

# NVIDIA MMS4X00-NM 800Gbps Twin-port OSFP 2x400Gb/s Single Mode DR8 500m

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## Introduction

The NVIDIA MMS4X00-NM is an InfiniBand and Ethernet 800Gb/s, 2x400Gb/s Twin-port OSFP, DR8 single mode, parallel, 8-channel transceiver using two, 4-channel MPO-12/APC optical connectors at 400Gb/s each. The parallel single mode, datacenter reach 8-channel (DR8) design uses 100G-PAM4 modulation and has a maximum fiber reach of 500-meters using 8 single mode fibers. The 500-meter length assumes two optical patch panels in the link.

The Twin-port DR8 transceiver is a key NVIDIA innovation with two internal transceiver engines enabling 64-ports of 400Gb/s in a 32-OSFP cage Quantum-2 switch. Spectrum-4 switches have 32 or 64 cages and enable 64-128 400G ports. The transceiver firmware supports both InfiniBand and Ethernet and is automatically enabled depending on the protocol of the switch attached to.

The Quantum-2 and Spectrum-4 switches require finned-top OSFP shells for extra transceiver cooling. The main application for MMS4X00-NM is linking two switches together from 100-to-500-meter link length. 500-meter transceivers have purple marking. A flat top version (-NM-FLT) is offered for DGX-H100 systems.

The 500-meter MMS4X00-NM part is similar to the 100-meter MMS4X00-NS, only extensively tested up to 500-meters use cases and may employ a different error correction scheme. The transceiver combinations guarantee optimal operation in NVIDIA end-to-end InfiniBand systems and a rigorous production tested to ensure the best out-of-the-box installation experience, performance, and durability.

Finned Top Transceiver



Images are for illustration purposes only. Product labels, colors, and lengths may vary.

#### **Key Features**

- 800G DR8 single mode transceiver
- 8-channels of 100G-PAM4 electrical modulation
- Two MPO-12/APC optical connectors
- Two ports of 4-channel 100G-PAM4 optical modulation
- Supports two straight 400Gb/s fiber cables for 800Gb/s
- Finned-top OSFP for air-cooled switches
- 1310nm EML laser
- 500m Max reach
- 17-Watts max power
- 1.5 Watt low-power sleep mode
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Class 1 laser safety
- Hot pluggable, RoHS compliant
- OSFPmsa.org compliant
- CMIS 4.0 compliant
- Case temperature range of 0°C to +70°C
  - Min 15°C for E2E links above 100m

#### **Applications**

• Used to link Quantum-2 or Spectrum-4 air-cooled switches together

## **Application Overview**

The Twin-port transceiver is a key innovation for expanding the 400G NDR InfiniBand Quantum-2 and 400GbE Spectrum-4 Ethernet (400G IB/EN) switch capabilities. The line rate is 400Gb/s for both 400GbE Ethernet and NDR InfiniBand based on the 100G-PAM4 modulation. The switches use Twin port OSFP cages supporting two transceiver engines in a single OSFP form-factor plug creating 800Gb/s electrical to the switch and 2x400G optics using two MPO/-12/APC optical connectors.

Both switches and use the same Twin port, 2x400G OSFP plugs for transceivers, copper DACs and ACCs and are only used in Quantum-2 and Spectrum-4 OSFP air-cooled switches.

Switches maintain separate protocols. The MMS4X00-NM transceiver includes both InfiniBand and Ethernet protocols which is activated depending on the switch protocol the transceiver is inserted into.

### Twin-port Transceiver Connectivity Scenarios

The twin-ports enable several unique configurations to connect switches to switches, ConnectX-7 adapters, and BlueField-3 DPUs.

The primary use case for the MMS4X00-NM transceiver is to link multiple switches together at reaches from 100 to 500 meters. Theys can also link to single port 400G OSFP or QSFP112 form-factor transceivers used in ConnectX-7 adapters and/or BlueField-3 DPUs but only up to their 100-meter maximum reach.

The electronics, optics and optical connectors are the same for both single port OSFP and QSFP112 form-factors. Both ConnectX-7 and BlueField-3 devices can be used with Twin port OSFP transceivers at the same time with their respective form-factor type.

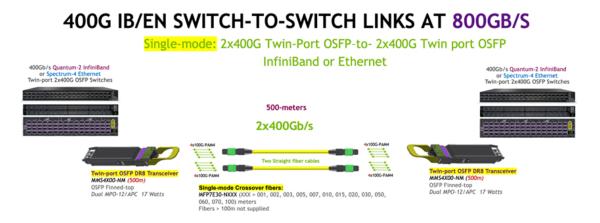
- Twin port OSFP single mode transceivers remain at 17 Watts for all configurations.
- Twin-Port transceivers require ordering two fibers at specific lengths required
- Each fiber cable can each be different lengths. Both fibers need to be same type: both straight or both splitters and not mixed.
- Both fibers should be the approximately same length to avoid inducing different latency delays in the fibers (4.5ns/meter).
- Straight and splitter fibers cannot be used at the same time in Twin port OSFP transceivers.
- NVIDIA supplies single mode, crossover, straight fiber cables up to 100-meters straight and 50meters for splitters that enable linking transceivers directly together. Customers should seek third-party fiber suppliers for reaches beyond 100-meters and calculate optical power link budgets.

The combinations of Twin port 2x400G OSFP, 400G single port OSFP/QSFP112, ConnectX-7 and BlueField-3 all contains both InfiniBand and Ethernet protocols which is activated upon inserting into an InfiniBand or Ethernet switch. This enables one set of cables, transceivers, adapters and DPUs to have multiple uses in a network - especially in DGX systems where low-latency InfiniBand switching may be used for GPU-to-GPU networking and Ethernet switching systems for storage and cluster communication.

The use cases include:

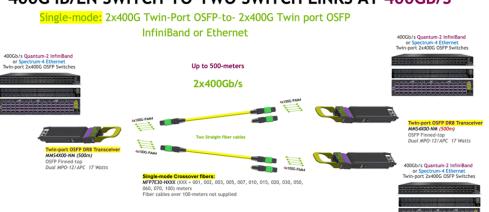
#### 1. Switch-to-switch at 800Gb/s

This configuration enables transferring 800Gb/s between two switches using one, 17-Watt twin-port, finned-top DR8 transceivers in each switch and two straight, crossover fibers cables (MFP7E30-Nxxx) up to 100-meters for NVIDIA supplied cables or 3<sup>rd</sup> party supplied fiber cables up to 500-meters including a crossover fiber segment in the link.



#### 2. Switch-to-two switches at 400Gb/s

The two 400G ports in the first switch Twin port OSFP transceivers can also be routed to two separate switches at 400Gb/s. Additional ports in the second and third transceivers can be then routed to more switches.



#### 400G IB/EN SWITCH-TO-TWO SWITCH LINKS AT 400GB/S

## Pin Description

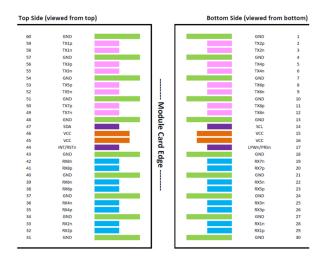
The device is OSFP MSA Specification for OSFP Octal Small Form Factor Pluggable Module Rev. 1.12 compliant, see <a href="http://www.osfpmsa.org">www.osfpmsa.org</a>.

### **OSFP** Pin Description

Pin	Symbol	Description	Pin	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground	31	GND	Ground
2	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	32	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output
3	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	33	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data Output
4	GND	Ground	34	GND	Grounds
5	Тх4р	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	35	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output
6	Tx4n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	36	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data Output
7	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
8	Тх6р	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	38	Rx6p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output
9	Tx6n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	39	Rx6n	Receiver Inverted Data Output
10	GND	Ground	40	GND	Ground
11	Тх8р	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data input	41	Rx8p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output
12	Tx8n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	42	Rx8n	Receiver Inverted Data Output
13	GND	Ground	43	GND	Ground
14	SCL	2-wire serial interface clock	44	INT / RSTn	Module Interrupt / Module Reset
15	vcc	+3.3V Power	45	VCC	+3.3V Power
16	VCC	+3.3V Power	46	VCC	+3.3V Power
17	LPWn / PRSn	Low-Power Mode / Module Present	47	SDA	2-wire Serial interface data
18	GND	Ground	48	GND	Ground
19	Rx7n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	49	Tx7n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input
20	Rx7p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	50	Тх7р	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input
21	GND	Ground	51	GND	Ground
22	Rx5n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	52	Tx5n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input
23	Rx5p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	53	Тх5р	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input
24	GND	Ground	54	GND	Ground

Pin	Symbol	Description	Pin	Symbol	Description
25	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	55	Tx3n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input
26	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	56	Тх3р	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input
27	GND	Ground	57	GND	Ground
28	Rx1n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	58	Tx1n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input
29	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	59	Tx1p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input
30	GND	Ground	60	GND	Ground

#### **OSFP** Module Pad Layout



The Active Optical Cable (AOC) pin assignment is SFF-8679 compliant.

## Control Signals (OSFP)

The transceivers are CMIS 4.0 compliant, management interface and OSFP 4.1 compliant form factor and interfaces. The control signals shown in the pad layout are implemented with the following functions:

Name	Function	Description
LPWn/PRSn	Input/output	Multi-level signal for low power control from host to module and module presence indication from module to host. This signal requires the circuit as described in the OSFP Specification.
INT/RSTn	Input,/output	Multi-level signal for interrupt request from module to host and reset control from host to module. This signal requires the circuit as described in the OSFP Specification.

Name	Function	Description
SCL	BiDir	2-wire serial clock signal. Requires pull-up resistor to 3.3V on host.
SDA	Bidir	2-wire serial data signal. Requires pull-up resistor to 3.3V on host.

#### **Diagnostics and Other Features**

The transceiver has a microcontroller with functions for monitoring supply voltage, temperature, laser bias current, optical transmit and receive levels with associated warning and alarm thresholds that can be read by the switch software and viewed remotely.

The transceiver supports the OSFP MSA specification and has the following key features: Physical layer link optimization:

- Adaptive Tx input equalization
- Programmable Rx output amplitude
- Programmable Rx output pre-cursor
- Programmable Rx output post-cursor

Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM):

- Rx receive optical power monitor for each lane
- Tx transmit optical power monitor for each lane
- Tx bias current monitor for each lane
- Supply voltage monitor
- Transceiver case temperature monitor
- Warning and Alarm thresholds for each DDM function (not user programmable)

Page 13h and 14h Module Diagnostics

- Host side and line side loopback
- PRBS generator and checker on host and line interfaces

Interrupt indications:

- Tx & Rx LOS indication
- Tx & Rx LOL indication
- Tx fault indication

Other CMIS 4.0 functions

• FW upgrade supported via CDB commands.

## Specifications

### **Absolute Maximum Specifications**

Absolute maximum ratings are those beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Prolonged operation between the operational specifications and absolute maximum ratings is not intended and may cause permanent device degradation.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	85	°C
Operating Case Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	70	°C
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	3.6	V
Relative Humidity (non- condensing)	RH - Option 1	5	95	%
Control Input Voltage	VI	-0.3	Vcc+0.5	V

▲ For Ethernet E2E and IB E2E links above 100m, performance is guaranteed above 15°C.

### Recommended Operating Conditions and Power Supply Requirements

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
Instantaneous peak current at hot plug	ICC_IP	-	-	6800	mA
Sustained peak current at hot plug	ICC_SP	-	-	5670	mA
Maximum Power Dissipation	PD	-	16	17	W
Maximum Power Dissipation, Low Power Mode	PDLP	-	-	1.5	W
Signaling Rate per Lane	SRL	-	53.125	-	GBd
Two Wire Serial Interface Clock Rate	-	100	-	1000	kHz
Power Supply Noise Tolerance (10Hz - 10MHz)	-	-	-	25	mV
Rx Differential Data Output Load	-	-	100	-	Ohm
Operating Distance	-	2	-	(OPN dependent)	m

## **Electrical Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Receiver (Module Output)		I		I	I
Peak-peak AC common-mode voltage	VCMLF VCMFB	-	-	32 80	mV
Differential output Voltage (Long mode)		-	-	845	mV
Differential output Voltage (Short mode)		-	-	600	mV
Eye height, differential		15	-	-	mV
Differential Termination Mismatch		-	-	10	%
Transition Time (min, 20% to 80%)		8.5	-	-	ps
DC common mode Voltage		-350	-	2850	mV
Transmitter (Module Input)					
Differential pk-pk input Voltage tolerance		750	-	-	mV
Differential termination mismatch		-	-	10	%
Single-ended voltage tolerance range		-0.4	-	3.3	V
DC common mode Voltage		-350	-	2850	mV

Notes:

Amplitude customization beyond these specs is dependent on validation in customer system.

#### Electrical Specification for Low Speed Signal

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
Module output SCL and SDA	VOL	0	0.4	V
	VOH	VCC-0.5	VCC+0.3	V
Module Input SCL and SDA	VIL	-0.3	VCC*0.3	V
	VIH	VCC*0.7	VCC+0.5	V

## **Optical Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Wavelength	λC	1304.5	1311	1317.5	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30	-	-	dB	
Average Launch Power, each lane	AOPL	-1.0	-	4.0	dBm	1

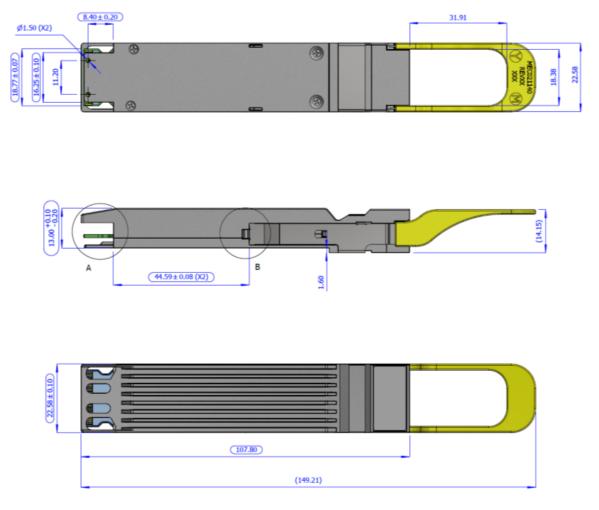
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter), each lane	ТОМА	-3.0	-	5.0	dBm	2
Launch Power in terms of OMAouter minus TDECQ, each lane	TOMA-TDECQ	-2.2	-	-	dBm	
Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ), each lane	TDECQ	-	-	3.4	dB	
Average Launch Power of OFF Transmitter, each lane	TOFF	-	-	-15	dBm	
Extinction Ratio, each lane	ER	3.5	5.0	7.0	dB	
RIN21.40MA	RIN	-	-	-136	dB/Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	ORL	-	-	21.4	dB	
Transmitter Reflectance	TR	-	-	-26	dB	3
Receiver	·			· ·		
Wavelength	λC	1304.5	1311	1317.5	nm	
Damage Threshold, average optical power, each lane	AOPD	5	-	-	dBm	
Average Receive Power, each lane	AOPR	-5.0	-	4.0	dBm	
Receive Power (OMAouter), each lane	OMA-R	-	-	4.2	dBm	
Receiver Reflectance	RR	-	-	-26	dB	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane	SOMA	-	-	-4.4	dBm	4
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane	SRS	-	-	-1.9	dBm	5
Conditions of stressed receiver sensitivity test						
Stressed eye closure for PAM4 (SECQ)			3.4		dB	
OMAouter of each aggressor lane			4.2		dBm	

Notes:

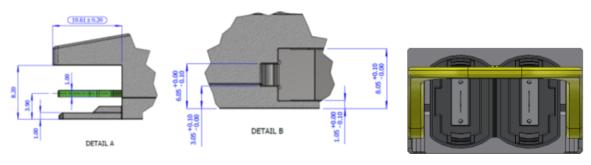
- 1. Average launch power, each lane (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength.
- 2. Even if TDECQ < 1.4dB, OMAouter (min) must exceed this value.
- 3. Transmitter reflectance is defined looking into the transmitter.
- 4. Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane (max) is informative and is defined for a transmitter with SECQ of 0.9 dB.
- 5. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 for the BER = 2.4x10-4

## **Mechanical Specifications**

Finned-top Twin-port for air-cooled Quantum-2 InfiniBand or Spectrum-4 Ethernet Switches: Bottom, Side, and Top Views:



Enlarged view of detail A and B:

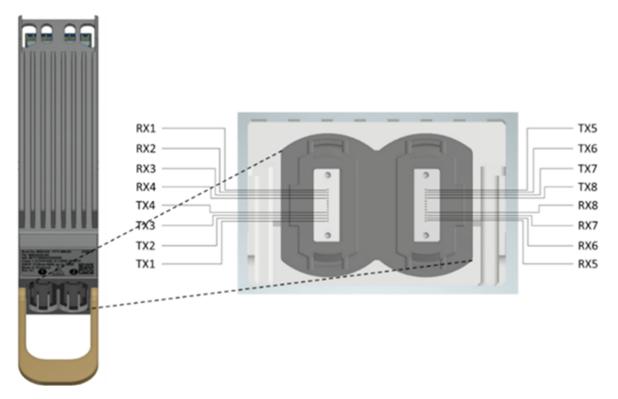


**Transceiver Port View** 

A Images are for illustration purposes only. Product labels, colors, and form may vary.

#### Labels

#### Transceiver Labeling and Fiber Polarity



Transceiver port labeling and lane routing. Txn/Rxn refers to the OSFP pin description.



Green label denotes NVIDIA-designed Yellow pull-tab denotes single mode optics Purple label denotes 500-meter reach

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#### Back shell Label

A

The label applied on the transceiver's back-shell is illustrated below. Note that the Images are for illustration purposes only. Labels look and placement may vary.

Transceiver Label (Illustration)



Images are for illustration purposes only. Product labels, colors, and form may vary.

#### Transceiver Back-Shell Label Serial Number Legend

Symbol	Meaning	Notes
МТ	Manufacturer name (Mellanox Technologies)	2 digits (alphanumeric)
YY	Year of manufacturing	2 last digits of the year (numeric)
WW	Week of manufacturing	2 digits (numeric)
JC <u>or</u> DM	Manufacturer Site: JC - Option 1 (China) DM - Option 2 (Malaysia)	Two characters
SSSSS	Serial number	5 digits (decimal numeric) for serial number, starting from 00001.

#### **Regulatory Compliance**

The transceiver is a Class 1 laser product. It is certified per the following standards:

Feature	Agency	Standard
Laser Eye Safety	FDA/CDRH	CDRH 21 CFR 1040 and Laser Notice 50
Electrical Safety	СВ	IEC 62368
Electrical Safety	UL/CSA	UL 62368 and CAN/CSAN 62368

### **Connector and Cabling Details**

#### MPO-12/APC Optical Connector

The Twin-port NDR transceiver has a unique NVIDIA patented design enabling two, multiple-push-on/ angled-polished-connector 12-fiber (MPO-12/APC) optical connectors per single OSFP form-factor by turning the optical connectors vertically in the twin-port transceiver end. This enables it to host two NDR transceivers inside, each with its own MPO-12/APC optical connector operating independently that can link to another Twin-port transceiver or to a single-port 400Gb/s NDR transceiver. The MPO-12 has a 12-fiber ribbon but only 8-fibers are used - four transmit and four receive fibers for the 4-channels 100G-PAM4.

- The APC design minimizes back reflections and signal interference by diverting back reflected light from the fiber face to be absorbed into the fiber cladding.
- A positioning key on top of the connector together with the alignment pins define the fiber position numbering scheme to align pin 1 in the optical connector to pin 1 in the transceiver also called "polarity"
- Transceivers have alignment pins for precise positioning of the cable connector against the optical beams. The fiber cable has alignment holes matching the transceiver's pins.
- Important to note that transceivers have pins. Optical connectors have holes used with transceivers have holes. Optical connectors with pins are not compatible with transceivers and used in trunk cabling to connect two fiber cables together.

The MPO-12/APC optical connector is used in both the 100G-PAM4 based single mode and multimode fiber cables.

Single mode optics is denoted by a yellow-colored pull tab and yellow-colored optical fiber. Green plastic shell on the MPO-12/APC connector denotes Angled Polish Connector and is not compatible with Ultra-flat Polished Connectors (UPC) used with slower line rate transceivers.

MPO-12/APC Showing 4-Transmit and 4-Receive Fibers and Angled Polish Connector End face

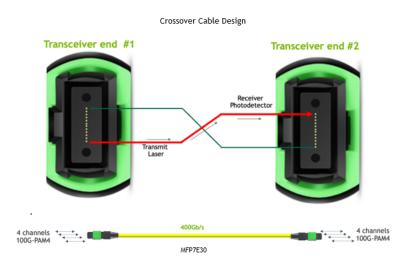


#### NVIDIA Supplied Crossover Type-B Fiber Cables

Linking two transceivers directly together requires aligning the transceiver laser sources with the correct photo detectors in the receive transceiver. Transmit and receive fibers are switched inside the cable enabling two transceivers to be directly connected to each other. This is called a Type-B crossover fiber.

Each of the two 4-channel NDR ports in the Twin-port transceiver has its own 4-channel optical cable that can link to two single-port 400Gb/s transceiver. Two fiber cables are needed for each Twin-port transceiver. Fiber cables are crossover cable Type-B that aligns the transmit laser with the opposite transceiver's receiver photodetector allowing to directly connect two transceivers together to maintain minimum optical losses, lowest back reflections, longest reach and increased reliability without the use of optical patch panels.

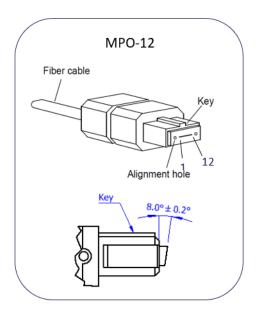
NVIDIA supplies crossover, single mode fiber cables up to 100-meters. For length from 100-to-500meters, a crossover fiber segment must be implemented in the link to align transmit lasers with receiver photodetectors. This can be implemented by building the fiber cable as a crossover cable, or adding a NVIDIA crossover cable in the link, or via an optical patch panel with a crossover segment.

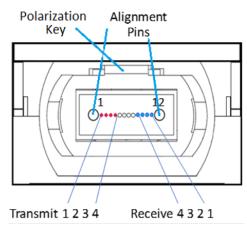


Note: Refer to the Recommended Fiber Cables table for more information.

Transceivers have alignment pins for precise positioning of the cable connector against the optical beams. The fiber cable has alignment holes matching the transceiver's pins.

MPO Connector with Alignment Holes and Positioning Key





NDR transceiver: MPO Receptacle, Lane Assignment, and Positioning Key (front view) Reference: IEC specification IEC 61754-7

#### Handling and Cleaning

The transceiver can be damaged by exposure to current surges and over voltage events. Take care to restrict exposure to the conditions defined in Absolute Maximum Ratings. Observe normal handling precautions for electrostatic discharge-sensitive devices.

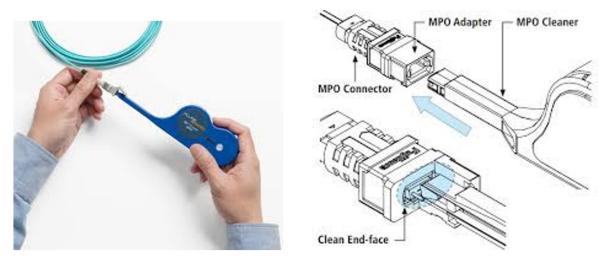
The transceiver is shipped with dust caps on both the electrical and the optical port. The cap on the optical port should always be in place when there is no fiber cable connected. The optical connector has a recessed connector surface which is exposed whenever it has no cable nor cap.

Important note 1: Keep both the fiber and transceiver dust caps.

Important note 2: <u>*Clean both transceiver receptacle and cable connector*</u> prior to insertion of the fiber cable, to prevent contamination from it.

The dust cap ensures that the optics remain clean during transportation. Standard cleaning tools and methods should be used during installation and service. Liquids must not be applied.

Important note 3: 80% of transceiver link problems are related to dirty optical connectors.



#### Cable Management Guidelines

For more information and general interconnect management and installation, see NVIDIA Cable Management Guidelines and FAQ Application Note.

## Ordering Information

## Part Numbers and Description

OPN	Description	
MMS4X00-NM	NVIDIA twin port OSFP transceiver, 800b/s, 2x400Gbps, 2xMPO-12/ APC, 1310nm SMF, up to 500m, finned-top	
MMS4X00-NM-FLT	NVIDIA twin port OSFP transceiver, 800b/s, 2x400Gbps, 2xMPO-12/ APC, 1310nm SMF, up to 500m, flat-top	

## Document Revision History

Rev	Date	Description
1.2	Nov. 2023	Added case tempreture note. Minor edits.
1.1	Apr. 2023	<ul><li> Updated the document for Ethernet support.</li><li> Minor text edits</li></ul>
1.0	Dec. 2022	Initial release.

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