## Switches | Product Information

# AT-IX5-28GP> High Availability Video Surveillance Switch

The Allied Telesis IX5-28GPX offers an impressive set of features in a high-value package, making it ideal for IP video surveillance environments.

#### **Overview**

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The Allied Telesis IX5-28GPX provides a high performing and scalable solution for today's networks. With 24 PoE+ enabled 10/100/1000Mbps ports, two 1/10 Gigabit uplinks, plus the ability to stack up to four units, the AT-IX5-28GPX is the ideal solution for video surveillance applications where high performance and resilient PoE power are critical.

### **High availability**

The IX5 Series was designed with reliability in mind. It guarantees continual delivery of data and streaming video. Dual hot-swappable load-sharing power supplies provide resilient system and end-point power, with up to 30 Watts available to power today's pan, tilt and zoom cameras. Factor in the ability to operate at up to 60°C, and the IX5 is an easy choice for modern video surveillance <u>P</u>oE plus environments.



#### **Network resiliency**

A Virtual Chassis Stack (VCStack<sup>™</sup>) of up to four devices can be formed so the network can be maintained or reconfigured as necessary, without affecting uptime.

Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRina<sup>™</sup>) ensures distributed network environments have highspeed access to online resources and applications, and guaranteed data throughput.

#### Simplified network management

Modern converged networks have increasing management requirements. Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) automates many everyday tasks, including configuration management, saving you valuable time and resources. The complete network can be managed as a single virtual device with powerful centralized management features. Growing the network can be accomplished with plug-and-play simplicity, and network node recovery is fully zero-touch.

#### Advanced operating system

The IX5 Series runs the advanced AlliedWare Plus<sup>™</sup> fully featured operating system, delivering a rich feature set and an industry-standard CLI. The industry-standard CLI reduces training requirements and is consistent across all AW+ devices, simplifying network management.

#### Secure

Advanced security features protect the network from the edge to the core. Unprecedented control over user access is provided with Network Access Control (NAC), to mitigate threats to network infrastructure. This ensures the network is accessed only by known users and devices users' adherence to network security policies is checked, and either access is granted or remediation is offered. Secure access can also be provided for guests. A secure network environment is guaranteed, with



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powerful control over network traffic types, secure management options, and other multi-layered security features built right into the AT-IX5-28GPX switch.

#### Future-proof

The flexibility of the AT-IX5-28GPX, coupled with the ability to seamlessly add new nodes to a VCStack of multiple units, ensures a future-proof network. The AT-IX5-28GPX comes with a comprehensive IPv6 feature set, ensuring it is ready for future network traffic demands.

#### **Eco-friendly**

The AT-IX5-28GPX supports Energy



Efficient Ethernet, which automatically reduces the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port. This sophisticated feature can significantly reduce operating costs, by reducing the power requirements of the switch and any associated cooling equipment.

## **New Features**

- ► ACLs for management traffic
- Active Fiber Monitoring
- Microsoft Network Load Balancing (MS NLB) support
- ► VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)











## **Key Features**

#### Reliable

Dual hot-swappable load-sharing power supplies maximize network uptime, ensuring a resilient solution where always-on access is required.

#### Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF)

Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the every-day running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.

#### VCStack™(Virtual Chassis Stacking)

Create a VCStack of up to four IX5 units with 40Gbps of stacking bandwidth to each unit. VCStack provides a highly available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if one of the units fails. Aggregating switch ports on different units across the stack provides excellent network resiliency.

#### Long-distance Stacking

 Long-distance stacking allows a VCStack to be created over longer distances, perfect for a distributed network environment.

# EPSRing™(Ethernet Protection Switched Ring)

- EPSRing and 10 Gigabit Ethernet allow several IX5 switches to form a high-speed protected ring capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is ideal for large IP surveillance environments.
- Super-Loop Protection enables a link between two EPSR nodes to be in separate EPSR domains, improving redundancy and network fault resiliency.

# Industry-leading Quality of Service (QoS)

Comprehensive low-latency wire speed QoS provides flow-based traffic management with full classification, prioritization, traffic shaping and min/max bandwidth profiles. Boosted network performance and guaranteed delivery of businesscritical Ethernet services and applications are provided. Time-critical services such as voice and video take precedence over non-essential services such as file downloads, maintaining responsiveness of Enterprise applications.

#### **Loop Protection**

- Thrash limiting, also known as rapid MAC movement, detects and resolves network loops. It is highly user-configurable — from the rate of looping traffic to the type of action the switch should take when it detects a loop.
- With thrash limiting, the switch only detects a loop when a storm has occurred, which can potentially cause disruption to the network. To avoid this, loop detection works in conjunction with thrash limiting to send special Loop Detection Frame (LDF) packets that the switch listens for. If a port receives an LDF packet, the port, or link can be disabled, or an SNMP trap can be sent. This feature can help to detect loops before a network storm occurs, avoiding the risk and inconvenience of traffic disruption.

#### Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+)

With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints such as IP phones and wireless access points is not necessary. PoE+ reduces costs and provides even greater flexibility, providing the capability to connect devices requiring more power (up to 30 Watts) such as, tilt and zoom security cameras.

#### Link Layer Discovery Protocol – Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP – MED)

LLDP-MED extends LLDP basic network endpoint discovery and management functions. LLDP-MED allows for media endpoint specific messages, providing detailed information on power requirements, network policy, location discovery (for Emergency Call Services) and inventory.

#### Voice VLAN

Voice VLAN automatically separates voice and data traffic into two different VLANs. This automatic separation places delay-sensitive traffic into a voice- dedicated VLAN, which simplifies QoS configurations.

#### sFlow

SFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

#### VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)

VLAN mirroring allows traffic from a port on a remote switch to be analysed locally. Traffic being transmitted or received on the port is duplicated and sent across the network on a special VLAN.



#### Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Snooping

DHCP servers allocate IP addresses to clients, and the switch keeps a record of addresses issued on each port. IP source guard checks against this DHCP snooping database to ensure only clients with specific IP and/or MAC address can access the network. DHCP snooping can be combined with other features, like dynamic ARP inspection, to increase security in Layer 2 switched environments, and also provides a traceable history, which meets the growing legal requirements placed on service providers.

#### **Tri-authentication**

Authentication options on the IX5 also include alternatives to IEEE 802.1x port-based authentication, such as web authentication to enable guest access and MAC authentication for endpoints that do not have an IEEE 802.1x supplicant. All three authentication methods— IEEE 802.1x, MAC-based and Web-based can be enabled simultaneously on the same port for tri-authentication.

#### Access Control Lists (ACLs)

AlliedWare Plus delivers industry-standard Access Control functionality through ACLs. ACLs filter network traffic to control whether routed packets are forwarded or blocked at the port interface. This provides a powerful network security mechanism to select the types of traffic to be analyzed, forwarded, or influenced in some way.

#### **Optical DDM**

Most modern optical SFP/SFP+/XFP transceivers support Digital Diagnostics Monitoring (DDM) functions according to the specification SFF-8472. This enables real time monitoring of the various parameters of the transceiver, such as optical output power, temperature, laser bias current and transceiver supply voltage. Easy access to this information simplifies diagnosing problems with optical modules and fiber connections.

#### **Active Fiber Monitoring**

Active Fiber Monitoring prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent.

#### **UniDirectional link Detection**

UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) is useful for monitoring fiber-optic links between two switches that use two single-direction fibers to transmit and receive packets. UDLD prevents traffic from being sent across a bad link by blocking the ports at both ends of the link in the event that either the individual transmitter or receiver for that connection fails.

#### Microsoft Network Load Balancing (MS NLB) Support

 Support for MS NLB, which clusters identical servers together for increased performance through load-sharing..



## **Key Solutions**



Diagram 1: IP Video Surveillance

### **IP Video Surveillance**

With the evolution of CCTV technology to digital IPbased systems, the emphasis has moved from simple video footage monitoring, to intelligent systems with video analytics capable of identifying abnormal events or behavior. As intelligence increases in these systems, so too do the applications for this technology – from retail outlets, warehouses and office buildings, to hotels, hospitals and advanced traffic monitoring systems.

Modern high definition digital images are sharper and clearer than ever before. Large amounts of digital video can be stored on Network-Attached Storage (NAS) systems, and digital images don't degrade over time.

Allied Telesis provides secure and resilient IP video surveillance network solutions. The key features of our AT-IX5-28GPX switch make it ideal for use in advanced surveillance systems:

- Dual hot-swappable load-sharing power supplies, and support for operation up to 60°C ensure maximum network uptime.
- Power over Ethernet (PoE+) provides up to 30 Watts to end-points, supporting the latest generation of pan, tilt and zoom IP cameras.
- High performance multicast support manages large numbers of digital video streams across the network.
- Long-Distance Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack-LD) is ideal to spread network distribution, while keeping total resilience.
- Ethernet Protection Switched Rings (EPSR) provides a high-speed ring topology with failover in a little as 50ms, supporting large IP surveillance environments with an 'always-on' solution.

With the AT-IX5-28GPX and other advanced switching products, Allied Telesis IP video surveillance solutions are dependable, scalable and ready for the next generation of digital monitoring technologies.



### **Product Specifications**

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	100/1000X SFP PORTS	1/10 GIGABIT SFP+ PORTS	10 GIGABIT Stacking Ports	MAX POE+ PORTS	SWITCHING Fabric	FORWARDING RATE
AT-IX5-28GPX	24	-	2	2*	24	128Gbps	95.2Mpps

\* Stacking ports can be configured as additional 1G/10G Ethernet ports when unit is not stacked

#### Performance

- 40 Gbps of stacking bandwidth
- Supports 13kB Jumbo frames
- Wirespeed multicasting
- ► Up to 16K MAC addresses
- ▶ 512MB DDR SDRAM
- ▶ 64MB flash memory
- Packet Buffer memory: 2MB

#### Reliability

- Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- Redundant power supplies load share providing uninterrupted power and extra reliability
- Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

#### **Power Characteristics**

- AC voltage: 90 to 260V (auto-ranging)
- Frequency: 47 to 63Hz

#### Expandability

Stackable up to four units of IX5 in a VCStack

#### Flexibility and Compatibility

- 10G SFP+ ports will support any combination of Allied Telesis 1000Mbps SFP and 10GbE SFP+ modules and direct attach cables listed in this document under Ordering Information
- Stacking ports can be configured as 10G Ethernet ports
- Port speed and duplex configuration can be set manually or by auto-negotiation

#### **Diagnostic Tools**

- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- Find-me device locator
- Cable fault locator (TDR)
- UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD)
- Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- Ping polling for IPv4 and IPv6
- Port and VLAN mirroring (RSPAN)
- TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6

#### **IPv4** Features

- Black hole routing
   Directed broadcast forwarding
- DNS relay
- Policy-based routing
- IPv4 static routing
- ► UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)

### IPv6 Features

- DHCPv6 relay, DHCPv6 client
- DNSv6 relay, DNSv6 client
- IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- IPv6 hardware ACLs

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- Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- NTPv6 client and server
- IPv6 static routing

#### Management

- Front panel 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
- Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- ► Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- ▶ Powerful CLI scripting engine and built-in text editor
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management
- Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices

#### Quality of Service (QoS)

- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- Policy-based storm protection
- Extensive remarking capabilities
- ► Taildrop for queue congestion control
- Strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- ▶ IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

#### Resiliency

- Stacking ports can be configured as 10G Ethernet ports
- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP)
- EPSR enhanced recovery for extra resiliency
- Long-Distance stacking (LD-VCStack)
- Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- PVST+ compatibility mode
- STP root guard
- VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

#### Security

- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- Auth-fail and guest VLANs
- Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting (AAA)
- Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- BPDU protection
- DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- DoS attack blocking and virus throttling
- Dynamic VLAN assignment
- ▶ MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
- Network Access and Control (NAC) features
- manage endpoint security
- Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)
- Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN

▶ Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and

Secure Copy (SCP)

IEEE 802.1x

Strong password security and encryption

RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port

**Environmental Specifications** 

0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) nominal

Derated by 1°C per 305 meters (1,000 ft)

0°C to 60°C (32°F to 140°F) with

2 x PWR800 and 250W PoE max.

Operating temperature range:

Storage temperature range:

-25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)

Operating relative humidity range:

Storage relative humidity range:

3,048 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

**Electrical Approvals and Compliances** 

EMC: EN55022 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class

(Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) - AC models only

Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.

60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS

**Restrictions on Hazardous Substances** 

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Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2

5% to 90% non-condensing

5% to 95% non-condensing

Operating altitude:

A. ICES-003 class A

Safety

60950.1

Certification: UL, cUL

(RoHS) Compliance

EU RoHS compliant

China RoHS compliant

Country of Origin

China

►



#### **Physical Specifications and MTBF Figures**

PRODUCT	WIDTH	ПЕРТН	HEIGHT	MOUNTING	WEI	GHT
1100001	WIBTH				UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED
AT-IX5-28GPX	440 mm (17.32 in)	480 mm (18.89 in)	44 mm (1.73 in)	1RU Rack-mount	5.4 kg (11.91 lb)	7.4 kg (16.32 lb)

#### **Power and Noise Characteristics**

PRODUCT		NO POE LOAD		FULL POE+ LOAD		
	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE
AT-IX5-28GPX	81W	276 BTU/h	44 dBA	626W	703 BTU/hr	52 dBA

Noise: tested to IS07779; front bystander position

#### Latency (microseconds)

#### **PSU PoE Options**

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED			Dell	MAX POE	MAX POE PORTS AT	MAX POE+ PORTS AT	
	10MBPS	100MBPS	1GBPS	10GBPS	r50	POWER	15W PER PORT	<b>30W PER PORT</b>
AT-IX5-28GPX	<b>66</b> µs	<b>9.3</b> µs	3.9µs	3.0µs	1 x AT-PWR800	370w	24	12
					2 x AT-PWR800	720w	24	24

#### **Standards and Protocols**

AlliedWare Plus	Operating System
Version 5.4.6-1	

## Cryptographic Algorithms

FIPS Approved Algorithms

Encryption (Block Ciphers):

- ► AES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)
- 3DES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)

Block	Cipher	Modes
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<b>N</b>	$\cap$	ΩI	ΛA	
		ы	IV	

- ► CMAC
- ► GCM
- ► XTS
- Digital Signatures & Asymmetric Key Generation:
- ► DSA
- ► ECDSA
- ► RSA

Secure Hashing:

- SHA-1
- ► SHA-2 (SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512) Message Authentication:
- HMAC (SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512)

Random Number Generation: DRBG (Hash, HMAC and Counter)

#### .

Non FIPS Approved Algorithms

RNG (AES128/192/256) DES

MD5

#### Ethernet

IEEE 802.1AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) IEEE 802.2 Logical Link Control (LLC) IEEE 802.3 Ethernet IEEE 802.3ab1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3adStatic and dynamic link aggregation IEEE 802.3ae10 Gigabit Ethernet IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE) IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet (PoE+) IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) IEEE 802.3az Flow control - full-duplex operation IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X

## IPv4 Standards

IPV4 Sta	andards
RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 791	Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 792	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
RFC 793	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
RFC 826	Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)
RFC 894	Standard for the transmission of IP data
	grams over Ethernet networks
RFC 919	Broadcasting Internet datagrams
RFC 922	Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the
	presence of subnets
RFC 932	Subnetwork addressing scheme
RFC 950	Internet standard subnetting procedure
RFC 951	Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)
RFC 1027	Proxy ARP
RFC 1035	DNS client
RFC 1042	Standard for the transmission of IP data
	grams over IEEE 802 networks
RFC 1071	Computing the Internet checksum
RFC 1122	Internet host requirements
RFC 1191	Path MTU discovery
RFC 1256	ICMP router discovery messages
RFC 1518	An architecture for IP address allocation with
	CIDR
RFC 1519	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)
RFC 1542	Clarifications and extensions for BootP
RFC 1591	Domain Name System (DNS)
RFC 1812	Requirements for IPv4 routers
RFC 1918	IP addressing
RFC 2581	TCP congestion control
IPv6 Sta	andards
RFC 1981	Path MTU discovery for IPv6
RFC 2460	IPv6 specification
RFC 2464	Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet
	networks
RFC 3056	Connection of IPv6 domains via IPv4 clouds
RFC 3484	Default address selection for IPv6
RFC 3596	DNS extensions to support IPv6
RFC 4007	IPv6 scoped address architecture
RFC 4193	Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses
RFC 4291	IPv6 addressing architecture
RFC 4443	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)
RFC 4861	Neighbor discovery for IPv6
RFC 4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration
	(SLAAC)

RFC 5014 IPv6 socket API for source address selection

RFC 6105 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard

Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6

IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option

RFC 5095

RFC 5175

## Management

AME MIR and	I SNMP traps
AT Entornrise	MIR
Ontical DDM	MIR
SNMPv1 v2	and v3
IEEE 202 1A	RLink Lavor Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
DEC 1155	Structure and identification of management
110 1133	information for TCP/IP based Internets
DEC 1157	Simple Network Management Protocol
110 1137	
DEC 1010	(SININF)
NEC 1010	MIP for potwork management of TCD/
NF6 1213	ID based internets: MIP II
DEC 1015	Convention for defining trans for use with the
NFU 1210	
DEC 1007	SNMP MUX protocol and MIP
NFC 1227	
NFC 1239	Statiuaru Mib
NFC 2090	IP IOI WAI UII IY LADIE WID
NFG 2070	(SMIv2)
RFC 2579	Textual conventions for SMIv2
RFC 2580	Conformance statements for SMIv2
RFC 2674	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
	with traffic classes, multicast filtering and
	VLAN extensions
RFC 2741	Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol
RFC 2787	Definitions of managed objects for VRRP
RFC 2819	RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)
RFC 2863	Interfaces group MIB
RFC 3164	Syslog protocol
RFC 3176	sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in
	switched and routed networks
RFC 3411	An architecture for describing SNMP
	management frameworks
RFC 3412	Message processing and dispatching for the
DEC 2/12	SNMP
DEC 2413	Upper based Security Model (USM) for
110 3414	SNMPv3
RFC 3415	View-based Access Control Model (VACM)
	for SNMP
RFC 3416	Version 2 of the protocol operations for the
	SNMP
RFC 3417	Transport mappings for the SNMP
RFC 3418	MIB for SNMP
RFC 3621	Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB
RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the
	Ethernet-like interface types
RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
RFC 4022	SNMPv2 MIB for TCP using SMIv2
RFC 4113	SNMPv2 MIB for UDP using SMIv2
RFC 4293	SNMPv2 MIB for IP using SMIv2

## AT-IX5-28GPX | High Availability Video Surveillance Switch

Security SSH remote login SSLv2 and SSLv3

RFC 2818

RFC 2865

RFC 2866

RFC 2868

RFC 3280

RFC 3546

RFC 3579

RFC 3580

RFC 3748

RFC 4251

RFC 4252

RFC 4253

RFC 4254

RFC 5246

Services

RFC 854

TACACS+ accounting and authentication

and MD5) IEEE 802.1X multi-supplicant authentication IEEE 802.1X port-based network access control

RADIUS

support

(EAP)

protocol

protocol

TLS v1.2

IEEE 802.1X authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP

HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")

RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol

Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions

IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines

PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol

Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication

Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer

Telnet protocol specification

Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protoco

Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture

Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile

RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)

RADIUS accounting



RFC 6527 Definitions of managed objects for VRRPV3				
DEC CENT	ping, traceroute and lookup operations			
RFC 4560	with RSTP Definitions of managed objects for remote			
RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges			
RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges			

IGMP query s	IGMP query solicitation					
IGMP snoopii	ng (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)					
IGMP snoopii	ng fast-leave					
IGMP/MLD m	ulticast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)					
MLD snoopin	g (MLDv1 and v2)					
RFC 1112	Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)					
RFC 2236	Internet Group Management Protocol v2					
	(IGMPv2)					
RFC 3376	IGMPv3					
RFC 4541	IGMP and MLD snooping switches					

#### **Quality of Service (QoS)**

IEEE OUZ.IP	Phonity tagging
RFC 2211	Specification of the controlled-load network
	element service
RFC 2474	DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port
RFC 2475	DiffServ architecture
RFC 2597	DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)
RFC 2697	A single-rate three-color marker
RFC 2698	A two-rate three-color marker
RFC 3246	DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)

#### Resiliency

IEEE 802.1D IEEE 802.1s IEEE 802.1w RFC 5798	MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6	RFC 855 RFC 857 RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350	Telnet option specifications Telnet echo option Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
	3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6	11 0 1000	

RFC 1985	SMTP service extension
RFC 2049	MIME
RFC 2131	DHCPv4 (server, relay and client)
RFC 2132	DHCP options and BootP vendor
	extensions
RFC 2554	SMTP service extension for authentication
RFC 2616	Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 2821	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 2822	Internet message format
RFC 3046	DHCP relay agent information option
	(DHCP option 82)
RFC 3315	DHCPv6 (server, relay and client)
RFC 3633	IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6
RFC 3646	DNS configuration options for DHCPv6
RFC 3993	Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay
	agent option
RFC 4330	Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)
	version 4
RFC 5905	Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4

#### VLAN Support

Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP) IEEE 802.1ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol and port IEEE 802.3acVLAN tagging

#### Voice over IP (VoIP)

LLDP-MED ANSI/TIA-1057 Voice VLAN



#### AT-IX5-28GPX Front view



#### AT-IX5-28GPX Rear view with 1 power supply



AT-IX5-28GPX Rear view with 2 power supplies



AT-SP10TW1

AT-SP10TW3

AT-SP10TW7

SFP Modules

AT-SPSX

AT-SPSX/I

AT-SPEX

AT-SPLX10

AT-SPLXI0/1

AT-SPBDI0-13

AT-SPBDI0-14

up to 10km

up to 10km

40km

80km

AT-SPLX40

AT-SPZX80

10km industrial temperature

10km

industrial temperature

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

7 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850nm fiber up to 550m

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850nm fiber up to 550m

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310nm fiber up to 2km

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310nm fiber up to

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310nm fiber up to

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1310nm Tx, 1490nm Rx) fiber

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1490nm Tx, 1310nm Rx) fiber

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310nm fiber up to

1000ZX GbE single-mode 1550nm fiber up to







**Ordering Information** 

#### Switch and Power Supply options

AT-IX5-28GPX-00 24-port 10/100/1000BASE-T stackable PoE+ switch with 4 SFP+ ports and 2 power supply bays Note: Power supplies ordered separately

### AT-RKMT-SL01

Sliding rack mount kit

#### AT-PWR800-xx

800W AC system and PoE+ power supply

Where xx = 10 for US power cord 20 for no power cord 30 for UK power cord 40 for Australian power cord 50 for European power cord

#### 10GbE SFP+ Modules

AT-SP10SR\*\* 10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SP10SR/I 10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LRM 10GLRM 1310 nm short-haul, 220 m with MMF

AT-SP10LR\*\* 10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-SP10LR/I 10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LR20/I 10GER 1310nm long-haul, 20 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ER40/I\*\* 10GER 1310nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF industrial temperature

#### AT-SP10ZR80/I\*\*

10GER 1550nm long-haul, 80 km with SMF industrial temperature

\*\* These modules support dual-rate 1G/10G operation

#### Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING
AT-FL-IX5-EPSR	IX5 EPSR Master and UDLD License	<ul> <li>EPSR Master</li> <li>UDLD</li> </ul>	One license per stack member

## Allied Telesis

**NETWORK SMARTER** 

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