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DIAMOND DRILL REPORT, KOZELA LAKE

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DIAMOND DRILL REPORT

KOZELA LAKE

1962 PROGRAMME

BY:

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Montreal, P.Q.

March 1963

PUBLIC

Ministere des Richesses Naturelles, Québec

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VIII - APPENDICES

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I - INTRODUCTION

General:

The area, including Kozela Lake and covered by Mineral License No. 180, lies approximately 50 miles northeast of Schefferville in the Province of Quebec. This area adjoins the eastern boundary of the Hollinger North Shore Concession and totals 70.77 square miles.

Topography:

The Kozela Lake area lies in a region of gently sloping, non-linear topography. The region, covered by the 1962 drill programme contained a maximum relief of approximately 50'.

The draining system is confused with Deborah Lake (to the northeast of Kozela Lake) and Kozela Lake draining north into the Whale River system, and Lac Isaac, located to the south of the area draining into the Riviere de Pas system. The Riviere de Pas being a possible source of power.

An aureole-like structure outlining a composite basic intrusive mass dominates the central part of the area; this structure lies south and west of Kozela Lake. Lakes, streams, hills, and valleys are situated in concentric fashion around the high ground. To the west and east of the Mineral Development License area, the north-trending linear ridge and valley topography, commonly found in the general area, is evidenced.

Glacial striae, indicating an older movement to the northwest, and a younger one to the northeast, are evident in the area.

Spruce and tamarack, plus low-lying bush alders on the larger hill-sides, are present in the area, but sizeable trees are only found along stream valleys and in the lower ground. Most of the high ground is lightly wooded, or semi-barren. Low brush and lichen or caribou moss occur over widespread areas.

Accessibility:

The prospect is accessible only by float or ski-equipped aircraft, preferably a "de Havilland" Beaver or smaller aircraft. Kozela Lake is small and shallow, and does not permit the removal of equipment in excess of 1000 pounds by float plane during the summer. Other lakes in the area suitable for Beaver aircraft are Round Lake and Deborah Lake.

Previous Exploration Work:

Early prospecting in the area by Y. Bruneau in 1957 showed the existence of ultrabasic rocks and mineralized sediments with low values in copper and nickel. At this time, Y. Bruneau mapped the main intrusive area on a reconnaissance basis, and a packsack drill hole was drilled on a gossan area near Round Lake.

During 1961, a Mineral Exploration License was obtained from the Quebec Government for Holannah Mines Ltd. (N.P.L.). Preliminary aeromagnetics were flown in the area, and a small reconnaissance electromagnetic-magnetic grid was run. As a result, extensive mapping and geophysical work were carried out during the late summer and fall of 1961.

Geological mapping was carried out by A.R. Thompson and F.J. Kozela in the summer of 1961. Over one hundred miles of ground geophysical surveying (electromagnetic and magnetic) was completed on six grids. H. Ferderber of Prospecting Geophysics Ltd. and J. Needham of J. Prendergast & Associates performed the work using Ronka Horizontal Coil electromagnetic equipment and Sharpe A-2 magnetometers. Also completed was a detailed aeromagnetic survey at 1/4 mile flight line intervals (total 320 line miles).

A gravity survey of 32,700 feet was completed on Grids No. 1 and No. 2 in the summer of 1961 under W. Brick. No large sulphide lenses were indicated to occur as a result of this survey, and although the gravity results were not totally ignored, future work was based on electromagnetic-magnetic results.

During the spring of 1962, from March 26th to April 30th, a geophysical and diamond-drill programme was carried out at Round Lake to the south of Kozela Lake.

Two three-man parties under C. Wilson and S. Grimaldi, together with a supervisor G. Grant and two Indian linecutters were supplied by Sulmac Exploration Services Ltd., contractors for the geophysical work, and five grids were completed by electromagnetometer and magnetometer. In the Kozela Lake area, extensions on 1961 summer programme (Grid No. 3 N.W. extension, Grid No. 1 S. extension, and Grid No. 3 S.E. Extension) were completed for a total of 141,700 feet Magnetometer and 148,500 feet Electromagnetometer. The instruments used were two Ronka Mark IV single frequency, horizontal loop, E.M. units and two Sharpe A2 magnetometers.

Numerous anomalies with associated electromagnetic-magnetic conductors were outlined by these surveys. The drill programme in the Kozela Lake area was set up on the basis of these associations, together with the known geology of the area.

During July 1962, airborne geophysical surveys were carried out by Canadian Aero Mineral Surveys Ltd. for Hollinger North Shore Exploration Company Limited, in six areas in New Quebec, including Mineral Exploration License No. 180. In this area, the centre of the survey lies at approximately $55^{\circ}22'N.$, $65^{\circ}43'W.$ in the vicinity of Deborah Lake. The flight lines were flown E-W here at generally one-quarter mile intervals, but with three fill-in lines at one-eighth mile intervals, for a total of about 285 line miles.

A magnetometer contour plan was also prepared for Mineral Exploration License No. 180 on a scale of $1" = 2640'$ and a contour interval of 50 gammas. As a result of this plan, several basic intrusive stocks were indicated. The largest was four miles by two miles in extent and over 3000 gammas in magnetic relief, and occurs in the southwest portion of License No. 180. This is equivalent to the large aureole-like-basic intrusive mass to the south and west of Kozela Lake. A smaller plug, about two miles by one and one-half miles lies in the centre of the same License (i.e. to the north of Kozela Lake). The bulk of the conductors were of such great lengths and continuity that formational origin was indicated (i.e. graphite or sulphide-bearing sediments and tuffs).

Summary:

A total of 23 diamond drill holes were put down on Grid No. 1, Grid No. 3 extension, and Grid No. 3 in the Kozela Lake area with Enfield Mark IV and Perkins 3 drill motors.

No promising results were obtained in any of the drill holes, except possibly those on Grid No. 3 where the electromagnetic-magnetic anomaly surrounds or rims an intruded gabbroic mass. Further drilling in this region is recommended.

II-OPERATIONAL STATISTICS

General:

The construction of the Kozela Lake drill camp was begun prior to breakup (1962), with the drill and equipment having been brought overland from the Round Lake pre-breakup drill camp.

The writer, together with R. Hollingshead and A.J. (Gus) Bourassa, arrived at Kozela Lake on June 20th, 1962. The cook and drillers arrived two days later. By June 27th, drilling on KL-1 was begun. A total of 23 holes were completed by September 25th, with a total footage of 7791 feet.

Members of Party:	Drill Geologist	- H.D. Love
	Geologist's Helper	- R. Hollingshead
	4 Drillers	- A.T. Bourassa (Runner foreman)
		- M. Sieradzki (Runner)
		- R. Vandenberg (Helper)
		- R. Kasner "
	Cook	- J. Delandre

On August 2nd, R. Vandenberg and M. Sieradzi were released and replaced by L. Britt (Runner) and A. Mullins (Helper).

Numerous delays were the result of poor maintenance of machinery and lack of co-operation among the drillers. Some drilling time was lost in the replacement of an Enfield Mark IV drill motor by a P-3 motor.

During the last week of the programme, the writer was replaced by F. J. Kozela as drill geologist.

Mapping:

The geology of Grid No. 3 extension was carried out; some rechecking of geology about the drill holes on Grid No. 1 prior to the spotting of the drill holes; some general reconnaissance mapping to the east and southeast of Deborah Lake in a region of numerous aeromagnetic anomalies; and some aeromag anomalies to the south and west of Kozela Lake were checked.

OPERATIONAL STATISTICS OF KOZELA LAKE DRILLING:

DDH No.	Date Started	Drilling		Time O/B Hrs.	Time Rock	Mvg. Hrs.	Delays		Footage	
		Date Compl'd					Hrs.	O/B	Rock	Total
KL 1	Jun.27	Jun.29		7	47	39	6	7'	334'	341'
KL 2	" 30	Jul. 2		7	50	13	-	6'	350'	356'
KL 3	Jul. 3	" 6		2	54	12	4	8'	363'	371'
KL 4	" 7	" 9		4	54	12	-	14'	394'	408'
KL 5	" 11	" 13		3	65	12	-	12'	337'	349'
KL 6	" 14	" 18		3	71	12	10	10'	425'	435'
KL 14	" 19	" 22		3	69	12	-	8'	387'	395'
KL 7	" 24	" 27		3.5	44.5	32	-	12'	285'	297'
- DELAY WITH DRILL MACHINE REPLACEMENT -										
KL 10	Aug. 5	Aug. 8		3	39	23	145'	15'	269'	284'
KL 11	Aug. 9	Aug.12		7	52	11	3'	16'	417'	433'
KL 20	Aug.13	Aug.16		3	61	7	-	12'	386'	398'
KL 21	" 17	" 19		3	47	18	1	15'	400'	415'
KL 22	" 20	" 22		2	36	10	-	12'	318'	330'
KL 23	" 23	" 25		3	42	9	-	12'	341'	353'
KL 24	" 26	" 28		4	36	14	-	6'	327'	333'
KL 25	" 30	Sept.1		2	46	18	-	10'	343'	353'
KL 26	Sept.3	Sept.6		2	48	18	24	10'	422'	432'
KL 12	Sept.7	" 9		3	46	21	-	10'	420'	430'
KL 13	" 15	" 16		3	34	120	-	8'	254'	262'
KL 13A	" 16	" 17		2	16	-	-	6'	152'	158'
KL 18	" 19	" 20		2	24	20	-	8'	193'	201'
KL 8	" 21	" 22		15	36	20.5	-	6'	247'	253'

OPERATIONAL STATISTICS(Cont'd)

DDH No.	Date Started	<u>Drilling</u>		Time O/B Hrs.	Time Rock	<u>Mvg. Delays</u>		<u>Footage</u>		
		Date Compl'd				Hrs.	O/B	Rock	Total	
KL 17	Sept.24	Sept.25		2	25	12	12	8'	196'	204'
Totals				75 hrs.	1042.5	465.5	205	231'	7560'	7791'

Bit Report:

<u>Type of Diamond Tool</u>	<u>No. Used</u>	<u>Av. Foot per Bit</u>
AXT Bevelwalls	70	113'
AX Rib Shells	4	59'
AX Casing Shoes	7	27'
AX Concave	2	112'

Weekly Drilling Results

<u>Date</u>	<u>Drilled</u>	<u>Footage</u>
June 20 - June 30	KL 1 (341'); KL 2 (139')	480'
July 1 - July 7	KL 2 (217'); KL 3 (371') KL 4 (158')	746'
July 8 - July 15	KL 4 (250'); KL5 (349') KL6 (271')	870'
July 16- July 22	KL 6 (164'); KL14 (395')	559'
July 22- July 29	KL-7 (297')	297'
July 30- Aug. 5	KL-10 (31')	31'
Aug. 6- Aug. 12	KL-10 (253'); KL-11 (433'); KL-20 (12')	698'
Aug. 13- Aug. 19	KL-20 (386'); KL-21 (415')	801'
Aug. 20- Aug. 26	KL-22 (330'); KL-23 (353'); KL-24 (21')	704'
Aug. 27-Sept. 2	KL-24 (312'); KL-25 (353')	665'
Sept. 3- Sept. 9	KL-26 (432'); KL-12 (430')	862'
Sept.10- Sept.16	KL-13 (262'); KL-13A (96')	358'
Sept.17- Sept.25	KL-13A (62'); KL-18 (207') KL-8 (253'); KL-17 (204')	720'
TOTAL:		7791 Feet

III - GENERAL GEOLOGY

Table of Formation			
ERA	FORMATION	ROCK	LITHOLOGY
Recent	-	-	Boulders, Glacial Till, Clay
		UNCONFORMITY	
	Montagnais	Intrusive Metamorphic	Carbonate bearing pigmatite dykes Peridotite Gabbro Garnetiferous gneiss & schist. Mica gneiss & schist. Quartz masses & veins
		UNCONFORMITY	
Doublet	Doublet	Volcanic, Metasedimentary	Massive basaltic lavas (sometimes andesitic), laminated. Slate & Shaley beds.
	Laporte	Metasedimentary	Quartz Biotite Gneiss Quartz Amphibole Gneiss

DESCRIPTION OF FORMATIONS:

Carbonate bearing Pegmatite Dykes:

An intrusive rock intruded along preferential fractures in various rock types, composed of nearly equal percentages of feldspar and quartz, with carbonate, pyrite, and minor mafic minerals.

These occur mainly as narrow dykes intruded into gabbro and the lava, with sharp reddish contacts with host rocks. It is questionable whether the quartz-carbonate veins intersected in drill holes are intrusive.

Peridotite:

This rock type was not encountered in any of the diamond drill holes.

A small mass, roughly oval in shape, occurs in the vicinity of the drill holes to the northeast of Kozela Lake. Here the peridotite is a talc-carbonate to almost pure talc variety and is considered a border phase.

A smaller mass occurs to the west of Kozela Lake on Grid No.3, in the centre of the larger gabbroic mass.

Gabbro:

Gabbro is a very common rock type in this area, and was encountered in most of the drill holes. It probably occurs in close conjunction with the ultrabasic intrusions located in the area. Although no Gabbro Peridotite contacts were encountered in the drill holes, it was noted by F.J. Kozela in 1961 that these contacts were largely fault contacts, displaying silicified fault planes and often valley separations between the two rocks; also that intrusive contacts were observed to the west of Kozela Lake on the northern portion of Grid No. 1.

The gabbro is usually altered and gneissic, and a number of varieties occur. Some of these varieties occurring on the surface and drill intersections are as follows - a quartz rich variety with the quartz as minute stringers and blebs, with the augite converted into greenish fibrous hornblende; and with biotite found locally; and due to metamorphism some pyrite as minute stretched crystals is associated with Quartz - a sheared gabbro - related to amphibolite which is probably a derivative of the gabbro; occurring north of Kozela Lake in contact with a garnet gneiss to the north - an amphibolite - occurring to north of Kozela Lake as a coarse

grained highly schistose rock consisting largely of amphibole with minor feldspar and mica. - Garnetiferous gabbro occurring in close association with garnet-bearing schists and gneisses. - a tremolitized gabbro containing green metasilicates. It is coarse grained and found close to sheared gabbro on the surface just north of Kozela Lake.

Volcanics:

Lavas of basaltic composition occur throughout. These are very fine-grained to medium-grained, highly sheared, and finely laminated rocks. The mineral composition is mainly amphibole, mica and chlorite, with fine seams and stringers of quartz and calcite, which are common and parallel to the laminations. A few traces of pink feldspar occur in places. The lavas are sometimes severely folded (or crenulated) and faulted in places.

Some of the lava appears to approach an andesite, but is probably an alteration product of a basaltic lava, and is here principally of a mafelsic type, that is, there is an approximate equality between the mafic and felsic constituents of the rock. The formation of carbonates, and the fact that pyroxene has almost completely gone over to chlorite (or serpentine?) also indicates a basaltic lava.

Pillow structures were also observed by F. J. Kozela in 1961 on the surface in the southern portion of the volcanic area. The lava becomes altered near intrusive (gabbro) contacts and new minerals such as sphene, magnetite and pyrite often appear. Chloritic minerals, calcite, chalcedony (?), and quartz are formed from pyroxene and feldspar, partly disseminated and in veins. Some of the chloritic material is further converted into biotite, or, where associated with calcite, into green hornblende; any chalcedonic silica is probably transformed into crystalline quartz.

Slates and shaley beds:

These are closely associated with the volcanics as thin beds. In places are altered to graphitic and sericitic schists. These sediments are fine grained, black, graphitic and usually contorted. Various degrees of mineralization occurs in the slates, usually as pyrrhotization, both primary and secondary, and is usually accompanied by minor chalcopyrite. The slates are usually the result of metamorphism of Quartz-Biotite and Quartz-Mica gneiss.

Garnetiferous Gneiss and Schist: - or Garnet-Amphibole-Biotite-Feldspar Gneiss - This is a medium to coarse grained gneiss or schist in which Magnetite is common and of fairly high concentrations. Siliceous and micaceous bands containing tourmaline and green mica (Fuchsite) are often present.

The rock was observed outcropping in the vicinity of DDH-KL-2 and was intersected in the hole from 34.5' to 39.7', and contained up to 30% garnets (altered or fringed with chlorite), and up to 35% Cpy, Py and Po, plus about 22% magnetite.

Mica Schist and Gneiss: - or Quartz-Mica-Gneiss and Schist -

Highly siliceous, fine grained and composed chiefly of quartz and mica, and is often interbedded with shaley and amphibole-rich beds. This rock is probably the metamorphic derivative of Quartz-Biotite and Quartz-Amphibole Gneiss.

Quartz & Quartz Carbonate Masses or Veins:

Numerous quartz and/or Quartz-Carbonate bodies occur throughout in rock contacts, fault zones and in highly metamorphosed zones. They are often mineralized with chalcopyrite, pyrite and pyrrhotite. They are probably, in part, emanations from the intrusive peridotite and gabbros.

Quartz-Biotite Gneiss:

Occurring to the north and east of Kozela Lake and in most cases is found quite remote from the intrusive rocks. It is fine grained, granular to gneissic, highly quartzose and contains less than 50% biotite. A few garnets are sometimes associated, plus a slight increase in biotite content, giving the rock a darker appearance. This rock is much folded and sheared and contains numerous quartz stringers.

Quartz-Carbonate (Calcite)-Mica (Biotite and Sericite) Gneiss to Schist:

This rock is quite siliceous with greater than 50% femic materials. It is quite well banded and bedded in places and sometimes contains pale, stretched garnets, tourmaline, and green mica (Fuchsite) present as flakes or slips. It is from white to pale gray in colour, and often appears somewhat cherty.

Quartz-Amphibole-Gneiss:

This is a fine grained gneissic rock, dark gray to black in colour with amphibole making up greater than 50% of the rock. In places, shaley and siliceous beds are interbedded. From the surface geology, this rock surrounds the peridotite lying between Kozela and Deborah Lake. A similar rock type was intersected in drill hole KL-4 of Grid No. 1.

IV-STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY

General:

It is seen from the surface geology and from the drilling in the Kozela Lake region that the area is structurally complex as a result of both major orogenic pressures and movements as well as intrusive action. The region is essentially the transition zone between the true Trough rock and the archaen gneissic front lying to the east, and further, it lies at a point in which a buckle or buldge occurs in the gneissic front.

All drill holes were put down in a region of volcanic rock which is the host for a number of basic and ultrabasic intrusive masses. The largest of these being an aureole-like mass of basic and ultrabasic material occupying the region to the south of Kozela Lake and north of Round Lake. North and east of this, similar, though small disconnected intrusive masses occur, the larger of which occurs to the north of Kozela Lake.

The volcanics between these masses were highly disturbed, and show northwesterly and northeasterly linear faulting, together with fracturing and shearing in an east-west direction, and also folding.

Grid No. 1:

In this zone (see Structural Drawing No. 1) of disturbed lavas, a few zones of metasediments are found, which are, in general, fine grained siliceous rocks consisting mainly of quartz and mica.

An amphibolite considered to be the metamorphic equivalent of the gabbro (Garnet-Amphibole-Biotite-Feldspar-Gneiss) also occurs which was probably formed by high temperature and pressure conditions produced by the intrusion of the peridotite and gabbros.

Quartz veinlet in the lavas and gabbro usually occur parallel to schistosity, but a few occur at right angles to the above.

Sulphides as massive veins and veinlets occur mainly in faulted or sheared and brecciated zones; these being localized almost entirely in sediments usually at gabbro contacts or in brecciated slaty zones in the sediments. Minor disseminations occur even in the lavas and gabbros at the contacts. It is therefore assumed that the folding is contemporaneous with the formation of the sulphides, and that the intrusion of the basic intrusives occurs contemporaneous with the folding. (Tiny veinlets of massive Pyrrhotite with minor chalcopyrite are found in fractures in the quartz veins, probably representing a later stage of mineralization.)

The gabbro in this region has been interpreted to occur mainly as sill-like intrusives, but dyke-like intrusives are indicated in KL-8 and KL-17. This is purely hypothetical for the gabbro may be present as sills or it may be simply a phase of the lava.

It should be noted here that in many cases the distribution between the lavas and gabbros is not always truly apparent. The main distinction being in the coarseness of grain size; the gabbro being coarse grained to very coarse grained and sometimes somewhat porphyritic, whereas the lava is from very fine grained to medium grained and quite well laminated. Also since in the majority of cases there is no distinct contact between the gabbro and the lava, it is further possible that this is a phase of the lava.

The rock in the vicinity of Grid No. 1 has been much altered and folded in places, and this alteration occurs particularly in zones of shear. The folding, faulting, shearing, etc. are probably much more severe than indicated, thus a further reason, on the average, for the lack of sulphide intersecting in the zone including KL-1 to KL-14, occurring in almost insufficient amount to give rise to the geophysical conductors present.

Further drilling on these conductors would definitely have to be done to verify the geophysical anomalies.

Grid No. 3 Extension (see Drawing No.)

Structurally this zone has been interpreted as a rather steeply dipping, folded, faulted, and sheared zone in which a few sedimentary beds have become the localizers of disseminated sulphides. These sulphides occur mostly along faulted or sheared zones, usually in regions of basic intrusions. Thus it may be inferred here that the sulphides occur as a result of different types of mineralization of hydrothermal origin. It may also be concluded that the sulphides occurred contemporaneously with the folding and basic intrusion, which are themselves contemporaneous.

The intrusives in this region are mainly of gabbroic origin and are assumed, for the most part, to be sill-like in formation.

The faults, which occur here, strike generally in a north to northeast direction, as do the lavas, the sediment and the intrusives. One fault has been interpreted to dip from 45° to 65° to the west, while another dips about 75° to 90° to the east. It is assumed that these faults converge towards the north. Shearing, brecciation, and crenulation or dragging of beds define the presence of these.

The sulphides occur mainly in brecciated, slaty zones in the sediments, with minor disseminations in the surrounding gabbros or lavas, and are usually located along fault or shear zones, or in tightly folded sediments.

Again, many of the geophysical conductors are not truly confirmed by the drilling results, thus it may be concluded that numerous sulphide pods or lenses in the steeply dipping or tightly folded sediments were not intersected, and that further drilling may intersect other zones of similar composition.

Structural Geology of Grid No. 3: (See Drawing No.)

In this region, a large gabbro mass intrudes a large zone of basaltic lavas, which is itself intruded by a small mass of peridotite.

It was shown from the results of three diamond drill holes that the lavas on the fringe of this gabbro mass are highly crenulated; the sediments steeply dipping, and the sulphides occurring in a brecciated slate, which has been drag-folded to highly sheared in a probable fault zone. The contact between the lavas and the sediments have been highly altered.

The gabbro intrusives here are closely related to the lavas in composition, but are of much coarser grain.

In general, jointing and fracturing occur throughout the region and many of these fractures are quartz filled, occurring usually parallel to the schistosity, but also about 90° to above.

V-ECONOMIC GEOLOGY

General Statement:

Numerous known sulphide occurrences appear in the Kozela Lake area. These were investigated by diamond drilling mainly on the basis of coincident electromagnetic-magnetic anomalies.

Of the sulphides deposited, pyrrhotite appears to be the first deposited. Chalcopyrite usually occurs as a partial replacement of the pyrrhotite or as a fracture filling. Pyrite and magnetite appear as minor accessories.

The sulphides occur:

- (1) as massive pods, lenses, fracture fillings, or veinlets in quartz and quartz-carbonate bodies, probably related to late intrusive action and corresponding mineralizing processes;
- (2) as disseminations in schists and fine grained siliceous rocks, usually in sheared, faulted, and highly folded portions of these; and
- (3) as massive to disseminated pyrrhotite and minor pyrite and chalcopyrite replacement in graphitic slates.

Again, of the above types of mineralization, pyrrhotite mineralization is the main sulphide. It is sometimes nickeliferous, and chalcopyrite occurs in small quantities.

Minor dissemination of sulphides are found in the gabbros and lavas along contact zones with the sediments, and in sheared and highly crenulated portions.

Economics of Grid No. 1:

Sulphides occur here mainly as disseminations and in pods in Quartz-Carbonate zones; in Quartz-Carb-Mica-Schists; brecciated slaty to Graphitic Quartz-Biotite Schists; and in Quartz breccias as near massive sulphides (up to 90%).

Grab samples in the vicinity of KL-1 and KL-2 showed results of 0.06% Ni and 0.49% to 2.47% Cu., but the highest assay

encountered in the drilling was 0.39% Cu and trace of Nickel.

Similarly, in vicinity of KL-4 grab samples in mineralized quartz rubble showed up to 0.41% Cu and 0.05% Ni whereas drilling showed a maximum of 0.09% Cu in Quartz biotite gneiss and schist.

Nothing of economic interest was obtained in the drilling of KL-5, KL-6, KL-14 and KL-7. There is here no indication from the drilling results of any great concentration of sulphides, the anomaly probably being caused by the accumulation of numerous beds of brecciated and slaty sediments with disseminated conductive sulphides.

Diamond drill holes KL-8 and KL-17 are located in zones of brecciated quartz and slaty sediments with disseminated pyrrhotite and minor chalcopyrite. The best assay obtained here was a 4.3' zone of massive Pyrrhotite in slaty Quartz breccia averaging 0.34% Cu., 0.06% Ni, and a trace of Au.

Interpretation indicates that further sulphides may be located in the zone with further drilling.

Economics of Grid No. 3 Extension:

The drill holes put down on this grid were laid out on the basis of coincident electromagnetic-magnetic conductors, and were found to intersect a zone of interbanded lavas and sediments with minor gabbroic intrusions.

To the west in the vicinity of KL-10, only minor copper, nickel values were found in a slaty Quartz-Mica gneiss.

To the centre and east of the grid in Diamond drill holes, KL-23, 24, 20, 21, 22, 11, 25, 26, and 12, the sulphides were present in slaty, brecciated zones, in altered lava and schists, and in fine grained siliceous rocks. Only a few assays of very narrow width proved to be of economic interest.

A surface assay on Quartz-breccia (50% Po) in the vicinity of KL-25 and 26 yielded the following result:- No. 2001 0.19% Cu, 50% Po, 0.08% Ni, Nil-Zn. A thickness of 2.9' of similar rock was encountered in KL-26 with the following results:

B-2137 - 0.18% Cu, Trace Au-1.4' and
B-2138 - 0.20% Cu, 0.04% Ni & Trace Au-1.5'

Surface assays on quartz-breccia float in the vicinity of KL-11 assayed the following:-

8373 - 0.39% Cu, 0.09% Ni, Trace-Au

B2113- 0.84% Cu, 0.10% Ni, 0.005 oz Au, 0.07 oz.Ag,0.06% Co.

The only rock of similar rock type encountered in the drilling was found in KL-24 which assayed the following:-

B-1731 - 1.19% Cu, Nil-Ni, Trace-Au, over 3.4'

Economics of Grid No. 3:

Massive to disseminated pyrrhotite and minor pyrite and chalcopyrite are found here as replacement in graphitic slates, and is located about the circumference of a large gabbro intrusive mass occurring just to the west of Kozela Lake.

In these slates, two generations of sulphide formation are apparent. The first being the replacement of the slate by pyrrhotite, and the second being the replacement of the former and fracture filling. Minor disseminations are found in Quartz-Carbonate-Mica Schists and in altered gabbroic lenses.

The results of the drilling of three diamond drill holes (KL-13, 13A, and KL-17 are as follows:-

KL-13 - 0.13% Cu, Trace-Ni, Trace Au over 3.2' (73.4'-76.4') in a highly altered gabbro with near massive sulphide veinlets including assays 1762, 1763 and 1764.

0.09% Cu, Trace-Ni, Trace Au over 14.0'(78.0'-92.0') in Quartz-Biotite to quartz-sericite interbedded with altered gabbro including assays 1765, 1766, and 1767.

0.28% Cu, 0.05% Ni, Trace Au over 47.7'(92.0'-139.7') in a brecciated slate including assays 1768, 1769, 1770, 1771 and 1772.

KL-13A- 0.36% Cu, 0.04% Ni, Trace Au, Trace Ag over 81.7'(64.0'-145.7') in slaty Quartz-breccia including assays 1777 to 1786.

0.08% Cu, Nil-Ni, Nil-Au over 7.7' in quartz-biotite gneiss with minor sulphides including assay 1787.

KL-18 - 0.42% Cu, 0.02% Ni, Trace Au over 27.7'(56.3'-84.0') in massive pyrrhotite with 10% Co₃ and brecciated slaty Quartz-carbonate-biotite rock including assays 1749 to 1753.

0.16% Cu, Trace-Ni, Trace Au over 37.9'(84.0'-121.9') in massive sulphides in Quartz and slate including assays 1754-1758.

VI-RECONNAISSANCE AND RECHECK OF GEOLOGY

- 1) To East of Deborah Lake (Sketch-Drawing #2)
- 2) To East of Kozela Lake (" " #3)
- 3) To South & West of Kozela Lake " " #4)

1) Reconnaissance to East of Deborah Lake:

One day in August was spent by the writer in the aeromagnetic-anomalous zone to the east of Deborah Lake. With reference to accompanying sketch, only a few outcrops were encountered. Quartz-Mica-Gneiss (Feldspar?) (72) outcrops, numbered as 5 & 7, were located along the side of a large gently sloping hill with a strike of 325° Az. and dips varying from 45° E. to essentially vertical. Boulders and rubble of Quartz-Biotite-Garnet Gneiss (slaty), containing up to 25% Pyrite and some Pyrrhotite were found in creek in vicinity of No. 1. Much rubble of slate, slaty Quartz-Biotite-Gneiss (Nos. 2, 3 & 4), and brecciated Quartz-Carbonate, were found to contain up to 25% sulphides. No outcrops were found with sulphide mineralization.

Further work in this area was carried out by R.A. Crouse (Holannah).

2) Reconnaissance to East of Kozela Lake:

Reconnaissance in an area of first rate and second rate electromagnetic (airborne) conductors running north-south, beginning about 5,500 feet east of the southern tip of Kozela Lake uncovered no outcrop and only a few zones with boulders, mainly basaltic lava (68). The widest portion traversed is located 5,000 feet south of the southern tip of Kozela Lake and runs 11,000 feet to the east (see sketch). The area traversed was about 10,000 feet in the north-south direction.

3) Recheck of Geology over Aeromagnetic Anomalies to South & West of Kozela Lake:

In the vicinity of 30+00E on line 30S on Grid No. 3, a few outcrops of lava, with no mineralization, were encountered in a zone of third rate EM and coincident magnetics. To the south of this, in the vicinity of 25+00E on line 40S, a large rubble and boulder zone was found, which consisted mainly of lava (68) and a few magnetic peridotite angular rocks, and Garnet-Mica-Gneiss with sulphides (a trace of chalcopyrite). No outcrops further to east, south, or west to account for the anomalous zones. Further checking is suggested to west on aeromagnetic anomalies along ultrabasic contact.

VII-CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

As a result of the drilling, it was shown that the mineralization in the area was concentrated in sheared, fractured, faulted and highly folded sections of the rock, particularly in the metasediments. Due to the structural complexity of the rock in the region, it was quite difficult to relate the results obtained in the drilling with the indicated surface electromagnetic-magnetic surface conductors and the surface geology, and to correlate between the drill holes.

Due to the weak concentrations and widespread sulphide disseminations intersected in the zone to the north and west of Kozela Lake, it is concluded that the drilling here was not truly successful in accounting for the widths and intensities of the surface conductors.

On Grid No. 3 Extension, which is a faulted zone of folded interbedded lavas and sediments containing minor disseminations of pyrrhotite, chalcopyrite and nickel traces, no zone of truly economic significance was intersected which could in itself account for the high electromagnetic-magnetic conductors found here.

It was shown that the mineralized sediments interbanded and interbedded in the lavas of Grid No. 1 occurred only in very narrow thicknesses, and that the electromagnetic-magnetic conductors here must be the accumulative results of numerous zones of these narrow mineralized thicknesses, which would tend to disrupt the picture of any sizeable deposit in the area. It might be suggested that further drilling, possibly of shorter vertical holes, be put down directly on conductive highs to verify these anomalies.

On Grid No. 3, a zone of massive sulphides of fair width was intersected in hydrothermally replaced slates, with minor disseminations in the surrounding rock. The zone is located about the circumference of a large gabbroic intrusive mass just to the west of Kozela Lake at the contact between this mass and the lavas.

The geophysics of the zone and the thickness intersected indicate the possibility of further extensions of this zone to the north and to the northeast (i.e. greater than 2000 feet in both directions - See Drawing No. 5.)

Thus it is recommended that the portion of the property, or Mineral Licence No. 180, about the gabbro mass and including DDH's KL-13, 13A, 18, 8, and 17 be retained for further investigation in the near future.

The airborne electromagnetic-magnetic anomalies running in a north-south direction to the east and south of Kozela Lake might be further checked by ground geophysical work.

APPENDIX "A"

KOZELA LAKE DRILL LOCATIONS

<u>Hole No.</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Az.</u>	<u>Dip</u>	<u>Depth</u>
KL-1	225'Az 210° from Tag 1035(Grid#1)	30°	50°	341'
KL-2	50'Az. 270° " " 1035 "	30°	50°	356'
KL-3	65'Az. 0° " " 1037 "	180°	50°	371'
KL-4	50'Az. 180° from 0+80W "	32°	50°	408'
KL-5	152'Az.180° from Tag 1039 "	30°	50°	349'
KL-6	50' Az. 0° " " 1039 " 100'Az. 90° "	30°	50°	435'
KL-14	10+50S on Line 12+50E 80'Az, 270°	55°	50°	395'
KL-7	150' Az.315° from 7+00N on line 7+50W	135°	50°	297'
KL-10	250' Az. 0° from Tag 1087(Grid #3) (Ext.)	120°	50°	284'
KL-11	130' Az. 0° from 21+00W on line 40N	120°	50°	433'
KL-20	150'Az. 0° of 16+50W on line 40N	120°	50°	398'
KL-21	200'Az.180° of 19+00W on line 45N	120°	50°	415'
KL-22	270' Az.180° of 17+70W on line 45N	120°	50°	330'
KL-23	40'Az.180° of 18+00W on line 45N	120°	50°	353'
KL-24	130'Az.180° of 16+20W on line 45N	120°	50°	333'
KL-25	50'Az.180° of 24+10W on line 35N	90°	50°	353'
KL-26	22+70W on line 35N	90°	50°	432'
KL-12	1+50W on line 25N	90°	50°	430'
KL-13	100'Az.210° from Tag 1054(Grid #3)	30°	50°	262'
KL-13A	" " "	30°	70°	158'

Kozela Lake Drill Locations (Cont'd)

<u>Hole No.</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Az.</u>	<u>Dip</u>	<u>Depth</u>
KL-18	60'Az.180° from 5S 150'Az.90° (Grid #3)	47°	50°	201'
KL-8	20+90S on line 7+50 (Grid#1)	180°	50°	253'
KL-17	26+00S on line 7+50 "	180°	50°	196'

APPENDIX "D"

TABULATED ASSAY RESULTS

Sample #	From	To	DDH	Cu	Ni	Zn	Au	Ag	Co.Fe	Width
B-2001	Grab			0.19	0.08	Nil	Tr			
B-2002	63.3'	69.9'	KL-1	0.20	Nil	Nil	Tr			6.3'
B-2003	69.9'	73.2'	KL-1	0.07	Nil	Nil	Tr			3.3'
B-2004	73.2'	76.0'	KL-1	Tr	Nil	-	Tr			2.8'
B-2005	76.0'	81.0'	KL-1	0.04	Nil	Nil	Tr			5.0'
B-2006	124.4'	127.5'	KL-1	0.02	Nil	Nil	Tr			3.1'
B-2007	137.9'	142.8'	KL-1	0.02	Nil	-	Tr			4.9'
B-2008	169.7'	171.5'	KL-1	Tr	Nil	Nil	Tr			1.8'
B-2009	199.7'	205.8'	KL-1	Tr	Nil	Nil	Tr			4.1'
B-2010	207.0'	210.1'	KL-1	0.04	Nil	-	Tr			3.1'
B-2011	218.2'	224.4'	KL-1	0.03	Tr	Nil	Tr			6.2'
B-2012	249.1'	253.8'	KL-1	0.01	Nil	-	Tr			4.7'
B-2013	312.9'	316.9'	KL-1	0.01	Nil	Nil	Tr			4.0'
B-2014	319.7'	322.1'	KL-1	0.05	Tr	-	Tr			2.4'
B-2015	23.7'	30.5'	KL-2	0.29	Tr	-	Tr			6.8'
B-2016	30.5'	34.5'	KL-2	0.39	Nil	-	Tr			4.0'
B-2017	34.5'	39.7'	KL-2	0.17	Tr				16.32	5.2'
B-2018	39.7'	44.2'	KL-2	0.10	Tr	Nil	Tr			4.5'
B-2019	93.0'	98.8'	KL-2	0.10	Nil	-	Nil			5.8'
B-2020	118.3'	122.3'	KL-2	0.05	Nil	Nil	Nil			4.0'
B-2021	164.4'	170.1'	KL-2	0.04	Nil	Nil	Nil			6.7'
B-2022	182.4'	192.9'	KL-2	0.07	Nil	Nil	Tr			10.5'
B-2023	192.9'	197.3'	KL-2	0.09	Tr	Nil	Tr			4.4'
B-2024	262.9'	268.9'	KL-2	0.02	Nil					6.0'

Tabulated Assay Results (Cont'd)

Sample#	From	To	DDH	Cu	Ni	Zn	Au	Ag	Co	Fe	Width
B-2025	296.3'	298.9'	KL-2	0.02	Nil						2.6'
B-2026	346.8'	356.0'	KL-2	0.04	Nil	Nil	-				9.2'
B-2027	12.0'	18.0'	KL-2	0.04	Nil	Nil	-				6.0'Sludge
B-2028	32.0'	38.0'	KL-2	0.12	0.01	Nil	Tr				6.0'Sludge
B-2029	38.0'	48.0'	KL-2	0.10	Tr	Nil	Tr				10.0'Sludge
B-2030	91.0'	101.0'	KL-2	0.05	-	-	Tr				10.0'Sludge
B-2031	8.0'	11.0'	KL-3	0.03	Nil	-	-				3.0'
B-2032	105.3'	108.5'	KL-3	0.10	Tr	-	-				3.2'
B-2033	148.4'	149.0'	KL-3	0.53	0.11	Tr	Tr	0.07	0.07		0.6'
B-2034	143.7'	145.8'	KL-3	0.04	Nil	-	-				2.1'
B-2035	188.2'	198.4'	KL-3	0.04	Nil	-	-				10.2'
B-2036	241.2'	245.3'	KL-3	0.04	-	Nil	Nil				4.1'
B-2037	259.9'	262.8'	KL-3	0.05	-	Nil	Nil				2.9'
B-2038	310.4'	320.9'	KL-3	0.05	Nil	Nil	-				10.5'
B-2039	320.9'	323.4'	KL-3	0.02	Nil	Nil	-				2.5'
B-2040	198.4'	207.7'	KL-3	0.04	Tr	Nil	Nil				9.3'
B-2041	160.0'	165.0'	KL-3	0.03	Nil	Nil	Nil				5.0'
B-2042	169.5'	179.0'	KL-3	0.01	Nil	Nil	Nil				9.5'
B-2043	41.3'	44.3'	KL-4	0.09	-	Nil	Tr				3.0'
B-2044	68.4'	72.4'	KL-4	0.02	-	Nil	Tr				4.0'
B-2045	72.4'	77.7'	KL-4	0.04	-	Nil	Nil				5.3'
B-2046	167.3'	172.5'	KL-4	0.03	-	Nil	Nil				5.2'
B-2047	182.2'	186.9'	KL-4	0.03	-	Nil	Nil				4.7'
B-2048	261.6'	269.2'	KL-4	0.02	-	Nil	Nil				7.6'

TABULATED ASSAY RESULTS (Cont'd)

Sample#	From	To	DDH	Cu	Ni	Zn	Au	Ag	Co	Fe	Width
B-2049	269.2'	274.3'	KL-4	0.01	-	Nil	Nil				5.1'
B-2050	330.1'	336.4'	KL-4	0.09	-	Nil	Tr				6.3'
B-2051	362.0'	368.5'	KL-4	0.06	-	Nil	Nil				6.5'
B-2052	375.8'	385.8'	KL-4	0.04	-	Nil	Nil				10.0'
B-2053	24.6'	26.5'	KL-5	0.34	0.11	Nil	0.01	0.08	0.035		1.9'
B-2054	26.5'	33.3'	KL-5	0.07	-	Nil	Tr				6.8'
B-2055	51.0'	61.2'	KL-5	0.02	-	Nil	Tr				10.2'
B-2056	61.2'	70.9'	KL-5	0.02	-	Nil	Tr				9.9'
B-2057	70.9'	73.8'	KL-5	Tr	-	Nil	Tr				2.9'
B-2058	73.8'	78.5'	KL-5	Nil	-	Nil	Tr				4.7'
B-2059	78.5'	84.8'	KL-5	0.05	-	Nil	-				6.3'
B-2060	128.0'	134.0'	KL-5	0.02	-	Tr	Tr				6.0'
B-2061	155.3'	164.4'	KL-5	0.04	-	Nil	Nil				9.1'
B-2062	171.5'	176.3'	KL-5	0.25	-	Nil	Tr				4.8'
B-2063	219.2'	227.2'	KL-5	0.04	-	Nil	Tr				8.0'
B-2064	227.2'	234.1'	KL-5	0.05	Nil	Nil	Tr				6.9'
B-2065	251.6'	258.6'	KL-5	0.12	Nil	Nil	Tr				7.0'
B-2066	258.6'	271.5'	KL-5	0.01	-	Nil	-				12.9'
B-2067	271.5'	276.7'	KL-5	0.02	-	Nil	-				5.2'
B-2068	282.1'	287.8'	KL-5	0.03	-	Nil	Tr				5.1'
B-2069	301.2'	310.7'	KL-5	0.04	-	Nil	Tr				9.5'
B-2070	314.2'	323.8'	KL-5	0.04	-	Nil	Tr				9.6'
B-2071	323.8'	331.1'	KL-5	0.05	-	Nil	Tr				7.3'
B-2072	331.1'	337.6'	KL-5	0.02	Nil	Nil	-				6.5'
B-2073	54.1'	62.4'	KL-6	0.01	-	-	Nil				8.3'
B-2074	91.0'	94.5'	KL-6	0.09	-	-	Tr				3.5'

Tabulated Assay Results (Cont'd)

Sample#	From	To	DDH	Cu	Ni	Zn	Au	Ag	Co	Fe	Width
B-2076	100.7'	102.7'	KL-6	0.02	-	Nil	-				2.0'
B-2077	119.3'	124.5'	KL-6	0.01	-	Nil	Nil				5.2'
B-2078	192.3'	195.4'	KL-6	0.04	-	Nil	Nil				3.11
B-2079	195.4'	200.0'	KL-6	0.06	Nil	Nil	-				4.6'
B-2080	307.5'	311.0'	KL-6	0.05	-	Nil	Tr				3.5'
B-2081	324.0'	329.0'	KL-6	0.03	-	Nil	-				5.0'
B-2082	346.3	348.8'	KL-6	0.02	Nil	Nil	Nil				2.5'
B-2083	377.4'	384.3'	KL-6	0.04	-	Nil	-				6.9'
B-2084	384.3'	388.8'	KL-6	0.04	-	Nil	-				4.5'
B-2085	388.8'	397.5'	KL-6	0.05	-	Nil	-				8.7'
B-2086	24.5'	28.7'	KL-14	0.26	Tr	Nil	Tr				4.2'
B-2087	28.7'	32.4'	KL-14	0.21	-	Nil	Nil				3.7'
B-2088	51.6'	54.8'	KL-14	0.05	-	Nil	-				3.2'
B-2089	325.4'	332.4'	KL-14	0.06	-	-	Nil				7.0'
B-2090	332.4'	334.5'	KL-14	0.23	-	Nil	Nil				2.1'
B-2091	334.5'	342.7'	KL-14	0.07	-	Nil	Tr				8.2'
B-2092	46.9'	48.0'	KL-7	0.18	0.03	Nil	Tr	0.10	Tr		1.1'
B-2093	48.0'	50.7'	KL-7	0.09	Nil	Nil					2.7'
B-2094	50.7'	53.3'	KL-7	0.07	-	Nil	Nil				2.6'
B-2095	62.7'	66.5'	KL-7	0.04	-	Nil					3.8'
B-2096	129.6'	131.4'£	KL-7	0.04	-	Nil	Nil				1.8'
B-2097	224.0'	225.2'	KL-7	-	-	Nil	Tr		Tr.		1.2'
B-2098	232.9'	240.7'	KL-7	0.04	-	Nil					7.8'
B-2099	57.6'	61.6'	KL-10	0.05	Nil	Nil	Nil				4.0'
B-2100	61.6'	72.0'	KL-10	0.02	-	Nil	Tr				10.4'
B-2101	72.0'	81.5'	KL-10	0.05	Nil	Nil	Tr				9.5'

Tabulated Assay Results (Cont'd)

Sample#	From	To	DDH	Cu	Ni	Zn	Au	Ag	Co	Fe	Width
B-2102	81.5'	82.9'	KL-10	0.02	-	Nil	Nil				1.4'
B-2103	39.6'	42.4'	KL-11	0.03	-	-	Tr				2.8'
B-2104	45.0'	50.0'	KL-11	0.04	-	-	Tr				5.0'
B-2105	50.2'	60.2'	KL-11	0.01	-	-	Tr				10.0'
B-2106	60.2'	65.2'	KL-11	0.02	-	-	Tr				5.0'
B-2107	65.2'	67.2'	KL-11	0.02	-	-	Tr				2.0'
B-2108	70.5'	76.9'	KL-11	0.03	-	-	Nil				6.4'
B-2109	76.9'	81.0'	KL-11	0.15	-	Nil	Tr				4.1'
B-2110	129.6'	133.8'	KL-11	0.05	-	-	Tr				4.2'
B-2111	133.8'	137.7'	KL-11	-	-	Nil	Tr				3.9'
B-2112	162.7'	163.8'	KL-11	0.10	Tr	-	Tr				1.1'
B-2113	Grab			0.84	0.10	-	0.005	0.07	0.06		
B-2114	169.5'	170.5'	KL-11	0.08	0.04	-	Tr				0.5'
B-2115	170.5'	171.9'	KL-11	0.04	-	-	Nil				1.4'
B-2116	190.1'	192.1'	KL-11	0.25	-	-	Tr				2.0'
B-2117	15.5'	22.6'	KL-20	0.17	Nil	-	Nil				7.1'
B-2118	22.6'	32.3'	KL-20	0.11	-	-	Tr				9.7'
B-2119	32.3'	34.2'	KL-20	0.24	Tr	-	Tr				1.9'
B-2120	34.2'	39.7'	KL-20	0.16	-	-	Tr				5.5'
B-2121	43.2'	45.9'	KL-20	0.07	-	Nil	Tr				2.7'
B-2122	46.2'	49.6'	KL-20	0.21	Tr	Nil	Tr				3.4'
B-2123	57.6'	61.3'	KL-20	0.20	-	-	Tr				3.7'
B-2124	61.3'	64.1'	KL-20	0.06	-	-	Nil				2.8'
B-2125	71.4'	74.9'	KL-20	0.04	-	-	Nil				3.5'
B-2126	67.4'	74.6'	KL-21	0.04	Nil	-	Tr				7.2'

Tabulated Assay Results (Cont'd)

Sample#	From	To	DDH	Cu	Ni	Zn	Au	Ag	Co	Fe	Width
B-2127	74.6'	83.2'	KL-21	0.02	Nil	Nil	Tr				8.6'
B-2128	124.3'	133.1'	KL-21	0.13	Nil	Nil	Tr				8.8'
B-2129	61.9'	72.4'	KL-22	0.21	Nil	Nil	Tr				10.7'
B-2130	72.4'	77.0'	KL-22	0.14	Nil	Nil	Tr				3.3'
B-2131	81.0'	82.0'	KL-22	0.07	Nil	Nil	Tr				1.0'
B-2132	88.0'	89.8'	KL-22	0.11	Tr	Nil	Nil				1.8'
B-2133	92.4'	94.0'	KL-22	0.13	0.08	Nil	Tr				1.6'
B-2134	98.5'	99.0'	KL-22	0.12	0.08	Nil	Tr				0.5'
B-2135	168.0'	172.0'	KL-22	0.16	Nil	Nil	Tr				4.0'
B-2136	46.0'	48.4'	KL-26	0.07	Nil	Nil	Nil				2.4'
B-2137	50.0'	51.4'	KL-26	0.18	Nil	Nil	Tr				1.4'
B-2138	51.4'	53.8'	KL-26	0.20	0.04	Nil	Tr				2.4'
B-2139	53.8'	57.4'	KL-26	0.07	Nil	Nil	Nil				3.6'
B-2140	153.2'	155.2'	KL-26	0.04	Nil	Nil	Nil				2.0'
B-1729	38.0'	44.3'	KL-24	0.46	Nil	-	Tr				6.3'
B-1730	44.3'	47.4	KL-24	0.09	Nil	-	Tr				3.1'
B-1731	52.6'	56.0'	KL-24	1.19	Nil	-	Tr				3.6'
B-1732	104.1'	107.1'	KL-23	0.14	0.01	Nil	Tr				3.0'
B-1733	126.0'	137.6'	KL-23	0.17	Tr	-	Tr				10.6'
B-1734	140.1'	150.8'	KL-25	0.08	-	-	Tr				10.8'
B-1735	50.5'	51.5'	KL-12	0.20	0.02	Nil	Tr				1.0'
B-1736	78.5'	81.4'	KL-12	0.03	-	-	Tr				3.0'
B-1737	114.8'	120.9'	KL-12	0.20	0.01	Tr	Tr				4.1'
B-1738	123.9'	125.6'	KL-12	0.16	Tr	-	Nil				1.7'
B-1739	130.0'	133.3'	KL-12	0.14	0.02	Nil	Tr				3.3'

Tabulated Assay Results (Cont'd)

Sample#	From	To	DDH	Cu	Ni	Zn	Au	Ag	Co	Fe	Width
B-1740	45.6'	48.2'	KL-17	0.26	0.02	Nil	Tr				3.4'
B-1741	48.2'	49.4'	KL-17	0.11	Nil	Nil	Tr				1.2'
B-1742	201.4'	202.6'	KL-17	0.08	-	-	Tr				1.2'
B-1743	18.5'	26.2'	KL-8	0.20	0.01	Nil	Tr				7.7'
B-1744	26.3'	30.2'	KL-8	0.14	-	-	Tr				3.9'
B-1745	30.0'	32.5'	KL-8	0.14	Tr	Nil	Tr				2.5'
B-1746	32.5'	36.8'	KL-8	0.34	0.06	Nil	Tr				4.3'
B-1747	36.8'	39.4'	KL-8	0.14	Nil	Nil	Tr				2.6'
B-1748	49.0'	54.0'	KL-8	0.09	-	-	Nil				5.0'
B-1749	56.3'	57.2'	KL-18	0.26	0.01	Nil	Tr				1.9'
B-1750	61.0'	62.4'	KL-18	0.51	0.02	Nil	Tr				1.4'
B-1751	64.7'	68.8'	KL-18	0.80	0.01	Nil	Tr				3.1'
B-1752	68.8'	81.0'	KL-18	0.17	Tr	Nil	Tr				11.0'
B-1753	81.0'	84.0'	KL-18	0.34	0.05	Nil	Tr				3.0'
B-1754	84.0'	85.0'	KL-18	0.11	-	-	Tr				1.0'
B-1755	85.0'	95.2'	KL-18	0.16	Tr	Nil	Tr	Nil			10.0'
B-1756	95.2	105.0	KL-18	0.23	Nil	Nil	0.005	Tr			10.0'
B-1757	105.0'	116.6'	KL-18	0.11	Nil	Nil	Tr	Tr			10.0'
B-1758	116.6'	121.9'	KL-18	0.17	Nil	-	0.005	-			3.7'
B-1759	131.0'	141.5'	KL-18	Tr	Nil	Nil	Nil	-			10.5'
B-1760	68.5'	69.3'	KL-13	0.09	0.01	-	Tr	-			0.3'
B-1761	69.3'	70.3'	KL-13	0.37	0.04	Nil	0.005	Tr			1.0'
B-1762	73.4'	74.0'	KL-13	0.14	Nil	-	Tr	-			0.6'
B-1763	74.0'	74.95'	KL-13	0.14	Tr	Nil	Tr	Tr			0.95'
B-1764	74.95	76.4'	KL-13	0.11	Nil		Tr				1.55'
B-1765	76.4'	79.3'	KL-13	0.09	-		Nil				2.9'

Tabulated Assay Results (Cont'd)

Sample#	From	To	DDH	Cu	Ni	Zn	Au	Ag	Co	Fe	Width
B-1766	79.3'	87.0'	KL-13	0.09	Tr	Nil	Tr				2.4'
B-1767	87.0'	92.0'	KL-13	0.10	Nil	Nil	Tr				5.2'
B-1768	92.0'	102.0'	KL-13	0.26	0.06	Nil	Tr	Tr			10.0'
B-1769	102.0'	112.0'	KL-13	0.26	0.10	Nil	0.005				10.2'
B-1770	112.0'	122.0'	KL-13	0.25	Tr	Nil	Tr				10.0'
B-1771	122.0'	132.0'	KL-13	0.34	Tr	Nil	Tr				10.0'
B-1772	132.0'	139.7'	KL-13	0.28	0.10	Nil	Tr				6.8'
B-1773	139.7'	142.1'	KL-13	0.17	Nil	Nil	Tr				2.4'
B-1774	142.1'	153.6'	KL-13	0.06	-	-	Tr				11.0'
B-1775	153.6'	159.6'	KL-13	0.09	-	-	Tr				6.0'
B-1776	5.9'	7.9'	KL-13A	0.03	-	-	Tr				2.0'
B-1777	64.0'	68.9'	KL-13A	0.25	0.07	Nil	Tr				4.5'
B-1778	68.9'	74.9'	KL-13A	0.37	Tr	Nil	Tr				3.8'
B-1779	74.9'	77.5'	KL-13A	0.97	Nil	Nil	0.005				2.6'
B-1780	77.5'	87.5'	KL-13A	0.23	0.06	Nil	Tr				10.0'
B-1781	87.5'	96.5'	KL-13A	0.37	0.09	Nil	Tr				10.0'
B-1782	96.5'	107.3'	KL-13A	0.31	0.08	Nil	0.005	Tr			10.8'
B-1783	107.3'	118.4'	KL-13A	0.30	Tr	Nil	0.005	-			10.1'
B-1784	121.2'	131.2'	KL-13A	0.34	Tr	Nil	Tr	Tr			10.0'
B-1785	131.3'	139.2'	KL-13A	0.29	0.08	Nil	0.005				7.9'
B-1786	139.2'	145.7'	KL-13A	0.23	Tr	Nil	Nil	Tr			7.5'
B-1787	145.7'	153.4'	KL-13A	0.08	Nil	-	Nil	Nil			7.7'

APPENDIX "E"

Detailed Economics of Diamond Drill Holes:

The results of the drilling shall here be described in the order of the drilling on each of the three grids involved.

Economics of Grid No. 1:

D.D.H.'s KL-1 and KL-2 were put down to intersect a zone of heavily disseminated to massive pyrrhotite in a coarse grained quartzose rock, which is breccia-like, containing oval quartz granules and chalcopryrite as fracture fillings and replacement of amphibole. The sulphide content is up to 60%, with chalcopryrite making up 3 to 4% of the total.

Assays of grab samples averaged: 0.49% to 2.47% Cu;
0.06% Ni; Trace-Zn; Trace Au; Nil-Pb, & 0.04% Co.

The zone is associated with a strong electromagnetic anomaly having a coincident magnetic high and a first rate non-coincident aeromagnetic anomaly.

In DDH-KL-1, the principle assays are:

- B-2002-Quartz-Carbonate with minor mica.
 - 0.20% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; thickness-6.6'
- B-2003- Quartz-Carbonate-Mica-Schist with 25%
 - disseminated Sulphides
 - 0.07 Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; thickness -3.3'
- B-2004- as above
 - Trace-Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; thickness -2.8'
- B-2005-Garnet-Quartz Mica-Schist to Gneiss-up to 50%
Po. & Cpy.
 - 0.04% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness -5.0'

In D.D.H.-KL-2: the principle assays are:

- B-2015 - Quartz-Carb-Mica-Schist - 5% disseminated Sulphides
 - 0.29% Cu, Trace-Ni; Trace Au; thickness -6.8'
- B-2016 - Quartz-Carbonate vein with 25% Po, Py & Cpy.
 - 0.39% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; thickness - 4.0'
- B-2017 - Garnet-Quartz-Carbonate-Magnetite-Schist to Gneiss
 - 35% Cpy, Po., Py.
 - 0.17% Cu; Trace=Ni; 16.32% Fe; thickness -5.2'
- B-2018 - Garnet-Quartz-Mica-Gneiss to Schist
 - 0.10% Cu; Trace-Ni; Trace-Au; thickness -4.5'
- B-2029 - As above - sludge
 - 0.10% Cu; Trace-Ni; Trace-Au; thickness-10.0'

Conclusion: No comparable assay between surface and drill hole intersection; probably due to variable sulphide content of meta-sediments.

DDH-KL-3 - located principally on the basis of a good electromagnetic anomaly with coincident magnetics. A first-rate non-coincident aeromagnetic anomaly is also present.

Principal assay results - B-2032 - Quartz-Carbonate-Mica-Schist
- 0.10% Cu; Trace-Ni; Thickness - 3.2'

B-2033 - Near Massive Sulphides (70%)
in brecciated - Quartz-Carb -
0.53% Cu; 0.11% Ni; Trace Au; 0.07% Co; 0.07% Ag
thickness 0.6'

Conclusion: Not sufficient quantity of sulphides (or slate) was intersected to account for surface anomalies, but it is assumed that wide zones of sedimentary beds containing disseminated sulphides (or massive sulphides) are folded and located within 100' of the surface.

DDH-KL-4:- located in a zone of mineralized quartz rubble and irregularly coarse quartz breccia. From this zone, grab samples averaged 0.41% Cu; 0.05% Ni; Trace-Au. The zone lies on the northern edge of an electromagnetic conductive zone, with an associated co-incident magnetic anomaly.

The principal intersections assay as follows:-

- B-2043 - Quartz-Biotite-Gneiss to Schist - 5% Sulphides
- 0.09% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 3.0'
- B-2044 - Slaty to Graphitic-Quartz-Biotite Schist up to 15%
Sulphides - 0.02% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 4.0'
- B-2045 - as above
- 0.04% Cu; Nil-Ni; thickness - 5.3'

Conclusions: No results comparable to surface results obtained.

DDH's KL5 & KL6:

These holes were drilled on the basis of a coincident electromagnetic and magnetic anomaly, plus the fact that a quartz mass 50' in width was observed here with mineralized fracture fillings and small pods of pyrrhotite and minor chalcopyrite.

Assays of grab samples averaged 0.18% Cu; 0.21% Ni; Trace - Au; 0.02% Co.

Results of DDH-KL-5

Assay B-2053 - near massive sulphides (80-90%) in a quartz breccia 0.34% Cu; 0.11% Ni; 0.01 oz Au; 0.035%Co; 0.08 oz. Ag. - Thickness - 1.9', occurring fairly close to surface in vicinity of similar rubble on the surface.

DDH- KL-6 - Assay results:

B-2074 - sheared to brecciated quartz in gabbro
- 0.09% Cu; Trace - Au; Thickness - 3.5'

B-2076 - as above
- 0.02% Cu; thickness 2.0'

This zone, when projected to the surface, may be considered a part of the quartz zone showing on the surface.

Conclusion: The results obtained were not sufficient to cause the conductive zone here. Possibly an increase in sulphides in the folded sediments is a cause.

DDH-KL-14 - This hole was drilled on the same anomaly as was KL-5 & KL-6, near a small associated coincident magnetic anomaly.

Results:

B-2086 - Talc and Carbonate-Mica-Schist with massive sulphide veins - 0.26% Cu; Trace-Ni; Trace- Au; thickness- 4.2'

B-2087 - Quartz-Mica-Gneiss, high Quartz-Carbonate; 30-40% disseminated sulphides.

Conclusion: -0.21% Cu; Trace-Ni; Trace Au - thickness-3.7'

Nothing of economic interest shown

DDH-KL-7 - Drilled on the basis of a coincident electromagnetic and magnetic anomaly, lying near the contact between lava and gabbro.

Principal assays:

B-2092- near massive (90%) sulphides in slaty Carbonate-Mica-gneiss with up to 50% sulphides
- 0.09% Cu; Nil - Ni; thickness -2.7'

B-2094 - as above
- 0.07% Cu; Nil - Au; Thickness 2.6'

Conclusion: There is no indication here of any concentration of sulphides, the conductor probably being the accumulation of numerous beds of brecciated slaty sediments with minor disseminated sulphides rimming a gabbro intrusive.

DDH-KL-8 - located in a zone of brecciated quartz with disseminated pyrrhotite and minor chalcopyrite. Grab samples averaged 0.14% Cu; 0.09% Ni; and Trace - Au. The drill hole was spotted in a fair electromagnetic anomaly with a small associated coincident magnetic anomaly. A first rate non-coincident aeromagnetic anomaly is also located here.

The results of drilling show that in a highly siliceous slate with up to 80% sulphides, the following assays are obtained:-

B-1743 - 0.20% Cu; 0.01% Ni; Trace - Au; Thickness - 4.5'

B-1744 - 0.17% Cu; Trace - Au; Thickness - 3.9'

Other Assays:

B-1745 - in highly altered sediments with up to 15% sulphides
- 0.14% Cu; Trace - Ni; Trace - Au; Thickness - 2.0'

B-1746 - near massive Po in Quartz-Breccia - slaty
- 0.34% Cu; 0.06% Ni; Trace - Au; Thickness - 4.3'

B-1747 - as above.
- 0.14% Cu; Nil - Ni; Trace - Au; Thickness - 2.6'

B-1748 - Garnet-Biotite-Quartz-Schist with slate.
- 0.09% Cu; Nil-Au; Thickness - 5.0'

DDH-KL-17 - located in a zone similar to above; possibly a folded portion of the above.

Drilling Results:

B-1740 - Quartz-Carbonate fractures in lava with up to 30% Sulphides.
- 0.26% Cu; 0.02% Ni; Thickness - 2.6'

B-1741 - 10-20% Sulphides in Quartzitic Shale
- 0.11% Cu; Thickness - 1.2'

Conclusions: Sulphides occurring in much the same percentages in similar rock throughout. Further drilling is suggested.

Economics of Grid No. 3 Extension:

DDH-KL-10 - spotted on the basis of a northeasterly striking electromagnetic anomaly with a coincident magnetic anomaly. This is also in a zone of first rate coincident aeromagnetic conductors.

The drilling results showed only minor amounts of copper and nickel present in a slaty Quartz-Mica-Gneiss with up to 50% sulphides.

B-2099 - 0.05% Cu; Thickness - 4.0'
B-2100 - 0.02% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 10.4'
B-2101 - 0.05% Cu; Trace - Au; Thickness - 9.5'
B-2102 - 0.02% Cu; Nil - Au; Thickness - 1.4'

Conclusions: The conductor is the result of mineralized slaty sediments lying between virtually non-conductive lavas.

DDH-KL-23 & KL-24 - located on a wide electromagnetic conductive zone striking to northeast, with a first rate coincident aeromagnetic conductor striking from the north to northeast.

Results of Drilling:

KL-23 - 1732 - high quartz, slaty, brecciated zone in lava
- 0.14% Cu; 0.01% Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 3.0'

1734 - from brecciated quartz-carbonate-amphibole - feldspar schist zone - up to 70% Po and 1-3% Cpy to massive sulphide zone in Quartz-breccia
- 0.08% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 10.6'
- smaller zones of mineralized slates in altered lava and sediments.

KL-24 - assay results:

1729 - Quartz-Carbonate zone with up to 50% Sulphides - slaty and brecciated
- 0.46% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness 3.4'

1730 - as above
- 0.09% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 3.1'

1731 - massive Cpy (70%) in a quartz breccia to Quartz-Carbonate-Amphibole gneiss with 20% sulphides.
- 1.19% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 3.4'

KL-20, 21 and 22

Sulphides are disseminated here throughout the Quartz-Mica (Sericite & Biotite) Gneisses and/or

schists up to 30%; in brecciated Quartz-Carbonate zones containing minor Amphibole, and Mica up to 75%; and in Slaty Quartz-Mica Gneisses up to 80%. Only a few, narrow, massive sulphide veinlets throughout, which are usually associated with fault or shear zones.

Assay Results:

- KL-20: B-2123 - Slaty Quartz Mica Gneiss
- 0.20% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 3.7'
- B-2124 - Qtz-Mica-Schist
- 0.06% Cu; Nil - Au; Thickness - 2.8'
- B-2125 - Slaty Qtz Mica Gneiss
- 0.04% Cu; Nil - Au; Thickness - 3.5'
- KL-21: B-2126 - Quartz-Mica-Gneiss
- 0.04% Cu; Ni-Nil; Tr-Au; Thickness - 7.2'
- B-2127 - (as above)
- 0.02% Cu; Nil - Ni; Tr - Au; Thickness - 8.6'
- B-2128 - Slaty Qtz Mica Gneiss, brecciated; non massive sulphide zones
- 0.13% Cu, Nil-Ni; Au-Trace; Thickness - 8.8'
- KL-22: B-2129 - up to 60% Sulphides in brecciated zone in lava.
- 0.21% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 10.7'
- B-2130 - as above
- 0.14% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 3.3'
- B-2131 - altered lava with quartz and sulphide up to 50%
- 0.07% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 1.0'
- B-2132 - as above
- 0.11% Cu; Ni - Trace; Au-Nil; Thickness - 1.8'
- B-2133 - Slaty sediment; up to 90% Sulphides
- 0.13% Cu; 0.08% Ni; Tr - Au; Thickness - 1.6'
- B-2134 - Massive Sulphides in Slaty sediments
- 0.12% Cu; 0.08% Ni; Tr - Au; Thickness - 0.5'
- B-2135 - Sheared, brecciated lava; up to 25% sulphides
- 0.16% Cu; Ni-Nil; Au-Trace; Thickness - 4.0'

KL-11 - Located on basis of a coincident electromagnetic magnetic anomaly. Aeromagnetic anomaly of first order associated. Essentially the same in make up as KL 23 & 24; 20, 21 & 22.

Assay Results

- B-2103 - Quartz-Biotite-Amphibole-Schist & Gneiss with sulphides along quartz veins
- 0.03% Cu; Trace - Au; Thickness - 2.8'
- B-2104 - Altered Gabbro - 10-15% disseminated Sulphides
- 0.04% Cu; Trace - Au; Thickness - 5.0'
- B-2105 - altered lava
- 0.01% Cu; Trace - Au; Thickness 10.0'
- B-2106 - altered lava
- 0.02% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 5.0'
- B-2107 - Slaty Quartz-Biotite-Amphibole Gneiss
- 0.02% Cu; Trace - Au; Thickness - 2.0'
- B-2108 - Slaty-Quartz-Mica-Schist - up to 30% Po.
- 0.03% Cu; Nil - Au; Thickness - 6.4'
- B-2109 - as above with up to 50% Po & Trace Cpy
- 0.15% Cu; Trace - Au; Thickness 4.1'
- B-2112 - Slaty-Qtz-Mica-Gneiss - near massive Po
- 0.10% Cu; Trace - Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness 1.1'
- B-2114 - Brecciated and Slaty Qtz Carb; up to 90% Sulphides
- 0.08% Cu; 0.04% Ni; Au-Trace; Thickness 0.5'
- B-2115 - Qtz-Biotite-Talc-Schist - 20% Sulphides
- 0.04% Cu; Au-Nil - Thickness 1.1'
- B-2116 - up to 80% Sulphides in a Quartz-Carb-veinlet
- 0.25% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 2.0'

Conclusion - Greater amount of sulphides found in the tightly folded sediments and along fault or shear zones, usually as quartz filled fractures.

KL 25 & 26:

Located by geophysics and spotted in the widest portion of a coincident electromagnetic and magnetic anomaly. A surface assay in quartz-breccia, near massive Po., i.e. 50% is - 0.19% Cu; 0.08% Ni; Zn-Nil; 300' east of baseline at 34 North.

Assay Results:

KL 25:

B-1734 - Slaty Qtz-Mica-Gneiss with up to 80% Po.
- 0.08% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 10.8'

KL-26:

B-2136 - Quartz-Amphibole-Gneiss - up to 25% Po.
- 0.07% Cu; Nil-Au; Thickness - 2.4'

B-2137 - Quartz Amphibole-Gneiss - stringers of sulphides
- 0.18% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 1.4'

B-2138 - massive Po. in Quartz pebble breccia
- 0.20% Cu; 0.04% Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness-1.5'

B-2139 - Quartz-Amphibole-Gneiss - 5.10% Po.
- 0.07% Cu; Ni-Nil; Thickness - 3.6'

B-2140 - Quartz vein in lava with up to 10% sulphides
- 0.04% Cu; Nil-Au; Thickness - 2.0'

KL-12:

Located on an electromagnetic and coincident magnetic high on southern end of EM Conductor.

Assay Results:

1735 - near massive sulphides in veinlet in lava
- 0.20% Cu; 0.02% Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness-1.0'

1736 - Quartzitic zone with 20% Po; 4% Cpy; Disseminated
- 0.03% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 3.0'

1737 - Heavily disseminated sulphides in a quartz breccia
- 0.20% Cu; 0.01% Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 6.1'

1738 - Quartz vein, minor sulphides
- 0.16% Cu; Trace-Ni; Nil-Au; Thickness - 1.7'

1739 - Massive(80%)Sulphides in Quartz Breccia
- 0.14% Cu; 0.02% Ni; Tr-Au; Thickness - 3.3'

Grab Samples:

Located on strike with DDH-KL-11 is a zone of sulphide float (sulphides in quartz-breccia) with assays as follows:

8373 - 0.39% Cu; 0.09% Ni; Zn-Nil; Trace-Au
B- 2113 - 0.84% Cu; 0.10% Ni; 0.005 oz Au; 0.07 oz Ag; 0.06% Co.

The only assay and rock type that closely resembled these float assays was B-1731 - 1.19% Cu; Ni-Nil; Au-trace; Thickness 3.4' - found in DDH-KL-24; located in an interpreted fault zone.

Conclusions: - Minor disseminations of Po, Py and Cpy are found in faulted, sheared, brecciated, or highly folded zones in the sediments, with traces in the contacting lavas and gabbros. Overall the sulphide percentage intersected was not sufficient to produce the conductors indicated, thus it must be concluded that either the rock is more highly folded, sheared, or faulted than is indicated, or that the zones intersected are not the zones of maximum sulphide concentration in a highly folded zone. It is hardly likely that a large zone of high sulphide concentration will be located.

Economics of Grid No.3:

DDH's KL-13, 13A and KL-18 were spotted on the basis of an electromagnetic conductor (in coincident with a magnetic conductor) fringing a gabbro mass.

Massive to disseminated pyrrhotite and minor pyrite and chalcopyrite occur here as replacement in graphitic slates. In these slates, two generations of sulphide formation are apparent. The first is the replacement of slate by pyrrhotite, and the second being the replacement of the former and fracture filling. Minor disseminations are found in Quartz-Carbonate-Mica-Schists and in altered gabbroic lenses.

The drilling results are as follows:

- KL-13: - 1760 - 10 to 15% sulphides in sediments and in altered gabbro.
- 0.09% Cu; 0.01% Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 1.0'
1761 - near massive sulphides in brecciated slates
- 0.37% Cu; 0.04% Ni; 0.005 oz Au; Trace Ag; Thickness-1

In highly altered gabbro with near massive sulphide veinlets, the average results are (1762, 1763, 1764)

- 0.13% Cu; Trace-Nil; Trace-Au over 4.6'
from 73.4' to 78.0'
or 1762 - 0.14% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness-1.0'
1763 - near massive sulphides - gabbroic
- 0.14% Cu; Trace-Ni; Trace-Au; Trace Ag; Thickness-2.
1764 - white quartz with Po and Cpy
-0.11% Cu; Ni-Nil; Au-Trace; Thickness - 1.5'

In Quartz-Biotite to Quartz-Sericite schist interbedded with altered gabbro, the average results (1765,1766,1767) are 0.09% Cu; Trace-Ni; Trace-Au; over 14.0' from 78.0' to 92.0'

- or 1765 - Quartz-Biotite to Quartz-Sericite Schist
- 0.09% Cu; Nil-Au; Thickness - 1.4'
- 1766 - Altered Gabbro and Quartz-Carbonate-Mica-Gneiss
- 0.09% Cu; Ni - Trace; Au-Trace; Thickness -2.4'
- 1767 - Quartz-Biotite-Gneiss with up to 25% Sulphides
- 0.10% Cu; Ni-Nil; Au-Trace; Thickness - 5.0'
- and in brecciated slate the average results of 1768, 1769, 1770, 1771, 1772 are
- 0.28% Cu; 0.05% Ni; Trace-Au; over 47.7' from 92.0' to 139.7'
- or 1768 - 0.26% Cu; 0.06% Ni; Trace-Au; Trace-Ag; Thickness - 10.0'
- 1769 - 0.26% Cu; 0.10% Ni; 0.005 oz.Au; Thickness 10.0'
- 1770 - 0.25% Cu; Trace-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 10.0'
- 1771 - 0.34% Cu; Trace Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 10.0'
- 1772 - 0.28% Cu; 0.10% Ni; Trace- Au; Thickness - 6.8'

Other Assays are

- 1773 - Quartz biotite gneiss with slaty stringers and sulphides
- 0.17% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 2.1'
- 1774 - Quartz-biotite gneiss with 20% Po and Trace Cpy
- 0.06% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 11.0'
- 1775 - Sulphides in interbanded Quartz and slaty sediments, and gabbroic to amphibolitic rock
- 0.09% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 8.0'

KL-13A: - Similar composition to KL-13

Assay Results:

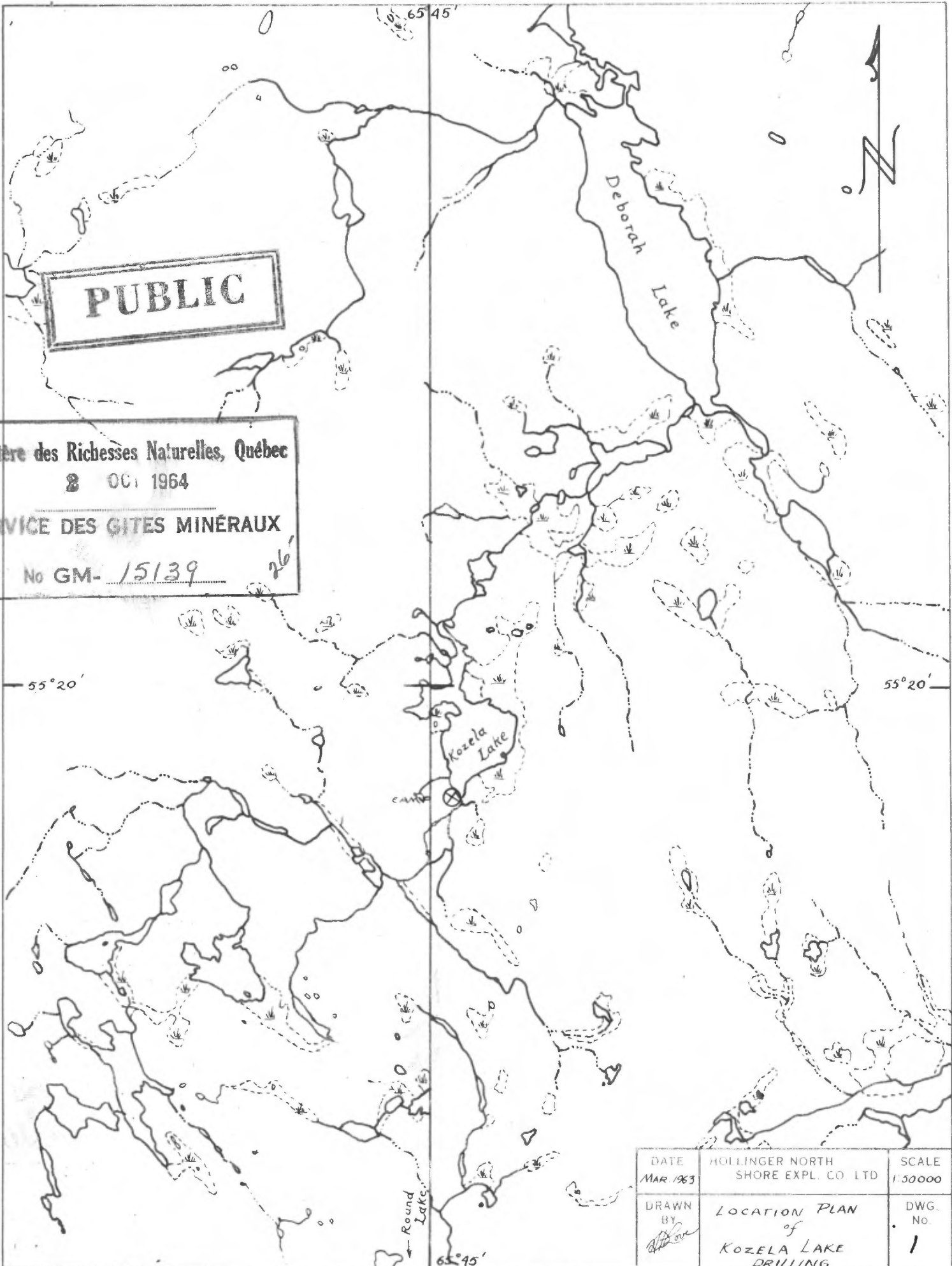
- B- 1776 - Vuggy, carbonitized lava - 1-2% Po.
- 0.03% Cu; Trace Au; Thickness 2.0' from 59.4' to 61.4'
- 1777 - 10-15% sulphides in brecciated Quartz Carbonate
- 0.25% Cu; 0.07% Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness -4.5'
- 1778 - Interbanded Qtz Feldspar and massive sulphides
- 0.37% Cu; Trace-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness 3.8'
- 1779 - as above
- 0.97% Cu; Nil-Ni; 0.005 oz Au; Thickness 2.6'
- 1780 - as above
- 0.23% Cu; 0.06% Ni; Trace Au - Thickness 10.0'

- 1781 - Interbanded Qtz feldspar and massive sulphides
- 0.37% Cu; 0.09% Ni; Trace Au; Thickness 10.0'
- 1782 - as above
- 0.31% Cu; 0.08% Ni; 0.005 oz Au; trace Ag; thickness
10.0'
- 1783 - as above
- 0.30% Cu; Trace Ni; 0.005 oz Au; Thickness 10.1'
- 1784 - as above
- 0.34% Cu; Trace Ni; Trace Au; Trace Ag; Thickness 10.0'
- 1785 - as above
- 0.29% Cu; 0.08% Ni; 0.005 oz Au; Thickness 6.4'
- 1786 - as above
- 0.23% Cu; Trace Ni; Nil-Au; Trace Ag; Thickness 7.5'
- Avg. 0.36% Cu; 0.04% Ni; Trace Au; Trace Ag
over 81.7' from 64.0' to 145.7'
including assays - 1777 to 1786.
- B-1787 - Qtz-Biotite-Gneiss with minor Sulphides
- 0.08% Cu; Nil-Ni; Nil-Au; Thickness 7.7'

KL-18: Similar to KL 13 and KL 13A in composition -
Assay Results are as follows:

- 1749 - Massive Po. with 10% CO₂
- 0.26% Cu; 0.01% Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 1.9'
- 1750 - massive sulphides
- 0.51% Cu; 0.02% Ni; Trace Au; Thickness - 1.4'
- 1751 - massive sulphides in Quartz-Carbonate-Biotite Schist,
brecciated
- 0.80% Cu; 0.01% Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 3.1'
- 1752 - Slaty rock with disseminated sulphides
- 0.17% Cu; Trace Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 11.0'
- 1753 - banded quartz-feldspar with Po and Slate
- 0.34% Cu; 0.05% Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 3.0'
- Average - 0.42% Cu; 0.02% Ni; over 27.7' from 56.3' to 84.0'
including the above assays
- 1754 - Quartz with minor Po & Cpy
- 0.11% Cu; Trace-Au; Thickness - 1.0'

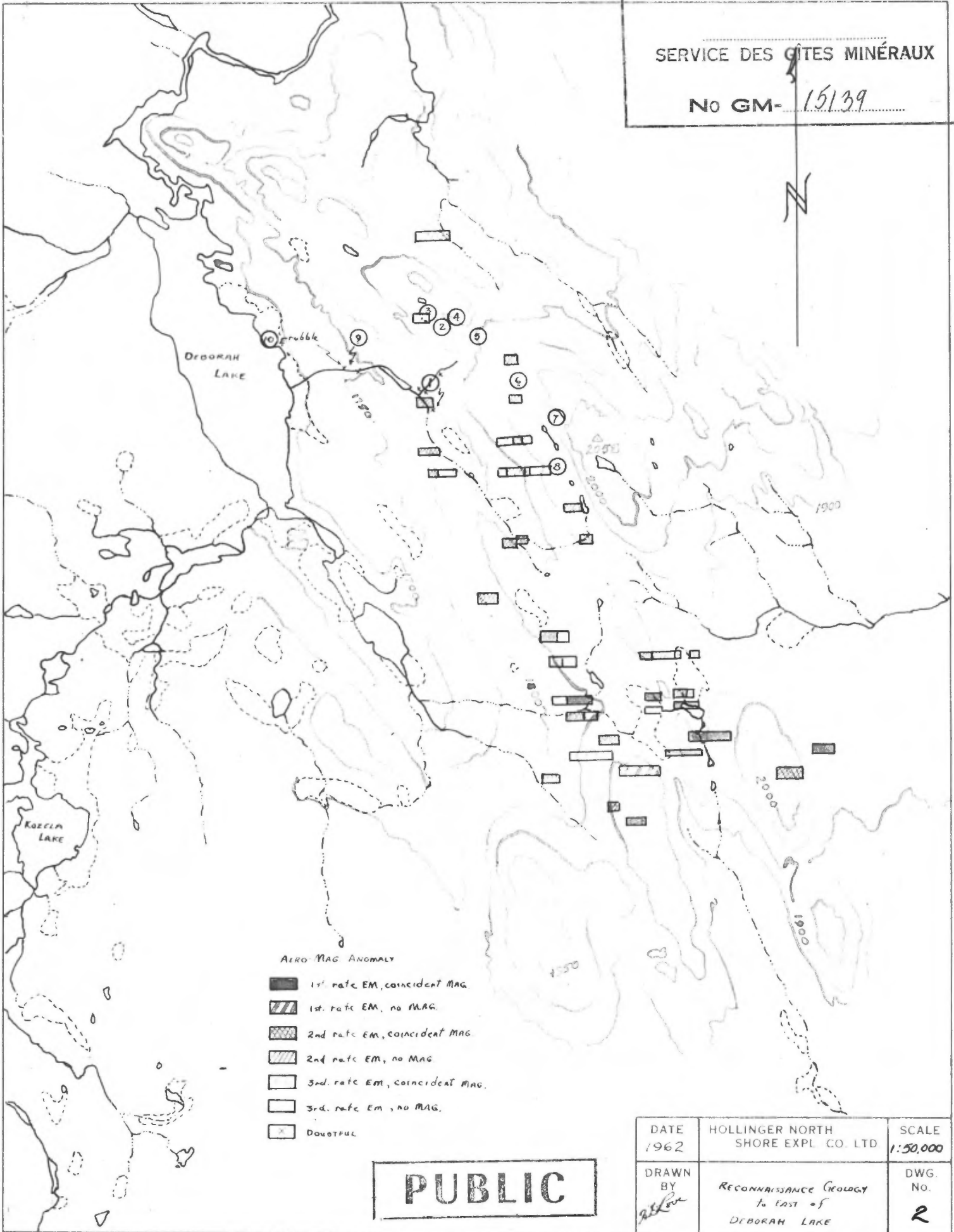
- 1755 - massive to 15% quartz-carbonate-biotite rock
- 0.16% Cu; Trace-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 10.0'
- 1756 - Quartzite and Slate
- 0.23% Cu; Nil-Ni; 0.005 oz Au; Thickness - 10.0'
- 1757 - as above
- 0.11% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au; Thickness - 10.0'
- 1758 - as above
- 0.17% Cu; Nil-Ni; 0.005 oz.Au; Thickness - 5.7'
- Average - 0.16% Cu; Nil-Ni; Trace-Au over 37.9' from
84.0' to 121.9'; including the above assays
- Others 1759 - Garnet-Quartz-Biotite Gneiss with Sulphides
- Trace - Cu; Nil-Ni; Nil-Au; Thickness 10.5'



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Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec
 8 OCT 1964
 SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX
 No GM-15139

DATE MAR 1963	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD	SCALE 1:50000
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	LOCATION PLAN of KOZELA LAKE DRILLING	DWG. No. 1



AERO-MAG ANOMALY

- 1st rate EM, coincident MAG.
- 1st rate EM, no MAG.
- 2nd rate EM, coincident MAG.
- 2nd rate EM, no MAG.
- 3rd rate EM, coincident MAG.
- 3rd rate EM, no MAG.
- x DOUBTFUL

PUBLIC

DATE 1962	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD	SCALE 1:50,000
DRAWN BY <i>R. L. Love</i>	RECONNAISSANCE GEOLOGY to east of DEBORAH LAKE	DWG. NO. 2

KOZELA LAKE.

AREA TRAVERSED →

TRAVERSED
No OUTCROP

No OUTCROP

Traversed
4000' to East
- No. Ore.

PUBLIC





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SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX

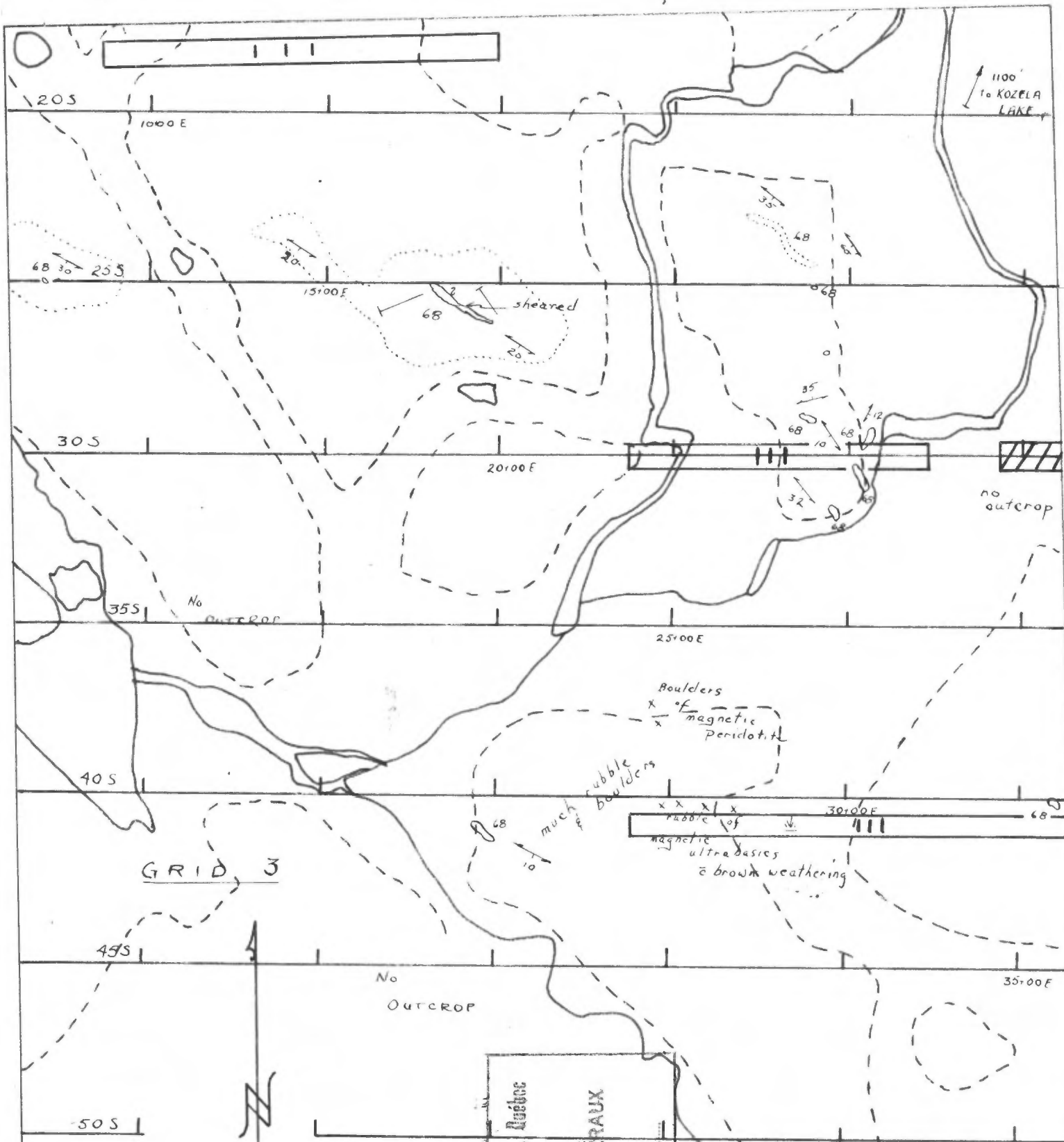
No GM-15139

→ Traversed
4000' to East
No. OUTCROP

No. OUTCROP

-  - 1st RATE EM. & MAG.
-  - 1st RATE EM. - No MAG.
-  - 2nd RATE EM. & MAG.
-  - 2nd RATE EM. - No MAG.

DATE 17/9/62	HOLANNAH MINES LTD	SCALE 1" = 1000'
DRAWN BY <i>R. L. ...</i>	RECONNAISSANCE GEOLOGY to East of KOZELA L.	DWG. No. 3



LEGEND



- 2nd rate EM, no MAG.

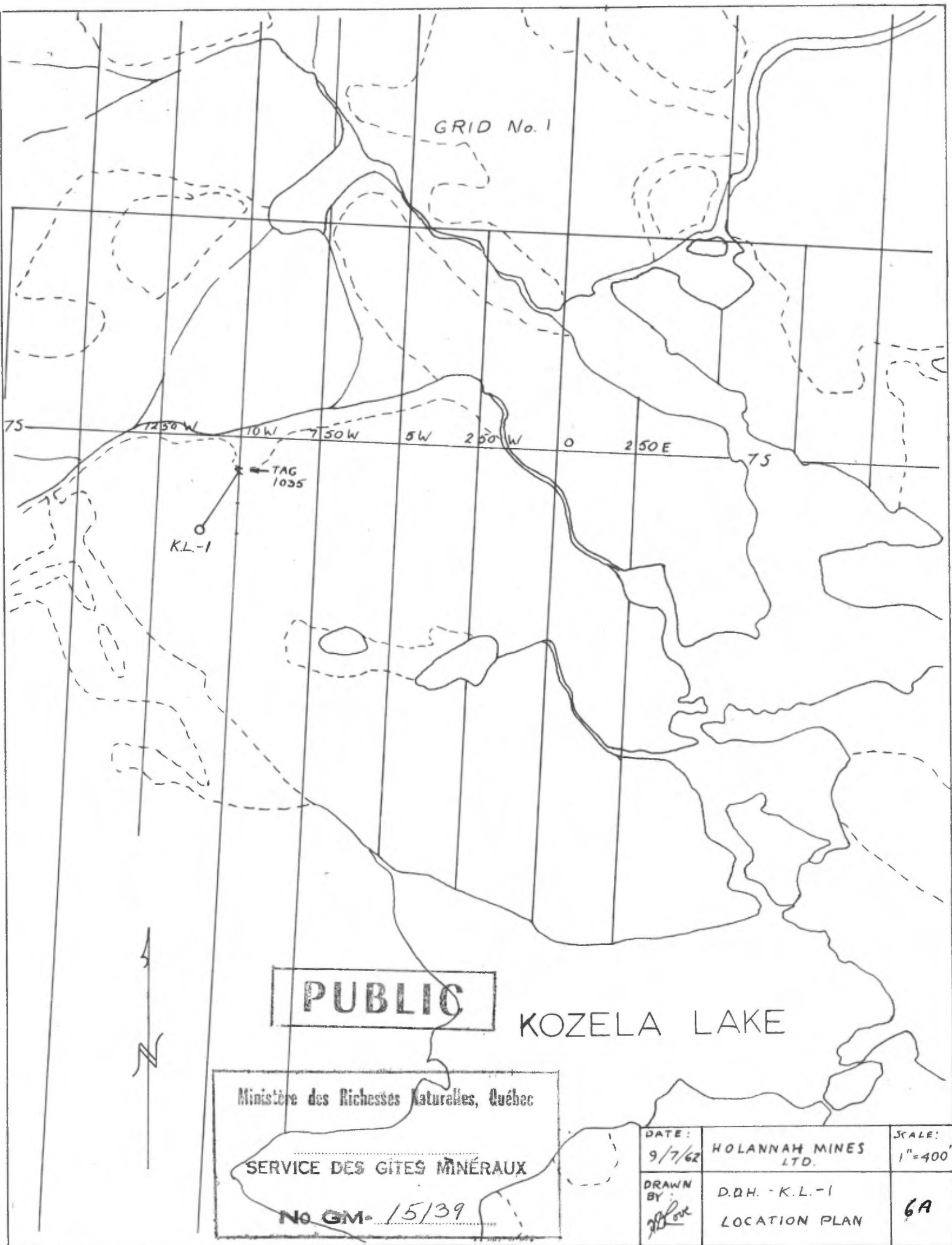


- 3rd rate EM, coincident MAG.

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec
 SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX
 No GM-15/39

PUBLIC

DATE MAR '63	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD	SCALE 1" = 400'
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	Recheck of Geology over Aeromagnetic Anomalies	DWG No 4



GRID No. 1

75 1250 W 10 W 750 W 5 W 250 W 0 250 E 75

TAG 1035

K.L.-1



PUBLIC

KOZELA LAKE

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec
 SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX
 No GM-15/39

DATE:	9/7/62	HOLANNAH MINES LTD.	SCALE:	1"=400'
DRAWN BY:	<i>D.B.H.</i>	K.L.-1	LOCATION PLAN	6A

GRID No 1

75 1250W 10W - 750W 5W 250W 0 250E 75

KL-2
AZ-30°
DP-50°

← TAG
1035

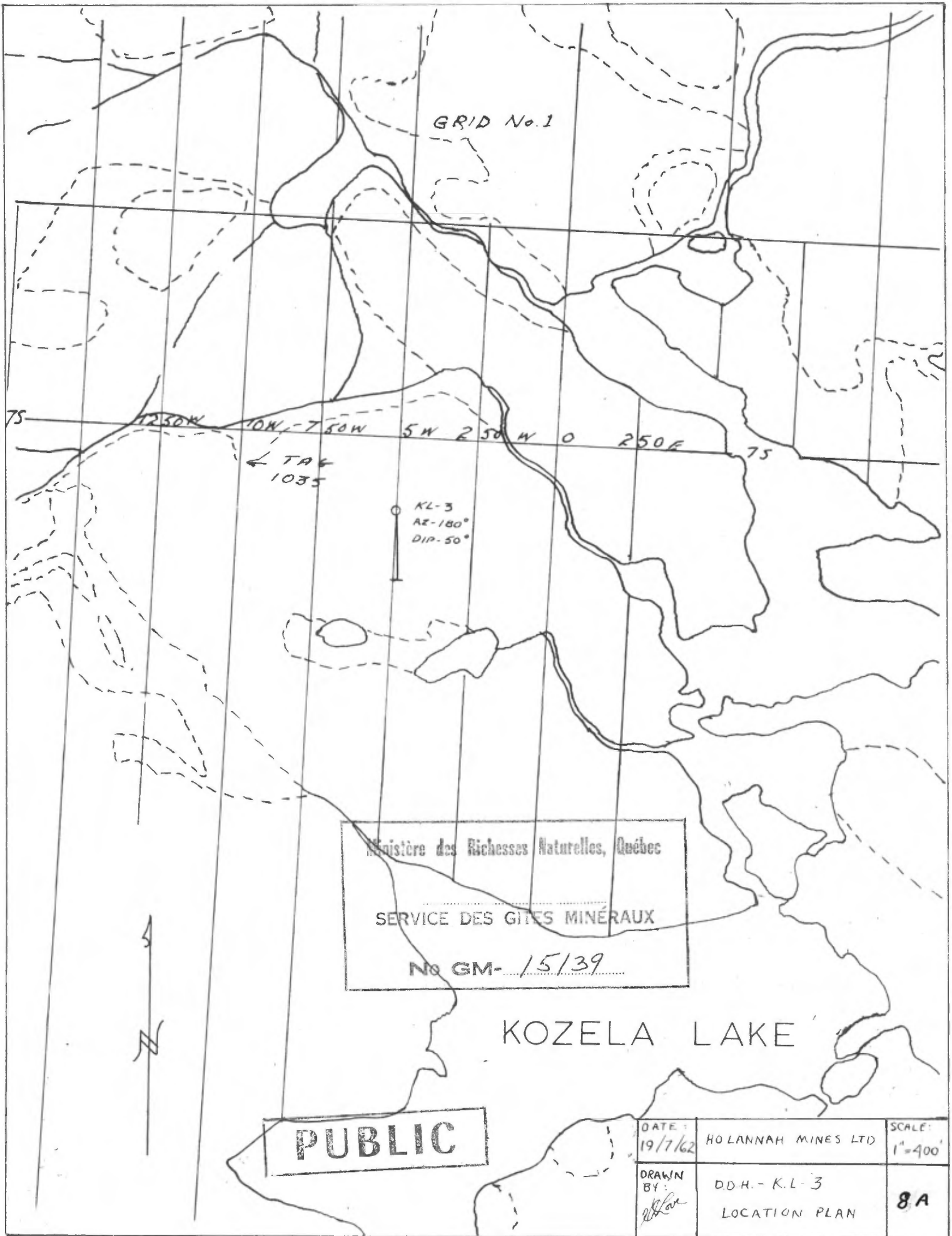
Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec
SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX
No GM-15/39

KOZELA LAKE



PUBLIC

DATE: 14/7/62	HOLANNAH MINES LTD	SCALE: 1"=400'
DRAWN BY: <i>[Signature]</i>	DD.H. - K.L-2 LOCATION PLAN	2A



Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec
 SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX
 No GM-15/39

KOZELA LAKE

PUBLIC

DATE: 19/7/62	HOLLANNAH MINES LTD	SCALE: 1"=400'
DRAWN BY: <i>[Signature]</i>	DDH.-K.L-3 LOCATION PLAN	8A

GRID No. 1

75

1250W

10W 750W

5W 250W

KL-4

AZ. -32°

DIP - 50°-48°

250E

75

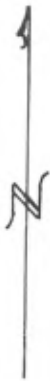
← TAG
1035

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec

SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX

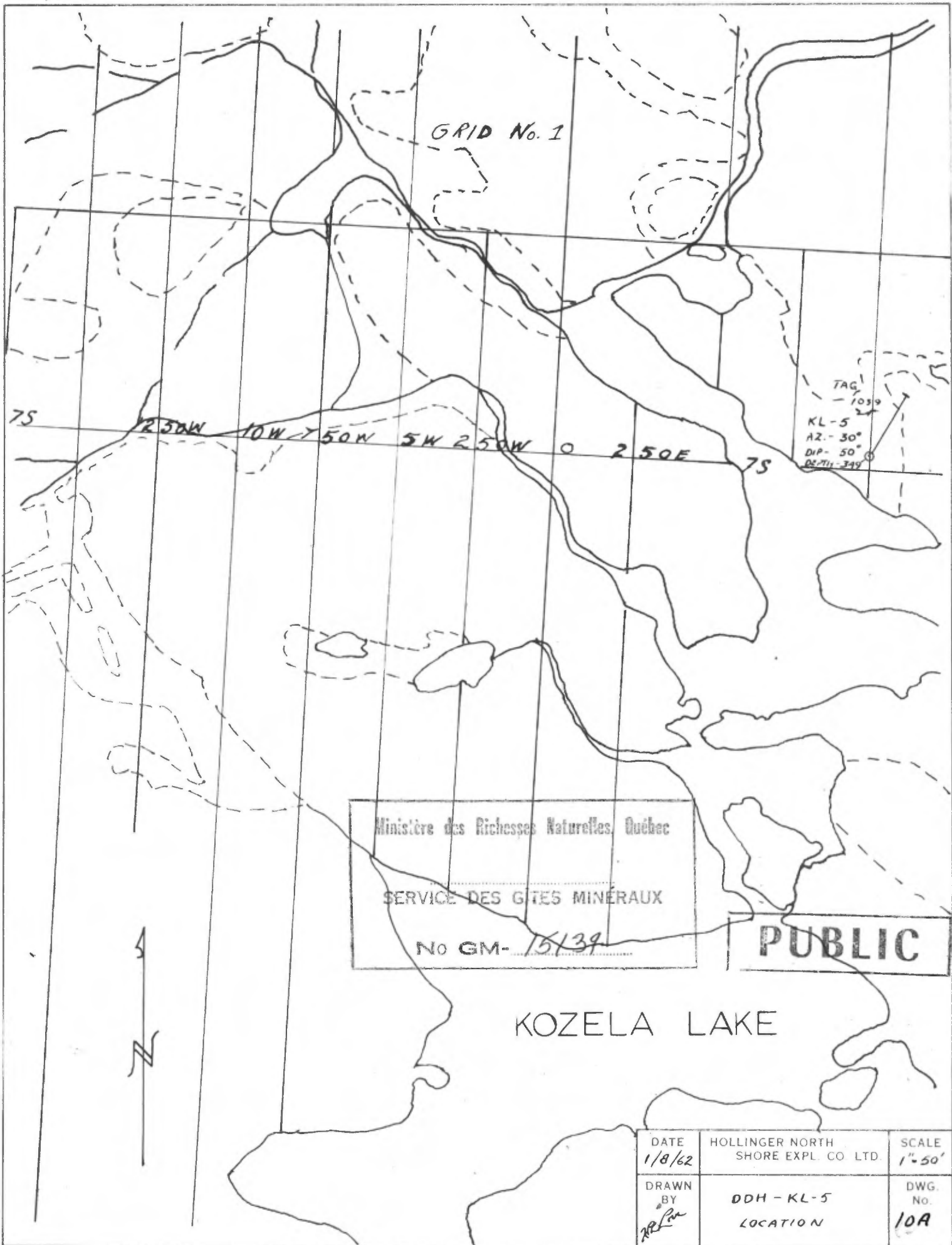
No GM-15/39

KOZELA LAKE



PUBLIC

DATE 24/7/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1"=50'
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	QDM - KL-4 LOCATION PLAN	DWG. No. .9A



Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec
 SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX
 No GM-15139

PUBLIC

KOZELA LAKE

DATE 1/8/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1" = 50'
DRAWN BY <i>RLP</i>	DDH - KL-5 LOCATION	DWG. No. 10A

GRID No. 2.

PUBLIC

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec

SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX

No GM-15139

GRID No. 1

20+00 0 7+50E 10E 12+50E 15E 20E 25E 20+00

2+50E

TAG 1039

KL-6
AZ-30°
DIP-50°
DEPTH-435'

L.75

Kozela Lake

DATE 4/8/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1"=400'
DRAWN BY <i>W. Love</i>	DDH-KL-6 LOCATION PLAN	DWG. No. 11A

GRID No. 2

PUBLIC

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec

SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX

No GM-15139

GRID No 1

70100 0 5E 7150E 10E 12150E 15E 20E 25E 10100

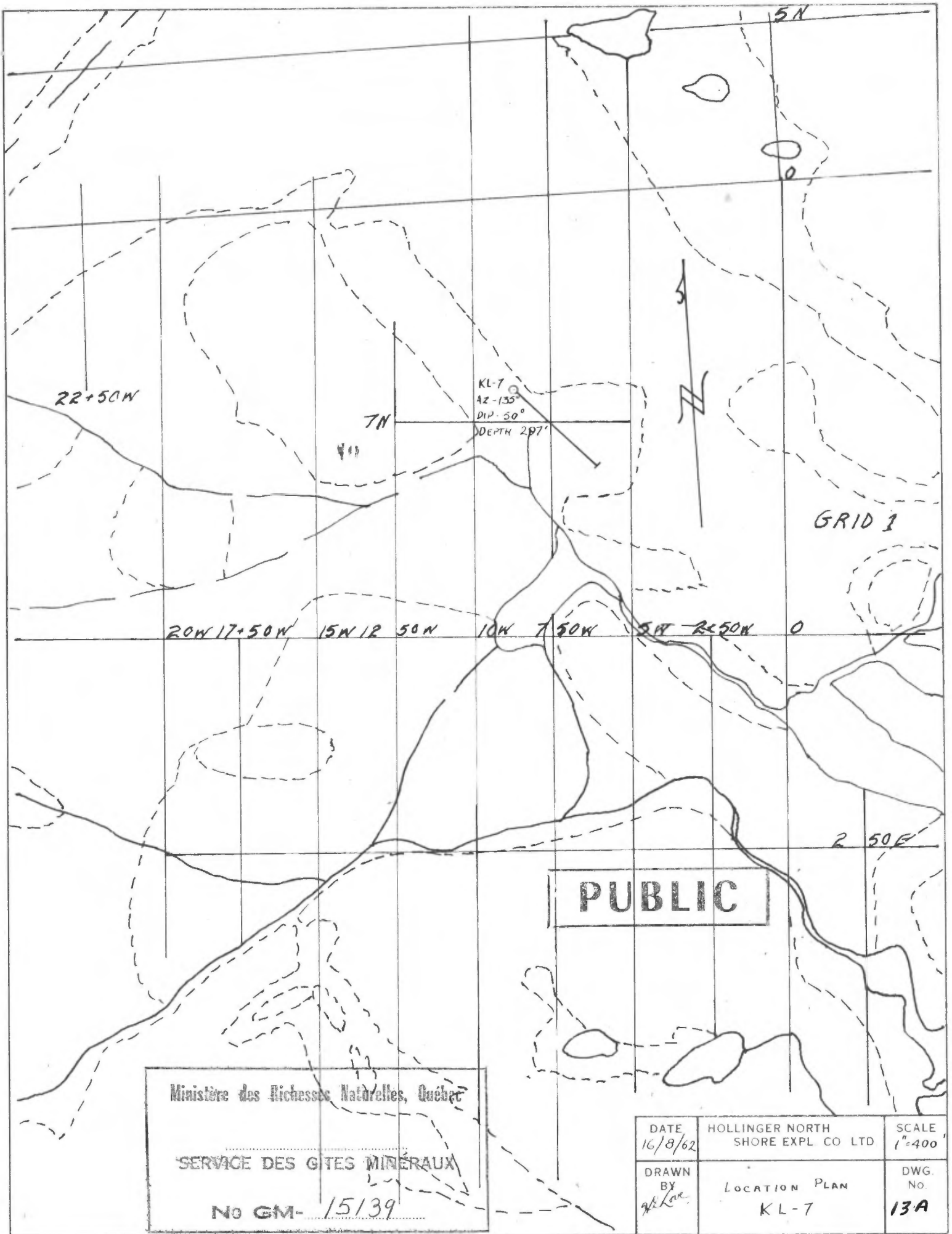
2150E

L75

KL-14
Az-55°
Dip-50°
DEPH-390'

KOZELA LAKE

DATE 6/8/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1" = 400'
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	DDH-KL-14 LOCATION PLAN	DWG. No. 12A



22+50W

7N

KL-7
AZ - 135°
DIP - 50°
DEPTH 297'

GRID 1

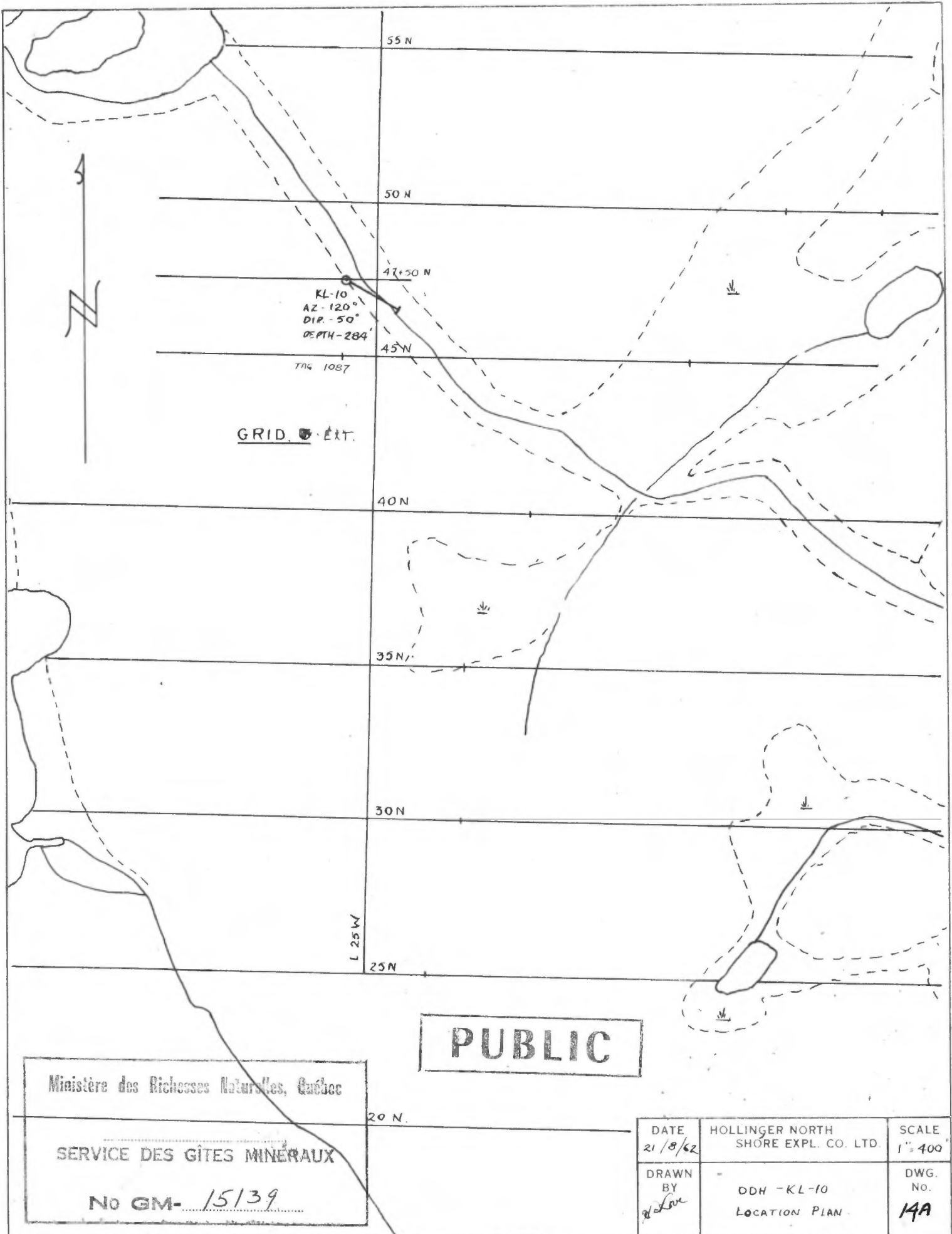
20W 17+50W 15N 12 50N 10W 7 50W 5W 2+50W 0

2 50E

PUBLIC

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec
SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX
No GM-15139

DATE 16/8/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL CO LTD	SCALE 1"=400'
DRAWN BY <i>[signature]</i>	LOCATION PLAN KL-7	DWG. No. 13A



55 N

50 N

47.50 N

45 N

40 N

35 N

30 N

L 25 W

25 N

20 N

KL-10
AZ - 120°
DIP - 50°
DEPTH - 284'

TNG 1087

GRID. É.T.

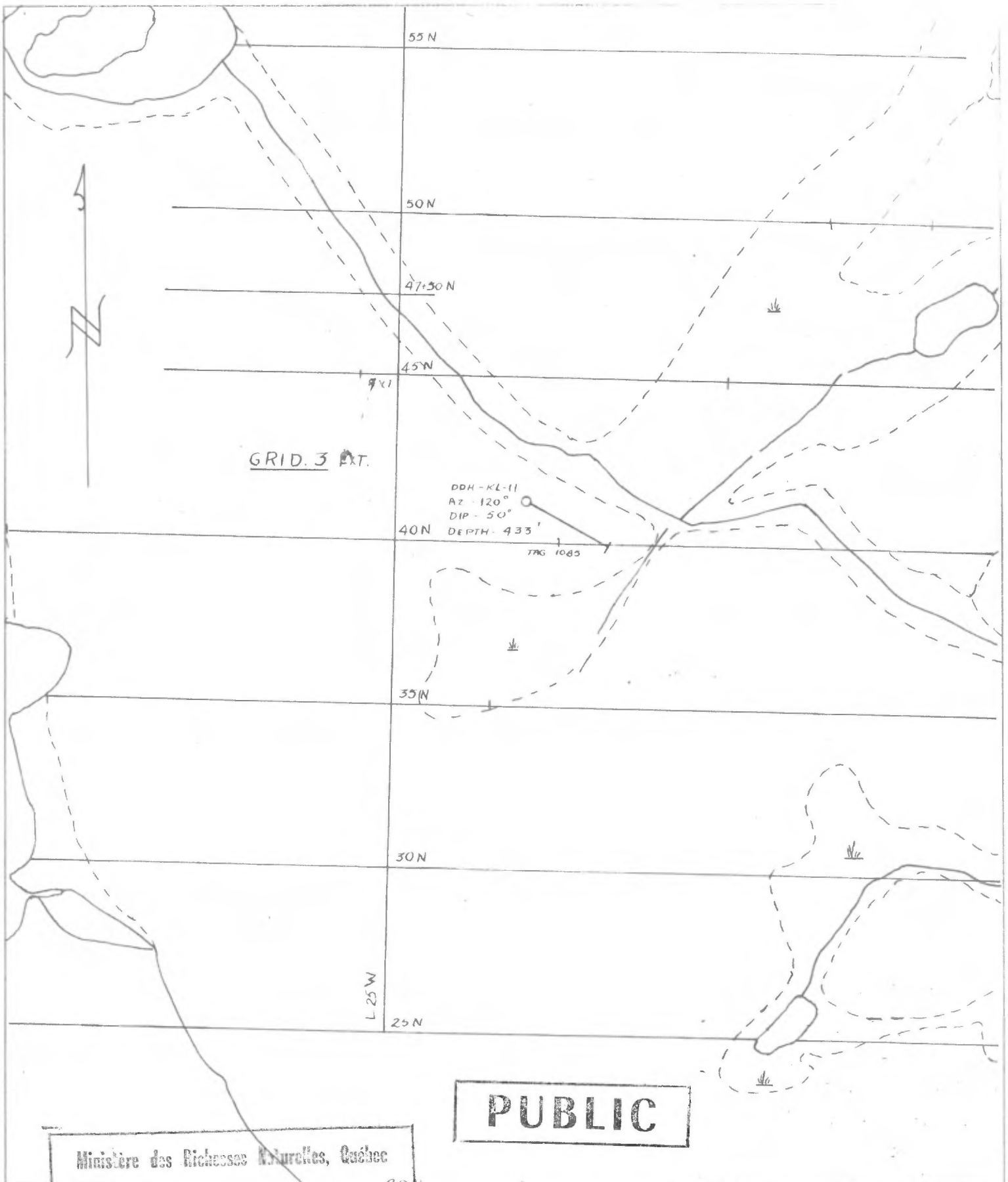
PUBLIC

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec

SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX

No GM- 15139

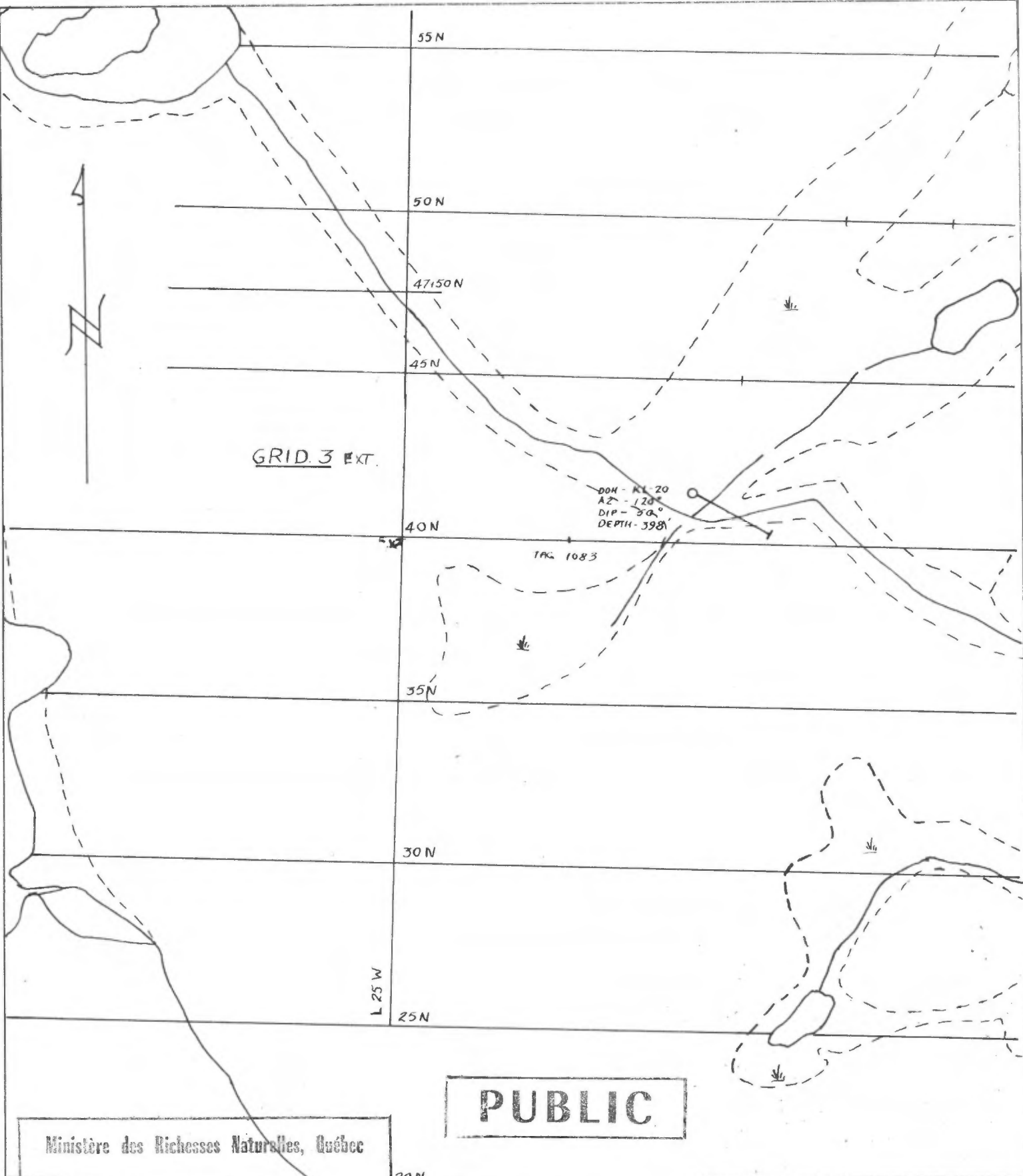
DATE 21/8/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1" = 400'
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	DDH - KL-10 LOCATION PLAN	DWG. No. 14A



PUBLIC

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec
 SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX
 No GM-15139

DATE 27/8/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD	SCALE 1"=400'
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	DDH - KL - 11 LOCATION PLAN	DWG No. 157A



GRID. 3 EXT.

DDH - KL-20
 AZ - 120°
 DIP - 50°
 DEPTH - 398'

TAG 1083

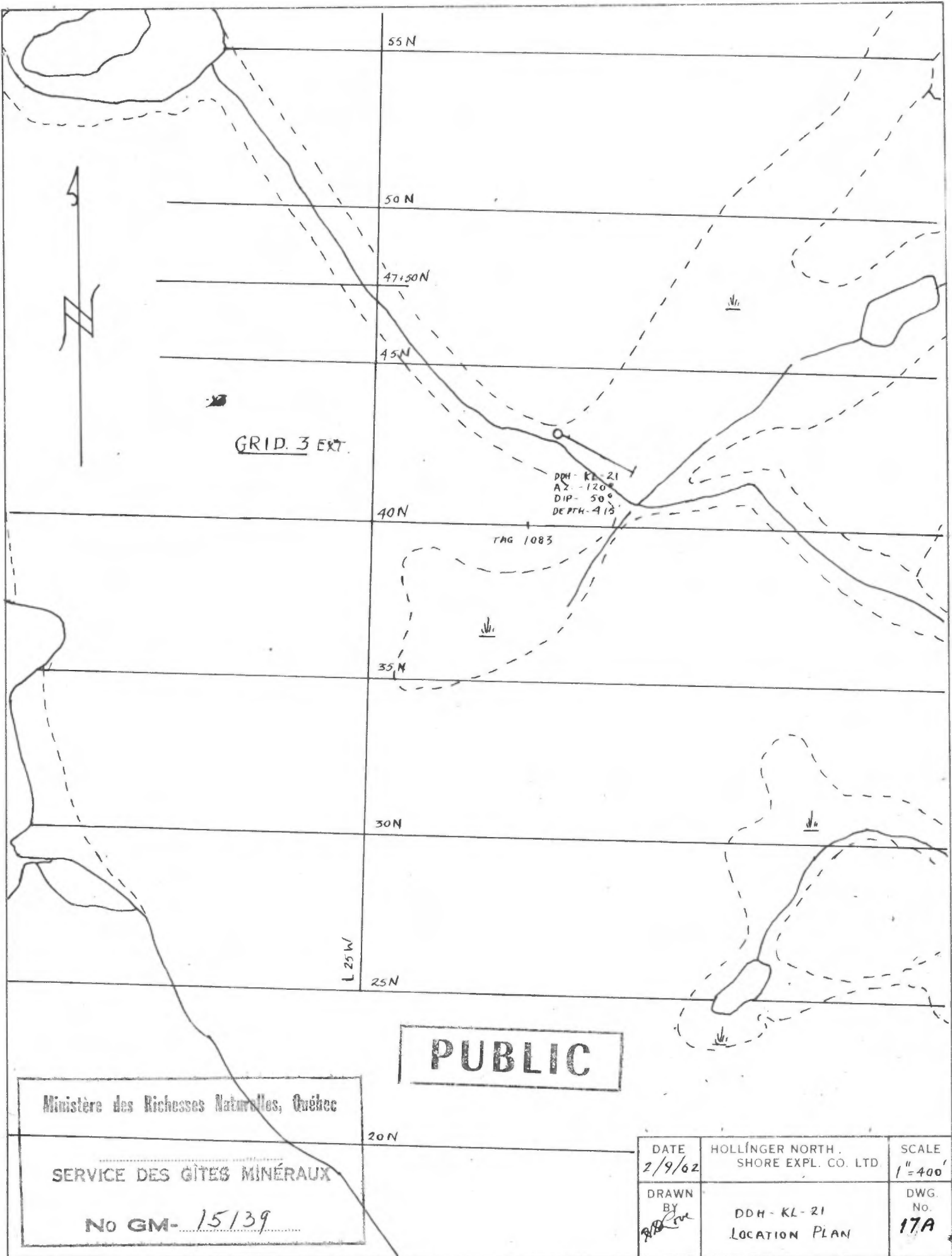
PUBLIC

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec

SERVICE DES GÎTES MINÉRAUX

No GM- 15/39

DATE 30/8/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1"=400'
DRAWN BY <i>RFD/ave</i>	DDH - KL-20 LOCATION PLAN	DWG. No. 1CA



55 N

50 N

47.50 N

45 N

40 N

35 N

30 N

25 N

20 N

1.25 W

GRID. 3 EXT.

DDH-KL-21
AZ - 120°
DIP - 50°
DEPTH - 915'

TAG 1083

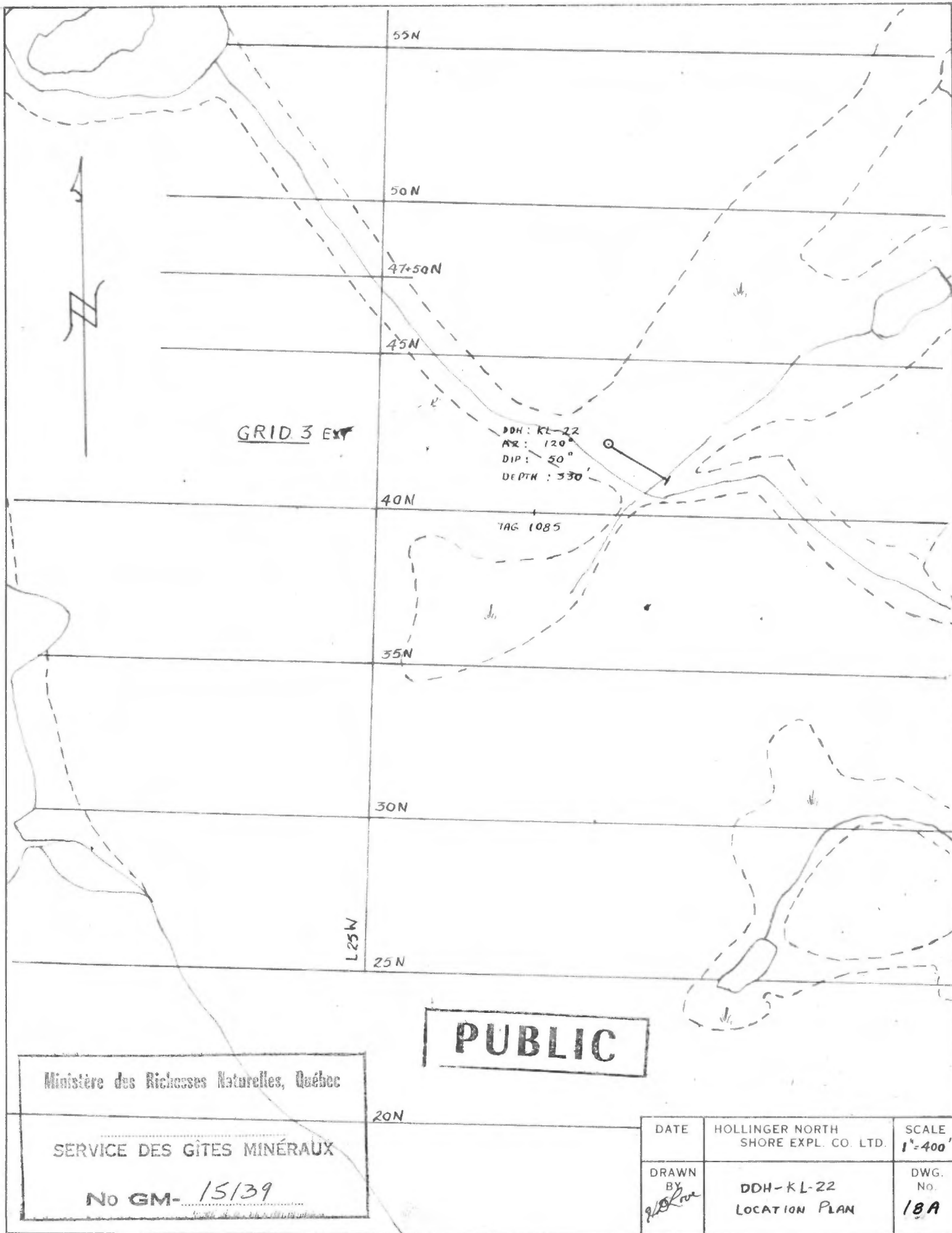
PUBLIC

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec

SERVICE DES GÎTES MINÉRAUX

No GM-15139

DATE 2/9/62	HOLLINGER NORTH. SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1"=400'
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	DDH-KL-21 LOCATION PLAN	DWG. No. 17A



55 N

50 N

47.50 N

45 N

40 N

35 N

30 N

25 N

20 N

L 25 W



GRID. 3 EXT

DDH: KL-23
AZ: 120°
DIP: 50°
DEPTH: 353



TAG. 1086

TAG. 1085



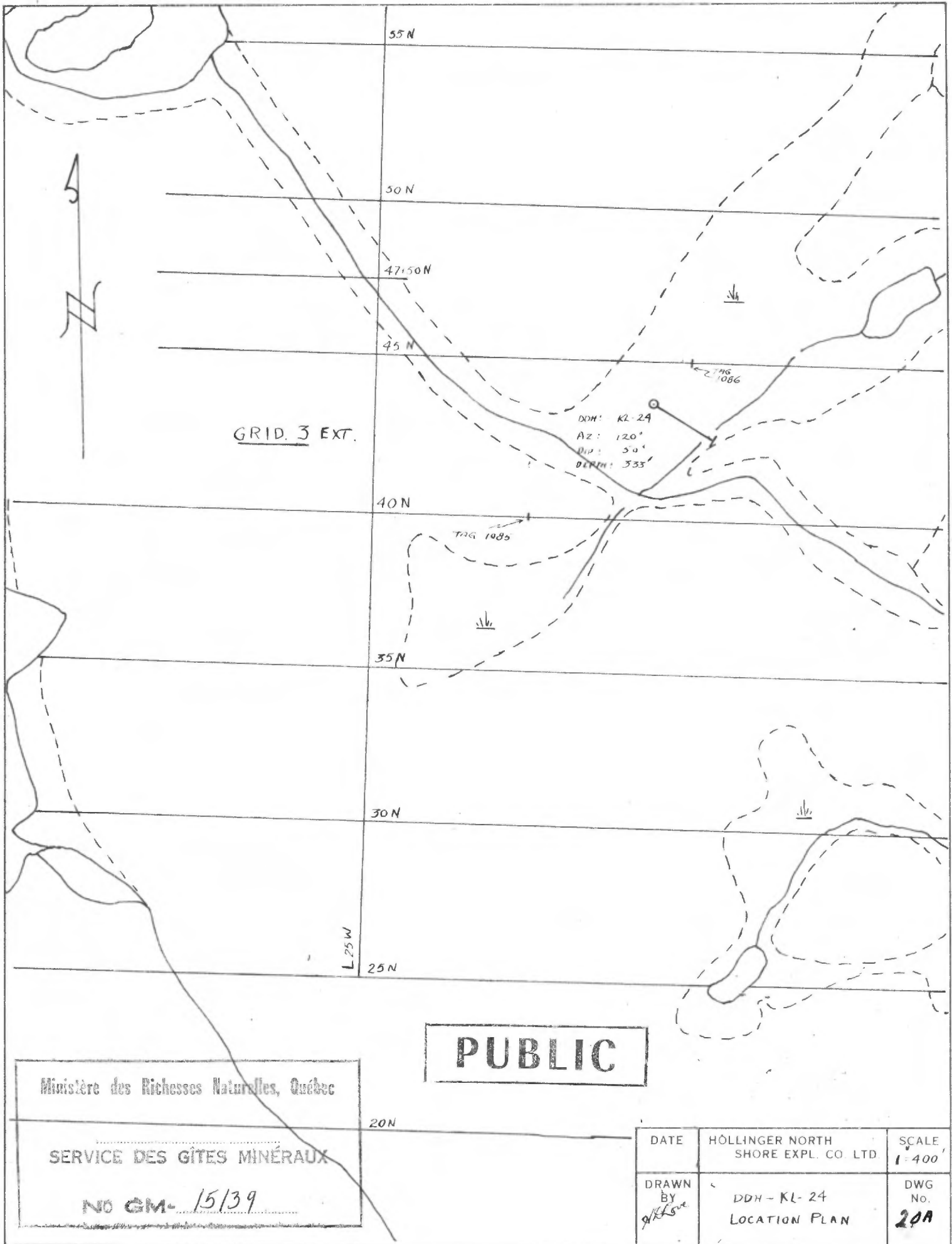
PUBLIC

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec

SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX

NO GM 15139

DATE	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE, 1" = 400'
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	DDH - KL-23 LOCATION PLAN	DWG. No. 19A



GRID. 3 EXT.

DDM: KL-24
 AZ: 120°
 DIP: 5'0"
 DEPTH: 333'

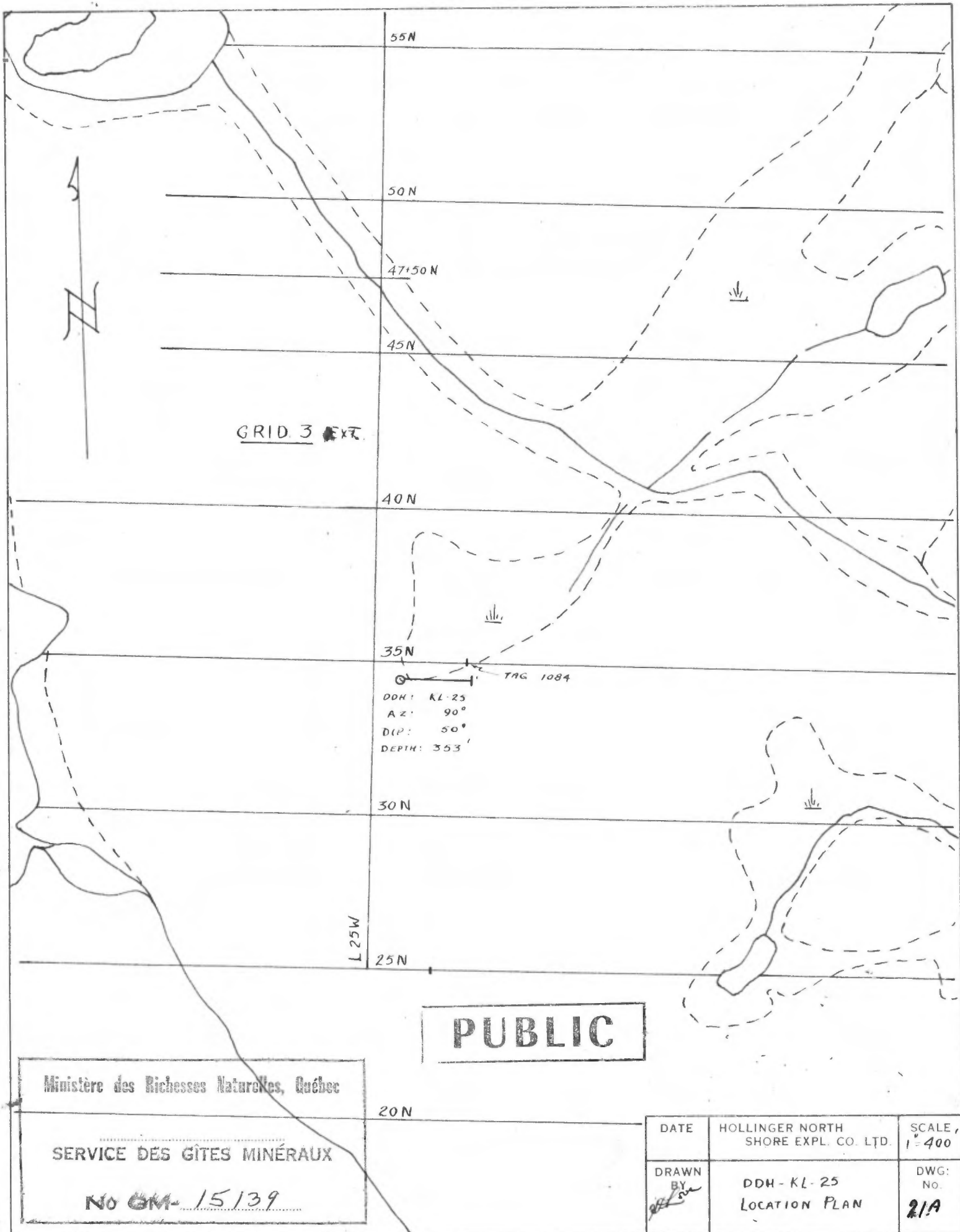
PUBLIC

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec

SERVICE DES GÎTES MINÉRAUX

NO GM- 15139

DATE	HÖLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1:400'
DRAWN BY <i>AKL</i>	DDH - KL-24 LOCATION PLAN	DWG No. 20A



55N

50N

47.50N

45N

GRID. 3 EXT.

40N

35N

TAG 1084

DDH: KL-25
 AZ: 90°
 DIP: 50°
 DEPTH: 353'

30N

L25W

25N

PUBLIC

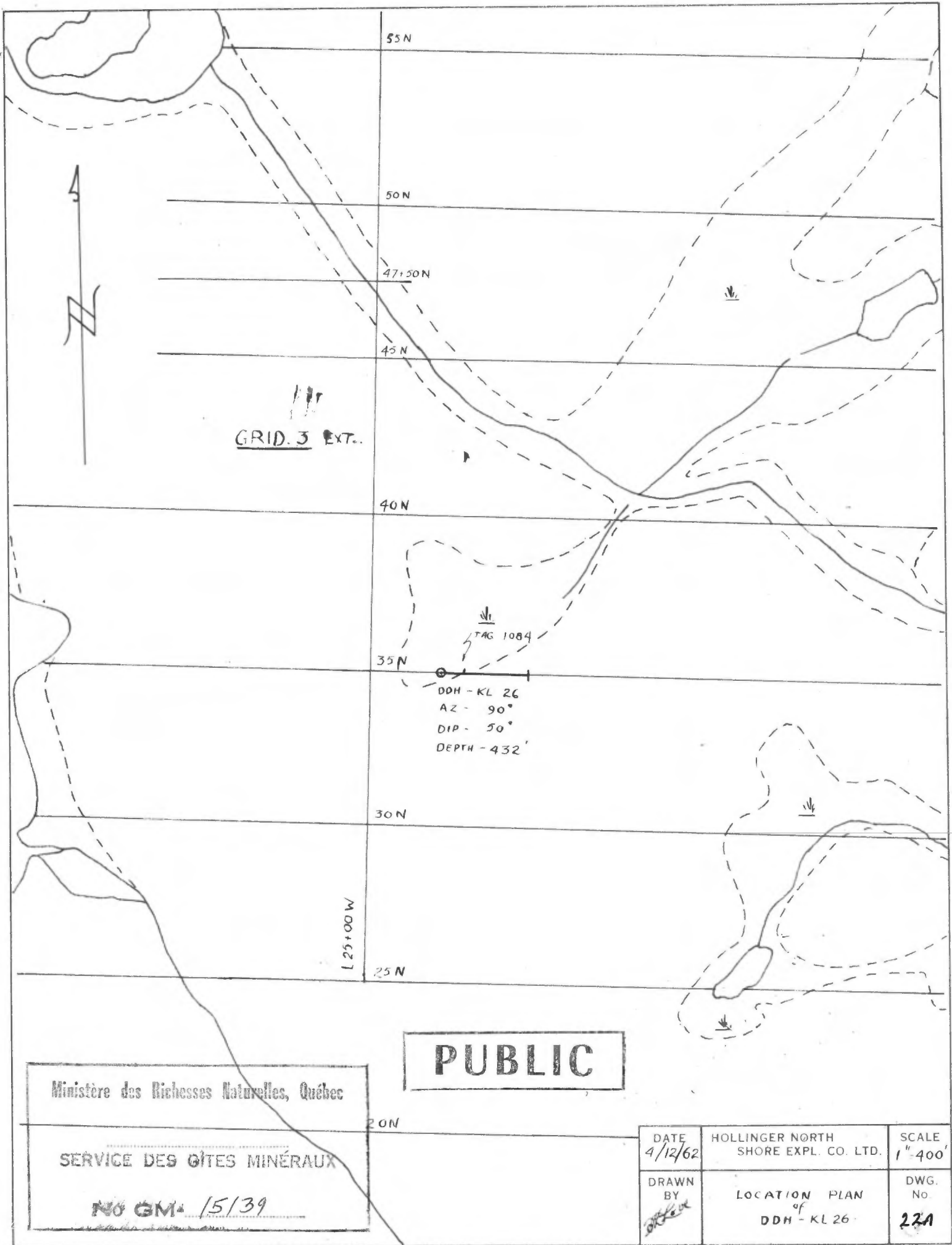
Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec

SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX

No GM-15139

20N

DATE	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE, 1:400
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	DDH-KL-25 LOCATION PLAN	DWG. NO. 21A



GRID. 3 EXT.

55 N

50 N

47.50 N

45 N

40 N

35 N

DDH - KL 26

AZ - 90°

DIP - 50°

DEPTH - 432'

30 N

1.25+00 W

25 N

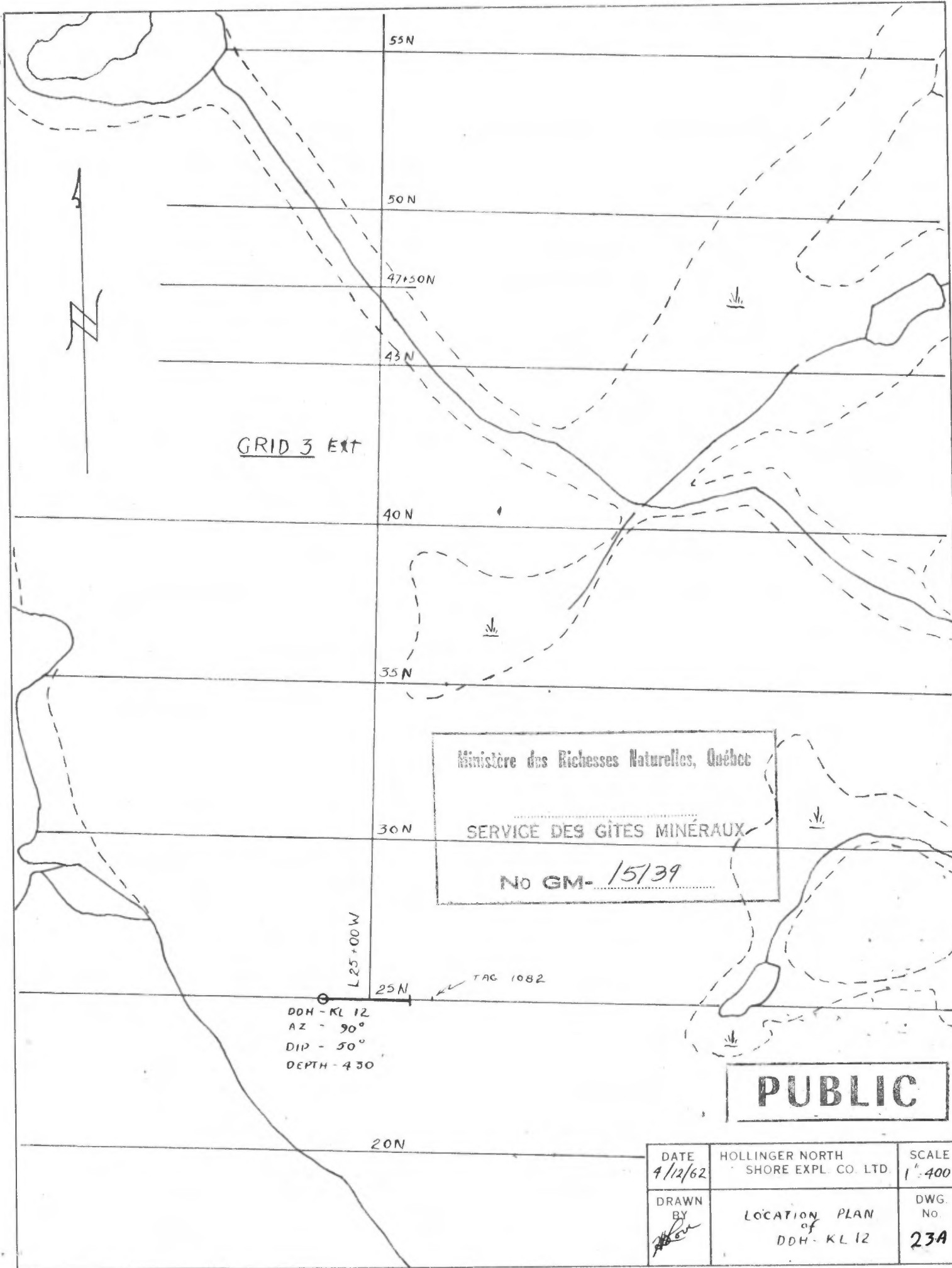
PUBLIC

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec

SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX

NO GM- 15/39

DATE 4/12/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1" = 400'
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	LOCATION PLAN of DDH - KL 26	DWG. No. 22A



GRID 3 EXT

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec
 SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX
 No GM- 15139

PUBLIC

L25+00W
 DDH-KL 12
 AZ - 90°
 DIP - 50°
 DEPTH - 430

TAC 1082

DATE 9/12/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1" = 400'
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	LOCATION PLAN of DDH-KL 12	DWG. No. 23A

GRID No. 3.



5N

0

55

105

155

205

255

TAG 1054



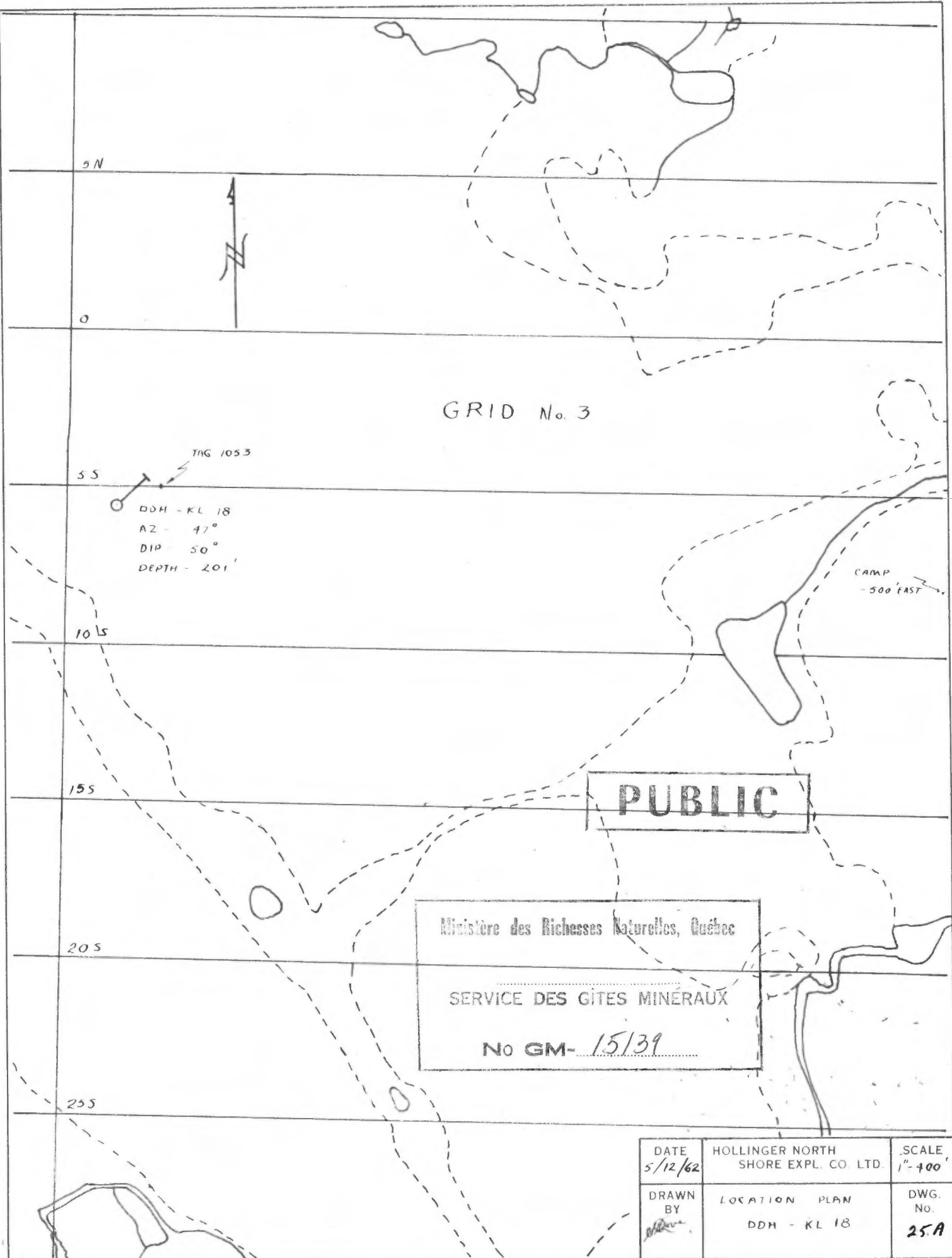
DDH'S KL 13 & KL 13A
 AZ - 30° AZ 30°
 DIP - 50° DIP - 70°
 DEPTH - 2624' DEPTH - 1580'

CAMP 300' EAST

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec
 SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX
 No GM- 15139.

PUBLIC

DATE 5/12/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1" = 400'
DRAWN BY <i>ABove</i>	LOCATION PLAN of DDH'S KL 13 & KL 13A	DWG. No. 24A



5N

0

GRID No. 3

55

TNG 105.3

DDH - KL 18

AZ - 47°

DIP - 50°

DEPTH - 201'

105

CAMP
- 500 EAST

155

PUBLIC

205

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec

SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX

No GM-15/39

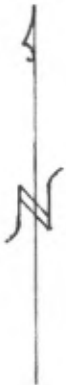
255

DATE 5/12/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1" = 400'
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	LOCATION PLAN DDH - KL 18	DWG. No. 25A

GRID No. 1

L7005 1250W 10W 750W 5W 250W 0 250E L7105

• DDH - KL 8
AZ - 180°
DIP - 90°
DEPTH - 253'



KOZELA LAKE

DATE 4/12/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1" = 400'
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	DDH - KL 8 LOCATION PLAN	DWG. No. 26A

GRID No. 1

L 7100 S 1250 W 100 W 750 W 50 W 250 W 0 250 E L 7100 S

PUBLIC

Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec
SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX
No GM- 15139

KOZELA LAKE

DDH - KL 17
AZ - 180°
DIP - 50°
DEPTH - 204'



DATE 4/12/62	HOLLINGER NORTH SHORE EXPL. CO. LTD.	SCALE 1" = 400'
DRAWN BY <i>[Signature]</i>	DDH - KL 17 LOCATION PLAN	DWG. No. 27A

Hole Number: _____
Commenced: _____
Finished: **KL-1**
Depth: **June 27, 1962**
Logged By: **June 29, 1962**
341'
H. D. Love

225' Az 210° from
TAG 1035

KOZELA LAKE
Grid No. 1

-
30°
50°

Interval	Description	Sample No.	Assay Results					Width	Remarks
			Gr	Si	Al	Ca	Mg		
0' - 7'	OVERBURDEN							96.5% Core recovery	
7' - 63'	QTZ-AMPHIBOLE-SCHIST-LAVA- Andesitic, -numerous stringers of Quartz & Calcite - f.g. - medium green in colour - traces of Cpy in places - banding or schistosity from 75°-80° to 55°-60° to core axis.							7'-12' -1.1' core lost 12'-15' -0.3' core lost	
63.0' - 64.5'	Sheared & altered contact between above amphibole schist and under- lying rock.								
64.5' - 69.9'	QTZ-Carbonate (50-50) with minor Mica rock - c.g. - only minor amts of white mica (Sericite) & some green mica (Fuchsite)-sugary Qtz in places shows green with green mica flakes or slips - dip to 10% in places - Cpy is evident throughout as Trace	B-2002	63.5'	69.9'	0.20	Nil	Nil	Tr.	6.3' 60-67.5'-0.5' core lost
69.9' - 76.0'	Qtz-Mica-Schist- with minor carbonate -schistosity is @ 65° to core axis - spotted appearance in places with rhombic xtals of calcite-recrystallized? -Sulphides, disseminated-up to 25% in places, particularly along cleavage or fracture faces.	B-2003	69.9'	73.2'	0.07	Nil	Nil	Tr.	3.3'
		B-2004	73.2'	76.0'	Tr	Nil	-	Tr	2.8'

PUBLIC
 Ministère des Richesses Naturelles, Québec
 SERVICE DES GITES MINÉRAUX
 No GM-15139

Latitude: 225' Az. 210° from
 Departure: TAG 1035
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 30°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 1

Hole Number: KL-1 (5)
 Commenced: 27/6/62
 Finished: 29/6/62
 Depth: 341'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Core Samples					Width	Remarks
						% Cu	% Ni	% Zn	% Pb	oz Au		
186.0'	187.5'	Qtz-Amp-Schist-intrusive (gabbroic)? - m.g. to c.g. - Schistosity @ 50°-55° to core axis.										
187.5'	187.8'	QTZ-Mica (Biotite)-Schist or Gneiss with stretched Garnets - v.f.g.										
187.8'	190.0'	Garnetiferous-Qtz-Amp-Biotite (50-50) Schist										
190.0'	192.0'	QTZ-AMP-BIOTITE-SCHIST (70-30) - med. to dk green; Schistosity @ 55° to core axis - minor sulphides assoc with a Qtz-Carb veinlet.										
192.0'	194.0'	Qtz-Amp-Schist-intrusive - med. green in colour - numerous Qtz-Carb. stringers - Sulphides - Nil										
194.0'	207.0'	Qtz-Amp-Chlorite-Gneiss (Gabbroic) - almost massive in appearance - trace of Po, Py & Cpy throughout	B-2009	199.7'	205.8'	Tr	Nil	Nil	Tr		4.1'	

Latitude: 225' Az. 210°
 Departure: from TAG 1035
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 30°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE
 GRID No. 1

Hole Number: KL-1
 Commenced: 27/6/62
 Finished: 29/6/62
 Depth: 341'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Core Samples						Width	Remarks
						% Cu	% Ni	% Zn	% Pb	oz. Au	oz. Ag		
207.0'	210.1'	Qtz-Carb (Calcite) Mica (Sericite?) Schist- white to grey in colour - appearing grey cherty in places- up to 5% Py., Po. & trace of Cpy in places	B-2010	207.0'	210.1'	0.04	Nil	-	Tr			3.1'	
210.1'	217.5'	Spotted Qtz-Amp-Chlorite-Gneiss (Gabbroic)- faintly schistose @ 216.0' with appearance of biotite - schistosity is @ 60° to core axis											
217.5'	225.0'	Qtz-Carb (Calcite)-Mica (Sericite) Schist - up to 5% dissem. Sulphides in places	B-2011	218.2'	224.4'	0.03	Tr	Nil	Tr			6.2'	
225.0'	245.0'	Qtz-Amp (Hb)-Schist-lava? - very faintly banded @ 60° to core axis - appears massive from 231.0'-245.0'- only a few Qtz-Carb-veinlets in latter portion - Sulphides- Nil											
245.0'	248.5'	Qtz-Amp-Chlorite-Gneiss (Gabbroic)-faintly banded - Sulphides - Nil											
248.5'	253.8'	Qtz-Mica (Sericite?) - Talc-Schist- with a few garnets-banding @ 65°	B2012	249.1'	253.8'	0.01	Nil	-	Tr			4.7'	

Latitude: 50° Az. 270°
 Departure: from TAG 1035
 Elevation: -
 Azimuths: 30°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE
Grid No. 1

Hole Number: KL-2
 Commenced: 30/6/62
 Finished: 2/7/62
 Depth: 356'
 Logged By: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results					Width	Remarks	
						Cu	Ni	Zn	oz. Au	oz. Ag			Fe
0'	6'	OVERBURDEN										94.4% core recovery	
6'	23.7'	QTZ-AMP-SCHIST TO GNEISS-with Chlorite - f.g.-m.g., green in colour- banding is @ 30°-40° to core axis- Fe staining (leaching & oxidation) on fracture faces (essentially parallel to schistosity) - traces of Py, Po along fracture and accompanying carbonate veinlets and stringers.-lava	B-2027	12.0'	18.0'	0.04'	Nil	Nil	Nil			Sludge 6.0'	6'-10' - 2.2' core lost 12.5'-18.5'-1.0' " " 18.5'-23.5'-2.5' " "
23.7'	30.5'	QTZ-CARB-MICA-SCHIST-calcite xtals; green mica & biotite -schistosity @45° to core axis -calcite xtals appearing as secondary rhombs in biotite zones. - Up to 5% sulphides disseminated.	B-2015	23.7'	30.5'	0.29	Tr	-	Tr			6.8'	23.5'-28.5'-4.0' core lost
30.5'	34.5'	Qtz-Carb-vein-up to 33.0'-75% Qtz; after 33.0'- %Calcite >% Qtz - minor inclusions of mica (Biotite & green mica) - up to 25% sulphides(Po,Py & Cpy) in places.	B-2016	30.5'	34.5'	0.39	Nil	-	Tr			4.0'	32.5'-38.0'-2.0' core lost
			B-2028	32.0'	38.0'	0.12	0.01	Nil	Tr			Sludge 6.0'	
34.5'	39.7'	QTZ-CARB-SCHIST to GNEISS - with Garnets - tourmaline xtals, green mica, & magnetite(30%) i.e. very magnetic up to 38.5' Garnets fringed by a green	B-2017	34.5'	39.7'	0.17	Tr					16.32	5.2'

Latitude: 50° Az. 270°
 Longitude: from TAG 1035
 Dip: -
 Azimuth: 30°
 Dip: 50°

BLIND DRILL RECORD

KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 1

Hole Number: KL-2
 Commenced: 30/6/62
 Finished: 2/7/62
 Depth: 356'
 Logged By: H.D. Love

Type	From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results					Width	Remarks
							Cu	Ni	Zn	oz. Au	oz. Ag		
			thinly laminated with a few quartz or carbonate veinlets - Schistosity up to 60° to core axis.										
	80.3'	83.8'	Qtz-Mica-Schist with Calcite plus minute Garnets(stretched) - sulphides along fractures & some cleavage planes - greyish to cherty?										
	83.8'	85.1'	Qtz-Amp-Schist-lava? or ^{SED} intrusive? - m.g., with long slender Amphibole (Hb) xtals in a haphazard arrangement along places of schistosity.										
	85.1'	91.0'	Qtz-Mica-Schist with Carb - grey to cherty.										
	91.0'	92.0'	Qtz-Amp-Mica-Schist - med. to dark green-brown (with Biotite) - contact zones - Sulphides- Nil.										
	92.0'	98.8'	Qtz-Carb-Schist-Zone-with bands of amphibole and some biotite. - a few dissem. sulphides - <5%	B-2019	93.0'	98.8'	0.10	Nil	-	Nil		5.8'	
	98.8'	118.3'	Qtz-Amp-Schist with white mica (sericite?) - banded with Qtz-Carb veinlets @ 60° to 80° to core axis.-f.g.-Sulphides- Nil	B-2030	91.0'	101.0'	0.05	-	-	Tr			Loss of water @ 97' - rods sludge 10.0' sticking at this point - caving of a fracture zone?

Dip: 50' Az. 270°
 Direction: from TAG 1035
 Dip: -
 Azimuth: 30°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 1

Hole Number: KL-2
 Commenced: 30/6/62
 Finished: 2/7/62
 Depth: 356'
 Logged By: H.D. Love

From	To	Description	Dip	Az	Assay Results					Width	Remarks
					Ca	Mg	Zn	Fe	Si		
205.0'	215.0'	Qtz-Amp-Schist- lava? - f.g.; grey-green in colour-banding @ 50°-55° to core axis - traces of sulphides throughout									
215.0'	216.4'	Qtz-Carb-Mica(Sericite)-Schist Sulphides - Nil									
216.4'	218.0'	Qtz-Chlorite-Amp-Gneiss to Schist (Gabbroic) with minor Biotite									
218.0'	219.0'	Qtz-Carb-veinlet-with Biotite, Amph, Talc-plus long slender needles of silver grey metallic molybdenite.									
219.0'	263.5'	Qtz-Chlorite-Amp-Gneiss(Schistose in places) (gabbroic origin) - gneissosity is @ 60° to 65° - biotite @ contacts - traces of sulphides throughout									
263.5'	270.5'	Well banded-Qtz-Mica-Garnet- Gneiss to Schist - Sulphides disseminated from 5-10%								6.0'	
270.5'	288.0'	above gradational into a f.g. thinly - lava-laminated (with carbonate stringers) - Qtz- Amp-Schist-Chlorite? - traces of sulphides throughout.									

Sample# From To Cu Ni

B-2024262.9'268.9'0.02Nil

6.0'

50° Az. 270°
from TAG 1035

30°
50°

KOZELA LAKE
Grid No. 1

Hole Number: **KL-2**
Commenced: **30/6/62**
Finished: **2/7/62**
Depth: **356'**
Logged By: **H. D. Love**

From	To	Description	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results					Width	Remarks
						Ca	Mg	Zn	Co	As		
288.0	290.0	Qtz-Mica-Schist-banding @ 60° to core axis.-Sulphides-Nil										
290.0	296.2	QTZ-Chlorite-Amp-Gneiss to Schist (gabbroic)-Garnets present ;in lower contact.										
296.2	299.0	Qtz-Mica-Schist-well banded - with Amp - f.g.;-grey on dry surface, green on wet. - banding @ 50° to core axis -Sulphides dissem. - <5%		B-2025	296.3	298.9	0.02	Nil			2.6'	
299.0	307.5	Qtz-Chlorite-Amp-Gneiss to Schist (gabbroic?) - Schistosity @ 75° to core axis - only traces of sulphides										
307.5	310.5	Qtz-Mica-Schist with minor Amphibole at contacts										
310.5	338.0	Qtz-Amp-Schist with minor Chlorite-a few garnets (intrusive?) - traces of sulphides.										
338.0	356.0	Qtz-Mica-Schist- well banded, grey to almost white in colour 340.0'-341.5-Qtz-Chlorite-Amp-Schist to Gneiss (centre) with Biotite on contact - traces of sulphides throughout.		B-2026	346.8	356.0	0.04	Nil	Nil		9.2'	

356.0' END OF HOLE

Latitude: **65° Az 0°**
 Departure: **from TAG 1037**
 Elevation: **-**
 Azimuth: **180°**
 Dip: **50°**

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: **KOZELA LAKE**
Grid No. 1

(1)

Core Number: **KL 3**
 Commenced: **July 3/62**
 Finished: **" 5/62**
 Depth: **371'**
 Logged By: **H.D. Love**

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Ca. An.		
0'	8'	OVERBURDEN									98.1% Core Recovery
8'	11.0'	QTZ-BIOTITE-GNEISS to SCHIST - rust staining on fractures - schistosity @ 60° to core axis - pyrite dissem. in minor amts - i.e. < 5%	B-2031	8.0'	11.0'	0.03	Nil			3.0'	
11.0'	39.5'	Qtz-Amp-Schist - with Chlorite? -lava? - v.f.g.-m.g.; faintly gneissic in places. - very few Qtz-Carb-stringers - a few Biotite bands at beginning with high Qtz-Carb. content, traces of feldspar (pink)- banding is at 55°-60° to core axis -23.5'-35.5'- similar to above but dip becoming essentially parallel to core axis; minor mica (biotite), calcite stringers; becoming gneissic in places; only a trace of sulphides -35.5'-39.5'- dip @ 65° to core axis increase in sulphides from 38.0' to 39.5'									Spec @ 15.0' Spec. @ 31.5'
39.5'	41.0'	Qtz-Carb-Zone with minor inclusions of mica - Sedimentary? - banding varying from 60°-75° to essentially parallel to core axis - pale grey in colour - traces of Py, Po throughout.									Spec. @ 39.5'
41.0'	53.5'	Qtz-Amp-Schist to Gneiss with chlorite - f.g. to m.g.-lava? or intrusive. - Qtz & Calcite stringers or pods throughout - banding essentially parallel to core axis									Spec. @ 41.0' Spec. @ 46.0'

Latitude: 65° Az. 0°
 Departure: from TAG 1037
 Elevations: -
 Azimuths: 180°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE - GRID No. 1

(2)

Hole Number: KL-3
 Commenced: July 3/62
 Finished: July 5/62
 Depth: 371'
 Logged By: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				Fe	Ni	Zn	on Au		
41.0'	53.5'	Mica slips throughout - Only a trace (cont'd) of Sulphides							
53.5'	55.0'	Qtz-Carb-Veinlet-faintly banded with impurities - Sulphides along fractures Cpy & Po - <1% - Sharp contact with underlying rock.							Loss of water @ 53.6' limonite stain along fractures.
55.0'	56.5'	Qtz-Biotite-Schist-High Qtz-Carb-content - banding @ 50° to core axis - only a trace of sulphides.							
56.5'	58.0'	Qtz-Biotite (50-50) Amp Gneiss to Schist with minor chlorite-Sulphides- Nil.							
58.0'	63.5'	Quartz-Carb-with Biotite Schistose to bedded - appears grey & cherty - Sedimentary?							Spec @ 59.5'
63.5'	64.5'	Massive Qtz-vein							
64.5'	86.0'	Qtz-Amp-Mica-Schist to Qtz-Chlorite-Amp-Schist with minor Mica Gneiss (Gabbroic) - a few bands of Qtz-Carb Mica-Schist - from 66.8' to 67.1'; 71.3' to 72.3'; 74.8' to 75.0' - dip @ 50° to core axis. Only traces of sulphides in sedimentary (?) bands.							Spec @ 82.0'
86.0'	105.0'	Qtz-Amp-Schist, similar to above, but f.g. & laminated with Qtz-Carb-stringers - banding on schistosity from 35° to 60° to core axis. Traces of sulphides only along fracture or							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

PROPERTY: KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 1

Latitude: 65° Az. 0°
Departure: from TAG 1037
Elevation: -
Azimuth: 180°
Dip: 50°

Sample No.: KL-3
Downsized: July 3/62
Finished: July 5/62
Depth: 371'
Name: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Gr.	Ni.	Assay Results		Co	Ag	V. 100	Remarks
								Zn	Cu				
105.0'	108.5'	cleavage planes. Qtz-Carb-Mica (Sericite plus Biotite) Schist - banding @ 50° to core axis - pale grey in colour, almost massive Qtz-Carb in places.- disseminated Sulphides - <5%	B-2032	105.3'	108.5'	0.10	Tr					3.2'	Spec @ 106.0'
108.5'	148.5'	Qtz-Amp-Schist with Chlorite to Gneissic in places - laminated with Qtz-Carb stringers - banding @ 50° to core axis - lava? or intrusive?- 145.0'-146.5'- Qtz-Carb vein.	B-2034	143.7'	145.8'	0.04	Nil					2.1'	Spec @ 134.0'
148.5'	149.0'	More or less massive sulphides - in a Qtz-Carb zone. - 70% Po & Cpy (65% ± 05%) - Cpy enclosing or fringing on Quartz crystals- secondary.	B-2033	148.4'	149.0'	0.53	0.11	Tr	Tr	0.07	0.07	0.6'	Spec @ 148.5'
149.0'	156.0'	Qtz-Amp-Chlorite(Pyroxene?)-Gneiss - Gabbroic, with a few carb.stringers											
156.0'	160.0'	Qtz-Amp-Mica (Biotite & White Mica)- Gneiss to Schist - traces of sulphides in Qtz-Carb-Zone.	B-2041	160.0'	165.0'	0.03	Nil	Nil	Nil			5.0'	Spec @ 153.0'
160.0'	207.0'	Qtz-Mica-Schist-Sericitized-Sed.? - lt. grey in colour - minor biotite -Sulphides dissem. up to 5% in places - high Qtz-Carb content towards end	B-2042	169.5'	179.0'	0.01	Nil	Nil	Nil			9.5'	6.0' core lost from 169.5' to 179.0'
			B-2040	198.4'	207.7'	0.04	Tr	Nil	Nil			9.3'	Spec @ 162.5' Spec @ 185.0' Spec @ 204.0'
207.0'	240.0'	Qtz-Amp-Schist to Gneiss-with Chlorite -banding @ 45° to core axis - only traces of sulphides along fracture planes - lava? or intrusive?											Spec @ 206.0' Spec. @ 226.0'
240.0'	244.0'	Qtz-Mica(Sericite-minor Biotite) Schist- a few garnets-pale pink to white -	B-2036	241.2'	245.3'	0.04	-	Nil	Nil			4.1'	

Latitude: 50'Az 180° from Line 7S
 Departure: @ 0.80W on Grid No. 1
 Elevation: _____
 Azimuth: 32°
 Dip: 50°-48°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 1

(1)

Hole Number: KL-4
 Commenced: July 7/62
 Finished: " 9/62
 Depth: 408'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Depth	Remarks
				Gr.	Fl.	Zn	Other		
0'	12'	OVERBURDEN							Core recovery very good - approx 98%
12'	14'	QTZ-MICA (Biotite & Sericite)-Gneiss with a few Garnets - light grey in colour, f.g.-m.g. - Gneissosity @ 35° to core axis - a narrow Qtz(50-50) Carb.veinlet- trace of Py,Cpy & Po.							4' lost in total hole Spec @ 12.5'
14.0'	17.7'	Gabbroic Gneiss-Qtz-Amp(Hb)-Chlorite (Pyroxene?)-Gneiss-little or no sulphides.							
17.7'	20.9'	Qtz-Mica-Schist-mainly Sericite & minor Biotite - trace of Talc-Qtz-Carb stringers or veinlets-Schistosity @ 35°-40° to core axis - Sedimentary?							Spec @ 18.0'
20.9'	25.0'	Qtz-Amp-Schist with Chlorite-lava? -v.f.g., thinly laminated with Qtz-Carbonate stringers - schistosity @ 45° to core axis - Sulphides - Nil.							Spec @ 23.5'
25.0'	28.5'	Qtz-Biotite-Schist-well banded - Sedimentary? - pale grey in colour - f.g. - Schistosity or banding @ 50° to core axis - Qtz-veinlets throughout - Sulphides - Nil.							
28.5'	37.0'	Qtz-Amp (Hb)Schist-lava? or intrusive f.g.-m.g., green in colour; 36'-37' appears gneissic - Gabbroic? Schistosity @ 50° - 30° to core axis - Sulphides - Nil.							Spec @ 33.5'
37.0'	39.0'	Quartz vein with traces of amphibole.							

50' Az. 180° from Line 7S
 @ 0+80W on Grid No. 1

-
 32°
 50° - 48°

KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 1

(3)

KL-4

Commenced: 7/7/62

Finished: 9/7/62

Depth: 408'

Logged by H. D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				Cu	Ni	Zn	oz. Au.		
80.0'	118.0'	Biotite zones (veinlets) up to 1 1/2" - some pink feldspar along fractures - after 98.0' - appears somewhat Gabbroic - sulphides dissem. along fractured Py. - Schistosity @ 45° to core axis.							
118.0'	120.0'	Qtz-Mica-Schist with Talc? enclosing garnets - tourmaline xtals along contacts - trace of sulphides-Po & Cpy.							Specimen @ 119.0'
120.0'	127.0'	Qtz-Amp-Schist- intrusive ? - f.g. - very few Qtz-Carb. stringers - almost gneissic Gabbro from 123.0' - 126.0' - Sulphides only along fractures (Py)							
127.0'	128.0'	Qtz-Biotite-Schist-well banded-Sulphides - Nil							
128.0'	153.6'	Qtz-Amp-Chlorite-Schist-Gabbroic? - f.g.; calcite & qtz.stringers throughout - Schistosity @ 45° to 50° - light to medium green on dry surface - minor Biotite - few Qtz-Biotite - Sedimentary? zones, e.g. 144.5' to 146.0'; 130.0'-131.0'; 153.0'-153.6'-Qtz vein with Biotite at contacts.							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 50° Az. 180° from Line 7S
 Departure: @ 0+80W on Grid No. 1
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 32°
 Dip: 50°-48°

Property: KOZELA LAKEGrid No. 1

Hole Number: KL-4 (5)
 Commenced: July 7/62
 Finished: " 9/62
 Depth: 408'
 Logged By: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Oz. Au.		
217.5'	221.0'	Qtz-Biotite-Sericite-Gneiss with a few Garnets - well banded in places - Sed?-65°-75° to C.A. - <5% Sulphides									
21.0'	261.6'	Qtz-Amp-Schist with Chlorite & Qtz-Carbonate-plus some Feldspar veinlets and stringers - faintly Gabbroic in appearance from 227.0'-230.0' - f.v.g. to m.g. in places. - Schistosity @ 65° to core axis - Sulphides-Nil									
261.6'	274.5'	Qtz-Mica (Biotite-minor Sericite) Schist - well banded - banding @ 65° to core axis - trace of sulph.	B-2048	261.6'	269.2'	0.02	-	Nil	Nil	7.6'	
			B-2049	269.2'	274.3'	0.01	-	Nil	Nil	5.1'	
274.5'	360.0'	Qtz-Amp-Schist to Gneiss - intrusive? - f.g., banded with Qtz-Carb stringers - green in colour. - banding or schistosity is @ 60° to core axis - a few Qtz-Mica (Biotite) veinlets (up to 1") - e.g. - 280.0-280.3; 287.5-288.2' from 304.5-310.0'-Qtz-Mica (Sericite with minor Biotite) Schist - well banded @ 60° to core axis - trace of sulphides disseminated throughout, Sedimentary? -315.0' to 319.0' - appears faintly gabbroic; 329.0' to 336.4' - Qtz-Carbonate-Sericite zone -	B-2050	330.1'	336.4'	0.09	-	Nil	Tr	6.3'	Spec @ 333.0'

Latitude: 152' Az. 180° from
 Departure: TAG 1039
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 30°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 1

Hole Number: (2) ~~10~~-5
 Commenced: July 11/62
 Finished: 13/62
 Depth: 349'
 Logged By: H. D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au		
33.3'	61.0'	Qtz-Amphibole-Schist with minor Biotite - numerous Qtz-Carb. Stringers and veinlets (up to 1½") -Schistosity @ 30° to core axis - trace of Po or Py associated with Qtz. veins - after 49.0' - appearing massive to gneissic (Gabbroic) with Chlorite - 51.0'-61.0'-trace of Sulphides in Qtz-Amp(Hb)-Schist with Biotite & Chlorite.	B-2055	51.0'	61.2'	0.02	-	Nil	Tr	10.2'	40.0'-49.0' - 1.0' core lost. Spec. @ 60.0'
61.0'	94.5'	Qtz-Carb-Amp(Hb) with minor Biotite - some talc and pink feldspar - sulphides dissem. < 5% - Po, Py - a few high Quartz zones - e.g. 71.0'-73.0'; 76.5'-78.0'-Amphibole Talc zone, minor Quartz, f.g. to m.g.; pale green in colour; minor Biotite; Sulphides < 5% to Nil; Schistosity @ 45° to core axis.	B-2056	61.2'	70.9'	0.02	-	Nil	Tr	9.7'	Specimen @ 70.0'
			B-2057	70.9'	73.8'	Tr.	-	Nil	Tr	2.9'	Spec. @ 74.5'
			B-2058	73.8'	78.5'	Nil	-	Nil	Tr	4.7'	Spec. @ 83.0'
			B-2059	78.5'	84.8'	0.05	-	Nil	-	6.3'	Spec. @ 93.0'
94.5'	128.0'	High Quartz-Carbonate vein with minor Amp. - much fractured & sheared with numerous Qtz-Calcite stringers cutting haphazardly - pale grey-green on wet surface -99.9 to 100.7 - Massive Quartz -104.8-105.0'-altered and stained Quartz zone - containing tourmaline? xtals and Sphalerite-reddish to brown - resinous-streak brown - pyrite along fractures.	B-2060	128.0'	134.0'	0.02	-	Tr	Tr	6.0'	113.8'-118.0'-3.2' core lost

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

(4)

Latitude: 152° Az 180° from
 Departure: TAG 1039
 Elevation: -30°
 Azimuth: 50°
 Dip: _____

Property: KOZELA LAKE
Grid No. 1

Hole Number: KL-5
 Commenced: July 11/62
 Finished: " 13/62
 Depth: 349'
 Logged By: H. D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results			Width	Remarks	
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.			Oz. Au
167.4'	171.5'	Qtz-Amp-Chlorite (Pyroxene?) Gneiss to Schist - appearing Gabbroic in places with a few haphazard Quartz stringers in slips - Sulphides - Nil									
171.5'	176.5'	Quartz-Carbonate zone with minor Amphibole - at beginning crystalline Calcite - almost massive. Quartzite at end with little or no sulphides. - up to 10% dissem. Py, Po in places - trace of Cpy. - much biotite in lower contact.	B-2062	171.5'	176.3'	0.25	-	Nil	Tr.	4.8'	Spec @ 173.5' Spec @ 174.0'
176.5'	219.2'	Intrusive? - biotite along fractures of Qtz-Amp (Hb)-Schist- appearing faintly gneissic (Gabbro) in places- numerous Quartz stringers - high Quartz and Carbonate in places - blue (oxidization) stain along fractures - traces of Sulphide with Quartz-Carb - 185.1' to 185.3' - Quartz-veinlet with pink feldspar - pegmatite? - faint banding @ 85° to 70° to core axis									
219.2'	233.0'	Qtz-Carbonate-Mica (Sericitic & Biotite) with Amp (Hb) in a few places - Schist - almost slaty in places - Schistosity @ 70° to core axis. - Sulphides @ 5% to 50% (Po, Cpy, Py) - disseminated. - Zones	B-2063	219.2'	227.2'	0.04	-	Nil	Tr.	8.0'	221.0'-227.0'-1.5' core lost Spec. @ 232.0'
			B-2064	227.2'	234.1'	0.05	Nil	Nil	Tr.	6.9'	

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 152' Az 180° from
 Departure: TAG 1039
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 30°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 1

(5)
 Hole Number: KL-5
 Commenced: July 11/62
 Finished: July 13/62
 Depth: 349'
 Logged By: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Oz. Au.		
		of Gabbroic rock appearing in last two feet.									
233.0'	251.1'	Gneissic Gabbro - only faintly gneissic in places - some biotite lenses disseminated - Sulphides - Po & Cpy along fractures.									
251.1'	258.6'	Qtz-Mica (Biotite & Sericite) - Schist to almost slaty in places - Schistosity or gneissosity @ 55° to core axis - Sulphides - dissem. throughout up to 25%, mainly Po, Py.	B-2065	251.6'	258.6'	0.12	Nil	Nil	Tr	7.0'	Spec @ 253.0'
258.6'	276.0'	Qtz-Amp (Hb) Schist - f.g. to m.g.; medium to dark green - faintly banded in places - interbanded with narrow zones of Qtz-Mica-Sericite & Biotite-Schist - Sulphides up to 5% in places.	B-2066	258.6'	271.5'	0.01	-	Nil	-	12.9'	Spec @ 267.0'
			B-2067	271.5'	276.1'	0.02	-	Nil	-	5.2'	
276.0'	282.5'	Similar to above, but with zones of Biotite-Amp (Hb)-Schistosity @ 55° to core axis - Sulphides - Nil.									Spec. @ 282.0'
282.2'	287.5'	Quartzite & Quartz Carb Zone with minor Amphibole - up to 15% Sulphides ; in places. - mainly Py.	B-2068	282.1'	287.2'	0.03	-	Nil	Tr.	5.1'	Spec. @ 287.0'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 50' Az. 0° from TAG 1039
 Departure: 100' Az 90° from above
 Elevation:
 Azimuth: 30°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE
Grid No. 1

Hole Number: KL-6
 Commenced: July 14, 1962
 Finished: July 17, 1962
 Depth: 435'
 Logged By: H. D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Oz. Au.		
0'	11'	OVERBURDEN									Core Recovery - 98.7% very good
11.0'	15.0'	Quartz-Biotite-Sericite-Gneiss to Schist - f.g., almost Cherty in places - Sulphides - Nil.									Spec. @ 13.5'
15.0'	28.5'	Quartz-Amp (Hb) Schist - minor Chlorite and Biotite - lava - f.g. to m.g.; med. green in colour -biotite slips or lenses -Quartz-Carbonate stringers - finely laminated - Sulphides - Nil - 21.5'-23.5' - Quartzite zone with Biotite @ Contacts; trace of Po, Py. - Schistosity @ 40° to core axis									15.0'-21.0'-1.0' core lost. Spec. @ 26.5'
28.5'	32.0'	Quartzite - banded with impurities @ 45° to core axis - at 31.5' - rust staining - loss of water (oxidization & leaching)									Spec @ 29.0' 27.0'-34.5'-0.8' core lost.
32.0'	54.0'	Quartz-Amp (Hb) Schist - high Quartz with Carbonate - minor Chlorite - traces of Cpy, in places- 44.0'-45.5' - Qtz-Carb Zone - massive to banded. - minor Amphibole & trace of Sulphides; some green staining; Feldspar?; Biotite @ contacts? -46.4'-50.4' - Qtz-Mica (Biotite & White Mica) Gneiss to Schist - m.g. fairly well banded - Sulphides - Nil.									Spec. @ 33.0' Spec. @ 51.0'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 50°Az.0° from TAG 1039Departure: 100°Az.90° from aboveElevation: -Azimuth: 30°Dip: 50°Property: KOZELA LAKEGrid No. 1Hole Number: KL-6 (2)Commenced: 14/7/62Finished: 17/7/62Depth: 435'Logged By: H.D.Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Oz. Au.		
54.0'	62.5'	Quartz-Biotite-Schist- with minute pale pink Garnets to Gneiss - schistosity & Gneissosity @ 15°-35° to core axis - Sulphides - traces along carbonate veinlets	B-2073	54.1	62.4'	0.01	-	-	Nil	8.3	Spec @ 60.5'
62.5'	69.6'	Qtz-App(Hb) Schist with Chlorite - lava? - numerous Qtz-veinlets with pink Feldspar cutting @ 90° or greater to Schistosity @ 30°-40° to core axis. - Sulphides - Nil. 62.5'-64.0' - Biotite contact zone									
69.6'	79.0'	Qtz-Biotite-Talc Gneiss to Schist- well banded @ 30° to core axis. - pale green, very soft. - 27.0'-78.5' - Qtz-Mica(Biotite) Schist with Carb Stringers - 55° to core axis									Spec @ 70.5'
79.0'	80.6'	Qtz-Mica (Biotite)-Schist-high Qtz-Carbonate; also veinlets of Qtz Carb. - up to 5% Sulphides - Po,Py.									
80.6'	90.5'	Gabbro Gneiss - interbanded with Quartz veinlets & veins of Qtz-Biotite Schist-84.0'-85.0' brecciated zone with sulphides - <5% - Po,Py & Cpy, plus Talc & chlorite- high Quartz - talc @ lower contact									Spec. @ 87.0'
90.5'	94.5'	Similar to above but with numerous Qtz veinlets & sulphides - mainly Po - associated- almost breccia.	B-2074	91.0'	94.5'	0.09	-	-	Tr.	3.5'	

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude 50° Az. 0° from TAG 1039Departure 100° Az 90° from aboveElevation: -Azimuth: 30°Dip: 50°Property: KOZELA LAKEGrid No. 1Hole Number: KL-6 (5)Commenced: July 14/62Finished: " 17/62Depth: 435'Logged By: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
324.0'	329.0'	Quartz-Mica (Sericite) (white mica) & Biotite) - Schist - Schistosity @ 45° to 50° to core axis - Pyrite lenses along cleavage places.	B-2081	324.0'	329.0'	0.03	-	Nil	-	5.0'	Spec @ 325.0'
329.0'	345.5'	Altered Gabbro-Gneissic to Schistose- well banded with Qtz-Carb stringers and veinlets - Sulphides - Nil to trace - a few Biotite lenses and some pink feldspar - Schistosity @ 45° to core axis									Spec. @ 337.0'
345.5'	349.0'	Quartz-Mica (Sericite) - Gneiss - sulphides up to 30%	B-2082	346.3'	348.8'	0.02	Nil	Nil	Nil	2.5'	
349.0'	376.0'	Qtz-Amp (Hb) - Chlorite - (Pyroxene?) - Schist - intrusive? - a few Biotite lenses and bands - a few Qtz-Carbonate zones - with some Pink to red feldspar associated. - Schistosity @ 45°-50° to core axis.									Spec. @ 373.0'
376.0'	397.5'	Quartz-Mica-Gneiss to Schist - mainly Sericite Mica, but Biotite and Amphibole from 376.0'-378.0'- high Quartz & Carbonate becoming quite Sericitic towards end. - pale grey in colour - a few Biotite lenses - Sulphides < 5% - mainly Po & Py with traces of Cpy - dark green and glassy along fractures - Schistosity @ 50° to C.A.	B-2083	377.4'	384.3'	0.04	-	Nil	-	6.9'	Spec @ 388.2'
			B-2084	384.3'	388.8'	0.04	-	Nil	-	4.5'	
			B-2085	388.8'	397.5'	0.05	-	Nil	-	8.7'	

Latitude: 90°Az 270° from point
 Departure: 8+20N on L.7+50W
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 135°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKEGrid No. 1

Hole Number: K-7
 Commenced: 25/7/62
 Finished: 27/7/62
 Depth: 297'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
0'	12'	OVERBURDEN									92.9% core recovery
12'	46'	Qtz-Hb-Schist, much folded at beginning - f.g., lava - numerous Qtz-Carb & Feldspar stringers - schistosity or lamination @ 65° (Avg) to core axis - traces of sulphides in highly altered portions only; leaching & oxidation occurring.									37.0'-43.0'-1.0' core lost Spec @ 20.0'
46.0'	47.0'	Altered - f.g. - micaceous contact zone - appearance of chrome mica with pale green - Talc?									Spec @ 46.5'
47.0'	48.0'	Near Massive Sulphides - in a slaty, carbonaceous, altered Mica Gneiss - a few Qtz fragments - up to 90% sulphides, mainly Po, but some Cpy.	B-2092	46.9'	48.0'	0.18	0.03	Nil	Tr	1.1'	Spec @ 47.5'
48.0'	50.5'	Altered, Talcose, with some slaty fragments, Qtz-Biotite Garnet Gneiss - high Quartz & Carbonate - about 50% Sulphides(PO)	B-2093	48.0'	50.7'	0.09	Nil	Nil	-	2.7'	Spec @ 48.5'
50.5'	51.0'	Similar to above, but slaty with up to 30 or 40% sulphides									
51.0'	52.0'	Garnet-Mica-Gneiss - finer grained than above - up to 25% sulphides, trace Cpy. - slaty stringers	B-2094	50.7'	53.3'	0.07	-	Nil	Nil	2.6'	Spec. @ 51.5'

Latitude: 90'Az. 270° from point
 Departure: 8+20N on L.7+50W
 Elevation:
 Azimuth: 135°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 1

Hole No: K-7
 Commenced: 25/7/62
 Finished: 27/7/62
 Depth: 297'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				From	To	Cu.	Ni.		
52.0'	53.0'	Garnet-Mica-Gneiss-coarse grained - large (to 1/6") garnets with slaty fragments flowing about (or around) the garnets - up to 50% Sulphides mainly Po.							
53.0'	54.7'	Altered - f.g.-gneiss-Qtz-Mica - Gneiss with stretched garnets - folded quartz-carbonate stringers - numerous, minute, pale pink garnets, some Talc; about 5% Sulphides, Py & Po							
54.7'	62.5'	Qtz-Hb-Gneiss-Altered Gabbro 60.0'-62.5' - highly altered (almost schistose) with Talc & Biotite.							Spec @ 60.0'
62.5'	66.5'	GARNETIFEROUS-Qtz-BIOTITE-GNEISS - c.g.; becoming slaty in places; a few Qtz-Carbonate stringers and veinlets. Sulphides - Po, Py - up to 5-10% - Garnets - up to 1/4", green alteration about garnets.	B-2095	62.7'	66.5'	0.04	Nil	3.8'	Spec @ 65.0'
66.5'	71.0'	High Qtz-Carbonate with sericite zones - quite well banded in places @ 65° to core axis - sulphides - Nil to Trace - Biotite @ contacts.							

90°Az 270° from point
 Latitude: 8+20 N on L.7+5W
 Departure: _____
 Elevation: _____
 Azimuth: 135°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: **KOZELA LAKE**
 Grid No. 1

(5)
 Hole Number: **K-7**
 Commenced: **25/7/62**
 Finished: **27/7/62**
 Depth: **297'**
 Logged by: **H.D. Love**

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
186.0'	189.9'	High Qtz-Mica (Sericite-Biotite) Gneiss - Sulphides Nil									183.6'-189.0'- 0.3' lost core Spec @ 189.0'
189.9'	217.0'	f.g. to m.g. Gabbro - Faintly gneissic and banded @ 65°-75° to core axis; a few Qtz-stringers.									
217.0'	218.5'	Qtz Biotite-Sericite-Garnet-Gneiss - well banded in high Quartz zones - sulphides (<5% Py) within Biotite bands.									
218.5'	228.0'	m.g. to c.g. Qtz-Hb-Porphyry or Gabbro altered - 223.5-224.5' - Qtz Carb veinlet with Biotite & Traces of Sulphides & long slender needles (tabular) - black metallic some Talc.Molybdenite	B-2097	224.0'	225.2'	-	-	Nil	-	Tr 1.2'	Spec @ 223.0'
228.0'	241.0'	Qtz-Sericite-Biotite-Gneiss to Schist - high Quartz-pale grey in colour - a few amphibole zones - schistosity @ 65° to core axis - trace of pyrite along	B-2098	232.9'	240.7'	0.04	-	Nil	-	7.8'	Spec @ 237.5'-232.0' to 257.0': lost core 1.8'
241.0'	266.0'	m.g.-c.g. Qtz-Hb-Gneiss to f.g. schist, well banded (Gabbroic) - a few Qtz-Carb stringers - schistosity @ 80° to core axis									Spec @ 247.0' Spec @ 262.0'

Latitude: 90° Az 270° from point
 Departure: 8+20N on L.7+50W
 Elevation: _____
 Azimuth: 135°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE

Grid No. 1

(6)

Hole Number: K-7
 Commenced: 25/7/62
 Finished: 27/7/62
 Depth: 297'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				From	To	Cu.	Ni.		
266.0'	266.5'	Quartz veinlet with pink feldspar							Specimen @ 276.0'
266.5'	277.0'	Qtz-Amp-Schist-v.f.g. - a few Qtz veinlets, much folded(wavy) in places - schistosity @ 70°-75° to core axis - lava? or intrusive							
277.0'	284.5'	Qtz-Biotite-Sericite-Garnet-Gneiss - banding @ 70°-75° to core axis Pyrite along fractures and traces disseminated elsewhere							Specimen @ 281.5'
284.5'	286.5'	Qtz-Hb-Schist-lava or intrusive? m.g. dark green in colour,qtz-carb- stringers & Slips							
286.5'	287.5'	Qtz-Biotite-Sericite-Schist (sedimentary?)							
287.5'	297.0'	Qtz-Hb-Schist with minor chlorite - folded to gneissic - sulphides - Nil - lava or intrusive							Specimen @ 290.5'
-	297.0'	End of hole							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 21+00S on Line 7+50WDeparture: -Elevation: -Azimuth: 180°Dip: 50°Property: KOZELA LAKEGrid No. 1Hole Number: KL-8 (2)Commenced: 21/9/62Finished: 22/9/62Depth: 253'Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au		
		some oxidation and leaching.									Spec @ 20.6'
20.1'	20.4'	Broken fragments - porous carb. rock.									
20.4'	20.6'	Calcite - qtz vein - minor sulphides, po & cpy with alteration - fuchsinite brilliant green 1-3%. Generally leanly disseminated 5-10% po, <1% cpy, some rather massive but narrow veins.									
20.6'	20.9'	Amphibole and coarse grained carb.									
20.9'	21.1'	Qtz minor cpy & po. - 5%									
21.1'	21.5'	Heavily dissem. sulph. in fractures and around grains of qtz. 50% po, cpy 1-2%. quartzitic (sed)									
21.5'	25.2'	Highly brecciated siliceous slate, very hard - 80% sulphides - largely Po. Cpy 2-5% - Groundmass carb-qtz grains - black, somewhat graphitic in places, slate also siliceous. Sulphides chiefly as stringers and vein network with some diss.	1743	18.5'	26.3'	0.20	0.01	Nil	Tr	4.5'	Spec @ 25.7' Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of core axis.
26.0'	31.02'	Note: missing footage marker	1744	26.3'	30.2'	0.14	-	-	Tr	3.9'	

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: **21+00S on Line 7+50W**
 Departure: **-**
 Elevation: **-**
 Azimuth: **180°**
 Dip: **50°**

Property: **KOZELA LAKE**Grid No. **1**

Hole Number: **KL-8 (3)**
 Commenced: **21/9/62**
 Finished: **22/9/62**
 Depth: **253'**
 Logged By: **F.J. Kozela**

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au		
25.2'	25.7'	Heavily diss sulph. in fractures of sheared siliceous slate - very hard. 70% Po; 2-5% Cpy.									
25.7'	26.3'	Heavily diss. sulph. in a quartzitic rock - 50-60% Po, $\frac{1}{2}$ 1% cpy.									
26.3'	30.2'	Qtz vein with minor sulph. po & cpy < 1%									
30.2'	30.4'	Diss to 60% po in qtzite.									Spec @ 30.0'
30.4'	31.3'	Highly altered sed. green fuchsite with qtz gneissic - largely siliceous & carb schistose - diss. sulph. to 10-15%	1745	30.2'	32.5'	0.14	Tr	Nil	Tr	2.0'	Spec 33.0'
31.3	31.5	Becomes massive grained - 5-6% Po.									Ground core
31.5	31.9	Rather massive - but sheared and altered - light colour quartzite. Some spotted or speckled green (fuchsite?) - (banded).									
31.9	32.2	Largely quartzite with green (fuchsite). stringers. Three, in 30% minor sulphides 1-5%.	1746	32.5'	36.8'	0.34	0.06	Nil	Tr	4.3'	Spec. @ 36.8'
32.2	34.2	Near massive Po, 80% breccia - Qtz fragments and some slate - largely replaced cpy 1-3% qtz. in small frag. $\frac{1}{4}$ - 1 mm.	1747	36.8	39.4	0.14	Nil	Nil	Tr	2.6'	

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 21+00S on Line 7+50W
 Departure: -
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 180°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKEGrid No. 1

Hole Number: KL-8 (5)
 Commenced: 21/9/62
 Finished: 22/9/62
 Depth: 253'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Oz. Au		
54.7'	56.0'	Altered lavas - Chloritic minor qtz. stringers									Gneissosity 10° from normal plane of core axis.
56.0'	61.0'	Lava - basalt - no stringers - chlorite and amphibole.									Core gain 56.0'-61.0' 0.7 Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis
61.0'	64.0'	Lava - as above									Core gain 61-70, -0.2'
64.0'	64.8'	Siliceous sed-schist quartzitic - minor qtz veins at 67-68'									
64.0'	70.0'	- Lava - as before									No core lost 70-80' Gneissosity 20-30° from normal plane of core axis at 70.0'
70.0'	80.0'	Largely chloritic with frequent qtzite & stringers. - Lava At 72.5'-73.0' Qtzitic with minor biotite - chl. - f.g. - becomes coarse grained 73.6'-73.8' At 75.0-75.6' - qtzite - gneissic with several qtz-carb cross cutt- ing stringers - 90° to normal. Note, lava chloritic basalt - ex- cept for above.									Spec. @ 70'
80.0'	84.0'	Highly altered basalt with inter- bedded qtzite - little or no sulphides.									Core lost 80-84.0' - 0.8 Gneissosity 40° from normal plane to core axis. Spec. @ 83.7'
84.0'	86.3'	Altered lava, very gneissic - highly altered to 86.3 - with little or no banding, chloritic. Note error in footage.									No core lost-84-86.3' Gneissosity 80° from normal plane of core axis

Latitude: 21+00S on Line 7+50W
 Departure: -
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 180°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 1

Hole Number KL-8 (6)
 Commenced: 21/9/62
 Finished: 22/9/62
 Depth: 253'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				From	To	Cu.	Ni.		
87.5'	87.0'	As above (84.0-86.3') - talc alteration.							No core lost 87.5-87.0' Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis.
87.0'	89.0'	As above - cross fracture 90° to schistosity							Core lost 87.0-89.0.0.2' Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis.
89.0	91.0'	As above. Highly chloritic talcose Basalt, siliceous banding - minor sed.							Core lost 89.0-91.0.0.5' Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of core axis.
91.0'	92.2'	Qtzite sed - with stringers biotite parallel to gneissosity in contact							
92.2	93.7'	Contact. Moderately altered with minor cross cutting stringers.							
93.7'	96.9'	Lavas altered							
96.9'	97.4'	Qtzitic sediments.							
97.4'	97.7'	Lavas							Core lost 93.7'-102.3' Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis.
97.7'	101.0	Largely a quartzitic banded sed. with minor thin bands of chloritic lavas. Gneissic							
101.0'	102.3	Chloritic gneissic lavas.							
102.3'	110.3'	sedimentary-Qtz carb. gneiss.							Core lost 102.3-110.3- 1.3'
110.3'	111.3'	Sed. as above. Contact with lava 111.3							

Latitude: 21+00S on Line 7+50W
 Departure: -
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 180°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 1

Scale Number: KL-8 (10)
 Commenced: 21/9/62
 Finished: 22/9/62
 Depth: 253'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Oz. Au.		
220.0	222.0	Gabbro - coarse grained									Spec. 223.7'
222.0	223.7	Quartz									Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of C.A.
223.7	233.2	Gabbro, med. grained, gneissic, chloritic									Core lost 223.7-233.2, 1.9'. Core lost 233.2-242.4, 0.5'.
233.2	236.6	Becomes very schistose gabbro - trace of sulphides									Spec. @ 237.5'
236.6	237.6	Siliceous gabbro "bleached" green, and brown biotite spotted. minor Py, <1%									Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis.
237.6	242.3	Altered siliceous zone - gneissosity destroyed - granular-qtz with sharp contact. Gradually increases to siliceous knotty texture from 233.0°									Spec. @ 253.0'
242.3	255'	Knotty gneissic gabbro to 244 - decreases in grain size with faint and small knots									Note all angles measured in a counter clockwise direction except where indicated as reverse, clockwise.
-	255'	END OF HOLE									Core recovery 94.6%

Latitude: 21+00W on L.40 N
 Departure: 130'N.
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 120°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 3 EXT.

(1)

Hole Number: KL-11
 Commenced: 9/8/62
 Finished: 12/8/62
 Depth: 433'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
0'	15'	OVERBURDEN									95.0% core recovery
15'	31.5'	LAVA - or Qtz-Hb-Schist with Qtz. & Carb. Stringers; flg. crenulated in places, but average dip is 65° to core axis - 25.1'-25.2' - massive sulphide veinlet - Po & Py									SPEC @ 20.0
31.5'	35.0'	LAVA - with increase in Quartz-Carbonate; green amphibole xtals dissem. through Qtz-Carb. zones; - in places appearing gabbroic - traces of Po & Py									SPEC @ 36.0'
35.0'	36.5'	Quartz-Sericite-Schist - banded at 65° to core axis - sulphides - Nil									
36.5'	40.0'	Qtz-Mica-Biotite-Amphibole-Schist to Gneiss: Schistosity @ 60° to core axis - Sulphides, trace, with Qtz-veins + traces of Po, Py disseminated	B-2103	39.6'	42.4'	0.03	-	-	Tr	2.8'	SPEC @ 37.5'
40.0'	42.5'	Qtz Carbonate-Zone-fractured - 20-30% Po, Trace of Cpy dissem. 40.0' - 40.2' - massive Po.									
42.5'	53.5'	Altered Gabbro - up to 10 or 15% sulphides disseminated, mainly Po and a trace Cpy. - faintly gneissic @ 45-50° to core	B-2104	45.0'	50.0'	0.04	-	-	Tr	5.0'	

Latitude: 21+00W on L.40N
 Departure: 130°N
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 120°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKEGrid No. 3 EXT

Hole Number: KL-11
 Commenced: 9/8/62
 Finished: 12/8/62
 Depth: 433'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Oz. Au.		
		axis in places.	B-2105	50.2'	60.2'	0.01	-	-	Tr.	10.0'	
53.5'	65.0'	LAVA - numerous Qtz-Carbonate stringers; banding @ 70° to core axis	B-2106	60.2'	65.2'	0.02	-	-	Tr.	5.0'	
65.0'	67.0'	Qtz-Carb-Biotite with some Amphibolite. 65.5'-65.6'- slaty zone - 90% Po, Py - only a trace of Cpy - smaller slaty zone elsewhere - up to 50% sulphides- Avg. overall	B-2107	65.2'	67.2'	0.02	-	-	Tr.	2.0'	
67.0'	70.0'	LAVA - finely laminated - 69.5' - 69.6' - slaty zone - up to 70% Po. - only traces of sulphides elsewhere									
70.0'	81.0'	Qtz-Mica-Schist to Gneiss - a few slaty zones up to 77.0' with 20-30% Po. -77.0' - 81.0' - gneissic, crenulated	B-2108	70.5'	76.9'	0.03	-	-	Nil	6.4'	SPEC @ 79.0'
		increase in slaty material and up to 50% Po, with a trace of Cpy throughout.	B-2109	76.9'	81.0'	0.15'	-	Nil	Tr	4.1'	SPEC @ 81.0'
81.0'	129.6'	LAVA - laminated @ 65° to core axis, crenulated from 95'-115'									SPEC @ 91.0'
129.6'	133.8'	Highly altered - Lava - much Biotite 129.6'-127.0' - up to 50% Po, trace Cpy only minor amounts (<5%) elsewhere	B-2110	129.6'	133.8'	0.05	-	-	Tr	4.2'	SPEC @ 132.5'

Latitude: 21+00W on L.40N
 Departure: 130'N
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 120°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 3 EXT

(3)

Hole Number: KL-11
 Commenced: 9/8/62
 Finished: 12/8/62
 Depth: 433'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Oz. Au.		
133.8'	138.0'	QUARTZ-CARBONATE- ZONE Traces of sulphides - Zinc? throughout	B-2111	133.8'	137.7'	-	-	Nil	Tr.	3.9'	Spec. @ 135.4'
138.0'	162.7'	Lava - laminated @ 75-80° to core axis									
162.7'	163.8'	Slaty-Qtz-Mica-Gneiss - up to 90% sulphides - Po. & Py.	B-2112	162.7'	163.8'	0.10	Tr	-	Tr.	1.1'	
163.8'	167.0'	Qtz-Mica (Biotite)-Talc-Schist - Sulphides - Nil									
167.0'	169.5'	LAVA - Laminated, as above									
169.5'	170.5'	BRECCIATED, SLATY-Qtz-CARB Zone - up to 90% Po, Py, with only a trace of Cpy.	B-2114	169.5'	170.5'	0.08	0.04	-	Tr.	0.5'	
170.5'	190.1'	Qtz-BIOTITE-TALC-SCHIST- up to 20% Sulphides from 170.5'-173.0' 173.0'-190.1' - Sulphides - Nil	B-2115	170.5'	171.9'	0.04	-	-	Nil	1.1'	Spec @ 188.0'
190.1'	192.1'	QUARTZ-CARB-VEINLET - 191.0'-192.0' - up to 80% Po., Py, & trace Cpy. -190.1-191.0' up to 20% sulphides	B-2116	190.1'	192.1'	0.25	-	-	Tr	2.0'	Spec. @ 191.0'
192.1'	379.0'	LAVA - avg.dip - 65°-70°- to core axis - 232.6'-233.5' - gabbroic, gradational contact - crenulated from 266.0'-269.0'; 365.0'-368.0'; 304.0'-312.0'; 315.0'-322.0'									Spec. @ 300.0' Spec. @ 3.68.0'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

-----itu 350' Az 270° from TAG 1082

OR

-----Property 1.25N - 1+50 W

Elevation: _____

Azimuth: 90°

Dip: 50°

Property: ROZELA LAKE

GRID NO. 3' EXT.

Hole No: KL-12

Completed: 7/9/62

Finished: 9/9/52

Depth: 430.0'

Logged by: P.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
0'	10.0'	OVERBURDEN									
10.0'	13.5'	Qtz-Amphibole Gneiss-Chloritic, fine grained - dark grey green - faintly bedded (gneissosity). Cleavage parallel to above. May be lava.									Gneissosity 70° from normal plane of core axis. Core lost 10-13.5', 0.9' Spec. @ 13.6'
13.5'	18.0'	Becomes coarser grained gabbroic-like.									No core lost Gneissosity 70° from normal plane of core.
18.0'	22.0'	Becomes slightly spotted - rich in amph., chloritic									Core lost 18.0-22.0', 0.6'.
22.0'	27.0'	As above									Gneissosity 50° from normal plane of core axis.
27.0'	31.0'	Very fine grained - chloritic - basaltic.									Core lost 22.0-27.0; 0.5'. Spec @ 26.0'
31.0'	37.0'	As above - slightly coarser grd. and gneissic. Amph. not heavily altered. Basaltic. Qtz vein 36.0-36.5' " " 36.5-37.0' with minor Sulphides.									Core lost 27.0-31.0' - 0.8'. Core lost 31.0-37.0-0.7 Gneissosity 50° from normal plane of C.A.
37.0	40.5	as above									No core lost. Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of C.A.
40.5	48.0	As above - occasional Qtz stringer-gneissic but no bedding apparent. Minor sulphides - spotty.									Gneissosity 60° from normal plane of core axis. No core lost.

350' Az. 270° from TAG 1082
or L.25N - 1+50 W

Azimuth: 90°
Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE - Grid No. 3 EXT.

Hole No.: KL-12 (2)
Commenced: 7/9/62
Finished: 9/9/52
Depth: 430.0'
Logged by: F.J.Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results		Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.	Width	Remarks
				From	To						
48.0'	50.5'	Very fine grained, hard, dark green qtz amphibole slightly altered - minor thin stringers of Po & Py									
50.5'	51.5'	Near massive sulphides. 80% Po, 1% Cpy. Cpy as fine stringers and diss. specks in po.	1735	50.5'	51.5'	0.20	0.02	Nil	Tr	1.0'	Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis. No core lost 48-58.4'
51.5'	58.4'	Qtz amphibole - f.g. with thin qtz stringers, mostly amphibole, little qtz. evident, similar to a basalt.									No core lost 58.4-68.6
58.4'	68.5'	as above									
68.5'	76.4'	Similar to above to 70.0'. Drag folded & crenulated qtz stringers. At banding disappears and becomes lighter qtzitic. 76.4-78.4'									
78.4'	81.4'	Diss. Po. 5% Cpy 4% in highly altered and sheared. Quartzitic - brown biotite. Becomes quartzitic 20% Po, 4% Cpy 78.4'-79.7' Diss. to 81.4'	1736	78.4'	81.4'	0.03	-	-	Tr	3.0'	Core lost 78.9'-88.0', 0.7'-88.0', 0.7'. Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis.
81.0'	83.0'	As before. sulphides.									
83.0'	98.4'	As before - qtz stringers abundant 91.0'-92.0' Qtz. Parallel to core 94.0-95.0'									No core lost 88.0'-98.4' Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a.

350' Az. 270° from TAG 1082

or L.25 N - 1+50 W

Azimuth: 90°

Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE - Grid No. 3 A1T

Hole No: KL-12 (3)
 Commenced: 7/9/62
 Finished: 9/9/62
 Depth: 430'
 Logged by: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au		
98.4'	109.0'	Becomes quartzitic - no stringers - minor thin sulphide stringers. 108-110' - 2-5% Po - trace Cpy									
109.0'	114.8'	As above.									
114.8'	120.9'	Heavily diss. sulphides in a qtz knotty gneiss to a qtz breccia - pieces of qtz & gneiss, minor carb at 119.0' - 60° Po, 1% Cpy (usually in fractures).	1737	114.8'	120.9'	0.20	0.01'	Tr.	Tr.	4.1'	Spec @ 117.5' Spec @ 120.9' No core lost 119.5'-130'
120.9'	123.9'	Highly altered - brown biotite, qtz, chlorite.									
123.9'	125.6'	Patchy diss. of sulphides, Po-15-20% - calcite veining frequent (sed.)	1738	123.9'	125.6'	0.16	Tr	-	Nil	1.7'	Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of core axis.
125.6'	126.6'	Qtz-minor sulphides									
126.6'	130.0'	Qtzitic altered sed. with minor sulphides.									Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis
130.0'	130.8'	Massive 80% sulphides, minor cpy. in breccia.	1739	130.0'	133.3'	0.14	0.02	Nil	Tr.	3.3'	No core lost 130-140.5' Spec. @ 134.8
130.8'	133.3'	As above massive zone.									
133.3'	142.0'	Med. grained gabbro - gneissic but becomes fine grained-amphibole rich faintly banded - lighter colour chloritic to 142.0'									No core lost - 140.5'-149.7'

350' Az. 270° from TAG 1082
 or L.25 N - 1+50 W
 Azimuth: 90°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE - Grid No. 3 E.T.

Hole No: KL-12
 Commenced: 7/9/62 (4)
 Finished 9/9/62
 Depth 430'
 Logged by: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Oz. Au.		
142.0	149.7	Highly banded with carb, brown biotite and chlorite. Minor sulphides. Qtz Amphibole Gneiss (Basalt)									Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis. Spec. @ 145.0
149.7	155.3	as above									No core lost 149.7-160.0'
155.3	166.0	Amphibole rich with slight banding to 160.0' few qtz stringers.									Core lost 160-171 -0.7 Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis
166.0	167.0	Spotted & altered with minor 2-3% thin stringers Po. Minor Cpy Slightly coarser grained, but similar to qtz amphibole gneiss. (basalt)									No core lost 171-176.5'
167.0	174.5	as above									
174.5	175.5	Altered with minor sulphides - brown biotite.									
175.5	176.5	Carb & quartz biotite stringers.									
176.5	177.5	Altered, loose, gneissic generally equigranular qtz biotite (carb) with minor po stringers.									Gneissosity 10° from normal plane of core axis.
177.5	186.5	Much the same as before - minor stringers qtz amphibole gneiss (basalt) hard unaltered minor cross stringers qtz-carb and parallel to gneissosity - becomes rather massive-like f.g. with little gneissosity.									Core gain 176.5'-186.5' 0.4' Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis

350' Az. 270° from TAG 1082
 or L.25 N - 1+50 W

Azimuth: 90°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE - Grid No. 3 640

Hole No: KL-12 (5)
 Commenced: 7/9/62
 Finished: 9/9/62
 Depth: 430'
 Logged by: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
186.5'	195.0'	As above Stringers common - every 1/2 inch (Qtz-amp)									Core lost 186.5'-195.0' 0.5' Gneissosity 20° from normal of core axis
195.0'	205.0'	As above. Stringers common parallel to and 90° to gneissosity									fold 197.5-198.5' Gneissosity 0 to 70 from normal plane of core axis
205.0'	215.0'	As above - (qtz) amphibole gneiss (basalt)									Core gain 195.0-205.0' - 0.2' Spec. @ 215°
215.0'	225.0'	As above									Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis.
225.0'	235.0'	As above. Stringers less abundant									Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of core axis
235.0'	237.5'	Highly altered - brown biotite, carb, talc.									No core lost. Folding @ 235.0'-237.5'
237.5'	345.4'	Rather massive - like little stringers									Core ? not lost
245.4'	253.5'	Minor biotite, carb. alteration - becoming slightly coarser grained Low cross-cutting fractures.									Core lost 245.4-253.5' 0.3'
253.5'	265.0'	As above. Becoming slightly spotted gneiss at 257.6 with faint qtz stringers - chloritic becoming coarser to 264.0' more like fine to medium grained Gabbro.									Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis at 255' Spec. 263.2'
265.0'	274.5'	Becoming fine grained with frequent occurrence of qtz stringers									Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis

350' Az. 270° from TAG 1082
or L.25N - 1+50 W

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Hole No. KL-12 (6)
Commenced: 7/9/62
Finished: 9/9/62
Depth: 430'
Logged by: F.J. Kozela

Azimuth: 90°
Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE - Grid No. 3 EXT.

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au		
		(qtz, amphibole) basalt									Core lost 274.5'-285.0' 0.6'
274.5'	285.0'	As above - minor alteration (chloritic qtz stringers)									Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of core axis
285.0'	295.5'	As above - minor qtz to 286.0' - few to 295.0' - (stringers)									Core lost 285.0'-285.5' 0.2'
295.5'	305.5'	As above - numerous qtz stringers, harder - altered - chloritic minor sulphides - qtz-secondary									Gneissosity 30° from nor- mal plane of core axis.
305.5'	316.0'	Rock as above - minor sulph. with sec. qtz stringers - also primary stringers syngenetic (shearing)									Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis. No core lost.
316.0'	318.0'	Quartz									No core lost 316-326.1
318.0'	326.5'	As above - qtz common throughout									
326.5'	326.6'	qtz with lava									
326.6'	326.9'	Carb (calcite)									
326.9'	527.1'	Quartz - Traces of Po and Cpy < 10% in above									Gneissosity 50° from normal plane of core axis
327.1'	337'	Same rock - stringers not so common.									Gneissosity 20° from nor- mal plane of c.a. at 336'
337.0'	345.0'	Same rock - altered brown biotite f.g. chloritic (344.5-345.0')									No core lost 337-345.0'

I 350' Az, 270° from TAG 1082
 or L.25 N = 1+ 50 W

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Hole No. KL-12 (8)
 Commenced: 7/9/92
 Finished: 9/9/92
 Depth: 430'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

Property: KOZELA LAKE - Grid No. 3 EXT-

Azimuth: 90°
 Dip: 50°

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
410.0'	418.0'	three 1/2" stringers, po, py. (cont'd)									Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis. Core lost 410.0-418.0' 0.9'
418.0'	426.0'	As above Py stringers 1% 425.0 to 426.0'									No core lost 418.0-426.0' Gneissosity 50° from normal plane of c.a. Spec. @ 428.0'
426.0'	430.0'	As above - Qtz - 426'-426.3' becomes rather granular massive-like - gabbroic - highly altered (folds).									No core lost 426.0-430.0' Gneissosity 50° from normal plane of core axis.
430.0'		END OF HOLE Core Recovery 98.0%									Note angle measured from normal plane in a counter clockwise direction - except as indicated as reverse, in a clockwise direction.

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: Line 10S, 9+50E (TAG 1054)
 Departure: 100' 210°
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 30°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE, Grid No. 3

Hole Number: KL 13
 Commenced: Sept. 15/62
 Finished: Sept. 16/62
 Depth: 262.4'
 Logged By: F. J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
0'	8.0'	OVERBURDEN									
8.0'	14.0'	Dark green, fine grained, highly sheared, gneissic, laminated with thin qtz stringers - chloritic Lava - Basalt									Gneissosity 10° from normal plane of core axis. Core lost 8-14, 3.4'
14.0'	15.0'	As above									Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis. Core lost 14-15, 0.2'
15.0'	18.0'	Qtz carb. stringers developed parallel to gneissosity - OK as above.									Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis. Core lost 15-18' - 1.8'
18.0'	20.0'	As above.									Gneissosity 35° from normal plane of core axis. Core lost 18-20', 1.0'
20.0'	21.0'	As above, carb. stringers become progressively pronounced, (wider), chloritization heavier.									Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis. Core lost 20-21', 0.3'
21.0'	23.0'	As above At 22.3' qtz vein with minor sulphides (0.1' wide)									Gneissosity 25° from normal plane of core axis. Core lost 21-23, 0.4'
23.0'	26.0'	As above. Qtz-Carb stringers more numerous e.g. 5 stringers 1 mm. wide per .1'									Gneissosity 25° from normal plane of core axis. Core lost 21-23', 0.4'
26.0'	30.0'	Qtz carb vein, .1' wide, with minor spect of po, cpy rock as above.									Core lost 23-26-0.1' Crenulations begin at 25.5' Gneissosity 25° from normal plane of core axis. Core lost 26-30', 0.5'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: Line 10S, 9+50E (Tag 1054)
 Departure: 100'-210'
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 30°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE, Grid No.3

Hole Number: KL 13 (2)
 Commenced: 15/9/62
 Finished: 16/9/62
 Depth: 262.4'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au		
30.0'	33.0'	Qtz-Carb stringer network to 50% of rock. As above.									Core picked up 30-33, 0.3
33.0'	35.0'	As above - less qtz carb veins & stringers.									Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of core axis.
35.0'	39.9'	As above - less qtz carb stringers)									Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of core axis.
39.9'	43.0'	As above. Crenulations from 41.0'-42.0'									Core lost 33-35', 1.0'
43.0'	48.5'	Carb 1 to 2' @ 43.2'. Same rock as above.									Gneissosity 25° from normal plane of c.a. @ 36.0'
48.5'	53.0'	As above. Carb-stringers absent chloritization increases. Crenulated @ 51.3'. Carb stringers .1 @ 51.8' minor sulphides.									Core lost 35-39', 1.6'
53.0'	57.0'	As above - decrease in carb. stringers.									Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of c.a. 41.0-42.0'
61.0'	63.9'	As above.									Core lost 39.9'-43', 0.3'
63.9'	69.0'	As above.									Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis.
											Core lost 43.0-48.5, 1.7'
											Gneissosity 10° from normal plane of c.a. @ 48.5'
											Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of c.a. @ 48.8' (crenulated)
											Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of c.a. @ 51.8'
											Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of core axis.
											Core lost 53.0-57.0, 1.5'
											Spec. 57.0'
											Gneissosity 35° from normal plane of c.a. Core lost 57.0'-61.0', 0.2'
											Gneissosity 50° from normal plane of c.a. @ 61.0'
											Core lost 61-63.9, 1.8'
											Core lost 63.9-69.0, 3.1'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: Line 10S, 9+50E (Tag 1054)
 Departure: 100'-210°
 Elevation: _____
 Azimuth: 30°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE, Grid No. 3

Hole Number: _____
 Commenced: KL-13 (3)
 Finished: 15/9/62
 Depth: 16/9/62
 Logged By: 262.4'
F. J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results					Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au	oz. Ag.		
69.0'	69.2'	Approaching contact area - carbonitized lava - vuggy - solution cavities minor sulphides py, po. oxidized - crumbly - amorphous dark grey										Structure 40° from normal plane of core axis. Core lost 69.0-73.4, 2.5' grinding @ 69.0'
69.2'	69.8'	Coarsely granular amorph. - carb-sericite (Feldspar) Schist - finely dissem. sulph. po, cpy, py (10-15%) vuggy at both ends.	1760	69.3'	70.3'	0.09	0.01	-	-	Tr	1.0'	Probably much lost & ground core.
69.8'	70.6'	Crs grained - light green grey - carbonitized gabbro sericite schist minor sulphides dissem.	1761	70.3'	71.5'	0.37	0.04	Nil	0.005	Tr	1.2	Structure 60° from normal plane of core axis.
70.6'	71.6'	Near massive sulphides 80-95% po, cpy 1-2% in highly brecciated slate - 2 generations of po, 1st replacing po - 2nd fracture filling & replacing former - only small black frags 1/2"-1/4" of slate. Remain. - secondary qtz carb - grinding above and below section.										Structure 40° from normal plane of core axis
71.6'	71.8'	Med-grd-gneissic gabbro highly altered carb - chl. ^{ser} with finely diss. sulph., po, py (cpy ?) 5-7%										Gneissosity 40° from normal of core axis. Note core missing.
71.8'	73.4'	Lost core in section from 69-73.4'										Lost core 73.4-78, 1.2'
73.4'	74.4'	Highly altered - m.g. gabbro - carbonitized vuggy - solution cavities light grey - 50% mafics	1762	73.4	74.0	0.14	Nil	-	Tr		1.0'	Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: Line 10S, 9+50E (Tag 1054)Departure: 100'-210°Elevation: Azimuth: 30°Dip: 50°Property: KOZELA LAKE - Grid No. 3Hole Number: KL-13 (4)
Commenced: 15/9/62
Finished: 16/9/62
Depth: 262.4'
Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results					Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Oz. Au	Oz. Ag		
73.4'	74.4'	Gneissic - minor sulphides, po, py, cpy 5-10%.										
74.4'	74.8'	Near massive sulphides 80-90% 60-70% py; 10-20% po (Cpy?) Gabbroic texture - qtz mafics - carb blebs	1763	74.0	76.5'	0.14	Tr	Nil	Tr.	Tr.	2.5'	
74.8	75.4'	Massive pyritic with minor euhedral py cubes at top - decreasing to massive po, cpy as diss. & around qtz & Hb grains 1-5% cpy of massive po particularly last .1'	1764	76.5'	78.0	0.11	Nil	-	Tr		1.5'	
75.4'	76.9'	Predominately white qtz with po & cpy filling fracture & vugs. Replacing qtz? (sed?) 10-20% - grinding										Note missing core.
76.9	78.0	Lost core										
78.0	79.1'	Qtz-biotite gneiss to chl. sericite schist light green to white, crenulated 1.5% po, cpy, trace.	1765	78.0	79.4	0.09	-	-	Nil		1.3'	Gneissosity 60° from normal plane of c.a. Core lost 78-87-5.0'
79.1	79.3	Similar to above - sheared quartzitic slate - grinding										
79.3	79.5	Gabbro - highly altered m.g. with some sed. at top - gneissic qtz biotite below - carbonitization - vuggy										Gneissosity 60° from normal plane of c.a.

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: Line 10S, 9+50E (Tag 1054)
 Departure: 100'-210'
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 30°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE - Grid No. 3

Well Number: KI-13 (6)
 Completed: 15/9/62
 Drilled: 16/9/62
 Depth: 262.4'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results					Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.	oz. Ag.		
92.0'	97.0'	Brecciated slate 50-60% Po. minor Cpy <1%. Po: Cpy: 50: .01. Two phases po: 1st replacing slate fragment leaving ghosts: 2nd filling fractures & replacing it.	1768	92.0'	102.0'	0.26	0.06	Nil	Tr.	Tr.	10.0'	Gneissosity 50° from normal plane of c.a. Fracture ± 90° to gneissosity Spec. @ 92.0'
97.0'	107.0'	Same as above 60% Po: 1st & 2nd usually 1% or less cpy as thin stringers around: 2nd Po with Carb same narrow widths 5% Cpy.	1769	102.0'	112.0'	0.26	0.10	Nil	0.005		10.0'	No core lost Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of core axis
			1770	112.0'	122.0'	0.25	Tr	Nil	Tr.		10.0'	@ 106.0'
107.0'	117.4'	As above	1771	122.0'	132.0'	0.34	Tr	Nil	Tr.		10.0'	No core lost. Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of core axis.
117.4'	127.8'	As above	1772	132.0'	139.7'	0.28	0.10	Nil	Tr.		6.8	No core lost Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of core axis Spec 127.3
			(6-8)									Core lost 127.8-138.0' 0.6. Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of c.a. Note picked 0.6 core from 138.0'-148.6'
127.8'	138.0'	As above										Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of core axis Spec 127.3
138.0'	139.7'	As above										Core lost 127.8-138.0' 0.6. Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of c.a. Note picked 0.6 core from 138.0'-148.6'
139.7'	141.7'	Qtz biotite gneiss - quartzitic Intercalated with carb. and shaly stringers - shale often replaced by carb. Po & Cpy Po 25-30% Cpy <1%. Po: Cpy: 5:0.5. Sulphides as stringers & segregations along limbs and at noses of folds.	1773	139.7'	142.1'	0.17	Nil	Nil	Tr.		2.1'	Gneissosity 5° from normal of core axis. Spec. 139.7 Gneissosity 60° from normal plane of c.a. & reverse about 30° fold @ 142.2'

Latitude: Line 10S, 9+50E (Tag 1054)Departure: 100'-210°Elevation: -Azimuth: 30°Dip: 50°DIAMOND DRILL RECORDProperty: KOZELA LAKE - GRID No. 3Hole Number: KL-13 (7)Commenced: 15/9/62Finished: 16/9/62Depth: 262.4'Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
141.7	142.2	Rather heavily diss. sulph. 80-90% pyrite (euhedral) 25-30%, Po. 40-50% probably replaced slate - Cpy minor Cpy increases between 142.2 and 139.7									Gneissosity 90° from normal plane of core axis & reverse 20°-fold @ 143.7'
142.2'	143.7	Light grey- fine grained - Qtz. biotite gneiss crenulated parallel to bedding 20% Po, < 1% Cpy, Po-20% Cpy < 1%									
143.7	148.0	As above	1774	142.1	153.6	0.06	-	-	Tr	11.0'	Core lost 148-158.9-0.8' Spec @ 152.0'
148.0	158.1	As above - 10-15% Po < 1% Cpy - more shaly starting 158.1'									Gneissosity 25° from normal plane of c.a. @ 148.0'
158.1	159.6	Interbanded quartzitic & slaty sedimentary gneisses - sulphides to 15% minor cpy. - grinding									Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of core axis at 150.0'
159.6'	161.0	Minor sheared (Gabbro?) with some garnetiferous gabbro - Qtz biotite gneiss - minor sulphides.									Core lost 158.1-170-8.7' Lost pull but recovered small portion.
160.6	161.0	Minor sheared (gabbro?) with some Garnetiferous gabbro - Qtz. biotite gneiss - minor sulphides.									Gneissosity 0 to 10° from normal plane of core axis
161.0'	170.0'	Core lost in section 159.6'-170.0'									Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of c.a.

Line 10S, 9+50E (Tag 1054)

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 100°-210°
 Departure: -
 Elevation: 30°
 Azimuth: 50°
 Dip: -

Property: KOZELA LAKE - GRID No. 3

Hole Number: KL-13(8)
 Commenced: 15/9/62
 Finished: 16/9/62
 Depth: 262.4'
 Logged By: P.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
170.0'	180.5'	Garnet,qtz, biotite gneiss 10% garnets. Fine pin head - size evenly distributed - Gabbro starts @ 180.4' 70% mafics									Core lost 170-185-1.5' Spec @ 176.0' Spec. @ 188.0'
180.5'	190.9'	Gabbro - m.g.gneissic 50-70% mafics									Core lost 180.6-190.9-0.3 Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis Spec @ 200'
190.9'	191.6'	Gabbro									Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of core axis
191.6'	191.9'	Quartz									Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis
191.9'	196.6'	Rather fine grained chloritic lava-like									@ 196.0' Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of c.a.
196.6'	201.4'	Garnetiferous qtz biotite gneiss-chloritic 70-80% garnets crenulations and banding starts @199.0'									
201.4'	211.8'	Much the same as above Qtz @ 206.0' & 210.0'-crenulations with the latter.									Core lost 201.4-211.8,0.4 Gneissity 30° from normal plane of core axis
211.8'	222.0'	Finely banded-garnetiferous qtz. biotite gneiss. Garnets in concentrations decrease.									Core lost 211.0'-222.0, 0.4'
222.0'	229.9'	Garnet qtz, biotite gneiss inter-banded with quartzite & qtz biotite gneiss -Garnets stop at 226.3' increasing in qtz. fractures parallel to core axis (qtz)									Gneissosity to 228.7' Spec 218.0'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: Line 10S, 9+50E (Tag 1054)

Departure: 100'-210'

Elevation: -

Azimuth: 30°

Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE - GRID No. 3

Hole Number: KL-13(9)

Commenced: 15/9/62

Finished: 16/9/62

Depth: 262.4'

Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
229.9'	232.2'	Fine grained, gneissic, dark green minor diss. sulph. Py - Cpy? basalt.									Gneissosity & contact 30° from normal plane of core axis Spec. @ 232.2
232.2	234.2	as above									
234.2	235.4	Qtz biotite gneiss minor garnets									Contact & gneissosity 50° from normal plane of core axis
235.4'	242.0'	Qtz-barren. Basalt? @ 237.3'									
242.0'	252.0'	Fine grained, dark green, basalt - chloritic with frequent stringers of Qtz. and Qtz carb. e.g. @ 243.5', 246.0' 257.3'. Ground core									Gneissosity 35° from normal plane of core axis. Core lost 242.0'-252.0, 0.7'
252.0'	262.4'	As above - becoming slightly gneissic									Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core Note angles measured in a counter-clockwise direction except where indicates as reverse - then measured in the clockwise direction
	264.4'	END OF HOLE									
				Core Recovery 83.0%							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 10S, 9+50E (Tag 1054)

Departure: 100' - 210°

Elevation: Az. 30°

~~azimuth~~ Dip: 70°

Dip: _____

Property: KOZELA LAKE

GRID NO. 3

Hole Number: KL 13A

Commenced: 16/9/62

Finished: 17/9/62

Depth: 158'

Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
0'	6'	OVERBURDEN									
6'	12'	Rather massive fine to med. ground gabbro-gneissic - oxidization on fractures. - fractures parallel to core axis.									Core lost 6-12', 4.6'
12'	14.5'	Very fine grained, dark green basalt with thin qtz stringers parallel to gneissosity & lamina. Minor po with qtz stringers.									Gneissosity +30° from normal plane of c.a. Core lost 12-14.5, 2'0
14.6	19	As above									Gneissosity +45° from normal plane of c.a. @ 16.5' becomes parallel to core axis. core ground 16.5-19.0'
19.0	24.5	As above - Qtz-carb stringers parallel to gneissosity-same 1"wide									Core lost 14.5-19, 1.5'
24.5'	28'	Qtz-carb stringer parallel to gneissosity and lamina to 2"									Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of core axis. Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of core axis
28'	31'	Sand.-mills chloritic qtz-carb. stringers parallel to gneissosity minor cpy, Po.									@ 28'. Core lost 19-24.5 0.5'. Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of c.a Core lost 24.5-28.01'
31'	35.9'	Same as above									Core lost 28.0-31', 0.2' Gneissosity 10° to 0° from normal plane of c.a

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 10S, 9+50E (Tag 1054)

Departure: 100'-210'

Elevation: -

Azimuth: 30°

Dip: 70°

Property: KOZELA LAKE -GRID No. 3

Hole Number: KL-13A (3)

Commenced: 16/9/62

Finished: 17/9/62

Depth: 158'

Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
65.5'	66.0'	Two generations Po: 1st replacing (cont'd) slate; 2nd replacing former & filling fractures about 1:1 ratio.									Specimen @ 65.5'
66.0'	66.2'	Carb. area - with black m.g. biotite. Qtz fragments & shale ghosts 10-15% Sulph. Po - Cpy?	1777	64.0'	68.9'	0.25	0.07	Nil	Tr	4.5'	Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of c.a.- probably some core loss
66.2'	66.8'	As above									
66.8'	67.0'	Sulphides to 30% Cpy - 2.5%									
67.0'	68.8'	Massive Po. - broken core fracture with Fe. oxides on faces - minor Cpy.									
68.8'	70.3'	Massive Po but ground, probably some missing									Specimen @ 69.0'
70.3'	70.4'	Qtz-feldspar 50:50									
70.4'	70.9'	Near massive Po blebs with Carb. & Qtz in a "gabbro-like" rock - Po 50% Cpy 1-2%.									
72.0'	72.3'	Feldspar 50:50 with 10% Po.									Core lost 71-72 & other footages as recorded.
72.3'	72.9'	Massive Po.									
72.9'	73.9'	Qtz feldspar - fine grained - 50% Po, 10-15% Cpy replacing Po.	1778	68.9	74.9'	0.37	Tr	Nil	Tr	3.8'	

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 10S, 9+50E (Tag 1054)
 Departure: 100'-210°
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 30°
 Dip: 70°

Property: KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 3

Core Number: KL-13A(5)
 Commenced: 16/9/62
 Finished: 17/9/62
 Depth: 158'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks	
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.			oz. Ag.
77.5'	77.7'	Massive Po.	1779	74.9	77.5'	0.97'	Nil	Nil	0.005		2.6'	Structure 0° from normal plane of core axis
77.7'	78.0'	near massive sulphides 50% Py 25% Po Minor cpy 25% feldspar large crystals - like masses of Py										Structure 0° from normal plane of core axis
78.0'	80.4'	Near massive sulph in sill slate to slate breccia: 1st phase - po replaces slate - 2nd phase Po replaces former and fracture filling 20-30% of former, minor later cpy 1%. Cpy as stringers around slate & 2nd po with carb qtz tourmaline & feldspar.										
80.4'	85.5'	As above										Structure 40° from normal plane of core axis
85.5'	87.5'	As above										
89.5'	92.7'	Slightly more massive - 2nd Po - 40-50% minor cpy < 1% with minor Qtz felds carb stringers .5' massive.	1780	77.5'	87.5'	0.23	0.06	Nil	Tr		10.0'	
92.7'	92.8'	Qtz fold with 1-2% cpy										
92.8'	96'	as before. Massive po in silc. slate to slate - cpy 1%	1781	87.5'	96.5'	0.37	0.09	Nil	Tr		10.0'	Spec. @ 93.2'
96.0'	106'	As above - massive po in slate with .5 to 1% cpy as stringers (two phases of Po)	1782	96.5'	107.3'	0.31	0.08	Nil	0.005	Tr	10.0'	Structure 0° from normal plane of core axis Core lost 96-106, 1.4'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

10S, 9+50E (Tag 1054)

100' - 210°

-

30°

70°

Project KOZELA LAKE - GRID No. 3

KL-13A (6)

16/9/62

17/9/62

158'

Logged By F.J. Kozela

M	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu	Ni	Zn	oz Ag		
106'	116'	As above - Massive Po or shale 1st phase Po 70-90%; 2nd phase Po 20-30%, Cpy .5-1%	1783	107.3'	118.4'	0.30	Tr	Nil	0.005	10.1'	Specimen @ 106' Core lost 106-116, .8'
116'	122'	as above									Core lost 116-122 - 2.4'
122'	132'	as above	1784	121.2	131.2	0.34	Tr	Nil	Tr	Tr	Core lost 122-132 - 1.2'
132'	137.5'	as above - ground folds									Lost core 132.0+137.5, 0.8
137.5'	146.7'	as above, 2nd phase Po to 80% spotted with patches of carb-qtz with cpy to 1% cpy 1-2% over .3'	1785	131.2'	139.2'	0.29	0.08	Nil	0.005		No lost core (137.5-148') Note .3 picked up next
			1786	139.2	145.7	0.23	Tr	Nil	Nil	Tr	7.5' run. Structure 0° to normal plane of C.A. Spec. 146.7
146.7'	148.0'	Qtz biotite gneiss fine grained 5% Po; 1-.5% Cpy- carb with minor sulph. in rim-like stringers - interbedded with qtzitic slate - Sulphide 2nd phase with po:cpy:.50:1.0	1787	145.7'	153.4'	0.08	Nil	Nil	Nil		Structure 0° to normal plane of core axis Structure gneissosity 7.7' became parallel to core axis fold (148.2')
148.0'	153.4'	Becomes coarser grained interbanded with quartz & qtzite slate - sulph. 5-10% - cpy 1-2% carb. Qtz stringers									
153.4'	158'	Garnetiferous Qtz biotite gneiss - f.g. with minor sulphides									Spec. 156.2' Gneissosity 10° from nor- mal plane of core axis
158.0'	END OF HOLE		Core recovery 86.0%				Note all angles are measured in a counter clockwise direction, ex- cept where indicated.				

Latitude: 10+50 S on L.12+50E
 Departure: 80' Az 270°
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 55°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE

Grid No. 1

(3)
 Hole Number: KL-14
 Commenced: 19/7/62
 Finished: 21/7/62
 Depth: 395'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				From	To	Cu.	Ni.		
79.0'	83.5'	Qtz-Amp(Hb)-Schist- with Chlorite Schist - a few Biotite Zones - Qtz-Carb-Stringers -81.5-82.0-Quartzite veinlets with Carb. - pale green with impurities contact @ 90° to Schistosity - Schistosity @ 50° to core axis - somewhat spotted with chlorite in places; some Po. & Cpy.							Spec @ 80.0'
83.5'	86.2'	Qtz.Biotite Schist - a few zones with amphibole - schistosity @ 50° to core axis - Sulphides - Nil							Spec @ 84.5'
86.2'	91.0'	Qtz-Amp-Chlorite-Schist to Gneiss Gabbroic - trace of Cpy @ 88.0' -89.0'-89.3'-Qtz-Biotite-Schist high Quartz-Carbonate -Schistosity @ 50°-55° to core axis							Spec. @ 90.5'
91.0'	94.0'	Qtz-Biotite-Schist-high Quartz - Carbonate - well banded - some garnets - stretched - some Amp & Chlorite in places - some Po, with a Quartz vein - 15%.							
94.0'	130.0'	Qtz-Amp-Schist-f.g. - faintly banded to gneissic - Gabbro - a few Quartz-Carb veinlets - 98.0'-98.6' - Quartz-Biotite-Schist -after 120.0' f.g. appearing almost andesitic - 60° to core axis.							115.0'-122.0'-1.5'core lost - Spec @ 128.0'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: **Line 7+50 W Grid I**
 Departure: **@ 26+005**
 Elevation: **-**
 Azimuth: **180°**
 Dip: **50°**

Property: **KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 1**

Drill Number: **KL-17 (3)**
 Commenced: **23/9/62**
 Finished: **25/9/62**
 Depth: **204'**
 Logged By: **F.J. Kozela**

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Gr Au.		
60.5'	61.0'	Garnetiferous gneiss									
61.0'	64.0'	Lava - chloritic-gneissic slightly coarser grained									
64.0'	67.0'	Highly altered lava - brown biotite carb talc - banded nature									
67.0'	70.0'	Very siliceous qtz biotite gneiss (impure) trace of sulphides									Core lost 70.0-79.0; 0.40'
70.0'	70.1'	Quartz									Spec. @ 74.0'
70.1'	77.6'	Lava fine grained, minor stringers parallel to gneissosity, few cross stringers									
77.6'	78.6'	Gabbroic-like									
78.6'	78.9'	Fine grained. lava (transitional)									Core lost 79.0'-84.0', 0.3'
78.9'	79.0'	Gabbroic-like									Spec. @ 79.0'
79.0'	84.0'	Gabbroic gneissic fine grained, minor qtz stringers parallel to gneissosity and 90° to gneissosity.									Contact 70° from normal plane of c.a. 84.8'
84.0'	84.8'	Lava - gabbroic slightly chloritic									
84.8'	86.2'	Sed. - qtz biotite gneiss									
86.2'	87.4'	Gabbroic - lava - contact									Gneissosity & structure 60-70° from normal plane of core axis.

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: Line 7+50W Grid IDeparture: @ 26+00SElevation: -Azimuth: 180°Dip: 50°Property: KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 1Hole Number: KL-17 (4)Commenced: 23/9/62Depth: -- 204'Logged by: F.J. KozelaFinished: 25/9/62

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
87.4'	90.4'	Sediment qtz biotite gneiss							Core lost 92.8-95.3, 1.8'
90.4'	92.8'	Gabbroic - lava. Minor sulphides - Quartz stringers 60° to gneissosity							Core gain 95.3-101.7', 1.3'
92.8'	93.1'	Lava - f.g. chloritic							
93.1'	95.3'	Sed. Qtz biotite gneiss							
95.3'	95.5'	Sed. Qtzitic with cpy 15% over 2"							
95.5'	95.7'	Qtzitic with minor cpy < 2%							
95.7'	98.6'	Gabbroic - lava (basalt) f.g. gneissic, chloritic, numerous qtz veins - brown biotite (alteration) common.							Gneissosity 80° from normal plane of core axis.
98.6'	100.4'	Qtz barren. Very steep structure to core axis							Gneissosity 60° from normal plane of core axis (98.6)
100.4'	101.8'	Very coarse grained amphibolite - recrystallized lava - hornblende laths.							Core lost 101.8-106.3, 0.5'
101.8'	106.3'	As above. Qtz with black needles of rutile (.4) @ 106.0'							
106.3'	110.3'	Lavas, fine grained							Gneissosity 50° from nor- mal plane of core axis.
110.3'	110.5'	Highly folded sediment minor Po & Cpy in folds							Core lost 106.3-114.7; 1.8

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude Line 7+50W Grid I

Departure @ 26+00S

Elevation: -

Azimuth: 180°

Dip: ,50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE - BRID NO. 1

Hole Number KL-17 (5)

Commenced: 23/9/62

Finished: 25/9/62

Depth: 204'

Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results					Width	Remarks
				From	To	Cu.	Ni.	Zn.		
110.5'	114.7'	Lava, fine grained								
114.7'	115.3'	Sediment.								Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of c.a.
115.3'	119.7'	Gabbroic (basalt) highly altered								
119.7'	124.2'	Sediment, siliceous altered, green, chloritic, coarse grained, minor Po 1%, Cpy < 1% becomes finer grained → to lava, basalt-like								
124.2'	124.4'	Lava - basalt-like								
124.4'	125.0'	Amphibolite								
125.0'	126.0'	Lavas, minor alteration								Core lost 125-135, 2.2' Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of c.a.
126.0'	127.2'	Sediment, qtz biotite, gneiss very fine grained.								
127.2'	135.0'	Lava - with minor qtz stringers parallel to gneissosity								Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a. Note grinding 130-135.0'
135.0'	142.0'	As above								No core lost 135-142.5' Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a.
142.0'	142.2'	Qtz - minor Po and Cpy along contact edge								
142.2'	142.5'	Lava, as before								
142.5'	153.0'	Massive-like, Po stringers, becomes slightly coarse grained with very								Core lost 142.5'-153', 0.7'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: Line 7+50W - Grid No.1

Departure @ 26+00S

Elevation: -

Azimuth: 180°

Dip: 50°

Prospect: KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 1

Hole Number: KL-17(6)

Commenced: 23/9/62

Finished: 25/9/62

Depth: 204'

Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
142.5'	153.0'	faint qtz stringers - chloritic, (cont'd) brown biotite and carb (lava)									No core lost 153-163.0' Gneissosity 60° from normal plane of core axis
153.0'	156.1'	Lava altered = same as before									
163.0'	163.0'	Contact - sharp. Qtz biotite gneiss brown biotite with narrow bands of shaly rock - quartzitic - fine grd.									
164.2'	168.0'	Contact. Coarse grained, altered lava gabbroic gneissic									Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis. No core lost 163-173.1'
168.0'	169.4'	Contact - Sediment.									
169.4'	169.8'	Lava - altered chloritic									
169.8'	171.8'	Sediment with some interbedding with altered lava									
171.8'	176.7'	As above - lava									Core gain 173.1-183.5-0.5'
176.7'	177.2'	Coarse grained - gabbroic-like altered lava-chloritic transitional Grades to fine grained, basaltic- like with qtz stringers. - Same as lava described previously.									
177.2'	183.5'	Lava - unaltered with Qtz injected stringers.									Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a.
183.5'	190.0'	Lava fine grained with faint stringers, chloritic									Core gained 183.5-190'- 0.3'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude **Line 7+50W - Grid No. 1**

Departure **@ 26+00S**

Elevation: **-**

Azimuth: **180°**

Dip: **50°**

Property: **KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 1**

Core Number: **KL-17(7)**

Completed: **23/9/62**

Finished: **25/9/62**

Depth: **204'**

Logged By: **F.J. Kozela**

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				From	To	Cu	Ni		
190.0'	194.0'	Lava - coarser grained, Feldspar cross fracture (190.2') minor thin bands of sediments.							Core lost 190-194.0', 0.8'
194.0'	204.0'	Gabbroic with slightly coarser grained - occasional faint stringer and thin red qtz biotite band - each hard.							No core lost 194-204.0'
201.4'	202.6'	Minor sediment with 50% sulphides	174.2'	201.4'	202.6'	0.08'			1.2' Note all angle measured in a counter clockwise direction except where otherwise indicated.
202.6'	204.0'	Lava - fine grd, becoming coarser-gneissic							
204.0'	END OF HOLE			Core recovery 29.03%					

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 56; 150'; Az. 90°
 Departure: 60'; Az. 180°
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 47°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE

GRID NO. 3

Hole Number: KL-18
 Commenced: 19/9/62
 Finished: 20/9/62
 Depth: 201'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
0'	6.0'	Overburden									Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of c.a.
6.0'	15.0'	Dark green, highly weathered & fractured zone - finely laminated basalt, chloritic. Qtz carb stringers parallel to gneissosity-leaching & oxidation on fracture faces.									Core lost 6.0-15.0' 6.2' Note: Poor recovery due in part highly fractured in water-logged zone - creek 100' north of hole & approx 15' lower.
15.0'	18.0'	As above									Core lost 15-18; 2.3'
18.0'	19.7'	As above. Minor qtz @ 19.0' leached and oxidized									Core lost 18-19.7'; 0.4' Gneissosity 35° from normal plane of core axis
19.7'	21.5'	As above - oxidized and leached crumbly in places.									Core lost 19.7-21.5; 0.2'
21.5'	25.5'	As above. Qtz 25.2-25.3'									Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a. Spec @ 21.5'
25.5'	29.7'	As above. Weathered and leached oxidation on fractured faces.									Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a. Core lost 21.5-25.6; 1.0'
29.7'	32.5'	Solution cavities - carb leached-sulph. @ 30.2' - Pock - same - f.g., grey green banded with qtz carb. stringers parallel to gneissosity.									Core lost 25.5-29.7; 3.0' Core lost 29.7-32.5; 0.7' Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis.
32.5'	34.0'	As above. Ground pieces of core.									Core lost 32.5-34.0; +0.5'
34.0'	36.0'	As above. Ground pieces of core.									Core lost 34-36; +0.6'

Latitude: 5S, 150', Az. 90°
 Departure: 60', Az. 180°
 Elevation: 47°
 Azimuth: 50°
 Dip:

Property: KOZELA LAKE -
 GRID NO. 3

Drill Number: KL-18 (2)
 Started: 19/9/62
 Finished: 20/9/62
 Depth: 201'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Oz. Au.		
36.0'	38.0'	As above - highly fractured rock with oxidized faces-cavities							Core lost 36-38; +0.5' Gneissosity 50° from normal plane of c.a.
38.0'	41.0'	At 38.2' becomes rather siliceous, minor diss., Po. 1% rather broken core - loose - At 40.8- Po 2-5% - siliceous feldspar-carb, f.g., 1-2% Po. (Sedimentary)							Gneissosity 60° from normal plane of c.a. at 37.2' Core lost 38-41, 2.2' Gneissosity 60° from normal plane of c.a. Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of c.a. at 38.4'
41.0'	43.0'	Altered-somewhat - banded - red brown biotite largely qtz - felds. carb stringers with Po - 1-2%, vuggy in places - oxidation on fracture faces. Core lost here.							Spec. 41.3' Core lost 41-43; 0.2' Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of core axis.
43.0'	44.4'	Altered - somewhat - as above - qtz carb feld, light grey-minor diss. Po 1-3% oxidized planes							Gneissosity 90° from normal plane of core axis. at 42.7' Core lost 43-45; 0.2' Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of c.a.
44.4'	44.6'	Vuggy rock-carb-rather massive - recrystallized - black-brown colour, - brown biotite - faint fold.							Spec. 44.4'
44.6'	44.9'	As before - altered.							
44.9'	45.0'	Qtz greenish - f.g. minor sulph. in fractures - folded							
45.0'	45.3'	Qtz fractures & vuggy - weathering-minor sulphides							

No core lost 45-46.0'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 5S, 150', Az 90°
 Departure: 60', Az.180°
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 47°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 3

Core Number: KL-18 (3)
 Commenced: 19/9/62
 Finished: 20/9/62
 Depth: 201'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au		
45.3'	46.0'	Qtz-felds-with red brown biotite, f.g., light grey green-minor sulphides.									Spec. @ 41.3'
46.0'	48.0'	Weathered oxidized -same rock as above. Note core lost here.									Core lost 46.0-54;4.0'? Gneissosity 60-50° from normal plane of c.a.
48.0'	54?	Not so heavily altered lava - some qtz-carb - red mica - minor Po, quartzitic & feldspathic.									
54.0'	56.0'	As above. Altered lava gneissic with minor sulph. diss. parallel to gneissosity.									Core lost 54-56;0.5' Gneissosity 50° from normal plane of c.a. Spec. @ 54.2'
56.0'	56.1'	Carb. red brown biotite with thin bands of deep brick red (plag?) vuggy. stringers of dark grey green plag. (intermesh of crystals)-Cpy 5-7% tourmaline with the above. Some grinding.									No core lost 56-57.0' Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of core axis Spec. @ 56.3;
56.1'	56.2'	Black-friable feldspar red crystals 5-7% Cpy tourmaline- start of rather massive po.									
56.2'	57.2'	Massive po - 2nd phase - with 10% CO ₃ Cpy 1%.	1749	56.3'	57.2'	0.26	0.01	Nil	Tr	1.9'	No core lost 57-58.0' Spec. @ 57.2 Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of c.a.
57.2'	62.8'	Green talc - carb rock - largely talc - minor carb. red-brown biotite diss. Po 2-3% - laminar or schistose.									Gneissosity 60° from normal plane of core axis Spec. @ 56.9'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 5S, 150', Az. 90°
 Departure: 60', Az. 180°
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 47°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 3

Well Number: KL-18 (4)
 Comenced: 19/9/62
 Finished: 20/9/62
 Depth: 201'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
62.8'	64.0'	Minor diss. po, gradually increases - narrow carb to near massive po in slate breccia. Across 2' lava narrows 2 mm veins of cpy. Po largely 1st phase, i.e. replacing slate frag. 2nd phase - 10-20% traces of cpy < 1%	1750	61.0'	62.4'	0.51	0.02	Nil	Tr	1.4'	Gneissosity 50° from normal plane of c.a. Spec. @ 63.1'
64.0'	65.3'	Spotted dark red brown biotite zone - with minor sulph. 1-2% Po. < 1% Cpy - 75% carb. 20% biotite, m.g.									
65.3'	68.8'	Largely 2nd phase Po with < 1% Cpy in a quartz carb mica (red) biotite rock - 70-80% somewhat banded and laminated. Some 68-68.8' narrow bands of massive 2nd Po. @ 67.0' (narrow) mm. vein cpy.	1751	64.7'	68.8'	0.80	0.01	Nil	Tr.	3.1'	Contact 50° from normal plane of core axis No core lost 68-76.0' Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a.
68.8'	76.0'	Largely slaty rock with diss. sulph stringers parallel to lamina. Qtz-carb stringer. 10-20% Po.	1752	68.8'	81.0'	0.17	Tr	Nil	Tr.	11.0'	Spec 72.2' Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a.
76.0'	80.0'	Much the same as above - banded - contorted siliceous slate - 20% Po (second) 5 to 1% Cpy stringer-like Cpy with Po in centre some minor blebs of Cpy within Po. Ratio Po:Cpy 5.0:5-10. Note rock banded Qtz biotite and slate. Cpy is better here than in other zones.									Core lost 76-80', 0.9' Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a.

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 55°15', Az. 90°
 Departure: 60°, Az. 180°
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 47°
 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 3

Core Number: KL-18 (5)
 Commenced: 19/9/62
 Finished: 20/9/62
 Depth: 201'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
					Cu	Ni	Zn	oz. Au		
80.0'	As above - banded qtz- felds.-with Po and slate. Po = 15%, Cpy =.5-1% Qtz 10-15%	1753	81.0'	84.0'	0.34	0.05	Nil	Tr	3.0'	Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of C.A. Core gain 80-86,0.3'
81.0'	Massive Po (qtz)vein .1' @ 82.0' & some solution cavaties @ 84.0'	1754	84.0'	85.0'	0.11	-	-	Tr.	1.0'	Spec. @ 82.0'
84.0'	Qtz with minor po & cpy < 1%									
85.0'	Frozen massive to 15% in f.g.qtz- carb. with minor red brown biotite 70%.									
86.0'	Becomes more slaty with crenulations - carb. stringers parallel with bedding. 2nd Po 20-25% Cpy 1%									Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of C.A. Core gain 86-88.5;0.4' Core gain 86.5-96.5,0.2'
88.5'	Some rock qtzitic & slate stringers of carb, po, cpy, graphite, diss of sulph throughout-carbonitization stringers about 1-2% Po to 20%. Cpy .5-1% with the stringers.	1755	85.0'	95.2'	0.16	Tr.	Nil	Tr.		Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of C.A.
96.5'	Starting .2' qtz vein with 50% Po minor cpy 1-2%. some graphite stringers. Rock largely the same as before to veined with 1-2" Po. Carb.Cpy eg. in minor drag-folds cpy 1-2% of vein matter, i.e. carb & Po. Minor sulph. lightly diss. in siliceous slaty rock (chloritic) cross fractures filled with thread-like stringers of Po.	1756	95.2'	105.0'	0.23	Nil	Nil	0.005	10.0'	Core gain 96.5-103.5' 0.3'. Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of CA

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 5S, 150', Az. 90°
 Departure: 60' Az. 160°
 Elevation: _____
 Azimuth: 47°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 3

Hole Number: KL-18 (6)
 Commenced: 19/9/62
 S. in hand: 20/9/62
 Depth: 201'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu	Ni	Zn	or Au		
103.5'	110.0'	Much the same as above. Veins of 20% po. with qtz and carb - on outer margins with cpy < 1% - Sections highly carb - give higher cpy value. Ratio po:cpy:5:0.5-1.0%									Core lost 103.5-110.0, 1.4'. Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of c.a. Spec @ 119.6'
110.0'	120.5'	Slightly higher alteration - stringers - carb-graphite- with po - cpy. Qtz-carb stringers 60-70% po 20-40% cpy 1%. Ratio po:cpy:5:0.5-1.0 quite consistent - very stringy line interlacing of po with slate (folded)	1757	105.0'	116.6'	0.11	Nil	Nil	Tr	10.0'	Core lost 110.0-120.5' 0.6' Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of c.a.
			1758	116.6'	121.9'	0.17	Nil	-	0.005	5.7'	Core lost 131.0-120.5' 1.3'. Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of c.a. Spec. @ 122.0' Spec. @ 130.5'
120.5'	131.0'	Qtz biotite (garnet) gneiss quite rich in qtz, minor po. 10-20% garnet traces 10% biotite @ 122.9' 1.2' stringer of po, now becoming strongly garnetiferous. Shale 122.5-143.6' - returns to good qtz garnet biotite gneiss, minor po 1-5% silty-like crenulated. Horiz. interbanded with qtz-biotite & biotite stringers. Occasional po stringers with cpy every 1' aver po & cpy 1-3% trans.									
131.0'	141.5'	Contact. Good garnetiferous qtz biotite gneiss, minor folds and shearing in the rock, minor sulph. (pin-head size) same as garnets. 5% Mostly po, minor cpy in the centre of the grains 50% garnets.	1759	131.0'	141.5'	Tr	Nil	Nil	Nil	10.5'	Core lost 131.0-141.5' 0.4' Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a. Spec @ 141.6'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude **5S, 150', Az. 90°**Departure: **60' Az. 180°**

Elevation: _____

Azimuth: **47°**Dip: **50°**Property: **KOZELA LAKE - GRID No. 3**Hole Number **KL-18 (7)**Commenced: **19/9/62**Finished: **20/9/62**Depth: **201'**Logged By: **P.J. Kozela**

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Ag.		
141.5'	148.0'	As above (131.0-141.5') Green gabbro - 146.3-146.5' Qtz vein barren 146.5'-147.0'. Grinding 149.							Gneissosity 50° from normal plane of c.a. Spec. @ 146.5' (qtz) contact 50° from normal plane of c.a. No core lost 141.5-149.0'
148.0'	152.6'	Gabbro							
152.6'	159.0'	Minor po & cpy at contact; and 159-160' sulphides in fractures 15-20% Po < 1% Cpy with qtz biotite gneiss, minor diss. of cpy & Po near contact and decreases away to 10% - finely bedded minor grinding.							Spec. 152.2 Contact 80° from normal plane of core axis Core lost 149-159; 0.5' Core gain 159-170; 0.8'
159.0'	170.0'	Qtz garnet biotite gneiss ¼" large garnet. Knotty interlaced with qtz vein every few inches. Folding - minor sulphides.							Gneissosity 10° from normal plane of c.a.
170.0'	180.8'	As above. Qtz (.5) vein 179.5'-with minor dissem sulph. 1-2% Cpy. Garnet not common.							Core gain 170-180.8; 1.0' Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of c.a. Core lost 180.8-191; 0.9' Spec. @ 178.6'
180.8'	183.7'	Qtz biotite gneiss & contact between gabbro.							Gneissosity 0° from (180-8) normal plane of CA
183.7'	191.0'	Gabbro - f.g. basaltic-dark green- first with minor Qtz stringers - becomes fine grained to hard - carb - red biotite (po) near end of section.							Core lost 191-201; 1.6' Contact 25° from normal plane of core axis at 194.2'
191.0	194.2'	Gabbro-contact with qtz biotite gneiss.							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: 5S, 150', Az 90°
 Departure: 60' Az 180°
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 47°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 3

Hole Number: KL-18(8)
 Commenced: 19/9/62
 Finished: 20/9/62
 Depth: 201'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Oz. Au.		
194.2'	197.6'	Qtz biotite gneiss - narrow alteration of red brown biotite - minor cpy, po. Contact with gabbro-basalt									Spec. @ 197.6' Note - Angles are measured in a counter-clockwise direction from the normal plane except where indicated as reverse and thus in the clockwise direction.
	197.6'	Narrow sed. qtz biotite gneiss									
	196.6-197.8										
197.8'	201.0'	Basalt-seamed with qtz-alteration biotite narrow thread-like stringers of cpy & po									
201.0'	END OF HOLE				CORE RECOVERY 86.0%						

Latitude: 16+50W on L.40N
 Departure: 150'N
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 120°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

(1)

Hole Number: KL-20
 Commenced: 13/8/62
 Finished: 16/8/62
 Depth: 398'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

Property KOZELA LAKE

Grid No. 3

Ext

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
0'	12'	OVERBURDEN									Approx. 96.7% core recovery.
12'	15.5'	From Casing - Hole began in Lava but changed to Qtz-Mica-Gneiss to Schist - no definite contact.									18.0'-22.0'-0.5' core lost
15.5'	16.2'	Quartz-Mica-Schist-high Quartz and some carbonate, Calcite; Biotite & White Mica (Sericite?) with some Amphibole + up to 20% or 30% Sulphides, mainly Po, trace (< 5%) Cpy, plus trace of Ni with dimethylglyoxime	B-2117	15.5'	22.6'	0.17	Nil	-	Nil	7.1'	Spec @ 15.8'
16.2'	22.5'	Brecciated-Quartz-Carbonate with Amphibole, Biotite and White Mica - up to 30% Sulphides, mainly PO plus up to 3%(?) Cpy in places - a few flakes of Molybdenite									22.0'-33.5'-1.0' core Spec. @ 19.1' lost
22.5'	32.3'	Quartz-Carbonate with minor Mica Schist - 22.8'-23.1' - Amphibole (Hb) Schist to Gneiss (Lava)									Spec @ 28.5'
32.3'	34.2'	Slaty, Brecciated, Quartz-Carb-Zone - near massive sulphides-70% Po. - about 1% Cpy.	B-2119a	32.3'	34.2'	0.24	Tr	-	Tr	1.9'	Spec @ 32.3'
34.2'	39.6'	Quartz-Carb-Zone - with minor Biotite, Amphibole and Taic in places - < 5% Avg. Sulphides-only	B-2120	34.2'	39.7'	0.16	-	-	Tr	5.5'	36.0'-39.0'-0.6' core lost

Latitude **16+50W on L.40N**
 Departure: **150'N**
 Elevation: **-**
 Azimuth: **120°**
 Dip: **50°**

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: **KOZELA LAKE**

Grid No. **3 EXT**

(2) **KL-20**
 Hole Number
 Commenced: **13/8/62**
 Finished: **16/8/62**
 Depth: **398'**
 Logged by: **H.D. Love**

FROM	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
		Trace Cpy @ 38.5 - Banding @60° to core axis									Spec @ 35.5'
39.6'	43.2'	Lava-Qtz-Hb-Schist-with Qtz-Carbonate pods and stringers, crenulated - sulphides - Nil									
43.2'	46.0'	Quartz-Mica (Biotite & White Mica) B-2121 with minor Amphibole-Schist to Gneiss - up to 30% Sulphides, mainly Po; trace Cpy	B-2121	43.2'	45.9'	0.07	-	Nil	Tr	2.7'	Spec @ 44.5'
46.0'	47.0'	Slaty-Quartz-Mica-Gneiss, crenulated with up to 60% Sulphides - Po %Cpy B-2122	B-2122	46.2'	49.6'	0.21	Tr	Nil	Tr	3.4'	Spec @ 46.5'
47.0'	48.0'	Quartz-Biotite-Schist-20-30% Sulphides; mainly Po, Trace Cpy									
48.0'	48.9'	Slaty-Quartz-Mica-Gneiss- up to 80% Po with a trace of Cpy									Spec @ 48.0'
48.9'	49.8'	Qtz-Mica-Schist - 10-15% Po, Py - banding @ 65° to core axis									
49.8'	57.5'	LAVA - only a few Quartz-Carbonate stringers; a few bands of biotite after 55.0'-laminated at 55°-60° to core axis									53.5'-61.0'-1.5' core last
57.5'	59.6'	Quartz-Mica-Schist-with minor Amphibole - up to 10% Po, only trace of Cpy	B-2123	57.6'	61.3'	0.20	-	-	Tr	3.7'	Spec @ 58.5'

Latitude: 16+50W on L.40N
 Departure: 150'N
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 120°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE

Grid No. 3 E×T

(4) Hole Number: KL-20
 Commenced: 13/8/62
 Finished: 16/8/62
 Depth: 398'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				From	To	Cu.	Ni.		
160.0'	252.0'	Lava - laminated @ 60-65° to core axis							Spec @ 173.5'
252.0'	265.5'	Gabbro - gneissic to massive - a few quartz stringers, feldspar associated.							Spec @ 258.0'
265.5'	267.5'	Lava - as above							
267.5'	272.0'	Gabbro - as above							
270.0'	272.2'	Near massive Po @ contact							
272.2'	398.0'	Lava - dark green, laminated 278.0'-312' - much crenulated 312.0'-398.0' variable dip 60-75° minor crenulations - trace of sulphides - Po & Cpy along some Qtz-Carb & Stringers							Spec @ 288.0'
398.0'		END OF HOLE							

Latitude: **19+00W on L.45N**
 Departure: **200'S**
 Elevation: **-**
 Azimuth: **120°**
 Dip: **50°**

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: **KOZELA LAKE**

Grid No. **3 EXT.**

Hole Number: **KL-21**
 Commenced: **17/8/62**
 Finished: **415'**
 Depth: **H.D. Love**
 Logged by:

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks	
				From	To	Cu.	Ni.			Zn.
0'	10'	OVERBURDEN							approx 96.1% core recovery	
10'	12'	LAVA - Qtz-Hb-Schist, laminated with Quartz-Carbonate stringers @ 60° to core axis.								
12'	14.5'	Qtz-Biotite-Talc-Schist - <5% Sulphides							Spec @ 13.5' 13.0-24.0' - 4.5' core lost	
14.5'	24.0'	Gabbro-altered - m.g., faintly gneissic - traces of Po, Py & Cpy								
24.0'	25.0'	Qtz-Biotite-Talc-Schist-schisted @ 55°-60°								
25.0'	28.0'	Lava - laminated @ 70° to core axis								
28.0'	46.0'	Gabbro-Gneiss with Garnets, some Talc - Chlorite associated with garnets in places - banded @ 70° to core axis							Spec @ 33.0'	
46.0'	67.4'	LAVA - laminated @ 70°-75° to core axis							Spec @ 61.0'	
67.4'	83.2'	QUARTZ-MICA (Biotite & Sericite) Gneiss to Schist - Sedimentary - Sulphides - Avg 20-30% Po with trace of Py & Cpy (mainly along fractures and cleavage faces) - crenulated	B-2126	67.4'	74.6'	0.04	Nil	-	Tr	7.2'
			B-2127	74.6'	83.2'	0.02	Nil	Nil	Tr	8.6'

Latitude \odot 17+70W on L.45N
 Departure 270'S
 Elevation -
 Azimuth 120°
 Dip 50°

PROPERTY: KOZELA LAKE EXT.
 Grid No. 3

KL-22
 20/8/62
 22/8/62
 330'
 H.D. Love

(3)

FROM	TO	Formation	Spec.
		161.0'-168.0' - sulphides along apex of folds in crenulated zone - Po & Cpy(50-50) in places - 166.0'-166.2' - massive Po vein	
168.0'	175.5'	Lava - sheared, brecciated, altered(chlorite) in crenulated zone - up to 20% sulphides	2135 168.0'172.0'0.16 Nil Nil - Tr Spec. @ 169.5'
175.5'	303.0'	Lava - crenulated-Average dip being 60° to core axis - creunlated - 187.0'-196.0' cren. 206.0'-231.0'- about 80° to core axis 231.0'-241.0'-crenulated-241.0'-249.5' - 70°-80° to core axis - 249.9'-303.0'	Spec @ 229.0'
303.0'	315.0'	Gabbro Gneiss-spotted & faintly laminated with Qtz-stringers - some Talc alterations along fractures.	Spec @ 312.0'
315.0'	330.0'	Lava - laminated @ 60°-70° to core axis with Qtz-Carb stringers - 321.5'-322.0'-crenulated with Po & Cpy (up to 10%) and chlorite-Po along some cleavage planes - 322.0'-330.0'- lense of Pyrite (<5%) along cleavage to end	Spec. @ 325.0'
330.0'		END OF HOLE	

Latitude: 18+00W on L.45N
 Azimuth: 40's
 Dip: 120°
 Assumed: 50°
 Dip:

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE EXT

Grid No. 3 EXT.

Hole Number: KL-23
 Commenced: 23/8/62
 Finished: 25/8/62
 Depth: 353'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				oz Ag.	Width	Remarks	
				From	To	Cu.	Ni.				Zn.
58.0'	70.0'	High Quartz-Carb-Chlorite -Hb-Schist to Gneiss, highly altered, appearing faintly gabbroic in places - trace of Po and Py.								Spec. @ 62.0' Spec @ 67.0'	
70.0'	74.0'	Lava - Quartz-Hb-Schist - dark green to black in colour - Sulphides - Nil								Spec. @ 72.0'	
74.0'	74.5'	Qtz-Hb-Schist with Garnets up to 1/8" in contact zone - granular texture									
74.5'	86.0'	Gabbroic Gneiss - spotted, inter-lensed with lava, a few garnets in places									
86.0'	103.0'	Lava - laminated with Qtz-Carb stringers at 70° to core axis - pink feldspar along a few fractures - traces of sulphides disseminated								Spec @ 96.0'	
103.0'	107.0'	High Quartz-Amphibole (Hb) - zone; Slaty and Gneissic to brecciated -104.5'-104.8'-brecciated-with slaty lenses, and up to 80% Po; trace Cpy - 105.2'-106.5'-slaty to brecciated - up to 75-80% po.	1732	104.0'	107.1'	0.14	0.01	Nil	Tr	3.0'	Spec @ 106.0'

Latitude: 18+00W on L.45N
 Departure: 40'S
 Elevation: 120'
 Azimuth: 50°
 Dip: _____

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: _____

KOZELA LAKE

Grid No. 3 EXT.

Hole Number: KL-23
 Commenced: 23/8/62
 Finished: 25/8/62
 Depth: 353'
 Logged by: H.D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Ab.		
107.0'	126.0'	LAVA - laminated with Quartz stringers @ 65°-70° to core axis; some Quartz along fractures									Spec @ 114.0'
126.0'	135.5'	Quartz-Carb-Amphibole (Hb) Feldspar 1734 Zone - Brecciated 126.0'-128.5' - Quartz-Feldspar? Amphibole-Schist with up to 30% Po & a trace of Cpy; in places up to 3% 128.5'-131.0' - brecciated, with Quartz and Slaty fragments and lenses; minor biotite; up to 70% Po, and 1-3% Cpy in places - Avg. Cpy < 1% - 131.0'-135.0' - Quartz-Amp (Hb) Chlorite-Biotite Gneiss, plus some pink feldspar, sheared, with up to 15% Po < 1% Cpy	1734	126.0'	137.5'	0.08	-	-	Tr	10.6'	Spec @ 132.0'
126.0' (cont'd)	135.5'	135.0'-135.5'-massive brecciated Sulphide Zone with Quartz fragments; grading into a Quartz-Hb-Biotite-Schist, up to 80% Po.									Spec @ 136.5'
135.5'	148.5'	Quartz-Amp (Hb) Chlorite-Biotite-Schist - a few lenses (0.1") of brecciated, Slaty sulphides, mainly Po.									Spec @ 143.5'
148.5'	299.0'	Lava - a few Quartz veins with white to pink feldspar(?) 173.0'-178.0' - appearing as Gneissic									Spec @ 163.0' Spec @ 178.5' Spec @ 192.0' Spec @ 195.0'

Latitude: @ 16+20W on L.45N
 Departure: 130'S
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 120°
 Dip: 50°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Property: KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 3 EXT

Hole Number: KL-24
 Commenced: 26/8/62
 Finished: 28/8/62
 Depth: 333'
 Logged by: H. D. Love

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Core Samples						Remarks
						% Cu	% Ni	% Zn	% Pb	oz. Au	oz. Ag	
47.6'	54.0'	Quartz-Amp-Biotite-Schist to Quartz-Amp (Hb)-Schist, ie LAVA - Sulphides - Nil										49.0'-56.0'-0.5' core lost
54.0'	54.3'	Massive Cpy (70%)-15% Po in a brecciated Quartz material.										Spec @ 54.0'
54.3'	56.0'	Quartz-Carbonate with minor Amphibole-Gneiss - up to 15 or 20% Po and a trace of Cpy	1731	52.6	56.0	1.19	Nil	-	-	Tr	3.6'	
56.0'	60.0'	LAVA - only a trace of sulphides										
60.0'	62.0'	Quartz-Biotite-Amp to Quartz-Biotite-Carb-Gneiss-up to 10%Po										Spec. @ 61.5'
62.0'	240.0'	LAVA - laminated, averaging 70° to core axis - 118.0' crenulated, altered with chlorite; a trace of Po. -121.5'-124.0'-Quartz-Feldspar - veinlet - brecciated with a trace of Po, some green amphibole or silicate, & some green mica (Fuchsite); up to 5% sulphides at lower contact -124.0'-125.0'- appears here somewhat spotted & gabbroic - 132.5'-133.5' - Quartz in a crenulated zone containing Molybdenite (MoS ₂) stals parallel to gneissosity, with a trace of Po and Cpy.										62.0'-70.6'-0.4' core lost 70.6'-81.0'-0.4' core lost Spec @ 106.0' 85.0'-95.5'-0.2' core lost Spec @ 152.5' 95.5'-105.7'-0.1' core lost Spec @ 201.0' 105.7'-114.0'-0.5' core lost 114.0/-124.5'-0.3' core lost

@ 16+20W on L.45N

PROPERTY: KOZELA LAKE - Grid No. 3 EXT

KL-24

26/8/62

28/8/62

333'

H.D. Love

130'S

120°

50°

Strata	Assay Results				
	Fe	Pb	Zn	oz. Ag	Co.

132.0'-137.0' - crenulated -
 165.0'-186.0' - crenulated -
 177.0'-179.0' - Quartz along crenulations with Sulphide-Po traces. - traces of Cpy, Po and py along laminations throughout. - some qtz. veinlets up to 0.4".

152.0'-160'5-0.3' core lost
 165.0'-166.0'-0.5' core lost
 201.0'-211.0'-1.0' "
 211.0'-223.0'-2.7' "
 223.0'-243.9'-1.0' "
 Spec @ 241.5'
 264.0'-275.0'-0.7' "
 Spec. @ 294.0'

240.0'252.0' Gneissic Gabbro - having a spotted appearance due to Quartz lenses & stringers - med.grained to porphyritic.

252.0'333.0' Lava - highly crenulated from 259.0'-317.0' - containing numerous Quartz & Quartz-Carbonate stringers - only a trace of sulphides - some chlorite alteration.

333.0' END OF HOLE

Latitudes 24+10W on L.35N
 Departures _____
 Elevations 50'S
 Azimuths _____
 Dip 90°
 50°

DIAMOND HILL MOUNTAIN

Property: KOZELA LAKE - GRID No. 3 EXT.

Core No. KL-25
 Date 29/8/62
 Drilled 1/9/62
 Depth 353'
 Name H.D. Love

From	To	Description	Sample No.	Assay Results					Remarks
				Fe	Mn	Zn	Cu	Pb	
172.5'	177.7'	Lava - fresh, faintly gneissic & laminated (parallel to core axis)							Spec @ 172.6'
177.7'	188.7'	Similar to above but laminated @60° to core axis, occasional quartz stringers.							177.7'-188.7'-0.7' core lost Spec @ 185.0'
188.7'	207.5'	Lava - altered - occasional quartz vein; Po & Py disseminated up to 5%; some chlorite alteration @ 207.4' 190.0'-191.5'-cherty or siliceous Quartz zone with up to 30% Po and trace Cpy underlain by Quartz-Hb-Biotite-schist with some Chlorite ("--Lava) up to 206.0' - 206.0'-207.5' - Qtz-Carb zone with minor Biotite; trace of Po or Cpy.							
207.5'	237.5'	Lava - numerous Quartz-Carb stringers; laminated @ 65° to 85° to core axis.							Spec @ 228.0'
237.5'	245.0'	Lava - crenulated with numerous seams of Quartz-Feldspar in a much sheared zone - some brecciation.-Po and some Cpy plus MoS ₂ are present up to 5% - traces of sulphides throughout							Spec @ 242.5' Spec @ 243.5'
245.0'	258.5'	Lava - laminated faintly @ 80°-90° to core axis; with traces of sulphides along quartz veinlets & stringers.							
258.5'	264.0'	Gabbro?-altered; gneissic but appearing almost massive in places							Spec @ 261.0' 269.0'-278.0'-0.7' core lost

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: Line 35N
 Departure: 22+70 W
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 90°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE - Grid 3 Extension

Site Number: KL 26
 Commenced: 3/9/62
 Finished: 5/9/62
 Depth: 432'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				From	To	Cu	Ni		
0	11.0'	OVERBURDEN							No core lost 11.0-12.5'
11.0'	14.0'	Lava - basalt, gneissic with minor stringers of qtz.							Gneissosity 40° from normal plane of c.a.
14.0	15.0'	Altered - sericite, biotite							No core lost 12.5'-19.5'
15.0'	15.7'	Massive po in qtz breccia & schist (sedimentary) - trace cpy							
15.7'	19.5'	Lava - basalt							Spec @ 19.7'
19.5'	23.5'	Lava - basalt							Gneissosity 30-40° normal plane of c.a.
23.5'	24.5'	Minor Po stringers with qtz - 10-20% - trace cpy - Sedimentary (Quartzitic)							Core gain 19.5-27.6' 1.4'?
24.5'	27.5'	Numerous qtz stringers (1 mm) f.g. sed. Becomes chloritic & altered 26-27.5'							Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a.
27.5'	33.0'	Lava - basalt - grinding - oxidized surface - vuggy & leached.							Core lost 27.5-33.0'; 1.7'
33.0'	33.5'	Minor Po stringers 10-20% over (.5) in altered basalt - some sediments minor slaty beds - core lost here.							Gneissosity 30-40° from normal plane of c.a. Core lost 33.0-43.0'; 1.2'
33.5'	34.0'	Qtz amphibole gneiss - not as gneissic and richer in qtz, may be sediment, but resembles lava -							Gneissosity 10-20° from normal plane of c.a. Cross fractures 90° to

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: **Line 35N**
 Departure: **22+70 W**
 Elevation: **-**
 Azimuth: **90°**
 Dip: **50°**

Property: **KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 3 EXTENSION**

Core Number: **KL 26 (2)**
 Started: **3/9/62**
 Finished: **5/9/62**
 Depth: **432'**
 Logged By: **F.J. Kozela**

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni	Zn	Gr. Ar.		
33.5'	34.0'	i.e. no quartz stringers. 20-30% Po. over (.2') @ 34.0'									gneissosity @ 40.0'
34.0'	43.0'	As above - little bedding visible, hard unaltered with faint gneiss- osity f.g., black									Spec. @ 42.8' Core lost 43.0-53.7'; 0.7'
43.0'	43.3'	Minor Po. stringers with Qtz, trace cpy.									
43.3'	46.0'	Qtz amphibole gneiss as described above.									Spec @ 45.0'
46.0'	48.0'	Narrow stringers of Po. 10-25% with minor Py and Cpy < 1% . As fine veins & blotches scattered (46-47'). Becomes slightly altered with traces of sulphides.	2136	46.0'	48.4'	0.07	Nil	Nil	Nil	2.4'	Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of c.a. Spec. @ 47.2'
48.4'	50.0'	As above - quartz amphibole gneiss									
50.0'	51.4'	Fine stringers of cpy Po. in fractures and dissem. 1-2%.	2137	50.0'	51.4'	0.18	Nil	Nil	Tr	1.4'	
51.4'	53.8'	Massive Po 80-90% Po. in qtz pebble breccia grain size 1 to 5mm granular, trace < 1% Cpy, minor Py.	2138	51.4	53.8	0.20	0.04	Nil	Tr	1.5'	Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of c.a.
53.8'	54.2'	Stringers of Po, 5-10% Po, Trace of Cpy - 50% cpy in stringer of py @ 56.8'	2139	53.8'	58.8'	0.07	Nil	Nil	Nil	3.6'	Core lost 58.7-64; 0.5'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

KL 26 (3)

Latitude: Line 35 N
 Departure: 22+70 W
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 90°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE - GRID NO. 3 EXTENSION

Core Number: 3/9/62
 Drilled: 5/9/62
 Depth: 432'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu	Ni	Zn	Gz. Au		
54.2'	58.8'	As above - minor sulphides. Po. Trace Cpy as stringers.									Gneissosity 50° from normal plane of c.a.
58.8'	62.3'	Becomes more basaltic less qtz - dark green. Amphibole rich with qtz stringers.									Gneissosity or structure 70° from normal plane of core axis.
62.3'	64.0'	As above. Stringers of qtz @ .64'									Fold @ 65.6 changes to 30°.
64.0'	73.4'	Fine grained, Basalt with stringers of qtz - little alteration and fracture filled with quartz. Some fractures and folds with minor blebs and crystals of Po & trace of Cpy. 1:5:cpy:po - together 1-2% Sulph and qtz @ 71.8' (1")									Fracture 60-70° from normal plane of c.a. Structure 30° from normal plane of c.a.
71.8'	73.4'	Altered - qtz veins minor sulph. 2-3% Po - Cpy trace.									
73.4'	76.4'	Basalt, fine grained									No core lost 74.3-84' Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a.
76.4'	76.5'	Sulphides 30-40% Po. minor Py.- cross fracture @ 90° to gneissosity									Folding @ 82-84 gneissosity 90° from normal plane of c.a.
76.5'	84.2'	Basalt with minor stringers - parallel to gneissosity - some drag folding cross fracture 90° to folding 70°									then to 30° Spec @ 83.9'
84.2'	94.5'	As above - not nearly as gneissic Folded (3) 87.8-88.8'. Seams of qtz									Gneissosity 70° from normal plane of 89.0'

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: **Line 35N**
 Departure: **22+70 W**
 Elevation: **-**
 Azimuth: **90°**
 Dip: **50°**

Property: **KOZELA LAKE - GRID No.3 - EXTENSION**

Site Number: **KL 26(4)**
 Drilled: **3/9/62**
 Finished: **5/9/62**
 Depth: **432'**
 Logged By: **F.J. Kozela**

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	Gr. Ag.		
84.2'	94.5'	parallel to cleavage and 70° to the former. Qtz injected 90.2-94.5'						Gneissosity 90°-0° fold @ 90.0'. No core lost 94.5-99.5'	
94.5'	99.2'	As above - basalt. Drag folding with qtz injected 95.6. Minor carb & slight chlorite alteration.						Spec @ 99.5'	
99.2'	99.5'	Qtz & carb, py @ contact becomes spotted - with brown mica @ 99.5'						Core gain 99.5-110;0.5' Gneissosity 0-10° from normal plane of c.a.	
99.5'	105.0'	Qtz amphibole gneiss "fresh" - slightly altered with spotted occurrence of brown secondary mica and chlorite - little qtz or bedding visible - almost massive some fractures cutting structure at about 60° from the former. The rock is probably a lava.						Spec @ 110.0' Core lost 110.0-120.5'; 0.6' Gneissosity or structure 20° from normal plane of core axis.	
110.0'	120.5'	As above - Qtz veins with reddish orange alteration at contact minor carb - some leaching - no sulphides						No core lost 120.5'-130.5'	
120.5'	128.0'	As above - qtz veining						Gneissosity 10° from normal plane of c.a.	
128.0'	134.6'	Gradually becomes finely bedded - altered sed. largely chlorite & amphibole. Thin stringers of f.g. dark slaty - with brown biotite. developed as stringers to 134.6' Folding @ 133' dip reverse 20-30°						Spec. @ 133.0' Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of c.a. Spec. @ 134.2' Spec. @ 146.5"	
134.6'	140.9'	Becomes f.g. qtz amphibole - somewhat altered to chlorite.						Gneissosity 0-10-15° from normal of c.a.	

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: Line 35N
 Departure: 22+70W
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 90°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE

grid no. 3 - Extension

Core Number: KL 26(5)Dated: 3/9/62Finished: 5/9/62Depth: 432'Worked By: P.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks		
				Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Ag.				
140.9'	144.4'	As above.									
144.4'	146.9'	Becomes altered - highly chloritic-brown chlorite & biotite - minor Po.									
146.9'	153.2'	Start of basalt - chloritic with faint quartz to 151' - minor allocation 147.5' (.3)						Spec. @ 150.7'			
153.2'	155.2'	Qtz vein with minor sulph. 7-10% Po < 1% Cpy. Ratio po:cpy:5:1. Contact effect 1' slight leaching of lava.	2140	153.2'	155.2'	0.04'	Nil	Nil	Nil	2.0'	Structure 10-20° from normal plane of core axis.
155.2'	161.0'	As above - lava, basalt fold 159.5'									Speciman @ 154.9'
161.0'	171.7'	Basalt with qtz stringers-minor drag folds.									No core lost 151.0-161.0 Gneissosity 20-30° from normal plane of c.a.
171.7'	182.0'	As above. Highly crenulated. Cross fracture with red alteration bordering vein of qtz - 20° to gneissosity. Crenulations to 181.7' Qtz with Po, Cpy @ contact edge (.1') @ 177.7'. Minor Po in cross fracture Qtz filled @ 180'									No core lost 161-171.7'
182.0'	192.0'	As above - mildly altered to chlorite.									No core lost 171.7-182'
											Gneissosity 0° from normal plane of core axis @ 173.0.
											No core lost 182.0'-192.0'

Latitude: **Line 35 N**
 Departure: **22+70W**
 Elevation: **-**
 Azimuth: **90°**
 Dip: **50°**

Property: **KOZELA LAKE**
Grid No. 3 - EXTENSION

Well Number: **KL 26 (6)**
 Drilled: **3/9/62**
 Finished: **5/9/62**
 Depth: **432'**
 Logged By: **F.J. Kozela**

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				Fe	Cu	Ni	Zn		
192.0'	196.2'	As above - basalt. Cross fracturing network throughout, heavily chloritized.							
196.2'	202.0'	Slightly coarser grained - Qtz veining becomes faint.							
202.0'	212.0'	As above. Minor Qtz veining appears massive-like.							Gneissosity 10° from normal plane of c.a. No core lost 202-212.0'
212.0'	222.0'	As above. Qtz vein with reddish alteration at 223.0'							No core lost 212.0-222.0' Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of c.a.
222.0'	223.0'	Qtz vein and minor crenulations - slightly altered 0.1'							No core lost 223-233.0'
223.0'	233.0'	As above - basalt							No core lost 233.0-242.5'
233.0'	242.5'	As above - basalt							Spec. @ 239.0'
242.5'	252.5'	As above basalt. Qtz veins with red alteration @ contact. Po injected along drag folds - Qtz parallel to gneissosity due to dyne-metamorphism.							No core lost 242.5'-252.5'
252.0'	260.0'	As above - quartz veins injected with red alteration.							Core lost 252.5-262.0', 0.3' Gneissosity 10° from normal plane of c.a.
260.0'	262.0'	Qtz veins .1' every 5' foot with minor sulphides Po, Cpy, Py. red alteration at contact.							

Latitude: Line 35N
 Departure: 22+70 W
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 90°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE
 Grid No. 3- Extension

File Number: KL 26(7)
 Prepared: 3/9/62
 Published: 5/9/62
 Date: 432'
 Prepared By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu	Ni	Sn	As		
262.0'	273.0'	Basalt (lava) highly banded with Qtz stringers - chloritic.									Gneissosity 30° from normal plane of c.a. Core lost 262-273.0'
273.0'	284.3'	Basalt - lava - cross fracture network 80% qtz with alteration Po and Cpy common. 283.4' Qtz 282.0-282.6'									Core lost 273-283.3; 0.3' Fold @ 272'-90° from normal plane of core axis Core gain 284.3-293.3; 0.9'
284.3'	293.3'	Qtz vein 287.3' Qtz vein 290.0 (.3) Drag folding 291.0' Basalt - lava									Gneissosity 10° from normal plane of c.a. Core lost 293.3-303.8; 0.3'
293.3'	303.7'	Basalt - lava. Fold @ 303.7'									Gneissosity 90° from normal plane of core axis @ 303.7'
303.7'	314.0'	Basalt lava									No core lost 303.7-314.0'
314.0'	324.5'	Basalt lava with qtz stringers. Cross fractures with Qtz & red alterations @ 324.5' and 325.0'									Gneissosity 10° from normal plane of core axis Core lost 314.0-324.5'; 0.3'
324.5'	334.7'	Basalt same as before. Fold & Cross fractures to 327.5' with Qtz, red alteration - minor sulphides. Fold 331.0-331.2. Fractures @ 90° to gneissosity 334.0'									No core lost 324.5-334.5' Structure 0-80° from normal plane of core axis (326.5') Structure 30° (fold) from normal plane of c.a. (331)
334.7'	345.0'	Basalt - lava - Qtz - barren .5' @ 336.7'. Large cross vein 1" wide breccia - at 90° to gneissosity - qtz & calcite fresh - between									No core lost 334.7-345.0' Spec. @ 339.0' Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of core axis.

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: Line 35N
 Departure: 22+70 W
 Elevation: -
 Azimuth: 90°
 Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE
GRID NO. 3 - EXTENSION

Core Number: KL 26(8)
 Started: 3/9/62
 Finished: 5/9/62
 Depth: 432'
 Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
				Cu.	Mg.	Zn.	oz. Ag.		
334.7'	345.0'	basalt fragments minor cpy & po. @ 339.7'. Qtz vein injected with red alteration. 343.0'							
345.0'	355.2'	Basalt. Becomes coarse grained - no quartz stringers - fine grained Gabbro-like gneissic 354.3'						Gneissosity 20° from nor- mal plane of core axis No core lost 355.3-365.5' Gneissosity 20° from nor- mal plane of core axis	
355.2'	365.5'	Gabbroic - f.g. gneissic - no stringers.							
365.5'	376.0'	As above - calcite vein - 375.2- 376.2'						Core lost 365.5'-376.0'; 0.3'. Fracture 80° from normal plane of c.a. Spec. @ 375.0' Spec. @ 375.8'	
376.0'	385.5'	Gneiss - gabbro						Core lost 376.0-385.5; 4.5	
385.5'	394.0'	Gabbro						Gneissosity 20° from normal plane of c.a. (376)	
394.0'	402.0'	Gneiss-carb(calcite) fracture filled - cross cutting. Gabbro- ends 395.0'. Transition to fine grained basalt.						No core lost 385.5-394.0' Core lost 384.1-402; 4.2' Spec. @ 412.3'. Coarse grain 407-412.3'; 5.4' Gneissosity 10-20° from normal plane of c.a.	
402.0'	412.3'	Basalt - lava - minor qtz stringers cutting gneissosity @ 407.3' massive po. with <1% Cpy .2' wide - some cross cutting - calcite veins.						No core lost 412.3-422.3' Gneissosity 10-20° from normal plane of c.a.	
412.3'	422.3'	Basalt						412.3'-432.5'. No core lost 422.3-427.0' & 427.0- 432.5'	
422.3'	427.0'	Basalt							

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

Latitude: Line 35N
Departure: 22+70 W
Elevation: _____
Azimuth: 90°
Dip: 50°

Property: KOZELA LAKE
GRID NO. 3 - EXTENSION

Well Number: KL 26(9)
Commenced: 3/9/62
Finished: 5/9/62
Depth: 432'
Logged By: F.J. Kozela

From	To	Formation	Sample No.	From	To	Assay Results				Width	Remarks
						Cu.	Ni.	Zn.	oz. Au.		
427.0'	432.5'	Basalt									NOTE: All angles measured in a counterclockwise direction except where otherwise indicated as reverse, then in the clockwise direction.
	432.5'	END OF HOLE									
CORE RECOVERY 98.2%											