

MX Series 5G Universal Routing Platform Interface Module Reference

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About the Documentation

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Use this guide as a reference for the interface modules (also known as line cards) supported by MX Series 5G Universal Routing Platforms, including Dense Port Concentrators (DPCs), Flexible Port Concentrators (FPCs), Physical Interface Cards (PICs), Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) and Modular Interface Cards (MICs).

Documentation and Release Notes

To obtain the most current version of all Juniper Networks[®] technical documentation, see the product documentation page on the Juniper Networks website at https://www.juniper.net/documentation/.

If the information in the latest release notes differs from the information in the documentation, follow the product Release Notes.

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Using the Examples in This Manual

If you want to use the examples in this manual, you can use the **load merge** or the **load merge relative** command. These commands cause the software to merge the incoming configuration into the current candidate configuration. The example does not become active until you commit the candidate configuration.

If the example configuration contains the top level of the hierarchy (or multiple hierarchies), the example is a *full example*. In this case, use the **load merge** command.

If the example configuration does not start at the top level of the hierarchy, the example is a *snippet*. In this case, use the **load merge relative** command. These procedures are described in the following sections.

Merging a Full Example

To merge a full example, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration example into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following configuration to a file and name the file **ex-script.conf**. Copy the **ex-script.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

```
system {
  scripts {
     commit {
       file ex-script.xsl;
     }
  }
}
interfaces {
  fxp0 {
     disable;
     unit 0 {
       family inet {
          address 10.0.0.1/24;
       }
     }
  }
}
```

2. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the **load merge** configuration mode command:



Merging a Snippet

To merge a snippet, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration snippet into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following snippet to a file and name the file **ex-script-snippet.conf**. Copy the **ex-script-snippet.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

commit {
 file ex-script-snippet.xsl; }

2. Move to the hierarchy level that is relevant for this snippet by issuing the following configuration mode command:

[edit] user@host# edit system scripts [edit system scripts]

3. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the **load merge relative** configuration mode command:

[edit system scripts] user@host# load merge relative /var/tmp/ex-script-snippet.conf load complete

For more information about the **load** command, see CLI Explorer.

Documentation Conventions

Table 1 on page xii defines notice icons used in this guide.

Table 1: Notice Icons

lcon	Meaning	Description
i	Informational note	Indicates important features or instructions.
	Caution	Indicates a situation that might result in loss of data or hardware damage.
4	Warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury or death.
	Laser warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury from a laser.
\bigcirc	Тір	Indicates helpful information.
	Best practice	Alerts you to a recommended use or implementation.

Table 2 on page xii defines the text and syntax conventions used in this guide.

Table 2:	Text and	Syntax	Conventions
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Convention	Description	Examples	
Bold text like this	Represents text that you type.	To enter configuration mode, type the configure command: user@host> configure	
Fixed-width text like this	Represents output that appears on the terminal screen.	user@host> show chassis alarms No alarms currently active	
Italic text like this	 Introduces or emphasizes important new terms. Identifies guide names. Identifies RFC and Internet draft titles. 	 A policy <i>term</i> is a named structure that defines match conditions and actions. Junos OS CLI User Guide RFC 1997, BGP Communities Attribute 	

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions (continued)

Convention	Description	Examples	
Italic text like this	Represents variables (options for which you substitute a value) in commands or configuration statements.	Configure the machine's domain name: [edit] root@ # set system domain-name <i>domain-name</i>	
Text like this	Represents names of configuration statements, commands, files, and directories; configuration hierarchy levels; or labels on routing platform components.	 To configure a stub area, include the stub statement at the [edit protocols ospf area area-id] hierarchy level. The console port is labeled CONSOLE. 	
< > (angle brackets)	Encloses optional keywords or variables.	stub <default-metric <i="">metric>;</default-metric>	
(pipe symbol)	Indicates a choice between the mutually exclusive keywords or variables on either side of the symbol. The set of choices is often enclosed in parentheses for clarity.	broadcast multicast (string1 string2 string3)	
# (pound sign)	Indicates a comment specified on the same line as the configuration statement to which it applies.	rsvp {	
[] (square brackets)	Encloses a variable for which you can substitute one or more values.	community name members [community-ids]	
Indention and braces ({ })	Identifies a level in the configuration hierarchy.	[edit] routing-options { static {	
; (semicolon)	Identifies a leaf statement at a configuration hierarchy level.	route default {	

GUI Conventions

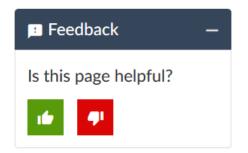
Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions (continued)

Convention	Description	Examples
Bold text like this	Represents graphical user interface (GUI) items you click or select.	 In the Logical Interfaces box, select All Interfaces. To cancel the configuration, click Cancel.
> (bold right angle bracket)	Separates levels in a hierarchy of menu selections.	In the configuration editor hierarchy, select Protocols>Ospf .

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- Click the thumbs-down icon if the information on the page was not helpful to you or if you have suggestions for improvement, and use the pop-up form to provide feedback.
- E-mail—Send your comments to techpubs-comments@juniper.net. Include the document or topic name, URL or page number, and software version (if applicable).

Requesting Technical Support

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covered under warranty, and need post-sales technical support, you can access our tools and resources online or open a case with JTAC.

- JTAC policies—For a complete understanding of our JTAC procedures and policies, review the JTAC User Guide located at https://www.juniper.net/us/en/local/pdf/resource-guides/7100059-en.pdf.
- Product warranties—For product warranty information, visit https://www.juniper.net/support/warranty/.
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Self-Help Online Tools and Resources

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- Find CSC offerings: https://www.juniper.net/customers/support/
- Search for known bugs: https://prsearch.juniper.net/
- Find product documentation: https://www.juniper.net/documentation/
- Find solutions and answer questions using our Knowledge Base: https://kb.juniper.net/
- Download the latest versions of software and review release notes: https://www.juniper.net/customers/csc/software/
- Search technical bulletins for relevant hardware and software notifications: https://kb.juniper.net/InfoCenter/
- Join and participate in the Juniper Networks Community Forum: https://www.juniper.net/company/communities/
- Create a service request online: https://myjuniper.juniper.net

To verify service entitlement by product serial number, use our Serial Number Entitlement (SNE) Tool: https://entitlementsearch.juniper.net/entitlementsearch/

Creating a Service Request with JTAC

You can create a service request with JTAC on the Web or by telephone.

- Visit https://myjuniper.juniper.net.
- Call 1-888-314-JTAC (1-888-314-5822 toll-free in the USA, Canada, and Mexico).

For international or direct-dial options in countries without toll-free numbers, see https://support.juniper.net/support/requesting-support/.



Overview

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Interface Module Overview

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MX Series Interface Module Overview

Juniper Networks MX Series 5G Universal Routing Platforms process incoming and outgoing packets on several different types of interface modules (also known as line cards), including Dense Port Concentrators (DPCs), Flexible Port Concentrators (FPCs) with associated Physical Interface Cards (PICs), Trio Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) with associated Modular Interface Cards (MICs). FPCs are populated with PICs for various interface types. DPCs and MPCs combine the functions of FPCs and the PICs, and with associated physical interfaces support a variety of interface types. The configuration syntax for each type of line card is the same: **type-fpc/pic/port**.

Switch Control Boards (MX-SCBs, MX-SCBEs, MX-SCBE2s, and SCB3s) provide full line-rate performance and redundancy without a loss of bandwidth for all MX series routers. Switch Fabric Boards (SFBs) provide increased fabric bandwidth per slot for MX2000 routers. Routing Engines (REs) and Control Boards with Routing Engines (CB-REs) provide the software processes that run Junos OS.

- Dense Port Concentrators (DPCs)—A DPC provides multiple physical interfaces and Packet Forwarding Engines on a single board that installs into a slot within the MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers. See the following topics for more information about DPCs:
 - MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
 - DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8
- Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) provide packet forwarding services. The MPCs are inserted into a slot in an MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, and MX2020 router. MPCs for MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers install directly into the router chassis. Modular Interface Cards (MICs) provide the physical interfaces and install into the MPCs. You can install up to two MICs of different media types in the same MPC as long as the MPC supports those MICs. See the following topics for information about MPCs:
 - MX Series MPC Overview on page 13
 - MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 14

- MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 33
- Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers on page 325
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers on page 355
- Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers on page 365
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers on page 374
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC6E for MX2000 Routers on page 383
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- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers on page 404
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC on page 412
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 Router on page 414
- Modular Interface Cards (MICs) provide physical interfaces for the router. MICs install into Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) which provide packet forwarding services. MICs and MPCs function similarly to PICs and FPCs. MPCs install vertically in the MX2020, MX2010, MX2008, and MX960 router chassis, and horizontally in the MX480 and MX240 router chassis. On MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers, MICs install directly into the router chassis. There are also fixed-configuration MPCs, with built-in network ports or services functionality, that do not accept MICs. The maximum number of supported MPCs varies per router and hardware configuration. See the following topics for information about MICs:
 - MX Series MIC Overview on page 21
 - MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 22
 - MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 33
- Flexible PIC Concentrators (FPCs) and Physical Interface Cards (PICs) function similarly to MICs and MPCs. PICs provide physical interfaces for the router, and install into FPCs, which provide packet forwarding services. FPCs are installed into a slot in an MX240, MX480, and MX960 router. See the following topics for information about PICs and FPCs:
 - MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 43
 - High Availability Features on page 44
 - FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 44
 - PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 45
- Switch Fabric Boards (SFBs) provide increased fabric bandwidth per slot. The MX2000 line of routers can support eight Switch Fabric Boards (SFB) and eight Enhanced Switch Fabric Boards (SFB2) but not both at the same time. The SFB is supported on MX2010 and MX2020 routers. See the following topics for information about SFBs:

- MX2000 Switch Fabric Board (SFB)
- MX2000 Enhanced Switch Fabric Board (SFB2)
- Switch Control Boards (SCBs) control power to MPCs, monitor and control system functions such as fan speed and the system front panel, and manage clocking, resets, and boots.

Depending on the MX chassis and the level of redundancy, the number of SCBs can vary. The MX240 and MX480 require two SCBs for 1+1 redundancy, whereas the MX960 requires three SCBs for 2+1 redundancy.

There are four generations of SCBs for MX Series 5G Universal Routing Platforms: SCB-MX, SCBE-MX, SCBE2-MX, and SCBE3-MX. See the following topics for more information about SCBs:

- MX-Series Switch Control Board (SCB) Overview
- SCBE3-MX Description
- SCBE2-MX Description
- SCBE-MX Description
- SCB-MX Description
- MX-ADC is a special line card adapter (ADC) for line cards that were designed to work with the MX-SCB and MX-SCBE line cards (MPC1E, MPC2E, and MPC3E). It is supported only for MX2010 and MX2020 routers. The ADC is a hardware casing that fits into a line card slot. The MPCs attach to the ADCs which in turn attach to the backplane. See the following topics for more information about the MX-ADC:
 - MX2000 Adapter Card (ADC) Description
- Routing Engines (REs) and Control Boards with Routing Engines (CB-REs) provide the software processes
 that run Junos OS. The routing engine maintains the routing tables, manages the routing protocols used
 on the router, controls the router interfaces, controls some chassis components, and provides the
 interface for system management and user access to the router. Each CB-RE is a combined Routing
 Engine and Switch Control Board in one unit. See the following topics for information about REs and
 CB-REs for MX routers:
 - MX2000 Host Subsystem CB-RE Description
 - MX960 Routing Engine Description
 - MX480 Routing Engine Description
 - MX240 Routing Engine Description
 - MX5, MX10, MX40, and MX80 Routing Engine Description
 - RE-S-X6-64G Routing Engine Description
 - RE-MX2000-1800x4 CB-RE Description
 - REMX2K-X8-64G and REMX2K-X8-64G-LT CB-RE Description
 - Routing Engine Specifications

DPCs Supported on MX Series Routers

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- MX Series DPC Overview | 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 8

MX Series DPC Overview

A Dense Port Concentrator (DPC) provides multiple physical interfaces and Packet Forwarding Engines (PFEs) on a single board that installs into a slot within the MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers. A DPC receives incoming packets from the network and sends outgoing packets to the network. The PFEs on a DPC are equipped with purpose-built ASICs that perform packet processing and forwarding.

In addition to Layer 3 routing capabilities, the DPCs also have many Layer 2 functions that allow MX Series routers to be used for many virtual LAN (VLAN) and other Layer 2 network applications.

NOTE: In the Junos OS CLI, you use the FPC syntax to configure or display information about DPCs, and you use the PIC syntax to configure or display information about Packet Forwarding Engines on the DPCs.

DPCs install vertically in the MX960 router chassis and horizontally in the MX480 and MX240 router chassis. The maximum number of supported DPCs varies per router:

- MX960 router—up to 12 DPCs
- MX480 router—up to 6 DPCs
- MX240 router—up to 3 DPCs

When a slot is not occupied by a DPC, you must insert a blank DPC to fill the empty slot and ensure proper cooling of the system. For complete information about installing and handling DPCs, see the hardware guide for your router.

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) | 303

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) | 309

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) | 315

Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) | 320

DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

NOTE: These DPCs have all been announced as End of Life (EOL). The End of Support (EOS) milestone dates for each model are published at https://www.juniper.net/support/eol/mseries_hw.html.

Table 3 on page 8 lists the DPCs supported by the MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.

Table 3: DPCs Supported in MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

DPC Name	DPC Model Number	Ports	Maximum Throughput per DPC	First Junos OS Release
Gigabit Ethernet				
"Gigabit Ethernet DPC with SFP" on page 58	DPC-R-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-2009-06-400)	40	40 Gbps	8.2
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP" on page 60	DPCE-R-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	40	40 Gbps	8.4
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP" on page 63	DPCE-X-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	40	40 Gbps	8.4

DPC Name	DPC Model Number	Ports	Maximum Throughput per DPC	First Junos OS Release
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with SFP" on page 65	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)	40	40 Gbps	8.5
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs with SFP" on page 68	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)	20	20 Gbps	9.1
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs with SFP" on page 68	DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-2011-07-314)	40	40 Gbps	8.5
"10-Gigabit Ethernet DPC with XFP" on page 71	DPC-R-4XGE-XFP EOL (see PSN-2009-06-400)	4	40 Gbps	8.2

Table 3: DPCs Supported in MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers (continued)

10-Gigabit Ethernet

"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPCs with XFP" on page 73	DPCE-R-2XGE-XFP EOL (see PSN-2011-02-314)	2	20 Gbps	9.1
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPCs with XFP" on page 73	DPCE-R-4XGE-XFP EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	4	40 Gbps	8.4
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with XFP" on page 76	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	4	40 Gbps	8.4
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with XFP" on page 78	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)	4	40 Gbps	8.5

Table 3: DPCs Supported in MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers (continued)

DPC Name	DPC Model Number	Ports	Maximum Throughput per DPC	First Junos OS Release
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with XFP" on page 80	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP EOL (see PSN-2011-02-314)	4	40 Gbps	8.5

Mulit-Rate Ethernet

"Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP and XFP" on page 82	DPCE-R-20GE-2XGE EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	22	40 Gbps	9.2
"Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP and XFP" on page 85	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE EOL (see PSN-2011-02-314)	22	40 Gbps	9.2
"Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with SFP and XFP" on page 88	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	22	40 Gbps	9.3

Tri-Rate Ethernet

DPCE-R-40GE-TX	40	40 Gbps	9.1
EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)			
DPCE-X-40GE-TX	40	40 Gbps	9.1
EOL (see PSN-2011-07-315.)			
	EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851) DPCE-X-40GE-TX EOL (see	EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851) DPCE-X-40GE-TX 40 EOL (see	EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)40DPCE-X-40GE-TX40EOL (see40

Services

"Multiservices DPC" on page 91	MS-DPC EOL (see PSN-TSB16812)	2 (Not supported)	-	9.3
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RELATED DOCUMENTATION

Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) | 295 Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) | 303 Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) | 309 Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) | 315 Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) | 320

MPCs Supported on MX Series Routers

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MX Series MPC Overview

Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) provide packet forwarding services. The MPCs are inserted into a slot in an MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 router. MPCs for MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers install directly into the router chassis. Modular Interface Cards (MICs) provide the physical interfaces and install into the MPCs. You can install up to two MICs of different media types in the same MPC as long as the MPC supports those MICs.

A specialized fixed configuration MPC provides higher port density over MICs and combines packet forwarding and Ethernet interfaces onto a single line card. The fixed configuration MPC is inserted into a slot in a router and contains no slots for MICs.

MICs receive incoming packets from the network and transmit outgoing packets to the network. During this process, each MIC performs framing and high-speed signaling for its media type. Before transmitting outgoing data packets through the MIC interfaces, the MPCs encapsulate the packets received. Each MPC is equipped with up to four Junos Trio chipsets, which perform control functions tailored to the MPC's media type.

You must install a high-capacity fan tray to use an MPC. When a slot is not occupied by an MPC, you must insert a blank DPC to fill the empty slot and ensure proper cooling of the system. For complete information about installing and handling MPCs, see the hardware guide for your router.

The maximum number of supported MPCs varies per router and hardware configuration:

- MX2020 router—Up to 20 MPCs (For power requirements, see Calculating AC Power Requirements for MX2020 Routers and Calculating DC Power Requirements for MX2020 Routers).
- MX2010 router—Up to 10 MPCs (For power requirements, see Calculating AC Power Requirements for MX2010 Routers and Calculating DC Power Requirements for MX2010 Routers.)

- MX960 router—Up to 12 MPCs (For power requirements, see *Calculating Power Requirements for MX960 Routers*.)
- MX480 router—Up to 6 MPCs (For power requirements, see*Calculating Power Requirements for MX480 Routers.*)
- MX240 router—Up to 3 MPCs (For power requirements, see *Calculating Power Requirements for MX240 Routers.*)

MX80 router-One fixed 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with four ports for uplink connections.

NOTE: The MX80 router is available as a modular (MX80) or fixed (MX80-48T) chassis. Both chassis have a fixed Modular Interface Card (MIC) that has 3 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports. The fixed MX80 router has an additional 48 10/100/1000Base-T RJ45 ports. The modular chassis has two dedicated slots for MICs.

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Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers 374
Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC6E for MX2000 Routers 383
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MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers

Table 4 on page 15 lists the MPCs and their first supported Junos OS release on MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 routers.

		First					
		Junos OS					
		Release	First				
		on	Junos	First	First	First	First
		MX240,	OS	Junos OS	Junos OS	Junos OS	Junos OS
		MX480,	Release	Release	Release	Release	Release
		and	on	on	on	on	on
		MX960	MX2008	MX2010	MX2020	MX10003	MX10008
MPC Name	MPC Model Number	Routers	Routers	Routers	Routers	Routers	Routers

Fixed Configuration MPCs

"16x10GE MPC" on page 100	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFP	10.0R2	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"Multiservices MPC" on page 103	MS-MPC	13.2R4	15.1F7	15.1	15.1	-	-
"32x10GE MPC4E" on page 131	MPC4E-3D- 32XGE-SFPP	12.3R2	15.1F7	12.3R2	12.3R2	-	-
"2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E" on page 133	MPC4E-3D- 2CGE-8XGE	12.3R2	15.1F7	12.3R2	12.3R2	-	-
"6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5E" on page 135	MPC5E-40G10G	13.3R2	15.1F7	13.3R2	13.3R2	-	-
"6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5EQ" on page 137	MPC5EQ-40G10G	13.3R2	15.1F7	13.3R2	13.3R2	-	-
"2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5E" on page 140	MPC5E-100G10G	13.3R3	15.1F7	13.3R3	13.3R3	-	-
"2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5EQ" on page 142	MPC5EQ-100G10G	13.3R3	15.1F7	13.3R3	13.3R3	-	-

			-				
MPC Name	MPC Model Number	First Junos OS Release on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2008 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2010 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2020 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10003 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10008 Routers
"MPC7E (Multi-Rate)" on page 145	MPC7E-MRATE	 15.1F4 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	15.1F7	 15.1F4 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	 15.1F4 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	-	-
"MPC7E 10G" on page 147	MPC7E-10G	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	15.1F7	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	_	_
MPCs	I	1		1		1	
"MPC1" on page 106	MX-MPC1-3D	10.2	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC1E" on page 107	MX-MPC1E-3D	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC1 Q" on page 109	MX-MPC1-3D-Q	10.2	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC1E Q" on page 110	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2" on page 112	MX-MPC2-3D	10.1	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2E" on page 113	MX-MPC2E-3D	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	
"MPC2 Q" on page 115	MX-MPC2-3D-Q	10.1	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2E Q" on page 116	MX-MPC2E-3D-Q	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-

MPC Name	MPC Model Number	First Junos OS Release on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2008 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2010 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2020 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10003 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10008 Routers
"MPC2 EQ" on page 118	MX-MPC2-3D-EQ	10.1	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2E EQ" on page 119	MX-MPC2E-3D-EQ	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2E P" on page 121	MX-MPC2E-3D-P	12.2	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2E NG" on page 122	MX-MPC2E-3D-NG	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	15.1F7	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	-	-
"MPC2E NG Q" on page 124	MX-MPC2E-3D-NG-Q	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	15.1F7	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	_	-
"MPC3E" on page 126	MX-MPC3E-3D	12.1	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC3E NG" on page 127	MX-MPC3E-3D-NG	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	15.1F7	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	_	-

MPC Name	MPC Model Number	First Junos OS Release on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2008 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2010 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2020 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10003 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10008 Routers
"MPC3E NG Q" on page 129	MX-MPC3E-3D-NG-Q	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	15.1F7	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	-	-
"MPC6E" on page 144	MX2K-MPC6E	-	15.1F7	13.3R2	13.3R2	-	-
"MPC8E" on page 149	MX2K-MPC8E	_	15.1F7	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	_	_
"MPC9E" on page 151	МХ2К-МРС9Е	_	15.1F7	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	_	-
"MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate)" on page 159	MX10003-LC2103	-	-	-	-	17.3	
"Line card (MX10K-LC2101)" on page 161	JNP10K-LC2101	-	-	-	_	-	18.2R1

MPC Name	MPC Model Number	First Junos OS Release on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2008 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2010 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2020 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10003 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10008 Routers
"MPC10E-15C-MRATE" on page 156	MPC10E-15C-MRATE	19.1R1	-	-	-	-	-

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Junos Continuity Software Overview

Pathfinder: Hardware Supported by Junos Continuity Software

MICs Supported on MX Series Routers

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MX Series MIC Overview

MICs provide the physical connections to various network media types. MICs allow different physical interfaces to be supported on a single line card. You can install MICs of different media types on the same router as long as the router supports those MICs.

MICs receive incoming packets from the network and transmit outgoing packets to the network. During this process, each MIC performs framing and high-speed signaling for its media type. MICs install into Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) which provide packet forwarding services. Before transmitting outgoing data packets through the MIC interfaces, the Modular Port Concentrator (MPCs) encapsulate the packets received. Each MPC is equipped with up to four Junos Trio chipsets, which perform control functions tailored to the MPC's media type.

MICs and MPCs function similarly to PICs and FPCs. MICs are hot-removable and hot-insertable. You can install up to two MICs of different media types in the same MPC as long as the MPC supports those MICs. Depending on the MX router chassis, the MICs install vertically or horizontally into MPCs, or directly into the MX router chassis as follows:

- Vertically into MPCs- MX960, MX2008, MX2010, and MX2020 routers
- Horizontally into MPCs-MX10003, MX480, and MX240 routers
- Directly into the router chassis-MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers

NOTE: The MX80 router is available as a modular (MX80) or fixed (MX80-48T) chassis. Both chassis have a fixed Modular Interface Card (MIC) that has 3 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports. The fixed MX80 router has an additional 48 10/100/1000Base-T RJ45 ports. The modular chassis has two dedicated slots for MICs.

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MICs Supported by MX Series Routers

The following tables list the first supported Junos OS release for the MX Series.

- Table 5 on page 22 lists the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX240, MX480, MX960, and MX2008 routers.
- Table 6 on page 25 lists the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX2010 and MX2020 routers.
- Table 7 on page 28 list the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX5, MX10, and MX40 routers.
- Table 8 on page 30 lists the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX80 and MX104 routers.
- Table 9 on page 32 lists the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX10003 router.

Table 5: MICs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960 and MX2008 Routers

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	MX2008 Routers
АТМ				
"ATM MIC with SFP" on page 164	MIC-3D-80C3-20C12-ATM	8	12.1	15.1F7
DS3/E3	1	,		

Table 5: MICs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960 and MX2008 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	MX2008 Routers
"DS3/E3 MIC" on page 167	MIC-3D-8DS3-E3,	8	11.4	15.1F7
	MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B			

Circuit Emulation

"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	16	12.3	15.1F7
Emulation MIC" on page 221				

Gigabit Ethernet

"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 173	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	20	10.1	15.1F7
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 177	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	20	13.3	15.1F7
Gigabit Ethernet MIC with 256b-AES MACSEC	MIC-MACSEC-20GE	20	18.3	-

10-Gigabit Ethernet

			×	2
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	2	10.2	15.1F7
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP	4	10.1	15.1F7
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports)" on page 186	MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP	10	12.3	15.1F7
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 188	MIC6-10G	24	-	15.1F7
"10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 189	MIC6-10G-OTN	24	-	15.1F7

Table 5: MICs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960 and MX2008 Routers (continued)

			MX240, MX480, and	MX2008
MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX960 Routers	Routers
40-Gigabit Ethernet				
"40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+" on page 191	MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP	2	12.2	15.1F7
100-Gigabit Ethernet				
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP" on page 193	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP	1	12.1	15.1F7
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP" on page 195	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP	1	12.2	15.1F7
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports)" on page 196	MIC6-100G-CXP	4	-	15.1F7
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2" on page 198	MIC6-100G-CFP2	2	-	15.1F7
100-Gigabit DWDM OTN				
"100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with CFP2-ACO" on page 200	MIC3-100G-DWDM	1	15.1F5 15.1F6 17.1R1	15.1F7
Multi-Rate				
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 237	MIC-3D-40C30C12-10C48	4	11.2	15.1F7
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 237	MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48	8	11.2	15.1F7
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 210	MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12	4	11.4	15.1F7

Table 5: MICs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960 and MX2008 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	MX2008 Routers		
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 210	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12	8	11.4	15.1F7		
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 216	MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	4	12.2	15.1F7		
"MIC MRATE" on page 232 (12-Port Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+)	MIC-MRATE	12	-	15.1F7		
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 241 (12-Port Multi-Rate MACsec MIC with QSFP+)	MIC-MACSEC-MRATE	12		17.4		
Tri-Rate						
"Tri-Rate MIC" on page 228	MIC-3D-40GE-TX	40	10.2	15.1F7		
Services	1	1	1			
"Multiservices MIC" on page 235	MS-MIC-16G	0	13.2	15.1F7		
SONET/SDH	1	,	1			
"SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 249	MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP	1	12.2	15.1F7		
Table 6: MICs Supported by MX2010 and MX2020 Routers						
MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX2010 Routers	MX2020 Routers		
АТМ						

"ATM MIC with SFP" on	MIC-3D-80C3-20C12-ATM	8	12.3	12.3
page 164				

Table 6: MICs Supported by MX2010 and MX2020 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX2010 Routers	MX2020 Routers
DS3/E3	,		'	
"DS3/E3 MIC" on page 167	MIC-3D-8DS3-E3,	8	12.3	12.3
	MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B			
Circuit Emulation	I		1	<u> </u>
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 221	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	16	_	-
Gigabit Ethernet	·		1	<u></u>
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 173	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	20	12.3	12.3
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 177	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	20	13.3	13.3
10-Gigabit Ethernet	I		1	<u></u>
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	2	12.3	12.3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP	4	12.3	12.3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports)" on page 186	MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP	10	12.3	12.3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 188	MIC6-10G	24	13.3R2	13.3R2
"10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 189	MIC6-10G-OTN	24	13.3R3	13.3R3

40-Gigabit Ethernet

Table 6: MICs Supported by MX2010 and MX2020 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX2010 Routers	MX2020 Routers
"40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+" on page 191	MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP	2	12.3	12.3

100-Gigabit Ethernet

"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP" on page 193	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP	1	12.3	12.3
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP" on page 195	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP	1	12.3	12.3
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports)" on page 196	MIC6-100G-CXP	4	13.3R2	13.3R2
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2" on page 198	MIC6-100G-CFP2	2	13.3R3	13.3R3

100-Gigabit DWDM OTN

"100-Gigabit DWDM OTN	MIC3-100G-DWDM	1	15.1F5	15.1F5
MIC with CFP2-ACO" on			15.1F6	15.1F6
page 200			17.1R1	17.1R1

Multi-Rate

"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 237	MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48	4	12.3	12.3
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 237	MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48	8	12.3	12.3
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 210	MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12	4	12.3	12.3
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 210	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12	8	12.3	12.3

Table 6: MICs Supported by MX2010 and MX2020 R	outors (continued)
Table 0. MICS Supported by MIX2010 and MIX2020 R	outers (continueu)

,		•		,			
MIC Name	MIC Model Number	P	MX2010 Ports Routers)		2020 iters
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 216	MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	4		12.3	12.3		3
"MIC MRATE" on page 232 (12-Port Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+)	MIC-MRATE	1	2	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 		 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 241 (12-Port Multi-Rate MACsec MIC with QSFP+)	MIC-MACSEC-MRATE	1	2	17.4		17.4	
Tri-Rate							
"Tri-Rate MIC" on page 228	MIC-3D-40GE-TX		0	12.3		12.3	
Services	·						
"Multiservices MIC" on page 235	MS-MIC-16G	0		13.2		13.2	
SONET/SDH	·	Į					
"SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 249	MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP	1		12.3		12.3	3
Table 7: MICs Supported by	MX5, MX10, and MX40 Rou	uters					
MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	МХ	5	MX10		MX40
АТМ			•				
"ATM MIC with SFP" on page 164	MIC-3D-80C3-20C12-ATM	8 12.1		L	12.1		12.1
DS3/E3					1		1
"DC2/E2 MIC" on page 147		0	11/	1	11.4		11 /

"DS3/E3 MIC" on page 167	MIC-3D-8DS3-E3,	8	11.4	11.4	11.4
	MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B				

Table 7: MICs Supported by MX5, MX10, and MX40 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX5	MX10	MX40		
Circuit Emulation							
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 221	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	16	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2		
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H)" on page 225	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE-H	16	-	-	-		
Gigabit Ethernet							
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 173	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	20	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4		
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 177	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	20	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2		
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH)" on page 181	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-EH	20	_	-	-		
10-Gigabit Ethernet		,	1		<u> </u>		
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	2	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4		
Multi-Rate		ļ	I		<u> </u>		
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 237	MIC-3D-40C30C12-10C48	4	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4		
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 237	MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48	8	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4		
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 210	MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12	4	11.4	11.4	11.4		
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 210	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12	8	11.4	11.4	11.4		

Table 7: MICs Supported by MX5, MX10, and MX40 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX5	MX10	MX40
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 216	MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	4	12.2	12.2	12.2
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H)" on page 219	MIC-4COC3-1COC12-CE-H	-	-	-	-

Tri-Rate

"Tri-Rate MIC" on page 228	MIC-3D-40GE-TX	40	-	11.2R4	11.2R4
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Services

"Multiservices MIC" on page 235	MS-MIC-16G	0	13.2 Rear slot only.	13.2 Rear slot only.	13.2 Rear slot only.
"SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 249	MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP	1	12.2	12.2	12.2

Table 8: MICs Supported by MX80 and MX104 Routers

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX80	MX104		
ATM						
"ATM MIC with SFP" on page 164	MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM	8	12.1	13.3		
DS3/E3						
"DS3/E3 MIC" on page 167	MIC-3D-8DS3-E3, MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B	8	11.4	13.3		
Circuit Emulation	·	-	·			

"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	16	13.2R2	13.2R2
Emulation MIC" on page 221				

Table 8: MICs Supported by MX80 and MX104 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX80	MX104
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H)" on page 225	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE-H	16	_	13.2R2

Gigabit Ethernet

"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 173	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	20	10.2	13.2R2
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 177	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	20	13.2R2	13.2R2
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH)" on page 181	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-EH	20	-	13.2R2
Gigabit Ethernet MIC with 256b-AES MACSEC	MIC-MACSEC-20GE	20	18.3	18.3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	2	10.2	13.2R2

Multi-Rate

"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 237	MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48	4	11.2	13.3
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 237	MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48	8	11.2	13.3
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 210	MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12	4	11.4	13.3
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 210	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12	8	11.4	13.3
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 216	MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	4	12.2	13.2R2

Table 8: MICs Supported by MX80 and MX104 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX80	MX104
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H)" on page 219	MIC-4COC3-1COC12-CE-H	-	-	13.2R2

Tri-Rate

"Tri-Rate MIC" on page 228	MIC-3D-40GE-TX	40	10.2	13.2R2
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Services

"Multiservices MIC" on page 235	MS-MIC-16G	0	13.2	13.3R2
page 200			Rear slot only.	NOTE State
			Supported on the	From
			modular MX80	Junos
			and fixed	OS
			MX80-48T	13.3R3,
				14.1R2,
				and
				14.2R1,
				MX104
				supports
				only
				two
				Mulitervices
				MICs.

SONET/SDH

"SONET/SDH OC192/STM64	MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP	1	12.2	13.3
MIC with XFP" on page 249				

Table 9: MICs Supported by MX10003 Router

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX10003
Multi-Rate			
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 241 (12-Port Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+)	JNP-MIC1	12	17.3

Table 9: MICs Supported by MX10003 Router (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX10003
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 241 (12-Port Multi-Rate MACsec MIC with QSFP+)	JNP-MIC1-MACSEC	12	17.3R2

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MX Series MIC Overview | 21 MIC/MPC Compatibility | 33

MIC/MPC Compatibility

The following tables provide a compatibility matrix for the MICs currently supported by MPC1, MPC2, MPC3, MPC6, MPC8, and MPC9 on MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 routers. Each table lists the first Junos OS release in which the MPC supports the MIC. For example, Junos OS Release 10.2 is the first release in which the MX-MPC1-3D supports the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP. An en dash indicates that the MIC is not supported.

Table 10: MIC/MPC1 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC1	MPC1E	MPC1 Q	MPC1E Q
MC3D8CC32OC12ATM ("ATM MIC with SFP" on page 164)	_	_	12.1	12.1R4
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP ("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 173)	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E ("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 177)	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2

Table 10: MIC/MPC1 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC1	MPC1E	MPC1 Q	MPC1E Q
MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP ("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 183)	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4
MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP ("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 183)	_	_	_	_
MIC-3D-40GE-TX ("Tri-Rate MIC" on page 228)	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4
MC3D40C30C1240C48 MC3D80C30C1240C48 ("SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 237)	11.2	11.2R4	11.2	11.2R4
MC3D400C3100C12CE ("Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 216)	_	_	12.2	12.2
MIC-3D-10C192-XFP ("SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 249)	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2

Table 10: MIC/MPC1 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC1	MPC1E	MPC1 Q	MPC1E Q
MC3D4CHOC32CHOC12 MC3D8CHOC34CHOC12 MC-4COC3-2COC12-G, MC-8COC3-4COC12-G ("Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 210)			11.4	11.4
MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE ("Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 221)	13.2 NOTE: Support for Non-Channelized MIC only.	13.2 NOTE: Support for Non-Channelized MIC only.	12.3	12.3
MIC-3D-8DS3-E3, MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B ("DS3/E3 MIC" on page 167) NOTE: You cannot run Channelized DS3 (MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3) on non-Q MPCs. Channelized DS3 is supported only on Q and EQ-based MPCs.	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
MIC-MACSEC-20GE Gigabit Ethernet MIC with 256b-AES MACSEC	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1
MS-MIC-16G ("Multiservices MIC" on page 235)	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.2

Table 11: MIC/MPC2 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC2	MPC2E	MPC2E NG	MPC2 Q	MPC2E Q	MPC2 EQ	MPC2E EQ	MPC2E P	MPC2E NG Q
MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM ("ATM MIC with SFP" on page 164)	-	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	12.1	12.1R4	12.1	12.1R4	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Juno Continuit 15.1
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP ("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 173)	10.1	11.2R4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	10.1	11.2R4	10.1	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Juno Continuit 15.1
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E ("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 177)	13.2R2	13.2R2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Juno Continuit 15.1
MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP ("10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP" on page 183)	10.2	11.2R4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Juno Continuit 15.1
MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP ("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 183)	10.1	11.2R4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	10.1	11.2R4	10.1	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Juno Continuit 15.1
MIC-3D-40GE-TX ("Tri-Rate MIC" on page 228)	10.2	11.2R4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Juno Continuit 15.1

Table 11: MIC/MPC2 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC2	MPC2E	MPC2E NG	MPC2 Q	MPC2E Q	MPC2 EQ	MPC2E EQ	MPC2E P	MPC2E NG Q
MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48, MIC-3D-8OC3OC12-4OC48 ("SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 237)	11.4	11.4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	-	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Juno Continuit 15.1
MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE ("Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 216)	-	_	_	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Juno Continuit 15.1
MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP ("SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 249)	12.2	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Juno Continuit 15.1
MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12, MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G, MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G ("Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 210)	-	_	15.1 with flexible queuing option	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	_	15.1 14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Juno Continuit
MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE ("Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 221)	13.2 NOTE: S Non- Channeli only.	Support for	15.1 with flexible queuing option	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.3	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Juno Continuit 15.1

Table 11: MIC/MPC2 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC2	MPC2E	MPC2E NG	MPC2 Q	MPC2E Q	MPC2 EQ	MPC2E EQ	MPC2E P	MPC2E NG Q
MIC-3D-8DS3-E3, MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B ("DS3/E3 MIC" on page 167) NOTE: You cannot run Channelized DS3 (MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3) on non-Q MPCs. Channelized DS3 is supported only on Q and EQ-based MPCs.	11.4	11.4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junor Continuity 15.1
MS-MIC-16G ("Multiservices MIC" on page 235) NOTE: Only one MS-MIC-16G can be installed into any MPC. MIC-MACSEC-20GE <i>Gigabit</i>	13.2 18.3R1	13.2 18.3R1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1 18.3R1	13.2 18.3R1	13.2 18.3R1	13.2 18.3R1	13.2 18.3R1	13.2 18.3R1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1 18.3R1
Ethernet MIC with 256b-AES	10.3K1	10.311	10.511	10.3K1	10.311	10.3K1	10.311	10.311	10.3K1

Table 12: MIC/MPC3 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC3E	MPC3E NG	MPC3E NG Q
MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM ("ATM MIC with SFP" on page 164)	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP ("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 173)	12.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E ("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 177)	13.2R2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1

Table 12: MIC/MPC3 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC3E	MPC3E NG	MPC3E NG Q
MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP	12.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP" on page 193)		15.1	15.1
MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos
("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on		Continuity	Continuity
page 183)		15.1	15.1
MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP	-	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos
("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on		Continuity	Continuity
page 183)		15.1	15.1
MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP	12.3	14.1R4, 14.2 R3 and Junos	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos
("10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10		Continuity	Continuity
Ports)" on page 186)		15.1	15.1
MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos
("40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+" on		Continuity	Continuity
page 191)		15.1	15.1
MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos
("100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP" on		Continuity	Continuity
page 195)		15.1	15.1
MIC3-100G-DWDM	15.1F5	15.1F5	15.1F5
("100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with	15.1F6	15.1F6	15.1F6
CFP2-ACO" on page 200)	17.1R1	17.1R1	17.1R1
MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48 MIC-3D-8OC3OC12-4OC48 ("SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 237)	13.3	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1

Table 12: MIC/MPC3 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC3E	MPC3E NG	MPC3E NG Q
MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP ("SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 249)	13.3	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE ("Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 216)	_	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE ("Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 221)	_	15.1 with flexible queuing option	15.1
MS-MIC-16G ("Multiservices MIC" on page 235) NOTE: On MPC3E, the installation of the Multiservices MIC (MS-MIC-16G) with MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP, MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP, or MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP does not meet the NEBS criteria. NOTE: Only one MS-MIC-16G can be installed into any MPC.	13.2R2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-40GE-TX "Tri-Rate MIC" on page 228	-	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48, MIC-3D-8OC3OC12-4OC48 "SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 237	12.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1

Table 12: MIC/MPC3 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC3E	MPC3E NG	MPC3E NG Q
MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12, MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G, MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G "Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 210	_	15.1 with flexible queuing option	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-8DS3-E3, MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B "DS3/E3 MIC" on page 167 NOTE: You cannot run Channelized DS3 (MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3) on non-Q MPCs. Channelized DS3 is supported only on Q and EQ-based MPCs.	12.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-MACSEC-20GE Gigabit Ethernet MIC with 256b-AES MACSEC	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1

Table 13: MIC/MPC6 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC6E
MIC6-10G	13.3R2
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 188	
MIC6-10G-OTN	13.3R3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 189	
MIC6-100G-CXP	13.3R2
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports)" on page 196	
MIC6-100G-CFP2	13.3R3
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2" on page 198	

Table 14: MIC/MPC8 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC8E
MIC-MRATE "MIC MRATE" on page 232	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1
MIC-MACSEC-MRATE "Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 241	17.4

Table 15: MIC/MPC9 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC9E
MIC-MRATE "MIC MRATE" on page 232	15.1F5 with Junos Continuity16.1R1
MIC-MACSEC-MRATE "Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 241	17.4

Table 16: MIC/MPC10003 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC10003
JNP-MIC1	17.3
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 241	
JNP-MIC1-MACSEC	17.3R2
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 241	

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MICs Supported by MX Series Routers | 22

Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

FPCs and PICs Supported on MX Series Routers

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- High Availability Features | 44
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 44
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 45

MX Series FPC and PIC Overview

Flexible PIC Concentrators (FPCs) and Physical Interface Cards (PICs) function similarly to MICs and MPCs. PICs provide physical interfaces for the router and install into FPCs which provide packet forwarding services. Each FPC supports up to two Physical Interface Cards (PICs). You can install PICs of different media types on the same router as long as the router supports those PICs.

PICs receive incoming packets from the network and transmit outgoing packets to the network. During this process, each PIC performs framing and high-speed signaling for its media type. Before transmitting outgoing data packets, the PICs encapsulate the packets received. Each PIC is equipped with a media-specific ASIC that performs control functions tailored to the PIC's media type.

An FPC occupies two Dense Port Concentrator (DPC) slots on an MX Series router. FPCs install vertically in the MX960 router chassis, and horizontally in the MX480 and MX240 router chassis. The maximum number of supported FPCs varies per router:

- MX960 router—6 FPCs
- MX480 router—3 FPCs
- MX240 router-1 FPC

MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers support 2 PICs per FPC. The maximum number of supported PICs varies per router:

- MX960 router-12 PICs
- MX480 router-6 PICs
- MX240 router-2 PICs

Blank PICs resemble other PICs but do not provide any physical connection or activity. When a slot is not occupied by a PIC, you must insert a blank PIC to fill the empty slot and ensure proper cooling of the system.

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

High Availability Features 44	
FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers 44	
PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers 45	

High Availability Features

High availability features include Routing Engine redundancy, graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES), nonstop bridging, nonstop active routing, graceful restart for routing protocols, Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP), and unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU). Some high availability features are not supported by all platforms and all PICs. For more information, see the *Unified ISSU System Requirements* in the *High Availability Feature Guide*.

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MX Series FPC and PIC Overview | **43** FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | **44** PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | **45**

FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

An FPC occupies two slots when installed in an MX240, MX480, or MX960 router. The maximum number of supported FPCs varies per router:

- MX960 router-6 FPCs
- MX480 router-3 FPCs
- MX240 router-1 FPC

Table 17 on page 45 lists FPCs supported by MX240 routers.

FPC Type	FPC Name	FPC Model Number	Maximum Number of PICs Supported	Maximum Throughput per FPC (Full-duplex)	First Junos OS Release
3	FPC3	MX-FPC3	2	20 Gbps	9.4
2	FPC2	MX-FPC2	2	10 Gbps	9.5

Table 17: FPCs Supported by MX Series Routers

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MX Series FPC and PIC Overview | 43 PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 45 High Availability Features | 44

PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

Table 18 on page 45 lists the PICs supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.

Table 18: PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

PIC Name	PIC Model Number	Ports	Туре	First Junos OS Release
Channelized IQ PICs				
"Channelized OC12/STM4 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP" on page 253	PB-4CHOC12-STM4-IQE-SFP	4	2	9.5
"Channelized OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP" on page 254	PB-1CHOC48-STM16-IQE	1	2	9.5

SONET/SDH PICs

"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1	PB-4OC3-1OC12-SON2-SFP	4	2	9.5
(Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP" on				
page 263				

PIC Name	PIC Model Number	Ports	Туре	First Junos OS Release
"SONET/SDH OC12/STM4 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP" on page 267	PB-4OC3-4OC12-SON-SFP	4	2	9.5
"SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP" on page 271	PC-4OC48-STM16-IQE-SFP	4	3	10.4R2
"SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP" on page 276	PB-1OC48-SON-B-SFP	1	2	9.5
"SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 PIC with SFP" on page 280	PC-4OC48-SON-SFP	4	3	9.4
"SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC" on page 284	PC-1OC192-SON-VSR	1	3	9.4
"SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC with XFP" on page 288	PC-1OC192-SON-XFP	1	3	9.4

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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Network Interface Specifications

IN THIS CHAPTER

- Determining Transceiver Support and Specifications | 47
- Cable and Connector Specifications for MX and PTX Series Devices | 48

Determining Transceiver Support and Specifications

You can find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device by using the Hardware Compatibility Tool. In addition to transceiver and connector type, the optical and cable characteristics—where applicable—are documented for each transceiver. The Hardware Compatibility Tool allows you to search by product, displaying all the transceivers supported on that device, or category, displaying all the transceivers by interface speed or type. The Hardware Compatibility Tool is located at https://apps.juniper.net/hct/.

Some transceivers support additional monitoring using the operational mode CLI command **show interfaces diagnostics optics**. Use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to determine if your transceiver supports monitoring. See the Junos OS documentation for your device for a description of the monitoring fields.

CAUTION: If you face a problem running a Juniper Networks device that uses a third-party optic or cable, the Juniper Networks Technical Assistance Center (JTAC) can help you diagnose the source of the problem. Your JTAC engineer might recommend that you check the third-party optic or cable and potentially replace it with an equivalent Juniper Networks optic or cable that is qualified for the device.

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

show interfaces diagnostics optics (Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, 40-Gigabit Ethernet, 100-Gigabit Ethernet, and Virtual Chassis Port)

show interfaces diagnostics optics (SONET)

show interfaces diagnostics optics

show interfaces diagnostics optics

show interfaces diagnostics optics

Cable and Connector Specifications for MX and PTX Series Devices

IN THIS SECTION

- 12-Fiber MPO Connectors | 48
- 24-Fiber MPO Connectors | 52
- LC Duplex Connectors | 53

The transceivers that are supported on MX Series and PTX Series devices use fiber-optic cables and connectors. The type of connector and the type of fiber depends on the transceiver type.

You can determine the type of cable and connector required for your specific transceiver by using the Hardware Compatibility Tool.



CAUTION: To maintain agency approvals, use only a properly constructed, shielded cable.

NOTE: The terms multifiber push-on (MPO) and multifiber termination push-on (MTP) describe the same connector type. The rest of this topic uses MPO to mean MPO or MTP.

12-Fiber MPO Connectors

There are two types of cables used with 12-fiber MPO connectors on Juniper Networks devices—patch cables with MPO connectors on both ends, and breakout cables with an MPO connector on one end and four LC duplex connectors on the opposite end. Depending on the application, the cables might use single-mode fiber (SMF) or multimode fiber (MMF). Juniper Networks sells cables that meet the supported transceiver requirements, but it is not required to purchase cables from Juniper Networks.

Ensure that you order cables with the correct polarity. Vendors refer to these crossover cables as *key up* to key up, latch up to latch up, Type B, or Method B. If you are using patch panels between two transceivers, ensure that the proper polarity is maintained through the cable plant.

Also, ensure that the fiber end in the connector is finished correctly. Physical contact (PC) refers to fiber that has been polished flat. Angled physical contact (APC) refers to fiber that has been polished at an angle. Ultra physical contact (UPC) refers to fiber that has been polished flat, to a finer finish. The required fiber end is listed with the connector type in the Hardware Compatibility Tool.

12-Fiber Ribbon Patch Cables with MPO Connectors

You can use 12-fiber ribbon patch cables with female MPO connectors to connect two transceivers of the same type—for example, 40GBASE-SR4-to-40GBASESR4 or 100GBASE-SR4-to-100GBASE-SR4. You can also connect 4x10GBASE-LR or 4x10GBASE-SR transceivers by using patch cables—for example, 4x10GBASE-LR-to-4x10GBASE-LR or 4x10GBASE-SR-to-4x10GBASE-SR-instead of breaking the signal out into four separate signals.

Table 19 on page 49 describes the signals on each fiber. Table 20 on page 50 shows the pin-to-pin connections for proper polarity.

Fiber	Signal
1	TxO (Transmit)
2	Tx1 (Transmit)
3	Tx2 (Transmit)
4	Tx3 (Transmit)
5	Unused
6	Unused
7	Unused
8	Unused
9	Rx3 (Receive)
10	Rx2 (Receive)
11	Rx1 (Receive)
12	Rx0 (Receive)

Table 19: Cable Signals for 12-Fiber Ribbon Patch Cables

MPO Pin	MPO Pin
1	12
2	11
3	10
4	9
5	8
6	7
7	6
8	5
9	4
10	3
11	2
12	1

Table 20: Cable Pinouts for 12-Fiber Ribbon Patch Cables

12-Fiber Ribbon Breakout Cables with MPO-to-LC Duplex Connectors

You can use 12-ribbon breakout cables with MPO-to-LC duplex connectors to connect a QSFP+ transceiver to four separate SFP+ transceivers—for example, 4x10GBASE-LR-to-10GBASE-LR or 4x10GBASE-SR-to-10GBASE-SR SFP+ transceivers. The breakout cable is constructed out of a 12-fiber ribbon fiber-optic cable. The ribbon cable splits from a single cable with a female MPO connector on one end, into four cable pairs with four LC duplex connectors on the opposite end.

Figure 1 on page 51 shows an example of a typical 12-ribbon breakout cable with MPO-to-LC duplex connectors (depending on the manufacture, your cable may look different).

Figure 1: 12-Ribbon Breakout Cable

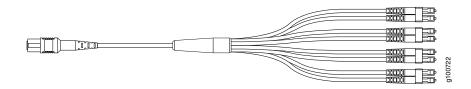


Table 21 on page 51 describes the way the fibers are connected between the MPO and LC duplex connectors. The cable signals are the same as those described in Table 19 on page 49.

MPO Connector Pin	LC Duplex Connector Pin
1	Tx on LC Duplex 1
2	Tx on LC Duplex 2
3	Tx on LC Duplex 3
4	Tx on LC Duplex 4
5	Unused
6	Unused
7	Unused
8	Unused
9	Rx on LC Duplex 4
10	Rx on LC Duplex 3
11	Rx on LC Duplex 2
12	Rx on LC Duplex 1

Table 21: Cable Pinouts for 12-Fiber Ribbon Breakout Cables

12-Ribbon Patch and Breakout Cables Available from Juniper Networks

Juniper Networks sells 12-ribbon patch and breakout cables with MPO connectors that meet the requirements described above. It is not required to purchase cables from Juniper Networks. Table 22 on page 52 describes the available cables.

Cable Type	Connector Type	Fiber Type	Cable Length	Juniper Model Number
12-ribbon patch	Female MPO/PC to female MPO/PC, key up to key up	MMF (OM3)	1 m	MTP12-FF-M1M
			3 m	MTP12-FF-M3M
			5 m	MTP12-FF-M5M
			10 m	MTP12-FF-M10M
	Female MPO/APC to female MPO/APC, key up to key up	SMF	1 m	MTP12-FF-S1M
			3 m	MTP12-FF-S3M
			5 m	MTP12-FF-S5M
			10 m	MTP12-FF-S10M
12-ribbon breakout	Female MPO/PC, key up, to four LC/UPC duplex	MMF (OM3)	1 m	MTP-4LC-M1M
			3 m	MTP-4LC-M3M
			5 m	MTP-4LC-M5M
			10 m	MTP-4LC-M10M
	Female MPO/APC, key up, to four LC/UPC duplex	SMF	1 m	MTP-4LC-S1M
			3 m	MTP-4LC-S3M
			5 m	MTP-4LC-S5M
			10 m	MTP-4LC-S10M

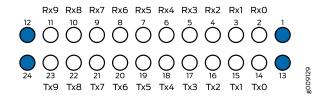
Table 22: 12-Ribbon Patch and Breakout Cables Available from Juniper Networks

24-Fiber MPO Connectors

You can use patch cables with 24-fiber MPO connectors to connect two supported transceivers of the same type—for example, 100GBASE-SR10-to-100GBASE-SR10.

Figure 2 on page 53 shows the 24-fiber MPO optical lane assignments.

Figure 2: 24-Fiber MPO Optical Lane Assignments



NOTE: Ensure that you order cables with the correct polarity. Vendors refer to these crossover cables as *key up to key up, latch up to latch up, Type B,* or *Method B.* If you are using patch panels between two transceivers, ensure that the proper polarity is maintained through the cable plant.

The MPO optical connector for the CFP2-100G-SR10-D3 is defined in *Section 5.6 of the CFP2 Hardware Specification and Section 88.10.3 of IEEE STD 802.3-2012*. These specifications include the following requirements:

- Recommended Option A in IEEE STD 802.3-2012.
- The transceiver receptacle is male. A patch cable with female connector is required to mate with the module.
- Ferrule finish shall be flat polished interface that is compliant with IEC 61754-7.
- Alignment key is key up.

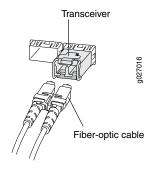
The optical interface must meet the requirement FT-1435-CORE in *Generic Requirements for Multi-Fiber Optical Connectors*. The module must pass the wiggle test defined by IEC 62150-3.

LC Duplex Connectors

You can use patch cables with LC duplex connectors to connect two supported transceivers of the same type—for example, 40GBASE-LR4-to-40GBASE-LR4 or 100GBASE-LR4-to100GBASE-LR4. The patch cable is one fiber pair with two LC duplex connectors at opposite ends. LC duplex connectors are also used with 12-fiber ribbon breakout cables, as described in "12-Fiber Ribbon Breakout Cables with MPO-to-LC Duplex Connectors" on page 50.

Figure 3 on page 54 shows an LC duplex connector being installed in a transceiver.

Figure 3: LC Duplex Connector





DPC, MPC, MIC, and PIC Descriptions

MX Series DPC Descriptions | 57

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MX Series DPC Descriptions

IN THIS CHAPTER

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- Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP | 60
- Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP | 63
- Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with SFP | 65
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Gigabit Ethernet DPC with SFP

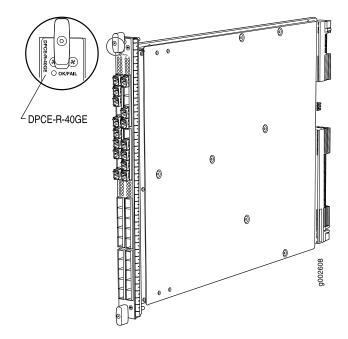
DPC-R-40GE					
Software release	Junos OS Release 8.2 and later				
	End-of-life (see notification PSN-2009-06-400)				
Description	 40 Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.98 A @ 48 V (335 W) 				
	 Power requirement: 0.98 A @ 48 V (335 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) 				
	• Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network				
	Model number: DPC-R-40GE-SFP				
	• Name in the CLI: DPC 40x 1GE R				
Hardware features	High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps				
	Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partnersFull-duplex mode				
	 Full-auplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes 				
Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms				
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 295 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.				

Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:			
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed			
	• pic: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports)			
	• port: 0 through 9			
	For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the top right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.			
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.			
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at			
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.			
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.			
	NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.			
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:			
	• Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.			
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.			
	• Red-DPC has failed.			
	Link LED, one green per port:			
	Off–No link.			
	• On steadily—Link is active.			
	The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:			
	• 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4			
	 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9 			
	• 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4			
	• 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9			
	• 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4			
	• 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9			
	• 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4			
	• 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9			

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DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 8

Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP



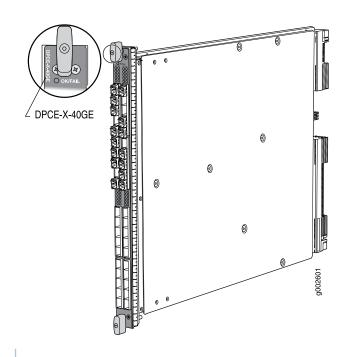
Software release	Junos OS Release 8.4 and later
Description	 40 Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.98 A @ 48 V (335 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPCE-R-40GE-SFP Name in the CLI: DPCE 40x 1GE R
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms	
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 295 for information about the protocols and applications that this DI supports.	
Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:	
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed	
	 pic: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports) when installed horizontally 	
	• port: 0 through 9	
	For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the top right row of 10 ports on a DI installed in slot 1.	
	For information on the interface numbering, see the DPC Port and Interface Numbering topic for the respective MX router.	
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggat transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.	
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at	
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series	
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing a removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.	
	NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will no recognize the SFP.	

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	• Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red-DPC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	Off—No link.
	On steadily—Link is active.
	The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:
	• 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
	• 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
	• 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
	• 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
	• 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
	• 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
	• 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
	• 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9

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Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP

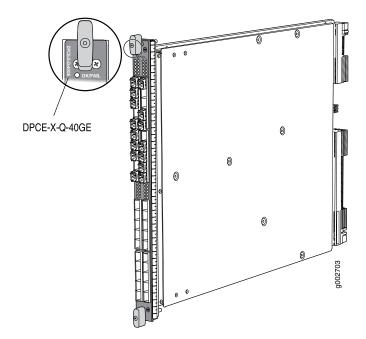


Software release	Junos OS Release 8.4 and later
Description	 40 Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.98 A @ 48 V (335 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPCE-X-40GE-SFP
	Name in the CLI: DPCE 40x 1GE X
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)" on page 303 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports. NOTE: The routing table is limited to 32,000 IP routes. This limitation applies to any manner in which the routes are learned, such as OSPF, RIP, and so on. The DPC supports BGP for L2 VPNs only.

Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	• pic: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports)
	• port: 0 through 9
	For example, ge- $1/3/0$ is the interface for port 0 in the top right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
	NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green-DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red-DPC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	Off–No link.
	• On steadily—Link is active.
	The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:
	• 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
	• 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
	• 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
	• 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
	• 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
	• 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
	• 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
	• 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9

DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 8

Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with SFP



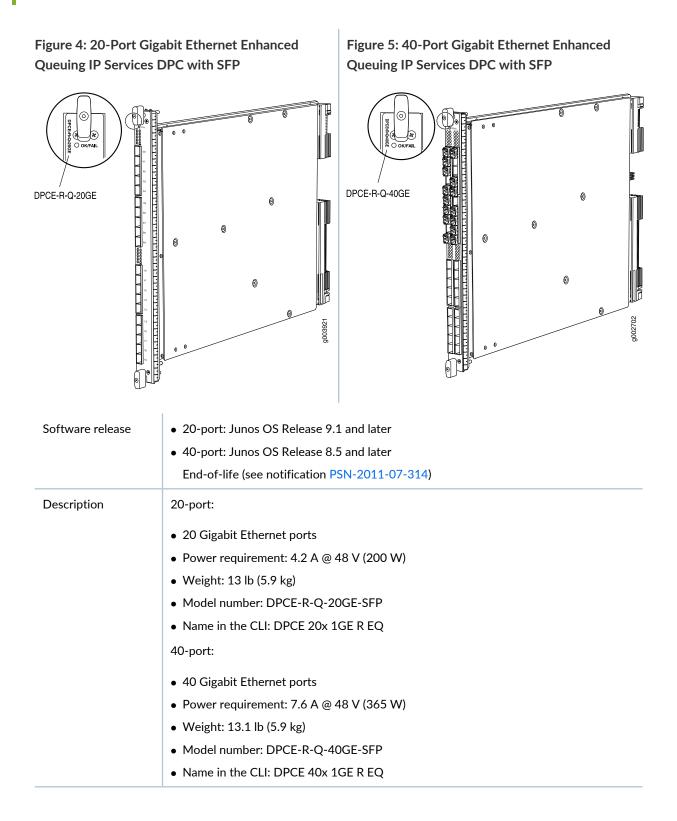
Software release	Junos OS Release 8.5 and later
Description	 40 Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 7.6 A @ 48 V (365 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP Name in the CLI: DPCE 40x 1GE X EQ
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q)" on page 315 for information about the protocols and application that this DPC supports.
	NOTE: The routing table is limited to 32,000 IP routes. This limitation applies to any manner in which the routes are learned, such as OSPF, RIP, and so on. The DPC suppor BGP for L2 VPNs only.
Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	 pic: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports)
	• port: 0 through 9
	For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the top right row of 10 ports on a DF installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggab transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Serie
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing a removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
	NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	• Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red-DPC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	Off—No link.
	On steadily—Link is active.
	The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:
	• 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
	• 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
	• 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
	• 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
	• 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
	• 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
	• 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
	• 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9

MX Series DPC Overview | 7

Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs with SFP



Hardware features	High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
	Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners
	Full-duplex mode
	Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
	Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)" on page 309 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.
Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	• pic:
	• 20-port: 0 (left row of 10 ports), or 1 (right row of 10 ports)
	• 40-port: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports)
	• port: 0 through 9
	For example, ge-1/1/0 is the interface for port 0 in the (top for 40-port) right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
	NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	• Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red-DPC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	• Off-No link.
	• On steadily—Link is active.
	The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:
	• 20-port:
	• 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
	• 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
	• 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4

- 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
- 40-port:
 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
 - 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
 - 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
 - 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
 - 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
 - 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
 - 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
 - 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9

MX Series DPC Overview | 7

10-Gigabit Ethernet DPC with XFP

	DPC-R-4XGE
Software release	 Junos OS Release 8.2 and later End-of-life (see notification PSN-2009-06-400)
Description	 Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.46 A @ 48 V (310 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Model number: DPC-R-4XGE-XFP Name in the CLI: DPC 4x 10GE R
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	 Configurable WAN-PHY mode options See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 295 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Interfaces	Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:
Interfaces	
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	• pic: 0 through 3
	• port: 0
	For example, $xe-1/3/0$ is the interface for the last port on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and
	removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red-DPC has failed.
	TUNNEL LED, one green per port:
	Off-Normal operating mode.
	On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off–No link.
	• On steadily-Link is active.
	The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom 0/0 through 3/0 .

MX Series DPC Overview | 7 DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 8

10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPCs with XFP

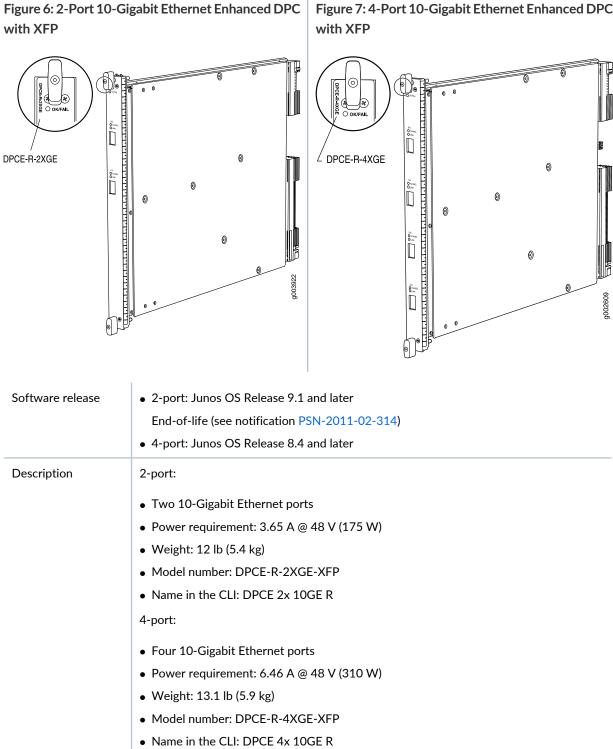


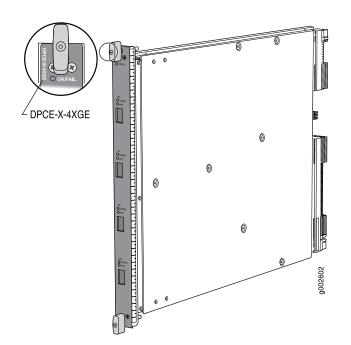
Figure 7: 4-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC

Hardware features	High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
	WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
	• LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	Full-duplex mode
	Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
	• Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	Configurable WAN-PHY mode options
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and
	DPCE-R)" on page 295 for information about the protocols and applications that these DPCs support.
Interfaces	Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	• pic:
	• 2-port: 0 or 1
	• 4-port: 0 through 3
	• port: 0
	For example, $xe-1/0/0$ is the interface for the first port on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red-DPC has failed.
	TUNNEL LED, one green per port:
	Off—Normal operating mode.
	On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off-No link.
	• On steadily—Link is active.
	The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom:
	• 2-port: 0/0 through 1/0
	• 4-port: 0/0 through 3/0

MX Series DPC Overview | 7

10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with XFP



Software release	Junos OS Release 8.4 and later
Description	 Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.46 A @ 48 V (310 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Model number: DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP Name in the CLI: DPCE 4x 10GE X
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	 Configurable WAN-PHY mode options See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)" on page 303 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports. NOTE: The routing table is limited to 32,000 IP routes. This limitation applies to any manner in which the routes are learned, such as OSPF, RIP, and so on. The DPC supports BGP for L2 VPNs only.

Interfaces	Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	• pic: 0 through 3
	• port: 0
	For example, $xe-1/0/0$ is the interface for the first port on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and
	removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red–DPC has failed.
	TUNNEL LED, one green per port:
	Off-Normal operating mode.
	On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off-No link.
	• On steadily—Link is active.
	The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom 0/0 through 3/0 .

MX Series DPC Overview | 7 DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 8

10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with XFP

DPCE-X-Q-4XGE	
Software release	Junos OS Release 8.5 and later
Description	 Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.87 A @ 48 V (330 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Model number: DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP Name in the CLI: DPCE 4x 10GE X EQ
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	 Configurable WAN-PHY mode options See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q)" on page 315 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports. NOTE: The routing table is limited to 32,000 IP routes. This limitation applies to any manner in which the routes are learned, such as OSPF, RIP, and so on. The DPC supports BGP for L2 VPNs only.

Interfaces	Syntax: xe- <i>fpc/pic/por</i> t where:
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	 pic: 0 through 3
	• port: 0
	For example, xe-1/0/0 is the interface for the first port on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red-DPC has failed.
	TUNNEL LED, one green per port:
	Off—Normal operating mode.
	On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off-No link.
	• On steadily-Link is active.
	The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom 0/0 through 3/0 .

MX Series DPC Overview | 7 DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 8

10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with XFP

	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE
Software release	 Junos OS Release 8.5 and later End-of-life (see notification PSN-2011-07-314)
Description	 Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.87 A @ 48 V (330 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Model number: DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP Name in the CLI: DPCE 4x 10GE R EQ
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	 Configurable WAN-PHY mode options See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)" on page 309 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Interfaces	Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	• pic: 0 through 3
	• port: 0
	For example, $xe-1/0/0$ is the interface for the first port on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and
	removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green-DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red-DPC has failed.
	TUNNEL LED, one green per port:
	Off-Normal operating mode.
	On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off-No link.
	• On steadily-Link is active.
	The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom 0/0 through 3/0 .

MX Series DPC Overview | 7 DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 8

Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP and XFP

DPCE-R-20/2GE	
Software release	Junos OS Release 9.2 and later
Description	 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports 2 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.94 A @ 48 V (333 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPCE-R-20GE-2XGE Name in the CLI: DPCE 20x 1GE + 2x 10GE R
Hardware features	 SFP ports: High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps XFP ports: High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

Software features	Configurable WAN-PHY mode options
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 295 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.
Interfaces	Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where:
	• mediatype: ge or xe
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	• pic:
	• ge: 0 or 1
	• xe: 2 or 3
	• port:
	• ge: 0 through 9
	• xe: 0
	For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for the port labeled PORT 3/0 on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	• Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red-DPC has failed.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	• Off–No link.
	• On steadily—Link is active.
	TUNNEL LED, one green per XFP port:
	Off—Normal operating mode.
	• On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.
	The SFP Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:
	• 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
	• 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
	• 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
	• 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
	The XFP ports are labeled top to bottom 2/0 and 3/0 .

MX Series DPC Overview | 7

Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP and XFP

DPCE-X-20/2GE	
Software release	Junos OS Release 9.2 and later Find of life (and matification DSN) 2011 07 214)
	• End-of-life (see notification PSN-2011-07-314)
Description	20 Gigabit Ethernet ports
	• 2 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	• Power requirement: 6.94 A @ 48 V (333 W)
	• Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
	 Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network
	Model number: DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE
	• Name in the CLI: DPCE 20x 1GE + 2x 10GE X
Hardware features	• SFP ports:
	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
	• XFP ports:
	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
	WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
	• LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	Full-duplex mode
	• Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
	• Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

Software features	Configurable WAN-PHY mode options
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)" on page 303 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.
Interfaces	Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where:
	• mediatype: ge or xe
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	• pic:
	• ge: 0 or 1
	• xe: 2 or 3
	• port:
	• ge: 0 through 9
	• xe: 0
	For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for the port labeled PORT 3/0 on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	• Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red–DPC has failed.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off-No link.
	• On steadily—Link is active.
	TUNNEL LED, one green per XFP port:
	Off—Normal operating mode.
	• On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.
	The SFP Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:
	• 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
	• 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
	• 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
	• 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
	The XFP ports are labeled top to bottom 2/0 and 3/0 .

MX Series DPC Overview | 7

Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with SFP and XFP

DPCE-R-Q-20/2XGE	
Software release	Junos OS Release 9.3 and later
Description	• 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports
	• 2 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	• Power requirement: 6.98 A @ 48 V (335 W)
	• Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
	• Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network
	Model number: DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE
	• Name in the CLI: DPCE 20x 1GE + 2x 10GE R EQ
Hardware features	SFP ports:
	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
	• XFP ports:
	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
	• WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
	LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	Full-duplex mode
	 Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
	• Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

Software features	Configurable WAN-PHY mode options
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs
	(DPCE-R-Q)" on page 309 for information about the protocols and applications that this
	DPC supports.
Interfaces	Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where:
	• mediatype: ge or xe
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	• pic:
	• ge: 0 or 1
	• xe: 2 or 3
	• port:
	• ge: 0 through 9
	• xe: 0
	For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for the port labeled PORT 3/0 on a DPC installed
	in slot 1.
Cables and	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red–DPC has failed.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off-No link.
	• On steadily—Link is active.
	TUNNEL LED, one green per XFP port:
	Off—Normal operating mode.
	• On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.
	The SFP Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:
	• 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
	• 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
	• 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
	• 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
	The XFP ports are labeled top to bottom 2/0 and 3/0 .

MX Series DPC Overview | 7

Multiservices DPC

MS-DPC	
Software release	Junos OS Release 9.3 and later
Description	• Power requirement: 5.52 A @ 48 V (265 W)
	• Weight: 14.7 lb (6.7 kg)
	• Supports tunnel services. This feature is included with the DPC and does not require an individual license.
	Individual licenses must be purchased for additional services.
	• Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network
	• The maximum number of supported MS-DPCs is as follows except where noted in "Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC)" on page 320:
	• MX240 router: 2
	MX480 router: 4
	MX960 router: 6
	Model number: MS-DPC
Hardware features	Active monitoring on up to 10 million flows
	Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
	• Two Multiservices Processing Units (MSPUs) per DPC, which include two 1.1Ghz multicore CPUs, each with 4GB of memory for processing integrated services

Software features	Support for up to 12,000 service sets
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC)" on
	page 320 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports
Interfaces	Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where:
	• mediatype: gr, pc, pd, etc
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
	• pic: 0 or 1
	• port: 0
	NOTE: Port number reflects the internal interface and is not a physical port.
Cables and	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series
	• SFPs are not supported.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—DPC has failed.
	STATUS LED, one tricolor per MSPU:
	• Off—MSPU is offline. If both MSPUs are offline it is safe to remove the DPC from the chassis.
	• Green—MSPU is operating normally.
	Yellow-MSPU is initializing.
	• Red-MSPU has an error or failure.
	Application (APP) LED, one tricolor per MSPU:
	• Off-Service is not running on the MSPU.
	• Green—Service is running on the MSPU under acceptable load.
	• Yellow-Service on the MSPU is overloaded.

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Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC

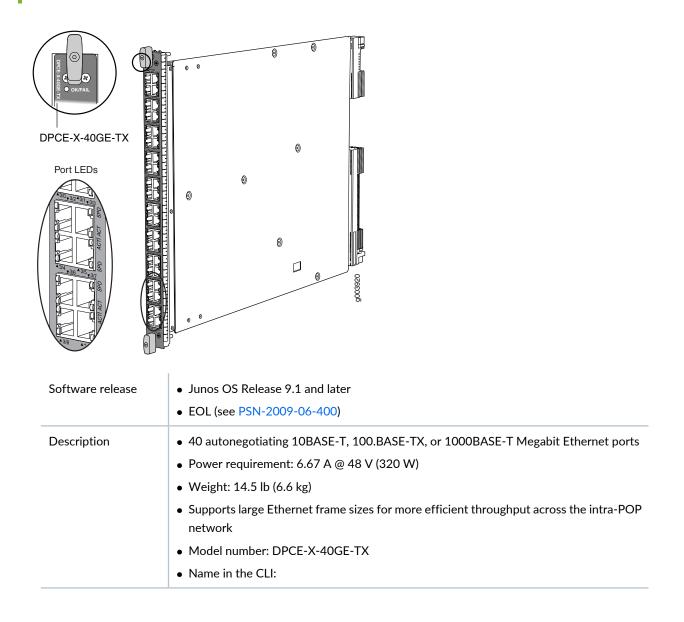
DPCE-R-40GE-TX Port LEDS	
Software release	• Junos OS Release 9.1 and later
Description	 40 autonegotiating 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-T Megabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.67 A @ 48 V (320 W) Weight: 14.5 lb (6.6 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPCE-R-40GE-TX Name in the CLI: DPCE 40x 1GE R TX
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds of 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features There are four sets of 10 ports labeled: 0/0 through 0/9 1/0 through 1/9 2/0 through 2/9 3/0 through 3/9

Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 295 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.
Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	• pic: Grouping of 10-ports, numbered 0 through 3
	• port: 0 through 9
	For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 (labeled 3/0) in the right-most grouping of ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	• Connector: Four-pair, Category 5 shielded twisted-pair connectivity through an RJ-45 connector
	• Pinout:
	 Junos OS Release 9.1: MDI
	 Junos OS Release 9.2 and later: MDI, MDI crossover
	Maximum distance: 328 ft/100 m
	CAUTION: Do not use RJ-45 cables with strain-relief boots exceeding 1.5 mm from the bottom of the connector. Cable boots that exceed this measurement can damage the port.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red-DPC has failed.
	ACT LED, one green per port:
	Off—No active traffic.
	Blinking—Link is active.
	SPD LED, one bicolor:
	Green-DPC is functioning in 1000BASE-T mode.
	 Yellow-DPC is functioning in 10BASE-T or 100BASE-TX mode.
	Off–No link.
	The ACT and SPD LEDs are located on either side of the ports labeled horizontally and top to bottom 0/0 through 3/9 .

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DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 8

Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC



Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds of 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)" on page 303 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.
Interfaces	 Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where: fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: Grouping of 10-ports, numbered 0 through 3 port: 0 through 9 For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 (labeled 3/0) in the right-most groupin of ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	 TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series Connector: Four-pair, Category 5 shielded twisted-pair connectivity through an RJ-45 connector Pinout: Junos OS Release 9.1: MDI Junos OS Release 9.2 and later: MDI, MDI crossover Maximum distance: 328 ft/100 m CAUTION: Do not use RJ-45 cables with strain-relief boots exceeding 1.5 mm from the bottom of the connector. Cable boots that exceed this measurement can damage the portional cables.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green-DPC is functioning normally. Blinking green-DPC is transitioning online or offline. Red-DPC has failed. ACT LED, one green per port: Off-No active traffic.
	 Blinking-Link is active. SPD LED, one bicolor: Green-DPC is functioning in 1000BASE-T mode. Yellow-DPC is functioning in 10BASE-T or 100BASE-TX mode. Off-No link. The ACT and SPD LEDs are located on either side of the ports labeled horizontally and top to bottom 0/0 through 3/9.

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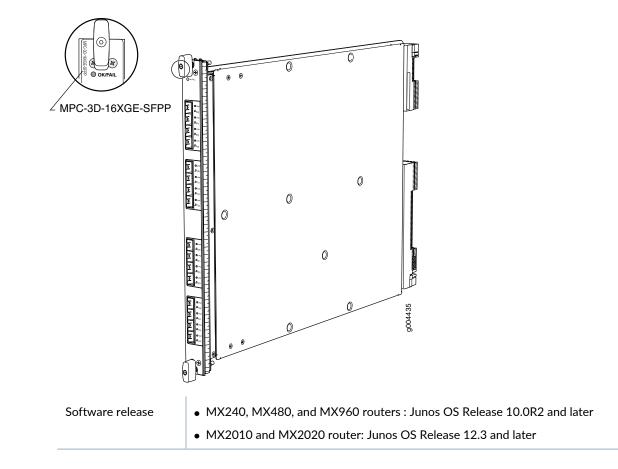
MX Series MPC Descriptions

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16x10GE MPC



Description	 Fixed configuration MPC with sixteen 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 9.17 A @ 48 V (440 W) Weight: 18.35 lb (8.3 kg) Model numbers: MPC-3D-16XGE-SFPP MPC-3D-16XGE-SFPP-R-B Name in the CLI:
	• MPC 3D 16x10GE
	MPC 3D 16x10GE EM
Hardware features	High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
	• Four fully programmable Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
	One Junos Trio chipset per set of four ports
	• LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	NOTE: The 16x10GE 3D MPC does not support WAN-PHY mode.
Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 325 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
Interfaces	Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
	• pic: Grouping of 4 ports, numbered 0 through 3
	• port: 0 through 3
	For example, xe-1/3/3 is the interface for the last port (labeled 3/3) on an MPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: The 16x10GE 3D MPC does not support WAN-PHY mode.
	NOTE: SFPP-10G-CT50-ZR is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the MPC-3D-16XGE-SFPP. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	• Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red-MPC has failed.
	Enable/disable LED, one bicolor per port:
	• Green—Port is enabled.
	Yellow—Port is not functioning normally.
	• Off-Port is disabled.
	The enable/disable LEDs are labeled in groups of four:
	• 0/0 through 0/3
	• 1/0 through 1/3
	• 2/0 through 2/3
	• 3/0 through 3/3

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MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

Media MTU Sizes by Interface Type

Multiservices MPC

Figure 8: Multiservices MPC

MS-MPC	MPU3 TATALEO ICO BUSK/CTO BUSK	
1–OK/Fail LED		4–Link/Act and Enable LEDs
2–MSPU Status and Al	PP LEDs	5–Control 0 and Control 1 ports
3–IC LED		
Software release	 Junos OS Release 13.2R4 ar For information on which MPCs by MX Series Routers" on page Power requirement: 12.2 An Weight: 14 lbs. Model number: MS-MPC 	s are supported on MX Series routers, see "MPCs Supported e 14.
Hardware features	 Name in the CLI: MS-MPC One Junos Trio chipset for in 	ncreased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.
	• Enhanced memory with 128	GB of memory (32 GB per NPU) and processing capabilities.
	NPU CPU Clock Cycle of 1.2	2GHz.
	 Four NPUs per MPC. Works with SCBs and SCBE 	s.
		s. Both MS-MPCs and MS-DPCs can co-exist in the same

Software features	• Active flow monitoring and export of flow monitoring version 9 records based on RFC 3954
	IP Security (IPsec) encryption
	Network Address Translation (NAT) for IP addresses
	Port Address Translation (PAT) for port numbers
	Traffic sampling
	• Stateful firewall with packet inspection—detects SYN attacks, ICMP and UDP floods, and ping-of-death attacks
	Network Attack Protection (NAP)
	• Support for up to 6000 service sets
	• Support for MTUs up to 9192 bytes.
	• Multiple services can be supported. See Junos OS Services Interfaces Library for Routing Devices for more information.
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC" on page 412 for information about the protocols and applications that this MIC supports.

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
• Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
• Red-MPC has failed.
IC LED-Reserved for future use.
STATUS LED, one tricolor per MSPU:
• Off—MSPU is offline. If both MSPUs are offline it is safe to remove the DPC from the chassis.
• Green—MSPU is operating normally.
• Yellow–MSPU is initializing.

• Red-MSPU has an error or failure.

Application (APP) LED, one tricolor per MSPU:

- Off-Service is not running on the MSPU.
- Green-Service is running on the MSPU under acceptable load.
- Yellow-Service on the MSPU is reconfiguring.
- Red-Service on the MSPU has failed.

Activity (LINK/ACT) LED, one per control port:

- Off–No link.
- Green–Chassis cluster control port link is active.

ENABLE LED, one per control port:

- Off-Chassis cluster control port is disabled.
- Green-Chassis cluster control port is enabled.

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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Multiservices MIC and Multiservices MPC (MS-MIC and MS-MPC) Overview

Multiservices MIC | 235

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

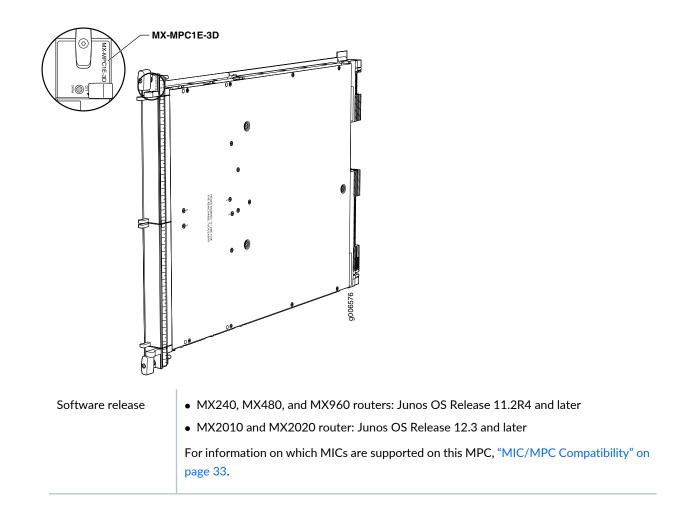
MPC1

Software release	 MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 10.2 and later MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33.
Description	 Power requirement: 3.4 A @ 48 V (165 W) Weight: 13.8 lb (6.3 kg) Model number: MX-MPC1-3D Name in the CLI: MPC Type 1 3D
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 325 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green-MPC is functioning normally.
	 Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red—MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13 MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

MPC1E



Description	• Power requirement: 3.4 A @ 48 V (165 W)
	• Weight: 13.8 lb (6.3 kg)
	Model number: MX-MPC1E-3D
	Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 1 3D
Hardware features	• Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
	• One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
	• LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	• WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers" on
	page 339 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	• Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red–MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

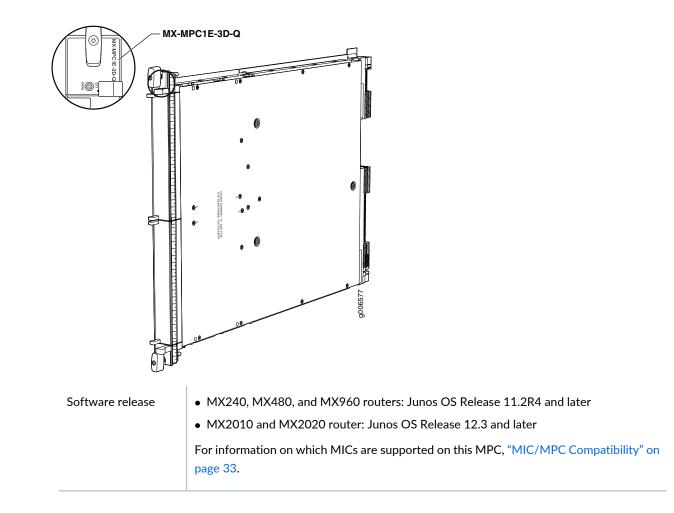
MPC1 Q

	MPC1-3D-Q
Software release	• MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 10.2 and later
	MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later
	For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33.
Description	• Power requirement: 3.65 A @ 48 V (175 W)
	• Weight: 13.8 lb (6.3 kg)
	Model number: MX-MPC1-3D-Q
	Name in the CLI: MPC Type 1 3D Q
Hardware features	• Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
	One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
	• LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	• WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 325 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	 Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red-MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13 MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

MPC1E Q



Description	• Power requirement: 3.65 A @ 48 V (175 W)
	• Weight: 13.8 lb (6.3 kg)
	Model number: MX-MPC1E-3D-Q
	Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 1 3D Q
Hardware features	• Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
	• One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
	• LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	• WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers" on
	page 339 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

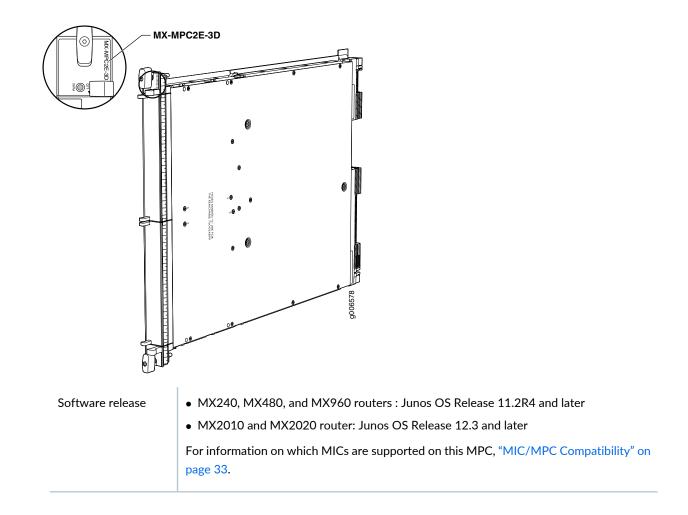
MPC2 MX-MPC2-3D Cha. g004905 • MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers : Junos OS Release 10.1 and later Software release • MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. Description • Power requirement: 5.7 A @ 48 V (274 W) • Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg) • Model number: MX-MPC2-3D • Name in the CLI: MPC Type 2 3D • Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 Hardware features • Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services • LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps • WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps Software features • See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 325

for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
• Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
Red—MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13 MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

MPC2E



Description	 Power requirement: 5.7 A @ 48 V (274 W) Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg) Model number: MX-MPC2E-3D Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 2 3D
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 346 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

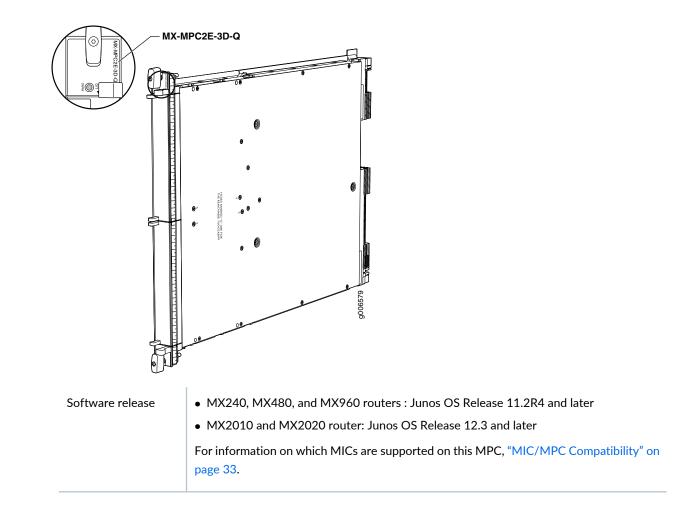
MPC2 Q

	MPC2-3D-Q
Software release	• MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers : Junos OS Release 10.1 and later
	MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later
	For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33.
Description	• Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W)
	• Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg)
	Model number: MX-MPC2-3D-Q
	Name in the CLI: MPC Type 2 3D Q
Hardware features	• Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
	• Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
	• LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	• WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 325 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	 Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red—MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13 MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

MPC2E Q



Description	 Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W) Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg) Model number: MX-MPC2E-3D-Q Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 2 3D Q
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 346 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

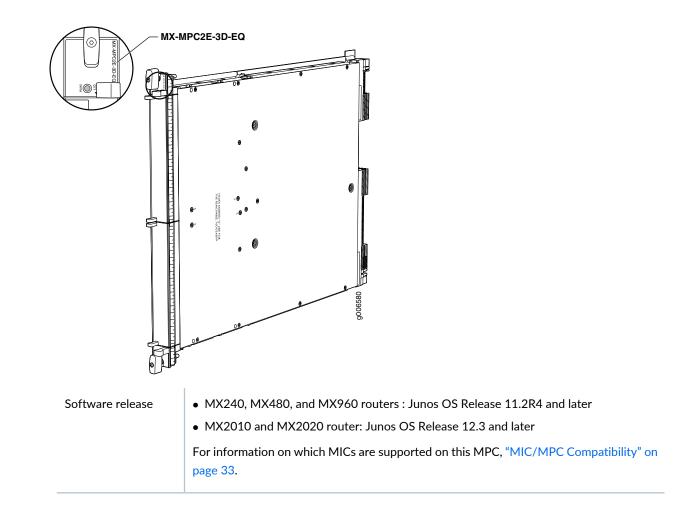
MPC2 EQ

	WPC2-3D-EQ
Software release	• MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers : Junos OS Release 10.1 and later
	MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later
	For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33.
Description	• Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W)
	• Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg)
	Model number: MX-MPC2-3D-EQ
	Name in the CLI: MPC Type 2 3D EQ
Hardware features	• Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
	• Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
	• LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 325 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	 Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red-MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13 MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

MPC2E EQ



Description	 Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W) Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg) Model number: MX-MPC2E-3D-EQ Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 2 3D EQ
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 346 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

MPC2E P

MX-I	
Software release	 MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers : Junos OS Release 12.2 and later MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33.
Description	 Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W) Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg) Model number: MX-MPC2E-3D-P Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 2 3D P
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 346 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

MPC2E NG

MPC2E-3D-NG	
Software release	 Junos OS releases 14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity, Junos OS release 15.1 and later. Refer to "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33 for information about which MICs are supported on this MPC. Refer to the JTAC Knowledgebase article https://kb.juniper.net/KB21476 for recommended software releases.
Description	 80 Gbps capacity without hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) Requires high-capacity fan trays and high-capacity filter trays Weight: 15.96 lb (7.26 kg) Model numbers: MPC2E-3D-NG Name in the CLI: MPC2E NG PQ & Flex Q Add-on license provides limited additional flexible queuing. NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.

Hardware features	• Line-rate throughput of up to 80 Gbps
	• Supports WAN-PHY mode at 9.95 Gbps and LAN-PHY mode at 10.31 Gbps
	Two slots for MICs
	• Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.
	NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.
	NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG does not support MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP, MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP, MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP, and MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP.
	NOTE: The non-HQOS MPC3E NG and MPC2E NG MPCs support MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 and MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12 only with a limited queuing license.
Software features	Chained composite next hops
	Layer 3 VPN localization
	Detection of Layer 2 loops
	Entropy label support in mixed mode
	SNMP and CLI support for Routing Engine memory monitoring
	Mixed-mode LAG support on core interfaces
	Dynamic power management for MICs
	Support for flexible-queuing
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 346 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
Power requirement	Maximum with highest-power MICs at 55° C: 9.88 A @ 48 V (474 W)
	At different temperatures:
	• 55° C: 474 W
	• 40° C: 417 W
	• 25° C: 400 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red–MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

Junos Continuity Software

MPC2E NG Q

MPC2E-3D-NG-Q	
Software release	• Junos OS releases 14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity, Junos OS release 15.1 and later.
	• Refer to "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33 for information about which MICs are supported on this MPC.
	• Refer to the JTAC Knowledgebase article https://kb.juniper.net/KB21476 for recommended software releases.
Description	• 80 Gbps capacity with hierarchical quality of service (HQoS)
	Requires high-capacity fan trays and high capacity filter trays
	• Weight: 15.96 lb (7.26 kg)
	Model number: MPC2E-3D-NG-Q
	Name in the CLI: MPC2E NG HQoS
	NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG-Q is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or
	SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.
Hardware features	• Line-rate throughput of up to 80 Gbps
	• Supports up to 512,000 queues per slot
	• Supports WAN-PHY mode at 9.95 Gbps and LAN-PHY mode at 10.31 Gbps
	Two slots for MICs
	• Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.
	NOTE: The MPC2E-3D-NG-Q has only one lookup chip (LU).
	NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG-Q does not support MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP,
	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP, MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP, and MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP.

Software features	Chained composite next hops
	Layer 3 VPN localization
	Detection of Layer 2 loops
	Entropy label support in mixed mode
	SNMP and CLI support for Routing Engine memory monitoring
	BFD support for inline MLPPP/MLFR
	Mixed Mode LAG support on core interfaces
	• Dynamic power management for MICs
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 346 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
Power requirement	Maximum with highest-power MICs at 55° C: 11.02 A @ 48 V (529 W)
	At different temperatures:
	• 55° C: 529 W
	• 40° C: 460 W
	• 25° C: 438 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green-MPC is functioning normally.
	• Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red-MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

Junos Continuity Software

MPC3E

Software release	 MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers : Junos OS Release 12.1 and later MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33.
Description	 Power requirement: 10.83 A @ 48 V (440 W; plus 40 W for each of the two MICs) Requires high-capacity fan trays Weight: 14.94 lb (6.78 kg) Model number: MX-MPC3E-3D Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 3 3D
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs Chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers" on page 355 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—MPC has failed.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

MPC3E NG

MPC3E-3D-NG	IG	
Software release	 Junos OS releases 14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity, Junos OS release 15.1 and later. Refer to "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33 for information about which MICs are supported on this MPC. Refer to the JTAC Knowledgebase article https://kb.juniper.net/KB21476 for recommended software releases. 	
Description	 130 Gbps capacity without hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) Requires high-capacity fan trays and high-capacity filter trays Weight: 15.96 lb (7.26 kg) Model number: MPC3E-3D-NG Name in the CLI: MPC3E NG PQ & Flex Q Add-on license provides limited additional flexible queuing. NOTE: MPC3E-3D-NG is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface. 	

Hardware features	• Line-rate throughput of up to 130 Gbps
	• Supports WAN-PHY mode at 9.95 Gbps and LAN-PHY mode at 10.31 Gbps
	• Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets.
	For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
	Two slots for MICs
	Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
	NOTE: The non-HQOS MPC3E NG and MPC2E NG MPCs support
	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 and MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12 only with a limited queuing
	license.
Software features	Chained composite next hops
	Layer 3 VPN localization
	Detection of Layer 2 loops
	Entropy label support in mixed mode
	SNMP and CLI support for Routing Engine memory monitoring
	Mixed Mode LAG support on core interfaces
	Dynamic power management for MICs
	Support for flexible-queuing
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers" on
	page 355 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
Power requirement	Maximum with highest-power MICs at 55° C: 11.13 A @ 48 V (534 W)
	At different temperatures:
	• 55° C: 534 W
	• 40° C: 485 W
	• 25° C: 461 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	• Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red-MPC has failed.

NOTE: On the MX960 router, FPC slot 0 and slot 11 are not NEBS compliant beyond 104°F (40°C) with MPC3E-3D-NG and MPC3E-3D-NG-Q. This is a cooling restriction.

MX Series MPC Overview | 13

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

Junos Continuity Software

MPC3E NG Q

MPC3E-3D-NG-Q	
Software release	• Junos OS releases 14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity, Junos OS release 15.1 and later.
	• Refer to "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33 for information about which MICs are supported on this MPC.
	• Refer to the JTAC Knowledgebase article https://kb.juniper.net/KB21476 for recommended software releases.
Description	• 130 Gbps capacity with hierarchical quality of service (HQoS)
	Requires high-capacity fan trays and high-capacity filter trays
	• Weight: 15.96 lb (7.26 kg)
	Model number: MPC3E-3D-NG-Q
	Name in the CLI: MPC3E NG HQoS
	NOTE: MPC3E-3D-NG-Q is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.
Hardware features	• Line-rate throughput of up to 130 Gbps
	• Supports up to 512,000 queues per slot
	• Supports WAN-PHY mode at 9.95 Gbps and LAN-PHY mode at 10.31 Gbps
	• Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets.
	For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
	Two slots for MICs
	• Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services

Software features	Chained composite next hops
	Layer 3 VPN localization
	Detection of Layer 2 loops
	Entropy label support in mixed mode
	SNMP and CLI support for Routing Engine memory monitoring
	BFD support for inline MLPPP/MLFR
	Mixed Mode LAG support on core interfaces
	Dynamic power management for MICs
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers" on
	page 355 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
	See MPC3E on MX Series Routers Overview for additional information.
Power requirement	Maximum with highest-power MICs at 55° C: 12.15 A @ 48 V (583 W)
	At different temperatures:
	• 55° C: 583 W
	• 40° C: 532 W
	• 25° C: 503 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red–MPC has failed.

NOTE: On the MX960 router, FPC slot 0 and slot 11 are not NEBS compliant beyond 104°F (40°C) with MPC3E-3D-NG and MPC3E-3D-NG-Q. This is a cooling restriction.

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers 14
Junos Continuity Software

32x10GE MPC4E

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Image: Second		
Software release	Junos OS Release 12.3R2 and later	
Description	 Fixed configuration MPC with thirty-two 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 12.7 A @ 48 V (610 W) Weight: 19.4 lb (8.8 kg) Model number: MPC4E-3D-32XGE-SFPP 	
Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 260 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 10 Gbps on a per-port basis Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes. Supported on MX2020, MX2010, MX960, MX480, and MX240 routers with both normal-capacity and high-capacity power supplies and fan trays. 	
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms Up to 260 Gbps of full-duplex traffic Intelligent oversubscription services Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per port Local loopback Configurable to interoperate with routers that use the 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC (Type 4 PIC on Type 4 EPC) 	

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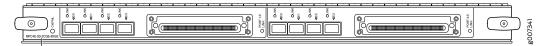
4 PIC on Type 4 FPC)
See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers" on page 365 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: SFPP-10GE-ZR has a commercial temperature rating and is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the 32x10GE MPC4E with SFP+. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.
	NOTE: SFPP-10G-DT-ZRC2 is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the MPC4E-3D-32XGE-SFPP MPC. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.
	NOTE: On the MX960 router, FPC slot 0 and FPC slot 11 are not NEBS compliant beyond 104°F (40°C). This is a cooling restriction.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red-MPC has failed.
	Enable/disable LED, one bicolor per port:
	• Green—Port is enabled.
	Red—Port has failed.
	• Off-Port is disabled.
	The enable/disable LEDs are arranged in four groups:
	• 0/0 through 0/7
	• 1/0 through 1/7
	• 2/0 through 2/7
	• 3/0 through 3/7

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Configuring MPC4E (MPC4E-3D-2CGE-8XGE) to Interoperate with 100-Gigabit Ethernet PICs on Type 4

FPC Using SA Multicast Mode

2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E



MPC4E-3D-2CGE-8XGE

Software release	Junos OS Release 12.3R2 and later
Description	• Fixed configuration MPC with two 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports and eight 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	• Power requirement: 12.7 A @ 48 V (610 W)
	• Weight: 19.4 lb (8.8 kg)
	Model number: MPC4E-3D-2CGE-8XGE
Hardware features	Line-rate throughput of up to 260 Gbps
	WAN-PHY mode at 10 Gbps on a per-port basis
	• Supported only on the MX960, MX480, and MX240 routers with high-capacity power supplies and high-capacity fan trays.
	• Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
	• The ports are labeled as:
	 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 0/0 through 0/3
	 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports: PORT 1/0
	 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 2/0 through 2/3
	• 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports: PORT 3/0
Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
	• Up to 260 Gbps of full-duplex traffic
	Intelligent oversubscription services
	Local loopback
	• Configurable to interoperate with routers that use the 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC (Type 4 PIC on Type 4 FPC)
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers" on page 365 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
connectors	
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: SFPP-10GE-ZR has a commercial temperature rating and is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the 2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.
	NOTE: SFPP-10G-DT-ZRC2 is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the MPC4E-3D-2CGE-8XGE MPC. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.
	NOTE: CFP-100GBASE-LR4 and CFP-100GBASE-ZR are not NEBS compliant when plugged into the 2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°C, the software disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.
	NOTE: On the MX960 router, FPC slot 0 and FPC slot 11 are not NEBS compliant beyond 104°F (40°C). This is a cooling restriction.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red-MPC has failed.
	LINK LED, one tricolor per port:
	• Green—Port is enabled.
	Red—Port has failed.
	Yellow—Port is disabled by configuration.
	Off-Port is disabled.

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Configuring MPC4E (MPC4E-3D-2CGE-8XGE) to Interoperate with 100-Gigabit Ethernet PICs on Type 4

FPC Using SA Multicast Mode

6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5E



MPC5E-40G10G

Software release	Junos OS Release 13.3R2 and later
Description	• Fixed-port MPC with six 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports and twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	• Weight: 21 lb (9.52 kg)
	Model number: MPC5E-40G10G
	Name in the CLI: MPC5E 3D 24XGE+6XLGE
Hardware features	Line-rate throughput of up to 240 Gbps
	Supports one of the following port combinations:
	Six 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	Twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	Three 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports and twelve 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	Supports up to 32,000 queues per-slot
	• LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps on a per-port basis
	• WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps on a per-port basis
	• Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
	• The ports are labeled as:
	 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 0/0 through 0/11
	1/0 through 1/11
	 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 2/0 through 2/2
	3/0 through 3/2
	NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots work with the ambient temperature of up to 40° C. However, when the chassis temperature exceeds 40° C, slots 0 and 11 can work with MPC1s, MPC2s, and the 16x10GE MPC.

Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	• Support for optical transport network (OTN) on 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	• Two packet-forwarding engines, PFEO and PFE1. PFEO hosts PICO and PIC2. PFE1 h PIC1 and PIC3.
	Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet por
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers" page 374 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers.
	NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E powers on only if the network-services mode on the router is configured to either enhanced-ip or enhanced-ethernet . On MX2010 and MX2020 routers, only enhanced-ip is supported
	NOTE: A maximum of two PICs can be powered on at any one time (PIC0 or PIC2, a PIC1 or PIC3). The other PICs must be powered off.
Cables and TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about th	
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Set
	NOTE: QSFPP-40GE-LX4 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 FPC slot 11.
Power requirements	• Typical: 9.68 A @ 48 V (460 W)
	At different temperatures with default configuration:
	55° C: 558 W
	40° C: 496 W
	25° C: 469 W
	• At different temperatures when flexible-queueing-mode CLI knob is configured un set chassis fpc 1 flexible-queuing-mode :
	55° C: 607 W
	40° C: 541 W

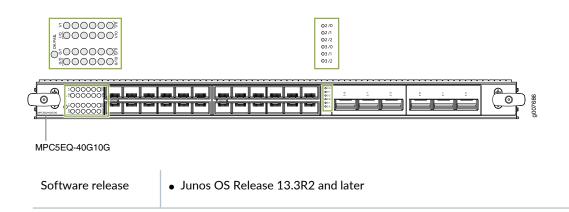
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	• Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red-MPC has failed.
	10-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one green per port:
	• Green—Link is up.
	• Off-Link is down or disabled.
	40-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:
	• Green—Link is up.
	• Yellow–Link is disabled.
	Off—Link is down.

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MPC5E on MX Series Routers Overview

10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview

6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5EQ



Description	• Fixed-configuration MPC with six 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports and twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	• Weight: 21 lb (9.52 kg)
	Model number: MPC5EQ-40G10G
	Name in the CLI: MPC5E 3D Q 24XGE+6XLGE
Hardware features	• Line-rate throughput of up to 240 Gbps
	• Supports one of the following port combinations:
	 Six 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	 Twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	Three 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports and twelve 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	Supports up to 1 million queues per-slot
	• LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps on a per-port basis
	WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps on a per-port basis
	• Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
	• The ports are labeled as:
	 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 0/0 through 0/11
	1/0 through 1/11
	 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 2/0 through 2/2
	3/0 through 3/2
	NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots work with the ambient temperature of up to 40° C. However, when the chassis temperature exceeds 40° C, slots 0 and 11 can work with MPC1s, MPC2s, and the 16x10GE MPC.
Software features	Supports hierarchical QoS (HQoS)
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	• Support for optical transport network (OTN) on 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
	Intelligent oversubscription services
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers" on page 374 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
	NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E powers on only if the network-services mode on the router is configured to either enhanced-ip or enhanced-ethernet . On MX2010 and MX2020 routers, only enhanced-ip is supported.

Cables and	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the plugg	
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.	
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at	
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Set	
	NOTE: QSFPP-40GE-LX4 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 FPC slot 11.	
Power requirements	• Typical: 9.68 A @ 48 V (460 W)	
	At different temperatures:	
	55° C: 607 W	
	40° C: 541 W	
	25° C: 511 W	
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:	
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.	
	• Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.	
	• Red-MPC has failed.	
	10-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one green per port:	
	• Green—Link is up.	
	Off–Link is down or disabled.	
	40-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:	
	• Green—Link is up.	
	Yellow—Link is disabled.	
	Off–Link is down.	

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2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5E

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MPC5E-100G10G

Software release	Junos OS Release 13.3R3 and later
Description	 Fixed-configuration MPC with two 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports and four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Weight: 21 lb (9.52 kg)
	 Model number: MPC5E-100G10G Name in the CLI: MPC5E 3D 2CGE+4XGE
Hardware features	• Line-rate throughput of up to 240 Gbps
	Supports up to 32,000 queues per-slot
	• LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps on a per-port basis
	WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps on a per-port basis
	• Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
	• The ports are labeled as:
	• 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 0/0 , 0/1 , 2/0 , and 2/1
	 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 1/0 and 3/0
	NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots work with the ambient temperature of up to 40° C. However, when the chassis temperature exceeds 40° C, slots 0 and 11 can work with MPC1s, MPC2s, and the 16x10GE MPC.
Software features	Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Intelligent oversubscription services
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers" on page 374 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
	NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E powers on only if the network-services mode on the router is configured to either enhanced-ip or enhanced-ethernet . On MX2010 and MX2020 routers, only enhanced-ip is supported.

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	 NOTE: CFP2-100G-ER4-D is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11.
	 CFP2-100G-ER4-D is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router or the MX2020 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC CFP2-DCO-T-WDM-1 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router or the MX2020 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC
	slot 11. Slots 0 and 11 can only work with an ambient temperature of up to 40° C.
Power requirements	• Typical: 10.52 A @ 48 V (505 W)
	At different temperatures:
	55° C: 607 W
	40° C: 541 W
	25° C: 511 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red-MPC has failed.
	10-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:
	• Green–Link is up.
	• Yellow-Link is disabled.
	Off–Link is down or disabled.
	100-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:
	• Green—Link is up.
	Yellow—Link is disabled.
	Off—Link is down.

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100-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview	

2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5EQ

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MPC5EQ-100G10G

Software release	Junos OS Release 13.3R3 and later
Description	• Fixed-configuration MPC with two 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports and four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	• Weight: 21 lb (9.52 kg)
	Model number: MPC5EQ-100G10G
	Name in the CLI: MPC5E 3D Q 2CGE+4XGE
Hardware features	• Line rate throughput of up to 240 Gbps
	Supports up to 1 million queues per-slot
	LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps on a per-port basis
	WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps on a per-port basis
	• Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
	• The ports are labeled as:
	• 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 0/0 , 0/1 , 2/0 , and 2/1
	 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 1/0 and 3/0
	NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots work with the ambient temperature of up to 40° C. However, when
	the chassis temperature exceeds 40° C, slots 0 and 11 can work with MPC1s, MPC2s, and the 16x10GE MPC.
Software features	• Supports hierarchical QoS (HQoS)
	Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Intelligent oversubscription services
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers" on page 374 for information
	about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
	NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E powers on only if the network-services mode on the
	router is configured to either enhanced-ip or enhanced-ethernet . On MX2010 and MX2020 routers, only enhanced-ip is supported.

Cables and connectors	 TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. NOTE: CFP2-100G-ER4-D is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11. CFP2-DCO-T-WDM-1 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router or the MX2020 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11. Slots 0 and 11 can only work with an ambient temperature of up to 40° C.
Power requirements	 Typical: 10.52 A @ 48 V (505 W) At different temperatures: 55° C: 607 W 40° C: 541 W 25° C: 511 W
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—MPC has failed. 10-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port: Green—Link is up. Yellow—Link is disabled. 100-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port: Green—Link is up. disabled. 100-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port: Green—Link is up. Yellow—Link is disabled.

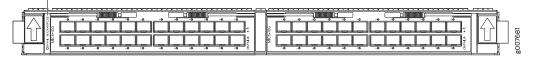
• Off-Link is down.

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MPC6E

MX2K-MPC6E

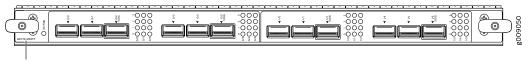


Software release	• Junos OS Release 13.3R2 and later
	For information about which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33.
Description	Two slots for MICs
	• Weight: 27.4 lb (12.43 kg) (net weight without blank panels)
	Model number: MX2K-MPC6E
	Name in the CLI: MPC6E 3D
Hardware features	Two slots for MICs
	• Line-rate throughput of up to 480 Gbps
	Field-removable septum, to accommodate future full-height MICs
	• Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets.
	For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
Maximum Power	
	Power requirement: 20.9 A @ 52 V (880 W; plus 104 W for each MIC)
Maximum Power Requirements	MX2K-MPC6E:
	MX2K-MPC6E:
	MX2K-MPC6E: • Typical: 648 W
	MX2K-MPC6E: • Typical: 648 W • 880 W at 55° C
	MX2K-MPC6E: • Typical: 648 W • 880 W at 55° C • 834 W at 40° C
Requirements	MX2K-MPC6E: • Typical: 648 W • 880 W at 55° C • 834 W at 40° C • 824 W at 25° C
Requirements	MX2K-MPC6E: • Typical: 648 W • 880 W at 55° C • 834 W at 40° C • 824 W at 25° C • Optical diagnostics and related alarms
Requirements	MX2K-MPC6E: • Typical: 648 W • 880 W at 55° C • 834 W at 40° C • 824 W at 25° C • Optical diagnostics and related alarms • Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
Requirements	MX2K-MPC6E: • Typical: 648 W • 880 W at 55° C • 834 W at 40° C • 824 W at 25° C • Optical diagnostics and related alarms • Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port • Two Packet Forwarding Engines for each MIC slot

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	• Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	• Red-MPC has failed.
	LINK LED, one bicolor per port:
	Green—Link is up.
	• Yellow-Link is disabled.
	Off-Link is down.

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MPC7E (Multi-Rate)



MPC7E-MRATE

Software release	 Junos OS Release 15.1F4 with Junos Continuity. Junos OS Release 15.1F6 and later. Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later.
Description	 Fixed-configuration MPC with 10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds Weight: 15.7 lb (7.12 kg) Model number: MPC7E-MRATE Name in the CLI: MPC7E-MRATE

Hardware features

• Line-rate throughput of up to 480 Gbps on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.

- Line-rate throughput of up to 400 Gbps on MX2000 routers with SFB, and up to 430 Gbps on MX2000 routers with SFB2.
- Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- Twelve Gigabit Ethernet ports that can be configured as 40-Gigabit Ethernet port or as 4 10-Gigabit Ethernet port using a breakout cable. The ports support quad small-form factor pluggable plus (QSFP+) transceivers.
- Four out of the twelve ports can be configured as 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Port numbers 0/2, 0/5, 1/2 and 1/5 are the four 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
- You can configure different combination of port speeds as long as the aggregate capacity per group of six ports labeled **0/0** through **0/5** does not exceed 240 Gbps. Similarly, aggregate capacity per group of the other six ports labeled **1/0** through **1/5** should not exceed 240 Gbps.
- Requires high-capacity power supplies, high-capacity fan trays, and SCBE2 on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.
- Requires an adapter card to be housed in MX2000 routers.
- The ports are labeled as (with the MPC orientation as shown in the above figure):
 - 10-Gigabit Ethernet or 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports:
 0/0, 0/1, 0/2 100G, 0/3, 0/4, 0/5 100G, 1/0, 1/1, 1/2 100G, 1/3, 1/4, and 1/5 100G
 - 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports:
 0/2 100G, 0/5 100G, 1/2 100G and 1/5 100G

NOTE: Only ports marked 100G support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed using QSFP28 transceivers.

• Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.

NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots can be occupied by MPC7E (Multi-Rate) at an ambient temperature of up to 40° C and at any altitude. All the MPC slots can be occupied by MPC7E (Multi-Rate) at temperatures of up to 55° C and at sea level. At an ambient temperature of 55° C and above, and at an altitude above sea level, slot **11** cannot host MPC7E (Multi-Rate).

Software features	Supports rate selectability at the port level.
	• By default, the ports are configured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC7E for MX Series Routers" on page 390 for information about the protocols and applications that the MPC7E supports.
	NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC7E powers on only if the network-services mode on the router is configured as either enhanced-ip or enhanced-ethernet . On MX2000 router no additional configuration is required as by default the router operates in enhanced-ip mode.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.

Power requirements	At different temperatures:
	55° C: 545 W
	40° C: 465 W
	25° C: 440 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	• Yellow-MPC has failed.
	LINK LED, one green per port (4 per QSFP+ cage):
	• Steady green—Link is up.
	Off-Link is down or disabled.

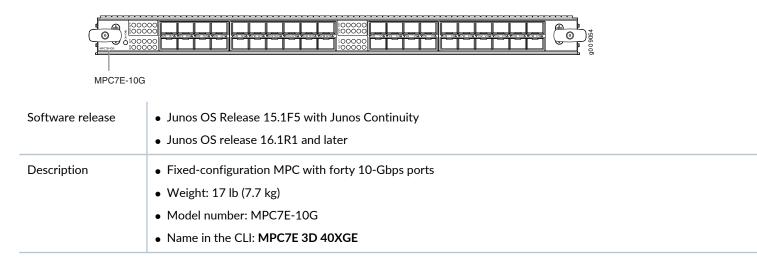
MPC7E (Multi-Rate) on MX Series Routers Overview

MX Series MPC Overview | 13

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

MPC7E 10G



Hardware features	• Line-rate throughput of up to 400 Gbps on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.
	• Line-rate throughput of up to 400 Gbps on MX2000 routers.
	• Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.
	• Forty 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports. The ports support SFP+ transceivers.
	• Requires high-capacity power supplies, high-capacity fan trays, and SCBE2 on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.
	Requires an adapter card to be housed in MX2000 routers.
	• Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.
	• The ports are labeled as (with the MPC orientation as shown in the figure):
	• 0/0 through 0/9
	• 0/10 through 0/19
	• 1/0 through 1/9
	• 1/10 through 1/19
Software features	• Supports MACsec using the following encryption algorithms: gcm-aes-128 and gcm-aes-256.
	• SupportsHyper mode to speed up packet processing.
	• Supports Flexible queuing using an add-on license to support 32,000 queues per line card, including queues on
	both ingress and egress interfaces. You can use an additional license to support up to 512,000 queues.
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC7E for MX Series Routers" on page 390 for information about the protocols and applications that MPC7Es support.
	NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC7E powers on only if the network-services mode on the router
	is configured as either enhanced-ip or enhanced-ethernet . On MX2000 routers, no additional configuration is required because by default the router operates in enhanced-ip mode.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	• 10GBASE-ZR (model number: SFPP-10G-ZR-OTN-XT)
	NOTE: MPC7E 10G does not support OTN rates.
	• 10GBASE-ZR (model number: SFPP-10G-DT-ZRC2)
	NOTE:
	 Supported from Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later.
	 Supports 40° C ambient temperature operation at any altitude, and 55° C ambient temperature operation at sea level.

Power requirements	• Typical: 405 W
	At different temperatures:
	55° C: 500 W
	40° C: 465 W
	25° C: 430 W
	NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots can be occupied by MPC7E 10G at an ambient temperature of up to 40° C and at any altitude. All the MPC slots can be occupied by MPC7E 10G at temperatures of up to 55° C and at sea level. At an ambient temperature of 55° C and above, and at an altitude above sea level, slot 11 cannot host MPC7E 10G.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Yellow—MPC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	• Steady green—Link is up.
	Off-Link is down or disabled.

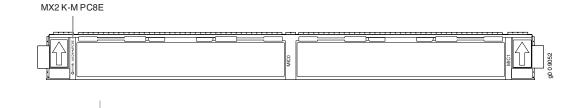
MPC7E 10G on MX Series Routers Overview

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Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

MPC8E



Software release

- Junos OS Release 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity
- Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later

Description	 Weight: 31.4 lb (14.24 kg) (net weight without blank panels) Model number: MX2K-MPC8E Name in the CLI: MPC8E 3D
Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 960 Gbps on the MX2000 routers. Line-rate throughput of up to 1600 Gbps (1.6 Tbps) on the MX2000 routers with software upgrade. NOTE: Starting from Junos OS Release 16.1R1, you can upgrade MPC8E to provide an increased bandwidth of
	1600 Gbps (1.6 Tbps) by using an add-on license. After you perform the upgrade, MPC8E provides a bandwidth of 1.6 Tbps, which is equivalent to the bandwidth of "MPC9E" on page 151. However, the MPC continues to be identified as MPC8E.
	• Four Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maximum bandwidth of 240 Gbps in normal mode and 400 Gbps in 1.6Tbps upgraded mode. A license is required to operate in 1.6 Tbps upgraded mode.
	• Supports two MICs. For information about which MICs are supported on this MPC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33.
	Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.
	• Supports the Switch Fabric Boards SFB and SFB2. When MPC8E is used with SFB, the line-rate throughput is limited to 800 Gbps.
	• Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.
Software features	Dynamic power management for effective utilization of available power.
	Inline flow monitoring for higher scalability and performance.
	• Flexible queuing using an add-on license to support 32,000 queues per line card, including queues on both ingress and egress interfaces. You can use an additional license to support up to 512,000 queues per slot or 1,000,000 queues per slot.
	Hyper mode to speed up packet processing.
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms.
	For more information about features supported on MPC8E, see "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers" on page 404.

Power requirements	Normal mode with line-rate throughput of 960 Gbps:
(without MICs)	• Typical: 688 W
	At different temperatures:
	55° C: 805 W
	40° C: 720 W
	25° C: 690 W
	Upgrade mode with line-rate throughput of 1.6 Tbps:
	• Typical: 838 W
	At different temperatures:
	55° C: 1018 W
	40° C: 870 W
	25° C: 840 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Yellow-MPC has failed.

MPC8E on MX Series Routers Overview

MX Series MPC Overview | 13

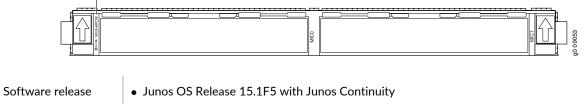
MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

Understanding Rate Selectability

MPC9E

MX2 K-M PC9E



• Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later

Description	 Weight: 31.4 lb (14.24 kg) (net weight without blank panels) Model number: MX2K-MPC9E Name in the CLI: MPC9E 3D 	
Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 1600 Gbps (1.6 Tbps) on MX2000 routers. Four Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maximum bandwidth of 400 Gbps. Supports two MICs. For information about which MICs are supported on this MPC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services Supports the Switch Fabric Boards SFB and SFB2. When MPC9E is used with SFB, the line-rate throughput is limited to 800 Gbps. Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets. 	
Software features	 Understanding How Dynamic Power Management Enables Better Utilization of Power for effective utilization of available power. Inline Active Flow Monitoring for higher scalability and performance. Flexible Queuing Mode using an add-on license to support 32,000 queues per line card, including queues on both ingress and egress interfaces. You can use an additional license to support up to 512,000 queues per slot or 1,000,000 queues per slot. Hyper Mode to speed up packet processing. Optical diagnostics and related alarms. For more information about features supported on MPC9E, see "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers" on page 404. 	
Power requirements (without MICs)	 Typical: 838 W At different temperatures: 55° C: 1018 W 40° C: 870 W 25° C: 840 W 	
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green-MPC is functioning normally. Yellow-MPC has failed. 	

MPC9E on MX Series Routers Overview

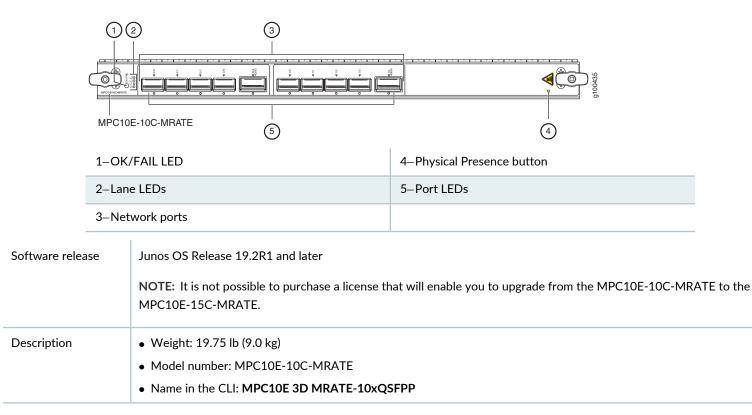
MX Series MPC Overview | 13

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

Understanding Rate Selectability

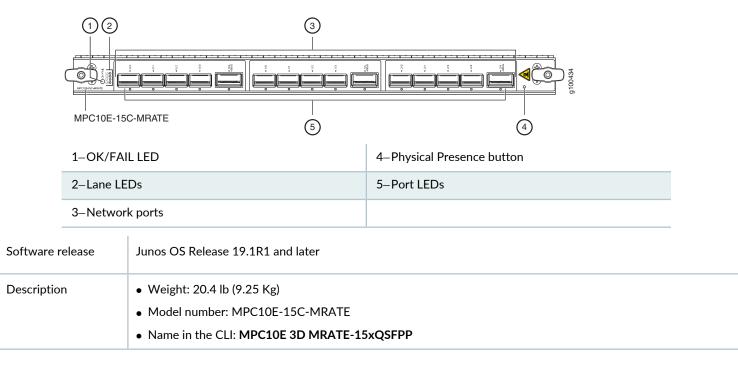
MPC10E-10C-MRATE



Hardware features	• Fixed-configuration MPC with 10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds.
	• Line-rate throughput of up to 1.0 Tbps on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers when installed with an enhanced midplane.
	NOTE: In the CLI, when you run the show chassis hardware command, the midplane description will say Enhanced <platform> Backplane.</platform>
	• Line-rate throughput of up to 800 Gbps on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers when installed with a standard midplane.
	NOTE: In the CLI when you run the show chassis hardware command, the midplane description will say <platform></platform> Backplane . When the MPC10E-10C-MRATE is installed with the standard midplane, to achieve maximum line-rate performance, the MPC's fabric redundancy mode must be configured in increased bandwidth mode.
	Contains the following port types:
	 QSFP28 ports—Port numbers 0/0 through 0/3 and 1/0 through 1/3 (10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds supported).
	• QSFP56-DD ports—Port numbers 0/4 and 1/4 (10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds supported).
	• The Processor Mezzanine Board (PMB) consists of a 1.6-GHz Intel Broadwell 8-core CPU, 100-GB SATA SSD, and two 16-GB ECC DDR4 DRAM modules.
	• Two Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maximum bandwidth of 500 Gbps.
	Juniper Penta silicon for increased scaling, bandwidth, subscribers, and services.
	• Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9500 bytes for host-bound packets.
	• To achieve maximum performance, the following number of SCBE3-MX Switch Control Boards (SCBs) must be installed in the system:
	• MX960—3 SCBE3-MX
	 MX240 and MX480—2 SCBE3-MX
	• Requires high-capacity power supplies and high-capacity fan trays used in MX Series routers.
	• On MX960 routers, the MPC10E-10C-MRATE is not supported in the line-card slots numbered 0, 1, and 11.
Software features	Media Access Control Security is supported. See Understanding Media Access Control Security (MACsec)
	Security Support: Secure boot
	Secure boot
	For more information about features supported on MPC10E, see "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC10E" on page 431.

Power requirements	The power numbers are measured using the following configuration:
	IPv4 forwarding with 200-bytes packet size.
	Line-rate traffic on all ports for 1.0 Tbps aggregate bandwidth.
	• All 10 ports are configured for 100-Gigabet Ethernet, with QSFP28 LR4 transceivers installed on all ports.
	At different temperatures:
	• 104° F (40° C): 546 W
	• 77° F (25° C): 522 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Red—MPC has failed.
	Port LED:
	Off Dart link is down with loss of signal
	 Off—Port link is down with loss of signal. Green—Port link is up with no alarms or failures.
	 Green—Port link is down with alarms. Or the port has been administratively disabled through the CLI.
	 Red—A transceiver on the port is experiencing a fault.
	There are four Lane LEDs, which are shared by the network ports. The lane LEDs work with the Junos OS software to
	determine which port the Lane LEDs are displaying the status for.
	The Lane LEDs are used for the following configurations:
	• When a network port is configured for 4 x 10-Gigabit Ethernet channelized interfaces with a breakout cable.
	• When a network port is configured for 4 x 25-Gigabit Ethernet channelized interfaces with a breakout cable.
	See MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview for more details.
Cables and connectors	You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at MX Series Supported Transceivers.
	NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 19.3R1, the MPC10E-10C-MRATE supports 25-Gbps port speeds when the network
	port is configured for 4 x 25-Gigabit Ethernet channelized interfaces with a breakout cable. This configuration is only supported up to an ambient temperature of 104° F (40° C).

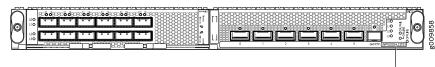
MPC10E-15C-MRATE



Hardware features	 Fixed-configuration MPC with 10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds. Line-rate throughput of up to 1.5 Tbps on MX240, MX480, and MX960 5G Universal Routing Platforms when installed with an enhanced midplane. If you are running Junos OS Release 19.1R1, you must have an enhanced midplane installed.
	NOTE: In the CLI, when you run the show chassis hardware command, the midplane description will say Enhanced <platform> Backplane.</platform>
	• Line-rate throughput of up to 800 Gbps on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers when installed with a standard midplane. Support for the standard midplane starts in Junos OS Release 19.2R1.
	NOTE: In the CLI when you run the show chassis hardware command, the midplane description will say <platform></platform> Backplane.
	• To achieve maximum line-rate performance, the MPC's fabric redundancy mode must be configured in increased bandwidth mode.
	• The Processor Mezzanine Board (PMB) consists of a 1.6-GHz Intel Broadwell 8-core CPU, 100-GB SATA SSD, and two 16-GB ECC DDR4 DRAM modules.
	• Three Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maximum bandwidth of 500 Gbps.
	• ZT chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.
	• To achieve maximum performance, the following number of SCBE3-MX switch control boards must be installed in the system:
	• MX960-3 SCBE3-MX
	 MX240 and MX480—2 SCBE3-MX
	• Requires high-capacity power supplies and high-capacity fan trays used in MX Series routers.
	• Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9500 bytes for host-bound packets.
	Contains the following port types:
	• QSFP28 ports—Port numbers 0/0 through 0/3, 1/0 through 1/3, and 2/0 through 2/3 (10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds supported).
	• QSFP56-DD ports—Port numbers 0/4, 1/4, and 2/4 (10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds supported).
	NOTE: On MX960 routers, the MPC10E-15C-MRATE is not supported in the line-card slots numbered 0, 1, and 11.
Software features	• Media Access Control Security is supported on 10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds. See Understanding Media Access Control Security (MACsec).
	Security Support:
	Secure Boot
	For more information about features supported on MPC10E, see "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC10E" on page 431.

Power requirements	The power numbers are measured using the following configuration:
	 IPv4 forwarding with 200-bytes packet size.
	 Line-rate traffic on all ports for 1.5 Tbps aggregate bandwidth.
	• All fifteen ports are configured for 100-Gigabet Ethernet, with QSFP28 LR4 transceivers installed on all ports.
	At different temperatures:
	• 104° F (40° C): 785 W
	• 77° F (25° C): 720 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Red-MPC has failed.
	Port LED:
	Off—Port link is down with loss of signal.
	Green—Port link is up with no alarms or failures.
	• Amber–Port link is down with alarms. Or the port has been administratively disabled through the CLI.
	• Red—A transceiver on the port is experiencing a fault.
	Lane LED:
	When a QSP28 port is configured for the 10-Gigabit mode with a breakout cable, the link status for a 10-Gigabit port is indicated with the addition of 4 LEDs provided on the line card. The lane LEDs for the corresponding 10-Gigabit ports indicate the port status.
	Like the port status LED, each individual lane LED support four states: off, green, amber, and red. See MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview for more details.
	For the 40-Gigabit and 100-Gigabit mode, the lane LEDs are not applicable. The port LED indicates the port status irrespective of whichever lane number the LED is on.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at MX Series Supported Transceivers.

MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate)



JNP10003-LC2103

Software release	• Junos OS release 17.3R1 and later		
Description	 Weight: 30 lb (13.61 kg) (net weight without blank panel and without any MIC in slot 1) Model number: MX10003-LC2103 Power requirement: 715 W at 55° C 660 W at 25° C Name in the CLI: LC2103 		
Hardware features	 The MX10003 MPC is a 1.2-Terabit capable MPC with three Packet Forwarding Engine complexes (that is, three EA ASICs). The EA ASIC operates in 400G mode. The Packet Forwarding Engine is based on the third generation of the Trio chpiset architecturenamely, the EA (Eagle) ASIC. The Packet Forwarding Engine offers 400 Gbps of WAN and fabric bandwidth each. MX10003 MPC has six built-in QSFP+ optics ports, and one MIC slot. Supports Multi-Rate Ethernet Modular Interface Card (MIC) (model numbers: JNP-MIC1 and JNP-MIC1-MACSEC), and the fixed-port PIC (6xQSFPP). For information about which MICs are supported on this MPC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets. 		
Software features	 Dynamic Power Management for effective utilization of available power. Inline Active Flow Monitoring for higher scalability and performance. Flexible Queuing Mode to support 32,000 queues per line card, including queues on both ingress and egress interfaces. Supports up to 512,000 queues per slot or 768,000 queues per slot. Hyper Mode to speed up packet processing. Optical diagnostics and related alarms. For more information about features supported on MX10003 MPC, see "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 Router" on page 414. 		
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series .		

Power requirements	At different temperatures:	
(without MICs)	55° C: 715 W	
	25° C: 660 W	
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:	
	• Steady green—MPC is functioning normally and the link is up.	
	• Off-MPC is plugged-in but not powered on.	
	Red—MPC has failed.	
	For information on the lane LEDs (Lo, L1, L2, and L3), see MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview.	

Table 23 on page 160 summarize the port speed capability of MX10003 MPCs.

Table 23: MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) Port Speed

MIC	Port Number	Port Speed Supported
PIC 0	0-5	40 Gigabit Ethernet 4X10-Gigabit Ethernet
PIC 1	0-11	100 Gigabit Ethernet 40 Gigabit Ethernet 4X10-Gigabit Ethernet

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview

Configuring Rate Selectability on MX10003 MPC to Enable Different Port Speeds

MX10003 MPC Rate-Selectability Overview

Interface Naming Conventions for MX10003 MPC

Understanding Rate Selectability

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MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

Replacing an MX10003 MIC

Line card (MX10K-LC2101)

The MX10K-LC2101 line card is a fixed configuration MPC and it does not contain separate slots for Modular Interface Cards (MICs). The MX10008 routers support eight MX10K-LC2101 MPCs. The line card provides a maximum bandwidth of 2.4Tbps and has six Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maximum bandwidth of up to 400 Gbps.

	JNP10K-LC2101		
	(1)	3	(4)
	1-OFFLIN	IE button	3–Lane LEDs
	2- OK/FA	IL LED	4–Port LEDs
Software r	release	Junos OS Release 18.2R1 and later	
Descriptio	'n	 Weight: 31.57 lb (14.32 kg) Model number: JNP10K-LC2101 Name in the CLI: JNP10K-LC2101 Dimensions: Height = 1.89 in. (48.01 mm), FRU Ejector) 	Width = 17.2 in (436.88 mm), Depth = 19.05 in. (484 mm) (Excluding
Hardware	 Fixed-configuration MPC with 10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds. All the ports are multi-rate ports. Each port is capable of supporting either 100 Gbps or 40 Gbps or 10 Gbps (4x10-Gbps with breakout cable). Line-rate throughput of up to 2.4 Tbps. Six Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maximum bandwidth of 400 Gbps. EA chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services. Supports the Switch Fabric Boards, JNP10008-SF and JNP10016-SF. Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets. 		t is capable of supporting either 100 Gbps or 40 Gbps or 10 Gbps ding a maximum bandwidth of 400 Gbps. width, subscribers, and services. 1008-SF and JNP10016-SF. TUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from
Software	 Supports rate selectability at the port level. By default, the ports are configured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Optical diagnostics and related alarms. 		

Power requirements	Line-rate throughput of 4.0 Tbps: • Power consumption at different temperatures: 25° C: 1335 W 40° C: 1425 W
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED: Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Yellow—MPC has failed. Port LED—Link Off—Port is not enabled. Green—Port link is up with no alarms or failures. Red—Port link is down with alarms. NOTE: When a QSFP+ port is configured for the 10-Gigabit mode with a breakout cable, the link status for the 10-Gigabit port is indicated with the addition of four LEDs provided on the line card. The lane LEDs for the corresponding port indicates the port status. Like the port status LED, each individual lane LED support four states as: OFF, AMBER, GREEN, RED. See MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview for more details. For the 40-Gigabit mode the lane number LED is not applicable. The port LED indicates the port status, irrespective of whichever lane number LED is ON.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at MX Series Supported Transceivers.

MX Series MIC Descriptions

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ATM MIC with SFP

Figure 9: 8-Port ATM MIC with SFP

MIC-3D-OCx-ATM	
Software release	• Junos 12.1 and later
	For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.
Description	 Rate-selectable using one of the following rates: 8-port OC3 2-port OC12 Power requirement: 0.73 A @ 48 V (35 W) Weight: 1.2 lb (0.54 kg) Model number: MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM
Hardware features	 Name in the CLI: 3D 80C3 20C12 ATM High-performance parsing of SONET/SDH frames Packet segmentation and reassembly (SAR) management and output port queuing Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing Line rate throughput for each port

- Circuit cross-connect (CCC) for leveraging ATM access networks
- User-configurable virtual circuit (VC) and virtual path (VP) support
- Support for idle cell or unassigned cell transmission
- OAM fault management processes alarm indication signal (AIS), remote defect indication (RDI) cells, and loop cells
- Point-to-point and point-to-multipoint mode Layer 2 counters per VC and per VP
- Local and remote loopback
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP):
 - Management Information Base (MIB) 2 (RFC 1213)
 - ATM MIB (RFC 1695)
 - SONET MIB
 - PWE3 MIB (RFC 5603)
 - PW-ATM-MIB (RFC 5605)
 - PW-FRAME-MIB (RFC 5601)
 - MIB for CoS
- Unspecified bit rate (UBR), non-real-time variable bit rate (VBR), and constant bit rate (CBR) traffic shaping
- Per-VC or per-VP traffic shaping
- Support for F4 OAM cells (AIS, RDI, Loopback, and Continuity Check)
- Support for F5 OAM cells (AIS, RDI, Loopback, and Continuity Check)
- Support for 16 bit VCI range
- Encapsulations:
 - atm-ccc-cell-relay (Junos 12.1 and later)
 - atm-ccc-vc-mux (Junos 12.1 and later)
 - atm-snap (Junos 12.2 and later)
 - atm-vc-mux (Junos 12.2 and later)
- atm-tcc-snap (Junos 13.3 and later)
- atm-tcc-vc-mux (Junos 13.3 and later)
- vlan-vci-ccc (Junos 16.1 and later)
- ether-over-atm-llc
- ppp-over-ether-over-atm-llc
- atm-ppp-vc-mux
- NOTE: Inline MLPPP is not supported on this MIC.

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.
	Red-MIC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	Off–No link.
	• On steadily—Link is up.
	Blinking—Online with alarms for remote failures
	• Blinking rapidly—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure
Alarms, errors, and	Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
events	Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
	• Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
	• Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
	Loss of cell delineation (LOC)
	Loss of frame (LOF)
	• Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
	• Loss of signal (LOS)
	Payload mismatch (PLM-P)
	• Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
	Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
	Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
	Error detection:
	• Bit interleaved parity errors B1, B2, B3
	 Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
	 Far-end bit errors, remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violatio (CV-LFE)
	 Far-end bit errors, remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violatio (CV-PFE)
	 Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
	 Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
	 Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
	Severely errored framing (SEF)
	 Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
	 Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
	 Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

NOTE: MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM Revision 8 and Revision 22 are supported only by the following Junos OS releases:

- Junos OS Release 12.3-12.3R9 and later
- Junos OS Release 13.3–13.3R6 and later
- Junos OS Release 14.1–14.1R4 and later
- Junos OS Release 14.2–14.2R3 and later
- Junos OS Release 15.1 and later

You must upgrade to a supported Junos OS release to use MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM Revision 8 and Revision 22 and later.

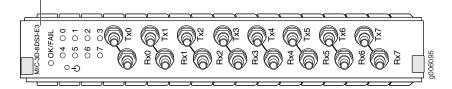
RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MX Series MIC Overview | 21

DS3/E3 MIC

Figure 10: DS3/E3 MIC

MIC-3D-8DS3-E3



Software release

• Junos OS Release 11.4 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.

Description	• Eight E3 or DS3 ports
	• DS3/E3 MIC ports can be configured as one of the following:
	 8 clear-channel DS3 ports
	 8 channelized DS3 ports
	• 8 clear-channel E3 ports
	NOTE: You can upgrade the DS3/E3 MIC with the S-MIC-3D-8CHDS3 software li (purchased separately) to support DS3 channelization. Channelized DS3/E3 MIC supported only on queuing MPCs. On the MX80 router, you also need an S-MX8 software license.
	• DS3 or E3 is configurable on a per-port granularity
	• DS3 channelization for the 8-port Channelized DS3/E3 MIC:
	8 DS3 channels
	• 224 DS1 channels
	2038 DS0 channels
	• Power requirement: 4.0 A @ 9 V (36W)
	• Weight: 4.4 lb (2 kg)
	Model numbers:
	 DS3/E3 MIC: MIC-3D-8DS3-E3
	 Channelized DS3/E3 MIC: MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B
Hardware features	• Ports are numbered 0 through 7, Tx0 through Tx7 and Rx0 through Rx7

Software features

- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Framing: M13, C-bit parity, framed clear channel
- Subrate and scrambling:

NOTE: Only DS3 interfaces support subrate and scrambling.

- Digital Link/Quick Eagle
- Kentrox
- Larscom
- ADTRAN
- Verilink
- Internal and look clocking
- DS3 far-end alarm and control (FEAC) channel
- Full bit error rate test (BERT) for DS0, DS1, and DS3
- Encapsulations:
 - MPLS fast reroute
 - MPLS CCC (circuit cross-connection)
 - MPLS TCC (translational cross-connection)
 - Cisco High-Level Data Link Control (cHDLC)
 - Cisco HDLC CCC
 - Cisco HDLC TCC
 - Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
 - PPP for CCC
 - PPP for TCC
 - Flexible Frame Relay
 - Frame Relay
 - Frame Relay for CCC
 - Frame Relay for TCC
 - PPP over Frame Relay

NOTE: Ethernet over Frame Relay is not supported.

- Encapsulations available only for Channelized DS3/E3 MIC (Junos OS Release 12.1 and later):
 - Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol (MLPPP)
 - Multiclass MLPPP
 - Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) end-to-end (FRF.15)
 - Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) UNI NNI (FRF.16, also referred to as MFR)
 - Compressed Real-Time Transport Protocol (CRTP)

NOTE: When you configure multilink services on a MIC in an MX Series router, ensure

	that a Multiservices DPC is present in the same router.							
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.							
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.							
	• Coaxial:							
	Custom 10-ft (3-m) mini-SMB to BNC cable (model number: CBL-DS3-E3-M-S), set of 8 cables (bundled RX and TX)							
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:							
	Green—MIC is functioning normally							
	• Red-MIC has failed							
	Link LED, one green per port:							
	Off—Not enabled							
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures							
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures							
	• Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure							

Alarms, errors, and events

DS3 alarms:

- Alarm indication signal (AIS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal seconds (LOS)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)

DS3 error detection:

- C-bit code violations (CCV)
- C-bit errored seconds (CES)
- C-bit severely errored seconds (CSES)
- CRC errors
- Excessive zeros (EXZ)
- Far-end block error (FEBE)
- Far-end receive failure (FERF)
- Line errored seconds (LES)
- Parity bit (P-bit) code violations (PCV)
- Parity bit (P-bit) errored seconds (PES)
- Parity bit (P-bit) severely errored framing seconds (PSES)
- Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS)
- Unavailable seconds (UAS)

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP

Figure 11: 20-Port Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP

Software release	Junos 10.1 and later							
	For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on							
	page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs							
	Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.							
Description	• 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports							
	• Power requirement: 0.77 A @ 48 V (37 W)							
	• Weight: 1.2 lb (0.54 kg)							
	Model number: MIC-3D-20GE-SFP							
	Name in the CLI: 3D 20GE SFP							
Hardware features	High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps							
	Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners							
	Up to 20-Gbps of full-duplex traffic							
	Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes							
Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms							
	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support							
	• IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support							
	Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats							
	Source MAC learning							
	MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses							
	Flexible Ethernet encapsulation							
	Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)							

Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:						
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed						
	• pic: The logical PIC number on the MIC, numbered 0, 1, 2, and 3.						
	• port: 0 through 9						
	For example, ge-3/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in PIC 3 on the MPC installed in slot 3.						
	Figure 12 on page 175, Figure 13 on page 176, and Figure 14 on page 176 show examples of the port numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP installed in an MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.						
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.						
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at						
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.						
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:						
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.						
	Red-MIC has failed.						
	Link LED, one green per port:						
	Off–No link.						
	• On steadily—Link is up.						

Port Numbering

Figure 12 on page 175, Figure 13 on page 176, and Figure 14 on page 176 show examples of the port numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP on the MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.

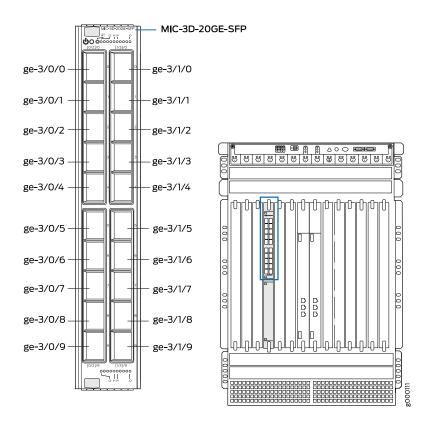
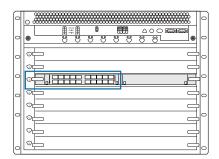


Figure 12: Port Numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (MX960)

Figure 13: Port Numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (MX480)



MIC-3D-20GE-SFP

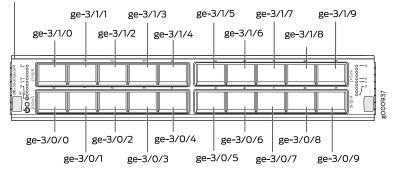
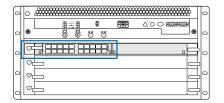
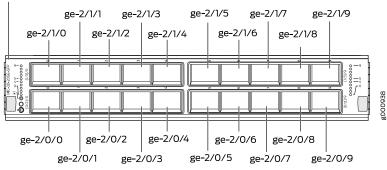


Figure 14: Port Numbering for Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (MX240)



MIC-3D-20GE-SFP



MX Series MIC Overview | 21

Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)

Figure 15: 20-Port Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)

MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E

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MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-	N 0		<u>∞</u> ∞	× 0		×		2010
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Software release	Junos 13.2R2 and later						
	For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.						
Description	• 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports						
	• Power requirement: 0.77 A @ 48 V (37 W)						
	• Weight: 1.2 lb (0.54 kg)						
	Model number: MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E						
	• Name in the CLI: 3D 20x 1GE(LAN)-E,SFP						
Hardware features	High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps						
	Auto-negotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners						
	Up to 20-Gbps of full-duplex traffic						
	Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes						
	• Environmentally hardened for 32° F (0° C) to 131° F (55° C) operating temperatures						
	• SEC PHY						
	• Timing PHY						

Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms							
	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support							
	IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support							
	Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats							
	Source MAC learning							
	MAC accounting and policing–Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses							
	Flexible Ethernet encapsulation							
	Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)							
	Precision Time Protocol (PTP) or IEEE 1588v2							
	Media Access Control Security (MACsec)							
Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:							
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed. The MPCs are represented in the CLI as FPC0 through FPC19 .							
	• pic: The logical PIC number on the MIC, numbered 0 or 1. Figure 16 on page 179, Figure 17 on page 180, and Figure 18 on page 180 illustrate the port numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E) installed in the MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.							
	• port: 0 through 9.							
	For example, $ge-3/1/0$ is the interface for port 0 in PIC 1 on the MPC installed in slot 3.							
	Figure 16 on page 179, Figure 17 on page 180, and Figure 18 on page 180 illustrate the port numbering for the MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E installed in an MX960, MX480, and MX280, respectively.							
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.							
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.							
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:							
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.							
	• Red-MIC has failed.							
	Link LED, one green per port:							
	Off—No link.							
	• On steadily–Link is up.							

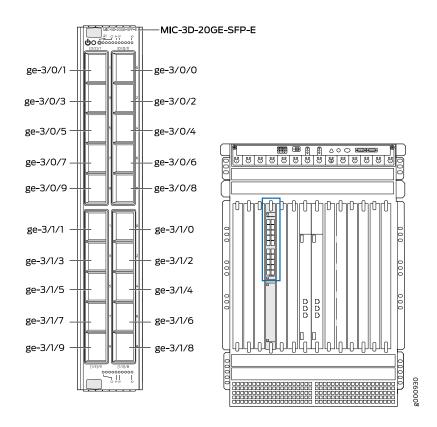
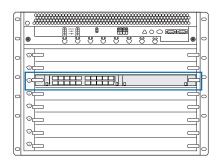


Figure 16: Port Numbering for the MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E (MX960)

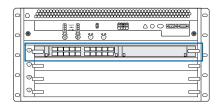
Figure 17: Port Numbering for the MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E (MX480)



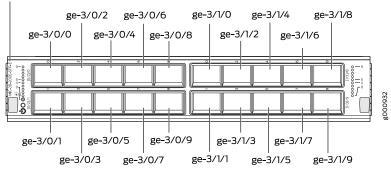
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E

ge-3/0/2 ge-3/0/6 ge-3/1/0 ge-3/1/4 ge-3/1/8 ge-3/0/4 ge-3/1/2 ge-3/0/0 ge-3/0/8 ge-3/1/6 160000 ခြ ge-3/0/1 ge-3/0/5 ge-3/0/9 ge-3/1/3 ge-3/1/7 ge-3/1/1 ge-3/0/3 ge-3/1/5 ge-3/1/9 ge-3/0/7

Figure 18: Port Numbering for the MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E (MX240)



MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E



MX Series MIC Overview | 21

Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH)

Figure 19: 20-Port Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH)

MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-EH

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Done cen eu	21/0			4	°	#		N	4		00000000 0 15 0	
	60 600											g000101

Software release	• Junos 13.2R2 and later						
	For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.						
Description	• 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports						
	• Power requirement: 0.77 A @ 48 V (37 W)						
	• Weight: 1.2 lb (0.54 kg)						
	Model number: MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-EH						
	Name in the CLI: 3D 20x 1GE(LAN)-EH,SFP						
Hardware features	High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps						
	Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners						
	Up to 20-Gbps of full-duplex traffic						
	Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes						
	• Environmentally hardened for -40° F (-40° C) to 149° F (65° C) operating temperatures						
	• SEC PHY						
	• Timing PHY						

Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
	IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
	Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
	Source MAC learning
	MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
	Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
	Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)
	Precision Time Protocol (PTP) or IEEE 1588v2
	Media Access Control Security (MACsec)
Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
	• pic: 0 (left grouping of 10 ports) or 1 (right grouping of 10 ports) when installed in MIC slot 0; 2 (left grouping of 10 ports) or 3 (right grouping of 10 ports) when installed in MIC slot 1
	• port: 0 through 9
	For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the right grouping of ports on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Green—MIC is functioning normally.
	• Red-MIC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	Off—No link.
	• On steadily—Link is up.

10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP

Figure 20: 2-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP

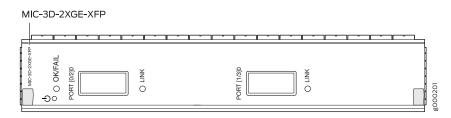
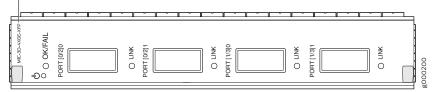


Figure 21: 4-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP

MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP



Software release	• 2-port: Junos 10.2 and later						
	• 4-port: Junos 10.1 and later						
	For information on which MPCs support these MICs, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.						
Description	• Two or four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports						
	Power requirement:						
	 2-port: 0.6 A @ 48 V (29 W) 						
	• 4-port: 0.56 A @ 48 V (27 W)						
	• Weight:						
	• 2-port: 1 lb (0.45 kg)						
	• 4-port: 1.1 lb (0.5 kg)						
	Model number:						
	• 2-port: MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP						
	• 4-port: MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP						
	Name in the CLI:						
	• 2-port: 3D 2X10GE XFP						
	• 4:-port 3D 4X10GE XFP						

Hardware features	• High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
	 LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	• WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
	 Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options
	Synchronous Ethernet support
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
	IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
	Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
	Source MAC learning
	MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
	Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
	Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)
Interfaces	Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
	• pic:
	• 2-port: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0; 3 when installed in MIC slot 1
	• 4-port: 0 or 1 when installed in MIC slot 0; 2 or 3 when installed in MIC slot 1
	• port:
	• 2-port: 0 or 1
	• 4-port: 0 or 1
	For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
connectors	
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.
	Red-MIC has failed.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off-No link.
	• On steadily—Link is up with or without activity.
	The ports are labeled (see Figure 22 on page 185 and Figure 23 on page 185).
	• 2-port: [0/2]0, [1/3]0
	• 4-port: [0/2]0, [0/2]1, [1/3]0, and [1/3]1

Figure 22: Port Numbering for 2-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP

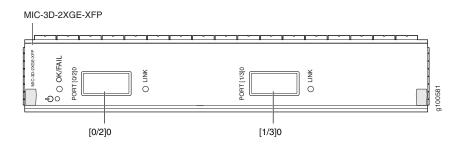


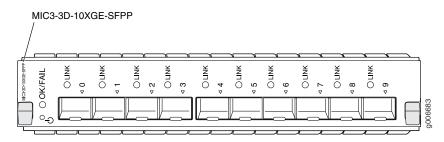
Figure 23: Port Numbering for 4-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP

MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP Т Т i||성 O OKFAIL O LINK PORT [0/2]0 O LINK PORT [0/2]1 PORT [1/3]1 O LINK O LINK g100580 [0/2]0 [0/2]1 [1/3]0 [1/3]1

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports)

Figure 24: 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+



Software release	Junos 12.3 and later
Description	 Ten 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 0.62 A @ 48 V (29.8 W) Weight: 1.54 lb (0.70 kg) Model number: MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP Name in the CLI: 3D 10xGE SFPP
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps Supports 10 SFP+ pluggable optic ports Voltage Sequencer for local voltage sequence control and monitoring LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	 Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per port Synchronous Ethernet support Optical diagnostics and related alarms Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses Flexible Ethernet encapsulation Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: SFPP-10GE-ZR has a commercial temperature rating and is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, the software disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.
	NOTE: SFPP-10G-DT-ZRC2 is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP MIC. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Green—MIC is functioning normally.
	Red-MIC has failed.
	LINK LED, one per SFP+ port:
	Off-No link.
	• Green—Link is up.
	Yellow—Link is disabled.
	The ports are labeled:
	• Port [0] to Port [9]

NOTE: The MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP MIC has one logical PIC. When the MIC is installed in slot 0 of an MPC the PIC number is 0, and when the MIC is installed in slot 1 of an MPC the PIC number is 2. For example, when the MIC is installed in slot 3 of the MX960 router, in slot 1 of the MPC, the interfaces are numbered xe-3/2/0 through xe-3/2/9.

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MX Series MIC Overview | 21

MICs Supported by MX Series Routers | 22

MIC/MPC Compatibility | 33

10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)

MIC6-10G

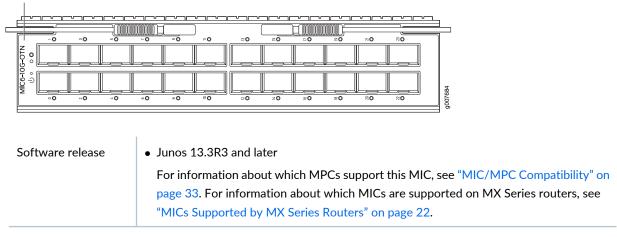
Software release	• Junos 13.3R2 and later For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.
Description	 Twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 7.1 A @ 10.4 V (74 W) Weight: 3.2 lb (1.45 kg) Model number: MIC6-10G Name in the CLI: 24x10GE SFPP
Hardware features	 Supports 24 SFP+ pluggable optic ports High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps Supports LOS-squelch, enabling Synchronous Ethernet fast-clock-failover on a port down event Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	 Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per port Compliant to ITU-T specifications Optical diagnostics and related alarms Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support IEEE 802.1ad support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	• Green—MIC is functioning normally.
	Yellow-MIC is coming online.
	• Red-MIC has failed.
	LINK LED, one bicolor per SFP+ port:
	Off-No link.
	• Green-Link is up.
	Yellow-Link is disabled.
	The ports are labeled:
	• Port [0] to Port [23]

MX Series MIC Overview | 21

10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)

MIC6-10G-OTN



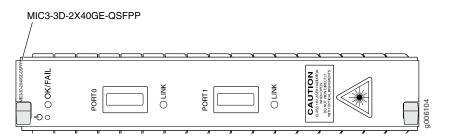
Description	 Twenty-four 10-Gigabit optical transport network (OTN) ports for transport of 10-Gigabit Ethernet (10GBASE-R) traffic Power requirement: 1.5 A @ 52 V (84 W) Weight: 3.4 lb (1.54 kg) Model number: MIC6-10G-OTN Name in the CLI: 24x10GE OTN
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps LAN-OTU2e mode (G.Sup43, 7.1) at 11.09 Gbps WAN-OTU2 mode (G.Sup43, 6.1) at 10.70 Gbps Supports LOS-squelch, enabling Synchronous Ethernet fast-clock-failover on a port-down event Provides IEEE 1588 time-stamping at physical interface for improved accuracy Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	 OTN support for 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface Compliant with ITU-T specifications Transparent transport of 10-Gigabit Ethernet signals with optical channel transport unit 2 (OTU2/OTU2e) framing Optical diagnostics and related alarms Configurable LAN-PHY, WAN-PHY, or OTN mode options per port Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q VLAN support IEEE 802.1ad support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.
	• Yellow–MIC is coming online.
	Red-MIC has failed.
	LINK LED, one bicolor per port:
	Off-No link.
	• Green—Link is up.
	Yellow-Link is disabled.
	The ports are labeled:
	Port [0] through Port [23]

MX Series MIC Overview | 21

40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+

Figure 25: 40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+



Software release	• 12.2 and later
	For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.
Description	 Two 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 0.38 A @ 48 V (18 W) Weight: 1.19 lb (0.54 kg) Model number: MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP

Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 40 Gbps Up to 40-Gbps of full-duplex traffic Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	 Synchronous Ethernet support Optical diagnostics and related alarms Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses Flexible Ethernet encapsulation Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: • Green-MIC is functioning normally. • Red-MIC has failed. LINK LED, one green per port: • Off-No link. • On steadily-Link is up with or without activity. • Yellow-Link is disabled. The ports are labeled: • PORT [0] - PORT [1]

100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP

Figure 26: 1-Port 100 Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP

MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP		
Software release	 12.1 and later For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22. 	
Description	 One 100-Gigabit Ethernet port Power requirement: 0.83 A @ 48 V (40 W) Weight: 1.94 lb (0.88 kg) Model number: MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP Name in the CLI: 1X100GE CFP 	
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 100 Gbps Up to 100-Gbps of full-duplex traffic Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes The port is labeled PORT0 	
Software features	 Synchronous Ethernet support Optical diagnostics and related alarms Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses Flexible Ethernet encapsulation Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID) 	

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggab transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Serie NOTE: The CFP-100GBASE-ER4 transceiver is NEBS-compliant in the 100-Gigabit Ethern MIC with CFP, but only when the other MIC slot in the MPC3E is empty. If another MIC is present and the ambient temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, the software converts
	 CFP-100GBASE-ER4 to low power mode, which takes the transceiver offline. Fiber-optic 100-Gigabit C form-factor Plugabble NOTE: The CFP-100GBASE-ZR transceiver is NEBS compliant in the 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP, but only when the other MIC slot in the MPC3E is empty. If another MIC is present and the ambient air temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, the software disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline. The other MIC slot must be filled with a blank panel.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: • Green—MIC is functioning normally. • Red—MIC has failed. LINK LED, one green per port: • Off—No link. • On steadily—Link is up. • Yellow—Link is disabled.

100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP

Figure 27: 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP

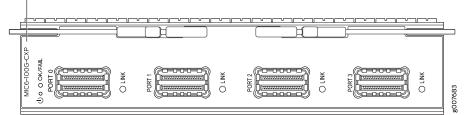
MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP /	
Software release	• 12.2 and later
	For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.
Description	One 100-gigabit Ethernet port
	• Power requirement: 0.42 A @ 48 V (20 W)
	• Weight: 1.03 lb (0.47 kg)
	Model number: MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP
	Name in the CLI: 3D 1x100GE CXP
Hardware features	High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 100 Gbps
	• Up to 100-Gbps of full-duplex traffic
	Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
	• The port is labeled PORT0
Software features	Synchronous Ethernet support
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
	IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
	Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
	Source MAC learning
	MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
	Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
	Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green-MIC is functioning normally.
	Red-MIC has failed.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off-No link.
	• On steadily—Link is up with or without activity.
	Yellow—Link is disabled.

MX Series MIC Overview | 21

100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports)

MIC6-100G-CXP



Software release	• Junos 13.3R2 and later
	For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.
Description	Four 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	• Power requirement: 5.5 A @ 10.4 V (57 W)
	• Weight: 2.7 lb (1.22 kg)
	Model number: MIC6-100G-CXP
	Name in the CLI: 4X100GE CXP

Hardware features	• Line-rate throughput of up to 100Gbps per port.
	Supports 100GBASE-SR10 over CXP pluggable optics
	Supports LOS-squelch, enabling Synchronous Ethernet fast-clock-failover on a port
	down event
	Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	Compliant to ITU-T specifications
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
	• IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
	IEEE 802.1ad support
	Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
	Source MAC learning
	MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
	• In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)
Cables and	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one tricolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.
	• Yellow–MIC is coming online.
	• Red-MIC has failed.
	LINK LED, one bicolor per port:
	Off–No link.
	• Green–Link is up.
	• Yellow–Link is disabled.
	The ports are labeled:
	• Port 0 to Port 3

100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2

MIC6-100G-CFP2 Ъ Л H H PORTO O LINK O LINK PORT 1 1 g007687

Software release	• Junos 13.3R3 and later For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" or page 33. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.
Description	 Two 100-Gigabit Ethernet CFP2 ports Power requirement: 2 A @ 52 V (104 W) Weight: 2.4 lb (1.09 kg) Model number: MIC6-100G-CFP2 Name in the CLI: 2X100GE CFP2 OTN
Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 100 Gbps per port Supports CFP2 pluggable optics Supports LAN (103.125 Gbps) and OTN/OTU4 (111.81 Gbps) on a per-port basis Provides IEEE 1588 time-stamping at physical interface for improved accuracy Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	 Optical transport network (OTN) support for 100-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces Compliant with ITU-T specifications Transparent transport of 100-Gigabit Ethernet signals with OTU4 framing Optical diagnostics and related alarms Configurable 100-Gigabit Ethernet or OTN options per port Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q VLAN support IEEE 802.1ad support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	 NOTE: CFP2-100G-ER4-D is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11.
	• CFP2-DCO-T-WDM-1 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router or the MX2020 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11. Slots 0 and 11 can only work with an ambient temperature of up to 40° C.
	NOTE: When inserting the CFP2 transceiver, ensure that the transceiver sits tightly in the port. You will hear a distinct click sound when the latch locks into the corresponding port. The latch must be fully engaged in the corresponding port for the CFP2 transceiver to function properly. Failing to do so will result in loss of connection.
	To verify that the CFP2 transceiver module is inserted properly, give a gentle pull by grasping the sides of the module. The module should sit tightly.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one tricolor:
	Green-MIC is functioning normally.
	Yellow—MIC is coming online.
	Red-MIC has failed.
	LINK LED, one bicolor per port:
	Off–No link.
	• Green—Link is up.
	Yellow—Link is disabled.
	Port labels:
	• Port 0 and Port 1

100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with CFP2-ACO

MIC3-100G-DWDM

<u> </u>			
	Ожин	O LINK	007839

Software release	Junos OS Release 15.1F5 and 15.1F6, Junos OS Release 17.1R1 and later
	For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.
Description	One 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN port
	Power requirements (including transceiver) at different temperatures:
	• 55° C: 1.90 A @ 48 V (91 W)
	• 25° C: 1.73 A @ 48 V (83 W)
	• Weight: 2.3 lb (1.04 kg)
	Model number: MIC3-100G-DWDM
	Name in the CLI: 1X100GE DWDM CFP2-ACO

- Dual-wide MIC that installs into two MIC slots
- Supports CFP2 analog coherent optics (CFP2-ACO)
- Transparent transport of a 100-Gigabit Ethernet signal with OTU4V framing
- ITU-standard OTN performance monitoring and alarm management
- Dual-polarization quadrature phase shift keying (DP-QPSK) modulation
- Supports three types of forward error correction (FEC):
 - Soft-decision FEC (SD-FEC)
 - High-gain FEC (HG-FEC)
 - G.709 FEC (GFEC)
- 100 channels on C-band ITU grid with 50-GHz spacing
- Latency:
 - SD-FEC: 14 μs (TX + RX)
 - HG-FEC: 22 μs (TX + RX)
 - GFEC: 6 μs (TX + RX)
- Interoperable with the CFP-100GBASE-ZR transceiver supported on the 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP (MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP) on MX Series routers and the 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC with CFP (P1-PTX-2-100GE-CFP) on PTX Series routers.
- Interoperable with the 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN PIC with CFP2 (PTX-5-100G-WDM) on PTX Series routers when the 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC is configured to use SD-FEC or GFEC.

NOTE: The 1-port 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC is not directly interoperable with the 2-port 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN PIC (P1-PTX-2-100G-WDM), but they can both operate over the same DWDM line system.

Software features

NOTE: For information about configuring the MIC, see Configuring OTN Interfaces on MIC3-100G-DWDM MIC. For information about upgrading the firmware on the PIC, see Upgrading Firmware on the 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC (MIC3-100G-DWDM).

- Compliant with ITU G.709 and G.798
- Provides a transport interface and state model (GR-1093)
- Performance monitoring features such as alarms, threshold-crossing alarms, OTU/ODU error seconds and FEC and bit error rate (BER) statistics
- SNMP management of the MIC based on RFC 3591, Managed Objects for the Optical Interface Type, including the following:
 - Set functionality
 - Black Link MIB
 - IFOTN MIB
 - Optics MIB
 - FRU MIB
- Pre-FEC BER monitoring provides interrupt-driven, BER-based detection of link signal degradation for MPLS fast reroute.
- User-configurable optics options:
 - Transmit (TX) laser enable and disable
 - TX output power
 - Wavelength
 - Receive (RX) LOS warning or alarm thresholds
 - Threshold crossing alarms (TCAs)
 - User-configurable card options:
 - FEC mode (SD-FEC, HG-FEC, or GFEC)
 - TCAs

Cables andTIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggableconnectorstransceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: When inserting the C form-factor pluggable 2 (CFP2) transceiver, ensure that the transceiver sits tightly in the port. You hear a distinct click sound when the latch locks into the corresponding port. The latch must be fully engaged in the corresponding port for the CFP2 transceiver to function properly. Failing to do so can result in loss of connection.

To verify that the CFP2 transceiver module is inserted properly, give a gentle pull by grasping the sides of the module. The module should sit tightly.

	1
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Off—MIC is powered off.
	Green—MIC is initialized and online, functioning normally.
	• Amber-MIC is coming online, or is in fault state.
	LINK LED, one bicolor per port:
	Off—Port is offline.
	• Solid green—Link is up.
	Red—Port failure is detected.
	NOTE: The port is labeled Port 0 .
Alarms, Errors, and	NOTE: For OTN alarms, see Table 24 on page 208.
Events	Chassis and MIC:
	MIC (FRU) inserted or removed
	MIC (FRU) Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service
	MIC (FRU) Operational State: Unequipped, Init, Normal, Mismatch, Fault, Upgrade
	Mismatch equipment
	Temperature alarm
	Port (interface):
	Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA
	Interface Operational State: Init, Normal, Fault, Degraded
	Optical channel transport unit (OTU) TCAs:
	OTU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA
	 OTU-TCA-ES-15-minute far-end errored seconds TCA
	• OTU-TCA-SES-15-minute severely errored seconds TCA
	 OTU-TCA-UAS-15-minute unavailable seconds TCA
	Optical channel data unit (ODU) TCAs:
	ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA
	• ODU-TCA-ES—15-minute far-end errored seconds TCA
	 ODU-TCA-SES—15-minute severely errored seconds TCA
	 ODU-TCA-UAS-15-minute unavailable seconds TCA
	TIP: You can view OTU and ODU TCAs by using the show interfaces transport pm otn operational-mode CLI command.

NOTE: If you insert an invalid CFP module, the CLI displays **unsupported module** and a syslog message is generated.

Optics-related status:

- Module temperature
- Module voltage
- Module temperature alarm:
 - High alarm
 - Low alarm
 - High warning
 - Low warning
- Module voltage alarm:
 - High alarm
 - Low alarm
 - High warning
 - Low warning
- Module not ready alarm
- Module low power alarm
- Module initialization incomplete alarm
- Module fault alarm
- TX laser disabled alarm
- RX loss of signal alarm
- Modem lock state
- TX output power:
 - Current TX output power
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval
- TX power alarm:
 - High alarm
 - Low alarm
 - High warning
 - Low warning
- RX input power (signal)
- RX input power (total):
 - Current RX input power (total)
 - Minimum over PM interval

- Maximum over PM interval
- Average over PM interval
- RX power alarm:
 - High alarm
 - Low alarm
 - High warning
 - Low warning
- RX loss of signal alarm
- Wavelength unlocked alarm

TIP: You can view optics-related status by using the **show interfaces transport pm optics** and **show interfaces diagnostics optics** operational-mode CLI commands.

Network lane receive-related status:

- Chromatic dispersion:
 - Current chromatic dispersion
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval
- Differential group delay:
 - Current differential group delay
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval
- Q²-factor:
 - Current Q²-factor
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval
- Carrier frequency offset
 - Current carrier frequency offset
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval
- Signal-to-noise ratio (SNR)
 - Current SNR
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval

TIP: You can view network lane receive-related status by using the **show interfaces transport pm optics** operational-mode CLI command.

FEC statistics:

- Corrected Errors-the number of bits received that were in error, but corrected.
- Uncorrected Words-the number of FEC codewords received that were uncorrectable.
- Corrected Error Ratio—the number of corrected bits divided by the number of bits received

TIP: You can view FEC statistics by using the **show interfaces** *interface-name* extensive operational-mode CLI command.

Table 24 on page 208 describes the OTN alarms and defects that can occur on the MIC and the link status when the alarm or defect occurs.

TIP: You can view OTN alarms and defects by using the **show interfaces** *interface-name* **extensive** operational-mode CLI command.

Table 24: OTN Alarms and Defects

Category	Alarm	Description	Link Status
OTN	LOS	Loss of signal	Link down
	LOF	Loss of frame	Link down
	LOM	Loss of multiframe	Link down
OTN FEC	FEC Degrade (OTU-FEC-DEG)	Forward error correction degraded	Link down if signal degrade or backward FRR thresholds are met
	FEC Excessive (OTU-FEC-EXE)	There are uncorrected words and there are errors in the frame header	Possible link down
OTN OTU	OTU-AIS	Alarm indication signal or all ones signal	Link down
	OTU-BDI	Backward defect identification	Link down
	OTU-IAE	Incoming alignment error	Warning
	OTU-TTIM	Destination access point identifier (DAPI), source access point identifier (SAPI), or both mismatch from expected to received	Can cause the link to be down if otu-ttim-act-enable is configured at the [edit interfaces interface-name otn-options]hierarchy level
	OTU-BIAE	Backward incoming alignment error	Warning
	OTU-TSF	OTU trail signal fail	Warning
	OTU-SSF	OTU server signal fail	Warning

Category	Alarm	Description	Link Status
OTN ODU	ODU-AIS	Alarm indication signal or all ones signal	Link down
020	ODU-OCI	Open connection error	Link down
	ODU-LCK	ODU lock triggers for path monitoring and TCM levels 1 through 6	Link down
	ODU-BDI	Backward defect indication	Link down
	ODU-TTIM	DAPI or SAPI mismatch from expected to received	Can cause the link to be down if odu-ttim-act-enable is configured at the [edit interfaces interface-name otn-options] hierarchy level
	ODU-IAE	Incoming alignment error	Warning
	ODU-LTC	Loss of tandem connection	Warning
	ODU-CSF	Client signal failure	Warning
	ODU-TSF	Trail signal fail	Warning
	ODU-SSF	Server signal fail	Warning
	ODU-PTIM	Payload type mismatch	Link down

Table 24: OTN Alarms and Defects (continued)

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

100-Gigabit DWDM OTN CFP2-ACO Transceiver Wavelengths

MX Series MIC Overview | 21

Configuring OTN Interfaces on MIC3-100G-DWDM MIC

Upgrading Firmware on the 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC (MIC3-100G-DWDM)

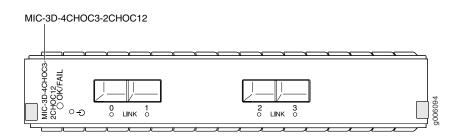
show interfaces extensive

show interfaces transport pm

show interfaces diagnostics optics (Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, 40-Gigabit Ethernet, 100-Gigabit Ethernet, and Virtual Chassis Port)

Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP

Figure 28: 4-Port Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP



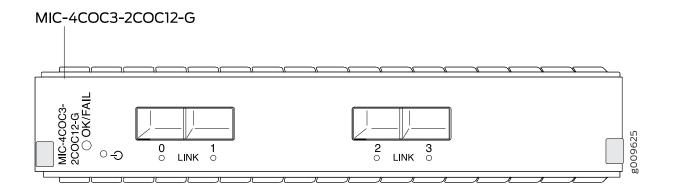
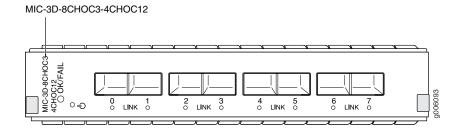
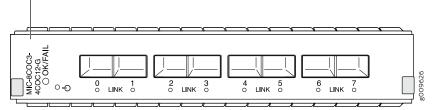


Figure 29: 8-Port Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP



MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G



Software release

• Junos OS Release 11.4 and later

For information on which MPCs support these MICs, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.

Description	• 4-port: Rate-selectable using one of the following rates:
	 4-port OC3/STM1
	 2-port OC12/STM4
	8-port: Rate-selectable using one of the following rates:
	 8-port OC3/STM1
	4-port OC12/STM4
	• Channelization: OC3, DS3, DS1, DS0, E3, E1. For information on channelization numbers, see <i>Channelized Interfaces Feature Guide for Routing Devices</i> .
	Power requirement:
	• 4-port: 4.56 A @ 9 V (41 W)
	 8-port: 5.78 A @ 9 V (52 W)
	• Weight:
	• 4-port: 4.4 lb (2 kg)
	• 8-port: 4.4 lb (2 kg)
	Model number:
	4-port: MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12
	• 4-port: MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G
	8-port: MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12
	• 4-port: MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G
	8-port: MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12
	 8-port: MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G
	NOTE: MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G and MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G are RoHS 6/6 compliant.
Hardware features	• The ports are labeled:
	• 4-port: 0-3
	• 8-port: 0-7

	Local and remote loopback on each port
	Optical diagnostics and monitoring
	Clocking options: internal or external/loop mode
	Encapsulations:
	MPLS fast reroute
	MPLS CCC (circuit cross-connection)
	MPLS TCC (translational cross-connection)
	 Cisco High-Level Data Link Control (cHDLC)
	Cisco HDLC CCC
	Cisco HDLC TCC
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
	PPP for CCC
	PPP for TCC
	Flexible Frame Relay
	Frame Relay
	Frame Relay for CCC
	Frame Relay for TCC
	PPP over Frame Relay
	 Multilink-based protocols (Junos OS Release 12.1 and later):
	 Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol (MLPPP)
	Multiclass MLPPP
	 Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) end-to-end (FRF.15)
	 Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) UNI NNI (FRF.16, also referred to as MFR)
	 Compressed Real-Time Transport Protocol (CRTP)
	NOTE: When you configure multilink services on a MIC in an MX Series router, ensure
	that a Multiservices DPC is present in the same router.
	NOTE: Ethernet over Frame Relay is not supported.
Cables and	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.

• Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

• Per-port SONET/SDH framing

Software features

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LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally
	Red-MIC has failed
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off—Not enabled
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
	• Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure
Alarms, errors, and events	SONET alarms:
events	Loss of light (LOL)
	Loss of signal (LOS)
	Loss of frame (LOF)
	Phase lock loop (PLL)
	• Severely errored frame (SEF)
	Alarm indicator signal-line (AIS-L)
	Alarm indicator signal-path (AIS-P)
	Remote defect indicator-line (RDI-L)
	Remote defect indicator-path (RDI-P)
	• Loss of pointer-path (LOP-P)
	• Bit error rate-signal degrade (BERR-SD)
	• Bit error rate-signal fail (BERR-SF)
	Payload label mismatch-Path (PLM-P)
	• Unequipped-path (UNEQ-P)
	Remote error indicator-path (REI-P)
	Alarm indicator signal-virtual container (V-AIS)
	Loss of pointer-virtual container (V-LOP)
	Remote defect indicator-virtual container (V-RDI)
	Unequipped-virtual container (V-UNEQ)
	Mismatch-virtual container (V-MIS)
	SDH alarms:
	Loss of light (LOL)
	Phase lock loop (PLL)
	• Loss of frame (LOF)
	Loss of signal (LOS)
	• Severely errored frame (SEF)

- Higher order path-alarm indication signal (HP-AIS)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BER-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BER-SF)
- Multiplex section-far end receive failure (MS-FERF)
- Higher order path-far-end receive failure (HP-FERF)
- Higher order path-payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)
- Tributary unit-alarm indicator signal (TU-AIS)
- Tributary unit-loss of pointer (TU-LOP)
- Tributary unit-remote defect indicator (TU-RDI)
- Tributary unit-unequipped (TU-UNEQ)
- Tributary unit-mismatch (TU-MIS)

DS3 alarms:

- Alarm indication signal (AIS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal seconds (LOS)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)

DS3 error detection:

- C-bit code violations (CCV)
- C-bit errored seconds (CES)
- C-bit severely errored seconds (CSES)
- CRC errors
- Excessive zeros (EXZ)
- Far-end block error (FEBE)
- Far-end receive failure (FERF)
- Line errored seconds (LES)
- Parity bit (P-bit) code violations (PCV)
- Parity bit (P-bit) errored seconds (PES)
- Parity bit (P-bit) severely errored framing seconds (PSES)
- Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS)
- Unavailable seconds (UAS)

Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP

Figure 30: Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP

MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE

Software release	Junos OS Release 12.2 and later	
	For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.	
Description	• Four OC3/STM1 ports	
	Rate-selectable using one of the following rates:	
	• 4-port OC3/STM1	
	• 1-port OC12/STM4	
	One channelized OC12/STM4 port (down to DS0)	
	SONET or SDH is configurable on a MIC level	
	OC3 channelization:	
	4 OC3 channel	
	336 DS1 channels	
	 2016 DS0 channels (combination of nxDS0) 	
	SDH channelization:	
	• 4 STM1 channel	
	• 252 E1 channels	
	 2016 DS0 channels (combination of nxDS0) 	
	• Power requirement: 2.83 A @ 12 V (33.96 W)	
	• Weight: 1.63 lb (0.74 kg)	
	Model number: MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	
Hardware features	Ports are numbered 0 through 3	

Software features	Per-MIC SONET/SDH framing
	Internal and loop clocking
	Encapsulations:
	 Pseudo Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985)
	 Requirements for Pseudo-Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916)
	• Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SAToP) (RFC 455
	 Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet Switched Network (CESoPSN) (RFC 5086)
	 Pseudowire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RFC 4385)
	 L2 Network Interconnections (protocol stitching): TDM LDP PWs to BGP L2VPN—see Using the Layer 2 Interworking Interface to Interconnect a Layer 2 Circuit to a Layer 2 VPN for more information. Note that stitching CESoPSN PW to BGP L2VPN is not supported.
	Unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU)
Interfaces	Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where:
	• mediatype: coc3, coc12, cstm1, cstm4, or ds
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
	• pic: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0 or 2 when installed in MIC slot 1
	• port: 0 through 3
	For example, cstm4-1/2/0 is the channelized STM4 interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggab transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Serie
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a MIC is not being actively used with any
	valid links, take the MIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device
	For information about taking a MIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline comman in the Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference.

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MX Series MIC Overview21Using the Layer 2 Interworking Interface to Interconnect a Layer 2 Circuit to a Layer 2 VPN

Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H)

Figure 31: Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H)

MIC-4COC3-ICOC12-CE-H		
Software release	Junos OS Release 13.2R2 and later	
	For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.	
Description	Four OC3/STM1 ports	
	Rate-selectable using one of the following rates:	
	4-port OC3/STM1	
	1-port OC12/STM4	
	One channelized OC12/STM4 port (down to DS0)	
	SONET or SDH is configurable on a MIC level	
	SONET channelization:	
	4 OC3 channel	
	336 DS1 channels	
	 2016 DS0 channels (combination of nxDS0) 	
	SDH channelization:	
	• 4 STM1 channel	
	• 252 E1 channels	
	 2016 DS0 channels (combination of nxDS0) 	
	• Power requirement: 2.83 A @ 12 V (33.96 W)	
	• Weight: 1.63 lb (0.74 kg)	
	Model number: MIC-4COC3-1COC12-CE-H	
Hardware features	Ports are numbered 0 through 3	
	\bullet Environmentally hardened for –40° F (–40° C) to 149° F (65° C) operating temperatures	

Software features	Per-MIC SONET/SDH framing
	Internal and loop clocking
	Encapsulations:
	 Pseudo Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985)
	 Requirements for Pseudo-Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916)
	 Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SAToP) (RFC 4553)
	 Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet Switched Network (CESoPSN) (RFC 5086)
	 Pseudowire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RFC 4385)
Interfaces	Syntax: <i>mediatype-fpc/pic/port</i> where:
	• mediatype: coc3, coc12, cstm1, cstm4, or ds
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
	• pic: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0 or 2 when installed in MIC slot 1
	• port: 0 through 3
	For example, cstm4-1/2/0 is the channelized STM4 interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a MIC is not being actively used with any
	valid links, take the MIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device.
	For information about taking a MIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command
	in the Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally
	Red-MIC has failed
	LINK LED, one tricolor per port:
	Off–Not enabled
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

Alarms, errors, and Structure-agnostic alarms for T1 and E1 interface: events • Alarm indication signal (AIS)

- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Line code violation (LCV)
- Errored seconds (ES)
- Line-errored seconds (LES)
- Severely errored seconds (SES)
- Unavailable errored seconds (UAS)

Structure aware alarms for T1 and E1 interface:

- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Block error event (BEE)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Yellow alarm (remote alarm indication RAI)
- Path code violation (PCV)
- Severely errored frame seconds (SEFS)
- Bursty errored seconds (BES)

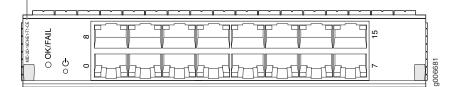
RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC

Figure 32: Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC

MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE



Software release

• Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.

	Sixteen E1 or T1 ports
	Per-MIC E1/T1 framing
	DS1 channelization per port:
	• 1 DS1 channel
	24 DS0 channels
	• E1 channelization per port:
	• 1 E1 channel
	32 DS0 channels
	Internal and loop clocking
	• Power requirement: 2.21 A @ 12 V (26.55 W)
	• Weight: 1.57 lb (0.71 kg)
	Model number: MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE
Hardware features	Ports are numbered:
	 Top row: 8 and 15 from left to right
	 Bottom row: 0 and 7 from left to right
Software features	• Full bit error rate test (BERT)
	DS1 and E1 interfaces are selectable on a per-port granularity
	Per-port framing is not supported
	• You can configure the following framing modes using the CLI:
	 T1—SF, ESF, D4/superframe, ESF (extended superframe)
	• E1–G704, G704-no-crc4, unframed
	Local, remote, and per-port loopback diagnostics
	Encapsulations:
	 Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985)
	 Requirements for Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916)
	• Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SAToP) (RFC 455
	 Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet-Switched Network (CESoPSN) (RFC 5086)
	 Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RFC 4385)
	• In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggat transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Serie

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.
	Red-MIC has failed.
	One tricolor per port:
	Off—Not enabled.
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures.
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures.
	• Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure.

Alarms, errors, and	• Structure-agnostic alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
events	 Alarm indication signal (AIS)
	 Loss of signal (LOS)
	• Structure-aware alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
	 Loss of signal (LOS)
	Alarm indication signal (AIS)
	Loss of frame (LOF)
	Remote alarm indication signal (RAIS)
	• Structure-agnostic error detection for T1 and E1 interface:
	Errored seconds (ES)
	Line code violation (LCV)
	Line errored seconds (LES)
	 Severely errored seconds (SES)
	Unavailable seconds (UAS)
	 Loss of signal seconds (LOSS)
	• Structure-aware error detection for T1 and E1 interface:
	 Severely errored frame (SEF)
	Block error event (BEE)
	Line code violation (LCV)
	Path code violation (PCV)
	• Line errored seconds (LES)
	• Errored seconds (ES)
	 Severely errored seconds (SES)
	 Severely errored frame seconds (SEFS)
	Bursty errored seconds (BES)
	Unavailable seconds (UAS)
	 Loss of signal seconds (LOSS)
	 Loss of framing seconds (LOFS)
	• Far-end block error (FEBE) (E1 only)
	CRC errors (E1 only)

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Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H)

Figure 33: Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H)

MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE-H 	
Software release	• Junos OS Release 13.2R2 and later For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.
Description	 Sixteen E1 or T1 ports Per-MIC E1/T1 framing DS1 channelization per port: 1 DS1 channel 24 DS0 channels E1 channelization per port: 1 E1 channel 32 DS0 channels Internal and loop clocking Power requirement: 2.21 A @ 12 V (26.55 W) Weight: 1.57 lb (0.71 kg) Model number: MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE-H
Hardware features	 Ports are numbered: Top row: 8 and 15 from left to right Bottom row: 0 and 7 from left to right Environmentally hardened for -40° F (-40° C) to 149° F (65° C) operating temperatures

Software features	• Full bit error rate test (BERT)
	DS1 and E1 interfaces are selectable on a per-port granularity
	Per-port framing is not supported
	• You can configure the following framing modes using the CLI:
	 T1—SF, ESF, D4/superframe, ESF (extended superframe)
	• E1–G704, G704-no-crc4, unframed
	Local, remote, and per-port loopback diagnostics
	Encapsulations:
	 Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985)
	• Requirements for Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916)
	• Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SAToP) (RFC 455
	 Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet-Switched Network (CESoPSN) (RFC 5086)
	 Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RFC 4385)
Interfaces	Syntax: media-type-fpc/pic/port where:
	• media-type: ct1, ds, t1, or e1
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
	• pic: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0 or 2 when installed in MIC slot 1
	• port: 0 through 15
	For example, $t1-2/2/0$ is the T1 interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on MPC installed in slot 2.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggab transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Serie
	RJ-48 connector
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.
	• Red-MIC has failed.
	One tricolor per port:
	Off—Not enabled.
	 Green—Online with no alarms or failures.
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures.

Alarms, errors, and	• Structure-agnostic alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
events	Alarm indication signal (AIS)
	 Loss of signal (LOS)
	• Structure-aware alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
	 Loss of signal (LOS)
	Alarm indication signal (AIS)
	Loss of frame (LOF)
	Remote alarm indication signal (RAIS)
	• Structure-agnostic error detection for T1 and E1 interface:
	 Errored seconds (ES)
	Line code violation (LCV)
	Line errored seconds (LES)
	 Severely errored seconds (SES)
	 Unavailable seconds (UAS)
	 Loss of signal seconds (LOSS)
	• Structure-aware error detection for T1 and E1 interface:
	 Severely errored frame (SEF)
	 Block error event (BEE)
	Line code violation (LCV)
	Path code violation (PCV)
	Line errored seconds (LES)
	Errored seconds (ES)
	 Severely errored seconds (SES)
	 Severely errored frame seconds (SEFS)
	 Bursty errored seconds (BES)
	 Unavailable seconds (UAS)
	 Loss of signal seconds (LOSS)
	 Loss of framing seconds (LOFS)
	• Far-end block error (FEBE) (E1 only)
	CRC errors (E1 only)

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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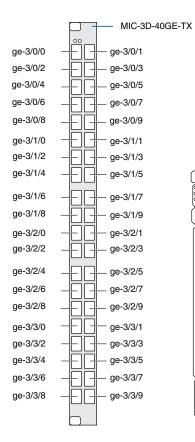
Tri-Rate MIC

Figure 34: 40-Port Tri-Rate MIC

Software release	 Junos 10.2 and later For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.
Description	 40 autonegotiating 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-T Megabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 0.85 A @ 48 V (41 W) Weight: 1.9 lb (0.9 kg) Model number: MIC-3D-40GE-TX Name in the CLI: 3D 40GE TX
Hardware features	 Dual-wide MIC that installs into 2 slots. For information on how to install dual-wide MICs, see the <i>Installing Dual-Wide MIC</i> topic in the respective <i>MX Series Router Hardware Guide</i>. High-performance throughput on each port at speeds of 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps Up to 40-Gbps of full-duplex traffic Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

Software features	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
	IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
	Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
	Source MAC learning
	MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
	Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
	Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)
Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:
	• fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed.
	• pic: The ports on the MPC are divided into four logical PICs numbered 0, 1, 2, and 3.
	• port: 0 through 9
	For example, ge-2/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in logical PIC 3 on the MPC installed in slot 2.
	Figure 16 on page 179, Figure 36 on page 231, and Figure 37 on page 231 illustrate the port numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC installed in the MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.
Cables and connectors	• Connector: Four-pair, Category 5 shielded twisted-pair connectivity through an RJ-45 connector
	Pinout: MDI, MDI crossover
	• Maximum distance: 328 ft (100 m)
	CAUTION: Do not use RJ-45 cables with strain-relief boots exceeding 1.5 mm from the
	bottom of the connector. Cable boots that exceed this measurement can damage the port.
LEDs	OK/fail LED, one bicolor:
	• Green—MIC is functioning normally.
	• Red-MIC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	Off–No link.
	• On steadily—Link is up.

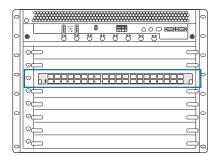
Figure 16 on page 179, Figure 36 on page 231, and Figure 37 on page 231 illustrate the port numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC installed in the MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.



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Figure 35: Port Numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC (MX960)

Figure 36: Port Numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC (MX480)



MIC-3D-40GE-TX

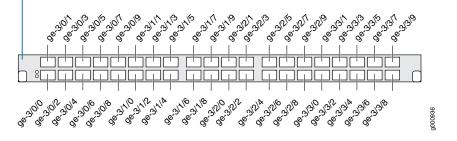
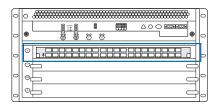
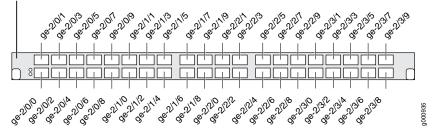


Figure 37: Port Numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC (MX240)



MIC-3D-40GE -TX



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MIC MRATE

Figure 38: 12-Port Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+

MIC MRATE	
Software release	 Junos OS Release 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.
Description	 Twelve Gigabit Ethernet ports that support quad small form-factor pluggable plus (QSFP+) transceivers Power requirement; When installed into MPC8E: 1.250 A @ 48 V (60 W) When installed into MPC9E, or into MPC8E operating in 1.6 Tbps upgrade mode (licensed feature): 1.771 A @ 48 V (85 W) Weight: 3.9 lb (1.77 kg) Model number: MIC-MRATE Name in the CLI: MRATE-12xQSFPP-XGE-XLGE-CGE

Hardware features	• The ports are numbered 0 through 11 .
	• Twelve Gigabit Ethernet QSFP+ ports, each of which can be configured as a 40-Gigabit Ethernet port or as four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports by using a breakout cable.
	 Eight out of the twelve ports can be configured as 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Port numbers 0 through 3, and 6 through 9 are the eight 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. When used in MX2K-MPC8E:
	 4 ports out of the total 12 support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 240 Gbps
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 240 Gbps
	When used in MX2K-MPC9E:
	 8 ports out of the total 12 support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 400 Gbps
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 400 Gbps
	Table 25 on page 234 lists the configurable Gbps Ethernet port speeds for each port.
Software features	• Supports rate selectability at the port level.
	• By default, the ports are configured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
	Supports remote port identification.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
LEDs	• OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green—MIC is functioning normally.
	Red-MIC has failed.
	• Link LED, one green per port (4 per QSFP+ cage):
	 Steady green—Link is up.
	Off—Link is down or disabled.
	Each QSFP+ cage contains four LEDs, logically numbered from 0 through 3. These numbers help you identify the corresponding cable when a breakout cable (4x10 Gigabit) is connected to a port. On an installed MRATE MIC, the orientation of these LEDs is as follows: upper left 0 , upper right 1 , lower left 2 , and lower right 3 .

Port #	4x10 Gbps Ethernet	40 Gbps Ethernet	100 Gbps Ethernet
0	yes	yes	yes
1	yes	yes	yes
2	yes	yes	yes
3	yes	yes	yes
4	yes	yes	no
5	yes	yes	no
6	yes	yes	yes
7	yes	yes	yes
8	yes	yes	yes
9	yes	yes	yes
10	yes	yes	no
11	yes	yes	no

Table 25: MIC MRATE Gigabit Ethernet Port Speed Capabilities

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

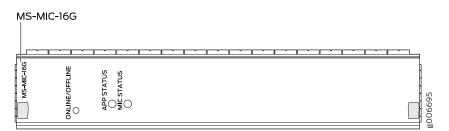
Interface Naming Conventions for MIC-MRATE

Understanding Rate Selectability

Configuring Rate Selectability on MIC-MRATE to Enable Different Port Speeds

Multiservices MIC

Figure 39: MS-MIC-16G



Supported Junos OS Release	 Junos OS Release 13.2 and later Model number: MS-MIC-16G Name in the CLI: MS-MIC-16G
Description	The Multiservices Modular Interfaces Card (MS-MIC) provides improved scaling and high performance for MX series routers. The MS-MIC has enhanced memory (16 GB) and enhanced processing capabilities.
Software Features	• Active flow monitoring and export of flow monitoring version 9 records based on RFC 3954
	IP Security (IPsec) encryption
	Network Address Translation (NAT) for IP addresses
	NOTE: The Multiservices MIC does not support Network Address Translation-Traversal (NAT-T) until Junos OS Release 17.4R1.
	Port Address Translation (PAT) for port numbers
	Traffic sampling
	• Stateful firewall with packet inspection—detects SYN attacks, ICMP and UDP floods, and ping-of-death attacks
	Network Attack Protection (NAP)
	Support for up to 6000 service sets
	• Support for MTUs up to 9192 bytes.
	• Multiple services can be supported. See Junos OS Services Interfaces Library for Routing Devices for more information.
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC" on page 412 for information about the protocols and applications that this MIC supports.

Hardware Features and Requirements• MICs are hot-removable and hot-insertable• MS-MIC CPU Clock Cycle - 800MHz• Works with SBCs and SBCEs• Interoperable with MS-DPCs. Both MS-MPCs and MS-DPCs can co-exist in the same chassis• Chassis requires enhanced fan trays and high-capacity DC or AC power suppliesNOTE: Only one Multiservices MIC is supported in each MPC.NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 13.3R3, 14.1R2, and 14.2R1, MX104 routers support only two Multiservices MICs.Input/Output Power RequirementsWeight and DimensionsURESApplication activity tricolor LED, labeled APP STATUS: • Off-Application is not running. • Red-Application is reconfiguring. • Green-Application is reconfiguring. • Green-Application is reconfiguring. • Off-MIC has failed. • Yellow-MIC is transitioning online or offline. • Yellow-MIC is functionine normally.		
Instruction of the construction of the constructio		MICs are hot-removable and hot-insertable
 Interoperable with MS-DPCs. Both MS-MPCs and MS-DPCs can co-exist in the same chassis Interoperable with MS-DPCs. Both MS-MPCs and MS-DPCs can co-exist in the same chassis Chassis requires enhanced fan trays and high-capacity DC or AC power supplies NOTE: Only one Multiservices MIC is supported in each MPC. NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 13.3R3, 14.1R2, and 14.2R1, MX104 routers support only two Multiservices MICs. Input/Output Power Requirements Weight and Dimensions Weight: 2 lbs (.91 kg); Height: 0.9 in. (2.26 cm); Width: 6 in. (15.24 cm); Depth: 7 in. (17.78 cm) LEDs Application activity tricolor LED, labeled APP STATUS: Off-Application is not running. Red-Application his reconfiguring. Green-Application is reconfiguring. Green-Application is rounning. MIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS: Off-MIC has failed. YellowMIC is transitioning online or offline. 	Requirements	MS-MIC CPU Clock Cycle – 800MHz
chassis• Chassis requires enhanced fan trays and high-capacity DC or AC power suppliesNOTE: Only one Multiservices MIC is supported in each MPC.NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 13.3R3, 14.1R2, and 14.2R1, MX104 routers supportInput/Output PowerRequirementsWeight and DimensionsUREDSApplication activity tricolor LED, labeled APP STATUS: • Yellow-Application is rourning. • Green-Application is rourning. • Green-Application is rourning. • Green-Application is rourning. • Yellow-MIC is transitioning online or offline.		Works with SBCs and SBCEs
NOTE: Only one Multiservices MIC is supported in each MPC.NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 13.3R3, 14.1R2, and 14.2R1, MX104 routers support only two Multiservices MICs.Input/Output Power RequirementsMS-MIC-6.67 amps @ 9V (60W)Weight and DimensionsWeight: 2 lbs (.91 kg); Height: 0.9 in. (2.26 cm); Width: 6 in. (15.24 cm); Depth: 7 in. (17.78 cm)LEDsApplication activity tricolor LED, labeled APP STATUS: • Off-Application is not running. • Red-Application is reconfiguring. • Green-Application is reconfiguring. • Green-Application is running. • Green-Application is running. • Off-MIC has failed. • Yellow-MIC is transitioning online or offline.		
NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 13.3R3, 14.1R2, and 14.2R1, MX104 routers support only two Multiservices MICs.Input/Output Power RequirementsMS-MIC-6.67 amps @ 9V (60W)Weight and DimensionsWeight: 2 lbs (.91 kg); Height: 0.9 in. (2.26 cm); Width: 6 in. (15.24 cm); Depth: 7 in. (17.78 cm)LEDsApplication activity tricolor LED, labeled APP STATUS: • Off-Application is not running. • Red-Application is reconfiguring. • Green-Application is reconfiguring. • Green-Application is running. MIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS: • Off-MIC has failed. • Yellow-MIC is transitioning online or offline.		Chassis requires enhanced fan trays and high-capacity DC or AC power supplies
Input/Output Power RequirementsMS-MIC-6.67 amps @ 9V (60W)Weight and DimensionsWeight: 2 lbs (.91 kg); Height: 0.9 in. (2.26 cm); Width: 6 in. (15.24 cm); Depth: 7 in. (17.78 cm)LEDsApplication activity tricolor LED, labeled APP STATUS: • Off-Application is not running. • Red-Application has failed. • Yellow-Application is reconfiguring. • Green-Application is running. MIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS: • Off-MIC has failed. • Yellow-Application is running. HIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS: • Off-MIC has an error or failure. • Yellow-MIC is transitioning online or offline.		NOTE: Only one Multiservices MIC is supported in each MPC.
RequirementsWeight: 2 lbs (.91 kg); Height: 0.9 in. (2.26 cm); Width: 6 in. (15.24 cm); Depth: 7 in. (17.78 cm)LEDsApplication activity tricolor LED, labeled APP STATUS: • Off-Application is not running. • Red-Application has failed. • Yellow-Application is reconfiguring. • Green-Application is running. MIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS: • Off-MIC has failed. • Yellow-MIC is transitioning online or offline.		
Dimensionscm)LEDsApplication activity tricolor LED, labeled APP STATUS: 		MS-MIC—6.67 amps @ 9V (60W)
 Off-Application is not running. Red-Application has failed. Yellow-Application is reconfiguring. Green-Application is running. MIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS: Off-MIC has failed. Red-MIC has an error or failure. Yellow-MIC is transitioning online or offline. 	-	
 Red—Application has failed. Yellow—Application is reconfiguring. Green—Application is running. MIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS: Off—MIC has failed. Red—MIC has an error or failure. Yellow—MIC is transitioning online or offline. 	LEDs	Application activity tricolor LED, labeled APP STATUS:
 Yellow-Application is reconfiguring. Green-Application is running. MIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS: Off-MIC has failed. Red-MIC has an error or failure. Yellow-MIC is transitioning online or offline. 		Off—Application is not running.
 Green—Application is running. MIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS: Off—MIC has failed. Red—MIC has an error or failure. Yellow—MIC is transitioning online or offline. 		Red—Application has failed.
 MIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS: Off—MIC has failed. Red—MIC has an error or failure. Yellow—MIC is transitioning online or offline. 		Yellow-Application is reconfiguring.
 Off—MIC has failed. Red—MIC has an error or failure. Yellow—MIC is transitioning online or offline. 		Green—Application is running.
 Red-MIC has an error or failure. Yellow-MIC is transitioning online or offline. 		MIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS:
• Yellow—MIC is transitioning online or offline.		• Off-MIC has failed.
		• Red-MIC has an error or failure.
 Green—MIC is functioning normally. 		Yellow—MIC is transitioning online or offline.
		Green—MIC is functioning normally.

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

Multiservices MPC | 103

MX Series MIC Overview | 21

Junos OS Services Interfaces Library for Routing Devices

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC | 412

MIC/MPC Compatibility | 33

Example: Inter-Chassis Stateful High Availability for NAT and Stateful Firewall (MS-MIC, MS-MPC)

Example: Configuring Flow Monitoring on an MX Series Router with MS-MIC and MS-MPC

Inter-Chassis High Availability for MS-MIC and MS-MPC (Release 15.1 and earlier)

Example: Configuring Junos VPN Site Secure on MS-MIC and MS-MPC

ICMP, Ping, and Traceroute ALGs for MS-MICs and MS-MPCs

MICs Supported by MX Series Routers | 22

SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP

Figure 40: 4-Port SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP

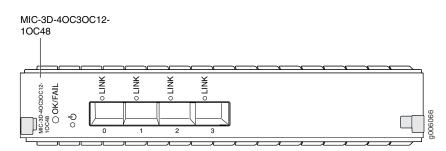
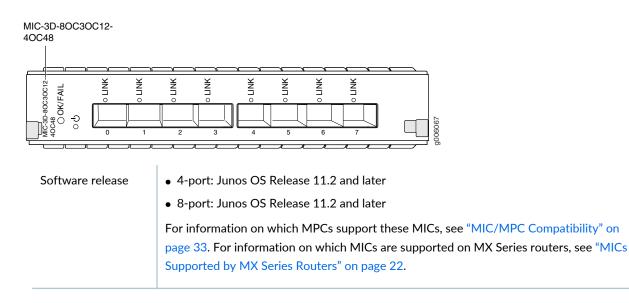


Figure 41: 8-Port SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP



Description	• 4-port: 4 OC3/STM1 or OC12/STM4 ports
	The ports can be configured to support a combination of OC3, OC12, and OC48 In the combination, you can configure only one port (port 0) to support OC48, w OC3 or OC12 can be configured on all four ports.
	8-port: 8 OC3/STM1 or OC12/STM4 ports
	The ports can be configured to support a combination of OC3, OC12, and OC48 In the combination, you can configure only two ports (port 0 and port 1) to supp OC48, whereas OC3 or OC12 can be configured on all eight ports.
	Power requirement:
	• 4-port: 2.6 A @ 9 V (23.4 W)
	• 8-port: 3.1 A @ 9 V (27.9 W)
	• Weight:
	• 4-port: 1.27 lb (0.58 kg)
	• 8-port: 1.47 lb (0.67 kg)
	Model number:
	• 4-port: MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48
	 8-port: MIC-3D-8OC3OC12-4OC48
Hardware features	• The ports are labeled:
	• 4-port: 0-3
	• 8-port: 0-7
	• Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

Software features	Per-port SONET/SDH framing	
	Local and remote loopback on each port	
	Optical diagnostics and monitoring	
	Clocking options: internal or external/loop mode.	
	Unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU)	
	Encapsulations:	
	Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute	
	MPLS CCC (circuit cross-connect)	
	 MPLS TCC (translational cross-connect) 	
	Cisco High-Level Data Link Control	
	Cisco HDLC CCC	
	Cisco HDLC TCC	
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)	
	PPP for CCC	
	PPP for TCC	
	 Flexible Frame Relay Frame Relay Frame Relay for CCC 	
		Frame Relay for TCC
		PPP over Frame Relay
	NOTE: Ethernet over Frame Relay is not supported.	
	Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
		The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.		
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:	
	Green—MIC is functioning normally	
	Red-MIC has failed	
	LINK LED, one green per port:	
	Off—Not enabled	
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures	
	Yellow–Online with alarms for remote failures	
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure	

SONET alarms:

• Loss of light (LOL)

- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Alarm indicator signal-line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indicator signal-path (AIS-P)
- Remote defect indicator-line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indicator-path (RDI-P)
- Loss of pointer-path (LOP-P)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Payload label mismatch-Path (PLM-P)
- Unequipped-path (UNEQ-P)
- Remote error indicator-path (REI-P)

SDH alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Multiplex-section alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS)
- H Path alarm indicator signal (HP-AIS)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BER-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BER-SF)
- Multiplex section-far end receive failure (MS-FERF)
- High order path-far end receive failure (HP-FERF)
- High order path-payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MX Series MIC Overview | 21

Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC

Figure 42: JNP-MIC1

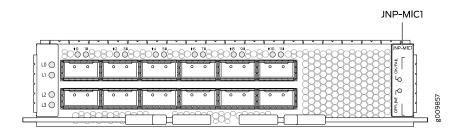


Figure 43: JNP-MIC1-MACSEC

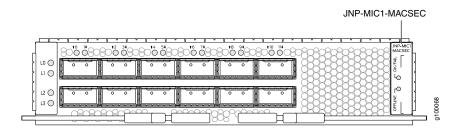
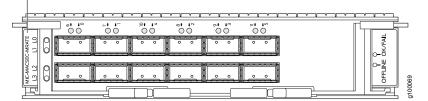


Figure 44: MIC-MACSEC-MRATE

MIC-MACSEC-MRATE



Software release	• JNP-MIC1:
	Junos OS release 17.3R1 and later
	• JNP-MIC1-MACSEC:
	Junos OS release 17.3R2 and later
	MIC-MACSEC-MRATE:
	Junos OS release 17.4R1 and later
	For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.

	I
Description	• Weight: 3 lb (1.36 kg)
	Model numbers:
	Without MACsec support: JNP-MIC1
	With MACsec support: JNP-MIC1-MACSEC
	With MACsec support: MIC-MACSEC-MRATE
	Power requirement:
	• JNP-MIC1:
	85 W at 55° C
	80 W at 25° C
	JNP-MIC1-MACSEC:
	130 W at 55° C
	125 W at 25° C
	MIC-MACSEC-MRATE:
	110 W at 45° C
	105 W at 25° C
	Name in the CLI:
	JNP-MIC1: MIC1
	JNP-MIC1-MACSEC: MIC1-MACSEC
	MIC-MACSEC-MRATE: MACSEC-12xQSFPP-XGE-XLGE-CGE

Hardware features	JNP-MIC1 and JNP-MIC1-MACSEC:
	 Twelve 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports that support quad small form-factor pluggable (QSFP28) transceivers
	• The ports are numbered 0 through 11 .
	• Each port can be configured as a 100-Gigabit Ethernet port, 40-Gigabit Ethernet port, or as four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports (by using a breakout cable).
	Table 26 on page 244 lists the configurable Gigabit Ethernet port speeds for each port.
	MIC-MACSEC-MRATE:
	• Twelve Gigabit Ethernet QSFP+ ports, each of which can be configured as a 40-Gigabit Ethernet port or as four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports (by using a breakout cable).
	• The ports are numbered 0 through 11 .
	 Eight out of the twelve ports can be configured as 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Port numbers 0 through 3, and 6 through 9 are the eight 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
	 When used in MP8CE: Four ports out of the total twelve ports support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 240 Gbps
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 240 Gbps
	When used in MPC9E:
	• Eight ports out of the total twelve ports support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 400 Gbps
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 400 Gbp
	Table 27 on page 244 lists the configurable Gigabit Ethernet port speeds for each port.
Software features	Supports rate selectability at the port level.
	• By default, the ports are configured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
	Supports remote port identification.
	• MICs with model numbers JNP-MIC1-MACSEC and MIC-MACSEC-MRATE support Media Access Control Security (MACsec)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at

LEDs	• OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	OFF—MIC is offline or MIC has fault.
	• Red—MIC is in power failure state.
	Green-MIC is online.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	 Steady green—Link is up.
	 Off—Link is down or disabled.
	• Like port status LED, each individual lane LED support four states as: OFF, AMBER, GREEN, RED. See MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview for more details.

Table 26: Multi Rate Ethernet MIC Port Speed Capabilities for JNP-MIC1 and JNP-MIC1-MACSEC

Port #	4x10-Gigabit Ethernet	40-Gigabit Ethernet	100-Gigabit Ethernet
0	yes	yes	yes
1	yes	yes	yes
2	yes	yes	yes
3	yes	yes	yes
4	yes	yes	yes
5	yes	yes	yes
6	yes	yes	yes
7	yes	yes	yes
8	yes	yes	yes
9	yes	yes	yes
10	yes	yes	yes
11	yes	yes	yes

Table 27: Multi Rate Ethernet MIC Port Speed Capabilities for MIC-MACSEC-MRATE

Port #	4x10-Gigabit Ethernet	40-Gigabit Ethernet	100-Gigabit Ethernet
0	yes	yes	yes

Port #	4x10-Gigabit Ethernet	40-Gigabit Ethernet	100-Gigabit Ethernet
1	yes	yes	yes
2	yes	yes	yes
3	yes	yes	yes
4	yes	yes	no
5	yes	yes	no
6	yes	yes	yes
7	yes	yes	yes
8	yes	yes	yes
9	yes	yes	yes
10	yes	yes	no
11	yes	yes	no

Table 27: Multi Rate Ethernet MIC Port Speed Capabilities for MIC-MACSEC-MRATE (continued)

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview

Configuring Rate Selectability on MX10003 MPC to Enable Different Port Speeds

MX10003 MPC Rate-Selectability Overview

Understanding Rate Selectability

Multi-Rate Ethernet MACSEC MIC

Figure 45: MIC-MACSEC-MRATE

Software release	Junos OS release 17.4R1 and later		
	For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.		
Description	• Weight: 3 lb (1.36 kg)		
	Model number: MIC-MACSEC-MRATE		
	Power requirement:		
	110 W at 45° C		
	105 W at 25° C		
	Name in the CLI: MACSEC-12xQSFPP-XGE-XLGE-CGE		

• Twelve Gigabit Ethernet QSFP+ ports, each of which can be configured as a 40-Gigabit Ethernet port or as four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports (by using a breakout cable).		
ough 11 .		
can be configured as 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Port nrough 9 are the eight 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports.		
welve ports support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed		
apacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 240		
apacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 240		
twelve ports support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed		
apacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 400		
apacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 400		
configurable Gigabit Ethernet port speeds for each port.		
he port level.		
gured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports.		
cation.		
ol Security (MACsec)		
Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable Juniper Networks device.		
rs for the MX Series is located at category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.		
has fault.		
e state.		
ed.		
ividual lane LED support four states as: OFF, AMBER, IC Lane LED Scheme Overview for more details.		

Port #	4x10-Gigabit Ethernet	40-Gigabit Ethernet	100-Gigabit Ethernet
0	yes	yes	yes
1	yes	yes	yes
2	yes	yes	yes
3	yes	yes	yes
4	yes	yes	no
5	yes	yes	по
6	yes	yes	yes
7	yes	yes	yes
8	yes	yes	yes
9	yes	yes	yes
10	yes	yes	no
11	yes	yes	no

Table 28: Multi Rate Ethernet MIC Port Speed Capabilities for MIC-MACSEC-MRATE

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview

SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP

Figure 46: SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP

MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP	
Software release	• Junos OS Release 12.2 and later For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 33. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 22.
Description	 One OC192 port Clear channel functionality Power requirement: 4.25 A @ 9 V (38.25 W) Weight: 1.34 lb (0.61 kg) Model number: MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP
Hardware features	 Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes MIC bandwidth of up to 10 Gbps

Software features	
Software features	SONET/SDH framing
	Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute
	Ingress behavior aggregate (BA) classification
	Internal and loop clocking
	Encapsulations:
	MPLS fast reroute
	MPLS CCC (circuit cross-connection)
	 MPLS TCC (translational cross-connection)
	 Cisco High-Level Data Link Control (cHDLC)
	Cisco HDLC CCC
	Cisco HDLC TCC
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
	PPP for CCC
	PPP for TCC
	Flexible Frame Relay
	Frame Relay
	Frame Relay for CCC
	Frame Relay for TCC
	PPP over Frame Relay
	NOTE: Ethernet over Frame Relay is not supported.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a MIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the MIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a MIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Green—MIC is functioning normally Red—MIC has failed
	LINK LED, one tricolor per port:
	Off—Not enabled
	Green–Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

SONET alarms:

Loss of light (LOL)

- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Alarm indicator signal-line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indicator signal-path (AIS-P)
- Remote defect indicator-line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indicator-path (RDI-P)
- Loss of pointer-path (LOP-P)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Payload label mismatch-Path (PLM-P)
- Unequipped-path (UNEQ-P)
- Remote error indicator-path (REI-P)

SDH alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Multiplex-section alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS)
- Higher order path-alarm indication signal (HP-AIS)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BER-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BER-SF)
- Multiplex section-far end receive failure (MS-FERF)
- Higher order path—far-end receive failure (HP-FERF)
- Higher order path-payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

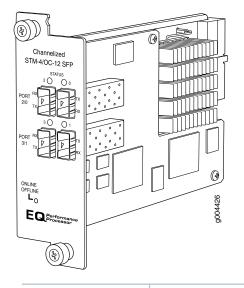
MX Series MIC Overview | 21

MX Series PIC Descriptions

IN THIS CHAPTER

- Channelized OC12/STM4 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP | 253
- Channelized OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP | 254
- SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP | 263
- SONET/SDH OC12/STM4 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP | 267
- SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP | 271
- SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP | 276
- SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 PIC with SFP | 280
- SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC | 284
- SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC with XFP | 288

Channelized OC12/STM4 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP

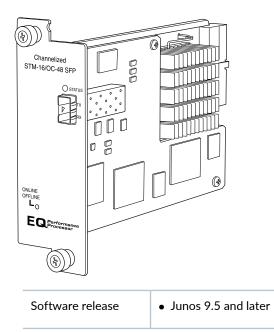


Software release

• Junos 9.5 and later

MX Series FPC and PIC Overview | 43FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 44PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 45High Availability Features | 44

Channelized OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP



Description	One OC48/STM16 port
	SONET or SDH is configurable on a per-port granularity
	SONET channelization:
	• 4 OC12 channel
	• 16 OC3 channels
	• 48 DS3 channels
	• 672 DS1 channels
	• 975 DS0 channels
	• SDH channelization:
	• 4 STM4 channel
	• 16 STM1 channels
	• 48 E3 channels
	• 504 E1 channels
	• 975 DS0 channels
	• Power requirement: 1.10 A @ 48V (53 W)
	Model Number: PB-1CHOC48-STM16-IQE-SFP
Hardware features	Port is numbered 0.

Software features

- Quality of service (QoS) per channel: weighted round-robin (WRR), random early detection (RED), weighted random early detection (WRED)
- Enhanced fine-grained queuing per logical interface. See the *Class of Service Feature Guide (Routers and EX9200 Switches)* for more information about class of service features.
- Subrate and scrambling:
 - Digital Link/Quick Eagle
 - Kentrox
 - Larscom
 - ADTRAN
 - Verilink
- Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing
- M13/C-bit parity encoding
- DS3 far-end alarm and control (FEAC) channel support
- Local line, remote line, and remote payload loopback testing
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP): OC12, OC3 MIB, DS3 MIB, T1 MIB
- Dynamic, arbitrary channel configuration
- Full bit error rate test (BERT)
- Encapsulations:
 - Circuit cross-connect (CCC)
 - Translational cross-connect (TCC)
 - Extended Frame Relay for CCC and TCC
 - Flexible Frame Relay
 - Frame Relay
 - Frame Relay for CCC
 - Frame Relay for TCC
 - Frame Relay port CCC
 - High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
 - HDLC framing for CCC
 - HDLC framing for TCC
 - MPLS CCC
 - MPLS TCC
 - Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) UNI NNI (MFR FRF.16)
 - Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
 - PPP for CCC
 - PPP for TCC
- Encapsulations available only for DS1:
 - Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end (MLFR FRF.15)

	 Multilink PPP (MLPPP) PPP over Frame Relay
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
LEDs	One tricolor per port:
	Off—Not enabled
	Green–Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
	• Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

Alarms, errors, and events

SONET alarms:

- Alarm indication signal-line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
- Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of light (LOL)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
- Remote defect indication-line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- Remote error indication (REI)
- Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
- Virtual container—alarm indication signal (VAIS)
- Virtual container-loss of pointer (VLOP)
- Virtual container-mismatch (VMIS)
- Virtual container—remote defect indication (VRD1)
- Virtual container-unequipped (VUNEQ)
 - SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Higher order path—alarm indication signal (HP-AIS)
 - Higher order path-far-end receive failure (HP-FERF)
 - Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
 - Higher order path-loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
 - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
 - Higher order path-unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of light (LOL)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
 - Multiplex section—far-end receive failure (MS-FERF)
 - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
 - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)

- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Remote error indication (REI)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Tributary unit-alarm indication signal (TU-AIS)
- Tributary unit-loss of pointer (TU-LOP)
- Tributary unit-mismatch (TU-MIS)
- Tributary unit-remote defect indication (TU-RD1)
- Tributary unit—unequipped (TU-UNEQ)

DS1 alarms:

- Alarm indication signal (AIS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Remote alarm indication signal (RAIS)
- DS1 error detection:
 - Bursty errored seconds (BES)
 - CRC errors
 - Errored seconds (ES)
 - Line errored seconds (LES)
 - Loss of framing seconds (LOFS)
 - Severely errored seconds (SES)
 - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS)
 - Unavailable seconds (UAS)
 - DS3 alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal (AIS)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Yellow alarm
 - DS3 error detection:
 - C-bit code violations (CCV)
 - C-bit errored seconds (CES)
 - C-bit severely errored framing seconds (CEFS)
 - CRC errors
 - Excessive zeros (EXZ)
 - Far-end block error (FEBE)
 - Far-end receive failure (FERF)
 - Line errored seconds (LES)
 - Parity bit (P-bit) code violations (PCV)
 - Parity bit (P-bit) errored seconds (PES)
 - Parity bit (P-bit) severely errored framing seconds (PSES)
 - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS)
 - Unavailable seconds (UAS)
- Instrumentation (counters)
- Layer 2 per-queue and per-channel packet and byte counters

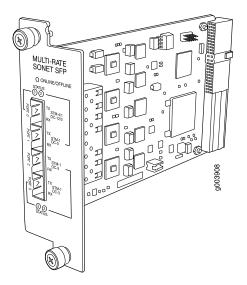
MX Series FPC and PIC Overview | 43

FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 44

PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 45

High Availability Features | 44

SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP



Software release	• Junos 9.5 and later
Description	 Rate-selectable using one of the following rates: 1-port OC12/STM4 1-port OC12c/STM4c 4-port OC3c/STM1c Power requirement: 0.40 A @ 48 V (19 W) Model Number: PB-4OC3-1OC12-SON-SFP
Hardware features	 Multiplexing and demultiplexing Rate policing on input Rate shaping on output Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing

Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Per-port SONET/SDH framing
	Link aggregation
	Alarm and event counting and detection
	Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)
	Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute
	Encapsulations:
	Circuit cross-connect (CCC)
	 Translational cross-connect (TCC)
	Frame Relay
	 High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
Cables and	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid
	links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For
	information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the
	CLI Explorer.
LEDs	One tricolor per port:
	Off—Not enabled
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

Alarms, errors, and events

- SONET alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
 - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
 - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
 - Remote defect indication-line (RDI-L)
 - Remote defect indication-path (RDI-P)
- SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Higher order path-payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
 - Higher order path-loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
 - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
 - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
 - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
 - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
 - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
 - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
 - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
 - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
 - Severely errored frames (SEF)

- Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
- Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
- Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

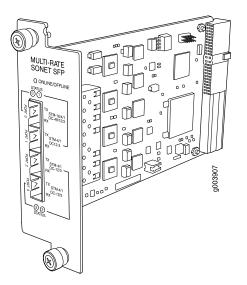
MX Series FPC and PIC Overview | 43

FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 44

PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 45

High Availability Features | 44

SONET/SDH OC12/STM4 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP



Software release	 Junos 9.5 and later
Description	 Rate-selectable using one of the following rates: 1-port OC12 1-port OC48 1-port OC48c 4-port OC3c 4-port OC12c Power requirement: 0.40 A @ 48 V (19 W) Model Number: PB-4OC3-4OC12-SON-SFP

Hardware features	Multiplexing and demultiplexing
	Rate policing on input
	Rate shaping on output
	Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing
Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Per-port SONET/SDH framing
	Link aggregation
	Alarm and event counting and detection
	Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)
	Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute
	Encapsulations:
	Circuit cross-connect (CCC)
	Translational cross-connect (TCC)
	Frame Relay
	High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid
	links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For
	information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the
	CLI Explorer.
LEDs	One tricolor per port:
	Off—Not enabled
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

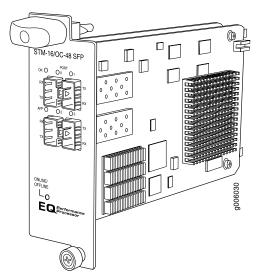
Alarms, errors, and events

- SONET alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
 - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
 - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
 - Remote defect indication-line (RDI-L)
 - Remote defect indication-path (RDI-P)
- SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Higher order path-payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
 - Higher order path-loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
 - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
 - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
 - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
 - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
 - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
 - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
 - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
 - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
 - Severely errored frames (SEF)

 Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
 Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
 Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

MX Series FPC and PIC Overview | FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | High Availability Features |

SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP



Software release	• Junos OS Release 10.4R2 and later (Type 3)
Description	 Four OC48/STM16 ports Clear channel functionality SONET and SDH is configured on a per-port granularity Power requirement: 1.06 A @ 48 V (51 W) Weight: 1.6 lb (0.725 kg) Model number: PC-4OC48-STM16-IQE-SFP

Hardware features	Ports are numbered:
	 Top row: 0 and 1 from left to right
	 Bottom row: 2 and 3 from left to right
	• Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	• Quality of service (QoS) per channel: weighted round-robin (WRR), random early detection (RED), weighted random early detection (WRED)
	• Fine-grained egress queuing per logical interface. See the Class of Service Feature Guide (Routers and EX9200 Switches) for more information about class-of-service features
	Packet buffering
	Local line and remote payload loopback testing
	Optical diagnostics and monitoring
	• Clocking options: internal or external/loop mode. Each OC48 transmitter port is configured either in internal or external mode. The default clocking option is internal mode.
	Encapsulations:
	• Extended Frame Relay for circuit cross-connect (CCC) and translational cross-connect (TCC)
	Flexible Frame Relay
	Frame Relay
	Frame Relay for CCC
	Frame Relay for TCC
	Frame Relay port CCC
	 High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
	HDLC framing for CCC
	HDLC framing for TCC
	MPLS CCC
	MPLS TCC
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
	PPP for CCC
	PPP for TCC
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer .

LEDs	OK LED, one tricolor:
	• Off-PIC is offline and safe to remove from the router
	Green—PIC is operating normally
	Yellow–PIC is initializing
	• Red-PIC has an error or failure
	APP LED, one green per port:
	Off—Service is not running
	Green—Service is running under acceptable load
	Port LEDs, one tricolor per port:
	Off-Not enabled
	Green-Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow–Online with alarms for remote failures
	• Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

Alarms, errors, and events

SONET alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Alarm indicator signal-line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indicator signal-path (AIS-P)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Remote defect indicator-line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indicator-path (RDI-P)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)
- Payload label mismatch-path (PLM-P)

SDH alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Multiplex-section alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS)
- H Path alarm indicator signal (HP-AIS)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Multiplex section-far end receive failure (MS-FERF)
- High order path—far end receive failure (HP-FERF)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)
- High order path-payload label mismatch Path (HP-PLM)

Optical diagnostics related alarms:

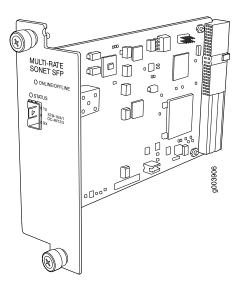
NOTE: Transceivers from some vendors do not support these fields.

- Temperature high/low alarms and warnings
- Supply voltage high/low alarms and warnings

- Tx bias current high/low alarms and warnings
- Tx output power high/low alarms and warnings
- Rx received power high/low alarms and warnings

MX Series FPC and PIC Overview | FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | High Availability Features |

SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP



Software release	• Junos 9.5 and later
Description	 Rate-selectable using one of the following rates: 1-port OC3c/STM1c 1-port OC12/STM4 1-port OC12c/STM4c 1-port OC48/STM16 1-port OC48c/STM16c Power requirement: 0.20 A @ 48 V (9.5 W) Model Number: PB-10C48-SON-B-SFP

Hardware features	Multiplexing and demultiplexing
	Rate policing on input
	Rate shaping on output
	Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing
Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Per-port SONET/SDH framing
	Link aggregation
	Alarm and event counting and detection
	Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)
	Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute
	Encapsulations:
	Circuit cross-connect (CCC)
	 Translational cross-connect (TCC)
	Frame Relay
	 High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
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	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid
	links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For
	information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the
	CLI Explorer.
LEDs	One tricolor per port:
	Off—Not enabled
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow–Online with alarms for remote failures
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

Alarms, errors, and events

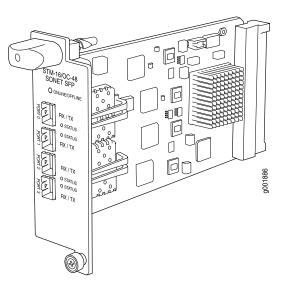
- SONET alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
 - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
 - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
 - Remote defect indication-line (RDI-L)
 - Remote defect indication-path (RDI-P)
- SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Higher order path-payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
 - Higher order path-loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
 - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
 - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
 - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
 - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
 - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
 - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
 - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
 - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
 - Severely errored frames (SEF)

 Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
 Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
 Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MX Series FPC and PIC Overview | FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | High Availability Features |

SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 PIC with SFP



Software release	• Junos 9.4 and later
Description	 Four OC48 ports Power requirement: 0.86 A @ 48 V (41.4 W) Model Number: PC-4OC48-SON-SFP
Hardware features	 Rate policing on input Rate shaping on output Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing

Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Configuration of SONET or SDH framing on a per-port basis
	SONET/SDH framing
	Link aggregation
	Alarm and event counting and detection
	Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)
	Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute
	Encapsulations:
	High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
	Frame Relay
	Circuit cross-connect (CCC)
	Translational cross-connect (TCC)
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
Cables and	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For
	information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the
	CLI Explorer.
LEDs	One tricolor per port:
	Off—Not enabled
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow–Online with alarms for remote failures
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

Alarms, errors, and events

- SONET alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
 - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
 - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
 - Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
 - Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Higher order path-payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
 - Higher order path-loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
 - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
 - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
 - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
 - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
 - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
 - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
 - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
 - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
 - Severely errored framing (SEF)

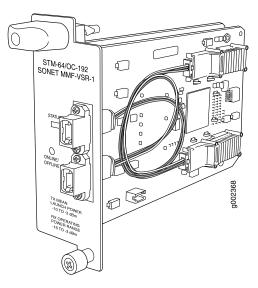
 Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
 Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)

• Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MX Series FPC and PIC Overview | 43 FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 44 PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 45 High Availability Features | 44

SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC



Software release	• Junos 9.4 and later
Description	 One OC192 port Power requirement: 0.45 A @ 48 V (21.6 W) Model Number: PC-1OC192-SON-VSR
Hardware features	 Multiplexing and demultiplexing Rate policing on input Rate shaping on output Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing

Software features	SONET/SDH framing			
	Link aggregation			
	Alarm and event counting and detection			
	Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)			
	Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute			
	Encapsulations:			
	 High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC) 			
	Frame Relay			
	Circuit cross-connect (CCC)			
	 Translational cross-connect (TCC) 			
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)			
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.			
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at			
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series			
	• Very short reach (VSR 1): 12-ribbon multimode fiber with MTP connector (Rx and Tx)			
	• Fiber-optic 10-gigabit small form-factor pluggable (XFP) transceivers: 10GBASE-S very short reach (VSR-1) (model number: XFP-10G-S)			
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid			
	links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For			
	information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the			
	CLI Explorer.			
LEDs	One tricolor LED per port:			
	Off—Not enabled			
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures			
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures			
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure			

Alarms, errors, and events

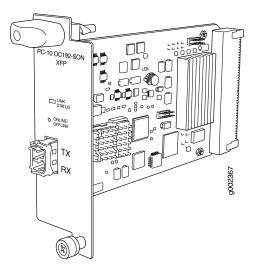
- SONET alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
 - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
 - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
 - Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
 - Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Higher order path-payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
 - Higher order path-loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
 - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
 - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
 - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
 - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
 - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
 - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
 - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
 - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
 - Severely errored framing (SEF)

 Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
 Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
 Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MX Series FPC and PIC Overview | FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | High Availability Features |

SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC with XFP



Software release	• Junos 9.4 and later
Description	 One OC192 port Power requirement: 0.52A @ 48 V (25 W) Model number: PB-1OC192-SON-XFP
Hardware features	 Multiplexing and demultiplexing Rate policing on input Rate shaping on output Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing

Software features	SONET/SDH framing				
	Link aggregation				
	Alarm and event counting and detection				
	Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)				
	Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute				
	Encapsulations:				
	Circuit cross-connect (CCC)				
	Translational cross-connect (TCC)				
	Frame Relay				
	High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)				
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)				
Cables and	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable				
connectors	transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.				
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid				
	links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For				
	information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the				
	CLI Explorer.				
LEDs	One tricolor LED per port:				
	Off–Not enabled				
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures				
	 Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures 				

Alarms, errors, and events

- SONET alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
 - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
 - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
 - Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
 - Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Higher order path-payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
 - Higher order path-loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
 - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
 - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
 - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
 - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
 - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
 - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
 - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
 - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
 - Severely errored framing (SEF)

- Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
- Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
- Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

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Protocol and Application Support

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DPC Protocol and Application Support for MX240, MX480, and MX960

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- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) | 303
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) | 309
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) | 315
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) | 320

Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)

Table 29 on page 295 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 DPCs and Enhanced DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.2
Firewall filters	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	8.3	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Ingress hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) shaping and <i>hierarchical-scheduler</i> : • Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level • Virtual LAN (VLAN) level • Port level	_	_	_	_	_
IPv4	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IP multicast	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IPv6	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IPv6 multicast	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Layer 2 frame filtering	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Local loopback	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Multi-chassis link aggregation (MC-AE)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPIDs)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
mvrp	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				Name)
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
 IEEE 802.3ah OAM Discovery and link monitoring Fault signaling and detection Remote loopback 	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Multitopology Routing (MTR)	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.2
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Packet mirroring	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				Name)
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
 Quality of service (QoS) per port: 8 queues per port Shaping at queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Random early detection (RED) Weighted random early detection (WRED) Shaping at port level 	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
 Output por trever Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking 	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Quality of service (QoS) queuing per virtual LAN (VLAN)	-	-	-	-	-

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.2
RSVP	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
SNMP	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Subscriber Management: NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, MS-DPCs are not supported for subscriber management on MX Series routers.	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4
• Dynamic profiles	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
Dynamic VLANs	-	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
 Enhanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server 	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3
• Enhanced DCHP relay	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3
• Firewall filters	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
 Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) 	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
• QoS	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
Subscriber Secure Policy	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
 IEEE 802.1Q VLANs: VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Virtual private network (VPN)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers | 8

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) | 303

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) | 309

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) | 315

Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) | 320

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)

Table 30 on page 304 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name) DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-40GE-TX DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE DPCE-X-40GE-SFP (Tri-Rate Enhanced (Multi-Rate Enhanced (Enhanced Ethernet **Ethernet Services Ethernet Services Protocol or Application** Services DPC) DPC) DPC) 9.4 Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP) 9.4 9.4 Accepts traffic destined for GRE 8.4 9.1 9.2 tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels 8.4 9.1 9.2 **Bidirectional Forwarding Detection** protocol (BFD) 9.1 9.2 Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) 8.4 **BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching** 8.4 9.1 9.2 (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs) 8.4 9.1 9.2 Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support-access side and server side 9.1 IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity 8.4 9.2 Check protocol IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace 9.0 9.1 9.2 protocol IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback 9.1 9.1 9.2 protocol **Firewall filters** 8.4 9.2 9.1 (Limited filter terms) (Limited filter terms) (Limited filter terms) Flexible Ethernet encapsulation 8.4 9.1 9.2 8.4 9.1 9.2 Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)

Table 30: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)

ī.

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
Protocol or Application	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-40GE-SFP (Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	
Ingress hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) shaping and scheduling: • Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level • Virtual LAN (VLAN) level • Port level	_	_	_	
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IPv4 (No BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2)	
IP multicast (No BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IPv6 (No BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2)	
IPv6 multicast (No BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2)	
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery (No BGP)	8.4	9.1)	9.2)	
Layer 2 frame filtering	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Local loopback	8.4	9.1	9.2	
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	8.4	9.1	9.2	

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
Protocol or Application	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-40GE-SFP (Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	
Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPIDs)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.3ah OAMDiscovery and link monitoringFault signaling and detectionRemote loopback	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Multitopology Routing (MTR)	9.0	9.1	9.2	
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Packet mirroring	8.4	9.1	9.2	
 Quality of service (QoS) per port: 8 queues per port Shaping at queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Random early detection (RED) Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): • Accounting, filtering, and policing • IEEE 802.1p rewrite • Classification • Tricolor marking	8.4	9.1	9.2	

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
Protocol or Application	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-40GE-SFP (Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	
Quality of service (QoS) queuing per virtual LAN (VLAN)	-	-	-	
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+	9.0	9.1	9.2	
RSVP	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
SNMP	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Subscriber Management: Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, MS-DPCs are not supported for subscriber management on MX Series routers.	9.4	9.4	9.4	
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4	
Dynamic profiles	9.2	9.2	9.2	
Dynamic VLANs	9.5	9.5	9.5	
Enhanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server	9.3	9.3	9.3	
Enhanced DCHP relay	9.3	9.3	9.3	

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
Protocol or Application	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-40GE-SFP (Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	
Firewall filters	9.2	9.2	9.2	
 Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) 	9.2	9.2	9.2	
• QoS	9.2	9.2	9.2	
Subscriber Secure Policy	9.4	9.4	9.4	
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	9.5	9.5	9.5	
IEEE 802.1Q VLANs:	8.4	9.1	9.2	
 VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags 				
Flexible VLAN tagging				
• IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags				
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Virtual private network (VPN) (L2 VPN only)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	8.4	9.1	9.2	

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) | 295

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) | **309** Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) | **315** Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) | **320**

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)

Table 31 on page 309 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-RQ-20GE-2XGE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC		
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4		
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	8.5	9.1	9.3		
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	8.5	9.1	9.3		
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	8.5	9.1	9.3		
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	8.5	9.1	9.3		
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	8.5	9.1	9.3		
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	8.5	9.1	9.3		

Table 31: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-RQ-20CE-2XCE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	9.0	9.1	9.3	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	9.1	9.1	9.3	
Firewall filters	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Ingress hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) shaping and scheduling: • Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level • Virtual LAN (VLAN) level • Port level	9.0	9.1	9.3	
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IPv4	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IP multicast	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IPv6	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IPv6 multicast	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	8.5	9.1	9.3	

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-RQ-20CE-2XCE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC	
Layer 2 frame filtering	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Local loopback	8.5	9.1	9.3	
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPIDs)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IEEE 802.3ah OAM Discovery and link monitoring Fault signaling and detection Remote loopback 	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Multitopology Routing (MTR)	9.0	9.1	9.3	
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Packet mirroring	8.5	9.1	9.3	

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
Protocol or Application Quality of service (QoS) per port:	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC 8.5	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC 9.1	DPCE-RQ-20CE-2XCE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC	
 8 queues per port Shaping at port level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Random early detection (RED) Weighted random early detection (WRED) 		-		
 Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking Shaping at queue and port level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Random early detection (RED) Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Quality of service (QoS) queuing per virtual LAN (VLAN)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+	9.0	9.1	9.3	
RSVP	8.5	9.1	9.3	

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCERQ-20CE-2XCE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC	
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
SNMP	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Subscriber Management: NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, MS-DPCs are not supported for subscriber management on MX Series routers.	9.4	9.4	9.4	
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4	
Dynamic profiles	9.2	9.2	9.2	
Dynamic VLANs	9.5	9.5	9.5	
 Enhanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server 	9.3	9.3	9.3	
Enhanced DCHP relay	9.3	9.3	9.3	
Firewall filters	9.2	9.2	9.2	
 Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) 	9.2	9.2	9.2	
• QoS	9.2	9.2	9.2	
Subscriber Secure Policy	9.4	9.4	9.4	
VLAN demux	-	-	-	

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCERQ-20CE-2XCE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC	
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	9.5	9.5	9.5	
 IEEE 802.1Q VLANs: VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Virtual private network (VPN)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	8.5	9.1	9.3	

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) | 303

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) | 315

Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) | 320

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q)

Table 32 on page 315 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on theMX240, MX480, and MX960 Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocolor application is not supported.

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP
	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	8.5
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	8.5
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	8.5
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	8.5
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	8.5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	8.5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	9.0
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	9.1
Firewall filters	8.5 (Limited filter terms)
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	8.5

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP
	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	8.5
Ingress hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) shaping and scheduling:	9.0
 Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level Virtual LAN (VLAN) level Port level 	
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	8.5
IPv4 (No BGP)	8.5
IP multicast (No BGP)	8.5
IPv6 (No BGP)	8.5
IPv6 multicast (No BGP)	8.5
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery (No BGP)	8.5
Layer 2 frame filtering	8.5
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	8.5
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	8.5
Local loopback	8.5
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	8.5
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	8.5
Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPIDs)	8.5

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP
	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	8.5
IEEE 802.3ah OAM	8.5
Discovery and link monitoring	
Fault signaling and detection	
Remote loopback	
Multitopology Routing (MTR)	9.0
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	8.5
Packet mirroring	8.5
Quality of service (QoS) per port:	8.5
• 8 queues per port	
Shaping at port level	
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 	
Random early detection (RED)	
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	
Shaping at queue level	-

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP
	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	8.5
 Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking Shaping at port level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Random early detection (RED) Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	
Shaping at queue level	
Quality of service (QoS) queuing per virtual LAN (VLAN)	8.5
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	8.5
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+	9.0
Remote loopback	8.5
RSVP	8.5
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	8.5
SNMP	8.5
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	8.5

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP
	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Subscriber Management:	9.4
Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, MS-DPCs are not supported for subscriber management on MX Series routers.	
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4
Dynamic profiles	9.2
Dynamic VLANs	9.5
Enhanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server	9.3
Enhanced DCHP relay	9.3
Firewall filters	9.2
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)	9.2
• QoS	9.2
Subscriber Secure Policy	9.4
VLAN demux	-
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	9.5
IEEE 802.1Q VLANs:	8.5
 VLAN stacking and rewriting 	
Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags	
Flexible VLAN tagging	
• IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags	

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP
	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	8.5
Virtual private network (VPN)	8.5 (L2 VPN only)
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	8.5

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) 303
Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) 309
Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) 320

Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC)

Table 33 on page 321 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 Multiservices DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

NOTE: The maximum number of supported MS-DPCs is as follows except where noted in Table 33 on page 321:

- MX240 router: 2
- MX480 router: 4
- MX960 router: 8

Table 33: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC)

Protocol or Application	MS-DPC
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels	9.3
Active flow monitoring exports cflowd version 5 and version 8 records	9.3
Active flow monitoring exports flow monitoring version 9 records, based on RFC 3954	9.3
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	9.4
GRE dont fragment	9.3
GRE Key	9.3
GRE reassembly	9.3
IP Security (IPSec) encryption	9.3
Network Address Translation (NAT) for IP addresses	9.3
NOTE: The MX960 supports 8 MS-DPCs using this feature.	
NAPT - Preserve parity	15.1
NAPT - Preserve range	15.1
No translation	15.1
Twice NAT	15.1

	•
Protocol or Application	MS-DPC
Packet-triggered dynamic subscribers and policy control (PTSP)	10.2
NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 13.1R1, the packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature is no longer supported.	
Port Address Translation (PAT) for port numbers	9.3
Real-time Performance Monitoring (RPM)	9.3
Stateful firewall with packet inspection: detects SYN attacks, ICMP and UDP floods, and ping-of-death attacks	9.3
NOTE: The MX960 supports 8 MS-DPCs using this feature.	
Tunnel services:	
GRE unicast tunneling-Supports GRE fragmentation	9.3
IP-IP unicast tunneling	9.4
Multicast tunneling	9.4
• Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling	9.4
• Virtual loopback tunneling (VT)	9.4
Voice over IP (VoIP) services:	10.2
• Border Gateway Function (BGF) using external H.248/la control	
Integrated Multi-Service Gateway (IMSG)–Session Border Controller	

Table 33: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) (continued)

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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MPC Protocol and Application Support for MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003

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- Protocols and Applications Supported by the JNP10K-LC2101 on the MX10008 Routers | 421
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Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers

Table 34 on page 326 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPCs.

NOTE: The MX2010 router supports protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3R3 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3R3 release are supported on the MX2010 router in the release indicated. **NOTE:** The MX2020 router supports protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3R2 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3R2 release are supported on the MX2020 router in the release indicated.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)					
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2 EQ)
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Active-active bridging in multichassis link aggregation	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)					
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2 EQ)
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Distributed denial-of-service (DDoS) protection	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2		11.2
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)
Firewall filters	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

	First Junos OS	Release Supp	orted by MPC	Model Numbe	er (MPC Name))
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2 EQ)
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Ingress Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) rewrite	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Ingress hierarchical quality-of-service (HQoS) shaping and scheduling: • Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level • Virtual LAN (VLAN) level • Port level	12.1R3	12.1R3	12.1R3	12.1R3	12.1R3	12.1R3
Intelligent oversubscription	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) (excluding snooping)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

	First Junos OS	Release Supp	orted by MPC	Model Numbe	er (MPC Name))
Protocol or	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE	MX-MPC1- 3D	MX-MPC2- 3D	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ
Application	MPC)	(MPC1)	(MPC2)	(MPC1 Q)	(MPC2 Q)	(MPC2 EQ)
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
IPv4	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
IP multicast	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
IPv6	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
IPv6 MLD	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
IPv6 multicast	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Labeled switched paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
LAN-PHY mode	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Layer 2 frame filtering	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP):						
(MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.2R2, 13.3)						

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)					
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2 EQ)
• L2TP access concentrator (LAC)	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4
 L2TP network server (LNS) 	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
 LNS inline service support with CoS per-session shaping 	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
 LNS inline service support without CoS per-session shaping 	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
• Peer interface	-	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
Inline IP reassembly	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Local loopback	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Mobile IP	-	-	-	-	-	-
Multi-chassis link aggregation	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

	First Junos OS	Release Supp	orted by MPC	Model Numbe	er (MPC Name))
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2 EQ)
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
 IEEE 802.3ah OAM Discovery and link monitoring Fault signaling and detection Remote loopback 	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1
Multi-topology routing (MTR)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Packet mirroring	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	_	-	-	-	-	-

	First Junos OS	Release Supp	orted by MPC	Model Numbe	er (MPC Name)	
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2 EQ)
 Quality of service (QoS) per port: Eight queues per port Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Shaping at port level Shaping at queue level 	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
 Snaping at queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Tricolor marking Weighted random early detection (WRED) 						
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):						
 Accounting, filtering, and policing 	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Classification	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

	First Junos OS	Release Supp	orted by MPC	Model Numbe	er (MPC Name))
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2 EQ)
• Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	_	_	_	10.2	10.1	10.1
• Tricolor marking	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
• Shaping at the queue level	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 	_	_	_	10.2	10.1	10.1
 Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
Quality of service (QoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:						
 Accounting, filtering, and policing 	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Classification	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

	First Junos OS	Release Supp	orted by MPC	Model Numbe	er (MPC Name)	1
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2 EQ)
• Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	_	_	_	10.2	10.1	10.1
Tricolor marking	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
 Shaping at the queue level 	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 	_	_	_	10.2	10.1	10.1
 Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	_	_	_	10.2	10.1	10.1
RSVP	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
RIP	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
SNMP	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

	First Junos OS	Release Supp	orted by MPC	Model Numbe	er (MPC Name))
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2 EQ)
 Spanning Tree Protocols: IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+ IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) 	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
Subscriber management and services: (MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.2R2, 13.3)						
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
 Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs 	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
 Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP) and ANCP agent 	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
DHCP access model	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
• Dynamic adjustment of shapers	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

	First Junos OS	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)					
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2 EQ)	
 Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name table configuration 	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
• Dynamic profiles	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
 Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing 	_	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Dynamic VLANs	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	
• Enhanced subscriber management	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	
• Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	_	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE)	11.2R4	12.3 with SCBE and later	12.3 with SCBE and later	12.3 with SCBE and later	12.3 with SCBE and later	12.3 with SCBE and later	

	First Junos OS	Release Supp	orted by MPC	Model Numbe	er (MPC Name))
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2 EQ)
 Tunnel services: GRE unicast tunneling-Supports GRE fragmentation IP-IP unicast tunneling Multicast tunneling Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling Virtual loopback tunneling (VT) 	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
 IEEE 802.1Q VLANs: VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Virtual Chassis redundancy	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

	First Junos OS	Release Supp	orted by MPC	Model Numbe	er (MPC Name))
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2 EQ)
Virtual private network (VPN)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
VRRP over integrated routing and bridging (IRB) on multichassis link aggregation	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1
WAN-PHY mode	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2

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ICP and the ANCP Agent Overview	
derstanding BGP	
derstanding MPLS Inter-AS Link Protection	
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derstanding IGMP	
derstanding IPv6	
derstanding LDP-IGP Synchronization	
-ae	

Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers

Table 35 on page 339 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Enhanced MPCs (MPCEs).

NOTE: The MX2010 and M2020 routers support protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3 release are supported on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers in the release indicated.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 35: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Enhanced MPCs (MPC1Es)

	MX-MPC1E-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPC1E Q)
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	11.2R4	11.2R4
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	11.2R4	11.2R4
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	11.2R4	11.2R4
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	11.2R4	11.2R4
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	11.2R4	11.2R4
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	11.2R4	11.2R4
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4
Firewall filters	11.2R4	11.2R4

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)					
	MX-MPC1E-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q			
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPC1E Q)			
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Ingress Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Hierarchical quality-of-service (HQoS)	-	12.1R3			
Intelligent oversubscription	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) (excluding snooping)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IPv4	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IP multicast	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IPv6	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IPv6 MLD	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IPv6 multicast	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Labeled switched paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4			
LAN-PHY mode	11.2R4	11.2R4			

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)					
	MX-MPC1E-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q			
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPC1E Q)			
Layer 2 frame filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP):					
L2TP access concentrator (LAC)	11.3	11.3			
• L2TP network server (LNS)	11.4	11.4			
LNS inline service support with CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4			
• LNS inline service support without CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4			
Peer interface	11.4	11.4			
Inline IP Reassembly	13.1	13.1			
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Local loopback	11.2R4	11.2R4			
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Mobile IP	-	-			
Multi-chassis link aggregation	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	11.2R4	11.2R4			

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)					
	MX-MPC1E-3D				
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPC1E Q)			
IEEE 802.3ah OAM	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Discovery and link monitoring					
Fault signaling and detection					
Remote loopback					
Multitopology routing	11.2R4	11.2R4			
OSPF	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Packet mirroring	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Per-unit scheduling	12.1R3	12.1R3			
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) or IEEE 1588v2	12.3	12.3			
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Quality of service (QoS) per port:	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Eight queues per port					
Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level					
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level					
Shaping at port level					
Shaping at queue level					
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 					
Tricolor marking					
Weighted random early detection (WRED)					
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):					
Accounting, filtering, and policing	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4			

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)					
	MX-MPC1E-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q			
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPC1E Q)			
Classification	11.2R4	11.2R4			
• Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	11.2R4			
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	11.2R4			
Tricolor marking	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Shaping at the queue level	-	11.2R4			
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 	-	11.2R4			
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	11.2R4			
Quality of service (QoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:					
Accounting, filtering, and policing	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Classification	11.2R4	11.2R4			
• Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	11.2R4			
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	11.2R4			
Tricolor marking	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Shaping at the queue level	-	11.2R4			
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 	-	11.2R4			
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	11.2R4			

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)					
	MX-MPC1E-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q			
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPC1E Q)			
RSVP	11.2R4	11.2R4			
RIP	11.2R4	11.2R4			
SNMP	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Spanning Tree Protocols:	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)					
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol					
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+					
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)					
Subscriber Management:					
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4			
DHCP access model	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Dynamic adjustment of shapers	11.2R4	11.2R4			
• Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name table configuration	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Dynamic profiles	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Dynamic VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Enhanced subscriber management	15.1R4	15.1R4			
Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE)	11.2R4	11.2R4			

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)				
	MX-MPC1E-3D			
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPC1E Q)		
Tunnel services:	11.2R4	11.2R4		
 Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit) GRE unicast tunneling-Supports GRE fragmentation IP-IP unicast tunneling Multicast tunneling Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling Virtual loopback tunneling (VT) 				
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	11.2R4	11.2R4		
IEEE 802.1Q VLANs:	11.2R4	11.2R4		
 VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 				
Virtual Chassis redundancy	11.2R4	11.2R4		
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	11.2R4	11.2R4		
Virtual private network (VPN)	11.2R4	11.2R4		
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	11.2R4	11.2R4		
WAN-PHY mode	11.2R4	11.2R4		

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Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E

Table 36 on page 346 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

NOTE: The MX2010 and M2020 routers support protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3 release are supported on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers in the release indicated.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	M&MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	M&MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	M&MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2E EQ)	M&MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	M&MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2E NG)	MKMPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels • Dynamic • Manual	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	MXMPCZE- 3D (MPC2E)	MXIMPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	M&MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2E EQ)	MXMPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	M&MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2E NG)	MXMPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
	(1111 022)	4)		• ,	110,	
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Understanding How Dynamic Power Management Enables Better Utilization of Power	_	_	_	_	15.1	15.1
Flexible Queuing Mode NOTE: Flexible queuing mode is supported only on non-HQoS variants.	_	_	_	_	15.1	-
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Firewall filters	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Ingress Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
	MXMPCZE-	MXMPCZE- 3D-Q	MXMPCZE- 3D-EQ	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P	MXMPCZE- 3D-NG	MX:MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q
Protocol or Application	3D (MPC2E)	(MPC2E Q)	(MPC2E EQ)	(MPC2E P)	(MPC2E NG)	(MPC2E NG-Q)
Ingress hierarchical quality-of-service (HQoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	-	-	-	-	15.1R1	15.1R1
 Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level Virtual LAN (VLAN) level Port level 						
Hierarchical quality-of-service (HQoS)	-	12.1R3	12.1R3	-	-	15.1R1
Intelligent Oversubscription on MIC and MPC Interfaces Overview	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	11.2R1	11.2R1	11.2R1	11.2R1	17.1R1	17.1R1
IS-IS	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) (excluding snooping)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv4	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IP multicast	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6 MLD	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6 multicast	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
	MXMPC2E-	MXMPCZE- 3D-Q	MXMPCZE- 3D-EQ	MXMPC2E- 3D-P	MXMPCZE- 3D-NG	M&MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q
Protocol or Application	3D (MPC2E)	(MPC2E Q)	(MPC2E EQ)	(MPC2E P)	(MPC2E NG)	(MPC2E NG-Q)
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
LAN-PHY mode	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Layer 2 frame filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP):					14.1R4	14.1R4
• L2TP access concentrator (LAC)	11.3	11.3	11.3	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• L2TP network server (LNS)	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• LNS inline service support with CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• LNS inline service support without CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Peer interface	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Inline IP Reassembly	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Local loopback	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	MXMPCZE- 3D (MPC2E)	MXIMPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	M&MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2E EQ)	MXIMPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	M&MCZE- 3D-NG (MPC2E NG)	MXMPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
Mobile IP	-	-	-	-		
Multi-chassis link aggregation	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IEEE 802.3ah OAM Discovery and link monitoring Fault signaling and detection Remote loopback 	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Multitopology routing	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
OSPF	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Packet mirroring	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) or IEEE 1588v2	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.2	15.1R2	15.1R2
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	-	-	-	-	-	-

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
	MXMPCZE- 3D	MXMPCZE- 3D-Q (MPC2E	MXMPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2E	MXMPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E	MXMPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2E	MKMPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E
Protocol or Application	(MPC2E)	Q)	EQ)	(MPC2E P)	NG)	(MPC2E NG-Q)
Quality of service (QoS) per port:	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Eight queues per port Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Shaping at port level Shaping at queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Tricolor marking Weighted random early detection (WRED) 						
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):				_	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Accounting, filtering, and policing	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Classification	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Tricolor marking	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Shaping at the queue level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
	MXMPC2E-	MXMPC2E- 3D-Q	MXMPC2E- 3D-EQ	MXMPC2E- 3D-P	MXMPC2E- 3D-NG	MXMPCZE- 3D-NG-Q
Protocol or Application	3D (MPC2E)	(MPC2E Q)	(MPC2E EQ)	(MPC2E P)	(MPC2E NG)	(MPC2E NG-Q)
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 	_	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Quality of service (QoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:					14.1R4	14.1R4
• Accounting, filtering, and policing	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Classification	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Tricolor marking	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Shaping at the queue level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
RSVP	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
	MXMPC2E-	MXMPCZE- 3D-Q	MXMPC2E- 3D-EQ	MXIMPCZE- 3D-P	MXMPC2E- 3D-NG	MX:MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q
Protocol or Application	3D (MPC2E)	(MPC2E Q)	(MPC2E EQ)	(MPC2E P)	(MPC2E NG)	(MPC2E NG-Q)
RIP	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
SNMP	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Spanning Tree Protocols: IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+ IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) 	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Subscriber Management:					14.1R4	14.1R4
• Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
DHCP access model	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Dynamic adjustment of shapers	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name table configuration	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Dynamic profiles	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing 	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Dynamic VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
	MXMPCZE	MXMPCZE- 3D-Q	MXMPC2E- 3D-EQ	MXMPC2E- 3D-P	MXMPC2E- 3D-NG	M&MPCZE- 3D-NG-Q
Protocol or Application	3D (MPC2E)	(MPC2E Q)	(MPC2E EQ)	(MPC2E P)	(MPC2E NG)	(MPC2E NG-Q)
Enhanced subscriber management	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4
• Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Tunnel services:	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit) GRE unicast tunneling-Supports GRE fragmentation IP-IP unicast tunneling 						
Multicast tunneling						
• Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling						
• Virtual loopback tunneling (VT)						
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
VLAN stacking and rewriting						
• Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags						
Flexible VLAN tagging						
• IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags						
Virtual Chassis redundancy	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual private network (VPN)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	MKMPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	M&MC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	M&MPCZE- 3D-EQ (MPC2E EQ)	M&MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	M&MRC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2E NG)	MXMPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
WAN-PHY mode	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

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Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers

Table 37 on page 356 lists the first supported Junos OS Release for MPC3E protocols and applications for the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 routers. The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 10.4.

NOTE: The MX2010 and M2020 routers support protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3 release are supported on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers in the release indicated.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

	First Supported Junos OS Release			
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3DNG	MREEDNEQ	
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Class of service (CoS):	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces				
Packet rewrites				
Rate limit option for per-port queues				
• Configurable 802.1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag				
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling				
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification				
• BA classification based on 802.1p of "payload" for core-facing VPLS interfaces				
 BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces 				
BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family				
Class of service (CoS) per port:	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Eight queues per port				
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level				
Shaping at the port level				
Shaping at the queue level				
 Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class 				
Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class				
Weighted random early detection (WRED)				
NOTE: Fine-grained queuing and input queuing are not supported for the MPC3E-3D.				

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3DNG	MREEDINGQ
 Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking 	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Tricolor marking Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) 			
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
Dynamic Power Management	15.1	15.1	15.1
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
Enhanced subscriber management	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Flexible Queuing Mode NOTE: Flexible queuing mode is supported only on non-HQoS variants.	15.1	15.1	15.1
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release			
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3DNG	MRCEE-DINGQ	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IEEE 802.1ag Maintenance Association Intermediate Point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IEEE 802.1ag Optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV	_	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process , alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Firewall filters and policers:	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Policer support for aggregated Ethernet				
• Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface				
Intelligent hierarchial policers				
NOTE: Intelligent hierarchial policers are supported from Junos OS Release 13.3.				
• Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall				
Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port				
Lower policer limit from 32K to 8K				
• Egress IEEE 802.1p multi-field (MF) and BA classification for VPLS				
• Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6				
NOTE: The packet length used for the policer included in the Layer 2 header is not supported for the MPC3E-3D in release 12.2.				
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3DNG	MRCEEDINGQ
Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Dynamic			
• Manual			
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Hierarchical Quality of Service (HQoS)	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level			
VLAN level			
Port level			
Inline flow monitoring	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Intelligent Oversubscription on MIC and MPC Interfaces Overview	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU).	13.3	17.1R1	17.1R1
NOTE: ISSU is not supported on MPC3E-NG with 14.1R4.			
Interoperability with MPCs and existing DPCs	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Interoperability with multiservices DPCs	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv4	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv4 multicast	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MREEDNGQ
IPv6	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6 MLD	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6 multicast	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
IS-IS	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
Flow monitoring and services:	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Active monitoring (multiple v8 version j-flow templates) 			
 Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates) 			
 Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS) 			
Packet slice for port mirroring			
Inline flow monitoring on MPC3E			
 Flow monitoring on multiservices DPCs 			
NOTE: Flow monitoring on Multiservices DPCs is not supported for the MPC3E-3D in release 12.2			
<i>Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs)</i> including accounting, policers, and filtering	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3DNG	MRCEE-EDNGQ
Layer 2 features:	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Trunk ports			
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis			
• Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and Spanning Tree Protocols (xSTP)			
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges			
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support			
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)			
Multi-chassis LAG—active/active and active/standby			
 Multi-chassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping 			
Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation			
NOTE: LAG features and IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS			
are not supported for the MPC3E-3D in release 12.2.			
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Local loopback	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Mobile IP	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
Multichassis link aggregation	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MRCEEDINGQ
MPLS:	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)			
 LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) 			
RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello			
Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs			
OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)			
• 4/5 label MPLS operation			
Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD			
 Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet) 			
MPLS-FRR bypass link protection			
 Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops 			
MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization			
• Five label stack on ingress			
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
mvrp	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Multitopology routing	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
OSPF	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Packet mirroring	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	12.2	17.2R1	17.2R1
IEEE 802.1ah Provider Bridging (PBB)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
RSVP	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
RIP	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MRCEEDNGQ
SNMP	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Spanning Tree Protocols:	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)			
• IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)			
• Spanning-Tree Protocols (STP)			
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)			
• Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard			
• STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)			
Subscriber management and services (MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.2R2, 13.3):	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs			
Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs			
ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview			
DHCP access model			
Dynamic adjustment of shapers			
• Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name tables			
Dynamic profiles			
Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing			
Dynamic VLANs			
Per unit scheduling			
Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces			
Synchronous Ethernet	13.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Tunnel services	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)			

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3DNG	MRCEEDINGQ
Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU)	13.3	17.1R1	17.1R1
NOTE: ISSU is not supported on MPC3E-NG with 14.1R4.			
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
VLAN stacking and rewriting			
Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags			
Flexible VLAN tagging			
IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags			
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	13.2R1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS			
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface			
Configurable label block sizes			
 Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation 			
• VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF			
• Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG			
Virtual private network (VPN)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
WAN-PHY mode	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers

Table 38 on page 365 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MPC4E. The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 12.2. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	12.3R2
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	12.3R2
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	12.3R2
Class of service (CoS):	12.3R2
Behavior Aggregate (BA) classification	
 Forwarding class loss priority through logical tunnels (LT) 	
• Static VLAN mapping to a specific forwarding class using a multi-field (MF) classifier	
Packet rewrites	
Configurable IEEE 802.1p inheritance	
Rate-limit option for per-port queues	
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling	
Weighted Random Early Detection (WRED)	
Intelligent oversubscription on MIC and MPC interfaces	
Class of Service on Ethernet pseudowires on Logical Tunnel (LT) interfaces	
 Fine-grained authentication for RE-generated packets 	
• IEEE 802.1ad S-TAG, exiting/incoming core with label-switched interfaces (LSIs)	
• Egress IEEE 802.1p multifield (MF) and BA classification for VPLS (MX series only)	

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Class of service (CoS) per port:	12.3R2
 Eight queues per port Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Shaping at the port level and queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) Rate limit option for per-port queues 	NOTE: Fine-grained queuing and input queuing are not supported.
 Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking 	12.3R2
Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) protocols and features (IEEE 802.1ag):	12.3R2
 Ethernet OAM Continuity Check Message (CCM) protocol Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol Maintenance Intermediate Points (MIPs) Stacked VLAN tagging Trunk ports VPLS/VPWS VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation Transitional cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation 	
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	12.3R2
Distributed Periodic Packet Management Process (PPMP)	12.3R2
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) Tunnels—access side and server side	12.3R2
Ethernet Alarm Indication Signal (ETH-AIS)	12.3R2

Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances 12.3R	
	2
Firewall filters and policers: 12.3R	2
Intelligent Hierarchical Policers	
Policer support for aggregated Ethernet	
Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	
Layer 2 policers	
 Set forwarding class loss priority for Routing Engine (RE)-generated packets by using a firewall 	
Physical interface policers, applying policer to the entire port	
Filter-specific counters and filters	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation 12.3R	2
Graceful routing engine switchover (GRES) 12.3R	2
Configuring Generic Routing Encapsulation Tunneling—access side and server side 12.3R	2
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled 12.3R	2
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler: -	
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level	
VLAN level	
Port level	
Inline flow monitoring 12.3R	2
Intelligent oversubscription on the Trio MPC/MIC interfaces 12.3R	2
Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB) 12.3R	2
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU) 13.3	
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC) 12.3R	2
Interoperability with MPCs and existing DPCs 12.3R	2
Interoperability with Juniper Networks 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC 12.3R	2

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Interoperability with MX Series Application Services Modular Line Card (AS-MLC)	12.3R2
IPv4	12.3R2
IPv4 multicast	12.3R2
IPv6	12.3R2
IPv6 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD)	12.3R2
IPv6 multicast	12.3R2
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol (NDP)	12.3R2
Immediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	12.3R2
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support (MX Series routers)	12.3R2
Flow monitoring and services:	12.3R2
 Active monitoring (multiple v9 j-flow templates) 	
Active monitoring: cflowed v9 IPv6 templates	
 Active Monitoring: cflowd V9 per-PFE sampling support 	
 Port mirroring for Layer 2 bridging traffic (family ethernet-switching) 	
 Port mirroring for Layer 2 VPLS traffic (family vpls) 	
 Port mirroring for Layer 2 VPN traffic over a circuit cross-connect (CCC) 	
 Virtual private wire service (VPWS) 	
 Flow monitoring on Multiservices DPCs 	
Packet slice for port mirroring	
 Inline Jflow monitoring (IPFIX) 	
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	12.3R2
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	12.3R2

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Layer 2 features:	Release
 Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB) 	• 12.3R2
Spanning Tree Protocols	• 12.3R2
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	• 13.3R1 , 12.3R4
Bridge Protocol Data Unit (BPDU) guard	• 12.3R2
Bridge Protocol Data Unit (BPDU) loop guard	• 12.3R2
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 12.3R2
Trunk ports	• 13.3R1
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 13.3R1
Multi-chassis Link Aggregation Group (MC-LAG)—active/active and active/standby	• 13.3R1
 MC-LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping 	• -
MC-LAG VLAN -ccc interface encapsulation	• 13.3R1
Layer 2 Protocol Tunneling (L2PT) support	• 13.3R1
 IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS 	• 12.3R2
Layer 2 Learning and Forwarding in a Logical System Overview	• 12.3R2
Static Route Support	• 13.2R1
64 members in a link aggregation group	• 13.2R1
• Periodic packet management daemon (ppmd) and distributed PPMD for Link Aggregation Control Protocol process (LACPd)	

First Supported Junos OS **Protocol or Application** Release Layer 3 Features: Release • IPv6 • 12.3R2 • Protocol Independent Multicast Source-Specific Multicast (PIM SSM) • 12.3R2 • Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) • 12.3R2 • Any-source multicast (ASM) group override of source-specific multicast (SSM) range • 12.3R2 Connectionless Network Service (CLNS) • 12.3R2 • Data Multicast Domain Tunnels (MDT) Subsequent Address Family Identifiers (SAFI) • 12.3R2 • Draft-Rosen 7 Multicast VPNs • 12.3R2 • Multicast over Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB) interfaces • 12.3R2 • Composite next hop with External and Internal BGP (EIBGP) paths • 12.3R2 • VPN load balancing and IP header filtering of traffic across External and Internal • 13.2R1 BGP (EIBGP) paths • 13.2R1 • Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) over Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) • 13.2R1 • Multicast routing on Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB) interfaces using logical tunnel interfaces systems with a Trio MPC/MIC module Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad) 12.3R2 Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) 12.3R2 Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) _ 12.3R2 Local loopback MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering 12.3R2 Mobile IP _

First Supported Junos OS Protocol or Application Release Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC): 13.2R1 • Junos Address Aware Network Addressing Overview • Intrusion Detection Service (IDS) • Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES) for NAT • Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) interoperability • IP Security (IPSec) detection • Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP) interoperability • Real-Time Performance Monitor (RPM) interoperabilitiy • GRE interoperability 13.3R1 Multi-chassis Link Aggregation (MC-LAG) Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs) 12.3R2 12.3R2 Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS): • Switching of pseudowire segments (multi-segment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN) • LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) • RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello • Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs • OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA) • 4/5 label MPLS operation • Virtual circuit connection verification (VCCV) BFD • Point-to-multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet) • MPLS-FRR bypass link protection • Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops • MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization • Five label stack on ingress • Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) keepalive messages • MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs mvrp _ Multitopology routing (MTR) _

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Nonstop Active Routing (NSR)	12.3R2
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	12.3R2
Packet mirroring	12.3R2
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	15.1R1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	-
Periodic Packet Management Process (PPMP) and Distributed PPMP	12.3R2
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	-
Remote Defect Indication (RDI)	12.3R2
Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP)	12.3R2
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	12.3R2
SNMP	12.3R2
Spanning Tree Protocols:	12.3R2
• IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)	
 Bridge Protocol Data Units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard 	
• STP interprotocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multihoming, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)	
Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE)	12.3 with SCBE and later
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	13.2
Tunnel services	12.3R2
Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)	
Type, Length, and Value (TLVs) support (IEEE 802.1ag)	-

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	12.3R2
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	12.3R2
VLAN stacking and rewriting	
Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags	
Flexible VLAN tagging	
IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags	
Virtual Chassis (MX Series):	13.2R1 (12.3R4 TRD)
Class of Service (CoS) Support for Virtual Ports	
Layer 2 support	
• DHCP Access Model and authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) services	
Layer 3 Provider Edge (PE) router support	
Dynamic Lawful Intercept (DLI)	
Layer 2 Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	
Wireline Subscriber Management scaling to 64K subscribers	
 Non-stop active routing (NSR) support for Layer 3 services 	
 Local, Global, and VCCP Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES) 	
 SNMP trap generation when vc-port command fails 	
Virtual Chassis Port (VCP) masking	
Access to the Virtual Chassis Through the Management Interface	
Virtual Private LAN service (VPLS):	12.3R2
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS	
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface	
Configurable label block sizes	
 Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation 	
• VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF	
• Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG	
• Configurable multichassis link aggregation (MC-LAG) interfaces to improve the Layer 2 and Layer 3 convergence time to subsecond values when a multichassis aggregated Ethernet link goes down or comes up in a bridge domain	
 MAC Pinning to control MAC moves in a bridging environment and in VPLS networks 	

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Virtual private network (VPN):Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	12.3R2
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4Scale VRRP using instance grouping	12.3R2
 Periodic Packet Management Process (PPMP) and Distributed Periodic Packet Management Process (PPMP) 	
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	12.3R2
WAN-PHY mode	12.3R2

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

32x10GE MPC4E | **131**

2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E | 133

MICs Supported by MX Series Routers | 22

MPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Routers | 14

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers

Table 39 on page 374 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications in the MPC5E installed on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 routers. The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 12.3.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels	13.3R3
• Dynamic	
• Manual	
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	13.3R3
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	13.3R3
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	13.3R3
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	13.3R3
Class of service (CoS):	13.3R3
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces	
Packet rewrites	
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification	
• BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces	
• BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for Layer 3 VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces	
Rate limit option for per-port queues	
BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family	
• Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag	
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling	
Class of service (CoS) per port:	13.3R3
Eight queues per port	
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level	
Shaping at the port level	
Shaping at the queue level	
• Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class	
Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class	
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	13.3R3
Accounting, filtering, and policing	
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	
Classification	
Tricolor marking	
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	13.3R3
Accounting, filtering, and policing	
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite	
Classification	
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	
Tricolor marking	
Shaping at the queue level	
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	
Damping	15.1R2
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	13.3R3
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	13.3R3
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Maintenance Association Intermediate Point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	13.3R3
Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV	-

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	13.3R3
Firewall filters and policers:	13.3R3
Policer support for aggregated Ethernet	
Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	
• Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall	
Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port	
Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000	
Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS	
Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	13.3R3
Flexible Queuing Mode	14.1R1
NOTE: Flexible queuing mode is supported only on non-HQoS variants.	
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	13.3R3
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	13.3R3
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	13.3R3
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level	
VLAN level	
Port level	
Hierarchical CoS on generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels	15.1R2
Inline active flow monitoring	13.3R3
Intelligent Oversubscription	13.3R3
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	13.3R3
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	16.1R1

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Interoperability with MPCs and existing DPCs	-
Interoperability with Multiservices DPCs	13.3R3
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	13.3R3
Interoperability with Juniper Networks 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC	13.3R3
Interoperability with MX Series Application Services Modular Line Card (AS-MLC)	13.3R3
IPv4	13.3R3
IPv4 multicast	13.3R3
IPv6	13.3R3
IPv6 MLD	13.3R3
IPv6 multicast	13.3R3
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	13.3R3
IS-IS	13.3R3
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	13.3R3
Flow monitoring and services:	Release
 Active monitoring (multiple version 8 j-flow templates) 	• 13.3R3
 Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates) 	• 13.3R3
Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)	• 13.3R3
Packet slice for port mirroring	• 13.3R3
Flow monitoring on Multiservices DPCs	• -
Inline active flow monitoring on MPC5E	• 13.3R3
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	13.3R3
LDP	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Layer 2 features:	Release
Trunk ports	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	• 13.3R3
• Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB, and Spanning Tree Protocols (xSTP)	• -
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 13.3R3
Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby	• 13.3R3
Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	• 13.3R3
 Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation 	• 13.3R3
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	13.3R3
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	13.3R3
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	13.3R3
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	13.3R3
Local loopback	13.3R3
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	13.3R3
Mobile IP	-
Multichassis link aggregation	-
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
MPLS:	13.3R3
 Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN) LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA) 4/5 label MPLS operation Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and point-to-multipoint load balancing over aggregated Ethernet) MPLS-FRR bypass link protection Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization Five label stack on ingress 	
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	13.3R3
mvrp	-
Multitopology routing	-
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	13.3R3
OSPF	13.3R3
Packet mirroring	13.3R3
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	14.2R2
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	13.3R3
RSVP	13.3R3
RIP	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
SNMP	13.3R3
Spanning Tree Protocols:	13.3R3
• IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)	
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard	
STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush	
Subscriber management and services:(MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.3R2, 13.3)	Release
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	• 13.3R3
Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs	• 13.3R3
ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview	• 13.3R3
DHCP access model	• 13.3R3
Dynamic adjustment of shapers	• 13.3R3
Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name tables	• 13.3R3
Dynamic profiles	• 13.3R3
Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing	• 13.3R3
Dynamic VLANs	• 13.3R3
Enhanced subscriber management	• 15.1R4
Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	• 13.3R3
Synchronous Ethernet	13.3R3
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	13.3R3
Tunnel services	13.3R3
• Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)	
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	13.3R3
 VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	13.3R3
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	13.3R3
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS	
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface	
Configurable label block sizes	
 Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation 	
• VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF	
Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast traffic hashing over LAG	
Virtual private network (VPN)	13.3R3
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	13.3R3
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	13.3R3
WAN-PHY mode	13.3R3

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5E | **135** 6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5EQ | **137** MICs Supported by MX Series Routers | **22**

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC6E for MX2000 Routers

Table 40 on page 383 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on theMX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E. The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OSRelease 13.3.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels	13.3R3
• Dynamic	
Manual	
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	13.3R3
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	13.3R3
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	13.3R3
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	13.3R3
Class of service (CoS):	13.3R3
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces	
Packet rewrites	
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification	
• BA classification based on 802.1p of <i>payload</i> for core-facing VPLS interfaces	
BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces	
Rate limit option for per-port queues	
BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family	
• Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag	
 Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling 	

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E (continued		
	Table 40: Drotocols and Applications Supported by the MV2010 and MV2020 MDC/E (car	ationed
radic +0.1 rotocold and Applications Supported by the MAZOTO and MAZOZO MICOL (continued	Table 40. Protocols and Applications Supported by the MAZU10 and MAZU20 MPCOE (cor	ilinueu)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Class of service (CoS) per port:	13.3R2
• Eight queues per port	
 Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level 	
Shaping at the port level	
Shaping at the queue level	
• Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class	
Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class	
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	13.3R3
Accounting, filtering, and policing	
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	
Classification	
Tricolor marking	
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	13.3R3
Accounting, filtering, and policing	
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	
Classification	
 Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level 	
Tricolor marking	
Shaping at the queue level	
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 	
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	
Damping	15.1R2
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	13.3R3
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	13.3R3
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Maintenance Association Intermediate Point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLV) (Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV)	-
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	13.3R3
Firewall filters and policers:	13.3R3
Policer support for aggregated Ethernet	
Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	
 Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall 	
Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port	
Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000	
Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS	
Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	13.3R3
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	13.3R3
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	13.3R3
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	13.3R3
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level	
VLAN level	
Port level	
Inline active flow monitoring	13.3R3

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Intelligent oversubscription on MIC and MPC interfaces	13.3R3
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	13.3R3
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	16.1R1
Interoperability with MPCs and existing DPCs	13.3R3
Interoperability with Multiservices DPCs	13.3R3
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	13.3R3
IPv4	13.3R3
IPv4 multicast	13.3R3
IPv6	13.3R3
IPv6 MLD	13.3R3
IPv6 multicast	13.3R3
IPv6 neighbor discovery	13.3R3
IS-IS	13.3R3
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	13.3R3
Flow monitoring and services:	Release
 Active monitoring (multiple v8 version j-flow templates) 	• 13.3R3
 Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates) 	• 13.3R3
 Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS) 	• 13.3R3
Packet slice for port mirroring	• 13.3R3
Flow monitoring on Multiservices DPCs	• -
Inline active flow monitoring on MPC5E	• 13.3R3
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	13.3R3
LDP	13.3R3

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Layer 2 features:	Release
Trunk ports	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	• 13.3R3
• Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and Spanning Tree Protocols (xSTP)	• 15.1R2
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 13.3R3
Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby	• 13.3R3
 Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping 	• 13.3R3
 Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation 	• 15.1R2
 IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS 	• 13.3R2
Layer 2 VPN interfaces	
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	13.3R3
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	13.3R3
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	-
Local loopback	13.3R3
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	13.3R3
Mobile IP	-
Multichassis link aggregation	-
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	13.3R3

Protocol or ApplicationReleaseMPLS:13.3R3Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)1.DP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello1.3.8R3Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs0.SPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)4/5 label MPLS operationVirtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFDPoint to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)13.3R3MPLS-FRR NPASS link protection1.3.3R3Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops1.3.3R3MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs13.3R3MVIInstein environMultitopology routing-Nonstop active routing (NSR)-OSPF1.3.3R3Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)-IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)-Push at ag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations13.3R3RSVP13.3R3	Dratacal ar Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)Internet segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal HelloFailure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPsOSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)4/5 label MPLS operationVirtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFDPoint to multipoint using the enhanced-lp command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)MPLS-FRR bypass link protectionLoad sharing across 64 ECMP next hopsMPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPsMPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPsMultitopology routingOSPFOSPFOSPFInternet Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)IEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)Push at ag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulationsRSVP		Release
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(MAC-FLUSH-TLV)RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal HelloFailure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPsOSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)4/5 label MPLS operationVirtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFDPoint to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)MPLS-FRR bypass link protectionLoad sharing across 64 ECMP next hopsMPLS FRR VPLS instance prioritizationFive label stack on ingressMPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPsMultitopology routingOSPFOspFOstop active routing (NSR)OSPFIEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)Push at ag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulationsRSVP	• Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)	
 Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA) 4/5 label MPLS operation Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet) MPLS-FRR bypass link protection Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs Multitopology routing - CosPF Packet mirroring Packet mirroring Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588) IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB) Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations RSVP IA.3R3 		
• OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)• 4/5 label MPLS operation• Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD• Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)• MPLS-FRR bypass link protection• Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops• MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization• I 3.3R3• MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs13.3R3 <i>mvrp</i> • C• Multitopology routing• CNonstop active routing (NSR)• C• OSFF13.3R3Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)• C• Reserve the routing in the protection prioritiging (PBB)• C• Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations13.3R3• KVP• 13.3R3	RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello	
 4/5 label MPLS operation Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet) MPLS-FRR bypass link protection Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization Five label stack on ingress MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs Maltitopology routing Nonstop active routing (NSR) OSPF Acket mirroring Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588) IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB) Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations MSR3 	 Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs 	
 Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet) MPLS-FRR bypass link protection Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization Five label stack on ingress MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs Manual dultitopology routing Nonstop active routing (NSR) OSPF Intervention Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588) Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588) IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB) Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations RSVP 	 OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA) 	
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P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)Hermet• MPLS-FRR bypass link protection•• Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops•• MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization•• Five label stack on ingress13.3R3MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs13.3R3 <i>mvrp</i> •Multitopology routing•Nonstop active routing (NSR)•OSPF13.3R3Packet mirroring13.3R3Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)•IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)•Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations13.3R3RSVP••	 Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD 	
• Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops•• MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization•• Five label stack on ingress13.3R3MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs13.3R3mvrp-Multitopology routing-Nonstop active routing (NSR)-OSPF13.3R3Packet mirroring13.3R3Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)-IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)-Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations13.3R3RSVP-		
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 Five label stack on ingress MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs 13.3R3 mvrp . Multitopology routing . Multitopology routing . Nonstop active routing (NSR) OSPF 13.3R3 Packet mirroring Narson IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB) Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations MSR3 MARSON MARSON	 Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops 	
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Multitopology routing-Nonstop active routing (NSR)-OSPF13.3R3Packet mirroring13.3R3Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)-IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)-Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations13.3R3RSVP-	MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	13.3R3
Nonstop active routing (NSR)-OSPF13.3R3Packet mirroring13.3R3Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)-IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)-Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations13.3R3RSVP-	mvrp	-
OSPF13.3R3Packet mirroring13.3R3Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)-IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)-Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations13.3R3RSVP-	Multitopology routing	-
Packet mirroring13.3R3Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)-IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)-Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations13.3R3RSVP-	Nonstop active routing (NSR)	-
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588) - IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB) - Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations 13.3R3 <i>RSVP</i> 13.3R3	OSPF	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB) - Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations 13.3R3 <i>RSVP</i> 13.3R3	Packet mirroring	13.3R3
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations 13.3R3 RSVP 13.3R3	Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	-
RSVP 13.3R3	IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-
	Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	13.3R3
RIP 13.3R3	RSVP	13.3R3
	RIP	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
SNMP	13.3R3
Spanning Tree Protocols:	13.3R3
• IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)	
 Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard 	
STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush	
Subscriber management and services(MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.3R2, 13.3):	Release
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	• 13,3R3
Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs	• 13.3R3
ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview	• 13.3R3
DHCP access model	• 13.3R3
Dynamic adjustment of shapers	• 13.3R3
Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name tables	• 13.3R3
Dynamic profiles	• 13.3R3
Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing	• 13.3R3
Dynamic VLANs	• 13.3R3
Enhanced subscriber management (uplink services)	• 15.1R4
Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	• 13.3R3
Synchronous Ethernet	13.3R3
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	13.3R3
Tunnel services	13.3R3
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	13.3R3
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	13.3R3
VLAN stacking and rewriting	
Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags	
Flexible VLAN tagging	
IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags	

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	13.3R3
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS	
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface	
Configurable label block sizes	
 Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation 	
VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF	
Broadcast, unknown unicast, and multicast traffic hashing over LAG	
Virtual private network (VPN)	13.3R3
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	13.3R3
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	13.3R3
WAN-PHY mode	13.3R3

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC7E for MX Series Routers

Table 37 on page 356 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC7Es ("MPC7E 10G" on page 147 and "MPC7E (Multi-Rate)" on page 145). The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 15.1R1.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-	-
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels • Dynamic • Manual	15.1F4	15.1F5
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	15.1F4	15.1F5
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	15.1F4	15.1F5

First Supported Junos OS Release First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE for MPC7E-10G **Protocol or Application** Class of service (CoS): 15.1F4 15.1F5 Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces Packet rewrites • Behavior aggregate (BA) classification • BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces • BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and **MPLS** interfaces • Rate limit option for per-port queues • BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family • Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag • Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling Class of service (CoS) per port: 15.1F4 15.1F5 • Eight queues per port NOTE: MPC7E-MRATE MPC supports NOTE: MPC7E-10G MPC supports 5 5 guaranteed and 4 excess priorities. guaranteed and 4 excess priorities. • Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level • Shaping at the port level • Shaping at the queue level • Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class • Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class • Weighted random early detection (WRED)

First Supported Junos OS Release First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE for MPC7E-10G **Protocol or Application** Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN 15.1F4 15.1F5 (VLAN): • Accounting, filtering, and policing • IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification • Tricolor marking Class of service (CoS) per _ Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces: • Accounting, filtering, and policing • IEEE 802.1p rewrite • Classification • Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Tricolor marking • Shaping at the queue level • Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class • Weighted random early detection (WRED) Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) 15.1F4 15.1F5 Protection DVMRP and GRE support-access side 15.1F4 15.1F5 and server side Dynamic Power Management 15.1F4 15.1F5 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with 15.1F4 15.1F5 multiple G.8032 instances Flexible Queuing Mode 15.1F4 15.1F5

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support <i>Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV</i>	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process , alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	15.1F4	15.1F5

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Firewall filters and policers:	15.1F4	15.1F5
 Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface Intelligent hierarchial policers Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port Lower policer limit from 32K to 8K Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6 	NOTE: Layer 2 overhead adjustment (packet length used for the policer included in the Layer 2 header) is not supported in 15.1F4.	NOTE: Layer 2 overhead adjustment (packet length used for the policer included in the Layer 2 header) is not supported in 15.1F5.
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	15.1F4	15.1F5
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	15.1F4	15.1F5
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	15.1F4	15.1F5
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and <i>hierarchical-scheduler</i> : • Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level • VLAN level • Port level	15.1F4	15.1F5
Inline flow monitoring	15.1F4	15.1F5
Intelligent Oversubscription on MIC and MPC Interfaces Overview	15.1F4	15.1F5

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	17.4R1	17.4R1
Interoperability with MPCs	15.1F4	15.1F5
Interoperability with MS-DPCs	-	-
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	-	-
IPv4	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv4 multicast	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv6	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv6 MLD	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv6 multicast	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	15.1F4	15.1F5
IS-IS	15.1F4	15.1F5

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE			First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G	
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	15.1F4		15.1F5		
Flow monitoring and services		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G	
Inline IP Flow Information Export (IPF	Inline IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX)			15.1F5	
Active monitoring		15.1F4		15.1F5	
Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)		15.1F4		15.1F5	
Packet slice for port mirroring		15.1F4		15.1F5	
Flow monitoring on MS-MPCs		17.3R1		17.3R1	
Inline flow monitoring		15.1F4		15.1F5	
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	15.1F4		15.1	LF5	

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE			upported Junos OS Release PC7E-10G
LDP	15.1F4		15.1F5	
Layer 2 Features		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Trunk ports		15.1F4		15.1F5
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual	Chassis	17.3R1		17.3R1
Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and Spannir (xSTP)	ng Tree Protocols	15.1F4		15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges		15.1F4		15.1F5
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) sup	Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support			15.1F5
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)			15.1F5
Multichassis LAG-active/active and a	Multichassis LAG-active/active and active/standby			15.1F5
Multichassis LAG—active/active with	IGMP snooping	15.1F4 15.1F5		15.1F5
Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN encapsulation	Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation			15.1F5
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, an	IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS			15.1F5
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	15.1F4		15.1F5	
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	15.1F4		15.1F5	
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	15.1F4		15.1F5	
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	15.1F4	15.1F5		
Local loopback	15.1F4		15.1F5	

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	15.1F4		15.1F5
MACSec		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
GCM-AES-128 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AE-2006		-	16.1R1
GCM-AES-256 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AEbn-2011		-	16.2R1
Mobile IP	-		-
Multichassis link aggregation	15.1F4		15.1F5
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	15.1F4		15.1F5

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
MPLS:	15.1F4	15.1F5
 Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN) 		
 LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) 		
 RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello 		
• Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs		
 OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA) 		
• 4/5 label MPLS operation		
 Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD 		
• Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)		
MPLS-FRR bypass link protection		
 Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops 		
 MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization 		
• Five label stack on ingress		
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	15.1F4	15.1F5
mvrp	15.1F4	15.1F5
Multitopology routing	15.1F4	15.1F5
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	15.1F4	15.1F5

First Supported Junos OS Release First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE for MPC7E-10G **Protocol or Application** OSPF 15.1F4 15.1F5 Packet mirroring 15.1F4 15.1F5 Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 17.4R1 17.4R1 1588) IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone -_ bridging (PBB) Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and 15.1F4 15.1F5 Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations RSVP 15.1F4 15.1F5 RIP 15.1F4 15.1F5 **SNMP** 15.1F4 15.1F5 Spanning Tree Protocols: 15.1F4 15.1F5 • IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs) • IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) • IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) • Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST) • Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard • STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect) Subscriber management and services: 16.1R4; 17.1R1 16.1R4; 17.1R1 • Enhanced subscriber management

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Synchronous Ethernet	16.1R1	16.1R1
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	16.1R4 NOTE: TWAMP is not supported on the MX2020 and MX2010 chassis.	16.1R4 NOTE: TWAMP is not supported on the MX2020 and MX2010 chassis.
Tunnel services Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit) 	15.1F4	15.1F5
Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU)	-	-
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	15.1F4	15.1F5
 VLANs IEEE 802.1Q: VLAN stacking and rewriting Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	15.1F4	15.1F5
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	17.3R1	17.3R1

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
 Virtual private LAN service (VPLS): BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Hacking L2 (14 fields under Ethernet) 	15.1F4	15.1F5
 Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 		
Virtual private network (VPN)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	15.1F4	15.1F5
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	15.1F4	15.1F5
WAN-PHY mode	-	-

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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MPC7E 10G | 147

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers

Table 37 on page 356 lists the protocols and applications supported by MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers.

An en dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-	-
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels	15.1F5	15.1F5
• Dynamic		
• Manual		
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	15.1F5	15.1F5
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Class of service (CoS):	15.1F5	15.1F5
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces		
Packet rewrites		
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification		
 BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces 		
 BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces 		
Rate-limit option for per-port queues		
BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family		
• Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag		
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling		

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Class of service (CoS) per port:	15.1F5	15.1F5
Eight queues per port		
Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level		
Shaping at the port level		
Shaping at the queue level		
• Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class		
Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class		
Weighted random early detection (WRED)		
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	15.1F5	15.1F5
 Accounting, filtering, and policing 		
IEEE 802.1p rewrite		
Classification		
Tricolor marking		
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	-	-
Accounting, filtering, and policing		
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite		
Classification		
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level		
Tricolor marking		
Shaping at the queue level		
• Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class		
Weighted random early detection (WRED)		
Damping	16.1R1	16.1R1
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	15.1F5	15.1F5
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	15.1F5	15.1F5
Dynamic Power Management	15.1F5	15.1F5

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	15.1F5	15.1F5
Flexible Queuing Mode	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Configuring Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Firewall filters and policers:	15.1F5	15.1F5
Policer support for aggregated Ethernet		
Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface		
Intelligent hierarchical policers		
• Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall		
Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port		
Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000		
Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS		
Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6		
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	15.1F5	15.1F5
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	15.1F5	15.1F5
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	15.1F5	15.1F5

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	15.1F5	15.1F5
Set of Interfaces		
VLAN level		
Port level		
Inline flow monitoring	15.1F5	15.1F5
Intelligent Oversubscription	15.1F5	15.1F5
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	17.4R1	17.4R1
Interoperability with existing MPCs	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv4	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv4 multicast	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv6	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv6 MLD	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv6 multicast	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	15.1F5	15.1F5
IS-IS	15.1F5	15.1F5
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	15.1F5	15.1F5

Protocol or Application	MPC8E Release	MPC9E
	Release	
Flow monitoring and services:	Release	Release
• Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates)	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Packet slice for port mirroring	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Flow monitoring on MS-DPCs	• -	• -
Inline flow monitoring on MPC8E and MPC9E	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	15.1F5	15.1F5
LDP	15.1F5	15.1F5
Layer 2 features:	Release	Release
Trunk ports	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	• 17.3R1	• 17.3R1
• Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (xSTP)	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	15.1F5	15.1F5
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Local loopback	15.1F5	15.1F5
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	15.1F5	15.1F5
Mobile IP	-	-

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Multichassis Link Aggregation	15.1F5	15.1F5
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	15.1F5	15.1F5
MPLS:	15.1F5	15.1F5
• Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)		
• LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)		
RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello		
Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs		
OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)		
• 4/5 label MPLS operation		
Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD		
MPLS-FRR bypass link protection		
Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops		
MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization		
Five label stack on ingress		
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	15.1F5	15.1F5
mvrp	-	-
Multitopology routing	15.1F5	15.1F5
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	15.1F5	15.1F5
OSPF	15.1F5	15.1F5
Packet mirroring	15.1F5	15.1F5
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	17.4R1	17.4R1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-	-
RSVP	15.1F5	15.1F5

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
RIP	15.1F5	15.1F5
SNMP	15.1F5	15.1F5
Spanning tree protocols:	15.1F5	15.1F5
• IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)		
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)		
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)		
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)		
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard		
• STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)		
Subscriber management and services:	16.1R4; 17.1R1	16.1R4; 17.1R1
Enhanced subscriber management		
Synchronous Ethernet	16.1R1	16.1R1
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP) Real-time Performance Monitoring (RPM)/TWAMP hardware timestamping	17.3R1	17.3R1
Tunnel services	15.1F5	15.1F5
• Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)		
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	15.1F5	15.1F5
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	15.1F5	15.1F5
VLAN stacking and rewriting		
Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags		
Flexible VLAN tagging		
IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags		

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	17.3R1	17.3R1
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	15.1F5	15.1F5
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS		
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface		
Configurable label block sizes		
 Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation 		
• VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF		
• Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG		
Virtual private network (VPN)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	15.1F5	15.1F5
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	15.1F5	-
MACSec Capabilities: Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the JNP-MIC-100G MIC extends Media Access Control Security (MACsec) capabilities on MPC8E and MPC9E MPCs installed in MX2010, MX2020, and MX2008 routers.	17.4R1	17.4R1
Only MPC8E/9E with JNP-MIC-100G MIC supports MACsec feature.		
GCM-AES-128 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AE-2006		
GCM-AES-256 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AEbn-2011		
GCM-AES-XPN-128 Cipher Suite, 802.1AEbw-2013		
GCM-AES-XPN-256 Cipher Suite, 802.1AEbw-2013		

Release History Table

Release	Description
17.4R1	Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the JNP-MIC-100G MIC extends Media Access Control Security (MACsec) capabilities on MPC8E and MPC9E MPCs installed in MX2010, MX2020, and MX2008 routers.

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MPC8E on MX Series Routers Overview

MPC9E on MX Series Routers Overview

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC

Table 43 on page 412 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX104, MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Multiservices MIC (MS-MIC) and Multiservices MPC (MS-MPC). A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Software Feature	First Supported Junos OS Release
GRE Key	-
GRE dont-fragment	-
HTTP redirect services	15.1R4
Stateful firewall	13.2R4
Network Address Translation (NAT) for IP addresses	13.2R4
Port Address Translation (PAT) for port numbers	13.2R4
IP Security (IPSec) encryption	13.2R4
Flow aggregation	-
Active flow monitoring exports cflowd version 5 and version 8 records	-
Active flow monitoring exports flow monitoring version 9 records, based on RFC 3954	13.2R4
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	13.3 NOTE: GRES is not supported for MS-MIC on MX104 router.
Passive flow monitoring	-
Passive flow collection	-

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC

Software Feature	First Supported Junos OS Release
Flow-tap	-
Dynamic flow capture	-
Real-time performance monitoring	13.3
Link Services	-
MX Series Virtual Chassis with stateful firewall	14.2
MX Series Virtual Chassis with IPv4-to-IPv4 basic NAT, dynamic NAT, static destination NAT, dynamic NAT with port mapping, and stateful NAT64	16.1R4 and 18.3R1. Starting in Junos OS Release 18.4R1, these features are supported on the MX Series Virtual Chassis for the Juniper broadband network gateway (BNG).
MX Series Virtual Chassis with DS-Lite	18.4R1
Traffic sampling	13.2R4
Tunnel services:	-
IP-IP unicast tunneling	
GRE unicast tunneling—Supports GRE fragmentation	
Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling	
Virtual tunnel interface for Layer 3 VPNs	-
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	-
Voice services:	-
Compressed Real-Time Transport Protocol (CRTP)	
Encapsulations:	-
Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR)	
Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol (MLPP)	

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC (continued)

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers | 14

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Multiservices MPC | 103

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 Router

Table 37 on page 356 lists the protocols and applications supported by MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 router.

An en dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-
 Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels Dynamic Manual 	17.3R1
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	17.3R1
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	17.3R1
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	17.3R1
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	17.3R1

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Class of service (CoS):	17.3R1
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces	
Packet rewrites	
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification	
• BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces	
• BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces	
Rate-limit option for per-port queues	
BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family	
• Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag	
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling	
Class of service (CoS) per port:	17.3R1
Eight queues per port	
 Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level 	
Shaping at the port level	
Shaping at the queue level	
• Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class	
Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class	
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	17.3R1
Accounting, filtering, and policing	
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite	
Classification	
Tricolor marking	

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	17.3R1
Accounting, filtering, and policing	
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite	
Classification	
Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	
Tricolor marking	
Shaping at the queue level	
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	
Damping	17.3R1
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	17.3R1
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	17.3R1
Dynamic Power Management	17.3R1
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	17.3R1
Flexible Queuing Mode	17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support <i>Configuring Port Status TLV</i> and Interface Status TLV	17.3R1
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	17.3R1

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Firewall filters and policers:	17.3R1
Policer support for aggregated Ethernet	
 Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface 	
Intelligent hierarchical policers	
• Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall	
 Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port 	
Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000	
 Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS 	
 Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6 	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	17.3R1
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	17.3R1
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	17.3R1
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	17.3R1
Set of Interfaces	
VLAN level	
Port level	
Inline flow monitoring	17.3R1
Intelligent Oversubscription	17.3R1
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	17.3R1
Interoperability with existing MPCs	17.3R1
IPv4	17.3R1
IPv4 multicast	17.3R1
IPv6	17.3R1
IPv6 MLD	17.3R1

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
IPv6 multicast	17.3R1
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	17.3R1
IS-IS	17.3R1
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	-
Flow monitoring and services:	Release
 Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates) 	• 17.3R1
 Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS) 	• 17.3R1
Packet slice for port mirroring	• 17.3R1
Flow monitoring on MS-DPCs	• -
Inline flow monitoring	• 17.3R1
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	17.3R1
LDP	17.3R1
Layer 2 features:	Release
• Trunk ports	• 17.3R1
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	• -
 Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (xSTP) 	• 17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 17.3R1
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support	• 17.3R1
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 17.3R1
 Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby 	• 17.3R1
 Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping 	• 17.3R1
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	• 17.3R1
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	17.3R1
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	17.3R1
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	17.3R1
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	17.3R1

	First Supported Junos
Protocol or Application	OS Release
Local loopback	17.3R1
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	17.3R1
MACSec with GCM-AES-256 Encryption and GCM-AES-XPN-256 Encryption	17.3R2
NOTE: MACSec is supported on JNP-MIC1-MACSEC only.	
Mobile IP	-
Multichassis Link Aggregation	17.3R1
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	17.3R1
MPLS:	17.3R1
• Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)	
 LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) 	
RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello	
Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs	
OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)	
• 4/5 label MPLS operation	
Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD	
MPLS-FRR bypass link protection	
Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops	
MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization	
• Five label stack on ingress	
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	17.3R1
mvrp	-
Multitopology routing	17.3R1
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	17.3R1
OSPF	17.3R1

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Packet mirroring	17.3R1
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-
RSVP	17.3R1
RIP	17.3R1
SNMP	17.3R1
Spanning tree protocols:	17.3R1
• IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)	
 Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard 	
• STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)	
Subscriber management and services:	17.3R1
Enhanced subscriber management	
Synchronous Ethernet	17.3R1
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	-
Tunnel services	17.3R1
Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)	
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	17.3R1

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	17.3R1
VLAN stacking and rewriting	
Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags	
Flexible VLAN tagging	
IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags	
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	17.3R1
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS	
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface	
Configurable label block sizes	
 Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation 	
• VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF	
• Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG	
Virtual private network (VPN)	17.3R1
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	17.3R1
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	-

Protocols and Applications Supported by the JNP10K-LC2101 on the MX10008 Routers

Table 45 on page 422 lists the protocols and applications supported by JNP10K-LC2101 on the MX10008 routers.

An en dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 45: Protocols and Applications Supported by JNP10K-LC2101 on the MX10008 Routers

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels	18.2R1
• Dynamic	
• Manual	
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	18.2R1
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	18.2R1
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	18.2R1
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	18.2R1
Chassis:	Release
Fabric Management	• 18.2R1
Redundancy Mode	• 18.2R1
Fabric Grant Bypass Mode	• -
• Hypermode	• 18.2R1
• License Mode (IR, R, Base)	• -
Port Identification	• 18.2R1
Rate Selectability	• 18.2R1
Lane LED	• 18.2R1
• Smooth Upgrade	• NA

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
Class of service (CoS):	18.2R1
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces	
Packet rewrites	
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification	
 BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces 	
 BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces 	
Rate-limit option for per-port queues	
BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family	
• Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag	
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling	
Dedicated CoS Queues	
Per Unit Queuing	
Hierarchical Queuing	
 Per Priority Shaping and support for enhanced-priority-mode 	
Logical Interface Scheduling (DLCIs and VLANs)	
Class of service (CoS) per port:	18.2R1
Eight queues per port	
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level	
Shaping at the port level	
Shaping at the queue level	
 Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class 	
 Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class 	
 Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	18.2R1
Accounting, filtering, and policing	
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	
Classification	
• Tricolor marking	
• Cos Scaling on Non Queuing MPCs (per VLAN queuing)	
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	-
Accounting, filtering, and policing	
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite	
Classification	
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	
Tricolor marking	
Shaping at the queue level	
• Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	
Damping	18.2R1
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	18.2R1
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	18.2R1
Dynamic Power Management	18.2R1
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	18.2R1
Flexible Queuing Mode	18.2R1
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	18.2R1
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	18.2R1

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	18.2R1
IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	18.2R1
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Configuring Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV	18.2R1
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	18.2R1
Firewall filters and policers:	18.2R1
Policer support for aggregated Ethernet	
• Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	
Intelligent hierarchical policers	
 Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall 	
 Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port 	
• Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000	
• Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS	
• Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6	
• Filter-based GRE Tunneling across IPv4 Networks	
• Filter-based L2TP Tunneling across IPv4 Networks	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	18.2R1
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	18.2R1
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	18.2R1

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	18.2R1
Set of Interfaces	
VLAN level	
Port level	
Inline flow monitoring	18.2R1
• 256K Flow entries for VPLS (IPv4 and IPv6)	
• 256K Flow entries for MPLS (IPv4 and IPv6)	
Inline Video Monitoring	-
Inline 6rd and 6to4	-
Intelligent Oversubscription	18.2R1
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	18.2R1
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	-
Interoperability	-
 Interoperability with existing MPCs 	
• Interoperability with 100-Gigabit Ethernet Interfaces	
IPv4	18.2R1
IPv4 multicast	18.2R1
IPv6	18.2R1
IPv6 MLD	18.2R1
IPv6 multicast	18.2R1
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	18.2R1
IS-IS	18.2R1

Protocol or ApplicationJNP10K-LC2101ITU-TY.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers18.2R1Flow monitoring and services:Release• Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates)• 18.2R1• Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)• 18.2R1• Packet silce for port mirroringNAJunos Continuity Supported HWNALobeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filteringRelease• Trunk ports• 18.2R1• Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis• 18.2R1• Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis• 18.2R1• Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis• 18.2R1• Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis• 18.2R1• Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis• 18.2R1• Layer 2 support of Drotter bridges• 18.2R1• Layer 2 support of Drotter bridges• 18.2R1• Layer 2 protocol (LDP)• 18.2R1• Multichassis LAG-active/active and active/stamb• 18.2R1• Multichassis LAG-active/active and active/stamb• 18.2R1• Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list18.2R1• Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)18.2R1• Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)8.2R1• Layer A Layer A Support• 18.2R1• Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)8.2R1• Layer A Layer A Support Protocol (LLDP)8.2R1• Layer A Layer A Support Protocol (LLDP)8.2R1• Layer A Layer A Support Protocol (LLDP)8.2R1• Layer A Layer A S		
Flow monitoring and services:Release• Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates)• 18.2R1• Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)• 18.2R1• Packet slice for port mirroring• NALabeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering18.2R1LDP18.2R1Layer 2 features:• 18.2R1• Trunk ports• 18.2R1• Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis• 18.2R1• Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (xSTP)• 18.2R1• Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support• 18.2R1• Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT)• 18.2R1• Multichassis LAG-active/active with IGMP snooping • IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS18.2R1Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list18.2R1Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)18.2R1Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)18.2R1Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)18.2R1	Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
 Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates) Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS) Packet slice for port mirroring Junos Continuity Supported HW NA Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering LDP 18.2R1 Layer 2 features: Trunk ports Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (xSTP) IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support Multichassis LAG-active/active and active/standby Multichassis LAG-active/active with IGMP snooping IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS IB.2R1 <li< td=""><td>ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers</td><td>18.2R1</td></li<>	ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	18.2R1
 Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS) Packet slice for port mirroring Junos Continuity Supported HW NA Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering LDP 18.2R1 Layer 2 features: Trunk ports Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (KSTP) LEEEE 802.1ad provider bridges Layer 2 runneling (L2PT) support Multichassis LAG-active/active and active/standby Multichassis LAG-active/active with IGMP snooping IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) Ba.2R1 Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) Ba.2R1 	Flow monitoring and services:	Release
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policers, and filtering18.2R1LDP18.2R1Layer 2 features:Release• Trunk ports• 18.2R1• Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis• -• Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (xSTP)• 18.2R1• IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges• 18.2R1• Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support• 18.2R1• Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)• 18.2R1• Multichassis LAG-active/active and active/standby• 18.2R1• Multichassis LAG-active/active with IGMP snooping• 18.2R1• IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS18.2R1Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list18.2R1Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)18.2R1Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)18.2R1Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)18.2R1Local loopback18.2R1	Junos Continuity Supported HW	NA
Layer 2 features:Release• Trunk ports• 18.2R1• Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis• 18.2R1• Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (xSTP)• 18.2R1• IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges• 18.2R1• Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support• 18.2R1• Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)• 18.2R1• Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby • IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS18.2R1Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list18.2R1Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)18.2R1Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)18.2R1Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)18.2R1Local loopback18.2R1		18.2R1
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 Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (xSTP) IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support Multichassis LAG-active/active and active/standby Multichassis LAG-active/active with IGMP snooping IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad) Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) Local loopback IB.2R1 	• Trunk ports	• 18.2R1
(xSTP)18.2R1IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges18.2R1Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support18.2R1Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)18.2R1Multichassis LAG-active/active and active/standby18.2R1Multichassis LAG-active/active with IGMP snooping18.2R1IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS18.2R1Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list18.2R1Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)18.2R1Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)18.2R1Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)18.2R1Local loopback18.2R1	Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	• -
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 Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad) Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) Local loopback I8.2R1 	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 18.2R1
 IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list 18.2R1 Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad) Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) Local loopback 18.2R1 	• Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby	• 18.2R1
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list18.2R1Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)18.2R1Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)18.2R1Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)18.2R1Local loopback18.2R1	Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	• 18.2R1
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad) 18.2R1 Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) 18.2R1 Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) 18.2R1 Local loopback 18.2R1	IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) 18.2R1 Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) 18.2R1 Local loopback 18.2R1	Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	18.2R1
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) 18.2R1 Local loopback 18.2R1	Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	18.2R1
Local loopback 18.2R1	Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	18.2R1
	Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	18.2R1
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering 18.2R1	Local loopback	18.2R1
	MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	18.2R1

Protocol or Application Mobile IP	JNP10K-LC2101
Mobile IP	-
Multichassis Link Aggregation	18.2R1
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	18.2R1
MPLS:	18.2R1
• Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)	
 LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) 	
• RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello	
• Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs	
OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)	
• 4/5 label MPLS operation	
• Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD	
MPLS-FRR bypass link protection	
Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops	
MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization	
Five label stack on ingress	
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	18.2R1
mvrp	-
Multitopology routing	18.2R1
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	18.2R1
Network Edge Security (802.1x)	-
OSPF	18.2R1

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
Optical Transport Network	-
 Link Degrade Monitoring FEC Modes Bit From Bate (RED) 	
Bit Error Rate (BER)	
Packet mirroring	18.2R1
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	-
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-
RSVP	18.2R1
RIP	18.2R1
RFC2544 Benchmarking Tests	-
SNMP	18.2R1
Spanning tree protocols:	18.2R1
• IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	
• IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)	
 Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard 	
• STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)	
Stateful Load Balancing for Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces	-
Subscriber management and services:	-
Enhanced subscriber management	

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
Synchronous Ethernet	-
Hybrid Mode	
Line Card Redundancy	
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	-
Tunnel services	18.2R1
Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)	
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	18.2R1
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	18.2R1
VLAN stacking and rewriting	
Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags	
Flexible VLAN tagging	
 IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	-
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	18.2R1
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS	
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface	
Configurable label block sizes	
• Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation	
• VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF	
• Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG	
Virtual private network (VPN)	18.2R1
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	18.2R1

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	-
MACSec Capabilities:	-
GCM-AES-128 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AE-2006	
GCM-AES-256 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AEbn-2011	
• GCM-AES-XPN-128 Cipher Suite, 802.1AEbw-2013	
• GCM-AES-XPN-256 Cipher Suite, 802.1AEbw-2013	

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

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Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC10E

Table 46 on page 431 contains protocols and applications supported by the MPC10E line cards(MPC10E-15C-MRATE and MPC10E-10C-MRATE) on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-	-
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels • Dynamic	Release 19.3R1 19.1R1 	Release • - • 19.2R1
• Standard		

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Accepts traffic destined for Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels	-	-
DynamicStandard		
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	Release	Release
 Centralized BFD Distributed BFD Inline BFD (single-hop only) Single-hop BFD Multihop BFD Micro BFD BFD over Integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces BFD over Pseudowire over LT and RLT interfaces Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD for Layer2 VPNs and Layer2 circuits VCCV BFD for VPLS 	 19.1R1 19.1R1S1 19.1R1S1 19.1R1S1 19.1R1S1 19.3R1 19.3R1 19.3R1 19.3R1 - - - 	 19.2R1 19.2R1S! 19.2RS1 19.2RS1 19.2RS1 19.3R1 19.3R1 19.3R1 19.3R1 - - -
BFD authenticationSeamless BFD		
Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) and ICMPv6	19.1R1	19.2R1
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	19.1R1	19.2R1
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	-	-
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	19.1R1	19.2R1
Routing Instance:	19.1R1	19.2R1
Logical systemVirtual routing and forwarding (VRF)		
Load Balancing	19.1R1	19.2R1

Class of service (CoS)	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces	19.1R1	19.2R1
Packet Rewrites on DSCP, Inet Precedence (both Ipv4 and IPv6) and EXP bits	19.1R1	19.2R1
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification (except IEEE classifiers)	19.1R1	19.2R1
BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces	-	-
BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN and MPLS interfaces	19.1R1	19.2R1
BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for VPLS LSI interfaces	-	-
BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family	-	-
Rate limit option for per-port queues	19.1R1	19.2R1
Queue depth monitoring	19.3R1	19.3R1
Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag	-	-
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling	19.1R1	19.2R1

Class of service (CoS)	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
 Class of service (CoS) per port: Eight queues per port Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level Shaping at the port level Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	19.1R1	19.2R1
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite IEEE 802.1p classification 	Release 19.1R1 - - 	Release • 19.2R1 • - • -
 Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces: Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	Release	Release

Class of service (CoS)	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	-	-
NOTE: Only egress is supported.		
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level		
VLAN level		
Port level		
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	19.1R1	19.2R1
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	-	-
Managing Power	19.1R1	19.2R1
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	-	-
Flexible Queuing Mode	-	-
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	-	-
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	-	-
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	-	-
IEEE 802.1ag:	Release	Release
Maintenance association intermediate point (MIP)	• -	• -
Continuity check message (CCM)	• -	• -
Stacked VLAN tagging	• 19.1R1	• 19.2R1
Trunk ports	• -	• -
• VPLS	• -	• -
VPWS	• 19.1R1	• 19.2R1
VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and	• 19.1R1	• 19.2R1
Translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	• -	• -

Class of service (CoS)		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE	
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) supp Configuring Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV	oort	19.1R1	19.2R1	
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)		19.1R1	19.2R1	
Layer 2 Features	Re	st Supported Junos OS lease for PC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE	
Trunk ports	19.	2R1	19.2R1	
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	19.	2R1	19.2R1	
Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and Spanning Tree Protocols (xSTP)	19.	3R1	19.3R1	
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	19.3R1		19.3R1	
L2TP silent failover and peer interface	19.	3R1	19.3R1	
Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby	-		-	
Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	-		-	
Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation	19.	3R1	19.3R1	
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	19.	3R1	19.3R1	
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	19.	3R1	19.3R1	
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	19.	3R1	19.3R1	
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	19.	3R1	19.3R1	
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	19.	3R1	19.3R1	

Layer 2 Features		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE		
Local loopback		19.3R1		19.3R1		
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and	filtering	19.3R1		19.3R1		
Firewall filters and policers			First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE			
Family Inet/Inet6/MPLS	19.1R1		19.2R1	19.2R1		
All the static match conditions/actions	19.1R1		19.2R1	19.2R1		
Dynamic actions (port-mirroring, next hop, routing instance)	19.1R1		19.2R1			
Interface-specific filters	19.1R1		19.2R1			
BGP Flow specification	19.1R1		19.2R1			
Two color and three color policers (SRTCM and TRTCM)	19.1R1		19.2R1			
FTF (filter attachment on routing table)	19.1R1		19.2R1			
Firewall attachment on Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces (AE)	19.1R1		19.2R1			
Hierarchical Policers	-		-			
Family Any/CCC (for firewall)	19.2R1		19.2R1			
Percentage Bandwidth policers, Shared Bandwidth policers, Logical Interface policers	-		-			
Physical interface policers	-		-			
Firewall Based GRE ENCAP/DECAP	19.2R1		AP 19.2R1 19.2R1		19.2R1	

Firewall filters and policers	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Fast lookup filter	19.2R1	19.2R1
Jvision (firewall filter counters only)	19.2R1	19.2R1
Filter-based tunneling:	19.3R1	19.3R1
 GRE-in-UDP encapsulation and decapsulation MPLS-over-UDP decapsulation 		
Filter-based forwarding:	19.3R1	19.3R1
Next-IPNext-interface		
Interface-group	19.3R1	19.3R1
Family bridge filter	19.3R1	19.3R1
VPLS family filter	19.3R1	19.3R1
Filter attachment on IRB, Pseudowire over LT and RLT interfaces, and bridge-domain	19.3R1	19.3R1
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	19.1R1	19.2R1
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	19.1R1	19.2R1
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	19.1R1	19.2R1
Intelligent Oversubscription on MIC and MPC Interfaces Overview	19.1R1	19.2R1
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	-	-
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	-	-

Firewall filters and policers	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Interoperability with MPCs	19.1R1	19.2R1
Interoperability with MS-DPCs/MS-MPCs	-	-
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	-	-
IPv4	19.1R1	19.2R1
IPv4 multicast	Release	Release
• PIM sparse mode (PIM-SM)	• 19.1R1	• 19.2R1
• PIM source-specific multicast	• 19.1R1	• 19.2R1
(PIM-SSM)	• 19.3R1	• 19.3R1
Point to multipoint (P2MP)	• 19.3R1	• 19.3R1
 Multicast-only fast reroute (MoFRR) 	• 19.3R1	• 19.3R1
Draft-rosen MVPN		
IPv6	19.1R1	19.2R1
IPv6 MLD	19.1R1	19.2R1
IPv6 multicast	Release	Release
• PIM sparse mode (PIM-SM)	• 19.1R1	• 19.2R1
• PIM source-specific multicast	• 19.1R1	• 19.2R1
(PIM-SSM)	• 19.3R1	• 19.3R1
• Point to multipoint (P2MP)	• 19.3R1	• 19.3R1
 Multicast-only fast reroute (MoFRR) 	• 19.3R1	• 19.3R1
Draft-rosen MVPN		
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	19.1R1	19.2R1
IS-IS	19.1R1	19.2R1

Firewall filters and policers	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE		First Supported Junos OS Rele for MPC10E-10C-MRATE	
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	-	-		
MPLS		First Support OS Release fo MPC10E-150	or	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Switching of pseudowire segments (m pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)	ultisegment	19.1R1		19.2R1
LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) an processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)	d MAC flush message	-		-
RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello		-		-
Failure action on BFD session down or	f RSVP LSPs	19.3R1		19.3R1
OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)		19.1R1		19.2R1
4/5 label MPLS operation		19.1R1		19.2R1
Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD		19.3R1		19.3R1
Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)		-		-
MPLS-FRR bypass link protection		19.1R1		19.2R1
Load sharing across 64 ECMP next ho	Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops			19.2R1
MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization	MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization			-
Five label stack on ingress	Five label stack on ingress			19.2R1
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs		19.1R1		19.2R1

Routers (continued) First Supported Junos First Supported Junos OS Release for OS Release for MPLS MPC10E-15C-MRATE MPC10E-10C-MRATE mvrp --Multitopology routing _ -Nonstop active routing (NSR) 19.1R1 19.2R1

Table 46: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC10E line cards in the MX240, MX480, and MX960

Nonstop active routing (NSR)	19.1K1	19.2K1
OSPF	19.1R1	19.2R1
Packet mirroring	19.1R1	19.2R1
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	19.1R1	19.2R1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-	-
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	-	-
RSVP	19.1R1	19.2R1
RIP	19.1R1	19.2R1
SNMP	19.1R1	19.2R1
Spanning Tree Protocols:	-	-
• IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)		
• IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)		
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)		
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)		
• Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard		
• STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS		
multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)		

Subscriber Management and Services:19.3R119.3R1• Enhanced subscriber management—Uplink communications to the core network only19.2R119.2R1Synchronous Ethernet19.2R119.2R119.2R1Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)19.2R119.2R119.2R1Tunnel services19.3R119.3R119.3R1• Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU)Unnumbered Ethernet Interface19.3R119.3R119.3R1• VLAN stacking and rewriting • Flexible VLAN tags • Dual VLAN stacking and rewriting the service of ronostandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags • Dual VLAN stacking the provide (VPLS); • Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface • Configurable label block sizes • Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation • VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF • Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic • Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic19.18119.281	MPLS	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
to the core network only 1 19.281 19.281 19.281 Synchronous Ethernet 19.000 (TWAMP) 19.281 19.281 19.281 Tunnel services 19.281 19.381 19.381 Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit) 19.381 19.381 Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU) 19.381 19.381 Unumbered Ethernet Interface 19.381 19.381 19.381 VLANs IEEE 802.1Q: 19.381 19.381 VLANs tacking and rewriting Flexible VLAN tags Dual VLAN tags IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPV4 and IPV6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services Virtual private LAN service (VPLS): BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic	Subscriber Management and Services:	19.3R1	19.3R1
Image: Non-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)IP.2R1IP.2R1Tunnel services19.3R119.3R1• Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU)Unumbered Ethernet Interface19.3R119.3R1VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:19.3R119.2R1• VLAN stacking and rewriting • Flexible VLAN tags • Dual VLAN tags19.1R119.2R1VItual Chassis: MPLS IPV4 and IPV6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS servicesVitual private LAN service (VPLS): • Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface • Configurable label block sizes • Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation • VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF • Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic-			
Image: A constraint of the service of the service (VPLS):Image: A constraint of the service (VPLS):Unified in-service (VPLS):Service (VPLS):Unable of the service of the service of the service (VPLS):Service (VPLS):Untradict of the service (VPLS):Service (VPLS):Unified in-service (VPLS):Service (VPLS):Untradict of the service (VPLS):Service (VPLS):Single the service (VPLS):Service (VPLS):Single the service (VPLS):Service (VPLS):Service for nonstand and the full service of the service (VPLS):Service (VPLS):Single the service (VPLS):Service (VPLS):Service for nonstand the full service of the service (VPLS):Service (VPLS):Service for nonstand and the service (VPLS):Service (VPLS):Service for nonstand and the service of the se	Synchronous Ethernet	19.2R1	19.2R1
• Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)Image: Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)Image: Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU)Unnumbered Ethernet Interface19.3R119.3R1VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:19.1R119.2R1• VLAN stacking and rewriting Flexible VLAN tagging • Single VLAN tags • Dual VLAN tags • Dual VLAN tags • IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags • Dual VLAN tags • IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags-Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services-Virtual private LAN service (VPLS): • Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface • Configurable label block sizes • Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation • VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF • Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic-	Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	19.2R1	19.2R1
Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU)Unnumbered Ethernet Interface19.3R119.3R1VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:19.1R119.2R1• VLAN stacking and rewriting19.1R119.2R1• VLAN stacking and rewriting19.1R119.2R1• VLAN stacking and rewriting19.1R119.2R1• VLAN tags19.1R119.2R1• Dual VLAN tags19.1R119.2R1• IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags.• IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags.Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services.Virtual private LAN service (VPLS): • Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface • Configurable label block sizes.• Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation • VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF • Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG.	Tunnel services	19.3R1	19.3R1
LandLandLandLandUnnumbered Ethernet Interface19.3R119.3R119.3R1VLANs IEEE 802.1Q: • VLAN stacking and rewriting • Flexible VLAN tagging • Single VLAN tags • Dual VLAN tags • Dual VLAN tags • IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags19.1R119.2R1Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPV4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS servicesVirtual Chassis: MPLS IPV4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS servicesVirtual private LAN service (VPLS): • Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface • Configurable label block sizesHashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation • VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF • Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG	• Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)		
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:19.1R119.2R1• VLANs stacking and rewriting • Flexible VLAN tagging • Single VLAN tags • Dual VLAN tags • IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags19.2R1• Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services• Kirtual private LAN service (VPLS): • Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface • Configurable label block sizes• Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation • VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF • Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG-	Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU)	-	-
 VLAN stacking and rewriting Flexible VLAN tagging Single VLAN tags Dual VLAN tags IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services Virtual private LAN service (VPLS): BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 	Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	19.3R1	19.3R1
 Flexible VLAN tagging Single VLAN tags Dual VLAN tags IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services Virtual private LAN service (VPLS): Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 	VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	19.1R1	19.2R1
 Single VLAN tags Dual VLAN tags IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services Virtual private LAN service (VPLS): BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 	 VLAN stacking and rewriting 		
 Dual VLAN tags IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services <i>Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)</i>: BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 	Flexible VLAN tagging		
 IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services <i>Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)</i>: BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 	Single VLAN tags		
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services-Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):-• BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS-• Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface-• Configurable label block sizes-• Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation-• VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF-• Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG-	Dual VLAN tags		
forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services.Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):.• BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS.• Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface.• Configurable label block sizes.• Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation.• VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF.• Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG.	• IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags		
 BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 		-	-
 Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 	Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	-	-
 Configurable label block sizes Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 	BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS		
 Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 			
 encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 	Configurable label block sizes		
Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG	-		
hashing over LAG	 VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF 		
Virtual private network (VPN) 19.1R1 19.2R1	• Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic		
	Virtual private network (VPN)	19.1R1	19.2R1

MPLS			First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE	
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IP	v4		19.1R1		19.2R1	
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interface mesh groups	ces acros	s -		-		
WAN-PHY mode			19.1R1		19.2R1	
Flow monitoring and services	Rele		st Supported Junos (ease for C10E-15C-MRATE		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE	
Inline IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX)		19.:	1R1		19.2R1	
Inline flow monitoring for MPLS, MPLS-IPv4 and MPLS-IPv6 traffic (IPFIX and V9 formats)		19.3R1			19.3R1	
Inline flow monitoring for IPv4 or IPv6 traffic on next-hop based GRE Tunnels and ps interfaces		19.3R1		19.3R1		
Port mirroring family bridge CCC encapsulation		19.3	3R1		19.3R1	
Packet slice for port mirroring		-			-	
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounti policers, and filtering	ing,	19.1R1		19.2R1		
LDP	19.3		1R1		19.2R1	
MACSec	First Supported Ju Release for MPC10E-15C-MR		r	Rele	t Supported Junos OS ease for C10E-10C-MRATE	
GCM-AES-128 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AE-2006	19.1R1			19.2	2R1	
GCM-AES-256 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AEbn-2011	19.1R1			19.2	2R1	

MACSec	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Mobile IP	-	-
Multichassis link aggregation	-	-
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	19.1R1	19.2R1

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

MPC10E-15C-MRATE Overview