OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, AND INSTALLATION GUIDE

## Zenith ZBTS T-series

For ZBTS T-series bypass isolation automatic transfer switches, 1000A-3000A, 200-480 Vac


## Receiving, handling and storage



Warning
Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
Avertissement:
Indique une situation dangereuse
qui, si elle n'est pas evitée, pourrait
entraîner la mort ou de graves
blessures.

## HAZARD OF EQUIPMENT

 OVERTURNINGWhen moving with a fork lift, do not remove the shipping packaging until the device is in its final location.

Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury or equipment damage.

## Receiving and handling

Upon receipt, carefully inspect the transfer switch for damage that may have occurred during transit. If damage is evident, or there is visible indication of rough handling, immediately file a damage claim with the transportation company, and notify your local ABB sales office.

Do not remove the shipping packaging until ready to install the switch.

## Storage

If the unit will not be placed into service immediately, store the transfer switch in its original package in a clean, dry location. To prevent condensation, maintain a uniform temperature. Store the unit in a heated building, allowing adequate air circulation and protection from dirt and moisture. Storing the unit outdoors could cause harmful condensation inside the transfer switch enclosure.

# Read these safety instructions carefully before using this product! 



## Danger

Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
Danger
Indique une situation dangereuse qui, si elle n'est pas évitée, entraînera la mort ou de graves blessures.

## HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Apply appropriate personal protective equipment and follow safe electrical work practices.
- This equipment must only be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel.
- Before performing visual inspections, tests, or maintenance on the equipment, disconnect all sources of electric power. Assume that all circuits are live unless they are completely de-energized, tested, grounded, and tagged. Pay particular attention to the design of the power system. Consider all sources of power, including the possibility of backfeeding.
- Disconnect all sources of electric power before removing or making source side or load side connections to the transfer switch.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device at all line and load connections to confirm transfer switch is disconnected from all live electrical sources.
- Turn off power supplying transfer switch before doing any other work on or inside switch.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious injury.
Operation, maintenance, and installation instruction
Bypass isolation
Automatic transfer switches, Zenith ZBTS T-series ATS

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS, ZENITH

ZBTS T-SERIES ATS,
CHAPTERS 1-8

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS, ZENITH ZBTS T-SERIES ATS, CHAPTERS 9-11
Operation and maintenance instruction Bypass isolation Automatic transfer switches, ZBTS T-series

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## 1. Introduction

This manual describes the installation, basic operation, and maintenance of the Zenith ZBTS T-series (1000A-3000A) bypass isolation automatic transfer switches, manufactured by ABB. Installation for the transfer switch and available accessories can be found in chapters 9 and 10.

### 1.1 Hazard Categories

The following important highlighted information appears throughout this document to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies a procedure.

Carefully read all instructions and become familiar with the devices before trying to install, operate, service or maintain this equipment.


Warning
Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
Avertissement
Indique une situation dangereuse qui, si elle n'est pas evitée, pourrait entraîner la mort ou de graves blessures.


Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury. Failure to comply with these instructions may result in product damage.

Indique une situation dangereuse qui, si elle n'est évitée, pourrait entraîner de petites blessures ou modérées. Le non-respect de ces instructions peut entraîner des dommages au produits.
avoided, will result in death or
serious injury.
Danger
Indique une situation dangereuse qui, si elle n'est pas évitée, entraînera
la mort ou de graves blessures.

## Notice



It is used to notify of practices not related to personal injury. Failure to comply with these instructions may result in product damage.
Remarque
Il est utilisé pour notifier des pratiques non liées à des blessures corporelles. Le non-respect de ces instructions peut entraîner des dommages au produits.

### 1.2 Definitions

## Bypass Isolation Automatic Transfer

 SwitchA single-unit enclosed LV transfer switch system that combines a drawout automatic transfer switch with an isolation mechanism and a manual bypass switch - enabling redundant power transfer and maintenance capability while maintaining power supply to the load

## ATS

Automatic transfer switch - the primary load transfer device in the Bypass Isolation Automatic Transfer Switch

## Bypass

The manual transfer switch utilized for load transfer when the ATS is racked out in TSET or ISOLATED positions

## ATS/BYP PARALLEL

Both ATS and Bypass switch contacts are connected to source 1 power / source 2 power

## Ekip

Electronic accessories / Ekip-modules; communication, signaling and connectivity modules

## HMI

Human Machine Interface for operating and configuring of the ATS control system

## MTS

Manual transfer switch

## Programming port

Only for Ekip Programming module (USB port)

## S1

SOURCE 1, power supply

## S2

SOURCE 2, power supply

## TruCONTROL

ATS controller type OXCO_, product name

## Level 4 Controls

Controls with touch screen HMI and sensor module

### 1.3 Warranty

This document is based on information available at the time of its publication. While efforts have been made to ensure accuracy, the information contained herein does not cover all details or variations in hardware and software, nor does it provide for every possible contingency in connection with installation, operation, and maintenance. Features that are not present in all hardware and software systems may be described herein.

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Contact your local sales office if further information is required concerning any aspect of the bypass isolation automatic switch operation or maintenance.

## Warranty Period

The standard warranty period for ZBTS T-series transfer switch products is twenty-four (24) months from the date of shipment.

## Notes:

This warranty is valid only for products sold in the United States - consult your local ABB representative for Non-US warranty terms and conditions.

For support in the United States, contact service team at +18006371738 or epis. pqservice@abb.com for 24-hour support.

For international support, contact epis.pqservice@abb.com.

### 1.4 Product Specification

## Quality Assurance

All ABB Zenith bypass isolation automatic transfer switches have been designed and manufactured to the highest technical standards. Strict procedures ensure firstclass product quality.

## ABB

ZENITH ZBTS

AUTOMATIC TRANSFER SWITCH FOR USE IN EMERGENCY SYSTEMS
Scrial number
US1150210400001
Model number
zsBO160WS1M6TPTxXX
Voltage
460-480 Vac
Rated current
Frequency
1600 A
$50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$
3 Phase
Transition type

## Applicable standards

- UL1008 Standard for Safety - Transfer Switch Equipment
- IEC60947-6-1 Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 6-1: Multiple function equipment - Transfer switching equipment
- Utilization category: AC33A (IEC 60947-6-1)
- Classification: PC (IEC 60947-6-1)
- EMC:
- Radiated emissions: Class A (CISPR11)
- AC mains power input/output ports emissions: Class A (CISPR11)
- Electrostatic discharge: EN 61000-4-2 (Level 2)
- Radio frequency electromagnetic field ( 80 MHz to 6000 MHz ): EN61000-43(Level 3)
- Fast transient common mode:

EN61000-4-4(Level 3)

- Surges to power ports: EN61000-45(Level 2)
- Radio frequency common mode: EN61000-4-6(Level 3)
- Voltage dips and interruptions: EN61000-4-11(Class 3)
- Harmonics and inter harmonics: EN61000-4-13(Class 3)


## Product Withstand rating

For UL 1008 'withstand' and 'close on short circuit' ratings, refer to ABB publication number 1SCC303020C0201.

## Product Serial Number

Please have the serial number available when communicating about the automatic transfer switch. The serial number can be found on the product nameplate affixed to each power panel assembly. See example below.

## 2. Product overview

Zenith ZBTS T-series bypass isolation automatic transfer switches, from 1000 A up to 3000 A , are designed for use in Business, industrial and Mission critical low-voltage automatic transfer switch applications that require the highest level of power continuity and redundancy. The ZBTS T-series is a single-unit enclosed LV transfer switch system that combines a drawout automatic transfer switch with an isolation mechanism and a manual bypass switch enabling redundant power transfer and maintenance capability while maintaining power supply to the load. For regular operation, the Zenith ZBTS T-series bypass isolation ATS can be configured, monitored, and controlled by a touchscreen control interface (HMI).

The available operation types for automatic transfer switches:

- Open (standard) transition Zenith ZBTS T-series ATS, type codes beginning ZSBO_ from 1600A-3000 A, 200-480 Vac
- Delayed transition Zenith ZBTSD T-series ATS, type codes beginning ZSBD_from 1600A-3000 A, 200-480 Vac
- Closed transition Zenith ZBTSCT T-series

ATS, type codes beginning ZSBC_ from
1000A-3000 A, 200-480 Vac

### 2.1 General Overview



Fig. 2.1 Front exterior view - Bypass isolation ATS, Zenith ZBTS T-series
1 Door latch and lock
2 Bypass operator access panel door
3 Bypass indication panel
4 HMI
5 ATS view window


Fig. 2.2 Front exterior view with door open - Bypass isolation ATS, Zenith ZBTS T-series

1 TruCONTROL ATS controller
2 Bypass operator panel
3 Engine start contact and ATS auxiliary position contacts
4 Electrical controls compartment
5 ATS


Fig. 2.3 Rear internal view - Bypass isolation ATS, Zenith ZBTS T-series
1 Mechanical screw-type lug terminals for S1, S2, and Load
2 MTS
3 Bypass isolation mechanism and interlock system
4 Ground bar

Standard Transition Shown


Fig. 2.4 ATS-R5B with and without covers shown

## 1 Lifting eye

2 SCR Assemblies. Access by removing cover screws on the front of panel
3 Customer manual operating ports
4 Transfer Coil Solenoids
5 Arc Chute Assemblies (Arc Quenching assemblies)
6 Movable Contact Assemblies
7 Position Limit Switches Auxiliary Contact Limit Switches
8 Mechanical Drive Assembly -mechanical interlock system
9 Source position status
I= contacts closed
$\mathrm{O}=$ contacts open

### 2.1.1 Operation types

In this table you can find the differences of the automatic transfer switch open and delayed transition operation types. Due to the different transition types, there are variances with HMI and on wiring of I/O contacts. For more information on HMIs, see Chapter 2.2.


ZBTS T-series HMI (with touch screen) and connections of control circuit


Table 2.1 The differences of level types / operation types and the suitability of Ekip-modules

### 2.2 Controller and HMI

### 2.2.1 Controller

The ATS Controller OXCO_ TruCONTROL is designed for use with Zenith ZBTS T-series. A color touchscreen HMI (Human Machine Interface) is used to operate the TruCONTROL ATS controller.


### 2.2.2 HMI

The HMI is the control interface (Human Machine Interface) of the ATS. Zenith ZBTS T-series has a color touchscreen LCD HMI with push buttons. The HMI is used to configure parameters for automatic operation.

## ZBTS:

HMI with
Touch screen


[^0]Fig. 2.6 The HMI form will correspond to the type of ZBTS T-series - open or delayed transition

Fig. 2.5 TruCONTROL ATS controller, type OXCO

T1: Source 1
T2: Source 2
T4: Current sensor
T5: ATS transfer command
T8: Digital output
T9: Digital and fire fighting input
T11: ATS status
T12: Temperature sensor
T13: CAN bus(Ekip 10k)

### 2.3 Zenith ZBTS T-series features

| Features | ZBTS controls (Touch screen) |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Ampere sizes available | UL: 1600-3000A (open \& delayed transition) 1000-3000A (closed transition) |
| Rated voltage | 208-480 Vac, configuration dependent |
| Rated frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Phase system | Three |
| Number of poles | 3 and 4 |
| Neutral configuration |  |
| Switched | Yes |
| Product type |  |
| Open transition (I-II) | Yes |
| Delayed transition (I-O-II or II- O-I) | Yes |
| Closed transition | Yes |
| Voltage and frequency settings |  |
| Pick up SOURCE 1 Voltage | 85-99 \%, 101-119 \% |
| Drop out SOURCE 1 Voltage | 75-98 \%, 102-120 \% |
| Pick up SOURCE 2 Voltage | 85-99\%, 101-119 \% |
| Drop out SOURCE 2 Voltage | 75-98 \%, 102-120\% |
| Pick up SOURCE 1 Frequency | 80.5-99.5 \%, 100.5-119.5\% |
| Drop out SOURCE 1 Frequency | 80-99 \%, 101-120 \% |
| Pick up SOURCE 2 Frequency | 80. 5-99. 5 \%, 100.5-119.5 \% |
| Drop out SOURCE 2 Frequency | 80-99\%, 101-120 \% |
| Time delay settings |  |
| Override momentary SOURCE 1 Outage, sec | 0-60 |


| Features | ZBTS controls (Touch screen) |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $\cdots$ |
|  | - "蒁" |
|  |  |
|  | $a$  <br> $\square$ $\square$ <br> $\square$ $\square$ <br> $\square$  |
| Transfer from SOURCE 1 to SOURCE 2, sec | 0-3600 |
| Override momentary SOURCE 2 Outage, sec | 0-60 |
| Transfer from SOURCE 2 to SOURCE 1, min | 0-120 |
| Generator stop delay, min | 0-60 |
| Center-OFF delay, sec | 0-300 |
| Post-transfer delay S1 to S2, sec | 0-300 |
| Pre-transfer delay from S2 to S1, sec | 0-300 |
| Post-transfer delay from S2 to S1, sec | 0-300 |
| Elevator Pre-signal delay S1 to S2, sec | 0-60 |
| Elevator Post-signal delay S1 to S2, sec | 0-60 |
| Elevator Pre-signal delay S2 to S1, sec | 0-60 |
| Elevator Post-signal delay S2 to S1, sec | 0-60 |
| Load shed delay, sec | 0-60 |
| Source failure detections |  |
| No voltage | Yes |
| Undervoltage | Yes |
| Overvoltage | Yes |
| Phase missing | Yes |
| Voltage imbalance | Yes |
| Invalid frequency | Yes |
| Incorrect phase sequence | Yes |
| Measuring and control features |  |
| Controls | Touch + keys |
| LED indications for ATS, S1 and S2 status | Yes |
| Programmable digital inputs/outputs | Yes |
| Auto config (voltage, frequency, phase system) | Yes |
| Source priority | SOURCE 1/2, No priority |
| Manual re-transfer | Yes |

Override momentary SOURCE 2 Outage, sec0-120
Generator stop delay, min0-300
Post-transfer delay S1 to S2, sec0-300
Post-transfer delay from S2 to S1, sec0-60
Elevator Post-signal delay S1 to S2, sec0-60
Elevator Post-signal delay S2 to S1, sec0-60
Source failure detectionsUndervoltageYesPhase missingYesInvalid frequencyYes
Incorrect phase sequence ..... Yes
Measuring and control featuresTouch + keys
LED indications for ATS, S1 and S2 statusYes
Auto config (voltage, frequency, phase system)SOURCE 1/2, No priority
Manual re-transfer ..... Yes

| In-phase monitor (synchro check) | Yes |
| :---: | :---: |
| Genset exercising: on-load, off-load | Yes |
| In-built power meter module | Yes |
| Load shedding | Yes |
| Real time clock | Yes |
| Event log | Yes |
| Predictive maintenance | Yes |
| Harmonics measuring | Voltage, current |
| Field-mount accessories |  |
| Auxiliary contacts for position indication | Yes |
| Digital input/output modules | Yes |
| 12-24 Vdc aux supply module for controller | Yes |
| Communication modules | Yes |
| Connectivity |  |
| Modbus RTU (RS-485) | Yes |
| Modbus/TCP | Yes |
| Profibus DP | Yes |
| ProfiNet | Yes |
| DeviceNet | Yes |
| Ethernet IP | Yes |
| Ekip Com Hub (monitoring via ABB Ability ${ }^{\top M}$ : Energy and Asset Manager) | Yes |
| Enclosures |  |
| Type 1, 3R, 4, 12, and 4X | Yes |
| For applications ${ }^{1)}$ |  |
| Mains - Mains | Yes |
| Mains - Generator1 | Yes |

[^1]Table 2.2 Zenith ZBTS T-series features not limited to what is in the table above

### 2.4 Typical applications

Zenith ZBTS T-series automatic transfer switches from 100 A up to 3000 A, are designed for use in emergency or standby systems to choose and to switch between two power sources. See possible supply phase scenarios on next page. You have to define your own supply phase system reference Chapter 4 / Navigating menu / Parameters: Power distribution systems. Factory setting: 3 phases with neutral.


Source 1
Source 2



Fig. 2.7 Typical applications of automatic transfer switches


Three-phase, four-wire


Three-phase, three-wire

| $\mathbf{D}$ | E | F |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $200-480$ Vac L-N | $200-480$ Vac L-L | $200-480$ Vac L-L |



Three-phase, with high leg delta

Fig. 2.8 Possible supply phase scenarios

### 2.5 Sequence of Operation

### 2.5.1 Switching sequence / Automatic

 (Open / Delayed transition)
### 2.5.1.1 SOURCE 1 Priority

 (SOURCE 2 = Generator)The switching sequence can be summarized in the following steps:

1. An anomaly occurs on SOURCE 1
2. Override momentary S1 outage delay
3. Generator start
4. SOURCE 2 OK
5. Transfer from S1 to S2 delay
6. Pre-transfer signal on
7. Load shed signal on
8. Pre-transfer S1 to S2 delay
9. Load shed delay
10. Transfer switch to position O
11. Center-off delay (only with Delayed transition I-O-II type)
12. Transfer switch to position II
13. Post-transfer S1 to S2 delay
14. Pre-transfer signal off

The re-transfer sequency can be summarized in the following steps:

1. SOURCE 1 is restored
2. Transfer from S2 to S1 delay
3. Pre-transfer signal on
4. Pre-transfer S2 to S1 delay
5. Transfer switch to position O
6. Center-off delay (only with Delayed transition I-O-II type)
7. Transfer switch to position I
8. Load shed signal off
9. Generator stop delay
10. Post-transfer S2 to S1 delay
11. Pre-transfer signal off
12. Generator stop
13. SOURCE 2 off

SOURCE 1 priority (SOURCE 2 = generator)

| Switch position I |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Switch position O |  |

Table 2.3 Automatic Switching Sequences, SOURCE 1 Priority (SOURCE 2 = Generator)
Note: The functionality and sequence of 'Elevator pre- and post-signals' is equivalent to 'Pre- and Post-transfer' features.

### 2.5.1.2 SOURCE 2 Priority (No generator)

The switching sequence can be summarized in the following steps:

1. An anomaly occurs on SOURCE 2
2. Override momentary S2 outage delay
3. Transfer from S2 to S1 delay
4. Pre-transfer signal on
5. Load shed signal on
6. Pre-transfer S2 to S1 delay
7. Load shed delay
8. Transfer switch to position O
9. Center-off delay (only with Delayed transition I-O-II type)
10. Transfer switch to position I
11. Post-transfer S2 to S1 delay
12. Pre-transfer signal off

And the re-transfer sequence can be summarized in the following steps:

1. SOURCE 2 is restored
2. Transfer from S1 to S2 delay
3. Pre-transfer signal on
4. Pre-transfer S1 to S2 delay
5. Transfer switch to position O
6. Center-off delay (only with Delayed transition I-O-II type)
7. Transfer switch to position I
8. Load shed signal off
9. Post-transfer S1 to S2 delay
10. Pre-transfer signal off

SOURCE 2 priority (no generator)

| Switch position I |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Switch position O |  |
| Switch position II |  |

Table 2.4 Automatic Switching Sequences, SOURCE 2 Priority (No generator)
Note: The functionality and sequence of 'Elevator pre- and post-signals' is equivalent to 'Pre- and Post-transfer' features.

### 2.5.1.3 No Source Priority (Generator and load shed usage disabled)

The switching to available source can be summarized in the following steps:

1. An anomaly occurs on SOURCE 1
2. Override momentary S1 outage delay
3. Pre-transfer signal on
4. Pre-transfer S1 to S2 delay
5. Transfer switch to position O
6. Center-off delay (only with Delayed transition I-O-II type)
7. Transfer switch to position II
8. Post-transfer S1 to S2 delay
9. Pre-transfer signal off

When an anomaly occurs in the source inuse, the re-transfer to available source can be summarized in the following steps:

1. SOURCE 1 is restored
2. An anomaly occurs on the SOURCE 2
3. Pre-transfer signal on
4. Pre-transfer S2 to S1 delay
5. Transfer switch to position O
6. Center-off delay (only with Delayed transition I-O-II type)
7. Transfer switch to position I
8. Post-transfer S2 to S1 delay
9. Pre-transfer signal off


Table 2.5 Automatic Switching Sequences, No Source Priority (Generator and load shed usage disabled)

Note: The functionality and sequence of 'Elevator pre- and post-signals' is equivalent to 'Pre- and Post-transfer' features.

### 2.5.2 Switching sequence (Closed transition)

### 2.5.2.1 SOURCE 1 Priority (SOURCE 2 = Generator)

The switching sequence can be summarized in the following steps:

1. Activate test on load (HMI or digital input)
2. Generator start
3. Run engine warm-up timer
4. Pre-transfer S1 to S2 delay
5. Check source synchronization
6. Close SOURCE 2 contacts
7. Open SOURCE 1 contacts, start ETT timer (parallel mode)
8. Post-transfer S1 to S2 delay

The re-transfer sequence can be summarized in the following steps:

1. Cancel test on load (HMI or digital input)
2. SOURCE 1 availability timer
3. Pre-transfer S2 to S1 delay
4. Check source synchronization
5. Close SOURCE 1 contacts
6. Open SOURCE 2 contacts, start ETT timer (parallel mode)
7. Post-transfer S2 to S1 delay
8. Run engine cool down timer
9. Generator stop

SOURCE 1 priority (SOURCE 2 = generator)

-

Table 2.6 Closed Transition Switching Sequences, SOURCE 1 Priority (SOURCE 2 = Generator)

### 2.5.2.2 SOURCE 2 Priority (No Generator)

The switching sequence can be summarized in the following steps:

1 Activate test on load (HMI or digital input)
2 Pre-transfer S2 to S1 delay
3 Check source synchronization
4 Close SOURCE 1 contacts
5 Open SOURCE 2 contacts, start ETT timer (parallel mode)
6 Post-transfer S2 to S1 delay

The re-transfer sequence can be summarized in the following steps:

1 Cancel test on load (HMI or digital input)
2 SOURCE 2 availability timer
3 Pre-transfer S1 to S2 delay
4 Check source synchronization
5 Close SOURCE 2 contacts
6 Open SOURCE 1 contacts, start ETT timer (parallel mode)
7 Post-transfer S1 to S2 delay


Table 2.7 Closed Transition Switching Sequences, SOURCE 2 Priority (No Generator)

### 2.6 Special features description

### 2.6.1 Automatic configuration

Basic system parameters can be automatically configured from the HMI: rated voltage, rated frequency, each supply power distribution system type, and neutral location will be recognized and set by the controller. Other parameters are set to factory values; see Chapter 4, Navigating menu.

### 2.6.2 In-phase monitor

In-phase monitor can be set On/Off by using HMI (controller levels 2, 3 and 4) or Ekip Connect tool (levels 3 and 4).

Function calculates the phase difference of voltage sources and enables the automatic transfer sequence I -> II or II -> I only when sources are synchronized. Frequency difference of the sources must be less than 0.2 Hz . Otherwise in-phase monitor activates 'Frequency Difference' alarm and disables transfer operations.

### 2.6.3 Powering supply scenarios

Device can be powered by the the following methods:

- Direct from SOURCE 1 or SOURCE 2: Controller and HMI are powered and ATS can be operated electrically.
- Auxiliary power supply module, OXEA1: Controller and HMI are powered, but load transfer cannot be performed.
- Programming port on HMI (USB port): Only the main board is powered. Allows software update to main device and connection of Ekip Connect commissioning tool.


## 3. General operation

### 3.1 ATS position indication

### 3.1.1 Position Indication



1 Source Indication with manual operating direction of handle for respective source.
2 Contact position status
I = contacts closed
$\mathrm{O}=$ contacts open

Fig. 3.1 View of Automatic Transfer Switch (standalone) panel highlighting customer points of interest.
Applicable for Standard, Delay, and Close Transition Type Automatic Transfer Switch Equipment.

### 3.2 Manual operation of ATS equipment



Danger
Hazardous Voltage May Cause Severe Injury or
Death
Manual opening and closing of the contacts
should only be performed with the power
disconnected.
Failure to comply with these instructions may
result in death or serious injury.
Danger
Une tension dangereuse peut causer de graves blessures ou la mort. L'ouverture ou la fermeture manuelle des contacts ne doivent être effectuées qu'avec l'alimentation deconnectée. Le non-respect de ces instructions peut entraîner la mort ou de graves blessures.


## Warning

Improper Installation Operation and
Maintenance
Ensure only qualified personnel install, operate, service and maintain all electrical equipment. DISCONNECT all power sources prior to installation, operation, service, and maintenance of all electrical equipment. These activities shall be performed only by certifed ABB Zenith technicians or qualifed electricians. Only use the charging handle to perform manual operation of the transfer switch. No motorized device shall be used as a substitute.
Failure to comply with these instructions may result in death or serious injury.
Avertissement
Mauvais fonctionnement et maintenance de 'installation.
Assurez-vous que seul le personnel qualifié installe, utilise, entretient et exploite tous les équipments électriques.
Debranchez toutes les ources d'alimentation avant l'installation, l'utilisation, l'entretien, et la maintenance de tous les équipments électriques. Ces activitées doivent être effectuées seulement par des techniciens certifies par $A B B$ Zenith ou des électriciens qualifiés.
Utilisez uniquement la poignée de charge pour effectuer une opération manuelle du commutateur de transfert. Aucun appareil motorisé ne doit être utilisé comme substitut.
Le non-respect de ces instructions peut entraîner la mort ou de graves blessures.

Stand-alone ABB Zenith automatic transfer switches are not designed to be operated manually under load. In the event the automatic transfer switch has to be operated manually, with no power available, please follow these steps:

1. Verify all voltage input sources to the automatic transfer switch have been removed with proper LOTO procedures followed. Consider stored energy sources as well.
2. Verify all load connections have been removed with proper LOTO procedures followed. Consider stored energy for load equipment as well.
3. Insert the manual handle into the desired port of the automatic transfer switch (Fig. 3.2).


Fig. 3.2 Operating handle inserted for manual operation
4. Rotate handle with two hands, in the direction as shown on the markings, to achieve the proper contact state (Fig. 3.3).


1 Close - Open Source 1
2 Close-Open Source 2

Fig. 3.3 Source Ha1-Source 2 direction of handle rotation
5. Verify that the rotation of the handle has come to full rest with markings clearly visible in the status window. Be sure to rotate the handle until no further travel is permissible, but DO NOT over-rotate. Over-rotation of handle may lead to equipment damage. Remove the manual operating handle and return it to the proper storage location before conducting any electrical transfers.


1 Contact State = Closed
2 Contact State = Open

Red $+\mathrm{I}=$ Contact Closed
Green + O = Contact Open

Fig. 3.4 Contact status of automatic transfer switch
6. To return to Automatic transfer mode, return both source contacts to Open position and return the HMI Transfer Settings to Automatic transfer mode (see Section 4.3).

### 3.3 LED functionality in HMI

At the top of the ZBTS Lvl 4 HMI, there is a set of LEDs intended to model the state of the transfer switch sources, position, alarms, and mode. A considerable amount of information can be deciphered from the LED states. See the tables below for more information.


I-O-II


Fig. 3.5 On left: LEDs in ZTBSD/ ZBTSCT delayed/closed transition, I-O-II. On right: LEDs in ZBTS, open transition I-II.

| LED | Indication | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power led |  |  |
| ( <br> © <br> AUTO | ON, fixed light | Power supply and communication present |
|  | 2 quick flashes/1s ㄸㅐㅣ | Power supply present, communication absent between switch and the HMI |
|  | OFF | No power available for HMI. |
| S1 and S2 leds |  |  |
|  | ON, fixed light $\square$ | S1 or / and S2 is present and within user defined limits |
|  | 2 quick flashes $/ 1 \mathrm{~s}$ ■ㄸㅣㅔ | Undervoltage |
|  | Flash/1 s, $90 \% / 10 \%$ - | Invalid frequency |
|  | Flash/1 s, 10 \%/90\% I■ | Unbalance |
|  | 5 flashes/1 s, $50 \% / 50$ \% IIIIIIIIIIIIII | Overvoltage |
|  | Flash/2 s, $50 \% / 50 \% \square$ | Incorrect phase sequence |
|  | Flash/4 s, $50 \% / 50$ \% | Phase missing |
|  | Flash/1 s, $50 \% / 50 \%$ ■ | Generator stop delay ongoing |
|  | OFF | No voltage |



## Auto led

| ON, fixed light | Switch is in automatic mode |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Flash $/ 1 \mathrm{~s}, 50 \% / 50 \%$ | Test on load |
| Flash $/ 1 \mathrm{~s}, 90 \% / 10 \%$ | Test off load |
| Flash $/ 1 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \% / 90 \% \\|$ | If blinks simultaneously with Alarm led <br> then 'Remote control to S1','Remote <br> control to S2', 'Remote control to OFF' or |
|  | 'Inhibit transfer' digital input is activated. |
| 5 flashes $/ 1 \mathrm{~s}, 50 \% / 50 \%$ IIIIIIIIIII | Autoconfig completed |


| Alarm led |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \Delta \end{aligned}$ | OFF | No alarms |
|  | ON, fixed light | Handle attached, locked, other alarm |
|  | 2 quick flashes/1s 띠III | Control Alarm |
|  | 5 flashes/ $1 \mathrm{~s}, 50 \% / 50 \%$ IIIIIIIIIII | Auto configuration ongoing |
|  | Flash/1 s, $50 \% / 50 \%$ ■ | Control Retry |
|  | Flash/1 s, $10 \% / 90 \%$ l\| | Auto mode off |
|  | Flash/1 s, 10\%/90\% \|l| | If blinks simultaneously with Alarm led then 'Remote control to S1', 'Remote control to S2', 'Remote control to OFF' or 'Inhibit transfer' digital input is activated. If Auto led is fixed light then manual retransfer is required. |

[^2]
### 3.4 Using Level 4 (touch) control interface HMI

### 3.4.1 Keypad

1 Home Button: Opens up the root menu or brings user to the homepage if defined. While viewing a specific page, it can be defined as the home page by pressing the home button for 3 seconds. All pages, except for the menus, can be set as home page. Home page is automatically shown after inactivity.
2 I ON: Operate switch to I position.
3 II ON: Operate switch to II position.
4 O OFF: Operate switch to O position and disable automatic control mode (only in delayed/closed transition I-O-II type).

### 3.4.2 Navigating in menu

See the menu tree in Chapter 4.


Delayed/Closed transition, I-O-II


Fig. 3.6 Keypad in Level 4 HMI with touch screen

### 3.5 Bypass isolation ATS indication panel

The bypass isolation ATS indication panel is located at the top of the equipment enclosure. This panel is connected to the electrical controls compartment and TruCONTROL. Status and alarm signals are displayed on this indication panel, as well as the HMI.

Specifically, the Bypass Panel indicates connection status of S1, S2, Bypass device and ATS. ATS racking in/out status is also shown by the panel. This panel is illustrated in figure 3.12. Detailed LED descriptions are listed below in table 3.2.


Fig. 3.7 Bypass isolation ATS indication panel

| Light or button name | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| S1 AVAILABLE | ATS contacts are on source 1 |
| S2 AVAILABLE | ATS contacts are on source 2 |
| BS1 ENGAGED | Bypass switch contact are on source 1 |
| BS2 ENGAGED | Bypass switch contact are on source 2 |
| AS1 ENGAGED | ATS contacts are on source 1 |
| AS2 ENGAGED | ATS contacts are on source 2 |
| CONNECTED | ATS is on the "CONNECTED" position |
| TEST | ATS is on the "TEST" position |
| ISOLATED | ATS is on the "ISOLATED" position |
| ATS/BYP PARALLEL | Both ATS and Bypass switch contacts are connected to <br> source 1 power / source 2 power |


|  | Disconnect switch (Auto/Inhibit) inhibits ATS automatic <br> transfer when it is on the "Inhibit" position (LED on) and <br> allows automatic operation when it is on the "Auto" position <br> (LED off) |
| :--- | :--- |
| DS SWITCH INHIBIT POSITION | Only available in delayed and closed transition. Pushing the <br> button will make the ATS contacts switch to the same source <br> as the MTS |

Table 3.2 Bypass isolation ATS indication panel LED descriptions

### 3.6 Bypass access panel

The bypass access panel illustrates MTS contact position of both source 1 and source 2. The access panel is also the control interface of the MTS


1 S1 bypass contact position indication
2 S1 bypass manual close button
3 S1 bypass manual open button
4 Disconnect switch: Auto/Inhibit modes
5 S2 bypass manual close button
6 S2 bypass manual open button
7 S2 bypass contact position indication
8 S1 bypass charge indication
9 S1 bypass charge knob
10 Lock switch
11 Rack-out crank operation window
12 ATS position indication
13 S2 bypass charge knob
14 S2 bypass charge indication

Fig. 3.8 Bypass access panel

### 3.7 Bypass manual operation

"Manual Close" button for closing MTS contact. Control mechanism needs charging. "Manual Close" instruction:
1 Manually turn the "Manual Charge" knob on the Bypass access panel until the "charge status" window become full green and display "Charged".
2 Then, press "Manual Close" button. This will close the MTS contacts to corresponding source


Fig. 3.9 Bypass manual close instruction
"Manual Open" button for Open MTS contact. Control mechanism does not need charging.
"Manual Open" instruction:
Press "Manual Open" button. This will switch the MTS contacts to off position.


Fig. 3.10 Bypass manual open instruction

### 3.8 Bypass-isolation operation

There are three positions for the ATS: CONNECTED, TEST, and ISOLATED. The ATS can be racked out/in to these positions manually as desired.

The operation instructions for racking out/in the ATS to the three positions are mounted on the front of door along with bypass operator access panel.

The Bypass MTS is normally open on both sources with the ATS feeding the system load. During bypass-isolation operation, the Bypass MTS is closed paralleling the ATS contacts, which then allows withdrawal of the ATS to the "TEST" or "ISOLATED" positions. Mechanical and electrical interlocks are included to prevent cross-servicing or bypassing to a dead source.

In the "TEST" position, the ATS is disconnected from the load (now fed through the bypass MTS), but the control power is present to allow complete operational testing through the control panel of the ATS.

In the "ISOLATED" position, the Isolation ATS is completely withdrawn and may be removed from the enclosure for maintenance if desired. And the control power is NOT available in this position.

After the isolation operation, if the Bypass MTS is closed on Source 1 which fails, an auxiliary contact on the bypass control
will automatically start the engine-generator set. When the second source is available, the Bypass MTS may be operated to transfer the load to the available source.

Use the key to open bypass operator access panel door before you do bypass-isolation operation.


Fig. 3.11 Open bypass operator access panel

### 3.8.1 ATS Rack Out Operation

For the Delayed, Closed ATS (from CONNECTED to TEST):

| Step | Process |
| :--- | :--- |
| Trom "Auto" to "Inhibit". |  |


| 7 | Rack out the ATS to "TEST" <br> position. When the ATS goes <br> to "TEST" position, the switch <br> lock will then switch back to <br> "Lock" automatically and the <br> "TEST" light on the bypass <br> panel will be on. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Turn the disconnect switch <br> from "inhibit" to "Auto" if <br> manual transfer operations as is disconnected <br> necessary. | The ATS <br> from the main bus, so no <br> contacts. But the control <br> circuit is still connected to allow the ATS to <br> the power supply, so HMI <br> operation is available |
| close into available source |  |
| via manual operation |  |

For the Delayed,Closed ATS (from TEST to ISOLATED):


For the Open(Standard) ATS (from Connected to Test):

| Step | Process | Picture | Requirements or Instructions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Turn the disconnect switch from "Auto" to "Inhibit". |  | Auto mode on HMI should be disable |
| 2 | Close MTS contact into the same source with the ATS (For detailed "Manual Close", please refer to section 3.7) |  | The alarm of Manual-Auto Mode on HMI should be active |
| 3 | Move the switch lock of the bypass access panel to "Release" position | Locked |  |
| 4 | Rack out the ATS to "TEST" position. When the ATS goes to "TEST" position, the switch lock will then switch back to "Lock" automatically and the "TEST" light on the bypass panel will be on. |  | The ATS is disconnected from the main bus, so no current will flow through its contacts. But the control circuit is still connected to the power supply, so HMI operation is available |
| 5 | Turn the disconnect switch from "inhibit" to "Auto" if manual transfer operations as necessary. |  | This will allow the ATS to close into available source via manual operation. |

For the Open(Standard) ATS (from TEST to ISOLATED):

| Step | Process |  | Ricture <br> Instructions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Turn the disconnect switch <br> from "Auto" to "Inhibit" if the <br> disconnect switch is on "Auto" <br> position | Auto mode on HMI should be <br> disable |  |
| 2 | Move the switch lock of the <br> bypass access panel to <br> "Release" position |  |  |



### 3.8.2 ATS Rack In Operation

For the Delayed,Closed ATS (from ISOLATED to TEST):

| Step | Process |
| :--- | :--- |
| Make sure MTS contacts are |  |
| on one source. |  |
| Make sure the front cabinet |  |
| door is closed. Racking in |  |
| operation could not be done if |  |
| the cabinet front door is not |  |
| closed. |  | | Turn the disconnect switch |
| :--- |
| from "Auto" to "Inhibit" if the |
| disconnect switch is on "Auto" |
| position |

For the Delayed,Closed ATS (from TEST to CONNECTED):

| Step | Process | Picture | Requirements or Instructions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Turn the disconnect switch from "Inhibit" to "Auto" if the disconnect switch is on "Inhibit" mode and ATS is not in off position |  |  |
| 2 | Push "OFF" button on HMI display if ATS is not in off position |  | ATS contact should be closed to off position |
| 3 | Turn the disconnect switch from "Auto" to "Inhibit". |  | Auto mode on HMI should be disable |
| 4 | Move the switch lock of the bypass access panel to "Release" position | Locked |  |
| 5 | Rack in the ATS to "CONNECTED position. When the ATS goes to "CONNECTED" position, the switch lock will then switch back to "Lock" automatically and the "CONNECTED" light on the bypass panel will be on. |  | The alarm of Manual-Auto Mode on HMI should be active |
| 6 | Turn the disconnect switch from "Inhibit" to "Auto". |  | This will allow the ATS to close into available source via manual operation |
| 7 | Press the "Contact reset" button on the bypass panel. |  | This will reconnect the ATS to the same source with the MTS (At this point the current through the ATS has been reconnected) |



For the Open(Standard) ATS (from ISOLATED to TEST)

| Step | Process |
| :--- | :--- |
| Make sure MTS contacts are |  |
| on one source. |  |
| Make sure the front cabinet |  |
| door is closed. Racking-in |  |
| operation could not be done if |  |
| the cabinet front door is not |  |
| closed. |  | | Turn the disconnect switch |
| :--- |
| from "Auto" to "Inhibit" if the |
| disconnect switch is on "Auto" |
| position |

For the Open(Standard) ATS (from TEST to CONNECTED):

| Step | Process | Picture | Requirements or Instructions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Turn disconnect switch from "Inhibit" to "Auto" if ATS and MTS not on the same source and disconnect switch is on "Inhibit" mode |  |  |
| 2 | If the ATS and MTS not on the same source and disconnect switch is on "Auto" mode, press contact reset button on indication panel |  | ATS contact would be closed to the same source with MTS contact |
| 3 | Turn the disconnect switch from "Auto" to "Inhibit". |  | Auto mode on HMI should be disable |
| 4 | Move the switch lock of the bypass access panel to "Release" position |  |  |
| 5 | Rack in the ATS to "CONNECTED" position. When the ATS goes to "CONNECTED" position, the switch lock will then switch back to "Lock" automatically and the "CONNECTED" light on the bypass panel will be on. |  |  |
| 6 | Open MTS contact is on "Off" position. (Note: For detailed "Manual open" instruction. |  |  |
| 7 | Turn the Bypass access panel disconnect switch from "Inhibit" to "Auto". |  | Check if the "Auto" indication light on the HMI is on. |

### 3.9 ATS operation

For the description of possible ATS switching sequences, refer to section 2.5

## 4. Navigating HMI menu

### 4.1 Start Menu



Fig. 4.1

-
Fig. 4.2

## System Overview (Switch status)

## Shows voltages and frequencies of both supplies and the switch position.

## Supply info view

Shows voltages and frequencies of both supplies.

## Temperature view

Shows the HMI, device and pole temperatures.
HMI temperature indicates ambient temperature where the ATS power panel is installed, when
HMI is mounted to door.
Device temperature indicates the temperature inside the ATS controller.
Pole temperature indicates the temperature on the load side terminals.

## Synchronization view (Enabled only when In-phase monitor is on)

Show the time to next sync, sync period.

## Alarm List



## -

Fig. 4.3
By touching on the alarm indication on the lower edge of the screen you will get the Alarm List.

| Programming |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Application | 2 Transformers/S1 Priority |
|  |  |
| Confirm | Abort |

Fig. 4.5
After you have changed the parameter, go back in the menu by pressing the < on the top left corner or Home key and when prompted confirm changes by Confirm option.

On the lower edge of the screen you can see the Alarms. If you touch on the alarm you will get the Alarm List.


## Notice

When a parameter is changed, always go back in the menu by pressing the home button and confirm the change when asked.

For more information, see chapter 6, Troubleshooting.

## Description of the icons



## -

Fig. 4.4
The location of the small icons and the alarms.

The small icons in System Overview -pages are:

On upper right corner
000 Indicates the amount of pages and the page where you are at the moment

Auxiliary voltage connected

11:06 Time

G $\quad$ Application set up as TransformerGenerator. Generator start-up signal deactivated
$\mathrm{G}^{\uparrow} \quad$ Application set up as TransformerGenerator. Generator start-up signal activated

## On upper left corner

60s Time delay, in Alarm list you can see the name of delay at the same time, e.g. Override S1 Fail

### 4.2 Using main menu and setting parameters


-
Fig. 4.6
By touching on Start Menu lower left corner -image you can move to the Main Menu page of Operation, Parameters, Measurements, Settings, Test and About, see the table below for the selections.


## Information

When you have changed the parameter, go always back in the menu and confirm the change always when asked.


## Information

The default values are marked in the menu tree by *-marking.

## Password



Fig. 4.7
Enter the password when asked, choose the right number by arrowheads and confirm, go forward entering number after number.

The default password is 00001, enter the password when prompted (see Fig. 4.1).

### 4.3 Menus and parameters

| Alarm Reset | Reset any active switch control alarms (open I failure, close I failure, open II failure, close II failure) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bypass Time Delay |  |  |
|  | Bypass any currently running time delay |  |
| HMI Control Keys ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ |  |  |
|  | Enabled* |  |
|  | Disabled |  |
| Energy Counters | Reset energy values |  |
| Operation mode |  |  |
|  | AUTO* | Automatic switch control mode. ${ }^{2}$ |
|  | MAN Momentary | Manual operation mode but warning that device is in manual mode will be shown by HMI. ATS will automatically send and remove the generator start signal but user intervention is required to initiate transfer and retransfer. |
|  | MAN Permanent | Manual operation mode but no manual mode warnings are shown by HMI. ATS will automatically send and remove the generator start signal but user intervention is required to initiate transfer and retransfer. |
|  | MAN retransfer | Same as Automatic Operation Mode but automatic retransfer sequence is disabled. Load will be kept on non-priority source until operator manually (by HMI or manual handle) or remotely operates the load back to priority source. |

[^3]
## Start Automatic Configuration

Power distribution systems (see Fig. 2.2)

| Source 1 | 1 Phase, 2 Wire |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 Phase, 3 Wire (Split-Phase) |
|  | 3 Phases, no Neutral (3ph3w) |
|  | 3 Phase with Neutral (3ph4w)* |
|  | 3 Phase, High-Leg Delta |
| Source 2 | 1 Phase, 2 Wire |
|  | 1 Phase, 3 Wire (Split-Phase) |
|  | 3 Phases, no Neutral (3ph3w) |
|  | 3 Phase with Neutral (3ph4w)* |
|  | 3 Phase, High-Leg Delta |

Rated Voltage
$200 \mathrm{~V}(3 p h), 208 \mathrm{~V}(3 p h), 220 \mathrm{~V}(3 p h), 230 \mathrm{~V}(3 p h), 240 \mathrm{~V}(3 p h), 277 \mathrm{~V}(3 p h), 347 \mathrm{~V}$
(3ph), $380 \mathrm{~V}(3 p h), 400 \mathrm{~V}(3 \mathrm{ph})^{*}, 415 \mathrm{~V}(3 \mathrm{ph}), 440 \mathrm{~V}(3 \mathrm{ph}), 460 \mathrm{~V}(3 \mathrm{ph}), 480 \mathrm{~V}(3 \mathrm{ph})$, 200 V (1ph), 220 V (1ph), 230 V (1ph), 240 V (1ph)

Rated Frequency
50 Hz*
60 Hz
Neutral Pole Location
Pole 4* ${ }^{1)}$
Pole 1
Phase Sequence
ABC*
ACB
Not Enabled
${ }^{1)}$ Overlapping neutral always on Pole 4, this cannot be changed.
Continued on the next page

Parameters (continued)
*Default

| 中故 | In-phase Monitor |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Enable | Off* |  |
|  |  | On |  |
|  | Synchronization Window | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 1 \ldots 10 \% \\ & \left( \pm 1^{*} \%\right) \end{aligned}$ | A phase angle difference limits to restrict live to live source transfers unless both sources are within this certain window of electrical degrees. |
|  | Time Delays |  |  |
|  | Override S1 Failure | $\begin{aligned} & 0 . .60 \mathrm{~s} \\ & \left(2^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right) \end{aligned}$ | S1 priority: How long the device is waiting S1 recovery before starting transfer sequence to S2. <br> S2 priority: How long the device is keeping the load on failed S1 although S2 is already available. |
|  | Transfer from S1 to S2 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \ldots 60 \min \\ & \left(2^{*} s\right) \end{aligned}$ | S1 priority: How long the device is keeping the load on failed S1 after S2 becomes available. <br> S2 priority: How long the device waits before transfer sequence back to available S2 begins. This delay is bypassed by 'Override S1 Failure' in case of S1 failure. |


| Pre-transfer signal $1 / 2 / 3 / 4$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pre-transfer S1 to S2 <br> Post-transfer S1 to S2 <br> Pre-transfer S2 to S1 <br> Post-transfer S2 to S1 | $0^{*} \ldots 300 \mathrm{~s}$ | Enabled only when any digital outputs is <br> configured as 'Pre-transfer Signal'. |
|  | Pre-transfer: How long the device is keeping <br> pre-transfer signal activated before <br> transferring from S1 to S2 or S2 to S1. |  |
|  | Post-transfer: How long the device is keeping <br> pre-transfer signal activated after <br> transferring from S1 to S2 or S2 to S1. |  |
| Center-Off | Only delayed transition I-O-II type. How long <br> the switch is stopped at position O while <br> transferring from S1 to S2 or from S2 to S1 <br> and the original source is not completely <br> down. <br> Center-OFF delay is bypassed in case all <br> phases are missing from the original source <br> which we are leaving. |  |

Time Delays (continued)

| Override S2 Failure | $\begin{aligned} & 0 . . .60 \mathrm{~s} \\ & \left(2^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right) \end{aligned}$ | S1 priority: How long the device is keeping the load on failed S2 although S1 is already available. <br> S2 priority: How long the device is waiting S2 recovery before starting transfer sequence to S1. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transfer from S2 to S1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \ldots 120 \mathrm{~min} \\ & \left(2^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right) \end{aligned}$ | S1 priority: How long the device waits before transfer sequence back to available S1 begins. This delay is overridden by 'Override S2 Failure' in case of S2 failure. <br> S2 priority: How long the device is keeping the load on failed S2 although S1 is already available. |

Elevator Pre-transfer signal $1 / 2$ / 3 / 4
Elevator Pre-signal S1-S2 $\quad 0^{*} . .60 \mathrm{~s}$ Enabled only when any digital output is Elevator Post-signal S1-S2 configured as 'Elevator pre-signal'.
Elevator Pre-signal S2-S1
Elevator Post-signal S2-S1
Pre-transfer: How long the device is keeping pre-signal activated before transferring from S1 to S2 or from S2 to S1.

Post-transfer: How long the device is keeping pre-signal activated after transferring from S1 to S2 or from S2 to S1.

| Generator Stop | $0 . . .60 \mathrm{~min}$ <br> $\left(5^{*} \mathrm{~min}\right)$ | Enabled only when generator is in use. <br> Generator cooling time, how long the device <br> is keeping the generator running without <br> load after returning to priority source. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Load Shed | $0^{*} . .60 \mathrm{~s}$ | Enabled only when any digital output is <br> configured as 'Load Shed'. <br> How long before the transfer from priority to <br> non-priority source the device activates load <br> shed signal. |

## plf

Parameters (continued)
*Default
Device Parameters (continued)
Voltage \& Frequency Setpoints
Defines the voltage and frequency limits for source being acceptable. Source has an anomaly when measured voltage/frequency goes out of range drop-out lower/drop-out Upper. Source becomes acceptable when measured voltage/ frequency goes back in range pick-up lower/ pick-up higher.



Device Parameters (continued)
High current alarm
Status
Enabled If measured current is higher than ten times the nominal value device will prevent all operations and show high current alarm on-screen. After high current status is over, device will start operating normally.

Disabled*
Alarm reset required

|  | Yes | User confirmation is required before reentering normal operation after high current status. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No* | Normal operation is started automatically after high current status. |
| Transfer to Dead Source |  |  |
|  | On* | User can transfer to an unavailable source by using HMI keys I/II or by a remote command. |
|  | Off | Transfer to an unavailable source is disabled. |
| Source Loss Center-Off Delay |  |  |
|  | On* | User can select whether to always run the 'center-off' timer or skip it if there is no voltage on any of the phases on the source from where the ATS is transferring from. |
|  | Off |  |
| Source Loss Pre-Signal Delay |  |  |
|  | On* | User can select whether to always run the presignal delays 'elevator pre-signal S1-S2', 'elevator pre-signal S2-S1', 'pre-transfer S1 to S2', 'pre-transfer S2 to S1' timers or skip these if there is no voltage on any of the phases on the source from where the ATS is transferring from. |
|  | Off |  |
| Gen Start in Manual Mode |  | User may choose if device sends generator start signal when slide switch is not in AUTO mode. |
|  | Yes* | Send the generator start signal regardless of slide switch position. |
|  | No | If slide switch is in lock or MAN mode device won't send the generator start signal. |
| MAN Retransfer w/ Override |  | Affects only MAN retransfer mode. Select whether to stay in failed non-priority or transfer automatically back to priority if it is healthy. |
|  | Off* | Stay at failed non-priority. |
|  | On | Transfer to priority if non-priority is not ok. |

## Measurements

|  | Switch Diagnostic |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | Total operations |  | I-O-II switches: Total number of transfers I-O, O-II, II-O and O-I. <br> I-II switches: Total number of transfers I-II and II-I |
|  | Manual operations |  | Total transfers operated by the handle. |
|  | Number of load transfers |  | Total number of transfers I-II and II-I |
|  | Transfer time |  | Time it took to transfer the load between sources (ms) |
|  | Source fail transfers |  | Total number of automatic transfers due to source failures. |
|  | Days energized |  |  |
|  | Total time on S1 |  | Hours |
|  | Total time on S2 |  | Hours |
|  | Time S1 available |  | Minutes |
|  | Time S2 available |  | Minutes |
|  | Last generator start |  | MMM DD, YYYY hh:mm:ss |
|  | Generator starting time |  | How long it took for the generator to become acceptable after latest start (s). |
|  | In-phase time |  | How long it took for the in-phase monitor to achieve synchronized transfer (s). |
|  | Event Log |  |  |
|  | View Log |  | 250 time stamped events, latest first. |
|  | Clear Log |  | Delete all log entries. |
|  | Harmonics |  | Harmonic components up to 15th are calculated for the selected phase. |
|  | Measured Phase | Disabled* |  |
|  |  | Phase 1 |  |
|  |  | Phase 2 |  |
|  |  | Phase 3 |  |
|  | Voltage | Total distortion | THD for each phase of both voltage sources. |
|  |  | S1 Components | Each harmonic component of the selected S1 phase. |
|  |  | S2 Components | Each harmonic component of the selected S2 phase. |
|  | Power Factor |  | Enabled only when current measurement module is connected. |


| Function | No function | Input disabled. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Emergency Stop | Transfers to O position in delayed transition I-O-II type switches. Disables automatic control mode in both delayed and open transition types. |
|  | Remote Test On Load | Start/stop test on load sequence in rising (NO) or falling (NC) edge of the input signal. |
|  | Remote Test Off Load | Start/stop test off load sequence in rising (NO) or falling (NC) edge of the input signal. |
|  | Inhibit ATS | Prevent switch control operations, configuration, test sequences and generator start in case of priority source failure. |
|  | Manual Retransfer | Disables automatic retransfer back to priority source. |
|  | Source Priority S1 | Sets priority for source 1 in transformer-transformer application. |
|  | Source Priority S2 | Sets priority for source 2 in transformer-transformer application. |
|  | Inhibit Transfer | Disables automatic transfer from priority to non-priority source. |
|  | Bypass Running Time Delays | Bypass any currently running time delay. |
|  | Remote Control to S1* (default in I 01) | Transfer to S1 when active. Overridden by activated 'Remote Control to OFF' signal. |

Remote Control to OFF Transfer to O position when active.
Remote Control to S2* Transfer to S2 when active. Overridden by activated
(default in I 02) 'Remote Control to OFF' or 'Remote Control to S1' signals.

| Reset Alarm | Reset any active switch control alarms (open I <br> failure, close I failure, open II failure, close II failure). |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inhibit Transfer w/ Prevent transfer from an acceptable power <br> Overridesource. |  |

Load Shed Input Signal Transfer to priority source in 2-position switches. Transfer to Off position in 3-position switches in case the priority source is not acceptable.

|  |  | case the priority source is not acceptable. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Manual-Auto Mode* <br> (default in I O3) | Toggle automatic/HMI control mode, input is active <br> only in rising/falling edge according to contact type. |
| Contact | NC | Active open |
| Type | NO* | Active closed |

Settings (continued)
*Default

|  | Standard I/O settings (continued) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | O 01, O 02, O 03, O 04 |  |  |
|  | Function | No function | Output disabled. |
|  |  | Alarm / Product availability | Signals any active alarms or ATS being disabled for automatic transfer operations. |
|  |  | Load Connected to S1*(default in O 01) | Switch in position I. |
|  |  | Load Disconnected | Switch in position O. |
|  |  | Load Connected to S2*(default in O 02) | Switch in position II. |
|  |  | Pre-transfer Signal 1 | Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to pre-transfer delay. Signal is kept activated according to post-transfer delay after transfer. |
|  |  | Pre-transfer Signal 2 | Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to pre-transfer delay. Signal is kept activated according to post-transfer delay after transfer. |
|  |  | Pre-transfer Signal 3 | Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to pre-transfer delay. Signal is kept activated according to post-transfer delay after transfer. |
|  |  | Pre-transfer Signal 4 | Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to pre-transfer delay. Signal is kept activated according to post-transfer delay after transfer. |
|  |  | Source 1 available* (default in O 03) | No anomalies in S1 voltage supply. |
|  |  | Source 1 available* (default in O 04) | No anomalies in S2 voltage supply. |
|  |  | Load Shed Output Signal | Used for shedding non-essential loads before transferring to non-priority source. Signal is activated before transferring to non-priority source according to load shed delay and kept activated until load is transferred back to priority source. |



Standard I/O settings (continued)
O 01, 002, 003, 004 (continued)
Function (continued)
Elevator pre-signal 1 Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to Elevator pre-signal delay. Signal is kept activated according to Elevator post-signal delay after transfer.

Elevator pre-signal 2 Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to Elevator pre-signal delay. Signal is kept activated according to Elevator post-signal delay after transfer.

Elevator pre-signal 3 Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to Elevator pre-signal delay. Signal is kept activated according to Elevator post-signal delay after transfer.
Elevator pre-signal 4
Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to Elevator pre-signal delay. Signal is kept activated according to Elevator post-signal delay after transfer.
Transfer Alarm Activate output after ATS has transferred to nonpriority source.

| Contact Type | NC | Active open. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | NO* | Active closed. |

Modules (See Chapter 5, Electronic accessories)
System

| RESET to Factory Setting | Restore default parameter values |
| :--- | :--- |
| Date $^{1)}$ | Month day, year |
| Time $^{1)}$ | Hours:Minutes |
| Language | English* |

Italian
French
German
Spanish
Russian
Chinese
New Password Five digits

| Temperature | Celcius* |
| :--- | :--- |
| Unit | Fahrenheit |
| Clock Format | $\frac{24 \mathrm{~h}^{*}}{12 \mathrm{~h}}$ |

[^4]Standard I/O Settings (continued)
View
Ammeter Phase
I Max*
Ne
L1
L2
L3
S1 Voltmeter Phase
V Max*
U12
U23
U31
S2 Voltmeter Phase
V Max*
U12
U23
U31

| On-Load Test Settings |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Bypass Local Test |  |
|  | Bypass if Generator Fails* |
|  | Stay on Generator |
| Bypass Remote Test |  |
|  | Bypass if Generator Fails* |
|  | Stay on Generator |
| Bypass Generator Exerciser |  |
|  | Bypass if Generator Fails* |
|  | Stay on Generator |
| Test On Load | Test generator with transferring the load. Test with switch transfer. |
| Test Off Load | Test generator without transferring the load. Test without switch transfer. |
| HMI Test | Initiate display test screen and turn all LED's on. This function is not available when time delay is ongoing. |
| Optional modules (See Chapter 5, Electronic accessories) |  |


| About |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HMI | HMI serial number |
|  |  | Software version |
|  |  | Software subversion |
|  |  | HMI Type code |
|  | Controller Unit | Time |
|  |  | Date |
|  |  | Serial number |
|  |  | Normative |
|  |  | Controller software version |
|  |  | Controller software subversion |
|  | Automatic Transfer Switch | TAG name |
|  |  | ATS Type Code |
|  |  | ATS serial number |
|  |  | Rated current |
|  |  | Number of Poles |
|  |  | ATS Type |
|  | Modules (See Chapter 5, Electronic accessories) |  |

### 4.4 Analog meters and Measures



Fig. 4.3 By touching on Start Menu upper right corner -image you can find the analog meters information, see the table below

S1 Voltage meter
S2 Voltage meter
Current meter
Power meter
VAR meter
VA meter


Fig. 4.9 By touching on Start Menu lower right corner -image you can find the measured data, see the table below

## Voltages (S1)

## Voltages (S2)

## Current

Active power
Reactive power
Apparent power
Energy counters

## 5. Electronic accessories



## Warning

Hazardous voltage may be present within the panel when connecting electronic accessories. Disconnect all sources of power to the ATS panel before connecting Ekip modules.
Avertissement
Une tension dangereuse peut-être présente dans le panneau lors de la connexion d'accessoires électroniques. Déconnectez toutes les sources d'alimentation du panneau ATS avant de connecter les modules EKIP.

Ekip Connect Software and Programming -modules are suitable for ZBTS Bypass isolation automatic transfer switches, see chapters 5.1...5.2.

- Ekip Connect -software
- Ekip Programming -module

Ekip Signaling and Com -modules are available for ZBTS 1000A-3000A, Bypass isolation automatic transfer switches with Level 4 controllers (Touch control interfaces). These modules are mounted with auxiliary power supply module, OXEA1 (see the mounting steps in section 2, Chapter 9, Mounting of accessories).

(except Ekip Signalling 10K) are mounted with auxiliary power supply module are (see Chapters 5.3...5.5):

- Ekip signalling modules;
- Ekip signalling 2K-1-OX
- Ekip signaling 2K-2-OX
- Ekip signalling 2K-3-OX
- Ekip Signalling 10K (mounting separate on DIN-rail)
- Ekip Com modules;
- Ekip Com Modbus RTU
- Ekip Com Modbus TCP
- Ekip Com Profibus DP
- Ekip Com DeviceNet
- Ekip Com Profinet
- Ekip Com EtherNet/IP
- Ekip Com Hub


Fig. 5.2 Ekip Signalling and Com -modules are mounted to Bypass isolation automatic transfer switch with a auxiliary power supply module, OXEA1.

### 5.1 Ekip Connect -software

Ekip Connect is a freeware for communication and test of TruONE automatic transfer switches. The software is compatible with all TruONE automatic transfer switches. It can be installed on PCs equipped with the Microsoft Windows ${ }^{\circledR}$ operating system. Download it from the website, see the address below: http://www.abb.com/abblibrary/ DownloadCenter/


Fig. 5.3 Ekip Connect-software

With its communication function, it allows you to:

- Monitor the state of the connected automatic transfer switches and record infor
- Configure automatic transfer switches with customized parameters.
- Configure electronic accessories, connected to automatic transfer switch via Local Bus.
- Download information from automatic transfer switches.
- Create communication reports.
- Reset configurations.

Further information on the Ekip Connect application is available from the web site, see the address below, particularly the manual 1SDH000891R0002.

### 5.2 Ekip Programming -module

The Ekip Programming -module is suitable to use with all ZBTS 1000A-3000A, Bypass isolation automatic transfer switches. You can connect the module via the programming port, see Fig. 5.5. The programming port is only compatible for use with Ekip Programming.

Ekip Programming -module allows you to:

- With Ekip Connect software update the software and load, set and read the parameters

If the firmware is updated while the device is powered via either voltage source, the disconnect switch must be in INHIBIT mode.

If the firmware is updated, HMI (RJ45) cable should be replaced and the max length is less then 1 meter.


The Ekip Programming -module draws its power from the PC and connects one side directly to the programming port (see Fig. 5.6) and on the other to the USB port of the PC with the cable supplied.


## Notice

Ekip Programming only powers the controller board (HMI and external modules excluded). Therefore, in order to identify all connected parts with Ekip Connect, the auxiliary power supply module, type OXEA1, must be used (see chapter 5.4). Remarque
Ekip programmation alimente uniquement la carte de contrôleur (IHM et modules externes exlus). Par conséquent, afin d'identifier toutes les parties connectées avec Ekip Connect, le module d'alimentation auxiliaire, type OXEA1, doit être utilisé (voir chapitre 5.4).

### 5.2.1 LED indications

Ekip Programming -module turns on after connecting to the PC, and is equipped with two LEDs. The first, illuminates green indicating that the module is on, and the second, illuminates yellow indicating active communication.


Fig. 5.5 Programming port (USB port) is situated in the front of the HMI, on left side

### 5.3 Auxiliary power supply module

The auxiliary power supply module, type OXEA1, supplies non-insulated power to the external Ekip-modules, HMI and main control unit. It is supplied by external supply, for example from generator battery or from isolated transformer connected to the main circuit. Powering product only with auxiliary power supply module limits some operation functions of the main
control unit, for example: operation of sensor module is not possible.

Connections are push-in spring terminals, no tool is required.

For external wiring, cable cross section; AWG 22-16 / 0.5-1.5 mm².

### 5.3.1 Electrical characteristics

The following table lists the electrical characteristics:

| Module | OXEA1 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Power supply input $12-24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC $\pm 10 \%$ SELV <br> voltage  | $5-12 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Nominal power <br> consumption | Maximum 2 A |
| Inrush current |  |

Table 5.1 Electrical characteristics of auxiliary power supply module OXEA1

### 5.3.2 LED indications

$\left.\begin{array}{lrr}\hline \text { LED } & \text { Indication } & \text { Description } \\ \hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Power LED, } \\ \text { green }\end{array} & \text { On, fixed }\end{array} \begin{array}{r}\text { Power is connected } \\ \text { to the input of the } \\ \text { module. }\end{array}\right\}$

Table 5.2 Indication / auxiliary power supply module OXEA1


Fig. 5.6 Auxiliary power supply module, type OXEA1, is needed when Ekip Signalling, Com and Link -modules are mounted to TruCONTROL_
-
Fig. 5.7 Signals of auxiliary power supply module OXEA1

### 5.4 Ekip Signalling 2K-_ -module

The Ekip Signalling 2K-_ is a signalling accessory module. It is suitable for Level 4 controllers (touch control interfaces). The module has:

- Two digital inputs, and two contacts for output signals.
- A power status LED, and four signalling LEDs (one LED for every input/output).



## Notice

On each ATS, a maximum of three Ekip Signalling 2 K modules can be installed: one 2 K 1 , one $2 \mathrm{~K}-2$, and one $2 \mathrm{~K}-3$. These modules differ by their name and label, and have distinct wiring, but they are identical in terms of their characteristics and manner of installation.
Remarque
Sur chaque ATS, un maximum de trois modules Ekip signalisation 2 K peuvent être installés: un 2K-1, un 2K-2 et un 2K-3. Ces modules diffèrents par leur noms et leur labels, et ont un câblage different, mais ils sont identiques par leurs caractéristiques et leur mode d'installation.

### 5.4.1 Electrical characteristics of

Ekip Signalling 2K-_-module
The following table lists the electrical characteristics of the module:


| Component | Characteristics |
| :---: | :---: |
| Output contacts | Maximum switching voltage*: |
|  | 150 V DC / 250 V AC |
|  | Breaking power*: 2 A @ 30 V DC, |
|  | 0.8 A @ 50 V DC, 0.2 A @ 150 V |
|  | DC, 4 A @ 250 V AC |

Dielectric strength between each contact and coil: 1000 V AC (1 minute @ 50 Hz )

Dielectric strength between open contacts: 1000 V AC (1 minute @ 50 Hz )

Input contacts
$5 \mathrm{~V} @ 2.5 \mathrm{~mA}$
Do not connect to any power supply

Table 5.3 Electrical characteristics of Ekip Signalling 2K-_-module

### 5.4.2 Access from the display /

 Ekip Signalling 2K-_-module With modules energized, and Local Bus enabled, the presence of the modules on the module slot activates additional menus on the display:- In order to configure the inputs and output contacts.
- To display information on the modules and the state of inputs and outputs.

The following table illustrates the path for accessing the configuration parameters of the module from the display:

| Settings (*Default) |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Modules (Optional mod | ules) |  |
| Ekip Signalling 2 K | 1/-2/-3 |  |
| I 11/12, I 21/2 | 2, 131/32 |  |
| Function | No Function* | Input disabled |
|  | Emergency Stop | Transfers to O position in delayed transition I-O-II type switches. Disables automatic control mode in both delayed and open transition types. |
|  | Remote Test on Load | Starts/stops test on load sequence in rising (NO) or falling (NC) edge of the input signal. |
|  | Remote Test off Load | Starts/stops test off load sequence in rising (NO) or falling (NC) edge of the input signal. |
|  | Inhibit ATS | Prevents switch control operations, configuration, test sequences and generator start in case of priority source failure. |
|  | Manual Retransfer | Disables automatic transfer back to priority source. |
|  | Source Priority S1 | Sets priority for source 1 in transformer-transformer application. |
|  | Source Priority S2 | Sets priority for source 2 in transformer-transformer application. |
|  | Inhibit Transfer | Disables automatic transfer from priority source to nonpriority source. |
|  | Bypass Running Time Delays | Bypass any currently running time delay. |
|  | Remote Control to S1 | Transfers to S1 when active. Overridden by activated 'Remote Control to OFF' signal. |
|  | Remote Control to OFF | Transfers to position O when active. |
|  | Remote Control to S2 | Transfers to S2 when active. Overridden by activated 'Remote Control to OFF' or 'Remote Control to S1' signals. |
|  | Reset Alarm | Resets any active switch control alarms (open I failure, close I failure, open II failure, close II failure). |
|  | Inhibit Transfer w/ Override | Prevent transfer from an acceptable power source. |
|  | Load Shed Input Signal | Transfer to priority source in 2-position switches. Transfer to Off position in 3-position switches in case the priority source is not acceptable. |
|  | Manual-Auto Mode | Manual-Auto mode transition. |
| Contact | NC | Active open |
| Type | NO* | Active closed |


| Settings (*Default) |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Modules (Optional modules) (continued) |  |  |
| Ekip Signalling 2K-1/-2 /-3 |  |  |
| O 11/12, O 21/22, O 31/32 |  |  |
| Function | No Function* | Input disabled |
|  | Alarm/Product Availabilit | Signals any active alarms or ATS being disabled for automatic transfer operations. |
|  | Load Connected to S1 | Switch in position I. |
|  | Load Disconnected | Switch in position O. |
|  | Load Connected to S2 | Switch in position II |
|  | Pre-transfer Signal 1 | Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to pre-transfer delay. Signal is kept activated according to post-transfer delay after transfer. |
|  | Pre-transfer Signal 2 | Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to pre-transfer delay. Signal is kept activated according to post-transfer delay after transfer. |
|  | Pre-transfer Signal 3 | Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to pre-transfer delay. Signal is kept activated according to post-transfer delay after transfer. |
|  | Pre-transfer Signal 4 | Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to pre-transfer delay. Signal is kept activated according to post-transfer delay after transfer. |
|  | Source 1 Available | No anomalies in S1 voltage supply. |
|  | Source 2 Available | No anomalies in S2 voltage supply. |
|  | Load Shed Output Signal | Used for shedding non-essential loads before transferring to non-priority source. Signal is activated before transferring to non-priority source according to load shed delay and kept activated until load is transferred back to priority source. |
|  | Elevator pre-signal 1 | Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to Elevator pre-signal delay. Signal is kept activated according to Elevator post-signal delay after transfer. |
|  | Elevator pre-signal 2 | Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to Elevator pre-signal delay. Signal is kept activated according to Elevator post-signal delay after transfer. |
|  | Elevator pre-signal 3 | Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to Elevator pre-signal delay. Signal is kept activated according to Elevator post-signal delay after transfer. |
|  | Elevator pre-signal 4 | Signal is activated and transfer is delayed according to Elevator pre-signal delay. Signal is kept activated according to Elevator post-signal delay after transfer. |
|  | Transfer Alarm ${ }^{1)}$ | Activate output after ATS has transferred to non-priority source. |
| Contact | NC | Active open |
| Type | NO* | Active closed |


| Test |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $:$ |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  |
| $\quad$ Ekip Signalling $2 \mathrm{~K}-1 /-2 /-3$ | Auto Test |
| $:$ |  |
| $-\quad$ Table 5.4 Configuration and test parameters of Ekip Signalling 2K-_-module in HMI |  |

The following table illustrates the path from the display for accessing information on the module:

| About |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| : |  |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  |  |
| Ekip Signalling 2K-1/-2 /-3 |  |  |
|  | SN | Serial number |
|  | Version | Software version |
|  | Input 1 | The logical state of the inputs: |
|  | Input 2 | "Off" if not active, "On" if active |
|  | Output 1 | The state of the output contacts: |
|  | Output 2 | "Open" if open, "Closed" if closed |

Table 5.5. Information of Ekip Signalling 2K__-module in HMI

### 5.4.3 LED indications and inputs/ outputs of Ekip Signalling 2K-_-module



Fig. 5.9 Signals and inputs/outputs of Ekip Signalling 2K-_-module

1 Power LED, green. The possible states are:

- Off: power supply absent.
- On fixed: power supply and communication with the device present (with a device with the Alive LED option disabled).
- On, with one flash per second (synchronized with that of the green LED on the device): power supply and communication with device present (with a device with the Alive LED option enabled)
- On, with two quick flashes per second (not synchronized with those of the green LED on the device): power supply present, and communication with device absent (for example: for Local Bus disabled) ${ }^{1)}$

2 Green ${ }^{3)}$ LED for signalling the physical state of the input $\mathrm{Hx}^{2}{ }^{2}$. The possible states are:

- Off: floating input
- On fixed: input short-circuited on $\mathrm{HCx}^{2}$

3 Green ${ }^{3)}$ LED for signalling the physical state of the input $\mathrm{H} \times 2^{2}$. The possible states are:

- Off: floating input
- On fixed: input short-circuited on H Cx

4 Green ${ }^{3)}$ LED for signalling contact $\mathrm{K} \times 1$ - $\mathrm{K} \times 2^{2)}$. The possible states are:

- Off: contact open
- On fixed: contact closed

5 Green ${ }^{3)}$ LED for signalling the state of the contact $\mathrm{K} \times 3-\mathrm{K} \times 4^{2}$. The possible states are:

- Off: contact open
- On fixed: contact closed

6 Inputlx1
7 Conductive part of the inputs $\mathrm{H} x 1$ and $\mathrm{H} \mathrm{x}^{2}{ }^{\text {) }}$

8 Input Ix2 ${ }^{2)}$
9 Output contact pin $\mathrm{Ox}^{2 \text { 2) }}$
10 Output contact pin $O x^{2)}$

1) The absence of communication is signalled immediately by the power LED, unlike the outputs which (apart from those programmed to be activated in the case of disconnection) are deactivated if the condition persists for at least 8 s
2) With $x=1,2$, or 3
3) The LED turns on and off according to the physical state of the input, without taking any account of how the Delay parameter is set.

Connections are push-in spring terminals, no tool is required.

### 5.5 Ekip Com _ -modules

Suitable Ekip Com_-modules are:

- Ekip Com Modbus RTU -OX
- Ekip Com Modbus TCP-OX
- Ekip Com Profibus DP
- Ekip Com DeviceNet
- Ekip Com Profinet
- Ekip Com EtherNet/IP
- Ekip Com Hub


### 5.5.1 Ekip Com Modbus RTU -module

 The Ekip Com Modbus RTU is a communication accessory module, which integrates the automatic transfer switch in an industrial remote supervision and control network. The module is suitable for all ZBTS 1000A-3000 A and ZTSCT 400-3000 A,Bypass Isolation ATS.

It can be connected to a RS-485 network with a Modbus RTU communication protocol, and allows you to:

- Connect the automatic transfer switch to the network, with dialog functionality.
- Provide the status information of the automatic transfer switch (open, closed).

For the communication lines W1 and W2, Belden type 3105A or equivalent cables must be used.


Fig. 5.10 Ekip Com Modbus RTU -module

### 5.5.1.1 Signalling

The following table illustrates the possible signals, and their meaning:

| LED | Indication | Description |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Power LED, <br> green | Off | Power supply absent. |
|  | On fixed | Power supply and <br> communication with <br> the device present. |
|  | On, with two <br> quick <br> flashes per <br> second | Power supply present, <br> and communication <br> with device absent. |
| RX and TX <br> LEDs, <br> green | Off |  |
|  | On, flashing <br> rapidly | Modbus RTU <br> communication active. |

Table 5.6 Indication / Ekip Com Modbus RTU -module

### 5.5.1.2 Termination resistor

On the Ekip Com Modbus RTU module, it is possible to activate the terminating resistance Rterm $=120 \Omega$. To enable the Rterm, the corresponding dip-switches 1 and 2 (on the side of the module) must be positioned to ON. This option must be selected before the installation of the module. With the Ekip Com Modbus RTU modules, the dip-switches 3 and 4 of the Rpol (polarization resistance) are not used.


Fig. 5.11 Signals of Ekip Com Modbus RTU -module


Fig. 5.12 Termination resistor; To enable the Rterm, the dipswitches 1 and 2 must be positioned to ON. This option must be selected before the installation of the module

### 5.5.1.3 Access from the display /

Ekip Com Modbus RTU-module
With modules energized, the presence of the modules on the module slot activates additional menus on the display.

The following table illustrates the path for accessing the configuration parameters of the modules from the display:

| Settings (*Default value) |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| : |  |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  |  |
| Ekip Com Modbus RTU |  |  |
| Serial address | 1-247, default 247* | Address to be assigned to the modules. NOTE: devices connected to the same network must have different addresses |
| Baudrate | $\begin{aligned} & 9600 \mathrm{bit} / \mathrm{s}, 19200 \mathrm{bit} / \mathrm{s}^{*} \text {, } \\ & 38400 \mathrm{bit} / \mathrm{s} \end{aligned}$ | Data transmission speed |
| Physical protocol | 8.E,1*, 8.O,1, 8.N,2, 8.N,1 | 8.E,1 $=8$ data bits, 1 EVEN parity bit, 1 STOP bit |
|  |  | 8.0,1 = 8 data bits, 1 ODD parity bit, 1 STOP bit |
|  |  | $8 . \mathrm{N}, 2=8$ data bits, no parity bit, 2 STOP bits |
|  |  | 8.N,1 = 8 data bits, no parity bit, 1 STOP bit |
| : |  |  |
| - <br> Table 5.7 The path for accessing | e configuration parameters of | the Ekip Com Modbus RTU -module from the display |

The following table illustrates the path from the display for accessing information on the module:

| About | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $:$ |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  |
| $\frac{\text { Ekip Com Modbus RTU }}{}$ |  |
| SN | Serial number |
| $:$ | Software version |

Table 5.8 Information of Ekip Com Modbus RTU -module in HMI
5.5.2 Ekip Com Profibus DP -module The Ekip Com Profibus DB is a communication accessory module, which integrates the automatic transfer switch in an industrial remote supervision and control network. The module is suitable for all ZBTG 1000A-3000A Bypass Isolation ATS.

It can be connected to a network RS-485 with protocol of Profibus communication, and allows of:

- Connect the automatic transfer switch as slaves to the network, with dialog functionality.
- Provide the status information of the automatic transfer switch (open, closed).

For the communication lines W5 and W6, Belden type 3079A or equivalent cables must be used.


Fig. 5.13 Ekip Com Profibus DP -module

### 5.5.2.1 LED indications

The following table illustrates the possible signals, and their meaning:

| LED | Indication | Description |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Power LED, green | Off | Power supply absent. |
|  | On fixed | Power supply and communication with the |
| device present. |  |  |

Table 5.9 Indication / Ekip Com Profibus DP -module

### 5.5.2.2 Termination resistor

The Ekip Com Profibus DP modules provide the possibility to insert a $220 \Omega$ termination resistor on the RS-485 bus, by setting the DIP-switches Rterm (1 and 2) on the side of the modules in position ON.

In the event of termination of the bus, a $390 \Omega$ pull-up or pull-down resistor must also be inserted on the lines, by setting the DIP-switches Rpol (3 and 4) in position ON.

These options must be selected before installation of the modules.

-
Fig. 5.15 Termination resistor; To enable the Rterm, the dip-switches 1 and 2 must be positioned to ON. When Rterm is activated, the Rpol must also be activated by turning dip-switches 3 and 4 to ON position. These options must be selected before the installation of the modules

### 5.5.2.3 Access from the display

/ Ekip Com Profibus DB -module
With modules energized, the presence of the modules on the module slot activates additional menus on the display.

The following table illustrates the path for accessing the configuration parameters of the modules from the display:

| Settings (*Default value) | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $:$ |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  |
| Ekip Com Profibus DB |  |
| Serial address | $1-125$, default 125* | \(\left.\begin{array}{l}Address to be assigned to the modules. <br>

IMPORTANT: devices connected to the same <br>

network must have different addresses\end{array}\right]\)| Table 5.10 Configuration of Ekip Com Profibus DB -module in HMI |
| :--- | :--- |

The following table illustrates the path from the display for accessing information on the module:

| About | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $:$ |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  |
| Ekip Com Profibus DB -module |  |
| SN | Serial number |
| Version | Software version |
|  |  |

Table 5.11 Information of Ekip Com Profibus DP -module in HMI

### 5.5.3 Ekip Com DeviceNet -module

The Ekip Com DeviceNet -module is a communication accessory module, which integrates the automatic transfer switch in an industrial remote supervision and control network. The module is suitable for Level 4 controllers (touch control interfaces).

It can be connected to a CAN network with a DeviceNet ${ }^{T M}$ communication protocol, and allows you to:

- Connect the automatic transfer switch as slaves to the network, with dialog functionality.
- Provide the status information of the automatic transfer switch (open, closed).

For the communication lines, Belden type 3084A or equivalent cables must be used.


Fig. 5.16 Ekip Com DeviceNet-module

### 5.5.3.1 LED indications

The following table illustrates the possible signals, and their meaning:

| LED | Indication | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power LED, green | Off | Power supply absent. |
|  | On fixed | Power supply and communication with the device present. |
|  | On, with two quick flashes per second | Power supply present, and communication with device absent. |
| Network LED, red | Off | Device off line (with red LED off) ${ }^{1 \text {, }}$, or in error conditions (with red LED on). |
|  | On, fixed | Device on line, and allocated on a master (operating condition). |
|  | On, flashing | Device on line, but not allocated on a master (device ready for communication). |
| Status LED, green | Off | No error. |
|  | On, fixed | Device in bus off, or Network Power absent condition. |
|  | On, flashing | 1/O connection (cyclic data) in timeout. |

[^5]

Fig. 5.17 Signals of Ekip Com DeviceNet-module

### 5.5.3.2 Termination resistor

The modules provide the possibility to insert a $120 \Omega$ termination resistor on the CAN bus, by setting the DIP-switches Rterm ( 1 and 2) on the side of the modules in position ON. This option must be selected before the installation of the modules. With the Ekip Com DeviceNet - modules, the dip-switches 3 and 4 of the Rpol (polarization resistance), are not used.

## Notice

Do not include the termination resistors in the nodes because this could easily lead to a network with improper termination (impedance too high or too low), potentially causing a failure. For example, the removal of a node that includes a termination resistor could result in a network failure. Do not install the termination resistors at the end of a branch (drop line). Install the termination resistors at the two ends of the main backbone (trunk line).
Remarque
N'incluez pas les résistances de terminaison dans les noeuds car cela pourrait entraîner facilement à un reseau avec une terminaison incorrecte (impédance trop élevée ou impédance trop basse), conduisant une panne. Par exemple, la suppression d'un noeud qui comprend une résistance de terminaison peut entraîner défaillance du réesau. N'installez pas les résistances de terminaison à l'extrémité d'une derivation (ligne de dérivation). Installez les résistances de terminaison aux deux extrémités de la dorsale principale (ligne principale)

Fig. 5.18 Termination resistor; To enable the Rterm, the dipswitches 1 and 2 must be positioned to ON. This option must be selected before the installation of the module.

### 5.5.3.3 Access from the display /

## Ekip Com DeviceNet -module

With modules energized, the presence of the modules on the module slot activates additional menus on the display.

The following table illustrates the path for accessing the configuration parameters of the modules from the display:

| Settings (*Default value) | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $:$ |  |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  | Address to be assigned to the <br> modules. <br> Ekip Com DeviceNet <br> MAC address <br> IMPORTANT: devices connected to <br> the same network must have <br> different addresses |
| Baudrate | $125 \mathrm{kbit} / \mathrm{s}, 250 \mathrm{kbit} / \mathrm{s}^{*}, 500 \mathrm{kbit} / \mathrm{s}$ | Data transmission speed |

Table 5.13 The path for accessing the configuration parameters of the Ekip Com DeviceNet-module from the display
The following table illustrates the path from the display for accessing information on the module:

| About | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $:$ |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  |
| Ekip Com DeviceNet |  |
| $\frac{\text { SN }}{\text { Version }}$ | Serial number |
|  | Software version |
| Table 5.14 Information of Ekip Com |  |
| DeviceNet -module in HMI |  |

### 5.5.4 Ekip Com Modbus TCP -module

 Ekip Com Modbus TCP is an accessory module that can function as a communication module integrating the automatic transfer switch in an industrial remote supervision and control network or as an HTTP Server. The module is suitable for Level 4 controllers(touch control interfaces).As a communication module, it can be connected to an Ethernet network with the Modbus TCP communication, and allows you to:

- Connecting the automatic transfer switch to the network with dialog functionality.
- Provide the status information of the automatic transfer switch (open, closed).

As an HTTP Server connected to an Ethernet network, it allows read-only access to the information of the automatic transfer switch. This access is possible through a browser by inserting the IP address of the module as the URL. Once the switch is found, a login page prompts and asks for the user password. Insert the same password used for editing parameters.


## Notice

Because this module allows access to the data contained in the automatic transfer switch, it should only be connected to networks that meet all the necessary requirements for safety and prevention of unauthorized access (for example, the network of the control system of an installation). It is the installer's responsibility to ensure that all the necessary safety measures are adopted (for example, firewalls, and other measures). The module cannot be connected directly to the Internet. It is recommended to connect it only to dedicated Ethernet networks with the Modbus TCP communication protocol.
Remarque
Sachant que ce module permet d'accéder aux données contenues dans le commutateur de transfert automatique ou l'autocommutateur, il ne doit être connecté qu'aux réseaux répondant à tous les critères ou exigences nécessaires à la sécurité et à la prévention des accès non autorisés (par exemple, le réseau du système de contrôle d'une installation). Il est de la responsabilité de l'installateur de s'assurer qur toutes les mesures de sécurité nécessaires sont adoptées (par exemple, parefeu et les autres mesures). Le module ne peut être connecté directement à l'internet. Il est recommandé de le connecter uniquement qu'aux réeseaux Ethernet dédiés avec le protocole de communication Modbus TCP.


For the communication bus, a cable of type Cat. 6 S/FTP must be used (Cat. 6 with S/FTP double shielding).

The following table illustrates the ports
used by the module:

| Port | Service | Notes |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $502 / \mathrm{tcp}$ | Modbus TCP | When the module is used as a Modbus TCP/IP communication module. |
| $80 / \mathrm{tcp}$ | Server HTTP | When the module is used as a Server HTTP. |
| $319 / \mathrm{udp}$ | IEEE 1588 | When IEEE protocol 1588 is enabled |
| $320 / \mathrm{udp}$ |  |  |

Table 5.15 Ports of Ekip Com Modbus TCP -module

### 5.5.4.1 LED indications

The following table illustrates the possi-
ble signals, and their meaning:

| LED | Indication | Description |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Power LED, green | Off | Power supply absent. |  |
|  | On fixed | Power supply and communication <br> with the device present. |  |
|  | On, with two quick flashes per second | Power supply present, and |  |
| Link LED, green |  | Off | Comenection error (signal absent). |
| Activity LED, yellow | On, fixed | Correct connection. |  |

- 

Table 5.16 Indication / Ekip Com Modbus TCP -module


Fig. 5.20 Signals of Ekip Com Modbus TCP -module

### 5.5.4.2 Access from the display

## / Ekip Com Modbus TCP -module

With modules energized, the presence of the modules on the module slot activates additional menus on the display:

- For setting the function and addressing of the modules.
- In order to display information on the modules.

The following table illustrates the path from the display, for setting the function and addressing of the modules:

Settings (* Default value) Description

| Modules (Optional modules) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ekip Com Modbus TCP |  |  |
| Function | HTTP Server | HTTP Server operating mode. |
|  | TCPModbus* | Communication module operating mode. |
| Force Static IP Address | Off* | Dynamic IP address. |
|  | On | Static IP address. |
| Static IP Address |  | Displayed with static IP address enabled. It must be selected in order to insert the IP address of the modules. |
| Static Network Mask |  | Displayed with static IP address enabled. It must be selected in order to insert the subnet mask of the modules. |
| Static Gateway Address |  | Displayed with static IP address enabled. It must be selected in the presence of multiple subnets, in order to insert the IP address of the node to which the modules are connected. |

$:$
Table 5.17 The path for setting the function and addressing of the modules of the Ekip Com Modbus TCP-module from the display

The following table illustrates the path
from the display for accessing informa-
tion on the module:

| About |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| : |  |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  |  |
| Ekip Com Modbus TCP |  |  |
|  | SN | Serial number |
|  | Version | Software version |
|  | IP Address | The address assigned to the modules at the moment of connection to the network. It consists of four bytes (for a total of 32 bits), each of which can have value from 0 to 255 . By default, allocation is dynamic. With dynamic allocation, the modules wait to receive the IP address from a DHCP server. Without a DHCP server, the modules adopt an Autoconfiguration IP Address in the range 169.254.xxx.xxx, calculated in a pseudo random manner so as to be the same at every switch-on. Alternatively, you can enable the static IP address option, which allows the IP address to be forced. In this case, you must make sure that the IP address inserted is different to those of the other devices connected to the same network. |
|  | Network Mask | The subnet mask which identifies the method to recognize the subnet to which the modules belong, with the possibility of searching for the modules within a defined set of recipients. If you enable the static IP address option, you must also enter the correct Network Mask. |
|  | Gateway Address | The IP address of the node to which the module is connected in the presence of multiple subnets. If you enable the Static IP address option, you must also enter the correct Gateway Address. |
|  | TCP Client | Three IP addresses of the client devices connected to the modules. |
|  | MAC Address | The address assigned by ABB, having an OUI equal to ac:d3:64 ${ }^{11}$. |

${ }^{1)}$ Organizationally Unique Identifier, formed of the first three bytes of a MAC address, that uniquely identifies the manufacturer of an Ethernet device.
-
Table 5.18 Information of Ekip Com Modbus TCP -module in HMI

### 5.5.5 Ekip Com Profinet -module

The Ekip Com Profinet is a communication accessory module which integrates the automatic transfer switch in an industrial remote supervision and control network. The module is suitable for Level 4 controllers(LCD and touch control interfaces).

It can be connected to an Ethernet network with a Profinet communication protocol, and allows you to:

- Connect the automatic transfer switch to the network, with dialog functionality.
- Provide the status information of the automatic transfer switch (open, closed).


Notice
The module should only be connected to networks that meet all the necessary requirements for safety and prevention of unauthorized access (for example, the network of the control system of an installation). It is the installer's responsibility to ensure that all the necessary safety measures are adopted (for example, firewalls, and other measures). It is recommended to connect it only to dedicated Ethernet networks with the Profinet communication protocol. The module cannot be connected directly to the Internet.
Remarque
Le module ne doit être connecté qu'aux réeseaux qui repondent à tous les critères ou exigences néecessaires pour la sécurité et la prévention des accès non autorisés (par exemple, le réeau du système de contrôle d'une installation). Il est de la responsabilité de l'installateur de s'assurer que toutes les mesures de sécurité nécessaires sont adoptées (par exemple, pare-feu et les autres mesures). Il est recommandé de le connecter uniquement aux réseaux Ethernet dédiés avec le protocole de communication Profinet. Le module ne peut pas être connecté directement à l'internet.

> For the communication bus, a cable of type Cat. 6 S/FTP must be used (Cat. 6 with S/FTP double shielding).


Fig. 5.21 Ekip Com Profinet -module

The following table illustrates the ports
used by the module:

| Ethertype | Port | Service | Notes |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0 \times 88 C C$ | - | LLDP | Link Layer Discovery Protocol |
| $0 \times 8892$ (Profinet) | - | Profinet IO | Specific for real time <br> communications (RT) |
| $0 \times 0800$ | $34964 /$ udp | Profinet-cm <br> (Context Manager) | DCE/RP |

Table 5.19 Ports of Ekip Com Profinet -module

### 5.5.5.1 LED indications

The following table illustrates the possible signals, and their meaning:

| LED | Indication | Description |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Power LED, green | Off | Power supply absent. |

Table 5.20 Indication / Ekip Com Profinet -module


Fig. 5.22 Signals of Ekip Com Profinet -module

### 5.5.5.2 Access from the display

## / Ekip Com Profinet -module

The following table illustrates the path from the display for accessing information on the module:

:

Table 5.21 Information of Ekip Com Profinet -module

### 5.5.6 Ekip Com EtherNet/IP -module

The Ekip Com EtherNet/IP is an accessory module that can act as a communication module integrating the automatic transfer switch in an industrial remote supervision and control network. The module is suitable for Level 4 controllers(LCD and touch control interfaces).

It can be connected to an Ethernet network with a EtherNet/IPTM -communication protocol, and allows you to:

- Connect the automatic transfer switch to the network with dialog functionality.
- Provide the status information of the automatic transfer switch (open, closed).

For the communication bus, a cable of type Cat. 6 S/FTP must be used (Cat. 6 with S/FTP double shielding).

The following table illustrates the ports used by the module:

| Port | Protocol | Notes |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 44818 | TCP | Encapsulation Protocol <br> (example: Listldentity, UCMM, <br> CIP Transport Class 3) |
| 44818 | UDP | Encapsulation Protocol <br> (example: Listldentity) |
| 2222 | UDP | CIP Transport Class 0 or 1 |

Table 5.22 Ports of Ekip Com EtherNet/IP -module

### 5.5.6.1 LED indications

The following table illustrates the possible signals, and their meaning:

| LED | Indication | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power LED, green | Off | Power supply absent. |
|  | On fixed | Power supply and communication with the device present. |
|  | On, with two quick flashes per second | Power supply present, and communication with device absent. |
| Link LED, green | Off | Connection error (signal absent). |
|  | On, fixed | Correct connection. |
| Activity LED, yellow | Off | No activity on the line. |
|  | On, flashing | Activity present on the line (in reception and/or transmission). |

Table 5.23 Indication / Ekip Com EtherNet/IP -module


Fig. 5.24 Signals of Ekip Com EtherNet/IP -module

### 5.5.6.2 Access from the display /

## Ekip Com EtherNet/IP

With modules energized, the presence of the modules on the module slot activates additional menus on the display:

- To set the addressing of the modules.
- In order to display information on the modules.

The following table illustrates the path from the display, for setting the function and addressing of the modules:

| Settings (*Default value) |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| : |  |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  |  |
| Ekip Com EtherNet/IP |  |  |
| Force Static IP Address | Off* | Dynamic IP address. |
|  | On | Static IP address. |
| Static IP Address |  | Displayed with static IP address enabled. It must be selected in order to insert the IP Address of the modules. |
| Static Network Mask |  | Displayed with static IP address enabled. It must be selected in order to insert the subnet mask of the modules. |
| Static Gateway Address |  | Displayed with static IP address enabled. It must be selected in the presence of multiple subnets, in order to insert the IP address of the node to which the modules are connected. |
| : |  |  |

Table 5.24 The path for setting the function and addressing of the modules of the Ekip Com EtherNet/IP -module from the display

The following table illustrates the path
from the display for accessing information on the module:

| About | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| : |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  |
| Ekip Com EtherNet/IP |  |
| SN | Serial number |
| Version | Software version |
| IP Address | The address assigned to the modules at the moment of connection to the network. It consists of four bytes (for a total of 32 bits), each of which can have value from 0 to 255. By default, allocation is dynamic. With dynamic allocation, the modules wait to receive the IP address from a DHCP server. Without a DHCP server, the modules adopt an Autoconfiguration IP address in the range 169.254.xxx. xxx, calculated in a pseudo random manner so as to be the same at every switch-on. Alternatively, you can enable the static IP address option, which allows the IP address to be forced. In this case, you must make sure that the IP address inserted is different to those of the other devices connected to the same network. |
| Network Mask | The subnet mask that identifies the method to recognize the subnet to which the modules belong, with the possibility of searching for the modules within a defined set of recipients. If you enabled the option Static IP Address, you must also enter the correct Network Mask. |
| Gateway Address | The IP address of the node to which the module it is connected, in the presence of multiple subnets. If you enabled the Static IP Address option, you must also enter the correct Gateway Address. |
| TCP Client | The three IP addresses of the client devices connected to the modules. |
| MAC Address | The address assigned by ABB, having a OUI equal to ac:d3:64 ${ }^{1}$. |

[^6]
### 5.5.7 Ekip Com Hub -module

Ekip Com Hub is a communication module for cloud-based connectivity through the ABB AbilityTM Electrical Distribution Control System (EDCS).

TruCONTROL equipped with Ekip Com Hub can establish the connection to ABB Ability for the whole low-voltage power distribution panel. This dedicated car-tridge-type communication module just needs to be inserted into the TruONE and connected to the internet.

The Ekip Com Modbus RTU and Ekip Com Modbus TCP modules can be configured to support Ekip Com Hub in the collection of data to send to cloud.


## Notice

It is the customer's sole responsibility to provide and continuously ensure a secure connection between Ekip Com Hub and customer network or any other network (as the case may be). It is the installer's responsibility to ensure that all the necessary safety measures are adopted (for example, firewalls, and other measures).) to protect the product, the network, the customer system and interface against any kind of security breaches, unauthorized access, interference, intrusion, loss and/ or theft of data or information.
Remarque
Il est de la seule responsabilité du client de fournir et d'assurer en permanence une connexion sécurisée entre Ekip Com Hub et le réseau du client ou tout autre réseau (selon le cas). Il est de la responsabilité de l'installateur de s'assurer que toutes les mesures de sécurité nécessaires sont adoptées (par exemple, pare-feu et les autres mesures) pour protéger le produit, le réseau, le système du client, et l'interface contre toute forme d'atteinte à la sécurité, d'accès non autorisé, ingérence, intrusion, perte et ou vol de données ou d'informations.

For the communication bus, a cable of type Cat. 6 S/FTP must be used (Cat. 6 with S/FTP double shielding).

The following table illustrates the ports used by the module:

| Port | Service | Notes |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $67 / \mathrm{udp}$ | DHCP | DHCP enabled as an <br> alternative to Static <br> address $=$ On |
| $443 / \mathrm{tcp}$ | client | HTTPS <br> Always active when <br> module is enabled |
| 123/udp | SNTP | Active with SNTP client |
| enabled |  |  |

### 5.5.7.1 LED indications

The following table illustrates the possible signals, and their meaning:

| LED | Indication | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power LED, green | Off | Power supply absent. |
|  | On fixed | Power supply and communication with the device present. |
|  | On, with two quick flashes per second | Power supply present, and communication with device absent. |
| Link LED, green | Off | Connection error (signal absent). |
|  | On, fixed | Correct connection. |
| Activity LED, yellow | Off | No activity on the line. |
|  | On, flashing | Activity present on the line (in reception and/or transmission). |

Table 5.27 Indication / Ekip Com Hub -module


Fig. 5.26 Signals of Ekip Com Hub -module

### 5.5.7.2 Access from the display /

## Ekip Com Hub

With modules energized, the presence of the modules on the module slot activates additional menus on the display:

- To set the addressing of the modules.
- In order to display information on the modules.

The following table illustrates the path from the display, for setting the function and addressing of the modules:

| Settings (*Default value) |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| : |  |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  |  |
| Ekip Com Hub |  |  |
| Enable | Off* | Switch communication between module and |
|  | On | server |
| Force Static IP Address | off* | Dynamic IP address. |
|  | on | Static IP address. |
|  | Se | On all the associated parameters are enabled. |
| Static IP Address | 0.0.0.0* | Enables the static IP address to be selected. |
| Network Mask Static | 0.0.0.0* | Enables the subnet mask to be selected. |
| Static Gateway Address | 0.0.0.0* | When there are several subnets, enables the IP address of the node to which the module is connected to be selected. |
| SNTP Client Enabled | Off* | Enables the SNTP protocol for distribution of |
|  | on | the clock and synchronization signal to be enabled. |
| SNTP Server Address | 0.0.0.0* | Enables the network server that supplies the SNTP to be set. |
| Password | --- | Code required to register module on cloud. |
| Remote firmware update |  | Enables the firmware of the module to be updated. |
|  | OFF Autom |  |
|  | Enable | To configure firmware download. |
|  | Automatic | To automate module update. |

[^7] the Ekip Com Hub-module from the display

The following table illustrates the path
from the display for accessing information on the module:

| About | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| : |  |
| Modules (Optional modules) |  |
| Ekip Com Hub |  |
| SN | Serial number |
| Version | Software version |
| IP Address | Address of the module, assigned to the module by a DHCP server at the time of connection to the network in the case of configuration with a dynamic IP, or can be set via the menu in the event of a static IP. <br> NOTE: without a DHCP server, the module automatically adopts a random IP address within the 169.254.xxx.xxx range. |
| Network Mask | Subnet mask; identifies the method for recognizing the subnet to which the modules belong and enables modules to be searched for within a defined set of recipients. |
| Gateway Address | IP address of the node to which the module is connected, in the presence of several subnets. |
| MAC Address | The address (with an OUI) assigned by ABB equal to ac:d 3:64 <br> Organizationally Unique Identifier, formed of the first three bytes of a MAC address, that uniquely identifies the manufacturer of an Ethernet device |

[^8]
### 5.6 Ekip Signaling 10k module

The Ekip Signaling 10k is an accessory module for external signaling that can be installed on a standard 35 mm DIN rail (DIN EN 50022 type TS $35 \times 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ ). In certain ZBTS T-series offerings, this module is pre-installed, with a certain number of pre-programmed functions.

This Ekip module has:

- Ten programmable output contacts.
- Ten or eleven programmable digital inputs.
- A power-on LED, and twenty or twen-ty-one signaling LEDs (one for each output/input).

The module is connected to TruCONTROL via Local Bus connection and supplied by 24V DC.

Further information on Ekip Signalling 10K is available on the website http:// www.abb.com/abblibrary/DownloadCenter/, in particular in the manual 1SDH001318R0002.

IMPORTANT: Make sure that you have read the recommendations concerning security and precaution from unauthorized access.


### 5.7 Current measurement -modules

Zenith ZBTS T-series includes embedded current measurement in the standard offering. The current measurement module utilizes rating plugs to improve measurement accuracy.

### 5.7.1 Rating Plug

The rating plugs are field interchangeable from the front of the TruCONTROL ATS controller. An assortment of rating plugs are provided with the equipment. The rating plug sized for the expected typical operational load should be installed for best measurement accuracy.

Rating plugs for currents 1000A-4000A

- 1SDA074224R1 1000A
- 1SDA079730R1 1200A
- 1SDA074226R1 1600A
- 1SDA074227R1 2000A
- 1SDA074228R1 2500A
- 1SDA074229R1 3200A


Fig. 5.28 Rating plug

### 5.7.2 Current Sensors

Type C sensors are openable sensors without bushing bar. Current sensors are installed on each phase; the rated unit current can be configured with the interchangeable rating plug module.

Type $C$ sensors guarantee an insulation resistance of 1000 Vrms CAT III / 600 Vrms CAT IV and an IP67 protection degree.

Sensor type code includes three or four sensors of the same type and size, depending on the automatic transfer switch (3P or 4P) operated by TruCONTROL ATS controller.

Available sizes / internal diameter of the sensors: 4000 A / 120 mm

Sensor type codes:

- Open CS 3P type C120 1SDA083372R1
- Open CS 4P type C120 1SDA083373R1


Fig. 5.29 Current sensor

### 5.8 Temperature measurement

High precision temperature sensors are used on the Zenith ZBTS T-series By-pass-Isolation ATS. Sensors are installed on the highest temperature contact of the load (L2). Therefore, measuring the temperature of L2 can indicate the accurate temperature.

Type code 1SDA085695R1 is used. The code includes one single probe (length: 3 $\mathrm{m})$.


Fig. 5.30 Temperature measurement

### 5.9 Switch-Test/Auto/Inhibit/Start

The 4-position switch is an optional accessory which can change the ATS status by switching the key position. The 4-position switch can send signal via controller to control the ATS. Operation of 4 positions are listed below:

- Auto: ATS will function as normal ATS.
- Test: "Remote test on load" input active. ATS will send signal to start the alternate source and transfer to alternate source.
- Off: "Inhibit auto mode" input active. ATS will be in inhibit mode. It will not take any action no matter the condition of sources. ATS will also not start the alternate source if the main source fails.
- Engine start: "remote test off load" input active. ATS will send signal to start the alternate source only. It will not transfer to alternate source (transformer and generator).


## Instructions:

MODE SELECTOR (MS) SWITCH CHART

|  | Switch Position |  |  |  | Operator | Note: <br> program the <br> ATS input <br> to: |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 <br> TEST | 2 <br> AUTO | 3 <br> OFF | 4 ENG <br> START |  <br> mounting location | N.O. <br> (Load Test) |
| Contact Block 1 (A) | $\times$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | Mounted on position 4 |  |
| Contact Block 2 (B) <br> (Off) | 0 | 0 | $x$ | 0 | Mounted on position 2 | N.O. |
| Contact Block 3 (C) <br> (No Load Test) | 0 | 0 | 0 | $x$ | Mounted on position 3 | N.O. |
| $\times$ - closed contact |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 5.10 Audible Transfer Alarm

The audible transfer alarm will sound and illuminate when the ATS is connected to source 2 (normally, the default main power supply is source 1). Alarm can be silenced via the HMI and will otherwise be reset by retransferring back to source 1.

## 6. Troubleshooting



Warning
Any troubleshooting should be conducted by trained and authorized personnel only. Appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) should be used when troubleshooting the ATS panel.
Hazardous voltage may be present. Disconnect all power sources before performing work inside the ATS panel.
Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.
Avertissement
Tout dépannage doit être effectué uniquement que par un personel formé et autorisé. Un équipment de protection individualle (EPI) approprié doit être utilisé lors du dépannage du panneau ATS. Une tension dangereuse peut être présente. Débranchez toutes les sources d'alimentation avant d'effectuer des travaux à l'intérieur du panneau d'ATS. Ne pas le faire peut entraîner des graves blessures ou la mort.
6.1 Alarms

| Message | Fault | Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switch not in AUTO mode, Alarm LED on | Disconnect switch is on the "Inhibit" position. <br> MTSE close into source 1 or source 2 Operation mode is not in Auto mode ATS not in connect location | Turn disconnect switch into the AUTO position <br> Close MTSE contact into "off" position. Configurate the operation mode is in Auto mode Rack in ATS into connected location |
| Phases crossed | Phase rotation of sources 1 and 2 are different | Connect the phases of both sources in the same order |
| S1 undervoltage | Voltage of source 1 is under the threshold level set in parameter "Dropout voltage, lower threshold" | Check the correlation between power source and device configuration |
| S1 overvoltage | Voltage of source 1 is over the threshold level set in parameter "Dropout voltage, upper threshold" | Check the correlation between power source and device configuration |
| S1 phase missing | One or two phases of source 1 are missing | Check the power source and connections |
| S1 unbalance | Phases of source 1 are not symmetric | Check the power source |
| S1 phase rotation | Phase rotation of source 1 is different from the value of parameter "Phase sequence" | Connect the phases according to the configuration |
| S1 invalid frequency | Frequency of source 1 is out of range set in parameters "Drop-out frequency, upper threshold" and "Drop-out frequency, lower threshold" | Check the correlation between power source and device configuration |
| S1 neutral disconneced | Neutral is disconnected from source 1. <br> Note: The loss of neutral will be detected in 3 phase distribution systems with unbalanced loads | Check connection of neutral in source 1 and that the corresponding power distribution system parameter is set correctly |


| Message (continued) | Fault | Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S2 undervoltage | Voltage of source 2 is under the threshold level set in parameter "Dropout voltage, lower threshold" | Check the correlation between power source and device configuration |
| S2 overvoltage | Voltage of source 2 is over the threshold level set in parameter "Dropout voltage, upper threshold" | Check the correlation between power source and device configuration |
| S2 phase missing | One or two phases of source 2 are missing | Check the power source and connections |
| S2 unbalance | Phases of source 2 are not symmetric | Check the power source |
| S2 phase rotation | Phase rotation of source 2 is different from the value of parameter "Phase sequence" | Connect the phases according to the configuration |
| S2 neutral disconnected | Neutral is disconnected from source 2. Note: The loss of neutral will be detected in 3 phase distribution systems with unbalanced loads | Check connection of neutral in source 2 and that the corre-sponding power distribution system parameter is set correctly |
| S2 invalid frequency | Frequency of source 2 is out of range set in parameters "Drop-out frequency, upper threshold" and "Drop-out frequency, lower threshold" | Check the correlation between power source and device configuration |
| Frequency Difference | Frequency difference of volt-age sources is greater than 0.2 Hz while in phase monitor is on | Alarm is active and transfer op-erations disabled as long as the frequency difference is above the accepted level |
| High current alarm | Measured current is higher than ten times the nominal value | Alarm is active and transfer operations disabled as long as the high current status remains |
| Open I failure, Alarm LED blinking | Switch transfer from position I to O or II failed | Reset alarm by pressing Auto button or via menu page Operation / Alarm Reset |
| Close I failure, Alarm LED blinking | Switch transfer to position I failed | Reset alarm by pressing Auto button or via menu page Operation / Alarm Reset |
| Open II failure, Alarm LED blinking | Switch transfer from position II to O or I failed | Reset alarm by pressing Auto button or via menu page Operation / Alarm Reset |
| Close II failure, Alarm LED blinking | Switch transfer to position II failed | Reset alarm by pressing Auto button or via menu page Operation / Alarm Reset |
| Switch position alarm, Alarm LED on | Switch position indication inputs are activated correctly | ATS is not in the Connected/Test position. Switch service needed |
| Pole temperature alarm | Measured pole temperature is too high | Load is too high Switch service needed |


| Local bus | Communication between HMI and switch controller is off | Check connection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ethernet disconnected | Ethernet module not connected | Check connection |
| Fire Fighting | Fire fighting input activated | Alarm is active and disable transfer operations as long as the input is active |
| Control Voltage Low | Switch control voltage is below the minimum | Check power source |
| Configuration Error | Invalid configuration | Check parameter values |
| Ekip Com Hub Alarm | Ekip Com Hub failure | Check configuration |
| HMI Not Compatible | Firmware versions of HMI and device are not compatible to be used together | Check current versions and update compatible versions |

- 

Table 6.1 Alarms-list in touch control interfaces

### 6.2 Warnings

|  | Touch |
| :---: | :---: |
| Message | Reason |
| S1 and S2 not in sync | Voltage sources are not synchronized |
| Voltage Not Calibrated | Calibration data in power module is invalid or unavailable |
| Current Not Calibrated | Calibration data in current measurement module is invalid or unavailable |
| Control Retry | Failed transfer sequence retry activated |
| Pole temperature warning | Measured pole temperature is near the alarm level |
| Auto Control Disabled | Device is in manual operating mode |
| Local Bus | Module heartbeat error. Check connection. Can be cleared using "Alarm Reset" |
| Configuration | Configuration session ports are open |
| Clock capacitor charging | Real time clock is not yet operational, date \& time setting is disable as long as this warning is active. Clock capacitor is charged from source voltage (not AUX) and takes about 10 minutes |
| Generator failed to start | Generator has not been started within 1 minute after sending start signal or it has failed during any test sequence |

[^9]
### 6.3 Information

| Message |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Invalid Date | Description |
| Test on Load | Date not set |
| Test off Load load sequence active |  |
| Alarm/Product Availability | Test off load sequence active |
| Position I | Digital output function activated |
| Position O | Digital output function activated |
| Position II | Digital output function activated |
| Pre-transfer Signal | Digital output function activated |
| Source 1 Available | Digital output function activated |
| Source 2 Available | Digital output function activated |
| Load Shed | Digital output function activated |
| Emergency Stop | Digital output function activated |
| Remote Test on Load | Digital input function activated |
| Remote Test off Load | Digital input function activated |
| Inhibit Auto Mode | Digital input function activated |
| Manual Retransfer | Digital input function activated |
| Priority S1 | Digital input function activated |
| Priority S2 | Digital input function activated |
| Inhibit Transfer | Digital input function activated |
| Bypass Running Delays | Digital input function activated |
| Remote Control to S1 | Digital input function activated |
| Remote Control to Off | Digital input function activated |
| Remote Control to S2 | Digital input function activated |
| Alarm Reset | Digital input function activated |
| Manual-Auto Mode | Digital input function activated |
|  |  |

Table 6.3 Info statements in touch control interfaces

### 6.4 Light indication and alarm

Bypass panel, located on the upper part of the cabinet, shows status of bypass device and the ATS.

| Message | Description |
| :--- | ---: |
| S1 AVAILABLE, LED off | S1 is not available |
| S2 AVAILBALE, LED off | S2 is not available |
| BS1 ENGAGED, LED off | Bypass contact is not connected to source 1 |
| BS2 ENGAGED, LED off | Bypass contact is not connected to source 2 |
| AS1 ENGAGED, LED off | ATS contact is not connected to source 1 |
| AS2 ENGAGED, LED off | ATS contact is not connected to source 2 |
| ATS/BYP PARALLEL, Alarm LED on | ATS and bypass contact are connected to the same |
| sS SWITCH INHIBIT POSITION, Alarm LED on | Disconnect switch is in the inhibit mode |

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Table 6.4 Bypass panel LED indication and alarm

### 6.5 Elimination of simple malfunctions

| Disturbance |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| ATS can't be transfer by HMI button "I ON", "II ON", <br> "O off" | Disconnect switch is in the inhibit position |
| ATS is in the Auto mode |  |


| ATS can't be rack into Connected position | ATS and MTS connected to different source (For <br> Open ATS). <br> ATS no at "O off" status (For Delay/Close ATS) Bypass Panel lock not at "Release" position Disconnect switch is in the "AUTO" position |
| :---: | :---: |
| ATS can't be rack out from Test position | Bypass Panel lock not at "Release" position Disconnect switch is in the "AUTO" position |
| ATS can't be rack into Test position | ATS not at "Isolation" position before rack in. Bypass Panel lock not at "Release" position Disconnect switch is in the "AUTO" position |
| MTS can't be manual close | ATS is in the "Connected" position and already connected to another source. MTS have not been charged. <br> MTS already connected to another source. <br> Disconnect switch is in the "AUTO" position. <br> Operation bar be inserted at RIRO hole. <br> Bypass Panel lock not at "Lock" position. <br> ATS not at "ISOLATION"/ "TEST"/ "Connected" position. |
| Bypass Panel lock can't be release | Insert Operation handle into RIRO hole and rotate Clockwise or anti-clockwise slightly. |
| Door can't be open | Door only could be opened when ATS is in the "Isolation" position (If the door interlock has been applicated). |
| Disconnect switch can't be switch to AUTO position | Operation bar be inserted at RIRO hole. |

## 7. Technical data

### 7.1 General technical data

| Automatic transfer switch, power circuit | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated operational voltage | 200-480 Vac |  |
| Rated frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage | 12 kV |  |
| Operating times | See Table 7.4 |  |
| Automatic transfer switch, control circuit | Value | Remark |
| Voltage supply | 200-480 Vac |  |
| Operating voltage range | $\pm 20$ \% |  |
| Voltage measurement accuracy | 1 \% |  |
| Rated frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| Operating frequency range | $\pm 20 \%$ |  |
| Frequency measurement accuracy | 0.5 \% |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage | 6 kV |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{imp}}$ for digital outputs and generator control | 4 kV | Connectors T7 and T8 |
| Automatic transfer switch, I/O contacts | Cabling / Terminal | Rating / Remark |
| Generator start/stop | $\begin{array}{r} 0.75 \ldots . .2 .5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ 18 \ldots 12 \mathrm{AWG} \end{array}$ |  |
| Generator start/stop, NO | E11 \& E12 | 5A@250V AC,5A@30V DC |
| Generator start/stop, NC | E13 \& E12 | 5A@250V AC,5A@30V DC |
| $\overline{\text { ATS contact position indication }}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 0.75 \ldots \ldots . \mathrm{mm}^{2} \\ 18 \ldots 12 \mathrm{AWG} \end{array}$ |  |
| ATS in source 1 position, NO | A41NO\& A41C | 10A@250V AC, 250mA@ 250 DC |
| ATS in source 1 position, NC | A41NC \& A41C |  |
| ATS in source 1 position, NO | A42NO \& A42C | 10A@250V AC, 250mA@250 DC |
| ATS in source 1 position, NC | A42NC \& A42C |  |
| ATS in source 2 position, NO | A31NO \& A31C | 10A@250V AC, 250mA@250 DC |
| ATS in source 2 position, NC | A31NC \& A31C |  |
| ATS in source 2 position, NO | A32NO \& A31C | 10A@250V AC, 250mA@250 DC |
| ATS in source 2 position, NC | A32NC \& A31C | 10A@250V AC, 250mA@250 DC |


| Automatic transfer switch, I/O contacts |  | Cabling/Terminal | Rating / Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fire Fighting appli | ations Cable size: | $\begin{gathered} " .08 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ 28 \ldots .16 \text { AWG" } \end{gathered}$ | Only in ZBTSD/CT-types, delayed/closed transition, I-O-II |
|  |  |  | or II-O-I |
|  | Fire fighting input $24 \mathrm{Vdc}(+)$ | T9-1 | $24 \mathrm{Vdc} \mathrm{5mA}$ |
| @ @ @ @ @ @ | Fire fighting input $24 \mathrm{Vdc}(-)$ | T9-2 | $24 \mathrm{Vdc} \mathrm{5mA}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Refer to programming/I/O packages for terminal usage
${ }^{2}$ Cable size recommended between Generator start/stop terminal block and ATS is 2.1... 3.3 mm 2 ( $14 . . .12$ AWG)

## -

Table 7.1 Automatic transfer switch I/O contacts

|  | AC15 |  | AC12 |  |  | AC13 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Ue/[V] | le/[A] | Ue/[V] | Ie/[A] | P/[W] | Ie/[A] | P/[W] |
| 230 | 6 | 24 | 10 | 240 | 2 | 50 |
| 400 | 4 | 72 | 4 | 290 | 0.8 | 60 |
| 415 | 4 | 125 | 2 | 250 | 0.55 | 70 |
| 690 | 2 | 250 | 0.55 | 140 | 0.27 |  |
|  |  | 440 | 0.1 | 44 |  |  |

Table 7.2 Technical data for auxiliary contacts according to IEC 60947-5-1, for OA1G_, OA3G_

## Recommended Operating / Storage Temperature

Do not store the automatic transfer switch in corrosive environments above LC1 (sea salt mist) and G1 as per ANSI/ ISA-S71.04-1985. Failure to comply with
these instructions may result in product damage. Store the automatic transfer switch and related accessories in a clean, dry location in their original packaging.

| Environmental | Value |
| :--- | ---: |
| Operating temperature | $-20 \ldots+65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transportation and storage temperature | $-20 \ldots+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Altitude | Up to 2000 m |

- 

Table 7.3 General technical data of automatic transfer switch

| Type | Voltage <br> [Vac] | Nominal <br> current $^{*}$ <br> [A] | Contact transfer <br> time ${ }^{1}$ <br> I-II or II-I <br> [ms] |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| ZBTS 1600A-3000A | $200-480$ | 65 | $<75$ |
| ZBTSD <br> 1600A-3000A | $200-480$ | 65 | $<75$ |
| ZBTSCT <br> 1000A-3000A | $200-480$ | 65 | $<75$ |

[^10]
### 7.2 Circuit diagrams



Fig. 7.1 Primary circuit for ATS and bypass

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Fig. 7.2 ATS control circuit diagram


Fig. 7.3 Bypass control circuit diagram


Fig. 7.4 Customer Engine start and Auxiliary contact relay

Customer Engine Start Contact connection

| Contact | S1 available | S1 not available | Cable | Rating |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| E11\&E12 | Open | Close | $0.75 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2$ | $5 \mathrm{A@250V}$ AC, 5A@30V DC |
|  |  |  | $18 \ldots 12 \mathrm{AWG}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| E13\&E12 | Close | Open | $0.75 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2$ | $5 \mathrm{A@250V}$ AC, 5A@30V DC |
|  |  |  | $18 \ldots 12 \mathrm{AWG}$ |  |


| Customer ATS Auxiliary Contact connection |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X=Actuated | ATSE |  |  | Cable | Rating |
|  | 1 | OFF | 11 |  |  |
| A31, A32 |  |  | X | $\begin{aligned} & 0.75 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2 \\ & 18 \ldots 12 \text { AWG } \end{aligned}$ | 10A@250V AC,250mA@250V DC |
| A41, A42 | X |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.75 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2 \\ & 18 \ldots 12 \text { AWG } \end{aligned}$ | 10A@250V AC,250mA@250V DC |

## Note:

1 Program "Application" =" S1-Transformer/S2-Generator"
2 Generator starts and shuts down by TruControl in the "Connected" and "test" positions, starts and shuts down by the RNH relay in the "Isolated" position.

| EKIP Input/Output |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Modules | Cable | Input | Output |
| EKIP2K | $0.75 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2$ | 5V@2.5mA | 2A@30V DC; 0.8A@50V DC |
| EKIP10K | $28 \ldots 16$ AWG | Do not connect to any power | $0.2 \mathrm{~A} @ 150 \mathrm{VC} ; 4 \mathrm{~A} @ 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ |

Table 7.5 Customer Ekip module - Input/output

## Fire Fighting

| Modules | Description | Cabling | Remark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| T9-1 | Fire fighting input 24V DC(+) | $0.75 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2$ | Only in I-O-II |
|  |  |  |  |

$-$
Table 7.6 Customer Fire fighting

### 7.3 Overall Dimensions

| Model | Poles | Ref. | Weight <br> Kg (lbs) | Height <br> mm(inch) <br> A | Width <br> mm(inch) <br> B | Depth <br> mm(inch) <br> C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| NEMA 1 | 3P | 7.7 | $1370(3020)$ | $2023(79.66)$ | $1157(45.55)$ | $1718(67.65)$ |
| NEMA3R/4/12/4X | 3P | 7.7 | $1620(3575)$ | $2023(79.66)$ | $1157(45.55)$ | $1718(67.65)$ |
|  | $3 P$ | 7.7 | $1470(3241)$ | $2024(79.69)$ | $1165(45.87)$ | $1794(70.64)$ |
|  | $3 P$ | 7.7 | $1720(3792)$ | $2024(79.69)$ | $1165(45.87)$ | $1794(70.64)$ |
| ATSE | 4 P | 7.7 | $1163(2564)$ | $1640(64.56)$ | $1150(45.58)$ | $1685(66.34)$ |

## -

Table 7.7 Overall dimensions


Fig. 7.5 Overall dimensions


Fig. 7.6 ATSE dimensions

## 8. Maintenance



## warning

Any maintenance should be conducted by trained and authorized personnel only. Appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) shall be used when performing maintenance on the ATS panel.
Hazardous voltage may be present. Disconnect all power sources before performing work inside the ATS panel.
Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.
Avertissement
Toute maintenance doit être effectuée que par un personnel formé et autorisé. Un équipment de protection individuelle (EPI) approprié doit être utilisé lors de la maintenance du panneau d'ATS.
Une tension dangereuse peut être présente Debranchez toutes les sources d'alimentation avant d'effectuer des travaux à l'interieur du panneau d'ATS. Ne pas le faire peut entraîner des graves blessures ou la mort.

## Maintenance Principle

The Zenith ZBTS T-series 1000A-3000 A, Bypass Isolation Automatic Transfer Switches, are designed so that the contacts last their designed lifetime without replacing any parts. If there are abnormal conditions such as a fault or overload without adequate protection, or extreme environment conditions, a failure of ATS components may occur. Fortunately, all critical modules, including complete mechanism with electronics (controller, power module, and solenoid mechanism), lights, HMI, and accessories are easily replaceable. Refer to Chapter 11 for replacement parts.

Note: The designed lifecycle for lights is 5 years. Please check the brightness regularly and replace any malfunctioning light. Please note that malfunctioning light may mislead users.

On the other hand, when the contacts have seen an event, or have met the end of their lifetime, the whole switch should be replaced - which can be done easily by replacing the complete ZBTS power panel within the enclosure.

In the case you suspect a failure may be due to manufacturing defect and covered under warranty, see Chapter 1.3.

Refer to Chapter 7 Technical data for ATS contact endurance and note that the number of operations can be viewed in the information menu from the HMI.

## Routine Inspection

ABB recommends a routine (such as annual) inspection to, for example, check electrical termination temperatures, ensure the unit is clean, check voltage levels, test transfers, check number of operations, etc. to ensure everything is in proper working order.

Recommended annual inspection includes:

- Review event log
- Check number of operations and other switch status figures
- Visually inspect both inside and outside of enclosure for damage or debris
- Test transfer of load
- Observe voltage levels of both sources within expected range
- Verify cable lug torque
- Check lights brightness
- Lubricate MST interlock mechanical parts


## 9. Installation

Before mounting the product, please check the product identification from the product identification label, which is located on the front panel under the control interface unit (HMI). This label indicates the product model (type number) and important technical information including but not limited to, suitable wire.

## Notice

Final inspection of the equipment should be performed prior to energizing the automatic transfer switch.

Remove any dirt or debris that may have collected during shipment or installation. NEVER use compressed air. Doing so could drive dirt or other foreign objects into electrical or mechanical components, which could cause damage. Use an industri-al-quality vacuum cleaner to remove any dirt or foreign objects.

Be certain all cable connections are correct and that the phase rotation of both sources match.

Inspect the engine start connections and verify the correct connection of all control wires.

Check all programmable set points and adjust as necessary. In addition, adjust any optional accessories as required.

Be certain that the actual lug torque values are within the requirements outlined in the instruction book to ensure the integrity of power connections.

Check to be sure that all covers and barriers are properly installed and fastened.

If any damage is found or suspected, file a claim as soon as possible with the carrier, and notify the nearest ABB Zenith representative, or call 1-800-637-1738
Remarque
L'inspection finale de l'équipment doit être effectuée avant de mettre sous tension l'autocommutateur ou le commutateur de transfert automatique.

Enlevez toute la saleté ou des débris qui pourraient s'être accumulé lors de l'expédition ou de l'installation.

N'utilisez jamais de compresseur d'air. Cela pourrait entraîner de la saleté ou d'autres nouveaux objets dans les composants électriques ou mécaniques, ce qui pourrait causer des dommages. Utilisez un aspirateur industriel de qualite pour enlever toute sorte de saleté ou de nouveaux objets.

Assurez-vous que toutes les connexions de câbles sont correctes et que la rotation de phase des deux sources correspondent.

Inspectez les connexions de démarrage du moteur et vérifiez que la connexion de tous les câbles de commande est correcte.

Verifiez tous les points programmables et ajustez-les si nécessaire. En plus, réglez les accessoires optionels selon les besoins.

Assurez-vous que les valeurs de couple de cosse réelles sont conformes aux exigences décrites dans le manuel d'instructions pour garantir l'intégrité de la connexion d'alimentation.

Assurez-vous que tous les couvercles et barrières sont correctment installés et fixées. Sides dommages sont decouverts ou suspectés, déposez une reclammation le plutôt que possible aupès du transporteur et informez le représentant de ABB Zenith le plus ou appelez le 1-800-637-1738.

### 9.1 Basic Tools for Installation and Maintenance

| Tool | Task |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1 / 4$ " to $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Allen head socket driver | Power cable connection |
| Torque wrench | Torqueing of the lugs and other hardware as required. <br> Range of device to be $50-500$ in-lbs (5-57 N-m) |
| Torque screwdriver | Torqueing of control wire terminations, auxiliary contact <br> input terminals. $5-25$ in-lbs $(0.5-2.8 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m})$ |
| Wire cutters/wire crimpers | Auxiliary contacts wire installation, optional accessory <br> installation |
| Voltmeter | Trouble shooting tool for measuring incoming voltage, <br> frequency, continuity and control signal transmission. |
| Controller default password 00001 | Changing parameters within the controller |

Table 9.1 Required tools for common installation and maintenace tasks

### 9.2 Equipment Inspection and Storage



## Warning

When performing a hi-pot or dielectric test on the power section of the ATS panel, DIS-
CONNECT the complete electronics, controller and mechanism section of the ATS from the power section to avoid potential damage to the electronics.
Avertissement
Lors de l'éxécution d'un test diélectrique ou diélectrique sur la section du panneau d'ATS, déconnectez la section complète de l'électronique, du controlleur et du mécanisme de l'ATS de la section d'alimentation pour éviter d'endommager l'éelectronique.

Before installation, if it is necessary, store the transfer switch in a clean, dry place, protected from dirt and water. Provide ample air circulation and heat, if necessary, to prevent condensation.

See table 7.3 for recommended storage and operating ambient temperatures.

Once you receive the transfer switch, inspect it for any damage. This includes damage to the enclosure, power panel, control panel and wiring harness. If any damage is found or suspected, file a claim as soon as possible with the carrier and notify the nearest $A B B$ representative.

### 9.3 Lifting and Mounting the Panel

## Lifting guidelines

Adequate lifting means must be used to mount the transfer switch into place. The recommended method for moving the ABB Zenith Bypass Isolation Automatic Transfer Switch in the enclosure, is using forklift and forklift equipment properly rated for the equipment/enclosure weight.

## THE LIFTING EYELETS ON THE ENCLOSURE ARE FOR ASSEMLY PURPOSES ONLY. LIFTING OF COMPLETE ASSEMBLY SHOULD ONLY BE DONE FROM BOTTOM SURFACES USING APPROPRIATELY RATED LIFT EQUIPMENT.

## Lifting Guidelines for Bypass Isolation Transfer Switches

The safe operation of your Bypass Isolation Automatic Transfer Switch at all times is paramount to $A B B$. Please recognize that hazardous voltages and currents can exist during normal operation, and any maintenance on the transfer switch must be performed utilizing appropriate safety measures. Installation, adjustment, maintenance or removal of the switch must only be carried out by qualified personnel and with all power to the switch turned off. It is recommended that only qualified electricians be allowed to install or provide maintenance on the switch.

Prior to installation, store the transfer switch in a clean dry location, protected from dirt and water. Provide ample air
circulation and heat if necessary to prevent condensation. See table 7.3 for recommended storage and ambient operating temperatures.

ABB Zenith Bypass Isolation Automatic Transfer Switches are packaged as per the standard packaging regulatory standards suitable for domestic and international shipment through all modes of transportation (air, sea and road). Once you unpack the units, please make sure all the components are received as per the BOM. For any missing items, contact your local ABB Zenith service representative.

### 9.3.1 Forklift transport guidelines

1. ABB Zenith Bypass Isolation Automatic Transfer Switches are mounted and secured onto a wooden enclosure using bolts and nuts
2. Refer to table 7.7 for the enclosure/ equipment weight and make sure that the forklift is properly rated to handle the weight.
3. Make sure that there is enough space for transporting the enclosure to its destination and there are no obstacles on the way.
4. Check if the floor can bear the weight.
5. Check the enclosure center of mass and make sure the enclosure does not wobble or fall during the transportation.

Figure 9.1 shows the enclosure. Two indication marks for forklift points are located at the bottom of the enclosure. When using a forklift, make sure the forks are inserted into correct position and completely through the package.


Fig. 9.1 package


Fig. 9.2 Fork lift point indication marks.

### 9.3.2 ATS lifting

1. ABB Zenith Bypass Isolation Automatic Transfer Switches are mounted onto a wooden pallet using bolts and nuts. Please remove the bolts and nuts prior to lifting.
2. Make sure the Bypass Isolation Automatic Transfer Switch is on "ISOLATED" position before lifting - refer to session 3.8.
3. ABB Zenith Bypass Isolation Automatic Transfer Switches have the provisions for lifting through lifting holes as shown in Fig. 9.3.
4. Refer to Table 7.7 for the weight information, or the dimensional drawing for the center of gravity dimensional drawing for the CG, weight information, and lifting provisions to select the properly rated lifting devices.
5. While lifting the unit using lifting chains, it is recommended to maintain a $45^{\circ}$ angle as shown in Fig. 9.3.

## 6. ABB Zenith Automatic Transfer Switch

 units should be lifted using properly rated lifting devices.Danger
Hazardous Voltage can Cause Severe Injury or Death
Disconnect all power before installing, adjusting, or removing transfer switch or any of its components.
Danger
Une tension dangereuse peut causer de graves blessures ou la mort. Débranchez toute alimentation avant d'installer, de régler ou de retirer le commutateur/ l'autocommutateur de transfert ou l'un des composants.


Warning
Due to hazardous voltages and currents, ABB recommends that only an ABB certified technician or a qualified electrician perform the installation \& maintenance of the switch.
Avertissement
En raison des tensions et courants dangereux, $A B B$ recommande qu'un technicien certifié d'ABB ou un electricien qualifé effectue l'installation et la maintenance de I'interrupteur.

Fig. 9.3 ATS lifting.

Danger
Hazardous Voltage can Cause Severe Injury or Death
Automatic Transfer Switch Equipment must be electrically grounded. Failure to do so may result in malfunction of the switch and possible damage to surrounding equipment.
Danger
Une tension dangereuse peut causer de grave blessures ou la mort.
L'équipment du commutateur de transfert automatique doit être etablit à la terre électriquement.
Le non-respect de cette consigne peut entraîner un dysfonctionnement de l'interrupteur et des dommages éventuels à l'equipment environnant.

Warning


Before drilling conduit entry holes or any accessory mounting holes, cover and protect the switch and control panel to prevent dirt and metal fragments from entering the mechanical and electrical components.
Avertissement
Avant de percer des trous d'entrée ou des trous de montage d'accessoires, couvrez et protégez l'iunterrupteur et le panneau de commande pour empêcher la salaté et les fragments de métal de pénétrer dans les composants mécaniques et électriques.


Warning
Not following ABB lifting guidelines may
result in severe injury or death.
Avertissement
Ne pas suivre les directives de levage d' ABB
peut entraîner de graves blessures ou la mort.

### 9.4 Mounting the automatic transfer switch

Before mounting, please make sure there is enough space for the cabinet.

In order to fully open the cabinet door, the smallest distance from front door to any barrier is $47.5 \mathrm{in}(1.2 \mathrm{~m})$. Allow at least $39.5 \mathrm{in}(1 \mathrm{~m})$ of clearance behind enclosure, and 20 in $(0.5 \mathrm{~m})$ of clearance above the enclosure. Please note that these values provided are for the minimum required room size, For reasonably practical operation such as lifting, racking in/out, a larger space is recommended. Please consult qualified personnel to obtain space size.


Fig. 9.4 Minimum distance from the cabinet top to the ceiling. Unit: Inch (mm)

At the bottom of the cabinet, there are two base steels which fix the cabinet on a platform or ground. On each base steel, two 15 mm diameter holes allow the cabinet is fixed via screws. Mounting hole dimensions are shown in figure 9.6.


Fig. 9.5 Mounting hole dimensions.

### 9.5 Wire Connection

### 9.5.1 Main circuit

| Function | LUG Type | Wire Range | Cables per pole | Tightening Torque1, <br> lb-in (N-m) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Source 1 / Source 2 / Load | S-1392F | 600 MCM | 8 | $500 / 56.5$ |
| Source 1 / Source 2 / Load | S-1399R | $750 M C M$ | 8 | $500 / 56.5$ |
| Source 1 / Source 2 / Load | PS-8419 | $500 M C M$ | 8 | $600 / 67.5$ |
| Source 1 / Source 2 / Load | PS-8420 | $750 M C M$ | 6 | $600 / 67.5$ |

Table 9.2 Power Cable Torque Requirements

Detailed dimensions and location of S1, S2, Load and Ground bars are shown in market drawing.

### 9.5.2 Fire Fighting


-
Fig. 9.6 Fire Fighting connector located on the front of ATS Controller OXCO_

| Connector/ |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| pin no | Function | Cable | Type | Voltage |
| T9 | Digital input | $1.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2 /$ AWG16 max |  | $0 . . .24 \mathrm{Vdc}$ |
| 1 | Fire Fighting Input (+) |  | Input |  |
| 2 | Fire Fighting $(-)$ | Input |  |  |

### 9.5.3 Generator start/stop and ATS contact position



Fig. 9.7 Generator start/stop and ATS contact position located on electrical panel

| Connector/ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pin no | Function | Cable | Type | Voltage |
|  | Digital output | $\begin{aligned} & 0.75 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2 \\ & 18 \ldots 12 \text { AWG } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 A \text { @ 250V AC, } \\ & 250 \mathrm{~mA} \text { @ } 250 \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ |
| E11 | Generator start NC |  | Output |  |
| E12 | Generator start COM |  | Output |  |
| E13 | Generator start NO |  | Output |  |
| A31NO | ATS contact is in Source 2 position NO |  | Output |  |
| A31NC | ATS contact is in Source 2 position NC |  | Output |  |
| A31C | ATS contact is in Source 2 position COM |  | Output |  |
| A32NO | ATS contact is in Source 2 position NO |  | Output |  |
| A32NC | ATS contact is in Source 2 position NC |  | Output |  |


| A32C | ATS contact is in Source 2 <br> position COM | Output |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A41NO | ATS contact is in Source 1 <br> position NO | Output |
| A41NC | ATS contact is in Source 1 <br> position NC | Output |
| A41C | ATS contact is in Source 1 <br> position COM | Output |
| ATS contact is in Source 1 |  |  |
| position NO | ATS contact is in Source 1 <br> position NC | Output |
| A42C | ATS contact is in Source 1 <br> position COM | Output |

Table 9.3 Generator start/stop and ATS contact position

### 9.6 Final Equipment Inspection Inspection

Prior to energizing the transfer switch:

1. Remove any debris incurred, with a vacuum, due to shipment or installation.
2. Verify that all cabled connections are correct and that phase rotation of both sources match.
3. Check engine start connections.
4. Verify the correct connection of all control wires.
5. Check settings of all timers and adjust as necessary.
6. Adjust any optional accessories as required.
7. Check the lug torque values of the power connections.
8. Make sure that all covers and barriers are installed and properly fastened.

For simple details on start-up refer to ZTG Quick start guide document number 1SCC303023K0201.

Each ABB Zenith transfer switch is factory wired and tested. A complete information package is furnished with each switch which includes:

- Sequence of operation.
- Description and operation of all accessories supplied.
- Power panel connection diagram and schematic.
- Description and identification of all customer field connections.

Installation of ABB Zenith Bypass isolation automatic transfer switch includes:

- Mounting the ATS cabinet
- Connection of Source 1, Source 2, and Load cables or bus bars.
- Connection of external control circuits as required.


### 9.7 Initial Energizing

Before proceeding, refer to the information package supplied with the ATS and read and understand the information on all accessories provided, including this complete document.

## Before energizing the panel

1. Confirm that installation has been performed by a qualified person and in accordance with NFPA 70 (NEC).

## Notice

This installation should be properly operated and maintained in accordance with the safety practices of NFPA 70E.
Remarque
Cette installation doit être correctement exploitée et entretenue conformément aux pratiques de sécurité de la norme NFPA 70 E .
2. Confirm rating label matches the installed application. Rating label is located inside the panel enclosure.
3. Confirm that cables are connected properly and torqued according to the ATS labeling.
4. Verify that the enclosure ground connection is properly terminated.
5. Confirm that control wiring for engine start is properly terminated to the engine start contact (located in Chapter 9.5.3). Additionally, connect all applicable digital I/O, communications, and auxiliary contact wiring.
6. Flip slide switch (Fig. 3.13 number 4) to AUTO.
7. Ensure that all objects and debris are removed from enclosure, and enclosure is closed and latched.

## Energizing the panel

1. Close Source 1 circuit breaker.

NOTE: The HMI should illuminate if line voltage is present and S1 LED should light up.
2. Verify the phase to phase voltages at the Source 1 terminals.
3. Initiate auto configure from HMI default screen: Enter > Parameters > System Parameters > Start Automatic Configuration and allow a few seconds for system parameters to set"
4. Close the Source 2 circuit breaker.
5. Start the generator engine.

NOTE: If generator voltage is present at Source 2 terminals, S2 LED should light up.
6. Verify phase rotation of S 1 matches that of S2.

NOTE: The ATS will not allow transfer if phase rotation does not match.
7. Shut down the generator engine.
8. Place the ATS in AUTO mode from the HMI by pressing AUTO key.
8. For additional start-up guidance for the ATS, please refer to ZTG Quick Start , Guide, document number 1SCC303023K0201.

## 10. Accessories

Warning
Any troubleshooting should be conducted by trained and authorized personnel only. Appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) should be used when troubleshooting the ATS panel.
Hazardous voltage may be present. Disconnect all power sources before performing work inside the ATS panel.
Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.
Avertissement
Tout dépannage doit être effectué uniquement que par un personel formé et autorisé. Un équipment de protection individualle (EPI) approprié doit être utilisé lors du dépannage du panneau d'ATS. Une tension dangereuse peut être présente. Débranchez toutes les sources d'alimentation avant d'effectuer des travaux à l'intérieur du panneau d'ATS. Ne pas le faire peut entraîner des graves blessures ou la mort.

### 10.1 Auxiliary power supply and Ekip -modules

ZBTS T-series bypass isolation automatic transfer switches, 1000A-3000A, 200-480 Vac can be equipped with Ekip-modules. Ekip-modules are mounted with a auxiliary power supply module, OXEA1. Suitable Ekip-modules are: Ekip link, signalling and connectivity modules.

For more information, see Chapter 5, Electronic accessories. The maximum number of Ekip-modules is 4.


Fig. 10.1 Mounting of the auxiliary power supply module OXEA1 and Ekip -modules


Fig. 10.2 Removing the auxiliary power supply module OXEA1 and Ekip -modules from the automatic transfer switch

### 10.2 HMI protective cover

UL Type 3R HMI protective cover, type OXEC21, provides protection against water ingress. It comes standard with NEMA 3R enclosures, and is available as a replacement part.

Fig. 10.3 Mounting of HMI protective cover, type OXEC21


## 11. Replacement Parts

| Mark | DESCRIPTION | ABB Part number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating handle | Rotary handle | 7004629208a |
| Limit switch (SN, SE, A3, A4) | Limit switch | 5GX.043.006 |
| Solenoid | 208V/240V standard solenoid | 70010259508A |
|  | 380V/400V/415V Standard 3P solenoid | 70010425427A |
|  | 440V/480V Standard 3P solenoid | 70010425470A |
|  | 380V/400V/415V Standard 4P solenoid | 7006019398A |
|  | 440V/480V/ Standard 4P solenoid | 70010259489A |
|  | 208V/240V Delay/Close solenoid | 70010270854A |
|  | 380V/400V/415V Delay/Close solenoid | 7008561306A |
|  | 440V/480V Delay/Close solenoid | 70010276342A |
| SCR |  | 5GX.579.001 or PS-8903 |
| ATS Harness for BYPASS, OPEN |  | 2TFR360463A1001 |
| ATS Harness for BYPASS, Close and Delay |  | 2TFR360463A1002 |
| DS SWITCH | DISCONNECT SWITCH-BODY | 2TFR360012A1001 |
|  | DISCONNECT SWITCH-AUXILIARIA SWITCH | 2TFR360013A1001 |
|  | DISCONNECT SWITCH-SELECTOR HANDLES | 2TFR360014A1001 |
| LIGHT | LIGHT RED VOLTAGE 24 V AC / DC | 2TFR360017A1001 |
|  | LIGHT GREEN VOLTAGE 24 V AC / DC | 2TFR360018A1001 |
|  | LIGHT YELLOW VOLTAGE 24 V AC / DC | 2TFR360019A1001 |
| PUSHBUTTONS | FLUSH PUSHBUTTONS - MOMENTARY | 2TFR360020A1001 |
| RELAY | POWER RELAY MY4-D DC24V | 2TFR360021A1001 |
|  | RELAY SOCKET PYFZ-14-E | 2TFR360022A1001 |
| LIMIT SWITCH(AI,AT,AA) | LIMIT SWITCH SPDP PIN PLUNGER | 2TFR360023A1001 |
| LIMIT SWITCH(AB3,AB4) | LIMIT SWITCH SPDP HINGE LEVER | 2TFR360024A1001 |
| Terminal | TERMINAL WDU 2.5 FEED-THROUGH | 2TFR360025A1001 |
|  | CROSS-CONNECTOR WQV 2.5/2 W-SERIES | 2TFR360026A1001 |
|  | END PLATE WAP 2.5-10 W-SERIES | 2TFR360027A1001 |
|  | END BRACKET WEW-35/2 W-SERIES | 2TFR360028A1001 |
|  | PCB TERMINALS FASTON 0.250 | 2TFR360031A1001 |
| PCBA | BYPASS BRAIN XFR ASY 416-440 | 150045790 |
|  | BYPASS BRAIN XFR ASY 208-220 (211V) | 150045787 |
|  | BYPASS BRAIN XFR ASY 230-240 | 150045788 |
|  | BYPASS BRAIN XFR ASY 380-400 (386V) | 150045789 |
|  | BYPASS BRAIN XFR ASY 460/480 | 150045791 |
|  | BYPASS LOGIC BOARD ASSY | 150044004 |
| Current sensors | Open CS 3P type C 120 | 1SDA083372R1 |
|  | Open CS 4P type C 120 | 1SDA083373R1 |
| Temperature sensor | External probe PT1000 3 m | 1SDA085695R1 |



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[^0]:    I-O-II (or II-O-I)

[^1]:    ${ }^{1)}$ Primary source is only available for source 1

[^2]:    Table 3.1 LED functionality

[^3]:    ${ }^{1)}$ Note: Disables also 0-key in Delayed Transition models and Closed Transition models!
    ${ }^{2)}$ Note: When automatic mode parameter is confirmed there is 3 second delay before entering it.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1)}$ Clock capacitor must be charged before inserting Date/Time. Clock capacitor is charged from source voltage (not AUX) and takes about 10 minutes. Clock capacitor keeps the date/time saved for 48 h in case of no source voltage available.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1)}$ The device has not yet sent Duplicate ID sequence on line.
    -

    Table 5.12 Indication / Ekip Com DeviceNet -module in HMI

[^6]:    ${ }^{1)}$ Organizationally Unique Identifier, formed of the first three bytes of a MAC address, that uniquely identifies the manufacturer of an Ethernet device.

    Table 5.25 Information of Ekip Com EtherNet/IP -module in HMI

[^7]:    Table 5.28 The path for setting the function and addressing of the modules of

[^8]:    Table 5.29 Information of Ekip Com Hub -module in HMII

[^9]:    Table 6.2 Warnings-list in touch control interfaces

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Under nominal conditions
    ${ }^{2}$ All times consider that all timers are set to " 0 "
    -
    Table 7.4 Specified technical data of operating times

