# Modicon TSX Premium PLCs 

Processors

## Characteristics

References
pages 43511/6 and 43511/7

Modicon TSX Premium PLCs have been developed to conform to the principal national and international standards concerning electronic equipment for industrial automation systems : $\bullet$ Requirements specific to programmable controllers : functional characteristics, immunity, ruggedness, safety, etc. EN 61131-2 (IEC 1131-2), CSA 22-2, UL 508, • Merchant navy requirements of the main European bodies : BV, DNV, GL, LROS, RINA, etc, © Compliance with European Directives (low voltage, electromagnetic compatibility), CE marking, • Electrical qualities and self-extinguishing capacity of insulating materials : UL 746C, UL 94, etc.

Environment (characteristics common to all Modicon TSX Premium components)

| Type of processor |  |  |  | TSX P57 102M | TSX P57 202M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Temperature |  | Operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $0 \ldots+60(+5 \ldots+55$ according to IEC 1131-2) |  |
|  |  | Storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -25... 70 (acco |  |
| Relative humidity |  | Operation |  | $30 \% \ldots . .95 \%$ without condensation |  |
|  |  | Storage |  | $5 \% . . .95 \%$ according to IEC 1131-2 without condensation |  |
| Altitude |  |  | m | 0... 2000 |  |
| Mechanical withstand | Immunity | to vibrations |  | Conforms to standard IEC 68-2-6, Fc test |  |
|  |  | to shocks |  | Conforms to standard IEC 68-2-27, Ea test |  |
| Electrostatic discharge withstand | Immunity | to electrostatic discharges |  | Conforms to standard IEC 1000-4-2, level 3 (1) |  |
| Resistance to HF interference | Immunity | to radiated electromagnetic fields |  | Conforms to standard IEC 1000-4-3, level 3 (1) |  |
|  |  | to fast transient bursts |  | Conforms to standard IEC 1000-4-4, level 3 (1) |  |
|  |  | to shock waves |  | Conforms to standard IEC 1000-4-5, level 3 (1) |  |
|  |  | to damped oscillatory waves |  | Conforms to standard IEC 1000-4-12, level 3 (1) |  |
| Resistance to LF interference |  |  |  | Conforms to the specifications of standard IEC 1131-2 |  |

## Characteristics

| Type of processor |  |  |  | TSX P57 102M | TSX P57 202M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum configuration |  | No. of racks |  | 2/4 (2) (3) | 8/16 (2) (3) |
|  |  | Maximum number of slots for modules |  | 24/32 (2) | 96/128 (2) |
| Functions | Maximum number | of discrete I/O channels |  | 512 (4) | 1024 (4) |
|  |  | of analogue I/O channels |  | 24 (4) | 80 (4) |
|  |  | of application-specific channels |  | 8 (4) | 24 (4) |
|  | Maximum number of connections | Uni-Telway integrated (terminal port) |  | 1 | 1 |
|  |  | Network (Ethway, Fipway, Modbus Plus) |  | 1 | 1 |
|  |  | Fipio bus manager (integrated) |  | - | - |
|  |  | Third-party fieldbus |  | - | 1 |
|  |  | AS-i fieldbus |  | 2 | 4 |
|  | Real-time clock |  |  | Yes | Yes |
| Memory | Maximum capacity | Protected internal RAM | Kwords | 32 | 48 |
|  |  | PCMCIA memory card | Kwords | 32/64 | 32/64/128 |
|  | Maximum size of zones (7) | Data (\%MWi) | Kwords | 30.5 | 30.5 |
|  |  | Constants (\%KWi) | Kwords | 32 | 32 |
| Application structure |  | Master task |  | 1 | 1 |
|  |  | Fast task |  | 1 | 1 |
|  |  | Event processing |  | 32 (of which 1 has priority) | 64 (of which 1 has priority) |
| Execution time |  | One standard Boolean Instruction | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | 0.58 | 0.25 |
|  |  | One standard numerical Instruction | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | 0.87 | 0.37 |
|  |  | One instruction on floating points | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | 88 | 64 |
| Typical execution time of program code for 1 K instructions Internal RAM |  | 100 \% Boolean | ms | 0.72 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 65 \% Boolean and 35 \% numerical | ms | 1.39 | 0.78 |
|  | PCMCIA memory card | 100 \% Boolean | ms | 0.72 | 0.47 |
|  |  | 65 \% Boolean and 35 \% numerical | ms | 1.39 | 0.98 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { System overhead } \\ & \\ & \text { MAST task } \\ \text { FAST task }\end{array}$ |  |  | ms | 2.9 | 2.0 0.6 |

(1) Minimum level in test conditions defined by the standards.
(2) Second value, commercialisation expected $4^{\text {th }}$ quarter 1998.
(3) Maxiumum number of TSX RKY racks. Using the TSX RKY 12EX rack (12 slots) is the same as using 2 racks with

4,6 or 8 slots.
(4) The maximum number of discrete I/O, analogue I/O and application-specific channels are cumulative. The number of remote I/O is not counted.

| TSX P57 252M | TSX P57 302M | TSX P57 352M | TSX P57 402M | TSX P57 452M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0... $+60(+5 \ldots+55$ according to IEC 1131-2) |  |  |  |  |
| -25... 70 (according to IEC 1131-2) |  |  |  |  |
| $30 \%$... $95 \%$ without condensation |  |  |  |  |
| $5 \% \ldots 95 \%$ according to IEC 1131-2 without condensation |  |  |  |  |
| 0... 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| Conforms to standard IEC 68-2-6, Fc test |  |  |  |  |
| Conforms to standard IEC 68-2-27, Ea test |  |  |  |  |
| Conforms to standard IEC 1000-4-2, level 3 (1) |  |  |  |  |
| Conforms to standard IEC 1000-4-3, level 3 (1) |  |  |  |  |
| Conforms to standard IEC 1000-4-4, level 3 (1) |  |  |  |  |
| Conforms to standard IEC 1000-4-5, level 3 (1) |  |  |  |  |
| Conforms to standard IEC 1000-4-12, level 3 (1) |  |  |  |  |
| Conforms to the | of standard IEC |  |  |  |


| TSX P57 252M | TSX P57 302M | TSX P57 352M | TSX P57 402M | TSX P57 452M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8 / 16$ (2) (3) | 8/16 (2) (3) | 8/16 (2) (3) | 8/16 (2) (3) | 8/16 (2) (3) |
| 96/128 (2) | 96/128 (2) | 96/128 (2) | 96/128 (2) | 96/128 (2) |
| 1024 (4) | 1024 (4) | 1024 (4) | 2048 (4) (5) | 2048 (5) |
| 80 (4) | 128 (4) | 128 (4) | 256 (4) (5) | 256 (5) |
| 24 (4) | 32 (4) | 32 (4) | 48 (4) (5) | 48 (5) |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 (5) | 2 (5) |
| 4 | 8 | 8 | 8 (5) | 8 (5) |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 64 Kwords | 64 Kwords | 80 Kwords | 96 Kwords | 112 Kwords |
| 32/64/128 Kwords | 32/64/128/256 Kwords (6) | 32/64/128/256 Kwords (6) | 32/64/128/256 Kwords (6) | 32/64/128/256 Kwords (6) |
| 30.5 | 30.5 | 30.5 | 30.5 | 30.5 |
| 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 64 (of which 1 has priority) | 64 (of which 1 has priority) | 64 (of which 1 has priority) | 64 (of which 1 has priority) | 64 (of which 1 has priority) |
| 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 |
| 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.37 |
| 64 | 64 | 64 | 5 | 5 |
| 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 |
| 0.78 | 0.78 | 0.78 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 0.47 | 0.47 | 0.47 | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.68 | 0.68 |
| 3.8 (8) | 2.0 | 3.8 (8) | 0.6 | 1.1 |
| 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

(5) Non cumulative maximum values. The following formula gives the various capacities: [ $2 \times$ no. of discrete channels $+15 \times$ no. of analogue channels $+50 \times$ no. of application-specific channels $+150 \times$ no. of channels (AS-i bus + third-party bus + network)] $<10000$.
(6) The 256 Kword extension is managed on 1 page with 128 Kwords of executable code and 1 page with 128 Kwords of graphic data and comments.
(7) The total of the program, data and constants memory zones is limited by the total capacity of the memory.
(8) 3.8 ms if the Fipio integrated link is used, otherwise 2.0 ms .

## Premium automation platform

## Analogue I/O modules

## Selection guide



Analogue inputs


## Page



## Low level isolated inputs, <br> thermocouples, temperature

 probes| Multirange |
| :--- |
| $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 5 \mathrm{~V}, 0-10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}, 0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$, external shunt |
| supplied, B, E, J, K, L, N, R, S, T, U |
| thermocouples |
| Pt 100, Pt 1000 thermal probes, |
| Ni 10002 or 4 -wire |

## Modularity <br> 



## Type of module



## 4 channels

Between channels : ~ 2830 V rms. Between bus and channels :
~ 1780 V rms.
Between channels and earth :
$\sim 1780 \mathrm{~V}$ rms.

## 550 ms

User-definable filtering 0 to 68.5 s

## 16 bits

## 20-way screw terminal :

TSX BLY 01

## TSX AEY 414

## Thermocouple inputs

Multirange
$-80 \ldots+80 \mathrm{mV}$
Thermocouples
B, E, J, K, L, N, R, S, T, U

## 16 channels

Between channels : $\pm$ _-- 100 V Between bus and channels ~ 1000 V rms.
Between channels and earth :
~ 1000 V rms.


## 16 bits

| Two 25-way SUB-D connectors |
| :--- |
| or 2 Telefast 2 sub-bases |
| (ABE-7CPA12) |

High level inputs with common point

Voltage/current
$\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}$
0-20 mA,
4-20 mA

8 channels

Between channels : common point Between bus and channels :
~ 1000 V rms.
Between channels and earth :
1000 V rms.

27 ms (normal scan)
$3 \mathrm{~ms} /$ channel used (fast scan)

User-definable filtering 0 to 3.44 s

## 12 bits

25-way SUB-D connector
or 1 Telefast 2 sub-base (ABE-7CPA02/03)

TSX AEY 800


## Analogue outputs



High level isolated inputs between channels

High level input with common point
16 channels

Between channels: common point
Between bus and channels :
~ 1000 V rms
Between channels and earth :
$\sim 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ rms.

51 ms (normal scan)
$3 \mathrm{~ms} /$ channel used
(fast scan)
User-definable filtering
0 to 6.50 s

## 12 bits

Two 25-way SUB-D
connectors
or via 2 Telefast 2 sub-bases
(ABE-7CPA02/03)

TSX AEY 1600

8 channels

Between channels: $\pm=-200 \mathrm{~V}$
Between bus and channels :
~ 1000 V rms.
Between channels and earth :
$\sim 1000 \mathrm{Vrms}$.
126.4 ms (normal scan)
$3.3 \mathrm{~ms} /$ channel used (fast scan)

User-definable filtering 0 to 3.82 s

16 bits

> | 25-way SUB-D connector |
| :--- |
| or 1 Telefast 2 sub-base |
| (ABE-7CPA02/31) |

TSX AEY 810

## 4 channels

Between channels : common point
Between bus and channels : ~ 1000 V rms.
Between channels and earth :
$\sim 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ rms.
$\frac{1 \mathrm{~ms}}{-}$

25-way SUB-D connector
or 1 Telefast 2 sub-base
(ABE-7CPA03/21)

TSX AEY 420

Between channels:~1500
V rms.
Between bus and channels : ~ 1500 V rms
Between channels and earth :
$\sim 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ rms.
$\frac{-}{2.5 \mathrm{~ms}}$

11 bits + sign

20-way screw terminal : TSX BLY 01

TSX ASY 410

## 8 channels

Between channels : com mon point
Between bus and channels ~ 1000 V rms
Between channels and earth : ~ 1000 V rms.
$\frac{-}{5 \mathrm{~ms}}$

13 bits + sign for voltage 13 bits for current

25-way SUB-D connector or 1 Telefast 2 sub-base (ABE-7CPA02)

TSX ASY 800

## Analogue I/O modules

Presentation, description

Characteristics
pages 43530/4 and 43530/5
References : pages 43530/6 and 43530/7

## Presentation

Analogue I/O modules for Premium PLCs are equipped with :

- Either one 25-way SUB-D connector (TSX AEY 420/800/810 and TSX ASY 800)
- Or two 25-way SUB-D connectors (TSX AEY 1600/1614)
- Or a screw terminal block (TSX AEY 414, TSX ASY 410)

They can be installed in any position in TSX RKY $\bullet \bullet$ racks except for the positions reserved for power supply modules. Analogue I/O modules can be removed while the PLC is powered up.

The maximum number of analogue channels in a Premium configuration depends on the processor used, see pages 43511/8, 43513/5 and 43620/9.

## Description

The front panels of TSX AEY/ASY analogue I/O modules comprise :


1 A display and module diagnostics block
2 A connector for receiving the screw terminal block
3 A rotating support containing the module locating device
4 A removable screw terminal for direct connection of the I/O to the sensors and preactuators TSX BLY 01 (to be ordered separately)

5 A pivoting cover for accessing the terminal block screws and holding the identification label

6 A screw terminal block encoder
7 A 25-way SUB-D connector for connecting the sensors

Connection using screw terminal block

Connection using SUB-D connector

## Connection principle for TSX AEY/ASY modules with SUB-D connector

The Telefast 2 pre-wired system simplifies the installation of modules by providing access to the inputs (or outputs) at the screw terminals.
Connection is via a TSX CAP 0303 metre shielded cable equipped with SUB-D connectors at either end.


- The Telefast ABE-7CPA02 sub-base enables 8 channels to be connected
- The Telefast ABE-7CPA03/31 sub-base enables the connection of 8 channels and :
- provides channel by channel supply for 2 and 4 -wire sensors with --- 24 V (for sub-base ABE-7CPA03)
- channel by channel isolated supply for 2 and 4 -wire 24 V sensors (for sub-base ABE-7CPA31)
- ensures continuity of current loops when the SUB-D connector is removed
- protects the current shunt within the modules against overvoltages
- The Telefast ABE-7CPA12 sub-base enables 16 thermocouples to be connected. The terminal block is fitted with a temperature probe for cold junction compensation.


## Premium automation platform

## Analogue I/O modules

## Functions

Characteristics :
pages 43530/4 and 43530/5
References:
pages 43530/6 and 43530/7

## TSX AEY 420, TSX AEY 800/810, TSX AEY 1600 analogue input modules

TSX AEY $\bullet \bullet 0$ modules are high level analog input modules with 4 inputs for the TSX AEY 420 module, 8 inputs for TSX AEY 800/810 modules and 16 inputs for the TSX AEY 1600 module.
Used with sensors or transmitters, they perform monitoring, measurement and process control functions for continuous processes.
Depending on the choice made during configuration, TSX AEY 420/800/810/1600 modules offer the following ranges for each of their inputs $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}, 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$.

## Functions

- Scanning of input channels, protection against overvoltages, adaptation of signals by analogue filtering, scanning by solid state multiplexing.
- Adaptation to input signals : gain selection, drift compensation.
- Digitisation of signals : 12-bit analogue/digital conversion for TSX AEY 800/1600 and 16 bit analogue/digital conversion for TSX AEY 420/810.
- Converting input measurements to user format: recalibration coefficient, filtering, scaling.
- Module monitoring : conversion circuit test, range overshoot test, terminal block presence test, "watchdog" test.
- Isolation of input channels on TSX AEY 810.
- Fast processing of inputs (1 ms) on TSX AEY 420.


## TSX AEY 414, TSX AEY 1614 analogue input modules

The TSX AEY 414 module is a multirange input module with 4 channels isolated from each other.
Depending on the choice made during configuration, the following ranges are available for each of its inputs :

- thermocouples B, E, J, K, N, R, S, T, U or - 13...+ 63 mV electrical range.
- 2 or 4 -wire Pt 100, Pt 1000, Ni 1000 temperature probe, or ohmic range: $0 \ldots 400$ ohms, $0 \ldots 3850$ ohms.
- High level $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 5 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}$ ( $0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ with external shunt) or $1 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}, 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}(4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ with external shunt).
The TSX AEY 1614 module is an analogue input module with 16 thermocouple inputs. Depending on the selections made during configuration, the following range is available for each of the input channels (supporting a common mode between them of --- 250 V or $\sim 280 \mathrm{~V}$ ):
- Thermocouples B, E, J, K, L, N, R, S, T or U, or electrical range $-80 \mathrm{mV} \ldots+80 \mathrm{mV}$.


## Functions

- Scanning of input channels, gain selection according to input signals, multiplexing.
- Digitisation of input signals.
- Converting input measurements to user format: recalibration coefficient, linearisation, cold junction compensation, filtering, scaling.
- Module monitoring : conversion circuit test, range overshoot test, terminal block presence test, sensor link test, "watchdog" test.


## TSX ASY 410, TSX ASY 800 analogue output modules

The TSX ASY 410 module has 4 analogue outputs isolated from each other, and the TSX ASY 800 module has 8 outputs with common point.
Depending on the choice made during configuration, the modules offer the following range for each of its inputs : $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ and $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ without external supply.

## Functions

- Protection of the module against overvoltages.
- Adaptation to the different actuators: voltage or current output.
- Conversion of digital signals to analogue signals (11 bits + sign for TSX ASY 410 and 13 bits + sign for TSX ASY 800).
- Transforming application data into data which can be used by the digital/analogue converter.
- Module monitoring and fault indication to the application: converter test, range overshoot test, terminal block presence test, "watchdog" test.

PL7 Junior software performs configuration and debugging functions :

- Choice of modules used.
- Configuration of channels according to the type of module: scanning (normal or fast), cold junction compensation (internal or external), range, filtering, display format, task (MAST or FAST), detection of terminal block presence, wiring check.
- Debugging, access to certain parameter settings, module/channel diagnostics, forcing, calibration.


## Premium automation platform

## Analogue I/O modules

## Characteristics

References pages 43530/6 and 43530/7

Characteristics of analogue input modules


| Type of input module |  |  | TSX AEY 414 | TSX AEY 1614 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of channels |  |  | 4 | 16 |
| Input range |  |  | - B, E, J, K, L, N, R, S, T, U thermocouples or electrical range : $-13 \ldots+63 \mathrm{mV}$ <br> - Pt 100, Pt 1000, Ni 10002 or 4 -wire temperature probes, or ohmic range : $0 . . .400 \Omega, 0 . . .3850 \Omega$ <br> $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 5 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}$ ( $0 \ldots . .20 \mathrm{~mA}$ with external shunt) or $1 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}, 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ (4... 20 mA with external shunt) | B, E, J, K, L, N, R, S, T, U thermocouples or electrical range : - $80 \ldots+80 \mathrm{mV}$ |
| Analogue/digital conversion |  |  | 16 bits | 16 bits |
| Read time | Normal scan | ms | 550 | $70 \mathrm{~ms} /$ channel |
|  | Fast scan | ms | - | - |
| Max. error | at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | \%FS | See page 43530/5 | See page 43530/5 |
|  | $0 \ldots 60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | \%FS | See page 43530/5 | See page 43530/5 |
| Isolation | Betw. ch. and bus | V rms | 1780 | 1000 |
|  | Betw. ch. and earth | V rms | 1780 | 1000 |
|  | Betw. channels | V rms | 2830 | - |
| Common mode |  | V | ~ 240 or $=100$ between channels and earth $\sim 415$ or - - 200 between channels | --- 250 betw. channels and earth $=250$ betw. channels or $\sim 280$ |
| Max. overvoltage/overcurrent on the inputs |  |  | $\pm 30 \mathrm{~V}$ powered up without $250 \Omega$ external resistance <br> $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ powered down without $250 \Omega$ external resistance <br> $\pm 25 \mathrm{~mA}$ powered up/down with $250 \Omega$ external shunt | $= \pm 30 \mathrm{~V}$ in differential mode |
| Standards |  |  | Sensor : IEC 584, IEC 751, DIN 43760, DIN 43710, NFC 42-330 PLC : IEC 1131 |  |
| Consumption |  | mA | See page 43605/2 |  |

## Premium automation platform

## Analogue I/O modules

Characteristics (continued)

References:
pages 43530/6 and 43530/7

Input range for TSX AEY 414

| Voltage/current range Max. error at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0... 10 V | $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0... 5 V | $1 . .5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0... 20 mA | 4... 20 mA | $13 . .63 \mathrm{mV}$ | 0... 4 | $0 \ldots 3850 \Omega$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \%FS (1) | 0.27 | 0.16 | 0.27 | 0.22 | 0.27 | 0.36 | 0.45 | 0.19 | 0.13 | 0.22 |
| Max. error at $0 \ldots . .60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | \%FS (1) | 0.50 | 0.39 | 0.50 | 0.45 | 0.56 | 0.69 | 0.86 | 0.44 | 0.27 | 0.48 |
| Temperature probe range Max. error at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Pt 100 |  | Pt 1000 |  | Ni 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1.2 |  | 2.5 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. error at $0 \ldots . .60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.4 |  | 5 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thermocouple range Max. error at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | B | E | J | K | L | N | R | S | T | U |
|  | IC (2) | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.5 | 6.1 | 7.3 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 6 | 6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 5.4 |
|  | EC (3) | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2 | 2 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Max. error at $0 . . .60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | IC (2) | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 8.1 | 8.1 | 9.5 | 10.5 | 9.8 | 8.7 | 11 | 12 | 8.8 | 7.3 |
|  | EC (3) | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 7.7 | 8.5 | 3.2 | 3.1 |

Input range for TSX AEY 1614

## Thermocouple range

Max. error at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(4)

Max. error at $0 \ldots . .60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (4)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | B | E | J | K | L | N |
|  | 2.5 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1 | 0.9 | 1.1 |
| ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 4 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.7 |


| $R$ | $S$ | $T$ | $U$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2.1 | 2.2 | 1 | 1 |
| 2.4 | 3.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 |

Characteristics of analogue output modules

| Type of output module |  | TSX ASY 410 | TSX ASY 800 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of channels |  | 4 | 8 |
| Output range |  | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ and $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$, outputs supplied by PLC (or 24 V SELV external on TSX ASY 800, see page 43560/3) |  |
| Analogue/digital conversion |  | 11 bits + sign | 13 bits + sign (voltage), 13 bits current |
| Conversion time ms |  | 2.5 | 5 |
| Maximum resolution |  | Voltage output 5.12 mV (5), current output $10.25 \mu \mathrm{~A}(6)$ | Voltage output 1.28 mV , current output $2.56 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Output load |  | Voltage output, impedance $>1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, load $<0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, current output, impedance $<600 \Omega$ load $<300 \mu \mathrm{H}$ |  |
| Measurement error as a \% of FS Voltage output, FS $=10 \mathrm{~V}$ | \%FS | 0.45 to $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 0.75$ from 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm 0.14$ to $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \pm 0.28$ from 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Current output, FS $=20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | \%FS | 0.52 to $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 0.98$ from 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm 0.21$ to $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \pm 0.52$ from 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Isolation between channels and bus | V rms | 1500 | 1000 |
| Isolation between channels and earth |  | --500 V | 1000 V rms |
| Isolation between channels | V rms | 1500 | Common point |
| Type of protection |  | Short-circuits and overload |  |
| Max. voltage without damage | V | $\pm 30$ |  |
| Standards |  | IEC 1131 |  |
| Consumption | mA | See page 43605/2 |  |

(1) \%FS : error as a \% of full scale.
(2) IC : with internal cold junction compensation.
(3) EC : with external cold junction compensation (with class A Pt 100 probe on channel 0)
(4) Max. errors, regardless of type of internal or external cold junction compensation (via Telefast sub-base or with class A Pt 100 probe).
(5) Value given for TSX ASY 410 (software version : II > 10), for TSX ASY 410 (software version : II $\leq 10$ ). This value is 4.88 mV .
(6) Value given for TSX ASY 410 (software version : II > 10), for TSX ASY 410 (software version: II $\leq 10$ ). This value is $9.77 \mu \mathrm{~A}$.

## Premium automation platform

Analogue I/O modules

## References

Characteristics pages 43530/4 and 43530/5


TSX AEY 800/420


TSX AEY 1600/1614


TSX ASY 410/AEY 414


TSX ASY 800

Analogue input modules

| Type of inputs | Input signal range | Resolution | Connection | No. of channels | Reference <br> (1) | Weight kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analogue, high level with common point | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & 0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & 0 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & 1 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & 0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | 16 bits | $1 \times 25 \text {-way }$ SUB-D connector | 4 fast channels | TSX AEY 420 | 0.330 |
| Analogue, low level isolated | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 10 \\ & 0 \ldots . . .5 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \ldots 5 \\ & \pm 5 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \ldots 20 \end{aligned}$ <br> 4... 20 mA , $-13 \ldots+63 \mathrm{mV}$ <br> $0 . . .400 \Omega$, <br> $0 . . .3850 \Omega$, <br> temperature <br> thermocoupl | 16 bits | Screw terminal block (2) | 4 channels | TSX AEY 414 | 0.320 |
| Analogue, high level with common point | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & 0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & 0 . \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & 1 . .5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & 0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | 12 bits | $1 \times 25$-way SUB-D connector | 8 channels | TSX AEY 800 | 0.310 |
|  |  |  | $2 \times 25 \text {-way }$ <br> SUB-D connectors | 16 channels | TSX AEY 1600 | 0.340 |
| Analogue, high level isolated | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & 0 \ldots . .10 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & 0 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & 1 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 0 \ldots .20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & 4 \ldots . .20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | 16 bits | $1 \times 25 \text {-way }$ SUB-D connector | 8 channels | TSX AEY 810 | 0.330 |
| Thermocouple | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 63 \mathrm{mV} \\ & (\mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{~J}, \mathrm{~K}, \mathrm{~L} \\ & \mathrm{N}, \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{~T}, \mathrm{U} \end{aligned}$ | 16 bits | $2 \times 25 \text {-way }$ SUB-D connectors | 16 channels | TSX AEY 1614 | 0.350 |

Analogue output modules

| Type <br> of outputs | Output signal <br> range | Resolution | Connection | No. of <br> channels | Reference <br> $(1)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Analogue, <br> isolated | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$, <br> $0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$, <br> $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 11 bits <br> + sign | Screw terminal <br> block (2) | 4 channels | $\underline{\text { TSX ASY 410 }}$ |

[^0](2) TSX BLY 01 screw terminal block not supplied. To be ordered separately.
(3) The number of TSX ASY 800 modules is limited to 2 per rack with double format power supply (when this supplies the --- 24 V voltage required by outputs). See power supply modules selection page 43605/3.

## Premium automation platform

## Analogue I/O modules

References (continued)

Characteristics :
pages 43530/4 and 43530/5


## Premium automation platform

## Process control

References:
pages 43511/8 and 43513/5
Characteristics
page 43620/9

The process control range integrated as standard in Premium platforms enables the setup and debugging of process control loops specifically designed for machine control


User-definable process control functions


TSX P57 2•3/3•3/453M processors and T PCX 57 203/353M coprocessors can be used, depending on the model, to manage 10 to 20 control channels (of 3 loops each). These channels can be configured in order to execute algorithms used in industrial processes :

- Cascaded loop
- Process loop
- Autoselective loop
- Setpoint programmer
- Controller with three simple loops


## 2 I/O

## Control loops

The software setup of control loops is performed by entering parameters (Plug and Play technology) when configuring the TSX P57/T PCX 57 processor or coprocessor.
The user completes predefined loop diagrams which also integrate management of the operating mode and the link with the I/O.

XBT-F and T XBT-F operator dialogue terminals have preconfigured screens dedicated to process control which simplify loop operation and control. These screens show the controller front panels as well as trending views and monitoring views.

## Premium automation platform

## Process control

References :
pages 43511/8 and 43513/5
Characteristics
page 43620/9

## Presentation, functions

## Presentation

TSX P57 2•3/3 $3 / 453 \mathrm{M}$ processors and T PCX $57 \bullet \bullet 3 \mathrm{M}$ coprocessors can be used to configure 10, 15 or 20 continuous or semi-continuous process control channels.

The control functions of these processors are particularly suitable for :

- Sequential processing requiring auxiliary control functions such as packaging machines, surface treatment machines, presses, etc.
- Simple processes such as metal processing furnaces, ceramic furnaces, refrigeration units, etc.
- Feedback or mechanical control where sampling time is critical, eg torque control, speed control, etc.

Premium processors have, amongst others, the following characteristics:

- Each configurable control channel can be used to manage 1 to 3 loops depending on the type of loop chosen.
- Process control processors can be inserted in the overall architecture of a site as the PLC can be integrated in various communication networks.
- Calculations related to process control are performed in floating point mode, expressed as physical units.

Description : TSX P57 ••3M processors, see page 43511/3; TPCX $57 \bullet \bullet 3 M$ coprocessors, see page 43513/3.
Characteristics and performance, see page 43620/9.

## Functions

## Control loops

Premium processors can be used to set up 10 to 20 control channels, each one adopting one of the following 5 loop profiles:

- Process loop : loop with a single controller
- Controller with 3 simple loops : controller which can increase the capacity of the number of loops
- Autoselective loop also known as secondary : comprises 2 loops in parallel with an output selection algorithm
- Cascaded loop : comprises 2 dependent loops (the master loop output is the slave loop setpoint)
- Setpoint programmer : comprises a maximum of 6 compound profiles with a total of 48 segments

Since the channels are independent, configuration of 10 channels can be used to obtain

- 30 simple loops
- 5 setpoint programmers, each one associated with 5 control loops
- 2 setpoint programmers and 8 process loops

The various loops are characterised by :

- Their different algorithms
- 5 processing branches (process value, setpoint, Feed Forward, loop controller and output processing)
- Calculation functions (gain, filtering, square root, etc) defined using parameters


## Types of control loop

Predefined algorithms, whose parameters can be defined by the user, are shown below :

Process loop


## Simple loop

## Cascaded loop



## Autoselective loop



## Premium automation platform

## Process control

Functions (continued)

References :
pages 43511/8 and 43513/5
Characteristics : page 43620/9

## Processing branches

Parameter definition (choice of functions to be used) of control loop profiles enables the algorithm to be adapted to the process to be controlled.

## Process value processing

Process value processing can be performed either in standard fashion or externally.

- Standard processing, the user has the following functions at his disposal : filtering, process value between limits, function generator with scaling, alarm management on threshold overrun, totalizer and simulation of the measured value.
- External processing is used to obtain, at the loop controller input, a process value, PV, which was processed outside the control loop. This solution is useful if measurement calculation of the process value requires specific or customised functions.


## Setpoint processing

Depending on the type of loop chosen, it is possible to opt for one of the following 4 setpoints : ratio setpoint, selection setpoint, simple setpoint (remote with scaling) or setpoint programmer.
When using the controller with 3 single loops or the secondary loop (in an autoselective loop), only the simple setpoint and the setpoint programmer can be used.

## Feed Forward processing

Feed Forward processing corrects a measurable disturbance as soon as it appears. This open loop processing anticipates the effect of the disturbance. It has the Leading function (phase lead/lag).

## Loop controller and command processing

There are 6 different types of loop controller to choose from : autotuning PID, controller in discrete mode with 2 or 3 states, hot/cool controller (PID or autotuning model) or Split Range controller (PID or autotuning model).

## Output processing

There are 3 types of output processing : analogue output, servomotor output or PWM output. Whatever the type of output, the control calculated by the controller crosses a ramp limiter and a limiter where the lower and higher limits can be used to define the output variation range.

## Setpoint programmer

The setpoint programmer offers a maximum of 6 profiles with a total of 48 segments. It is therefore possible to create a 48 -segment programmer, six 8 -segment programmers or one 24 -segment programmer with one 16 -segment programmer and one 8 -segment programmer, etc


Each segment is configured as a ramp or dwell time. It is characterised by :

- The setpoint to be reached
- Duration of the segment or gradient of the segment (if a ramp)

A profile can be executed once, a certain number of times or continually looped back. Moreover, due to the concept of guaranteed dwell time, the time will only need to be downcounted if the process value is actually in the specified range.

## Premium automation platform

## Process control

Functions (continued)

References :
pages 43511/8 and 43513/5
Characteristics :
page 43620/9

## Configuration of control channels

Special screens, accessible using PL7 Junior/Pro software, enable the configuration of control loops.


## Configuration of control channels

By simply selecting from the menus, the "Loops" interface on PMX process control processors enables the following to be configured :

- The type of loop (out of the 5 existing ones)
- The choice of functions used in the 5 processing branches
- Parameters linked to each function
- Assignment of PLC variables to different loop branches (memory words, input words or output words depending on the processing branch)
- Automatic presymbolization of variables used in the loops

Configuration of process, single, autoselective and cascaded loops proposes parameter entry by default. The various functions integrated in the algorithms (square root, function generator, etc) and the initial value of each parameter are predefined.


## Example : configuration of a process loop

Once the type of loop has been chosen, parameter entry is performed by selecting or deselecting options in the processing branches. No programming is therefore necessary, loop diagrams are enhanced or simplified as parameters are validated.
The screen opposite shows how selecting the PID controller can display the various parameters valid for this type of controller (KP, TI, TD, etc).

For the setpoint programmer, configuration of the various profiles ( 6 maximum) is done using a table defining each segment.


Once the type of segment has been chosen (ramp or dwell time), configuration consists of defining the setpoint to be reached (for the ramp) and duration (for the ramp or dwell time).

While making selections, the lower part of the screen shows the profile display with the setpoint limit values.

This screen also allows the cycles of this profile to be defined : execution once, a certain number of times or continually looped back ( 32,767 times maximum).

## Execution of control channels

The loop sampling period is predefined at 300 ms . This defines the loop controller processing period in automatic mode. It is possible to modify this period in the loop configuration screen.
The user can access all the I/O and parameters for the various configured control channels via the program or by using the various PL7 Junior/Pro software tools (in particular language editors and animation tables).

## Premium automation platform

## Process control

Functions (continued)

References:
pages 43511/8 and 43513/5
Characteristics :
page 43620/9

## Debug functions

Adjustment and debugging of control loops is performed in a simple and user-friendly way using the loop configuration application-specific screen which, when online, can access the following functions:

- Display and animation of the loop algorithm diagram
- Display of alarms linked to the process and channel faults
- Simulation of input interface values : for example when they are not connected (process value, Feed Forward)
- Addition, removal or replacement of calculation functions in online mode
- Modification of adjustment parameters for each function
- Modification of loop controller operating modes and manual control

With the controllers integrated in control loops, it is possible to use the autotuning function which calculates a set of adjustment parameters ( $\mathrm{Kp}, \mathrm{Ti}$, Td or Ks, T1, T-delay) upon request.
Once the loop has been debugged, it is possible to save the current test values as the initial loop parameter values. Hence, on restarting the loop, it will contain the correct values.


## Loop debugging

The debugging screen :

- Displays the values of variables linked to the loop dynamically
- Shows the parameters chosen (or can even modify them)
- Displays alarms

The menus enable manual control of the loop, autotuning, parameter backup, etc


## Setpoint programmer debugging

Setpoint programmer channels have their own debugging screen which displays:

- The number of the current segment and the iteration number
- Execution time of the current segment
- Overall execution time


## Runtime screens



The runtime screen tool available in PL7 Pro/Pro-Dyn software integrates front panel views and trending views in its object library which can be used to adjust and operate control loops.

## Front panel views and trending views

Predefined controller front panel views provide the user with the traditional appearance of controller front panels. The user only enters the variables used by the loop being dealt with in the various fields in this view.
Similarly, trending views display changes in loop parameters in graph form as well as useful operating information : operating mode, alarms, etc.

## Premium automation platform

## Process control

Functions (continued)

References :
pages 43511/8 and 43513/5
Characteristics : page 43620/9

Control and operation


Tools integrated in PL7 software (loop debugging screens, runtime screens, etc) which are associated with XBT-F and TXBT-F Magelis graphic screen terminals offer screens dedicated to the control and operation of control loops.

## Setup

These predefined screens offer runtime and control views whose characteristics depend on the type of terminal used :

- XBT-F : Magelis graphic screen terminals
- TXBT-F02 : Magelis graphic stations under Windows operating system

As standard, PL7 Junior/Pro software contains the application developed with XBT-L1003/L1004 development software, which comprises predefined runtime and control views. When using this dialogue application, animation of runtime and control views is automatic.

## Presentation of views

Each control loop is associated with a certain number of views depending on the size of the Magelis terminal screen.

- With 5 " screen terminals, the user has 7 views at his disposal :
- monitoring view
- front panel (bar chart)
- supervisory control view (trending)
- adjustment view
- autotuning view
- setpoint programmer view
- alarm view

With this type of terminal, it is possible to operate 8 loops.

- With 10 " screen terminals, the user has 5 views at his disposal :
- monitoring view
- front panel view integrating the display of the front panel, loop adjustment and autotuning
- supervisory control view
- setpoint programmer view
- alarm view

With this type of terminal, it is possible to operate 16 loops.
All runtime pages are based on the same presentation module :

- An alarm zone is positioned at the bottom of the screen. It shows the last active alarm
- Dynamic function keys execute one and only one function (access to the adjustment page, starting autotuning, navigation between the various pages, selecting a loop, etc.)

It is of course possible for the user to customise the screens to suit his requirements.

## Premium automation platform

## Process control

## Function (continued)

References :
pages 43511/8 and 43513/5
Characteristics :
page 43620/9

## Monitoring view

This view is the control application entry point. It gives an overall view of all loops being operated on a single screen. For each loop, this view displays the loop name, measurement/setpoint deviation, operating mode, alarms and the execution of autotuning if applicable.
The user can select a loop and access the front panel for example.


## Front panel view

The front panel view uses the traditional format of controller front panels with the process value, the setpoint and the deviation between the 2 . This view also integrates the operating mode as well as any alarms on the loop.

Function keys allow navigation between pages as well as control of loop operating modes.

## Supervisory control view

This view displays the same information as the front panel view and also shows the 3 trends which are characteristic of the loop. The most recent trend history is recorded.

Function keys allow navigation between pages as well as control of the loop operating modes.

## Setpoint programmer adjustment view

Two views specific to setpoint programmers are supplied. One is used to display the various profile names and to select one of them, the other is used to follow a given profile.

The second view is used to :

- Display the setpoint profile
- Modify the segments, ramps and dwell time
- Access the given profile
- Track the process value
- Control the profile


## Premium automation platform

Process control

## Characteristics

References
pages 43511/8 and 43513/5

## Characteristics

The table below summarises the main characteristics of Premium processors and coprocessors presented in pages 43511/6, 43511/7 and 43513/4.

| Type of processor |  | TSX P57 2e3M/T PCX 57 203M | TSX P57 3^3M/T PCX 57 353M | TSX P57 453M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of racks |  | 16 (1) | 16 (1) | 16 (1) |
| Number of discrete I/O (2) |  | 1024 | 1024 | 2048 |
| Number of analogue channels (2) |  | 80 | 128 | 256 |
| Number of app.-specific channels (2) |  | 24 | 32 | 64 |
| Number of control channels |  | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Process control functions |  | Process loop 3 simple loops Cascaded loop Autoselective loop Setpoint programmer |  |  |
| Network connections |  | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Fipio bus manager connection |  | 1 (integrated with model TSX P57 253M ) | 1 (integrated with model TSX/T PCX 57 353M) | 1 (integrated) |
| Third-party bus connections |  | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| AS-i bus connections |  | 4 | 8 | 8 |
| Memory Internal RAM | Kwords | 48/64 depending on model | 64/80 or 80/96 depending on model (3) | 96/176 (3) |
| Capacity on PCMCIA card | Kwords | 160 | 384 | 512 |
| Memory occupation | Kwords | 5 per type of loop + 0.5 per control channel | 5 per type of loop + 0.5 per control channel | 5 per type of loop + 0.5 per control channel |

(1) Maximum number of TSX RKY racks. Using the TSX RKY 12EX rack (12 slots) is the same as using 2 racks with 4, 6 or 8 slots.
(2) The maximum numbers of discrete I/O, analogue I/O and application-specific channels are cumulative. The number of remote I/O is not counted.
(3) The second value corresponds to the capacity of the integrated memory when the processor is fitted with a PCMCIA memory card.

## Premium automation platform

Discrete I/O modules
Discrete input and I/O selection guide


Connecting inputs to screw terminal blocks for bare wires or wires fitted with either cable ends or open/closed cable tags (minimum cross-section $0.28 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, maximum $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ )


## Type

Voltage

## Modularity

(number of channels)

## Connection

Compatibility with
Telefast 2-sub-bases

## Connection

sub-bases
Input adaptor sub-bases


| Isolated inputs |
| :--- |
| IEC 1131-2 |
| conformity |
| Logic |
| Proximity sensor |
| compatibility acc. |

Isolated outputs

IEC 1131-2 conformity Protection
Logic

## Type of discrete input and $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ modules



8 isolated chan.
16 isolated channels

Via 20-way screw terminals : TSX BLY 01

## Type 2

Positive
2-wire $=-/ \sim, 3$-wire PNP $=-$ any type
Negative
Negative
3-wire NPN any type

## TSX DEY

 08D2TSX DEY 16D2
TSX DEY 16D3
TSX DEY
16A2
TSX DEY
16A3
TSX DEY

16A4


| 200... 240 V | 24 V |  |  | 48 V | 24 V |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 16 isolated inputs and 12 isolated outputs 0.5 A Event-triggered Programmable reflex |  |
|  | 16 fast isolated channels | 32 isolated chan. | 64 isolated chan. | 32 isolated chan. | Event-triggered fast inputs | Programmable reflex inputs and outputs |
|  | Via 20-way HE 10 connectors |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8 or 16 channels, with or without LED, with common or 2 terminals per channel |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 16 channels =-- 5 V TTL, $-\mathrm{-} 24 \mathrm{~V},-\mathrm{-} 48 \mathrm{~V}$, $\sim 115 \mathrm{~V}$ or 230 V , 2 terminals per channel |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Yes (see pages 15003/2 and 15012/2) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Type 1 |  |  |  | Type 1 |  |
|  | Positive |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2-wire =-/ $\sim$, 3-wire PNP =-- any type |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Outputfallback may be configured, with continuous monitoring of output control and output reset in case of internal fault |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSX DEY } \\ & 16 A 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSX DEY } \\ & \text { 16FK } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSX DEY } \\ & \text { 32D2K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSX DEY } \\ & \text { 64D2K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSX DEY } \\ & \text { 32D3K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSX DMY } \\ & \text { 28FK } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSX DMY } \\ & 28 R F K \end{aligned}$ |
| 43520/9 |  |  |  |  | 43520/10 |  |

## Premium automation platform

Discrete I/O modules
Discrete output selection guide


Connecting outputs to screw terminal blocks for bare wires or wires fitted with either cable ends or open/closed cable tags


Via 20-way screw terminals : TSX BLY 01


## TSX DSY 08T2



43520/9
(minimum cross-section $0.28 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, maximum $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ )


Via 20-way HE 10 connectors

8 or 16 channels, with or without LED, with common or 2 terminals per channel

8 or 16 relay channels with 1 " $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{O}$ ", 1 or 2 " $\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ " or transistor, $=-5 \ldots 48 \mathrm{~V}$, =. 24 V , $\sim 24 \ldots 240 \mathrm{~V}, 1$ or 2 terminals per channel

Yes (see pages 15003/2 and 15012/2)

Output fallback may be configured, with continuous monitoring of output control and output reset in case of internal fault
Yes
Protected
Positive

| TSX DSY | TSX DSY | TSX DSY | TSX DSY | TSX DSY |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 08R5A | 08R4D | $08 S 5$ | $16 S 5$ | $16 S 4$ |

TSX DSY
64T2K

## Premium automation platform

## Discrete I/O modules

Characteristics
pages 43520/5 to 43520/8
References
pages 43520/9 and 43520/10
Connections
pages 43520/11 to 43520/13

Connection principle

## Connecting modules with screw terminal blocks

Discrete I/O module terminal blocks have a device for automatically transferring the coding when first used. This prevents manipulation errors when a module is replaced. This coding ensures electrical compatibility for the type of module. Each terminal can accept bare wires or wire with cable ends with open tags.
The capacity of each terminal is :

- Minimum : $1 \times 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ wire (AWG 24) without cable end
- Maximum : $1 \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ wire (AWG 14) without cable end or $1 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ wire (AWG 15) with cable end

Screw connection terminal blocks are equipped with captive screws.
The maximum terminal block capacity is $16 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (AWG 17) wires $+4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (AWG 15) wires.
Connecting modules with HE 10 connectors


Preformed cable with 20 wires, 22-gauge ( $0.324 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ )
Used for simple and direct wire to wire connection of the I/O of the module with connectors 1 to the sensors, preactuators or terminals.
This preformed cable 3 comprises :

- An insulated HE10 2 connector at one of the ends, with $20 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ cross-section sheathed wires.
- At the other end 4 , flying leads differentiated by a colour code conforming to standard DIN 47100.

TSX CDP 301 : 3 metres long
TSX CDP 501: 5 metres long
TSX CDP 1001: 10 metres long
Rolled ribbon cable with sheath, 28 -gauge ( $0.08 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ )
Used for connecting I/O of modules with HE 10 connectors 1 to Telefast 2 fast wiring 2 connection and adaptation interfaces. This cable 3 has 2 HE 10 connectors 4 and a rolled ribbon cable with sheath with $0.08 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ crosssection wires.
Given the small cross-section of the wires, it is recommended for use with low current I/O only ( 100 mA maximum per input or output).

TSX CDP 102: 1 metre long TSX CDP 202 : 2 metres long TSX CDP 302 : 3 metres long

## Connection cable, 22-gauge

## ( $0.324 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ )

Used for connecting the I/O of modules with HE 10 connectors 1 to Telefast 2 fast wiring 2 connection and adaptation interfaces. This cable 5 has 2 insulated HE 10 connectors 6 and a cable for carrying higher currents ( 500 mA maximum).

TSX CDP 053 : 0.5 metres long
TSX CDP 103: 1 metre long
TSX CDP 203 : 2 metres long TSX CDP 303:3 metres long TSX CDP 503 : 5 metres long

## Premium automation platform

## Discrete I/O modules

Characteristics
pages 43520/5 to 43520/8
References
pages 43520/9 and 43520/10
Connections
pages 43520/11 to 43520/13

Connection principle (continued), description

Connection to Tego Dial and Tego Power systems


TSX DEY 16FK/32D2K/64D2K input modules and TSX DSY 32T2K/64T2K output modules 1 are specially designed for use in conjunction with Tego Dial and Tego Power systems (1).
The modules are easily connected using a TSX CDP ••3 connecting cable 2 to the Dialbase sub-base APE-1B24M 3 installed on the Dialpack terminal 4 equipped with a panel 5 which enables operator dialogue.
(1) See pages $15000 / 2$ to $15012 / 3$.

## Description

Discrete I/O modules are standard format (1 slot). They have a plastic case which ensures IP 20 protection of the electronics.

Discrete I/O modules with screw terminal connection


1 A display block for channels and module diagnostics
2 A removable screw terminal for direct connection of the I/O to the sensors and preactuators, TSX BLY 01 (connectors to be ordered separately)

3 A pivoting cover for accessing the terminal block screws and holding the identification label

4 A rotating support containing the module locating device

Discrete I/O modules with connection via HE 10 connector


1 A display block for channels and module diagnostics
2 HE 10 connectors, protected by a cover. They are used to connect the I/O to sensors and preactuators either directly, or via Telefast 2 connection sub-bases.

## Premium automation platform

## Discrete I/O modules

Characteristics
pages 43520/5 to 43520/8
References:
pages 43520/9 and 43520/10
Connections
pages 43520/11 to 43520/13

## Functions

## Functions

- I/O assignment : each module is functionally organised into groups of 8 channels. Each group of channels can be assigned a specific application task.
- Reactivation of outputs : if a fault has caused an output to trip, the output can be reactivated if no other terminal fault is present. The reactivation command, defined during configuration, can be automatic (reactivation every 10 seconds) or controlled via the program. Reactivation is carried out in groups of 8 channels. This function can be accessed on modules with solid state d.c. outputs. For relay and triac output modules protected by fuse, the same type of reactivation (automatic or via program) is necessary after replacement of one or more fuses.
- RUN/STOP command : an input can be configured to control the RUN/STOP mode for the PLC

The command is accepted on a rising edge. A STOP command via an input takes priority over a change to RUN via the terminal or via a network command.

- Output fallback : when an application is placed in STOP mode, outputs can be set to a state which is not harmful to the application. This state, known as the fallback position, is defined for each module when its outputs are configured. This configuration enables the choice between :
- fallback : channels are set to state 0 or 1 depending on the fallback value entered
- maintain : outputs retain the state they were in before the PLC stopped
- Diagnostic functions :
- module diagnostics : any exchange fault preventing normal operation of an output module or fast input module is signalled. Similarly, any internal module fault is signalled.
- process diagnostics : sensor/preactuator voltage check, terminal block presence check, short-circuit and overload check, sensor voltage check, preactuator voltage check.
- Specific functions of the TSX DEY 16FK and TSX DMY 28 FK module inputs :
- latching : accepts particularly short pulses with a duration of less than the PLC scan time
- event input : enables events to be accepted and ensures their immediate processing (processing on interrupt). These inputs are associated with event processing (EVTi) and defined in configuration mode where :
$\mathrm{i}=0$ to 31 for TSX P57 1•3M processors, $\mathrm{i}=0$ to 63 for TSX P57 2•3M/3•3M/453M and T PCX 57 203M/353M processors.
Event processing can be triggered on a rising edge $(0 \rightarrow 1)$ or falling edge $(1 \rightarrow 0)$ of the associated input. A Masking/ Unmasking function for TSX DEY 16FK/DMY 28FK inputs is available in online mode.
- programmable input filtering : inputs are equipped with filtering which can be configured for each channel. Inputs are filtered by a fixed analogue filter which ensures a maximum immunity of 0.1 ms for filtering line interference and by a digital filter which can be configured from 0.1 to 7.5 ms in increments of 0.5 ms .
- Reflex and timer functions for the TSX DMY 28RFK module : can be used to create applications which require a faster response time than the FAST task or event processing ( $<500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ). These control system functions are executed in the module and are independent of the PLC task. They are programmed using PL7 Junior/Pro software in configuration mode.
- Removal when powered up : due to their integrated devices, I/O modules (including application-specific modules) can be removed and connected while powered up.

| 2/3 wire compatibility |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of input | $--{ }^{--2} \text { V }$ <br> type 1 positive logic | $\begin{aligned} & \hline-24 / 48 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { type } 2 \\ & \text { positive } \\ & \text { logic } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $-\overline{--} 24 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> negative logic | $\begin{aligned} & \sim 24 / 48 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \sim 100 \ldots . .120 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { type } 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\sim 200 . . .240 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> type 2 |
| Type of sensor |  |  |  |  |  |
| All 3 wire =-- sensors, PNP |  |  |  |  |  |
| All 3 wire $=-$ sensors, NPN |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telemecanique 2-wire <br> =- sensor or others with the following characteristics: <br> - residual voltage, closed $\leq 7 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> - minimum switching current $\leq 2.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ <br> - residual current, open $\leq 1.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-wire $=-/ \sim$ sensor |  |  |  |  | (1) |
| 2-wire $\sim$ sensor |  |  |  |  | (1) |

(1) In nominal voltage range $\sim 220 . .240 \mathrm{~V}$.

Compatible

## Premium automation platform

## Discrete I/O modules

## Characteristics

References
pages 43520/9 and 43520/10
Connections
pages 43520/11 to 43520/13

## Environment

Conformity to standards
NFC 63-850, IEC 664, IEC 1131-2, UL 508, UL7 46C, CSA 22-2 No. 142
Temperature derating
Characteristics at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ are ensured for $60 \%$ of inputs and $60 \%$ of outputs at state 1
Characteristics of input modules =-- 24/48 V

| Type of module |  | TSX DEY 08D2/16D2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSX DEY } \\ & \text { 16D3 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSX DEY } \\ & \text { 16A2 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSX DEY } \\ & \text { 16FK } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSX DEY } \\ & \text { 32D2K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSX DEY } \\ & \text { 64D2K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { TSX DEY } \\ \text { 32D3K } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of inputs |  | 8/16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 32 |
| Connections |  | Screw termina | Screw terminal | Screw terminal | HE 10 connector | HE 10 connector | HE 10 connector | HE 10 connector |
| input values | V | $\begin{aligned} & =-24 \\ & (\text { pos. logic) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =-48 \\ & \text { (pos. logic) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =-24 \\ & \text { (neg. logic) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -=24 \\ & \text { (pos. logic) } \\ & \text { Fast inputs } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =-24 \\ & (\text { pos. logic) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =-24 \\ & \text { (pos. logic) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =-=48 \\ & \text { (pos. logic) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Current | mA | 7 | 7 | 16 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 7 |
| Sensor supply (ripple included) | V | 19... 30 | 38... 60 | 19... 30 | 19... 30 | 19... 30 | 19... 30 | 38... 60 |
| Input limit values <br> At state 1 <br> Voltage <br> Current | V | $\geq 11$ | $\geq 30$ | $\leq$ Ual-14 V | $\geq 11$ | $\geq 11$ | $\geq 11$ | $\geq 30$ |
|  | mA | $\geq 6.5$ | $\geq 6.5$ | $\geq 6.5$ | $\geq 3$ | $\geq 3$ | $\geq 3$ | $\begin{aligned} & \geq 6.5 \text { (for } \\ & \mathrm{V}=30 \mathrm{~V} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
| At state $0 \quad$ Voltage | V | $\leq 5$ | $\leq 10$ | $\geq$ Ual-5 | $\leq 5$ | $\leq 5$ | $\leq 5$ | $\leq 10$ |
| Current | mA | $\leq 2$ | $\leq 2$ | $\leq 2$ | $\leq 1.5$ | $\leq 1.5$ | $\leq 1.5$ | $\leq 2$ |
| Input impedance at state 1 | $\mathrm{K} \Omega$ | 4 | 7 | 1.6 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 4 |
| Response Typical | ms | 4 | 4 | 10 | Configurable | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| time Maximum | ms | 7 | 7 | 20 | from 0.1 to 7.5 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| IEC 1131-2 conformity |  | Type 2 | Type 2 | Type 2 | Type 1 | Type 1 | Type 1 | Type 2 |
| Compatibility 2-wire/3-wire prox. sensor |  | IEC 947-5-2 | IEC 947-5-2 | IEC 947-5-2 | See table on p | age 43520/4 |  | IEC 947-5-2 |
| Isolation resistance | M $\Omega$ | $>10$ at -s 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dielectric strength |  | $1500 \mathrm{Vrms}-5$ | 0/60 Hz for 1 m | inute |  |  |  |  |
| Type of input |  | Current sink |  | Resistive | Current sink |  |  |  |
| Consumption |  | See page 436 | 5/2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dissipated power No. = No. of channels | W | $1+0.15 \mathrm{Nb}$ | $1+0.3 \mathrm{Nb}$ | $1+0.4 \mathrm{Nb}$ | $1.2+0.1 \mathrm{Nb}$ | $1+0.1 \mathrm{Nb}$ | $1.5+0.1 \mathrm{Nb}$ | $2+0.1 \mathrm{Nb}$ |

Characteristics of a.c. input modules

| Type of module |  | TSX DEY 16A2 | TSX DEY 16A3 | TSX DEY 16A4 | TSX DEY 16A5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of inputs |  | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Nominal input values Voltage | V | $\sim 24$ | $\sim 48$ | $\sim 110$ | ~ 220 |
| Current | mA | 15 | 16 | 12 | 15 |
| Frequency | Hz | 47... 63 | 47... 63 | 47... 63 | 47... 63 |
| Sensor supply | V | 20... 26 | 40... 52 | 85... 132 | 170... 264 |
| Input limit values <br> At state $1 \quad$ Voltage | V | 10 | 29 | 74 | 159 |
| Current | mA | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| At state $0 \quad$ Voltage | V | 5 | 10 | 20 | 40 |
| Current | mA | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Input impedance at state 1 for 24 V | K $\Omega$ | 1.6 | 3.2 | 9.2 | 20 |
| Response Typical | ms | 15 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| time Maximum | ms | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| IEC 1131-2 conformity |  | Type 2 | Type 2 | Type 2 | Type 2 |
| Compatibility 2-wire/3-wire prox. sensor |  | IEC 947-5-2 |  |  |  |
| Isolation resistance | M $\Omega$ | $>10$ at $-\mathrm{-} 500 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |
| Dielectric strength |  | $1500 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{rms} \mathrm{-} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 minute |  |  |  |
| Type of input |  | Resistive ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Capacitive |  |  |  |
| Consumption |  | See page 43600/2 |  |  |  |
| Dissipated power | W | 0.89 | 0.86 | 0.83 | 0.9 |

## Premium automation platform

## Discrete I/O modules

Characteristics (continued)

References
pages 43520/9 and 43520/10
Connections
pages 43520/11 to 43520/13

Characteristics of solid state modules with terminal block

| Type of module |  | TSX DSY 08T2/16T2 | TSX DSY 08T22 | TSX DSY 08T31 | TSX DSY 16T3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output nominal values <br> Voltage | V | -24 | - 24 | - 48 | - 48 |
| Current | A | 0.5 | 2 | 1 | 0.250 |
| Output limit values Voltage | V | 19... 30 | 19... 30 | 38... 60 | 38... 60 |
| Current/channel | A | 0.625 | 2.5 | 1.25 | 0.31 |
| Current/module | A | 4/7 | 14 | 7 | 4 |
| Leakage current <br> At state 0 | mA | < 0.5 | $<1$ | $<1$ |  |
| Residual voltage | V | < 1.2 | $<0.5$ | <1 | $<0.5$ |
| Min. load impedance | $\Omega$ | 48 | 12 | 48 | 192 |
| Response time |  | 1.2 ms | $200 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 200 ss | 1.2 ms |
| Switching frequency on inductive load | Hz | 0.5/LI ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Built-in protection <br> Against overvoltages |  | Yes, by Transil diode |  |  |  |
| Against inversions |  | Yes, by reverse mounted diode, use a fuse on the +24 V or +48 V of the preactuators |  |  |  |
| Against short-circuits and overloads |  | Electronic tripping on reactivation (automatic or via program) |  |  |  |
| Preactuator voltage detection threshold | V | 16 |  | 34 |  |
| Isolation resistance | M $\Omega$ | $>10$ at -s 500 V |  |  |  |
| Dielectric strength |  | $1500 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{rms} \mathrm{-} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 minute |  |  |  |
| Consumption |  | See page 43605/2 |  |  |  |
| Nominal power Dissipated | W | 1/1.1 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 |
| Per output x module current |  | + (0.75 W) | + (0.2 W) | + (0.55 W) | + (0.85 W) |

Characteristics of 50 VA relay output modules

(1) For $0.1 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(2) For $0.15 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles
(3) For $0.3 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(4) For $0.5 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(5) For $0.7 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles
(6) For $1 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(7) For $1.5 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(8) For $2 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles
(9) For $3 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(10) For $5 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(11) For $10 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.

## Premium automation platform

## Discrete I/O modules

Characteristics (continued)

References :
pages 43520/9 and 43520/10
Connections
pages 43520/11 to 43520/13

Characteristics of 100 VA relay output modules


Characteristics of triac output modules

| Type of module |  | TSX DSY 08S5 | TSX DSY 16S5 | TSX DSY 16S4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating voltage a.c. Nominal | V | $\sim 48 . . .240$ |  | $\sim 24 . . .120$ |
| Limit | V | $\sim 41 . . .264$ |  | $\sim 20 . .132$ |
| Permissible current | A | 2 A/channel-12 A/module | $1 \mathrm{~A} /$ channel- $12 \mathrm{~A} /$ module | $1 \mathrm{~A} /$ channel- $12 \mathrm{~A} /$ module |
| Response time Activation | ms | $\leq 10$ |  |  |
| Deactivation | ms | $\leq 10$ |  |  |
| Built-in protection Against overvoltages |  | Ge-Mov |  |  |
| Against overloads and short-circuits |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fast blow fuse per common } \\ & \leq 5 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | Non interchangeable fireproof protection per common, 10 A |
| Isolation resistance | M $\Omega$ | $>10$ at -500 V |  |  |
| Dielectric strength |  | 2000 V rms - $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |
| Consumption |  | See page 43605/2 |  | See page 43605/2 |
| Dissipated power |  | 0.5 W + 1 W/A per output | 0.85 W + 1 W/A per output | $0.85 \mathrm{~W}+1$ W/A per output |

(1) For $0.1 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(2) For $0.15 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(3) For $0.3 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(4) For $0.5 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(5) For $0.7 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(6) For $1 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(7) For $1.5 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(8) For $2 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(9) For $3 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(10) For $5 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.
(11) For $10 \times 10^{6}$ operating cycles.

## Premium automation platform

## Discrete I/O modules

Characteristics (continued)
References
pages 43520/9 and 43520/10
Connections
pages 43520/11 to 43520/13
Characteristics of solid state output modules with connector

| Type of module |  |  |  | TSX DSY 32T2K | TSX DSY 64T2K |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Logic |  |  |  | Positive |  |
| Operating voltage (ripple included) | Direct current | Nominal | V | --- 24 |  |
|  |  | Limit | V | --- 19...30, possible up to 34 V , limited to 1 hr per 24 hr period |  |
| Permissible current |  |  | A | 0.1 A/channel, - 3.2 A/module | 0.1 A/channel, - 5 A/module |
| Filament lamp max power |  |  | W | 1.2 |  |
| Residual voltage |  |  | V | $<1.5$ for $\mathrm{l}=0.1 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |
| Response time |  |  | ms | 1.2 |  |
| Paralleling of outputs |  |  |  | Yes : 3 max |  |
| Leakage current |  |  | mA | $<0.1$ for $\mathrm{U}=30 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Compatibility with d.c. inputs |  |  |  | IEC 1 and 2 |  |
| Built-in protection | Against | rvoltages |  | Yes, transil diode |  |
|  | Against and sh | roads rcuits |  | Automatic trip after 15 ms |  |
|  | Against inversio |  |  | Reverse diode (place a 3 A fuse on the 24 V ) |  |
| Load impedance | At state |  | $\Omega$ | $>220$ |  |
| Isolation resistance |  |  | M $\Omega$ | $>10$ at $=-500 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Dielectric strength |  |  |  | 1500 V rms - 50/60 Hz for 1 minute |  |
| Consumption |  |  |  | See page 43605/2 |  |
| Dissipated power |  |  | W | 1.6 W + 0.1 W/output | 2.4 W + 0.1 W/output |

## Characteristics of I/O mixed modules with connector

| Type of module |  |  | TSX DMY 28FK/TSX DMY 28RFK |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Fast inputs --- 24 V | Solid state outputs --- 24 V |
| Nominal values | Voltage | V | ---24 | --2 24 |
|  | Current | mA | 3.5 | 500 |
| Filament lamp max power |  | W | - | 6 |
| Input limit values | At state $1 \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Voltage } \\ & \text { Current }\end{aligned}$ | V | $\geq 11$ | - |
|  |  | mA | $\geq 3$ | - |
|  | At state $0 \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Voltage } \\ & \text { Current }\end{aligned}$ | V | $\leq 5$ | - |
|  |  | mA | $\leq 1.5$ | - |
|  | Sensor power supply (ripple included) | V | 19... 30 (possible up to 30 V , limited to 1 in every 24 hours) | - |
| Output limit values | Voltage | V | - | 19... 30 (1) |
|  | Current/channel |  | A | - 0.5 |
|  | Current/module | A | - | 4 |
| Leakage current | At state 0 | mA | - | < 1 |
| Residual voltage | At state 1 | V | - | < 1.2 |
| Minimum load impedance |  | $\Omega$ | - | 48 |
| Filter time | Default | ms | 4 | - |
|  | Configurable | ms | 0.1...7.5 (at intervals of 0.5) | - |
| Response time (2) |  | ms | - | 0.6 |
| Type of input |  |  | Current sink | - |
| Paralleling of inputs (3) |  |  | Yes | - |
| Switching frequency on inductive load |  | Hz | - | 0.5/LF |
| IEC 1131-2 conformity |  |  | Yes type 1 | - |
| Built-in protection | Against overvoltages |  | - | Yes, by transil diode |
|  | Against inversions |  | - | Yes, by inverted diode. Fuse required on +24 V of preactuators |
|  | Against short-circuits and overloads | ms | - | 15 |
| Compatibility | 2-wire proximity sensor |  | Yes (Telemecanique sensor and < 1.5 mA leakage current) | - |
|  | 3-wire proximity sensor |  | Yes | - |
| Preactuator voltage detection threshold |  | V | - | 16 |
| Isolation resistance |  | M $\Omega$ | $>10$ at.--500 V |  |
| Dielectric strength |  |  | 1500 V rms - $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 minute |  |
| Consumption 5 V |  |  | See page 43605/2 |  |
| Consumption 24 V | Sensor Typical | mA | 20 | - |
|  | Maximum | mA | 30 | - |
|  | Preactuators | mA | - | See page 43605/2 |
| Dissipated power |  | W | $1.2+0.1 \times$ no. of inputs at 1 | - |
| Nominal power | Dissipated | W | - | 1 |
|  | Per output x module current | W | - | + (0.75) |
| Temperature derating | Characteristics at $60{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | Ensured for 60 \% of inputs at state 1 | Ensured for $60 \%$ of the maximum current of the module |
| (1) 34 V possible for 1 hour in every 24 <br> (2) All outputs are equipped with an ele <br> (3) This characteristic enables several in | hour period tro-magnet rapid demagnetisa puts to be wired in parallel on | the s | uit. Discharge time for electro-magnets module, or on different modules for | < L/R put redundancy |

## Premium automation platform

## Discrete I/O modules

Characteristics
pages 43520/5 to 43520/8
Connections pages 43520/11 to 43520/13

## References

Discrete input modules (screw terminal block not supplied)


## TSX DEY 08D2



TSX DEY 16FK


TSX DEY 32D3K

TSX DSY 16T2

TSX DSY 64T2K


| Type of current | Input voltage | Connection (1) | IEC 1131-2 conformity | Modularity (no. of channels) | Reference (2) | Weight kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| =- | 24 V | Screw terminal | Type 2 | 8 isolated inputs | TSX DEY 08D2 | 0.300 |
|  | (pos. log.) | block |  | 16 isolated inputs | TSX DEY 16D2 | 0.300 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { (pos. log.) } \end{aligned}$ | Screw terminal block | Type 2 | 16 isolated inputs | TSX DEY 16D3 | 0.300 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { (pos. log.) } \end{aligned}$ | HE 10 connector | Type 1 | 16 isolated fast inputs (3) | TSX DEY 16FK | 0.300 |
|  |  |  |  | 32 isolated inputs | TSX DEY 32D2K | 0.300 |
|  |  |  |  | 64 isolated inputs | TSX DEY 64D2K | 0.370 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { (neg. log.) } \end{aligned}$ | Screw terminal block | Type 2 | 16 isolated inputs | TSX DEY 16A2 | 0.310 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { (pos. log.) } \end{aligned}$ | HE 10 connector | Type 2 | 32 isolated inputs | TSX DEY 32D3K | 0.310 |
| $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 24 V | Screw terminal block | Type 2 | 16 isolated inputs | TSX DEY 16A2 | 0.310 |
|  | 48 V | Screw terminal block | Type 2 | 16 isolated inputs | TSX DEY 16A3 | 0.320 |
|  | 100...120 V | Screw terminal block | Type 2 | 16 isolated inputs | TSX DEY 16A4 | 0.320 |
|  | 200... 240 V | Screw terminal block | Type 2 | 16 isolated inputs | TSX DEY 16A5 | 0.360 |

Discrete output modules (screw terminal block not supplied)

| Type of current | Output voltage | Connection <br> (1) | IEC 1131-2 conformity | Modularity (no. of channels) | Reference (2) | Weight kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| solid state | 24 V/0.5 A (pos. log.) | Screw terminal block | Yes | 8 protected outputs | TSX DSY 08T2 | 0.320 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} / 2 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \text { (pos. log.) } \end{aligned}$ | Screw terminal block | Yes | 8 protected outputs | TSX DSY 08T22 | 0.410 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} / 0.5 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \text { (pos. log.) } \end{aligned}$ | Screw terminal block | Yes | 16 protected outputs | TSX DSY 16T2 | 0.340 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \mathrm{~V} / 1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \text { (pos. log.) } \end{aligned}$ | Screw terminal block | Yes | 8 protected outputs | TSX DSY 08T31 | 0.320 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \mathrm{~V} / 0.25 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \text { (pos. log.) } \end{aligned}$ | Screw terminal block | Yes | 16 protected outputs | TSX DSY 16T3 | 0.340 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~A} / \text { chan. } \end{aligned}$ | HE 10 connector | Yes | 32 protected outputs | TSX DSY 32T2K | 0.300 |
|  | (pos. log.) |  |  | 64 protected outputs | TSX DSY 64T2K | 0.360 |
| $\begin{aligned} & =-=\text { or } \sim \\ & \text { relay } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =-24 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 3 \mathrm{~A} . \end{aligned}$ | Screw terminal block | Yes | 8 outputs, not protected | TSX DSY 08R5 | 0.330 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \sim 24 \text { to } \\ & \underline{240 \mathrm{~V} / 3 \mathrm{~A}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 16 outputs, not protected | TSX DSY 16R5 | 0.380 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & =24 \text { to } \\ & 48 \mathrm{~V} / 5 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 24 \text { to } \\ & 240 \mathrm{~V} / 5 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | Screw terminal block | Yes | 8 protected outputs | TSX DSY 08R5A | 0.420 |
| =relay | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \ldots . .120 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 5 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Screw terminal block | Yes | 8 protected outputs | TSX DSY 08R4D | 0.370 |
| triac | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \ldots 120 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 1 \mathrm{~A} / \text { channel } \end{aligned}$ | Screw terminal block | Yes | 16 outputs, not protected | TSX DSY 16S4 | 0.380 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 48 . . .240 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 1 \text { A/channel } \end{aligned}$ | Screw terminal block | Yes | 16 protected outputs | TSX DSY 16S5 | 0.310 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \ldots 240 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 2 \mathrm{~A} / \text { channel } \end{aligned}$ | Screw terminal block | Yes | 8 protected outputs | TSX DSY 08S5 | 0.340 |

[^1] (2) Multilingual Discrete I/O Quick Reference Guide included with each TSX P57 ©0M processor. TSX DM 57e installation manual to be ordered separately (see page 43900/2).
(3) Module with isolated fast inputs (filtering from 0.1 to 7.5 ms ) which can activate the event task.

## Premium automation platform

## Discrete I/O modules

Characteristics
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Connections pages 43520/11 to 43520/13


TSX DMY 28FK/28RFK


TSX BLY 01


ABE-7TES160


TSX CDP •01


TSX CDP •03

Discrete I/O modules

| Number of I/O | Connection (1) | No. and type of inputs | No. and type of outputs | IEC 1131-2 conformity | Reference (2) | Weight kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | HE 10 connector | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \text { fast } \\ & =-24 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { (pos.log.) } \\ & \text { (3) } \end{aligned}$ | 12, solid state =- $24 \mathrm{~V} / 0.5 \mathrm{~A}$ protected | Input, type 1 Output, yes | TSX DMY 28FK | 0.320 |
|  |  |  | 12 reflex or time-delayed =- $24 \mathrm{~V} / 0.5 \mathrm{~A}$ protected | Input, type 1 | TSX DMY 28RFK | 0.350 |

## Connection terminal block

| Description | Use | Reference | Weight <br> kg |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Screw connection terminal block | To be ordered separately with <br> each I/O module with screw <br> terminal block connection | TSX BLY 01 |  |

Simulator sub-base

| Description | Use | Reference | Weight kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16-channel Telefast 2 simulator sub-base <br> for discrete I/O | Comprises 2 HE 10 connectors which allow it to be inserted between the PLC I/O module and the Telefast I/O sub-base $A B E-7 H / P / R / S$. Enables display, forcing, inhibiting or continuity of discrete I/O | ABE-7TES160 | 0.350 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Connecting cables for I/O modules fitted with HE 10 connectors

| Description | Constitution Use | Length | Section | Reference | Weight kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20-wire preformed cable | 1 HE 10 connector with colour coded flying leads | 3 m | $0.324 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | TSX CDP 301 | 0.400 |
|  |  | 5 m | $0.324 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | TSX CDP 501 | 0.660 |
|  |  | 10 m | $0.324 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | TSX CDP 1001 | 1.210 |
| Rolled ribbon connecting cable | 2 HE 10 connectors for Telefast 2 system | 1 m | $0.08 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | TSX CDP 102 | 0.090 |
|  |  | 2 m | $0.08 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | TSX CDP 202 | 0.170 |
|  |  | 3 m | $0.08 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | TSX CDP 302 | 0.250 |
| Connecting cables | 2 HE 10 connectors for Telefast 2 system | 0.5 m | $0.324 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | TSX CDP 053 | 0.085 |
|  |  | 1 m | $0.324 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | TSX CDP 103 | 0.150 |
|  |  | 2 m | $0.324 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | TSX CDP 203 | 0.280 |
|  |  | 3 m | $0.324 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | TSX CDP 303 | 0.410 |
|  |  | 5 m | $0.324 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | TSX CDP 503 | 0.670 |

(1) By connector: module supplied with cover.
(2) Multilingual discrete I/O Quick Reference Guide included with each Premium processor. TSX DM $572 \bullet$ installation manual to be ordered separately (see page 43900/2).
(3) Module with isolated fast inputs (filtering from 0.1 to 7.5 ms ) which can activate the event task.

## Premium automation platform

Discrete I/O modules

## Connections

Characteristics
pages 43520/5 to 43520/8
References
pages 43520/9 and 43520/10

TSX DEY 08D2


FU1: 0.5 A fast-blow fuse

TSX DEY 32D2K/64D2K/32D3K


TSX DEY 16D3


FU1: 0.5 A fast-blow fuse

TSX DEY 16A2 (negative logic)


FU1: 0.5 A fast-blow fuse

TSX DEY 16FK


FU1: 0.5 A fast-blow fuse

TSX DEY 16A2/16A3/16A4/16A5


UV : ~ 24 V for TSX DEY 16A2
~ 48 V for TSX DEY 16A3
~ 110 V for TSX DEY 16A4
~ 220 V for TSX DEY 16A5
FU1: 0.5 A fast-blow fuse

FU1: 0.5 A fast-blow fuse

|  | UV | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| TSX DEY 32D2K | --24 V | $100 \rightarrow 15$ | $116 \rightarrow 31$ | - | - |
| TSX DEY 32D3K | --48 V | $100 \rightarrow 15$ | - | $\mid 32 \rightarrow 47$ | - |
| TSX DEY 64D2K | --24 V | $100 \rightarrow 15$ | $116 \rightarrow 31$ | $132 \rightarrow 47$ | $148 \rightarrow 63$ |

## Premium automation platform

## Discrete I/O modules

## Connections (continued)

Characteristics
pages 43520/5 to 43520/8
References
pages 43520/9 and 43520/10


FU2 : 6.3 A fast-blow fuse

TSX DSY 32T2/64T2K


FU2 : 2 A fast-blow fuse

TSX DSY 08T22


FU2 : 16 A fast-blow fuse

|  | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| TSX DSY 32T2K | $\mathrm{Q} 00 \rightarrow 15$ | $\mathrm{Q} 16 \rightarrow 31$ | - | - |
| TSX DSY 64T2K | $\mathrm{Q} 00 \rightarrow 15$ | $\mathrm{Q} 16 \rightarrow 31$ | $\mathrm{Q} 32 \rightarrow 47$ | $\mathrm{Q} 48 \rightarrow 63$ |

TSX DSY 16T2/16T3


UV : =- 24 V for TSX DSY 16T2
=- 48 V for TSX DSY 16 T 3
FU2 : fast-blow fuse
6.3 A for TSX DSY $16 T 2$

10 A for TSX DSY 16T3

TSX DSY 08R5/16T5

$\Delta$
~ $19 \ldots 240 \mathrm{~V}$
FU : fuse to be rated according to load For protection of integrated outputs, see page 43520/5

TSX DSY 08T31


FU2 : 10 A fast-blow fuse

TSX DSY 08R5/08R4D


UV : ~ 19... 240 V or =- 19... 60 V for TSX DSY 08R5A
=- 24... 130 V for TSX DSY 08R4D
FU : 6.3 A fast-blow fuse
(1) Connection must be made for
--- 24 V or $\sim 24 \mathrm{~V}$ power supply

## Premium automation platform

Discrete I/O modules

Connections (continued)
Characteristics
pages 43520/5 to 43520/8
References
pages 43520/9 and 43520/10

TSX DSY 16S4


FU : 6.3 A fast-blow fuse

TSX DSY 16S5


FU : interchangeable 5A fast-blow fuse

TSX DSY 08S5


FU : interchangeable 5A fast-blow fuse

TSX DMY 28FK/28RFK


FU2 : 2A fast-blow fuse


FU1: 0.5A fast-blow fuse


[^0]:    1) Product supplied with a bilingual Quick Reference Guide : English and French.
[^1]:    (1) By connector : module supplied with cover. By screw terminal block : module supplied without connection block.

