	N/A	N/A	30	30	47	39	45	10	N/A	N/A
5	30	27	23	20	10	N/A	N/A	30	35	39	35	45	15	35	31
5	35	31	27	20	15	31	31	30	40	43	31	45	20	39	39
5	40	23	23	20	20	31	31	35	0	N/A	N/A	45	25	47	39
10	0	N/A	N/A	20	25	39	35	35	5	N/A	N/A	45	30	43	39
10	5	N/A	N/A	20	30	35	35	35	10	N/A	N/A	45	35	47	39
10	10	N/A	N/A	20	35	39	35	35	15	35	31	45	40	56	35
10	15	31	27	20	40	35	31	35	20	39	39	50	0	N/A	N/A
10	20	31	31	25	0	N/A	N/A	35	25	47	43	50	5	N/A	N/A

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X ($\mu\text{R/h}$), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows:

$$X = (-3.25E-9 \cdot R^2) + (4.13E-3 \cdot R) - 1.661.$$

300975

**Room 6 Exposure Rate Results of the GGM Building
Welsbach/GGM Site
Gross Exposure Rate ($\mu\text{R/h}$)***

X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
50	10	N/A	N/A	60	30	47	43	75	5	N/A	N/A	85	25	27	27
50	15	43	39	60	35	51	47	75	10	N/A	N/A	85	30	31	31
50	20	39	39	60	40	60	51	75	15	35	31	85	35	39	31
50	25	39	39	65	0	N/A	N/A	75	20	39	39	85	40	39	31
50	30	47	39	65	5	N/A	N/A	75	25	27	31	90	0	N/A	N/A
50	35	39	39	65	10	N/A	N/A	75	30	39	39	90	5	N/A	N/A
50	40	56	43	65	15	39	39	75	35	43	39	90	10	N/A	N/A
55	0	N/A	N/A	65	20	39	39	75	40	47	39	90	15	31	39
55	5	N/A	N/A	65	25	39	47	80	0	N/A	N/A	90	20	31	31
55	10	N/A	N/A	65	30	43	39	80	5	N/A	N/A	90	25	31	27
55	15	76	51	65	35	43	39	80	10	N/A	N/A	90	30	39	31
55	20	51	43	65	40	104	39	80	15	35	31	90	35	31	27
55	25	47	47	70	0	N/A	N/A	80	20	31	31	90	40	31	31
55	30	39	43	70	5	N/A	N/A	80	25	31	31	95	0	N/A	N/A
55	35	56	47	70	10	N/A	N/A	80	30	31	31	95	5	N/A	N/A
55	40	92	47	70	15	35	35	80	35	39	35	95	10	N/A	N/A
60	0	N/A	N/A	70	20	35	35	80	40	39	35	95	15	27	23
60	5	N/A	N/A	70	25	35	39	85	0	N/A	N/A	95	20	27	23
60	10	N/A	N/A	70	30	43	39	85	5	N/A	N/A	95	25	23	23
60	15	68	47	70	35	47	39	85	10	N/A	N/A	95	30	23	23
60	20	56	47	70	40	56	39	85	15	27	27	95	35	27	23
60	25	56	47	75	0	N/A	N/A	85	20	31	31	95	40	27	23

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X ($\mu\text{R/h}$), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows:

$$X = (-3.25 \times 10^{-9} R^2) + (4.13 \times 10^{-3} R) - 1.661$$

** Coordinates in feet.

N/A = Inaccessible.

300956

**Hallway Exposure Rate Results at GGM Building
Welsbach/GGM Site
Gross Exposure Rate ($\mu\text{R}/\text{h}$)***

BASEMENT HALLWAY				SECOND FLOOR HALLWAY				FIRST FLOOR HALLWAY			
X**	Y**	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter	X	Y	Surface	1 Meter
2.5	0	23	23	1	0	27	23	0	0	31	35
2.5	5	27	23	1	5	27	27	6	0	31	31
2.5	10	19	19	1	10	27	23	0	5	27	23
2.5	15	19	19	1	15	27	27	6	5	31	31
2.5	20	19	19	1	20	23	23	0	10	31	31
2.5	25	19	19	1	25	19	19	6	10	35	31
2.5	30	19	19	1	30	23	23	0	15	39	31
2.5	35	19	19	1	35	19	19	6	15	N/A	N/A
2.5	39	19	19	1	39	23	19	0	20	35	31
								6	20	N/A	N/A
								0	25	35	31
								6	25	31	11
								0	30	31	23
								6	30	23	23
								0	35	23	19
								6	35	23	23
								0	38	23	19
								6	38	19	19
								3	0	23	23
								3	5	27	23
								3	10	19	19
								3	15	19	19
								3	20	19	19
								3	25	19	19
								3	30	19	19

*Count rate, R (cpm), measurements were made with Ludlum model 12, serial # 78689, and Ludlum model 44-2, serial # 071914.

Data were converted to exposure rate, X ($\mu\text{R}/\text{h}$), via cross calibration to Reuter-Stokes pressurized ion Chamber as follows: $X = (-3.25E-9 \cdot R^2) + (4.13E-3 \cdot R) - 1.661$.

** Coordinates in feet.

N/A = Inaccessible.

F

APPENDIX F
WELSBACH/GGM SITE
SOIL BORING LOGS

REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION AND FEASIBILITY STUDY
WELSBACH/GGM SITE
CAMDEN AND GLOUCESTER CITY
CAMDEN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

300959

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-01

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/9/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsback Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shuffes	WEATHER:	-50, sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION						Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"						
						0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1610
						3"	Concrete		
1	0-2'					1'	Black sand and slag		8000 CPM
			3	4	4	4	2'	Reddish brown medium grain sand	
2	2-4'								
			2	3	6	5	4'	" "	
3	4-6'						5'	Black sand and slag	6000 CPM
							5'2"	Reddish brown medium grain sand	80 CPM
			3	7	7	8	6'	" "	
4	6-8'								
			2	10	9	10	8'	" "	
5	8-10'						8'6"	Black sand and slag	1000 CPM
			4	15	17	20	10'	Reddish brown medium grain sand	
6	10-12'						10'4"	Black sand, slag, and rock fragments (Quartz)	160 CPM
			3	10	16	20	12'	Reddish brown medium grain sand	
7	12-14'						13'8"	Black sand and slag	900 CPM
			3	6	12	18	14'	" "	
8	14-16'						14'9"	Reddish brown medium grain sand	
			4	6	4	7	16'	Reddish brown medium grain sand and weathered Dolomite	BOB Completed hole at 1715

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-03

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/9/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsback Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	-50, sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" SplitSpoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"					
					0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 2037
					3"	Concrete		
1	0-2'				1'	Black sand and slag	100 CPM	
			8	21	10	8	2'	Black sand and slag
2	2-4'							140 CPM
			4	6	11	7	4'	Dark redish brown and black sand
3	4-6'						56"	Black sand and slag with red brick fragments
			7	6	6	5	6'	Dark redish brown and black sand
4	6-8'						62"	Black sand
							74"	Dark redish brown and black sand
			5	3	3	3	8'	Black sand and slag
5	8-10'							100 CPM
			3	3	4	4	10'	" "
6	10-12'						11'6"	Very light brown medium grain sand
			1	3	4	7	12'	" "
7	12-14'						13'5"	Black sand and slag
			7	6	8	10	14'	Very light brown medium grain sand
8	14-16'							100 CPM
			5	7	15	20	16'	" "
								80 CPM
								BOB Completed hole at 2120

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-05

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/10/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsback Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	-50, sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"					
					0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1240
					3"	Concrete		
1	0-2'				1'	Black sand and slag with red brick fragments		60000 CPM
			16	12	16	19	2'	Reddish brown medium grain sand
2	2-4'				26"	Light gray to white medium grain sand		2000 CPM
			7	19	33	28	4'	Reddish brown medium grain sand
3	4-6'							
			10	20	6	6	6'	Black sand and slag
4	6-8'							2500 CPM
							7'	Light Brown medium grain sand
			4	8	11	12	8'	
5	8-10'						9'	Black sand and slag
							9'4"	Reddish brown to light green medium grain sand
			3	5	6	15	10'	Reddish brown and black medium grain sand
6	10-12'						11'5"	Weathered brick
			3	6	12	9	12'	Reddish brown and white sand
7	12-14'						12'6"	Gray clay (dense with low plasticity)
			6	8	9	8	14'	
8	14-16'							
			4	5	8	22	16'	
								BOB
								Completed hole at 1400

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

BORING: SB-07

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/10/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shuttles	WEATHER:	-50, sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"					
					0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1500 900 CPM BOB Hole completed at 1507
					3"	Concrete		
1	0-2'				1'	Red Brick		
			36	35	2'	Auger Refusal (Bldg. Foundation)		

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-08

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/10/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	Sunny 50-55
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Frank Steffen	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Emilio Zeolo	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	John Ifkovits

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"					
1	0-2'	18"	16	15		(1) 0-6" yellow brown silty sand		
			16	11	2'	6-10" light tan to white sand and ash		
2	2-4'	16"	7	9		black ash, brown red sand last 4"		
			6	5	4'			
3	4-6'	14"	6	9		(2) red brown sand grades to a sandy silt,		
			11	15	6'	cohesive		
4	6-8'	18"	22	17				
			17	15	8'	(3) red brown medium grain silty sand		
5	8-10'	14"	4	6		some evidence of fill (red brick chips)		
			10	17	10'			
6	10-12'	16"	14	12		(4) medium grain red to tan sand grades to fine		
			17	18	12'	grain red brown silty sand		
7	12-14'	18"	17	27		iron staining throughout		
			29	29	14'			
8	14-16'	20"	13	36		(5) medium grain red to tan sand		
			25	26	16'	heavy iron stained modling		
						(6) tan sand grades to medium grey silty sand		
						grades to sandy grey silt, cohesive		
						(7) tan to grey silty sand grades to grey silty	(7) 3" spoon	
						cohesive medium grain sand to grey		
						medium grain sand		
						(8) tan to grey medium grey sand grades to	(8) 3" spoon	
						sandy silt, dense and cohesive		
						some trace dark grey clay grades back to		
						silty grey sand, some small qtz pebbles		
							EOB @ 16'	

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-10

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/10/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" SplitSpoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Frank Steffen	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Emilio Zeolo	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	John Ifkovits

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"					
1	0-2'	8"	24	46	2'	(1) ash fill and red brick, some concrete refusal @ 14"	(1) 3" spoon Spoon refusal @ 14" Auger to 2' through red brick and concrete	
			100/2					
2	2-4'	16"	10	8	4'	(2) medium to fine grain tan brown silty sand grades to a light tan to white fine grain sand		
			14	19				
3	4-6'	14"	2	8	6'			
			15	29				
4	6-8'	12"	34	56	8'	(3) light tan to white fine grain silty sand slightly cohesive		
			52	100/2				
5	8-10'	16"	18	47	10'	(4) light tan fine to medium grain sand, iron stained modling		
			42	17				
6	10-12'	16"	6	8	12'			
			12	12				
7	12-14'	18"	2	7	14'	(5) coarse to fine grain silty sand light brown to tan, some modling		
			10	10				
8	14-16'	12"	2	2	16'	(6) coarse to fine grain silty sand grades to a very cohesive grey clay		
			6	8				
						(7) very cohesive grey clay grades to a softer brown to tan clay		
						(8) soft brown clay grades to a medium to fine grain silty red to brown sand		

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-11

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/10/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsback Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shults	WEATHER:	-50, sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION				Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"				
				0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1700
				3"	Concrete		
1	0-2'			1'	Red Brick		
			3 6 16 28	2'	Black sand and slag		40 CPM
2	2-4'						
			5 28 17 18	4'			40 CPM
3	4-6'						
			15 14 14 15	6'			70 CPM
4	6-8'						
			18 19 13 9	8'			65 CPM
5	8-10'						
			14 5 3 4	10'			50 CPM
6	10-12'						
			5 9 14 12	12'			80 CPM
7	12-14'						
			3 4 9 4	14'			40 CPM
8	14-16'						
			1 2 7 0	16'			60 CPM BOB Completed hole at 1800

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-13

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/10/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	-50; sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION						Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"						
						0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1900
1	0-2'					3'	Black sand and slag with pebbles and cobbles		20 CPM
			11	14	23	2'	"		
2	2-4'								40 CPM
			8	20	31	4'	"		
3	4-6'					5'4"	" and wood		20 CPM
			7	7	11	6'	Black sand and slag		50 CPM
4	6-8'								
			5	8	21	8'	Black sand and slag		40 CPM
5	8-10'								
			6	14	20	10'	Black sand and slag		20 CPM
6	10-12'								
			6	14	10	12'	Black sand and slag		30 CPM
7	12-13'								
						13'	Auger refusal		BOB Completed hole at 1940

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-14

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/11/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	mostly cloudy 35
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Frank Steffen	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Emilia Zeola	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	John Ifkovits

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"					
1	0-2'	10"	4	3	2'	(1) weathered red brick (8") grades to medium grain brown to tan silty sand (2")		
2	2-4'	14"	7	16	4'	(2) coarse to medium grain brown to red sand grades to silty sand, more cohesive and back to all sand then to a silty cohesive sand		
3	4-6'	16"	7	14	6'			
4	6-8'	NR	14	16	8'			
5	8-10'	18"	10	31	10'	(3) medium grain silty sand, cohesive, grades to grey white clay with sand		
6	10-12'	14"	8	28	12'	(4) No Recovery		(4) lost spoon basket tip
7	12-14'	20"	11	31	14'	(5) Medium to coarse grain silty sand red to brown, cohesive, grades to a fine grain white to tan sand		
8	14-16'	18"	8	8	16'	(6) fine grain white sand		
			8	13		(7) grey to white medium to fine grain silty sand, cohesive, grades to yellow tan iron stained fine sand, grades to fine grain white sand		
						(8) tan to white fine grain sand, grades to silty sand, grades to grey dense clay, very cohesive		

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-15

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/11/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsback Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	-50, sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 i.d. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"					
					0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1000
1	0-2'				3"	Black sand and slag with pebbles and cobbles		
					1'	Light brown to white silty sand		
			22	12	9	7		350 CPM
2	2-4'				2'	"		
			7	16	2	4		140 CPM
3	4-6'				4'	"		
			6	6	8	10		150 CPM
4	6-8'				6'	"		
					7'	" showing clayey features Becoming more plastic		
			3	8	10	17		170 CPM
5	8-10'				8'	Gray clay (dense and very plastic)		
					9'	Reddish brown sand		
			13	17	16	20		100 CPM
6	10-12'				10'	"		
			2	6	14	14		140 CPM
7	12-14'				12'	"		
					12'8"	Gray clay (dense and very plastic)		
			7	13	9	11		220 CPM
8	14-16'				14'	"		
					15'6"	Light gray to white clay		
			2	5	10	18		100 CPM
					16'	"		BOB Completed hole at 1100

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

BORING: SB-16

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/13/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	P-cloudy breezy 35-40
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Frank Steffen	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Emilio Zeolo	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	John Iftovits

SAMPLE INFORMATION						Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"						
1	0-2'	16"	32	48		2'	(1) dark brown to black ash and medium grain sand fill material, brick chips, grades to yellow brown poorly sorted sand with silt grades to white poorly sorted sand (carbonate?)		
			40	32					
2	2-4'	16"	19	21		4'			
			20	17					
3	4-6'	4"	4	5		6'			
			7	8					
4	6-8'	14"	2	3		8'	(2) dolomite pebbles mixed with fill ash, red brick chips, grades to dark brown medium to fine grain sand, silty		
			3	4					
5	8-10'	12"	1	1		10'			
			1	1					
								(3) dark brown medium to fine grain sand, silty	(3) 3" spoon, no basket little recovery
							(4) SAA moist to saturated		
							(5) SAA saturated	DTW @ approx. 8' EOB @ 10'	

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-17

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/11/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsback Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	-50, sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION						Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"						
						0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1230
						3"	Brick		
1	0-2'					6"	Reddish brown sand		
			31	14	15	2'	Light brown to gray silty clay	900 CPM	
2	2-4'								
			5	4	5	4'	" "	600 CPM	
3	4-6'								
			3	5	4	6'	Light brown to white sand	400 CPM	
4	6-8'								
			17	20	25	8'	" "	1000 CPM	
5	8-10'								
			4	9	16	10'	" "	300 CPM	
6	10-12'								
			5	11	17	12'	" "	200 CPM	
7	12-14'					13'2"	Light gray to white clay (very dense)		
			13	17	10	14'	" "	220 CPM	
8	14-16'					15'	White weathered rock (dolomite)		
			14	17	30	16'	" "	220 CPM BOB Completed hole at 1300	

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-18

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/13/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	P-cloudy 35
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Frank Steffen	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Emilio Zeolo	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	John Ifkovits

SAMPLE INFORMATION				Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"				
1	0-2'	2"	100/2	2'	(1) ash and sand fill, some pebbles		(1) spoon refusal @ 2" auger to 2'
2	2-4'	14"	34 60	4'	(2) dolomite pebbles (fill) ash and debris, white to tan medium to fine grain sand grades to poorly sorted sand stone type conglomerate		
			31 70	6'			
3	4-6'	22"	12 22	8'	(3) brown medium to fine grain silty sand some organic lenses (dark) some fill material brick chips and pebbles		(3) 3" spoon spoon refusal @ 5'9" auger to 6'
			25 100/3	10'			
4	6-8'	10"	2 15	12'	(4) brown medium to fine grain silty sand fill, red brick and slag grades to sandy fill mix with slag and brick chips		
			18 14	14'			
5	8-10'	3"	6 13	16'	(5) dense sand fill conglomerate, wood		(5) Volatile oder from spoon 2 units above bkg on H-nu wood blocked spoon
			100/3 3		(6) brown medium to fine grain silty sand (fill)		(6) spoon refusal @ 10'9" Volatile oder
6	10-12'	3"	9 100/3		(7) SAA		auger to 12'
					(8) SAA, fill, wood		(7) Volatile oder
							(8) Volatile oder
							5 units above bkg on H-nu

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-19

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/11/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsback Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shuttles	WEATHER:	-50, sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS	
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"						
						0'	Asphalt	Started hole at 1430	
						3"	Black sand and slag		
1	0-2'					6"	Rock		
			100	20	17	11	2'	Reddish brown silty clay	20 CPM
2	2-4'								
			5	5	5	5	4'	"	40 CPM
3	4-6'								
			2	4	8	9	6'	"	70 CPM
4	6-8'						6.5'	Reddish brown silty sand	
			44	66	74	0	8'	"	30 CPM
5	8-10'						9'	White sand	
			13	15	19	24	10'	"	20 CPM
6	10-12'						12'	"	50 CPM
			4	10	12	9			
7	12-14'						14'	"	20 CPM
			8	10	12	40			
8	14-16'						16'	"	10 CPM
			7	18	31	36			BOB
									Completed hole at 1520

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-21

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/13/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsback Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	-50, sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION				Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"				
				0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1245
				3"	Concrete		
1	0-2'			1'	Dark gray to black sand		
			100 20 17 11	2'	" with brick fragments		30 CPM
2	2-4'			4'	Dark gray to black sand		40 CPM
			5 5 5 5	3	4-6'		
				6'	" "		30 CPM
			2 4 8 9	4	6-8'		
3	4-6'			8'	" soil is much more cohesive and slightly wet		40 CPM
			44 66 74 0	8'10"	" (loose and very wet)		
				9'	<u>GROUNDWATER</u>		
				10'			60 CPM BOB Completed hole at 1315
			13 15 19 24				

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-22

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	4/25/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear -65
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Donimic	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Bryn Wolf

SAMPLE INFORMATION				Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"				
			21 12 13 11	0'	Black fill material		Started hole at 1000 400 cpm
1	0-2'			1'	Coarse grained reddish brown sand		
			12 13 12 11	2'	" "		40 cpm
2	2-4'			4'	" "		40 cpm
			8 10 12 9	5'	Light brown/tan coarse grained sand		
3	4-6'			6'	Fine grained white sand. Very compact layer		50 cpm
			22 5 6 9	8'	Fine grained white sand		40 cpm
4	6-8'			10'	Medium grained white sand		40 cpm
			4 4 3 3	12'	" "		50 cpm
5	8-10'			14'	" "		50 cpm
			5 3 3 7	14.5'	Auger Refusal - BOB		
6	10-12'						
			7 11 19 42				
7	12-14'						
			23 Refusal				
8	14-14.5'						

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-23

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/13/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsback Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	-50, sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" SplitSpoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION				Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"				
				0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1345
				3"	Concrete and rock fragments (dolomite and quartz)		
1	0-2'						
				2'	No recovery - Rock fragments (dolomite and quartz)		NONE
2	2-4'						
				4'	Rock fragments - (Dolomite and quartz) with some black sand		20 cpm
3	4-6'						
				6'	"		20 cpm
4	6-8'						
				8'	"		20 cpm
5	8-10'						
				10'	" - slight odor of oil		40 cpm
6	10-12'						
				12'	Rock Fragments (dolomite)		30 cpm
7	12-14'						
				13'4"	" - slight odor of oil		
				14'	<u>GROUNDWATER</u>		20 cpm BOB Completed hole at 1500

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-24

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	4/25/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear -65
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Donimic	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Bryn Wolf

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS	
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"						
			25	10	5	4	0'	Asphalt	Started hole at 1130 White layer is 2400 cpm. The rest is 1500 cpm.
1	0-2'						0.5'	Medium grained red sand	
							1'	White fill layer	600 cpm
							1' 2"	Medium grained red sand	
			5	4	3	3	2'	No recovery (asphalt)	N/A
2	2-4'						4'	Void underground - no recovery. Could be the result of construction for tunnel	
			3 blows total						
3	4-6'						6'	Fine to medium grained light reddish brown sand Not much recovery. There were rotten wood fragments in sand.	300 cpm
			5	10	19	27			100-120 cpm
4	6-8'						8'	Fine grained white sand	
			7	7	10	15			100-140 cpm
5	8-10'						9.5'	Coarse grained red (rust colored) sand	
			11	15	21	27	10'	Coarse grained reddish brown (rust colored, almost orange) sand	800 gpm - High reading could be due to drawdown in the spoon.
6	10-12'						12'	Coarse grained reddish brown sand	
			8	13	14	12	12.5'	Medium grained gray to black sand	150 cpm
7	12-14'						13'	Coarse grained white sand	
			8	10	12	6	14'	Coarse grained gray grading to black sand	BOB
8	14-16'						16'		

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-25

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/13/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsback Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	-50, sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splittings	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION						Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"						
						0'	Asphalt		
						3"	Dark brown sand with red brick fragments		Started hole at 1630
1	0-2'								
			Auger	14	7	4	2'	No recovery	20 CPM
2	2-4'								
			14	13	9	4	4'	Red Brick Fragments	NONE
							52"	Black sand with rock and red brick fragments	
3	4-6'								
			12	16	6	6	6'		30 cpm
4	6-8'						64"	Light brown to white sand	
			6	6	5	7	8'		30 cpm
5	8-10'								
			49	44	15	24	10'		20 cpm
6	10-12'								
			13	5	12	7	12'		20 cpm
7	12-14'								
			13	40	41		14'		20 cpm
8	14-16'								
			13	12	28	41	16'		20 CPM BOB Completed hole at 1730

306983

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-26

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

NOTE: This boring log was lost. Information below was copied out of log book.

PROJECT NAME:	Walsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	4/25/98
JOB NUMBER:	8051230	LOCATION:	Former Walsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear -65
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spittspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Donimic	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Bryn Woll

SAMPLE INFORMATION				Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"				
				0'			Started hole at 1300
1	0-2'						80-100 cpm
				2'	Crushed red brick		140 cpm
2	2-4'						
				4'	Medium grained light reddish brown sand		40-60 cpm
3	4-6'						
				6'			60 cpm
4	6-8'						
				8'	Fine grained light brown sand		80-100 cpm
5	8-10'						
				10'			60 cpm
6	10-12'						
				12'			60 cpm
7	12-14'						
				14'	Fine grained white sand		60 cpm
8	14-16'						
				16'	BOB		

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-27

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	2/13/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsback Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	-50, sunny skies
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chris	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION						Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"						
						0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1940
						3"	Concrete		
1	0-2'								
			Auger	12	8	2'	Reddish brown and black sand with red brick fragments		300 CPM
2	2-4'								
			12	9	9	4'	"		80 CPM
3	4-6'					4'8"	Light brown sand		
			2	10	4	5	6'	Dark brown to black silty sand (very cohesive)	200 CPM
4	6-8'								
			14	30	33	45	8'	Light gray silty clay (dense and very plastic)	20 CPM
5	8-10'					8'6"	Reddish brown sand		
			8	62	34	47	10'	" with red brick fragments	500 CPM
6	10-12'								
			8	20	10	7	12'	Reddish brown silty sand (more cohesive)	80 CPM
7	12-14'					13'8"	Light brown sand (very wet)		
			7	9	13	9	14'	<u>GROUNDWATER</u>	80 CPM BOB Completed hole at 2015

30095

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-28

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

NOTE: This boring log was lost. Information below was copied out of log book.

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	4/25/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear -65
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Donimic	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Bryn Woll

SAMPLE INFORMATION							Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"							
			48	18	8	6	0'	No recovery (asphalt)		Started hole at 1500 120 cpm
1	0-2'									
			6	6	5	9	2'	Medium grained brown sand		200-250 cpm
2	2-4'									
			3 blows total				4'	" "		80 cpm
3	4-6'									
			17	4	3	4	6'	" "		40-60 cpm
4	6-8'						7'	Coarse grained tan/ gray brown sand		
			1	2	1	2	8'	Fine grained gray brown sand		60-80 cpm
5	8-10'						9'	Fine grained brown sand		
			8	7	9	10	10'	Fine grained brown sand, grading to medium grained around 11'		60-80 cpm
6	10-12'						11.5'	Medium grained white sand		
			8	10	12	8	12'	Coarse grained white sand		60 cpm
7	12-14'									
			4	6	3	2	14'	" "		80 cpm
8	14-16'						16'	BOB		

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-29

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	4/25/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear -65
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Donimic	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Bryn Woll

SAMPLE INFORMATION							Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"							
			46	23	12	11	0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1545 140 cpm
1	0-2'						1'	Red brick		
			11	9	8	6	2'	Red brick. Cuttings showed dark brown medium to coarse grained sand as well.		250 cpm
2	2-4'						4'	Red brick		200 cpm
			12	15	13	11	5'	Coarse grained light reddish brown sand		
3	4-6'						6'	Tan colored clay and sand holding together gravel and pieces of metal debns - very cohesive		60 cpm
			5	5	7	12	8'	" "		150 cpm
4	6-8'						9'	Reddish brown gravelly sand. Not as cohesive as overlying layer		
			12	15	17	10	10'	" "		120 cpm
5	8-10'						10.5'	Gray clayey sand - very compact and cohesive/solid.		
			5	6	7	12	11.5'	Fine grained white sand		
6	10-12'						12'	Fine grained white sand with bands or streaks of orange/rust color		60 cpm
			6	8	7	6	14'	" "		40 cpm
7	12-14'						16'	BOB		
			12	17	15	19				
8	14-16'									

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-31

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

NOTE: Background RAD by pancake detector for this hole is 250 cpm.

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	4/26/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shuffles	WEATHER:	Rainy, cool -55
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Donimic	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Bryn Wolf

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS	
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"						
			24	14	12	11	0'	Asphalt	Started hole at 0845 700 cpm
1	0-2'						1'	Fill material - white chalky fill material, red brick, and black material	
			12	10	12	14	2'	Red brick	440 cpm
2	2-4'						3.5'	Brown clayey sand with black gravel - soil with fill	
			10	8	6	5	4'	Reddish brown fine grained sand	600 cpm
3	4-6'						6'	Fine grained tan sand	250 cpm
			24	22	19	17	7.5'	Tan and rust colored gravelly sand with some clay. Gravel is of varying type.	
4	6-8'						8'	" "	250 cpm
							9'	Grading into a grayish brown clay.	
5	8-10'						9.5'	Gray sandy clay - very compact and hard to break apart.	
			13	8	9	11	10'	Gray clay.	250 cpm
6	10-12'						11.5'	Medium grained white sand.	
			8	7	10	9	12'	" "	250 cpm
7	12-14'						13.5'	White sand grading into light reddish brown sand	
			10	13	15	10	14'	Medium to coarse grained white sand.	250 cpm
8	14-16'						16'	BOB	

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-32

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

NOTE: Background RAD by pancake detector for this hole is 250 cpm.

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	4/26/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former Welsbach Fac.
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	Rainy, cool -55
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitterspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Donimic	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Bryn Wolf

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS	
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"						
			45	42	18	16	0'	Asphalt	Started hole at 0945 2000 cpm
1	0-2'						1'	Red brick, brown sand and gravel - fill material.	
			12	10	8	10	2'	Fine grained reddish brown sand grading into fine grained tan sand	80 cpm
2	2-4'						4'	Fine grained tan sand with some reddish colored streaks	80 cpm
			5	4	3	3	6'	" "	60 cpm
3	4-6'						6.5'	Medium grained white sand	
			10	12	8	10	8'	" "	100 cpm
4	6-8'						10'	" "	60 cpm
			5	7	6	9	12'	" "	30 cpm
5	8-10'						12.5'	Gray clay	
			7	9	6	8	14'	" "	30 cpm
6	10-12'						14'	" "	30 cpm
			3	4	4	3	16'	BOB	
7	12-14'								
			5	3	7	5			
8	14-16'								

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-33

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/24/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	Cloudy -53
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chuck Lind	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS	
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"						
			9	8	5	7	0'	Asphalt (no recovery)	Started hole at 1317
							4"	Concrete	
1	0-2'						1'	Reddish brown medium sand	0 cpm
			7	8	7	10	2'	No recovery	
2	2-4'								0 cpm
			67	19	17	9	4'	No recovery	
3	4-6'								0 cpm
			6	21	22	27	6'	No recovery	
4	6-8'								0 cpm
			8	20	24	24	8'	No recovery	
5	8-10'								0 cpm
			3	5	6	5	10'	No recovery Lost tip of spoon in the hole	0 cpm
6	10-12'								
			6	4	4	2	12'	Reddish brown medium sand	60 cpm
7	12-14'								
			8	6	2	4	14'	" "	
8	14-16'						14'6"	Gray fine sand	60 cpm
							15"	Groundwater	
							16'	BOB	Hole completed at 1430

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-34

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/25/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear -50
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 i.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chuck Lind	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS	
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"						
				AUGER					
						0'	Granite cobbles (no recovery)		Started hole at 0900
1	0-2'					1'	Reddish brown medium sand		0 cpm
			12	2	3	13	" "		
2	2-4'					2'			240 cpm
			13	9	8	10	" "		
3	4-6'					5'	Light brown and gray fine sand		500 cpm
			29	15	17	23	" "		
4	6-8'					6'			80 cpm
			13	15	11	13	" "		
5	8-10'					9'8"	Gray silt (odor of fuel oil)		80 cpm
			8	8	9	5	10'	Gray silt	
6	10-12'					10'9"	Light brown fine sand		100 cpm
			5	6	8	4	12'	" "	
7	12-14'					14'	" "		100 cpm
			7	6	6	8	" "		
8	14-16'					16'	BOB		Hole completed at 1000

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-35

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/25/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear -50
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chuck Lind	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION				Depth:	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"				
			AUGE 4 5 8	0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1030
				2"	Concrete		
1	0-2'			8"	Black Fill		
				1'	Reddish brown medium sand		220 cpm
			2 5 5 12	2'	" "		
2	2-4'						90 cpm
			10 17 12 14	4'	" "		
3	4-6'			5'	Light brown and gray fine sand		100 cpm
			10 13 17 15	6'	" "		
4	6-8'						100 cpm
			7 10 9 8	8'	" "		
5	8-10'						90 cpm
			10 19 8 7	10'	" "		
6	10-12'						120 cpm
			11 10 9 9	12'	" "		
7	12-14'						90 cpm
			8 10 8 10	14'	" "		
8	14-16'			15'8"	Gray medium sand (slightly wet)		60 cpm
				16'	BOB		Hole completed at 1100

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-36

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/25/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shuttles	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear -60
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chuck Lind	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION						Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"						
			AUGE	3	5	7	0'	Asphalt	Started hole at 1130
							2"	Concrete	
1	0-2'						8"	Black Fill	2000 cpm
							1'	Reddish brown medium sand	
			18	15	10	12	2'	" "	150 cpm
2	2-4'								
			11	21	16	16	4'	" "	150 cpm
3	4-6'								
			5	9	20	20	6'	" "	150 cpm
4	6-8'						7'	Gray fine sand	
			7	14	3	9	8'	" "	100 cpm
5	8-10'								
			9	10	9	3	10'	" "	100 cpm
6	10-12'								
			12	11	11	11	12'	" "	80 cpm
7	12-14'						13'	Light brown and gray medium sand	
			8	6	6	7	14'	" "	60 cpm
8	14-16'						15'8"	Gray medium sand (slightly wet)	
							16'	BOB	Hole completed at 1215

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-37

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/25/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear -50
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chuck Lind	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"					
			12	8	9	13		
1	0-2'							Started hole at 1330
			7	9	9	7		
2	2-4'							1200 cpm
			4	8	6	4		140 cpm
3	4-6'							
			22	12	12	17		
4	6-8'							100 cpm
			3	4	8	1		
5	8-10'							150 cpm
			6	7	7	6		
6	10-12'							100 cpm
			4	6	9	7		180 cpm
7	12-14'							
			5	8	7	8		
8	14-16'							100 cpm
								120 cpm
								Gray medium sand (slightly wet)
								BOB
								Hole completed at 1420

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-38

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/26/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear -55
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Mark	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Vince	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Bryn Wolf

SAMPLE INFORMATION					Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS	
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"						
			6	9	7	11	0'	Dark brown to black soil	Started hole at 0905
1	0-2'						0.5'	Black fill	120 com
			4	3	1	3	2'	Reddish brown medium to fine sand	80 cpm
2	2-4'								
			3	2	1	1	4'	No recovery	The spoon came back empty. Drillers tried to take another sample, but second spoon returned nothing as well. Void.
3	4-6'								
			6	9	10	9	6'	Reddish brown medium sand	70 cpm
4	6-8'								
			9	12	12	14	8'	" "	60 cpm
5	8-10'						9'	Gray brown medium sand	
			8	7	6	5	10'	" "	60 cpm
6	10-12'						10.5'	Gray fine sand	
			5	9	8	10	12'	Gray silty sand	60 cpm
7	12-14'						13'	Gray medium sand	
			11	9	10	11	14'	Gray medium to fine sand	60 cpm
8	14-16'						16'	BOB	

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-39

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/26/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultee	WEATHER:	Overcast -50
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chuck Lind	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION						Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"						
			16	11	8	12	0'	Asphalt	Started hole at 0900
							2"	Black fill	
1	0-2'						1'	Reddish brown medium sand	80 cpm
			7	5	5	6	2'	" "	60 cpm
2	2-4'								
			9	8	6	5	4'	" "	80 cpm
3	4-6'								
			24	11	10	10	6'	" "	80 cpm
4	6-8'						7"	Light brown fine sand	
							7'4"	Reddish brown medium sand	60 cpm
			4	4	3	4	8'	" "	
5	8-10'						8'4"	Gray fine sand	60 cpm
			5	7	7	6	10'	" "	60 cpm
6	10-12'								
			35	20	14	12	12'	" "	50 cpm
7	12-14'								
			18	14	10	12	14'	" "	80 cpm
8	14-16'								
							16'	BOB	Hole completed at 0945

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-40

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/26/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear -55
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Mark	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Vince	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Bryn Wolf

SAMPLE INFORMATION							Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"							
			5	11	12	11	0'	Soil		Started hole at 1045
1	0-2'						0.5'	Black fill		120 com
			6	4	3	2	2'	Reddish brown medium to fine sand		100 cpm
2	2-4'									
			3	4	4	5	4'	Reddish brown medium sand		80 cpm
3	4-6'									
			4	6	7	15	6'	Reddish brown fine sand		100 cpm
4	6-8'						7'	Reddish brown medium sand		
			11	12	6	6	8'	" "		80 cpm
5	8-10'						9'	Gray fine sand		
			3	4	6	6	10'	Gray medium sand		80 cpm
6	10-12'									
			6	7	8	7	12'	" "		60 cpm
7	12-14'									
			5	3	4	4	14'	" "		60 cpm
8	14-16'									
							16'	BOB		

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-41

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/26/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutee	WEATHER:	Overcast -50
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chuck Lind	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION				Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"				
			3 5 5 8	0'	Black soil (organic)		Started hole at 1030
1	0-2'			4"	Black fill		
							100 cpm
			5 5 5 4	2'	" "		
2	2-4'			2'3"	Reddish brown medium sand		50 cpm
			3 4 4 5	4'	" "		
3	4-6'						60 cpm
			5 9 10 7	6'	" "		
4	6-8'			6'10"	Light brown and gray fine sand		50 cpm
			3 7 9 5	8'	" "		
5	8-10'			8'4"	Gray fine sand		60 cpm
			6 10 8 11	10'	" "		60 cpm
6	10-12'						
			8 5 6 6	12'	" "		80 cpm
7	12-14'						
			9 7 3 3	14'	" "		
8	14-16'						60 cpm
				16'	BOB		Hole completed at 1115

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-42

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/26/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shuttles	WEATHER:	Sunny, clear -55
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Mark	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Vince	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Bryn Wolf

SAMPLE INFORMATION				Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"				
			AUGER	0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 1305
1	0-2'		4 6 11 11	0.5'	Reddish brown coarse sand		2200 cpm
				1.5'	Black fill		
			11 11 11 11	2'	Reddish brown medium sand		150 cpm
2	2-4'						
			5 9 12 15	4'	" "		100cpm
3	4-6'						
			15 17 17 20	6'	Gray sandy silt		100 cpm
4	6-8'						
			13 15 13 15	8'	" "		80 cpm
5	8-10'				Gray fine sand		
			12 9 10 9	10'	" "		80 cpm
6	10-12'						
			8 10 11 13	12'	" "		80 cpm
7	12-14'				Reddish brown medium sand		
			10 11 11 12	14'	Gray fine sand		60 cpm
8	14-16'						
				16'	BOB		

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-43

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/26/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shutes	WEATHER:	Overcast -50
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Eli Gonzales	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Chuck Lind	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION							Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"							
			3	3	4	5	0'	Black soil (organic)		Started hole at 1130
1	0-2'						4"	Black fill		
							1'5"	Reddish brown medium sand		60 cpm
			13	20	6	5	2'	" "		
2	2-4'									60 cpm
			3	3	2	4	4'	" and quartz cobbles		
3	4-6'									60 cpm
			3	9	10	10	6'	" "		
							6'4"	Light brown silty sand		
4	6-8'						6'10"	Reddish brown medium sand		30 cpm
			3	7	7	10	8'	" "		
							8'6"	Gray fine sand		30 cpm
5	8-10'									
			7	47	23	9	10'	" "		20 cpm
6	10-12'									
			3	6	5	6	12'	" "		20 cpm
7	12-14'									
			4	2	2	1	14'	" "		
8	14-16'									30 cpm
							16'	BOB		Hole completed at 1220

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-44

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Weisbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/27/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	Sunny -70
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splispoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Mark	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Vince	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION				Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"				
			18 20 11 6	0'	Asphalt		Started hole at 0830
1	0-2'			4'	Black fill		
							140 cpm
			13 10 8 8	2'	" "		
				2'2"	Reddish brown coarse sand		
2	2-4'						60 cpm
			10 16 18 18	4'	" "		
3	4-6'						60 cpm
			14 12 11 18	6'	" "		
				6'6"	Gray silty clay		Hole completed at 0845
4	6-8'				Groundwater BOB		

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-45

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/26/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shuffles	WEATHER:	Overcast -50
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Mark	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Vince	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION						Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"						
			Auger	3	3	0'	Concrete		Started hole at 1230
						6"	Black fill		
1	0-2'								60 cpm
			8	4	3	2	2'	" "	
2	2-4'					3'10"	Light brown fine sand		40 cpm
			3	4	2	2	4'	" "	
3	4-6'					4'4"	Reddish brown silty sand		20 cpm
						5'4"	Reddish brown medium sand (slightly wet)		
			11	17	11	13	6'	" "	
4	6-8'								20 cpm
5	8-10'		10	8	6	8	8'		
						9'2"	Gray silt (wet)		20 cpm
6	10-12'		8	29	5	6	10'		
						10'4"	Gray medium sand		40 cpm
7	12-14'		3	3	5	8	12'		
									20 cpm
8	14-16'		5	5	4	5	14'		
									20 cpm
							16'	BOB	Hole completed at 1300

301003

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-46

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/27/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shuttles	WEATHER:	Sunny -70
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Mark	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Vince	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION						Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"						
			2	3	3	3	0'	Granite cobbles	Started hole at 0945
1	0-2'						10'	Reddish brown medium sand	
									60 cpm
			22	22	21	12	2'	" "	
2	2-4'								60 cpm
			22	18	23	21	4'	" "	
3	4-6'						5'	Light brown and gray fine sand (dense)	120 cpm
			19	27	28	23	6'	" "	
4	6-8'								
			24	13	13	14	8'	" "	60 cpm
5	8-10'								
							10'	Groundwater BOB	60 cpm Hole completed at 1015

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-47

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME:	Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE:	3/27/98
JOB NUMBER:	8001230	LOCATION:	Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM:	AC Shultes	WEATHER:	Sunny -70
DRILLING METHOD:	Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Spitspoons	ELEVATION:	
DRILLER:	Mark	DATUM:	
HELPER:	Vince	HYDROGEOLOGIST:	Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION						Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 6"						
			Auger	6	3				
						0'	Concrete		Started hole at 1100
						4"	Black fill		
1	0-2'					1'	Reddish brown coarse sand		150 cpm
						2'	" "		
			4	7	7	21			
						2'	" "		100 cpm
2	2-4'					4'	" "		
			12	16	17	10			
						5'	Gray fine sand		60 cpm
3	4-6'					6'	" "		
			12	14	14	12			
						8'	" "		60 cpm
4	6-8'					9'	Groundwater		
						10'	BOB		Hole completed at 1130
5	8-9'								

MALCOLM PIRNIE, INC.

BORING: SB-48

ONE INTERNATIONAL BOULEVARD MAHWAH, NEW JERSEY 07495-0018

PROJECT NAME: Welsbach/GGM Site	DATE: 3/27/98
JOB NUMBER: 8001230	LOCATION: Former GGM Facility
DRILLING FIRM: AC Shutes	WEATHER: Sunny -70
DRILLING METHOD: Hollow Stem Auger 4 1/2 I.D. Continuous 2" Splitspoons	ELEVATION:
DRILLER: Mark	DATUM:
HELPER: Vince	HYDROGEOLOGIST: Patrick Rabideau

SAMPLE INFORMATION							Depth	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONS	REMARKS
No.	Depth	Rec	Blows per 8"							
			6	6	4	3	0'	Black fill		Started hole at 1145
1	0-2'						1'	Reddish brown coarse sand		100 cpm
			10	12	12	11	2'	" "		
							2'6"	Light brown medium sand		
2	2-4'						3'	Gray coarse sand		60 cpm
			9	9	11	8	4'	" "		
3	4-6'						6'	" "		60 cpm
			6	5	5	8				
							7'10"	Gray silty clay		40 cpm
							8'	" "		
5	8-9'						9'	Groundwater BOB		Hole completed at 1215

APPENDIX G

WELSBACH/GGM SITE

COST ESTIMATE - BACKUP

REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION AND FEASIBILITY STUDY

WELSBACH/GGM SITE

CAMDEN AND GLOUCESTER CITY

CAMDEN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

301007

APPENDIX G - COST ESTIMATE BACKUP

Cost Analysis

Cost estimates were developed for the Welsbach/GGM remedial alternatives described in Section 10.1. These estimates present both capital and annual operation and maintenance (O/M) costs. The present value of the remedial action alternatives for the soil of Welsbach/GGM ranged from \$0 (the three no-action alternatives) to approximately \$17.75 million (excavation and off-site disposal for the former Welsbach). Present value was calculated utilizing a 8.0% interest rate for a 30 year period of remediation. The cost estimates are presented in Tables G-3 to G-9

The cost estimates were produced utilizing the following references: 1995 R.S. Means Building Construction Cost Data, telephone conversations with manufacturers and vendors, and experience with similar projects. Capital costs include construction costs and include labor, overhead, profit, raw materials and equipment. O/M costs include those costs associated with daily operations and implementation of a specific alternative presented on an annual basis. Costs that are not included in the estimate consist of engineering fees and administrative costs.

Several assumptions were used in the development of the cost estimates. Assumptions that were common to all of the alternatives include an addition of a 30% contingency to the capital costs, a 10% increase in unit costs for work activities involving hazardous waste, and a 7% increase in unit costs to account for elevated regional pricing. O/M costs consist of follow-up visits, investigations, site/risk assessments, and maintenance. Additional assumptions that significantly affect the estimate are presented in the following sections, specific to each alternative.

Alternatives W-1, V-1, G-1 - No Action

These alternatives serve as a basis for the comparison of the other alternatives. Accordingly, the no action alternatives involve leaving the contaminated material on the site in the state at which it exists. No further action would be conducted, and as a result no costs would be incurred.

Alternative W-2 - Engineering Controls

It was assumed that steel would provide the primary gamma shielding. A three inch layer of concrete would cover the steel to provide a layer to which the asphalt could adhere

Alternative V-2 -Engineering Controls

Indoor Radon Mitigation

The installation of a trench around the perimeter of the lowest floor of a structure will require the removal of approximately 6" of concrete and 12" of soils underneath the slab. It is assumed that this material will be transported to and disposed of at an appropriate offsite facility. Additionally, it is assumed that active ventilation by fans is incorporated into the remedial action to remove radon from the collection system. It is assumed that the radon concentration is low enough that it can be vented directly to the atmosphere. If the concentration of radon is elevated enough to produce substantial emissions, carbon canisters can be used at the discharge to prevent significant mass loadings to the ambient environment. The costs would be affected; however, the degree of the effect on the cost analysis cannot be determined without additional information.

Alternatives W-2 V-2 G-2- Engineering Controls

Indoor and Outdoor Gamma Shielding

A radiological shielding code, Microshield Version 5.03, was utilized to determine the shielding thickness to reduce the external gamma dose rate at the surface of each contaminated area to less than or equal to twice the background level. Several assumptions were made in determining the shielding thickness (i.e., type of contaminated material, the depth of contamination, etc.), and consequently the shielding volume.

Three types of shielding material were selected (i.e., soil, concrete, and steel) to encompass indoor and outdoor area as appropriate. The shielding thickness was determined from the computer code runs by calculating Dose Reduction Factors (DRFs) for each thickness of shielding material, and then by calculating the ratio of the measured exposure rate to that due to natural background.

If shielding is chosen as an alternative, a more comprehensive analysis, further radiological site activities, and a more elaborate shielding analysis would be required.

Alternatives W-3, V-3, G-3 - Excavation and Off-Site Disposal

Excavation/Transportation/Disposal of Contaminated Soils

The excavation of the soils was assumed to proceed to the outer edge of the contamination in the horizontal direction. In the vertical direction, excavation was assumed to proceed to the depth of contamination, however; no excavation would occur below the groundwater table.

BACKUP COSTS - OUTDOOR GAMMA SHIELDING

301011

TABLE G-1
VICINITY PROPERTIES: SOIL OUTDOOR GAMMA SHIELDING
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

Property Number		Geotextile Mat (SY)	Select Fill/Grade/Compact (CY)	Topsoil (CY)	Seeding (SY)	Total Cost Shield
1	# of Units ¹	50.00	16.67	8.33	50.00	
	Unit Cost (\$) ²	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$) ³	112.50	416.67	250.00	550.00	\$1,330
2	# of Units	530.56	176.39	88.43	530.56	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	1193.76	4409.75	2652.90	5836.16	\$14,090
3	# of Units	44.44	14.82	7.41	44.44	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	99.99	370.50	222.30	488.84	\$1,180
4	# of Units	32.22	7.96	5.37	32.22	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	72.50	199.00	161.10	354.42	\$790
5	# of Units	25.00	8.33	4.17	25.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	56.25	208.25	125.10	275.00	\$660
6	# of Units	8.33	2.78	1.39	8.33	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	18.74	69.50	41.70	91.63	\$220
7	# of Units	2.78	0.46	0.46	2.78	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	6.26	11.50	13.80	30.58	\$60
8	# of Units	2.78	0.46	0.46	2.78	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	6.26	11.50	13.80	30.58	\$60
9	# of Units	8.33	1.39	1.39	8.33	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	18.74	34.75	41.70	91.63	\$190
14	# of Units	2555.56	953.70	425.93	2555.56	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	5750.01	23842.50	12777.90	28111.16	\$70,480
16	# of Units	627.78	640.28	104.63	627.78	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	1412.51	16007.00	3138.90	6905.58	\$27,460
17	# of Units	636.11	229.76	106.02	636.11	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	1431.25	5744.00	3180.60	6997.21	\$17,350
18	# of Units	44.44	14.82	7.41	44.44	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	99.99	370.50	222.30	488.84	\$1,180
20	# of Units	1313.90	490.65	219.00	1313.90	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	2956.28	12266.25	6570.00	14452.90	\$36,250

(1) Based on a variable depth of select fill and 6 inches of topsoil

(2) Costs from 1995 R.S. Means and vendor quotes

(3) Includes only the cost of the shield. Does not include mobilization and permitting costs

TABLE G-1(Continued)
VICINITY PROPERTIES: SOIL OUTDOOR GAMMA SHIELDING
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

Property Number		Geotextile Mat (SY)	Select Fill/Grade/Compact (CY)	Topsoil (CY)	Seeding (SY)	Total Cost Shield
21	# of Units ¹	33.33	11.11	5.56	33.33	
	Unit Cost (\$) ²	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$) ³	74.99	277.75	166.80	366.63	\$890
22	# of Units	13.89	4.63	2.31	13.89	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	31.25	115.75	69.30	152.79	\$370
23	# of Units	5.56	0.93	0.93	5.56	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	12.51	23.25	27.90	61.16	\$120
24	# of Units	22.22	7.41	3.70	22.22	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	50.00	185.25	111.00	244.42	\$590
25	# of Units	11.11	1.85	1.85	11.11	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	25.00	46.25	55.50	122.21	\$250
26	# of Units	3.00	1.00	0.50	3.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	6.75	25.00	15.00	33.00	\$80
27	# of Units	6.00	1.00	1.00	6.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	13.50	25.00	30.00	66.00	\$130
28	# of Units	3.00	1.00	0.50	3.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	6.75	25.00	15.00	33.00	\$80
29	# of Units	6.00	2.00	1.00	6.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	13.50	50.00	30.00	66.00	\$160
30	# of Units	3.00	0.50	0.50	3.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	6.75	12.50	15.00	33.00	\$70
31	# of Units	22.22	7.41	3.70	22.22	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	50.00	185.25	111.00	244.42	\$590
32	# of Units	3.00	0.50	0.50	3.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	6.75	12.50	15.00	33.00	\$70
33	# of Units	30.00	5.00	5.00	30.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	67.50	125.00	150.00	330.00	\$670
34	# of Units	1.00	0.33	0.17	1.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	2.25	8.25	5.10	11.00	\$30

(1) Based on a variable depth of select fill and 6 inches of topsoil

(2) Costs from 1995 R.S. Means and vendor quotes

(3) Includes only the cost of the shield. Does not include mobilization and permitting costs

301013

TABLE G-1(Continued)
VICINITY PROPERTIES: SOIL OUTDOOR GAMMA SHIELDING
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

Property Number		Geotextile Mat (SY)	Select Fill/Grade/Compact (CY)	Topsoil (CY)	Seeding (SY)	Total Cost Shield
35	# of Units ¹	45.00	7.50	7.50	45.00	
	Unit Cost (\$) ²	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$) ³	101.25	187.50	225.00	495.00	\$1,010
36	# of Units	51.00	17.00	8.50	51.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	114.75	425.00	255.00	561.00	\$1,360
37	# of Units	1.00	0.33	0.17	3.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	2.25	8.25	5.10	33.00	\$50
38	# of Units	1.00	0.33	0.17	3.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	2.25	8.25	5.10	33.00	\$50
39	# of Units	23.33	7.78	3.89	23.33	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	52.49	194.50	116.70	256.63	\$620
40	# of Units	1.00	0.33	0.17	1.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	2.25	8.25	5.10	11.00	\$30
41	# of Units	16.67	5.56	2.78	16.67	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	37.51	139.00	83.40	183.37	\$440
42	# of Units	444.44	296.30	74.10	444.44	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	999.99	7407.50	2223.00	4888.84	\$15,520
43	# of Units	333.33	111.11	55.56	333.33	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	749.99	2777.75	1666.80	3666.63	\$8,860
44	# of Units	3.00	1.00	0.50	3.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	6.75	25.00	15.00	33.00	\$80
45	# of Units	1111.11	370.40	185.20	1111.11	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	2500.00	9260.00	5556.00	12222.21	\$29,540
46	# of Units	12.00	4.00	2.00	12.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	27.00	100.00	60.00	132.00	\$320
47	# of Units	25.00	8.33	4.17	25.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	56.25	208.25	125.10	275.00	\$660
48	# of Units	6.00	3.00	1.00	6.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	13.50	75.00	30.00	66.00	\$180

(1) Based on a variable depth of select fill and 6 inches of topsoil

(2) Costs from 1995 R.S. Means and vendor quotes

(3) Includes only the cost of the shield. Does not include mobilization and permitting costs

301014

TABLE G-1(Continued)
VICINITY PROPERTIES: SOIL OUTDOOR GAMMA SHIELDING
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

Property Number		Geotextile Mat (SY)	Select Fill/Grade/Compact (CY)	Topsoil (CY)	Seeding (SY)	Total Cost Shield
49	# of Units ¹	56.00	18.67	9.33	56.00	
	Unit Cost (\$) ²	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$) ³	126.00	466.75	279.90	616.00	\$1,490
50	# of Units	15.00	2.50	2.50	15.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	33.75	62.50	75.00	165.00	\$340
51	# of Units	10.00	3.33	1.67	10.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	22.50	83.25	50.10	110.00	\$270
52	# of Units	8.00	2.67	1.33	8.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	126.00	466.75	279.90	616.00	\$1,490
53	# of Units	7.00	2.33	1.17	7.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	15.75	58.25	35.22	77.00	\$190
54	# of Units	14.00	2.33	2.33	14.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	31.50	58.25	69.90	154.00	\$310
55	# of Units	7.00	1.17	1.17	7.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	15.75	29.25	35.10	77.00	\$160
56	# of Units	8.00	1.33	1.33	8.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	2.25	25.00	30.00	11.00	
	Cost (\$)	18.00	33.25	39.90	88.00	\$180

(1) Based on a variable depth of select fill and 6 inches of topsoil

(2) Costs from 1995 R.S. Means and vendor quotes

(3) Includes only the cost of the shield. Does not include mobilization and permitting costs

301015

BACKUP COSTS - INDOOR GAMMA SHIELDING

301016

TABLE G-2
VICINITY PROPERTIES: INDOOR GAMMA SHIELDING
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

Property Number		Concrete Shield (CY)	Steel Shield (CF)	Total Cost Shields
1	# of Units	1.50	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)¹	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)²	1200.00	0.00	\$1,200
2	# of Units	0.28	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	224.00	0.00	\$220
3	# of Units	0.56	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	448.00	0.00	\$450
4	# of Units	1.50	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	1200.00	0.00	\$1,200
7	# of Units	1.40	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	1120.00	0.00	\$1,120
11	# of Units	0.20	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	160.00	0.00	\$160
12	# of Units	0.60	8.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	480.00	4160.00	\$4,640
13	# of Units	1.85	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	1480.00	0.00	\$1,480
19	# of Units	40.10	40.50	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	32080.00	21060.00	\$53,140
21	# of Units	1.50	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	1200.00	0.00	\$1,200
23	# of Units	1.50	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	1200.00	0.00	\$1,200
24	# of Units	2.22	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	1776.00	0.00	\$1,780
25	# of Units	1.30	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	1040.00	0.00	\$1,040
28	# of Units¹	0.20	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)²	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)³	160.00	0.00	\$160

301017

(1) Costs from 1995 R.S. Means and previous Malcolm Pirnie Project experience
(2) Does not include mobilization and permitting costs

TABLE G-2 (Continued)
VICINITY PROPERTIES: INDOOR GAMMA SHIELDING
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

Property Number		Concrete Shield (CY)	Steel Shield (CF)	Total Cost Shields
29	# of Units	2.80	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	2240.00	0.00	\$2,240
36	# of Units	6.00	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	4800.00	0.00	\$4,800
39	# of Units	3.70	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	2960.00	0.00	\$2,960
57	# of Units	0.55	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	440.00	0.00	\$440
58	# of Units	0.46	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	368.00	0.00	\$370
59	# of Units	3.25	0.00	
	Unit Cost (\$)	800.00	520.00	
	Cost (\$)	2600.00	0.00	\$2,600

301013

- (1) Costs from 1995 R.S. Means and previous Malcolm Pirnie Project experience
- (2) Does not include mobilization and permitting costs

BACKUP COSTS - EXCAVATION AND DISPOSAL

301010

Per Rick Robinson, 1998 actuals for Montclair project:

Dispose \$167/cy in place volume

Transportation \$144/ton

Convert tons to cy:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{sandy soil, dry} \left(\frac{90 \text{ lb}}{\text{cf}} \right) \left(\frac{\text{ton}}{2200 \text{ lb}} \right) \left(\frac{27 \text{ cf}}{\text{cy}} \right) = 1.1 \frac{\text{ton}}{\text{cy}} \\ \text{clayey soil, wet} \left(\frac{129 \text{ lb}}{\text{cf}} \right) \left(\frac{\text{ton}}{2200 \text{ lb}} \right) \left(\frac{27 \text{ cf}}{\text{cy}} \right) = 1.6 \frac{\text{ton}}{\text{cy}} \end{array} \right.$$

source of soil densities:

"Civil Engineering Reference Manual",
Lindenberg, 1972, p. 9-6

→ use $1.5 \frac{\text{ton}}{\text{cy}}$ to be conservative

$$\text{transp.} \left(\frac{\$144}{\text{ton}} \right) \left(1.5 \frac{\text{ton}}{\text{cy}} \right) = \$216/\text{cy}$$

T+D (1998):

$$\$167/\text{cy} + \$216/\text{cy} = \$383/\text{cy}$$

say, \$400/cy

per Rick Robinson = 1998 actuals for Montclair Project
 Building Materials

Disposal = \$414/cy

Transportation = \$144/ton

convert tons to cy

assume all concrete - conservative

density of concrete = 150 lb/cf

$$\left(\frac{150 \text{ lb}}{\text{cf}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ ton}}{2200 \text{ lb}} \right) \left(\frac{27 \text{ cf}}{\text{cy}} \right) = 1.85 \text{ ton/cy}$$

$$\text{Transportation} = \left(\frac{\$144}{\text{ton}} \right) \left(\frac{1.85 \text{ ton}}{\text{cy}} \right) = \frac{\$266}{\text{cy}}$$

$$T + D (1998) = \frac{\$266}{\text{cy}} + \frac{\$414}{\text{cy}} = \frac{\$680}{\text{cy}} \Rightarrow \frac{\$700}{\text{cy}}$$

COST ESTIMATE

301022

TABLE G-3
ALTERNATIVE W-2: WELSBACH/HOLT CARGO: ENGINEERING CONTROLS
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

301023

Capital Costs	Quantity	Unit	Cost per Unit	Total
Mobilization	1	l.s.	\$50,000	\$50,000
Outdoor Gamma Shielding (steel)	7,520	c.f.	\$520	\$3,910,000
Concrete (3 inches) over steel	500	c.y	\$600	\$300,000
Asphalt over Shielding (4")	53,400	s.f.	\$1.20	\$64,000
Air Monitoring During Construction	1	l.s.	\$50,000	\$50,000
Subtotal				\$4,374,000
Contingency (30%)				\$1,312,000
TOTAL Capital Costs				\$5,686,000

Operation and Maintenance Costs	Cost per Unit	Frequency	Annual Total	Present Worth	
				Term (yrs)	Interest
				30	8.0%
Site Inspection	\$6,000	Annually	\$6,000		\$68,000
Outdoor Shield Maintenance	\$30,000	Annually	\$30,000		\$338,000
Site Maintenance (Includes Fencing Upkeep)	\$5,000	Annually	\$5,000		\$56,000
Site Risk Assessment	\$15,000	Every 5 Years	\$3,000		\$34,000
Present Worth of Operation and Maintenance Costs					\$496,000

Total Present Worth (Capital and O/M) of Alternative W-2

\$6,180,000

TABLE G-4
ALTERNATIVE V-2: VICINITY PROPERTIES: ENGINEERING CONTROLS
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

Capital Costs	Quantity	Unit	Cost per Unit	Total
Mobilization	1	l.s.	\$150,000	\$150,000
Indoor Radon Mitigation	-	-	-	-
Clearing/Ceaning/Preparation	3,600	s.f.	\$0.30	\$1,100
Sub Slab Ventilation	-	-	-	-
Demolition of Concrete Flooring (6")	1,150	s.f.	\$36	\$41,400
Excavation of Soils Underneath Slab (12" deep)	45	c.y.	\$55	\$2,500
Installation of Collection System	-	-	-	-
Trench Lining (Geomembrane on Geotextile)	2,300	s.f.	\$5	\$10,400
Piping	540	l.f.	\$4	\$2,200
Pipe Fittings	16	ea.	\$60	\$1,000
Pca Gravel	40	c.y.	\$60	\$2,400
Ventillation Equipment	8	ea.	\$480	\$3,800
Concrete Replacement (6" thick)	21	c.y.	\$800	\$16,800
Handling and Loading of Contaminated Soil and Concrete	66	c.y.	\$30	\$2,000
Transportation and Disposal of Soil	45	c.y.	\$400	\$18,000
Transportation and Disposal of Concrete	21	c.y.	\$700	\$14,700
Indoor Gamma Shielding (Concrete 6")	72	c.y.	\$600	\$42,900
Indoor Gamma Shielding (Steel)	48	c.f.	\$520	\$24,700
Outdoor Gamma Shielding	-	-	-	-
Geotextile Mat	8,700	s.y.	\$2.25	\$19,600
Select Fill	3,050	c.y.	\$25	\$76,300
Topsoil (6")	1,450	c.y.	\$30	\$43,500
Seeding	8,700	s.y.	\$11	\$95,700
Air Monitoring During Construction	1	l.s.	\$125,000	\$125,000
Subtotal				\$694,000
Contingency (30%)				\$208,000
TOTAL Capital Costs				\$902,000

301004

TABLE G-4 (Continued)
ALTERNATIVE V-2: VICINITY PROPERTIES: ENGINEERING CONTROLS
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

Operation and Maintenance Costs			Total (1)	Term (yrs) Interest	30 8.0%
Site Inspection	\$5,000	Annually	\$5,000		\$56,000
Radon Testing/Air Monitoring					
First Year	\$5,000	Quarterly	\$20,000		\$20,000
After First Year	\$5,000	Annually	\$5,000		\$56,000
Radon Mitigation System Maintenance	\$5,000	Annually	\$5,000		\$56,000
Electrical Equipment Maintenance	\$2,000	Annually	\$1,000		\$11,000
Outdoor Shield Maintenance	\$50,000	Annually	\$50,000		\$563,000
Site Maintenance (Includes Fencing Upkeep)	\$10,000	Annually	\$10,000		\$113,000
Site Risk Assessment	\$15,000	Every 5 Years	\$3,000		\$34,000
Present Worth of Operation and Maintenance Costs					\$909,000

Total Present Worth (Capital and O/M) of Alternative V-2

\$1,810,000

301095

TABLE G-5
ALTERNATIVE G-2: GENERAL GAS MANTLE: ENGINEERING CONTROLS
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

301090

Capital Costs	Quantity	Unit	Cost per Unit	Total
Mobilization	1	l.s.	\$50,000	\$50,000
Outdoor Gamma Shielding (Concrete 6" or Greater)	41.00	c.y.	\$600	\$24,600
Outdoor Gamma Shielding (Soil)	-	-	-	-
Soil Cover	31	c.y.	\$25	\$800
Topsoil (6")	20	c.y.	\$30	\$600
Geotextile Mat	120	s.y.	\$2.25	\$300
Seeding	120	s.y.	\$11	\$1,300
Air Monitoring During Construction	1	l.s.	\$20,000	\$20,000
Subtotal				\$97,600
Contingency (30%)				\$24,000
TOTAL Capital Costs				\$121,600

Operation and Maintenance Costs	Cost per Unit	Frequency	Annual Total	Present Worth	
				Term (yrs)	Interest
Site Inspection	\$5,000	Annually	\$5,000	30	8.0%
Outdoor Shield Maintenance	\$10,000	Annually	\$10,000		
Site Maintenance (Includes Fencing Upkeep)	\$5,000	Annually	\$5,000		
Site Risk Assessment	\$15,000	Every 5 Years	\$3,000		
Present Worth of Operation and Maintenance Costs					
					\$259,000

Total Present Worth (Capital and O/M) Of Alternative G-2

\$380,000

TABLE G-6
ALTERNATIVE W-3: WELSBACH/HOLT CARGO: EXCAVATION AND DISPOSAL
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

301002

Capital Costs	Quantity	Unit	Cost per Unit	Total
Mobilization	1	l.s.	\$50,000	\$50,000
Excavation/Transportation/Disposal of Soils and Buried Building Debris	-	-	-	-
Permitting	1	l.s.	\$5,000.00	\$5,000
Excavation/Handling/Stockpiling of Soils and Buried Building Debris	23,300	c.y.	\$20.00	\$466,000
Hand Excavation/Handling/Stockpiling of Soils and Buried Building Debris	3,900	c.y.	\$80.00	\$312,000
Transportation and Disposal of Soils	22,200	c.y.	\$400.00	\$8,880,000
Transportation and Disposal of Buried Building Debris	5,000	c.y.	\$700.00	\$3,500,000
Backfill (clean fill)/Compaction/Grading	27,200	c.y.	\$25.00	\$680,000
Sheeting for Excavation Support	-	-	-	-
Wood sheeting (to be pulled upon finishing)	12,000	s.f.	\$9	\$108,000
Transportation and Disposal of pulled sheeting	75	c.y.	\$650	\$49,000
Erosion Control	-	-	-	-
Silt Fencing	2,000	l.f.	\$1.10	\$2,000
Place and Remove Hay Bales	1	l.s.	\$460	\$460
Cover Storm Drains	1	l.s.	\$100	\$100
Stabilized Construction Entrance (3/4" Crushed Stone)	280	s.y.	\$9	\$2,000
Restoration	58,850	s.f.	\$1.25	\$74,000
Survey	1	l.s.	\$5,000.00	\$5,000
Air Monitoring During Construction	1	l.s.	\$100,000	\$100,000
Subtotal				\$14,233,560
Contingency (30%)				\$4,270,000
TOTAL Capital Costs				\$18,503,560

TABLE G-6 (Continued)
ALTERNATIVE W-3: WELSBACH/HOLT CARGO: EXCAVATION AND DISPOSAL
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

Operation and Maintenance Costs	Cost per Unit	Frequency	Annual Total (1)	Present Worth	
				Term (yrs)	Interest
NONE	\$0		\$0	30	8.0%
Present Worth of Operation and Maintenance Costs				\$0	

Total Present Worth (Capital and O/M) of Alternative W-3

\$18,500,000

TABLE G-7
ALTERNATIVE V-3: VICINITY PROPERTIES: EXCAVATION AND DISPOSAL
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

301099

Capital Costs	Quantity	Unit	Cost per Unit	Total
Mobilization	1	l.s.	\$150,000	\$150,000
Excavation/Transportation/Disposal of Soils and Buried Building Debris	-	-	-	-
Permitting	1	l.s.	\$5,000	\$5,000
Excavation of Soils and Buried Building Debris	9,300	c.y.	\$20	\$186,000
Excavation of Soils and Buried Building Debris (Hand Excavate)	1,350	c.y.	\$80	\$108,000
Transportation and Disposal of Soils	9,200	c.y.	\$400	\$3,680,000
Transportation and Disposal of Buried Building Debris	1,450	c.y.	\$700	\$1,015,000
Backfill of Excavated Areas (clean fill)/Compaction/Grading	10,650	c.y.	\$25	\$266,000
Top Soil (6")	478	c.y.	\$30	\$14,000
Seeding of Excavated Areas	2,870	s.y.	\$11	\$32,000
Sheeting for Excavation Support	-	-	-	-
Wood sheeting	5,280	s.f.	\$9	\$48,000
Transportation and Disposal of sheeting	33	c.y.	\$700	\$23,000
Excavations inside Residences	-	-	-	-
Breakup Concrete Slab	1,450	s.f.	\$36	\$52,000
Excavate Soil under Concrete slab (12")	60	c.y.	\$80	\$5,000
Handling and Loading of Contaminated Soils and Concrete	90	c.y.	\$30	\$3,000
Transportation and Disposal of Soil	60	c.y.	\$400	\$24,000
Transportation and Disposal of Concrete	30	c.y.	\$700	\$21,000
Backfill of Excavated Areas (clean fill)/Compaction/Grading	60	c.y.	\$25	\$2,000
Place Concrete Slab (6")	30	c.y.	\$800	\$24,000

TABLE G-7 (Continued)
ALTERNATIVE V-3: VICINITY PROPERTIES: EXCAVATION AND DISPOSAL
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

301030

Capital Costs	Quantity	Unit	Cost per Unit	Total
Property 14 - Removal, Transportation and Disposal of Concrete Slab	-	-	-	-
Removal of Concrete Slab	400	c.y.	\$275	\$110,000
Cut Concrete Slab in Half	200	l.f.	\$37	\$7,000
Transportation and Disposal of Contaminated Concrete Slab	200	c.y.	\$700	\$140,000
Transportation and Disposal of Non-Contaminated Concrete Slab	200	c.y.	\$13.75	\$3,000
Property 19 Building Activities	-	-	-	-
Underpinning Building (excavation of soil underneath)	1,750	c.y.	\$1,475	\$2,581,000
Remove Concrete Slab	1,150	c.y.	\$275	\$316,000
Cut Concrete Slab in Half	200	l.f.	\$37	\$7,000
Transportation and Disposal of Soil	1,750	c.y.	\$400	\$700,000
Transportation and Disposal of Contaminated Concrete Slab	575	c.y.	\$700	\$403,000
Transportation and Disposal of Non-Contaminated Concrete Slab	575	c.y.	\$13.75	\$8,000
Backfill (clean fill)/Compaction/Grading	1,750	c.y.	\$25.00	\$44,000
Place Concrete Slab (6")	290	c.y.	\$600.00	\$174,000
Erosion Control	-	-	-	-
Silt Fencing	3,800	l.f.	\$1.10	\$4,000
Place and Remove Hay Bales	1	l.s.	\$460	\$460
Cover Storm Drains	1	l.s.	\$100	\$100
Stabilized Construction Entrance (3/4" Crushed Stone)	980	s.y.	\$9	\$9,000
Air Monitoring During Construction	1	l.s.	\$150,000	\$150,000
Subtotal				\$10,314,560
Contingency (30%)				\$3,094,000
TOTAL Capital Costs				\$13,408,560

TABLE G-7 (Continued)
ALTERNATIVE V-3: VICINITY PROPERTIES: EXCAVATION AND DISPOSAL
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

Operation and Maintenance Costs	Cost per Unit	Frequency	Annual Total	Present Worth	
				Term (yrs)	Interest
NONE	\$0		\$0	30	8.0%
Present Worth of Operation and Maintenance Costs				\$0	

Total Present Worth (Capital and O/M) of Alternative V-3

\$13,410,000

301031

TABLE G-8
ALTERNATIVE G-3 OPTION A: GGM EXCAVATION AND DISPOSAL AND DEMOLITION OF BUILDING
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

301002

Capital Costs	Quantity	Unit	Cost per Unit	Total
Mobilization	1	l.s.	\$50,000	\$50,000
Permitting	1	ea.	\$5,000	\$5,000
Removal of Contaminated Building Materials	-	-	-	-
Demolition	950	c.y.	\$10.80	\$10,000
Remove Concrete Basement (Floors and Walls)	450	c.y.	\$275	\$124,000
Transportation and Disposal	1,400	c.y.	\$700	\$980,000
Excavation/Transportation/Disposal of Soils and Buried Building Debris	-	-	-	-
Excavation of Soils and Buried Building Debris	800	c.y.	\$20	\$16,000
Excavation of Soils and Buried Building Debris (Hand Excavate)	145	c.y.	\$80	\$12,000
Transportation and Disposal of Soils	885	c.y.	\$400	\$354,000
Transportation and Disposal of Building Debris	60	c.y.	\$700	\$42,000
Backfill (clean fill)/Compaction/Grading	2,500	c.y.	\$25	\$63,000
Top Soil (6")	83	c.y.	\$30	\$3,000
Seeding of Excavated Areas	500	s.y.	\$11.00	\$6,000
Erosion Control	-	-	-	-
Silt Fencing	1,150	l.f.	\$1.10	\$1,000
Place and Remove Hay Bales	1	l.s.	\$460	\$460
Cover Storm Drains	1	l.s.	\$100	\$100
Stabilized Construction Entrance (3/4" Crushed Stone)	280	s.y.	\$9	\$2,000
Traffic Control	1	l.s.	\$2,000	\$2,000
Repave Street	3,750	s.f.	\$1.50	\$6,000
Air Monitoring During Construction	1	l.s.	\$100,000	\$100,000
Subtotal				\$1,776,560
Contingency (30%)				\$533,000
TOTAL Capital Costs				\$2,309,560

TABLE G-8 (Continued)
ALTERNATIVE G-3 OPTION A: GGM EXCAVATION AND DISPOSAL AND DEMOLITION OF BUILDING
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

301022

Operation and Maintenance Costs	Cost per Unit	Frequency	Annual Total	Present Worth	
				Term (yrs)	Interest
NONE	\$0		\$0	30	8.0%
Present Worth of Operation and Maintenance Costs					\$0

Total Present Worth (Capital and O/M) of Alternative G-3

\$2,310,000

TABLE G-9
Alternative G-3 Option B: GGM: Excavation and Disposal and Decon. and Demolition of Building
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

Capital Costs	Quantity	Unit	Cost per Unit	Total
Mobilization	1	l.s.	\$50,000	\$50,000
Removal of Wood Structural Material and Roof Material	-	-	-	-
Removal of Wood Floor	12,900	s.f.	\$1.20	\$15,000
Removal of Ceiling	6,600	sf	\$0.60	\$4,000
Chimney Removal	50	v.f.	\$118	\$6,000
Transportation and Disposal	500	c.y.	\$700	\$350,000
Decontamination of Remaining Shell (Pressure Washing)	25,100	sf	\$2.00	\$50,000
Removal of Non-Contaminated Building Materials	-	-	-	-
Demolition	24,800	c.f.	\$0.40	\$10,000
Remove Concrete Basement (Floors and Walls)	450	c.y.	\$275	\$124,000
Crush and Place Non-Contaminated Building Materials	900	c.y.	\$50	\$45,000
Compact and Grade Crushed Building Materials	900	c.y.	\$3.25	\$3,000
Excavation/Transportation/Disposal of Soils and Buried Building Debris	-	-	-	-
Permitting	1	ea.	\$20,000	\$20,000
Package treatment unit	1	ea.	\$75,000	\$75,000
Excavation of Soils and Buried Building Debris	800	c.y.	\$20	\$16,000
Excavation of Soils and Buried Building Debris (Hand Excavate)	145	c.y.	\$80	\$12,000
Transportation and Disposal of Soils	885	c.y.	\$400	\$354,000
Transportation and Disposal of Buried Building Debris	60	c.y.	\$700	\$42,000
Backfill (clean fill)/Compaction/Grading	1,600	c.y.	\$25	\$40,000
Top Soil (6")	83	c.y.	\$30	\$2,000
Seeding of Excavated Areas	500	s.y.	\$11	\$6,000

301035

TABLE G-9 (Continued)
Alternative G-3 Option B: GGM: Excavation and Disposal and Decon. and Demolition of Building
WELSBACH/GGM SITE

Capital Costs	Quantity	Unit	Cost per Unit	Total
Erosion Control	-	-	-	
Silt Fencing	1,150	l.f.	\$1.10	\$1,000
Place and Remove Hay Bales	1	l.s.	\$460	\$460
Cover Storm Drains	1	l.s.	\$100	\$100
Stabilized Construction Entrance (3/4" Crushed Stone)	280	s.y.	\$9	\$2,000
Traffic Control	1	l.s.	\$2,000	\$2,000
Repave Street	3,750	s.f.	\$1.50	\$6,000
Air Monitoring During Construction	1	l.s.	\$100,000	\$100,000
Subtotal				\$1,335,560
Contingency (30%)				\$401,000
TOTAL Capital Costs				\$1,736,560

Operation and Maintenance Costs	Cost per Unit	Frequency	Annual Total	Present Worth	
				Term (yrs)	Interest
NONE	\$0		\$0	30	8.0%
Present Worth of Operation and Maintenance Costs					\$0

Total Present Worth (Capital and O/M) of Alternative

\$1,740,000