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WAVE REFLECTION
AND TRANSMISSION
IN
OPEN CHANNEL TRANSITIONS

by

E. L. Bourodimos and A. T. Ippen

HYDRODYNAMICS LABORATORY

Report No. 98

Prepared Under
Contract No. Nonr-1841(59)
Fluid Dynamics Branch
Office of Naval Research
Department of the Navy
Washington 25, D.C.

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August 1966

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ABSTRACT

WAVE REFLECTION AND TRANSMISSION

IN OPEN CHANNEL TRANSITIONS

The topics of this report are a theoretical development and an experimental investigation of the transformation of water-wave characteristics in the reflection and transmission processes through channel transitions of varying geometry, connecting two prismatic channels of constant cross section.

The theoretical developments are based on small amplitude linearized wave theory in an inviscid, homogeneous and incompressible fluid. Two theoretical aspects have been treated:

1. The wave amplitude variation in a channel of constant width for a bottom of arbitrary configuration was obtained for the various characteristics of the oncoming waves. The basis of this development is the energy transmission undiminished by reflection or friction. The general expression of the integral type was solved for two limiting cases: for shallow water waves resulting in Green's law and for the range from deep water to intermediate depth water waves resulting in an exponential formula.

2. Reflection and transmission coefficients were derived for shallow water waves for gradual channel transitions, specifically for four cases:

A - for linearly varying depth and constant width

B - for linearly varying depth and width

C - for linearly varying width and constant depth

D - for parabolic variation of depth and constant width

A numerical evaluation of the theoretical expressions for reflection and transmission coefficients shows essentially fair agreement with the experimental findings for shallow water waves.

The experimental part of the report is concerned with the determinations of reflection and transmission coefficients and of the energy relations including dissipation for the above cases A, B, and C. The experimental range of wave conditions extended from deep water to shallow water waves.

The results are compared to previous investigations and to the conventional classical theories, as the theoretical derivations above are restricted to shallow water waves. Relations were also found with regard to wave steepness, a factor which cannot be theoretically dealt with so far in channel transitions.

Reflection and transmission coefficients show considerable dependence on wave steepness, the decrease being most pronounced for the former. Reflection coefficients are generally higher than those predicted by Lamb's theory for abrupt transitions. Transmission coefficients therefore are exhibiting the opposite trend.

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LIST OF NOTATIONS - LOWER CASE

- a= amplitude of wave measured from mean surface elevation, ft or cm
- b= amplitude of wave measured from mean surface elevation, ft or cm.
- c_I, c_I^*, c_{II} ...functions defined at section 3.1.
- g= gravitational acceleration = 32.2 ft/sec².
- h= total undisturbed water depth, ft.
- k= wave number = $2\pi/L$, ft⁻¹.
- l= length of the transition, ft.
- l_1 = length as defined in Chapter III, ft.
- n= dimensionless parameter for wave group velocity
- p= pressure intensity, lb/ft².
- q= rate of flow or flux per unit width, ft²/sec.
- t= time, sec.
- u= velocity in x-direction (varying with time) ft/sec.
- v= velocity in y-direction (varying with time) ft/sec.
- w= velocity in z-direction (varying with time) ft/sec.
- x= horizontal direction, in wave propagation, ft.
- y= horizontal direction, perpendicular to x-lateral direction, ft.
- z= vertical direction, with origin in surface, ft.

LIST OF NOTATIONS - UPPER CASE

- A= total cross-sectional area, ft².
- B= surface width of the channel, ft
- C₁...C₆= complex constants in the solution of differential equations as defined.
- C= L/T= velocity of wave propagation (phase velocity) ft/sec.
- D₁,...D₄= terms involving Bessel functions as defined in section 3.3
- C_G= wave group velocity, ft/sec.
- E= energy ft. lbs. per square ft.
- F(a,β,γ,x)= hypergeometric functions as solution of Legendre equation.
- F₁,F₂,F₁*... = hypergeometric functions as defined in section 3.5.
- J₀,J₁= Bessel function of first kind of zero and first order.
- H₀⁽¹⁾,H₀⁽²⁾,H₁⁽¹⁾,H₁⁽²⁾ = Hankel functions of first and second kind of zero and first order.
- H =2a= wave height - distance from crest to trough, ft.
- K_r= reflection coefficient - dimensionless.
- K_t= transmission coefficient - dimensionless.
- K_b=L²a/h³ breaking parameter - dimensionless.
- H/L= wave steepness - dimensionless.
- S= slope of channel bottom - dimensionless.
- S_p=σ²ℓ/g = shoaling parameter - dimensionless.
- T= wave period, sec.
- Y₀,Y₁= Bessel functions of second kind of zero and first order.

NOTATIONS - SUBSCRIPTS - SUPERSSCRIPTS

- \bar{i} = incoming wave or energy.
- $\bar{I,II,III}$ = indicating wave amplitudes in regions I, II, III, as defined in theoretical study (Chapter III).
- $-*$ = indicating dimensionless wave amplitude.
- $-o$ = indicating deep water conditions.
- $-r$ = reflected wave.
- $-t$ = transmitted wave.
- $-'$ = indicating derivative and also correction of amplitude for zero end-channel reflection.
- $-rB$ = wave energy reflected from the end of the channel.
- $-T$ = wave energy transmitted downstream.
- $-1,3$ = indicating wave conditions in the upstream or downstream region of the channel.
- $-rT$ = wave energy reflected upstream.

NOTATIONS - GREEK LETTERS - LOWER CASE

$$\alpha_1 = \ell \left(\frac{h_1}{h_1 - h_3} \right)^{1/2} = \text{dimensional parameter, ft. or cm.}$$

β = wave phase angle, radians.

δ = wave phase angle, radians.

γ = specific weight of water, 62.4 lb/ft.³.

$$\epsilon = \left(1 - \frac{\ell}{\ell_1} \right)^{1/2} = \text{dimensionless quantity.}$$

ξ = displacement from mean position in x-direction, ft.

η = vertical displacement of water surface from mean surface elevation, ft.

π = 3.1416.

ρ = density - mass per unit volume = γ/g , slugs/ft.³.

$\sigma = 2\pi/T$ wave angular frequency, sec⁻¹.

μ = scale factor in strained coordinate, $X = \mu x$.

$\lambda = k_1 \ell_1$ = dimensionless quantity as defined.

$k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2$ = dimensionless quantity as defined.

NOTATIONS - GREEK LETTERS - UPPER CASE

A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4
 B_1, B_2, B_3, B_4 } = terms involving Bessel functions as defined in section 3.2.

$\Gamma_1, \Gamma_2, \dots, \Gamma_7, \Gamma_8$ = terms involving Bessel functions as defined in section 3.3
 $\Delta_1, \Delta_2, \Delta_3, \Delta_4$ = terms involving hypergeometric functions as defined in section 3.5.

$\Lambda_1, \Lambda_2, \Lambda_3, \Lambda_4, \Lambda_5$
 M_1, M_2, M_3, M_4 } = terms involving Bessel functions as defined in section 3.4.

$\theta(x) = \theta(\mu x)$ = function representing influence of bottom change.

$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x}$ = derivative of $\theta(X)$ \sim wave number $k = 2\pi/L$.
 $\phi, \hat{\phi}, \phi^{(1)}$ = velocity potential, ft^2/sec .

$S_p = \sigma^2 \ell/g$ = shoaling parameter, dimensionless.

$X = \mu x$ = strained coordinate in x-direction, ft.

I. INTRODUCTION

1.1 The Significance of the Problem

The problems of the transformation of wave characteristics by channels of varying geometry are of great practical significance in engineering applications.

Waves encounter rapidly or slowly varying depth during the shoaling process on beaches, in entrances to tidal embayments, in estuaries. In addition to depth changes variations occur in the width of channels with expansions and contractions. In all cases engineers like to obtain information on the wave reflection and transmission processes and the propagation of wave energy for effective planning. Theoretical methods for prediction of the changing wave characteristics in transitions have remained inadequate in spite of this engineering interest. Some experimental evidence exists to suggest that the classical solution for abrupt transitions is not sufficient for the description of the transformation and the partial reflection phenomenon. This report will present an analytical solution extended beyond presently available theory and extensive experimental data on reflection and transmission coefficients for various transitions of linearly varying channel sections.

1.2 The Purpose of the Present Theoretical and Experimental Study

More specifically stated, the theoretical and experimental study reported in the following is concerned with:

1. The analytical wave amplitude variation over a bottom of arbitrary geometry in a channel of constant width.
2. The analytical wave amplitude variation due to reflection and transmission for various cases of channels of linearly varying depth and width. The solutions are restricted to shallow water waves.
3. The experimental amplitude variations for waves of the entire spectrum from deep water to shallow water in channels of linearly varying depth and width.

The purpose of the first phase of the theoretical approach was to find a general expression for the amplitude variation as a function of arbitrary changes in the bottom geometry on the basis of constant energy transport. No reflection is introduced. The amplitude change between two stations of different depth must, of course, result in the same value as obtained from the usual procedure involving constant energy transmission. However, the approach presented results in a general integral expression which may be solved for explicit functions describing the variation of the bottom in the direction of wave transmission. In the limiting case of shallow water waves, the expression reduces to the well-known Green's theorem. At the other extreme, for the transition from deep water to intermediate depths, the amplitude increases exponentially.

The second phase of the theoretical developments is the major one and gives specific solutions for the amplitude changes of shallow water waves over transitions of various geometries with full consideration of reflection from the transition. Again, energy dissipation is neglected. The following cases have been solved analytically determining the amplitudes and phase angles not only upstream and downstream, but also over the extent of the transition itself:

- A. The case of a transition of linearly varying depth of arbitrary slope of constant width.
- B. The case of linearly varying depth and width of arbitrary slopes.
- C. The case of constant depth with linearly varying width.
- D. The case of constant width with depth varying parabolically.

All solutions are derived on the basis of linearized, small amplitude wave theory applied to shallow water waves. The third phase covers a very extensive program of experimental determinations of reflection and transmission coefficients for a wide range of wave conditions and several cases of linearly varying depth and/or width (see cases A,B,C above). The experimental range of waves was not confined to shallow water waves alone but was broadened to include initial deep water conditions, with predominant emphasis given to intermediate waves between deep and shallow water characteristics. Of necessity the experimental results cannot be compared therefore to the theoretical

findings of the second phase. However, the latter results provide convenient limits for comparison as shallow water conditions are approached, while the limits of the other extreme - i.e. deep water conditions - are obviously trivial. For practical applications it was desirable that the wave range covered by experiments be expanded beyond the possibilities of theoretical analysis, which is not susceptible to approaches for intermediate waves.

II. THE STATE OF KNOWLEDGE - WAVE REFLECTION AND TRANSMISSION

The following discussion is concerned with a review of the basic theoretical results obtained up to the present on wave reflection and transmission. It will become apparent that all attempts in this very difficult problem had to be confined by necessity to very limited phases of the problem circumscribed by small-amplitude wave theory. For the purpose of this review therefore the essential features of this theory may be stated here again.

2.1 Summary of Linear, Small Amplitude Theory

The basis of wave theory as derived essentially by Airy (1) and Stokes (2) is given by the continuity equation and the dynamic equation for the motion of a non-viscous, incompressible, homogeneous fluid. The condition of irrotationality permits the introduction of the velocity potential ϕ . Thus for the two-dimensional problem:

$$u_x + w_z = \phi_{xx} + \phi_{zz} = \nabla^2 \phi = 0 \quad \text{from continuity} \quad (2.1)$$

$$-\phi_t + \frac{1}{2}(u^2 + w^2) + \frac{p}{\rho} + gz = 0 \quad \text{from dynamic conditions} \quad (2.2)$$

The restriction to small amplitude variations permits the reduction of the dynamic equation to

$$-\phi_t + \frac{p}{\rho} + gz = 0 \quad (2.3)$$

The solution is accomplished by satisfying the essential boundary conditions (figure 1).

$$w = -\phi_z = 0 \quad \text{for } z = -h \quad (2.4)$$

and

$$\eta = \frac{1}{g}(\phi_t)_{z=\eta} \quad \text{for the surface} \quad (2.5)$$

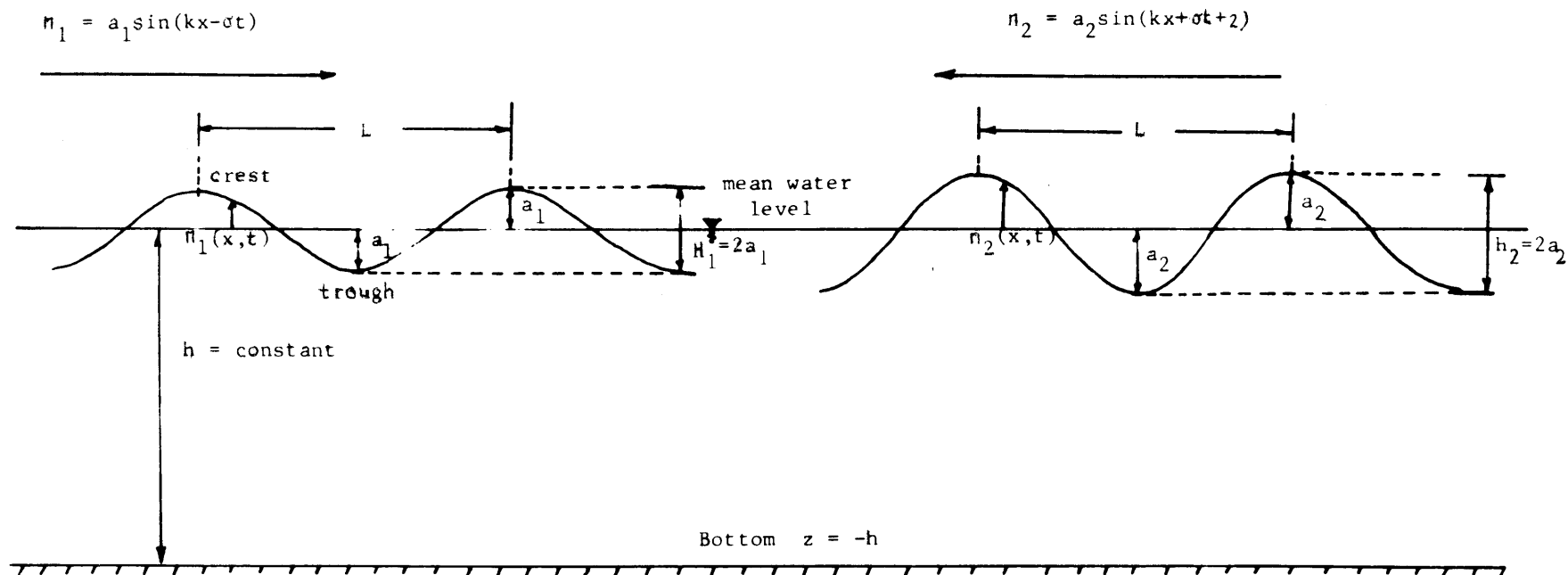


Fig. 1 Small Amplitude Wave System of Two Waves
 Travelling in Opposite Directions
 Definition Sketch.

Assuming further in line with the small amplitude condition that (2.5) is approximately satisfied by

$$\eta = \frac{1}{g} (\phi_t)_{z=0} \quad (2.6)$$

Further, small amplitude variations, permit the introduction of the kinematic condition

$$\phi_z = \eta_t \quad \text{for } z=0 \quad (2.7)$$

The solution of equations (2.1) and (2.3) for these constraints results in the well-known harmonic description of surface variations η as a function of space and time

$$\eta = a \sin(kx - \sigma t) \quad (2.8)$$

representing a progressive wave travelling in the positive x direction. Velocity and pressure variations throughout the depth may also be established from the solution for the velocity potential for this case.

$$\phi = \frac{ag}{\sigma} \frac{\cosh k(h+z)}{\cosh kh} \cos(kx - \sigma t) \quad (2.9)$$

For the linear problem dealt with here superposition of such waves is permissible; hence for the problem of reflection, waves travelling in the opposite direction may be superimposed, considering however appropriate phase shifts. Thus for partial reflection the amplitude variation may be given by (figure 1)

$$\eta = a_1 \sin(kx - \sigma t) + a_2 \sin(kx + \sigma t + \delta) \quad (2.10)$$

The phenomenon under consideration in this report is specifically addressed to the complex problem of solving theoretically and experimentally for the characteristics of the reflected wave in relation to certain geometries of the channel transition. Basically this requires the prediction of the

reflected wave amplitude a_2 and of the phase shift δ with respect to the incoming wave a_1 . The amplitude and phase angle of the portion of the wave continuing in the same direction, the transmitted wave, must also be determined. For these purposes use is made of the conservation of wave energy. The energies of the wave components involved in the process are given by

$$E = \frac{\gamma a^2}{2} \quad \text{average energy per unit of surface area} \quad (2.11)$$

This wave energy is transmitted with the group velocity

$$C_G = C \frac{1}{2} \left[1 + \frac{2 kh}{\sinh 2kh} \right] \quad (2.12)$$

wherein

$$C = \left(\frac{g}{k} \tanh kh \right)^{1/2} \quad (2.13)$$

Equations (2.11) to (2.13) have also been obtained from the small amplitude solutions of the basic equations cited above, and for the case of constant depth in the field of wave motion.

2.2 The Problem of Channel Transitions and Wave Reflection

(i) Gradual Transitions

A progressive gravity wave entering a region of gradually varying geometry suffers important changes in its basic characteristics, the amplitude and phase angle, depending on the shape of the transition. As a result of the change of the channel geometry there is a partial reflection and transmission of the wave. Both, the transmitted and the reflected wave, have different amplitudes and phase angles with respect to the incoming wave (figure 2).

For very gradual transitions the reflection is very weak and the entire energy is approximately transmitted assuming no loss by bottom friction. This case is represented by Green's Law for long (shallow) waves in very gradual transitions under the assumption of zero reflection and loss. The incoming energy is equal to the transmitted energy and from the balance of the energy flux we obtain:

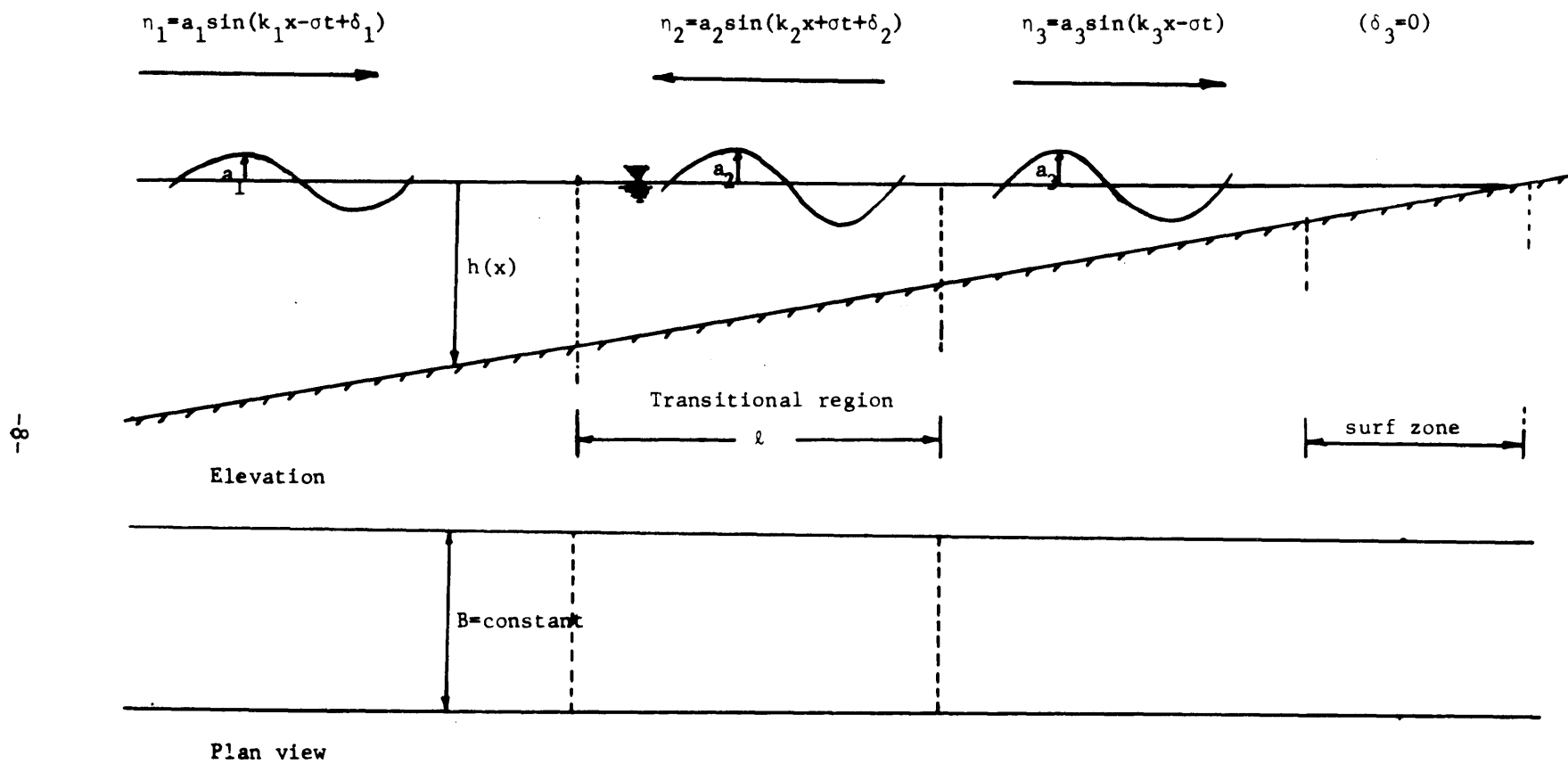


Fig. 2. Wave Partial Reflection and Transmission Process in a Gradual Transition (Gradually Varying Depth - Constant Width).

$$(EBC_G)_{x_1} = (EBC_G)_{x_3} \quad (2.14)$$

and since

$$C = C_G = \sqrt{gh} \quad \text{and} \quad E = \gamma \frac{a^2}{2}$$

the amplitude variation is given by:

$$\left(\frac{a_1}{a_3}\right) = \left(\frac{B_3}{B_1}\right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{h_3}{h_1}\right)^{1/4} \quad (2.15)$$

With steeper bottom slopes reflection must be considered and Green's Law is no longer applicable. The energy transport relation does not furnish any information on phase angles. Also frictional effects may become significant for transitions of considerable length (3). Hence the problem of wave transformation in such transitions becomes quite complex.

(ii) Abrupt Transitions

At the opposite end of the spectrum of transitions which can be approximated by Green's Law are the cases of abrupt transitions. Here reflections must be evaluated. The velocity potential ϕ should be defined subject to the appropriate boundary conditions over the abrupt transition. Such a general potential has not been determined as yet.

However a procedure has been adopted assuming the existence of the following wave system:

$$\text{incoming wave: } \eta_1 = a_1 \sin(k_1 x - \sigma t + \delta_1) \quad (2.16)$$

$$\text{reflected wave: } \eta_2 = a_2 \sin(k_1 x + \sigma t + \delta_2) \quad (2.17)$$

$$\text{transmitted wave: } \eta_3 = a_3 \sin(k_2 x - \sigma t + \delta_3) \quad (2.18)$$

Phase angle δ_3 can be taken as reference angle equal to zero. The water flux at the abrupt transition is continuous at any moment and under the further assumption of continuity and uniformity of the free water surface (4)

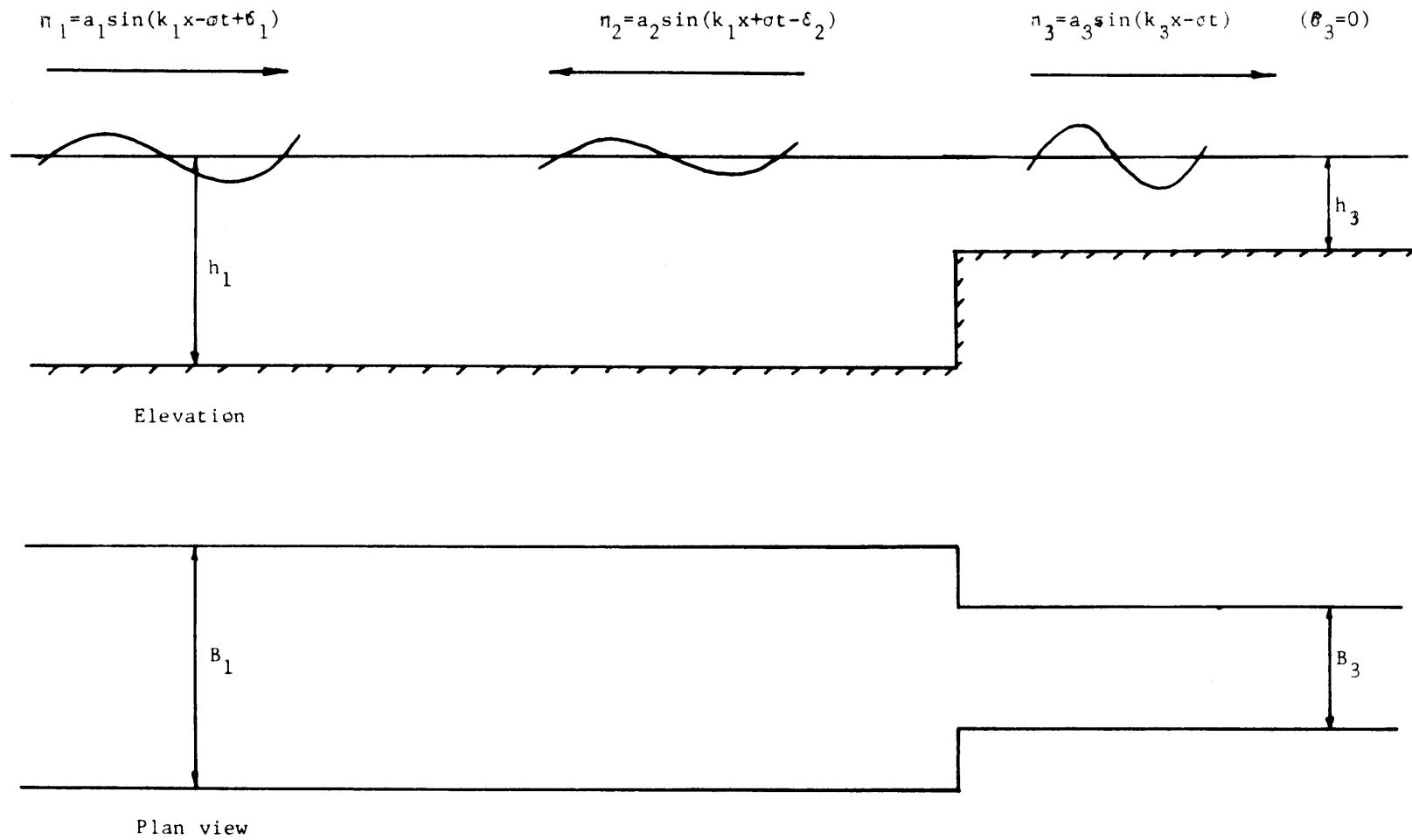


Fig. 3 Wave Partial Reflection and Transmission Process at Channel Discontinuity (Abrupt Transition)

in the y-direction we obtain the following relations from continuity and energy concepts:

$$\text{From continuity: } n_1 + n_2 = n_3 \text{ at the abrupt transition for all time} \quad (2.19)$$

$$\text{From energy balance: } n_1 E_1 C_1 B_1 = n_2 E_2 C_2 B_1 + n_3 E_3 C_3 B_3 \quad (2.20)$$

where C_1, C_2, C_3 are wave celerities and E_1, E_2, E_3 refer to incoming, reflected and transmitted wave energies. Also,

$$n_1 = n_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[1 + \frac{2k_1 h_1}{\sinh 2k_1 h_1} \right]$$

and

$$n_3 = \frac{1}{2} \left[1 + \frac{2k_3 h_3}{\sinh 2k_3 h_3} \right]$$

If we substitute equations (2.16) up to (2.18) into (2.19) we receive the relation (4):

$$a_2 \sin \delta_2 = a_3 \sin \delta_3 \quad (2.21)$$

The phase angles δ_2 and δ_3 are not known.

A solution can be obtained under the assumption that $\delta_2 = \pi$, as in the case of complete reflection from a vertical wall, that implies $\delta_3 = 0$ i.e. the transmitted wave has the same phase angle as the incoming wave. (4)

Under this assumption ($\delta_2 = \pi$):

$$a_1 + a_2 = a_3$$

and the transmission and reflection coefficients can then be defined for deep water and intermediate depth waves as follows:

$$K_r = \frac{a_2}{a_1} = \frac{n_1 L_1 B_1 - n_3 L_3 B_3}{n_1 L_1 B_1 + n_3 L_3 B_3} \quad (2.22)$$

$$K_t = \frac{a_3}{a_1} = 1 + K_r = \frac{2n_1 L_1 B_1}{n_1 L_1 B_1 + n_3 L_3 B_3} \quad (2.23)$$

In the cases of waves which are deep in both channel sections $n_1 = n_2 = n_3 = \frac{1}{2}$ and $L_1 = L_3$ the previous coefficients become:

$$K_r = \frac{B_1 - B_3}{B_1 + B_3}, \quad K_t = \frac{2B_1}{B_1 + B_3}$$

For shallow water waves on the other hand, $n_1 = n_2 = n_3 = 1$, and hence: (5)

$$K_r = \frac{a_2}{a_1} = \frac{C_1 B_1 - C_3 B_3}{C_1 B_1 + C_3 B_3}$$

$$K_t = \frac{a_3}{a_1} = 1 + K_r = \frac{2C_1 B_1}{C_1 B_1 + C_3 B_3}$$

Experimental tests have been conducted at the M.I.T. Hydrodynamics Laboratory (6, 7) with deep water and intermediate depth waves over abrupt and gradual transitions, and the results have been compared with the various transmission and reflection coefficients defined above. The experimental evidence is in fair agreement with these theoretical definitions.

2.3 Theoretical Solutions for Linear Shallow Wave Theory for Gradual Transitions

The theoretical difficulties encountered in abrupt transitions for the determination of amplitude and phase angles are augmented in the case of gradual transition, when we want to consider reflection, for the following reasons:

- i). The mass flux varies continuously with position and time over the length of transition and only over a full wave cycle is the net storage equal to zero.
- (ii) The characteristics (amplitude, wave length, phase angle) of both transmitted and reflected waves vary continuously over the transition with both position and time.

On the basis of small amplitude linear wave theory Takano(8) has solved the general case of transitions with abrupt ends submerged in a uniform rectangular channel. He gives the theoretical transmission and reflection coefficients.

P. Jolas (9a,b) following Takano's theoretical investigation has determined these coefficients experimentally. However in this experimental work no corrections were introduced for reflections from the end of the channel.

Dean and Ursell (10) solved the problem of wave reflection and transmission coefficients and of the force components on a semi-immersed circular cylinder the axis of which is perpendicular to the direction of propagation of the waves.

As in all other wave tank experiments their measured data were influenced by reflection of the transmitted wave from the end of the channel. However they established a mathematically rigorous method by which these data could be modified to the idealized case of an endless channel, in which the transmitted wave suffers no reflection. Their modified experimental data agreed fairly well with the theoretical predictions. They established also the important result that usually the channel-end reflections are not negligible. This was confirmed by the present experimental investigation.

Ursell, Dean and Yu (11) studied also the reflection phenomena on a smooth beach and compared their results to the findings of Miche (12) considering deep-water wave steepness.

Bocco and Gagnon (6) performed experiments for intermediate depth and deep water waves with transitions, i.e. sills with front slopes 1:0.58 ($\alpha=60^\circ$) and 1:2.75 ($\alpha=20^\circ$) a horizontal section of finite length and abrupt downstream ends. They analyzed the experimental data according to the method proposed by Dean-Ursell (10) and compared the reflection and transmission coefficients with Lamb's theory for abrupt transitions.

Ippen, Alam, Bourodimos (7) extended the experimental investigation of Bocco and Gagnon for the entire spectrum of wave conditions from deep to shallow depth waves with a transition of slope 1:16 ($\alpha=3.57^\circ$) between two uniform rectangular regions upstream and downstream with emphasis on the effect of wave steepness on reflection and transmission.

Using linearized small amplitude shallow wave theory, Perroud (13) studied the program of wave motion in a channel of linear or exponentially varying cross section. However, he simply introduced the usual assumption of a linearized resistance, constant throughout the transition length, and neglected reflection of any type along the transition. Therefore the amplitude of the progressive wave decreases exponentially as in the case of a channel of uniform section.

Kajiura (14) investigated on a rigorous mathematical formulation the same problem for a transition of non-linear variable depth for long waves of small amplitude. The approach is that of a boundary value problem after a linearization of boundary conditions. He found that the transmission and reflection coefficients can be predicted by the theoretical coefficients of Lamb (5) for an abrupt transition for small values of the ratio of the length of transition, ℓ , to the incident wave length, L_1 . He confirmed again that Green's Law is valid for weak reflections.

Evangelisti (15) on the basis of small amplitude linear shallow wave theory defined the wave modification in a channel of monotonic variation of width and breadth. He gave a solution in terms of Hankel functions.

The most important contribution in this field in recent years is due to Dean (16). He determined theoretically the wave reflection and transmission coefficients on the basis of linearized shallow wave theory for three linear transitions of rectangular section, each of which is joined to uniform channel segments upstream and downstream. The three cases are: (a) linearly varying depth - constant width, (b) gradually varying depth and width, and (c) gradually varying width - constant depth. His solution is restricted to the reflection and transmission coefficients without consideration of the amplitude variation over the transition and the phase angles in the three regions.

Stoker (17) presents a mathematically rigorous treatment of different cases of wave motion over sloping beaches. In Appendix A of reference (18) a general review of his pertinent contribution is given. In addition other studies are reviewed there, which have less direct connection with the present investigation. This includes a study by Beitinjani and Brater (19) who investigated the refraction of waves in a trapezoidal channel on the basis of Stokian wave theory.

III. THE GENERAL PROBLEM OF WAVE MOTION THROUGH TRANSITIONS OF VARYING
GEOMETRY

3.1 The Case of Wave Motion Over a Bottom of Changing Geometry - A Develop-
ment to the First Order of Approximation

We assume

$$\nabla^2 \phi = 0 \quad (3.1)$$

and

$$\phi \sim \phi^* e^{-i\sigma t} \quad (3.2)$$

for irrotational motion of a homogeneous incompressible, non-viscous fluid. The boundary value problem, after linearization of the non-linear B.C. for the linearized wave motion, is:

$$g\eta_t + \phi_t = 0 \quad (3.3a)$$

$$\eta_t - \phi_z = 0 \quad (3.3b)$$

for $z = 0$ (instead of $z = \eta$).

From the geometry (fig. 4) we have:

$$\frac{dh}{dx} = + \frac{w}{u} = + \frac{\phi_z}{\phi_x} \quad (3.4)$$

for $z = h(x)$.

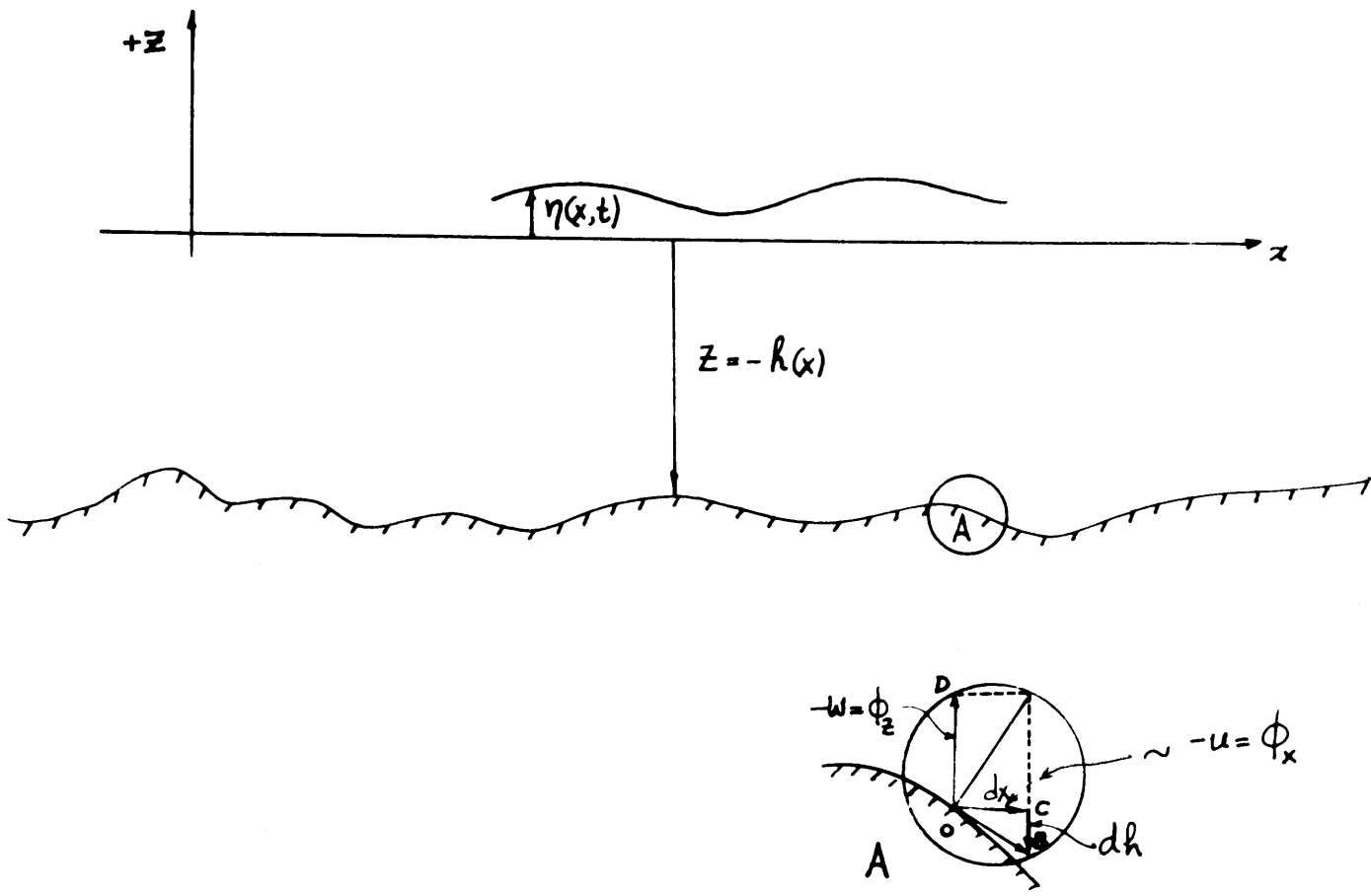


Fig. 4. Wave Motion Over an Uneven Bottom
Definition Sketch

From (3.3a, b) B.C. after elimination of η_t , we have:

$$\phi_{tt} + g \phi_z = 0 \quad (3.5)$$

on $z = 0$.

Since $\phi \sim e^{-i\sigma t}$, the 3.5 relation above becomes:

$$\frac{\sigma^2}{g} \phi = \phi_z \quad (3.6)$$

on $z = 0$.

The wave problem is now the following:

$$\nabla^2 \phi = 0 \quad (3.1)$$

$$\phi_z + \phi_x \cdot h_x = 0 \quad (\text{on } z = -h) \quad (3.4)$$

$$\frac{\sigma^2}{g} \phi - \phi_z = 0 \quad (\text{on } z = 0) \quad (3.6)$$

A change in the horizontal scale is next introduced, using the method of "strained coordinates" (M. Van Dyke: Perturbation Methods in Fluid Dynamics

$$(20): \quad \mathbf{x} \rightarrow \mathbf{X} \quad \mathbf{x} = \frac{1}{\mu} \mathbf{X} \quad \mu \ll 1$$

The above equations, (3.1), (3.4), and (3.6), thus assume the form:

$$\phi_{zz} + \mu^2 \phi_{XX} = 0 \quad (3.7)$$

$$\frac{\sigma^2}{g} \phi - \phi_z = 0 \quad (\text{on } z = 0) \quad (3.8)$$

$$\phi_z + \mu^2 \phi_X h_X(X) = 0 \quad (\text{on } z = -h(X)) \quad (3.9)$$

since

$$\phi_x = \phi_{XX} X_x = \mu \phi_X$$

$$h_x(X) = + h_{XX} X_x = \mu h_X$$

With $\phi = \hat{\phi} e^{\frac{i}{\mu} \theta(X)}$, where $\hat{\phi}(X, z)$, we get:

$$\phi_{zz} = \hat{\phi}_{zz} e^{\frac{i}{\mu} \theta(X)} \quad (3.10)$$

$$\phi_X = (\hat{\phi}_X + \frac{i}{\mu} \theta_X \hat{\phi}) e^{\frac{i}{\mu} \theta(X)} \quad (3.11)$$

$$\phi_{XX} = (\hat{\phi}_{XX} + \frac{i}{\mu} (\theta_X \hat{\phi})_X + \frac{i}{\mu} \theta_X \hat{\phi}_X - \frac{\theta_X^2}{\mu} \hat{\phi}) e^{\frac{i}{\mu} \theta(X)} \quad (3.12)$$

Substituting (3.10), (3.11), (3.12), into (3.7), (3.8), (3.9), we obtain:

$$\hat{\phi}_{zz} - \theta_X^2 \hat{\phi} + i\mu [2\theta_X \hat{\phi}_X + \theta_{XX} \hat{\phi}] + \mu^2 \hat{\phi}_{XX} = 0 \quad (3.13)$$

$$\frac{\sigma^2}{g} \hat{\phi} = \hat{\phi}_z \quad (\text{on } z = 0) \quad (3.14)$$

$$\hat{\phi}_z + i\mu \theta_X \hat{\phi}_X h_X(X) + \mu^2 \hat{\phi}_X h_X(X) = 0 \quad (\text{on } z = -h) \quad (3.15)$$

Assuming that ϕ has a development in power series in a perturbation scheme of the form:

$$\hat{\phi} = \hat{\phi}^{(0)} + \mu \hat{\phi}^{(1)} + \mu^2 \hat{\phi}^{(2)} + \mu^3 \hat{\phi}^{(3)} + \dots \quad (3.16)$$

we take the terms of zeroth order after the insertion of (3.16) into (3.13), (3.14), (3.15). The terms of zeroth order yield the equations:

$$\hat{\phi}_{zz}^{(0)} - \hat{\phi}^{(0)} \theta_X^2 = 0 \quad (3.17)$$

$$\frac{\sigma}{g} \hat{\phi}^{(0)} - \hat{\phi}_z^{(0)} = 0 \quad (\text{on } z = 0) \quad (3.18)$$

$$\hat{\phi}_z^{(0)} = 0 \quad (\text{on } z = -h) \quad (3.19)$$

The terms of first order yield the equations:

$$\hat{\phi}_{zz}^{(1)} - \theta_X^2 \hat{\phi}^{(1)} = -i[2\theta_X \hat{\phi}_X^{(0)} + \theta_{XX} \hat{\phi}^{(0)}] \quad (3.20)$$

$$\frac{\sigma}{g} \hat{\phi}^{(1)} - \hat{\phi}_z^{(1)} = 0 \quad (\text{on } z = 0) \quad (3.21)$$

$$\hat{\phi}_z^{(1)} + i\theta_X h_X(X) \hat{\phi}^{(0)} = 0 \quad (\text{on } z = -h) \quad (3.22)$$

Dropping "hats" we have the solution of zeroth order problem (3.17) with B.C. (3.18), (3.19).

$$\phi^{(0)} = a^{(0)}(X) \cosh \theta_X (z+h) \quad (3.23)$$

Note that θ_X^2 is considered as an "eigen value" since equation $\phi_{zz} - \theta_X^2 \phi = 0$ contains functions of independent variable z only.

Applying the boundary condition $\phi_z^{(0)} = 0$ on $z = -h$,

$$\phi_z^{(0)} = a^{(0)}(X) \sinh \theta_X (-h+z) = 0 \quad (3.24)$$

and for B.C. (3.18)

$$\frac{\sigma^2}{g} a^{(0)}(X) \cosh \theta_X(h+0) = a^{(0)}(X) \sinh \theta_X(h+0)$$

or

$$\frac{\sigma^2}{g} a^{(0)}(X) \cosh \theta_X h = \theta_X a^{(0)}(X) \sinh \theta_X h$$

and finally

$$\frac{\sigma^2}{g} = \theta_X \tanh (\theta_X h) \quad (3.25)$$

Substituting the solution (3.23) into the first order problem we get, for $\phi^{(1)}$ from (3.20):

$$\phi_{zz}^{(1)} - \theta_X^2 \phi^{(1)} = -i \left[2\theta_X \left[a_X^{(0)} \cosh \theta_X(z+h) + a^{(0)} \left[\theta_{XX} z + (\theta_X h) \right] \sinh \theta_X(z+h) \right] + \theta_{XX} a^{(0)} \cosh \theta_X(z+h) \right]$$

$$\phi_{zz}^{(1)} - \theta_X^2 \phi^{(1)} = -i [2\theta_X a_X^{(0)} + \theta_{XX} a^{(0)}] \cosh \theta_X(z+h) -$$

$$-2ia^{(0)} \theta_X [\theta_{XX}(z+h) + (\theta_X h_X)] \sinh \theta_X(z+h) \quad (3.26)$$

Now the nonhomogeneous second part is mainly a function of z and the whole equation for $\phi^{(1)}$ can be represented as follows:

$$\phi_{zz} - \theta_X^2 \phi = c_I \cosh \theta_X X_I + (c_{II} X_I + c_{III}) \sinh \theta_X X_I \quad (3.27)$$

Integrating we obtain a particular solution:

$$\phi = c_I^* X_I \sinh \theta_X X_I + c_{II}^* X_I^2 \cosh \theta_X X_I + c_{III}^* X_I \cosh \theta_X X_I \quad (3.28)$$

$$(X_I = z + h)$$

Thus,

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_{zz} - \theta_X^2 \phi &= 2\theta_X c_I^* \cosh \theta_X X_I + 2c_{II}^* \cosh \theta_X X_I + \\ &+ 4c_{II}^* X_I \theta_X \sinh \theta_X X_I + 2c_{III}^* \theta_X \sinh \theta_X X_I \end{aligned} \quad (3.29)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_{zz} - \theta_X^2 \phi &= (2\theta_X c_I^* + 2c_{II}^*) \cosh \theta_X X_I \\ &+ (2c_{III}^* \theta_X + 4c_{II}^* \theta_X X_I) \sinh \theta_X X_I \end{aligned} \quad (3.30)$$

with

$$2\theta_X c_I^* + 2c_{II}^* = c_I$$

$$4\theta_X c_{II}^* = c_{II}$$

$$2\theta_X c_{III}^* = c_{III}$$

thus,

$$c_{III}^* = \frac{c_{III}}{2\theta_X} \quad (3.31)$$

$$c_{II}^* = \frac{c_{II}}{4\theta_X} \quad (3.32)$$

$$c_I^* = \frac{c_I}{2\theta_X} - \frac{c_{II}}{4\theta_X} \quad (3.33)$$

In our case,

$$c_I = -i[2\theta_{XX}a^{(0)} + \theta_{XX}a^{(0)}] \quad (3.34)$$

$$c_{II} = -i2a^{(0)} \theta_{XX}\theta_X \quad (3.35)$$

$$c_{III} = -ia^{(0)} [(\theta_{XX}h_X)]\theta_X \quad (3.36)$$

Hence

$$c_{III}^* = -\frac{i2a^{(0)} [(\theta_{XX}h_X)]\theta_X}{2\theta_X} = -ia^{(0)} h_X\theta_X$$

$$c_{II}^* = -\frac{2ia^{(0)} \theta_{XX}\theta_X}{4\theta_X} = -\frac{ia^{(0)}}{2} \theta_{XX}$$

$$c_I^* = -i \frac{[2\theta_{XX}a^{(0)} + \theta_{XX}a^{(0)}]}{2\theta_X} + \frac{2ia^{(0)} \theta_{XX}\theta_X}{4\theta_X} = -i \frac{2\theta_{XX}a^{(0)}}{2\theta_X} = ia_X^{(0)}$$

So

$$c_I = -ia_X^{(0)} \quad (3.37)$$

$$c_{II} = -\frac{i}{2} a^{(0)} \theta_{XX} \quad (3.38)$$

$$c_{III} = -ia^{(0)} h_X \theta_X \quad (3.39)$$

Thus $\phi^{(1)}$, the first order solution, becomes:

$$\begin{aligned} \phi^{(1)} = & a^{(1)} \cosh \theta_X(z+h) + b^{(1)} \sinh \theta_X(z+h) - ia_X^{(0)} (z+h) \sinh \theta_X(z+h) - \\ & -i \frac{a^{(0)}}{2} \theta_{XX} (z+h)^2 \cosh \theta_X(z+h) - ia^{(0)} h_X \theta_X (z+h) \cosh \theta_X(z+h) \end{aligned} \quad (3.40)$$

The B.C. on $\phi^{(1)}$ are:

$$\frac{\sigma^2}{g} \phi^{(1)} - \phi_z^{(1)} = 0 \quad (\text{on } z = 0)$$

$$\phi_z^{(1)} + i \theta_X h_X \phi^{(0)} = 0 \quad (\text{on } z = -h)$$

$$b^{(1)} \theta_X - ia^{(0)} h_X \theta_X + i \theta_X h_X a^{(0)} = 0$$

So $b^{(1)} = 0$ (since $\theta_X \neq 0$)

$$\phi_z^{(1)}|_{z=0} = a^{(1)} \theta_X \sinh \theta_X h + b^{(1)} \theta_X \cosh \theta_X h - ia_X^{(0)} (\sinh \theta_X h + \theta_X h \cosh \theta_X h)$$

$$-i \frac{a^{(0)}}{2} \theta_{XX} (2h \cosh \theta_X h + h^2 \theta_X \sinh \theta_X h) - ia^{(0)} h_X \theta_X (\cosh \theta_X h + \theta_X h \sinh \theta_X h)$$

$$\text{or } \phi^{(1)}|_{z=0} = [a^{(1)} \cosh\theta_X h - ia_X^{(0)} h \sinh\theta_X h - i \frac{a^{(0)}}{2} \theta_{XX} h^2 \cosh\theta_X h - ia^{(0)} h_X \theta_X h \cosh\theta_X h] \quad (3.41)$$

Multiplying (3.41) by σ^2/g , we get:

$$\frac{\sigma^2}{g} \phi^{(1)}|_{z=0} = \frac{\sigma^2}{g} [a^{(1)} \cosh\theta_X h - ia_X^{(0)} h \sinh\theta_X h - \frac{1}{2} a^{(0)} \theta_{XX} h^2 \cosh\theta_X h - ia^{(0)} h_X \theta_X h \cosh\theta_X h] \quad (3.42)$$

and using the B.C., $\frac{\sigma^2}{g} \phi^{(1)} = \phi_z^{(1)}$ at $z=0$ for the above $\phi^{(1)}$, we have:

$$\begin{aligned} & a_X^{(0)} [-i(\sinh\theta_X h + \theta_X h \cosh\theta_X h) + i\sigma^2 \frac{h}{g} \sinh\theta_X h] = \\ & = a^{(0)} [i \frac{\theta_{XX}}{2} (2h \cosh\theta_X h + h^2 \theta_X \sinh\theta_X h) + ih_X \theta_X (\cosh\theta_X h + \\ & + \theta_X h \sinh\theta_X h) - i \frac{\sigma^2}{2g} \theta_{XX} h^2 \cosh\theta_X h - \frac{i\sigma^2}{g} h h_X \theta_X \cosh\theta_X h] \end{aligned} \quad (3.43)$$

From (3.25) we have:

$$\coth\theta_X h = \frac{g\theta_X}{\sigma^2}$$

Dividing (3.42) by $\sinh\theta_X h$, multiplying by i and using (3.25), we get:

$$a_X^{(0)} \left[\frac{\sigma^2 h}{g} - 1 - \frac{gh\theta_X^2}{\sigma^2} \right] = a^{(0)} \left[\frac{gh}{\sigma^2} \theta_X \theta_{XX} + g \frac{h_X \theta_X^2}{\sigma^2} \right] \quad (3.44)$$

Differentiating (3.25) with respect to X, we get:

$$\left(\frac{\sigma^2}{g} - g \frac{\theta_X^2}{\sigma^2}\right) (\theta_X h)_X = \theta_{XX} \quad (3.45)$$

Substituting this in (3.44), we get:

$$a_X^{(0)} (h_X \theta_X) = - a^{(0)} g \frac{(h \theta_X)_X}{\sigma^2} [h \theta_X \theta_{XX} + h_X \theta_X^2]$$

or

$$a_X^{(0)} h_X \theta_X = - \frac{a^{(0)}}{\sigma^2} g \theta_X [(h \theta_X)_X]^2$$

or

$$\frac{a_X^{(0)}}{a^{(0)}} = - \frac{g}{\sigma^2 h_X} [(h \theta_X)_X]^2 \quad (3.46)$$

After integration of (3.46), we get:

$$\ln \frac{a(X)}{a(X_0)} = - \int \frac{g}{\sigma^2 h_X} [(h \theta_X)_X]^2 dx$$

$$a(X) = a(X_0^{(0)}) \exp \left[- \int_{X_0}^X \frac{g}{\sigma^2 h_X} [(h\theta_X)_X]^2 dx \right] \quad (3.47)$$

The integral clearly indicates that an increment of amplitude, $a^{(0)}$, is obtained since for shallower water $h_X < 0$ and the integral remains positive. For $h_X > 0$ (in the direction towards deeper water) the integral becomes negative and the amplitude decreases.

Special applications of (3.47) are:

- a. Limiting case of shallow water waves
- b. Deeper part of intermediate wave region

a. Limiting case of shallow water waves

Assuming $\theta_X h$ is small, since $\theta_X \sim \frac{1}{L} \sim k(x)$ is small and when the water is shallow and depth, h , is small, the quantity $\theta_X h = \frac{h}{L}$ becomes smaller and then (3.25) becomes:

$$\frac{1}{\theta_X h} = \frac{gh\theta_X}{\sigma^2 h} \text{ or } h\theta_X = \sigma \left(\frac{h}{g}\right)^{1/2}$$

Differentiating with respect to X ,

$$(h\theta_X)_X = \frac{\sigma h_X}{2(gh)^{1/2}}$$

Substituting the last two equations into (3.47) and integrating, we get:

$$a(X) = a(X_0^{(0)}) \exp \left[- \int_{X_0}^X \frac{g}{\sigma^2 h_X} \frac{\sigma^2 h_X^2}{4gh} dx \right]$$

$$a^{(0)}(X) = a^{(0)}(X_0) \exp\left[-\int_{X_0}^X \frac{h_X}{4h} dx\right] = a^{(0)}(X_0) \exp\left[-\frac{1}{4} \ln h\right]_{X_0}^X$$

$$a^{(0)}(X) = a^{(0)}(X_0) \exp\left[-\frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{h(X)}{h(X_0)}\right]$$

or

$$\frac{a^{(0)}(X)}{a^{(0)}(X_0)} = e^{-\frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{h(X)}{h(X_0)}} = \exp\left[-\frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{h(X)}{h(X_0)}\right]$$

$$\ln \left[\frac{a^{(0)}(X)}{a^{(0)}(X_0)} \right] = -\frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{h(X)}{h(X_0)}$$

or

$$\frac{a^{(0)}(X)}{a^{(0)}(X_0)} = \left[\frac{h(X)}{h(X_0)} \right]^{-1/4} \quad \text{If} \quad \begin{array}{l} a^{(0)}(X) \equiv a_3 \text{ and } h(X_0) \equiv h_1 \\ a^{(0)}(X_0) \equiv a_1 \text{ and } h(x) \equiv h_3 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{H_1}{H_3} = \frac{a_1}{a_3} = \left(\frac{h_3}{h_1} \right)^{1/4} \quad (3.48)$$

This is the well known Green's Law for shallow water waves for the case of pure transmission without reflection or dissipation of energy,

b. Deeper part of intermediate wave region

For the deeper part of the intermediate region when $\tanh \theta_X h \rightarrow 1$,

(3.25), gives $\theta_X \sim \frac{\sigma^2}{g}$. Then the general formula, (3.47), for the amplitude relation becomes:

$$a(X) = a^{(0)} \exp \left[- \int_{X_0}^X \frac{g}{\sigma^2 h_X} \left[\left(\frac{h\sigma^2}{g} \right)_X \right]^2 dx \right]$$

$$a^{(0)}(X) = a^{(0)} \exp \left[- \int_{X_0}^X \frac{gh_X \sigma^4}{\sigma^2 g^2} dx \right]$$

and, after integration,

$$a(X) = a^{(0)}(X_0) \exp \left[- \frac{\sigma^2}{g} [h(X) - h(X_0)] \right] \quad (3.49)$$

Introducing the transition length between the location $h(X)$ and $h(X_0)$ where $a^{(0)}(X)$ and $a^{(0)}(X_0)$ respectively, we get the variation of amplitudes to the zeroth approximation.

$$\frac{a^{(0)}(X)}{a^{(0)}(X_0)} = e^{-\frac{\sigma^2 \ell}{g} \left[\frac{h(X) - h(X_0)}{\ell} \right]} \quad (3.50a)$$

In the usual notation of upstream and downstream amplitudes $a^{(0)}(X) \equiv a_3$ and $a^{(0)}(X_0) \equiv a_1$ with $h(X) \equiv h_3$ and $h(X_0) \equiv h_1$, we get:

$$\frac{a_3}{a_1} = \exp - \left[\frac{\sigma^2 \ell}{g} \left(\frac{h_3 - h_1}{\ell} \right) \right] \quad (3.50b)$$

Thus the amplitude ratio $\frac{a_3}{a_1}$ is governed by the parameters:

$$\frac{\sigma^2 l}{g} = Sp = \text{shoaling parameter}$$

$$\frac{h_3 - h_1}{l} = \text{slope of bottom}$$

The amplitude variation was computed as a function of shoaling parameter Sp for different slopes S. These computations are given in graphical form in Fig. 5 and 6.

3.2 Case A of Transition: Gradually Varying Depth - Constant Width

From the geometry of the transition we have:

(i) Region I (Upstream)

$$\begin{aligned} B = B_1 = B_3 = \text{constant} & \quad + \infty > x \geq + l_1 \\ h = h_1 = \text{constant} & \quad + \infty > x \geq + l_1 \end{aligned}$$

(ii) Region II (Transition)

$$\frac{h(x)}{h_1} = \frac{x}{l_1} \quad \text{or} \quad h(x) = \frac{h_1}{l_1} x \quad \text{in} \quad + l_1 \geq x \geq + (l_1 - l)$$

$$B = B_1 = B_3 = \text{constant} \quad + l_1 \geq x \geq + (l_1 - l)$$

(iii) Region III (Downstream)

$$\begin{aligned} B = B_1 = B_3 = \text{constant} & \quad + (l_1 - l) \geq x > - \infty \\ h = h_3 = \text{constant} & \quad + (l_1 - l) \geq x > - \infty \end{aligned}$$

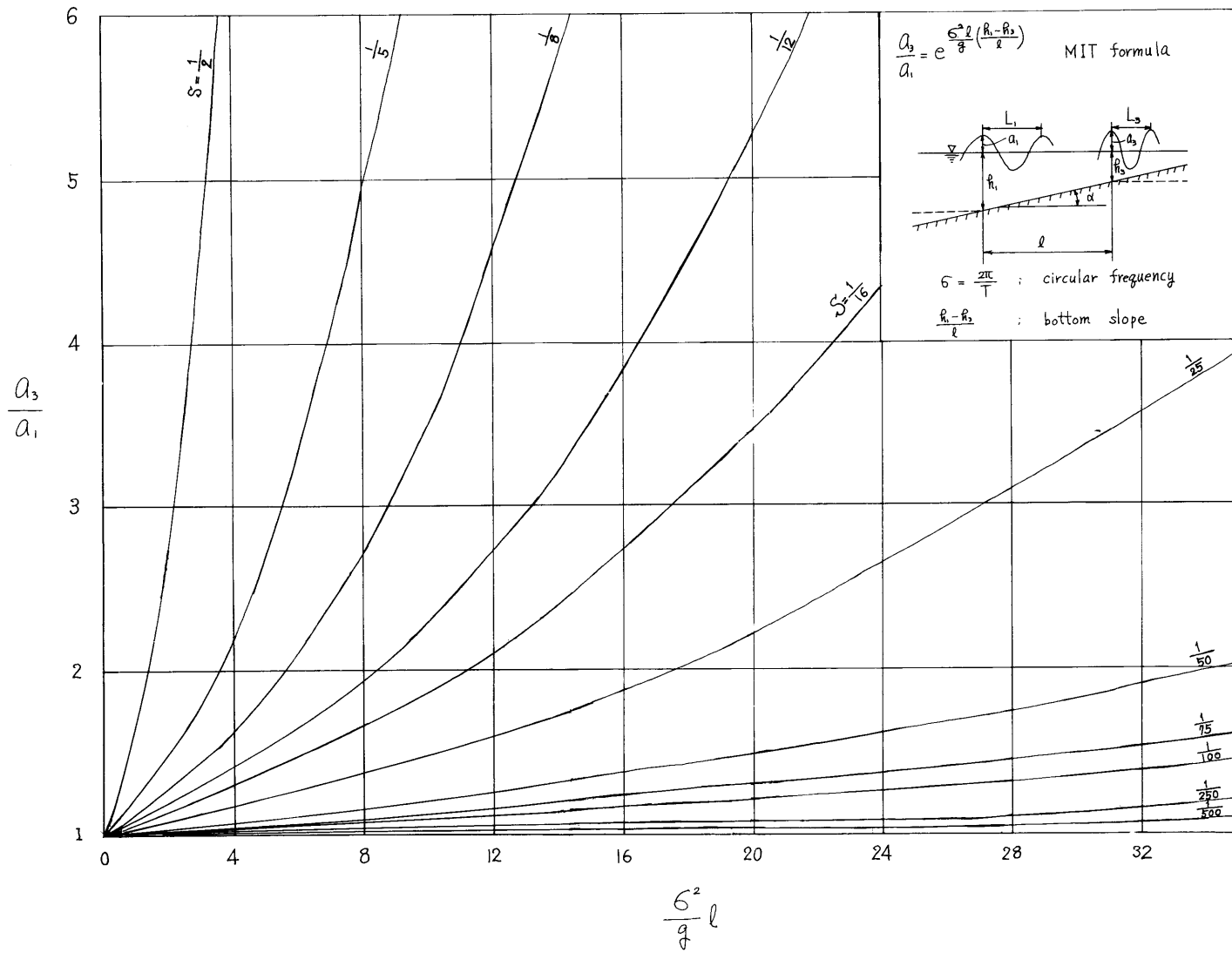


Fig. 5 Wave Amplitude Variation with Shoaling Parameter $\frac{\sigma^2 l}{g}$ for Different Slopes

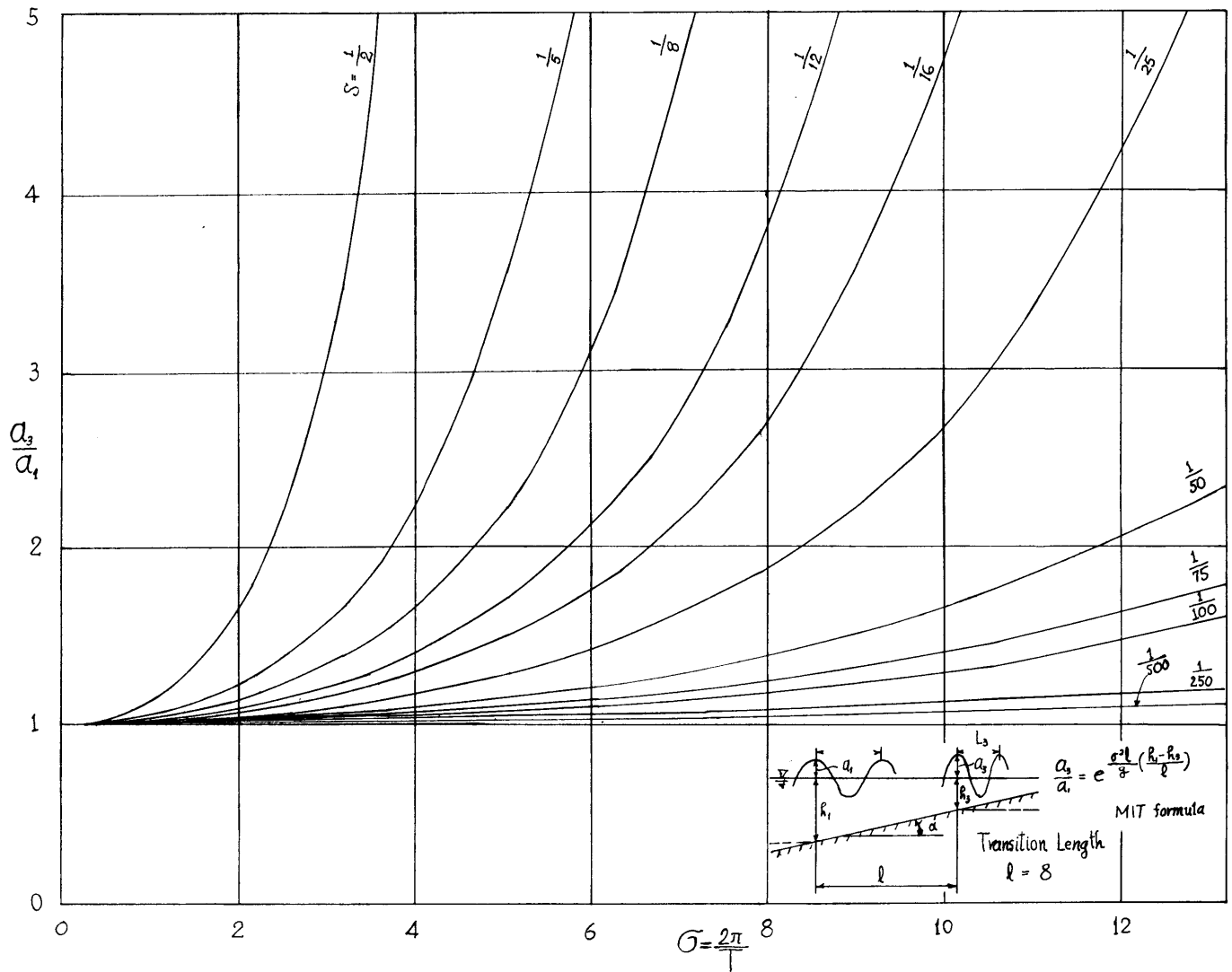


Fig. 6 Wave Amplitude Variation with Circular Frequency for Different Slopes ($l = 8$ ft.)

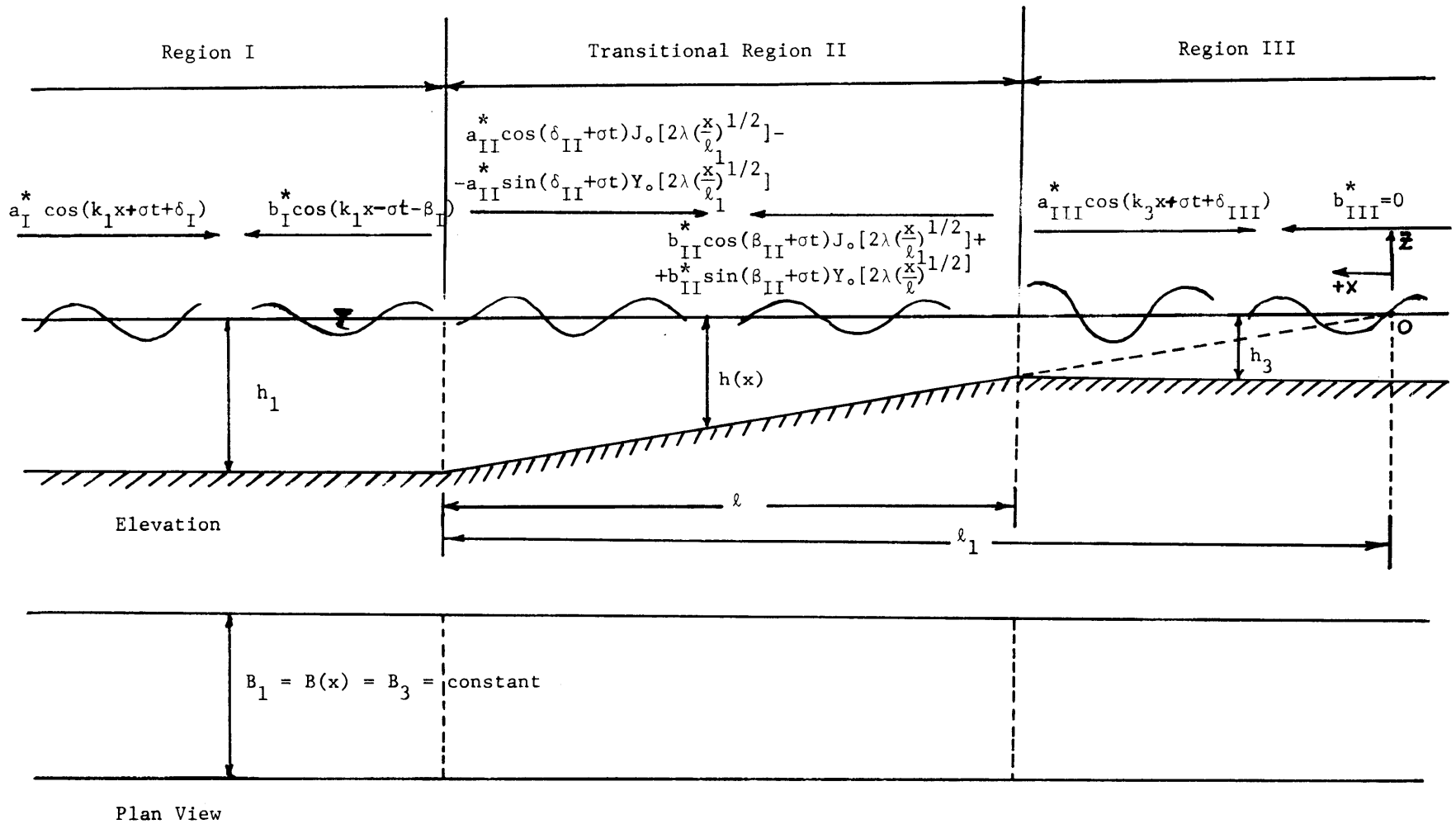


Fig. 7. Schematic Diagram of Case A of Transition Gradually Varying Depth - Constant Width.

From these geometrical considerations the area of cross section at distance x over the transition is

$$A(x) = Bh(x) = B\left(\frac{h_1}{l}\right)x$$

The equations of wave motion of small amplitude, linearized for shallow water, are deduced from the non-linear shallow wave theory in two dimensions as follows:

$$u_t + g\eta_x = 0 \quad (3.51)$$

$$(uh)_x + \eta_t = 0 \quad (3.52)$$

Equation (3.52) is the continuity equation. Writing this more generally (4) we get:

$$(uA)_x + B\eta_t = 0 \quad (3.53)$$

Denoting by ξ the horizontal displacement $u = \xi_t$, equations (3.51) and (3.52) can be written:

$$\xi_{tt} + g\eta_x = 0 \quad (3.54)$$

$$(A\xi_t)_x + B\eta_t = 0 \quad (3.55)$$

From (3.54) we get, after differentiation:

$$(A\xi_{tt})_x = (-gA\eta_x)_x$$

or

$$(A\xi)_{ttx} + (gA\eta_x)_x = 0 \quad (3.56)$$

and from (3.55)

$$(A\xi)_{ttx} + (B\eta)_{tt} = 0 \quad (3.57)$$

Combining (3.56) and (3.57), we get:

$$(gA\eta_x)_x = (B\eta)_{tt} \quad (3.58)$$

for B = constant

$$\begin{aligned} B\eta_{tt} - (gh_1 \frac{B}{l_1} x\eta_x)_x &= 0 \\ B\eta_{tt} - \frac{h_1}{l_1} Bg\eta_x - g \frac{h_1}{l_1} Bx\eta_{xx} &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad (3.59)$$

Under the further assumption of simple harmonic wave motion of the type:

$\eta(x,t) = \bar{\eta}(x)e^{+i\sigma t}$, we get from (3.59) the following:

$$\eta_{tt} = (+i)^2 \sigma^2 e^{+i\sigma t} \bar{\eta}(x) \quad , \quad \eta_x = \bar{\eta}_x e^{+i\sigma t} \quad , \quad \eta_{xx} = \bar{\eta}_{xx} e^{+i\sigma t}$$

Substituting these quantities into (3.59) we get:

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{\eta}_{xx} \frac{gh_1}{l_1} x + \frac{gh_1}{l_1} \bar{\eta}_x + \sigma^2 \bar{\eta} &= 0 \\ \bar{x}\eta_{xx} + \bar{\eta}_x + \frac{\sigma^2 l_1}{gh_1} \bar{\eta} &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad (3.60)$$

and taking

$$\frac{\sigma^2 l_1}{gh_1} = \frac{k_1^2 l_1^2}{l_1} = \frac{\lambda^2}{l_1} \quad \text{with} \quad k_1 = \frac{2\pi}{L_1} = \frac{\sigma}{C_1}$$

we get:

$$x\bar{\eta}_{xx} + \eta_x + \frac{\lambda^2}{\ell_1^2} \bar{\eta} = 0 \quad (3.61)$$

This equation can be reduced to a Bessel differential equation of zero order under the transformation

$$x = \frac{\omega^2 \ell_1}{4\lambda^2} \quad (3.62)$$

Using this transformation the equation (3.61) becomes:

$$\frac{d^2 \bar{\eta}}{d\omega^2} + \frac{1}{\omega} \frac{d\bar{\eta}}{d\omega} + \bar{\eta} = 0 \quad (3.63)$$

which belongs to Bessel differential equation of zero order (since $p=0$) of the type:

$$\omega^2 \frac{d^2 \bar{\eta}}{d\omega^2} + \omega \frac{d\bar{\eta}}{d\omega} + (\omega^2 - 0) \bar{\eta} = 0$$

References 21 up to 39 were used generally for the theoretical development of the present and next cases of transitions. The solution of equation (3.63) given by Bessel functions of zero order of first and second kind:

$$\bar{\eta} = C_1 J_0(\omega) + C_2 Y_0(\omega) = C_1 J_0 \left[2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1} \right)^{1/2} \right] + C_2 Y_0 \left[2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1} \right)^{1/2} \right] \quad (3.64)$$

Hence:

$$\eta(x,t) = \left[C_1 J_0 \left[2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1} \right)^{1/2} \right] + C_2 Y_0 \left[2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1} \right)^{1/2} \right] \right] e^{+i\sigma t} \quad (3.65)$$

The above is a standing wave solution. For progressive wave solution over the transition we use the Hankel functions $(21)H_0^{(1)} = J_0 + i Y_0$ and $H_0^{(2)} = J_0 - i Y_0$. Thus the above solution can be written:

$$\eta(x,t) = [C_1^* H_0^{(1)} + C_2^* H_0^{(2)}] e^{i\sigma t}$$

Defining the arbitrary constants C_1^* and C_2^* in the form $C_1^* = a_{II}^* e^{i\delta_{II}}$ and $C_2^* = b_{II}^* e^{i\beta_{II}}$ we obtain:

$$\eta(x,t) = a_{II}^* e^{i(\delta_{II} + \sigma t)} H_0^{(1)} + b_{II}^* e^{i(\beta_{II} + \sigma t)} H_0^{(2)} \quad (3.66)$$

and taking only the real part of the above relation which is also a solution for the region II:

$$\begin{aligned} \eta_{II}(x,t) = & a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J_0 \left[2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1} \right)^{1/2} \right] - a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_0 \left[2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1} \right)^{1/2} \right] + \\ & + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J_0 \left[2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1} \right)^{1/2} \right] + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_0 \left[2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1} \right)^{1/2} \right] \end{aligned} \quad (3.67)$$

For the rest of the channel with constant cross section area $A=Bh$ in Regions I and III upstream and downstream from the transition, the differential equation becomes:

$$B\eta_{tt} - gA\eta_{xx} = 0$$

$$\eta_{tt} - gh\eta_{xx} = 0 \quad (3.68)$$

which is the well known linear wave equation $\eta_{xx} = \frac{1}{C^2} \eta_{tt}$ with $C = \sqrt{gh}$. We assume the same simple harmonic motion for Regions I and III of the type $\eta(x,t) = \bar{\eta}(x)e^{+i\sigma t}$. We take the second derivatives with respect to t and x ,

$$\eta_{xx} = \bar{\eta}_{xx} e^{+i\sigma t} \quad \text{and} \quad \eta_{tt} = (+i)^2 \sigma^2 e^{+i\sigma t}$$

and after substituting into (3.68) we get for the upstream Region I:

$$\bar{\eta}_{xx} + \frac{\sigma^2}{C_1^2} \bar{\eta} = 0 \quad (3.69)$$

This homogeneous linear differential equation with constant coefficients (the linear oscillator equation) has as a characteristic equation:

$$r^2 + \frac{\sigma^2}{C_1^2} = 0 \quad \text{with roots:} \quad r_{1,2} = \pm i \frac{\sigma}{C_1} = \pm i k_1 \quad (\text{where } k_1 = \frac{2\pi}{L_1}) \quad \text{and the}$$

general solution is given by:

$$\bar{\eta}(x) = C_1 e^{ik_1 x} + C_2 e^{-ik_1 x} \quad (3.70)$$

where C_1 and C_2 are arbitrary constants.

Assuming these constants have a complex form similar to the previous one, we get:

$$\bar{\eta}(x) = a_I^* e^{i\delta_I} e^{ik_1 x} + b_I^* e^{i\beta_I} e^{-ik_1 x} = a_I^* e^{i(k_1 x + \delta_I)} + b_I^* e^{-i(k_1 x - \beta_I)} \quad (3.71)$$

Hence, since $\eta_I(x,t) = \bar{\eta}(x)e^{+i\sigma t}$,

$$\eta_I(x,t) = a_I^* e^{i(k_1 x + \delta_I + \sigma t)} + b_I^* e^{-i(k_1 x - \beta_I - \sigma t)} \quad (3.72)$$

Taking again only the real part of the above expression we get for Region I:

$$\eta_I(x,t) = a_I^* \cos(k_1 x + \sigma t + \delta_I) + b_I^* \cos(k_1 x - \sigma t - \beta_I) \quad (3.73)$$

With a similar procedure we get for the Region III downstream from the transition:

$$\eta_{III}(x,t) = a_{III}^* \cos(k_3 x + \sigma t + \delta_{III}) + b_{III}^* \cos(k_3 x - \sigma t - \beta_{III}) \quad (3.74)$$

In all three cases the two parts with a_I^* , b_I^* , a_{II}^* , b_{II}^* , a_{III}^* , b_{III}^* as amplitudes and δ_I , β_I , δ_{II} , β_{II} , δ_{III} , β_{III} as phase angles represent two waves, one incoming and one reflecting (partially reflecting) in Regions I, II and III.

Now the boundary conditions are applied in order to determine the twelve arbitrary constants: a_I^* , b_I^* , a_{II}^* , b_{II}^* , a_{III}^* , b_{III}^* , δ_I , β_I , δ_{II} , β_{II} , δ_{III} , β_{III} .

Without loss of generality we can assume 1) that the reflection of the outgoing wave in Region III is zero, $b_{III}^* = 0$, (no reflection from the beach which actually is eliminated either with Ursell's method or in reality by a strong absorber) used in the analysis of experimental results and 2) the amplitude of the transmitted wave into Region III, $a_{III}^* = 1$, and the phase angle, $\delta_{III} = 0$, can be taken as zero. Thus the remaining (8) unknowns can be computed by the matching conditions:

- (i) the surface perturbation is continuous
- (ii) the flux of water is continuous

This gives:

$$\eta_I|_{x=l_1} = \eta_{II}|_{x=l_1} \quad (3.75)$$

$$(\eta_I)_{x|_{x=l_1}} = (\eta_{II})_{x|_{x=l_1}} \quad (3.76)$$

$$\eta_{II}|_{x=l_1-\ell} = \eta_{III}|_{x=l_1-\ell} \quad (3.77)$$

$$(\eta_{II})_{x|_{x=l_1-\ell}} = (\eta_{III})_{x|_{x=l_1-\ell}} \quad (3.78)$$

Since the above mentioned boundary conditions give relations valid for all t , we evaluate these for $\sigma t=0$ and $\sigma t=-\frac{\pi}{2}$ and thus we get a system of eight unknowns with eight equations, computing in this way the constants, the amplitudes a_I, b_I, a_{II}, b_{II} and the phase angles $\delta_I, \beta_I, \delta_{II}, \beta_{II}$.

Defining

$$\frac{l_1-\ell}{l_1} = \frac{h_3}{h_1} = \epsilon^2,$$

and, hence

$$k_3(l_1-\ell) = k_3 l_1 \left(1 - \frac{\ell}{l_1}\right) = k_3 l_1 \epsilon^2$$

we get the following relations:

$$\begin{aligned} a_I^* \cos(k_1 l_1 + \sigma t + \delta_I) + b_I^* \cos(k_1 l_1 - \sigma t - \beta_I) &= a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J_0(2\lambda) - \\ - a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_0(2\lambda) + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J_0(2\lambda) + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_0(2\lambda) \end{aligned} \quad (3.79)$$

$$-a_I^* \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \sigma t + \delta_I) - b_I^* \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \sigma t - \beta_I) = a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J'_0(2\lambda) - a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y'_0(2\lambda) + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J'_0(2\lambda) + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y'_0(2\lambda) \quad (3.80)$$

$$a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J_0(2\lambda \epsilon) - a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_0(2\lambda \epsilon) + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J_0(2\lambda \epsilon) + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_0(2\lambda \epsilon) = a_{III}^* \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2 + \sigma t). \quad (\text{Since } \delta_{III} = 0, b_{III}^* = 0) \quad (3.81)$$

$$a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J'_0(2\lambda \epsilon) - a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y'_0(2\lambda \epsilon) + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J'_0(2\lambda \epsilon) + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y'_0(2\lambda \epsilon) = -a_{III}^* \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon}{\lambda} \right) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2 + \sigma t) \quad (3.82)$$

Dividing in equations (3.79) up to (3.82) through the downstream amplitude $a_{III}^* = 1$ and taking the dimensionless amplitudes as follows:

$$a_I = \frac{a_I^*}{a_{III}^*}, \quad b_I = \frac{b_I^*}{a_{III}^*}, \quad a_{II} = \frac{a_{II}^*}{a_{III}^*}, \quad b_{II} = \frac{b_{II}^*}{a_{III}^*}, \quad \frac{a_{III}^*}{a_{III}^*} = 1$$

Now for $\sigma t = 0$ and $\sigma t = \frac{-\pi}{2}$, we get (8) relations from the above equations (3.79) to (3.82):

$$\text{for } \sigma t = 0: \quad a_I \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) + b_I \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} J_0(2\lambda) - a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} Y_0(2\lambda) + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} J_0(2\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} Y_0(2\lambda) \quad (3.79a)$$

$$\text{for } \sigma t = \frac{-\pi}{2}: \quad a_I \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} J_0(2\lambda) + a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} Y_0(2\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} J_0(2\lambda) - b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} Y_0(2\lambda) \quad (3.79b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{for } \sigma t=0: & -a_I \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} J'_O(2\lambda) - a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} Y'_O(2\lambda) + \\ & + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} J'_O(2\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} Y'_O(2\lambda) \end{aligned} \quad (3.80a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{for } \sigma t = \frac{-\pi}{2}: & a_I \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} J'_O(2\lambda) + a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} Y'_O(2\lambda) + \\ & + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} J'_O(2\lambda) - b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} Y'_O(2\lambda) \end{aligned} \quad (3.80b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{for } \sigma t=0: & a_{II} [\cos \delta_{II} J_O(2\lambda\epsilon) - \sin \delta_{II} Y_O(2\lambda\epsilon)] + b_{II} [\cos \beta_{II} J_O(2\lambda\epsilon) + \sin \beta_{II} Y_O(2\lambda\epsilon)] = \\ & = \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) \end{aligned} \quad (3.81a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{for } \sigma t = \frac{-\pi}{2}: & a_{II} [\sin \delta_{II} J_O(2\lambda\epsilon) + \cos \delta_{II} Y_O(2\lambda\epsilon)] + b_{II} [\sin \beta_{II} J_O(2\lambda\epsilon) - \cos \beta_{II} Y_O(2\lambda\epsilon)] = \\ & = \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) \end{aligned} \quad (3.81b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{for } \sigma t=0: & a_{II} [\cos \delta_{II} J'_O(2\lambda\epsilon) - \sin \delta_{II} Y'_O(2\lambda\epsilon)] + b_{II} [\cos \beta_{II} J'_O(2\lambda\epsilon) + \sin \beta_{II} Y'_O(2\lambda\epsilon)] = \\ & = -\left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon}{\lambda}\right) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) \end{aligned} \quad (3.82a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{for } \sigma t = \frac{-\pi}{2}: & a_{II} [\sin \delta_{II} J'_O(2\lambda\epsilon) + \cos \delta_{II} Y'_O(2\lambda\epsilon)] + b_{II} [\sin \beta_{II} J'_O(2\lambda\epsilon) - \cos \beta_{II} Y'_O(2\lambda\epsilon)] = \\ & = \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon}{\lambda}\right) \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) \end{aligned} \quad (3.82b)$$

From (3.81a and (3.82a) we get for a_{II} :

$$a_{II} = \left(\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(2\lambda\varepsilon)Y_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon) - Y_0(2\lambda\varepsilon)J_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon)] \right)^{-1} \left[\cos\beta_{II} [\cos(k_3\ell_1\varepsilon^2) \right. \\ \left. J_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon) + \left(\frac{k_3\ell_1\varepsilon}{\lambda}\right) \sin(k_3\ell_1\varepsilon^2) J_0(2\lambda\varepsilon)] + \sin\beta_{II} [\cos(k_3\ell_1\varepsilon^2) Y_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon) + \right. \\ \left. + \left(\frac{k_3\ell_1\varepsilon}{\lambda}\right) \sin(k_3\ell_1\varepsilon^2) Y_0(2\lambda\varepsilon)] \right] \quad (3.83)$$

Defining

$$A_1 = \cos(k_3\ell_1\varepsilon^2) J_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon) + \left(\frac{k_3\ell_1\varepsilon}{\lambda}\right) \sin(k_3\ell_1\varepsilon^2) J_0(2\lambda\varepsilon) \quad (3.84)$$

$$A_2 = \cos(k_3\ell_1\varepsilon^2) Y_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon) + \left(\frac{k_3\ell_1\varepsilon}{\lambda}\right) \sin(k_3\ell_1\varepsilon^2) Y_0(2\lambda\varepsilon) \quad (3.85)$$

we obtain for a_{II} :

$$a_{II} = \frac{A_1 \cos\beta_{II} + A_2 \sin\beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(2\lambda\varepsilon)Y_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon) - Y_0(2\lambda\varepsilon)J_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon)]} \quad (3.86)$$

In the same way we get for b_{II} :

$$b_{II} = \left(\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(2\lambda\varepsilon)Y_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon) - Y_0(2\lambda\varepsilon)J_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon)] \right)^{-1} \left[-\cos\delta_{II} \left[\left(\frac{k_3\ell_1\varepsilon}{\lambda}\right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \sin(k_3\ell_1\varepsilon^2) J_0(2\lambda\varepsilon) + \cos(k_3\ell_1\varepsilon^2) J_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon) \right] + \sin\delta_{II} \left[\left(\frac{k_3\ell_1\varepsilon}{\lambda}\right) \sin(k_3\ell_1\varepsilon^2) Y_0(2\lambda\varepsilon) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \cos(k_3\ell_1\varepsilon^2) Y_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon) \right] \right] \quad (3.87)$$

or

$$b_{II} = \frac{A_2 \sin\delta_{II} - A_1 \cos\delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(2\lambda\varepsilon)Y_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon) - Y_0(2\lambda\varepsilon)J_0'(2\lambda\varepsilon)]} \quad (3.88)$$

From (3.81b) and (3.82b) we obtain the values of a_{II} and b_{II} in a similar procedure

$$a_{II} = \left(\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon) J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) J_0(2\lambda\epsilon)] \right)^{-1} \left(\sin\beta_{II} [\sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon}{\lambda}\right) \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) J_0(2\lambda\epsilon)] - \cos\beta_{II} [\sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon}{\lambda}\right) \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon)] \right) \quad (3.89)$$

Defining

$$A_3 = \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon}{\lambda}\right) \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) J_0(2\lambda\epsilon) \quad (3.90)$$

$$A_4 = \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon}{\lambda}\right) \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon) \quad (3.91)$$

we get for a_{II}

$$a_{II} = \frac{A_3 \sin\beta_{II} - A_4 \cos\beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon) J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) J_0(2\lambda\epsilon)]} \quad (3.92)$$

and

$$b_{II} = \left(\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - J_0(2\lambda\epsilon) Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon)] \right)^{-1} \left(\sin\delta_{II} \left[\left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon}{\lambda}\right) \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) J_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) \right] + \cos\delta_{II} \left[\left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon}{\lambda}\right) \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) \right] \right) \quad (3.93)$$

and with the definitions of A_3 and A_4 in (3.90) and (3.91) we obtain

$$b_{II} = \frac{A_3 \sin \delta_{II} + A_4 \cos \delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(2\lambda\epsilon) Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon)]} \quad (3.94)$$

from equations (3.86) and (3.92) we obtain:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{A_1 \cos \beta_{II} + A_2 \sin \beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(2\lambda\epsilon) Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon) J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon)]} = \\ & = \frac{A_4 \cos \beta_{II} - A_3 \sin \beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(2\lambda\epsilon) Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon) J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon)]} \quad (3.95) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{or} \quad A_2 \tan \beta_{II} + A_1 = A_4 - A_3 \tan \beta_{II}$$

$$\text{or} \quad (A_2 + A_3) \tan \beta_{II} = A_4 - A_1$$

$$\tan \beta_{II} = \frac{A_4 - A_1}{A_2 + A_3} \quad (3.96)$$

$$\text{or} \quad \beta_{II} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{A_4 - A_1}{A_2 + A_3} \right)$$

Similarly from equations (3.88) and (3.94) we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{A_2 \sin \delta_{II} - A_1 \cos \delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(2\lambda\epsilon) Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon) J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon)]} = \\ & = \frac{A_3 \sin \delta_{II} + A_4 \cos \delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(2\lambda\epsilon) Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon)]} \quad (3.97) \end{aligned}$$

or

$$A_2 \tan \delta_{II} - A_1 = A_3 \tan \delta_{II} + A_4$$

$$(A_2 - A_3) \tan \delta_{II} = A_4 + A_1$$

$$\tan \delta_{II} = \frac{A_4 + A_1}{A_2 - A_3} \quad (3.98)$$

$$\delta_{II} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{A_4 + A_1}{A_2 - A_3} \right) \quad (3.99)$$

The A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4 are all known quantities. From the phase angles δ_{II} and β_{II} the values of a_{II} and b_{II} can be computed from (3.86) and (3.88). Knowing the values of $a_{II}, b_{II}, \delta_{II}$ and β_{II} equations (3.79a), (3.79b), (3.80a), (3.80b) give the values of unknowns $a_I, b_I, \delta_I, \beta_I$.

$$a_I \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) + b_I \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = B_1 \quad (3.100)$$

$$a_I \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = B_2 \quad (3.101)$$

$$-a_I \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = B_3 \quad (3.102)$$

$$a_I \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = B_4 \quad (3.103)$$

where B_1, B_2, B_3, B_4 are defined as follows:

$$a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} J_0(2\lambda) - a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} Y_0(2\lambda) + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} J_0(2\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} Y_0(2\lambda) = B_1$$

$$a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} J_0(2\lambda) + a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} Y_0(2\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} J_0(2\lambda) - b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} Y_0(2\lambda) = B_2$$

$$a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} J'_O(2\lambda) - a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} Y'_O(2\lambda) + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} J'_O(2\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} Y'_O(2\lambda) = B_3$$

$$a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} J'_O(2\lambda) + a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} Y'_O(2\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} J'_O(2\lambda) - b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} Y'_O(2\lambda) = B_4$$

From (3.100) and (3.101) we get for a_I :

$$a_I = \frac{[B_1 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + B_2 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I)]}{[\cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)]} \quad (3.104)$$

From (3.102) and (3.103) we get for a_I :

$$a_I = \frac{-[B_3 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) - B_4 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I)]}{[\sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)]} \quad (3.105)$$

Setting equations (3.104) and (3.105) equal we get after considerable algebraic reduction as a general solution for phase angle β_I :

$$\tan(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = \frac{[B_2 + B_3]}{[B_4 - B_1]} \quad (3.106)$$

$$\beta_I = k_1 \ell_1 - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{B_2 + B_3}{B_4 - B_1} \right) \quad (3.107)$$

With the same approach we compute the phase angle δ_I . From (3.100) and (3.101) we have for amplitude b_I :

$$b_I = \frac{-[B_2 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - B_1 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)]}{[\cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)]} \quad (3.108)$$

From (3.102) and (3.103) we get also for b_I :

$$b_I = \frac{-[B_4 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) + B_3 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)]}{[\sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)]} \quad (3.109)$$

Setting equations (3.108) and (3.109) equal we obtain after considerable reduction:

$$\tan(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) = \frac{B_2 - B_3}{B_4 + B_1} \quad (3.110)$$

and

$$\delta_I = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{B_2 - B_3}{B_4 + B_1} \right) - k_1 \ell_1 \quad (3.111)$$

Substituting the values of β_I and δ_I again into (3.104) and (3.108) we get the values for the amplitudes a_I and b_I , hence the reflection coefficient K_r in the upstream region I and the transmission coefficient K_t in the downstream region III can be obtained.

In summary for the transition A of gradually varying depth the values of the amplitudes, phase angles, reflection and transmission coefficients are given explicitly as follows:

(i) amplitudes: reflection and transmission coefficients:

$$a_I = \frac{B_1 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + B_2 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I)}{\sin(2k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I - \beta_I)}$$

$$b_I = \frac{B_1 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - B_2 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)}{\sin(2k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I - \beta_I)}$$

$$K_r = \frac{\sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - \frac{B_2}{B_1} \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)}{\sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + \frac{B_2}{B_1} \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I)}$$

$$K_t = \frac{\sin(2k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I - \beta_I)}{B_1 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + B_2 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I)}$$

$$a_{II} = \frac{A_1 \cos \beta_{II} + A_2 \sin \beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(2\lambda\epsilon) Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon) J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon)]}$$

$$b_{II} = \frac{A_2 \sin \delta_{II} - A_1 \cos \delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(2\lambda\epsilon) Y'_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - Y_0(2\lambda\epsilon) - J'_0(2\lambda\epsilon)]}$$

$$a_{III} = 1 \quad , \quad b_{III} = 0$$

At this point it must be remembered that all amplitudes are stated as ratios with respect to the downstream amplitude a_{III} assumed as unity. Hence, actual amplitudes a_I^* , b_I^* , a_{II}^* , b_{II}^* must be computed by multiplying with a_{III}^* .

(ii) phase angles

$$\delta_I = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{B_2 - B_3}{B_1 + B_4} \right) - k_1 \ell_1$$

$$\beta_{\text{I}} = k_1 \ell_1 - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{B_2 + B_3}{B_4 - B_1} \right)$$

$$\delta_{\text{II}} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{A_1 + A_4}{A_2 - A_3} \right)$$

$$\beta_{\text{II}} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{A_4 - A_1}{A_2 + A_3} \right)$$

$$\delta_{\text{III}} = \beta_{\text{III}} = 0$$

3.3 Case B of Transition: Linearly Varying Depth and Width

From the geometry of the transition in case of simultaneous linear change in depth and width we have:

(i) Region I (Upstream)

$$\begin{aligned} B &= B_1 = \text{constant} & + \infty > x \geq + \ell_1 \\ h &= h_1 = \text{constant} & + \infty > x \geq + \ell_1 \end{aligned}$$

(ii) Region II (Transition)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{B(x)}{B_1} &= \frac{x}{\ell_1} \quad \text{or} \quad B(x) = \frac{B_1}{\ell_1} x & + \ell_1 \geq x \geq + (\ell_1 - \ell) \\ \frac{h(x)}{h_1} &= \frac{x}{\ell_1} \quad \text{or} \quad h(x) = \frac{h_1}{\ell_1} x & + \ell_1 \geq x \geq + (\ell_1 - \ell) \end{aligned}$$

(iii) Region III Downstream)

$$\begin{aligned} B &= B_3 = \text{constant} & + (\ell_1 - \ell) \geq x > - \infty \\ h &= h_3 = \text{constant} & + (\ell_1 - \ell) \geq x > - \infty \end{aligned}$$

Referring to equations (3.56), (3.57) and (3.58) we have as in the case of linearly varying depth:

$$[B(x)\eta]_{tt} = [A(x)g\eta_x]_x$$

and since variation of $B(x)$ is independent of time:

$$\eta_{tt} = \frac{g}{B(x)} [A(x)\eta_x]_x \quad (3.112)$$

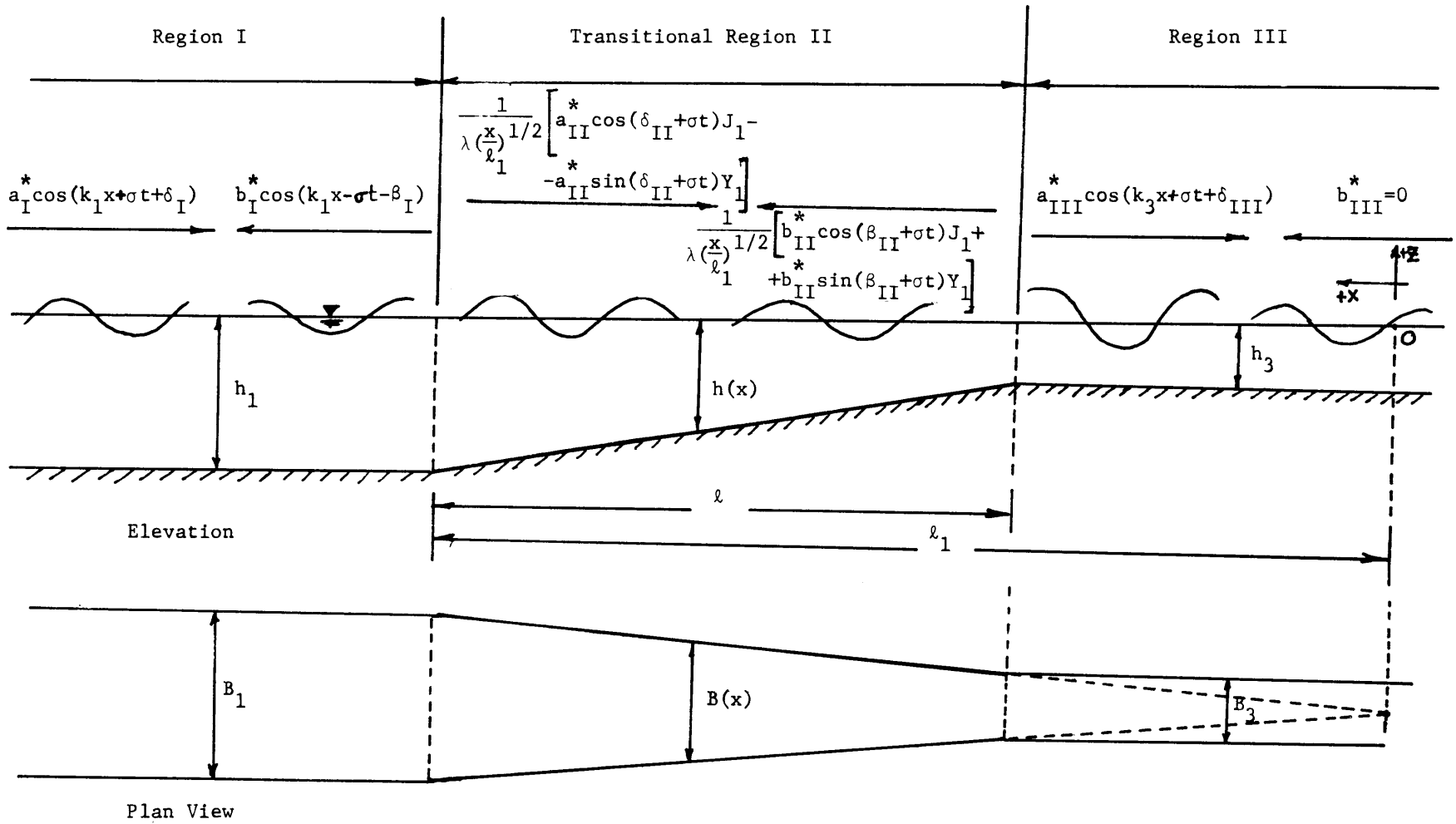


Fig 8. Schematic Diagram of Case B of Transition Gradually Varying Depth and Width.

Assuming again a solution of simple harmonic motion in the form $\eta(x,t) = \bar{\eta}(x)e^{+i\sigma t}$ we get:

$$\eta_{tt} = \bar{\eta}(x)(+i)^2 \sigma^2 e^{+i\sigma t} \quad \text{and} \quad \eta_x = \bar{\eta}_x e^{+i\sigma t}$$

Substituting into equation (3.112) we get:

$$\frac{g \ell_1}{B_1 x} \left[\frac{B_1 h_1}{\ell_1^2} x^2 \bar{\eta} \right] + \sigma^2 \bar{\eta} = 0$$

or

$$\bar{\eta}_{xx} + 2\bar{\eta}_x + \frac{\sigma^2 \ell_1}{h_1 g} \bar{\eta} = 0 \quad (3.113)$$

Introducing for

$$\frac{\sigma^2 \ell_1}{h_1 g} = \frac{\sigma^2 \ell_1^2}{C_1^2} \frac{1}{\ell_1} = \frac{\lambda^2}{\ell_1}$$

for the eigen values and substituting according to the transformation

$$x = \frac{\phi^2 \ell_1}{4\lambda^2}, \quad \text{we get equation (3.113) transformed into:} \quad (3.114)$$

$$\bar{\eta}_{\phi\phi} + \frac{3}{\phi} \bar{\eta}_\phi + \bar{\eta} = 0 \quad (3.115)$$

using the additional transformation $\bar{\eta} = \frac{\omega}{\phi}$ equation (3.115) is transformed into a Bessel differential equation of the first order:

$$\phi^2 \omega_{\phi\phi} + \phi \omega_{\phi} + (\phi^2 - 1) \omega = 0 \quad (\phi \equiv P=1) \quad (3.116)$$

The solution is given by first and second kind Bessel functions of first order $\omega = J_1(\phi)$ and $\omega = Y_1(\phi)$. Since $\bar{\eta} = \frac{\omega}{\phi} = \frac{\omega}{2\lambda} \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_1}{x}}$ the general solution is:

$$\bar{\eta} = C_{\text{I}} \frac{J_1(2\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda_1}})}{(2\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda_1}})} + C_{\text{II}} \frac{Y_1(2\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda_1}})}{(2\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda_1}})}$$

or

$$\bar{\eta} = C_1 \frac{J_1(2\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda_1}})}{\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda_1}}} + C_2 \frac{Y_1(2\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda_1}})}{\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda_1}}}$$

Where C_1 and C_2 are arbitrary constants. Hence

$$\eta_{\text{II}}(x, t) = \left[\frac{C_1}{\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda_1}}} J_1(2\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda_1}}) + \frac{C_2}{\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda_1}}} Y_1(2\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda_1}}) \right] e^{+i\sigma t} \quad (3.117)$$

This is a standing wave solution over the transition. For progressive wave solution over the transition as in previous case we use the Hankel functions $H_1^{(1)} = J_1 + i Y_1$ and $H_1^{(2)} = J_1 - i Y_1$

Thus:

$$\eta_{II}(x,t) = \left(\frac{C_1^*}{\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\ell_1}}} H_1^{(1)} \left(2\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\ell_1}} \right) + \frac{C_2^*}{\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\ell_1}}} H_2^{(2)} \left(2\lambda \sqrt{\frac{x}{\ell_1}} \right) \right) e^{i\sigma t}$$

Taking the arbitrary constants C_1^* and C_2^* in the form $C_1^* = a_{II}^* e^{i\delta_{II}}$ and $C_2^* = b_{II}^* e^{i\beta_{II}}$, Substituting the values of C_1^* and C_2^* and developing the expression with Hankel functions we obtain only the real part of this relation which is also a solution for region II.

$$\eta_{II}(x,t) = \frac{1}{\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1}\right)^{1/2}} \left(a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J_1 \left(2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1}\right)^{1/2} \right) - a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_1 \left(2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1}\right)^{1/2} \right) + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J_1 \left(2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1}\right)^{1/2} \right) + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_1 \left(2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1}\right)^{1/2} \right) \right) \quad (3.118)$$

The solution for the regions I and III upstream and downstream from the transitions where depth and width are constant (h_1, B_1 and h_3, B_3) are given as in previous cases of linearly varying depth from the solution of the differential equation:

$$\bar{\eta}_{xx} + k_1^2 \bar{\eta} = 0 \quad \text{for upstream Region I} \quad (3.119a)$$

$$\bar{\eta}_{xx} + k_3^2 \bar{\eta} = 0 \quad \text{for downstream Region III} \quad (3.119b)$$

Since

$$k_1^2 = \frac{\sigma^2}{gh_1} = \frac{\sigma^2}{C_1^2} \quad \text{and} \quad k_3^2 = \frac{\sigma^2}{gh_3} = \frac{\sigma^2}{C_3^2}$$

Hence the solutions are

$$\eta_I(x,t) = [C_3 e^{ik_1 x} + C_4 e^{-ik_1 x}] e^{+i\sigma t} \quad (3.120)$$

$$\eta_{III}(x,t) = [C_5 e^{ik_3 x} + C_6 e^{-ik_3 x}] e^{+i\sigma t} \quad (3.121)$$

Assuming that the arbitrary constants of integration have the form

$$C_5 = a_{III}^* e^{i\delta_{III}}, \quad C_6 = b_{III}^* e^{i\beta_{III}}, \quad \text{etc.},$$

as in the previous case, and taking only the real part of the exponential expressions, we get for the three regions:

$$\eta_I(x,t) = a_I^* \cos(k_1 x + \sigma t + \delta_I) + b_I^* \cos(k_1 x - \sigma t - \beta_I) \quad (3.122)$$

$$\eta_{II}(x,t) = \frac{1}{\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1}\right)^{1/2}} \left\{ a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J_1 \left(2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1}\right)^{1/2} \right) - a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_1 \left(2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1}\right)^{1/2} \right) \right. \\ \left. + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J_1 \left(2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1}\right)^{1/2} \right) + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_1 \left(2\lambda \left(\frac{x}{\ell_1}\right)^{1/2} \right) \right\} \quad (3.123)$$

$$\eta_{III}(x,t) = a_{III}^* \cos(k_3 x + \sigma t + \delta_{III}) + b_{III}^* \cos(k_3 x - \sigma t - \beta_{III}) \quad (3.124)$$

Using as in the previous case the boundary conditions of continuity of surface perturbation and water flux at $x=\ell_1$ and $x=\ell_1-\ell$ we get the following system of eight equations and eight unknowns for $\sigma t=0$ and $\sigma t=\frac{-\pi}{2}$ under the assumption that the reflection from the end is zero.

$$a_I^* \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \sigma t + \delta_I) + b_I^* \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \sigma t - \beta_I) = \frac{1}{\lambda} \left\{ a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J_1(2\lambda) - \right. \\ \left. - a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_1(2\lambda) + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J_1(2\lambda) + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_1(2\lambda) \right\} \quad (3.125)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -a_{II}^* \sin(k_1 l_1 + \sigma t + \delta_{II}) - b_{II}^* \sin(k_1 l_1 - \sigma t - \beta_{II}) = a_{III}^* \cos(\delta_{III} + \sigma t) \left(\frac{1}{\lambda} J_1'(2\lambda) - \frac{1}{2\lambda^2} J_1(2\lambda) \right) - \\
& -a_{III}^* \sin(\delta_{III} + \sigma t) \left(\frac{1}{\lambda} Y_1'(2\lambda) - \frac{1}{2\lambda^2} Y_1(2\lambda) \right) + b_{III}^* \cos(\beta_{III} + \sigma t) \left(\frac{1}{\lambda} J_1'(2\lambda) - \frac{1}{2\lambda^2} J_1(2\lambda) \right) + \\
& + b_{III}^* \sin(\beta_{III} + \sigma t) \left(\frac{1}{\lambda} Y_1'(2\lambda) - \frac{1}{2\lambda^2} Y_1(2\lambda) \right) \tag{3.126}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a_{III}^* \cos(\delta_{III} + \sigma t) J_1(2\lambda \epsilon) - a_{III}^* \sin(\delta_{III} + \sigma t) Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon) + b_{III}^* \cos(\beta_{III} + \sigma t) J_1(2\lambda \epsilon) + \\
& + b_{III}^* \sin(\beta_{III} + \sigma t) Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon) = \lambda \epsilon a_{III}^* \cos(k_1 l_1 \epsilon^2 + \sigma t) \tag{3.127}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a_{III}^* \cos(\delta_{III} + \sigma t) \left(\frac{1}{l_1 - l} J_1'(2\lambda \epsilon) - \frac{1}{2\lambda \epsilon (l_1 - l)} J_1(2\lambda \epsilon) \right) - a_{III}^* \sin(\delta_{III} + \sigma t) \left(\frac{1}{l_1 - l} Y_1'(2\lambda \epsilon) - \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{2\lambda \epsilon (l_1 - l)} Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon) \right) + b_{III}^* \cos(\beta_{III} + \sigma t) \left(\frac{1}{l_1 - l} J_1'(2\lambda \epsilon) - \frac{J_1(2\lambda \epsilon)}{2\lambda \epsilon (l_1 - l)} \right) + \\
& + b_{III}^* \sin(\beta_{III} + \sigma t) \left(\frac{1}{l_1 - l} Y_1'(2\lambda \epsilon) - \frac{1}{2\lambda \epsilon (l_1 - l)} Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon) \right) = -k_3 a_{III}^* \sin(k_3 l_1 \epsilon^2 + \sigma t) \tag{3.128}
\end{aligned}$$

Defining

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} J_1'(2\lambda) - \frac{1}{2\lambda^2} J_1(2\lambda) = \Gamma_1 \tag{3.129}$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} Y_1'(2\lambda) - \frac{1}{2\lambda^2} Y_1(2\lambda) = \Gamma_2 \tag{3.130}$$

$$\frac{1}{l_1 - l} J_1'(2\lambda \epsilon) - \frac{1}{2\lambda \epsilon (l_1 - l)} J_1(2\lambda \epsilon) = \Gamma_3 \tag{3.131}$$

$$\frac{1}{l_1 - l} Y_1'(2\lambda \epsilon) - \frac{1}{2\lambda \epsilon (l_1 - l)} Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon) = \Gamma_4 \tag{3.132}$$

Dividing by a_{III}^* all terms to become dimensionless then we obtain:

$$a_I = \frac{a_I^*}{a_{III}^*}, \quad b_I = \frac{b_I^*}{a_{III}^*}, \quad a_{II} = \frac{a_{II}^*}{a_{III}^*}, \quad b_{II} = \frac{b_{II}^*}{a_{III}^*}, \quad \frac{a_{III}^*}{a_{III}^*} = 1$$

the system of equations (3.125) up to (3.128) becomes:

$$a_I \cos(k_1 l_1 + \sigma t + \delta_I) + b_I \cos(k_1 l_1 - \sigma t + \beta_I) = \frac{1}{\lambda} \left[a_{II} \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J_1(2\lambda) - \right. \\ \left. - a_{II} \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_1(2\lambda) + b_{II} \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J_1(2\lambda) + b_{II} \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_1(2\lambda) \right] \quad (3.133)$$

$$-a_I \sin(k_1 l_1 + \sigma t + \delta_I) - b_I \sin(k_1 l_1 - \sigma t - \beta_I) = a_{II} \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) \Gamma_1 - a_{II} \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) \Gamma_2 + \\ + b_{II} \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) \Gamma_1 + b_{II} \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) \Gamma_2 \quad (3.134)$$

$$a_{II} \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J_1(2\lambda \epsilon) - a_{II} \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon) + b_{II} \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J_1(2\lambda \epsilon) + \\ + b_{II} \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon) = \lambda \epsilon \cos(k_3 l_1 \epsilon^2 + \sigma t) \quad (3.135)$$

$$a_{II} \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) \Gamma_3 - a_{II} \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) \Gamma_4 + b_{II} \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) \Gamma_3 + b_{II} \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) \Gamma_4 = \\ = -k_3 \sin(k_3 l_1 \epsilon^2 + \sigma t) \quad (3.136)$$

The above system of four equations with eight unknowns is valid for all times and gives for $\sigma t = 0$ and $\sigma t = \frac{-\pi}{2}$ the eight equations following:

$$\text{for } \sigma t = 0: a_I \cos(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) + b_I \cos(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) = \frac{1}{\lambda} \left[a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} J_1(2\lambda) - a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} Y_1(2\lambda) + \right. \\ \left. + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} J_1(2\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} Y_1(2\lambda) \right] \quad (3.137)$$

$$\text{for } \sigma t = \frac{-\pi}{2}: \quad a_I \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = \frac{1}{\lambda} \left(a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} J_1(2\lambda) + \right. \\ \left. + a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} Y_1(2\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} J_1(2\lambda) - b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} Y_1(2\lambda) \right) \quad (3.138)$$

$$\text{for } \sigma t = 0: \quad -a_I \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} \Gamma_1 - a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} \Gamma_2 + \\ + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} \Gamma_1 + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} \Gamma_2 \quad (3.139)$$

$$\text{for } \sigma t = \frac{-\pi}{2}: \quad a_I \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} \Gamma_1 + a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} \Gamma_2 + \\ + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} \Gamma_1 - b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} \Gamma_2 \quad (3.140)$$

$$\text{for } \sigma t = 0: \quad a_{II} \left(\cos \delta_{II} J_1(2\lambda \epsilon) - \sin \delta_{II} Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon) \right) + b_{II} \left(\cos \beta_{II} J_1(2\lambda \epsilon) + \right. \\ \left. + \sin \beta_{II} Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon) \right) = \lambda \epsilon \cos(k_1 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) \quad (3.141)$$

$$\text{for } \sigma t = \frac{-\pi}{2}: \quad a_{II} \left(\sin \delta_{II} J_1(2\lambda \epsilon) + \cos \delta_{II} Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon) \right) + b_{II} \left(\sin \beta_{II} J_1(2\lambda \epsilon) - \cos \beta_{II} \right. \\ \left. Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon) \right) = \lambda \epsilon \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) \quad (3.142)$$

$$\text{for } \sigma t = 0: \quad a_{II} \left(\cos \delta_{II} \Gamma_3 - \sin \delta_{II} \Gamma_4 \right) + b_{II} \left(\cos \beta_{II} \Gamma_3 + \sin \beta_{II} \Gamma_4 \right) = \\ = -k_3 \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) \quad (3.143)$$

$$\text{for } \sigma t = \frac{-\pi}{2}: \quad a_{II} \left(\sin \delta_{II} \Gamma_3 + \cos \delta_{II} \Gamma_4 \right) + b_{II} \left(\sin \beta_{II} \Gamma_3 - \cos \beta_{II} \Gamma_4 \right) = \\ = k_3 \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) \quad (3.144)$$

From (3.141) and (3.143) we obtain for a_{II} :

$$a_{II} = \frac{\Gamma_5 \cos\beta_{II} + \Gamma_6 \sin\beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [\Gamma_4 J_1(2\lambda\epsilon) - \Gamma_3 Y_1(2\lambda\epsilon)]} \quad (3.145a)$$

where Γ_5 and Γ_6 are the following quantities

$$\Gamma_3 \lambda \epsilon \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) + k_3 J_1(2\lambda\epsilon) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) = \Gamma_5 \quad (3.146)$$

$$\Gamma_4 \lambda \epsilon \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) + k_3 Y_1(2\lambda\epsilon) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) = \Gamma_6 \quad (3.147)$$

From (3.142) and (3.144) we obtain for a_{II} :

$$a_{II} = \frac{\Gamma_8 \cos\beta_{II} - \Gamma_7 \sin\beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [\Gamma_4 J_1(2\lambda\epsilon) - \Gamma_3 Y_1(2\lambda\epsilon)]} \quad (3.145b)$$

where Γ_7 and Γ_8 are the following quantities

$$\Gamma_3 \lambda \epsilon \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) - k_3 J_1(2\lambda\epsilon) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) = \Gamma_7 \quad (3.148)$$

$$\Gamma_4 \lambda \epsilon \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) - k_3 Y_1(2\lambda\epsilon) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2) = \Gamma_8 \quad (3.149)$$

Setting equations (3.145a) and (3.145b) equal we obtain:

$$\tan\beta_{II} = \frac{\Gamma_8 - \Gamma_5}{\Gamma_6 + \Gamma_7} \quad (3.150)$$

$$\beta_{II} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Gamma_8 - \Gamma_5}{\Gamma_6 + \Gamma_7} \right)$$

Using the same approach for b_{II} from (3.141) and (3.143) we obtain:

$$b_{II} = \frac{\Gamma_6 \sin \delta_{II} - \Gamma_5 \cos \delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [\Gamma_4 J_1(2\lambda\epsilon) - \Gamma_3 Y_1(2\lambda\epsilon)]} \quad (3.151a)$$

and from (3.142) and (3.144) we obtain for b_{II} :

$$b_{II} = \frac{\Gamma_7 \sin \delta_{II} + \Gamma_8 \cos \delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [\Gamma_4 J_1(2\lambda\epsilon) - \Gamma_3 Y_1(2\lambda\epsilon)]} \quad (3.151b)$$

Setting equations (3.151a) and (3.151b) equal we obtain

$$\tan \delta_{II} = \frac{\Gamma_8 + \Gamma_5}{\Gamma_6 - \Gamma_7} \quad (3.152)$$

$$\delta_{II} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Gamma_8 + \Gamma_5}{\Gamma_6 - \Gamma_7} \right)$$

Thus the values of a_{II} and b_{II} are now known since the values of β_{II} and δ_{II} are given explicitly by (3.152) and (3.150). With the quantities a_{II} , b_{II} , β_{II} and δ_{II} , known we determine the right side part of equations (3.137) and up to (3.140) Defining then:

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} [a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} J_1(2\lambda) - a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} Y_1(2\lambda) + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} J_1(2\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} Y_1(2\lambda)] = D_1 \quad (3.153)$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} [a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} J_1(2\lambda) + a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} Y_1(2\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} J_1(2\lambda) - b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} Y_1(2\lambda)] = D_2 \quad (3.154)$$

$$[a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} \Gamma_1 - a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} \Gamma_2 + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} \Gamma_1 + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} \Gamma_2] = D_3 \quad (3.155)$$

$$[a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} \Gamma_1 + a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} \Gamma_2 + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} \Gamma_1 - b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} \Gamma_2] = D_4 \quad (3.156)$$

The system of equations (3.137) up to (3.140) becomes:

$$a_I \cos(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) + b_I \cos(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) = D_1 \quad (3.157)$$

$$a_I \sin(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \sin(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) = D_2 \quad (3.158)$$

$$-a_I \sin(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \sin(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) = D_3 \quad (3.159)$$

$$a_I \cos(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \cos(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) = D_4 \quad (3.160)$$

From (3.157) and (3.158) we get for a_I :

$$a_I = \frac{D_1 \sin(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) + D_2 \cos(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I)}{\cos(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) \sin(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) + \cos(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) \sin(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I)} \quad (3.161)$$

From (3.159) and (3.160) we obtain:

$$a_I = \frac{-[D_3 \cos(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) - D_4 \sin(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I)]}{\cos(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) \sin(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) + \sin(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) \cos(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I)} \quad (3.162)$$

Setting the equations (3.161) and (3.162) equal after significant algebraic reduction and simplification we obtain:

$$\tan(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = \frac{D_3 + D_2}{D_4 - D_1}$$

$$\beta_I = k_1 \ell_1 - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{D_3 + D_2}{D_4 - D_1} \right) \quad (3.163)$$

Similarly for b_I , from (3.157) and (3.158) we get:

$$b_I = \frac{-D_2 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) + D_1 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)}{[\cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)]} \quad (3.164)$$

and from (3.159) and (3.160) we obtain:

$$b_I = \frac{-[D_4 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) + D_3 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)]}{[\sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)]} \quad (3.165)$$

Setting the equations (3.164) and (3.165) equal, after considerable reduction, we obtain:

$$\tan(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) = \frac{D_2 - D_3}{D_1 + D_4}$$

$$\delta_I = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{D_2 - D_3}{D_1 + D_4} \right) - k_1 \ell_1 \quad (3.166)$$

In summary for the transition B of gradually varying depth and width the values of the amplitudes, phase angles, reflection and transmission coefficients are given explicitly as follows:

(i) Amplitudes, reflection and transmission coefficients:

$$a_I = \frac{D_1 \sin(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) + D_2 \cos(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I)}{\sin(2k_1 l_1 + \delta_I - \beta_I)}$$

$$b_I = \frac{D_1 \sin(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) - D_2 \cos(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I)}{\sin(2k_1 l_1 + \delta_I - \beta_I)}$$

$$K_r = \frac{b_I}{a_I} = \frac{\sin(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) - \frac{D_2}{D_1} \cos(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I)}{\sin(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) + \frac{D_2}{D_1} \cos(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I)}$$

$$K_t = \frac{1}{a_I} = \frac{\sin(2k_1 l_1 + \delta_I - \beta_I)}{D_1 \sin(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) + D_2 \cos(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I)}$$

$$a_{II} = \frac{\Gamma_5 \cos \beta_{II} + \Gamma_6 \sin \beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [\Gamma_4 J_1(2\lambda \epsilon) - \Gamma_3 Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon)]}$$

$$b_{II} = \frac{\Gamma_6 \sin \delta_{II} - \Gamma_5 \cos \delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [\Gamma_4 J_1(2\lambda \epsilon) - \Gamma_3 Y_1(2\lambda \epsilon)]}$$

$$a_{III} = 1 \quad , \quad b_{III} = 0$$

(ii) Phase angles

$$\delta_I = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{D_2 - D_3}{D_1 + D_4} \right) - k_1 l_1$$

$$\beta_I = k_{11} \ell_1^{-1} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{D_3 + D_2}{D_4 - D_1} \right)$$

$$\delta_{II} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Gamma_8 + \Gamma_5}{\Gamma_6 - \Gamma_7} \right)$$

$$\beta_{II} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Gamma_8 - \Gamma_5}{\Gamma_6 + \Gamma_7} \right)$$

$$\delta_{III} = \beta_{III} = 0$$

3.4 Case C of Transition: Linearly Varying Width - Constant Depth

From the geometry of the transition in case of linearly varying width and constant upstream and downstream depth we have:

(i) Región I (Upstream)

$$B = B_1 = \text{constant} \quad + \infty > x \geq + \ell_1$$

$$h = h_1 = \text{constant} \quad + \infty > x \geq + \ell_1$$

(ii) Region II (Transition)

$$\frac{B(x)}{B_1} = \frac{x}{\ell_1} \text{ or } B(x) = \frac{B_1}{\ell_1} x \quad + \ell_1 \geq x \geq + (\ell_1 - \ell)$$

$$h(x) = h = \text{constant} \quad + \ell_1 \geq x \geq + (\ell_1 - \ell)$$

(iii) Region III Downstream

$$B = B_3 = \text{constant} \quad + (\ell_1 - \ell) \geq x > - \infty$$

$$h = h_3 = \text{constant} \quad + (\ell_1 - \ell) \geq x > - \infty$$

Hence $A(x) = B(x)h_1 = \frac{B_1}{\ell_1} h_1 x$

Referring to equations (3.56), (3.57) and (3.58) we start with the basic equation for the wave motion over the transition (3.112):

$$\eta_{tt} = \frac{g}{B(x)} [A(x)\eta_x]_x$$

Assuming again a solution of simple harmonic motion in the form

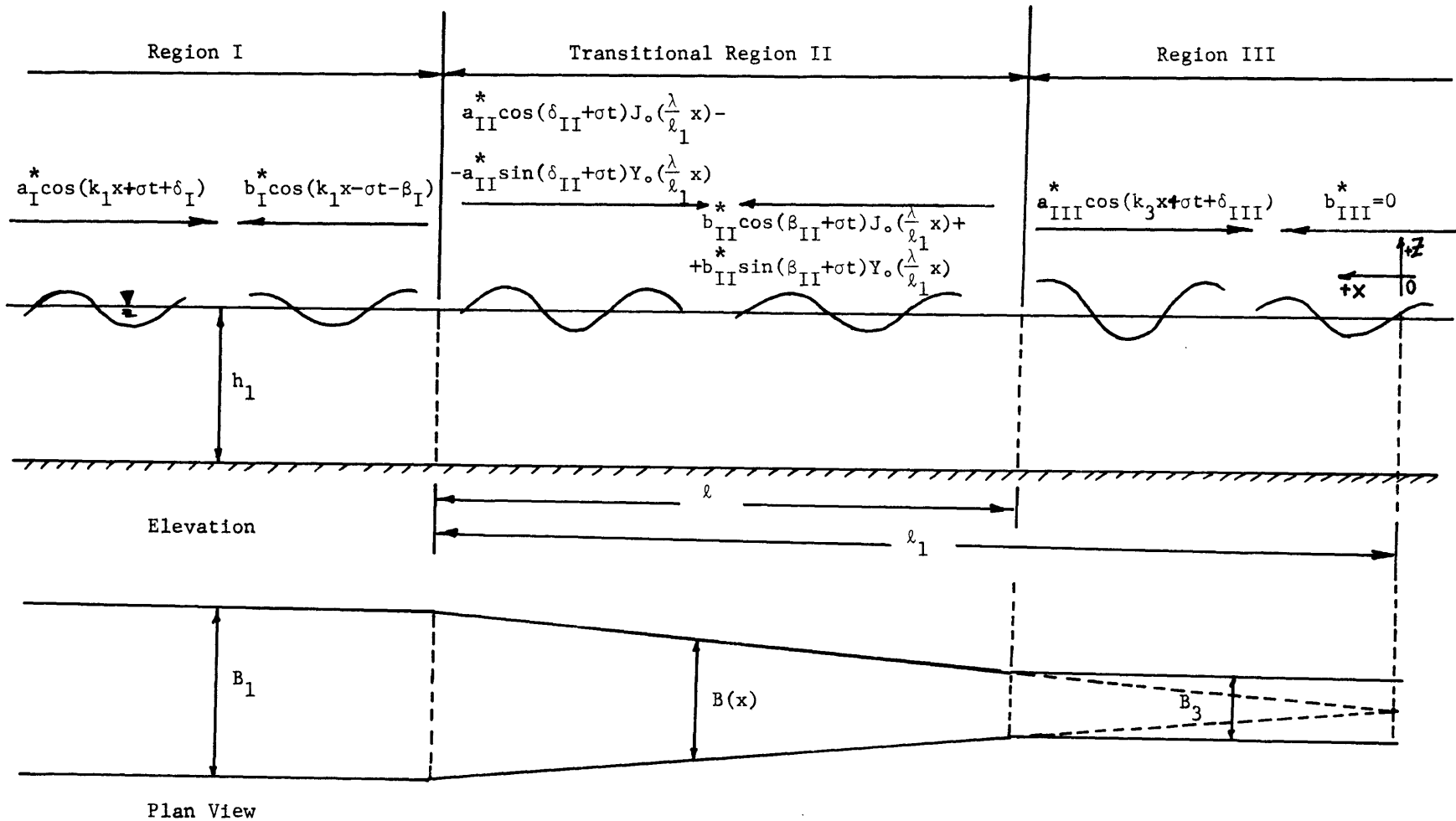


Fig. 9. Schematic Diagram of Case C of Transition Gradually Varying Width - Constant Depth.

$\eta(x,t) = \bar{\eta}(x)e^{+i\sigma t}$, we get:

$$\bar{\eta}_{xx} \frac{B_1 x h_1 g}{\ell_1} + \bar{\eta}_x \frac{B_1 h_1 g}{\ell_1} + B(x) \sigma^2 \bar{\eta} = 0 \quad (3.167)$$

and since $B(x) = \frac{B_1}{\ell_1} x$, we get finally:

$$x \bar{\eta}_{xx} + \bar{\eta}_x + \frac{\sigma^2}{gh_1} x \bar{\eta} = 0 \quad (3.168)$$

where $h = h_1 = h_3 = \text{constant}$.

Setting eigen values

$$\frac{\sigma^2}{gh_1} = \frac{\sigma^2 \ell_1^2}{gh_1 \ell_1^2} = \left(\frac{\sigma^2 \ell_1^2}{C_1^2} \right) \frac{1}{\ell_1^2} = \frac{\lambda^2}{\ell_1^2} \quad (3.169)$$

where $\lambda = \text{dimensionless quantity}$ and, taking the transformation $u = \frac{\lambda}{\ell_1} x$,

the equation (3.168) becomes:

$$u \bar{\eta}_{uu} + \bar{\eta}_u + u \bar{\eta} = 0 \quad (3.170)$$

which is a Bessel differential equation of zero order ($P=0$)

The general solution is given by:

$$\bar{\eta}(x) = C_1 J_1(u) + C_2 Y_0(u) = C_1 J_0\left(\frac{\lambda}{\ell_1} x\right) + C_2 Y_0\left(\frac{\lambda}{\ell_1} x\right) \quad (3.171)$$

and combining the time component $e^{+i\sigma t}$:

$$\eta_{II}(x,t) = [C_1 J_0(\frac{\lambda}{\ell_1} x) + C_2 Y_0(\frac{\lambda}{\ell_1} x)] e^{i\sigma t}$$

The above is a standing wave solution. For progressive wave solution over the transition we use the Hankel functions (21) $H_0^{(1)} = J_0 + iY_0$ and $H_0^{(2)} = J_0 - iY_0$. Thus the above solution can be written:

$$\eta_{II}(x,t) = [C_1^* H_0^{(1)} + C_2^* H_0^{(2)}] e^{i\sigma t}$$

Defining the arbitrary constants C_1^* and C_2^* in the form $C_1^* = a_{II}^* e^{i\delta_{II}}$ and $C_2^* = b_{II}^* e^{i\beta_{II}}$ we obtain

$$\eta_{II}(x,t) = a_{II}^* e^{i(\delta_{II} + \sigma t)} H_0^{(1)} + b_{II}^* e^{i(\beta_{II} + \sigma t)} H_0^{(2)} \quad (3.172)$$

and taking only the real part of the (3.172) equation which is also a solution for the region II.

$$\begin{aligned} \eta_{II}(x,t) = & a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J_0(\frac{\lambda}{\ell_1} x) - a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_0(\frac{\lambda}{\ell_1} x) + \\ & + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J_0(\frac{\lambda}{\ell_1} x) + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_0(\frac{\lambda}{\ell_1} x) \end{aligned}$$

For the region I and III upstream and downstream from the transition under the assumption of simple harmonic motion the differential equation expressing the motion is the linear wave equation:

$$\eta_{xx} = \frac{1}{C^2} \eta_{tt} \quad \text{with } C = \sqrt{gh}$$

This type of equation as in previous cases gives as solutions for:

Region I:

$$\eta_I(x,t) = a_{II}^* \cos(k_1 x + \sigma t + \delta_I) + b_{II}^* \cos(k_1 x - \sigma t - \beta_I) \quad (3.174)$$

Region III:

$$\eta_{III}(x,t) = a_{III}^* \cos(k_3 x + \sigma t + \delta_{III}) + b_{III}^* \cos(k_3 x - \sigma t - \beta_{III}) \quad (3.175)$$

Setting the boundary conditions of continuity of surface perturbation and water flux at $x=l_1$ and $x=l_1-l$ we get the following system of eight equations and eight unknowns for $\sigma t=0$ and $\sigma t=\frac{-\pi}{2}$ and under the assumption that the reflection from the beach-end is zero and that the amplitude of the transmitted downstream wave $a_{III}^* = 1$, hence; for

$$\frac{l_1-l}{l_1} = \left(1 - \frac{l}{l_1}\right) = \epsilon^2 \quad \text{and} \quad \lambda = \frac{\sigma l_1}{C_1} = k_1 l_1 \quad \text{we obtain:}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_I^* \cos(k_1 l_1 + \sigma t + \delta_I) + b_I^* \cos(k_1 l_1 - \sigma t - \beta_I) &= a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J_0(\lambda) - \\ -a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_0(\lambda) + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J_0(\lambda) + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_0(\lambda) &\quad (3.176) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -a_I^* \sin(k_1 l_1 + \sigma t + \delta_I) - b_I^* \sin(k_1 l_1 - \sigma t - \beta_I) &= a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J'_0(\lambda) - \\ -a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y'_0(\lambda) + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J'_0(\lambda) + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y'_0(\lambda) &\quad (3.177) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) - a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) + \\ + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) = a_{III}^* \cos(k_3 l_1 \epsilon^2 + \sigma t). \quad (\text{since } \delta_{III} = b_{III}^* = 0) &\quad (3.178) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - a_{II}^* \sin(\delta_{II} + \sigma t) Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) + b_{II}^* \cos(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) + \\
& + b_{II}^* \sin(\beta_{II} + \sigma t) Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) = -a_{III}^* \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2 + \sigma t). \quad (3.179)
\end{aligned}$$

Evaluating for $\sigma t=0$ and $\sigma t=\frac{-\pi}{2}$ we get after dividing all terms by a_{III}^* and taking equations in dimensionless form $a_I = \frac{a^* I}{a_{III}^*}$ etc.:

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{for } \sigma t=0: & a_I \cos(k_{11} \ell_1 + \delta_I) + b_I \cos(k_{11} \ell_1 - \beta_I) = a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} J_0(\lambda) - a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} Y_0(\lambda) + \\
& + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} J_0(\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} Y_0(\lambda) \quad (3.180)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{for } \sigma t=\frac{-\pi}{2}: & a_I \sin(k_{11} \ell_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \sin(k_{11} \ell_1 - \beta_I) = a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} J_0(\lambda) + a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} Y_0(\lambda) + \\
& + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} J_0(\lambda) - b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} Y_0(\lambda) \quad (3.181)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{for } \sigma t=0: & -a_I \sin(k_{11} \ell_1 - \beta_I) - b_I \sin(k_{11} \ell_1 - \beta_I) = a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} J'_0(\lambda) - a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} Y'_0(\lambda) + \\
& + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} J'_0(\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} Y'_0(\lambda) \quad (3.182)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{for } \sigma t=\frac{-\pi}{2}: & a_I \cos(k_{11} \ell_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \cos(k_{11} \ell_1 - \beta_I) = a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} J'_0(\lambda) + a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} Y'_0(\lambda) + \\
& + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} J'_0(\lambda) - b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} Y'_0(\lambda) \quad (3.183)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{for } \sigma t=0: & a_{II} [\cos \delta_{II} J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - \sin \delta_{II} Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)] + b_{II} [\cos \beta_{II} J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) + \sin \beta_{II} Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)] = \\
& = \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) \quad (3.184)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{for } \sigma t=\frac{-\pi}{2}: & a_{II} [\sin \delta_{II} J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) + \cos \delta_{II} Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)] + b_{II} [\sin \beta_{II} J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - \cos \beta_{II} Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)] = \\
& = \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) \quad (3.185)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{for } \sigma t=0: & a_{II} [\cos \delta_{II} J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - \sin \delta_{II} Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)] + b_{II} [\cos \beta_{II} J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) + \sin \beta_{II} Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)] = \\
& = - \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) \quad (3.186)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{for } \sigma t=\frac{-\pi}{2}: & a_{II} [\sin \delta_{II} J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) + \cos \delta_{II} Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)] + b_{II} [\sin \beta_{II} J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - \cos \beta_{II} Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)] = \\
& = \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \cos \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2}{\lambda} \right) \quad (3.187)
\end{aligned}$$

From (3.184) and (3.186) we obtain for a_{II}

$$a_{II} = \frac{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) \left[J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) Y_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) J_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right]^{-1} \left[\cos \beta_{II} \left[\cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) J'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) + \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right] + \sin \beta_{II} \left[\cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) Y_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) + \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right] \right]}{\quad} \quad (3.188)$$

Defining:

$$\Lambda_1 = \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) J_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) + \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \quad (3.189)$$

$$\Lambda_2 = \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) Y_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) + \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \quad (3.190)$$

We obtain for a_{II} :

$$a_{II} = \frac{\Lambda_1 \cos \beta_{II} + \Lambda_2 \sin \beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) \left[J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) Y_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) J_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right]} \quad (3.191)$$

In a similar way we get for b_{II} from (3.184) and (3.186)

$$b_{II} = \frac{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) \left[J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) Y_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) J_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right]^{-1} \left[\sin \delta_{II} \left[\left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) + \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) Y_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right] - \cos \delta_{II} \left[\left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) + \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) J_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right] \right]}{\quad} \quad (3.192)$$

or

$$b_{II} = \frac{\Lambda_2 \sin \delta_{II} - \Lambda_1 \cos \delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) \left[J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) Y_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) J_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right]} \quad (3.193)$$

From (3.185) and (3.187) we obtain the values of a_{II} and b_{II} in a similar procedure :

$$a_{II} = \frac{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) \left[Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) J_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - Y_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right]^{-1} \left[\sin \beta_{II} \left[\sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) J_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right] - \cos \beta_{II} \left[\sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) Y_0'(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - \left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right] \right]}{\quad} \quad (3.194)$$

Defining:

$$\Lambda_3 = \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - \frac{(k_3 \ell_1)}{\lambda} \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \quad (3.195)$$

$$\Lambda_4 = \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - \frac{(k_3 \ell_1)}{\lambda} \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \quad (3.196)$$

we get for a_{II} :

$$a_{II} = \frac{\Lambda_3 \sin \beta_{II} - \Lambda_4 \cos \beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)]} \quad (3.197)$$

and for b_{II} :

$$b_{II} = \left[\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)] \right]^{-1} \left[\sin \delta_{II} \left[\left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right] + \cos \delta_{II} \left[\left(\frac{k_3 \ell_1}{\lambda} \right) \cos(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - \sin(k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2) Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) \right] \right] \quad (3.198)$$

and with definitions of (3.195) and (3.196) we obtain:

$$b_{II} = \frac{\Lambda_3 \sin \delta_{II} + \Lambda_4 \cos \delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)]} \quad (3.199)$$

From equations (3.191) and (3.197) we obtain:

$$\frac{\Lambda_1 \cos \beta_{II} + \Lambda_2 \sin \beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)]} = \frac{\Lambda_4 \cos \beta_{II} - \Lambda_3 \sin \beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) Y'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) - Y_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2) J'_0(\lambda \varepsilon^2)]} \quad (3.200)$$

$$\text{or } \Lambda_2 \tan \beta_{II} + \Lambda_1 = \Lambda_4 - \Lambda_3 \tan \beta_{II}$$

$$\text{or } (\Lambda_2 + \Lambda_3) \tan \beta_{II} = \Lambda_4 - \Lambda_1$$

$$\tan \beta_{II} = \frac{\Lambda_4 - \Lambda_1}{\Lambda_2 + \Lambda_3} \quad (3.201a)$$

$$\text{or } \beta_{II} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Lambda_4 - \Lambda_1}{\Lambda_2 + \Lambda_3} \right) \quad (3.201b)$$

Similarly from equations (3.193) and (3.199) we obtain:

$$\frac{\Lambda_2 \sin \delta_{II} - \Lambda_1 \cos \delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) Y'_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) - Y_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) J'_0(\lambda \epsilon^2)]} = \frac{\Lambda_3 \sin \delta_{II} + \Lambda_4 \cos \delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) Y'_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) - Y_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) J'_0(\lambda \epsilon^2)]} \quad (3.202)$$

$$\Lambda_2 \tan \delta_{II} - \Lambda_1 = \Lambda_3 \tan \delta_{II} + \Lambda_4$$

$$\text{or } (\Lambda_2 - \Lambda_3) \tan \delta_{II} = \Lambda_4 + \Lambda_1$$

$$\text{or } \tan \delta_{II} = \frac{\Lambda_4 + \Lambda_1}{\Lambda_2 - \Lambda_3} \quad (3.202a)$$

$$\text{and } \delta_{II} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Lambda_4 + \Lambda_1}{\Lambda_2 - \Lambda_3} \right) \quad (3.202b)$$

The $\Lambda_1, \Lambda_2, \Lambda_3, \Lambda_4$, are all known quantities. From the phase angles δ_{II} and β_{II} the values of a_{II} and b_{II} can be computed from (3.191) and (3.193). Knowing now the values of a_{II} , b_{II} , δ_{II} , β_{II} equations (3.180), (3.181), (3.182), (3.183) give the values of four unknowns a_I , b_I , δ_I , β_I .

$$a_I \cos(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) + b_I \cos(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) = M_1 \quad (3.203)$$

$$a_I \sin(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \sin(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) = M_2 \quad (3.204)$$

$$-a_I \sin(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \sin(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) = M_3 \quad (3.205)$$

$$a_I \cos(k_1 l_1 + \delta_I) - b_I \cos(k_1 l_1 - \beta_I) = M_4 \quad (3.206)$$

Where M_1, M_2, M_3, M_4 are defined as follows:

$$a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} J_o(\lambda) - a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} Y_o(\lambda) + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} J_o(\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} Y_o(\lambda) = M_1$$

$$a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} J_o(\lambda) + a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} Y_o(\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} J_o(\lambda) - b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} Y_o(\lambda) = M_2$$

$$a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} J'_o(\lambda) - a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} Y'_o(\lambda) + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} J'_o(\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} Y'_o(\lambda) = M_3$$

$$a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} J'_o(\lambda) + a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} Y'_o(\lambda) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} J'_o(\lambda) - b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} Y'_o(\lambda) = M_4$$

From (3.203) and (3.204) we obtain for a_I and b_I :

$$a_I = \frac{M_1 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) - M_2 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I)}{\cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)} \quad (3.207)$$

similarly for b_I

$$b_I = \frac{M_1 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - M_2 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)}{\sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) + \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)} \quad (3.208)$$

With a similar procedure we get from (3.205) and (3.206) a_I and b_I :

$$a_I = \frac{-[M_3 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) - M_4 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I)]}{\sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)} \quad (3.209)$$

and for b_I :

$$b_I = \frac{-[M_3 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) + M_4 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)]}{\sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)} \quad (3.210)$$

Setting equations (3.207) and (3.209) equal after considerable reduction we obtain:

$$\tan(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) = \frac{M_2 + M_3}{M_4 - M_1}$$

or

$$\beta_I = k_1 \ell_1 - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{M_2 + M_3}{M_4 - M_1} \right) \quad (3.211)$$

Similarly setting equations (3.208) and (3.210) equal following the same procedure after considerable reduction we obtain:

$$\tan(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) = \frac{M_2 - M_3}{M_1 + M_4}$$

and

$$\delta_I = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{M_2 - M_3}{M_1 + M_4} \right) - k_1 \ell_1 \quad (3.212)$$

In summary for the C transition of gradually varying width the values of amplitudes, phase angles, reflection and transmission coefficients are given explicitly as follows:

(i) Amplitudes, reflection and transmission coefficients:

$$a_I = \frac{M_1 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + M_2 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I)}{\sin(2k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I - \beta_I)}$$

$$b_I = \frac{M_1 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - M_2 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)}{\sin(2k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I - \beta_I)}$$

$$K_r = \frac{b_I}{a_I} = \frac{\sin(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I) - \frac{M_2}{M_1} \cos(k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I)}{\sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + \frac{M_2}{M_1} \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I)}$$

$$K_t = \frac{1}{a_I} = \frac{\sin(2k_1 \ell_1 + \delta_I - \beta_I)}{M_1 \sin(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I) + M_2 \cos(k_1 \ell_1 - \beta_I)}$$

$$a_{II} = \frac{\Lambda_1 \cos \beta_{II} + \Lambda_2 \sin \beta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) Y'_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) - Y_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) J'_0(\lambda \epsilon^2)]}$$

$$b_{II} = \frac{\Lambda_2 \sin \beta_{II} - \Lambda_1 \cos \delta_{II}}{\sin(\delta_{II} + \beta_{II}) [J_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) Y'_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) - Y_0(\lambda \epsilon^2) J'_0(\lambda \epsilon^2)]}$$

$$a_{III} = 1 \quad b_{III} = 0$$

(ii) Phase angles

$$\delta_I = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{M_2 - M_3}{M_1 + M_4} \right) - k_1 \ell_1$$

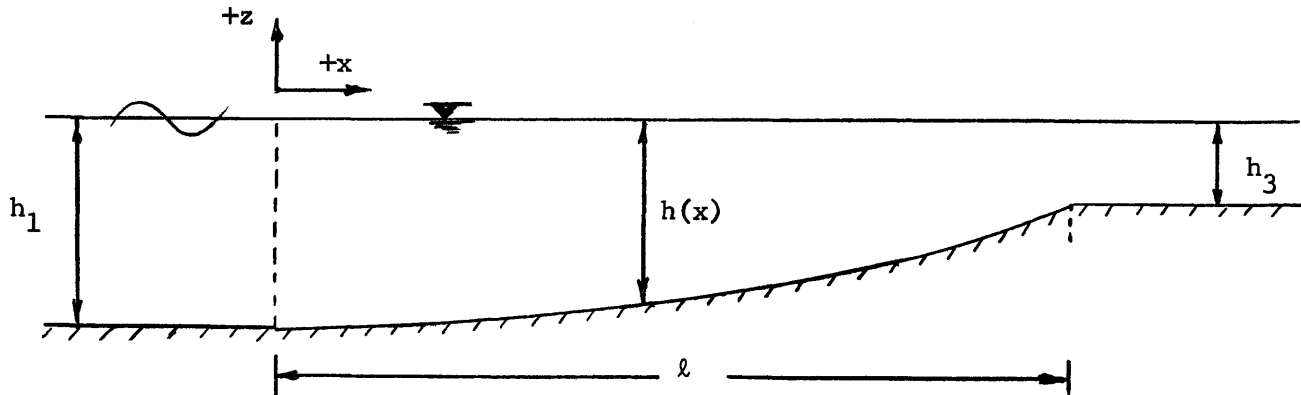
$$\beta_I = k_1 \ell_1 - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{M_2 + M_3}{M_4 - M_1} \right)$$

$$\delta_{II} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Lambda_1 + \Lambda_4}{\Lambda_2 - \Lambda_3} \right)$$

$$\beta_{II} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Lambda_4 - \Lambda_1}{\Lambda_2 + \Lambda_3} \right)$$

$$\delta_{III} = \beta_{III} = 0$$

3.5 Case D of Transition: Parabolic Variation of Depth - Constant Width



The geometry of the parabolic transition of depth for a channel of constant width may be assumed by:

$$z = C_1 x^2 + C_2 \quad (3.213)$$

For the determination of C_1 and C_2 we have:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{at } x = 0 & z = -h_1 \\ x = l & z = -h_3 \end{array}$$

Thus from equation (3.213) we get:

$$\begin{aligned} C_2 &= -h_1 \\ C_1 l^2 + C_2 &= -h_3 \end{aligned}$$

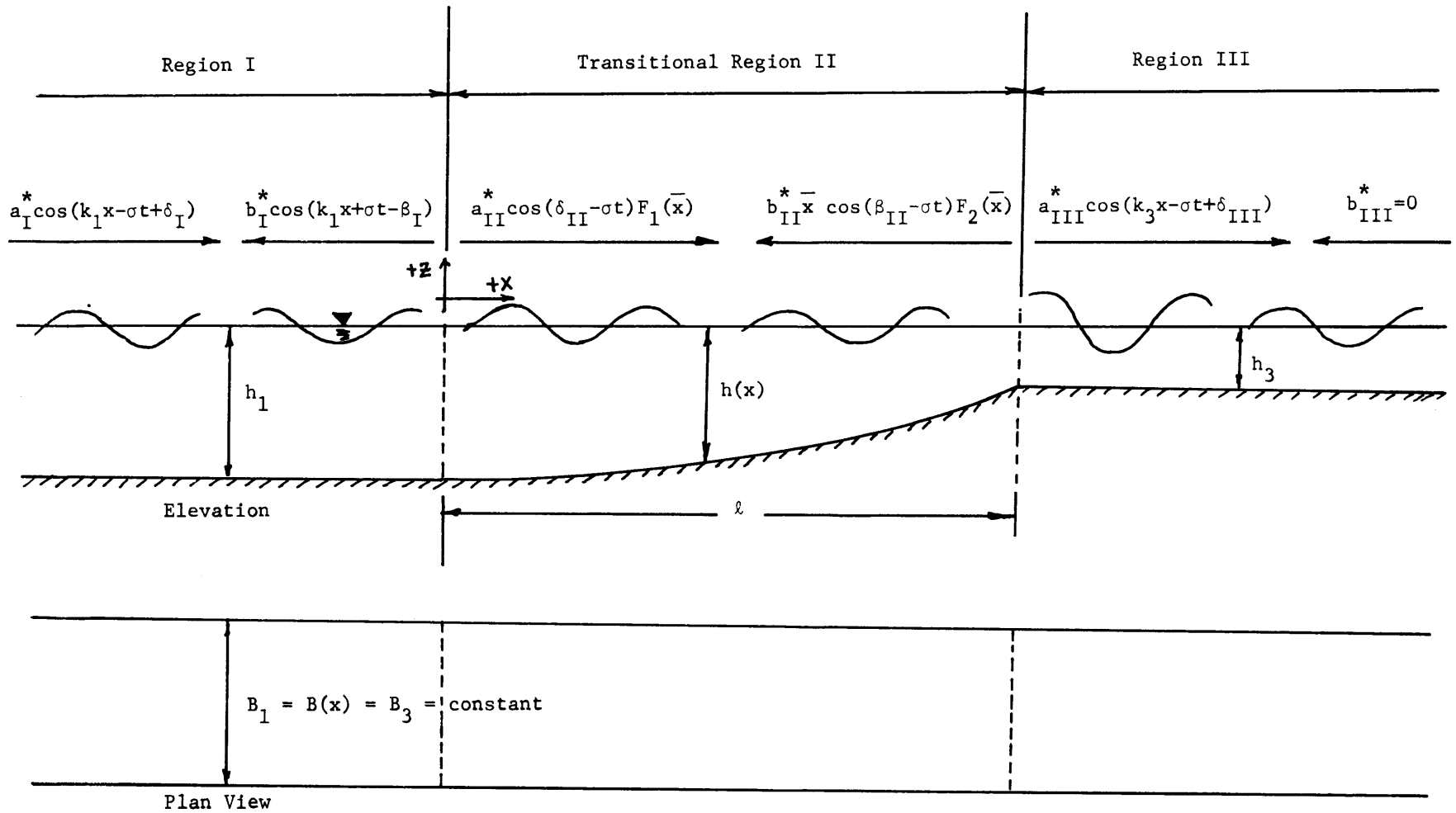


Fig. 10. Schematic Diagram of Case D of Transition
Parabolic Variation of Depth - Constant Width.

Thus
$$C_1 = \frac{h_1 - h_3}{\ell^2}$$

and since

$$z(x) = -h(x)$$

we get:

$$h(x) = -\left[-\frac{h_1 - h_3}{\ell^2} x^2 - h_1\right] = h_1 - \frac{h_1 - h_3}{\ell^2} x^2$$

or

$$h(x) = h_1 \left(1 - \frac{h_1 - h_3}{\ell^2 h_1} x^2\right) \quad (3.214)$$

or

$$h(x) = h_1 \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{\alpha_1^2}\right) \quad (3.215)$$

where $\alpha_1 = \ell \sqrt{\frac{h_1}{h_1 - h_3}}$ (3.216)

From the geometry of the transition we have:

(i) Region I (Upstream)

$$B = B_1 = B_3 = \text{constant} \quad -\infty < x \leq 0$$

$$h = h_1 = \text{constant} \quad -\infty < x \leq 0$$

(ii) Region II (Transition)

$$B = B_1 = B_3 = \text{constant} \quad 0 \leq x \leq l \text{ or } 0 \leq \frac{x^2}{\alpha_1^2} \leq \frac{l^2}{\alpha_1^2}$$
$$h(x) = h_1 \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{\alpha_1^2}\right) \quad \text{or} \quad 0 \leq \frac{x^2}{\alpha_1^2} \leq \left(\frac{h_1 - h_3}{h_1}\right) < 1$$

The fact that $\frac{x^2}{\alpha_1^2} < 1$ is of significance in the following development since the convergence of the hypergeometric series of the problem depends on it.

(iii) Region III (Downstream)

$$B = B_1 = B_3 = \text{constant}$$
$$h = h_3 = \text{constant}$$

From the previous developments for the other cases the combined equation of motion and continuity (3.112) is:

$$\eta_{tt} = \frac{g}{B(x)} [A(x) \eta_x]_x$$

Since B is constant throughout:

$$A(x) = Bh_1 \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{\alpha_1^2}\right) \quad (3.217)$$

Substituting the expression for A(x) into (3.112) we get:

$$\eta_{tt} = gh_1 \left[\left(1 - \frac{x^2}{\alpha_1^2}\right) \eta_x \right]_x \quad (3.218)$$

Assuming a solution of simple harmonic motion of the type $\eta(x,t) = \bar{\eta}(x)e^{-i\sigma t}$ and substituting η_{xx} , η_x and η_{tt} :

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\left(1 - \frac{x^2}{\alpha_1^2}\right) \frac{d\bar{\eta}}{dx} \right] + \frac{\sigma^2}{gh_1} \bar{\eta} = 0 \quad (3.219a)$$

Putting $\frac{x}{\alpha_1} = \bar{x}$ and $\frac{dx}{\alpha_1} = d\bar{x}$:

$$\frac{d}{d\bar{x}} \left[(1-\bar{x}^2) \frac{d\bar{\eta}}{d\bar{x}} \right] + \frac{\sigma^2 \alpha_1^2}{gh_1} \bar{\eta} = 0 \quad (3.219b)$$

This is a special case of the Sturm-Liouville equation. The solutions when satisfying given boundary conditions are known as eigen functions. In order to solve this equation we restrict the expression of the eigen values $\frac{\sigma^2 \alpha_1^2}{gh_1}$ to the values $n(n+1)$ wherein $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$. Equation (3.219b) has the following form:

$$(\bar{x}^2 - 1) \frac{d^2 \bar{\eta}}{d\bar{x}^2} + 2\bar{x} \frac{d\bar{\eta}}{d\bar{x}} - n(n+1)\bar{\eta} = 0 \quad (3.220)$$

This is the Gauss-Legendre differential equation which has solutions in convergent hypergeometric series since $|\bar{x}| = \left| \frac{x}{\alpha_1} \right| < 1$.

It should be noted that the restriction imposed on the expression of eigen values:

$$\frac{\sigma^2 \alpha_1^2}{gh_1} = n(n+1) \text{ or } \sigma = \frac{1}{\alpha_1} [n(n+1)gh_1]^{1/2} \quad (3.221)$$

gives the admissible values of frequencies σ for $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$, i.e. the

different modes of the boundary value problem and therefore the different wave lengths for each channel depth. The solution of equation (3.220) is given by:

$$\bar{\eta}(\bar{x}) = C_1 F_1\left(-\frac{n}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \bar{x}\right) + C_2 \bar{x} F_2\left(\frac{1-n}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \bar{x}\right) \quad (3.222)$$

wherein $F_1(\bar{x})$, $F_2(\bar{x})$ are convergent hypergeometric functions defined as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} F_{1,2}(\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \bar{x}) &= 1 + \sum_{\nu=1}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha(\alpha+1)\dots(\alpha+\nu-1)\dots\beta(\beta+1)\dots(\beta+\nu-1)\bar{x}^{\nu}}{\nu! \gamma(\gamma+1)\dots(\gamma+\nu-1)} \\ &= 1 + \sum_{\nu=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\alpha+\nu-1)_\nu (\beta+\nu-1)_\nu}{(\gamma+\nu-1)_\nu} \bar{x}^{\nu} \end{aligned} \quad (3.223)$$

The above series converges for $|\bar{x}| < 1$, since $\bar{x} = \frac{x}{\alpha_1} = \left(\frac{h_1 - h_3}{h_1}\right)^{1/2} \frac{x}{\ell}$ is always smaller than unity. The differentiation of the hypergeometric function (needed in using the B.C.) is permissible.

In the above series we have for F_1 associated with an arbitrary constant of integration C_1 :

$$\alpha = -\frac{n}{2}, \quad \beta = \frac{1+n}{2}, \quad \gamma = \frac{1}{2}$$

and for F_2 associated with C_2

$$\alpha = \frac{1-n}{2}, \quad \beta = \frac{2+n}{2}, \quad \gamma = \frac{3}{2}$$

Taking into consideration the time component equation (3.222) is:

$$\eta(\bar{x}, t) = \bar{\eta}(\bar{x})e^{-i\sigma t} = [C_1 F_1(\bar{x}) + \bar{x} C_2 F_2(\bar{x})]e^{-i\sigma t} \quad (3.224)$$

Considering C_1 and C_2 as complex constants of the type $C_I = a_{II}^* e^{i\delta_{II}}$ the wave surface elevation $\eta(x, t)$ over the transitional region II can be written as:

$$\eta(\bar{x}, t) = a_{II}^* \cos(\delta_{II} - \sigma t) F_1(\bar{x}) + b_{II}^* \bar{x} \cos(\beta_{II} - \sigma t) F_2(\bar{x}) \quad (3.225)$$

For the upstream and downstream regions I and III the solutions are as in the former cases A, B and C:

$$\eta_I(\bar{x}, t) = a_I^* \cos(k_1 \alpha_1 \bar{x} - \sigma t + \delta_I) + b_I^* \cos(k_1 \alpha_1 \bar{x} + \sigma t - \beta_I) \quad (3.226)$$

$$\eta_{III}(\bar{x}, t) = a_{III}^* \cos(k_3 \alpha_1 \bar{x} - \sigma t) \quad (3.227)$$

assuming that there is no reflected wave in the downstream region, i.e. $b_{III}^* = 0$. Considering the amplitudes in dimensionless form $a_I = a_I^*/a_{III}^*$, $b_I = b_I^*/b_{III}^*$, etc., and inserting the following B.C.

$$\eta_I(x, t) \Big|_{x=0} = \eta_{II}(x, t) \Big|_{x=0} ; \eta_{II}(x, t) \Big|_{x=\ell} = \eta_{III}(x, t) \Big|_{x=\ell}$$

$$[\eta_I(x, t)]_{x|x=0} = [\eta_{II}(x, t)]_{x|x=0} ; [\eta_{II}(x, t)]_{x|x=\ell} = [\eta_{III}(x, t)]_{x|x=\ell}$$

we get after evaluation of these relations for $\sigma t=0$ and $\sigma t=\frac{\pi}{2}$:

$$a_I \cos \delta_I + b_I \cos \beta_I = a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} F_I(0) \quad (3.228)$$

$$a_I \sin \delta_I + b_I \sin \beta_I = a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} F_I(0) \quad (3.229)$$

$$-a_I k_1 \alpha_1 \sin \delta_I + b_I k_1 \alpha_1 \sin \beta_I = a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} F'_I(0) + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} F_2(0) \quad (3.230)$$

$$a_I k_1 \alpha_1 \cos \delta_I - b_I k_1 \alpha_1 \cos \beta_I = a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} F'_I(0) + b_{II} F_2(0) \sin \beta_{II} \quad (3.231)$$

$$a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} F_1(\ell) + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} F_2(\ell) \frac{\ell}{\alpha_1} = \cos(k_3 \ell) \quad (3.232)$$

$$a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} F_1(\ell) + b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} F_2(\ell) \frac{\ell}{\alpha_1} = \sin(k_3 \ell) \quad (3.233)$$

$$a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} F'_1(\ell) + \left[\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1} F'_2(\ell) + F_2(\ell) \right] b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} = -k_3 \alpha_1 \sin(k_3 \ell) \quad (3.234)$$

$$a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} F'_1(\ell) + \left[\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1} F'_2(\ell) + F_2(\ell) \right] b_{II} \sin \beta_{II} = k_3 \alpha_1 \sin(k_3 \ell) \quad (3.235)$$

Defining

$$\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1} F'_2(\ell) + F_2(\ell) = F_2^*(\ell) \quad (3.236)$$

the system of equations (3.233) up to (3.236) becomes:

$$a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} F_1(\ell) + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} F_2(\ell) \frac{\ell}{\alpha_1} = \cos(k_3 \ell) \quad (3.237)$$

$$a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} F_1(\ell) + b_{II} \sin \delta_{II} F_2(\ell) \frac{\ell}{\alpha_1} = \sin(k_3 \ell) \quad (3.238)$$

$$a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} F_1'(\ell) + b_{II} F_2^*(\ell) \cos \beta_{II} = -k_3 \alpha_1 \sin(k_3 \ell) \quad (3.239)$$

$$a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} F_1'(\ell) + b_{II} F_2^*(\ell) \sin \beta_{II} = k_3 \alpha_1 \cos(k_3 \ell) \quad (3.240)$$

Function $F_1(\bar{x})$ evaluated for $x=0$ is:

$$F_1(0) \equiv F_1(a, \beta, \gamma, \frac{x}{\alpha_1}) \Big|_{x=0} = 1 \quad (3.241)$$

and

$$F_1'(0) \equiv F_1'(a, \beta, \gamma, \frac{x}{\alpha_1}) \Big|_{x=0} = \frac{a\beta}{\gamma} - \frac{n(1+n)}{2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{-n(1+n)}{2} \quad (3.242)$$

The same function for $x=\ell$ results in:

$$F_1(\ell) \equiv F_1(a, \beta, \gamma, \frac{\bar{x}}{\alpha_1}) \Big|_{\bar{x}=\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}} = 1 + a\beta \left(\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}\right) + \frac{a(a+1)\beta(\beta+1)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot \gamma(\gamma+1)} \left(\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}\right)^2 + \frac{a(a+1)(a+2)\beta(\beta+1)(\beta+2)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \gamma(\gamma+1)(\gamma+2)} \left(\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}\right)^3 + \dots$$

$$\dots \frac{a(a+1)(a+2)\dots(a+v-1)\beta(\beta+1)(\beta+2)\dots(\beta+v-1)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \dots \gamma(\gamma+1)(\gamma+2)\dots(\gamma+v-1)} \left(\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}\right)^v + \dots \quad (3.243)$$

and

$$F_1'(\ell) \equiv F_1'(a, \beta, \gamma, \bar{x}) \Big|_{\bar{x} = \frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}} = \frac{a\beta}{\gamma} + \frac{a(a+1)\beta(\beta+1)}{1.2.\gamma(\gamma+1)} 2\left(\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}\right) + \dots$$

$$+ \dots \frac{a(a+1)\dots(a+v-1)\beta(\beta+1)\dots(\beta+v-1)}{1.2\dots v.\gamma(\gamma+1)\dots(\gamma+v-1)} \left(\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}\right)^{v-1} + \dots \quad (3.244)$$

In all above expressions for $F_1(0)$, $F_1'(0)$, $F_1(\ell)$, $F_1'(\ell)$ the coefficients are: $a = -\frac{n}{2}$, $\beta = \frac{1+n}{2}$, $\gamma = \frac{1}{2}$.

The hypergeometric series F_2 (values of coefficients $a = \frac{1-n}{2}$, $\beta = \frac{2+n}{2}$, $\gamma = \frac{3}{2}$) can be evaluated as follows:

$$F_2(0) \equiv F_2(a, \beta, \gamma, \frac{x}{\alpha_1}) \Big|_{x=0} = 1 \quad (3.245)$$

$$F_2'(0) \equiv F_2'(a, \beta, \gamma, \frac{x}{\alpha_1}) \Big|_{x=0} = \frac{(1-n)(2+n)}{6} \quad (3.246)$$

$$F_2(\ell) \equiv F_2(a, \beta, \gamma, \bar{x}) \Big|_{\bar{x} = \frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}} = 1 + \frac{a\beta}{\gamma} \left(\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}\right) + \frac{a(a+1)\beta(\beta+1)}{1.2.\gamma(\gamma+1)} \left(\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}\right)^2$$

$$+ \dots \frac{a(a+1)(a+2)\dots(a+v-1)\beta(\beta+1)(\beta+2)\dots(\beta+v-1)}{1.2.3\dots v.\gamma(\gamma+1)(\gamma+2)\dots(\gamma+v-1)} \left(\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}\right)^v + \dots \quad (3.247)$$

$$F_2'(\ell) \equiv F_2'(a, \beta, \gamma, \bar{x}) \Big|_{\bar{x} = \frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}} = \frac{a\beta}{\gamma} + \frac{a(a+1)\beta(\beta+1)}{1.2.\gamma(\gamma+1)} 2\left(\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}\right) + \dots$$

$$+ \dots \frac{a(a+1)\dots(a+v-1)\beta(\beta+1)\dots(\beta+v-1)}{1.2\dots v.\gamma(\gamma+1)\dots(\gamma+v-1)} \left(\frac{\ell}{\alpha_1}\right)^{v-1} \quad (3.248)$$

Under these determinations for F_1 and F_2 we can solve the system of equations

(3.237) up to (3.240). From (3.237) and (3.238) we get for the amplitude a_{II} :

$$a_{II} = \frac{\ell}{\alpha_1} \frac{[\sin\beta_{II}\cos(k_3\ell) - \sin(k_3\ell)\cos\beta_{II}]}{F_1(\ell) [\cos\delta_{II}\sin\beta_{II} - \sin\delta_{II}\cos\beta_{II}]}$$

$$a_{II} = \frac{\ell}{\alpha_1} \frac{\sin(\beta_{II} - k_3\ell)}{F_1(\ell)\sin(\beta_{II} - \delta_{II})} \quad (3.249)$$

From equations (3.239) and (3.240) we get for the amplitude a_{II} :

$$a_{II} = \frac{-k_3\alpha_1 [\sin(k_3\ell)\sin\beta_{II} + \cos(k_3\ell)\cos\delta_{II}]}{F_1'(\ell) [\cos\delta_{II}\sin\beta_{II} - \sin\delta_{II}\cos\beta_{II}]} = \frac{-k_3\alpha_1 \cos(\beta_{II} - k_3\ell)}{F_1'(\ell)\sin(\beta_{II} - \delta_{II})} \quad (3.250)$$

Setting equations (3.249) and (3.250) equal we get:

$$\tan(\beta_{II} - k_3\ell) = -\frac{k_3\alpha_1^2 F_1(\ell)}{\ell F_1'(\ell)}$$

and

$$b_{II} = k_3\ell + \tan^{-1} \left[-\frac{k_3\alpha_1^2 F_1(\ell)}{\ell F_1'(\ell)} \right] \quad (3.251)$$

Similarity for the amplitude b_{II} from (3.237) and (3.238) we get:

$$b_{II} = \frac{\sin(k_3\ell - \delta_{II})}{F_2(\ell)\sin(\beta_{II} - \delta_{II})} \quad (3.252)$$

From equations (3.239) and (3.240) we get:

$$b_{II} = \frac{k_3 \alpha_1 \cos(k_3 \ell - \delta_{II})}{F_2^*(\ell) \sin(\beta_{II} - \delta_{II})} \quad (3.253)$$

Setting equations (3.252) and (3.253) equal we get:

$$\tan(k_3 \ell - \delta_{II}) = \frac{k_3 \alpha_1 F_2(\ell)}{F_2^*(\ell)}$$

or

$$\delta_{II} = k_3 \ell - \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{k_3 \alpha_1 F_2(\ell)}{F_2^*(\ell)} \right] \quad (3.254)$$

With the values of amplitude a_{II} , b_{II} , and phase angles β_{II} and δ_{II} , known the system of equations (3.228) up to (3.231) can be solved.

Defining:

$$a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} F_1(0) = a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} = \Delta_1 \quad (3.255)$$

$$a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} F_1(0) = \Delta_2 \quad (3.256)$$

$$\frac{1}{k_1 \alpha_1} [a_{II} \cos \delta_{II} F_1'(0) + b_{II} \cos \beta_{II} F_2(0)] = \Delta_3 \quad (3.257)$$

$$\frac{1}{k_1 \alpha_1} [a_{II} \sin \delta_{II} F_1'(0) + b_{II} F_2(0) \sin \beta_{II}] = \Delta_4 \quad (3.258)$$

Hence the system of equations (3.228) up to (3.231) becomes:

$$a_I \cos \delta_I + b_I \cos \beta_I = \Delta_1 \quad (3.259)$$

$$a_I \sin \delta_I + b_I \sin \beta_I = \Delta_2 \quad (3.260)$$

$$-a_I \sin \delta_I + b_I \sin \beta_I = \Delta_3 \quad (3.261)$$

$$a_I \cos \delta_I - b_I \cos \beta_I = \Delta_4 \quad (3.262)$$

From (3.259) and (3.260) we get:

$$a_I = \frac{(\Delta_1 \sin \beta_I - \Delta_2 \cos \beta_I)}{\cos \delta_I \sin \beta_I - \sin \delta_I \cos \beta_I} = \frac{(\Delta_1 \sin \beta_I - \Delta_2 \cos \beta_I)}{\sin(\beta_I - \delta_I)} \quad (3.263)$$

and from (3.261) and (3.262) we get:

$$a_I = \frac{(\Delta_3 \cos \beta_I + \Delta_4 \sin \beta_I)}{-\sin \delta_I \cos \beta_I + \sin \beta_I \cos \delta_I} = \frac{(\Delta_3 \cos \beta_I + \Delta_4 \sin \beta_I)}{\sin(\beta_I - \delta_I)} \quad (3.264)$$

Setting equations (3.263) and (3.264) equal we get:

$$\frac{\Delta_1 \sin \beta_I - \Delta_2 \cos \beta_I}{\Delta_3 \cos \beta_I + \Delta_4 \sin \beta_I} = 1$$

or

$$\frac{\Delta_1 \tan \beta_I - \Delta_2}{\Delta_3 + \Delta_4 \tan \beta_I} = 1$$

or

$$\tan \beta_I = \frac{\Delta_2 + \Delta_3}{\Delta_1 - \Delta_4}$$

$$\beta_I = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Delta_2 + \Delta_3}{\Delta_1 - \Delta_4} \right) \quad (3.265)$$

In a similar procedure we get for b_{II} from (3.259) and (3.260):

$$b_I = \frac{\Delta_2 \cos \delta_I - \Delta_1 \sin \delta_I}{\sin(\beta_I - \delta_I)} \quad (3.266)$$

and from (3.261) and (3.262):

$$b_I = \frac{(\Delta_4 \sin \delta_I + \Delta_3 \cos \delta_I)}{\sin(\beta_I - \delta_I)} \quad (3.267)$$

Setting equations (3.266) and (3.267) equal we obtain:

$$\Delta_2 \cos \delta_I - \Delta_1 \sin \delta_I = \Delta_3 \cos \delta_I + \Delta_4 \sin \delta_I$$

$$\Delta_2 - \Delta_1 \tan \delta_I = \Delta_3 + \Delta_4 \tan \delta_I$$

$$(\Delta_4 + \Delta_1) \tan \delta_I = \Delta_2 - \Delta_3$$

$$\tan \delta_I = \frac{\Delta_2 - \Delta_3}{\Delta_1 + \Delta_4}$$

$$\delta_I = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Delta_2 - \Delta_3}{\Delta_1 + \Delta_4} \right) \quad (3.268)$$

In the summary for the transition D of parabolic variation of depth the values of the amplitude and phase angles, reflection and transmission coefficients are given explicitly as follows:

(i) Amplitudes, reflection and transmission coefficients:

$$a_I = \frac{\Delta_3 \cos \beta_I + \Delta_4 \sin \beta_I}{\sin(\beta_I - \delta_I)}$$

$$b_I = \frac{\Delta_2 \cos \beta_I - \Delta_1 \sin \beta_I}{\sin(\beta_I - \delta_I)}$$

$$K_r = \frac{b_I}{a_I} = \frac{\Delta_2 \cos \delta_I - \Delta_1 \sin \delta_I}{\Delta_3 \cos \beta_I + \Delta_4 \sin \beta_I}$$

$$K_t = \frac{1}{a_I} = \frac{\sin(\beta_I - \delta_I)}{\Delta_3 \cos \beta_I + \Delta_4 \sin \beta_I}$$

$$a_{II} = \frac{\ell}{\alpha_1 F_1(\ell)} \frac{\sin(\beta_{II} - k_3 \ell)}{\sin(\beta_{II} - \delta_{II})}$$

$$b_{II} = \frac{1}{F_2(\ell)} \frac{\sin(k_3 \ell - \delta_{II})}{\sin(\beta_{II} - \delta_{II})}$$

$$a_{III} = 1, \quad b_{III} = 0$$

(ii) Phase angles:

$$\delta_I = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Delta_2 - \Delta_3}{\Delta_1 + \Delta_4} \right)$$

$$\beta_I = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Delta_2 + \Delta_3}{\Delta_1 - \Delta_4} \right)$$

$$\delta_{II} = k_3 \ell - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{k_3 \alpha_1 F_2(\ell)}{F_2^*(\ell)} \right)$$

$$\beta_{II} = k_3 \ell + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{-k_3 \alpha_1^2 F_1(\ell)}{\ell F_1'(\ell)} \right)$$

$$\delta_{III} = \beta_{III} = 0$$

3.6 Numerical and Experimental Evaluation of the Theoretical Development.

Reflection and transmission coefficients were evaluated numerically in accordance with the developed theory and the results were compared with some experimental points for the case of transition A.

The numerical evaluation of K_r and K_t on the basis of this theory (for small amplitude shallow linearized wave motion) is in essential agreement with the experimental results as it is shown in fig. 11.

The numerical evaluation was based on the experimental runs A-96, A-101, A-110, A-112, A-117, A-120, A-123, A-126, A-129.

It should be noted that only part of the experimental results can be compared with the developed theory, i.e., the experiments which are within the range of shallow water depth waves.

The numerical evaluation followed the theoretical development with the calculation of the eigen-values, of the Bessel functions, of the quantities A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4 , and $B_1, B_2, B_3, B_4, \delta_{II}, \beta_{II}, a_{II}, b_{II}$, and finally of the reflection and transmission coefficients.

The quantity on the basis of which the reflection and transmission coefficients were plotted is the dimensionless quantity,

$$k_3 \ell_1 \varepsilon^2 = \left(\frac{2\pi}{L_3} \right) (\ell_1) \left(\frac{h_3}{h_1} \right)$$

which is the most representative of the wave conditions (i.e. wave frequency, depth ratio variation) and the geometry of the transition (i.e. length and slope of the transition.)

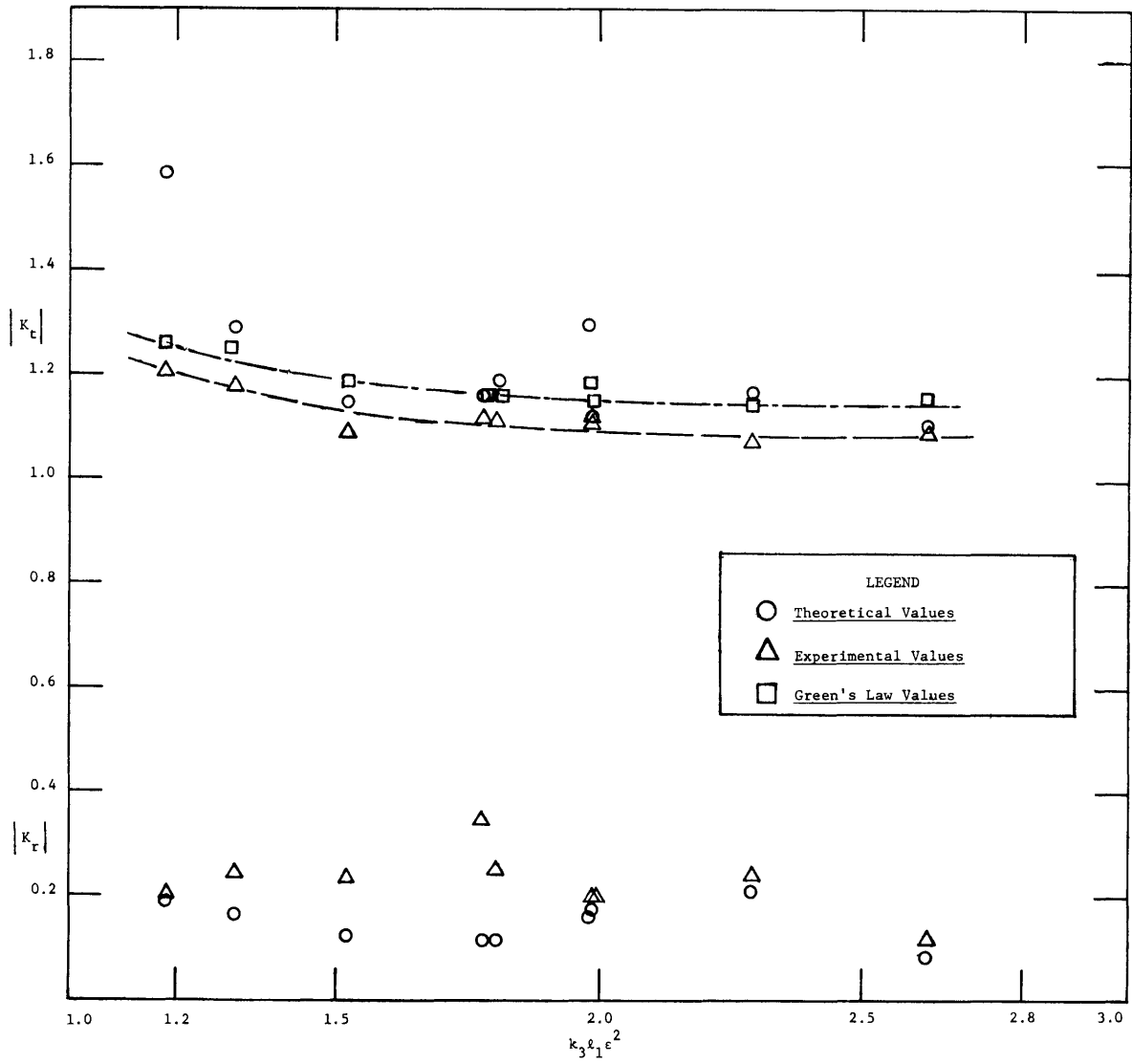


Fig. 11 Experimental and Theoretical Reflection and Transmission Coefficients for Transition A

The following comments are appropriate:

i) The experimental values of reflection coefficient K_r as function of the parameter $(k_3 \ell_1 \epsilon^2)$ are higher than the values predicted by the theory, while the experimental values of the transmission coefficient K_t are lower than those given by the theoretical development. This trend is confirmed by the results given in Figure 11.

ii) The variation of both reflection and transmission coefficients in Figure 11 is not of the monotonic type in accordance with the theoretical expressions of K_r and K_t containing Bessel functions and sinusoids.

iii) In Figure 11, values of the transmission coefficient given by the Green's Law are entered for comparison. It is seen that these transmission coefficients do not differ greatly from those predicted from the above developed theory. It is to be recalled that the corresponding points for the reflection coefficients would be zero in accordance with Green's Law of undiminished energy transport.

In general reflection coefficients have little bearing on the value of transmission coefficients.

Considerable time was spent for developing computer solutions for K_r and K_t values in accordance with the theory. However, considerable difficulty was experienced in debugging the program and at this time no results are available. For this reason desk calculations were performed to evaluate the theoretical expressions of K_r and K_t as presented in Figure 11.

IV. EXPERIMENTAL EQUIPMENT FOR THE TEST PROGRAM

4.1 General Description of the Wave Tank and the Transitions A, B, C

Figure 12 gives a schematic representation of the equipment and the experimental tank used for the present investigation.

The detailed description of the set-up is given in the previous Technical Report No. 72 of the M.I.T. Hydrodynamics Laboratory. Briefly reviewing the essentials, the wave tank is of rectangular cross section with a length of 100 ft., a width of 2.5 ft., and a depth of 3 ft. The wall over the entire length and 40 ft. of the bottom is the upstream section near the wave region of the channel are of plate glass. The remaining 60 ft. of the channel bottom consist of steel plates. Two wave makers, a piston type wave maker or a flap type wave maker are available at one end. Energy absorbers were placed at the other end of the channel, different in shape and arrangement according to the type of transition A, B, or C. Near the wave maker at a distance about 4 ft. an expanded aluminum filter is located to smooth out secondary wave disturbances.

The test program was conducted with three linearly sloping transitions:
(i) Transition A (figure 13) with linearly varying depth with a slope of 1:8 ($\alpha=7.16^\circ$) and constant width $B_1=B_3$ upstream and downstream. The depth reduction over the length of the transition is one foot.

(ii) Transition B (figure 14) with linearly varying depth with a slope 1:8 ($\alpha=7.16^\circ$) and a symmetrical side wall contraction of 1:12.80 ($\alpha=4.46^\circ$) over the distance of 8 ft. from the beginning of the transition, thus the width of the channel downstream is $B_3 = B_1/2$.

(iii) transition C (figure 15) with linearly contracting walls a rate of 1:25 ($\alpha=2.29^\circ$). This transition had a length of $l=15.60$ ft. leaving a downstream width $B_3=B_1/2$. The depth remained $h_3=h_1$ =constant. The toe of each of these three transitions above was 40 ft. from the flap type wave maker.

The low depth region h_3 =constant for the A and B transitions extended to the end of the channel, about 37.55 ft. downstream from the end of the transition.

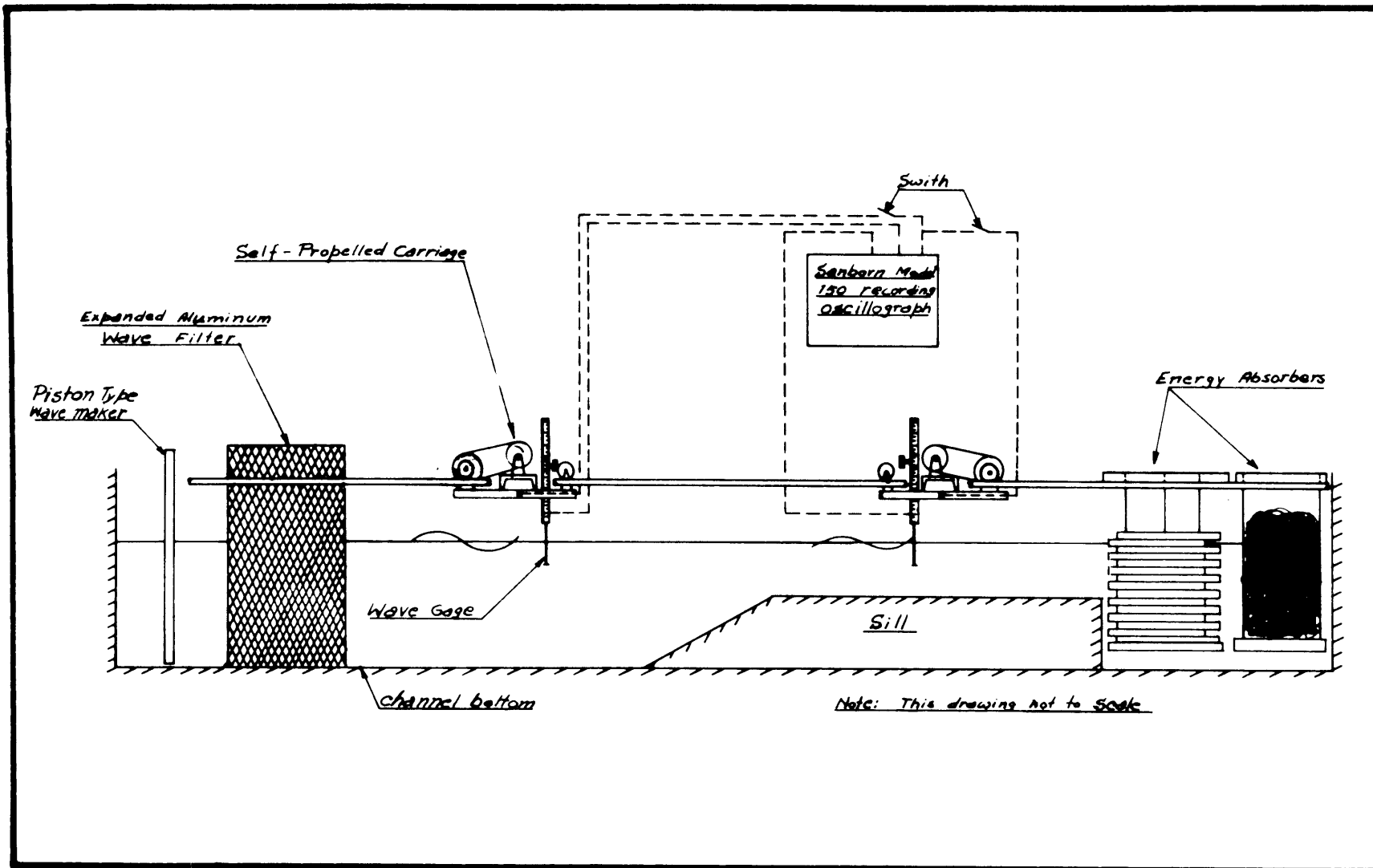


Fig 12 Schematic Diagram of Experimental Equipment

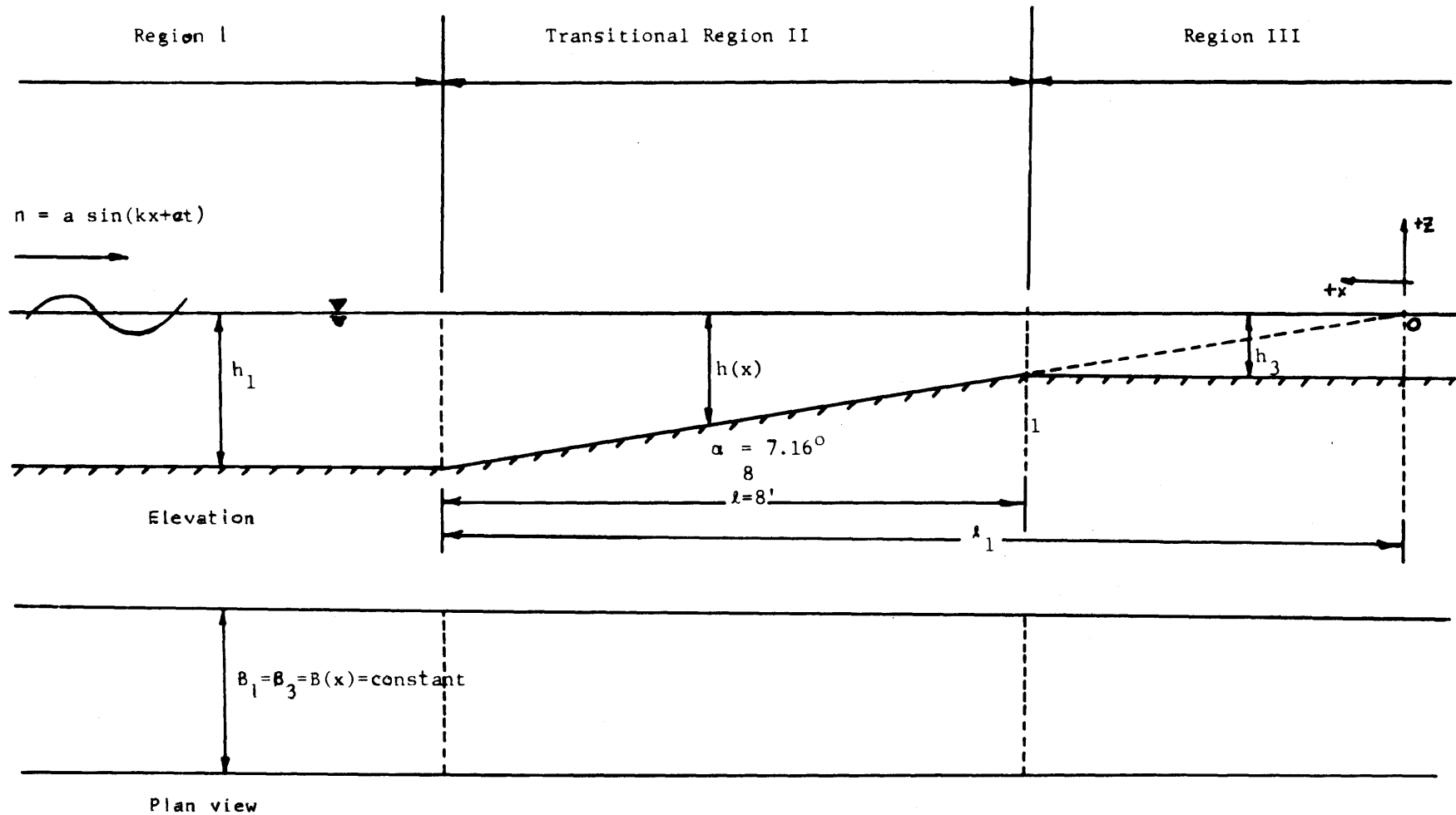


Fig. 13. Schematic Diagram of Case A of Transition Used for the Experimental Study

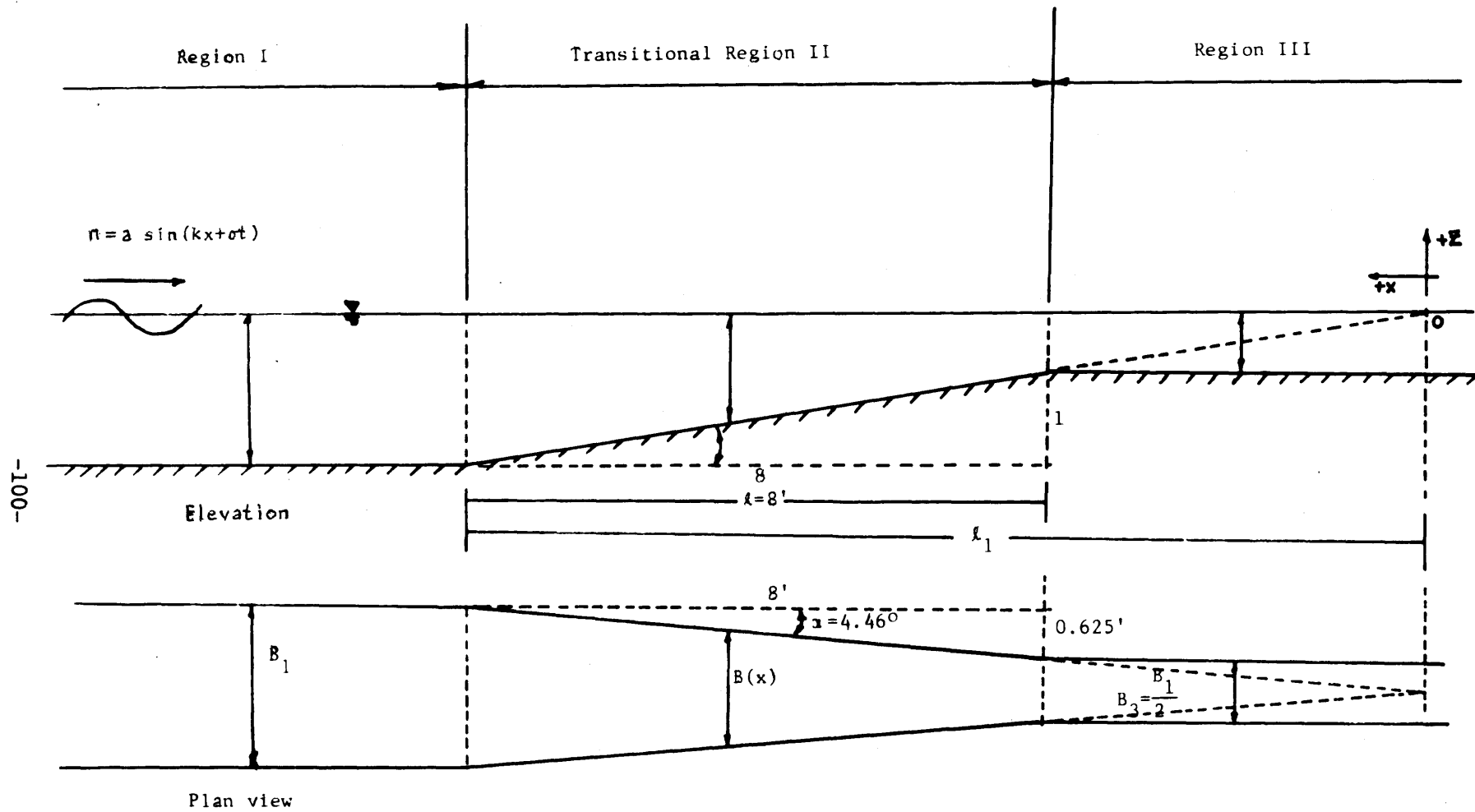


Fig. 14. Schematic Diagram of Case B of Transition Used for the Experimental Study.

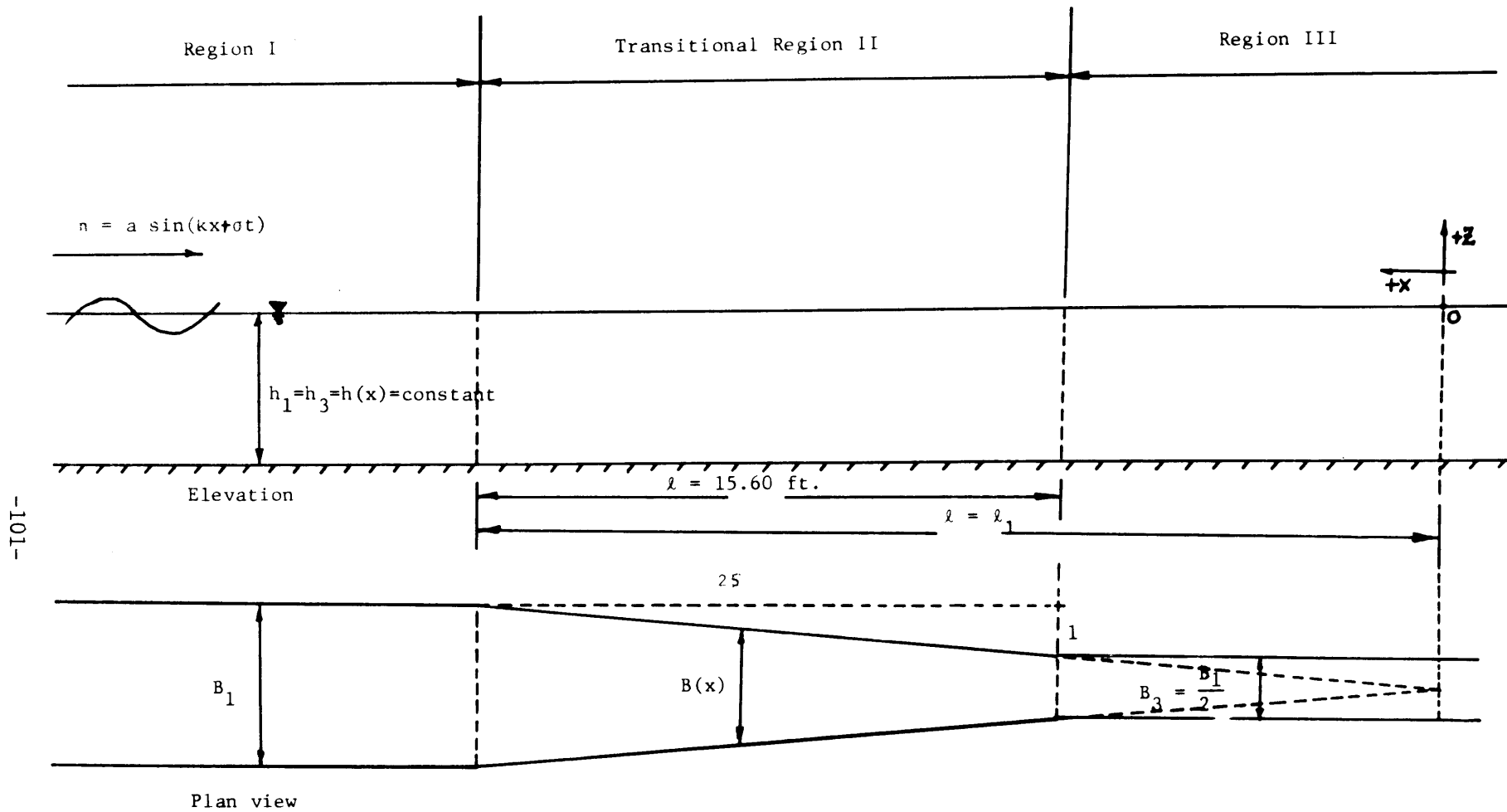


Fig. 15. Schematic Diagram of Case C of Transition
Used for the Experimental Study.

In both cases the beach at the end was eliminated. In case A the beach used previously as an absorber was replaced by a tubular wave energy dissipator followed by an aluminum wool placed in the short end section of larger depth.

In transition B for which the width was one half of the upstream region only an aluminum wool wave absorber was placed at the end.

In transition C where also $B_3 = B_1/2$ again only an aluminum wool wave absorber was placed at the end.

In transition A and B both piston and flap wave maker were used and waves of short (deep water), intermediate and long (shallow water) type were generated.

In transition C only the flap type wave maker was used and short (deep water) and predominantly intermediate waves were generated. The length of this transition $l = 15.60$ ft. reduced significantly the length of the downstream region.

The measuring devices, wave gages and carriages, energy dissipators and filters, Sanborn recorder and counters employed for the experiments were the same as in previous investigations (7). Also, the method of the analysis of the experimental results is similar to that used in previous investigations (7). For the C transition experiments were carried out with the newer model of the Sanborn recorder which had better stability and response than the Sanborn used initially in the testing program.

In the case of the A transition, as in previous investigations (7), a tubular breakwater was put ahead of the aluminum wool energy absorber and employed as an additional dissipator (figure 12).

V. PRESENTATION AND DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

5.1 General System of Presentation

Experimental results are presented in tabular form in Appendix B and in graphical form in this section. The results are generally expressed in terms of the pertinent wave parameters: reflection and transmission coefficients as defined in Section II.

wave steepness H_1/L_1

channel depth ratio h_3/h_1

group velocity ratio C_{G_3}/C_{G_1}

reflected and transmitted wave energies in terms of incoming wave energies
dissipated wave energies in terms of incoming wave energies.

The experimental results are given in two forms:

1. The measured quantities were used to compute the results without correction for reflection from the end of the channel (see Tables I, II, and III),
2. The measured quantities were converted to results that may be expected in an endless channel on the basis of the corrections for zero end reflection as developed by Ursell (10) (See Tables IV, V, and VI).

For ready references the tables and graphs are identified with respect to the type of transition, i.e. A, B, and C (see Section IV), and with regard to the type of the incoming wave, a) for deep water and intermediate depth waves and b) for shallow water or long waves. Hence, for transition A the tabular presentation is given in Tables Ia, IVa, and Ib, IVb; for transition B in Tables IIa, Va and IIb, Vb, etc.

5.2 Range of Experimental Conditions

For Transition A the tests covered Runs A-1 to A-94 for deep water and predominantly intermediate depth incoming waves as listed in Tables Ia and IVa. The frequencies T for these waves range from .766 seconds to 3.96 seconds with wave length $L_1 = 3.00$ ft. and $L_1 = 30.92$ ft. respectively. For this group of experiments the depth in the approach channel were changed from 27" to 15" in five steps; since the transition height is constant at one foot, the corresponding depth ratios h_1/h_3 varied from 1.80 up to 5.00.

Runs A-95 through A-161 fall into the range of shallow water waves with regard to the incoming wave. Their frequencies are given in Tables Ib and IVb varied from 4.52 seconds up to 12.2 seconds, with corresponding wave lengths from 35.5 ft. to 77.0 ft. for essentially the same range of depth ratios as before.

For transition B the experiments extended from Runs B-1 to B-82 for deep and intermediate depth incoming waves as listed in Tables IIa and Va. The frequencies T for these waves varied from .903 to 3.44 seconds with wave lengths $L_1 = 4.15$ ft. to $L_1 = 28.10$ ft. For this group of tests the depth in the upstream region of the channel were changed from 27" to 18" in four steps with corresponding depth ratios h_1/h_3 from 1.80 up to 3.00.

Runs B-83 through B-121 fall into the range of shallow water waves with regard to the incoming wave. Their frequencies are given in Tables IIb and Vb varied from 4.20 seconds up to 8.62 seconds with corresponding wave lengths from 34.70 ft. up to 59.60 ft. for the same range of depth ratios as in previous cases of the deep and intermediate depth waves.

For Transition C for constant depth the tests covered Runs C-1 to C-52 for deep and intermediate depth incoming waves as in Tables III and VI. The frequencies T for these waves range from 1.05 seconds to 3.09 seconds with corresponding wave length $L_1 = L_3 = 5.60$ and $L_1 = L_3 = 25.00$ ft. The depths for this group of tests was varied from 27" to 17" in three steps.

The results for transitions A, B, and C are presented also on the basis of corrections made for channel end reflections by means of the Ursell method. These converted values are listed in Tables IV, V and VI for the transition A, B, and C respectively. These computations were carried out by computer programs P_I and P_{II} in Fortran language as given in Appendix C. The P_I program is based on the measurement of the upstream wave length L_I for the range of deep-water and intermediate depth waves. For shallow water waves the P_{II} program was used on the basis of a measured downstream wave length L_3 . The P_I program was verified by analyzing Run A-2 by desk calculation. This confirmation is presented in Appendix A.

5.3 Experimental Results for Deep-water and Intermediate Depth Waves.

a. Reflection and Transmission Coefficients as a Function of Wave steepness

The figures 16, 17 and 18 represent a summary of the reflection and transmission coefficients as affected by wave steepness of the incoming wave H_1/L_1 . All values have been corrected for end reflection and are listed in Tables IV, V, VI. The large scatter common to all such experiments had to be represented by an average line. Nevertheless, a decided decrease is notable, as found previously (7) in the reflection coefficients with increasing wave steepness, which varied from .002 to .06. K_r decreases in this range from .375 to .20 for transition A as shown in figure 16. For transition B this trend is more strongly present in figure 17 with maximum values of K_r decreasing from .60 for corresponding wave steepnesses. This is expected as the transition is one containing decrease in depth as well as in width. Transition C shows considerably larger experimental scatter for the K_r values as given in figure 18. However, the trend for the decreasing width of the channel of constant depth is still downward from approximately $K_r = .40$ within the range of wave steepness tested.

It is to be noted here that wave steepness is not a parameter appearing in the theoretical analysis, hence the reason for the variation of the K_r values, now well confirmed, is not readily apparent. It is possible that some of this effect can be accounted for by the variation of the energy dissipation, which was not considered in the analysis of the experimental K_r values. This concept is followed up in the subsequent presentation of the energy balance in section c.

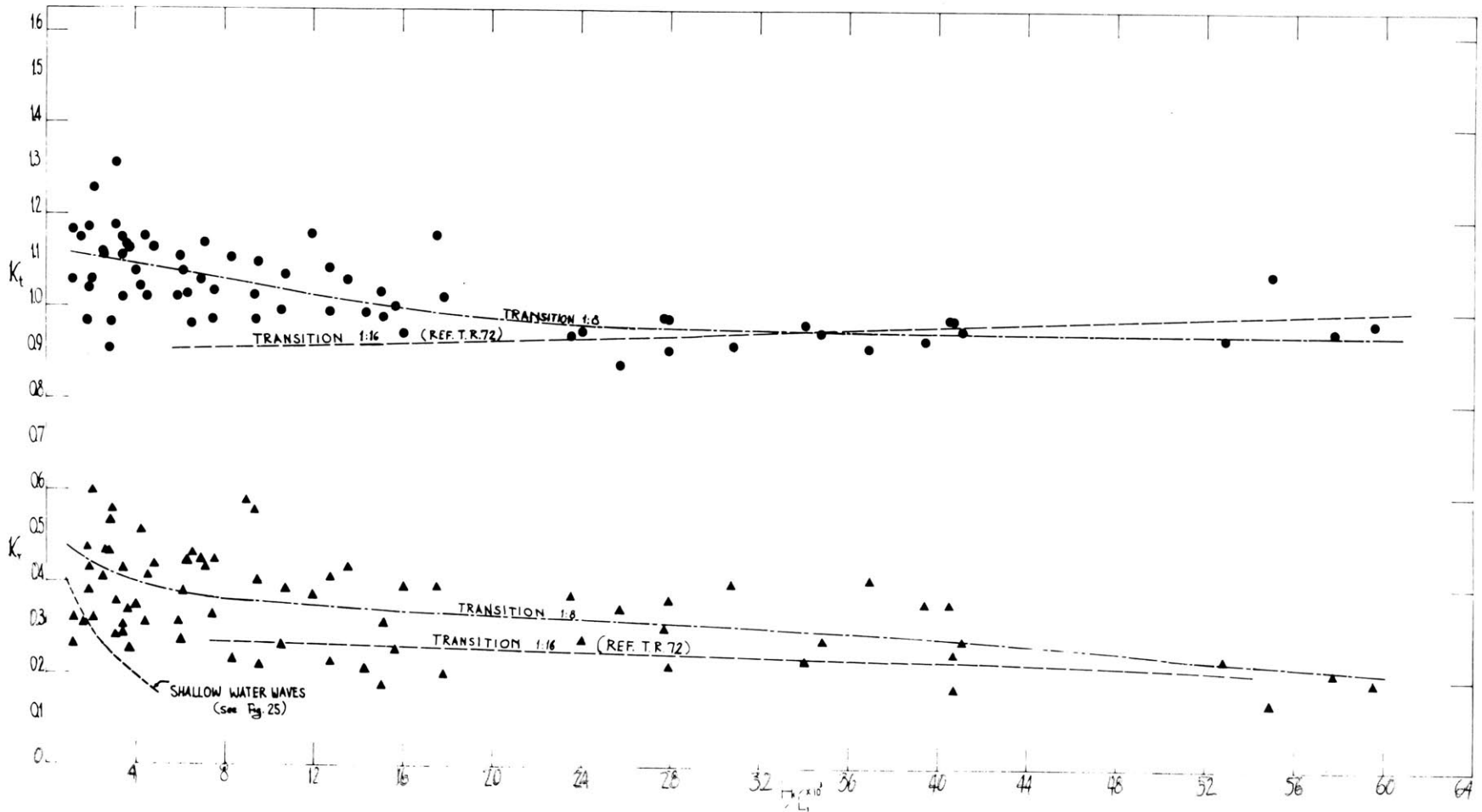


Fig. 16 Reflection and Transmission Coefficients vs. Wave Steepness - Short and Intermediate Waves - Transition A

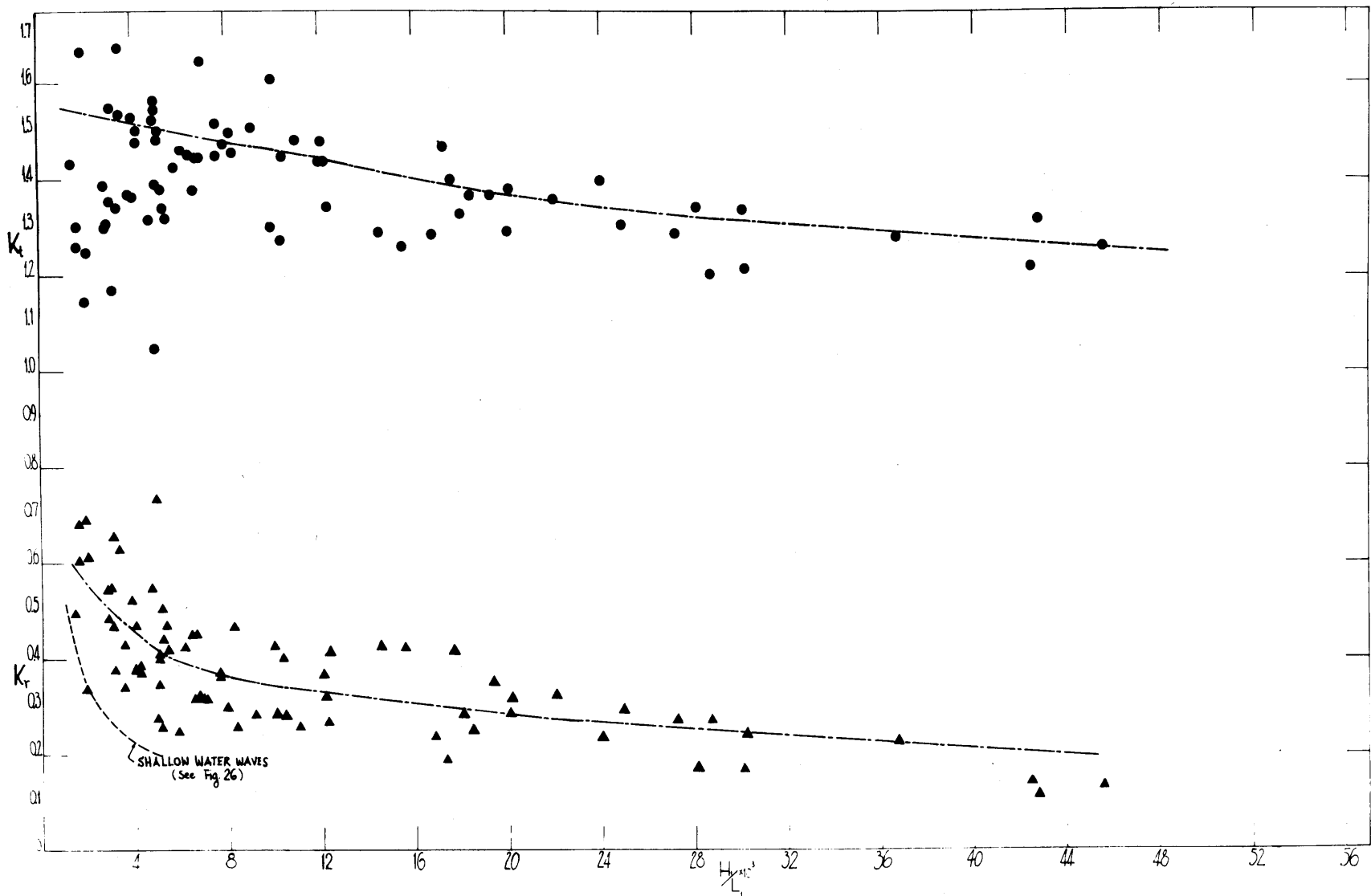


Fig. 17 Reflection and Transmission Coefficients vs. Wave Steepness - Short and Intermediate Waves - Transition B

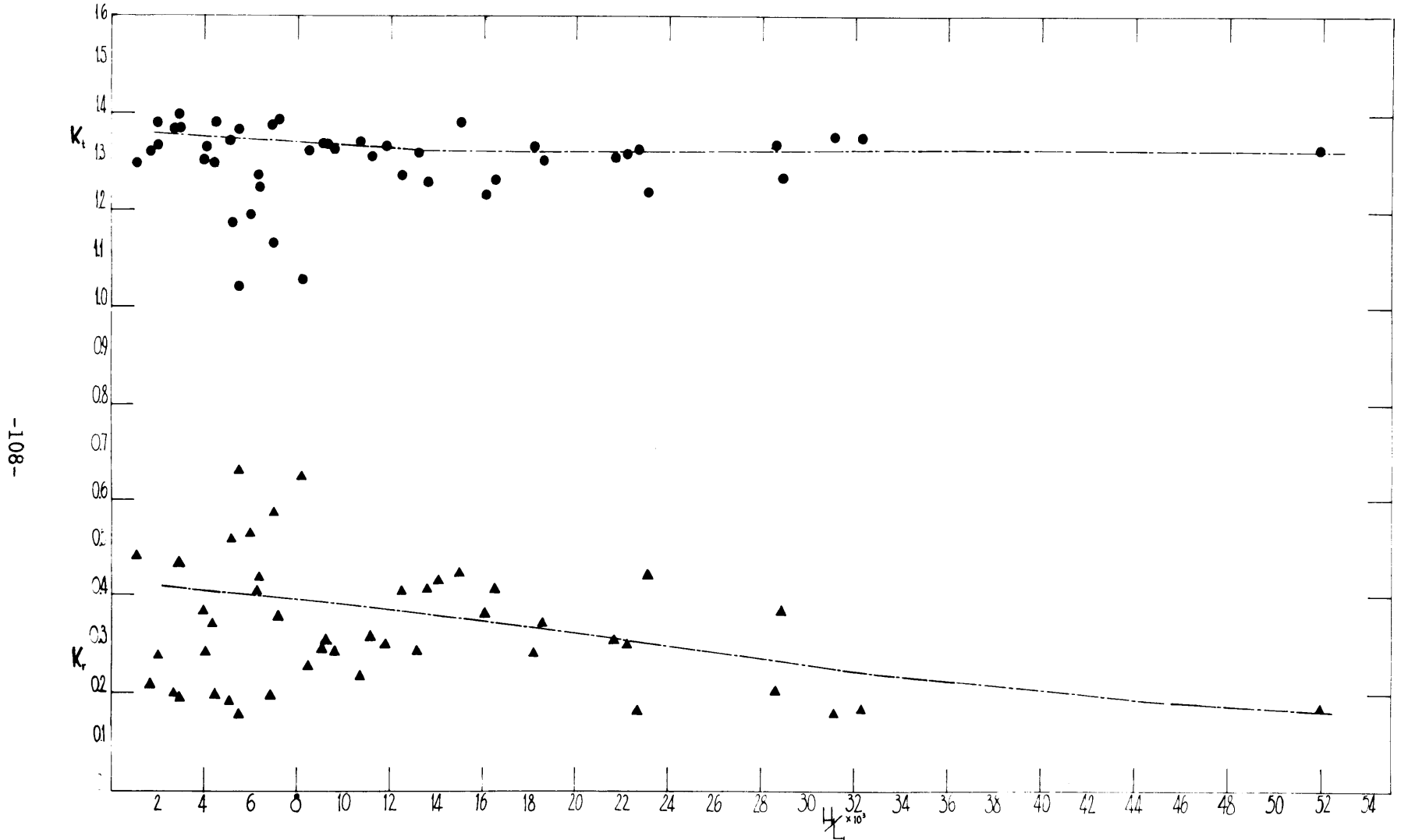


Fig. 18 Reflection and Transmission Coefficients vs. Wave Steepness - Short and Intermediate Waves - Transition C

It should be noted also that the scatter is not related to variations in the depth ratio h_1/h_3 as is evident from the plots presented in section d.

Transmission coefficients presented also in figure 16 to 18 again exhibit a more moderate decrease with increasing wave steepness from values of $K_t = 1.10$ to $.95$ for transition A; $K_t = 1.50$ to 1.25 for transition B; and $K_t = 1.35$ to 1.30 for transition C. It is clear that the higher values of transitions C and B are primarily due to the channel side contractions $B_1/B_3 = 2$.

b. Reflection and Transmission Coefficients as a Function of Group-Velocity Ratio.

Figures 19 and 20 present the results for the reflection and transmission coefficients in relation to the wave group velocities in the channel downstream and upstream of the respective transitions A and B. Again the evaluation is hindered by considerable scatter; however, the trend of the values is decidedly downward with increase of the group velocity ratio. It is also confirmed that for more gradual transitions the values lie generally above those given by Lamb's theory for abrupt transitions. It must always be recalled that this theory is not applicable here as it was derived for shallow water waves only, but it is used for reference. It is noted from the numbers at the experimental points that waves of higher steepness are associated generally with higher values of the group velocity ratio. This is due, however, to the limitations imposed by the available wave maker characteristics and is not inherent in the physical process. The higher group velocity ratios are generally associated with the shorter waves in this range of intermediate waves, which are produced with relatively larger amplitudes. This point to the possibility that the trend for the reflection and transmission coefficients in figure 19 and 20 is influenced to some degree by energy dissipation as already noted under a.

For comparison the previous results by Bocco-Gagnon (6) and Alam (7) for more abrupt and a more gradual transition respectively are shown by their average lines in figure 19. The only general conclusion possible at this time is that gradual transitions result in higher reflection coefficients and lower transmission coefficients as the transition slope decreases. This trend is confined primarily to the reflection process, although here the results for the 1:16 slope lie somewhat below

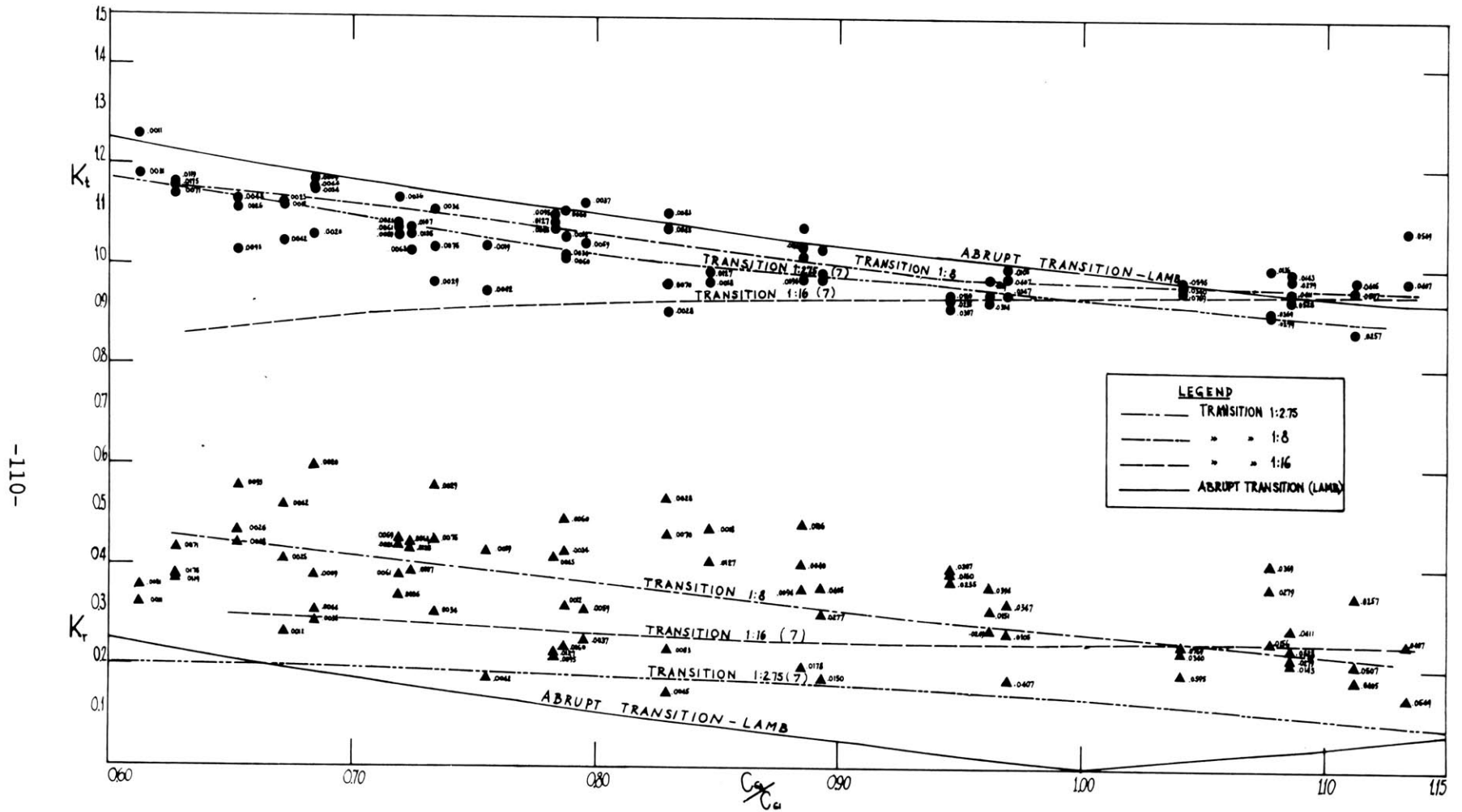


Fig. 19 Reflection and Transmission Coefficients vs. Group Velocity Ratio - Short and Intermediate Waves - Transition A

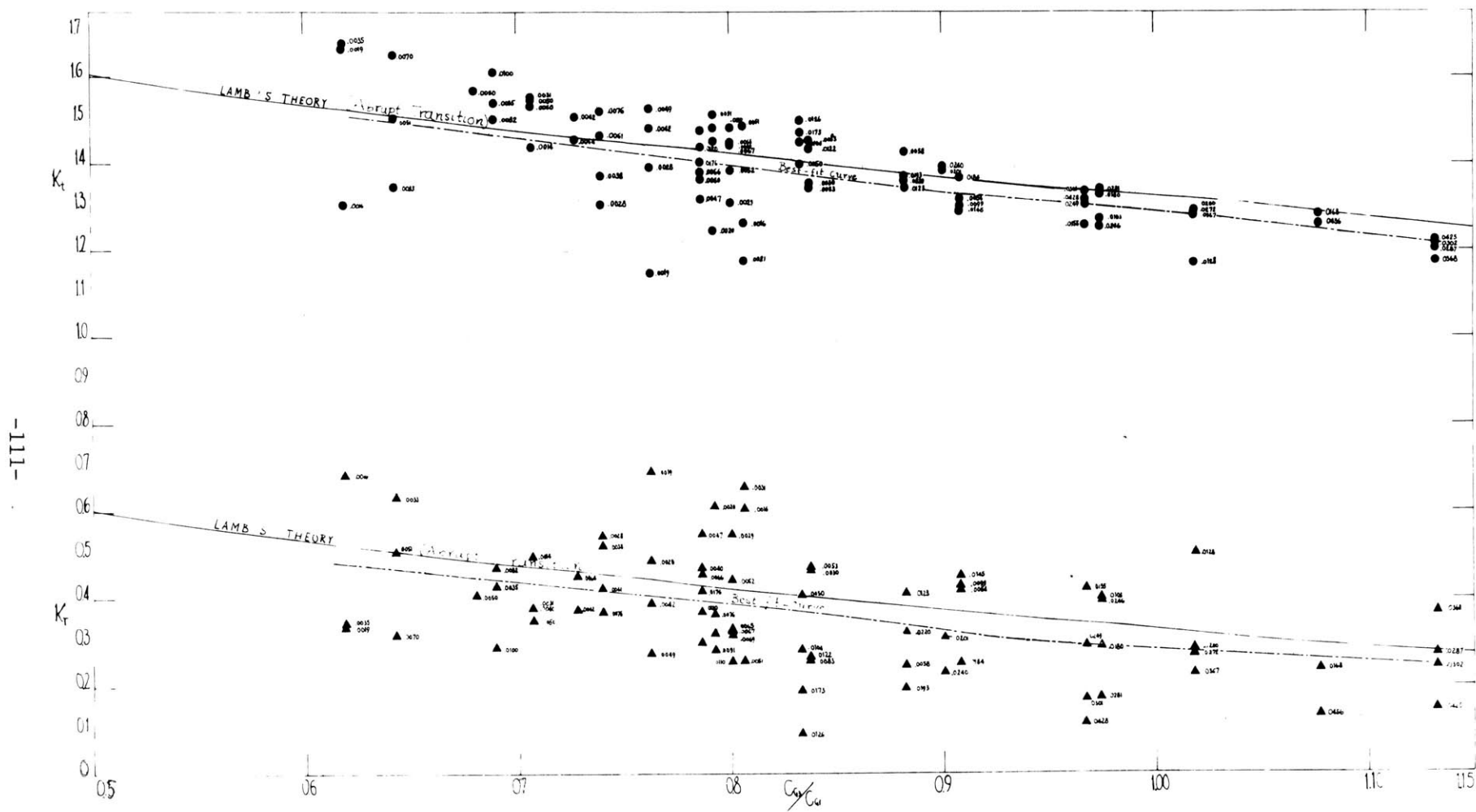


Fig. 20 Reflection and Transmission Coefficients vs. Group Velocity Ratio - Short and Intermediate Waves - Transition B

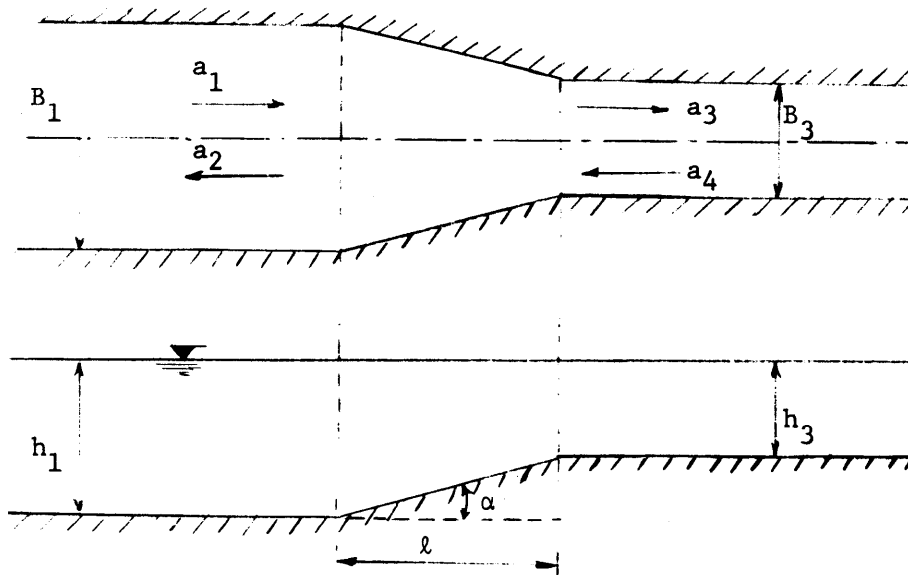
the new values for the 1:8 transition.

In general it may be noted that for the range of intermediate waves considered here the transmission coefficients are only approximately 5% below those that may be computed on the basis of undiminished transmission of the wave energy. This assumption of constant energy transmission would result for the case of transition A in $a_3/a_1 = (C_{G_1}/C_{G_3})^{1/2}$.

c. Wave Energy Dissipation, Transmission and reflection as a Function of Wave Steepness.

For the evaluation of the experimental results an attempt was made to analyze the wave energy conditions upstream and downstream of the various transitions termed A, B and C. The following scheme on the energy flux by wave action was adhered throughout employing the usual assumptions of small amplitude, linearized wave theory. These relations hold for deep water and intermediate depth conditions as well as for the shallow water waves considered in Section 5.4.

In accordance with the notations of the following sketch:



the balance for the energy flux of the wave system can be stated as follows:

$$\underbrace{\gamma \frac{a_1^2}{2} B_1 C_{G_1}}_{\text{energy inward}} + \underbrace{\gamma \frac{a_4^2}{2} B_3 C_{G_3}}_{\text{reflected from end of channel downstream}} - \underbrace{\gamma \frac{a_2^2}{2} B_1 C_{G_1}}_{\text{reflected upstream}} - \underbrace{\gamma \frac{a_3^2}{2} B_3 C_{G_3}}_{\text{transmitted downstream}} = \underbrace{\gamma \frac{a_l^2}{2} B_1 C_{G_1}}_{\text{energy dissipated in transition}}$$

Dividing through by the incoming wave energy flux (first term) the equation is:

$$1 + \left(\frac{a_4}{a_1}\right)^2 \frac{B_3}{B_1} \frac{C_{G_3}}{C_{G_1}} - \left(\frac{a_2}{a_1}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{a_3}{a_1}\right)^2 \frac{B_3}{B_1} \frac{C_{G_3}}{C_{G_1}} = \left(\frac{a_l}{a_1}\right)^2$$

$$[\text{Percent Energy Loss} = \Delta E(\%) = \frac{E_{\text{in}} - E_{\text{out}}}{E_{\text{in}}} \times 100\%]$$

For convenience this equation is rewritten with alternate notations for the same sequence of terms:

$$1 + \frac{E_{rB}}{E_i} - \frac{E_{rT}}{E_i} - \frac{E_T}{E_i} = \frac{E_{\text{loss}}}{E_i}$$

For transition A the variation in channel section is due only to change in depth, hence $B_3/B_1 = 1$. The above individual ratios were evaluated for all the runs from the amplitudes determined from the measured wave envelopes upstream and downstream of the transition. These energy characteristics are plotted as a function of wave steepness in figure 21. Extreme scatter is observed for the lowest values of the wave steepness, which must be attributed to the limits of accurate experimental measurements. In general the variations in energy flux were relatively small; reflected wave energy being only of the order of 2 to 10% of the incoming wave energy. Dissipation as expected is increasing with wave steepness and varies from 1 to 6% over the range covered experimentally. An additional difficulty was encountered through the reflection from the downstream end of the channel. Despite attempts to minimize this reflection

by various wave absorbers, the reflected energy from this source exceeded 7% of the incoming wave energy for higher values of wave steepness. In summary, the evidence presented in figure 21 must be viewed primarily as of statistical significance, but it nevertheless indicates correctly the essential trends. This holds also for the following presentations for the other transitions analyzed in the same manner.

In transition B both the channel depth and the width decrease and therefore reflection and transmission phenomena are amplified to some moderate extent as seen in figure 22. It must again be kept in mind that the difference in incoming and transmitted wave energy is only of the order of 10% of the incoming energy, i.e. reflection and dissipation are affected heavily by any inaccuracies in amplitude measurements. This difficulty inherent in the experimental results accounts for the large scatter of points which is obviously greatest for the lowest values of wave steepness. Considering this, it is nevertheless seen that again the reflected wave energy is decreasing with increasing steepness, while the dissipation exhibits the reversed trend. It is difficult to judge, therefore, in view of the essentially constant values of the transmitted energy flux, whether wave steepness within the range covered, has indeed any marked effect on the transmitted energy flux.

Transition C, involving a contraction of width at constant depth, shows again the same variation in the energy components as transitions A. All comments pertaining to the experimental points made for A and B apply also here.

As a general conclusion it can be stated only that for the three geometries of transitions studied the wave reflection and transmission process depends relatively little on the wave steepness and, also that energy dissipation is markedly increasing with wave steepness relative to the incoming wave energy expressing a resistance coefficient increasing with wave amplitude.

d. Reflection Coefficients for Transition A Compared to Reflection from beaches.

Miche (12) has given a theory for wave reflection from smooth plane beaches in terms of a critical deep water wave steepness, which is a function of the beach slope β .

$$\left(\frac{H_0}{L_0}\right)_{\text{crit.}} = \left(\frac{2\beta}{\pi}\right)^{1/2} \frac{\sin^2 \beta}{\pi}$$

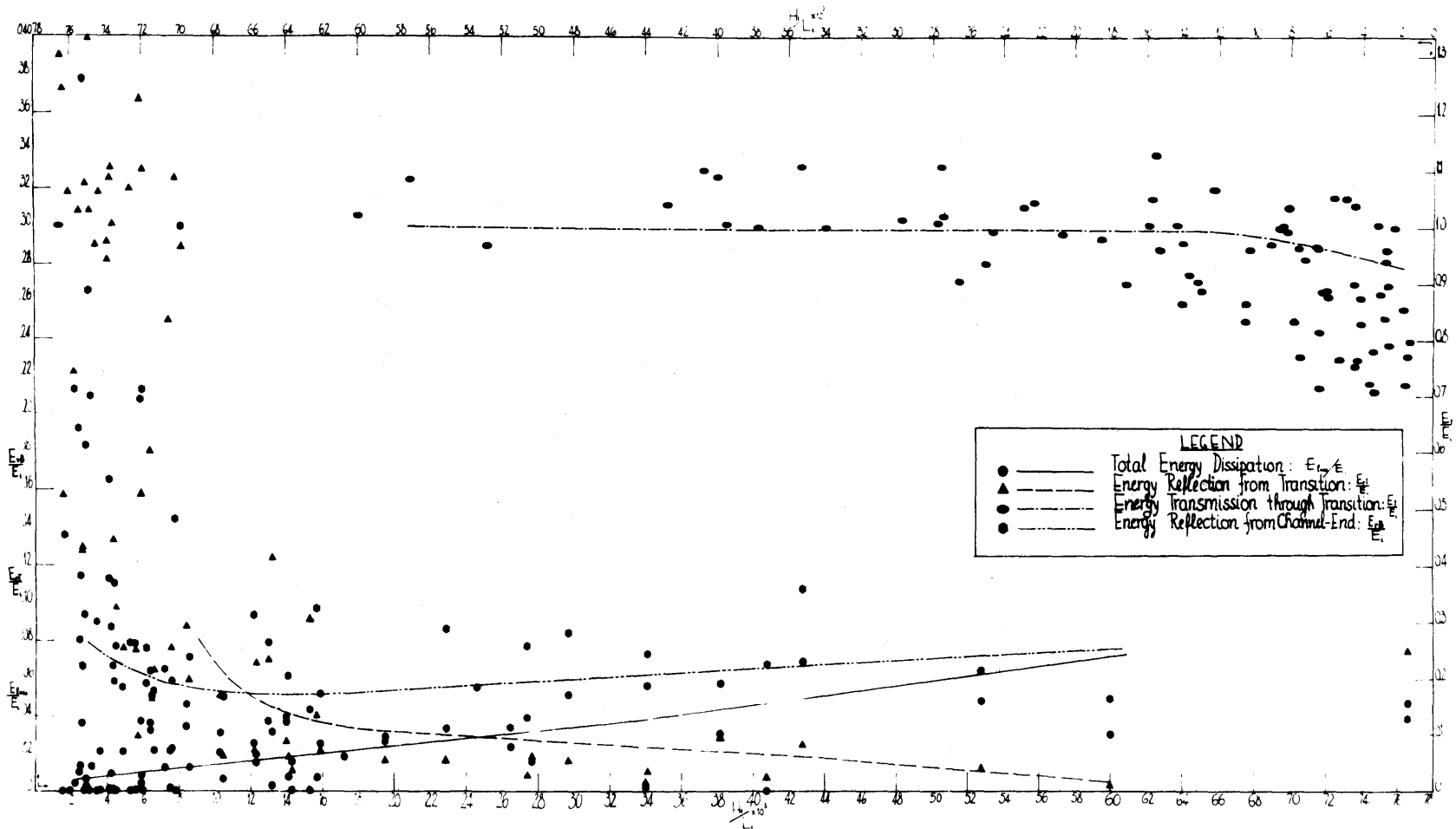


Fig. 21 Wave Energy Dissipation, Transmission and Reflection vs. Wave Steepness - Short and Intermediate Waves - Transition A

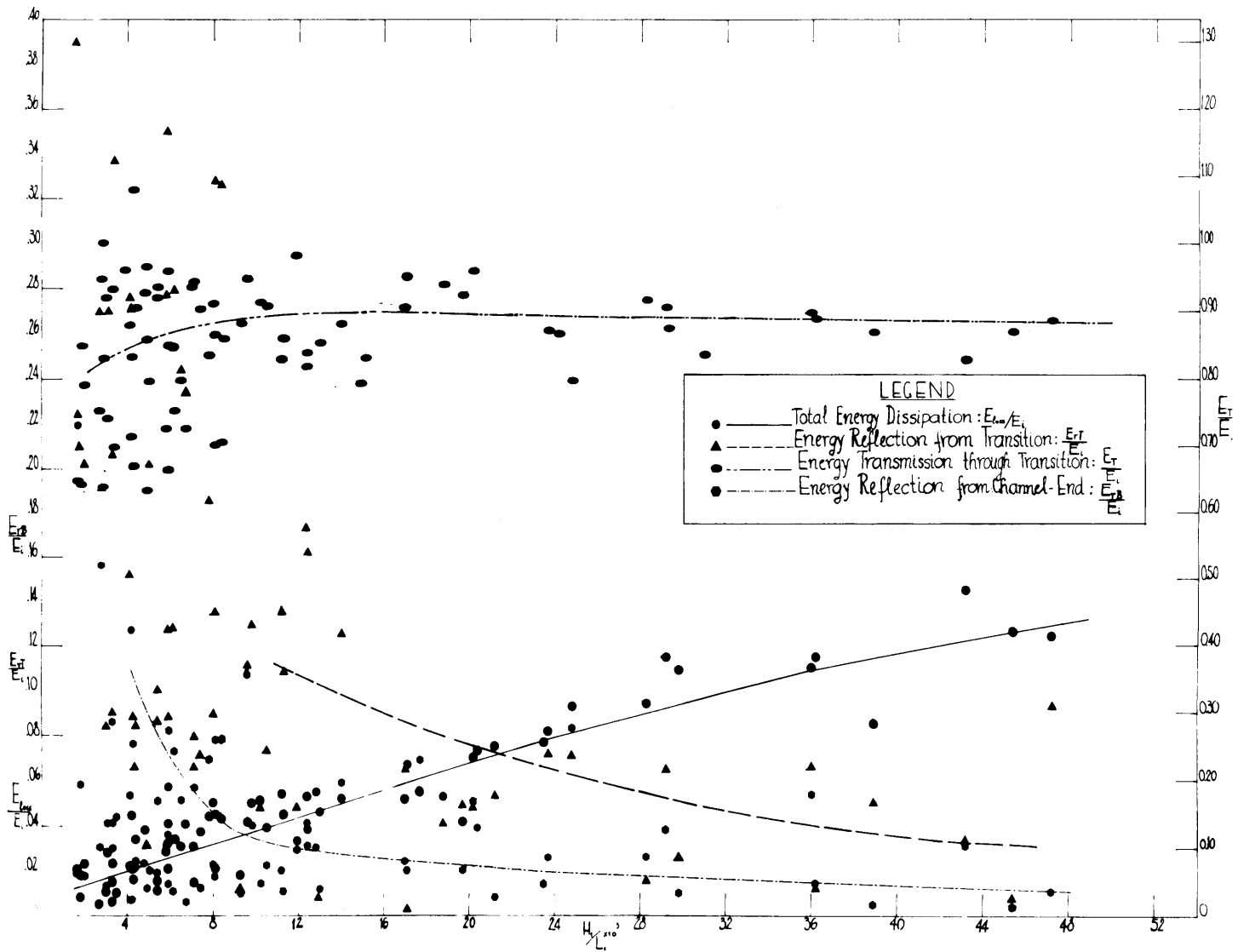


Fig. 22 Wave Energy Dissipation, Transmission and Reflection vs. Wave Steepness - Short and Intermediate Waves - Transition B

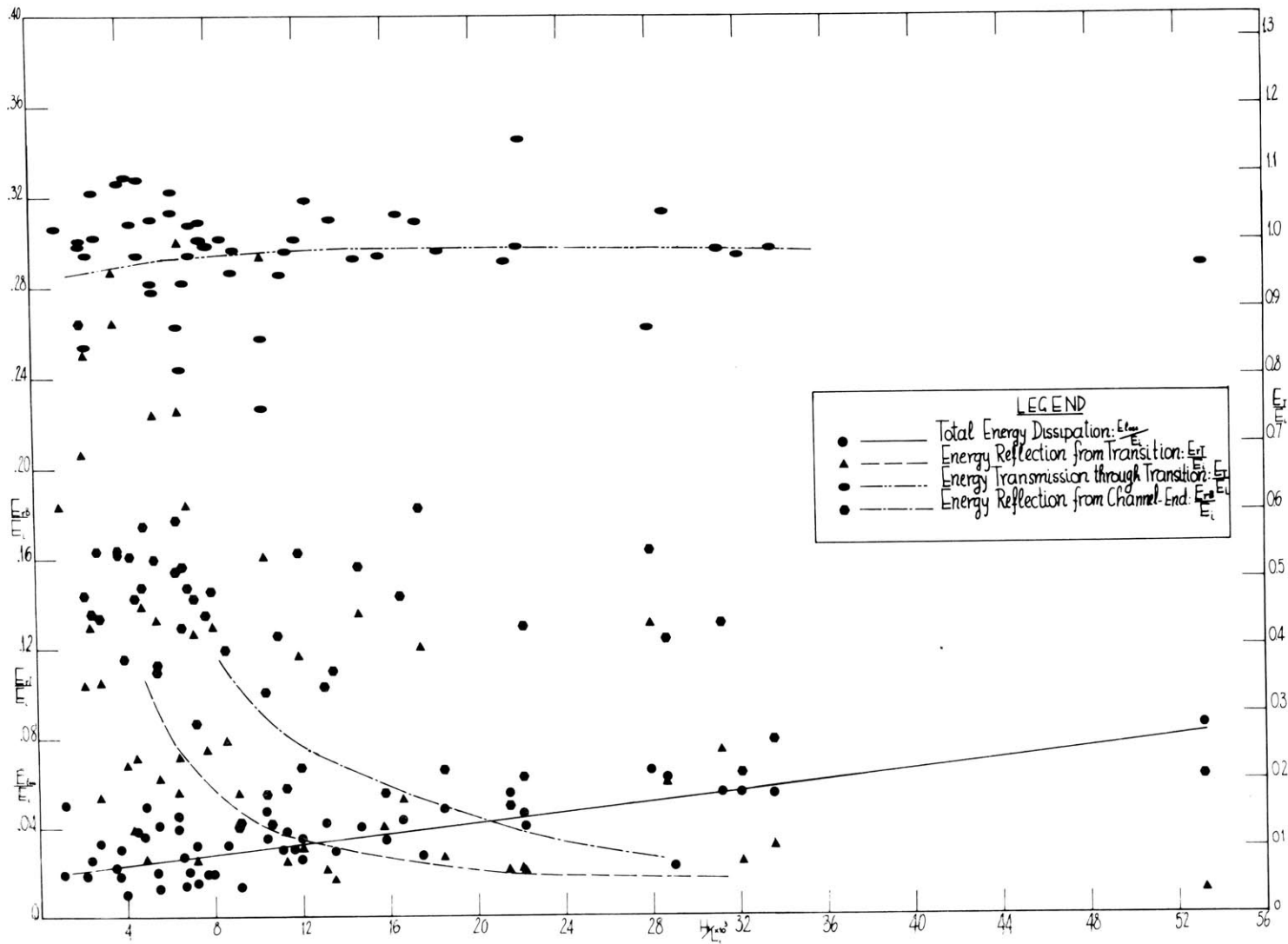


Fig. 23 Wave Energy Dissipation, Transmission and Reflection vs. Wave Steepness - Short and Intermediate Waves - Transition C

The reflection coefficient K_r is given by him as:

$$K_r = \left(\frac{H_o}{L_o}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{L_o}{H_o}\right)_{\text{crit.}}$$

At the critical condition K_r is obviously unity.

It was thought to be of interest to compare the results for the reflection coefficients of transition A with this theory, for which Ursell, Dean and Yu (11) had previously provided some experimental values. This may be justified on the basis that in the limit for $h_3=0$ the two reflection processes become identical. Figure 24 gives the results as previously stated in figure 16, i.e. the reflection coefficients K_r as a function of wave steepness H_1/L_1 . The curves according to the Miche theory are given for beach slopes of 1:15 and 1:8 for comparison with the experimental results of Ursell, Dean and Yu for a beach of 1:15 slope and of the transition studies 1:16 and 1:8. The results for the latter studies were not reduced to deep water wave steepnesses (H_o/L_o) since the shifting of the points did not seem too important in this context. It is seen that the present studies result in considerably higher reflection coefficients for the lower wave steepness range. The variation in values is not as marked as predicted by Miche. The results for the milder slope of 1:16 are lower in the average than those for the steeper slope.

5.4 Experimental Results for Shallow Water Waves.

In line with the usual definition for shallow water waves the experimental results included in this section are those for h_1/L_1 ratios around the values of 1/18 to 1/38. The relatively narrow range of h_1/L_1 is governed by the physical dimensions of the wave tank.

a. Reflection and Transmission Coefficients as A Function of Wave Steepness.

Figure 25 for transition A gives the experimental results for the shallow water waves exhibiting a decrease of the reflection coefficients from .45 to .16 with steepness increasing from 2.10^{-4} to 50.10^{-4} . The wave steepness is smaller in the average than for the intermediate depth waves, for which the comparable results are given in figure 16. The range in magnitude of K_r is not very different from that in figure 16.

Generally the scatter is within the extreme values of K_r .

However, separating the data essentially according to ranges of H_1/L_1 ratios was held to be meaningful with respect to the effect of this parameter. Hence the scale of steepness in figure 25 was expended ten-fold over the scale of the ordinate in figure 16.

The transmission coefficients are seen to match up very well from figure 25 to figure 16. If the results were combined into the same plot continuously decreasing trend would become more obvious. For waves of lowest steepness in the shallow water range the transmission coefficient K_t has a value of 1.15 in figure 25 decreasing only to 1.07 at the highest steepness for this range. In figure 16 this last value coincides with the value for the lowest steepness on this plot, decreasing further to $K_t = 0.95$ for the highest steepness reached in the experiments of $H_1/L_1 = 6.10^{-2}$. The total range of the wave steepness is seen to extend from 10^{-4} to 6.10^{-2} .

As is expected the reflection and transmission coefficients for transition B are generally higher than for transition A also in the range of the shallow water waves. This effect is due to the combination of reduction of depth and width. Again the scale for wave steepness has been expanded by a factor of 10 in figure 26 as compared to the ordinate of figure 17. The values of the transmission coefficient again indicate a decrease over the entire range of wave steepness covered by figure 17 and figure 26 although the absolute change is very much less than for transition A. The reflection coefficients for transition B for shallow water waves are generally lower than for the intermediate depth wave conditions, indicating a dependence not only on wave steepness but also on the relative depth ratio h_1/L_1 . The effect of depth is most pronounced for shallow water waves as demonstrated in the correlation of the reflection and transmission processes with the wave velocities in the upstream and downstream sections of the transitions.

b. Reflection and Transition Coefficients as a Function of Group Velocity Ratio.

The reflection and transmission coefficients in Figure 27 and 28 representing results for transitions A and B exhibit the same trends as in Figure 19 and 20. Generally the coefficients decrease with increasing values of the group velocity ratio. For the shallow water waves group

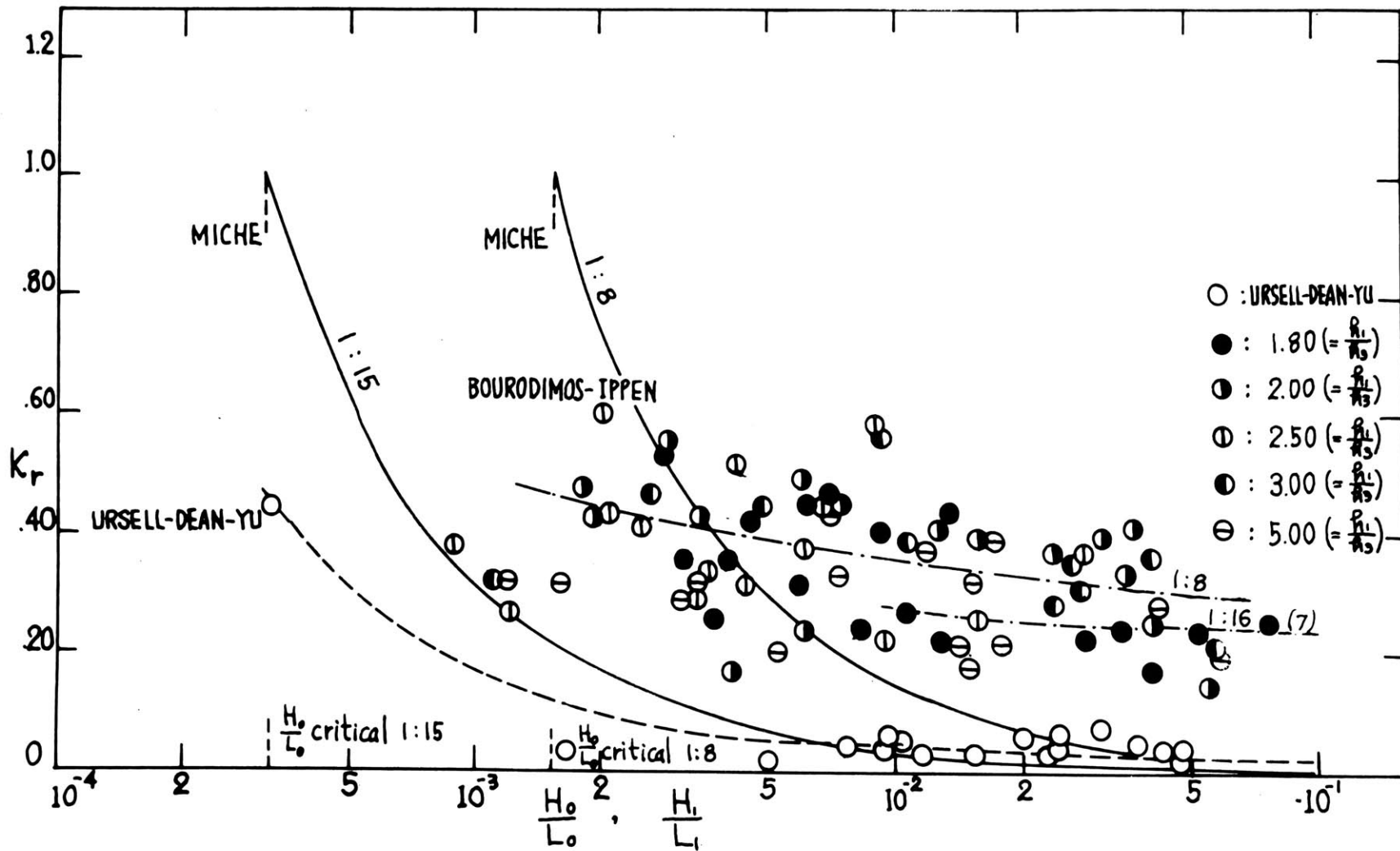


Fig. 24 Reflection Coefficients for Transition - A Compared to Reflection from Beaches

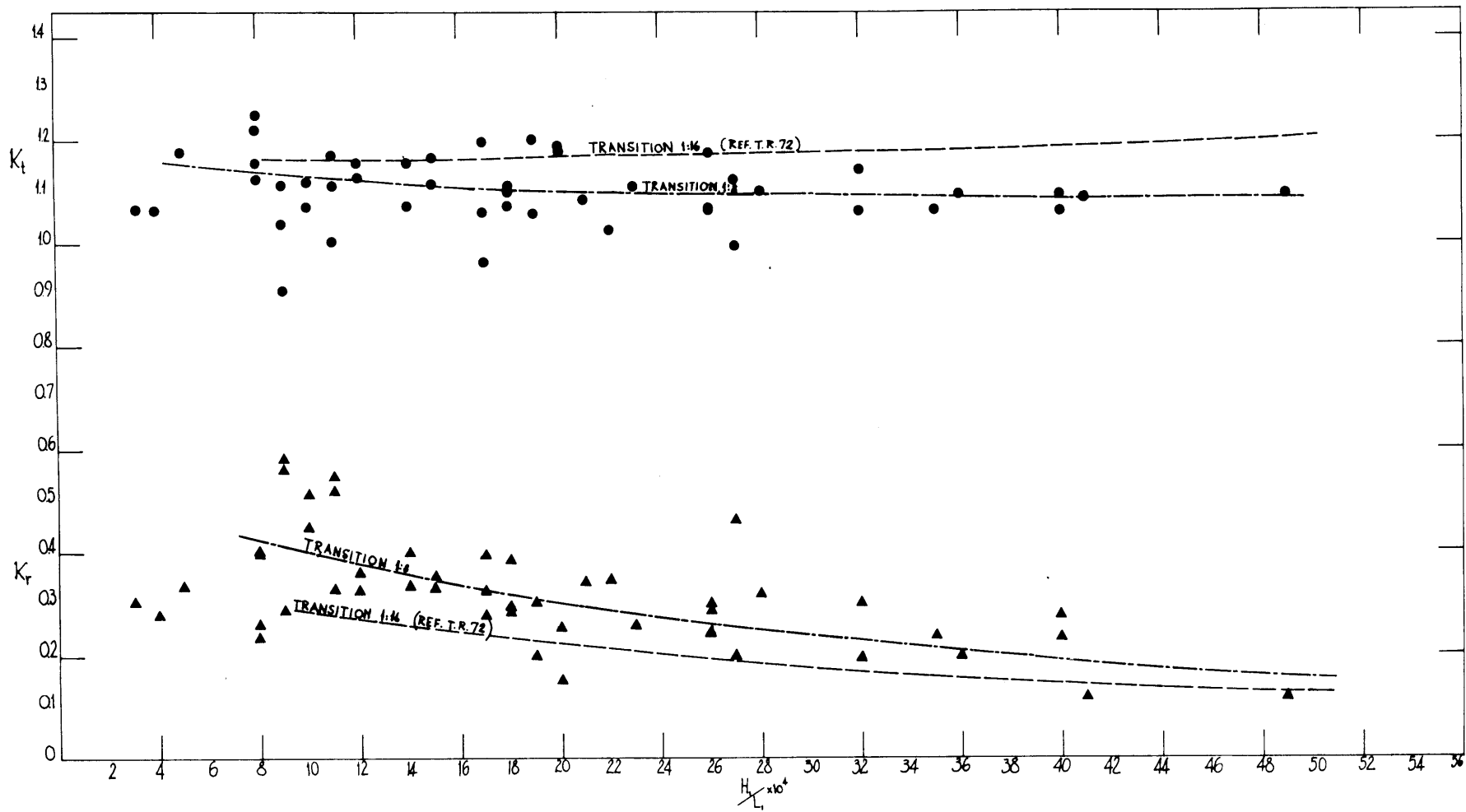


Fig. 25. Reflection and Transmission Coefficients vs. Wave Steepness - Shallow Waves - Transition A.

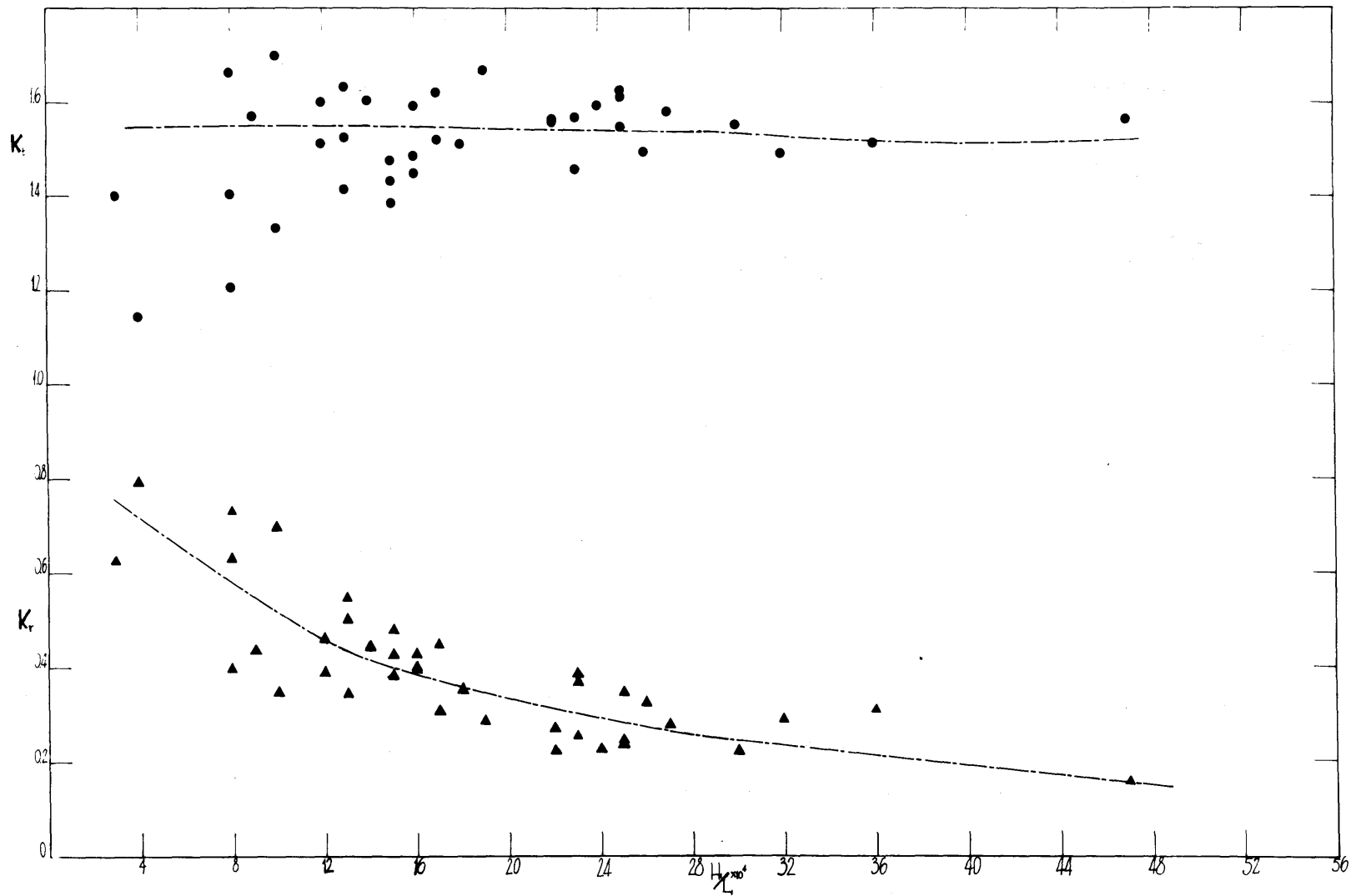


Fig. 26. Reflection and Transmission Coefficients vs. Wave Steepness - Shallow Waves - Transition B.

velocity ratios obviously depend only on the depth ratio and therefore remain below unity. Reflection coefficients for transitions A and B are somewhat lower than for the intermediate depth conditions. Transmission coefficients, however, are essentially the same for transition A for both wave ranges. For transition B the transmission coefficients in figure 28 rise above Lamb's solution for abrupt transitions, while figure 20 for intermediate depth waves shows values very close to those for abrupt transitions. For all results again the interpretation of the data is made somewhat difficult in view of the scatter.

c. Wave Energy Dissipation, Transmission and Reflection as a Function of Wave Steepness.

Figures 29 and 30 represent a correlation of the wave energy dissipation, transmission and reflection as affected by the wave steepness of the incoming wave H_1/L_1 . The energy flux evaluation was done on the same basis of energy flux analysis as in case (c) of section 5.3. Extreme scatter is observed especially for the lowest values of the wave steepness due mainly to inaccuracies in amplitude measurements. The scale of plotting is obviously too large, but was chosen to be consistent with the earlier plots. For transition A the energy flux transmitted is of the order of 0.850 up to 0.985 of the incoming energy, while the variations in reflection is of the order of 2 to 12% of the incoming wave energy. Dissipation is increasing with wave steepness and varies from 2 to 5% of the incoming energy, as was observed before for intermediate depth waves.

To be noted here is the fact that for many runs of shallow depth range (A-101 to 161) the transmitted waves were in the breaking range. These points were therefore, not included in figure 29 in view of the much higher values for the dissipation. These results are plotted separately in figure 31 presenting the percentage of energy dissipated against a breaking parameter defined by Longuet-Higgins (40). This breaking parameter is defined as $K_b = \frac{L_1^2 a_1}{h_1^3}$, which is equivalent to $248 \left(\frac{H_1}{L_1}\right) \left(\frac{1}{k_1 h_1}\right)$. Longuet-Higgins specifies that this parameter should have values very small as compared to $\frac{16\pi^2}{3} = 52.53$ in order to consider the waves still within the range of the linearized small amplitude wave theory employed in the present analysis. In figure 31 it is seen that breaking waves were observed first for K_b values in upstream region I of 10 as high as 78. Between these limits the energy dissipation evaluated

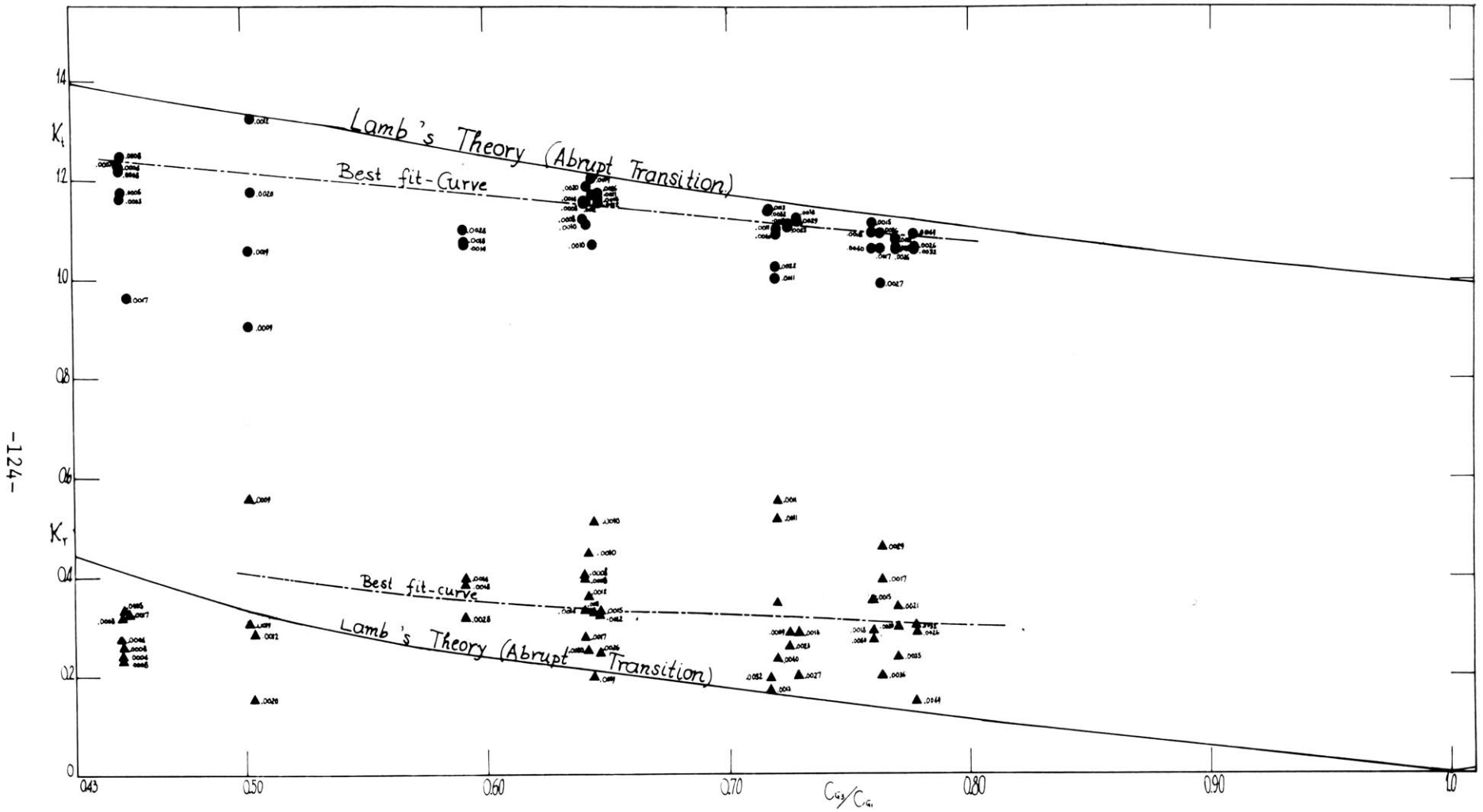


Fig. 27. Reflection and Transmission Coefficients vs. Group Velocity Ratio - Shallow Waves - Transition A.

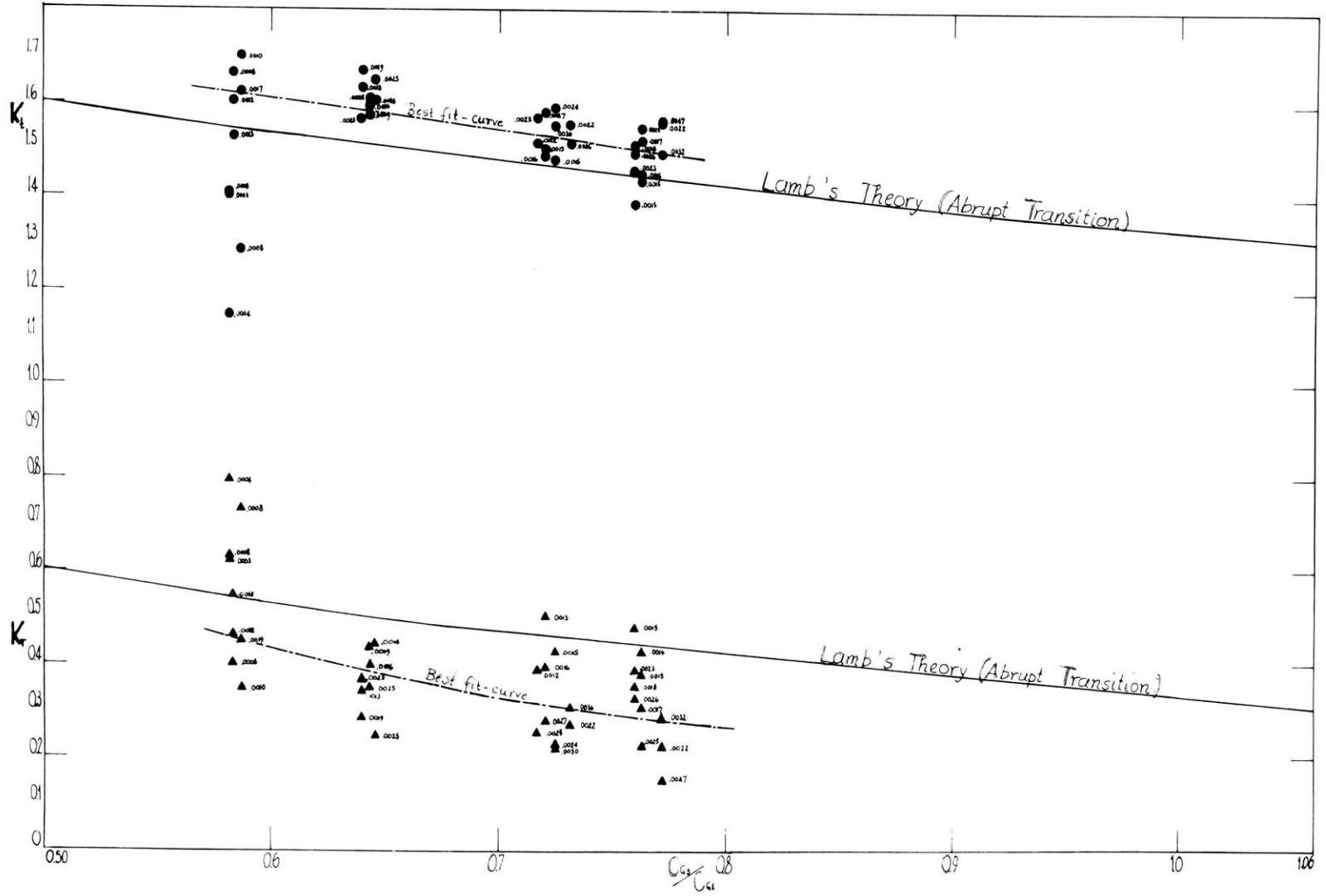


Fig 28. Reflection and Transmission Coefficients vs. Group Velocity Ratio - Shallow Waves - Transition B.

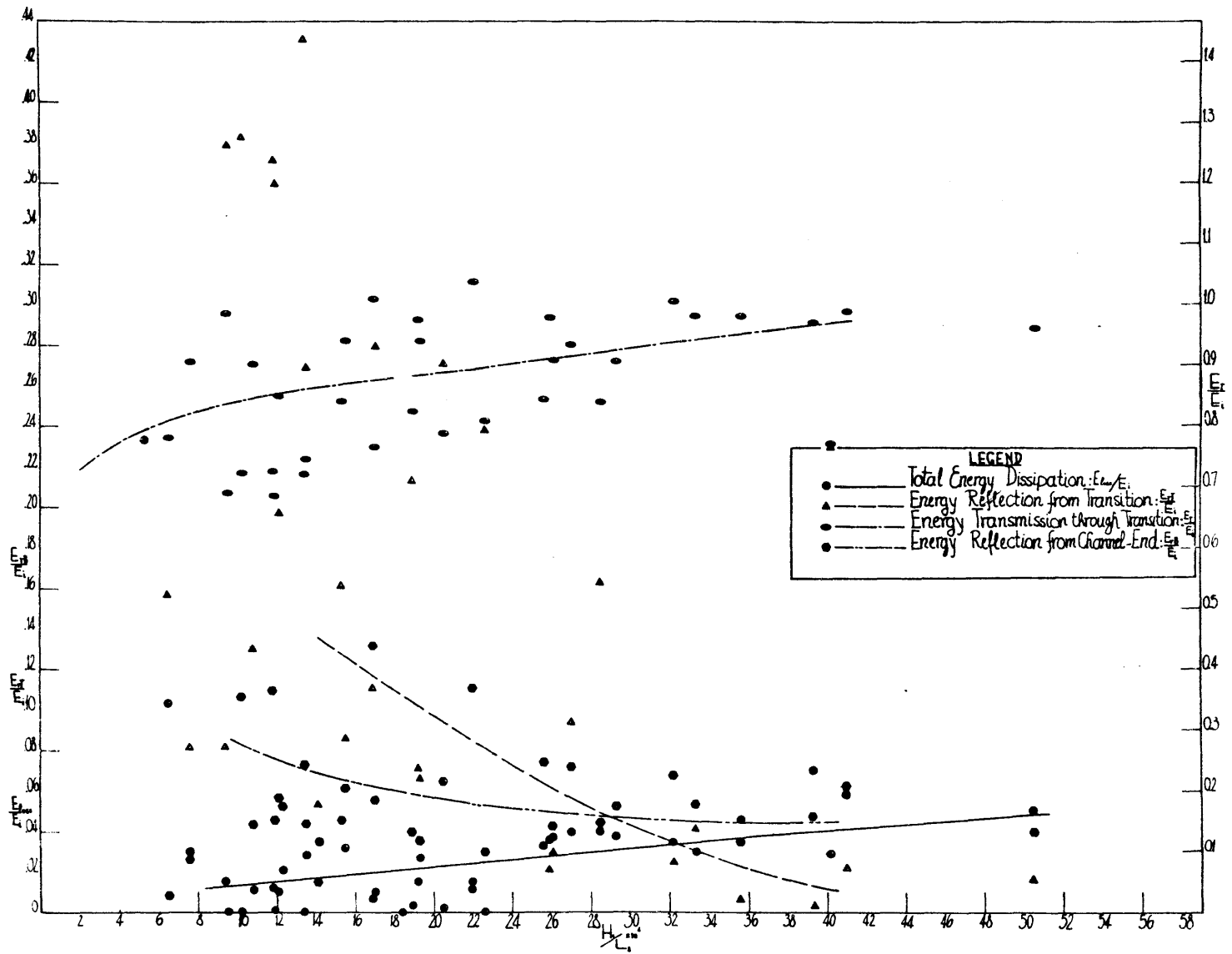


Fig. 29. Wave Energy Dissipation, Transmission and Reflection vs. Wave Steepness - Shallow Waves - Transition A.

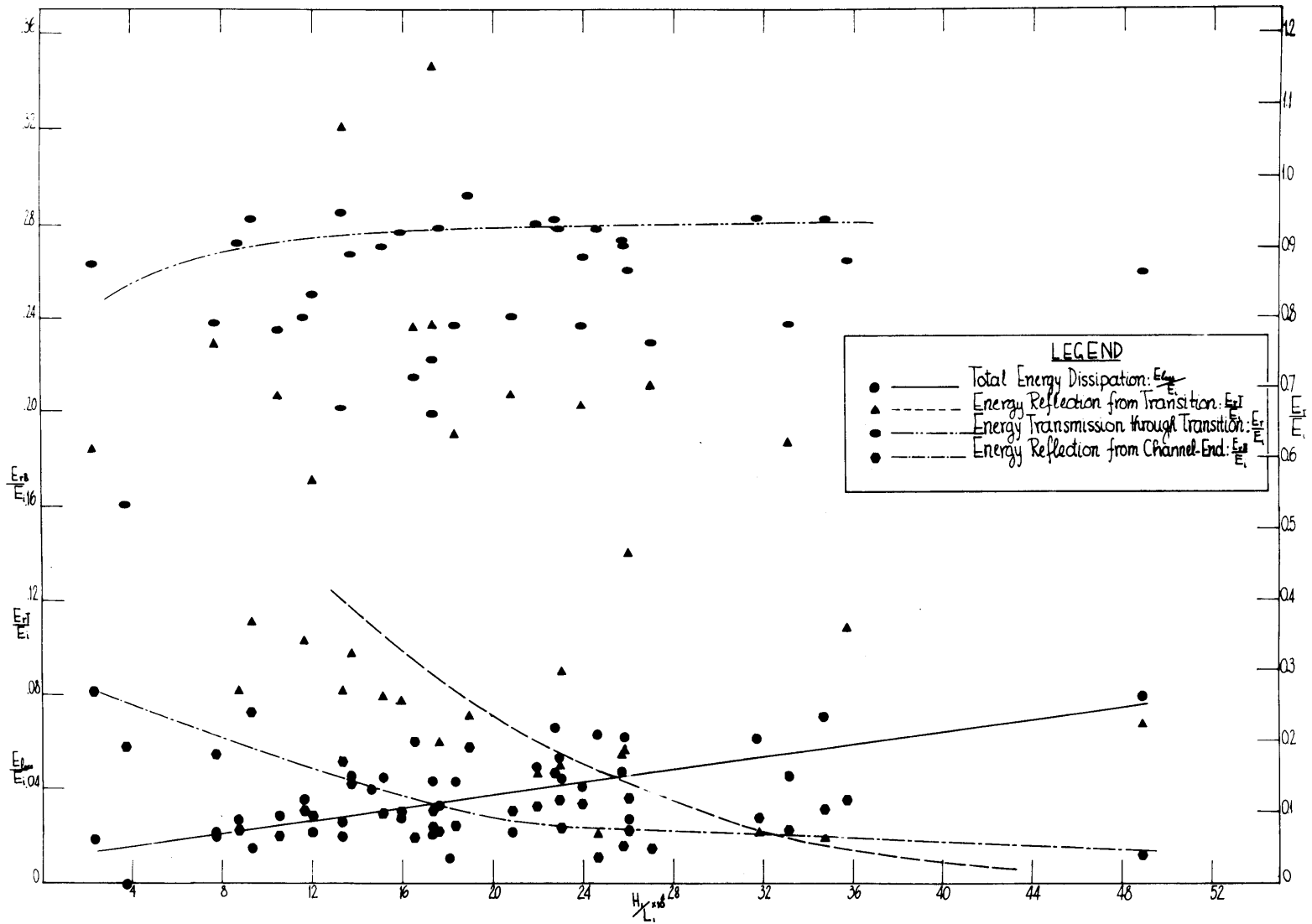


Fig. 30. Wave Energy Dissipation, Transmission and Reflection vs. Wave Steepness - Shallow Waves - Transition B.

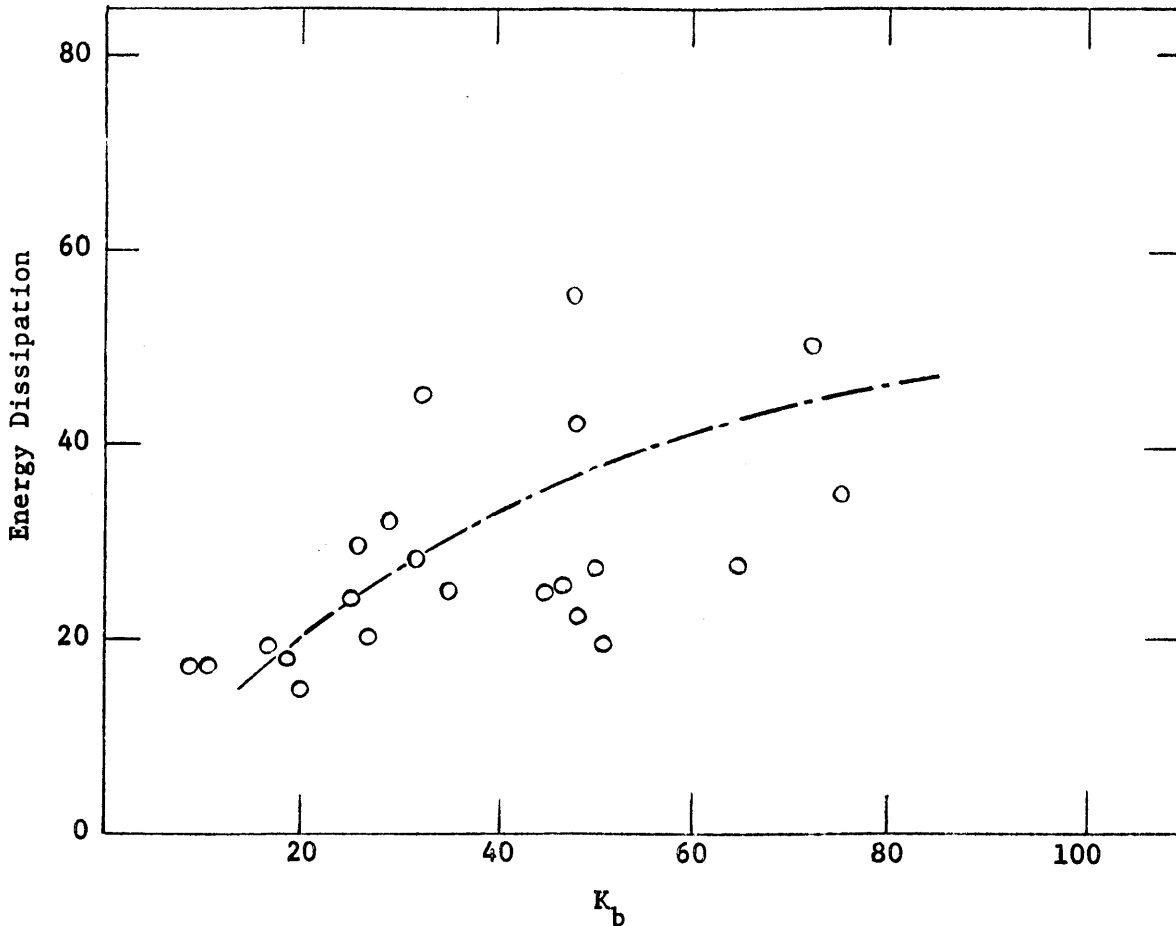


Fig. 31. Energy Dissipation vs. Breaking Parameter K_b

by linearized theory is rising from approximately 15% to 50%. It is appreciated that even for lower values of the K_b parameter the waves can hardly be expected to conform to the wave form assumed in the analysis for the downstream channel, since they generally fall into the range of non-linear, finite amplitude waves. This fact is probably an important additional reason for the observed scatter in figures 29 and 30.

For transition B the flux of reflected and transmitted wave energies are modified as seen in figure 30 over the corresponding values given for transition A. As expected, the reflected energy is somewhat higher and the transmitted energy lower in view of the more rapidly converging section. These effects, however, are not too pronounced. The energy dissipation also is higher, varying from 2 to 8% of the incoming energy.

VI. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

6.1 Review of Theoretical Development

The theoretical approach is restricted by the difficulty that general treatment on the basis of a velocity potential with appropriate boundary conditions is presently not possible for the problem of the general wave transformation in channel transitions.

However, during the course of the study two limited theoretical treatments pertaining to some restricted phases of the problem became apparent.

1. Making no restrictions with respect to the type of incoming wave a general expression of the integral type was developed on the basis of undiminished transmission of the wave energy. No reflection and dissipation is considered. This expression was solved on the one hand for shallow water waves, the result confirming Green's theory; the other solution was derived on the basis of restriction to intermediate depth waves over the entire transition for which the hyperbolic tangent $\tanh \theta_X h$ can still be assumed close to unity. This approximation resulted in an exponential expression for the amplitude of the transmitted wave relative to that of the incoming wave.

2. Restricting the treatment to shallow water waves specific reflection and transmission coefficients were derived using small amplitude linearized theory. Assuming harmonic components of wave motion throughout the transition, solutions were obtained for the following four cases:

A - for linearly varying depth and constant width

B - for linearly varying depth and width

C - for linearly varying width and constant depth

D - for parabolic variation of depth and constant width

The solution resulted in each case in specific expressions for the reflection and transmission coefficients in terms of the parameters of the incoming wave, the geometry of the particular transition and trigonometric functions involving the phase angles of the various wave components.

The theoretical expressions for K_r and K_t involve Bessel functions of zero order for transition A and C, of the first order for transition B and hypergeometric (Legendre) functions for transitions D.

Numerical evaluation of the above theoretical expressions was performed by desk calculations for the experimental runs of the case A of transition. The theoretical values of K_r and K_t were compared with the experimental results and have been plotted against $(k_3 l_1 \epsilon^2)$ in fig. 11. Theory and experiments are in fair agreement.

6.2 Review of Experimental Results

The experimental part of the program has been conducted to determine the wave reflection and transmission phenomena through channel transitions of varying geometry connecting two prismatic channels of constant cross section. The analysis of the experimental results was conducted within the framework of linearized small amplitude wave theory and the essential experimental results were reduced to correspond to those comparable to an infinite channel of transmission.

The following are some general conclusions that may be drawn from this phase of the investigation.

1. The reflection coefficients decrease considerably with increasing wave steepness for the entire spectrum of wave conditions from deep and intermediate depth to shallow depth water waves for all transitions of linearly varying depth and width, A, B, C.

2. The transmission coefficients as a function of wave steepness exhibit a more moderately decreasing trend with increasing steepness for the entire spectrum of waves. This trend is not always clear due to the presence of considerable scatter, which is normally associated with such tests.

3. The reflection coefficients when correlated with the group velocity ratio for short and intermediate waves have higher values than those given by Lamb for abrupt transitions. The trends established in previous investigations (6, 7) were confirmed by this study.

4. The transmission coefficients as a function of group velocity ratio for short and intermediate waves have lower values than those given by Lamb's theory for abrupt transitions. Again a confirmation is given by this study of the trends explored in previous investigations.

5. The reflection and transmission coefficients for shallow waves follow generally the trend, in relation to the wave velocity ratio, given by Lamb's theory for abrupt transitions. The reflection coefficients are somewhat lower than those for the intermediate depth range, while transmission coefficients are slightly higher.

6. The wave energy dissipation for the entire spectrum of waves from deep to shallow water exhibits an increasing trend with increasing

steepness while the reflection from the end of the channel and the transition is very small in the region of larger values of steepness. The transmission rate for wave energy is not materially affected by wave steepness and remains approximately constant around the values of .98-.99 for the higher steepness range.

7. A comparison of reflection coefficients with the Miche theory for transition A indicates a considerably smaller rate of decrease with increasing wave steepness. While this theory is only applicable for beaches of smaller slopes, the comparison was made for reference purposes with regard to results obtained for milder transition slopes than that of transition A.

A few general comments are in order here for the proper assessment of the experimental results.

Since the theory does not take into account energy dissipation, some discrepancies must be expected on that account. This dissipation must be expected of considerable influence not only for shallow water waves but also for the deep and intermediate depth waves in view of the boundary layers on the side-walls. This explains in part the material increase in energy dissipation with wave steepness observed for the entire spectrum of waves tested. An additional source of energy dissipation may be associated with the relative sharp breaks in the bottom slope due to separation particularly at the downstream end of the transition.

Also, the theory considers only small amplitude linearized harmonic waves while in the experiments non-linear waves were often present, especially downstream of the transition. Hence non-linear interactions should influence the results in certain ranges of the wave characteristics. The experimental set-up was to some extent inadequate in the range of long waves when the wave length often was of the order of the distance between wave maker and transition.

The method of correction for zero reflection from the end of the channel was that developed by Ursell in a former study (10). This method does not consider energy dissipation. Since the amplitude of the wave reflected from the end of the channel was often of the order of 15

to 30% of the transmitted wave amplitude this correction has a sizeable effect on the reduced values of the amplitudes upstream and downstream. Dissipation therefore would modify also these corrections.

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APPENDIX A

Verification of the Computer Program for the Reduction of Experimental Data by Elimination of Beach-end Reflection According to Ursell-Dean's Method

We obtain the experimental run A-2 and we analyze it by desk calculations for the elimination of beach-end reflection as follows:

Experimental Run A-2 - Measured Data:

$L_1 = 19.00$ ft. upstream wave length
 $h_1 = 2.25$ ft. upstream undisturbed water depth
 $h = 1.25$ ft. downstream undisturbed water depth

Upstream amplitudes:

$a_1 = 0.047$ ft. $x_{\max} = 33.00$ ft. location of maximum values of combined wave amplitude upstream $|\eta_1 + \eta_2|$
 $a_2 = 0.013$ ft. $x_a = 31.60$ ft. position of gauge downstream for simultaneous upstream and downstream maxima

Downstream amplitudes:

$a_3 = 0.053$ ft. $x_{\max} = 7.25$ ft. location of maximum values of combined wave amplitude downstream $|\eta_3 + \eta_4|$
 $a_4 = 0.020$ ft. $x_b = 1.70$ ft. position of gauge downstream for simultaneous upstream and downstream maxima

for $h_1/L_1 = 0.1184$ we obtain from Wiegel's Gravity Waves- Tables of functions:

for $h_1/L_1 = 0.118$ we obtain $\frac{h_1}{L_o} = 0.075$ $L_o = \frac{2.25}{0.075} = 30.00$ ft. (1)

$$\frac{h_3}{L_o} = \frac{h_3}{h_1} \cdot \frac{h_1}{L_o} = \frac{1.25}{2.25} = 0.04166$$

for $h_3/L_0 = 0.04166$ we obtain $\frac{h_3}{L_3} = 0.0850$, $L_3 = \frac{1.25}{0.0850} = 14.70$ (2)

We have also:

$$K_1 = \frac{2\pi}{L_1} = \frac{6.28}{19.00} = 0.330 \text{ ft.}^{-1}$$

$$K_3 = \frac{2\pi}{L_3} = \frac{6.28}{14.70} = 0.427 \text{ ft.}^{-1}$$

thus :

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_1 + \delta_2 &= (2n+1)\pi - 2K_1 x_{\max} = \pi - 2(0.330) (33.00) \\ &= 3.14 - 21.78 = -18.64 \text{ rad} \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

the amplitude ratios are:

$$\frac{a_2}{a_1} = \frac{0.013}{0.047} = 0.276$$

$$\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{0.047}{0.013} = 3.615$$

$$\frac{a_4}{a_3} = \frac{0.020}{0.053} = 0.377$$

We compute the phase angle δ_4 :

$$\delta_4 = (2n+1)\pi - 2k_3 x_{\max} = 3.14 - 2(0.427)(-7.25) = 3.14 + 6.19 = 9.33 \text{ rad.} \quad (4)$$

We compute the following quantities for determination of phase angle δ_2 :

$$K_1 x_a = (0.330) (31.60) = 10.43 \text{ rad} = 4.15 \text{ rad.}$$

$$K_3 x_b = (0.427) (-1.70) = -0.726 = -0.726 \text{ rad.}$$

$$\cos(K_1 x_a) = \cos(4.15) = -0.532 \quad \sin(K_1 x_a) = \sin(4.15) = -0.845$$

$$\cos(K_3 x_b) = \cos(-0.726) = 0.754 \quad \sin(K_3 x_b) = \sin(-0.726) = -0.663$$

$$\cos(K_1 x_a + \delta_1 + \delta_2) = \cos(10.43 - 18.64) = \cos(-1.93) = \cos(4.35) = -0.354$$

$$\sin(K_1 x_a + \delta_1 + \delta_2) = \sin(-1.93) = \sin(4.35) = -0.898$$

$$\cos(K_3 x_b + \delta_4) = \cos(-0.726 + 9.33) = \cos(8.6) = \cos(2.32) = -0.681$$

$$\sin(K_3 x_b + \delta_4) = \sin(2.32) = 0.731$$

Thus the value of the parameter R is:

$$\begin{aligned} R &= \frac{-\cos K_3 x_b + \frac{a_4}{a_3} \cos(K_3 x_b + \delta_4)}{\sin K_3 x_b + \frac{a_4}{a_3} \sin(K_3 x_b + \delta_4)} = \frac{-0.754 + 0.377(-0.681)}{-0.663 + 0.377(0.731)} \\ &= \frac{-0.754 - 0.256}{-0.663 + 0.275} = \frac{-1.010}{-0.380} = 2.66 \end{aligned}$$

Now δ_2 can be computed as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \tan \delta_2 &= \frac{\cos(K_1 x_a + \delta_1 + \delta_2) + R \sin(K_1 x_a + \delta_1 + \delta_2) - \frac{a_2}{a_1} [\cos K_1 x_a + R \sin K_1 x_a]}{-\sin(K_1 x_a + \delta_1 + \delta_2) + R \cos(K_1 x_a + \delta_1 + \delta_2) - \frac{a_1}{a_2} [\sin K_1 x_a + R \cos K_1 x_a]} \\ &= \frac{-0.354 + 2.66(-0.898) - 0.276[-0.532 - 2.66(-0.845)]}{-(-0.898) + 2.66(-0.354) - 0.276[-0.854 + 2.66(-0.532)]} \\ &= \frac{-0.355 - 2.39 - 0.276(-0.532 + 2.24)}{0.898 - 0.948 - 0.276(-0.854 - 1.415)} = \frac{-2.742 - 0.473}{-0.050 + 0.623} = \frac{-3.22}{0.57} = -5.65 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Thus } \delta_2 = 4.88 \text{ and } \delta_2 = -1.40 \text{ rad} \quad (5)$$

since

4.88 rad equivalent to -1.40 rad

Now we obtain:

$$\text{from } \delta_1 + \delta_2 = -18.7 \text{ rad} \quad (6)$$

$$\text{then we have } \delta_1 = -17.3 \text{ rad} \quad (7)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Now } \cos(\delta_1 - \delta_2 + \delta_4) &= \cos(-17.3 + 1.4 + 9.33) = \cos(-6.57) = \cos(-0.29) \\ &= 0.954 \end{aligned}$$

The reduced values of wave amplitudes are now obtained as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(i) } a_1' &= a_1 \left[1 + \left(\frac{a_2}{a_1}\right)^2 \left(\frac{a_4}{a_3}\right)^2 - 2 \left(\frac{a_2}{a_1}\right) \left(\frac{a_4}{a_3}\right) \cos(\delta_1 - \delta_2 + \delta_4) \right]^{1/2} \\ &= 0.047 \left[1 + (0.276)^2 (0.377)^2 - 2(0.276)(0.954) \right]^{1/2} \\ &= 0.047 \left[1 + (0.0761)(0.142) - 0.198 \right]^{1/2} \\ &= 0.047 \left[1 + 0.108 - 0.198 \right]^{1/2} \\ &= 0.047 (0.90)^{1/2} = 0.047 (0.94) = 0.044 \text{ rad} \quad (8) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii) } a_1' &= 0.013 \left[1 + \left(\frac{a_1}{a_2}\right)^2 \left(\frac{a_4}{a_3}\right)^2 - 2 \left(\frac{a_1}{a_2}\right) \left(\frac{a_4}{a_3}\right) \cos(\delta_1 - \delta_2 + \delta_4) \right]^{1/2} \\ &= 0.013 \left[1 + (3.615)^2 (0.377)^2 - 2(3.615)(0.377)(0.954) \right]^{1/2} \\ &= 0.013 \left[1 + (13.06)(0.142) - 2(3.615)(0.359) \right]^{1/2} \\ &= 0.013 \left[1 + 1.854 - 2.62 \right]^{1/2} = 0.013 (0.234)^{1/2} \\ &= 0.013 (0.484) = 0.00629 \text{ rad} \quad (9) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{(iii) } a_3' = a_3 \left[1 - \left(\frac{a_4}{a_3}\right)^2 \right] = 0.053 \left[1 - (0.377)^2 \right] = 0.053 \left[1 - 0.142 \right] = 0.0455 \text{ rad} \quad (10)$$

The reduced values of reflection and transmission coefficients are now obtained as follows:

$$\frac{H_1'}{L_1} = \frac{2a_1'}{L_1} = \frac{2(0.044)}{19.00} = \frac{0.088}{19} = 0.0046 \quad (11)$$

$$\frac{H_3'}{L_3} = \frac{2a_1'}{L_3} = \frac{2(0.0455)}{14.7} = \frac{0.091}{14.7} = 0.00619 \quad (12)$$

$$K'_t = \frac{a'_r}{a'_l} = \frac{0.0460}{0.0440} = 1.04 \quad (13)$$

$$K'_r = \frac{0.0063}{0.0440} = 0.140 \quad (14)$$

From Wiegel's Table:

$$\text{for } \frac{h_1}{L_1} = 0.118 \quad n_1 = 0.853$$

$$\text{for } \frac{h_3}{L_3} = 0.0850 \quad n_2 = 0.916$$

$$\frac{C_{G3}}{C_{G1}} = \frac{L_3 n_3}{L_1 n_1} = \frac{(14.7)(0.916)}{(19)(0.853)} = \frac{13.46}{16.20} = 0.830 \quad (15)$$

The values of quantities (1) up to (15) computed by desk calculations are the same as those given by the computer program used in the reduction of experimental data.

APPENDIX B

TABLE 1_a TEST SERIES WITH TRANSITION OF SLOPE 1:8

Test No	T	R ₁	R ₂	L ₀	L ₁	L ₃	H/L	C ₁	C ₃	C _{ay} /C ₀₁	a ₁	a ₂	a ₃	a ₄	E _T =a ₁ ×10	E _T =a ₂ ×10	E _T =a ₃ ×10	E _T =a ₄ ×10	E _T =a ₅ ×10	E _T =a ₆ ×10	E _T =a ₇ ×10	E _T =a ₈ ×10	E _T =a ₉ ×10	E _T =a ₁₀ ×10	E _T =a ₁₁ ×10	E _T =a ₁₂ ×10	E _T =a ₁₃ ×10	E _T =a ₁₄ ×10	E _T =a ₁₅ ×10	E _T =a ₁₆ ×10	E _T =a ₁₇ ×10	E _T =a ₁₈ ×10	E _T =a ₁₉ ×10	E _T =a ₂₀ ×10	L/a	L/a ₃	C _T	S _g ² (R ₁ , R ₂)
A-1	2424	225	125	30.08	19.00	14.70	0.0026	7.842	6.067	0.8249	0.025	0.009	0.026	0.007	625	91	561	41	642	666	3.6	0.897	0.129	0.066	0.804	2.88	160.36	0.208										
2	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0049	"	"	"	0.047	0.013	0.053	0.020	2209	169	2331	332	2490	2541	2.0	1.055	0.076	0.150	1.520	5.85	404.44	"										
3	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0066	"	"	"	0.063	0.016	0.068	0.016	3967	256	3837	212	4093	4179	2.1	0.967	0.064	0.053	2.030	7.52	361.75	"										
4	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0086	"	"	"	0.082	0.020	0.090	0.024	6724	400	6722	478	7122	7202	1.2	0.999	0.059	0.071	2.640	9.95	291.82	"										
5	1916	"	18.79	14.25	11.30	"	0.0185	7.441	5.900	0.8857	0.132	0.040	0.133	0.023	17424	1600	15667	468	17267	17892	3.5	0.899	0.092	0.027	2.400	9.08	108.00	0.334										
6	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0140	"	"	"	0.100	0.016	0.104	0.021	10000	256	9764	390	10020	10390	3.6	0.976	0.026	0.039	2.900	6.79	142.56	"										
7	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0091	"	"	"	0.065	0.017	0.068	0.014	4225	289	4095	174	4384	4399	0.4	0.969	0.068	0.041	1.890	4.44	219.32	"										
8	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0045	"	"	"	0.031	0.015	0.032	0.007	961	225	886	43	1111	1004	"	0.922	0.234	0.045	0.730	2.22	417.97	"										
9	1533	"	"	12.02	10.50	8.60	0.0130	6.855	5.651	0.9498	0.061	0.024	0.061	0.020	3721	576	3611	387	4187	4108	"	0.970	0.154	0.104	2.080	2.37	172.26	0.521										
10	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0131	"	"	"	0.069	0.059	0.160	0.018	4761	348	24827	314	28208	4761	"	"	0.791	0.066	2.110	6.05	152.79	"										
11	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0341	"	"	"	0.179	0.015	0.185	0.049	32041	225	33191	2328	33416	35369	5.6	1.035	0.010	0.079	5.450	7.00	18.70	"										
12	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0428	"	"	"	0.225	0.036	0.233	0.075	50625	1296	52649	5455	53945	56080	3.9	1.039	0.025	0.108	6.875	8.82	46.70	"										
13	1190	"	"	7.25	7.00	6.19	0.0143	5.835	5.203	1.0864	0.050	0.009	0.059	0.005	2500	81	2500	25	2581	2525	"	1.000	0.032	0.010	1.264	1.00	191.94	0.865										
14	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0277	"	"	"	0.097	0.013	0.097	0.012	9409	169	10218	156	10387	9565	"	1.085	0.018	0.016	2.810	1.90	71.82	"										
15	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0408	"	"	"	0.143	0.010	0.146	0.036	20449	100	21316	1407	21416	21856	"	1.101	0.007	0.068	4.153	2.82	48.81	"										
16	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0528	"	"	"	0.185	0.020	0.182	0.040	34225	400	35986	1600	36386	37825	"	1.051	0.011	0.047	5.350	3.37	37.66	"										
17	0766	"	"	3.00	3.00	2.97	0.0340	3.921	3.882	1.0414	0.051	0.003	0.052	0.012	2601	9	2704	144	2713	2745	0.2	1.039	0.004	0.055	1.031	0.23	58.88	2.087										
18	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0600	"	"	"	0.090	0.005	0.091	0.020	8100	25	8281	400	8306	8500	2.8	1.020	0.003	0.049	1.921	0.41	33.36	"										
19	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0766	"	"	"	0.115	0.010	0.115	0.025	13225	100	13225	625	13325	13850	3.8	1.000	0.075	0.047	2.300	0.52	26.11	"										
20	3089	"	"	48.82	25.00	19.06	0.0017	8.100	6.194	0.7959	0.021	0.016	0.022	0.016	441	196	385	203	581	644	9.8	0.873	0.444	0.460	0.453	4.09	1171.48	0.128										
21	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0030	"	"	"	0.038	0.024	0.040	0.022	1444	576	1273	385	1849	1829	"	0.891	0.378	0.266	0.824	7.43	658.45	"										
22	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0050	"	"	"	0.063	0.039	0.064	0.028	3969	1521	3260	624	4781	4593	12.0	0.900	0.291	0.353	1.360	12.45	377.16	"										
23	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0045	"	"	"	0.081	0.036	0.083	0.023	6561	1296	5482	421	6778	6982	5.0	0.961	0.049	0.064	1.750	16.53	308.90	"										
25	3064	2.00	1.00	48.06	23.50	16.99	0.0022	7.674	5.551	0.7555	0.026	0.012	0.030	0.014	676	144	679	150	823	826	0.4	1.004	0.213	0.222	0.500	4.42	904.35	0.130										
26	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0031	"	"	"	0.036	0.020	0.039	0.026	1296	400	1148	272	1549	1568	1.3	0.886	0.308	0.209	2.500	11.26	653.44	"										
27	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0044	"	"	"	0.052	0.028	0.054	0.020	2704	784	2203	300	2987	3004	"	1.039	0.133	0.110	3.600	17.46	452.22	"										
28	2415	"	"	29.84	16.00	13.21	0.0019	7.459	5.475	0.7878	0.017	0.009	0.022	0.015	289	81	381	177	462	466	0.9	1.318	0.280	0.612	0.690	3.84	1057.37	0.210										
29	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0041	"	"	"	0.037	0.020	0.039	0.017	1369	400	1198	227	1598	2598	"	0.875	0.292	0.165	1.500	6.81	486.84	"										
30	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0056	"	"	"	0.051	0.014	0.059	0.016	2601	196	2742	201	2938	2801	"	1.054	0.075	0.077	2.060	10.30	353.20	"										
31	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0078	"	"	"	0.070	0.040	0.072	0.030	4900	1600	4083	709	5683	5609	"	0.833	0.326	0.144	2.840	12.56	257.33	"										
32	1872	"	"	17.93	13.25	9.99	0.0027	7.084	5.342	0.8473	0.018	0.012	0.019	0.012	324	144	305	122	449	446	"	0.941	0.444	0.377	0.376	1.89	726.72	0.350										
33	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0060	"	"	"	0.040	0.023	0.041	0.020	1600	529	1424	339	1953	1939	"	0.890	0.330	0.212	0.880	4.07	331.52	"										

TABLE I_a CONTINUED

Test No	T	R ₁	R ₂	L ₀	L ₁	L ₂	H ₁ /L ₁	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	a ₁	a ₂	a ₃	a ₄	E ₁ =a ₁ ² ×10 ⁸	E ₂ =a ₂ ² ×10 ⁸	E ₃ =a ₃ ² ×10 ⁸	E ₄ =a ₄ ² ×10 ⁸	(a ₁ +a ₂) ² ×10 ⁸	(a ₁ +a ₂ +a ₃) ² ×10 ⁸	(a ₁ +a ₂ +a ₃ +a ₄) ² ×10 ⁸	(a ₁ -a ₂) ² ×10 ⁸	(a ₁ -a ₂ +a ₃) ² ×10 ⁸	(a ₁ -a ₂ +a ₃ +a ₄) ² ×10 ⁸	E _T	E _T /E ₁	E _T /E ₂	L ₁ ² /R ₁ ²	L ₂ ² /R ₂ ²	C _T	E _T ² /(R ₁ -R ₂)
A-34	1872	2.00	1.00	17.93	13.25	9.99	0.0084	7.084	5.342	0.8473	0.056	0.012	0.061	0.018	3136	144	3152	274	3296	3410	3.4	1.005	0.046	0.087	1.230	6.06	23680	0.350			
35	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0122	"	"	"	0.081	0.012	0.091	0.027	6561	144	7016	617	7160	7178	2.5	1.069	0.022	0.094	1.78	9.04	1871	"			
36	1463	"	"	10.95	9.50	7.50	0.0082	6.499	5.130	0.9456	0.039	0.021	0.040	0.022	1521	441	1512	457	1953	1978	1.3	0.994	0.289	0.300	0.44	2.25	24380	0.572			
37	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0157	"	"	"	0.075	0.015	0.079	0.024	5625	225	5901	544	6126	6169	0.7	1.049	0.040	0.097	0.85	4.44	12678	"			
38	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0229	"	"	"	0.109	0.014	0.114	0.033	11881	196	12289	1029	12485	12910	3.3	1.034	0.016	0.086	1.23	6.43	8723	"			
39	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0297	"	"	"	0.141	0.018	0.146	0.042	19881	324	20156	1668	20470	21549	5.1	1.014	0.016	0.084	1.59	8.21	6743	"			
40	0957	"	"	4.69	4.65	4.23	0.0223	4.860	4.424	1.1338	0.052	0.020	0.050	0.021	2704	400	2825	498	3225	3202	-	1.045	0.148	0.184	0.14	0.90	8744	1.337			
41	0957	"	"	4.69	"	"	0.0417	"	"	"	0.097	0.012	0.102	0.031	9407	144	11752	1287	11896	10694	-	1.249	0.153	0.136	0.26	1.82	4985	"			
42	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0610	"	"	"	0.142	0.050	0.152	0.047	20164	2500	26292	2513	28792	22677	-	1.383	0.124	0.125	0.38	2.72	3275	"			
43	1020	"	"	5.33	5.15	4.11	0.0353	5.051	4.032	1.0797	0.091	0.017	0.092	0.022	8241	289	9121	322	9410	8763	-	1.106	0.035	0.043	0.30	1.61	3661	1.178			
44	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0275	"	"	"	0.071	0.009	0.072	0.022	5041	81	5586	521	5667	5562	-	1.108	0.016	0.103	0.25	1.22	7256	"			
45	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0155	"	"	"	0.040	0.008	0.041	0.005	1600	64	1811	27	1875	1627	-	1.131	0.015	0.017	0.13	0.69	12880	"			
46	1298	"	"	8.63	7.40	5.53	0.0081	5.858	4.245	0.9154	0.031	0.009	0.033	0.012	961	81	997	132	1078	1093	1.4	1.037	0.084	0.137	0.22	1.01	26526	0.727			
47	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0137	"	"	"	0.052	0.021	0.052	0.015	2704	441	2475	234	2916	2938	0.8	0.915	0.016	0.086	0.37	1.59	14621	"			
48	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0207	"	"	"	0.079	0.017	0.082	0.016	6241	289	6155	234	6444	6475	0.5	0.986	0.046	0.374	0.57	2.51	9624	"			
49	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0250	"	"	"	0.095	0.035	0.096	0.027	9025	1225	8436	667	9671	9692	0.3	0.935	0.013	0.074	0.68	2.94	8003	"			
50	1727	"	"	15.26	11.20	7.65	0.0059	6.490	4.431	0.7832	0.033	0.020	0.034	0.017	1089	400	905	226	1305	1315	0.8	0.831	0.367	0.207	0.52	1.99	53764	0.411			
51	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0105	"	"	"	0.059	0.025	0.062	0.015	3481	625	3010	176	3635	3656	0.6	0.864	0.018	0.050	0.92	3.63	18997	"			
52	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0141	"	"	"	0.079	0.033	0.083	0.022	6241	1089	5395	379	6484	6520	0.6	0.864	0.017	0.061	1.23	4.86	14187	"			
53	2222	"	"	25.26	15.15	10.03	0.0024	6.823	4.513	0.7195	0.018	0.010	0.019	0.006	324	100	259	26	359	350	0.1	0.789	0.308	0.080	0.53	1.91	84227	0.248			
54	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0043	"	"	"	0.033	0.019	0.034	0.010	1089	361	832	72	1193	1161	-	0.764	0.331	0.066	0.97	3.42	45942	"			
55	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0062	"	"	"	0.047	0.016	0.053	0.013	2209	256	2020	169	2297	2378	5.7	0.985	0.029	0.076	1.37	5.54	32237	"			
56	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0076	"	"	"	0.058	0.032	0.059	0.014	3364	1024	2504	196	3528	3560	2.2	0.959	0.096	0.058	1.70	6.74	26140	"			
57	2823	"	"	40.80	19.80	12.88	0.0017	7.018	4.565	0.6850	0.017	0.013	0.019	0.013	289	169	247	115	416	404	-	0.834	0.584	0.398	0.83	3.15	116541	0.154			
58	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0025	"	"	"	0.025	0.018	0.025	0.010	729	225	576	83	801	811	1.3	0.790	0.308	0.114	1.22	4.15	78248	"			
59	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0042	"	"	"	0.042	0.024	0.044	0.015	1764	576	1326	154	1902	1918	0.9	0.752	0.326	0.087	2.06	7.30	47171	"			
60	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0053	"	"	"	0.053	0.030	0.056	0.018	2809	900	2148	222	3048	3031	-	0.745	0.320	0.079	2.59	9.29	37381	"			
61	3224	"	"	53.21	22.85	14.76	0.0016	7.091	4.583	0.6723	0.018	0.011	0.019	0.008	324	121	247	44	368	368	-	0.762	0.373	0.136	1.17	4.16	127006	"			
62	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0024	"	"	"	0.028	0.019	0.029	0.015	784	361	565	151	926	935	1.0	0.720	0.460	0.192	1.82	6.35	81666	0.118			
63	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0033	"	"	"	0.038	0.025	0.039	0.017	1444	625	1022	194	1647	1638	-	0.707	0.433	0.134	2.46	8.51	60161	"			
64	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0044	"	"	"	0.051	0.028	0.054	0.015	2601	784	1960	151	2744	2752	0.3	0.753	0.301	0.058	3.31	11.82	44825	"			
65	3192	"	"	52.15	21.50	12.66	0.0034	6.740	3.972	0.6133	0.039	0.021	0.044	0.015	1521	441	1186	137	1627	1658	1.9	0.780	0.290	0.090	2.53	7.85	55164	0.120			
67	3192	"	"	52.15	21.50	12.66	0.0015	"	"	0.6133	0.016	0.010	0.018	0.007	256	100	198	31	298	287	-	0.773	0.390	0.012	0.93	4.88	134462	"			
68	2247	"	"	25.83	14.65	8.82	0.0059	6.523	3.931	0.6534	0.063	0.025	0.073	0.015	3969	625	3492	147	4107	4116	0.3	0.877	0.157	0.037	3.44	5.68	23273	0.243			
69	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0036	"	"	"	0.039	0.022	0.041	0.007	1521	484	1098	32	1582	1553	-	0.722	0.318	0.021	2.24	3.19	37575	"			
70	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0019	"	"	"	0.021	0.012	0.022	0.004	441	144	314	10	460	451	-	0.716	0.326	0.022	1.21	1.71	61819	"			

TABLE I_a CONTINUED

Test No.	T	R ₁	R ₂	L ₀	L ₁	L ₂	H/L ₁	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃ /C ₁	a ₁	a ₂	a ₃	a ₄	E ₁ × 10 ⁸	E ₂ × 10 ⁸	E ₃ × 10 ⁸	E ₄ × 10 ⁸	(a ₁ × a ₂ × C ₁) × 10 ⁸	(a ₁ × a ₂ × C ₂) × 10 ⁸	(a ₁ × a ₂ × C ₃) × 10 ⁸	(a ₁ × a ₂ × C ₄) × 10 ⁸	% Loss	E _T	E _T	E ₁₀	L ₁ a ₁	L ₂ a ₂	C.T.	σ ₁ (R ₁)
No.	sec	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft		%/sec	%/sec		ft	ft	ft	ft	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*		E _i	E _i	E _i	R ₁ '	R ₂ '	a _i	
A-71	1668	200	100	14.24	10.30	6.44	0.0064	6180	3.864	0.7247	0.033	0.014	0.035	0.007	1089	196	288	35	1084	1124	3.6	0.915	0.180	0.032	0.437	1.45	312.36	0.440		
72	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0103	"	"	"	0.053	0.012	0.061	0.011	2809	144	2496	87	2840	2896	1.9	0.959	0.051	0.031	0.765	2.71	194.49	-		
73	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0132	"	"	"	0.068	0.024	0.076	0.014	4624	576	4185	142	4761	4766	0.2	0.905	0.124	0.031	0.700	3.15	151.59	-		
74	1083	"	"	6.00	5.60	3.96	0.0152	5175	3.661	0.7628	0.043	0.013	0.043	0.008	1849	169	1780	80	1949	1929	-	0.962	0.091	0.043	0.119	0.68	150.33	1.044		
75	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0246	"	"	"	0.068	0.010	0.049	0.019	4624	100	4584	333	4684	4957	5.5	0.991	0.021	0.072	0.268	1.08	82.41	-		
76	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0392	"	"	"	0.107	0.014	0.109	0.026	11449	196	11439	650	11635	12099	2.8	0.999	0.028	0.057	0.421	1.71	50.37	-		
77	0874	1.50	0.50	3.91	3.85	3.03	0.0265	4409	3.474	1.1236	0.051	0.019	0.045	0.009	2601	361	2268	90	2629	2691	2.3	0.872	0.138	0.034	0.224	3.30	75.55	1.606		
78	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0400	"	"	"	0.071	0.008	0.077	0.008	5929	64	1640	72	6704	6001	-	1.119	0.011	0.012	0.338	5.64	54.27	-		
79	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0571	"	"	"	0.110	0.009	0.108	0.014	12100	81	13105	220	13186	12320	-	1.083	0.047	0.018	0.484	7.92	35.03	-		
80	0921	1.25	0.25	4.34	4.15	2.45	0.0262	4308	2.666	0.8936	0.057	0.005	0.061	0.016	3249	25	3325	229	3350	3478	3.7	1.023	0.077	0.070	0.503	23.42	72.83	1.445		
81	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0152	"	"	"	0.033	0.010	0.034	0.008	1089	100	1033	57	1133	1146	2.4	1.005	0.023	0.052	0.292	13.44	125.79	-		
82	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0398	"	"	"	0.082	0.022	0.083	0.009	6724	484	6156	73	6640	6797	2.3	0.915	0.072	0.011	0.723	31.87	50.62	-		
83	1363	"	"	9.51	7.45	3.76	0.0134	5469	2.759	0.6282	0.064	0.019	0.078	0.014	4096	561	3821	161	4182	4261	1.7	0.933	0.088	0.039	1.83	70.59	116.47	0.660		
84	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0097	"	"	"	0.046	0.012	0.060	0.023	2116	144	2261	332	2405	2448	1.8	1.068	0.068	0.015	1.31	54.32	162.04	-		
85	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0059	"	"	"	0.028	0.014	0.031	0.005	784	196	604	17	800	801	0.1	0.770	0.250	0.021	0.80	28.03	266.21	-		
92	3959	2.00	1.00	80.22	30.92	22.13	0.0011	7815	5.600	0.7347	0.044	0.026	0.047	0.022	1936	625	1623	355	2248	2260	0.6	0.838	0.323	0.183	5.25	23.02	703.16	0.078		
93	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0016	"	"	"	0.064	0.034	0.068	0.025	4096	1156	3398	460	4554	4556	0.1	0.830	0.282	0.112	7.19	33.30	460.42	-		
94	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0027	"	"	"	0.111	0.027	0.129	0.033	12321	729	12231	800	12960	13121	1.2	0.943	0.059	0.065	13.25	63.18	278.73	-		
95	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0010	"	"	"	0.042	0.015	0.048	0.015	1764	225	1693	165	1917	1929	0.2	0.959	0.127	0.078	5.02	23.51	736.64	-		

TABLE 1b CONTINUED

Test No	T sec	R ₁ ft	R ₂ ft	L ₀ ft	L ₁ ft	L ₂ ft	H/L ₁	C ₁ %/sec	C ₂ %/sec	C ₃ %/C ₁	a ₁ ft	a ₂ ft	a ₃ ft	a ₄ ft	E ₁ -a ₁ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E ₂ -a ₂ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E ₃ -a ₃ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E ₄ -a ₄ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	(a ₁ +a ₂ +a ₃ +a ₄) × 10 ³ ft	(a ₁ ² +a ₂ ² +a ₃ ² +a ₄ ²) × 10 ⁸ ft ²	(a ₁ ³ +a ₂ ³ +a ₃ ³ +a ₄ ³) × 10 ¹¹ ft ³	(a ₁ ⁴ +a ₂ ⁴ +a ₃ ⁴ +a ₄ ⁴) × 10 ¹⁶ ft ⁴	(a ₁ ⁵ +a ₂ ⁵ +a ₃ ⁵ +a ₄ ⁵) × 10 ²¹ ft ⁵	(a ₁ ⁶ +a ₂ ⁶ +a ₃ ⁶ +a ₄ ⁶) × 10 ²⁶ ft ⁶	% Loss	E _T E _i	E _{2T} E _i	E _{3T} E _i	L ₁ ² R ₁ ³	L ₂ ² R ₂ ³	C.T. a _i
A-95	4.516	2.00	1.00	104.36	35.49	25.35	0.0022	7.864	5.618	0.7289	0.039	0.021	0.040	0.012	1521	441	1167	105	1608	1626	1.2	0.767	0.290	0.069	6.14	25.70	910.59				
96	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00293	"	"	"	0.052	0.017	0.058	0.014	2704	289	2452	143	2741	2847	3.8	0.907	0.107	0.053	8.19	37.27	682.94				
99	4.953	"	"	125.53	39.05	27.85	0.00169	7.891	5.629	0.7252	0.033	0.011	0.039	0.014	1089	121	1103	143	1224	1232	0.7	1.012	0.111	0.131	6.29	30.25	1186.34				
101	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00256	"	"	"	0.050	0.022	0.054	0.016	2300	484	2114	185	2598	2685	3.3	0.845	0.194	0.074	9.53	41.80	781.68				
103	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00118	"	"	"	0.023	0.014	0.023	0.009	529	196	384	58	580	587	1.2	0.726	0.371	0.110	4.38	17.84	169.31				
104	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00102	"	"	"	0.020	0.013	0.021	0.008	400	169	319	47	488	488	—	0.723	0.383	0.107	3.81	16.29	1959.20				
105	6.644	"	"	225.90	52.79	37.50	0.00155	7.750	5.648	0.7171	0.041	0.012	0.047	0.012	1681	144	1584	103	1728	1784	3.2	0.942	0.086	0.061	14.28	66.09	1288.27				
106	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00333	"	"	"	0.088	0.018	0.103	0.024	9744	324	7604	413	7932	8157	3.0	0.882	0.042	0.053	30.65	144.84	600.22				
107	5.854	"	"	175.41	46.39	33.00	0.00134	7.929	5.641	0.7200	0.031	0.021	0.032	0.010	7161	441	737	72	478	1096	—	0.720	0.431	0.070	8.14	34.85	1485.77				
108	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00108	"	"	"	0.025	0.009	0.028	0.006	625	81	54	27	645	652	0.1	0.903	0.130	0.043	6.72	30.49	1854.76				
109	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00220	"	"	"	0.051	0.013	0.061	0.020	2601	169	2679	288	2848	2889	1.5	1.030	0.065	0.111	13.72	66.43	907.19				
110	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00410	"	"	"	0.095	0.014	0.109	0.028	7025	196	8854	564	9050	9579	5.8	0.881	0.022	0.063	25.56	118.70	488.10				
111	5.582	2.25	1.25	151.47	46.78	35.10	0.00192	8.386	6.292	0.7603	0.045	0.012	0.051	0.013	2025	144	1977	12.8	2121	2153	1.5	0.976	0.071	0.063	8.63	62.83	1040.24				
112	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00153	"	"	"	0.036	0.015	0.040	0.009	1369	225	1152	62	1377	1431	3.8	0.841	0.161	0.045	6.92	49.28	1300.31				
113	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00205	"	"	"	0.048	0.025	0.049	0.014	2304	325	1825	149	2450	2453	0.2	0.792	0.271	0.065	9.22	60.37	975.23				
114	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00393	"	"	"	0.092	0.005	0.104	0.023	8464	25	8220	402	8245	8866	7.0	0.971	0.003	0.048	17.68	128.13	50881				
115	5.051	"	"	130.55	42.18	31.70	0.00261	8.358	6.281	0.7637	0.055	0.017	0.060	0.013	3025	289	2749	129	3038	3154	3.7	0.909	0.096	0.043	8.57	60.29	717.38				
116	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00184	"	"	"	0.039	0.020	0.040	0.010	1521	400	1222	76	1622	1597	—	0.803	0.265	0.050	6.09	40.40	1082.46				
117	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00356	"	"	"	0.075	0.006	0.085	0.016	5425	36	5517	196	5553	5821	4.6	0.981	0.006	0.035	11.72	85.42	562.80				
118	4.372	"	"	97.84	36.29	27.35	0.00270	8.306	6.259	0.7700	0.049	0.015	0.054	0.015	2401	225	2245	173	2470	2574	4.0	0.935	0.094	0.072	5.67	20.88	741.10				
119	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00226	"	"	"	0.041	0.020	0.042	0.008	1681	400	1358	50	1758	1731	—	0.808	0.238	0.030	4.74	16.08	885.71				
120	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00402	"	"	"	0.073	0.035	0.073	0.020	5329	1225	4103	154	5328	5483	2.9	0.970	0.230	0.029	8.44	27.16	497.52				
121	3.844	"	"	75.63	31.68	23.95	0.00322	8.246	6.234	0.7774	0.051	0.008	0.058	0.015	2601	64	2615	175	2679	2776	3.5	1.005	0.025	0.067	4.49	17.03	621.52				
122	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00259	"	"	"	0.041	0.006	0.046	0.009	1681	36	1645	63	1681	1744	3.6	0.978	0.021	0.038	3.61	13.57	773.12				
123	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00505	"	"	"	0.080	0.010	0.089	0.018	6400	100	6157	252	6257	6652	6.0	0.962	0.016	0.039	7.05	26.13	376.22				
124	5.591	1.67	0.67	155.86	39.99	25.50	0.00135	7.351	4.624	0.6464	0.027	0.014	0.029	0.007	729	196	543	32	739	761	2.8	0.745	0.249	0.044	4.27	62.74	1482.15				
125	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00170	"	"	"	0.034	0.018	0.037	0.010	1156	324	885	64	1209	1220	1.0	0.785	0.280	0.055	11.67	80.25	1177.00				
126	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00285	"	"	"	0.057	0.023	0.065	0.015	3249	529	2731	145	3260	3394	4.0	0.841	0.163	0.045	19.57	140.86	702.07				
127	6.130	"	"	12.32	44.15	28.35	0.00094	7.266	4.618	0.6439	0.021	0.006	0.026	0.007	441	36	435	37	471	478	1.5	0.986	0.082	0.084	8.93	49.53	2121.08				
128	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00121	"	"	"	0.027	0.012	0.031	0.008	729	144	619	41	763	770	1.0	0.850	0.197	0.056	11.48	82.91	1497.67				
129	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00193	"	"	"	0.043	0.011	0.052	0.010	849	121	1741	64	1862	1913	2.7	0.942	0.065	0.025	18.29	139.08	1035.84				
130	6.946	"	"	246.13	50.54	32.15	0.00200	7.281	4.632	0.6415	0.050	0.010	0.061	0.010	2500	100	2387	64	2487	2564	3.0	0.955	0.040	0.026	21.27	163.14	1011.48				

TABLE 1b CONTINUED

Test No	T sec	R ₁ ft	R ₂ ft	L ₀ ft	L ₁ ft	L ₂ ft	H/L ₁	C ₁ #/sec	C ₂ #/sec	C ₃ %/C ₁	a ₁ ft	a ₂ ft	a ₃ ft	a ₄ ft	E ₁ =a ₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂ =a ₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₃ =a ₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₄ =a ₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₅ =a ₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₆ =a ₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₇ =a ₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₈ =a ₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₉ =a ₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₀ =a ₁₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₁ =a ₁₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₂ =a ₁₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₃ =a ₁₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₄ =a ₁₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₅ =a ₁₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₆ =a ₁₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₇ =a ₁₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₈ =a ₁₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₉ =a ₁₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₀ =a ₂₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₁ =a ₂₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₂ =a ₂₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₃ =a ₂₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₄ =a ₂₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₅ =a ₂₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₆ =a ₂₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₇ =a ₂₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₈ =a ₂₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₉ =a ₂₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₃₀ =a ₃₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₃₁ =a ₃₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₃₂ =a ₃₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₃₃ =a ₃₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₃₄ =a ₃₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₃₅ =a ₃₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₃₆ =a ₃₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₃₇ =a ₃₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₃₈ =a ₃₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₃₉ =a ₃₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₄₀ =a ₄₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₄₁ =a ₄₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₄₂ =a ₄₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₄₃ =a ₄₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₄₄ =a ₄₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₄₅ =a ₄₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₄₆ =a ₄₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₄₇ =a ₄₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₄₈ =a ₄₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₄₉ =a ₄₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₅₀ =a ₅₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₅₁ =a ₅₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₅₂ =a ₅₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₅₃ =a ₅₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₅₄ =a ₅₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₅₅ =a ₅₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₅₆ =a ₅₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₅₇ =a ₅₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₅₈ =a ₅₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₅₉ =a ₅₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₆₀ =a ₆₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₆₁ =a ₆₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₆₂ =a ₆₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₆₃ =a ₆₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₆₄ =a ₆₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₆₅ =a ₆₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₆₆ =a ₆₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₆₇ =a ₆₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₆₈ =a ₆₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₆₉ =a ₆₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₇₀ =a ₇₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₇₁ =a ₇₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₇₂ =a ₇₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₇₃ =a ₇₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₇₄ =a ₇₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₇₅ =a ₇₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₇₆ =a ₇₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₇₇ =a ₇₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₇₈ =a ₇₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₇₉ =a ₇₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₈₀ =a ₈₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₈₁ =a ₈₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₈₂ =a ₈₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₈₃ =a ₈₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₈₄ =a ₈₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₈₅ =a ₈₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₈₆ =a ₈₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₈₇ =a ₈₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₈₈ =a ₈₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₈₉ =a ₈₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₉₀ =a ₉₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₉₁ =a ₉₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₉₂ =a ₉₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₉₃ =a ₉₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₉₄ =a ₉₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₉₅ =a ₉₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₉₆ =a ₉₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₉₇ =a ₉₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₉₈ =a ₉₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₉₉ =a ₉₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₀₀ =a ₁₀₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₀₁ =a ₁₀₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₀₂ =a ₁₀₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₀₃ =a ₁₀₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₀₄ =a ₁₀₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₀₅ =a ₁₀₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₀₆ =a ₁₀₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₀₇ =a ₁₀₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₀₈ =a ₁₀₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₀₉ =a ₁₀₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₁₀ =a ₁₁₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₁₁ =a ₁₁₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₁₂ =a ₁₁₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₁₃ =a ₁₁₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₁₄ =a ₁₁₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₁₅ =a ₁₁₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₁₆ =a ₁₁₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₁₇ =a ₁₁₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₁₈ =a ₁₁₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₁₉ =a ₁₁₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₂₀ =a ₁₂₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₂₁ =a ₁₂₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₂₂ =a ₁₂₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₂₃ =a ₁₂₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₂₄ =a ₁₂₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₂₅ =a ₁₂₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₂₆ =a ₁₂₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₂₇ =a ₁₂₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₂₈ =a ₁₂₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₂₉ =a ₁₂₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₃₀ =a ₁₃₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₃₁ =a ₁₃₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₃₂ =a ₁₃₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₃₃ =a ₁₃₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₃₄ =a ₁₃₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₃₅ =a ₁₃₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₃₆ =a ₁₃₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₃₇ =a ₁₃₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₃₈ =a ₁₃₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₃₉ =a ₁₃₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₄₀ =a ₁₄₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₄₁ =a ₁₄₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₄₂ =a ₁₄₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₄₃ =a ₁₄₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₄₄ =a ₁₄₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₄₅ =a ₁₄₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₄₆ =a ₁₄₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₄₇ =a ₁₄₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₄₈ =a ₁₄₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₄₉ =a ₁₄₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₅₀ =a ₁₅₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₅₁ =a ₁₅₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₅₂ =a ₁₅₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₅₃ =a ₁₅₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₅₄ =a ₁₅₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₅₅ =a ₁₅₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₅₆ =a ₁₅₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₅₇ =a ₁₅₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₅₈ =a ₁₅₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₅₉ =a ₁₅₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₆₀ =a ₁₆₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₆₁ =a ₁₆₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₆₂ =a ₁₆₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₆₃ =a ₁₆₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₆₄ =a ₁₆₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₆₅ =a ₁₆₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₆₆ =a ₁₆₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₆₇ =a ₁₆₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₆₈ =a ₁₆₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₆₉ =a ₁₆₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₇₀ =a ₁₇₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₇₁ =a ₁₇₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₇₂ =a ₁₇₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₇₃ =a ₁₇₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₇₄ =a ₁₇₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₇₅ =a ₁₇₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₇₆ =a ₁₇₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₇₇ =a ₁₇₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₇₈ =a ₁₇₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₇₉ =a ₁₇₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₈₀ =a ₁₈₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₈₁ =a ₁₈₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₈₂ =a ₁₈₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₈₃ =a ₁₈₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₈₄ =a ₁₈₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₈₅ =a ₁₈₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₈₆ =a ₁₈₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₈₇ =a ₁₈₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₈₈ =a ₁₈₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₈₉ =a ₁₈₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₉₀ =a ₁₉₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₉₁ =a ₁₉₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₉₂ =a ₁₉₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₉₃ =a ₁₉₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₉₄ =a ₁₉₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₉₅ =a ₁₉₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₉₆ =a ₁₉₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₉₇ =a ₁₉₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₉₈ =a ₁₉₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₁₉₉ =a ₁₉₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₀₀ =a ₂₀₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₀₁ =a ₂₀₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₀₂ =a ₂₀₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₀₃ =a ₂₀₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₀₄ =a ₂₀₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₀₅ =a ₂₀₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₀₆ =a ₂₀₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₀₇ =a ₂₀₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₀₈ =a ₂₀₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₀₉ =a ₂₀₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₁₀ =a ₂₁₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₁₁ =a ₂₁₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₁₂ =a ₂₁₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₁₃ =a ₂₁₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₁₄ =a ₂₁₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₁₅ =a ₂₁₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₁₆ =a ₂₁₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₁₇ =a ₂₁₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₁₈ =a ₂₁₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₁₉ =a ₂₁₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₂₀ =a ₂₂₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₂₁ =a ₂₂₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₂₂ =a ₂₂₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₂₃ =a ₂₂₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₂₄ =a ₂₂₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₂₅ =a ₂₂₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₂₆ =a ₂₂₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₂₇ =a ₂₂₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₂₈ =a ₂₂₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₂₉ =a ₂₂₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₃₀ =a ₂₃₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₃₁ =a ₂₃₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₃₂ =a ₂₃₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₃₃ =a ₂₃₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₃₄ =a ₂₃₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₃₅ =a ₂₃₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₃₆ =a ₂₃₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₃₇ =a ₂₃₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₃₈ =a ₂₃₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₃₉ =a ₂₃₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₄₀ =a ₂₄₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₄₁ =a ₂₄₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₄₂ =a ₂₄₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₄₃ =a ₂₄₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₄₄ =a ₂₄₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₄₅ =a ₂₄₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₄₆ =a ₂₄₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₄₇ =a ₂₄₇ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₄₈ =a ₂₄₈ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₄₉ =a ₂₄₉ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₅₀ =a ₂₅₀ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₅₁ =a ₂₅₁ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₅₂ =a ₂₅₂ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₅₃ =a ₂₅₃ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₅₄ =a ₂₅₄ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₅₅ =a ₂₅₅ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₅₆ =a ₂₅₆ ² ×10 ⁴ ft ²	E ₂₅₇ =a ₂₅
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TABLE I, CONTINUED

Test No	T sec	R ₁ ft	R ₃ ft	L ₀ ft	L ₁ ft	L ₃ ft	H/L ₁	C ₁ %/sec	C ₃ %/sec	C ₀ /G ₁	a ₁ ft	a ₂ ft	a ₃ ft	a ₄ ft	F ₁ =a ₁ x10 ⁶		F ₂ =a ₂ x10 ⁶		F ₃ =a ₃ x10 ⁶		F ₄ =a ₄ x10 ⁶		L ₁ /L ₃	E _r	E _{rt}	E _o	L ₁ /R ₁	L ₃ /R ₁	C ₁	S [*] (R ₁ /H)
															ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*								
B-32	2.52	2.00	1.00	25.97	16.60	12.26	0.0113	7.975	5.445	0.4004	0.094	0.031	0.137	0.016	8836	961	7592	102	8543	8138	4.5	0.858	0.108	0.011	3.30	20.97	176.69	0.242		
33	1.689	"	"	14.60	11.60	8.89	0.0065	6.872	5.266	0.4412	0.038	0.018	0.051	0.013	1444	324	1147	74	1471	1518	3.1	0.794	0.224	0.051	0.64	4.03	305.45	0.429		
34	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0124	"	"	"	0.072	0.029	0.019	0.019	5184	841	4324	159	5765	5743	3.4	0.734	0.162	0.031	1.21	7.83	161.21	"		
35	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0188	"	"	"	0.109	0.022	0.159	0.030	11681	484	11153	397	11637	12278	5.3	0.715	0.041	0.033	1.83	12.57	106.49	"		
36	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0235	"	"	"	0.136	0.060	0.197	0.024	18496	3481	13823	259	17303	18750	7.7	0.747	0.188	0.014	2.29	13.99	85.35	"		
37	1.348	"	"	9.80	8.75	7.00	0.0112	6.328	5.066	0.4871	0.049	0.026	0.057	0.010	2401	676	1695	44	2371	2450	3.3	0.706	0.281	0.020	0.47	3.13	194.08	0.674		
38	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0185	"	"	"	0.081	0.025	0.109	0.022	6561	626	3785	235	6412	6796	4.7	0.682	0.095	0.036	0.98	4.85	105.31	"		
39	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0237	"	"	"	0.104	0.028	0.134	0.024	10816	784	9411	280	10195	11096	8.2	0.710	0.072	0.028	0.99	6.81	82.02	"		
40	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0283	"	"	"	0.124	0.015	0.170	0.029	15376	225	14097	409	14302	15785	9.4	0.715	0.015	0.026	1.19	8.33	68.97	"		
41	0.703	"	"	4.17	4.15	3.86	0.0218	4.601	4.279	0.5659	0.042	0.010	0.077	0.008	3844	100	3355	36	3455	3880	10.9	0.873	0.026	0.010	0.13	1.15	67.00	1.503		
43	0.972	2.25	1.25	5.04	5.00	4.69	0.0242	5.044	4.734	0.5579	0.073	0.014	0.093	0.025	5329	196	4825	348	5021	5677	11.5	0.705	0.037	0.065	0.16	1.05	68.55	1.245		
44	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0360	"	"	"	0.090	0.008	0.116	0.031	8100	64	7507	536	7511	8636	11.0	0.855	0.054	0.066	0.20	1.28	55.40	"		
45	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0472	"	"	"	0.118	0.036	0.148	0.052	13924	1216	12222	1504	13518	15432	12.4	0.897	0.093	0.011	0.26	1.66	42.41	"		
46	1.385	"	"	9.81	9.00	7.61	0.0202	6.504	5.476	0.5089	0.091	0.020	0.123	0.029	8201	400	7611	428	8019	8709	7.0	0.929	0.048	0.051	0.65	3.64	98.97	0.639		
47	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0124	"	"	"	0.056	0.023	0.071	0.016	3136	527	2515	130	3094	3266	5.3	0.818	0.168	0.041	0.40	2.10	160.86	"		
48	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0275	"	"	"	0.124	0.032	0.163	0.030	15376	1024	13520	458	14544	15834	7.6	0.715	0.156	0.029	0.88	4.56	72.65	"		
49	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0362	"	"	"	0.163	0.018	0.215	0.027	24549	324	23524	371	23848	24940	11.5	0.885	0.012	0.014	1.16	6.37	55.26	"		
50	1.786	"	"	16.33	13.00	10.41	0.058	7.282	5.834	0.4542	0.038	0.020	0.048	0.010	1444	400	1044	45	1490	1489	2.8	0.725	0.277	0.031	0.56	2.66	342.23	0.384		
51	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0098	"	"	"	0.044	0.023	0.088	0.019	4096	529	3517	164	4046	4260	5.0	0.858	0.129	0.040	0.95	4.88	203.22	"		
52	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0199	"	"	"	0.077	0.044	0.128	0.028	9409	1936	7438	356	9374	9765	4.1	0.797	0.205	0.037	1.44	6.97	134.08	"		
53	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0204	"	"	"	0.133	0.060	0.192	0.039	17689	3600	13437	673	17037	18382	7.3	0.787	0.203	0.037	1.97	9.34	97.97	"		
54	2.332	"	"	27.83	18.15	14.09	0.0057	7.788	6.045	0.6186	0.054	0.032	0.068	0.016	2916	1024	1935	107	2157	3023	2.1	0.663	0.350	0.036	1.56	6.91	336.33	0.225		
55	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0034	"	"	"	0.031	0.018	0.040	0.010	961	324	669	42	913	1003	1.0*	0.686	0.337	0.044	0.70	4.06	583.87	"		
56	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0076	"	"	"	0.087	0.039	0.125	0.044	7549	1521	6540	810	8061	8379	4.2	0.749	0.111	0.107	2.66	13.31	208.76	"		
57	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0140	"	"	"	0.127	0.061	0.193	0.048	16129	3921	12528	165	16249	17014	5.2	0.879	0.125	0.057	3.67	18.68	143.01	"		
58	2.832	"	"	41.04	22.70	17.38	0.0062	8.021	6.141	0.4031	0.070	0.037	0.096	0.030	4900	1369	3714	360	5083	5260	3.4	0.758	0.279	0.073	3.17	14.83	324.50	0.153		
59	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0042	"	"	"	0.048	0.025	0.069	0.027	2304	625	1919	244	2544	2598	2.1	0.833	0.271	0.127	2.17	10.66	473.23	"		
60	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0028	"	"	"	0.032	0.014	0.049	0.020	1024	196	167	16.0	1163	1184	1.8	0.944	0.191	0.156	1.45	7.57	797.94	"		
61	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0017	"	"	"	0.019	0.009	0.030	0.014	361	81	360	79	421	440	0.1	0.997	0.214	0.219	0.86	4.63	1185.53	"		
62	2.977	1.50	0.50	45.96	20.10	11.88	0.0020	6.712	3.947	0.3097	0.020	0.009	0.032	0.005	400	81	317	7	398	407	2.3	0.792	0.202	0.017	2.37	36.12	1005.15	0.136		
63	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0033	"	"	"	0.035	0.015	0.055	0.012	1089	225	703	45	1128	1134	0.6	0.827	0.206	0.041	3.95	62.08	607.85	"		
64	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0041	"	"	"	0.041	0.022	0.064	0.017	1681	484	1267	90	1751	1771	1.2	0.817	0.152	0.053	4.41	77.08	470.61	"		
65	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0061	"	"	"	0.016	0.010	0.023	0.006	256	100	164	11	264	267	2.2	0.690	0.310	0.043	1.12	25.16	1257.19	"		
66	1.987	"	"	19.61	12.50	7.64	0.0054	6.391	3.905	0.3483	0.034	0.018	0.050	0.008	1156	324	851	22	1175	1178	1.1	0.922	0.086	0.019	1.58	24.12	347.85	0.320		
67	1.181	"	"	18.30	12.00	7.36	0.0033	6.357	3.877	0.3444	0.020	0.006	0.033	0.006	400	36	370	12	406	412	1.5	0.725	0.090	0.030	0.85	14.52	627.05	0.312		
68	1.987	"	"	17.61	12.50	7.64	0.0081	6.391	3.905	0.3403	0.049	0.018	0.078	0.011	2401	324	2068	41	2372	2442	2.1	0.861	0.135	0.017	2.26	36.44	253.25	0.320		

TABLE Ia CONTINUED

Test No	T sec	R _s ft	R _s ft	L ₀ ft	L ₁ ft	L ₂ ft	H ₁ /L ₁	C ₁ %/sec	C ₂ %/sec	C ₃ %/C ₁	a ₁ ft	a ₂ ft	a ₃ ft	a ₄ ft	E = a ₁ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E = a ₂ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E = a ₃ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E = a ₄ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E = a ₁ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E = a ₂ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E = a ₃ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E = a ₄ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E = a ₁ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E = a ₂ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E = a ₃ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E = a ₄ ² × 10 ⁸ ft ²	E _T E _i	E _T E _i	E _T E _i	L ₁ ² a ₁ R _s ³	L ₁ ² a ₂ R _s ³	C ₁ T a ₁	σ ² (R _s , R _s)								
D-69	1.981	1.50	0.50	18.30	12.50	7.44	0.0105	6.391	3.905	0.3403	0.063	0.017	0.103	0.016	3969	289	3610	87	4056	4056	3.9	0.909	0.073	0.022	2.92	48.00	198.52	0.320													
70	2.430	"	"	30.23	16.00	9.58	0.0031	4.587	3.943	0.3209	0.025	0.013	0.038	0.009	625	169	464	26	633	651	2.8	0.942	0.270	0.041	1.90	27.92	640.24	0.207													
71	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0050	"	"	"	0.040	0.018	0.063	0.010	1600	324	1274	32	1598	1632	2.1	0.796	0.202	0.020	3.03	46.24	400.15	"													
72	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0071	"	"	"	0.057	0.016	0.098	0.024	3249	256	3073	185	3329	3434	3.1	0.946	0.078	0.057	4.32	71.96	280.81	"													
73	1.431	"	"	10.48	8.45	5.45	0.0080	5.908	3.811	0.3929	0.034	0.010	0.051	0.009	1156	100	1022	26	1122	1182	5.0	0.911	0.089	0.022	0.72	12.08	248.65	0.598													
74	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0130	"	"	"	0.035	0.027	0.075	0.012	3025	729	2210	56	2939	3081	4.6	0.852	0.012	0.018	1.16	19.24	135.72	"													
75	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0197	"	"	"	0.075	0.032	0.105	0.010	5625	1024	4332	39	5356	5664	5.5	0.970	0.191	0.069	1.59	24.96	112.72	"													
76	1.077	"	"	5.93	5.53	3.74	0.0432	5.157	3.657	0.4835	0.120	0.021	0.157	0.010	14400	441	11918	48	12357	14448	14.5	0.827	0.031	0.033	1.09	15.48	46.28	1.056													
77	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0310	"	"	"	0.086	0.023	0.113	0.012	7396	329	6174	69	6703	7468	10.3	0.834	0.071	0.093	0.79	14.04	64.58	"													
78	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0248	"	"	"	0.069	0.019	0.091	0.009	4761	361	4803	39	4344	4806	9.0	0.786	0.131	0.082	0.63	10.92	80.49	"													
79	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0151	"	"	"	0.042	0.015	0.035	0.007	1764	225	1462	24	1687	1788	5.7	0.828	0.127	0.014	0.38	6.84	132.24	"													
80	3.438	2.25	1.25	60.49	28.10	21.32	0.0049	8.199	6.207	0.3929	0.070	0.042	0.089	0.012	4100	1764	3112	56	4876	4956	1.7	0.635	0.360	0.011	4.85	20.49	401.10	0.104													
81	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0042	"	"	"	0.059	0.031	0.078	0.008	3481	961	2310	25	3351	3506	4.5	0.713	0.276	0.007	4.09	18.14	476.59	"													
82	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0067	"	"	"	0.095	0.046	0.129	0.012	9025	2116	6538	56	8654	9025	4.1	0.724	0.234	0.006	6.59	30.00	295.99	"													

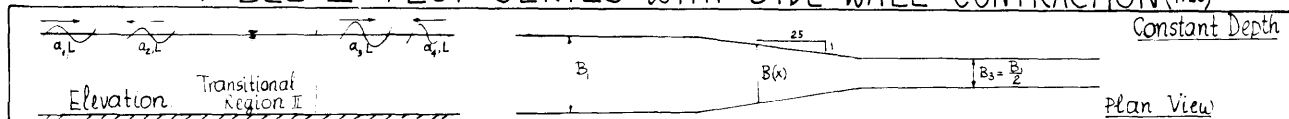
TABLE I_b CONTINUED

Test No	T	R _i	R _s	L ₀	L ₁	L ₂	H _L	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	a ₁	a ₂	a ₃	a ₄	E ₁ =d ₁ ×10 ³	E ₂ =d ₂ ×10 ³	E ₃ =d ₃ ×10 ³	E ₄ =d ₄ ×10 ³	E ₅ =d ₅ ×10 ³	E ₆ =d ₆ ×10 ³	E ₇ =d ₇ ×10 ³	E ₈ =d ₈ ×10 ³	E ₉ =d ₉ ×10 ³	E ₁₀ =d ₁₀ ×10 ³	% Loss	E _T	E _{VT}	E _{VB}	L ₁ a ₁	L ₂ a ₂	C.T	
	Sec	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	%/sec	%/sec	%/sec	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*	ft*		E _i	E _{li}	E _{ci}	L ₁ a ₁	L ₂ a ₂	a _i
B-85	4.194	2.25	1.25	90.00	34.73	24.20	0.00489	8.288	6.252	0.3861	0.085	0.022	0.132	0.023	7225	484	6253	85	6737	7310	7.9	0.866	0.047	0.012	9.00	46.79	408.94					
84	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00317	"	"	"	0.055	0.008	0.086	0.015	3025	64	2855	83	2919	3018	6.1	0.944	0.021	0.027	5.82	30.23	637.00					
85	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00230	"	"	"	0.040	0.012	0.062	0.010	1600	144	1422	37	1566	1677	4.4	0.889	0.090	0.023	4.24	21.79	817.00					
86	5.010	"	"	132.58	42.52	31.95	0.00183	8.360	6.282	0.3917	0.039	0.017	0.057	0.010	1521	289	1202	37	1491	1558	4.3	0.990	0.110	0.024	6.19	23.79	1091.08					
87	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00165	"	"	"	0.035	0.017	0.048	0.008	1225	289	879	24	1168	1249	6.0	0.917	0.236	0.020	5.36	28.22	1215.91					
88	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00151	"	"	"	0.032	0.009	0.050	0.009	1024	81	925	30	1006	1054	4.5	0.903	0.099	0.029	5.08	24.15	1327.25					
89	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00258	"	"	"	0.055	0.013	0.086	0.014	3025	169	2736	73	2905	2989	6.2	0.904	0.056	0.029	8.73	44.95	793.47					
90	5.566	"	"	158.58	44.64	35.00	0.00176	8.385	6.242	0.3802	0.041	0.010	0.065	0.010	1681	100	1573	37	1663	1718	3.3	0.930	0.040	0.022	7.83	40.77	1138.31					
91	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00219	"	"	"	0.051	0.011	0.080	0.015	2401	121	2433	85	2554	2686	4.9	0.935	0.047	0.033	9.74	50.97	915.12					
92	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00137	"	"	"	0.032	0.010	0.049	0.010	1024	100	913	38	1013	1062	4.6	0.892	0.098	0.037	6.11	30.73	1458.47					
93	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00257	"	"	"	0.060	0.014	0.073	0.012	3600	196	3288	55	3484	3655	4.7	0.913	0.054	0.015	11.45	58.33	797.85					
94	5.499	2.00	1.00	165.06	44.97	32.00	0.00173	7.123	5.638	0.3604	0.039	0.019	0.056	0.010	1521	361	1129	36	1490	1557	4.3	0.942	0.237	0.029	9.86	64.47	1153.72					
95	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00133	"	"	"	0.030	0.017	0.041	0.007	900	289	605	18	894	918	2.6	0.872	0.321	0.020	7.58	41.99	1499.83					
96	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00267	"	"	"	0.060	0.012	0.099	0.021	3600	144	3532	159	3676	3759	2.2	0.981	0.040	0.044	15.17	101.38	749.92					
97	4.999	"	"	126.86	39.29	28.00	0.00229	7.892	5.628	0.3625	0.045	0.010	0.072	0.014	2025	100	1880	71	1980	2096	5.3	0.928	0.049	0.035	8.47	58.45	893.20					
98	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00173	"	"	"	0.034	0.020	0.046	0.010	1156	400	767	36	1167	1192	2.1	0.863	0.346	0.031	6.55	34.99	1155.91					
99	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00260	"	"	"	0.051	0.019	0.079	0.016	2401	361	2262	93	2423	2694	2.7	0.870	0.139	0.036	9.83	61.94	770.47					
100	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00331	"	"	"	0.065	0.028	0.096	0.022	4225	784	3340	93	4124	4318	4.5	0.991	0.186	0.022	12.53	75.27	604.52					
101	4.213	"	"	93.00	33.41	23.90	0.00347	7.844	5.611	0.3678	0.058	0.008	0.073	0.017	3364	64	3162	105	3228	3469	7.0	0.941	0.019	0.031	8.09	53.12	576.53					
102	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00239	"	"	"	0.040	0.018	0.059	0.012	1600	324	1261	53	1585	1653	4.1	0.988	0.203	0.033	5.58	35.42	835.98					
103	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00189	"	"	"	0.030	0.008	0.049	0.012	900	64	878	52	942	952	1.1	0.976	0.071	0.058	4.88	27.97	1114.63					
106	6.573	"	"	221.15	52.22	37.10	0.00157	7.949	5.648	0.3586	0.067	0.029	0.100	0.020	4489	841	3586	157	4427	4646	4.8	0.881	0.108	0.035	22.84	144.33	797.84					
107	6.216	1.67	0.67	197.95	45.15	28.95	0.00159	7.268	4.628	0.3218	0.036	0.010	0.061	0.011	1296	100	1197	39	1297	1335	2.8	0.924	0.097	0.030	15.76	147.80	1234.94					
108	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00073	"	"	"	0.021	0.007	0.036	0.010	441	89	417	32	466	473	1.5	0.946	0.111	0.093	9.19	99.02	2151.33					
109	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00270	"	"	"	0.061	0.028	0.094	0.013	3721	784	2843	54	3627	3795	4.0	0.964	0.211	0.015	24.70	258.57	740.62					
110	5.497	"	"	154.65	39.83	25.40	0.00146	7.250	4.624	0.3232	0.029	0.015	0.045	0.007	900	225	654	16	879	916	4.0	0.926	0.091	0.018	9.88	107.35	1394.24					
112	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00246	"	"	"	0.049	0.007	0.083	0.009	2401	49	2226	26	2275	2427	6.3	0.927	0.020	0.011	16.49	178.20	813.33					
113	7.336	"	"	267.99	52.68	33.56	0.00133	7.285	4.633	0.3204	0.035	0.010	0.060	0.014	1225	100	1143	63	1243	1288	2.0	0.949	0.082	0.051	20.86	224.88	1026.11					
114	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00227	"	"	"	0.060	0.011	0.102	0.023	3604	121	3399	169	3520	3769	6.6	0.943	0.034	0.047	35.95	382.30	878.57					
115	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00208	"	"	"	0.055	0.025	0.087	0.019	3025	625	2425	93	3030	3118	2.2	0.802	0.207	0.031	32.77	324.07	158.44					
116	6.997	1.50	0.50	250.40	48.21	28.00	0.00116	6.966	4.004	0.2923	0.028	0.009	0.049	0.010	784	81	702	29	783	813	3.6	0.815	0.103	0.037	19.35	367.32	1925.15					
117	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00087	"	"	"	0.021	0.011	0.033	0.006	441	121	318	10	439	451	2.7	0.907	0.116	0.023	14.57	232.88	2301.00					

TABLE II_b CONTINUED

Test No	T Sec	R ₁ ft	R ₂ ft	L ₀ ft	L ₁ ft	L ₂ ft	H/L ₁	C ₁ %/sec	C ₂ %/sec	C ₃ %/C ₁	a ₁ ft	a ₂ ft	a ₃ ft	a ₄ ft	E ₁ = a ₁ ³ × 10 ³	E ₂ = a ₂ ³ × 10 ³	E ₃ = a ₃ ³ × 10 ³	E ₄ = a ₄ ³ × 10 ³	E ₅ = a ₅ ³ × 10 ³	E ₆ = a ₆ ³ × 10 ³	E ₇ = a ₇ ³ × 10 ³	E _T	E _{rT}	E ₁₀	L ² a ₁	L ³ a ₂	C ₁ T
															ft ³	ft ³	ft ³	ft ³	ft ³	ft ³	ft ³						
B-118	6.997	1.50	0.50	250.40	48.29	28.00	0.0012	6.906	4.004	0.2923	0.029	0.012	0.049	0.009	841	144	702	24	846	865	2.2	0.835	0.171	0.029	20.04	367.32	1666.24
119	8.616	"	"	379.91	57.59	34.50	0.00023	6.921	4.007	0.2911	0.007	0.003	0.012	0.004	49	9	43	4	52	53	1.9	0.878	0.184	0.082	7.36	114.28	9887.14
120	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00037	"	"	"	0.011	0.008	0.015	0.005	121	64	65	7	129	128	—	0.537	0.529	0.058	11.57	142.80	6291.82
121	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00077	"	"	"	0.023	0.011	0.038	0.010	529	121	420	29	541	558	2.2	0.784	0.229	0.055	24.19	361.84	3007.13
122	6.065	"	"	188.23	41.97	24.25	0.00077	6.892	4.001	0.2936	0.016	0.011	0.021	0.004	256	121	130	4	251	256	2.0	0.508	0.473	0.016	8.27	106.80	2612.50
123	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00105	"	"	"	0.022	0.010	0.036	0.006	484	100	380	10	480	494	2.9	0.785	0.207	0.021	11.37	169.36	19000.0
124	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00105	"	"	"	0.034	0.011	0.059	0.009	1156	121	1022	24	1143	1180	3.2	0.884	0.105	0.021	17.58	277.56	1227.41

TABLE III TEST SERIES WITH SIDE WALL CONTRACTION (1:25)



Test No	T	R1	R2	L0	L1	L2	H1/L1	H2/L2	C1=C2	C2/C1	a1	a2	a3	a4	E=a1x10 ³		E=a2x10 ³		E=a3x10 ³		E=a4x10 ³		(2a3+a1)x10 ³	(2a4+a2)x10 ³	1 - $\frac{2a_1^2 + a_2^2}{2a_1^2 + a_2^2}$	E1 a1	E1 a2	E2 a1	E2 a2	L1 a1	L1 a2	C.T
															ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft										
1	2089	2.25	2.25	48.82	25.00	25.00	0.0047	0.0086	8.099	0.500	0.084	0.046	0.107	0.047	7056	2116	11449	2209	16001	16321	1.4	0.811	0.100	0.156	4.61	5.87	299.85					
2	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0022	0.0192	-	-	0.028	0.009	0.240	0.015	784	81	1600	225	1762	1793	1.8	1.02	0.105	0.143	1.54	13.10	893.57					
3	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0080	0.0113	-	-	0.100	0.036	0.141	0.054	10000	1296	19881	2916	22473	22916	1.9	0.994	0.129	0.145	5.49	7.74	230.20					
4	2534	-	-	32.86	20.00	20.00	0.0077	0.0111	7.899	-	0.077	0.028	0.111	0.040	5929	441	12321	1600	13203	13458	1.9	1.03	0.074	0.134	2.70	3.90	260.00					
5	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0055	0.0055	-	-	0.055	0.020	0.075	0.026	3025	400	5625	676	6425	6726	4.1	0.927	0.132	0.112	1.93	2.63	364.00					
6	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0025	0.0035	-	-	0.025	0.009	0.075	0.013	625	81	1225	169	1387	1419	2.2	0.980	0.129	0.135	0.88	1.22	800.00					
7	1880	-	-	18.08	13.90	13.90	0.0064	0.0094	7.400	-	0.045	0.012	0.065	0.025	2025	144	4225	625	4513	4675	4.5	1.043	0.071	0.154	0.76	1.10	417.08					
8	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0135	0.0197	-	-	0.094	0.012	0.197	0.044	8836	144	18769	1936	19057	19608	2.9	1.062	0.016	0.109	1.59	2.32	200.00					
9	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0147	0.0292	-	-	0.130	0.018	0.189	0.062	14900	324	35721	3844	36369	37644	3.4	1.057	0.019	0.227	2.20	3.21	144.62					
10	1498	-	-	11.18	9.95	9.95	0.0241	0.0416	6.736	-	0.143	0.011	0.207	0.071	20449	121	42849	5741	43091	45139	6.2	1.048	0.006	0.123	1.24	1.80	67.45					
11	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0221	0.0312	-	-	0.110	0.016	0.155	0.039	12100	256	24025	1521	24537	25721	4.6	0.993	0.021	0.062	0.96	1.35	40.55					
12	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0086	0.0123	-	-	0.043	0.012	0.061	0.021	1849	144	3721	441	4009	4139	3.2	1.006	0.078	0.119	0.37	0.53	231.43					
13	1053	-	-	5.47	5.60	5.60	0.0321	0.0450	5.323	-	0.090	0.014	0.126	0.032	8100	196	15876	1024	16268	17224	5.5	0.980	0.024	0.063	0.25	0.35	62.33					
14	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0532	0.0737	-	-	0.149	0.015	0.207	0.054	22201	225	42849	2916	43299	47118	8.5	0.965	0.010	0.062	0.41	0.57	37.45					
15	3044	-	-	47.42	24.60	24.60	0.0011	0.0016	8.087	-	0.014	0.006	0.020	0.007	196	36	400	49	412	441	1.9	1.020	0.183	0.125	0.74	1.06	1957.14					
16	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0024	0.0032	-	-	0.030	0.015	0.039	0.015	900	225	1521	225	1971	2025	2.6	0.845	0.250	0.125	1.59	2.07	820.00					
17	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0040	0.0059	-	-	0.050	0.013	0.072	0.024	2500	169	5184	576	5522	5576	1.0	1.086	0.067	0.115	2.66	3.83	492.00					
18	2550	-	-	33.28	20.15	20.15	0.0069	0.0095	7.907	-	0.070	0.030	0.096	0.038	4900	900	9216	1444	11061	11244	2.0	0.940	0.183	0.149	2.49	3.42	288.00					
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0054	0.0074	-	-	0.055	0.026	0.075	0.031	3025	676	5625	961	6877	7011	2.0	0.930	0.223	0.159	1.96	2.67	366.55					
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0022	0.0031	-	-	0.022	0.010	0.031	0.016	484	100	961	256	1161	1224	5.0	0.993	0.206	0.244	0.78	1.10	916.36					
21	1514	-	-	20.16	14.90	14.90	0.0037	0.0050	7.513	-	0.028	0.015	0.037	0.016	784	225	1369	256	1819	1824	0.3	0.873	0.287	0.163	0.55	0.72	590.36					
22	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0092	0.0130	-	-	0.067	0.014	0.097	0.020	4761	196	9409	400	9901	9922	1.3	0.988	0.041	0.042	1.34	1.89	237.57					
23	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0131	0.0189	-	-	0.098	0.014	0.141	0.044	9604	196	19881	1936	20273	21144	4.2	1.035	0.020	0.102	1.91	2.75	148.47					
24	1633	-	-	13.65	11.50	11.50	0.0175	0.0252	7.046	-	0.101	0.035	0.145	0.061	10201	1225	21025	3721	23475	23651	2.7	1.031	0.120	0.182	1.17	1.68	113.76					
25	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0120	0.0170	-	-	0.069	0.012	0.098	0.025	4761	144	9604	625	9872	10147	2.5	1.007	0.010	0.066	0.80	1.14	164.81					
26	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0055	0.0080	-	-	0.032	0.008	0.046	0.015	1024	64	2116	225	2244	2273	1.3	1.093	0.062	0.101	0.37	0.53	387.68					
27	1375	-	-	9.67	8.90	8.90	0.0116	0.0164	6.477	-	0.052	0.009	0.073	0.015	2704	81	5329	225	5891	5863	3.0	0.986	0.030	0.041	0.36	0.51	191.35					
28	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0222	0.0324	-	-	0.099	0.014	0.144	0.049	9801	196	20739	2401	21131	22003	4.0	1.115	0.020	0.129	0.69	1.00	90.00					
29	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0312	0.0440	-	-	0.139	0.038	0.156	0.071	19321	1444	38416	5741	41304	43683	5.5	0.987	0.074	0.130	0.97	1.36	64.10					
30	1464	1.67	1.67	19.74	13.10	13.10	0.0120	0.0171	6.676	-	0.079	0.027	0.112	0.045	6241	729	12544	2025	14002	14507	3.5	1.005	0.116	0.162	0.91	1.33	115.94					
31	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0091	0.0127	-	-	0.060	0.014	0.083	0.017	3600	196	6889	289	7281	7489	3.0	0.958	0.034	0.040	2.21	3.06	218.50					
32	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0045	0.0066	-	-	0.030	0.008	0.043	0.016	900	64	1849	256	1971	2056	3.8	1.027	0.071	0.142	1.10	1.58	437.00					

TABLE III CONTINUED

Test No	T sec	R ₁ ft	R ₂ ft	L ₀ ft	L ₁ ft	L ₂ ft	H ₁ /L ₁	H ₂ /L ₂	C ₁ =C ₂ %/sec	C ₃₀ /C ₀₁	a ₁ ft	a ₂ ft	a ₃ ft	a ₄ ft	E ₁ =a ₁ ² ×10 ⁸ ft ²	E ₂ =a ₂ ² ×10 ⁸ ft ²	E ₃ =a ₃ ² ×10 ⁸ ft ²	E ₄ =a ₄ ² ×10 ⁸ ft ²	E ₅ =a ₅ ² ×10 ⁸ (2a ₁ +a ₂) ² ×10 ⁸ ft ²	E ₆ =a ₆ ² ×10 ⁸ (2a ₁ +a ₂) ² ×10 ⁸ ft ²	2a ₁ ² +a ₂ ² / 2a ₁ ² +a ₂ ²	E ₁ a ₁ ² / E ₁ a ₁ ²	E ₂ a ₂ ² / E ₂ a ₂ ²	E ₃ a ₃ ² / E ₃ a ₃ ²	E ₄ a ₄ ² / E ₄ a ₄ ²	L ₁ ² a ₁ ² / R ₁ ²	L ₂ ² a ₂ ² / R ₂ ²	C.T. a ₁
C-33	1.486	1.67	1.67	11.30	9.20	9.20	0.0104	0.0128	6.195	0.500	0.048	0.026	0.059	0.021	2304	676	3481	462	4833	5070	4.7	0.955	0.293	0.100	0.87	1.07	191.86	
34	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0147	0.0207	"	"	0.068	0.025	0.085	0.038	4624	625	9025	1444	10275	10692	4.0	0.976	0.135	0.156	1.24	1.73	135.54	
35	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0215	0.0300	"	"	0.099	0.016	0.138	0.031	9810	196	19044	961	19436	20563	5.5	0.992	0.020	0.049	1.80	2.51	93.03	
36	1.082	"	"	6.00	5.70	5.70	0.0158	0.0221	5.269	"	0.045	0.009	0.063	0.051	2025	81	3169	225	4131	4275	3.4	0.980	0.040	0.035	0.31	0.44	126.67	
37	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0336	0.0474	"	"	0.096	0.017	0.135	0.038	9216	289	18225	1444	18803	19876	5.4	0.989	0.031	0.078	0.47	0.94	59.37	
38	2.189	"	"	48.74	21.05	21.05	0.0043	0.0045	7.046	"	0.046	0.009	0.068	0.026	2116	81	4624	676	4786	4908	2.5	1.017	0.038	0.160	4.38	6.47	457.83	
39	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0029	0.0042	"	"	0.031	0.010	0.044	0.016	761	100	1936	256	2131	2198	2.2	1.007	0.184	0.133	2.95	4.19	679.35	
40	2.558	"	"	33.49	17.75	17.75	0.0049	0.0073	6.943	"	0.044	0.007	0.065	0.026	1936	49	4225	476	4323	4548	4.9	1.091	0.025	0.174	2.98	4.40	403.63	
41	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0066	0.0088	"	"	0.059	0.028	0.078	0.030	3481	784	6084	900	7652	7862	2.7	0.874	0.225	0.129	3.99	5.28	301.02	
42	3.009	1.42	1.42	46.33	19.65	19.65	0.0037	0.0050	6.536	"	0.037	0.019	0.049	0.021	1369	361	2401	441	3123	3179	1.8	0.897	0.264	0.161	4.99	6.61	351.62	
43	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0028	0.0042	"	"	0.028	0.0065	0.041	0.016	784	42	1681	256	1765	1824	3.3	1.072	0.053	0.163	3.78	5.53	702.50	
44	2.777	"	"	26.53	14.50	14.50	0.0048	0.0068	6.973	"	0.035	0.013	0.049	0.019	1225	165	2401	361	2739	2811	3.6	0.980	0.138	0.147	2.57	3.60	444.57	
45	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0064	0.0095	"	"	0.047	0.011	0.069	0.028	2209	121	4761	784	5003	5203	3.9	1.078	0.035	0.177	3.45	5.07	308.72	
46	1.738	"	"	15.46	10.60	10.60	0.0166	0.0240	6.102	"	0.088	0.020	0.127	0.047	7744	400	16129	2209	16929	17897	4.3	1.041	0.052	0.143	3.45	4.98	120.57	
47	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0104	0.0136	"	"	0.055	0.022	0.072	0.018	3025	484	5184	324	6152	6374	3.5	0.857	0.160	0.034	2.16	2.83	192.70	
48	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0072	0.0104	"	"	0.038	0.006	0.055	0.016	1444	36	3025	256	3097	3144	1.5	1.024	0.025	0.086	1.49	2.16	279.21	
49	1.14	"	"	6.65	6.00	6.00	0.0185	0.0260	5.266	"	0.055	0.009	0.078	0.020	3080	81	6084	400	6246	6580	4.8	0.987	0.026	0.065	0.69	0.98	109.09	
50	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0280	0.0370	"	"	0.084	0.039	0.111	0.048	7056	1521	12321	2304	15363	16416	6.5	0.893	0.130	0.163	1.06	1.40	71.63	
51	1.918	"	"	20.43	12.50	12.50	0.0113	0.0157	6.260	"	0.071	0.018	0.098	0.024	5041	324	9604	576	10252	10658	3.8	0.953	0.024	0.037	3.88	5.35	176.20	
52	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.0072	0.0101	"	"	0.043	0.016	0.063	0.024	2025	256	3169	576	4481	4625	3.2	0.981	0.126	0.142	2.46	3.44	278.00	

* XEC *M4013-3529,FMS,RESULT,1,5,500,500, BCURODIMDS .04

IV-a-1

JCB TIME = .06 MIN.

LIBRARY ENTRY PCINTS, .SETUP (CSHM) (RTN) (SPHM) (FIL) SORT COS SIN ATAN EXP(2)

Table with 5 columns: NAME ORIGIN ENTRY, NAME ORIGIN ENTRY, NAME ORIGIN ENTRY, NAME ORIGIN ENTRY, NAME ORIGIN ENTRY. Lists various system files and their attributes.

PROGRAM LENGTH = 22500. LOWEST COMMCN = 77461

.22 MINUTES ELAPSED SINCE START OF JOB

-155-

EXECUTION THE FOLLOWING RUNS HAVE BED SLOPE = .125000 AND SIDEWALL SLOPE = 1.000000. Table with columns: RUN, T, XLO, XL1, H1, H3, HH13, XL3, A1P, A2P, A3P, STEPU, STEPD, Z1, XKR, XKT, CELAU, CELAD, CGRAT. Contains 5 rows of data.

IVa-2

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RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
								DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33		A1	A2	A3	A4	
6	1.916	18.79	14.25	2.25	1.25	1.80	11.30	.0968	.0047	.0998	.0136	.0177	15.87	.0484	1.0307	7.441	5.900	.8857
								-27.8	.1	9.1	.16	.11			.100	.016	.104	.021
7	1.916	18.79	14.25	2.25	1.25	1.80	11.30	.0671	.0270	.0651	.0094	.0115	15.87	.4030	.9707	7.441	5.900	.8357
								-19.1	-1.5	2.9	.16	.11			.065	.017	.068	.014
8	1.916	18.79	14.25	2.25	1.25	1.80	11.30	.0283	.0099	.0305	.0040	.0054	15.87	.3503	1.0780	7.441	5.900	.8857
								-20.6	1.0	-4.1	.16	.11			.031	.015	.032	.007
9	1.533	12.02	10.50	2.25	1.25	1.80	8.66	.0549	.0144	.0544	.0105	.0126	21.54	.2617	.9918	5.855	5.651	.9698
								-27.4	-0.6	-5.2	.21	.14			.061	.024	.061	.020
10	1.533	12.02	10.50	2.25	1.25	1.80	8.66	.0758	.0662	.1580	.0144	.0365	21.54	.9732	2.0843	6.955	5.651	.9698
								-28.5	.8	1.3	.21	.14			.059	.059	.160	.018
11	1.533	12.02	10.50	2.25	1.25	1.80	8.66	.1820	.0595	.1720	.0347	.0397	21.54	.3269	.9452	6.855	5.651	.9698
								-28.1	.1	-5.6	.21	.14			.179	.015	.185	.049
12	1.533	12.02	10.50	2.25	1.25	1.80	8.66	.2135	.0371	.2089	.0407	.0483	21.54	.1740	.9781	6.855	5.651	.9698
								-28.1	-.4	2.4	.21	.14			.225	.036	.233	.075
13	1.190	7.25	7.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	6.19	.0500	.0105	.0495	.0143	.0160	32.31	.2095	.9891	5.885	5.203	1.0864
								-37.5	-.4	-8.5	.32	.20			.050	.009	.050	.005
14	1.190	7.25	7.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	6.19	.0978	.0215	.0955	.0279	.0309	32.31	.2196	.9769	5.885	5.203	1.0864
								-37.9	-.7	3.6	.32	.20			.097	.013	.097	.012
15	1.190	7.25	7.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	6.19	.1439	.0400	.1371	.0411	.0443	32.31	.2782	.9527	5.885	5.203	1.0864
								-44.8	-1.0	-4.5	.32	.20			.143	.010	.146	.036
16	1.190	7.25	7.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	6.19	.1848	.0443	.1732	.0528	.0560	32.31	.2395	.9373	5.885	5.203	1.0964
								-33.0	-.6	-10.1	.32	.20			.185	.020	.182	.040

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17	.766	3.00	3.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	2.97	.C5C9	.0119	.C492	.C34C	.0331	75.40	.2337	.96E3	3.921	3.882	1.0414
								-110.2	1.3	-.0	.75	.42			.051	.003	.052	.012
18	.766	3.00	3.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	2.97	.0893	.0169	.C866	.0595	.0583	75.40	.1890	.9701	3.921	3.882	1.0414
								-104.7	1.6	-31.1	.75	.42			.090	.005	.091	.020
19	.766	3.00	3.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	2.97	.1153	.0281	.1096	.0769	.073R	75.40	.2438	.9502	3.921	3.882	1.0414
								-80.1	-.1	-31.3	.75	.42			.115	.010	.115	.025
20	3.089	48.82	25.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	19.06	.C095	.0016	.C104	.C008	.0011	9.05	.1653	1.0949	8.100	6.174	.7959
								-14.6	1.1	9.3	.09	.07			.021	.016	.022	.016
RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
21	3.089	48.82	25.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	19.06	DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33	9.05	.1254	1.1249	8.100	6.174	.7959
								.0248	.0031	.0279	.0020	.0029			.038	.024	.040	.022
								-14.8	1.1	9.6	.09	.07			.038	.024	.040	.022
22	3.089	48.82	25.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	19.06	.0460	.0116	.0517	.0037	.0054	9.05	.2524	1.1255	8.100	6.174	.7959
								-14.6	.7	9.1	.09	.07			.063	.039	.064	.028
23	3.089	48.82	25.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	19.06	.0734	.0230	.0766	.0059	.0080	9.05	.3137	1.0436	8.100	6.174	.7959
								-15.1	.1	9.6	.09	.07			.081	.036	.083	.023
24	3.064	48.06	23.50	2.00	1.00	2.00	16.99	.0468	-.0266	.0139	.0040	.0016	8.56	-.5675	.2978	7.674	5.551	.7555
								-17.3	-.3	13.0	.09	.06			.054	-.034	.016	.006
25	3.064	48.06	23.50	2.00	1.00	2.00	16.99	.0226	.0097	.0235	.0019	.0028	8.56	.4287	1.0393	7.674	5.551	.7555
								-15.3	-1.2	19.6	.09	.06			.026	.012	.030	.014
RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
26	3.064	48.06	23.50	2.00	1.00	2.00	16.99	DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33	8.56	.1120	1.1307	7.674	5.551	.7555
								.0263	.0029	.0297	.0022	.0035			.036	.020	.039	.019
								-12.0	.5	6.4	.09	.06			.036	.020	.039	.019
27	3.064	48.06	23.50	2.00	1.00	2.00	16.99	.0492	.0085	.0466	.0042	.0055	8.56	.1728	.9473	7.674	5.551	.7555
								-18.0	.5	6.4	.09	.06			.057	.023	.054	.020
28	2.415	29.84	18.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	13.21	.0111	.0036	.0118	.0012	.0018	11.17	.3200	1.0572	7.459	5.475	.7878

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40	.957	4.69	4.65	2.00	1.00	2.00	4.23	.0436	.0020	.0412	.0188	.0195	43.24	.0451	.9444	4.860	4.424	1.1338
								-50.2	.7	19.5	.43	.24			.052	.020	.050	.021
RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STFPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
								DEL11	DEL12	DEL14	HL11	HL33			A1	A2	A3	A4
41	.957	4.69	4.65	2.00	1.00	2.00	4.23	.0947	.0236	.0926	.0407	.0437	43.24	.2494	.9777	4.860	4.424	1.1338
								-51.5	.6	13.5	.43	.24			.097	.012	.107	.031
42	.957	4.69	4.65	2.00	1.00	2.00	4.23	.1277	.0181	.1375	.0549	.0649	43.24	.1418	1.0766	4.860	4.424	1.1338
								-57.5	-1.1	-.6	.43	.24			.142	.050	.152	.047
43	1.020	5.33	5.15	1.67	.67	2.49	4.11	.0950	.0386	.0867	.0369	.0422	32.60	.4067	.9129	5.051	4.032	1.0777
								-32.3	.8	-1.7	.32	.16			.091	.017	.092	.027
44	1.020	5.33	5.15	1.67	.67	2.49	4.11	.0719	.0260	.0653	.0279	.0318	32.60	.3610	.9078	5.051	4.032	1.0777
								-48.5	-.0	.1	.32	.16			.071	.009	.072	.022
45	1.020	5.33	5.15	1.67	.67	2.49	4.11	.0402	.0102	.0404	.0156	.0197	32.60	.2532	1.0045	5.051	4.032	1.0777
								-55.2	.2	.6	.32	.16			.040	.008	.041	.005
RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STFPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
								DEL11	DEL12	DEL14	HL11	HL33			A1	A2	A3	A4
46	1.298	8.63	7.60	1.67	.67	2.49	5.53	.0339	.0196	.0286	.0089	.0104	22.09	.5776	.8459	5.858	4.265	.9154
								-25.2	-.3	2.4	.22	.12			.031	.009	.033	.012
47	1.298	8.63	7.60	1.67	.67	2.49	5.53	.0460	.0062	.0477	.0121	.0172	22.09	.1346	1.0371	5.858	4.265	.9154
								-35.0	-.9	2.8	.22	.12			.052	.021	.052	.015
48	1.298	8.63	7.60	1.67	.67	2.49	5.53	.0759	.0061	.0789	.0200	.0285	22.09	.0806	1.0391	5.858	4.265	.9154
								-37.5	1.3	14.0	.22	.12			.079	.017	.082	.016
49	1.298	8.63	7.60	1.67	.67	2.49	5.53	.0859	.0137	.0884	.0226	.0320	22.09	.1599	1.0297	5.858	4.265	.9154
								-25.3	1.4	14.5	.22	.12			.095	.035	.096	.027
50	1.727	15.26	11.20	1.67	.67	2.49	7.65	.0250	.0104	.0255	.0045	.0067	14.99	.4148	1.0207	6.490	4.431	.7832
								-13.7	-.3	12.9	.15	.09			.033	.020	.034	.017

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RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
								DELT1	DELT2	DELT4	HL11	HL33						
51	1.727	15.26	11.20	1.67	.67	2.49	7.65	.0531	.0116	.0584	.0095	.0153	14.99	.2187	1.0984	6.490	4.431	.7832
								-19.7	-.4	13.3	.15	.09						
52	1.727	15.26	11.20	1.67	.67	2.49	7.65	.0711	.0161	.0772	.0127	.0202	14.99	.2268	1.0859	6.490	4.431	.7832
								-19.7	-1.1	.1	.15	.09						
53	2.222	25.26	15.15	1.67	.67	2.49	10.03	.0158	.0069	.0171	.0021	.0034	11.08	.4362	1.0839	6.823	4.515	.7195
								-7.8	-1.5	5.5	.11	.07						
54	2.222	25.26	15.15	1.67	.67	2.49	10.03	.0274	.0093	.0311	.0036	.0062	11.03	.3391	1.1330	6.323	4.515	.7195
								-10.5	1.1	-1.0	.11	.07						
55	2.222	25.26	15.15	1.67	.67	2.49	10.03	.0462	.0174	.0498	.0061	.0099	11.08	.3765	1.0771	6.823	4.515	.7195
								-17.5	1.1	4.7	.11	.07						
56	2.222	25.26	15.15	1.67	.67	2.49	10.03	.0526	.0235	.0557	.0069	.0111	11.08	.4479	1.0594	6.823	4.515	.7195
								-18.0	.5	5.2	.11	.07						
57	2.823	40.80	19.80	1.67	.67	2.49	12.88	.0086	.0033	.0101	.0009	.0016	8.48	.3789	1.1706	7.013	4.565	.6850
								-14.6	1.3	9.9	.08	.05						
58	2.823	40.80	19.80	1.67	.67	2.49	12.88	.0198	.0119	.0210	.0020	.0033	8.48	.5978	1.0587	7.013	4.565	.6850
								-14.6	1.3	4.0	.08	.05						
59	2.823	40.80	19.80	1.67	.67	2.49	12.88	.0338	.0097	.0389	.0034	.0060	8.48	.2864	1.1498	7.013	4.565	.6850
								-15.1	1.6	10.4	.08	.05						
60	2.823	40.80	19.80	1.67	.67	2.49	12.88	.0435	.0135	.0502	.0044	.0078	8.48	.3109	1.1535	7.013	4.565	.6850
								-15.1	1.2	3.6	.08	.05						
61	3.224	53.21	22.85	1.67	.67	2.49	14.76	.0134	.0035	.0156	.0012	.0021	7.35	.2645	1.1665	7.091	4.583	.6723
								-13.9	-.8	6.9	.07	.05						

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62	3.224	53.21	22.85	1.67	.67	2.49	14.76	.0305	.0250	.0212	.0027	.0029	7.35	.9171	.6957	7.091	4.593	.6723
								-14.7	.4	7.1	.07	.05			.028	.019	.029	.015
63	3.224	53.21	22.85	1.67	.67	2.49	14.76	.0282	.0116	.0316	.0025	.0043	7.35	.4093	1.1190	7.091	4.593	.6723
								-11.1	1.4	12.9	.07	.05			.038	.025	.039	.017
64	3.224	53.21	22.85	1.67	.67	2.49	14.76	.0477	.0245	.0499	.0042	.0059	7.35	.5129	1.0447	7.091	4.593	.6723
								-10.8	.9	6.5	.07	.05			.051	.028	.054	.015
65	3.192	52.15	21.50	1.50	.50	3.00	12.66	.0321	.0118	.0389	.0031	.0061	7.01	.3559	1.1763	6.740	3.972	.6133
								-11.3	.7	6.3	.07	.04			.039	.021	.044	.015
RUN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CFLAU	CGRAT
66	3.192	52.15	21.50	1.50	.50	3.00	12.66	.1152	-.0776	.0362	.0107	.0057	7.01	-.6739	.3149	6.740	3.972	.6133
								-16.2	.4	19.1	.07	.04			.134	-.101	.038	.009
67	3.192	52.15	21.50	1.50	.50	3.00	12.66	.0121	.0039	.0153	.0011	.0024	7.01	.3198	1.2580	6.740	3.972	.6133
								-13.8	-1.2	12.7	.07	.04			.016	.010	.018	.007
68	2.247	25.83	14.65	1.50	.50	3.00	8.82	.0681	.0379	.0699	.0093	.0159	10.29	.5564	1.0205	6.525	3.931	.6534
								-17.8	1.4	9.9	.10	.06			.063	.025	.073	.015
69	2.247	25.83	14.65	1.50	.50	3.00	8.82	.0353	.0155	.0398	.0048	.0090	10.29	.4387	1.1273	6.525	3.931	.6534
								-16.2	.2	10.3	.10	.06			.039	.022	.041	.007
70	2.247	25.83	14.65	1.50	.50	3.00	8.82	.0192	.0089	.0213	.0026	.0048	10.29	.4664	1.1104	6.525	3.931	.6534
								-16.0	-.0	10.3	.10	.06			.021	.012	.022	.004
RUN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CFLAU	CGRAT
71	1.668	14.24	10.30	1.50	.50	3.00	6.44	.0327	.0145	.0336	.0063	.0104	14.64	.4429	1.0289	6.180	3.864	.7247
								-20.2	-.1	12.4	.15	.08			.033	.014	.035	.007
72	1.668	14.24	10.30	1.50	.50	3.00	6.44	.0550	.0211	.0590	.0107	.0183	14.64	.3843	1.0730	6.180	3.864	.7247
								-21.6	-.3	11.4	.15	.08			.053	.012	.061	.011
73	1.668	14.24	10.30	1.50	.50	3.00	6.44	.0693	.0299	.0734	.0135	.0228	14.64	.4309	1.0595	6.180	3.864	.7247

RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	FM13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
								DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33		A1	A2	A3	A4	
74	1.083	6.00	5.60	1.50	.50	3.00	3.96	.0424	.0133	.0415	.0151	.0210	26.93	.3139	.9787	5.175	3.661	.9628
75	1.083	6.00	5.60	1.50	.50	3.00	3.96	.0672	.0185	.0638	.0240	.0322	26.93	.2747	.9483	5.175	3.661	.9628
76	1.083	6.00	5.60	1.50	.50	3.00	3.96	.1103	.0395	.1028	.0394	.0519	26.93	.3582	.9317	5.175	3.661	.9628
77	.874	3.91	3.85	1.50	.50	3.00	3.03	.0494	.0170	.0432	.0257	.0285	39.17	.3436	.8749	4.409	3.474	1.1236
78	.874	3.91	3.85	1.50	.50	3.00	3.03	.0780	.0138	.0762	.0405	.0502	39.17	.1773	.9771	4.409	3.474	1.1236
79	.874	3.91	3.85	1.50	.50	3.00	3.03	.1111	.0231	.1062	.0577	.0700	39.17	.2082	.9554	4.409	3.474	1.1236
80	.921	4.34	4.15	1.25	.25	5.00	2.45	.0575	.0174	.0568	.0277	.0463	30.28	.3033	.9879	4.508	2.666	.8936
81	.921	4.34	4.15	1.25	.25	5.00	2.45	.0310	.0055	.0321	.0150	.0262	30.28	.1759	1.0344	4.508	2.666	.8936
82	.921	4.34	4.15	1.25	.25	5.00	2.45	.0840	.0300	.0820	.0405	.0669	30.28	.3564	.9759	4.508	2.666	.8936
83	1.363	9.51	7.45	1.25	.25	5.00	3.76	.0652	.0253	.0755	.0175	.0402	16.87	.3879	1.1572	5.469	2.759	.6282
84	1.363	9.51	7.45	1.25	.25	5.00	3.76	.0442	.0164	.0512	.0119	.0272	16.87	.3707	1.1590	5.469	2.759	.6282

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85	1.363	9.51	7.45	1.25	.25	5.00	3.76	.0265	.0114	.0302	.0071	.0161	16.87	.4308	1.1386	5.469	2.759	.6282
								-17.2	1.4	.6	.17	.07			.028	.014	.031	.005
RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
86	2.109	22.77	12.60	1.25	.25	5.00	-5.90	.0158	.0057	.0260	.0031	-.0088	9.97	.2849	1.3125	5.978	2.804	-.5136
								-7.4	-1.2	2.3	.10	-.04			.019	.003	.026	.003
87	2.109	22.77	12.60	1.25	.25	5.00	-5.90	.0327	.0063	.0543	.0052	-.0184	9.97	.1912	1.6602	5.978	2.804	-.5136
								-10.4	1.1	-1.9	.10	-.04			.033	.005	.057	.013
88	2.109	22.77	12.60	1.25	.25	5.00	-5.90	.0469	.0154	.0455	.0074	-.0154	9.97	.3295	.9703	5.978	2.804	-.5136
								-13.0	-1.2	-9.1	.10	-.04			.046	.007	.048	.011
89	2.988	45.69	18.40	1.25	.25	5.00	-8.42	.0317	.0013	.0608	.0034	-.0144	6.83	.0400	1.9180	6.162	2.821	-.4793
								-10.4	.6	-1.9	.07	-.03			.032	.003	.061	.007
90	2.988	45.69	18.40	1.25	.25	5.00	-8.42	.0237	.0043	.0370	.0026	-.0088	6.83	.1824	1.5608	6.162	2.821	-.4793
								-7.7	-1.5	-9.5	.07	-.03			.023	.002	.037	.005
RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
91	2.988	45.69	18.40	1.25	.25	5.00	-8.42	.0143	.0044	.0165	.0016	-.0039	6.83	.3099	1.1482	6.162	2.821	-.4793
								-12.0	.6	-2.8	.07	-.03			.014	.002	.017	.003
92	3.959	80.22	30.92	2.00	1.00	2.00	22.13	.0554	.0457	.0367	.0036	.0033	6.50	.8244	.6622	7.815	5.600	.7347
								-10.2	1.5	1.9	.06	.05			.044	.026	.047	.022
93	3.959	80.22	30.92	2.00	1.00	2.00	22.13	.0530	.0162	.0588	.0034	.0053	6.50	.3067	1.1101	7.815	5.600	.7347
								-3.7	-.5	1.4	.06	.05			.064	.034	.068	.025
94	3.959	80.22	30.92	2.00	1.00	2.00	22.13	.1165	.0523	.1206	.0075	.0109	6.50	.4490	1.0350	7.815	5.600	.7347
								-8.5	-.2	12.1	.06	.05			.111	.027	.124	.033
95	3.959	80.22	30.92	2.00	1.00	2.00	22.13	.0449	.0250	.0433	.0029	.0039	6.50	.5575	.9649	7.815	5.600	.7347
								-9.4	1.1	6.4	.06	.05			.042	.015	.048	.015

* YEC

*#4013-3529,FMS,RESULT,1,5,500,500, ROUROCIMOS

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IV-1

JCB TIME = .06 MIN.

LIBRARY ENTRY PCINTS,
-SETUP (CSHM)

(RTA)	(SPHM)	(FIL)	SQRT	COS	SIN	ATAN	EXP(2)																																																																																		
NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY																																																																																		
MAIN 00144 00156	AKEFC 01622 01627	.SETUP 02101 02106	(RCPM) 02117 03416	FTNRP 02117 02144	(F2EF) 02117 02307	FTNPM 02117 02145	(F2PM) 02117 02134	(FPT) 07611 07620	(FRM7) 10107 10414	RSTRTN 10107 10400	TIMFLT 10107 10164	KILLTR 10107 10346	(TIME) 10107 10112	STOPCL 10107 10206	RSCLK 10107 10201	JOBTM 10107 10146	TIMER 10107 10224	(ENDJOB) 10303 10567	ENDJOB 10303 10567	CLKOUT 10503 10535	EXITM 10503 10511	EXIT 10503 10535	.LOOK 10622 11035	(SCRNS) 10622 11037	.READL 10622 10675	.READ 10622 10675	.TAPRC 10622 10672	(TSHM) 10622 10641	(CSHM) 10622 10640	(TSH) 10622 10651	(CSH) 10622 10664	ICHSI2 11345 14707	(RTN) 11345 14557	(FIL) 11345 14542	STQUU 11345 11605	(JOM) 11345 11610	.03311 16220 16222	.03310 16220 16222	SFDP 16237 16322	DFAD 16237 16242	DFDP 16237 16326	DCEXIT 16237 16402	(DFP) 16237 16274	(DFAD) 16237 16242	(TCO) 16412 16516	(TEF) 16412 16515	(RCH) 16412 16514	(REW) 16412 16512	(WEF) 16412 16511	(RSR) 16412 16510	(WRS) 16412 16507	(IOS) 16412 16417	(TRC) 16412 16517	(EXE) 16555 16564	(IOU) 17415 17422	(TES) 17437 17441	RECOUP 17442 17445	(SPRNT) 17450 17674	.PRINT 17450 17554	.TAPWR 17450 17547	.PUNCH 17450 17530	(SCH) 17450 17475	(STHD) 17450 17513	(STHM) 17450 17463	(STH) 17450 17464	(SPH) 17450 17521	(PRNT) 17450 20073	(SCHM) 17450 17472	.FCUT 17450 2041C	.COMNT 17450 17554	(PNCHL) 17450 17520	ERRCR 20650 20654	(WTC) 21044 21133	(WER) 21044 21060	(RDPM) 21230 21324	(RDC) 21230 21307	(RER) 21230 21243	(AST) 21170 21201	(RDP) 21230 21324	LDUMP 21577 21602	ATN 21606 2161C	ATAN 21606 21610	SIN 21735 21750	EXP(2) 21443 21447	MOVIE) 22127 22127	ATN 21606 2161C	ATAN 21606 21610	SIN 21735 21750	COS 21735 21737

PROGRAM LENGTH = 22504. LOWEST COMMC = 77461

.22 MINUTES ELAPSED SINCE START OF JOB

EXECUTION

THE FOLLOWING RUNS HAVE BED SLOPE = .125000 AND SIDEWALL SLOPE = 1.000000

RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	H13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEP1	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAU	CGRAT
								DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33			A1	A2	A3	A4
95	4.516	104.36	35.49	2.00	1.00	2.00	25.35	.0327	.0093	.0364	.0018	.0029	5.67	.2844	1.1131	7.864	5.618	.7289
								-6.0	.0	6.0	.06	.04			.039	.021	.040	.012
96	4.516	104.36	35.49	2.00	1.00	2.00	25.35	.0486	.0096	.0546	.0027	.0043	5.67	.1970	1.1229	7.864	5.618	.7289
								-5.4	-.7	4.1	.06	.04			.052	.017	.058	.014
99	4.953	125.53	39.05	2.00	1.00	2.00	27.85	.0292	.0029	.0340	.0015	.0024	5.15	.0990	1.1642	7.391	5.627	.7252
								-5.6	-.8	4.6	.05	.04			.033	.011	.039	.014
101	4.953	125.53	39.05	2.00	1.00	2.00	27.85	.0444	.0114	.0493	.0023	.0035	5.15	.2575	1.1099	7.991	5.627	.7252
								-5.5	-.7	4.4	.05	.04			.050	.022	.054	.016
103	4.953	125.53	39.05	2.00	1.00	2.00	27.85	.0175	.0050	.0195	.0009	.0014	5.15	.2862	1.1114	7.991	5.627	.7252
								-8.3	-.8	7.4	.05	.04			.023	.014	.023	.009

IV-2

RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAU	CGRAT
								DEL11	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33			A1	A2	A3	A4
104	4.953	125.53	39.05	2.00	1.00	2.00	27.35	.0173	.0101	.0140	.0009	.0013	5.15	.5848	1.0372	7.891	5.627	.7252
								-8.4	-7	6.8	.05	.04			.020	.013	.021	.003
105	6.644	225.90	52.79	2.00	1.00	2.00	37.50	.0384	.0064	.0439	.0015	.0023	3.31	.1672	1.1423	7.950	5.648	.7171
								-5.8	.4	6.8	.04	.03			.041	.012	.047	.012
106	6.644	225.90	52.79	2.00	1.00	2.00	37.50	.0854	.0186	.0974	.0032	.0052	3.31	.1940	1.1407	7.950	5.648	.7171
								-7.1	1.0	7.2	.04	.03			.038	.013	.103	.024
107	5.854	175.41	46.39	2.00	1.00	2.00	33.00	.0260	.0144	.0289	.0011	.0017	4.33	.5545	1.1093	7.929	5.641	.7200
								-2.2	-1.0	1.8	.04	.03			.031	.021	.032	.010
108	5.854	175.41	46.39	2.00	1.00	2.00	33.00	.0266	.0138	.0267	.0011	.0016	4.33	.5177	1.0033	7.929	5.641	.7200
								-4.3	.9	1.4	.04	.03			.025	.009	.028	.005
109	5.854	175.41	46.39	2.00	1.00	2.00	33.00	.0506	.0175	.0520	.0022	.0032	4.33	.3452	1.0268	7.929	5.641	.7200
								-2.8	.2	1.5	.04	.03			.051	.013	.056	.015
110	5.854	175.41	46.39	2.00	1.00	2.00	33.00	.0934	.0218	.1018	.0040	.0062	4.33	.2333	1.0902	7.929	5.641	.7200
								-2.3	.4	2.2	.04	.03			.095	.014	.109	.028
111	5.582	159.47	46.78	2.25	1.25	1.80	35.10	.0420	.0016	.0477	.0018	.0027	4.84	.0372	1.1363	8.386	6.292	.7603
								-6.0	1.5	1.1	.05	.04			.045	.012	.051	.013
112	5.582	159.47	46.78	2.25	1.25	1.80	35.10	.0341	.0120	.0380	.0015	.0022	4.84	.3511	1.1151	8.386	6.292	.7603
								-5.7	.4	.7	.05	.04			.036	.015	.040	.009
113	5.582	159.47	46.78	2.25	1.25	1.80	35.10	.0410	.0119	.0450	.0018	.0026	4.84	.2905	1.0966	8.386	6.292	.7603
								-6.1	1.0	.6	.05	.04			.048	.025	.049	.014
114	5.582	159.47	46.78	2.25	1.25	1.80	35.10	.0931	.0253	.0989	.0040	.0056	4.84	.2713	1.0627	8.386	6.292	.7603

RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
								DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33		A1	A2	A3	A4	
								-4.5	-4	.7	.05	.04		.092	.005	.104	.023	
115	5.051	130.55	42.18	2.25	1.25	1.80	31.70	.0575	.0265	.0572	.0027	.0036	5.36	.4600	.9943	8.353	6.281	.7637
								-9.4	1.4	2.2	.05	.04		.055	.017	.060	.013	
116	5.051	130.55	42.18	2.25	1.25	1.80	31.70	.0353	.0139	.0375	.0017	.0024	5.36	.3937	1.0633	8.353	6.281	.7637
								-8.9	.4	2.3	.05	.04		.039	.020	.040	.010	
117	5.051	130.55	42.18	2.25	1.25	1.80	31.70	.0749	.0149	.0820	.0036	.0052	5.36	.1993	1.0943	9.354	6.281	.7637
								-8.9	.7	1.9	.05	.04		.075	.006	.085	.016	
118	4.372	97.84	36.29	2.25	1.25	1.80	27.35	.0470	.0141	.0498	.0026	.0036	6.23	.2996	1.0610	8.306	6.259	.7700
								-5.7	-5	4.2	.06	.05		.049	.015	.054	.015	
119	4.372	97.84	36.29	2.25	1.25	1.80	27.35	.0374	.0127	.0405	.0021	.0030	6.23	.3399	1.0834	8.306	6.259	.7700
								-5.5	-8	4.4	.06	.05		.041	.020	.042	.008	
120	4.372	97.84	36.29	2.25	1.25	1.80	27.35	.0634	.0150	.0675	.0035	.0049	6.23	.2368	1.0648	8.306	6.259	.7700
								-5.4	-9	4.5	.06	.05		.073	.035	.073	.020	
121	3.844	75.63	31.68	2.25	1.25	1.80	23.95	.0510	.0154	.0541	.0032	.0045	7.14	.3009	1.0608	8.246	6.234	.7774
								-10.8	.5	.3	.07	.05		.051	.008	.058	.015	
122	3.844	75.63	31.68	2.25	1.25	1.80	23.95	.0415	.0119	.0442	.0026	.0037	7.14	.2874	1.0653	8.246	6.234	.7774
								-4.9	-5	.1	.07	.05		.041	.006	.046	.009	
123	3.844	75.63	31.68	2.25	1.25	1.80	23.95	.0782	.0090	.0854	.0049	.0071	7.14	.1148	1.0909	8.246	6.234	.7774
								-1.1	-1.4	.3	.07	.05		.080	.010	.089	.018	
124	5.519	155.86	39.99	1.67	.67	2.49	25.50	.0237	.0077	.0273	.0012	.0021	4.20	.3247	1.1530	7.251	4.624	.6464
								-2.3	-4	1.6	.04	.03		.027	.014	.029	.007	
125	5.519	155.86	39.99	1.67	.67	2.49	25.50	.0294	.0097	.0343	.0015	.0027	4.20	.3295	1.1661	7.251	4.624	.6464
								-2.4	-4	1.7	.04	.03		.034	.018	.037	.010	

IV-3

IV-4

126	5.519	155.86	39.99	1.67	.67	2.49	25.50	.0523	.0127	.0615	.0026	.0048	4.20	.2429	1.1764	7.251	4.624	.6464
									-2.7	-.4	8.0	.04	.03		.057	.023	.065	.015
127	6.13C	192.32	44.51	1.67	.67	2.49	28.35	.0226	.0115	.0241	.0010	.0017	3.77	.5113	1.0693	7.266	4.628	.6439
									-4.3	-1.3	5.9	.04	.02		.021	.006	.026	.007
128	6.13C	192.32	44.51	1.67	.67	2.49	28.35	.0247	.0080	.0289	.0011	.0020	3.77	.3253	1.1709	7.266	4.628	.6439
									-2.3	-1.5	6.3	.04	.02		.027	.012	.031	.008
RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPS	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELLAD	CGRAT
								DELTA1	DELTA2	DELTA4	HL11	HL33			A1	A2	A3	A4
129	6.13C	192.32	44.51	1.67	.67	2.49	28.35	.0425	.0084	.0511	.0019	.0036	3.77	.1966	1.2029	7.266	4.628	.6439
									-2.4	-1.2	6.3	.04	.02		.043	.007	.053	.010
130	6.946	246.93	50.54	1.67	.67	2.49	32.15	.0499	.0125	.0594	.0020	.0037	3.32	.2503	1.1892	7.281	4.632	.6415
									-5.7	.1	4.3	.03	.02		.050	.010	.061	.010
131	6.946	246.93	50.54	1.07	.67	2.49	32.15	.0259	.0116	.0289	.0010	.0018	3.32	.4467	1.1165	7.281	4.632	.6415
									-5.1	-.5	4.2	.03	.02		.030	.014	.031	.008
132	6.946	246.93	50.54	1.67	.67	2.49	32.15	.0314	.0113	.0363	.0012	.0023	3.32	.3599	1.1572	7.281	4.632	.6415
									-4.7	-.1	2.8	.03	.02		.031	.008	.028	.008
133	7.548	291.56	54.98	1.67	.67	2.49	34.95	.0217	.0087	.0244	.0008	.0014	3.05	.4002	1.1238	7.289	4.634	.6403
									-1.1	-.4	3.0	.03	.02		.021	.006	.025	.004
RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPS	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELLAD	CGRAT
								DELTA1	DELTA2	DELTA4	HL11	HL33			A1	A2	A3	A4
134	7.548	291.56	54.98	1.67	.67	2.49	34.95	.0213	.0085	.0246	.0008	.0014	3.05	.3972	1.1548	7.289	4.634	.6403
									-2.3	1.0	3.4	.03	.02		.026	.016	.027	.008
135	7.548	291.56	54.98	1.67	.67	2.49	34.95	.0380	.0126	.0439	.0014	.0025	3.05	.3315	1.1554	7.289	4.634	.6403
									.5	-1.3	3.2	.03	.02		.039	.012	.047	.012
136	7.548	291.56	54.98	1.67	.67	2.49	34.95	.0468	.0129	.0561	.0017	.0032	3.05	.2765	1.1989	7.289	4.634	.6403
									-2.5	1.1	3.4	.03	.02		.052	.024	.059	.013

V-5

137	11.226	644.98	73.26	1.33	.33	4.03	36.55	.0105	.0013	.0130	.0003	.0007	1.83	.1271	1.2434	6.530	3.258	.5006
								-2.4	-1.3	7.8	.02	.01			.011	.003	.013	.002
138	11.226	644.98	73.26	1.33	.33	4.03	36.55	.0133	.0015	.0165	.0004	.0009	1.83	.1151	1.2389	6.530	3.258	.5006
								-1.9	-.5	7.6	.02	.01			.014	.004	.017	.003
RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
139	11.226	644.98	73.26	1.33	.33	4.03	36.55	.0217	.0031	.0250	.0006	.0014	1.83	.1417	1.1528	6.530	3.258	.5006
								-2.2	-.6	8.2	.02	.01			.023	.007	.026	.005
140	11.226	644.98	73.26	1.33	.33	4.03	36.55	.0507	.0086	.0611	.0014	.0033	1.83	.1693	1.2033	6.530	3.258	.5006
								-2.1	.1	9.2	.02	.01			.052	.012	.062	.009
141	8.726	389.68	56.86	1.33	.33	4.03	28.40	.0265	.0148	.0240	.0009	.0017	2.35	.5587	.9052	6.521	3.257	.5022
								-.0	-1.6	7.2	.02	.01			.024	.007	.027	.009
142	8.726	389.68	56.86	1.33	.33	4.03	28.40	.0327	.0016	.0340	.0011	.0024	2.35	.0475	1.0408	6.521	3.257	.5022
								-1.3	-.4	7.3	.02	.01			.035	.009	.036	.009
143	8.726	389.68	56.86	1.33	.33	4.03	28.40	.0546	.0165	.0578	.0019	.0041	2.35	.3030	1.0587	6.521	3.257	.5022
								-2.5	.4	7.8	.02	.01			.055	.013	.061	.014
RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
144	7.300	272.73	47.50	1.33	.33	4.03	23.75	.0187	.0009	.0230	.0008	.0019	2.82	.0502	1.2329	6.511	3.256	.5039
								-4.0	.4	4.5	.03	.01			.020	.006	.025	.007
145	7.300	272.73	47.50	1.33	.33	4.03	23.75	.0288	.0082	.0381	.0012	.0032	2.82	.2839	1.3213	6.511	3.256	.5039
								-4.4	.7	4.6	.03	.01			.031	.013	.039	.008
146	7.300	272.73	47.50	1.33	.33	4.03	23.75	.0480	.0074	.0566	.0020	.0048	2.82	.1536	1.1795	6.511	3.256	.5039
								-3.6	.6	4.6	.03	.01			.050	.014	.058	.009
147	5.033	129.65	34.53	1.50	.50	3.00	20.10	.0243	.0096	.0260	.0014	.0026	4.37	.3972	1.0704	6.866	3.996	.5916
								-5.9	-.0	4.7	.04	.02			.025	.009	.028	.008
148	5.033	129.65	34.53	1.50	.50	3.00	20.10	.0309	.0119	.0332	.0018	.0033	4.37	.3838	1.0723	6.866	3.996	.5916

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-6.4 .4 5.3 .04 .02 .031 .010 .025 .008

RLN	T	XLO	XLI	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P DELT1	A2P DELT2	A3P DELT4	STEPU HL11	STEPD HL33	Z1	XKR	XKT A1	CELAU A2	CELAU A3	CELAU A4	CGRAT
149	5.033	129.55	34.53	1.50	.50	3.00	20.10	.0477	.0151	.0525	.0028	.0052	4.37	.3161	1.1002	6.800	3.996		.5916
								-6.6	.6	5.8	.04	.02			.048	.014	.054		.009
150	10.674	583.07	67.52	1.25	.25	5.00	30.25	.0111	.0035	.0129	.0003	.0009	1.86	.3165	1.1618	6.330	2.836		.4496
								-2.5	-.7	5.9	.02	.01			.011	.003	.013		.001
151	10.674	583.07	67.52	1.25	.25	5.00	30.25	.0145	.0035	.0178	.0004	.0012	1.86	.2395	1.2281	6.340	2.836		.4496
								-1.9	-1.6	6.3	.02	.01			.015	.005	.018		.002
152	10.674	583.07	67.52	1.25	.25	5.00	30.25	.0216	.0018	.0287	.0006	.0019	1.86	.0844	1.3236	6.330	2.836		.4496
								-1.8	-1.5	6.5	.02	.01			.022	.004	.029		.003
153	10.674	583.07	67.52	1.25	.25	5.00	30.25	.0278	.0065	.0339	.0008	.0022	1.86	.2320	1.2178	6.330	2.836		.4496
								-2.3	-1.0	6.5	.02	.01			.028	.007	.034		.002
154	9.546	466.34	60.35	1.25	.25	5.00	27.05	.0123	.0019	.0157	.0004	.0012	2.08	.1533	1.2808	6.326	2.836		.4502
								-3.4	-1.0	7.9	.02	.01			.012	.003	.016		.002
155	9.546	466.34	60.35	1.25	.25	5.00	27.05	.0160	.0053	.0188	.0005	.0014	2.08	.3305	1.1759	6.326	2.836		.4502
								-2.7	-.9	7.3	.02	.01			.016	.006	.019		.002
156	9.546	466.34	60.35	1.25	.25	5.00	27.05	.0256	.0066	.0319	.0008	.0024	2.08	.2573	1.2475	6.326	2.836		.4502
								-2.5	-1.2	8.0	.02	.01			.026	.008	.032		.002
157	7.360	277.28	46.45	1.25	.25	5.00	20.85	.0242	.0024	.0222	.0010	.0021	2.71	.1008	.9188	6.314	2.835		.4523
								-5.5	1.2	6.5	.03	.01			.026	.008	.023		.005
158	7.360	277.28	46.45	1.25	.25	5.00	20.85	.0266	.0044	.0329	.0011	.0032	2.71	.1654	1.2340	6.314	2.835		.4523
								-5.6	.9	6.3	.03	.01			.027	.006	.033		.002
RLN	T	XLO	XLI	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P DELT1	A2P DELT2	A3P DELT4	STEPU HL11	STEPD HL33	Z1	XKR	XKT A1	CELAU A2	CELAU A3	CELAU A4	CGRAT

IV-7

159	7.360	277.28	46.45	1.25	.25	5.00	20.85	.0397	.0128	.0382	.0017	.0037	2.71	.3227	.9627	6.314	2.835	.4523
								-5.2	.9	3.7	.03	.01			.039	.010	.038	.004
160	12.172	758.26	77.04	1.25	.25	5.00	34.50	.0089	.0002	.0123	.0002	.0007	1.63	.0229	1.3971	6.333	2.836	.4491
								1.4	-.4	4.7	.02	.01			.009	.001	.012	.002
161	12.172	758.26	77.04	1.25	.25	5.00	34.50	.0152	.0041	.0188	.0004	.0011	1.63	.2729	1.2368	6.333	2.836	.4491
								-2.6	-.2	4.6	.02	.01			.015	.002	.019	.002

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20	1.056	5.71	5.50	1.75	.75	2.33	4.47	.1254	.0164	.1592	.0456	.0709	31.09	.1309	1.2621	5.713	4.236	.5385
								-33.0	.8	32.4	.32	.17			.125	.010	.159	.011
90	1.621	13.45	10.50	1.75	.75	2.33	7.45	.0545	.0154	.0787	.0104	.0210	16.76	.2826	1.4461	6.482	4.626	.4164
								-20.1	1.6	.9	.17	.10			.054	.012	.090	.010
10	1.621	13.45	10.50	1.75	.75	2.33	7.45	.0263	.0108	.0367	.0050	.0095	16.76	.4102	1.3964	6.482	4.626	.4164
								-19.8	-.5	8.5	.17	.10			.026	.009	.038	.007
11	1.621	13.45	10.50	1.75	.75	2.33	7.45	.0659	.0059	.0988	.0126	.0264	16.76	.0889	1.4986	6.482	4.626	.4164
								-20.5	.6	8.5	.17	.10			.067	.006	.102	.019
12	1.621	13.45	10.50	1.75	.75	2.33	7.45	.0906	.0172	.1331	.0173	.0355	16.76	.1897	1.4690	6.482	4.626	.4164
								-20.7	.7	-.3	.17	.10			.090	.004	.136	.020
RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STPU	STPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
								DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33			A1	A2	A3	A4
13	1.823	17.02	12.20	1.75	.75	2.33	8.54	.0120	.0074	.0150	.0020	.0035	14.42	.6138	1.2493	6.695	4.687	.3960
								-15.6	-.8	-1.6	.14	.09			.011	.005	.016	.004
14	1.823	17.02	12.20	1.75	.75	2.33	8.54	.0462	.0168	.0671	.0076	.0157	14.42	.3642	1.4500	6.695	4.687	.3960
								-17.7	1.2	2.7	.14	.09			.045	.012	.068	.008
15	1.823	17.02	12.20	1.75	.75	2.33	8.54	.0557	.0158	.0840	.0091	.0197	14.42	.2840	1.5080	6.695	4.687	.3960
								-14.7	-.3	2.7	.14	.09			.057	.019	.085	.009
16	1.823	17.02	12.20	1.75	.75	2.33	8.54	.0740	.0237	.1095	.0121	.0256	14.42	.3207	1.4790	6.695	4.687	.3960
								-14.6	-.9	3.0	.14	.09			.073	.016	.113	.020
17	2.296	26.98	16.05	1.75	.75	2.33	10.95	.0609	.0225	.0925	.0076	.0169	10.96	.3699	1.5180	6.995	4.771	.3688
								-15.2	1.2	.7	.11	.07			.059	.015	.094	.012
RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STPU	STPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CFLAU	CELAD	CGRAT
								DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33			A1	A2	A3	A4
18	2.296	26.98	16.05	1.75	.75	2.33	10.95	.0493	.0210	.0721	.0061	.0132	10.96	.4255	1.4629	6.995	4.771	.3688
								-14.9	.8	1.1	.11	.07			.048	.017	.073	.008
19	2.296	26.98	16.05	1.75	.75	2.33	10.95	.0308	.0161	.0421	.0038	.0077	10.96	.5237	1.3695	6.995	4.771	.3688

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30	2.252	25.97	16.60	2.00	1.00	2.00	12.26	.0555	.0178	.0300	.0067	.0131	12.11	.3213	1.4425	7.375	5.445	.4004
									-13.8	1.2	2.6	.12	.08		.068	.039	.090	.030
30	2.252	25.97	16.60	2.00	1.00	2.00	12.26	.0571	.0182	.0227	.0069	.0135	12.11	.3185	1.4468	7.375	5.445	.4004
									-13.8	1.2	2.6	.12	.08		.070	.040	.093	.031
RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPS	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
31	2.252	25.97	16.60	2.00	1.00	2.00	12.26	.0237	.0130	.0311	.0029	.0051	12.11	.5478	1.3081	7.375	5.445	.4004
									DELTA1	DELTA2	DELTA4	HL11	HL33		A1	A2	A3	A4
															.024	.012	.034	.010
									-9.8	-1.3	-2.7	.12	.08					
32	2.252	25.97	16.60	2.00	1.00	2.00	12.26	.0912	.0236	.1351	.0110	.0221	12.11	.2584	1.4812	7.375	5.445	.4004
									-14.1	.4	2.6	.12	.08		.094	.031	.137	.016
33	1.689	14.60	11.60	2.00	1.00	2.00	8.89	.0334	.0083	.0477	.0058	.0107	17.33	.2493	1.4270	6.872	5.266	.4412
									-23.7	.1	4.9	.17	.11		.038	.019	.051	.013
34	1.689	14.60	11.60	2.00	1.00	2.00	8.89	.0711	.0294	.0954	.0123	.0215	17.33	.4142	1.3419	6.872	5.266	.4412
									-17.7	1.1	4.9	.17	.11		.072	.029	.099	.019
35	1.689	14.60	11.60	2.00	1.00	2.00	8.89	.1120	.0394	.1533	.0193	.0345	17.33	.3521	1.3690	6.872	5.266	.4412
									-17.9	-.2	-3.6	.17	.11		.109	.022	.159	.030
RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPS	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
36	1.689	14.60	11.60	2.00	1.00	2.00	8.89	.1279	.0416	.1737	.0220	.0391	17.33	.3255	1.3596	6.872	5.266	.4412
									DELTA1	DELTA2	DELTA4	HL11	HL33		A1	A2	A3	A4
															.136	.060	.177	.024
									-17.5	-.8	4.2	.17	.11					
37	1.384	9.80	8.75	2.00	1.00	2.00	7.00	.0450	.0181	.0573	.0103	.0164	22.98	.4026	1.2731	6.328	5.066	.4871
									-26.2	.2	1.3	.23	.14		.049	.026	.059	.010
38	1.384	9.80	8.75	2.00	1.00	2.00	7.00	.0787	.0225	.1046	.0180	.0299	22.98	.2854	1.3280	6.328	5.066	.4871
									-33.5	.4	-4.9	.23	.14		.081	.025	.109	.022
39	1.384	9.80	8.75	2.00	1.00	2.00	7.00	.1076	.0430	.1349	.0246	.0385	22.98	.3996	1.2531	6.328	5.066	.4871
									-33.9	.4	-5.8	.23	.14		.104	.024	.139	.024

RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPS	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAD	CELAD	CGRAT
40	1.384	9.80	8.75	2.00	1.00	2.00	7.00	.1231	.0212	.1651	.0281	.0471	22.98	.1725	1.3405	5.328	5.066	.4871
								-33.6	-1.0	6.3	.23	.14			.124	.015	.170	.029
41	.903	4.17	4.15	2.00	1.00	2.00	3.86	.0627	.0152	.0762	.0302	.0395	48.45	.2418	1.2145	4.601	4.279	.5659
								-117.6	1.2	9.7	.48	.26			.062	.010	.077	.008
43	.992	5.04	5.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	4.69	.0717	.0195	.0863	.0287	.0368	45.24	.2713	1.2034	5.044	4.734	.5579
								-48.9	-1.0	5.1	.45	.27			.073	.014	.093	.025
44	.992	5.04	5.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	4.69	.0919	.0313	.1077	.0368	.0459	45.24	.3409	1.1722	5.044	4.734	.5579
								-54.7	-1.2	25.8	.45	.27			.090	.008	.116	.031
45	.992	5.04	5.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	4.69	.1063	.0152	.1297	.0425	.0553	45.24	.1430	1.2204	5.044	4.734	.5579
								-51.6	1.4	2.3	.45	.27			.118	.036	.148	.052
46	1.385	9.81	9.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	7.61	.0900	.0258	.1162	.0200	.0305	25.13	.2863	1.2901	6.504	5.496	.5089
								-30.7	1.2	-7.1	.25	.16			.091	.020	.123	.029
47	1.385	9.81	9.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	7.61	.0576	.0290	.0674	.0128	.0177	25.13	.5031	1.1708	6.504	5.496	.5089
								-23.7	-1.2	-7.1	.25	.16			.056	.023	.071	.016
48	1.385	9.81	9.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	7.61	.1224	.0334	.1575	.0272	.0414	25.13	.2729	1.2866	6.504	5.496	.5089
								-24.5	-.6	-6.3	.25	.16			.124	.032	.163	.030
49	1.385	9.81	9.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	7.61	.1651	.0378	.2116	.0367	.0556	25.13	.2291	1.2816	6.504	5.496	.5089
								-23.3	1.1	.7	.25	.16			.163	.018	.215	.027
50	1.786	16.33	13.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	10.41	.0348	.0146	.0459	.0054	.0089	17.40	.4204	1.3183	7.282	5.834	.4542
								-17.9	-.4	-2.0	.17	.12			.038	.020	.048	.010
51	1.786	16.33	13.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	10.41	.0645	.0275	.0839	.0099	.0161	17.40	.4260	1.3016	7.282	5.834	.4542
								-18.1	-.3	-2.7	.17	.12			.064	.023	.088	.019
RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPS	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAD	CELAD	CGRAT

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52	1.786	16.33	13.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	10.41	.0945	.0425	.1219	.0145	.0234	17.40	.4504	1.2900	7.282	5.834	.4542
								DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33						
								A1	A2	A3	A4							
								-20.1	.9	-2.9	.17	.12		.097	.044	.128	.028	
53	1.786	16.33	13.00	2.25	1.25	1.80	10.41	.1194	.0299	.1632	.0184	.0313	17.40	.2507	1.3663	7.282	5.834	.4542
								-17.3	-1.3	-2.9	.17	.12		.133	.060	.172	.039	
54	2.332	27.83	19.15	2.25	1.25	1.80	14.09	.0479	.0225	.0642	.0053	.0091	12.46	.4705	1.3407	7.788	6.045	.4186
								-11.4	1.1	-.6	.12	.09		.054	.032	.068	.016	
55	2.332	27.83	19.15	2.25	1.25	1.80	14.09	.0277	.0130	.0375	.0030	.0053	12.46	.4685	1.3557	7.788	6.045	.4186
								-17.4	1.0	-1.1	.12	.09		.031	.018	.040	.010	
56	2.332	27.83	19.15	2.25	1.25	1.80	14.09	.0754	.0195	.1095	.0083	.0155	12.46	.2586	1.4533	7.788	6.045	.4186
								-13.9	-1.5	-.6	.12	.09		.087	.039	.125	.044	
57	2.332	27.83	19.15	2.25	1.25	1.80	14.09	.1111	.0298	.1597	.0122	.0227	12.46	.2679	1.4375	7.788	6.045	.4186
								-11.3	.5	-1.1	.12	.09		.127	.061	.173	.048	
58	2.832	41.04	22.70	2.25	1.25	1.80	17.38	.0584	.0151	.0866	.0051	.0100	9.96	.2589	1.4823	8.021	6.141	.4031
								-12.0	.9	.2	.10	.07		.070	.037	.096	.030	
59	2.832	41.04	22.70	2.25	1.25	1.80	17.38	.0557	.0410	.0584	.0049	.0067	9.96	.7358	1.0494	8.021	6.141	.4031
								-10.1	-1.0	.4	.10	.07		.048	.025	.069	.027	
60	2.832	41.04	22.70	2.25	1.25	1.80	17.38	.0349	.0230	.0408	.0031	.0047	9.96	.6581	1.1705	8.021	6.141	.4031
								-10.1	-.8	1.0	.10	.07		.032	.014	.049	.020	
61	2.832	41.04	22.70	2.25	1.25	1.80	17.38	.0186	.0113	.0235	.0016	.0027	9.96	.6065	1.2607	8.021	6.141	.4031
								-9.4	-1.0	.8	.10	.07		.019	.009	.030	.014	
62	2.997	45.96	20.10	1.50	.50	3.00	11.88	.0187	.0063	.0312	.0019	.0053	7.50	.3371	1.6661	6.712	3.967	.3093
								-6.1	-.2	6.3	.07	.04		.020	.009	.032	.005	

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RUN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CEIAD	CGRAT
								DELTA1	DELTA2	DELTA4	HL11	HL33		A1	A2	A3	A4	
63	2.997	45.96	20.10	1.50	.50	3.00	11.88	.0305	.0105	.0524	.0030	.0028	7.50	.3431	1.7152	6.712	3.967	.3093
								-6.1	-.1	19.3	.07	.04			.023	.015	.055	.012
64	2.997	45.96	20.10	1.50	.50	3.00	11.88	.0355	.0122	.0595	.0035	.0100	7.50	.3432	1.6750	6.712	3.967	.3093
								-5.9	-.2	19.0	.07	.04			.041	.022	.064	.017
65	2.997	45.96	20.10	1.50	.50	3.00	11.88	.0165	.0112	.0214	.0016	.0036	7.50	.6812	1.3015	6.712	3.967	.3093
								-9.4	-.4	7.4	.07	.04			.016	.010	.023	.006
66	1.957	19.61	12.50	1.50	.50	3.00	7.64	.0311	.0126	.0487	.0050	.0128	12.06	.4053	1.5643	6.391	3.905	.3403
								-16.5	-1.0	21.7	.12	.07			.034	.016	.050	.008
67	1.891	18.30	12.00	1.50	.50	3.00	7.36	.0208	.0089	.0319	.0035	.0037	12.57	.4238	1.5365	6.351	3.897	.3444
								-13.6	-.0	15.9	.13	.07			.020	.006	.033	.006
68	1.957	19.61	12.50	1.50	.50	3.00	7.64	.0510	.0239	.0764	.0082	.0200	12.06	.4677	1.4976	6.391	3.905	.3403
								-13.1	.4	9.7	.12	.07			.049	.018	.078	.011
69	1.957	19.61	12.50	1.50	.50	3.00	7.64	.0625	.0178	.1005	.0100	.0263	12.06	.2855	1.6075	6.391	3.905	.3403
								-13.8	1.6	7.7	.12	.07			.063	.017	.103	.016
70	2.430	30.23	16.00	1.50	.50	3.00	9.58	.0267	.0168	.0359	.0033	.0075	9.42	.6304	1.3421	6.587	3.943	.3209
								-11.1	-1.2	12.0	.09	.05			.025	.013	.029	.009
71	2.430	30.23	16.00	1.50	.50	3.00	9.58	.0409	.0207	.0614	.0051	.0128	9.42	.5066	1.5013	6.587	3.943	.3209
								-11.2	-1.5	24.1	.09	.05			.040	.018	.063	.010
72	2.430	30.23	16.00	1.50	.50	3.00	9.58	.0559	.0178	.0921	.0070	.0192	9.42	.3175	1.6469	6.587	3.943	.3209
								-11.8	-.8	9.7	.09	.05			.057	.016	.098	.024
73	1.431	10.48	8.45	1.50	.50	3.00	5.45	.0335	.0100	.0494	.0079	.0181	17.85	.2993	1.4740	5.908	3.911	.3929
								-21.9	-.9	7.2	.18	.09			.034	.010	.051	.009
74	1.431	10.48	8.45	1.50	.50	3.00	5.45	.0509	.0187	.0731	.0120	.0268	17.85	.3682	1.4365	5.908	3.911	.3929

Va-7

*M4C13-3529,FMS,RESULT,1,5,50C,500, ROUROCIMOS

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LIBRARY ENTRY POINTS,																			
SETUP	(CSHM)	(RTN)	(SPHM)	(FIL)	SQRT	COS	SIN	ATAN	EXP(2										
NAME ORIGIN	ENTHY	NAME ORIGIN	ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN	ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN	ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN	ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN	ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN	ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN	ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN	ENTRY		
MAIN	CG144	G0156	AKEFO	01622	01627	.SETUP	02101	C2106	(RCPM)	02117	03416	FTNRP	02117	02144	(FRM7)	10107	10414		
(F2EF)	02117	02307	FTNPM	02117	02145	(F2PM)	02117	02134	(FPT)	07611	07620	RSCLCK	10107	10201	RSCLCK	10107	10201		
RSTRN	1C107	1C400	TIMLFT	1C107	10164	KILLTR	1C107	10346	STOPCL	1C107	10206	CLKOUT	10503	10535	CLKOUT	10503	10535		
JOBTM	1C107	10146	TIMER	1C107	10224	(TIME)	10107	10112	FNDJOB	10503	10567	.READI	10622	10675	.READI	10622	10675		
EXITM	10503	10511	EXIT	10503	10535	.LOOK	10622	11035	.SCRDS	10622	11037	(TSH)	10622	10651	(TSH)	10622	10651		
.READ	10622	10675	.TAPKC	10622	10672	(TSHM)	10622	10641	(CSHM)	10622	10640	STQUO	11345	11605	STQUO	11345	11605		
(CSH)	10622	10664	IGHSIZ	11345	14707	(RTN)	11345	14557	(FIL)	11345	14542	DFDP	16237	16326	DFDP	16237	16326		
(IOH)	11345	11610	.03311	1-220	16222	.C3310	16220	16222	SFDP	16237	16322	(TCO)	16412	16516	(TCO)	16412	16516		
DCEXIT	16237	16402	DFMP	1-237	16274	DFSB	16237	16257	DFAD	16237	16242	(WEF)	16412	16511	(WEF)	16412	16511		
(TEF)	16412	16515	(RCH)	1-412	16514	(ETT)	16412	16513	(REW)	16412	16512	(TRC)	16412	16517	(TRC)	16412	16517		
(BSR)	16412	16510	(WRS)	16412	16507	(RDS)	16412	16506	(IOS)	16412	16417	.SPRNT	17450	17674	.SPRNT	17450	17674		
(EXE)	16555	16564	(IOU)	17415	17422	(TES)	17437	17441	RECOUP	17442	17445	(STHO)	17450	17513	(STHO)	17450	17513		
.PRINT	17450	17554	.TAPWR	17450	17547	.PUNCH	17450	17530	(SCH)	17450	17475	(PRNT)	17450	20072	(PRNT)	17450	20072		
(STHM)	17450	17463	(STH)	17450	17464	(SPHM)	17450	17462	(SPH)	17450	17521	.PNCHL	17450	17530	.PNCHL	17450	17530		
(SCHM)	17450	17472	.FOUT	17450	20410	.CLOUT	17450	20405	.COMNT	17450	17554	(RDPM)	21230	21324	(RDPM)	21230	21324		
ERRCR	20650	20654	(WTC)	21044	21133	(WER)	21044	21060	(HST)	21170	21201	EXP(2	21443	21447	EXP(2	21443	21447		
(RDC)	21230	21307	(RER)	21230	21243	SQR	21333	21337	SQRT	21333	21337	COS	21735	21737	COS	21735	21737		
LDUMP	21577	21602	ATN	21606	2161C	ATAN	21606	21610	SIN	21735	21750								
MOVIE)	22127	22127																	

PROGRAM LENGTH = 22504. LOWEST COMMON = 77461

.87 MINUTES ELAPSED SINCE START OF JOB

EXECUTION

THE FOLLOWING RUNS HAVE BED SLOPE = .125000 AND SIDEWALL SLOPE = .052000

RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STFPU	STFPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
								DELTA	DELTA	DELTA	HL11	HL33						
E3	4.194	9C.00	34.73	2.25	1.25	1.80	26.2C	.0818	.0126	.1280	.0047	.0098	6.51	.1537	1.5643	8.288	6.252	.3861
								-8.6	-.4	1.3	.06	.05						
E4	4.194	9C.00	34.73	2.25	1.25	1.80	26.2C	.0559	.0160	.0834	.0032	.0064	6.51	.2864	1.4910	8.288	6.252	.3861
								-9.2	.0	.6	.06	.05						
E5	4.194	9C.00	34.73	2.25	1.25	1.80	26.2C	.0386	.0087	.0604	.0022	.0046	6.51	.2244	1.5627	8.288	6.252	.3861
								-8.6	-.5	1.1	.06	.05						
E6	5.C90	132.58	42.52	2.25	1.25	1.80	31.95	.0363	.0112	.0552	.0017	.0035	5.32	.3086	1.5207	8.360	6.282	.3817
								-6.0	-1.1	4.4	.05	.04						
E7	5.C90	132.58	42.52	2.25	1.25	1.80	31.95	.0326	.0122	.0467	.0015	.0029	5.32	.3757	1.4336	8.360	6.282	.3817
								-5.9	-1.1	4.2	.05	.04						

														V-2								
														A1	A2	A3	A4					
88	5.090	132.58	42.52	2.25	1.25	1.80	31.95	.0334	DELTA1	DELTA2	DELTA4	HL11	HL33	.4257	1.4492	8.360	6.282	.3817				
														-5.9	-1.0	7.5	.05	.04				
														.032	.009	.050	.009					
89	5.090	132.58	42.52	2.25	1.25	1.80	31.95	.0541	.0121	.0837	.0025	.0052	5.32	.2238	1.5475	8.360	6.282	.3817				
														-6.1	-0.8	4.1	.05	.04				
														.055	.013	.086	.014					
90	5.566	158.58	46.64	2.25	1.25	1.80	35.00	.0420	.0149	.0635	.0018	.0036	4.85	.3539	1.5108	8.385	6.292	.3802				
														-6.2	-1.1	2.8	.05	.04				
														.041	.010	.065	.010					
91	5.566	158.58	46.64	2.25	1.25	1.80	35.00	.0530	.0205	.0772	.0023	.0044	4.85	.3867	1.4552	8.385	6.292	.3802				
														-6.5	-0.5	2.7	.05	.04				
														.051	.011	.080	.015					
92	5.566	158.58	46.64	2.25	1.25	1.80	35.00	.0339	.0162	.0470	.0015	.0027	4.85	.4798	1.3854	8.385	6.292	.3802				
														-5.7	-0.8	2.2	.05	.04				
														.032	.010	.049	.010					
RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	MH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPS	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT				
93	5.566	158.58	46.64	2.25	1.25	1.80	35.00	.0612	DELTA1	DELTA2	DELTA4	HL11	HL33	.3270	1.4938	8.385	6.292	.3802				
														-3.7	-1.0	2.4	.05	.04				
														.060	.014	.093	.012					
94	5.679	165.06	44.97	2.00	1.00	2.00	32.00	.0365	.0144	.0542	.0016	.0034	4.47	.3940	1.4869	7.923	5.638	.3604				
														-6.2	-0.5	5.0	.04	.03				
														.039	.019	.056	.010					
95	5.679	165.06	44.97	2.00	1.00	2.00	32.00	.0281	.0141	.0398	.0013	.0025	4.47	.5001	1.4153	7.923	5.638	.3604				
														-5.7	-0.2	4.6	.04	.03				
														.030	.017	.041	.007					
96	5.679	165.06	44.97	2.00	1.00	2.00	32.00	.0598	.0167	.0945	.0027	.0059	4.47	.2795	1.5801	7.923	5.638	.3604				
														-5.6	-0.1	7.1	.04	.03				
														.060	.012	.099	.021					
97	4.979	126.86	39.27	2.00	1.00	2.00	28.00	.0431	.0013	.0693	.0022	.0049	5.12	.0291	1.6090	7.892	5.528	.3525				
														-8.5	1.5	3.7	.05	.04				
														.045	.010	.072	.014					
RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	MH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPS	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT				
98	4.979	126.86	39.27	2.00	1.00	2.00	28.00	.0297	DELTA1	DELTA2	DELTA4	HL11	HL33	.4254	1.4779	7.892	5.528	.3625				
														-5.5	-1.3	4.3	.05	.04				
														.034	.020	.046	.010					

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59	4.979	126.86	39.27	2.00	1.00	2.00	24.00	.0476	.0108	.0759	.0024	.0054	5.12	.2276	1.5917	7.890	5.628	.3425	
								-3.5	-1.5	3.5	.05	.04			.031	.019	.079	.015	
10	4.979	126.86	39.27	2.00	1.00	2.00	24.00	.0586	.0131	.0910	.0030	.0065	5.12	.2237	1.5526	7.490	5.621	.3425	
								-8.6	1.2	3.5	.05	.04			.059	.024	.096	.022	
101	4.263	93.00	33.41	2.00	1.00	2.00	23.90	.0594	.0103	.0899	.0036	.0075	5.02	.3098	1.5139	7.844	5.611	.3459	
								-9.2	-1.6	6.4	.06	.04			.058	.009	.093	.017	
102	4.263	93.00	33.41	2.00	1.00	2.00	23.90	.0363	.0099	.0566	.0022	.0047	6.02	.2715	1.5564	7.844	5.611	.3558	
								-12.4	.5	6.6	.06	.04			.040	.010	.059	.012	
RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPU	Z1	XKR	XKT	CFLA1	CFLA2	CFLA3	CFLA4
								DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33							
103	4.263	93.00	33.41	2.00	1.00	2.00	23.90	.3147	-.2137	.1301	.0188	.0109	6.02	-.6791	.4133	7.844	5.611	.3458	
								-5.6	-1.5	6.4	.06	.04			.332	-.237	.130	.016	
104	6.573	221.15	52.22	2.00	1.00	2.00	37.10	.0304	.0118	.0461	.0012	.0025	3.85	.3888	1.5139	7.949	5.648	.3586	
								-5.9	-.6	7.0	.04	.03			.030	.008	.049	.012	
105	6.573	221.15	52.22	2.00	1.00	2.00	37.10	.0253	.0176	.0337	.0010	.0013	3.65	.6968	1.3345	7.949	5.648	.3586	
								-6.2	-.3	4.1	.04	.03			.024	.015	.036	.009	
106	6.573	221.15	52.22	2.00	1.00	2.00	37.10	.0612	.0156	.0960	.0023	.0052	3.65	.2549	1.5636	7.949	5.648	.3586	
								-4.8	-.5	4.2	.04	.03			.067	.029	.100	.020	
107	6.216	197.75	45.15	1.67	.67	2.49	28.75	.0371	.0147	.0590	.0016	.0041	3.72	.3971	1.5923	7.268	4.628	.3218	
								-5.2	.5	7.9	.04	.02			.036	.010	.061	.011	
RLN	T	XL0	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPU	Z1	XKR	XKT	CFLA1	CFLA2	CFLA3	CFLA4
								DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33							
108	6.216	197.75	45.15	1.67	.67	2.49	28.75	.0211	.0092	.0332	.0009	.0023	3.72	.4359	1.5712	7.268	4.628	.3218	
								-4.8	.0	6.4	.04	.02			.021	.007	.036	.010	
109	6.216	197.75	45.15	1.67	.67	2.49	28.75	.0572	.0198	.0922	.0025	.0064	3.72	.3458	1.6119	7.268	4.628	.3218	
								-4.6	-.3	4.5	.04	.02			.061	.028	.094	.013	
110	5.497	154.65	39.83	1.67	.67	2.49	25.40	.0274	.0121	.0439	.0014	.0035	4.22	.4432	1.6055	7.250	4.624	.3232	

																		V ₄ -4			
																		.029	.015	.045	.007
									-7.0	1.4	7.6	.04	.03								
111	5.497	154.65	39.83	1.67	.67	2.49	25.40	.0339	.0148	.0254	.0017	.0020	4.22	.4374	.7496	7.250	4.624	.3232			
									-4.5	-1.3	2.0	.04	.03								
															.034	.015	.026	.004			
112	5.497	154.65	34.83	1.67	.67	2.49	25.40	.0497	.0122	.0020	.0025	.0065	4.22	.2459	1.6491	7.250	4.624	.3232			
									-5.5	-.6	2.0	.04	.03								
															.049	.007	.083	.009			
RLN	T	XLO	XL1	M1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPS	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT			
									DELT1	DELT2	DELT4	HL11	HL33		A1	A2	A3	A4			
113	7.236	267.99	52.68	1.67	.67	2.49	33.50	.0347	.0119	.0567	.0013	.0034	3.19	.3421	1.6345	7.285	4.633	.3204			
									-2.3	-1.2	6.0	.03	.02			.035	.010	.060	.014		
114	7.236	267.99	52.68	1.67	.67	2.49	33.50	.0618	.0228	.0968	.0023	.0058	3.19	.3681	1.5665	7.285	4.633	.3204			
									-2.7	.8	5.9	.03	.02			.060	.011	.102	.023		
115	7.236	267.99	52.68	1.67	.67	2.49	33.50	.0501	.0143	.0837	.0019	.0050	3.19	.2844	1.6697	7.285	4.633	.3204			
									-4.9	1.2	6.1	.03	.02			.055	.025	.087	.017		
116	6.997	250.60	48.29	1.50	.50	3.00	28.00	.0293	.0136	.0470	.0012	.0034	3.12	.4635	1.6031	6.906	4.004	.2923			
									-5.2	-.2	2.7	.03	.02			.028	.009	.049	.010		
117	6.997	250.60	48.29	1.50	.50	3.00	28.00	.0192	.0076	.0319	.0008	.0023	3.12	.3984	1.6638	6.906	4.004	.2923			
									-4.0	-1.2	8.6	.03	.02			.021	.011	.033	.006		
RLN	T	XLO	XL1	M1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPS	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT			
									DELT1	DELT2	DELT4	HL11	HL33		A1	A2	A3	A4			
118	6.997	250.60	48.29	1.50	.50	3.00	28.00	.0310	.0170	.0473	.0013	.0034	3.12	.5469	1.5274	6.906	4.004	.2923			
									-5.4	.5	3.2	.03	.02			.029	.012	.049	.009		
119	8.616	379.91	59.59	1.50	.50	3.00	34.50	.0076	.0047	.0107	.0003	.0006	2.53	.6214	1.4015	6.921	4.007	.2911			
									-6.1	.9	4.8	.03	.01			.007	.003	.012	.004		
120	8.616	379.91	59.59	1.50	.50	3.00	34.50	.0116	.0092	.0133	.0004	.0008	2.53	.7916	1.1447	6.921	4.007	.2911			
									-.1	.3	5.0	.03	.01			.011	.008	.015	.005		
121	8.616	379.91	59.59	1.50	.50	3.00	34.50	.0252	.0159	.0354	.0008	.0021	2.53	.6326	1.4057	6.921	4.007	.2911			
										1.0	4.6	.03	.01			.023	.011	.038	.010		

V_L-5

122	6.065	188.23	41.77	1.50	.50	3.00	24.25	.0167	.0123	.0202	.0008	.0017	3.61	.7322	1.2085	6.892	4.001	.2936
								-5.8	.8	2.2	.04	.02			.016	.011	.021	.004
RLN	T	XLO	XL1	H1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPD	Z1	XKR	XKT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT
								DELT1	DELT2	DFLT4	HL11	HL33			A1	A2	A3	A4
123	6.065	188.23	41.77	1.50	.50	3.00	24.25	.0206	.0071	.0350	.0010	.0029	3.61	.3455	1.6999	6.892	4.001	.2936
								-3.8	-1.2	2.1	.04	.02			.022	.010	.036	.006
124	6.065	188.23	41.77	1.50	.50	3.00	24.25	.0356	.0159	.0576	.0017	.0048	3.61	.4481	1.6203	6.392	4.001	.2936
								-3.7	.5	7.7	.04	.02			.034	.011	.059	.009

* XEC

J04

JCB TIME = .06 MIN.

LIBRARY ENTRY POINTS, .SETLP (CS:M)			(RTN)	(SFFM)	(FIL)	SCRT	COS	SIN	ATAN	EXP(2)
NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY	NAME ORIGIN ENTRY
MAIN 00144 00156	AKEFC 01616 01623	JSETLP 02075 02102	IRGRM 02113 03412	FTNBP 02113 02140	(F2PM) 02113 02130	(FRM7) 07605 07614	STOPCL 10103 10202	ENDJOB 10477 10563	.SORDS 10616 11031	REACL 10616 10671
(F2EF) 02113 02203	FTNPM 02113 02141	KILLTR 10103 10342	(TIME) 10103 10106	TIMEK 10103 10220	JLCK 10616 11031	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
RSTRTN 10103 10374	TIMLFT 10103 10160	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
JCBTM 10103 10142	TIMEK 10103 10220	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
EXITM 10477 10525	EXIT 10477 10531	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
.READ 10616 10671	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
(CSH) 10616 10660	IOFSIZ 11341 14703	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
(ICF) 11341 11654	.C3311 16214 16216	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
CCEXIT 16233 16376	DFMP 16233 16270	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
(TEF) 16406 16511	(RCH) 16406 16510	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
(PSR) 16406 16504	(RCS) 16406 16503	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
(EXE) 16551 16560	(ICL) 17411 17416	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
.PRINT 17444 17550	.TAPWR 17444 17542	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
(STH) 17444 17457	(STP) 17444 17460	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
(SCHM) 17444 17466	.FCLT 17444 20404	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
ERRCR 20644 20650	(WTC) 21040 21054	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
(RCC) 21224 21303	(RER) 21224 21237	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
LDUMP 21573 21576	ATN 21602 21604	(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230
MOVIE 22123 22123		(TIME) 10103 10106	JLCK 10616 11031	EXIT 10477 10531	.TAPRD 10616 10666	(TSHM) 10616 10635	(RTN) 11341 14553	(FIU) 11341 14530	CFBR 16233 16316	DFAD 16233 16230

PROGRAM LENGTH = 22500. LOWEST COMMON = 77461

.27 MINUTES ELAPSED SINCE START OF JCB

EXECUTION

THE FOLLOWING RUNS HAVE REC/SLOPE = C. AND SIDEWALL SLOPE = 1.250000

RUN	T	XLO	XL1	F1	H3	H13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEP1	STEPD	Z1	XMR	XNT	CELAU	CELAD	CGRAT	
																A1	A2	A3	A4
100	3.085	48.82	25.00	2.25	2.25	1.00	25.00	.0642	.0117	.0864	J0051	.0069	0.	.1217	1.3449	8.100	8.099	.4999	
																.084	.046	.107	.047
200	3.085	49.82	25.00	2.25	2.25	1.00	25.00	.0249	.0039	.0344	J0020	.0028	0.	.1948	1.3817	8.100	8.099	.4999	
																.028	.005	.040	.015
300	3.085	48.82	25.00	2.25	2.25	1.00	25.00	.0864	.0060	.1203	J0069	.0096	0.	.0655	1.3927	8.100	8.099	.4999	
																.100	.036	.141	.054
400	2.534	32.86	20.00	2.25	2.25	1.00	20.00	.0716	.0255	.0966	J0072	.0097	0.	.3362	1.3489	7.899	7.899	.5000	
																.077	.028	.111	.040
500	2.534	32.86	20.00	2.25	2.25	1.00	20.00	.0481	.0012	.0660	J0048	.0066	0.	.0255	1.3726	7.899	7.899	.5000	
																.053	.020	.075	.026

VI-2

RUN	T	XLC	XL1	F1	H3	FF13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPS	STEPS	Z1	XMR	XMT	CELAL	DELAD	CGRAT
								DEL11	DEL22	DEL44	HL11	HL33			A1	A2	A3	A4
60C	2.534	32.86	20.00	2.25	2.25	1.00	20.00	.0218	.0021	.0302	.0022	.0030	0.	.0961	1.2868	7.859	7.859	.5000
								-18.6	-1.5	-1.9	.11	.11			.0028	.0009	.0035	.013
70C	1.880	18.08	13.90	2.25	2.25	1.00	13.90	.0445	.0194	.0554	.0064	.0080	0.	.4357	1.2452	7.400	7.400	.5000
								-37.2	-.1	-8.2	.16	.16			.0048	.0012	.0065	.025
80C	1.880	18.08	13.90	2.25	2.25	1.00	13.90	.0977	.0419	.1229	.0141	.0177	0.	.4250	1.2570	7.400	7.400	.5000
								-37.2	-.1	2.2	.16	.16			.0094	.0012	.0137	.044
90C	1.880	18.08	13.90	2.25	2.25	1.00	13.90	.1294	.0441	.1687	.0186	.0243	0.	.3411	1.2636	7.400	7.400	.5000
								-36.8	-.7	-3.1	.16	.16			.0130	.0018	.0189	.062
10C	1.478	11.18	9.95	2.25	2.25	1.00	9.95	.1439	.0527	.1826	.0289	.0367	0.	.2655	1.2652	6.736	6.736	.5000
								-47.4	1.4	-3.3	.23	.23			.0143	.0011	.0207	.071
11C	1.478	11.18	9.95	2.25	2.25	1.00	9.95	.1103	.0328	.1452	.0222	.0292	0.	.2577	1.2155	6.736	6.736	.5000
								-47.0	1.5	2.9	.23	.23			.0110	.0016	.0155	.039
12C	1.478	11.18	9.95	2.25	2.25	1.00	9.95	.0389	.0032	.0538	.0078	.0108	0.	.0834	1.2822	6.736	6.736	.5000
								-56.0	-1.4	-14.4	.23	.23			.0042	.0012	.0081	.021
13C	1.052	5.67	5.60	2.25	2.25	1.00	5.60	.0871	.0139	.1179	.0311	.0421	0.	.1551	1.2523	5.323	5.323	.5000
								-91.9	.3	-7.7	.40	.40			.0090	.0014	.0126	.032
14C	1.052	5.67	5.60	2.25	2.25	1.00	5.60	.1453	.0251	.1929	.0519	.0689	0.	.1726	1.2278	5.323	5.323	.5000
								-79.8	.6	-1.6	.40	.40			.0145	.0015	.0207	.054
15C	3.044	47.42	24.60	2.25	2.25	1.00	24.60	.0135	.0065	.0175	.0011	.0014	0.	.4827	1.2972	8.087	8.087	.4999
								-18.2	.9	1.5	.09	.09			.0014	.0006	.0020	.007
16C	3.044	47.42	24.60	2.25	2.25	1.00	24.60	.0250	.0069	.0332	.0020	.0027	0.	.2767	1.2315	8.087	8.087	.4999
								-15.4	-1.3	1.1	.09	.09			.0030	.0015	.0039	.015

V-3

17C	3.044	47.42	24.60	2.25	2.25	1.00	24.60	.0490	.0181	.0640	J0040	.0052	0.	J3696	1.3064	8.087	8.087	.4999
								-18.4	.6	1.4	.09	.09		J050	J013	J072	.024	
18C	2.550	33.28	20.15	2.25	2.25	1.00	20.15	.0636	.0260	.0810	J0063	.0080	0.	J4087	1.2722	7.907	7.907	.5000
								-24.8	-.0	-1.3	.11	.11		J070	J030	J056	.038	
19C	2.550	33.28	20.15	2.25	2.25	1.00	20.15	.0450	.0087	.0622	J0045	.0062	0.	J1528	1.3826	7.907	7.907	.5000
								-17.9	-.9	-1.4	.11	.11		J055	J026	J075	.031	
20C	2.550	33.28	20.15	2.25	2.25	1.00	20.15	.0172	.0037	.0227	J0017	.0023	0.	J2165	1.3228	7.907	7.907	.5000
								-24.2	-.8	4.2	.11	.11		J022	J010	J031	.016	
RLA	T	XLO	XL1	F1	H3	FF13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPD	Z1	XNR	XNT	CERAU	CELAD	CGRAT
								DEL1	DEL2	DEU4	HL11	HL33		A1	A2	A3	A4	
21C	1.984	20.16	14.90	2.25	2.25	1.00	14.90	.0215	.0029	.0301	J0029	.0040	0.	J1347	1.3582	7.513	7.513	.5000
								-28.1	-1.0	-4.3	.15	.15		J028	J015	J037	.016	
22C	1.984	20.16	14.90	2.25	2.25	1.00	14.90	.0694	.0212	.0929	.0093	.0125	0.	J3055	1.3375	7.513	7.513	.5000
								-30.8	.7	-4.5	.15	.15		J065	J014	J097	.020	
23C	1.984	20.16	14.90	2.25	2.25	1.00	14.90	.0111	.0415	.1273	J0136	.0171	0.	J4104	1.2994	7.513	7.513	.5000
								-30.7	.6	-4.1	.15	.15		J098	J014	J141	.044	
24C	1.633	13.65	11.50	2.25	2.25	1.00	11.50	.0863	.0077	.1193	.0190	.0208	0.	J0890	1.3820	7.046	7.046	.5000
								-37.4	-.5	-7.1	.20	.20		J101	J035	J145	.061	
25C	1.633	13.65	11.50	2.25	2.25	1.00	11.50	.0720	.0294	.0916	J0125	.0159	0.	J4085	1.2729	7.046	7.046	.5000
								-38.1	.0	-2.5	.20	.20		J065	J012	J098	.025	
RLA	T	XLC	XL1	F1	H3	FF13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEPU	STEPD	Z1	XNR	XNT	CERAU	CELAD	CGRAT
								DEL1	DEL2	DEU4	HL11	HL33		A1	A2	A3	A4	
26C	1.633	13.65	11.50	2.25	2.25	1.00	11.50	.0345	.0183	.0411	J0060	.0071	0.	J5297	1.1904	7.046	7.046	.5000
								-46.7	1.0	-5.4	.20	.20		J032	J008	J046	.015	
27C	1.375	9.67	8.90	2.25	2.25	1.00	8.90	.0525	.0155	.0699	J0118	.0157	0.	J2557	1.3326	6.477	6.477	.5000
								-32.8	-1.5	-7.0	.25	.25		J052	J009	J073	.015	
28C	1.375	9.67	8.90	2.25	2.25	1.00	8.90	.0107	.0454	.1273	J0231	.0286	0.	J4418	1.2355	6.477	6.477	.5000

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400	2.55E	33.45	17.75	1.67	1.67	1.00	17.75	.0465	.0240	.0546	.0052	.0062	0.	.516E	1.1741	6.943	6.943	.5000	
								-27.1	-.4	-1.2	.09	.09			.0044	.0007	.0065	.026	
RUN	T	XLC	XL1	F1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEP1	STEP2	Z1	XNR	XNT	CEBAU	DELAD	CGRAT	
								DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33				A1	A2	A3	A4
410	2.55E	33.45	17.75	1.67	1.67	1.00	17.75	.0486	.0077	.0665	.0055	.0075	0.	.156E	1.36E8	6.943	6.943	.5000	
								-28.3	1.1	-1.8	.09	.09			.0055	.0028	.0078	.030	
420	2.005	46.33	15.65	1.42	1.42	1.00	15.64	.0292	.0054	.0400	.0030	.0041	0.	.18E2	1.3701	6.536	6.536	.4999	
								-22.2	-.0	-2.7	.07	.07			.0031	.0019	.0045	.021	
430	3.005	46.33	15.65	1.42	1.42	1.00	15.64	.0285	.0133	.0348	.0029	.0035	0.	.4671	1.2204	6.536	6.536	.4999	
								-21.9	-.5	-2.0	.07	.07			.0028	.0006	.0041	.016	
440	2.277	26.53	14.50	1.42	1.42	1.00	14.50	.0359	.0264	.0416	.0055	.0057	0.	.6609	1.0431	6.373	6.373	.5000	
								-25.9	.6	-4.3	.10	.10			.0031	.0013	.0049	.019	
450	2.277	26.53	14.50	1.42	1.42	1.00	14.50	.0509	.0291	.0576	.0070	.0080	0.	.5722	1.1318	6.373	6.373	.5000	
								-31.0	1.5	-8.9	.10	.10			.0047	.0011	.0069	.028	
RUN	T	XLC	XL1	F1	H3	HH13	XL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEP1	STEP2	Z1	XNR	XNT	CEBAU	DELAD	CGRAT	
								DEL1	DEL2	DEL4	HL11	HL33				A1	A2	A3	A4
460	1.73E	15.46	10.60	1.42	1.42	1.00	10.60	.0855	.0311	.1096	.0161	.0207	0.	.2641	1.2822	6.102	6.102	.5000	
								-40.2	-1.4	-10.3	.13	.13			.0088	.0020	.0127	.047	
470	1.73E	15.46	10.60	1.42	1.42	1.00	10.60	.0509	.0144	.0675	.0056	.0127	0.	.2828	1.3245	6.102	6.102	.5000	
								-40.9	-1.0	-11.1	.13	.13			.0051	.0022	.0072	.018	
480	1.73E	15.46	10.60	1.42	1.42	1.00	10.60	.0366	.0071	.0503	.0069	.0095	0.	.1935	1.3759	6.102	6.102	.5000	
								-43.5	1.2	-11.2	.13	.13			.0038	.0006	.0055	.016	
490	1.140	6.65	6.00	1.42	1.42	1.00	6.00	.0547	.0154	.0729	.0182	.0243	0.	.2814	1.3334	5.266	5.266	.5000	
								-76.6	-.2	-10.2	.24	.24			.0051	.0009	.0078	.020	
500	1.140	6.65	6.00	1.42	1.42	1.00	6.00	.0680	.0110	.0902	.0227	.0301	0.	.1616	1.3276	5.266	5.266	.5000	
								-82.0	-.1	-18.4	.24	.24			.0084	.0039	.0111	.048	

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RUN	T	XLC	XL1	F1	H3	FF13	YL3	A1P	A2P	A3P	STEFU	STEPD	Z1	XMR	XMT	CEVAL	GELAD	CGRAT
								CELT1	DELT2	CEUT4	HL11	HL33			A1	A2	A3	A4
51C	1.99E	20.43	12.5C	1.42	1.42	1.0C	12.5C	.C703	.0224	.0921	.0112	.0147	0.	.318E	1.3113	6.260	6.260	.5000
								-36.2	-.0	-6.4	.11	.11			.C71	.C18	.098	.024
52C	1.99E	20.43	12.5C	1.42	1.42	1.0C	12.5C	.C51C	.0329	.0539	.C082	.0086	0.	.6464	1.0967	6.260	6.260	.5000
								-35.7	-.7	-6.1	.11	.11			.C43	.C16	.C63	.024

APPENDIX C

THE COMPUTER PROGRAM P_I

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A1      = UPSTREAM INCIDENT WAVE AMPLITUDE, FT          03/13 2108.3      PAGE 1
C
C A2      = UPSTREAM REFLECTED WAVE AMPLITUDE , FT
C A3      = DOWNSTREAM TRANSMITTED WAVE AMPLITUDE , FT
C A4      = DOWNSTREAM REFLECTED WAVE AMPLITUDE FROM FAR END , FT
C A1P     = TRANSFORMED INCIDENT WAVE AMPLITUDE , FT
C A2P     = TRANSFORMED REFLECTED WAVE AMPLITUDE , FT
C A3P     = TRANSFORMED TRANSMITTED WAVE AMPLITUDE , FT
C XL1     = UPSTREAM WAVE LENGTH , FT
C XL3     = DOWNSTREAM WAVE LENGTH , FT
C DELTA1  = UPSTREAM INCIDENT WAVE PHASE ANGLE , RADIAN
C DELTA2  = UPSTREAM REFLECTED WAVE PHASE ANGLE , RADIAN
C DELTA3  = DOWNSTREAM TRANSMITTED WAVE PHASE ANGLE , RADIAN
C DELTA4  = DOWNSTREAM REFLECTED WAVE PHASE ANGLE , RADIAN
C XMAXU   = UPSTREAM DISTANCE FROM ORIGIN AT WHICH MAXIMA OF WAVE ENVELOPE
C OCCUR , FT
C XMAXD   = DOWNSTREAM DISTANCE FROM ORIGIN AT WHICH MAXIMA OF WAVE ENVELOPE
C OCCUR , FT
C XAU     = UPSTREAM DISTANCE FROM ORIGIN AT WHICH SIMULTANEOUS MAXIMA OCCUR
C XBD     = DOWNSTREAM DISTANCE FROM ORIGIN WHERE SIMULTANEOUS MAXIMA OCCUR
C PAI     = 3.1416
C KX1     = UPSTREAM WAVE NUMBER, (2.0*PAI)/XL1
C KX3     = DOWNSTREAM WAVE NUMBER , (2.0*PAI)/XL3
C SUM12   = SUM CF AMPLITUDE A1 AND A2 , FT
C SUM34   = SUM CF AMPLITUDES A3 AND A4 , FT
C DIF12   = DIFFERENCE OF AMPLITUDES A1 AND A2 , FT
C DIF34   = DIFFERENCE OF AMPLITUDES A3 AND A4 , FT
C H1      = UPSTREAM WATER DEPTH , FT
C H3      = DOWNSTREAM WATER DEPTH , FT
C HL11    = UPSTREAM DEPTH WAVE LENGTH RATIO
C HL33    = DOWNSTREAM DEPTH WAVE LENGTH RATIO
C HL10    = UPSTREAM DEPTH TO DEEP WATER WAVE LENGTH RATIO
C HL30    = DOWNSTREAM DEPTH TO DEEP WATER WAVE LENGTH RATIO
C BSLOPE  = CHANNEL BED SLOPE IN TRANSITION
C SSLCPE  = CHANNEL SIDEWALL SLOPE IN TRANSITION
C XLO     = DEEP WATER WAVE LENGTH , FT
C DEL12   = SUM OF PHASE ANGLES DELTA1 AND DELTA2
C HM13    = UPSTREAM TO DOWNSTREAM DEPTH RATIO
C XKR     = REFLECTION COEFFICIENT
C XKT     = TRANSMISSION COEFFICIENT
C STEEPU  = UPSTREAM WAVE STEEPNESS
C STEEPD  = DOWNSTREAM WAVE STEEPNESS
C Z1      = DEANS PARAMETER
C CELAU   = UPSTREAM WAVE CELERITY , FT/SEC
C CELAD   = DOWNSTREAM WAVE CELERITY , FT/SEC
C CGRAT   = GROUP VELOCITY RATIO
C READ 1 , BSLOPE , SSLCPE ,B1 ,B3
C N=0
1  FORMAT ( 4F10.6 )
  PRINT 2,BSLOPE , SSLCPE
2  FORMAT ( 37H THE FOLLOWING RUNS HAVE BED SLOPE = , F8.6 , 22H AND
  1SIDEWALL SLOPE = , F8.6 )
  PRINT 1001
1001  FORMAT(130H RUN      T      XLO  XL1  H1  H3  HM13  XL3  A1
  1P   A2P  A3P  STEPU STEPD  Z1   XKR   XKT   CELAU CELA
  2D   CGRAT)
  PRINT 1006

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A1 = UPSTREAM INCIDENT WAVE AMPLITUDE,FT

03/13 2108.3

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1C06 FCRMAT(129H
1 DELT1 DELT2 DELT4 HL11 HL33 A1 A2 A3
2 A4 )
2CC2 READ 2001 , H1 , H3
2C01 FCRMAT ( 2F12.5 )
1CC4 READ 3,RUN , ID , XL1 , SUM12 , DIF12 , XMAXU , XAU , SUM34 ,
1 DIF34 , XMAXC , XBD
3 FCRMAT ( A3 , I3 , 3X , F7.3 , 3X , F8.5 , 3X , F8.5 , 3X , F7.3 ,
1 3X , F7.3 , 3X , F8.5 , 3X , F8.5 / F7.3 ,F7.3)
IF ( ID ) 2002 , 2002 , 2003
2CC3 CALL AKEFQ ( HTAN , HSEC2 , H1 , XL1 , HL11 , HL10 , HSIN2A )
HL30 = ((HL10 ) *H3 ) / H1
XL0 = (1.0 / HL30 ) *H3
T = SQRTF (( XL0 ) / ( 5.118 ))
HM13 = H1 / H3
XL3=XL1-2.0
22 CALL AKEFQ ( HTAN , HSEC2 , H3 , XL3 , HL33 , HLT , HSIN2A )
FUNCL = (( HL33 ) * (HTAN )) - HL30
FUNCLP = -(HL33 * ((1.0 / XL3 ) * HTAN + (( 2.0 * 3.1416 * H3 )
1 / ( XL3 ** 2 )) * HSEC2 ))
XL3 = XL3 - (FUNCL)/FUNCLP
IF(ABS(FUNCL)-0.001)20,20,22
20 CCNTINUE
C CALCULATION OF REFLECTION AND TRANSMISSION COEFFICIENTS
PAI = 3.1416
A1 = (SUM12 + DIF12 ) / 2.0
A2 = ( SUM12 - DIF12 ) / 2.0
DEL12 = 1.0 * PAI - 2.0 * (2.0 * PAI / XL1 ) * XMAXU
A3 = (SUM34 + DIF34 ) / 2.0
A4 = ( SUM34 - DIF34 ) / 2.0
DELTA4 = ( 1.0 * PAI ) - 2.0 * (2.0 * PAI / XL3 ) * XMAXD
R1 = ( 2.0 * PAI / XL3 ) * XBD
R2 = R1 + DELTA4
R3 = -COSF( R1 ) + ( A4 / A3 ) * COSF ( R2 )
R4 = SIN( R1 ) + ( A4 / A3 ) * SIN( R2 )
R = ( R3 / R4 )
ARG1 = ((( 2.0 * PAI ) / XL1 ) * XAU + DEL12 )
ARG2 = (( 2.0 * PAI ) / XL1 ) * XAU
XNUM = ( COSF ( ARG1 )) + ( R * SIN( ARG1 )) - ( A2 / A1 ) *
1 ( COSF( ARG2 ) - R * SIN( ARG2 ))
XDENM = - ( SIN( ARG1 )) + ( R * COSF ( ARG1 )) - ( A2 / A1 ) *
1 ( SIN( ARG2 ) + R * COSF ( ARG2 ))
DELTA2 = ATANF (( XNUM ) / ( XDENM ))
DELTA1 = DEL12 - DELTA2
ARG3 = CCSF ( DELTA1 - DELTA2 + DELTA4 )
RAD1 = (((A2/A1)**2)*((A4/A3)**2)- 2.0*(A2/A1)*(A4/A3)*ARG3) + 1.0
RAD2 = (((A1/A2)**2)*((A4/A3)**2) - 2.0*(A1/A2)*(A4/A3)*ARG3) +1.0
A1P = A1 * SQRTF(ABS(FRAD1))
A2P = A2 * SQRTF(ABS(FRAD2))
A3P = A3 * ( 1.0 - (A4/A3)**2)
XKR = ( A2P / A1P )
XKT = ( A3P / A1P )
STEEPU = ( 2.0 * A1P ) / XL1
STEEPD = (2.0 * A3P ) / XL3
Z1 = (4.0 * PAI * H1 ) / (( XL1 ) * BSLOPE )
C CALCULATION OF GROUP VELOCITY RATIO
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A1      = UPSTREAM INCIDENT WAVE AMPLITUDE,FT                03/13 2108.3        PAGE 3

CALL AKEFQ ( HTAN, HSEC2,H1,XL1,HL11,HL10,HSIN2A )
CELAU2 = (( 32.2 * XL1 ) / ( 2.0 * PAI )) * HTAN
CELAU  = SQRTF ( CELAU2 )
XN1    = ( 1.0 + ((( 2.0*2.0*PAI*H1)/XL1)/(HSIN2A ))) / 2.0
CALL AKEFQ ( HTAN, HSEC2,H3,XL3,HL33,HL30,HSIN2A)
CELAD2 = (( 32.2*XL3)/(2.0*PAI))*HTAN
CELAD  = SQRTF ( CELAD2 )
XN3    = ( 1.0 + (((2.0*2.0*PAI*H3) / XL3)/(HSIN2A))) / 2.0
CGRAT  = (XN3 * XL3 * B3 )/( XN1 * XL1 * B1 )
HL11=H1/XL1
HL33=H3/XL3
PRINT 101, ID,T,XLO,XL1,H1,H3,HH13,XL3,A1P,A2P,A3P,STEEPU,STEEPD,Z
11,XKR,XKT,CELAU,CELAD,CGRAT
101  FCRMAT(1X,I3,1X,F6.3,1X,F6.2,2X,F5.2,2X,F4.2,2X,F4.2,2X,F4.2,2X,F5
1,2,F7.4,F7.4,F7.4,F7.4,F7.4,2X,F5.2,2X,F6.4,2X,F6.4,2X,F5.3,2X,F5.
23,F7.4/)
PRINT 1003,DELTA1,DELTA2,DELTA4,HL11,HL33,A1,A2,A3,A4
N=N+1
IF(N-5)1004,210,210
210  PRINT 1001
PRINT 1006
N=0
1003 FCRMAT(55X,F6.1,2X,F5.1,2X,F5.1,3X,F4.2,3X,F4.2,15X,F5.3,1X,F5.3,1
1X,F5.3,1X,F5.3//)
GC TO 1004
END(1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0)
```

JCB TIME = C.11 MIN.

P
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P_I-4

STORAGE NOT USED BY PROGRAM

DEC OCT DEC OCT
810 01452 32561 77461

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES NOT APPEARING IN COMMON, DIMENSION, OR EQUIVALENCE STATEMENT

DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT
A1P 809 01451	A1 808 01450	A2P 807 01447	A2 806 01446	A3P 805 01445
A3 804 01444	A4 803 01443	ARG1 802 01442	ARG2 801 01441	ARG3 800 01440
B1 799 01437	B3 798 01436	BSLOPE 797 01435	CELAD2 796 01434	CELAD 795 01433
CELAU2 794 01432	CELAU 793 01431	CGRAT 792 01430	DEL12 791 01427	DELTA1 790 01426
DELTA2 789 01425	DELTA4 788 01424	DIF12 787 01423	DIF34 786 01422	FUNCLP 785 01421
FUNCL 784 01420	H1 783 01417	H3 782 01416	MH13 781 01415	HL10 780 01414
HL11 779 01413	HL30 778 01412	HL33 777 01411	HLT 776 01410	HSEC2 775 01407
HSINZA 774 01406	HTAN 773 01405	ID 772 01404	N 771 01403	PAI 770 01402
R1 769 01401	R2 768 01400	R3 767 01377	R4 766 01376	RAD1 765 01375
RAD2 764 01374	R 763 01373	RUN 762 01372	SSLOPE 761 01371	STEEPD 760 01370
STEEPU 759 01367	SUM12 758 01366	SUM34 757 01365	T 756 01364	XAU 755 01363
XBD 754 01362	XDENM 753 01361	XKR 752 01360	XKT 751 01357	XLO 750 01356
XL1 749 01355	XL3 748 01354	XMAXD 747 01353	XMAXU 746 01352	XN1 745 01351
XN3 744 01350	XNUM 743 01347	Z1 742 01346		

SYMBOLS AND LOCATIONS FOR SOURCE PROGRAM FORMAT STATEMENTS

EFN LOC	EFN LOC	EFN LOC	EFN LOC	EFN LOC
811 1 01336	812 2 01334	813 3 01235	8135 101 01213	81V9 1001 01315
81VB 1C03 01164	81VE 1006 01266	81VUH 2001 01237		

LOCATIONS FOR OTHER SYMBOLS NOT APPEARING IN SOURCE PROGRAM

DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT
1) 735 01337	2) 599 01127	3) 603 01133	6) 610 01142	

LOCATIONS OF NAMES IN TRANSFER VECTOR

DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT
AKEFC 5 0C005	ATAN 9 00011	COS 7 0C007	.SETUP 0 00000	SIN 8 00010
SCRT 6 0C006	(CSH) 1 0C001	(FIL) 4 0C004	(RTN) 2 00002	(SPH) 3 00003

ENTRY POINTS TO SUBROUTINES NOT OUTPUT FROM LIBRARY

AKEFC	ATAN	COS	.SETUP	SIN	SCRT	(CSH)	(FIL)	(RTN)	(SPH)
-------	------	-----	--------	-----	------	-------	-------	-------	-------

EXTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS WITH CORRESPONDING INTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS AND OCTAL LOCATIONS

EFN IFN LOC	EFN IFN LOC	EFN IFN LOC	EFN IFN LOC	EFN IFN LOC
2C02 17 00047	1004 19 00056	2003 22 00113	22 28 00153	20 33 00227
210 80 01116				

TIME SPENT IN FORTRAN.. .52 MINUTES.

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SUBROUTINE AKEFQ(HTAN,HSEC2,A,B,C,D,E)

03/13 2108.3

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SUBROUTINE AKEFQ(HTAN,HSEC2,A,B,C,D,E)

C = A/B

PAI = 3.1416

ARG = (2.*PAI)*C

HSIN = ARG

ZI=1.0

ZK=ZI

7 ZN=ZI+2.0

6 ZJ=ZI+1.0

IF(ZN-ZJ)4,5,5

5 ZK=ZK*ZJ

ZI=ZJ

GC TO 6

4 AK=ZK

N=ZN

ADD1 = ((ARG)**N)/AK

HSIN = HSIN + ADD1

IF (ADD1 - 0.0001) 8 , 8 , 7

R HCCS = 1.0

ZI=C.0

ZK=ZI+1.0

13 ZN=ZI+2.0

11 ZJ=ZI+1.0

IF(ZN-ZJ)9,10,10

10 ZK=ZK*ZJ

ZI=ZJ

GC TO 11

9 AK=ZK

N=ZN

ADD2 = ((ARG)**N)/AK

HCCS = HCCS + ADD2

IF (ADD2 - 0.0001) 12 , 12 , 13

12 HTAN = HSIN/HCCS

HSEC2 = (1.0/HCCS)**2

D = C*HTAN

E = 2.0 * HSIN * HCCS

RETURN

END(1,0)

JCB TIME = 0.61 MIN.

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STORAGE NOT USED BY PROGRAM

DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT
175	00257	32561	77461

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES NOT APPEARING IN COMMON, DIMENSION, OR EQUIVALENCE STATEMENT

DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT					
ADD1	174	00256	ADD2	173	00255	AK	172	00254	ARG	171	00253	HCOS	170	00252
HSIN	169	00251	N	168	00250	PAI	167	00247	ZI	166	00246	ZJ	165	00245
ZK	164	00244	ZN	163	00243									

LOCATIONS FOR OTHER SYMBOLS NOT APPEARING IN SOURCE PROGRAM

DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT					
1)	162	00242	2)	150	00226	3)	151	00227	6)	156	00234			

LOCATIONS OF NAMES IN TRANSFER VECTOR

DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT
EXP12	C	00000							

ENTRY POINTS TO SUBROUTINES NOT OUTPUT FROM LIBRARY

EXP12

EXTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS WITH CORRESPONDING INTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS AND OCTAL LOCATIONS

EFA	IFN	LCC	EFN	IFN	LOC	EFN	IFN	LOC	EFN	IFN	LOC	EFN	IFN	LOC
7	9	00053	6	10	00056	5	12	00066	4	15	00074	8	20	00123
13	23	00132	11	24	00135	10	26	00145	9	29	00153	12	34	00202

TIME SPENT IN FORTRAN.. .26 MINUTES.

THE COMPUTER PROGRAM P₁₁

DATA REDUCTION BY ALAM AND BRAINARD

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```

C   A1   = UPSTREAM INCIDENT WAVE AMPLITUDE, FT
C   A2   = UPSTREAM REFLECTED WAVE AMPLITUDE , FT
C   A3   = DOWNSTREAM TRANSMITTED WAVE AMPLITUDE , FT
C   A4   = DOWNSTREAM REFLECTED WAVE AMPLITUDE FROM FAR END , FT
C   A1P  = TRANSFORMED INCIDENT WAVE AMPLITUDE , FT
C   A2P  = TRANSFORMED REFLECTED WAVE AMPLITUDE , FT
C   A3P  = TRANSFORMED TRANSMITTED WAVE AMPLITUDE , FT
C   XL1  = UPSTREAM WAVE LENGTH , FT
C   XL3  = DOWNSTREAM WAVE LENGTH , FT
C   DELTA1 = UPSTREAM INCIDENT WAVE PHASE ANGLE , RADIANS
C   DELTA2 = UPSTREAM REFLECTED WAVE PHASE ANGLE , RADIANS
C   DELTA3 = DOWNSTREAM TRANSMITTED WAVE PHASE ANGLE , RADIANS
C   DELTA4 = DOWNSTREAM REFLECTED WAVE PHASE ANGLE , RADIANS
C   XMAXU = UPSTREAM DISTANCE FROM ORIGIN AT WHICH MAXIMA OF WAVE ENVELOPE
C   OCCUR , FT
C   XMAXD = DOWNSTREAM DISTANCE FROM ORIGIN AT WHICH MAXIMA OF WAVE ENVELOPE
C   OCCUR , FT
C   XAU   = UPSTREAM DISTANCE FROM ORIGIN AT WHICH SIMULTANEOUS MAXIMA OCCUR
C   XBD   = DOWNSTREAM DISTANCE FROM ORIGIN WHERE SIMULTANEOUS MAXIMA OCCUR
C   PAI   = 3.1416
C   XK1   = UPSTREAM WAVE NUMBER, (2.0*PAI)/XL1
C   XK3   = DOWNSTREAM WAVE NUMBER , (2.0*PAI)/XL3
C   SUM12 = SUM OF AMPLITUDE A1 AND A2 , FT
C   SUM34 = SUM OF AMPLITUDES A3 AND A4 , FT
C   DIF12 = DIFFERENCE OF AMPLITUDES A1 AND A2 , FT
C   DIF34 = DIFFERENCE OF AMPLITUDES A3 AND A4 , FT
C   H1    = UPSTREAM WATER DEPTH , FT
C   H3    = DOWNSTREAM WATER DEPTH , FT
C   HL11  = UPSTREAM DEPTH WAVE LENGTH RATIO
C   HL33  = DOWNSTREAM DEPTH WAVE LENGTH RATIO
C   HL10  = UPSTREAM DEPTH TO DEEP WATER WAVE LENGTH RATIO
C   HL30  = DOWNSTREAM DEPTH TO DEEP WATER WAVE LENGTH RATIO
C   BSLOPE = CHANNEL BED SLOPE IN TRANSITION
C   SSLOPE = CHANNEL SIDEWALL SLOPE IN TRANSITION
C   XLO   = DEEP WATER WAVE LENGTH , FT
C   DEL12 = SUM OF PHASE ANGLES DELTA1 AND DELTA2
C   HM13  = UPSTREAM TO DOWNSTREAM DEPTH RATIO
C   XKR   = REFLECTION COEFFICIENT
C   XKT   = TRANSMISSION COEFFICIENT
C   STEEPU = UPSTREAM WAVE STEEPNESS
C   STEEPD = DOWNSTREAM WAVE STEEPNESS
C   Z1    = DEANS PARAMETER
C   CELAU = UPSTREAM WAVE CELERITY , FT/SEC
C   CELAD = DOWNSTREAM WAVE CELERITY , FT/SEC
C   LGRA1 = GROUP VELOCITY RATIO
C   READ 1 , BSLOPE , SSLOPE , B1 , B3
C   N=0
1   FORMAT ( 4F10.6 )
   PRINT 2,BSLOPE , SSLOPE
2   FORMAT ( 37H THE FOLLOWING RUNS HAVE BED SLOPE = , F8.5 , 22H AND
   SIDEWALL SLOPE = , F8.6 )
   PRINT 1001
1001 FORMAT(130H RUN   T   XLO  XL1  H1  H3  HM13  XL3  A1
1P   A2P  A3P  STEEPU  STEEPD  Z1   XKR   XKT   CELAU  CELA
2D   CGRA1)

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```

PRINT 1006
1C06 FCRMAT(129H
1 DELT1 DELT2 DELT4 HL11 HL33          A1  A2  A3
2  A4  )
2C02 READ 2001 , H1 , H3
2C01 FCRMAT ( 2F12.5 )
1C04 READ 3,RUN , ID , XL3 , SUM12 , DIF12 , XMAXU , XAU , SUM34 .
1 DIF34 , XMAXC , XBD
3 FCRMAT ( A3 , I3 , 3X , F7.3 , 3X , F8.5 , 3X , F8.5 , 3X , F7.3 ,
1 3X , F7.3 , 3X , F8.5 , 3X , F8.5 / F7.3 ,F7.3 )
IF ( ID ) 2002 , 2002 , 2003
2C03 CALL AKEFC(HTAN,HSEC2,H3,XL3,HL33,HL30,HSIN2A)
HL10=HL30*H1/H3
XLO = (1.0 / HL30 ) *H3
T = SQRTF ( ( XLO ) / ( 5.118 ) )
HH13 = H1 / H3
XL1=XL3+2.0
22 A = XL1
CALL AKEFC(HTAN,HSEC2,H1,XL1,HL11,HLT ,HSIN2A)
FUNCL=HL11*HTAN-HL10
FUNCLP=-HL11*(1.0/XL1*HTAN+2.0*3.1416*H1/XL1**2*HSEC2)
XL1=XL1-FUNCL/FUNCLP
IF(ABS(F1-XL1)-0.001 )20,20,22
2C CONTINUE
C CALCULATION OF REFLECTION AND TRANSMISSION COEFFICIENTS
PAI = 3.1416
A1 = (SUM12 + DIF12 ) / 2.0
A2 = ( SUM12 - DIF12 ) / 2.0
DEL12 = 1.0 * PAI - 2.0 * (2.0 * PAI / XL1 ) * XMAXU
A3 = (SUM34 + DIF34 ) / 2.0
A4 = ( SUM34 - DIF34 ) / 2.0
DELTA4 = ( 1.0 * PAI ) - 2.0 * (2.0 * PAI / XL3 ) * XMAXD
R1 = ( 2.0 * PAI / XL3 ) * XBD
R2 = R1 + DELTA4
R3 = -COSF( R1 ) + ( A4 / A3 ) * COSF ( R2 )
R4 = SINF ( R1 ) + ( A4 / A3 ) * SINF( R2 )
R = ( R3 / R4 )
ARG1 = ( ( ( 2.0 * PAI ) / XL1 ) * XAU + DEL12 )
ARG2 = ( ( 2.0 * PAI ) / XL1 ) * XAU
XNUM = ( COSF ( ARG1 ) ) + ( R * SINF ( ARG1 ) ) - ( A2 / A1 ) *
1 ( COSF(ARG2) - R * SINF ( ARG2 ) )
XDENM = - ( SINF ( ARG1 ) ) + ( R * COSF ( ARG1 ) ) - ( A2 / A1 ) *
1 ( SINF ( ARG2 ) + R * COSF ( ARG2 ) )
DELTA2 = ATANE ( ( XNUM ) / ( XDENM ) )
DELTA1 = DEL12 - DELTA2
ARG3 = CCOSF ( DELTA1 - DELTA2 + DELTA4 )
RAD1 = ( ( (A2/A1)**2) * ((A4/A3)**2) - 2.0*(A2/A1)*(A4/A3)*ARG3 ) + 1.0
RAD2 = ( ( (A1/A2)**2) * ((A4/A3)**2) - 2.0*(A1/A2)*(A4/A3)*ARG3 ) + 1.0
A1P = A1 * SQRTF(ABSF(RAD1))
A2P = A2 * SQRTF(ABSF(RAD2))
A3P = A3 * ( 1.0 - (A4/A3)**2 )
XKR = (A2P / A1P )
XKT = ( A3P / A1P )
STEEPU = ( 2.0 * A1P ) / XL1
STEEPD = ( 2.0 * A3P ) / XL3
Z1 = (4.0 * PAI * H1 ) / ( ( XL1 ) * BSLOPE )

```

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DATA REDUCTION BY ALAM AND BRINARD

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I

```
C  CALCULATION OF GROUP VELOCITY RATIO
CALL AKEFQ ( HTAN, HSEC2,H1,XL1,HL11,HL10,HSIN2A )
CELAU2 = (( 32.2 * XL1 ) / ( 2.0 * PAI )) * HTAN
CELAU = SQRTF ( CELAU2 )
XN1 = ( 1.0 + ((( 2.0*2.0*PAI*H1)/XL1)/(HSIN2A ))) / 2.0
CALL AKEFQ ( HTAN, HSEC2,H3,XL3,HL33,HL30,HSIN2A)
CELAO2 = (( 32.2*XL3)/(2.0*PAI))*HTAN
CELAO = SQRTF ( CELAO2 )
XN3 = ( 1.0 + (((2.0*2.0*PAI*H3) / XL3)/(HSIN2A))) / 2.0
CGRAT = (XN3 * XL3 * 83 )/( XN1 * XL1 * 81 )
HL11=H1/XL1
HL33=H3/XL3
PRINT 101, ID,T,XLO,XL1,H1,H3,HH13,XL3,A1P,A2P,A3P,STEEPU,STEEPD,Z
11,XKR,XKT,CELAU,CELAO,CGRAT
101  FCRMAT(1X,I3,1X,F6.3,1X,F6.2,2X,F5.2,2X,F4.2,2X,F4.2,2X,F4.2,2X,F5
1.2,F7.4,F7.4,F7.4,F7.4,2X,F5.2,2X,F6.4,2X,F6.4,2X,F5.3,2X,F5.
23,F7.4//)
PRINT 1003,DELTA1,DELTA2,DELTA4,HL11,HL33,A1,A2,A3,A4
N=N+1
IF(N-5)1004,210,210
210  PRINT 1001
PRINT 1006
N=0
1003  FCRMAT(55X,F6.1,2X,F5.1,2X,F5.1,3X,F4.2,3X,F4.2,15X,F5.3,1X,F5.3,1
1X,F5.3,1X,F5.3//)
GC TO 1004
END(1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0)
```

CB TIME = 0.11 MIN.

STORAGE NOT USED BY PROGRAM

P
H-4

DEC OCT DEC OCT
814 01456 32561 77461

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES NOT APPEARING IN COMMON, DIMENSION, OR EQUIVALENCE STATEMENT

DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT
A1P	813 01455	A1	812 01454	A2P	811 01453	A2	810 01452	A3P	809 01451
A3	808 01450	A4	807 01447	ARG1	806 01446	ARG2	805 01445	ARG3	804 01444
A	803 01443	H1	802 01442	H3	801 01441	HSLOPE	800 01440	CELAD2	799 01437
CELAC	798 01436	CELAU2	797 01435	CELAU	796 01434	CGRAT	795 01433	DEL12	794 01432
DELTA1	793 01431	DELTA2	792 01430	DELTA4	791 01427	DIF12	790 01426	DIF34	789 01425
FUNCLP	788 01424	FUNCL	787 01423	H1	786 01422	H3	785 01421	HH13	784 01420
HL10	783 01417	HL11	782 01416	HL30	781 01415	HL33	780 01414	HLT	779 01413
HSEC2	778 01412	HSINZA	777 01411	HTAN	776 01410	ID	775 01407	N	774 01406
PAI	773 01405	R1	772 01404	R2	771 01403	R3	770 01402	R4	769 01401
RAD1	768 01400	RAD2	767 01377	R	766 01376	RUN	765 01375	SSLOPE	764 01374
STEEPD	763 01373	STEEPU	762 01372	SUM12	761 01371	SUM34	760 01370	T	759 01367
XAU	758 01366	XBD	757 01365	XDENM	756 01364	XKR	755 01363	XKT	754 01362
XL0	753 01361	XL1	752 01360	XL3	751 01357	XMAXD	750 01356	XMAXU	749 01355
XN1	748 01354	XN3	747 01353	XNUM	746 01352	Z1	745 01351		

SYMBOLS AND LOCATIONS FOR SOURCE PROGRAM FORMAT STATEMENTS

EFN	LOC	EFN	LOC	EFN	LOC	EFN	LOC	EFN	LOC
811	1 01341	812	2 01337	813	3 01240	8135	101 01216	81V9	1001 01320
81VB	1C03 01167	81VE	1006 01271	81UH	2001 01242				

LOCATIONS FOR OTHER SYMBOLS NOT APPEARING IN SOURCE PROGRAM

DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT
1)	738 01342	2)	602 01132	3)	606 01136	6)	613 01145		

LOCATIONS OF NAMES IN TRANSFER VECTOR

DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT	DEC	OCT
AKEFC	5 00005	ATAN	9 00011	COS	7 00007	.SETUP	0 00000	SIN	8 00010
SCRT	6 00006	(CSH)	1 00001	(FIL)	4 00004	(RTN)	2 00002	(SPH)	3 00003

ENTRY POINTS TO SUBROUTINES NOT OUTPUT FROM LIBRARY

AKEFC	ATAN	COS	.SETUP	SIN	SQRT	(CSH)	(FIL)	(RTN)	(SPH)
-------	------	-----	--------	-----	------	-------	-------	-------	-------

EXTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS WITH CORRESPONDING INTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS AND OCTAL LOCATIONS

EFN	IFN	LOC	EFN	IFN	LOC	EFN	IFN	LOC	EFN	IFN	LOC
2C02	17	00047	1004	19	00056	2003	22	00113	22	28	00153
210	81	01121							20	34	00232

TIME SPENT IN FORTRAN.. .39 MINUTES.

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SUBROUTINE AKEFQ(HTAN,HSEC2,A,B,C,D,E)

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```
SUBROUTINE AKEFQ(HTAN,HSEC2,A,B,C,D,E )
C = A/B
PAI = 3.1416
ARG = (2.*PAI)*C
HSIN = ARG
ZI=1.0
ZK=ZI
7 ZN=ZI+2.0
6 ZJ=ZI+1.C
IF(ZN-ZJ)4,5.5
5 ZK=ZK+ZJ
ZI=ZJ
GC TO 6
4 AK=ZK
N=ZN
ADD1 = ((ARG)**N)/AK
HSIN = HSIN + ADD1
IF ( ACD1 - 0.0001 ) 8 , 8 , 7
8 HCCS = 1.0
ZI=C.0
ZK=ZI+1.0
13 ZN=ZI+2.0
11 ZJ=ZI+1.0
IF(ZN-ZJ)9,10,10
10 ZK=ZK+ZJ
ZI=ZJ
GC TO 11
9 AK=ZK
N=ZN
ADD2 = ((ARG)**N)/AK
HCCS = HCCS + ADD2
IF ( ACD2 - 0.0001 ) 12 , 12 , 13
12 HIAN = HSIN/HCCS
HSEC2 = (1.0/HCOS)**2
D = C*HTAN
E = 2.0 * HSIN * FCOS
RETURN
END(1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0)
```

JCB TIME = 0.50 MIN.

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STORAGE NOT USED BY PROGRAM

DEC OCT DEC OCT
175 00257 32561 77461

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES NOT APPEARING IN COMMON, DIMENSION, OR EQUIVALENCE STATEMENT

DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT
ADD1 174 00256	ADD2 173 00255	AK 172 00254	ARG 171 00253	HCOS 170 00252
HSIN 169 00251	N 168 00250	PAI 167 00247	ZI 166 00246	ZJ 165 00245
ZK 164 00244	ZN 163 00243			

LOCATIONS FOR OTHER SYMBOLS NOT APPEARING IN SOURCE PROGRAM

DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT
1) 162 00242	2) 150 00226	3) 151 00227	6) 156 00234	

LOCATIONS OF NAMES IN TRANSFER VECTOR

DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT
EXP12 0 00000				

ENTRY POINTS TO SUBROUTINES NOT OUTPUT FROM LIBRARY

EXP12

EXTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS WITH CORRESPONDING INTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS AND OCTAL LOCATIONS

EFN IFN LOC	EFN IFN LOC	EFN IFN LOC	EFN IFN LOC	EFN IFN LOC
7 9 00053	6 10 00056	5 12 00066	4 15 00074	8 20 00123
13 23 00132	11 24 00135	10 26 00145	9 29 00153	12 34 00202

TIME SPENT IN FORTRAN.. .21 MINUTES.

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13. ABSTRACT The topics of this report are a theoretical development and an experimental investigation of the transformation of water-wave characteristics in the reflection and transmission processes through channel transitions of varying geometry, connecting two prismatic channels of constant cross section. The theoretical developments are based on small amplitude linearized wave theory in an inviscid, homogeneous and incompressible fluid. Two theoretical aspects have been treated: 1. The wave amplitude variation in a channel of constant width for a bottom of arbitrary configuration was obtained for the various characteristics of the oncoming waves. 2. Reflection and transmission coefficients were derived for shallow water waves for gradual channel transitions. The experimental part of the report is concerned with the determinations of reflection and transmission coefficients and of the energy relations including dissipation. Experimental relations were also found with regard to wave steepness, a factor which cannot be theoretically dealt with so far in channel transitions.		

14. KEY WORDS	LINK A		LINK B		LINK C	
	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT
Gravity Waves, Wave Hydrodynamics, Wave Transformation, Waves in Channel Transitions, Wave Reflection, Wave Transmission						

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