#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

#### FORM 8-K

#### **CURRENT REPORT**

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): August 3, 2023

### ATLASSIAN CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

001-37651 (Commission File Number)

88-3940934 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

350 Bush Street, Floor 13 San Francisco, California 94104 (Address of principal executive offices and Zip Code) (415) 701-1110 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable (Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the approp	priate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the	filing obligation of the registrant under any of	the following provisions:						
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 C	CFR 230.425)							
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)								
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Ex	xchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))							
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Ex	schange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))							
Securities registe	ered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:								
	Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered						
	Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.00001 per share	TEAM	Nasdaq Global Select Market						
Indicate by check (§240.12b-2 of th	k mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in a sis chapter).	Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§23	0.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934						
Emerging growth	n company □								
2 2 2	rowth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the Exchange Act. $\Box$	e extended transition period for complying with	th any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to						

#### Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On August 3, 2023, Atlassian Corporation (the "Company") issued a press release announcing its results for the quarter and fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (the "Press Release"). A copy of the Press Release is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this current report on Form 8-K and is incorporated by reference herein. The Company also published a letter to its shareholders announcing its financial results for the quarter and fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (the "Shareholder Letter"). The full text of the Shareholder Letter is attached as Exhibit 99.2 to this current report on Form 8-K and is incorporated by reference herein.

The information in this Item 2.02, including Exhibit 99.1 and Exhibit 99.2, is being furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing made by the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

#### Item 5.02. Departure of Directors or Certain Officers; Election of Directors; Appointment of Certain Officers; Compensatory Arrangements of Certain Officers.

On August 3, 2023, the Company announced that Cameron Deatsch will be stepping down from the role of Chief Revenue Officer, effective as of December 31, 2023, following almost eleven years with the Company.

#### Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Press Release dated August 3, 2023.
99.2	Shareholder Letter dated August 3, 2023.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL).

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

#### ATLASSIAN CORPORATION

Date: August 3, 2023 By: /s/ Joseph Binz

Joseph Binz

Chief Financial Officer



#### Atlassian Announces Fourth Quarter and Fiscal Year 2023 Results

Quarterly revenue of \$939 million, up 24% year-over-year
Quarterly subscription revenue of \$800 million, up 34% year-over-year
Quarterly GAAP operating margin of (5)% and non-GAAP operating margin of 22%
Quarterly cash flow from operations of \$273 million and free cash flow of \$270 million

**TEAM, Anywhere/San Francisco (August 3, 2023)** — Atlassian Corporation (NASDAQ: TEAM), a leading provider of team collaboration and productivity software, today announced financial results for its fourth quarter and fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and released a shareholder letter available on Atlassian's Work Life blog at <a href="http://atlassian.com/blog/announcements/shareholder-letter-q4fy23">http://atlassian.com/blog/announcements/shareholder-letter-q4fy23</a>. The shareholder letter was also posted to the Investor Relations section of Atlassian's website at <a href="https://investors.atlassian.com">https://investors.atlassian.com</a>.

"We closed out a challenging year with strong momentum in cloud migrations, enterprise sales, and within the ITSM market, reinforcing our conviction in our strategy which has positioned us well for fiscal year 2024 and beyond," said Scott Farquhar, Atlassian's co-founder and co-CEO. "We generated over \$3.5 billion in revenue this year, with more than 250,000 customers powering collaboration through our world-class cloud platform."

"Our continued investment in R&D has ensured we're able to deliver innovation that takes advantage of the next generation of AI," said Mike Cannon-Brookes, Atlassian's co-founder and co-CEO. "By leveraging the latest advancements in large language models, combined with each customer's own data and two decades of our data-driven insights into how teams work, we're able to help each of our customers unleash their potential."

#### Fourth Quarter Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Highlights:

On a GAAP basis, Atlassian reported:

- Revenue: Total revenue was \$939.1 million for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, up 24% from \$759.8 million for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2022.
- Operating Loss and Operating Margin: Operating loss was \$50.4 million for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, compared with operating loss of \$42.3 million for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2022. Operating margin was (5)% for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, compared with (6)% for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2022.
- Net Loss and Net Loss Per Diluted Share: Net loss was \$59.0 million for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, compared with net loss of \$90.6 million for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2022. Net loss per diluted share was \$0.23 for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, compared with net loss per diluted share of \$0.36 for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2022.
- Balance Sheet: Cash and cash equivalents plus marketable securities at the end of the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023 totaled \$2.1 billion.

On a non-GAAP basis, Atlassian reported:

- Operating Income and Operating Margin: Operating income was \$202.8 million for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, compared with operating income of \$107.6 million for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2022. Operating margin was 22% for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, compared with 14% for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2022.
- Net Income and Net Income Per Diluted Share: Net income was \$147.0 million for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, compared with net income of \$68.5 million for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2022. Net income per diluted share was \$0.57 for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, compared with net income per diluted share of \$0.27 for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2022.
- Free Cash Flow: Cash flow from operations was \$272.8 million and free cash flow was \$270.4 million for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023. Free cash flow margin for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023 was 29%.

#### Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Highlights:

On a GAAP basis, Atlassian reported:

- Revenue: Total revenue was \$3.5 billion for fiscal year 2023, up 26% from \$2.8 billion for fiscal year 2022.
- Operating Income (Loss) and Operating Margin: Operating loss was \$345.2 million for fiscal year 2023, compared with operating income of \$70.1 million for fiscal year 2022. Operating margin was (10)% for fiscal year 2023, compared with 3% for fiscal year 2022.
- Net Loss and Net Loss Per Diluted Share: Net loss was \$486.8 million for fiscal year 2023, compared with net loss of \$519.5 million for fiscal year 2022. Net loss per
  diluted share was \$1.90 for fiscal year 2023, compared with net loss per diluted share of \$2.05 for fiscal year 2022.

On a non-GAAP basis, Atlassian reported:

- Operating Income and Operating Margin: Operating income was \$722.6 million for fiscal year 2023, compared with operating income of \$627.3 million for fiscal year 2022. Operating margin was 20% for fiscal year 2023, compared with 22% for fiscal year 2022.
- Net Income and Net Income Per Diluted Share: Net income was \$492.3 million for fiscal year 2023, compared with net income of \$383.5 million for fiscal year 2022. Net income per diluted share was \$1.92 for fiscal year 2023, compared with net income per diluted share of \$1.50 for fiscal year 2022.
- Free Cash Flow: Cash flow from operations was \$868.1 million and free cash flow was \$842.5 million for fiscal year 2023. Free cash flow margin for fiscal year 2023 was 24%.

A reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP financial measures has been provided in the financial statement tables included in this press release. An explanation of these measures is also included below, under the heading "About Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

#### Recent Business Highlights:

- A Leader in the 2023 Gartner® Magic Quadrant™ for DevOps Platforms: Atlassian was named a Leader in the 2023 Gartner Magic Quadrant for DevOps Platforms¹. Atlassian provides a single, extensible DevOps platform, powered by Jira Software, that connects engineering, ITOps, and business teams to accelerate engineering velocity, improve application health, increase reliability, and deliver value faster. Today, Jira Software powers workflows at nearly 125,000 customers.
- Recognized in The Forrester Wave™: Integrated Software Delivery Platforms: Atlassian was recognized as a Strong Performer in The Forrester Wave™: Integrated Software Delivery Platforms, Q2, 2023. Atlassian's Open DevOps solutions enable teams to create and manage software using both Atlassian and other partner tools that development teams choose to use. The features of products like Jira Software and Confluence, along with the capability to integrate with other products, provide an enhanced developer experience.
- Security Tab in Jira Software: Atlassian introduced new security integration capabilities in Jira Software Cloud, bringing security vendors together into one place to help organizations better prioritize security. In partnership with Snyk, Mend, Lacework, StackHawk, and JFrog, the Security tab in Jira Software brings DevSecOps practices into software development allowing teams to address security issues earlier and more effectively.
- Jira Product Discovery: Atlassian released Jira Product Discovery into general availability. Jira Product Discovery is a dedicated tool for product teams to capture and
  prioritize ideas, connect business and tech teams, and align everyone across the product journey. Built on the Jira platform, Jira Product Discovery empowers product teams
  to collaborate behind a shared vision without the need to switch tools.
- Data Residency in Singapore: Atlassian announced added support for Singapore as a new data residency region available to customers. Atlassian now offers customers the ability to store data in the U.S.A., EU, Australia, Germany, and Singapore. Data residency allows customers flexibility and control to design the data strategy that makes the most sense for them.
- Enterprise Momentum: The number of Atlassian customers who spend more than \$1 million annually grew by 52% year-over-year, underscoring Atlassian's momentum in serving enterprise customers while maintaining its uniquely efficient go-to-market model.

Gartner, Magic Quadrant for DevOps Platforms, Manjunath Bhat, Thomas Murphy, Joachim Herschmann, et al. 5 June 2023. Gartner Disclaimer - Gartner does not endorse any vendor, product or service depicted in its research publications, and does not advise technology users to select only those vendors with the highest ratings or other designation. Gartner research publications consists of the opinions of Gartner research or aparticular purpose. GARTNER is a registered trademark and service mark of Gartner, Inc. and/or its affiliates in the U.S. and internationally, and MAGIC OUDRARN is a resistered trademark of Gartner, Inc. and/or its affiliates and are used before with Permission All rights are service. And the production of the Control of Control or aparticular purpose. GARTNER is a registered trademark and service mark of Gartner, Inc. and/or its affiliates and are used before with Permission All rights are serviced. And the production of the Control of Control or aparticular purpose. GARTNER is a registered trademark of Gartner, Inc. and/or its affiliates and are used before with Permission All rights are serviced. And the production of the Control of Control or aparticular purpose. GARTNER is a registered trademark of Gartner, Inc. and/or its affiliates and are used to the control of the Control of Control or aparticular purpose. GARTNER is a registered trademark of Gartner, Inc. and/or its affiliates and are used to the control of the Control of Control of Control or aparticular purpose. GARTNER is a registered trademark of Control of Control or aparticular purpose. GARTNER is a registered trademark and service mark of Gartner, Inc. and/or its affiliates and are used to the control of Control of Control or aparticular purpose. GARTNER is a registered trademark of Control or aparticular purpose. GARTNER is a registered trademark of Control or aparticular purpose. GARTNER is a registered trademark of Control or aparticular purpose. GARTNER is a registered trademark of Control or aparticular purpose. GARTNER is

#### CRO departure:

Atlassian announced that its Chief Revenue Officer, Cameron Deatsch, will leave Atlassian at the end of December 2023. Cameron joined Atlassian almost 11 years ago, and during that time has built out its customer-facing teams, served as Head of Server & Data Center product teams, and led Atlassian's go-to-market functions as Chief Revenue Officer over the past three years. Cameron will leave behind a team that has helped shape one of the most unique enterprise software business models with a customer-oriented flywheel built for scale, complemented by higher-touch motions to deepen relationships with enterprise customers.

"Cameron has made an immeasurable contribution to the business," said Scott Farquhar. "His impact is widespread and will live on through the teams and leaders he's developed, the customer obsession he's championed, and the culture he's instilled. Mike and I thank him for an incredible decade, and wish him the very best."

"The opportunity ahead for Atlassian is massive," said Deatsch. "While I'm ready to dial back after 11 years of charging ahead, this company is still just getting started."

#### **Financial Targets:**

Atlassian is providing its financial targets as follows:

#### First Quarter Fiscal Year 2024:

- Total revenue is expected to be in the range of \$950 million to \$970 million.
- Cloud revenue growth year-over-year is expected to be in the range of 25% to 27%.
- · Gross margin is expected to be approximately 81.0% on a GAAP basis and approximately 83.5% on a non-GAAP basis.
- Operating margin is expected to be approximately (8.5%) on a GAAP basis and approximately 19.5% on a non-GAAP basis.

#### Fiscal Year 2024:

- Cloud revenue growth year-over-year is expected to be in the range of 25% to 30%.
- Gross margin is expected to be approximately 81.0% on a GAAP basis and approximately 83.5% on a non-GAAP basis.
- Operating margin is expected to be approximately (8.0%) on a GAAP basis and approximately 18.5% on a non-GAAP basis

For additional commentary regarding financial targets, please see Atlassian's fourth quarter fiscal year 2023 shareholder letter dated August 3, 2023.

With respect to Atlassian's expectations under "Financial Targets" above, a reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP gross margin and operating margin has been provided in the financial statement tables included in this press release.

#### Shareholder Letter and Webcast Details:

A detailed shareholder letter is available on Atlassian's Work Life blog at <a href="https://atlassian.com/blog/announcements/shareholder-letter-q4fy23">https://atlassian.com/blog/announcements/shareholder-letter-q4fy23</a>, and the Investor Relations section of Atlassian's website at <a href="https://investors.atlassian.com">https://investors.atlassian.com</a>. Atlassian will host a webcast to answer questions today:

- When: Thursday, August 3, 2023 at 2:00 p.m. Pacific Time (5:00 p.m. Eastern Time).
- Webcast: A live webcast of the call can be accessed from the Investor Relations section of Atlassian's website at <a href="https://investors.atlassian.com">https://investors.atlassian.com</a>. Following the call, a replay will be available on the same website.

Atlassian has used, and will continue to use, its Investor Relations website at <a href="https://investors.atlassian.com">https://investors.atlassian.com</a> as a means of making material information public and for complying with its disclosure obligations.

#### **About Atlassian**

Atlassian unleashes the potential of every team. Our agile & DevOps, IT service management and work management software helps teams organize, discuss, and complete shared work. The majority of the Fortune 500 and over 260,000 companies of all sizes worldwide - including NASA, Kiva, Deutsche Bank, and Salesforce - rely on our solutions to help their teams work better together and deliver quality results on time. Learn more about our products, including Jira Software, Confluence, Jira Service Management, Trello, Bitbucket, and Jira Align at <a href="https://atlassian.com">https://atlassian.com</a>.

#### Investor Relations Contact

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#### Media Contact

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#### Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, which statements involve substantial risks and uncertainties. In some cases, you can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "could," "should," "estimate," or "continue," and similar expressions or variations, but these words are not the exclusive means for identifying such statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact could be deemed forward looking, including risks and uncertainties related to statements about our products, product features, including Al and large language models, customers, cloud migration, macroeconomic environment, anticipated growth, outlook, technology and other key strategic areas, and our financial targets such as total revenue and cloud revenue and GAAP and non-GAAP financial measures including gross margin and operating margin.

We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements made in this press release to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this press release or to reflect new information or the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law.

The achievement or success of the matters covered by such forward-looking statements involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions. If any such risks or uncertainties materialize or if any of the assumptions prove incorrect, our results could differ materially from the results expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements we make. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Forward-looking statements represent our management's beliefs and assumptions only as of the date such statements are made.

Further information on these and other factors that could affect our financial results is included in filings we make with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") from time to time, including the section titled "Risk Factors" in our most recently filed Forms 20-F and 10-Q. These documents are available on the SEC Filings section of the Investor Relations section of our website at <a href="https://investors.atlassian.com">https://investors.atlassian.com</a>.

#### **About Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

In addition to the measures presented in our consolidated financial statements, we regularly review other measures that are not presented in accordance with GAAP, defined as non-GAAP financial measures by the SEC, to evaluate our business, measure our performance, identify trends, prepare financial forecasts and make strategic decisions. The key measures we consider are non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP operating margin, non-GAAP net income, non-GAAP net income per diluted share and free cash flow (collectively, the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures"). These Non-GAAP Financial Measures, which may be different from similarly titled non-GAAP measures used by other companies, provide supplemental information regarding our operating performance on a non-GAAP basis that excludes certain gains, losses and charges of a non-cash nature or that occur relatively infrequently and/or that management considers to be unrelated to our core operations. Management believes that tracking and presenting these Non-GAAP Financial Measures provides management, our board of directors, investors and the analyst community with the ability to better evaluate matters such as: our ongoing core operations, including comparisons between periods and against other companies in our industry; our ability to generate cash to service our debt and fund our operations; and the underlying business trends that are affecting our performance.

Our Non-GAAP Financial Measures include:

- · Non-GAAP gross profit. Excludes expenses related to stock-based compensation, amortization of acquired intangible assets, and restructuring charges.
- Non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP operating margin. Excludes expenses related to stock-based compensation, amortization of acquired intangible assets, and restructuring charges.
- Non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP net income per diluted share. Excludes expenses related to stock-based compensation, amortization of acquired intangible assets, restructuring charges, non-coupon impact related to exchangeable senior notes and capped calls, gain on a non-cash sale of a controlling interest of a subsidiary and the related income tax effects on these items, and a non-recurring income tax adjustment.

· Free cash flow. Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures, which consists of purchases of property and equipment.

We understand that although these Non-GAAP Financial Measures are frequently used by investors and the analyst community in their evaluation of our financial performance, these measures have limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation or as substitutes for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. We compensate for such limitations by reconciling these Non-GAAP Financial Measures to the most comparable GAAP financial measures. We encourage you to review the tables in this press release titled "Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Results" and "Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Targets" that present such reconciliations.

# Atlassian Corporation Consolidated Statements of Operations (U.S. \$ and shares in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited) Three Months Ended June 30.

	(unadantou)						
Three Months Ended June 30,				Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
	2023		2022		2023		2022
\$	799,713	\$	597,297	\$	2,922,576	\$	2,096,706
	85,925		117,095		399,738		495,077
	53,460		45,449		212,333		211,099
	939,098		759,841		3,534,647		2,802,882
	169,776		130,404		633,765		452,914
	769,322		629,437		2,900,882		2,349,968
	474,855		367,007		1,869,881		1,291,877
	202,621		173,054		769,861		535,815
	142,235		131,709		606,362		452,193
	819,711		671,770		3,246,104		2,279,885
	(50,389)		(42,333)		(345,222)		70,083
	(7,096)		(608)		14,501		(501,839
	20,579		1,328		49,732		2,284
	(8,540)		(4,767)		(30,147)		(41,466
	(45,446)		(46,380)		(311,136)		(470,938
	(13,506)		(44,259)		(175,625)		(48,572
\$	(58,952)	\$	(90,639)	\$	(486,761)	\$	(519,510
\$	(0.23)	\$	(0.36)	\$	(1.90)	\$	(2.05
\$	(0.23)	\$	(0.36)	\$	(1.90)	\$	(2.05
	257,389		254,482		256,307		253,312
	257,389	-	254,482		256,307		253,312
	\$	Three Months   2023   2023   \$ 799,713   85,925   53,460   939,098   169,776   769,322   474,855   202,621   142,235   819,711   (50,389)   (7,096)   20,579   (8,540)   (45,446)   (13,506)   \$ (58,952)   \$ (0.23)   \$ (0.	Three Months Ended J 2023  \$ 799,713 \$ 85,925 53,460 939,098 169,776 769,322  474,855 202,621 142,235 819,711 (50,389) (7,096) 20,579 (8,540) (45,446) (13,506) \$ (58,952)  \$ (0.23) \$ (0.23)	Three Months Ended June 30,           2023         2022           \$ 799,713         \$ 597,297           85,925         117,095           53,460         45,449           939,098         759,841           169,776         130,404           769,322         629,437           474,855         367,007           202,621         173,054           142,235         131,709           819,711         671,770           (50,389)         (42,333)           (7,096)         (608)           20,579         1,328           (8,540)         (4,767)           (45,446)         (46,380)           (13,506)         (44,259)           \$ (58,952)         (90,639)           \$ (0.23)         (0.36)           \$ (0.23)         (0.36)	Three Months Ended June 30,  2023  \$ 799,713 \$ 597,297 \$ 85,925 117,095 53,460 45,449  939,098 759,841 169,776 130,404 769,322 629,437  474,855 367,007 202,621 173,054 142,235 131,709 819,711 671,770 (50,389) (42,333) (7,096) (608) 20,579 1,328 (8,540) (4,767) (45,446) (46,380) (13,506) (44,259) \$ (58,952) \$ (90,639) \$  \$ (0.23) \$ (0.36) \$  \$ (0.23) \$ (0.36) \$	Three Months Ended June 30,         Fiscal Year Er           2023         2022         2023           \$ 799,713         \$ 597,297         \$ 2,922,576           85,925         117,095         399,738           53,460         45,449         212,333           939,098         759,841         3,534,647           169,776         130,404         633,765           769,322         629,437         2,900,882           474,855         367,007         1,869,881           202,621         173,054         769,861           142,235         131,709         606,362           819,711         671,770         3,246,104           (50,389)         (42,333)         (345,222)           (7,096)         (608)         14,501           20,579         1,328         49,732           (8,540)         (4,767)         (30,147)           (45,446)         (46,380)         (311,136)           (13,506)         (44,259)         (175,625)           \$ (58,952)         (90,639)         \$ (486,761)           \$ (0.23)         (0.36)         \$ (1.90)	2023         2022         2023           \$ 799,713         \$ 597,297         \$ 2,922,576         \$ 85,925           \$ 117,095         399,738         399,738         53,460         45,449         212,333           \$ 939,098         759,841         3,534,647         169,776         130,404         633,765           \$ 769,322         629,437         2,900,882           474,855         367,007         1,869,881         202,621         173,054         769,861           \$ 142,235         131,709         606,362         819,711         671,770         3,246,104           \$ (50,389)         (42,333)         (345,222)         (7,096)         (608)         14,501           \$ 20,579         1,328         49,732         (8,540)         (4,767)         (30,147)           \$ (45,446)         (46,380)         (311,136)         (13,506)         (44,259)         (175,625)           \$ (58,952)         \$ (90,639)         \$ (1.90)         \$           \$ (0.23)         \$ (0.36)         \$ (1.90)         \$

#### (1) Amounts include stock-based compensation as follows:

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Cost of revenues	\$ 17,166	\$ 8,719	\$ 63,913	\$ 31,358	
Research and development	156,836	89,798	604,301	328,978	
Marketing and sales	33,817	19,789	131,739	76,209	
General and administrative	37,425	23,368	148,134	88,258	

#### (2) Amounts include amortization of acquired intangible assets, as follows:

		Three Months Ended June 30,			Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
	20	023	2022	2	023		2022	
Cost of revenues	\$	5,763	\$ 5,697	\$	22,853	\$	22,694	
Research and development		93	93		374		374	
Marketing and sales		2,524	2,491		9,900		9,330	

#### Atlassian Corporation Consolidated Balance Sheets (U.S. \$ in thousands) (unaudited)

	Ju	ine 30, 2023	Jun	e 30, 2022
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,102,550	\$	1,385,265
Marketable securities		10,000		73,294
Accounts receivable, net		477,678		308,127
Assets held for sale		_		60,265
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		146,136		70,002
Total current assets		2,736,364		1,896,953
Non-current assets:				
Property and equipment, net		81,402		100,662
Operating lease right-of-use assets		184,195		277,276
Strategic investments		225,538		159,064
Intangible assets, net		69,072		100,840
Goodwill		727,211		722,838
Deferred tax assets		9,945		10,335
Other non-current assets		73,052		58,862
Total assets	\$	4,106,779	\$	3,326,830
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity			-	
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	159,293	\$	81,220
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		423,131		406,139
Deferred revenue, current portion		1,362,736		1,066,059
Operating lease liabilities, current portion		44,930		40,638
Term loan facility, current portion		37,500		_
Total current liabilities		2,027,590		1,594,056
Non-current liabilities:				
Deferred revenue, net of current portion		182,743		116,621
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion		237,835		274,434
Term loan facility, net of current portion		962,093		999,419
Deferred tax liabilities		10,669		312
Other non-current liabilities		31,177		14,616
Total liabilities		3,452,107		2,999,458
Stockholders' equity				
Common stock		3		2
Additional paid-in capital		3,130,631		2,182,536
Accumulated other comprehensive income		34,002		13,864
Accumulated deficit		(2,509,964)		(1,869,030)
Total stockholders' equity		654,672	-	327,372
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	4,106,779	\$	3,326,830

# Atlassian Corporation Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (U.S. \$ in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Months	Three Months Ended June 30, Fiscal Year Ended June		
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net loss	\$ (58,952)	\$ (90,639)	\$ (486,761)	\$ (519,510)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	15,304	13,898	60,923	51,739
Stock-based compensation	245,244	141,674	948,087	524,803
Impairment charges for leases and leasehold improvements	_	_	61,098	_
Deferred income taxes	4,305	918	10,613	(2,002)
Net loss on exchange derivative and capped call transactions	_	_	<del>_</del>	424,482
Amortization of debt discount and issuance cost	118	118	471	27,051
Net loss on strategic investments	2,143	441	19,407	72,663
Net foreign currency gain	(4,608)	(4,032)	(10,613)	(12,065)
Gain on a non-cash sale of a controlling interest of a subsidiary			(45,158)	_
Other	230	870	1,488	646
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net	(131,495)	(51,581)	(169,526)	(134,764)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,300	14,528	(38,230)	(21,927)
Accounts payable	56,868	6,086	78,902	31,741
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(6,444)	92,004	74,611	93,250
Deferred revenue	147,762	90,594	362,799	284,937
Net cash provided by operating activities	272,775	214,879	868,111	821,044
Cash flows from investing activities:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Business combinations, net of cash acquired	(5,175)	(2,550)	(5,775)	(19,411)
Purchases of intangible assets	(160)		(160)	(4,018)
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,425)	(24,648)	(25,652)	(70,583)
Purchases of strategic investments	(1,000)	(8,750)	(19,450)	(111,668)
Purchases of marketable securities and other investments	(14,800)	(i, ii,	(24,800)	(21,003)
Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities	_	12,850	73,950	76,937
Proceeds from sales of marketable securities and strategic investments	_	_	629	186,262
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(23,560)	(23,098)	(1.258)	36,516
Cash flows from financing activities:	(==,===)	(=5,555)	(1,20)	
Proceeds from term loan facility	_	_	<u></u>	1,000,000
Repayment of exchangeable senior notes	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(1,548,686)
Proceeds from settlement of capped call transactions	_	_	_	135,497
Repurchases of Class A Common Stock	(118,258)	<u> </u>	(150,006)	-
Proceeds from other financing arrangements	187	4,379	1,585	13.909
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(118,071)	4,379	(148,421)	(399,280)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(6,595)	(1,805)	(9,233)
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	130,335	189,565	716,627	449,047
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of period	1,973,580	1,195,465	1,386,686	931,023
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents included in assets held for sale	1,813,300	1,195,465	1,300,000	6,616
·	\$ 2,103,915			
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 2,103,915	\$ 1,386,686	\$ 2,103,915	\$ 1,386,686

#### Atlassian Corporation Revenues by Deployment Options (U.S. \$ in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			June 30,	
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Cloud	\$	563,229	\$	433,969	\$	2,085,498	\$	1,515,424
Data Center		232,208		158,921		819,251		560,319
Server (1)		86,149		117,629		400,519		525,028
Marketplace and services (2)		57,512		49,322		229,379		202,111
Total revenues	\$	939,098	\$	759,841	\$	3,534,647	\$	2,802,882

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in Server is perpetual license revenue. Perpetual license revenue is captured as other revenue on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

<sup>(2)</sup> Included in Marketplace and services is premier support revenue. Premier support is a subscription-based arrangement for a higher level of support across different deployment options. Premier support is recognized as subscription revenue on the Consolidated Statements of Operations as the services are delivered over the term of the arrangement.

# Atlassian Corporation Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Results (U.S. \$ and shares in thousands, except percentage and per share data) (unaudited)

Three Months Ended June 30 Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2023 2022 2023 2022 Gross profit GAAP gross profit \$ 769,322 629,437 \$ 2,900,882 \$ 2,349,968 Plus: Stock-based compensation 17,166 63,625 31,358 8,719 Plus: Amortization of acquired intangible assets 5,763 5.697 22.853 22.694 9,192 Plus (less): Restructuring charges (1) (55)2,996,552 2,404,020 Non-GAAP gross profit \$ 792,196 643,853 Operating income \$ GAAP operating income (loss) (50,389)\$ (42,333)(345, 222)70,083 245,718 Plus: Stock-based compensation 141.674 937.812 524.803 Plus: Amortization of acquired intangible assets 8.380 8.281 33.127 32.398 Plus (less): Restructuring charges (1) (954)96,894 107,622 722 611 627,284 Non-GAAP operating income 202.755 Operating margin GAAP operating margin (5)% (6)% (10)% 3% Plus: Stock-based compensation 26 19 26 18 Plus: Amortization of acquired intangible assets 1 Plus (less): Restructuring charges (1) 14% 22% Non-GAAP operating margin 22% 20% Net income \$ GAAP net loss (58,952) \$ (90,639) \$ (486,761) \$ (519,510) Plus: Stock-based compensation 245,718 141,674 937,812 524,803 Plus: Amortization of acquired intangible assets 8,380 8,281 33,127 32,398 Plus (less): Restructuring charges (1) (954)96.894 Plus: Non-coupon impact related to exchangeable senior notes and capped calls 450,829 Less: Gain on a non-cash sale of a controlling interest of a subsidiary (45, 158) 9,136 Plus (less): Income tax adjustments (47,172)(43,659)(105,064)492,255 383,456 Non-GAAP net income 147,020 68,452 Net income per share \$ (0.23)(0.36)(2.05)GAAP net loss per share - diluted (1.90)Plus: Stock-based compensation 0.95 0.56 3.66 2.05 Plus: Amortization of acquired intangible assets 0.03 0.03 0.13 0.13 Plus (less): Restructuring charges (1) 0.38 Plus: Non-coupon impact related to exchangeable senior notes and capped 1.78 Less: Gain on a non-cash sale of a controlling interest of a subsidiary (0.18)(0.18)(0.41)Plus (less): Income tax adjustments 0.04 (0.17)Non-GAAP net income per share - diluted 0.57 0.27 1.92 1.50 Weighted-average diluted shares outstanding Weighted-average shares used in computing diluted GAAP net loss per share 257.389 254,482 256,307 253.312 Plus: Dilution from dilutive securities (2) 447 1,006 554 2,345 Weighted-average shares used in computing diluted non-GAAP net income per 257,836 255,657 256,861 255,488 Free cash flow GAAP net cash provided by operating activities \$ 272,775 214,879 868,111 821,044 \$ \$ \$ Less: Capital expenditures (2,425)(24,648)(25,652)(70,583)\$ 270,350 190,231 842,459 750,461 Free cash flow

<sup>(1)</sup> Restructuring charges include stock-based compensation expense related to the rebalancing of resources for the three months and fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

<sup>(2)</sup> The effects of these dilutive securities were not included in the GAAP calculation of diluted net loss per share for the three months and fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 because the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

# Atlassian Corporation Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Targets Three Months Endin

AP Financial Targets	
Three Months Ending September 30, 2023	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024
81.0%	81.0%
2.0	2.0
0.5	0.5
83.5%	83.5%
(8.5%)	(8.0%)
27.0	26.0
1.0	0.5
19.5%	18.5%
	Three Months Ending September 30, 2023  81.0% 2.0 0.5 83.5%  (8.5%) 27.0 1.0

# **A** ATLASSIAN

# Shareholder Letter

Q4 FY23 | August 3, 2023



### From the CEOs

Fellow shareholders,

We knew we'd be putting in the hard yakka this year , and that's exactly what we've done. Atlassian ended FY23 with over 260,000 total customers and generated over \$3.5 billion in revenue in the face of a challenging economy. And importantly, our three biggest bets are paying off, further strengthening our conviction in our strategy.

- Cloud 250,000 customers now power collaboration using our world-class cloud platform.
   And we're delivering more platform innovations and enhancements to our 14 integrated products every quarter. Millions of users migrated from Server and Data Center to our Cloud offerings in FY23, drawn by the incredible customer experience we've been building.
- Enterprise Driven by platform updates such as support for 50,000-user instances, and bolstered by a robust network of partners and dedicated customer success teams, enterprises are deepening their commitment to Atlassian. Sales to enterprise customers grew over 50% year-over-year in FY23, all on the back of our best-in-class GTM efficiency.
- 3. ITSM We're delivering the sophisticated capabilities IT teams need, along with features tailored to support teams like Legal and HR, at an unparalleled value. Over 45,000 customers now use Jira Service Management, and we're seeing increased demand from enterprise customers with cloud sales to this segment up 80% year-over-year in FY23.

We also took advantage of mind-blowing developments in AI to bring generative capabilities into our products and unleash even more of our customers' potential. And we responded to a rapidly shifting environment by rebalancing our teams so we can meet our customers' needs faster.

In other words, we did what we said we were going to do: play offense.

There are massive opportunities in cloud, enterprise, and ITSM that will drive Atlassian's growth for years to come. Plus, tech's labor market is such right now that we're able to hire amazing talent who might not otherwise be available.

These moves set Atlassian up to win over the long term and reflect our enduring confidence in our business model, our strategy, and our team. We aren't afraid to make tough tradeoffs in support of durable growth that others shy away from, even when it may be uncomfortable in the short term.

This is consistent with the strategy we communicated to you at our Investor Day in April 2022. It was there that we also committed to returning to historical operating margins. That hasn't changed. Starting in FY25, we expect operating margins to expand from the FY24 guidance we're providing today and begin trending towards the historical margins Atlassian is known for, driven by durable revenue growth combined with moderating investment in areas we've accelerated over the past two years, like cloud migrations.

Our job in this next year is to keep the momentum high on cloud migrations and continue delivering differentiated value across our three markets. Execute on the massive opportunities in front of us and we'll exit FY24 in an even stronger position.

▲ ATLASSIAN Q4 FY23

# Looking toward the next leg of our cloud journey

Atlassian generated over \$2 billion in cloud revenue and migrated millions of users to the cloud in FY23. The cloud-only offerings we launched in FY23, like Jira Product Discovery and Beacon, are resonating with customers, and <a href="Atlassian Analytics">Atlassian Analytics</a> is proving to be especially compelling to our enterprise customers. We know we're on the right track, and we're not looking back.

We beat our migration goals for Q4, as well as resolved major barriers to migration around data residency, user management, and backup capabilities. Becoming a cloud-first company has been our top priority in recent years. As a result, over 250,000 Atlassian customers now use at least one of our Cloud products. Or, in the case of Roblox, a half dozen of them.

Noticing the high caliber of our cloud-only offerings, Roblox, a wildly popular online gaming platform, knew it was the perfect time to move off Data Center, as well as replace their legacy ITSM tool with Jira Service Management. Now they benefit from cloud-only offerings like <u>virtual agents</u> for AI-driven service management, <u>Beacon</u> for threat detection, and cross-product smart links that keep it all connected.

ATLASSIAN + ROBLOX

"Even the people that I couldn't convince before... they use [Atlassian] now and won't give it up!"

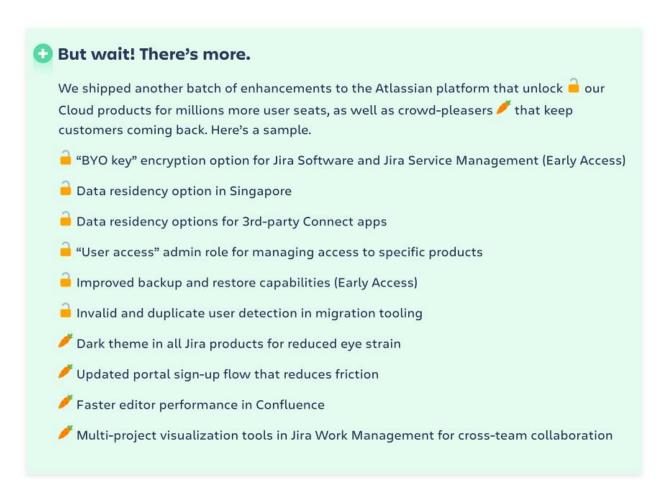
Joe Cotant

Sr. Technical Program Manager at Roblox



Migrations will continue to be an important lever of growth for us beyond FY24, particularly with our enterprise customers. In speaking with them, it's clear the cloud is their ultimate destination. We've already made great strides here, with Data Center customers accounting for approximately 50% of migrations to Cloud. So we're putting even more energy into offering instances beyond 50,000 seats, as well as delivering on their data governance requirements, supporting their extensibility needs, and working on capabilities tailored to enterprises.

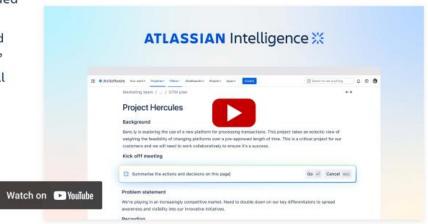
A ATLASSIAN 04 FY23



# You can't spell "Atlassian" without "AI" 🛠

Whilst AI is great, AI plus data is where the real value lies. This gives Atlassian a huge advantage. With two decades' worth of insights about teamwork, and the data customers store across our products (including long-form text from Confluence), we can enhance generic AI answers with contextual information on a per-customer basis. The result is exceptionally useful output, tailored to each customer's unique knowledge base and organizational structures.

So when generative AI exploded onto the scene this year, we seized the moment and rolled out a new "virtual teammate" for our customers that we call <a href="Atlassian Intelligence">Atlassian Intelligence</a>.



Generative AI is poised to expand Atlassian's opportunities in a big way. In the near term, customers are considering fast-tracking their moves to the cloud so they can take advantage of these powerful capabilities. And as the high-value, high-volume leader, we're building differentiated levels of AI capabilities across our Cloud editions, as a way to attract new customers and give existing customers compelling reasons to upgrade.

Beyond these nearer-term opportunities, we see the potential for more Atlassian users over the long term. AI will enable more people to create software, which is currently supply constrained. More creators means more collaboration needs, as well as more teams to build, deploy, and sell this technology.

# The year in review across our three global markets 📆

Atlassian products solve five primary teamwork challenges for our customers: tracking work; sharing knowledge; getting help; creating high-performance teams; and doing it all at scale. But no single product can cover all five jobs for every team across the three global markets we serve. Our approach is to offer a range of purpose-built, fully-integrated tools so customers can curate a collection that best suits their needs.

Empowering customers with this choice as well as focusing on robust integrations with best-of-breed partners helps Atlassian win across the ITSM, work management, and agile/DevOps markets we serve. Let's look at highlights from all three and show how we helped customers thrive this year.

### ITSM snapshot

We advanced our position in the ITSM market this year, focusing on bringing development and IT teams closer together, while also helping a wider range of non-technical teams deliver great employee support. We were named a Leader in the 2022 Gartner® Magic Quadrant™ for IT Service Management Platforms¹. We also grew cloud sales to enterprise customers by 80% year-over-year – proof that doubling down on ITSM was the right call.

Some of the highest-value updates we shipped to our 45,000+ Jira Service Management customers include:

- New CI/CD integrations with GitHub and GitLab that automate change approvals
- Cross-product insights via Atlassian Analytics that correlate incidents and changes
- Device42 and Lansweeper integrations for easier incident and change impact analysis
- Virtual agent technology powered by Atlassian Intelligence (Early Access)
- Chat-based ticketing so employees can get help right from Slack and Microsoft Teams
- Employee support templates that help teams like Finance, Marketing, Design, and Sales deliver service faster
- Support for up to 20,000 agents per instance (Early Access)

Disclaimer: The content describing Atlassian Intelligence and other announcements is intended to outline our general product direction for informational purposes only. The development, release, and timing of any features or functionality described within this letter remain at the sole discretion of Atlassian, are subject to change, and should not be relied upon in making purchasing decisions.

▲ ATLASSIAN 04 FY23

Atlassian is the only vendor that brings technical and non-technical teams together on the same platform, yet lets them work with tools that are designed for their respective crafts. We'll continue to build on the existing trust we have with development teams to expand into more IT departments (and beyond) so their teams can deliver what would be impossible alone: exceptional service.

### Work management snapshot

Atlassian delivered new forms of collaboration this year, like the ability to structure and visualize information differently with databases and whiteboards in Confluence. We also launched Atlas into general availability, giving teams of all types better ways to manage projects and ensure they contribute to the organization's most important goals. Jira Work Management added a Premium edition, which includes multi-project summaries, timelines, and calendars so leaders can get a holistic view of all the work they manage. And to top it all off, Confluence made the top five in G2's Best Software for Enterprise Business list for 2023.

The non-technical teams market, which we estimate at \$14 billion, represents a huge opportunity. Atlassian unites technical and non-technical teams through the common language of our Jira products and the connective tissue of our integrated cloud platform. No other vendor can match this, so we'll keep leaning in hard here.

# Agile/DevOps snapshot

For software teams, Jira is still the GOAT and developer experience remains a priority for Atlassian. As such, we created a <u>Security tab in Jira Software</u> that brings DevSecOps into all aspects of software development by turning alerts from leading security vendors (e.g., Snyk, Mend, Lacework, Stackhawk, JFrog) into issues, making it easy to track remediation work. And we rolled out a dark theme for Jira's UI, satisfying a popular enhancement request.

Atlassian is leading the charge in helping organizations master the complexity introduced by the shared microservices and myriad other components that comprise modern software. Not only did we get <a href="Compass">Compass</a> into customers' hands this year, but we also delivered configuration-as-code enhancements that help teams catalog and manage all the elements involved in distributed software architecture.

But creating software goes far beyond developers writing code. That's why we launched <u>Jira Product Discovery</u>, which lets product managers capture and prioritize ideas. It's also why we're confident in our approach of connecting developers, designers, marketers, support engineers, and others. Atlassian's Open DevOps framework allows for interoperability between Jira products and a variety of best-of-breed 3rd party tools. We believe being named a Leader in the 2023 Gartner® <u>Magic Quadrant™ for DevOps Platforms</u>² is the type of recognition that lets us know we've got a winning strategy.

A ATLASSIAN 04 FY23

### Team Anywhere: a win for employees and customers everywhere



Three years ago this month, we placed another big bet: we declared Atlassian a remote-first company. Whether all-remote or hybrid, distributed teams are the future of work. We're committed to living that future now and pioneering solutions to the challenges of working across geographies and time zones. When we uncover valuable insights, we bake them into our products or share them with our customers through content.

Team Anywhere allows us to hire the best person for the job regardless of how close they live to one of our offices. In fact, over half of the people we hired in FY23 live more than two hours away from an office. As of Q4, we have full-time employees in 13 countries on four continents, spread across urban centers and rural areas. 91% of our employees say Team Anywhere is an important reason for staying at Atlassian, and 92% say it allows them to do their best work.

While some business leaders accuse us of abandoning something essential to our esprit de corps, we see it differently. We see a chance to lead. Atlassian is one of the only enterprise companies to go all-in on distributed work. Customers and peers are turning to us for advice, inspired by the example we're setting.

To be clear, getting 10,000 distributed employees to sing in perfect harmony is no small feat. But with an average of 67% of the company connecting in an office each quarter and strong



participation in our in-person "intentional togetherness" events, Atlassian is demonstrating that distributed work and deep connections between teammates can go hand-in-hand, even at this scale. The more we lean in here and lead the way, the deeper our competitive advantage.

With FY24 already underway and teams in full execution mode driving towards this year's big goals, we feel pretty damn lucky. Not every entrepreneur makes it to the 10-year mark, even when they do all the right things, and here we are, 21 years into our Atlassian journey. (Not bad for a couple of mates from uni, if you ask us!) We're more excited than ever about the opportunities in front of us and fired the F up to get after them.

A ATLASSIAN Q4 FY23

#### A bittersweet farewell

After almost 11 years of tireless leadership and dedication, Cameron Deatsch, our Chief Revenue Officer, has decided to leave Atlassian at the end of the calendar year for new life adventures.

Cameron has played a central role in helping our customers in their journey to cloud over the past several years and has had a tremendous impact in every area he's overseen at Atlassian over his decade-plus tenure. From building out our customer-facing teams and evolving our GTM model, to leading our Server and Data Center product organizations, and even a stint as Head of Corporate Development - Cameron has seen and done it all. Equally important is the strong and experienced team he has built to continue that legacy.

We, the founders, and our entire Atlassian family will be forever thankful to Cameron for his inspirational leadership over the years. We are thankful for the huge impact he has had on our customers, our growth, and our culture. We will miss you Cameron.

Here's to the road ahead, and to unleashing the potential of every team.

- Mike and Scott

#### MIKE & SCOTT



Mike Cannon-Brookes Co-founder and co-CEO



Scott Farguhar Co-founder and co-CEO



#### The bottom line

- Atlassian continued to deliver exceptional customer value and innovation in the face of a tough macroeconomic climate, closing out the year with over 260,000 customers and \$3.5 billion in total revenue.
- Our biggest bets cloud, enterprise, and ITSM are paying off, as evidenced by strong momentum in all three areas.
- We'll press ahead with our strategy of accelerated investment in FY24, and expect to begin trending towards historical operating margins in FY25.

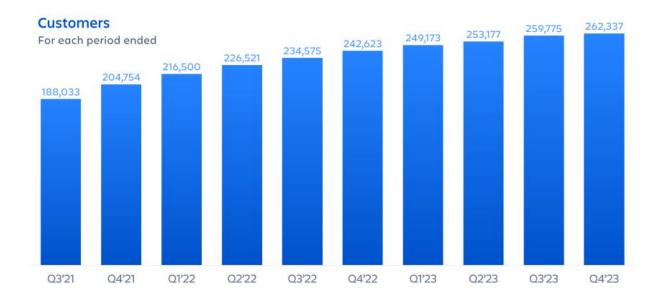
Gartner, Magic Quadrant for IT Service Management Platforms, Rich Doheny, Chris Matchett, Siddharth Shetty, 31 October 2022. <sup>2</sup> Gartner, Magic Quadrant for DevOps Platforms, Manjunath Bhat, Thomas Murphy, Joachim Herschmann, et al, 5 June 2023. Gartner Disclaimer

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# Customer highlight reel 📽

Despite the tough macro environment we encountered in FY23, Atlassian made steady progress against our long-term goals across our broad, diversified customer base. We closed out the fiscal year with 262,337 total customers – up nearly 20,000 over the prior fiscal year.



Customers: We define the number of customers at the end of any particular period as unique domains that have at least one active and paid product license or subscription, with two or more seats, excluding starter licenses/subscriptions.

Net new customer additions for Q4 were 2,562.

Conversions from Free editions to paid products remain challenged by the macroeconomic environment. However, we continue to be encouraged by the activity at the top of our funnel, as the number of teams coming to our site and trying Free editions of our products continues to grow. And importantly, customer churn continues to be stable, as is usage across our products, reflecting the value and inherent demand for our products.

And as a result of the macroeconomic environment, we've had to make thoughtful tradeoffs this year, including consciously shifting marketing resources to prioritize growth in customers with the highest lifetime value. The great news is, we're seeing this strategy pay off.

▲ ATLASSIAN 04 FY23



Note: the above charts represent the number of Atlassian customers who spend ≥\$500K or ≥\$1M in each of the fiscal years presented.

As a volume-based business, we aim to serve the "Fortune 500,000." That's what our flywheel-led GTM motion is designed for, and that's not going to change. However, we're constantly improving our enterprise capabilities and evolving the higher-touch motions that help us make deeper inroads with enterprise customers.

Our Cloud platform now meets some of the strictest compliance standards in the world (think EBA, BaFin, HIPAA), and as discussed earlier, we have our sights set on supporting well beyond 50,000 users. Marquee features like Atlassian Analytics and the Atlassian Data Lake are already prompting customers to upgrade to Premium and Enterprise editions. For example, H&M moved up to Enterprise this quarter so they could identify trends in their data and make sure their teams' work aligns with strategy. Plus, data residency options in new regions like Germany and Singapore give enterprise customers even more confidence in the Atlassian platform.



### 🖣 Customer spotlight

Jira Software and Confluence have long been the life-blood of development at a major U.S. maker of high-end office furniture. (Chances are, you're sitting in one of their ergonomic chairs right now.) But the cost and complexity of their monolithic legacy ITSM solution were dragging them down. They needed better coordination between their technical teams, and their CIO was keen to move to the cloud. So they switched to Jira Service Management.

Now with the combined power of all three products, they have a unified way of tracking projects, managing help requests, and sharing technical documentation. This is allowing them to move toward a decentralized support model where IT specialists are embedded in software teams to make incident and change management an integrated process shared across both disciplines. In fact, the switch to Jira Service Management has been so successful that non-technical service teams like HR have adopted it.

Looking ahead, the economic environment is still uncertain and on top of that, we've entered the final year of support for our Server products, which ends in February 2024. But the reality is, Atlassian is extremely well prepared to roll with the changes as they come and keep the momentum high as we come out the other side of the current downturn.

- Cameron



# Financial highlights

#### Q4 and FY23 financial summary

(U.S. \$ in thousands, except per share data and percentages)

	Three Months	Three Months Ended June 30,		nded June 30,
	2023	2022	2023	2022
GAAP results				-
Revenue	\$939,098	\$759,841	\$3,534,647	\$2,802,882
Gross profit	\$769,322	\$629,437	\$2,900,882	\$2,349,968
Gross margin	81.9%	82.8%	82.1%	83.8%
Operating income (loss)	(\$50,389)	(\$42,333)	(\$345,222)	\$70,083
Operating margin	(5.4%)	(5.6%)	(9.8%)	2.5%
Net loss	(\$58,952)	(\$90,639)	(\$486,761)	(\$519,510)
Net loss per share - diluted	(\$0.23)	(\$0.36)	(\$1.90)	(\$2.05)
Cash flow from operations	\$272,775	\$214,879	\$868,111	\$821,044
Non-GAAP results				
Gross profit	\$792,196	\$643,853	\$2,996,552	\$2,404,020
Gross margin	84.4%	84.7%	84.8%	85.8%
Operating income	\$202,755	\$107,622	\$722,611	\$627,284
Operating margin	21.6%	14.2%	20.4%	22.4%
Net income	\$147,020	\$68,452	\$492,255	\$383,456
Net income per share - diluted	\$0.57	\$0.27	\$1.92	\$1.50
Free cash flow	\$270,350	\$190,231	\$842,459	\$750,461

A reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP measures is provided within the tables at the end of this letter as well as in our earnings press release, and on our Investor Relations website.

# Q4'23 highlights

We closed out FY23 with strong execution, delivering revenue, gross profit, and operating income that exceeded our expectations.

Greater-than-expected enterprise sales driven by the expiration of our loyalty discount program and record migrations resulted in revenue outperformance in Cloud and Data Center, while gross profit and operating profit also benefited from our focus on disciplined hiring and cost management.

Guided by our mission of unleashing the potential of every team, we remain committed to delivering compelling value to our customers as we invest in our unique opportunities to drive long-term growth in FY24 and beyond.

A ATLASSIAN Q4 FY23

### Highlights for Q4'23 include:

All growth comparisons below relate to the corresponding period of last year, unless otherwise noted.

- · Revenue of \$939 million increased 24%, driven by growth in our Cloud and Data Center offerings.
- GAAP gross margin of 82% decreased 1 percentage point. Non-GAAP gross margin of 84% was flat.
- GAAP operating loss was \$50 million and GAAP operating margin of (5%) was flat. Non-GAAP operating income was \$203 million and non-GAAP operating margin of 22% increased 8 percentage points driven by greater operating leverage.
- · Operating cash flow was \$273 million. Free cash flow of \$270 million increased 42%.
- · Returned \$118 million to shareholders through share repurchases in the quarter.

#### Revenue

(U.S. \$ in thousands, except percentage data)

	Q4'23		Q4'22	Year-over-year growth %
Revenues by type				
Subscription	\$ 799,713	\$	597,297	34 %
Maintenance	85,925		117,095	(27)%
Other	53,460		45,449	18 %
Total revenues	\$ 939,098	\$	759,841	24 %
	Q4'23	36	Q4'22	Year-over-year growth %
Revenues by deployment				
Cloud	\$ 563,229	\$	433,969	30 %
	\$ 563,229 232,208	\$	433,969 158,921	
Cloud	\$	\$		46 %
Cloud Data Center	\$ 232,208	\$	158,921	30 % 46 % (27)% 17 %

	· ·	Q4'23	 Q4'22	Year-over-year growth %
Revenues by geographic region				
Americas	\$	470,492	\$ 385,501	22 %
EMEA		362,448	287,763	26 %
Asia Pacific		106,158	86,577	23 %
Total revenues	\$	939,098	\$ 759,841	24 %

▲ ATLASSIAN 04 FY23

Revenue growth in Q4 was driven by subscription revenue, which grew 34%. Enterprise sales were particularly healthy with focused sales execution ahead of the end of our loyalty discount program on June 30, 2023. This drove record migrations to Cloud and Data Center, with strong uptake of Premium and Enterprise editions as well as annual and multi-year subscriptions.

Cloud revenue growth of 30% was better than expected driven primarily by stronger migrations and net seat expansion. The macro headwinds on paid seat expansion observed throughout FY23 persisted in Q4, however, the rate of deceleration began to moderate slightly towards the end of the quarter, particularly with enterprise customers. Free-to-paid conversion rates remain challenged, while customer retention and monthly active usage trends across the business remained stable as we continue to maintain our strong competitive position.

Data Center revenue growth of 46% was driven by renewals, migrations, and seat expansion, while also benefiting from the stronger-than-expected enterprise sales previously noted.

Lastly, deferred revenue increased 31% year-over-year to \$1.5 billion reflecting strong growth in annual and multi-year subscriptions and customer commitment to the Atlassian platform.

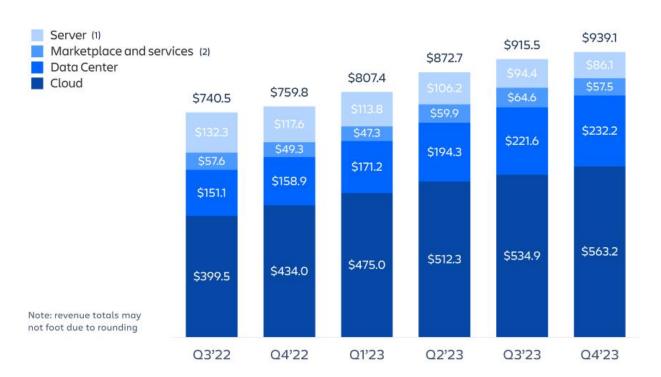
Total revenue
(U.S. \$ in millions, year-over-year growth rate in %)



ATLASSIAN 04 FY23

### Revenues by deployment

(U.S. \$ in millions, except percentage data)



Year-over-year growth %	Q3'22	Q4'22	Q1'23	Q2'23	Q3'23	Q4'23
Cloud	60%	55%	49%	41%	34%	30%
Data Center	59%	60%	54%	40%	47%	46%
Marketplace and services	(4%)	24%	4%	20%	12%	17%
Server	(19%)	(16%)	(18%)	(22%)	(29%)	(27%)
Total revenues	30%	36%	31%	27%	24%	24%

- (1) Included in Server is perpetual license revenue. Perpetual license revenue is captured as other revenue on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.
- (2) Included in Marketplace and services is premier support revenue. Premier support is a subscription-based arrangement for a higher level of support across different deployment options. Premier support is recognized as subscription revenue on the Consolidated Statements of Operations as the services are delivered over the term of the arrangement.

A ATLASSIAN 04 FY23

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### Margins, operating expenses, and operating income

(U.S. \$ in thousands, except percentage data)

	Q4'23	Q4'22
Gross margin	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0
GAAP gross margin	81.9%	82.8%
Non-GAAP gross margin	84.4%	84.7%
Total operating expenses		
GAAP operating expenses	\$819,711	\$671,770
Non-GAAP operating expenses	\$589,441	\$536,231
Research and development expenses		
GAAP research and development expenses	\$474,855	\$367,007
Non-GAAP research and development expenses	\$317,918	\$277,116
% of total revenues	33.9%	36.5%
Marketing and sales expenses		
GAAP marketing and sales expenses	\$202,621	\$173,054
Non-GAAP marketing and sales expenses	\$166,504	\$150,774
% of total revenues	17.7%	19.8%
General and administrative expenses		
GAAP general and administrative expenses	\$142,235	\$131,709
Non-GAAP general and administrative expenses	\$105,019	\$108,341
% of total revenues	11.2%	14.3%
Operating income		
GAAP operating loss	\$(50,389)	\$(42,333)
Non-GAAP operating income	\$202,755	\$107,622
% of total revenues	21.6%	14.2%

GAAP operating expenses increased 22% year-over-year driven by higher employment costs, including stock-based compensation, due to the year-over-year increase in headcount.

Non-GAAP operating expenses increased 10% year-over-year and were lower than expected due primarily to payroll savings from lower headcount and greater-than-expected savings in discretionary spending.

GAAP operating margin of (5%) and non-GAAP operating margin of 22% benefited year-over-year from moderation in the pace of hiring, cost savings from our Q3'23 restructuring activities, lower bonus expense, and disciplined cost management and operating efficiencies across the business.

#### Net income

(U.S. \$ in thousands, except per share data)

	Q4'23	Q4'22
GAAP results		i de la companya de
Net loss	(\$58,952)	(\$90,639)
Net loss per share - diluted	(\$0.23)	(\$0.36)
Non-GAAP results		
Net income	\$147,020	\$68,452
Net income per share - diluted	\$0.57	\$0.27

### Free cash flow

(U.S. \$ in thousands, except percentage data)

Free cash flow	<u>,</u>	Q4'23		Q4'22
GAAP net cash provided by operating activities	\$	272.775	s	214.879
Less: Capital expenditures	•	(2,425)	× ×	(24,648)
Free cash flow	\$	270,350	\$	190,231
% of total revenues		28.8 %	6	25.0 %

Free cash flow in Q4'23 was affected by \$18 million of payments for employee severance and other termination benefits related to our Q3'23 restructuring activities.

# Financial targets

(U.S. \$)

01'24	GAAP
	Three Months Ending September 30, 2023
Revenue	\$950 million to \$970 million
Cloud revenue growth (year-over-year)	25% to 27%
Gross margin	81.0%
Operating margin	(8.5%)
	Non-GAAP
	Three Months Ending September 30, 2023
Gross margin	83.5%
Operating margin	19.5%

FY24	GAAP
	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024
Cloud revenue growth (year-over-year)	25% to 30%
Gross margin	81.0%
Operating margin	(8.0)%
	Non-GAAP
	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024
Gross margin	83.5%
Operating margin	18.5%

#### FY24 Outlook

#### Total revenue

While we are pleased with our momentum exiting FY23, our guidance accounts for two significant factors which may impact our revenue results in FY24.

The first is the outlook for the macroeconomic environment, which remains uncertain. Our guidance assumes the macroeconomic environment continues to negatively impact growth in paid seat expansion at existing customers and free-to-paid conversion rates, and that the trends we've seen in these areas throughout FY23 persist into FY24.

The second is customer purchasing and migration decisions related to the end-of-support for our Server offering in February 2024. We expect this event to drive quarter-to-quarter variability in our Cloud and Data Center revenue growth rates depending on when and how our Server customers ultimately choose to migrate: direct to Cloud, direct to Data Center, or to some combination of Cloud and Data Center. Our guidance assumes the proportion of Server customers migrating to Cloud and Data Center are consistent with historical trends, and some portion of our Server customers will not migrate in FY24. As a reminder, a portion of Data Center revenue is recognized up-front in the period the subscription begins, while the remainder is recognized ratably over the life of the subscription. Cloud revenue is recognized ratably over the life of the subscription.

Further detail and expected trends are provided below:

#### SUBSCRIPTION REVENUE

#### Cloud revenue

We expect Cloud revenue growth of approximately 25% to 30% year-over-year in FY24, of which migrations will drive approximately 10 points. We also expect Cloud revenue growth rates will gradually improve throughout the year driven by easier year-on-year comparisons.

#### **Data Center revenue**

We expect Data Center revenue growth of approximately 30% year-over-year in FY24, with growth decelerating over the course of the year primarily driven by tough year-on-year comparisons, declining migrations from Server, and increasing migrations to Cloud.

#### MAINTENANCE REVENUE

In line with our announced end-of-support for Server, we expect Server revenue to progressively decline throughout the course of FY24, with a sequential dollar decline in Q1'24 like that observed in Q4'23.

As a reminder, we will no longer recognize Server revenue beyond February 2024, and therefore expect Server revenue to be zero in Q4'24.

#### OTHER REVENUE

We expect Other revenue, which is primarily comprised of Marketplace revenue, to be roughly flat year-over-year in FY24 driven by the continued sales mix shift to Cloud apps.

As a reminder, there is a lower Marketplace take rate on third-party Cloud apps relative to Server and Data Center apps to incentivize further Cloud app development and Marketplace revenue is recognized in-full in the period of the Marketplace sale.

Our focus remains on driving higher growth rates on sales of third-party Cloud apps relative to our own first-party Cloud products, and in FY23 we accomplished this as gross sales of Cloud apps in the Marketplace grew 10 percentage points faster than sales of our own Cloud products.

### **Gross margin**

We expect FY24 GAAP gross margin will be approximately 81.0% and non-GAAP gross margin will be approximately 83.5%, lower than FY23 due to the continued revenue mix shift to Cloud.

### Operating and free cash flow margin

We expect FY24 GAAP operating margin will be approximately (8.0%) and non-GAAP operating margin will be approximately 18.5%. We expect operating expense growth will be driven by continued investment in key strategic priorities like cloud migrations, penetrating our enterprise opportunity, and delivering compelling innovation and customer value across our three core markets. These investments will drive long-term growth as we continue to execute on the multi-year strategy shared at our Investor Day in April 2022.

And, as Mike and Scott highlighted above, we remain committed to returning to historical margins following this period of accelerated investment, and we expect that to begin in FY25 with non-GAAP operating margin above the 18.5% we expect to achieve in FY24.

As a reminder, our free cash flow margins have quarter-to-quarter seasonality, with Q1 historically the lowest driven by the timing of employee bonus payouts.

#### Share count

We expect diluted share count to increase by less than 2% in FY24.

## Consolidated statements of operations

(U.S. \$ and shares in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Fiscal Year Ended June 30,				
	15.	2023		2022		2023		2022
Revenues:	-0:			193				
Subscription	\$	799,713	\$	597,297	\$	2,922,576	\$	2,096,706
Maintenance		85,925		117,095		399,738		495,077
Other		53,460		45,449		212,333		211,099
Total revenues		939,098		759,841		3,534,647		2,802,882
Cost of revenues (1) (2)	102	169,776		130,404		633,765	0	452,914
Gross profit		769,322		629,437		2,900,882		2,349,968
Operating expenses:								
Research and development (1) (2)		474,855		367,007		1,869,881		1,291,877
Marketing and sales (1) (2)		202,621		173,054		769,861		535,815
General and administrative (1)		142,235		131,709		606,362		452,193
Total operating expenses	-18	819,711		671,770		3,246,104	166	2,279,885
Operating income (loss)	101	(50,389)	,	(42,333)	-	(345,222)		70,083
Other income (expense), net		(7,096)		(608)		14,501		(501,839
nterest income		20,579		1,328		49,732		2,284
nterest expense	15	(8,540)		(4,767)		(30,147)		(41,466
oss before provision for income taxes		(45,446)		(46,380)		(311,136)		(470,938
Provision for income taxes	100	(13,506)		(44,259)		(175,625)		(48,572)
Net loss	\$	(58,952)	\$	(90,639)	\$	(486,761)	\$	(519,510
Net loss per share attributable to Class A and Class B common stockholders:	10.	17.0						
Basic	\$	(0.23)	\$	(0.36)	\$	(1.90)	\$	(2.05
Diluted	\$	(0.23)	\$	(0.36)	\$	(1.90)	\$	(2.05
Neighted-average shares used in computing ne oss per share attributable to Class A and Class 3 common stockholders:			÷					
Basic	10	257,389		254,482		256,307		253,312
Diluted	(). ().	257,389		254,482		256,307		253,312

#### (1) Amounts include stock-based compensation as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
	45	2023		2022	2023		2022
Cost of revenues	\$	17,166	\$	8,719	\$ 63,913	\$	31,358
Research and development		156,836		89,798	604,301		328,978
Marketing and sales		33,817		19,789	131,739		76,209
General and administrative		37,425		23,368	148,134		88,258

### (2) Amounts include amortization of acquired intangible assets, as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			June 30,	
	43	2023		2022		2023	8	2022
Cost of revenues	\$	5,763	\$	5,697	\$	22,853	\$	22,694
Research and development		93		93		374		374
Marketing and sales		2,524		2,491		9,900		9,330

## Consolidated balance sheets

(U.S. \$ in thousands) (unaudited)

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	June 30, 2022		
Assets	_		140		
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,102,550	\$	1,385,265	
Marketable securities		10,000		73,294	
Accounts receivable, net		477,678		308,127	
Assets held for sale		F		60,265	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		146,136	23	70,002	
Total current assets		2,736,364		1,896,953	
Non-current assets:					
Property and equipment, net		81,402		100,662	
Operating lease right-of-use assets		184,195		277,276	
Strategic investments		225,538		159,064	
Intangible assets, net		69,072		100,840	
Goodwill		727,211		722,838	
Deferred tax assets		9,945		10,335	
Other non-current assets		73,052		58,862	
Total assets	\$	4,106,779	\$	3,326,830	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	159,293	\$	81,220	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		423,131		406,139	
Deferred revenue, current portion		1,362,736		1,066,059	
Operating lease liabilities, current portion		44,930		40,638	
Term loan facility, current portion		37,500		_	
Total current liabilities		2,027,590		1,594,056	
Non-current liabilities:					
Deferred revenue, net of current portion		182,743		116,621	
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion		237,835		274,434	
Term loan facility, net of current portion		962,093		999,419	
Deferred tax liabilities		10,669		312	
Other non-current liabilities		31,177		14,616	
Total liabilities		3,452,107		2,999,458	
Stockholders' equity			100		
Common stock		3		2	
Additional paid-in capital		3,130,631		2,182,536	
Accumulated other comprehensive income		34,002		13,864	
Accumulated deficit		(2,509,964)		(1,869,030)	
Total stockholders' equity		654,672		327,372	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	4,106,779	\$	3,326,830	

▲ ATLASSIAN 04 FY23

## Consolidated statements of cash flows

(U.S. \$ in thousands) (unaudited)

			Tiodal Teal E	iscal Year Ended June 30,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net loss	\$ (58,952)	\$ (90,639)	\$ (486,761)	\$ (519,510		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization	15,304	13,898	60,923	51,739		
Stock-based compensation	245,244	141,674	948,087	524,803		
Impairment charges for leases and leasehold improvements	_		61,098	7-		
Deferred income taxes	4,305	918	10,613	(2,002		
Net loss on exchange derivative and capped call transactions	_	-	_	424,482		
Amortization of debt discount and issuance cost	118	118	471	27,051		
Net loss on strategic investments	2,143	441	19,407	72,663		
Net foreign currency gain	(4,608)	(4,032)	(10,613)	(12,065		
Gain on a non-cash sale of a controlling interest of a subsidiary	_	:	(45,158)	-		
Other	230	870	1,488	646		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable, net	(131,495)	(51,581)	(169,526)	(134,764		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,300	14,528	(38,230)	(21,92		
Accounts payable	56,868	6.086	78,902	31,74		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(6,444)	92,004	74,611	93,250		
Deferred revenue	147,762	90,594	362,799	284,93		
Net cash provided by operating activities	272,775	214,879	868,111	821,044		
Cash flows from investing activities:	2,2,1,0	211,010		021,01		
Business combinations, net of cash acquired	(5,175)	(2,550)	(5,775)	(19,41		
Purchases of intangible assets	(160)	(=,==)	(160)	(4,018		
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,425)	(24,648)	(25,652)	(70,583		
Purchases of strategic investments	(1,000)	(8,750)	(19,450)	(111,668		
Purchases of marketable securities and other nvestments	(14,800)	_	(24,800)	(21,003		
Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities	-	12,850	73,950	76,937		
Proceeds from sales of marketable securities and strategic investments	_	_	629	186,262		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(23,560)	(23,098)	(1,258)	36,516		
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Proceeds from term loan facility	_	_	_	1,000,000		
Repayment of exchangeable senior notes	_	_	_	(1,548,686		
Proceeds from settlement of capped call ransactions	_		_	135,497		
Repurchases of Class A Common Stock	(118,258)	1	(150,006)	72		
Proceeds from other financing arrangements	187	4,379	1,585	13,909		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(118,071)	4,379	(148,421)	(399,280		
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(809)	(6,595)	(1,805)	(9,233		
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	130,335	189,565	716,627	449,047		
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of period	1,973,580	1,195,465	1,386,686	931,023		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents ncluded in assets held for sale	N <del>-</del> 2	1,656	602	6,616		
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 2,103,915	\$ 1,386,686	\$ 2,103,915	\$ 1,386,686		

## Reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP results

(U.S. \$ and shares in thousands, except percentage and per share data) (unaudited)

		hree Months	Lilide		Fiscal Year E			
	_	2023		2022	_	2023	_	2022
Gross profit		700 000		200 407	•	0.000.000	•	0.040.000
GAAP gross profit	\$	769,322	\$	629,437	\$	2,900,882	\$	2,349,968
Plus: Stock-based compensation		17,166		8,719		63,625		31,358
Plus: Amortization of acquired intangible assets		5,763		5,697		22,853		22,694
Plus (less): Restructuring charges (1)	-	(55)			_	9,192		
Non-GAAP gross profit	\$	792,196	\$	643,853	\$	2,996,552	\$	2,404,020
Operating income								
GAAP operating income (loss)	\$	(50,389)	\$	(42,333)	\$	(345,222)	\$	70,083
Plus: Stock-based compensation		245,718		141,674		937,812		524,803
Plus: Amortization of acquired intangible assets		8,380		8,281		33,127		32,398
Plus (less): Restructuring charges (1)		(954)		_		96,894		_
Non-GAAP operating income	\$	202,755	\$	107,622	\$	722,611	\$	627,284
Operating margin	-				_		-	
GAAP operating margin		(5)%		(6)%		(10)%		3%
Plus: Stock-based compensation		26		19		26		18
Plus: Amortization of acquired intangible assets		1		1		1		1
Plus (less): Restructuring charges (1)	-					3_		
Non-GAAP operating margin	- 01	22%		14%	_	20%		22%
Net income								
GAAP net loss	\$	(58,952)	\$	(90,639)	\$	(486,761)	\$	(519,510
Plus: Stock-based compensation		245,718		141,674		937,812		524,803
Plus: Amortization of acquired intangible assets		8,380		8,281		33,127		32,398
Plus (less): Restructuring charges (1)		(954)		_		96,894		_
Plus: Non-coupon impact related to exchangeable senior notes and capped calls				<del>-</del>		5 <del>5</del> 52		450,829
Less: Gain on a non-cash sale of a controlling interest of a subsidiary		_		1 <u></u> 7		(45,158)		9 <u>2-</u>
Plus (less): Income tax adjustments	70.0	(47,172)		9,136	_	(43,659)		(105,064
Non-GAAP net income	\$	147,020	\$	68,452	\$	492,255	\$	383,456
Net income per share								
GAAP net loss per share - diluted	\$	(0.23)	\$	(0.36)	\$	(1.90)	\$	(2.05
Plus: Stock-based compensation		0.95		0.56		3.66		2.05
Plus: Amortization of acquired intangible assets		0.03		0.03		0.13		0.13
Plus (less): Restructuring charges (1)				( <del></del> -		0.38		UC
Plus: Non-coupon impact related to exchangeable senior notes and capped calls		_		_		_		1.78
Less: Gain on a non-cash sale of a controlling interest of a subsidiary		_				(0.18)		-
Plus (less): Income tax adjustments		(0.18)		0.04		(0.17)		(0.4
Non-GAAP net income per share - diluted	\$	0.57	\$	0.27	<u>s</u>	1.92	\$	1.50
Weighted-average diluted shares outstanding	Ψ	0.07	_	0.27	Ť	1.02	_	1.00
Weighted-average shares used in computing diluted GAAP net loss per share		257,389		254,482		256,307		253,312
Plus: Dilution from dilutive securities (2)		447		1,006		554		2,345
Weighted-average shares used in computing diluted non-GAAP net income per share		257,836		255,488		256,861		255,657
Free cash flow							S	
GAAP net cash provided by operating activities	\$	272,775	\$	214,879	\$	868,111	\$	821,044
Less: Capital expenditures		(2,425)		(24,648)		(25,652)		(70,583
Free cash flow	\$	270,350	\$	190,231	\$	842,459	\$	750,461

<sup>(1)</sup> Restructuring charges include stock-based compensation expense related to the rebalancing of resources for the three months and fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

<sup>(2)</sup> The effects of these dilutive securities were not included in the GAAP calculation of diluted net loss per share for the three months and fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 because the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

## Reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP financial targets

(U.S. \$)

	Three Months Ending September 30, 2023	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024
GAAP gross margin	81.0%	81.0%
Plus: Stock-based compensation	2.0	2.0
Plus: Amortization of acquired intangible assets	0.5	0.5
Non-GAAP gross margin	83.5%	83.5%
GAAP operating margin	(8.5%)	(8.0%)
Plus: Stock-based compensation	27.0	26.0
Plus: Amortization of acquired intangible assets	1.0	0.5
Non-GAAP operating margin	19.5%	18.5%

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#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This shareholder letter contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, which statements involve substantial risks and uncertainties. In some cases, you can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "could," "should," "estimate," or "continue," and similar expressions or variations, but these words are not the exclusive means for identifying such statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact could be deemed forward looking, including risks and uncertainties related to statements about our products, product features, including Al and large language models, customers, Atlassian Marketplace, Cloud and Data Center migrations, macroeconomic environment, anticipated growth, Team Anywhere, outlook, technology, and other key strategic areas, and our financial targets such as revenue and GAAP and non-GAAP financial measures including gross margin and operating margin.

We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements made in this shareholder letter to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this shareholder letter or to reflect new information or the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law.

The achievement or success of the matters covered by such forward-looking statements involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions. If any such risks or uncertainties materialize or if any of the assumptions prove incorrect, our results could differ materially from the results expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements we make. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Forward-looking statements represent our management's beliefs and assumptions only as of the date such statements are made.

Further information on these and other factors that could affect our financial results is included in filings we make with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") from time to time, including the section titled "Risk Factors" in our most recently filed Forms 20-F and 10-Q. These documents are available on the SEC Filings section of the Investor Relations section of our website at <a href="https://linearchy.org/">https://linearchy.org/</a> investors.atlassian.com.

#### ABOUT NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

In addition to the measures presented in our consolidated financial statements, we regularly review other measures that are not presented in accordance with GAAP, defined as non-GAAP financial measures by the SEC, to evaluate our business, measure our performance, identify trends, prepare financial forecasts and make strategic decisions. The key measures we consider are non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP operating margin, non-GAAP net income, non-GAAP net income per diluted share and free cash flow (collectively, the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures"). These Non-GAAP Financial Measures, which may be different from similarly titled non-GAAP measures used by other companies, provide supplemental information regarding our operating performance on a non-GAAP basis that excludes certain gains, losses and charges of a non-cash nature or that occur relatively infrequently and/or that management considers to be unrelated to our core operations. Management believes that tracking and presenting these Non-GAAP Financial Measures provides management, our board of directors, investors and the analyst community with the ability to better evaluate matters such as: our ongoing core operations, including comparisons between periods and against other companies in our industry; our ability to generate cash to service our debt and fund our operations; and the underlying business trends that are affecting our performance.

Our Non-GAAP Financial Measures include:

- Non-GAAP gross profit. Excludes expenses related to stock-based compensation, amortization of acquired intangible assets, and restructuring charges.
- Non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP operating margin. Excludes expenses related to stock-based compensation, amortization of acquired intangible assets, and restructuring charges.
- Non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP net income per diluted share. Excludes expenses related to stock-based compensation, amortization of acquired intangible assets, restructuring charges, non-coupon impact related to exchangeable senior notes and capped calls, gain on a non-cash sale of a controlling interest of a subsidiary and the related income tax effects on these items, and a non-recurring income tax adjustment.
- Free cash flow. Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures, which consists of purchases of property and equipment.

We understand that although these Non-GAAP Financial Measures are frequently used by investors and the analyst community in their evaluation of our financial performance, these measures have limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation or as substitutes for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. We compensate for such limitations by reconciling these Non-GAAP Financial Measures to the most comparable GAAP financial measures. We encourage you to review the tables in this shareholder letter titled "Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Results" and "Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Targets" that present such reconciliations.

### **ABOUT ATLASSIAN**

Atlassian unleashes the potential of every team. Our agile & DevOps, IT service management and work management software helps teams organize, discuss, and complete shared work. The majority of the Fortune 500 and over 260,000 companies of all sizes worldwide – including NASA, Kiva, Deutsche Bank, and Salesforce - rely on our solutions to help their teams work better together and deliver quality results on time. Learn more about our products, including Jira Software, Confluence, Jira Service Management, Trello, Bitbucket, and Jira Align at <a href="https://atlassian.com">https://atlassian.com</a>.

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