

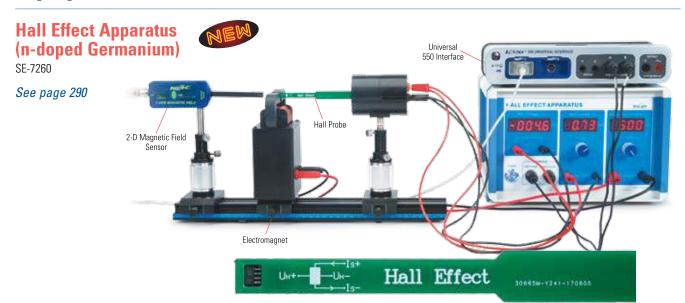
# **NEW!**

Smart Fan Accessory for PASCO's Wireless Smart Cart. A great pair for teaching dynamics page 103



# What's new...

# **Equipment**



# **New Design**



ME-6825B *See page 125* 





# **Time-of-Flight Accessory**

ME-6810A *See page 126* 





# **Curriculum**



# **FLIR C3 Thermal Imaging Camera**

SE-7128A

#### Now with WiFi

See page 281







# Wireless Colorimeter and Turbidity

PS-3215 *See page 60* 







## Wireless Weather Sensor with GPS

PS-3209 *See page 72* 







# Wireless Exercise Heart Rate Sensor

PS-3207 *See page 66* 







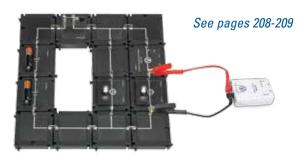
# Wireless Hand-Grip Heart Rate Sensor

PS-3206 *See page 67* 



# **Modular Circuits**

Basic Modular Circuit Kit EM-3535 Essential Physics Kit EM-3536



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# Essential Physics Curriculum For complete details, see pages 84-87.

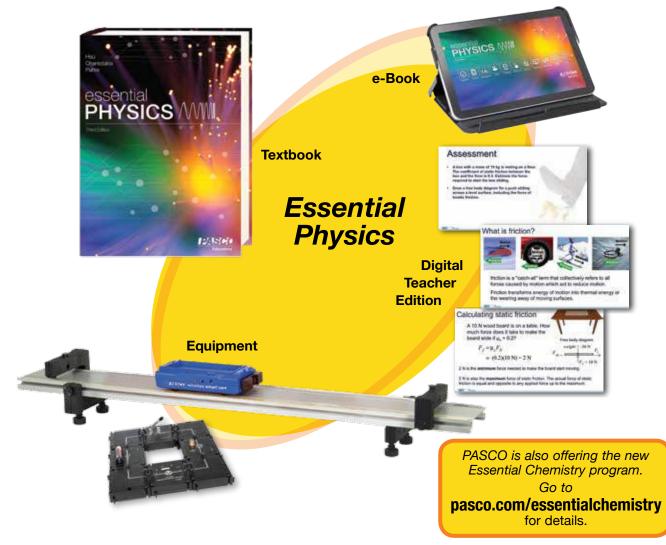
# This complete physics solution includes Textbook, e-Book, Digital Teacher Edition, and Equipment!

Essential Physics 3rd Edition is a comprehensive, full-color textbook paired with PASCO equipment and the only e-Book for physics on the market. The program includes over 100 interactive tools that increase student engagement and understanding. Essential Physics is focused on practical applications that connect students to the physics of nature as well as technology.

#### About the program:

- Rigorous yet accessible design
- Interactive simulations and equations
- Lessons follow the 5E design
- Strong mathematics scaffolding
- Formative and summative assessment tools

- Differentiation for advanced, below-level, and ELL students
- Works seamlessly with your LMS and Google Classroom
- Includes 24/7 online/offline access. No Internet required!



Essential Physics is multiplatform: iOS, Android™, Chrome™, Windows®, PC, and Mac®!

3

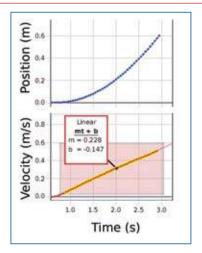
# Smart Fan Accessory NE



ME-1242

- Provides a Constant Force
- ► Hands-off Operation
- ▶ Sense and Control
- ▶ Manual Mode for Non-Smart Carts

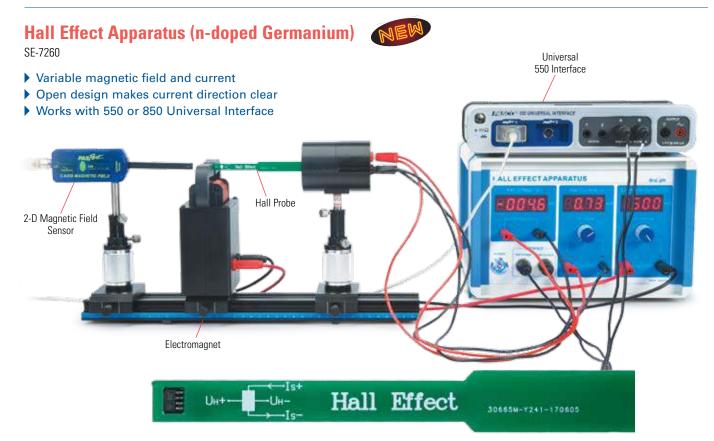




#### What makes this fan so smart?

If you use this fan on a regular cart, you can turn it on and select one of three speeds by pushing the button on the side. But plugging it into a Smart Cart gives this Smart Fan Accessory added capabilities:

For complete details, see page 103.



For complete details, see page 290.

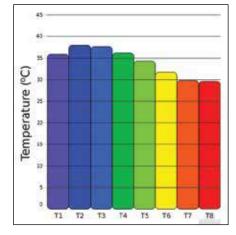
# **New Features of PASCO Capstone Software**

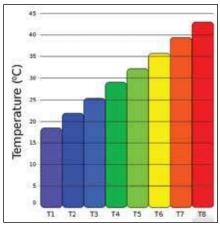
- Bar Meter
- New Video Analysis display makes it easier to get started with video analysis
- ▶ New Image display options allow image capture and image analysis
- ▶ Titration tool enabled when running in French language
- ▶ New tool for the Smart Fan Accessory
- Synchronize the recording of multiple wireless sensors
- ▶ Open SPARKvue files in Capstone

#### Bar Meter

A bar meter has one or more bars that go up and down as the measurement value changes. In this example, eight temperature sensors are distributed along a metal bar and one end is immersed in boiling water and the other is immersed in ice water. The eight bar meters show the temperatures along the metal bar as it reaches a dynamic equilibrium.

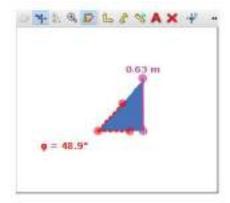




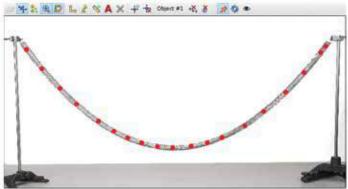


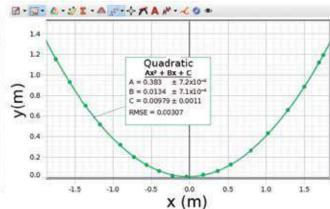
# Annotate and Measure Imported or Captured Images

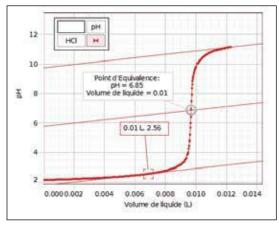
Import or capture a still image and use image analysis tools to measure distances and angles. Annotate a picture of the apparatus.



Create a data set by clicking on the image (such as a hanging rope) to analyze the shape of the rope using a curve fit.







# Tangent Method for Analyzing Titrations (in French Language Mode)

Designed for the French curriculum, a new Tangent tool appears in the graph if Capstone's language is set to French. This tool finds the equivalence point for titrations using the Tangent Method.



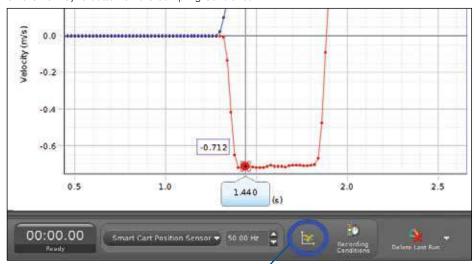
## Smart Fan Control

When the new Smart Fan Accessory is plugged into a Smart Cart, you can control the Smart Fan directly from Capstone.

- Use the slider to set the thrust.
- Set the fan to turn on and off based on a measurement (such as Smart Cart Position) or time.
- Hands off: Start the fan remotely in the software.
- Use a calculation to define the thrust: Thrust = 10\*[Force] will make the thrust proportional to the force exerted on a force sensor

# Sync Multiple Wireless Sensors

With PASCO's new syncing technology, wireless sensors are automatically synced as soon as more than one is plugged in. If you desire to sync them more closely just before recording, you can click on the new sync button on the Sampling Control bar.



See more Capstone information on pages 18-20.

Wireless Sensor Sync Button

# Open SPARKvue Files in PASCO Capstone

Collect data using a mobile device running SPARKvue Software and then open the SPARKvue file in Capstone for more extensive analysis.





# **New Products**





**Wireless Colorimeter** and Turbidity

PS-3215 *See page 60* 







**Wireless Weather Sensor with GPS** 

PS-3209 *See page 72* 







**Wireless Exercise Heart Rate Sensor** 

PS-3207 *See page 66* 







**Wireless Hand-Grip Heart Rate Sensor** 

PS-3206 *See page 67* 





PS-3401 *See page 58* 





# Mini Launcher

ME-6825B *See page 125* 







# **Time-of-Flight Accessory**

ME-6810A *See page 126* 



**New Design** 



2018 Legacy Products

After many years of production, these products are now in legacy status. This means that they will be available to purchase through the end of 2018 unless an unforeseen problem arises in production. These products do not appear in this catalog but are still available on www.pasco.com. They will be obsolete in 2019. Get them while you can!

<b>Part Number</b>	Description	Recommended Replacement
CI-6746	Economy Force Sensor	Force Sensor, CI-6537
EM-8090	Hand Crank Generator	Mini Generator, SE-8645
EM-8677	Series/Parallel Circuit	Basic Modular Circuits, EM-3535
EP-6474	Ergotrack, Essential Physics	Essential Physics Kits moving to PASCO track
PS-2102	PASPORT pH Sensor	Wireless pH, PS-3204
PS-2104	PASPORT Force Sensor	PS-2189 High Resolution Force Sensor or
		PS-3202 Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor
PS-2110	PASPORT Carbon Dioxide	
	Gas Sensor	Wireless CO <sub>2</sub> , PS-3208
PS-2113A	PASPORT Barometer/Low	
	Pressure Sensor	Wireless Pressure, PS-3203
PS-2116A	PASPORT Conductivity Sensor	Wireless Conductivity, PS-3210
PS-2121	PASPORT Colorimeter	Wireless Colorimeter and Turbidity, PS-3215
PS-2122	PASPORT Turbidity Sensor	Wireless Colorimeter and Turbidity, PS-3215
PS-2124A	PASPORT Humidity/	
	Temperature/Dew Point Sensor	Wireless Weather with GPS, PS-3209
PS-2129A	PASPORT Exercise	
	Heart Rate Sensor	Wireless Exercise Heart Rate, PS-3207
PS-2147	PASPORT High Precision pH/	Window all DC 2204
DC 0154A	Temp Sensor with ORP/ISE Amplifier	Wireless pH, PS-3204
PS-2154A	PASPORT 6-in-1 Weather Sensor	Wireless Weather with GPS, PS-3209
PS-2170	PASPORT Chemistry Sensor	Wireless pH, PS-3204; Wireless Temperature, PS-3201; Wireless Pressure, PS-3203; Wireless Voltage, PS-3211
PS-2172	PASPORT Advanced	Wireless PH, PS-3204; Wireless Temperature, PS-3201;
F 3-2172	Chemistry Sensor	Wireless Pressure, PS-3203; Wireless Conductivity, PS-3210
PS-2174	PASPORT Weather/	
	Anemometer Sensor	Wireless Weather with GPS, PS-3209
PS-2175	PASPORT GPS Position Sensor	Wireless Weather with GPS, PS-3209
PS-2186	PASPORT Hand Grip	·
	Heart Rate Sensor	Wireless Hand-Grip Heart Rate, PS-3206
PS-2230	PASPORT Advanced	Optical Dissolved O <sub>2</sub> , PS-2196, + AirLink, PS-3200; Wireless Temperature PS-3201;
	Water Quality Sensor	Wireless Conductivity, PS-3210; Wireless pH, PS-3204
PS-2509	Replacement Cuvettes and	
	Caps (Set of 6)	
PS-2512A	Replacement Transmitter and Belt -	D. I. II. DO OFFICE ME. I. E III. I. D.
DO 0505	Exercise Heart Rate Sensor	Replaced by PS-3564 for Wireless Exercise Heart Rate
PS-2527	Rechargeable Battery, Xplorer GLX	Replacement item for GLX; PASCO will continue to stock for customer needs.
PS-2529	Xplorer GLX AC Power Adapter	Replacement item for GLX; PASCO will continue to stock for customer needs.
PS-2529-220	Xplorer GLX AC Power Adapter -220	Replacement item for GLX; PASCO will continue to stock for customer needs.
PS-2571	Conductivity Probe 10x	
PS-2572	Dissolved Oxygen Probe	
SE-7611	Renewable Energy Kit	
SE-7700	Magnetic Stirrer	Heater-Stirrer, PS-3401
SE-8830	Hot Plate	Heater-Stirrer, PS-3401
SE-9791	Resistor-Capacitor Circuit	Basic Modular Circuits, EM-3535, or Essential Physics Modular Circuits, EM-3536

# **Measuring with Sensors**

In Physics and Engineering, we measure everything in every way we can. Sometimes sensors can make possible measurements we could not get any other way.

PASCO offers a couple of different ways to go: interface-based sensors or wireless sensors. However, you can use a wireless sensor at the same time you are using sensors connected to an interface. Which way you choose depends on your platform and your purpose.

# Which platform do you use?

# 1. Mac® and/or Windows® Desktop Computers or Laptops

#### **Recommendation:**

- PASCO Capstone Software (see pages 18-20): This data collection and analysis software is the preferred choice
  of physics and engineering teachers.
- 550 or 850 Universal Interface: Choose the 550 if you are teaching high school physics (unless you are one of those high school teachers who has to have the most powerful tools). Choose the 850 if you are teaching college physics or engineering.





850 Universal Interface UI-5000 (see pages 12-13)

550 Universal Interface
UI-5001 (see page 14)



Wireless Force
Acceleration
PS-3202 (see page 29)



PASPORT High Resolution Force PS-2189 (see page 29)

# 2. Tablets (iPad® or Android™) and/or Chromebook™

#### **Recommendation:**

- SPARKvue Software (see page 21): Our tablet or Chromebook<sup>™</sup> software is SPARKvue. PASCO Capstone is very powerful but it is only available for Mac<sup>®</sup> and Windows<sup>®</sup>.
- Wireless Sensors and Wireless AirLink Interface: Use wireless sensors because tablets may not have a USB port. Whenever a wireless sensor is not available, use the AirLink with a PASPORT sensor.











Wireless Force Acceleration PS-3202 (see page 29)

#### 3. Want to Go Outside?

#### **Recommendation:**

- PASCO Capstone (see pages 18-20): Use this software with your desktop or laptop computer to prepare wireless sensors for datalogging and to download and analyze logged data.
- Wireless Sensors: Most of our wireless sensors have memory and can be disconnected from the computer to log data. When you return to the computer and connect wirelessly, you will be prompted to download your data.





Wireless Force Acceleration PS-3202 (see page 29)

# Are you new to sensor measurement or do you have sensors already?

#### 1. New to Sensors?

- PASCO Capstone Software (see pages 18-21): Unless you are using tablets or Chromebook™, we recommend that you use Capstone for physics and engineering labs.
- **550 Universal Interface:** The 550 Interface is perfect for beginning data acquisition. It has multiple sensor ports to accommodate those experiments that require more than one sensor (as most experiments do). It also has a signal generator and powered output for electronics and speakers.
- **PASPORT Sensors** (see pages 24-75): Many of these sensors have multiple sensor elements in one sensor, such as the Absolute Pressure/Temperature Sensor (page 42).



# 2. Have ScienceWorkshop Sensors?

- PASCO Capstone Software (see pages 18-21): Unless you are using tablets or Chromebook™, we recommend that you use Capstone for physics and engineering labs.
- **850 Universal Interface:** The 850 Interface is definitely the right interface for the ScienceWorkshop veteran. It has twice as many sensor ports as the 550 for those more demanding experiments. It also has three signal generators, a high-power output (15 V at 1 A) for speakers and heating elements, and two high frequency outputs (DC to 500 kHz) for electronics.
- Use your existing ScienceWorkshop sensors and add any PASPORT sensors you need: You may want to use the PASPORT 2-Axis Force Platform (page 31) or the Absolute Pressure/Temperature Sensor (page 42).



#### 3. Have PASPORT Sensors?

- PASCO Capstone Software (see pages 18-21): Unless you are using tablets or Chromebook™, we recommend that you use Capstone for physics and engineering labs.
- 550 or 850 Universal Interface: Choose the 550 if you are teaching high school physics (unless you are one of those high school teachers who has to have the most powerful tools). Choose the 850 if you are teaching college physics or engineering.
- Use your existing PASPORT sensors and add the UI-5100
   Voltage Sensor (page 52) for high speed sampling of circuits
   and the CI-6506B Sound Sensor (page 57) for detecting sound
   waves.



# 4. Have Non-PASCO Sensors?

- PASCO Capstone Software (see pages 18-21): Unless you are using tablets or Chromebook™, we recommend that you use Capstone for physics and engineering labs.
- Wireless Sensors (see pages 16-17): This is the least expensive way
  to get started because no interface is required. Try the Smart Cart:
  With four embedded sensors, it's a bargain!



# **Interfaces**

Use an interface to connect sensors to your computers or mobile devices running PASCO software.

AirLink® PS-3200





The AirLink is the most cost-effective way to connect sensors.

Connect one PASPORT sensor via Bluetooth® or through a USB connection. USB cable included.

Order Information

AirLink......PS-3200

## **SPARKlink®** Air

PS-2011



Connect two PASPORT sensors via Bluetooth® or through a USB connection. Also includes dedicated ports for the included temperature and voltage probes. USB cable included.

Order Information

SPARKlink Air ......PS-2011

#### **550 Universal Interface**

UI-5001



The 550 Universal Interface is fast, flexible, and powerful while staying affordable. The 550 has half the ports and many of the great features of our 850 Universal Interface in a smaller package with Bluetooth® and USB connectivity.

Order Information

550 Universal Interface.....UI-5001

# 850 Universal Interface

UI-5000



The 850 Universal Interface is the most powerful science education lab interface in the world, with the most ports, highest sampling rates, and the most powerful functionality and future expandability. It can also replace several pieces of lab instrumentation, which represents great value.

Order Information

850 Universal Interface......UI-5000

# **Interface Comparison**

Compare the features and capabilities and see which interface works best in your lab.

	*			
	AirLink PS-3200	SPARKlink Air PS-2011	<b>550</b> Universal Interface UI-5001	850 Universal Interface UI-5000
PASPORT Ports	1	2	2	4
Analog Inputs	0	0	2 (±10 V, optional gain voltage 10x, 100x)	4 (±20 V, optional gain voltage 10x, 100x, 100x)
Digital Inputs	0	0	2	4
Connects via USB	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Connects via Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Rechargeable battery for cordless operation	Yes	Yes	No (AC adapter only)	No (AC adapter only)
Works with PASCO Capstone Software	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Works with SPARKvue Software	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Accepts PASPORT Sensors	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Accepts ScienceWorkshop Sensors	No*	No*	Yes	Yes
Maximum Sampling Rate	Sensor dependent <1000 Hz	Sensor dependent <1000 Hz	Up to 2 MHz on one channel	10 MHz on two channels simultaneously
Signal Generator	N/A	N/A	±8 V, at 400 mA, DC to 100 kHz	#1 ± 15 V at 1 A, DC to 100 kHz #2 & #3 ±10 V at 50 mA DC to 500 kHz, independent
Included Items	USB Cable	AC adapter, USB cable, fast response temperature probe,voltage probe	USB cable, Power supply	USB cable, Power Supply
Expansion Port	No	No	No	44-Pin port with voltage outputs, analog inputs, and digital I/O channels

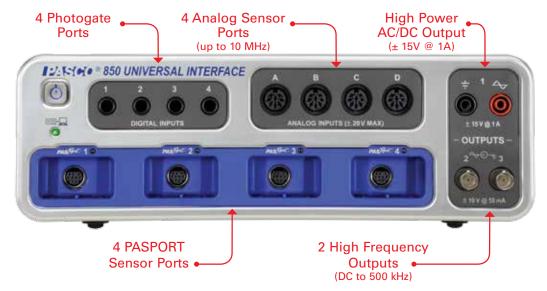
<sup>\*</sup> The AirLink and SPARKlink Air can accept most ScienceWorkshop sensors with the proper adapter (see page 39) although they won't have the same high maximum sample rates. One exception is the Sound Sensor (CI-6504), which is not recommended for use with an adapter.

# The PASCO 850 Universal Interface:

# The Ultimate Sensor Interface for Physics and Engineering

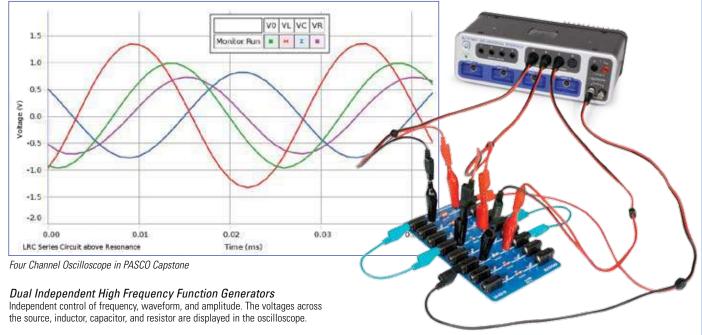
Clear the clutter on your lab bench. The 850 Universal Interface combined with PASCO Capstone software can replace multiple expensive pieces of equipment.





- ▶ Study AC Circuits: 10 MHz sample rate on two analog channels simultaneously; two independent high frequency outputs (50 mA at 10 V; DC to 500 kHz)
- ▶ Power Speakers and String Vibrators: High power function generator (1 A at 15 V; DC to 100 kHz)
- ▶ Use Any Sensors You Have: Compatible with ScienceWorkshop and PASPORT sensors; use at the same time
- **Explore Modulation:** External trigger input/output for synchronizing multiple 850s
- ▶ **Do 87 Core Physics Experiments:** Check out the Comprehensive 850 Physics Lab Manual (UI-5813) (see page 78). Download online at pasco.com/comprehensivephysics
- ▶ See detailed specifications: www.pasco.com/850

Order Information	
850 Universal Interface	UI-5000
Requires:	
PASCO Capstone Softwa	ırep. 18
Recommended:	
<b>BNC Function Generator</b>	Output Cable p. 13



# **BNC Function Generator Output Cable**

UI-5119 (unshrouded) UI-5129 (shrouded)

Converts the BNC output to two banana cords for the 850's function generators #2 and #3.





Shown in use with the 850 Universal Interface.

#### Order Information

BNC Function Generator Output Cable	
(Set of 2 unshrouded)	UI-5119
(Set of 2 shrouded)	UI-5129

# Resistor Capacitor Inductor Network

UI-5210

Board components can be used to investigate Kirchhoff's Circuit Laws, Ohm's Law, RC circuits, and A.C. LRC circuit theory with resonant frequencies between 55 kHz and 135 kHz, depending on values used.



#### **Includes**

• Two inductors: 6.8 mH, 2.5 mH

• Two capacitors: 3900 pF, 560 pF

• Four resistors: 47 k $\Omega$ , 3.3 k $\Omega$ , and two 1.0 k $\Omega$ .

Shown in use with the 850 Universal Interface.

#### Order Information

Resistor Capacitor Inductor Network .......UI-5210

# 8-Pin DIN Extension Cable

UI-5218

Use to connect analog sensors to ports A through D on the 850.

▶ Analog sensors can also be plugged in directly to the 850 ports.

The 1.8 m long Extension Cable allows ScienceWorkshop Sensors to be used even further away from the interface. Multiple cables CAN be used in series. Also works with 750 and 500 interfaces.

#### Order Information

8-Pin DIN Extension Cable .......UI-5218

# The PASCO 550 Universal Interface...

# This powerful interface for Physics connects wirelessly or via USB.

This is the interface with the measurement capability for all types of physics experiments. It features:

- 2 MHz sampling rate
- 2 high-speed analog inputs
- ▶ 2 digital inputs for photogates and other timing sensors
- 2 PASCO PASPORT sensor inputs
- > Signal generator with built-in Voltage and Current sensors.

- Use with other PASPORT interfaces.
- Connect to computers via USB
- ▶ Bluetooth® classic connectivity

With the 550, your Physics lab is equipped with highspeed data collection, signal generation and power supply, oscilloscope and FFT displays, timers, and more.



#### 2 high-speed analog inputs

Measurement Range: ±10 V differential input

Input Impedance:  $1 M\Omega$ 

**Input Protection:** ±250 V continuous Selectable Voltage Gain: X1, X10, X100

Resolution: 14-bit, 0.12 mV

#### **2 Digital Inputs**

Digital sensors such as Photogates and Time-of-Flight plug directly into the 550 Interface.

- ▶ Compatible with all ScienceWorkshop digital sensors
- ▶ Sensor Connect Detection
- ▶ 0-5 V TTL
- ▶ Bi-directional

#### **2 PASPORT Inputs**

Compatible with PASCO's complete line of more than 80 PASPORT sensors.

> Sample rates depend on sensors

#### Signal Generator

Waveforms: sine, triangle, square wave, positive and

negative ramps, DC

Frequency Range: 0.001 Hz to 100 kHz; 1 mHz resolution

Amplitude Range: ±8 V Resolution: 1.33 mV, 12-bit DAC.

Max Output Current: 400 mA at 8 V, over-current detection

Selectable Voltage Limit Selectable DC Offset **Frequency Sweep Function** 

Measure Output Current, Voltage, Frequency,

**Peak Amplitude** 

#### Order Information

550 Universal Interface.....UI-5001

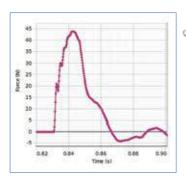
PASCO Capstone Software ......pp. 18-20

SPARKvue Software......p. 21

# Advantages of Using ScienceWorkshop Sensors with the 550 and 850 Universal Interfaces

The 550 and 850 Universal Interfaces are called "Universal" because they are capable of using ScienceWorkshop sensors as well as PASPORT sensors. Although the PASPORT sensors are the newer digital line of sensors, there are advantages to using the older analog technology in the ScienceWorkshop sensors. Here are a few examples:

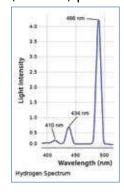
**1.** High Speed Collision with the Force Sensor (CI-6537) p. 28





A cart colliding with a Force Sensor with a clay bumper was recorded at 5000 Hz sampling rate. Detail of the collapse of the clay can be seen in the data.

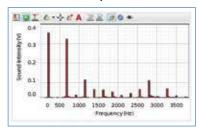
2. Detecting the Violet Hydrogen Lines with the High Sensitivity Light Sensor (CI-6604) p. 47





This light sensor has a high gain, which when combined with the interface gain, allows even the dimmest of the Balmer series to be detected.

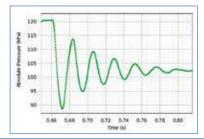
3. Sound FFT Spectrum of a Clarinet Note with the Sound Sensor (CI-6506B) p.57



This FFT of a note being played on a clarinet was captured at a sample rate of 20 kHz. The waveform can also be seen on an oscilloscope in Capstone software.



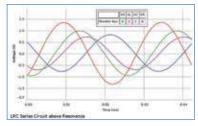
4. Pressure Oscillations in Air with the Absolute Pressure Sensor (CI-6532A) p. 40



At a sample rate of 5000 Hz, the oscillations of a piston in a cylinder of gas are recorded, allowing the student to determine the ratio of specific heats of the gas.



5. LRC Circuit with the Voltage Sensor (UI-5100) p.50



This oscilloscope display in PASCO Capstone shows the voltages across several components of an LRC circuit. Sample rates required for this can be as high as 10 MHz.



# AirLink® and SPARKlink® Air

# Capture data remotely inside or outside of the lab.

The AirLink and the 2-port SPARKlink Air allow users to connect any of PASCO's 80+ PASPORT sensors via USB or Bluetooth. When used wirelessly they allow a freedom and range of movement not available with cabled interfaces. They also provide the ability to easily collect data in the field when needed.

The SPARKlink Air is used here with two Angle Sensors, part of the PS-2137 Goniometer System. The data is sent via Bluetooth to the desktop computer and displayed live with the video recorded by the web cam.



#### Goniometer Probes

The probes are fastened in place using the blue Velcro® straps, and can be positioned to measure the motion of the knee, hip, or elbow.



#### **SPARKlink Air**

PS-2011

#### **Includes**

- Two sensor ports
- Built-in temperature and voltage sensors with probes
- USB and Bluetooth Classic connection

#### Order Information

SPARKlink Air	PS-2011	
Shown in use with:		
Goniometer	PS-2137	p. 67
Additional Goniometer Prob	ePS-2138	
Required:		
PASCO Canstone Software	nn. 18-20	

**SPARKlink Air Charging Station** 

PS-257

Conveniently store and charge up to five SPARKlink Air interfaces with a single power source.



SPARKlink Air sold separately.

#### Order Information

SPARKlink Air Charging Station ......PS-2577

#### AirLink

PS-3200





#### **Includes**

- One built-in PASPORT sensor port
- USB and Bluetooth 4.0 connection
- USB cable

#### Order Information

AirLink ...... PS-3200

# **10-port USB Charging Station**

PS-3501

Charge up to 10 wireless sensors via USB cable, included with the sensor.

(Go to pasco.com for more info.)

#### Order Information

10-port USB Charging Station ......PS-3501



# Low Price Wireless Sensors Simple to Use: Just Connect and Go

No interface required ▶ No wires to tangle ▶ Logging capability ▶ Bluetooth® 4.0 connects seamlessly in the software

What makes these wireless sensors special is the ability to pair them with the computer from within our data collection software (PASCO Capstone or SPARKvue). There is no extra confusion introduced by having to manipulate the computer through its operating system. Simply turn on the wireless sensor and it appears on the screen in a list with the sensor closest to the computer listed first. This makes it easy to distinguish your sensors from those belonging to nearby groups.



Wireless Colorimeter and Turbidity (See p.60) PS-3215





**Wireless Weather Sensor** with GPS (See p.72)

PS-3209





**Wireless Exercise Heart** Rate Sensor (See p.66)

PS-3207





Wireless Hand-Grip Heart Rate Sensor (See p.67) PS-3206



# Wireless Pressure (See p.43)



Wireless Conductivity (See p. 75) PS-3210



#### Wireless Force **Acceleration** (See p. 29)

PS-3202



#### Wireless Light (See p. 48)

Wireless Light

PS-3213



# (Back view)

#### Order Information

Wireless Colorimeter and Turbidity	.PS-3215
Wireless Weather Sensor with GPS	.PS-3209
Wireless Exercise Heart Rate Sensor	.PS-3207
Wireless Hand-Grip Heart Rate Sensor	
Wireless Pressure Sensor	.PS-3203
Wireless Temperature Sensor	.PS-3201

Wireless Conductivity	
Wireless pH Sensor	PS-3204
Wireless Force Acceleration	
Sensor	PS-3202
Wireless AirLink	PS-3200
Wireless Voltage	PS-3211
Wireless Current	PS-3212
Wireless Light	PS-3213
Wireless CO <sub>2</sub>	PS-3208

#### Wireless Temperature (See p. 46) PS-3201



#### Wireless pH (See p. 59) PS-3204



#### Wireless Voltage (See p. 52) PS-3211



#### Wireless Current (See p. 52) PS-3212



# Wireless CO<sub>2</sub> (See p. 63)

PS-3208



# Does your Bluetooth need a boost? 👔

# **USB Bluetooth 4.0 Adapter**

PS-3500

If you are using our wireless sensors and working on an older Mac® (without Bluetooth Smart connectivity) or if you are using some Windows® computers and Chromebooks™, you will need a USB Adapter.

#### Order Information

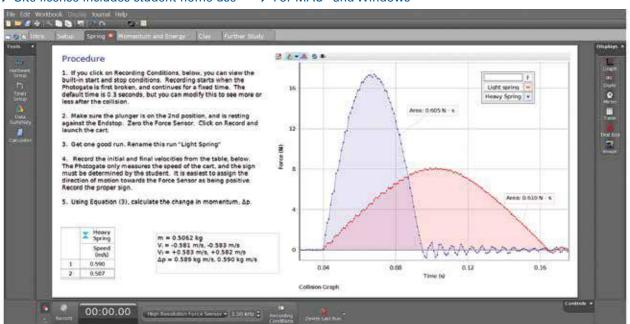
USB Bluetooth 4.0 Adapter .....PS-3500

See pasco.com/compatibility if you have questions about Bluetooth connectivity.

# PASCO Capstone™ Software See new features on pages 4-5.

# Designed specifically to collect, display, and analyze data in physics and engineering labs

▶ For MAC® and Windows™ Site license includes student home use



## PASCO Capstone Basic Features

Auto-ID sensors are recognized when they are plugged in (or identified through Bluetooth®)

- Sensors Works with PASPORT, ScienceWorkshop, and new Wireless sensors
  - In-app pairing of wireless sensors makes it easy to pick wireless sensors by proximity
  - Pre-configured photogate timers

#### Basic displays include graph, table, digits, meter, oscilloscope, text box, picture.

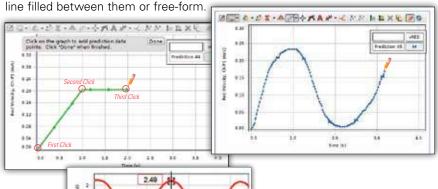
- Make multiple pages with instructions and embedded live graphs.
- **Format**  Collect data and display it in real time.
  - Play back data in real time or slow or high speed.
  - Enter data manually Easy setup in a table
  - Lay out displays with smart guidelines.
  - · Create a Journal by taking snapshots of pages
  - Copy and paste displays into documents.
  - Made a mistake? Just hit the Undo button.

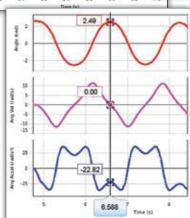
#### · Draw predictions on graphs before taking data.

- Multiple y-axes and/or multiple plot areas Graphs
  - Perform Quick-Calcs on the graph axis to linearize data.
  - Curve-fits report the uncertainties in the parameters.
    - Multi-coordinate tool gives y-values wherever it intersects data

#### Prediction Tools

Predictions are a powerful tool for learning. Students draw what they think the data will look like and then collect the data run and compare it to their prediction. Predictions can be made either point-by-point with a straight





#### Multi-Coordinate Tool

This tool finds the values of all the measurements all at once. It's great for showing how the position, velocity, and acceleration are related in oscillations.

Workbook



# PASCO capstone Software

# Sensors & Signal Generators

# PASCO Capstone Advanced Features

- Calibration wizard for sensors steps you through the calibration process.
- · Create your own timers for photogates.
- · Configure signal generators with DC offset.
- · Scan through a range of frequencies.
- Control the output with a calculation.

# Data Collection

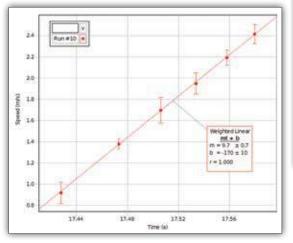
#### · Strip chart mode

- · Start and stop conditions on time and sensor measurements
- FFT and oscilloscope
- Histogram
- Manual data collection: Keep sensor data points with click of button. See page 20 for details.
- · Analyze video and display velocity and acceleration vectors
- · Sync movies with sensor data.

# Data Analysis

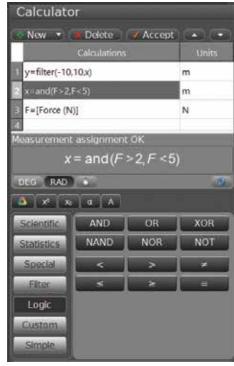
#### · Exclude or delete selected data points from analysis.

- · Create models using the calculator.
- · Calculated columns in tables
- Error bars
- · Weighted linear fit that takes into account error bars
- More complex curve fits such as damped sine, Gaussian, sine series, and user-entered fits
- · Smooth data directly on a graph with slider tool.
- · Calculations involving logic statements and filters



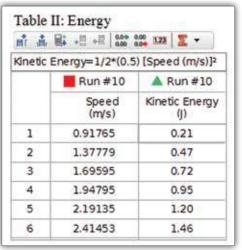
# Error Bars and Weighted Linear Fits

Graph uncertainties using user-entered error bars, absolute error, or percent error. The weighted linear fit incorporates the error bars.



## Calculator

Sophisticated scientific calculator has statistics, calculus, filters, logic functions, and special operations such as amplitude and period.



# Versatile Tables

Calculated columns can be edited directly in the table. Insert or delete columns or change number of decimal places using toolbar buttons. Click and drag columns to rearrange them. Change run colors directly in the table.

Download The Free Trial www.pasco.com/Capstone

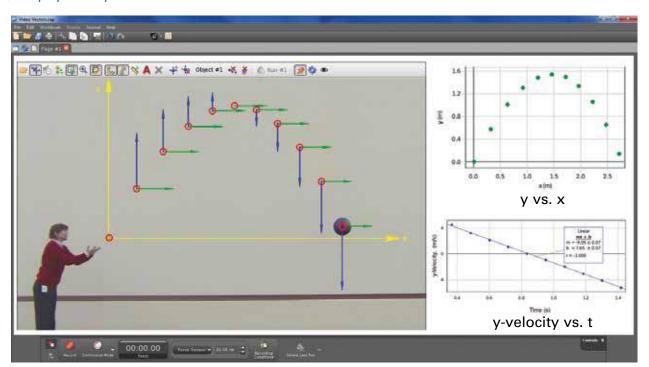
#### **Order Information**

PASCO Capstone Software	
Single User License	UI-5401
Site License	UI-5400

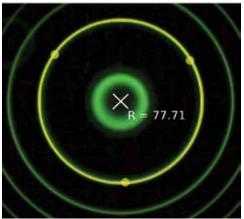
# **PASCO** Capstone<sup>™</sup> **Software:** See new Capstone features on pages 4-5.

- ▶ Study motion in two dimensions
- ▶ Start USB webcam and data collection simultaneously
- Display velocity and acceleration vectors

- Auto-track objects
- ▶ Free with PASCO Capstone







Special measurement tools allow you to measure the radius of circles or lengths of objects. Shown is a frame from a video of the Zeeman Effect as the magnetic field is increased.

#### Order Information

PASCO Capstone Software Single User License......UI-5401 Site License ......UI-5400

# Video Analysis Features:

- ▶ Show velocity and acceleration vectors
- ▶ Change to cylindrical coordinates
- Use magnifier to identify the exact center of the object
- Use calibration ruler at any time
- Back up and reposition any point
- Track more than one object
- Generate XY data for position, velocity, and acceleration
- Move the origin of the axes
- ▶ Rotate the axes, even after taking data
- ▶ Make linear measurements in frames or snapshots
- Measure the radius of circle
- Measure angles
- Create annotations
- Automatic frame-advance after taking a point
- > Set the number of frames that are advanced
- ▶ Change playback rate

# SPARKvue® 3.0 Software Data Collection Software for Mobile Devices and Chromebooks™

- ▶ Works on Mac®, Windows® iPad®, and iPhone®, Android™ tablets smart phones, and Chromebook™
- ▶ Simple software suitable for all K-12 sciences

#### New features include:

- Improved Graph, Scope, FFT and Bar Graph displays
- Can directly connect Wireless Sensors to compatible Windows devices
- Easier to change display measurements and units



#### 

# SPARKvue App

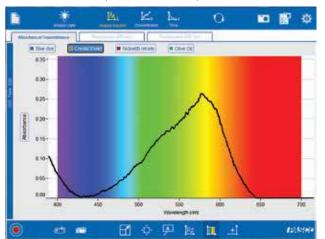
Free downloads for iPad, iPhone, Android tablets, phones and Chromebook.

Visit www.pasco.com/downloads

# **Spectrometry Software**

# Free software for the PASCO Spectrometer

Works on Mac<sup>®</sup>, Windows<sup>®</sup> iOS, Android<sup>™</sup> and Chrome\*



PASCO Wireless Spectrometer (PS-2600) See page 62.



<sup>\*</sup>See our ever-growing list of supported Chromebooks at pasco.com/spectrometry

# **Spectrometry Software**

The Wireless Spectrometer comes with PASCO's FREE award-winning Spectrometry software.

Go to pasco.com/downloads and click on Wireless Spectrometer

# MatchGraph™ Software

# Free software for learning the meaning of distance and velocity graphs

- Works on MAC, Windows, iOS, and Android
- Kinesthetic learning
- Move in front of a motion sensor to match the sample graph
- Match score is displayed
- ▶ Students love to compete while they learn
- Now works with Smart Carts



# MatchGraph™ Software



Go to pasco.com/downloads and click on MatchGraph

# **Sensors**

#### PASCO now offers three lines of sensors.

# Wireless Sensors 🔀







Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor (PS-3202)

The award-winning white digital Wireless Sensors connect directly to computers, tablets, and smartphones. They utilize cutting edge Bluetooth® Smart technology. This means lower power consumption plus the freedom and flexibility of wireless. They also provide the same performance as our PASPORT sensors. The Wireless Sensors represent a cost savings since they don't require an interface. And they can be used separately or in conjunction with PASPORT interfaces.

Compatible interfaces: None required.

Most computing devices will connect directly to PASCO Bluetooth® 4.0 wireless products. Please go to pasco.com/compatibility to determine your direct-connect compatibility. PASCO offers the PS-3500 USB Bluetooth® Adapter for computing devices that do not support direct-connect.

# **USB Bluetooth** 4.0 Adapter



Most computing devices will connect directly to PASCO Bluetooth® 4.0 wireless products. Please go to pasco.com/compatibility to determine your direct-connect compatibility. PASCO offers the PS-3500 USB Bluetooth® Adapter for computing devices that do not support directconnect.

#### Order Information

**USB Bluetooth** 

4.0 Adapter......PS-3500

#### PASPORT Sensors



The blue digital PASPORT sensors contain an analog-to-digital converter and, like the Wireless Sensors, are automatically recognized by PASCO software when connected. Many of the PASPORT sensors contain multiple sensing elements, providing several measurements with a single interface port. The maximum sample rate is sensor-dependent and usually does not exceed 1000 Hz.

Compatible interfaces: All current PASCO

PASPORT High Resolution Force Sensor (PS-2189)

# **PASPORT Sensor Extension Cable**

PS-2500



Extends the distance a sensor can reach by 2 m. Two cables CANNOT be connected together, or used on a sensor that already has a cable.

#### Order Information

**PASPORT Sensor** Extension Cable......PS-2500

# **ScienceWorkshop** Sensors



ScienceWorkshop Economy Force Sensor (CI-6746)

The black analog ScienceWorkshop sensors are PASCO's original line of sensors. They still provide unique value and use depending on the application. These sensors output a voltage, which is calibrated to correspond to the measurement. The sample rates can be up to 10 MHz depending on the interface used.

Compatible interfaces: 550 and 850 Universal Interfaces and ScienceWorkshop interfaces. PASPORT interfaces can be used with the proper adapter. See page 41.

# 8-Pin DIN **Extension Cable**

UI-5218



The 1.8 m long Extension Cable allows ScienceWorkshop Sensors to be used even further away from the interface. Multiple cables CAN be used in series.

#### Order Information

8-Pin DIN Extension

Cable ......UI-5218

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Polarimeter         PS-2235         62           Pressure - Absolute PASPORT ScienceWorkshop         PS-2107         40           Pressure - Dual         PS-2181         41           Pressure - Quad         PS-2181         41           Pressure - Relative         PS-2164         42           Pressure/Temperature         PS-2114         43           Pressure, Wireless         PS-2146         42           Pressure, Wireless         PS-2103         43           Rotary Motion PASPORT ScienceWorkshop         PS-2120A         25           Salinity         PS-2195         70           Smart Cart (Red)         ME-1240         98           (Blue)         ME-1241         98           Soil Moisture         PS-2163         73           Sound         CI-6506B         57           Sound Level         PS-2109         57           Spectrometer, Wireless         PS-2600         62	Photogate/Pulley System	ME-6838A	37
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Pressure, Wireless         PS-3203         43           Rotary Motion PASPORT ScienceWorkshop         PS-2120A 25 CI-6538 25           Salinity         PS-2195 70           Smart Cart (Red) (Blue)         ME-1240 98 ME-1241 98           Soil Moisture         PS-2163 73           Sound         CI-6506B 57           Sound Level         PS-2109 57           Spectrometer, Wireless         PS-2600 62	Pressure - Relative	PS-2114	43
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ScienceWorkshop         CI-6538         25           Salinity         PS-2195         70           Smart Cart (Red)         ME-1240         98 (Blue)           Soil Moisture         PS-2163         73           Sound         CI-6506B         57           Sound Level         PS-2109         57           Spectrometer, Wireless         PS-2600         62	Pressure, Wireless	PS-3203	43
Smart Cart         (Red)         ME-1240         98           (Blue)         ME-1241         98           Soil Moisture         PS-2163         73           Sound         CI-6506B         57           Sound Level         PS-2109         57           Spectrometer, Wireless         PS-2600         62			
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Spectrometer, Wireless PS-2600 62	Sound	CI-6506B	57
	Sound Level	PS-2109	57
Spirometer PS-2152 68	Spectrometer, Wireless	PS-2600	62
	Spirometer	PS-2152	68

Sensor Description	Product #	Page #
Temperature PASPORT ScienceWorkshop	PS-2125 CI-6605A	44 44
Temperature - Fast Response	PS-2135	45
Temperature - Skin/Surface	PS-2131	45
Temperature - Stainless Steel	PS-2153	45
Temperature - Quad	PS-2143	45
Temperature - Non-contact	PS-2197	46
Temperature - Type K PASPORT	PS-2134	46
Temp/Sound Level/Light	PS-2140	57
Temperature, Wireless	PS-3201	46
Thermocline	PS-2151	69
Time-of-Flight Accessory	ME-6810A	37
Voltage (Shrouded)	UI-5100 UI-5110	51 51
Voltage/Current	PS-2115	53
Voltage, Wireless	PS-3211	52
Water Quality Colorimeter	PS-2179	75
Weather with GPS. Wireless	PS-3209	72

#### **Motion Sensor**

PS-2103A

#### **PASPORT**



PASCO's PASPORT Motion Sensor is used to measure position, velocity and acceleration. Ultrasonic pulse-ranging technology has a switchselectable Standard Beam or Narrow Beam to reject false signals and produce cleaner data. The Motion Sensor sits firmly on a desktop or easily mounts to a rod stand or PASCO Dynamics Track.

#### **Specifications**

Minimum Range: 0.15 meters Maximum Range: 8 meters

Resolution: 1 mm

Transducer Rotation: 360° Cable Length: 1.8 meter Near/Far Switch Settings:

Narrow: For distances up to 2 meters to reject false

target signals or ignore air track noise.

Standard: For longer distances up to 8 meters.

#### **Mounting Options:**

- 12.7 mm diameter rod or smaller
- Directly to the PASCO Dynamics Track
- Non-skid rubber feet for table mount

#### **Typical Applications**

- Study conservation of energy and momentum during collisions
- Monitor the sinusoidal motion of a mass on a spring
- Measure the motion of large objects, such as students



Motion Sensor	PS-2103/
Recommended:	
Motion Sensor Guard	SE-7256
Magnetic Motion Sensor Bracket	PS-2546
Cart Adapter Accessory	ME-6743

# Motion Sensor II

CI-6742A

#### ScienceWorkshop



PASCO's digital ScienceWorkshop Motion Sensor II is used to measure position, velocity and acceleration. Ultrasonic pulse-ranging technology has a switch-selectable Standard Beam or Narrow Beam to reject false signals and produce cleaner data. The Motion Sensor sits firmly on a desktop or easily mounts to a rod stand or PASCO Dynamics Track.

# **Elastic Bumper**

ME-8998

The Elastic Bumper protects the Motion Sensor from the carts, but doesn't interfere with the ultrasonic pulse.



• Two pairs of brackets

• 10 meters of elastic material



Shown with PAStrack (see page 100)

#### Order Information

Elastic Bumper ...... ME-8998

### **Motion Sensor Guard**

SF-7256

Use this wire guard to protect the Motion Sensor when dropping objects from above.

#### Order Information

Motion Sensor

Guard...... SE-7256



# **Magnetic Motion Sensor Bracket**

PS-2546

This magnetic bracket allows a Motion Sensor to be easily hung from a drop ceiling. Simply screw the bracket into the 1/4"-20 threads on the sensor and use the included adjustment nut to hold the sensor in the desired orientation.

The bracket can also be used to hold the Motion Sensor on vertical surfaces such as filing cabinets and magnetic whiteboards.



Magnetic Motion Sensor Bracket ...... PS-2546

# **Cart Adapter Accessory**

ME-6743

A Motion Sensor can be directly mounted to Dynamics Carts, PAScars or GOcars using the Cart Adapter Accessory. Mounting a Motion Sensor on a cart is ideal for the study of relative motion.

> The adjustment knob on the bracket allows the Motion Sensor to face any direction.

#### Order Information

Cart Adapter Accessory ...... ME-6743

#### **Specifications**

CI-6538 ScienceWorkshop:

Connector: Dual stereo phone plug for 850, 550, and ScienceWorkshop interfaces.

#### Order Information

Motion Sensor II	CI-6742A
Recommended:	
Motion Sensor Guard	SE-7256
Magnetic Motion Sensor Bracket	PS-2546
Cart Adapter Accessory	ME-6743
Accessory Cable	CI-6748
Allows CI-6742A to be used with CBL/EA100.	

#### **Rotary Motion** Thumb Screw PS-2120A PASPORT Three-step Rod Stand Clamp Pulley Clamp can also be mounted on the right or left side of the sensor. Platform Slot for Linear for Mounting Motion Accessory PASCO Super Pulley

PASCO's PASPORT Rotary Motion Sensor is the most versatile position and motion-measuring devices available for the physics lab. Measure angle and angular velocity or measure distance and linear velocity using the rack or the pulley. These sensors are also bi-directional, indicating the direction of motion.

The 6.35 mm diameter, dual ball-bearing shaft extends from both sides of the unit and provides an excellent platform for rotational experiments. The rod clamp (which can be attached on three sides of the sensor) allows the unit to be mounted in almost any orientation. A three-step pulley and a mount for the PASCO Super Pulley make it easy to perform torque experiments.

#### **Specifications**

Three-step Pulley: 10 mm, 29 mm and 48 mm diameter Sensor Dimensions: 10 cm x 5 cm x 3.75 cm, 6.35 mm diameter shaft

#### **Rotary Motion:**

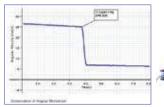
**Resolution:** 0.09°/0.0078 mm Maximum Speeds: 30 revs/sec

Optical Encoder: bidirectional, indicates direction of motion;

4000 divisions/rev

#### Conservation of Angular Momentum

The angular speed of the disk decreases when the ring is dropped onto the





#### **Order Information**

Rotary Motion Sensor	PS-2120/
Recommended:	
Linear Accessory Kit	CI-6688A
Three-step Pulley	CI-6693

# **Rotary Motion**

CI-6538

#### ScienceWorkshop



PASCO's digital ScienceWorkshop Rotary Motion Sensor is the most versatile position and motion-measuring devices available for the physics lab. Measure angle and angular velocity or measure distance and linear velocity using the rack or the pulley. These sensors are also bi-directional, indicating the direction of motion.

The 6.35 mm diameter, dual ball-bearing shaft extends from both sides of the unit and provides an excellent platform for rotational experiments. The rod clamp (which can be attached on three sides of the sensor) allows the unit to be mounted in almost any orientation. A three-step pulley and a mount for the PASCO Super Pulley make it easy to perform torque experiments.



#### **Order Information**

Linear Accessory Kit......CI-6688A

# **Mini Rotational Accessory**

Use the Mini Rotational Accessory to study rotational inertia, pendulum oscillations, and conservation of angular momentum.



#### **Order Information**

Mini Rotational Accessory.......CI-6691

#### **Specifications**

#### CI-6538 ScienceWorkshop:

Resolution: 1°/0.087 mm and 0.25°/0.022 mm (software selectable)

Maximum Speeds: 13 rev/sec at 1° resolution

(360 data points/revolution); 3.25 rev/sec at 0.25° resolution (1440 data points/revolution)

Optical Encoder: Bidirectional, indicates direction of motion Connector: Dual stereo phone plug for 850, 550, and

ScienceWorkshop interfaces

#### Order Information

Rotary Motion Sensor	. CI-6538
Recommended:	
Linear Accessory Kit	. CI-6688A
Three-step Pulley	. CI-6693

# **How the Rotary Motion Sensor is used**

# **Chaos/Driven Harmonic Accessory**

CI-6689A

Magnetically damped pendulum disk for studying exponential damping, driven harmonic motion, and chaos

See page 167.



#### Order Information

Chaos/Driven Harmonic Accessory .......CI-6689A

# **Centripetal Force**

ME-9821

The Centripetal Force Sensor mounts onto the Rotary Motion Sensor to directly measure Centripetal Force.

See page 163.

#### Order Information

Centripetal Force ......ME-9821

# **Educational Spectrophotometer**

OS-8539

60:1 gear ratio of rotating disk and pin gives the Rotary Motion Sensor a higher resolution for spectrophotometry.



See pages 274-275

#### Order Information

Educational Spectrophotometer System......OS-8539

# **Ballistic Pendulum Accessories**

Ballistic Pendulum Accessory ME-9892

Mini Launcher Ballistic Pendulum Accessory ME-6829



Turn your PASCO Launcher into a Ballistic Pendulum using the Rotary Motion Sensor.

#### Order Information

Ballistic Pendulum Accessory......ME-9892
Mini Launcher Ballistic
Pendulum Accessory......ME-6829



Track String Adapter ......ME-6569

Dynamics Track Mount......CI-6692

# **Rotary Motion Sensor uses**

# **Linear Translator**

OS-8535A

The Rotary Motion Sensor's built-in gear system accepts the geared rack to create a high-resolution linear translator for optics.

See page 269.



#### Order Information

Linear Translator......OS-8535A

# **Gyroscope**

ME-8960

Use two Rotary Motion Sensors to measure both the nutation and precession of this demonstration gyroscope.

See page 168-169.



#### Order Information

Gyroscope......ME-8960

# **Heat Engine**

TD-8572A

Use a Rotary Motion Sensor with PASCO's Heat Engine Apparatus to graph a real Heat Engine Cycle.

See page 198.



#### Order Information

Heat Engine......TD-8572A

# **Polarization Analyzer**

OS-8533A

The drive belt allows the Rotary Motion Sensor to measure the rotation of the polarizer.

See page 262.



Polarization Analyzer ......OS-8533A

# How to Select the Right Force Sensor or Load Cell for you

Part #	Sensor	Interface	Purpose
CI-6537	Force	550/850 interfaces or legacy 500/750 interfaces	Higher sample rates up to 10 MHz (depends on interface)     Extra strain gauges cancel side-loads
PS-2189	High Resolution Force	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul> <li>More sensitive: 0.002 N resolution</li> <li>Maximum sample rate is 1000 Hz</li> <li>Good for Hooke's Law and Newton's Third Law</li> </ul>
PS-3202	Wireless Force Acceleration	No interface required	<ul> <li>Bluetooth 4.0 required</li> <li>Same resolution as PS-2104</li> <li>Measures force, acceleration, angular velocity</li> <li>Maximum sample rate 1000 Hz</li> </ul>
PS-2141	Force Platform	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul><li>Measures normal force only</li><li>Good for measuring hang time when a person jumps.</li></ul>
PS-2142	2-Axis Force Platform	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul><li>Measures normal force and tangent force</li><li>Excellent for measuring human walking</li></ul>
PS-2200	100 N Load Cell	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul> <li>Requires PS-2198 Six Load Cell Amplifier or PS-2206 Dual Load Cell Amplifier</li> <li>For measuring loads in bridges or other structures made with PASCO Structures System</li> </ul>
PS-2201	5 N Load Cell	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul> <li>Requires PS-2198 Six Load Cell Amplifier or PS-2206 Dual Load Cell Amplifier</li> <li>Used with PASCO Structures System to measure smaller loads or to measure accelerations during bridge vibrations</li> </ul>

#### **Force Sensor**

CI-6537 ScienceWorkshop

- ▶ ±50 N range
- ▶ High sample rate

PASCO's durable, reliable Force Sensor was designed specifically for the student physics lab. Wide-range, high-frequency response and a low noise transducer help generate excellent impulse graphs, smooth harmonic motion data, and more. The sensor's special strain gauge consistently generates the same output for the same force and is designed to minimize side loads. Damping materials reduce vibrations caused by collisions without affecting results. Any dynamics cart accessories can be mounted on top of the Force Sensor.



#### **Specifications**

Force Range: -50 to +50 N Resolution: 0.03 N or 3.1 grams Zero (Tare) Function: Push-button

Force-overload Protection: Mechanical stop prevents forces

of more than 50 N from damaging the sensor

Pin Configuration: 8-pin DIN plug

Mounts on standard 12.7 mm support rods

Maximum Sample Rate: Depends on interface

Order Information

Force Sensor .......CI-6537

# **High Resolution Force**

PS-2189 PASPORT

- ▶ 0.002 N resolution
- Dynamic over-sampling



Although this Force Sensor has the same case as the PS-2104 and can perform all of the same experiments, it has much better resolution. And the dynamic variable over-sampling greatly reduces the measurement noise at low sample rates.

#### **Specifications**

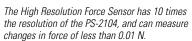
Range: ±50 N

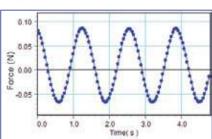
Measurement Resolution: 0.002 N or 0.2 g

**Zero (Tare) Function:** Push-button **Max Sample Rate:** 1000 Hz

Force Overload Protection: Up to 75 N

without damage





Graph shows force data for the oscillation of a mass and spring system.

The digital design of the PS-2189 results in very little drift, ensuring that the tare will hold for hours. You can use this force sensor as a pan balance for long-term experiments, like investigating the evaporation of liquids such as alcohol or liquid nitrogen, and the sublimation of dry ice!



#### Order Information

High Resolution Force SensorPS-2189	
Shown in use with:	
Force Sensor Balance StandCI-6460	
Mass and Hanger SetME-8979	p. 187
Spring SetME-8999	p. 156

# Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor

PS-3202

- ▶ Freedom from wires
- Measure force, acceleration, and rotation



The Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor allows for live data collection in a moving frame of reference. You can mount the sensor on a rotating platform or on a moving cart to measure forces and accelerations of the constantly changing dynamic system. The wireless design offers improved measurements without a cable affecting the experiment outcome.

#### **Features**

- ▶ Bluetooth® and USB connectivity
- Logging
- ▶ +/- 50 N
- ▶ 3-axis accelerometer
- ▶ 3-axis gyroscope
- ▶ Finger-holes
- ▶ Built-in rod clamp

#### **Specifications**

Force Range: +/- 50 NForce Resolution: 0.03 N

Accuracy: 0.1 N

Acceleration Range: ±16 g

Battery: Rechargeable lithium-polymer

**Logging:** Yes **Bluetooth:** BT 4.0



#### Includes (1 each)

- Eye bolt
- Thumb screw
- Bumper
- Rechargeable lithium-polymer battery
- USB connector

#### Order Information

Wireless Force Sensor ......PS-3202



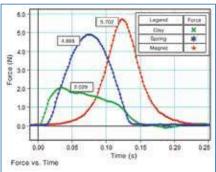
#### **Force Bracket**

ME-6622

The Force Bracket with bumpers mounts the PASCO Force Sensor directly to a dynamics track. It includes 5 collision attachments for the Force Sensor and conveniently stores each attachment on the bracket itself.

Using any of these attachments, the bracket serves as an excellent support or target for collision studies using the Force Sensor.





Force vs. time data for a clay, spring and magnet.



#### Includes

- Spring Bumpers (2) (different spring constants)
- Magnetic Bumper (1)
- Rubber Bumper (1)
- Clay Cup for Inelastic Collisions (1) (clay included)
- #0 Phillips Head Screwdriver (to attach to Force Sensor)

#### Order Information

Force Bracket......ME-6622

# **Bumper Accessory Set**

ME-9884



This set of bumpers can be used with any PASCO Force Sensor to perform both elastic and inelastic collisions. The standard hook for each Force Sensor can be easily removed and replaced with any of these bumpers. Use a spring and a cup for elastic collisions. Combine two cups with clay to explore inelastic collisions.

#### Includes









#### Order Information

Bumper Accessory

..... ME-9884

# **Magnetic Bumper Set**

ME-9885A



This set of magnetic bumpers can be used with any PASCO Force Sensor to perform elastic collisions without any contact. The bumpers screw directly into the beam of the sensor. They can also be used with the Force Bracket (at left).

#### **Includes**

• Magnetic Bumper (2)

#### Order Information

Magnetic

Bumper Set ...... ME-9885A

# **Rocket Engine Test Bracket**

MF-6617

#### A perfect supplement for rocketry studies

With the Rocket Engine Test Bracket attached to a Force Sensor (Science-Workshop or PASPORT), students can measure and graphically display the impulse of Estes<sup>TM</sup> and other model rocket engines. A perfect supplement for rocketry studies. Accommodates rocket engine sizes A, B, C and D.





For outdoor use only.

The Force Sensor must always be securely mounted when a rocket engine is fired. We suggest the PASCO Large Rod Stand and 45 cm Rod (p. 176).



#### Order Information

Rocket Engine
Test Bracket......ME-6617

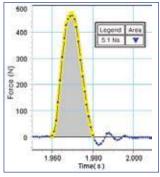
#### **Force Platform**

PS-2141

- Rugged design
- Force overload protection



The sturdy glass-filled nylon platform is supported by four force beams that combine to measure the total force on the platform. The Force Platform has two loops on the side to hang it on a wall.





Impulse data for a bouncing playground ball.

#### **Typical Applications**

- Determine "hang time" by jumping up from the platform, then landing on it
- Measure impulse and maximum force when jumping
- Use two Force Platforms to investigate Newton's Third Law as two students push against each other
- Measure the normal force on a person riding in an elevator
- ▶ Use a Motion Sensor and a bouncing ball to compare the impulse and change in momentum as the ball collides with the platform

#### **Specifications**

Range: -1100 N to +4400 N Platform Size: 35 cm x 35 cm Zero (tare) Function: Push-button Force Overload Protection

Max Sample Rate: 1000 Hz (2000 Hz with the Xplorer GLX or 850 Interface)

Resolution: 0.1 N

Mass: 4 kg (without handles)

#### Order Information

Force Platform	.PS-2141
Recommended:	
Handle Set	.PS-2548

#### 2-Axis Force Platform

PS-2142

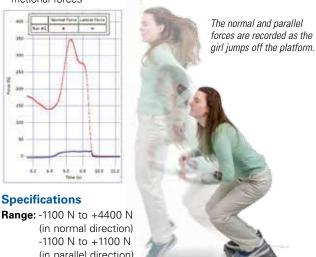
Large jumping and landing surface



The 2-axis Force Platform has a second plate that rides on rollers on the base force platform to measure the force parallel to the platform. There are a total of five force beams: four corner beams to measure the normal force and a fifth beam to measure the parallel (sideways) force.

#### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Measure the sideways force during a broad jump
- Measure the normal and parallel forces on a wall as a ladder leans against the wall
- Measure the normal and parallel forces as a person walks or runs across the platform
- ▶ Pull an object across the platform and measure the normal and frictional forces



(in parallel direction) Platform Size: 35 cm x 35 cm Platform Mass: 6.4 kg (without handles)

Zero (tare) Function: Push-button Force Overload Protection Max Sample Rate: 1000 Hz (2000 Hz

with the Xplorer GLX or 850 Interface)

Resolution: 0.1 N

Developed in cooperation with Nancy Beverly, Associate Professor of Physics at Mercy College, Dobbs Ferry, New York.

#### Order Information

2-Axis Force Platform	PS-2142
Recommended:	
Handle Set	PS-2548

# **Force Platform Handle Set**

PS-2548

Confirm Newton's Third Law by pushing on a Force Platform using two sets of handles (available separately). Handles bolt onto the Force Platform and can be mounted on either side or both sides.



By standing on a 2-Axis Force Platform while pushing against the wall with a 1-Axis Force Platform, a real-life statics problem can be analyzed.





#### Order Information Force Platform Handle Set......PS-2548

#### **Includes**

• Set of sturdy metal handles (2)

# **Force Platform** Structures Bracket

MF-6988A

See page 33.

#### **Includes**

- Brackets (2)
- Screws (4)

#### **Order Information**

Force Platform Structures Bracket ..... ME-6988A

## Choice of Load Cell Amplifiers:

Load Cell Amplifier (6 ports)

PS-2198

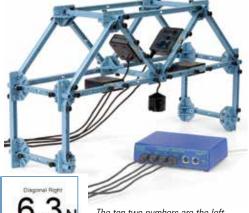
**PASPORT** 



This Load Cell Amplifier can accommodate up to six load cells and only needs a single port on any PASCO interface to connect to the USB port on a computer. This is useful for doing an extensive analysis of a bridge by inserting six load cells at various points in the structure to see if theory matches reality.

The amplifier accepts either the 100N load cell or the 5N load cell or a combination of both. The maximum data sample rate is 500 Hz for each port.

Display of the forces measured using the four load cells shown.



6.2<sub>N</sub> 6

The top two numbers are the left and right diagonals and the bottom two numbers are the left and right horizontal forces.

Shown in use with Structures Systems Truss Set (ME-6990). See page 142.

#### **Includes**

- · Load Cell Amplifier
- 100 N Load Cell (4)

#### Order Information

Load Cell Amplifier (6 ports)	PS-2198
Required for Use:	
Load Cell 100N	PS-2200
Load Cell 5N	PS-2201

#### Also Available

Load Cell and Amplifier Set......PS-2199



#### **Set Includes**

- Load Cell Amplifier
- Load Cells 100N (4)
- Instruction manual

# Dual Load Cell Amplifier

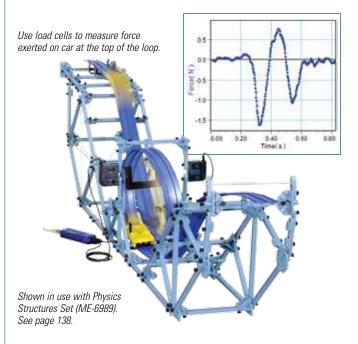
PS-2205

#### **PASPORT**



This amplifier is for applications where only one or two load cells are needed, such as measuring the force on the track at the top of a roller coaster loop. If you only want to examine the forces in a bridge one at a time, you can move a single load cell around in the bridge.

The Amplifier accepts either the 100N load cell or the 5N load cell or a combination of both. The maximum data sample rate is 1000 Hz for each port.



#### **Includes**

• Dual Load Cell Amplifier

#### Order Information

Dual Load Cell Amplifier	PS-2205
Required for Use:	
Load Cell 100N	PS-2200
Load Cell 5N	PS-2201

#### Also Available

Load Cell and Dual Amplifier Set ......PS-2206



#### **Set Includes**

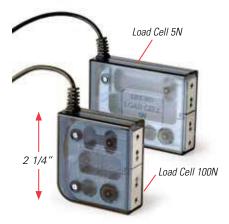
- Dual Load Cell Amplifier
- Load Cell 100N (1)

# Two ranges of load cells

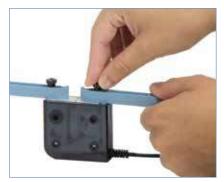
# **Load Cell** 100N

# **Load Cell** 5N

PS-2200 PS-2201



Load cells are available in two different ranges: ±100 N and ± 5 N. Both types of load cells can be used with the same amplifier in any combination. The semitransparent case lets students see the strain gauge and beam inside.



I-Beams key into the load cell and are fastened with thumb screws.

#### Specifications (PS-2200)

Range: -100 N to +100 N Accuracy: ±1% (±1 N) Resolution: 0.02 N

Safe Overload: -150 N to +150 N

#### **Specifications (PS-2201)**

Range: -5 N to +5 N Accuracy: ±1% (±0.05 N) Resolution: 0.001 N

Safe Overload: -7.5 N to +7.5 N

#### Order Information

100 N Load Cell	PS-2200
5 N Load Cell	PS-2201

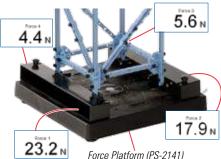
### Measure support forces with a Force Platform

# Force Platform Structures Bracket

ME-6988A

Measure the support forces of a crane by connecting it to a Force Platform (PS-2141) using the special Force Platform Structures Bracket (ME-6988A). The Force Platform is supported by four individual load cells that combine to measure the total vertical force on the platform. These four readings can also be viewed separately, to measure the unequal forces on the crane supports.





#### **Includes**

- Brackets (2)
- Screws (4)

#### Order Information

Force Platform Structur Bracket		4
Shown in use with:		
Force Platform	PS-2141	p. 31
Large Structures Set	ME-7003	p. 14

# Measure bridge deflection with a Displacement Sensor **Displacement Sensor**

PS-2204

The Displacement Sensor measures the travel of a spring-loaded indicator pressed against a bridge as the bridge is loaded. It consists of a PASPORT sensor that plugs into the included Digital Indicator, a digital travel indicator that has its own digital LED readout and can be used as a stand-alone device. When the PASPORT sensor is plugged into an interface, the reading can be recorded.



See page 136 for more uses.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Travel: 10 mm Maximum Sample Rate: 5 Hz **Resolution:** 0.013 mm (0.0005 in)





Bracket

• Dial Gauge

Dienlacoment



#### Order Information

Displacement		
Sensor	PS-2204	
Shown in use with:		
Hooked Mass Set	SE-8759	p. 187
Small "A" Base	ME-8976	p. 178
Steel Rod 60 cm long		
(threaded)	ME-8977	p. 176

#### **Visual Accelerometer**

PS-2128

#### **PASPORT**

- LEDs indicate direction and magnitude of acceleration
- 1-axis acceleration sensor

The Visual Accelerometer provides acceleration data and visual clues that allow students to better understand the concept of acceleration. The sensor features 10 high output, wide-angle LEDs that indicate the magnitude and direction of acceleration. The case of the sensor fits directly into a dynamics cart, and features ties for pendulum motion and a pass-through so the sensor can be thrown vertically along a rope.

The Visual Accelerometer features three fixed ranges, an auto-scale and a peak-hold option. The peak-hold mode stores the maximum acceleration experienced by the sensor after a countdown appears on the LEDs. The zero button on the sensor negates the effect of changing the orientation of the sensor.

The Visual Accelerometer can also be used in stand-alone mode. While away from the computer, the LEDs give students a meaningful, visual measurement of acceleration.

#### **Typical Applications**

- Real-time measurement of acceleration during simple harmonic motion
- Measure acceleration due to gravity
- Measure acceleration of a cart on an inclined plane
- Discover the acceleration of an elevator

See page 104 for more applications.

#### **Specifications**

**Ranges:**  $\pm 1.0 \text{ m/s}^2$ ,  $\pm 5.0 \text{ m/s}^2$ ,  $\pm 20 \text{ m/s}^2$ 

Accuracy: 0.2 m/s<sup>2</sup> Resolution: 0.01 m/s<sup>2</sup> Max Sample Rate: 100 Hz

#### Includes (1each)

- Sensor extension cable (1)
- Three AA batteries



For freefall studies, the bottom of the Visual Accelerometer has a channel that accepts a cord or small rope.

#### Order Information

Visual Accelerometer.....PS-2128

# **Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor**



PS-3202

Capable of measuring force, acceleration, and rotation, this sensor is ideal for experiments involving rotating platforms, moving carts, spring oscillations, collisions, and impulse. The wireless design offers improved measurements without a cable affecting experiment outcome. Finger-holes support handheld applications, or mount it onto a cart or rod.

#### **Features**

- ▶ Bluetooth® and USB connectivity
- Logging
- ▶ +/- 50 N
- ▶ 3-axis accelerometer
- 3-axis gyroscope
- ▶ Finger-holes
- ▶ Built-in rod clamp

#### **Specifications**

Force Range: +/- 50 N Force Resolution: 0.03 N

Accuracy: 0.1 N

Max Sample Rate: 1000 Hz (wireless)

Acceleration Range: ±16 g

Battery: Rechargeable lithium-polymer

Logging: Yes Bluetooth: BT 4.0

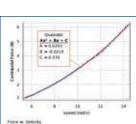
#### Includes (1each)

- Eye bolt
- Rechargeable lithium-polymer battery
- Thumb screw USB connector
- Bumper

#### Order Information

Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor......PS-3202







The Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor can measure both the centripetal force and, using its gyroscope, the angular velocity of the rotating platform.

### **3-Axis Acceleration/Altimeter**

PS-2136A PASPORT\*

- ▶ 3-axis acceleration data to 500 Hz
- ▶ 16 g on each axis
- ▶ 10 cm resolution altitude data

This one acceleration sensor does it all! Measure acceleration in all three dimensions, as well as changes in altitude. Measure acceleration data up to 500 Hz. Dynamic variable over-sampling automatically reduces the measurement noise at slower sampling rates.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Attach to a dynamics cart for the study of Newton's Laws.
- Investigate centripetal acceleration on a rotating platform
- Sports physics
- ▶ Roller coaster amusement park physics

#### **Specifications**

Acceleration for each axis 16 g with 0.002 g resolution 10 cm altitude resolution

Acceleration readout in g or m/s/s.

### Sample Rate:

Max sample rate for acceleration: 500 Hz

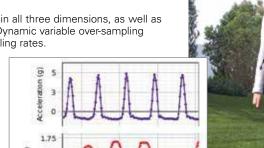
Max sample rate for acceleration with simultaneous

altitude data: 100 Hz

Max data rate for altitude: 20 samples/second

#### **Five Simultaneous Measurements:**

Acceleration in x, y and z axes, resultant acceleration and altitude.



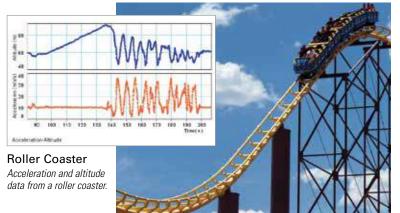
Time (s)

Trampoline

1.25

Jumping on Trampoline

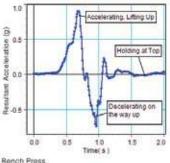
Altitude and acceleration are simultaneously measured on a trampoline.

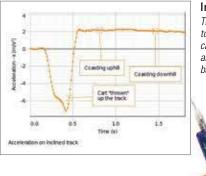


### Weight Lifting

During a bench press, the weight lifter accelerates and then decelerates the weights. The acceleration is zero at the top of the lift where the weights are held at rest. This graph shows the resultant acceleration calculated from all three axes, so the

orientation of the sensor does not affect the measurement. The acceleration due to gravity has been subtracted out.





### Inclined Track

The cart acceleration parallel to the track is measured as the cart is "thrown" up the incline and allowed to coast up and back down the track.



### Order Information

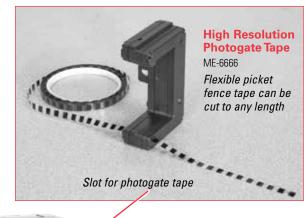
p. 14

### Smart Gate... It's four photogates in one!

PS-2180 PASPORT

- ▶ Dual Photogate beams
- Laser switch
- ▶ Photogate Tape Slot
- Daisy chain auxiliary Photogate or Time-of-Flight

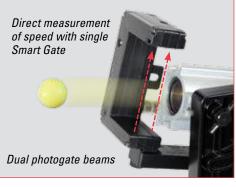
The Smart Gate has dual Photogate beams spaced at 1.5 cm to accurately measure speed. Built-in laser switch (when used with any laser) allows you to time objects too large to fit through the standard Photogate. Other features include a slot for Photogate Tape, and an auxiliary port for an additional Photogate or the Time of Flight Accessory.











#### **Includes**

- Smart Gate
- Interface Cord



Laser switch	
Shine any laser onto the built-in receiver to time large objects	

\*See page 24 for the complete information about PASPORT and ScienceWorkshop sensors.

### Order Information

Smart Gate	PS-2180	
Recommended:		
Time-of-Flight Accessory	ME-6810A	p. 37
High Resolution Photogate Tape	ME-6666	p. 38
Required:		

PASPORT Interface

### **Smart Gate System**

PS-3701

Needs only one PASPORT connection. Photogate daisy-chains to Smart Gate.

#### Includes (1 each)

- Smart Gate PS-2180
- Photogate Head ME-9498A



Smart Gate System...... PS-3701

### **Smart Gate Pulley System**

PS-3702

The Super Pulley attaches directly to the Smart Gate, providing a simple, low-friction system to measure position, velocity and acceleration. Additionally, with the pulley removed, the photogate can be used to perform standard photogate experiments.

#### Includes (1 each)

- Smart Gate PS-2180
- Super Pulley ME-9450A
- Super Pulley Rod ME-8736

#### Order Information

Smart Gate Pulley System.....PS-3702



# The Photogates and Time-of-Flight Accessory on this page plug directly into the auxiliary port on the Smart Gate.

### **Photogate Head**

MF-9498A

### **Specifications**

Photogate Width: 7.5 cm Fall Time: < 50 ns Spatial Resolution: < 1 mm

**Timing Resolution:** 0.1 millisecond **Connector:** Stereo phone plug



### Order Information

Photogate Head	ME-9498 <i>i</i>
Recommended:	
Photogate Stand	ME-9805

### **Accessory Photogate**

ME-9204B

Includes both a Photogate Head and a Photogate Stand for flexible experiment design. The Photogate Stand is also sold separately.



### Order Information

Accessory Photogate	ME-9204B
Photogate Stand	ME-9805

### **Photogate/Pulley System**

ME-6838A

#### **Specifications**

#### Pullev:

Rotational inertia: 1.8x10-6 kg m²; Coefficient of friction: <7x10-3; Diameter: 5 cm, Mass: 5.5 g

Photogate:

Width: 7.5 cm; Fall time: < 50 ns; Spatial resolution: < 1 mm Timing Resolution: 0.1 millisecond Connector: Stereo phone plug



#### Includes

- Photogate Head
- Super Pulley with Rod

### Order Information

Photogate/Pulley System ...... ME-6838A

### **Photogate Pendulum Set**

ME-8752

The Photogate Pendulum Set is a unique set of pendula that have exactly the same shape and size, but different masses. These pendula are ideal for use with photogates due to their cylindrical shape. One pendulum each of brass, plastic, wood and aluminum is included.





Photogate not included.

#### Order Information

Photogate Pendulum Set ...... ME-8752

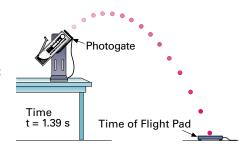
# Time-of-Flight Accessory

ME-6810



### **Typical Applications**

- ► Find Time-of-Flight for a ball shot from a Projectile Launcher
- ▶ Conduct freefall experiments



The Time-of-Flight Accessory is designed primarily for freefall or projectile experiments. When an object hits the plate, a signal is sent to the interface. Note: When used with the Projectile Launcher, a photogate is used to start the timer and the 20' extension cable is recommended.

#### Order Information

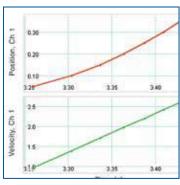
Time-of-Flight Accessory ......ME-6810A

The sensors on this page are digital sensors that plug directly into ScienceWorkshop, 550, and 850 Universal interfaces. To use the sensors with a PASPORT interface, a Digital Adapter is required.

### **Photogates and Fences**

ME-9471A

When used with the computer for data recording, display, and analysis, the photogate/pulley timing system can provide a wide range of time, speed, and velocity measurements. The photogates mount to the dynamics track using the provided brackets. The picket fences provided mount directly to the dynamics carts.



Position and velocity graphs are obtained using a Picket Fence and Photogate.





#### **Includes**

- Photogate Heads (2)
- Photogate Brackets (2)
- Picket Fences (2)
- Super Pulley with attachment screw (attaches Super Pulley to Photogate)
- Pulley Mounting Rod

### Order Information

Photogates and FencesME-9471A		
Individual Components:		
Photogate Head	ME-9498A	p. 37
Photogate Brackets (2)	ME-9806	p. 117
Cart Picket Fences (2)	ME-9804	
Super Pulley	ME-9450A	p. 137
Pulley Mounting Rod	SA-9242	p. 137
Required for use with SPARKlink Air or AirLink:		
Digital Adapter	PS-2159	p. 39

### **Large Picket Fence**

ME-9377A

Conduct free fall experiments by dropping this Picket Fence through the PASCO Photogate.

The distance from the leading edge of each black bar to the leading edge of the next black bar is 5.0 cm. The Picket Fence has eight black bars and is 40 cm long.



### Order Information

Large Picket Fence......ME-9377A

### **Cart Picket Fences** (set of 2)

ME-9804



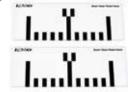
### Order Information

Cart Picket Fences (set of 2).....

## **Smart Timer Picket Fences** (set of 2)

ME-8933

See Smart Timer on pages 120-121.



#### Order Information

Smart Timer Picket Fences (set of 2) ......ME-8933

### **Photogate Tape (Hi Res)**

ME-6666

The High Resolution Photogate Tape, has a distance of 1 cm between edges for more data points during high velocity or acceleration phenomena.



High Resolution Photogate Tape	.ME-6666
Shown in use with:	
Smart Gate	PS-2180

The sensors on this page are digital sensors that plug directly into ScienceWorkshop, 550, and 850 Universal interfaces. To use the sensors with a PASPORT interface, a Digital Adapter is required.

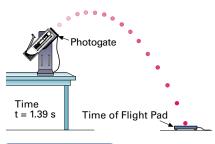
### **Time-of-Flight Accessory**



The Time-of-Flight Accessory has a new rugged case. When an object hits the plate, a signal is sent to the interface Note: When used with the Projectile Launcher, a photogate is used to start the timer and the 20' extension cable is recommended.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Find Time-of-Flight for a ball shot from a Projectile Launcher
- ▶ Conduct freefall experiments



### Order Information

Time-of-Flight Accessory .....ME-6810A Required for use with SPARKlink Air or AirLink: Digital Adapter .....PS-2159

### **Phone Jack** Extender Cable



This six meter phone jack-to-phone jack extension cord can be used with any Photogate/Timing accessory.

### **Order Information**

Phone Jack Extender Cord (20' cable)......PI-8117

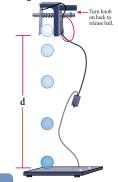
### Freefall Adapter

ME-9207B



When the steel ball is dropped from the release mechanism, the computer automatically starts timing.

When the ball hits the receptor pad, timing stops. Timer measurements of "g" are accurate and repeatable.



### Order Information

Freefall Adapter .....ME-9207B Required for use with SPARKlink Air or AirLink: Digital Adapter .....PS-2159

### **G-M Tube/Power Supply**

SN-7927A

Ideal general purpose nuclear sensor

The G-M Tube/Power Supply senses alpha, beta, and gamma radiation. Power for the tube is supplied through the connection to an interface that supplies an operating voltage of +5 V.

### **Specifications**

Sensitivity: Beta, gamma, alpha Count Detection: Audio signal

Window Thickness: 1.5 to 2 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>, mica Gas Filling: Neon, argon, and halogen

Starting/Operating Voltage for Tube: 450 VDC/500 VDC

Dead Time: 90 µs

#### **Order Information**

G-M Tube/Power Supply . SN-7927A Required for use with SPARKlink Air or AirLink: Digital Adapter ..... PS-2159

### **Digital Adapter**

PS-2159



▶ Allows digital ScienceWorkshop sensors to be used with **PASPORT** interfaces

The Digital Adapter is required when photogates, timing and counting sensors are used with any PASPORT interface. Each Digital Adapter accommodates two sensors at once. Each port on the Digital Adapter automatically detects a connection and initiates a selection of pre-configured or user-defined options. Several Digital Adapters can be used simultaneously when required. See next page for a list of counting/timing sensors that require a Digital Adapter.

### **Specifications and Special Features**

2 µs resolution for counting and timing

1 µs resolution for motion sensing

Two 1/4" stereo phone jacks

#### Order Information

Digital Adapter .....PS-2159

## Analog Adapter





- Use your black ScienceWorkshop sensors with blue PASPORT interfaces
- No need to buy new sensors

Use an Analog Adapter to connect ScienceWorkshop sensors with an 8-pin or 5-pin DIN connector such as:

- Colorimeter (CI-6747)
- Current (CI-6556)
- Force (CI-6537)
- Force, Economy (CI-6746)
- Infrared (CI-6628)
- Light (CI-6504A)
- Light, High-Sensitivity (CI-6604)
- Light, UVA (CI-9784)
- Magnetic Field (CI-6520A)
- Pressure Sensor-Absolute (CI-6532A)
- Sound (CI-6506B)
- Temperature (CI-6605A)
- Temperature, High Accuracy (CI-6525)

### Order Information

Analog Adapter ..... PS-2158

## **How to select the right Pressure Sensor for you**

Part #	Sensor	Interface	Purpose
CI-6532A	Absolute Pressure	550/850 interfaces or legacy 500/750 interfaces	<ul> <li>Higher sample rates up to 10 MHz (depends on interface)</li> <li>Measures up to 700 kPa</li> <li>Fast enough for Ratio of Specific Heats</li> </ul>
PS-2107	Absolute Pressure	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul><li>Measures up to 700 kPa</li><li>Good for Absolute Zero experiment</li></ul>
PS-2181	Dual Pressure	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul> <li>Measures up to 200 kPa</li> <li>Maximum sample rate 1000 Hz</li> <li>Best for heat engine experiment</li> <li>Fast enough for Ratio of Specific Heats</li> </ul>
PS-2164	Quad Pressure	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul> <li>Measures up to 200 kPa</li> <li>Maximum sample rate 1000 Hz</li> <li>For Venturi experiments</li> </ul>
PS-2146	Absolute Pressure/Temp	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul> <li>Measures up to 200 kPa</li> <li>Maximum sample rate 100 Hz</li> <li>Excellent for Absolute Zero and Ideal Gas Law</li> </ul>
PS-3203	Wireless Pressure	No interface required	<ul> <li>Bluetooth 4.0 required</li> <li>Measures up to 400 kPa</li> <li>Maximum sample rate 1000 Hz</li> <li>Weather; Ideal Gas Law</li> </ul>
PS-2114	Gauge Pressure	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul> <li>Measures up to 10 kPa</li> <li>Maximum sample rate 20 Hz</li> <li>Measure respiration rates</li> </ul>

### **Absolute Pressure**

CI-6532A ScienceWorkshop



- Measure absolute pressure up to seven atmospheres
- Includes syringe for Gas Laws
- ▶ High sample rate

The Absolute Pressure Sensor measures the gas pressure in a container or the surroundings. Includes a 20 cc syringe and quick connect tubing for investigating the Gas Laws. The sensor's wide range makes it an excellent general purpose pressure device.

### **Typical Applications**

- Measure chemical reaction rates
- ▶ Verify Gas Laws (Ideal, Charles', Boyle's)
- ▶ Study Vapor Pressure vs. Temperature

### **Specifications**

Pressure Range: 0 to 700 kPa Reference Vacuum Pressure: 40 mTorr Number of Pressure Ports: One

**Pin Configuration:** 8-pin DIN plug on case **Maximum Sample Rate:** Depends on interface

### Order Information

Absolute Pressure Sensor ......CI-6532A

### **Absolute Pressure**

PS-2107 **PASPORT** 



- Measure absolute pressure up to seven atmospheres
- Includes syringe for Gas Laws

The Absolute Pressure Sensor measures the gas pressure in a container or the surroundings. Includes a 20 cc syringe and quick connect tubing for investigating the Gas Laws. The sensor's wide range makes it an excellent general purpose pressure device.

#### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Measure chemical reaction rates
- ▶ Verify Gas Laws (Ideal, Charles', Boyle's)
- ▶ Study Vapor Pressure vs. Temperature

### **Specifications**

Range: 0 to 700 kPa Accuracy: ±2 kPa Resolution: 0.1 kPa

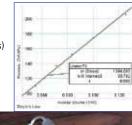
Maximum Sample Rate: 200 Hz

Repeatability: 1 kPa

The Absolute Pressure Sensor is used in a Boyle's Law experiment in which a syringe is compressed.

### Order Information

Absolute Pressure Sensor ......PS-2107





### **Dual Pressure**

PS-2181 PASPORT



The Dual Pressure sensor is capable of reading two absolute pressures, one gauge pressure, or one differential pressure. Dynamic variable over-sampling automatically reduces the measurement noise at low sampling rates. Sample rates up to 1000 Hz make studies of both transient and steady-state pressure possible. Includes quick-connect tubing.

### **Typical Application**

- ► Measure pressure in Heat Engine (TD-8572). See pages 346-347.
- Measure pressure drops in pipes



Instrument your pipe network with the Pressure Taps connected to the Dual Pressure Sensor (PS-2181). See pages 172-173.

### **Specifications**

**Absolute Pressure:** 0 to 200 kPa, 0.01 kPa resolution at 10 Hz and 1 kPa repeatability

**Differential Pressure:** ±100 kPa, 0.01 kPa resolution at 10 Hz and 1 kPa repeatability

Maximum Sample Rate: 1000 Hz

### Order Information

Dual Pressure Sensor..... PS-2181

### Pressure Taps ME-2224



### Order Information

Pressure Taps (set of 6)...... ME-2224

### **General Flow Sensor**

PS-2222 General Flow Sensor Only
PS-2225 General Flow Sensor with Venturi Tube
PS-2226 General Flow Sensor with Pitot Tube
PASPORT

The General Flow Sensor determines fluid velocity in air or water by measuring the difference in pressure between the two input tubes. Either the Venturi Tube or the Pitot Tube must be connected to the General Flow Sensor. The type of fluid (air or water) being used is selectable in the software.

### **Applications**

The Venturi Tube is used in a pipe network that carries water or air. The Pitot Tube is used in an open water channel or in air.

### **Specifications**

Pressure Range: 0 to 50 kPa

Pressure Accuracy: ± 2.5% of Full Scale

(0 to 85°C)

**Resolution:** 0.2% of Full Scale

Venturi Range: 0 to 84 gpm (water);

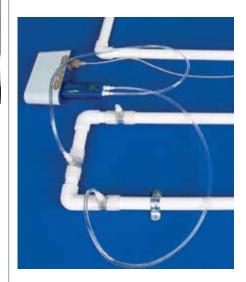
0 to 773 gpm (air)

Venturi Accuracy: ± 2 gpm (water);

± 2.5 cf/min (air)

Pitot Range: 0 to 9.98 m/s (water);

0 to 92.1 m/s (air)





## Venturi Tube

ME-2220



The Venturi Tube is made of clear PVC so the water can be seen flowing through it. It has a constriction and two pressure ports with tubing attached. The Venturi Tube is connected to the General Flow Sensor by the matching couplers. The General Flow Sensor measures the difference in fluid pressure between the two different cross-sectional areas and the software does a calculation to convert this pressure difference into a velocity or volumetric flow rate. The Venturi Tube slip joints are designed to be glued into any 3/4" PVC pipe network.

### Pitot Tube ME-2221



The Pitot Tube is designed to be placed in the air flow or water flowing in a channel. The General Flow Sensor, connected to the Pitot Tube, measures the pressure difference between the fluid inlet and the static side taps of the Pitot Tube and the software calculates the fluid velocity from the pressure difference.

See page 172–173 for more applications.

General Flow Sensor with Venturi Tube	PS-2225
General Flow Sensor with Pitot Tube	PS-2226
Required:	
PASPORT Interface	pp. 10-11
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
Also available separately:	
General Flow Sensor without Probes	PS-2222
Venturi Tube	ME-2220
Pitot Tube	ME-2221

### **Quad Pressure**

PS-2164 PASPORT



The 4-port Quad Pressure sensor is capable of reading up to four absolute pressures, or two gauge pressures, or two differential pressures. Dynamic variable over-sampling automatically reduces the measurement noise at low sampling rates. Sample rates up to 1000 Hz make studies of both transient and steady-state pressure possible. Includes quick-connect tubing.

### **Typical Application**

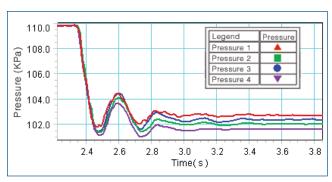
▶ Study pressure through a fluid circuit

### **Specifications**

**Absolute Pressure:** 0 to 200 kPa, 0.01 kPa resolution at 10 Hz and 1 kPa repeatability (displays pressure in kPa, N/m², and psi)

**Differential Pressure:** ±100 kPa, 0.01 kPa resolution at 10 Hz and 1 kPa repeatability (displays pressure in kPa, N/m², and psi)

Maximum Sample Rate: 1000 Hz



The pressure at various points in a Venturi tube decreases as the water flow is turned on. Pressure variability due to cross-sectional area and fluid friction are readily seen in the data.

### Order Information

Quad Pressure Sensor	PS-2164	
Venturi Tube	ME-2220 p	o. 41

# Absolute Pressure/Temperature



This combination sensor is specifically designed for use in studying gas laws. The included thermistor temperature probe has both a fast response and very low thermal mass.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Extrapolate absolute zero
- Explore Gas Laws (Ideal, Charles', Boyle's)

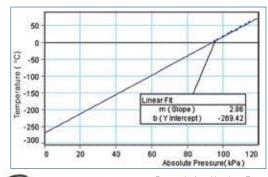
### **Specifications**

**Pressure:** 0 to 700 kPa with ±2 kPa accuracy, 0.1 kPa resolution and 1 kPa repeatability (displays pressure in kPa, N/m², and psi)

Maximum Sample Rate: 100 Hz

**Temperature with Included Fast Response Probe:** -10 to 70°C with ±0.5°C accuracy (displays Temperature in °C, K and °F)

Sensor Extension Cable: Included



Extrapolating Absolute Zero



Measure pressure and temperature of air in the sphere.

Absolute Pressure/Temp Sensor	PS-2146	
Recommended:		
Absolute Zero Sphere	TD-8595	p. 197
Ideal Gas Law Apparatus	TD-8596A	p. 196

Pressure is measured

for various water

column heights.

### Wireless Pressure Sensor 👔

PS-3203

With the new Wireless Pressure Sensor you can make accurate and consistent measurements of gas pressure, regardless of ambient conditions, and explore how chemical reactions affect gas pressure. In combination with a wireless Temperature Sensor, you can study the empirical gas laws.





A test tube, piece of steel wool, and a Wireless Pressure Sensor are all you need to have your students calculate the amount of oxygen in the air.

Linear Fit

Inverse Volume (1/ml)

0.080

• 1 female barbed luer lock

• 1 60cc syringe

USB connector

b (Y Intercept)

0.100

394,585

33,792

0.120

With these sensors, students can easily study gas laws.

### **Specifications**

Range: 0-400 kPa Resolution: 0.1 kPa Accuracy: ±1 kPa

Battery: Rechargeable lithium-polymer included

Logging: Yes Bluetooth: BT 4.0 USB cable for charging

#### Includes

- 2 feet of polyurethane plastic tubing
- 1 tube connector
- 2 male barbed luer locks

Wireless sensors connect directly to most classroom devices.

200

180

160

140

120

Boyle's Law

100 0.060

#### Order Information

Wireless Pressure Sensor ......PS-3203

### **Relative Pressure**

PS-2114 PASPORT

The Relative Pressure Sensor measures gas pressure compared to atmospheric pressure, which is commonly known as gauge pressure. Includes quick connect tubing for a variety of pressure activities. The limited pressure range of the sensor provides excellent accuracy and resolution for measuring small pressure changes.



### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Heat Engine Cycles
- ▶ Measure pressure changes in a Venturi Tube
- ▶ Conduct air foil studies

### **Specifications**

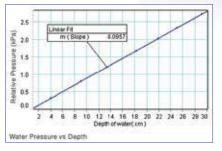
Range: 0 to 10 kPa Accuracy: ±0.1 kPa

Maximum Sample Rate: 20 Hz Resolution: 0.001 kPa Repeatability: 0.01 kPa

page 179.

Water Reservoir (ME-8594) is sold separately on

The graph below shows water pressure (relative) versus depth.



### Order Information

Relative Pressure Sensor......PS-2114

## **How to select the right Temperature Sensor/Probe**

Part #	Sensor	Interface	Purpose
CI-6605A	Temperature	550/850 interfaces or legacy 500/750 interfaces	Higher sample rates: maximum depends on the probe     General purpose for water/air from freezing to boiling
PS-2125	Temperature	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul><li>Maximum sample rate 10 Hz</li><li>General purpose for water/air from freezing to boiling</li></ul>
PS-2143	Quad Temperature	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	Use for measuring up to four temperatures at once (different depths in water as it is cooled to freezing)
	Temperature prob	es available for the abov	e sensors CI-6605A, PS-2125, PS-2143:
	PS-2135	Fast Response Temperature Probe	Small mass changes temperature quickly     For calorimetry
	PS-2131	Surface Temperature Probe	Attaches to skin or surfaces
	PS-2153	Stainless Steel Probe	<ul> <li>Sturdy for mixing</li> <li>-35°C to +135°C</li> <li>More mass means it changes temperature more slowly</li> </ul>
PS-3201	Wireless Temperature	No interface required	<ul> <li>Bluetooth 4.0 required</li> <li>Does not have interchangeable probes</li> <li>General purpose for water/air from freezing to boiling</li> </ul>
PS-2197	Non-Contact Temperature	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul> <li>-70°C to 380°C</li> <li>Measure radiation from surfaces without touching</li> </ul>
PS-2134	Type K Temperature	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul> <li>-200°C to +1,000°C</li> <li>Measure temperature of liquid nitrogen and flames</li> </ul>

### **Temperature**

CI-6605A ScienceWorkshop

Rugged sensor



PASCO's Stainless Steel Temperature Sensor offers a superior range, resolution and accuracy.

### **Specifications**

Temperature Range: -35°C to +135°C

Accuracy: ±0.5°C Resolution: 0.05°C

Pin Configuration: 8-pin DIN plug

#### Order Information

## **Temperature**



PASCO's Stainless Steel Temperature Sensor offers a superior range, resolution and accuracy. It reports temperature (in °C, °F, or K) whether it is immersed in liquids, held in the air, or touching a solid surface.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Conduct general temperature experiments
- ▶ Measure rapid temperature changes found in endothermic-exothermic reactions
- ▶ Conduct environmental studies

### **Specifications**

Range: -35°C to +135°C Accuracy: ±0.5°C Resolution: 0.0025°C

Maximum Sample Rate: 10 Hz

**Displays:** °C, K and °F **Repeatability:** 0.1°C

# Capstone graph showing the temperature inside a parked car on a summer day. We turned on the air conditioning when we drove to lunch.

300 pm

### Order Information

225

358

249

E 139

8 118

Temperature Sensor...... PS-2125

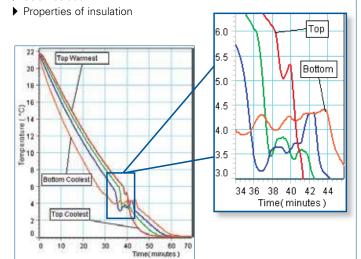
## **Quad Temperature**



Connect up to four Temperature Probes for an experiment. Use with any combination of Stainless Steel, Fast Response or Skin/Surface Temperature probes for a wider variety of temperature measurements in the classroom or in the field.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Thermal heat flow (one or two dimension)
- ▶ Comparative body temperatures
- ▶ Side-by-side chemical reactions
- Solar radiation



Four Fast Response Temperature Probes were used to study the temperature in a glass of water at four different levels as the water was cooled.

### **Specifications**

Accuracy: -35 to +135°C at ±0.5°C

**Displays:** °C, K and °F **Resolution:** 0.0025°C

Maximum Sample Rate: 100 Hz

#### **Includes**

- Two Stainless Steel Temperature Probes (PS-2153)
- Three Fast Response Probes

#### Order Information

Quad Temperature Sensor.....PS-2143

### Temperature Probes

### **Skin/Surface Temperature\***

PS-2131



- ► Flat sensing element ideal for surfaces
- Quickly reaches equilibrium temperature with surface

Range: -10 to +70°C

Make a temperature profile of the human hand.



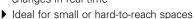
#### Order Information

Skin/Surface Temperature Probe\* ......PS-2131

### Fast Response Temperature Probe\* (3 pack)

PS-2135

 Accurately measures temperature changes in real time





Adhesive patches hold the Temperature Probe in place.

Range: -30 to +105°C





### Order Information

Fast Response Temperature Probe\* (3 pack).....PS-2135

### **Stainless Steel Temperature Probe\***

PS-2153

**Range:** -35 to +135°C



#### Order Information

Stainless Steel Temperature Probe\*......PS-2153

simporaturo ocitoor.......

Quad Temperature

p. 45

### **Wireless Temperature** Sensor

PS-3201



Welcome to the modern thermometer. Students can access instant temperature readings but also continuously monitor, log, and plot temperature data in SPARKvue on nearly any connected device. When classtime ends but the experiment continues, students can set the sensor to log data autonomously for days or weeks and then download the data for analysis.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Simplicity: just pair and go, no cables and adapters to manage
- ▶ Variable sampling rate for capturing small fast changes or experiments that run for hours, days, or weeks
- ▶ Features convenient Bluetooth® wireless connectivity and long-lasting coin cell
- ▶ Logs temperature data directly onto the sensor for long-term experiments.



The versatile Wireless Temperature Sensor works well, both in the lab and outside.



Easily compare the temperature in different environments. Works with SPARKvue and PASCO Capstone software.

#### **Specifications**

Range: -40°C to 125°C Resolution: 0.01°C Accuracy: 0.5°C Displays: °C, K, and °F Battery: Coin cell included

Logging: Yes Bluetooth: BT 4.0

#### Order Information

Wireless Temperature Sensor...... PS-3201

Recommended:

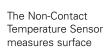
Coin Cell Battery Pack (US only)... PS-3504

### **Non-Contact Temperature**

PS-2197 PASPORT

Non-contact

▶ -70°C to 380°C



temperature by detecting the emitted infrared light. Record the temperature of objects without touching them!

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Compare temperature of hands, skin, face and clothes
- ▶ Measure the temperature of different outdoor ground surfaces
- ▶ Map the temperature profile of an exterior wall

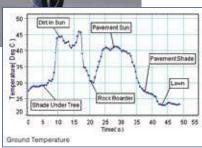
### **Specifications**

Range: -70°C to 380°C Accuracy: ±0.5°C

Response Time: Less than 0.1 s Maximum Sample Rate: 200 Hz

Field of View: ±35°





The student measures the late-morning ground temperature over four distinct surfaces. Starting in the shade under the distant tree, she then crosses bare dirt (in sun), a rock border, pavement, and lawn.

### **Order Information**

Non-Contact Temperature Sensor..... PS-2197

Shown in use with:

PASCO Capstone Software.....pp. 18-20

### **Type K Temperature**

PS-2134 PASPORT



The PS-2134 is a single channel sensor that uses the same Type K thermocouple probe as the PS-2127 shown on this page. Includes one Type K Thermocouple.

### **Typical Applications**

- Measure temperatures down to -200°C
- Measure temperatures in hard-to-reach places
- Use in high temperature applications where the narrow tip of the probe can be applied without burning the insulation cover (such as a candle flame)

### **Specifications**

Temperature Range: -200°C to +1000°C Maximum Sample Rate: 10 Hz Accuracy: ±3°C or 3%, whichever

is greater



The Type K Temperature Sensor can be used to measure the temperature of a flame. Works with any industry standard Type K thermocouple.

Type K Temperature	
Sensor	PS-2134
Replacement Supply:	
Type K Thermocouple	PS-2155

## How to select the right Light Sensor for you

Part #	Sensor	Interface	Purpose
CI-6504A	Light	550/850 interfaces or legacy 500/750 interfaces	<ul> <li>Higher sample rates up to 10 MHz (depends on interface)</li> <li>Good for measuring the AC fluctuation of fluorescent and incandescent light bulbs</li> </ul>
CI-6604	High Sensitivity	550/850 interfaces or legacy 500/750 interfaces	<ul> <li>Higher sample rates up to 10 MHz (depends on interface)</li> <li>Good for diffraction and atomic spectra</li> </ul>
PS-3213	Wireless Light	No interface required	<ul> <li>Bluetooth 4.0 required</li> <li>Good for light level experiments and color detection</li> <li>Maximum sample rate 250 Hz</li> <li>Not suitable for diffraction or atomic spectra</li> </ul>
PS-2176	High Sensitivity	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul> <li>Great dynamic range</li> <li>Good for diffraction and atomic spectra</li> <li>Less noise at slower sample rate</li> </ul>
PS-2148	Infrared	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	• For a lower price, use PS-3213 and get more functionality
PS-2150	Broad Spectrum	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	300 to 10,000 nm range     Required for the blackbody experiment

### Light

CI-6504A

### **ScienceWorkshop**



### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Compare light intensity vs. distance
- ▶ Study interference/diffraction/polarization
- Measure relative light intensities in daylight
- ▶ Monitor a solar eclipse

### **Specifications**

Sensing Element: Si PIN photodiode Spectral Response: 320 nm to 1100 nm Gain Levels: 100x, 10x, 1x, switch-selectable

Output Voltage: 0  $\lor$  to 5  $\lor$ 

Pin Configuration: 5-pin DIN plug on case

Maximum Light Intensity Levels (lux):

Gain Setting: 1x 10x 100x

Approximate Lux: 500 50 5

### Order Information

Light Sensor......CI-6504A

### **High Sensitivity Light**

CI-6604

### **ScienceWorkshop**



### **Typical Applications**

- Spectrophotometry
- ▶ Interference and Diffraction patterns
- Measure light intensity vs. distance

### **Specifications**

**Sensing Element:** Si PIN photodiode **Spectral Response:** 320 nm to 1100 nm **Gain Levels:** 100x, 10x, 1x, switch-selectable

Output Voltage:  $0 \ V$  to  $5 \ V$ 

Pin Configuration: 8-pin DIN plug on case

Maximum Light Intensity Levels (lux):

Gain Setting: 1x 10x 100x

Approximate Lux: 5 0.5 0.05

### Order Information

High Sensitivity Light Sensor......CI-6604

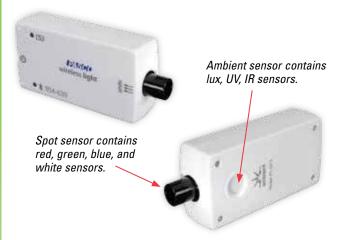
### **Wireless Light**

PS-3213



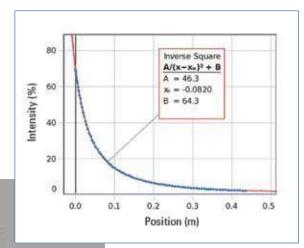
- ▶ Ambient lux
- Ultraviolet and infrared
- Detect RGB colors separately
- ▶ Bluetooth 4.0 Wireless
- New enhanced features measure PAR and irradient light!

This wireless sensor is four light sensors in one: It has UV and IR sensors, as well as light level in lux and individual detectors for red, green, and blue. The "spot" detector located inside the sensor tube consists of several very small light detectors: red, green, blue, and white. The "ambient" detector (located on the back side of the sensor) consists of three more detectors: ultraviolet, infrared, and a lux meter that sees light the way the human eye does.





Use the ultraviolet sensor on the back side to measure the amount of UVA and UVB radiation that makes it through sunglasses.



A quick way to show the Inverse Square Law of Light: Set a Wireless Light Sensor in a Wireless Smart Cart (ME-1241) and simply give the cart a push away from the Basic Optics Light Source (OS-8470). A plot of Light Intensity vs. Position recorded by the Smart Cart shows that the light drops off as one over the distance squared. The graph shown was made in PASCO Capstone.

### **Specifications**

Light Level Range: 0 to 131,000 lux

Ultraviolet Range: 300 nm to 400 nm (UVA and UVB)

FS-RCRI wireless smart cart

Infrared Range: 700 nm to 1050 nm

Maximum Sample Rate: 2 Hz (ambient); 20 Hz (spot)

Battery: Coin Cell Bluetooth 4.0 Datalogging: Yes

Wireless Light Sensor	. PS-3213	
Shown in use with:		
Basic Optics Light Source	. OS-8470	p. 256
Smart Cart (Blue)	. ME-1241	p. 98
PASCO Capstone	. pp. 18-20	-

### **High Sensitivity Light**

PS-2176 PASPORT

Ideal for low light experiments



The High Sensitivity Light Sensor is designed to perform visible light studies from low intensity spectral studies to daylight. Builtin automatic variable oversampling reduces

### **Typical Applications**

- Spectrophotometry
- Interference and Diffraction patterns
- ▶ Measure light intensity vs. distance

### **Specifications**

Sensing Element: Si PIN photodiode Spectral Response: 320 nm to 1100 nm Gain Levels: 10,000x, 100x, 1x,

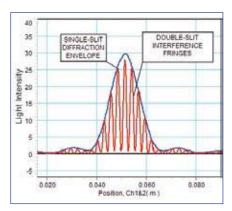
switch selectable

Approximate Lux Ranges: 0 to 1, 0 to 100,

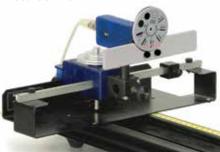
0 to 10,000

Maximum Sample Rate: 1000 Hz Resolution: ± 0.01 Lux at 1000 Hz on 0 to 100 scale; ± 0.0005 Lux at 5 Hz on

0 to 100 scale



Computer scan of a single-slit and double-slit having the same slit width.



#### Order Information

**High Sensitivity** Light Sensor......PS-2176

### **Infrared Light**

PS-2148

#### **PASPORT**



#### For heat studies

The Infrared Sensor is sensitive in the infrared portion (up to 40,000 nm) of the spectrum, but also detects the visible spectrum. It can detect the radiation from a person's hand. The response is linear over its entire frequency range.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Measure black body radiance
- Perform Leslie's Cube experiments
- Measure solar radiance
- Evaluate heat flow into or out of the sensor
- Simulate a non-contact temperature sensor

### **Specifications**

Measure intensity in Watts/Meter Maximum Sample Rate: 100 Hz Spectral Response: 580 to 40,000 nm Built-in thermistor to measure temperature of the "cold" side of the thermopile in °C, °F or K

### **Broad Spectrum Light**

PS-2150 PASPORT

- For use with Spectrophotometer
- Ideal for Black Body Spectrum



The Broad Spectrum Light Sensor is designed specifically for use with our Educational Spectrophotometer System OS-8539 and Prism Spectrophotometer Accessory OS-8543 for Black Body experiments. The Broad Spectrum Light Sensor uses a thermopile and window combination that respond to both the near infrared and visible light necessary for the Black Body experiment.

### **Typical Applications**

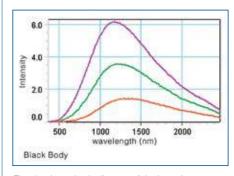
▶ Black Body Experiment

### **Specifications**

Sensing Element: BaF2 window, xenon gas-

filled thermopile

Spectral Response: 300 to 10,000 nm Maximum Sample Rate: 100 Hz



The classic textbook diagram of the intensity versus wavelength blackbody curves can be produced with real data. In this graph, the peak wavelength in the blackbody curve shifts as the source temperature is lowered. See page 290.



#### Order Information

Broad Spectrum

Light Sensor ......PS-2150

Infrared Light Sensor ......PS-2148

## **How to select the right Voltage and Current Sensor for you:**

Part #	Sensor	Interface	Purpose
UI-5100/ UI-5110 CI-6556	Voltage Current	550/850 interfaces or legacy 500/750 interfaces	• Higher sample rates up to 10 MHz (depends on interface)
UI-5100/ UI-5110 PS-2184	Voltage Current Probe	550/850 interfaces or legacy 500/750 interfaces	Higher sample rates up to 10 MHz (depends on interface)     Ideal for LRC circuits
PS-3211 PS-3212	Wireless Voltage Wireless Current	No interface required	<ul> <li>Bluetooth 4.0 required</li> <li>Having a wireless current sensor ends confusion about the path of the current in the circuit.</li> </ul>
PS-2115	Voltage/Current	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul> <li>Gives voltage and current in one sensor. However, sample rate is limited to 1000 Hz so is not the best for high frequency circuits.</li> </ul>
PS-2193	High Current	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul><li>Use when you need to measure high currents.</li><li>Limited to 1000 Hz.</li></ul>
PS-2160	Galvanometer	Any PASPORT interface, 550, or 850	<ul> <li>Use when you need to measure small currents or voltages.</li> <li>Limited to 1000 Hz.</li> </ul>

## For ScienceWorkshop 500 or 750 Interfaces:

### **Voltage**

UI-5100 ScienceWorkshop

UI-5110 (Shrouded) ScienceWorkshop

- For use with 500, 750, 850 and 550 interfaces
- > Standard banana plugs and alligator clips



This voltage sensor plugs into any analog channel on a ScienceWorkshop Interface, the 850 Universal Interface, and the 550 Universal Interface. The voltage range and frequency response depend on the interface. When the voltage sensor is plugged into either the 550 or 850 Universal Interface, the sensor is automatically recognized.

### **Specifications**

Voltage Range: ±20 V AC/DC (850 interface)

 $\pm 10\,\text{V}$  AC/DC (other than 850)

**Pin Configuration:** 8-pin DIN plug Probe ends are standard banana plugs. Two alligator clip adapters included.



Similar to the UI-5100 shown at left, but has shrouded banana jacks and shrouded alligator clips.

#### Order Information

Voltage Sensor ......UI-5100 Voltage Sensor (Shrouded)......UI-5110

### Current

CI-6556 ScienceWorkshop

- ▶ 1  $\Omega$  sensing resistor
- ▶ High sample rates



The Current Sensor determines the current through it by measuring the voltage across the internal 1.00  $\Omega$  resistor. Up to 1.5 A can be measured.

### **Specifications**

Maximum Current Input: 1.5 A\* Maximum Differential Voltage: 1.5 V\* Maximum Common Mode Voltage: 10 V Resolution: 5 mA (1X gain), 0.5 mA \*DC or AC RMS (root mean square)

### Order Information

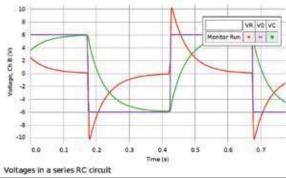
Current Sensor......CI-6556

For 550/850 Interfaces and for High Speed Sampling:

Voltage Sensor UI-5100/UI-5110 Current Probe PS-2184

When you're measuring voltage and current in AC circuits and need to sample fast, these sensors can sample as fast as 10 MHz on an 850 Universal Interface and up to 2 MHz on a 550 Universal Interface. The Voltage Sensors plug into the analog ports of these interfaces. The Current Probe is attached to the Voltage Sensor to measure the voltage drop across a precision 0.10  $\Omega$  resistor and outputs the resultant current calculation. Since the 850 Interface analog gain can be set to x1000, very small currents (0.024 mA resolution) can be read with the Current Probe.

The 850 Universal Interface can measure at a rate of 10 MHz on two channels simultaneously; 1 MHz on three or four channels simultaneously. The 550 Universal Interface has a maximum sample rate of 2 MHz on one channel; 1 MHz on two channels simultaneously.



The high speed of the 850 Universal Interface, in scope mode, allows the examination of time varying voltages in an RC circuit to verify that Kirchhoff's loop theorem holds even when voltage is not constant.

### **Voltage**

UI-5100 ScienceWorkshop

UI-5110 (Shrouded) ScienceWorkshop

- For use with 500, 750, 850 and 550 interfaces
- Standard banana plugs and alligator clips



This voltage sensor plugs into any analog channel on a ScienceWorkshop Interface, the 850 Universal Interface, and the 550 Universal Interface. The voltage range and frequency response depend on the interface. When the voltage sensor is plugged into either the 550 or 850 Universal Interface, the sensor is automatically recognized.

### **Specifications**

**Voltage Range:** ±20 V AC/DC (850 interface) ±10 V AC/DC (other than 850)

**Pin Configuration:** 8-pin DIN plug Probe ends are standard banana plugs. Two alligator clip adapters included.



Similar to the UI-5100 shown at left, but has shrouded banana jacks and shrouded alligator clips.

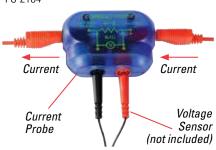
### Order Information

Voltage Sensor ......UI-5100 Voltage Sensor (Shrouded)......UI-5110

See page 22 for the complete information about PASPORT and ScienceWorkshop sensors.

### **Current Probe**

PS-2184



The PS-2184 attaches to any PASCO voltage sensor to allow the measurement of current between -4 A and +4 A. The probe contains a precision 0.10 ohm resistor and allows the precise measurement of the voltage drop across the resistor.

#### **Specifications**

Resistor: 0.10 Ohm, 3.0 W, 1.0%

Maximum Current: 4 A

Maximum Voltage Without Damage: 30 V

**Terminals:** 4 mm Banana Jacks **Maximum Sample Rate:** Depends on

interface

#### Order Information

Current Probe ...... PS-2184

### Wireless Current

PS-3212

This sensor's wide current range allows for introductory and advanced explorations of the fundamental concepts of electricity and basic circuits.







### **Features**

- **▶ Two Ranges:** ±1A, ±0.1A
- ▶ Resolution: 0.2mA (±1A range); 0.02mA (±0.1A range)
- ▶ Bluetooth® sampling rate of 1 kHz
- Higher speed sampling via USB
- Includes remote logging

### **Includes**

- Rechargeable battery and USB cable
- 1 red and 1 black shrouded, banana-to-alligator-clip test leads

### Order Information

Wireless Current Sensor ......PS-3212

### **Wireless Voltage**

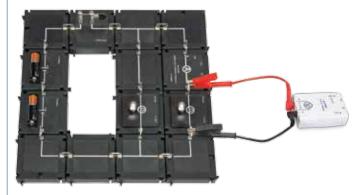


PS-3211



Explore energy and energy transformations with this sensor. Use it to:

- Measure the voltage of student-constructed batteries and see how chemical energy can turn into electrical energy.
- Look at renewable energy by connecting to a wind turbine.
- Track the flow of energy by creating simple circuits.





### **Features**

- **▶ Two Ranges:** ±15 V, ±5 V
- ▶ Resolution: 7mV (±15V range); 2mV (±5V range)
- ▶ Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> sampling rate of 1 kHz
- Higher speed sampling via USB
- Includes remote logging

### Includes

- Rechargeable battery and USB cable
- 1 red and 1 black shrouded, banana-to-alligator-clip test leads

### Order Information

Wireless Voltage Sensor.....PS-3211

### **Voltage/Current**

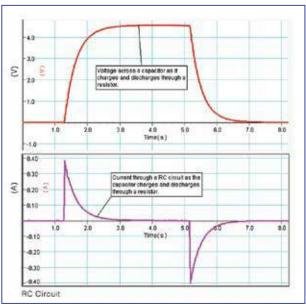
PS-2115 **PASPORT** 



The Voltage/Current Sensor combines both sensors in one case. This multi-measure probe uses only one connection so a single AirLink can be used. With overload protection, audible overload notification and automatic reset this sensor provides an ideal student measurement tool.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Study circuit properties for both series and parallel electrical circuits
- Study the relationship of voltage and current in series-parallel circuits (Ohm's Law)
- ▶ Measure power used by an electrical device (P = I \* V)
- Measure resistance of any circuit element (R = V / I)



Capacitor voltage is shown as it is charged and discharged. The lower graph shows current through the series RC Circuit.

#### **Specifications**

Voltage Range:  $\pm 10$  V, resolution of 0.005 volts Current Range:  $\pm 1$  A, resolution of 0.5 mA Current Channel Series Resistance: 0.6 ohms,

< 0.9 ohms at room temperature

Maximum Common Mode Voltage: 10 V
Maximum Sample Rate: 1000 samples/sec

Voltage Input Impedance:  $2 M\Omega$ 

#### Order Information

Voltage/Current Sensor	PS-2115
Recommended:	
Alligator Clip Adapters (set of 10)	EM-8634

### **High Current**

PS-2193 PASPORT

- ▶ 10 Amp
- Over-current LED



The High Current Sensor has a low (0.01  $\Omega$ ) resistance sensing element, can measure up to 10 A, and has an LED over-current indicator. Dynamic variable over-sampling greatly reduces the measurement noise at low sample rates.

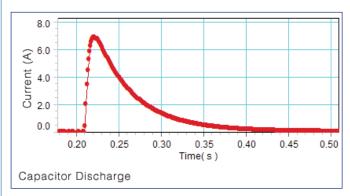
#### **Specifications**

Current Range:  $\pm$  10 A, resolution of 0.5 mA Sensing Element Series Resistance: 0.01  $\Omega$  Maximum Common Mode Voltage: 10 V

Maximum Continuous Current Without Damage: 12 A

Maximum Continuous Overvoltage Without Damage: ±40 V

Maximum Sample Rate: 1000 samples/second



The capacitor is charged with a power supply to 10 volts, and then discharged through the Air Core Solenoid. The graph of the data shows the effect of the coils inductance on the rise time of the current.



High Current Sensor	PS-2193	
Shown in use with:		
Capacitor (0.025 F) 2 pack	EM-8632	p. 217
Switch Set (SPST) 6 pack	EM-8815	p. 218
Air Core Solenoid	SE-7585	p. 226



The Galvanometer Sensor is designed to measure small voltages with high resolution. Dynamic variable over-sampling greatly reduces the measurement noise at low sampling rates. Shunt resistors are included to allow measurement of current.

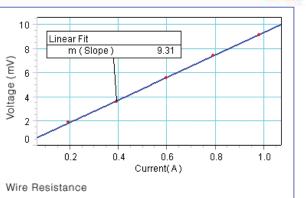
### **Specifications**

Voltage Range: ±2000 mV, resolution of 0.1 mV

Maximum Sample Rate:

5000 Hz with the 850 and 550 1000 Hz with other interfaces





Galvanometer Sensor can measure the voltage drop across a short piece of wire. A linear fit of voltage versus current yields the resistance of 0.0093  $\Omega$  for the wire.



### Order Information

## **Magnetic Field**

PS-2112
PASPORT

The Magnetic Field Sensor provides magnetic field measurement in a compact package. The sensor at the tip of the probe measures magnetic field strength along the axis of the probe.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Study the field strength of bar magnets and electromagnets
- Understand the field strength of a solenoid
- Measure the field strength of a Helmholtz coil

#### **Specifications**

Range: ±1000 gauss

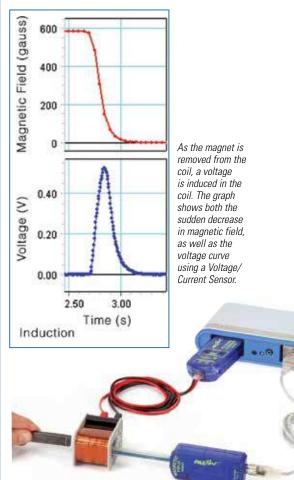
Accuracy: ±3 gauss or 5% of reading,

whichever is greater @ 25°C (after four minute warm-up)

Resolution: 0.1 gauss (0.01% full-scale)

Maximum Sample Rate: 20 Hz

Repeatability:~0.05%



#### Order Information

and Voltage/Current Sensor (PS-2115).

Magnetic Field Sensor (Digital).....PS-2112

SPARKlink Air (PS-2011), Coil (3200 turn) (SF-8613), Bar Magnet (EM-8620),

### **Magnetic Field**

CI-6520A ScienceWorkshop



- Measures radial or axial fields
- ▶ High sample rate

PASCO's Magnetic Field Sensor is sensitive enough to detect Earth's magnetic field.

Its application in the physics lab includes measuring and plotting fields in single or Helmholtz coils, solenoids, electromagnets and magnets.

#### **Features**

- Measures radial or axial fields: Two switch-selectable Hall Effect sensors measure either radial or axial fields.
- ▶ Tare button: Zeroing or nulling out existing fields is accomplished by pushing the Tare button.
- ▶ Three switchable ranges of sensitivity: Full scale ranges of 10, 100 and 1,000 gauss. Measurements from Earth's magnetic field to strong magnets.
- ▶ 7.5 cm probe: Sensors are mounted at the end of a fully encapsulated 7.5 cm long probe.

#### **Specifications**

### Sensitivity:

- ± 10 gauss, 50 mG resolution;
- ± 100 gauss, 50 mG resolution;
- ± 1000 gauss, 500 mG resolution

Measurement Modes: Axial and Radial

Probe Length: 7.5 cm

Pin Configuration: 8-Pin DIN plug on case

#### Order Information

Magnetic Field Sensor	CI-6520A
Recommended:	
Zero Gauss Chamber	EM-8652

### **Zero Gauss Chamber**

EM-8652



This double-walled, high permeability metal chamber produces a zero gauss field within the chamber. By placing the Magnetic Field Sensor probe into the chamber and pushing the "Tare" button, the sensor may be zeroed. Highly recommended for measurement of Earth's magnetic field.

### Order Information

Zero Gauss Chamber..... EM-8652

### 2-Axis Magnetic Field

PS-2162

### **PASPORT**



### Measures radial and axial fields

#### ▶ Tare button

Measure Radial and Axial Fields simultaneously. Dynamic variable over-sampling greatly reduces noise at low sample rates.

### **Typical Applications**

- Measure Earth's magnetic field.
- Measure magnetic field (magnitude and direction from a coil or a bar magnet).

#### **Specifications**

Range: ±1000 gauss

Accuracy: 5% of reading @ 25°C (after four minute warm-up and

Tare using Zero Gauss Chamber)

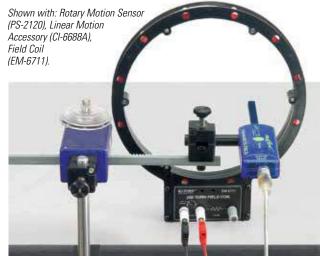
Resolution: 0.01 gauss @ 10 Hz

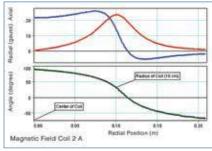
Maximum Sample Rate: 1000 Hz

Repeatability: 0.05%

#### Includes

- Sensor handle
- Sensor extension cable





Magnetic field is measured from the center out to twice the radius of the coil. The angle of the resultant field is calculated.

#### Order Information

2-Axis Magnetic Field Sensor	PS-2162
Recommended:	
Zero Gauss Chamber	EM-8652
Linear Accessory Kit	CI-6688A

p. 25

### Charge

PS-2132 PASPORT



The Charge Sensor is designed for experiments in electrostatics such as inductive charging, charge production/ distribution, and charge on a capacitor. The sensor features automatic scaling, eliminating the need for a gain switch. Designed with highly efficient input over-voltage protection, the Charge Sensor is virtually "blow-out" proof and will provide many years of use in the student lab.

When used with the Faraday Ice Pail, the Charge Sensor can measure the total charge on an object by the induction method.

The Charge Sensor can also be used as a high impedance voltmeter ( $10^{12}~\Omega$ ). It includes a 0.9 m shielded cable with alligator clips to eliminate stray fields.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Measure charge by induction
- Quantify the charge on a capacitor plate
- ▶ Discover the charge distribution on a conducting sphere

See pages 214-215 for additional applications.

### **Specifications**

Charge Range:  $\pm 0.1~\mu C$ Voltage Range:  $\pm 10~V$ Input Resistance:  $10^{12}~\Omega$ Maximum Input Voltage: 150~VMaximum Sample Rate: 100~Hz

Input Connector: BNC

Input Cable: 0.9 m length; shielded with

alligator termination



The Charge Sensor measures equal yet opposite charge on two objects.



### Order Information

Charge Sensor..... PS-2132

Recommended:

Faraday Ice Pail ...... ES-9042A p. 207

### **Basic Electrometer**

FS-9078A

► For 550/850 and ScienceWorkshop Interfaces

Direct Polarity Indication Centered zero scale shows both positive and negative charges. Signal Output To computer interface. Digital Readout Zero Button Range Connector Indicator for Shielded **LEDs** Input Cable On/Off Switch Grounding Jack

Range Adjustment Switch

Adjust the sensitivity to match the experiment.

The PASCO Basic Electrometer is a quantitative electroscope, measuring the polarity and magnitude of charged objects. With almost infinite input resistance (10<sup>14</sup> ohm), the Electrometer is a high-impedance voltmeter, draining almost no charge from the object it is measuring.

#### **Features**

- ▶ Center-Zero Meter: Polarity is indicated directly
- ▶ 3, 10, 30, and 100 VDC Switch-Selectable Ranges: LED lamps indicate the range in use.
- ▶ **Zeroing Switch:** For removing all charge from the input and bringing the meter to zero.
- ▶ Automatic Shutoff: Unit turns off about three hours after being used.
- ▶ Output compatible with the 850 Universal Interface and ScienceWorkshop Interfaces: For recording data or producing a demonstration-sized meter display.
- ▶ Battery Operation: Uses four "AA" cells (included). Range indicator lights flash when batteries need to be replaced.

#### Includes

- Shielded input cable to connect the Electrometer to the Faraday Ice Pail or other source of charge
- Grounding cable with clip
- Interface cable
- Instruction and experiment manual

### Order Information

Basic Electrometer.....ES-9078A

### **General Science Sensor**

PS-2168 PASPORT



Simultaneously measure temperature, light, sound level, and voltage. Great for a variety of general science explorations.

### **Specifications**

Temperature\*: -35°C to +135°C; ±0.5°C

\*Range is probe dependent.

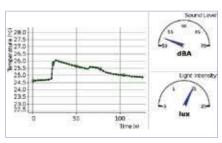
Light: 3 user selectable light ranges:

0 to 100; 0 to 10,000; 0 to 150,000 Lux

Sound Level: 50 to 100 dbA

Voltage:  $\pm 24 \ \lor$ 

Voltage Protection: up to 240 V Maximum Sample Rate: 200 Hz



Sensor has three selectable ranges for low, indoor, and outdoor measurements.

#### **Includes**

- Stainless Steel Temperature Probe
- Voltage Probe

General Science Sensor	PS-2168	
Recommended:		
Charge/Discharge		
Circuit	EM-8678A	p. 210

### **Sound Level**

PS-2109 PASPORT



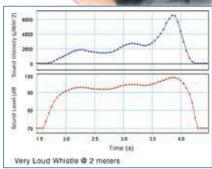
The Sound Level Sensor is designed to measure the intensity level of sound sources within proximity to the sensor. The sensor features three range switches to match the intensity range of the measured phenomena.

The sensor measures sound level in both the dBA and dBC scales. The dBC scale includes all frequencies incident on the Sound Level Sensor, whereas the dBA scale filters out some frequencies to more closely match

the frequency response of

the human ear.

The sensor also reports a measurement of sound intensity in µW/m2, which is calculated from the dBC measurement of the sound level.



Graph shows sound level from a loud whistle in both intensity (µWatts/m²) and in decibels. Notice the difference in scales.

### **Typical Applications**

- Explore sound levels outside the classroom
- Discover the logarithmic relationship between sound level and sound intensity

#### **Specifications**

Range: Sound Level Intensity

30 dB to 70 dB;  $10^{-3} \, \mu W/m^2$  to  $10 \, \mu W/m^2$  50 dB to 90 dB;  $1 \, \mu W/m^2$  to  $1000 \, \mu W/m^2$  70 dB to  $110 \, dB$ ;  $10 \, \mu W/m^2$  to

10,000 μW/m<sup>2</sup>

Max Sample Rate: 20 Hz

**Accuracy**: ±2 dB at 94 dB (1000 Hz)

Resolution: 0.1 dB

#### Order Information

Sound Level Sensor..... PS-2109

### Sound

CI-6506B

### **ScienceWorkshop**

Measures sound waveform



The Sound Sensor houses a sensitive microphone designed to display audio waveforms of sound levels between 45 and 100 dB.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Measure basic sound intensity
- Measure speed of sound measurement
- Measure beats
- ▶ Study the doppler effect
- Conduct voice studies
- Learn musical instrument overtones

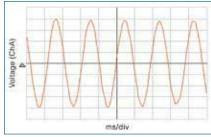
### **Specifications**

Frequency Response: 20 to 7,200 Hz Decibel Range: 45 to >100 dB Signal-to-Noise Ratio: < 60 dB Amplification: Two stages condition

low-level signals

Pin Configuration: 8-pin DIN plug on case





This oscilloscope display shows the sinusoidal nature of a "middle C" tuning fork (261 Hz).

### Order Information

Sound Sensor ...... CI-6506B

# Temperature/Sound Level/Light

PS-2140

**PASPORT** 



Launch students into an instant exploration of their environment! The Temperature/Sound Level/Light Sensor allows students to conduct all three measurements simultaneously and continuously. Add an optional Stainless Steel Temperature Probe (PS-2153) to conduct water studies.

### **Typical Applications**

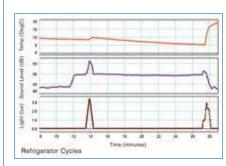
- Measure the temperature difference between the floor and ceiling
- ▶ Determine the light level on a sunny versus cloudy day
- ▶ Compare sound levels of students whispering, singing loudly or applauding

### **Specifications**

Temperature (internal) Range:

-10 to +50°C

Sound Level Range: 40 to 90 dBA Light Range: 0 to 5000 lux Maximum Sample Rate: 5 Hz



The temperature, light intensity, and sound level are simultaneously measured inside a refrigerator. Note the changes in measurements as the compressor starts and as the door is opened.

### Order Information

Temperature/Sound Level/Light Sensor......PS-2140 Recommended: Stainless Steel Temperature Probe......PS-2153

## Heater-Stirrer NEW



PS-3401



### The Heater-Stirrer is the new lab essential!

This compact heater-stirrer has a white ceramic top that is ideal for heating and for seeing color changes when mixing solutions. It has been designed to withstand spills. Its safety features include warning labels and indicator LEDs. And the included rod makes it easy to support sensors.

### When used as a heater:

This compact new Heater-Stirrer can boil water in minutes. The ceramic top provides an even heating surface and the indicator LEDs let you know when the top is hot.

### When used as a stirrer:

This new apparatus is great for mixing solutions. The white top makes color changes during titrations easy to see.



### **Specifications**

Speed range: 50-1500 rpm Plate diameter: 135 mm Max temperature: 310°C

### **Includes**

· Support rod.

Order Information

Heater-Stirrer ......PS-3401

### **High Accuracy Drop Counter**

PS-2117 PASPORT

At last, a professional Drop Counter can become part of your student lab. Our Drop Counter has a wider (18 x 13 mm) drop window for better drop detection and easier alignment with burettes. Works equally well with large or small, fast or slow drops. Easy calibration requires entering just one number into the computer. Includes a Micro Stir



Bar for use with our pH and Conductivity Probes (see previous page).

- Measures up to 40 drops per second with drops as small as 0.64 mm.
- Silicone rubber-sealed polypropylene is fluid resistant and protects sensor from mild acids and bases.
- Automatically recalibrates for maximum sensitivity each time the unit is turned on.

### **Typical Applications**

- Determine the equivalence point
- Simple count activities

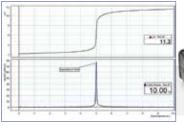
### **Specifications**

**Measures up to 40 drops** per second with drops as small as 0.5 mm. Silicone rubber-sealed polypropylene is fluid resistant and protects sensor from mild acids and bases.

Automatically recalibrates for maximum sensitivity each time the unit is turned on.

Holds up to three probes in a 150 mL beaker. LED drop indicator

IR filter rejects all visible light - not susceptible to variations in room lighting.





### Order Information

High Accuracy Drop Counter ...... PS-2117

### Micro Stir Bar

PS-2565

The Micro Stir Bar maintains a constant flow of solution over the end of the electrode, such as in the pH and conductivity probes. For use with a standard stir plate and cylindrical probes of about 13 mm diameter.

#### Order Information

Micro Stir Bar (set of 5).....



## Wireless pH Sensor

PS-3204

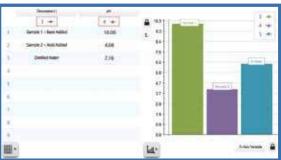






Here's the best tool for measuring pH since litmus paper. Students can quickly obtain accurate pH readings but also log data to their connected device and even program the sensor to collect data autonomously for hours or weeks. Use the sensor to study water quality, environmental monitoring, testing solutions, and chemical reactions.





With the Wireless pH Sensor, students can collect data anywhere!

Easily measure and compare the pH of common acids and

#### **Teaching Advantage**

- Simplicity: just pair and go, no cables and adapters to manage
- Compatible with ion-selective electrodes (ISE) and oxidation reduction probe (ORP)
- Features convenient Bluetooth® wireless connectivity and longlasting coin cell battery.
- Logs pH data directly onto the sensor for long-term experiments.

#### **Includes**

• 1 coin cell battery and a direct-connect pH probe with storage bottle.

### **Specifications**

**Range:** 0-14 pH Resolution: 0.02 pH Accuracy: +0.1 pH Battery: Coin cell included

Logging: Yes Bluetooth: BT 4.0

### Order Information

Wireless pH Sensor..... PS-3204 Recommended: Coin Cell Battery Pack

### **Flat pH Probe**

PS-3514



This pH probe gives you the freedom to measure what you want, where you want. Study pH levels in different kinds of foods, investigate the pH of common skin and hair care products, and easily collect pH data when doing soil analysis.



Soaker bottle

#### Order Information

Flat pH Probe	PS-3514
Requires:	
Wireless pH Sensor	PS-3204

Get even more measurements out of the Wireless pH Sensor by using these ORP or ISE electrodes.

### Oxidation Reduction **Potential Probe**

PS-3515

Cable



### **Probes and Electrodes**



Oxidation Reduction Potential Probe	PS-3515
Ion Selective Electrodes Ammonium	PS-3516
Carbon Dioxide	PS-3517
Calcium	PS-3518
Chloride	PS-3519
Potassium	PS-3520
Nitrate	PS-3521

# Wireless Colorimeter and Turbidity





PS-3215



The Wireless Colorimeter simultaneously measures the absorbance and transmittance of six different wavelengths. The sensor can be used to study enzyme activity, photosynthesis, and the rates of chemical reactions. By using the accessory cuvettes and a calibration standard, the colorimeter also functions as a turbidimeter for water quality analysis.

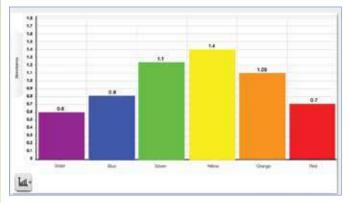
### **Specifications**

**Color detection/peak wavelengths detected:** 650 nm (red), 600 nm (orange), 570 nm (yellow), 550 nm (green), 500 nm (blue), 450 nm (violet)

Detector ranges: +25 nm from peak

Absorbance: 0-3 Abs units; useful range (0.05 -1.5 Abs)

Transmittance: 0-100% Turbidity range: 0-400 NTU Accuracy: +5% NTU



Measure the absorbance and transmittance of a solution at six different wavelengths... simultaneously!



#### **Includes**

- USB charging cable
- Cuvettes (9)
- Cuvette racks (2)
- 100 NTU calibration cuvette (1)

### Order Information

Wireless Colorimeter and Turbidity......PS-3215

### **Cuvette Rack**

SE-8777

A small rack that is used to hold the 3.5 mL cuvettes used with the PASCO Wireless Spectrometer and Wireless Colorimeter and Turbidity. Avoid spills and messes and help organize activities using multiple samples.



The cuvette holder is made of white plastic, holds 12 cuvettes, and the cuvette slots are shallow enough to allow users to see the color of the sample in the cuvette.

### Order Information

Cuvette Rack.....SE-8777

Chemistry

### **G-M Tube/Power Supply**

SN-7927A

ldeal general purpose nuclear sensor



The G-M Tube/Power Supply senses alpha, beta and gamma radiation. Power for the tube is supplied through the connection to an interface that supplies an operating voltage of +5 V.

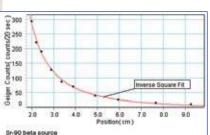
### **Specifications**

**Sensitivity:** Beta, Gamma, Alpha **Count Detection:** Audio signal

Window Thickness: 1.5 to 2 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>, mica Gas Filling: Neon, Argon and Halogen Starting/Operating Voltage for tube:

450 VDC/500 VDC **Dead Time**: 90 μs





The number of counts per time interval drops off as the distance between the detector and the radioactive source is increased.

The G-M Sensor can be attached directly to the rack on a Rotary Motion Sensor to measure (real-time) the count rate as a function of distance from the source.

### Order Information

### **Polarimeter**

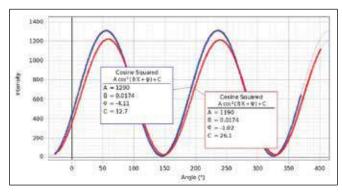
PS-2235

For Chromebook<sup>™</sup>, iPad<sup>®</sup> and computers

Measure the optical rotation of chiral compounds.

compounds.

PASCO's Polarimeter has both Bluetooth® and USB connectivity, so it works on your iPad®, Chromebook™, and computers. It is ideal for introductory Organic and Biochemistry experiments with chiral compounds. Plane polarized light is passed through a sample which contains a chiral compound, to an analyzer and a detector. The degree of optical rotation of the plane polarized light is based on the type and amount of sample present. Determine the concentration of a sugar solution based on the optical rotation of plane polarized light.



Determine the concentration of a sugar solution based on the optical rotation of plane polarized light.

#### **Specifications**

Bluetooth® and USB connectivity
589 nm LED light source

**Accuracy** =  $\pm 0.09^{\circ}$  optical rotation

SPARKvue- and Capstone-compatible Industry-standard, horizontal polarimeter

sample cell (100 mm)

### Order Information

Polarimetry Sample Cell Replacement ...... PS-2234

### Polarimetry Demonstration

Introduce the concept of polarimetry with this colorful demonstration. Fill one jar with water and the other with a sugar solution. Rotate the front polarizer to show the optical rotation.

### Order Information

Polarimetry Demonstration Required:



### Includes

- Polarimeter
- One Sample Cell



# Award-Winning Wireless Spectrometer



PS-2600

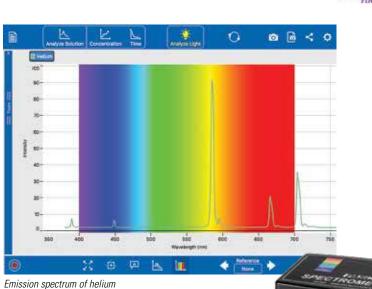
- For iPad<sup>®</sup>, Android<sup>™</sup> tablets, Chromebooks\* and computers
- Measure intensity, absorbance, transmittance, and fluorescence

\*Our list of compatible Chromebooks is rapidly expanding.











Perform these labs with the PASCO Spectrometer:

- Light intensity across the visible spectrum
- ▶ Emission spectra of light sources
- Match known spectra with references

### **Specifications**

Connectivity: Bluetooth and USB connectivity

**Resolution:** 2–3 nm FWHM **Range:** 380–950 nm

Optical resolution: 2 fluorescence excitation wavelengths at

405 nm and 500 nm

Light source: LED-boosted tungsten

#### Includes

- PASCO Spectrometer
- Spectrometry software
- 10 cuvettes



The PASCO Spectrometer comes with PASCO's FREE award-winning spectrometry software.

- ▶ Windows® and Mac® versions included with purchase.
- ▶ FREE app for iOS, Android, and Chrome\*
- ▶ Designed specifically for introductory spectrometry experiments.

### Order Information

Wireless Spectrometer (Bluetooth)......PS-2600

Required for External Light Sources:
Fiber Optics Cable......PS-2601 p. 272

<sup>\*</sup>See our ever-growing list of supported Chromebooks at pasco.com/spectrometry

## Wireless CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor

PS-3208



Use this wireless sensor to measure the concentration of CO2 gas in a closed system or open environment. Study core topics (including photosynthesis, respiration and carbon cycling) with this versatile probe. CO<sub>2</sub> data can be logged directly on the device for long-term life science and environmental science studies.





Directly compare separate controlled environments

### **Specifications**

Range: 0 to 100,000 ppm Resolution: 2 ppm

Connection: Bluetooth® 4.0 or USB Battery life: ≥18 hours of continuous use

Accuracy: 0 to 1k: ±100ppm 1 to 10k: ±5% of reading ±100 ppm 10k to 50k: ±10% of reading 50k to 100k: ±15% of reading

Warm-up time: 3 min

Response time: 90% in 30 sec

(See pasco.com for the latest specs.)

### **Includes**

- 250-ml sampling bottle
- USB charging cable

### Order Information

Wireless CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor.....PS-3208

### Dissolved CO<sub>2</sub> Waterproof Sleeve

PS-3545

The Wireless CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor can be equipped for aqueous measurements using this semipermeable sleeve. The sleeve is waterproof but allows CO2 gas to pass through the membrane, creating a headspace around the sensor. Monitor photosynthesis and respiration of aquatic plants or animals with the sample bottle or with other chambers. (Please note: Improper use will void sensor warranty.)

#### Includes

- Sleeves (5)
- O-rings (5)





### Order Information

Dissolved CO<sub>2</sub>

Waterproof Sleeve.....

### O<sub>2</sub> Gas

PS-2126A

### **PASPORT**



PASCO's Oxygen Gas Sensor accurately measures oxygen concentration in the atmosphere or in enclosed spaces, such as terrariums. The sensor's wide range (0-100%) means students can use it with any experiment or investigation. Use in combination with the CO<sub>2</sub> Gas Sensor to perform an even wider variety of environmental and physiology activities in the classroom or in the field.

### **Specifications**

Flow Range: 0 to 100% oxygen

concentration

**Accuracy:** ±1% (at constant temperature)

Resolution: 0.025%

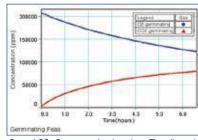
Maximum Sample Rate: 100 Hz Probe Shelf-life: Three years

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Measure the respiration of animals, insects or germinating seeds
- Study the catalase breakdown of hydrogen peroxide
- Monitor O<sub>2</sub> level changes during photosynthesis in a terrarium
- ▶ Study cellular respiration of yeast

#### **Special Features**

- Single point calibration requires just the touch of a button
- Automatic temperature compensation ensures consistent measurements
- Usable in any orientation



O<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> Concentration (ppm) vs. Time (hours)

### Order Information

02 Sensor ......PS-2126A

### **Ethanol Sensor**

PS-2194

### PASPORT



The PASPORT Ethanol Sensor measures the concentration of gaseous ethanol up to 3%. In biology and environmental science labs, students can learn about anaerobic respiration by measuring the production of ethanol by bacterial or yeast fermentation. Physics and chemistry students can begin to explore combustion and thermodynamics. Connect your students to the study of respiration and alternative energy sources with the PASPORT Ethanol Sensor.

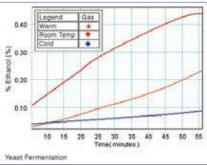
### **Specifications**

Accuracy: 20% of reading

Range: 0% to 3% gaseous ethanol



Students can vary environmental conditions such as temperature and determine the impact on the rate and type of cellular respiration taking place. In this example, as the temperature increases, the rate of ethanol production is also increasing.



#### Order Information

Ethanol Sensor ...... PS-2194 Shown in use with:

EcoChamber..... ME-6667 Magnetic Stirrer..... SE-7700

## **Optical Dissolved Oxygen**

PS-2196 PASPORT



The PASCO Optical Dissolved Oxygen Sensor makes it easier than ever before to measure dissolved oxygen in the field or lab environment. The luminescent technology has several advantages over galvanic DO sensors including;

- ▶ No flow dependency no stirring required
- No warm-up time
- ▶ No calibration required
- ► Low maintenance no filling solution and electrode polishing
- Built-in temperature and pressure compensation
- Ability to measure gaseous as well as dissolved oxygen

### **Specifications**

Cable Length: 3 m

Response Time: 90% in 25 sec Operating Temperature: 0–50°C Operating Pressure: 375–825 mmHg Range: 0–20 mg/L or 0–300% saturation

±0.6 mg/L or ±3.0% out of box

±0.1 mg/L or ±1.0%, whichever is greater

after calibration
Above 200% ± 10%

### Order Information

Optical Dissolved Oxygen Sensor......PS-2196

Recommended:

Optical Dissolved Oxygen Sensor Replacement Cap.......PS-2587

### Optical Dissolved Oxygen Sensor Metal Guard

PS-2588



#### Includes

• Stainless steel sleeve

### Order Information

Optical Dissolved Oxygen Sensor Metal Guard......PS-2588

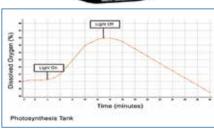
### **Photosynthesis Tank**

PS-2521B

- ▶ Measure O<sub>2</sub> production directly
- Control the environment of the aquatic plant
- Study changes in photosynthesis/ respiration rates

Typical experiments involving photosynthesis require students to infer photosynthetic rate changes by using chloroplasts and dye. Help students understand this concept more completely by directly measuring the production of oxygen.





Water in the outer tank is used to control large fluctuations in temperature when the light is used. Students can further their understanding of photosynthetic rates by adding dyes as colored filters.

#### **Includes**

- · Acrylic chamber
- Rubber stoppers



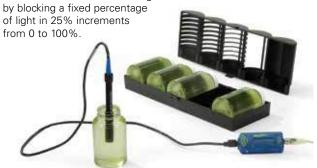
### Order Information

Photosynthesis Tank...... PS-2521B Shown in use with: Optical Dissolved Oxygen Sensor ...... PS-2196

## **Aquatic Productivity Bottles**

MF-6937

The Aquatic Productivity Bottles rest in a rack that provides consistent and reliable light control for quantitative aquatic productivity studies. The identical transparent bottles nest in each of five rack positions. The custom design of the rack shields the bottles from light



The Aquatic Productivity Bottles were completely filled with algae solution and the initial dissolved oxygen (DO) concentrations of the solutions were determined with a DO sensor. The bottles were then placed into the rack and the specially molded, light-varying lid was locked into place over the bottles. After 24 hours of incubation in fluorescent light, the bottles were removed from the rack and the DO concentration was again determined with a DO sensor. Using the initial and final (DO), students calculate Net Primary Productivity and Gross Primary Productivity.



Net Primary Productivity (mg/L) vs. Light Intensity (%): notice that for the bottle in the dark, the Net Productivity is negative.

#### Includes

- Plastic bottles w/lids (5)
- Case with slotted lid



#### Order Information

Aquatic Productivity Bottles	ME-6937
Shown in use with:	
Optical Dissolved Oxygen Sensor	PS-2196

### **Blood Pressure**

PS-2207 (Standard Cuff Size)

#### **PASPORT**

With PASCO's Blood Pressure Sensor students easily measure heart rate (bpm) and systolic and diastolic arterial blood pressure (mmHg). Students gain a greater understanding of the physiology of the circulatory system when they also learn about the physiology of blood pressure. The systolic and diastolic pressure provided in the digits display can be used by the student to verify their own determination of blood pressure from the graph.



A student "patient" remains still while another student uses the pump to increase the pressure in the cuff. The students observe the graph as the pressure in the cuff slowly decreases. On the digits display, students observe the patient's heart rate and systolic and diastolic blood pressure.

#### **Experiment ideas**

- Determine the effects of exercise on blood pressure and heart rate
- ▶ Explore the effects of body position on blood pressure and heart rate
- Compare the blood pressure and heart rate of students in the class

### **Includes**

- Blood Pressure Sensor
- Standard Arm Cuff
- Bladder
- Pressure Release Valve



### Order Information

Blood Pressure Sensor (Standard Cuff Size)......PS-2207

### **EKG**

PS-2111

**PASPORT** 



The EKG Sensor measures electrical signals produced by the heart. As cardiac muscle depolarization and repolarization occur, the EKG trace graphically illustrates the beating of the heart. The sensor comes with 100 self-adhesive conductive patches that are easily removed from the skin after use.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Generate a personal EKG graph
- ▶ Compare EKG graphs before and after mild exercise

### **Specifications**

**EKG Waveform:** 

Voltage: 0 to 4.5 mV Resolution: 4.5 μV Sample Rate: 50 to 200 samples per second (sps)

**Default Sample Rate:** 

200 samples per second (sps)

Heart Rate (Beats):

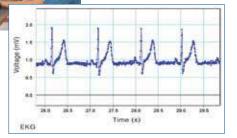
Range: 47 to 250 beats per minute (bpm)

**Resolution:** 1 beat per minute

(mad)



NOTE: The EKG Sensor has been designed for educational purposes only and is not suitable for medical diagnoses.





Additional EKG Electrode Patches (CI-6620) may be ordered separately.

### Order Information

### Wireless Exercise Heart Rate Sensor





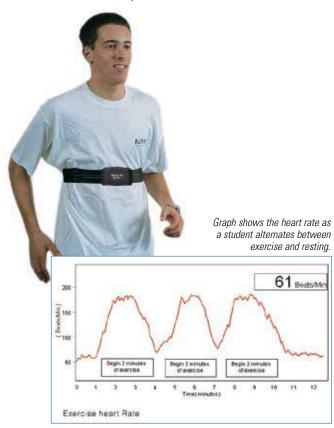
PS-3207



The Wireless Exercise Heart Rate Sensor has a chest strap and will transmit data wirelessly up to 10 m away! The electrode belt fits around the ribcage (worn against the skin for best results, but can be worn over a shirt if saline solution is applied under the electrodes) and wirelessly transmits the cardiac signal to the sensor.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Compare a student's heart rate before, during, and after exercise
- ▶ Calculate recovery rate after physical activity
- ▶ Determine the effects of mild stimulants (e.g. caffeine)
- Investigate how heart rate changes when a student sits, reclines, stands or moves suddenly



### Includes

- Bluetooth® Heart Rate Module
- Coin-cell battery (1)
- Chest strap (M-XXL)

#### Order Information

Wireless Exercise Heart Rate Sensor...... PS-3207

# Wireless Hand-Grip Heart Rate Sensor





PS-3206





Using the new wireless Hand-Grip Heart Rate Sensor, it's easier than ever before to conduct physiology labs on the cardiovascular system or homeostasis. Use this sensor for a quick and easy way to acquire wireless measurement for either continuous monitoring or initial vs. final data points.





#### Includes

- Hand-grips
- Bluetooth® Heart Rate Module
- Coin-cell battery (1)

### Order Information

Wireless Hand-Grip Heart Rate Sensor......PS-3206

### **Goniometer**

PS-2137 PASPORT

- Accurately measures joint movements
- Flexible mounting options



PASCO's Goniometer helps students better understand physics because they use their bodies as the experimental apparatus. The Goniometer can be connected to the knee, hip, or elbow joints to measure angle changes during a variety of movements. Measure the angular position, velocity, and acceleration for the arm or leg.

The PS-2137 includes one Angle Sensor

(PS-2139) and one Goniometer Probe with Velcro connection kit. To measure the motion of two joints simultaneously, simply purchase another Goniometer Probe separately.

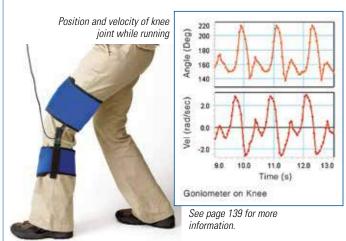
### **Specifications**

**Range**: 0 to 120°

Accuracy: 2% of measurement

Resolution: 0.25°

Maximum Sample Rate: 500 Hz



Developed in cooperation with Nancy Beverly, Assistant Professor of Physics at Mercy College, Dobbs Ferry, New York.

### Order Information

### **Angle Sensor**

PS-2139 PASPORT



The Angle Sensor measures angle by measuring resistance. It has two ports to accept two Goniometers (PS-2137) or the two probes in the joints of the Human Arm (PS-2611).

### Order Information

Angle Sensor .....PS-2139

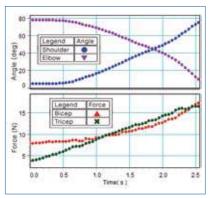
### **Human Arm Model**

PS-2611

### **PASPORT**



The Human Arm Model simulates the muscles and motion of an actual human arm. To activate the arm motion, students pull on the cord with a Force Sensor. Changes in position are measured at the shoulder and elbow using the two built-in potentiometers plugged into one Angle Sensor (PS-2139), included with PS-2611. Different arm muscles are activated depending on which pulleys are selected. Static force measurements can also be made to see how the muscle tension changes at various arm positions.



Angles and Forces During Extension: The upper graph shows the angles of the elbow (violet trace) and the shoulder (blue) as the arm is extended as shown in the picture below. Shown in the lower graph, the bicep tension (red) has little change at first and then rises sharply as the arm reaches out, while the tricep tension (green) rises steadily.



### Includes

- Human Arm Model
- Angle Sensor PS-2139

#### Order Information

Human Arm Model.... PS-2611

Required for force measurement:
Wireless Force Acceleration
Sensor (2) ......................... PS-3202 p. 2

### **Spirometer**

PS-2152



With our Spirometer Sensor students can measure airflow, duration, and lung volume. Disposable mouth pieces available for student safety.

### **Typical Applications**

- Compare a student's airflow before and after exercise
- Investigate the lung volume of athletes vs. non-athletes
- Compare smokers vs. non-smokers
- ▶ Conduct respiratory experiments
- ▶ Determine total lung capacity

### **Specifications**

Displays volume in liters
Minimal resistance to air flow
Bi-directional air flow
Sample Rate Range: 50 to 100 Hz



### Order Information

### **Breath Rate**

PS-2187

### **PASPORT**



The Breath Rate Sensor uses standard disposable dust masks and gives stable output even when exercising. Breath rate is measured by sensing the pressure changes inside the mask. Tubing from the sensor connects to the disposable pressure clips that fasten on the side of the mask.

### **Two Modes**

- One reading every breath
- Running average over last four breaths



A graph showing a student's breath rate before, during, and after exercise.

### Includes

- Sensor with Tubing
- Pressure Clips (10)
- Masks (10)



#### Order Information

Breath Rate Sensor..............PS-2187 Replacement Clips (10) .......PS-2568 Replacement Masks (10) ......PS-2567

### **Thermocline**

PS-2151

### PASPORT

At last, students can measure temperature as a function of depth in local streams and lakes. PASCO's Thermocline measures depth automatically — no need to read markings on a cable and enter data manually. Weighted housing provides depth measurement stability in fast-flowing streams.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Study thermoclines in fresh and salt water environments
- Create depth profiles for streams, small rivers, shorelines, and swimming pools
- Study ocean tides

### **Specifications**

#### Depth (pressure) -sensing element:

Range: 0 m to 10.5 m

**Accuracy:** 0.15 m (in fresh water after barometric pressure compensation)

Resolution: 0.03 m

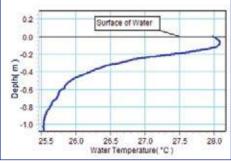
### Temperature-sensing element:

Range: 0°C to 100°C Accuracy: ±1.5°C

Maximum Sample Rate: 10 Hz



The temperature of the water in a pond is measured as a function of depth.



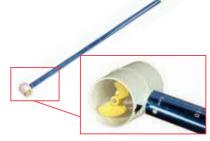
### Order Information

Thermocline Sensor ......PS-2151

Flow Rate/Temperature

PS-2130

#### **PASPORT**



PASCO's Flow Rate Sensor allows students to measure the rate of movement and temperature of streams, rivers, and other flowing systems. The propeller is a rugged, single-piece unit encased by protective material — no more losing pieces at the bottom of the stream.

### **Typical Applications**

- Determine sediment transport rate for a stream or other body of water
- Measure and compare flow rate at various locations in a stream
- ▶ Compare the characteristics of one stream to another

#### **Specifications**

Flow Range: 0 m/s to 3.5 m/s
Temperature Range: -10°C to 50°C
Maximum Length: 1.8 m (6 feet)
Telescoping handle to reach deep levels

Maximum Sample Rate: 20 Hz

#### **Special Features**

- ▶ Revolutions of a magnet on the submersible propeller are counted and converted to linear flow rate measurements in ft/sec or m/s. Students can use PASCO Capstone™ software to calculate volume discharge rates.
- Exclusive built-in temperature sensor conveniently measures temperature at the same point as flow rate.



Graph shows the flow rates at the top (green), middle (orange), and bottom (brown) of a stream.

### Order Information

Flow Rate/Temperature Sensor......PS-2130

### **Salinity**

PS-2195

### **PASPORT**

The PASPORT Salinity Sensor works with the 10X Salinity Sensor Probe to measure salinity, conductivity, and temperature. The sensor determines salinity based on electrical conductivity. The sensor has a built in calculation to compensate for the change in conductivity due to temperature change based on the



The Salinity Sensor measures the electric current through a solution between the two platinized platinum electrodes in the Salinity Sensor Probe. The current through the solution is due to the movement of ions, so the higher the concentration of ions in the solution, the higher its conductivity. A voltage (AC) is applied across the two electrodes in the tip of the probe and the measured current is proportional to the conductivity of the solution.

### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Explore the salinity of local water sources.
- Explore the interrelationship of salinity, temperature, and conductivity.
- Measure the change in the salinity of saltwater as the water evaporates.

### **Examples of Water Salinity**

Fresh water: <0.5 ppt Brackish water: 0.5 to 30 ppt Saline water: 30 to 50 ppt Ocean Water: 35 ppt

Brine: >50 ppt

#### **Specifications**

Measurement Ranges:

Conductivity: 1,000 to 100,000  $\mu S$ 

Temperature: 0 to 50°C

Salinity: 1 to 55 ppt ±1% (with calibration)

Sample Rate (maximum): 50 Hz

Temperature Compensation: ±0.5 ppt from 0 to 45°C at 33 ppt

Cell Constant: 10X

### Order Information

Salinity Sensor	PS-2195
Recommended:	
PASPORT Extension Cable	PS-2500

### **General Flow Sensor**

PS-2222





The General Flow Sensor determines fluid velocity in air or water by measuring the difference in pressure between the two input tubes. Either the Venturi Tube or the Pitot Tube must be connected to the General Flow Sensor. The type of fluid (air or water) being used is selectable in the software.

See pages 172-173 for more information.

### **Specifications**

Pressure Range: 0 to 50 kPa

Pressure Accuracy: ± 2.5% of Full Scale (0 to 85°C)

Resolution: 0.2% of Full Scale

**Venturi Range:** 0 to 84 gpm (water); 0 to 773 gpm (air) **Venturi Accuracy:**  $\pm$  2.1 gpm (water);  $\pm$  2.5 cf/min (air) **Pitot Range:** 0 to 9.98 m/s (water); 0 to 92.1 m/s (air)

### **Venturi Tube**

ME-2220



The Venturi Tube is made of clear PVC so the water can be seen flowing through it. The Venturi Tube is connected to the General Flow Sensor by the matching couplers. The Venturi Tube slip joints are designed to be glued into any 3/4" PVC pipe network.

### **Pitot Tube**

ME-2221



The Pitot Tube is designed to be placed in the air flow or water flowing in a channel. The General Flow Sensor, connected to the Pitot Tube, measures the fluid velocity from the pressure difference.

General Flow Sensor without Probes	PS-2222
Venturi Tube	
Pitot Tube	ME-2221
Required:	
PASPORT Interface	pp. 10-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
Also Available:	
General Flow Sensor with Venturi Tube	PS-2225
General Flow Sensor with Pitot Tube	PS-2226
Pressure Taps (set of 6)	ME-2224

# **EcoZone™ System** ME-6668 **EcoChamber** ME-6667

▶ Three interconnected EcoChambers (ME-6668) or one stand-alone EcoChamber (ME-6667)

 Designed for sensor-based measurements

PASCO's EcoZone System is designed to help students model and understand the complex interactions within, and among, different ecosystems. The three clear acrylic EcoChambers are specially designed to accommodate PASCO sensors, making qualitative and quantitative measurements as easy as observing.

With three interconnected chambers, students can model the interaction between three different ecosystems. Choose the traditional terrestrial, aquatic, and decomposition arrangement or create unique biomes to model and measure. Decouple the system for isolated investigations: how does the availability of light affect the ecosystem? Students can create two identical ecosystems and monitor one in light conditions and one in dark.

Cleanup is easy, and the chambers are durable enough to use again and again. The unique design of the PASCO EccZone System allows you to use your environmental science probes\* to actively measure a model ecosystem.

Keep the system closed during

how the ecosystem responds.

chemical testing - use the included

syringe to extract water. Or inject pollutants into the system and see

Opening connects the chambers and allows the interaction between the living and non-living components of each unique ecosystem.



The included cord efficiently wicks water between the chambers.

265mm

1.00

Observe the photosynthesis and respiration cycles of the simulated microclimate in the EcoZone and their effect on carbon dioxide.

Decomposition Chamber

Terrestrial Chamber

Aquatic Chamber



\*For more information on sensors and probes available for use with the EcoZone System, see **www.pasco.com/ecozone** and select the Order Information tab.

# ME-6668 includes

- Three individual EcoChambers with lids
- Custom tray for holding EcoChambers in a connected ecosystem
- Stoppers and connectors
- Cotton wick
- Syringe and plastic tubing



# ME-6667 includes

- Acrylic chamber
- 7 stoppers of various sizes
- 5 probe stoppers
- 20 cc calibrated syringe and
- Sample tube with connector

# Order Information

 EcoZone System
 ME-6668

 EcoChamber
 ME-6667



# **Wireless Weather Sensor with GPS**

S-3209



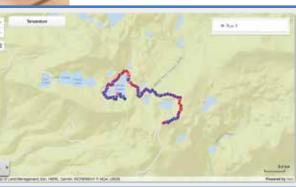
The Wireless Weather Sensor is an all-in-one instrument for monitoring environmental conditions. By incorporating several sensing elements into a single unit, the sensor provides up to **17 different measurements!** Use the sensor in logging mode with the Weather Vane Accessory for long-term monitoring, or use it as a hand-held instrument to study microclimates and record ambient conditions relevant to many biological and environmental phenomena.



# SON (I) IN STANK WITH GPS IS A STANK WITH GPS IN STANK WITH GPS IN

# Measurements

- 1. Ambient Temperature
- 2. Barometric Pressure
- 3. Wind Speed
- 4. Wind Direction (true)
  - 5. Relative Humidity
  - 6. Absolute Humidity
  - 7. Dew Point
  - 8. Windchill
  - 9. Heat Stress Index
- 10. Ambient Light (lux)
  11. UV Index
  - 12. Latitude
  - 13. Longitude
  - 14. Altitude
  - 15. Speed
  - 16. Magnetic Direction
  - 17. True Direction



This sensor can measure latitude, longitude, and other GPS functions!

p. 73

#### **Specifications**

Battery: Rechargeable

Water-resistance: IP-64 splash-proof

(Please see pasco.com for detailed specifications.)

# Includes

• USB charging cable

# Order Information

Wireless Weather Sensor with GPS ......PS-3209

Suggested:

Weather Vane Accessory ......PS-3533

(Tripod and weather vane not included.)

# Weather Vane Accessory



Equip your Wireless Weather Sensor for extended environmental monitoring with the Weather Vane Accessory. Once deployed the sensor will freely rotate to capture wind speed and direction, whether you are monitoring data in real time or using the sensor in logging mode to capture hours (or days!) of data for later analysis.



# Includes

- Tripod
- Tripod adapter
- Weather vane

# Order Information

Weather Vane Accessory ...... PS-3553

# **Soil Moisture**

PS-2163 PASPORT

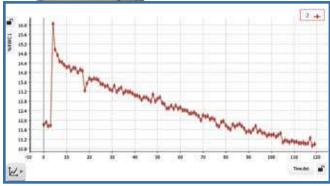


The Soil Moisture Sensor measures the water content of soil and reports it in percent. It can be used to conduct experiments in environmental science, agricultural science, horticulture, and biology.

# **Typical Applications**

- Measure the loss of soil moisture over time due to evaporation and plant uptake
- Evaluate optimum soil moisture contents for various species of plants
- Monitor soil moisture content to control irrigation in greenhouses





Soil moisture data over time shows evaporation.

# **Specifications**

Sensor Range: 0 to 45% volumetric water content in soil

**Sensor Probe Length:** 5.5 cm **Sensor Probe Cable Length:** 5 m

Accuracy: ±4% Resolution: 0.1% Power: 3 mA at 5 V DC

Operating Temperature: -40 to 60°C

Default Sample Rate: 10 samples per second

#### Order Information

Soil Moisture Sensor......PS-2163

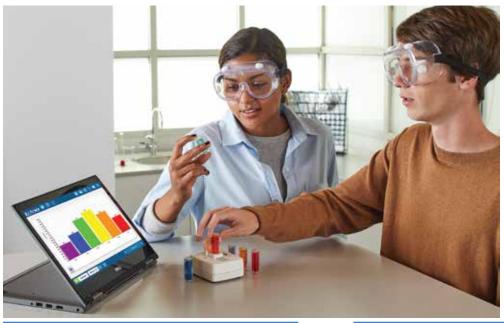


# **Wireless Colorimeter and Turbidity**

S-3215

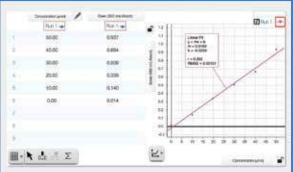


The Wireless Colorimeter simultaneously measures the absorbance and transmittance of six different wavelengths. The sensor can be used to study enzyme activity, photosynthesis, and the rates of chemical reactions. By using the accessory cuvettes and a calibration standard, the colorimeter also functions as a turbidimeter for water quality analysis.

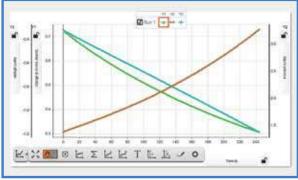




Measure the absorbance and transmittance of a solution at six different wavelengths... simultaneously!



Create Beer's Law plots to help students understand the relationship between absorbance and concentration.



Graphically analyze how a reaction changes over time.

## **Specifications**

**Color detection/peak wavelengths detected:** 650 nm (red), 600 nm (orange), 570 nm (yellow), 550 nm (green), 500 nm (blue), 450 nm (violet)

Detector ranges: ±25 nm from peak

Absorbance: 0-3 Abs units; useful range (0.05 -1.5 Abs)

Transmittance: 0-100% Turbidity range: 0-400 NTU Accuracy: +5% NTU

#### **Includes**

- USB charging cable
- Cuvettes (9)
- 100 NTU Calibration Cuvette (1)
- Cuvette racks (2)

Wireless Colorimeter and Turbidity Sensor	PS-3215
Also available:	
Turbidity Sensor	PS-2122
Replacement Cuvettes/Caps (6 each)	SE-8739
100 NTU Cal Standard	PS-2511
Cuvette Rack	SE-8777

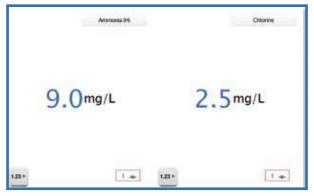
# **Water Quality Colorimeter**

PS-2179

# **PASPORT**

This PASPORT Water Quality Colorimeter is designed specifically to support chemical analysis of water samples using PASCO's ezSample Snap Vial water quality test kits.

Complete with built-in calibration curves to determine the concentration of ions in the solution for the ions listed on this page. Simple to use in the field and students avoid direct contact with chemicals!



Iron concentration using ezSample Snap Vial and Water Quality Colorimeter.

# **Specifications**

# Measurable Ranges:

ezSample Snap Vials (Colorimetric)

Iron 0 to 7 mg/l Nitrate 0 to 2 mg/l Ammonia 0 to 3 mg/l Phosphate 0 to 8 mg/l Chlorine 0 to 6 mg/l

ezSample Field Titrators

Total Hardness 20 to 200 mg/l  $CO_2$ 10 to 100 mg/l Alkalinity 10 to 100 mg/l Operating Temperature:  $0^{\circ}$  to  $40^{\circ}$ C

# Order Information

Water Quality Colorimeter	PS-2179
Iron	E7 2221
Nitrate	EZ-2333B
Ammonium	EZ-2334A
Phosphate	EZ-2337
Chlorine	EZ-2339A
ezSample Field Titrators	
Total Hardness	EZ-2338
CO <sub>2</sub>	EZ-2341
Alkalinity	F7-2340

# **Wireless Conductivity**





Use the Wireless Conductivity Sensor to measure the electrical conductivity of a water solution. With this wireless sensor you can investigate the properties of solutions, as well as model and measure water quality.

#### **Features**

- Measure both conductivity and total dissolved solids
- ▶ Automatic temperature compensation
- ▶ Dust- and sand-proof and water-resistant
- ▶ Battery life >1 year





#### **Includes**

• 1 coin cell battery

# Order Information

Wireless Conductivity ...... PS-3210

# **850 Comprehensive Physics System**

UI-5800B

# Designed for the 850 Universal Interface and PASCO Capstone™ Software

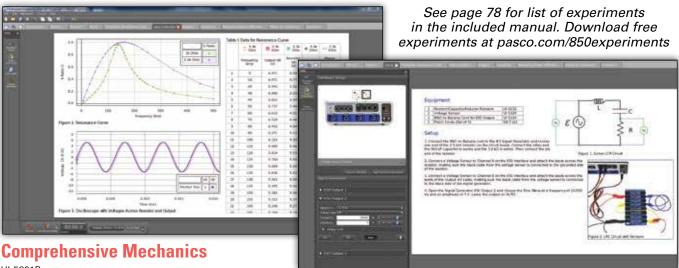
The 850 Comprehensive Physics System consists of 83 experiments and all the equipment and sensors needed to perform these experiments. The experiments span the topics of mechanics, waves, optics, thermodynamics, and electromagnetism (see page 78 for a complete list of experiments). The equipment and sensor bundles for the three subject areas are shown on these two pages.

The included experiment manual contains instructions written in Word®, a PASCO Capstone electronic workbook, and sample data.

NOTE: The 850 Universal Interface (UI-5000) must be purchased separately.

The key to a successful lab is a PASCO Capstone electronic workbook. These workbooks have step-by-step instructions with live embedded displays such as graphs, FFTs, oscilloscopes, and meters. They contain the theory, experiment set-up, procedure, data analysis, and questions designed to get the students to think about their results.

These electronic workbooks can be easily modified by teachers to fit their individual needs.



UI-5801B

(Component of the 850 Comprehensive System UI-5800B)

# **UI-5801B Includes**

OI-2001D	includes
Part No.	Description
ME-6622	Force Bracket
CI-6691	Mini Rotational Accessory
ME-6743	Cart Adapter
ME-6755	Compact Cart Mass (2)
ME-6806	Pi Set
ME-6810	Time-of-Flight Accessory
ME-6821A	Photogate Mounting Bracket
ME-6825A	Mini Projectile Launcher
ME-6828	Magnetic Damping Accessory
ME-6829	Mini Launcher Ballistic Pendulum Accessory
ME-6843	Spring Cart Launcher
ME-6950	PAScar (Set of 2)
ME-6977	Super Fan Cart
ME-8569	Density Set

IVIE-8569	Density Set		
ME-8574	Discover Friction Accessory		_
ME-8735	Large Rod Base	Part No.	Description
ME-8736	Rod, stainless steel, 45 cm	ME-9506	Pendulum Clamp
ME-8738	Rod, stainless steel, 90 cm	ME-9507	Multi Clamp (2)
ME-8933	Smart Timer Picket Fences (2)	ME-9595	Car Sail
ME-8971	Endstops (Set of 2)	ME-9781	Variable Speed Motorized Cart
ME-8972	Track Feet (Set of 2)	ME-9821	Centripetal Force Pendulum
ME-8979	Mass and Hanger Set	PS-2103A	Motion Sensor (2)
ME-8998	Elastic Bumper	PS-2136A	3-Axis Acceleration/Altimeter
ME-8999	Dynamics Track Spring Set (12)	PS-2120	Rotary Motion Sensor
ME-9377A	Picket Fence	PS-2189	High Resolution Force Sensor (2)
ME-9436	Pivot Clamp	SA-9242	Pulley Mounting Rod
ME-9472	Large Table Clamp	SE-7347	No Bounce Pad
ME-9493	1.2 m Dynamics Track	SE-8050	String, spool
ME-9498A	PASCO Photogate Head (2)	UI-5813	Comprehensive 850 Experiment Manual

# Order Information

850 Comprehensive Physics SystemUI-5800B	
Required: 850 Universal	
InterfaceUI-5000	pp. 12-13
PASCO Capstone™ Software	.pp. 18-20

# Want Mechanics Only?

850 Comprehensive	
MechanicsUI-5801	В

# **Comprehensive Waves, Optics, and Thermodynamics**

UI-5802 (Component of the 850 Comprehensive System UI-5800B)



# **Comprehensive Electromagnetism**

UI-5803 (Component of the 850 Comprehensive System UI-5800B)



See page 78 for list of experiments in the included manual.

# **UI-5802 Includes**

Part No.	Description
CI-6506B	Sound Sensor
ET-8499	ET Calorimeter
OS-8453	High-Precision Diffraction Slits
OS-8458	Green Laser
OS-8495	Color Mixer Accessory Kit
OS-8496	Color Mixer
OS-8515C	Basic Optics System
OS-8525A	Red Laser
OS-8533A	Polarization Analyzer
OS-8535	Linear Translator
OS-8494	Adjustable Focal Length Lens
PS-2107	Absolute Pressure
PS-2143	Quad Temp
PS-2176	High Sensitivity Light Sensor
SE-7345	Resonance Box Set
SE-9750	Red Patch Cords
TD-8570	Radiation Cans
TD-8595	Absolute Zero Apparatus
TD-8596A	Ideal Gas Law Apparatus
WA-9495	Economy Resonance Tube
WA-9857	String Vibrator
WA-9900	Open Speaker

The experiments for this section require some of the components of the 850 Comprehensive Mechanics UI-5801B.

# See page 78 for manual. Download free experiments at pasco.com/850experiments

# UI-5803 Includes

0.0000	morados		
Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
EM-8620	Bar Magnets (pair)	SE-7123	Short Patch Cords
EM-8652	Zero Gauss Chamber	SE-8680	Plotting Compasses
EM-8656	AC/DC Electronics Laboratory	SF-8619	Dip Needle
ES-9080B	Electrostatics System	UI-5100	Voltage Sensors (4)
PK-9023	Field Mapper Kit	UI-5119	BNC Funct. Gen Cables
PS-2184	Current Probes (2)	UI-5210	Circuit Board
PS-2162	Mag Field Sensor 2-axis		

The experiments for this section require some of the components of the 850 Comprehensive Mechanics UI-5801B.

# Comprehensive 850 Physics System (UI-5800B) Includes

- ▶ Comprehensive Mechanics UI-5801B
- ▶ Comprehensive Waves, Optics, and Thermodynamics UI-5802
- ▶ Comprehensive Electromagnetism UI-5803

850 Comprehensive Phys	ics System	UI-5800B	
Required:			
850 Universal Interface		UI-5000	pp. 12-13
PASCO Capstone Softwa	re		. pp. 18-20
Also Available Separatel	y:		
850 Comprehensive Mecl	nanics	UI-5801B	
850 Comprehensive Wave	es, Optics, and		
Thermodynamics		UI-5802	
850 Comprehensive Elect	romagnetism	UI-5803	
850 Comprehensive Phys	ics System Manual	UI-5813	

# Comprehensive Physics Systems

# **Comprehensive 850 Physics System Experiment Manual**

UI-5813

See pages 76-77 for the equipment bundles needed for these experiments.

Included with the Comprehensive 850 Physics System are 87 experiments on a flash drive, each with a PASCO

> Capstone electronic workbook for the students, another workbook with sample data, and a Microsoft Word® document.

# Comprehensive 850 Physics System Experiment List

# Mechanics (49 Experiments)

- Introduction to Measurement
- Uncertainty and Error Analysis
- Relative Motion in One Dimension
- Match Graph: Position and Velocity vs. Time
- Instantaneous and Average Speed
- · Position and Velocity
- Velocity and Acceleration
- Equations of Motion
- · Acceleration of a Freely Falling Ball
- · Acceleration of a Freely Falling Picket Fence
- · Acceleration: on an Incline
- Projectile Motion
- Projectile Motion Against a Wall
- Newton's First Law No Net Force
- Newton's Second Law
- Force and Acceleration
- Inertia and Newton's Second Law
- Newton's Third Law
- · External Forces and Newton's Third Law
- · Atwood's Machine
- · Acceleration up an Inclined Plane
- Static Equilibrium

- · Coefficients of Static and Sliding Friction
- · Friction and Newton's Laws
- · Magnetic Drag • Terminal Velocity for
- Objects of Different Surface Areas and Masses
- Centripetal Force on a Pendulum
- · Conservation of Energy on an Inclined Plane
- · Gravitational Potential Energy
- · Hooke's Law and Elastic Potential Energy
- Conservation of Energy for a Simple Pendulum
- · Work-Energy Theorem
- Conservation of Momentum in Collisions
- Impulse and Change in Momentum
- Ballistic Pendulum
- · Newton's Second Law for Rotation
- · Rotational Inertia
- · Rotational Kinetic Energy
- · Conservation of Angular Momentum

- Simple Harmonic Motion Mass on a Spring
- · Oscillations of Cart and Springs
- Oscillation Equations of Motion
- Driven Harmonic Motion Mass on a Spring
- Physical Pendulum
- Period of a Large Amplitude Pendulum
- Variable-g Pendulum
- Physical Pendulum Minimum Period
- Archimedes' Principle Buoyant Force

# Waves, Optics, and Thermodynamics (22 Experiments)

- Heat and Temperature
- Transfer of Energy by Radiation
- Specific Heat
- Electrical Equivalent of Heat
- Boyle's Law: P and V of a Gas at Constant T
- Absolute Zero
- Behavior and Characteristics of Sound Waves
- Standing Waves on a String
- Resonant Modes of Sound in a Tube
- · Speed of Sound in Air
- Superposition of Sound Waves
- Interference of Sound Waves
- Shadow and Color in Light
- Object and Image Distances for a Thin Lens
- Reflection and Refraction
- Focal Length of a Concave Mirror
- Optical Instruments: Telescope and Microscope
- · Variation of Light Intensity
- Light Intensity versus Distance
- · Polarization: Verify Malus' Law
- · Brewster's Angle
- · Diffraction of Light

# **Electromagnetism** (16 Experiments)

- · Electrostatic Charges
- · Electric Field Mapping
- · Ohm's Law
- Series/Parallel Circuits
- Kirchhoff's Laws: Resistors in Series and Parallel
- Capacitance
- RC Circuit
- · Resonant Frequency of an LRC Circuit

- General Properties of Diodes
- · Build a Rectifier
- Transistor 1 The NPN Transistor as a Digital Switch
- Transistor 2 Measure the Current Gain
- · Earth's Magnetic Field
- · Magnetic Field Mapping
- Induction Magnet Through a Coil
- Magnetic Field in a Current-Carrying Coil

This manual is included in both the 850 Comprehensive Physics System UI-5800 and the 850 Comprehensive Mechanics System UI-5801.

# Download free experiments at pasco.com/850experiments

# Order Information

Comprehensive 850 Physics System

Experiment Manual (Flash Drive)......UI-5813

Word® files, PASCO Capstone files, and graphics are supplied on a flash drive.

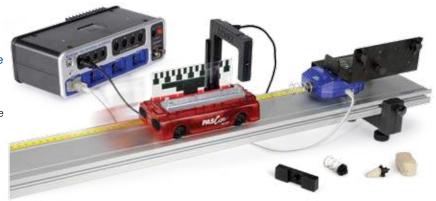
# **850 Mechanics System** (includes 850 Universal Interface)

UI-5820

- Integrates probeware and physics equipment
- Includes 850 Universal Interface
- Perform a wide variety of mechanics experiments

When used together, PASCO's probeware and physics apparatus can help students learn the major concepts of mechanics more effectively. The Mechanics 850 System includes the 850 and equipment required to perform a wide variety of mechanics experiments.

The new manual consists of 10 PASCO Capstone electronic workbooks with complete experiments that take full advantage of the components of this system. Sample data files are included.



# **Impulse Experiment**

Measure the force as a function of time as the cart hits the spring and also measure the change in momentum using the photogate.

# Ten Experiments Included in Manual (UI-5821)

Title Purpose		Sensors Used
Acceleration Down an Incline	Discover how the acceleration of an object down an incline depends on the angle of incline. Measure the acceleration due to gravity.	Photogate with picket fence
Newton's Second Law	Verify Newton's Second Law by varying the applied force and the mass.	Motion Sensor
Kinetic Friction I	Measure the kinetic coefficient of friction.	Motion Sensor
Kinetic Friction II	Study how the coefficient of kinetic friction depends on the velocity, acceleration, surface area, and weight of the object.	Photogate with pulley
Impulse and Momentum	Measure the impact force of a cart and compare the impulse to its change in momentum.	Force Sensor/ photogate
Conservation of Momentum in Explosions	Verify that momentum is conserved for two carts pushing off from each other.	Two photogates with picket fences
Conservation of Momentum in Inelastic Collisions	Verify that momentum is conserved in inelastic collisions and that kinetic energy is not conserved.	Two photogates with picket fences
Conservation of Momentum in Elastic Collisions	Verify that momentum is conserved in elastic collisions.	Two photogates with picket fences
Conservation of Energy	Show spring potential change into kinetic energy.	Motion Sensor/ photogate with picket fence
Simple Harmonic Motion	Measure the period of oscillation of a spring and mass system and compare it to the theoretical value. Evaluate the effect of changing the mass and spring constants.	Photogate and flag



# UI-5820 Includes

0.	JOEO IIIOIGC	103	
1.	UI-5000	850 Universal Interface	p. 11
2.	PS-2189	High Resolution Force Sensor	p. 31
3.	PS-2103A	Motion Sensor	p. 26
4.	ME-9471A	Photogates and Fences	p. 40
5.	ME-8574	Discover Friction Accessory	p. 111
6.	ME-9429B	1.2 m Classic Dynamics System	p. 96
7.	ME-6622	Force Bracket	p. 30
8.	ME-8979	Mass and Hanger Set	p. 187
9.	ME-9491	Fan Accessory	p. 107
10.	UI-5821	Lab Manual (not shown)	

850 Mechanics System	UI-5820
Required:	
PASCO Capstone™ Software	pp. 18-20

# Advanced Physics through Inquiry 1 Experiment Guide

PS-2848

# This experiment guide covers the new standards for College Board Advanced Placement Physics 1.

- ▶ Every lab is based on the College Board Learning Objectives.
- ▶ Data Analysis and Assessment Questions are designed to prepare students for the AP® Physics 1 exam.
- ▶ Every lab employs the same strategies found in free response questions on the AP® exam.
- Includes editable student handouts.

# Prepare your students for inquiry investigations in the physics lab. Each lab is presented three ways:

Structured

▶ Guided inquiry

▶ Student designed

You decide which level of inquiry is appropriate for each lab.

# Each lab includes teacher resources

- Pre-lab discussion and questions
- Procedural overview
- ▶ Teacher tips
- ▶ Sample data
- Assessment and synthesis questions
- Extended inquiry suggestions

ADVANCE THROUGH IN	ED PHYSICS 1	
ADVANCE THROUGH IN	To all	DAME.

# Order Information

**SENSORS** 

Advanced Physics through Inquiry 1 Experiment Guide......PS-2848

**ALIGNMENT** 

ļ	ADV PHYSICS 1 EXPERIMENTS	Motion	High Resolution Force	Smart Gate	Rotary Motion	Voltage/Current	IB Standards*	AP Standards**
1.	Graphical Analysis: Motion	•					2.1	3.A.1
2.	Newton's Second Law						2.2	3.B.1, 3.B.2
3.	Atwood's Machine			•			2.2	3.B.1
4.	Coefficients of Friction						2.2	3.C.4
5.	Two Dimensional Motion: Projectiles			•			1.3, 2.1	3.E.1
6.	Conservation of Mechanical Energy			•			2.3	5.B.4
7.	Work and Kinetic Energy			•			2.3	4.C.2
8.	Conservation of Momentum						2.4	5.D.2
9.	Momentum and Impulse						2.4	3.D.2
10.	Rotational Dynamics						B.1	3.F.2, 3.A.1
11.	Rotational Statics						B.1	3.F.1
12.	Periodic Motion: Mass and Spring						4.1, 9.1	3.B.3
13.	Simple Pendulum						4.1, 9.1	3.B.3
14.	Resonance and Standing Waves						B.4	6.3.D, 6.3.4
15.	DC Circuits					•	5.1-5.3	1.B.1, 5.B.9, 5.C.3

<sup>\*</sup> IB is a registered trademark of the International Baccalaureate Organization, which was not involved in the production of, and does not endorse, this product. \*\* AP is a trademark registered and/or owned by the College Board, which was not involved in the production of, and does not endorse, this product.

# Each experiment guide includes video support!

How-to videos are included with the manual, on the PASCO web site and on YouTube, and can be installed on your own computers.



Try It!



# **Advanced Physics I Starter Bundle**

PS-2815



1.       ME-6950       PAScar (Set of 2)       1         2.       ME-8574       Discover Friction Accessory       1         3.       ME-8752       Photogate Pendulum Set       1         4.       ME-8971       Dynamics Track End Stop (2 pack)       1         5.       ME-6960       PAStrack       1         6.       ME-6622       Force Bracket       1         7.       ME-8979       Mass and Hanger Set       1         8.       ME-9433       Super Pulley Kit       1         9.       ME-9495A       Angle Indicator       1         10.       ME-9804       Cart Picket Fences (2 Pack) IDS       1         11.       ME-9806       Photogate Brackets (2 Pack) IDS       1         12.       ME-9836       Pivot Clamp IDS       1         13.       ME-9866       Demonstration Spring Set       1         14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2         17.       PS-2103A       PASPORT Motion Sensor       1		Part #	Equipment	Ωty
3.       ME-8752       Photogate Pendulum Set       1         4.       ME-8971       Dynamics Track End Stop (2 pack)       1         5.       ME-6960       PAStrack       1         6.       ME-6622       Force Bracket       1         7.       ME-8979       Mass and Hanger Set       1         8.       ME-9433       Super Pulley Kit       1         9.       ME-9495A       Angle Indicator       1         10.       ME-9804       Cart Picket Fences (2 Pack) IDS       1         11.       ME-9806       Photogate Brackets (2 Pack) IDS       1         12.       ME-9836       Pivot Clamp IDS       1         13.       ME-9866       Demonstration Spring Set       1         14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2	1.	ME-6950	PAScar (Set of 2)	1
4.       ME-8971       Dynamics Track End Stop (2 pack)       1         5.       ME-6960       PAStrack       1         6.       ME-6622       Force Bracket       1         7.       ME-8979       Mass and Hanger Set       1         8.       ME-9433       Super Pulley Kit       1         9.       ME-9495A       Angle Indicator       1         10.       ME-9804       Cart Picket Fences (2 Pack) IDS       1         11.       ME-9806       Photogate Brackets (2 Pack) IDS       1         12.       ME-9836       Pivot Clamp IDS       1         13.       ME-9866       Demonstration Spring Set       1         14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2	2.	ME-8574	Discover Friction Accessory	1
5.       ME-6960       PAStrack       1         6.       ME-6622       Force Bracket       1         7.       ME-8979       Mass and Hanger Set       1         8.       ME-9433       Super Pulley Kit       1         9.       ME-9495A       Angle Indicator       1         10.       ME-9804       Cart Picket Fences (2 Pack) IDS       1         11.       ME-9806       Photogate Brackets (2 Pack) IDS       1         12.       ME-9836       Pivot Clamp IDS       1         13.       ME-9866       Demonstration Spring Set       1         14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2	3.	ME-8752	Photogate Pendulum Set	1
6.       ME-6622       Force Bracket       1         7.       ME-8979       Mass and Hanger Set       1         8.       ME-9433       Super Pulley Kit       1         9.       ME-9495A       Angle Indicator       1         10.       ME-9804       Cart Picket Fences (2 Pack) IDS       1         11.       ME-9806       Photogate Brackets (2 Pack) IDS       1         12.       ME-9836       Pivot Clamp IDS       1         13.       ME-9866       Demonstration Spring Set       1         14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2	4.	ME-8971	Dynamics Track End Stop (2 pack)	1
7.       ME-8979       Mass and Hanger Set       1         8.       ME-9433       Super Pulley Kit       1         9.       ME-9495A       Angle Indicator       1         10.       ME-9804       Cart Picket Fences (2 Pack) IDS       1         11.       ME-9806       Photogate Brackets (2 Pack) IDS       1         12.       ME-9836       Pivot Clamp IDS       1         13.       ME-9866       Demonstration Spring Set       1         14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2	5.	ME-6960	PAStrack	1
8.       ME-9433       Super Pulley Kit       1         9.       ME-9495A       Angle Indicator       1         10.       ME-9804       Cart Picket Fences (2 Pack) IDS       1         11.       ME-9806       Photogate Brackets (2 Pack) IDS       1         12.       ME-9836       Pivot Clamp IDS       1         13.       ME-9866       Demonstration Spring Set       1         14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2	6.	ME-6622	Force Bracket	1
9.       ME-9495A       Angle Indicator       1         10.       ME-9804       Cart Picket Fences (2 Pack) IDS       1         11.       ME-9806       Photogate Brackets (2 Pack) IDS       1         12.       ME-9836       Pivot Clamp IDS       1         13.       ME-9866       Demonstration Spring Set       1         14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2	7.	ME-8979	Mass and Hanger Set	1
10.       ME-9804       Cart Picket Fences (2 Pack) IDS       1         11.       ME-9806       Photogate Brackets (2 Pack) IDS       1         12.       ME-9836       Pivot Clamp IDS       1         13.       ME-9866       Demonstration Spring Set       1         14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2	8.	ME-9433	Super Pulley Kit	1
11.       ME-9806       Photogate Brackets (2 Pack) IDS       1         12.       ME-9836       Pivot Clamp IDS       1         13.       ME-9866       Demonstration Spring Set       1         14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2	9.	ME-9495A	Angle Indicator	1
12.       ME-9836       Pivot Clamp IDS       1         13.       ME-9866       Demonstration Spring Set       1         14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2	10.	ME-9804	Cart Picket Fences (2 Pack) IDS	1
13.       ME-9866       Demonstration Spring Set       1         14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2	11.	ME-9806	Photogate Brackets (2 Pack) IDS	1
14.       ME-9506       Pendulum Clamp       1         15.       ME-6757A       250 g Stackable Mass       3         16.       ME-6755       Compact Cart Mass       2	12.	ME-9836	Pivot Clamp IDS	1
15.         ME-6757A         250 g Stackable Mass         3           16.         ME-6755         Compact Cart Mass         2	13.	ME-9866	Demonstration Spring Set	1
16. ME-6755 Compact Cart Mass 2	14.	ME-9506	Pendulum Clamp	1
	15.	ME-6757A	250 g Stackable Mass	3
17. PS-2103A PASPORT Motion Sensor 1	16.	ME-6755	Compact Cart Mass	2
	17.	PS-2103A	PASPORT Motion Sensor	1
18. PS-2180 Smart Gate 1	18.	PS-2180	Smart Gate	1
19. PS-2189 PASPORT High Resolution Force Sensor 1	19.	PS-2189	PASPORT High Resolution Force Sensor	1

# Order Information

Advanced Physics 1 Starter Bundle...... PS-2815

# **Advanced Physics I Expansion Bundle**

PS-2833



	Part #	Equipment	Qty
1.	EM-8656	AC/DC Electronics Lab Kit	1
2.	ME-6821A	Photogate Mounting Bracket	1
3.	ME-6825B	Projectile Launcher (mini)	1
4.	ME-6855	Tension Protractor	2
5.	ME-8969	Pendulum Accessory	1
6.	SE-7123	4-mm Banana Plug Patch Cord Set	1
7.	SE-7342	Tuning Fork Set	1
8.	SE-8693	Carbon Paper (100 Sheets)	1
9.	WA-9606	Resonance Air Column	1
10.	PS-2103A	PASPORT Motion Sensor	1
11.	PS-2115	PASPORT Voltage Current sensor	1
12.	PS-2120A	PASPORT Rotary Motion Sensor	1

# Order Information

Advanced Physics 1 Expansion Bundle......PS-2833

# Lab Manual Advanced and AP® Physics

# **Advanced Physics through Inquiry 2 Experiment Guide**

PS-2849

# This experiment guide covers the new standards for College Board Advanced Placement Physics 2.

- ▶ Every lab is based on the College Board Learning Objectives.
- ▶ Data Analysis and Assessment Questions are designed to prepare students for the AP® Physics 2 exam.
- ▶ Every lab employs the same strategies found in free response questions on the AP® exam.
- Includes editable student handouts.

# Prepare your students for inquiry investigations in the physics lab. Each lab is presented three ways:

▶ Structured

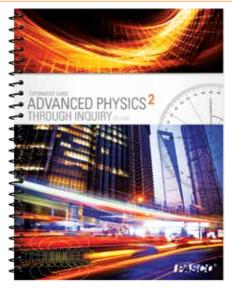
Guided inquiry

▶ Student designed

You decide which level of inquiry is appropriate for each lab.

# Each lab includes teacher resources

- ▶ Pre-lab discussion and questions
- Procedural overview
- ▶ Teacher tips
- ▶ Sample data
- Assessment and synthesis questions
- Extended inquiry



# Order Information

**SENSORS** 

Advanced Physics through Inquiry 2 Experiment Guide.....PS-2849

**ALIGNMENT** 

	suggestions  ADV PHYSICS 2 EXPERIMENTS		High Resolution Force	PASCO Optics Equipment	Digital Multimeter	2-Axis Magnetic Field Sensor	Voltage/Current	Rotary Motion	IB Standards*	AP Standards**
1.	Hydrostatic Pressure	•							B.3	3.C.4, 5.B.10
2.	Buoyant Force								B.3	3.C.4, 5.B.10
3.	Fluid Dynamics								B.3	5.B.10
4.	Boyle's Law								3.2	5.B.2, 7.A.3
5.	Spherical Mirror Reflection								C.1	6.E.4
6.	Snell's Law								4.4	6.E.3
7.	Focal Length of a Converging Lens								C.1	6.E.5
8.	Interference and Diffraction								4.4, 9.2, 9.3	6.C.3
9.	Electric Field Mapping								5.1, 10.1	2.E.2
10.	Magnetic Fields								5.4	2.D.3, 2.D.4
11.	Magnetic Field Strength								5.4	2.D.2
12.	Electromagnetic Induction						•		11.1	4.E.2
13.	Capacitor Fundamentals								11.3	4.E.4
14.	Series and Parallel Capacitors								11.3	4.E.5, 5.B.9
15.	RC Circuits						•		11.3	4.E.5
16.	Planck's Constant								12.1	6.F.3, 6.F.4

<sup>\*</sup> IB is a registered trademark of the International Baccalaureate Organization, which was not involved in the production of, and does not endorse, this product. \*\* AP is a trademark registered and/or owned by the College Board, which was not involved in the production of, and does not endorse, this product.

# Each experiment guide includes video support!

How-to videos are included with the manual, on the PASCO web site and on YouTube, and can be installed on your own computers.



Try It!



# **Advanced Physics 2 Starter Bundle**

PS-2863



	Part #	Equipment
1.	ME-6960	PAStrack
2.	OS-8457	Concave Mirror Accessory, Half-Screen Accessory
3.	OS-8460	Basic Optics Viewing Screen
4.	OS-8465	Basic Optics Ray Table
5.	OS-8466A	Converging lenses with known focal length
6.	OS-8470	Basic Optics Light Source
7.	OS-8472	Optics Carriages (3 pack)
8.	OS-8474	Adjustable Lens Holder
9.	PS-2113A	Barometer/Low Pressure Sensor
10.	PS-2189	High Resolution Force Sensor
11.	PS-2500	PASPORT Sensor Extension Cable
12.	SE-8050	String
13.	SE-8568	Overflow Can
14.	SE-8805	Laser pointer with known wavelength
Not	Pictured: 0S-	-8850 Double Slit Diffraction Plate;

Plastic cylinder; Metal cylinder; Syringe, 60-mL

# Order Information

Advanced Physics 2 Starter Bundle......PS-2863

# **Advanced Physics 2 Expansion Bundle**

PS-2868



	Part #	Equipment				
1.	EM-8099	Induction Wand				
2.	EM-8618	Variable Gap Magnet				
3.	EM-8620	Alnico Bar Magnets (2 pack)				
4.	EM-8656	AC/DC Electronics Laboratory				
5.	PK-9023	Field Mapper Kit				
6.	PS-2112	Magnetic Field Sensor				
7.	PS-2115	Voltage-Current Sensor				
8.	PS-2120A	Rotary Motion Sensor				
9.	SB-9631B	Digital Multimeter (with Capacitance)				
10.	SE-7390	Magnaprobe				
11.	SE-8710	Stainless steel calipers				
12.	SE-9750	4-mm Banana Plug Patch Cord (5-pack)				
13.	SE-9756	4-mm Banana Plug Patch Cord Alligator Clip (10-pack)				
No	Not Pictured: LED, Blue (450–500 nm); LED, Green (501–565 nm); LED, Yellow/Amber (566–620 nm);					

# Order Information

Advanced Physics 2 Expansion Bundle...... PS-2868

LED, Red (621–750 nm; LED, Infrared (751 nm–1 mm); Capacitor, 100 μF; Magnet Wire

# **Essential Physics Curriculum**

# This complete physics solution includes Textbook, e-Book, Digital Teacher Edition, and Equipment!

Essential Physics 3rd Edition is a comprehensive, full-color textbook paired with PASCO equipment and the only e-Book for physics on the market. The program includes over 100 interactive tools that increase student engagement and understanding. Essential Physics is focused on practical applications that connect students to the physics of nature as well as technology.

# About the program:

- Rigorous yet accessible design
- Interactive simulations and equations
- Lessons follow the 5E design
- Strong mathematics scaffolding
- Formative and summative assessment tools

- Differentiation for advanced, below-level, and ELL students
- Works seamlessly with your LMS and Google Classroom
- Includes 24/7 online/offline access. No Internet required!

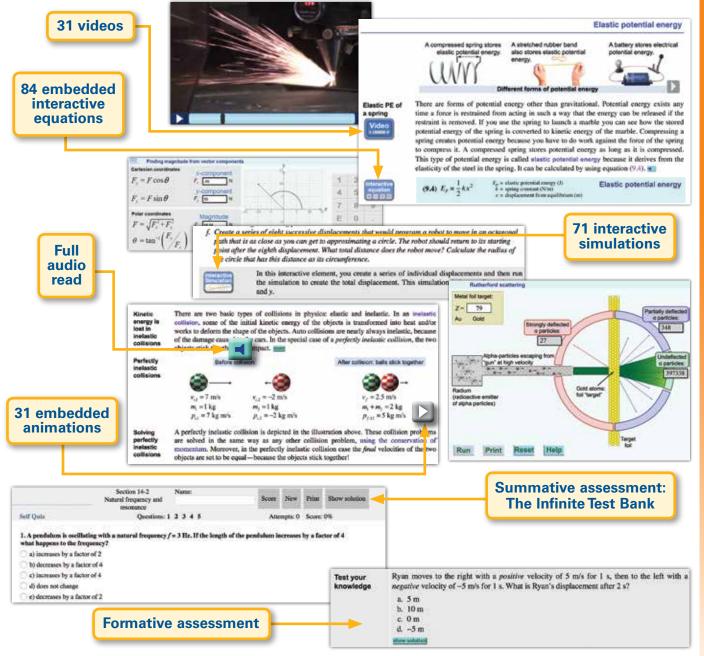


Essential Physics is multiplatform: iOS, Android™, Chrome™, Windows®, PC, and Mac®!

# A textbook and e-Book for all your students

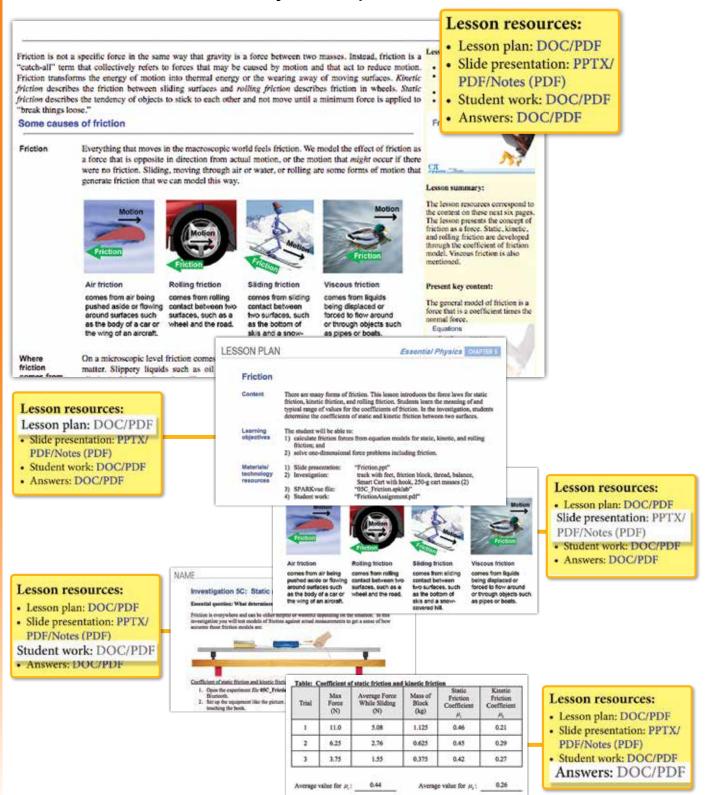
What sets *Essential Physics* apart is the complete and interactive e-Book. Animations, videos, and interactive equations and simulations bring concepts to life for students in ways that text and static images cannot. Combined with digital resources for teachers, formative and summative assessment, and equipment for lab investigations, *Essential Physics* forms a seamless learning system for mastering physics.

# Interactive tools include:



Essential Physics meets 100% of your state standards and supports STEM and NGSS!

# The Digital Teacher Edition includes lesson plans, slide presentations, student work, and answer keys, all at point-of-use.



# Get a textbook, e-Book, and equipment for the price of most textbooks!

Essential Physics 3rd Edition Student Textbook

EP-6323

#### Includes

- Student hardbound textbook
- e-Book
- 24/7 online/offline access

#### Order Information

Essential Physics 3rd Edition

Student Textbook ..... EP-6323



# Essential Physics 3rd Edition Student Textbook

EP-6323-EBK

#### **Includes**

- e-Book
- 24/7 online/offline access

# Order Information

Essential Physics 3rd Edition

Student e-Book only ..... EP-6323-EBK

# **Basic Equipment Kit EP-3571**

▶ 17 labs are designed to use this equipment set.

Includes 1 of each of the following:

- Smart Cart (Blue), ME-1241
- Friction Block, ME-9807
- PAScar Cart Mass (set of 2), ME-6757A
- Angle Indicator, ME-9495A
- Track End Stop (set of 2), ME-8971
- Super Pulley with Clamp, ME-9448B
- Gratnells Tray
- 1.2m Dynamics Track, ME-9493
- Track Feet (set of 2), ME-8972



#### Order Information

Basic Equipment Kit ......EP-3571

# Standard Equipment Kit EP-3567

▶ 25 labs are designed to use this equipment set.

Includes everything in the Basic Equipment Kit above

- + 1 of each of the following:
- Modular Circuits Standard Kit
- Wireless Current Module, EM-3534
- Wireless Voltage Sensor, PS-3211

#### Order Information

Standard Equipment Kit .....EP-3567



# **Comprehensive Equipment Kit** EP-6490

41 labs are designed to use this equipment set.

Includes everything in the Standard Equipment Kit above + 1 of each of the following:

- Forces & Machines Engineering Kit
- Oscillations, Waves & Sound Kit
- Light Source
- Optics Components
- Tripod Stands (2) & Crossrail
- Forces Accessories



Comprehensive Equipment Kit .....EP-6490



# For complete information go to pasco.com/essentialphysics

# **Programming and Robotics** with the ErgoBot



# Curriculum

# **Programming and Robotics Teacher Resources**

EP-6485

- 23 lessons and projects
- ▶ 7 interactive simulations
- Interactive IDE
- ▶ 23 slide presentations
- ▶ 23 student assignments
- ▶ Requires ErgoBot with ErgoBoard Robotics

Programming is one of the most valuable skills in the job market today and robotics is the cutting edge of technology. The ErgoBot Programming & Robotics system is a unique combination of hardware and software that makes it easier than ever before to get your students excited, engaged and successful with both.

This unique module offers 23 lessons and projects covering introductory and intermediate programming, robotics, sensors, code development, variables, loops, logic structures, autonomous operation, design, engineering, optimization and performance testing.

Hardware and software work together to make the easiest most engaging programming course ever created.

# Hardware and software work together to make the easiest most engaging programming course ever created.

- No assembly required
- ▶ 23 projects start from novice level Works with Windows® and Mac® OS X.
- ▶ Wireless Bluetooth® communication
- ▶ Practical for every classroom
- ▶ Go to **pasco.com** for more info!



# Equipment

# **ErgoBot with ErgoBoard Robotics**

EP-6473

- Everything works right out of the box nothing to solder or assemble
- Designed for the classroom use the same ErgoBot every period, all day
- Projects 1-8 require no installed software. Students write easy code that gets the ErgoBot moving in less than 20 minutes.
- All three sensors are included and need only a few jumpers to connect
- ▶ Build up to C-level programming language using logic and sensors.
- ▶ The teacher's guide includes 23 projects with lessons, slides, and a wealth of instructional material.
- The Arduino-compatible ErgoBoard is available separately to upgrade your existing ErgoBot.

The ErgoBot Robotics system includes the ErgoBot, the Arduinocompatible ErgoBoard, an IR distance sensor, a 5-position IR skirt sensor for line following and more.





#### Order Information

	goBot Programming and Robotics eacher Resources	.EP-6485
Re	equired:	
Er	goBot with ErgoBoard Robotics	EP-6473
A	lso sold separately:	
Er	goBot	EP-6471
Er	goBoard Robotics	EP-6472

# **ErgoBot**

EP-6471



Requires the Programming & Robotics Teacher Resources to function.

Order Information

ErgoBot ......EP-6471

# **ErgoBoard with Sensors**

EP-6472



Add the Arduino-compatible ErgoBoard and sensors to your ErgoBot to study robotics and programming (requires an ErgoBot for use).

# Order Information

ErgoBoard with Sensors.....EP-6472

# **Light, Color, and Optics Teacher Resources**

EP-6481

Introduce your students to the science and technology of light including reflection, refraction, color, intensity, lenses, mirrors, real and virtual images, human vision, digital imaging, and the quantum theory of light. For more information, visit **pasco.com** 

- ▶ 12 lessons
- ▶ 5 interactive simulations
- 8 interactive equations
- ▶ 12 slide presentations
- ▶ 12 lesson plans
- ▶ 12 student assignments
- ▶ Requires Light and Optics kit

# Light, Color, and Optics Kit

EP-3558

#### Includes

- 1.4 m extruded rail
- 50 mm optics mounts (3)
- Rechargeable light source
- AC adapter/charger
- Refraction tank
- Triangular prism
- Phosphorescent plastic
- 50 mm convex lens 10 cm f.l.
- 50 mm convex lens 20 cm f.l.
- 50 mm convex lens 50 cm f.l.
- 50 mm concave lens 20 cm f.l.
- 50 mm convex mirror 20 cm f.l.
  50 mm concave mirror 50 cm f.l.
- 50 mm screen
- 50 mm diffraction grating
- Eyeglasses





# Order Information

Light, Color, and Optics
Teacher Resources......EP-6481
Required:
Light, Color, and Optics Kit ......EP-3558

# **Oscillations, Waves & Sound Teacher Resources**

EP-6480

Teach the science and technology of waves and sound. Lessons cover harmonic motion, waves, sound, period, frequency, wavelength, resonance, Doppler effect, interference, frequency spectrum, multi-frequency sound, digital sound, human perception, and music. For more information, visit **pasco.com** 

- ▶ 13 lessons
- ▶ 5 interactive simulations
- ▶ 8 interactive equations
- ▶ 13 slide presentations
- ▶ 13 lesson plans
- ▶ 13 student assignments
- Requires Waves and Sound kit

# **Oscillations, Waves and Sound Kit**

EP-3578

#### Includes

- Steel transverse wave "snaky" spring (1.8 m)
- Extra-large steel longitudinal wave "slinky"spring
- 25 cm extension spring
- Pendulum/spring hanger
- Resonance lever
- 1" diameter aluminum pendulum ball
- Resonance tube
- Tuning fork 256 Hz
- Tuning fork 320 Hz
- Tuning fork 284 Hz
- Tuning fork 512 Hz





Oscillations, Waves and Sound
Teacher Resources.......EP-6480
Required:
Oscillations, Waves and Sound Kit ......EP-3578



# **Forces and Machines Teacher Resources**

FP-6483

- ▶ A single teacher guide is all you need to outfit your class or lab.
- ▶ Complete with guided inquiry lab activities, suggested answers, and much more.
- ▶ Requires Forces and Machines Engineering kit

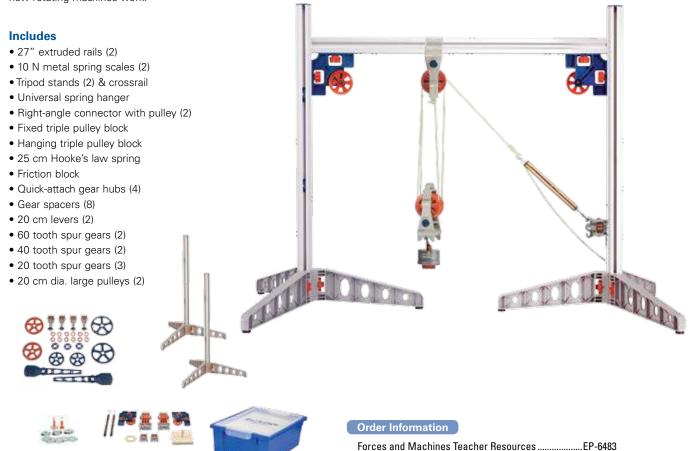
Questions are embedded throughout the activities, sequencing and key term challenges, opportunities to predict outcomes prior to data collection and post-lab multiple choice questions all help to make the connection between lectures and labs as seamless as possible. And they are all correlated to state and national standards. For more information, visit **pasco.com** 



# **Forces and Machines Engineering Kit**

EP-3577

Our Forces and Machines Kit engages students in a wide range of physics, physical science, and engineering concepts. Two triple-pulley blocks make it easy to build machines with mechanical advantage up to 6:1. Build all three classes of levers with our pair of 20-cm levers, or combine gears, levers, and pulleys together to show how rotating machines work.



Required:

Forces and Machines Engineering Kit .....EP-3577

# How to choose the Dynamics System that's best for you.

# Select the type of track you want.

# Do you want metal or plastic tracks?



# **Metal Track Advantages**

- Available in 1.2 m or 2.2 m lengths
- Straight and rigid
- Can do induced magnetic drag because it's conductive
- Feet can be placed at any position
- ▶ High-contrast scale



# **Plastic Track Advantages**

- Can add tracks to make as long as you want
- Lightweight
- Can add curved track to do hills
- Built-in feet
- Storage: 1-meter track disassembles into two 50-cm parts
- Less expensive

# Select the type of carts you want.

# Do you want metal or plastic or Smart Carts?





# **Metal Cart Advantages**

- Red and blue for distinguishing in collisions
- More inertia
- Sturdy body
- User-replaceable wheels





# **Plastic Cart Advantages**

- Red and blue for distinguishing in collisions
- Least expensive
- Two string tie positions
- Plunger has a long throw.





# **Smart Cart Advantages**

- Red and blue for distinguishing in collisions
- Completely instrumented with all the sensors you need for dynamics
- Two string tie positions
- Bluetooth 4.0 wireless: No interface required

# Which system is best for you?

# **Basic System** Just Carts and Track



# Standard System Basic System + Accessory Pack



# **Basic System includes**

- Track
- 2 Carts
- 2 Feet
- 2 Endstops
- Rod Clamp
- 2 Mass Bars (4 with metal carts)

	Plastic Track 1 m	Metal Track 1.2 m	Metal Track 2.2 m
Plastic Carts	ME-5701	ME-5702	ME-5703
Metal Carts	ME-5704	ME-5705	ME-5706
Smart Carts	ME-5707	ME-5708	ME-5709

# **Standard System includes**

- Track
- 2 Carts
- 2 Feet
- 2 Endstops
- Rod Clamp
- 2 Mass Bars (4 with metal carts)
- Spring Set
- Clamp-on Super Pulley
- Friction Block
- Angle Indicator

Metal Carts	ME-5704	ME-5705	ME-5706
Smart Carts	ME-5707	ME-5708	ME-5709

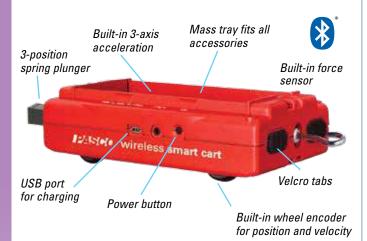
	Plastic Track 1 m	Metal Irack 1.2 m	Metal Track 2.2 m
Plastic Carts	ME-5711	ME-5712	ME-5713
Metal Carts	ME-5714	ME-5715	ME-5716
Smart Carts	ME-5717	ME-5718	ME-5719

# How to measure motion and forces on your dynamics system:

If you have a Smart Cart Dynamics System, you don't need any other sensors or interfaces.

# 1. Smart Cart

The Smart Cart has built-in sensors which measure its position, velocity, acceleration, force, and angular velocity. So there is no need to add any other external sensors. It's ready to measure, right out of the box. No interface is required because it connects wirelessly to any computing device.





Smart Cart (Blue) ME-1241 Smart Cart (Red) ME-1240 (See page 98)

# 2. PASCO Capstone Software

The site license allows students to use it at home.



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# Order Information

Smart Cart (Red)	ME-124
Smart Cart (Blue)	ME-124
PASCO Capstone Software	
Single User License	UI-5401
Site License	UI-5400

# If you have any other system,

# 1. Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor (one or two)

We recommend the Wireless Force Sensors because they can ride in the carts without the added friction of a cord. Although a wired force sensor can be used mounted to the end of the track to show impulse, if you want to show the forces between two carts, the wireless force sensors are required.



Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor PS-3202 (See page 29)

# 2. Motion Sensors (2) OR Photogates (2)

Two Motion Sensors can track the velocity (speed and direction) of both carts throughout a collision for Conservation of Momentum experiments. Photogates have to be placed at just the right position to capture the before and after speeds.









# 3. An interface for the Motion Sensors or Photogates (550 or 850 Interface)

The 550 is sufficient for most labs, but the 850 will meet every need. Particularly for college labs.

Order Information



# 4. PASCO Capstone Software

The site license allows students to use it at home.



(See pages 18-20)

Ų	Order Information	
	Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor (order 1 or 2)	PS-3202
	Motion Sensor (order 2)	PS-2103A
	Photogate Head (order 2)	ME-9498A
	Photogate Brackets (2)	ME-9806
	Smart Timer Picket Fences (2)	ME-8933
	550 Universal Interface (See p. 14)	UI-5001
	OR	
	850 Universal Interface (See p. 12)	UI-5000
	PASCO Capstone Software	
	Single User License	UI-5401
	Site License	UI-5400

# Without an Interface, you need:

# OR Traditional Approach, you need:

# 1. Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor (one or two)





Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor PS-3202 (See page 29)

# 2. Smart Timer with 2 Photogates

The Smart Timer is battery powered and very easy to just set out on the lab bench and get going. However, on days when you want to measure force, you will still need a separate computing device for the wireless force sensors.



Smart Timer ME-8930 (See page 114)



Photogate Heads ME-9498A Photogate Brackets ME-9806 (See page 97)







# 3. PASCO Capstone Software

The site license allows students to use it at home. (See pages 18-20)



# Order Information

Smart Timer	. ME-8930
Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor (order 1 or 2)	. PS-3202
Photogate Head (order 2)	. ME-9498A
Photogate Brackets (2)	. ME-9806
PASCO Capstone Software	
Single User License	. UI-5401
Site License	. UI-5400

# 1. Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor (one or two)





Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor PS-3202 (*See page 29*)

# 2. Tape Timer

The Tape Timer gets you back to basics. Students measure the dots to get speed and plot speed vs. time to get acceleration. On days when you want to measure force, you will still need a separate computing device for the wireless force sensors.



# 3. PASCO Capstone Software

The site license allows students to use it at home. (See pages 18-20)



Tape Timer	
Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor (order 1 or 2)	PS-3202
PASCO Capstone Software	
Single User License	UI-5401
Site License	UI-5400

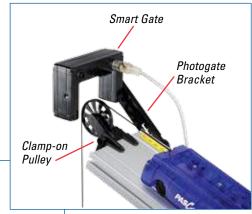
# **Smart Gate**

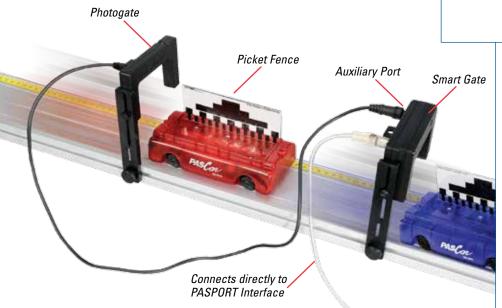
PS-2180

The Smart Gate connects directly to any PASPORT interface, and has an auxiliary port to daisy chain to an additional Photogate. Can be used with cart picket fence, clamp on super pulley, and flexible Photogate Tape.

# **Smart Pulley**

Use the Smart Gate and Photogate bracket with the Clamp-on Super Pulley to create a "smart pulley"





#### **Double Infrared Beams**

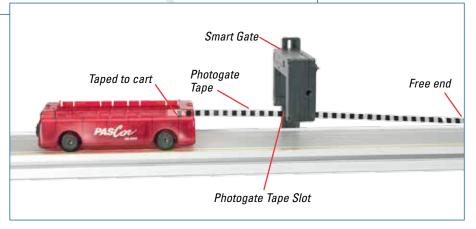
Using the double beam of the Smart Gate, the velocity of the cart can be determined accurately using the front edge of a single flag.

# **Auxiliary Port**

A second photogate is connected to the Smart Gate Auxiliary Port so only one PASPORT port is required for two photogates.

# **Photogate Tape Slot**

The Smart Gate has a special slot through which the Photogate Tape can be threaded. This creates an excellent way of measuring the speed of the cart the full distance of the track as the cart accelerates down the inclined track.



# **Includes**

- Smart Gate
- PASPORT Cable

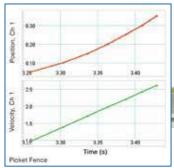


Smart Gate	. PS-2180	
Recommended: Photogate Head	ME 0400A	p. 37
•		•
High Resolution Photogate Tape		p. 38
Photogate Brackets (2)		p. 97
Cart Picket Fences (2)		p. 38
Super Pulley with Clamp	.ME-9448B	p. 111

# **Photogates and Fences**

ME-9471A

When used with the computer for data recording, display, and analysis, the photogate/pulley timing system can provide a wide range of time, speed, and velocity measurements. The photogates mount to the dynamics track using the provided brackets. The picket fences provided mount directly to the dynamics carts.





Position and velocity graphs are obtained using a Picket Fence and Photogate.



# **Includes**

- Photogate Brackets (2)
- Picket Fences (2)
- Super Pulley with attachment screw (attaches Super Pulley to Photogate)
- Pulley Mounting Rod

# Order Information

Photogates and Fences	ME-9471A	
Individual Components:		
Photogate Head	ME-9498A	p. 37
Photogate Brackets (2)	ME-9806	
Cart Picket Fences (2)	ME-9804	
Super Pulley	ME-9450A	p. 38
Pulley Mounting Rod	SA-9242	p. 38
Required for use with PASPORT Interfaces:		
Digital Adapter	PS-2159	p. 39

# **Cart Picket Fences** (set of 2)

ME-9804



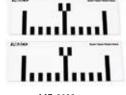
# Order Information

Cart Picket Fences (set of 2).....

# **Smart Timer Picket Fences** (set of 2)

ME-8933

See Smart Timer on pages 126.



# Order Information

Smart Timer Picket Fences (set of 2) ...... ME-8933

# **Photogate Brackets**

# ME-9806 (2)

▶ Attaches Photogates to PASCO Dynamics Tracks

▶ Easily Adjust Photogate Height

The Photogate Bracket allows the Photogate Head to be attached directly to PASCO dynamics tracks. This eliminates the need for separate photogate stands and allows the photogate height to be easily adjusted relative to the track. Includes two Photogate Brackets.

(Photogates not included.)



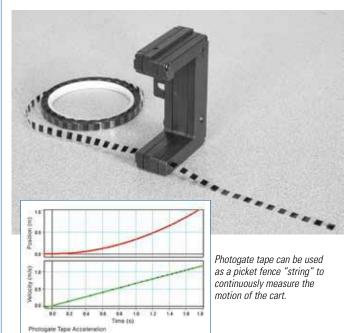
# Order Information

Photogate Brackets (2) ......ME-9806

# **Photogate Tape**

ME-6666

Flexible Mylar® picket fence tape can be cut to any length. Tape slides into a Smart Gate to more accurately measure the motion of a cart.



Slide the photogate tape through the slot to measure position, velocity, and acceleration. The band spacing on the tape is 1 cm from edge to edge.

High Resolution Photogate TapeME-6666	
Required:	
Smart Gate PS-2180	p. 36

# **Wireless Smart Cart**

ME-1240 (Red) ME-1241 (Blue)

It is the ultimate tool for your physics lab with built-in sensors that measure force, position, velocity, and acceleration. The Smart Cart can make these measurements on or off a dynamics track and transmit the data wirelessly over Bluetooth®.

- ▶ Built-in force sensor (±100 N)
- ▶ Built-in 3D acceleration sensor (±16 g)
- Optical encoder for measuring motion
- Data is transmitted wirelessly
- No interface required
- ▶ Rechargeable lithium polymer battery

# Imagine the possibilities...



# 3. Measuring oscillations of a cart and spring

Measure position, velocity, and acceleration of the cart, and force of the spring.



#### 4. Cart on Floor or Table

Measure velocity as cart travels across the floor or table without a track.

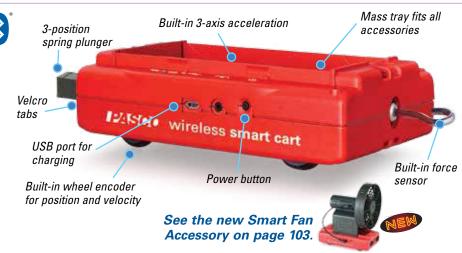
# 5. Collisions with two Smart Carts:

Each cart measures its own velocity and force. Will your students correctly predict the forces recorded by each cart for the following parameters?

- Use equal masses and unequal masses.
- Use the same spring bumpers on the Smart Cart force sensors and then change the spring on one Smart Cart to a weaker spring.



The magnetic bumper for the force sensor is included with the Smart Cart.



# 2. Directly measure the tension in the string connected to the Smart Cart.

Hang a mass over a pulley, hold the cart in place, and then let go. When the cart is stationary, the tension is equal to the hanging weight. When the cart accelerates, the tension is less than the hanging weight.

# Smart Cart Includes

- Hook
- Rubber bumper
- Magnetic bumper
- USB cable for charging

# **Smart Cart Charging Garage**

ME-1243

Charge up to five Smart Carts at once. Provides storage for the carts and accessory bumpers. Includes power adapter.



Smart Carts not included.

# Order Information

Smart Cart Charging Garage ......ME-1243

Smart Cart (Red)	.ME-1240
Smart Cart (Blue)	.ME-1241
Recommended:	
Smart Cart Charging Garage	.ME-1243
Shown in use with:	
PAStrack	.ME-6960
Curved PAStrack	.ME-6841
Magnetic Damping Bumper	.ME-6828
Round Base with Rod	.ME-8270
Smart Cart 1.2 m Dynamics System	.ME-5708
PASCO Capstone	.pp. 18-19

# PASCO Dynamics Carts

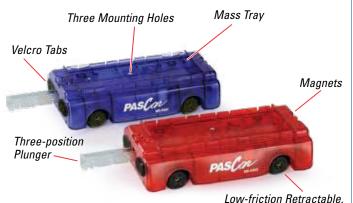
# **PAScar**

ME-6933 (Red) ME-6934 (Blue)

Each 250 gram polycarbonate plastic cart includes both a spring plunger, magnets and Velcro tabs for collision studies. The PAScars come in red and blue, and are compatible with all PASCO Dynamics Tracks and accessories.

# Polycarbonate Body

Total mass: 250 g



# Order Information

PAScar (Red) PAScar (Blue)		
Replacement Supplies:		
Replacement Axles (4 pack)	. ME-6957	p. 111
Cart Mass	. ME-6757A	p. 111

# **PAStrack**

ME-6960

# **Includes**

- Two piece track
- Connector clips (2)
- Leveling feet (6)

# Order Information

PAStrack.....ME-6960

# Don't forget to add Cart Masses...

# **PAScar Cart Mass (set of 2)**

MF-6757A

This 250 gram mass fits in any Dynamics Cart, the Motorized Cart (ME-9781), or the Discover Friction Accessory (ME-8574).



PAScar Cart Mass (set of 2) ...... ME-6757A

# Classic Aluminum Carts

# **Plunger Cart**

# **Collision Cart**

ME-9430 (Blue)

ME-9454 (Red)

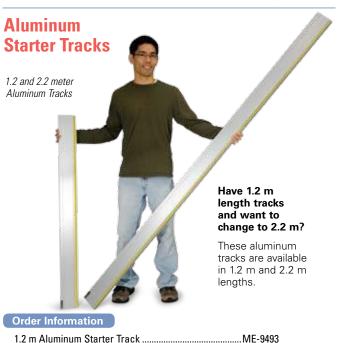
These are the standard carts in thousands of physics labs around the world. With an aluminum body, high-impact ABS plastic end caps, and a 500 g mass, they make dynamics experiments quick to set up and very quantitative. The Classic Carts are compatible with all PASCO Dynamics Tracks and accessories.



# Order Information

Ball-Bearing Wheels

Plunger Cart (Blue)	ME-9430	
Collision Cart (Red)	ME-9454	
Replacement Supplies:		
Replacement Axles (4 pack)	ME-6957	p. 111
Cart Mass	ME-6757A	p. 111



2.2 m Aluminum Starter Track ......ME-9779

# **Straight PAStrack**

ME-6960

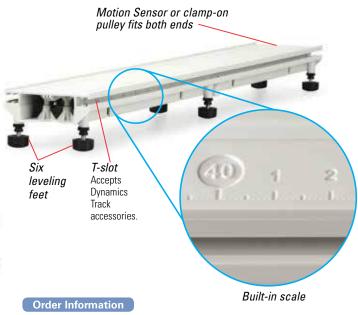
- ▶ 1 m length dynamics track
- ▶ Two-piece molded construction
- Accepts dynamics track accessories

Two-piece track construction for easy storage. Snap-on connector clip holds sections straight and rigid. Use the second clip (included) to connect multiple tracks! The track ends are designed to accept the Motion Sensor and Clamp-on Pulley, and the side T-slots accept Dynamic Track accessories, such as photogate brackets and end stops. Track includes six built-in leveling feet.

# **Includes**

- Two piece track
- Connector clips (2)
- Leveling feet (6)





# Add Curves to Your Dynamics Track

# **Curved PAStrack**

ME-6841

- Attaches to Straight PAStrack with same connector clip
- ▶ Put two curved pieces together
- One concave up and one concave down

Create hills, valleys and inclines. Molded PAStrack system has straight and curved sections that just snap together. Connect multiple sets to make a track as long as you want.



Straight PAStrack ......ME-6960

- 1. Concave-up Curved Piece
- 2. Concave-down Curved Piece
- 3. PAStrack Connector Clips (2)







Order Information

Curved PAStrack.....ME-6841

100

# Conservation of Energy Experiments

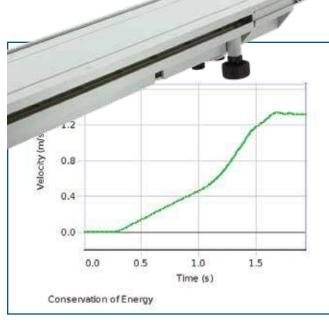
# **Smart Cart Curved Track System**

ME-5700A

- ▶ Explore all aspects of the Law of Conservation of Energy.
- ▶ Wireless Smart Cart has all the sensors you need.
- Use this system for all other dynamics experiments also.

This unique system has curved track that allows your students to build hills and valleys for Conservation of Energy experiments. Data is collected using the sensors onboard the Smart Cart. Unlike when Motion Sensors are used to track the cart, the Smart Cart does not have to be in the direct line of sight of the sensor so it can go over hills. And, the Smart Cart is wireless so no extra friction is introduced.

Will the cart be going any faster at the bottom if a mass is added? With the Curved PAStrack and a low friction cart, students can investigate conservation of energy and answer that question.



The curved and straight track pieces can be combined to form a step, so the cart starts out on a nearly level upper step, travels down the step, and ends on a level straight section. This makes measuring the change in height very easy.

During the experiments, the mass of the cart is varied to see what effect, if any, it has on the results.

Another configuration forms a potential well so the cart oscillates back-and-forth.

This versatile system can also be used for regular dynamics experiments such as impulse and Newton's Second Law.

Experiments can be downloaded at www.pasco.com.

# Includes

2 PAStrack (1 m) ME-6960 2 Curved PAStrack ME-6841 4 Pivot Clamp ME-9836 1 Endstops (set of 2) ME-8971 60 cm Threaded Rod ME-8977 2 Round Base with Rod ME-8270 2 Small A-Base ME-8976 1 2 Masses ME-6757A 1 Smart Cart Red ME-1240

# **Order Information**

Smart Cart Curved Track System......ME-5700A
Required:
PASCO Capstone Software (see pages 18-20)
Bluetooth 4.0 compatible computer

# **Motorized Cart**

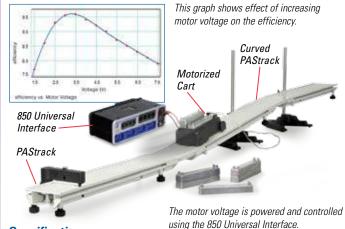
ME-9781

- Battery powered
- ▶ Adjustable speeds
- ▶ Climbs a 30° slope
- ▶ Durable construction

External power jack

The tank-like molded casing and a rugged internal gear mechanism are built for the harshest student environment. Runs on four "C' batteries and has variable speed adjustment knob. External power input accepts phone plug cable (included) to power the car with a DC power supply or 850 Universal Interface signal generator.





# **Specifications**

Adjustable Speed: ≈ 8-25 cm/s Battery Power: Four "C" (not included)

**External Power Input Jack** Battery Life (Alkaline): Six hours

# Includes

- Motorized cart
- Cable for connecting to external power supply

#### Order Information

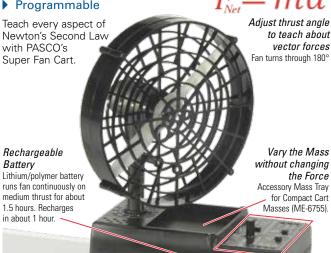
Motorized Cart	ME-9781	
PAStrack	ME-6960	p. 100
Curved PAStrack	ME-6841	p. 100
250 g Stackable Masses (2 pack)	ME-6757A	p. 111
Base and Support Rods	Various	p. 177

# **Super Fan Cart**

MF-6977







Retractable Wheels with low friction ball bearings

Adjustable Fan Speed Apply different forces using three standard settings or the continuously variable setting. Regulated power supply gives constant thrust even as the battery discharges.

String Attachment Connect two fan carts together to add or subtract forces.

The Net Force Is Zero Removable sail can be used two ways: When positioned as shown, the sail cancels the forward air flow and there is no thrust. If the sail is reversed, its curved shape reflects the air backwards, causing the cart to move.



# Pulse Duration

Program fan to be pulsed on for specific time to demonstrate acceleration only occurs when a force is applied. Includes time delay and auto-repeat option.

0

# **Specifications**

Fan Cart Mass: Approximately 0.3 kg Sail Mass: Approximately 0.1 kg

Regulated Power Supply: Lithium/polymer battery (7.2 volts, 1.25 amp-hour) Run-time: Runs approximately 1.5 hr on medium thrust

Recharge Time: One hour typical

Thrust Settings: Approximately 0.04 N on Low,

0.15 N on Medium, and 0.22 N on High

Thrust, Variable: Approximately 0.01 N to 0.23 N

Super Fan Cart..... ME-6977

Includes: Fan cart, sail and charger	
Recommended:	
PAStrack ME-6960	p. 10
Compact Cart Mass ME-6755	p. 11
Motion Sensor PS-2103A	p. 24
Airlink PS-3200	n 10

# **Smart Fan Accessory**

ME-1242

- NEW
- Provides a Constant Force
- ▶ Hands-off Operation
- ▶ Sense and Control
- ▶ Manual Mode for Non-Smart Carts

# What makes this fan so smart?

If you use this fan on a regular cart, you can turn it on and select one of three speeds by pushing the button on the side. But plugging it into a Smart Cart gives this Smart Fan Accessory added capabilities:

- Hands-off Operation: You can turn the Smart Fan on and off wirelessly from your computing device.
- Adjust the Thrust: Move the slider in the software and watch the fan respond.
- Reverse the Spin of the Fan: Input a negative thrust to make the fan blow in the opposite direction.
- Set Start and Stop Conditions: Choose to start the fan when a
  measurement (such as Position) reaches a certain value. Make the
  fan stop after a certain time so the cart coasts during part of the
  experiment.
- Sense and Control: Program the Smart Fan thrust to respond to a calculation based on sensor measurements, for example: Thrust = -100\*[Position]

This will cause the fan to blow harder as the cart moves down the track, causing the cart to reverse, and eventually the fan will reverse when the Position becomes negative, accelerating the cart in the positive direction.

#### **Specifications**

- Pushbutton for on/off: 3 speed settings
- Fits all PASCO dynamics carts
- Smart Cart required for extended Smart features
- Maximum Thrust: 0.2 N
- Uses 4 AA batteries (alkaline or rechargeable)
- Lithium Battery Performance: On medium speed, fan slows after 5.2 hrs and stops after 5.6 hrs.
- Alkaline Battery Performance: On medium speed, fan slows after 1 hr and stops after 8.9 hrs.
- PASCO Capstone software required for full feature set.
- SPARKvue software provides ON/OFF button and thrust slider.







This is the control panel for the Smart Fan in PASCO Capstone software.

Smart Fan Accessory, Red

Thrust =-100\*(Position, Red (m))

# Includes

- Smart Fan Accessory
- Smart Cart Cable (19 cm)
- AA Alkaline Batteries (4)

# **Order Information**

# Show independence of x- and y-motion

# **Ballistic Cart Accessory**

ME-9486

- Works every time
- Non-contact release
- Adjustable barrel

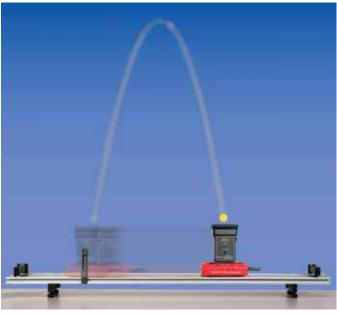
PASCO's Ballistic Cart Accessory helps beginning physics students grasp the independence of vertical and horizontal motion.

# **How It Works**

Mounted on a dynamics cart or motorized cart moving at constant velocity, the Ballistic Cart Accessory launches a ball vertically, continues down the track, and then catches the ball as it falls—every time. Offers an exciting introductory demonstration to projectile motion.



Compatible with PASCO Classic Carts, PAScars, GOcars, and Smart Carts.



Ballistic Cart Accessory attaches to a Smart Cart and projects a ball as it travels along a track.

# 0.5 m

At slow or fast speeds, the results are the same.

#### **Features**

- ▶ Photogate Ball Release: PASCO's optical release does not affect cart motion or ball flight path, no matter what the speed of the cart.
- ▶ Alignable Barrel: The barrel has X and Y adjustments so perfect vertical projections can be produced every time, even on non-level surfaces.
- Constant Velocity: Mounts on the low-friction PASCO Dynamics Cart so horizontal velocity remains constant.
- Strong Compression Spring: Fires a colored nylon ball 0.5 meters or higher—impressive for demonstration purposes.

#### **Includes**

- Ballistic Launcher
- Plastic Balls (2)
- Trigger Bracket
- 9 V Battery

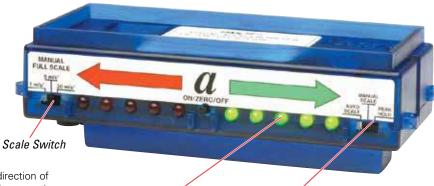
Ballistic Cart Accessory	.ME-9486	
Required:		
Dynamics System		. p. 92-97
Recommended:		
Smart Cart (Red)	. ME-1240	p. 94

# Teach the difference between velocity and acceleration

# **Visual Accelerometer**

PS-2128

- ▶ Clearly demonstrates the difference between velocity and acceleration
- Shows both direction and magnitude of acceleration
- Acts as a sensor when connected to a computer (See page 36)



Super Bright LEDs

Mode of Operation Switch



The Visual Accelerometer shows the magnitude and direction of acceleration in one dimension. Five green LEDs light in proportion to the acceleration to the right and five red LEDs light in proportion to the acceleration to the left. Because the Visual Accelerometer is mounted on the accelerating object, students see the acceleration without having to look away at a computer.



Push a cart up the incline and let it go back down. Students will expect the direction of the acceleration to change, depending on whether the cart is going up or down the incline. They are surprised that the red lights stay lit in the same direction.

#### **Features**

- ▶ Super Bright LEDs: Strong visual clues to both the magnitude and direction of the acceleration.
- ▶ Portable: Clearly shows magnitude and direction of acceleration with no cord attached.
- ▶ Auto-Scale: The auto-scale feature makes any acceleration between 0.2 and 20 m/s² a full-scale reading.
- ▶ Peak-Hold Mode: Freezes the lighted LEDs at the maximum acceleration so it can be viewed after the object stops.

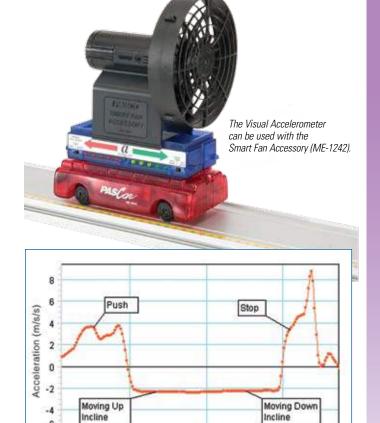
# **Specifications**

**Three Manual Scales:** 1 m/s², 5 m/s², 20 m/s² full scale **Requires three AA batteries** for stand-alone operation (included)

Auto-off after three hours

#### **Includes**

- Visual Accelerometer
- Plastic M5 screws for attachment to a Dynamics Cart (2)
- Sensor Cable



When connected to a computer, the Visual Accelerometer measures the acceleration as the cart is pushed by hand. The direction and magnitude of the acceleration is constant as the cart goes up and then goes down the incline.

1.5

Time (s)

2.0

#### Order Information

Inclined Plane

PASPORT Visual Accelerometer	PS-2128
Smart Fan Accessory	ME-1242

1.0

# Hooke's Law, Spring Potential Energy, and Work-Kinetic Energy Theorem all in one cart launcher.

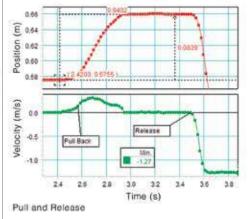
# Spring Cart Launcher

ME-6843\*

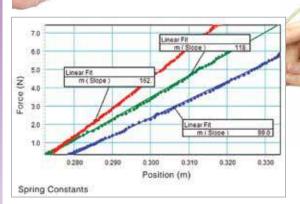
- ▶ Affordable cart launcher
- ▶ Hooke's Law
- Spring potential energy

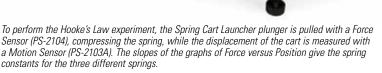


The Spring Cart Launcher provides an economical way to launch carts in a repeatable fashion. It can be used for Hooke's Law, collisions, and for Conservation of Energy. It fits into the bed of a Dynamics Cart or PAScar. To launch the cart, the plunger is pulled through the hole in the new endstop, compressing the spring, and then released. To add repeatability, a second endstop can be used with the supplied pin to hold the plunger at a specified compression position. Three different strength springs are provided with the Spring Cart Launcher. Use with or without probeware.



The spring potential energy is converted to kinetic energy. The Spring Cart Launcher rides in the cart, so nearly all the energy from the spring is transferred to the cart. The position of the cart (top) and the velocity of the cart (bottom) are measured using the Motion Sensor.





#### **Includes**

- Spring Cart Launcher
- Trigger Pin
- Three Different Strength Springs

# Order Information



#### **Friction Block**

ME-9807



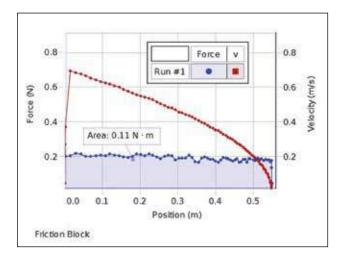
- ▶ Two types of material
- Vary surface area by using it flat or up on its side
- ▶ Hook for attaching a string to pull it
- Slot for a picket fence or flag for photogate timing

The wooden Friction Block has felt on two sides, so the frictional coefficients for felt or wood can be measured. It also fits into the dynamics cart tray so the cart can run on its wheels, or it can be turned upside down to run on the Friction Block, without changing the mass.

#### **Features**

▶ Dimensions: 13 cm x 5 cm x 17 cm

▶ Approximate Mass: 110 q





#### Order Information

Friction Block	ME-9807
Shown in use with:	
Dynamics Track System	See pages 92-97
End Stops (2)	ME-8971 p. 112

### **Discover Friction Accessory**



PASCO's Discover Friction Accessory is unlike any other friction set. The trays are designed to work effectively with PASCO carts and sensors. Using the four trays, students can discover such concepts as coefficient of friction, static friction, kinetic friction and the sliding friction equations. The two trays with identical plastic surfaces can be hooked together to explore the relationship between surface area and sliding frictional forces.

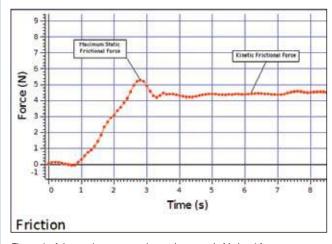
#### **Features**

▶ Easy Storage: Friction trays are stackable

▶ Versatile: Students discover key friction concepts

▶ Compatible: Can be used with PASCO carts, masses,

and Force Sensors



The peak of the graph represents the maximum static frictional force. Once the friction tray begins to move, the kinetic frictional force is evident on the graph.

#### **Includes**

- Friction Tray Felt
- Friction Tray Cork
- Friction Tray Plastic (2)



Discover Friction Accessory	. ME-8574	
Recommended:		
Cart Mass	. ME-6757A	p. 111
PAScar (red)	. ME-6933	p. 99
PAScar (blue)	. ME-6934	p. 99
Force Sensor	. See pages 28-30	
Dynamics System	See pages 92-97	

### **Force Bracket**

MF-6622

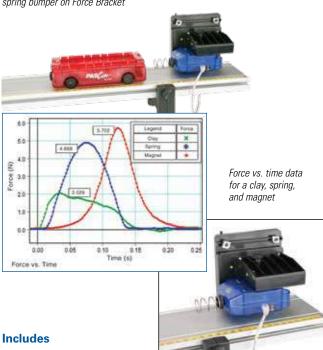
The Force Bracket with bumpers mounts the PASCO Force Sensor directly to a dynamics track. It includes 5 collision attachments for the Force Sensor and conveniently stores each attachment on the bracket itself.

Using any of these attachments, the bracket serves as an excellent support or target for collision studies using the Force Sensor.





Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor (PS-3202) in cart collisions with fixed spring bumper on Force Bracket



- Spring Bumpers (2) (different spring constants)
- Magnetic Bumper (1)
- Rubber Bumper (1)
- Clay Cup for Inelastic Collisions (1) (clay included)
- #0 Phillips Head Screwdriver (to attach to Force Sensor)

#### Order Information

Force Bracket...... ME-6622

### **Bumper Accessory Set**

ME-9884



This set of bumpers can be used with any PASCO Force Sensor to perform both elastic and inelastic collisions. The standard hook for each Force Sensor can be easily removed and replaced with any of these bumpers. Use a spring and a cup for elastic collisions. Combine two cups with clay to explore inelastic collisions.

#### Includes

- Stiff Spring • Empty Cup (2)
- Light Spring Modeling Clay











Bumper Accessory Kit...... ME-9884

### **Magnetic Bumper Set**

ME-9885A

This set of magnetic bumpers can be used with any PASCO Force Sensor to perform elastic collisions without any contact. The bumpers screw directly into the beam of the sensor. They can also be used with the Force Bracket.



#### Includes

• Magnetic Bumper (2)



#### Order Information

Magnetic Bumper Set...... ME-9885A

### **Cart Adapter Accessory**

ME-6743

The Cart Adapter Accessory allows the Motion Sensor and many other sensors to be mounted to a Dynamics Cart or a PAScar.





Mounting a Motion Sensor on a cart is ideal for the study of relative motion. The adjustment knob on the bracket allows the Motion Sensor to face any direction.

#### Includes

- Two M5 thumb screws to attach to cart
- 1/4"-20 screw at center



Cart Adapter Accessory ...... ME-6743



### Show that drag is proportional to speed and investigate critical damping.

### **Magnetic Damping Accessory**

ME-6828

The spring-and-car oscillation experiment shown here uses a Motion Sensor to measure the position and velocity of the cart. The Magnetic Damping Accessory induces eddy currents in the aluminum track, causing friction that is proportional to the velocity of the cart. Students can vary all of the parameters, including the amount of damping, track angle, cart mass, and spring constant.

\*\*Motion Sensor\*\*
measures position and velocity of cart.\*\*

\*\*Motion Sensor\*\*

\*\*

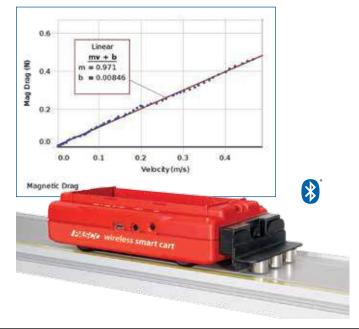
Magnetic Damping

The steel bracket of the Magnetic Damping Accessory slides up and down

to adjust the amount of damping.

#### Magnetic Damping using the new wireless Smart Cart

Measure the magnetic drag force directly with on-board force sensor in the Smart Cart. The Smart Cart also has an encoder that keeps track of its velocity. This plot of Force vs. Velocity shows the induced magnetic drag is proportional to the velocity.



#### Over-damped, Under-damped, Critically-damped

0.35

0.30

0.25

0.20

Damping

The cart is displaced from equilibrium and then released from rest. The green line shows a system that is under-damped, with the magnets far from the track. The cart is over-damped (blue line) when the magnets are very close to the track, and it takes over four seconds for the cart to reach its equilibrium position. When the cart is critically damped (red line) it reaches its equilibrium position in the minimum amount of time, which for this system is just over two seconds.

#### Includes

- Bracket
- Magnets
- Keeper

Magnetic Damping Accessory	ME-6828	
Basic PAScar/Metal Track System	ME-5702	р. 93
Dynamics Track Spring Set	ME-8999	p. 111
Motion Sensor	PS-2103A	p. 24
Wireless Smart Cart (Red)	ME-1240	p. 98
PASCO Capstone Software		pp. 18-20

### Mechanical Oscillator for Driven Harmonic Experiments

### **Mechanical Oscillator/Driver**

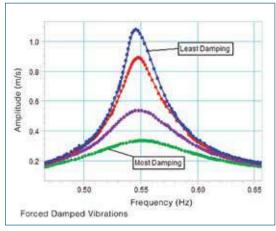
The Mechanical Oscillator/Driver delivers repeatable, low-frequency, high-force sinusoidal motion for harmonic motion experiments. Shown with the Smart Cart Standard Dynamics System (ME-5718), and it also works with other Dynamics Systems having a metal track.

#### **Specifications**

▶ Sinusoidal Drive: 12 VDC motor (frequency: 0.3-3 Hz, current: 0-0.3 A). Adjustable Amplitude: Up to 12 cm.

Mounts to Dynamics Track or Rod

▶ Photogate Mounting Holes



The velocity amplitude is plotted as a function of driving frequency. The four resonance curves show the effect of varying the strength of the magnetic damping.

> **Dynamics** Track

Adjust amplitude by sliding arm String guide For mounting on Slot for a dynamic track mounting photogate Rod clamp (on opposite side)

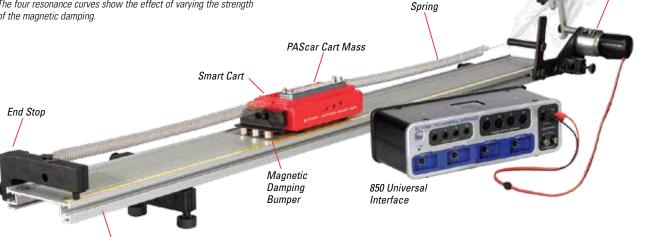
In this driven harmonic oscillation experiment, the amplitude and frequency data is provided by the Smart Cart.

The Mechanical/Oscillator Driver is driven by the output of the 850 Universal Interface. The 850 signal generator can be set to automatically ramp up the DC voltage to change the driving frequency over several minutes.

The damping is provided by the Magnetic Damping Bumper (ME-6828) which induces a current in the aluminum track. This gives a drag which is proportional to the velocity of the cart, thus making the differential equations solvable. The drag can be increased by moving the magnets closer to the track.

An interesting addition to this experiment is to ramp the driving frequency at a faster rate. This doesn't give the system time to react and the motion overshoots, causing the resonance curve to have a hysteresis.

> Mechanical Oscillator Driver



#### **Order Information**

Shown in use with:		
Smart Cart Metal Track Standard System	ME-5718	p. 93
Magnetic Damping Bumper	ME-6828	p. 109
850 Universal Interface	UI-5000	p. 12

Mechanical Oscillator/Driver ...... ME-8750

### **Compact Cart Mass**

ME-6755



Order Information

Compact Cart Mass.....ME-6755

### Dynamics Track Spring Set

ME-8999



Includes 12 springs (1.6 cm diameter) with approximate spring constants of:

3.4 N/m (3 short and 3 long springs) 6.8 N/m (3 short and 3 long springs)

#### Order Information

Dynamics Track Spring Set (12) ......ME-8999



Includes eight identical springs: 8 cm long, 3.4 N/M spring constant.

#### Order Information

Spring Set (8)......ME-9803B

## Cart Replacement Axles\* (4 pack)



#### \*Not suitable for Smart Carts

Although the ball bearings are designed for many years of use, the bearings can become damaged from dirt and other contaminants. The wheels and axles of the PAScar can be easily replaced by removing the lower section of the car and placing the new wheels in the chassis. A perfect tune-up for a PAScar or GOcar! The wheels of the Classic Carts can also be replaced with the same set of wheels. Contact PASCO's technical support for further assistance.

#### Order Information

Cart Replacement Axles (4 pack) ...... ME-6957

### **Braided Physics String**

SE-8050

▶ 30-lb, test

This braided Dacron® string is tough, resists stretching, and won't unravel.

Withstands up to 133 Newtons of force (equivalent to 13.6 kg). Each roll provides 320 meters of string.

#### Order Information

Braided Physics

String.....SE-8050

### **PAScar Cart Mass (set of 2)**

ME-6757A



This 250 gram mass fits in any Dynamics Cart, the Motorized Cart (ME-9781), or the Discover Friction Accessory (ME-8574).

#### Order Information

PAScar Cart Mass (set of 2).....ME-6757A

### **Super Pulley with Clamp**

ME-9448B



Pulley clamps on the end of any Dynamics Track. Its height is fully adjustable to match height of string attached to a dynamics cart.

#### Order Information

Super Pulley with Clamp ......ME-9448B

## Rubber Cord (30 meters)

ME-8986

For Elastic Bumper (ME-8998). Also fits Air Track Bumpers



#### Order Information

Rubber Cord (Spool of 30 m)..... ME-8986

# Use your Rotary Motion Sensor to track cart motion. Dynamics Track Mount

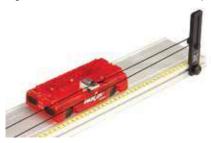
### **Dynamics Track Mount**

CI-6692

**Track String Adapter** (RMS/IDS Kit)



The Dynamics Track Mount (CI-6692) is used to mount the Rotary Motion Sensor to the Dynamics Track, allowing it to act as a high resolution, bi-directional Smart Pulley.



When used in conjunction with the Dynamics Track Mount (CI-6692), this unit allows a Rotary Motion Sensor to continuously monitor the Dynamics Cart position. A loop of string wraps around the Rotary Motion Sensor pulley and the ball-bearing pulley, and then it attaches to the cart via a special clip (included).

#### CI-6692 Includes

Bracket

#### **PS-2120A Includes**

- · Bracket with Pulley
- Cart String Clip
- Thread

#### Order Information

Dynamics Track Mount... CI-6692 Track String Adapter (RMS/IDS Kit)..... ME-6569 Rotary Motion Sensor for use with: ScienceWorkshop .......... CI-6538 p. 25 PASPORT ......PS-2120A p. 25

### **Track Rod Clamp**

MF-9836



Shown with PAStrack

Track Rod Clamp fastens to the T-slot of a Dynamics Track and accepts 1/2" rod.

#### Order Information

Track Rod Clamp ..... ME-9836

**Adjustable Feet (2)** 



#### Order Information

Adjustable Feet (2)......ME-8972

### **End Stops (2)**

ME-8971



#### Order Information

End Stops (2)......ME-8971

### **Angle Indicator**

ME-9495A

The Angle Indicator fastens to the T-slot of a dynamics track. Hanging plumbbob indicates angle to 1/2°.



#### Order Information

Angle Indicator.....ME-9495A Recommended:

Projectile Launcher Plumb Bobs (24 pack) ......ME-9868A

### **Dynamics Systems Spares** Kit MF-9823

The Spares Kit contains many of the small parts that can get lost after classroom use. All parts are organized in a convenient case for easy storage.

#### **Includes**

- Cart Bumper Magnets (2)
- Velcro Hoop and Loop Bumpers (4)
- Dynamics Track Feet Screws (4)
- 1/4"-20 x 9/16" Tee Thumb Screws (4)
- 1/4"-20 x 9/16" Round Thumb Screws (6)
- 1/4"-20 x 3/8" Round Thumb Screws (6)
- 1/4"-20 x 7/32" Square Nuts (20)
- 1/4"-20 Nylon Thumb Nuts (6)
- 6-32 x 3/8" Nylon Thumb Screw (6)
- M5 x 0.8 x 20 mm Nylon Thumb Screw (4)
- 1/4"-20 x 3/8" Set Screws (4)
- Bumper Squares (8)
- Round Rubber Bumpers (4)



#### Order Information

Dynamics Systems Spares Kit......ME-9823

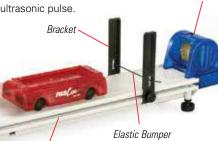
Motion

Sensor

### **Elastic Bumper**

ME-8998

The Elastic Bumper protects the Motion Sensor from the carts, but doesn't interfere with the ultrasonic pulse.



Shown with PAStrack

#### **Includes**

• Two pairs of brackets

• 10 meters of elastic material

#### Order Information

Elastic Bumper...... ME-8998

### **Digital Photogate Timer System**

ME-9403A

- High accuracy and resolution
- Four timing modes: gate, pulse, pendulum and manual stopwatch

Four Timing

Modes

Built-in memory

PASCO digital photogates are used in thousands of physics labs throughout the world. They are rugged and simple to operate.

#### **Features**

- ▶ Built-in Photogate: Timer serves as the base
- ▶ 0.1 ms Resolution and 0.05% Accuracy
- ▶ Memory Function: Allows two measurements in rapid succession, such as pre- and post-collision velocities
- ▶ Easy Setup: Turn it on and begin taking measurements
- ▶ Portability or Plug-in: Use four "C" cells (not included) or 9 V AC adapter (included)

#### The Photogate Timers work with the following:

- ▶ Accessory Photogate
- ▶ Time-of-Flight Accessory
- ▶ Freefall Timer
- Laser Switch



0.1 ms Resolution

Memory Record two times in rapid succession. The photogate will remember the first and the total of the two times



Precision Photogates PASCO photogates are highly accurate timing devices. Each photogate has a high output, narrow angle infrared emitter and a narrow angle detector. The photogate signals:

- have a spatial resolution error of less than 1 mm
- have a rise time of less than 10 µs
- are unaffected by normal ambient light

Accessory Photogate Can be purchased separately.

Digital Photogate Timer System Includes both the Photogate Timer and the Accessory Photogate.

#### **Specifications**

Modes: Gate, pulse, pendulum, manual

stopwatch

Resolution: 0.1 ms (max time 19.9999 s) Accuracy: 0.05% of full range of the

measured time ± 1 digit

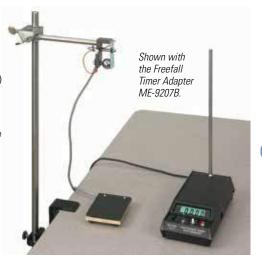
Display: 5-1/2 digit, 10 mm high LCD Memory: Preserves displayed time while

new time is measured

Photogate: 6.5 cm wide; fully adjustable swivel mount; LED trigger indicator; fall time <10 ns; spacial resolution <1 mm

compatible signals; one photogate jack and a 9-V AC adapter jack (or four "C"

Inputs: Accessory Photogates, or TTLsize batteries) on back panel



#### Order Information

Digital Photogate Timer System ..... ME-9403A Photogate Timer with Memory..... ME-9215B Accessory Photogate ..... ME-9204B

### The Most Versatile Stand-Alone Timer Available

#### **Smart Timer**

ME-8930

- Portable timer for photogates and smart pulleys
- Measures time, speed and acceleration
- Counter for G-M Tubes
- Crystal-controlled 0.01% accuracy

#### The ME-8930 Smart Timer works with all PASCO timing devices

- ▶ Accessory Photogate
- ▶ Time-of-Flight Accessory ▶ Laser Switch

- ▶ Photogate/Pulley System
- ▶ Freefall Adapter
- ▶ G-M Tube

#### Measure Time:

- ▶ One Gate: Returns time from leading edge to leading edge
- ▶ Fence: Returns 10 time values
- ▶ Two Gates: Returns time between two gates
- ▶ Pendulum: Measures pendulum period
- ▶ Stopwatch: Returns time between pressing Start/Stop hutton

#### Measure Speed:

- One Gate: Single object speed using picket fence
- ► Collision: Initial and final speeds for one or two carts
- ▶ Pulley: Angular speed

### **Measure Acceleration:**

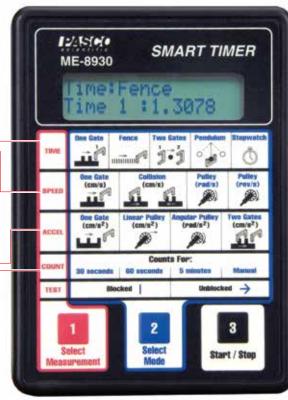
- One Gate: Direct measurement of acceleration using picket fence
- ► Linear Pulley: Acceleration of string
- Angular Pulley
- ► Two Gates: Object's average acceleration between two photogates

#### **Measure Counts:**

- Three timing intervals
- ▶ Manual mode counts until Stop is pressed
- ▶ Up to 5,000 counts/second
- ▶ Up to 9.999.999 total counts

#### 2-line, 16-character Alphanumeric LCD

Top Line: Measurement Description; Bottom Line: Numerical Values



### It's as easy as 1-2-3.

#### 1. Measurement

Press this button to select the quantity to be measured: "Time," "Speed," "Accel," "Count" or "Test" will appear on the display.

#### 2. Mode

Press this button to select the type of experimental setup. Each mode is shown in words on the display.

#### 3. Start/Stop

Press Start. The Smart Timer "beeps," and waits for an event to occur. After the event, the Smart Timer displays a result.

### Two Photogate Ports





### **Features**

- ▶ Works with Two Photogates
- More than just a Timer: Measures speed and acceleration as well as time.
- ▶ Quick Setup: Turn on the switch, plug in the photogates, and it's ready to use.
- ▶ Portability or Plug-in: The battery-operated (four "AA"s) Smart Timer can be used outside the classroom away from power outlets. It can also be operated on the 9 VAC adapter (included).
- ▶ Calculation Lock-out Switch: A switch inside the battery compartment disables the speed and acceleration modes. Timing modes are unaffected, and students are required to do their own calculations.

#### **Specifications**

Resolution: 100 µs

Accuracy: 0.01% of full range of the

measured time

Display: 2-line, 16-character,

alphanumeric LCD

Inputs: Two 1/4" stereo phone jacks on side panel-TTL compatible

Power Requirements: Four "AA" batteries (not included) or AC adapter (9 VDC.

500 mA) included

### Typical Experiments

- 1. Acceleration Due to Gravity\*
- 2. Newton's Second Law\*
- 3. Conservation of Momentum in Collisions\*
- 4. Rotational Inertia of a Disk & Ring\*
- 5. Acceleration Down an Incline 6. Simple Harmonic Oscillator
- 7. Oscillations on an Incline
- 8. Springs in Series and Parallel
- 9. Projectile Motion Using Photogates
- 10. Time-of-Flight and Initial Velocity
- 11. Determining the Acceleration Due to Gravity
- 12. Counting Radiation with the G-M Tube \*Experiments require accessories listed on pages 37-41.

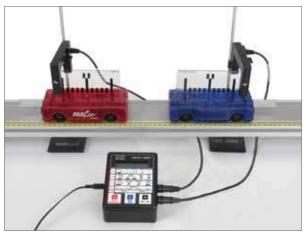


To see the experiments, type the product number into the search box at www.pasco.com and download the manual.

## The microprocessor-based PASCO Smart Timer is the most versatile way to make time, speed, acceleration, and count measurements.



**Speed of projectile— In Time:** Two Gates mode, determine the speed of a ball fired by a Projectile Launcher through two photogates.



**Speed before and after collision— In Speed:** Collision mode, use two carts and two photogates with a single Smart Timer to measure initial and final speeds of both carts.



**Speed of object through one gate— In Time:** One Gate mode, timing begins when the photogate beam is first blocked and continues until the beam is blocked again. Use the fence supplied with the Smart Timer.



**Rotary motion— In Acceleration:** Linear Pulley mode, the Smart Timer measures the acceleration of the string over the Smart Pulley.

#### Smart Timer (ME-8930) includes

- Smart Timer
- 9 VAC Adapter
- Picket Fences (2) Lab Manual

#### Order Information

Smart Timer Recommended:	ME-8930	
Accessory Photogate	ME-9204B	p. 37
Smart Timer Fences (2)	ME-8933	
Freefall Adapter	ME-9207B	p. 39
Photogate/Pulley System.	ME-6838A	p. 37
Time-of-Flight Accessory .	ME-6810A	p. 37
G-M Tube/Power Supply	SN-7927A	p. 39
Phone Jack Extender Cord	DI_0117	n 30

### **Smart Timer Photogate System**

/IE-8932

Comes with a full set of accessories for timing experiments. Attach the photogate to the Super Pulley to produce a "Smart Pulley."

### Smart Timer Photogate System (ME-8932) includes

- 1. Smart Timer
- 2. Accessory Photogate (2)
- 3. Super Pulley
- 4. Picket Fences (2)

9 VAC Adapter and Lab Manual (not shown)



Order Information

Smart Timer Photogate System.....ME-8932

### **Tape Timer**

ME-9283

- Crystal-controlled
- Two frequencies (10 Hz and 40 Hz)
- Easy-to-read dots

#### The Method

Provides students with a visual demonstration of speed and acceleration. A moving object pulls a paper tape through the timer. The timer prints dots on the tape at equal time intervals. The result is a series of dots on the paper tape, representing the position of the object as a function of time.

From the dots on the tape, the distance traveled can be measured, and the average speed for each time interval can be calculated. Plotting position versus time enables students to determine the average speed. Plotting the average speed for each time interval versus time enables acceleration to be determined.

The paper tape can be attached to air track carts, dynamics carts, falling masses or other objects.

#### **Features**

- ▶ Two crystal-controlled, calibrated frequencies: (10 Hz and 40 Hz), accurate to 0.1%. The 40-Hz frequency is ideal for freefall experiments. The slower 10-Hz frequency is best for most dynamics track experiments.
- Includes an internal 9-V battery, or use an optional external 9-V AC adapter/ power supply: A single battery can last for up to a year's worth of normal experiments.
- Low mass, small-pin printing head: Driven by short millisecond pulses, produces sharp, round dots without smearing.
- Plain paper: Print on 12.5 mm (1/2 inch) wide, plain paper supplied in 150-meter (500 feet) rolls.
- ▶ Carbon paper discs: Used for printing. The adjustable disc holder allows the printing point to be adjusted, giving a long life to the discs.
- ▶ Rod clamp: Allows the Tape Timer to be mounted on a standard lab stand rod so that the paper path is either parallel or perpendicular to the rod. Rod sizes between 13 mm (1/2 inch) and 9 mm (3/8 inch) are accommodated.





Calculate the acceleration due to gravity by dropping a mass attached to the tape.



Use a Tape Timer, Dynamics Cart and Track to calculate acceleration down an inclined plane.

#### Includes

- Roll of paper (1)
- Carbon paper discs
- Battery
- Manual (not shown)

#### Order Information

### **PASCO Stopwatch**

ME-1234

- No alarm or clock
- Memory for stored event times
- Uses one AA battery
- Durable buttons

Are you tired of annoying stop-watch alarms going off all day? Are your students stuck in the clock mode and can't get their stop-watch back into the timing mode? Does your stopwatch stop working after changing that little watch battery? The PASCO Stopwatch solves all these problems!

This stopwatch was designed specifically for science timing. The modes of operation are intuitive and complete instructions are included. The buttons are built to last and it uses a single long-lasting AA battery, which is less expensive than a watch battery (and easier to install).





The EVENT/RECALL button allows you to view the last time, in case students forget to write down their data. The EVENT/RECALL button is also used to store and recall up to nine event times. For example, record a series of events, such as times at which sandbags were dropped along the gym floor.

#### **Specifications**

**LED Display:** Visible indoors and outdoors **Two Display Modes:** MM:SS.SS (01:25.34)

or Decimal Sec (85.34 s)

Precision: 0.01 sec up to 59:59.99 (MM:SS.SS) or 3599.99 s Then 1 sec to 99:59:59 (HH:MM:SS) or 359999 s

Max Number of Event Times: Nine

Auto-off: After one hour idle

Can Be Used with a Lanyard (not included) **Includes:** AA battery and instruction sheet

#### Order Information

PASCO Stopwatch..... ME-1234

#### Hovercraft

ME-9838

Students experience Newton's Laws

Durable nylon skirt

Rubber bumper

Optional cordless air supply

Our Hovercraft follows the classic design, with a rugged nylon skirt attached around a 1.2 m wood platform. Students can easily ride on the Hovercraft to experience first-hand the kinematics of frictionless motion.

#### **How It Works**

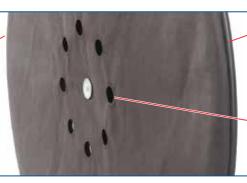
The nylon skirt is stretched around the wood platform and tightened using a steel wire. The center of the skirt is attached to the

bottom of the wood platform. A custom rubber bumper is placed around the circumference of the wood platform. The bumper helps secure the skirt and also provides a soft cushion around the edge of the Hovercraft. A high-volume air source is used to force air through the platform and into the skirt. After sitting on the platform, the air source is turned on and the skirt inflates. Small holes in the skirt allow the air to escape, while providing the higher pressure needed to lift the rider. A built-in level helps students center their weight on the Hovercraft.

An optional Cordless Air Source (SE-8806) is also available (below). In addition, most leaf blowers provide enough air flow to support the Hovercraft.

The PASCO Hovercraft is capable of supporting up to 300 lbs and comes completely assembled.

Double-Reinforced Nylon Skirt stretched around the wood platform and tightened using a steel wire prevents failure under high pressure loads.



#### Includes

• Wood platform (1.2 m diameter, 1.9 cm thick)

• Nylon skirt with mounting hardware

- Rubber bumper
- Liquid level
- Connection hose for air source



#### Order Information

Hovercraft ...... ME-9838

Required:

Cordless Air Source ...... SE-8806

#### **Hover Puck**

SF-7335B

Air source

not Included

Custom Rubber

stretched securely

circumference of

the wood platform.

allow air to escape, providing high pressure to lift the student.

Bumper

around the

Air Holes

- ▶ Hovers on a cushion of air
- Ideal for inertia activities.

The Hover Puck glides on a self-generated cushion of air across any smooth surface, including low-pile carpet. The rubber bumper provides protection for the puck and other objects during collisions. Each puck includes four "AA" batteries.



Order Information

• Four "AA" Batteries

Hover Puck.....SE-7335B Recommended:

Motion Sensor II .......PS-2103A p. 24 Motion Sensor II .......CI-6742A p. 24



#### **Includes**

- Rechargeable Battery
- Charging Adapter

Note: 220 V version not available.

#### Order Information

Cordless

Air Source ..... SE-8806

### The PASCO Air Track

#### **PASCO Air Track**

SF-9214

### Variable Output Air Supply

SF-9216

- ▶ Nearly frictionless linear motion
- ▶ Two meters long
- ▶ Complete accessories included

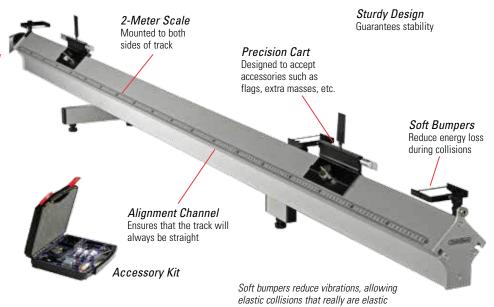
It's simple physics—a moving object will continue forever at a constant velocity unless it's acted on by an external force. To the physicist, Newton's First Law is second nature. Yet it's still fascinating to watch an air track glider moving endlessly back and forth on an air track.

It's even more fascinating for students, who are often seeing this simplest form of motion for the first time.

An air track glider provides the raw material for highly accurate investigations into the laws of motion. Add a timing system and investigate uniform motion, average and instantaneous velocities, uniform acceleration, elastic and inelastic collisions, impulse and change in momentum, conservation of momentum, conservation of energy and more. The data is precise and unambiguous. Frictional forces are negligible.



- ▶ **Longer:** The 2-meter length provides more room for experimenting, yet it still fits on a standard lab table.
- Straighter: Straight to within 0.04 mm over its entire 2-meter length
- Quieter: PASCO's Air Supply is exceptionally quiet. The air flow can be adjusted precisely for each experiment. Too little air causes friction; too much air causes energy loss due to glider "flutter."
- Complete: The PASCO Air Track comes with a complete set of accessories:
  - Two 170-gram gliders with soft bumpers. Glider collisions with hard bumpers can cause glider vibration, resulting in significant energy loss. Soft rubber band bumpers eliminate vibration and allow students to control the force and duration of each collision by varying the band tension.
  - Air Track Accessory Kit (all items shown on page 119)
  - Mounting hardware (two single-leg screws, two double-leg screws, one 4 mm wrench, one 5 mm wrench)
  - One single leg
  - One double leg with adjustable feet
  - ▶ Two fixed-end stops



#### **Specifications**

**Length:** 2 m (working distance 1.9 m) **Base:** Three-point with bilateral leveling screws

Millimeter Scales: 2 meters long on each side

#### **Includes**

- Gliders (2):13 cm long; 170 g; with rubber band bumpers
- Glider Flags (2): 25 mm
- Glider Masses (4): 50 g
- Glider Bumper (3)
- Inelastic Collision Kit (1): Needle with wax-filled receptacle
- Constant Acceleration Kit: Ball-bearing pulley, glider hook, mass hanger (2 g) and five acceleration masses: two 1 g; one 2 g; one 5 g; one 10 g
- Storage Case

2.0 m Air Track	SF-9214
Required:	
Variable Output Air Supply	SF-9216
Suggested:	
Replacement Parts	see page 119

### **Air Track Accessory Kit**



A set of accessories comes with every PASCO Air Track. All that's needed is a timing system. The pieces of the set may be ordered separately.

#### Order Information

Accessory Kit- Air Track	SF-9295
Recommended:	
Glider Kit-Air Track	SF-9224
Air Supply Hose (2 m)-Air Track	SF-9298
T-Adapter and Hose-Air Track	SF-9217

### **Variable Output Air Supply**

SF-9216



The PASCO Air Supply is exceptionally quiet. Its variable output lets students match the air flow to the experiment.

A 2-meter hose is included. By adding the T-Adapter and Hose (SF-9217), the Air Supply can operate two PASCO Air Tracks at the same time.

Note: This Air Supply produces 36 cfm at 0.122 psi for use with the Precision Air Track SF-9214. If used with another track, the total area of the air flow holes must be ≥2.6 cm2, or the supply may overheat.

#### Order Information

Variable Output Air Supply.....SF-9216

### **Rubber Cord (30 meters)**

ME-8986

For Elastic Bumper (ME-8998) Also fits Air Track Bumpers



Rubber Cord (30 m spool) ...... ME-8986

## **Air Track Accessories** and Replacement Parts

The Air Track includes accessories for standard air track experiments, from simple acceleration to elastic and inelastic collisions. To add more advanced experiments, a variety of additional accessories are available.



#### Included in the SF-9295 Kit

(Each item may be ordered separately. The number in parentheses indicates how many of each item is included in the Accessory Kit.)

1. Mass/Hanger Set-Air Track (1) SF-6300



2. Bumper with Holder-Air Track (3) SF-6301



3. Bumper Set-Air Track (3) SF-6302



4. Inelastic Collision Needle-Air Track (1) SF-6303



5. Wax Receptacle (1) SF-6304



6. Glider Hook (1) SF-6305



7. Glider Mass (4) SF-6307



8. Ball Bearing Pulley-Air Track (1) SF-6308



9. 25 mm Flag (2) SF-6311



#### Not included in the SF-9295 Kit

(Must be ordered separately.)









14. Glider Kit-Air Track (see photo at bottom)

SF-9224 (Includes one glider, two 50 g masses,

bumper with holder, and bumper blade.)
(The following two items are not pictured above and

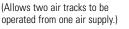
not included in the kit.)

15 Air Supply Hose (2 m)-

15. Air Supply Hose (2 m)-Air Track SF-9298



16. T-Adapter and Hose-Air Track SF-9217





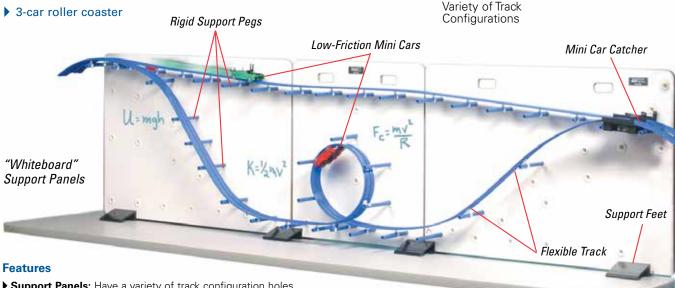


14. Additional Glider Kit SF-9224

### **Roller Coaster Complete System**

MF-9812

- Quantitative studies of Energy Conservation
- ▶ Easy to change track configurations



- ▶ Support Panels: Have a variety of track configuration holes predrilled for easy student assembly. Feature a dry-erase surface so calculations can be performed at the point of interest on the track.
- ▶ Mini Cars: Feature low-friction ball bearings and ABS construction to withstand repeated impacts. One red, one yellow, and one green Mini Car included. Each car includes a slot for a supplied photogate flag, cup/mass holder, and cup. The body of the car extends just far enough below the wheels to protect them, if the car leaves the track.
  - ▶ The Roller Coaster's Mini Cars are low friction, yet rugged; mass can be added to the cars on top or in the ballast position.
  - Bumpers mount on Mini Cars to allow rubber band or clay collisions. Also used to couple Mini Cars into a train.
- ▶ Ballast Mass: Can be added to mass tray of Mini Car or hidden under Mini Car to increase the energy without changing the car's outward appearance.
- ▶ Flexible Track: Guides carts on their path, yet is flexible enough to form loops and hills, or can be rolled out flat on a table. Easily attaches to the support pegs using the twist- on track clips. Long pegs allow two tracks side-by-side for comparison.
- ▶ Probeware Compatible: Threaded support pegs and Mini Car photogate flags allow photogates to be used at many positions around the track to measure velocity and acceleration.

#### **Roller Coaster Applications:**

- Conservation of Energy: Release the Mini Car and measure its velocity and height at several points along the track. Use these values to calculate total energy of the Mini Car. Frictional losses are less than 5%.
- Constant Acceleration: Several straight inclined sections can be used to measure and demonstrate constantly accelerated motion
- Projectile Motion/Conservation of Energy: Use the initial height of the Mini Car to determine its speed as it flies off the end of the track. Using this speed and height above the ground when it leaves the track, predict where the Mini Car will land.
- Multi-car Train: Mini Cars can be coupled to form a train and the velocity of each car can be measured with a photogate and a Smart Timer. The velocities are not the same.
- ▶ **Brachistochrone:** A Mini Car traveling between two points along a brachistochrone path takes less time compared to the straight line path.

#### Includes



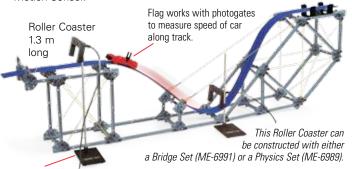
- Support feet (4)
- Flexible track (9.1 meters)
- Mini Cars (3)
- Support pegs for track (43)
- Photogate support pegs (4)
- Track clips (50)
- Mini Car catcher (2)
- Mini Car starter bracket (2)
- Mini Car collision accessory (3)
- . Mini Car photogate flags (3)
- Water cup (3)
- Mini Car ballast mass (3)
- Photogate brackets (4)
- Track couplers (2)

Oraci illioilliation		
Complete Roller Coaster	. ME-9812	
Recommended:		
Photogate Head	ME-9498A	p. 37
Photogate Bracket (2)	. ME-9806	p. 97
Roller Coaster Spares Kit	. ME-9815	
Mini Car Set	. ME-9813	
Roller Coaster Track		
(9.1 meters)	. ME-9814	
Smart Timer	ME-8930	p. 114
or Computer Interface	. p. 10-11	

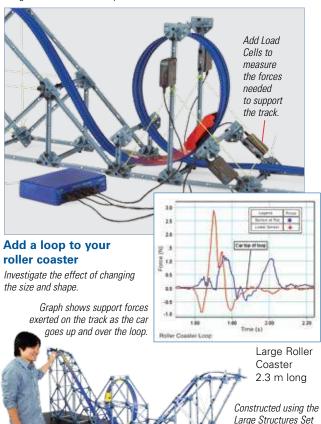


## Design your own roller coaster with PASCO's Structures System

PASCO's Structures System allows students to design and build their own roller coaster for detailed studies of conservation of energy and centripetal force. The flexible track is perfect for building hills, valleys and even a loop! Car with low friction, ball-bearing wheels minimizes energy losses. Measure the speed of the car using photogates or a Motion Sensor.



Position Accessory Photogate anywhere along the track to measure speed.



#### **Order Information**

Bridge SetME-6	991 p. 142
Large Structures SetME-7	'003 p. 144
Shown in use with:	
Load Cell & Amplifier SetPS-2	199 p. 32
Accessory PhotogateME-9	)204B p. 37

### **Amusement Park Physics Kit**

ME-9426A

- Extend your lab into the "real world"
- Complete kit for 15 students
- ▶ Developed in conjunction with AAPT\*

They might lose their notes. They might even lose their nerve. But in one day at an amusement park, students will also gain a real "gut-level" appreciation for Newton's Laws. Using this kit, students don't observe a dynamics cart. They are the dynamics cart. This is the only kit that is:

- Approved by the safety officers of major amusement parks across the USA.
- Student-tested in amusement parks by hundreds of schools.
- ► Teacher-tested in hundreds of Amusement Park Physics Workshops.

 Made with a metal coil spring for the Vertical Accelerometer (far more accurate than the commonly used rubber band).

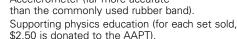




Photo courtesy of Paramount's Great America

\* American Association of Physics Teachers

#### **Includes**

- Brass Hanging Weights (19)
- Springs\*\* k = 3 N/m (16)
- Plastic Tubing (2.5 m)
- Plastic Tubes, 30 cm long (16)
- Plastic Tube End Caps (32)
- Bumper Stickers (16)
- Horizontal Accelerometer
- Cards (16)
- Push Pins (5)
- No. 3 Paper Clips (17)
- Cotton String
- Metal Balls (60)
- Straws (16)
- Wire Ties
- Vinvl Tape
- Rubber Bands #117 (32)
- Rubber Bands #19 (6)
- Plastic Storage Bags (16)
- Instruction Manual
- \*\*Additional accelerometer springs may be purchased separately. See order information below.



The Vertical Accelerometer: The

vertical acceleration in "g's."

stretch of the spring measures the

The Horizontal Accelerometer: The angle to which the BBs rise measures the horizontal acceleration. This accelerometer doubles as a sextant to measure distances by triangulation.

#### **Order Information**

Amusement Park Physics Kit (15 pack) ........................ ME-9426A Recommended: Additional Accelerometer Springs (15 pack).................. ME-8734

Scissors, pliers, masking tape, clear plastic tape

(ME-7003).

### **Discover Freefall System**

ME-9889

#### Determine g

### Investigate air resistance dependence on mass, volume, cross-sectional area

PASCO's Discover Freefall System can be used to drop almost any small object by attaching a small steel washer with a small adhesive pad (both are included in the system). Using an electric switch, timing is started automatically, just as the object is dropped. And the Time-of-Flight Pad stops timing when the object strikes it.

Students can investigate the effect of air resistance on acceleration. In addition, students can drop objects of the same size but different mass to study how object mass affects terminal velocity during freefall. The drop box has a magnetic mount for attaching to metal frames in ceilings.

Custom case with built-in

Test button

Charging light

Set includes six different balls

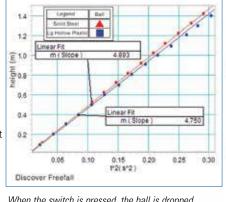
Active feedback loop measures the magnetic field and adjusts current to null field and release ball in less than 1 ms

This system can also accept the Target Accessory, ME-6854, to perform the shoot-the-target demonstration. See page 124.



#### **Includes**

- Drop box
- Control cable
- Control box
- AC adapter
- Time-of-Flight receptor pad
- Timer Switch
- Release washers (10)
- Release labels for attaching washers to object (50)
- Small nylon ball
- Large plastic ball
- Golf ball
- · Hollow golf ball
- 1" steel ball
- 5/8" steel ball



When the switch is pressed, the ball is dropped and the time of fall is measured for various balls. The graph shows height vs time-squared data for the 1 inch steel ball and the large hollow plastic ball. The slope of the line (equal to 1/2 g) gives an acceleration for the steel ball of 9.79 m/s². Note that the acceleration of the large hollow ball is considerably smaller, and that its data is not linear.



Shown in use with rods and clamps sold on pages 176-179. The Drop Box also has built-in magnets to fasten directly to the ceiling.



Any small object can be dropped with the Discover Freefall System by attaching a washer to the object with an adhesive pad (both included).



The Discover Freefall System also works with the 850, PASPORT or any ScienceWorkshop Interface. Shown here using a Digital Adapter.

Order Information		
Discover Freefall System	ME-9889	
Required:		
Smart Timer	ME-8930	p. 114
850 Interface		pp. 12-13
or PASPORT Interface		p. 10-11
with Digital Adapter	PS-2159	p. 39
Recommended:		
Freefall Balls Accessory	ME-9890	p. 183
Rods and Clamps		p. 176-179

### **Coin and Feather Tube**

SF-9788

The "Coin and Feather" experiment is one of the best ways to dispel the "lighter objects fall more slowly" myth.

When the air inside the 75 cm tube is at atmospheric pressure, the feather (in this case a very visible piece of Styrofoam) falls significantly more slowly than the coin. The syringe vacuum pump (included) will bring the air inside the tube down to about 7% of atmospheric pressure, making the feather and the coin appear to drop at the same rate.

The Coin and Feather Tube includes a 3.8 cm diameter clear plastic tube with end caps, coin and "feather" (Styrofoam), and syringe vacuum pump.



#### Order Information

Coin and Feather Tube ......SE-9788

### **Freefall Timer Adapter**

ME-9207B

#### **How It Works**

A steel ball is clamped into a spring-loaded release mechanism. At the instant the ball is released, the electronic timer automatically starts. The timer stops when the ball hits the receptor pad. With the accurate, high resolution timing and automatic start and stop, results are precise and repeatable.



#### **Includes**

- Ball release mechanism with stereo phone plug and receptor pad
- Four steel balls (1.9 cm, 1.6 cm diameter)

Maximum distance of fall is 2 m.



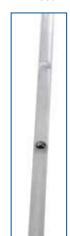
#### Order Information

Freefall Timer Adapter	. ME-9207B	
Required:		
Large Table Clamp	. ME-9472	p. 179
Multi Clamp	. ME-9507	p. 178
Rod (90 cm long)	. ME-8738	p. 176
Photogate Timer	. ME-9215B	p. 113
or Smart Timer	. ME-8930	p. 114
or 850 Interface		pp. 12-13
or PASPORT Interface		pp. 10
with Digital Adapter	. PS-2159	p. 39

### **Constant Velocity Tubes (4)**

SF-9072

This set is unusual because it includes a tube with both a bubble, a plastic ball and a metal ball, giving the students the added twist of having an object with a negative velocity and thus a negative slope on the graph. Students can predict where the ball and the bubble will meet.

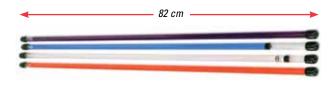


Constant Velocity Tubes effectively introduce the relationship between graphs and motion. Students can use a meterstick and a stopwatch to plot the position of the bubble as a function of time as it moves up the tube. Each tube has an obstruction that serves as the initial position for the bubble. The slope and vertical intercept from the graph yield the equation of motion.



This set includes three tubes with varying viscosities and initial starting points plus one tube with both a bubble and two balls. The red one and the colorless one have the same viscosity.

> Includes both a bubble and a metal ball!



#### **Order Information**

Constant Velocity Tubes (4)	SE-9072
Required:	
Meter Stick (6 pack)	SE-8827
PASCO Stopwatch	ME-1234
•	

### **Constant Speed Buggy**

Turn on the Constant Speed Buggy and watch it go. When it reaches a wall, it flips over and changes directions. This low-cost solution features flashing lights and a sporty appearance. Requires two "C" batteries that are not included. Actual product may vary from picture.



#### Order Information

Constant Speed Buggy ...... SE-8028A

### **Projectile** Launcher

ME-6800

Accurate

Durable





### **Launcher Spares Kit**

ME-6802

#### **Includes**

- Loading Rod (10)
- 2-D Collision Accessory (2)
- Plastic Balls (10 pack)
- Sights (5 pack)
- Angle Indicator
- Plumb Bobs (24 pack)
- Thumbscrew to attach launcher to base (10)

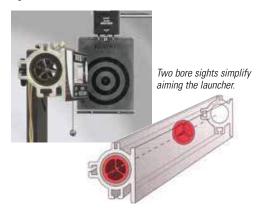
#### Order Information

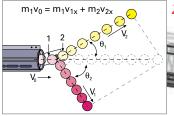
Launcher Spares Kit......ME-6802

### Unique Sights

#### Shoot-the-Target

The "gun" is aimed directly at the target. Although the target "drops" the moment the projectile is fired, the ball still hits the target since the ball falls with the same acceleration.





2-D Collisions

The 2-D Collision Accessory (included with all PASCO launchers) allows the study of Conservation of Momentum in two dimensions. Use the points of impact with the floor of each of the two balls to determine relative velocities and angles.

#### **Specifications**

Ranges: 1.2, 3, 5 m Launch Angles: 0 to +90° Launcher Length: 21 cm

#### **Features**

Fixed Firing Height at Any Launch Angle: Firing height of ball is same for any launch angle.

ensure repeatability of impact position.

▶ Unique Piston Design: Minimizes projectile spin to

#### Includes

- Launcher with Base
- Projectile Balls
- Loading Rod
- Safety Glasses
- 2-D Collision Accessory
- Manual

Projectile Launcher	ME-6800	
Shown in use with:		
Shoot-The-Target System	ME-6853	p. 127
Photogate Mounting Bracket	ME-6821A	p. 129
Smart Gate	PS-2180	p. 36
Recommended:		
Time-of-Flight Accessory	ME-6810A	p. 129
Large C-Clamp (6 pack)	SE-7285	p. 179
Plumb Bobs (10 pack)	SE-8728	p. 129

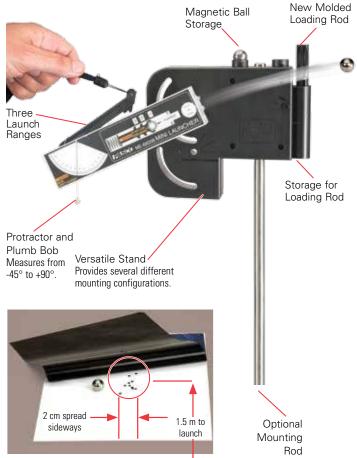
#### Mini Launcher

ME-6825B

- ▶ Ideal for tabletop projectile experiments
- Fires at downward angles
- ▶ Low cost

#### New bracket features include:

- ▶ Magnetic ball storage
- ▶ New plunger storage
- ▶ Shooting positions now labled



Typical pattern for Mini Launcher –

Ball was launched 10 times off 1m high table at 30° angle. All 10 shots landed within 5 cm diameter circle.

### **Mini Launcher Spares Kit**

ME-6824

#### **Includes**

- Loading Rod (10)
- 2-D Collision Accessory (2)
- Steel Balls (10 pack)
- Angle Indicator
- Plumb Bobs (24 pack)
- Thumbscrew to attach launcher to base (10)

#### Order Information

Mini Launcher Spares Kit.....ME-6824

### 2-D Collision



Shoot from table top level!



Unique stand design allows ball to be launched from tabletop height. The ball lands on the table at the same height from which it was launched.

Magnetic Piston holds ball in place for launching at downward angles.

#### **Specifications**

Range: 0.5, 1, 2 m

Launch Angle: 0 to +90° and 0 to -45°

Launcher Length: 18 cm

#### Includes

- Launcher Base L
- Loading Rod
- 2-D Collision Accessory
- Projectile Balls
- Safety Glasses
- Manual

Mini Launcher Recommended:	ME-6825B	
Photogate Mounting Bracket		p. 129 p. 36
Smart Gate Time-of-Flight Accessory		p. 30 p. 129
Clamps		p. 179
Steel Rod		p. 176
Plumb Bobs (10)	SE-8728	p. 129
Carbon Paper (100 Sheets)	SE-8693	p. 126
Metric Measuring Tape	SE-8712A	p. 182

## **Projectile Launcher Smart Gate System**

ME-6798

- Vary height.
- Vary angle.

Smart Gate

(See page 38 for more information)

Mini Projectile Launcher

**Specifications** Range: 0.5, 1, 2 m

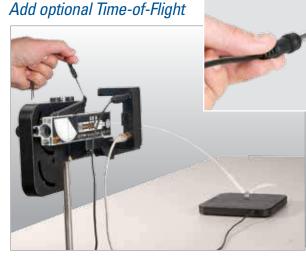
Launcher Length: 18 cm

Launch Angle: 0 to +90° and 0 to -45°

- Vary launch speed.
- Measure accurately with Smart Gate.

With this combination, your students can study projectile motion and measure the initial speed with one economical Smart Gate since it has two photogate beams built in. The Mini Launcher and Smart Gate make the setup simple: Just clamp the launcher to the table and slide the Smart Gate on. All the components needed are included, even the rod and clamp.

Stainless Steel Rod



Daisy-chain Time-of-Flight to Smart Gate

Smart Gate connects directly to a PASPORT interface.



Aluminum / Clamp

Launcher

Stand

#### **Includes**

- Smart Gate with mounting bracket
- Launcher with Mounting Stand
- Steel balls (2) with loading rod
- 2-D collision Accessory
- Aluminum Table Clamp
- 45 cm Stainless Steel Rod



#### Order Information

Projectile Launcher
Smart Gate System......ME-6798
Shown in use with:
Time-of-Flight

Accessory ......ME-6810A p. 129 Required:

PASPORT Interface

## Carbon Paper (100 sheets)

SE-8693

For marking the position of the ball.



#### Order Information

Carbon Paper (100 sheets)......SE-8693

### **Time-of-Flight Accessory**

ME-6810A

For use with all PASCO launchers

#### **Includes**

- Time-of-Flight Accessory
- Instruction Manual
- Experiment Guide

#### Order Information

Time-of-Flight Accessory ...... ME-6810A



### **Shoot-the-Target**

ME-6853

- ▶ Demonstrate independence of *x* and *y*-motion
- For use with all launchers

The PASCO Shoot-the-Target Accessory, in combination with a projectile launcher, demonstrates that acceleration is constant for all objects in free-fall, regardless of initial velocity. A target is initially suspended near the ceiling, and a projectile launcher is aimed directly at it. As soon as the projectile is shot from the launcher, the target is released. The projectile hits the target as it falls, proving that both objects accelerate downward at the same rate.

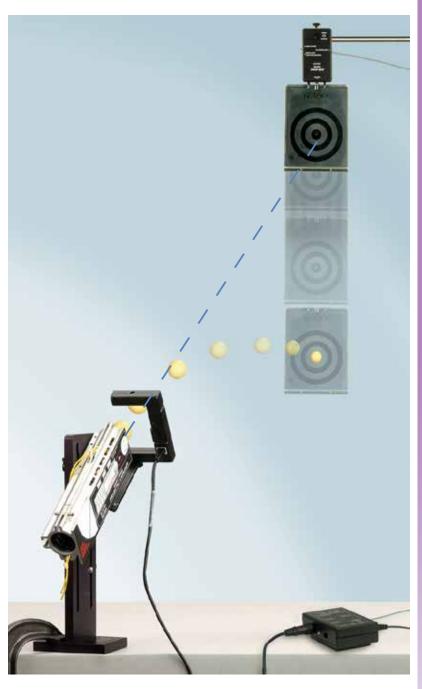
Before it falls, the target is attached to the drop box by a permanent magnet so it can hang indefinitely, even when the drop box is not powered. A photogate detects the projectile as it leaves the launcher and triggers the drop box. The drop box releases the target by driving a current through a coil that cancels the field of the permanent magnet.

The "gun" is aimed directly at the target. Although the target "drops" the moment the projectile is fired, the ball still hits the target since the ball falls with the same acceleration.



- Drop Box & Control Box
- Control Cable
- High Impact Plastic Target (75 cm x 20 cm) ME-6852
- Photogate Head & Bracket
- AC Adapter (9 VDC, 500 mA)





Shoot-the-Target SystemME-6853	
Short-Range LauncherME-6800	p. 124
Mini LauncherME-6825A	p. 125

### **Drop Shoot Accessory**

ME-9859

- Simultaneously drops one ball and launches a second ball horizontally
- ▶ Prove the independence of *x* and *y*-motion
- Mounts on PASCO projectile launchers (short- and long-range)

The Drop Shoot Accessory is an easy-to-use tool that helps students better understand the independence between the horizontal and vertical motion of a projectile. Connect the accessory to either the short or long range projectile launchers, hang one ball from the magnet and fire away. The fired ball strikes the hanging ball, causing one ball to shoot horizontally at the same instant the other ball falls straight down. Both balls hit the ground at the same time, regardless of the fired projectile's muzzle velocity, provided the Projectile Launcher is level. This device also provides an interesting demonstration of Conservation of Momentum in collisions.

When the (included) hollow steel ball is used, the two balls are both fired horizontally at two different speeds. A Photogate and Time-of-Flight Accessory can also be used to directly measure time of flight.



Either the solid steel ball or hollow steel ball is hung by a magnet.



When the solid ball hits the hanging solid ball, the hanging ball shoots out horizontally, while the ball shot out of the launcher drops straight down.



#### Includes

- Drop Shoot Bracket
- 2.5 cm Steel Balls (2)
- 2.5 cm Hollow Steel Ball
- Mounting Hardware
- Loading Rod

#### Order Information

Drop Shoot Accessory......ME-9859
Required:
Projectile Launcher......ME-6800

p. 124

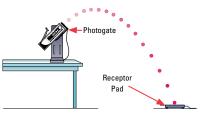
### **Time-of-Flight Accessory**

For use with all PASCO launchers

When the projectile is launched, the photogate mounted on the launcher starts timing.



When the projectile hits the receptor pad on the Time-of-Flight Accessory, an electric signal is sent to stop timing.



#### **Includes**

- Time-of-Flight Accessory
- Instruction Manual
- Experiment Guide

#### Order Information

Time-of-Flight Accessory ..... ME-6810A

### **Photogate Mounting** Bracket

MF-6821A



Mount one or two photogates on any Projectile Launcher. Compatible with Photogate Heads below.



#### **Order Information**

Accessory

Photogate Mounting Bracket ..... ME-6821A Photogate Head ..... ME-9498A

Photogate ..... ME-9204B p. 37

p. 37

**Small Steel Balls** (10 pack)

ME-9872

These 1.6 cm diameter steel balls are used with the Mini Launcher (ME-6825).



#### **Order Information**

Small Steel Balls (10 pack)......ME-9872

Steel Balls (4 pack)

ME-9864



**WARNING** CHOKING HAZARD Contains small balls. Not for children under

Purchase this 4 pack of 2.5 cm diameter balls for use with PASCO Short or Long-Range Projectile Launchers (ME-6800 or ME-6801).

#### Order Information

Steel Balls

(4 pack)......ME-9864

### Plastic Balls

MF-6822



**MARNING** CHOKING HAZARD Contains small balls. Not for children under 3 years.

Extra brightly colored balls are available for the Projectile Launcher. Diameter is 2.5 cm (1 in.).

#### Order Information

Plastic Balls

(10 pack) .....ME-6822

### **Spherical Mass Set**

ME-8968







This set includes four balls with a diameter of 2.5 cm each, but features various masses, including a hollow steel ball, solid steel ball, plastic ball and aluminum ball.

#### **Order Information**

Spherical Mass Set .....

**Projectile Launcher** Sights (5 pack)

ME-9865







Purchase this 5 pack of aiming sights as a replacement for the Short-Range or Long-Range Projectile Launchers.

#### Order Information

Projectile Launcher Sights (5 pack)......ME-9865

### **Projectile Launcher** Plumb Bobs (24 pack)

Use this kit to make 24 brass plumb bobs to replace lost or broken parts from any of PASCO's projectile launchers.





#### Order Information

Projectile Launcher Plumb Bobs (24 pack).....ME-9868A

### "C" Clamps

SE-7285

These rugged clamps are perfect for attaching a variety of objects to a table. Size 10 cm (4 inch).



#### Order Information

"C" Clamp (6 pack) ...... SE-7285

### Plumb Bobs (10 pack)

SE-8728



Plumb Bobs (10 pack) ...... SE-8728



### Carbon Paper (100 sheets)

SF-8693



For marking the position of the hall

#### Order Information

Carbon Paper (100 sheets).......SE-8693

### **Ballistic Pendulum**

MF-6830

- Extremely accurate ±2.5% of predicted values
- Both elastic and inelastic experiments
- ▶ Projectile launcher experiments
- Now includes ME-6800 bracket!

This classic physics experiment combines the laws of Conservation of Momentum and Conservation of Energy to determine the muzzle velocity of the projectile. Only simple mass and distance measurements are required to make this determination.

#### **How It Works**

A projectile is fired into a pendulum, causing it to rise.

Using the projectile mass, the pendulum mass, and the rise in pendulum height, students can calculate the gravitational potential energy of the system.

Since the potential energy is equal to the pendulum's kinetic energy at the lowest point, students can calculate the speed of the pendulum at impact.

Applying the Law of Conservation of Momentum, the projectile's speed is easily calculated.

An additional mounting bracket is included to perform the full range of projectile launcher experiments.

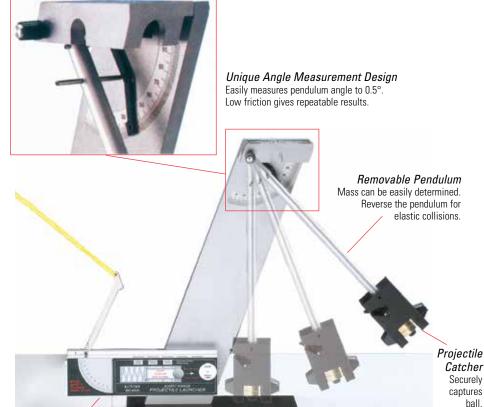




Already own a PASCO Projectile Launcher?

The base and pendulum assembly can be purchased separately.

See Ballistic Pendulum (No Launcher) in the order block for more information.



**Projectile Launcher**Durable with three repeatable launch settings.

#### PASCO's Ballistic Pendulum— A New Approach

The PASCO Ballistic Pendulum has the following unique features:

**Repeatable:** The three velocity settings on the Projectile Launcher produce consistent velocities.

**Accuracy:** The 0-80° angle measurement scale resolves to 1/2°, leading to experimental results within 2.5% of predicted values.

Removable Pendulum: Remove the pendulum to determine its mass and center of mass. It can swing freely so students can determine its rotational inertia. Mount the pendulum backwards so the ball bounces away for elastic collision experiments.

#### Vary Ball and Pendulum Mass:

Two 50 g masses can be added to the pendulum, and two steel and two plastic balls are included.

**Projectile Launcher:** Mount the Projectile Launcher on the other side of the base, and students have access to all the accessories that come with the Projectile Launcher ME-6800 (see page 124).



#### Add Masses

Two 50 g masses (included) can be added to change the pendulum mass and rotational inertia.

#### **Includes**

- Ballistic Pendulum and Base
- Projectile Launcher
- Projectile Launcher Base
- 2.5 cm Plastic Balls (2)
- 2.5 cm Steel Balls (2)
- Masses (2)
- 2-D Collision Accessory
- Safety Glasses (2 pairs)
- Operations and Experiment Manual



#### **Order Information**

Ballistic Pendulum....ME-6830
Ballistic Pendulum
(No Launcher).......ME-6831
Recommended:
Spherical Mass Set ....ME-8968 p. 129
Shoot-the-Target.....ME-6853 p. 127
Time-of-Flight......ME-6810A p. 129
Large C Clamp
(6 pack).......SE-7285 p. 129

### **Ballistic Pendulum Accessory**

ME-9892 (for use with the ME-6800 Projectile Launcher on page 124)

- ▶ Both are accessories to the Rotary Motion Sensor
- ▶ For elastic and inelastic experiments

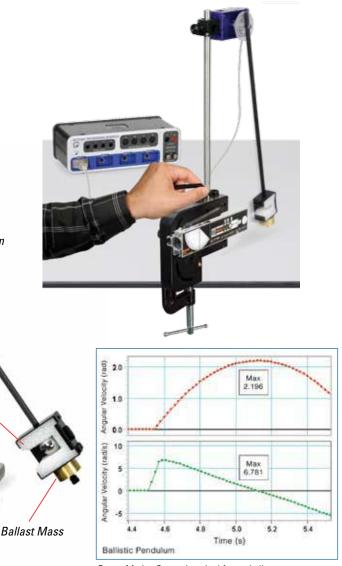
Rotary Motion Sensor

Low cost

Both of these ballistic pendulum accessories use a Rotary Motion Sensor to measure the speed of the catcher assembly immediately after the collision, as well as the maximum height to which the pendulum swings. The Rotary Motion Sensor can also be used to measure the rotational inertia of the pendulum, for detailed study of the collision using conservation of angular momentum.

### Mini Launcher Ballistic Pendulum Accessory

ME-6829 (for use with the ME-6825B Mini Launcher on page 125)



Rotary Motion Sensor (required for use) allows measurement of instantaneous velocity of catcher immediately after collision, as well as total angle of rotation of the pendulum arm.

#### Order Information

Ballistic Pendulum Accessory......ME-9892

Required:
Projectile Launcher.....ME-6800 p. 124

Rotary Motion Sensor......PS-2120A or CI-6538 p. 25

### Both accessories include:

Pendulum Arm with Catcher

• Ballast Mass

• Steel Ball

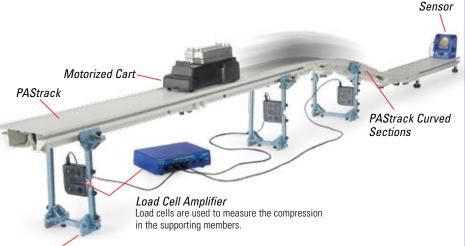
#### Order Information

Rigid Pendulum

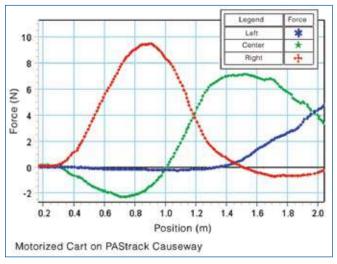
Foam Catcher

### **Dynamics Track Support Reactions**

Combine the plastic PAStrack sections (page 100) with the components from the Advanced Structures Set (page 143) to measure the support reactions as the Motorized Cart climbs the hill. The Load Cell and Amplifier Set (page 140) directly measures the forces in the structure as the Motion Sensor measures the cart's position.



Components from Advanced Structures Set



Force vs. Position of the cart for each of the support forces as the Motorized Cart climbs the hill

#### Order Information

PAStrack	ME-6960	p. 100
Motorized Cart	ME-9781	p. 102
250 g Mass	ME-6757A	p. 111
Advanced Structures Set	ME-6992B	p. 143
Load Cell & Amplifier	PS-2199	p. 140
Motion Sensor	PS-2103A	p. 24

### **Equal Arm Balance**

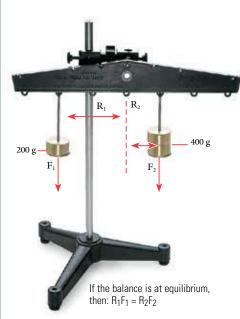
ME-8949

Motion

Developed for Workshop Physics® activities



The Equal Arm Balance was specially designed to simplify the study of torques. This balance has a ball-bearing pivot.



With 200 g and 400 g masses placed as shown above, the balance remains in equilibrium.

#### **Specifications**

Total length: 34 cm

Maximum weight exerted on balance arm: 1 kg or 10 N



#### **Includes**

• Balance Arm with Ball-Bearing Pivot

#### Order Information

Equal Arm Balance..... ME-8949 Required: Drilled Mass and

Hanger Set ...... ME-8979 p. 18

### **Force Table**

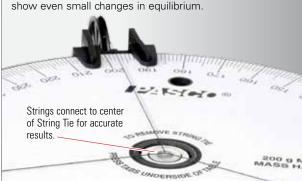
MF-9447B

- ▶ High accuracy
- Easy, compact storage
- Inexpensive!



#### String tie

String Tie is captured to make set-up of hanging masses easy, but it freely floats over bulls-eye pattern to clearly show even small changes in equilibrium.



Compact, Easy Storage



The screw-in legs snap under the table for easy storage.

#### Improved stacking

Stacked tables are keyed together to eliminate slipping. Now you can store all your Force Tables in one convenient stack!

#### **Includes**

- 25 cm diameter table with detachable legs
- Adjustable Super Pulleys



Force Table......ME-9447B Required: Mass and Hanger Set .....ME-8979 p. 187 Additional Pulleys: Super Pulley with Clamp ..... ME-9448B p. 180



Mass and Hanger

(sold separately)



Change the mass by 1/2 gram or an angle by 1/2 degree and see an immediate change in

the equilibrium.

Stacking tab keys into

recess in table-top.

Built-in Scale Measure angles quickly and accurately.

#### **Tension Protractor**

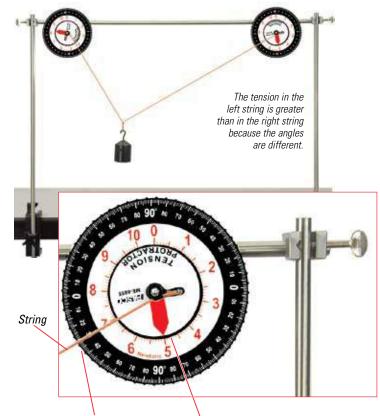
ME-6855

- Measure tension and angle with one device
- Large scale for viewing demonstrations
- Zero-adjust for torsion spring scale
- ▶ Built-in rod clamp

The Tension Protractor is a spring scale and a protractor integrated into one device. Perfect for static equilibrium experiments, the rotary dial indicates the tension in the string and the angle is read where the string passes over the degree scale on the outer ring. Since the Tension Protractor is supported on a rod, it has an advantage over other spring scales which tend to weight down the string, changing the angle.

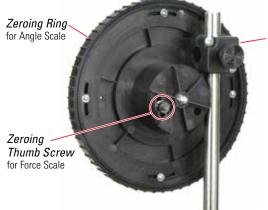
The string is wrapped once around a small pulley which is spring loaded. The torsion spring scale is carefully calibrated at the factory and can be zeroed by the user using the thumb screw on the back. The red arrow which indicates tension is color-coded to match the Newton scale.

Even if the mounting rod is not plumb, the Tension Protractor's degree scale can be adjusted to read 90 degrees vertically by rotating the outer ring until the string with a hanging mass aligns with 90 degrees.



30° angle reading

Arrow indicates tension reading (5.0 N)



Rod Clamp mounts on either a vertical or horizontal rod

**Specifications** 

Force Range: 0 N to 10 N Smallest Force Division: 0.1 N Force Accuracy: ±4% of Reading Angle Range: -90° to +90° Smallest Angle Division: 1°

Diameter: 15 cm



Protractor

	Information

Tension Protractor	IVIE-0000	
Recommended:		
Large Table Clamp	ME-9472	p. 179
90 cm Long Rod	ME-8738	p. 176
Multi-clamp	ME-9507	p. 178
Hooked Mass Set	SE-8759	p. 187

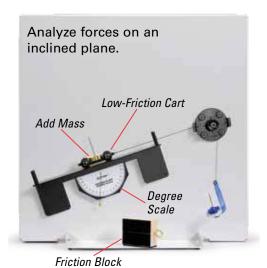


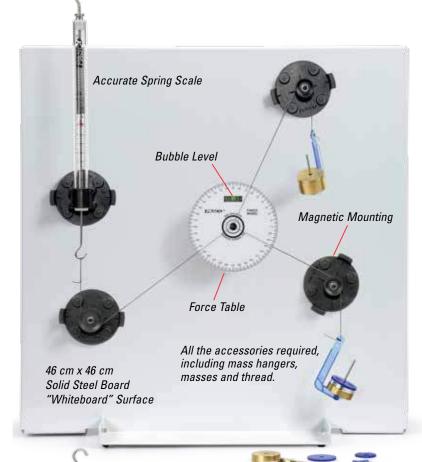
### **Statics System**

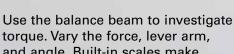
ME-9502

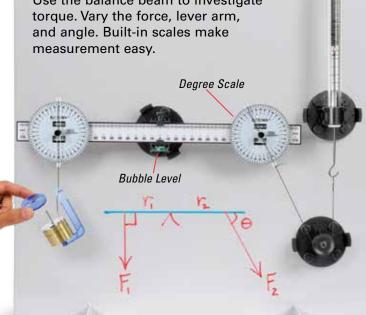
- ▶ Everything required for 15 experiments
- ▶ Comprehensive from vector addition to simple machines
- ▶ Easy Setup magnetic mounting

A versatile lab system for demonstrating the basic concepts of vector forces, torques, center of mass, simple machines, and more. The ME-9503 Statics Board (sold separately) doubles the width and is perfect for demonstrations.











#### Easy Storage

Store magnetic components on back of experiment board.

#### **Includes**

- Experiment Board
- Components
- Mass Set
- Comprehensive Manual



Statics System	ME-9502
Additional Equipment:	
Statics Board	ME-9503
Spring Scale	ME-9824A
Statics Spares Package	ME-9504

### **Forces and Machines**

### Curriculum

#### **Forces and Machines Teacher Resources**

#### EP-6483

- A single teacher guide is all you need to outfit your class or lab.
- Complete with guided inquiry lab activities, suggested answers, and much more.
- ▶ Requires Forces and Machines Engineering kit

Questions are embedded throughout the activities, sequencing and key term challenges, opportunities to predict outcomes prior to data collection and post-lab multiple choice questions all help to make the connection between lectures and labs as seamless as possible. And they are all correlated to state and national standards. For more information, visit **pasco.com** 

Equipment

Forces and Machines Engineering Kit EP-3577

Our Forces and Machines Kit engages students in a wide range of physics, physical science, and engineering concepts. Two triple-pulley blocks make it easy to build machines with mechanical advantage up to 6:1. Build all three classes of levers with our pair of 20-cm levers, or combine gears, levers, and pulleys together to show how rotating machines work.

#### **Includes**

- Extruded rail
- 10 N metal spring scales (2)
- Tripod stands (2) & crossrail
- Universal spring hanger
- Right-angle connector with pulley (2)
- Fixed triple pulley block
- Hanging triple pulley block
- 25 cm Hooke's law spring
- Friction block
- Quick-attach gear hubs (4)
- Gear spacers (8)
- 20 cm levers (2)
- 60 tooth spur gears (2)
- 40 tooth spur gears (2)
- 20 tooth spur gears (3)
- 20 cm dia. large pulleys (2)
- Weights



Order Information

Forces and Machines Teacher Resources ......EP-6483
Forces and Machines Engineering Kit ......EP-3577

BUNKSON -

### **Tripod Stand**

FP-3572

#### Includes

- 68.6 cm extruded aluminum vertical rail
- Wide tripod base with aluminum legs and rubber feet
- Includes 5 sliding 14-20 inserts, already installed

#### Order Information

Tripod Stand .....EP-3572

### Weights

FP-3563

#### Includes

- 2 mass hangers
- 25 fender washer masses

#### Order Information

Weights.....EP-3563



FORCES + MACHINES

### **Super Pulley**

ME-9450A

- ▶ 20 N max load
- ▶ Nearly frictionless
- Durable

The PASCO Super Pulley is the standard in physics labs. Its low-friction design produces

excellent results. The precision spacing of the 10 spokes makes it ideal for photogate monitoring with PASCO's computer interfaces and photogate systems.

#### **Features**

- ▶ Low Friction
- Lightweight
- Precision Dimensions

#### Order Information

Super Pulley ..... ME-9450A

### **Pulley Mounting Rod**

SA-9242

This 14 cm long stainless steel mounting rod is 9.5 mm (3/8 in.) in diameter and fits most standard laboratory clamps, including the PASCO Universal Clamp.

#### Order Information

Pulley Mounting Rod (rod only) ...... SA-9242

### **Smart Gate Pulley System**

PS-3702

The Super Pulley attaches directly to the Smart Gate, providing a simple, low-friction system to measure position, velocity and acceleration. Additionally, with the pulley removed, the photogate can be used to perform standard photogate experiments.

#### Includes

- Smart Gate (1) PS-2180
- Super Pulley (1) ME-9450A
- Super Pulley Rod (1) ME-8736

#### Order Information

Smart Gate Pulley System.....PS-3702

### **Super Pulley with Mounting** Rod

ME-9499

This Super Pulley mounted on a rigid plastic mounting rod (12.7 mm diameter. 14 cm long) fits most standard laboratory clamps.

#### Order Information

Pulley with Mounting Rod ...... ME-9499

### **Super Pulley with Clamp**

ME-9448B



Upgrade your force table and inclined plane experiments. The Super Pulley with its integral clamp makes setup and alignment easy. The pulley height is fully adjustable, so you can skim the top of a force table for parallax-free readings. Yet you can keep the force parallel to the track on an inclined plane, as shown in the photo below. Fits tables up to 2.0 cm (13/16 in.) thick.



#### Order Information

Super Pulley with Clamp ......ME-9448B

### **Mounting Rods (10 pack)**

ME-9483

These rigid plastic pulley handles (14 cm long, 1.27 mm diameter) screw into a Super Pulley.



#### Order Information

Mounting Rods (10 pack) ......ME-9483 Photogate/ **Pulley System** 

ME-6838A

The Super Pulley attaches directly to the Photogate Head, providing a simple, low-friction system to measure position. velocity and acceleration. Additionally, with the pulley removed, the photogate can be used to perform standard photogate experiments. See page 39.

#### Order Information

Photogate/Pulley System ..... ME-6838A

### Atwood's Machine



Two Super Pulleys mounted on a 6.4 cm long rod produce a classic, low-friction introduction to Newton's Second Law. The instruction sheet fully describes both the experiment and the theory.



#### **Includes**

- Pullevs (2)
- Connecting Rod (1)

#### Order Information

Atwood's Machine.....SA-9241

### **Human Arm Model**

PS-2611

- Working model of the human arm
- Associate tricep/bicep muscle action with arm motion
- Measure torque resulting from lifting weights
- Actually throws a ball

The Human Arm Model simulates the muscles and motion of an actual human arm. To activate the arm motion, students pull on the cord with a Force Sensor. Changes in position are measured at the shoulder and elbow using the two built-in potentiometers plugged into one Angle Sensor (PS-2139), included with PS-2611. From this information, the torque applied when lifting an object can be determined.

Also, students can evaluate the work done by the arm in throwing a ball and the resulting kinetic energy delivered to the ball.

The Arm can perform many types of motion such as extending and lifting an object, curling, or throwing a ball overhand. Different arm muscles are activated depending on which pulleys are selected. Static force measurements can also be made to see how the muscle tension changes at various arm positions.

Ż

Mounting Bracket

Use with rod or

clamp directly

to a table with a C-clamp.

Cord Locks To easily adjust position. Adjustable Bicep Wrist Multiple Insertion Points Hand Color Graphics Elbow Angle Sensor Measures angle of forearm.

Adjustable Stops

To fix position of arm.

Shoulder Angle Sensor

Measures angle of arm.

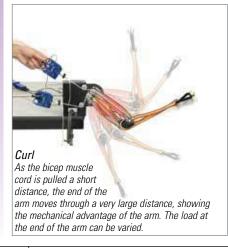
## Removable Mass Measure work and torque with and without mass.

#### Angles and Forces Durina Extension:

The upper graph shows the angles of the elbow (violet trace) and the shoulder (blue) as the arm is extended as shown in the picture at right. Shown in the lower graph, the bicep tension (red) has little change at first and then rises sharply as the arm reaches out, while the tricep tension (green) rises steadily.



As the tricep muscle cord is pulled with a Force Sensor, another fixed Force Sensor records the tension in the bicep muscle cord.





#### PS-2611 includes

- Arm
- Angle Sensor
- Removable Mass
- Cord & Cord Locks
- Mounting Bracket with Rod
- Force Sensor Mounting Rod
- Rubber Ball



To perform this motion, an elastic cord is used as the bicep muscle cord and the tricep muscle cord are pulled with a Force Sensor. The motion of the arm and the release speed of the ball are measured with the built-in potentiometers using the Angle Sensor.

179

Rod Clamp

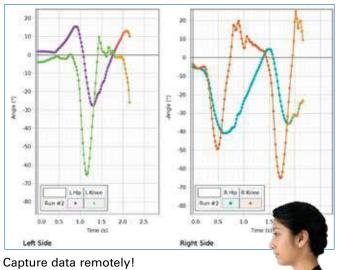
Human Arm ModelPS-2611 Required:	
"C" Clamp or Large Table Clamp	p. 179
Force Sensor (2) PS-2104	p. 28
850 Universal InterfaceUI-5000	p. 12

#### **Goniometer**

PS-2137

- ▶ Accurately measures joint movements
- Flexible mounting options for hip, knee, and elbow

The SPARKlink® Air Interface is used here with two Angle Sensors, part of the PS-2137 Goniometer System. The data is sent via Bluetooth to a desktop computer, and displayed live with the video being recorded by a web cam.



Data shows position of both left and right knee and hip joints during walking.

The SPARKlink Air Interface records the sensor data, and sends it to the computer via Bluetooth.



Goniometer Probes

The probes are fastened in place using the blue Velcro® straps, and can be positioned to measure the motion of the knee, hip, or elbow.

#### **Specifications**

**Range**: 0 to 340°

Accuracy: ±1° (calibrated), ±3° (uncalibrated)

Resolution: 0.1°

#### **Includes**

- Goniometer Probe
- Angle Sensor
- Velcro Straps



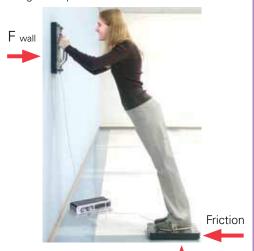
#### Order Information

Goniometer Sensor PS-2137	
Recommended:	
SPARKlink Air PS-2011	p. 10
Additional Velcro Straps PS-2547	
Additional	
Goniometer Probe PS-2138	p. 67

### **Forces on the Human Body**

- ▶ Measure forces on human body
- ▶ 1-axis and 2-axis force platforms
- Precise and fast

Explore the forces exerted on the human body in everyday situations, sports, and large-scale physics experiments. The Force Platforms are designed to measure large forces, such as the weight of a person.



By standing on a 2-Axis Force Platform while pushing against the wall with a 1-Axis Force Platform, a real-life statics problem can be analyzed.





Confirm Newton's Third Law by pushing on a Force Platform using two sets of handles (available separately). Handles bolt onto the Force Platform (1 axis or 2-axis). Can be mounted on either side or both sides.

Developed in cooperation with Nancy Beverly, Assistant Professor of Physics at Mercy College, Dobbs Ferry, New York.

2-Axis Force		
Platform	. PS-2142	p. 31
Force Platform	. PS-2141	p. 31
Recommended: Handle Set	. PS-2548	p. 31

### Build any structure and instrument it.

### **Load Cell & Amplifier Set**

PS-2199

Measure the compression and tension in the I-beam members

 Insert load cells into structures by substituting beams

Amplifier accepts up to 6 load cells

 Use more than 6 load cells by connecting multiple amplifiers to one computer

A load cell can be inserted into the design by replacing one beam with a load cell connected to two shorter beams. There is no need to completely disassemble the structure to add instrumentation.

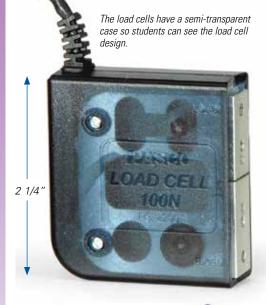
PS-2199 includes four 100 N Load Cells and additional load cells can be purchased separately. For more information, see page 33.

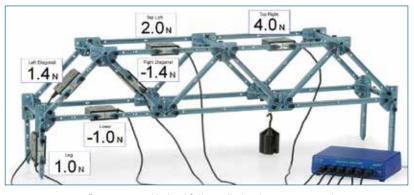
I-beams key into the load cell and are fastened with thumb screws.

Shown in use with

Bridge Set ME-6991. Sold on page 142.

As the car crosses the bridge, the forces measured by each load cell are graphed in real-time in PASCO Capstone™. Notice the diagonal member (green trace) switches from compression to tension as the car passes by.





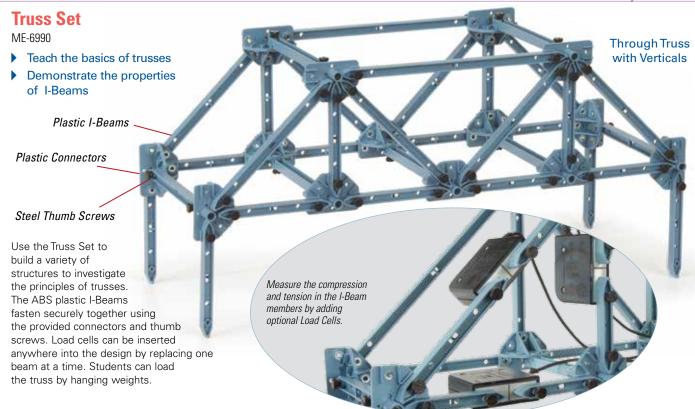
Forces measured by Load Cells are displayed on a computer using PASCO Capstone software. A positive value represents compression.

Also see Dual Load Cell Amplifier on page 32 in the sensor section.

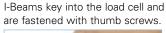
#### **Includes**

- Load Cell Amplifier
- 100 N Load Cell (4)

Load Cell & Amplifier Set (includes 4 load cells)PS-2199	p. 32
Required:	
PASPORT Interface to USB Computer	p. 10-11
Recommended:	
Additional 100 N Load CellPS-2200	p. 33
Load Cell 5NPS-2201	p. 33
Hooked Mass SetSE-8759	p. 187



Construction is easy: I-Beams fit into the connectors and are secured with thumb screws. Thumb screws are also slotted so a screwdriver can be used.



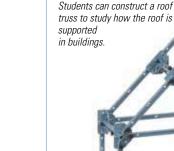












#### **Truss Set Includes**

- I-Beam #5 (8)24 cm long
- I-Beam #4 (18) 17 cm long
- I-Beam #3 (18) 11.5 cm long
- I-Beam #2 (8)8 cm long
- I-Beam #1 (8)5.5 cm long
- Connectors (14), Screws (75), and Instruction manual



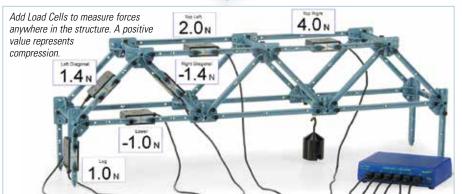
#### Order Information

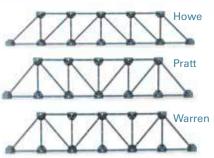
Truss Set\* ..... ME-6990 Recommended: Load Cell & Amplifier Set\* (includes four load cells)......PS-2199

p. 32

#### Cross bracing **Bridge Set** Warren with Verticals Verticals to support 1.5 m long ME-6991 road bed Larger quantity of I-beams and connectors Study the principles of bridge construction Road bed and car add realism to bridges ▶ Add Load Cells to see dynamic loading as car traverses bridge Car with Mass Flexible Road Bed

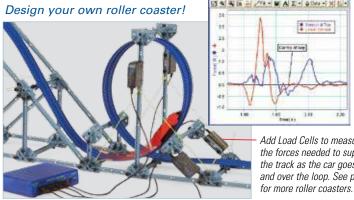
The Bridge Set includes all the I-beams and connectors required to build the structures shown on this page. Special cord locks allow tensioning of cord (cables) for cross bracing. A flexible plastic road bed clips to the cross-beams and, using load cells, the tension and compression of each element can be displayed in real time.





Students can build several types of fundamental bridges, including Howe, Pratt, and Warren bridges.

p. 32



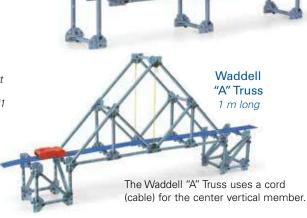
Add Load Cells to measure the forces needed to support the track as the car goes up and over the loop. See p. 141

#### **Bridge Set Includes**

- I-beam #5 (16) 24 cm long
- I-beam #4 (36) 17 cm long
- I-beam #3 (36) 11.5 cm long • I-beam #2 (16) 8 cm long
- I-beam #1 (16) 5.5 cm long
- Connectors (28)
- Screws (150)
- Flexible road bed (3 m)
- Track coupler
- Road bed clips (24)
- · Car with flag and mass

- Starter bracket
- Cord tensioning clips (32)
- Yellow cord (1 roll)
- · Instruction manual

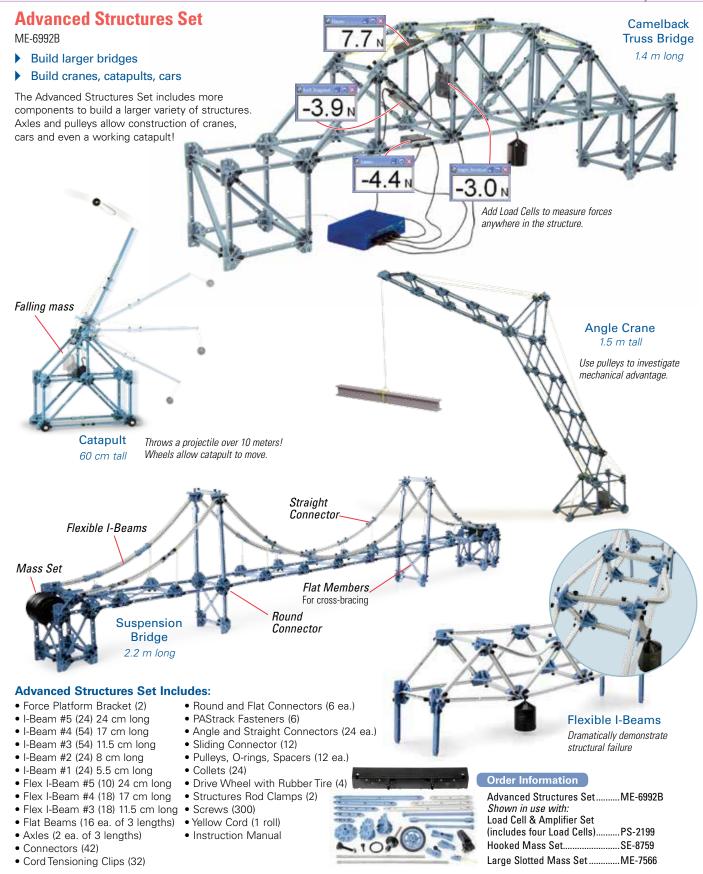




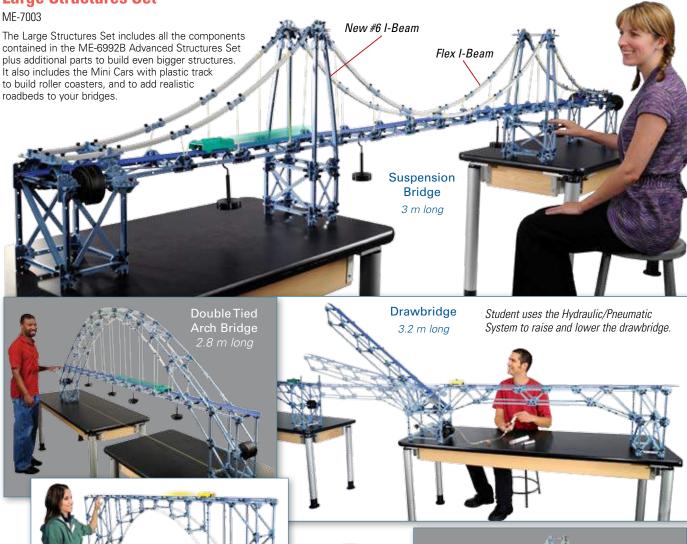
#### Order Information

**Deck Truss** 80 cm long

Bridge Set ......ME-6991 Recommended: Load Cell & Amplifier Set (includes four load cells).....PS-2199









- I-Beam #6 (24) 35 cm long
- I-Beam #5 (24) 24 cm long
- I-Beam #4 (54) 17 cm long
- I-Beam #3 (54) 11.5 cm long
- I-Beam #2 (24) 8 cm long
- I-Beam #1 (24) 5.5 cm longFlex I-Beam #5 (10) 24 cm long
- Flex I-Beam #4 (18) 17 cm long
- Flex I-Beam #3 (18) 11.5 cm long
- Flat Beams (16 ea. of 3 lengths)
- Axles (2 ea. of 3 lengths)
- Connectors (70)
- Cord Tensioning Clips (32)
- Yellow car and green car, each with ballast mass and flag
- Force Platform Bracket (2)

- Round and Flat connectors (6 ea.)
- Angle and Straight Connectors (24 ea.)
- Drive Wheel with Rubber Tire (4)
- Pulleys, O-rings, Spacers (12 ea.)
- Structures Rod Clamps (2)
- Sliding Connector (12)
- PAStrack Fasteners (6)
- Collets (24)

**Arch Truss** 

2 m long

- Screws (450)
- Yellow Cord (1 roll)
- Flexible road bed (9.1m)
- Road bed clips (24)
- Starter bracket (1)Track coupler (2)
- Instruction Manual



#### Order Information

Cable Stayed

Large Structures Set.......ME-7003
Shown in use with:
Hydraulic/Pneumatic
Structures.......ME-6984
Load Cell & Amplifier Set
(includes four Load Cells)...PS-2199
Slotted Mass Set........ME-7589
p. 187

Add load cells to

measure forces

anywhere in the structure.

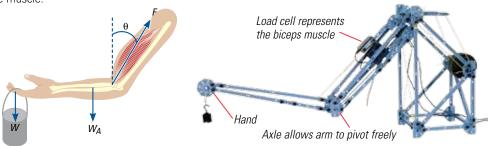
#### **Human Structures Set**

MF-7001

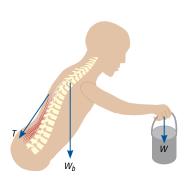
- ▶ Build models that represent real life examples.
- Construct all three models concurrently with this set.
- ▶ Bring homework problems to life!

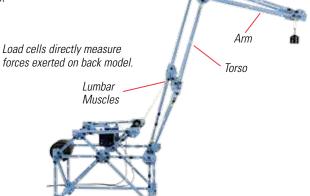
Human Arm Model: Students build a realistic arm model and directly measure the forces exerted by the biceps muscle (tension in supporting cord). Vary the length and angle of upper and lower arm, as well as the point of attachment of the muscle.

Support Structure allows the angle of the upper arm to be easily adjusted.

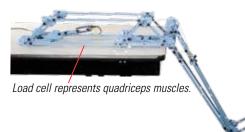


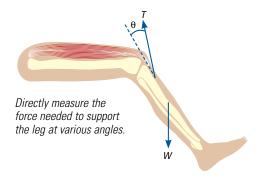
Human Back Model: Model the forces acting on a human back. Vary all parameters including position of back muscle attachment and angle of the torso. Directly measure the force exerted by the back muscles.





Human Leg Model: The leg model shown below uses a load cell for the quadriceps muscle to directly measure the force needed to support the leg at various angles.





#### **Includes**

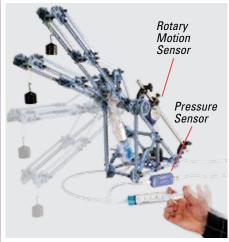
- Truss Set Screws (5-pack)
- Truss Set Members (2-pack)
- Connector Spares (2-pack)
- One package each: #6 I-Beam Spares Cord Lock Spares Axle Spares Round Connector Spares Angle Connector Spares
- Roll of rubber cord.

Human Structures Set	ME-7001	
Shown in use with:		
Load Cell & Amplifier Set		
(includes four load cells)	PS-2199	p. 32
Hooked Mass Set	SE-8759	p. 187
Large Slotted Mass Set	ME-7566	p. 187

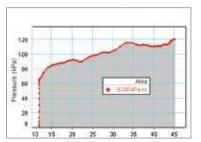
# Hydraulic and Pneumatic Structures

ME-6984

Add a hydraulic/pneumatic ram to make your structures move and do work. Not only will students see the cranes and jacks in action, they can directly measure the pressure and volume to calculate how much work was done.



The weight is lifted using a syringe of water to fill the master cylinder. An Absolute Pressure Sensor measures the pressure and a Rotary Motion Sensor records the movement of the piston.



Pressure and volume are recorded as the weight is lifted, and the work done is the area under the curve.



#### Includes

- Master Cylinder
- Pressure Sensor "T"
- Check Valves and Tubing
- Syringes (10, 20, 60 ml)
- Drive Belt for Rotary Motion Sensor (Not shown)

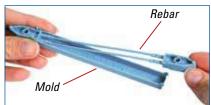
#### Order Information

Hydraulic/Pneumatic	
StructuresME-6984	
Advanced Structures Set ME-6992B	p. 143
Steel Rod (45 cm) ME-8736	p. 176
Absolute Pressure Sensor PS-2107	p. 40
Rotary Motion Sensor PS-2120A	n 25

### Cast Beam Structures Set

ME-7009

Make your own cast beams which look like pre-stressed concrete beams. Test them and you'll find they perform like them, too. These beams are cast with a mixture of sand and plaster of Paris (not included). The rebar is made of the same plastic used for the I-beams. Students can explore how the strength of the beam is affected by the amount of tension put on the rebar, the mixture of sand and plaster of Paris, or using one or two rebar.



**Step 1:** The rebar with connecting ends snaps into the plastic mold.



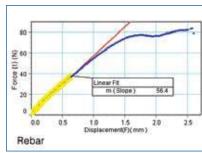
**Step 2:** Insert rebar into tensioning apparatus and pour a mixture of sand and plaster of Paris into the mold.



**Step 3:** After it dries, it is easy to remove the flexible plastic mold from the cast beam.

### Measure Young's Modulus for the rebar.

The connecting ends can be cut off from the rebar allowing the rebar to fit into the Material Testing Machine (ME-8236) with Flat Coupon Adapter (ME-8238).





#### Cast Beam Structures Set ME-7009 Includes

- I-Beam #5 (8) 24 cm long
- I-Beam #4 (18) 17 cm long
- I-Beam #3 (18) 11.5 cm long
- I-Beam #2 (8) 8 cm long
- I-Beam #1 (8) 5.5 cm long
- Axles (2 ea. of 3 lengths)
- Connectors (14)
- Cord Tensioning Clips (32)
- Round and Flat Connectors (6 ea.)
- PAStrack Fasteners (6)
- Angle and Straight Connectors (24 ea.)
- Collets (24)
- Screws (150)
- Pulleys, O-rings, Spacers (12 ea.)

### **Cast Beam Spares**

ME-6983

Consumable replacement parts for Cast Beams. These can also be used with the Advanced Structures Set (page 170).

#### Includes

- 10 Reusable Plastic Molds
- 30 Rebar with Connectors

#### Order Information

Cast Beam Spares ..... ME-6983

- Sliding connector (12)
- Reusable Plastic Molds (10)
- Rebar (30)
- Yellow Cord (1 roll)
- Instruction Manual
- Required but not included:
- Sand and Plaster of Paris



#### Order Information

Cast Beam Structures Set ......ME-7009 Also shown: Displacement Sensor ......PS-2204

Cast Beam Spares (Includes 30 rebar members,10 cast beam molds

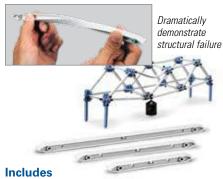
with connectors)......ME-6983 Large Slotted Mass Set ..ME-7566 p. 187 Round Base with Rod.....ME-8270 p. 177

Round Base with Rod.....ME-8270 p. 177 60 cm Threaded Rod ......ME-8977 p. 176

### Structures Flexible I-Beam

MF-6985

Use these flexible I-Beams to make a bridge that dramatically demonstrates how a bridge fails and yet the beams return to their original shape when the load is removed.



- Flexible I-Beam #5, 24 cm long (10)
- Flexible I-Beam #4, 17 cm long (18)
- Flexible I-Beam #3, 11.5 cm long (18)

#### Order Information

Structures Flexible I-Beam .... ME-6985 Shown in use with:

Truss Set...... ME-6990 p. 141

### Mini Car Track Spares

ME-6974



Includes two gates, two track couplers and one bag (24) of roadbed clips.

#### Order Information

Mini Car Track Spares ..... ME-6974

### Axle Spares

ME-6998A

Includes drive wheel with rubber tire (4), pulleys with "O" rings (12 each), axles (two each of three lengths), spacers (12) and collets (24).



#### Order Information

Axle Spares..... ME-6998A

### **Cord Lock Spares**

ME-6996

Includes 32 cordtensioning clips and a



Cord Lock Spares. ME-6996 Yellow Cord (2 pack). ME-9876

### **Roadbed Spares**

ME-6995

Mini Car Starter Bracket



Includes flexible roadbed (3 m), roadbed clips (24), car with flag, extra mass, mini car starting bracket, and track couples (2).

#### Order Information

Roadbed Spares..... ME-6995

Sold Separately:

Roller Coaster

Track (9.1 m)..... ME-9814

### Force Platform **Structures Bracket**

ME-6988A Includes two brackets and





#### **Order Information**

Force Platform Structures Bracket ..... ME-6988A

### **Truss Set Members**

ME-6993

#### **Includes**

- I-beam #5 (8) 24 cm long
- I-beam #4 (18) 17 cm long
- I-beam #3 (18) 11.5 cm long
- I-beam #2 (8) 8 cm long
- I-beam #1 (8) 5.5 cm long
- Connectors (14)

#### Order Information

Truss Set Members ...... ME-6993

#### Truss Set Screws

Includes 75 screws. All components in the Structures System use this same 6-32 thumb screw.

#### **Order Information**

Truss Set Screws...... ME-6994

### **Structures Rod Clamps**

Connects structure members to 1/2"rod Includes a set of two

#### **Order Information**

Structures Rod Clamps (2) .....ME-6986

#### **Beams**

Roller

- 1. Thin I-Beams (ME-7012)
- 2. Flexible I-Beams (ME-6985)



4. #6 I-Beam Spares (ME-7008)

5. #5 I-Beam Spares (ME-7017)

6. Photoelastic Beams (ME-7011)



- 1. Includes Thin I-beam #4 (24) 17 cm long, Thin I-beam #3 (24) 11.5 cm long.
- 2. Includes Flex I-beam #5 (10) 24 cm long, Flex I-beam #4 (18) 17 cm long, and Flex I-beam #3 (18) 11.5 cm long.
- 3. Includes 16 each 2x3 beams 12 cm long, F4 beams 17 cm long, and 3x4 beams 19 cm long.
- 4. Includes 24 of the #6 I-beams, 35 cm long.
- 5. Includes 24 of the #5 I-beams, 24 cm long.
- 6. Includes Clear, Polycarbonate Thin I-beams #4 (24) 17 cm long, and #3 (24) 11.5 cm long.

#### Order Information

Thin I-Beams	ME-7012
Flexible I-Beams	ME-6985
Flat Beams	ME-6987
#6 I-Beam Spares	ME-7008
#5 I-Beam Spares	ME-7017
Photoelastic I-Beams	ME-7011

#### **Connectors**

1. Connector Spares (ME-7002)

2. Angle Connector Spares (MF-6999A)

3. Round Connector Spares (ME-6997)







- 1. Set of 14 connectors used to join truss members.
- 2. Includes sliding connectors (12), angle connectors (24), and straight connectors (24).
- 3. Includes round connectors (6), flat connectors (6), and six bolts with nuts.

Connector Spares	ME-7002
Angle Connector Spares	ME-6999A
Round Connector Spares	ME-6997

### **Comprehensive Materials Testing System**

ME-8244

# With this one system, your students can investigate:

- ▶ Compression and tensile testing
- Column buckling
- ▶ Three and Four-point bending
- Shear testing
- Stress lines with photoelasticity

System includes everything needed to study material testing; Testing Machine with attachments, test samples, and computer software. PASCO Capstone Workbooks include set-up instructions, theory, and detailed analysis questions.

Clear Safety

Shields

Tensile Samples

Materials Testing Machine



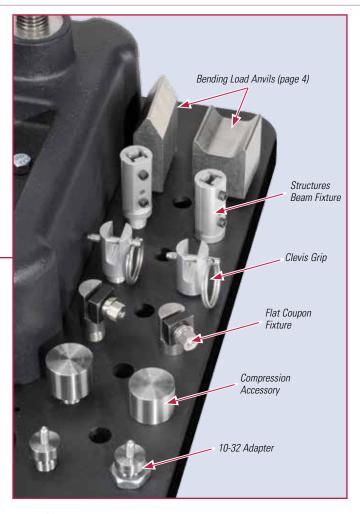
### System Storage Base

Sturdy plastic base provides convenient storage for accessories. Use a C-clamp on the corner of the base to temporarily secure the Materials Testing Machine to the lab bench.

Calibration Rod

Bending Support Anvil

Shear Accessory







### **Comprehensive Materials Testing System Includes:**

- ME-8236 Testing Machine (with Safety Shields and Calibration Rod)
- Tensile Samples (10 of each): ME-8231 Aluminum, ME-8232 Brass, ME-8233 Annealed Steel, ME-8243 Steel, ME-8234 Acrylic, ME-8235 Polyethylene
- ME-8237 Bending Accessory
- ME-8249 Four-point Bending Load Anvil
- ME-8241 Photoelasticity Accessory (with photoelastic beams)
- ME-8239 Shear Accessory (with Shear Samples)
- ME-8229 Storage Base
- ME-8242 Structures Beam Fixture
- ME-7012 Thin Beams
- ME-6983 Cast Spares
- ME-8247 Compression Accessory (with Compression Samples)
- ME-8238 Flat Coupon Fixture
- AP-8222 Plastic Flat Coupons
- AP-8223 Metal Flat Coupons
- ME-8245 Clevis Grip
- ME-8246 10-32 Adapter
- PS-2100A USB Link
- UI-5401 PASCO Capstone Software Single User License

Comprehensive Materials	Testing System	ME-8244
Materials Testing Machine	)	ME-8236

### **Materials Testing Machine**

ME-8236

- ▶ 7100 N max load
- Hand-cranked so students can feel samples break
- Inexpensive samples make it possible for each student to experience it first-hand

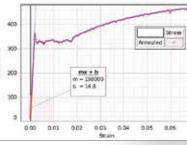
Measure force and displacement for various materials as they are stretched, compressed, sheared, or bent. Investigate material properties including Young's Modulus, Tensile Strength, Yield Strength, Ductility and Modulus of Resilience.

The Materials Testing Machine measures force with a 7100 N load cell and displacement with an optical encoder. It runs on PASCO Capstone software which has a built-in compliance calibration wizard and has all the tools to record and display stress vs. strain, apply linear fits to find Young's Modulus, and to record and play back webcam movies of the breaking samples, synced to the data. See page 74.

200

Tensile stress versus strain is plotted in PASCO Capstone software for steel, annealed steel, and brass.

For annealed steel, a linear fit is applied to find Young's Modulus.



See the PS-2343 USB Camera Microscope on page 151. Shown in use without the included safety shields

#### **Specifications**

Load cell capacity: 7100 N (1600 lbs)

Machine weight: 20 lbs (9 kg) Footprint: 24 wide x 25 depth x 51 cm height

Lead screw length: 38 cm Sturdy base: cast aluminum Mounting holes: for bolting to table

#### ME-8236 Includes

- Machine
- Compliance calibration rod
- Safety shields

(Requires Capstone software)

#### Order Information

Materials Testing Machine .....ME-8236 Tensile Samples: Tensile Sample Aluminum (10)......ME-8231 Tensile Sample Brass (10)......ME-8232 Tensile Sample Annealed Steel (10)......ME-8233 Tensile Sample Steel (10) ......ME-8243 Tensile Sample Acrylic (10).....ME-8234 Tensile Sample Polyethylene (10) ......ME-8235 Required: PASCO Capstone Software .....pp. 18-20 AirLink......PS-3200

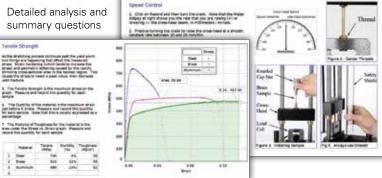
Tensile Samples (set of 10 each) Shown using tensile sample from Steel Set (ME-8243).

Workbooks include all instructions needed to perform the experiment:

Introduction and theory Download FREE www.pasco.com/MaterialsTester

Set-up instructions

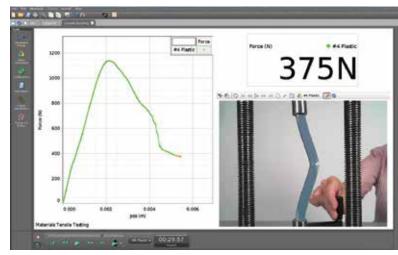
summary questions



### PASCO Capstone™ Software

### Combining video with simultaneous data graphs is a very powerful tool.

- ▶ PASCO Capstone is data collection and analysis software which has a special built-in compliance calibration routine for the Materials Tester.
- It is shown here plotting a graph and recording a video, synced together, in real-time. Data analysis tools such as curve fits and area under the curve are available.
- ▶ With any of PASCO's interfaces, you can take advantage of the power of PASCO Capstone by using some of the 70+ sensors from PASCO.



Enhance student understanding of the behavior of materials. PASCO Capstone software has the ability to embed live video from a webcam and sync the Materials Tester data to the recorded video. Then you can play back the video along with the data on the graph, stepping through one frame at a time to see the exact breaking point.

#### Order Information

PASCO Capstone Software	
Single User License	UI-5401
Site License	UI-5400

### Download PASCO Capstone Trial Version at www.pasco.com/capstone

### **USB Camera Microscope**

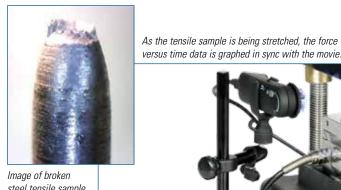
- Use as a web camera
- ▶ Optical zoom from 1x to 60x
- ▶ Built-in LED lighting



This versatile USB Microscope Camera can take pictures and video just like a digital camera, but it can also magnify like a microscope when it's up close to a specimen. And you can use it to take pictures showing lab setups, and document the appearance of materials before and after an experiment.

#### How It Works

Use with the video and image capture features in PASCO Capstone. Magnification of specimens can be changed by adjusting the dial located on the front of the camera.



steel tensile sample taken with the microscope.



#### Includes

- Camera
- Microscope
- Stand

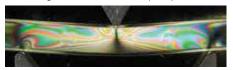
#### Order Information

USB Camera Microscope......PS-2343

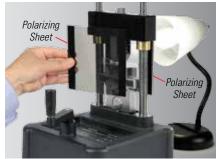
### **Photoelasticity Accessory**

ME-8241

See stress lines by bending a clear, colorless photoelastic I-beam between two polarizing sheets. As the beam is bent, areas of greater stress show up as patterns of colored lines.



Photoelasticity Accessory consists of two crossed polarizing sheets which are placed in front of and behind the clear beam. When illuminated from behind by a bright white light, fringes due to the stress lines become visible.







- Two polarizing sheets, 5 3/8" x 5 3/8" x 1/8"
- One Photoelastic I-beam Set (ME-7011)

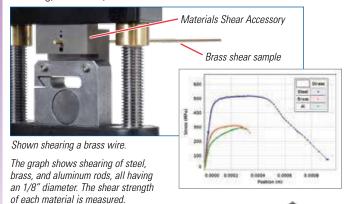
#### Order Information

Photoelasticity Accessory	ME-8241
Photoelastic I-beam Set	ME-7011
Shown in use with:	
Rending Accessory	MF-8237

### **Materials Shear Accessory**

ME-8239

Perform shear tests for a variety of wires. Accessory accepts diameters of 1/16", 3/32", 1/8," and 5/32". The Shear Accessory includes the ME-8240 Shear Samples, three each of 1/8" diameter, 12" long, aluminum, brass and mild steel.



#### **Includes**

- Shearing Block and Shear Samples (ME-8240),
- 3 each of three types of wire.

#### **Order Information**

Materials Shear Accessory ......ME-8239 Replacement Supplies: Shear Samples (Set of 9).....ME-8240

### Structures Beam Fixture

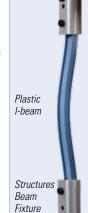
ME-8242

The Structures Beam Fixture allows any of the I-beams from PASCO's Structures System to be stretched or compressed in the Materials Testing Machine.

Find the critical load that causes the beam to buckle.

**Includes** 

• Clamps (2)



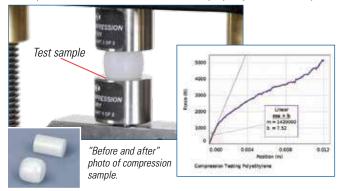
Order Information

Structures Beam Fixture.....ME-8242

### **Compression Accessory**

ME-8247

This one-inch diameter platform provides a sturdy base to investigate compression of a variety of materials. It is shown here in a compression test on one of the included polyethylene test samples.



#### **Includes**

- Platform
- 20 polyethylene cylinders (ME-8248), 1.3 cm dia. x 2 cm long.



#### **Order Information**

Compression Accessory	ME-8247
Replacement Supplies:	
Compression Samples (20)	ME-8248

### **System Storage Base**

The plastic base is made of High Density Polyethylene (HDPE). Includes base and mounting hardware.



#### Order Information

System Storage Base.....ME-8229

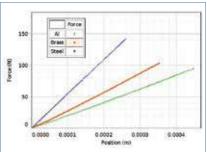
### **Bending Accessory**

ME-8237

Perform three-point bending tests of various materials, including beams from the PASCO Structures System. Support anvils have adjustable separation up to 10 cm.



A Three-Point Bend test is performed on a brass rod from the ME-8240 Shear Samples. The support anvils have adjustable separation up to 10 cm.



This Force vs. Position graph shows three-point bending for aluminum, brass, and steel samples, all with the same anvil spacing. From this graph, the flexural elastic modulus for each material is measured.

### **Four-Point Bending Accessory**

ME-8249

Add the optional Four-Point Bending Accessory to the ME-8237 to perform both three-point and four-point bending.

Perform a Four-Point Bend Test on the Cast Beams from the PASCO Structures System. Quantities measured include the Flexural Elastic Modulus and the Modulus of Rupture for the material.



#### ME-8237 Includes

- Base
- Adjustable support anvil
- Load anvil



#### ME-8249 Includes

• A two-point fixture which, when added to the Bending Accessory, allows four-point bending.

#### Order Information

Four-point Bending Accessory	ME-8249
Shown in use with:	
Shear Samples (set of 9)	ME-8240
Thin I-Beams	ME-7012

Bending Accessory ......ME-8237

# Cast Beams Spares ......ME-6983 (includes 30 rebar members, 10 cast beam molds)

### **Flat Coupon Fixture**

ME-8238

Test any flat material, such as paper, foil, or plastic. Shown using the Flat Plastic Test Coupons (AP-8222).



#### Includes

- Clamps (2)
- Wrench (1)



Flat Coupon FixtureIVIE-8238	
Plastic Test Coupons (40 coupons)AP-8222	p. 154
Metal Test Coupons (50 coupons)AP-8223	p. 154

### **Clevis Grip**

ME-8245

This generic pin and clevis adapter allows the user to tensile test a wide variety of samples with hooked ends or through-holes. It is shown here testing an extension spring (not included).





#### **Includes**

• Clevis adapter and pin. Pin diameter is 0.187 in. Max width of sample is .300 in

#### Order Information

Clevis Grip .......ME-8245

### 10-32 Adapter

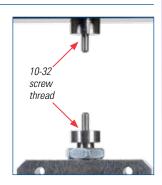
Allows use of grips and attachments from other vendors that require a 10-32 male thread.

#### **Includes**

• Upper and lower adapters.



10-32 Adapter ..... ....ME-8246



# Looking for Tensile Samples for the legacy Stress/Strain Apparatus?



Although the AP-8214A Stress Strain Apparatus is obsolete, we will continue to supply the test coupons indefinitely to accommodate current users. These coupons are also useful in PASCO's new Materials Testing Machine (ME-8236). Please see pages 150-153 for this new Materials Testing Machine. There is a new adapter, the Flat Coupon Fixture (ME-8238), which allows these coupons to be tested in the new machine.

# Plastic Test Coupons AP-8222

Four types of color-coded samples, 10 pieces per sample:

- High impact polystyrene (HIPS)
- Nylon 6 (15% glass fiber reinforced)
- Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS)
- Polypropylene (PP)

### Metal Test Coupons

AP-8223



Five types of samples, 10 pieces per sample (sample containers labeled with thickness in inches)

- Brass (thin) 0.003"
- Brass (thick) 0.005"
- Cold-rolled steel 0.003"
- Aluminum 0.003"
- Annealed steel 0.003"

#### Order Information

### **Super-Flex I-Beam**

ME-8987

- ▶ Demonstrate the difference in stiffness between the two directions of bending
- Show that I-beams twist easily
- Show torsion and buckling
- ▶ Grid shows deformation

This Super-Flex I-Beam is made of plastic, so it can be visibly bent by hand. It shows the basic reasons for using this cross-section in construction. It is four times as stiff in the upright orientation as it is sideways.



Column buckling





Demonstrate lack of torsional strength.

#### Includes

- Super-Flex I-Beam (24 inches long, 2 inches tall)
- Instructions



#### Order Information

Super-Flex I-Beam..... ME-8987

### **Matter Model**

ME-9825A

The atoms of the Matter Model are brightly colored spheres with the bonds between the atoms modeled by springs, so that when forces are applied, the atoms can move in response.





#### Includes

- Atoms (4.5 g each) (40)
- Heavy, light and long springs (60 each)
- Nuts (for increasing the atom mass) (30)
- 90 cm brass rod (for longitudinal waves)



The Matter Model is shipped in component pieces, ready for assembly.

#### Order Information

Matter Model...... ME-9825A

### **Equal-Length Spring Set**

ME-8970

The five color-coded equal-length springs in this set have different spring constants: 25 N/m, 30 N/m, 35 N/m, 40 N/m, 50 N/m ( $\pm 5\%$ )



The five color-coded springs stretch different amounts when a 1 kg mass is hung from each spring.

These springs appear to be the same except for their colors. But, when equal masses are hung on them, each stretches a different amount. These extension springs are made of steel and are closed, requiring a slight initial force to separate the coils. The unstretched length of each spring is 30 cm and the approximate diameter is 1.4 cm.

These springs are supplied with a white storage box with cardboard separators to keep the springs from touching each other.

#### Includes

- White storage box
- Five (color-coded) springs
- 30 cm long

#### Order Information

Equal-Length Spring Set	ME-8970
Recommended:	
Pendulum Clamp	ME-9506

Hooked Mass Set.....SE-8759

### **Series/Parallel Spring Set**

ME-6842

The set of six springs consists of two each of three different spring constants. These springs are 15 cm long, half the length of the Equal-Length Spring Set, making it possible to combine two series short springs in parallel with one long spring.



#### **Specifications**

The six color-coded springs, two of each color, have different spring constants:

10 N/m, 20 N/m, 40 N/m (±5%)

#### **Includes**

- White storage box
- Six (color-coded) springs 15 cm long

#### Order Information

Series/Parallel Spring Set	ME-6842	
Recommended:		
Hooked Mass Set	SE-8759	p. 187

### **Hooke's Law Spring Set**

SE-8749



Includes three springs with the same diameter and length, but different spring constants. Three of each type of spring are included, and the springs fit nicely on PASCO mass hangers. All springs are 55 mm long and 7 mm in diameter. Spring constants are 5 N/m, 8 N/m and 70 N/m.

#### Order Information

Hooke's Law Spring Set.....SE-8749

### **Parallel Spring Bracket**

ME-6844

p. 178

p. 187

This unique bracket allows springs of different spring constants to be hung in series and parallel. The masses can be hung in an offset position to compensate for the stronger spring.

Setup includes using the Demonstration Spring Set on page 156. Note the cm markings (see inset) on the Parallel Hook Bar. By calculating the applied torques, the relative forces from the two springs can be investigated.

#### **Includes**

Suspension bracket



## Order Information



### **Double-Length Slinky**

SE-8760



The Slinky® is an excellent tool for demonstrating transverse and longitudinal wave phenomena. This Double-Length Slinky is twice as long as a traditional Slinky, allowing students to create welldefined wave pulses and standing wave patterns. The tension in the Slinky is very low, causing wave pulses to travel slowly throughout its length.

#### Order Information

Double-Length Slinky ..... SE-8760

### Snakey

SE-7331



The extra-long metal spring is ideal for the study of mechanical waves. The Snakey has an unstretched length of 2 meters. Pull the convenient end loops more than 10 meters apart to demonstrate transverse, longitudinal, and standing waves.

#### Order Information

Snakey ...... SE-7331

### **Dynamics Track Spring Set**

ME-8999



Includes 12 springs (1.6 cm diameter) with approximate spring constants of:

- 3.4 N/m (3 short and 3 long springs)
- 6.8 N/m (3 short and 3 long springs)

#### Order Information

**Dynamics Track** Spring Set (12).....ME-8999

### Longitudinal **Wave Spring**



This spring has a 1.6 cm diameter and is 13.5 cm long. The approximate spring constant is 0.85 N/m.

#### Order Information

Longitudinal Wave Spring ...... WA-9401

### **Pendulum Clamp**

ME-9506



Hooks for

springs



Hang up to three springs or pendula. Suspension points are 54 mm apart.

#### Order Information

Pendulum Clamp ......ME-9506

### **Demonstration Spring Set**

ME-9866



This set includes four large springs for the demonstration of Hooke's Law or Conservation of Energy. Each spring is constructed of rugged spring steel with large loops for hanging from a pendulum clamp or stretching with hanging masses. Spring constants range from 4 N/m to 14 N/m. Spring lengths vary between 11 cm and 22 cm.



#### Order Information

Demonstration Spring Set......ME-9866

Recommended:

Pendulum Clamp .....ME-9506 Hooked Mass Set.....SE-8759

### **PASCO Stopwatch**

MF-1234

- No alarm or clock
- Memory for stored event times
- Uses one AA battery
- Durable buttons

Are you tired of annoying stop-watch alarms going off all day? Are your students stuck in the clock mode and can't get their stopwatch back into the timing mode? Does your stopwatch stop working after changing that little watch battery? The PASCO Stopwatch solves all these problems!

This stopwatch was designed specifically for science timing. The modes of operation are intuitive and complete instructions are included. The buttons are built to last and it uses a single long-lasting AA battery, which is less expensive than a watch battery (and easier to install).

The PASCO Stopwatch fits comfortably in your hand.



The EVENT/RECALL button allows you to view the last time, in case students forget to write down their data. The EVENT/RECALL button is also used to store and recall up to nine event times. For example, record a series of events, such as times at which sandbags were dropped along the gym floor.

#### **Specifications**

**LED Display:** Visible indoors and outdoors Two Display Modes: MM:SS.SS (01:25.34)

or Decimal Sec (85.34 s) **Precision:** 0.01 sec up to 59:59.99

(MM:SS.SS) or 3599.99 s Then 1 sec to 99:59:59 (HH:MM:SS) or 359999 s

Max Number of Event Times: Nine

Auto-off: After one hour idle

Can Be Used with a Lanyard (not included) Includes: AA battery and instruction sheet

Order Information

PASCO Stopwatch..... ME-1234

### PASCO Stopwatch (10 pack)

MF-1235

Includes fitted foam storage box



Order Information

PASCO Stopwatch (10 pack)..... ME-1235

### **Pendulum Clamp**

MF-9506



Hang up to three springs or pendula. Suspension points are 54 mm apart. Fits rods up to 16 mm (5/8 inch) in diameter.



See page 146 for more information.



#### Order Information

Pendulum Clamp ...... ME-9506

Shown in use with:

Photogate

Pendulum Set ..... ME-8752

Small "A" Base ..... ME-8976

Stainless Steel

Rod (45 cm.) ..... ME-8736 p. 176

### **Photogate Pendulum Set**

MF-8752



The Photogate Pendulum Set is a unique set of four pendula that have the same shape and size, but different masses. Due to their cylindrical shape, these pendula are ideal for use in timing experiments with the photogate. One pendulum each of brass, plastic, wood, and aluminum is included.

#### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Determine relationship between period and mass
- Determine relationship between period and amplitude
- Determine relationship between period and length



Cylindrical shape allows easy calculation of the speed of the pendulum using the time it blocks the photogate. Photogate not included.

#### Order Information

Photogate Pendulum Set ...... ME-8752

#### **Smart Gate**

PS-2180



See page 36 for more information.

#### Order Information

Smart Gate ......PS-2180

### **PASCO's Complete Rotational System**

ME-8950A

- Most versatile rotational system available
- ▶ Stable, 4 kg cast iron base
- ▶ Dual, low-friction ball-bearings

The unit features a cast iron base, dual ball-bearings and stainless steel shaft. The moments of inertia are large enough to be sensed by the student when rotating the system by hand. Computer monitoring of angular velocity and a motorized drive are also possible.

PASCO's Complete Rotational System provides a range of experiments in centripetal force, angular momentum, and rotational motion. A unique set of accessories makes it an ideal tool for experiments in torques, friction, magnetic levitation, and Faraday's Law.





- Rotational Inertia of Disk and Ring -Two Axes
- 2. Centripetal Force
- Rotational Inertia of Off-Axis Disk (fixed and rotating)
- 4. Conservation of Angular Momentum, Using a Point Mass

#### Experiments not shown:

- 5. Rotational Inertia of a Point Mass
- 6. Conservation of Angular Momentum, Projectile Version
- 7. Conservation of Angular Momentum, Using Disk and Ring



To see the experiments, type the product number into the search box at www.pasco.com and download the manual.

#### Components of this system

- Rotating aluminum platform with 4 kg cast iron base, dual ball-bearings, stainless steel shaft, three-step pulley, two rectangular sliding 300 g masses, and 50 cm track where a number of accessories may be mounted.
- The Rotational Inertia Accessory with a 25.4 cm diameter, 1.50 kg disk (which may be rotated on two axes), a 12.7 cm diameter, 1.42 kg ring and Super Pulley with support rod and adapter.
- The Centripetal Force Accessory with spring support and radius indicator, mass support, three masses, and Super Pulley with Clamp.

#### Order Information

#### **Interfacing Options**

It is easy to use a computer to monitor rotational motion with the PASCO Rotational System. Here are two methods:

1. The ME-9498A Photogate Head mounts directly to the rotating platform base and measures angular speed. This works with the 850 and 550 Universal Interfaces. NOTE: PASPORT interfaces require a Digital Adapter (PS-2109).

#### Order Information

Recommended:

Photogate Head ...... ME-9498A p. 37

#### 2. The CI-6538 or PS-2120 Rotary Motion

**Sensor** mounts to the base with an "A" Adapter and measures both angular speed and direction.

#### Order Information

### Experiments you can do with this rotational system:

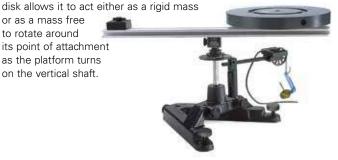
#### Rotational Inertia of a disk and ring - 2 axes "Center" axis

With the disk mounted on the top of the vertical shaft, a torque is applied by a hanging mass. From the mass, the radius, and 3-step angular acceleration, the Pulley rotational inertia of the disk can be determined Super Pulley Hanging Mass Radial axis The disk can also be mounted on edge to decrease the rotational inertia by half.

#### Rotational inertia of off-axis disk

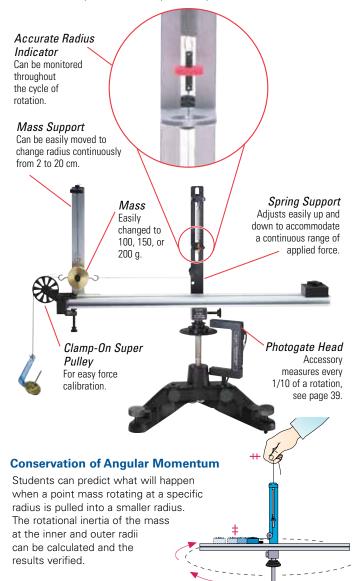
The rotational inertia adapter allows students to mount the disk anywhere along the platform. A bearing mounted on one side of the

or as a mass free to rotate around its point of attachment as the platform turns on the vertical shaft.



#### **Centripetal Force**

Centripetal force may be thoroughly investigated by varying both the mass and radius. The unique radius indicator allows students to continuously monitor the equilibrium position.



# Rotational System Components and Accessories Pages 160-161



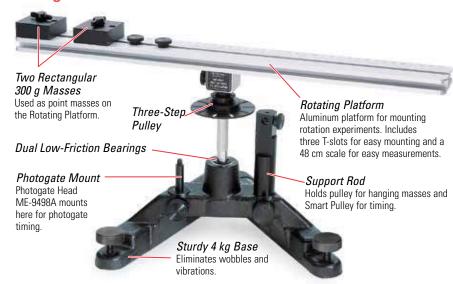
Centripetal Force Accessory p. 160

Rotational Motor Drive p. 161



"A"-base Rotational Adapter p. 161

### **Rotating Platform ME-8951**



#### **A Versatile Base**

The stable base and precision bearings of the Rotating Platform provide the foundation of PASCO's Rotational System. Serves as an excellent base for general rotation experiments.

p. 161

#### Order Information

Rotating Platform	ME-8951
Recommended:	
Rotational Inertia Accessory	ME-8953
Centripetal Force Accessory	ME-8952
Rotational Motor Drive	MF-8955

### Rotational Inertia Accessory

ME-8953

A disk and a ring permit several experiments in rotational inertia. The disk may be rotated about several axes. When used in conjunction with the adapter, experiments using the parallel-axis theorem may be performed by moving the disk off from the center of rotation. The ball-bearing on one side of the disk permits it to rotate freely for some experiments, while a "D" hole on the other side prevents rotation about the disk axis.

#### **Includes**

- Heavy-Grade Plastic Disk (25.4 cm diameter, 1500 g)
- Metal Ring (12.7 cm outside diameter, 1420 g)
- Disk Adapter
- Super Pulley and Support Rod

#### Order Information

Rotational Inertia Accessory......ME-8953



### **Centripetal Force Accessory**

MF-8952

With traditional centripetal units, the ability to change the variables is either impossible or limited. The PASCO Centripetal Force Accessory is designed to make changing the mass, radius, or force quick and easy.



#### **Features**

- ▶ Vary Parameters Independently: Change the centripetal force, mass, and radius independently of each other.
- ▶ Change Variables Over a Wide Range: Radius can be varied continuously from 2 to 20 cm, and the rotating mass can be 100, 150, or 200 g.
- ▶ Observe the Radius Indicator
  Throughout the Cycle: PASCO's design
  has the indicator at the center of rotation,
  allowing continuous observation throughout the rotation cycle, which results in
  more accurate measurements.



- Spring Support and Radius Indicator Assembly
- 2. Mass Support
- 3. Masses (100 g and two 50 g)
- 4. Super Pulley with Clamp

#### Order Information

Centripetal Force Accessory ..... ME-8952

### **Rotational Motor Drive**

MF-8955

The Motor Drive is used with the Rotational Platform to power continuous rotational motion demonstrations. Use this motor to drive the Rotational Acceleration Tank at a constant speed. Power the Motor Drive with a ramp function using the DC Power Supply to smoothly increase the angular speed of the Centripetal Force Accessory. The motor requires a 12 V DC power supply or a function generator.





Easily change the gear ratio of the motor drive by moving the drive belt to one of the three possible pulley steps.

#### **Specifications**

**Motor:** 12 V maximum, 0.2 A minimum **Base Spindle Speed Range:** 10 to 600 rpm

**Three-Step Pulley** 

#### **Includes**

- Motor
- 3-Step Pulley
- Drive Belt



#### Order Information

Rotational Motor Drive	ME-8955	
Required:		
Rotating Platform	ME-8951	p. 160
850 Universal Interface	UI-5000	p. 12-13
or		
Function Generator	PI-8127	p. 238
or		•
DC Power Supply	PI-9880	p. 231

### "A"-base Rotational Adapter

CI-6690

The "A"-base Adapter allows students to mount a Rotary Motion Sensor to obtain high resolution data. One revolution of the vertical shaft corresponds to one revolution of the Rotary Motion Sensor, giving 4000 data points per revolution for the Rotary Motion Sensor.





#### **Includes**

- Rotary Motion Sensor Mounting Post
- O-Ring Drive Belt
- Three-Step Pulley
- Pulley Mounting Screw



"A"-base Kotational Adapter	C1-6690	
Required:		
Rotating Platform	ME-8951	p. 160
Rotary Motion Sensor ScienceWorkshop	CI-6538	p. 25
or		•
Rotary Motion Sensor PASPORT	PS-2120A	p. 25

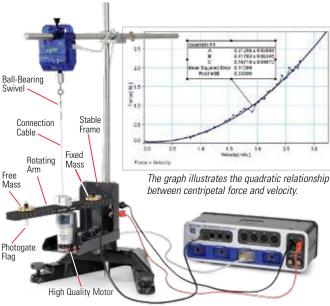
### **Centripetal Force Apparatus**

ME-8088

- ▶ Empirically determine centripetal force
- ▶ Easy to set up ▶ Repeatable results

#### **Features**

- > Stable Frame: The metal frame can be easily attached to a ring stand using the included clamp. The frame may also be attached to a tabletop with a large table clamp.
- ▶ High Quality Motor: Will withstand years of student use.
- ▶ Computer-based Measurements: The Force Sensor and photogate facilitate accurate and repeatable measurements of force, angular velocity, and tangential velocity.



#### **How It Works**

The rotating arm features a groove with two captured masses along its length. One of the masses is free to move along the length of the groove. The free mass is connected to a small cable that runs under a pulley in the center of the arm and up to a Force Sensor. A ball-bearing swivel is used to ensure the cable does not tangle as the arm rotates. The other mass is placed the same distance from the center as the free mass, thereby balancing the arm. A flag attached to the bottom of the fixed mass passes through the photogate once per revolution, allowing a calculation to be made of the angular and tangential velocity of the mass.

#### Includes

- 12 VDC Electric Motor Free Mass
- Connecting Cable
- Ball-Bearing Swivel
- Connecting Hardware 5 g Mass (2) for Photogate

**Order Information** 

- Frame with Mounted Mass Holder for
  - · Mass Holder for Fixed Mass

  - 10 q Mass (2)
  - 20 g Mass (2)

#### Centripetal Force Apparatus.....ME-8088 Required:

Force Sensor		pp. 28-29
Photogate Head		p. 37
Triple Output Power Supply	SE-8587	p. 233
Large Rod Base	ME-8735	p. 176
45 cm Steel Rod	ME-8736	p. 176
120 cm Steel Rod	ME-8741	p. 176
Multi Clamp	ME-9507	p. 178

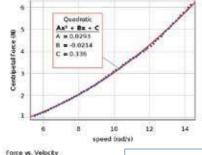
### **Wireless Centripetal Force Accessory**

MF-8094

- Transmitting data wirelessly eliminates friction
- Uses Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor
- Vary speed, radius, and mass

The Wireless Centripetal Force Accessory is a low friction sliding mass holder that connects to a Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor (PS-3202). When installed on a Rotating Platform (ME-8951), it provides a simple and direct measurement of centripetal force and acceleration. Vary the mass using the holed masses in the Mass and Hanger Set (ME-8979). The string length is easily adjusted to vary the





This PASCO Capstone graph shows the Centripetal Force (measured directly by the Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor) versus Angular Speed as the platform slows down.

In this PASCO Capstone graph, a "QuickCalc" of speed squared has been chosen on the horizontal axis, resulting in a straight line.



mx + b b = 0.235 petal 4 200 speed? (irad/si<sup>p</sup>)

#### **Includes**

- · Low friction sliding mass holder
- Mounting post for force sensor

Wireless Centripetal Force Accessory	ME-8094
Required:	
Wireless Force Acceleration Sensor	PS-3202
Mass and Hanger Set	ME-8979
Rotating Platform	ME-8951
PASCO Capstone	pp. 18-20

### **Hand-Held Centripetal Force**

### **Discover Centripetal Force Kit**

ME-9837A



Use the traditional method with hanging masses, or use with a Force Sensor to continuously measure the centripetal force. Adding sensors to this classic experiment creates a dynamic, quantitative lab that your students will never forget!

#### Includes

- Rubber Stoppers (sizes 6, 8, 10)
- Plastic Ties (10)
- Yellow String (73 meters)
- Hollow Tube

### Order Information

Discover Centripetal Force Kit	ME-9837A	
Shown in use with:		
High Resolution Force Sensor	PS-2189	p. 28
Motion Sensor	PS-2103A	p. 24
Required for Classic Approach:		
Hooked Mass Set	SE-8759	p. 187
Stopwatch	ME-1234	p. 116

### **Flying Pig**

SE-6655

This classic centripetal force experiment is used in high school AP® Physics 1 curriculum. Hang from the ceiling, give it a push, and it flaps its wings as it "flies" in a circle.



#### Order Information

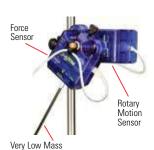
Flying Pig (US only).....SE-6655

Required:
2 AA Batteries (not included)

### Centripetal Force Pendulum

ME-9821

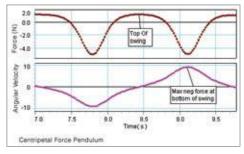
- Quantitative force vs. velocity data
- ▶ Repeatable results
- Vary pendulum length and mass



Rigid Graphite Tube



When used with Force and Rotary Motion Sensors, the Centripetal Force Pendulum allows students to collect accurate circular motion data.



The Centripetal Force Pendulum is used to produce graphs of force and angular velocity versus time. Note that the force changes direction at the top of the swing for large amplitudes.

The Centripetal Force Pendulum attaches to a Force Sensor and allows students to directly measure the forces involved in circular motion. By attaching the Force Sensor/pendulum combination to the Rotary Motion Sensor, the relationship between force, mass, and velocity in a circular path can be investigated.

#### **Includes**

- Graphite Pendulum Rod with Threaded Connector
- Sliding Mass (100 g)
- Mount with Cord Clip



Centripetal Force Pendulum	. ME-9821	
Required:		
Large Rod Base	. ME-8735	p. 176
45 cm Steel Rod	. ME-8736	p. 176
90 cm Steel Rod	. ME-8738	p. 176
Multi Clamp	. ME-9507	p. 178
Also required for use with ScienceWorksho	p:	
Rotary Motion Sensor	. CI-6538	p. 25
Economy Force Sensor	. CI-6746	p. 28
Also required for use with PASPORT:		
Rotary Motion Sensor	. PS-2120A	p. 25
Force Sensor	. PS-2104	p. 28

### **Rotational Inertia Set**

ME-9774



Release two different sized obiects simultaneously.

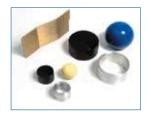


#### **How It Works**

Compare rotational inertias of objects with different shapes and sizes. Students learn that the speed of an object rolling down the ramp is not affected by its mass or radius. The shape or distribution of the mass determines the outcome. The sphere will reach the bottom first, followed by the disk. The ring will be last.

#### Includes

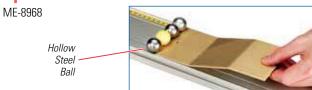
- 10 cm outer diameter set
  - Solid Sphere (810 g)
  - Ring (Aluminum, 230 g)
  - Disk (Plastic, 370 g)
- 5 cm outer diameter set
  - Solid Sphere (110 a)
  - Ring (Aluminum, 90 g)
  - Disk (Plastic, 70 g)
- Release Mechanism



#### Order Information

Rotational Inertia Set ......ME-9774

### **Spherical Mass Set**



This set includes four balls with a diameter of 25 mm each, but featuring various masses and rotational inertias.

#### **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Race the hollow steel ball and solid aluminum ball down an incline. They have about the same mass, but the solid aluminum ball has a much larger acceleration down the ramp.
- Fire the yellow plastic, solid steel, and hollow steel balls from a PASCO Short- or Long-Range Projectile Launcher.

#### **Includes**

- Solid Yellow Nylon Ball (10 grams)
- Solid Steel Ball (66 grams)
- Hollow Steel Ball (21 grams)
- Solid Aluminum Ball (24 grams) (release mechanism not included)



#### Order Information

Spherical Mass Set......ME-8968

### **Rotational Inertia Wands**

ME-9847

The red and blue wands have the same mass but the red wand is easier to rotate because the red wand has less rotational inertia.

These two wands have the same mass and the same dimensions. and yet the red wand is easier to rotate. This is because the red wand has two metal slugs near its center, while the blue wand has two similar metal slugs at its ends. This demonstrates that rotational inertia depends on the distribution of the mass.

These sturdy plastic wands have small holes near the center and at the ends to enable students to see where the metal is located in each wand. So that what initially seems a mystery can be explained to the students by allowing them to examine the wands more closely.



To demonstrate the difference in rotational inertia of the two rods, ask two students to grab the center of a wand and instruct them to rotate the wand back-and-forth as rapidly as they can. No matter how strong the student with the blue wand is, he or she is not able to rotate it as fast as the student with the red wand.

#### **Specifications**

Length: 1 m Diameter: 4 cm

Ratio of Blue Rotational Inertia to Red: Approx. 6



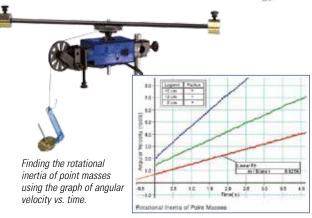
#### Order Information

Rotational Inertia Wands...... ME-9847

### **Mini Rotational Accessory**

CI-6691

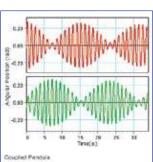
Add the Mini-Rotational Accessory to the Rotary Motion Sensor to study the oscillations of a pendulum, the rotational inertia of an aluminum disk, a steel ring and a metal rod, as well as the conservation of momentum during a rotational collision. The Finding the clamp-on Super Pulley rotational inertia allows students to apply of the aluminum a torque by hanging a mass disk and ring. over the pulley.



### Coupled Pendula

Couple two pendula with a rubber band and plot the position

vs. time for each pendulum. The result is a vivid example of energy transfer between the pendula.





### **Pendulum Accessory**

ME-8969

The pendulum rod and masses can be purchased separately.

#### **Includes**

- 38 cm Pendulum Rod (27 a)
- 75 gram Mass (2)

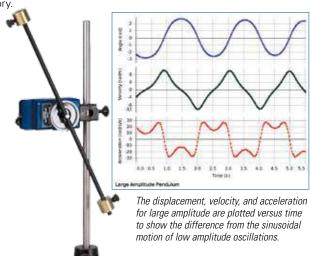
#### Order Information

Pendulum Accessory......ME-8969

#### Large Amplitude Pendulum

See page 335 for complete experiment.

By placing one mass on each end of the tube, the pendulum will oscillate slowly. Students will have time to view the motion of the pendulum, while also watching the real-time graph of displacement, velocity, and acceleration versus time. The period can be measured as a function of the amplitude of the pendulum and compared to theory.



### Conservation of Angular Momentum

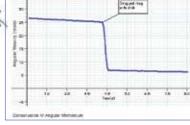
See page 334 for complete experiment.

To demonstrate conservation of angular momentum, a non-rotating ring is dropped onto a rotating disk. The angular velocity of the disk is recorded in real-time, and students can easily determine the angular velocities of the disk just before and after the ring is

dropped. Combining these velocities with the rotational inertia of the disk and ring, students can confirm that angular momentum is conserved.



The angular speed of the disk decreases when the ring is dropped onto the spinning disk.



#### Includes

- Rotating Disk (9.5 cm diameter, 120 g)
- Large Ring Mass (7.6 cm o.d., 5.4 cm i.d., 465 g)
- 38 cm Pendulum Rod (27 g)
- 75 gram Mass (2)
- Clamp-On Super Pulley



#### Order Information

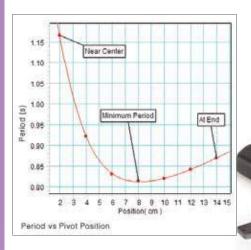
Mini Rotational Accessory.......CI-6691

### **Physical Pendulum Set**

ME-9833

This set of six objects is perfect for studying Physical Pendula, Moments of Inertia, and the Parallel Axis Theorem. Each piece fastens directly to a Rotary Motion Sensor to measure the objects acceleration due to an applied torque, or the period when the pendulum freely oscillates.

Each piece is made from 1/4 inch thick aluminum plate.



The Pendulum Bar has holes spaced at 2 cm intervals. A graph of oscillation period vs. pivot hole position shows that there is a unique placement that gives a minimum period. This location can be verified using calculus.



Unique design allows pivot exactly at the edge. Measure the period of the thick ring oscillating at either the inner or outer radius.



Apply a known torque and measure the angular acceleration to calculate the moment of inertia of the object. Multiple holes in the plate allow investigation of the Parallel Axis Theorem.

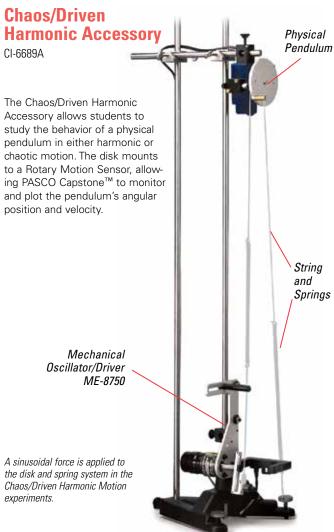


#### **Includes**

- Solid Disk
- Thick Ring
- Thin Ring
- Offset Hole
- Pendulum Bar
- Irregular Shape
- Six mounting screws

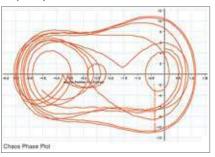


Physical Pendulum Set	ME-9833	
Shown in use with:		
550 Universal Interface	UI-5001	p. 14
Rotary Motion Sensor	PS-2120A	p. 25
Base and Support Rods		p. 176
Super Pulley with Clamp	ME-9448B	p. 137
Mass and Hanger Set	ME-8979	p. 187



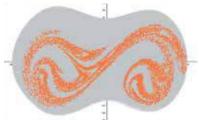
1. Chaotic Motion

Chaotic oscillations of the physical pendulum are produced by adjusting the magnetic damping, driver amplitude, and driver frequency.



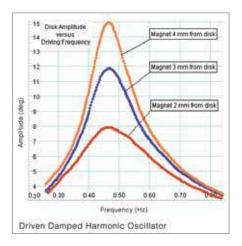
This phase plot (angular velocity vs. displacement) shows chaotic movement of the disk.

This Poincaré plot shows the pendulum's velocity versus position only once per period of the driving force. The gray background is the phase plot.



#### 2. Driven Harmonic Motion

As a 10 cm aluminum disk is driven by a mechanical oscillator, two Rotary Motion Sensors simultaneously monitor the position of the disk and driver. The bidirectional sensors resolve to 1°, so the computer can easily display amplitude, frequency, and phase.



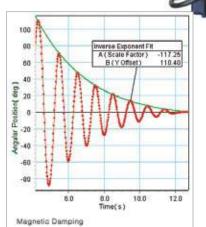
Angular velocity vs. frequency graph shows effects of magnetic damping on amplitude of resonance peak.

> Movable Damping

Magnet

### 3. Damped Pendulum

The Rotary Motion Sensor graphically monitors the damped oscillations of an aluminum disk. A movable magnet allows students to change the strength of magnetic damping.



A turn of the screw moves the magnet away from or closer to the physical pendulum.

#### **Includes**

- Rotating Disk (9.5 cm diameter, 120 g)
- Eccentric Mass (15 g)
- Springs
- Adjustable Magnet for Damping

### Order Information

Chaos/Driven Harmonic Accessory ......CI-6689A

For more information, see Driven Damped Harmonic Oscillator Experiment EX-5522A on page 322 and Chaos Experiment EX-5523A on page 323.



## Gyroscopic Motion

### **Demonstration Gyroscope**

ME-8960

- All Components Accessible
- Excellent Demonstration Tool
- Precision Angle Indicator

The unique low friction and open design of PASCO's Gyroscope allow studies of rotational motion never before possible with a commercial unit. The completely open design lets students stop precession by grabbing the vertical shaft and observing that the gyroscope dips. Rotational mathematics predicts the dipping action, but it could never be confirmed with traditional enclosed units.

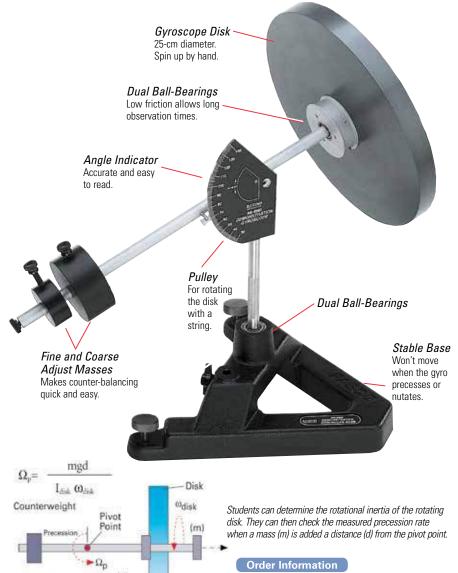
#### **How It Works**

The disk is spun by wrapping a string around the pulley and pulling. Or the disks can be spun by hand. Add mass to either end of the gyroscope and it responds with a predictable precession. Many features make this an exceptional demonstration tool for rotational motion concepts.

#### **Features**

- Low Friction: The disk takes almost 6 minutes to slow to half of its original speed due to low-friction bearings in the gyroscope axle and vertical shaft.
- Accurate Angle Indicator: Measures from 30° to 140° and is easily read to the nearest degree. A retractable stop acts as a marker during experiments.
- **Easy Timing:** Low rotation speeds allow measurement of angular speed by counting revolutions and using a stopwatch.
- **Easy Balancing:** Two counterweights allow coarse and fine balance adjustment.
- ▶ Large Inertia Disk: With the large rotational inertia of the disk, PASCO's gyroscope generates precession rates similar to smaller, enclosed gyroscopes. The slow rotation speed of PASCO's disk lets students study fast as well as slow precession and use a stopwatch to make measurements.





Accessory Disk Add a second disk spinning in same or opposite directions.

A Unique Experiment: Rotate two disks in opposite directions at the same speed. The angular momenta cancel and the total angular momentum of the gyroscope is zero. The result— no precession.

Top View



Demonstration Gyroscope ......ME-8960

Accessory Disk and Mass ..... ME-8961

Recommended:

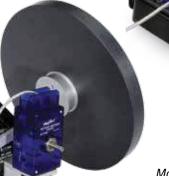
## Sensor Mounting Accessories

With two Rotary Motion Sensors, the Mounting Bracket, and the "A"-base Rotational Adapter, the Demonstration Gyroscope becomes a quantitative instrument for advanced rotational

motion experiments.

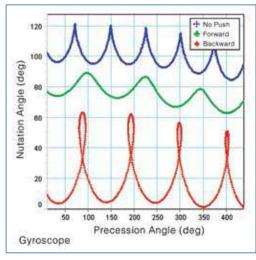


# "A" base Rotational Adapter Mounts a Rotary Motion Sensor to measure the Gyroscope's precession rate.



**Mounting Bracket**Aligns a Rotary Motion Sensor with the Gyroscope's angle indicator to measure the nutation angle.

#### Quantitative Measurements



Graph shows nutation pattern for three cases: The blue trace results when Gyroscope is released from rest, with no initial push forward or backward.

# **Rotary Motion Sensor/Gyroscope Mounting Bracket**

ME-8963

With the Mounting Bracket and the "A"-base Rotational Adapter (CI-6690), the Demonstration Gyroscope becomes a quantitative instrument for advanced rotational motion experiments. With two Rotary Motion Sensors, students obtain a graphical picture of the Gyroscope's nutation and precession motions.

#### Order Information

### "A"-base Rotational Adapter

CI-6690

Mounts a Rotary Motion Sensor to the base to monitor the Gyroscope's precession rate.



#### Order Information

For Recording Precession Data:

"A"-base Rotational Adapter	.CI-6690
Required:	
Rotary Motion Sensor	.p. 25
Interface	.p. 10-11

### **Bicycle Gyroscope**

ME-6837

- ▶ Solid 1/2" steel shaft
- Cushioned hand-grips
- Precision ball-bearings for low friction
- Non-marking rubber tire

The newly redesigned Bicycle Gyroscope is perfect for getting your students engaged in understanding rotational motion. Unlike other bicycle gyroscopes, the PASCO model is extremely rugged for years of use, but also lightweight at just 6 lbs. Cushioned hand-grips, a pull-cord with handle, and an included suspension cord (for demonstrating precession) make it simple and easy to use.

Precision ball-bearings result in extremely low-friction for both the Bicycle Gyroscope and the Rotating Chair.

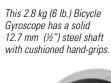
Non-marking Rubber Tire



The Bicycle Gyroscope with the Rotating Chair gives you a perfect demonstration of the conservation of angular momentum.



Use the included pull-cord with handle to spin up the wheel.





#### Includes

• Bicycle Gyroscope

• Two Cords with Handles

#### Order Information

Bicycle Gyroscope ........ ME-6837 Shown in use with: Rotating Chair...... ME-6856

### **Bicycle Gyroscope Mass Set**

ME-6972

Adding all four of the masses adds 1.6 kg to the wheel's (approximate) 2.8 kg mass and increases its rotational inertia by over 60%.

Mass securely clamps to the wheel rim using included screws.



#### **Includes**

Attach cord

(included)

to hole in

handle to

• Four 400 g masses

## Order Information

Bicycle Gyroscope Mass Set..... ME-6972
Required:
Bicycle Gyroscope ......................... ME-6837

### **Rotating Chair**

ME-6856

Rugged design and incredibly low friction make this far superior to any office chair.

Sturdy 45 cm diameter rotating platform can be used with or without included chair. Wrap rope around groove to apply torque.





#### Order Information

Rotating Chair ......ME-6856

Shown in use with:
Photogate Head ......ME-9498A

### Atmospheric Pressure Demonstrator

ME-8966A

Demonstrate the effect of a pressure differential. Easily lift a box or stool by simply placing the rubber sheet on a smooth surface of the object and lifting up on the handle.



As you pull up on the handle, a low-pressure region is created.

Pull Upward

#### **Order Information**

Atmospheric Pressure Demonstrator ......ME-8966A

### Air Cannon

SE-7370

The Air Cannon uses a vortex of air for ammunition. Its unique shape creates a stable toroidal vortex. Pull back the flexible membrane, release, and the invisible wave front of air can hit a target 20 feet away! A great demonstration of the energy that can be stored in waves.



#### **Order Information**

Air Cannon ......SE-7370

### Student Bell Jar

SF-9790



This bell jar provides a vacuum chamber for students to perform many experiments including:

- Watching a balloon expand or warm water boil as air is pumped from the chamber.
- Observing that a suction cup no longer sticks when the jar is evacuated.

Water boils as air is evacuated from the Bell Jar.



#### **Includes**

- 8 cm x 6 cm dia. clear plastic bell jar with base
- Plastic vial, balloons and suction cup
- 60 cc syringe and valves for evacuating the jar



#### Order Information

Student Bell Jar ......SE-9790

### **Magdeburg Plates**

SE-9717A

These two plates are a modern and versatile rendition of a classic demonstration.

Air is evacuated using a syringe; no vacuum pump needed. Clear plastic design lets students see everything. Two different "O" rings allow two different size areas. Tubing is provided so students can connect a Pressure Sensor for use with DataStudio.



#### ncludes

- 10.7 cm diameter circular polycarbonate plates (2)
- O-rings (2) (8.5 cm and 5.4 cm diameter)
- 60 cc syringe
- Connecting tubing with one-way valve and inline connector for optional Pressure Sensor

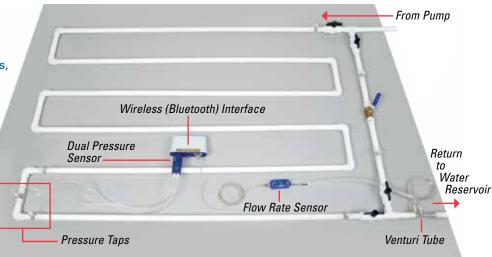
#### Order Information

Magdeburg Plates ......SE-9717A

### Pipe Network: Build it your way and instrument it inexpensively.

- Instrument your pipe network with pressure and flow sensors
- ▶ Transparent Venturi Tube and pressure taps
- Study head loss in pipes, fittings, and valves
- ▶ Find the relationship between pump head and flow rate





#### Measure pressure

In constructing a pipe network, it is useful to know the pressure in the fluid at numerous places along the pipe. The transparent Pressure Taps can be glued into a 3/4" PVC pipe network at any place, using a slip joint. Each Pressure Tap has a quick-connect for a Dual Pressure Sensor (PS-2181). Since the quick-connect closes when disconnected, it is possible to move the pressure sensor around the network to determine the pressures at different positions, rather than having a separate pressure sensor for each position.

#### Measure flow rate

The General Flow Sensor measures the difference in fluid pressure between the two different cross-sectional areas and the software does a calculation to convert this pressure difference into a velocity or volumetric flow rate. The Venturi Tube slip joints are designed to be glued into any 3/4" PVC pipe network. The Venturi Tube is made of clear PVC so the water can be seen flowing through it. It has a constriction and two pressure ports with tubing attached. The Venturi Tube is connected to the General Flow Sensor (PS-2225) by the matching couplers.

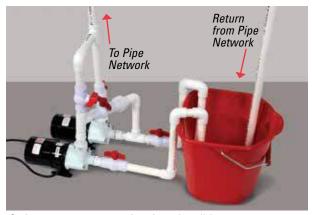
#### Create pump curves

Create a plot of pressure versus flow rate for a pump and determine the maximum head and flow rate. Study how these change when two pumps are connected in series or parallel.

#### Portable interface

Use the SPARKlink Air (PS-2011) with a Dual Pressure Sensor (PS-2181) as a great portable pressure measurement system. The SPARKlink Air has two PASPORT sensor ports and can accommodate a General Flow Sensor to measure the volume flow rate and a Dual Pressure Sensor to measure the pressures along the pipe.

Pressure Taps are installed before and after elbow joints to measure the pressure loss. The Venturi Tube measures the velocity.



Study one pump or two pumps in series and parallel.



### **General Flow Sensor with Venturi**



The General Flow Sensor determines fluid velocity in air or water by measuring the difference in pressure between the two input tubes. Either the Venturi Tube or the Pitot Tube ME-2221 (see page 47) must be connected to the General Flow Sensor.

### **Pressure Taps**



ME-2224 Includes six pressure taps and tubing.

The transparent Pressure Taps can be glued into a 3/4" PVC pipe network at any place, using a slip joint. Each Pressure Tap has a quick-connect for a Dual Pressure Sensor (PS-2181). Since the quick-connect closes when disconnected, it is possible to move the pressure sensor around the network to determine the pressures at different positions, rather than having a separate pressure sensor for each position.

### Wireless Interface



The SPARKlink Air (PS-2011) is a Bluetooth interface that allows the computer to be away from water spills. See page 9 for more information.

### **Venturi Tube**

The Venturi Tube is made of clear PVC so the water can be seen flowing through it. It has a constriction and two pressure ports with tubing attached. The Venturi Tube is connected to the General Flow Sensor by the matching couplers. The General Flow Sensor measures the difference in fluid pressure between the two different cross-sectional areas and the software does a calculation to convert this pressure difference into a velocity or volumetric flow rate. The Venturi Tube slip joints are designed to be glued into any 3/4" PVC pipe network.

#### **Dual Pressure**



Measure pressure at two pipe pressure taps at once

The Dual Pressure sensor is capable of reading two absolute pressures, one gauge pressure, or one differential pressure.

#### **Specifications**

**Absolute Pressure:** 0 to 200 kPa, 0.01 kPa resolution at 10 Hz and 1 kPa repeatability (displays pressure in kPa, N/m², and psi)

**Differential Pressure:** ±100 kPa, 0.01 kPa resolution at 10 Hz and 1 kPa repeatability (displays pressure in kPa, N/m², and psi)

Maximum Sample Rate: 1000 Hz

#### Order Information

General Flow Sensor with Venturi Tube		
Pressure Taps (Set of 6)		p. 41
Required:	1 3-2101	р. 41
PASPORT Interface		pp. 10-11
PASCO Capstone Software		pp. 18-20
PVC Pipe and Fittings (Supplied by user)		
Pumps (2) (Supplied by user)		
Shown in Use with:		
SPARKlink Air	PS-2011	p. 10
Optional Pitot Tube	ME-2221	p. 41

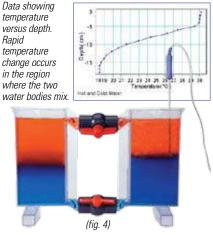
### **Density Circulation Model**

ME-6816

- Model density driven circulation based on temperature, dissolved substances, or different liquids
- Demonstrate the driving forces of vertical ocean currents
- Measure temperature inversions based on density difference



The PASCO Density Circulation Model allows students to model, measure and understand the complex density driven circulation associated with heat transfer through convection. Students can recreate vertical ocean currents driven by water bodies with density differences. They can extend this learning by using sensors to collect data and create graphs showing the thermocline, halocline and pycnocline using a Salinity Sensor PS-2195 (page 68).



With the valves closed (fig.1), two bodies of liquid can be created that differ in temperature, dissolved materials, or other properties. When the valves are opened, a smooth flow of liquid occurs between the chambers (fig. 2 & fig. 3). Minimal mixing occurs and clearly defined layers of liquid based on density result (fig. 4).



Density Circulation	
Model	. ME-6816
Shown in use with:	
Stainless Steel Temperati	ure Probep. 4

## **Explore the Equations for Fluid Flow Using Sensors**

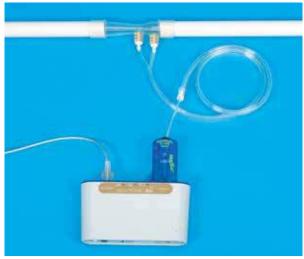
### **General Flow Sensor with Venturi Tube**

PS-2225

- Measure fluid velocities and confirm the Continuity Equation
- ▶ Use Bernoulli's Equation to determine pressure difference
- Show faster moving fluids have lower pressures



The Venturi Tube has pressure taps at the narrow diameter and the larger diameter.



The General Flow Sensor connects to the Venturi Tube to measure the pressures.

Continuity Equation:  $A_1v_1=A_2v_2$ 

Bernoulli's Equation: 
$$P_1+rac{1}{2}
ho v_1^2=P_2+rac{1}{2}
ho v_2^2$$
 (at constant height)

In this apparatus, the Venturi Tube has pressure taps at the narrow diameter and the larger diameter. The General Flow Sensor connects to the Venturi Tube to measure the different pressures due to different fluid velocities. You supply the ¾ inch PVC pipe and the water. It is suggested that you connect the pipe to a faucet with flexible tubing and, at the other end, let the water flow into a bucket resting on a Force Platform (PS-2141). As the water flows, the velocity can be determined by the changing weight of the bucket as measured by the Force Platform.

The recommended interface is the SPARKlink Air because two ports are required and it is convenient to have a wireless interface so your laptop can be away from the water. However, two AirLinks (PS-3200) or a 550 or 850 Universal Interface would do as well.

The experiments can be downloaded at www.pasco.com/fluids.

#### **Order Information**

### **Density Set**

ME-8569A

Use this versatile set of materials with the Overflow Can to investigate Archimedes' Principle of displacement, specific heats, and basic length/volume relationships.

Includes pieces that have the same shape, volume, density, and mass, so the variable of interest can readily be isolated.



Each piece has a hole, so it can be suspended from a string.

#### Includes

- Three cylinders: aluminum, brass, plastic; 2.2 cm dia. x 6.4 cm long (plastic is less dense than water)
- Two blocks: aluminum: 1.9 x 3.2 x 4.1 cm and brass: 1.6 x 1.9 x 2.8 cm.
   The mass of each block equals that of the aluminum cylinder; irregular shape: aluminum; instruction manual

#### Order Information

Density Set...... ME-8569A

### **Discover Density Set**

SE-9719A

This set of 22 separate pieces allows students to discover the relationship between density, volume, and dimensions. Two unique series of pieces hold one dimension constant while varying another.



#### Includes

- Cylinders of same length and different diameters (4)
- Cylinders of same diameter and different lengths (4)
- Spheres with different diameters (4)
- Rectangular shapes of various sizes and materials (10)
- Instruction manual

#### Order Information

Discover Density Set...... SE-9719A

#### Mole Set

SE-7586

The Mole Set contains four element specimens: Copper, Iron, Zinc and Aluminum. Each sample contains approximately one mole,

6.02 X 10<sup>23</sup> atoms of the element.

#### Includes

- Mole samples: Zinc, Aluminum, Iron, Copper
- Teaching Suggestions

#### Order Information

#### **Overflow Can**

SE-8568

This aluminum Overflow Can provides direct volume measurements for the materials supplied in the Density Set, as well as displacement measurements for buoyancy experiments. It has a 76 mm diameter, a usable volume of 477 cm³, and an angled downspout. Requires a graduated cylinder or a gram balance to measure the displaced volume.

#### **Includes**

• Can only

#### Order Information

Overflow Can ...... SE-8568

### **Classroom Density Set**

SE-7226

The Classroom Density Set includes 12 sets of materials to study the density concept. Each material set includes four pieces of various sizes in a plastic storage tube. This selection of



materials allows twelve lab groups to perform a density experiment at the same time.

For each set, students measure the mass and volume of each piece and produce a mass vs. volume graph. Students will better understand density as a mathematical concept and realize that density is constant for a given material.

#### **Includes**

(Four different sizes of each material listed)
 Manle Polystyrene PVC C

MaplePolystyrenePVCCPVCPolypropyleneNylonPETGTeflonHDPEAcrylicAcetalAluminum

#### Order Information

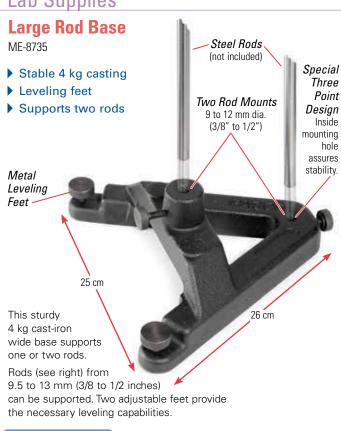
Classroom Density Set......SE-7226

#### Glassware

Rugged borosilicate glassware for use in the physics lab.



100 ml Beaker (12 pack)	SE-7287
1000 ml Beaker (6 pack)	SE-7288
50 ml Graduated Cylinder (12 pack)	SE-7289



#### Order Information

Large Rod Base......ME-8735

### **Metal Knobs and Feet (4 pack)**

ME-8954

These replacement knobs and feet for the ME-8735 Large Rod base are made of solid steel with knurled knobs and 5/16" -24 thread



19 cm

#### Order Information

Metal Knobs and Feet......ME-8954

### Small "A" Base

MF-8976

This 1.7 kg cast iron base is smaller than the Large Rod Base (above) and does not have leveling feet. This base can be used with both threaded and nonthreaded rods. Non-threaded rods from 9.5 to 13 mm (3/8 to 1/2 inches) diameter can be supported. Threaded rods must be 12.7 mm (1/2 inch) in diameter with 1/2"-13 thread, such as the 60 cm rod shown at right.

### Order Information

Small "A" Base ...... ME-8976

### **Stainless Steel Rods**

These 12.7 mm (1/2 in.) diameter stainless steel rods do not mar like aluminum rods. They are non-magnetic, very rigid, and durable.

Three different lengths are available in the non-threaded version.

The 60 cm long rod and 25 cm long rod are threaded (1/2"-13) and fit the Small "A" Base, the Small Round Base, and the Universal Table Clamp ME-9376B.

(Bases shown, not included)

90 cm Long ME-8738

45 cm Long

ME-8736

Shown with

Large Rod Base

120 cm Long

ME-8741

60 cm Long Threaded Rod ME-8977

Shown with Small "A" Base

25 cm Long Threaded Rod ME-8988

Shown with



#### Order Information

Stainless Steel Rods 12.7 mm (1/2 in.) in diameter:

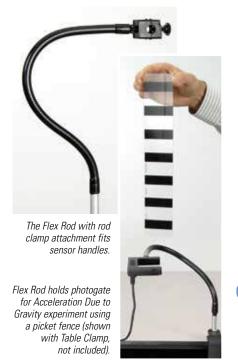
45 cm Long (non-threaded)	ME-8736
90 cm Long (non-threaded)	ME-8738
120 cm Long (non-threaded)	ME-8741
25 cm Long (threaded)	ME-8988
60 cm Long (threaded)	ME-8977

#### PASCO's Flex Rod

MF-8978A

#### Flexible rod for holding objects in any orientation

The Flex Rod provides the freedom to place equipment where it's needed. Simply connect the object to the end of the 46 cm long flexible tubing and move it to the desired location. The tubing has enough rigidity to hold many common items in any orientation. In addition, two convenient clamps are included.



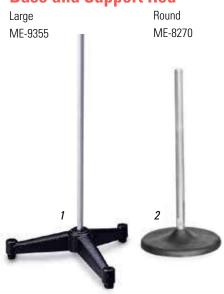


- Flex Rod attached to rigid section
- Rod Clamp attachments (2)
- 3-finger clamp attachment (Base support not included.)

#### Order Information

Flex Rod ......ME-8978A Suggested Base Supports: Small "A" Base .....ME-8976 p. 176 Aluminum Clamp ......ME-8995 p. 179

### **Base and Support Rod**



- 1. Large Base and Support Rod: With built-in leveling screws and a threaded aluminum rod that is 12.7 mm (1/2 in.) in diameter and 45 cm long.
- 2. Round Base with Rod: The threaded steel rod is 12.7 mm (1/2 in.) in diameter and 25 cm long.

#### Order Information

Large Base and	
Support Rod	ME-9355
Round Base	
with Rod	ME-8270

### How to choose the best mounting rod for you



Both of these rods are useful for mounting sensors, particularly photogates. Also, they work well for pulleys.

The SA-9242 stainless steel rod is the same length as the ME-9483 plastic rod. However, the steel rod has a smaller diameter that may not work with all clamps that require a standard 12.7 mm (1/2 in) diameter. The ME-9483 plastic rod is made of a hard plastic that clamp screws do not dent and it has a threaded brass stud. The lighter weight of the plastic rod will not damage pulleys when thrown into a bin.

### **Mounting Rods (10 pack)**

ME-9483

These rigid plastic pulley handles (14 cm long, 12.7 mm diameter) have a 1/4"-20 metal stud that screws into a Super Pulley.

Order Information

Mounting Rods (10 pack)...... ME-9483

### **Pulley Mounting Rod** SA-9242

This 14 cm long stainless steel mounting rod

is 9.5 mm (3/8 in.) in diameter and fits most standard laboratory clamps, including the PASCO Universal Clamp. It has a standard 1/4"-20 thread.

Order Information

Pulley Mounting Rod ...... SA-9242



#### **Right Angle Clamp (SE-9444)**

This standard right angle clamp fits rods up to 18 mm (11/16 inch) in diameter.

#### **Buret/Utility Clamp (SE-9446)**

The V-shaped, plastic-coated jaws of this Buret Clamp open from 5 to 35 mm, rotate 360°, and lock in position at any angle. Fits rods up to 16 mm (5/8 inch) in diameter.

#### Three-finger Clamp (SE-9445)

Clamp tubes, rods, and irregularly shaped objects. The jaws extend 19 mm, open to 57 mm, rotate 360°, and lock securely at any angle. Fits rods up to 19 mm (3/4 inch) in diameter.

#### Order Information

Right Angle Clamp	SE-9444
Buret/Utility Clamp	SE-9446
Three-finger Clamp	SF-9445

### **Pendulum Clamp**

ME-9506



Hang up to three springs or pendula. Suspension points are 54 mm apart. Fits rods up to 16 mm (5/8 inch) in diameter.

See page 157 for more information.





#### Order Information

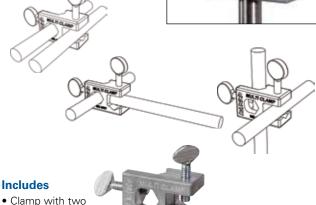
Pendulum Clamp ME-95	06
Shown in use with:	
Photogate Pendulum SetME-87	52 p. 157
Small "A" BaseME-89	76 p. 176
Stainless Steel Rod (45 cm.)ME-87	36 p. 176

### **Multi Clamp**

ME-9507

Holds two rods either parallel or at right angles. Fits rods up to 12.7 mm (1/2 inch) in diameter.





thumb screws

#### Order Information

Multi Clamp.......ME-9507

# **Table Rod Clamps**

These clamps hold up to 12.7 mm (1/2 inch) diameter rods that can be mounted either horizontally or vertically.



# Order Information

Large Table Clamp	. ME-9472
10 cm grip range	
Aluminum Table Clamp	. ME-8995
6 1/2 cm grip range	
Universal Table Clamp	. ME-9376B
6.0 cm grip range	

# "C" Clamps

SE-7285 Large

This rugged clamp is perfect for attaching a variety of objects to a table. Available in 10 cm (4-inch) size.



Appearance may vary.

#### Order Information

Large "C"	Clamp (6 pack)	SE-7285
-----------	----------------	---------

# **Laboratory Jacks**

Raise, support, and align equipment with these lab

riaisc, support, and alight equ	dipinioni with thos	C IdD
jacks. They're rugged, stable	, and ensure	- Maria
precise height adjustment.	and the same	CIL WAY
Two sizes are available.	U.S.	
	CAST CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF T	
Order Information		

Laboratory Jack	Model	Platform (cm)	Height (cm)	Load (kg)
Medium	SE-9373	15x15	,	٠ ٠,
Large	SE-9372	20x20	7 - 25	25

# **Universal Table Clamp**

ME-9376B



Attach this Universal Table Clamp to tables or shelves up to 6.0 cm (2 3/8 inch) thick. Can also be mounted on a ring stand.

Mount rods in the clamp either vertically or horizontally. The rods are held securely by stable three-point contacts. Use standard unthreaded lab rods — 9.5 mm (3/8 inch) to 12.7 mm (1/2 inch) vertically or horizontally. Use 1/2-13 threaded lab rod vertically.

# Order Information

Universal Table Clamp ...... ME-9376B

# **Double Rod Clamp (3 pack)**

MF-9873

Holds any two rods up to 12.7 mm (1/2 inch) in diameter, either parallel or perpendicular to one another.



# Order Information

# Swivel Clamp (2 pack)

ME-8743

Clamp two rods at any angle or clamp the two rods parallel to each other. Accepts 12.7 mm (1/2 inch) rods.

# **Includes**

Two Clamps



# Order Information

Swivel Clamp (2 pack)...... ME-8743

# **Adjustable Angle Clamp**

ME-8744

This unique clamp fits any rod up to 12.7 mm (1/2 inch) diameter and can lock the rod in place at any angle.



#### Order Information

Adjustable Angle Clamp ...... ME-8744

# **Super Pulley**

ME-9450A

20 N max load

The PASCO Super

- ▶ Nearly frictionless
- Durable

Pulley is the standard in physics labs. Its low-friction design produces excellent results. The precision spacing of the 10 spokes makes it ideal for photogate monitoring with PASCO's computer

#### **Features**

- ▶ Low Friction
- Lightweight
- ▶ Precision Dimensions

#### Order Information

Super Pulley ..... ME-9450A

interfaces and photogate systems.

# **Pulley Mounting Rod**

SA-9242

This 14 cm long stainless steel mounting rod is 9.5 mm (3/8 in.) in diameter and fits most standard laboratory clamps, including the PASCO Universal Clamp.

# Order Information

Pulley Mounting Rod (rod only) ...... SA-9242

# **Smart Gate Pulley System**

PS-3702

The Super Pulley attaches directly to the Smart Gate, providing a simple, low-friction system to measure position, velocity and acceleration. Additionally, with the pulley removed, the photogate can be used to perform standard photogate experiments.

## Includes

- Smart Gate (1) PS-2180
- Super Pulley (1) ME-9450A
- Super Pulley Rod (1) ME-8736

#### Order Information

Smart Gate Pulley System.....PS-3702

# **Super Pulley with** Mounting Rod

ME-9499

This Super Pulley mounted on a rigid plastic mounting rod (12.7 mm diameter, 14 cm long) fits most standard laboratory clamps.

#### Order Information

Pulley with Mounting Rod ..... ME-9499

# **Super Pulley with Clamp**

ME-9448B



Upgrade your force table and inclined plane experiments. The Super Pulley with its integral clamp makes setup and alignment easy. The pulley height is fully adjustable, so you can skim the top of a force table for parallax-free readings. Yet you can keep the force parallel to the track on an inclined plane, as shown in the photo below. Fits tables up to 2.0 cm (13/16 in.) thick.



# Order Information

Super Pulley with Clamp ......ME-9448B

# **Mounting Rods (10 pack)**

ME-9483

These rigid plastic pulley handles (14 cm long, 1.27 mm diameter) screw into a Super Pulley.



# **Order Information**

Mounting Rods (10 pack).....ME-9483

# Photogate/ **Pulley System**

ME-6838A

The Super Pulley attaches directly to the Photogate Head, providing a simple, low-friction system to measure position, velocity and acceleration. Additionally, with the pulley removed, the photogate can be used to perform standard photogate experiments. See page 39.

# **Order Information**

Photogate/Pulley System ..... ME-6838A

# Atwood's Machine

SA-9241



Two Super Pulleys mounted on a 6.4 cm long rod produce a classic, low-friction introduction to Newton's Second Law. The instruction sheet fully describes both the experiment and the theory.



- Two Pulleys
- Connecting Rod

#### Order Information

Atwood's

Machine.....SA-9241

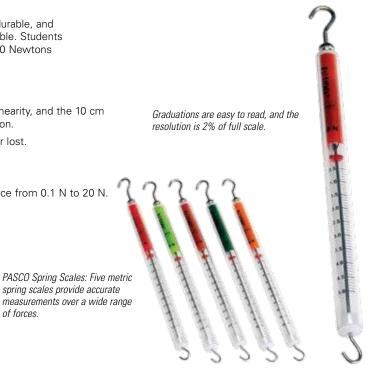
# **Metric Spring Scales**

(Five different ranges)

These high-quality metric spring scales are precise, durable, and calibrated in Newtons. Five different scales are available. Students can measure forces from a fraction of a Newton to 20 Newtons with excellent accuracy.

#### **Features**

- ▶ Accurate: The precision springs provide excellent linearity, and the 10 cm long scales are sharp and clear for superior resolution.
- ▶ Sealed Spring: Can't get tangled, over-stretched, or lost.
- ▶ Zero Adjust: Turn the knob to zero the balance.
- > Scales on Inside: They won't wear off.
- ▶ Five Color-coded Ranges: Measure almost any force from 0.1 N to 20 N



# Order Information

	_		^	
Metri	r Sr	ırına	Sca	29

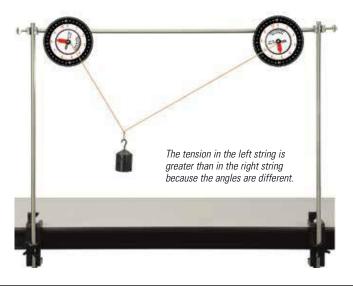
Model	Range	Resolution	Color
ME-9509	1.0 N	0.02 N	Red
ME-9510	2.0 N	0.04 N	Lt. Green
ME-9511	5.0 N	0.1 N	Brown
ME-9512	10 N	0.2 N	Dk. Green
ME-9513	20 N	0.4 N	Orange

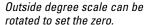
# **Tension Protractor**

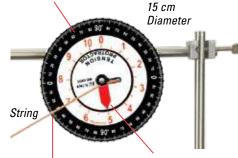
MF-6855

- Measure tension and angle with one device
- Large scale for viewing demonstrations
- Zero-adjust for torsion spring scale
- ▶ Built-in rod clamp

See page 139 for more information.







30° Angle Reading

The red arrow indicates tension reading (5.0 N) of the torsion spring scale.

#### **Includes**

• One Tension Protractor



# Order Information

Tension Protractor	ME-6855	
Recommended:		
Large Table Clamp	ME-9472	p. 179
90 cm Long Rod	ME-8738	p. 176
Multi Clamp	ME-9507	p. 178
Hooked Mass Set	SE-8759	p. 187

of forces.

# **Metric Measuring Tape**

SE-8712A



This 30-meter woven fiberglass measuring tape reads metric on one side and English on the other.

#### Order Information

Metric Measuring Tape ...... SE-8712A

# **Digital Calipers**

SE-8710



This metric/English (15 cm/6 in.) digital caliper measures to 0.01 mm (0.0005 in.). It has auto power-off and includes a sturdy plastic storage case.

# Order Information

Digital Calipers ...... SE-8710

# **Stainless Steel Calipers**

SF-8711



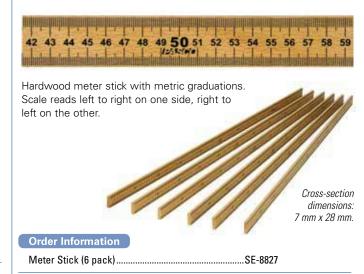
These metric/English (18 cm/6 in.) calipers have an expanded Vernier scale of 20 divisions (instead of the usual 10), so it's easier to read and more accurate. The sliding mechanism is smooth and durable. A case is included for added protection.

# Order Information

Stainless Steel Calipers...... SF-8711

# **High Quality Meter Sticks (6 pack)**

SE-8827



# **Four-Scale Meter Stick**

SE-8695



The Four-Scale Meter Stick is constructed of plastic square channel. One side has millimeter markings, one has centimeter markings, one has decimeter markings, and the last side has only a one-meter mark.

# Order Information

Four-Scale Meter Stick......SE-8695



This low-cost micrometer provides measurements from 0 to 25 mm with 0.1 mm resolution. The wooden box is form-fitted to protect the micrometer during storage.

## Order Information

Micrometer ...... SE-7337

# **Freefall Balls Accessory**

ME-9890

This set of balls is used with the Discover Freefall system shown on page 124. The special stickers are used to attach the metal washers to the plastic balls, allowing them to be suspended from a magnet.





#### **Includes**

- Small Nylon Ball (2.5 cm)
- Large Plastic Ball (10 cm)
- Golf Ball (4.4 cm)
- Hollow Golf Ball (4.2 cm)
- Steel Ball (2.5 cm)
- Steel Ball (1.6 cm)
- Release Washers (10)
- Release Stickers (50)



#### **Order Information**

Freefall Balls Accessory ......ME-9890

# **Bounce/No Bounce Ball Set (3 sets)**

SF-7571





These two black balls look and feel identical, but drop them side by side and students will notice a big difference in their elasticity.

One bounces close to the original drop height, while the other doesn't bounce at all. Includes three sets of the Bounce/ No Bounce Balls. Each ball has a diameter of 2.5 cm.



## Order Information

Bounce/No Bounce Ball Set (3 sets) ......SE-7571

# Small Steel Balls

ME-9872





These 1.6 cm diameter steel balls are used with the Mini Launcher (ME-6825).

#### Order Information

Small Steel Balls (10 pack) ..... ME-9872

**Plastic Balls** 



Extra brightly colored balls are available for the Projectile Launcher. Diameter is 2.5 cm (1 in.).

#### Order Information

Plastic Balls (10 pack)......ME-6822

# Steel Balls

ME-9864

WARNING CHOKING HAZARD Contains small balls. Not for children under 3 vears.



Four pack of 2.5 cm diameter balls for use with PASCO Short- or Long-Range Projectile Launchers (ME-6800 or ME-6801).

#### Order Information

Steel Balls (4 pack).....ME-9864

# **Spherical Mass Set**

This set includes four balls with a diameter of 2.5 cm each, but featuring various masses, including a hollow steel ball.

> / WARNING CHOKING HAZARD Contains small balls. Not for children under 3 vears









#### **Includes**

- Solid Yellow Nylon Ball (10 grams)
- Solid Steel Ball (66 grams)
- Hollow Steel Ball (21 grams)
- Solid Aluminum Ball (24 grams)

# **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Race the hollow steel ball and solid aluminum ball down an incline. They have about the same mass, but the solid aluminum ball has a much larger acceleration down the ramp.
- Fire the yellow plastic, solid steel, and hollow steel balls from a PASCO Short- or Long-Range Projectile Launcher.

#### Order Information

Spherical

Mass Set .....ME-8968

# **Braided Physics String**

SF-8050

30-lb, Test

This braided Dacron® string is tough, resists stretching, and won't unravel. Withstands up to 133 Newtons of force (equivalent to 13.6 kg). Each roll provides 320 meters of string.

#### Order Information

**Braided Physics** String......SE-8050

# **Elastic Wave Cord**





Unlike a Slinky®, the tension can be varied. In addition to the Slinky, this Wave Cord is great for wave demonstrations. The cord is 3 mm in diameter. Each roll provides 90 meters of cord.

#### Order Information

Elastic Wave Cord ......SE-9409

# Yellow Cord

MF-9876



highly visible braided yellow cord. Total length of 140 meters.

# Order Information

Yellow Cord (2 pack) ......ME-9876

Two rolls of

# **Rubber Cord** (30 meters)

ME-8986



For Elastic Bumper (ME-8998) Also fits Air Track Bumpers (page 121)

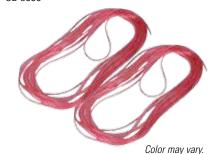
#### Order Information

Rubber Cord

(Spool of 30 m)..... ME-8986

# Glow String (2 pack)

SF-8690



**MARNING** CHOKING HAZARD Small parts. Not for children under 3 years.

This stretchy "string" glows in the dark after being exposed to light. Use it to demonstrate wave motion, including resonance and standing wave patterns. Two rolls are included, totaling over 15 meters of string.

#### Order Information

Glow String

(2 pack) ...... SE-8690

# Black Thread

ME-9875



Includes three spools of black Nylon thread.

#### Order Information

Black Thread

(3 pack) ..... ME-9875

# Plumb Bobs (10 pack)

SE-8728



These finished steel plumb bobs are precision-machined to a fine point. Just slide a string through the hole in the top and tie a knot. The plumb bob hangs precisely centered.

#### Order Information

Plumb Bobs

(10 pack).....SE-8728

# **No-Bounce Pad**

SE-7347



Stop falling objects from bouncing with PASCO's No-Bounce Pad. The 30 cm x 30 cm x 2.5 cm dimensions of the pad provide an ample target for gravity demonstrations. Prevents heavy objects from damaging the floor and prevents falling objects from being damaged on impact.

# Order Information

No-Bounce Pad.....SE-7347

# **Carbon Paper (100 pack)**

SF-8693



Carbon paper is ideal for marking the position of an object as it strikes the floor or other surface.

#### Order Information

Carbon Paper (100 sheets)......SE-8693

# Spirit Levels (10 pack)

SE-8729



These 23 cm long Spirit Levels have three vials with striped graduations to indicate vertical, horizontal, and 45° alignment. The frame is a durable plastic with tough acrylic vials. A magnetic tape allows hands-free leveling.

#### Order Information

Spirit Levels

(10 pack) ...... SE-8729

# **Storage Bins**

These stackable plastic bins with lids are useful for storing sensors.



## Order Information

# 3.8 Liter Plastic **Container Set**

MF-7559

These containers are great for experiments needing ice-water baths. See the Heat Engine Experiment on page 346 for an example.

14 cm x 14 cm x 19.5 cm tall



3.8 Liter Plastic Container Set (set of 2)......ME-7559

# Water Reservoir

MF-8594

This calibrated 1000 ml cylinder is useful for experiments (as shown on page 227), requiring either a specific amount of water, a constant flow of water, or water at a constant pressure. The cylinder has three hose connections, one for connection to a source of water, one for overflow, and an outlet near the bottom. The unit comes with six meters of tubing and two restriction clips.



#### Order Information

Water Reservoir ...... ME-8594

# **Glassware**

Rugged borosilicate glassware for use in the physics lab, particularly useful for buoying labs (shown on page 330).



# Order Information

100 ml Beaker (12 pack)	SE-7287
1000 ml Beaker (6 pack)	SE-7288
50 ml Graduated Cylinder (12 nack)	SF-7289

# **Discover Pi Set (10 pack)**

ME-6819A



The Discover Pi Set allows students to derive the meaning of σ directly from their measurements. This activity transforms σ from a constant with unknown origin to a fundamental characteristic of all circular objects.

# **Includes**

- Pi Circles (4): 5.2, 6.4, 8.9, 10.0 cm diameter
- Transparent Measuring Tape

# Order Information

Discover Pi Set (10 pack) ...... ME-6819A

# Ohaus Electronic Balances

SE-8823A (220 g) SE-8756B (420 g) SE-8757B (2200 g) SE-8758B (8200 g)



The Ohaus Scout SKX digital electronic balances combine range, resolution, and low cost, making them ideal for the student physics lab.

Simple two-button operation and visual menu prompts allow students to begin weighing with minimal instruction. The large, crisp display is easily viewed from any angle, so teachers can quickly check student results. A sealed front panel, molded spill ring, and removable stainless steel platforms provide protection from spills and make these balances easy to keep clean.

# **Specifications**

Catalog #	SE-8823A	SE-8757B	SE-8758B	SE-8756E
Capacity:	0-220 g	0-2200 g	0-8200 g	0-420 g
Resolution	ı: 0.01 g	0.1 g	1.0 g	0.01 g
Pan Size:	12 cm dia	16.5 x 4.2 cm	16.5 x 14.2 cm	12 c

# Make these balances work with PASCO Capstone and SPARKvue on your computer via Bluetooth or USB with:

Ohaus Bluetooth
Device Adapter ...... SE-8822
Ohaus USB
Device Adapter ..... SE-8821

## Order Information

Ohaus Scout SKX B	alances
220 g	SE-8823A
420 g	SE-8756B
2200 g	SE-8757B
8200 g	SE-8758B

# Ohaus Triple-Beam Balance

SE-8723 (without tare) SE-8707 (with tare)



# Ohaus Cent-o-Gram Balance



Ohaus mechanical balances have been the standard weighing instruments in student laboratories for decades. They're accurate, easy to use, durable, and inexpensive.

# **Features**

- ▶ Precision-Ground Steel Knives: for exact measurements and a long balance life.
- ▶ Stainless Steel Weighing Pan: easy to clean, lasts indefinitely.
- ▶ Magnetic Damping: for quick, true measurements.
- ▶ Simple Zero-Adjustment: just zero the masses, then rotate the knob.
- ▶ Capacities: see table below.

#### **Specifications**

Product #	SE-8723	SE-8707	SE-8725
Ohaus #	750-S0	760-00	311-00
Туре:	Triple-Beam	Triple-Beam	Cent-o-Gram
Capacity:	610 g	610 g	311 g
w/add'l.			
mass set:	2610 g	2610 g	N/A
Readability	<b>/:</b> 0.1 g	0.1 g	0.01 g
Tare:	None	225 g	None

#### Order Information

Ohaus Triple-Beam Baland	ce
(without tare)	SE-8723
(with tare)	SE-8707
Ohaus Cent-o-Gram	
Balance	SE-8725
Recommended:	
Ohaus Additional	
Mass Set	SE-8708

# Ohaus Additional Mass Set

SE-8708

(for Triple-Beam Balances)



These additional masses can increase the range of the Ohaus Triple-Beam Balance (SE-8723 and SE-8707) by an additional 2 kg. Included are a 0.5 kg and two 1 kg masses.

#### Order Information

Ohaus Additional
Mass Set ......SE-8708

# **Slotted Mass**

SE-8726A Set (10 g resolution) SE-8704A Set (1 g resolution) SE-8703A Hanger (50 g)



These slotted masses provide medium to heavy mass (up to 1.110 kg) with 1 g or 10 g resolution.

#### The SE-8726A Set includes

• Masses: 1 x 500 g 2 x 200 g 1 x 100 g 1 x 50 g 2 x 20 g 1 x 10 g

#### The SE-8704A Set includes

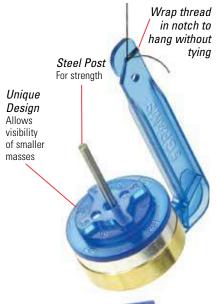
 The above masses plus a 5 g, 1 g, and two 2 g. Mass hangers available separately.

10 g Slotted Mass Set	SE-8726A
1 g Slotted Mass Set	SE-8704A
Slotted Mass Hanger	SE-8703A

# **Mass and Hanger Set**

ME-8979 (1/2 g resolution)

PASCO's Mass and Hanger Set features precision 5 g mass hangers with steel posts, and "holed" masses that will not fall off the hanger. All the masses have their values marked, and each hanger can hold up to 250 g.





#### Includes

- Four mass hangers (5 g each) ± 2%
- Brass masses: ± 1%

3 x 100 g  $3 \times 50 g$ 6 x 20 a

 Aluminum masses: ± 1% 3 x 10 a

• Plastic masses: ± 2%

 $3 \times 0.5 q$  $3 \times 2 q$  $3 \times 1 q$ 

· Molded storage case

## Order Information

Mass and Hanger Set ..... ME-8979

Recommended:

Mass and Hanger Spares Kit.... ME-8980

(Contains four mass hangers and 10 each of 2 g, 1 g, and 0.5 g plastic masses)

Replacement Mass Sets for ME-8979:

5-gram Mass Set (set of 6)...... ME-8981

10-gram Mass Set (set of 6)..... ME-8982

20-gram Mass Set (set of 6)..... ME-8983

50-gram Mass Set (set of 6)..... ME-8984

100-gram Mass Set (set of 6).... ME-8985

# **Large Slotted Mass Set**

ME-7566 (5 kg Set)

#### Includes

- One 0.5 kg mass hanger
- Nine 0.5 kg slotte masses.
- Diameter of masses: 8 cm.
- Height of hanger: 36 cm.



# **Order Information**

Large Slotted Mass Set (5 kg Set).....ME-7566

# **Short Slotted Mass Set**

ME-7589 (2 kg Set)

#### **Includes**

- One 0.5 kg mass hanger
- Three 0.5 kg slotted masses.
- Diameter of masses: 8 cm.
- Height of hanger: 15 cm.



#### **Order Information**

**Short Slotted Mass Set** (2 kg Set)......ME-7589 Short Mass Hanger ..... ME-7590

# **Hooked Mass Set**

SE-8759



This rugged Hooked Mass Set is made from cast iron and coated with enamel.

#### Includes

- Masses:1 x 1000 g 1 x 500 g 2 x 200 g 1 x 100 g 1 x 50 g 2 x 20 g 1 x 10 q
- Molded mass holder

# Order Information

Hooked Mass Set..... SE-8759

# 1 kg Mass and Hanger Set

ME-9337 (1 kg set)

Set features a 200 g cast aluminum mass hanger with a steel post, and four "holed" 200 g brass masses that will not fall off the hanger. Multiple mass hangers can be used by hooking the top of one into the bottom of another.





The flat bottom on the mass hanger makes it perfect for use with a Motion Sensor when performing Hooke's Law and spring oscillation experiments.



Can be used in conjunction with the entire set of smaller brass and plastic masses in the ME-8978 Mass and Hanger Set.



#### Includes

- Mass hanger (ME-9350) Height of hanger: 16 cm
- Set of four masses (ME-9351) Diameter of masses: 5 cm
- Steel pin 8 cm height, 3.6 mm diameter

ME-9337
ME-9350
ME-9351
p. 176
ME-8970
ME-9506
PS-2103A

# **PASCO Stopwatch**

ME-1234

- No alarm or clock
- Memory for stored event times
- Uses one AA battery
- Durable buttons

Are you tired of annoying stop-watch alarms going off all day? Are your students stuck in the clock mode and can't get their stopwatch back into the timing mode? Does your stopwatch stop working after changing that little watch battery? The PASCO Stopwatch solves all these problems!

This stopwatch was designed specifically for science timing. The modes of operation are intuitive and complete instructions are included. The buttons are built to last and it uses a single long-lasting AA battery, which is less expensive than a watch battery (and easier to install).



The EVENT/RECALL button allows you to view the last time, in case students forget to write down their data. The EVENT/RECALL button is also used to store and recall up to nine event times. For example, record a series of events, such as times at which sandbags were dropped along the gym floor.



Two Display Modes: MM:SS.SS (00:25.18) or Decimal Seconds (25.18s)





It also sits on the table at a convenient viewing angle.

Order Information

PASCO Stopwatch......ME-1234

# **Specifications**

**LED Display:** Visible indoors and outdoors Two Display Modes: MM:SS.SS (01:25.34)

or Decimal Sec (85.34 s)

**Precision:** 0.01 sec up to 59:59.99

(MM:SS.SS) or 3599.99 s Then 1 sec to 99:59:59 (HH:MM:SS) or 359999 s

Max Number of Event Times: Nine

Auto-off: After one hour idle Can Be Used with a Lanyard

(not included)

Includes: AA battery and instruction sheet

# PASCO Stopwatch (10 pack)

Includes fitted foam storage box



Order Information

PASCO Stopwatch (10 pack)..... ME-1235

# **Student Timer**

SE-8768

# **Features**

- Inexpensive
- ▶ 0.01 Second Resolution
- ▶ Easy Operation: Start/Stop, Reset and Lap



Student Timer ...... SE-8768

(Appearance

may vary)



# PASCO's modular LED Strobe makes it easy for students to visualize motion.

# **Strobe**

MF-6978

- ▶ 1 Hz to 500 Hz
- Variable intensity
- Low cost

Unique modular design makes it easy to light any geometry. The Strobe includes the Strobe Control Box and one Strobe Module. Additional Strobe Modules can be purchased separately (see below) for up to a total of four lamp modules per controller. And multiple control boxes can be connected together using the External Trigger. The Strobe Modules have a tilting lamp head on a sturdy base that sits on the table or fastens to a rod stand.





#### **Features**

- ▶ Display frequency in Hz or rpm
- ▶ Adjustable light intensity
- ▶ External trigger daisy-chains multiple controllers together
- ▶ Trigger strobe using external input such as the photogate ME-9498A.

# **Specifications**

Frequency Range: 1 Hz to 500 Hz

Resolution: 0.1 Hz

 $\textbf{Accuracy:}~0.1\,\%$ 

Brightness: 230 lumens (peak)

Lamp Life: 50,000 hours

per module

Strobe		
(Includes Control Box and one Strobe Module)		
Additional Strobe Modules	ME-6982	
Shown in use with:		
String Vibrator	WA-9857A	p. 244
Sine Wave GeneratorWA-9867		

# Thermal Expansion

# **Thermal Expansion Apparatus**

TD-8856

- ▶ Use with Multimeter or Temperature Sensor
- Brass, copper, and aluminum tubes included

With PASCO's Thermal Expansion Apparatus, students can accurately and easily investigate the expansion of metals with increasing temperature.

Steam Generator

**Base**Provides storage for all three tubes.



(Sold separately)



**Built-in Digital Gauge**Simple and very accurate measurements with 0.01 mm resolution.



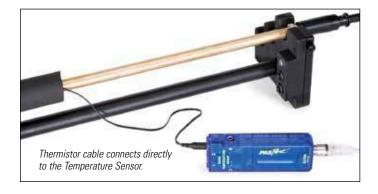
# **Features**

- ▶ Built-in Digital Gauge: Measure the rod expansion with (0.01 mm resolution).
- Built-in Thermistor: A 10 kΩ thermistor is connected directly to each tube, and the temperature can be determined using a digital ohmmeter or Temperature Sensor.
- ▶ Heat with Steam or Water: The fluid used may be steam or water at any temperature.
- ▶ Three Drop-in Metal Tubes: Each tube connects securely onto the rigid base. The other two can be simultaneously mounted on the base for convenient storage.

#### **Includes**

- Base with built-in dial gauge and thermistor
- Expansion tubes: Brass, copper and aluminum; 16 mm dia. (80 cm length)





Thermal Expansion		
Apparatus	TD-8856	
Required:		
Steam Generator	TD-8556A	p. 191
Recommended:		•
Digital Multimeter (ohmmeter)	SE-9786A	p. 241
0r		•
Quad Temperature Sensor	PS-2143	p. 45

# Steam Generator

TD-8556A

- ▶ Variable steam output
- Rapid heating
- Automatic safety shut-off

Hot flowing steam is essential to most introductory thermodynamics experiments. It's inexpensive, plentiful, and the perfect constant temperature heat reservoir.

This Steam Generator brings 3/4 of a liter of water to a boil in ten minutes and provides continuous steam at up to 10 g/min. A baster is also provided to remove hot water for experiments. Includes many convenience and safety features.



See page 192-193 for additional Steam Generator applications.

# Order Information

Steam Generator......TD-8556

# **Heater-Stirrer**

PS-3401



▶ The Heater-Stirrer is the new lab essential!





This compact heater-stirrer has a white ceramic top that is ideal for heating and for seeing color changes when mixing solutions. It has been designed to withstand spills. Its safety features include warning labels and indicator LEDs. And the included rod makes it easy to support sensors.

#### When used as a heater:

This compact new Heater-Stirrer can boil water in minutes. The ceramic top provides an even heating surface and the indicator LEDs let you know when the top is hot.

#### When used as a stirrer:

This new apparatus is great for mixing solutions. The white top makes color changes during titrations easy to see.

#### **Specifications**

Speed range: 50-1500 rpm Plate diameter: 135 mm Max temperature: 310°C

#### **Includes**

• Support rod.

Order Information

Heater-Stirrer PS-3401

# Thermal Conductivity

# **Thermal Conductivity Apparatus**

TD-8561

- Measure heat flow through five different materials
- Constant temperature differential makes calculations easy
- Easy to use, no mess



One of the most important considerations for buildings in the modern world is their ability to provide good thermal insulation. This apparatus gives students a way to observe and quantify heat flow across a constant temperature differential. Students use five common materials as test samples: glass, wood, polycarbonate, Masonite® and sheetrock.

#### **Features**

- No Mess: Water from the melting ice runs off into the measuring cup — not on the lab table.
- Durable Test Materials: Wood, Masonite, and sheetrock are covered with a thin aluminum sheet for waterproofing and to ensure good thermal contact.
- ▶ Elevated Steam Reservoir: Hot reservoir is well above the lab table to eliminate heat damage.

#### **How It Works**

A block of ice is placed against one side of the test material. The other side is clamped against a steam chamber, establishing a constant 100°C temperature differential. The rate at which the ice is converted to water is a measure of the rate at which heat passes from the steam, through the test material, and into the ice.

# Includes

- Stand with insulating pads
- Steam chamber
- Ice molds (2)
- Materials: 12.7 cm squares of glass, wood, polycarbonate, Masonite, sheetrock
- Plastic tubing to connect steam generator
- Instruction manual and experiment guide

# **Ice Melting Blocks**

SE-7317

 Great thermal conductivity and heat capacity demonstration





The two Ice Melting Blocks look similar, but are composed of different materials. One block feels cold to the touch, while the other block feels slightly warm. Both blocks are at room temperature but have very different thermal conductivities and heat capacities.

After allowing students to hold the blocks, ask them which block would melt ice more quickly. Place an ice cube on each block and watch their amazement as the "cold" block melts the ice cube within two minutes. Melting the ice cube is barely noticeable on the "warm" block. The "cold" block is aluminum and has a much greater ability to transfer heat to the ice cube or the hand. The "warm" block is plastic, which does not conduct heat as well.

#### **Includes**

- Aluminum Block
- Plastic Block
- O-rings (2)



Order Information

Ice Melting Blocks.....SE-7317

# Order Information

Thermal Conductivity Apparatus.......TD-8561

Required:
Steam Generator.......TD-8556A p. 191
Graduated Cylinder

# **Basic Calorimetry Set**

TD-8557B

# ▶ An affordable introduction to thermodynamics

Styrofoam calorimeter cup (7.5 cm inside diameter, 10 cm deep) has 1.3 cm thick walls for excellent thermal properties. Set includes five different metal samples, a thermometer, plastic tubing, and a water trap that prevents unwanted condensation of steam.

#### Includes

- One calorimeter cup with lid
- Alcohol thermometer: 20°C to 110°C in 1° increments
- Samples of aluminum, copper, brass, zinc, and stainless steel: 80 g each
- Water trap and plastic tubing
- Instruction manual and experiment guide



Basic Calorimetry Set	TD-8557B	
Required:		
Steam Generator	TD-8556A	p. 191
Ohaus Triple-Beam Balance	SE-8723	p. 186
Replacement Supplies:		
Calorimetry Cups (set of 6)	TD-8825A	



# **Specific Heat Set**

SE-6849

This specific heat set has five different materials, all having the same mass (80 g). Each has a hole to tie a loop of string to hang the samples in water.



#### Includes

Aluminum: 1.25" d x 1.5" h
Brass: 3/4" d x 1.5" h

• Stainless Steel: 3/4" d x 1.44" h

Zinc: 3/4" d x 1.58" hCopper: 0.625" d x 1.8" h

# Order Information

# **Density Set**

ME-8569A

Use this versatile set of materials with the Overflow Can to investigate Archimedes' Principle of displacement, specific heats, and basic length/volume relationships.

Includes pieces that have the same shape, volume, density, and mass, so the variable of interest can readily be isolated. Each piece has a hole, so it can be suspended from a string.



#### **Includes**

- Three cylinders: aluminum, brass, plastic; 2.2 cm dia. x 6.4 cm long (plastic is less dense than water)
- Two blocks: aluminum: 1.9 x 3.2 x 4.1 cm and brass: 1.6 x 1.9 x 2.8 cm. The mass of each block equals that of the aluminum cylinder; irregular shape: aluminum; instruction manual

#### Order Information

Density Set......ME-8569A

# **Mechanical Equivalent of Heat Apparatus**

TD-8551A

- ▶ Accurate to 5%
- ▶ Rugged ball-bearing construction
- ▶ Thermistor— no thermometer to break



Turn the crank to perform a measurable amount of work. The crank turns an aluminum cylinder. A flat nylon rope is wrapped several times around the cylinder. As the crank is turned, the friction between the rope and the cylinder is just enough to support a mass hanging from the other end of the rope. This ensures that the torque acting on the cylinder is constant and measurable. A counter keeps track of the number of turns of the crank. The thermal energy is measured by monitoring the temperature of the cylinder using the embedded thermistor.

With this apparatus, the equivalence of work and heat is easily established to within 5%.

#### Includes

- Base, cylinder, crank, and counter with a built-in table clamp
- 1-gallon can that can be filled with a measured mass of sand or water (if 10 kg of laboratory masses are not available)
- 3.7 m of flat nylon rope
- Laboratory manual including theory, step-by-step instructions, and data tables

# Order Information

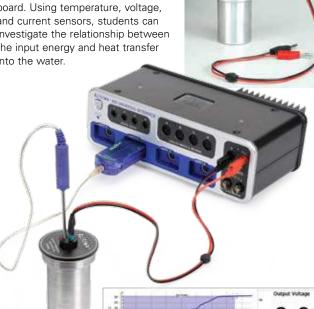
Mechanical Equivalent		
of Heat Apparatus	TD-8551A	
Required:		
Basic Digital Multimeter	SE-9786A	p. 241
Triple-Beam Balance	SE-8707	p. 186
A refrigerator (or ice) for cooling the cylin Calipers and a thermometer for measuring helpful, but not necessary.	nder below room g room temperati	temperature. ıre are
Replacement Supplies:		
Brush (single)	TD-8583	
Cylinder	TD-8582	

# **Energy Transfer – Calorimeter**

ET-8499

 Compare electrical energy input to changes in internal energy

The Energy Transfer – Calorimeter includes two nested aluminum cups with an air space in between for insulation. While most calorimeters use a coil to heat the water, PASCO's design features a 10  $\Omega$  heating resistor mounted to a circuit board. Using temperature, voltage, and current sensors, students can investigate the relationship between the input energy and heat transfer into the water.



The bottom graph displays the power output from the generator and the top graph the increase in temperature. The amount of electrical energy used to heat to the water is determined by

finding the area under the power versus time curve.

#### Includes

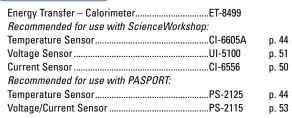
• Outer Aluminum Cup (8.9 cm tall, 4.7 cm dia)

• Inner Aluminum Cup (7.5 cm tall, 3.8 cm dia)

• Plastic Lid

• Two-Hole Rubber Stopper

• Heating Resistor with Input Cables





# Adiabatic Gas Law Apparatus

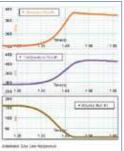
TD-8565

- Investigate the compression of gases
- Computer monitors temperature, pressure, and volume



Three Signal Cables
Carry the volume, pressure, and temperature signals to the computer.

Sensor
Measures rapid changes
in temperature as the
resistance of a fine
nickel wire changes.



Students monitor pressure, temperature, and volume as a gas is compressed rapidly.

## **Experiments**

PASCO's Adiabatic Gas Law can be used with the 850 Universal Interface. The computer functions as a 3-channel storage oscilloscope, plotting graphs of pressure, temperature, and volume, as well as integrating the area under a pressure versus volume curve to determine the work done on the gas.

#### Includes

- Adiabatic Gas Law Apparatus
- Instruction Manual, Experiment Guide
- Signal Cables: 3.5 mm plug to 5-pin DIN
- Power Adapter: 9 V DC @ 1 A

# Order Information

Adiabatic Gas Law Apparatus..... TD-8565

Required:

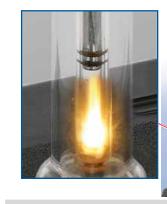
PASCO Capstone Software ........ pp. 18-20
A computer with an interface that will accept three analog signals simultaneously via 5 or 8-pin DIN connectors such as PASCO's 550 and 850 Interfaces.

# **Compression Igniter**

TD-8577

- ▶ Adiabatic compression ignites paper!
- ▶ Works every time
- ▶ Durable and cleanable

Put a small piece of tissue paper into the cylinder and quickly push down on the piston. In a quick compression there is no time for heat to be exchanged between the air inside and its surroundings, causing the temperature to rise well above the combustion temperature of paper.





Students will be

amazed to see the paper catch

on fire without

a match.

This Compression Igniter has been specially designed to be cleanable. The bottom screws off to clean out the soot and to load the paper. The large piston handle decreases the pressure on your hand and makes it easier to hit the piston

Piston

The glass tube is surrounded by plastic for safety. In the event that the glass tube breaks, the glass tube can be replaced.

# Includes

quickly.

- Compression Igniter
- Spare Glass Tube with "O" Rings
- Cleaning Wire
- Complete Instructions with Theory



Pressure data is calculated using the force measured by the Force Platform. Assuming Adiabatic, the data shown gives a compression ratio of nearly 20:1, and a peak temperature of over 700 °C.

3340

p. 31

3,500

#### Order Information

Compression
Igniter......TD-8577
Replacement Tubes (2) ........TD-8498A
Shown in use with:
Force Platform (PASPORT)....PS-2141

# **Ideal Gas Law Apparatus**

TD-8596A

- Experimentally determine the Ideal Gas Law
- Large syringe for accurate volume measurements
- ▶ Built-in fast response thermistor

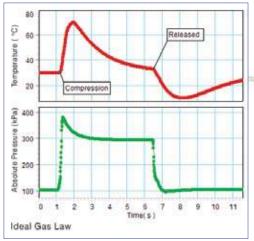
Investigating the Ideal Gas Law is simple using PASCO's Ideal Gas Law Apparatus. By connecting a Pressure Sensor and a Temperature Sensor to the syringe, students can quantitatively look at the relationships between pressure, temperature, and volume.

#### **How It Works**

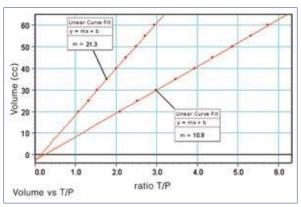
A low thermal mass thermistor is mounted within the syringe for real-time measurement of temperature changes inside the syringe. Tubing and a quick-connect port allows a Pressure Sensor to be directly connected to the syringe. As the plunger of the syringe is depressed, the volume decreases while pressure and temperature increase. The data will help students better understand the Ideal Gas Law.

$$PV = nRT$$

A mechanical stop is included on the syringe plunger to prevent damage of the thermistor within the syringe and to allow quick (adiabatic) volume changes.



The measured values of Temperature and Pressure are used to calculate the Volume. The student can compare this calculated volume to the actual volume on the syringe in real-time.



Slope of the Volume vs.  $\frac{T}{\rho}$  graph equals nR.

# **Typical Applications**

- Discover or verify the Ideal Gas Law
- Investigate relationships such as pressure vs. temperature (Gay-Lussac's Law), pressure vs. volume (Boyle's Law) and temperature vs. volume (Charles' Law)
- Calculate the number of moles of air in the syringe based on pressure, temperature, and volume measurements

# **Includes**

- Ideal Gas Law Syringe
- Built-in Fast Response Thermistor Probe
- Quick-Connect Pressure Port

Ideal Gas Law Apparatus Required for use with ScienceWorkshop		
Temperature Sensor	CI-6605A	p. 44
Absolute Pressure Sensor	CI-6532A	p. 40
Required for use with PASPORT:		
Pressure/Temperature Sensor	PS-2146	p. 42
or		
Temperature Sensor	PS-2125	p. 44
Absolute Pressure Sensor	PS-2107	p. 40
550 Interface	UI-5001	p. 14
PASCO Capstone Software		pp. 18-20

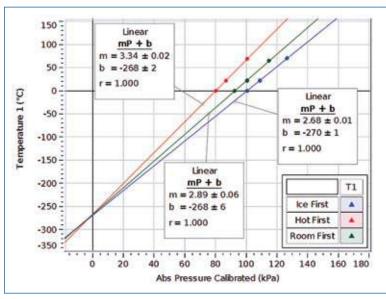


# **Absolute Zero Apparatus**

TD-8595

- ▶ Constant volume sphere
- ▶ Measure pressure and temperature directly using PASCO sensors
- ▶ Empirically determine the absolute zero temperature

The Absolute Zero Sphere is an effective tool for determining absolute zero temperature. Connect a Pressure Sensor and Temperature Sensor and immerse the sphere in water baths of several different temperatures. As the pressure and temperature change, a graph displays these changes in PASCO Capstone™. Once the data is collected, students can use a linear fit to extrapolate the value of absolute zero.



Temperature and pressure data is taken for three temperature water baths. The experiment is repeated with a different amount of gas initially in the sphere. The slopes of the two graphs reflect the change in the number of moles of gas, and both graphs extrapolate to about the same value for absolute zero.



Absolute Zero Apparatus being used with PASPORT Pressure/Temp Sensor.

# **Typical Applications**

- Experimentally determine the temperature of absolute zero
- ▶ Investigate the relationship between pressure and temperature (Gay-Lussac's Law)
- Discover the Ideal Gas Law



Absolute Zero Sphere	TD-8595	
Required for use with ScienceWork	shop:	
Temperature Sensor	CI-6605A	p. 44
Absolute Pressure Sensor	CI-6532A	p. 40
Required for use with PASPORT:		
Pressure/Temperature Sensor	PS-2146	p. 42
or		
Temperature Sensor	PS-2125	p. 44
Absolute Pressure Sensor	PS-2107	p. 40
550 Universal Interface		p. 14
PASCO Capstone Software		pp. 18-20

# **Heat Engine**

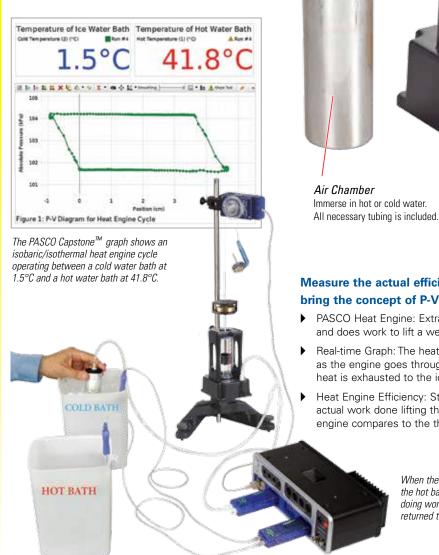
# Heat Engine/Gas Law Apparatus

TD-8572A

- Near-frictionless piston and cylinder system
- Demonstration or computer data collection
- ▶ Heat Engine and Gas Law experiments

Here is an affordable, general-purpose apparatus for quantitative experiments involving the Ideal Gas Law and for investigations of a working heat engine.

Features a nearly friction-free piston/cylinder system. The 32.5 mm diameter graphite piston fits snugly into a precision-ground Pyrex® cylinder so that the system produces almost friction-free motion of 10 cm and minimal leakage.



Mass Platform String Attachment Point Add a mass to do work Connect Rotary Motion experiments. Use as a Sensor to track piston height. target for Motion Sensor to measure piston height. Precision-bore Pyrex Cylinder Inside a Rod Clamp Protective Plastic Mount . Shield Mount engine on a rod stand. Locking Screw Secures piston in any position for fixed volume. Quick-Connect Port Connects to the air Air Chamber Ultra-Low-Friction chamber tubing and Immerse in hot or cold water. Graphite Piston a Dual Pressure

# Measure the actual efficiency of a real heat engine, and bring the concept of P-V diagrams to life

 PASCO Heat Engine: Extracts heat from a large hot-water reservoir and does work to lift a weight.

Real-time Graph: The heat engine cycle is traced on a Pressure vs. Volume graph as the engine goes through each part of its cycle, closing the cycle as waste heat is exhausted to the ice-water reservoir.

Sensor.

Heat Engine Efficiency: Students compare the area inside the P<sup>-</sup>V cycle to the actual work done lifting the weight, and see how the efficiency of this heat engine compares to the theoretical maximum.

When the air chamber is moved from the cold water bath to the hot bath, the piston moves up and lifts the 200 g mass, doing work. The mass is removed, and then the air chamber is returned to the cold bath, creating an isobaric/isothermal cycle. Give meaning to the abstract drawing of a heat engine cycle and let your students see the connection to the real world.

# **Specifications**

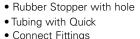
Piston diameter: 32.5 mm

Maximum piston displacement: ≈10 cm

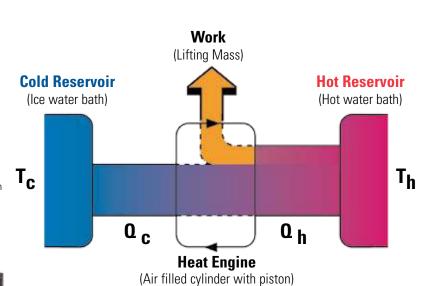
## **Includes**

• Heat Engine

• Air Chamber







# Order Information

Heat Engine/Gas Law Apparatus	TD-8572A	
Shown in use with:		
850 Universal Interface	UI-5000	p. 12
Dual Pressure Sensor	PS-2181	p. 41
Rotary Motion Sensor	PS-2120A	p. 25
3 Liter Plastic Container Set (2)	ME-7559	p. 185
Small "A" Base	ME-8976	p. 176
60 cm Rod	ME-8977	p. 176

# **Heat Engine Accessory**

TD-8581A

This replacement kit includes the set of parts for the Heat Engine (suitable for both versions TD-8572 and TD-8572A) that are most likely to need replacement after extensive use. These parts connect the air chamber and the pressure sensor to the Heat Engine.

## **Includes**

- 1 Air Chamber
- 1 Rubber Stopper #10 with hole
- 2 Male Luer Lock Barbs
- 2 Female Luer Lock Barbs
- 1 Tube Connector 3/16X1/8"
- 1 Plastic Tee for 1/8" Tubing
- 1 One-way Stopcock
- 2 Female In-line 1/8" CPLG
- Polyurethane Tubing 1/8" ID 80 cm



# Order Information

Heat Engine Accessory ......TD-8581A

# **Glass Stirling Engine**

SE-8636A



See the pistons at work and look inside the glass cylinders at the Stirling Cycle principle in action. This engine is extremely interesting to watch and it is connected to a generator that lights LEDs. To illustrate the versatility of a Stirling Engine, we provide a burner for denatured alcohol and a platform for solid fuel.





Both cylinders are transparent so the action of the pistons can be viewed.

#### **Features**

- ▶ Clear cylinders for viewing pistons
- ▶ Generator with LEDs
- ▶ Replaceable, adjustable Pyrex® heat cap
- ▶ Replaceable Pyrex power cylinder
- ▶ Solid hardwood platform
- ▶ Completely assembled and ready to run

## **Specifications**

18 cm length x 8 cm height x 9 cm width

# Order Information

SE-8636A Glass Stirling Engine...

# **Thermoelectric** Converter

TD-8550A

- Demonstrate the First Law of **Thermodynamics**
- Reversible

#### **Features**

- Demonstrates that a temperature differential is essential for extracting usable energy
- ▶ Produces electrical energy from a temperature differential
- ▶ Produces a temperature differential with electrical energy
- ▶ 15 cm tall with 6 cm diameter fan



#### **How It Works**

The Thermoelectric Converter uses a series of semiconductor thermoelectric cells to convert thermal energy into electrical energy. The output from the cells drives a small electric motor.

#### **Heat to Electrical Energy**

Place one leg of the Thermoelectric Converter into cold water, the other into hot. The fan turns as the converter draws energy from the hot source (typically a 50°C temperature differential is required).

#### **Electrical Energy to Heat**

Pass a current (3 A DC at 5 V) through the Thermoelectric Converter. It acts as a heat pump. One leg becomes warmer while the other becomes cooler.



When a temperature differential is established between the two legs, the

#### Order Information

Thermoelectric Converter......TD-8550A Reauired: Containers for holding hot water, cold water, etc.

Triple Output Power Supply ...... SE-8587 p. 233 Partial Immersion Thermometer ...... SE-9084B

p. 201

# FLIR C3 Thermal **Imaging Camera**



SE-7128A

- "See" into the infrared
- Simultaneously record visible and infrared snapshots
- Stream video using FLIR tools
- Record infrared movies in PASCO Capstone
- ▶ Determine temperatures from color coding
- WiFi enabled

Extend your students' world into the infrared with this full-featured, pocket-sized thermal camera. This infrared camera takes two pictures at once: One in the visible

spectrum and one in the infrared. An outline of the visible image is superimposed on the colorized infrared picture for reference. In addition to the color temperature scale there is a digital readout of the temperature. All of this is offered at a special educator's price.

#### Consider these activities:

- ▶ Check light transmission through different media: Visible light easily passes through acrylic; IR doesn't. Visible light is not readily transmitted through black balloons, but they are transparent in the IR, as are silicon wafers and black plastic garbage bags.
- Slide a block on the table. We always tell our students that the energy is dissipated as heat. Show them!
- Look at your infrared reflection on a white board.
- ▶ Record infrared video in PASCO Capstone and sync to data from thermal experiments.
- Take off your shoes and follow your footsteps by looking at your infrared footprints.
- Evaluate different types of insulation.
- ▶ Measure the temperature of ice water.

▶ Beakers of water with different temperatures (as measured with the camera) come to some easily predictable temperature when mixed together.

#### **Key Features**

- 1. Light, slim profile
- 2. Bright 3" touchscreen
- 3. Built-in LED work light and flash
- 4. Big snapshot button stores thermal, visible, and visible overlay in each JPEG
- 5. Easy-access on-off button powers up fast
- 6. USB Micro-B file transfer and data streaming
- 7. Visible camera
- 8. Thermal camera
- 9. Intuitive user interface

# **Specifications**

3" touchscreen

IR sensor: 80 x 60 pixels Digital camera: 640 x 480 pixels

**Temperature reading** at each of the 4,800 pixels

**Temperature range:** -10°C to 150°C Accuracy: ±2°C or 2%, whichever is greater Onboard memory stores 500 sets of

ipeg images

**USB Micro-B connector** 

Rechargeable Li-ion polymer battery with 2 h

operating time

Weight: 0.13 kg (0.29 lb)

Size (L x W x H): 12.5 x 8.0 x 2.4 cm 2-year warranty on parts and labor 10-year warranty on detector





- FLIR C3 thermal imaging camera
- Tripod mount
- Power supply/charger
- USB cable
- · ResearchIR software
- Access to FLIR education content with lectures, experiments, and teacher's guides

#### **Order Information**

FLIR C3 Thermal

Imaging Camera.....SE-7128A

# **Partial Immersion Thermometer**

SE-9084B

Hand inside black

garbage bag.

Infrared Image

Visible Image

-20° to 110°C Range

Features 1°C accuracy or better. Filled with environmentally safe non-toxic, nonhazardous, biodegradeable Enviro-Safe® liquid. Measure from -20° to 110°C with this 30 cm long thermometer. It is clearly marked at 1 degree intervals, and a ring on top allows students to suspend it from a string.

#### Order Information

Partial Immersion

Thermometer ......SE-9084B

# **Non-Contact Temperature** Sensor

PS-2197

Non-contact

▶ -70°C to 380°C



The Non-Contact Temperature Sensor measures surface temperature by detecting the emitted infrared light. Record the temperature of objects without touching them!

# **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Compare temperature of hands, skin, face, and clothes
- Measure the temperature of different outdoor ground surfaces
- Map the temperature profile of an exterior wall

#### **Specifications**

Range: -70°C to 380°C Accuracy: ±0.5°C

**Response Time:** Less than 0.1 s Maximum Sample Rate: 200 Hz

Field of View: ±35°

# Order Information

Non-Contact Temperature Sensor......PS-2197 Requires an Interface (see pages 10-11)

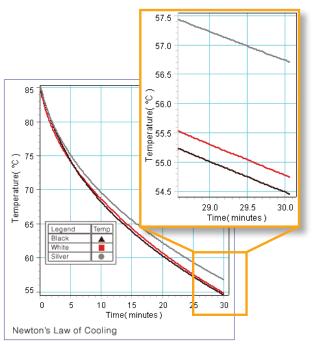
> See a variety of Temperature Sensors on pages 44-46.

# **Radiation Cans**

TD-8570A



These three aluminum cans have different surface finishes: silver (unpainted), white, and flat black. They are 15 cm high and hold about 350 ml of water. Their large thermal mass ensures good results with both temperature probes and standard glass thermometers. Fill them with cool water and place them outside in the sunlight to investigate the effect of the surface finish on solar heating. Or place them inside filled with hot water to discover Newton's Law of Cooling. (Wireless temperature probes not included.)



The black, white, and silver Radiation Cans are filled with hot water and allowed to cool. Graphs made in PASCO Capstone.

# Order Information

Radiation Cans (set of three)TD-8570A	
Required to measure temperature:	
Wireless Temperature SensorPS-3201	p. 46
OR	
Partial Immersion ThermometerSE-9084B	p. 201

# Thermal Radiation Cube (Leslie's Cube)

TD-8554A

 Low-temperature radiation source

#### **Features**

- ▶ Electrically Heated: The 100-watt bulb inside eliminates the danger of an open flame and the inconvenience of water-heated cubes.
- **▶ Thick Aluminum Walls**
- Thermistor: A 100 kΩ thermistor embedded in one wall for temperature measurement.



#### Order Information

Thermal Radiation Cube	TD-8554A	
Required:		
Radiation Sensor	TD-8553	
Basic Digital Multimeter	SE-9786A	p. 241

# **Radiation Sensor**

TD-8553

- ▶ Radiation detector
- **▶** Thermopile

Point the Radiation Sensor toward any object – open the shutter and read the digital voltmeter to measure the relative intensity of the thermal radiation emitted.

## Flat Spectral Response:

0.6 to 30 µm

Order	Information	
Radiati	ion Sensor	

Radiation Sensor......TD-8553

Required:
Basic Digital Multimeter.....SE-9786A

p. 241

# Stefan-Boltzmann Lamp

TD-8555

# A high-temperature radiation source

The temperature of this 12-V incandescent lamp filament can be accurately determined by measuring the voltage and current that students supply to the lamp (a graph of temperature versus resistivity is provided).



Stefan-Boltzmann LampTD	-8555
12-V DC Power Supply – See p. 235	



With the Radiation Sensor, a versatile Radiation Cube, and the Stefan-Boltzmann Lamp, four key experiments in thermal radiation can be performed.

Students begin with a study of thermal radiation from different types of surfaces at the same temperature. The Thermal Radiation Cube has four different surfaces that can be monitored (black matte, white matte, polished aluminum, and dull aluminum). The cube is heated electrically with a 100-watt bulb (its output can be varied). The thick aluminum walls assure the same temperature on all four walls to within a fraction of a degree. The Radiation Sensor provides

an accurate measure of thermal radiation throughout the infrared region. Its output is a voltage that is proportional to the intensity of radiation.

Another important introductory experiment is the Inverse Square Law. The Stefan-Boltzmann Lamp uses a special bulb to provide a near-perfect point source, providing accurate results.

Finally, students can verify the Stefan-Boltzmann Law for both low and high temperatures by using the Radiation Cube for the low temperatures and the Stefan-Boltzmann Lamp for the high temperatures.







# Typical Experiments

With Teacher's Guide and Sample Data.

- 1. Introduction to Thermal Radiation
- 2. Stefan-Boltzmann Law at Low Temperatures (Rrad =  $\sigma$ T<sup>4</sup>)
- 3. Inverse Square Law
- 4. Stefan-Boltzmann Law at High Temperatures



To see the experiments, type the product number into the search box at www.pasco.com and download the manual.

## **Includes**

- Thermal Radiation Cube
- Stefan-Boltzmann Lamp
- Radiation Sensor

See previous page for component details.

Thermal Radiation Laboratory	TD-8855	
Required:		
Basic Digital Multimeter	SE-9786A	p. 241
Low Voltage Power Supply	SF-9584B	p. 235
Shown in use with: 2 Meter Patch Cord Set	SE-9415A	p. 216

# Van de Graaff Generator, High Voltage

SE-8691

- Large sphere creates higher voltage
- > Sparks up to 35 cm in length
- Large size ideal for demonstrations

The High Voltage Van de Graaff Generator features a 25 cm diameter sphere that can generate approximately 400,000 volts. The size of the sphere, its rounded edges, and its height from the demonstration table contribute to the high voltages generated.

Its large size, long sparks, and high voltages make it ideal for use in larger rooms or lecture halls. An extra belt is included.



# **Electric Plume**

SE-7232

The lightweight ribbons are connected to a stand that rests on top of the Van de Graaff Generator. As the generator operates, the ribbons stand on end, due to the repulsive force between their like charges.



# **Discharge Sphere**

SE-7231



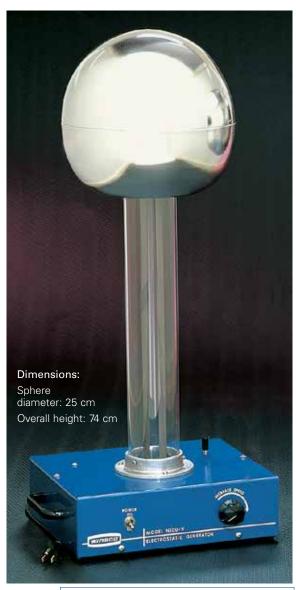
This 25 cm sphere is supported on a Lucite® column with a cast iron base. Includes cabling for connection to the Van de Graaff Generator or to a ground.

# **Electric Whirl**

SE-7233



When held near the sphere of the generator, the spokes are propelled by charge leaving the points.





Van de Graaff Generator,	
High Voltage	. SE-8691
Electric Plume	. SE-7232
Discharge Sphere	. SE-7231
Electric Whirl	. SE-7233
Replacement Supplies:	
Replacement Belt	. SE-7355

# **Electric Field Mapping**

Cork Surface

# **Charge, Equipotential** and Field Mapper

ES-9060



The Charge, Equipotential, and Field Mapper is an excellent addition to the Basic Electrostatics System.

Draw any set of two-dimensional conductors with the conductive ink. Investigate the electric field and the equipotential field lines between and around the conductive paper to any shape. Charge it and investigate the distribution of charge on its surface.

Similar to the Field Mapper Kit, except it includes electrometer probes, a "point charge" holder, and larger sheets of conductive paper for investigating charge distributions on conductive surfaces.

#### **Includes**

- Conductive paper for mapping charge distributions: 30 x 45 cm (50 sheets)
- Conductive paper with cm grid for mapping equipotentials and field gradients: 23 x 30 cm (100 sheets)
- Pushpins (10), connecting wire (1) and electrometer probes (2)
- · Conductive ink pen and a circular template for drawing conductors
- · "Point charge" holder
- Plastic tray with corkboard top: 32 x 48 cm
- Manual with 13 experiments

# **Order Information**

Charge, Equipotential, and Field Mapper..... ES-9060

Replacement Supplies:

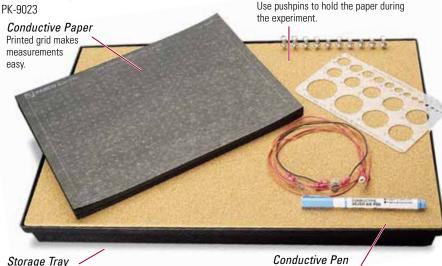
Conductive Ink Pen.....PK-9031B (limited shelf life of six months; pen is not refillable)

Conductive Paper with grid (50 sheets, 23 x 30 cm).....PK-9025

Conductive Paper (no grid)

(100 sheets, 30 x 43 cm).......... PK-9026

**Field Mapper Kit** 



Start by investigating standard electrostatic configurations, such as point sources, dipoles, and capacitors. Then go further. You might, for example, investigate whether a person is safe in a car, under a tree, or on top of a flag pole in a thunder storm. Or you might create an electrostatic model of fluid flow to show that water flows fastest in the

After the lab, everything stores neatly under the corkboard.

#### **How It Works**

With this kit students can map both the potentials and the electric fields around any conceivable system of two-dimensional charged conductors.

#### The procedure is simple:

narrowest portion of a hose.

- 1. Draw any electrode
- 2. Plot the equipotentials
- 3. Plot the electric field

#### **Features**

- ▶ Complete kit
- ▶ Complete manual
- ▶ Measure electric fields directly
- ▶ Measure potentials directly
- No mess
- Inexpensive
- Easy storage

# **Special Conductive Ink Pen**

PK-9031B

The PASCO Conductive Silver Ink Pen makes it easy to study field patterns. Draw over 60 meters of patterns with a single pen. Pen shelf life is six months. Not refillable.

#### Order Information

Conductive Ink Pen..... PK-9031B \*Price may fluctuate with the price of silver. Conductive Pen

Draw any shaped charge electrode with this conductive ink pen.



# Typical Experiments

- 1. Dipoles of Like Charges
- 2. Dipoles of Opposite Charges
- 3. Parallel Plate Capacitor
- 4. Point Source and Guard Ring (cylindrical capacitor)
- 5. Floating Electrode Plus five more experiments.



To see the experiments, type the product number into the search box at www.pasco.com and download the manual.

#### **Includes**

- Conductive paper with cm grid: 23 x 30 cm (50 sheets)
- 10 pushpins; three wires

Conductive Paper (no grid)

(100 sheets, 30 x 43 cm)...PK-9026

- Conductive ink pen and circular template
- Plastic tray with corkboard top: 32 x 48 cm
- Instruction manual with 10 experiments

# Order Information

Field Mapper Kit.....PK-9023 Required: Basic Digital Multimeter.....SE-9786A p. 241 (or any voltmeter with at least a 10 M $\Omega$  input impedance) Power Supply ......SE-8587 (or another low voltage DC power supply or battery) Replacement Supplies: Conductive Ink Pen.....PK-9031B (limited shelf life of six months; not refillable) Conductive Paper with grid (50 sheets, 23 x 30 cm).....PK-9025

# **Electrostatics Systems**

# **Basic Electrostatics System**

FS-9080B

- Quantitative electrostatics
- Comprehensive experiment manual included
- Individual or demonstration use

The PASCO Basic Electrostatics System includes all the components necessary for a quantitative investigation into the basics of electrostatics. With this integrated set of equipment, students can study:

- Production of charges, equal and opposite
- Charge by induction
- Principle of the Faraday Ice Pail
- Charge transfer
- Charge distribution in electric fields
- Capacitors and the Q=CV relationship
- Moving charges and current

#### Order Information

Basic Electrostatics System......ES-9080B



#### **Includes**

- Basic Electrometer ES-9078A
- Charge Producers and Proof Plane ES-9057C
- Faraday Ice Pail and Shield ES-9042A
- Conductive Spheres, 13 cm ES-9059C
- Conductive Shapes ES-9061
- Basic Variable Capacitor ES-9079
- Electrostatics Voltage Source ES-9077
- Experiment Manual

#### Direct Polarity Indication **Basic Electrometer** Centered zero scale shows both positive ES-9078A and negative charges. The PASCO Basic Electrometer is a quantitative electroscope, measuring the polarity and magnitude of charged objects. With almost infinite input resistance (10<sup>14</sup> ohm), the Electrometer is a high-impedance voltmeter, draining Digital Readout almost no charge from the object it is measuring. **Features** Signal Zero Button Center-Zero Meter: Output Polarity is indicated directly. To computer 3, 10, 30, and 100 VDC interface. Connector for **Switch-Selectable Ranges:** Shielded Input Cable LED lamps indicate the range in use. Zeroing Switch: For removing all charge from the input and bringing **Charge Sensor** the meter to zero. PS-2132 Automatic Shutoff: Unit turns off about three hours after being used. Output compatible with the Ideal for Range 850 Universal Interface and **Electrostatics** Indicator ScienceWorkshop Interfaces: For Grounding Range **LEDs** recording data or producing a The Charge Sensor is designed for Jack Adjustment demonstration-sized meter display. experiments in electrostatics such as Switch Battery Operation: Uses four "AA" cells inductive charging, charge production/ Adjust the On/Off distribution, and charge on a capacitor. (included). Range indicator lights flash sensitivity Switch When used with the Faraday Ice Pail,

# • Interface cable

**Includes** 

• Instruction and experiment manual

when batteries need to be replaced.

Shielded input cable to connect the

other source of charge · Grounding cable with clip

Electrometer to the Faraday Ice Pail or

to match the

experiment.

Basic Electrometer.....ES-9078A

# Order Information

tion method.

Charge Sensor.....PS-2132

the Charge Sensor can measure the

a high impedance voltmeter ( $10^{12} \Omega$ ). See page 51 for more information.

total charge on an object by the induc-

The Charge Sensor can also be used as

# Electrostatics Voltage Source ES-9077

This compact unit is ideal for performing experiments in electrostatics. It may be used as a source of charge or to maintain an object at a constant potential.

Output voltages are 1000, 2000, and 3000 VDC for charging spheres, capacitor plates, etc. A 30 VDC source is also provided for experiments with capacitors.

# **Specifications**

Output: 30, 1000, 2000, 3000 VDC ±3%,

line regulated

Resistance in Series with Output:

120 M $\Omega$ /kV

Operating Voltage: 115/220, 50/60 Hz

AC Adapter: 9 VDC

# **Order Information**

**Electrostatics Voltage** 

Source..... ES-9077

# Basic Variable Capacitor

FS-9079

Two 18 cm diameter plates allow the capacitance to be varied from 225 pF to zero



A BNC connector cable is provided for connection to an Electrometer.

# Order Information

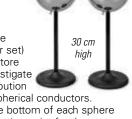
Basic Variable

Capacitor..... ES-9079

# Conductive Spheres

ES-9059C

These Conductive Spheres (two per set) can be used to store charge or to investigate the charge distribution



on one or two spherical conductors. A terminal on the bottom of each sphere provides a connection point for the power supply. Each sphere is attached to a heavy base (for stability) with an insulating rod. The spheres are 13 cm in diameter and 30 cm high.

#### Order Information

Conductive

Spheres.....ES-9059C

Charge Producers and Proof Plane

ES-9057C

The Charge
Producers create
equal positive and
negative charges
when rubbed
together. The Proof
Plane samples the
charge density from
a charged object. The
charge can then be
measured using the



Electrometer and Faraday Ice Pail.

# **Replacement Pad Se**

ES-9056 (for ES-9057C)

#### Includes

- Artificial leather pads (5)
- Blue vinyl pads (5)

#### Order Information

Replacement Pad Set..... ES-9056

# Order Information

Charge Producers and

Proof Plane ..... ES-9057C

# **Classic Electrostatics Materials Kit**

SF-9068

Providing the classic introduction to electrostatics, this kit allows students to rub any of the three rods with rubbing cloths to produce a positive or negative charge. Place the rods on the insulated pivot stands to investigate electrostatic forces.

## Includes

- Three rods (acrylic, glass, PVC)
- Two insulated pivot stands
- Three rubbing cloths (wool, silk, fur)



# **Order Information**

Classic Electrostatics Materials Kit ......SF-9068

# Conductive Shapes

ES-9061



This set includes a conductive sphere with a hole in it. Demonstrate that static charge resides outside the surface of a conductive sphere by sampling the inside surface with the ball end of the proof plane (on this page). Also included is an oblong shape for demonstrating the difference in charge densities on a large-radius surface versus a small-radius surface. The whole surface is at the same potential, and students seem surprised to find that the charge density is greater on the smaller end.

#### Order Information

Conductive

Shapes..... ES-9061

# Faraday Ice Pail and Shield

FS-9042A

With the Faraday Ice Pail, students can use the Electrometer to measure charge as well as potential.

Touch the Proof Plane to the point of interest on the charged body, then place the Proof Plane inside the Ice Pail. The Electrometer reading will be directly proportional to the charge on the Proof Plane.

The Faraday Ice Pail is 10 cm in diameter and 15 cm deep. It is made of wire mesh, so it is easy to see what is going on inside. The outside shield has a diameter of 15 cm.

#### Order Information

Faraday Ice Pail .....ES-9042A

# **Electroscope**

SF-9069

When this Electroscope is charged, the conductive rod rotates to indicate charge magnitude. The shield ring is 15 cm in diameter and can be grounded with banana plug connectors (not included).



# Order Information

Electroscope......SF-9069

# **PASCO Modular Circuits**

# **Basic Modular Circuits Kit**

EM- 3535

# **Essential Physics Modular Circuits Kit**

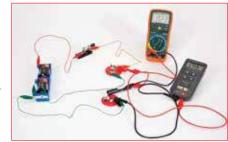
- Puts learning first
- Eliminates confusing wires
- Easy-to-connect modules

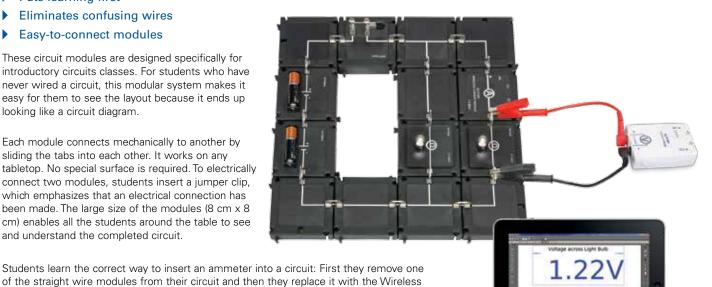
These circuit modules are designed specifically for introductory circuits classes. For students who have never wired a circuit, this modular system makes it easy for them to see the layout because it ends up looking like a circuit diagram.

Each module connects mechanically to another by sliding the tabs into each other. It works on any tabletop. No special surface is required. To electrically connect two modules, students insert a jumper clip, which emphasizes that an electrical connection has been made. The large size of the modules (8 cm x 8 cm) enables all the students around the table to see and understand the completed circuit.

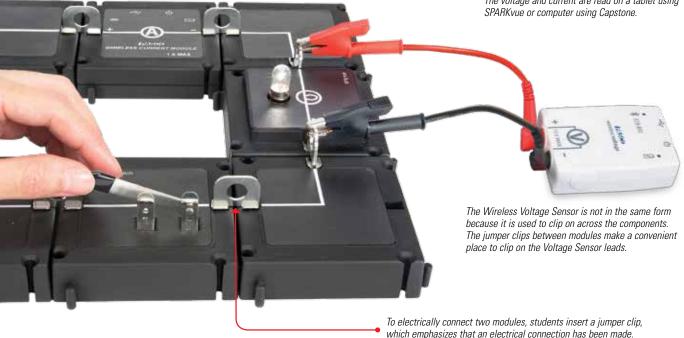
Current Sensor Module. Since the Current Sensor Module is in the same form factor as the other modules, it naturally fits in series with the circuit components. The fact that the Current Sensor is wireless helps the pedagogy: There is only one way in and one way out of the Current Sensor. There are no extra wires coming out of it to confuse students.

Believe it or not, these two circuits are the same. Which would be easier for your students to understand?





The voltage and current are read on a tablet using



Each module connects mechanically



Since the Current Sensor Module is in the same form factor as the other modules, it naturally fits in series with the circuit components.

# Wireless Current Sensor Module EM-3534 (included in EM-3536) Specifications

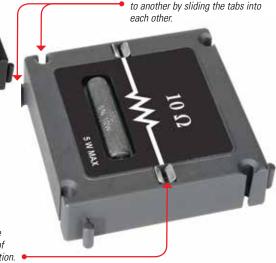
**▶ Two Ranges:** ±1A, ±0.1A

▶ Resolution: 0.2mA (±1A range); 0.02mA (±0.1A range)

▶ Bluetooth® sampling rate of 1 kHz

- ▶ Higher speed sampling via USB
- Includes remote logging

To make them visible, many of the components are mounted on top of the module or in a well for protection.



# There are two kits.

The Basic Kit has enough modules to do the five basic experiments listed below. The Essential Kit has more modules, includes the Wireless Current Sensor Module and Wireless Voltage Sensor, and has 12 experiments.

Essential

# Basic Circuit Kit Experiments

- Ohm's Law
- Series/Parallel Circuits
- Batteries & Bulbs Circuits
- Switches/Open/Closed Circuits
- Electric Power and Energy

# Essential Circuit Kit Experiments

- Ohm's Law
- Series/Parallel Circuits
- Kirchoff's Laws
- Batteries & Bulbs Circuits
- Switches/Open/Closed Circuits
- Electric Power and Energy
- Electromagnets
- Electromagnetic Induction
- RC & RL circuits
- Variable Resistance
- LED Circuits
- Electric Motors

#### Includes

Module	EM-3535	EM-3536
Straight	4	5
Corner	4	4
Resistor	2	3
Light bulb	2	3
Tee	2	2
Battery Holder (batteries not included)	2	2
SPST	1	1
Capacitor	1	1
Spring Clips	1	1
Inductor	0	1
Motor	0	1
LED	0	1
Potentiometer	0	1
SPDT switch	0	1
Bar Magnet	0	1
Wireless Voltage Sensor	0	1
Wireless Current Sensor Module	0	1
Extra Jumpers	15	15
Loose Components for Spring Clips	5	5
Gratnell™ Case	1	1
Experiments (download)	5	12



Each kit comes in a Gratnell™ case with trays that organize the modules.

Basic Modular Circuit Kit	. EM-3535
Essential Physics Modular Circuit Kit	. EM-3536
Required:	
2 AA Batteries	
Required for EM-3536:	
PASCO Capstone Software	
or SPARKvue Software	.See pages 18-20
Also available separately:	
Wireless Current Sensor Module	.EM-3534
Wireless Voltage Sensor	.PS-3211

# **Charge/Discharge Circuit**

EM-8678A

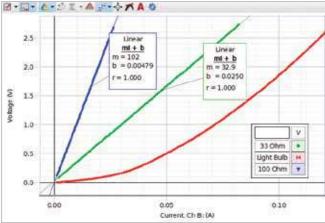
The Charge/Discharge Circuit offers a unique way to observe and measure the behavior of DC circuits including batteries, capacitors, light bulbs, and resistors. It also includes an open slot that allows a component to be inserted for further experimentation.

# Resistors

Light Bulbs

# Works Like a Variable DC Power Supply

Charge the capacitor using batteries and then the capacitor will act as a variable DC power source as you discharge it through a resistor or light bulb. Students measure the voltage and current as the capacitor discharges, and can graph the relationship between voltage and current for various components.



Voltage vs. Current for a 33  $\Omega$  resistor, a 10  $\Omega$  resistor, and a light bulb. Note the non-linearity for the bulb. Data was recorded in PASCO Capstone using a 550 Universal Interface, Voltage Sensor (UI-5100) and a Wireless Current Sensor (PS-3212).

# A STATE OF S

Batteries (not included)

1F Capacitor

#### **Includes**

- 1 Farad Capacitor
- #14 Light Bulbs (3)
- 10  $\Omega$  Resistor
- 33 Ω Resistor
- 100 Ω Resistor
- Battery Holders (uses AA or AAA)
- Double-Throw Knife Switch
- Instruction Manual

#### Order Information

Charge/Discharge

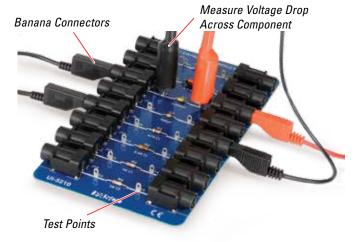
Switch

Charge/Discharge Circuit	EM-8678A	
	EN 4 0007	04.0
#14 Light Bulbs (25 pack)	EM-8627	p. 218
4-pack "AA" Batteries (not included)		
Wireless Current Sensor	PS-3212	p. 52
Wireless Voltage Sensor	PS-3211	p. 52
PASCO Capstone Software		

# **Resistor Capacitor Inductor Network**

UI-521

Board components can be used to investigate Kirchhoff's circuit laws, Ohm's Law, RC circuits, and A.C. LRC circuit theory with resonant frequencies between 55 kHz and 135 kHz, depending on values used. (Designed for the 850 Universal Interface)





The circuit board accepts patch cords with shrouded banana terminals.

Shown in use with the 850 Universal Interface power amplifier. Both the applied voltage and the resulting current are measured directly by the 850.





# Resistor Capacitor Inductor component board includes

Two inductors: 6.8 mH; 2.5 mHTwo capacitors: 3900 pF, 560 pF

• Four resistors: 47 k $\Omega$ , 3.3 k $\Omega$ , and two 1.0 k $\Omega$ .

## Order Information

Resistor Capacitor Inductor Network......UI-5210

# **RLC Circuit**

CI-6512

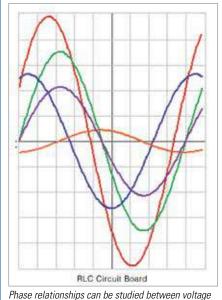


This board offers a unique set of components for demonstrating:

- ▶ Voltage/Current Phase Relationships
- RLC Resonance
- Non-Ohmic Characteristics, components include resistors, capacitors, and an inductor coil.



The 550 or 850 Interface can measure current and voltage as well as provide power to the RLC Circuit.



across the capacitor, resistor, and inductor.

# Order Information

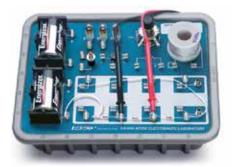
# **AC/DC Electronics** Laboratory

EM-8656

- ▶ Stand-alone operation
- Computer compatible
- Includes coil and iron core

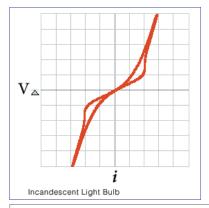
The AC/DC Electronics Laboratory dynamically teaches the basics of AC/DC circuits. Students can use this kit with an 850 or 550 or as a standalone unit with batteries. The storage tray holds all included components, reducing the chance of losing capacitors, resistors, etc. Two D batteries are required for stand-alone use (not included).

# **Experiments**



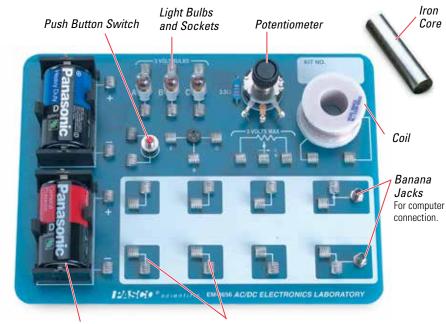
The AC/DC Electronics Laboratory can be used as a stand-alone electricity learning center.

Students study how the resistance of a light bulb filament changes as it heats up. The graph below displays voltage vs. current for an incandescent light bulb. It is clear that the resistance is not linear but changes as the bulb begins to glow.





To see the experiments, type the product number into the search box at www.pasco.com and download the manual.



Battery Holder

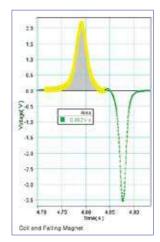
Component Springs Hold circuit components securely.



Using PASCO Capstone and a Voltage Sensor, students can measure the electromotive force (EMF) created when a magnet is dropped through a coil. By integrating the voltage-time graph, students can also measure the changes in magnetic flux created by the magnet.

#### **Includes**

- 18 cm x 25 cm circuit board
- Resistors (24) (4.7 Ω–220 kΩ, 5%, 0.25-5 W)
- Capacitors (7) (1 μF 330 μF)
- Diodes (6), Transistors (2), and LEDs (4)
- Wire leads (22 gauge)
- Push-button switch
- Storage tray and laboratory manual
- Battery holders (2)
- Light sockets (3) and lamps (3)
- 25 Ω, 2 W potentiometer (1)
- Component connectors (36)
- Transistor socket (1)
- 8.2 to 19 mH coil and iron core





# **Order Information**

AC/DC Electronics Laboratory..... EM-8656 Electronic Components -AC/DC Electricity..... EM-8668

Circuit Experiment

With this board and the included components,

variety of basic circuits, from resistors in series

and parallel to a simple

students can build a

Board

amplifier.

Low Voltage

Two D batteries provide

(batteries not included).

all the power needed

# **Basic Electricity**

EM-8622

- ▶ Durable, easy-to-use kits
- Explore basic electronics
- ▶ Complete lab manual

These simple kits provide a strong foundation for future studies in electronics. They take students from the basics of Ohm's Law through simple series and parallel circuit analysis, and into some elementary aspects of electronics where they will build circuits using capacitors, transistors, and diodes. One kit per two students is recommended, giving each student his or her own circuit board.

#### **Includes**

# Two Circuit Boards with the following features:

Battery holders: (2)
Resistor: (1) 3.3 Ω, 2 W

• Light sockets: (3) with 3 bulbs (#14)

• Potentiometer: (1) 25 Ω, 2 W

Spring connectors: (32)Transistor socket: (1)

• Storage tube for holding components (components stay with the kit longer)

#### **Components Package containing:**

• Resistors: (23) (10  $\Omega$  - 220 k $\Omega$ , 5%, 1/2 W)

• Capacitors: (4) (100 μf, 330 μf)

Diodes: (2)Transistors: (2)Wire leads: 22 gauge



# With Teacher's Guide and Sample Data.

- 1. Getting Acquainted
- 2. Series vs. Parallel Circuits
- 3. Ohm's Law
- 4. Resistances in Circuits
- 5. Voltages in Circuits
- 6. Currents in Circuits
- 7. Kirchhoff's Rules (nodes and loops)
- 8. Capacitors in Circuits
- 9. Diodes
- 10. Transistors



To see the experiments, type the product number into the search box at www.pasco.com and download the manual.

# Order Information

Basic Electricity Laboratory

(2 boards) ..... EM-8622 Required:

"D" Cell Batteries

Basic Digital

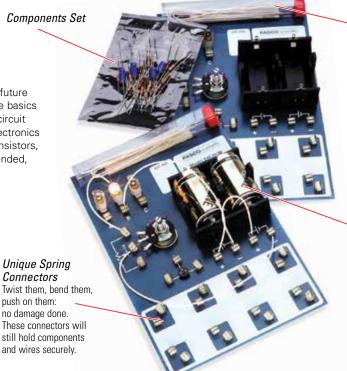
Multimeters (2) ...... SE-9786A p. 241

Replacement Supplies:

Light Bulbs (#14, 25 pack)..... EM-8627

Electronic Components –

Basic Electricity Lab..... EM-8663



# Innovative physics textbooks and PASCO physics products

Matter & Interactions is a two-volume textbook and curriculum by Ruth Chabay and Bruce Sherwood, published by Wiley & Sons. It is intended for science and engineering students taking calculus-based introductory university physics. For more information on purchasing these textbooks, visit www.wiley.com.

# **Electric and Magnetic Interactions**

Electric and Magnetic Interactions (Vol. 2 of 2) continues the emphasis on atomic-level descriptions and analysis and modeling physical systems. Electrostatics and circuit phenomena are treated as one integrated subject. The Desktop Electricity Kit allows students to carry out just-intime desktop experiments on electrostatics, magnetism, and circuits.



# Desktop Electricity Kit EM-8675



When used in tandem with the *Electric and Magnetic Interactions* textbook, this kit gives students the conceptual tools to further their understanding of electric and magnetic interactions. While its components look simple, they provide hands-on opportunities for students to build powerful conceptual models.

# Desktop experiment kit includes

- Capacitor 1F, 2.5 V
- Resistor 47 Ω, 0.5 W
- Resistor 100 Ω, 0.5 W
- Lamp Holder T3-1/4 (qty 2)
- #48 Miniature Lamp 2.0 V, 0.6 A (gty 2)
- Incandescent Lamp 2.5 V, 0.3 A (qty 2)
- Battery Holder
- Alkaline Battery D-cell (qty 2)
- Bar Magnet (0.375" x 1")
- Compass, Liquid Filled
- Wire-Red 22AWG (6 ft)
- Alligator Clip Leads (12") (qty 7)
- Nichrome Wire #26 (18")
- Nichrome Wire #30 (18")

#### Order Information

Desktop Electricity Kit..... EM-8675

# **CASTLE "2005" Curriculum**

Capacitor-aided system for teaching and learning electricity

- ▶ Complete electricity curriculum
- Redesigned sections to facilitate beginning CASTLE curriculum in grade 8 or 9

# **CASTLE Kit**

(for 2 students) EM-8624A

# **Economy CASTLE Kit**

(for 8 students) EM-8654

# The CASTLE<sup>™</sup> Approach

CASTLE is a high school electricity curriculum that leads students from initial naive ideas to an increasingly expert understanding of electrical phenomena. A sequence of self-guided experiments uses large capacitors and transient bulb lighting to help students confront misconceptions, grasp the physics of current propulsion, and build intuitive explanatory models.



# Typical Experiments

#### Core Curriculum investigates

- 1. What is happening in the wires?
- 2. What do the bulbs do to moving charge?
- 3. Where does the moving charge originate?
- 4. What makes charge move in a circuit?
- 5. How do wires distribute electric pressure in a circuit?
- 6. How are values of circuit variables measured?

# Advanced Curriculum investigates

- 7. Does all matter contain charge? What are electrons?
- 8. What is the cause of distant action effects?
- 9. What pushes on tiny charge carriers like electrons?
- 10. How do semiconductors work? What is AC?
- 11. How do motors and generators work?
- 12. How are magnetic and electromagnetic fields produced?



To see the experiments, type the product number into the search box at www.pasco.com and download the manual.

## The Curriculum Guide Download the Manuals FREE.

Download the CASTLE Curriculum Guide for FREE. At www.pasco.com just type CASTLE in the search box and click GO!

The teacher's manual helps teachers put the CASTLE Kits to the best possible use. The student manual has investigations for each stated experiment, plus commentaries to prepare students for labs as well as summary exercises to reinforce the lab experience.

# Carbon Resistors

These impede flow similar to low resistance bulbs, but don't glow and divert attention to role as energy sinks.

## Battery Holder

Securely holds batteries and yet makes them visible so their function within the circuit is evident.

High-Quality Compass
Non-invasive monitoring of
movement in wires enables
students to visualize the
direction of charge flow.

Miniature
Light Bulbs
Different shaped
bulbs have

different resistance values.

Wires with Alligator Clips

These 10 color-differentiated wires make circuit connections quick and easy—no soldering or wire twisting required.

# Screw Sockets and Stands

Stands provide a sturdy support for bulbs and are easy to quickly connect into a circuit.

25,000 μf Capacitor

Provides the foundation for this intuitive introduction to current electricity.

# Auxiliary Equipment for Core Curriculum



The Mini Generator (1) enables students to distinguish charge circulation from energy transfer. The 100,000 µf Capacitor (2) lengthens the time scale of transient bulb lighting.

# The Kits

Each CASTLE Kit includes all the materials needed (except for three D batteries) for two students to work through a complete introduction to basic electricity. Each Economy CASTLE Kit includes all the materials needed (except batteries) for eight students.

#### Materials Included in Each Kit

Component	CASTLE	Economy
	Kit	Kit
25,000 μF capacitor (20 volts, nonpolar)	1	4
#14 light bulbs (round)	4	25
#48 light bulbs (oblong)	6	25
10 Ohm resistor	4	16
Miniature light bulb sockets and stands	4	16
Wires with alligator clips	10	40
Battery holder (spring-loaded)	1	4
High-quality compass	1	4
Storage box	1	0

# Auxiliary Equipment for Advanced Curriculum



Bi-color LEDs detect electric vectors in electromagnetic fields produced in these coils (3) by accelerating charge when current is turned on and turned off.

## Order Information

We recommend the purchase of one EM-8627 and

one EM-8628 spare bulb set for every five CASTLE

Kits, or for every Economy CASTLE Kit.
Light Bulbs (#14, 25 pack)........EM-8627
Light Bulbs (#48, 25 pack)......EM-8628
Light Bulb Sockets (10 pack).....EM-8630
Liquid-Filled Compasses
(5 pack).......EM-8631A
Capacitors (0.025 F, 2 pack)......EM-8632

# **Resistance Apparatus**

EM-8812

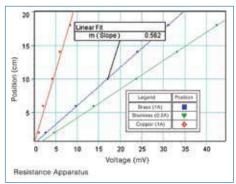
- ▶ Slide-wire potentiometer
- Measure resistance and resistivity
- Four wire diameters, five wire materials

A current is established in a wire of known diameter, and the voltage drop across a section of the wire is measured. Students can calculate the resistance of the wire and the resistivity of the material.

$$R = \frac{\rho L}{A}$$

#### **Features**

- ▶ Vary wire length: Slide-wire potentiometer pick-up makes it easy. Use the built-in scale to measure the length of the wire.
- ▶ Vary wire diameter: Four different diameters of brass wire are included. Investigate the difference between resistance and resistivity. Interchange wires quickly and easily.
- ▶ Vary wire material: Five different material wires are included. Investigate how resistivity depends on the wire material.
- ▶ Storage: Built-in storage tray holds wires.



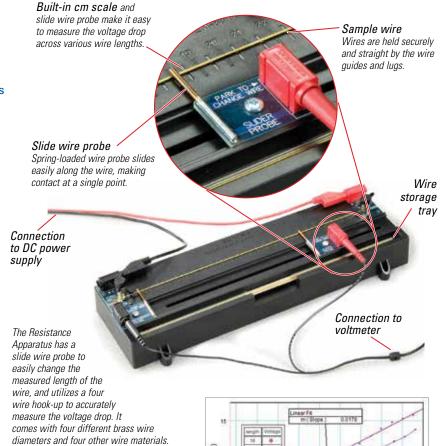
Graph shows voltage drop across various lengths for three different material wires. The slope of the line (along with wire diameter and current) is used to calculate the resistivity of the material.

## Includes

Two each of the following

(30 cm long) wires:
 Copper (1.0 mm diameter)
 Aluminum (1.0 mm diameter)
 Stainless Steel (1.0 mm diameter)
 Nichrome (1.0 mm diameter)
 Brass (0.5 mm, 0.8 mm, 1.0 mm,



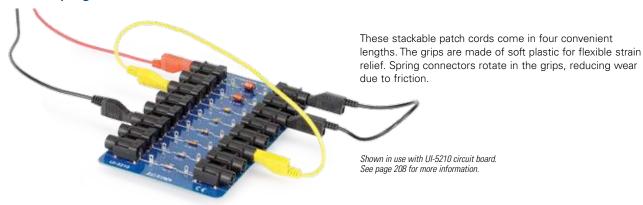


For this experiment, the 850 Universal Interface produces a 10 sec voltage ramp to apply a varying current through a brass wire. A graph of voltage drop vs. current is created, and the slope of this line is the resistance of that length of wire.

Current (mA)

Resistance Apparatus	EM-8812	
Shown in use with:		
850 Universal Interface	UI-5000	p. 12
Voltage Sensor	UI-5100	p. 51
2 m Patch Cord Set	SE-9415A	p. 216
Recommended:		
Galvanometer Sensor	PS-2160	p. 54
Replacement Wires	EM-8813	•

# Banana plug cord sets 30 cm, 75 cm, and 2 m lengths



# 2 Meter Patch Cord Set

SE-9415A

Two each of black and red. 2 m long.



Order Information

2 Meter Patch Cord Set ......SE-9415A

# **Short Patch Cords**

SE-7123

30 cm long, two each red, yellow, blue, black.



Order Information

Short Patch Cords (set of 8)......SE-712

# **Alligator Clip Leads**

EM-8634 (10 pack)

Use these 30 cm long Alligator Clip Leads for almost any application — from hooking up instruments to bread boarding circuits. They come in sets of 10: two each of yellow, white, red, green and black.



## **Order Information**

Alligator Clip Leads (set of 10)..... EM-8634

# Long Patch Cords

SE-9750, SE-9751 75 cm long, available in red or black.



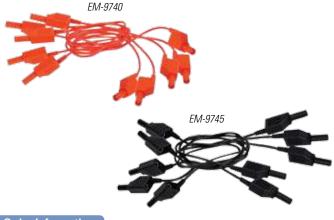
# Order Information

Red (set of 5)S	SE-9750
Black (set of 5)	SE-9751

# Shrouded Long Patch Cords

EM-9740, EM-9745

75 cm long, five black or five red. Terminals are shrouded banana plugs. Maximum rating: 600 VDC, 10 Amps.



Red (set of 5)	.EM-9740
Black (set of 5)	.EM-9745

# **Alligator Clip Adapters**

SE-9756 (10 pack)

Convert banana plugs into alligator clips with this set of 10 adapters. The 4 mm banana plug clips are bright tin-plated steel.

Includes five red and five black.



# Order Information

Alligator Clip Adapters (set of 10)......SE-9756

**Shrouded Alligator Clip Adapters** 

SE-9758 (10 pack)

For use with both regular and shrouded banana pluas.

Includes five red and five black adapters.



# Order Information

Shrouded Alligator Clip Adapters (set of 10)......SE-9758

# **Shrouded Alligator Test Leads**

PS-3544 (Set of 2)

These test leads are included with the Wireless Voltage Sensor (PS-3211). They can also be used with the Wireless Current Sensor (PS-3212).

Includes one red and one black lead.

# **Order Information**

**Shrouded Alligator Test Leads** (set of 2)......PS-3544

# **Resistors and Capacitors**

Resistor Pack (10 ea.) EM-8784 10  $\Omega$ . 100  $\Omega$ . 330  $\Omega$ . 560  $\Omega$ . 1000 Ω, 3300 Ω, 10 kΩ, 22 kΩ, 100 k $\Omega$ , 220 k $\Omega$ , 330 k $\Omega$ .

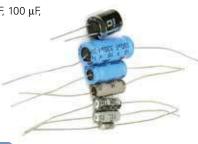
Resistors



Capacitor Pack (10 ea.) EM-8785

 $1 \mu F$ ,  $10 \mu F$ ,  $47 \mu F$ ,  $100 \mu F$ , 330  $\mu$ F, 470  $\mu$ F.

Capacitors



## **Order Information**

Resistor Pack.....EM-8784 Capacitor Pack.....EM-8785

# **Capacitors**

EM-8655 (0.1 F) EM-8632 (0.025 F) SE-8626 (1.0 F)





(0.1 F) Electrolytic, bipolar, 10 Volt capacitor with screw terminals, 4.5 cm diameter, 14 cm long.

0.025 F

## EM-8632:

(0.025 F) Electrolytic, bipolar, 25 Volt capacitor with screw terminals, 5 cm diameter, 8 cm long. Contains two capacitors.

#### SE-8626:

(1.0 F) Electrolytic, bipolar, 5 Volt capacitor.

# Order Information

Capacitors 0.1 F......EM-8655 0.025 F (2 pack) ..... EM-8632 1.0 F......SE-8626

# **Circuit Components**

Use these stand-alone components to build your own circuits.



Investigate series and parallel combinations of bulbs and batteries using components detailed below.

# Series/Parallel Battery Holder

SE-8799 (10 pack)

This unique battery holder allows "D" cell batteries to be easily connected in both series and parallel. Metal extensions on both sides of the holder are also convenient for use with alligator clips.





## Order Information

Series/Parallel Battery Holder
(10 pack) ......SE-8799

Recommended:
Light Bulbs (#14, 25 pack) .....EM-8627
Light Bulb Sockets (10 pack) .....EM-8630
Alligator Clip Leads (set of 10) ....EM-8634

# **Light Bulb Sockets**

EM-8630

Miniature socket has a plastic base with spring-loaded metal clips to hold wire leads. Accepts screw-type miniature bulbs. Includes ten sockets.



# Order Information

Light Sockets (10 pack)..... EM-8630

# **Light Bulbs**

EM-8627: 2.5 V, 0.3 A bulbs (25 bulbs.) EM-8628: 2.0 V, 0.06 A bulbs. (25 bulbs.) EM-8814: 7.5 V, 0.22 A bulbs. (25 bulbs.)

Screw-type base, suitable for use with EM-8630 Sockets.



## Order Information

2.5 V, 0.3 A (25 pack #14)...... EM-8627 2.0 V, 0.6 A (25 pack #48)..... EM-8628 7.5 V, 0.22 A (25 pack #50).... EM-8814

# **Switch Set**

EM-8815 (6 pack)

This single-pole single-throwknife switch has screw terminals and a Bakelite<sup>™</sup> base. Through-holes allow for mounting base to another surface.



Order Information

Switch Set (SPST) 6 pack......EM-8815

# **Alligator Clip Leads**

EM-8634 (10 pack)

Use these 30 cm long Alligator Clip Leads for almost any application — from hooking up instruments to bread boarding circuits. They come in sets of 10: two each of yellow, white, red, green and black.



## **Order Information**

Alligator Clip Leads (set of 10)......EM-8634

# **Fuel Cell Tutorial Set**

SE-8837A

This complete fuel cell tutorial kit includes everything needed to study the operation of fuel cells. Students cover the metal base-plate with templates from the tutorial book. These act as guides to which students attach the magnetically mounted components.

Solar cells, fuel cells, gas storage tanks, and a fan can be combined for numerous experiments such as solar car, hydrogen production in a solar hydrogen gas station, air-breathing fuel cell car, solar hydrogen system, and reversible fuel cell system. A detailed textbook, *Fuel Cell Technology for Classroom Instruction* with exercises is included.



## **Specifications**

## **Electrolyzer Cell 5:**

5 cm3/min H<sub>2</sub>; 2.5 cm3/min O<sub>2</sub>; 1.16 W

Reversible Fuel Cell H<sub>2</sub>/O<sub>2</sub>/Air

**H<sub>2</sub>/O<sub>2</sub> mode:** 500 mW **H<sub>2</sub>/Air mode:** 150 mW

**Gas storage:** 30 cm<sup>3</sup> H<sub>2</sub>; 30 cm<sup>3</sup> O<sub>2</sub>

Solar Module: 2.0 V / 600 mA; 13 cm x 9 cm

Load (fan): 10 mW Load (car): 150 mW Cable Length: 250 mm

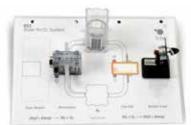
**H x W x D:** 140 x 450 x 380 mm

Weight: 3.5 kg



## **Fuel Cell Tutorial Set Includes**

- Reversible Fuel Cell H<sub>2</sub>/O<sub>2</sub>/Air: for production of hydrogen and oxygen and conversion of hydrogen to electricity
- PEM Electrolyzer Cell 5: for hydrogen and oxygen production
- Two Hydrogen/Oxygen Storage Tanks
- Solar Cell
- · Fan: to use as an electrical load
- Car: to use as an electrical load
- Experimentation Plate with Templates
- Connector Cables and Tubing
- 250 ml Distilled Water
- Fuel Cell Technology Textbook
- Carrying Case



Template: This template for the Solar Hydrogen Setup shows students how to connect the components. The components mount magnetically to the steel backing plate.



Solar Hydrogen Car Setup: The car can also be powered directly by the solar cell outside in full sunlight.



Solar Hydrogen Setup: Uses solar energy to power the electrolyzer that separates the hydrogen from the oxygen in the water. Then the hydrogen and oxygen are used in the fuel cell to run electricity through the fan.



Hydrogen Gas Station and Fuel Cell Car H<sub>2</sub>/Air Setup: Students can construct this hydrogen gas station to fill the tanks on the fuel cell car.

# Order Information

Fuel Cell Tutorial Set...... SE-8837A

Power solar cell with sunlight or lamp.

# **Energy Transfer Generator**

ET-8771B

- Transfers gravitational potential energy to electrical energy
- Open design: 19 mm neodymium magnet can be seen spinning between the two coils
- Real-time computer measurement of output power

PASCO's Energy Transfer Generator demonstrates the conversion of gravitational potential energy into electrical energy as a falling weight turns a magnet between two coils. The open design permits easy identification of the essential parts of the generator. The supplied lamp or load resistor can be plugged into the output banana jacks. A Voltage/Current Sensor can be used to measure the generated current, voltage, and power.

By wrapping the string around different-sized steps on the three-step pulley, the generator will spin at different speeds. The smaller the pulley radius, the slower the weight falls and the greater percentage of the potential energy is converted to electrical energy.

The AC power generated by spinning the shaft by hand easily lights the included red-green LED. The LED goes from red to green, indicating the direction of the current.

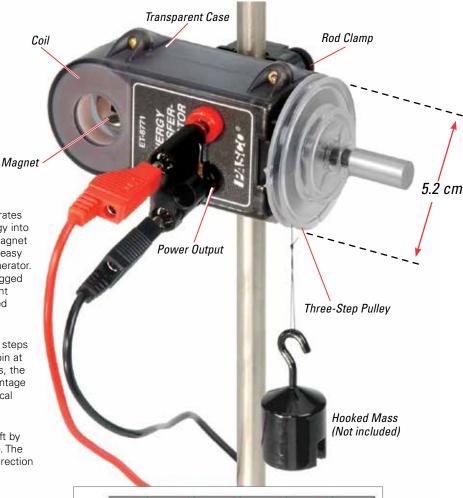
The built-in rod clamp is used to mount the generator on a rod stand.

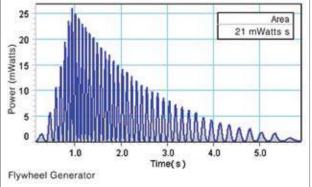
Case Dimensions:  $8.7 \times 4.4 \times 3.6$  cm



## **Includes**

- Generator with three-step pulley
- Red-Green LED mounted on plug
- 100-ohm load resistor mounted on plug
- Spool of thread





Order information		
Energy Transfer Generator	ET-8771B	
Recommended:		
2 Meter Patch Cord Set	SE-9415A	p. 216
Hydro Accessory	ET-8772	p. 221
Hooked Mass Set	SE-8759	p. 187
Large Rod Base	ME-8735	p. 176
Steel Rod (90 cm)	ME-8738	p. 176
No Bounce Pad	SE-7347	p. 184
Required for use with PASPORT:		
Voltage/Current Sensor	PS-2115	p. 53

# **Energy Transfer Hydro Accessory**

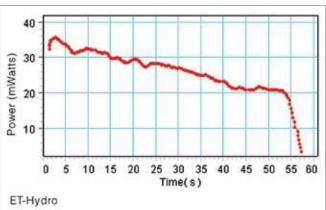
ET-8772

- ▶ Demonstrates hydroelectric power generation
- Open design gives view of spinning turbine and water stream
- Falling water lights an LED

The Hydro Accessory is used with the Energy Transfer Generator to demonstrate how falling water generates electricity. The gravitational potential energy of the water is converted into electrical energy as the falling water turns the turbine. The water can be supplied using the optional Water Reservoir. The water that has passed through the turbine is caught in a beaker and measured to determine the total mass that has fallen.

The water nozzle size and angle can be adjusted to optimize performance. By changing the height of the Water Reservoir, different efficiencies are achieved.









## Includes

- Turbine housing
- Plastic turbine (4 cm diameter)
- Water nozzles (5)
- Tubing (2 m long)
- Plastic hose clamp
- Screwdriver for attaching Hydro Accessory to Generator

# **Energy Transfer Wind Turbine**

ET-8783



Attach this clear propeller to the Energy Transfer Generator for a complete wind energy turbine. Students will better understand the process of electrical energy production from wind after using the turbine.



#### **Includes**

- Fan
- Mounting hardware



# Order Information

Energy Transfer Wind Turbine	ET-8783
Required:	
Energy Transfer Generator	ET-8771B

# **Mini Generator**

SE-8645



The Mini Generator produces up to 6 volts DC for basic experiments in electricity, electromagnetism, and electrolysis. It replaces the usual power supply with a device that students can see, operate, and understand.

## Order Information

Mini Generator	SE-8645
Recommended:	
Capacitor (1 Farad) (see below)	SE-8626
Light Bulb Sockets (10 pack)	EM-8630
Light Bulbs #50	
7.5 V (25 pack)	EM-8814

# **Capacitor (1 Farad)**

SE-8626 (1.0 F)



Electrolytic, bipolar, 5 1.0 F capacitor. Charge up this capacitor with the Mini Generator and then let go of the crank and the handle will continue to rotate in the same direction as the capacitor discharges.

# Order Information

# **Ring Launcher**

EM-8817

- ▶ Electromagnetic induction
- ▶ Shoots ring 2 meters high
- Improved design with thermal shutoff

This Ring Launcher has been optimized to maximize safety by enclosing all wiring inside the case. A thermal shutoff switch protects the coil by preventing overheating.

Includes a coil with a bulb that lights by induction when the coil is placed over the launcher core. Also includes five rings: one split aluminum ring that will not launch, one copper ring, one shorter aluminum ring, and two regular length aluminum rings.

#### A classic demonstration

In this demo, an aluminum ring is propelled straight up by the Lorentz force that arises from the interaction between the alternating magnetic field of the coil and the current induced in the ring.

For great demo ideas using the PASCO Ring Launcher, check out James Lincoln's AAPT video. James explains how the ring launcher works and walks you through all the classic demonstrations.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G0sTOcyhcFM





Ring Launcher design ideas contributed by Carl Schneider & John Ertel from the U.S. Naval Academy.



Overheat Light

#### EM-8817 includes

- Launcher
- Coil with Light Bulb
- Split Aluminum Ring
- Aluminum Ring (2)
- Short Aluminum Ring





Lighting a bulb connected to a coil by induction; coil and bulb are included in Ring Launcher Accessories.

Ring Launcher with Accessories (120 VAC only)	EM-8817
Also available:	
Ring Launcher without Accessories	EM-8661
Replacement:	
Ring Launcher Accessories	EM-8662

# **Magnetic Demonstration System**

EM-8644B

#### **Demonstrate:**

- Magnetic damping
- Diamagnetism and paramagnetism
- Magnetic force on a current-carrying wire swing

This all-in-one demonstration system includes the Variable Gap Magnet (EM-8618) and the Magnetic Force Accessory (EM-8642A), both found on the opposite page.





# Demonstrate Force on a Current-Carrying Wire

Pass a current through the wire swing (power supply not included) to investigate the right-hand rule for magnetic forces.



- Variable Gap Magnet
- Pole Pieces
- Three aluminum paddles (solid, slotted, closed slotted)
- Glass rod
- Aluminum rod
- Wire swing
- Special mounting rod

# **Demonstrate Diamagnetism and Paramagnetism**

The diamagnetic glass rod (figure a) aligns transverse to the field; the paramagnetic aluminum rod (figure b) aligns with the field.





Magnetic Demonstration System(Includes EM-8618 and EM-8642A)	. EM-8644B	
Required:		
Power Supply (18 V DC, 5A)	. SE-9720A	p. 232
or		
Mini-Generator	. SE-8645	p. 224
Base and Support Rod	. ME-9355	p. 177
Shown in use with:		
2 Meter Patch Cord Set	. SE-9415A	p. 216

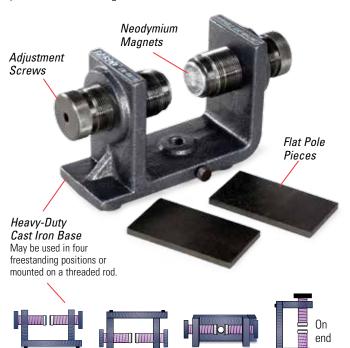
# **Variable Gap Magnet**

EM-8618

- Lower cost
- ▶ Larger magnets (1 inch diameter)
- ▶ Greater field (1 Tesla maximum)
- ▶ Great for induction experiments

The redesigned Variable Gap Magnet is rugged and durable while providing excellent results as a demonstration tool. The two one inch (2.54 cm) diameter neodymium magnets are mounted on a heavy-duty cast iron base that has a threaded hole for mounting on a support rod to provide even more versatility.

The gap may be varied from 0.5 cm to 8.9 cm using the adjustment screws. Two flat pole pieces are also included to provide a uniform magnetic field when needed.



On side

# Order Information

Upright

Variable Gap Magnet ...... EM-8618 (Includes Variable Gap Magnet with Pole Pieces)

Upside-down

# **Magnetic Force Accessory**

EM-8642A

## Includes

- Three aluminum paddles (solid, slotted, closed slotted)
- Glass rod
- Aluminum rod
- Wire swing
- Special mounting rod



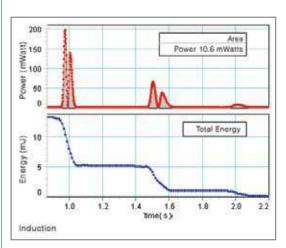
Magnetic Force Accessory.....EM-8642A

# **Induction Wand**

FM-8099

The Induction Wand is a rigid pendulum with a coil at the bottom end, connected to the banana terminals at the other end. A through-hole allows the pendulum to be connected to a Rotary Motion Sensor, for detailed investigations of induction as the coil is swung through a magnetic field.





The energy of the pendulum decreases with each pass of the coil through the magnet. The energy dissipated in the resistor is obtained from the area under a power versus time plot.

#### **Includes**

- Wand with screw
- Resistive load



# Order Information

Induction Wand.....EM-8099

# Coils and Cores

# **Basic Coil Set**



These high-quality coils and laminated iron cores provide an effective introduction to electromagnetic theory. Purchase them individually or as a complete set. The coils are color-coded and each coil is labeled with the number of turns and the direction of the winding. Use them to investigate:

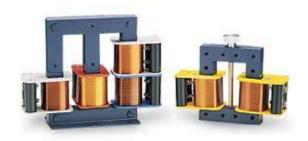
Electromagnetism: Show how the magnetic field can be increased by increasing the current, by adding an iron core, or by using a coil with more turns.

Induction: Pass a magnet through a coil and detect the resulting electromotive force (EMF) with a galvanometer. Show how the EMF depends on the number of turns in the coil and on the relative velocity of the magnet and coil.

Transformers: Mount coils onto the U- or E-shaped iron cores to demonstrate mutual inductance and transformer theory. Then connect a load to investigate power transfer. Investigate basic transformer theory with an AC power supply and a voltmeter. Advanced principles require a high power output function generator (Model PI-9587C or PI-9598) and an oscilloscope. For better experiments and demonstrations, use a computer with PASCO's 850 Universal Interface (p. 11).

# **Complete Coil Set**

SF-8617



Using the signal generator capability of the 850 Universal Interface and oscilloscope display of PASCO Capstone™ Software, students can investigate transformer theory.

Basic Coil Set SF-8616	Complete Coil Set SF-8617	Model	Individual Parts Description
1	1	SF-8609	Coil (200 turn)
2	2	SF-8610	Coil (400 turn)
1	1	SF-8611	Coil (800 turn)
-	1	SF-8612	Coil (1600 turn)
-	1	SF-8613	Coil (3200 turn)

# Order Information

Basic Coil Set	.SF-8616
Complete Coil Set	.SF-8617
Individual parts sold separately (see chart above).	

# **Primary and Secondary Coils**



Transformer theory can be studied with this set of nested coils consisting of an outside coil (length = 11 cm) having 2920 turns, an inner coil (length = 12 cm) having 235 turns, and a removable 0.96 cm diameter soft iron core. The outer coil is large enough (inner diameter = 2 cm) to drop a bar magnet (SE-8604, page 236) through to demonstrate induction.

#### Order Information

Primary and Secondary Coils ...... SE-8653A

# Air Core Solenoid

SE-7585

This air core solenoid has an inner diameter of 5.5 cm and a length of 13.5 cm, allowing ample room to insert an experimental apparatus into its uniform magnetic field. The maximum current of 5 A produces a 200 gauss magnetic field.



# **Specifications**

**Total Number of Turns:** 550-570

Wire Gauge: 16

**Capacity:** 5 A continuous **Core Inner Diameter:** 5.5 cm

#### Order Information

Air Core Solenoid......SE-7585

# **Field and Detector Coils**



A 5 volt triangle wave (red trace) is applied to the Field Coil, and the induced voltage in the 2000-turn Detector Coil is a square wave (green trace). Faraday's Law

1. EM-6711 Field Coil: 200 turns of #22 copper wire, 18.6 cm ID, 22.1 cm OD. Max. current 2 A.

- 2. EM-6723 500 turns of #22 copper wire. Max current 2 A.
- 3. EM-6712 Detector Coil (400 turn): 400 turns of #28 copper wire.
- 4. EM-6713 Detector Coil (2000 turn): 2000 turns of #36 copper wire.
- 5. EM-6714 Bi-color LED Indicator.

#### **Features**

- ▶ Verify Faraday's Law: Verify all aspects of Faraday's Law.
- ▶ Qualitative Demonstration: With the Bi-Color LED Indicator and the Variable Gap Magnet, students can see when a current is induced in the detector coil. With the LED indicator plugged into a detector coil, the LED flashes red or green as the detector coil passes through the magnet.
- Duantitative Demonstration: PASCO's coils can be used with a function generator and an oscilloscope, or connected to the 850 Universal Interface.

Developed for Workshop Physics® activities



For details of experiments using these coils, see Christopher C. Jones, "Faraday's Law Apparatus for the Freshman Laboratory". Am. J. Phys. 1987; 55(12):1148-1150.

# **Order Information**

Field Coil (200-turn)	EM-6711	
Field Coil (500-turn)	EM-6723	
Detector Coil (400-turn)	EM-6712	
Detector Coil (2000-turn)	EM-6713	
LED Indicator	EM-6714	
Recommended:		
Variable Gap Magnet	EM-8618	p. 225
850 Universal Interface		p. 12
or		
Low Voltage AC/DC Power Supply	SF-9584B	p. 235
and: Function Generator	PI-8127	p. 238

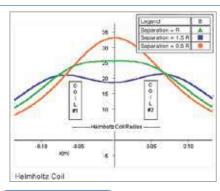
# **Helmholtz Coils**

EM-6722 with 200-turn Coils EM-6724 with 500-turn Coils

on the base. Two 0.635 cm

The Helmholtz Coils consist of two coils mounted on a base to provide a uniform magnetic field between the coils. The base has a slot that allows the coils to be spaced apart at any distance from 3 cm to 20 cm (center-to-center distance). The proper separation for Helmholtz coils (e.g., the radius of the coils) is marked

(0.25 inch) diameter holes between the coils accommodate mounting devices in the uniform magnetic field.



This plot shows the magnetic field strength along the axis of Helmholtz coils for three different coil separations: the green data is the magnetic field with the coils separated at the proper distance (the radius of the coils).

Helmholtz Coils (200-turn Coils)	EM-6722
Helmholtz Coils (500-turn Coils)	EM-6724
Helmholtz Coil Base (Without Coils)	EM-6715

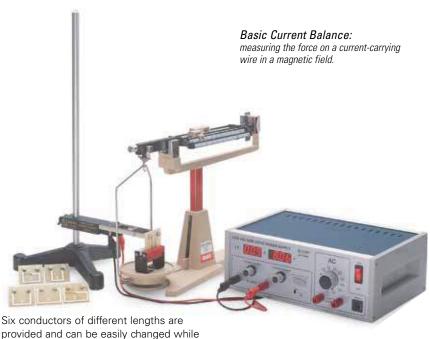
# Force on Current Carrying Wires

# **Basic Current Balance**

SF-8607

- Measure force vs. current, wire length, magnetic field, and angle
- Use a gram balance to measure force

One to six magnets are mounted on an iron yoke, which is placed on a gram balance. A conductor is suspended between the magnets. The weight of the magnets and yoke is measured, then a current (0-5 A) is passed through the conductor. The change in the reading of the balance (0-4 grams) measures the force between the conductor and the magnetic field.



# Includes

- Iron Yoke (holds magnets)
- Removable Magnets (six)
- Six Conductors (1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8 cm in length)
- Mount (for holding/positioning conductors)

maintaining a repeatable position with respect to the magnetic field.

# Order Information

Basic Current Balance	. SF-8607	
Required:		
Ohaus Balance	SE-8725	p. 186
Power Supply	SF-9584B	p. 235
Base and Support Rod	ME-9355	p. 177
Recommended:		•
Basic Digital Multimeter	SE-9786A	p. 241
Tesla Meter	SF-7579	p. 230
Shown in use with:		•
2 Meter Patch Cord Set	SE-9415A	p. 216
		•

# The Current Balance Accessory Kit

SF-8608

The Current Balance Accessory Kit completes the Basic Current Balance, allowing the angle between the conductor and the magnetic field to be varied. The experiment is the same as with the Basic Current Balance, but a 10-turn rectangular coil is used. The coil can be turned through a full 180°, and a built-in degree scale lets students accurately measure the angle between the coil and the field of the fixed magnet.





## **Includes**

- Fixed Magnet with Yoke
- 10-turn Rectangular Coil

# Order Information

Current Balance
Accessory Kit ......SF-8608



Drop a mass through the 1.5 meter tube. It takes about half a second to drop. Then drop a magnet with an identical mass. It takes over 10 times as long to fall. As the magnet falls, it generates a current in the tube, moving in one direction above the magnet and in the opposite direction below. Both currents obey Lenz's Law and induce magnetic fields that oppose the magnet's motion. Both currents obey Lenz's Law and induce magnetic fields that oppose the magnet's motion. See the difference in weight as the magnet falls through the tube.

## MG-8600 includes:

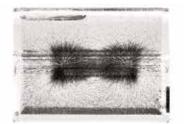
- Lenz's Law Magnet
- Unmagnetized Slug
- 1.5 m Aluminum Tube (2 cm ID, 0.28 cm wall)
- 10-turn Rectangular Coil
- Attachment Bracket for Spring Scale
- Ohaus Spring Scale 10N

## Order Information

Lenz's Law Demonstrator.....MG-8600

# 3-D Magnetic Field Demonstrator

SE-8603



(Magnet not included)

With this 3-D Magnetic Field Demonstrator, the iron filings are suspended in oil in a sealed acrylic container. Insert a magnet into the 10 mm opening, or two magnets with opposing polarities, and watch the filings line up. View the demonstration directly or with an overhead projector.

# Order Information

Dip Needle

SF-8619



This rotatable compass has durable and almost frictionless bearings. Use it horizontally as a standard compass or vertically to find the dip angle of the Earth's magnetic field. Instruction sheet included.

## Order Information

Dip Needle ...... SF-8619

Magnaprobe

SF-7390



The Magnaprobe is a great way to demonstrate the 3-D nature of magnetic fields. The probe features a gimbal-mounted Alnico magnet, which is free to move in the x, y, and z dimensions. Suggested activities are included with each probe. Magnaprobe is 12 cm long.



## **Order Information**

Magnaprobe (1 each).....SE-7390

# **Plotting Compass**

SE-8680



(Appearance may vary)

Includes 20 compasses (19 mm diameter).



## **Order Information**

**Plotting Compass** (20 pack) ...... SE-8680

# **Liquid Filled Compasses** (5 pack)

EM-8631A



2.5 cm long needle has north end marked in black. This compass is perfect for investigating the magnetic fields around straight wires. 4.5 cm diameter liquid filled plastic case. Contains five compasses.

# Order Information

Liquid Filled Compasses (5 pack) ..... EM-8631A

Replacement part for CASTLE Kits (EM-8624A and EM-8654).

# **Tesla Meter**

SF-7579

- ▶ 0-2 Tesla range
- ▶ Range autoscaling



A 6-12 Volt DC power supply is required to use the Tesla Meter.

#### **Includes**

- Tesla Meter with Digital Display
- Probe (80 mm x 8 mm x 2 mm)
- Power Adapter: 110V AC to 9V DC, 200 mA

# **Specifications**

**Resolution:** 0.1 mT (0 – 200 mT)

1 mT (200 mT - 2T)

Accuracy: ±5% of measurement

# Order Information

Tesla Meter..... SF-7579

# **Neodymium Magnets**

Neodymium magnets are some of the strongest commercial magnets available. They come either bare or with a protective coating to prevent the brittle metal from chipping. Plastic case included.

# **WARNING**

This product contains small magnet Swallowed magnets can stick together across intestines causing serious infections and death. Seek immediate medical attention if magnet(s) are swallowed or inhaled

## Without Hole EM-8648B

13 mm dia. x 5 mm



# Order Information

Neodymium Magnets (16) (without hole).....EM-8648B

# **Bar Magnets**

SE-8604 (2 pack)

These cylindrical magnets (10 x 50 mm) are small, strong, and color-coded for polarity. Plastic case and keeper plates included.



## Order Information

Bar Magnets (2 pack) ...... SE-8604

# **Alnico Bar Magnets**

EM-8620 (2 pack)



These magnets (150 x 13 mm) are stronger and last longer than iron magnets. They fit a St. Louis motor and the north poles are notched. Case included.

# **Order Information**

Alnico Bar Magnets

(2 pack) ..... EM-8620

Display Selection

Current, voltage, cycle time. Green LED indicates which

measurement has been

# **DC Programmable Power Supply**

PI-9880

- ▶ 1 amp at 18 VDC
- Digital display
- Ramp or step positive voltage up or down

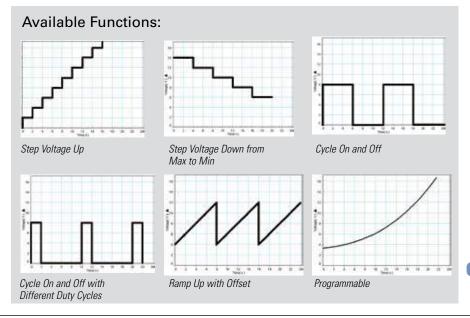
Provides a current of 1 A at 18 V, with a resolution of 0.01 V and typical ripple of 10 mV. This DC power supply has added features to cycle the voltage on and off, to ramp the voltage up or down between the maximum and minimum set, and to change the voltage in steps. A positive offset can be introduced so the ramp can start at a voltage other than zero. Minimum period is 0.1 sec (10 Hz) and the maximum period is 999 seconds.

The digital display has four digits (0.76 cm high) and can display voltage, current, or time. The time is displayed to set the period, duration, or duty cycle.

There are both coarse and fine adjustment knobs. As a safety factor, a maximum current and a maximum voltage can be set to protect your students' external circuits. The output is voltage-regulated but not current regulated.

The power supply is connected to AC power using a universal power adapter.





#### **Includes**

- DC Power Supply
- Universal Power Adapter



# Order Information

DC Programmable
Power Supply ......PI-9880

# Power Supply (18 VDC, 5 A)

SE-9720A

- ▶ 0-18 VDC at 0-5 A
- Serial and parallel operation



This power supply has a remote control connector and switch on the rear panel, so units can be connected in series or parallel with each other to provide higher voltage, higher current, and higher power output.

## **Specifications**

Digital Meters: Voltage and current; LED

## **Constant Voltage Mode:**

• Output Voltage: continuously variable, coarse and fine control

Line Regulation: ≤0.01% ±3 mV
Load Regulation: ≤0.01% +3 mV
Ripple and Noise: ≤0.5 mV rms

## **Constant Current Mode:**

• Output Current: continuously variable, coarse and fine control

Line Regulation: ≤0.02% ±3 mA
Load Regulation: ≤0.02% ±3 mA
Ripple and Noise: ≤3 mA rms

**Power Source:** AC 100, 120, 220, 240 V ±10%, 50/60 Hz; Protection – overload and reverse polarity protected

**Dimensions:** 29 x 13 x 15 cm (5.5 kg)

#### **Includes**

- Instruction Manual
- Test Lead

## Order Information

Power Supply (18 Volt DC, 5 A)......SE-9720A

# **Student Power Supply (18 VDC, 3 A)**

SE-8828

- ▶ 0-18 VDC at 0-3 A
- ▶ Constant voltage or current
- ▶ Short-circuit protected
- Current limiting
- ▶ Low noise/ripple



This high quality, compact power supply provides the DC voltage and current levels necessary for most introductory student labs.

## **Specifications**

Digital Meters: Voltage and current; Backlit LCD

## **Constant Voltage Mode:**

• Output Voltage: continuously variable

 $\bullet$  Line Regulation: <0.01% ±3 mV

• Load Regulation: <0.01% ±2 mV

• Ripple and Noise: <0.5 mV rms

## **Constant Current Mode:**

• Output Current: continuously variable

• Line Regulation: <0.2% ±3 mA

• Load Regulation: <0.2% ±3 mA

• Ripple: <3 mA rms

**Power Source:** AC 100, 120, 220, 240 V ±10%, 50/60 Hz; Protection – overload and reverse polarity protected

**Dimensions:** 34 x 26 x 15 cm (11.5 kg)

## Order Information

Student Power Supply (18 Volt)......SE-8828

# **Triple Output Power Supply**

SE-8587

- ▶ 0-30 VDC at 0-3 A
- Fixed 5 V and 12 V outputs
- Digital voltage & current meters
- Overload and short circuit protection
- ▶ Constant voltage or current



This power supply offers adjustable voltage output (0-30 V), adjustable current output (0-3 A), and two independent constant voltage outputs (5 V and 12 V) with easy snap terminals. Digital displays of both current and voltage allow students to easily gather data. Features overload and short-circuit protection.

#### **Specifications**

Digital Meters: Voltage and current; 3 digits; LCD

## Constant Voltage Mode:

Output Voltage: continuously variable
 Line Regulation: ≤0.05% ±10 mV
 Load Regulation: ≤0.05% +10 mV
 Ripple and Noise: ≤0.5 mV rms

## **Constant Current Mode:**

Output Voltage: continuously variable
 Line Regulation: ≤0.05% +10 mA
 Load Regulation: ≤0.05% +10 mA

• Ripple and Noise: ≤3 mA rms

Fixed Output Voltage: 5 V at 0.5 A continuous; 1 A max.

12 V at 0.5 A continuous; 1 A max.

**Power Source:** AC 110/220 VAC, 50/60 Hz **Dimensions:** 29 x 13 x 15 cm (5.5 kg)

# Order Information

Triple Output Power Supply ...... SE-8587

# Power Supply (30 VDC, 6 A)

SF-9721A

- ▶ 0-30 VDC at 0-6 A
- ▶ 0.01% high regulation
- Constant voltage or current



This single output linear DC power supplies is suitable for high-end precision bench top applications. Low load and line regulation for both constant voltage and constant current mode ensure reliable, predictable output. Overload and reverse polarity protection as well as internal selection for dynamic or constant load are standard.

## **Specifications**

 $\textbf{Digital Meters:} \ \textit{Voltage and current: 3 1/2 digits; 0.5" LED display}$ 

## **Constant Voltage Mode:**

- Output Voltage: continuously variable, coarse and fine control
- Line Regulation: ≤0.01% ±5 mV
  Load Regulation: ≤0.01% +5 mV
- Ripple and Noise: ≤1 mV rms 5 Hz ~ 1 MHz

#### **Constant Current Mode:**

- Output Voltage: continuously variable, coarse and fine control
- Line Regulation: ≤0.2% ±3 mA
  Load Regulation: ≤0.2% ±3 mA
- Ripple: ≤3 mA rms

Power Source: AC 100, 120, 220, 240 V

±10%, 50/60 Hz; Protection – overload and reverse polarity protected

**Dimensions:** 34 x 26 x 15 cm (11.5 kg)

#### **Includes**

- Instruction Manual
- Test Lead

## Order Information

Power Supply (30 Volt DC, 6 A)......SE-9721A

# High Voltage Power Supplies

# **High Voltage Power Supply**

SF-9585A

- ▶ 0 to 50 VDC at up to 50 mA
- ▶ 0 to 500 VDC at up to 50 mA
- ▶ 2 to 7 VAC at up to 3 A



A versatile and reliable supply for experiments requiring medium to high voltages at relatively low currents. The 50 and 500 VDC outputs are independently variable, providing up to 50 mA, and the output displays can be switch-selected to read voltage and current in either range. A separate set of output terminals provides 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7 VAC at up to 3 A, a convenient source for electron tube filaments.

Note: The positive terminal of the 50-volt supply is internally connected to the negative terminal of the 500-volt supply.

## **Specifications**

Ripple: Less than 0.1%, ±1 digit line **Regulation:** <1% at 98-130 V (line voltage) Load Regulation: <1% at 0-100% load

**Displays:** Digital readouts 0-50 V, 0-500 V, 0-50 mA (switch-selectable)

Power Source: 115/220 VAC, 50/60 Hz **Dimensions:** 21 x 29 x 11 cm (8 x 12 x 4 in.)

# **Kilovolt Power Supply**

SF-9586B

- ▶ 0 to 6 kVDC
- ▶ 6.3 VAC, 2 A filament source
- Digital readout



This Kilovolt DC Power Supply is used for electron tubes, electrostatics, the Millikan Oil Drop experiment, etc.

The high voltage section is by design "floating" relative to ground. This means that either the black (negative) terminal or the red (positive) terminal may be connected to ground to give a voltage range of 0 to +6 kV, resp. 0 to -6 kV relative to ground.

The output is well regulated and current limited for safety. (The maximum short circuit current is 2 mA).

# **Specifications**

DC - Output Voltage: 0-6 k V stabilized, continuously adjustable

- Short Circuit Current: 2 mA (Max.)
- Ripple and Noise (max.): Less than 1%
- Readout Accuracy: Better than 1% + 1 digit

AC - Output Voltage: 6.3 V • Output Current (max.): 3 A

**Dimensions:** (W x D x H): 312 x 225 x 117 mm

**Order Information** 

High Voltage Power Supply ......SF-9585A

Order Information

Kilovolt Power Supply......SF-9586B

# **AC/DC Power Supply 12V 3A**

SF-9581

- ▶ Combined DC and AC supply at a low price
- Stabilized, continuously adjustable DC: 0 to 12 V
- AC presets: 2, 4, 6 and 12 V
- Currents up to 3 A for both outputs
- Outputs are overload protected



This power supply delivers a stabilized DC voltage, continuously adjustable between 0 and 12 V. Moreover, an AC voltage is supplied, which can be set to 2, 4, 6 or 12 V. The two outputs can simultaneously supply up to 3 A. Both outputs are overload protected. The DC part is protected electronically and resets automatically, while the AC part is provided with a circuit breaker that must be reset manually if it trips.

## **Specifications**

DC Output Voltage: 0-12 V (stabilized), continuously adjustable

Maximum DC Output Current: 3 A

Maximum Ripple: 100 mV

AC Output Voltage: 2, 4, 6, 12 V, stepwise adjustable

Maximum AC Output Current: 3 A Power Consumption: 110 W (Max.)

Fuse: T 1A (slow)

**Dimensions:** (WxDxH): 20.3 x 20.5 x 11.7 cm

# **Low Voltage AC/DC Power Supply**

SF-9584B

- ▶ 0 to 24 VDC at 0 to 10 A
- ▶ 0 to 24 VAC at up to 6 A
- Digital readouts



The low voltage Power Supply has been designed specifically for use in teaching physics, chemistry, and other science subjects. It can provide both direct current (DC) and alternating current (AC). The Power Supply can provide both types of electrical power at the same time, and they can be adjusted independently of one another. Separate digital displays are provided for DC and AC output.

#### **Specifications**

DC - Output Voltage: 0 to 24 V DC

- Current: From 0 to 12 V, 10 A maximum. From 12 to 24 V, linearly decreasing from 10 A to 6 A, dependent on voltage setting
- Meter: Digital display (volts/amps); 1% ±2 LSD; Ripple: <25 mVpp

AC - Output Voltage: 0 to 24 V AC, continuously adjustable

• Current: 0 to 6 A

• Overload Protection Meter: Digital display (volts/amps); 2% ± LSD

Power Source: AC 115/230 VAC, 50/60 Hz

Power Use: 320 W

**Dimensions:** 30 x 23 x 12 cm (12 x 9 x 5 in.)

Order Information

AC/DC Power Supply......SF-9581

Order Information

Low Voltage AC/DC Power Supply ...... SF-9584B

# Power Supplies and a Current Amplifier for Advanced Physics Experiments

The power supplies and instruments on this page are used in various advanced physics experiments involving finding fundamental constants (Photoelectric Effect, Franck-Hertz, and e/m). Since each experiment uses some combination of these, it is possible to purchase one of each to perform all three experiments, one at a time.

Experiment	DC Power Supply I	DC Power Supply II	DC (Constant Current) Supply	DC Current Amplifier
Photoelectric Effect (page 288)	X			Х
Franck-Hertz (page 289)	Х	Х		Х
e/m (page 287)		Х	Х	

# Connect to a 550 or 850 Interface:

These instruments can be used stand-alone by reading the digital displays. However, they have special data collection ports for connecting a 550 or 850 Universal Interface (see pp. 10-11) to record data and analyze it in PASCO Capstone. Each type of voltage and current reading is automatically identified when the power supply is connected to a 550 or 850 analog port with the special cord (included).

# **DC (Constant Voltage) Power Supply I**

SE-6615

- ▶ 0 to 6.3 V DC, 1 A maximum
- ▶ -4.5 to 0 V DC, 10 mA maximum
- ▶ -4.5 to 30 V DC, 10 mA maximum

The (0 to 6.3 V) output is independent of the (-4.5 to 0 V) and (-4.5 to 30V) outputs, which share an output and are selected by pushing a button.



# **Specifications**

Independent floating ground reference

Ripple: <1%

Includes cords to connect to the 550 and 850.

# Order Information

DC (Constant Voltage)

Power Supply I ......SE-6615

# **Tunable DC (Constant Current) Power Supply**

SE-9622

- ▶ 0 to 3.5 A DC, 20 V maximum
- Fixed 6.3 V AC, 1A maximum



This constant current power supply has a digital readout for the current, which can be tuned from 0 to 3.5 A DC. It also has a 6.3 V AC power supply for heating filaments. A High Current Sensor (PS-2193 or CI-6740) can read the current when using this power supply with interfacing experiments. Both DC and AC outputs are available simultaneously on separate floating output terminals.

#### Order Information

Tunable DC (Constant Current)

Power Supply .....

# DC (Constant Voltage) Power Supply II

SE-9644

- ▶ 0 to 12 V DC, 1 A maximum
- ▶ 0 to 100 V DC, 30 mA maximum
- 0 to 200 V DC, 30 mA maximum

The (0 to 12 V) output is independent of the (0 to 100 V) and (0 to 200V) outputs, which share an output and are selected by pushing a button.



# **Specifications**

Independent floating ground reference

Ripple: <1%

Includes cords to connect to the 550 and 850.

connect to the 550

and 850.

# Order Information

DC (Constant Voltage)

Power Supply II......SE-9644

# **DC Current Amplifier**

SF-6621

- Detects Picoamp currents
- ▶ Six ranges from 10-8 A to 10-13 A



#### **Specifications**

Independent floating ground reference

Maximum Voltage Input: 15 V

**Zero drift:** ≤ 0.2% of full range 10-<sup>13</sup>A after 30 min.

## Order Information

DC Current Amplifier ......SE-6621

236

# Power Supplies/Function Generator

# **Tunable DC Power Supply 6A**

SF-9656

- ▶ Used in Zeeman Effect experiment
- ▶ Can be used in the e/m experiment to power the coils
- Maximum current of 6 A

The Tunable DC Power Supply supplies power to the pen-type mercury lamp and the electromagnet (SE-9655) in the Zeeman Effect Apparatus (SE-9654). The output for the mercury lamp is 1500 V AC and the output for the electromagnet is zero to 6 A with a maximum voltage of 36 V DC.



## **Specifications**

**AC Output:** Fixed 1500 V, maximum current 145 mA **DC Output:** Constant current: adjustable from zero to 6 A

Maximum voltage: 36 V

Digital readout

Extra fuse included: 250 V T5A

## Order Information

Tunable DC Power Supply 6A.....SE-9656

# **Wide Range Function Generator**

SB-9549A

This function generator is similar to the Basic Function Generator, but it provides a wider frequency range and greater output voltage.



## **Specifications**

Ranges: 0.2 Hz to 5 MHz in seven ranges, (±1 count)

**Waveforms:** sine (distortion <1% below 100 kHz); square (2% symmetry, 50 nS max rise and fall time); triangle (98% linearity below 100 kHz, 95% above 100 kHZ

**Outputs:** 20 Vp-p no load, 10 V p-p max into 50  $\Omega$  load; continuously variable, 20 dB range with 20 dB step; DC offset:  $\pm 10$  V (no load),  $\pm 5$ 

V (50  $\Omega$  load); TTL/CMOS-compatible pulse

**Sweep:** external voltage-controlled oscillator, 0-10 V signal can produce 100:1 frequency change

**Power Source:** 115/220 VAC, 50/60 Hz **Accessories:** BNC to insulated clips

## Order Information

Wide Range Function Generator ......SB-9549A

# High-Frequency, High-Power Function Generator

SF-9580

- ▶ Wide frequency range: 0.001 Hz to 10 MHz
- ▶ 10 Watts up to 100 kHz to drive speakers
- Sweep mode
- ▶ Step mode



## Simple design

For basic use, you just operate two large buttons: one for frequency, one for amplitude. That's it. If you want to change waveform or to utilise the new step and sweep modes, the display keeps you updated on the status of the generator.

# Unique frequency control

The frequency is set by a speed sensitive button. Turn slowly to set the display's last digit. Turn faster and the response accelerates softly. We have designed this function to work intuitively in practical experiments with common physics equipment.

## Drive speaker and vibrators directly

The built-in 10 W power amplifier drives effortlessly power-consuming equipment such as a vibrator or speaker. The amplifier can deliver more than 1 A for all frequencies between 0.001 Hz and 100 kHz

#### Advanced features

The generator connects to your PC through a standard USB cable. Custom defined waveforms (e.g. created by means of a spreadsheet) can be saved to the generator. Sequences of settings can be programmed for automatic execution.

## **Specifications**

**Bipolar:** Sine, triangle, square; **Positive:** Square pulse, triangle

pulse, ramp up, ramp down

Distortion (sine): < 0.1 % up to 20 kHz; < 1 % otherwise

Frequency Range: 50  $\Omega$  and sync outputs: 0.001 Hz to 10.00 MHz;

Power output: 0.001 Hz to 100.0 kHz

Frequency Stability: Better than 0.005 %

**Amplitude:** 50  $\Omega$  output, no load: 0 to 10 V (20 V p-p for bipolar waveforms); Sync output: 5 V (TTL signal: 0 to 5 V); Power output: 0

to 10 V (20 V p-p for bipolar waveforms)

**Max Current:** 50  $\Omega$  output, short circuit: 200 mA (only briefly); 50  $\Omega$  output, into 50: 100 mA (unlimited); Power output: 1 A (unlimited)

**Power Consumption:** 85 W (max); 21 W (idle) **Dimensions (WxDxH):** 31.2 × 20.5 × 11.7 cm

## Order Information

High-Frequency, High-Power Function Generator ...... SF-9580

# **Function Generator**

# **Function Generator**

PI-8127

- ▶ 0.001 Hz to 150 kHz
- Programmable frequency sweep
- ▶ 10 Volts at 1 amp
- Use for circuits and/or driving speakers
- Use the ramp function to vary the speed of DC motors
- Frequency resolution of 0.001 Hz over entire range



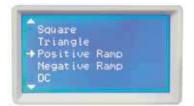
# **Upgradable Firmware**

Download the latest features for your PI-8127: The built-in USB port allows users to access and upgrade firmware whenever the unit is attached to a computer running current versions of PASCO Capstone<sup>™</sup> Software (pp. 6-13).

#### **Features**

The Function Generator outputs sine, square, triangle, positive and negative ramps in addition to DC. It's powerful output, 1 Amp at 10 Volts, makes it useful for driving speakers, string vibrators, and circuits. Set maximum current and voltage outputs for safety. The LCD display is used to show readouts of frequency, voltage amplitude, and rms current.

- ▶ LCD Readout: The LCD displays frequency, voltage, current, waveform, and menus. The backlight has two levels, low and high, selectable using the menu. The low backlight is useful in dark rooms.
- ▶ Frequency/Range Selection: There are two ranges, 0.001 Hz to 100 Hz and 1 Hz to 100 kHz, selected using the range push-button switch (integrated with the frequency knob).
- ▶ Output Standby: Pushing the standby button disables the output without changing settings.
- ▶ Output Current/Voltage Maximum: The maximum current or maximum voltage can be set using the menu. This is useful when the instructor needs to limit the voltage applied to a light bulb.
- ▶ Offset Voltage: Any waveform may be offset with a DC voltage ranging from -10 V to +10 V, provided the peak voltage does not exceed 10 V.
- ▶ Frequency Sweep: Sweep between any two frequencies at a selectable rate.

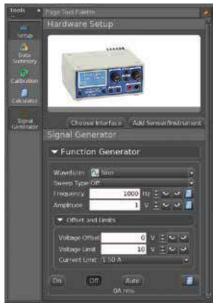


Offset Limit 10.000 1.50A Backlight Sweep

Menu driven selection makes the Function Generator intuitive to use.

LCD displays Frequency Selection frequency, voltage, current and menus. Voltage Adiust/ Menu Item Selection VOLTAGE WAVEFORM EQUENCY OUTPUT 10V@1A **FUNCTION** GENERATOR 12/15/040 ° Standby push-button

Power Button enables/disables output voltage



Use the Function Generator stand alone or connect to a computer via USB cable and control all its functions from PASCO Capstone™. Use it with PASPORT interfaces and sensors.

# **Specifications**

**Buttons** 

Resolution Selection

**Input Power:** 15 V @ 1.6 A. Voltage Output: ±10 V @ 1 A. Frequency Range: DC to 100 kHz. Sine wave retains its form to 150 kHz. Frequency Resolution: 0.001 Hz over

Output Jacks

entire range.

Offset Voltage: ±10 V.

Waveforms: Sine, Triangle, Square, Positive Ramp, Negative Ramp, DC External Voltage Input: ±10 V Maximum

Trigger Output: TTL Compatible; BNC jack on back of unit

Display: LCD Graphics Monochrome Display, 128 x 64, with Two-Level Backlight

Displays: Frequency, Waveform, Voltage, Current, Offset Voltage.

Amplitude Modulation: Modulate the signal of one function generator using another.

# Order Information

Function Generator ...... PI-8127

# **Decade Capacitance Box**

SE-8689



This Decade Capacitance Box supplies five decades of capacitance from 100 pF to 11.111  $\mu$ F in 100 pF steps. Add or subtract capacitance with slide switches. Three color-coded binding posts provide reliable connections.

## **Specifications**

Accuracy: ±5%

Maximum Voltage: 50 VDC

## Order Information

Decade Capacitance Box.....SE-8689

# **Decade Resistance Box**

SE-7124



Resistance is plainly displayed with this six-decade resistance box since a rotary switch selects the resistance within each decade. With 1% accuracy and 1/2 watt resistor, it will accommodate most student experiments.

## **Specifications**

**Resistance**: 0 to 1, 111, 110  $\Omega$  in 1  $\Omega$ 

increments

Accuracy:  $\pm 1.0\% \pm 0.1 \Omega$ 

Power Dissipation: 1/2 Watt resistors

## Order Information

Decade Resistance Box ......SE-7124

# **Heavy-Duty Voltmeter**

SF-9568A



The Voltmeter has three ranges and is switch-selectable to measure AC or DC voltages.

## **Specifications**

**DC Ranges:** 0 to 3 V/15 V/30 V **AC Ranges:** 0 to 3 V/15 V/30 V

Accuracy: ±2%
Sensitivity: 10 kΩ/V

# Order Information

**Heavy-Duty** 

Voltmeter ......SF-9568A

# **Heavy-Duty Ammeter**

SF-9569A



The Ammeter has three ranges and is switch-selectable to measure AC or DC values. All ranges are overload-protected up to 15 amps.

# **Specifications**

**DC Ranges:** 0 to 50 mA/500 mA/5 A **AC Ranges:** 0 to 50 mA/500 mA/5 A

Accuracy:  $\pm 2\%$ Max Volt Drop: 0.23 V

# Order Information

Heavy-Duty

Ammeter ...... SF-9569A

# **Heavy-Duty Galvanometer**

SF-9500A



A "push-to-read" switch protects the galvanometer during hookup by shunting the current through an equivalent resistor.

# **Specifications**

DC Ranges: 50  $\mu$ A/500  $\mu$ A/5 mA

Internal Resistance: 1.5 k $\Omega$ /170  $\Omega$ /17  $\Omega$ 

Accuracy: ±2%

# Order Information

Heavy-Duty

Galvanometer ..... SF-9500A

# Oscilloscope

# **Digital Storage Oscilloscope**

SB-9621A (100 MHz)

- 2-Channel 100 MHz bandwidth
- ▶ 2 M points of memory gives finer detail
- ▶ FFT/FFTrms/Zoom FFT
- ▶ Delay on/off
- ▶ USB Flash storage and data logger
- ▶ Go/NoGo function
- ▶ Print directly to printer
- ▶ PC remote control software



This 2-channel oscilloscope is designed to meet educational demands. With fast waveform process capability, more advanced triggering functions, and light-weight design, this oscilloscope is an excellent replacement for an analog scope.

Via the USB Device port, the user can easily build a remote control program to manipulate the machine, storing data directly into a flash drive for further analysis.

Several acquisition modes and 27 auto measurement functions help the user accurately measure waveform properties.

A total of 15 waveforms can be saved into the internal memory for later recall and display, and two saved reference waveforms plus two live waveforms can be shown on the screen at the same time for comparison.

# Specifications

**Bandwidth:** 100 MHz , 2 Input Channels

Sampling Rate: 1 GSa/s Real-Time and 25 GSa/s Equivalent-Time Record Length: 2 Mega Points Vertical Scale: 2 mV to 10 V Horizontal Range: 1 ns to 50 s Number of Auto Measurements:

Up to 27

Functions: +, -, x, FFT, FFTrms,

Zoom FFT

**Display:** 5.7" Color TFT LCD **Ports:** USB Host and Device Ports

Data Logger



See www.pasco.com for complete specifications.

## Order Information

Digital Storage Oscilloscope 100 MHz ......SB-9621A

# **Precision Digital Multimeter, Component Tester, and Thermometer**

SB-9631B

An excellent general purpose multimeter. Features high-accuracy overload protection on all ranges and a built-in digital thermometer. It can measure capacitance and transistor gain (hFE).



## **Specifications**

**DC Voltage:** 200 mV, 2 V, 20 V, 200 V, 1000 V;  $\pm$  (0.5% + 1 digit) 10 M  $\Omega$  input impedance

**AC Voltage:** 200 mV, 2 V, 20 V, 200 V; ± (1% + 4 digits) 750 V; ± (1.5% + 4 digits)

10 M  $\Omega$  input impedance

**DC Current:** 200 μA, 2 mA, 20 mA, 200 mA;  $\pm$  (1% + 1 digit) **AC Current:** 200 μA, 2 mA, 20 mA, 200 mA;  $\pm$  (1.2% + 4 digits) **Resistance:** 200 Ω;  $\pm$  (1% + 3 digits) 2 kΩ, 20 kΩ, 200 kΩ, 2 MΩ;  $\pm$  (0.8% + 1 digit) 20 M Ω;  $\pm$  (3% + 3 digit)

**Capacitance:** 20 nF, 200 nF, 2  $\mu$ F, 20  $\mu$ F, 200  $\mu$ F;  $\pm$  (3% + 10 digits)

**Temperature:** -4° to 1400°F; -4°F to 900°F; ±2.0% reading + 4°F; 900°F to 1,400°F;

±3.0% reading + 4°F

**Additional Functions:** Diode test, transistor hFE, audible continuity test, fold-out stand **Display:** 3-1/2 digit LCD display, 17 mm high digits, polarity indication, low battery

**Drop Resistant** 

indication

 $\textbf{Power:}\ 200\text{-hour life on 9 V alkaline (battery included).}\ \textbf{Test leads, temperature probe}$ 

and battery are included.

# Order Information

**Precision Digital** 

Multimeter...... SB-9631B

Replacement Supplies:

Thermocouple Probe...... SB-9632

# **Digital LCR Meter**

SE-8792



Measure inductance, capacitance, and resistance. Test leads are included, along with a battery, a protective holster, and a manual.

#### **Features**

▶ Accuracy: 1% or better on most ranges

▶ Easy to Use: Push-button selection for all measurements

▶ Digital Display: 4-1/2 digit backlit LCD
 ▶ Built-in Tilt Stand: Convenient tabletop use

## **Specifications**

Inductance: 2000.0  $\mu$ H, 20.000 mH, 200.00 mH, 2000.0 mH, 2000.0 mH, 20.000 H, 20.000 H (± 0.7% rdg

+ Lx/10000 + digit

**Capacitance:** 2000.0 pF, 20.000 nF, 200.00 nF, 2000.0 nF, 2000.0 nF, 20.000  $\mu$ F, 2000.0  $\mu$ F ( $\pm$  0.7% rdg + 5 digit)

**Resistance:** 20.000 Ω, 200.00 Ω, 2.0000 kΩ, 20.000 kΩ, 200.00 kΩ, 200.00 MΩ, 2.0000 MΩ, 20.000 MΩ ( $\pm$  0.5% rdg + 8 digit)

**Power:** 9 V alkaline battery (included)

Accessories: Test leads (2), alligator clips (2), protective holder

Order Information

Digital LCR Meter..... SE-8792

# **Basic Digital Multimeter**

SE-9786A

This basic meter includes all functions and ranges needed for most introductory lab work.

## **Features**

- ▶ 20 Amp range
- ▶ Backlit display with 25 mm digits
- ▶ Soft rubber boot for drop protection
- ▶ Built-in tilt stand
- ▶ Type K thermometer built in for surface or air measurements
- ▶ Auto power off saves battery life

#### **Specifications**

**DC Voltage:** 0.1 mV to 600 V with ±0.5% accuracy

AC Voltage: 1 mV to 600 V with

±0.3% accuracy

**DC Current:** 0.1  $\mu$ A to 20 A **AC Current:** 0.1 mA to 20 A **Resistance:** 0.1  $\Omega$  to 20 M $\Omega$ 

**Additional Functions:** Input fuse protection, audible and visible misconnection signals, data hold freezes display reading

**Display:** 3-1/2 digit display with 25 mm digits, polarity indication, low battery indication

Power: 9 V battery (included)



# **Order Information**

Basic Digital

Multimeter.....SE-9786A

# **Ripple Tank System**

WA-9899

- Completely redesigned system
- ▶ More affordable
- Integrated strobe/ripple generator simplifies operation
- ▶ Foam "beach" design dramatically reduces reflections from walls
- Silent operation

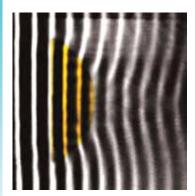
The redesigned Ripple Tank System is easier to use, more reliable, and more affordable. The strobe and rippler are controlled by the same unit, and a new feature makes it possible to introduce a small frequency difference between the strobe and the rippler to make the waves appear to move slowly. A simple switch changes the phase of the two ripplers from 0 to 180 degrees.

The rippler uses voice coil actuators for precise and silent operation. The frequency range (1.0 Hz to 50.0 Hz) includes those important low frequencies that make refraction more prominent. The LED digital frequency readout can be seen in low lighting. The rippler has knobs to easily adjust the dipper depth and the amplitude of the dipper stroke.

The new light source is a white LED that remains cool during operation and produces a bright, clear wave pattern. The light can be used as a strobe or in steady mode.

# **Typical Applications**

- ▶ Speed of Wave Propagation
- ▶ Superposition of Waves
- ▶ Effects of Varying Water Depth
- ▶ Reflection, Refraction, and Diffraction



The yellow convex lens focuses the plane water waves. The waves show a pronounced refraction due to the abrupt change in depth of the water over the plastic lens.

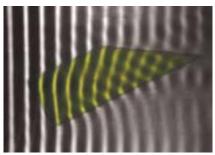


Control

Level Control

(shown with

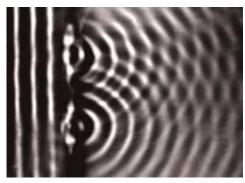
Point Source)



Refraction occurs at the boundaries of this rhomboid shape.



The Doppler Effect is clearly demonstrated by moving the dipper. In this picture the movement is downward.



Diffraction Barriers are used to create a double slit to show interference. The barriers can be changed to adjust the slit width and slit separation.

# Specifications - Ripple Tank (WA-9897)

Viewing Area: 34 cm x 34 cm Usable Tank Depth: 1 cm Drain Tube: 30 cm long

Projection Screen: 35.6 cm x 38.8 cm wide Acrylic Mirror: 49.8 cm x 38.8 cm wide Light Source Support Rod: 46 cm long

Water-Resistant Storage Box: 64 cm x 52 cm x 17 cm

## Specifications - Ripple Generator/Light Source (WA-9896)

Voice Coil Actuator Frequency Range: 1.0 to 50.0 Hz with 0.1 Hz Resolution

Light Source: Strobe or Steady, 5 W White LED

Digital LED Display: Frequency/Delta

Adjustable Delta Frequency Between Ripple Generator and Strobe:

± 45% frequency setting in steps of 9%

Phase Switch: 0 or 180 degrees

Depth, Tilt, and Amplitude Adjustment Controls Power Supply: 15 VDC at 1.5 A with On/Off Switch Rippler Case Dimensions: 10.5 cm x 16.3 cm x 3.9 cm

## Includes

- Ripple Tank (complete components list at right)
- Ripple Generator/Light Source (complete components list at right)
- Water Resistant Storage Box included (64 cm x 52 cm x 17 cm)



## Order Information

Ripple Tank System	WA-9899	
Required:		
Large Rod Base	ME-8735	p. 176
90 cm Rod	ME-8738	p. 176
Replacement:		
Ripple Tank Replacement Set	WA-9898	

# Ripple Tank

WA-9897



#### Includes

- Tank with Legs
- Projection Mirror and Screen
- Strobe Mounting Rod
- · Refractors (convex, concave, rhomboid)
- Curved Reflector
- Diffraction Barriers (2 long, 1 short, 1 mini)
- Plastic Storage Box for components

- Surfactant
- Drainage Tube (30 cm) with Clamp
- 1 liter Plastic Beaker
- Pipette
- Clear Plastic Ruler
- Water Resistant Storage Box for Entire System

# See specifications at left.

## Order Information

Ripple Tank.......WA-9897

# Ripple Generator/Light Source

WA-9896



## **Includes**

- Ripple Generator/Strobe Driver with Power Adapter
- LED Strobe Assembly
- Plane Wave Generator with Multi-point Dippers
- Point Sources (3 sizes)

#### See specifications at left.

# Order Information

Ripple Tank Generator/

Light Source.....WA-9896

# Ripple Tank **Replacement Set**

WA-9898

#### Includes

- Plastic Storage Box
- Refractors
- for Components
- Curved Reflector • Diffraction Barriers
- Dippers Pipette
- Foam Beach

# See specifications at left.

## Order Information

Ripple Tank Optics ......WA-9898

# **String Vibrator**

WA-9857A

- Great tool for mechanical wave demonstrations
- Uses magnetic field to drive flexible tongue

The String Vibrator transforms mechanical wave demonstrations to hands-on activities that every lab group can easily perform. Featuring an elegant design with no motors or speakers, the String Vibrator allows students to study the fundamental characteristics of mechanical waves including wave speed, frequency, wavelength, amplitude, interference, and resonance.

#### **Includes**

- String Vibrator Unit
- Wave Cord (3 meters) (not shown)



# Order Information

String Vibrator	WA-9857
Required:	
Sine Wave Generator	WΔ-9867

Power Inputs

850 Interface.

Drive String Vibrator's coil with

Sine Wave Generator or

Flexible metal strip mounted to a powerful neodymium magnet; includes a hole for connecting string or wave cord.

of air around coil.

student use; stacking posts allow several units to be vertically stacked for storage.

Clamping

Convenient for clamping the String Vibrator to the tabletop or any other edge.

Holes allow permanent mounting to a surface.



# Strobe

ME-6978

- 1 Hz to 500 Hz
- Variable intensity
- Low cost
- External trigger

Unique modular design makes it easy to light any geometry. The Strobe includes the Strobe Control Box and one Strobe Module. Additional Strobe Modules can be purchased separately (see below) for up to a total of four lamp modules per controller, and multiple control boxes can be connected together using the External Trigger. The Strobe Modules have a tilting lamp head on a sturdy base that sits on the table or fastens to a rod stand.



## Digital Display

Frequency Adjustment



#### **Specifications**

Frequency Range: Lamp Life: 50,000 hours. 1 Hz to 500 Hz Brightness: 230 lumens Resolution: 0.1 Hz (peak) per module Accuracy: 0.1%

## Order Information

StrobeAdditional Strobe Module	
Shown in use with: String Vibrator	ME-8988
Aluminum Table Clamp (2)Sine Wave Generator	WA-9867

p. 176

• Strobe Module (1)

# **Sine Wave Generator**

WA-9867

- ▶ Sine wave output up to 800 Hz
- Ideal for driving speakers and wave drivers
- Auto-scan of resonant frequencies







Power Output

High Power Output
To drive speakers.

## **Features**

- ▶ Custom Plastic Case: Designed to withstand student use; includes angled rubber feet for ease of use and rear rod clamp for additional mounting options. Cases are also stackable for easy storage.
- ▶ Digital Display: Frequency is displayed with 0.1 Hz resolution using red LEDs.
- ▶ Frequency Adjustment: Adjust the frequency of the output with either the fine (0.1 Hz) or coarse (1 Hz) knobs. The knobs include a "smart scan" feature so they change frequency more quickly when continuously turned.
- ▶ Amplitude Adjustment: Change the voltage of the sine wave signal.
- ▶ "Learn" Frequency: The Sine Wave Generator will store a frequency increment, then it will cycle through the selected frequency range by the increment automatically, which is very useful for resonance demonstrations or activities.

#### Includes

- Sine Wave Generator
- Power Supply: 15 VDC 2A



WA-9867	
WA-9857A	p. 244
SF-9324	p. 246
WA-9900	p. 248
WA-9495	p. 248
SE-9415A	p. 216

# Mechanical Wave Driver and Accessories

# **Mechanical Wave Driver**

- Drive any wave experiment at specified frequencies
- Variable amplitude
- Tough and versatile





SF-9324  $8\Omega$  Impedance

## **Powering the Wave Driver**

Different PASCO products can be used to power the Wave Driver; see below.

#### **Features**

Frequency Response: From 0.1 to 1000 Hz with an amplitude of approximately 5 mm up to about 50 Hz.

Mounts Vertically or Horizontally: Designed to sit upright on a table, on its side, or mounted on a 12.7 mm (1/2 inch) rod.

Driving Signal Required: Requires a function generator with a minimum of ±8 V@0.5 A. An accurate measurement of frequency is necessary for quantitative resonance experiments.

#### Order Information

Mechanical Wave Driver	. SF-9324	
Banana Plug Patch Cord	. SE-9751	p. 216
Plus one of the following function gene	rators:	
Sine Wave Generator	. WA-9867	p. 245
Function Generator	. PI-8127	p. 238
850 Universal Interface	. p. 12	
Equivalent function generator providing	up to 1 A to an 8	$\Omega$ impedance.
Shown in use with:		
2 Meter Patch Cord Set	. SE-9415A	p. 216
Recommended:		
Slot String Holder (set of 4)	. SF-9322	

Hole String Holder (set of 4).....SF-9323

# Longitudinal **Wave Spring**

WA-9401

Using the Longitudinal Wave Spring accessory, it is easy to demonstrate and visualize the nodes and antinodes of longitudinal waves. Unstretched length is 13 cm.



Longitudinal waves can be easily demonstrated with the Longitudinal Wave Spring.

## Order Information

Longitudinal Wave Spring ......WA-9401

# Violin Chladni Plate

SE-7319

This 40 cm-long plate is shaped like a standard violin. Place sand on the plate and

excite with either a violin bow or wave driver Includes a standard banana jack connector for use with the Mechanical Wave Driver.

# Order Information

Violin Chladni Plate...... SE-7319

# Chladni Plates Kit

WA-9607

In the early nineteenth century, Ernst Chladni added another dimension to wave experiments by sprinkling sand on a thin plate and using a violin bow to induce vibrations. The sand that collected



along the nodal lines of the wave patterns painted clear and beautiful pictures of the various modes of vibration.

The Chladni Plates Kit and a Wave Driver allow continuous vibrations to be produced at measurable frequencies. Students can determine the resonant frequencies of the plates and examine the modes of vibration at any frequency.

The Chladni Plates Kit includes a 24 cm x 24 cm square plate, round plate, 0.8 kg of extra-fine sand, and a sand shaker. The round plate can be vibrated about its center or about an offset point to investigate both symmetric and asymmetric modes of vibration.



## Order Information

Chladni Plates Kit ......WA-9607

# Mechanical Wave Driver Accessories

# **Metal Resonance Strips**

SF-9404

These resonance strips demonstrate standing waves, harmonics, and the relationship between length, frequency, and resonance.



Investigate the unique resonant frequencies of the Metal Resonance Strips.

# Order Information

Metal Resonance Strips.....SF-9404

# **Resonance Wire Loop**

SF-9405

Use this wire loop (29 cm diameter) to introduce Bohr's quantum atom using a classical model.



# Order Information

Resonance Wire Loop......SF-940

# **String Holders**

4 mm diameter banana plugs fit into shaft of Wave Driver (SF-9324).





## Order Information

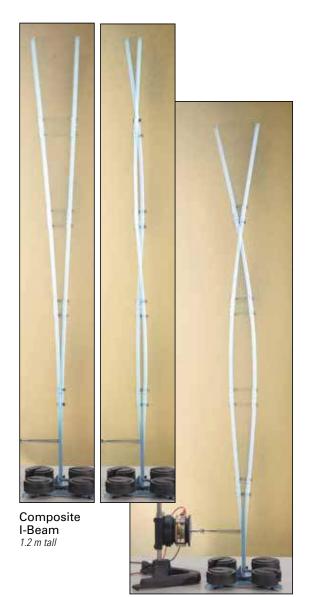
Slot String Holder (set of 4)	SF-9322
Hole String Holder (set of 4)	SF-9323

# Structures Resonance

# **Structures System**

PASCO's Structures System is ideal for demonstrating resonance in complex systems. The plastic I-Beams clearly show two different bending moments and can be connected together to build a variety of structures. See page 254 for more examples.

The long plastic I-Beam is constructed of components from the Advanced Structures Set (p. 145). It is driven using the Mechanical Wave Driver and the Function Generator (PI-8127), demonstrating the three lowest harmonics.



Advanced Structures Set ME-6992B	p. 143
Large Slotted Mass SetME-7566	p. 187
45 cm Stainless Steel Rod ME-8736	p. 176
Large Rod BaseME-8735	p. 176

# Demonstrate Acoustic Resonance



# Specifications

Frequency Response: 75 - 8000 Hz

Impedance: 8 ohms Input Power: 60 watts (max)

## Order Information

Open Speaker......WA-9900

Economy Resonance Tube	WA-9495	
Shown in use with:		
Open Speaker	WA-9900	
Sine Wave Generator	WA-9867	p. 245
2 Meter Patch Cord Set	SE-9415A	p. 216

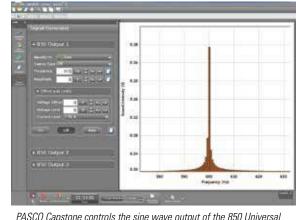
# **Resonance Air Column with Speaker**

WA-9594

- Very loud resonance
- ▶ Tough polycarbonate tube
- Use with speaker or tuning fork

The Resonance Air Column (WA-9606) emits a very loud sound when the plunger is moved to a node position. It works as well as a water column but without the mess. The secret is in the long molded piston head, which is very efficient in reflecting the sound waves. The plunger handle is made of flexible acetyl so it will not break.

Sound Sensor



PASCO Capstone controls the sine wave output of the 850 Universal Interface to drive the speaker. The FFT display of the Sound Sensor data shows the tube's resonant response.

Piston

Node

Marker

Support Stand

Shown: WA-9594

Polycarbonate Tube

Mini Speaker

The Resonance
Air Column has a
polycarbonate tube so it
will not break or chip like
inferior acrylic. It includes eight
plastic snap-on rings that can be
slid along the tube to mark the nodes. A meter
stick is used to read the positions of the rings.



The Resonance Air Column can be used as a closed or open tube. In the closed mode, tuning forks or speakers are suitable for sound sources. In the open mode, a speaker with a signal generator is required to vary the frequency until the tube sounds a resonance.

## **Specifications**

Material: Polycarbonate Length: 4.0 ft (1.2 m) Diameter: 1.5" O.D. (3.8 cm) Wall thickness: 1/16" (1.6 mm) Plunger Length: 4.2 ft (1.3 m) Plunger Handle: Acetyl

# WA-9594 includes

- Resonance Air Column (WA-9606)
- Mini Speaker (WA-9605)

# WA-9606 includes

- Tube and plunger,
- Node markers (8)
- Detachable stands (2)

# Order Information

Resonance Air Column with Speaker Resonance Air Column (without speaker)	
Shown in use with:	
850 Universal InterfaceUI-5000	p. 12
Sound SensorCI-6506B	p. 57
Tuning Fork SetSE-7342	p. 253
2 Meter Patch Cord SetSE-9415A	p. 216
Motor Stick (6 pack) SE 0027	n 102

# Mini Speaker

WA-9605

The Mini Speaker (WA-9605) is specially made to work with the Resonance Air Column. It can be powered with the Function Generator (PI-8127) or an 850 Universal Interface (UI-5000). It is also useful as a stand-alone speaker for doing interference demonstrations. Two of these essentially point sources can output the same frequency and the spatial interference pattern can be explored.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Voltage: 10 V

Power: 2 W Impedance: 8 Ω

Protection Resistor: 15  $\Omega$ , 2 W

#### Order Information

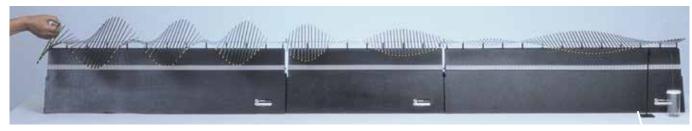
Mini Speaker .....WA-9605

# **Complete Wave Motion Demonstrator**

SE-9600

- ▶ Produces slow-moving, high-amplitude transverse waves
- Demonstrates all basic wave phenomena

The PASCO Complete Wave Motion Demonstrator allows mechanical waves to be created to demonstrate the behavior and properties common to many types of waves.



The Complete Wave Motion Demonstrator in three sections: The high-amplitude, slow-moving waves provide a fascinating introduction to basic wave phenomena.

#### Features

- ▶ 2.3 Meters Long: Plenty of room to watch the wave develop and interact.
- ▶ Three Wave Sections: Each section has rods of different lengths, allowing reflection and transmission demonstrations.
  - Section 1 is 92 cm long with 46 cm rods.
  - Section 2 is 92 cm long with 23 cm rods. The resulting wave velocity is about three times as fast.
  - Section 3 is 46 cm long with rods that vary exponentially from 46 cm to 23 cm. This section acts as an impedance-matching unit.
- ▶ Yellow Rod Tips: Easy viewing and highlights wave motion.
- ▶ Folds for Compact Storage
- ▶ Easy Setup

#### **How It Works**

A series of steel rods is attached at their centers to a torsion wire. When a rod is displaced and released, a wave propagates along the rod. Velocity depends on the torsion constant of the wire and the moment of inertia of the rods.

# Order Information

Complete Wave Motion
Demonstrator.....

SF-9600

# **Wave Motion Actuator**

SE-7125

- Sinusoidal driver
- ▶ Reproducible pulse
- Digital readout

The Wave Motion Actuator sinusoidally drives the Complete Wave Motion Demonstrator (above). It can also generate a reproducible pulse. The Actuator arm is magnetically

coupled to the rod of the Wave Demonstrator.

The frequency of the sine wave is continuously variable from 0.1 Hz to 3 Hz and the frequency and period are displayed on the digital readout.

#### **Demonstrate:**

- Wave propagation velocity
- Wave reflection boundary conditions
- Wave interference and standing waves

Order Information

Wave Motion Actuator ...... SE-7125

# Single Section Wave Motion Demonstrator

SE-9601



A-frame design collapses for easy storage.

#### **Includes**

- Section 1 (46 cm long rods)
- Length of section: 92 cm
- Clamp for rigid termination
- · Dash pot for liquid damping

## **Order Information**

Single Section Wave Motion

Demonstrator.....SE-9601

# Snakey



This extra-long metal spring is ideal to study mechanical waves. The Snakey has an unstretched length of 2 meters. Pull the convenient end loops more than 10 meters apart to demonstrate transverse, longitudinal, and standing waves.

### Order Information

Snakey ......SE-7331

# Glow String (2 pack)

SE-8690



This string glows in the dark after being exposed to light. Use it to demonstrate wave motion, including resonance and standing wave patterns. Two rolls are included, totaling over 15 meters of string.

Color of string may be different from that shown.

FVS THE STATE OF T

Glow String forming a standing wave using PASCO's String Vibrator WA-9857, Sine Wave Generator WA-9867, and a UV Light Source.

WARNING
CHOKING HAZARD
Small parts. Not for
children under
3 years.

### Order Information

Glow String (2 pack)......SE-8690

# **Double-Length Slinky**

SE-8760



The Slinky is an excellent tool for demonstrating transverse and longitudinal wave phenomena. This Double-Length Slinky is twice as long as a traditional slinky, allowing students to create well-defined wave pulses and standing wave patterns. The tension in the Slinky is very low, causing wave pulses to travel slowly throughout its length.

### Order Information

Double-Length	
Slinky	SE-8760

# **Elastic Wave Cord**

SE-9409



This highly visible elastic cord can be used to set up standing transverse waves. Or pluck it to watch wave propagation. Approximately 3 mm diameter and 90 meters in length.

Elastic Wave	
Cord	SE-9409

# **Oscillations, Waves, and Sound**

# Curriculum

# **Oscillations, Waves, and Sound Teacher Resources**

EP-6480

- ▶ 5 interactive simulations
- 8 interactive equations13 slide presentations
- simulations 13 lesson plans
  - ▶ 13 student assignments
  - ▶ Requires Waves and Sound Equipment Kit

Teach the science and technology of waves and sound. Lessons cover harmonic motion, waves, sound, period, frequency, wavelength, resonance, Doppler effect, interference, frequency spectrum, multi-frequency sound, digital sound, human perception, and music.

This electronic module runs locally on any device. No installer is required; just copy the folder over to your Mac® or Windows® computer, Chromebook™, or iPad®. Students read and interact with the physics lessons directly on their device or computer. For more information, visit **pasco.com** 

# Equipment

# Oscillations, Waves & Sound Equipment Kit

EP-3578

The Waves and Sound Equipment Kit gives you the fundamental tools you need to teach harmonic motion, waves, and sound. Our "slinky" and "snakey" springs are high-quality metal (not plastic), and four steel tuning forks are great for making the connection between science and music.

#### **Includes**

- Steel transverse wave "snakey" spring (1.8 m)
- Extra-large steel longitudinal wave "slinky" spring
- 25 cm extension spring
- Pendulum/spring hanger
- Resonance lever
- 1" diameter aluminum pendulum ball
- Resonance tube
- Tuning fork 256 Hz
- Tuning fork 320 Hz
- Tuning fork 284 Hz
- Tuning fork 512 Hz





**Order Information** 

Oscillations, Waves, & Sound	
Teacher Resources	EP-6480
Oscillations, Waves, & Sound Equipment Kit	EP-3578
Required:	
Tripod Stand	EP-3572
Weights	EP-3563

# **Tripod Stand**

EP-3572

### **Includes**

- 68.6 cm extruded aluminum vertical rail
- Wide tripod base with aluminum legs and rubber feet
- Includes 5 sliding 14-20 inserts, already installed

### Order Information

Tripod Stand .....EP-3572





OSCILLATIONS + WAVES:

# Weights EP-3563

### Includes

- 2 mass hangers
- 25 fender washer masses

### Order Information

Weights.....EP-3563

# **Doppler Rocket**

WA-9826

- Experience the frequency shift of sound waves
- ► Easily generate high velocity motion
- ▶ Rugged construction

O-rings
Remove easily to change battery

Skinned Foam Body
Protects buzzer during impact

Rope Tube
Pass rope through
to fly horizontally

Flying Horizontally — A set of two ropes can be passed through the center of the unit. This allows students to use the included handles



The Doppler Rocket combines the elements of a toy with an audio Doppler shift to create an educational experience students won't forget. The Doppler Rocket emits a true, sinusoidal sound waveform at a constant frequency of approximately 620 Hz. The circuit and speaker are housed in skinned foam that protects the unit during normal impacts. The circuit is powered by a 9 V battery. As the Doppler Rocket passes the students, they hear a noticeable shift in frequency. Velocities of 10 m/s can be easily achieved, resulting in a 20 Hz shift in frequency.

### Includes

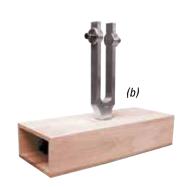
- Doppler Rocket
- Rope (30 meters)
- Handles (4)
- Handle Cushions (4)
- Battery (9 Volt)

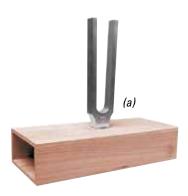
### Order Information

Doppler Rocket......WA-9826

# Sympathetic Resonance Box Set

SE-7345





Resonance boxes are great instruments for amplifying sound from a tuning fork. These boxes are constructed from hardwood and feature an A4 tuning fork mounted directly to the box. Use Capstone software and a sound sensor (CI-6506B) to measure the sound waves and beat frequencies created by these resonance boxes.

### Includes

- Hardwood resonance box with a 256 Hz A4 tuning fork (a)
- Hardwood resonance box with an adjustable tuning fork (b)

### Order Information

# **Tuning Fork Set**

SE-7342



The tuning fork has long been the tool of choice for helping students understand the relationship between wave frequency and pitch. These high-quality aluminum tuning forks are both rugged and economical. The set includes eight forks representing a full octave of frequencies, a soft protective case, and a rubber mallet.

Note	Frequency
С	256 Hz
D	288 Hz
Е	320 Hz
F	341.3 Hz
G	384 Hz
А	426.7 Hz
В	480 Hz
С	512 Hz
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

### Order Information

Tuning Fork Set.....SE-7342

# **Basic Optics System**

# **Basic Optics System**

OS-8515C

- Geometric and ray optics
- Concave and convex lenses
- ▶ Concave/convex mirror

PASCO's Basic Optics System is easy-to-use, affordable, and ruggedly designed. Large 50 mm diameter optics components are mounted in protective holders that snap directly onto the aluminum track and are easy to slide and position. Built-in metric tape makes measurements of image and object distances quick and accurate for both lenses and mirrors.

The versatile Light Source doubles as a tabletop ray box for studies in reflection, refraction, color addition, and Snell's Law. All the components (except the track) fit in the included custom foam storage box.

Adjustable Lens Holder Use your own lenses (from 19 mm to 75 mm in diameter) or choose from our lens sets.

Viewing Screen White plastic screen snaps into the optics bench and the position of the screen can be read directly on the bench scale.



Ray Table

Two-piece construction allows the table to be rotated for studying Snell's Law or the Law of Reflection. Includes D-shaped acrylic lens.

Optics Bench (1.2 m) The lenses, mirrors, light source, and screen snap into this rugged aluminum extrusion. The metric tape makes position measurements easy.

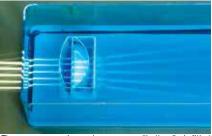
holders.

Includes concave/convex lenses, concave/convex/plane mirrors, acrylic rhomboid for prism spreading of white light and refraction experiments, hollow lens for teaching the lensmaker's equation. Also includes storage tray that can be used as a water tank for the hollow lens.



Ray Optics Kit

Light Source: Has a lighted crossed arrow target with metric scale for focusing images through lenses or for use with the concave mirror.



The storage tray is used to create a "hollow" air-filled convex lens. Note that the rays diverge.

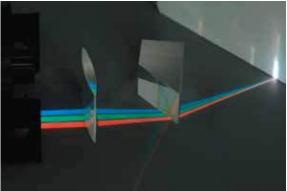


Components from the Ray Optics Kit showing refraction and reflection



Ray Table in use showing both the reflected and refracted rays.





The primary color mask allows experiments in color addition using components from the Ray Optics Kit.

### Included Basic Optics System Experiments

- 1. Color Addition
- 2. Prism
- 3. Reflection
- 4 Snell's Law
- 5. Total Internal Reflection
- 6. Convex and Concave Lenses
- 7. Hollow Lens
- 8. Lensmaker's Equation
- 9. Apparent Depth
- 10. Reversibility
- 11. Dispersion

- 12. Focal Length and Magnification of a Thin Lens
- 13. Focal Length and Magnification of a Concave Mirror
- 14. Virtual Images
- 15. Telescope
- 16. Microscope
- 17. Shadows

# **Basic Optics System** Storage Box

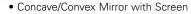
All components (except the track) fit in the custom foam box. There are additional slots for accessory lenses (see page 258).



- 1.2 m Optics Bench
- Basic Optics Light Source
- 50 mm diameter Glass Lenses in Holder +100 mm, -150 mm, +200 mm, +250 mm
- Adjustable Lens Holder

### **Order Information**

Basic Optics System OS-8515C



- · Ray Optics Kit
- Ray Table with D-shaped Lens
- Viewing Screen
- Storage Box

# **Basic Optics Components** and Accessories Pages 256-270

# **System Components**

pg 256





## Color Mixer

pg 260





**Lens Sets** 

pg 258





# **System Accessories**







# **Diffraction**

pg 266-268





# **Basic Optics Components**

# **Basic Optics Light Source**

OS-8470

- One, three, or five parallel rays
- Three primary color source
- Crossed arrow object and point source

The Basic Optics Light Source is an excellent source for a variety of optics experiments. A single 10-watt quartz-halogen bulb provides bright, easy-to-see illumination without a lot of heat. By turning the box to a different side, it becomes a:

- Crossed Arrow Object with Metric Scale: ideal for showing images, focal point, and magnification.
- 2. Bright Point Source: The very small filament of the halogen bulb provides an excellent point source for experimenting with shadows or the Inverse Square Law.
- Three Primary Colors Source: The red, green, and blue filters provide three rays of light that are easily combined with a lens for color mixing.
- 4. One,Three, or Five Ray Source: Just rotate the knob in front of the light source to vary the number of rays produced.



Rotate the selector knob to choose between rays (1, 3, or 5) or the primary color mask.

The Basic Optics Light Source provides a point source and an extremely bright crossed arrow target. Use free-standing or easily clip directly to Basic Optics Track.



### Order Information

# **Ray Optics Kit**

OS-8516A

### **Includes**

- Double-Convex Lens
- Double-Concave Lens
- Rhomboid
- Eye-Dropper
- Triangular mirror accessory with concave, convex, and plane reflective surfaces
- Hollow lens to fill with a liquid or use as an air lens.

### Order Information

Ray Optics Kit ...... OS-8516A

# **Concave/Convex Mirror Accessory**

OS-8457

- ▶ 50 mm diameter
- ▶ ±100 mm focal length
- Plastic mirror

This double-sided convex/concave plastic mirror is mounted in a lens holder for easy placement on the Basic Optics Track. The Accessory also includes a "half screen" that allows light to pass through on one side, and an opaque screen on the other half to focus the real image formed by the concave mirror.



### Order Information

Concave/Convex Mirror Accessory ...... OS-8457

# Ray Table

OS-8465

- ▶ Angle of reflection
- ▶ Snell's Law
- ▶ Total internal reflection

The Ray Table provides an excellent viewing surface for ray optics. The table can be rotated about its axis to quickly change the incident angle of the ray. The resulting angles of reflection and refraction are easily measured directly off the polar grid printed on the table. The (included) acrylic cylindrical D lens simplifies the experiment by having the rays bend at only one

surface. Investigate Snell's Law for both cases of rays either entering or leaving the acrylic.

### **Includes**

- Table
- D-shaped Lens



Ray Table ...... OS-8465



# **Aperture Accessories**

OS-8524

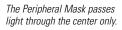
### **Aperture Disk**

Simulate the compound lens system of a camera using the Aperture Disk. Simply snap the disk onto one face of a lens. The disk offers six different f-number settings for controlling the amount of light that reaches the viewing screen.



The f-number is designated as f / #, where # equals the focal length of the lens, f, divided by the diameter of the aperture, D. (Example uses a +100 mm lens.)

f-Number	Aperture Diameter (mm)
f/4	25.0
f / 5.6	17.7
f/8	12.5
f / 11	8.8
f / 16	6.3
f / 22	4.4





### **Spherical Aberration Attachments**

Do the center and outside parts of a lens focus light differently? With the Spherical Aberration Attachments, students will be surprised by the answer. Simply snap the attachments onto a lens from the Basic Optics System and compare the image distance for each attachment.





The Center Mask passes light through an outside ring.

### **Includes**

- Aperture Disk and Holder
- Spherical Aberration Attachments

### Order Information

Aperture Accessories.......OS-8524

# **Adjustable Lens Holder**

OS-8474

The Adjustable Lens Holder for the Basic Optics System is designed for use with lenses and mirrors with diameters between 19 mm and 75 mm.

Place the lens or mirror in the holder and adjust the three arms to hold the component. A set screw in each adjustable arm ensures that the mirror or lens will remain in place. The holder snaps into the Basic Optics Track and is designed to position all mirrors and lenses at the same height as the rest of the Basic Optics System components.





Build a telescope or microscope: Shown with 1.2 m Basic Optics Track OS-8508.

#### Order Information

Adjustable Lens Holder...

OS-8474

# **Lens Holder Set**

OS-8522

These holders for the Basic Optics System are an excellent way to permanently mount 50 mm diameter lenses.

Just push in the two retaining rings to hold the lens in place.



Lens Holder Set (2 pack) ...... OS-8522



# **Basic Optics Accessories**

## **50 mm Diameter Lens Assortment**

SE-7581

This set of six lenses is made of polished glass with ground edges and comes in a wooden storage box.

Focal Length (mm)	Description	Focal Length (mm)	Description
+1000	double convex	-1000	double concave
+300	double convex	-200	double concave
+150	double convex	-150	double concave

### Order Information

50 mm Diameter Lens Assortment...... SE-7581

# **Geometric Lens Set**

OS-8466A



This is a set of three unmounted 50 mm diameter glass lenses with focal lengths of +100 mm, +200 mm, and -150 mm. These are the same lenses included in the Dynamics Track Optics Kit (OS-8471A) and the Beginning Optics System (OS-8459). They can be mounted in the Adjustable Lens Holder on page 259.

### Order Information

Geometric Lens Set......OS-8466A

### Lens Sets

# **Basic Optics Geometric Lens Set (set of 2)**

(+200, +100 mm) OS-8456

# **Accessory Lens Set (set of 2)**

(+250, -150 mm) OS-8519



Each lens is mounted in a lens holder for protection and easy storage. The lens holder clips directly to the Basic Optics Track.

#### Order Information

# **Ground Glass Lenses (set of 6)**

SE-9013



These precision ground glass lenses provide a useful range of focal lengths. Each lens has a 50 mm diameter – small enough for easy mounting, yet large enough for effective viewing. The set of six comes in a convenient storage box.

Focal Length	Description	Focal Length	Description
500 mm	concave convex	-150 mm	double concave
300 mm	plano convex	-300 mm	plano concave
150 mm	double convex	-500 mm	convex concave

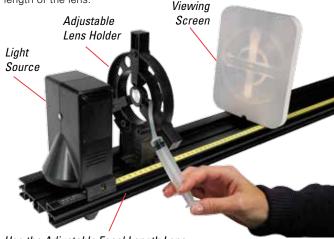
### Order Information

Ground Glass Lenses (set of 6) ...... SE-9013

# **Adjustable Focal Length Lens**

OS-8494

Use the syringe to adjust the amount of water in the lens. Changing the curvature of the clear flexible membranes changes the focal length of the lens.



Use the Adjustable Focal Length Lens with your Basic Optics System.

See page 264 for use with Human Eye Model.



Removable membranes make it easy to clean.

#### **Includes**

10 mL Syringe 1 ft. Silicon Tubing Lenses (2)



### **Order Information**

# Basic Optics Viewing Screen

OS-8460

This white plastic screen is used with the Basic Optics System. The screen snaps into the optics bench and the position of the screen can be read directly on the bench scale. Also fits the Dynamics Track Optics Carriages (OS-8472 on page 269) for use with a Dynamics Track.



#### Order Information

Basic Optics Viewing Screen......OS-8460

# Basic Optics Spares Kit

OS-8510

All parts are organized in a plastic case for easy storage.



The Basic Optics Spares Kit includes many of the small parts that are sometimes lost after student use. Also includes two replacement bulbs for the Light Source. Suitable for all versions of the Basic Optics System (OS-8515).

#### Includes

- 10 W bulb for Basic Optics Light Source OS-8470 or OS-8517A (2)
- 6-32 1 1/2" Screw for the Basic Optics Light Source OS-8517A (8)
- 3/8" Screw for optics accessories (6)
- 3/8" Brass thumbscrew for optics track brackets (4)
- 1/4-20 1/2" Nylon thumbscrews (8)
- 1/4-20 Square nuts (20)
- Nylon washers (6)
- 1/4-20 9/16" Round steel thumbscrews (4)
- 1/4-20 3/8" Round steel thumbscrews (4)
- 6-32 5/8" Round steel thumbscrews (6)
- 6-32 3/8" Round steel thumbscrews (4)
- 4-40 5/16" Round steel thumbscrews (4)
- 6-32 3/16" Round steel thumbscrews (4)
- Replacement rubber feet for optics bench (6)
- Replacement rubber feet for Basic Optics Light Source OS-8517A (15)
- Replacement screws for Basic Optics Light Source OS-8470 (4)
- Plastic storage box (1)

#### Order Information

# Optics Benches



# 60 cm Optics Bench

OS-8541

This short optical bench is for experiments such as polarization and spectrophotometry.

# 120 cm Optics Bench

OS-8508

This optics bench is used for lens and mirror experiments, inverse-square law, and diffraction/interference experiments. If you want a bench longer than 120 cm, use the Optics Bench Connectors, shown below

### Order Information

60 cm Optics Bench	DS-8541
120 cm Optics Bench	DS-8508

# **Optics Bench Rod Clamps**

OS-8479

Rod Clamps are used to elevate Basic Optics benches to match the height of various light sources.



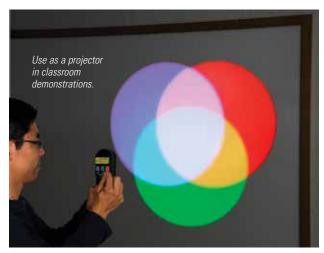
Optics Bench Rod Clamps	OS-8479
Shown in use with:	
Small Round Base with Rod	ME-8270

# **Color Mixer**

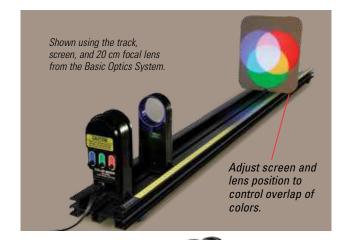
OS-8496

- Demonstrates additive color mixing
- Accessory to Basic Optics System

The Color Mixer has separate controls for each of the red, blue, and green LEDs that allow brightness to be adjusted from off to full output.



Individually adjust the intensity of the super bright red, green, and blue LEDs.



Use free-standing, hand-held, or clip it directly to the Basic Optics Track.

#### Includes

- Tri-color light source
- Power supply



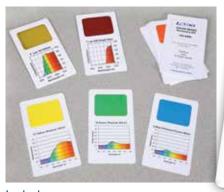
Color Mixer ...... OS-8496

# **Color Mixer Accessory Kit**

OS-8495

- Accessory to the Color Mixer
- > 7 filter cards
- ▶ 11 printed color cards
- Manual with 9 lab activities

Each card includes a graph showing its transmitted or reflected spectrum. Sets are enclosed in a clear envelope.



### Includes

- 7 Filter cards
- 11 Printed Color cards
- Manual (not shown)



The red filter's spectral chart shows it transmits only red light. Students observe that the blue and green circles disappear and the overlapping areas of magenta, yellow, and white become red.

### Order Information

Color Mixer Accessory Kit ...... OS-8495

5 Lee 101 Vellow

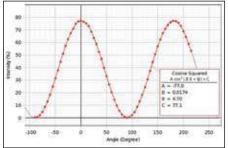
500 600 700 Wavelength nm

### **Polarizer Demonstrator**

OS-9477A

Confirm Malus' Law using the Polarizer Demonstrator and a Light Sensor. The angle is read directly from the polarizer, which is marked in 5° increments. Any light source can be used, but the experiment works especially well with the Color Mixer, as shown here.





As the polarizer is rotated, the intensity of the light varies as the square of the cosine of the angle between the two polarizers.

### Order Information

Polarization	
DemonstratorOS-947	7A
Shown in use with:	
Optics Bench (60 cm) OS-854	1 p. 259
Aperture Bracket OS-853	4A p. 269
Color Mixer 0S-849	6 p. 260
High Sensitivity	
Light SensorPS-217	6 p. 49

# **Polarizer Demonstrator Accessory**

OS-8172

This accessory adds a central platform and diffuser to the Polarizer Demonstrator (OS-9477A). Put sugar water in one of the two supplied square glass bottles and put it on the platform between crossed polarizers. Use a desk lamp or Color Mixer (OS-8496) behind the diffuser and rotate one of the polarizers to see the sugar water change colors as the axis of polarization of different colors rotates to different angles.

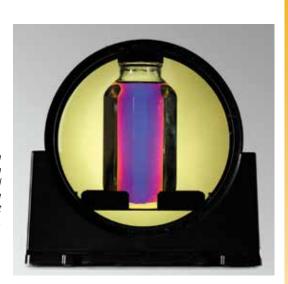


Demo with Karo® corn syrup showing wavelength dependence of optical rotation. The light source used was a compact florescent, not included.



### Includes

- Square Glass Bottles (2)
- Metal Stand for Bottles
- Diffusion Screen



### **Order Information**

Polarizer Demonstrator
Accessory ....... OS-8172
Required:
Polarizer
Demonstrator...... OS-9477A
Suggested:
Color Mixer .......... OS-8496

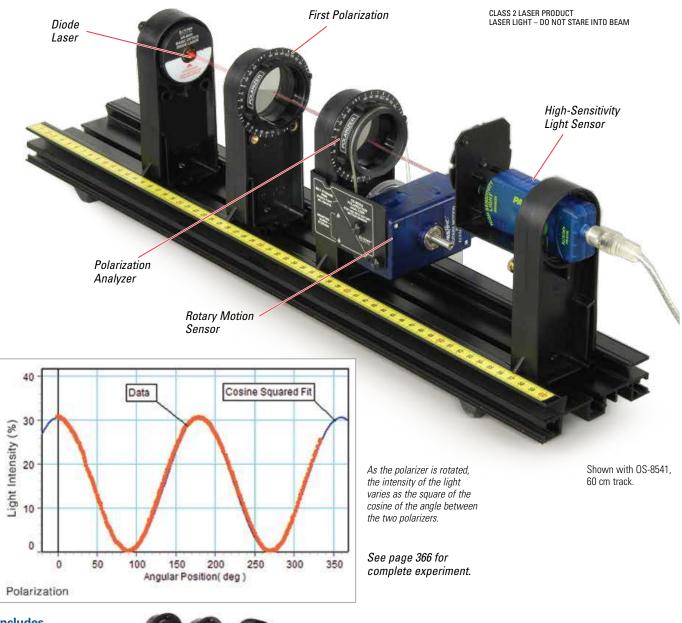
p. 260

# **Polarization**

# **Polarization Analyzer**

OS-8533A

Students can confirm Malus' Law of Polarization by using the Polarization Analyzer with the Basic Optics System. All components mount directly to PASCO's Basic Optics Bench OS-8541. The Rotary Motion Sensor is used to measure the angle between the two polarizing disks. The Light Sensor measures the intensity of light that passes through both polarizers.



#### **Includes**

- Polarizer Disks (2)
- Polarizer Holder
- Aperture Bracket
- · Accessory Holder with Mounting Bracket
- · Accessory Holder for Aperture Bracket
- Retarder Disk

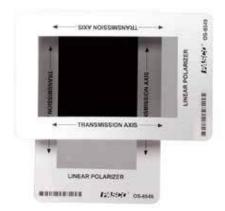


Polarization Analyzer	0S-8533A	
Required:		
Rotary Motion Sensor	PS-2120A	p. 25
High-Sensitivity Light Sensor	PS-2176	p. 49
Basic Optics System	OS-8515C	p. 254
Diode Laser	0S-8525A	p. 269

### **Linear Polarizer**

OS-8549

This pair of rectangular polarizers are mounted in cardboard frames. The polarizing film dimensions are  $3.5^{\circ}$  x  $6^{\circ}$ . Includes two polarizers.



### Order Information

Linear Polarizer (2 pack).....OS-8549

### **Polarizer Set**

OS-8473

This accessory set includes two polarizer disks and an optics holder. Rotate the polarizers relative to one another to view the effect on light intensity.



### Order Information

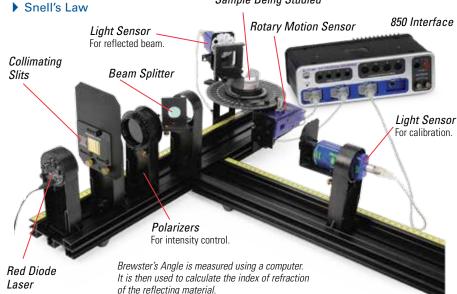
# **Brewster's Angle Accessory**

OS-8170A

- ▶ Polarization by reflection
- Brewster's Angle

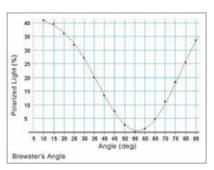
Fresnel's Law of Reflection

Sample Being Studied



When light reflects off a nonconducting material, the reflected light is partially polarized. The amount of polarization depends on the incident angle and the index of refraction of the reflecting material. The incident angle that gives maximum polarization is called Brewster's Angle.

Light from a diode laser (wavelength = 650 nm) is reflected off the flat side of an acrylic semi-circular lens. The reflected light passes through a polarizer and is detected by a Light Sensor. The angle of incidence is measured by a Rotary Motion Sensor mounted on the Spectrophotometer table. The intensity of the reflected polarized light versus incident angle is graphed to determine the angle at which the light intensity is a minimum. This is Brewster's Angle, which is used to calculate the index of refraction of acrylic.



Developed using original ideas from P.J. Ouseph, Professor of Physics at University of Louisville, KY: "Polarization of Light by Reflection and the Brewster Angle" by P.J. Ouseph, Kevin Driver, and John Conklin, Am. J. Phys. 69, 1166 (2001). This modification to the experiment was suggested by Cristian Bahrim and Wei-Tai Hsu in the American Journal of Physics article: "Precise measurement of the refractive indices for dielectrics using an improved Brewster angle method" Vol. 77, page 337 (2009).

The intensity (% of total reflected) of the reflected polarized light as a function of the incident angle. See Brewster's Angle Experiment on page 367.

### **Includes**

- · Acrylic semi-circular lens
- Lens platform
- Polarizers (2) with holder
- Analyzing polarizer
- Beam splitter



CLASS 2 LASER PRODUCT LASER LIGHT – DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM

#### **Order Information**

For other required equipment, see the Brewster's Angle experiment EX-5544A on page 351.

# Optics of the Human Eye

# **Human Eye Model**

OS-8477A

- Classic eye model at an affordable price
- 3-D working model of the human eye

#### **Features**

▶ Working Model of the Human Eye: Two lenses are used to form images on the retina. Sealed tank holds water to simulate the vitreous humor. Size and orientation of the illuminated object can be easily measured.

▶ Study the Optics of Normal Vision and Vision Correction: Use the included plastic lenses to create images for normal vision, far-sightedness, near-sightedness, and astigmatism. Additional lenses are placed in front of the eye to correct for vision problems.

Fixed Corneal Lens and Interchangeable
Crystalline Lens: The crystalline lens is surrounded
by water (vitreous humor). By changing the crystalline
lens, the eye can focus on both near and far objects.

▶ Movable Retina: Three positions to demonstrate near-sightedness, far-sightedness, and normal vision.

Variable Pupil Size: Students can observe the change in brightness and clarity of the image as the pupil size is reduced.



Blind Spot



### **Specifications**

**Focal Lengths in Air of Plastic Lenses:** +62 mm (+16d), +120 mm (+8.3d), +400 mm (+2.5d), -1000 mm (-1.0d), -128 mm (-7.8d) cylindrical, +307 mm (+3.26d) cylindrical

Corneal Lens Focal Length in Air: +140 mm (+7.1d)

Dimensions: 15 cm x 17 cm x 10 cm high



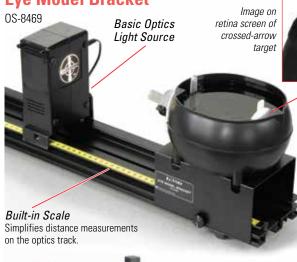
The Eye Model can image any illuminated picture, or use with the Basic Optics System and Eye Model Bracket shown on page 277.

#### **Includes**

- Molded Plastic Eyeball
- Plastic Lenses (2 sets of 6)
- Pupil Aperture
- Retina Screen
- Optics Caliper (1)
- Adjustable Focal Length Lens with Syringe, Tubing, and 2 Flexible Lenses
- Experiment Manual

Human Eye Model	OS-8477A	
Recommended: Basic Optics Light Source	OS-8470	p. 256
Human Eye Replacement Set (includes lenses, screen, and pupil) Optics Caliper (set of 5)		p. 265

# **Eye Model Bracket**



The Eye Model Bracket allows the Human Eye Model to be used with the Basic Optics System (OS-8515C). The bracket holds the Eye Model securely on the track at the correct optical height.

The illuminated crossed-arrow target on the Basic Optics Light Source makes the perfect object. Easily measure object and image distances, as well as the size of the object and image for calculations of magnification.

Eye Model and Bracket shown with a telescope made using two Adjustable Lens Holders (OS-8474) and accessory lenses (see page 273). Students can see the image through the telescope with their own eyes, and then place the Eye Model on the track and see the same image projected on the retina screen.

IncludesBracket





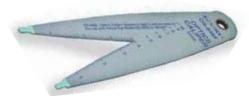
# **Optics Caliper**

OS-8468

### ▶ Glow-in-the-dark tips

### Waterproof

This lightweight plastic caliper is perfect for measuring images in the dark. Simply span the object and then use a scale to measure the distance. For approximate measurements, use the built-in cm scale on the calipers.



The tips of the caliper glow in the dark. Activate with an incandescent or UV lamp.

### Order Information

Eye Model Bracket	OS-8469
Shown in use with:	
Basic Optics System	OS-8515C
Human Eye Model	OS-8477A



Use the Optics Caliper to measure image sizes in the Human Eye Model. Glow-in-the-dark tips activated using a UV light source.

### **Order Information**

# Optics of the Human Eye

# Adjustable Focal Length Lens

OS-8494

Use the syringe to adjust the amount of water in the lens. Changing the curvature of the clear flexible membranes changes the focal length of the lens.



#### **Demonstrate accommodation:**

Show how the eye lens changes focal length by changing its surface curvature.

See page 274 for use with Basic Optics System.



### **Includes**

- 10 mL Syringe
- 1 ft. Silicon Tubing
- Lenses (2)

### Order Information

Adjustable Focal
Length Lens................................. OS-8494

Shown in use with:
Human Eye Model....... OS-8477A p. 264

# **Sensor-Based Diffraction System**

OS-8452 with Optics Bench

- Vacuum deposited chromium on glass
- Single-slit diffraction

▶ Double-slit interference

Real-time intensity graphs

Single-Slit Set

The Sensor-Based Diffraction System enables students to scan many diffraction and interference patterns during one lab period. They can study the differences caused by changing the slit width, slit separation, and number of slits. And, with the addition of the Green Diode Laser, they can study the difference caused by changing the wavelength.

Red Diode Laser Optics Bench

Scanning with the Linear Translator (on page 269): In this unique scanning system, the diffraction pattern is scanned using a light sensor attached to a Rotary Motion Sensor. As the wheel on the Rotary Motion Sensor is rotated by hand, the Rotary Motion Sensor moves along a gear rack (called the Linear Translator). Students make the association between the diffraction pattern they see and the real-time graph of the light intensity versus position.

High-Sensitivity

Rotary

Motion

Sensor

Linear Translator

Light Sensor

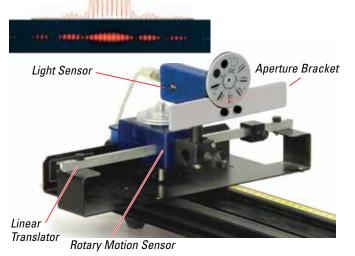
CLASS 2 LASER PRODUCT LASER LIGHT – DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM

Aperture

Bracket

Computer scan of a single-slit and double-slit having the same slit width.

The computer scan of an interference pattern is shown above a photograph of the actual laser pattern. The pattern was produced with a double-slit, having a slit width 0.08 mm and slit separation 0.50 mm.



#### **Includes**

- Red Diode Laser (OS-8525A)
- Linear Translator (OS-8535)
- Aperture Bracket (OS-8534A)
- Optics Bench (OS-8508)
- High Precision Diffraction Slit Set (OS-8453)



For components and accessories, see pages 268-269.

Sensor-Based Diffraction (with Optics Bench) Required for use with ScienceWorkshop:	OS-8452	
Light Sensor	CI-6504A	
Rotary Motion Sensor	CI-6538	
Required for use with PASPORT:		
High Sensitivity Light Sensor	PS-2176	
Rotary Motion Sensor	PS-2120A	
Recommended:	00.04500	
Green Diode Laser	US-8458B	p. 269

# **Diffraction Optics Kit**

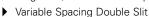
OS-8531A

Add this kit to the Basic Optics System to allow the investigation of a wide variety of diffraction slit patterns. The slits are constructed using vacuum deposited chromium on glass. The following patterns are included:

- Single Slit (four variations)
- ▶ Variable Width Single Slit
- Double Slit (four variations)
- ► Multiple Slit (3,4,5)

Red Diode Laser

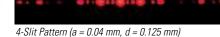
▶ Single Slit/Double Slit Comparison



### Slit Accessory

Snaps into position on the bench for automatic slit alignment with laser. Rotate disk to select a different pattern.







Single/Double Slit Comparison

### Easy Laser Alignment.

The laser beam can be aimed through the slits using two thumb screws. Once the beam is aligned, either the laser or the slits can be removed from the optics bench

and returned to the bench without re-aligning the beam.

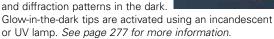


The slit wheels eliminate the frustration of trying to change the slits in a darkened room. Simply rotate to the next positive click to lock a different slit into position. The alignment of the disk only has to be done once. After that, all the slits on that wheel will be aligned.

# **Optics Caliper**

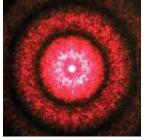
OS-8468

This lightweight plastic caliper is perfect for measuring interference and diffraction patterns in the dark

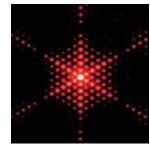


Order Information

Optics Caliper (Set of 5).................. OS-8468



Circular Diffraction Pattern



Hex diffraction Pattern

#### **Includes**

- Red Diode Laser (OS-8525A)
- High Precision Diffraction Slit Set (OS-8453)



For components and accessories, see pages 268-269.

Diffraction Optics Kit0	S-8531A	
Required:		
120 cm Optics Bench0	S-8508	
Basic Optics Viewing Screen0	S-8460	
Recommended:		
Green Diode Laser0	S-8458B p	o. <b>269</b>

# **Diffraction Components**

# **High-Precision Diffraction Slits**

OS-8453

- Vacuum deposited chromium on glass
- ▶ Single-slit and double-slit wheels

OS-8453 includes two slit wheels with holders designed to match the height of the slits to the height of the diode laser. All components clip directly to the Optics Bench from the Basic Optics System OS-8515C. The slit wheels eliminate the frustration of trying to change the slits in a darkened room. To change the slit being illuminated by the laser, the slit wheel is simply rotated to the next positive click to lock another slit into position.

Shown in use with the red OS-8525A and green OS-8458 Diode Lasers.



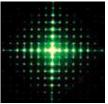
**The Single-Slit Wheel** includes four single slits of different widths, two circular apertures, one line/slit comparison, one opaque line, a variable width slit, and four patterns.

**The Multiple-Slit Wheel** includes four double slits, a set of four multiple slits having the same slit width and separation (2, 3, 4, and 5 slits), four slit comparisons, and a variable double slit.

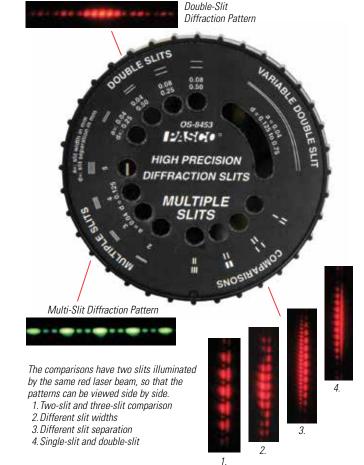




The Circular Diffraction pattern has the same dimensions for both the dots and the holes.



The diffraction geometry represents the structure of the Square and Hex pattern.



### Includes

- Single-Slit wheel with Holder
- Multiple-Slit wheel with Holder



High Precision Diffraction Slits	0S-8453	
Recommended:		
Basic Optics System	OS-8515C	p. 254
Diode Laser – Red	OS-8525A	p. 269
Diode Laser – Green	OS-8458B	p. 269

# **Diffraction Components**

# **Diode Laser – Basic Optics**

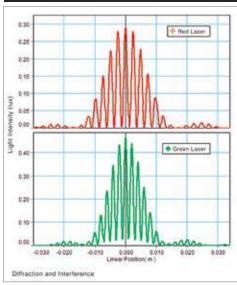
OS-8525A (Red)

OS-8458B (Green)

These unique diode lasers take the frustration out of aligning the laser beam with the diffraction slits. With both lasers, you can demonstrate the effect of changing wavelength on the diffraction and interference patterns.

A red laser beam was passed through a double slit. Then the Red Diode Laser was replaced by the Green Diode Laser by simply pulling the Red





Laser off the optics track and clipping the Green Laser into its place. The recorded patterns from red and green lasers show clearly that the longer wavelength (red) is spread out more than the green.



The horizontal and vertical positions of the beam can be adjusted by turning the thumb screws on the back of the laser.



### **Specifications**

Output Power: <1 mW

Wavelength: 650 nm (OS-8525A) 515 nm (OS-8458A)

Power Supply: 9-V adapter (included)

### Order Information

Diode Laser – Red	OS-8525A
Diode Laser – Green	OS-8458B

# Linear Translator

OS-8535A



The Linear Translator transforms a Rotary Motion Sensor into a linear motion device. The toothed rack of the Linear Translator fits into the slot in the side of the Rotary Motion Sensor. As the Rotary Motion Sensor pulley is rotated by hand, the Rotary Motion Sensor moves along the rack. Rotary Motion Sensors not included.

### **Specifications**

**Resolution for Rotary Motion Sensor:** 

0.055 mm (CI-6538); 0.020 mm (PS-2120)

Maximum Travel: 20 cm

### Order Information

Linear Translator......OS-8535A Recommended: Rotary Motion Sensor ......p. 25

# **Aperture Bracket**

OS-8534A

The Aperture Bracket acts as a mask for a light sensor. The wheel is rotated to select different size slits, defining the spatial resolution. Narrow slits are used to scan diffraction patterns having fine detail. Wider slits are used to let in more light when scanning dimmer patterns. The diffuser selection is used for inverse square law experiments.

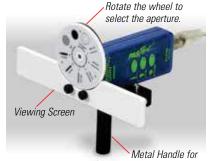
### **Specifications**

Six Slits: From 0.1 mm to 1.5 mm width

### Open Aperture:

No reduction in intensity 10% transmittance diffuser





proper grounding

#### Includes

- Aperture Bracket with Screen
- Metal Handle
- Accessory Holder

### Order Information

Aperture Bracket ...... OS-8534A

# **Dynamics Track Optics**

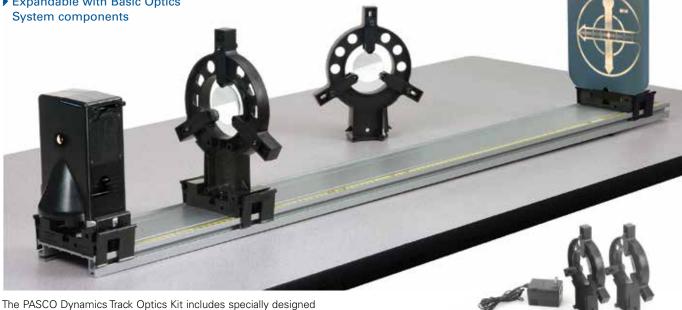
# **Dynamics Track Optics Kit**

OS-8471A

Turns your dynamics track into an optics bench

Use with 1.2 or 2.2 m Dynamics Tracks and PAStrack

Expandable with Basic Optics



slides (carriages) that snap on the dynamics track. PASCO Basic Optics components attach directly to the carriage for positioning anywhere on the track.

Choose from a wide range of optics components to expand your system. See pages 272-285 for more components.



# Typical Experiments

- 1. Focal Length and Magnification of a Thin Lens
- 2. Telescope
- 3. Microscope
- 4. Shadows
- 5. Virtual Images



To see the experiments, type the product number into the search box at www.pasco.com and download the manual.

### Includes

- Basic Optics Light Source
- Two Adjustable Lens/Mirror Holders +100 mm, +200 mm, and -150 mm Focal Length Lenses
- Viewing Screen
- Three Optics Carriages

### Order Information

Dynamics Track Optics Kit	OS-8471A
Required:	
Dynamics Track 1.2 m	ME-9493
or	
Dynamics Track 2.2 m	ME-9779
or	
PAStrack	ME-6960

# **Dynamics Track Optics Carriages**

OS-8472

The Dynamics Track Optics Carriages are designed to snap onto the PASCO Dynamics Track. Basic Optics components attach directly to the carriages for positioning anywhere on the track.

### **Order Information**

Dynamics Track Optics Carriages......OS-8472

### **Includes**

• Carriages (3)





# **Light, Color, and Optics**

# Curriculum

# **Light, Color, and Optics Teacher Resources**

FP-648

- ▶ 12 lessons
- ▶ 5 interactive simulations
- ▶ 8 interactive equations
- ▶ 12 slide presentations
- ▶ 12 lesson plans
- ▶ 12 student assignments
- ▶ Requires Light, Color, and Optics Kit

Introduce your students to the science and technology of light including reflection, refraction, color, intensity, lenses, mirrors, real and virtual images, human vision, digital imaging, and the quantum theory of light. For more information, visit **pasco.com** 



# Equipment

# **Light, Color, and Optics Kit**

EP-3558

The Light, Color, and Optics Kit is a complete laboratory for learning about light, color, and optical technology. Three 50-mm optics snap onto the track and slide easily. The light source makes a perfect illuminated "object" for optics experiments, and the fixed spacing of the colored LEDs makes it easy to observe and measure image properties such as magnification, inversion, and brightness.

#### **Includes**

- 1.2 m Aluminum track
- 50 mm optics mounts (3)
- Rechargeable light source
- AC adapter/charger
- Refraction tank
- Triangular prism
- Phosphorescent plastic
- 50 mm convex lens 10 cm f.l.
- 50 mm convex lens 20 cm f.l.

- 50 mm convex lens 50 cm f.l.
- 50 mm concave lens 20 cm f.l.
- 50 mm convex mirror 20 cm f.l.
- 50 mm concave mirror 50 cm f.l.
- 50 mm screen
- 50 mm diffraction grating
- Eyeglasses





Light, Color, and Optics	
Teacher Resources	EP-6481
Light, Color, and Optics Kit	EP-3558

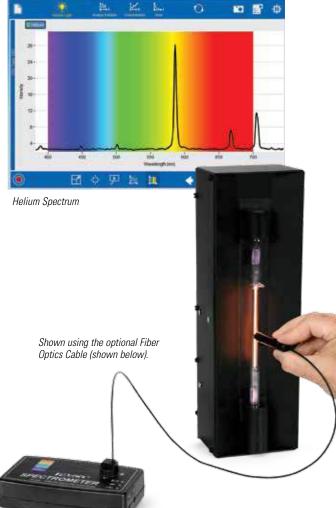
# **PASCO Wireless Spectrometer**

PS-2600

### Now includes Spectrometry 2.0 functionality!

- Measure intensity, absorbance, transmittance, and fluorescence.
- Works on all computing platforms
- ▶ Bluetooth™ or USB connectivity
- Includes free award-winning spectrometry software











## **Specifications**

**Bluetooth and USB** connectivity **Resolution:** 2–3 nm FWHM **Range:** 380–950 nm

Wavelengths: 2 fluorescence excitation wavelengths at 405 nm and 500 nm Light Source: LED-boosted tungsten

# You can perform these labs with the Wireless Spectrometer:

- Emission Spectra of Light
- Absorbance Spectra
- ▶ Beer's Law
- Kinetics
- Fluorescence



# Fiber Optic Cable

PS-2601

Required for External Light

Sources



Fiber Optic Cable.....PS-2601



### Includes

- PASCO Spectrometer
- 10 cuvettes
- Spectrometry software (shown on opposite page)

### Order Information

PASCO Spectrometer......PS-2600



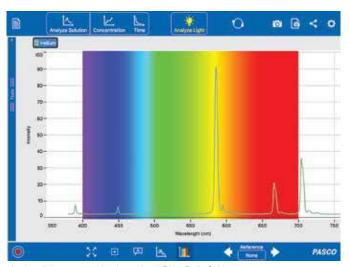
# PASCO's Free Spectrometry Software Puts Learning First

PASCO's award-winning software for iOS, Android™ Computers, and Chromebooks\*

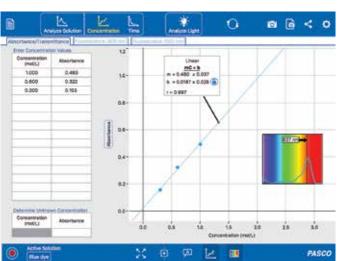
- Designed by teachers
- Specialized software specifically targets spectrometry activities
- ▶ Program guides students through the four common types of spectrometer uses
- ▶ Calibration routine is made obvious

### The four specially targeted activities are:

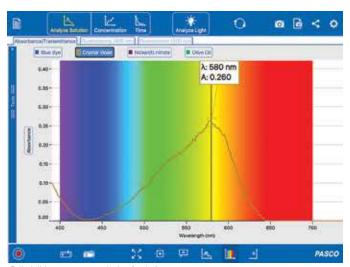
- 1. Analyze light sources with the optional fiber optics cable.
- 2. Analyze the absorbance, transmittance, and fluorescence of colored solutions.
- 3. After the analysis wavelength is set, you can easily create calibration curves and determine the unknown concentration
- 4. Observe the kinetics of a reaction involving a colored solution. Easily create the required graphs  $(\ln(x), 1/x)$  to determine the order of the reactants.



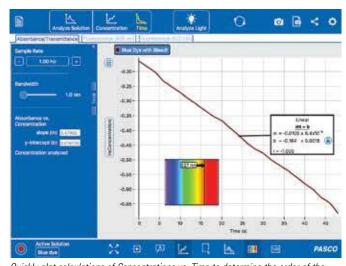
Analyze light sources with the optional Fiber Optic Cable.



Create Beer's Law plots to relate absorbance and concentration.



Full visible spectrum analysis of solutions



Quickly plot calculations of Concentrations vs. Time to determine the order of the reaction.

The Wireless Spectrometer comes with PASCO's FREE award-winning Spectrometry software.

- ▶ PC and Mac versions included with purchase.
- FREE for iOS, Android™, and Chrome™
- ▶ Designed specifically for introductory spectrometry experiments.

Download at pasco.com/downloads

\*Our list of compatible Chromebooks is expanding rapidly. Check pasco.com/compatibility for the latest updates.

# Spectrophotometer

# **Educational Spectrophotometer System**

OS-8450 (PASPORT) OS-8539 (ScienceWorkshop)

**Educational Spectrophotometer Accessory Kit** 

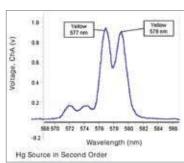
- Analyze and graph spectral lines
- Explore relationships between angle, wavelength, and intensity
- Versatile and inexpensive

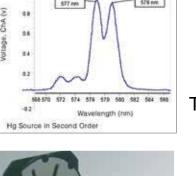
PASCO's Educational Spectrophotometer teaches basic optical principles and allows quantitative measurements rivaling those of more expensive units.

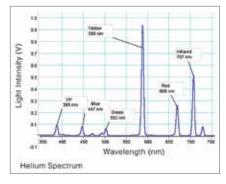
When the Spectrophotometer is used with PASCO's Capstone™ Software, students can explore the relationship between angle, wavelength, and intensity, and graph the spectral lines from discharge tubes. Lines from mercury, sodium, helium, neon, krypton, and argon can be plotted. Even the lines of the Balmer series in hydrogen can be detected.

Collimating Slits

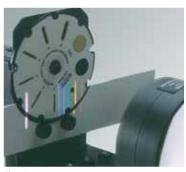
Set of five slits ranging

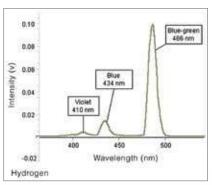


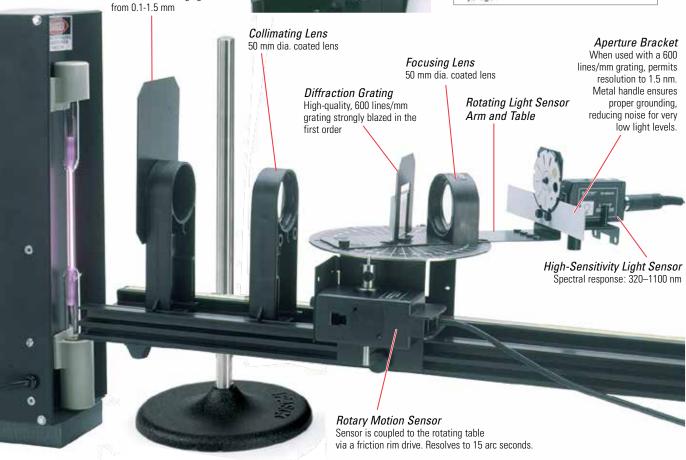




# Typical Spectrum Graphs







# **Educational Spectrophotometer Components**

Teachers who already own a PASCO Interface and the Basic Optics System OS-8515C should purchase the Accessory Kit OS-8537 and any additional equipment needed from the list below.

### The Spectrophotometer System includes

- 1. Optics Bench (60 cm) OS-8541
- 2. Rotary Motion Sensor
- 3. High-Sensitivity Light Sensor CI-6604
- 4. Aperture Bracket OS-8534A
- 5. Spectrophotometer Table
- 6. Rotating Arm
- 7. Collimating Slits and Lens
- 8. Focusing Lens
- 9. Diffraction Grating and Holder
- 10. Optics Bench Rod Clamps (2) ME-9836



CI-6538

CI-6604

PS-2120A PS-2176















### The Spectrophotometer Accessory Kit (OS-8537) includes

- 5. Spectrophotometer Table
- 6. Rotating Arm
- 7. Collimating Slits and Lens
- 8. Focusing Lens
- 9. Diffraction Grating and Holder
- 10. Optics Bench Rod Clamps (2) ME-9836

Note: The open design of this spectrophotometer accessory is ideal for education. It is not intended for industrial or research applications.

### Order Information

**Educational Spectrophotometer System** PASPORT......OS-8450 ScienceWorkshop ......OS-8539 Educational Spectrophotometer Accessory Kit ......OS-8537 For use with PASPORT Sensors, see the Atomic Spectra experiment EX-5546 on page 369. For adjusting height of optics bench to your light source: Round Base with Rod.....ME-8270

600 lines/mm SE-9358

**High-Quality Grating** 

The 600 lines/mm grating is strongly blazed in the first order. It has excellent resolving power and produces bright, sharp spectral lines for spectrometer labs or for projecting spectra in lecture demonstrations.



**Order Information** 

High-Quality Grating 600 lines ...... SE-9358

275

p. 177

# Spectrophotometer

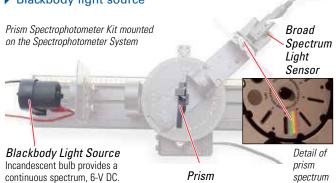
# **Prism Spectrophotometer Kit**

OS-8544

▶ High-quality prism



▶ Blackbody light source



Dense flint glass,

60 degrees

4.0 2.0 0.0 1000 1500 2000 wavelength (nm) Black Body

The classic textbook diagram of the intensity versus wavelength blackbody curves can be produced with real data. In this graph, the peak wavelength in the blackbody curve shifts as the source temperature is lowered.

Using this prism spectrophotometer, students can scan the spectrum of a "blackbody", plot the intensity versus wavelength, and change the temperature of the blackbody to see the shift in the peak wavelength.

This spectrophotometer uses a prism to disperse the light instead of a diffraction grating. This allows the infrared to be seen without overlapping the second order visible spectral lines. The sensor has a linear response to all wavelengths within its range, so the actual intensity of the light in the blackbody spectrum is detected. Designed to be used with the Spectrophotometer System described on pages 288-289.



# Includes • Prism

- Mount
- IR Filter
- Blackbody Light Source (OS-8542)

See Blackbody Radiation Experiment on page 327.

Prism Spectrophotometer Kit  OR components of the system may be ordered		
Blackbody Light Source	.OS-8542	
Mounted Prism	.OS-8543	
Required for experiment:		
Broad Spectrum Light Sensor	PS-2150	p. 49
Spectrophotometer System	.OS-8539	
850 Universal Interface		. p. 12
PASCO Capstone		. pp. 18-20
Replacement Supplies:		
Replacement Bulbs (10 pack)	.SE-8509	

# **Spectrometer**

Telescope

# **Student Spectrometer**

SP-9268A

Wide aperture optics

Precision vernier: resolves one minute of arc

Durable and precise

Custom Prism/ Grating Table

Threaded holes and engraved reference lines for accurate component placement

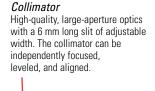
High-quality, large-aperture optics plus a 15x Ramsden eyepiece with a crosshair graticule. The telescope can be independently focused and aligned.

### Vernier Scale

For precision measurements

### Precision-Ground Bearinas

The main bearings are ground as a single unit, so the movement is exceptionally smooth with virtually no backlash. This is essential for precise positioning.





Durable Construction

Heavy aluminum castings provide a stable base for delicate measurements and ensure long-term durability.



Magnifier For reading the Vernier Scale



- ▶ Resolution to 1 Minute of Arc: The 127 mm diameter, precision-engraved degree plate is complemented by two precision-engraved verniers, one on each side of the instrument for convenient reading.
- ▶ Wider Aperture Optics: 32 mm wide apertures on the telescope and collimator provide more light for brighter and sharper images.
- ▶ Rack and Pinion Focusing: On both the telescope and the collimator, so focusing is easier and more precise.
- ▶ Rotating Table: For greater flexibility in measurements. Turn the table by hand for coarse adjustments. Use the fine lead screw for delicate adjustments.



Dense Flint

Glass Prism

with Holder

The Vernier Scale resolves angle measurements within 1 minute of arc.

Student Spectrometer	SP-9268A
Recommended:	
Spectral Light Sources	p. 278

# **Spectral Light Sources**

# **Mercury Light Source**

SE-6608

This bright mercury light source is perfect for studying spectra with the Educational Spectrophotometer (OS-8539). It is also used with the Photoelectric Effect experiment (SE-6609 and EX-5549A) and mounts on the extruded track in that experiment.





### Includes

- Mercury Light Source Housing
- Power Supply
- Mercury Lamp (SE-6597)

### Order Information

Mercury Light Source ......SE-6608
Replacement Supplies:
Replacement Mercury Lamp ......SE-6597

# **Spectral Tube Power Supply and Mount**

SE-9460

This system is easy-to-use and inexpensive, with a variety of safety features that make it suitable for beginning labs. Mount any of the eight different spectral tubes into the power supply and turn it on. The 26 cm long tubes are capillary-thin over the middle 10 cm, providing sharp, bright spectra.

#### **Features**

### **▶** Student Safety:

The tubes mount from the front of the supply and snap into molded sockets that fully enclose the conductive ends. The all-metal case is electrically grounded.

### ▶ Spectral Tube Safety:

A current limiting transformer protects the tubes. A protective shield also helps safeguard the tubes, while blocking unwanted ambient light for clear viewing.

### ▶ Power Requirements:

115/220 VAC, 50/60 Hz.



Power Supply and Mount

### **Order Information**

Spectral Tube Power Supply ....... SE-9460

# **Spectral Tubes**

- Argon
- Carbon Dioxide
- **▶** Helium
- Hydrogen
- **▶** Krypton
- Mercury
- Neon
- Water Vapor

These spectral tubes are designed for use in the Spectral Tube Power Supply and Mount at the left.



Spectral Tubes:	
Argon	SE-9463
Carbon Dioxide	SE-9464
Helium	SE-9462
Hydrogen	SE-9461
Krypton	SE-9465
Mercury	SE-9466
Neon	SE-9467
Water Vapor	SE-9468

# **Diode Laser – Basic Optics**

OS-8525A (Red) OS-8458B (Green)

These diode lasers fit on the Basic Optics Benches (OS-8505 and OS-8541) and the Dynamics Track Optics Carriage (OS-8472).



CLASS 2 LASER PRODUCT LASER LIGHT – DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM

### Specifications

Output Power: <1 mW

Wavelength: 650 nm (OS-8525A)

515 nm (OS-8458B)

Power Supply: 9-V adapter (included)

### Order Information

Diode Laser – Red ...... OS-8525A Diode Laser – Green ..... OS-8458B

# **Laser Pointers**

SE-9716C (Red)



CLASS II LASER PRODUCT LASER RADIATION – AVOID DIRECT EYE EXPOSURE

### **Specifications**

Source: Laser diode

**Power:** 5 mW max. (class II) **Wavelength:** 645 nm (red pointer)

532 nm (green pointer)

Battery: Alkaline AAA (2 included)

**Dimensions:** 143 mm x 12.7 mm (red pointer)

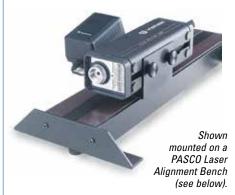
151 mm x 13.5 mm (green pointer)

### Order Information

Red Laser Pointer .....SE-9716C Green Laser Pointer .....SE-8805A

# Mini Laser w/Bracket

OS-8514



CLASS II LASER PRODUCT LASER RADIATION – DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM OR VIEW DIRECTLY WITH OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS

This 0.5 mW Helium Neon Laser is ideal for use with the PASCO Advanced Optics System. It includes a mounting bracket that attaches to the PASCO magnetic optics bench and permits adjustment of the laser beam in the *x* and *y* axes.

The aperture has a 15.8 mm (5/8") receptacle for mounting beam spreaders or spatial filters. An AC adapter is included, but the unit can be powered with any power source providing 0.7 A at 12 VDC.

#### **Specifications**

Output: 0.5 mW min.
Wavelength: 632.8 nm
Polarization: Random
Power: 115/220 VAC. 50/60 Hz

**OWEL** 113/220 VAC, 30/00 11

### Order Information

Mini Laser – with Bracket ...... OS-8514

# **Laser Alignment Bench**



This Laser Alignment Bench connects to the Optics Bench with the included couplers. It leaves the full one-meter length of the Optics Bench free for experimental work.

### Order Information

Laser Alignment Bench ...... OS-9172

# **Modulated Laser (1.5 mW)**

SE-9449A

This Helium Neon Laser has two advantages over the other lasers:

- 1.5 mW: The extra power makes laser experiments and demonstrations brighter (and often easier). It's especially useful for holography. A shorter exposure time can be used to minimize problems with vibrations.
- 2. Modulation: Connect a microphone to this laser, and students can transmit voice through the laser beam to a distant receiver.

Or use this laser as a laser stroboscope for timing.

**Note:** Additional equipment, not available from PASCO, is required for laser communication experiments.



CLASS IIIa LASER PRODUCT LASER RADIATION – DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM

### **Specifications**

Wavelength: 632.8 nm

Power: 1.5 mW min., 3.5 mW max.

**Beam Diameter:** 0.49 mm **Beam Divergence:** 1.65 mRad **Housing Size:** 32.8 x 7.2 x 7.4 cm

Modulation Range: 85-100% of full power Input Signal Frequency: 50 Hz-600 kHz ( $\pm 3$  dB); miniature phone jack accepts audio input signals at 100 mV peak-to-peak and 60 kΩ

impedance

**Transmission Range:** Effective up to several hundred feet; with a good collimator and detector, transmissions up to several thousand feet are possible

Power: 115 VAC, 60 Hz (not available in 220 V)

#### Order Information

1.5 mW Modulated Laser ......SE-9449A

# **Convex Mirror**

SE-7574

# **Concave Mirror**

SE-7573

Virtual and real images are formed with these large, curved mirrors. Diameter is 60 cm. Stand is included.



### **Order Information**

Demonstration Convex Mirror.....SE-7574 Demonstration Concave Mirror.....SE-7573

## **Prisms**

These prisms are made of high quality optical glass.

Equilateral Prism: 30 x 30 mm sides; 50 mm long

Right-Angle Prism: 23 x 32 mm sides;

50 mm long



Equilateral



### Order Information

Equilateral Prism...... SE-9021A Right-Angle Prism......SE-9022A

# Ray Optics Kit

OS-8516A



#### **Includes**

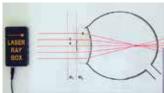
- Double-Convex Lens
- Double-Concave Lens
- Rhomboid
- Eye-Dropper
- Triangular mirror accessory with concave, convex, and plane reflective surfaces
- Hollow lens to fill with a liquid or use as an air lens.

### Order Information

# Ray Optics Laser System

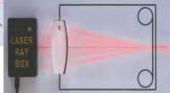
SF-8506

- No need to dim the lights
- Wide variety of optical components
- ▶ Templates simulate real-world optical devices



The laser rays are focused in front of the retina by the myopic lens used with the human eye template.

CLASS 2 LASER PRODUCT LASER LIGHT – DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM



The laser rays are redirected by the converging lens and focused on the "film" of the camera template.

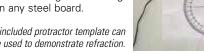
This demonstrations optics set uses a Laser Ray Box that has bright, well-defined rays because it uses lasers rather than an incandescent light source. The Laser Ray Box projects five parallel laser beams onto any flat surface. It contains five 1 mW diode lasers (wavelength 635 nm). The laser beams are spread out into clearly visible lines by cylindrical lenses inside the box.

The ray box has a magnetic back for mounting on any steel board. The unit is powered by an included AC adapter.

This exceptional optics set includes six magnetically-backed templates that have guidelines showing where to put components to perform different demonstrations, including:

- ▶ Modeling the human eye and eyeglasses
- How a camera works
- Two types of telescopes
- Spherical aberration
- Refraction and reflection

Each component has a magnetic backing for mounting on any steel board.



The included protractor template can be used to demonstrate refraction.



# **Specifications for Laser Ray Box**

Dimensions: 11 cm x 6 cm x 2 cm Laser Ray Separation: 1.8 cm

Power Adapter: 3 VDC, 300 mA (included)

Wavelength: 635 nm

#### **Includes**

- Laser Ray Box
- Laser Ray Mask
- Double-convex lenses (4)
- Double-concave lens
- Plano-concave lens
- "D" lenses (4.5 cm and 7.5 cm radius) (2)
- Plane, convex, and concave mirrors
- Right-angle prism
- Rectangle (6 cm x 10 cm)
- Optical fiber (2 cm x 20 cm)
- Templates (6)
- Steel whiteboard (56.5 cm x 41.5 cm)
- Most components are 10 cm tall and 1.7 cm thick.

Ray Optics Laser System	SE-8506
Laser Ray Box (alone)	SE-8505

# **FLIR C3 Thermal Imaging Camera**

SE-7128A

- "See" into the infrared
- Simultaneously record visible and infrared snapshots
- Stream video using FLIR tools
- ▶ Record infrared movies in PASCO Capstone
- Determine temperatures from color coding
- WiFi enabled

Extend your students' world into the infrared with this full-featured, pocket-sized thermal camera. This infrared camera takes two pictures at once: one in the visible spectrum and one in the infrared. An outline of the visible image is superimposed on the colorized infrared picture for reference. In addition to the color temperature scale there is a digital readout of the temperature. All of this is offered at a special educator's price.

#### Consider these activities:

- Check light transmission through different media: Visible light easily passes through acrylic: IR doesn't. Visible light is not readily transmitted through black balloons, but they are transparent in the IR, as are silicon wafers, and black plastic garbage bags.
- Slide a block on the table. We always tell our students that the energy is dissipated as heat.
- Look at your infrared reflection in a white board.
- Record infrared video in PASCO Capstone and sync to data from thermal experiments.
- ▶ Take off your shoes and follow your footsteps by looking at your infrared footprints.
- Evaluate different types of insulation.

Measure the temperature of ice water.

Beakers of water with different temperatures (as measured with the camera) come to some easily predictable temperature when mixed together.

### **Key Features**

- 1. Light, slim profile
- 2. Bright 3" touchscreen
- 3. Built-in LED work light and flash
- 4. Big snapshot button stores thermal. visible and visible overlay in each JPEG
- 5. Easy-access on-off button powers up fast
- 6. USB Micro-B file transfer and data streaming
- 7. Visible camera
- 8. Thermal camera

### **Specifications**

3" Touchscreen

IR Sensor: 80 x 60 pixels Digital Camera: 640 x 480 pixels

Temperature reading at each of the 4,800 pixels

Temperature range: -10°C to 150°C

**Accuracy:** ±2°C or 2%, whichever is greater

Onboard memory stores 500 sets of ipeg images

USB Micro-B connector

WiFi

Rechargeable Li-ion polymer battery with

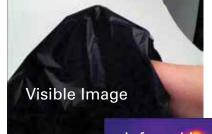
2 h operating time

Weight: 0.13 kg (0.29 lb)

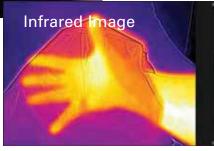
Size: (L x W x H): 12.5 x 8.0 x 2.4 cm

Warranty: 2-year warranty on parts and labor

10-year warranty on detector



The FLIR takes simultaneous visible and infrared images of a hand inside a black garbage bag.





heated block (TD-8580A) appears black in visible light, but glows brightly in infrared. This is an example of cavity radiation.

### **Includes**

- FLIR C3 thermal imaging camera
- Tripod mount
- Power supply/charger
- USB cable
- · Research IR software
- · Access to FLIR education content with lectures, experiments, and teacher guides

#### Order Information

FLIR C3 Thermal

Imaging Camera.....SE-7128A



# Interferometry

# **Introductory Michelson Interferometer**

OS-8501

#### Micrometer-controlled mirror movement

- Precision, front-surface optics
- Good quality, low price

This interferometer is a precision instrument for the introductory lab. It's easier to use, more compact, and less expensive than PASCO's advanced interferometer (see page 297).

It's capable of measuring the wavelength of monochromatic light with an accuracy of better than 5%. The Michelson Interferometer can also be used for making precise measurements of the index of refraction of air.

#### **Features**

#### **▶** Smooth Mirror Movement:

Uses a taut-band mirror movement similar to PASCO's more expensive interferometer, providing smooth movement with minimal backlash.

#### ▶ Built-in Micrometer:

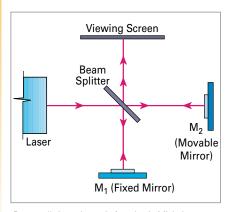
Measures mirror movement to a fraction of a micron.

### Easy Setup:

Especially easy with a laser and a PASCO Optics Bench. If a laser is unavailable, a spectral light source can be used.

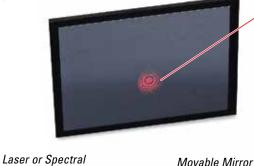
### Complete Manual:

Manual includes illustrated setup instructions, a detailed discussion of basic Michelson interferometry, plus two copy-ready experiments (measure the wavelength of monochromatic light, and measure the index of refraction of air). To download the manual, search for OS-8501 at pasco.com



Beam-splitting schematic for a basic Michelson Interferometer.

The Introductory Michelson Interferometer provides precision interferometry at an economical price (laser and screen not included).



Beam Splitter (50% transmittance) Taut-Band Mirror

Front surface

aluminized mirrors

demonstration.

Diffraction Pattern

May be viewed nearby or, if a laser is used, can be projected on a wall for a classroom

Suspension For minimal backlash

> Precision Lever Arm Permits ±5% accuracy on wavelength measurement

> > Fine Pitch

Micrometer Screw

Fixed Mirror Two-axis adjustable mirror for easy alignment

### **Optics Bench**

Light Source

(not included)

Note: While the interferometer is designed to be used with the Optics Bench of the Advanced Optics System OS-9103, it can also be used without the PASCO Optics Bench.

#### **Includes**

- Michelson Interferometer
- Gas Cell
- Collimating Lens (18.4 mm focal length)
- · Lens Holder
- Storage Case
- Manual

## Order Information

Introductory Michelson Interferometer ......OS-8501

Recommended:

w/Bracket...... OS-8514 p. 279

Hand-Operated Vacuum Pump w/Gauge...... 0S-8502

# **Hand-Operated Vacuum Pump**

Heavy 9.5 mm thick aluminum

OS-8502

Base Plate

This Hand-Operated Vacuum Pump with Gauge is required to measure the index of refraction of air using the Introductory Michelson Interferometer.



### Order Information

Hand-Operated Vacuum Pump.......OS-8502

Fabry-Perot

Interferometry:

Two parallel, partially reflecting mirrors

# **Complete Interferometer System with Laser**

OS-9258B

Three modes: Michelson, Fabry-Perot, Twyman-Green

▶ Large precision optics

▶ 5 kg machined aluminum base

No study of interferometry should overlook the historical importance of the Michelson interferometer. Yet in the laboratory, the Fabry-Perot and Twyman-Green interferometers can be more important tools: the first for high-resolution spectroscopy, the second for resting and producing optical components with aberrations that can be measured in fractions of a wavelength.

The PASCO Interferometer is a highprecision, movable-mirror interferometer that can be used to perform Michelson, Fabry-Perot, and Twyman-Green interferometry. Mirrors are attached with thumbscrews, so it's easy to set up and change configurations.

The PASCO Interferometer can be ordered in a variety of systems. The Precision Interferometer can be operated in either the Michelson or Fabry-Perot modes. The Complete Interferometer Systems also contain components for the Twyman-Green mode and a vacuum pump for the refractive index of air experiment. The Systems Component List shows the contents of each system.

#### **Features**

- ▶ Stable: The massive (5 kg) base is machined from a single block of aluminum, ensuring extremely stable optics.
- ▶ Smooth Mirror Movement: With the taut-band suspension system, there's no starting or stopping friction and virtually no backlash (less than 0.5 micron).
- ▶ Precise Measurements: Mirror control is extremely fine—one micron per division of the micrometer head. The mirrors and beam-splitter are flat to 1/4 wavelength to ensure uniform interference patterns.
- ▶ Larger Optics: The 3.2 cm (1 1/4") diameter optics in the PASCO Interferometer produce larger and sharper interference patterns for better experimental results.
- ▶ Complete: The Precision Interferometer includes everything necessary to perform basic Michelson and Fabry-Perot interferometry.

### Order Information



#### Add the Accessories Kit (OS-9256A)

(included in the Complete Interferometer System) to:

- ▶ Demonstrate that cross-polarized beams will not interfere
- Measure lens irregularities in Twyman-Green Mode

Measure the indices of refraction for air and glass. The indices of refraction for user-supplied materials can also be measured.

Note: The fitted case will hold all components and accessories except the 5 kg base, which must be stored separately.

A. OS-9258B Complete Interferometer System with Laser	<ul><li>B. OS-9255A Precision Interferometer</li><li>C. OS-9256A Interferometer Accessories King</li></ul>			
Systems Component List		Α	В	С
Machined base— 5 kg		1	1	
Three-point adjustable mirror		1	1	
Mounted beam-splitter		1	1	
Mounted movable mirror		1	1	
Accessory mounts		3	2	1
Viewing screen OS-9138		1	1	
Diffuser OS-9120		1	1	
Double convex lens (18 mm) OS-9132		1	1	
Compensator lens		1	1	
Fitted case		1	1	
Vacuum pump with gauge OS-8502		1		1
Gas cell		1		1
Calibrated polarizer OS-9109		2		2
Glass plate OS-9128		1		1
Rotating component holder		1		1
Twyman-Green lenses OS-9133, OS-9132		2		2
Mini laser with bracket OS-8514		1		
Laser alignment bench OS-9172		1		
Instruction manual		1	1	

# Microwave Optics

# **Basic System**

WA-9314C

# **Advanced System**

WA-9316A

Durable construction

Parts are made of stainless steel or die-cast aluminum.

> Ethafoam® Prism with Styrene Pellets Used for refraction of microwaves.

> > Rotating 18 cm High Mounts The transmitter and receiver rotate through a full 360° and minimize tabletop reflections.

### The Microwave Optics Advantage

The large 3 cm wavelength makes it easy to understand and visualize electromagnetic wave interactions. Interference and diffraction slits are several centimeters wide, and polarizers are slotted sheets of stainless steel.

The heart of the Microwave Optics System is the Gunn Diode Transmitter and receiver. The transmitter is a low voltage source of linearly polarized microwaves (10.5 GHz, 15 mW). The receiver has a built-in amplifier, as well as a variable sensitivity scale, ensuring accurate data for even the lowest intensity measurements.

Diffraction Slit

Hardware

### The WA-9314C Basic Microwave Optics System includes

- Gunn Diode Transmitter with mounting stand
- · Receiver with built-in amplifier and mounting stand
- Goniometer with fixed and rotatable arms and degree scale
- Fixed-arm assembly for interferometer experiments
- Component holders: two standard, one rotating
- Rotating table
- Reflectors: two full reflectors (metal), two partial reflectors (wood)
- Polarizers (2)
- Diffraction slit hardware
- Prism (Ethafoam) with styrene pellets
- AC adapter
- Laboratory manual with 12 experiments

### The WA-9316B Advanced Microwave Optics System Includes

- Basic Microwave Optics System (WA-9314C)
- Microwave Accessory Package (WA-9315)

#### Order Information

Basic Microwave Optics System.....WA-9314C Advanced Microwave Optics System.....WA-9316A Recommended:

The microwave transmitter and receiver assemblies may be purchased separately:

Microwave Transmitter......WA-9801 Microwave Receiver.....WA-9800A Microwave Mounting Stand (two needed).....WA-9802

# Microwave Detector Probe

Magnetic Mounting

All components mount

magnetically.

Gunn Diode

Transmitter A stable, low-voltage

source of linearly

polarized microwaves

(10.5 GHz, 15 mW).

WA-9319A

Investigate the nodes and antinodes in standing wave patterns with this microwave probe. It plugs directly into the (WA-9800A) receiver.

Not compatible with older versions of the receiver.

# Order Information

Microwave Detector Probe .....

WA-9319A

Long-Arm

Goniometer Built-in degree and millimeter scales.

Receiver (WA-9800A) with Built-In Amplifier

# **Microwave** Accessory **Package**

WA-9315

(included in the WA-9316A Advanced System)

Includes a polyethylene panel for measuring Brewster's angle and a simulated crystal for Bragg diffraction experiments. The crystal is a cubic lattice of 100 metal spheres in a 5 x 5 x 4 array, mounted in plastic foam.

#### Order Information

Microwave Accessory Package .......WA-9315



**USB** 

connection

# **FLIR C3 Thermal Imaging Camera**

- "See" into the infrared
- Simultaneously record visible and infrared snapshots
- ▶ Stream video using FLIR tools
- ▶ Record infrared movies in PASCO Capstone
- ▶ Determine temperatures from color coding
- WiFi enabled





Record infrared movies in PASCO Capstone. The FLIR camera connects to a USB port or WiFi and streams images with temperature readings in Capstone. Please see page 281 for details.

### Order Information

FLIR C3 Thermal Imaging Camera..... SE-7128A

# **USB Camera Microscope**

PS-2343

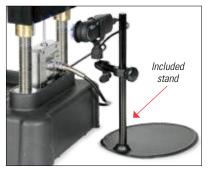
- Use as web camera
- ▶ Optical zoom from 1x to 60x
- ▶ Built-in LED lights

Light intensity **Focus** Built-in LED lights

The versatile USB Microscope Camera is ideal for a variety of applications in the science classroom. Its dual functionality means it can take pictures just like a digital camera, but it can also magnify like a microscope when it's up close to a specimen. It is especially useful when studying things such as crystalline structure. And you can use it to take pictures showing lab setups, such as what materials look like before and after an experiment has been performed.

#### **How It Works**

Used with the video and image capture features in PASCO Capstone. Magnification of specimens can be done by adjusting the dial located on the front of the camera.



Shown in use with ME-8236 Materials Testing Machine (see page 144). As the tensile sample is being stretched, the force versus time data is graphed in sync with the movie.

See the USB Camera Microscope in use with the Universal Gravitational Constant Experiment (EX-5550) on page 317.

### Includes

- Camera
- Microscope
- Stand

### Order Information

USB Camera Microscope...... PS-2343 Suggested Base Supports:

Flex Rod ......ME-8978A Small "A" Base ......ME-8976 Aluminum Clamp ......ME-8995 p. 179

# **USB** Digital Video Flex®

SE-7235A



Digital signal for crisp, clear images

1920 x 1080



No external power supply is required, as the camera is powered by the computer through the USB connection. The delivery is complete with a 28 mm microscope adapter, Discovery Scope Kit, Applied Vision software, and carrying case. The USB cable is pre-attached to the camera.

play and editing of pictures and videos. The

lens can be focused from 6 mm to infinity,

allowing magnification up to 50x for macro-

### **Specifications**

Light Sensitivity: 20 lux

and micro-photography.

Sensor: CMOS

Output/Interface: Digital / USB 2.0 **Exposure:** Software controlled Output Resolution: HD 1080P **Pixel Count:** 1920 x 1080 Real-Time Video: Up to 30 frames

per second Lens: 8 mm HD interchangeable

C-mount, glass

Focal Distance: 1/4" (6 mm) to infinity

Magnification: 50:1

Eyepiece Adapter: 34.5 mm built-in,

and 28 mm

Power Supply: via USB

Cable Length: USB connecting cable,

approx. 1.5 m pre-fixed Gooseneck: 65 cm length

**Base:** 7" x 7" x 7" / 180 x 180 x 180 mm,

polycarbonate

Weight: 10 lbs / 4.55 kg Height: 30" / approx. 76 cm

### Order Information

USB Digital Video Flex .....SE-7235A

# **Electron Charge**

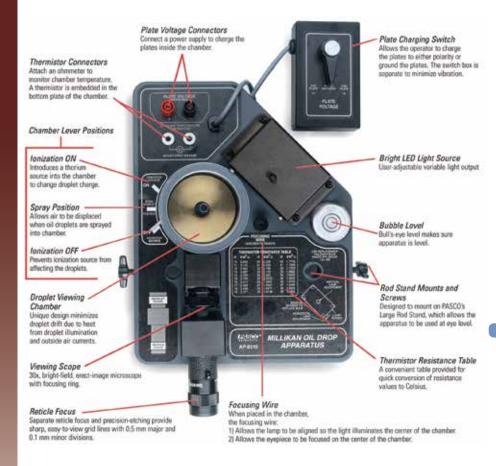
# Millikan Oil Drop Apparatus

AP-8210A

- Nobel prize-quality physics in the student lab
- Ionization source for changing droplet charge
- ▶ Measures the charge of an electron to within ±3%

The Millikan Oil Drop Experiment is one of the most popular experiments in undergraduate physics for several reasons:

- ▶ The experimental principle is straightforward and easy to understand
- It measures a fundamental atomic constant using a method that won its originator, Robert Millikan, the Nobel Prize
- ▶ The observation of the effects of one or more electrons upon oil drops in an electric field provides a striking demonstration of the quantized nature of electricity



Clear droplet observation and low droplet drift are essential for success with Millikan's classic experiment. PASCO's apparatus uses a pre-aligned optical system and special condenser to achieve these conditions.

Accuracy in the Oil Drop Experiment depends on the student's ability to precisely measure all the variables involved: plate voltage, plate separation, time and distance of droplet rise and fall, temperature, oil density, etc. Extreme care taken in the design and manufacture of this unit ensures that the student's best efforts will be rewarded with more accurate results. Typically, a careful student can achieve results within 3% or less of the accepted value.



The Millikan Oil Drop Apparatus mounted on a rod stand for easy, eye-level viewing

### **Specifications**

Maximum Plate Voltage: 500 VDC

**Light Source:** Cool LED **Reticle Line Separation:** 0.5 mm major divisions 0.1 mm minor divisions

Plate Spacing: 7.62 mm Plate Diameter: 60 mm



### Includes

- Millikan Oil Drop Apparatus with Switch
- Non-volatile Oil and Atomizer
- 12 VAC Lamp Power Adapter

### **Order Information**

Millikan Oil Drop Apparatus.....AP-8210A Required: Basic Digital Multimeter (2) ..... SE-9786A p. 241 High Voltage Power Supply ......SF-9585A Recommended: For mounting unit at eye level on a standard lab table: Large Rod Base.....ME-8735 n. 176 45 cm Steel Rod (2).... ME-8736 p. 176 Complete System: Charge of an Electron.....EX-9929A p. 334

Replacement Part:

4 oz. Bottle Mineral Oil (qty. 4)..... AP-8211

Millikan LED

Light Source.....AP-8212

### **Electron Charge-to-Mass Ratio System**

SE-9629

- ▶ Sharp, clearly visible electron beam
- Phosphorescent mirrored scale eliminates parallax errors
- ▶ Tube rotates for general study of electrons in a magnetic field

In 1897, J. J. Thomson showed that the mysterious cathode rays were actually negatively charged particles—he had discovered the electron. In the same year he measured the charge-to-mass ratio of the electron, providing the first measurement of one of the fundamental constants of the universe.

The Charge-to-Mass Ratio System reproduces one version of Thomson's landmark experiment, providing an accurate measurement of the charge-to-mass ratio of the electron. And, since the electron tube can be rotated through 90°, students can also make a more general study of the behavior of electrons in a magnetic field.

This apparatus also has deflection plates, so students can study the effect of an electric field on moving electrons.



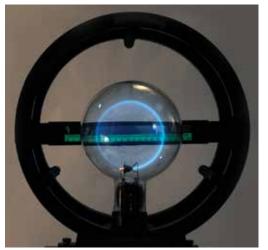
Complete Charge-to-Mass Ratio System includes the power supplies, which can also be used in other experiments (such as Franck-Hertz experiment, see page 303).

### **How It Works**

A large, helium-filled electron tube is mounted between a pair of Helmholtz coils. The tube contains an electron gun, which generates a focused beam of electrons. A measured current is applied to the Helmholtz coils so that the magnitude of the magnetic field within the electron tube can be calculated. A measured accelerating potential (V) is then applied to the electron gun. The magnetic field (B) deflects the electron beam in a circular path with a radius (r) that is measured using the illuminated mm scale. From these measured values, the charge-to-mass ratio of the electron is calculated:

 $e/m = 2V/B^2r^2$ .

(The details of the calculations are fully described in the manual.)



Fluorescent scale shows behind the electron beam in a dark room.

### **Specifications**

Hemholtz Coil Radius: 16 cm Number of Turns: 130 Maximum Current: 3.5 A Filament Voltage: 6.3 VAC Acceleration Voltage: 0 - 200 V Tube Diameter: 15.5 cm

For more information about power supplies, see page 236.

# Electron Charge-to-Mass Ratio System (SE-9629) includes:

- Helmholtz Coils without tube (SE-9626)
- e/m Tube (SE-9651)
- Tunable DC (Constant Current) Power Supply (SE-9622)
- Tunable DC (Constant Voltage) Power Supply II (SE-9644)
- Red and Black Patch Cords

Electron Charge-to-Mass Ratio System	SE-9629
If you already have power supplies, you will need:	
Helmholtz Coils (without tube)	SE-9626
e/m Tube	SE-9651
Replacement Parts:	
e/m Tube (for SE-9629)	SE-9651

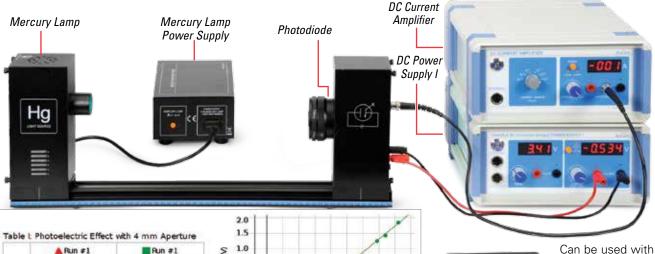
### **Photoelectric Effect System**

SE-6609

- ▶ Find Planck's Constant to within 5%
- Verify the stopping voltage is independent of intensity
- Find characteristics of photodiode

The Photoelectric Effect System is used to perform the photoelectric experiment, determining Planck's Constant to within 5%. This apparatus uses the conventional method of determining Planck's Constant. The metal plate in the photodiode is illuminated with various frequencies of light, selected from a mercury lamp using filters. The voltage is then adjusted to stop the photoelectric current. The stopping voltage is plotted versus the frequency and Planck's Constant is determined from the slope of the graph.

The concept that the stopping voltage does not change with light intensity is tested using the various apertures that vary the light intensity by partially blocking the light.



A Run #1 Frequency x 10<sup>14</sup> Stopping Voltage (1-12) 1 8.214 1.835 2 7,408 1.428 3 1 248 6.879 4 5.490 0.671 5 5.196 0.551

Stopping Voltage 0.5 0.0 Linear Curve Fit -0.5 mx+b -1.0m = 0.42 -1.5 b = -1.638=1.00 -2.0

Aperture

. Selection

Ring

Filter

Wheel

the 850 Interface (UI-5000, see p. 10) and PASCO Capstone See the complete experiment on page 355.

> Power Supply and Current Amplifier specs: See page 236.

For the typical sample data shown, the graph of stopping voltage versus frequency gives a slope of 4.2 x 10<sup>-15</sup> V·s. This results in a value for Planck's Constant of 6.7 x 10<sup>-34</sup> J·s, which is 1.3% above the accepted value. Graph generated using PASCO Capstone™ Software and 850 Interface.

The filters and the apertures are built into the front of the photodiode case, making it easy to keep clean and eliminating the need for a separate storage box. To change the aperture size in order to investigate the affect of different light intensities, simply pull outward on the aperture ring and rotate it to a different aperture. The filter wheel rotates independently of the aperture ring to select different frequencies of light. The wheel clicks into place, assuring that the filter is aligned with the aperture.

### SE-6609 includes:

• Basic Photoelectric Effect (SE-6614)

• DC Current Amplifier (SE-6621) • DC Power Supply I (SE-6615)

### SE-6614 includes:

- Mercury Light Source with Hg Tube (SE-6608) see page 292
- Photodiode enclosure with tube and track and cables

### **Specifications**

**Current Amplifier** 

Measuring Range: 10-8 to 10-13 A, in six ranges

Voltage Output for Photoelectric Tube

Voltage Adjustment: -4.5 V to 0 V and -4.5 V to +30 V (two ranges), 4 digit display.

Photoelectric Tube

Spectral Response Range: 300-700 nm

Anode: nickel ring **Optical Filters** 

Five Filters with Central Wavelengths: 365.0, 404.7, 435.8, 546.1, and 578.0 nm

### Order Information

Photoelectric Effect System ...... SE-6609

If you already have the Power Supply and Amplifier, you will need:

Basic Photoelectric Effect

Apparatus..... SE-6614

Replacement Parts:

Photoelectric Tube with Box Plate .. SE-6612

### **Franck-Hertz Apparatus**

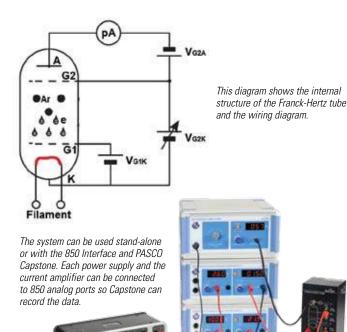
SE-9639

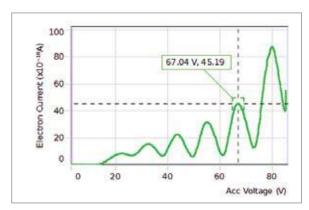
- Uses argon gas so no heating is required
- Digital displays for stand-alone use
- ▶ Can be used with the 850 Interface and PASCO Capstone

850 Universal Interface Connections for Instrument Readout

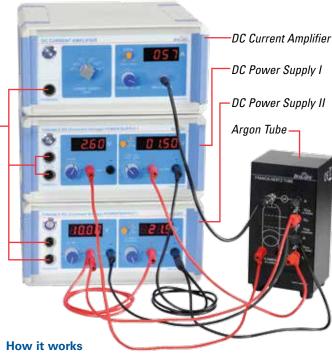
### Introduction

As early as 1914, James Franck and Gustav Hertz discovered in the course of their investigations an energy loss in distinct steps for electrons passing through mercury vapor and a corresponding emission at the ultraviolet line ( $\lambda$ = 254 nm) of mercury. They performed this experiment that has become one of the classic demonstrations of the quantization of atomic energy levels. They were awarded the Nobel Prize for this work in 1925.





The advantage of using Capstone is that students are able to get many more data points compared to manually taking readings from the digital readouts. The peaks and troughs are easily measured using the coordinate tool.



Electrons are accelerated by applying a known potential between two grids inside the argon tube. When an electron has sufficient kinetic energy to excite one of argon's outer orbital electrons and has an inelastic collision with an argon atom, the electron loses a specific amount of kinetic energy. This loss of electron kinetic energy causes a decrease in the electron current in the argon tube. The excited argon electron will within a very short time fall from the excited state back into the ground state level, emitting energy in the form of photons.

As the accelerating voltage is increased, the electrons undergo multiple collisions and the excitation energy of the argon atom can be determined by the differences between the accelerating voltages that cause a decrease in the current. Planck's Constant can be determined.

### **Specifications**

Filling gas: argon

Filament Voltage: ≤6.3 VDC
Accelerating Voltage: ≤100 VDC
Wave crest(or trough) number: 6

Wave crest(or trough) number: 6 Argon Tube Life span: ≤3000 hrs Power supply and current amplifier specs: See page 236.

### Franck-Hertz System (SE-9639) Includes:

- Franck-Hertz Tube Enclosure with Argon Tube (SE-9650)
- Tunable DC (Constant Voltage) Power Supply I (SE-6615)
- Tunable DC (Constant Voltage) Power Supply II (SE-9644)
- DC Current Amplifier (SE-6621)
- Red and Black Patch Cords

### Order Information



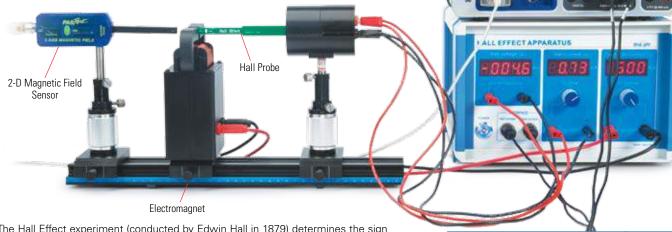
### **Hall Effect Apparatus (n-doped Germanium)**

SE-7260

▶ Variable magnetic field and current

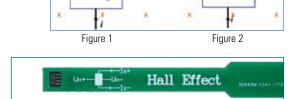
▶ Open design makes current direction clear

▶ Works with 550 or 850 Universal Interface



The Hall Effect experiment (conducted by Edwin Hall in 1879) determines the sign of the charge carriers in current flow. A current can be thought of as a negative charge moving in one direction (Figure 1) or as a positive charge moving in the opposite direction (Figure 2). To determine which it actually is, the semiconductor is immersed in the magnetic field transverse to the direction of flow of current. The moving charge experiences a  $q\overline{v} \times \overline{B}$  force, causing a charge build-up on one side of the semiconductor (creating an electric field), which in turn leads to a  $q\overline{E}$  force. The direction of the electric field will depend on the sign of the charge carriers and the polarity of the Hall voltage across the semiconductor reveals this sign.

The magnitude of the Hall voltage is dependent on the current, the charge carrier density, and the magnitude of the magnetic field. In modern day electronics, the Hall Effect is used to measure the magnitude and direction of magnetic fields.



Universal

550 Interface

The directions of the current and the voltage probe are clearly marked on the probe that holds the semiconductor.

### **PASCO Advantage**

The open design of this Hall Effect apparatus makes it possible for students to see the direction of the current and the magnetic field, enabling them to use the sign of the Hall voltage to deduce the sign of the charge carriers.

### **Specifications**

n-Doped Semiconductor Material: GaAs Hall sensitivity: ≥150 mV/(mA·T)

U-core Electromagnetic Coil (1000 Turns)

Magnet Space: 10 mm

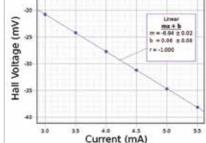
Magnet Field: 0 to 0.065 T (at 1A) Excitation Current: 0 to 1 A DC Hall Voltage: 0 to 1.9999 V

Power Supply Digital Readout for Current, Hall Voltage, and Magnet Current

### **Includes**

- Hall Probe Unit, n-Semiconductor (GaAs)
- Hall Effect Power Supply
- U-Core Electromagnetic Coil
- Track, Length 40 cm
- Optical Carrier (2)
- Adjustable Post Holder with 9 cm Post (2)
- Banana Cords (6)
- Connecting Cables for 550/850 Interface (2)
- Manual

Using the 550 Universal Interface to record data, this plot of the Hall Voltage vs. the Current was made in PASCO Capstone software. In this case, the magnetic field was held constant and the current through the semiconductor was varied.



### Order Information

Hall Effect Apparatus ...... SE-7260

Note: This apparatus can be used manually by reading the digital displays. Measuring the magnetic field requires a sensor or other Tesla meter. This apparatus includes connector cables for an 850 or 550 interface so data collection can be automated.

### Reauired.

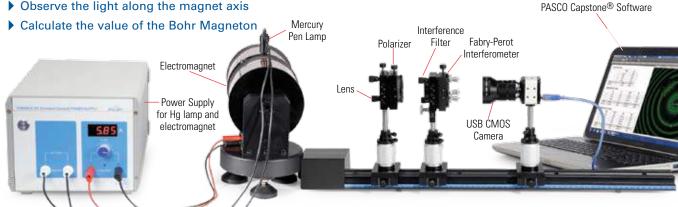
2-Axis Magnetic Field Sensor ......PS-2162 850 or 550 Universal Interface .......UI-5000 or UI-5001 PASCO Capstone Software

### **Zeeman Effect**

SF-9654

▶ Measure the Zeeman Effect with polarization perpendicular and parallel to the field

Observe the light along the magnet axis





End view through the axis of the magnet.



Electromagnet produces over one Tesla.



The vertical position can be adjusted precisely with the fine-adjust mechanism.



Lens and polarizer mount can be adjusted vertically and horizontally.

In this experiment, the student observes the interference pattern from a Fabry-Perot interferometer that results from the 546.1 nm spectral line of a mercury lamp immersed in a uniform magnetic field. The magnetic field is varied from zero to nearly 1 Tesla.

Initially, the light is viewed along an axis perpendicular to the magnetic field axis. A polarizer is used to show the three lines due to light that is polarized parallel to the field axis and to show the six lines that are polarized perpendicular to the field axis. The pattern may also be viewed along the field axis where the light is circularly polarized.

Finally, the pattern that is polarized perpendicular to the field axis is used to calculate the Bohr magneton. All atomic magnetic moments are integral or half-integral multiples of the Bohr magneton.

λ=546.1 nm

110V/220V, 6A

5A, 1.2T, ~ 7.4 mm gap

f=125 mm

10A, 3W

1/3", 2M pixels, f=50 mm, RA=1:4

### **Specifications**

**CMOS Camera and Lens Fabry-Perot Interferometer** Collimating Lens **Mercury Lamp** Electromagnet **Tunable DC Power Supply Precision Adjustable Optical Mount Horizontal Optical Mount** 

Φ45 mm, 2D

 $\Phi$ 45 mm, travel = 36 mm, 2D Track length 600 mm

### **Includes**

- Electromagnet
- Power supply
- Optics
- PASCO Capstone Single User License.

### Order Information

Zeeman Effect	SE-9654	
May be purchased sep	arately:	
Electromagnet	SE-9655	
Tunable DC Power Sup	ply 6A SE-9656	
Optional:		
Tesla Meter	SF-7579	p. 230

Field strength as a function of the current supplied to the magnet is included in a chart. To directly measure field strength, order the optional Tesla Meter (SF-7579).

### **Gravitational Torsion Balance**

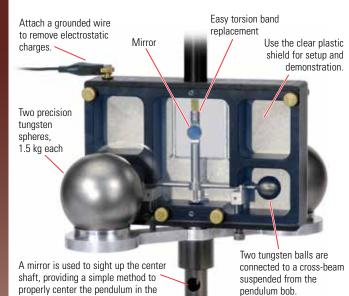
### **Gravitational Torsion Balance**

AP-8215A

- Measure the universal gravitational constant in a single lab period
- Adjustment and locking mechanisms decrease lab setup time
- Torsion band easily replaced

### **Features**

- ▶ View the pendulum bob's position through a mirror in the unit's central shaft. Use the leveling screws in the cast iron base to accurately center the bob.
- A special "U"-shaped groove in the locking mechanism is used to dampen the oscillation of the small lead balls.
- ▶ Easily adjust pendulum height with a single screw.
- ▶ The smooth action of the rotating large tungsten ball support ensures that the balls can be moved easily without disturbing the motion of the small tungsten balls.



### **Specifications**

housing.

Torsion Band: Beryllium copper ribbon, 36 cm long with a

cross section of 0.0178 x 0.15 mm

**Small Masses:** Two tungsten balls of 38 g each **Large Masses:** Two tungsten balls of 1.5 kg each **Period of Oscillation:** Eight minutes (approx.)

Accuracy: 5% (approx.)

### **Includes**

- Torsion Balance Assembly
- Extra Torsion Band (1)
- Large Rod Base ME-8735
- Manual

# Computerized Version:

See the Universal Gravitational Constant experiment (EX-5550) on page 317 for a new video analysis method of tracking the laser beam. Torsion Band Height Adjust

Equilibrium Adjustment Center the pendulum bob arms within the case.

# Torsion Band and Pendulum Assembly

Raise or lower the pendulum from atop the unit. The highly sensitive band (one replacement included) can be easily installed.

### Aluminum Shield

Aluminum shield with optical glass window reduces electrostatic charges.



Gravitational Torsion Balance	AP-8215A	
Required:		
X-Y Adjustable Diode Laser	OS-8526A	
45 cm Steel Rod	ME-8736	p. 176
Large Table Clamp	ME-9472	p. 179
Replacement Supplies:		
Torsion Bands (2 pack) –		
Gravitational Torsion Balance	AP-8218	
Gravitational Balls Replacement Set	AP-8219	

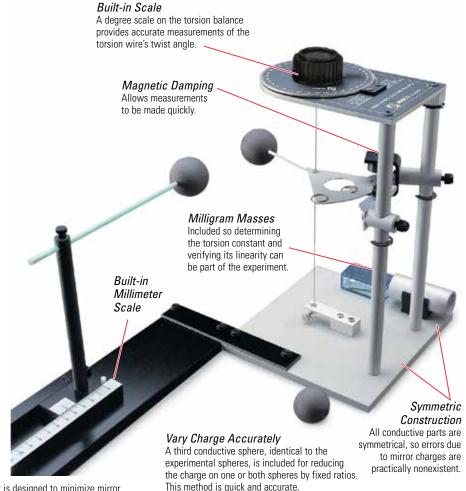
### **Coulomb's Law Apparatus**

ES-9070

- Accurately measure charge, force, and distance
- Symmetric design minimizes stray and mirror charges
- Magnetic damping for quick, accurate measurements

### **How It Works**

A conductive sphere is mounted on the end of an insulating, counterbalanced rod and suspended from a thin torsion wire. An identical sphere is mounted on a calibrated linear track. This second sphere can be positioned at various distances from the first. When the conductive spheres are charged, the force between them is proportional to the twist of the torsion wire that is required to bring the balance back to its equilibrium position. Beginning students can determine the Inverse Square Law in a simple experiment. Advanced students can perform a more sophisticated investigation into all the variables of electrostatic repulsion.



Insulated Track

The calibrated track is designed to minimize mirror charges, which can significantly affect results.

### **Additional Equipment**

To perform a basic experiment, the conductive spheres can be charged with a piezoelectric gun or by contact with a charged rod. This allows the Inverse Square Law to be verified with reasonable accuracy. However, for more accurate and thorough investigations, we strongly recommend the following additional equipment (see ordering information):

- ▶ A Kilovolt Power Supply, which provides a fixed and repeatable charge. The charge can be refreshed before each measurement, which practically eliminates errors due to leakage currents.
- A Basic Electrometer and a Faraday Ice Pail, for accurate measurement of the charge on the spheres (required only if you wish to measure the Coulomb Constant).

### **Specifications**

### **Torsion Balance:**

Torsion Assembly: 38 mm dia. conductive sphere on 12 cm rod with counterbalance vane

**Torsion Wire:** equals 10<sup>-6</sup> Newtons/degree

Degree Plate: 1° increments Magnetic Damping: dampens oscillations

for quick measurements

### Calibrated Linear Track:

Sphere: 38 mm dia. conductive sphere Range of Movement: 350 mm in 1 mm increments

Material: phenolic (to minimize mirror charges)

### Miscellaneous Equipment:

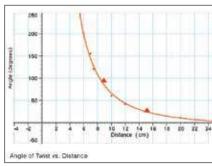
Charging Probe: 17 cm long plus 1.5 m cable; banana plug connector; 200  $\mu\Omega$ internal resistance

Calibration Masses: 50 mg (1), 20 mg (2) Conductive Sphere on Insulating Thread: for reducing charge by fixed ratios Spare Torsion Wire: 3 m

### Shipping Information:

**Size:** 28 x 38 x 61 cm (11 x 15 x 24 in.)

Weight: 9.5 kg, 21 lbs



Actual data of the angle (force) vs. distance

Order Information	
Coulomb's Law ApparatusES-9070	
Recommended:	
Kilovolt Power SupplySF-9586B	p. 234
Basic ElectrometerES-9078A	p. 206
Faraday Ice PailES-9042A	p. 207
Charge ProducersES-9057C	p. 207
Complete System:	
Coulomb's LawEX-9930B	p. 333

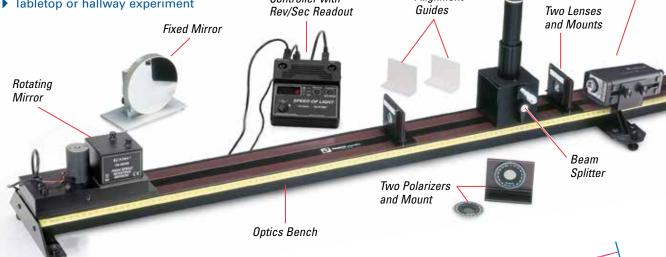
### **Complete Speed of Light Apparatus**

OS-9261B

▶ Classic Foucault Method—accurate to 5%







Speed of Light Apparatus Schematic

Rotating

**High Speed Rotating Mirror with Controller** 

### How It Works - The Foucault Method

- 1. The first observation is made when the rotating mirror is not rotating. Light from a He-Ne laser is reflected from the rotating mirror and focused onto the fixed mirror. The fixed mirror reflects the image back onto the rotating mirror, which in turn reflects the light back through the lenses to reform the image, where it can be observed with the microscope.
- 2. The second observation is made when the rotating mirror is rotating. Since it takes a finite amount of time for the light to traverse the distance between the fixed and rotating mirrors, the rotating mirror is in a slightly different position when the light returns after reflecting off the fixed mirror. This produces a displacement, which can be measured with the microscope.
- 3. The displacement between the first and second observations is proportional to the transit time of the light to the angular velocity of the rotating mirror. With a very straightforward calculation, the speed of light can be calculated.

# OS-9263B Order Information

CLASS II LASER PRODUCT LASER RADIATION – DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM OR VIEW DIRECTLY WITH OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS

Measuring

Microscope

0.5 m W

Laser

FM

Fixed Mirror

Splitter

BS

Microscope

L2

### OS-9261B Includes

- 1 m Optics Bench (OS-9103)
- Laser Alignment Bench (OS-9172)
- Mini Laser with Bracket (OS-8514)
- Double Convex Lens, 48 mm F.L. (OS-9133)
- Plano Convex Lens, 252 mm F.L. (OS-9135)
- Calibrated Polarizer (OS-9109)
- Component Carrier (OS-9107)

### **Order Information**

Complete Speed of Light Apparatus	OS-9261B	
Parts available separately:		
Laser Alignment Bench	OS-9172	p. 279
Mini Laser with Bracket	OS-8514	p. 279
Speed of Light Experiment	EX-9932A	p. 348

High Speed Rotating Mirror with Controller ...... OS-9263B

### **Laser Speed of Light System**

AP-8586



Accurate results

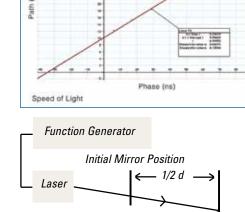


The Laser Speed of Light System is a low cost, yet effective method of measuring the speed of light. While it does not duplicate the classic Foucault Method, its ease of use gives every student the opportunity to perform the experiment.

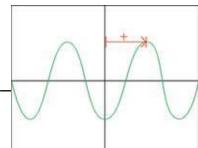
### **How It Works**

A function generator is used to modulate the light from the laser at 3 MHz. This light is then reflected from a mirror and focused onto a light receiver. An oscilloscope is used to observe the modulated light, and the phase of the signal is noted as the baseline value for phase.

The mirror is moved back, increasing the distance that the light travels. Since it takes more time for the light to travel from the laser to the sensor, the phase of the signal on the oscilloscope increases. The phase at each successive mirror position is recorded and compared to the baseline value. The mirror is moved back several more times to get a reasonable number of data points. For each mirror position, the additional path length (d) is graphed versus the phase difference (t).



Light Sensor Mirror Oscilloscope



A linear fit is applied to the data, and the slope of the fit represents  $\Delta d/\Delta t$ , or the speed of light.

### Includes

- Diode Laser, Component Carrier (2)
- +127 mm Lens
- Laser Alignment Bench
- · Light Receiver
- Stainless Steel Mounting Pads (4)
- Concave Mirror
- Coaxial Cable- RCA male to BNC male
- Coaxial Cable- 3.5 mm phone plug to BNC male
- Coaxial Cable- BNC male to male

Laser Speed of Light System	AP-8586
Required:	
Wide Range Function Generator	SB-9549A
Tape Measure (30 m)	SE-8712A
Standard Photo Tripod	
Digital Oscilloscope	SB-9621A

### **Intermediate Nuclear Laboratory System USB**

SN-7900A (Win/Mac)

- Macintosh, Windows, or stand-alone option
- Complete system

PASCO's most sophisticated stand-alone G-M System provides a wide range of experiments with alpha, beta, and gamma radiation. Includes a versatile scaler, a G-M Tube with a mount and trays, and a full set of radioactive sources and absorbers.

### **Features**

- ▶ Preset Timing and Counting Intervals: (in seconds) 1-9, 10-90, 100-900, 1K-9K, 10K-90K, 100K-900K. Intervals are selected using the Preset switch.
- Digital Display: Bright 6-decade digital readout uses extra-large LEDs for clear readout in most ambient light conditions.
- ▶ Built-in Power Supply: 0 to 1200 V for the G-M Probe.

# 3 10 2:05:28

Main screen display from LABLINK software

### **Advanced Scaler/Timer**

The Radiation Counter SN-7902 is a versatile, general purpose Scaler/Timer.

### Sensitive G-M Probe

- ▶ Suitable for alpha, beta, and gamma radiation detection.
- Rugged and versatile mount: made of sturdy plastic for years of rugged use. It comes with one sample holder and 10 shelf positions.

### **Large Variety of Absorbers**

The Absorber Set SN-8111A includes four lead, 10 aluminum sheets, two polyethylene, two plastic, and two aluminum foil absorbers, ranging from 5 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> to 7200 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>



### **Five Radioactive Sources**

1.	Po-210:	0.1 μCi,	138 days,	α
2.	Sr-90:	0.1 μCi,	28.6 years,	β
3.	Co-60:	1 μCi,	5.27 years,	β,γ
4.	Tl-204:	0.25 μCi,	3.78 years,	β,γ
5.	Cs-137:	0.25 μCi,	30.2 years,	β.γ

The five sources are USNRC License Exempt (US only). Outside the US, consult your local laws and regulations.

### **Computer Compatibility**

The bi-directional LABLINK software allows full control of the Radiation Counter from the computer. LABLINK provides real-time display of a simulated analog rate-meter with auto-ranging, digital ratemeter in CPM or CPS, count, elapsed time, preset count, preset time, acquisition time, and run number. Data is loaded into spreadsheetcompatible files.

- 1. SN-7902 Radiation Counter with RADEM and LABLINK software and manual
- 2. SN-7970A G-M Probe (35 mm) and stand
- 3. USB Cable
- 4. SN-8111A Calibrated Absorber Set (20)
- 5. SN-7972A Radioactive Sources (5)
- 6. Two CDs with installation instructions and nuclear science experiments

### Order Information

Intermediate Nuclear Laboratory System, USB ......SN-7900A Required:

Isotope Generator Kit\*... SN-7995A

\*Note: Purchased Sources are "Non-Cancellable" and "Non-Returnable"

See Radioactive Source Disclaimer on the Order

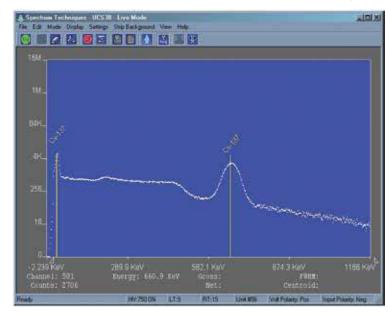
### Advanced Nuclear **Spectroscopy System,** USB

SN-7901B (Windows)

- Sophisticated Spectroscopy system
- Multi-channel analysis

Designed for spectroscopy applications, the Universal Computer Spectrometer (1) offers complete support for standard scintillation detectors together with multi-channel scaling for decay and time-related studies. The multichannel analyzer contains many advanced features, including computer-controlled amplifier and high voltage for G-M tubes, upper- and lower-level discriminators, data memory, and a comprehensive software package.

Main screen display for Universal Computer Spectrometer



### **Features**

- Variable Voltage: A regulated high voltage of 0 to 1280 V is supplied with computer control (1 mA maximum, 5 V increments).
- ▶ Amplifier: On-board combination preamplifier/amplifier for use with scintillation detectors and PMTs.
- ▶ Complete Computer Control: When used in MCA mode, the software provides complete computer control of all features including preset live/real-time, preset count, unlimited regions-of-interest, and centroid, gross, and net area calculations.
- ▶ Multiple Memory Buffers: In addition to on-board hardware data memory, the spectrometer provides three software memory buffers for holding spectra. A background spectrum may be collected over a long counting period and stored in the background buffer.



### **Specifications**

### Hardware:

Physical: Interface card or box includes preamplifier, amplifier, detector high voltage, 1024 channel analyzer with data memory, LLD and ULD

ADC: Wilkinson-type with 80 MHz clock and computer selected conversion gain of 256, 512, or 1024 channels

High Voltage: 0-1280 V, 1 mA maximum Amplifier: Preamplifier/amplifier combination. Computer controlled coarse/ fine gain from x2 to x1000

Modes: MCA for pulse height analysis, or MCS for half-life decay or other time-related studies

### Software:

**Energy Calibration:** 2-point linear or 3-point quadratic converts cursor position reading directly to energy units

Computer Display: Vertical scale adjusts from 32 to 16 M and LOG display. Horizontal 1024 channels with expansion down to 128 channels

ISOMATCH: Isotope library text file with peak markers and labeling for overlaying on spectrum for quick isotope identification. Library may be edited and expanded.

### Includes

- 1. Universal Computer Spectrometer, USB
- 2. Nal (TI) Scintillation Probe
- 3. Gamma Sources (8)
- 4. Connection Cables
- 5. Installation, Instruction, and Experiment CDs (2)

The sources are USNRC License Exempt (US only). Outside the US, consult your local laws and regulations.

### Order Information

Advanced Nuclear Spectroscopy System, (Windows) USB\*.....SN-7901B

\*Note: Purchased Sources are "Non-Cancellable" and "Non-Returnable".

See Radioactive Source Disclaimer on the Order Information page 382.

2

# G-M Probe with Sample Holder

SN-7970A



The 35 mm diameter window provides excellent photon efficiency for detecting low activity samples. The G-M Probe has a 200 µs dead time. Contains 10 shelf positions and is designed to accommodate the larger G-M Probe. The probe can be removed from the holder and comes with a standard BNC connector cable.

### **Specifications**

Mica Window:  $\leq$  2 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> Probe Dimensions: 11.25 x 3.5 cm (4.5 x 1.4 in.) OD, excluding connector Operating Voltage: 900 V, 150 V plateau

### Order Information

G-M Probe..... SN-7970A

### **Radiation Counter**

SN-7902 (Win/Mac)



Using a specialized microcontroller, many of the features previously found only in multiple products are now combined in PASCO's Radiation Counter.

The classic nuclear scaler function has been extended to include a timer, preset counter, digital ratemeter with alarm, computer interface, and battery power for field applications. The alarm level may be set to any preselected value.

### **Features**

- ▶ Preset Scaler/Timer
- Large 6-digit LED display
- ▶ Computer Programs: For Win and Mac computers, LABLINK offers full computer control of all functions including preset count, preset time, count rate in CPM or CPS, alarm level, start, stop, reset, data transfer, and high-voltage setting.

### Includes USB Cable

### **Specifications**

**High Voltage:** 0-1200 V, digitally selectable in 25 V increments

Software:

**RADEM:** Runs on Win and Mac computers including CGA, EGA, VGA, SVGA, and Hercules

**LABLINK**: Requires EGA or VGA graphics **Dimensions**: 31 x 21 x 12 cm (12 x 8 x 4.5 in.)

### Order Information

Radiation

Counter, USB .....SN-7902

# Nuclear Experiments with a Computer Interface

### **Geiger-Muller Tube**

SN-7927A



A Geiger-Muller Tube is available for use with PASCO interfaces. The Geiger-Muller Tube can also be used with any PASPORT interface with a Digital Adapter. No Digital Adapter is required for use with the 500, 750, or 850. Easy portability makes them ideal alpha, beta, and gamma radiation detectors.

### **Specifications**

**Sensitivity:** Beta, gamma, alpha **Count Detection:** Audio signal

Window Thickness: 1.5 to 2 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>, mica Gas Filling: Neon, Argon, and Halogen Starting/Operating Voltage for Tube:

450 VDC/500 VDC **Dead Time**: 90 μs

### Order Information

Geiger-Muller

Tube......SN-7927A

### Radioactive Sources and Supplies

The following sources are mounted in 2.5 cm diameter sealed plastic disks. All sources and isotopes on this page are USNRC License Exempt (US only). Outside the US, consult your local laws and regulations. Shown below are the isotopes, activity, half-life, and types of radiation (alpha-α, beta-β, gamma-γ).

\*Note: "Non-Cancellable" and "Non-Returnable". See Radioactive Source Disclaimer on page 383.

# Radioactive Sources

SN-8110



1. Po-210	0.1 μCi	138 days	α
2. Sr-90	0.1 μCi	28.6 years	β
3. Co-60	1 μĊi	5.27 years	β,γ

### **Order Information**

Radioactive Sources\* (set of 3).....SN-8110

\*Note: "Non-Cancellable" and "Non-Returnable". See Radioactive Source Disclaimer on page 382.

### Radioactive Sources

SN-7972A



1. Po-210	0.1 μCi	138 days	α
2. Sr-90	0.1 μCi	28.6 years	β
3. Tl-204	0.25 μCi	3.78 years	β
4. Co-60	1 μCi	5.27 years	β,γ
5. Cs-137	0.25 uCi	30.2 years	β.ν

### **Order Information**

Radioactive Sources\* (set of 5).....SN-7972A

\*Note: "Non-Cancellable" and "Non-Returnable". See Radioactive Source Disclaimer on page 382.

### Individual Sources



### **Order Information**

Po-210*	0.1 μCi	138 days	α	SN-9085
Sr-90*	0.1 μCi	28.6 years	β	SN-9796
TI-204*	1 μCi	3.78 years	β	SN-9797
Co-60*	1 μCi	5.27 years	β,γ	SN-9794
Cs-137*	5 μCi	30.2 years	β,γ	SN-9795
Cs-137*	0.25 μCi	30.2 years	β,γ	SN-7942
TI-204*	0.25 μCi	3.78 years	β	SN-7941

\*Note: "Non-Cancellable" and "Non-Returnable". See Radioactive Source Disclaimer on page 382.

### **Gamma Sources**

SN-7949A



1. Co-60	1 μCi	5.27 years	β,γ		
2. Na-22	1 μCi	2.60 years	$\beta$ +, $\gamma$		
3. Mn-54	1 μCi	313 days	γ		
4. Cs-137	0.25 μCi	30.2 years	β,γ		
5. Ba-133	1 μCi	10.5 years	γ		
6. Cd-109	1 μCi	464 days	γ		
7. Co-57	1 μCi	270 days	γ		
8. "UNKNOWN": mixture of Cs-137 and					
Zn-65 for student testing.					
Cs-137 is 0.25 µCi or lower.					

### Order Information

Gamma Sources\* (set of 8).....SN-7949A

\*Note: "Non-Cancellable" and "Non-Returnable". See Radioactive Source Disclaimer on page 382.

### **Absorbers**



This set of 20 calibrated absorbers includes four lead, two plastic, 10 aluminum sheets, two polyethylene and two aluminum foil absorbers. Absorbers vary in density from 5 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> to 7200 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>.

### Order Information

Absorbers (set of 20).....SN-8111A

# Isotope Generator Kit (Barium-137m)

SN-7995A



This Cs-137/Ba-137m Isotope Generator is used to demonstrate the properties of radioactive decay. Based on the original Union Carbide patented design, it offers exceptional performance, ease-of-use, and safe operation.

Each generator contains 10  $\mu$ Ci of Cs-137. The generator can produce up to 1000 small aliquots of the short-lived Ba-137m isotope with a half-life of 2.6 minutes.

Each generator is supplied with 250 mL of eluting solution (0.9% NaCl in 0.04M HCl). The parent isotope Cs-137 with a half-life of 30.1 years beta decays (94.6%) to the metastable state of Ba-137m. This further decays by gamma emission (662 keV) with a half-life of 2.6 min. to the stable Ba-137 element. During elution, the Ba-137m is selectively "milked" from the generator, leaving behind the Cs-137 parent. Regeneration of the Ba-137m occurs as the Cs-137 continues to decay, re-establishing equilibrium in less than 1 hour.

Approximately 30 minutes after elution, the residual activity of the Ba-137m sample has decayed to less than one thousandth of its initial activity, making it safe for disposal. When used with the eluting solution supplied, bleed-through of the parent Cs-137 is less than 50 Bq/mL, affording a long working life. Each kit is supplied with the generator, syringe, tube, 250 mL of solution, and a storage case.

### Order Information

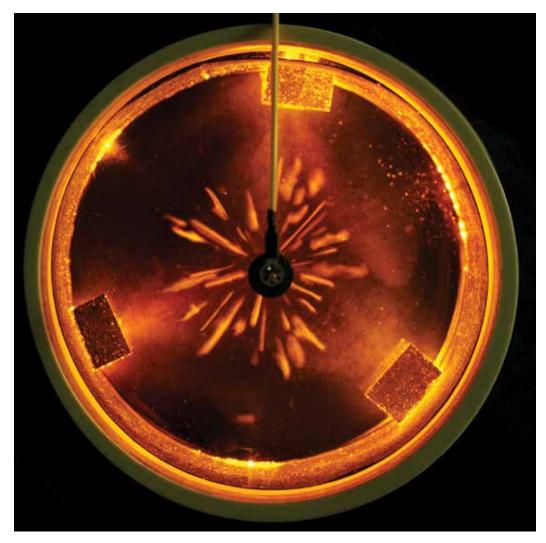
Isotope Generator Kit\* .....SN-7995A

\*Note: "Non-Cancellable" and "Non-Returnable". See Radioactive Source Disclaimer on page 382.

### **Diffusion Cloud Chamber**

SE-7943

- No dry ice required
- View cosmic rays
- ▶ Built-in illumination



The Diffusion Cloud Chamber is used to view high energy alpha particles, lower energy beta particles, and electrons produced by gamma rays interacting with gas molecules.

### **How It Works**

The bottom of the chamber is cooled by circulating ice water through the base and further cooling it to -35°C with a Peltier device. Alcohol placed in the chamber wicks up the inside chamber lining where it evaporates in the warmer region of the chamber and diffuses downward. The alcohol vapor is then cooled near the chamber bottom and becomes super saturated.

As energetic alpha and beta particles from a radioactive source pass through the alcohol vapor, the vapor condenses, forming droplets that appear as tracks in the strong chamber cross-lighting.

### **Features**

- Uses ice water instead of dry ice
- ▶ Water circulation pump
- ▶ Built-in high voltage (~800 V) power supply for clearing the chamber of unwanted ions
- ▶ Powered by 12 V DC power adapter
- ▶ Built-in LED lamps for illuminating the particle trails



Particle tracks are visible from radioactive particles given off by the Pb-210 source at the center. The dense straight tracks are produced by alpha particles and the fainter, crooked tracks are produced by beta particles.

### **Includes**

- Cloud Chamber
- 12 VDC Power Adapter (6 A)
- Water Circulation Pump
- Two Rubber Hoses
- Extraction Pipette
- Source Holder and Stopper
- High Voltage Connection Cable
- SpecTech™ Coupon for Pb-210 Source Needle



### **Specifications**

Diameter: 15 cm

12 VDC Power Adapter (6 A)

Water Circulation Pump: 120 V/ 60 Hz, 3 W, 180 liter/hr Built-in High Voltage Source: ~800 VDC with 108  $\Omega$  protection

resistor

Rubber Hoses: 0.25" ID (6.4 mm ID), 60 cm long

High Voltage Connection Cable: 22 cm long, Banana plug to ring lug

Eight Amber LEDs

### Order Information

Diffusion Cloud Chamber	SE-7943
Diffusion Cloud Chamber - No Source	SE-7940
Required:	
Ice Water	
Recommended:	
Pb-210 Replacement Radioactive Needle Source* The Needle Source is USNRC License Exempt (US onl	

\*Note: Purchased Sources are "Non-Cancellable" and "Non-Returnable". See Radioactive Source Disclaimer on the Order Information page 382.

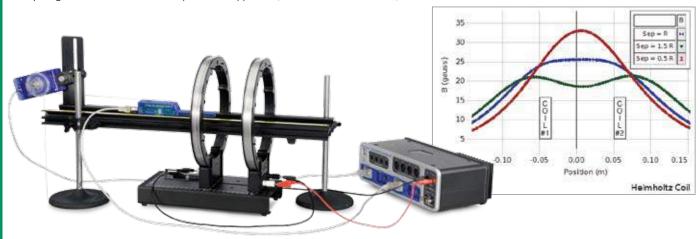
# **Download FREE PASCO Capstone Experiments**

Over 50 classic physics experiments for use with PASCO equipment and software

The following pages present classic experiments in physics performed with PASCO apparatus.

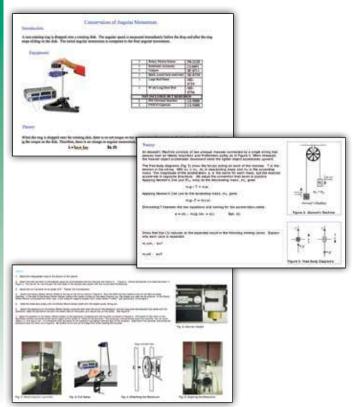
Manuals can be downloaded at www.pasco.com. Interfaces and software, where indicated, should be ordered separately.

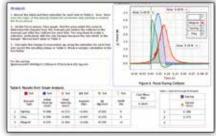
Everything else is included in the experiment: apparatus, sensors (when needed), and accessories.



### Workbooks include all instructions needed to perform the experiment:

- Introduction and theory
- Detailed setup instructions including full-color photos
- Detailed analysis and summary questions
- Step-by-step instructions





# **Download This Experiment**

Each experiment manual and the PASCO Capstone™ workbook files may be downloaded free at

### www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments

### ▶ Experiment Manual:

A detailed experiment manual helps ensure student success. An electronic Word® version is included for modification by the teacher.

### ▶ PASCO Capstone Workbook File:

PASCO Capstone workbook files are included for each experiment. These files contain workbooks with step-by-step instructions with embedded live data displays. Use these files with students. A file with sample data is also included.

EXPERIMENT LIST	PAGE NO.	EXPERIMENT NUMBER	850 UNIVERSAL INTERFACE	550 UNIVERSAL INTERFACE	PASPORT PORTS	DIGITAL ADAPTER	NO INTERFACE REQUIRED
Mechanics							
Atwood's Machine	304	EX-5501	•	•	1	1	
Projectile Motion	305	EX-5502	•	•	2	2	
Newton's Laws	306	EX-5503A					•
Hooke's Law	307	EX-5504A	•	•	1		
Centripetal Force on a Pendulum	308	EX-5505A	•	•	2		
Centripetal Force	309	EX-5506	•				
Sliding Friction	310	EX-5508	•	•	2		
Impulse	311	EX-5509A					•
Conservation of Momentum	312	EX-5510B					•
Ballistic Pendulum	313	EX-5511A	•	•	1		
Conservation of Energy	314	EX-9935					•
Conservation of Energy II	315	EX-5512	•	•	1		
Work Energy Theorem	316	EX-5513A	•	•	2		
Universal Gravitational Constant	317	EX-5550					•
Archimedes' Principle	318	EX-9909					
Rotational Inertia	319	EX-5516A	•	•	1		_
Physical Pendulum	320	EX-5518A	_		1		
Conservation of Angular Momentum	321	EX-5516A	•	•	1		
Oscillations	341	LA-001/A	•	•			
	356-357	EV FF40					
Bridge Vibrations		EX-5548	•		4		
Variable-g Pendulum	322	EX-5519A	•	•	1		
Large Amplitude Pendulum	323	EX-5520A	•	•	1		
Driven Damped Harmonic Oscillator	324	EX-5522A	•				
Chaos	325	EX-5523A	•				
Thermodynamics							
Specific Heat	326	EX-5524A	•	•	1		
Electrical Equivalent of Heat	327	EX-5525	•				
Ideal Gas Law	328	EX-5527	•	•	1		
Blackbody Radiation	329	EX-5529A	•				
Heat Engine Cycle	330	EX-5530B	•		3		
Ratio of Specific Heats	331	EX-5531A	•	•	1		
Electromagnetism							
Electrostatic Charge	332	EX-5532					•
Coulomb's Law	333	EX-9930B					•
Charge of an Electron	334	EX-9929A					•
Capacitance	335	EX-5533	•	•			
Resistivity	336	EX-5534	•				
Ohm's Law	337	EX-5535	•	•			
RC Circuit	338	EX-5536	•	•			
LRC Circuit	339	EX-5537	•				
Kirchhoff's Circuit Laws	340	EX-5538	•	•			
Earth's Magnetic Field	341	EX-5539A			2		
Magnetic Forces on Wires	342	EX-9933					•
Magnetic Fields of Coils	343	EX-5540A	•				_
Faraday's Law of Induction	344	EX-5541A	•	•			
Waves and Optics	J <del>44</del>	LA-3341A					
Vibrating String	345	EX-5542					
Waves		EX-9952	•				
Reflection and Refraction	346 347	EX-9987					
							-
Speed of Light	348	EX-9932A					•
Telescope/Microscope	349	EX-9988			_		•
Polarization of Light	350	EX-5543A	•	•	2		
Brewster's Angle	351	EX-5544A	•		3		
Light Intensity vs. Distance	352	EX-5547A	•	•	2		
Interference and Diffraction of Light	353	EX-5545A	•	•	2		
Quantum							
Atomic Spectra	354	EX-5546B	•	•	2		
Photoelectric Effect	355	EX-5549A	•	•			

### **Atwood's Machine**

EX-5501

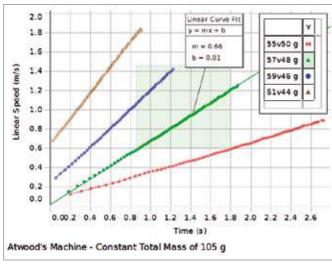
### Concepts:

- Newton's Second Law of Motion
- ▶ Newton's Second Law of Rotational Motion
- ▶ Rotational inertia

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- ► AirLink with Digital Adapter

In this classic experiment students use a very low mass/low friction pulley and measure the changing velocity of the unbalanced mass system. They interpret the slope of the velocity graph as acceleration. They examine the effect of the rotational inertia of the pulley and estimate the friction forces based on experimental data.



The acceleration of the weights is determined using the slope of the velocity vs. time graph. From this, the acceleration due to gravity can be found.

### **PASCO Advantage**

The Super Pulley/Photogate System makes it easy for students to set up the apparatus and take data. Analysis includes accounting for friction and the rotational inertia of the pulley.

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone™ workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### **Experiment Includes**





### Order Information

Atwood's Machine E	EX-5501
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Interface*	pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
Balance or Scale	p. 186
CalipersSE-	8710 p. 182
* This experiment can be performed using the 550 of	or 850 Universal

Interface or AirLink with Digital Adapter.

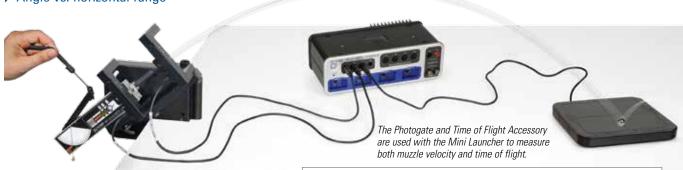
### **Projectile Motion**

FX-5502

### Concepts:

- ▶ Independence of x- and y-motion
- ▶ Muzzle velocity vs. time of flight

Angle vs. horizontal range



### Muzzle Velocity vs. Time of Flight

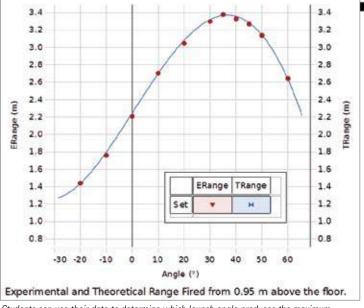
Students fire the projectile at three different velocities from the same height. The Photogate and Time of Flight Accessory are used to measure the time of flight at each muzzle velocity. Students are surprised to find that time of flight is not related to muzzle velocity at 0° launch angle.

### **Angle vs. Horizontal Range**

The angle of launch is varied and the horizontal range measured for each angle. Students produce a graph of angle vs. horizontal range. The angle of maximum range can then be found. This experiment is conducted for two cases:

- Projectile is fired from a higher vertical position than its landing position
- Projectile is fired from the same vertical position as its landing position

Students are asked to use the kinematics equations to predict the horizontal range given a launch angle and muzzle velocity. Carbon paper and a bulls-eye can then be used to test their hypothesis.



Designed for use with any of the following:

550 Universal Interface with 2 Digital Adapters

▶ Any PASPORT interface with 2 ports and 2 Digital Adapters

▶ 850 Universal Interface

Students can use their data to determine which launch angle produces the maximum horizontal range.

### **PASCO Advantage**

PASCO projectile launchers are designed for repeatable and accurate launches. In addition, photogates and other accessories are designed to work seamlessly with our projectile launchers. These features allow student predictions and calculations from the kinematics equations to be empirically verified.

### **Experiment Includes**

-	
Mini Launcher	ME-6825A
<ul> <li>Time of Flight Accessory</li> </ul>	ME-6810A
<ul> <li>Phone Jack Extender Cable</li> </ul>	PI-8117
<ul> <li>Photogate Head</li> </ul>	ME-9498A
<ul> <li>Photogate Bracket</li> </ul>	ME-6821A
Carbon Paper	SE-8693
• Large "C" Clamp	SE-7285
<ul> <li>Plumb Bob (need 1 only)</li> </ul>	SE-8728
Metric Measuring Tape	SE-8712A

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### Order Information

Projectile Motion	EX-5502
Required:	
850 or 550 Universal Interface*	pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
* This experiment can be performed using the 8	350 Universal Interface,
the 550 Universal Interface with 2 Digital Ada	oters, or any 2 PASPORT

interface with 2 ports and 2 Digital Adapters.

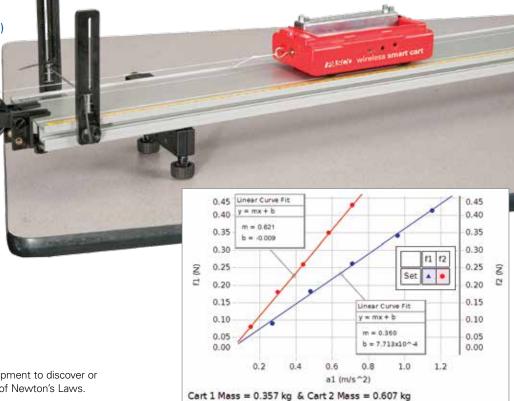
### **Newton's Laws**

EX-5503A Concepts:

Newton's First Law (Inertia)
 Newton's Second Law

(F = ma)Newton's Third Law(Fab = -Fba)

▶ No interface required



Students can effectively study Newton's Second Law with

a Dynamics System and Smart Cart.

Force vs. acceleration data for the cart as it experiences changing net force

### Method

Students use this collection of equipment to discover or experimentally determine all three of Newton's Laws.

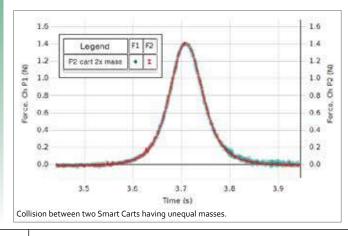
**Newton's First Law** – Students examine an object's motion to see if it changes when forces are applied or not.

**Newton's Second Law** – Students use the Smart Cart to discover the relationships between force, mass, and acceleration.

**Newton's Third Law** – Using two Smart Cart Force Sensors, students prove that forces between objects are equal in magnitude yet opposite in direction. These experiments include both tug-of-war exercises and collisions between cars.

### **PASCO Advantage**

The Smart Cart has all the sensors required, which makes setup very quick and easy. The integration between the probeware and equipment helps students focus on the physics of each experiment.



### **Experiment Includes**

<ul> <li>Smart Cart (Red)</li> </ul>	ME-1240
• Smart Cart (Blue)	ME-1241
<ul> <li>Cart Mass (set of 2)</li> </ul>	ME-6757A
<ul> <li>Dynamics Track Feet (Pair)</li> </ul>	ME-8972
<ul> <li>PASCO Mass and Hanger Set</li> </ul>	ME-8979
Elastic Bumper	ME-8998
<ul> <li>Super Pulley with Clamp</li> </ul>	ME-9448B
<ul> <li>1.2 m Aluminum Dynamics Track</li> </ul>	ME-9493
Friction Block	ME-9807
<ul> <li>Braided Physics String</li> </ul>	SE-8050

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™ PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### Order Information

### **Hooke's Law and Energy** Stored in a Spring

EX-5504A

### Concepts:

▶ 850 Universal Interface

of the following:

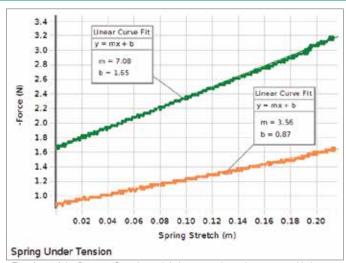
Designed for use with any

- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- ▶ Any PASPORT interface with 2 ports
- ▶ Relationship between force and spring deformation
- Investigate both spring compression and extension

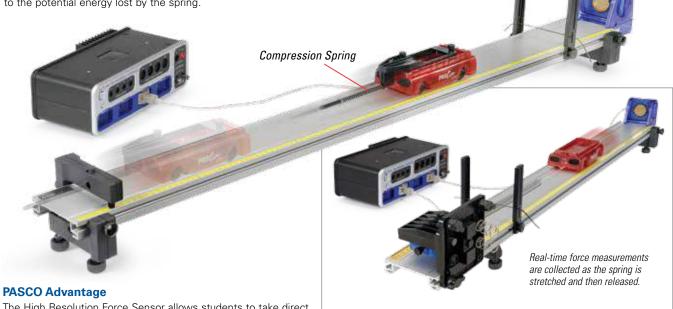
### Amount of energy stored in a spring

### Method

In this experiment, students use a High Resolution Force Sensor to measure the force exerted to either compress or extend various springs, and a Motion Sensor to measure position and speed. Students create a Force vs. Stretch (or Compression) graph. The slope of this graph is known as the spring constant, while the vertical intercept is the initial loading force. Various springs of different construction are included, so students can better understand the physical meaning of the spring constant. The spring is then compressed (or stretched) and released. The kinetic energy transferred to a PAScar is measured and compared to the potential energy lost by the spring.



The slope of the Force vs. Stretch graph is known as the spring constant. Various springs of different construction are included, each having a different spring constant.



The High Resolution Force Sensor allows students to take direct measurements of force for each compression or elongation of the spring. This is superior to using a hanging mass to apply a force, since students don't have to convert from mass to force. In addition, students are applying the forces to the springs and will have a better kinesthetic feel for the amount of force being applied in each case. Energy changes are easily measured and very visual.

### **Experiment Includes**

• 1.2 m PAScar Dynamics System	ME-6955
Motion Sensor	PS-2103A
<ul> <li>Dynamics Track Spring Set</li> </ul>	ME-8999
<ul> <li>High Resolution Force Sensor</li> </ul>	PS-2189
Force Bracket	ME-6622
Spring Cart Launcher	ME-6843
Elastic Bumper	ME-8998
Physics String	SE-8050

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### Order Information

Hooke's Law and

Energy Stored in a Spring	EX-5504A
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Interface*	pp. 10-11
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
* This experiment can be performed using	the 550 or 850 Universal

# **Centripetal Force** on a Pendulum

EX-5505A

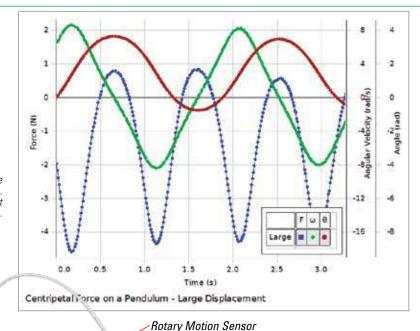
### Concepts:

- ▶ Centripetal force
- Angular velocity
- ▶ Periodic motion

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- ► Any PASPORT interface with 2 ports

The force, position, and velocity can be monitored for the entire range of motion. Note that the position and velocity are not sinusoidal for this large amplitude pendulum.



High Resolution Force Sensor

Lightweight Tube

Pendulum Bob

Students explore the relationship between mass, radius of rotation, angular velocity, and centripetal force. By continuously measuring the force and angular velocity, students see not just peak values but also how these change during the entire motion of the pendulum. Students explore sources of error

and magnitude of error.

Pendulum is pulled back by hand and then released.

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### **Experiment Includes**

High Resolution Force Sensor PS-2189
 Rotary Motion Sensor PS-2120A
 Centripetal Force Pendulum ME-9821
 Aluminum Table Clamp ME-8995
 Steel Rod 45 cm ME-8736

Order Information

Interface or any PASPORT interface with two ports.

### Designed for use with the 850 Universal Interface **Centripetal Force**

FX-5506

### Concept:

High Resolution

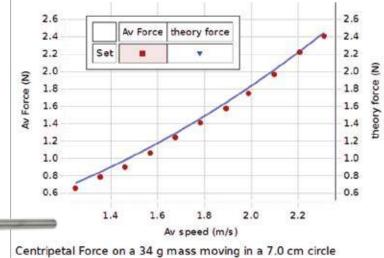
Force Sensor

Measures the centripetal force directly.

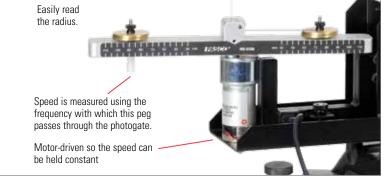
How centripetal force depends on radius, mass, and speed

Students explore the relationship between mass, radius of rotation, tangential speed, and centripetal force. By continuously measuring the force as the speed is varied, students clearly see the effect of speed on the centripetal force. The effect of changing the mass or radius is also investigated.

> Swivel Connector



Force vs. Velocity data is shown above with a solid line representing the theoretical frictionless case.





### **Experiment Includes**

In this experiment, the force and the speed are directly measured with sensors.

• Banana Plug Cord-Red (5 pack)

• Centripetal Force Apparatus ME-8088 • High Resolution Force Sensor PS-2189 • Photogate Head ME-9498A • Large Rod Base ME-8735 • 90 cm Steel Rod ME-8738 • Multi-Clamp ME-9507 • 45 cm Steel Rod ME-8736

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### Order Information

Centripetal Force	EX-5506
Required:	
850 Universal Interface	p. 12
PASCO Capstone Software	

SE-9750

### **Sliding Friction**

EX-5508

### Concepts:

12

11 10

> A = 0.59Boot MSE 0.29

Frictional Force (N)

4

3

Relationship between frictional force and normal force

(kinetic and static)

Coefficients of friction

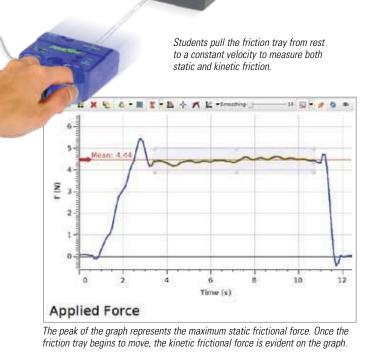
In this experiment, students use a High Resolution Force Sensor to discover frictional forces and their effect on the motion of an object. In addition, the coefficients of friction for various surface combinations can be empirically determined.

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- ▶ Any PASPORT interface with 2 ports

Proportional Curve Fit

A + 0.47 Root MS E 0.08



Students create a graph of frictional force vs. normal force to find the coefficients of static and kinetic friction.

Normal Force (N)

static

### **Experiment Includes**

• Discover Friction Accessory ME-8574 • High Resolution Force Sensor PS-2189 Motion Sensor PS-2103A • 500 g Cart Masses (4) ME-6757 Physics String SE-8050

### **Order Information**

**Download This Experiment** 

www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments

Sliding Friction	EX-5508
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Interface*	pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
* This experiment can be performed using the	550 or 850 Universal

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone

workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at

Interface or any PASPORT interface with two ports.

# **Impulse** EX-5509A

- ▶ Designed for use with the Smart Cart
- ▶ No interface required

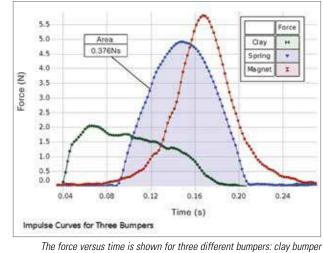
### Concepts:

- ▶ Impulse: change in momentum ▶ Impulse: area under a force versus time curve
- ▶ Different shaped force curves for elastic and inelastic collisions

In this experiment, the impulse on a cart is determined in two ways: by measuring the change in velocity and by finding the area under a Force versus Time curve.

A Smart Cart runs down a slightly inclined track with its Force Sensor equipped with either a clay bumper, spring bumper, or magnetic bumper. The cart collides with the endstop. To determine the change in momentum (impulse), the velocities before and after the collision are recorded using the Smart Cart's encoder. To confirm the impulse, the force versus time is plotted and the impulse is determined by finding the area under the curve.

Different shaped curves of force versus time are obtained for the different bumpers. The spring and magnetic bumpers result in nearly elastic collisions, while the clay produces a completely inelastic collision. The area under the clay force curve is half the area under the spring or magnetic force curves because the cart does not rebound in the clay collision.



The impulse of a collision is determined by two methods.

The force versus time is shown for three different bumpers: clay bumper in green, spring bumper in blue, and magnetic bumper in red.

Magnetic, Spring, and Clay Bumpers

### **PASCO Advantage**

Since the PASCO Smart Cart is capable of measuring both force and velocity, it eliminates the need for any external sensor. No interface is required. No wires interfere with the motion because the Smart Cart transmits the data over Bluetooth® 4.0.

### **Experiment Includes**

Force Sensor Bracket
PAScar Cart Mass (2)
Smart Cart (Red)
Dynamics Track Endstops (set of 2)
Dynamics Track Feet (2)
ME-8972
1.2 m Aluminum Dynamics Track
ME-9493

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

Impulse	EX-5509A
Required:	
Bluetooth 4.0 enabled computer	
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
Balance or Scale	p. 186

### **Conservation of Momentum**

EX-5510B

### Concepts:

- Conservation of momentum in elastic and inelastic collisions
- ▶ Kinetic energy not conserved in inelastic collisions
- Kinetic energy temporarily stored as magnetic potential energy during elastic collisions using magnetic bumpers
- ▶ Designed for use with 2 Smart Carts
- No interface required



The total momentum and total energy of carts undergoing elastic and inelastic collisions are measured. The values before and after the collisions are compared to verify that momentum is conserved in all collisions, while energy is only conserved in elastic collisions.

Elastic and inelastic collisions are performed with two dynamics carts of different masses. Magnetic bumpers are used in the elastic collision and Velcro® bumpers are used in the completely inelastic collision. In both cases, momentum is conserved.

Cart velocities are recorded using the encoders inside the Smart Carts. A real-time graph of velocity versus time is obtained for each cart, clearly showing when the collision occurred. This enables the student to determine the cart velocities immediately before and after the collision.

The kinetic energy before and after the collision is also studied. Kinetic energy is not conserved for inelastic collisions. It is also demonstrated that kinetic energy momentarily decreases during the elastic collision and then returns to the original value after the collision.

### **PASCO Advantage**

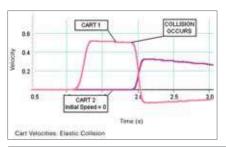
The magnitude and direction of the velocity of each cart is recorded continuously throughout the collision, which eliminates the problem in older methods of positioning photogates too close or too far from the point of collision.

### **Experiment Includes**

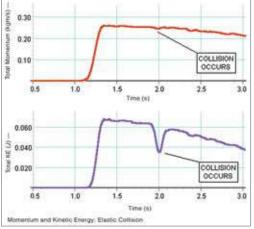
• 250 g Stackable Mass (2)	ME-6757A
• Smart Cart (Red)	ME-1240
• Smart Cart (Blue)	ME-1241
• Dynamics Track End Stops (2)	ME-8971
• Dynamics Track Feet (2)	ME-8972
Starter Dynamics Track	ME-9493

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word<sup>™</sup>, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.



A real-time graph of velocity versus time is obtained for each cart, clearly showing when the elastic collision occurred.



The top graph of the total momentum for the 2-cart system las calculated in PASCO Capstone) shows no change throughout the elastic collision. The total kinetic eneray, shown in the bottom graph, momentarily decreases during the collision because energy is stored as magnetic potential energy.

Conservation of Momentum	EX-5510B
Required:	
Bluetooth 4.0 enabled computer	
PASCO Capstone Software	p. 18-20
Balance or Scale	p. 186

### **Ballistic Pendulum**

FX-5511A

### Concepts:

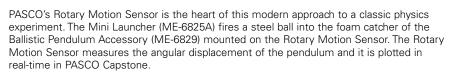
- ▶ Modern approach to a classic experiment
- ▶ View graph of entire pendulum swing
- ▶ Conservation of momentum
- ▶ Conservation of energy

Designed for use with any of the following:

▶ 850 Universal Interface

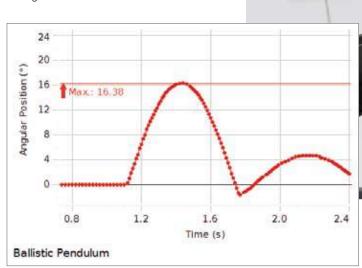
▶ 550 Universal Interface

▶ AirLink



There is no need to catch the pendulum at its maximum height because the angle is continuously measured. Using the analysis tools in PASCO Capstone, students can find the maximum angle.

Using Conservation of Momentum and Conservation of Energy, students can determine the initial speed of the ball as it leaves the projectile launcher. The initial speed of the ball is confirmed by using two photogates to time the flight of the ball for a short distance.



This graph of the angle of the pendulum versus time is plotted in real-time in PASCO Capstone. The maximum angle is displayed on the graph.

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word<sup>IM</sup>, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### **Experiment Includes**

Rotary Motion Sensor
Mini Launcher
Photogate Heads (2)
Photogate Mounting Bracket
Mini Launcher Ballistic Pendulum
Large "C" Clamp
45 cm Steel Rod
PS-2120A
ME-6825A
ME-9498A
ME-6821A
ME-6829
SE-7285
ME-8736

### **Order Information**

The ball is shot into a foam

catcher at the end of a pendulum.

The pendulum is mounted on a

### **Conservation of Energy**

EX-9935

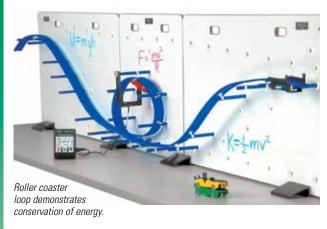
### Concepts:

- Conservation of energy
- Centripetal acceleration
- Apparent weight

In this experiment, the Law of Conservation of Energy is verified by measuring the potential and kinetic energies for a car traveling over hills and loops on a curved track.

A car is started from rest on a variety of tracks (hills, valleys, loops, straight track). The speed of the car is measured at various points along the track using a photogate connected to a Smart Timer. The potential energy is calculated from the measured height and the kinetic energy is calculated from the speed. The total energy is calculated for two points on the track and compared.

The height from which the car must be released from rest to just make it over the loop can be predicted from conservation of energy and the centripetal acceleration. Then the prediction can be tested on the roller coaster. If the car is released from the top of the hill so it easily makes it over the top of the loop, the speed of the car can be measured at the top of the loop and the centripetal acceleration as well as the apparent weight (normal force) on the car can be calculated.



### **Experiment Includes**

Complete Roller Coaster System ME-9812
 Photogate Heads (2) ME-9498A

Smart Timer ME-8930

• Conservation of Energy Experiment Manual

### **PASCO Advantage**

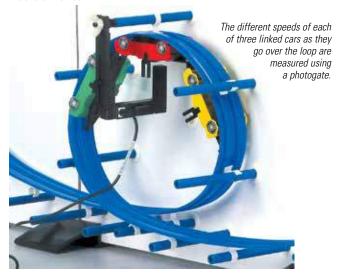
The Roller Coaster can be configured in many ways. The white board background is convenient for writing calculations or making marks for measuring heights. The PASCO Roller Coaster differs from conventional roller coaster toys in three ways:

- Speed and height of the Roller Coaster car can be easily measured
- ▶ Loss of energy due to friction is generally only about 5%
- ▶ Cars will withstand repeated drops to the floor





Conservation of energy shows that the final speeds of these two cars are the same even though the red car takes much less time than the yellow car to reach the end of the track.



### To Download This Experiment

Search for EX-9935 at www.pasco.com

Order Information

Conservation of Energy.....EX-9935

### **Conservation of Energy II**

EX-5512

### Concepts:

- ▶ Potential energy of a falling ball
- ▶ Kinetic energy of a falling ball
- ▶ Use different size balls to change friction

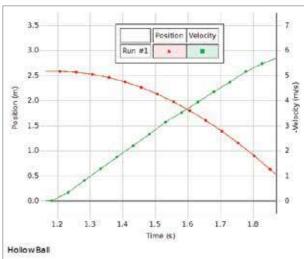
A ball is dropped from rest and its height and speed are recorded using a Motion Sensor. The ball's potential energy and kinetic energy are calculated at various points during the ball's fall.

Designed for use with any of the following:

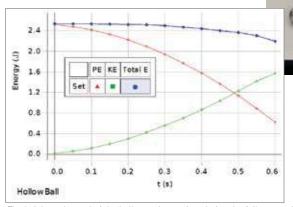
▶ 850 Universal Interface

AirLink

The total energy of the ball is examined throughout the fall to determine if there is any change. Balls of different sizes are used to vary the amount of air friction, so that students can see that energy is not conserved when friction is appreciable.



As the ball falls, its height and speed are recorded and displayed in PASCO Capstone Software.



The height and speed of the ball at various points during the fall are used to calculate the potential energy and the kinetic energy. Note decrease in total energy for hollow ball near end of fall.

### **Experiment Includes**

Motion Sensor	PS-2103A
<ul> <li>Discover Freefall System</li> </ul>	ME-9889
Large Rod Base	ME-8735
• 120 cm Rod	ME-8741
Multi Clamp	ME-9507
• 45 cm Rod	ME-8736
<ul> <li>Motion Sensor Guard</li> </ul>	SE-7256

# 550 Universal Interface Electronic Drop Box Hollow Ball Guard Motion Sensor

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments

Conservation of Energy II	EX-5512
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Interface*	pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
* This experiment can be performed using the	550 or 850 Universal
Interface or AirLink.	

### **Work Energy Theorem**

EX-5513A

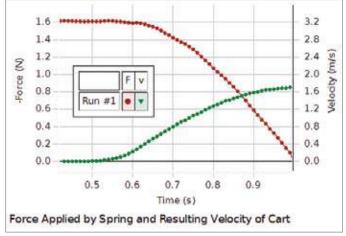
### Concepts:

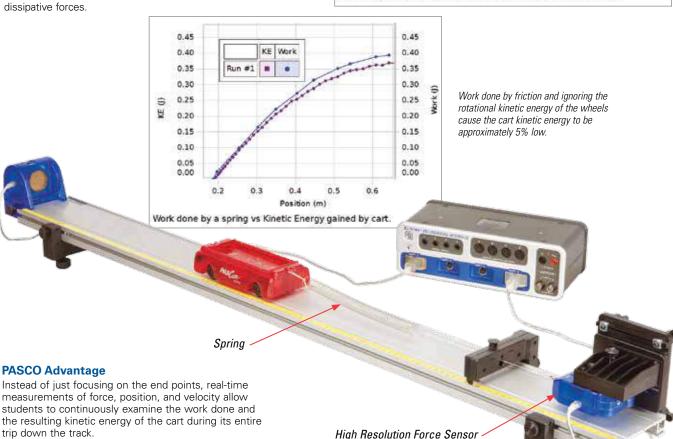
- Kinetic energy
- Potential energy
- Work energy theorem
- Conservation of mechanical energy

The total work done on an object is compared with the change in kinetic energy of the object. Using a High Resolution Force Sensor and a Motion Sensor, students record and display the force as a function of position. The work done is the area under the force vs. position plot. At any point during the experiment, kinetic energy is calculated from the velocity measured with the Motion Sensor. Students explore the meaning of dispinative forces

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- ► Any PASPORT interface with 2 ports





## Experiment Includes

High Resolution Force Sensor
 1.2 m PAScar Dynamics System
 Motion Sensor
 Force Bracket
 Dynamics Track Spring Set
 Braided Physics String
 PS-2189
 ME-6955
 ME-6955
 ME-6622
 DS-8050

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™ PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### **Order Information**

measures the force exerted by the spring

\* This experiment can be performed using the 550 or 850 Universal Interface or any PASPORT interface with two ports.

on the cart.

### **Universal Gravitational Constant**

FX-5550

### Concepts:

- ▶ Measure the Universal Gravitational Constant in less than three hours!
- ▶ Recreate Cavendish's historical experiment
- ▶ Uses PASCO Capstone Video Analysis

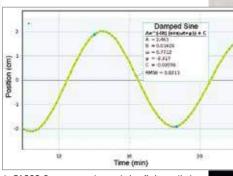
The attraction between a pair of small tungsten spheres and a pair of larger tungsten spheres is measured by the torsion of a beryllium ribbon. The large spheres are placed close to the small spheres and allowed to equilibrate. A laser is reflected from a mirror on the beryllium ribbon and shown on a screen or wall. The large spheres are then rotated through an angle to produce torque on the ribbon. The mirror rotates with the ribbon, so the laser reflection on the screen or wall is displaced. The displacement of the laser reflection is measured to find "G".

### **PASCO Advantage**

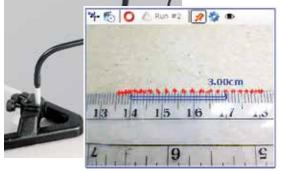
For the first time, the measurement of G using the Cavendish Balance can actually be performed in a 3-hour lower division physics laboratory! Data collection is done using a webcam to video two periods of the oscillation for both ball positions in less than 45 minutes. The video data may then be transferred to the lab groups for analysis using the video analysis capability of PASCO Capstone. Fitting a damped sine curve to the video data allows an extremely precise determination of period of oscillation and where the final equilibrium positions would be. When analysis of small effects inherent in the method is included, an accuracy of better than 2% is possible.



At left, the USB Camera Microscope records the oscillation of the laser beam.



In PASCO Capstone, a damped sine fit is applied to the data to determine the equilibrium point.



This is a screenshot of the video analysis points (red plus signs) in PASCO Capstone.

### To Download This Experiment

Search for EX-5550 at www.pasco.com

### **Experiment Includes**

Gravitational Torsion Balance	AP-8215A
• X-Y Adjustable Diode Laser	OS-8526A
Large Rod Base	ME-9735
<ul> <li>USB Camera Microscope</li> </ul>	PS-2343
Polarizer Set	OS-8473

Rods and Clamps

NOTE: No interface is required.

Universal Gravitational Constant	EX-5550
Required:	
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
Transparent ruler and Meter Stick	

### **Archimedes' Principle**

EX-9909

### Concepts:

- ▶ Archimedes' Principle
- Density
- Buoyant force

Archimedes' Principle states that the buoyant force on a submerged object is equal to the weight of the fluid that is displaced by the object.

The buoyant force on several objects is measured by weighing the water displaced by a submerged object. The buoyant force is also determined by measuring the difference between the object's weight in air and its apparent weight in water.

Some of the objects have the same density, some have the same volume, and some have the same mass. The density of each object is measured and the dependence of the buoyant force on density, mass, and volume is explored.



### **Experiment Includes**

•	
Density Set	ME-8569
Overflow Can	SE-8568
Rod Base	ME-8735
• 45 cm Steel Rod	ME-8736
<ul><li>Physics String</li></ul>	SE-8050
Triple-Beam Balance	SE-8707
<ul> <li>Stainless Steel Calipers</li> </ul>	SF-8711

- 1000 ml Beaker
- 100 ml Beaker
- 50 ml Graduated Cylinder
- Archimedes' Principle Experiment Manual



The buoyant force is measured by weighing the water displaced by the object.



The mass and volume are measured to determine the dependence of the buoyant force on mass, volume, and density.

### **PASCO Advantage**

The provided objects have related volumes, masses, and densities to demonstrate that only the volume of water displaced affects the buoyant force.

### To Download This Experiment

Search for EX-9909 at www.pasco.com

### Order Information

Archimedes' Principle......EX-9909

The Rotary Motion Sensor provides a sturdy, low-friction

rotational platform for the

acceleration.

Ring and Disk, in addition to

measuring the resulting angular

### **Rotational Inertia**

EX-5516A

### Concepts:

▶ Rotational inertia of a ring and a disk

Designed for use with any of the following:

▶ 850 Universal Interface

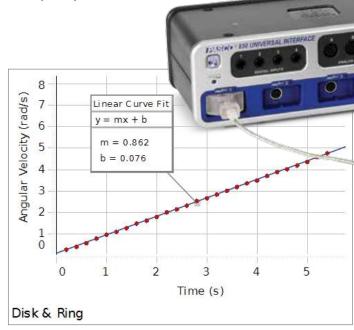
▶ 550 Universal Interface

AirLink

### **▶** Torque

In this experiment, the rotational inertias of a ring and a disk are determined by applying a torque to the object and measuring the resulting angular acceleration.

A known torque is applied to the pulley on the Rotary Motion Sensor, causing a disk and ring to rotate. The resulting angular acceleration is measured using the slope of a graph of angular velocity versus time. The rotational inertia of the disk and ring combination is calculated from the torque and the angular acceleration. The procedure is repeated for the disk alone to find the rotational inertias of the ring and disk separately.



A known torque is applied

to the ring and disk by the weight hanging over the pulley. The rotational inertia of the ring and disk are determined from the resulting angular acceleration. The procedure is repeated for the disk alone.

The rotational inertia of the ring and disk is calculated from the angular acceleration obtained from the slope of this angular velocity versus time graph.

### **PASCO Advantage**

Friction can be neglected in this compact setup. The Rotary Motion Sensor is a versatile tool that can be used in a variety of other experiments.

### **Experiment Includes**

Large Rod Stand
90 cm Long Steel Rod
Mini-Rotational Accessory
Mass Set (5 g resolution)
Rotary Motion Sensor
ME-8738
CI-6691
ME-8979
Rotary Motion Sensor
PS-2120A

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™ PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### **Order Information**

Rotational Inertia	EX-5516A	
Required:		
550 or 850 Universal Interface*		pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software		pp. 18-19
Balance or Scale		
Calipers		
Calipers	SE-8/10	p. 182

\* This experiment can be performed using the 550 or 850 Universal Interface or AirLink.

### **Mechanics**

### **Physical Pendulum**

EX-5518A

### Concepts:

- ▶ Parallel Axis Theorem
- Period of a physical pendulum
- Computer modeling of a system
- ▶ Rotational inertia

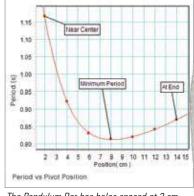
In this experiment, the period of a physical pendulum, a narrow bar, is determined as a function of the distance of the pivot from the center of mass. A computer model of the system is developed, which allows the student to vary the physical parameters of the model (gravity, length, c.m. position) to match the data. This makes it possible to obtain values for the physical parameters without direct measurement.

A second experiment verifies the parallel axis theorem. It also uses superposition to find the rotational inertia of a disk

with an off axis circular hole.

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- AirLink



The Pendulum Bar has holes spaced at 2 cm intervals. A graph of oscillation period vs. pivot hole position shows that there is a unique placement that gives a minimum period. This location can be verified using calculus.



Apply a known torque and measure the angular acceleration to calculate the moment of inertia of the object. Multiple holes in the plate allow investigation of the Parallel Axis Theorem.



Unique design allows pivot exactly at the edge. Measure the period of the thick ring oscillating at either the inner or outer radius.



### **Experiment Includes**

Large Rod Stand ME-8735
45 cm Long Steel Rod ME-8736
Physical Pendulum Set ME-9833
Rotary Motion Sensor PS-2120A

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### Order Information

Interface or AirLink.

more information at pasco.com

The Rotary Motion Sensor

rotational platform for the

Ring and Disk, in addition to measuring the resulting change in angular velocity.

provides a sturdy, low-friction

### **Conservation of Angular Momentum**

EX-5517A

Designed for use with any of the following:

▶ 850 Universal Interface

▶ 550 Universal Interface

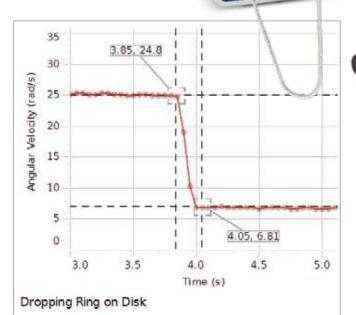
▶ AirLink

### Concepts:

- ▶ Conservation of angular momentum during collisions
- ▶ Easy determination of before and after points
- ▶ Calculation of energy lost during collision

The study of conservation of angular momentum during collisions is easy and fast using this system based on the Rotary Motion Sensor. The angular velocity of the spinning disk is graphed in real-time as a non-rotating ring is dropped onto it.

As a non-rotating ring is dropped onto a rotating disk, the angular velocity decreases to about 1/6th of its initial value since the ring has a large rotational inertia compared to the disk.



# **PASCO Advantage**

It is easy to measure the rotational speeds just before and after the collision since the entire collision is visible in the graph.

The rotational inertias of the ring and disk are calculated using the mass and dimensions of each. Then the total angular momentum before the collision is compared to the total angular momentum after the collision to show that it does not change.

The total kinetic energy before and after the collision is calculated to show the amount of energy lost during the inelastic collision.

### **Experiment Includes**

Rotary Motion Sensor	PS-2120A
<ul> <li>Rotational Accessory</li> </ul>	CI-6691
• Calipers	SF-8711
<ul> <li>Large Rod Stand</li> </ul>	ME-8735
• 45 cm Long Steel Rod	ME-8736

### Order Information

Conservation of Angular Momentum	EX-5517A
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Interface*	pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
Balance or Scale	p. 186

\* This experiment can be performed using the 550 or 850 Universal Interface or AirLink.

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### Variable-g Pendulum

EX-5519A

### Concepts:

- Period of a simple pendulum
- ▶ Effect of decreasing "g" on the pendulum period
- Large amplitude period
- ▶ Shape of displacement, velocity, and acceleration curves for large amplitude

This experiment explores the dependence of the period of a simple pendulum on the acceleration due to gravity and on the length and amplitude of the pendulum.

A simple rigid pendulum consists of a 35 cm long lightweight aluminum tube with masses at the end, mounted on a Rotary Motion Sensor. The pendulum is constrained to oscillate in a plane tilted at an angle from the vertical. This effectively reduces the acceleration due to gravity because the restoring force is decreased.

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- ▶ AirLink

3.2 3.0 2.8 2.6 9 2.4 2.2 2.0 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.2 1.0 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 Angle of Inclination (Degrees)

> The period of the Variable-g Pendulum is plotted as a function of the angle of inclination to show the dependence of the period on g.

The Adjustable Angle Clamp makes it easy to adjust the angle from zero to 90 degrees, thus varying "g" from 9.8 m/s<sup>2</sup> to zero.

### **Experiment Includes**

- Large Rod Stand
- 45 cm Long Steel Rod
- Angle Indicator
- Adjustable Angle Clamp
- Pendulum Accessory
- Rotary Motion Sensor

ME-8735 ME-8736

The period is measured for varying angles, simulating changing the acceleration due to gravity for the

pendulum.

ME-9495A ME-8744

ME-8969

PS-2120A

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™. PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### PASCO Advantage

The rigid pendulum can be assumed to be a simple pendulum: the actual period is approximately 99% of the period of a simple pendulum of the same length.

### Order Information

\* This experiment can be performed using the 550 or 850 Universal Interface or AirLink.

### **Large Amplitude Pendulum**

FX-5520A

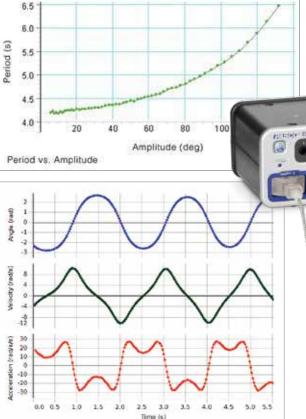
#### Concepts:

- Low amplitude approximation for the pendulum period
- Large amplitude period
- ▶ Shape of displacement, velocity, and acceleration curves for large amplitude

This experiment explores the dependence of the period of a simple pendulum on the amplitude of the oscillation. Also, the displacement, velocity, and acceleration for large amplitude are plotted versus time to show the difference from the sinusoidal motion of low amplitude oscillations.

A rigid pendulum consists of a 35 cm long lightweight (28 g) aluminum tube with a 75 g mass on each end. The center of the tube is mounted on a Rotary Motion Sensor. One of the masses is slightly closer to the center than the other mass, so the pendulum will oscillate slowly. Students will have time to view the motion of the pendulum, while also watching the real-time graph of displacement, velocity, and acceleration versus time.

The period is measured as a function of the amplitude of the pendulum and compared to theory.



Graphs of angular displacement, velocity, and acceleration versus time are displayed for a pendulum oscillating with large amplitude.

### **Download This Experiment**

Large Amplitude Pendulum

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- AirLink



The pendulum period is plotted versus amplitude.

PASCO Advantage

PASCO Capstone has a period function that can be plotted versus the amplitude in real-time as the pendulum's oscillation damps out. The pendulum is initially displaced almost 180 degrees and then, as the amplitude decreases because of friction, the period is automatically recorded as a function of amplitude.

#### **Experiment Includes**

<ul> <li>Small "A" Base</li> </ul>	ME-8976
<ul> <li>25 cm Long Threaded Steel Rod</li> </ul>	ME-8988
<ul> <li>Pendulum Accessory</li> </ul>	ME-8969
<ul> <li>Rotary Motion Sensor</li> </ul>	PS-2120A

Large Amplitude Pendulum	EX-5520A
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Interface*	pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
* This experiment can be performed us	ing the 550 or 850 Universal
Interface or AirLink.	

### **Driven Damped Harmonic Oscillator**

EX-5522A

### Concepts:

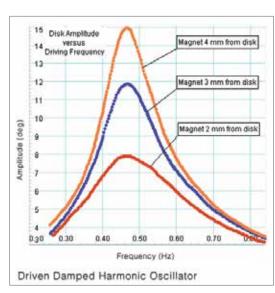
- ▶ Resonance curves for an oscillator: amplitude vs. frequency
- Resonant frequency
- ▶ Period of a pendulum
- ▶ Effect of magnetic damping on shape of resonance curve
- Phase difference between oscillator and driver at low, resonant, and high frequencies

In this experiment, the resonance of a driven damped harmonic oscillator is examined by plotting the oscillation amplitude versus frequency for various amounts of damping.

The oscillator consists of an aluminum disk with a pulley connected to two springs by a string. The angular positions and velocities of the disk and the driver are recorded as a function of time using two Rotary Motion Sensors. The amplitude of the oscillation is plotted versus the driving frequency for different amounts of magnetic damping. Increased damping is provided by moving an adjustable magnet closer to the aluminum disk.

### **PASCO Advantage**

The combination of PASCO Capstone Software and the 850 Universal Interface has the power to sweep through the driver frequencies and the capability to plot the amplitude versus the driver frequency in real-time.



This graph shows the resonance curves (amplitude vs. frequency) for three different settings of magnetic damping.

Designed for use with the 850 Universal Interface

Magnetic

Damping

Disk

Springs



Driver

The magnetically damped oscillator is driven by a sinusoidal mechanical driver.

#### **Experiment Includes**

Rotary Motion Sensor (2)	PS-2120A
Mechanical Oscillator/Driver	ME-8750
Chaos/Driven Harmonic Accessory	CI-6689A
Large Rod Stand	ME-8735
• 120-cm Long Steel Rod (2)	ME-8741
• 45-cm Long Steel Rod	ME-8736
• Multi-Clamps (2)	ME-9507
Physics String	SE-8050

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™. PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

Driven Damped Harmonic Oscillator	EX-5522A	
Required:		
850 Universal Interface		. p. 12
PASCO Capstone Software		. pp. 18-20
Hooked Mass Set		. p. 187
Calipers	SE-8710	p. 182

### Chans

EX-5523A

### Concepts:

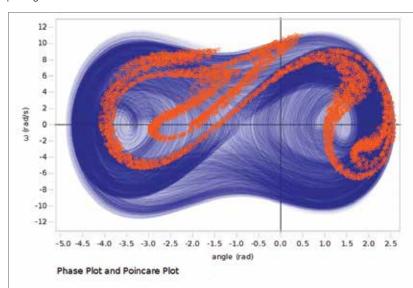
- Nonlinear oscillator
- Phase space
- Chaotic motion
- Poincare plot

The chaotic behavior of a driven nonlinear pendulum is explored by graphing its motion in phase space and by making a Poincare plot. These plots are compared to the motion of the pendulum when it is not chaotic.

Designed for use with the 850 Universal Interface

The oscillator consists of an aluminum disk connected to two springs. A point mass on the edge of the aluminum disk makes the oscillator nonlinear. The frequency of the sinusoidal driver can be varied to investigate the progression from predictable motion to chaotic motion. Magnetic damping can be adjusted to change the character of the chaotic motion. The angular position and velocity of the disk are recorded as a function of time using a Rotary Motion Sensor. A real-time phase plot is made by graphing the angular velocity versus the displacement angle of the oscillation.

The Poincare plot is also graphed in real-time, superimposed on the phase plot. This is achieved by recording the point on the phase plot once every cycle of the driver arm as the driver arm blocks a photogate.



A graph in phase space and a Poincare plot are obtained to study the chaotic motion of this nonlinear oscillator.

The Poincare plot (in orange) shows the pendulum's velocity versus position once per revolution of the driver. The purple background is the phase plot.

This phase plot (angular velocity versus angle) is graphed in PASCO Capstone using partial opacity, so the trace gets darker as it traces back over itself.

#### Experiment Includes

Experiment includes	
• Large Rod Stand	ME-8735
• 120 cm Long Steel Rod (2)	ME-8741
• 45 cm Long Steel Rod	ME-8736
• Multi Clamps (2)	ME-9507
<ul> <li>Chaos/Driven Harmonic Accessory</li> </ul>	CI-6689A
<ul> <li>Mechanical Oscillator/Driver</li> </ul>	ME-8750
<ul> <li>Rotary Motion Sensor</li> </ul>	PS-2120
Photogate Head	ME-9498A

#### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### **PASCO Advantage**

PASCO Capstone can graph the motion in phase space and superimpose the Poincare plot in real-time, showing students how the motion in phase space relates to actual motion of the oscillator.

Chaos	EX-5523A
Required:	
850 Universal Interface	p. 12
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20

### **Specific Heat**

EX-5524A

### Concepts:

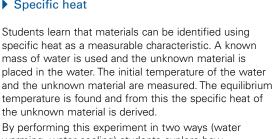
- Thermal energy
- Equilibrium temperature
- Specific heat

Designed for use with any of the following:

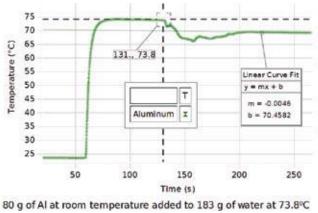
▶ 850 Universal Interface

▶ 550 Universal Interface

▶ AirLink



warming, water cooling) students explore how experiment design may alter results. Finally students explore sources of error and magnitude of error.



Room temperature A1 is added to hot water. After 210 s, the system has come to equilibrium and is slowly cooling. A linear fit to the cooling curve allows extrapolation back to find the equilibrium temperature that would have occurred at 131 s when the A1 was added if the system had come to equilibrium instantaneously. This allows measurement of the specific heat within approximately 10%.

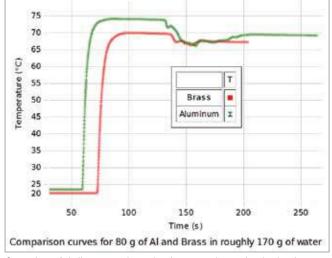
### **Experiment Includes**

• 1000-mL Beaker

<ul> <li>Temperature Sensor</li> </ul>	PS-2125
<ul> <li>Calorimetry Cup with Lid</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Specific Heat Set</li> </ul>	SE-6849
Balance	SE-8723
Hot Plate	SE-8830
<ul> <li>Graduated Cylinder, 50 mL</li> </ul>	

• Braided Physics String SE-8050





Comparison of similar system shows that A1 causes about twice the drop in water temperature as does brass. The cooling slopes before and after support Newton's Law of Cooling.

#### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone™ workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments

### Order Information

Specific Heat	EX-5524A
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Inter	ace*pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Softwar	epp. 18-20

\* This experiment can be performed using the 550 or 850 Universal Interface or AirLink.

# **Electrical Equivalent** of Heat

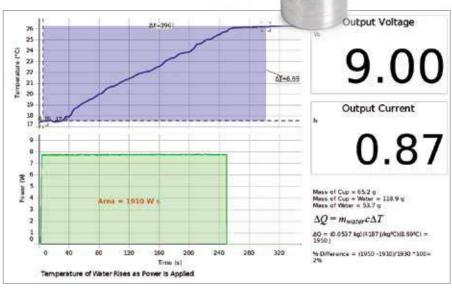
EX-5525

### Concept:

 Compare electrical energy input to changes in internal energy

The double wall of the aluminum Calorimeter Cup ensures good insulation. Energy is added to the system using the 10  $\Omega$  Heating Resistor, powered by the 850 Universal Interface. The voltage, current, power, and resulting increase in temperature are monitored and displayed continuously.

The amount of electrical energy used to heat the water (and the inner cup) is equal to the area under the power versus time curve. The amount of heat delivered to the water (and the inner cup) can be calculated using the increase in temperature and the mass of the water. The comparison of the electrical energy to the heat results in a value for the number of Joules in a calorie.



Designed for use with the 850 Universal Interface

The bottom graph displays the power output from the generator and the top graph the increase in temperature. The amount of electrical energy used to heat to the water is determined by finding the area under the power versus time curve.

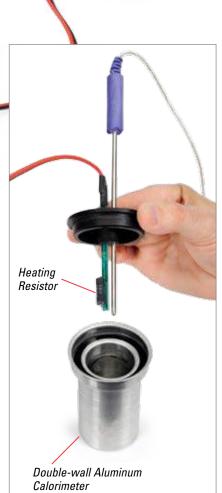
### **Experiment Includes**

Energy Transfer-Calorimeter
 Temperature Sensor
 Mass Scale
 ET-8499
 PS-2125
 SE-8707

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

Electrical Equivalent of Heat	. EX-5525
Required:	
850 Universal Interface	pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20



### **Ideal Gas Law**

EX-5527

### Concepts:

- Ideal gas Law
- ▶ Boyle's Law
- ▶ Gay-Lussac's Law

The temperature, volume, and pressure of a gas are measured simultaneously to show that they change according to the Ideal Gas Law. Two special cases of the Ideal Gas Law are also examined: constant volume (Gay-Lussac's Law) and constant temperature (Boyle's Law). A syringe is used to vary the volume at constant temperature. A sphere of constant volume is immersed in different temperature water baths to show the change in pressure.

### **PASCO Advantage**

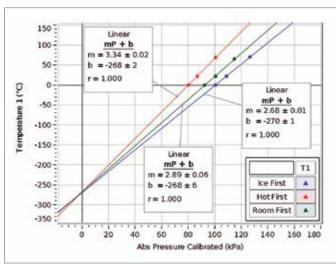
The Ideal Gas Syringe and Absolute Zero Sphere have a thermistor with small mass that responds quickly to temperature changes.

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- 550 Universal Interface



For the Ideal Gas Syringe (shown above) the Slope of the Volume vs.  $\frac{T}{R}$  graph equals nR.



For the Absolute Zero Apparatus (shown at right) which has constant volume, the pressure versus temperature graphs have different slopes corresponding to different

# number of moles in the container.

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments

### **Experiment Includes**

• Pressure/Temperature Sensor

TD-8596A • Ideal Gas Law Syringe PS-2146 • Absolute Zero Apparatus TD-8595 Plastic Containers (2) 740-183

## Order Information

Ideal Gas Law.....EX-5527 Required: 550 or 850 Universal Interface\*......pp. 12-14 PASCO Capstone Software ...... p. 18-20 Calipers......SE-8710 p. 182

**ICE** 

WATER

\* This experiment can be performed using the 550 or 850 Universal Interface or AirLink.



### **Blackbody Radiation**

EX-5529A

Blackbody spectrum

bulb is scanned by hand using a

Concepts:

Peak wavelength versus temperature The classic blackbody spectrum of light intensity versus wavelength is obtained for a light bulb and the shift in the peak wavelength is demonstrated for different bulb

Designed for use with the

850 Universal Interface

temperatures. spectrum of an incandescent light

prism spectrophotometer, which measures relative light intensity as a function of angle. A Broad Spectrum Light Sensor is used with a prism, so the entire spectrum from approximately 400 nm to 2500 nm can be scanned without the overlapping orders caused by a grating. The wavelengths corresponding to the angles are calculated using the equations for a prism spectrophotometer. The relative light intensity can then be plotted as a function of wavelength as the spectrum is scanned, resulting in the characteristic blackbody curve. The intensity of the light bulb is reduced, reducing the temperature, and the scan is repeated to show how the curves nest with a shift in the peak wavelength.

The temperature of the bulb's filament can then be measured indirectly by determining the resistance of the bulb from the measured voltage and current. From the temperature, the theoretical peak wavelength can be calculated and compared to the measured peak wavelength.

Note: Results are qualitative and suitable for introductory classes only.

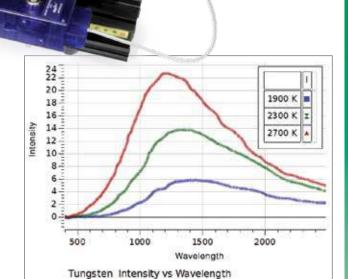
#### **PASCO Advantage**

All the complex calculations for the angle-to-wavelength conversion are stored in the set-up file supplied for PASCO Capstone-

#### **Experiment Includes**

<ul> <li>Prism Spectrophotometer Kit</li> </ul>	OS-8544
Optics Bench (60 cm)	OS-8541
<ul> <li>Spectrophotometer Accessory Kit</li> </ul>	OS-8537
<ul> <li>Aperture Bracket</li> </ul>	OS-8534A
<ul> <li>Broad Spectrum Light Sensor</li> </ul>	PS-2150
<ul> <li>Rotary Motion Sensor</li> </ul>	PS-2120A
Voltage Sensor	UI-5100
<ul> <li>Replacement Bulb (10 pk)</li> </ul>	SE-8509
<ul> <li>Banana Plug Cord-Black (5 pack)</li> </ul>	SE-9751

The continuous blackbody spectrum is scanned using a prism spectrophotometer.



Classic textbook diagram of the intensity versus wavelength blackbody curves can be produced with real data. In this graph, the peak wavelength in the blackbody curve shifts as the source temperature is decreased.

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments

Blackbody Radiation	EX-5529A
Required: 850 Universal Interface	n 12
PASCO Capstone Software	·

### **Heat Engine Cycle**

EX-5530B

### Concepts:

- ▶ Heat engine efficiency
- Isothermal processes

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ Any PASPORT interface with 3 ports

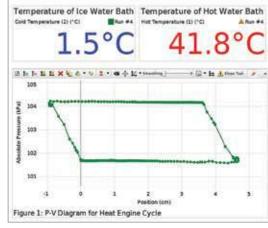
Isobaric processes

Ideal gas law

A P-V diagram is generated as a heat engine is taken through a cycle. From this diagram, the heat added to the gas and the work done by the engine are measured to determine the efficiency of the engine. This actual efficiency is compared to the theoretical maximum efficiency.

The heat engine consists of air inside a cylinder that expands when an attached can is immersed in hot water. The expanding air pushes on a piston and does work by lifting a weight. The heat engine cycle is completed by immersing the can in cold water, which returns the air pressure and volume to the starting values.

COLD BATH



The PASCO Capstone™ graph shows an isobaric/isothermal heat engine cycle operating between a cold water bath at 1.5°C and a hot water bath at 41.8°C.

The actual efficiency is determined for a heat engine that lifts a weight as heat is added to the gas.

### **PASCO Advantage**

This operating heat engine shows how a difference in temperature can be used to do work. Each part of the cycle is easily identifiable, and the actual efficiency as well as the maximum possible efficiency can be easily

determined.

### The cycle is performed as follows:

HOT BATH

- With the can in the cold bath, the 200 g mass is placed on the platform.
- 2. The can is moved from the cold bath to the hot bath.
- 3. The 200 g mass is removed from the platform.
- 4. The can is moved from the hot bath to the cold bath.

The change in pressure is measured with a Low Pressure Sensor. The change in piston height is measured by the attached string over the Rotary Motion Sensor pulley. The change in volume is calculated by multiplying the change in piston height by the piston cross-sectional area.

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

#### **Experiment Includes**

<ul> <li>Heat Engine/Gas Law Apparatus</li> <li>Large Rod Stand</li> <li>Slotted Mass (200 g)</li> <li>Mass &amp; Hanger Set</li> <li>Plastic containers (2)</li> <li>Thread</li> </ul>	TD-8572A ME-8735 SE-8811 ME-8979 ME-7559
<ul> <li>90 cm Long Steel Rod</li> <li>Rotary Motion Sensor</li> <li>Quad Temperature Sensor</li> <li>Dual Pressure Sensor</li> </ul>	ME-8738 PS-2120A PS-2143 PS-2181

### Order Information

Heat Engine Cycle	EX-5530B	
Required:		
550 or 850 Universal Interface*	p	p. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	p	р. 18-20
* This experiment can be performed using the	250 Univers	al

### **Ratio of Specific Heats**

EX-5531A

### Concepts:

- C<sub>D</sub>/C<sub>V</sub> for a gas
- Ruchhardt's method of measuring the ratio of specific heats
- Adiabatic process

In this experiment, the ratio of specific heat capacities for air is determined using Ruchhardt's Method of measuring the period of oscillation of the piston in a cylinder filled with air.

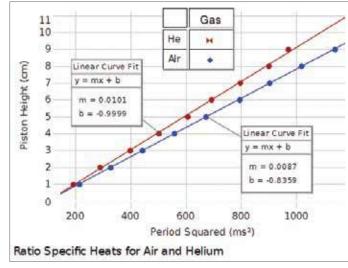
A cylinder is filled with air and a Pressure Sensor is attached. The piston is plucked by hand and allowed to oscillate. The oscillating pressure is recorded as a function of time and the period is determined. The ratio of specific heat capacities is calculated using the period of oscillation, according to Ruchhardt's method.

### **PASCO Advantage**

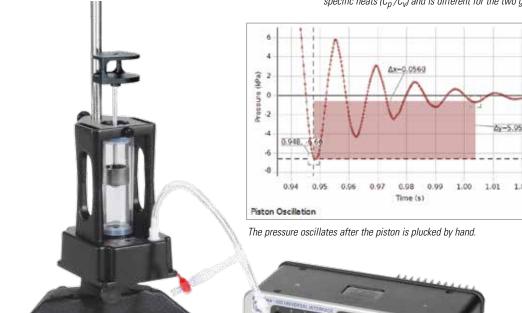
Since the oscillations are plotted, it is easy to accurately measure the period of oscillation.

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- ▶ AirLink



A plot of the position of piston versus the square of the period shows that the period increases as the gas volume increases. The slope of the line is related to the ratio of specific heats  $(C_D/C_V)$  and is different for the two gases.



### **Experiment Includes**

Heat Engine/Gas Law Apparatus
 Large Rod Stand
 45 cm Long Steel Rod
 Dual Pressure Sensor
 TD-8572A
 ME-8735
 ME-8736
 PS-2181

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

Ratio of Specific HeatsEX-	5531A
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Interface*	pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-19
* This experiment can be performed using the 550 of	r 850 Universal
Interface or Airlink	

### Electromagnetism

### **Electrostatic Charge**

EX-5532

### Concepts:

- ▶ Methods of charging
- ▶ Charge distribution
- ▶ Conservation of charge

Using classic equipment, a Faraday Ice Pail and Conductive Spheres, students learn to charge objects by direct contact and by induction. The charge is measured using a high impedance electrometer.

Students explore the distribution of charge on different shaped conductive shapes. A sphere with a hole in it is provided to show that no charge resides on the inner surface of the conductor when it is charged.





### **Experiment Includes**

Basic Electrometer
Charge Producers and Proof Plane
Faraday Ice Pail and Shield
Conductive Spheres, 13 cm
Conductive Shapes
Electrostatics Voltage Source
ES-9078A
ES-9057C
ES-9042A
ES-9059C
ES-9061
ES-9077

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™ PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

Electrostatic Charge	EX-5532
Required:	
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
(No interface required.)	

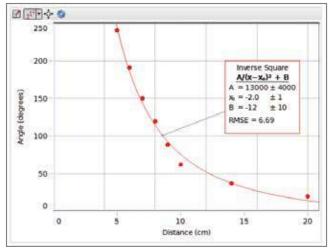
### Coulomb's Law

FX-9930B

### Concepts:

- Verify the Inverse Square Law:  $F \sim 1/R^2$
- ▶ Verify the Force/Charge Relationship: F ~ q₁q₂
- ▶ Determine Coulomb's Constant: k = 9.0 x 10<sup>9</sup> Nm<sup>2</sup>/C<sup>2</sup>

A conductive sphere is mounted on the end of an insulating, counterbalanced rod and suspended from a very thin torsion wire. An identical sphere is mounted on a calibrated linear track and can be positioned at various distances from the first sphere. When the conductive spheres are charged, the force between them is proportional to the twist of the torsion wire that is required to bring the balance back to its equilibrium position. Introductory physics students can determine the Inverse Square Law in a simple experiment, while advanced students can perform investigations into all the variables involved in electrostatic repulsion.



Electrostatic force is directly proportional to the angle of twist and the angle of twist is proportional to the inverse square of the separation of the balls.



When an electrostatic force is applied, the torsion wire is twisted to return the balance to equilibrium. The twist of the wire is proportional to the electrostatic repulsion force.

### **Experiment Includes**

• Coulomb's Law Apparatus

Kilovolt Power Supply

Basic Electrometer
 Face devides Deil

Faraday Ice Pail

• Charge Producers and Proof Plane

• Coulomb's Law Experiment Manual

ES-9070 SF-9586B

ES-9078A ES-9042A

ES-9042A ES-9057C

### Order Information

Coulomb's Law.....EX-9930B (No interface required.)

### To Download This Experiment

Search for EX-9930B at www.pasco.com

### Electromagnetism

### **Charge of an Electron**

EX-9929A

### Concepts:

- Accurately measure the charge of a single electron
- ▶ Recreate Robert Millikan's historical experiment

Small droplets of oil are introduced into a chamber where an electric field of known strength is present. Using the viewing scope and a stopwatch, the velocity of a falling oil droplet is measured and recorded. Next, the electric field in the chamber is increased, causing the oil droplet to move upward. This allows the measurement of the force on the droplet and, ultimately, the charge of the droplet. By measuring the charge of several different oil droplets, the smallest difference in charge between them can be equated to the charge of an electron.



### PASCO Advantage

PASCO's Charge of an Electron Experiment features a 30x, bright-field, erect-image microscope for clear viewing of the oil droplets. The droplet viewing chamber utilizes a special condenser to minimize droplet drift typically caused by droplet illumination and outside air currents. An ionization source allows the droplet charge to be changed.

#### **Experiment Includes**

•		
Millikan Oil Drop Apparatus	AP-8210	
Basic Digital Multimeter	SE-9786A	
<ul> <li>High Voltage Power Supply</li> </ul>	SF-9585A	
Large Rod Base	ME-8735	
• 45 cm Steel Rod (2)	ME-8736	
• Banana Plug Cord-Red (5 Pack)	SE-9750	
<ul> <li>Banana Plug Cord-Black (5 Pack)</li> </ul>	SE-9751	
Charge of an Electron Experiment Manual		

Easy Cleaning

The condenser system easily disassembles for cleaning and inspection.

Condenser Housing

Minimum Electric Field Distortion

A 0.5 mm diameter droplet entry hole in the top capacitor plate has a negligible effect on the electric field.

Ionization Source

The thorium-232 alpha source can be activated by the switch on the side of the chamber. The source allows the charge on the oil droplets to be changed.

Droplet Hole Cover Prevents additional droplets from

entering the chamber once the experiment has started.

> Polished Surfaces Polished surfaces

on the plate spacer minimize absorption of light (and heat) through the chamber

> Electrical Connection Electrical

Condenser Assembly

connection to the top plate

### To Download This Experiment

Search for EX-9929A at www.pasco.com

### Order Information

Charge of an Electron ......EX-9929A (No interface required.)

### **Capacitance**

FX-5533

### Concepts:

- ▶ Capacitance
- ▶ Parallel plate capacitor
- ▶ Factors affecting capacitance

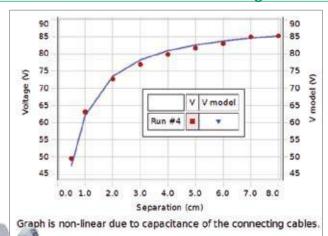
This lab explores the effect of varying the plate distance and insulating dielectric materials in a variable flat plate capacitor.

Designed for use with any of the following:

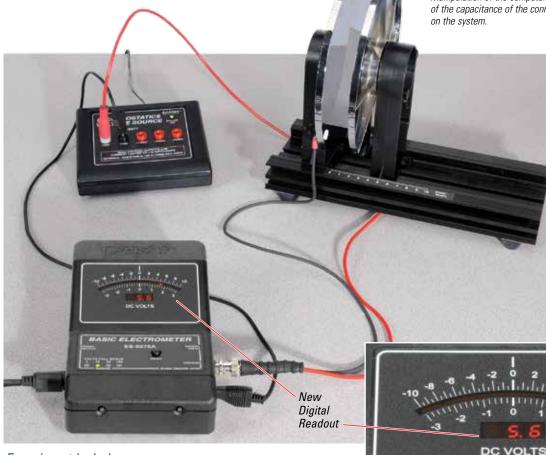
▶ 850 Universal Interface

▶ 550 Universal Interface

The Electrometer used in this experiment makes it possible to measure the voltage across the capacitor plates without discharging the capacitor, since it has an internal resistance of 10<sup>14</sup> ohms.



Manipulation of the computer model allows measurement of the capacitance of the connecting cables and the charge on the system



### **Experiment Includes**

• Basic Electrometer

Basic Variable Capacitor

• Electrostatics Voltage Source

ES-9078A

ES-9079

ES-9077

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™. PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

CapacitanceEX-5533	
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Interfacepp. 12-14	1
PASCO Capstone Softwarepp. 18-2	0

### Electromagnetism

**Resistivity** EX-5534

Designed for use with the 850 Universal Interface

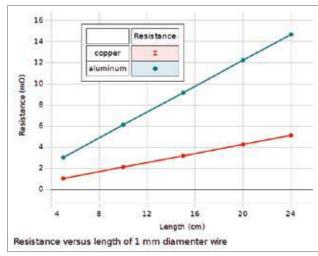
### Concepts:

- ▶ Relate resistance to wire length
- Determine resistivity of different materials

Discover the relationship between the resistance of a wire and its length, diameter, and the resistivity of the metal.

The current is measured directly by the 850 Universal Interface, and the voltage drop over the selected section of wire is measured by the Voltage Sensor. This allows easy calculation of the resistance of the length of wire. The resistance is plotted versus the length of the wire, and the slope of the resulting straight line is used to determine the resistivity.

Using wires of the same diameter made of different materials allows examination of the effect of resistivity. Using brass wires with various diameters allows examination of the effect diameter has on resistance.



Since both wires have the same diameter, the resistivity is directly proportional to the slope. The graph shows that the resistivity of copper is about one-third that of aluminum.



### **PASCO Advantage**

The Resistance Apparatus has a slide-wire probe to easily change the measured length of the wire. It utilizes a four-wire hook-up to accurately measure the voltage drop.

The 850 Universal Interface Power Amplifier makes it possible to scan the voltages, allowing more time to examine wires made of different metals and with different diameters.

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

#### **Experiment Includes**

Resistance Apparatus
 Voltage Sensor
 Patch cords (set of 5)
 EM-8812
 UI-5100
 SE-9750

Resistivity	EX-5534
Required:	
850 Universal Interface	p. 12
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20
Micrometer	p. 182

### **Ohm's Law**

EX-5535

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface

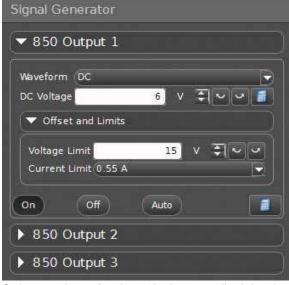
### Concepts:

### ▶ Relationship between voltage and current

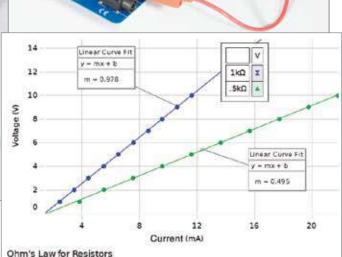
#### Method

In this experiment, students simultaneously measure both current and voltage for a simple DC circuit. The relationship between current and voltage is explored for different resistors in parallel. Voltage is graphed versus current to verify Ohm's Law and recognize the physical meaning of slope.





Students control output from the 850 signal generators directly from the user interface in PASCO Capstone.



The relationship between voltage and current varies for different circuit resistance.

#### **Experiment Includes**

Resistive/Capacitive/Inductive Network

• Short Patch Cords (set of 8) SE-7123

UI-5210

**Download This Experiment** 

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word<sup>M</sup>, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### Order Information

Ohm's Law ..... EX-5535

Required:

 Electromagnetism

**RC Circuit** 

EX-5536

Designed for use with any of the following:

850 Universal Interface

850 Universal Interface550 Universal Interface

### Concepts:

▶ Charging and discharging a capacitor

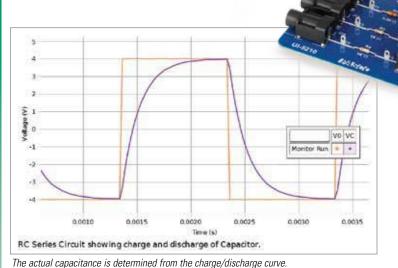
▶ Exponential growth and decay

▶ Time constants

Students collect data to understand the relationship between charging and discharging rates and the capacitance and resistance in a simple circuit. The time constant is derived and exponential growth and decay are explored.

### **PASCO Advantage**

The RC Circuit experiment is extremely simple and transparent to set up. It is very easy to measure the time to half charge. It is also easy to verify that the curve is exponential using the curve-fitting capability of PASCO Capstone Software.



 $\varepsilon$ 

The 850 Universal Interface provides a very clean square wave to the series RC circuit.

### **Experiment Includes**

Resistive/Capacitive/Inductive Network
 Voltage Sensor
 Short Patch Cords (set of 8)
 UI-5210
 UI-5100
 SE-7123

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™ PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

RC Circuit	EX-5536
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Inter	facepp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Softwa	rep. 18-20

The 850 Interface supplies AC voltage

to an LRC series circuit.

VO VL VC VII

0:03

Monitor Rain | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

LRC Circuit Designed for use with the 850 Universal Interface

EX-5537

### Concepts:

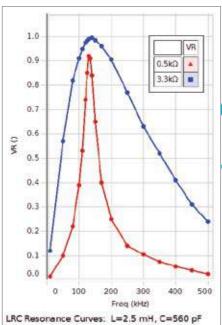
▶ LC oscillations

Inductive, capacitive, and resistive AC circuits

▶ LRC resonant frequency

The response of a series LRC circuit is examined at driving frequencies above, below, and at the resonant frequency. A sinusoidal voltage is applied individually to a resistor, a capacitor, and an inductor. The amplitude of the current and the phase difference between the applied voltage and the current are measured in each of the three circuits to see the effect each component has on the current. Finally, a sinusoidal voltage is applied to an inductor, resistor, and capacitor in series.

The amplitude of the current and the phase difference between the applied voltage and the current are measured and compared to theory.



The effect of circuit resistance on peak width is clear and leads to an understanding of how to design a filter for a circuit.

### **Experiment Includes**

• Resistive/Capacitive/Inductive Network UI-5210

• Voltage Sensors (3) UI-5100

• Short Patch Cords (set of 8) SE-7123

• BNC to Banana Output Cable UI-5119

LRC Circuit	EX-5537
Required:	
850 Universal Interface	p. 12
PASCO Capstone Software	p. 18-20

0:02

Time (must

### Order Information **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments

1.0

0.0

-20

-3.0-1.5

LRC Series Circuit above Resonance

The oscilloscope display in PASCO Capstone is used to simultaneously display the voltages across the inductor, capacitor, and resistor, as well as the source voltage.

0.04

### Electromagnetism

### **Kirchhoff's Circuit Law**

FX-5538

### Concepts:

Designed for use with any of the following:

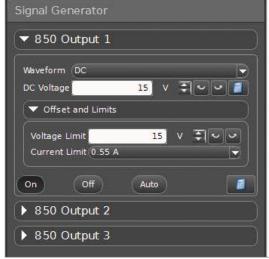
- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface

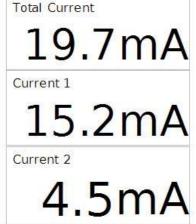
Summation of the voltages around a closed loop are zero at any instant

Summation of the currents at any junction are zero

Kirchhoff's Laws form the basis of all circuit analysis. The high speed for AC applications and high sensitivity (0.1 mA) for DC applications make the 850 Interface an ideal tool for investigating AC and DC circuits.

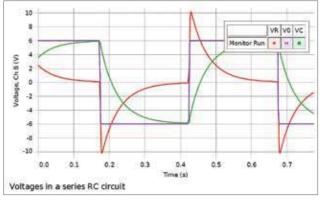
Students control output from the 850 signal generators directly from the user interface in PASCO Capstone.





Measurement of voltages and currents in series-parallel DC circuits demonstrates the validity of Kirchhoff's Laws. The use of multiple current probes avoids student confusion that can arise when rearranging the circuit to measure currents at different points.

Students compare the current flow through each resistor to the total current output from the 850.



The high speed of the 850 Universal Interface, in scope mode, allows the examination of time varying voltages in an RC circuit to verify that Kirchhoff's loop theorem holds even when voltage is not constant.

### **Experiment Includes**

Resistive/Capacitive/Inductive Network	UI-5210
Voltage Sensors (3)	UI-5100
• Current Probe (2)	PS-2184
<ul> <li>Short Patch Cords (set of 8)</li> </ul>	SE-7123

### Short Patch Cords (set of 8)

**Download This Experiment** 

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments

Kirchhoff's Circuit Law	.EX-5538	
Required:		
550 or 850 Universal Interface	pp.	12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp.	18-20

### **Earth's Magnetic Field**

FX-5539A

### Concepts:

Designed for use with any of the following:

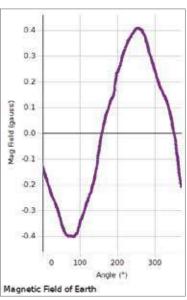
- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- 550 Universal Interface
- ▶ Any PASPORT interface with 2 ports

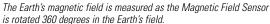
Magnitude of the earth's magnetic field

Direction of earth's magnetic field

Dip angle

The magnitude and direction of the Earth's magnetic field are measured using a Magnetic Field Sensor mounted on a Rotary Motion Sensor. The Magnetic Field Sensor is rotated through 360 degrees by rotating the Rotary Motion Sensor pulley by hand. The Magnetic Field Sensor is zeroed using the Zero Gauss Chamber, the walls of which are made of a highly permeable material that redirects the magnetic field around the chamber.





#### **PASCO Advantage**

The sensitive Magnetic Field Sensor combined with the Rotary Motion Sensor enables the measurement of the magnetic field strength as a function of angle from North. It is essentially a computerized compass that can measure both the direction and the magnitude of the field.

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™. PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments

v	The Magnetic Field Sensor is mounted on a Rotary Motion Sensor to measure the magnitude and direction of the Earth's magnetic field.
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### **Experiment Includes**

<ul> <li>2-Axis Magnetic Field Sensor</li> </ul>	PS-2162
<ul> <li>Zero Gauss Chamber</li> </ul>	EM-8652
<ul> <li>Rotary Motion Sensor</li> </ul>	PS-2120A
Dip Needle	SF-8619
Aluminum Table Clamp	ME-8995
<ul> <li>25 cm Stainless Steel Rod (threaded)</li> </ul>	ME-8988
<ul> <li>Adjustable Angle Clamp</li> </ul>	ME-8744
Angle Indicator	ME-9495A

### Order Information

Earth's Magnetic Field	EX-5539A
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Interface*	pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20

### Electromagnetism

### **Magnetic Forces on Wires**

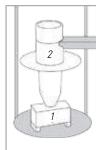
EX-9933

### **Concepts:**

▶ Relationship between:

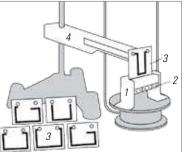
force and current, force and length of wire, force and magnetic field strength, force and angle





- 1. Fixed Magnet with Yoke
- 2. 10-turn Rectangular Coil (with a built-in degree scale)

- 1. Iron Yoke (holds magnets)
- 2. Removable Magnets (six)
- 3. Six Conductors (1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8 cm in length)
- 4. Mount (for holding/positioning conductors)

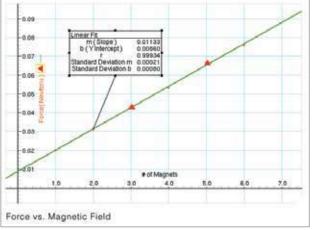


Magnets are mounted on an iron yoke and placed on a balance (resolution of at least 0.01 g). One of the conducting paths is suspended between the magnets. The balance is used to measure the mass of the magnets and yoke prior to any current passing through the conducting path. Current is then passed through the conducting path, producing a force. The change in reading on the balance can be converted to find the magnetic force between the conductor and magnetic field.

Conductors of different lengths are included to measure the effect of length on magnetic force. Magnetic field can be varied by changing the number of magnets in the yoke. The power source is used to change the current supplied to the conductor. The Current Balance Accessory includes all the components needed to test the effect of angle on magnetic force.

### **PASCO Advantage**

PASCO's Magnetic Force in Wires Experiment allows students to study the key variables (conductor length, current, magnetic field strength, and angle) that affect magnetic force.



Graph illustrates the direct relationship between magnetic field and magnetic force.

### **Experiment Includes**

Basic Current Balance	SF-8607
Current Balance Accessory	SF-8608
<ul> <li>Ohaus Cent-o-Gram Balance</li> </ul>	SE-8725
<ul> <li>Low Voltage AC/DC Power Supply</li> </ul>	SF-9584B
<ul> <li>Large Base and Support Rod</li> </ul>	ME-9355
<ul> <li>Banana Plug Cord-Red (5 pack)</li> </ul>	SE-9750
<ul> <li>Banana Plug Cord-Black (5 pack)</li> </ul>	SE-9751
• Magnetic Forces on Wires Experiment Manual	

#### To Download This Experiment

Search for EX-9933 at www.pasco.com

#### **Order Information**

Magnetic Forces on Wires .....EX-9933

### **Magnetic Fields of Coils**

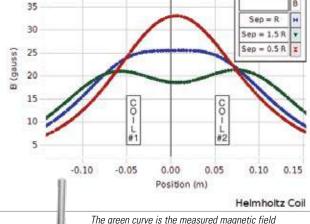
EX-5540A

Designed for use with the 850 Universal Interface

### **Concepts:**

Magnetic fields of: single coil Helmholtz coils inside a solenoid

This plot shows the magnetic field strength along the axis of Helmholtz coils for three different coil separations. The green data is for coils with the proper separation (the coil radius), the red data is for the coils too close together, and the blue data is for the coils too far apart.



versus distance along the perpendicular axis of a single coil. The red theoretical curve is plotted from

The dependence of the magnetic field strength of current-carrying coils on the distance from the coil along the perpendicular axis is determined and compared to the theoretical curve. In addition, the effect of varying the coil separation on the shape of the magnetic field between the Helmholtz coils is examined.

The magnetic fields of various coils are plotted versus position as the Magnetic Field Sensor is passed through the coils, guided by a track. The position is recorded by a string attached to the Magnetic Field Sensor that passes over the Rotary Motion Sensor pulley to a hanging mass. It is particularly interesting to compare the field from Helmholtz coils at the proper separation of the coil radius to the field from coils separated at less than or more than the coil radius. The magnetic field inside a solenoid can be examined in both the radial and axial directions.

The magnetic field inside a solenoid is measured in the radial and axial directions.

The magnetic field of Helmholtz coils is measured as a function of distance along the perpendicular axis.



#### **PASCO Advantage**

Using the PASCO Capstone<sup>™</sup> curve fit, the theoretical equation for the magnetic field can be plotted on the same graph.

#### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments

### **Experiment Includes**

Helmholtz Coil Base	EM-6715
• Field Coil (2) (500 turn)	EM-6723
<ul> <li>Primary and Secondary Coils</li> </ul>	SE-8653
<ul> <li>Patch Cords-red (set of 5)</li> </ul>	SE-9750
<ul> <li>Patch Cords-black (set of 5)</li> </ul>	SE-9751
• 60 cm Optics Bench	OS-8541
Dynamics Track Mount	CI-6692
<ul> <li>20 g hooked mass (Hooked Mass Set)</li> </ul>	SE-8759
<ul> <li>Round Base with Rod (2 of each)</li> </ul>	ME-8270
<ul> <li>Optics Bench Rod Clamps (set of 2)</li> </ul>	OS-8479
<ul> <li>2-Axis Magnetic Field Sensor</li> </ul>	PS-2162
Rotary Motion Sensor	PS-2120A

Magnetic Fields of Coils	EX-5540A
Required:	
850 Universal Interface	p. 12
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20

### Electromagnetism

### **Faraday's Law of Induction**

EX-5541A

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface

### Concepts:

Magnetic flux

the magnetic field of the magnet from the maximum induced voltage. Also, the

- Conservation of energy
- Faraday's Law of Induction
- Electrical power

Lenz's Law

A voltage is induced in a coil swinging through a magnetic field. Faraday's Law and Lenz's Law are examined and the energy dissipated in a load resistor is compared to the loss of energy of the coil pendulum.

A rigid pendulum with a coil at its end swings through a horseshoe magnet. A resistive load is connected across the coil and the induced voltage is recorded using a Voltage Sensor. The angle is measured with a Rotary Motion Sensor, which also acts as a pivot for the pendulum. The induced voltage is plotted versus time and angle. The power dissipated in the resistor is calculated from the voltage and the energy converted to thermal energy is determined by finding the area under the power versus time curve. This energy is compared to the loss of energy determined from the amplitude and speed of the pendulum.

0.20 0.15 0.10 S 0.05 induced Voltage 0.00 -0.05-0.10 -0.15-0.200.40 0.45 Time (s) Magnet with Pole Pieces Plot of induced voltage as coil swings through the magnet

Faraday's Law is used to estimate **PASCO Advantage** through the magnet.



### **Experiment Includes**

• Rotary Motion Sensor

• Induction Wand EM-8099 • Variable Gap Lab Magnet EM-8641 Large Rod Base ME-8735 • 45 cm Steel Rod (2) ME-8736 • Multi Clamp ME-9507 Voltage Sensor UI-5100 • 2-Axis Magnetic Field Sensor PS-2162

PS-2120A

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### Order Information

Faraday's Law of Induction ...... EX-5541A Required: 550 or 850 Universal Interface......pp. 12-14 PASCO Capstone Software ......pp. 18-20

### **Vibrating String**

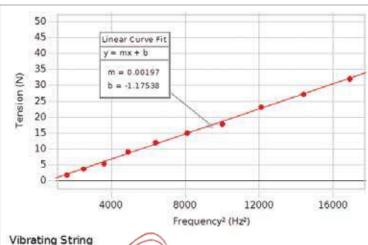
EX-5542

Designed for use with the 850 Universal Interface

### **Concepts:**

- Investigate standing waves
- ▶ Pull string to adjust number of segments
- Vary frequency of vibration

Study standing waves in a string by varying the driver frequency and keeping the number of segments constant. The String Vibrator is powered by the 850 Universal Interface. Students vary both the frequency and amplitude.



Vibrating String

A graph of force vs. the square of the frequency shows a linear relationship. The slope of this line is related to the length and density of the string.

### **PASCO Advantage**

The unusual approach in this version of the experiment is that the students actually provide the tension in the string by pulling directly on the force sensor. This is particularly instructive because the students get a feel for how the tension must change to vary the number of segments. Rather than hanging more weight over a pulley, the students must pull harder to achieve a smaller number of segments. This helps them remember the relationship between tension and wavelength.

The 850 Universal Interface controls the frequency and amplitude of the sine waves applied to the String Vibrator. As the frequency is gradually increased (in 10 Hz increments), the student pulls on the Force Sensor to adjust the tension for resonance with the string vibrating in two segments.

The string tension is measured directly with a Force Sensor, enabling students to feel the force required to obtain a certain number of segments.

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™ PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### **Experiment Includes**

String Vibrator
 Physics String
 High Resolution Force Sensor
 PS-2189

Large "C" Clamp
Patch Cords (set of 5)
Tape Measure
SE-9750
SE-8712A

### Order Information

### Waves and Optics

### **Waves**

EX-9952

#### Concepts:

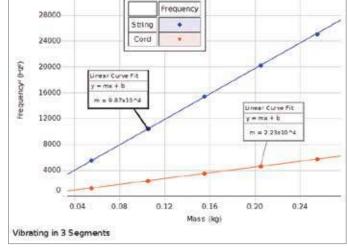
- Speed of waves in a string
- Speed of sound in air
- ▶ Resonance in strings and air columns
- Harmonics



Standing waves in strings and air columns are studied. Using a sine wave generator to drive a string vibrator, the driving frequency, length, density, and tension of the string are varied to explore standing waves in strings and to determine the speed of the wave. For the sound waves in the air column, a speaker is used to drive a resonance tube. The driving frequency and the length of the tube are varied for both open and closed tubes. The relationship between resonant frequency modes and tube length is determined for closed versus open tubes.

### **Experiment Includes**

Experiment includes	
String Vibrator	WA-9857
• Sine Wave Generator	WA-9867
Open Speaker	WA-9900
• Economy Resonance Tube	WA-9495
Elastic Wave Cord	SE-9409
Physics String	SE-8050
Yellow Braided Cord	699-067
Mass and Hanger Set	ME-8979
• Universal Table Clamp (2)	ME-9376B
Adjustable Angle Clamp	ME-8744
Super Pulley	ME-9450
Pulley Mounting Rod	SA-9242
• 45 cm Rod (2)	ME-8736
• Banana Plug Cord Set, Red	SE-9750



Graphs of the square of the frequency versus the hanging mass for two different types of strings have different slopes corresponding to different string densities.

### **PASCO Advantage**

The frequency of the vibration of the string is not limited to the line frequency, so the frequency can be varied as well as the length and the tension.

### To Download The Manual

• Waves Experiment Manual

Search for EX-9952 at www.pasco.com

Order Information

Waves FX-995

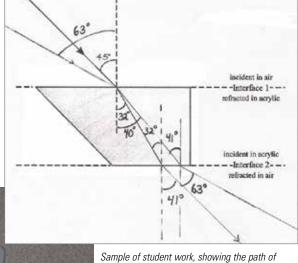
### **Reflection and Refraction**

FX-9987

### Concepts:

- ▶ Reflection and refraction
- ▶ Index of refraction

Students experimentally derive the Law of Reflection for curved and flat mirrors. Snell's Law is explored and the index of refraction for a piece of acrylic material is found.



Sample of student work, showing the path of two different rays passing through the acrylic rhomboid.



### **PASCO Advantage**

Students trace the rays on the provided templates and make angle measurements directly from their drawing. This reinforces the connection between the real rays they can see in the lab and the type of ray diagrams seen in the classroom.

### **Experiment Includes**

• Ray Optics Kit

OS-8516A

• Basic Optics Light Source

OS-8470

• Reflection and Refraction Experiment Manual

### Order Information

Reflection and Refraction.....EX-9987

Required:

Protractor and Ruler

To Download The Manual

Search for EX-9987 at www.pasco.com

### **Speed of Light**

EX-9932A

### Concepts:

Determine the Speed of Light in Air

CLASS II LASER PRODUCT LASER RADIATION – DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM OR VIEW DIRECTLY WITH OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS



The Speed of Light Experiment uses laser light and a highspeed rotating mirror to determine this fundamental constant using the Foucault method.

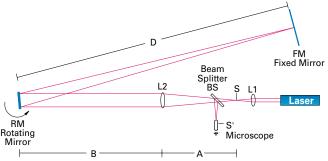
Laser light passes through a series of lenses to produce an image of the light source at a measured position. The light is then directed to a rotating mirror, which reflects the light to a fixed mirror at a known distance from the rotating mirror. The laser light is reflected back through its original path and a new image is formed at a slightly different position. The difference between final/initial positions, angular velocity of the rotating mirror, and distance traveled by the light are then used to calculate the speed of light in air.

### **PASCO Advantage**

PASCO's Speed of Light Experiment allows students to experimentally measure the speed of light within 5% of the accepted value. In addition, the experiment can be performed on a desktop or in a hallway.

### To Download This Experiment

Search for EX-9932A at www.pasco.com



### **Experiment Includes**

- Complete Speed of Light Apparatus
- Speed of Light Experiment Manual

OS-9261B

Order Information

Speed of Light.....EX-9932A

### Telescope/Microscope

FX-9988

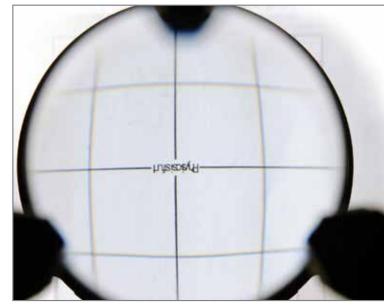
### Concepts:

- Multiple lens systems
- Magnification
- Parallax
- Description of images

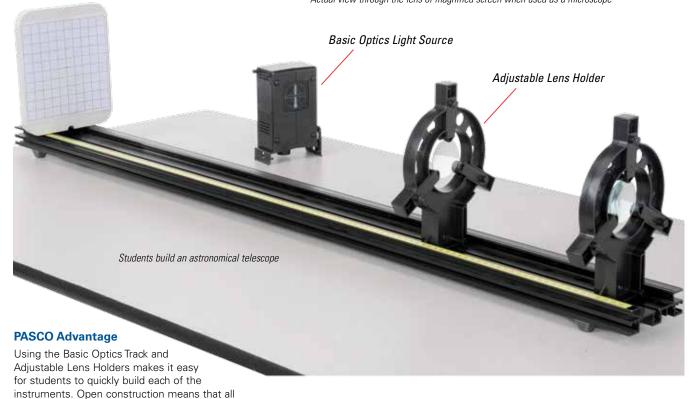
Students construct an astronomical telescope, a Galilean telescope, and a compound microscope on the optical bench. Using a viewing screen with grid, they find and describe the ways in which images are changed by the multiple lens systems.

The parallax method is used to locate virtual images. Students draw ray diagrams and measure the magnification of the instruments.

Cross-hatched screen pattern from provided template allows students to easily observe and measure the resulting magnification.



Actual view through the lens of magnified screen when used as a microscope



students can see the location and types of lenses used.

Experiment Includes

 Beginning Optics System OS-8459 Includes:

Basic Optics Light Source
Adjustable Lens Holders (2)
Geometric Lens Set
Viewing Screen
1.2 m Optics Bench
OS-8470
OS-8471
OS-8466A
OS-8460
OS-8508

To Download This Experiment

Search for EX-9988 at www.pasco.com

Order Information

Telescope and Microscope .....EX-9988

Required:

Rubber Bands and Ruler

### Waves and Optics

### **Polarization of Light**

EX-5543A

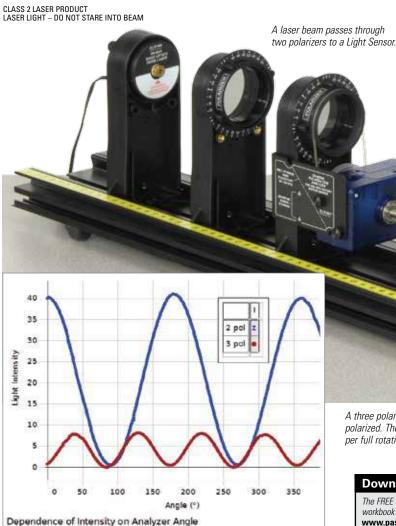
#### ▶ Malus' Law of Polarization

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- ▶ Any PASPORT interface with 2 ports

In this experiment, Malus' Law of Polarization is verified by showing that the intensity of light passed through two polarizers depends on the square of the cosine of the angle between the two polarization axes.

Laser light (peak wavelength = 650 nm) is passed through two polarizers. As the second polarizer (the analyzer) is rotated by hand, the relative light intensity is recorded as a function of the angle between the axes of polarization of the two polarizers. The angle is obtained using a Rotary Motion Sensor coupled to the polarizer with a drive belt. The plot of light intensity versus angle can be fitted to the square of the cosine of the angle.



A three polarizer system can be produced using the fact that the laser is polarized. The data (red trace) at left shows that there are four oscillations per full rotation for a three polarizer system.

### **PASCO Advantage**

Laser light is used in this experiment because its wavelength is more completely extinguished by the crossed polarizers.

### **Experiment Includes**

Polarization Analyzer
 Basic Optics Bench (60 cm)
 Red Diode Laser
 High Sensitivity Light Sensor
 Rotary Motion Sensor
 PS-2120A

### **Download This Experiment**

50

45

35

30

25

20

15

10

As the polarizer is rotated, the intensity of the light varies as the square of the cosine of the angle between the two polarizers.

Internsity (%)

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word<sup>M</sup>, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

#### Order Information

Polarization of Light......EX-5543A

Required:
550 or 850 Universal Interface\*......pp. 12-14

PASCO Capstone Software.......pp. 18-20

850 Universal Interface

### **Brewster's Angle**

FX-5544A

Designed for use with any of the following:

Light Sensor

For reflected beam

▶ 850 Universal Interface ▶ Any PASPORT interface with 3 ports

Sample Being

Light Sensor For calibration

Studied

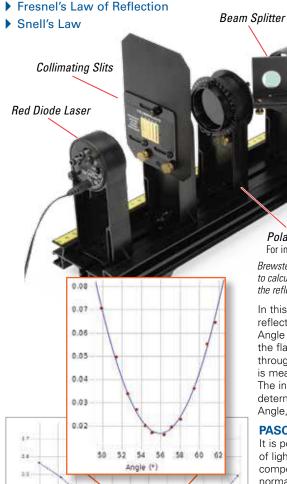
CLASS 2 LASER PRODUCT LASER LIGHT – DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM

Rotary Motion

Sensor

## Concepts:

Polarization by reflection Brewster's Angle



Brewster's Angle is determined by finding the angle at which no light is transmitted through the analyzing polarizer.

#### **Experiment Includes**

<ul> <li>Brewster's Angle Accessory</li> </ul>	OS-8170A
<ul> <li>Spectrophotometer Accessory Kit</li> </ul>	OS-8537
<ul> <li>Optics Bench (60 cm) (2)</li> </ul>	OS-8541
<ul> <li>Rotary Motion Sensor</li> </ul>	PS-2120A
<ul> <li>High Sensitivity Light Sensor (2)</li> </ul>	PS-2176
<ul> <li>Aperture Bracket for Light Sensor (2)</li> </ul>	OS-8534A
<ul> <li>Red Diode Laser</li> </ul>	OS-8525A
Polarizer Set	OS-8473

### **Polarizers**

For intensity control

Brewster's angle is measured and used to calculate the index of refraction of the reflecting material.

In this experiment, light is partially polarized when reflected off a nonconducting surface and Brewster's Angle is measured. Light from a diode laser is reflected off the flat side of an acrylic semicircular lens. The reflected light passes through a polarizer and is detected by a Light Sensor. The angle of reflection is measured by a Rotary Motion Sensor mounted on the Spectrophotometer table. The intensity of the reflected polarized light versus reflected angle is graphed to determine the angle at which the light intensity is a minimum. This is Brewster's Angle, which is used to calculate the index of refraction of acrylic.

### **PASCO Advantage**

It is possible to determine the difference in index of refraction for different wavelengths of light. This is accomplished by using a beam-splitter and a second light sensor to compensate for the variation of the laser intensity. The reflected beam intensity is normalized by the intensity of the laser. This modification to the experiment was suggested by Cristian Bahrim and Wei-Tai Hsu in the American Journal of Physics article: "Precise Measurement of the Refractive Indices for Dielectrics Using an Improved Brewster Angle Method, Vol. 77, page 337 (2009).

Developed using original ideas from P.J. Ouseph, Professor of Physics at University of Louisville, KY: "Polarization of Light by Reflection and the Brewster Angle" by P.J. Ouseph, Kevin Driver, and John Conklin, Am. J. Phys. 69, 1166 (2001).

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

Brewster's Angle	EX-5544A
Required:	
850 Universal Interface*	p. 12
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20

<sup>\*</sup> This experiment can be performed using the 850 Universal Interface or any PASPORT interface with three ports.

### Waves and Optics

### **Light Intensity vs. Distance**

EX-5547A

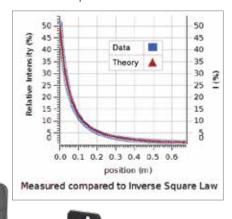
In this experiment the student measures intensity as a function of distance from a point of source and from an extended (5 cm x 5 cm) source. Manipulation of a computer model verifies that for the point source, the intensity drops off like an inverse square. But for the extended source the data cannot be fit by an inverse square relationship

#### **PASCO Advantage**

As the student slides the light sensor away from the Light Source, the Optics Track keeps everything aligned. The Rotary Motion Sensor measures the position, allowing the intensity vs. distance graph to be plotted in real-time. Students immediately see the relationship between distance and intensity of light.

Designed for use with any of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- ▶ Any PASPORT interface with 2 ports





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Students learn that only a point source falls off as the inverse square of distance. The light source's large crossed arrow target (on back side) doesn't start to look like a point source until the light detector is about 0.5 m away.

### **Experiment Includes**

•	120 cm Optics Bench	OS-8508
•	Basic Optics Light Source	OS-8470
•	Aperture Bracket	OS-8534A
	00	05.0750

20 g hooked mass (Hooked Mass Set)
Thread
SE-8759
699-011

High Sensitivity Light Sensor
 Rotary Motion Sensor
 Dynamics Track Mount
 PS-2176
 PS-2120A
 CI-6692

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### Order Information

Light Intensity vs. Distance	EX-5547A
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Interface*	pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20

**CLASS 2 LASER PRODUCT** 

LASER LIGHT – DO NOT

STARE INTO BEAM

### **Interference and Diffraction of Light**

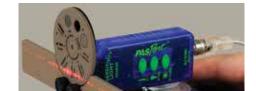
EX-5545A

### **Concepts:**

- ▶ Two-slit interference
- Multiple-slit minor maxima
- ▶ Single-slit diffraction
- Slit versus line diffraction

Interference and diffraction patterns from laser light passing through various single-slits and multiple-slits are scanned and plotted in real-time. These patterns are then examined for similarities and differences.

The distances between the central maximum and the diffraction minima for a single slit are measured by scanning the laser pattern with a Light Sensor and plotting light intensity versus distance. Also, the distances between interference maxima for two or more slits are measured. These measurements are compared to theoretical values. Differences and similarities between interference and diffraction patterns are examined.



Designed for use with any of the following:

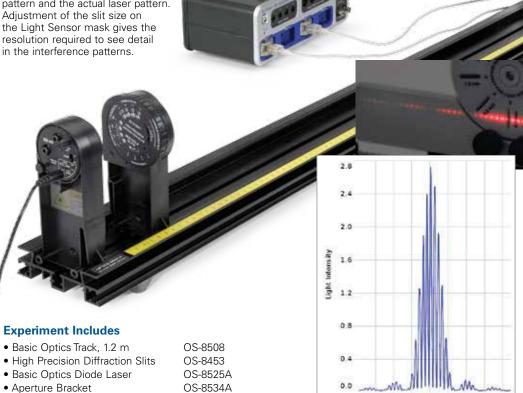
▶ Any PASPORT interface with 2 ports

▶ 850 Universal Interface ▶ 550 Universal Interface

The laser interference pattern is scanned by hand with a Light Sensor on a Linear Translator.

### **PASCO Advantage**

Since the Linear Translator tracks the position of the Light Sensor, it is not necessary to move the Light Sensor at a constant speed. The intensity versus distance graph is plotted in real-time, showing the connection between the intensity pattern and the actual laser pattern. Adjustment of the slit size on the Light Sensor mask gives the resolution required to see detail



Students view the laser pattern while simultaneously seeing the graph drawn on the screen.

A computer scan of a double-slit interference pattern (slit width 0.08 mm and slit separation 0.50 mm) is shown at left. A photograph of the actual laser pattern is shown above.

### **Download This Experiment**

• High Sensitivity Light Sensor

• Rotary Motion Sensor

• Linear Translator

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

OS-8535

PS-2176

PS-2120A

### Order Information

0.08

0.06

Double Slit Interference

0.10

position (m)

0.12

Interference and Diffraction of Light.....EX-5545A Required: 550 or 850 Universal Interface\*......pp. 12-14 PASCO Capstone Software ......pp. 18-20

### **Atomic Spectra**

EX-5546B

### Concepts:

- Hydrogen balmer series
- ▶ Helium spectrum
- ▶ Mercury doublet

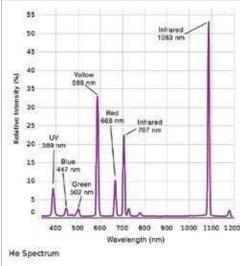
Designed for use with any of the following:

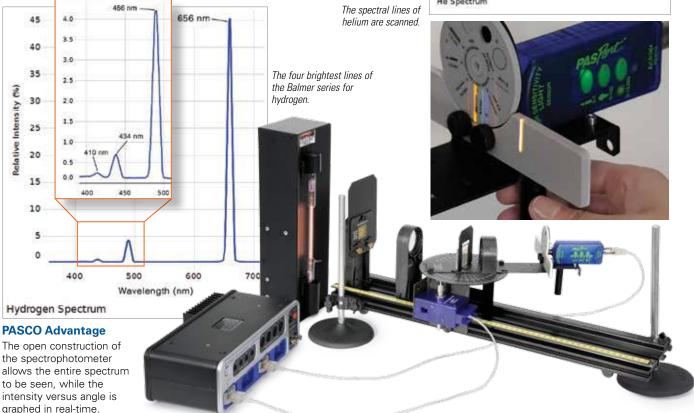
- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- ▶ Any PASPORT interface with 2 ports

The wavelengths of the discrete lines of the atomic spectra of various gases are measured using a grating spectrophotometer.

The atomic spectra of hydrogen, helium, and mercury are scanned by hand using a grating spectrophotometer, which measures relative light intensity as a function of angle. From the resulting graph, the wavelengths of the spectral lines are determined by measuring the angle from the central maximum to each line. First and second order lines are examined.

The wavelengths of the spectral lines are compared to the accepted values and, in the case of hydrogen, the electron orbit transitions corresponding to the lines are identified.





### **Experiment Includes**

Experiment includes	
<ul> <li>Spectrophotometer Accessory Kit</li> </ul>	OS-8537
• 60 cm Optics Bench	OS-8541
Aperture Bracket	OS-8534A
<ul> <li>High Sensitivity Light Sensor</li> </ul>	PS-2176
<ul> <li>Rotary Motion Sensor</li> </ul>	PS-2120A
<ul> <li>Round Base with Rod (2)</li> </ul>	ME-8270
<ul> <li>Spectral Tube Power Supply and Mount</li> </ul>	SE-9460
<ul> <li>Hydrogen Spectral Tube</li> </ul>	SE-9461
Helium Spectral Tube	SE-9462
<ul> <li>Mercury Spectral Tube</li> </ul>	SE-9466

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### Order Information

Atomic Spectra	EX-5546B
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Interface*	pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20

### **Photoelectric Effect**

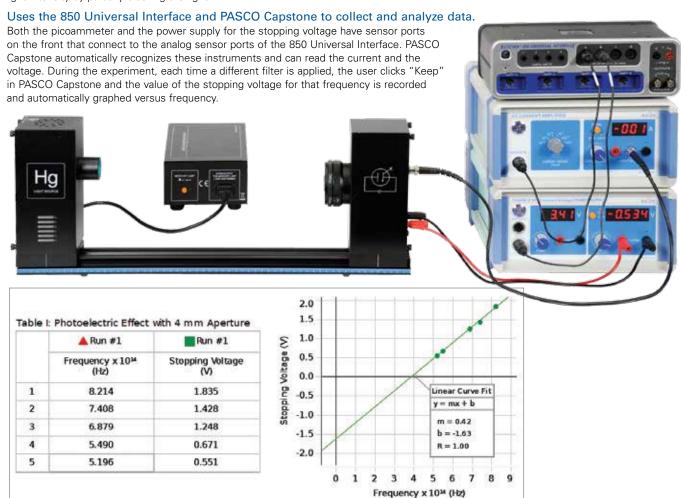
FX-5549A

Designed for use with either of the following:

- ▶ 850 Universal Interface
- ▶ 550 Universal Interface
- ▶ Connects to the 850 Universal Interface for data collection in PASCO Capstone
- ▶ Find Planck's Constant to within 5%
- Verify that stopping voltage is independent of intensity
- Find characteristics of the photodiode

The Photoelectric Effect System is used to perform the photoelectric experiment, determining Planck's Constant to within 5%. This apparatus uses the conventional method of determining Planck's Constant. The metal plate in the photodiode is illuminated with various frequencies of light, selected from a mercury lamp using filters. The voltage is then adjusted to stop the photoelectric current. The stopping voltage is plotted versus the frequency, and Planck's Constant is determined from the slope of the graph.

The concept that the stopping voltage does not change with light intensity is tested using the various apertures that change the light intensity by partially blocking the light.



For the typical sample data shown, the graph of stopping voltage versus frequency gives a slope of  $4.2 \times 10^{-15}$  V·s. This results in a value for Planck's Constant of  $6.7 \times 10^{-34}$  J·s, which is 1.3% above the accepted value. Graph generated using PASCO Capstone Software.

#### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™ PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

### **Experiment Includes**

Photoelectric Effect ApparatusDC Current Amplifier

Tunable DC Power Supply

• Cables for 850 Interface

SE-6614 SF-6621

SE-6615

Photoelectric Effect	EX-5549A
Required:	
550 or 850 Universal Interface	pp. 12-14
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20

### **Bridge Vibrations**

EX-5548

### Concepts:

- Resonance in complex systems
- Driven vs. free vibrations

Designed for use with the 850 Universal Interface

3

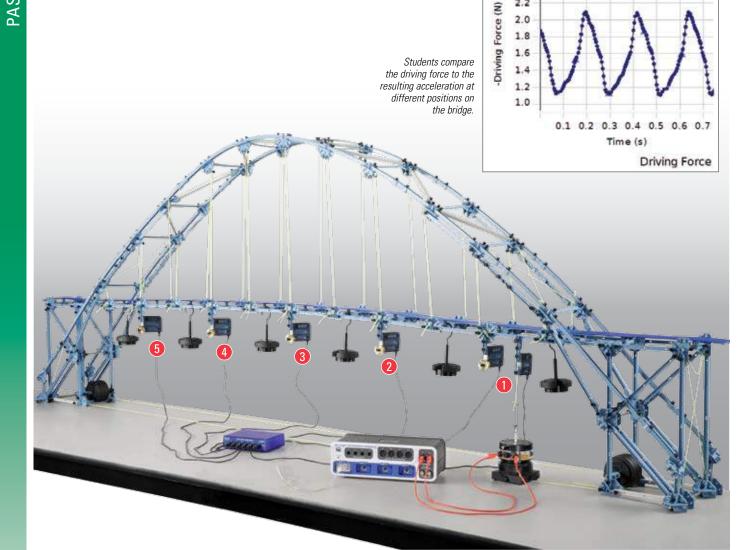
2

a) (m/s)

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2.0 1.8



**Experiment Includes** 

• Mechanical Wave Driver

• Large Structures Set

• Load Cell Amplifier

• 100 N Load Cell

• 5 N Load Cell (5)

• Rubber Cord

ME-7003

PS-2198

PS-2200

PS-2201

SF-9324

• 4 mm Banana Plug Cords-Red

• Large Slotted Mass Set (4)

• 20 g Masses (3 sets of 6)

• Short Mass Hanger (2)

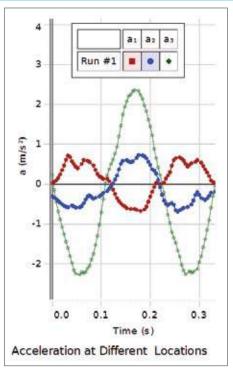
SE-9750

ME-8986

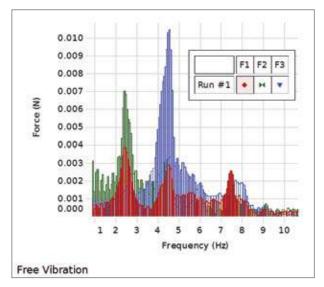
ME-7589

ME-7590

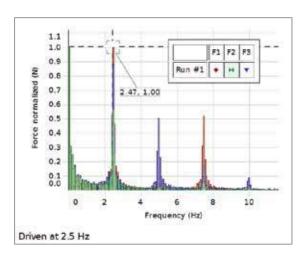
ME-8983



The 5 N Load Cells are used to measure the oscillations of the bridge at several different positions.



The bridge is struck by hand and allowed to freely oscillate. The FFT (using PASCO Capstone™) shows that there are several resonant frequencies. Note how different the amplitudes are at different locations on the bridge.



The resonance of the bridge is characterized by driving the bridge at different resonant frequencies. Note how different the amplitudes are at different locations on the bridge.

### **Download This Experiment**

The FREE experiment files include instructions in Microsoft Word™, PASCO Capstone workbook files with sample data, and graphics. Download these experiments at www.pasco.com/CapstoneExperiments.

Bridge Vibrations	EX-5548
Required:	
850 Universal Interface	p. 12
PASCO Capstone Software	pp. 18-20

# **Educators Trust PASCO Professional Development...**









PASCO's Professional Development provides teachers with the training, guidance, and innovative solutions they need to lead sensor-based science lessons. Our trainers are curriculum experts who model how to confidently guide students through inquiry-based science lessons.

PASCO training sessions are relevant for teachers at all grade levels. Trainings include classroom-ready activities aligned to STEM-based standards and national and state correlations for:

- Elementary and Middle School sciences
- High school and higher education Biology, Chemistry, Earth Science, Environmental Science, Physical Science, and Physics
- Advanced, AP<sup>®</sup>, and IB<sup>®</sup> courses in Biology, Chemistry, Environmental Science, and Physics\*

PASCO PD is fully customizable and tailored to your scope and sequence, so you get affordable training that fits your curriculum.

Our PD includes ongoing teacher support and a free follow-up webinar. PASCO PD isn't just a onetime workshop. Our trainers provide their ongoing support and expertise, whenever and wherever you need it.

# "When educators learn, students learn more."

Hayes Mizell, in "Why Professional Development Matters." Written for Learning Forward. http://www.learningforward.org/docs/pdf/why\_pd\_matters\_web.pdf



<sup>\*</sup>AP is a registered trademark of the College Board, which was not involved in the production of, and does not endorse, this product. IB is a registered trademark of the International Baccalaureate Organization, which was not involved in the production of, and does not endorse, this product.

# What a PASCO Professional Development plan provides for you, your school, and your district...

Student-centered, classroom-ready lab activities for all the sciences

Our labs range from structured-inquiry to open-inquiry. They can be used on multiple platforms including iPad®, Android™ tablets, Chromebook™, and Mac®.

With them, teachers can:

- Integrate technology into the classroom, while showing students better ways to collect data.
- Engage students and make data meaningful for them while they *do* science.
- 2 Customizable delivery options and training formats that fit your needs

We custom-design the training to suit your individual requirements. Training programs include:

- · Training onsite at your school
- Support in the classroom while you teach
- Webinar-based training
- Train-the-trainer
- Summer institutes

3 Skills development

PASCO's PD approach is to help you create a solid foundation for STEM success, as students develop these fundamental skills underlying science content standards:

- · Critical thinking skills
- · Procedural expertise
- Proficiency in design and construction of lab experiments
- · Analytical skills
- Inquiry-based learning leading to science literacy
- 4 Skills necessary to implement your Science Standards

PASCO's trainers will show you how to use probeware to effectively engage students in scientific and engineering practices, while addressing disciplinary core ideas and crosscutting concepts.



# Replacement Parts

Part For:	Part #	Part Description	Page
Amusement Park			3 -
Physics	ME-8734	Springs, Accelerometer	121
Balance, Ohaus	SE-8708	Mass Set, Ohaus Additional	186
Blackbody	SE-8509	Replacement Bulbs for Blackbody	276
Calorimetry Set, Basic	TD-8825A	Calorimetry Cups	193
Cart Launcher, Spring	ME-6847	Springs, Cart Launcher	106
Carts	ME-6957	Replacement Axles (4 pack)	111
CASTLE Kits	EM-8655	Capacitor, 0.1 F	214
CASTLE Kits	EM-8632	Capacitors (0.025 F, 2 pack)	214
CASTLE Kits	EM-8630	Light Bulb Sockets (10 Pack)	214
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CASTLE Kits	EM-8631A	Liquid Filled Compasses (5 Pack)	214
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