## MERCER CAPITAL

# The 2019 Benchmarking Guide for Family Business 

 DirectorsFamily business directors need the best information available when making strategic financial decisions that will help set the course of their business for years to come.

This Benchmarking Guide is the resource directors need.

Going beyond the basics of revenue growth, profit margins, and balance sheet composition data, this Benchmarking Guide equips family business directors with the information needed to make informed decisions regarding capital budgeting, capital structure, and dividend policy.

Market data is transformed into meaningful information in this Benchmarking Guide for family business directors and their advisors. Also provided are questions and insights to help guide directors in their deliberations on these important decisions.

## About Mercer Capital

## Mercer Capital provides valuation, financial education, and other strategic financial consulting services to family businesses.

We help family ownership groups, directors, and management teams align their perspectives on the financial realities, needs, and opportunities of the business.

We have had the privilege of working with successful family and closely held businesses for the past 35 years. Given our experience, we are convinced that an effective board of directors and an engaged shareholder base are essential for the long-term health and success of a family business. Yet, equipping family business directors and cultivating an engaged shareholder base are often difficult. We can help.

## Services Provided

- Customized Board Advisory Services
- Management Consulting
- Independent Valuation Opinions
- Transaction Advisory Services
- Confidential Shareholder Surveys
- Benchmarking / Business Intelligence
- Shareholder Engagement
- Shareholder Communication Support

The group also publishes weekly content about corporate finance \& planning insights for multi-generational family businesses in the blog, Family Business Director.

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## Table of Contents

CHAPTER 1 :: INTRODUCTION \& DATA SET ..... 1
Introduction ..... 1
Data source ..... 1
Presentation of Data ..... 3
Table 1.1 :: Company Size (Measured by Revenue) ..... 5
Table 1.2 :: Company Size (Measured by Invested Capital) ..... 7
Table 1.3 :: Company Size (Measured by enterprise Value) ..... 9
Illustrative Calculations ..... 11
CHAPTER 2 :: REVENUE \& EARNINGS ..... 14
Introduction ..... 14
Table 2.1 :: Revenue Growth ..... 15
Table 2.2 :: EBITDA Margin ..... 17
Table 2.3 :: EBIT Margin ..... 19
Table 2.4 :: Pre-Tax Margin ..... 21
Table 2.5 :: Effective Tax Rate ..... 23
Table 2.6 :: Net Margin ..... 25
CHAPTER 3 :: NET EARNING ASSETS ..... 27
Introduction ..... 27
Table 3.1 :: Growth in Net Earning Assets ..... 28
Table 3.2 :: Composition of Net Earning Assets. ..... 30
Table 3.3 :: Cash Conversion Cycle ..... 32
Table 3.4 :: Net Fixed Asset Turnover ..... 35
CHAPTER 4 :: RETURN ON INVESTED CAPITAL ..... 37
Introduction ..... 37
Table 4.1 :: Capital Efficiency ..... 38
Table 4.2 :: Profitability ..... 40
Table 4.3 :: Return on Invested Capital ..... 42
CHAPTER 5 :: INVESTMENT ACTIVITY (CAPITAL EXPENDITURES / M\&A) ..... 44
Introduction ..... 44
Table 5.1 :: Capital Expenditures as a Percentage of Revenue ..... 45
Table 5.2 :: Depreciation \& Amortization as \% of Revenue ..... 47
Table 5.3 :: M\&A Frequency ..... 49
Table 5.4 :: M\&A Magnitude ..... 51
Table 5.5 :: Goodwill \& Intangibles as a Percentage of Net Earning Assets ..... 53
CHAPTER 6 :: CAPITAL STRUCTURE \& FINANCING DECISIONS ..... 55
Introduction ..... 55
Table 6.1 :: Composition of Invested Capital (Book Values) ..... 56
Table 6.2 :: Capital Structure (Market Values) ..... 58
Table 6.3 :: Marginal Financing Decisions ..... 60
Table 6.4 :: Cash Flow Leverage ..... 62
Table 6.5 :: Debt Ratings ..... 64
Table 6.6 :: Effective Interest Rate ..... 67
CHAPTER 7 :: WEIGHTED AVERAGE COST OF CAPITAL ..... 69
Introduction ..... 69
Table 7.1 :: Beta ..... 70
Table 7.2 :: Estimated Cost of Equity (CAPM) ..... 73
Table 7.3 :: Estimated WACC (Build-Up Approach) ..... 75
Table 7.4 :: Enterprise Value / Trailing Revenue ..... 77
Table 7.5 :: Enterprise Value / Trailing EBITDA ..... 79
Table 7.6 :: Market Value of Total Capital / Invested Capital ..... 81
Table 7.7 :: Estimated WACC (Supply-Side Approach) ..... 83
CHAPTER 8 :: DIVIDEND POLICY \& SHARE REPURCHASES ..... 85
Introduction ..... 85
Table 8.1 :: Dividend Payout Ratio ..... 86
Table 8.2 :: Change in Per Share Dividends ..... 88
Table 8.3 :: Aggregate Payout Ratio ..... 90
Table 8.4 :: Dividends as a \% of Total Shareholder Cash Flows ..... 92
CHAPTER 9 :: SHAREHOLDER RETURNS ..... 94
Introduction ..... 94
Table 9.1 :: Dividend Yield (Realized) ..... 95
Table 9.2 :: Capital Appreciation ..... 97
Table 9.3 :: Total Shareholder Return. ..... 99
Table 9.4 :: Dividend Yield (Prospective) ..... 101
ROSTER OF COMPANIES ..... 103

# Chapter 1 :: Introduction \& Data Set 

## INTRODUCTION

Serving as a family business director is a daunting task. Directors are responsible for reviewing and assessing the operating and financial performance of the family business and making strategic decisions that will have a lasting impact on the family business as well as current and future generations of family shareholders.

There's an old adage that goes something like this: "Once you've seen one family business, you've seen one family business." Like most timeworn expressions, there is a lot of truth in that statement, yet it is not the whole truth. The fact that each family business truly is unique does not suggest that family business directors should evaluate financial performance or make important strategic decisions in a vacuum.

- Family business directors should - when possible - assess financial performance on both an absolute and relative basis. Absolute financial performance can simply be read off the face of the financial statements, but making appropriate relative comparisons requires reliable data on similarly-situated firms.
- Benchmarking data typically focuses on financial performance, but provides little perspective on the strategic financial decisions that can have a profound influence on the sustainability of the family business. Family business directors generally have little perspective on "how other companies do it" with regard to capital allocation, capital structure, and dividend policy. We aim to fill this unfortunate gap with the 2019 Benchmarking Guide for Family Business Directors.


## DATA SOURCE

Family businesses are generally very protective of their own financial performance, tightly limiting the circulation of their financial statements. While this impulse is understandable, it does limit the ability of family business directors to benchmark financial performance and strategic decisions to other privately-held family businesses. As a result, we have relied on data for public companies in the S\&P 1500 index, which is the aggregation of the following three size-based indices:

- The S\&P 500 Index, which consists of large capitalization companies;
- The S\&P 400 Index, which tracks the performance of mid-cap public companies; and,
- The S\&P 600 Index, comprising small-cap public companies.

While a universe of privately-held family businesses would be ideal in many respects, we believe the available data from public companies has a number of favorable attributes, including the breadth and depth of companies from which observations can be drawn, the quality of the available data, and the frequency with which the data is updated. Perhaps most importantly, public companies are generally managed from the perspective of increasing shareholder value. Since family dynamics can distort capital investment, financing, and dividend policy decisions, the public company data set actually provides a superior, less biased perspective, which is ideal for our purposes here.

We relied on reported financial data for each company, as compiled by S\&P Capital IQ for the twelve month period ending nearest December 31, 2018. S\&P Capital IQ assigns each company to one of eleven industry groups, which we find helpful for our analysis. Exhibit 1.1 summarizes the universe of public companies from which our benchmarking observations are derived.

Exhibit 1.1 :: Composition of Data Set

|  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap | S\&P 400 <br> Mid Cap | S\&P 600 <br> Small Cap | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Communication Services | 22 | 12 | 16 | 50 |
| Consumer Discretionary | 64 | 58 | 94 | 216 |
| Consumer Staples | 33 | 14 | 20 | 67 |
| Energy | 30 | 25 | 37 | 92 |
| Health Care | 62 | 34 | 70 | 166 |
| Industrials | 69 | 60 | 98 | 227 |
| Information Technology | 68 | 54 | 90 | 212 |
| Materials | 25 | 29 | 32 | 86 |
| Real Estate | 32 | 36 | 38 | 106 |
| Utilities | 68 | 16 | 7 | 50 |
| Financials | $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ | 400 | $\mathbf{6 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 0 0}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 3 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 7 2}$ |

Analysts typically evaluate financial institutions using a different set of financial metrics than operating businesses, so we have excluded the financials from our analysis in this guide. The resulting data set consists of 1,272 companies across three size categories and ten industry groupings. A complete roster of the companies included in our analysis is presented in the Appendix.

Each chapter presents relevant benchmarking data around a particular theme. The text of each chapter will define the various benchmarking measures referenced and provide a qualitative discussion guiding family business directors to the most appropriate use of the data. The format of many of the tables follows the general format of Table 1.1 (reproduced below).


Note that, in addition to the number of companies in each industry/index grouping, three data points are provided for each subgroup: the $75^{\text {th }}$ percentile, median, and $25^{\text {th }}$ percentile observations. We can illustrate the derivation of each of these measures by examining the data for the 16 companies in the communication services industry from the S\&P 600 index. Exhibit 1.1 a presents a list of the revenue figures for each company sorted in descending order.

Exhibit 1.1a :: Derivation of Statistical Measures

|  | Revenue |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Frontier Communications Corporation (NasdaqGS:FTR) | $\$ 8,704$ |  |
| Gannett Co., Inc. (NYSE:GCI) | $\$ 2,788$ |  |
| Scholastic Corporation (NasdaqGS:SCHL) | $\$ 1,664$ |  |
| New Media Investment Group Inc. (NYSE:NEWM) | $\$ 1,504$ | 75th Percentile = \$1,504 |
| Cincinnati Bell Inc. (NYSE:CBB) | $\$ 1,503$ |  |
| Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc. (NasdaqGS:CNSL) | $\$ 1,411$ |  |
| The E.W. Scripps Company (NasdaqGS:SSP) | $\$ 1,040$ |  |
| Vonage Holdings Corp. (NYSE:VG) | $\$ 1,029$ |  |
| The Marcus Corporation (NYSE:MCS) | $\$ 590$ | Median = \$809 |
| Iridium Communications Inc. (NasdaqGS:IRDM) | $\$ 506$ |  |
| Cogent Communications Holdings, Inc. (NasdaqGS:CCOI) | $\$ 501$ |  |
| ATN International, Inc. (NasdaqGS:ATNI) | $\$ 451$ |  |
| QuinStreet, Inc. (NasdaqGS:QNST) | $\$ 430$ | $25 t h ~ P e r c e n t i l e=\$ 446$ |
| Care.com, Inc. (NYSE:CRCM) | $\$ 187$ |  |
| Spok Holdings, Inc. (NasdaqGS:SPOK) | $\$ 170$ |  |
| TechTarget, Inc. (NasdaqGM:TTGT) | $\$ 120$ |  |

- The median observation represents the midpoint of the group. In other words, half of the observations are greater than the median, and half are less than the median. The median observation represents a measure of central tendency for a group, but unlike a group average, is not influenced by the magnitude of the extreme observations. In other words, the median of the observations presented on Exhibit 1.1a would be $\$ 809$ whether the revenue of Frontier Communications were $\$ 3,000$ or $\$ 15,000$.
- The $75^{\text {th }}$ percentile describes the point along the continuum of data for which $75 \%$ of observations are less than that point and $25 \%$ are greater than that point.
- The $\mathbf{2 5}^{\text {th }}$ percentile describes the point along the continuum of data that exceeds $25 \%$ of all data observations and is less than $75 \%$ of the data points. Taken together, the percentile observations provide an intuitive measure of the dispersion for the group. In other words, the median informs us that the midpoint of the data range in Exhibit 1.2 is $\$ 809$ and the percentile measures tell us that half of all observations fall between $\$ 446$ and $\$ 1,504$.

There are multiple ways to measure the size of a family business. Perhaps the most common measure is revenue. Table 1.1 summarizes our benchmarking population relative to revenue for the most recent twelve month period.

Company size is often considered a proxy for risk. All else equal, smaller companies are more likely to be exposed to the types of concentrations that elevate the risk profile of a company, whether in terms of customers, management resources, product offerings, or geographic markets.

One recurring theme that will emerge throughout this benchmarking guide is the effect of company size on various financial metrics. Within our benchmarking population, the differences in size are stark. The size differences between large cap and mid cap companies is an order of magnitude, with median observations for the S\&P 500 up to $8 x$ the corresponding measures for the S\&P 400. The differences between mid cap companies and small cap companies are less pronounced (in the range of 2 x to 3 x for most industries).

Many successful multi-generation family businesses are smaller than the small cap (S\&P 600) companies in our benchmarking population. Does this render the data presented in this benchmarking guide worthless? We don't think so.

- One reason we elected to present the percentile data is to underscore that not all public companies are necessarily lumbering behemoths. For example, one-fourth of the information technology companies in the S\&P 600 index reported total annual revenues less than $\$ 381$ million. These companies are operating at a scale that is not radically different from many multi-generation family businesses, even if the family businesses are somewhat smaller.
- Second, we believe there is value in benchmarking results to an aspirational set of peers. Benchmarking is not just about comparing your family business's results to immediate peers, but is also about evaluating key measures and strategic decisions relative to other companies that have demonstrated the ability to grow successfully. In other words, it is important to assess the attributes, qualities, and decisions of companies that are ahead of your family business.

Table 1.1 :: Company Size (Revenue)


Revenue is not the only relevant measure of size for a business enterprise. While revenue measures the volume of activity for a period of time as reported on the income statement, invested capital is a cumulative measure of the capital that lenders and shareholders have entrusted to the company.

The balance sheet is a record of how much capital has been invested in a business, and how that capital has been allocated by management to various operating assets (cash, working capital, net fixed assets, etc.). As illustrated in Exhibit 1.2 below, invested capital is the sum of the outstanding debt balance at the most recent date and the book value of shareholders' equity at that date. The book value of shareholders' equity represents both historical capital contributions by shareholders and the accumulated balance of retained (undistributed) earnings since the inception of the company.

Exhibit 1.2 :: Calculation of Invested Capital

| CURRENT LIABILITIES: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | \$ | 3,279 | \$ | 613 |
| Accounts payable |  | 176,167 |  | 132,011 |
| Accrued compensation and benefits |  | 87,388 |  | 69,217 |
| Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings |  | 130,986 |  | 106,005 |
| Accrued self-insurance |  | 36,386 |  | 32,228 |
| Other current liabilities |  | 32,852 |  | 33,654 |
| Total current liabilities |  | 467,058 |  | 373,728 |
| LONG-TERM DEBT |  | 73,639 |  | 59,926 |
| DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES |  | 1,387 |  | 2,263 |
| OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES |  | 22,433 |  | 27,258 |
| Total liabilities |  | 564,517 |  | 463,175 |
| COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES |  |  |  |  |
| STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY: |  |  |  |  |
| Preferred stock, \$. 01 par, 5,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding |  | - |  | - |
| Common stock, $\$ .01$ par, $102,969,912$ shares authorized, $41,123,365$ and $41,123,365$ shares issued, respectively |  | 411 |  | 411 |
| Treasury stock, at cost, 4,229,653 and 3,936,291 shares, respectively |  | $(87,747)$ |  | $(63,519)$ |
| Additional paid-in capital |  | 316,479 |  | 312,784 |
| Retained earnings |  | 268,904 |  | 168,269 |
| Total stockholders' equity |  | 498,047 |  | 417,945 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ | 1,062,564 | \$ | 881,120 |

```
Calculation of Invested Capital
Current portion of long-term debt Long-term debt
Total debt
plus: Total stockholders' equity
Invested Capital
```

| 3,279 | 613 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 73,639 | 59,926 |
| 76,918 | 60,539 |
| 498,047 | 417,945 |
| $\$ 574,965$ | $\$ 478,484$ |

Invested capital measures the amount of capital that has been entrusted to the company by lenders and shareholders. Directors and managers then allocate that capital to a mix of assets intended to generate an appropriate return to capital providers. The size disparities among the different indices are comparable to those observed relative to revenue.

Table 1.2 :: Company Size (Invested Capital)

|  |  | S\&P 500Large Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 400 \\ \text { Mid Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | S\&P 600 <br> Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Invested <br> Capital <br> \$millions | Count | Invested <br> Capital <br> \$millions | Count | Invested <br> Capital <br> \$millions |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 22 | \$81,803 \$20,817 \$9,949 | 12 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 4,282 \\ & \$ 2,922 \\ & \$ 1,595 \end{aligned}$ | 16 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,671 \\ \$ 1,029 \\ \$ 570 \end{array}$ |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 64 | \$12,812 \$8,174 \$3,937 | 58 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3,475 \\ & \$ 1,900 \\ & \$ 1,159 \end{aligned}$ | 94 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,298 \\ \$ 678 \\ \$ 357 \end{array}$ |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 33 | \$26,898 \$18,867 \$7,473 | 14 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,945 \\ & \$ 1,750 \\ & \$ 1,216 \end{aligned}$ | 20 | \$1,659 <br> \$1,157 <br> \$507 |
| Energy | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 30 |  | 25 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 8,435 \\ & \$ 5,826 \\ & \$ 3,342 \end{aligned}$ | 37 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,326 \\ \$ 1,361 \\ \$ 642 \end{array}$ |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 62 | \$35,951 \$14,323 \$5,605 | 34 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3,745 \\ & \$ 2,224 \\ & \$ 1,171 \end{aligned}$ | 70 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 970 \\ & \$ 496 \\ & \$ 295 \end{aligned}$ |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 69 | \$22,070 <br> \$11,069 \$4,747 | 60 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3,652 \\ & \$ 2,495 \\ & \$ 1,744 \end{aligned}$ | 98 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,348 \\ \$ 938 \\ \$ 620 \end{array}$ |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile <br> Median <br> 25th Percentile | 68 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 17,754 \\ \$ 7,860 \\ \$ 3,054 \end{array}$ | 54 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3,286 \\ & \$ 2,136 \\ & \$ 1,179 \end{aligned}$ | 90 | \$1,018 \$597 \$340 |
| Materials | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 25 | \$15,263 \$12,621 \$8,124 | 29 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3,912 \\ & \$ 2,566 \\ & \$ 2,152 \end{aligned}$ | 32 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,220 \\ \$ 1,066 \\ \$ 596 \end{array}$ |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 32 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 19,315 \\ \$ 12,331 \\ \$ 9,835 \end{array}$ | 36 | \$6,470 <br> \$4,174 <br> \$3,162 | 38 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,758 \\ & \$ 1,829 \\ & \$ 1,199 \end{aligned}$ |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 27 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 39,087 \\ & \$ 26,309 \\ & \$ 16,576 \end{aligned}$ | 16 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 4,854 \\ & \$ 4,231 \\ & \$ 4,036 \end{aligned}$ | 7 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 4,083 \\ & \$ 2,602 \\ & \$ 1,627 \end{aligned}$ |

Invested capital measures book value and does not incorporate current market values. Our final measure of company size, enterprise value, represents the value of the operations of the company. In other words, how does the market evaluate the future prospects of the business and to what degree have the investment decisions by corporate managers and directors increased the value of the capital provided by lenders and shareholders?

The calculation of enterprise value is illustrated on Exhibit 1.3. Cash is deducted in deriving enterprise value by custom; doing so isolates the value of the operations of the business and promotes comparability among firms that may elect to hold greater or lesser amounts of cash and equivalent assets.

## Exhibit 1.3 :: Calculation of Enterprise Value

| Common Shares Outstanding | 37.0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| times: Market Price per Share | $\$ 43.68$ |
| Market Value - Common Equity | $\$ 1,614$ |
| plus: Preferred Equity | 0 |
| plus: Noncontrolling Interest | 0 |
| Market Value - Total Equity | $\$ 1,614$ |
| plus: Total Debt | 77 |
| less: Cash \& Equivalents | $(46)$ |
| Enterprise Value | $\$ 1,646$ |

Whereas invested capital is a historical measure of the capital available to management of a business, enterprise value measures the present value of the anticipated future benefits accruing to capital providers from management's use of available capital.

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400 <br> Mid Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 600 \\ \text { Small Cap Stocks } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Enterprise <br> Value <br> \$millions | Count | Enterprise <br> Value <br> \$millions | Count | Enterprise <br> Value <br> \$millions |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | \$175,159 |  | \$5,796 |  | \$2,469 |
|  | Median | 22 | \$35,425 | 12 | \$5,654 | 16 | \$1,306 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | \$19,478 |  | \$3,308 |  | \$967 |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | \$31,151 |  | \$5,736 |  | \$2,084 |
|  | Median | 64 | \$15,239 | 58 | \$3,948 | 94 | \$1,266 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | \$10,684 |  | \$2,995 |  | \$563 |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | \$80,132 |  | \$4,993 |  | \$2,576 |
|  | Median | 33 | \$36,485 | 14 | \$3,500 | 20 | \$1,793 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | \$22,986 |  | \$2,764 |  | \$1,279 |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | \$53,434 |  | \$6,014 |  | \$1,744 |
|  | Median | 30 | \$27,855 | 25 | \$4,157 | 37 | \$1,055 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | \$14,056 |  | \$2,794 |  | \$508 |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | \$78,258 |  | \$6,740 |  | \$2,067 |
|  | Median | 62 | \$32,308 | 34 | \$5,129 | 70 | \$1,130 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | \$15,341 |  | \$3,791 |  | \$731 |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | \$47,180 |  | \$6,316 |  | \$2,222 |
|  | Median | 69 | \$23,317 | 60 | \$4,814 | 98 | \$1,463 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | \$12,606 |  | \$3,532 |  | \$960 |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | \$52,195 |  | \$6,121 |  | \$1,751 |
|  | Median | 68 | \$23,057 | 54 | \$4,438 | 90 | \$1,097 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | \$12,895 |  | \$3,167 |  | \$558 |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | \$28,504 |  | \$6,576 |  | \$1,651 |
|  | Median | 25 | \$16,746 | 29 | \$4,867 | 32 | \$1,189 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | \$13,937 |  | \$3,058 |  | \$692 |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | \$33,250 |  | \$8,400 |  | \$3,053 |
|  | Median | 32 | \$22,142 | 36 | \$6,248 | 38 | \$2,136 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | \$15,530 |  | \$4,815 |  | \$1,577 |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | \$50,781 |  | \$8,359 |  | \$5,159 |
|  | Median | 27 | \$34,948 | 16 | \$6,285 | 7 | \$3,429 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | \$24,779 |  | \$5,839 |  | \$2,986 |

Throughout this guide, we illustrate the calculation of the various performance metrics presented. Our illustrative calculations are based on the financial statements for a single company, Comfort Systems USA, Inc. (ticker: FIX). Comfort Systems USA, Inc. installs, renovates, maintains, and repairs HVAC systems for commercial buildings in the United States. The company reported total revenue of approximately $\$ 2.2$ billion during 2018 and had an enterprise value of $\$ 1.7$ billion at the end of the year.

The following exhibits summarize the financial statements of Comfort Systems USA, Inc.
Comfort Systems USA, Inc.
Financial Information as of December 31, 2018
Summary Information
Presented in $\$ 000,000$ s (except per share data)

Financial Information as of December 31, 2018
Summary Information
Business Description


 institutional HVAC markets. Comfort Systems USA, Inc. was founded in 1917 and is headquartered in Houston, Texas.


$\qquad$ S\&P Issuer Credit Rating


| Income Statements | Calendar Year Ended |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dec-18 | Dec-17 | Dec-16 | Dec-15 | Dec-14 |
| Net Sales | \$2,183 | \$1,788 | \$1,634 | \$1,581 | \$1,411 |
| Cost of Sales | 1,737 | 1,422 | 1,290 | 1,262 | 1,161 |
| Gross Profit | 446 | 366 | 344 | 318 | 250 |
| Operating Expense | 297 | 266 | 243 | 229 | 208 |
| Operating Income | 149 | 100 | 101 | 89 | 42 |
| Other Income/(Expense) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest Income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest Expense | (4) | (3) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Other, Net | ) | 4 | ) | 1 | (0) |
| Total Other Income/(Expense) | (1) | 1 | 0 | (1) | (2) |
| Pre-Tax Income | 149 | 101 | 101 | 89 | 40 |
| Income Tax Expense/(Benefit) | 36 | 46 | 36 | 31 | 12 |
| Net Income - Continuing Ops | 113 | 55 | 65 | 57 | 29 |
| Disc Ops \& Minority Interest | (0) | 0 | 0 | 8 | 6 |
| Net Income - Controlling Interest | \$113 | \$55 | \$65 | \$49 | \$23 |
| Annual Revenue Growth | 22.1\% | 9.4\% | 3.4\% | 12.0\% | -35.4\% |
| Percentage Income Statements |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Sales | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Cost of Sales | 79.6\% | 79.5\% | 79.0\% | 79.9\% | 82.3\% |
| Gross Profit | 20.4\% | 20.5\% | 21.0\% | 20.1\% | 17.7\% |
| Operating Expense | 13.6\% | 14.9\% | 14.9\% | 14.5\% | 14.7\% |
| Operating Income | 6.8\% | 5.6\% | 6.2\% | 5.6\% | 3.0\% |
| Other Income/(Expense) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest Income | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% |
| Interest Expense | -0.2\% | -0.2\% | -0.1\% | -0.1\% | -0.1\% |
| Other, Net | 0.1\% | 0.2\% | 0.2\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% |
| Total Other Income/(Expense) | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | -0.1\% |
| Pre-Tax Income | 6.8\% | 5.6\% | 6.2\% | 5.6\% | 2.9\% |
| Income Tax Expense/(Benefit) | 1.6\% | 2.6\% | 2.2\% | 2.0\% | 0.8\% |
| Net Income - Continuing Ops | 5.2\% | 3.1\% | 4.0\% | 3.6\% | 2.0\% |
| Disc Ops \& Minority Interest | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.5\% | 0.4\% |
| Net Income - Controlling Interest | 5.2\% | 3.1\% | 4.0\% | 3.1\% | 1.6\% |
| Derivation of EBIT and EBITDA |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Income | \$113 | \$55 | \$65 | \$49 | \$23 |
| less: Earnings - Discontinued Ops | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| less: Minority Interest in Earnings | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 6 |
| less: Extraordinary Items \& Acctg Change: | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| plus: Income Tax Expense | 36 | 46 | 36 | 31 | 12 |
| less: Unusual Items | (3) | (4) | (2) | (1) | 0 |
| less: Non-Operating Income | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) | (0) |
| plus: Income from Equity Investments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| plus: Net Interest Expense | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| EBIT | \$149 | \$100 | \$101 | \$89 | \$42 |
| plus: Depreciation \& Amortization | 43 | 37 | 26 | 23 | 21 |
| EBITDA | \$192 | \$138 | \$127 | \$113 | \$63 |
| EBITDA Margin | 8.8\% | 7.7\% | 7.8\% | 7.1\% | 4.5\% |


| Comfort Systems USA, Inc. <br> Financial Information as of December 31, <br> Summary Information <br> Presented in $\mathbf{\$ 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ s (except per share |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cale | dar Year End |  |  |
| Assets | Dec-18 | Dec-17 | Dec-16 | Dec-15 | Dec-14 |
| Cash \& Short-term Investments | \$46 | \$37 | \$32 | \$56 | \$46 |
| Other Current Assets | 564 | 453 | 384 | 368 | 564 |
| Total Current Assets | 610 | 489 | 416 | 424 | 610 |
| Net Fixed Assets | 100 | 88 | 68 | 61 | 100 |
| Goodwill \& Intangibles | 330 | 277 | 192 | 185 | 330 |
| Other Assets | 23 | 28 | 33 | 22 | 23 |
| Total Assets | \$1,063 | \$881 | \$709 | \$692 | \$1,063 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current Debt | \$3 | \$1 | \$1 | \$1 | \$3 |
| Accrued Expenses \& Other | 464 | 373 | 317 | 305 | 464 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 467 | 374 | 318 | 305 | 467 |
| Non-current Debt | 74 | 60 | 2 | 11 | 74 |
| Other Liabilities | 24 | 30 | 13 | 10 | 24 |
| Total Liabilities | \$565 | \$463 | \$332 | \$327 | \$565 |
| Shareholders' Equity |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common Equity | \$498 | \$418 | \$377 | \$347 | \$498 |
| Preferred Equity | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Minority Interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 |
| Total Equity | 498 | 418 | 377 | 365 | 498 |
| Total Liabilities \& Equity | \$1,063 | \$881 | \$709 | \$692 | \$1,063 |
| Memo |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Debt / EBITDA | 0.4 x | 0.4x | 0.0x | 0.1 x | 1.2x |
| Net Working Capital | \$100 | \$80 | \$67 | \$63 | \$100 |
| As a \% of Net Sales | 4.6\% | 4.5\% | 4.1\% | 4.0\% | 7.1\% |
| Inventory | \$12 | \$10 | \$9 | \$8 | \$9 |
| Accounts Receivable | \$529 | \$413 | \$319 | \$302 | \$304 |
|  |  | Cale | dar Year En |  |  |
| Operating Activities | Dec-18 | Dec-17 | Dec-16 | Dec-15 | Dec-14 |
| Net Income/(Loss) | \$113 | \$55 | \$65 | \$49 | \$23 |
| plus: Depreciation \& Amortization | 43 | 37 | 26 | 23 | 21 |
| plus/less: Other Reconciling Items | (8) | 21 | 0 | 25 | 103 |
| Cash Flow from Operating Activities | \$147 | \$114 | \$91 | \$98 | \$147 |
| Investing Activities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital Expenditures | (\$27) | (\$35) | (\$23) | (\$21) | (\$27) |
| plus/less: Other Investment Activity | (68) | (94) | (56) | (5) | (68) |
| Cash Flow from Investing Activities | (\$96) | (\$129) | (\$79) | (\$26) | (\$96) |
| Financing Activities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Borrowing / (Repayment) | \$4 | \$44 | (\$11) | (\$29) | \$4 |
| plus/less: Net Common Share Issuance | (27) | (8) | (13) | (6) | (27) |
| less: Dividends Paid | (12) | (11) | (10) | (9) | (12) |
| plus/less: Other Reconciling Items | (7) | (5) | (2) | (4) | (7) |
| Cash Flow from Financing Activities | (\$42) | \$19 | (\$36) | (\$48) | (\$42) |
| Memo |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash Flow From Acquisitions | (\$70) | (\$95) | (\$57) | (\$6) | (\$56) |
| Dividends Per Share | \$0.33 | \$0.30 | \$0.28 | \$0.25 | \$0.23 |
| Common Stock Repurchases | (\$30) | (\$10) | (\$14) | (\$9) | (\$9) |
| Preferred Stock Repurchases | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

## Chapter 2 :: Revenue \& Earnings

The income statement is the natural starting place for financial analysis. The earnings performance of a family business will exert significant influence on the strategic options available to the board of directors and management. In this chapter, we present benchmarking data for six financial metrics drawn from the income statement:

- Table 2.1 - Revenue Growth. Measuring revenue growth can serve as a proxy for the momentum, or lack thereof, for a business. Revenue momentum can be a result of M\&A activity, strategic reinvestment, growth in market demand, or other factors.
- Table 2.2 - EBITDA Margin. For operating businesses, EBITDA is the standard measure of earnings performance. EBITDA margin measures the efficiency with which the business converts a dollar of revenue into a dollar of EBITDA.
- Table 2.3 - EBIT Margin. Not all dollars of EBITDA are equal. EBIT measures earnings after ongoing capital reinvestment needs (as proxied by depreciation and amortization charges) are met, yielding a measure of earnings that is more directly attributable to capital providers.
- Table 2.4 - Pre-tax Margin. The difference between EBIT and pre-tax income is interest expense, which is the return to lenders. As a result, pre-tax margin measures the portion of EBIT attributable to shareholders.
- Table 2.5 - Effective Tax Rate. Income taxes are broadly proportionate to pre-tax earnings. However, companies seek to identify strategies to minimize their corporate tax burden. The effective tax rate measures the portion of pre-tax income that is payable to the government rather than shareholders.
- Table 2.6 - Net Margin. Net income is the amount of earnings remaining for shareholders after provision for capital investment, return to lenders, and tax obligations have been met. It is the most comprehensive measure of how efficiently the operating business converts revenue into net income.

We measure revenue growth as a three-year compound annual growth rate. Exhibit 2.1 illustrates the calculation of revenue growth for our benchmarking population.

## Exhibit 2.1 :: Calculation of Revenue Growth

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Revenue Growth }=\left[\frac{2018 \text { Revenue }}{2015 \text { Revenue }}\right]^{1 / 3}-1 \\
11.4 \%=\left[\frac{\$ 2,183}{\$ 1,581}\right]^{1 / 3}-1
\end{gathered}
$$

Family business directors should evaluate revenue growth from multiple perspectives:

- How does our revenue growth compare to the overall growth of our industry?
- What distinguishes the companies gaining market share from those losing market share in our industry?
- Are there acquisition opportunities that provide the opportunity to augment the growth we could expect to achieve on a standalone basis?
- Are there adjacent products or markets that we are well-positioned to enter?
- Are our facilities, staff, procedures, and IT resources sufficient to support expected growth?
- What is the relationship between revenue growth (or an absence thereof) and profitability for our family business?


EBITDA is the most commonly referenced measure of earnings for family businesses. Exhibit 2.2 a depicts the relationship of EBITDA to other components of the income statement.

```
Exhibit 2.2a :: EBITDA & Income Statement Components
Revenue
    less: Cost of Goods Sold
Gross Profit
    less: Cash Operating Expenses
EBITDA (Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation & Amortization)
    less: Depreciation & Amortization
EBIT (Earnings before Interest & Taxes)
    less: Interest Expense
Pre-tax Income
    less: Income Taxes
Net Income
```

EBITDA is appealing to many observers because it is a convenient proxy for cash flow provided by the operations of a business. EBITDA promotes comparisons across firms because it is unaffected by capital structure, tax considerations, or whether the business has grown organically or through acquisitions (which generate amortization charges).

In financial analysis, a "margin" is a ratio that has revenue as its denominator. Exhibit 2.2b illustrates the calculation of EBITDA margin.

## Exhibit 2.2b :: Calculation of EBITDA Margin

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { EBITDA Margin } & =\frac{2018 \text { EBITDA }}{2018 \text { Revenue }} \\
8.8 \% & =\frac{\$ 192}{\$ 2,183}
\end{aligned}
$$

EBITDA margin measures the efficiency with which a business converts revenue into EBITDA. Family business directors should evaluate EBITDA margin with the following questions in mind:

- When compared to benchmarking data, does our EBITDA margin conform to what we believe our corporate strategy to be? In other words, if the strategy is to sell a differentiated product at a premium price, does our EBITDA margin compare favorably to peers pursuing a low-cost, highvolume strategy?
- Does our EBITDA margin reveal any operating inefficiencies that we need to address through investments in technology, re-engineered systems or reductions in force?
- Does our EBITDA margin suggest any competitive vulnerability? As summed up by Amazon founder Jeff Bezos, our margin represents our competitor's opportunity. What steps should our family business take to secure, protect, and extend our existing competitive advantages?

|  |  | S\&P 500Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400Mid Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 600 \\ \text { Small Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | EBITDA |  | EBITDA |  | EBITDA |  |
|  |  | Count | Margin | Count | Margin | Count | Margin |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 33.4\% |  | 27.3\% |  | 29.1\% |
|  | Median | 22 | 27.4\% | 12 | 22.8\% | 16 | 17.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 16.8\% |  | 15.9\% |  | 9.4\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 22.1\% |  | 23.4\% |  | 13.3\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 14.5\% | 58 | 14.3\% | 93 | 9.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 10.6\% |  | 11.2\% |  | 6.9\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 26.3\% |  | 17.3\% |  | 14.9\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 20.8\% | 14 | 15.8\% | 20 | 9.3\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 14.4\% |  | 7.8\% |  | 4.8\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 56.6\% |  | 66.4\% |  | 53.5\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 38.6\% | 25 | 37.3\% | 37 | 18.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 15.1\% |  | 14.5\% |  | 11.3\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 31.9\% |  | 25.8\% |  | 22.1\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 26.4\% | 34 | 20.0\% | 69 | 13.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 17.6\% |  | 14.5\% |  | 7.6\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 23.6\% |  | 19.8\% |  | 16.4\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 17.4\% | 60 | 15.9\% | 96 | 12.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 14.4\% |  | 9.8\% |  | 8.5\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 39.9\% |  | 22.9\% |  | 18.0\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 28.4\% | 54 | 16.9\% | 90 | 11.4\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 21.1\% |  | 9.8\% |  | 5.2\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 27.2\% |  | 18.5\% |  | 14.9\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 21.1\% | 29 | 15.5\% | 32 | 11.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 16.7\% |  | 13.2\% |  | 9.3\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 74.2\% |  | 81.9\% |  | 70.4\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 64.0\% | 33 | 60.8\% | 37 | 62.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 61.4\% |  | 52.7\% |  | 55.0\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 39.1\% |  | 35.3\% |  | 33.3\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 31.7\% | 15 | 32.9\% | 7 | 32.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 30.0\% |  | 20.5\% |  | 26.1\% |

While EBITDA is an important measure of financial performance for a business, it is not perfect. Depreciation and amortization is an imperfect proxy for ongoing capital expenditure requirements, but the fact is that some measure of ongoing capital spending will be required to sustain the family business. Moving further down the income statement, EBIT (also referred to as operating income), provides a view of the cash flow available to capital providers after necessary capital expenditures have been made.

Exhibit 2.3 illustrates the calculation of EBIT margin.
Exhibit 2.3 :: Calculation of EBIT Margin

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { EBIT Margin } & =\frac{2018 \text { EBIT }}{2018 \text { Revenue }} \\
6.8 \% & =\frac{\$ 149}{\$ 2,183}
\end{aligned}
$$

As with other income statement margins, EBIT margin is an efficiency measure: how much operating income does the company wring out of a given dollar of revenue? Important considerations for family business directors evaluating EBIT margin include the following:

- How sensitive is our operating income to changes in revenue? In other words, what portion of our operating expense base is fixed rather than variable? In periods of increasing revenue, fixed costs contribute to increasing EBIT margins. But when revenue growth is anemic or negative, variable costs can help to cushion the negative impact on operating income.
- Is our physical production capacity well-maintained, or are there significant deferred capital expenditures that will create an overhang on future operating income growth?
- Does our current production capacity "fit" our operations, or are strategic acquisitions available that would enable us to leverage existing unused capacity?
- Do we have the right people in the right places in our family business to ensure long-term sustainability and success? Are we under- or over-staffed relative to current needs? What tools or investments are available to enhance workforce productivity?

|  |  | S\&P 500Large Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 400 \\ \text { Mid Cap Stocks } \end{gathered}$ |  | S\&P 600 <br> Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | EBIT <br> Margin | Count | EBIT <br> Margin | Count | EBIT <br> Margin |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 22 | $\begin{aligned} & 24.0 \% \\ & 19.3 \% \\ & 13.1 \% \end{aligned}$ | 12 | $\begin{array}{r} 19.0 \% \\ 13.6 \% \\ 9.8 \% \end{array}$ | 16 | $\begin{array}{r} 13.0 \% \\ 6.8 \% \\ 4.8 \% \end{array}$ |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 64 | $\begin{array}{r} 16.8 \% \\ 11.5 \% \\ 7.4 \% \end{array}$ | 58 | $\begin{array}{r} 16.8 \% \\ 11.7 \% \\ 7.8 \% \end{array}$ | 93 | $\begin{aligned} & 9.7 \% \\ & 6.5 \% \\ & 3.9 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 33 | $\begin{aligned} & 22.6 \% \\ & 17.0 \% \\ & 12.3 \% \end{aligned}$ | 14 | $\begin{array}{r} 13.7 \% \\ 11.8 \% \\ 5.1 \% \end{array}$ | 20 | $\begin{array}{r} 13.2 \% \\ 6.3 \% \\ 1.6 \% \end{array}$ |
| Energy | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 30 | $\begin{array}{r} 26.1 \% \\ 16.1 \% \\ 8.1 \% \end{array}$ | 25 | $\begin{gathered} 24.7 \% \\ 14.2 \% \\ -1.8 \% \end{gathered}$ | 37 | $\begin{array}{r} 18.8 \% \\ 6.8 \% \\ -0.7 \% \end{array}$ |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 62 | $\begin{aligned} & 26.4 \% \\ & 17.6 \% \\ & 11.3 \% \end{aligned}$ | 34 | $\begin{array}{r} 16.0 \% \\ 13.5 \% \\ 9.6 \% \end{array}$ | 69 | $\begin{array}{r} 17.1 \% \\ 8.4 \% \\ 2.4 \% \end{array}$ |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 69 | $\begin{aligned} & 19.5 \% \\ & 13.8 \% \\ & 10.8 \% \end{aligned}$ | 60 | $\begin{array}{r} 14.0 \% \\ 10.9 \% \\ 7.0 \% \end{array}$ | 96 | $\begin{array}{r} 11.3 \% \\ 8.3 \% \\ 5.4 \% \end{array}$ |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 68 | $\begin{aligned} & 32.6 \% \\ & 21.1 \% \\ & 14.5 \% \end{aligned}$ | 54 | $\begin{array}{r} 17.4 \% \\ 10.7 \% \\ 4.2 \% \end{array}$ | 90 | $\begin{array}{r} 12.9 \% \\ 6.5 \% \\ 1.3 \% \end{array}$ |
| Materials | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 25 | $\begin{aligned} & 17.7 \% \\ & 15.4 \% \\ & 11.5 \% \end{aligned}$ | 29 | $\begin{gathered} 13.6 \% \\ 9.5 \% \\ 8.5 \% \end{gathered}$ | 32 | $\begin{array}{r} 10.4 \% \\ 7.6 \% \\ 4.0 \% \end{array}$ |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 30 | $\begin{aligned} & 41.8 \% \\ & 35.2 \% \\ & 29.6 \% \end{aligned}$ | 33 | $\begin{aligned} & 44.6 \% \\ & 29.9 \% \\ & 23.3 \% \end{aligned}$ | 37 | $\begin{aligned} & 41.2 \% \\ & 30.9 \% \\ & 19.5 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 27 | $\begin{aligned} & 22.8 \% \\ & 19.5 \% \\ & 16.7 \% \end{aligned}$ | 15 | $\begin{aligned} & 22.4 \% \\ & 17.1 \% \\ & 12.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | 7 | $\begin{aligned} & 19.0 \% \\ & 17.4 \% \\ & 15.6 \% \end{aligned}$ |

EBITDA and EBIT emphasize the operating performance of the business, focusing on the earnings that are available to generate returns for both lenders and shareholders. Since operating management is generally not responsible for strategic financing decisions, this is the appropriate level for assessing their performance.

Yet, family business directors do make strategic financing decisions, and shareholders are ultimately concerned with earnings remaining after lenders have been paid. Pre-tax margin reveals the efficiency with which the family business converts revenue to pre-tax income. Pre-tax margin reflects both how the business operations are being managed and how the directors have elected to finance those operations.

Referencing pre-tax income promotes comparability among firms that may have different tax attributes (i.e., C corps and S corps). Exhibit 2.4 illustrates the calculation of pre-tax margin.

Exhibit 2.4 :: Calculation of Pre-tax Margin

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Pre }- \text { tax Margin } & =\frac{2018 \text { Taxable Income }}{2018 \text { Revenue }} \\
6.8 \% & =\frac{\$ 149}{\$ 2,183}
\end{aligned}
$$

Family directors should evaluate pre-tax margin with the following considerations in mind:

- How do our obligations to lenders compare to sustainable operating income?
- What is the appetite of our family shareholders for taking on additional financial risk?
- Are there opportunities to reduce our current debt costs?
- How does our current capital structure affect our family business's ability to withstand an unexpected economic downturn?


Actual tax rates paid by corporations only rarely match the statutory tax rate due to various tax planning strategies. Calculating the effective tax rate enables family business directors to compare the tax efficiency of their company relative to peers.

Many family businesses are organized as tax pass-through entities (S corps, LLCs) and therefore do not report income tax expense. However, that does not mean that those businesses don't pay taxes; rather, the tax obligation is paid to shareholders in the form of a dividend sufficient to enable them to pay the personal tax liability resulting from the pass-through of corporate earnings.

Exhibit 2.5 illustrates the calculation of effective tax rate.
Exhibit 2.5 :: Calculation of Effective Tax Rate

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Effective Tax Rate }=\frac{2018 \text { Income Tax Expense }}{2018 \text { Pretax Income }} \\
24.1 \%=\frac{\$ 36}{\$ 149}
\end{gathered}
$$

Family directors should evaluate effective tax rate with the following considerations in mind:

- How does our family business's effective tax rate compare to statutory rates? What factors contribute to the difference? Are there available tax planning strategies that would help reduce the income tax burden on our business?
- For family businesses organized as tax pass-through entities, how has the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 affected the net benefit of the family business's tax pass-through status? Should we revisit our tax status?

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 400 \\ \text { Mid Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 600 \\ \text { Small Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Effective Tax Rate | Count | Effective Tax Rate | Count | Effective Tax Rate |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 24.2\% |  | 29.9\% |  | 35.1\% |
|  | Median | 18 | 19.0\% | 10 | 23.9\% | 9 | 24.4\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 12.2\% |  | 21.4\% |  | 12.7\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 24.1\% |  | 26.0\% |  | 27.0\% |
|  | Median | 55 | 21.8\% | 50 | 22.0\% | 76 | 24.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 15.9\% |  | 17.8\% |  | 19.7\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 24.3\% |  | 27.9\% |  | 27.4\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 20.2\% | 11 | 24.2\% | 16 | 23.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 17.1\% |  | 21.0\% |  | 16.5\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 41.7\% |  | 23.4\% |  | 21.7\% |
|  | Median | 29 | 23.2\% | 11 | 19.6\% | 20 | 8.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 20.8\% |  | 8.3\% |  | 1.4\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 25.7\% |  | 28.1\% |  | 23.1\% |
|  | Median | 50 | 18.8\% | 24 | 21.2\% | 42 | 20.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 12.5\% |  | 16.2\% |  | 15.9\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 24.5\% |  | 25.7\% |  | 27.3\% |
|  | Median | 65 | 21.6\% | 57 | 22.2\% | 83 | 23.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 15.3\% |  | 17.9\% |  | 19.2\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 24.2\% |  | 26.6\% |  | 33.1\% |
|  | Median | 52 | 17.8\% | 41 | 20.7\% | 48 | 22.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 11.8\% |  | 10.0\% |  | 15.0\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 24.0\% |  | 24.9\% |  | 30.6\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 20.2\% | 26 | 21.0\% | 23 | 23.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 16.9\% |  | 17.1\% |  | 14.1\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 6.3\% |  | 5.0\% |  | 1.6\% |
|  | Median | 26 | 1.2\% | 29 | 0.9\% | 29 | 0.7\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 22.4\% |  | 24.9\% |  | 22.9\% |
|  | Median | 24 | 17.5\% | 11 | 20.1\% | 7 | 19.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 9.4\% |  | 10.8\% |  | 13.7\% |

Net income measures the increase in shareholders' equity during a period resulting from the operations of the business. It is the most comprehensive measure of corporate earnings, reflecting not only operating performance, but also the effect of financing decisions, tax structure, realized gains or losses on the disposition of corporate assets, and other extraordinary items. Net margin promotes comparability across firms of different size, and measures the efficiency with which a business converts revenue to net income.

Exhibit 2.6 illustrates the calculation of net margin.
Exhibit 2.6 :: Calculation of Net Margin

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Net } \text { Margin } & =\frac{2018 \text { Net Income }}{2018 \text { Revenue }} \\
5.2 \% & =\frac{\$ 113}{\$ 2,183}
\end{aligned}
$$

Family directors should ask the following questions when evaluating net margin:

- Is the current level of operating income sufficient to cover interest on current borrowings?
- What unusual or non-recurring items have influenced historical earnings? What unusual items of income or expense are reasonably expected in coming years? Is our family business prepared for such events?



## Chapter 3 :: Net Earning Assets

The balance sheet summarizes what a company owns (assets) and what it owes (liabilities and equity). The balance sheet presents a snapshot of family business resources at a particular point in time. In this chapter, we present benchmarking data for four financial metrics drawn from the balance sheet:

- Table 3.1 - Growth in Net Earning Assets. Asset growth provides perspective on revenue growth and signals the expectations management and directors have for the health and future of the industry.
- Table 3.2 - Earning Asset Composition. One task of senior managers is to allocate the family resources that have been entrusted to their stewardship. Examining the composition of earning assets reveals where managers believe the most attractive returns are available.
- Table 3.3 - Cash Conversion Cycle. Working capital can represent a significant investment of resources for many family businesses. The cash conversion cycle measures the efficiency of a company's working capital management.
- Table 3.4 - Net Fixed Asset Turnover. Net fixed assets often represent the largest category of net earning assets. Turnover measures the efficiency with which investment in net fixed assets generates revenue.

For purposes of analysis, we find it helpful to rearrange the balance sheet a bit, as illustrated in Exhibit 3.1a.

## Exhibit 3.1a :: Derivation of Net Earning Assets

Total Assets
less: Total Liabilities
plus: Interest-Bearing Debt (Current)
plus: Interest-Bearing Debt (Long-Term)
Net Earning Assets

Total Equity
plus: Interest-Bearing Debt (Current)
plus: Interest-Bearing Debt (Long-Term)
equals Invested Capital

We calculate growth in net earning assets for our benchmarking population as shown on Exhibit 3.1b.

## Exhibit 3.1b :: Calculation of Growth in Net Earning Assets

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Growth in Net Earning Assets }=\left[\frac{\text { Dec18 Net Earning Assets }}{\text { Dec15 Net Earning Assets }}\right]^{1 / 3}-1 \\
15.2 \%=\left[\frac{\$ 575}{\$ 377}\right]^{1 / 3}-1
\end{gathered}
$$

Family business directors should evaluate growth in net earning assets from multiple perspectives:

- How does our growth compare to the overall growth of our industry?
- Is our net earning asset base sufficient to support our strategic and operating plans?
- Are our facilities, staff, procedures, and IT resources sufficient to support expected growth?
- Does the family business own assets that are not contributing to the current or future earning capacity of the company?


Beyond the mere quantity of net earning assets entrusted to management, it is important to understand how those resources have been allocated. For this purpose, we find it helpful to group net earning assets into four categories, as summarized on Exhibit 3.2a.

```
Exhibit 3.2a :: Net Earning Asset Categories
Cash & Equivalents
    Cash
    Short-term investments
Net Working Capital
    Current assets (excluding cash & equivalents), less
        current liabilities (exc/uding current portion of debt)
Net Fixed Assets
Other Items, net
    Residual: Goodwill & intangibles, other long-term assets
        & other long-term liabilities
```

We express the net earning asset composition of the benchmarking universe on a common-size basis, as illustrated on Exhibit 3.2b.

Exhibit 3.2b :: Calculation Net Earning Asset Composition

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Cash \& Equivalents } & =\frac{\text { Dec18 Cash \& Equivalants }}{\text { Dec18 Net Earning Assets }} \\
\text { Net Working Capital } & =\frac{\text { Dec18 Net Working Capital }}{\text { Dec18 Net Earning Assets }} \\
\text { Net Fixed Assets } & =\frac{\text { Dec18 Net Fixed Assets }}{\text { Dec18 Net Earning Assets }} \\
\text { Other Items,net } & =\frac{\text { Dec18 Other Items,net }}{\text { Dec18 Net Earning Assets }}
\end{aligned}
$$

Benchmarking the composition of net earning assets should include the following considerations:

- How does the liquidity of our family business (as represented by cash \& equivalents) compare to peers? Are we maintaining a prudent level of cash against known future liquidity needs, or are we harboring "lazy" capital?
- Are there opportunities to shorten our cash conversion cycle to reduce the need for working capital?
- Are there investments that we can make to enhance the efficiency of our net fixed assets? Or, are there attractive opportunities to move productive assets off the balance sheet through leasing or similar arrangements?
- Have prior acquisitions - as manifest in the other items - provided the anticipated returns? In other words, do we have a history of overpaying for acquisitions? Alternatively, are there accretive acquisitions that we have failed to make in the past or need to make now?


Working capital can consume a lot of your family business's resources without generating a significant return on capital. The cash conversion cycle is a measure of the efficiency with which a company manages working capital. The shorter the cash conversion cycle, measured in days, the less family wealth is tied up in low-yielding working capital. As depicted in Exhibit 3.3a, the cash conversion cycle measures the time from cash outflows for inventory purchases to cash inflows from collection of receivables.

Exhibit 3.3a :: Cash Conversion Cycle


As shown above, the cash conversion cycle is a function of three distinct metrics: days of inventory on hand, days payables outstanding, and days sales outstanding. Exhibit 3.3b illustrates the calculation of these metrics.

Exhibit 3.3b :: Calculation of Working Capital Metrics

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Days of Inventory On Hand }=\frac{2018 \text { Avg Inventory }}{2018 \text { COGS/365 }} \\
\text { Days Payables Outstanding }=\frac{2018 \text { Avg Current Liabilities }- \text { CPLTD }}{(2018 \text { Revenue }-2018 \text { EBITDA }) / 365} \\
\text { Days Sales Outstanding }=\frac{2018 \text { Avg Receivables }}{2018 \text { Revenue } / 365}
\end{gathered}
$$

When evaluating your family business's cash conversion cycle, it is helpful to consider the following questions:

- What portion of our inventory consists of slow-moving or obsolete items? Is our inventory primarily in the form of raw materials, work-in-process, or finished goods?
- Are there any supply chain modifications that can be implemented to reduce inventory lead times?
- Are we taking advantage of supplier discounts for prompt payment? The effective interest rate on a $2 / 10$, net 30 invoice is over $35 \%$.
- How closely do our receivables collection practices conform to our stated terms? Do we often make concessions regarding payment terms? If so, do we have a persuasive business case for doing so?

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400 <br> Mid Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 600 \\ \text { Small Cap Stocks } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Cash Conv. |  | Conv. |  | Conv. |
|  |  | Count | Cycle | Count | Cycle | Count | Cycle |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | (33.5) |  | (14.9) |  | (9.5) |
|  | Median | 22 | (69.3) | 12 | (41.4) | 16 | (44.4) |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | (116.6) |  | (61.0) |  | (69.6) |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 58.6 |  | 63.5 |  | 77.9 |
|  | Median | 63 | 18.2 | 58 | 10.2 | 93 | 28.8 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | (57.0) |  | (46.4) |  | (5.2) |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 13.1 |  | 43.4 |  | 101.9 |
|  | Median | 33 | (7.9) | 14 | 22.8 | 20 | 45.5 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | (51.0) |  | 10.8 |  | 21.5 |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | (2.7) |  | (4.5) |  | 23.2 |
|  | Median | 30 | (64.1) | 25 | (75.7) | 37 | 1.0 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | (176.4) |  | (244.6) |  | (123.7) |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 66.0 |  | 80.2 |  | 136.4 |
|  | Median | 62 | 24.8 | 34 | 48.2 | 67 | 38.3 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | (17.4) |  | (19.3) |  | (7.0) |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 18.0 |  | 57.7 |  | 73.3 |
|  | Median | 69 | (6.4) | 60 | 33.9 | 96 | 41.0 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | (47.3) |  | (0.2) |  | 10.6 |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 33.5 |  | 47.3 |  | 85.6 |
|  | Median | 67 | (73.2) | 54 | 11.8 | 90 | 46.0 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | (183.1) |  | (52.8) |  | 3.7 |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 47.2 |  | 81.6 |  | 72.1 |
|  | Median | 25 | 25.1 | 29 | 44.5 | 32 | 51.1 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 10.2 |  | 21.3 |  | 21.5 |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | nm |  | nm |  | nm |
|  | Median | nm | nm | nm | nm | $n \mathrm{~m}$ | nm |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | nm |  | nm |  | nm |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | nm |  | nm |  | nm |
|  | Median | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | nm |  | nm |  | nm |

Investments in long-term productive assets are among the largest and most consequential decisions family business directors are called upon to make. Fixed asset turnover is a measure of the efficiency with which a company's net fixed assets generate revenue. We calculate fixed asset turnover for our benchmarking universe as shown on Exhibit 3.4.

Exhibit 3.4 :: Calculation of Net Fixed Asset Turnover

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Net Fixed Asset Turnover } & =\frac{2018 \text { Revenue }}{2018 \text { Avg Net Fixed Assets }} \\
23.3 & =\frac{\$ 2,183}{\$ 94}
\end{aligned}
$$

Key questions to ask while evaluating net fixed asset turnover include the following:

- Do we have any excess productive capacity? If so, is there a plan to generate enough sales volume to use the capacity, or should it be liquidated? Can excess capacity be used to perform contract manufacturing for others?
- Are there deferred capital expenditures that would enhance the productivity of our net fixed assets?
- What strategies are available to leverage our existing productive capacity into higher-value added uses?

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400Mid Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 600Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | NFA |  | NFA |  | NFA |
|  |  | Count | Turnover | Count | Turnover | Count | Turnover |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 17.0 |  | 10.0 |  | 12.4 |
|  | Median | 22 | 8.4 | 12 | 6.5 | 16 | 3.2 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.4 |  | 2.5 |  | 0.8 |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 9.1 |  | 9.5 |  | 15.6 |
|  | Median | 64 | 5.7 | 58 | 6.7 | 93 | 8.6 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.7 |  | 3.3 |  | 5.0 |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 6.5 |  | 6.2 |  | 12.6 |
|  | Median | 33 | 4.3 | 14 | 4.9 | 20 | 7.2 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.7 |  | 2.9 |  | 4.7 |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 2.7 |  | 1.4 |  | 2.2 |
|  | Median | 30 | 0.7 | 25 | 0.3 | 37 | 1.0 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.4 |  | 0.3 |  | 0.4 |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 10.8 |  | 18.6 |  | 28.4 |
|  | Median | 62 | 6.0 | 34 | 5.2 | 70 | 9.3 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.9 |  | 2.9 |  | 5.4 |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 9.3 |  | 14.6 |  | 11.3 |
|  | Median | 69 | 7.1 | 60 | 7.6 | 96 | 6.3 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.5 |  | 5.7 |  | 4.1 |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 14.7 |  | 47.3 |  | 85.6 |
|  | Median | 68 | 8.7 | 54 | 11.8 | 90 | 46.0 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 5.8 |  | (52.8) |  | 3.7 |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 3.9 |  | 4.3 |  | 4.7 |
|  | Median | 25 | 1.9 | 28 | 3.0 | 32 | 2.8 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.0 |  | 2.1 |  | 2.2 |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 0.3 |  | 0.3 |  | 0.2 |
|  | Median | 32 | 0.2 | 36 | 0.2 | 38 | 0.2 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 0.4 |  | 0.6 |  | 0.4 |
|  | Median | 27 | 0.3 | 15 | 0.4 | 7 | 0.3 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.3 |  | 0.3 |  | 0.3 |

## Chapter 4 :: Return on Invested Capital

## INTRODUCTION

Return on invested capital, or ROIC, is the single best comprehensive measure of operating performance for family businesses. For directors, it is important to understand the various components of ROIC and how those components reflect the strategy of the family business and its relative performance across time and compared to peers. In this chapter, we present benchmarking data for three measures:

- Table 4.1 - Capital Efficiency. Capital efficiency measures the rate at which a given amount of invested capital generates revenue. All else equal, the greater a business's capital efficiency, the higher the ROIC.
- Table 4.2 - Profitability. The second component of ROIC is profitability. The NOPAT margin measures how each dollar of revenue is converted into operating profit. For a given level of capital efficiency, greater profitability results in a higher ROIC.
- Table 4.3 - Return on Invested Capital. Return on invested capital is the product of capital efficiency and profitability. ROIC measures the annual return attributable to capital providers per dollar of invested capital provided to the business.

Capital efficiency is the first of two components of ROIC. We calculate capital efficiency for our benchmarking population as shown in Exhibit 4.1.

Exhibit 4.1 :: Calculation of Capital Efficiency

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Capital Efficiency } & =\frac{2018 \text { Revenue }}{2018 \text { Avg Invested Capital }} \\
4.14 x & =\frac{\$ 2,183}{\$ 527}
\end{aligned}
$$

Family business directors should consider the following questions when evaluating capital efficiency:

- Are we letting unproductive or low-yielding assets sit on the balance sheet? If so, how can we most efficiently rationalize the balance sheet and return capital that is not essential to operating the business?
- How much cash is required to operate our business?
- How do our working capital levels compare to peers? Tightening collection practices and streamlining inventory management are often immediate steps available for improving capital returns.
- Do we currently have underutilized production capacity? If so, what strategies are available for increasing capacity utilization?
- Have historical acquisitions lived up to expectations? In other words, has our acquisition strategy been an efficient use of capital?

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400Mid Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 600Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Capital Efficiency | Count | Capital Efficiency | Count | Capital Efficiency |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | $1.12 x$ |  | 1.14x |  | 1.21x |
|  | Median | 22 | 0.79x | 12 | 0.89x | 16 | 0.80x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.55x |  | 0.65x |  | 0.57x |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | $2.79 x$ |  | 2.98x |  | 2.78x |
|  | Median | 64 | 1.74x | 58 | 2.17x | 93 | 2.12x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.05x |  | 0.75x |  | 1.43x |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 1.98x |  | 2.24x |  | $3.76 x$ |
|  | Median | 33 | 1.19x | 14 | 1.62x | 20 | 1.91x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.62x |  | 1.05x |  | 1.52x |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 0.81x |  | 0.74x |  | 1.15x |
|  | Median | 30 | 0.58x | 25 | 0.33x | 37 | 0.66x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.42x |  | 0.23x |  | 0.38x |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 1.14x |  | 1.07x |  | 1.42x |
|  | Median | 62 | 0.79x | 34 | 0.77x | 70 | 0.83x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.54x |  | 0.61x |  | 0.57x |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 1.83x |  | $2.34 x$ |  | 2.13x |
|  | Median | 69 | 1.26x | 60 | 1.53x | 98 | 1.48x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.89x |  | 1.01x |  | 1.14x |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 1.32x |  | 1.46x |  | 1.55x |
|  | Median | 68 | 0.93x | 54 | 1.00x | 90 | 1.10x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.67x |  | 0.72x |  | 0.76x |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 1.30x |  | 1.71x |  | 1.98x |
|  | Median | 25 | 0.83x | 29 | 1.37x | 32 | $1.43 x$ |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.61x |  | 1.10x |  | 0.94x |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 0.22x |  | 0.31x |  | $0.18 x$ |
|  | Median | 32 | 0.15x | 36 | 0.16x | 38 | 0.14x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.13x |  | 0.12x |  | 0.12x |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 0.43x |  | 0.68x |  | 0.45x |
|  | Median | 27 | 0.36x | 16 | 0.39x | 7 | 0.43x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.32x |  | 0.32x |  | 0.39x |

In the context of calculating ROIC, profitability is measured with reference to net operating profit after tax, or NOPAT. Exhibit 4.2a summarizes the calculation of NOPAT:

## Exhibit 4.2a :: Calculation of NOPAT

| Revenue | $\$ 2,183$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| less: COGS \& Cash Operating Expenses | 1,991 |
| EBITDA | $\$ 192$ |
| less: Depreciation \& Amortization | 43 |
| Operating Profit (EBIT) | $\$ 149$ |
| less: Pro Forma Taxes | $26.0 \%$ |
| Net Operating Profit After Tax | $\$ 110$ |

As the name suggests, NOPAT is based on operating profit, but is reduced by taxes that would be paid if operating profit were taxable income. In other words, NOPAT is a measure of after-tax income available to all capital providers (both shareholders and lenders). This measure is appropriate because ROIC is measuring the returns available to all capital providers.

NOPAT margin measures how effectively a business converts revenue into NOPAT, and is calculated as shown on Exhibit 4.2b:

Exhibit 4.2b :: Calculation of NOPAT Margin

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { NOPAT Margin }=\frac{2018 \text { NOPAT }}{2018 \text { Revenue }} \\
5.1 \%=\frac{\$ 110}{\$ 2,183}
\end{gathered}
$$

Benchmarking the NOPAT margin for your family business should include the following considerations:

- When comparing to the NOPAT margins for our peer group, are differences attributable to strategy decisions or relative operating performance?
- What is the approximate break-even level of revenue for our family business?
- If the NOPAT margin for our family business were to increase by $1.0 \%$, what would be the primary factor contributing to the improvement?

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 400 \\ \text { Mid Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | S\&P 600 <br> Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | NOPAT |  | NOPAT |  | NOPAT |
|  |  | Count | Margin | Count | Margin | Count | Margin |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile | 22 | 17.8\% | 12 | 12.9\% | 16 | 9.0\% |
|  | Median |  | 14.2\% |  | 9.6\% |  | 5.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 9.7\% |  | 6.8\% |  | 3.6\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile | 64 | 11.6\% | 58 | 12.3\% | 93 | 7.2\% |
|  | Median |  | 8.5\% |  | 8.7\% |  | 4.8\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 5.4\% |  | 5.8\% |  | 2.8\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile | 33 | 16.7\% | 14 | 10.1\% | 20 | 9.8\% |
|  | Median |  | 12.6\% |  | 8.7\% |  | 4.7\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 9.1\% |  | 3.7\% |  | 1.2\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile | 30 | 19.0\% | 25 | 18.3\% | 37 | 13.5\% |
|  | Median |  | 11.9\% |  | 10.5\% |  | 5.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 6.0\% |  | -1.3\% |  | -0.5\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile | 62 | 19.6\% | 34 | 11.8\% | 70 | 13.4\% |
|  | Median |  | 13.0\% |  | 10.0\% |  | 6.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 7.7\% |  | 7.1\% |  | 1.9\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile | 69 | 14.5\% | 60 | 10.3\% | 96 | 8.3\% |
|  | Median |  | 10.2\% |  | 7.6\% |  | 6.1\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 7.8\% |  | 5.2\% |  | 4.0\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile | 68 | 23.6\% | 54 | 12.9\% | 90 | 9.5\% |
|  | Median |  | 15.3\% |  | 7.9\% |  | 4.8\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 10.7\% |  | 3.1\% |  | 0.9\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile | 25 | 13.1\% | 29 | 10.1\% | 32 | 7.7\% |
|  | Median |  | 11.4\% |  | 7.0\% |  | 5.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 8.5\% |  | 6.3\% |  | 3.0\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile | 32 | 27.0\% | 36 | 23.9\% | 37 | 27.4\% |
|  | Median |  | 21.8\% |  | 19.2\% |  | 21.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 17.6\% |  | 13.1\% |  | 12.7\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile | 27 | 16.5\% | 15 | 16.6\% | 7 | 14.1\% |
|  | Median |  | 14.4\% |  | 12.7\% |  | 12.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 12.4\% |  | 8.9\% |  | 11.6\% |

Return on invested capital measures the efficiency with which a business uses capital provided by shareholders and lenders to generate operating profit. As shown in Exhibit 4.3a, ROIC can be expressed as the product of capital efficiency and profitability:

## Exhibit 4.3a :: Calculation of Return on Invested Capital

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Return on Invested Capital }=\text { Capital Efficiency } \times \text { Profitability } \\
\qquad 21.0 \%=4.14 \times 5.1 \% \\
\text { Return on Invested Capital }=\frac{2018 \text { Revenue }}{2018 \text { Avg Invested Capital }} \times \frac{2018 \text { NOPAT }}{2018 \text { Revenue }} \\
21.0 \%=\frac{\$ 2,183}{\$ 527} \times \frac{\$ 110}{\$ 2,183}
\end{gathered}
$$

Or, more simply, return on invested capital can be calculated directly, as demonstrated in Exhibit 4.3b:

## Exhibit 4.3b :: Calculation of Return on Invested Capital

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Return on Invested Capital } & =\frac{2018 \text { NOPAT }}{2018 \text { Avg Invested Capital }} \\
21.0 \% & =\frac{\$ 110}{\$ 527}
\end{aligned}
$$

Family business directors should consider the following when evaluating ROIC:

- Do the relative components of ROIC cohere with our business strategy?
- What is the most effective path available to us for increasing ROIC: improving capital efficiency or increasing profitability?
- What tangible steps are available to the business for enhancing either component of ROIC?



# Chapter 5 :: Investment Activity (Capital Expenditures / M\&A) 

## INTRODUCTION

In Chapter 3, we presented data regarding the composition of net earning assets. This data reveals how management teams allocate the capital provided by shareholders and lenders to productive assets. In Chapter 4, we calculated return on invested capital, which measures how effectively a business's portfolio of earning assets generates operating profit for the benefit of shareholders and lenders. In this chapter, we present data reflecting the investment decisions companies make which influence the composition of net earning assets at the margin. In doing so, we integrate measures from the income statement, balance sheet, and statement of cash flows.

- Table 5.1 - Capital Expenditures as a Percentage of Revenue. Broadly speaking, there are two classes of capital expenditure: those required to maintain existing production capacity and those made to spur organic growth of the business. Financial statements do not allow us to distinguish between the two, but the aggregate figure does reveal the degree to which peer companies are reinvesting operating cash flow with an eye toward organic growth.
- Table 5.2 - Depreciation \& Amortization as a Percentage of Revenue. From an accounting perspective, depreciation and amortization expenses are allocations of cash outlays made in prior periods for the benefit of operations in the current period. Viewed together, they are a measure of the capital intensity of a business, and can serve as a rough proxy of ongoing capital reinvestment needs.
- Table $5 \cdot 3$ - M\&A Frequency. In contrast to capital expenditures, M\&A activity occurs sporadically. In this table, we present data summarizing the proportion of peer group members that completed a business acquisition during the year. This data provides a proxy for consolidation activity in an industry.
- Table 5.4 - M\&A Magnitude. This table is a companion to 5.3 , presenting data to indicate the relative size of business combinations completed during the year.
- Table 5.5 - Goodwill and Intangibles as a Percentage of Net Earning Assets. The data in this table provides a proxy for cumulative M\&A activity (not just transactions during the most recent year).

Capital expenditures are a principal component of the investing section of the statement of cash flows, and represent the aggregate spending during the year on property, plant \& equipment. Since capital expenditures are expected to provide benefits to a company over multiple years, the amount spent is recorded on the balance sheet, and charged to operations over the expected useful life of the asset through depreciation charges.

Because capital expenditures relate to acquisition of long-lived assets, they can be somewhat "lumpy." As a result, we present average data for the most recent three years in Table 5.1. Exhibit 5.1 summarizes the calculation of this measure:

## Exhibit 5.1 :: Calculation of Capital Expenditures as a Percentage of Revenue

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { CapEx as a } \% \text { of Revenue }=\frac{\text { Aggregate CapEx }(2016 \text { to 2018) }}{\text { Aggregate Revenue }(2016 \text { to 2018) }} \\
1.5 \%=\frac{\$ 86}{\$ 5,605}
\end{gathered}
$$

Key questions to ask while evaluating capital expenditures include the following:

- How do the relative capital expenditures for our family business correlate to relative revenue and profit growth? In other words, have our capital expenditures been generating appropriate financial returns?
- How well does our capital expenditure history cohere with our family business strategy? Is our strategy determining what capital investment are made, or are we letting the capital expenditures we make dictate our business strategy?
- Do we have a robust capital budgeting process that contemplates both the strategic fit and financial feasibility of proposed expenditures?
- Do we have a review mechanism for evaluating prior capital expenditure decisions?

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 400 \\ \text { Mid Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 600 \\ \text { Small Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | CapEx <br> \% Revenue | Count | CapEx <br> \% Revenue | Count | CapEx <br> \% Revenue |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 12.7\% |  | 7.1\% |  | 15.0\% |
|  | Median | 22 | 3.6\% | 12 | 3.7\% | 16 | 4.7\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.8\% |  | 2.8\% |  | 2.2\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 5.9\% |  | 4.7\% |  | 4.4\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 4.1\% | 58 | 3.2\% | 93 | 2.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.9\% |  | 2.4\% |  | 1.5\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 4.5\% |  | 4.8\% |  | 3.8\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 3.6\% | 14 | 3.2\% | 20 | 2.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.6\% |  | 2.6\% |  | 1.4\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 43.8\% |  | 58.7\% |  | 44.7\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 24.5\% | 25 | 25.2\% | 37 | 16.8\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 7.0\% |  | 6.2\% |  | 6.2\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 5.5\% |  | 6.2\% |  | 4.5\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 3.7\% | 34 | 4.2\% | 70 | 2.8\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.2\% |  | 2.4\% |  | 1.1\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 8.4\% |  | 4.7\% |  | 4.5\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 3.0\% | 60 | 2.5\% | 98 | 2.7\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.0\% |  | 1.9\% |  | 1.7\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 4.9\% |  | 4.7\% |  | 4.3\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 3.1\% | 54 | 2.8\% | 90 | 2.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.2\% |  | 1.7\% |  | 1.7\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 12.2\% |  | 6.3\% |  | 5.8\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 6.1\% | 29 | 4.6\% | 32 | 4.1\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 4.5\% |  | 3.7\% |  | 2.5\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 0.9\% |  | 0.2\% |  | 1.2\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 0.0\% | 36 | 0.0\% | 38 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 37.1\% |  | 31.2\% |  | 29.6\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 34.2\% | 16 | 22.8\% | 7 | 28.1\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 26.7\% |  | 18.2\% |  | 25.9\% |

While capital expenditures are inherently "lumpy," depreciation and amortization expenses can serve as a proxy for the ongoing annual capital reinvestment needs of the business. While there may be significant variation from year-to-year, capital expenditures need to be equal to at least depreciation charges over time if a company's fixed asset base is not to shrink. Ideally, one would isolate depreciation from amortization charges, but the data to do so is not generally available.

Exhibit 5.2 summarizes the calculation of this measure:

## Exhibit 5.2 :: Calculation of Depreciation \& Amortization as a Percentage of Revenue

$$
\begin{gathered}
D \& A \text { as a } \% \text { of Revenue }=\frac{2018 \text { Depreciation \& Amortization Expense }}{2018 \text { Revenue }} \\
2.0 \%=\frac{\$ 43}{\$ 2,183}
\end{gathered}
$$

When evaluating depreciation \& amortization charges, it is helpful to consider the following questions:

- When presented with the option of purchasing or leasing productive assets, do we have a framework for making that decision?
- Does a comparison of depreciation charges to capital expenditures over time reveal any deferred capital expenditures at the business?

Table 5.2 :: Depreciation \& Amortization \% Revenue

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400 <br> Mid Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 600 <br> Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | D\&A |  | D\&A |  | D\&A |
|  |  | Count | \% Revenue | Count | \% Revenue | Count | \% Revenue |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 8.2\% |  | 4.5\% |  | 16.4\% |
|  | Median | 22 | 2.8\% | 12 | 2.5\% | 16 | 4.1\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.5\% |  | 1.9\% |  | 3.0\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 4.5\% |  | 4.1\% |  | 4.1\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 3.1\% | 58 | 2.7\% | 93 | 2.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.0\% |  | 1.8\% |  | 1.2\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 3.6\% |  | 3.4\% |  | 2.6\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 2.6\% | 14 | 2.8\% | 20 | 1.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.6\% |  | 2.2\% |  | 1.1\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 24.8\% |  | 33.5\% |  | 27.5\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 16.0\% | 25 | 27.1\% | 37 | 13.8\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 5.0\% |  | 10.5\% |  | 8.2\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 3.1\% |  | 4.4\% |  | 3.4\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 2.2\% | 34 | 2.9\% | 70 | 2.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.2\% |  | 1.7\% |  | 0.8\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 4.4\% |  | 3.4\% |  | 3.3\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 2.2\% | 60 | 2.3\% | 96 | 2.4\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.7\% |  | 1.1\% |  | 1.5\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 3.9\% |  | 3.2\% |  | 3.5\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 2.8\% | 54 | 2.3\% | 90 | 2.3\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.0\% |  | 1.6\% |  | 1.4\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 8.2\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 4.6\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 4.6\% | 29 | 3.7\% | 32 | 3.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.5\% |  | 2.5\% |  | 2.7\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 30.5\% |  | 28.9\% |  | 30.1\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 24.1\% | 36 | 24.5\% | 38 | 22.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 17.8\% |  | 17.1\% |  | 15.6\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 15.5\% |  | 14.2\% |  | 13.9\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 13.8\% | 15 | 11.9\% | 7 | 12.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 11.4\% |  | 8.4\% |  | 8.6\% |

While capital expenditures are "lumpy," they do generally occur in some measure each year. In contrast, business acquisitions occur only sporadically for many companies. Some companies may complete multiple acquisitions in a given year, while others will not do any.

The following questions are helpful when evaluating M\&A frequency among industry peers:

- What screening criteria do we employ to identify potentially attractive acquisition targets?
- In the context of industry dynamics, do we believe that growth is better achieved through acquisition ("buy it") or organically ("build it")?
- What are current trends in transaction pricing in the industry?

| Table 5.3 : M\&A Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

The data in the prior table reveals how often transactions occur, but does not provide any sense of the size of the transactions that have occurred. In Table 5.4, we relate amounts spent on the acquisition of businesses to the net earning assets of the acquirers.

Exhibit 5.4 details the calculation of M\&A magnitude:

## Exhibit 5.4 :: Calculation of M\&A Magnitude

$$
\begin{gathered}
M \& A \text { Magnitude }=\frac{2018 \text { Cash Flow }: \text { Business Combinations }}{2018 \text { Cash Flow }: \text { Operations }} \\
47.7 \%=\frac{\$ 70}{\$ 147}
\end{gathered}
$$

Key questions to assist in evaluating the magnitude of M\&A activity include the following:

- What is our process for pricing acquisition targets?
- What are the primary cultural or other barriers to integrating a significant acquisition to our family business?


When a business combination occurs, the assets acquired can be grouped into two broad categories: (1) tangible assets (working capital, equipment, real estate and the like), and (2) intangible assets, such as tradenames, intellectual property, customer relationships and goodwill. Both categories are recorded at fair value when the business combination is completed. As a result, the balance of goodwill and intangible assets on the balance sheet provides a rough cumulative index of a company's reliance on merger \& acquisition activity to fuel growth.

Exhibit 5.5 depicts our calculation of this measure:

## Exhibit 5.5 :: Calculation of Goodwill \& Intangibles as a Percentage of Net Earning Assets

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { G\&I as \% of Earning Assets }=\frac{\text { Dec18 Goodwill \& Intangible Assets }}{\text { Dec18 Avg Net Earning Assets }} \\
62.7 \%=\frac{\$ 330}{\$ 527}
\end{gathered}
$$

When analyzing goodwill and intangible assets, the following questions are often helpful:

- Has the company reported any impairment charges as a result of transactions that have not met expectations?
- What process does the board use for approving transactions? Does the process include a mechanism for tracking the performance of the acquired business following the transaction?
- Relative to peers, has our family business relied more upon organic or acquisition-related growth historically? Why?
- Looking forward, are there attractive capital projects available to fuel organic growth or is there existing industry capacity that can be assimilated through acquisition?



# Chapter 6 :: Capital Structure \& Financing Decisions 

## INTRODUCTION

The consequences of capital structure decisions persist for years, or even decades, after they are made. As a result, family business directors need to make such decisions very deliberately. The peer data presented in this chapter is selected to assist directors with these critical long-term decisions.

- Table 6.1 - Composition of Invested Capital (Book Values). Capital to fund a business comes from either shareholders or lenders. The proportions of debt and equity in the capital structure of a company influence the risk borne by shareholders and lenders.
- Table 6.2 - Capital Structure (Market Values). Reported shareholders' equity is an amalgamation of historical cost basis in assets, retained earnings over potentially long stretches of time, and periodic capital raises. When making long-term capital structure decisions, it is often helpful to supplement the book value perspective with calculations based on the market value of equity.
- Table 6.3 - Marginal Financing Decisions. The data in the first two tables provide perspective on cumulative financing decisions; in this table, we present data that captures the trend in capital structure, isolating recent capital structure decisions at the margin.
- Table 6.4 - Cash Flow Leverage. Market participants frequently evaluate the financial leverage used by a company with reference to EBITDA.
- Table 6.5 - Debt Ratings. Most public borrowers are rated by one or more of the major rating agencies. Issuer ratings influence the cost of borrowing, and reflect historical financial performance, leverage trends, and the outlook for future economic, industry, and company performance.
- Table 6.6 - Effective Interest Rate. The cost of borrowings is a key component of capital structure decisions for family businesses. The effective interest rate for a company reflects the risk perceived by creditors, and influences the overall cost of capital.

As noted in Chapter 3, we prefer to rearrange the balance sheet for purposes of analysis. As shown in Exhibit 6.1a, invested capital is sum of shareholders' equity and interest-bearing debt. Invested capital is equal to net earning assets.

## Exhibit 6.1a :: Derivation of Invested Capital

```
Total Assets
    less: Total Liabilities
    plus: Interest-Bearing Debt (Current)
    plus: Interest-Bearing Debt (Long-Term)
```


## Total Equity

plus: Interest-Bearing Debt (Current)
plus: Interest-Bearing Debt (Long-Term)

Net Earning Assets
equals Invested Capital

Exhibit 6.1b illustrates how we measure the composition of invested capital for the peer companies:

## Exhibit 6.1b :: Measuring the Composition of Invested Capital

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Debt as a \% of Invested Capital }=\frac{\text { Dec18 Interest Bearing Debt }}{\text { Dec18 Invested Capital }} \\
& \qquad 13.4 \%=\frac{\$ 77}{\$ 575} \\
& \text { Equity as a \% of Invested Capital }=\frac{\text { Dec18 Total Equity }}{\text { Dec18 Invested Capital }} \\
& 86.6 \%=\frac{\$ 498}{\$ 575}
\end{aligned}
$$

Family business directors should ask the following questions when evaluating the composition of invested capital:

- Does our family business have a target level of borrowings? If so, does it differ from current borrowings?
- How well does our current financing mix reflect the risk preferences and tolerances of our family shareholders? How do we measure our family shareholders' attitudes toward risk?
- How does the composition of net earning assets influence the target financing mix for our family business?

|  |  | S\&P 500Large Cap Stocks |  |  | S\&P 400Mid Cap Stocks |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 600 \\ \text { Small Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Equity \% IC | Debt <br> \% IC | Count | Equity \% IC | Debt <br> \% IC | Count | Equity \% IC | Debt <br> \% IC |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 85.5\% | 14.5\% |  | 68.9\% | 31.1\% |  | 92.3\% | 7.7\% |
|  | Median | 22 | 49.5\% | 50.5\% | 12 | 50.6\% | 49.4\% | 16 | 63.4\% | 36.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 37.9\% | 62.1\% |  | 38.4\% | 61.6\% |  | 37.5\% | 62.5\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 69.6\% | 30.4\% |  | 80.3\% | 19.7\% |  | 93.6\% | 6.4\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 51.3\% | 48.7\% | 58 | 49.3\% | 50.7\% | 93 | 76.1\% | 23.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 19.8\% | 80.2\% |  | 19.1\% | 80.9\% |  | 54.4\% | 45.6\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 57.7\% | 42.3\% |  | 89.0\% | 11.0\% |  | 86.5\% | 13.5\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 40.4\% | 59.6\% | 14 | 56.0\% | 44.0\% | 20 | 58.1\% | 41.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 26.2\% | 73.8\% |  | 50.5\% | 49.5\% |  | 46.8\% | 53.2\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 76.1\% | 23.9\% |  | 66.6\% | 33.4\% |  | 81.3\% | 18.7\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 68.5\% | 31.5\% | 25 | 61.6\% | 38.4\% | 37 | 67.8\% | 32.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 60.9\% | 39.1\% |  | 52.9\% | 47.1\% |  | 46.8\% | 53.2\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 69.1\% | 30.9\% |  | 89.3\% | 10.7\% |  | 98.8\% | 1.2\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 59.6\% | 40.4\% | 34 | 65.9\% | 34.1\% | 70 | 75.0\% | 25.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 47.4\% | 52.6\% |  | 47.5\% | 52.5\% |  | 55.0\% | 45.0\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 64.9\% | 35.1\% |  | 73.5\% | 26.5\% |  | 88.6\% | 11.4\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 52.8\% | 47.2\% | 60 | 61.9\% | 38.1\% | 96 | 68.3\% | 31.7\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 40.6\% | 59.4\% |  | 49.7\% | 50.3\% |  | 50.3\% | 49.7\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 81.8\% | 18.2\% |  | 84.0\% | 16.0\% |  | 99.8\% | 0.2\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 60.1\% | 39.9\% | 54 | 66.3\% | 33.7\% | 90 | 79.7\% | 20.3\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 41.5\% | 58.5\% |  | 48.8\% | 51.2\% |  | 60.5\% | 39.5\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 68.8\% | 31.2\% |  | 62.1\% | 37.9\% |  | 74.8\% | 25.2\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 53.9\% | 46.1\% | 29 | 52.7\% | 47.3\% | 32 | 60.7\% | 39.3\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 48.8\% | 51.2\% |  | 38.9\% | 61.1\% |  | 36.8\% | 63.2\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 58.6\% | 41.4\% |  | 58.1\% | 41.9\% |  | 57.1\% | 42.9\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 53.1\% | 46.9\% | 36 | 49.8\% | 50.2\% | 38 | 47.3\% | 52.7\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 38.5\% | 61.5\% |  | 41.4\% | 58.6\% |  | 39.1\% | 60.9\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 45.9\% | 54.1\% |  | 56.2\% | 43.8\% |  | 45.3\% | 54.7\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 43.0\% | 57.0\% | 15 | 50.4\% | 49.6\% | 7 | 45.0\% | 55.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 38.5\% | 61.5\% |  | 46.3\% | 53.7\% |  | 44.6\% | 55.4\% |

For most corporate finance applications, a firm's capital structure is properly measured with respect to the market value of equity rather than book value. As noted in Exhibit 6.2a, we rely on book value as a sufficient approximation for the market value of interest-bearing debt.

## Exhibit 6.2a :: Measuring the Market Value of Total Capital

| Common Shares Outstanding | 37.0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| times: Current Market Price | $\$ 43.68$ |
| Market Value of Common Equity | $\$ 1,614$ |
| plus: Book Value of Interest-Bearing Debt | 77 |
| plus: Book Value of Preferred Equity | 0 |
| plus: Book Value of Noncontrolling Interests | 0 |
| Market Value of Total Capital | $\$ 1,691$ |

The capital structure components are calculated in the same manner as the composition of invested capital. "Market Value of Total Equity" in Exhibit 6.2b is the sum of the market value of common equity, book value of preferred equity, and book value of noncontrolling interests.

## Exhibit 6.2b :: Measuring Capital Structure (Market Values)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Debt as a \% of MVTC }=\frac{\text { Dec18 Interest Bearing Debt }}{\text { Dec18 Market Value of Total Capital }} \\
& \qquad 4.5 \%=\frac{\$ 77}{\$ 1,691} \\
& \text { Equity as a } \% \text { of } M V T C=\frac{\text { Dec18 Market Value of Total Equity }}{\text { Dec18 Market Value of Total Capital }} \\
& \qquad 95.5 \%=\frac{\$ 1,614}{\$ 1,691}
\end{aligned}
$$

When evaluating capital structure, family business directors should consider the following questions:

- Do we have a reliable estimate of the market value of the equity in our family business?
- What are the principal causes of the difference - if any - between the book value and market value of equity?
- How does our current capital structure compare to the peer group? Should our target capital structure use more or less financial leverage than the peers?


The composition of invested capital at a given date reflects the cumulative financing decisions made since the inception of the company. While this cumulative view is important, it is also helpful to have a sense for how recent financing decisions have influenced a company's capital structure at the margin.

We calculate the components of marginal financing decisions as noted in Exhibit 6.3.
Exhibit 6.3 :: Calculation of Marginal Financing Components

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Debt as } a \% \text { of Invested Capital }=\frac{\Delta \text { in Interest Bearing Debt during } 2018}{\Delta \text { in Invested Capital during } 2018} \\
& \qquad 17.0 \%=\frac{\$ 77-\$ 61}{\$ 575-\$ 478} \\
& \text { Equity as a \% of Invested Capital }=\frac{\Delta \text { in Total Equity during } 2018}{\Delta \text { in Invested Capital during } 2018} \\
& 83.0 \%=\frac{\$ 498-\$ 418}{\$ 575-\$ 478}
\end{aligned}
$$

Critical questions to help family business directors evaluate marginal financing decisions include:

- How does our current financing mix compare to our target mix?
- What are our principal sources of financing at the margin? How much capacity do we have under existing credit facilities?
- Do we have a preferred hierarchy of financing sources? How does the outlook for financing cost and availability affect our marginal financing decisions?

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 500 \\ \text { Large Cap Stocks } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | S\&P 400Mid Cap Stocks |  |  | S\&P 600Small Cap Stocks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Count | Marginal Equity | Marginal Debt | Count | Marginal Equity | Marginal Debt | Count | Marginal Equity | Marginal Debt |
| Communication Services | 22 | 68.0\% | 32.0\% | 12 | 41.1\% | 58.9\% | 16 | 178.9\% | -78.9\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 64 | -19.2\% | 119.2\% | 58 | 0.7\% | 99.3\% | 93 | 4.1\% | 95.9\% |
| Consumer Staples | 33 | 0.3\% | 99.7\% | 14 | 33.7\% | 66.3\% | 20 | -0.4\% | 100.4\% |
| Energy | 30 | 90.2\% | 9.8\% | 25 | nm | nm | 37 | 73.0\% | 27.0\% |
| Health Care | 62 | 25.2\% | 74.8\% | 34 | -64.9\% | 164.9\% | 70 | 56.2\% | 43.8\% |
| Industrials | 69 | -46.7\% | 146.7\% | 60 | -16.4\% | 116.4\% | 97 | 69.1\% | 30.9\% |
| Information Technology | 68 | 62.1\% | 37.9\% | 54 | 45.9\% | 54.1\% | 90 | 30.9\% | 69.1\% |
| Materials | 25 | 78.2\% | 21.8\% | 29 | 88.9\% | 11.1\% | 32 | 94.4\% | 5.6\% |
| Real Estate | 32 | 51.8\% | 48.2\% | 36 | 51.7\% | 48.3\% | 38 | 36.6\% | 63.4\% |
| Utilities | 27 | 58.8\% | 41.2\% | 16 | 175.7\% | -75.7\% | 7 | 16.6\% | 83.4\% |

In addition to balance-sheet driven measures, lenders and other market participants often measure capital structure decisions by comparing balance sheet and income statement measures. The most common such ratio is the relationship of total interest-bearing debt to EBITDA.

Exhibit 6.4 summarizes our calculation of financial leverage for the peer companies:
Exhibit 6.4 :: Calculation of EBITDA Leverage

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { EBITDA Leverage }=\frac{\text { Dec18 Interest Bearing Debt }}{2018 \text { EBITDA }} \\
0.4 x=\frac{\$ 77}{\$ 192}
\end{gathered}
$$

When evaluating EBITDA leverage, family business directors should consider the following questions:

- Are there underperforming earning assets that can be liquidated to reduce indebtedness with limited impact on EBITDA?
- How do current leverage levels compare to financial covenants in credit facilities?
- What levels of EBITDA leverage are our family shareholders comfortable with at this point in the business cycle?

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 400 \\ \text { Mid Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | S\&P 600 Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | EBITDA Leverage | Count | EBITDA Leverage | Count | EBITDA |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 3.7 x |  | 3.8 x |  | 4.8x |
|  | Median | 22 | 2.6x | 12 | 2.6x | 16 | 2.3x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.7x |  | 1.9x |  | 0.6x |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 3.2x |  | 4.3x |  | 2.9x |
|  | Median | 64 | 2.0x | 58 | 2.1x | 93 | 1.1x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.3x |  | 1.0x |  | 0.3 x |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 4.1x |  | 3.5 x |  | 4.2x |
|  | Median | 33 | 2.7x | 14 | 2.3x | 20 | 2.7x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.0x |  | 0.7x |  | 0.5x |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 2.6x |  | 3.8x |  | 3.6x |
|  | Median | 30 | 1.7x | 25 | 2.3x | 37 | 1.8x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.1x |  | 2.0x |  | 0.6x |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 3.1x |  | 3.9x |  | 3.3 x |
|  | Median | 62 | $2.4 x$ | 34 | 2.6x | 70 | 1.7x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.4x |  | 0.7x |  | 0.0x |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 2.8x |  | 3.0x |  | 3.0x |
|  | Median | 69 | 2.2x | 60 | 1.9x | 96 | 1.8x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.4x |  | 1.1x |  | 0.4 x |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 2.5x |  | 1.0x |  | 1.0x |
|  | Median | 68 | 1.5x | 54 | 0.9x | 90 | 1.0x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.8x |  | 0.4x |  | 0.3x |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 3.0x |  | 3.6x |  | 4.0x |
|  | Median | 25 | 2.3 x | 29 | 2.6x | 32 | 2.5 x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.8x |  | 1.9x |  | 1.3x |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 6.4 x |  | 7.0x |  | $8.2 x$ |
|  | Median | 32 | 5.5x | 36 | 5.7x | 37 | $6.8 x$ |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 5.1x |  | 4.9x |  | 4.6 x |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 5.7x |  | 5.1x |  | 5.5 x |
|  | Median | 27 | 5.2x | 15 | 3.9x | 7 | 4.4x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 4.4 x |  | 3.5 x |  | 4.2x |

An issuer credit rating represents the rating agency's opinion regarding the issuer's overall creditworthiness, emphasizing the capacity and willingness to meet financial commitments as they come due. Table 6.5 summarizes issuer credit ratings from Standard \& Poor's (S\&P) for our universe of peer companies.

S\&P issuer credit ratings are summarized in Exhibit 6.5:
Exhibit 6.5 :: S\&P Issuer Credit Ratings

## Rating Summary Description

|  | AAA | Extremely strong capacity to meet financial commitments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AA | Very strong capacity to meet financial commitments |
|  | A | Strong capacity to meet financial commitments |
|  | BBB | Adequate capacity to meet financial commitments |
|  | BB | Major ongoing uncertainties and exposure to adverse business, financial, or economic conditions could lead to inadequate capacity |
|  | B | Adverse business, financial, or economic conditions will likely impair capacity to meet financial commitments |
|  | CCC | Currently vulnerable and dependent upon favorable business, financial, and economic conditions to meet financial commitments |
|  | cc | Highly vulnerable; default expected to be a virtual certainty |

Source: Standard \& Poor's

## S\&P 500

S\&P 400
S\&P 600

## Communication Services






Health Care


## S\&P 500

S\&P 400
S\&P 600
Industrials


Information Technology


Materials


## Real Estate



Utilities


The cost of borrowing for a company reflects the risk of repayment perceived by lenders, and the term and structure of borrowings. The effective interest rate for the peer companies provides an important benchmark for directors to evaluate the current and prospective borrowing cost for their family business.

Exhibit 6.6 illustrates the calculation of effective interest rate for the peer group:
Exhibit 6.6 :: Calculation of Effective Interest Rate

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Effective Interest Rate }=\frac{2018 \text { Interest Expense }}{2018 \text { Average Interest Bearing Debt }} \\
5.40 \%=\frac{\$ 4}{\$ 69}
\end{gathered}
$$

When evaluating effective interest rate, family business directors should consider the following questions:

- What is our current mix of fixed-rate and floating-rate obligations? Have we considered the desirability of hedges against changing market interest rates?
- What is the remaining term on our borrowings?
- Are there attractive refinancing options available that could reduce our effective interest rate? Are there prepayment penalties or other provisions that limit our ability to refinance?
- What strategies are available to reduce the risk profile of our family business from the perspective of lenders?

Table 6.6 :: Effective Interest Expense

|  |  | S\&P 500 Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400 <br> Mid Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 600 <br> Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Effective Int. Rate | Count | Effective <br> Int. Rate | Count | Effective Int. Rate |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 4.9\% |  | 7.1\% |  | 7.5\% |
|  | Median | 21 | 4.6\% | 11 | 6.3\% | 13 | 6.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.8\% |  | 5.0\% |  | 4.5\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 4.9\% |  | 5.7\% |  | 7.2\% |
|  | Median | 61 | 3.8\% | 55 | 5.1\% | 75 | 5.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.2\% |  | 3.9\% |  | 3.5\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 4.0\% |  | 5.4\% |  | 6.2\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 3.7\% | 12 | 4.4\% | 19 | 4.8\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.0\% |  | 4.0\% |  | 4.2\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 5.1\% |  | 6.5\% |  | 9.0\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 4.7\% | 24 | 6.1\% | 33 | 7.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.6\% |  | 5.1\% |  | 6.3\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 4.1\% |  | 6.2\% |  | 7.8\% |
|  | Median | 59 | 3.6\% | 29 | 5.2\% | 57 | 6.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.1\% |  | 4.3\% |  | 4.5\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 4.5\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 6.1\% |
|  | Median | 67 | 3.7\% | 60 | 4.1\% | 84 | 4.8\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.4\% |  | 3.4\% |  | 4.0\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 4.5\% |  | 6.3\% |  | 7.0\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 3.6\% | 46 | 5.1\% | 70 | 4.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.0\% |  | 4.2\% |  | 3.9\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 4.5\% |  | 5.2\% |  | 7.0\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 4.0\% | 29 | 4.7\% | 31 | 5.4\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.5\% |  | 4.3\% |  | 4.4\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 4.2\% |  | 4.8\% |  | 4.6\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 3.9\% | 36 | 4.1\% | 37 | 4.3\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.4\% |  | 3.5\% |  | 3.8\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 4.6\% |  | 4.9\% |  | 5.3\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 4.3\% | 16 | 4.5\% | 7 | 4.7\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 4.1\% |  | 4.1\% |  | 4.0\% |

# Chapter 7 :: Weighted Average Cost of Capital 

## INTRODUCTION

The weighted average cost of capital (WACC) is a critical component in the dividend policy, capital structure, and capital budgeting decisions family business directors are called upon to make on behalf of family shareholders. The weighted average cost of capital is the blended (after-tax) cost of funds from shareholders and lenders. As such, it is an estimate of the returns available to capital providers from investments of comparable risk, and serves as the appropriate hurdle rate for making capital budgeting and related dividend policy decisions. In this chapter, we present data that sheds light on the weighted average cost of capital for our benchmarking population.

- Table 7.1 - Beta. The cost of equity capital (a significant component of the WACC) is not directly observable. The most common economic model for estimating the cost of equity relies on a measure of systematic risk for the subject company, referred to as beta.
- Table 7.2 - Estimated Cost of Equity (CAPM). Based on observed betas and size factors, we estimate the cost of equity for the peer companies using the size-adjusted capital asset pricing model.
- Table 7.3 - Estimated WACC (Build-Up Approach). The build-up approach to estimating the WACC for a subject company consists of estimating the costs of equity and debt capital, respectively, and then weighing those estimates in proportion to the prevailing capital structure.
- Table 7.4 - Enterprise Value / Trailing Revenue. Although the WACC of a company is not directly observable, valuation multiples can provide perspective on market return expectations. The ratio of enterprise value to trailing revenue can be especially useful for companies with atypical profit margins.
- Table 7.5 - Enterprise Value / Trailing EBITDA. The EBITDA multiple is the most commonly cited valuation multiple for middle market operating companies. EBITDA multiples reflect market participant expectations regarding risk, growth, and cash flow conversion.
- Table 7.6 - Market Value of Total Capital / Invested Capital - Comparing the market value of total capital to invested capital reveals the degree to which the market believes that management's stewardship of invested capital has created value.
- Table 7.7 - Estimated WACC (Supply-Side Approach). In contrast to the build-up approach, the supply-side approach infers a company's WACC by comparing the current market value of the company to expected future enterprise cash flows.

The weighted average cost of capital reflects the blended cost of debt and equity capital. Market bond yields provide a reasonably reliable market-derived estimate of the cost of debt capital. A reliable estimate of the cost of equity is more elusive. The economic model for estimating the cost of equity capital for public companies favored by most observers is the Size-Adjusted Capital Asset Pricing Model, (CAPM), summarized in Exhibit 7.1a.

Exhibit 7.1a :: Size-Adjusted Capital Asset Pricing Model

$$
k_{e}=R F R+[\beta \times E R P]+S P
$$

where:
$k_{e}=$ Cost of Equity Capital
RFR = Risk-Free Rate
$\beta=$ Beta
$E R P=$ Equity Risk Premium
SP = Size Premium

The only component of the CAPM that is specific to the subject company is beta. Beta is a measure of systematic risk. Under modern portfolio theory, systematic risk is relevant to investors because it cannot be mitigated through diversification. Beta can be interpreted as the expected movement in the price of an individual security relative to changes in the market as a whole, as depicted in Exhibit 7.1b:

## Exhibit 7.1b :: Size-Adjusted Capital Asset Pricing Model



For companies having betas less than 1.0, stock returns are expected to be less volatile than corresponding market moves, while betas greater than 1.0 signal an expectation of return volatility in excess of market levels.

Directors should assess the risk of their public company relative to the companies comprising their peer group to determine whether the beta applicable to their family business should be above or below the observed betas for the peer companies

- Does our family business operate in a cyclical or counter-cyclical industry?
- Does our capital structure include more or less debt than the peer companies?

| Table 7.1 :: Beta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 500 \\ \text { Large Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | S\&P 400 Mid Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 600Small Cap Stocks |  |
|  |  | Count | 5 Year Beta | Count | 5 Year | Count | 5 Year |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 1.33 |  | 1.17 |  | 1.27 |
|  | Median | 22 | 1.06 | 12 | 1.05 | 16 | 0.92 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.76 |  | 0.92 |  | 0.68 |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 1.26 |  | 1.33 |  | 1.32 |
|  | Median | 64 | 1.00 | 58 | 0.93 | 94 | 0.96 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.67 |  | 0.58 |  | 0.60 |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 0.76 |  | 0.66 |  | 1.20 |
|  | Median | 33 | 0.62 | 14 | 0.56 | 20 | 0.85 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.40 |  | 0.45 |  | 0.48 |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 1.44 |  | 2.11 |  | 2.29 |
|  | Median | 30 | 1.18 | 25 | 1.57 | 37 | 1.46 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.95 |  | 1.10 |  | 0.93 |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 1.20 |  | 1.38 |  | 1.58 |
|  | Median | 62 | 1.05 | 34 | 1.19 | 70 | 1.19 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.84 |  | 0.92 |  | 0.72 |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 1.34 |  | 1.54 |  | 1.67 |
|  | Median | 69 | 1.18 | 60 | 1.31 | 98 | 1.38 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.00 |  | 1.09 |  | 0.99 |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 1.40 |  | 1.51 |  | 1.42 |
|  | Median | 68 | 1.13 | 54 | 1.20 | 90 | 1.16 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.94 |  | 0.86 |  | 0.82 |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 1.48 |  | 1.53 |  | 1.88 |
|  | Median | 25 | 1.16 | 29 | 1.33 | 32 | 1.57 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.90 |  | 0.99 |  | 1.18 |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 0.86 |  | 1.08 |  | 1.21 |
|  | Median | 32 | 0.63 | 36 | 0.85 | 38 | 0.94 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.48 |  | 0.68 |  | 0.74 |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 0.37 |  | 0.49 |  | 0.46 |
|  | Median | 27 | 0.28 | 16 | 0.36 | 7 | 0.39 |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.17 |  | 0.26 |  | 0.30 |

We use the size-adjusted capital asset pricing model (Exhibit 7.1a) to estimate the cost of equity for each of the companies in our peer universe. We applied the following parameters in our application of the CAPM.

- Risk-Free Rate (RFR). We use the yield to maturity on 20 -year U.S. Treasury bonds, which was $2.87 \%$ at December 31, 2018.
- Beta. We use the observed beta for each company, as presented in Table 7.1.
- Equity Risk Premium (ERP). The market risk premium measures the incremental return expected on a market portfolio of equity securities over the risk-free rate. The market risk premium is not directly observable, and most academic studies suggest that the equity risk premium is on the order of $4.0 \%$ to $7.0 \%$. We assume an equity risk premium of $5.5 \%$.
- Size Premium (SP). Realized investment returns have historically been higher for smaller public companies. We apply the size premiums listed in Exhibit 7.2 based on the equity market capitalization of each company.

Exhibit 7.2 :: Size Premiums Applied in CAPM

| Size <br> Decile | Minimum <br> Market Cap <br> \$millions | Size <br> Premium |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | $\$ 29,429$ | $-0.30 \%$ |
| 2 | $\$ 13,513$ | $0.52 \%$ |
| 3 | $\$ 7,276$ | $0.81 \%$ |
| 4 | $\$ 4,504$ | $0.85 \%$ |
| 5 | $\$ 2,996$ | $1.28 \%$ |
| 6 | $\$ 1,962$ | $1.50 \%$ |
| 7 | $\$ 1,293$ | $1.58 \%$ |
| 8 | $\$ 730$ | $1.80 \%$ |
| 9 | $\$ 325$ | $2.46 \%$ |
| 10 | $\$ 0$ | $5.22 \%$ |

Source: Duff \& Phelps Cost of Capital Navigator

When evaluating the overall cost of equity capital, family business directors should consider the following:

- How do the indicated costs for the peer companies compare to the expected returns on the part of our family shareholders?
- How do the indicated costs for the peer companies compare to the historical returns provided to our family shareholders? What are the sources of the variance?
- How do we communicate return expectations to our family shareholders?
- What, if any, premium to the CAPM-indicated return should our family shareholders expect because of risk differences between our family business and the public peer companies?

|  |  | S\&P 500Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400Mid Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S\&P } 600 \\ & \text { mall Cap Stocks } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Cost of Equity (CAPM) | Count | st of Equity (CAPM) | Count | st of Equity (CAPM) |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 10.4\% |  | 10.5\% |  | 12.7\% |
|  | Median | 22 | 9.0\% | 12 | 10.0\% | 16 | 11.4\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 7.5\% |  | 9.4\% |  | 8.4\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 10.1\% |  | 11.8\% |  | 12.6\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 8.8\% | 58 | 9.3\% | 94 | 10.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 6.8\% |  | 7.3\% |  | 8.1\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 7.6\% |  | 7.7\% |  | 11.6\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 6.4\% | 14 | 7.2\% | 20 | 9.3\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 5.0\% |  | 6.5\% |  | 7.9\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 11.6\% |  | 16.0\% |  | 17.6\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 9.8\% | 25 | 13.3\% | 37 | 14.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 8.0\% |  | 10.4\% |  | 10.6\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 10.0\% |  | 11.7\% |  | 13.3\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 8.7\% | 34 | 10.4\% | 70 | 11.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 7.4\% |  | 9.0\% |  | 8.9\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 10.7\% |  | 12.6\% |  | 13.9\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 9.7\% | 60 | 11.4\% | 98 | 12.4\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 8.7\% |  | 9.7\% |  | 10.2\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 10.8\% |  | 12.2\% |  | 12.9\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 9.4\% | 54 | 10.7\% | 90 | 11.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 8.5\% |  | 8.9\% |  | 9.2\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 11.6\% |  | 12.9\% |  | 15.4\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 9.9\% | 29 | 11.5\% | 32 | 13.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 7.9\% |  | 9.3\% |  | 11.5\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 8.2\% |  | 10.1\% |  | 11.5\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 6.8\% | 36 | 8.8\% | 38 | 10.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 6.1\% |  | 7.8\% |  | 8.4\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 5.3\% |  | 6.7\% |  | 7.0\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 4.8\% | 16 | 6.1\% | 7 | 6.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 4.1\% |  | 5.6\% |  | 5.9\% |

Under the build-up approach, we use the estimated cost of debt and equity capital to derive the weighted average cost of capital, as illustrated in Exhibit 7.3a:

## Exhibit 7.3a :: Estimated WACC (Build-Up Approach)

$$
W A C C=\left(k_{e} \times w_{e}\right)+\left(k_{d} \times w_{d}\right)
$$

where:
$k_{e}=$ Cost of Equity Capital
$w_{e}=$ Proportion of Equity in Capital Structure (at market)
$k_{d}=$ Cost of Debt Capital
$w_{d}=$ Proportion of Debt in Capital Structure (at market)

We estimate the cost of debt relative to the subject company's issuer credit rating (Table 6.5). Exhibit 7.3b summarizes the pre-tax and after-tax costs of debt capital corresponding to each credit rating. We have assumed an effective blended (state \& federal) tax rate of $26 \%$ for all companies.

Exhibit 7.3b :: Cost of Debt Capital

| Issuer <br> Credit <br> Rating | Pre-tax <br> Cost | After-tax <br> Cost |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| AAA | $3.53 \%$ | $2.61 \%$ |
| AA | $3.51 \%$ | $2.60 \%$ |
| A | $3.90 \%$ | $2.89 \%$ |
| BBB | $4.69 \%$ | $3.47 \%$ |
| BB | $6.18 \%$ | $4.57 \%$ |
| B | $8.28 \%$ | $6.13 \%$ |
| CCC or below | $13.55 \%$ | $10.03 \%$ |

Source: Pre-tax yields as of December 31, 2018
(Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis)

Family business directors should consider the following questions regarding the weighted average cost of capital:

- How do the WACC estimates for the peer companies compare to the hurdle rate we use for capital budgeting?
- Would a shift in our target capital structure be likely to impact the overall weighted average cost of capital for our family business?

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400Mid Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 600 \\ \text { Small Cap Stocks } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | WACC <br> (Build-Up) | Count | WACC <br> (Build-Up) | Count | $\begin{gathered} \text { WACC } \\ \text { (Build-Up) } \end{gathered}$ |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 8.9\% |  | 9.5\% |  | 11.0\% |
|  | Median | 22 | 7.6\% | 12 | 8.7\% | 16 | 8.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 6.5\% |  | 7.3\% |  | 7.3\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 8.5\% |  | 9.0\% |  | 10.3\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 7.5\% | 58 | 7.9\% | 92 | 8.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 6.1\% |  | 6.7\% |  | 7.3\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 6.3\% |  | 7.1\% |  | 9.1\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 5.4\% | 14 | 6.3\% | 20 | 8.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 4.8\% |  | 6.0\% |  | 7.1\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 8.7\% |  | 10.3\% |  | 12.0\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 8.0\% | 25 | 9.0\% | 37 | 9.1\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 6.9\% |  | 7.6\% |  | 7.3\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 8.5\% |  | 10.1\% |  | 11.7\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 7.5\% | 34 | 9.5\% | 70 | 10.1\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 6.7\% |  | 7.8\% |  | 8.0\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 9.4\% |  | 10.4\% |  | 11.7\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 8.6\% | 60 | 9.7\% | 97 | 10.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 7.5\% |  | 8.3\% |  | 8.8\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 9.5\% |  | 10.9\% |  | 11.7\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 8.7\% | 54 | 9.6\% | 90 | 9.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 7.8\% |  | 7.8\% |  | 8.9\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 9.3\% |  | 10.0\% |  | 11.6\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 8.1\% | 29 | 8.6\% | 32 | 10.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 7.1\% |  | 8.0\% |  | 8.9\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 6.7\% |  | 7.7\% |  | 8.5\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 5.8\% | 36 | 6.8\% | 38 | 7.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 5.2\% |  | 6.0\% |  | 6.3\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 4.5\% |  | 5.8\% |  | 5.9\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 4.1\% | 15 | 5.1\% | 7 | 5.8\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.7\% |  | 5.0\% |  | 4.8\% |

Since the WACC is not directly observable, it can be helpful to asses other market-derived data points to evaluate the WACC. Valuation multiples provide a composite view of how market participants evaluate a company along multiple axes, including the WACC. All else equal, higher valuation multiples correspond to lower WACCs.

For multiples of trailing revenue and EBITDA, we use enterprise value as the numerator. Enterprise value is equal to the market value of total capital less cash \& equivalents, as indicated in Exhibit 7.4a.

## Exhibit 7.4a :: Measuring Enterprise Value

| Common Shares Outstanding | 37.0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| times: Current Market Price | $\$ 43.68$ |
| Market Value of Common Equity | $\$ 1,614$ |
| plus: Book Value of Interest-Bearing Debt | 77 |
| plus: Book Value of Preferred Equity | 0 |
| plus: Book Value of Noncontrolling Interests | 0 |
| Market Value of Total Capital | $\$ 1,691$ |
| less: Cash \& Equivalents | $(46)$ |
| Enterprise Value | $\$ 1,646$ |

Revenue multiples are positively related to the profitability of the subject company. In other words, a dollar of revenue that creates more profitability will be worth more.

We calculate revenue multiples as illustrated in Exhibit 7.4b.
Exhibit 7.4b :: Calculating the Revenue Multiple

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Revenue Multiple }=\frac{\text { Dec18 Enterprise Value }}{2018 \text { Revenue }} \\
0.75 x=\frac{\$ 1,646}{\$ 2,183}
\end{gathered}
$$

Observed revenue multiples reflect the following market assessments of the peer companies:

- Weighted Average Cost of Capital. What is the relative riskiness of the subject company?
- Profitability. How much EBITDA does each dollar of revenue generate?
- Cash Flow Conversion. How much net operating cash flow comes from each dollar of EBITDA?
- Growth Prospects: How fast are operating cash flows expected to grow from the current base?


EBITDA multiples are commonly referenced by market participants, investment bankers, and lenders. EBITDA is generally viewed as a readily calculated proxy for cash flow available to capital providers. As with revenue multiples, higher EBITDA multiples correspond to lower WACCs, all else equal.

Exhibit 7.5 depicts our calculation of the EBITDA multiple for our peer universe:
Exhibit 7.5 :: Calculating the EBITDA Multiple

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { EBITDA Multiple } & =\frac{\text { Dec18 Enterprise Value }}{2018 \text { EBITDA }} \\
8.6 x & =\frac{\$ 1,646}{\$ 192}
\end{aligned}
$$

Observed EBITDA multiples reflect the following market assessments of the peer companies:

- Weighted Average Cost of Capital. What is the relative riskiness of the subject company?
- Cash Flow Conversion. How much net operating cash flow comes from each dollar of EBITDA?
- Growth Prospects: How fast are operating cash flows expected to grow from the current base?

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 500 \\ \text { Large Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 400 \\ \text { Mid Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | S\&P 600 <br> Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{EV} / \\ \text { EBITDA } \end{gathered}$ | Count | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{EV} / \mathrm{I} \\ \text { EBITDA } \end{gathered}$ | Count | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{EV} / \bar{\prime} \\ \text { EBITDA } \end{gathered}$ |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 22 | $\begin{array}{r} 16.6 \mathrm{x} \\ 10.5 \mathrm{x} \\ 8.3 \mathrm{x} \end{array}$ | 12 | $\begin{array}{r} 20.6 x \\ 10.8 x \\ 7.8 x \end{array}$ | 16 | $\begin{array}{r} 24.9 x \\ 9.0 x \\ 6.6 x \end{array}$ |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 64 | $\begin{array}{r} 15.2 \mathrm{x} \\ 11.8 \mathrm{x} \\ 7.9 \mathrm{x} \end{array}$ | 58 | $\begin{array}{r} 12.3 x \\ 9.3 x \\ 6.3 x \end{array}$ | 93 | $\begin{array}{r} 10.6 x \\ 7.9 x \\ 4.3 x \end{array}$ |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 33 | $\begin{aligned} & 16.5 x \\ & 13.3 x \\ & 10.7 x \end{aligned}$ | 14 | $\begin{array}{r} 17.3 \mathrm{x} \\ 11.6 \mathrm{x} \\ 8.9 \mathrm{x} \end{array}$ | 20 | $\begin{array}{r} 17.8 \mathrm{x} \\ 10.1 \mathrm{x} \\ 8.2 \mathrm{x} \end{array}$ |
| Energy | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 30 | $\begin{aligned} & 9.3 x \\ & 6.6 x \\ & 4.9 x \end{aligned}$ | 25 | $\begin{array}{r} 11.3 \mathrm{x} \\ 5.4 \mathrm{x} \\ 4.4 \mathrm{x} \end{array}$ | 37 | $\begin{aligned} & 8.0 x \\ & 4.4 x \\ & 3.0 x \end{aligned}$ |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 62 | $\begin{aligned} & 20.7 x \\ & 14.4 x \\ & 10.5 x \end{aligned}$ | 34 | $\begin{aligned} & 23.7 x \\ & 16.1 x \\ & 11.0 x \end{aligned}$ | 70 | $\begin{array}{r} 20.9 x \\ 14.5 x \\ 9.4 x \end{array}$ |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 69 | $\begin{array}{r} 14.5 \mathrm{x} \\ 12.5 \mathrm{x} \\ 9.4 \mathrm{x} \end{array}$ | 60 | $\begin{array}{r} 13.5 \mathrm{x} \\ 10.1 \mathrm{x} \\ 8.0 \mathrm{x} \end{array}$ | 96 | $\begin{array}{r} 12.2 x \\ 9.6 x \\ 7.7 x \end{array}$ |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 68 | $\begin{array}{r} 22.1 \mathrm{x} \\ 15.9 \mathrm{x} \\ 9.5 \mathrm{x} \end{array}$ | 54 | $\begin{aligned} & 24.3 x \\ & 13.2 x \\ & 10.1 x \end{aligned}$ | 90 | $\begin{array}{r} 17.2 \mathrm{x} \\ 10.6 \mathrm{x} \\ 7.0 \mathrm{x} \end{array}$ |
| Materials | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 25 | $\begin{array}{r} 14.4 \mathrm{x} \\ 9.6 \mathrm{x} \\ 6.6 \mathrm{x} \end{array}$ | 29 | $\begin{array}{r} 11.3 \mathrm{x} \\ 8.5 \mathrm{x} \\ 6.4 \mathrm{x} \end{array}$ | 32 | $\begin{array}{r} 11.4 \mathrm{x} \\ 8.4 \mathrm{x} \\ 6.0 \mathrm{x} \end{array}$ |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 32 | $\begin{aligned} & 24.0 x \\ & 22.7 x \\ & 19.3 x \end{aligned}$ | 36 | $\begin{aligned} & 21.4 x \\ & 16.5 x \\ & 12.7 x \end{aligned}$ | 37 | $\begin{aligned} & 20.1 \mathrm{x} \\ & 17.0 \mathrm{x} \\ & 12.4 \mathrm{x} \end{aligned}$ |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile Median 25th Percentile | 27 | $\begin{aligned} & 14.4 \mathrm{x} \\ & 12.9 \mathrm{x} \\ & 10.6 \mathrm{x} \end{aligned}$ | 15 | $\begin{aligned} & 14.0 x \\ & 13.0 x \\ & 11.3 x \end{aligned}$ | 7 | $\begin{aligned} & 17.0 \mathrm{x} \\ & 15.3 \mathrm{x} \\ & 12.0 \mathrm{x} \end{aligned}$ |

Invested capital multiples reveal the extent to which management's allocation of the capital provided by shareholders and lenders has created value. If the return on invested capital is expected to remain persistently below the WACC, the market value of total capital will be less than invested capital (multiple of less than 1.0x). A valuation multiple greater than 1.0 ox signals that market participants expect ROIC to exceed the WACC.

Exhibit 7.6 summarizes the calculation of the invested capital multiple.
Exhibit 7.6 :: Calculating the Invested Capital Multiple

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Invested Capital Multiple }=\frac{\text { Dec } 18 \text { Market Value of Total Capital }}{\text { Dec18 Invested Capital }} \\
2.94 x=\frac{\$ 1,691}{\$ 575}
\end{gathered}
$$

Observed invested capital multiples reflect the following market assessments of the peer companies:

- Weighted Average Cost of Capital. What is the relative riskiness of the subject company?
- Capital Efficiency. How much revenue does each dollar of invested capital generate?
- Profitability: How much NOPAT is derived from each dollar of revenue?

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400 <br> Mid Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 600Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MVTC / |  | MVTC / |  | MVTC / |  |
|  |  | Count | IC | Count | IC | Count | IC |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 3.80x |  | 3.74 x |  | 2.65x |
|  | Median | 22 | 2.15x | 12 | 1.79x | 16 | 1.29x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.41x |  | 1.44x |  | 1.00x |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 4.61x |  | 3.36 x |  | $2.45 x$ |
|  | Median | 64 | 2.51x | 58 | $2.06 x$ | 93 | 1.43 x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.54x |  | 1.36 x |  | 0.95x |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 5.37x |  | 2.98x |  | 3.64x |
|  | Median | 33 | 3.18x | 14 | 2.41x | 20 | 2.01x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.59x |  | 1.52x |  | 1.04x |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 1.54x |  | 1.11 x |  | 1.07x |
|  | Median | 30 | 1.27x | 25 | 0.91x | 37 | 0.85x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.07x |  | 0.69x |  | 0.62x |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 4.39x |  | 4.32x |  | $3.75 x$ |
|  | Median | 62 | 2.84x | 34 | 2.48x | 70 | 2.54x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.02x |  | 1.36x |  | 1.65x |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 3.94x |  | 2.90x |  | 2.31x |
|  | Median | 69 | $2.75 x$ | 60 | 1.83x | 96 | 1.68x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.84x |  | $1.33 x$ |  | $1.25 x$ |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 7.43x |  | $3.76 x$ |  | 2.59x |
|  | Median | 68 | 4.09x | 54 | 2.15x | 90 | 1.85x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.61x |  | 1.39x |  | 1.29 x |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 2.64x |  | 2.38 x |  | 1.72x |
|  | Median | 25 | 1.98x | 29 | 1.54x | 32 | 1.28x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.51x |  | 1.24x |  | 1.11x |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 2.30x |  | 1.74x |  | 1.69x |
|  | Median | 32 | 1.79x | 36 | 1.50x | 38 | 1.24x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.62x |  | 1.34 x |  | $1.03 x$ |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 1.61x |  | 1.66x |  | 1.86x |
|  | Median | 27 | 1.50x | 15 | 1.59x | 7 | 1.46x |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.33 x |  | 1.49 x |  | 1.37x |

The weighted average cost of capital is the discount rate that equates the expected future enterprise cash flows to the current enterprise value. For the peer companies, the current enterprise value is known, and consensus analyst estimates are available with which one can construct a forecast of expected future enterprise cash flows. The supply-side approach infers the WACC for a company by comparing the current enterprise value with expected future enterprise cash flows, as indicated in Exhibit 7.7a.

## Exhibit 7.7a :: Estimating the WACC (Supply-Side Approach)

$$
E V=\frac{C F_{2019}}{(1+W A C C)^{1}}+\frac{C F_{2020}}{(1+W A C C)^{2}}+\cdots+\frac{C F_{n}}{(1+W A C C)^{n}}
$$

We use a two stage discounted cash flow model, with a discrete cash flow forecast for the first five years (2019 through 2023), and a constant inflationary long-term growth rate thereafter. We use consensus analyst estimates of operating income (EBIT), depreciation \& amortization, and capital expenditures for 2019 and 2020 as the base of our discrete cash flow forecast. From 2021 to 2023, we assume cash flow growth moderates to a long-term inflationary rate.

Exhibit 7.7b depicts our calculation of enterprise cash flow:
Exhibit 7.7b :: Calculating Enterprise Cash Flow

| Operating Income (EBIT) | $\$ 149$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| less: Pro Forma Taxes | $26.0 \%$ |
| Net Operating Profit After Tax (NOPAT) | $\$ 110$ |
| plus: Depreciation \& Amortization | 43 |
| less: Capital Expenditures | $(27)$ |
| less: Incremental Working Capital | $(21)$ |
| Enterprise Cash Flow | $\$ 105$ |

We estimate incremental working capital needs based on the historical relationship of net working capital to revenue for the subject company.

The following questions are important when evaluating the weighted average cost of capital:

- How do the WACC estimates for the peer companies compare to the hurdle rate we use for capital budgeting?
- Would a shift in our target capital structure be likely to impact the overall weighted average cost of capital for our family business?

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400 <br> Mid Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { S\&P } \\ \text { Small } \mathbf{C a} \end{array}$ | $600$ <br> p Stocks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | WACC (Supply-Side) | Count | WACC (Supply-Side) | Count | WACC (Supply-Side) |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 10.5\% |  | 11.4\% |  | 8.0\% |
|  | Median | 22 | 8.9\% | 12 | 7.6\% | 15 | 5.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 5.8\% |  | 6.8\% |  | 4.1\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 9.5\% |  | 10.6\% |  | 11.0\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 7.3\% | 57 | 8.4\% | 85 | 7.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 6.3\% |  | 6.5\% |  | 5.3\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 7.6\% |  | 8.6\% |  | 6.3\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 6.7\% | 14 | 7.0\% | 18 | 4.1\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 5.8\% |  | 5.2\% |  | 1.7\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 10.0\% |  | 11.1\% |  | 10.6\% |
|  | Median | 29 | 7.5\% | 18 | 5.9\% | 34 | 8.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 5.4\% |  | 4.8\% |  | 5.8\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 10.1\% |  | 8.9\% |  | 8.8\% |
|  | Median | 61 | 7.4\% | 34 | 7.2\% | 60 | 5.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 4.1\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 7.3\% |  | 10.6\% |  | 8.7\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 5.9\% | 55 | 9.1\% | 95 | 6.7\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 4.7\% |  | 6.8\% |  | 5.3\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 7.9\% |  | 11.9\% |  | 9.5\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 5.5\% | 53 | 8.8\% | 81 | 6.3\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 4.2\% |  | 6.0\% |  | 3.4\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 7.4\% |  | 10.5\% |  | 9.6\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 6.0\% | 28 | 7.9\% | 32 | 8.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 4.4\% |  | 7.2\% |  | 6.2\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | nm |  | nm |  | nm |
|  | Median | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | nm |  | nm |  | nm |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | nm |  | nm |  | nm |
|  | Median | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | nm |  | nm |  | nm |

## Chapter 8 :: Dividend Policy \& Share Repurchases

## INTRODUCTION

The most transparent measure of corporate performance for family shareholders is the payment of dividends. Financial reports may or may not get read, but dividend checks always get cashed.

One of the most challenging decisions facing directors is determining what portion of family business earnings should be reinvested to support future growth and what portion should be distributed to family shareholders. The benchmarking data presented in this chapter provides important market perspective to assist family business directors in these deliberations.

- Table 8.1 - Dividend Payout Ratio. The dividend payout ratio is the most basic expression of the inherent tension between reinvestment and distribution, or capital appreciation and current income.
- Table 8.2 - Changes in Per Share Dividend. Shareholder prefer dividends that are stable and, preferably, growing. We examine the change in per share dividend to assess the degree to which companies are able to meet this demand.
- Table 8.3 - Aggregate Payout Ratio. Since shareholders crave dividend stability, public companies often prefer to use share repurchases as a second means of distributing cash to shareholders without necessarily creating the expectation of continued payment.
- Table 8.4 - Dividends Compared to Share Repurchases. Finally, we examine the relative magnitude of dividend payments and share repurchases as means of distributing cash to shareholders.

The dividend payout ratio compares the aggregate dividend paid by a company to net income for the corresponding period. The dividend payout ratio reveals how directors balance the availability of attractive investment opportunities with shareholder preferences for current income.

Exhibit 8.1 depicts our calculation of dividend payout ratio:
Exhibit 8.1 :: Calculating the Dividend Payout Ratio

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Dividend Payout Ratio }=\frac{2018 \text { Dividends Paid }}{2018 \text { Net Income }} \\
10.9 \%=\frac{\$ 12}{\$ 113}
\end{gathered}
$$

Family business directors should consider the following when evaluation the dividend payout ratio:

- If our dividend payout ratio is above or below the peer group, does the variance correspond to our assessment of the availability of attractive investment opportunities?
- When we retain earnings, are those funds invested in productive assets or do they accumulate in low-yielding assets?
- Are the most attractive investment opportunities for our family business relate to geographic expansion, enhancing productive capacity, promoting efficiency, or diversifying operations?
- What are the expectations / desires of our family shareholders regarding dividends? Do dividends provide a source of wealth accumulation for family members, or are dividends essential to meeting living expenses?

|  |  | S\&P 500Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400Mid Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 600 <br> Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Dividend Payout Ratio | Count | Dividend Payout Ratio | Count | Dividend Payout Ratio |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 22.6\% |  | 39.9\% |  | 104.7\% |
|  | Median | 22 | 0.0\% | 12 | 17.9\% | 16 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | -15.3\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 45.5\% |  | 31.9\% |  | 32.7\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 29.2\% | 58 | 12.1\% | 93 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 57.3\% |  | 44.5\% |  | 46.6\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 39.4\% | 14 | 11.8\% | 20 | 17.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 23.5\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 64.0\% |  | 7.3\% |  | 0.0\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 21.5\% | 25 | 0.0\% | 37 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 4.5\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 28.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 0.0\% | 34 | 0.0\% | 70 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 41.7\% |  | 31.7\% |  | 25.8\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 29.6\% | 60 | 18.4\% | 96 | 10.1\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 18.3\% |  | 4.4\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 43.4\% |  | 23.4\% |  | 6.9\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 21.5\% | 54 | 0.0\% | 90 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 49.2\% |  | 50.4\% |  | 31.9\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 33.1\% | 29 | 34.3\% | 32 | 5.8\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 24.8\% |  | 14.9\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 174.1\% |  | 196.6\% |  | 250.4\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 119.2\% | 36 | 131.5\% | 38 | 116.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 91.3\% |  | 88.3\% |  | 71.0\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 71.3\% |  | 65.0\% |  | 75.7\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 61.6\% | 15 | 55.4\% | 7 | 68.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 55.8\% |  | 49.8\% |  | 64.2\% |

In our experience, when it comes to dividends, family shareholders crave predictability above all else. Close behind, however, is the desire for the dividend stream to grow over time. The tradeoff between the amount of dividends paid today and the growth of that dividend stream over time is critical for both directors and family shareholders to understand.

We calculate the change in per share dividends as shown in Exhibit 8.2:
Exhibit 8.2 :: Calculating the Change in Per Share Dividends

$$
\begin{aligned}
\Delta \text { in Per Share Dividends } & =\frac{2018 \text { Dividend per Share }-2017 \text { Dividend per Share }}{2017 \text { Dividend per Share }} \\
11.9 \% & =\frac{\$ 0.33-\$ 0.30}{\$ 0.30}
\end{aligned}
$$

When evaluating the change in per share dividends, family business directors should consider the following questions:

- What long-term growth in dividend per share will be necessary to preserve the real purchasing power of our dividends on a per capita basis?
- Does the family business have opportunities to reinvest earnings at attractive risk-adjusted returns, or would family shareholders be better off pursuing their own reinvestment opportunities through a larger dividend payment?

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 500 \\ \text { Large Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | S\&P 400 <br> Mid Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 600 <br> Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\Delta$ Per Share |  | $\triangle$ Per Share |  | $\Delta$ Per Share |  |
|  |  | Count |  | Count | Dividend |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  |  |  | 7.7\% |  | 5.9\% |  | 4.2\% |
|  | Median | 22 | 2.1\% | 12 | 3.2\% | 16 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 18.3\% |  | 19.7\% |  | 22.9\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 9.2\% | 58 | 12.0\% | 93 | 5.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.3\% |  | 5.8\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 12.4\% |  | 10.9\% |  | 25.7\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 7.6\% | 14 | 7.4\% | 20 | 9.1\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.1\% |  | 4.5\% |  | 3.1\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 36.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 13.3\% | 25 | 0.0\% | 37 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.5\% |  | 0.0\% |  | -75.0\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 13.8\% |  | 10.4\% |  | 5.6\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 7.9\% | 34 | 7.5\% | 70 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.3\% |  | 4.6\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 16.9\% |  | 14.0\% |  | 10.7\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 10.0\% | 60 | 7.8\% | 96 | 3.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 4.4\% |  | 2.6\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 23.7\% |  | 28.6\% |  | 11.7\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 13.3\% | 54 | 9.5\% | 90 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 7.8\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 13.1\% |  | 9.2\% |  | 10.1\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 8.2\% | 29 | 4.8\% | 32 | 3.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 8.1\% |  | 6.2\% |  | 4.8\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 5.6\% | 36 | 3.8\% | 38 | 1.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.8\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 8.4\% |  | 7.3\% |  | 6.7\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 6.1\% | 15 | 6.4\% | 7 | 4.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.9\% |  | 3.9\% |  | 3.3\% |

In addition to dividend payments, public companies often use share repurchases to return cash to shareholders. Whereas dividend reductions are received as a negative signal by the market, public companies can be more tactical in their share repurchase strategy, increasing purchases when the share price is depressed and/or when alternative investment opportunities are scarce.

We calculate the aggregate payout ratio as indicated in Exhibit 8.3:

## Exhibit 8.3 :: Calculating the Aggregate Payout Ratio

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Aggregate Payout Ratio }=\frac{2018 \text { Dividends Paid }+2018 \text { Share Repurchases }}{2018 \text { Net Income }} \\
34.8 \%=\frac{\$ 12+\$ 27}{\$ 113}
\end{gathered}
$$

Family business directors should contemplate the following with regard to the aggregate payout ratio:

- Do we have a share redemption strategy? Would our family shareholders benefit from an ongoing share redemption program?
- At what "level of value" do we offer liquidity to family shareholders? Should selling shares in the family business be discouraged?
- Are periodic special dividends an appropriate mechanism for distributing "excess" cash flow to shareholders without creating the expectation that such dividends will persist?

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400 <br> Mid Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 600 <br> Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Aggregate Payout Ratio | Count | Aggregate Payout Ratio | Count | Aggregate Payout Ratio |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 75.2\% |  | 89.1\% |  | 267.0\% |
|  | Median | 22 | 45.3\% | 12 | 69.3\% | 16 | 57.3\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.2\% |  | 42.2\% |  | nm |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 133.0\% |  | 142.4\% |  | 107.9\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 91.0\% | 58 | 80.8\% | 93 | 51.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 45.0\% |  | 39.1\% |  | 1.5\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 101.8\% |  | 102.2\% |  | 66.4\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 68.8\% | 14 | 76.0\% | 20 | 20.7\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 46.1\% |  | 21.4\% |  | 1.2\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 124.4\% |  | 28.3\% |  | 12.0\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 69.5\% | 25 | 0.0\% | 37 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 6.7\% |  | nm |  | nm |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 105.9\% |  | 68.2\% |  | 24.4\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 64.5\% | 34 | 16.9\% | 70 | 2.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 13.8\% |  | 0.3\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 113.1\% |  | 94.4\% |  | 62.9\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 82.3\% | 60 | 74.9\% | 96 | 31.4\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 62.3\% |  | 30.6\% |  | 4.5\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 156.6\% |  | 186.9\% |  | 75.9\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 101.8\% | 54 | 74.3\% | 90 | 13.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 73.8\% |  | 30.3\% |  | nm |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 128.4\% |  | 113.2\% |  | 57.6\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 75.5\% | 29 | 74.0\% | 32 | 27.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 57.7\% |  | 46.3\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 214.2\% |  | 222.8\% |  | 264.4\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 132.4\% | 36 | 141.6\% | 38 | 153.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 99.4\% |  | 94.3\% |  | 81.6\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 82.8\% |  | 65.0\% |  | 81.8\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 62.0\% | 15 | 59.0\% | 7 | 68.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 57.8\% |  | 54.2\% |  | 64.2\% |

Finally, we present the mix of total shareholder cash flows for the peer companies. Exhibit 8.4 details the calculation of this ratio:

## Exhibit 8.4 :: Calculating Dividends as a Percentage of Total Shareholder Cash Flows

Dividends as \% of Shareholder Cash Flows $=\frac{2018 \text { Dividends Paid }}{2018 \text { Dividends Paid }+2018 \text { Share Repurchases }}$

$$
31.3 \%=\frac{\$ 12}{\$ 12+\$ 27}
$$

The following considerations are important when evaluating this metric:

- How do cash flow needs and preferences vary among our family shareholder base?
- Are there shareholders for whom share redemptions are more attractive than ongoing dividends?
- How do dividends and share repurchases influence estate planning objectives of individual family shareholders?

|  |  | S\&P 500Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400Mid Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 600 <br> Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Dividends \% Shareholder Cash Flow | Count | Dividends \% Shareholder Cash Flow | Count | Dividends \% Shareholder Cash Flow |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 97.8\% |  | 89.2\% |  | 96.4\% |
|  | Median | 22 | 48.5\% | 12 | 59.2\% | 16 | 86.7\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 36.1\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 48.1\% |  | 33.1\% |  | 49.1\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 28.5\% | 58 | 16.5\% | 93 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 10.5\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 87.0\% |  | 54.2\% |  | 95.0\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 66.4\% | 14 | 23.3\% | 20 | 75.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 44.8\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.3\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 87.2\% |  | 92.9\% |  | 0.0\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 42.9\% | 25 | 44.0\% | 37 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 20.8\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 38.1\% |  | 15.8\% |  | 0.0\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 20.8\% | 34 | 0.0\% | 70 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 55.9\% |  | 57.5\% |  | 80.7\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 38.0\% | 60 | 25.4\% | 96 | 31.4\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 22.5\% |  | 11.7\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 35.0\% |  | 186.9\% |  | 75.9\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 21.1\% | 54 | 74.3\% | 90 | 13.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 30.3\% |  | -0.4\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 66.1\% |  | 85.7\% |  | 97.3\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 45.6\% | 29 | 34.1\% | 32 | 72.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 30.1\% |  | 24.4\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 98.5\% | 36 | 98.7\% | 38 | 99.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 86.8\% |  | 95.2\% |  | 80.7\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 100.0\% | 15 | 98.3\% | 7 | 100.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 98.5\% |  | 94.6\% |  | 97.8\% |

## Chapter 9 :: Shareholder Returns

## INTRODUCTION

Family business directors are stewards of family wealth. Shareholder return is the most comprehensive measure of how successfully directors are discharging their fiduciary responsibilities. That said, shareholder returns are best judged on a relative, rather than absolute, basis. The data presented in this chapter is designed to allow family business directors to critically evaluate the shareholder returns generated by their family business compared to relevant peer benchmarks.

- Table 9.1 - Dividend Yield (Realized). There are two components of total shareholder return. The first component, dividend yield, represents the current income available for consumption or reinvestment elsewhere.
- Table 9.2 - Capital Appreciation. Capital appreciation is the second component of total shareholder return, representing the change in share value during the period. The capital appreciation component of total return is, by its nature, more volatile than dividend yield, as it is influenced by both company performance and external market factors (investor sentiment, interest rates, etc.).
- Table 9.3 - Total Shareholder Return. Total shareholder return is the sum of the realized dividend yield and capital appreciation.
- Table 9.4 - Dividend Yield (Prospective). The prospective dividend yield is calculated with reference to the end-of-year stock price and annualized dividends per share as of the end of the year.

Dividend yield is the current income component of total shareholder return. We calculate the realized dividend yield as shown in Exhibit 9.1.

## Exhibit 9.1 :: Calculating the Dividend Yield (Realized)

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Dividend Yield }(\text { Realized })=\frac{2018 \text { Dividends per Share }}{\text { Dec17 Share Price }} \\
0.76 \%=\frac{\$ 0.33}{\$ 43.65}
\end{gathered}
$$

Family business directors should evaluate dividend yield with respect to the following considerations:

- What are shareholder preferences for the composition of total return?
- Given peer characteristics and our position within our industry, what return profile would constitute the most natural "fit" for our family business?
- What is a sustainable dividend per share that would not necessarily be imperiled by a brief downturn in our business?
- Are we consistently and effectively communicating our intentions regarding dividend payments and policy to our family shareholders?

|  |  | S\&P 500 <br> Large Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 400 \\ \text { Mid Cap Stocks } \end{gathered}$ |  | S\&P 600Small Cap Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Div. Yield (Realized) | Count | Div. Yield (Realized) | Count | Div. Yield (Realized) |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 2.6\% |  | 2.1\% |  | 3.6\% |
|  | Median | 21 | 0.6\% | 12 | 1.3\% | 16 | 1.3\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 2.9\% |  | 1.9\% |  | 1.7\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 1.8\% | 57 | 1.0\% | 92 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.2\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 3.1\% |  | 1.9\% |  | 2.2\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 2.3\% | 14 | 1.0\% | 20 | 1.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 3.4\% |  | 0.5\% |  | 0.0\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 2.1\% | 23 | 0.0\% | 35 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.8\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 1.7\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 0.5\% | 34 | 0.0\% | 70 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 2.1\% |  | 1.6\% |  | 1.4\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 1.6\% | 58 | 1.0\% | 97 | 0.8\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.0\% |  | 0.4\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 2.4\% |  | 1.0\% |  | 0.9\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 1.3\% | 53 | 0.0\% | 89 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 2.5\% |  | 2.3\% |  | 2.2\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 1.7\% | 29 | 1.8\% | 32 | 0.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.1\% |  | 1.4\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 4.2\% |  | 5.6\% |  | 6.3\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 3.4\% | 36 | 3.8\% | 38 | 4.8\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.0\% |  | 3.2\% |  | 3.4\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 4.0\% |  | 3.1\% |  | 3.0\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 3.3\% | 16 | 2.7\% | 7 | 2.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.2\% |  | 2.5\% |  | 1.7\% |

Capital appreciation is the second, and more volatile, component of total shareholder return. Capital appreciation measures the change in share price during the period, as depicted in Exhibit 9.2:

## Exhibit 9.2 :: Calculating Capital Appreciation

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Capital Appreciation }=\frac{\text { Dec18 Share Price }- \text { Dec17 Share Price }}{\text { Dec17 Share Price }} \\
0.07 \%=\frac{\$ 43.68-\$ 43.65}{\$ 43.65}
\end{gathered}
$$

When evaluating capital appreciation, family business directors should ask the following questions:

- Do we know the value of our family business? Do we have a regular appraisal process? If not, what process do we use to estimate value?
- What are the principal factors that caused the value of our family business to change during the year? How do those compare to the factors influencing the value of the peer companies?
- What strategies are we pursuing to promote sustainable increases in the value of our family business over time?

|  |  | S\&P 500 Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400Mid Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 600 \\ \text { Small Cap Stocks } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Capital Appreciation | Count | Capital Appreciation | Count | Capital Appreciation |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 2.3\% |  | 16.7\% |  | 12.6\% |
|  | Median | 21 | -9.2\% | 12 | 2.1\% | 16 | -6.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -25.7\% |  | -21.7\% |  | -20.8\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 7.1\% |  | 5.5\% |  | 8.2\% |
|  | Median | 64 | -10.3\% | 57 | -15.9\% | 92 | -16.4\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -28.6\% |  | -40.2\% |  | -35.2\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 2.2\% |  | 10.0\% |  | 3.9\% |
|  | Median | 33 | -6.5\% | 14 | -4.9\% | 20 | -9.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -30.8\% |  | -23.9\% |  | -19.8\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | -15.0\% |  | -32.1\% |  | -21.4\% |
|  | Median | 30 | -22.9\% | 23 | -41.2\% | 35 | -42.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -34.7\% |  | -46.8\% |  | -59.7\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 17.2\% |  | 12.7\% |  | 27.2\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 1.9\% | 34 | 0.2\% | 70 | -4.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -14.9\% |  | -23.4\% |  | -29.8\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 2.3\% |  | -7.6\% |  | 1.1\% |
|  | Median | 69 | -16.5\% | 58 | -18.0\% | 97 | -14.3\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -23.4\% |  | -30.6\% |  | -34.0\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 13.4\% |  | 5.6\% |  | 10.0\% |
|  | Median | 68 | -3.3\% | 53 | -13.3\% | 89 | -11.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -10.6\% |  | -27.7\% |  | -30.9\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | -4.0\% |  | -9.8\% |  | -15.5\% |
|  | Median | 25 | -21.1\% | 29 | -23.7\% | 32 | -31.1\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -24.9\% |  | -34.3\% |  | -46.6\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 0.7\% |  | -6.2\% |  | -0.1\% |
|  | Median | 32 | -4.8\% | 36 | -14.8\% | 38 | -14.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -14.4\% |  | -23.9\% |  | -27.7\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 6.6\% |  | 9.2\% |  | 3.2\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 1.6\% | 16 | 2.2\% | 7 | -1.4\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -0.8\% |  | -1.6\% |  | -10.2\% |

Total shareholder return is the most fundamental measure of investor success over time, and is the sum of realized dividend yield and capital appreciation.

## Exhibit 9.3 :: Calculating Total Shareholder Return

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Total Shareholder Return }=\text { Dividend Yield }+ \text { Capital Appreciation } \\
0.82 \%=0.76 \%+0.07 \%
\end{gathered}
$$

Family business directors should evaluate total shareholder return in the context of the following factors:

- Performance of broad market indexes over a comparable time period
- Performance of selected peer companies
- Financial performance during the period, relative to both budgeted and prior results
- Family shareholder expectations

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 500 \\ \text { Large Cap Stocks } \end{gathered}$ |  | S\&P 400Mid Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 600 \\ \text { Small Cap Stocks } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Total Return | Count | Total Return | Count | Total Return |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 6.5\% |  | 18.1\% |  | 12.9\% |
|  | Median | 21 | -6.2\% | 12 | 4.0\% | 16 | -2.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -24.7\% |  | -18.7\% |  | -15.8\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 9.6\% |  | 5.8\% |  | 9.8\% |
|  | Median | 64 | -8.6\% | 57 | -12.9\% | 92 | -14.8\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -27.3\% |  | -39.9\% |  | -33.6\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 5.6\% |  | 10.0\% |  | 6.7\% |
|  | Median | 33 | -4.2\% | 14 | -3.5\% | 20 | -9.7\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -28.4\% |  | -22.6\% |  | -19.2\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | -12.5\% |  | -31.8\% |  | -20.3\% |
|  | Median | 30 | -21.2\% | 23 | -41.2\% | 35 | -42.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -33.5\% |  | -46.8\% |  | -59.7\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 17.9\% |  | 13.0\% |  | 27.6\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 2.7\% | 34 | 0.5\% | 70 | -3.4\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -13.1\% |  | -23.4\% |  | -29.8\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 3.6\% |  | -6.0\% |  | 2.7\% |
|  | Median | 69 | -14.3\% | 58 | -17.1\% | 97 | -13.3\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -21.8\% |  | -29.4\% |  | -32.9\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 14.8\% |  | 8.3\% |  | 11.8\% |
|  | Median | 68 | -1.3\% | 53 | -12.5\% | 89 | -11.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -9.0\% |  | -27.7\% |  | -30.9\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | -3.2\% |  | -9.8\% |  | -13.6\% |
|  | Median | 25 | -18.6\% | 29 | -22.0\% | 32 | -30.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -22.8\% |  | -32.6\% |  | -44.1\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 4.1\% |  | -0.5\% |  | 4.3\% |
|  | Median | 32 | -1.5\% | 36 | -10.4\% | 38 | -8.4\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | -11.1\% |  | -19.8\% |  | -21.3\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 10.5\% |  | 10.8\% |  | 4.5\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 5.0\% | 16 | 5.1\% | 7 | 1.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.1\% |  | 1.8\% |  | -7.1\% |

In addition to a measure of historical return, investors often refer to dividend yield as a current measure of relative value for a company's shares. As such, it reflects market participant expectations for the growth of the dividend over time and expected returns relative to expectations for capital appreciation.

## Exhibit 9.4 :: Calculating the Dividend Yield (Prospective)

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Dividend Yield }(\text { Prospective })=\frac{\text { Annualized Dividends per Share }(\text { Dec } 18)}{\text { Dec18 Share Price }} \\
0.82 \%=\frac{\$ 0.36}{\$ 43.68}
\end{gathered}
$$

Family business directors should consider the following questions when evaluating the prospective dividend yield:

- How well are we communicating dividend expectations and the value of the business to our family shareholders?
- Does the comparison of our prospective dividend yield with that of peer companies cohere with our business strategy and the overall meaning of the family business to our family?

|  |  | S\&P 500Large Cap Stocks |  | S\&P 400Mid Cap Stocks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { S\&P } 600 \\ \text { Small Cap Stocks } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Div. Yield (Prospective) | Count | Div. Yield (Prospective) | Count | Div. Yield (Prospective) |
| Communication Services | 75th Percentile |  | 3.1\% |  | 2.6\% |  | 2.2\% |
|  | Median | 21 | 0.8\% | 12 | 0.9\% | 16 | 0.5\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 75th Percentile |  | 3.8\% |  | 2.8\% |  | 2.1\% |
|  | Median | 64 | 2.1\% | 58 | 1.1\% | 93 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.3\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Consumer Staples | 75th Percentile |  | 3.6\% |  | 2.2\% |  | 2.3\% |
|  | Median | 33 | 2.8\% | 14 | 1.0\% | 20 | 1.1\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 2.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Energy | 75th Percentile |  | 4.7\% |  | 0.8\% |  | 0.0\% |
|  | Median | 30 | 2.7\% | 25 | 0.0\% | 37 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.4\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Health Care | 75th Percentile |  | 1.7\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
|  | Median | 62 | 0.4\% | 34 | 0.0\% | 70 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Industrials | 75th Percentile |  | 2.6\% |  | 2.2\% |  | 1.7\% |
|  | Median | 69 | 2.1\% | 60 | 1.3\% | 98 | 0.9\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.4\% |  | 0.3\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Information Technology | 75th Percentile |  | 2.7\% |  | 1.4\% |  | 1.0\% |
|  | Median | 68 | 1.6\% | 54 | 0.0\% | 90 | 0.0\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Materials | 75th Percentile |  | 2.9\% |  | 3.2\% |  | 2.7\% |
|  | Median | 25 | 2.2\% | 29 | 2.6\% | 32 | 1.2\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 1.3\% |  | 1.6\% |  | 0.0\% |
| Real Estate | 75th Percentile |  | 4.9\% |  | 6.0\% |  | 7.4\% |
|  | Median | 32 | 4.0\% | 36 | 4.7\% | 38 | 5.6\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.4\% |  | 3.6\% |  | 4.5\% |
| Utilities | 75th Percentile |  | 4.1\% |  | 3.3\% |  | 3.4\% |
|  | Median | 27 | 3.5\% | 16 | 2.8\% | 7 | 3.1\% |
|  | 25th Percentile |  | 3.3\% |  | 2.5\% |  | 2.4\% |

## Roster of Companies

Index :: Roster of Companies

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  |  |  | December 18 |  |
| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | Revenue |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 <br> Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AAP | Advance Auto Parts, Inc. | \$9,581 | \$11,553 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:AMZN | Amazon.com, Inc. | \$232,887 | \$751,870 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:APTV | Aptiv PLC | \$14,435 | \$19,760 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AZO | AutoZone, Inc. | \$11,274 | \$25,977 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:BBY | Best Buy Co., Inc. | \$42,879 | \$14,124 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:BKNG | Booking Holdings Inc. | \$14,527 | \$81,377 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:BWA | BorgWarner Inc. | \$10,530 | \$9,114 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CPRI | Capri Holdings Limited | \$5,074 | \$6,393 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:KMX | CarMax, Inc. | \$17,939 | \$24,620 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CCL | Carnival Corporation | \$18,881 | \$43,584 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CMG | Chipotle Mexican Grill, Inc. | \$4,865 | \$11,327 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DHI | D.R. Horton, Inc. | \$15,875 | \$14,886 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DRI | Darden Restaurants, Inc. | \$8,297 | \$13,226 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DG | Dollar General Corporation | \$25,625 | \$31,056 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:DLTR | Dollar Tree, Inc. | \$22,823 | \$25,829 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:EBAY | eBay Inc. | \$10,746 | \$31,437 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:EXPE | Expedia Group, Inc. | \$11,223 | \$18,691 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FL | Foot Locker, Inc. | \$7,939 | \$5,382 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:F | Ford Motor Company | \$148,320 | \$160,385 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:GRMN | Garmin Ltd. | \$3,347 | \$10,725 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:GM | General Motors Company | \$133,045 | \$133,727 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:GPC | Genuine Parts Company | \$18,735 | \$16,699 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HRB | H\&R Block, Inc. | \$3,155 | \$6,105 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HBI | Hanesbrands Inc. | \$6,804 | \$8,505 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HOG | Harley-Davidson, Inc. | \$4,969 | \$12,011 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:HAS | Hasbro, Inc. | \$4,580 | \$11,062 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HLT | Hilton Worldwide Holdings Inc. | \$3,570 | \$28,253 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:KSS | Kohl's Corporation | \$19,167 | \$13,829 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:LB | L Brands, Inc. | \$13,237 | \$12,586 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:LEG | Leggett \& Platt, Incorporated | \$4,270 | \$5,668 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:LEN | Lennar Corporation | \$19,704 | \$22,450 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:LKQ | LKQ Corporation | \$11,877 | \$11,684 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:LOW | Lowe's Companies, Inc. | \$71,309 | \$87,862 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:M | Macy's, Inc. | \$24,971 | \$13,932 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:MAR | Marriott International, Inc. | \$5,273 | \$45,987 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:MAT | Mattel, Inc. | \$4,511 | \$6,364 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MCD | McDonald's Corporation | \$21,025 | \$166,240 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MGM | MGM Resorts International | \$11,338 | \$30,217 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MHK | Mohawk Industries, Inc. | \$9,984 | \$11,489 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:NWL | Newell Brands Inc. | \$8,631 | \$16,880 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NKE | NIKE, Inc. | \$38,095 | \$117,182 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:JWN | Nordstrom, Inc. | \$15,480 | \$9,358 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NCLH | Norwegian Cruise Line Holdings Ltd. | \$6,055 | \$15,592 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ORLY | O'Reilly Automotive, Inc. | \$9,536 | \$30,717 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PHM | PulteGroup, Inc. | \$9,983 | \$9,818 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PVH | PVH Corp. | \$9,657 | \$9,795 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:RL | Ralph Lauren Corporation | \$6,337 | \$7,388 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ROST | Ross Stores, Inc. | \$14,984 | \$29,881 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:RCL | Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. | \$9,494 | \$30,947 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:SBUX | Starbucks Corporation | \$23,026 | \$80,457 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:TPR | Tapestry, Inc. | \$5,988 | \$10,319 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:TGT | Target Corporation | \$74,433 | \$47,523 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:GPS | The Gap, Inc. | \$16,580 | \$9,821 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:GT | The Goodyear Tire \& Rubber Company | \$15,475 | \$10,580 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HD | The Home Depot, Inc. | \$108,203 | \$218,095 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:TJX | The TJX Companies, Inc. | \$38,973 | \$54,692 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:TIF | Tiffany \& Co. | \$4,442 | \$10,122 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:TSCO | Tractor Supply Company | \$7,911 | \$10,719 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ULTA | Ulta Beauty, Inc. | \$6,717 | \$14,225 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:UAA | Under Armour, Inc. | \$5,193 | \$8,218 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:VFC | V.F. Corporation | \$13,507 | \$31,682 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:WHR | Whirlpool Corporation | \$21,037 | \$13,916 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 <br> Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:WYNN | Wynn Resorts, Limited | \$6,718 | \$17,474 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 500 | NYSE:YUM | YUM! Brands, Inc. | \$5,688 | \$38,190 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:AAN | Aaron's, Inc. | \$3,790 | \$3,147 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ADNT | Adient plc | \$17,393 | \$4,522 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ATGE | Adtalem Global Education Inc. | \$1,231 | \$2,669 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:AEO | American Eagle Outfitters, Inc. | \$4,036 | \$3,051 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:AN | AutoNation, Inc. | \$20,323 | \$9,328 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:BBBY | Bed Bath \& Beyond Inc. | \$12,437 | \$1,980 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:BIG | Big Lots, Inc. | \$5,238 | \$1,716 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:BYD | Boyd Gaming Corporation | \$2,493 | \$5,439 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:EAT | Brinker International, Inc. | \$3,174 | \$2,847 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:BC | Brunswick Corporation | \$5,159 | \$4,960 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CRI | Carter's, Inc. | \$3,462 | \$4,416 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:CHDN | Churchill Downs Incorporated | \$976 | \$3,983 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:CBRL | Cracker Barrel Old Country Store, Inc. | \$3,078 | \$4,140 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DAN | Dana Incorporated | \$8,143 | \$3,797 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DECK | Deckers Outdoor Corporation | \$2,027 | \$3,647 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DLPH | Delphi Technologies PLC | \$4,858 | \$2,626 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DKS | DICK'S Sporting Goods, Inc. | \$8,437 | \$3,419 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DDS | Dillard's, Inc. | \$6,503 | \$2,283 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DPZ | Domino's Pizza, Inc. | \$3,433 | \$13,703 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:DNKN | Dunkin' Brands Group, Inc. | \$1,272 | \$7,924 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:ERI | Eldorado Resorts, Inc. | \$1,985 | \$5,593 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:FIVE | Five Below, Inc. | \$1,560 | \$5,517 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:GNTX | Gentex Corporation | \$1,834 | \$4,960 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:GHC | Graham Holdings Company | \$2,696 | \$3,097 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:HELE | Helen of Troy Limited | \$1,578 | \$3,744 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:ISCA | International Speedway Corporation | \$654 | \$1,878 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:JACK | Jack in the Box Inc. | \$866 | \$3,065 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:KBH | KB Home | \$4,534 | \$3,397 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:VAC | Marriott Vacations Worldwide Corporation | \$1,860 | \$6,824 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MUSA | Murphy USA Inc. | \$12,443 | \$3,263 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:NVR | NVR, Inc. | \$7,004 | \$8,808 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGM:OLLI | Ollie's Bargain Outlet Holdings, Inc. | \$1,241 | \$4,201 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:PZZA | Papa John's International, Inc. | \$1,492 | \$1,828 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:PENN | Penn National Gaming, Inc. | \$3,531 | \$6,529 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:PII | Polaris Industries Inc. | \$6,079 | \$6,417 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:POOL | Pool Corporation | \$2,998 | \$6,527 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SBH | Sally Beauty Holdings, Inc. | \$3,927 | \$3,749 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:SGMS | Scientific Games Corporation | \$3,363 | \$10,308 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SCI | Service Corporation International | \$2,959 | \$10,738 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SIG | Signet Jewelers Limited | \$6,247 | \$3,116 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SIX | Six Flags Entertainment Corporation | \$1,464 | \$7,204 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SKX | Skechers U.S.A., Inc. | \$4,663 | \$2,957 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:BID | Sotheby's | \$973 | \$2,661 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TPX | Tempur Sealy International, Inc. | \$2,703 | \$3,913 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:TXRH | Texas Roadhouse, Inc. | \$2,457 | \$4,137 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:CAKE | The Cheesecake Factory Incorporated | \$2,332 | \$2,111 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:MIK | The Michaels Companies, Inc. | \$5,272 | \$4,976 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:WEN | The Wendy's Company | \$1,264 | \$5,784 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:THO | Thor Industries, Inc. | \$7,172 | \$2,521 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TOL | Toll Brothers, Inc. | \$7,331 | \$7,316 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TPH | TRI Pointe Group, Inc. | \$3,253 | \$2,991 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TUP | Tupperware Brands Corporation | \$2,070 | \$2,352 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:URBN | Urban Outfitters, Inc. | \$3,951 | \$3,007 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:VC | Visteon Corporation | \$2,984 | \$1,799 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:WW | Weight Watchers International, Inc. | \$1,514 | \$4,100 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:WSM | Williams-Sonoma, Inc. | \$5,672 | \$4,239 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:WYND | Wyndham Destinations, Inc. | \$3,380 | \$8,514 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 400 | NYSE:WH | Wyndham Hotels \& Resorts, Inc. | \$1,167 | \$6,255 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 <br> Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ANF | Abercrombie \& Fitch Co. | \$3,590 | \$1,106 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AXL | American Axle \& Manufacturing Holdings, Inc. | \$7,270 | \$4,692 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:APEI | American Public Education, Inc. | \$298 | \$270 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ABG | Asbury Automotive Group, Inc. | \$6,582 | \$3,083 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ASNA | Ascena Retail Group, Inc. | \$6,554 | \$1,620 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BNED | Barnes \& Noble Education, Inc. | \$2,060 | \$171 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BKS | Barnes \& Noble, Inc. | \$3,583 | \$786 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BEL | Belmond Ltd. | \$577 | \$3,179 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:BJRI | BJ's Restaurants, Inc. | \$1,117 | \$1,146 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CAL | Caleres, Inc. | \$2,835 | \$1,652 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ELY | Callaway Golf Company | \$1,243 | \$1,399 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CECO | Career Education Corporation | \$579 | \$608 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CVCO | Cavco Industries, Inc. | \$874 | \$1,035 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CHS | Chico's FAS, Inc. | \$2,131 | \$539 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CHUY | Chuy's Holdings, Inc. | \$398 | \$290 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CTB | Cooper Tire \& Rubber Company | \$2,808 | \$1,782 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CPS | Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc. | \$3,629 | \$1,616 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CORE | Core-Mark Holding Company, Inc. | \$12,904 | \$1,436 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CROX | Crocs, Inc. | \$1,088 | \$1,718 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:PLAY | Dave \& Buster's Entertainment, Inc. | \$1,265 | \$2,085 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:DIN | Dine Brands Global, Inc. | \$773 | \$2,493 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:DORM | Dorman Products, Inc. | \$974 | \$2,913 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:DSW | DSW Inc. | \$0 | \$0 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:LOCO | El Pollo Loco Holdings, Inc. | \$436 | \$656 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ETH | Ethan Allen Interiors Inc. | \$772 | \$429 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:EXPR | Express, Inc. | \$2,116 | \$254 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:FRGI | Fiesta Restaurant Group, Inc. | \$689 | \$483 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:FOSL | Fossil Group, Inc. | \$2,541 | \$942 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:FOXF | Fox Factory Holding Corp. | \$619 | \$2,278 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:GIII | G-III Apparel Group, Ltd. | \$3,076 | \$2,005 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:GME | GameStop Corp. | \$8,285 | \$1,652 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:GTX | Garrett Motion Inc. | \$3,375 | \$2,321 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:GCO | Genesco Inc. | \$2,189 | \$926 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:THRM | Gentherm Incorporated | \$1,038 | \$1,449 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:GPI | Group 1 Automotive, Inc. | \$11,134 | \$3,803 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:GES | Guess?, Inc. | \$2,610 | \$1,603 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:HVT | Haverty Furniture Companies, Inc. | \$818 | \$344 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:HIBB | Hibbett Sports, Inc. | \$1,009 | \$168 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:IBP | Installed Building Products, Inc. | \$1,336 | \$1,363 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:IRBT | iRobot Corporation | \$1,093 | \$2,183 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:JCP | J. C. Penney Company, Inc. | \$11,664 | \$4,626 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:KIRK | Kirkland's, Inc. | \$647 | \$118 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:LZB | La-Z-Boy Incorporated | \$1,712 | \$1,236 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:LCII | LCI Industries | \$2,476 | \$1,910 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:LGIH | LGI Homes, Inc. | \$1,504 | \$1,617 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:LQDT | Liquidity Services, Inc. | \$217 | \$126 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:LAD | Lithia Motors, Inc. | \$11,367 | \$5,041 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:LL | Lumber Liquidators Holdings, Inc. | \$1,085 | \$304 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:MDC | M.D.C. Holdings, Inc. | \$2,982 | \$2,324 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:MHO | M/I Homes, Inc. | \$2,234 | \$1,431 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:HZO | MarineMax, Inc. | \$1,182 | \$582 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:MTH | Meritage Homes Corporation | \$3,513 | \$2,574 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MCRI | Monarch Casino \& Resort, Inc. | \$228 | \$717 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MNRO | Monro, Inc. | \$1,199 | \$2,666 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MPAA | Motorcar Parts of America, Inc. | \$464 | \$375 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:MOV | Movado Group, Inc. | \$680 | \$637 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:NLS | Nautilus, Inc. | \$397 | \$289 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:NTRI | Nutrisystem, Inc. | \$691 | \$1,188 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ODP | Office Depot, Inc. | \$11,015 | \$2,225 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:OXM | Oxford Industries, Inc. | \$1,107 | \$1,229 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:PETS | PetMed Express, Inc. | \$286 | \$389 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:RRGB | Red Robin Gourmet Burgers, Inc. | \$1,334 | \$557 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:RGS | Regis Corporation | \$1,147 | \$726 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:RCII | Rent-A-Center, Inc. | \$2,660 | \$1,295 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:RH | RH | \$2,506 | \$3,741 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:RUTH | Ruth's Hospitality Group, Inc. | \$445 | \$725 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SHAK | Shake Shack Inc. | \$459 | \$1,310 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:SCVL | Shoe Carnival, Inc. | \$1,030 | \$478 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:SFLY | Shutterfly, Inc. | \$1,962 | \$2,365 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SSTK | Shutterstock, Inc. | \$623 | \$1,055 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:SNBR | Sleep Number Corporation | \$1,532 | \$1,189 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SAH | Sonic Automotive, Inc. | \$9,546 | \$2,976 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:STMP | Stamps.com Inc. | \$587 | \$2,820 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SMP | Standard Motor Products, Inc. | \$1,092 | \$1,110 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:SHOO | Steven Madden, Ltd. | \$1,654 | \$2,423 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:STRA | Strategic Education, Inc. | \$634 | \$2,091 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:RGR | Sturm, Ruger \& Company, Inc. | \$496 | \$791 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SUP | Superior Industries International, Inc. | \$1,502 | \$976 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:TLRD | Tailored Brands, Inc. | \$3,240 | \$1,792 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BKE | The Buckle, Inc. | \$885 | \$712 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CATO | The Cato Corporation | \$821 | \$130 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:PLCE | The Children's Place, Inc. | \$1,938 | \$1,431 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:TTS | Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. | \$357 | \$325 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BLD | TopBuild Corp. | \$2,384 | \$2,241 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:UFI | Unifi, Inc. | \$697 | \$518 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:UEIC | Universal Electronics Inc. | \$680 | \$411 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:VRA | Vera Bradley, Inc. | \$416 | \$189 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:VSTO | Vista Outdoor Inc. | \$2,114 | \$1,346 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:VSI | Vitamin Shoppe, Inc. | \$1,114 | \$172 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:WLH | William Lyon Homes | \$2,087 | \$2,054 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:WING | Wingstop Inc. | \$153 | \$2,092 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:WGO | Winnebago Industries, Inc. | \$2,060 | \$1,028 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NYSE:WWW | Wolverine World Wide, Inc. | \$2,239 | \$3,465 |
| Consumer Discretionary | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ZUMZ | Zumiez Inc. | \$979 | \$362 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MO | Altria Group, Inc. | \$19,627 | \$104,356 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ADM | Archer-Daniels-Midland Company | \$64,341 | \$29,966 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:BF.B | Brown-Forman Corporation | \$3,313 | \$25,020 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CPB | Campbell Soup Company | \$9,751 | \$19,581 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CHD | Church \& Dwight Co., Inc. | \$4,146 | \$18,109 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CL | Colgate-Palmolive Company | \$15,544 | \$57,646 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CAG | Conagra Brands, Inc. | \$8,179 | \$21,494 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:STZ | Constellation Brands, Inc. | \$8,086 | \$40,540 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:COST | Costco Wholesale Corporation | \$144,836 | \$88,571 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:COTY | Coty Inc. | \$9,065 | \$13,126 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:GIS | General Mills, Inc. | \$16,278 | \$38,835 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HRL | Hormel Foods Corporation | \$9,575 | \$22,986 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:K | Kellogg Company | \$13,547 | \$28,965 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:KMB | Kimberly-Clark Corporation | \$18,486 | \$46,795 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:LW | Lamb Weston Holdings, Inc. | \$3,608 | \$13,057 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MKC | McCormick \& Company, Incorporated | \$5,409 | \$23,257 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:TAP | Molson Coors Brewing Company | \$10,770 | \$22,180 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:MDLZ | Mondelez International, Inc. | \$25,938 | \$77,263 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:MNST | Monster Beverage Corporation | \$3,807 | \$26,045 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:PEP | PepsiCo, Inc. | \$64,661 | \$177,272 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PM | Philip Morris International Inc. | \$29,625 | \$131,444 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:SYY | Sysco Corporation | \$59,646 | \$40,575 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CLX | The Clorox Company | \$6,244 | \$22,079 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:KO | The Coca-Cola Company | \$31,856 | \$229,518 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:EL | The Estée Lauder Companies Inc. | \$14,194 | \$48,782 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HSY | The Hershey Company | \$7,791 | \$26,384 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:SJM | The J. M. Smucker Company | \$7,717 | \$16,739 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:KHC | The Kraft Heinz Company | \$26,259 | \$83,687 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:KR | The Kroger Co. | \$121,162 | \$36,485 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PG | The Procter \& Gamble Company | \$66,912 | \$250,263 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:TSN | Tyson Foods, Inc. | \$40,016 | \$29,135 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:WBA | Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc. | \$134,590 | \$80,132 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 500 | NYSE:WMT | Walmart Inc. | \$514,405 | \$330,385 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:CASY | Casey's General Stores, Inc. | \$8,302 | \$5,938 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NYSE:EPC | Edgewell Personal Care Company | \$2,223 | \$3,052 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ENR | Energizer Holdings, Inc. | \$1,796 | \$3,410 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NYSE:FLO | Flowers Foods, Inc. | \$3,952 | \$4,680 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NYSE:INGR | Ingredion Incorporated | \$5,841 | \$7,717 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:LANC | Lancaster Colony Corporation | \$1,271 | \$4,644 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NYSE:NUS | Nu Skin Enterprises, Inc. | \$2,679 | \$3,454 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NYSE:POST | Post Holdings, Inc. | \$6,235 | \$12,329 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:SAFM | Sanderson Farms, Inc. | \$3,207 | \$2,078 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:SFM | Sprouts Farmers Market, Inc. | \$5,207 | \$3,546 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SAM | The Boston Beer Company, Inc. | \$996 | \$2,668 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:HAIN | The Hain Celestial Group, Inc. | \$2,397 | \$2,317 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TR | Tootsie Roll Industries, Inc. | \$519 | \$2,058 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 400 | NYSE:THS | TreeHouse Foods, Inc. | \$5,812 | \$5,097 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AVP | Avon Products, Inc. | \$5,248 | \$2,360 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BGS | B\&G Foods, Inc. | \$1,701 | \$3,955 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CALM | Cal-Maine Foods, Inc. | \$1,576 | \$1,743 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CVGW | Calavo Growers, Inc. | \$1,099 | \$1,297 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CENT | Central Garden \& Pet Company | \$2,235 | \$2,061 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:COKE | Coca-Cola Consolidated, Inc. | \$4,625 | \$2,977 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NYSE:DAR | Darling Ingredients Inc. | \$3,388 | \$4,827 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NYSE:DF | Dean Foods Company | \$7,755 | \$1,225 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:IPAR | Inter Parfums, Inc. | \$676 | \$2,035 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:JJSF | J \& J Snack Foods Corp. | \$1,145 | \$2,583 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:JBSS | John B. Sanfilippo \& Son, Inc. | \$872 | \$716 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NYSE:MED | Medifast, Inc. | \$501 | \$1,393 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MGPI | MGP Ingredients, Inc. | \$376 | \$1,007 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:SENE.A | Seneca Foods Corporation | \$1,328 | \$655 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:SPTN | SpartanNash Company | \$8,065 | \$1,300 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ANDE | The Andersons, Inc. | \$3,045 | \$1,468 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CHEF | The Chefs' Warehouse, Inc. | \$1,445 | \$1,189 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NYSE:UNFI | United Natural Foods, Inc. | \$14,258 | \$4,456 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NYSE:UVV | Universal Corporation | \$2,163 | \$1,844 |
| Consumer Staples | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:WDFC | WD-40 Company | \$412 | \$2,574 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:APC | Anadarko Petroleum Corporation | \$12,906 | \$40,541 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:APA | Apache Corporation | \$7,145 | \$18,907 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:BHGE | Baker Hughes, a GE company | \$22,877 | \$36,389 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:COG | Cabot Oil \& Gas Corporation | \$2,139 | \$10,607 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CVX | Chevron Corporation | \$158,902 | \$235,335 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:XEC | Cimarex Energy Co. | \$2,339 | \$6,429 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CXO | Concho Resources Inc. | \$3,879 | \$24,649 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:COP | ConocoPhillips | \$36,417 | \$80,229 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DVN | Devon Energy Corporation | \$10,456 | \$13,500 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:FANG | Diamondback Energy, Inc. | \$2,164 | \$17,531 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:EOG | EOG Resources, Inc. | \$17,177 | \$55,734 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:XOM | Exxon Mobil Corporation | \$279,332 | \$329,537 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HAL | Halliburton Company | \$23,995 | \$31,706 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HP | Helmerich \& Payne, Inc. | \$2,625 | \$5,395 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HES | Hess Corporation | \$6,152 | \$17,090 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HFC | HollyFrontier Corporation | \$17,715 | \$10,720 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:KMI | Kinder Morgan, Inc. | \$14,144 | \$70,759 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MRO | Marathon Oil Corporation | \$5,694 | \$15,854 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MPC | Marathon Petroleum Corporation | \$96,504 | \$59,092 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NOV | National Oilwell Varco, Inc. | \$8,453 | \$11,344 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NFX | Newfield Exploration Company | \$2,630 | \$5,076 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NBL | Noble Energy, Inc. | \$4,986 | \$15,722 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:OXY | Occidental Petroleum Corporation | \$17,824 | \$53,707 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:OKE | ONEOK, Inc. | \$12,593 | \$31,062 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PSX | Phillips 66 | \$111,461 | \$52,615 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PXD | Pioneer Natural Resources Company | \$9,379 | \$23,229 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:SLB | Schlumberger Limited | \$32,815 | \$64,899 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FTI | TechnipFMC plc | \$12,553 | \$7,360 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:WMB | The Williams Companies, Inc. | \$8,686 | \$50,299 |
| Energy | S\&P 500 | NYSE:VLO | Valero Energy Corporation | \$111,407 | \$38,385 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:APY | Apergy Corporation | \$1,217 | \$2,766 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CPE | Callon Petroleum Company | \$552 | \$2,518 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CHK | Chesapeake Energy Corporation | \$10,107 | \$13,489 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CNX | CNX Resources Corporation | \$1,734 | \$5,227 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CLB | Core Laboratories N.V. | \$701 | \$2,924 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DO | Diamond Offshore Drilling, Inc. | \$1,060 | \$2,794 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DRQ | Dril-Quip, Inc. | \$385 | \$650 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ESV | Ensco Rowan plc | \$1,705 | \$5,917 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:EQT | EQT Corporation | \$4,736 | \$18,527 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ETRN | Equitrans Midstream Corporation | \$1,495 | \$13,601 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MTDR | Matador Resources Company | \$772 | \$3,001 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MDR | McDermott International, Inc. | \$6,705 | \$4,157 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MUR | Murphy Oil Corporation | \$2,587 | \$6,014 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:OAS | Oasis Petroleum Inc. | \$2,188 | \$4,516 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:OII | Oceaneering International, Inc. | \$1,909 | \$1,619 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:PTEN | Patterson-UTI Energy, Inc. | \$3,213 | \$3,153 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:PBF | PBF Energy Inc. | \$27,186 | \$5,612 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:QEP | QEP Resources, Inc. | \$1,920 | \$3,784 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:RRC | Range Resources Corporation | \$3,334 | \$6,505 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:RDC | Rowan Companies plc | \$825 | \$2,544 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SM | SM Energy Company | \$1,569 | \$4,152 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SWN | Southwestern Energy Company | \$3,857 | \$5,514 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:RIG | Transocean Ltd. | \$3,018 | \$11,248 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:INT | World Fuel Services Corporation | \$39,750 | \$2,056 |
| Energy | S\&P 400 | NYSE:WPX | WPX Energy, Inc. | \$2,229 | \$6,977 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AROC | Archrock, Inc. | \$904 | \$2,477 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BCEI | Bonanza Creek Energy, Inc. | \$277 | \$401 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | OTCPK:BRSW.Q | Bristow Group Inc. | \$1,344 | \$1,243 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CJ | C\&J Energy Services, Inc. | \$2,222 | \$818 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CRR | CARBO Ceramics Inc. | \$211 | \$136 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CRZO | Carrizo Oil \& Gas, Inc. | \$1,015 | \$2,533 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CEIX | CONSOL Energy Inc. | \$1,473 | \$1,650 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:DNR | Denbury Resources Inc. | \$1,454 | \$3,526 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ERA | Era Group Inc. | \$222 | \$309 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:EXTN | Exterran Corporation | \$1,361 | \$1,022 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:GEOS | Geospace Technologies Corporation | \$79 | \$103 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:GPRE | Green Plains Inc. | \$3,843 | \$1,876 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:GIFI | Gulf Island Fabrication, Inc. | \$221 | \$54 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:GPOR | Gulfport Energy Corporation | \$1,445 | \$3,112 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:HLX | Helix Energy Solutions Group, Inc. | \$740 | \$923 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:HPR | HighPoint Resources Corporation | \$416 | \$1,055 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:KLXE | KLX Energy Services Holdings, Inc. | \$495 | \$454 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:LPI | Laredo Petroleum, Inc. | \$1,106 | \$1,744 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MTRX | Matrix Service Company | \$1,198 | \$412 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:NBR | Nabors Industries Ltd. | \$3,058 | \$4,308 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:NR | Newpark Resources, Inc. | \$947 | \$760 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:NE | Noble Corporation plc | \$1,036 | \$4,627 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:OIS | Oil States International, Inc. | \$1,088 | \$1,175 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:PARR | Par Pacific Holdings, Inc. | \$3,411 | \$958 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:PDCE | PDC Energy, Inc. | \$1,300 | \$3,205 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:PVAC | Penn Virginia Corporation | \$419 | \$1,279 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:PES | Pioneer Energy Services Corp. | \$590 | \$508 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:PUMP | ProPetro Holding Corp. | \$1,705 | \$1,040 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:REGI | Renewable Energy Group, Inc. | \$2,013 | \$955 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:REX | REX American Resources Corporation | \$487 | \$291 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | AMEX:REI | Ring Energy, Inc. | \$114 | \$321 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CKH | SEACOR Holdings Inc. | \$836 | \$978 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | AMEX:SRCI | SRC Energy Inc. | \$646 | \$1,776 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SPN | Superior Energy Services, Inc. | \$2,130 | \$1,695 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:TTI | TETRA Technologies, Inc. | \$999 | \$1,155 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SLCA | U.S. Silica Holdings, Inc. | \$1,577 | \$1,711 |
| Energy | S\&P 600 | NYSE:UNT | Unit Corporation | \$843 | \$1,538 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ABT | Abbott Laboratories | \$30,578 | \$143,509 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ABBV | AbbVie Inc. | \$32,753 | \$171,104 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ABMD | Abiomed, Inc. | \$737 | \$14,229 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:A | Agilent Technologies, Inc. | \$4,987 | \$21,044 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ALXN | Alexion Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | \$4,130 | \$23,369 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ALGN | Align Technology, Inc. | \$1,966 | \$16,146 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AGN | Allergan plc | \$15,787 | \$67,468 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ABC | AmerisourceBergen Corporation | \$172,866 | \$18,055 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:AMGN | Amgen Inc. | \$22,533 | \$128,553 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ANTM | Anthem, Inc. | \$86,391 | \$83,827 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:BAX | Baxter International Inc. | \$11,127 | \$35,637 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:BDX | Becton, Dickinson and Company | \$17,063 | \$81,053 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:BIIB | Biogen Inc. | \$10,887 | \$62,126 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:BSX | Boston Scientific Corporation | \$9,823 | \$55,362 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:BMY | Bristol-Myers Squibb Company | \$22,561 | \$85,429 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CAH | Cardinal Health, Inc. | \$141,935 | \$20,244 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:CELG | Celgene Corporation | \$15,265 | \$60,718 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CNC | Centene Corporation | \$53,882 | \$23,564 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:CERN | Cerner Corporation | \$5,366 | \$16,906 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CI | Cigna Corporation | \$43,072 | \$73,365 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CVS | CVS Health Corporation | \$193,919 | \$105,928 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DHR | Danaher Corporation | \$19,893 | \$82,130 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DVA | DaVita Inc. | \$10,668 | \$19,582 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:XRAY | DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc. | \$3,986 | \$9,790 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:EW | Edwards Lifesciences Corporation | \$3,723 | \$31,618 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:LLY | Eli Lilly and Company | \$24,556 | \$121,499 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:GILD | Gilead Sciences, Inc. | \$22,127 | \$78,614 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HCA | HCA Healthcare, Inc. | \$46,677 | \$77,189 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:HSIC | Henry Schein, Inc. | \$13,202 | \$14,733 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:HOLX | Hologic, Inc. | \$3,258 | \$14,576 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HUM | Humana Inc. | \$55,365 | \$40,530 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:IDXX | IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. | \$2,213 | \$16,911 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ILMN | Illumina, Inc. | \$3,333 | \$42,977 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:INCY | Incyte Corporation | \$1,882 | \$12,182 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ISRG | Intuitive Surgical, Inc. | \$3,724 | \$51,565 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:IQV | IQVIA Holdings Inc. | \$10,412 | \$33,230 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:JNJ | Johnson \& Johnson | \$81,581 | \$358,004 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:LH | Laboratory Corporation of America Holdings | \$11,333 | \$18,340 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MCK | McKesson Corporation | \$213,518 | \$30,303 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MDT | Medtronic plc | \$30,555 | \$137,170 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MRK | Merck \& Co., Inc. | \$42,294 | \$212,376 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MTD | Mettler-Toledo International Inc. | \$2,936 | \$15,072 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:MYL | Mylan N.V. | \$11,269 | \$28,056 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:NKTR | Nektar Therapeutics | \$1,193 | \$4,515 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PKI | PerkinElmer, Inc. | \$2,778 | \$10,491 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PRGO | Perrigo Company plc | \$4,732 | \$8,079 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PFE | Pfizer Inc. | \$53,647 | \$277,056 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DGX | Quest Diagnostics Incorporated | \$7,531 | \$15,022 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:REGN | Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | \$6,294 | \$38,900 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:RMD | ResMed Inc. | \$2,455 | \$16,526 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:SYK | Stryker Corporation | \$13,601 | \$63,647 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:TFX | Teleflex Incorporated | \$2,448 | \$13,682 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:COO | The Cooper Companies, Inc. | \$2,571 | \$14,475 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:TMO | Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc. | \$24,358 | \$107,949 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:UNH | UnitedHealth Group Incorporated | \$209,064 | \$267,307 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:UHS | Universal Health Services, Inc. | \$10,772 | \$14,802 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:VAR | Varian Medical Systems, Inc. | \$2,982 | \$9,790 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:VRTX | Vertex Pharmaceuticals Incorporated | \$3,048 | \$39,909 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:WAT | Waters Corporation | \$2,420 | \$13,354 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:WCG | WellCare Health Plans, Inc. | \$20,414 | \$9,621 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ZBH | Zimmer Biomet Holdings, Inc. | \$7,933 | \$29,839 |
| Health Care | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ZTS | Zoetis Inc. | \$5,825 | \$46,145 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:ACHC | Acadia Healthcare Company, Inc. | \$3,012 | \$5,464 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:MDRX | Allscripts Healthcare Solutions, Inc. | \$1,750 | \$3,898 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:AVNS | Avanos Medical, Inc. | \$652 | \$1,960 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:BIO | Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. | \$2,289 | \$6,527 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:TECH | Bio-Techne Corporation | \$682 | \$5,863 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CMD | Cantel Medical Corp. | \$896 | \$3,237 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CTLT | Catalent, Inc. | \$2,488 | \$6,546 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CRL | Charles River Laboratories International, Inc. | \$2,266 | \$7,005 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CHE | Chemed Corporation | \$1,783 | \$4,599 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:EHC | Encompass Health Corporation | \$4,277 | \$9,090 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:EXEL | Exelixis, Inc. | \$854 | \$5,261 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:GMED | Globus Medical, Inc. | \$713 | \$3,889 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:HAE | Haemonetics Corporation | \$952 | \$5,315 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:HQY | HealthEquity, Inc. | \$287 | \$3,391 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:HRC | Hill-Rom Holdings, Inc. | \$2,862 | \$7,749 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:ICUI | ICU Medical, Inc. | \$1,400 | \$4,350 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:INGN | Inogen, Inc. | \$358 | \$2,449 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:IART | Integra LifeSciences Holdings Corporation | \$1,472 | \$5,061 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGM:LGND | Ligand Pharmaceuticals Incorporated | \$251 | \$2,564 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:LIVN | LivaNova PLC | \$1,107 | \$4,531 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MNK | Mallinckrodt plc | \$3,216 | \$7,216 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:MASI | Masimo Corporation | \$858 | \$5,197 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:MDSO | Medidata Solutions, Inc. | \$636 | \$3,889 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MD | MEDNAX, Inc. | \$3,647 | \$4,875 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MOH | Molina Healthcare, Inc. | \$17,737 | \$5,950 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:NUVA | NuVasive, Inc. | \$1,102 | \$3,077 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:PDCO | Patterson Companies, Inc. | \$5,538 | \$2,495 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:PRAH | PRA Health Sciences, Inc. | \$2,872 | \$7,046 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:PBH | Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc. | \$991 | \$3,457 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:STE | STERIS plc | \$2,730 | \$10,094 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:SYNH | Syneos Health, Inc. | \$4,390 | \$6,805 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:THC | Tenet Healthcare Corporation | \$18,313 | \$18,317 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:UTHR | United Therapeutics Corporation | \$1,628 | \$3,759 |
| Health Care | S\&P 400 | NYSE:WST | West Pharmaceutical Services, Inc. | \$1,717 | \$7,161 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ACOR | Acorda Therapeutics, Inc. | \$471 | \$621 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ADUS | Addus HomeCare Corporation | \$518 | \$811 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:AKRX | Akorn, Inc. | \$694 | \$969 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:AMAG | AMAG Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | \$474 | \$378 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:AMED | Amedisys, Inc. | \$1,663 | \$3,778 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AMN | AMN Healthcare Services, Inc. | \$2,136 | \$3,107 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:AMPH | Amphastar Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | \$295 | \$919 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ANGO | AngioDynamics, Inc. | \$349 | \$812 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGM:ANIP | ANI Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | \$202 | \$695 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ANIK | Anika Therapeutics, Inc. | \$106 | \$329 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ASRT | Assertio Therapeutics, Inc. | \$156 | \$694 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:BEAT | BioTelemetry, Inc. | \$377 | \$2,127 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CBM | Cambrex Corporation | \$514 | \$1,495 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CYH | Community Health Systems, Inc. | \$14,155 | \$14,123 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CPSI | Computer Programs and Systems, Inc. | \$280 | \$474 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CNMD | CONMED Corporation | \$860 | \$2,237 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqCM:CORT | Corcept Therapeutics Incorporated | \$251 | \$1,348 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CRVL | CorVel Corporation | \$588 | \$1,067 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CCRN | Cross Country Healthcare, Inc. | \$816 | \$329 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CRY | CryoLife, Inc. | \$263 | \$1,232 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CUTR | Cutera, Inc. | \$163 | \$210 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CYTK | Cytokinetics, Incorporated | \$32 | \$177 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:DPLO | Diplomat Pharmacy, Inc. | \$5,493 | \$1,624 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGM:EGRX | Eagle Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | \$213 | \$554 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:EBS | Emergent BioSolutions Inc. | \$782 | \$2,694 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ENTA | Enanta Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | \$238 | \$1,069 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ENDP | Endo International plc | \$2,947 | \$8,782 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:HSTM | HealthStream, Inc. | \$232 | \$606 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqCM:HSKA | Heska Corporation | \$127 | \$650 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:HMSY | HMS Holdings Corp. | \$598 | \$2,476 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:INVA | Innoviva, Inc. | \$0 | \$2,092 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ITGR | Integer Holdings Corporation | \$1,215 | \$3,401 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:IVC | Invacare Corporation | \$972 | \$276 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:LCI | Lannett Company, Inc. | \$694 | \$871 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGM:LNTH | Lantheus Holdings, Inc. | \$343 | \$764 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGM:LMAT | LeMaitre Vascular, Inc. | \$106 | \$417 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:LHCG | LHC Group, Inc. | \$1,810 | \$3,261 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:LMNX | Luminex Corporation | \$316 | \$883 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MGLN | Magellan Health, Inc. | \$7,314 | \$1,946 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MEDP | Medpace Holdings, Inc. | \$705 | \$1,992 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:VIVO | Meridian Bioscience, Inc. | \$213 | \$728 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MMSI | Merit Medical Systems, Inc. | \$883 | \$3,217 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MNTA | Momenta Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | \$76 | \$810 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MYGN | Myriad Genetics, Inc. | \$825 | \$2,264 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:BABY | Natus Medical Incorporated | \$531 | \$1,197 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:NEOG | Neogen Corporation | \$414 | \$2,728 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqCM:NEO | NeoGenomics, Inc. | \$277 | \$1,183 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:NXGN | NextGen Healthcare, Inc. | \$530 | \$991 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:OMCL | Omnicell, Inc. | \$787 | \$2,567 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:OSUR | OraSure Technologies, Inc. | \$175 | \$565 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:OFIX | Orthofix Medical Inc. | \$453 | \$920 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:OMI | Owens \& Minor, Inc. | \$9,839 | \$1,910 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGM:PAHC | Phibro Animal Health Corporation | \$839 | \$1,547 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:PGNX | Progenics Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | \$15 | \$253 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:QHC | Quorum Health Corporation | \$1,879 | \$1,289 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:RGNX | REGENXBIO Inc. | \$219 | \$1,131 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:RGEN | Repligen Corporation | \$194 | \$2,225 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SEM | Select Medical Holdings Corporation | \$5,081 | \$6,162 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:SPPI | Spectrum Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | \$109 | \$741 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGM:SUPN | Supernus Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | \$409 | \$1,781 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:SRDX | Surmodics, Inc. | \$87 | \$573 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGM:TRHC | Tabula Rasa HealthCare, Inc. | \$204 | \$1,251 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGM:TCMD | Tactile Systems Technology, Inc. | \$144 | \$795 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ENSG | The Ensign Group, Inc. | \$2,041 | \$2,238 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MDCO | The Medicines Company | \$6 | \$1,946 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:PRSC | The Providence Service Corporation | \$1,385 | \$835 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:TVTY | Tivity Health, Inc. | \$606 | \$1,067 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NYSE:USPH | U.S. Physical Therapy, Inc. | \$413 | \$1,456 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGM:VNDA | Vanda Pharmaceuticals Inc. | \$193 | \$1,130 |
| Health Care | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:VREX | Varex Imaging Corporation | \$783 | \$1,252 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MMM | 3M Company | \$32,765 | \$122,351 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AOS | A. O. Smith Corporation | \$3,188 | \$6,832 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ALK | Alaska Air Group, Inc. | \$8,264 | \$8,135 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ALLE | Allegion plc | \$2,732 | \$8,842 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:AAL | American Airlines Group Inc. | \$41,689 | \$34,701 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 <br> Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AME | AMETEK, Inc. | \$4,846 | \$17,097 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ARNC | Arconic Inc. | \$14,014 | \$13,038 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:CHRW | C.H. Robinson Worldwide, Inc. | \$16,631 | \$12,606 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CAT | Caterpillar Inc. | \$51,822 | \$103,612 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:CTAS | Cintas Corporation | \$5,393 | \$20,281 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:CPRT | Copart, Inc. | \$1,874 | \$11,261 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:CSX | CSX Corporation | \$12,250 | \$64,974 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CMI | Cummins Inc. | \$23,771 | \$23,317 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DE | Deere \& Company | \$34,318 | \$86,857 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DAL | Delta Air Lines, Inc. | \$40,620 | \$42,620 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DOV | Dover Corporation | \$6,992 | \$13,454 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ETN | Eaton Corporation plc | \$21,609 | \$36,594 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:EMR | Emerson Electric Co. | \$17,739 | \$41,123 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:EFX | Equifax Inc. | \$3,412 | \$13,665 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:EXPD | Expeditors International of Washington, Inc. | \$8,138 | \$10,763 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:FAST | Fastenal Company | \$4,965 | \$15,270 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FDX | FedEx Corporation | \$68,716 | \$57,282 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FLS | Flowserve Corporation | \$3,833 | \$5,967 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FLR | Fluor Corporation | \$19,167 | \$4,488 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FTV | Fortive Corporation | \$6,453 | \$26,472 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FBHS | Fortune Brands Home \& Security, Inc. | \$5,485 | \$7,497 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:GD | General Dynamics Corporation | \$36,193 | \$58,629 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:GE | General Electric Company | \$113,544 | \$188,903 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HRS | Harris Corporation | \$6,445 | \$19,873 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HON | Honeywell International Inc. | \$41,802 | \$104,589 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HII | Huntington Ingalls Industries, Inc. | \$8,176 | \$9,389 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:INFO | IHS Markit Ltd. | \$4,009 | \$24,821 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ITW | Illinois Tool Works Inc. | \$14,768 | \$47,855 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:IR | Ingersoll-Rand Plc | \$15,668 | \$25,514 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:JBHT | J.B. Hunt Transport Services, Inc. | \$7,558 | \$11,220 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:JEC | Jacobs Engineering Group Inc. | \$16,284 | \$9,769 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:JCI | Johnson Controls International plc | \$31,559 | \$39,487 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:KSU | Kansas City Southern | \$2,714 | \$12,616 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:LLL | L3 Technologies, Inc. | \$10,244 | \$16,587 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:LMT | Lockheed Martin Corporation | \$53,762 | \$88,362 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MAS | Masco Corporation | \$8,359 | \$11,508 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NLSN | Nielsen Holdings plc | \$6,515 | \$16,640 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NSC | Norfolk Southern Corporation | \$11,458 | \$51,413 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NOC | Northrop Grumman Corporation | \$30,095 | \$56,196 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:PCAR | PACCAR Inc | \$22,139 | \$25,790 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PH | Parker-Hannifin Corporation | \$14,518 | \$23,861 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PNR | Pentair plc | \$2,965 | \$7,293 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PWR | Quanta Services, Inc. | \$11,171 | \$5,274 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:RTN | Raytheon Company | \$27,058 | \$47,180 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:RSG | Republic Services, Inc. | \$10,041 | \$31,570 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:RHI | Robert Half International Inc. | \$5,800 | \$6,467 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ROK | Rockwell Automation, Inc. | \$6,722 | \$18,989 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ROL | Rollins, Inc. | \$1,822 | \$11,698 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ROP | Roper Technologies, Inc. | \$5,191 | \$32,419 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:SNA | Snap-on Incorporated | \$3,741 | \$9,097 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:LUV | Southwest Airlines Co. | \$20,630 | \$25,784 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:SWK | Stanley Black \& Decker, Inc. | \$13,982 | \$23,714 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:TXT | Textron Inc. | \$13,906 | \$13,890 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:BA | The Boeing Company | \$101,127 | \$185,109 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:TDG | TransDigm Group Incorporated | \$3,956 | \$28,731 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:UNP | Union Pacific Corporation | \$21,384 | \$122,357 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:UAL | United Continental Holdings, Inc. | \$38,943 | \$32,258 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:UPS | United Parcel Service, Inc. | \$71,861 | \$102,349 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:URI | United Rentals, Inc. | \$8,047 | \$18,328 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:UTX | United Technologies Corporation | \$66,501 | \$120,346 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:VRSK | Verisk Analytics, Inc. | \$2,395 | \$20,386 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:GWW | W.W. Grainger, Inc. | \$11,221 | \$17,783 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:WM | Waste Management, Inc. | \$14,914 | \$47,876 |
| Industrials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:XYL | Xylem Inc. | \$5,207 | \$14,132 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:AYI | Acuity Brands, Inc. | \$3,770 | \$4,790 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ACM | AECOM | \$20,282 | \$7,069 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:AGCO | AGCO Corporation | \$9,352 | \$6,018 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ASGN | ASGN Incorporated | \$3,400 | \$3,973 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:CAR | Avis Budget Group, Inc. | \$9,124 | \$15,624 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CSL | Carlisle Companies Incorporated | \$4,480 | \$6,792 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CLH | Clean Harbors, Inc. | \$3,300 | \$4,135 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CR | Crane Co. | \$3,346 | \$5,014 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CW | Curtiss-Wright Corporation | \$2,412 | \$5,040 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DLX | Deluxe Corporation | \$1,998 | \$2,613 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DCI | Donaldson Company, Inc. | \$2,830 | \$6,072 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DY | Dycom Industries, Inc. | \$3,128 | \$2,523 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:EME | EMCOR Group, Inc. | \$8,131 | \$3,382 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ENS | EnerSys | \$2,694 | \$3,345 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ESL | Esterline Technologies Corporation | \$2,038 | \$3,911 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:GATX | GATX Corporation | \$1,284 | \$6,817 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:GWR | Genesee \& Wyoming Inc. | \$2,349 | \$6,837 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:GGG | Graco Inc. | \$1,653 | \$7,098 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:GVA | Granite Construction Incorporated | \$3,318 | \$1,827 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:HCSG | Healthcare Services Group, Inc. | \$2,009 | \$2,885 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:MLHR | Herman Miller, Inc. | \$2,474 | \$1,976 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:HNI | HNI Corporation | \$2,258 | \$1,757 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:HUBB | Hubbell Incorporated | \$4,482 | \$7,134 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:IEX | IDEX Corporation | \$2,484 | \$10,042 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:NSP | Insperity, Inc. | \$3,829 | \$3,642 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ITT | ITT Inc. | \$2,745 | \$3,859 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:JBLU | JetBlue Airways Corporation | \$7,381 | \$5,526 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:KBR | KBR, Inc. | \$4,913 | \$2,751 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:KMT | Kennametal Inc. | \$2,428 | \$3,259 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:KEX | Kirby Corporation | \$2,971 | \$5,432 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:KNX | Knight-Swift Transportation Holdings Inc. | \$4,725 | \$5,229 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:LSTR | Landstar System, Inc. | \$4,563 | \$3,835 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:LII | Lennox International Inc. | \$3,884 | \$9,896 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:LECO | Lincoln Electric Holdings, Inc. | \$3,029 | \$5,295 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MAN | ManpowerGroup Inc. | \$21,991 | \$4,487 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MTZ | MasTec, Inc. | \$6,909 | \$4,837 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MSA | MSA Safety Incorporated | \$1,358 | \$3,850 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MSM | MSC Industrial Direct Co., Inc. | \$3,267 | \$4,746 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:NDSN | Nordson Corporation | \$2,202 | \$8,145 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DNOW | NOW Inc. | \$3,127 | \$1,341 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:NVT | nVent Electric plc | \$2,214 | \$4,868 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:ODFL | Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. | \$4,044 | \$9,963 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:OSK | Oshkosh Corporation | \$7,923 | \$4,690 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:PBI | Pitney Bowes Inc. | \$3,208 | \$3,564 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:RBC | Regal Beloit Corporation | \$3,646 | \$4,144 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:REZI | Resideo Technologies, Inc. | \$4,827 | \$2,353 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:R | Ryder System, Inc. | \$8,409 | \$8,779 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:SRCL | Stericycle, Inc. | \$3,486 | \$6,121 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TDY | Teledyne Technologies Incorporated | \$2,902 | \$8,182 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TEX | Terex Corporation | \$5,125 | \$2,840 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:BCO | The Brink's Company | \$3,489 | \$4,498 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DNB | The Dun \& Bradstreet Corporation | \$1,716 | \$6,418 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TKR | The Timken Company | \$3,581 | \$4,505 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TTC | The Toro Company | \$2,673 | \$5,937 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TRN | Trinity Industries, Inc. | \$2,509 | \$6,282 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:VMI | Valmont Industries, Inc. | \$2,757 | \$2,975 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:WSO | Watsco, Inc. | \$4,547 | \$5,114 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:WERN | Werner Enterprises, Inc. | \$2,458 | \$2,218 |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:WAB | Wabtec Corporation | \$4,364 | \$10,256 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industrials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:WWD | Woodward, Inc. | \$2,509 | \$5,783 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:AAON | AAON, Inc. | \$434 | \$1,816 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AIR | AAR Corp. | \$1,889 | \$1,476 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ABM | ABM Industries Incorporated | \$6,462 | \$3,020 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ATU | Actuant Corporation | \$1,186 | \$1,604 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:AEGN | Aegion Corporation | \$1,334 | \$774 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AJRD | Aerojet Rocketdyne Holdings, Inc. | \$1,896 | \$2,780 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:AVAV | AeroVironment, Inc. | \$343 | \$1,314 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ALG | Alamo Group Inc. | \$1,009 | \$960 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AIN | Albany International Corp. | \$982 | \$2,387 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ALGT | Allegiant Travel Company | \$1,642 | \$2,488 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:AMWD | American Woodmark Corporation | \$1,644 | \$1,621 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:APOG | Apogee Enterprises, Inc. | \$1,410 | \$1,033 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AIT | Applied Industrial Technologies, Inc. | \$3,430 | \$3,006 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ARCB | ArcBest Corporation | \$3,094 | \$917 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ACA | Arcosa, Inc. | \$1,460 | \$1,340 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ASTE | Astec Industries, Inc. | \$1,172 | \$688 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:AAWW | Atlas Air Worldwide Holdings, Inc. | \$2,678 | \$3,383 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:AAXN | Axon Enterprise, Inc. | \$420 | \$2,248 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AZZ | AZZ Inc. | \$925 | \$1,338 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:B | Barnes Group Inc. | \$1,496 | \$3,235 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BRC | Brady Corporation | \$1,172 | \$2,143 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BGG | Briggs \& Stratton Corporation | \$1,890 | \$928 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:GTLS | Chart Industries, Inc. | \$1,084 | \$2,386 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CIR | CIRCOR International, Inc. | \$1,176 | \$1,154 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:FIX | Comfort Systems USA, Inc. | \$2,183 | \$1,692 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CUB | Cubic Corporation | \$1,260 | \$1,794 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:DXPE | DXP Enterprises, Inc. | \$1,216 | \$714 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ECHO | Echo Global Logistics, Inc. | \$2,440 | \$737 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:WIRE | Encore Wire Corporation | \$1,289 | \$913 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:NPO | EnPro Industries, Inc. | \$1,532 | \$1,607 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ESE | ESCO Technologies Inc. | \$781 | \$1,917 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ESND | Essendant Inc. | \$0 | \$962 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:EXPO | Exponent, Inc. | \$355 | \$2,435 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:FSS | Federal Signal Corporation | \$1,090 | \$1,386 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:FORR | Forrester Research, Inc. | \$358 | \$672 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:FWRD | Forward Air Corporation | \$1,321 | \$1,614 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:FELE | Franklin Electric Co., Inc. | \$1,298 | \$2,183 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:FCN | FTI Consulting, Inc. | \$2,028 | \$2,525 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ROCK | Gibraltar Industries, Inc. | \$1,002 | \$1,095 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:GFF | Griffon Corporation | \$2,051 | \$1,504 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:HSC | Harsco Corporation | \$1,722 | \$2,214 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:HA | Hawaiian Holdings, Inc. | \$2,603 | \$1,431 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:HTLD | Heartland Express, Inc. | \$611 | \$1,379 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:HSII | Heidrick \& Struggles International, Inc. | \$716 | \$427 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:HI | Hillenbrand, Inc. | \$1,783 | \$2,666 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:HUBG | Hub Group, Inc. | \$3,684 | \$1,315 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:IIIN | Insteel Industries, Inc. | \$460 | \$423 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:TILE | Interface, Inc. | \$1,180 | \$1,386 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:JBT | John Bean Technologies Corporation | \$1,920 | \$2,717 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:KAMN | Kaman Corporation | \$1,875 | \$1,846 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:KELY.A | Kelly Services, Inc. | \$5,514 | \$789 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:KFY | Korn Ferry | \$1,911 | \$2,081 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:LNN | Lindsay Corporation | \$535 | \$991 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:LKSD | LSC Communications, Inc. | \$3,826 | \$1,159 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:LDL | Lydall, Inc. | \$786 | \$647 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MRTN | Marten Transport, Ltd. | \$788 | \$846 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:MATX | Matson, Inc. | \$2,223 | \$2,263 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MATW | Matthews International Corporation | \$1,607 | \$2,218 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MRCY | Mercury Systems, Inc. | \$572 | \$2,456 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MINI | Mobile Mini, Inc. | \$593 | \$2,332 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:MOG.A | Moog Inc. | \$2,762 | \$3,431 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:MLI | Mueller Industries, Inc. | \$2,508 | \$1,776 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:LABL | Multi-Color Corporation | \$1,738 | \$2,212 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MYRG | MYR Group Inc. | \$1,531 | \$560 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:NPK | National Presto Industries, Inc. | \$323 | \$633 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:NCI | Navigant Consulting, Inc. | \$673 | \$751 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ORN | Orion Group Holdings, Inc. | \$521 | \$219 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:PATK | Patrick Industries, Inc. | \$2,263 | \$1,312 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:PGTI | PGT Innovations, Inc. | \$698 | \$1,260 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:POWL | Powell Industries, Inc. | \$468 | \$240 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:PRLB | Proto Labs, Inc. | \$446 | \$2,933 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:NX | Quanex Building Products Corporation | \$895 | \$635 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:RRD | R.R. Donnelley \& Sons Company | \$6,800 | \$2,223 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:RAVN | Raven Industries, Inc. | \$407 | \$1,232 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:RECN | Resources Connection, Inc. | \$724 | \$479 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:SAIA | Saia, Inc. | \$1,654 | \$1,543 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SSD | Simpson Manufacturing Co., Inc. | \$1,079 | \$2,322 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:SKYW | SkyWest, Inc. | \$3,222 | \$4,712 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SPXC | SPX Corporation | \$1,539 | \$1,617 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:FLOW | SPX FLOW, Inc. | \$2,090 | \$1,921 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SXI | Standex International Corporation | \$882 | \$1,052 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:TISI | Team, Inc. | \$1,247 | \$802 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:TNC | Tennant Company | \$1,124 | \$1,241 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:TTEK | Tetra Tech, Inc. | \$2,209 | \$2,996 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:GBX | The Greenbrier Companies, Inc. | \$2,442 | \$1,376 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:TWI | Titan International, Inc. | \$1,602 | \$756 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:TREX | Trex Company, Inc. | \$684 | \$3,380 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:TGI | Triumph Group, Inc. | \$3,393 | \$2,168 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:TBI | TrueBlue, Inc. | \$2,499 | \$948 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:UNF | UniFirst Corporation | \$1,719 | \$2,468 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:UFPI | Universal Forest Products, Inc. | \$4,489 | \$1,792 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ECOL | US Ecology, Inc. | \$566 | \$1,638 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:VRTV | Veritiv Corporation | \$8,696 | \$1,355 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:VVI | Viad Corp | \$1,296 | \$1,184 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:VICR | Vicor Corporation | \$291 | \$1,450 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:WNC | Wabash National Corporation | \$2,267 | \$1,123 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:WAGE | WageWorks, Inc. | \$457 | \$429 |
| Industrials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:WTS | Watts Water Technologies, Inc. | \$1,565 | \$2,422 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ACN | Accenture plc | \$40,295 | \$85,921 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ADBE | Adobe Inc. | \$9,030 | \$111,331 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:AMD | Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. | \$6,475 | \$18,696 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:AKAM | Akamai Technologies, Inc. | \$2,714 | \$9,691 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ADS | Alliance Data Systems Corporation | \$3,096 | \$29,202 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:APH | Amphenol Corporation | \$8,202 | \$26,697 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ADI | Analog Devices, Inc. | \$6,175 | \$37,287 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ANSS | ANSYS, Inc. | \$1,294 | \$11,215 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:AAPL | Apple Inc. | \$261,612 | \$796,721 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:AMAT | Applied Materials, Inc. | \$16,801 | \$32,664 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ANET | Arista Networks, Inc. | \$2,151 | \$14,267 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ADSK | Autodesk, Inc. | \$2,437 | \$28,676 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:ADP | Automatic Data Processing, Inc. | \$13,331 | \$58,233 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:AVGO | Broadcom Inc. | \$21,310 | \$116,762 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:BR | Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. | \$4,319 | \$12,176 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:CDNS | Cadence Design Systems, Inc. | \$2,138 | \$12,063 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:CSCO | Cisco Systems, Inc. | \$50,825 | \$177,862 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:CTXS | Citrix Systems, Inc. | \$2,974 | \$14,131 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:CTSH | Cognizant Technology Solutions Corporation | \$16,125 | \$32,718 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:GLW | Corning Incorporated | \$11,290 | \$29,974 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DXC | DXC Technology Company | \$23,880 | \$19,478 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:FFIV | F5 Networks, Inc. | \$2,182 | \$8,784 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FIS | Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. | \$8,423 | \$42,075 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:FISV | Fiserv, Inc. | \$5,823 | \$33,886 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FLT | FleetCor Technologies, Inc. | \$2,433 | \$20,012 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:FLIR | FLIR Systems, Inc. | \$1,776 | \$5,888 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:FTNT | Fortinet, Inc. | \$1,801 | \$10,365 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:IT | Gartner, Inc. | \$3,870 | \$13,580 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:GPN | Global Payments Inc. | \$3,366 | \$21,011 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HPE | Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company | \$30,283 | \$25,773 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HPQ | HP Inc. | \$58,665 | \$31,917 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:INTC | Intel Corporation | \$70,848 | \$228,877 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:IBM | International Business Machines Corporation | \$77,991 | \$136,019 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:INTU | Intuit Inc. | \$6,233 | \$50,183 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:IPGP | IPG Photonics Corporation | \$1,460 | \$4,975 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:JKHY | Jack Henry \& Associates, Inc. | \$1,597 | \$9,665 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:JNPR | Juniper Networks, Inc. | \$4,648 | \$8,037 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:KEYS | Keysight Technologies, Inc. | \$4,047 | \$12,531 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:KLAC | KLA-Tencor Corporation | \$4,304 | \$13,156 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:LRCX | Lam Research Corporation | \$10,871 | \$19,897 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MA | Mastercard Incorporated | \$14,950 | \$192,794 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:MXIM | Maxim Integrated Products, Inc. | \$2,497 | \$13,017 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:MCHP | Microchip Technology Incorporated | \$5,022 | \$27,432 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:MU | Micron Technology, Inc. | \$31,501 | \$35,109 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:MSFT | Microsoft Corporation | \$118,459 | \$731,962 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MSI | Motorola Solutions, Inc. | \$7,343 | \$23,421 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:NTAP | NetApp, Inc. | \$6,190 | \$12,517 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:NVDA | NVIDIA Corporation | \$11,716 | \$75,834 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ORCL | Oracle Corporation | \$39,893 | \$171,425 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:PAYX | Paychex, Inc. | \$3,436 | \$22,693 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:PYPL | PayPal Holdings, Inc. | \$15,451 | \$91,501 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:QRVO | Qorvo, Inc. | \$3,075 | \$7,763 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:QCOM | QUALCOMM Incorporated | \$21,539 | \$73,266 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:RHT | Red Hat, Inc. | \$3,255 | \$29,635 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CRM | salesforce.com, inc. | \$13,282 | \$105,723 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:STX | Seagate Technology plc | \$11,344 | \$13,924 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:SWKS | Skyworks Solutions, Inc. | \$3,788 | \$10,871 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:SYMC | Symantec Corporation | \$4,752 | \$14,675 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:SNPS | Synopsys, Inc. | \$3,172 | \$12,347 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:TEL | TE Connectivity Ltd. | \$13,999 | \$29,196 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:TXN | Texas Instruments Incorporated | \$15,784 | \$90,725 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:WU | The Western Union Company | \$5,590 | \$10,080 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:TSS | Total System Services, Inc. | \$4,028 | \$18,242 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:VRSN | VeriSign, Inc. | \$1,215 | \$18,532 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:V | Visa Inc. | \$25,800 | \$301,214 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:WDC | Western Digital Corporation | \$19,391 | \$17,173 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NYSE:XRX | Xerox Corporation | \$9,562 | \$9,030 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:XLNX | Xilinx, Inc. | \$2,941 | \$20,015 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:ACIW | ACI Worldwide, Inc. | \$1,010 | \$3,821 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:ARRS | ARRIS International Limited | \$6,743 | \$6,937 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ARW | Arrow Electronics, Inc. | \$29,677 | \$9,097 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:AVT | Avnet, Inc. | \$19,993 | \$5,215 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:BDC | Belden Inc. | \$2,585 | \$2,859 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:BLKB | Blackbaud, Inc. | \$849 | \$3,376 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CACI | CACI International Inc | \$4,642 | \$4,599 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:CDK | CDK Global, Inc. | \$2,291 | \$8,559 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CIEN | Ciena Corporation | \$3,227 | \$5,177 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:CRUS | Cirrus Logic, Inc. | \$1,248 | \$1,741 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:CGNX | Cognex Corporation | \$806 | \$6,131 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:COHR | Coherent, Inc. | \$1,808 | \$2,692 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:CVLT | Commvault Systems, Inc. | \$714 | \$2,251 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CLGX | CoreLogic, Inc. | \$1,788 | \$4,359 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:CREE | Cree, Inc. | \$1,614 | \$4,106 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:CY | Cypress Semiconductor Corporation | \$2,484 | \$5,278 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:FICO | Fair Isaac Corporation | \$1,062 | \$6,089 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:FSLR | First Solar, Inc. | \$2,244 | \$2,192 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:IDTI | Integrated Device Technology, Inc. | \$929 | \$6,356 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:IDCC | InterDigital, Inc. | \$307 | \$1,518 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:JCOM | j2 Global, Inc. | \$1,207 | \$4,127 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:JBL | Jabil Inc. | \$23,016 | \$5,639 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:LDOS | Leidos Holdings, Inc. | \$10,194 | \$10,438 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:LFUS | Littelfuse, Inc. | \$1,718 | \$4,516 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:RAMP | LiveRamp Holdings, Inc. | \$965 | \$2,767 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:LOGM | LogMeln, Inc. | \$1,204 | \$4,206 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:LITE | Lumentum Holdings Inc. | \$1,328 | \$2,822 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:MANH | Manhattan Associates, Inc. | \$559 | \$2,676 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MMS | MAXIMUS, Inc. | \$2,434 | \$3,807 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:MKSI | MKS Instruments, Inc. | \$2,075 | \$3,218 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:MPWR | Monolithic Power Systems, Inc. | \$582 | \$4,583 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:NATI | National Instruments Corporation | \$1,359 | \$5,527 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:NCR | NCR Corporation | \$6,405 | \$6,385 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:NTCT | NetScout Systems, Inc. | \$910 | \$1,984 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:PRSP | Perspecta Inc. | \$3,651 | \$5,494 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:PLT | Plantronics, Inc. | \$1,422 | \$2,748 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:PTC | PTC Inc. | \$1,270 | \$10,196 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:SABR | Sabre Corporation | \$3,867 | \$8,936 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SAIC | Science Applications International Corporation | \$4,659 | \$3,554 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:SLAB | Silicon Laboratories Inc. | \$868 | \$3,150 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:SYNA | Synaptics Incorporated | \$1,626 | \$1,480 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SNX | SYNNEX Corporation | \$20,054 | \$5,751 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:TECD | Tech Data Corporation | \$37,239 | \$3,818 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TDC | Teradata Corporation | \$2,164 | \$4,263 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:TER | Teradyne, Inc. | \$2,101 | \$4,769 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:ULTI | The Ultimate Software Group, Inc. | \$1,141 | \$7,532 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:TRMB | Trimble Inc. | \$3,108 | \$10,073 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TYL | Tyler Technologies, Inc. | \$935 | \$6,942 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:OLED | Universal Display Corporation | \$247 | \$3,914 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:VSM | Versum Materials, Inc. | \$1,381 | \$3,639 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:VSAT | Viasat, Inc. | \$1,951 | \$4,681 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:VSH | Vishay Intertechnology, Inc. | \$3,035 | \$2,125 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NYSE:WEX | WEX Inc. | \$1,241 | \$7,893 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:ZBRA | Zebra Technologies Corporation | \$4,218 | \$10,425 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NYSE:DDD | 3D Systems Corporation | \$688 | \$1,083 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NYSE:EGHT | 8x8, Inc. | \$338 | \$1,592 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ADTN | ADTRAN, Inc. | \$529 | \$437 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:AEIS | Advanced Energy Industries, Inc. | \$719 | \$1,311 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:AGYS | Agilysys, Inc. | \$136 | \$305 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ALRM | Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. | \$420 | \$2,434 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AXE | Anixter International Inc. | \$8,400 | \$3,012 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGM:AAOI | Applied Optoelectronics, Inc. | \$267 | \$314 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ARLO | Arlo Technologies, Inc. | \$465 | \$575 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ACLS | Axcelis Technologies, Inc. | \$443 | \$476 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BMI | Badger Meter, Inc. | \$434 | \$1,458 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:BELF.B | Bel Fuse Inc. | \$548 | \$276 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BHE | Benchmark Electronics, Inc. | \$2,566 | \$604 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:EPAY | Bottomline Technologies (de), Inc. | \$408 | \$2,091 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:BRKS | Brooks Automation, Inc. | \$668 | \$1,778 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CCMP | Cabot Microelectronics Corporation | \$672 | \$2,385 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CAMP | CalAmp Corp. | \$374 | \$375 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CATM | Cardtronics plc | \$1,345 | \$1,988 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CEVA | CEVA, Inc. | \$78 | \$364 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:COHU | Cohu, Inc. | \$452 | \$491 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CMTL | Comtech Telecommunications Corp. | \$640 | \$734 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CTRL | Control4 Corporation | \$272 | \$380 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CRAY | Cray Inc. | \$456 | \$714 |

$\left.\begin{array}{llllr} & & & \text { December } & 18 \\ & & & \text { Index } & \text { Ticker }\end{array}\right)$

| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NYSE:UIS | Unisys Corporation | \$2,825 | \$760 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:VECO | Veeco Instruments Inc. | \$542 | \$373 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:VIAV | Viavi Solutions Inc. | \$1,060 | \$2,376 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:VRTU | Virtusa Corporation | \$1,202 | \$1,501 |
| Information Technology | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:XPER | Xperi Corporation | \$406 | \$1,267 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:APD | Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. | \$8,938 | \$36,280 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ALB | Albemarle Corporation | \$3,375 | \$9,399 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AVY | Avery Dennison Corporation | \$7,159 | \$9,413 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:BLL | Ball Corporation | \$11,635 | \$21,776 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CE | Celanese Corporation | \$7,155 | \$15,154 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CF | CF Industries Holdings, Inc. | \$4,429 | \$16,444 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DD | DuPont de Nemours, Inc. | \$85,977 | \$152,344 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:EMN | Eastman Chemical Company | \$10,151 | \$16,746 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ECL | Ecolab Inc. | \$14,668 | \$49,520 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FMC | FMC Corporation | \$4,728 | \$12,557 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FCX | Freeport-McMoRan Inc. | \$18,628 | \$24,872 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:IFF | International Flavors \& Fragrances Inc. | \$3,978 | \$13,425 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:IP | International Paper Company | \$23,306 | \$26,594 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:LIN | Linde plc | \$14,900 | \$95,324 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:LYB | LyondellBasell Industries N.V. | \$39,004 | \$39,271 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MLM | Martin Marietta Materials, Inc. | \$3,980 | \$13,937 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NEM | Newmont Goldcorp Corporation | \$7,253 | \$20,547 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NUE | Nucor Corporation | \$25,067 | \$19,001 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PKG | Packaging Corporation of America | \$7,015 | \$10,033 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PPG | PPG Industries, Inc. | \$15,374 | \$28,504 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:SEE | Sealed Air Corporation | \$4,733 | \$8,832 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MOS | The Mosaic Company | \$9,587 | \$15,051 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:SHW | The Sherwin-Williams Company | \$17,534 | \$46,137 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:VMC | Vulcan Materials Company | \$4,383 | \$15,986 |
| Materials | S\&P 500 | NYSE:WRK | WestRock Company | \$16,719 | \$15,451 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ATI | Allegheny Technologies Incorporated | \$4,047 | \$4,238 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ATR | AptarGroup, Inc. | \$2,765 | \$6,967 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ASH | Ashland Global Holdings Inc. | \$3,738 | \$6,669 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:BMS | Bemis Company, Inc. | \$4,090 | \$5,569 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CBT | Cabot Corporation | \$3,343 | \$3,557 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CRS | Carpenter Technology Corporation | \$2,319 | \$2,219 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CMC | Commercial Metals Company | \$4,845 | \$2,421 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CMP | Compass Minerals International, Inc. | \$1,494 | \$2,715 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:UFS | Domtar Corporation | \$5,455 | \$3,058 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:EXP | Eagle Materials Inc. | \$1,393 | \$3,478 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:GEF | Greif, Inc. | \$3,865 | \$2,890 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:LPX | Louisiana-Pacific Corporation | \$2,828 | \$2,504 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MTX | Minerals Technologies Inc. | \$1,808 | \$2,689 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:NEU | NewMarket Corporation | \$2,290 | \$5,370 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:OLN | Olin Corporation | \$6,946 | \$6,576 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:OI | Owens-Illinois, Inc. | \$6,877 | \$8,065 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:POL | PolyOne Corporation | \$3,533 | \$3,440 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:RS | Reliance Steel \& Aluminum Co. | \$11,535 | \$7,006 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:RGLD | Royal Gold, Inc. | \$426 | \$5,885 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:RPM | RPM International Inc. | \$5,483 | \$9,773 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SXT | Sensient Technologies Corporation | \$1,387 | \$3,090 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:SLGN | Silgan Holdings Inc. | \$4,449 | \$5,361 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SON | Sonoco Products Company | \$5,391 | \$6,461 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:STLD | Steel Dynamics, Inc. | \$11,822 | \$8,215 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CC | The Chemours Company | \$6,638 | \$7,558 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SMG | The Scotts Miracle-Gro Company | \$2,740 | \$5,386 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:X | United States Steel Corporation | \$14,178 | \$4,392 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:VVV | Valvoline Inc. | \$2,297 | \$4,867 |
| Materials | S\&P 400 | NYSE:WOR | Worthington Industries, Inc. | \$3,808 | \$2,759 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ASIX | AdvanSix Inc. | \$1,515 | \$905 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AKS | AK Steel Holding Corporation | \$6,818 | \$3,038 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AVD | American Vanguard Corporation | \$454 | \$549 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:BCPC | Balchem Corporation | \$644 | \$2,662 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BCC | Boise Cascade Company | \$4,995 | \$1,208 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CENX | Century Aluminum Company | \$1,893 | \$838 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CLW | Clearwater Paper Corporation | \$1,724 | \$1,121 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:FF | FutureFuel Corp. | \$291 | \$391 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:FUL | H.B. Fuller Company | \$3,041 | \$4,400 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:HWKN | Hawkins, Inc. | \$550 | \$521 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:HAYN | Haynes International, Inc. | \$453 | \$328 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:NGVT | Ingevity Corporation | \$1,134 | \$4,203 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:IPHS | Innophos Holdings, Inc. | \$802 | \$803 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:IOSP | Innospec Inc. | \$1,477 | \$1,646 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:KALU | Kaiser Aluminum Corporation | \$1,586 | \$1,665 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:KOP | Koppers Holdings Inc. | \$1,710 | \$1,342 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:KRA | Kraton Corporation | \$2,012 | \$2,255 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:LXU | LSB Industries, Inc. | \$378 | \$729 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:MTRN | Materion Corporation | \$1,208 | \$876 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:MERC | Mercer International Inc. | \$1,458 | \$1,171 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:MYE | Myers Industries, Inc. | \$567 | \$564 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:NP | Neenah, Inc. | \$1,035 | \$1,236 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ZEUS | Olympic Steel, Inc. | \$1,715 | \$457 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:GLT | P. H. Glatfelter Company | \$866 | \$840 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:KWR | Quaker Chemical Corporation | \$868 | \$2,324 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:RYAM | Rayonier Advanced Materials Inc. | \$2,134 | \$1,641 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SWM | Schweitzer-Mauduit International, Inc. | \$1,041 | \$1,321 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SCL | Stepan Company | \$1,994 | \$1,679 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SXC | SunCoke Energy, Inc. | \$1,451 | \$1,447 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:TMST | TimkenSteel Corporation | \$1,611 | \$581 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NYSE:TG | Tredegar Corporation | \$1,065 | \$576 |
| Materials | S\&P 600 | NasdaqCM:USCR | U.S. Concrete, Inc. | \$1,506 | \$1,320 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ARE | Alexandria Real Estate Equities, Inc. | \$1,315 | \$18,481 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AMT | American Tower Corporation (REIT) | \$7,315 | \$91,451 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AIV | Apartment Investment and Management Company | \$965 | \$10,713 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AVB | AvalonBay Communities, Inc. | \$2,285 | \$31,476 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:BXP | Boston Properties, Inc. | \$2,658 | \$30,479 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CBRE | CBRE Group, Inc. | \$21,340 | \$16,291 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CCI | Crown Castle International Corp. (REIT) | \$4,716 | \$61,166 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DLR | Digital Realty Trust, Inc. | \$3,046 | \$33,087 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DRE | Duke Realty Corporation | \$785 | \$11,834 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:EQIX | Equinix, Inc. (REIT) | \$0 | \$38,827 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:EQR | Equity Residential | \$2,578 | \$33,737 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ESS | Essex Property Trust, Inc. | \$1,400 | \$21,823 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:EXR | Extra Space Storage Inc. | \$1,081 | \$16,462 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FRT | Federal Realty Investment Trust | \$896 | \$12,357 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HCP | HCP, Inc. | \$1,237 | \$20,689 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:HST | Host Hotels \& Resorts, Inc. | \$3,547 | \$15,423 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:IRM | Iron Mountain Incorporated | \$2,622 | \$17,406 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:KIM | Kimco Realty Corporation | \$1,165 | \$11,012 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MAC | Macerich Company | \$900 | \$11,519 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:MAA | Mid-America Apartment Communities, Inc. | \$1,571 | \$15,566 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PLD | Prologis, Inc. | \$2,398 | \$52,516 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PSA | Public Storage | \$2,598 | \$40,328 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:O | Realty Income Corporation | \$1,322 | \$25,418 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:REG | Regency Centers Corporation | \$1,121 | \$13,633 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:SBAC | SBA Communications Corporation | \$1,740 | \$27,944 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:SPG | Simon Property Group, Inc. | \$5,287 | \$75,699 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:SLG | SL Green Realty Corp. | \$979 | \$13,183 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:UDR | UDR, Inc. | \$1,047 | \$15,772 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:VTR | Ventas, Inc. | \$1,514 | \$31,481 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:VNO | Vornado Realty Trust | \$2,007 | \$23,309 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:WELL | Welltower Inc. | \$1,380 | \$41,467 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 500 | NYSE:WY | Weyerhaeuser Company | \$0 | \$22,462 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ALEX | Alexander \& Baldwin, Inc. | \$140 | \$2,109 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ACC | American Campus Communities, Inc. | \$870 | \$8,844 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CPT | Camden Property Trust | \$849 | \$10,713 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CXW | CoreCivic, Inc. | \$1,836 | \$3,787 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:COR | CoreSite Realty Corporation | \$463 | \$4,574 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:OFC | Corporate Office Properties Trust | \$517 | \$4,145 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CUZ | Cousins Properties Incorporated | \$472 | \$4,364 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:CONE | CyrusOne Inc. | \$821 | \$8,251 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:DEI | Douglas Emmett, Inc. | \$757 | \$11,092 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:EPR | EPR Properties | \$556 | \$7,647 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:FR | First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc. | \$404 | \$4,912 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:HR | Healthcare Realty Trust Incorporated | \$442 | \$4,895 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:HIW | Highwoods Properties, Inc. | \$720 | \$6,260 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:HPT | Hospitality Properties Trust | \$334 | \$8,043 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:JBGS | JBG SMITH Properties | \$539 | \$6,604 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:JLL | Jones Lang LaSalle Incorporated | \$9,090 | \$7,079 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:KRC | Kilroy Realty Corporation | \$738 | \$9,389 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:LAMR | Lamar Advertising Company (REIT) | \$1,627 | \$9,419 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:LPT | Liberty Property Trust | \$632 | \$9,335 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:LSI | Life Storage, Inc. | \$502 | \$6,075 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:CLI | Mack-Cali Realty Corporation | \$480 | \$5,082 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MPW | Medical Properties Trust, Inc. | \$548 | \$9,304 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:NNN | National Retail Properties, Inc. | \$620 | \$10,893 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:OHI | Omega Healthcare Investors, Inc. | \$767 | \$11,957 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:PEB | Pebblebrook Hotel Trust | \$565 | \$5,014 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:PCH | PotlatchDeltic Corporation | \$0 | \$2,782 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:RYN | Rayonier Inc. | \$0 | \$4,503 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:RLGY | Realogy Holdings Corp. | \$5,873 | \$5,312 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:SBRA | Sabra Health Care REIT, Inc. | \$537 | \$6,237 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:SNH | Senior Housing Properties Trust | \$701 | \$6,603 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SKT | Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. | \$486 | \$3,644 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:TCO | Taubman Centers, Inc. | \$579 | \$6,333 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:GEO | The GEO Group, Inc. | \$0 | \$5,070 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NasdaqGS:UNIT | Uniti Group Inc. | \$700 | \$7,587 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:UE | Urban Edge Properties | \$413 | \$3,106 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 400 | NYSE:WRI | Weingarten Realty Investors | \$517 | \$5,130 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AKR | Acadia Realty Trust | \$257 | \$4,104 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:ADC | Agree Realty Corporation | \$148 | \$2,625 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AAT | American Assets Trust, Inc. | \$305 | \$3,105 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AHH | Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc. | \$117 | \$1,571 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:CTRE | CareTrust REIT, Inc. | \$152 | \$2,017 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CBL | CBL \& Associates Properties, Inc | \$840 | \$4,512 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CDR | Cedar Realty Trust, Inc. | \$147 | \$1,047 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CLDT | Chatham Lodging Trust | \$296 | \$1,354 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CHSP | Chesapeake Lodging Trust | \$455 | \$2,118 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CHCT | Community Healthcare Trust Incorporated | \$47 | \$638 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:DRH | DiamondRock Hospitality Company | \$631 | \$2,650 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:DEA | Easterly Government Properties, Inc. | \$159 | \$1,735 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:EGP | EastGroup Properties, Inc. | \$299 | \$4,382 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:FCPT | Four Corners Property Trust, Inc. | \$124 | \$2,260 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | AMEX:FSP | Franklin Street Properties Corp. | \$269 | \$1,615 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:GTY | Getty Realty Corp. | \$133 | \$1,595 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:GNL | Global Net Lease, Inc. | \$282 | \$2,896 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:HT | Hersha Hospitality Trust | \$398 | \$1,819 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:HF | HFF, Inc. | \$631 | \$0 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:IRT | Independence Realty Trust, Inc. | \$178 | \$1,764 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:STAR | iStar Inc. | \$208 | \$3,701 |


| Industry | Index | Ticker | Company Name | 2018 Revenue | December 18 Enterprise Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:KRG | Kite Realty Group Trust | \$339 | \$2,769 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:LXP | Lexington Realty Trust | \$395 | \$3,578 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:LTC | LTC Properties, Inc. | \$135 | \$2,311 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:MMI | Marcus \& Millichap, Inc. | \$747 | \$1,033 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:NSA | National Storage Affiliates Trust | \$321 | \$3,338 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:OPI | Office Properties Income Trust | \$427 | \$2,810 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:PEI | Pennsylvania Real Estate Investment Trust | \$337 | \$2,155 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:PSB | PS Business Parks, Inc. | \$414 | \$4,750 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:RMAX | RE/MAX Holdings, Inc. | \$213 | \$319 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NasdaqGS:ROIC | Retail Opportunity Investments Corp. | \$290 | \$3,384 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:RPT | RPT Realty | \$257 | \$2,095 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:BFS | Saul Centers, Inc. | \$221 | \$2,320 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:INN | Summit Hotel Properties, Inc. | \$548 | \$1,931 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:UHT | Universal Health Realty Income Trust | \$76 | \$1,099 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:UBA | Urstadt Biddle Properties Inc. | \$128 | \$1,274 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:WPG | Washington Prime Group Inc. | \$693 | \$4,242 |
| Real Estate | S\&P 600 | NYSE:WSR | Whitestone REIT | \$87 | \$1,146 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:LNT | Alliant Energy Corporation | \$3,535 | \$15,825 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AEE | Ameren Corporation | \$6,009 | \$24,850 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AEP | American Electric Power Company, Inc. | \$15,927 | \$61,019 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AWK | American Water Works Company, Inc. | \$3,440 | \$24,705 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CNP | CenterPoint Energy, Inc. | \$10,589 | \$21,802 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:CMS | CMS Energy Corporation | \$6,873 | \$24,974 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ED | Consolidated Edison, Inc. | \$12,337 | \$41,587 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:D | Dominion Energy, Inc. | \$13,366 | \$86,766 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DTE | DTE Energy Company | \$14,212 | \$34,163 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:DUK | Duke Energy Corporation | \$24,116 | \$118,089 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:EIX | Edison International | \$12,657 | \$35,429 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ETR | Entergy Corporation | \$11,009 | \$33,874 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:EVRG | Evergy, Inc. | \$4,276 | \$22,538 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:ES | Eversource Energy | \$8,448 | \$34,948 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:EXC | Exelon Corporation | \$35,985 | \$80,576 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:FE | FirstEnergy Corp. | \$10,272 | \$38,275 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NEE | NextEra Energy, Inc. | \$16,727 | \$118,252 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NI | NiSource Inc. | \$4,991 | \$18,456 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:NRG | NRG Energy, Inc. | \$9,478 | \$17,377 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PNW | Pinnacle West Capital Corporation | \$3,691 | \$14,832 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PPL | PPL Corporation | \$7,785 | \$41,455 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:PEG | Public Service Enterprise Group Incorporated | \$9,696 | \$40,999 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:SRE | Sempra Energy | \$11,687 | \$59,975 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:AES | The AES Corporation | \$10,736 | \$29,849 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:SO | The Southern Company | \$22,256 | \$93,856 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NYSE:WEC | WEC Energy Group, Inc. | \$7,680 | \$33,183 |
| Utilities | S\&P 500 | NasdaqGS:XEL | Xcel Energy Inc. | \$11,458 | \$41,587 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ALE | ALLETE, Inc. | \$1,499 | \$5,310 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:WTR | Aqua America, Inc. | \$838 | \$8,489 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:ATO | Atmos Energy Corporation | \$3,104 | \$14,525 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:BKH | Black Hills Corporation | \$1,754 | \$7,182 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:HE | Hawaiian Electric Industries, Inc. | \$2,861 | \$5,906 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:IDA | IDACORP, Inc. | \$1,367 | \$6,268 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:MDU | MDU Resources Group, Inc. | \$4,532 | \$6,521 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:NFG | National Fuel Gas Company | \$1,663 | \$6,301 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:NJR | New Jersey Resources Corporation | \$3,022 | \$5,500 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:NWE | NorthWestern Corporation | \$1,192 | \$5,023 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:OGE | OGE Energy Corp. | \$2,270 | \$10,884 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:OGS | ONE Gas, Inc. | \$1,634 | \$5,639 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:PNM | PNM Resources, Inc. | \$1,437 | \$6,192 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:SWX | Southwest Gas Holdings, Inc. | \$2,880 | \$6,173 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:UGI | UGI Corporation | \$7,726 | \$13,831 |
| Utilities | S\&P 400 | NYSE:VVC | Vectren Corporation | \$0 | \$8,316 |
| Utilities | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AWR | American States Water Company | \$437 | \$2,853 |
| Utilities | S\&P 600 | NYSE:AVA | Avista Corporation | \$1,397 | \$4,761 |
| Utilities | S\&P 600 | NYSE:CWT | California Water Service Group | \$698 | \$3,119 |
| Utilities | S\&P 600 | NYSE:EE | El Paso Electric Company | \$904 | \$3,429 |
| Utilities | S\&P 600 | NYSE:NWN | Northwest Natural Holding Company | \$706 | \$2,624 |
| Utilities | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SJI | South Jersey Industries, Inc. | \$1,641 | \$5,558 |
| Utilities | S\&P 600 | NYSE:SR | Spire Inc. | \$2,005 | \$6,389 |



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