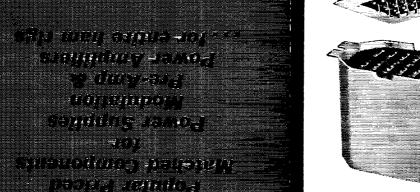


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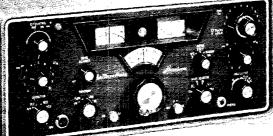
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OCTOBER 1967

VOLUME LI NUMBER 10

PUBLISHED MONTHLY, AS ITS OFFICIAL ORGAN, BY THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE INC., NEWINGTON, CONN., U. S. A. OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE INTERNATIONAL AMATEUR RADIO UNION

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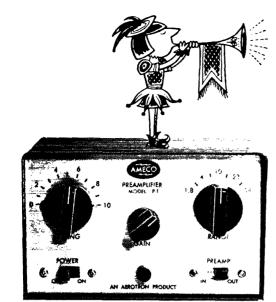
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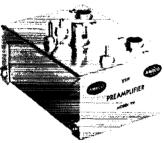
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It is an incorporated association without capital stock, chartered under the laws of Connecticut. Its affairs are governed by a Board of Directors, elected every two years by the general membership. The officers are elected or appointed by the Directors. The League is noncommercial and no one commercially engaged in the manufacture, sale or rental of radio apparatus is eligible to membership on its board.

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"It Seems to Us..."

INCENTIVE LICENSING

INCENTIVE licensing, for so long a major bone of contention in amateur radio, is now once again a fact of life. (See "Happenings" this issue.)

We say "once again" because what the FCC has done in effect is to restore a basic incentive principle to the licensing structure — a principle which in one form or another has applied during most of amateur radio's history, and which brought our art to its peak of accomplishment, its "golden days" if you will.

Now that we've got it back, is incentive licensing really in our best interest or is it an infringement imposed upon us, as has been alleged? For more than four years this issue has been surrounded by misinformation, confusion and very strong feelings indeed. We have to accept and live with incentive licensing now. But can we do better than that? Can we put it into realistic and reasonable perspective at last, and see what we as amateurs really stand to gain and lose by it in the long run?

Let's review briefly a few historical highlights. Younger hams may be surprised to learn that soon after licensing was first established as an amateur radio requirement there were "stepping stone" grades with progressive levels of technical knowledge and/or code proficiency, together with commensurate operating privileges. The system which existed for the longest period — and which operated most successfully — provided for a Class A, now called Advanced Class. This license was required to operate in the 75- and 20-meter voice bands before we had 15 meters or any 40-meter phone. About 40% of all amateurs at that time achieved this license.

From 1948 to 1952 amateur radio and FCC were in a regulatory turmoil, with an intensity greatly exceeding the recent hassle. The Commission had proposed an incentive licensing system which by comparison makes the regulations just adopted seem mild indeed. In fact so harsh that the League, which had requested only a modest upgrading, fought the proposal at length. To most everyone's amazement, FCC did an about-face in 1952 and, for most practical purposes, effectively junked the whole principle of incentive licensing by opening all voice bands to General and Conditional Classes.

After a decade of repercussions, reverberations and just plain cussing among amateurs, a QST editorial in February 1963 brought the smoldering issue into the open with a request for specific comment from members to settle the matter once and for all. The basic question: should the League petition for a return to an expanded system of incentive licensing? Some 15,000 replies were received by Hq. and the directors — a response which represented by far the most extensive sampling of amateur opinion on any question in our history. Not surprisingly, the breakdown of views was about 50-50. With such a split of thought, it was inevitable that the question generated as much heat as light.

After exhaustive discussion, the ARRL Board of Directors made the historic decision to seek a return to incentive licensing. The Board was aware such an action would cause some dissension, perhaps a loss of some members, and certainly many headaches for them personally as well as for the League generally. Its action was all the more significant, therefore, in showing dedication to the long-term interests of amateur radio despite the initial eriticism and interim disruption which were expected to and did ensue.

A formal League proposal was transmitted to FCC late in 1963. It sought, over a period of several years, restriction of the major phone bands to holders of a re-instated Advanced Class license, which would require no additional code speed, only a moderately-difficult technical exam in line with current practice (FCC exam questions had not been substantially updated in many years).

In April, 1965, the Commission announced its own proposals (see May 1965 QST). They were based on eleven petitions from individual amateurs and ham organizations, some filed before and some after the League's, all seeking, in one form or another, an expanded incentive licensing system. Comments filed with the Commission in response to its announcement, although differing in specific details, indicated a majority of about two-thirds in support of the incentive licensing idea. On this basis, and its own conviction that "this incentive licensing program will result in a radio service which will be a source of pride to both amateur licensees and the Commission," FCC took its final action.

In frank appraisal, each of us certainly can nit-pick on details on the new regulations. We even suspect that some amateurs on the Commission staff may have individual personal differences with specific points. But there had to be compromise, and the course the Commis-(Continued on yage 158)

League Lines . . .

Big news this month is the Commission's <u>final action in</u> <u>Docket 15928, the incentive licensing matter</u>. See page 80 for details, and the editorial for a brief historical background and some comment.

<u>FCC has discarded its plan for distinctive prefixes</u> to indicate the class of license, among other things because its computer system permits fast checks by monitoring stations. To assist amateur self-policing, the Radio Amateur Callbook Magazine will henceforth carry in its listings an indicator of the class of operator license held.

The rhombic antenna, a tradition at WIAW for the first 25 years of the Hq. club station operation but which had to be dismantled with the construction of the new office, is back up and in operation. First reports indicate an improvement of west coast signal strength on bulletins and code practice.

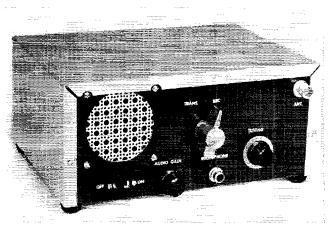
<u>Phone patches</u>, long a taboo subject for QST because they technically violate telephone company tariffs filed with FCC, may soon come into the open as a result of a Commission hearing upon complaint by a manufacturer of a device to inductively and acoustically interconnect mobile radio and telephone systems. In an Initial Decision released August 31, AT&T and other companies were ordered to rescind and cancel certain tariff schedules prohibiting use of the device. An appeal is anticipated.

In line with a Board decision, the Hq., henceforth, will require fees for the issuance of DXCC and WAS awards to U. S. and Canadian amateurs who are not League members. For DXCC, \$4; DXCC endorsement, \$1; WAS, \$2.

The ARRL Membership & Publications Committee has recommended <u>a program of mutual assistance between</u> <u>radio clubs around the world</u>, particularly to help those amateurs in new and developing countries. We expect soon to solicit volunteers among W and VE clubs to provide technical and equipment aid for a "sister" group overseas, along with exchanges of social and personal activities -- the "people-to-people" program in full measure.

Additional requirements placed on the Loran navigational service, for example to aid transatlantic aircraft, may soon result in a revision of the amateur sharing arrangement in 1800-2000 kc. In conferences between Coast Guard and ARRL officials, preliminary analysis shows the possibility of actual expansion of amateur privileges, although the net effect may be no advantage because of additional Loran frequencies and higher power. More details when available. Independently, an engineering study of the potentials of amateur interference to Loran conducted by Phil Rand, WIDBM, under ARRL auspices with Coast Guard cooperation, may pave the way for an eventual expansion of amateur usage of the band.

QST for



Many times a small transceiver proves useful in places where mobile equipment can not go. While not made for meteor scatter work, the 2-meter transceiver shown here is just the thing for mountain topping, and with a 19-inch whip antenna it will make a good walkie-talkie for Civil Defense work. It is simple in construction, thanks to the use of a superregenerative receiver and a ready-made audio amplifier/modulator assembly.

The transceiver is completely self-contained, including a 9-volt battery. Total battery drain is 30 ma. receiving and about 80 ma. transmitting.

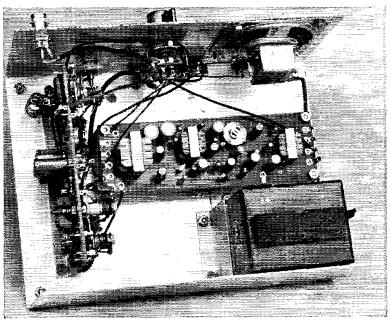
The audio section for both transmitting and receiving is a commercially-made printed-circuit amplifier (Round Hill Associates type AA-100) having five transistors with push-pull output. Two output impedances are provided, low impedance for the speaker and high impedance for modulating the transmitter.

* 39C Salmon Brook Drive, Glastonbury, Conn. 06033

The 144-Mc. transmitter-receiver is small enough $(8 \times 6 \times 3)/_2$ inches) to be hand-carried but can be used for table-top operation, too. A self-contained 9-volt transistor battery supplies all the power needed.

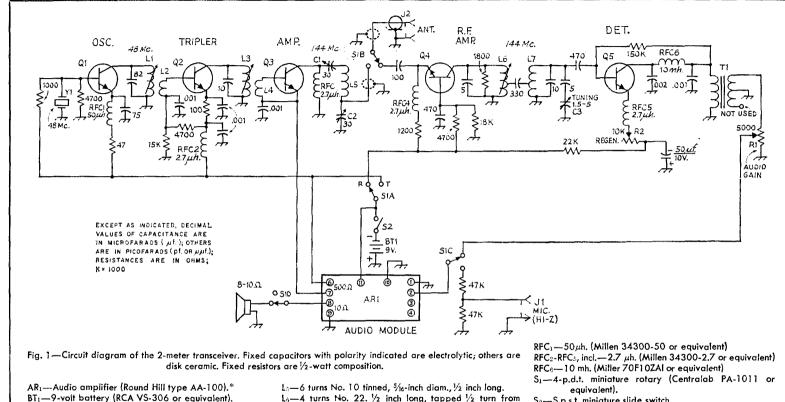
A Miniwatt 2-Meter Transmitter-Receiver

BY CHARLES UTZ,* WIDEJ



Inside view of the transceiver. Transmitterreceiver board is at the left.

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- C1. C2-30-pf. trimmer (Centralab 927-C or equivalent). C₃-1.5-5-pf. miniature variable (Johnson 160-102).
- J1-Phono jack.
- J_2 —Coaxial connector, chassis mounting, type BNC. L1-4 turns No. 20 enam., 3/s inch long.**
- $L_2 1$ turn No. 20 hookup wire at ground end of L_1 .
- L₃-3 turns No. 20 enam., ³/₄-inch long.**
- L_{4} -1 turn No. 20 hookup wire at ground end of L_{3} .

- around.**
- L7-4 turns No. 16 tinned, 5/16-inch diam., 3/4 inch long, tapped 1/4 turn from ground.
- Q1-Q5, Incl.-2N706A or equivalent.
- R1-Miniature 5000-ohm control, audio taper (Lafayette 32C7355).
- R₂-10,000-ohm control, audio taper, screwdriver adiustment (Lafayette 99C6144).

- S2-S.p.s.t. miniature slide switch.
- T₁-Miniature audio transformer, 10,000 to 2000 ohms c.t. (Argonne AR-109).
- Y1-48-49.333 third-overtone crystal (International Crystal type FA-5).
- * \$6.95 from Round Hill Associates Inc. 434 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N. Y. 10011.
- ** Wound on 34-inch diam. slug-tuned form (Miller 4500-2).

5

QSTfor

The receiver circuit, also shown in Fig. 1, uses two more 2N706As. The base of the r.f. amplifier, Q_4 , is grounded and the emitter is connected to the antenna through a fixed capacitor. The collector circuit is tuned, and is capacitively coupled to the detector tunedcircuit coil, L_7 . The detector circuit, a superregenerative type, was described in an earlier issue of QST¹ The audio output is coupled through a driver transformer, T_1 , to the audio gain control, R_1 , and goes from there to S_{1C} . This switch section selects either the audio from T_1 in receiving, or the microphone input in transmitting. The resistors in the microphone input circuit act as a voltage divider to prevent overdriving the amplifier as a modulator. (The gain control in the audio module, VR_1 in the AA-100 circuit diagram, is set for maximum gain.)

Construction

The transmitter and receiver are built on a single piece of $2\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$ -inch type 85G24EP Vectorbord using type T28 push-in terminals for junctions. As shown in the inside view, the board is mounted to the case, an $8 \times 6 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ -inch Minibox (Bud CU-3009-A), by an angle bracket which runs the length of the board.

¹ DeMaw, "A Two-Meter Pocket Receiver," QST, June. 1966.

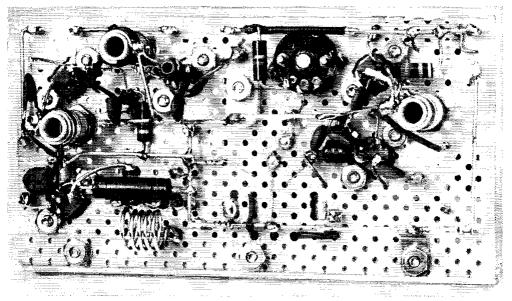
The battery is held in place with an angle bracket at the base; no top bracket is needed since the top of the case holds it firmly in place. The audio assembly is mounted at right angles to the r.f. board, and is supported by $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}$ -inch metal spacers to keep the etched wiring underneath clear of the case and thus avoid short circuits. A smaller case could be used, if desired, by mounting the audio board vertically and modifying the panel layout appropriately.

The two views of the r.f. section on its Vectorbord should make the layout of this part of the transceiver reasonably clear.

Testing and Alignment

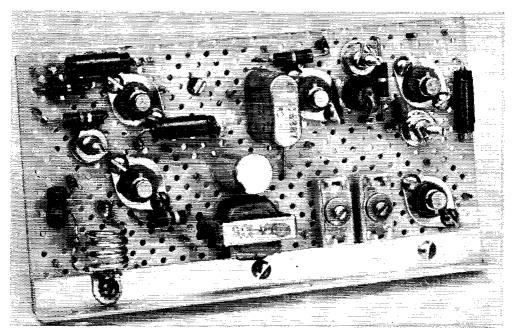
After the wiring has been completed and the transceiver has been given a visual inspection for physical short circuits and wiring errors, the receiver portion can be checked out. With the power applied, and with S_1 in the "receive" position, the regeneration control, R_2 , should be advanced (decreasing its resistance) until a loud rushing noise is heard from the speaker. The rushing sound indicates that superregeneration is occurring. Maximum receiver sensitivity will be realized when R_2 is set just a bit beyond the point where superregeneration commences. If Q_5 does not go into superregeneration, the transistor itself may be defective, or the biasresistor value (150,000-ohm resistor between the base of Q_5 and the primary of T_1) may need to be altered slightly. The value given in Fig. 1 proved to be satisfactory for several 2N706As tried. Normally, the resistance value should not be less than 68,000 ohms nor more than 270,000 ohms for good performance.

After getting Q_5 operating, L_7 should be adjusted to provide coverage from 144 to 148



Bottom view of the transmitter-receiver board. L_6 is at the right with L_1 at the top left and L_3 below it. At the lower left is the final tank coil, L_5 .

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Top view of the transmitter-receiver board. The transmitter is at the right with Q_1 to the right of the crystal, Q_2 to the right of Q_1 , and Q_3 below Q_2 . The receiver is at the left with Q_4 at the top and Q_5 below it.

Mc. A rough check can be made by listening to the signal from a grid-dip oscillator while tuning C_3 from minimum to maximum capacitance. By spreading or compressing the turns of L_7 , the receiver can be made to tune to 144 Mc. when C_3 is set for maximum capacitance. There should be no "dead spots" (absence of hiss noise) as C_3 is tuned through its range. If such are noted, it may be necessary to advance R_2 until smooth superregeneration occurs across the entire band. Fine calibration of the receiver can best be done by using an accurate signal generator or by listening to the signal from a 2-meter transmitter whose operating frequency is known. An alternate method is to use the 5th-harmonic signal from a 10-meter transmitter for calibration (28.8 Mc. $\times 5 = 144$ Mc, 29 Mc. $\times 5 = 145$ Mc., and so on). Last, with an antenna connected and with a weak two-meter signal tuned in, adjust L_6 for best receiver sensitivity. The peak will be broad. There may be some interaction between the tuning of L_6 and that of L_7 . If so, it may be necessary to readjust L_7 slightly for proper band coverage.

When tuning up the transmitter, a dummy load (a 56-ohm one-watt resistor or a No. 49 pilot lamp are suitable) should be attached to J_2 . With the power applied and with S_1 in the "transmit" position, L_1 should be adjusted until the oscillator, Q_1 , starts. By coupling a wavemeter (or grid-dip meter in the wavemeter mode) to L_1 , output from the oscillator will be apparent when the stage is oscillating. The slug in L_1 should be screwed two or three turns beyond (toward minimum inductance of L_1) the point at which the crystal "kicks in." This will assure rapid starting of the oscillator stage when switching from receive to transmit. Next, the wavemeter should be coupled to L_3 while tuning the slug in L_3 for maximum indication on the wavemeter. The last stage of the transmitter, Q_3 , can best be tuned by adjusting C_1 and C_2 for maximum bulb brilliance when a No. 49 lamp is connected at J_2 . If the transmitter is performing properly, the bulb will light to approximately one third its normal brightness. Alternatively, the amplifier stage can be connected to an antenna and tuned up for maximum reading on the S meter of a 2-meter receiver.

The final touches can be put to the transmitter tuning while listening to the signal on a 2meter receiver with modulation applied. It will be necessary to adjust L_3 and C_1 (antenna connected to the transceiver) experimentally until the best audio quality is obtained. There may be a slight sacrifice in power output when this point is found. Another method is to attach a sensitive s.w.r. bridge² between J_2 and the feed line to the antenna and use it as a relative-output indicator when tuning L_3 and C_1 . While speaking into the microphone, adjust L_3 and C_1 for the least upward or downward swing of the s.w. r. meter (forwardpower position). This is the point at which the audio quality is usually best. Tuning C_2 will have some effect on the audio quality during the overall procedure, but will have a more marked effect on the loading of the p.a. stage. Q57---

² McCoy, "The Millimatch," QST, August, 1967.

More Ideas for 50-Mc. Portable Arrays

Plus - Some Observations on the Use of Thin Elements in V.h.f.

BY EDWARD P. TILTON, WIHDQ*

T is no secret that the author of these lines rates mountain-topping with v.h.f. gear near the top of his favorite outdoor activities. This penchant for hamming on the hoof has resulted in a long sequence of portable beam autenna designs aimed at giving the most decibels yield per pound of aluminum. Especially since the advent of transistors and their benefit in the form of lightweight efficient v.h.f. gear, it has seemed logical to reduce the weight and bulk of portable antennas to near the ultimate minimum. At the same time, the low power of most portable gear makes it almost mandatory that an effective antenna system be used, if we are to make other than purely local contacts.

QST, the Handbook and the V.h.f. Manual have carried examples of our portable beams for years, but we keep picking away at the weight problem, looking for ever more effective feed methods at the same time. The 50-Mc. 3-element Yagi described here came about as a result of disappearance from the market of some components of an earlier model.¹ It may be of some interest to v.h.f. enthusiasts who like to work with antennas, even though they may not be mountain-toppers at heart.

The basic system, making provision for both 50- and 144-Mc. operation, remains as described previously, with no change in the elements or feed for the 5-element 144-Mc. portion. The 50-Mc. part, Fig. 1, is a 3-element Yagi with sectional elements. The center portions of the elements are 1/4-inch aluminum tubing, counterbored with a No. 5 drill to a depth of one inch at each end, to accept small telescoping whips. The whips originally used are no longer available, so the design was modified to take Lafayette Type 99-C-3005 whips, 0.210 inch in diameter and 101/2 inches long, collapsed. The whips extend to about 47 inches,² which is 11 inches longer than the earlier version. Merely making the center portions 11 inches shorter was not enough.

The new elements are different enough in diameter to require different overall lengths from the original, if maximum performance is to be assured.

As pointed out in describing the earlier version, the small average diameter of these elements requires an overall element length much greater than is normally used in 50-Mc. arrays. The driven element is 120 inches long — almost 10 percent greater than is commonly used. The

much used formula, $\frac{5540}{fmc}$, will get you a dipole

that resonates somewhere in the vicinity of TV Channel 2, when these small whips are used for element ends!

The parasitic elements are spaced somewhat closer than optimum, in order to put three elements on a 6-foot boom. The reflector is less than 4 percent longer than the driven element, because of the closer spacing. The director is deliberately made shorter than the optimum-gain length, to broaden out the frequency response of the array a little.

Construction

The boom was held to 6 feet overall, to permit use of a readily-available standard tubing length. The 6-foot piece of 34-inch tubing is cut in half, and the two halves are joined with the aid of a 5%-inch copper tubing insert about 6 inches long. This is permanently mounted in one of the inner ends with two self-tapping screws. The other inner end slips over the insert, and the two halves of the boom are held in alignment by the U elamp that mounts the boom to the vertical support. The latter is made of four pieces of aluminum masting, 4 feet long, that fit together to give about 15 feet of mast. The whole works boom, mast, elements, hardware and feed system — carries in a light canvas golf bag that can be toted easily, or packed away conveniently with luggage in a car's rear deck. It should be mentioned that a copper insert was used to join the boom sections only because 5%-inch tubing is more readily obtained in copper than aluminum. A hardwood or bakelite plug would do just as well.

^{*} V.h.f. Editor, QST.

¹ "Portable Beams for 50 and 144 Mc.," January, 1966, *QST*, p. 32.

 $^{^{2}}$ It is well to check the whips for extended length, before cutting the center sections. We found as much as four inches difference between the longest and shortest of a batch purchased.

In a portable array, the common matching methods such as the folded dipole and gamma match may give way to matching and feed systems that are more readily assembled and disassembled in the field. A delta-matched dipole is convenient in this respect. We use small vacuumtube grid clips for making a sliding connection between the delta arms and the driven element, but any detachable clip should work equally well.

The center sections of the elements run through holes in the boom. Self-tapping screws in the top of the boom directly above the element holes bear against the elements to hold them in place. Drilling a slight depression at the point where the screw is to contact the element will help in maintaining mechanical rigidity, and also serve as a center mark for lining up the elements properly.

It might be thought that such small elements, especially with the seemingly fragile whips for the outer ends, would make an array that would stand very little use. There need be no worry on this score; the author has used this system for a long time, and the antennas have been put together and taken apart literally hundreds of times, in all parts of the United States and Canada. The original version was still working well, after seven years of rough service.

Feed Systems and Matching

Two versions of the delta match were tested. The simpler, Fig. 2-A, uses a random length of RG-58/U coax and a half-wave balun, with the arms of the delta made of flexible wire soldered to the balun ends. Electrical zip cord is good for the flexible arms. This balun method is simple, and it has one advantage: you cannot make it work perfectly unless the driven element is resonant. Zero reflected power in the line is thus a reliable indication of correct element length. It is not useful over a wide frequency range. Especially with small-diameter elements such as ours, the delta-and-balun combination will not "see" a 200-ohm load over an appreciable portion of the 50-Mc, band.

The other matching arrangement, Fig. 2-B, uses a delta made of 300-ohm Twin-Lead (or any balanced line) with an antenna coupler circuit replacing the balun for conversion from balanced load to unbalanced line. The tuned coupler broadens out the frequency coverage of the system appreciably, if the coupler is readjusted for wide frequency excursions. With careful adjustment of the coupler, using an s.w.r. bridge, the transmitter can be made to "see" a 50-ohm load from 50 to 52 Mc., or about twice the useful frequency range of the balun-and-delta combination. This does not mean that the antenna is flat in gain or impedance across this range. The coupler does make it usable, however, and readjustment of the transmitter loading is not required, as it would be with the transmitter looking into a reactive load.

The Twin-Lead delta system is made from roughly a half wavelength of line, with one end cut apart and fanned-out to a depth of 14 inches. The other end is fitted with insulated tip plugs that are inserted into matching tip jacks in the coupler unit. The delta and line combination can be any length, but an electrical half wavelength is desirable and convenient. The antenna impedance is repeated every half wavelength along the line, so the coupler works well at this point. With Twin-Lead, a half wavelength is approximately 98 inches at 50 Mc. This brings the coupler just within reach, when the antenna is used on the 15-foot support. Random lengths of RG-58/U coax can be used for the run from the coupler to the rig.

Adjustment

The length of the delta arms and the points of connection of the driven element give some range of adjustment for different impedances, but the balun method will not provide a perfect match unless the driven element is the right length. The tunable coupler permits use of "wrong" element lengths, but better performance will result with either feed method if the element is resonant. Especially if you use element materials different from those described, it will pay you to be sure that lengths are "in the ballpark." Checking with a grid-dip meter is a good start. Place the dipper coil close to the element, near its midpoint. It is a good idea to resonate the driven element at about 51 Mc.

With the driven element the proper length, and with construction as in Fig. 2-A, the 3-element Yagi should show close to zero reflected power near 51 Mc. The spacing of the connecting clips can be adjusted for best indication. The antenna will then work reasonably well from 50 to about 51.5 Mc., though the s.w.r. will probably be in excess of 2 to 1 at both ends of this range.

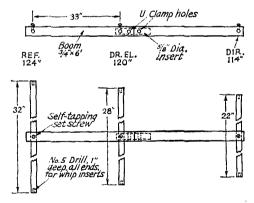


Fig. 1—Basic details of the 3-element 50-Mc. portable array. Only the center sections of the elements are shown. Small telescoping whips that extend to 47 inches fit into each of the drilled-out center portions. The two-piece boom mounts to a sectional vertical support with a U clamp. The entire array and vertical support carry in a light canvas golf bag.

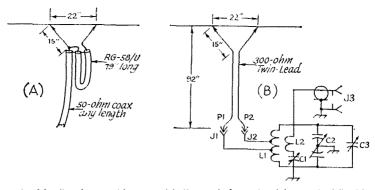


Fig. 2—Two methods of feeding the portable array. A half-wave balun and a delta match of flexible wire are shown at A. The Twin-Lead delta and line, with adjustable antenna coupler, B, permits use of the array over a wider frequency range. With readjustment, it provides a constant load for the transmitter, from 50 to 52 Mc.

C1-75-pf, miniature variable (Hammarlund MAPC-75B), C2-11-pf, miniature butterfly variable (Johnson 160-211).

C₃—30-pf, miniature mica trimmer (ARCO) J₁, J₂—Insulated tip jack. J₃—BNC fitting.

•

L1—turns No. tinned, ½-inch dia., 16 t.p.i. Tap at and turns.

L₂—3 turns insulated hookup wire, around center of L₁. Coupler is assembled in a 15% by 2 by 3½-inch Minibox, with the tip jacks at one end and the coaxial connector at the other.

That the s.w.r. rises this quickly may come as something of a surprise, if you've been in the habit of taking s.w.r. readings at the shack end of a 100-foot run of inexpensive coax. All cheap lines have enough loss to make them almost selfterminating in runs of appreciable length. With 6 to 15 feet, lengths commonly used in portable work, the losses are low enough so that reflected power readings show up quickly unless matching adjustments are "on the nose."

With the tunable coupler it is possible to tune out a fair amount of reactance and thus match a system that is not resonant. This does not mean that the antenna is working at maximum effectiveness, but it does help to extend its useful frequency range. With a driven element resonant at about 51 Mc., the coupler will enable you to tune the system to show zero reflected power from about 50 to 52 Mc., if the coupler is readjusted as the frequency is changed. The transmitter and receiver can be set up to work well with a 50ohm load, and they will then work without readjustment over this range, provided the coupler is readjusted properly. This extra useful frequency range may be helpful, with the tendency we are currently seeing in the use of more of the band than just the first 400 kc. or so.

Performance

We do not claim to be able to measure antenna gain with a high order of accuracy, but our checks indicate that this 3-element array has at least 6 db. gain over a dipole, from 50 to 51.5 Mc. Frontto-back ratio runs about 15 db., or better. These are not startling figures, but they *are* honest. More important, the difference between this kind of performance, and what you can get with whip-

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type antennas often used for portable work, is simply tremendous. Using the 50-Mc. transistor rig described in QST for February and March, 1967, running about a half watt output, we consistently work distances up to 100 miles from hilltops around New England. Fifty-Mc. enthusiasts accustomed to thinking in terms of hundreds of watts output find it hard to believe that our signal emanates from a handful of transceiver and a bagful of beam.

The acid test is what you can accomplish with a low-powered rig, by just taking it out and using it. No home rig to call on; no assistants to clear the channel — just get in there and make calls. This combination has demonstrated over and over that it can bring results, with no outside assistance, and occasionally even through the high QRM levels of contest weekends or band openings. Just a few days before these lines were typed, the revised Yagi got this kind of workout. On a Sunday afternoon, with the whole of Eastern U. S. A. boiling with sporadic-E skip, our CQ, from Bear Mountain, in western Connecticut. was answered by WA4MHS, St. Petersburg, Fla. After a solid contact, Leo left his receiver on our frequency, calling back after two hours to say that he had heard practically everything we'd said, some eight QSOs later. In this time we had worked several "locals" out to 80 or 90 miles. with consistently good reports.

All the while there were several other hilltop stations operating at line-of-sight range. The directivity of the portable beam was a considerable factor in our ability to work through what would have been intolerable QRM on an omnidirectional antenna. Yes, a beam *is* worth the trouble, when you head for the hills with a flea-power rig!

USE \$URPLUS AND \$AVE

A Kilowatt Power Supply For Less Than \$35

BY LEWIS G. MCCOY*, WIICP

Lots of hams would like to run more power but the cost scares them. However, smart shopping and a little know-how can make that high-power linear very attractive.

REGARDLESS of what you may think or hear, it is possible to build your own gear and do a better and less-expensive job than you might find in some ready-made equipment. If you know — or are willing to learn — how to make use of used and surplus parts, it is possible to bring construction costs down to almost ridiculously-low levels. A good example is the power supply described in this article. This supply will power any amplifier to the full legal limit and can be built for less than \$35! If you take a look at the photograph you'll probably say we're crazy. But read on: we'll prove it's possible.

For your convenience, here is a list of some of the surplus dealers who have catalogues or flyers containing the items we used in this supply:

- Arrow Electronics, 900 Rt. 110, Farmingdale, L. I., N. Y. 11735.
- Arrow Sales, 2534 South Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill. 60616.
- Barry Electronics, 512 Broadway, New York, N. Y. 10012.
- Fair Radio Sales, 2133 Elida Rd., Lima, Ohio. 45805.
- General Surplus Sales, 10 Alice St., Binghamton, N. Y. 13901.
- Meshna, 19 Allerton St., Lynn, Mass. 01904.
- Poly Paks, P.O. Box 942, So. Lynnfield, Mass. 01940.
- R. W. Electronics, Inc., 2244 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill. 60616

In building the supply shown here, or a similar one, there are three basic items you'll be looking for: power transformers, silicon rectifiers, and electrolytic capacitors with large amounts of capacitance at working voltages in the 300- to 450 volt region. Let's discuss power transformers first.

Power Transformers

The elementary circuit shown in Fig. 1 is a voltage doubler. This type of circuit was used in our supply for several reasons. The first point — keep this in mind in your transformer search — is that in a voltage-doubler circuit the d.c. voltage you can expect to get approaches 2.8 times the total a.c. secondary voltage. For ex-

* Novice Editor

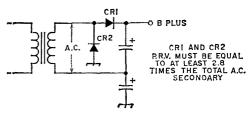
ample, a transformer rated at 1000 volts total a.c. secondary voltage can be expected to give as much as 2800 volts d.c. out of the filter.

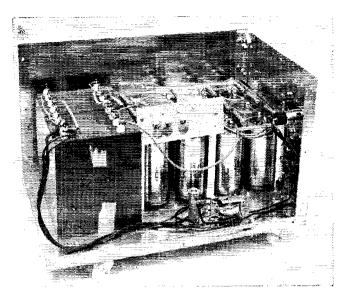
Another point to keep in mind is that commercial transformers are rated for *continuous* duty. In amateur service such as c.w. or s.s.b. the transformer is only operated intermittently and the ratings can be upped for our purposes. As an example, some time back we described a 700watt amplifier using a TV power transformer rated at about 300 watts¹. However, this was a continuous-duty rating. In our application it was quite easy to get 700 watts input on either c.w. or s.s.b. with no excessive load on the transformer.

Your first step in choosing a transformer is to decide on the amplifier tube or tubes to be used and the voltage at which they will be operated. In our case a voltage of approximately 3000 was needed. In our search for a transformer one was found having two identical secondaries, each 1100 volts center-tapped, with each winding having a 180-ma. rating. As the windings were identical, it was possible to parallel them and get 1100 volts at 360 ma. The transformers cost \$1.00 each so we got two of them and paralleled all four windings for 1100 volts at 720 ma., more than enough to run the amplifier.

In addition to the surplus market, old TV sets are a source of very inexpensive transformers. Most TV sets have transformers that give about 750 volts, center-tapped, at a current rating of over 300 ma. Many TV servicemen take old sets in and just junk them. It shouldn't be too difficult to find two identical models and obtain two transformers that can operate with their windings in parallel. Also, in looking for TV transformers you'll find that many of the early sets made by one manufacturer, although of different models, used the same power transformer. Don't overlook this when examining a TV serviceman's stock of junk sets.

Getting back to surplus, we found all kinds of suitable transformers at bargain prices. In one 1 - McCoy, "A Low-Cost 700-Watt Linear Amplifier," QST, February, 1966.





case, paralleling *three* transformers would have given about 900 volts a.c. at 600 ma., more than adequate for a kilowatt rig — and the price was less than \$10 for the three. The moral is that it is worth your time to look around.

Connecting Transformers or Winding in Parallel

In paralleling transformer windings there is a simple procedure you can follow to make sure you have the windings connected correctly. If they are not connected correctly you'll get zero voltage and probably burn up the transformers.

First, number the various leads coming from the transformers so you'll be able to keep a record of the connections. Then connect the primaries in parallel as shown in Fig. 2. It doesn't make any difference which lead is connected to which as long as the two windings are connected in parallel. Next, connect leads 2 and 3 together and, with an a.c. voltmeter having a full-scale range at least twice the output voltage of one winding, measure the voltage between 1 and $4.^2$ If the meter reads zero you have the correct connections, and to put the windings in parallel all you need do is connect leads 1 and 4 together.

If you read a voltage between leads 1 and 4 the connection between 2 and 3 is wrong, so connect 1 to 3 and 2 to 4. Just keep in mind that when your voltmeter shows zero voltage the connections are correct for parallel operation.

Rectifiers

These days we no longer think in terms of vacuum tubes for power rectifiers. Solid-state silicon rectifiers do the same or a better job, take up only a small fraction of the space, require no

² This measurement should be made with all due precautions for safety. The voltages associated with a power transformer are dangerous. The test can be made equally well by applying 6.3 volts from a filament supply to the transformer primaries, in which case the secondary voltage will be reduced to a correspondingly lower level. — Editor.

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This photograph shows the power supply mounting details. The two parallel-connected power transformers are at the left. Just to the right of the transformers is the rectifier board which is mounted on the bank of electrolytic capacitors. In the foreground are the relay and resistor for the rectifier surge protection.

filament transformer, generate little heat, and have become quite cheap. The only problem in buying surplus silicon rectifiers is that it is difficult to get complete information on their characteristics. For example, you are usually given the voltage and current ratings, but nothing else. One piece of information needed for power-supply design is the surge-current rating. This is the current that flows initially through the rectifier to charge the filter capacitors when the power supply is turned on. If the surge current is exceeded, you may lose the rectifier string. However, there is an "out" as we'll show later.

In looking through QST ads or in surplus catalogues you'll find that there are two different terms used for the voltage rating of silicon rectifiers, "p.r.v." or "p.i.v." P.r.v. means "peak reverse voltage", and p.i.v. stands for "peak inverse voltage". They mean the same thing. However, determining what you need for handling the supply voltage is another story.

In the simple schematic of a voltage doubler, Fig. 1, let's assume that the total a.c. voltage across the secondary of the transformer is nominally 1000 volts. The required p.r.v. rating for either CR_1 or CR_2 is 2.8 times the total a.c.

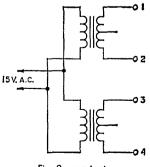


Fig. 2—see text.

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voltage — in our example, 1000×2.8 or 2800 volts. Also, because we can never be completely sure that the line voltage will be just 117 volts, a safety factor should be added — let's say another 30 percent or so. It costs but a few pennics more.

A single rectifier that could handle 3000 volts p.r.v. at about 750 ma. would be fairly expensive, even in surplus. However, rectifiers can be used in series to raise the total p.r.v. rating. For example, two 1000-volt p.r.v. silicons in series will handle 2000 volts p.v.r. at the same current rating as one.

For our 3000-volt supply, we found some 1600-volt p.r.v., 1-amp. diodes for one dollar each. We used three in each leg of the supply to give a total p.r.v. rating of 4800 volts. Total cost, \$6.00.

Electrolytic Capacitors

The other expensive item in a kilowatt supply is the filter capacitor. In a linear amplifier, good dynamic regulation is required in the power supply. Dynamic regulation can be defined as "short-term" regulation, the amount the voltage varies during syllabic or voice peaks in s.s.b., or at the keying rate in c.w. The dynamic regulation is improved by increasing the amount of output capacitance in the power supply. We are not going to go into details as to the best amount for any given supply, but refer you to the Radio Amateurs Handbook³ for more detailed information. However, it is fairly safe to assume that for the average kilowatt supply, a capacitance of at least 15 or 20 μ f. is needed for good dynamic regulation.

Getting 20 μ f. or more at voltages on the order of 2500 to 3500 volts could run into real expense if one thinks in terms of a single-unit oil-filled capacitor. However, one way of getting around the problem is to use a string of high-capacitance electrolytics connected in series. Connecting similar capacitors in series raises the working voltage in proportion to the number of capacitors in series. However, the total capacitance is reduced in the same proportion. Assuming that all units have the same capacitance, the total capacitance will be equal to the capacitance of a single unit divided by the total number of capacitors in series. For example, six $250-\mu f$., 350-volt electrolytics would give us slightly more than 40 μ f. at 2100 volts.

In the supply shown here, we found a good buy in used electrolytics — $500 \ \mu f.$ at 310 volts for one dollar each. With 12 of them, we had slightly more than 40 $\mu f.$ at a working voltage of 3700 volts, an ample safety factor, for a total cost of \$12.00.

When using electrolytics in a voltage-doubler circuit you should have an even number of capacitors and they should all have the same capacitance and working voltage. Also, all capacitors should be shunted by equal-value resistors to equalize the voltages across all units. In our

3 See chapter on power supply.

supply we used a 20,000-ohm 10-watt resistor across each capacitor.

This sums up the high-cost items — transformers, rectifiers, and capacitors. The remaining components consist of terminals, chassis or mounting, wiring and, for rectifier surge-current protection, a single-pole a.c. relay.

Construction Notes

A kilowatt power supply can be built in many different ways, but there are some points in the unit shown that might be worth passing on.

Because a kilowatt supply is usually a heavy beast, we mounted ours on casters so it could be moved around without straining a muscle. Take our word for it, when the XYL wants to clean up the shack, it's a lot simpler to have the supply movable.

The foundation for the supply shown is a piece of $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch plywood with enough area to hold all the components. A sheet of aluminum large enough to cover the plywood and add some panel space for terminals is mounted on the plywood.

Two sheets of ¼-inch plexiglass are used to insulate the electrolytic capacitors from the "chassis." Although each capacitor has something less than its working-voltage rating across it, the total plus-B voltage is between the top of first capacitor and ground, so the string should be adequately insulated from the chassis.

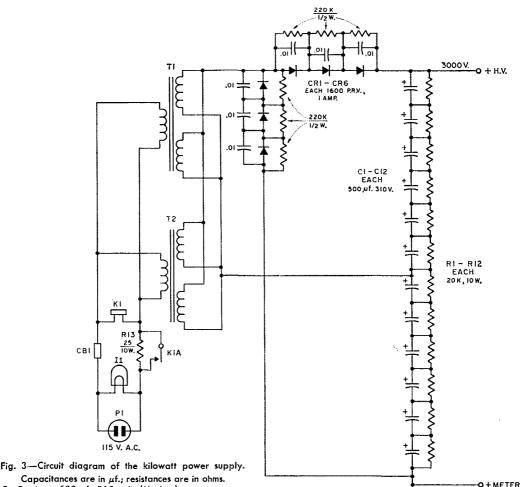
For the primary side of the supply use wire no smaller than No. 12. The idea is to keep the voltage drop between the a.c. outlet and the transformer as low as possible. Incidentally, a good source of No. 12 is two-conductor house wire sold by your local hardware or Sears store. You can buy this in short lengths and save accordingly.

The silicon rectifiers are mounted on a small piece of Vector board, although plexiglass could be used. The lead to the high-voltage terminal is test-lead wire, 5000-volt rating. A good grade of automobile ignition cable could be used. The highvoltage terminals in the supply are Millen type 37001.

Surge Current Protection

As mentioned earlier, one of the problems in using silicon rectifiers in a voltage-doubler circuit is the surge current at the instant the supply is turned on. The surge current is limited by the voltage drops in the transformer, but without complete specifications there is no way of knowing whether it exceeds the rectifier ratings. It would be possible to put series resistance between the diodes and the secondary winding to further limit the surge current, but series resistance would make the d.c. voltage regulation poorer.

In this supply a 25-ohm resistor rated at 10 watts or more is in series with the a.c. line to the transformer primaries. This resistor, R_{13} in Fig. 3, reduces the initial voltage to the primary, which in turn reduces the surge current to a safe value.



- Capacitances are in μ f.; resistances are in ohms.
- C1-C12, inc.--500 µf., 310 volts (Meshna).
- CR1-CR6, inc.—Silicon, 1600 volts p.r.v., 1 amp. (Meshna or Poly Paks).
- CB1-15-amp. panel-mounting circuit breaker (Barry Electronics).
- 12-117-volt a.c. pilot lamp.
- K1-Single-pole relay, 117 volts a.c., any contact rating over 15 amps.
- P1-A.c. male chassis-mounting plug.
- R1-R12, inc.-20,000 ohms, 10 watts, wire-wound. R₁₃—25 ohms, 10 watts, wire-wound.

Relay K_1 , whose contacts, K_{1A} , are connected across R_{13} , cannot close until the voltage across the primaries rises to a value high enough to pull in the armature. This delay is long enough to hold the surge current to a low value before R_1 is shorted out of the circuit. We have been using this system in another supply for well over a year, and like it very much.

A few words of caution are in order. Always have the utmost respect for any voltage. Be absolutely sure that the power is off before working on the supply. Also, the capacitors will take as long as a half minute to discharge after the primary power has been turned off, because of the high value of bleeder resistance.

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R14-11 ohms, 3 watts (three 33-ohm 1-watt resistors in parallel.

-11 3 W.

₹ R 14

T₁, T₂-Power transformer, two secondaries, each 1100 volts c.t., 180 ma. (center taps not used). Two transformers required; see text (R.W. Electronics type 1602).

In metering your proposed amplifier be sure to include a voltmeter in the design.⁴ This will give you a check on the voltage regulation as well as enabling you to measure your power input. R_{14} in Fig. 3 is included so that the plate milliammeter in the amplifier can be placed in the negative lead, for safety's sake. See the Handbook, transmitter chapter, for examples of this method of current measurement.

Finally, write to all the surplus dealers you can find to get their catalogs and flyers. With a little forethought and perseverance you can keep your wallet from taking a beating. 057-

⁴ FCC regulations require this if the transmitter is to be operated at over 900 watts input.

0 – H.V.

Band-Switching Transmatches

Although the T network for impedance matching has not had a great deal of use in ham gear, it lends itself to tappedcoil band switching more readily than the common inductively-coupled circuit. Here are two versions, for different power levels, intended for coupling a coaxial line to a transmitter that requires a 50-ohm load. Both are simple in construction.

W HEN THE load on a transmission line causes a high standing-wave ratio to develop, the line's input impedance will no longer approach its characteristic impedance. Since most transmitters and amplifiers in use today are designed to work into 50- to 70-ohm loads, it becomes imperative that some means of impedance transformation be utilized in situations where high standing-wave ratios exist in coax line.

The way to deal with this situation is to use an impedance-matching network between transmitter and transmission line. A simple and convenient circuit is the T configuration shown in Fig. 1. Besides impedance matching, the use of this circuit provides other advantages such as harmonic suppression and increased selectivity for receiving.

The two units shown in the photographs use this circuit and were designed to operate on 80

* ARRL Lab Assistant.

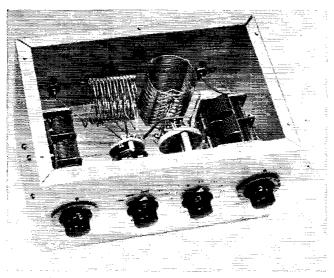
Using the T Network for Circuit Simplicity

BY LANCE Q. JOHNSON,* KIMET

through 10 meters, with a 50-ohm unbalanced line having a maximum s.w.r. of 3:1. Both are capable of matching to higher standing-wave ratios, but in such case the power they can handle safely is drastically reduced. The smaller one is safely rated at 300 watts (d.c. input to transmitter). It is used in conjunction with an external s.w.r. indicator. The larger one is rated at 1000 watts (d.c.) and incorporates its own Varimatcher circuitry.

300-Watt Transmatch

The 300-watt version is built in a $5 \times 6 \times 9$ inch utility cabinet. All wiring is done with No. 14 tinned wire. The input from the transmitter (and s.w.r. bridge) goes to L_1 , which is tapped to provide 12 turns for 80 meters, 11 turns for 40, 9 turns for 20, 5 turns for 15, and 3 turns for 10. The coil is positioned horizontally and is equidistant from adjacent surfaces. The appropriate



Construction of the 300-watt matching circuit is straightforward. Input side is on the left; coax receptacles for the r.f. input and output are on the rear wall of the box.

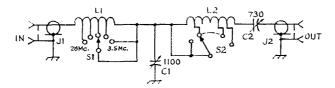


Fig. 1—Circuit of the 300-watt transmatch. Capacitances are in pf. For simplicity, only a few of the taps on L₂ are shown.

C1-365-pf. variable, 3-section, receiving t.r.f. type

(Miller 2113 or equivalent). C₂—365-pf. variable, 2-section, receiving t.r.f. type (Miller 2112 or equivalent).

J₁, J₂—Coax chassis fitting, SO-239.

L₁—13 turns No. 14, 1³/₄-inch diam., 8 turns per inch, tapped at 3, 5, 9, 11 and 12 turns from J₁ end

tap is selected by the band switch, S_1 , which shorts out the unused portions of the coil. This switch is mounted on a bracket so that it can be placed close to L_1 . Its shaft goes through a panel bushing for stiffening the mounting.

The shunt capacitor, C_1 , is a three-section receiving-type variable with the trimming capacitors removed and all three sections paralleled. It is mounted flush with the side wall of the cabinet, with the shaft lined up to match the height of C_2 . C_1 ties to the common junction of L_1 and L_2 and the wiper arms of S_1 and S_2 .

The second coil, L_2 , is made from the same stock as L_1 and is cut to a total length of 21 turns. This coil is mounted vertically, perpendicular to L_1 , to reduce mutual coupling. It is supported by its tap connections and is equidistant from adjacent cabinet surfaces. The loading switch, S_2 , progressively shorts out odd turns of (Polycoil 1764 or equivalent).

 $L_2 = 21$ turns same coil stock as L_1 , tapped every other turn.

- S1—Ceramic rotary, 1 section, 1 pole, 2–6 positions (Centralab PA 2003 or equivalent).
- S₂—Ceramic rotary, 1 section, 1 pole, 2–11 positions (Centralab P-270 index & YD section or equivalent).

the coil, and the front panel is labeled in terms of effective turns in use $(1, 3, 5, \ldots, 21)$. The switch wafer is placed as far to the rear of the switch structure as possible, to shorten the length of the taps.

 C_2 is a two-section variable with both sections paralleled and the trimmer capacitors removed. It is *not* connected to the chassis, since it is in series with L_2 and the output. It is mounted on three 1½-inch ceramic standoff insulators and is recessed into the cabinet so that an insulated shaft coupling can be used. A sawed-off portion of the original shaft can be used to extend from the insulated coupling through a panel bushing. L_2 ties to the stator side of C_2 and the frame is connected to the output receptacle.

The Kilowatt Model

The 1000-watt unit, Fig. 2, is similar to the 300-watt version except for component size

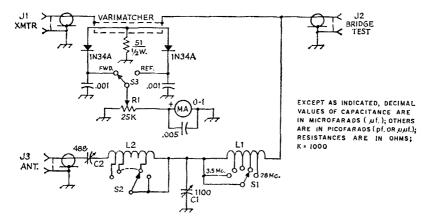


Fig. 2—The kilowatt matching circuit. Fixed capacitors are disk ceranic. Details of Varimatcher construction are given in the reference in Footnote 1.

- C1—365-pf, variable, 3-section t.r.f. type (Miller 2113 or equivalent).
- C2-488-pf. variable, 2000 volts (Johnson 154-3 or equivalent).

J₁, J₂, J₃—Coax chassis fitting, SO-239.

L₁—14 turns No. 12, 2¹/₂-inch diam., 6 turns per inch, tapped at 2, 3, 5, 8 and 11 turns (Polycoil 1774 or equivalent). $L_2 \rightarrow 17$ turns same coil stock as L_1 , tapped every turn. $R_1 \rightarrow 25,000$ -ohm control, linear taper.

- S1—Ceramic rotary, 1 section, 1 pole, 2–6 positions (Centralab PA 2003 or equivalent).
- S₂—Heavy-duty ceramic rotary, 1 section, 1 pole, 2~17 positions (Centralab JV-9001 or equivalent).
- S₃—S.p.d.t. rotary (Mallory 1460 or equivalent).

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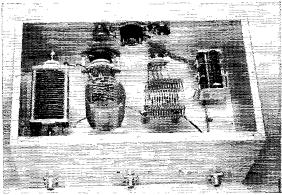
and a built-in s.w.r. indicating circuit. While any type of indicator circuit can be used, provided the bridge and cables are well shielded, the device used here is a Varimatcher.¹ It is covered by an aluminum shield (not shown in the photograph) with a half-inch slot cut out so it can be lowered into place over the wire connecting the output side of the bridge to L_1 . Balancing the bridge is facilitated by connecting a 50-ohm dummy antenna to the test receptacle, J_2 , with the matching circuit disconnected. This need be done only once; afterwards the test receptacle merely serves as a tie point for L_1 and the bridge.

The circuit is contained in a $14 \times 9 \times 7$ -inch utility cabinet. All connections are made with No. 12 tinned wire. The coils are mounted perpendicularly to each other as in the smaller unit but because of its size, L_1 is supported by two 1-inch ceramic standoff insulators. The wire from L_1 to the bridge is formed so it can be centered in the slot cut in the bridge cover. S_1 is the same as in the 300-watt unit, but is mounted to the front panel. L_2 is made from the same coil stock as L_1 and is cut to seventeen turns, with each turn tapped to S_2 . The switch frame is mounted to the front panel for rigidity. The short solid-wire taps to L_2 hold that coil in place.

 C_2 , a 488-pf. 2000-volt variable, also has to be mounted on 1-inch ceramic standoff insulators and requires an insulated shaft coupling. L_2 ties to the fixed plates and the frame goes to the output receptacle. C_1 is identical to C_1 in the lowpower version, with the trimming capacitors removed and the sections paralleled. With proper tuning, this is the low-impedance portion of the circuit, and there will not be sufficient voltage to cause arc-over even with 1000 watts input.

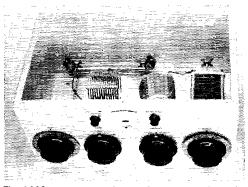
Tuning

The operation of both units is identical. It will be convenient to make up a chart of the capacitor and L_2 settings for each band, to facilitate quick tune-up. First tune C_1 and then C_2 for minimum reflected voltage. Some loads will require going back and forth a number of



¹ De Maw, "The Varimatcher," QST, May, 1966.

Rear view of the kilowatt transmatch, showing the s.w.r. bridge meter and controls mounted on the front panel The output coil, left, is supported by the multiple tap leads to the switch.



The 1000-watt transmatch uses the same circuit as the 300-watt model, but includes a built-in Varimatcher for indicating proper adjustments. The Varimatcher is mounted between the coaxial input connector (at rear center) and the "test" connector at rear left. Connector for the r.f. transmission line is at the rear right.

times. The proper tap on L_2 will vary according to the frequency and impedance of the load. The lower the frequency the more inductance is required, with the entire coil being used on 80 meters. Do not attempt to switch either coil with power applied.

Both models were designed to match 50-ohm unbalanced lines, with up to 3:1 s.w.r., and the power rating is based on these extremes. The bandwidth for a practically exact match (on 80 motors) under these conditions is approximately plus or minus 25 kc., with only slight increases in reflected power beyond these points. The units may be utilized to compensate for even greater nuismatches, but bear in mind that the voltage developed within the device will be greater, thereby lowering its power rating as well as narrowing the bandwidth.



QST Clue Crypt by WIVG

A cryptogram is an enciphered message in which one letter represents another. For example, Q might stand for G; then every Q in the cryptogram would really be a G. In a Clue Crypt the first letter of each line tells the subject of the message.

FDS COKC UZZ OKM RVXHF EM COH FHS KBKCHEI IHREPKCVDFM GOKC MCKIC CD RD VFCD HUUHZC AEIVFR FHLC JHKI, PHC'M NEKMO KPP COH SVPA IEBDIM, IHKPVGVFR COKC TEMCVUVZKCVDF DU VFZHFCVXH PVZHFMVFR SVPP MDDF YH ZDBBDF QFDSPHARH (Solution on page 148)

The Post Office Department promises faster mail service with the new Zip codes. Use yours when you write League Headquarters. Use ours, too. It's 06111. Save

Those

Transistors!

BY F. EVERETT EMERSON,* W6PBC, OVS

TRANSISTORS are wonderful devices, particularly for v.h.f. and u.h.f. use, where they far surpass tubes in performance. In fact, they are universally replacing tubes in converters and receivers at the higher frequencies. However, receiving-type transistors are not made for the purpose of absorbing transients, nor are they capable of soaking up watts of r.f. power, even for an instant. Indeed, when so treated, they give up the ghost even before a "milli-instant" has passed!

After losing several highly-valued transistors to switching transients and r.f. burn out, it became evident that something had to be done. I discussed the problem at some length with W6VSV and, with a basic scheme suggested by him, set about to do some down-to-earth experimenting. The ideas expressed herein are the result of such experiences.

The Change-Over Problem

I suppose that "single-switch" operation is the goal of most hams, particularly those who home-brew their gear. Certainly it is an operator's joy to be able to throw only one switch for the transmit-receive functions. In this day and age, relays of one sort or another are usually employed to handle all switching problems, and "breakin" type of operation is the "in" thing! But there is hardly anything more disconcerting than to hear a CQ, throw that single switch, call the station, return to the receive position, and hear nothing but dead silence.

The first time this happens, you carefully look over all your receiving gear, particularly your newly-built converter, find no circuit errors or shorts or loose connections, and eventually test the transistors. Shucks! The first r.f. transistor, although brand-new, turns out to be no good. You replace it. Eureka! Signals return! So you try another contact. Hmph! Same result. Now you're fit to be tied. What's the matter with these blankety-blank transistors? Of course, the answer is, "Nothing." You've abused them. You've given them an impossible task.

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Basically, the problem (which is not unique to v.h.f.) is only one of preventing excessive r.f. energy from reaching the converter or receiver front end. But there are at least three aspects of the problem which must be considered. They are intimately interrelated, and may be stated as:

1) Arranging the timing of relaying or switching functions so as to prevent damaging r.f. energy from entering the converter front end.

2) Preventing r.f. energy from leaking through the antenna relay to which the converter is connected (commonly expressed as a "cross-talk" problem).

3) Preventing r.f. energy from transmitters operating on other than the band on which the converter is being used from reaching the converter front end (an example: 432-Mc. converter connected to a 432-Mc. antenna while operating a 50-Mc. transmitter whose antenna is on the same mast as the 432-Mc. antenna).

There are a number of good solutions to these problems, and none of them is difficult. Let's look at a few.

Sequencing

In most ham stations, our "single switch" basically does two things: (1) It operates the antenna change-over relay, and (2) it applies B+ to the transmitter final. The timing of these events is most important. For example, if B+ is applied before the antenna relay has completed its movement to the transmit position (even though a very short time is involved), a rush of power is unleashed which may, and most probably will, be momentarily directed into the receiver front end. The result is "goodbye" transmit.

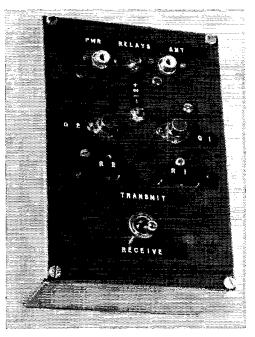
This article discusses the problem of avoiding damage to transistors in receiving equipment by operation of the transmitter. The change-over sequencing system described will also be of interest to anyone who is having trouble from burned antenna-relay contacts. sistor. The same thing happens in going back to receiving, if B+ is not removed before the antenna relay has left the transmit position.

Another important consideration is that even an excellent relay may be damaged in time if the contacts are permitted to break r.f. current. Eventually, the relay will fail because of burning and pitting of the contacts. Proper sequencing will avoid this catastrophe also.

We must, therefore, sequence our relay operations, keeping in mind that no matter how fast the power relay may operate, the power supply may drop its voltage relatively slowly, because of the retention of charge on the filter capacitors. This means that proper sequencing will assure that (1) the antenna relay goes to transmit, (2) B + is applied, (3) B + is removed and (4) the antenna relay returns from transmit to receive. While this sequence may be accomplished in a matter of milliseconds using somewhat exotic equipment, the practical aspects of hamming will often tolerate a full second of delay, and certainly a quarter to a half second is easily tolerated.

A Time-Delay System

Fig. 1 shows a circuit which will assure proper time sequencing of the basic "one-switch" station functions. An explanation of the operation of this system is simply that on throwing the switch S_1 to transmit, C_1 is very quickly charged through CR_1 , turning on transistor Q_1 which then conducts, thus energizing relay K_1 , and switching the antenna to the transmitter. At the same time, CR_3 passes current through R_2 and thus more slowly charges C_2 . When the charge on the latter reaches the proper voltage, transistor Q_2 will turn on, energizing relay K_2 , thus turning on the transmitter.



The completed change-over sequencer. Components are mounted on a $\frac{1}{16}$ -inch cover plate for a $4 \times 6 \times 2$ -inch chassis.

On returning S_1 to the receive position, CR_4 quickly discharges C_2 , thus turning off transistor Q_2 and deenergizing relay K_2 which turns the transmitter off. At the same time, C_1 discharges more slowly through R_1 and CR_2 , and thus relay K_1 deenergizes at a later time than did relay K_2 . The time differential for the sequence involved is determined by the values of the respec-

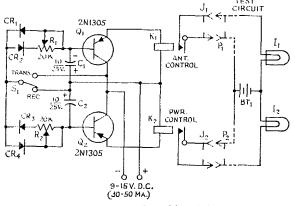


Fig. 1 — Diagram of the change-over sequencing system. Dotted lines indicate connections to a simple test circuit for adjusting to proper sequence. K₁ and K₂ should be used only to control the normal power and antenna relays. Capacitances are in μf., and resistances are in ohms (K = 1000). Capacitors are electrolytic.

BT1-6-volt battery.

CR1, CR2, CR3, CR4—1N198, 1N265, 1N270, 1N326, 1N458, 1N558, 1N929, 1N2069, FD135, FDM6000, or similar.

l₁, l₂—6-udt lamp. J₁, J₂—Phono jack. K₁, K₂—1000-ohm 12-volt d.c. relay (see text). P₁, P₂—Phono plug.

R1, R2-Linear control, trimmer or conventional type.

S1-S.p.d.t. toggle switch.

Other component designations are for text-reference purposes.

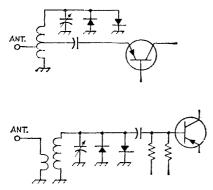


Fig. 2—Manner of installing protective diodes in typical transistor-receiver input circuits. See text.

tive R and C combinations. With the values of 20K ohms shown for R_1 and R_2 , and values of 10 μ f, at C_1 and C_2 , adjustment of R_1 and R_2 will permit time delays varying from milliseconds up to about one second. The system is "fail-safe" in that loss of power to the device will shut down operations in proper sequence. As a practical matter, a number of different combinations of R, C, Q and K may be used.

Construction

Being what is known affectionately as an "average" ham with limited financial means, recourse was made to surplus parts in the construction of the unit shown in the photographs. For example, the 2N1305s specified currently sell for 52 cents each, but I found a printedcircuit board with five of these transistors and two trimmer potentiometers that I bought for 48 cents. The capacitors and diodes came from a similar source. (There are literally hundreds of such surplus boards to be found in many localities.) The diodes may be either germanium or silicon, but CR_2 and CR_4 should have low forward resistance to avoid excessive delay in the operation of the system. Any of the types listed under Fig. 1 should be suitable. By reversing the polarities of the power supply and electrolytic capacitors, n-p-n transistors may be used. With either type of transistor, either the positive or negative supply lead may be grounded, dependent only on your personal preference.

The relays may not be as easily found, but some surplus types are frequently available at a cost of 50 cents to one dollar. The relays that I used have a d.c. resistance of around 1000 ohms, pull in at 9 to 15 ma., and drop out at 2 to 4 ma. But a wide range of relay types should work. Try whatever low-resistance low-current d.c. relays you may have at hand.

The unit illustrated was assembled on a 4×6 inch plate, used as a cover for a $4 \times 6 \times 2$ -inch chassis. This provides ample space for all of the components specified. A suitable power supply should deliver 9 to 15 volts at 30 to 50 ma.

Checking

Lacking fancy instruments, timing may most

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easily be accomplished by using a pair of pilot lights turned on by the respective relays, K_1 and K_2 , as shown by the dotted-line connections of Fig. 1. A few cut-and-try adjustments of R_1 and R_2 should quickly produce a condition where lamp I_1 will light first, and then lamp I_2 , when S_1 is thrown to the transmit position, the timing being dependent on the setting of R_2 . Then, when S_1 is returned to the receive position, I_2 will go out at once, followed by I_1 , at a time delay dependent on your setting of R_1 . By watching the lamps, you may set R_1 and R_2 to any time interval that your eye can recognize. Once set, they will require no further attention whatever. A delay of approximately one-half second is used successfully at W6PBC. While this may seem like a long time to some persons, it has proved to be acceptable, and the nice thing is that no transistors have been burned out since the system was put into use. The unit pictured has been copied by a number of hams in the local area, and it has met their problems with equal success.

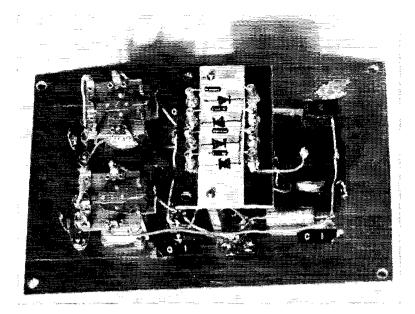
Cross Talk

Even with proper time sequencing of functions, a poor relay will permit damaging r.f. powers to enter the receiver front end through stray capacitance or dielectric leakage, and burn out transistors or damage tubes. So, in choosing a changeover relay, an important characteristic to look for (in addition to power rating, loss and v.s.w.r.) is the cross-talk rating for the frequency in which you are interested. For example, if the cross-talk rating is only 40 db., and you run 1600 watts peak output, there will be 160 milliwatts delivered into your converter or receiver front end. The normal small-signal r.f. transistor just won't take this power. And neither will it take the 1/2 watt resulting from only 100 watts output and a cross-talk rating of 23 db., which so many of the relays seen in ham shacks possess. For this reason, some persons recommend the use of two or more relays in series. If poor coax relays must be used, or if high power is employed, the series method is a way out, but it is not recommended to the serious u.h.f. man. Coaxial relays with cross-talk attenuation ratings of 100 db. or more at 500 Mc. are available on the market, and are a highly-recommended investment where transistor receiving equipment is used.¹

Multi-Antenna Installations

A rather common setup for a multiband v.h.f. ham station provides separate antennas for, say, 432, 220, 144 and 50 Mc. on one tower or mast. Each is usually connected to a separate converter with a separate coax antenna relay in each transnussion line. If transistor converters are used, it is possible that transmitter operation on one band may ruin the first transistor in one or more of the other converters, simply because a damage

 $^{^{1}}$ A relay that has sometimes been found in the surplus market in the past few years is the Transco Y-type relay. W6VSV has measured the attenuation as better than 70 db. at 432 Mc.



Interior view of the change-over sequencing unit. The diodes are mounted on a small terminal board, supported by metal pillars.

ing amount of energy from the transmitter in use may be funneled into the other converters by the close proximity of their antennas to the energized antenna. Disconnecting the converter power supply may or may not provide sufficient protection, depending on the transistors being used.² Of importance perhaps equal to that of saving the transistor from burn out, however, is that of maintaining the inherent noise figure without deterioration, so a protection scheme should be used to meet this problem. The solution is perhaps the casiest of all, and one which, because of its simplicity, is often overlooked. Simply switch all antenna relays at once!

One further method of front-end protection is worthy of mention. The idea has appeared a number of times in ham publications, so no claim to originality is made. But it is often overlooked, and thus bears repeating. This scheme is illustrated in Fig. 2. It consists of two diodes in parallel and in "back-to-back" configuration. Each of the diodes will conduct as soon as its breakdown voltage is exceeded, and thus they will establish a maximum voltage that will be transferred to the r.f. stage. On the average, germanium diodes start conduction at about 0.3 volt, while silicon diodes start at about 0.6 volt. Both types have been used successfully at W6PBC. Exotic diodes are not necessary. Such a common and universallyavailable type as the 1N34 works very well. The important point in using this scheme appears to be to place the diodes at the highest impedance (hence high-voltage) point of the input circuit. If they are placed across the antenna input connector, most likely they will do no good at all. But, because of the usual transformer action of an

² Remember, the transistor is a "small-signal" deviceand even though its power supply may be turned off, the transistor may look like a diode across the input circuit. In such a case, it will rectify input energy to the limit of its capabilities. input circuit, if they are placed at a high-impedance point, as shown in Fig. 2, they will conduct as you intend they should.

There are, of course, some disadvantages to this protection scheme. First, the diodes add capacitance to the circuit, and the tank coil may therefore have to be reduced by a turn or two, or a linear tank line may have to be shortened to maintain resonance. Second, the Q of the circuit may be reduced. To the experimenter, particularly one who is prone to make many changes, these disadvantages are a cheap price to pay for such easily-obtainable front-end protection [957]

Strays 🐒

QST congratulates .

Dr. Peter B. Schroeder, W1PNY, upon publication of his scholarly, yet highly-readable history of maritime radio, "Contact at Sea," by the Gregg Press.

Luis Salido, XE2IL, on his election as Mayor of the municipality of Navojoa, Mexico.

Larry LeKashman, W9IOP, recently named president of Bogen Communications Division, Lear Siegler Corp.

Mark D. Bedrossyan, W2FIS, on publication of his play, "The First Genocide," about the dissolution of Armenia.

I would like to get in touch with . . .

. amateurs interested in Pythagorianism and Numerology. K6RKR.

. . . anyone interested in organizing an undenominational Christian fellowship net on 20 or 15 meters. WA8PWZ.

... U. S. amateurs who are policeman. ON5NO.

. . . any amateurs wishing to form a low-power net. WN4EQW.

A Pocket-Portable Superhet for 80 or 40

Easy, Compact, Lightweight Construction

BY F. L. DWIGHT,* K6JBV

Here is a simple companion receiver for the 1-watt c.w. transmitter described in an earlier issue. A transistor broadcast receiver furnishes instant i.f., b.f.o. and audio circuitry.

URING the last 10 years, I have used about a dozen different receivers for portable operation. These have ranged from simple 2-transistor regenerative circuits to 16-transistor receivers with lattice filters and crystal calibrators. In the simple superhet to be described, I have attempted to keep the circuit and construction as uncomplicated as possible without sacrificing any of the features that make portable operation both successful and enjoyable. This receiver is compact and light enough to be carried easily, yet when used with the 1-watt c.w. transmitter described in an earlier issue of QST^1 , and a portable dipole thrown up into the nearest tree, it will easily make possible solid contacts with stations several hundred miles away. The complete receiver can be built for about \$20, even if all new components are used. Three similar receivers have been in operation for the past several years, and have performed well on camping trips, Field Days, and at home.

In brief, the receiver consists of a 2-transistor tunable converter feeding the 455-kc.-i.f., and audio stages of an inexpensive pocket broadcast receiver. The original converter stage of the b.c. receiver is modified to serve as a b.f.o. at 455 kc.

The H.F. Converter

The circuit of the converter is shown in Fig. 1. It is more or less conventional, consisting of a fixed-tuned mixer and a tunable oscillator. Values in Table I provide a choice of either 40or 80-meter operation. The h.f. oscillator operates on the high-frequency side of the incoming signal for 80 meters, and on the low-frequency side for 40-meter operation.

The complete receiver is housed in a $5\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{8} \times 3$ -inch aluminum box (LMB 780 or Bud CU-2106A). The h.f. converter is built into the flanged half of the box, while the b.c. receiver occupies the other half, as shown in the photos.

Although a miniature air trimmer might be used for the tuning capacitor C_3 , I found it

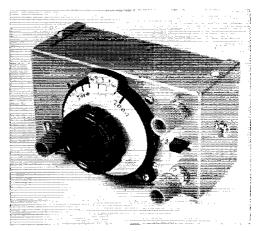
simpler to make my own. Plate dimensions are shown in Fig. 2. A small strip of insulating material was fastened against the back of the panel, using one of the dial mounting screws, and another screw set in the panel. Three small bits of the same insulating material were arranged in a semicircle and cemented to the strip. The stator plate of the capacitor was fastened, in turn, to these bits, using epoxy cement. (Be sure that the metal is clean.)

The rotor plate was soldered to one end of a short section of $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch brass rod. The other end of the rod was inserted in the dial shaft coupler, and adjusted to give a capacitor plate spacing of $\frac{1}{28}$ inch. The dial will be recognized as an import (27%-inch size), handled by several mail-order houses.

The slug-tuned coils of the converter must be mounted close to one end of the box so that they will clear the end of the b.c. receiver case when the box is reassembled. The phono jack used for antenna input, and the slide switch S_1 are mounted at the same end of the box. Terminal strips are used as tie points, and to mount most of the small components.

B.C. Receiver Modification

The author chose a Philco Model 602-BK for the broadcast receiver that supplies the i.f. and a.f. stages, because this unit is compact, lends itself to easy conversion, and is one that should be widely available. Other similar transistor



A complete 7-Mc. (or 3.5-Mc.) portable superhet receiver in a $3 \times 2l'_8 \times 5l'_4$ -inch box. The i.f. gain control is at the left. Controls at the right are the converter battery switch, and knobs for adjusting the slug-tuned mixer and oscillator coils to the desired point in the band.

^{* 9027 8}th. Ave., Inglewood, California 90305.

¹ Dwight, "A One-Watt Rig for 40 Meters," QST, November, 1966.

receivers may be used, but the details of conversion will vary, of course. (I might mention that, in some of the other receivers that I have used, I have found little similarity between the schematics furnished, and the actual wiring of the receiver.)

The r.f. circuitry of the Philco receiver is shown in Fig. 3. The modification consists of revising the original converter circuit for use as a b.f.o. (as mentioned earlier), shifting the gain control from the audio section to the i.f. amplifier, and making provision for feeding the ham-band converter into the 455-kc. i.f. amplifier. Battery connections are also changed to permit the b.f.o. to be operated from the battery supply of the h.f. converter. Thus both oscillators are free from battery-loading effects of the other stages, which might result in frequency instability.

The modification procedure is as follows: Carefully remove the circuit board from the plastic case. Leave the speaker in the case, but temporarily unsolder its connecting wires. Cut a hole about the same size as the speaker vent in the rear half of the box, centering it so that it will line up with the speaker when the plastic case is placed at that extreme end of the box which will avoid interference with the slug-tuned coils of the h.f. converter. Also drill a $\frac{2}{36}$ -inch hole to provide access to the headphone jack. Then mount the plastic case in the box with four screws at accessible points.

On the receiver itself, first disconnect and remove the ferrite-rod antenna. Then use the sharp point of a knife to make the four cuts in the etched circuitry indicated in Fig. 4 (A-B, C-D, E-F, and G-D). Run a shielded wire out from A that will be connected to the collector terminal of the 2N412 in the h.f. converter (no connection to B). Soldering should be done as quickly as possible to avoid excessive heat. Run a wire from C to H. Connect F, I and J together (no connection to E). Connect a 220-pf. silvermica capacitor from J to D. Make a ground connection to the metal box at H.

TABLE 1			
Band	Capacitance (pf.)	Coil Turns	
are wou forms (nd on Millen $\frac{1}{2} imes 1\frac{3}{4}$ incl	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
No. 28. A end for Coupling	\tilde{L}_5 is tapped at 7 Mc., and at	which are wound with 5 turns from ground 5 turns for 3.5 Mc. and over ground ends over L_3 .	

Now find R_2 . This resistor will be found immediately above the point marked Y in Fig. 4. Cut the lead which runs from the top of this resistor to the circuit board. Connect a wire to the open end of the resistor, and run it around to G and solder. Connect a $0.02-\mu f$. disk capacitor between G and H. Solder one end of a 27K resistor to G. The other end of this resistor goes to the positive terminal of the h.f. converter battery.

Remove the wires from terminals K and L on the gain control, and tie these wires together. Locate R_6 . This resistor will be found immediately above the point marked Z in Fig. 4. Cut the wire lead to the top of this resistor. Solder an extension to the wire lead (not to R_6), and connect to terminal L of the gain control (no connection to K). Run a wire from M to H.

A separable shaft coupling is required for the gain control. I cemented a short section of plastic tubing, cut from the cap of an old ballpoint pen

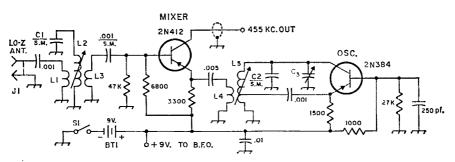


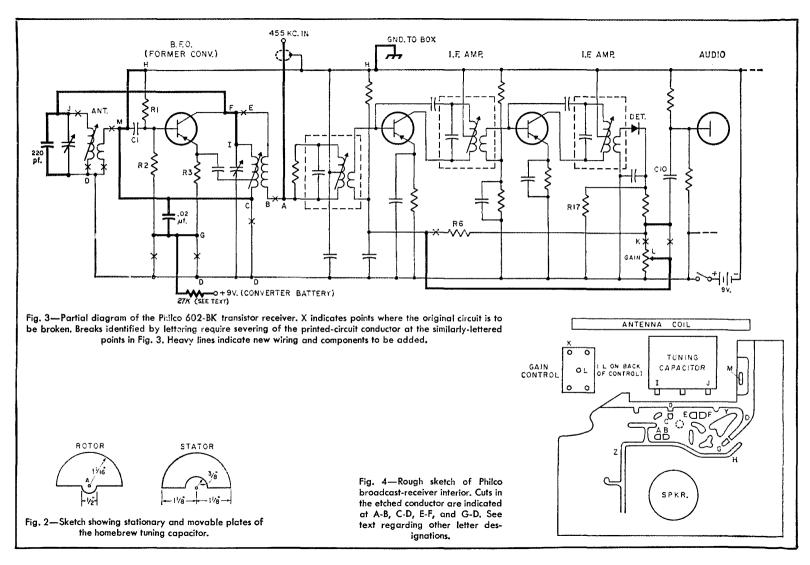
Fig. 1—Circuit of the converter. Resistances are in ohms (K≈ 1000). Unless indicated otherwise, capacitances are in µf. Resistors are ½-watt. Fixed capacitors are disk ceramic, except where S.M. indicates silver mica.

BT1-9-volt battery (Eveready 216, or similar).

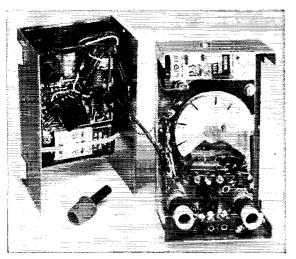
C₁, C₂—See Table I. C₃—10-pf. variable capacitor (see text). Jı — Phono jack.

L₁-L₅, incl.—See Table I.

S₁—Miniature slide switch.



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Interior view of the portable receiver. The converted pocket broadcast receiver at the left provides i.f., b.f.o. and audio stages for the h.f. converter at the right. Construction of the simple homemade converter tuning capacitor, and gain-control shaft extension are described in the text.

(Lindy), to the shaft of the control, as shown in the interior photo. A short section of the barrel of the same pen was cemented into a cap from a tube of toothpaste, which serves as the control knob. The two sections of plastic tubing telescope with a firm grip for rotation, yet they can be separated easily when disassembling the box. (Similar toothpaste-tube caps were cemented to the adjusting screws of the two slug-tuned coils in the converter.) This completes the modification, and the speaker may be reconnected. Make the connections to the collector of the 2N412, and the converter battery. Use plastic tape to insulate any exposed contacts.

Adjustment

A slight hiss should be heard from the speaker when the switches of both b.c. receiver and converter are turned on, and the gain control advanced to maximum. Adjust the b.c. tuning capacitor (which now controls the b.f.o. frequency) and the first i.f. transformer slug for maximum uoise. Then replace the b.c. receiver in its case, and reassemble the box.

Connect a signal generator or 50/75-ohm antenna to the antenna jack, and adjust the slug of L_5 until signals in the desired frequency range are heard. With the tuning capacitor constructed as described earlier, it should cover a range of about 120 kc. on either band. This range can be shifted to any portion of the band by adjustment of L_5 . Find a signal near the center of the selected range, and peak it up by adjusting the slug of L_2 . If more b.f.o. injection is found desirable, reduce the value of the 27K resistor in the battery line to the b.f.o.

After the receiver is working properly, you may want to limit the excessive high-frequency audio response by connecting a capacitor from the base of the first audio transistor to ground. A value of about 0.1 μ f, works well for both s.s.b. and c.w., but a larger capacitance could be used if only c.w. reception is desired. This change will also result in a considerable reduction in battery drain.

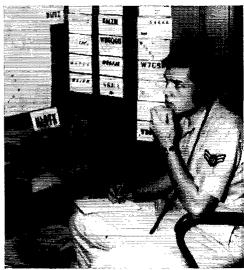


The 20th anniversary of QCWA will be celebrated at a dinner meeting at the Statler-Hilton Hotel, 33rd and 7th Avenue, New York City on Friday, October 27. Highlight of the meeting will be the presentation of engraved plaques to 40 Charter Members of the QCWA.

Feedback

In the caption of the schematic of the Squeeze Keyer, page 23 of the July issue, there is an error in the type number of the Potter & Brumfield polarized relay. The correct type number is JMP-5200-11.

Airman Second Class John Ferrara, HL9TK (K1NNA), who is stationed at Osan Air Base, Korea, was tuning across the band recently when he heard an emergency call from the 87-foot schooner Donte Deo which had run aground on a coral reef off the Paracel Islands. Ferrara organized an on-the-spot net which assisted in forming on air-sea rescue. The story had a happy ending: All seven aboard including one child, were rescued . . . thanks to HL9TK.



Aluminum Finishes

BY WILLIAM NICHELSON,* W3KOC

P^{RODUCT} engineers have long realized the importance of the appearance of an item and the relationship of this appearance with the acceptance of the item by the buying public. Those little touches that dress up a piece of gear have all too often been omitted from the planning of the amateur who builds his own equipment.

Paint

One of the easiest ways to make a product different is to paint it an odd color. Sometimes the obvious is the most eluding. There is no longer any need to spend hours mixing paint and then not be able to obtain a matching color for a later product. With the arrival of the automobilesupply store came automobile paint in spray cans, a product made especially for the nonprofessional.

By coating drab gray aluminum with cheerful pastels, this paint can really be used to advantage to customize mobile rigs. Two or three tones or colors can be used to match or even surpass the look of commercial gear. Remember to note the year and make of car the paint was made for so that you don't have to drag the rig to the store to match the color. Just follow the directions on the can and you can't miss.

Adhesive Paper and Tape

The use of adhesive paper in dressing up panels should not be overlooked. This paper can be purchased in almost every design and color from walnut wood to cabbage rose. Plaids, while not conventional for electronic gear, can be very pleasing to the eye. Polka dots are not recommended!

Graining

Perhaps the most satisfying aluminum panel finishes are obtained by graining or scratching the metal. This process is very similar to the sanding of wood. First completely work the panel and try all components for fit. Then remove the parts and secure the panel to a flat, sturdy bench. Use small flat head wood screws for

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October 1967

this purpose and mount them so that they do not protrude above the surface of the panel. Swab the panel with light machine oil to help obtain uniform graining. Wrap emery paper around a wooden block and sand with long, even strokes. Almost any emery paper will do, but with a little practice it will become apparent which size grit will give the most desirable results. The lack of a standard grading system in the coatedabrasives industry makes it difficult to specify a particular paper. To finish and protect the panel, wash it, add decals and spray with a coat of clear lacquer.

Etching

For a soft, frosted, satin finish, etching is just the ticket. This process is accomplished by immersing the piece to be etched in a solution of $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of household lye dissolved in a small tub of cold water. If the piece is grained prior to etching, the oil and residue must be removed with soap and water. Don't let the innocent appearance of lye fool you. Lye is a strong base, and as such it can cause burns as painful as those from acid, so avoid skin contact! For this reason cold water is specified. Hot water will speed the reaction, but the danger is increased tremendously. Use a stick to dissolve the lye. Have adequate ventilation and choose a container such as a porcelain tub or enameled pan. Plastic containers also work well.

In order to facilitate handling, it is a good idea to lower the aluminum into the bath by using string. You will notice a pronounced bubbling take place, and most alloys of aluminum will turn black. This is a normal reaction. The time required for the etch to be completed will depend on the strength and temperature of the solution. Normally an etch can be done in $\frac{1}{2}$ hour but times as short as 15 minutes and as long as 2 hours are not unusual.

When the work piece is removed from the caustic bath, a rinse in water is a must. Wipe the black deposit off with a vinegar-soaked rag and rewash the aluminum. After the piece is dry, spray it with clear lacquer for protection against abrasion.

Your home-built gear can look as good as or better than commercial equipment. Try some of W3KOC's ideas on aluminum finishes and see for yourself! Fig. 1-Setup for anodizing aluminum panels and cabinets. Although an aluminum tank is shown, almost any acid-proof container can be used if the negative lead from the battery is connected to a large piece of scrap



Anodizina

The undisputed king of aluminum finishes is the anodized ¹ finish. This finish is highly resistant to weather, corrosion, abrasion, and wear and cannot be chipped or pulled off, since it is an integral part of the metal. Furthermore, the anodized piece may be colored with a dye to produce a finish that will be the envy of those with plain "home brew."

in the anodizing process, aluminum, after suitable preparation, is subjected to an electrochemical oxidation which increases the thickness of the protective oxide film. The preparation may be graining or etching. Strangely enough, neither the required equipment nor the technical knowledge to acquire this beautiful coating need be elaborate or extensive. As a matter of fact, it surprises this writer that more amateurs do not compete in equipment appearance the way they do with circuitry.

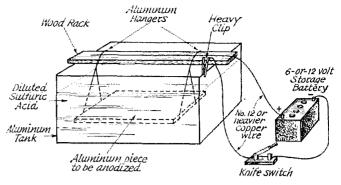
Fig. 1 shows a typical anodizing setup, which may be varied considerably depending on what's available. The tank may be an enameled dishpan or large plastic tray. Almost any acid-proof container will do except ordinary glass, which could crack due to the heat generated in the system. A Pyrex glass container works nicely, however, as does an enameled tub. Best of all is an aluminum tank. The tank itself may then be used as the cathode in the system shown in Fig. 1.

Having no aluminum tank is no real problem. Simply use a piece of scrap aluminum such as a "throw-away" pie plate for the cathode. This may be shaped to hang over the edge of the container or even connected to the negative wire and laid on the bottom. Naturally, this is done before adding the solution. Since trapped air could cause the irregular cathode to float and short-circuit the system, it is a good idea to weigh the piece down with a few selected stones.

Any nonconducting material will do for the anode rack. Wood, of course, is the most simple and is more than adequate. If a nonconductive container is placed into service, the anode rack can then be metallic. The point here is that the current must go through the solution and not be shunted around the acid due to bad planning.

¹ Paddon, "It's a Pretty Pickle," QST, May, 1950.

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The hangers may be made of flat strips of aluminum or hard aluminum wire. The commercial anodizing houses use lead or even titanium but we hobbyists must make use of what is at hand. There is no advantage in being exotic anyway. Make a rule that anything going into the solution must be aluminum.

Use No. 12 or heavier house wire for the power-supply leads. Heavy clips on the ends will facilitate handling. Remember to plan your setup so that the copper wires or clips do not go into the solution; sulfuric acid eats copper.

A knife switch in the line is very handy. One which will handle at least ten amperes is a good choice.

A twelve-volt lead storage battery makes a fine power supply for the system. Even a six-volt storage battery will do, but it will take longer to finish the job. In the event that a rectifier type supply is breadboarded for the setup, don't worry about filtering. The pulsations in the d.c. won't hurt the system at all. However, the supply should be able to deliver five amperes or more.

Sulfuric acid for the anodizing operation can be obtained from a good automobile supply house. The professional anodizers use a 15- to 20-percent solution. If sulfuric acid weighed the same as water, a 20-percent solution would be one unit volume of acid plus four unit volumes of water. However, sulfuric acid is 1.84 times as heavy as water. Rather than go through the arithmetic, let us just use the ratio of one to eight; that is, one unit volume of acid to eight unit volumes of water. This will serve with almost any concentration of acid which can be purchased and ordinary tap water can be used unless the water in your area is very hard.² Use extreme caution in handling sulfuric acid as it eats clothing as well as people. The use of rubber gloves and safety glasses is not a bad idea. For your own safety follow the all-important rule on diluting acids: Always pour the acid slowly into the water. Never pour the water into the acid or you may be splattered with a caustic solution.

Plan your work so that the aluminum piece can be lowered into the solution and recovered

² Hard water may be purified by using the filters sold in grocery stores to make water suitable for use with steam irons. These filters usually cost less than \$1.00. - Editor.

with ease. Normally, contact is made from the hangers to the positive lead of the power supply merely by the act of hanging. Although it is done this way commercially, a heavy clip can be used by the perfectionist.

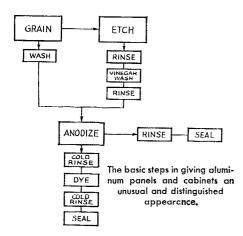
Previous to anodizing, the work piece should receive the final finish by graining or etching. Naturally any paint or lacquer should be omitted.

Before you proceed with your endeavors, it's desirable to discuss anodizing a bit. As mentioned, anodizing increases the protective oxide film. Bare aluminum develops a very thin coat of this film as soon as it is exposed to oxygen. What we are doing here is increasing the thickness of this layer. Do not confuse this with electroplating, where a metallic coating is deposited on the work.

The aluminum oxide (Al_2O_3) formed by anodizing has several advantageous properties. First of all, aluminum oxide, aside from being hard and abrasion resistant, is an insulator. This may not seem like much of an advantage when ground connections must be scraped; however, this property does allow us to check a work piece to see if our efforts have been successful. An ohmmeter on the highest scale should show no continuity when the probes are both placed on the workpiece which has been anodized in our setup for 10 to 15 minutes.

Another advantage to anodizing is that the coating is porous. This may at first seem to be detrimental to the anodized object's weather resistance. However the pores can be sealed by simply "cooking" the work for a short time in water at 206 to 210 degrees Fahrenheit, which is for our purposes boiling. This sealing of the pores is really a slight chemical change of the cells from Al_2O_3 to Al_2O_3 . H₂O. When the water combines with the aluminum oxide, the pores simply fill up. The importance of these pores can be seen if we can imagine filling the holes with color before sealing. This is exactly what is done with dye.

A rich-colored metallic sheen can be given to anodized aluminum by impregnating the walls of the oxide coating with dye. Since some of the



actual coating remains transparent, the result is extremely attractive.

Industry is interested in reproducing results during long production runs. This problem need not concern hams, but it is a good idea to jot down temperature, time, kind of dye and amount of dye used, just in case a later project should require the same finish. With this information, the color match should at least be in the ball park.

Commercial dyes for aluminum may be obtained from any one of a number of chemical supply houses and most will repack dyes in one pound quantities. One vendor was found who will repack in $\frac{1}{4}$ pound units.³

Fabric dyes such as Tintex and Rit may also be used for this purpose, but the dye concentration should be at least double that of the commercial dyes. Concentration of commercial dyes is between 1/10 to 10 grams per liter. Note the extreme latitude. Fabric dyes also vary in concentration, but as with any dye, the depth of color depends on the mix as well as the time given for absorption.

Normal dyeing time is 10 minutes at 150 degrees Fahrenheit. Try not to exceed the temperature, since some premature sealing could take place. A cold rinse after dyeing will help show the true color because some bleeding or leaching of the dye will take place. If the color is not dark enough, there is no harm done. Just make a stronger mixture and have another go. Then seal the piece, as explained previously, and the job is done.

³ A. & D. Dyestuffs, Inc., 60 N. Front Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 19106.

Strays 3

The Amateur Radio News Service (ARNS) announces its First Annual Publication contest. Awards will be presented to outstanding publications, editors, and clubs in several categories. The contest is open to all amateur radio publications, member or non-member of ARNS, provided the publication is strictly non-profit and is published solely in the interest of amateur radio. Entries will consist of any three issues of the publication (selected by the entrant) issued during the current year. All entries must be in the hands of the Contest Manager by Dec. 30, 1967. Entries will be segregated in two categories: Category 1 — with commercial advertising support, Category 2 — noncommercial support.

Each category will be judged on the following points and an appropriate award certificate will be issued to the one judged best in each case: Best masthead, best general format, best editorials, best elub activity coverage, best local (ham) news coverage, best usage of other publication items, best variety of club member contributions, best technical articles, best illustrations (not circuit diagrams), and best sectional coverage (for sectional publications only). In addition to the above, one Grand Award will be made to the best all-around publication in all categories. For more information on the contest, write Mr. Andy Clark, W41YT, P.O. Box 501, Miami Springs, Florida.

• *Beginner and Novice* Antenna Switching For Beginners

A PROBLEM that many newcomers have is how to set up their stations to make it as simple and convenient as possible to switch between transmitting and receiving. The main difficulty usually involves using the same antenna for both. While Novices may listen on different frequencies from the one they transmit on because of the crystal-control requirement, the majority of hams usually transmit and receive on the same frequency. This adds the problem of "muting," or lowering the audio level of the receiver so that it doesn't overload. This article will treat some of the systems for integrating station controls to make the job easier.

One Or Two Antennas?

Some amateurs prefer using two antennas, one for receiving and the other for transmitting. The advantage of such a system is that no antenna switching is required. However, it is customary to install the transmitting antenna in the best possible location while the receiving antenna is relegated to a poorer one. Keep one point in mind when setting up your antenna system: The transmitting antenna will radiate signals better in some directions than others, and by the same token, the better transmitting directions will also be the best for receiving. When using a separate receiving autenna, you may hear signals better from directions where you transmit the poorest signal, and vice versa. This can lead to fruitless calls and poor contacts, so a single antenna is better.

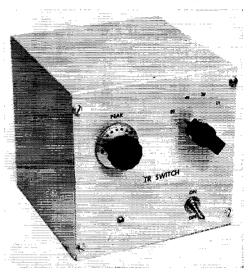
Methods Of Switching The Antenna

There are three common methods of transferring the antenna from the receiver to the transmitter — manually (knife switch), with a relay, or electronically. Many beginners start out by using a knife switch, but they quickly find out that this is cumbersome and time-consuming. A more popular method is to use an antenna relay. In home-station operation the relay coil is usually made for 117 volts a.c. and this voltage can be switched on and off by different methods. Some commercial receivers and transmitters have built-in switches that have provision for switching the antenna relay. Or a conveniently-mounted toggle or foot switch can be used to control the relay.

Most hams use coaxial cable to interconnect the equipment and antenna system, so the antenna relay used is a coaxial type. Good coaxial antenna relays are usually expensive but you can build your own, as we'll show you, and save considerably.

* Beginner and Novice Editor

BY LEWIS G. McCOY,* WIICP



The knob at the left is used for peaking the tuned circuit. At the right is the bandswitch. Only four positions are shown and the 15-meter position also covers 10 meters, as mentioned in the text.

Still another method of switching the antenna is by electronic means, with no manual switches to throw. Such units usually are referred to as "t.r." (transmit-receive) switches (While a relay also is a t.r. switch, the electronic type is usually meant when the term "t.r. switch" is used). For break-in work, electronic switching is preferred because no ordinary relay is fast enough to follow c.w. keying.¹ Constructional details for a versatile t.r. switch are also provided in this article.

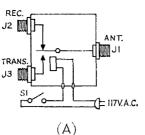
Coaxial Relays

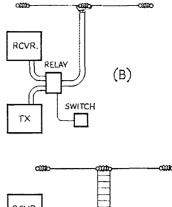
One way to beat the high cost of coaxial relays is to use the ordinary type. Almost any inexpensive relay can be used for Novice power or for

¹ High-speed relays are available and have been used (QST, August, 1967, p. 32; December, 1964, p. 20; July, 1964, p. 29).

It takes only a short period on the air to make the newcomer appreciate what older hams mean when they talk about "operating convenience." The price for it may be an increase in circuit complexity, but not a tremendous one. Fig. 1—A—hookup for an antenna changeover relay. B and C show alternate methods of using a relay for antenna switching. J₁, J₂, J₃ — See text

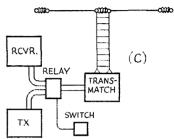
 $S_1 - See text$





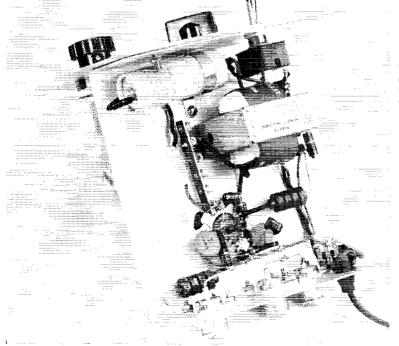
inputs up to a few hundred watts. The relay can be mounted in a small metal box and provided with coaxial fittings. Although such an assembly is not a true coaxial relay, it will not cause an appreciable impedance mismatch in the transmission line as long as the box is mounted on the back of, or close to, the transmitter. This type of relay is shown in the photograph. The relay in the circuit of Fig. 1A is a singlepole, double-throw unit with the inner conductor of the coaxial line from the antenna or transmatch connected to the movable arm of the relay. The receiver is always connected to the "at rest" contact of the relay because normally an operator does more listening than transmitting and doesn't want the antenna relay energized while listening. For transmitting S_1 is closed, feeding a.c. to the relay coil, closing the relay. The arm makes contact with the relay terminal connected to J_3 , which in turn is connected to the transmitter.

A multiple-pole, multicontact relay can be used, in which case the extra contacts can be used



for muting the receiver, switching a monitor, and so forth. Most receivers have provisions for muting, and a study of the receiver instruction book will usually provide details how this can be accomplished. While S_1 is shown in Fig. 1A as a single-pole switch, it could have more than one pole so other equipment also could be switched when the antenna is transferred.

When installing the relay in the metal box, try to keep the leads from the coax fittings to the



The power transformer and filter components are mounted at the upper right. Just to the lower left of center is the socket for the 12AU7.

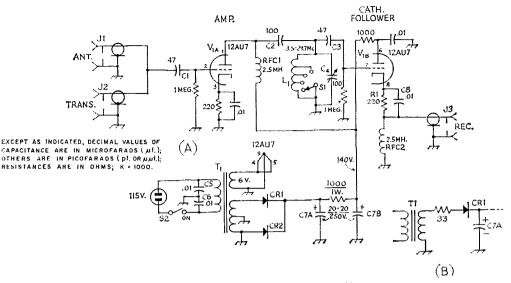


Fig. 2—Circuit diagram of the t.r. switch. Unless otherwise specified, resistors are ½ watt; decimal value fixed capacitors are disk ceramic, others are mica with the exception of C7, which is electrolytic. B—method of using a half-wave transformer for T1. Circuit designations not listed below are for text reference.

C₄—100-pf. variable (Millen 20100 or similar). C₇A, C₇B—20/20-µf., electrolytic 250 volts or more.

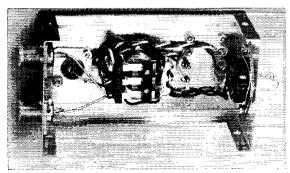
Lı-See Fig. 3.

- J₁, J₂, J₃—Coax chassis receptacle, type SO-239.
- S₁—Single-pole, four-position wafer switch (Mallory 3115J, 3215J, or similar).

relay contacts as short as possible. This will help minimize any impedance "bumps" in the antenna line. If you use an s.w.r. bridge, the bridgeshould be connected on the antenna side of the relay. Figs. 1B and 1C show typical layouts for two common types of installations.

The Electronic TR Switch

The circuit diagram of the t.r. switch described here, shown in Fig. 2, is practically identical with the t.r. switch circuit that has been in the



This photograph shows how to install a relay in a small metal box to make it a coaxial relay. Note that the leads from the coax fittings to the relay are kept as short as possible to reduce any impedance bump in the line. Because this is a multipole relay, connections are run from the extra contacts to terminal strips. Other equipment besides the antenna can be controlled in this manner. S₂—S.p.s.t. toggle switch.

- T₁—Power transformer, full-wave, 125-0-125 25 ma., 6.3 volts, 1 amp. (Stancor PS-8416, Knight 54A2008). B—half-wave, 125 v. 15 ma., 6 volts, 0.6 amp. (Stancor PS-8415, Knight 54A1410).
- CR1, CR2—Silicon rectifier, 400 volts or more, any current rating over 40 ma.

Handbook for several editions. A 12AU7 dual triode is used, the first section as an amplifier with a tuned plate circuit, and the second section as a cathode follower. The antenna and transmitter are connected in parallel at J_1 and J_2 . When the transmitter is turned on, rectified grid current flows through the grid resistors in both sections of the tube, biasing them negatively to the point where the plate current is very small. This in turn reduces the power fed to the receiver to a safe level.

Using a tuned circuit, L_1C_4 , in the plate of the amplifier adds both gain and selectivity to the receiver. More important, some types of t.r. switches have a tendency to cut down the received signal strength: the amplifier stage and tuned circuit overcomes this. As loss in gain usually is associated with the capacitance of the coaxial cables used to connect the station units together, it is a good idea to keep the lengths of coax from the t.r. switch to the transmitter and receiver as short as feasible.

One bonus advantage in using the tuned circuit in the t.r. switch is the added selectivity that is obtained. In some areas broadcast signals can be so strong that they cause "birdies" in the receiver. This is particularly true when listening on 80 meters. The added selectivity provided by the tuned circuit will help eliminate this problem. Also, the added gain and selectivity will be beneficial in improving the 10- and 15-meter performance of some of the less expensive. T.r. switches sometimes generate TVI, so if you live in an area where TVI is likely, a low-pass filter should be installed between the t.r. switch and the antenna feed line.

The circuit of Fig. 2 will easily handle the popular 150-watt transceiver or transmitter power levels. We tested the unit at 1 kilowatt input and it didn't blow up. However, it isn't recommended that the unit be used at the 1-kw. level unless the s.w.r. on the coax line in which it is installed is less than 1.5 to 1. It might work at higher standing-wave ratios but we wouldn't want to guarantee how long the 12AU7 would last.

Constructional Details

The unit shown in the photographs is built into a 6 x 6 x 6-inch aluminum Minibox. Any box of suitable size could be used, and for the most part construction and layout of the circuit components are not critical. However, the lead from J_3 to the junction of RFC_2 and C_8R_1 should be kept as short as possible, to eliminate or minimize feedthrough around the tube. If the tube socket is mounted more than a couple of inches from J_3 , coasial cable such as RG-58/U or RG-59/U should be used between these points. The braid of the coax should be grounded at both ends.

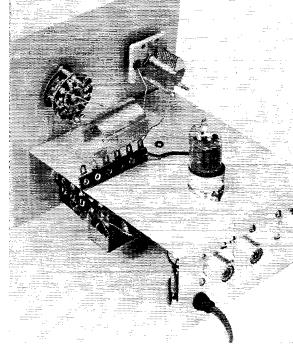
The tuned-circuit components, S_1 , L_1 , and C_4 , are mounted on and near the front panel, L_1 consists of 44 turns of coil stock tapped as shown in Fig. 3, and is supported on a terminal strip by its end leads and the tap leads. Only one tap is required for 15 and 10 meters, as the capacitor has sufficient range to cover both bands.

Power is obtained from a built-in supply that delivers about 140 volts at 15 ma. and 6.3 volts at 0.6amp. Some commercial receivers have auxiliary voltages available for running small accessories, and if yours does you can eliminate the supply.) The power-supply and filter components are all mounted below deck in the unit shown. We happened to have a center-tapped power transformer on hand so a full-wave rectifier was used. Fig. 2B shows the alternate method of using a half-wave transformer.

Using The TR Switch

The t.r. switch can be installed in the station as shown in Fig. 1 at B or C, depending on which setup you use. Turn the power on, tune your receiver to the band you want to use, and switch S_1 to that band. Tune in a signal and peak C_4 for maximum signal strength. The t.r. switch is now ready for use. Keying the transmitter will feed the transmitted signal to the antenna. When the key is open you'll hear signals normally.

In testing in different setups it was found that, under some conditions, tuning the C_4L_1 combination did not show an observable peak unless the transmitter was switched to the same band as the t.r. switch. If, in your setup, you find that the tuned circuit doesn't peak, make sure that the transmitter is switched to the same band as the t.r. switch and receiver.



The inductor for the tuned circuit is mounted on a terminal strip and supported by its own leads, plus the leads to the bandswitch, visible on the panel. At the right rear is the receiver connector and the two fittings at the left are for the transmitter and antenna.

One problem with any type of antenna switching device is that a certain amount of transmitted signal will reach the receiver, possibly strong enough to make listening very uncomfortable. One way to overcome this is to "ride" the r.f. gain control. However, this means using your hands and one of the objects in going to electronic switching is to eliminate this problem. A simple way to take care of the receiver overloading and keep your transmitted signal at a comfortable listening level -- no blasted ear drums-is to use an audio limiter. An audio limiter² is very simple to build, and really will save the wear and tear on your ears. Such a unit used in conjunction with the t.r. switch will help make your operating a real pleasure. QST-

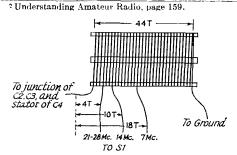


Fig. 3—Drawing of L₁ and associated taps. L₁ is 44 turns of No. 24, 32 turns per inch, 1 inch diameter (Miniductor 3016, Air Dux 832T). To solder the tap leads, indent each turn adjacent to the tap point. This will allow soldering room.

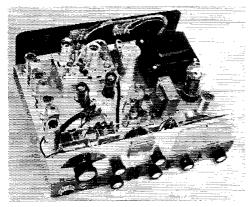


The Knight-Kit

TR-108 Transceiver



THE equipment shown in the photographs is a TR-108, a 2-meter a.m. transceiver kit covering 144 to 148 Mc. If you don't look too closely, it may seem that you are viewing the same pictures used in the October 1966 QST write-up of the TR-106 6-meter transceiver. Such is not the case. It just happens that most of the lavout and many of the circuits employed in the two transceivers are either similar or identical. Both transmitters operate at a final-amplifier input of 15 watts and each transceiver houses a dualconversion receiver. In addition, each unit contains a spot switch, an a.e. and a d.c. power supply, a multiple-position crystal switch and a speaker. A noise-canceling push-to-talk microphone is supplied with each transceiver. Because of these likenesses, mainly the differences will be discussed here.



Top view of the TR-108. The three tubes in the center of the photograph are in the transmitter section of the transceiver. Between these tubes and the rear of the chassis is the prewired converter.

Transmitter

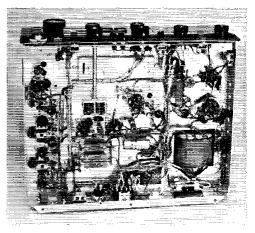
Fig. 1 shows the TR-108 in block form with the receiver components at the top and the transmitter components at the bottom. In the transmitter section, a four-position switch sets up V_9 , a 6CL6, as either a Colpitts oscillator for S-Mc. crystals or as a buffer amplifier for an 8-Mc. v.f.o. The frequency-determining element or device is connected to the grid circuit of V_9 , and its third harmonic is selected in the plate circuit and capacitively coupled to V_8 , a 6BQ5 tripler. A double-tuned, inductively-coupled circuit is used to transfer 72-Mc. energy from the plate of the tripler to the grid of the final. The coils are stagger-tuned to provide a 4-megacycle bandwidth.

Usually the final amplifier in a transmitter operates straight through at the output frequency of the previous stage. However, in order to eliminate a neutralizing circuit that might be tricky to adjust, the 2E26 output stage in the TR-108 is run as a doubler. Unfortunately, a doubler doesn't offer as much attenuation to energy at half the output frequency nor is it as efficient as a straight amplifier. For a final input power of 15 watts, the TR-108 that was tested in the ARRL laboratory had an output of 3 watts as measured on a Bird wattmeter. As in the TR-106, the final amplifier in the TR-108 uses a combination of grid-leak and cathode bias, and the output circuit is a pi network. Transmitter tune-up in the 2-meter rig is accomplished in the same manuer as in the 6-meter unit.

Receiver

The front end of the dual-conversion receiver is a three-tube prewired converter. Two-meter signals are link coupled from an image trap to a tuned circuit in the cathode lead of the grounded-grid r.f. amplifier, V_{101} . A doubletuned, capacitively-coupled circuit is used between the plate of V_{101} and the grid of the first mixer, V_{102A} . Besides 2-meter signals, the 113.65-Mc. output from an oscillator multiplier chain is fed to the grid of V_{102A} . The 30.35- to 34.35-Mc. output of the first mixer is fed to the second mixer, V_{1A} , where it combines with the output of a 32- to 36-Mc. v.f.o. to produce a signal at 1650 kc. From this point in the circuit to the speaker, the receiver section of the TR-108 is basically the same as that of the TR-106. The modulator and power supplies in each unit are alike also.

The front end of the receiver is aligned at the factory, so there is no need to adjust it. Alignment of the rest of the receiver can be accomplished in one of two ways. Either the spotting feature can be used to obtain the eighteenth harmonic (144 Mc.) of the 8-Mc. transmitter oscillator or an accurately calibrated signal generator can be employed. Alignment with a signal generator is easy, but many hams don't have the necessary test equipment. Most amateurs who build the TR-108 will probably have to use the spotting function, which unfortunately can produce rather confusing results in this transceiver. The problem lies in the fact that although the desired eighteenth harmonic (144 Mc.) of the 8-Mc. oscillator lies in the tuning range of the converter, the unwanted fourth harmonic (32 Mc.) falls in the 30.35- to 34.35-Me. tuning range of the second mixer. For instance, in a correctly calibrated TR-108, an 8.00-Mc. crystal results in one signal at a dial setting of 144.00 Mc, and another signal at a dial setting of 145.65 Mc. Unfortunately the unwanted fourth harmonic (145.65-Mc. dial setting) is by far the louder of the two signals. Although the instruction manual points out the presence of the two signals, the desired signal is so weak that it is very difficult to locate. This problem doesn't end with alignment; spotting itself, of course, is



Underside view of the 2-meter transceiver. The wiring is kept fairly neat through the use of a harness. Parts layout is very similar to that of the TR-106.

almost impossible, especially in a crowded band.

Miscellany

Other than the difficulties already mentioned the transceiver performed well and was easy to operate. Modulated signals of 0.2 μ v, or greater were audible in the speaker. S-meter readings were rather generous, but most amateurs like them this way. The attractiveness of the unit was commented on by several people; the sky-blue color of the cabinet seemed to be especially appealing to the ladies.

It was fun to put the kit together as the instructions were clear and only a few minor errors showed up in the manual. One thing that cut down construction time was the method of parts packaging. The 56 resistors used in the kit were mounted in numerical order by symbol number

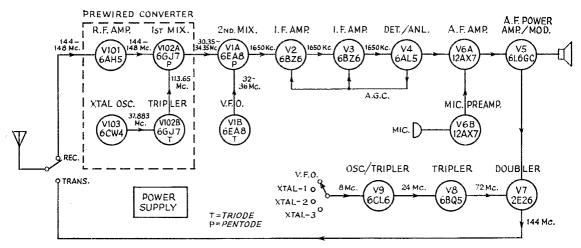


Fig. 1-Black diagram of the TR-108 transceiver.

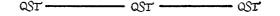
Knight-Kit TR-108 Transceiver

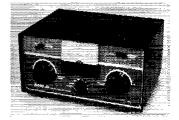
Height: 5½ inches.
Width: 13½ inches.
Depth: 11 inches.
Weight: 19 pounds.
Power Requirements:

110-130 volts a.c., 90 watts receive,
105 watts transmit.
12-15 volts d.c., 6.8 amp. receive, 8.1 amp. transmit.

Price Class: \$150.
Manufacturer: Allied Radio, 100 North Western Ave., Chicago, Illinois 60680

on sheets of cardboard. Another help was the wiring harness. Extra hardware included in the kit precluded the possibility of a defective nut or bolt holding up the construction of the transceiver. Although the surplus materials weren't included for this reason (it's more economical to weigh hardware and supply extra material than to count it), nevertheless they were on hand if needed.





Drake MN-4 Matching Network

THE MN-4 is intended for matching the input impedance of a coaxial transmission line to the 50-ohm load resistance demanded (within moderate limits, at least) by present-day transmitters. It can also be used for matching the input impedance of a high-power linear amplifier to the load resistance required by an exciter. Rated to carry an r.f. power of 200 watts continuously, it has a built-in power and v.s.w.r. meter calibrated to 200 watts on one scale and, on a second scale, for voltage standing-wave ratios from 1 to 1 to 10 to 1. The network constants are selected so that standing-wave ratios up to 5 to 1 can be handled on each of the amateur bands between 3.5 and 30 Mc. This applies when the line input impedance is reactive as well as resistive; if the input impedance is purely resistive, cousiderably higher s.w.r.'s are manageable.

The matching network is basically a pi, with a series capacitor for tuning out the reactance in the load. The circuit is shown in simplified form in Fig. 1. The input capacitor, C_1 , consists of a set of fixed mica capacitors progressively connected in parallel as the band switch is moved from the 10-meter to the 80-meter positions. Simultaneously, taps on L_1 are selected to give the proper inductance for each band.

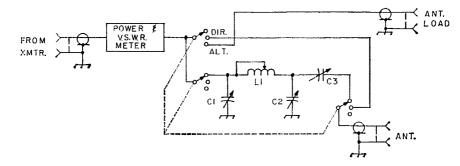
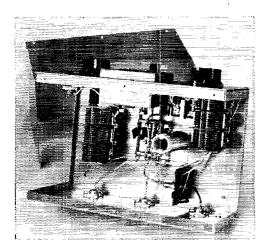


Fig. 1



Interior view of the MN-4 Matching Network. The small coil partly hidden by the meter enclosure is the 10-meter section of the pi inductance; the remainder is wound on a ceramic form and tapped for various bands in the 80-10meter range. Input fixed capacitors are mounted between switch terminals. The small mounting board at the lower right holds the directional coupler for power and s.w.r. measurement. All operating controls are on the front panel. The U-shaped aluminum piece in the background fits around the inverted-box chassis to make a complete shield for the network, the whole then sliding into the cover shown in the title photograph.

Two 80-meter positions are provided, one being for cases where the resistive component of the line input impedance is quite low; in this case extra capacitance is switched in at C_1 . Capacitance values for C_1 range from 300 pf. at 10 meters to 1510 pf. at the low-impedance 80meter position.

 C_2 and C_3 in Fig. 1 are variables having a maximum capacitance of 225 pf. In the front-panel labelling of these capacitors, C_2 is called RE-SISTANCE TUNING and C_3 REACTANCE TUNING. The resistance range that can be matched to 50 ohms when appreciable reactance is present in the load is from 10 to 250 ohms. In use, the two controls are adjusted alternately until the v.s.w.r. meter indicates a 1-to-1 standing-wave ratio for the transmitter.

The reflectometer in the MN-4 is insensitive to frequency; the power calibration, which is factory set, is the same on all bands. The circuit is of the type using a toroidal transformer inductively coupled to the line and having a balanced secondary, with a capacitive divider across the line to complete the bridge.¹ It has become the custom to read forward and reflected power with circuits of this type, and then determine the standing-wave ratio by referring to a chart or to formulas. In the MN-4, however, only the forward power is read directly. In what would usually be the reflected-power position of the forward-reverse switch a variable resistance can be connected in the meter circuit (by means of a

¹Bruene, "Directional Wattmeters," QST, April 1959.

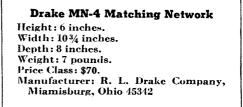
October 1967

push switch) to adjust the sensitivity so a fullscale forward reading can be obtained. Then on releasing the switch the meter responds to reflected voltage, and the meter scale is calibrated directly in standing-wave ratio. This is a convenient arrangement, since the s.w.r. is usually of more interest to the user than a reflectedpower reading. However, the reflected power can be determined, if desired, by a simple calibration method described in the instruction manual.

Other features of the matching-network circuit are provision for connecting the transmitter output either directly to the antenna or directly to a second coax fitting to which a dummy antenna can be connected. The latter permits initial tuneup of the transmitter for a 50-ohm load (provided a good 50-ohm dummy is used. of course) after which the matching to the actual transmission line can be done without further transmitter tuning. This shortens the time the transmitter is on the air during tuneup; further, the matching adjustments can be made at reduced power since the sensitivity of the bridge circuit is such that 20 watts output is enough for a full-scale meter deflection in the v.s.w.r. position.

The instruction manual gives complete adjustment information and includes a set of curves, one for each setting of the baud switch, showing approximate settings for C_2 and C_3 (our Fig. 1) for various types of loads up to 250 ohms. These are not only helpful in adjustment, but also will give an approximate idea of the line's input impedance when used "in reverse" — that is, by taking the capacitor settings found by actual adjustment, the approximate resistance and reactance can be read off the curves.

-W1DF





Members of the Old Old Timers Club will hold their first QSO Party on the air, January 26, 27 and 28, 1968. Log pages are ready, giving times and frequencies. If you don't receive yours by January 1, write Harry Manning, WA6AYF, 3026 Bagley Avenue, Los Angeles, California 90034.



DETECTOR EFFICIENCY

Technical Editor, QST:

In the design of a portable transistor aircraft receiver presently under construction I found it necessary to operate the audio detector at an r.f. signal level of about 1 millivolt r.m.s. After experimenting with a few diode detector circuits it became clear to me that if I wanted any kind of reasonable detector efficiency 1 was going to have to go to something other than a diode detector.

An ideal detector would be a device which offers a very high resistance to the flow of current in one direction and a very low resistance to the flow of current in the opposite direction. A most important property of the ideal detector for communications receivers is that the break between high and low resistance is a sharp one. In the case of a real diode, this break is far from sharp, so that for very small applied r.f. signals the change in the resistance of the diode is small. Thus a change in polarity of the r.f. signal causes very little change in the resistance of the diode, and the diode will act as a very poor rectifier or detector. Large signals, on the other hand, cause the diode to operate in both its very high- and very low-resistance ranges, and thus the diode will be an efficient detector of large signals. Fig. 1 is a plot of some measurements with several different diodes in the detector circuit shown. A general idea of the detector efficiency vs. input signal level can be gotten from Fig. 1.

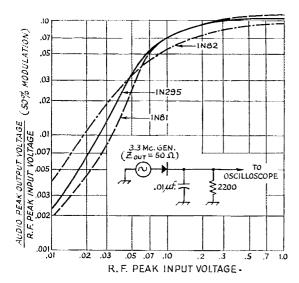


Fig. 1—Audio output vs. r.f. input for three different germanium diodes, using the test setup shown. An ideal detector curve would be a straight horizontal line at 0.5.

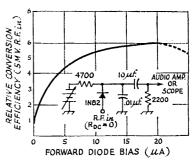


Fig. 2—Detector efficiency vs. bias current in a typical diode.

In an attempt to raise the efficiency I tried various forward-bias currents to put the diode in a more nonlinear part of its operating range. Fig. 2 shows the relative efficiency of the detector *vs.* bias current at 5 millivolts r.f. input. Although a substantial gain was realized, it was not enough to make the detector practical at the signal levels I was working with. In applications where the diode is a reasonably efficient detector the relative gain is probably not as great, but may still be well worth the extra bias resistor.

The detector I finally put into my receiver, shown in Fig. 3, uses the base-emitter junction as the detector diode. The entire circuit acts as the first audio amplifier, giving an overall efficiency of about 50 per cent at 1 millivolt r.f. input to the detector. Again some gain can be realized by slightly forward biasing the base-emitter junction, but my application did not call for any further gain. -J. Richard Fisher, K31GP, Astronomy Program, University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland 20740.

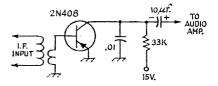


Fig. 3—Detector circuit using rectification and amplification properties of a germanium transistor.

KEYING RELAY PROTECTION

Technical Editor, QST:

In the article by Mr. A. F. Lutz on the "TO" Mark II keyer in June QNT, reference was made to mercury-wetted contact relays. No mention, however, was made of the need for contact protection for these relays.

One characteristic of a mercury-wetted contact relay is that high-voltage spikes caused by inductive kicks (normally on the "breaking" of the contacts), cause the contacts to weld together. Unless the keyer is to be used in a grid-block or other low-level keying circuit, contact protection is recommended. Cathode keying, for example, should not be done with a mercury relay whose contacts are unprotected.

For keyer use, the mercury relay is best because of speed and bounce characteristics, and the variety of loads it can handle with protection. The best and cheapest method of contact protection is the use of a series RC circuit across the contacts. This, incidentally, has the added advantage of acting as an effective key-click filter. — G. Springer, VE2BMS, C. P. Clare Canada Ltd., 61 Industry St., Toronto 15, Ontario, Canada.

[EDITOR'S NOTE: From a C. P. Clare monogram furnished by VE2BMS, representative values for the protection circuit would be: for 150 ma. keyed cathode current, $0.003 \ \mu f$. and 250 ohms; for 250 ma., $0.006 \ \mu f$. and 150 ohms].

FET OPERATING CONDITIONS

Technical Editor, QST:

I am writing in regard to W1CER's article on FET converters in the May 1967 issue of QST. I appreciate the generally-high technical quality of the article, and the fact that solid-state projects of significant value are appearing in QST. I hope that I may be able to further the cause in this particular case by relating my experiments and modifications in the 2-meter converter model.

The i.f. amplifier mentioned in the article need not be necessary if certain design requirements are met in the converter itself. My converter resulted in a unit with superior immunity to cross-modulation, but had a dismal lack of gain. Investigation of some published literature -- application notes from a semiconductor manufacturer¹ - indicated that the r.f. stage gain of an FET amplifier stage is proportional to g_m , which increases as a function of drain current (I_d) . The value of the source-bias resistor in the QST converter, 3300 ohms, resulted in a rather low I_d . Tests indicated that the stage gain was approximately 6 db, with a noise figure of approximately 3.8 db. N.f. measurements were made with the Monode noise-generator technique described in QST, April 1967. Reducing the source resistor, and the drain decoupling resistor, to a value of 270 ohms raised the gain of the r.f. amplifier to approximately 20 db. The noise figure dropped to roughly 2.6 db. The Id became 4.2 ma. - Fred B. Cupp, K8AOE, 3810 E. 365th St., Willoughby, Ohio 44094.

SOLID-STATE SUSCEPTIBILITY

Technical Editor, QST:

A neighbor across the street recently installed two color TV sets and, as suggested by the salesman, a solid-state preamplifier was installed at the antenna terminals. Although I had not bothered his TV reception before and was clean on his neighbor's color TV, my kilowatt took out all channels on both sets with this preamplifier. I understand the preamplifier had to be removed to clear up the problem.

The teen-age son of a second neighbor called recently to report that his small "combo" was trying to rehearse and I was coming in on the electric guitars. After I explained the nature of this audio interference, he said I also interfered with the family's hi-fi, intercom, and telephone. I then explained his proper course of action regarding the telephone, and suggested that he contact the company from which the hi-fi and intercom were purchased. His reaction was: "Do you mean all of this new solid-state equipment is poorly designed or poorly shielded?"

My own teen-age daughter tells me I come in loud and clear on her GE solid-state phono stereo portable with the thing turned off!

1 - Texas Instruments, Application Note SC-8456-266.

The few ham friends with whom I've discussed these matters tell me these are not isolated cases. — Sam E. Parker, W62WK, 3651 Liggett Drive, San Diego, California 92100.

[EDITOR'S NOTE: When confronted with a case of this kind, the amateur has first to convince the owner of the device that the fault is in the device and not in the transmitter, then persuade him to get after the dealer from whom he purchased it to apply the necessary remedies. An unhappy customer is likely to get action.]

TAKING THE STRAIN OFF THE ROTATOR

Technical Editor, QST:

In connection with the April article on rotators, I would like to offer the following comments:

1) Except for pipe mast supports, which are relatively few in number, most hams use towers.

2) With a tower and a top plate, a simple thrust collar can be used to take the weight of the beam and supporting pipe.

3) With this arrangement $(1\frac{1}{2})$ -inch pipe, TA36, total weight about 100 lbs.), a shaft collar costing \$2.50 takes all the thrust.

4) Bending moments are taken up by the top plate and the next one down, usually supplied for a rotator by the tower manufacturer.

5) This leaves only the torque requirement for the rotator.

6) An all-spur-gear rotator (AR 22) will windmill to some degree but in doing so will not damage any internal parts, requiring only recalibration after the storm is over — an armchair job.

7) My AR 22 has been turning a TA 36 plus 20 feet of pipe for 5 years, and when examined internally for wear and greasing, looked as good as new. A worm gear drive will eventually fail unless you go the Ham-M route (multibucks!). — William Nighman, W4ZSH, 8806 Overhill Road, Richmond, Virginia 23229.

INTEGRATED CIRCUITS FOR KEYERS

Technical Editor, QST:

Re the article, "The Micro TO Keyer," in August QST, it is worth pointing out that Motorola has a dual flip-flop just like the Fairchild 923s but in a dual in-line package (14 leads). The two 923s cost \$3.00 and the one Motorola dual unit costs \$2.00, a saving of 33 percent. The Motorola dual JK FF is their MC790P. They also have a unit that is equivalent to two Fairchild 914s (MC724P quad NOR, \$1.08) and several "milliwatt RTL" units that draw less power and are cheap (\$1.08 for a milliwatt quad NOR). With a little ingenuity, the extra two NOR gates in the quad NOR unit could be used in keying and possible pulse generation functions in this keyer, getting rid of several transistors and saving money. - John K. Green, WØKPZ, Box 1038, Boulder, Colorado 80302.

WØEPV SQUEEZE KEYER

Technical Editor, QST:

WØEPV Squeeze Keyer presented by W5GRJ in May 1967 QST is nothing short of excellent. Full break-in is easily accomplished by using the "other side" of the keying relay to open and close the receiver r.f. ground connection, the receiver bias for receiver monitoring being controlled by the usual additional pot arrangement in the receiver r.f. gaincontrol circuit. — John E. Walker, WA6SCE, 717 Plaza St., Bakersfuld, California 93306.



FORD MOBILE HINTS

DURING the recent installation of a new HW-32A mobile rig in a 1967 Ford, several problems were encountered and solved. The solutions may be of interest to those planning such installations.

For routing the antenna lead from the dashboard area to the trunk, Ford has conveniently provided a nice wide channel under each door sill. The channel is used as a path for electrical wires that go between the front and rear of the ear. By simply removing the aluminum sill covers, the channels were exposed.

Ford ignition noise was found to be a headache. Since the engine, muffler and tail pipes are suspended by rubber insulation to reduce vibration problems, the exhaust system acted like an antenna and sent ignition pulses to the mobile antenna at the rear of the car. To help solve this problem, I used the braid from RG-8/U to ground the muffler and tail pipe at each strap hanger. In addition I also grounded the engine to the frame of the car with a bonding strap of braid. As a result the ignition noise was reduced from an S9 level to S3.

The remaining ignition noise was completely eliminated by replacing the regular spark plugs with Autolite resistor plugs, and installing a 10,000-ohm carbon suppressor between the center distributor lead and the distributor. External suppressors could have been used instead of the resistor plugs, but they aren't completely effective because they can't be installed close enough to the spark gap. It should be mentioned that, in order to use resistor spark plugs, the original resistive ignition wiring had to be replaced with nonresistive wiring. This was necessarv to prevent engine malfunction due to excessive series resistance in the plug leads. Each resistive wire has about 10,000 ohms resistance, and each resistor plug has the same. Use of resistive wire or resistor plugs resulted in satisfactory engine performance, but the combination of both presented a total of 20,000 ohms series resistance which seriously affected engine operation. Since this was also true of the wire from the ignition coil to the distributor, it too was replaced with a nonresistive wire when the suppressor was installed. Incidentally, Ford has available a nonresistive ignition wiring kit at a cost of \$7.65.

Although the above actions corrected the writer's ignition problems, they may not be completely effective on other vehicles. There are additional noise sources such as generators, alternators and voltage regulators which might

cause trouble. The ARRL Handbook and Mobile Manual are recommended as sources of help in these areas. — Stanley P. Sears, W2PQG

STABILIZING A RECEIVER R.F. AMPLIFIER

A SHORT while ago I had difficulty stabilizing a 6EH7 r.f. stage in a HQ-129X remodeling project. I finally came to the conclusion that the trouble was a v.h.f. parasitic. Taking a tip from transmitter-circuit practice, I put a parasitic suppressor in the plate lead to the 6EH7. The suppressor, consisting of 5 turns of No. 18 wire on a 50-ohm $\frac{1}{2}$ -watt resistor, was installed right at the tube socket. Once this was done, the amplifier settled down and worked like a charm! — Bill Lamb, WA8QYK

INSULATED SHAFT EXTENSIONS FOR PRINFED-CIRCUIT CONTROLS

INSULATED shaft extensions for printed-circuit potentiometers with $\frac{1}{16}$ -inch shafts can be made easily from the dielectric of large-diameter coaxial cable. Simply cut a section of the cable to the desired length, remove the braid and center conductor, and drill a $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch deep, $\frac{3}{44}$ -inch diameter hole in one end of the dielectric. Then jam-fit the piece onto the control as shown in Fig. 1. To prevent damaging the circuit board while installing the extension shaft, it is wise to support the control from below the board.

I find this kink very useful for the VOX controls in my Heath SB-400 transmitter, where occasional adjustment is desirable but somewhat difficult if a screwdriver must be used. — Father Ray Backes, K0TYY

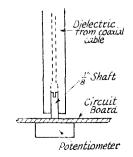


Fig. 1—An extension shaft for hard-to-reach controls.

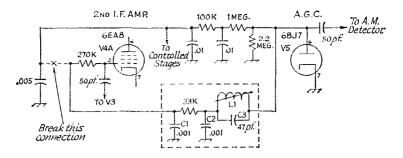


Fig. 2—Diagram of the HR-20 modification. Unless otherwise indicated, capacitances are in μf., resistances are in ohms (K = 1000), resistors are ½ watt. Added components are shown inside the dotted lines. C1 and C2 are disk ceramic and C2 is silver mica. L1 is a δ0-μh., ¼-inch diameter, slug-tuned coil.

S.S.B. NOISE LIMITER FOR THE HR-20

THE noise limiter in the Heathkit HR-20 receiver is only useful for a.m. reception. When using the HR-20 to receive s.s.b. signals in my car or home, I could hear ignition noise from automobiles that were two or three blocks away. Sometimes the ignition noise from older cars and trucks completely blanketed the signals. By adding three disk-ceramic capacitors, one slug-tuned coil and a resistor, I was able to reduce most ignition interference to a very low level. A diagram of what was done is shown in Fig. 2.

The circuit is similar to one used in the Drake 2-B. Except for L_1 - C_3 , a 3-Mc. i.f. trap, the purpose of the added components is to reduce the attack time of the a.g.c. voltage going to the control grid of the second i.f. amplifier. This very fast attact helps to effectively suppress sudden noise peaks and pops.

The parts required for the modification were installed near V_5 . A small hole was drilled in the chassis to accommodate the slug-tuned coil. Once the parts were connected, the only adjustment necessary was to tune the i.f. trap to 3.0 Mc. -- Ross F. Fox, W8PZX

MICROPHONE COVER

A^N excellent microphone cover, which can be had by saving the sacks that come with many liqueurs. These are usually velvet and are very efficient at keeping dust and dirt out of a microphone when it is not in use. — Paul W. Kohanski, WASPJK

COIL-WINDING TIP

I can be difficult to remove a homemade selfsupporting close-wound coil from a winding form without distorting the coil. However, by using the following method, this need not be the case. First close-wind the form with a layer of plastic fishing line. Then add a few layers of wax paper, using tape to hold the paper in place. Next wind the coil, and dope it thoroughly. After the coil has dried, pull out the fishing line from both ends. The coil should be loose enough to remove intact. — Charles W. Kram, Jr., W5TFZ

PEBBLE-GRAIN FINISH

AFTER several experiences with wrinkle-finish spray paint that failed to wrinkle uniformly over the surface to which it was applied, a pebblegrain finish was developed that is economical and foolproof. This attractive finish can be applied in the following manner.

Give the surface a coat of the paint to be used. (Surfaces that have been finished previously in the desired color need not receive this first coat.) For the usual black finish, ordinary sash-and-door paint is satisfactory. Once the first coat is dry, apply a thicker second coat. Immediately sprinkle an excess of builders' sand (a fine grade of sand used to give plaster a textured finish) on the painted surface. The sand will take up the paint by capillarity. After a minute or more, tip the painted surface and let the excess sand roll off. Once the second coat has dried in the imbedded sand, apply a very thin final coat. Completely cover the exposed surface of the sand grains, using a brush having short, stiff bristles. The result should be a dull, pebble-grain finish with an occasional sparkle from the surface of a few of the sand grains. The thicker the final coat is painted, the smoother and more glossy will be the surface. Areas that may not have had enough of the second coat of paint to cause adherance of the desired amount of sand can be touched up before or after application of the final coat. -- Charles A. Black, KØRH

USEFUL PUBLICATIONS

ONE source of both elementary and advanced electronics literature is the U.S. Government Printing Office. They offer reports of the FCC, radio propagation data, circuit handbooks, military electronics training courses, radio law publications, and many other books and pamphlets of interest to the radio amateur. A catalog of these publications may be obtained by writing for a copy of *Price List 82*, *Radio and Electricity*, from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. 20402. There is no charge for this price list.— *Joseph F. Stephany, K2KSJ*

October 1967

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A "Mini-Wheel" Antenna for 432-Mc. Mobile

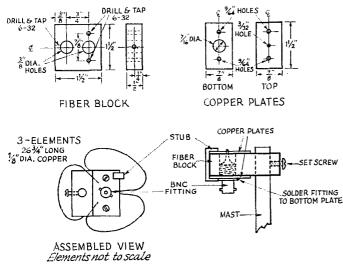
BY GEORGE J. POLAND,* W8FWF

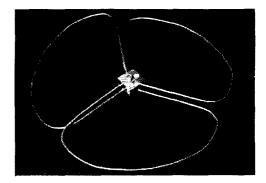
The "Mini-Wheel" antenna was created for mobile operation on 432.9 Mc. in the Detroit area, where there are about 35 stations active on this band. Since almost all 432-Mc. activity is horizontally polarized, the design was based on ("stolen" from, if you like) the 2-meter Big Wheel,¹ which is both horizontally polarized and omnidirectional. The antenna is only 15 inches in diameter, and can be constructed and tuned up in your workshop. No power gain is claimed for it, and it won't compete with a good beam, but it is a practical mobile antenna and will give an excellent account of itself.

As shown in Fig. 1, the three antenna elements are each 26¾ inches long, including $\frac{1}{4}$ inch for soldering at each end. The material used here was No. 10 bare copper wire. The center mounting block is made of half-inch thick fiber — other insulating materials would do — and is sandwiched between two plates made from $\frac{1}{42}$ -inch copper. Brass could be used instead. One end of each element is soldered to the top plate, with the element overlapping the plate by $\frac{1}{4}$ inch. The other ends of the elements are soldered to the

* 32219 Rosslyn St., Garden City, Mich. Mellen and Milner, "The Big Wheel on Two," QST,

September, 1961.





The assembled Mini-Wheel viewed from the bottom. The matching stub is on the near corner of the block-andplate assembly. In use, the antenna is mounted horizontally with the BNC fitting projecting downward.

bottom plate, as shown in the drawing and photograph. A large soldering gun will handle the soldering job with ease.

It is strongly advised that the elements be preshaped before attempting to mount and solder them. Final shaping can be done after assembly. Each element should fill a 120-degree

> arc, so that when all three are assembled the rim will be approximately a complete circle. Working in a clockwise direction, the beginning radial portion of each element should be directly over the trailing radial portion of the preceding element.

> A matching stub made of $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch copper strap, 1 inch long, is soldered between the top and bottom plates, overlapping the plates $\frac{1}{4}$ inch at each end. About $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of stub is all

> > (Continued on page 150)

Fig. 1—Construction details of the Mini-Wheel 432-Mc. antenna.



The DXer

Scene

SHACK of a well known member of the DXCC fraternity whose country total hovers around 330. The large desk is piled high with efficient looking boxes that are capable of straining out the weakest signal from the hash of 20 meters and at the touch of a finger to pound out a 599 or 59 signal to any part of the globe.

High above this tiny alcove of ham happiness stand the antenna jungle. All sorts of quads, Yagis and other exhalers of energy crisscross each other.

Characters

The DXer — A steel-eyed man who is prematurely bald with stooped shoulders that have been bent by years of hunching over a warm receiver. His skin is pale and drawn, a condition caused by being indoors a great deal, especially on weekends when the rest of the world's soaking up sun. Another characteristic little noticed is the way his ears are pressed against his head in a flattened position that resembles the shape of an eurphone. Black ridges are found around each eye, a sign of many nights without sleep.

Finally, we see the tight, grim set of his lips and jaw. Here is truly a man of patience.

The Kid— A good natured lad in his late teens who loves God, mother and apple pie. Since dropping the N from his Novice call letters he has become interested in the world of DX, so the DXer has been kind enough to invite our bright eyed aspirant over to his shack for a lesson in DX.

After the usual exchanges of greetings the Kid gazes in awe at the certificates on the walls: WAC, DXCC, and WAE (Worked All Everything).

DXer: "Put on that extra pair of cans and we'll see what's afoot."

Kid: "Boy, 20 meters sounds much clearer than on my old five-tube receiver."

DXer: "Hear that CQDX with the bad tone, must be a PY or an SP, no need to wait for his call."

Kid: "I hear a DX station signing, it's G3XXX." DXer: With a sneer on his face, "I thought you said a DX station, that's just a G3. Why I've got a whole shoe box of G3 QSLs." Both listen very intently for the next half hour.

Kid: "I hear a ZD8 on 14,040 calling QRZ. Aren't you going to give him a call?"

DXer: "Nah, I've worked him four times allready, and I've got the cards to prove it.

Kid: "Do you ever call CQ?"

*711 Broad St., S.W., Gainsville, Ga. 30501.



NEVER MIND WITH THAT, YOU WANT SOME REAL DX "

DXer: With a slight smile playing across his lips, "Only if one of my good buddies is after a new one. If we hear anything good I'll let you call him, OK, Kid?"

Our young hero tenses up at these words, here is an opportunitiy he had dreamed of. His ears strain even harder.

Kid: "I hear an EA3, maybe I could call. . . ." DXer: "Never mind with that, you want some real DX."

The Kid slumps down in his chair, a bit discouraged, his best DX at home had been a W7 who gave him a 559. Working an EA3 would be like working Mars.

DXer: "I'm going to be up all night, The DX Safari, Pilgrimage and Gold Mining Expedition of the Month is supposed to operate from the Hidden Island if possible."

Kid: "Don't they know for sure?"

DXer: "The island is usually under water and only rises above the surface once every 25 years. If they can put Hidden Island on, boy will there be a pileup! I'll have to take out a loan to get a QSL."

 \bar{Kid} : "It's past 11 o'clock I'd better be getting home so my mother doesn't worry. I've sure enjoyed myself."

DXer: "Anytime, I hope we hear some DX for you to work next time."

Our hero, a bit dismayed, moves slowly into the night. He returns to his tiny cubicle of a ham shack, fires up the 6L6s, and happily calls CQ in the Novice band hoping to raise another W7. $\Box ST$

- WINZAR - ZA

n Amateur Radio Service

An electrocardiogram recording of a test transmission made between WB4BLK and Don Redmond, K6GJZ.

BY DAVID C. HOFF,* K4NUZ

wo doctors thousands of miles apart talk tersely over an amateur radio hookup.

The symptoms, the signs, the test results were described in the dispassionate language of medical science. If you understood the jargon you would know that the life of a 14-year-old boy was at stake.

The boy was critically ill with a kidney disease. His doctor, Dr. Andy Goens, Jr., YSIAG, in El Salvador, did not think he would live more than three days.

At 10 A.M. that Friday, the doctor had called station WB4BLK, located atop the Duke University Medical Center. Quickly the call was dispatched through to a Duke specialist.

The doctors agreed that the best way to save the boy was a recently developed and still rare drug. With the help of WA6ZOD, W5HUU, W1PRR and W6JZG, contact was established with the laboratory in Berkley, California, where the drug is manufactured.

Officials said they would donate the drug. By 10 A.M. Saturday the drug arrived by air in San Salvador.

Today the boy is doing well. Complete recovery is expected.

This kind of case is far from new to amateur radio. Mindful of the need for rapid, reliable, and experienced medical assistance on the amateur bands, the Duke University Medical Center Amateur Radio Club founded Project MED-AID (Medical Assistance to Isolated Doctors).

The project is being supported by a grant from the Mary Reynolds Babcock Foundation of Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

Since August of 1966, WB4BLK, the club station, has been monitoring 14.250 Mc. daily from 1400 to 2200 GMT. It has averaged one

* DUMCARC, P.O. Box 3005, Duke Univ. Medical Center, Durham, N. C. 27706. call per day providing three types of medical services to isolated areas.

First, the station makes available without charge the latest in diagnosis, treatment and prevention, drawing upon consultants in Duke University's 600-bed teaching hospital. Second, working with such organizations as the Direct Relief Foundation of Santa Barbara, California, assistance can be given to mission stations in maintaining their drug supplies. Third, emergency shipments of medicines are made possible through these groups and a number of cooperating drug companies.

Consultations have ranged over a wide spectrum of medical problems. Calls have come primarily from Latin America but assistance has also been given to Africa.

CP8AU in Riberalta, Bolivia, which now has regular skeds with the MED-AID station, sought, among other things, for information on tests for checking water purity. Concerned about the outbreak of an infectious disease, water supply tests were necessary. Arrangements were made through the Duke station for talking to a sanitation engineer at the School of Public Health at the University of North Carolina, in nearby Chapel Hill.

Dr. Ned Wallace, YN4WD, general practitioner and director of Gray Hospital in Puerto Cabezas, Nicaragua, has been a frequent user of the services of the MED-AID station. In fact, it was his consultations with Duke people by way of Felix Whitaker, W4OC, that furnished the impetus for the establishment of the station.

He has consulted with Duke specialists about possible cancerous growths; he has suspended surgery to inquire about a particularly delicate technique; he has obtained information on drugs to combat a possible polio outbreak.

Regular skeds are also maintained with EL2F

in Elwa, Liberia. Recently a Duke pathologist gave advice to them about the possible cause of death of a boy suspected of having a contagious disease.

Some club members (among whom are WA5KJC, K4AGZ, K4DJZ, K4NUZ and W4OC, assisted by K4RKY, W1PRR and K6GJZ) have been developing a system for transmission of electrocardiograms, with on-theair tests. The results have been promising. The output of the EKG machine is converted to a 1700 c.p.s. frequency-modulated tone which is transmitted, received, demodulated, recorded on a computer tape and analyzed. The printed report from the computer, along with the case history of the patient, will be studied by a Duke cardiologist, and he, in consultation with the doctor originating the call, will arrive at a diagnosis. Such techniques have been used on the land line and over the air but to our knowledge they are not being used regularly on amateur bands.

Funds have been obtained for construction of a number of modulator units which will be placed in operation in Latin America shortly. This will make available to mission doctors, instrumentation often unavailable for use even by doctors in the States.

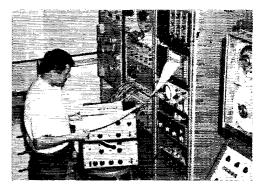
The station has developed a close tie with the new station at the National Communicable Disease Center, WB4GFE, in Atlanta, Georgia. It is possible to refer questions to them from Duke by taped relay during regular 40-meter skeds.

The project receives regular bulletins from the United States Food and Drug Administration on drugs withdrawn because of dangerous side effects, and disseminates the information to interested parties. It also cooperates with FDA in its program of gathering reports of possible cases of ill-effects.

Friendly relations exist also with the International Mission Radio Association, the Medical Amateur Radio Council and the National Institutes of Health Radio Amateur Club, all of



A medical consultation via amateur radio is being arranged by author.



Tim Heflin, K4AGZ, examines a recording of an electrocardiogram made during test transmissions between WB4BLK and EL2F. The analog-digital digital-analog converter which Tim is operating is the first stage in the computerized analysis of the EKG signals.

whom have a deep concern for the problems of international medicine through amateur radio.

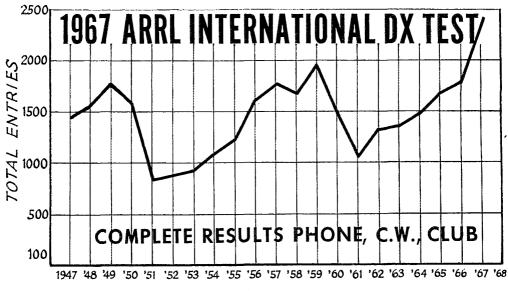
The station receives referrals from many of the twenty-meter nets which it checks into often; among these are the Intercontinental Traffic Net, of which WB4BLK is a net control, the YL Communications System, the United States Morning Net, the Veterans Administration Amateur Radio Service Net, the Handicapper's Net and the North American Traffic Net.

Forest Nelson, HC8FN, for example, was referred by the YLs (WB2YUC and others). Forest, a missionary in a very isolated part of the Galapagos Islands, managed to get a call through, although he was in great pain. No medical facilities were available. His condition was diagnosed by a Duke doctor, makeshift measures were suggested for temporary treatment and immediate evacuation was advised. Other stations from the net, including HC1AF, took up the case and transportation was arranged. Happily, Forest is back at his mission doing well after a stay in a hospital in Ecuador.

The club station consists of a Collins S-line and a Henry 2K, a Collins KW-1 and 75A-4 for RTTY and an SB-100 (donated by the Heath Company) and SB-200 which is used on fifteen meters. The antennas include a beam and quad (each a tri-bander) at 140 feet; and dipoles on all bands at the same height. In addition to the twenty-meter activity, it is planned to have RTTY auto-start on 21.100 Mc. in a few months, and to establish a part-time monitoring frequency of 21.432 Mc.

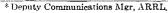
The officers of the club are Joseph Edwards, W4EL, President; Dr. Ned Wallace, YN4WD, Vice-president; Dr. E. Croft Long, Associate Dean of Medicine and Project Director; Warren Bird, Secretary-Treasurer; and Tom Ferrell, WA4MWT, Program Chairman.

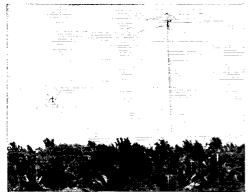
Persons interested in using the service are encouraged to contact the station at Duke University Medical Center Amateur Radio Club, Duke Medical Center, P. O. Box 3005, Durham, North Carolina 27706.





Marking this Fall issue of QST, with approximately a third more entries than in 1966, calls for some adroit footwork on the part of your reporter and a patient understanding on the part of you, the reader. The magical combination of generally superb conditions, the removal of the W/VE c.w. quota, returning KH6/KL7 to DX status and changing of the DX multiplier from W/VE call areas to the 48 conterminous United States and VO plus VE1-VE8 (sort of a Heinz-57 variety!) led to what we can now record as the biggest reported turnout in the classic ARRI. International DX Competition. A total of 2427 logs from con-





The top DX single-operator score on both modes by **H18-XAL** will set a mark for all future DXers. This antenna shot, taken with a telescopic lens from about 2000 feet away (at the shoreline of the Caribbean), shows Fred's 75-foot tower on the left holding a 4-element 10-15-20 meter quad. On the right, the 130-foot tower holds a 3-element 40-meter beam. Between the two towers runs the 80-meter half-wave doublet at a mean height of 70 feet. In addition, the taller tower supports

various wire antennas.

testants in 135 different countries reported their activity for the first and third weekends of Feb./ Mar. and in no uncertain terms voted their approval of the rules modification.

"The change to states as multipliers makes the contest more interesting." — G2QT. "The new rules are the best of all. Let them be the final ones." — OZ3KE. "Let's keep KH6 and KL7 on the DX roll." — KH6BZF. "The two weekends is still a sound idea and the new system of multipliers by states is more interesting." — HPIJC. "I like the new scoring system." — KA7AB. "Thanks for changing from call areas to the states/provinces. It makes it more interesting and gives better satisfaction when you come up with something new more often." — SM6BDS. "Removal of the quota produced a substantial rise in the QSO-rate through all four days. From the scoring point of view the scarcity of VE signals was a disappointment, I'm in favor of the rules changes." — G2RO. "New multipliers made it much more interesting and the rare states were present this year." — PY2SO. "I appreciate the new rules and think it has made a tremedous improvement on the interest to the outsiders." — VK2EO.

"I was surprised that the drop in the c.w. quota system stirred up a lot more activity in Europe," — WIBPW. "Please accept my vote in favor of the no-quota rule for c.w." — K2GUN. "I like the no-quota idea; keep it like that." — W6GNA. "Quota removal a welcomed change; never a dull moment now." — W6CUF. "The removal of quotas plus using states as multipliers is the best move you've made yet. Now the contest is really interesting." — W7PGX. "Clad to see the quotas gone, I think that they hurt the little guns rather than the big ones." — K9DWG. "New contest rules seem to have stimulated more phone DX activity." — W1YRC.

After analyzing some 2400-plus entries in a contest you become aware of areas needing improvement. The log-keeping this year seemed painful for the participants. Whatever system you use should be kept either in duplicate at the time or be painlessly reproduced later. There shouldn't be a need to recopy the logs. The check sheets provided, for the W/VE crew, are meant to be used during the contest to both avoid duplicate contacts and help you keep track of those multipliers you still need. They're not designed to be used to eliminate duplicate contacts

after the contest. Many of the DXers in the test commented on the large numbers of duplicate contacts which reduced their hoped-for score. If our system isn't working for you, use your own, but in fairness to all participants find and use a system that will prevent duplicate contacts. More marked this year were the comments on those calling CQ DX. They went all the way from writing a ban into the rules to other extremes! One WØ put it nicely by saying "If the so-called experts at DX contest hadn't raised such a racket calling CQ DX the rest of the gang would have heard something."

There are a few additional thoughts that occur as we wind up this report and they include a plea for more frequent signing by the DN station, a reminder that all awards are scheduled for mid-October mailing, a reminder too that the first and third weekends in Feb. and March of 1968 are on the schedule for the next one and, perhaps most of all, a personal note of congratulations to all participants who came, worked and reported.

In order to have room for some 600 additional listings, the usual tabulated comparisons, etc. the full "Soapbox" will have to appear in an abbreviated fashion. Taking the editorial prerogative, let's just say that this cross-section of W/VE comment appeals to us!

Soapbox

"I'm fifteen years old and my voice hasn't changed yet. This proved helpful in the pileups." --- WB2UVD. "The first time I've stayed up past midnight, I'm 15"-WB2VNX. "My first DX test, I'll be back next year to give W2FXA some competition." - WN2YQH. "finished my WAS during the DX test. I'm looking forward to inishing off my DXCC during the SS," – WA3BGE, "Remember the DX Tests when we exchanged messages for a week?" - W3LMZ. "Suggest you retire the winners that repeat year after year, with proper honors recognizing them as masters. This would give the rest of us a chance. W4CKD. "This would be a wonderful contest if you could L-path is open!" — W6QQW. "It seems as though my beam works best 180 degrees out of phase, you might say I plunge at DX backwards." --- WA6JDT. "It would be interesting to review a series of pictures of the contestants at about 2330Z on the last day of each session." - W6WX. "There should be a 5000 point bonus for each W/K who could honestly claim that he did not call CQ DX during the period." ---- W7RGL. "If all DXers had KH6IJ's operating skill, I could have doubled my score with the old junk heap I call my station." - W8AJW. "There must have been several thousand WB2s on. Half were calling CQ DX and the other half were holding the key down." -- W8ZCQ. "Say, that PussYcat-2SO sure gets around, doesn't she?" KØYBC. "How about an honorary membership in the American Dental Association for all contest participants. Working in those pile-ups is just like pulling teeth!" WA9QFC (K5PKA, opr.).

"Most of the operators were real gentlemen. That is, until a real rare one came along." --W1DTY. "Why does U5ARTEK rate a homebrew call?" -- WB2OIV. (Located at a pioneer youth camp in the Ukraine, Ed.). "Do the stations using the services of local v.h.f. spotting nets qualify as single operator?" -- W2QWS. (No, Ed.)

From top to bottom, a collection of exotics to quicken the pulse of any DXer: **ISTVAZ** with better than a halfmillion phone points; **FG7XF** with a nice c.w. showing with 462 exchanges; **EP2BQ** giving it a go on both phone and c.w. for well over 1300 combined two-ways; **CR7CI** trying hard in both sessions to provide a Mozambique multiplier.



AFFILIATED CLUB SCORES-

		11-1-1-1-0	C.W. Winner	The set of Marine and
.	Aggregate	k'ntrics		Phone Winner
Potomac Valley Radio Club	34.376.243	53	W4KFC	W3KMV
Frankford Radio Club	33,320,718	77	W3BES	W3BES
Frankford Radio Club	14,367,020	67	W6WX	K6OH11
Southern California DX Club,	12,538,661	49	W6ITA	W6ITA
128 Contest Club (Mass.)	9.043.877	13	K1DIR	KIDIR
Honolulu Amateur Radio Club	7,840,304	6	KH6IJ	KH6IJ
Niagara Frontier DX Assn. (N. Y.)	6.655.504	22	K2LWR	K2GX1
Order of Boiled Owls of New York.	6.577.479	18	WB2CKS	W2SUC
Connecticut Wireless Assn.	4.309.573	14	WIBIH	WIBIH
North Alabama DX Club	3,206,568	24	W4GRG	WA4WAO
Golden Triangle DX Club (Fla.)	2.819.649	3		
Miami Valley Amateur Radio Contest Society (Ohio)	1,972.663	14	W8ZJM	WSLXU
Suffolk County Radio Club (N. Y.)	1,713,373	13	W2GKZ	WB2FON
South Jersey Radio Assn.	1,445,232	22	W2GGT	W3UNJ/2
Central Michigan Amateur Radio Club	1,301,991		W8RXY	W8RXY
Louisville's Active Radio Operators (Ky.)	1,197,069	6	W4CVI	W4BCV
Order of Bolled Owls of Ohlo	1,130,970	8	WŚŻCQ	KSEHU
West Park radiops (Ohio)	820,734	15	WAAJW	K8WUĞ
West Park radiops (Ohio) Indian Hills Amateur Radio Club (Ohio)	611,406	11	W8QXQ	KSAXY
Onio Valley Amateur Radio Assn	541,488	6		WA8AJI
Forestylle Amateur Radio Assn. (Conn.)	505,290	6		WICKA
'Fri-Town Radio Amateur Club (III.)	332,810	63	K9YOE	
Friendship Amateur Radio Club (Pa.)	145.215	3		W3KDD
Delta Radio Club (Tenn.)	34,737	5		W40GG
West Allis Radio Amateur Club (Wis.)	27,384	5	WA9IAT	
W6BHY. our.	-			
WODLL, Opt.				

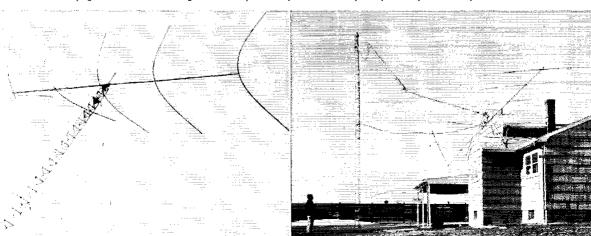
"Conditions fabulous, but little time, Gave up the first weekend so my Jr. op. WN2YQH could participate in the Novice Roundup." - W2FXA. "California stations were giving the east coast heavy competition this year." W3LNE, "Wish I could understand this blasted s.s.b." -W3GHS. "Bet Bayer made a fortune in this contest."-WA3DCG. "Losing your linear the beginning of the second day is like losing your right arm."- W3NM. "Neither frozen rotators, nor snow static, nor a midnight visit from the FCC (they came, they saw, they were satisfied), failed to dimit does the state of the same of the same state of the state of the same state of the state of the same state of the state of th G-station say during the contest, to the strong carrier on frequency, if you don't mind, I'll inject the earrier in my receiver from this end." — W50ER. "The pileups were like a turkey ranch at feeding time." — WB6IMN. "Wait till next year, I have K2GL/W3MSK-West under con-struction." -- W7ESK. "Enjoyed the world-wide chuckles my call produced." -- K9BUG. "During the second half our cat ran off with my only earphone cord and plug and I had to operate the rest of the contest with a small speaker cannibalized from the children's portable phonograph. As soon as the test was over, and I was reassembling the record player, in walked the cat dragging the missing cord and plug." --- WØIJM.

The Clubs

The brand-new contest format turned in some brand-new looking club tallies, easily doubling the 1966 sums. It was turnabout time too for the Potomac Valley Radio Club, registering 34,376,243 points and winning another engraved gavel. The Frankford Radio Club was tough competition with 33.3 million points and a lot of strength in the phone portion of the test. Positionwise, the Northern California DX Club tacked down the third spot with 14.3 million and some real rivalry by the big signals from the Southern Southern California DX Club. A major voice in this year's test was the 128 Contest Club of Eastern Massachusetts and 9-million-plus points with just 13 entries. A brand new entry in this club group is the newly affiliated 100% ARRL club, the North Alabama DX Club, Spearheaded by WA4WAO, the group represents some of the biggest and best signals in the south. In addition, the club submitted the best-looking club letter. The highest total points per member goes to the Golden Triangle DX Club. Fine increases too were registered by the Miami Valley Amateur Radio Contest Society, the Suffolk County Radio Club and others. For the first time, we'll present a comparison of the top ten clubs by mode, a popular feature introduced in the November Sweepstakes reporting:

C.W.	Position	PHONE
Potomac Valley RC	1	Frankford RC
Frankford RC	2	Potomac Valley RC
No. Calif. DX Club	3	Honolulu ARC
So. Calif. DX Club	4	No. Calif. DX Club
128 Contest Club	5	Niagara Frontier
Order of Boiled Owls	6	So. Calif. DX Club
Conn. Wireless Assn.	7	128 Contest Club
Honolulu ARC	8	No. Alabama DX Club
Niagara Frontier	9	Conn. Wireless Assn.
No. Alabama DX Club	10	Order of Boiled Owls

Short and very sad stories. On the left an action scene at **K6YNB** during an 80 m.p.h. wind storm just prior to the start of the first phone weekend. An adequate explanation of why he operated the entire test with a 15 meter four and a half element yagi! **W2AGM** is on the right with a very clear explanation of why he operated just the first phone weekend.



HCITH did a fantastic job amid hot phone competition in South America with a 2nd high continental total of 2.7 meg. Tom really attributes the fine results to his "chief operator" Rita since she kept the kids quiet, she fed him, she told people he wasn't home, she let him yell throughout the night without a bad word and she treated

him like a human being.

Continental Comments

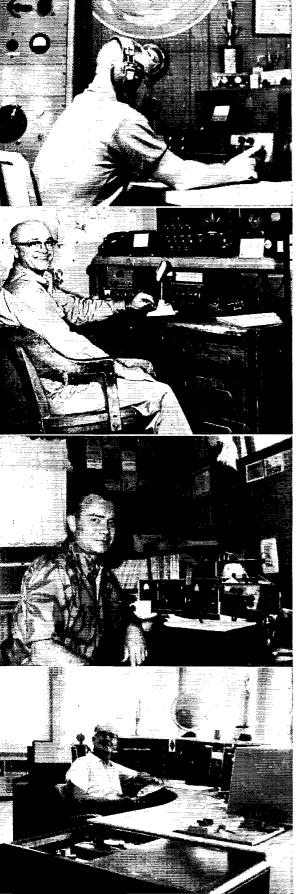
"Next year I'll be there both weekends with a qund and yee," — 5H3KJ. "It seems strange that people one hasn't seen in years have to pick the contest weekend to visit." — ZSSRS. "A nice contest but I regret that so many stations gave me duplicate QSOs." — CR6GO. "An unscheduled business trip to the states kept me from competing in the second half of the c.w. test." — ZD8J. "Quite a lot different from VP5 but still a lot of fun. You need a beam for 40 out here." — VO9AR.

"Only free from duty for one day and decided to give some licks on forty with all of my 25 watts." - 9V10B. "The Ws strong on 40. I enjoyed 4-band QSOs with W3TMZ



W4GRF W3MCG W4BVV W3WJD and K1DIR."-VU2MSK/W3MSK. "The W/VEs operated in an orderly fushion." - MP4BFK. "Good fun and the sun spot im-

Minimum Number of Countries	15	30	80	60	60	Minimum Number of Countries	15	30	80	60	60	Minimum Number of Countries	15	30	80	60	60	Minimum Number of Countries	15	30	80	60	60
Band	75	40	20	15	10	Band	75	. 40	, 20	15	10	Band	75	40	. 20	15	10	Band	75	40	20	15	.10
WIAXA	23	33	_	_	-	W3HA	<u> </u>	-	84	-		WA5ALB	17	-	81	62	77	WA8RXU	÷		-	65	
W1BFA		00			77	W3HHA*			04	68		K5AKQ			0.	0.0	63	W8RXY					66
W1BIH		30		72	74	W3HHK				63	88	W5EHY*				82		WA8SKV				00	60
W1CBW					62	W3IYE*			ļ	60	71	K5JZY			82		81	W8TWA/8	15			72	65
WICKA				71	70	W3KDD				00	89	W5KC			-	60	65	W8WT				77	
KIDIR	34	45	103	89	81	W3KMV	25			68	69	W5KGJ					80	K8YBU			141	61	
W1DIT	18				0.	W3LOE	15	35	105		86	W5KTR	16	35		73	95	WA9CYV				62	
WIFJJ	21					W3MDE/2		0.7	100	0.0	99	W5LZZ				64	0.7	W9EWC	22				66
WA1DJG	-				60	W3MSK*	58	77	157	135	118	K5MDX				87	58	W9GIL				-	77
WIHQV					63	K3MTK/3*				70	60	W5NMZ				65	62	W9GMV				•	66
WIJYH	17	34	101	84	64	W3MVB				61		W50G8			102		69	WA9HJM				61	
KIOBT		•-			61	K3NHL	28	43	107	73	86	W6CCP*				78		W9IRH					75
KIUKG				66	61	W3NKM				91		K6ERV				61		WA9IVL					62
WIRF				60	77	K3NMY			105			W6IBD					78	W9JQD			88	•••	
KISHN			86			K3PSW					70	W6ISQ			86			W9LKI				71	67
WIUOP			Ű	74	72	K3TPL	18	49			82	W6ITA	17	37	106	87	83	W9MIJ/1				66	
W1YQF				70	60	W3				61		B6L						K9PPX				0.3	70
WA2BEX				93		W3Y D	54	1000	1	107	adf	6N JUSA	1	3	16	61		W9RQM				65	
WB2CON				63	73	W31			alasi (75		OH				77	72	W9TYT				71	
W2EGG				61		W44	40		1	000		POL				92		K9TZH					64
WB2FON	19		81	80	68	W4D CV			1.1	87		5w		-	D.F.		69	W9VZP					65
W2FXA				69	•-	W4BVV*	42	72	132	118	99	W6YMN			68y	62		W9ZTD			82		- I
W2FZJ	26	39	95	52		W4BYB		52				W7ESK		32	83	64	60	K9ZJV					65
K2GL*	66	81	151	140	110	K4EZ			97	76	68	K7PXI					71	WØBAA				64	72
K2GXI	30	60	103	81	87	W4FVY				65		WA8AJI				78		кøвнт•			87	73	61
K2LWR	15	115	68	69		WA4GCS	16	30	88	88	80	K8AXG			81	68	70	WAØCPX					77
WB2MDH*			81	67	68	W4IHK	49					W8BF			103			WØCU	20	31	89	123	
WB2NXL				92		WA41KU					61	K8BGZ				60		WØCUC				67	
WB20IV					60	K4KJD				67	-	W8BVF			111			KØEIA					61
W2PDB				81	84	K4KZZ	22	31	88			K8DOC	52	42	80	98	86	WØIEM				68	
W2QWS			95	89	90	W4MBV				66	68	WSECA				73	69	WØIVZ*				62	8
W288C			92			W4NBV	19		83	78	60	W8EEZ		41			-	WØIYH			117	-	
W2SUC				69	71	W40GG					66	KSEHU					62	WØLBB					75
K2TQC					60	W4QBK	19		115	83		W8GGE				63	-	WØLTE*	1.6	31	82	83	68
K2USA*		32		75	75	W4QCW	31	46		107	99	W8GKA				72		VEIPL	28	35	101	86	
W2WZ			90			WA4QVQ*				60	68	WA8GUF*				76	76	VE2WA			97		1
W3BES	22		90	91	87	W4RQE	53					W8HBR				82		3C3FHO*			95		64
W3BGN*	15	33	103	88	96	K4RZK				71		K8HZU					60	VE3UX			81		
W3BQN				62	60	K4VYN					99	WA8LEO				60	83	3C6SF			85		
W3BYX				66	65	WA4VZK					69	W8LXU		j	103	66	68			ļ			
W3DHM				69	64	WA4WAO			92	93	90	WASLYF				102							
W3FYS				65	68	K4WSE					61	WA8MCR				70	68						
W3GRS					66	W4ZYS*	16		102	73	80	WA8RGT				77	82	* Multi-operat	tors	tati	on		
				·····			_	-							-								



provement meant the bands were open to a certain extent during the nights." — EP3AM. "Next year may be back from Liechtenstein." — HB9Z.

"One operator is continuously needed to tranquilize the TV-watchers," -- OH2AC. "Great to be back after 8 years."-OZ7BG. "Impressed in my first hig contest by the discipline, courtesy and skill of most American operators, which contributed to my pleasure." -- SMØBUO. "Still going strong with QRP. My outputs are now 4, 6 and 10 watts on 28, 21 and 14 Mc." — OH3YI. "Near the end of the contest everytime I worked a W9 in ILL I had a great urge to send HPE SN BTR, but I managed to refrain." - G3JYP. "VE7 and VE8 before and after but not a single one during the test,"-- HA1KSA. "Nicest experience was receiving a QSL from K7UCT in Utah saying he couldn't understand how I could pick his 50-watt signal out from the layers of QRM. Guess it was because I needed the multiplier!" --- PAØXPQ. "Please try to organize better weather for next year. It is difficult climbing a pole in a gale to straighten a quad." - G3GRS. "Lightening and thunder helped keep our operators awake during early hours and on occasion provided shack illumination." -GW3ITZ. "Outstanding this year was the marked decay of conditions on 160 and 80 and the great improvement on 10."--- VK5KO. "Started the phone contest with K1DIR and cuded the c.w. contest with K1DIR."--WØPAN/KH6. "A lot of fun working the gang from PY7SOL. A highlight was working Ed, VU2MSK, through the W/K pileup." — PY7SOL (W3PZW, opr.). "Thanks to all who stood in the pile up to give me their points.' CE2CR.

"If ten improves further, a vapor-cooled ballpoint pen will be needed. Water cooling just won't do it!" - OZ7DX. "U-stations can only operated s.s.b. on 80 between 3600 and 3650 kc. but only a few W/VE stations know this." UA3KBO. "Would appreciate it if the boys back in the states would not take over the frequency from us QRP DX stations after getting their report. I had to move constantly on account of this." - DL5KS. "You certainly had your crystal ball correctly loaded this year, a pair of weekends with excellent conditions on all bands." — G3UML. "First place in our 'duplicate contest' was a certain W7 with 6 OSOs on 20 meters." - OH2AM. "Disappointed after reaching the million mark to see the figure drop below that as duplicates were deleted." - ZKIAR. "Most outstanding phone signal was K2GL on all bands except forty where W7SFA was tops." - ZL1AGO. "Rounded up my WAS." - 8R1G. "Fair play was the prevalent climate in the W/VE phone boys . . . congratulations!" -CX2CN. "At one point during the contest I had a cigar lit, an 807 in one hand and a pencil in the other and during a QSO I fell asleep for five minutes." --- HC1TH. "The rapidity of s.s.b. in passing exchanges is finally producing higher phone than c.w. scores. I had peak hours of 160 QSOs on sideband, an impossibility on c.w." - HISXAL. "What good are checklists if not used? I found 135 stations worked more than once and one guy worked me four times.' - VP7NH. "Terrific phone QRM, all bands. Contest operation is hindered by the fact that here, in Afghanistan we have to work on Saturday and Sunday." -- YA5RG. "My last effort from Japan. My next effort will be with a W1 group trying to top W3MSK." - KA7AB.

Disgualifications

The calls listed in this paragraph are all deemed ineligible for score listings or awards. In each case, disqualification was under contest rule 14 in view of non-observance

From top to bottom, DX test performers par excellence: **K8YBU** leading West Virginia with close to 590-K phone points and with big antenna plans for 1968; **W7NPU** active in both modes and supplying a welcome Utah multiplier, **W6PQW** specializing in a 15-meter performance while utilizing his own antenna design (5 elements, three driven, two parasitic) amid terrific competition from the East Bay area, **W9ERU/7** a familiar call from the unfamiliar section of Arizona with a half-million plus c.w. points and a brand-new call to watch for

in future contests, W7EKE.

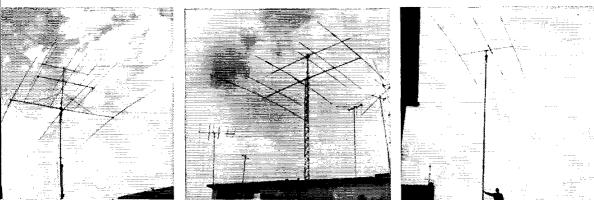


of FCC rules as reported by at least two accredited Official Observers, or by a single FCC citation or advisory notice. Such violations as out of band operation (sidebands or carrier), spurious emissions, etc. were the basis for these disqualifications. C.w.- K1DPB, W1EVT, WA1FHU, WB2RHW (WB2s PAR RHW, opr.), W3HHA (W3HHA, K3YQL, opr.), W4JD (WA4HHW, W4JD, opr.), W4JDR, K1CL, W44VZK, W5WZQ, K3BXG, W5ODJ, W6ITY, WB6LIV, W9FTK/8, W8AZD, K8UZX, K9LOK, W9QQG, K9HDP, WØVXO (WAØBWM, opr.), KØFLJ. Phone — W2JSX, W2FSK, K3JYZ (K3JYZ, W3DVA, opr.), W3AXW, W3ARU, W3OK (K3s MAZ QDU, WA3s ATK CXM FGS, W3IZI, opr.), K4MSK, W4ETO (K4s (3RD IIF RLO, W4s ETO JDR, WA4s LUG PXP WIP, WØLNE, opr.), K4QVK, WB4AMT, K5HN, W6KJS, K1LY (W1DTI, W5TEH, K5LKI, K6MUX, WA6WJX, W7YAQ, W8HVN, WAØPHAI, VE3DRV, opr.), W8BQH (W3s BQH HDB, opr.), WAØEMS.

Countries 30 90 00 Countries 30 90 90 Countries 30 90	Minimum						Minimum						Minimum						Minimum	_			
	Number of	20	50	٥٥	¢0	60	Number of	20	50	0/1	en	¢n.	Number of	20	50	90	80	60	Number of	20	50		60.60
Wilbith 37 81 96 79 74 W3AFM 140 W4FTR 32 160 63 WASCIA 85 7 WIDEW 45 66 66 66 66 67 86 98 817 WWYJ 3 WSELE 80 7 WICNU 101 W3DED 36 98 17.2 W4YJ 3 22 71 WASCLY 72 WIENL 66 87 71 W3END 36 18 86 71 W3CL 86 3 W12YL 26 95 WASCLY 86 64 WIFU 33 60 W3GHP 36 36 71 WASCLY 34 63 W3GRU 96 W3GRU 96 W3GRU 96 W3GRU 96 W3GRU 96 W3GRU 97 16 W3GRU 97 W3GRU 98 77 WASRU 92 118 96 W3GRU				-		· · · · · ·		_	_		-						-	_		_	_	-	
Willey 45 66 55 90 WATWB 63 WBELE 80 KICDN 161 74 W3BES 32 56 90 81 72 KIDR 56 60 81 73 W3DFL 76 62 K1YTL 12 62 WASCD 63 77 WASCD 63 77 WASCD 64 W301P 22 WSCD 76 70 WASCD 66 WASCD 76 71 WASCD 66 WASCD 76 71 WASCD 70 70 71 WASCD 70 70 WSUA 52 22 12 100 84 71 WASCD 70 WSUA 52 22 12 100 10 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td><u> </u></td><td>-</td><td><u> </u></td><td></td><td>-80</td><td>40</td><td>_</td><td></td><td><u></u></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>40</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td><u>-10</u></td><td></td><td></td><td>40</td><td><u> </u></td><td><u></u></td></t<>				<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>		-80	40	_		<u></u>		-	40	_	_	<u>-10</u>			40	<u> </u>	<u></u>
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WB2PGM 62 W4DKU 85 64 W6MUB 102 WAØEMS 67 K2QIL 61 W4DVT 16 61 W6NJU 82 61 W4ØEMS 64 W2RDD 83 W4DXI 30 68 62 W6NKR 77 90 W6DW 80 W2SEI 34 68 W4DXI 30 68 62 W6NKR 77 90 W6DW 80 64 W2SEI 34 68 W4FVY 75 W6PQW 101 W60AW 64 63 W2SUC 85 62 K4GSS 74 W6RG* 94 66 K60RK 63 WA2UJM 78 K4GSU/3 81 80 81 3C2BV 82 64 W2VJN 50 83 106 91 86 86 62 3C2NV 38 62 W2VJN 50 83 106 91 82 64 86 70 86 62 3C2NV 38 62 <	WA20JD				68		W4CKD	30	53	93	84	67	W6LDD			80	62						
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W2RDD 83 W4DXI 30 68 62 W6NKR 77 90 WØIDW 80 W2SEI 34 68 W4FVY 75 W6PQW 101 WØOAW 64 63 W2SSC 94 W4GRG 91 76 70 W6RGG* 94 66 KØORK 63 W2SUC 85 62 K4GSS 74 W6RW* 47 82 119 93 70 WØTDR 68 WA2UVA 70 K4GSU/3 81 74 W6RSF 81 3C2BV 82 82 W2VJN 50 83 106 91 65 68 W6TZD 86 62 3C2NV 38 62 W2VJN 50 83 106 91 82 W4KET 63 W6UJ 61 VE2WA 94 W2WZ 82 90 W4KET 41 68 70 W6UMI* 90 76	WB2PGM				62		W4DKU			85	61		W6MUB			102			WAØEMS				67
W2SEI 34 68 W4FVY 75 W6PQW 101 WØAW 64 63 W2SSC 94 W4GRG 91 76 70 W6RGG* 94 66 KØORK 63 W2SUC 85 62 K4GSS 74 W6RW* 47 82 119 93 70 WØTDR 68 WA2UJM 78 K4GSU/3 81 81 W6SRF 81 3C2BV 82 WA2UWA 70 WA41KU 65 68 W6TZD 86 62 3C2NV 38 62 W2VJN 50 83 106 91 82 W4KET 63 W6UJ 61 VE2WA 94 W2WZ 82 W4KEC 41 68 103 86 70 W6UM1* 90 76 VE3ES 96 WA2ZEZ 90 W4KXV* 37 61 84 76 62 WA6URY 93 3C5US* 61 61 W2ZKQ 82 70 62 W4LCP 51 98 82 104 84	K2QIL				61		W4DVT	16		ļ	61		W6NJU			82	61		WØFDL				64
W2SNC 94 W4GRG 91 76 70 W6RGG* 94 66 KØRK 63 W2SUC 85 62 K4GSS 74 W6RG* 94 66 KØRK 63 WA2UJM 78 K4GSU/3 81 W6SRF 81 3C2BV 82 WA2UWA 70 WA41KU 65 68 W6TZD 86 62 3C2NV 38 62 W2VJN 50 83 106 91 82 W4KET 63 W6UJ 61 VE2WA 94 W2WZ 82 W4KFC 41 68 103 86 70 W6UMI* 90 76 VE3ES 96 WA2ZEZ 90 W4KXV* 37 61 84 76 62 WA6URY 93 3C5US* 61 61 W2ZKQ 82 70 62 W4LCP 51 98 271 W6WX 104 84	W2RDD			83		1	W4DXI	30			68	62	W6NKR		77	90			WØIDW			80	
W2SUC x5 62 K4GSS 74 W6RW* 47 82 119 93 70 WØTDR 68 WA2UJM 78 K4GSU/3 81 65 68 W6SRF 81 3C2BV 82 68 WA2UWA 70 WA41KU 65 68 W6TZD 86 62 3C2NV 38 62 W2VJN 50 83 106 91 82 W4KET 63 W6UJ 61 VE2WA 94 W2WZ 82 90 W4KET 63 86 70 W6UMI* 90 76 VE3ES 96 WA2ZEZ 90 W4KXV* 37 61 84 76 62 WA6URY 93 3C5US* 61 61 63 W2ZKQ 82 70 62 W4LCP 51 98 82 104 84 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	W2SEI	34	68				W4FVY				75		W6PQW				101		WØOAW				64 63
WA2UJM WA2UWA WA2UWA W2VJN 78 50 K4GSU/3 70 81 WA4IKU 65 65 63 W6SRF W6UJ 81 61 3C2BV 3C2NV 82 3C2NV 82 84 82 84 62 84 W2VJN 50 83)106 91 82 W4KET 63 W6UJ 61 VE2WA 94 94 W2WZ 82 W4KET 63 W6UJ 61 VE2WA 94 94 WA2ZEZ 90 W4KXV* 37 61 84 76 62 WA6URY 93 3C5US* 61 61 61 63 61 63 61 63 64	W2SSC			94			W4GRG			91	76	70	W6RGG*			94	66		Køork				63
WA2UWA 70 WA4IKU 65 68 W6TZD 86 62 3C2NV 38 62 W2VJN 50 83 106 91 82 W4KET 63 W6UJ 61 VE2WA 94 94 W2WZ 82 W4KET 68 670 W6UMI* 90 76 VE3ES 96 94 94 WA2EZZ 90 W4KXV* 37 61 84 76 62 WA6URY 93 3C5US* 61 61 63 61 64	W2SUC			85	62		K4GSS				74		W6RW*	47	82	119	93	70					68
W2VJN 50 83 106 91 82 W4KET 63 W6UJ 61 VE2WA 94 W2WZ 82 82 W4KFC 41 68 103 86 70 W6UMI* 90 76 VE3ES 96 WA2ZEZ 90 W4KXV* 37 61 84 76 62 WA6URY 93 3C5US* 61 </td <td>WA2UJM</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>78</td> <td></td> <td>K4GSU/3</td> <td></td> <td>81</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>W6SRF</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>81</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3C2BV</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>82</td> <td></td>	WA2UJM				78		K4GSU/3		81				W6SRF			81			3C2BV			82	
W2WZ x2 W4KFC 41 68 103 86 70 W6UMI* 90 76 VE3ES 96 WA2ZEZ 90 W4KXV* 37 61 84 76 62 WA6URY 93 3C5US* 96 61 63 W2ZKQ 82 70 62 W4LCP 51 98 82 71 W6WX 104 84	WA2UWA				70		WA4IKU				65	68	W6TZD			86	62		3C2NV	38			62
WA2ZEZ 90 W4KXV* 37 61 84 76 62 WA6URY 93 3C5US* 61 63 W2ZKQ 82 70 62 W4LCP 51 98 82 71 W6WX 104 84 61 63	W2VJN	50	80	106	91	82	W4KET				63		W6UJ				61		VE2WA			94	
W2ZKQ 82 70 62 W4LCP 51 98 82 71 W6WX 104 84	W2WZ			82			W4KFC	-41	68	103	86	70	W6UMI*			90	76		VE3ES			96	
	WA2ZEZ			l	90		W4KXV*	37	61	84	76	62	WAGURY				93		3C5US*				61 63
W3ADZ 86 W4NBV 98 68 W7SFA* 59 86 69 * Multi-operator Station.	W2ZKQ		i	82	70	62	W4LCP		51	98	82	71	W6WX			104	84						!
	W3ADZ			86			W4NBV	ļ		98	68		W7SFA*		59	86	69		* Multi-opera	tor a	stati	ion.	_

Over 300 QSOs/band — DX											
	49	40	20	15	10		80	40	20	15	10
CR6AI CR6CK CR6CK ZC8GO VQ9AR ZD8J ZS5RS 5H3KJ 606BW 9L1TL		325 434	679 408 839 898 583 726 330 428 567	102 424 886 388 701 343 392	555 628 366 653 325	OK1AHZ OK1PD OK1PD OK1ZL ON4NM OV4XG OZ1LO OZ5DX OZ5DX OZ7G OZ7G			479 729 401 362 304 439	348 497 688 388 432 471 488 313	362 385
EP2BQ EP3AM JA1CWZ JA1NIN JA1NIN JA1NEC JA2HO JA2JAA JA3LGG JA5AB JA5AG JA5AB JA6AKW JA6TQ OD5EJ TA2AC UW9OU UA9FCO* UA9KCG*			377 521 438 435 323 420 846 523	311 585 684 457 355 351 348 348 341 538 569 330 790		PÅØLOU PAØSNG PAØSNG SMJSBNX SMJCE SP3ACE SP3AIJ SP3AG SP9AKY TF2WJN U5ARTEK* UA3KBO* UB5KED* UB5KED* UB5KED* UB5KED* UB5KED* UB5KED* UB5KED* UB5KED* UB5KED* UB5KED* UB5KED* UJ3CR		454	559 702 490 326 435 330 340 416 491 339 473 510 469 1457	430 522 332 400 460 330 327 1127	362 306 319
UAØKFG* UAØKZB VU2KV DJ7IK* DL1JW DL6WD	_		481 371 408 700 433 455	877 661 478	328 375	FG7XX HI8XAL HKØAI HPIBR	475	434 313 840 300	1437 957 722 1095 310	341 962 1198 323	335 311 746 987
DL7AA DL8KJ DL8KO* DL9FR* DM4WPL E19J F5SF F8TM F8TM F8VJ G2DC G2MI			480 502 642 513 426 440 073 318 305 354	479 476 598 509 468 383 346 458	359 37	KL7ALZ* KL7FRY KL7IR KL7MF KP4CRT KV4AM 25JF 62AAG E20K N3KM Y5BS	341	456 372 572 403 334	450 354 376 352 688 634 669 307	466 366 443 1039 473 615 480 353 448	905 737 402 351
G2QT G2RO G3GRS* G3IAR G3IAR G3IPC* G3LPC* G3SSO G4CP G5AGA G130QR G13SXG* GM3SVK GW2U		485 409	330 635 349 871 643 829 661 377	503 431 528 303 369 638 784 564 933 867 313	514 367 383 480 586 327 482 491	KH6FON KH6FSP KH6IJ KH6UL VK2EO VK2GW VK3AXK VK5TC VK3AXK VK5TC VR2DK VR2DK VR4CR ZL1AMQ		383 529 324 349 342	332 954 581 851 510 587 392 478 562 417	371 1127 945 721 375	431 890 709 403 305
GW331 HA1KSA HA4KYB* HA4KYB* HB9RX HB9RX HB9Z* I1HCJ I1HCJ I1NT LA1H			$ \begin{array}{r} 377 \\ 645 \\ 577 \\ 303 \\ 436 \\ 612 \\ 1173 \\ 385 \\ \end{array} $	392 375 354 565 872	338 452	ZL1HW ZL3QH HK3BAE HK3RQ LU1DAY* 0A4PF PY1BYK/7 PY1CQ PY1NO		357	417 738 989 1043 492 417 331	1004 1127 764 675 302 344	525 863 601 804 686 -412
LA5SH OE3PWW OE5KE OH1AD OH2AC* OH2AM* OH2BCZ		427	398 354 1430 375	370 347 536 443 1129 329	364 353 443	PY2RGL PY2RGL PY7AKQ YV1DP/5 VV10B YV4NS * Multi-operator St	ation.	369	1288 1354 827 370 376 418	871 850 521 422	1050 910

From left to right; radiators at **KP4CRT** (2.5 meg c.w.), **YV1DP/5** (1470 c.w. exchanges in just 36 hours), **PAØXPQ** (a fabulous performance both modes, 1.2 meg phone and almost 800-K c.w.).



Thirty-Third ARRL International DX Competition

Operator of the station first listed in each section and country is winner for that area. . . . The multiplier used by each station in determining score is given with the score - in the case of continental U.S.-Canada this is the total of the countries worked on each frequency-band used; in the case of non-W/K/VE/VO entries it is the total of the continental U.S. states and Canadian districts worked on each band. . . . The total number of contacts is listed next. . . , The letters A, B, and C approximate the d.c. input to the final stage at each station; A indicates power up to and including 150 watts; B indicates over 150 watts, up to and including 500 watts; C indicates over 500 watts. . The total operating time to the nearest hour is given for each station and is the last figure following the score. . Examples of listings: K3NHL. . . . 944,622-306-1032-C-71, or final score 944,622 multiplier 306, 1032 contacts; power over 500 watts; total operating time 71 hours. . . . Stations manned by more than one operator are grouped in order of score following single-operator listings in each section or country tabulation; calls or numbers of participants at multi-operator stations are listed in parentheses. . . . In sections or countries where three or more multiple-operator entries appear, the top-scoring station is being awarded a certificate. An asterisk denotes a Hq. staff member, not eligible for an award.

C. W. SCORES

ATLANTIC DIVISION

Delaware

K3NHL	944,622-306-1032-	
W3DRD K3NMY	266,910-205-434- 90,132-148-203-	
WA3CRU W3IYE (2,093-23-33- W3s IYE TGF)	B-9

922,503-300-1025-BC-87

Eastern Pennsylvania W3BES 1,472,499-343-1431- C-80 W3MFW 1.296,552-356-1214-AC-83 W3HHK 813,960-266-1020- C-54 721,188-276-873-BC-54 K3HTZ 566,820-235-804- C-66 538,650-210-855- C-52 W3KDF K3JH WB2MZJ/3 305,982-191-534- B-73 265,056-176-502- B-43 W3ISE K3EUR 213,486-161-442- A-60 W3KT 210,807-177-397- C-WAEVW 195,195-169-385- (-42 K3AIG 175,104-152-384- C-40 172,914-161-358- C-14 168,329-173-326- C-28 157,206-197-266- C-15 W3NOH W3EQA W3GRS W3KFC 148.104-149-332- C-WA3ATX/3 136.353-151-301- B-45 W3EOP 128,700-150-286- C-29 122,958-138-297- C-15 W3INH 122,760-120-341- A-28 113,652-132-287- ()-20 113,184-131-288- C-70 89,787-173-173- C-20 W300R W3GHM K3JGJ W3PN W3AEQ (WA8BJD, opr.) 77,592-122-212- A-24 W3CAA 68,328-104-219- C-16 67,599-109-225- C-25 W3A DZ 66,822- 86-259-62,988-116-181-W3BY X C-32 WA3BGN W3CBF 62,988-116-181- A-42 57,783-107-180- B-20 W3QLW 46,800- 80-195- B-35 34,713- 87-133- B-32 K3RIW K3PTK 32,994- 78-141- A-21 27,000- 72-125- C-19 W3QME 24,750- 66-125-A-40 W3DBX 24,150- 70-115- B-16,986- 57-100- B-26 K3RFB W3DNI 13,865- 47- 99-WA3DQR WA3CUI 11,934- 51- 78- A-36 10,212- 37- 93- C-16 K3HNP 6,201- 39- 53- C-W3GHD 1,596- 19- 28- B-W31PS 96-4- 8- A- 4 W3YUW (5 oprs.) 3,370,996-132-2601- C-W3GHS (W3GHS, W3YOV) 701,892-268-873- C-86 W3OK (4 oprs.) 388,960-170-763- C-93

291,000-200-485- C-70 K3MBF (4 oprs.) 215,424-176-410- 0-31 K3BNS (K3s BNS JFY) 145,200-121-402- C-45 Maryland-D.C. W3GRF 1,417,248-336-1406- C-70 856,991-313-918-AC-68 W3EKW W3MSR 776.397-257-1007- C-78 W3MCG 597.555-271-735-AC -60 W3PZW

W3RRV (W3s ECR RRV)

404,580-220-613- C-30 390,744-201-648- B-65 W3HQU W3MVB 384,330-230-557-C-41 W3EYF 362,341-250-467-AC-53 W3QQL 352,070-190-621- B-58 W2NQZ/3 317,952-225-471- C-66 W3DPJ 260,004-188-461- A-WA3GTX 256,836-204-420- A-53 W3AFM 240,100-140-573- C-64 W3AYD 236,530-217-364-C-53 201,249-177-379-133,840-140-322-K3JYZ C-32 W3MFJ C-22 W3AXW W3HVM 125,452-158-266-124.845-145-287-C-33 W3BQN K4GSU/3 C-65 119.472-131-304-68,040- 81-289- B-24 W3JXS 61,880- 91-228-Ā-41 C. W3AY8 W3KA 56,052-108-173-44.226- 81-182- C-20 Wäimz 35,972- 93-131- A-35 W3FBE (W4TFX, opr.) 30,024-72-139-B-15 W3RNY 28,968-71-136-C-14 W31HAN 28,116-71-132-B-18 W3CSZ 22,110-67-110-B-11 W3CSZ 22,110-67-110-B-11 W3DFL 17,328- 76- 76-13,392- 62- 72- C-36 11,628- 51- 76- C- 5 W3IWS W3AEL W3AZD 7,215- 37- 65-Č-10 5,292- 42- 42- B-3,096- 21- 43- A- 8 W3DPR WA3DSD W30NQ 492-W3TMZ/3 (7 oprs.) 492- 12- 14- A-12 2,531,394-402-2099-AC-48 W3MSK (9 oprs.) 2,492,037-409-2031-AC-48 Southern New Jersey K2DCA 1,106,820-330-1118-AC-80 K2Q1L W2GG1L W2GGT 505.761-223-756- B-70 318 120-221-482-4 C-87 291,375-185-525- (1-60 W2SDB 280,368-177-528- C-58 W2HDW 233,016-152-511- A-30 228,435-157-485- B-50 W2QDY W2FYS/2 190,230-170-373-A-45 K2AA/2 (WA2HSP, opr.) 164,169-180-304-164,169-180-304- A-33 84,713-111-195- C-20 60,600-101-200- C-13 K2AGU

21.105- 67-105- B-11

WB2TEN

K2BG

TO	P TEN	W/V	Έ	High	Scor	ers
	Under	150	W	atts O	nly	
	C.W.			ł	Phone	

	Under 150	Watts Only
	C.W.	Phone
	K1ZND731,557	W8ECA320,544
	W4BRB707,183	K1THQ306,600
	3C2NV605,472	K9DVZ271,544
	WB2CON 494,988	WB6LCS237,600
	WB2PGM421,110	WA1DJG235,343
	K5ABV	W5HVV/7 220,158
	K4GSS	WB2CON189,618
	W4WYJ	WA9HJM164,472
	W3DPJ260,001	W1DYE/1159,996
	WA3GTX256,836	K3TGM152,295
	WA0G1A	101 GML
Б	20EA 19,467- 63-103- A-12	W9EBY 5,292- 36- 49- A-26
Ŵ	VA2IZS 14,742- 54- 91- C-	WA9QBM 4,212- 27- 52- A-13
K	(2IEO) 11.076-52-71-A-14	WA9NWK 3,276-28-39- A-5
Ŋ	V2NSJ 9,945- 51- 65- A-	WA9REN 1,980- 22- 30- A- 7
	V2NSJ 9,945-51-65-A- V2EBW 8,892-38-78-B-16 2SQM 8,610-41-70-B-17	WA9PYY 1,020- 17- 20- A-14 WA9RAT 885- 14- 20- A- 6
19	A2SQM 8,610- 41- 70- B-17 V2HAZ 468- 12- 13- A- 2	WA9RAT 885-14-20-A-6 W9MKL 867-17-17-AC-7
Ŵ	VB2GTE 405- 0- 15- C- 3	WA9QXT 147- 7- 7- A- 5
h	(2VU 48- 4- 4- A-	WA9SVR 108- 6- 6- B- 4
V	2VU 48- 4- 4- A- VA2BLV (WA2BLV, WB2MOQ)	WA9RLF 48- 4- 4- A- 1
	558,750-250-745- C-	W9GIM (W98 ERC EVX GIM)
	Western New York	390,949-221-595- C-92
Б		W9YYG (K9ATZ, W9YYG) 370,071-231-547- C-55
	X2LWR 87C,876-286-1022- C-76 VA2UJM 603,807-271-739- B-83	010001-201-011- 0-00
V	VB2CON 494,988-247-668- A-78	Indiana
V	VB2PGM 424,110-211-670- A-66	W9IOP 1,512,618-339-1489- ('-90
V	VA2BEX 344,100-185-620- B-66	W9LKI 291,276-174-558- C-35
-Y	V21.JX 282,240-192-490- B-80	K9CUY 241,362-198-425- (1-71
	X2KTK 220,272-208-353- C-30 V2SSC 240,051-161-497- C-33	K9DWK 205,350-185-370- C-41 W9JQD 87,048-117-248- C-25
	V2BJH 219,618-189-388- (-58	W9ZTD 61,146- 86-237- (-37
v	VA2GHW 190.881-167-381- C-73	WA9AUM 42,021- 87-161- A-20
ų	V2UVE 168,744-178-316- (\-36	K9IHG 38,475- 95-135- C-25
	21NP 160,512-176-304- C-33	K9VQK 20,493- 69- 99- A-37
	V2FXA 141,825-155-305- C-14	W9UTQ 3,600- 30- 40- B-20 W9DGA 495- 11- 15- A- 2
	V2SEI 103.161-137-251-BC-39 VB2HZH 93,062-158-198- C-45	W9DGA 495-11-15-A-2
Ŵ	V2PGU 68,532- 89-256- A-31	Wisconsin
	V2CUI 40,890- 94-155- B-17	
W	2FUI 23,424- 61-129- A-45	W9EWC (W9LKJ. opr.) 1,358,016-352-1286-AC-94 W9GIL 560,712-244-766- C-
N	V2QQ (W2PZI, opr.)	W9GIL 5030704052-1247566 C 560,712-244-766 C W97ZP 507,840-230-736 C 507,840-230-736 C W91HN 361,638-222-543 C W95CZ 62,694 - 81-258 C W95CZ 62,694 - 81-258 C W95CZ 62,694 - 81-258 C -49 W90V 29,475 - 75-131 C -11
u	13,500- 4)-100- C- V2VXA 11,520- 48- 80- B-34	W9VZP 507,840-230-736- C-71 W9RQM 506,268-246-686- C-58
	V2ICO 10.692- 44- 81- A-17	WOLLEN 261 629 200 542 (* 70
Ŵ	A201L 3,648- 32- 38- A-20	W91HN 361,638-222-543- (-70 W9SCZ 62,694- 81-258- (-49
W	2DGV 3,240- 30- 36- B- 6	W9SCZ 62,694-81-258- C-49 W9OW 29,475-75-131- C-11 WA9IAT 14,151-53-89-B-15 B-15
K	2KNV 1,425- 10- 25- C- 3	WASIAL (+, (a)= aa= as= a= (a
- 11	N2YQH ×19- 13- 21- A- 3	W9Rft 3,432= 26= 44= C= 8
n	2CC (4 oprs.) 218,943-159-459-BC-62	WA9RGK 2,829-23-41- A-4
	210,010-100-100-000	WA90TH 2,808- 24- 39- A- WA9NSR 1,994- 24- 27- A- 4
	Western Pennsylvania	W9AEM 1.650- 22- 25- A-
Π	V3LOE 1,151,213-371-1035- C-78	K9YDY 1,248-16-27-A-4
W	VA3EIN 86,766-124-233- B-53	WA9PTG 798-14-19- B-7
W	VA3BGE 18,166- 62- 98- A-14	K9DZG 351- 0- 13-AB- 4
- 11	VA3AWR 4,284- 34- 44- A-11 VA3DT1 4,224- 33- 43- A-	W9YT (K9s LBQ OPF ZMS) 382,392-226-564- C-44
ĸ	3PZU 2,475- 25- 33- A- 8	002,002=220=004= 0.=44
Ŵ	V3KQD 489-10-16- A- 2	DAKOTA DIVISION
V	V3VKD (4 oprs.)	Minnesota
	1,521,450-322-1575- C-	KØORK 338,688-196-576- B-48
	CENTRAL DIVISION	WØYCR 237,168-183-437-BC-69
	CENTRAL DIVISION	WØAIH 223,110-185-402- C-18
	Illinois	WAØKDI 64,020-110-194- C-40
	V9IRH 655.659-263-831- C-69	WA0KDS 55,242- 99-186- A-38
	V9HUZ 450,240-268-560- C-69 V9KGK 208,334-161-440- C-52	KØZXE 35,910- 90-133- C-41 WØVIP 20,130- 61-110- C-17
V		WA016PG 15.015-55-91- A-19
V h	(9YOE 206,400-160-430- A-55	WAØEPG 15,015-55-91- A-19 WØKMH 12,240-51-80- 8-22
N M M	A9YOE 206,400-160-430- A-55 V9JGV 135,504-164-312- C-34	WØKMH 12,240- 51- 80- 8-22 WØBHA 9,234- 38- 81- 8-20
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	19YOE 206,400-160-430- A=55 V9JGV 135,504-164-312- C=34 V9UX 148,680-145-328-BC- V9WIO 119,952-136-294- C=18	WØKMH 12.240-51-80-B-22 WØBHA 9.234-38-81-B-20 WAØMKF 3.198-26-41-C-7
4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	(9) YOF 206,40:-160-130- A-55 V9JGV 135,504-164-312- C-34 V9UX 148,680-145-328-BC- V9UX V9WIO 119,952-136-294- C-18 V9BUD 113,014-121-313- C-33	WØKMH 12,240-51-80-8-22 WØBHA 9,234-38-81-8-20 WAØMKF 3,198-26-41-8-7 WAØKIP 1,320-20-22-8-2
ビンクション	(9YOE) 206,402-160-4302 (-3.4) (9JGV) 135,504-164-312- (-3.4) (9UX) 148,680-145-328-187- (-3.4) (9WIO) 119,952-136-294- (-1.18) (9BUD) 113,014-121-313- (-3.3) (9UFO) 113,004-146-258- (-3.7)	WØKMH 12,240-51-80-B-22 WØBHA 9,234-38-81-B-20 WAØMKF 3,198-26-41-C-7
A FAAAAA KA	(9) 'OE 206,40:1-160-430- A-55 (9) GV 135,504-164-312- (1-34) (9) UX 148,680-145-328-B(2- (145-328-B(2- (9) UX 149,952-136-294- (1-18) (9) UI 113,014-121-313- (1-33) (9) UFO 113,004-146-258- (1-37) (9) CW 79,704-108-248- (1-37)	WØKMH 12,240-51-80-8-22 WØBHA 9,234-38-81-8-20 WAØMKF 3,198-26-41-8-7 WAØKIP 1,320-20-22-8-2
A Y A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	(9) YOE 206, 40:1-160-1430- A-55 (9) JGV 135, 504-164-14312- C-34 (9) JX 148, 680-145-328-BC- (9) WBUD 119, 952-138-6244 (9) WBUD 113, 014+21-2134 - C-33 (9) WBUD 113, 014+12-1313 - C-33 (9) WBUD 113, 014+12-1313 - C-33 (9) GSW 79, 704-108-244; C-29 (9) EFS 67, 965-115-107-AC-31	WøKMH 12.240-51-80-8-22 WøBHA 9.234-38-81-820 WAØMKF 3.198-26-41-C-7 WAØKIP 1.320-20-22-A-2 WøKUI 390-10-13-B-8 North Dakota North Dakota
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	9YOE 206,40:1-160-430-A-55 Y9JGV 135,50+161-4312-C-34 Y9JGV 148,680-145-328-BC- Y9WI 149,952-136-294-C-18 Y9BUD 113,01+21-2134-C-33 Y9BUD 113,01+42-134-C-34 Y9BUD 113,01+42-424-C-29 Y9BUD 113,01+42-44-C-29 Y9CSW 70,4-108-244-C-29 Y9EFS 67,965-115-197-AC-31 Y9UFY 35,540-99-165-A-48 Y9UFY 15,540-99-165-A-48	WøKMH 12.240-51-80-8-22 WøBHA 9.234-38-81-8-20 WAØMKF 3.198-26-41-C-7 WAØKIP 1.320-20-22-A-2 WøKUI 300-10-13-8-8 North Dakota WAØQFG (K5PKA, opr.) 177,528-156-380- B-59
V N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	9YOE 206,40:1-160-1430- A-55 Y9JGV 135,504-164-4312- C-34 Y9UX 148,680-145-328-BC- Y9WID 119,952-138-214- C-13 Y9BUD 113,014-121-2134- C-33 Y9BUD 113,014-121-313- C-33 Y9BUD 113,014-121-313- C-33 Y9BUD 113,014-121-313- C-33 Y9BUD 113,014-121-913- C-33 Y9BUS 79,704-108-244- Y9EFS 67,965-115-197-AC-31 Y9DEV 58,509-99-197-AB-33 Y9UIY 45,540-92-165-A-48 Y9VI. 38,376-78-164-C-23	WøfKMH 12,240-51-80-6-22 WøfBHA 9,234-38-81-84-80 WøfBKM 9,234-38-81-84-20 WøfBKMF 3,198-26-41-C-7 WøfBKUP 3,202-20-22-A-2 WøfKUI 3300-10-13-B-8 North Dakota North Dakota WøøgFG (K5PKA, opr.) 177,528-156-380-B-59 Kø£1A 34,935-85-137-B-25
A NAMARA A NAMA A NA	9YOE 206,40:1-160,430; A-55 Y9JGV 135,50+161-4312; C:34 Y9UX 148,680-145-328-BC; Y9WIO 114,952-136;294-5(:18 Y9BUD 113,014+121-313; C:33 90UFO 113,014+121-313; C:33 S9UFO 113,014+121-313; C:33 90UFO 113,014+121-313; C:33 S9UFO 113,014+121-313; C:33 90UFO 113,014+145-258; C:37 S9CSW 79,704+108-244; C:29 90UFX 67,965-115-197-AC:31 90UGX 55,509; 99-197; B-23 90UFY 45,540; 92-165; A-48 Y9VI, 38,376; 78-164; C:23 90UFY 38,376; 78-164; C:23 30,0284; 67:155; H=25	WøfKMH 12,240-51-80-6-22 WøfBHA 9,234-38-81-84-80 WøfBKM 9,234-38-81-84-20 WøfBKMF 3,198-26-41-C-7 WøfBKUP 3,202-20-22-A-2 WøfKUI 3300-10-13-B-8 North Dakota North Dakota WøøgFG (K5PKA, opr.) 177,528-156-380-B-59 Kø£1A 34,935-85-137-B-25
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A N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	9YOE 206,40:1-160-1430- A-55 Y9JGV 135,50+161-4312- C-34 Y9UX 148,680-145-328-BC- Y9WIO 114,952-136-291+ C-18 Y9BUD 113,01+121-313- C-33 J9UFO 113,01+42-258- C-37 J9CSW 79,70+108-246- C-29 Y9EVS 67,965-115-197-AC-31 Y9UYU 45,509-99-197- B-23 Y9UTY 45,509-92-165- A-48 Y9UTY 45,509-92-165- A-48 Y9UTY 45,509-92-165- A-48 Y9UTY 45,509-92-165- A-48 Y9UTY 32,376- 78-164- C-23 Y0MQZ 30,284- 67-15- B-25 Y4DFB 21,336- 56-127- B-40 Y9KDR 20,460- 62-110-AC-12	WøfKMH 12,240-51-80-6-22 WøfBHA 9,234-38-81-84-80 WøfBKM 9,234-38-81-84-20 WøfBKMF 3,198-26-41-C-7 WøfBKUP 3,202-20-22-A-2 WøfKUI 3300-10-13-B-8 North Dakota North Dakota WøøgFG (K5PKA, opr.) 177,528-156-380-B-59 Kø£1A 34,935-85-137-B-25
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	9YOE 206,40:-160-430-A-55 Y9JGV 135,50+161-4312-C-34 Y9JGV 135,50+161-4312-C-34 Y9WIO 119,952-136-234-61-2 Y9WIO 119,952-136-234-61-2 Y9BUD 113,01+412-134-C-33 Y9UFO 113,01+42-246-C-29 Y9EFS 67,965-115-197-AC-31 Y9UFV 15,540-92-165-A-48-23 Y9UFY 15,540-92-165-A-18-23 Y9UTY 18,376-78-165-A-18-23 Y9UTY 18,376-78-165-A-18-23 Y9UTY 13,364-56-127-8-40 Y9MQZ 30,284-67-155-8-25 YA9PFB 21,336-56-127-8-40 Y9KDR 20,460-62-110-AC-12 YA9EXJ 14,352-52-92-A-19	WøfKMH 12,240-51-80. H-22 WøfBHA 9,234-38. R1-H-20 WøfBKM 9,234-38. R1-H-20 WøfBKM 9,234-38. R1-H-20 WøfBKM 3,198-26-41- C-7 WøfKUP 1,320-20-22-A-2 WøfKUP WøfKUP 390-10-13-B-8 B North Dakota North Dakota SepE1A WøfKUP 34,935-85-137-B-25 Wa60VW 9,936-45-72-A-34 WøfCAQ 832-14-21-(1-5) South Dakota WøfBLZ 139,896-134-348. (-24)
A N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	9YOE 206,40:-160-430-A-55 Y9JGV 135,50+161-4312-C-34 Y9JGV 135,50+161-4312-C-34 Y9UVI 148,680-145-328-BC- Y9WIO 119,952-136-234-C-13 Y9BUD 113,01+12-134-C-33 Y9UFO 113,01+42-248-C-29 Y9EFS 67,965-115-197-AC-31 Y9UFV 15,540-92-165-A-48 Y9UFY 15,540-92-165-A-48 Y9UTY 18,376-78-165-A-18 Y9VT 13,0284-67-155-B-25 Y0MQZ 30,284-67-155-B-25 Y0MQZ 30,284-67-155-B-27-B-40 Y9KDR 20,460-62-110-AC-12 YA9EKJ 14,352-52-92-A-19	WøKMH 12,240-51-80- B-22 WøBHA 9,234-38-81- H-20 WøBKIP 3,198-26-41- C-7 WøKIP 1,320-20-22- A-2 WøKUI 390-10-13- B-8 North Dakota North Dakota NAØQFG WAØQFG (K5PKA, opr.) 177,528-156-380- HA92 9,335-85-137- H-25 WAØCAQ 832-14-21- ('-5) South Dakota South Dakota South Dakota

October 1967

	Irkansas
K5TYW	80.724-124-217- (1-20
WA50WZ	21,240- 60-118- A-18
	Louisiana
W5KC	427.314-229-622- C-60
W5BUK	271,488-202-448- C-57
W5BJG	14,400- 60- 80- B-35
W5MOQ	13,338- 57- 78- C-16
WA5JWU	8,241- 41- 67- B-11
W5JFB	540- 12- 15- A-

Mississippi

	2.1 100100 pp	
K51IN	443,538-246-601-	C-66
W5CKY	308,256-247-416-	C-38
W5MUG	119.472-152-262-	-
W5WZ	25,185- 73-115-	A-30
WA5HEC	10,500- 50- 70-	A-30
	Tennessee	
W4NBV	595.602-261-763-	C-70

W4NBV W4RKV W4EWR 150,630-149-337- C-60 3,132- 29- 37- B-288- 8- 12- B- 3 W40GG

GREAT LAKES DIVISION

	Kentucky	
WA4TWB	73,500-100-245-	C-37
W4CVI	66,120-145-152-	A-39
W4MPV	35,298- 74-159-	C-10
K4GOU/4	13,356- 53- 84-	в-
K4DZM	5,880- 40- 49-	B-11
WA4ZIR	1.518- 22- 33-	A- 3

Michigan

	mucaigan	
W8DUS	577,710-262-735- C-85	W8ZJM
W8RXY	453,435-215-703- (1-80)	W8GQU
WA8RGT	233,037-189-411- (-40	W8ZCQ
W8VPC	201,402-167-402- C-45	WA8RW
W8EW	143,445-131-365-AC-48	WA8FDI
K8HZU	140,094-129-362-BC-31	WA8TPI
W8SCU	79,500-106-250- (-34	W8CLD
W8WVU	49,350- 94-175- A-57	W8AJW
K8CGD	35,697- 73-163- B-34	W8ELE
W8DGP	29,028- 59-164- A-20	W80MK
W8EEZ	15,456- 46-111- C-19	K8EHU
W8SS	11,232- 48- 78- C-14	W8FDC
WA8CZH	5.766- 31- 62- B- 2	WA801A
W8TWJ	4,590- 34- 45- C- 8	W8NPF
WA80FW	4.092- 31- 44- C-18	WA8KP(
W8EXP	1.425- 19- 25- A- 7	W8YGR
K8HKM	972-18-18- A-18	W80KB
WA80SL	900-15-20- A- 6	WA8MC
WA8MCQ		W80XQ
11201204	100- 11- 11- 11- 1	1002.10





 WA0CPX
 5,184-36-48 C-15
 W8UM (8 oprs.)
 3,007,800-450-2228-BC-96

 DELTA
 DIVISION
 3,007,800-450-2228-BC-96
 W80(1LY (WA8s (1LY HPJ))

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 K5TYW_
 80,724-124-217 (-20)
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 .27,729 .79-117

K8ZXM	42,660-	79-180-	A-33
W8UEX	42.042-	98-143-	C-16
W8GOC	35,313-	79-149-	A-
W8LUZ	34,125-	91-135-	C-14
K8SBZ	32.550-	62-175-	B-42
WA8TYF	31,098-	71-146-	A-24
	Mariana ang Kangalan	85.007.57 Automations	5. .



That little message reflects the feelings of the **W8UM** crew after two months of preparation in cold snowy weather that saw the main tower fall two days before the first weekend. Last year they thought it couldn't be done but (left to right) here's the successful task force, WB2FIT W8FAW W8VSK W8CQN and K2SIL.

Ohio W8YCF 541,492-283-644- C-61 381,231-231-551-BC-76 373,824-236-528- C-50 V8ZCQ 373,824-236-528- C-50 VA8RWU 358,248-236-506-AC-67 VA8FDL 292,608-192-508- B-56 283,662-206-459- B-67 A8TPL 187,995-151-415- C-70 152,496-144-353- A-49 147,201-139-353-AC-65 V8GMK 129,987-143-303- B-37 123,255-165-249-AC-29 110,559-134-275- C-59 100,464-104-322- B-66 VA8C1A 91,134-122-249- C-43 89,250-125-238- C-28 A8KPO V8YGR 83,952-132-212- B-18 79,596-134-198- C-73,485-115-213- C-21 VA8MCR. 68,310-115-198- A-32

25,920- 64-135- A-20 24,570- 78-105- C-16 22,230- 65-114- C-W8MKE K8BSM W8PKU WA8TNO 20,670- 65-106-W80DH W8HSK 19,758- 74- 89- B-15 19,404- 66- 98- C-19 K8NMG 18,786- 62-101-WA8LVT W8BUM 17,472- 52-112- B-26 16,848- 72- 78- B-13 16,005- 55- 97- C-16 W8KC 15,120- 60- 84- B-10 13,311- 51- 87- B-10 12,768- 56- 76- C-10 (1,928- 56- 71-AB-25 ICSPCS W8KMF K8BPX W8ICF 8,385- 43- 65- C-15 7,236- 36- 67- A-5,328- 37- 48- B- 8 K8GVK W'SILC WA8SRO 5,328-37-48- D-6 5,310-30-59- A-37 4,653-33-47- B-7 4,536-36-42- C-13 3,996-36-37- C-9 W8BSR W8VZE 4,536-36-42-4,536-36-42-3,996-36-37-2,958-29-34-4,-12 2,958-29-34-A-12 A-12 A-14 A W8AJH WA8EZW W8KYD WA8MQQ W8DZG 2,046- 22- 31- B- 4 1,482- 19- 26- A- 4 243- 9- 9- B- 9 WA8LWH W84EB K8KRN K8DZR

168- 7- 8- A- 2 168- 7- 8- A- 2 3- 1- 1- A- 1 KSPXD W8EDU (W8s AJR AZA, WA8MGI) 237.762-189-420-C-64 WA8LKJ (WA8s ADJ OHS RCN) 51,243- 93-184-AB-39 W8DKI (W8DKI, WA8PZA)

6.669- 39- 57- C- 8

HUDSON DIVISION

Eastern New York

K8PYD

W2MEL
1,173-395-331-1183- C-80
WA20JD 576,816-244-788- C-54
W2HO 559,602-241-744- C-72
W2HSZ 327,375-225-485- B-45
WB2YNX 47,376-112-144-AC-39
WB2UDF 38,916- 69-188- A-33
W2AWF 54,428- 76-151-BC-15
K2AJA 28,560- 80-119- B- 7
WB2HBI 20,460- 62-110- A-
WB2UVD 10,767- 37- 97- A-37
W2IP 3,132-29-36- 8-
WB2WRH 192- 8- 8- A- 1
K2SSX/2 48- 4- 1-AC- 1
W2YWO (W2YWO, WA2CFG)
339,270-215-526- B-84
N.Y.CL.I.
WB2CKS

KØTPE 1,166.499-339-1157- C-80 KØGPF

W2GGE

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W2GGE 1,118,271-329-1139- (*70) W2LXK 906,300-300-1007-BC-72 WA2UWA 588,336-238-824- B-60 W2IRV 502,994-248-676- B-57 W2SUC 423,384-236-598- (2-47 389,856-248-524- (1-35 283,095-233-405- (1-30 W2AYJ W2GKZ W2WZ W2YCW W2YCW W2ZKQ 263,520-180-488- C-27 262,086-209-418- (2-35 WB2FON 213,954-169-422-AC-32 W9RDD 178.011-171-347- C-31 174.348-167-348- C-43 99,750-133-250- A-51 W2AZS W2ZV WB2PCF 52,020- 85-204- B-26 37,638- 82-154- B-21 W2HAE W2CKR 33,102- 51-205- B-36 W20 Kr. 29,250-65-150. 8-54 W27 VT 29,250-65-150. 8-54 DJ1ZN/W2 26,151- 69-127- 8-30 W2NC4 25,480-70-122- A-32 WB2JOX 23,855-71-112- C-16 W2FQG 22,875-61-125- A-24 WB2RNL 22,374-66-113- A-21 -1,374-66-113- A-21 22,374-00-113- A-21 11,139-47-79- C-10 7,068-38-62-AB-13 6,018-34-59- A-12 5,106-37-46- B-3 4,500-30-50- B-21 WA2FNY WA2YJN W2JB K2UVV W2AFM 2,464-28-30- B-4 2,028-26-26- A-4 1,254-19-22- B-7 K2QOU WB2QHQ W2RPZ W2NHH 1,122- 17- 22-A-12 **W2HGR** 396- 11- 12- B- 1 WA2LQU (7 oprs.)

232.686-186-417- C-60

Northern New Jersen

WØFDL WØHNA

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B-11

26.880- 80-112- C-

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W2VJN 1,	543,566-409-1258-	C-78
K2GUN	731,442-303-808-	C-71
WB2CRX	471,096-216-727-8	C-70
W2HUG	249,054-186-481-	A-56
WA2HIU	200,940-170-394-	B-60
WA2VSQ	167,814-142-394-	R-65
K2DNL	165,825-165-335-	8-40
W2KHT	150,213-161-311-	8-10
K2KFP	147,888-158-312-	B-27
W2LYO	121.365-155-261-	B-32
WB2RJJ	87,123-113-257-	A-54
WB2RKK	85,122-122-234-	A-42
W21WP	74,520-120-207-	A-31
W2HL	72,324-123-196-	C-18
WB2NZU	71,253- 91-261-	A-
WB2GGO	66,708-109-204-	A-42
W2NEP	61,605-111-185-	A-18
W2DMJ	55,536-104-178-	A-22
WB2TFK	35,200- 92-200-	A-32
K2AEC	45,600- 80-190-	B-55
WA2ZEŻ	42,120- 90-156-	H-38
W2JKH	16,863- 73- 77-	A-10
WB2PMK	8,775- 39- 75-	A- 9
W2C1Y	8,178- 47- 58-	B-12
W2ADP	5,957- 37- 55-	A-26
WB20HK	5,358- 38- 47-	Ć.
WA2IDM	2,772- 28- 33-	B- 6
WB2NLH	2,415-23-36-	A-21
WB2VIS	330- 10- 11-	A-
W2MNW	243- 9- 9-	A- 7
K2USA (4	oprs.)	
	529,970-226-785-	C-90
WB2WID	(WB2s UGX WII	ນັ້ັ
	31,434- 62-160-	

MIDWEST DIVISION Iowa

	110,001-200-011- (
WØHNA	300,120-205-488- C-60
WØCQC	139,464-156-298- B-49
WØBSY	130.032-144-301- C-46
WAØKXJ	
	5,700- 38- 50- A-12
WAØKST	2,550- 25- 34- B-13
	Kansas
	N 4 H 3 L 8
WØINH	70,110-123-190- (4-31
KØBYC	24.024- 77-104- A-53
WØWPL	13.635- 45-101- B-44
WØIEM	9.798- 46- 71- B-29
11 DILDIN	2,730- 40- 71- D-23
	Missouri
	. 1 1000011
WØBMM	
	402,054-226-593- C-75
WØTDR	402,054-226-593- C-75 347,424-224-517- C-63
WØTDR WAØEMS	402,054-226-593- C-75 347,424-224-517- C-63 336,384-192-584- C-55
WØTDR WAØEMS WØOAW	402,051-226-593- C-75 347,424-224-517- C-63 336,384-192-584- C-55 267,243-229-389-BC-74
WØTDR WAØEMS WØOAW WØRSZ	402,054-226-593- C-75 347,424-224-517- C-63 336,384-192-584- C-55 267,243-229-389-BC-74 74,400-120-207- B-55
WØTDR WAØEMS WØOAW WØRSZ KØGSV	402.054-226-593- (1-75 347,424-224-517- (1-63 336,384-192-584- (1-55 267,243-229-389-B(1-74 74,400-120-207- B-55 44,982- 98-153- (1-12
WØTDR WAØEMS WØOAW WØRSZ	402,054-226-593- C-75 347,424-224-517- C-63 336,384-192-584- C-55 267,243-229-389-BC-74 74,400-120-207- B-55
WØTDR WAØEMS WØOAW WØRSZ KØGSV	402,054-226-593- (1-75 347,424-224-517- (1-63 336,384-192-584- (1-55 267,243-229-389-B(1-74 74,400-120-207- B-55 44,982-98-153- (1-12 42,777- 97-147- B-
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	Connecticut	KØO. W4N	RК	• Da	ikota Ita	Køl		WØIVZ
W1BIH 1,26 W1ECH 8	8,064-336-1258- C-71 350,626-301-942- B-70	W8D	US W8U	JM Gre	eat Lakes udson	K81	DOC 2FON	WA8GUF K2GL
KIZND 7 WIBGD* 4	731,557-277-881- A-70 429,885-233-615- C-40	W2V WØF	DL	. <i>M</i>	idwest	WA	ØEMS	WØLTE
WIDIT 2	340,416-192-59135 220,800-184-400- C-51	K1D W7M	IX W78	FA N	ew England orthwestern	W7	DIR ESK	WIYQF
WITX 17	211,464-198-356- B-45 6,472-152-387-ABC-33 157,950-117-450- C-	W6W W4K	FC W4E	BVV Ro	icific nanoke	W4	OHJ QCW	W6UMI W4BVV
WIAH 1	157,950-117-450- 150,398-139-367-BC-55 134,808-137-328- B-33	W5D W4L			ocky Mountai n utheastern		GAA AXE	W4ZYS
WIBDI 1	13,230-130-291-BC-37 94,119-137-229- B-28	W617 W5B			uthwestern est Gulf		<i>ITA</i> KTR	W6CCP W5EHY
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K1HTV	27,454-74-124- A-37 25,620-70-122- A-		Montana 14,912-126-304- C-	W6CNA 25 WB6TOJ		- B-68	W6JKJ W6ISQ	275,310-190-483- C-42 258,336-184-468- C-45
W1EZM K1THQ WA1FGN	17,172-54-106- A-29 3,978-26-51- A-3 1,932-23-28- B-4		20,223- 63-107- A-	20 WOAW	16,680- 40-139 (K6ALH, W6RG	G)	WAGYMX W6DZZ VE3DXV	210,864-184-382- C-76 199,920-170-392- C-50
W1LVQ*	300- 10- 10- B- 1 1s QIS WPR,	W7BTH	Oregon 64,386- 98-219- C-	21	532,080-240-739 Bacramento Valley	- U-80	K6HOR	196,992-152-432- C-57 157,320-152-345- C-44
WAICYI	97,920-120-272- C-	W7PJC	57,672- 72-272- A- 52,248- 84-209- C- 28,896- 43-224- A-	35 W6NKR	390,661-241-541 /6309.843-199-519		W6VVR	124,848-136-306- C-30 81,732- 98-278- B-59
	rn Massachusetts	WA7ANB	27,537- 67-137-BC- 21,546- 57-126- C-	26 W6EOU	237,744-156-508	- C-76	W6PLS K6CQF	77,499-109-237- C-32 56,604-106-178- C-
W1BPW	17,174-382-1583- C-81 79,450-350-1428-AC-68	W7ACC/7 WA7CAC	10,701- 41- 87- C- 9,657- 37- 87- A-	24 K6DQB	4,500- 30- 50 2,601- 17- 51	- A-19	W6CBE WB6KRW	
W1JYH 1.4	01,177-359-1301- C-64 29,781-309-1003- C-60	K7KCZ	231- 7-11- B-	5 W6BIL	756-14-18	- B-	W6ATO W6KHS W6QDE	42,240- 64-220- C- 36,654- 82-14918 28,296- 72-131- C-23
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W1DDO W1PLJ	29,700- 99-100- A-19 4,836- 31- 52- B-12		T	XM	$\vec{\mathbf{x}}$		K6LY (W VE3DR	5FPI, W7YAQ, V)
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	2,442- 22- 37- B- ew Hampshire	L'AN NOLAT			\swarrow			IOKE DIVISION North Carolina
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W1AGP W1YRC K1UKC	127,800-150-284- A-38 70,308-108-217- C-15 34,272- 84-136- B-36			(W25	uc)		WA4IKU W4DMT	657,720-290-756- C-80 263,670-170-517-AB-70
WA1BLC WIRFQ	31,317- 73-143- A- 10.665- 45- 79- B- 8		Vashington		San Francisco		WAKEO	Virginia
KIUJX	765-15-17- A-4 (WA18 BOP GGD)	W7VRO 2	46,510-165-498- C- 14,245-135-529- C- 26 803- 79 156- C	55 WA6IVN	393,543-219-599 4 337,746-181-622 560,222,951,74	- (-61	W4KFC W4CKD	749,840-368-1585- C-74 659,232-327-672- C-68
	22,525 - 53-178-AB-37 Vermont		36.893- 79-156- C- 17,568- 48-122- B- 13,923- 51- 91- A-	10 ΚΒΑΝΡ	560.232-251-74 249.975-185-506 176.565-149-395	- C-70	W4PTR W4YGY	649.587-271-799- C-72 620,016-266-777- B-66
KINHR WIETV	44,175- 93-158- B-24 22,557- 73-103- A-15	WA7BDF WA7FOE	9,849-49-67-A- 5,184-24-72-A-	30 W6CYV 15 ع	65,007- 93-233		W4DKU W4ZSH	392,418-234-559- C-47 359,315-235-511- C-65
Weste	rn Massachusetts	W7DZW W7SFA (W7	3,425-25-47- B- 8 DC HAX SFA)	W6UJ	nn Jonquin Valley 429,495-209-685		W4CQI K4GSS W4DVT	316,992-208-508- B-42 309,843-199-521- A-54 271,846-218-415- C-55
W1EZD	472,149-261-603- C-40 285,120-180-533- C-		5,120-270-1352-AC- IC DIVISION	96 W6KTW W6QQW W6BYH	261,096-184-473 15,141-49-103 2,310- 32- 35	I- ()-37	WA4IVL W4MOJ	271,846-218-415- (C-55 201,960-153-441- C-48 186,366-178-351- C-54
W1UUK W1YK (40			East Bay	W6FYM W6MMH	1,827-21-29	- C-7	K4WUY W4CRW	167,739-143-391- C-31 158,925-163-325- A-62
	72,261-111-217- A-21	W6LLD :	06,575-195-698- C- 87,168-218-593- C-	51 60 S	Santa Clara Valley		W4ZM K4AEV	129,438-153-282- C-18 119,136-136-292- C-12
	THWESTERN	W6EWN 9	217,405-183-396- C- 208,656-168-414- C- .80,960-104-580- C-	23 W6CUF	828,828-276-1001 792,945-263-1005 582,876-252-771	i- C-66	W4GF W4AMP W4ZSH	85,120-112-254- C-18 21,948- 62-118- A-22 12,535- 57- 85- B-
K7CPC	Idaho 44.229- 69-208- A-40	W6KJS 1 W6FLT 1	.59,294-139-382- C- .17.936-112-351- C-	33 K6ERV 50 W6KEV	323,010-185-582 316,932-196-539	- C-40 - C-48	W4KM8 K4UYY	12.084- 53- 76- B-15 8.556- 46- 62- A-15
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W4NXE 5,250- 35- 50- B-13	K55TL 335,475-213-525- C-72	WA4HOM 3,534- 31- 38- C-	Georgia
W4JVN 390-10-13- A- 3	W5DWB 202,491-151-477-AB-40 W5QBV 23,010- 85-118- (-18	WA4WAO 3,108-28-37- (-7 K4KJD 1,326-17-26- (-7	W4DXI 574,740-279-689-AC-79
W4BVV (7 oprs.) 1.790.980-477-3348-AC-96	K5MAT 10,656-48-74- A-17	WB4ADT 1.134-18-21- A- 9	WA4CZM 12,831-47-91-A-25 WA4EPM 2.886-26-37-A-12
K4ZA/4 (5 oprs.)		WN4ENX 48- 4- 4- A- 1	WB4DRA 75- 5- 5- A- 6
1,441,650-350-1373- 8-48	Utah		
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1,199,622-323-1238-AC-48	K7OXB 94,500-105-300- C-30 W7EZC 5,538- 26- 71- A-14	W4LCP 949,494-329-962- C-76	K4OA 274,023-199-459- C-49
West Virginia		W4BRB 707,183-287-819- A-85	
WA8QYK 10,920- 56- 65- A-34	Wyoming	K4YYL 508,515-251-755- C-65 W4WYJ 288,360-216-447- A-44	SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION
W8BKK 2,016- 24- 28- A-	W7PSO 70,686-102-231- C-29	W4KET 243,747-219-371- C-39	
WA8HSB 1,350- 18- 25- A-11	SOUTHEASTERN	W4HOS 219.024-208-351- B-56	.1rizona
BOORN MOLINITAIN		W4EIE 194,856-184-353- C-53	W9ERU/7 552,500-260-714- C-87
ROCKY MOUNTAIN	DIVISION	W4FRO 119,103-159-265-AC-27	W7PGX 440,073-243-605- C-66
DIVISION	DIVISION Alabama	W4FRO 119,100-150-265-AC-27 W4FZW 108,054-138-261- A-35	W7PGX 440,073-243-605- C-66 W7AYY 284,598-163-582- C-61
DIVISION Colorado	DIVISION Alabama W4GRG 635,964-268-791- (7-80)	W4FR() 119,100-150-265-AC-27 W4FZW 108,054-138-261- A-35 W4BYB 70,956- 81-292- A-58	W7PGX 440,073-243-605- C-66 W7AYY 284,598-163-582- C-61 W7IMA 272,550-230-395- B-48
DIVISION Colorado WAØCVS 248,886-198-419- C-50	DIVISION .4labama W4GRG 635.964-268-791- (80 W4FVY 205.590-178-385- (39	W4FR0 119,100-150-285-AC-27 W4FZW 108,054-138-261- A-35 W4BYB 70,956- 81-292- A-58 WB4DJT 68,587-107-214- B-58	W7PGX 440,073-243-605- C-66 W7AYY 284,598-163-582- C-61
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DIVISION Colorado WAØCVS 248,886-198-419- C-50 VE7BHN/WØ 17,419- 99-228- C-32 WØLBP 13,455- 39-11516 WØEXS 8,424- 39- 72- A-35 WØKFX 1,224- 17- 24- B- 3	DIVISION Alabama W4GRG 635.964-268-791- C-80 W4EVY 205.530-178-385- C-39 W44CGS 187.813-188-333- C-42 W4KVC 177.855-167-355- C-35 W4DII 101.010-130-259- C-31 W4NML 07.710-122-185- C-33 W4NML 07.710-122-185- C-33 W4NML 07.710-122-185- C-34 W4NML 07.710-122-185- C-34	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	WTPCX 440.073-213-605- C-66 W7AYY 284,598-163-582- (-61) W7IMA 272,550-230-395- B-48 W7ATV 208,054-193-360- C-51 W7ATV 208,054-193-360- C-51 W7ENA 9,960- 72-151- -20 K7TVS 9,960- 40- 83- A-49 W7UUU 2,574- 26- 33- A-16 Los Angeles
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HL9U8*		ļ		440		VØWL	ł		343		345
JAICIB				633 647		FXWKE 5ARTEK*			492		
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KR6AB		}		482		HPIJC			352	666	785
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F2YS	1	1			325	WPAN/KH6			555	553	1062
F3KW			938	1375	729	X6DB			462	445	560
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G3CAZ		1	448 335	$338 \\ 665$	612 670	K3ARX ZK1AR			664	429	595
G3IAR G3LNO	1	1	000	443		ZLIAGO	!!!		328	334	337
G3SME*			380	509	514	ZLIKG			871	685	732
GJUML		1	650	557	650	ZL3QH			888	450	477
G3USF		1			561	110.075					574
G4JZ		1	$ 451 \\ 607 $	$\frac{394}{1232}$	$\begin{array}{c}1234\\636\end{array}$	E6EF CE6EZ			763	999	1382
GB2DX* GM3BCL	ļ	[007	1232	874	CX2CN			100	500	815
HB9DX				339	01.2	CX9CO	} 1		556	432	522
IIBAF			1197	1365		HK3RQ			1961	1588	773
IIFLD			363	-433	377	HK4KL		l I	1360	1280	527
IIKPK			418		425	PY1BYK/7		l	$\frac{424}{371}$	724	367
IIMOL		1	1014 563		-	PY2NM*			1378	571	527
I1QMJ I1RB*	1		534	690		YV5BPG		J	667	689	339
ISIVAZ			560	159	375	SRIG	1	1			468
LAIH			335	371		* Multi-operator S	tation.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
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QST for

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W6TED 493,506-222-741- C-50 W6MUB 340,389-185-610- C-68 WB6IQI W6VNJ W6FSJ 255, 130-178-479- C-45 234, 168-167-168- C-47 228,150-169-450-226,150-109-450-170,940-140-407-162,540-140-387-157,500-125-420-152,862-146-349-152,862-136-349-C-54 148,365-135-367-C-53 W6RCV K6YYQ WB6LED W6NEX KEYRD W6AM W6PQT W6EJJ 119.246-109-366- C-40 94,656-136-232- C-30 80,640-112-240-AC-56 60,040-112-240-AC-56 60,300-100-201- C-52,170- 94-185- C-26 50,730- 89-190- C-WB6MOC W6JZP W6FRZ 49,170-110-149- C-32 45,075- 75-201- A-50 43,788- 89-164- C-54 WA6URY WA6KHK W6APH 41.736- 74-188-41.712- 88-158-WOONG A-30 W6IBD -K5JZN (K5. WB6UHF 36,465- 65-187- A-22 WOUED 23,598- 57-414-• 21,384- 66-108-4,875- 25- 65- C- 8 2,052- 18- 38- C- 4 W6TMP W6HS W5BRR W6BUD K5ABV W6FZX 1,638-21-26- A- 6 1,620-18-30- A- 7 1,482-19-26- C- 2 W5MCO WB6TMC K5QMC W5LJT W6DGH 990-15-22- B-4 210- 7-10- B-1 27- 3- 3- C-1 K6SUC WA5OKC WA5ENK WB6LCS/6 W6AM/6 W5ULN W6RW (9 oprs.) 2,734,884-418-2180-AC-94 K6CEO(K6s/CEO DDO) W5ACL W5AC (7 op K6CEO (K6s CEO J DD) 217,800-150-484. C-70 WB6HGU (WB6s HGU NWK) 105,948-108-327- C-96 K6OYG (K6s OYG TTJ) 55,404- 76-245- C-67 Orange VO1HH WB6CWD 466,320-240-650- C-60 W6SRF 264,075-175-503- C-40 W6ARD 146,700-150-326- A-56 W6AMO 44,814 - 77-194- A-50 W6QFU 33,406- 85-131- B-34 W6QFU 31,406- 85-131- B-34 VOIAW VEIEK VE1IM VE1AE 3C1ZT WBERTJ 21,285- 55-129- C-19 15,264-53-96- C-WB6PFV 1,152-13-32- A-10 W6ANN (W68 ANN DFY, WA6GLD) 3C2NV VE2WA 3C2BV VE2AYU WA6GLDD) 737,586-261-942- C-88 W6CCP (W6s CCP HOH) 436,278-178-838-3C2DCW (V VE3ES VE3DBB San Diego 148.863-143-347- B-57 30,240- 72-140- B-35 12,528- 48- 87- A-15 W6CHV VE3WB WB6IEX K6CNV VE3IJ WA6DMN 9.576-38-84-B-13 W6GBI 4.617-27-57-WB6VKB 912-16-19-A-15 W6DCM (WA5CAC, K7WPC) 1,551- 11- 47- C-Sunta Barbara 219,000-200-365- C-52 150,732-159-316- C-28 12,804- 44- 97- A-3,276- 28- 39- A- 6 3,128- 23- 46- A-10 W6AGO W6ULS WB6SCQ W6GEB WB6DPV WEST GULF DIVISION Northern Texas

WA5BFB (WA5CBE, opr.)	
544,877-279-651- C-7	
WA5JMK 182,880-160-381- C-3	
WA5RQA 102,582-139-246- C-3	9
W50BS 67,628-106-214- C-5	3
WA5JSI 44,232- 97-152- C-5	i0
WA5PQI 31,440- 80-131 - A-2	5
W5QG 9,348- 41- 76- A-1	3
W5PQY 8,280- 40- 69- C-1	9
WA5LFD 5.022- 31- 54- A-	
WA5BXC 4.752- 33- 48- B-2	8
WA5AUR/5 1,122- 17- 22- A-1	0
W5MSG 540-12-15- B-	7
WA5NHI 126- 6- 7- A-	5

October	1967

Oklahoma

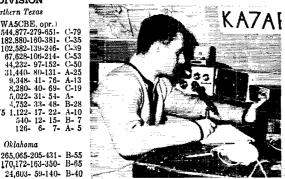
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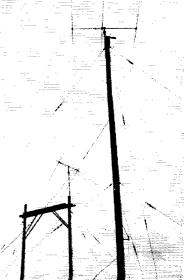
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C.W					Р	hone	
Single Operator	Multio	perator		Single ()	perator	Multioperato	r
ZD8J JA1CWZ GI3OQR HI8XAL KH6IJ PY2BGL *Single-operator con	OH2 KL7 LU1	KFG AM AIZ DAY	Africa Asia Europe N. A. Oceania S. A. mpions win th	ZS6I KA7. DJ60 HI82 KH6 HK3 e plaqu	AB QT CAL IJ RQ	3C3FJZ/SU KA9MF OH2AM KL7WAH KS6BV PY2NM	
JZN (K5JZN, WA5KF) 47,460- 70-220		VE3FID VE3BS	12,528- 58- 7 11,715- 55- 7	1- A- 9	VQ9AR	Seychelles 602,280-140-1463-	A-
Southern Texas BRR 790,128-279-94 ABV 361,383-233-517	- A-72		6,480- 40- 5 3,627- 31- 3 (3C3s FYF GCS 100,764-108-31	9- A-)	ZD5M	Swaziland 25,245- 51- 165-	
MCO 109,368-147-248 QMC 81,360-120-220 6LJT 54,495-105-173 A5OKC 7,296-38-6 A5ENK 3,042-26-39	5- B-72 3- C-13 4- A-14	VE3UR (VE5PM VE5DP	VE3s CTJ UR) Saskatchewan 56,448- 98-19 15,219- 57- 8		ZD8J	Ascension Island 1,380,942-214-2151-) 123,165-105- 391-	A. A
SULN 612-12-1 SACL 126-6- SAC (7 oprs.) 386,022-202-63	7- A- 4 7- C- 1	VE5DZ	1,326- 17- 2 /E5s DK UF) 491,385-235-72	7- A-12	ZS5RS ZS6FN ZS6AJU	South Africa 700,770-142-1645- 258,984-132- 654- 152,746-106- 481-	A- A-
CANADIAN DIVISION		3C6ASH VE6SX VE6VV	Alberta 43,452- 71-20 18,144- 54-11 4,563- 33- 4	2- A-	ZS6CW ZS10	28,812- 49- 196- 56- 4- 5- Tanganyika	A. A.
Maritime		3C6ATH	2,604- 28- 3		5H3KJ	243,712-112- 726-	A
1HH 195,951-147-47 1AW 167,085-141-39 1EK 55,536-89-20 1IM 47,472-92-17	5-AC-40 3- A-32	VE7HQ	British Columbia 8,330- 35- 8	0- A-25	606BW	Somali Republic 229,308- 97- 788-	c.
IAE 28,224- 49-19 ZT 10,125- 45- 7	- A-30		AFRICA		6W8BF	Senegal Republic 612-12 16-	A-
Quebec 2NV 605,472-272-74	2- A-85	CR6GO 1	Angola .363.635-185-245	7- B-70	•	Algeria	
2WA 377,316-233-56 2BV 305,250-185-55 2AYU 278,970-170-54 2DCW (VE2s BOW DO	4- C-55 0- B-49 7- A-81	CR6A1 CR6CK	727,668-164-147 633,786-146-144 Mozambique	9- B-52	7XØAH 9L1TL	22,278- 47- 158- Sierra Leone 702,918-162-1451-	
92,344-119-25		CR7CI	1,536-16- 3	2- A- 2	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	·	
Ontario 3ES 126,048- 96-43 3DBB 53,400- 89-20		EA8F J	Canary Islands 18,048- 47- 12	8- A- 5		ASIA Iran	
23WB 52,155- 95-18 23IJ 26,331- 67-13	3 - B-47	EL2Y	Liberia 253,800-120- 70	5. B.26		284,148-108- 877- 142,290- 85- 558-	

A final phone effort from Asia for KA7AB did the trick to lead the continent with 1,104,846 and take a trophy back home to the U.S. Noteworthy too this year was the excellent participation by JAs on both phone and c.w.





	Inner			6770
	Japan			
JA1CWZ	707.940-17	1-1382-	A-71	20
JAIEUV	707,940-17 503,490-15 270,750-12	7-1060	A-	
110111	070 750 10	- 700	10 11	4
JA2JAA	2/0,/50-12	5- 722- 2- 756-	B-45	
JAGTQ 3	208,104- 9	2- 750-	A-28	1
JA5AB	184.590-10	5- 586-	A-	100
JA6TQ :	208,104- 9	2- 756-	A-28	- 62
JA5AB	184,590-10	E E C C	A-	1000
JAJAD	101,000-10	5- 576-		
JA6AKW	183,744- 8	7- 707-	A-	
JA1MIN	182,736- 9	4- 648-	A-	
JA1EZT KA2JP	161,298-10	3- 522-	C- 8	
KA2TP	151,872-11	3- 448-	Č-17	
LATEC	101,072-11			
JA1JKG		6- 533-	A-	
JA3IGG	126-144- 7	3- 576-	A-42	
JA7FC	92,133- 8	7- 359-	A-	
JA2HO		0- 338- 5- 338-	A-	
JA2LA	HE RED R	F 330		í í
JAZLA	65,650- 6	5- 338-	A-40	
JA8SW	52,058- fi	7- 259-	A-26	
JAINEC	47,336- 9	7- 488-	A-29	_
JA2CPK JA8BYP	24,976- 5	6- 149-	A-49	Ru
TARRYD			A-	
TAODIT	16,695-4			U
JA2FCR	14,314- 3	4- 140-	A-	S.
JA1JUQ	12,750- 3	4- 128-	A-	0.
JA2BTĚ	12.750 3	4- 128-	A-	
JA2BTĚ JA2BTE		5- 109-	A-23	
LADITU	10.020 0		1 00	
JA2ITH	10,836- 3	8- 103-	A-22	
JA8GR		2-156-	A- 5	
JAILXE	9,594- 2	8- 133-	A-10	UA
TINVO		8- 124-	A-	ŬĀ
JATUQ JA8BZL	6 650 0		A-	
14100	6.650- 2 5.038- 2	5- 90-	A	UA
JASDZL	5,038-2	2- 77-	A-10	UA
JA2HFB JA3HCJ	4,810-2	8- 62-	A-	UA
JA3HCJ		0- 75-	A-14	UA
JA2IRI	4,095- 2	1- 65-	Ă-	ŬÂ
	4,090-2			
JAISKE		7- 77-	A- 8	UA
JAISMA	3,102-2	2- 49-	A-17	ÜÄ
JA7BP	3.021-1	9- 63-	A-	ŪĀ
JA8BVX	2,890-1	3- 57-	A-16	ŬÄ
JASQA	0 700 1	57	10	
JAOWA	2,720- 1	5- 57-	B-	UW
JA1ACA	2,538-1	8- 47-	A-	'UA'
JA1RST	1,441-1	1- 44-	A-	UA
JA2BNN	1.248- 1	3- 26-	A-	UA
JA2AIR JA5BWV	990-1	0- 33-	A- 5	
IASBWW	840-1		A-	
TIDDI	040-1		A- 0	UA
JAIBAM	495-1	1- 15-	A- 3	
JA1BZM JA7JW JA2GRM	495- 1 483-	7- 24-	A-	UA
JA2GRM)- 15-	A-	
JA3EGC	264-	8- 11-	Ā-	UA
JAIWWY		8- 12-	A-	UA
JA8JI		1- 5-	A-3	ŪA
JA4AEZ		1- 2-	A-	
KA9MF (6	oprs.)			UA
	213,900-11	5_ 620-	C-	UA
	210,300-11	- 020-	0 -	
				UA
I	lyukyu Isla	inds		
KR6AG	666-	6- 37-4	AB- 3	
APTROUPOL	000-	0- 0/-2	- J	

	Bahrein			UН
MP4BFK	6.048- 2	4- 84-	A- 5	
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	Lebanon			
OD5EJ	245,767-11	8- 694-	۸.,	
	10,101-11	0- 102	A.	UL
OD5FC	12,936-4	2- 103-	A-	UL
				UL
	Turkey			ŬĹ UL
m				111
TA2AC	178,752- 9	s- 608-	A-36	UL



ussian c.w. multioperator competition is terrific. The AØKFG crew led all activity from the Asiatic Russian F.S.R. with 826-K points. From left to right, relaxing after the rigors of 1659 exchanges are UWØFM, UWØFK and UAØER.

JA41111 10,000- MA-100- A-22			nepanic of reland
JA8GR 10,296- 22- 156- A- 5			EI9J 662,590-193-1280- A-
JA1LXE 9,594-26-133- A-10	UAØTD 25,650-38-225- A-	VU2MSK 48,896- 64- 261- A-16	EI5F 252,72- 54- 156- A-
JA1QXC 6.678- 18- 124- A-	UA9W8 25,272- 54- 159- A-	VU2GW 6.075- 27- 75- A-	EI3AK (multiopr.)
JA7UQ 6.650- 25- 90- A-	UAØTR 20,039- 29- 231- A-13	102011 0,010=21- 10= A-	ELSAN (multiopr.)
JA8BZL 5.038- 22- 77- A-10		Saudi Arabia	664,200-135-1246-BC-
	UAØKCA 14,964- 29- 172- B-		_
JA2HFB 4,810- 26- 62- A-	UA9MR 13,405-35-130- A-	7Z3AB 25,812- 36- 239- B-11	France
JA3HCJ 1,460- 20- 75- A-14	UA9FV 11,616-32-121- A-		F8VJ 697,424-182-1278- A-49
JA2IRI 4.095-21-65-A-	UA9AB 11,556- 36- 107- B-	Singapore	
JAISKE 3,927-17-77-A-8	UA9WR 7.569- 29- 87- A-	9V1MT 2,256-16-47-A-	
JA1SMA 3,102- 22- 49- A-17	UAØLS 7,344- 24- 102- A-		F5SF 251,442-122- 687- A-49
JA7BP 3.021- 19- 63- A-		9V10B 76- 2- 13- A- 6	F8TM 135,309-111 - 409- A-
	UA9PO 4,347-23-63-A-		F2PO 134,748-114- 395- A-
	UA9JL 1,482-19- 26- A-	EUROPE	F8TQ 51,173- 73- 235- A-
JA8QA 2,720- 16- 57- B-	UW9PT 1,260-15-28-A-	201101 2	F9BB 6,876- 36- 64- A- 5
JA1ACA 2,538-18-47-A-	UA9KCC 900-15-20-B-	Portugal	10000 0,070- 00- 04- 70- 0
JA1RST 1,441-11-44-A-	UAØKDA 396- 3- 44- B-	5	England
JA2BNN 1,248- 16- 26- A-	UAØKFG (5 oprs.)	CT10I 314,900-134- 785- A-	
JA2AIR 990-10- 33- A- 5	825,684-166-1659- B-67	CT11Q 73,073- 77- 321- A-	G4CP 1,446,552-222-2199- A-40
JA5BWV 840-10-28-A-		CT1LN 8.568-34-84-A-	G2RO 861,883-187-1538- A-62
JA1BZM 495-11- 15- A- 3	UAØKZB (multiopr.)		G2QT 610,050-166-1225- A-55
	352,170-105-1118- B-	Germany	G3IAR 457,530-151-1010- A-
	UAØKCO (2 oprs.)	DL6WD 913,740-194-1570- B-	G2MI 152,790-162-1010- A-52
JA2GRM 440- 10- 15- A-	207.854-103- 668- B-		
JA3EGC 264- 8- 11- A-	UAØKUV (3 oprs.)	DL7AA 891,990-187-1595- B-80	
JA1WWY 198- e- 12- A-	161.280- 80- 672- B-	DL1JW 782,320-176-1507- B-55	G3JYP 441,450-150- 981- A-
JA8JI 15- 1- 5- A- 3	UAØKIA (4 oprs.)	DL8KJ 666,630-162-1374- B-55	G3APN 233,610-130- 599- A-
JA4AEZ 6- 1- 2- A-		DM4WPL	G6KQ 215,855-115- 626 - A-40
KA9MF (6 oprs.)	79,797- 67- 397- B-	567.900-150-1262- B-	G3KMA 200,970-110- 609- A-48
	UAØKCS (2 oprs.)	DJ2XP 532.800-200-888- A-	G3TXF 126,090- 90- 467- A-24
213,900-115- 620- C-	10.602-31-114- A-		G2AJB 64,242-83-258- A-
	UA9KTE (2 oprs.)		
Ryukyu Islands	3.935-19- 69- A-	DJ2RT 285,798-109- 874- B-	G3VNR 55,160-70-263- A-
KR6AG 666- 6- 37-AB- 3	0,000-10 00 11-	DK1CU 192,920-106- 609- A-	G5AGA 42,570-43-330- B-7
MINAG 000- 0- 31-MD- 3	Turkoman	DL6WE 125,557-103-409- A-	G3OXI 14,835- 43-115- A-23
		DL6VP 108,288- 94- 387- B-27	G3WP 10,179-39- 87- A-11
Bahrein	UH8DH 4.248-24-59-A-	DJ4HR 95,496- 92- 346- A-	G3JFY 6.612-38- 59- A- 6
MP4BFK 6,048- 24- 84- A- 5	Uzbek	DL6DF 77,292- 76- 339- A-	(J3SSO (7 oprs.)
	UI8AI 15,840- 30- 176- A-		1,912,464-228-2796- A-94
7.1		DL7MQ 77,112-84-306- A-27	
Lebanon	Kazakh	DL9EM 67,782-82-284- B-	G3GRS (8 oprs.)
OD5EJ 245,767-118- 694- A-	UL7CG 21,600- 45- 162- B-	DL2JO 62,964-81-259-AB-17	1,007,064-197-1704- A-96
OD5FC 12,936- 42- 103- A-		DM3LOG 59,882-79-257-B-	G3LPC (4 oprs.)
00010 12,000 424 100- 114	UL7JE 19,920- 40- 169- A-	DL1JC 49.794-86-205-A-	787,169-181-1454- A-96
m)	UL7RL 15,327- 39- 131- A-	DL1QT 49.608-78-212- B- 9	,
Turkey	UL7GW 13,020-31-140- A-	DL3CM 49,059 - 79- 207- B-	Isle of Man
TA2AC 178,752- 98- 608- A-36	UL7KAA 3,240-20-54-B-		
114110 1101102- 000 11-00	,	DM3YPD 46.605- 65- 239- A-	GD3AIM 50,688- 64- 264- A-
	Andaman and Nicobar	DL4ZI 45,990- 70- 219- B-	
Asiatic Russian S. F. S. R.		DL1TA 41.280- 64- 215- A-15	Northern Ireland
UAØKCO 200,208- 97- 688- B-	VU2DIA 18,768-34-184- A-	DK1DB 37.725-75-168- A-	GI3OQR
UW90U 131.976- 52- 846- A-		DL4LA 35.055- 57- 205- A-34	1.886,301-224-2807 A-70
	India	DM3VGO 30,105- 45- 223- A-	(HI3SXG (G138 OTV SXG)
UAØLH 62,400-52-400-A-	VU2KV 54,990-45-408- A-	DM4YEL 24,705- 61- 135- A-	1,170,112-188-2171- A-58

		<u></u>	TOP '	TEN			
			Single O	perator			
IF.	C.W. Phone $W/VE DX W/VE DX$					Y	
K1DIR		HI8XAL		K8DOC	1,438,086	HI8XAL	3.727.719
W4KFC	1,817,174 1.749.840.	KH6IJ	3,257,550. 3,006,954.	W6ITA	1,369,170.	KP4AST.	3,142,500
W2VJN.	1,543,566.	PY2BGL	2,572,434.	K1DIR	1,308,381.	KH6IJ	3,045,120
W9IOP	1,512,618.	KP4CRT	2,465,100.	W4QCW W3BES	1,243,350.	HK3RQ KH6UL	2,876,246
W1BPW W3BES	1,479,450 1,472,499	HKØAI PY280	2,425,686 2.315.502	W3BGN	1,212,435 1.157,760	HCITH	2,798,712 2.676.398
W3GRF	1,417,248	HK3RQ	2,303,235.	W4AXE	1,157,652.	HK4KL	2,269,944
W1JYH	1,401,177.	KH6UL	2,083,200.	K2GXI	1,083,361.	DJ6QT	2,247,264
W9EWC W3MFW	1,358,016. 1,296,552.	HK3BAE GI 3 OQR	2,076,737. 1,886,304,	W4BCV K3NHL	1,078,398. 1,065,594.	VP5RS CE6EZ	2,053,350 2,012,208
	1,230,002.	(1100 411	1,000,001.		1,000,0011		2,012,200

DL5TK 24,552-44-187-A-DL1MD 18.792-58-108-H-DJ6OM 6,231-31-62-A-DL4EC 3,795-23-55-B-DL3WF 3,381-23-49-DM3RMA 1,890-14-45-DL1LP 756-12-21-A-DM7AUG 378-9-14-A-DJ71K (DJ6TS, DJ71K) 1,169,532-189-2122-B-DL8KO (DJ6WD, DL8KO) 942,462-186-1689-B-7

EA3KT EA3NA EA2CR

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24,552-44-187-A-25 18,792-58-108-B-20 6,231-31-62-A-3,795-23-55-B-

942,462-186-1689- B-71 DLØFR (5 oprs.) 866,187-189-1528- B-DK1FZ (4 oprs.) 224,409-127- 589- B-Spain

201,223-121- 557- A-55 45,927- 63- 243- A-11,220- 34- 110- A-

Balearic Islands

Republic of Ireland

10,350- 23- 150-

Scotland	LA5GF 17,950- 50- 120- A-
GM3SVK 119,277- 87- 457- A-	LA2Q 14,964- 43- 116- A-24
GM2HCZ 47,586- 77- 206- A-21	LA7HJ 8,816-38-78-A- LA1P 5,313-23-77-A-5
Wales	LASSH (LA2QK, LASSH)
GW3JI 828,240-203-1360- A-88	264,942-123- 718- A-
GW3ITZ (6 oprs.)	Luxembourg
735,098-182-1347- A-96	DJ6SI/LX 25,116- 46- 182- A-
Hungary	LX1LF 7,560-30-84-A-
HA1KSA 548,640-160-1164- B-67	
HA5DJ 213,405-123- 590- A-	Bulgaria
HA8UH 36,835- 53- 235- B- HA1ZH 25,338- 41- 206- A-	LZ1YW 6,324-31-68-A- LZ2KDO (2 oprs.)
HA3MB 22,500- 60- 125- A-	8,160- 34- 80- A-
HA8UF 14,157-39-121-A-	LZ2KRS (3 oprs.)
HA1VE 13,968-24-194- B-	4,230- 15- 94- A-
HA5DA 12,936-28-154-A- HA5FE 12,330-30-137-B-	Iustria
HA1VA 10,323- 37- 93- A-	OE5KE 538.720-148-1214- B-
HA3GA 4,050-25-54-A-	OE3PWW
HA5BI 3,705-19-65-A-	309,888-128- 807- A-
HA8CT 576-8-21-A- HAØLL 570-10-19-A-	OE9SKI 116,430- 97- 397- A-30 OE5CA 85,860- 81- 355- A-
HA5DL 168- 7- 10- A-	OE3AX 1,581- 17- 31- A- 8
HA5KDQ(HA5s DE DI FK)	Finland
569,772-171-1133- B-96	
HA4KYB (2 oprs.) 534,180-145-1228- B-86	OH2BCZ 406,215-135-1003- B- OH1VA 353,808-144- 827- B-
HA8KUC (multiopr)	OH1AD 322,920-138- 780- B-
128,412- 87- 492- A-	OH2BCP 141,435-105- 457- A-
HA9KOB (2 oprs.)	OH5UQ 82,410- 82- 335- B-
105,588- 84- 419- B- HA1KVM (3 oprs.)	OH2BR 74,460- 85- 304- A- OH3MK 57,456- 76- 252- B-
88,620- 70- 423- A-	OH3MF 55,224-78-240- A-
HA9KOL (2 oprs.)	OH3YI 45,240-65-232-A-
50,034- 62- 269- A-	OH3WW 19,872-46-144- B- OH3MU 14,766-46-107- A-
HA8KCC (multiopr.) 26,649-47-191- A-	OH3MU 14,766-46-107-A- OH2YL 13,299-39-117-B-
HA6KNB (2 oprs.)	OH5WH 10,197-33-103-A-15
8.439-29- 97-A-	OH5WF 10,185-35-102- A-
HA5KFZ (2 oprs.)	OH4PX 8,126- 34- 239- B- OH6NH 6,061- 29- 70- B-
7,632- 24- 106- A-	OH5VT 4,161 - 19- 73- B-
Switzerland	OHIUR 1,104-16-23-B-
HB9JG 322,245-135-798- B- HB9KC 229,068-126-606- B-22	OH2AM (7 oprs.)
HB9KC 229,068-126-606- B-22 HB9RX 137,190- 85-556- B-20	2,092,524-203-3436- B- OH2AC (4 oprs.)
HB9DX 135.072-96-469- B-	525,150- 150-167- B-44
HB9AFG 2.760-23- 40- A-	Aland Islands
B9Z (HB9s AFG AGH) 489,978-163-1002- A-	OHØNM 54,054- 63- 286- A-
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Italy	Czechoslovakia
I1NT 1,248,060-155-2684- B-68 I1KE 498,582-126-1319- A-54	OK1ZL 1,029,108-191-1796- C-56 OK1PD 622,278-181-1154- A-45
T1KE 498,582-126-1319- A-54 T1BLF 228,045-115- 661- A-	OKIAHZ 296,958-129- 752- B-
11LGR 59,736-76-262- A- 8	OK3DG 212,553-113- 630- A-
11HCJ 47,658-47-338- A-21	OK1XW 141.775-107-459 - A-
11HL 38,308- 61- 211- A-18 11ER 4,743- 31- 51-AB-	OK1AFN 138,031- 97- 475- A- OK1AJR 137,196-103- 444- A-
	OKISV 105.072-88-308- B-14
Jan Mayen	OK2QX 104,805- 85- 411- A-
JX6XF 1,305-15-29-A-	UK3CDL100.800-80-420- 8-
Norway	OK1ACF 88,620- 84- 358- A- OK3CGI 48,720- 80- 203- A-
LA1H (LA9UI, opr.)	OK2ABU 29.223-51-191- B-
190,855- 95- 676- A-25	OK1BV 28,476- 42- 226- B-
LA3X 36,516- 68- 179- A-29 LA6U 24,960- 65- 128- A-	OK1ARN 19,800- 44- 150- A- OK3CGP 18,963- 49- 129- A-
LATQI 21,546- 54- 133- A-	OK3CEG 18,093- 37- 163- A-
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1968 ARRL DX COMPETITION Phone: February 3-4, March 2-3 C.W.: February 17–18, March 16–17





On the left is ZKIAR with almost a million phone points and an admonition to those with duplicate contacts causing him to miss that mighty mark. From top to bottom we have OH3YI with 232 c.w. exchanges running all of 4 watts output on 10, 6 watts on 15 and 10 watts on 20, using a 3-band quad; 9A1AA (DL2AA, opr.) and a very tired look after 35 hours in the car caught in an Alpine snowstorm prior to arrival in San Marino; HK3BAE a Colombian crackerjack operator and a close second only to HK3RQ for Colombian c.w. plaudits.



These fellows worked a long time getting ready for the DX test and it is a pleasure to show their smiling faces in this report. The c.w. score submitted by W3YUW amounted to a resounding 3.3 million points, top multiop. in the tough E. Pa. section. On the top (left) is K3FGO operating 20, on the right is Dick W3YCI doing a fine job filling in. On the bottom (left) is the chief op. W3YUW on 40 meters while another of the crew K3FPY (who also took the photos) is on the right. Not shown is W3BGN who did a fabulous job on both 80 and 15.

OK2BCX	15 744-	32-164-	A-	
ÖK3CAU	14.025-		Ä-	
				SM4CMG
OK3CFP	13,770-	45-102-	A-	
OK1AIG	7,254-	26- 93-	A-	(1) C
	7,204-	20- 80-		SM5BNX
QK1XM	6,210-	30- 69-	в-	<u> </u>
OKIDK	6.642-	27- 82-	A-	SMØBUO
ÖK3CDY			A-	
OF3CD1	6,342-			SM5UU
OK2BEN	3.780-	28- 45-	в-	SM6APQ
OK3CFL	2,640-		Ā-	
UTSOLT				SMØCCE
OK3BT	2,553-	23- 37-	A-	SMØBDS
OK2BCI	1.326-	13- 34-	A-	
				SM4DXL
OK2BZR	1,221-	11- 37-	A-	SM5CAK
OK1AII	1,053-	13- 27-	A-	SM5ACQ
OKIAAU	660-		A-	
				SM5CVH
OK3BG	630-	10- 21-	A-11	SM7ACB
OK1ZW	198-	6- 11-	A-	
				SM6CUK
OKIKTL	(multiop	r.)		SM5AUN
1.	068.795-1	89-1885-	С-	SM5BEI
OK1KOK				
OVITON				SM5BDY
	98.280-	81- 360-	A-	SM7CBZ
	Datata			SMØKV
	Belgiu	//6		
ON4XG	583,656-1	86-1179-	A-41	
ON4NM	226,497-1	03- 733-	B-19	SP3AIJ
ON5AZ	41 520-	40-346-	A-	
				SP9AKY
ON5KD	29.097-	61-159-	A-	SP8AG
	Denma	rk		SP8MJ
				SP8HR
OZILO	670.425-1	75-1277-	A-70	SP9AXV
	575,172-1	FR 1000	B-	
OZ5DX				SP2AEL
OZ7BG	495,840-1	60-1033-	B-30	SP9BDU
ŎZ1W	405.237-1			
				SP5AXW
0Z7X	263,736-1	32 - 667-	A-80	SP5ZA
OZ3PO	52 800-	75- 240-	A-30	
				SP9AGS
OZ7G		44- 385-		SP7GH
OZ4H	33.660-	51- 220-	A-	
0Z4DX		63-170-	B-	SP6AWY
				SP9AWV
OZ7KV	15.120-	45-112-	8-	SP6OQ
OZ8E	7,743-	29- 89-	A-	
				SP3KAU
OZIQ₩	6,264-		A-	SP5AFL
OZ8PM	1,287-	13- 33-	A-	
()2004 114	1,001-	10- 011-	•••	SP9ZD
	m	1		SP9AAB
	Faroe Isl	anas		SP9AJN
OVOIT	10044	04 70		
OY2H	10,944-	24- 53-	· A-	SP9AMA
				SP9BQG
	Netherla	inds		
				SP4BET
PAØXPO	779.205-1	81-1442-	A-52	
PAØLOU	604.464-1			
			V-99	
PAØSNG	430,900-1	139-1034-	- A-	CO DATE THE
PAØVB		96- 396-		TF2WJN
				TF3AU
PAØWAC	49,335-	65-253-	A-15	
PASKOR	45 942-	62-247-	· A-	
		62- 106-	Ä-	Europe
PAØFLX				
PAØNLC	13,710-	2- 3-	A- 1	UAITL

	Sweden.	
M4CMG	663,668-166-1347-	в-
M5BNX	224,289-117- 639-	B-
MØBUO	165,000-110- 560-	B-24
M5UU M6APQ Macce	153,360-120- 426- 137,358- 78- 587-	В- В-
MØCCĚ MØBDS	108.225- 75- 495- 80.892- 84- 326-A	B- AB-22
M4DXL	67,600-80-282-	A-
M5CAK M5ACQ	47,864- 62- 254- 36,672- 64- 191-	B- 8
M5CVH M7ACB	35,713- 64- 188- 34,155- 55- 207-	
M6CUK M5AUN	22,005-45-164-	A-
M5BEI	6,348-23-93- 4,212-27-53-	В- А- б
M5BDY M7CBZ	4,212- 27- 53- 4,104- 24- 57- 3,264- 17- 64-	А- В-
MØKV	384- 8- 16-	Ă-
	Poland	
P3AIJ P9AKY	333,324-141- 797-111,573- 77- 488-	A- A-39
P8AG	91,927- 61- 515-	В-
P8MJ P8HR	74,025- 75- 334- 57,000- 78- 250-	В-57 А-
P9AXV	26,142- 35- 266-	Ä-
P2AEL P9BDU	18.375- 49- 129- 11.640- 30- 133-	А- А-
P5A XW P5ZA	11,088- 28- 132- 8,154- 27- 101-	A-17 A-17
P9AGS	5.025-25-67-	A-
P7GH P6AWY	3.375-15-75- 3,192-19-56-	
P9A W V P6OQ	3,150-21- 50- 3,125-25- 42-	
P3KAU	1,755-15- 39-	в-
P5AFL P9ZD	648-12-18- 585-13-15-	
P9AAB P9AJN	528-11-16- 510-10-17-	
P9AMA	270- 9- 10-	A-
P9BQG P4BET	162- 6- 9- 27- 3- 3-	A- A-
	Iceland	
F2WJN	351,009-129- 907-	A-
F3AU	4,091-23- 60-	A-
	ean Russian S.F.S.	
AITL	52,923- 59-299-	R-

UV3AAM		
UAILA UW6BA	32,256- 42- 256- A- 13,392- 31- 144- A-	UF6KAE UF6KAF (
UA6YD UA6KAF UA1KUN UA4HW	12,474- 27- 157- A- 11,970- 35- 114- A- 11,528- 39- 99- A-	UG6 jj
UA6YI UA1DI UW3GU UA1KM(8,832- 32- 92- A- 8,640- 32- 92- A- 6,468- 28- 81- A- 0 6,162- 26- 79- B- 5,022- 27- 62- A-	UO5SA UO5KBB (
UA3GU UA1CC UA1NR UV3TC UW6AO UW3HD UA6KJG UA3TA UA4ZA	4,845- 19- 85- H- 4,798- 21- 76- A- 3,720- 20- 62- A- 1 3,717- 21- 66- A- 3,672- 18- 68- A- 3,450- 25- 46- A- 3,363- 19- 62- B- 6	UP2PT 2 UP2KNP UP2NV UP2BU UP2KBA UP2CKBA UP2DX UP2NX UP2KBC (
UA1MV UA3GM UV3XX UA1MA	2,214-18-41-A- 2,028-13-52-A- 1,785-17-35-B- 1,134-14-27-A-	6
UW3BX UA3JD UW3IT UW1AY UW3HV	660-11- 20- A- 621- 9- 23- A- 384- 8- 16- A-	UQ2AB 1 UQ2KAA UQ2KCR (
UASKBU	(3 oprs.) 379.894-136- 981- A-	UQ2KCR (
	(3 oprs.) 142,140-103- 460- B-	UR2LO
UAIKAG	(4 oprs.) 135,405- 85- 531- B- (3 oprs.)	UR2DZ
	110.n28= 8n= 42%= A=	YO2BU YO6UX
UAIKMI	(5 oprs.) \$9,628-77-415- B- (2 oprs.)	YO6UX YO3CR YO2FU
UA1KCU	36,855- 65- 194- B- (3 oprs.) 21,204- 38- 186- A-	YO8DD YO3RF
UA1KAC	20 160- 42- 160- B-	YO5AIR YO7VS YO8AMT
UA1KBC	(3 oprs. 15 936- 32- 168- B-	YO8FR YO8GP
UA10E (i	multiopr.) 10,935- 27- 135- B-	YO3QU YO4ADM
	Kaliningradsk	YO4CT
UA2BD UA2WO UA2KAP	93,240- 70- 444- B- 21,216- 35- 208- A- 20,202- 37- 182- B- Ukraine	YU1NOH YU1SF YU3LB (Y
UB5WJ UB5TR	233,211-111- 711- B-35 57.981- 77- 255- B-	2,0 YU1BCD (- 6
UY5CW UB5KLD	21,252-46-154-A-	I
UT5BP UT5WW	13,148- 30- 146- A- 10,752 - 32- 112- A-	4U1ITU (I SMØCCE
UB5EF UT5HP UB5NS	9,240-28-110- A- 3,960-22- 60- A- 2,475-15-165- A-	1,6
UB5QK UB5KBV UB5BB		9A1AA NOB'
UB5KBV UB5RR UB5KFF	1,428-17-26-B- 1,089-11-33-B- (3 oprs.) 474,564-142-1114-B-	NOR
UB5KBV UB5RR UB5KFF UB5KED	1,428-17-26-B- 1,089-11-33-B- (3 opts.) 474,564-142-1114-B- (3 opts.) 232,388-109-712-B-92	NOR
UB5KBV UB5RR UB5KFF UB5KED U5ARTE	1,428-17-26-B- 1,089-11-33-B- (3 oprs.) 474,564-142-1114-B- (3 oprs.) 232,388-109-712-B-92 K (2 oprs.) 134,784-78-576-B-	NOR CM2BL 1,3 CM2BA 6
UB5KBV UB5RR UB5KFF UB5KED U5ARTE UB5KNE	1,428-17-26-B- 1,089-11-33-B- (3 oprs.) 474,564-142-1114-B- (3 oprs.) 232,388-109-712-B-92 K (2 oprs.) 134,784-78-576-B- (2 oprs.) 24,846-41-202-A-	NOR CM2BL 1,3 CM2BA 6 FG7XX 7 FG7XF 1
UB5KEV UB5RR UB5KFF UB5KED U5ARTE UB5KNE UB5KIW	1,428-17-26-B- 1,089-11-33-B- (3 oprs.) 474,564-142-1114-B- (3 oprs.) 232,388-109-712-B-92 K (2 oprs.) 134,784-78-576-B- (2 oprs.) 24,846-41-202-A- (3 oprs.) 23,100-35-220-A- (2 oprs.)	NOR CM2BL 1,3 CM2BA 6 FG7XX 7 FG7XX 7 FG7XL (W
UB5KBV UB5RR UB5KFF UB5KED U5ARTE UB5KNE UB5KNW UT5KDP	1,428-17-26-B- 1,089-11-33-B- (3 oprs.) 474,564-142-1114-B- (3 oprs.) 232,388-109-712-B-92 K (2 oprs.) 134,784-78-576-B- I(2 oprs.) 24,846-41-202-A- (3 oprs.) 23,100-35-220-A-	NOR CM2BL 1,3 CM2BA 6 FG7XX 7 FG7XF 1
UB5KBV UB5RR UB5KFF UB5KED U5ARTE UB5KNE UB5KNE UT5KDP Whi UC2WP	1,428-17-26-B- 1,089-11-33-B- (3 oprs.) (3 oprs.) 232,388-109-712- β -92 K (2 oprs.) 134,784-78-576-B- I(2 oprs.) 23,406-41-202-A- (3 oprs.) 23,100-35-220-A- (2 oprs.) 3,315-17-65-A- 4e Russian S.F.S.R. 51 315-55-311-A-	NOR CM2BL 1,3 CM2BA 6 FG7XX 7 FG7XF 1 FG7XL (W Don HI8XAL
IIIISKBV IJB5RR UB5KFF UB5KED UB5KNE UB5KNE UB5KNE UB5KIW UT5KDP Whi UC2KP UC2SE UC2AW	1,428-17-26-B- 1,089-11-33-B- (3 oprs.) 474,564-142-1114-B- (33 oprs.) 232,388-109-712-B-92 K (2 oprs.) 23,348-78-576-B- [(2 oprs.) 23,406-41-202-A- (3 oprs.) 23,100-35-220-A- (2 oprs.) 23,100-35-220-A- (2 oprs.) 3,315-17-65-A- <i>te Russian S.F.S.R.</i> 51,315-55-311-A- 20,910-34-206-A- 11,005-31-119-A-	NOR CM2BL 1,3 CM2BA 6 FG7XX 7 FG7XF 1 FG7XL (W Don HI8XAL 3,2
IIIISKBV IIIISKEV UBSKFF UBSKED USARTE UBSKNE UBSKIW UTSKDP WAI UC2WP UC2SE UC2AR	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	NOR: CM2BL 1,3 CM2BA 6 FG7XX 7 FG7XL (W Dom HI8XAL 3,2 San An HKØAI 2,4 HP1BR 3
IIIISKBV IIIBSR UBSKED UBSKFF UBSKED UBSKNE UBSKNE UBSKIW UTSKDP UC2SE UC2AW UC2WP UC2SE UC2AR UDCAAM	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	NOR: CM2BL1,3 CM2BA 6 FG7XX 7 FG7XL 7 FG7XL (W Dom H18XAL 3,2 San An HKØAI 2,4
UIISKBV UIBSR UIBSR UISKFF UISKKED UISKED UISKU UITSKDP Whi UIC2SE UIC2AW UIC2AW UIC2AW UIC2AR UIC2AW UIC2AW UIC2AR	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	NOR: CM2BL 1,3 CM2BA 6 FG7XX 7 FG7XF 1 FG7XL (W Don HI8XAL 3,2 San An HKØAI 2,4 HP1BR 3 HP1XHG 1 KL7FRY 6
UB5KBV UB5RF UB5KFF UB5KFF UB5KNE UB5KNE UB5KNW UT5KDP UC2SE UC2AR UC2AR UC2AR UD6AM UD6AY UD6AY	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	NOR: CM2BL 1,3 CM2BA 6 FG7XX 7 FG7XF 1 FG7XL (W Don HI8XAL 3,2 San An HKØAI 2,4 HP1BR 3 HP1XHG 1

108- 6- 6-(UF68 AAA GM) UF6KAE 6- B-2,916-18- 54- B- 6 Armenia 90- 3-5- A-Moldaria 3,192-14- 76- B-3 oprs.) 36.192- 58- 208- A-Lithuania 214,644-124- 577- B-62,721- 69- 304- A-23,400- 50- 156- B-16,500- 44- 125- A-13,098- 37- 118- B-7,254- 26- 93- B-2,880- 20-48- Amultiopr.) 502,208-153-1312- B-Latria 103,194- 54- 637- B-5,244- 23- 76- B-3 oprs.) 32,400- 54- 209- B-(multiopr.) 3,102-22- 47- B-Estonia 29,850- 50- 199- B- 9 5,400- 24- 75- B-Rumania 53,352-76-234- B-31 42,970-46-312- A-34,668-54-215- A-34.668-54-215- A-15.093-43-117- B-11.712-32-122- C-4.576-22- 70- B-3.312-23-144- A-2.166-19- 38- A-1.053-13- 81- A-690-10-24- A-504-7-29- A-504 - 7-168- 7-135- 5-126- 3-28-8-9-7-A-A-A-A-Yugoslavia 30,360- 44- 230- A-22 2,831-19-50-A-U3s BC BU LB) 149.906-206-3321 - B-85 (4 oprs.) 587,492-169-1356- B-96 T.U. Geneva HB9AU/WA6QAU. 22,820-204-2793- C-San Marino 5,655- 29- 65- A-TH AMERICA Cuba 73,790-230-1991-AB-15,888-168-1222- A-Guadeloupe 40.322-198-1348- A-38.600-100- 462- A-/øVXO, opr.) 852- 27- 12- Aninican Republic 257,550-285-3810-BC-57 ndres & Providencia 425,686-218-3709- B-54 Panama 326,970-126- 865- B-28 185,076-106- 582- B-22 Alaska 627,642-197-1062-AC-27 576,459-169-1139- C-32 50,688- 48- 352- (-K1ZYW, K60ZL, Ñ 611,556-164-1234- C-35

QST for

Puerto Rico	Fiji Islands	
KP4CRT 2,465,100-249-3300- B-74	VR2DK 473,598-166- 951- A-37	Y
Virgin Islands	Solomon Islands VR4CR 63.788-44-478- A-	Y
KV4AM	Cook Islands	
1,831,728-248-2462- C-60 Canat Zone	ZK1AR 130,860- 90- 486- A-21	
KZ5JF 1,763,574-246-2360-AC-50	New Zesland	
KZ5MF 84,450- 75- 384- A-10	ZL3QH 1,012,092-193-1748- A-64 ZL1HW 354,560-128- 945- A-	
Antigua	ZL1AFW 183,486-106- 577- A-24	
VP2AZ (WØVXO, opr.) 3- 1- 1- A-	ZL1AMQ 80,928-48-562-A- ZL10Y 37,620-55-228-A-	
St. Kitts, Nevis		
VP2KR 252,146-139- 606- A-19		
Montserrat	SOUTH AMERICA	
VP2MK 72.996-79-308- A-	Chile CE2CR 107,536- 94- 383- A-	
Mexico XE2AAG	CE2BC 58,950-75-262-	
1,175,811-219-1795- A-55 XE2OK 938,172-222-1410- A-60	CE6EF 17,226- 58- 99- B- Bolivia	
XE2HHD	CP3CD 7,272- 24- 101- A-	
145,848-103- 472- A- Nicarayua	Uruguay	
VN3KM 518,670-170-1017- B-42	CX10P 34,560- 72- 161- A-	
Jamaica	Ecuador	
6Y5BS 391,573-169- 776- A-23	HC1TH 4,950- 33- 150- B- HC1GC 3,105- 23- 45- A-	
OCEANIA	Colombia	
Guam	HK3RQ 2,303,235-235-3277 - C-48	
KG6AQA 2,700-20-45-A-1	HK3BAE	
Hawaiian Islands	2,076,737-221-3133- B-60 HK4ALE 353,748-164- 719- A-60	
KH6IJ 3,006,954-267-3754-AC-72 KH6UL (K7RSM, opr.)	HK3ASJ 6,650-25- 90- A-	
2,083,200-248-2800-AC-76 KH6FSP 697,668-188-1237- B-	Argentina LU8BAJ 264,924-132- 670- B-	K3
KH6FON 256,410-110-777- B-50	LU3FBT 22,052- 37- 199- A- LU4CE 15,708- 41- 119- A-11	
WØPAN/KH6	LU1DAY (4 oprs.)	W3 K3 W3
9,213- 37- 84- B- 5	1,455,478-211-2336- C-86	W3 K3
Marshall Islands KX6ER 1.584-16- 37- B-4	Peru QA4PF 1,139,067-201-1889- B-	w:
Australia	WØVXO/OA4 5,916- 29- 68- A-	
VK2EO 1,571,760-222-2360- A-51	OA40 (WØXVXO. opr.) 324-12- 9- A-	Wa
VK3AXK 817,908-182-1498 - A-52 VK2CW 487,056-146-1112- A-56		Wa
VK2VN 219,438-146- 501- A-11	Brazil PY2BGL	K3 W3
VK5TC '172,078- 97- 593- A- VK5KO 82,626- 31- 131- A-12	2.572.434-241-3571- C-70	W3
VK4FH 52.920-63-280-A-	PY7AKQ 939,060-185-1692- C-47 PY1NO 483,406-154-1047 - A-58	W3
VK5FH 33,040-40-276- A-	PY1NO 483,406-154-1047 - A-58 PY1BYK/7	Wa Wa Wa
VK3APN 28987-41-238-A- VK3OP 26,828-38-236-A-	204.624-116-588- B- PY7SOL 210,010-110-637- B-21	W3 K3
VK3KS 15,732-46-114- A-25	PYICKV 37,062-58-214-A-	K3 K3
	PY2PH 4,092-22-62-B-	₩3 ₩3
Territory of New Guinea	Surinam	W3
VK9GN 159,840-120- 444- A-17	PZ1CQ 137,070- 90- 510- A-20	W3

6

Venezucia

YV4NS 91,410-66-465-A-YV5BKA 7,425-25-99-B-

YV1DP/5 979,020-222-1470- B-36 I'rinidud Tobag**o** YIOB 870,390-190-1527- B-67 9Y4VU 10,431- 19- 185- A-



PHONE SCORES

ATLANTIC DIVISION

7-3754-AC-72	HK3ASJ 6,650-25- 90- A-	ATLANTIC DIVISION	W3HA 70,308- 84- 279- B-36
or.)	Argentina	8.1	W3CAA 67,098-106- 211- C-15
8-2800-AC-76	•	Delaware	W3NOH 60,600-100- 202- B-10
8-1237- B-	LU8BAJ 264,924-132- 670- B-	K3NHL	W3GHS 55,146-101- 182- C-13
0-777-B-50	LU3FBT 22,052- 37- 199- A-	1.065.594-337-1062- C-85	
5 - 434 - C-16	LU4CE 15,708-41-119- A-11	W3DRD 84,864-128- 221- C-30	W3KT 44,322- 83- 178- C-
	LU1DAY (4 oprs.)	K3NMY 64,260-105- 204- B-49	W3QOR 36,096- 64- 188- A-14
7- 84- B-5	1,455,478-211-2336- C-86	W3MDJ 54,426- 94- 193- C-34	K3FDQ 21.306- 53- 134- A-15
	Peru	K3NYG 663-13-17-C-4	W3DNI 17,766-63- 96-BC-
ınds		W3IYE (W3s IYE TGF)	W3GHD 7.866- 46- 57- B-
3- 37- B- 4	OA4PF 1,139,067-201-1889- B-	377.520-220- 572-BC-70	W3CBF 7,245- 35- 69- A- 8
	WØVXO/OA4		WA3CUI 6,448-31- 66- C-10
	5,916- 29- 68- A-	Eastern Pennsylvania	K3JGJ 4,512-32-47-('-6
2-2360- A-51	OA40 (WØXVXO. opr.)	W3BES 1,212,435-315-1283- C-80	K3ZPG 1,254- 19- 22- B-
	324-12- 9- A-	W3BGN (K3FGO, opr.)	W3WJD (7 oprs.)
2-1498 - A-52		1.157.762-335-1152- C-88	3,922,550-475-2753- C-96
4-1112- A-56	Brazil	K3TPL 708,948-282- 838- C-73	K3MTK/3 (4 oprs.)
6- 501- A-11	PY2BGL	W3HHK 588,978-234- 839- C-	435,150-225- 647- B-84
- 593- A-	2.572,434-241-3571- C-70	W3YUW 480,249-231- 693- C-	W3HHA (W3s HHA WPG,
- 131- A-12	PY2SO 2,315,502-238-3155- C-61	W3DHM 338,940-210- 538- C-52	K3YET) 361,536-224- 538- C-75
- 280- A-	PY7AKQ 939,060-185-1692- C-47	W3BYX 328.032-204- 536- C-58	K3JH (K38 JH JLI)
- 166- A-39	PY1NO 483,406-154-1047 - A-58	W3KFQ 234,360-180-434- C-30	191,520-160- 399- C-33
)- 276- A-	PY1BYK/7	W3EQA 210,654-166- 425- C-40	K3MBF (K3s JLI MBF)
- 238- A-	204.624-116- 588- B-	W3NM 189,476-134- 473-ABC-42	9,504-36-88-C-7
- 236- A-	PY7SOL 210,010-110- 637- B-21	K3TGM 152,295-143- 355- A-	11 1 1 5 4
- 114- A-25	PY1CKV 37,062-58-214- A-	K3BNS 147,030-145- 338- C-30	Maryland-D. C.
- 93 - A- 4	PY2BBO 12,078-33-122- A-	K3PSW 128,954-122- 353- C-40	W3KMV 397,544-248- 537- C-72
- 30 - A-	PY2PH 4,092-22-62-B-	W3CGS 100,149-133- 251- C-35	W3MVB 316,296-191- 552- C-52
Autore.	(7	W3KDF 99,630-123- 270- C-22	W3FYS 264,810-182- 485-AC-40
Guinea	Surinam	W3GRS 97,395-151- 215- C-12	W3MCG 261,870-203- 430- C-49
- 444- A-17	PZ1CQ 137,070- 90- 510- A-20	W3UZF 71,868-113- 212- C-29	W3BQN 182,574-161- 378- C-80

African actives, left to right; CR6GO in a fine c.w. 1.4 million point effort and a close 2nd in continental competition, ZD8J taking African honors and a brand-new plaque with a scorching 48-hour 1.4 meg c.w. performance, 5N2AAF providing a welcome Nigeria phone multiplier to 1670 participants.



W3GRF 1:	25,452-158	. 399-	C-30
	84,753-129		
W3ZNB 1	73,344-128	- 191-	B-33
W3KDD	62,211- 89	- 233-/	IC-38
	54,060-106	- 170-	B-28
	36,720- 90	- 136-	
	34,320- 88		C-26
	30,855- 85		A-16
	28,944- 72	- 134-	B- 7
	27.063- 93	- 97-	C -1 9
	19.467- 63		B-13
W3IWS	12,705- 55	- 77-	C-30
	8,127-43	- 63-	C-17
	216- 6		B- 2
WA3HAN		- 4-	B- 2
W3MSK (8	oprs.)		

Southern New Jersey

W3UNJ/2 269.498-193- 462- (-46 W2QKJ 227,385-163-465- (-30) W2QDY 212,826-158-449- (-50) K2Q1L 140,448-133-352- B-35 W3MDE/2 22 137,772-129-356-C-62,976-128-164-C-27 34,170-85-134-C-30 22,125-59-125-A-17 18,414-62-99-C-13 K2PZF W2SDO W2ORA K2AGU K2SQM 17,934- 49- 122- B-22 W2MDR 17,039- 41- 122- D-22 W2MDR 17,019- 61- 93- (-11 K2CPR 16,800- 56- 100- A-15 WB2CGW 13,197- 53- 83- A-18 WA2BLV 10,800- 45- 80- C-K3SWU/2 K2OEA WB2FOC WA2IZ8 WA2EMB W2SDB Western New York K2GXI 1,083,361-361-1001-C-84 K2LWR 652,680-296-735-C-76 W2QWS 540,054-274-657-C-65 W2FZJ 415,785-265-528-C-66 W2PDB 389,400-236- 550- C-60 WA2BEX 601,875-175- 575- B-68 K2TQC 241,572-164- 491- B-22 WB2CON 189,618-169- 374- C-37 184,353-163- 377- C-32 WA2GHW WB2HZG 156,768-142- 368- B-60 129,360-140- 308- C-15 124,146-121- 342- C-22 113,025-137- 275- C-54 W2FXA W2SSC W2SNI W28NI 113.025-137-275-C-54 W2UVE \$5.536+32-216-C-55 W52NXL 75.348-92-273-C-30 W37BF/2 71.262-107-222-C-31 W721Y 55.464-96-203-C-40 K2KNV 55.745-85-199-C-20 W21XX 46.629-99-157-C-34 W52MXN 46.629-99-157-C-34 W52MXN 46.629-99-157-C-36 K2KBI 9.372-44-71-B-23 W52PCM 1.026-18-19-C-8 K2SWT 240.8-10-C-8 K2SWT 240.8-10-C-8 WB2PGM 1,026-18- 19- C- 8 K2SWT 240- 8- 10- C- 6 K2CC (6 oprs.) 44.676- 73- 204- C-35

....

Western Pennsylvania				
	751,740-:	330-	760-	C-71
W3NKM	85,536-	96-	297-	B-39
W3LNE	36,940-	77-	160-	A-28
W3VKD	36,000-	75-	160-	
W3OJW	26.040-	70-	127-	A-15
WA3ENR	21.960-	60-	122-	A-20
W3VK	2,916-	27-	36-	A-15



K3JH was manned solo during the c.w. session to the tune of 539-K and along with K3JLI, multiop'd. on phone. What isn't shown here is an elegant "big Bertha" supplying additional muscle.

WØIJM 84,180-122- 230- B-37 WAØLDK 50,985-103- 165- C-29 WAØKDI 48,960-102- 160- C-36

WAØKD1 48,960-102-160- C-30 WAØLAW 27,281-59-153-A-19 WAØIXT 10,944-48-76-C-24 WAØKQU 3,024-28-36-A-8 WØVIP 1,350-18-25-C-WØIVZ(WØs1SJ IVZ,KØUYN) 306,128-212-482-C-96

North Dakota

South Dakota

WAØCPX 155,040-160- 323 - C-48 WØCUC 33,768- 67- 168- C-WAØCJI 2,625- 25- 35- A- 9

DELTA DIVISION

Arkansas

K5LNN 112,518-141- 266- A-51 WA5LLX 37,206- 78- 159- B-50 WA5AER 5,700- 38- 50- B-10

Louisiana

W5KC 314,400-200-524. C-6 WA5EAM 30,324-76-133- B-9 W5LXX 26,640-80-111- C-K5MFA 18,054-59-102-C-24 K7YUC/51,3230-49-90-A-38 WA5JWU 1,225-19-25-B-4

Mississippi K5MDX 367,545-229-535-C-44 W5OER 143,181-152-314-C-45 K5EXW 81,081-117-231-C-59

Tennessee W4NBV 539,883-269-669- B-70 W4GOG 32,670-66-165- B-19

GREAT LAKES DIVISION

Kentucky

1.078,398-331-1086- C-75 K4RZK 103,161-137- 251- C-30 W4CVI 15,732- 69- 76- A-24 K4GOU/4 6,120- 34- 60- B-20

3. 1-1. A- 1

294- 7- 14-

62.715-113- 185-

2.208-23- 32- A-15

6,660-37-60-C-11 1,230-10-41-C-3 297-9-11-B-1 252-7-12-C-2

A-

157,314-167-314- C-58 14,553-49-113- C-15 2,112-22-32- A-8 1,782-18-33- A-13

KØEIA WØCAQ WAØLJN

WAØOAT

W5JFB

K5EXW

W5NCB

W4CGW W4ZFJ K4HPP

W4ZDK

W4BCV

WA4ZIR

CENTRAL DIVISION

CENTRAL DIVISION
Illinois
V91RH 491,040-240-682- C-66 VA91VL 333,234-198-561- B-60 (92JV 210,105-169-415- C-70 (92BI 197,472-176-374- C-49 (92PX 170,766-159-358- B-20 VA9HJM 164,472-154-358- A-64 V9QXO 107,061-127-283- C-41 V9DIV 51,315-85-213- A-41
VA9NFL 34,611-83-139- B-29 VA91WM 29,700-66-150-C-16 V90CRN 22,140-60-123-C- V90CR 22,140-60-123-C- V91GV 14,196-52-91- V90NJB 8,235-45-61- 61-A-15 V9WIO V9WIO 7,920-40-66-8- 19-A-15 V9WIV 2,436-28-29-C- VA9OTT V90TT 1,512-21-24-A-24
Indiana V9LK1 436,917-221- 659- C-50 K9TZH 312,981-207- 503- B-60 K9DVZ 271,541-82- 498- A-65 WA9CYV 155,780-146- 310- C-40 WA9CY 09,630-114- 265- C-29 W9JQD 71,043-119- 199- B-22 K9BUG 59,040- 96- 205- B-29 W9TD 42,282- 87- 162- C- Q9VQK 11,448- 53- 72- A-27 Q9VQK 11,448- 53- 72- A-27 Q9VQK 11,448- 53- 72- A-27 Q9VQK 11,448- 53- 53- C- 30CL 1,620- 20- 27- C- 9 S9ODF 672- 14- 16- C-10 Wisconsin
V9EWC 700.650-270-865-AC-78 V9GIL 461.535-231-666-C- V9RQM 187.740-149-420-B-37 V9RQM 187.740-149-420-B-37 V9RXK 111.804-121-308-B-39 V9VZP 100.203-127-263-C-39 VASIAT 7.626-41-62-B-9 VASIAT 7.626-41-62-B-9 VASIDU 1.680-20-28-B-10 VASOTH 855-15-19-A-26 V9UMQ 546-13-14-C-14
DAKOTA DIVISION

Minnesota

139,062-154- 301- C-22 WØAIH WA0GCP 124,488-133- 312- C-68



434,754-249- 582- C-88 WA8RGT

W8TWA/8

Michigan

388,512-228- 568- (C-60 W8RXY 360,390-205- 586- (-74 KSOVK 207,776-151- 459-AC-47 WA8RSL 183,222-174-351-C-35 WA8LYF 177,489-123-481-B-42 K8HZU 159,414-163-326-BC-49 K8HZU 159,414-163-326-BC-49 W8QQL 128,304-132-324-B-49 W8QQL 128,304-132-324-B-51 K8BGZ 122,688-142-288-C-W8WT 69,300-77-300-C-45 WASLNL 38,448-89-144-C-36 W8GG 29,748-74-134-C-16 W8GG 29,748-74-134-C-16 W8GG 29,748-74-144-C-16 W8GG 49,586-38-49-40-4 W8GG 5,586-38-49-40-4 W8TWJ -902-38-43-C-7 W8GUF (K88 DCP HLR, W48GUF)

WA8GUF) WA8GUF) 327,540-206-530-B-52 KsTFO (KSTFO, WA8MOA) 61,182-103-198- (-52) W8VFC (W8s TJQ VPC,

'8VPC (11 co ----K8UDJ) 34,800- 80- 145- (7-20 K8HPS (5 oprs.) 23,544- 72- 109- C-

Ohio

KSDOC (KSYWG, opr.) 1,438,086-363-1339- (-90) W8LXU 515,997-261-659-AB-76 WA8LEO 431,916-213-676- B-64 KSAXG 387,387-231-559- B-69 K8AAG 501,522 WA8MCR 377,970-215-586- C-51 195- A-67

377,970-215- 586- C-51
W8ECA 320,544-216- 495- A-67
WA8AJI 175,851-167- 351- C-42
K8BSM 144,045-165- 291- C-38
W8GXR 139,725-135- 345- C-74
W8CFG 117,180-155- 252- C-45
W8CEA 112,980-140- 264- C-24
W8CEA 112,980-140-264-C-24 K8WUO 112,860-132-285-C-36 K8EHU 109,737-137-267-AC-33
K8EHU 109,737-137- 267-AC-33
W8BF 108,252-124- 291- C-38
W8BVF 101,898-111- 306- C-51
W8NPF 90,240-128- 235- C-41
W8WC 87,048-124-234-BC-40 W8DKI 77,004-124-207- C-36
W8DKI 77,004-124- 207- (-36
W8GGE 68,796-117- 196- C-28
W8GKA 66,836-77-290- B-43
K8GVK 61,710-110- 187- C-23
W8HBR 53,628- 82- 218- C-20
W8YGR 51,516-106- 162- A-17
WA8GKW 42,525-105- 135- C-47
W8BOJ 41,454- 94- 147- C-12
WODUJ +1,434- 94- 147- (-14
W8LUZ 39,481-101-127- C-12 W8OKF 33,567-67-167- C-25
W80KF 33,567- 67- 167- C-25
WA8CDP 32,076- 81- 132- C- 8
K8PYD 31,833- 81- 131-AC-20
WA8RXU 30,030- 65- 154- B-32
WA8PVS 29,079- 81- 120- C-24
WA80SE 25,530- 74- 115- C-29
W8QDH 23,715-85- 93- A-13
W8IJZ 22,646- 64- 117- C-24
W9FTK/8 22,230- 78- 95- (-24
WA8RWU 14.694- 62- 79-AC-13
WA8KPO 14,442-58-83-C-9
K8BPX 14,400- 48- 100- C-10
WA8SKV 13,680- 60- 76- B-23
W8TQL 12,985- 53 - 82 - B-26
W8AJW 12,906-54- 80- A-14
W8CHX 12,087-51-79-A-18
W8PKU 10,500- 50- 70- C-
W8UEX 10.428- 44- 79- C-10
W8DWP 10,200- 50- 68- A-25
K8NMG 7,371- 39- 63- B- 6
W8DZG 7.056-42- 56- B-17
W8ILC 6,222-34-61-A-
W8ZCQ 3,255-31- 35- C-
W8GMK 3,078- 27- 38- B-12
K8DWQ 1,425- 19- 25- C- 8
W8ELE 756-14-18-C-3
W8VZE 546-13-14-A-3
W8EDU (5 oprs.)
136,896-138- 331- C-44
10000-200-0010 0-13

ZD3G made The Gambia an easy tidbit from Africa for over 2000 during the phone portion. Final tally, close to a half million.

OST for



K8PXD (K8s PXD PYD) 2,436-28-29- A-1

HUDSON DIVISION

Eastern New York

W2EGG 196,416-176- 372- C-W2EGG 196,416-176-372- C-K2OIX 75,864-116-218-B-18 K2BQ0 61,455-85-214-C-35 WB2WFR 58,760-104-189-B(-22) WB2YFR 10,653-53-69-AH-13 WB2YVD 6,264-29-72-A-25 W2IP 3,102-22-17-A-W2IP 3,102-22-17-A-W2GU (J. dorse) - 17-A-W2GU (J. dorse) - 376-22-36-B-8 K2GU (J. dorse) - 36-23-36-B-8 K2GL (14 oprs.)

6,183,322-551-3749-AC-96

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N.Y.C.-L. I. WDOROM

WB2FON
660,888-274- 804-BC-66
W2WZ 403,029-253- 531- C-40
W2SUC 384,408-228- 562- ('-42
WB201V 193,356-164- 393- C-46
K2QOU 188,892-159- 396- B-51
W2LEJ 117.390-130- 301- B-42
WB2PCF 114.489-106- 360- B-36
W2GKZ 99.051-137-241- C-19
WB2RSW 54,248-107-169- A-33
WB20B0 51,000-100-175-AB-
WB2JOX 49.086-101 - 162- C-24
WB2ZGG 46,431- 77- 201- B-26
W2YCW 32,880- 80- 137- C-13
WA2QEB 32,832- 76- 144- C-
W2GKW 22,302- 59- 126- B-29
W2ZV 18,054- 59- 102- A-31
W2PCJ 15,600- 52- 100- C- 7
W2AZS 15,015- 55- 91- C-14
W2AYJ 9,828-42- 78- C-10
WB2ZTQ 5,883- 37- 53- B- 8
WA2YJN 4,500- 30- 50-AB-11
WB2VIO 4,230- 30- 47- A-14
W2JB 1,176-29-48-A-14
K2LOT 3,813-31- 41- A-7
K2DGJ 2,250- 25- 30- B - 8
WB2VTP 1,512-18- 28- A-
W2CKR 924-14- 22- A- 4
WB2MDH (WB2s MDH QZD)
329,688-228- 482 - B-52
W2NOD (4 oprs.)

76,590-111- 230 - B-48

Northern New Jersey

K2GUN 126,522-142- 296- C-30 WB2WID

102,312,116-294-	A-31
W2FFQ 101,760-128-265-	C-58
W21UV 71.280-108- 220-	C-30
W2MNK 33.264- 72- 154-	A-32
W2AGM 32,850- 73- 150-	C-30
WB2PAR 30,438- 57- 178-	A-46
WB2VFT 29.820- 71- 140-	A-23
WA2VSQ 20,979- 63- 111-	B-22
W2JKH 12,402-53- 78-	A-11
WA21DM 5,460-35-52-	B-11
W2CIY 3.168-24-44-	A - 7
WB20HK 1.995-19- 35-	C- 5
W2MNW 770-14- 19-	A- 8
K2USA(8 oprs.)	
761,238-254- 999-	C-93

MIDWEST DIVISION

Iowa				
WØLBS	500,736-256-			
WØIYH	105,651-117-	301-	C-	
WAØKXJ	14,250-50-			
KøIIR	4,092-31-	44-		
KØFLJ	2,219- 29-	37-	A - 5	
WØJAQ	147- 7-	7-	A-	
hansan				
WØBAA	324.450-206-	525-	C-51	

October 1967



 WØIEM
 75,366-106-237 B-53

 WØPAH
 27,192-88-103 C-21

 WØYUQ (WØ8 HLU YUQ)

 WØIEM 210,888-171- 404- C-70

Vissouri

	.71 1000/01 1		
VOCU	652,674-319-	682-	('-
	253,170-174-	485-	C-59
VA5EFN			
	35,358- 83-	142-	B-31
(#GSV	23,112-72-	107-	C-18
(øyip	18,060-70-	86-	A-20
VØBUL	15,477-67-		A-
VØPEM	7,503- 41-		
(0JPL	2,592-24-		B-10
WRF V	2,574-26-	- 33	B- 3
(øbht (
	429-462-241-	594-	C-96



W1AJO 1 WA1DLM 11,760- 49-80- B-14 KITFA KIHTV KHIY 100 b 104 A WIECH/1 18 2 3: A 4 WIICP (WIEICP YNP) 229,392-177-432 - (>40 WIAW (WAICYT, WIQIS) 3,120-26-40- C-

Eastern Massachusetts

K1DIR 1,308,384-352-1139- C-78 MIDIR 1,305,384-532-1139 - C7.8 WIJYH 868,500-300-965. C-58 WIUOP 377,580-217- 580- B-55 WIAXA 313,344-204- 512- C-45 WIOKG 315,840-1888-560- C-64 KIVYF 253,287-177- 477- -

12

placers, left to right: K9TZH 2nd high phone in Indiana with 300K-plus, WAIDJG 4th high Connecticut phone at 235-K, WA8RWU number 4 in Ohio's 56 single-operator c.w. scores.

Here's a look at the future first-

New Hampshire

KIOBT	318,096-188- 564-	- 13-18
WIDTY	283,128-188- 502-	
WAIGIA	166,140-142 - 390-	- B-62
WIDYE/	1	
	159,996-134- 398-	- A-26
WAIDZX		
	150,220-148- 339	
WAIFSV	105,570-138- 255-	- C-48
	Rhode Island	
	Rhode Island	
WIYRC	Rhode Island 318,978-198- 537-	- C-37
WIHQV	318,978-198- 537- 171,387-139- 411-	- C-
WIHOV KIIKŇ	318,978-198- 537- 171,387-139- 411- 23,868- 68- 117-	- ('- - A-14
WIHQV KIIKŇ WIRFQ	$\begin{array}{r} 318.978\text{-}198\text{-}537\text{-}\\ 171.387\text{-}139\text{-}411\text{-}\\ 23.868\text{-}68\text{-}117\text{-}\\ 5.349\text{-}29\text{-}71\text{-}\\ \end{array}$	- ('- - A-14 - B- 5
WIHQV KIIKŇ WIRFQ KIUJX	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	- ('- - A-14 - B- 5
WIHQV KIIKŇ WIRFQ KIUJX	318,978-198-537- 171,387-139-411- 23,868-68-117- 5,349-29-71- 5,202-34-57- 1 (5 oprs.)	- ('- - A-14 - B- 5 - A-15
WIHQV KIIKŇ WIRFQ KIUJX	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	- ('- - A-14 - B- 5 - A-15

Vermont

W1CBW 265,815-179- 495-

Western Massachusetts

W1RF 290,087-203-479-C-45 W1EOB 2,400-25-32-C-3 W1YK 330-10-11-A-1

NORTHWESTERN DIVISION

Idaho

WA7BVM 24,570- 65- 126- B-

Montana

W7EOI	20,520-	6U-	114-	C-26
	6			

Oregon				
K7WWG	36,186- 74- 163- C-44			
W7YEX	27,126- 66- 137- C-40			
W7BTH	21,909- 67- 109-AC-18			
K7STK	15,390- 45- 114- (2-17			
W7AGQ	13,386-46- 97- B-19			
W7LXR	12,384-43- 96- A-16			
WA7DAC	10,287-27-127- A-25			

Washington

W7ESK K7VAL	740,000-250- 987-263,169-171-513-	
W7MX W7HRH	140.847-133- 353- 128,143-127- 341-	

PACIFIC DIVISION

East Bay		
W6RGG 212,598-186-	381-	B-63
W6EWN 203,796-148-		
W6BSY 166,803-169-		
W6LDD 153,090-162-		
W6VNH 147.768-131-		
W6PQW 124,200- 92-	450-	B-52
WA6IVN 26,910-65-	138-	- 9
Nevada		
K7ICW 240- 7-	10	12 7
R1101 240- 7-	104	D- 1
Sacramento Vall	ey	
W6SIA 91,125-125- :	243 -	C-31
WB6MZX 14,784- 56-	88-	B-16
WA6JDT 1.566-18-	29-	A- 7
San Francisco		
W6ERS 246,760-199-	414-	Ċ-80
W6GPB 58.512- 92- 1		
San Joaquin Val	len	
W6FYM 10.530-45-	78	<i>C</i> -
W6MMH 1.836-18-	34-	B- 6
Santa (Dava Val		
Santa Clara Val		
K60HJ (W6BHY, opr.)		
""" ROL 000	0.11	(* On

9,626-262- 941- C-82 1,884-241- 708- C-68 ,016-189- 448- C-35

5-9 SUNDAY MORNING WITH HIS 40 WATTS OF SSB ... HE MUSTA BEEN OPERATING FROM A SPUTNIK !

WAØLXD 53,062-86-206- B-40 WAØMOB 44,550-99-150- (223 WAØDTB 28,194-74-127- B-36 WØLTE (10 oprs.) 699,720-280- 833- C-96

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

Connections

	, onnexicut	
WIBIH	667,377-261- 853-	C-58
WICKA	388,080-210- 616-	C-30
K1THQ	306.600-175- 584-	A-35
WAIDJG	235,343-157- 503-	A-46
W1BGD*	133,623-147-303-	C-17
KIZND	117,348-127- 308-	A-30
WICNU	73,602-94-261-	B-29
KIDPB	59,616-92-216-	A-31
KIEUS	57,267-101- 189-	1/20
WIDIT	37,536- 92- 136-	C-26
K1EZZ	28.674- 59- 162-	B-20
KIRPQ	22,563- 69- 109-	C-16
W1EZM	17,004- 52- 109-	A-29

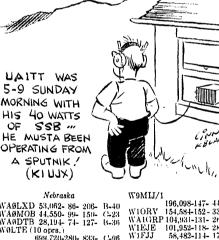
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W9MIJ/1				
11 01120/ 1	196.098-1	17	145.	C-42
WIORV	154,584-1			C-36
WAIGRP	104,931-1	131- 2	267-	B-
WIEJE	101,952-1	18- 2	2×8-	A-28
WIFJJ	58,482-1	14- 1	171-	C-17
KISHN	48,762-			
W1MO	13,424-			
WIDVA	13.200-			
WITKG	12.750-			
W1PLJ	4,032-	28-	48-	B-11
WINJL	3.726-	27-	46-	A- 8
W1FJJ/1	540-	12-	15-	A- 2
K1YKT WAIFGN	12-	2-	2	B- 1
W1YOF (wy . ii?o	p $\sqrt{7}$	ะกี ร	OF)
	551,310-2			
WA1FZK	(WAIs E	OX I	FZK)
	78.642-1	102- 5	257-	8-54
	11-1-			
	Main	e		

W1BFA	344,867-199-	580-	C-4
WIPCD	55,476- 65-	92-	C-1
W3MQR/	/1 2,580- 20-	43-	H-1

-152 - 339-	C-36	W AOI VI
-131- 267-	B-	
-118- 288-	A-28	K7ICW
-114- 171-	C-17	N/101
- 86- 189-	-	
- 92- 158-	A-23	W6SIA
- 44- 100-	H-17	WB6MZ
- 50- 85-		WA6JD'
- 28- 48-	B-11	II AUS D

5-	92-	C-16 B-19	W6WX K6ERV	511 254



廢				
3	W5NMA	277,263-189-	489-	C-38

105,324-134- 262- H-36

95,904- 74- 432- B-88,854-118- 251- C-74

W5JWM 113,828-143- 267-ABC-

W5LZZ

5QMC

W5RO

100,200-100- 010- 0-00	W 50D
W6ISQ 156,618-154- 339- C-53	W5DQ
K6PIH 131,454-109- 402- B-43	1000
	K5STL
WB6CCV111,612-131- 284- B-52	W5QB
W6VVR 64,176-112- 191- C-29	110.205
W6QBY 34,038- 62- 183- C-28	W7NP
W6RFF 28,665- 65- 147- B-22	
	K70XI
Конов 22,743- 57- 133- С-17	K7JLF
W6PLS 19,470- 59- 110- B-16	
K6UXV 9.768- 44- 74- B-19	
K6CQF 612-12-17-U-	W7PSC
WB61ZF 210- 7- 10- A- 4	
W6UMI (W6UMI, WB6KIG)	S
453.321-241- 631- U-	
WA6YMX (WA6YMX, WB6s	
RCC SWL)	
213.690-170- 419- C-84	WA4W
	W 44 W
DO INORE DURINON	WA4G
ROANOKE DIVISION	W4NM
North Carolina	W4FV
	W4RL
K4KZZ 384,132-238- 538- ()-35	
	W4US
W4ZWF 23,010- 59- 130- C-13	
W4ZWF 23,010- 59- 130- (2-13) W4OMW 21,357- 63- 113- (2-46)	W4U8 K4W8
W4ZWF 23,010- 59- 130- C-13	W4U8 K4W8 W4D8
W4ZWF 23,010-59-130- (2-13) W4OMW 21,357-63-113- (2-46) WA4ISA 15,512-56-93- (2-18)	W4U8 K4W8 W4D8 WA4H
W4ZWF 23,010- 59- 130- (2-13) W4OMW 21,357- 63- 113- (2-46)	W4U8 K4W8 W4D8
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W4ZWF 23,010-59-130- (2-13) W4OMW 21,357-63-113- (2-46) WA4ISA 15,512-56-93- (2-18)	W4U8 K4WS W4DS WA4H K4KJI W4ZN
W4ZWF 23.010-59-130-C-13 W40MW 21.357-85-134-C-46 WA4ISA 15.512-56-93-C-18 WA4KWC 2.520-24-39-B-18 South Carolina	W4U8 K4WS W4DS WA4H K4KJI W4ZN W4ZN W4BR
W4ZWF 23.010-59-130-(2-13) W40MW 21.357-83-113-(2-46) WA4ISA 15.512-56-93-(2-14) W44KWC 2.520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina WA4VZK 165.966-139-398-B-55	W4U8 K4WS W4DS WA4H K4KJI W4ZN
W4ZWF 23.010-59-130-C-13 W40MW 21.357-85-134-C-46 WA4ISA 15.512-56-93-C-18 WA4KWC 2.520-24-39-B-18 South Carolina	W4USI K4WS W4DS WA4H K4KJI W4ZN W4ZN W4BR K4IKF
W4ZWF 23.010-59-130-C-13 W4DMW 21.357-85-134-C-46 WA4ISA 15.512-56-93-C-46 WA4KWC 2.520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina WA4VZK 165.966-139-398-B-55 WA4IKU 160.803-160-335-C-30	W4USI K4WS: W4DS W44H K4KJI W4ZN W4BR K4IKH W4GR
W4ZWF 23.010-59-130-(2-13) W40MW 21.357-83-113-(2-46) WA4ISA 15.512-56-93-(2-14) W44KWC 2.520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina WA4VZK 165.966-139-398-B-55	W4USI K4WS: W4DS W44H K4KJI W4ZN W4BR K4IKH W4GR K6SRM
W42WF 23(010-59-130-C-13) W40MW 21,357-83-113-C-46 W41MS 15,512-56-93-C-18 WA4KS 15,512-56-93-C-18 WA4KSC 2,520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina South Carolina W44KX 165,966-139-398-B-55 WA4KZ 160,803-160-335-C-30 W44KW 100,800-160-335-C-30	W4USI K4WS: W4DS W44H K4KJI W4ZN W4BR K4IKH W4GR K6SRM
W4ZWF 23.010-59-130-C-13 W40MW 21.357-85-130-C-13 W40MW 21.357-85-93-C-18 WA4ISA 15.512-56-93-C-18 WA4KWC 2.520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina WA4VZK 165.966-139-398-B-55 WA4KU 160.809-160-335-C-30 Virginia W4QCW	W4USI K4WS: W4DS WA4H K4KJI W4ZN W4BR K4IKH W4GR K6SRM W4HA
W42WF 23(010-59-130-C-13) W40MW 21,357-83-113-C-46 W41MS 15,512-56-93-C-18 WA4KS 15,512-56-93-C-18 WA4KSC 2,520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina South Carolina W44KX 165,966-139-398-B-55 WA4KZ 160,803-160-335-C-30 W44KW 100,800-160-335-C-30	W4US K4WS W4DS W44H K4KJI W4ZN W4BR K4IKH W4GR K6SRM W4HA W4GQ
W41WF 23(010-59-130-1-13) W40MW 21,357-85-113-1-46 W41MA 15,512-56-93-0-18 W41KA 15,512-56-93-0-18 W41KA 15,512-56-93-0-18 W41KA 15,512-56-93-0-18 W41KC 2,520-21-39-8-18 South Carolina W41KU W41KB 165,966-139-398-8-55 W41KU 160,800-160-335-0-30 Virginia W4QCW 1.243,350-405-1025-(-84	W4US K4WS W4DS W4DS W4ZN W4ZN W4ZN W4ZN W4ZN W4CR K6SRM W4BR K6SRM W4GR W4GR W4GQ W44ZI
W42WF 23(010-59-130-C-13) W40MW 21,357-83-113-C-46 W41SA 15,512-56-93-C-18 WA4KSA 15,512-56-93-C-18 WA4KWC 2,520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina South Carolina WA4VZK 165,966-139-398-B-55 WA4KU06.802-160-335-C-30 Virginia W4QCW 1.243,350-405-1025-C-84 W4PTR 148,482-146-339-C-32	W4US K4WS W4DS W44H K4KJI W4ZN W4BR K4IKH W4GR K6SRM W4HA W4GQ
W4ZWF 23.010-59-130- C13 W4OMW 21.357-85-131- C-46 WA1ISA 15.512-56-93- C-18 WA4KWC 2.520-21-39- B-18 South Carolina WA4VZK 165.966-139-398- WA4KWC 2.520-21-39- B-18 South Carolina WA4VZK 165.966-139-398- WA4VZK 165.966-139-398- B-55 WA4UZK 160.800-160-335- C-30 Virginia Virginia W4QCW 1.243,350-405-1025- C-84 W4PTR W482-146-3349- 99-468- A-52	W4USI K4WSI W4DS W4HSI K4KJI W4ZN W4ZN W4ZN W4BR K4IKH W4GQ W4HA W4GQ W4HA W4GQ W44ZI W44B'
W42WF 23(010-59-130-C-13) W40MW 21,357-83-113-C-46 W41SA 15,512-56-93-C-18 WA4KSA 15,512-56-93-C-18 WA4KWC 2,520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina South Carolina WA4VZK 165,966-139-398-B-55 WA4KU06.802-160-335-C-30 Virginia W4QCW 1.243,350-405-1025-C-84 W4PTR 148,482-146-339-C-32	W4USI K4WSI W4DS W4DS W4ZN W4ZN W4ZN W4ZN K6SRM W4HA W4GQ W4HA W44GQ WA4ZI W44B
W42WF 23(010-59-130-C-13) W40MW 21,357-83-113-C-46 W41SA 15,512-55-93-C-18 WA4ISA 15,512-56-93-C-18 WA4KC 2,520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina W44K2K W44K2K 165,966-139-398-B-55 W44K2K 165,966-139-398-B-55 W44K2K 169,802-160-335-C-30 Virginia W4QCW 1.243,350-405-1025-C-84 W4PTR 184,482-146-339-C-32 K4V7N 138,996-99-468-A-52 W4KFCC 110,976-128-289-A-18	W4U8: K4WS: W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42N W42N W42N W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42
W4ZWF 23:010-59-130-0-13 W4OMW 21:357-83-113-0-46 WAHSA 15:512-56-93-0-0-18 WA4KWC 2:520-21-39-8-18 South Carotina South Carotina WA4KKUC 2:520-21-39-8-18 WA4KWC 2:520-21-39-8-18 W44KWC 2:520-21-39-8-18 W44KWC 2:520-21-39-8-18 W44KWC 15:93-66-139-398-8-55 W41KU 160,800-160-335-6-30 Virginia W4QCW 1:243,350-405-1025- (-84 W4PTR 184,882-146-339-6-32 K4YYN 138,996-99-468-A-52 W4KPC 110,976-128-289-A-18 W4RCU 171,736-122-196-6-47	W4U8: K4WS: W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42N W42N W42N W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42
W42WF 23(010-59-130-1-13) W40MW 21,357-83-113-0-46 W41MS 15,512-56-93-0-18 W41KS 15,512-56-93-0-18 W41KS 15,512-56-93-0-18 WA4KS 0,500-18-93-0-18 W41KS 165,966-139-398-0-18 W41KU 165,966-139-398-0-55 W41KU 160,800-160-335-0-30 Virginia Wirginia W4QCW 1,243,350-405-1025-0-84 1,243,350-405-1025-0-84 1-84 W4PTR 148,482-146-339-0-468 W4FC 110,976-128-289-A-18 W4KCC 110,976-128-289-A-18 W4DKU 59,116-114-173-R-24	W4USI K4WSI W4DS W4DS W4ZN W4ZN W4ZN W4ZN K6SRM W4HA W4GQ W4HA W44GQ WA4ZI W44B
W4ZWF 23:010-59-130-0-13 W4OMW 21:357-83-113-0-46 WAHSA 15:512-56-93-0-0-18 WA4KWC 2:520-21-39-8-18 South Carotina South Carotina WA4KKUC 2:520-21-39-8-18 WA4KWC 2:520-21-39-8-18 W44KWC 2:520-21-39-8-18 W44KWC 2:520-21-39-8-18 W44KWC 15:93-66-139-398-8-55 W41KU 160,800-160-335-6-30 Virginia W4QCW 1:243,350-405-1025- (-84 W4PTR 184,882-146-339-6-32 K4YYN 138,996-99-468-A-52 W4KPC 110,976-128-289-A-18 W4RCU 171,736-122-196-6-47	W4U8: K4WS: W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42N W42N W42N W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42
W42WF 23:010-59-130-C-13 W40MW 21,357-63-113-C-46 W41K3 15:512-56-93-C-18 WA4KS 15:512-56-93-C-18 WA4KWC 2:520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina W44VZK 165:966-139-398-B-55 WA4KWC 2:520-21-39-B-18 WA4WZK 165:966-139-398-B-55 W44KU 160:802-160-335-C-30 Virginia W4QCW 1:243:350-405-1025-C-28 C-32 K4VYN 138,996-99-468-A-52 W4FTR 138,482-146-339-C-32 W4FVN 138,996-99-468-A-52 W4FVN 138,996-99-468-A-52 W4FVN 138,996-99-468-A-52 W4FVN 138,996-99-468-A-52 W4KOC 10.976-122-196-C-47 W4KOC 59.116-114-173-K-24 W4MOJ 71,736-122-196-66-C-47 W4WWC 48,672-96-6169-C-26	W4U8: K4WS: W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42N W42N W42N W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42
W41WF 23(010-59-130-0-13) W40MW 21,357-85-113-0-46 W41BA 15,512-56-93-0-18 W41KA 15,512-56-93-0-18 W41KA 15,512-56-93-0-18 WA4KWC 2,520-21-39-8-18 South Carolina W4KWC W41KL 165,966-139-398-8-55 W41KU 160,809-160-335-0-30 Virginia W4QCW 1:243,350-405-1025-(-84 W4PTR 148,482-146-339-0-488-452 W4FC 10.976-128-289-A-88 W4HC 171,736-122-196-0-16-7 W4BC 48,216-114-173-R-24 W4WC 48,216-98-164-0-0-26 W4WC 48,216-98-168-0-89-48	W4U8: K4WS: W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42N W42N W42N W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42
W42WF 33(010-59-130-C-13) W40MW 21,357-63-113-C-46 W41BA 15,512-55-93-C-18 WA4BA 15,512-55-93-C-18 WA4KC 2,520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina W44VZK W44VZK 165,966-139-398-B-55 W44VZK 160,800-160-335-C-30 Virginia W4QCW W4QCW 1.243,350-405-1025-C-84 W4PTR 148,482-146-334-C-32 K4VYN 138,996-99-468-A-52 K4VYN 138,996-99-468-A-52 W4KFC 110.976-122-196-C-47 W4WC 45,677-96-169-C-26 K4WWT 45,677-96-164-C-22 K4WFU 45,567-88-183-18-14	W4U3 K4W3 W44H K4KJI W42N W42N W42N W42N W42N W42N W40R W40R W40R W40R W40R W40A W40A W40A W40A W40A W40A W40A W40A
W4 WF 23 (010) 59 130 (-1.13) W4 MW 21,357 65 133 (-1.13) W4 MW 21,357 65 133 (-1.13) W4 MW 21,357 65 93 (-1.13) W4 MSA 15,512 56 93 (-1.13) W4 MW 21,357 65 93 (-1.13) W4 MSA 15,512 56 93 (-1.13) W4 MKW 12,357 67.3 93 8-18 W4 WK 113,949.9 93 8-18 55 W4 HKU 160,809-160 335 C-30 Virginia W4QCW 1.243,350-405-1025 (-84) W4PT 148,482-146 339 (-5.2) W4 KFC 110,976-128 289 A-18 W4IO 71,736-122 196 (-5.4) W4 MOJ 71,736-122 196 (-147) W4D 48,216 48,6172 96 164 (-5.4) W4 MOJ 71,736-122 <th>W4U8: K4WS: W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42N W42N W42N W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42</th>	W4U8: K4WS: W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42N W42N W42N W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42DS W44DS W42
W42WF 23:010-59-130-C-13 W40MW 21,357-83-113-C-46 WA1K3 15:512-56-93-C-18 WA4KWC 2,520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina W44KWC W44K3 165,966-139-398-B-55 WA4KKWC 2,520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina W44VZK 165,966-139-398-B-55 W44KWC 160,800-160-335-C-30 Virginia W4QCW 1:243,350-405-1025- (-84 W4PTR 148,482-146-339-C-32 K4YFN 138,996-99-468-A-52 W4FKC 10,976-128-289-A-18 W4NCU 171,736-122-196-C-47 W4DKU 59,116-114-173-R-24 W4WBC 48,672-96-169-C-26 K4WIY 48,216-98-164-AC-22 K4KUY 45,216-98-164-AC-22 K4KEV 45,567-83-183-B-14 W4JVN 39,672-76-174-1C-25	W4U8: K4W8: W4D8 W42N W42N W42N W42N W42N W42N W44R K65RA W40Q W414A W410Q W414A W410Q W44A W44A W44AX
W42WF 33(010-59-130-C-13) W40MW 21,357-83-113-C-46 W41MS 15,512-55-93-C-18 WA41SA 15,512-56-93-C-18 WA4KSC 2,520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina W44K2K165,966-139-398-B-55 WA41VZK165,966-139-398-B-55 W44KU W44VZK165,966-139-398-B-55 W44K2K165,966-139-398-B-55 W44VZK 169,800-160-335-C-30 Virginia W4QCW 1.243,350-405-1025-C-84 W4PTR W497 138,996-99-468-A68-A-52 W41CV 10,976-128-289-A-18 W41CV 59.116-114-173-R-24 W4WBC 48,672-96-169-C-26 K4WUY 45,567-83-183-B-14 W4DCV 45,567-88-183-B-14 W4DC 45,672-86-17-A-24	W4U8: K4W8: W4D8 W42N W42N W42N W42N W42N W42N W44R K65RA W40Q W414A W410Q W414A W410Q W44A W44A W44AX
W42WF 23:010-59-130-C-13 W40MW 21,357-63-113-C-46 WA1KS 15:512-56-93-C-18 WA4KS 15:512-56-93-C-18 WA4KS 2:520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina W44VZK 165:966-139-398-B-55 WA4KWC 2:520-21-39-B-18 WA4KWC 2:520-21-39-B-18 WA4VZK 165:966-139-398-B-55 WA4KUU 160:803-160-335-C-30 Virginia W4QCW 1:243:350-405-1025- (-84 W4PTR 184:822-146-339-C-32 W4VYN 138:996-99-468-A-52 W4KCC 10:076-128-289-A-18 W4KC 10:076-128-289-A-18 W4DXU 17:176-122-196-C-47 W4DKU 59:116-114-173-R-24 W4WDC 48:672-98-164-AC-22 K4AEV 45:567-83-183-8-14 W4WUY 48:216-98-164-AC-22 K4AEV 45:567-83-183-8-14 W4UW 19:656-56-117-4-24 W4KRS 19:656-56-117-4-24 W4KRS 19:656-56-117-4-24 W4KRS 19:656-56-117-4-24	W4U3; K4W3; W4D3; W42N; W42N; W42N; W42N; W42N; W44R; K4IKI; W44R; K65R; W44A; W44A; W44Q; W44A; W44A; W4QB;
W42WF 23:010-59-130-C-13 W40MW 21,357-63-113-C-46 WA1KS 15:512-56-93-C-18 WA4KS 15:512-56-93-C-18 WA4KS 2:520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina W44VZK 165:966-139-398-B-55 WA4KWC 2:520-21-39-B-18 WA4KWC 2:520-21-39-B-18 WA4VZK 165:966-139-398-B-55 WA4KUU 160:803-160-335-C-30 Virginia W4QCW 1:243:350-405-1025- (-84 W4PTR 184:822-146-339-C-32 W4VYN 138:996-99-468-A-52 W4KCC 10:076-128-289-A-18 W4KC 10:076-128-289-A-18 W4DXU 17:176-122-196-C-47 W4DKU 59:116-114-173-R-24 W4WDC 48:672-98-164-AC-22 K4AEV 45:567-83-183-8-14 W4WUY 48:216-98-164-AC-22 K4AEV 45:567-83-183-8-14 W4UW 19:656-56-117-4-24 W4KRS 19:656-56-117-4-24 W4KRS 19:656-56-117-4-24 W4KRS 19:656-56-117-4-24	W4U8; K4W8; W4D8 W42N W42N W42N W42N W42R K65RA W40 W40 W40 W40 W40 W442 W442 W442 W442
W42WF 23(010-59-130-C-13) W40MW 21,357-83-113-C-46 W41MS 15,512-56-93-C-18 W41KS 15,512-56-93-C-18 WA4KS 15,512-56-93-C-18 WA4KWC 2,520-21-39-B-18 South Carolina W44KWC W44KWC 165,966-139-398-H-55 WA4KWC 165,966-139-398-H-55 W44KWC 160,800-160-335-C-30 Virginia WiQCW 1,243,350-405-1025-(-84 W4PTR 148,482-146-339-C-32 K4VYK 138,996-99-468-A-52 W4KCC 10,976-128-289-A-18 W4NC 45,672-96-169-C-26 K4WFC 10,976-128-289-A-18 W4DCU 48,672-96-169-C-26 K4WFU 48,216-98-164-C-22 K4WEV 45,567-88-183-B-14 W4DKU 48,672-96-169-C-26 K4KEV 45,567-88-117-A-24 W4KR& 19,656-56-117-A-24 W4KRW 16,170-49-110-C- W4KRW 16,170-49-10-C-	W4U8; K4W8; W4D8 W42N8 W42N W42N W42N W42N W42N W42N W40 W40 W40 W442 W442 W442 W442 W442 W4
$ \begin{array}{c} \hline W42WF & 23.010-59-130-C-13\\ \hline W40MW & 21,357-63-113-C-46\\ \hline W41K3 & 15.512-56-93-C-18\\ \hline WA41K3 & 15.512-56-93-C-18\\ \hline W44WC & 2,520-21-39-B-18\\ \hline South Carotina\\ \hline W44VZK 165,966-139-398-B-55\\ \hline W441KU 160,802-160-335-C-30\\ \hline Virginia\\ \hline W4QCW & 1.243,350-405-1025-C-84\\ \hline W4PTR & 148,482-146-339-C-32\\ \hline K4VYN & 138,996-99-468-A-52\\ \hline W4FTR & 148,482-146-339-C-32\\ \hline K4VYN & 138,996-99-468-A-52\\ \hline W4FTR & 148,482-146-339-C-32\\ \hline W4FTR & 10.976-128-289-A-18\\ \hline W4DYN & 138,996-99-468-A-52\\ \hline W4K7C & 110.976-128-289-A-18\\ \hline W4MOJ & 71,736-122-196-C-47\\ \hline W4DKU & 59,116-114-173-H-24\\ \hline W4WBC & 48,672-96-169-C-26\\ \hline K4KFV & 48,526-98-163-B-14\\ \hline W4JVN & 39,672-76-174-C-25\\ \hline W4KRB & 19,655-58-117-A-24\\ \hline W40F & 18,300-61-100-C-9\\ \hline \end{array} $	W4U8; K4W8; W4D8 W42N W42N W42N W42N W42R K65RA W40 W40 W40 W40 W40 W442 W442 W442 W442

W6JKJ 233.061-166-468- (2-38 W6DZZ 166.260-163-340- (2-55

W4BVV (6 oprs.) 3,502-845-465-2511-AC-96

West Virginia K8YBU 589,785-205- 959- C-81 K8UZK 66,447-107- 207- C-16

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

Colorado

WØGAA	216,996-169-	428-	C-60
WØEXS	9,416-44-	72-	A-40
WØKFX	4,032-28-	48-	R- 8

New Mexico W50DJ 202,089-160- 421- B-76 186,030-130- 477- B-48 149,799-167- 299- B-52 V5DQV 5STL V5QBV 17,100- 50- 111- C-15 Utah V7NPU 209,752-167- 419- C-65 30,870- 70- 147- C-13 28,608- 64- 149- A-25 70XB Vyomina V7PSO 29,784- 73- 136- C-16 WHIR

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SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

Mabama

WA4WAO 764,127-311- 819- C-82 WA4GCS 681,312-302- 752- C-66 V4NML 128,061-153- 279-AC-V4FVY 127,896-146- 292- B-127,896-146- 292- B-30 117,198-153- 256- C-25 60,192-114- 176- C-23 ARLS 60,192-114- 176-36,703-108- 175-55,536-104- 178-V4USM X4WSE V4DS A-50 C-29 VA4HOM 55,458-117- 158-(4KJD V4ZNI 54.144- 94- 192-51,888- 94- 184-Č-27 A-35 VIBRE 29,154- 86- 113-C-10 VHIKR 23.664-68-116-C-V4GRG 21.411-61-117-C-11 X6SRM/4 19.206-66-97-B-25 16,632-56-99-B-12 11,748-44-89-B-1,558-19-28-B-12 V4HA V4CQL VA4ZFA A4BTA 1,200- 20- 20- B- 4 XB4DIG 792-12-22-B-5 W S9KBW 189-7-10-B-3 K VA4QVQ (WA4s BTA QVQ) 152,550-150-339-B-43 W

Eastern Florida

L157,652-397- 972- C-80 W4QBK 712,503-297- 801- C-78 W4MVB 327,084-194- 562- C-49 WHOS 108,315-145- 249-AB-45 W440FW 37,368-72-173-A-25 W4RQE 20,193-53-127-C-42 W4RQE 20,193-53-127-C-42 W4BYB 14,664-52-94-A-56 W4SD 14,193-57-83-C-9 K4THA 10,176-53-64-A-W4ZYS (W4s ZYQ ZYS) 699,684-293-798- C-82

Georgia

K4EZ 454,285-241- 630-BC-60 WA4TWQ 42,240- xx- 160- C-22 W4DQD 19,162- 67- 100- A-32 W+DQD Western Florida

157,896-153- 344- C-60



W4PC

The top low-power c.w. score was submitted by Connecticut's K1 ZND. This fine young operator wound up with 881 two-ways and a multiplier of 277 for 731,557 points. That Navigator is a post-DX test addition to Dave's shack. Antennas in use were dipoles for 80 and 40 and a tribander for 10 and 15 up about 25 feet. The QTH about average for an urban area.

Dividion	K5QMC 88,854-118- 251- C-74
Arizona	W5MHV 66,054-101- 218- C-45
W5HVV/7	W5LJT 22.470- 70- 107- (1-12
220,158-162- 453- A-77	W5EDX 6,480- 45- 48- B-20
W7AYY 183,063-139- 439- C-94	W5ULN 6,156-38- 54- A-19
K7PXI 165,645-135- 409- B-62	W5ELN 3,219- 29- 37- B-22
W7GQC 32,508-86-129- C-21	W50P 1,890-21- 30- B- 6
W7LBN 26,970- 63- 145- C-20	
W7ENA 6,764- 38- 60 7	CANADIAN
W7FCD 1,446- 26- 57- A-11	DIVISION
K7RDH 1,440-16- 30- A- 6	BITIBION
	Maritime
Los Angeles	VE1PL 762,468-313- 812- C-76
W6ITA 1,369,170-330-1383- C-84	VE11M 15.318- 83- 182-
W6NJU 551,772-262- 702- C-70	3CIANT 5,376- 32- 56- B-16
WB6LCS 237,600-180- 440- A-69	VEINV (VEIS AKW NV)
W6TZD 125,952-128-328- C-40	278,460-155- 595- B-96
W6IBD 79,092-78-338	*
W6FRZ 72,828-102-238- C-	Quehec
W6MUB 62,418-101- 206- C-20	VE2ANK 243,645-185- 439- (-50
K6YRA 58,869-93-211- C-39	VE2WA 208,950-175- 398- C-52
W6AM 54,825-85-215- C-60	3C2BV 118,902-133- 298- B-28
W6DGH 51.888- 94- 184- C-18	VE2BK 26,730- 66- 135- A-11
WB6HGU 36,936- 72- 171- C-72	VE2ABB 17,514- 42- 139
WB6NWK 32,175- 65- 165- A-20 K6HZU 25,689- 80- 107-BC-14	VE2DCX 1,176-14- 28- A-11
K8HZU 25,680-80-107-BC-14 W6DYJ 25,410-70-121-C-	Üntario
W6RCV 18,792-58-108- B-20	
W6PQT 18.005-65- 93- (-12	VE3UX 501,984-249- 672- C-67
W6UED 16,677- 51- 377	VE3ES 51,552-72-240- (-33 VE3DEU 46,480-83-187- A-41
W6HS 13,986- 42- 111- C-26	
WB6IQ1 8,409-40-70-AC-10	VE3BRE 34,560- 64- 180- A-33 VE3BSJ 25,380- 60- 141- B-19
WB6NRO 4,608-32- 48- A-11	C3FHO (3C3s FHO GCO)
65SUC 2,448-24- 34- C-7	524.949-233- 751- C-94
W6TMP 3- 1- 1- B- 1	
K6CEO (K6s CEO DDO)	Manitoba
146,88J-136- 360- C-60	VE4SD 100.284-137- 246- B-60
WB6URS (WB6s SCP URS)	VE4RP 23,919- 67- 121- B-57
73,700-110 - 224 - A-60	
0	Saskalchewan
Orange	VE5DP 61,311-107- 191-AB-44
K6YNB 309,859-187- 553- C-56	VE5GF 10,244-52- 67- B-
W6SRF 296,976-184- 538- C-60	VE5TY 671-11- 21- A-1
KøGJD/6281,010-190-493- C-57	3C5US (VE5s DK UF)
WB6NRK161,238-154-349- B-80	238,638-186 - 430- C-85
W6YMV 135,378-138- 327- C-54 W6BCT 38,395- 81- 158- B-15	Alberta
WA6YSE 360- 9- 14- A-11 W6CCP (W6s CCP HOH)	VE6GX (VE6AAV, opr.)
WOULE (WOS COP RUE)	64,125- 95- 225- A-26

32,841- 89- 125- C-23

SOUTHWESTERN

DIVISION

277,689-151- 613- C-

	San Diego		
WA6ZQU	302,592-197-	512-	C-60
WB6GĞI	71,379-103-	231-	C-45
W6CHV	53,790-110-	163-	B-43
K6AVF	36,516- 68-	179-A	C-35
W6LCU	31,464- 69-		
	6,498- 38-		
	300-10-	10-	B- 6
WB6TSJ (multiopr.)		
	7 020- 45-	52-	B-16

Santa Barbara

W6GRX 187,245-171-365- C-60 WA6EYP101,640-132-258- C-37 W6AGO 101,346-133-254- C-30 WB6LIV 6,144-32-64- B-8 6,144-32-64-B-8 912-16-19-A-4 W6GEB

WEST GULF DIVISION

Monthern Toras

Northern Texas				
W5KTR 660,645-277- 797- C-73				
WA5ALB 596,250-265-750- C-72				
W50GS 446,532-254-586- C-58				
K5AKQ 168,216-172- 326- C-62				
K5ASM 72.924-103- 236-BC-40				
WA5JSI 60,681-113-17950				
WA4SUR/5				
38,220- 91- 140- C-18				
W5TMZ 12,730- 50- 85- A-14				
WA5AUR/5 189- 7- 9- A- 4				
W5MSG 126- 6- 7- A- 5				
Oklahoma				
HILELOD ANT AND LEE DAR CLEE				

WA5LOB 207,900-175- 396- C-45	
W5KGJ 170,766-159- 358- B-60	
W5EHR 53,781- 91- 197- C-31	
W5EHY (K5VTA, W5EHY)	
160,344-153- 350- A-62	

Southern Texas K5JZY 575.280-255- 752-BC-78

VE2WA 208,950-175- 398- C-52 3C2BV 118,902-133- 298- B-28
3C2BV 118,902-133- 298- B-28
VE2BK 26,730- 66- 135- A-11
VE2ABB 17,514- 42- 139-
VE2DCX 1,176-14- 28- A-11
Ontario
VE3UX 501,984-249- 672- C-67
VE3ES 51,552- 72- 240- C-33
VE3DEU 46,480- 83- 187- A-41 VE3BRE 34,560- 64- 180- A-33
VE3BRE 34,560- 64- 180- A-33 VE3BSJ 25,380- 60- 141- B-19
3C3FHO (3C3s FHO GCO)
524,949-233- 751- C-94
Manitoba
VE4SD 100,284-137- 246- B-60
VE4RP 23,919- 67- 121- B-57
Saskalchewan
VE5DP 61.311-107- 191-AB-44
VE5GF 10,244-52-67-B-
VE5TY 671-11-21-A-1
3C5US (VE5s DK UF)
238,638-186 - 430- C-85
Alberta
VE6GX (VE6AAV, opr.)
64,125- 95- 225- A-26 3C6SF 46,410- 85- 182- B-18
3C6SF 46,410- 85- 182- B-18 VE6ABR 43,659- 77- 189- B-49
VE6AGV 40,953- 73- 187- 8-41
VE6ALX 16.200- 60- 90- C-17
VE6PL 13,550- 50- 99- B-23
VE6PL 13,550- 50- 99- B-23 3C6IN 6,270- 38- 55- C-
VE61P 5,400-36-50-C-4 VE6AJY 324-9-12-A-2
VE6AJY 324- 9- 12- A- 2
British Columbia
VE7EH 178,785-145- 411- C-47
307NW 22,680- 63- 120- 0-49 307SE 4,320- 30- 50- A-21
VE7AXJ 3,036- 23- 44- A-25
AFRICA
Ingola
CR6GM 226,938-109- 694- A-
Mozambique

CR7DS CR7CI	Mozambique 52,380- 60- 291- 7,704- 24- 107- 1	
3C3FJZ/	Egypt (SU (multiopr.) 802,575-145-1845-	() K6
The state	Congo Republic	
TN8AA	11,520- 32- 120- Seycheller	В-
VQ9AR	223,311-101- 738- The Gambia	A-16
ZD3G	474,237- 79-2001- Swaziland	A-47
ZD5R	223,110-111- 670-	A-
%D7KH	St. Helena 9,312-32-96-	A-
ZS6DW ZS6FN	South Africa 1,202,880-179-2240- 326,400-136- 800-	

OST for

71,205- 47- 505- A-38,116- 52- 249- A-**ZS4.IB** ZS6AOU Basutoland ZS8L 506,088-132-1278- B-Nigeria 5N2AAF 701,400-140-1670- A-40 Niger Republic 39,555- 45- 293- A-5U7AL Senegal Republic 6W8CD (W6s DOD KG) 684,972-159-1436- A-26 Algeria 7XØAH 203,600-100- 679- A-

Republic of the Congo 9Q5FV 254 019 107 700 254,018-107- 793- A-46

ASIA

Iran 653,265-135-1613- B-51 EP3AM EP2BO 202,608-84-804- B-Korea HL9US (4 oprs.) 349,870-118- 992- A-80 Japan KA7AB 1,104,846-178-2069-AB-45 JA1CG 486,460-145-1116- A-60 486,460-145-1116- A-60 302,976-128- 789- A-37 301,950-110- 915- A-JA2JAA JA1CIB JA8SW 301,950-110-915- A-264,960-120-736- A-50 233,688-107-728- (-15 203,046-86-787- A-17 101,010-65-518- A-21 66,624-64-347- A-17,092-90-208-A KA2JP **JA1MIN** JA10CA JAIITE 17,922- 29- 206- A-17,442- 34- 171- A-15,030- 30- 167- C- 5 JA4FK JA6AFL JA1EZT JAIJUQ 13,572- 29- 159-Ă-9,792-16-70-A-9,216-24-128-A-20 8,556-31-92-A-4 JA1EUV JA316464 JA1CWZ JA8QA JA3ŇP JA1NEZ 6,670-23- 98- B-225- 5- 17- A-5-2-17- A-36-6-A-JA2GRM 24 1-8-KA9MF (6 oprs.) 738,738-154-1599-AC-JA3YKM (5 oprs.) 1.083- 11-19- A- 9 Ryukyu İslands KR6AB 244,860-106-773- B-Lehanon OD5FC 20.790- 55- 126- A-Asiatic R.S.F.S.R. UW9CC 56.234- 62- 304- A-UA9DT 33,507- 51- 217- A-UWØAA 792-12- 22- B-India 43,655- 41- 355- A 4,758- 26- 61- A-VU2KV VU2FN Afghanistan YA5RG 1,274-14- 31- B-6 Cyprus 79,420- 44- 603- B-77,095- 85- 307- A-35 ZC4CN ZC4RM EUROPE Portugal 449,616-136-1102- B-20 369,117-147- 837- A-25 16,485- 35- 157- A-15 CTHW CTISQ CTIIN

Germany DJ6QT 2,217,261-216-3468- B-70 DJ2YA 1,830,606-208-3194- B-75 DL9PU 537,705-135-1419- C-39 DL8RM 348.705-123- 945- C-DL4NS 346,380-138- 837- B-51 DL8PC 258,048-128- 670-Α. 238,461-101- 787- A-191,966-106- 612- A-181,355- 95- 640- B-24 DJ9LI DL8WE DL6VP DL3RA 95,970- 70- 457- A-

October 1967



A single rig was operated on phone, by WA8GUF and K8s DCP and HLR for top Michigan multiop. score of 328-K. WA8GUF (center) operates while K8HLR (right) logs and K8DCP (left) spots using a spo the table between HLR and the cast type cartridge t for CQs, save

88,407- 47- 627- B-71,883- 49- 489- B-68,488- 56- 409- B-59,364- 68- 291- A-DJ2YL DL7CM DL7LJ DL7DE B-20 Â-23 36,516- 68- 179-DI4LA 34,068- 68- 167- B-10 17,670- 31- 190- A-13 12,900- 43- 100- A-DL6KG DL5KS DJ8YQ DL4EC 8,652- 28- 104- B-DL7FP 6,624- 32- 69-DJ4ZD DL11P 4,392-24- 61- A-567- 9- 21- A-DM3LOG 3- 1-DJ6TS (DJ6TS, DJ7IK) 1-A. 1,452,132-193-2575- B-DLØEV (DL8s JL LE OH) 263,070-111- 791- B-Spain EA2EL 229,950-105-730-EA3QW 22,680-45-168- A-Republic of Ireland EI3AK (multiopr.) 500,096-128-1309-BC-France F3KW 1,490,562-162-3067- A-59 481,922-151-1064- A-139,293- 99- 469- A-20 9,120- 38- 80- A-F2SI F2Y8 F2VX England (44.17 1.171.596-178-2194- B-53 G3UML

t,162,800-190-2040- А-65 905,958-171-1766- В-G3IAR G2QT

588,141-159-1233- B-48

are receiver. The device on				
e spare receiver is a broad-				
tape machine used				
es the lungsl				
G3CAZ 587.020-140-1398-AB-56				
G3LNO 315.960-120- 880- A-25				
G3TMN 133.522-101- 441- B-24				
G3USF 75,735-45-561- B-29				
G2AJB 24,882- 58- 143- A-				
(45HZ 22,176- 42- 178- B-				
G3RRJ (G3s JXC RRJ) 1,589,193-213-2487- A-				
1,589,193-213-2487- A- (B2DX (G3s JBC MPM)				
1,342,191-177-2572- B-71 G3SME (G38 SME UQR)				
701.552-163-1441 - B-47				
Scotland				
GM3BGL				
329,703-103-1067- A-				
GM5AFF 23,214- 53- 146- B-				
Hungary				
HA5AM 110,839- 87- 425- B-				
HA5CQ 3.059- 19- 59- A-				
HA5BY 180- 6- 10- A-				
HA5FE 168- 7- 8- B-				
Switzerland				
HB9DX 87.360- 64- 455- B-				
HB9RX 71.808- 66- 375- B-22				
Italy				
11BAF 1,725,750-195-2950- A-57				
I1FLD 453,248-128-1182 - B-43				
I1KPK 295,056-108- 911- B-47				
11PGL 149.076-101- 493- A-30				
T1MOL 142,974- 47-1014- A-48				
11LCK 86,292-68-423- B- 9				
11RB (IIs RB RBJ)				
1,143,750-250-1525- B-				

11QMJ (118 LK QMJ RKV) 67,080- 40- 563- A-28



W2MEL presents a real case for "home brew" with that E.N.Y. c.w. topper of 1.2 million. On the shelves at the left is the receiver (a prototype in a constant state of change, therefore without panels). At the right is the control for switching outside antennas and exciter (v.f.o. through 2-6146s). At the extreme right is a small rack housing a pair of 813s and power supplies.

		Sardinia	
	ISIVAZ	522,000-125-1394-	C-38
		Norway	
	LA1H (L	A901, opr.)	
		264,385-115- 790-	B-53
	LA3QG	125,832- 98- 428-	B-18
	LAGU	22,326- 61- 122-	A-
	LA4LG	21,060- 60- 119-	A- 7
	LASRI	11,550- 25- 155-	В-
	LAIMG	10.664- 31- 115-	A-11
	LASEJ	9,288-36-86-	
	LA4AF LA5SH	7,350- 35- 210-	A- 2
	LA56H	3,510-30-39-	A- 3
	LA7QI	1,998- 18- 37- 910- 14- 65-	A-
	141141		A-
		Austria	
	OE2EGL		
	1	,135,035-165-2293-	A-
		Finland	
	OH5SM	427,101-127-1127-	B-
	OHIVR	75,969- 69- 367-	B-
	OH50L	5,727-23-83-	В-
	OH2BR	4,092-31-44-2,622-19-46-	A-
	OHIUR	2,622-19-46-	н-
;	OHIAG	2,472-24- 35-	A-
5	OH5VT	2,322-18-43-	B-
5	OH5UQ	2,208-23- 32-	В-
)	OH2AM	668.750-178-3125-	D
	OH2AC	1000,700-178-3120-	D-
	Onzho (i	286.134-103- 926-	B-93
			D-20
		Aland Islands	
	OHØNI	14,760- 41- 120-	B-
•		Czechoslovakia	
,	OK1MP	585,192-148-1318-	D 10
	OK2ABU	64,255- 71- 308-	
	OK1AHZ	47,532- 68- 238-	
	OK2BEN	20,520- 38- 180-	й- К-
		NU,UNU- 00- 100-	- <u>-</u> -

Sardinie

4,089-	

UKIAD

ON4ZU

OZ9SI

OZ3KE

OZ7BG

OZ7DX

OZ5DX

OZ7SS

P

PPPP

17009	
466,979-127-1226-	B-

Α-

ON4NM	277.833-107- 872-	
ON5GF	80.760- 60- 449-	
ON4XG	79.326- 78- 339-	
ON4AK	2,016-16- 42-	

Denmark	
868,434-161-1798-	A-60
235,710- 97- 810-	B-32
189,750-110- 575-	A-16
33,672- 61- 184-	
10,800- 30- 120-	В-
1,071-17-21-	A-

Netherlands

AØXPQ				
1	.241.478-1	177-2	2350-	B-51
AØDEC	174,048-	98-	592-	A-
AØUC	116,034-	83-	466-	B-25
Aøtu	61,992-	72-	287-	B-
Aølou	56,952-	72-	265-/	B-12
AØVB	13,240-	40-	114-	A-

Sweden

SM6DLL 580,050-150-1359- B-53 SM6AEK 531,216-136-1302- B-26 SM4CMG 487,719-141-1155- A-487,719-141-1155- A-SM9BUO 131,976- 94- 486- B-19 SM5BPJ - 7,767- 58- 274- B-SM6CLH - 47,748- 46- 346- B-SM2BYW 23,430- 55- 142- B SM4BPS - 420- 11- 12- B 429- 11- 13- B-SMØBDS SM6CAS (5 oprs.) 1,167,120-180-2162- C-90 Poland SP8AJK 116,565- 95- 409- B-SP6AAT SP9ANH 34,986- 51- 233- B-9,540- 30- 106- A-SP3AMZ 60-4-5-Α-Greece SV1BL 39,000- 44- 300- A-Crete SVØWL 166,408- 88- 635- B-30 Iceland TF2WKE 164,690- 86- 639- A-21

European Russian S.F.S.R. UA3DR 209,484- 92- 759- B-UA1CS 72,576- 72- 336- B-UAITT 66,865- 65- 343- A-35,280- 42- 283- A-29,295- 45- 217- B-UA3CO UA6XG 3,480- 58- 174- A-UA3KBO (2 oprs.) 203,580-116- 607- B-UA3KND (2 oprs.) 16,884- 42- 134- B-Ukraine U5ARTEK (2 oprs.) 78,312- 52- 502- B-White Russian, S.S.R. UC2BF 25,493- 37- 230- B-Lithuania UP20II 15.930- 30-177- A-9,108- 33- 92- B-**UP2NV** I.T.U. Genera

4U1ITU (multiopr.) 720,328-133-1860- C-

NORTH AMERICA

Cuba

CO8RA 399,168-144- 925- A-34 Dominican Republic

HI8XAL 3,727,719-279-4452-RC-60

San Andres and Providencia HKØAI 263,235-109- 805- B-12

- Panama
- HP1JC 1,526,325-235-2165-AB-Alaska
- KL7EBK
- 1,316,952-216-2037-AC-KL7FRZ 40,779- 69- 193- (1-KL7GAC 14,652- 36- 407- B-
- KL7WAH (multiopr.) 516,834-153-1126- C-16

Puerto Rico

KP4AST 3,142,500-250-4190- C-78 Virgin Islands

KV4AM ------

	1,289,916-171-2532-	C-60
KV4EY	216,384-112- 646-	C-16
	Canal Zone	
KZ5SO	531,732-146-1214-	A-16
KZ5MF	70,077- 71- 329-	C- 7
	Costa Rica	
TI2NA	35,910- 63- 190-	C-

Intiona VP2AZ (VE1MX, opr.)

- 359,625-125- 959- B-18 St. Kitts, Nevis VP2KR 542,658-149-1214- A-50
- Montserrat VP2MK 154,770-110- 469- A-



There is hardly a DX signal today that sounds more like DX than that of VU2DIA. Hegde's regular c.w. activity, in addition to the contest, has made the Andaman and Nicobar Islands a snap for any 20-meter DXer.

VK2VN

VK3XB

VK2FU (multiopr.)

Australia VK2APK 910,860-190-1598-VK3ZR 540,216-164-1098- A-VK2WD 236,988-116-681- B-VK3ARX 56,964-47-404- A-

12,822- 61- 234- A- 4

1.275- 17- 25- A-13

7.884- 35- 73-

1,459,773-203-2397- A-

Territory of New Guinea

VK9GN 168,300-110- 510- A- 9 Cook Islands

ZK1AR 989,820-188-1756- A-58

Turks & Caicos Islands				
P5RS	2,053,350-234-2925-	A-54		
PSRB	.892.376-216-2935-	A-51		
	Bahama Islands			
P7NH	,230,761-193-2126-	A-49		
	Salvador			
S2OB	1,120,896-192-1946-	B-29		
	Jamaica			
Y5BS	59,202- 69- 290-	A- 8		
	OCEANIA			
F	hilippine Islands			
UIFH	545,632-136-1339-	C-56		
	Saker ,Howland & erican Phoenix Island	1.		

6

D

KB6CZ 399,330-145- 918- B-Guam

KG6AQA 176,832- 96- 614- A-35 Bonin & Volcano Islands KG6IJ (K4CFC, KH6GEM) 131,544- 84- 522- B-14

Hawaiian Islands KH6IJ 3,045,120-244-4160- C-72 KH6UL 2,798,712-252-3702- B-80 WØPAN/KH6 1,369,518-199-2299- A-60 KH6BZF 311,849-109- 955- C-KH6FON 7,560- 21- 120- A- 6 American Samoa KS6BV (KS68 BT BV, W4SFJ) 2,590,146-234-3690- C-80 Marshall Islands KX6DB 477,477-143-1113- C-16



The sole Vermont phone entry by WICBW registered 479 two-ways. This must have been a popular place to be from during the test!

CE6EZ 2,012,208-206-3256- B-CE6EF 91,266- 53- 574- B-

Uruguay

SOUTH AMERICA

Chile

CX9CO 867,160-152-1911- B-45 CX2CN 136,920- 56- 815- A-20

Ecuador

HC1TH 2.676.398-254-3513 - B-84 HC4TB 128,620-109- 394- A-19 HC4TB/1 3- 1-1- A- 1

Colombia

HK3RQ 2,876,256-216-4456- C-52

HK4KL 2.269.944-226-3348- H-HK3AQL 328,020-142- 770- A-

Argentina

LU2FAO 19,314- 37- 174- B- 7

Brazil

PY1BYK/7	
713,310-155-1534-	в-
PY1CK 144,235- 91- 529-	C-16
PY7TS 117,936-104- 378-	C-
PY4KL 53,928-42-428-	B-
PY1BAR 50.820-70-242-	A-24
PY7SO 38,628- 58- 222-	C-
PY3HT 34,056- 44- 258-	в-
PY2BGO 33,858- 57- 198-	C-
PY3BXW 20,664- 41- 168-	В-
PY2DBV 8,832-32-92-	A-
PY2DCA 3,312-24-46-	C- 4
PY2NM (PY28 DXT NM)	
1,590,708-203-2612-	В-
Surinam	
PZ1BW 58.944- 64- 307-	A _
× 312 (1 00,511- (1 - 1.0)-	
Venezuela	
YV5BPG	
	~~

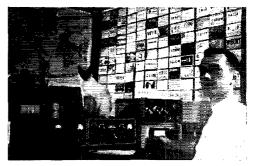
1.405.346-223-2106-BC-

New Zealand ZL1KG 1,522,125-205-2475- A-f ZL3QH 860,310-158-1815- A-4 ZL1AGO 560,001-173-1099- A-		Paraguay 123,372- 92- 447-	в-
ZL11L 266,832-109- 816- A- ZL3AB 51,528- 76- 226- A-	SRIG 3	Gnyana 736,200-200-1227-	A-30

A-12

4-18

Megathanks to the following OMs submitting logs for checking purposes, C.m.; W1CBW W2s EGI KFB K2KMF/1 WA2VSO W38 JO NNL UHN W4JUK W5VA W68 EYR PIZ W78 GGG LBV W9GIC K8CUV/V01 3C1s DB OM VE3ATF 3C6VO, DM2s BTO BZN CCM DM3BE DM4PKL F2SQ LA48 K LG LA88 CJ SJ OH1SH OH2BAC OH3XZ OH5PB OK18 ADM AT MX NK OH TA US OK28 BEU FBX BKH DB QR WDC OZ7ON SM38 CJD CXS SM58 BFJ BTX BXT CRV FC SP2BMAI SP5YQ SP6AKK UO5AA UW3AX UW6BK VK2BRJ/9 VU2JA YO3JW 5N2AAF HA1-403 UB5-5382 SM5-3669 YO8-7099. Phone: WA18 CYT ECV EDR W10UZ K1QPJ DJ1ZN/W2 W2EGI WB2VZW W48 KEB LRN W5FFW W7GGG VE38 CEA ECI 3C6AKV VE6SX VE8BB DL1TA F2MO HK5BDS KL7FBA LA5S LU9DAH SM5BFJ SM7CSN SMØBNX YV3KV A-5177 A-5206 UC2-33087.



K5STL furnished a nifty New Mexico multiplier to over 800 DX stations operating from this tidy shack. That banned-country Siamese doesn't make it multiop!





Coinciding with the 44th year of standard frequency broadcasting from WWV was the formal dedication of the new WWV facilities at Fort Collins, Colorado¹ on July 29. Attending the WWV day ceremonies were top officials of the Bureau of Standards and many distinguished guests. Carl Smith, WØBWJ, (left) Director of the Rocky Mountain Division represented the ARRL. Shown with Director Smith is Willard Solfermoser, KØDVI, who sent in the earliest postmarked QSL of "first-day operation²." This photograph was taken in front of the QSL board displaying cards from amateurs in each of the fifty states and many foreign countries—including six continents—which qualified WWV for a special WAC award.

1 "WWV Moves to Colorado," QST, January and Febru-

ary, 1967. 2"WWV To QSL 'First-Day' Reception," QST, November 1966, p. 53.

THE U.S. Navy has two hospital ships operating near Vietnam, the USS Repose (AH-16) and the USS Sunctuary (AH-17). Each ship is a floating hospital of 750 beds capacity, fully staffed by physicians expert in the various specialties of medical practice, and completely equipped in all respects. Repose and Sanctuary carry on a long Naval tradition, originating more than a century ago with the first such vessel, the Red Rover, back in 1862.

Both of the above ships carry facilities for amateur radio operation. The station on the Sanctuary is WA4LGD/MM and K7YCH/MM is on the Repose. Equipment aboard both ships is Collins S-line with a 6-element tri-band beam up 145 feet.

Operating is usually done between 1300 and 1900 GMT around 14.345 Mc. Anywhere from 15 to



Messages to home from the Repose. Here, operator RMSN Paul Spann, WA5RJA (left) hands the mike to ET1 George Ellson. (Official U.S. Navy photograph)

RM1 Vernard Grady, WB6VES operating the rig aboard the Repose. (Official U.S. Navy photograph)

20 messages per day is typical of the traffic and the messages are relayed by hams all over the United States. During an average stay of 6 weeks in the hospital ship, each patient will have about 2 or 3 messages relayed. It is unfortunate that space does not permit listing all of the calls of U.S. operators who have given most generously of their time helping with traffic from these ships. Anyway, the men of the Sanctuary and Repose say "thanks" and "well done" to all of those who helped.

The moral value of amateur radio to servicemen patients aboard these hospital ships is of inestimable value, and another illustration of the importance of the amateur service — George H. Reifenstein, M.D. W3CKN/K6LZI. Rear Admiral (MC) USNR-R. Technical Director, Clinical Research and Medical Education, U. S. Navy, National Naval Medical Center, Bethesda, Maryland 20014.

October 1967



CONDUCTED BY GEORGE HART,* WINJM

Whither Public Service?

W E have often wondered, in this day of emphasis on hero worship, glamour and ways and means of influencing the public mind, if we could be wrong in trying to perform public service by organizational means. It's a good thing, occasionally, to wonder if you could be wrong. Anybody can be wrong — yes, even thou.

Once the thought occurs, it can be given impetus by browsing through the daily mail. For example, we might come upon a reference to a 20-meter sideband net we have scarcely ever heard of which is apparently performing a very real and useful service just by being on the air most of the time and occupying a frequency. No real organization apparent, but the net is available. Or here might be a letter from a nonamateur expounding the virtues of some amateur who handled a Vietnam communication for her; she says he ought to get an award of some kind. Here is a clipping from a local paper that says John Hamm of that city converses familiarly with exotic and romantic places every night. A letter from the manager of an independent net asks how he goes about joining the National Traffic System, but it's pretty obvious that what he really wants is for NTS to join him. An SEC tells us that ARPSC isn't working in his section, everybody is going MARS (including himself). An RO says we should keep our hands off RACES, it's none of our business; another RO says we should concentrate 100% on RACES and forget AREC and NTS. A thoughtful and far-sceing old timer tells us that in emergencies amateurs will always have to improvise, regardless of how well organized we think we are, and that 95% of our preparedness will go out the window when the chips are down, so why waste all the effort? Another letter firmly espouses the organizational concept, but insists we are going about it the wrong way, that we should embrace a government-sponsored service and not try to operate as an amateur service except as an adjunct thereof.

Not exactly a typical day's mail receipts, but over a period of time such comments are received and it *is* difficult and confusing to keep your eye on the organizational objective in the midst of all these diversions and differences of opinion. Maybe it would be the path of least resistance to discontinue coordinated organizational efforts, let all the nets be formed and operated according to their own standards, loosely centralized and

*Communications Manager.

coordinated at headquarters just for information purposes, without any attempt at control or direction. Maybe we could get more flexibility, more participation and a resulting greater public service this way. Instead of beating our brains out trying to organize public service, we could spend our time and efforts publicizing the nets in existence, telling the general public about them, expounding their virtues and ignoring their faults (if any). The appeal would shift from the nationwide organized system to the individual net and the individual amateur and what each does in its or his sphere of influence. Maybe we should spend less time trying to do things and more time talking about what we do.

Anyway, that's one way to look at it.

On the other hand, the way we are now doing it, or trying to do it, is not something that was thought up on the spur of the moment, or imposed on the membership by an individual or group without their knowledge, consent, chance to comment, or promise of cooperation and assistance. AREC started in 1935 and has developed over the years into the emergency division of ARPSC which it is today. It was loosely organized at first, became more tightly organized as time progressed and the need for a tighter organization became apparent, but still maintains a high degree of flexibility. Some of its leaders think it is too flexible; some of its critics feel it is ineffective because of its adherence to amateur procedures and principles of operation. The biggest difficulty is getting participation in the face of all the competition for use of amateurs and the amateur bands by others.

Traffic organization started out the same way, growing like Topsy, becoming organized as the



This is WA2AWK who is the Emergency Coordinator for Onondaga County, N.Y.

need for it arose. But most of the traffic handlers, following the World War II break and partly as a result of wartime training, were dissatisfied with the methods and procedures carried over from pre-war times, and demanded a new setup. We produced one, with their help, presented it, put it into effect and today are still operating it. It's not perfect (is anything?) but it works if implemented according to plan.

Then, in 1951, up popped civil defense and RACES. Originally intended to be the amateur stake in any wartime operation, it soon expanded to cover certain peacetime operations as well, and the spectre of competition between AREC and RACES, both amateur services, arose. In 1966, the Board of Directors of the League tried to soothe the troubled waters by making RACES a part of ARPSC; but c.d. amateurs and other RACES people made some fuss about this, saying that RACES wasn't the League's to adopt, making us feel that although we may want RACES, there is some doubt that it wants us.

There seems to be little question that the majority of amateurs feel we should have League-



Here is the shack of W8DSW, who organized a 2-meter emergency net during the Detroit riot. Twenty-two amateurs reported into the emergency net during the three-day period that started on July 24.

sponsored public service organization. The question is, what kind of organization? How tight? Made up of whom? Based on what principles? It is easy enough to criticize what already exists, which is supported by enough to make it work after a fashion, but there is a startling and significant lack of unanimity in any of the alternative proposals. Which way should we go? Should we tighten up AREC, loosen NTS and let go go of RACES? Should we try to be all things to all served agencies, or should we try to serve them all through one central amateur facility? If the latter, how do we meet the competition from those who want amateurs exclusively for their own use and who offer them material things that we cannot offer? Or should we even try?

We don't know the answers to all these questions. Maybe you do. If so, we wish you would let us in on them.

October 1967



Always a big event in the east is the NYS picnic. This year it was held at the home of W2MTA in Newark Valley, N.Y., and SEC W2RUF succeeded in getting a few of them together for a snapshot. Kneeling, I. to r. are WB2IFN, W2FCG, K2JBX, WB2JCE, W2RUF, WB2OYE, K2KTK. Standing are K2RYH, W2EQM (partially hidden), W2LYG, W2ZPO, WB2HZY, W3EML, K2SSX, W2SEI, WB2YBX, K2AJA, K2KIR. Some mighty familiar calls!

What, NO SET?

That's right, there is no Simulated Emergency Test announcement in this issue of QST. Why not? Because the SET for 1967 is being held in 1968 --- that is, the date has been moved from October to January (27-28, to be exact) at the request of a considerable segment of participants throughout the years. It seems that the October date interferes with something almost everywhere - Thanksgiving in Canada, hurricanes down south and along the east coast, sporting events everywhere. From all we could gather, almost nobody liked the October date, except possibly those who weren't complaining. So this year we are going to try a late January date and hear from those who liked the October date, plus those who didn't like October but who like January even less.

We realize that emergencies don't happen at our convenience, but test emergencies have to consider this or suffer diminished turnout. In a real emergency, nobody is going to worry too much about his convenience; but you can't really blame an AREC member, for example, for not participating in a test if it interferes with something else he has planned or regularly with another event in which he is equally or more interested. We hope that those we lose by the change (if any) will be more than made up for by those we gain because the new date is more convenient. Full details in the SET Bulletin later this year, and the regular announcement will be in January QST. — W1NJM.

National Traffic System

The first formal meeting of the Central Area Staff of NTS took place at the Central Division ARRL Convention in Milwaukee, Wis., on July 7-8, with Chairman W9JUK presiding. Also present were PAN Manager W9DYG- 9RN Manager W9QLW and Members-at-Large W5CEZ, W9VAY and W θ LCX. Absent were RN5 Manager K51BZ and TEN Manager W4LGG. The principal item on the agenda was the finalization of the Terms of Reference for the Staff. This document has now been completed and the CAS is now formally established as a working part of the NTS, just as PAS and EAS have been formalized before it.

Other matters brought up at the meeting and subsequently surveyed by mail to include all staffers include such things as having two region net representatives on each CAN session, one for transmit and one for receive (this has been a practice in EAN for some time), including TCC representatives in the "percent representation" figure of the area net, and CAS sponsorship of an ARPSC award. The CAS has also gone on record as (1) favoring the new SET date, (2) lukewarm about the "new method" of traffic reporting (i.e., destination first, number of messages second), (3) lukewarm about the "versatility factor" for appointment ratings, (4) in favor of the proposed new appointment structure and (5) in favor of more considerate treatment of newcomers at region and area levels, although realigning that the proper place for their training is at section level.

Another CAS meeting is possible this year, but nothing definite yet. The Pacific Area Staff of NTS is planning a meeting at the Pacific-Southwestern Division Convention in Los Angeles in September. By the time you read this, it will be history.

New subject. With the coming of the active fall season (it should be a lulu, with propagation conditions looking up), many NTS section nets will be looking toward possible re-establishment of the unpopular "late" session, normally occurring at ten o'clock local time. WA6KZI, manager of SCN, comprising four of the nine California sections, has combined their late session with a training session for newcomers to NTS. A welcome message in standard form is originated and sent by one of the regular net members to each newcomer when he reports in, requesting he send the manager his address and inviting him to continue participation. No "brush off" or brusque treatment on the late SCN. Once the manager gets the address, the newcomer receives in the mail some information to help him in traffic work and to understand how NTS works.

While conducting the training session at the time usually used for the late section net session is a new wrinkle, the practice of welcoming newcomers and dealing patiently and considerately with their shortcomings in procedure is or should be standard. Section training nets can be considered a part of NTS if they conduct liaison with the regular section net or the region net. More recruitment and training are needed. You don't acquire or retain new operators by telling them they are lids. Make them feel wanted, needed, appreciated, and help them get off on the right foot. Establish an NTS section training net. — WINJM.

July Reports:

Ses-	Traf-		Aver-	Represen-
Net sions	fic	Rate	aye	tation %
EAN	1242	.895	40.1	94.0
CAN	1113	.833	37.1	96.8
PAN	1014	.668	32.7	89.2
1RN62	320	.249	5.2	87.4
2RN	387	.533	11.7	90.4
3RN62	472	.383	7.6	98.4
1RN	358	.266	6.4	86.5
RN662	1073	.804	21.5	100.0
8RN62	485	.347	7.8	98.4
9RN62	496	.404	8.0	95.2
TEN	542	.602	11.0	76.3
ECN	81	.172	3.0	58.0 ¹
TWN 12	59	.216	4.9	20.7^{1}
Sections ² 2284	12488		5.4	
'fCC Eastern 1243	479			
TCC Central933	582			
TCC Pacific 1118	620			
Summary 2890		EAN	12.6	62.7
Record2542	21,744	1.267	15.2	·····



Shown are W8ELW (RM of QMN) and W8FX (SCM Mich) at a meeting of the Michigan Traffic Net held in April. Representation based on one session per day.

² Section and Local nets reporting (81) AENB, D, H, M, O, R, T (Ala.); ARSN, OZK (Ark.); NCN, SCN (Cal.); EVN, HNN (Colo.); CN, CPN (Conn.); FAST, FATT, FMTN, FPTN, GN, QFN, SATN, TPTN, WFPN (Fla.); BEN, QIN (Ind.); Iowa 75; KPN, KSBN, OKN, OKS (Kans.); FCATN, KRN, KTN, KYN (Ky.); LAN (La.); PTN (Me.); MDDS, MEPN, Termite (Md.-Del.); EMNN (Mass.); M6MTN (Mich.); AJN, MSN, MSPN, MSTN (Mass.); M6MTN (Mich.); MJN, MSN, MSPN, MSTN (Mass.); M6MTN (Mich.); MJN, MSN, MSPN, MSTN (Mass.); M6MTN (Mich.); MJN, MSN, MSPN, MSTN (Mass.); M6MTN (Mich.); NJN, NJN (NJ.); Roadrunner (N.Mex.); NLI, NLIPN, NLS, NYS (N.Y.); NCN, NCSB, THEN (N.C.); OSSB (Ohio); STFN (Okln.); EPA, EPEN, PFN, PTNN, VHFTN, WPA (Pa.); RISPN (R.I.); SCN (S.C.); TN (Tenn.); NTTN, TEX (Tex.); RUN (Utah); VN, VSBN, VSN (Va.); WSN (Wash.); WSBN (Wis.); APSN (Alta.); RTQ, AREC (Que).

³ TCC functions performed not counted as sessions. July, in spite of the comments, broke some of the records mainly because of the great number of Section and Local net reports received. The two missing Region Net reports certainly did not help the statistics, but we are happy to see that only two Region nets are holding to a single session per day. Even the Eastern Canada Net is considering two sessions per day in order to conform to NTS principles.

W9DYG reports that the storms over Central USA just do not seem to let up; many thanks to the extra efforts during the bad conditions by the members of CAN. W&VNQ of PAN sez that after June's horrors he didn't expect anything worse, but here it is, WA2GQZ reports that vacations made a few holes in the skeds; traitic totals are still down but there is a little improvement over June. K3MVO sez only a little gain. WB6BBO reports that much of the trailic is from mon-NTS sources and there is very little traffic from the Section nets. W9QLW issued Region Net Certificates to W-19s KAG MANG QXT, WA4UIH, WP34CJM. VE3B2B reports that under consideration for the winter are two nightly sessions with at least one, perhaps both, on 7 mc; because of short skip on 3.5, something must be done to cover VE1/VO land.

Transcontinental Corps: W3EML set that July was not one of the better months, with traffic totals about the same as July 66; not too bad, considering the foul-up because of the change of time and the daily thunderstorms. W9JUK is not proud of the July report but nevertheless it's all he has to give; poor conditions, vacations, unforessen emergencies, you name it, we had them all this month. W7DZX set a terrible report but now that the cherry harvest is finished he should get things working right again. July TCC reports:

	l'unc-	% Suc-		Out-of-Net
Area	tions	cessjul	Tra_fic	$T \tau a // ic$
Eastern	.111	83.2	1363	479
Central	. 93	68.8	1244	582
Pacific	.111	84.8	1240	620
Summary		82.9	3847	1681

July TCC roster: Eastern Area (W3EML, Dir.) W18 BJG EFW NJM, W2* GKZ GVH SEI, K2* KTK RYH SSX, W42* BLV UPC, W2** MOQ OHL RKK, W3* EML NEM, K3MVO, W4* DVT NLC ZM, W8CHT, K8KMQ, W48* CFJ OCG PAIN, Central Area (W9JUK, Dir.) W40GG, K4* BSS DZM, W5* GHP KRX, W8FAW/Ø, W9* CXY DYG JUK VAY, W49* MIO NFS NPB, K9DHN, WØLCX, KØ* AEM YBD, WAØIAW.

Net	Sessions	Check-ins	Tra_(lic
QTC		238	166
7290	, 40	1320	707
HBN	31	376	584
Eastern Area Traffic	16	159	103
Mike Farad		340	307
75 Interstate	31	1022	755
20 Interstate		358	2986
Clearing House,		225	177
New England Teenag	ge31	291	120
North American		769	592

Diary of the AREC and RACES

On May 12 through 15, in Northern Alabama, there were six different alerts because of threatoned severe weather. It started when the Civil Defense Director notified W4YFN that the weather bureau wanted additional help during the tornado threat. The amateurs provide the tornado watch anytime, day or night, when North Alabama is threatened with severe weather and have been doing this for the weather bureau and civil defense for the past seven years. The Madison County Civil Defense Communication Center is the control center with 2-meter a.m. link to the weather bureau. Six-meter a.m., 75-meter s.s.b, and 2-meter f.m. is used to cover the county, plus Morgan, Limestone and Lauderdale Counties. There always seem to be more than enough amateurs available to do the job. In this particular alert the following amateurs participated: W4s EKL ERX FVY HFU UVM WEY WGI YFN YXQ, K4s IQU RSB TUT VJL WHW, WA4s DBQ DZF FYO JSM KMA VQI WGF WB4ALW WA5KXI/4 - W4YFN EC Madison, Ala.

On June 11, WA6TPN called in on 7255 kc. (West Const Amateur Radio Service monitored frequency) at 4:17 p.M. reporting that a Southern California girl traveling in the far East became ill and additional medical information was needed in order to treat her correctly. K6KZI and W6Q1E were instrumental in conveying the rather complex unedicalinformation to Thailand. With the proper treatment the girl recovered successfully — WB61ZF

On June 14, there was a flood and tornado alert in East, South Central and Southeastern Nebraska. As flood conditions occurred in several areas of Nebraska, the Nebraska AREC Net on 3982 kc. was alerted with WA9OHO acting net control. Net members stood by and effectively handled weather, flood, tornado damage, road closing, rainfall and other reports. Some of the agencies served were the American Red Cross, Power and Gas Companies, Police, Civil Defense and National Guard. Several amateurs operated mobile in the disaster areas. Grand Island and Kinesaw amateurs in the two worst-hit areas set up individual nets on 3976 and 3990 kc. WØZWG, EC for Seward County, also set up a local net with WØCRK/mobile passing rising river reports via WØZWG to WØZOU based at civil defense headquarters, WØFHJ, EC for Grand Island, was contacted by the civil defense director because of a report of a tornado touchdown at Cairo. WAØOKC/mobile was dispatched and when he arrived used 75 s.s.b. to radio that the report was false. Other rumors were then checked out by the mobile who communicated with WØFIIJ, WØKLB and KØBRG. When it was evident that the area would be flooded, a mobile truck was set up outside police headquarters and communications were established with WØHSO, whose house was completely surrounded by water. The Soldiers Home was without power or any form of communications so the amateurs provided a link and found that flashlights, water and other supplies were urgently needed. With the combined efforts of the amateurs and civil defense, 500 gallons of water and flashlights were taken by boat to the hospital. Throughout the emergency WØHNT/mobile, WØEXK, WØBRG and WØFHJ were active - KØOAL, SEC Nebr. and WØFHJ, EC Grand Island, Nebr.

Sometime about the second week of July, K7WJF was bitten by a scorpion. He lived several miles from Apache Junction, Arizona with no transportation or telephone. He then turned on the "sixer" and heard WA7EWS. After a brief discussion, WA7EWS called the sheriff and then K7WJF was brought into town to the doctor. The sheriff and doctor commented that it was better to be an hour early than five minutes late. Several days later the bitten hand was sore but on the way to recovery.

On the evening of July 11 a heavy rain fell on Oak Ridge, Tennessee. The nearby town of Oliver Springs was inundated and several houses were washed away in the flood. The civil defense director, W4SGI, contacted radio officer K4VOP, who then went to the scene mobile and reported to W4SGI that there was no communications emergency and there appeared to be no need for any further amateur alert because emergency measures were going satisfactorily. The operation was secured at 0230 GMT. Civil defense evacuated about 350 people from OliverSprings.

On July 15, five Quebec amateurs provided communications for the Cartierville Boating Club Regatta under the direction of VE2ANH. The wide-band 2-meter repeater





This is a display at the Yakima, Washington Hamfest held in July showing WØELW /7 (left) and W7UWT (SEC Wash.)

was used and 75 messages were handled from 0900 to 1700. *VE2s* BSQ DEX ZA BOQ and ANH performed the communications and some equipment for the operation was loaned by *VE2s* AUU and BXW. — *VE2ALE*, *SEC Quebec*.

...

On July 18, the civil defense director requested the services of the Owensboro-Davies County AREC be used to assist in a search for an elderly man who was missed from a rural rest home. Mobiles patrolled roads in the search area for several hours and coordinated the search efforts which were on horseback and about. One "horse mobile" was used. All activity was on 2 meter FM with the Club/CD station W4YOQ as net control. This was the group's second alert in eight days but the man was not found. Stations that participated were W_{48} MMY SUD TOY LUB OYI, W.14s FMY MXD KFO LJM, WB4EEH, WN4s FAY FDZ. — W40YI, SEC Kentucky.

Mso on July 18, K6GAF/mobile between Los Gatos and Santa Cruz called in on 7255 kc. at 1739 to report a stalled ear that presented a bazard on the heavily traveled highway. K6KZI, net control, asked for a station in the area and none responded, but WB6IZF in King City, nearly 70 miles south, did manage to raise WA6VXF in San Jose through the 2-meter repeater WB60QS, of the Santa Clara Valley VHF Repeater Society, WA6VXF then responded and completed the call to the Highway Patrol at 1744 — WB6IZF,

On July 22, K6TWB/mobile about 50 miles north of San Francisco on a remote stretch of Highway 1, came upon an automobile accident with injuries. He called in on 7255 at 1414 tor ambulance services, K6KZI received the call and asked for a station in San Francisco. WB6SOX answered and called the Highway Patrol. At 1428 K6TWB/mobile at the scene reported the arrival of the ambulance, K6EJT and WB6UXP also helped out in making the related calls — WB6[ZF.

On July 24 through 26, seventeen amateurs participated in a search for a lost boy in Saratoga County, New York, It was thought that the boy had gone hunting in the heavily wooded area near Ganesvort and Wilton. After dark, when he did not return, WB2KBQ was contacted and the search was initiated. On the 24th at 1120 r.M., WB2KBQ/mobile originated a call for assistance to help with the search of the 15-year-old boy. The call on 51 mc, was answerd hy WB2UEX and K2AYQ. Phone calls alerted the AREC members then WB2WD and WB2RPL proceeded to the search area operating mobile. WB2UEX/mobile later (Continued on page [58) Happenings of the Month

Incentive Licensing Adopted by FCC ARRL Comments on RACES FAX

INCENTIVE LICENSING ADOPTED

The Federal Communications Commission has reinstated incentive licensing in a Report and Order on Docket 15928, with changes in the **rules** effective November 22, 1967 and changes in **privileges** effective a year later.

The Commission dropped completely its proposals for special call signs keyed to license class. It has added, however, to the rules for eligibility of two-letter licenses a provision that those who were first licensed by the U.S. 25 years ago, and who now hold Extra Class, may request a two-letter call. The \$20 fee must be submitted with the FCC Form 610 to Gettysburg, on or after November 22, 1967; no special combinations within the two-letter group can be asked for, however.

The Advanced Class license is reactivated all present holders and all new licensees of this class will have privileges not available to General and Conditional Class licensees after November 22, 1968. New applicants for Advanced will take a fifty-question multiple-choice test on technical subjects, less difficult than Extra but tougher than General. In addition, Conditional, Technician and Novice applicants for Advanced will take the regular General Class written exam and the 13 word-per-minute sending and receiving tests in the International Morse Code. Thus, only 13 w.p.m. is required of Advanced Class applicants. No waiting period or "time-in-Grade" requirement has been established for Advanced, but the two-year service requirement (as Conditional or higher) for Extra remains in effect.

Advanced Class and Extra Class licensees will have exclusive use of the following phone subbands after November 22, 1968: 3825-3850, 3825-3900, 7200-7225, 14200-14235 and 21275-21300 kc.; additionally 50.0-50.1 Mc. will be reserved for Advanced and Extra. After November 22, 1969 these exclusive privileges will be expanded to: 7200-7250, 14200-14275, 21275-21350 kc. and 50.0-50.25 Mc.

Extra Class licensees will have exclusive use of 3500-3525, 3800-3825, 7000-7025, 14000-14025, 21000-21025 and 21250-21275 kc. effective November 22, 1968. A year later, the c.w. frequencies for Extra will be 3500-3550, 7000-7050, 14000-14050 and 21000-21050 kc.

General and Conditional Class licensees may continue to use the upper portion (i.e., any frequencies not mentioned above) of each of these bands after the above effective dates. There is no change in eligibility requirements, examinations, or renewal privileges for these licensees. Technician class licensees have no changes at all, except in respect to the one small segment at the bottom of 6 meters which is later to be reserved for Advanced and Extra.

Novices issued their licenses after the effective date of the order (November 22, 1967) can expect a two-year license term; after November 22, 1968, the phone privileges currently available on 145-147 Mc. will be withdrawn.

The full text of the Report and Order, the new rules, the FCC's Public Notice, and a chart to aid in understanding the effect of the rules on various licensees, appear below.

Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D. C., 20554

In the Matter of

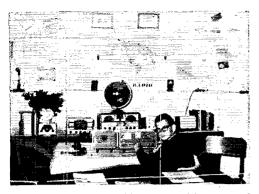
REPORT AND ORDER

By the commission: Commissioner Bartley not participating; Commissioner Cox absent.

1. On April 1, 1965, the Commission released a Notice of Proposed Rule Making to amend its rules to provide for incentive licensing and distinctive call signs in the Amateur Radio Service. The Notice was duly published in the Federal Register on



When French amateurs toured the U. S. and Canada in June and July, hospitality awaited in every city. Here's the New York version. Clockwise, from left: Hudson Vice Director K2SJO, and Mrs. Zak; Mrs. Dannals and Hudson Division director W2TUK; F1LE; F3ZM, 5T5YL/F2YR, F1IB. Far right, "Mrs. WA2DIG." (Photo by WA2DIG)



Dryden, Ontario, held a hobbies show in July as part of its centennial celebration. Local amateurs manned this booth, shown here with SWL Terry Brown having a listen.

April 7, 1965 (30 FR 4496). By Order released July 15, 1965, the Commission extended the time for filing original comments and reply comments in response to the Notice until September 1, 1965 and October 1, 1965, respectively. This Order was duly published in the Federal Register on July 22, 1965 (30 FR 9175).

2. In addition to those filed by organized amateur groups, over 1700 formal comments representing the views of about 4000 licensees were received in response to the Notice. Each of these comments has been considered by the Commission. Almost without exception, the comments were set forth in an intelligent and thoughtful manner and, as a result, they have been very helpful to the Commission.

3. The proposals in this proceeding were extensive and provided for higher classes of licenses with reserved frequency operating privileges as an incentive to the general "upgrading" of licensees, the revision of the privileges and term of the Novice Class license, the modification of a basis of eligibility for the Conditional Class license, and distinctive station call signs.

4. The primary purpose of this proceeding is to consider the establishment of an incentive licensing program. A program of this nature was endorsed in two out of every three of the comments. Essentially, these favorable comments concurred in the Commission's view that, in order to justify the continued allocation to the Amateur Radio Service of a substantial portion of the spectrum in the face of incessant and important demands by other radio services, there must be a continuing movement towards the goals set forth in Section 97.1 of the Rules. The most frequently presented argument against incentive licensing was not based upon disagreement with the Commission's view but, instead, was predicated upon the contention that an incentive licensing program would have no long range effect. It was felt that licensees who trained and educated themselves to obtain the higher classes of licenses would merely fall back to their present level of competence after achieving the higher status. This view cannot be accepted by the Commission for it is our belief that the education and training processes in any field of endeavor lead naturally to permanent improvement and progress in some measurable degree. Thus, we cannot reasonably conclude that a licensee who develops his skills and increases his knowledge to the extent required to successfully pass higher amateur radio examination requirements would then fail to retain a significant measure of that proficiency and learning.

5. To support its proposal for an incentive licensing program, the Commission stated in the Notice its opinion that revision of the present license operating privilege structure is an appropriate and desirable step to take at this time to insure progress and to place a proper emphasis upon the quality of the service as well as upon its mere numerical growth and activity. It is apparent from the comments that the large majority of amateur licensees support the Commission's view and that the factors which prompted this proceeding remain valid. Accordingly, the Commission concludes that a program providing for licensees with special privileges as an incentive to the general "upgrading" of licensees is in the public interest and should be adopted.

6. The Commission proposed two higher classes of licenses for the incentive licensing program which would include the present Amateur Extra Class license and a new license to be designated the Amateur First Class license. Eligibility for the Amateur First Class license was proposed to be limited to an Advanced. General or Conditional Class licensee who has held such license for at least one year. The examination for the new Amateur First Class license was to comprise a 16 word per minute code test and a written examination of a difficulty level between the present General and Amateur Extra Class license examinations. Incident to the foregoing, it was also proposed that the present Advanced Class license would no longer be renewed as such and that present holders of this license would be issued the General Class license upon renewal.

7. The proposal for creation of a new higher class of license to be known as the Amateur First Class license was very favorably received. The purpose of this license was to provide an intermediate advanced license as a "stepping-stone" to the highest license attainable, the Amateur Extra Class license. A large number of comments recommended that the Advanced Class licensees be granted "grandfather" privileges to the new higher class license. Typical of these comments were the following:

'In most fields of technical endeavor, long experience and demonstrated technical ability are generally accepted as standard measures of competence in the particular field. I believe both of these apply directly to the measurement of competence in the amateur radio field and it is my belief that the present Advanced Class licensees rate very highly on both measures. The Advanced Class, in addition to the Amateur Extra Class, licensees are believed to be the most competent and experienced amateur operators at the present time. Since no new Advanced Class licenses have been issued since 1952, all Advanced Class licensees have a minimum of 131/2 years (including a minimum of one year as a Class B licensee) of amateur radio experience in addition to having successfully passed a higher level of examination to obtain the incentive privileges which existed prior to 1953. It would, therefore, appear that there should be no doubt as to the competence of the Advanced Class licensees to have the proposed new incentive privileges, since all of the licensees are the relative 'Old-Timers' of amateur radio in terms of amateur experience and all have previously demonstrated their higher level of competence by already having passed a higher level (Continued on page 81)

October 1967

Incentive Licensing For Amateur Radio Service Adopted by FCC

Major rule changes, to establish an Incentive Licensing Program in the Amateur Radio Service, have been adopted by the Federal Communications Commission. The new rules provide for assignment of special frequency operating privileges to licensees with Advanced Class or Amateur Extra Class licenses. The object of the program is to provide an incentive to amateurs to upgrade their licenses. (Docket No. 15928).

There are about 200,000 eligible lower class licensees who may be expected to apply for higher class licenses. About half of these hold General Class licenses and are being given code test credit for the new Advanced Class license under the rule changes.

Under the new rules, the code speed requirement has been reduced from 16 to 13 words per minute for applicants for the Advanced Class license.

In issuing the order, the Commission stated that it "... has made every reasonable effort to provide an opportunity for the remodeling and revitalization of the Amateur Radio Service without changing its basic character and spirit and without depriving any amateur licensee of the major portion of his present operating privileges. It remains only for a licensee to prove himself and to improve the Amateur Radio Service by voluntarily upgrading his license to the highest level of achievement of which he is capable. We are confident that we can rely upon the amateurs in this regard and that, therefore, this incentive licensing program will result in a radio service which will be a source of pride to both amateur licensees and the Commission."

The rules call for the present Advanced License class to serve as an intermediate step between the General Class and the Amateur Extra Class.

The Commission adopted a recommendation that existing Advanced Class licensees be granted "grandfather rights" to the intermediate higher class license because of their maturity and experience as amateur operators. There are about 40,000 Advanced Class license holders averaging 40 years of age. This means that existing advance class licensees automatically receive reserve frequency operating privileges without the necessity of taking any further tests.

The Commission did not adopt a proposal to use distinctive station call signs to denote the class of operator license held. Purpose of the proposal was to provide a means of rapidly identifying operators by FCC monitoring personnel, but the Commission determined that means of identification now in use are satisfactory.

The Incentive Licensing Program was initiated in response to petitions asking for improvement in licensing structure and quality in the Amateur Radio Service. A Notice of Proposed Rule Making was issued in April, 1965, to provide for an amateur incentive licensing program. The Notice generated 1724 formal comments by some 4000 licensees. Two-thirds of the comments supported an incentive licensing program.

The Commission also issued an Order terminating an inquiry into the status of the Extra Class Amateur Radio License (Docket 12912). The Order stated that the issues in the proceeding were covered in the Incentive Licensing action.

Actions by the Commission August 24, 1967 by Order (Docket 12912), and by Report and Order (Docket 15928). Commissioners Hyde (Chairman), Lee, Loevinger, Wadsworth and Johnson, with Commissioner Bartley not participating.

HOW ABOUT YOU?		
If you hold	And you want Advanced Class privileges:	And you want Extra Class privileges:
Amateur Extra	Do nothing; it's automatic	Do nothing; it's automatic.
Advanced (Old Class A)	Do nothing; it's automatic.	Take written exam elements 4B; 20 w.p.m. plain text code test, sending and receiving; have two years' experience as Conditional or higher.
General (Old Class B)	Take written exam element 4A	Take written exam elements 4A and 4B; 20 w.p.m. plain-text code test, sending and re- ceiving; have two years' experience as Con- ditional or higher.
Conditional (Old Class C)	Take written exam elements 3 and 4A; 13 w.p.m. code test, sending and receiving	'Take written exam elements 3, 4A and 4B; 20 w.p.m. plain text code test, sending and re- ceiving; have two years' experience as Con- tional or higher.
Technician and Novice	Take written exam elements 3 and 4A; 13 w.p.m. code test, sending and receiving.	Not eligible yet; two years' experience as Conditional or higher is required.
	rules become effective November 22, 1967. Gen date will not take Element 4A, the new 50-quest	

examination to earn incentive privileges within the amateur bands. . . ."

"I believe you do an unjust disservice to this Advanced Class amateur group. These amateurs at one time or other did qualify for a more advanced technical knowledge than was required for an Amateur Radio Operators License. These operators have had many years of additional experience and it would normally be expected that they have advanced their technical skills with the development of the art. This is usually presumed in the case of all the professions..."

"If the Commission will refer back to the 1946 issues . . . they will note the magazines carried almost nothing in their advertisements pertaining to the sale of kits or complete units such as transmitters or transceivers. They were virtually nonexistant in 1946 and for some years to come. This would point to another important fact favoring the advanced licensee. Specifically, we had to build everything except receivers from scratch. This included no small amount of designing, testing, layout, learning new and better ways, and above all furthering our ability technically as well as an amateur. Isn't this one of the Commission's requirements in Section 97.1? . . ."

The American Radio Relay League stated that . . .

"With no new Advanced Class licenses issued since 1952, it is readily apparent that the 40,000 Advanced Class licensees constitute the largest group of 'old timers' which has contributed so significantly to the amateur radio service and the communications field generally. Almost without exception, the Advanced Class licensees sincerely believe that the Commission will 'break faith' with them if their licensees are down-graded once again to the General Class. . . ."

We believe that these arguments have considerable merit. The Advanced Class licensees, who qualified by examination for the incentive privileges in effect prior to 1952, have operating experience of at least fifteen years and presumably have qualities which it is the purpose of this proceeding to foster. Accordingly, the recommendation for "grandfather" rights to the new license will be adopted and will apply to present holders of the Advanced Class license.

8. Many comments in favor of the new license suggested that it be made available to any lower

class licensee without a one year waiting period. They contended that, although the primary purpose of the incentive licensing program was to encourage licensees to upgrade, the Commission's proposal would actually discourage licensees by imposing license tenure and waiting time requirements. It was also frequently recommended that the proposed 16 word per minute code test requirement for the new license be reduced to 13 words per minute, the requirement for the present General and Conditional Class licenses. Usually, the basis for this suggestion was that an increased code speed bears little relationship to the telephony frequency privileges which are proposed to be reserved to holders of the new license and that such a requirement would, therefore, present an unwarranted deterrent to obtaining the new license. Both of these suggestions, for the reasons presented, are considered valid and will be adopted herein.

9. In the light of the foregoing, the Commission concludes that its proposal for a new higher class of license should be adopted with the following modifications. The present Advanced Class license shall be retained as the new higher class of license instead of creating the Amateur First Class license. Present holders of the Advanced Class license will be renewed as such with all the privileges and status appertaining to the new Advanced Class license. The Advanced Class license shall be available to any eligible applicant who successfully passes the examination requirements which include code test of 13 words per minute and a written examination comprising elements 3 and 4(A) as set forth in Section 97.21 of the Commission's Rules, as amended herein. Since the code test for this license is being reduced to 13 words per minute, code test credit as well as credit for other elements, in accordance with Section 97.25 of the Commission's Rules, will he given to those applicants for the Advanced Class license who hold the General Class license.

10. In its Notice, the Commission specifically invited comments as to whether there was sufficient interest and utility in the retention of the Amateur Extra Class license in view of the establishment of a new higher class of license. Most of the comments in this regard urged continuation of the Amateur Extra Class license for reasons typified by the following:

"Great need exists for a license class that

encompasses the operating and technical requirements of the Extra Class license. Continued sophistication of electronic communications systems and techniques requires parallel achievement on the part of the individual operator.

The Extra Class license provides the avenue to this achievement, requiring as it does, a broad knowledge of most modern communications techniques. Its utility is logical with respect to the proposed Amateur First Class license in that it offers further opportunity for individual maturation...."

"The continuance of the Amateur Extra Class license is desirable in any case. Given the incentives, the majority of currently licensed amateurs are capable of acquiring the qualifications for that class of license. For some, the effort required will be greater than for others, and comments submitted on this Docket will undoubtedly provide profuse evidence of the natural resistance of human nature to make such an effort if any other way of achieving the same benefits exists. But the fact remains, the requirements are reasonable and represent a reasonable standard of competence for the reservoir of trained personnel which is one of the purposes of the Amateur Radio Service. . . ."

"Retention of the Extra Class as the pinnacle of the amateur licensing system is strongly urged. If the qualification of the Extra Class was desirable in 1952, at the time of creating the Extra Class, it is much more so in 1965, with tremendous advances in radio technique, all of which should see corresponding advance in the technical level of amateur radio..."

In addition to the comments, we note renewed interest in the Amateur Extra Class license since the inception of this proceeding. The number of holders of this license has increased over 25% in little more than one year. On the basis of these factors, the Commission concludes that the continued issuance of the Amateur Extra Class license as part of the incentive licensing program is appropriate and warranted.

11. As the incentive for the upgrading of licenses,



At the New England Convention in April, Division Director Robert York Chapman W1QV (at right) presented the Paul Revere Bowl to Honorary Vice President F. E. Handy, W1BDI, who recently retired as ARRL Communications Manager.

the Commission proposed the reservation of frequency segments in the 2, 6, 15, 20, 40 and 80 meter bands for the exclusive use of the higher class licensees. Exclusive frequency operating privileges were endorsed in the majority of comments as the most meaningful incentive which could be offered to licensees. A small number of comments recommended instead a reduction of power for lower licensee classes with the maximum authorized power reserved to the higher classes of licensees. The proposal for operating power privileges has been previously considered by the Commission but was not regarded as feasible for a number of reasons. These include the likelihood that power limitations would present numerous enforcement difficulties. Also, the Commission has noted that a great many licensees do not need or utilize more than about 200 watts of power so that, apparently, power limitations are not particularly meaningful to at least these licensees. With regard to the reservation of frequency segments, the majority of the comments favored the proposal as adequately representing those frequencies which are attractive and useful to licensees. An important exception related to the fact that there was no provision for any exclusive telephony segments for holders of the Amateur Extra Class license. This it was felt resulted in a total lack of incentive for amateurs who are primarily interested in radiotelephony to advance to this license class. The Commission believes that some exclusive telephony operating privileges as an incentive for the Amateur Extra Class license are appropriate. The other exception related to the proposal for reserved frequency space in the 2 meter band. Many licensees maintained that since this band is very useful for experimental operations, it should continue to be available to all licensees. The Commission agrees and will delete reservation of the proposed 144-145 Mcs segment. In light of the foregoing, the Commission concludes that the proposal for the reservation of frequency segments for the exclusive use of higher class licensees as the incentive for licensee upgrading should be adopted. With regard to the particular frequency segments proposed in the Notice of Proposed Rule Making, it is determined that they should also be adopted with the modifications that Amateur Extra Class licensees shall be additionally exclusively entitled to operation in the segments 3800-3825 kc/s and 21250-21275 kc/s and the proposal for reservation of frequencies in the 2 meter band will be deleted. A time schedule, which provides that the reservation of about one half of the frequency segments will be implemented in one year and the other half one year later, was proposed and will be adopted as modified to include. in the first year, the segments additionally reserved for the Amateur Extra Class license. Notwithstanding this schedule, the Commission intends careful review and if it is determined that there is insufficient occupancy of any part of the reserved frequency segments then the effective date of the implementation schedule will necessarily be stayed in whole or in part, as appropriate.

12. The Commission proposed that the Conditional Class license would no longer be available to new applicants who claim eligibility solely by virtue of active duty in the armed forces. With the recent increases in the armed forces, it is apparent that adoption of this proposal may adversely affect numerous persons on active duty. Accordingly, the Commission has determined that this proposal should not be adopted at this time.

13. The Commission also proposed that new holders of the Novice Class license shall be given



Canada is really enjoying its 100th birthday, from Vancouver to Goose Bay. In Brantford, Ontario, a city of 59,000, a gigantic parade was held on Dominion Day, July 1. Among the 106 floats was this one, organized by the Brantford Amateur Radio Club. At left, club vice president VE3FFH puts on the finishing touches. At right, VE3BA is operated by VE3FFH and past president VE3DBN. The club also provided communication to keep the parade on schedule; it required 21/2 hours to pass a given spot!

a two year non-renewable license term in lieu of the present one year non-renewable term. It was further proposed that, effective one year after adoption of these rule changes, telephony privileges for the Novice Class licensees in the frequency segment 145-147 Mc/s shall be deleted. Extension of the Novice Class term was intended to afford licensees an additional period for the development of their proficiency and knowledge before attempting to advance to higher classes of licenses. Deletion of Novice Class telephony privileges was designed to foster the code proficiency of these licensees. Almost without exception, the few comments on these proposals supported these rule amendments. The Commission concludes that the considerations which prompted these proposals remain valid and that, therefore, these rule changes should be adopted.

14. The Commission proposed that amateur stations would be assigned distinctive call signs to denote the licensee's class of operator privileges. The proposed schedule for assignment of distinctive call signs provided that call signs of most lower class licensees would have three letter suffixes and a license class identifier in the prefix and that higher class licensees would have new call signs consisting of single or double letter prefixes and double letter suffixes. Essentially, therefore, the proposal contemplated that most present station call signs would be changed to some extent. As stated in our Notice, the primary purpose of a distinctive call sign schedule was to enable the Commission's monitoring personnel to readily determine whether licensees are operating within the range of their privileges. A very large percentage of the licensees who commented objected to this proposal usually for the reason that they had become both attached to and widely associated with their call signs. In its comment, the American Radio Relay League, Inc., sums up this attitude as follows:

"Most amateur radio operators regard their call signs as next in importance to their names. The suffix, in particular, has assumed the character of a person's last name. For many amateurs, years of effort and operating proficiency have earned awards recognized by other amateurs and amateur organizations throughout the world."

The Commission is sympathetic to the importance

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which the majority of amateurs appear to attach to their present call signs. For this reason, we have carefully re-examined the basis for this proposal to determine if the interests of the effective administration and enforcement of the Amateur Radio Service can otherwise be served. We have concluded that there are two factors which warrant at least the postponement of a distinctive call sign schedule. First, we believe that in the future, as in the past, the Commission can rely upon the proven ability of most amateur licensees to operate within the limits of prescribed authority and to largely regulate their own radio service. Second, automatic data processing now makes available listings of amateur licensees with their classes of operator licenses which can be utilized by monitoring personnel for reasonably prompt identification purposes provided that enforcement requirements remain minimal. In view of the foregoing, the Commission has decided not to adopt the proposal for distinctive call signs at this time.

15. One aspect of the proposed distinctive call sign schedule related to the assignment of call signs with a single letter prefix and a double letter suffix (e.g. W2AB, K1AA). These call signs are popularly referred to as "two letter" call signs and are cherished as the mark of an "old timer". At the present time the Commission has about 8,000 of these call signs available for assignment and it is our finding that the proposal for their disposition remains essentially appropriate. Accordingly, the following rule changes relating to the assignment of two letter call signs are adopted. To reflect both longevity and/or attainment in amateur licensing, the available two letter callsigns will continue to be assigned to previous holders and will also be assigned to holders of the Amateur Extra Class license who submit proof of having held an amateur radio station license issued by the United States Government 25 years or more prior to the date of application therefor. Present holders of two letter call signs can continue to hold them even if they do not meet this criteria. The \$20.00 special call sign request fee will be applicable to these requests. Applicants will not be permitted to select specific two letter call signs. However, a former holder of a specific two letter call sign may regain such call sign if it is available in accordance with Section 97.51(a) (1) and (2),

Finally, new holders of these call signs will be limited to one such assignment since there are so few available.

16. A number of alternative and counter proposals relating to incentive licensing are reflected in the following formal petitions which have been considered but must be denied for the reasons stated. RM-775, submitted by Mr. Joseph L. Kofron (K7VUI) of Las Vegas, Nevada, proposes that in order to afford youngsters a longer opportunity to gain amateur operating experience the Novice Class license be made renewable by licensees twelve years of age or younger. The Novice Class license term will be extended in this proceeding to two years for all licensees, thus obviating the basic purpose for this proposal. In RM-389, Mr. Martin K. Barrack (WA2ZKR) of Bronx, New York, proposes the deletion of telephony privileges for Novice Class licensees, a proposal already adopted herein. He also proposes the reduction of frequency operating privileges for the Technician Class license. This proposal, to the extent feasible and necessary at this time, has been partially adopted herein. In the other direction, Mr. Alex S. Labounsky (WA2MTB) of Oyster Bay, New York, submitted RM-464, proposing extension of Technician Class privileges to the entire 144-148 Mc/s frequency band. This proposal is, of course, inconsistent with the reduction of Technician Class privileges adopted herein. Mr. Labounsky also submitted RM-771 in which he proposes a new "Engineer" Class amateur license with examination to exceed the difficulty of that for the Amateur Extra Class license. An "Intermediate Class" license is suggested in RM-385 by Mr. Chester L. Smith (K1CCL) of Bedford, Massachusetts, to serve as a "stepping stone" between the Technician Class and higher classes of licenses. Finally, in RM-805, Lt. Col. Irving B. Mickey (W2LCB) of Schenectady, New York, would like only three classes of amateur licenses with new operating power limitations. All of these proposals for new or limited classes of licenses are contrary to the license class structure adopted herein.

17. Docket 12912, entitled "Inquiry into the status of the Extra Class Amateur Radio license set forth in Part 12 of the Comuission's Rules", has not yet been terminated. The Notice in that proceeding requested comments as to whether or not special privileges should be given to holders of the Amateur Extra Class license. The issues raised in Docket 12912 have been considered and resolved herein, and, accordingly, that proceeding will be terminated in a separate Order.

18. The foregoing determinations represent the Commission's disposition of each of the proposals and counter proposals in this proceeding. In reaching its conclusions, the Commission has made every reasonable effort to provide an opportunity for the remodeling and revitalization of the Amateur Radio Service without changing its basic character and spirit and without depriving any amateur licensee of the major portion of his present operating privileges. It remains only for a licensee to prove himself and to improve the Amateur Radio Service by voluntarily upgrading his license to the highest level of achievement of which he is capable. We are confident that we can rely upon the amateurs in this regard and that, therefore, this incentive licensing program will result in a radio service which will be a source of pride to both amateur licensees and the Commission.

19. In view of the foregoing, the Commission finds that the amendments to Part 97, Amateur Radio Service, as set forth in the attached Appendix are in the public interest, convenience and necessity. The authority for such amendments is contained in Section 4(i) and 303 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

20. Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED, That effective November 22, 1967, Part 97 of the Commission's Rules IS AMENDED as set forth in the attached Appendix.

21. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That, in addition to the eleven petitions set forth in the heading to this proceeding, the pending petitions of Lt. Col. Irving B. Mickey (RM-805) filed June 14, 1965, Mr. Joseph L. Kofron, (RM-775) filed April 28, 1965, Mr. Alex S. Labounsky (RM-773 and RM-464), filed April 27, 1965 and July 10, 1963, respectively, Mr. Martin K. Barrack (RM-389), filed December 12, 1962, and Mr. Chester L. Smith, (RM-385), filed November 9, 1962, have been fully considered and, to the extent that they are at variance with the rule changes adopted herein, they ARE DENIED.

22. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That this proceeding IS TERMINATED.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Ben F. Waple Secretary

APPENDIX

Part 97 of the Commission's Rules is amended as follows: 1. Section 97.7 is amended to read as follows:

§ 97.7 Privileges of operator licenses

(a) Amateur Extra Class and Advanced Class. All authorized amateur privileges including exclusive frequency operating authority in accordance with the following table, effective on the dates shown:

Frequencies	Class of license authorized	Effective Date
3500-3525 kc/s 3800-3825 kc/s 7000-7025 kc/s 14000-14025 kc/s 21000-21025 kc/s 21250-21275 kc/s	Amateur Extra only	November 22, 1968
3500-3550 kc/s 7000-7050 kc/s 14000-14050 kc/s 21000-21050 kc/s	Amateur Extra only	November 22, 1969
3825-3850 kc/s 7200-7225 kc/s 14200-14235 kc/s 21275-21300 kc/s 50-50.1 Mc/s	Amateur Extra and Advanced	November 22, 1968
3825-3900 kc/s 7200-7250 kc/s 14200-14275 kc/s 21275-21350 kc/s 50-50,25 Mc/s	Amateur Extra and Advanced	November 22, 1969

(b) General Class and Conditional Class. All authorized amateur privileges except those exclusive frequency operating privileges which are reserved to the Advanced Class and/or the Amateur Extra Class.

(c) Technician Class. All authorized amateur privileges on the frequencies 50.25-54 Mc/s and 145-147 Mc/s and in the amateur frequency bands above 220 Mc/s.

Note: Technician Class licensees may additionally operate on the frequencies 50-50.1 Mo/s until November 22, 1968, and 50.1 to 50.25 Mc/s until November 22, 1969.

(d) Novice Class. Those amateur privileges designated and limited as follows:

(1) The d.c. plate power input to the vacuum tube or tubes supplying power to the antenna shall not exceed 75 watts, and the transmitter shall be crystal-controlled;

(2) Operation on the frequency bands 3700-3750 kc/s.



Thomas J. Brooks, Jr., W5OSL, left and Kenner E. Day, W5TAB, right, each received a QST cover plaque award from Delta Division Director Philip P. Spencer W5LDH at the Jackson, Mississippi, Hamfest in July. W5OSL's article, "Ninety feet for One Hundred Dollars," was voted best of the March issue and W5TAB's "A 50-watt PEP Output Transceiver for 75" best in the June issue. The ARRL Merit and Award Committee polls directors each month and awards the plaque to the winner.

- 7150-7200 kc/s, 21.10 to 21.25 Mc/s, and 145-147 Mo/s is authorized for radiotelegraphy using only type A-1 emission.
 - Note: Novice Class licensees may additionally operate until November 22, 1968, on 145-147 Mc/s for radiotelephony using types of emission as set forth in § 97.61.
 - 2. Section 97.9(b) is amended to read as follows:
 - § 97.9 Eligibility for new operator license .

(b) Advanced Class. Any citizen or national of the United States . . .

3. Section 97.21 is amended to read as follows:

§ 97.21 Examination elements.

Examinations for amateur operator privileges will comprise one or more of the following examination elements:

(a) Element 1(A): Beginner's code test at five (5) words per minute;

(b) Element 1(B): General code test at thirteen (13) words per minute:

(c) Element 1(C): Expert's code test at twenty (20) words per minute;

(d) Element 2: Basic law comprising rules and regulations essential to beginners' operation, including sufficient elementary racio theory for the understanding of those rules:

(e) Element 3: General amateur practice and regulations involving radio operation and apparatus and provisions of treaties, statutes, and rules affecting amateur stations and operators;

(f) Element 4(A): Intermediate amateur practice involving intermediate level radio theory and operation as applicable to modern amateur techniques, including, but not limited to, radiotelephony and radiotelegraphy;

(g) Element 4(B): Advanced amateur practice involving advanced radio theory and operation as applicable to modern amateur techniques, including, but not limited to, radiotelephony, radiotelegraphy, and transmissions of energy for measurements and observations applied to propagation, for the radio control of remote objects and for similar experimental purposes.

4. Section 97.23 is amended to read as follows:

§ 97.23 Examination requirements.

Applicants for original licenses will be required to pass the following examination elements:

- (a) Amateur Extra Class: Elements 1(C), 3, 4(A), and 4(B);
- (b) Advanced Class: Elements 1(B), 3, and 4(A);
- (c) General Class and Conditional Class: Elements 1(B) and 3;
- (d) Technician Class; Elements 1(A) and 3;
- (e) Novice Class: Elements 1(A) and 2.

5. Section 97.25(c) is amended to read as follows: § 97.25 Examination credit . . .

(c) An applicant for the Amateur Extra Class operator license will be given credit for examination elements 1(C), 4(A), and 4(B), if he so requests and submits evidence of having held a valid amateur radio station or operator license issued by any agency of the United States Government during or prior to April 1917, and qualifies for or currently holds a valid amateur operator license of the General or Advanced Class . . .

6. Section 97.29(a) is amended to read as follows:

§ 97.29 Manner of conducting examinations.

(a) The examination for Amateur Extra, Advanced, and General Classes of amateur operator licenses will be conducted by an authorized Commission employee or representative at locations and at times specified by the Commission . . .

7. Section 97.31(b) is amended to read as follows:

§ 97.31 Grading of examinations . . .

(b) Seventy-four percent (74%) is the passing grade for written examinations. For the purpose of grading, each element required in qualifying for a particular license will be considered as a separate examination. All written examinations will be graded only by Commission personnel. 8. Section 97.33 is amended to read as iollows:

§ 97.33 Eligibility for reexamination.

An applicant who fails examination for an amateur operator license may not take another examination for the same or a higher class amateur operator license within 30 days, except that this limitation shall not apply to an examination for an Advanced or General Class license following an examination conducted by a volunteer examiner for a Novice, Technician, or Conditional Class license.

9. Section 97.51(a) (5) is amended to read as follows:

§ 97.51 Assignment of call signs . . .

(a) (5) One unassigned two-letter call sign (a call sign having two letters following the numeral) may be assigned to a previous holder of a two-letter call sign the preix of which consisted of not more than a single letter. Additionally, a two-letter call sign may be assigned to an Amateur Extra Class licensee who first held an amateur radio station license issued by the United States Government 25years or more prior to the receipt date of an application for such assignment. Applicants for two-letter call signs are not permitted to select a specific assignment except in accordance with subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph ...

10. Sections 97.59(a) and (b) are amended to read as follows:

§ 97.59 License term.

(a) Amateur operator licenses are normally valid for a period of 5 years from the date of issuance of a new or renewed license, except the Novice Class which is normally valid for a period of 2 years from the date of issuance.

(b) The license for an amateur station is normally valid for a period of 5 years from the date of issuance of a new or renewed license except that an amateur station license issued to the holder of a Novice Class amateur operator license is normally valid for a period of 2 years from the date of issuance . . .

ARRL COMMENTS ON RACES FAX

In Docket 17315, the Federal Communications Commission proposes to permit 3A4 and 3F4 facsimile operation by RACES stations in the 1800-1825, 1975-2000 and 3990-4000 kc. RACES segments. Additionally, RACES stations would be able to use 3F4 on those of its frequences above 28 Mc. where 3A4 fax is already permitted.

The ARRL directors could not develop enthusiasm for the proposal at the Board meeting in May; instead, they expressed alarm at growing routine use of the amateur bands by non-amateur RACES personnel in some parts of the country, and saw the current proposal as another step in the wrong direction. The text of the filing appears below.

October 1967

Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D. C. 20554

In the Matter of

Amendment of Section 97.193 and Section 97.195 of the Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service Rules to provide for the use of F4 and A4 facsimile

DOCKET NO. 17315 RM-964

COMMENTS OF THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE, INC.

The American Radio Relay League, Incorporated, by its General Counsel, respectfully submits the following comments in response to the Commission's Notice of Proposed Rule Making in the above-styled proceeding.

The Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service (RACES) was initiated by the Commission in 1950, with not only the cooperation of the League but also with its active assistance in implementation. The League has long believed in, and promoted, the organized emergency communications capabilities of the Amateur Radio Service. These facilities should remain available to the nation in the event of national emergency, which was and is the primary objective of RACES.

Directors of the League have become increasingly concerned in recent years, however, over trends in RACES administration and operations which stray beyond the bounds of both the intent and the rules. These trends concern the use of non-amateur operators in some areas almost to the exclusion of licensed amateurs, often without the necessary authorization of the appropriate civil defense otlicial, and use of RACES facilities for communications not authorized or contemplated by the rules.

The League recognizes the need for supplementary operator personnel holding other than amateur licenses, as provided in the rules, and for drills. Its concern is with the tendency for certain areas of RACES to act on their own, in routine fashion, which gradually erodes the basic concept of the Amateur Radio Service and tends to set up a non-amateur communications service in the amateur bands.

The League has previously expressed similar views to the Commission, specifically in the proceedings of Docket 16420, relating to the elimination of the "temporary" status of RACES.

The current proposal to authorize facsimile transmission in certain RACES segments appear to the League as another possible step in this same undesirable direction. Such operations, in particular, tend to become routine rather than as a standby back-up for commercial circuits, and tend further to ignore the basic concept of RACES as an emergency back-up facility.

The League further notes that the Commission proposes to authorize in some RACES segments a type of emission not permitted in the parent amateur bands. While there are minor instances of such authorizations in the current rules, the League feels it necessary now to raise the question of the principle of such actions. An occasional exception is perhaps understandable; but the continuation and extension of exceptions will soon make them the rule. This can only have the effect of undermining the intent in the original formation of RACES, which basically is to make amateur equipment and skills available for the public interest in time of national emergency.

For the foregoing reasons, the League is unable to support the proposed amendments. Should the Commission nevertheless choose to grant the authority, it is the League's continuing plea that adequate safeguards be applied so that RACES will operate under its true concept and not become a routine non-amateur communications activity.

THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE, INC. Robert M. Booth, Jr. Its General Counsel

W4TE RETIRES

John F. "Tex" DeBardeleben, W4TE chief, Emergency Communications Resources Branch in the office of FCC's Executive Director retired on August 31, 1967. Tex was radio op aboard the SS Bessemer City and then spent 10 years with



R. F. Latter, W2YFM, won the May QST Cover Plaque for his article, "The Vacation Special." Hudson Division Director Harry J. Dannals, W2TUK, left, makes the presentation; the winning rig is in the background.

a broadcasting station in Houston before joining FCC's Radio Intelligence Division in 1940. He was in charge of monitoring stations at Brownsville and Kingsville, Texas, and built new ones at Broken Arrow and Muskogee, Oklahoma. Then he served as assistant chief of the Monitoring Division in Washington until 1959. After nearly six years in a classified post Tex returned to the FCC in Washington and his job in emergency communications.

Tex is president of the Foundation for Amateur Radio, a council of radio clubs in Greater Washington, and advertising manager of its publication, Autocall. He is active on the air with phone and c.w., ragchewing and handling traffic. He is married to the former Ethel Smith, K4LMB.

CALLBOOK TO SHOW LICENSE CLASS

The Radio Amateur Callbook, Inc., of Chicago has announced that its Fall 1967 edition will include, after each call sign, a letter indicating the class of license held by the amateur. In this edition, the license class is shown for amateurs in the "old 48" only; the remainder will be picked up in later editions.

(Continued on page 152)

QRX, OM

FCC's study questions for Advanced Class are not expected until the end of November. ARRL will then start on a new edition of the *License Manual*, which hopefully would be in circulation shortly thereafter.

Nevertheless, since the Advanced Class is to be less difficult than the Extra, the study material for the latter — a part of every *License Manual* since the early 50s should be more than adequate for those who wish to be earlybirds. Two-letter calls for Extra first licensed 25 years ago are not available until November 22, 1967.

The ARRL

Building Fund

THE flow of contributions to the Building Fund continues to be steady, though small. The greatest gains this summer were in the Great Lakes Division, which still has a way to go to meet its quota, and the Southwestern Division, where the goal is not very far away. In fact, if there were to be a \$100-a-plate dinner in the Southwestern Division, with the proceeds to go to the Building Fund, eight diners would put the division over the top!

If you'd be interested in some other Building Fund statistics, consider these: Both the largest individual contribution (\$15,000) and the smallest ($30 \pm$) came from the Southwestern Division. The greatest amount from a single division (over \$30,000) has come from Hudson. The Division which has exceeded its quota by the greatest percentage is Dakota. The Division which has



... This month's cover shows John Huntoon, acting communications manager, manning a CD station. He appears to be taking this job quite seriously.

.... K. B. Warner comments at length on the large number of people, not all licensed amateurs, who are diligently studying theory and code, following George Grammer's *A Course in Radio Fundamentals* now appearing in *QST*. He also reminds us that licenses have a way of lapsing without the owner being aware of it. No new station licenses are being issued at this time.

... The transceiver shown on the cover is fully described by George Grammer, W1DF. He tells how to make use of receiving type tubes and other parts generally to be found in the shack. It is pretty much a "standard" transceiver circuit.

.... Robert G. Ling, W1BF, sets forth WERS frequency allocations used in Massachusetts Region 4, whereby the net can operate without mutual interference, all in accordance with the FCC's tolerances for band width.

. . . Walter Bradley, W1FWH, presents an interesting article on a radio parts checker using a neon lamp. This gadget measures condensers,

(R篇R) 宇	THIS CERTIFICATE IS AWARDED TO Desert radio amateur transmitting society, INC.
V	in grateful appreciation of financial support
	given to amateur radio progress
	in the creation of
	a headquarters building for
	THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE, INC.

exceeded its quota by the greatest dollar amount is New England. Twelve Divisions have so far exceeded the quotas originally set by the League's Executive Committee. The total amount contributed is only some \$15,000 short of the \$250,000 goal.

We are now in the closing months of the Building Fund Drive, as it is to end on December 31, 1967. There's still time to contribute to your League's Building Fund and to receive one of the certificates shown in the accompanying illustration. May we hear from you?

resistors and voltage without a meter. No? Read it and see.

. . . We have an article on a crystal-controlled f.m. exciter, looking ahead to the time when f.m. may play an important part in amateur activities. This is written by W. P. Bollinger, W3JDF. The merits and limitations of this mode of communication are pointed out.

. . . Clinton DeSoto, W1CBD, visits Fort Monmouth, N. J. and describes the activities there in training a fighting corps of radio operators and repair men. Signal Corps men must be not only communications specialists but also equipped for and ready for combat. Some of you O.T.ers remember the field signal battalions of WW1?

. . . Boy, you gotta be a confirmed cryptanalyst to follow through on John Huntoon's "Easy Lessons in Cryptanalysis, Part IV." If you have studied the previous lessons, this isn't so bad, really, and can be very exciting, especially when you are listening for foreign cipher messages, etc. . . . Experimenter's Section reports on doings in the various projects previously reported on, such as carrier current, audio frequency induction, etc.

... John Huntoon, W1LVQ gives a list of typical questions and answers for applicants for Radiotelephone License, third class. This is the easiest way to get going for a WERS permit.

... Clinton DeSoto, W1CBD winds up his series on "How Recordings Are Made" with considerable detail on the pick-ups, heads, shapes of "needles," etc. This is a really involved subject if you like it. — W1ANA

October 1967



The Publishers of QST assume no responsibility for statements made herein by correspondents.

TECHNICAL ADVANCEMENT— CONTINUED

 \P Anent the "Gospel of Solid State," according to Jackson S. Wright (Aug. 67): It is a rare occasion when a man can lean that far forward without falling flat on his face. He would be surprised to know that barges still carry freight on the Mississippi River, they still put wheels on automobiles and people still eat when they get hungry. And all this goes on in the advanced years of the twentieth century, too. My, my.

One wonders if Mr. Wright used anything as old fashioned as a pen or typewriter in his enlightened correspondence or perchance, he selected a couple of transistors from his "goodie box" and whipped up a little old voice sensitive, phonem discriminating alpha-numerical permanent optical read-out transponder to do the job. — T. K. Riggen, K2HNM, Elmira, New York.

I would like to gripe about people who gripe. True, there are some useful gripes (like this one, I tell myself), but I am talking about the useless "griping-for-the-sake-of-griping" type of gripe. In August, K2IYC/K1RUH complained bitterly about the fact that QST is "continuously" printing "archaic" vacuum tube circuits and projects, when there are "cheap, reliable transistors and integrated circuits" on the market. Okay, Jack. What transistor do you plan to use in a six-meter final amplifier which runs a full gallon input, as described in the March QST? What single transistor would you use in WØEPV's squeeze keyer to replace the 12AU7A? I admit, this keyer probably could be completely changed to transistors to have the same features, but I'll wager the average ham has neither the experience nor the endurance for such an undertaking. What dirt cheap transistor do you plan to use in January's two tube novice transmitter which the beginning Novice could afford? As far as I know, they aren't making them yet!

Also, after a brief count, I found that out of 39 projects and articles since January, 1967, there have been 21 transistor projects, and only 18 tube projects and articles. Only 8 of all the tube projects could possibly be converted to transistors (with varying degrees of extreme difficulty). At any rate, though, the transistor projects outnumber the tube projects, even though the tubes are definitely not on the way out. What have you got to complain about???

Instead of complaining, why didn't you write me an article on transistors using all that energy to a good cause? This goes for all of us. Instead of griping about something and sitting on our duffs to watch it get worse, and then griping some more (like "the bad emergency radio situation" or "those rats who interfere with phone patchers"), let's get up and go do something about it. Like lighting a fire under the EC, or becoming one, or writing that rat a letter, or going out and getting new club members, or writing a letter to QST, or writing an article for the local paper for publicity, or, on, and on, and on. This society doesn't run on com-

plaints. Neither does the ARRL, or hams as a whole. Let's have some action! — Robert G. Richards, WA7DEN, Helcna, Montana.

The QST staff is to be congratulated on a *realistic* usage of transistors, and in making full use of the transistor technique wherever practical. — Walter S. Rogers, W1DFS, Metrose, Massuchusetts.

Unfortunately, I cannot say the same for the Handbook. It needs more information on solid-state devices and solid-state circuit design, more solid-state projects, and most important, a transistor table similar to the present tube table. Only typical base types are now given, along with characteristics of some semiconductor diodes. — Craig Richardson, WA5RDP, New Orleans, Louisiana.

[The 1968 edition, currently in preparation, is being revised with such points in mind -- EDITOR.]

"MEAN HAM" PUBLICITY—CONTINUED

 \P The "Mean Ham" publicity correspondence was most interesting to me as an English radio amateur.

It has long seemed to me that the American amateurs are altogether too preoccupied with publicity. Here, fortunately, we are less publicity conscious and are prepared to allow the public to take us as they find us; and, if they do not find us at all, it doesn't matter much.

As several of your correspondents point out, "the damage done by one bit of front page coverage like this can offset years of good hard P.R. work."

Perhaps this "front page" publicity would never have gotten into print if the amateurs of the U.S.A. had not been so keen on getting publicity.

It often pays to be unobtrusive and not seek to attract so much publicity.

But, this is clearly a very British view, probably quite unacceptable in the U.S.A., where publicity appears to be almost a religion — one doesn't question its value. — Edgar Wagner, G3BID, London, England.

2 METER DXCC?

 special award for satellite QSOs and other awards might be devised to give more hans incentive to experiment in v.h.f., u.h.f., and s.h.f. The sume kind of awards could be given to U.S. guys for each country on each v.h.f. band.

So as a League member worried about the future of amateur radio, I'm just sending in my gripes. — Sammy Wells, WA5KTW, Colfar, Louisiana.

HELLO TEST

Suggest we revive the custom of sending IE a couple of times before opening up in order to make sure the frequency is clear. This would prevent CQs covering up DX signals. -R. J. Anderson. W8B1E, Midland, Michigan.

INCENTIVE LICENSING

 \P Kindly accept my six dollars and fifty cents for renewal of ARRL membership and QST subscription. If I had the money to spare, I would join for life.

The ARRL has my 100 percent support on all its affairs. I am entirely in favor of incentive licensing. It seems that those who complain about losing their privileges are merely ungrateful slobs who shudder to think of self-improvement. I suggest that we go ahead with the new system of license issuing and ignore the childish complaints from the above-type hams who are a discredit rather than a credit to amateur radio. We must remember that operation in our service is a privilege and not a right.

Learning about radio is not as all-consuming as many hans think. Being sixteen years old, with $\frac{1}{22}$ of a high school education, (I am not an electrical engineer, not yet anyway), I am managing to grasp the theory quite handily. Very soon I will be taking the examination for my Extra Class ticket. Besides being very easy for me to understand, the lessons are very enjoyable to me. Why would any ham even learn the code and become a Novice if he wasn't out for a little enjoyment working up to his Extra Class?

Thanks, ARRL, for all the benefits that you have provided for me and good luck in the future. You have my honest support. — David L. Aldridge, WA9MQI, Indianapolis, Indiana.

(When the FCC proposed an incentive licensing system, 1 opposed it. I thought that for someone to learn more about radio would prove ineffective because new knowledge is quickly forgotten and therefore useless.

Today, I have received my Amateur Extra ticket. During the past two years I have changed my opinion. The General Class is much too easy. Someone knowing very little about radio can obtain full amateur privileges without too much effort. I confess I was such a person. However, by studying for the Extra, I increased my radio knowledge by a huge amount. I have also found that radio is just fascinating!

But the main opponents of incentive licensing are not interested in radio or increasing their knowledge in it. They think it's boring. But who really got radio and electronics started? Of course, people who were interested in that new field. And is it not a similar interest in it something we hans are supposed to share? We must preserve technical proficiency in the ham ranks! And one good way to do this is to grant extra privileges to those who are ambitious enough to pass the Extra. To encourage hams to study further will, in many cases, instill in them a sincere and genuine interest in radio, as it has done to me. If hams were of a higher calibre, they would be helping the general public as well as themselves.

Therefore, I advocate some form of incentive licensing program. There need not be any drastic call changing as the FCC proposed, though. I believe that it would suffice to make small changes to the prefixes only, if necessary. But however instituted, an incentive licensing program would certainly be beneficial to all. — William H. Eilberg, WA3BBB, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

VOTE FOR ARRL

After occasional periods of inactivity, it has been my practice to read back issues of QST as a refresher, both for technical and operational review. In doing so, I have found many policy issues handled by the League which were of great benefit to amateur radio.

Perhaps the "hostiles" should be made aware of your "batting average" over the years, much of which occurred long before they ever heard of amateur radio. — Harry Marschauson, Jr., W2VBJ, Babylon, L. I., New York.

 \P Each month when I receive my QST, I read letters concerning high dues, "freeloaders' . and other things that the ARRL is continually being criticized for. I however, am not writing to criticize but rather to thank. Without the League's technical help and its many publications, I probably would not even be close to obtaining an amateur license. I was 13 when I got my Novice license and now at 14, I hope to take my General exam next week. For a guy like me, what with so many expenses, five dollars means a lot of work. Even so, I don't mind paying my dues high because I know this money is going to an organization with one thing in mind: The enjoyment of amateur radio by all hains be he ARRL member or not. As far as I'm concerned, a League member I am, and a member I'll stay. ---Jack Atkinson, WN3GKH, Towson, Maryland.

 \P After an involuntary period of low activity and a lapse from League membership, I have just renewed my membership and have been soaking up QST. Frankly, I am appalled at the adverse comment I read and heard about ARRL. Most of these comments appear to originate from narrow, selfish and very minuscule points of view. People with these points of view never criticize constructively although, in their minds, they do suggest change. Such change is usually for the one amateur and not for all amateurs.

I shall try not to forget that the League has been and shall continue to be, the one reason for amateur radio to exist and to survive. Without the League working in the best interests of both country and *all* amateurs, the value, status and existence of hains would have long since ceased. Keep up the fine job. — Albert E. Martin, Jr., W4THV, Richmond, Virginia.

VOLUNTEER EXAMINERS

Today a young fellow asked me to administer the code test for a Novice Class license. I did, and he passed. There is of course nothing unusual in that. What surprised and disturbed me, however, was his statement that he had approached two other amateurs with the same request and had been turned down. Not because they didn't want to be bothered (although that would have been bad enough) but because, being phone operators exclusively, neither of them felt qualified to administer a code test at five words per minute! These are General Class amateurs who, every time they renew their licenses, state that they can still send and receive Morse code at the speed required when they were first licensed. Has the renewal application lost all its meaning? Has honesty become an outmoded virtue? Or am I wrong in believing that morality and Morse both have a place in amateur radio? ----Theodore M. Hannah, K3CUI, Silver Spring, Maryland.

[EDITOR'S NOTE: Headquarters will supply license applicants the name and address of a local club to assist them in locating a volunteer examiner.]

MORE ON DUES

I agree with WA6WEK, who wrote that even a kid can rake up \$5. Despite it being somewhat harder to earn cash at 14, I would gladly pay twice the standing dues. I remind K9HNG that QST is far from all our \$5 gets. How about W1AW, operating aids, contests, awards, etc.? All this has made me feel I've "taken advantage" during my first year of membership, as well as a superb magazine.

So let the dues rise. A real member knows it's needed, while a quitter or non-member should feel unrepresented and isolated, missing the best deal an amateur can find. — Richard Hanau, WA1HCL, Newton, Massachusetts.

 \P The extra buck and a half you will find enclosed is to make up for the revenue you won't get from the guy who would only send five bucks for his combined ARRL membership and QST last month.

Don't send him the magazine, that would only encourage him to write more letters. I am sick and tired of birds like this who bellyache about a measly six-fifty a year to keep amateur radio alive and fighting, but probably blow that much on a single ball game the next night. Send the five-spot back.

There are plenty of us around who realize ARRL is much, much more than just QST, and we will just have to go on subsidizing his kind. Someday maybe he will realize as he switches on the rig that the band he is using is his *only* thanks to ARRL.

Amateur radio is here today and will be here tomorrow, because of our little organization, even for non-ARRL members. Or, maybe in spite of them. — Member first, QST reader second. — G. R. Norberg, WØORZ, Columbia Heights, Minnesota.

 \P I have passed my General Class test, and have already built a 60 watt, 40-meter transmitter with the help of Art Greenberg, W2CYK/W2CQP. As soon as I get my call, you can expect to receive my application for League membership. . . While I'm writing, I may as well tell you that I think you made a mistake in raising the dues from \$5.00 to \$6.50 - John M. Zapisek, Wading River, New York.

I feel the League does more for hams than most realize and I would gladly pay \$10.00 for all those extras that make ham radio more fun than it already is, not even to mention QST! - Mark A. Ewing,WN3GMC, Frederick, Maryland.

HE WHO HAS - GETS

 \P Having seen the write-up in QST about the latest Novice Round-up, I am amazed at the intricate and costly rigs owned by the leaders in the contest. Admittedly, the transmitter sections of most of the participants were almost identical: 75 watts to the final amplifier.

However, one glance at the photographs shows that the top scorers of almost every division had top class receivers, two and three element heams, bugs, keyers, etc. It is true that a certain amount of operating proficiency is necessary, and the code multipliers certainly helped the scores. But it is undeniable that in this contest, as in almost all others (except of course Field Day), those with the most money, thus the best rigs, run up the best and highest scores.

In the Sweepstakes, the DX contests, the QSO parties, and almost all other ham contests, it is not the best operators who win. Rather it is the 2-kw, S-line, six element beam (up 358 feet) rigs which consistently bring home the certificates.

I believe that Murphy's first law of economy (the fifth law of actions) also holds true for ham contests: He who has — Gets.

Those with the finest rigs, those with the most money, those who have, will surely amass the most points. No longer is good operating procedure or patience or persistence the paramount question in determining the winner. The question is: Money? — Clifford Stoll, WB2PSX, Buffalo, New York.

[EDITOR'S NOTE: See "Typical Novice Gear," page 73, August QST.]

QTH HR IS . . .

 \P I suppose we all develop some pet peeves over the years. Somewhere around the top of my list is the "hidden transmitter" who calls interminable CQs without ever once giving his physical location. If I had my druthers, the Rules and Regulations would require this to be done at least once during each call as an aid to listeners for checking on propagation conditions. A lot of stations are looking for traffic outlets and don't have time always for engaging in endless ragchews trying to get it passed. Others may be looking for a new county, state, etc. And if a station calling CQ doesn't want to provide such accommodations, then he should never ask or expect any favors for himself..., but then that's another peeve, isn't it?

For examples, a "7" could be anywhere between Vancouver, B. C. and Nogales, Mexico; a "4" from north of the nation's capitol to Key West in the Caribbean.

At the very least, an ID as being "near" a wellknown eity or other landmark (say within a 100 miles), or just the state would be better than nothing at all but a call sign!

What say, fellers — let's put this plea down somewhere in our list of "good operating techniques." hmh? — Tom Hall, W50PH, El Paso, Texas.



California - Fifth Greater Bay Area Hamfest, Edgewater Motel off Nimitz Freeway, October 14 and 15. For details and registration write Hamfest, Box 535, Hayward, California 84841.

Illinois - The Midwest V.h.f. Group is holding their Second Annual Ladies' Night and get-together at the Holiday Inn in Rolling Meadows, Ill. (Chicago Area, NW) Saturday night, Nov. 4. Attendance is limited, so get reservations in early. Registration and dinner: \$5.00. For further information call Ken Lane, W9VIT, 3400 Meadow Drive, Rolling Meadows, Ill. 60008, telephone 312-255-7281.

Massachusetts - The New England DXCC Dinner will be October 7, Charter House, Waltham, Mass. on Rt. 128 (Exit 48 and 48E). For information and reservations write K1IMP.

Michigan - The 13th Annual Western Michigan University V.h.f. Conference will be held Saturday, October 21, at Kalamazoo, Mich. Sponsored by the University's departments of Engineering, Technology and Physics, this session has presented outstanding technical programs yearly. Events get underway at 1400 GMT with a swap and shop session conducted by W8KWJ, Registration be-gins at 1900 GMT at the WMU Industrial and Engineering Tech Bldg., Room 3034. Technical sessions run from 1930 CMT on. Dinner, at 2330 GMT, will feature Edward P. Filton, W1HDQ, V.h.f. Editor of QST. For more information, contact Prof. Glade Wilcox, W9UHF/8, Chairman, Western Michigan University, Kalamazoo, Mich. 49001.

Texas - The Brownfield Free Swapfest will be held October 28 and 29 at the National Guard Armory in Brownfield, Texas, There will be ARRL, MARS, RACES and emergency net meetings. Free coffee, new gear displays and lots of ham fun. Plenty of tables for swapping gear. For more information write E. C. Pool, W5NFO, 1003 East Buckley St., Brownfield, Tex. 79316.

Texas - The Houston ARC will hold its 9th Annual Hamfest on October 28 and 29 at Spring Creek Park. For further information contact Eugene Fawcett, WA5CYI, 7011 Lozier, Houston, Texas 77021.

Washington - The Walla Walla Club will have their annual Hamfest October 1 in Walla Walla,

ROANOKE DIVISION CONVENTION

Duncan, S. C.

2

200

200

2

2

November 5

The ARRL Roanoke Division Convention will be held November 5 in the Byrnes High School Auditorium, located on South Carolina state highway SC 290 in Duncan, South Carolina, just two miles from Interstate 85. There will be lectures, prizes, swap-shop and entertainment for the entire family. The program is primarily v.h.f.-oriented and Edward P. Tilton, W1HDQ,

V.H.F. Editor, QST, will speak on "Making the Higher Frequencies Pay Off." Bill Smith, KØCER, WIDVE, QST's v.h.f. column editor, will also be on hand. Other talks will include v.h.f. propagation, antennas and transmission lines. Pre-registration is \$3, at the door, \$3.50, which includes a Southern "all-you-can-eat" dinner. Motel accommodations are available at a reduced rate by contacting Mr. Richard Cruickshank, WA4LTS, 709 Magness Drive, Spartanburg, South Carolina 29303, telephone 803-582-4883. Tickets are also available from WA4LTS.

ONTARIO PROVINCE CONVENTION

Ottawa, Ontario November 3-4, 1967

The ARRL Ontario Province Convention will be held at the El Mirador Motor Inn. 480 Metcalfe Street, Ottawa (just off the Queensway) Friday evening November 3 and Saturday November 4. The convention is sponsored by the Ottawa Amateur Radio Club. Registration opens at 3 P.M. Friday and a social hour will be held at 8, followed by dancing at 9.

Saturday activities include several technical sessions, exhibits, ARRL and Radio Society of Ontario Forums, sightseeing tours and a banquet Saturday night at 8 P.M.

Advance registration until October 14 is \$4.00 single, \$6.50 per couple. After that date, it will be \$5 single, \$8 per couple. Preregistration and accommodation information is available from: L. Guy Eon, VE3LM, 2262 Highway 16, Ottawa 12, Ontario, Canada. Telephone, 613-825-1707.

COMING A.R.R.L. CONVENTIONS

November 3-1, 1967 - Ontario Province,



From the Museum of Amateur Radio

Here is a nice example of breadboard construction where every component is right out in the open, This is a three stage resistance coupled audio amplifier. The resistors being mounted in clips, it was easy to experiment with different values-201-A tubes are used throughout. This item is from the collection of Charles Stewart, W3ZS, "long-time" vice-president of the A.R.R.L. -WIANA

October 1967



CONDUCTED BY LOUISE RAMSEY MOREAU,* WB6BBO



The "Sky Wave" station at St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester, Minn. Seated: Sister Cordel, WNØQWR; Sister Lauren, WNØRRJ; Standing: Sister Mateo, WNØQWS; Sister Pia, WNØQWQ.

The Seven Sisters of RARC

N Sunday, April 30, 1967, Minnesota had some wind, and by 4:30 A.M. a "thunderstorm watch" had been activated on 2, 6, and 75 meters. At station "Sky Wave," in Rochester, Minnesota, at St. Mary's Hospital, Sister Pia, WNØQWQ, Sister Cordel, WNØQWR, Sister Laurent, WNØRRJ, and Sister Mateo, WNØQWS were at their station, operating as a part of the activity. At Assisi Heights Convent. Sister Martine, WNØQVN, with Sister Alverna and Sister Baptistine, who are awaiting the arrival of their Novice licenses, had activated that station. As one storm watch ended, another began, and by 5:00 P.M., a "tornado warning," meaning "real tornado danger," was in effect. The Sisters were cautioned to watch carefully and report in full, but were to head for the shelter if the funnel clouds appeared. So, in addition to their duties at the hospital, including emergency measures for the protection of patients, these Sisters maintained their duties as a part of the communications group, finally reporting the appearance of a funnel from the southwest.

These six nuns of the Order of St. Francis came into amateur radio as the result of an appeal from the RACES unit of the Rochester Civil Defense. A series of tests had proved that a communications link between the large shelters, and the Civil Defense center was best on 2 meters, and a call went out for operators to staff these stations. These Sisters responded, and despite their very busy duties, as well as the hours required in following their religious life, managed to work in the time required to attend the Rochester Amateur Radio Club classes in code and theory. When the Novice licenses arrived for some of them, Novice c.w., and 2 meter stations were set up at both the Assisi Heights Convent, and St. Mary's Hospital. The equipment is privately owned, as well as Civil Defense gear. They have joined the v.h.f. group on 2 meters, which includes not only the usual casual pleasure of roundtables, but over half of the 2-meter sessions have taped code practice sessions from tapes, and c.w. contacts by means of audio oscillators. Thanks to this help, it is expected that before long all these Sisters will be joining Sister Cletus, WAØJIE in General Class operation.

Sister Cletus, who is Minnesota's first nun to hold a General Class License, is well known to all the people who operate the major YL net schedules. First licensed in 1964, she got her ticket in the hardest way possible, without a teacher. She learned the theory from the manual, and the code from a set of old cracked code records and no oscillator! But the tests were passed, and WAØJIE is well known on the air.



Sister Cletus, WAØJIE, Breckenridge, Minn.

^{*}YL Editor, QST. Please send all news notes to WB6BBO's home address; 1036 East Boston St., Altadena; Calif, 91001.

As a floor supervisor at the St. Francis Nursing Home in Breckenridge, Minnesota, Sister Cletus handles messages from the hundred plus patients at the nursing home, as well as traffic to members of the Franciscan Order in Peru through OA7BA. A member of YLRL, she is also active in the YL International SSB, and handles their mailing that includes some 6500 members in 240 countries!

Sister Cletus will continue to be the first nun in Minnesota to become a General Class operator, but she won't be alone for long. The six nuns of Rochester will soon be joining her, and, with the quality of work they have done, and are doing, whether it be in the casual relaxed QSO type of operation, or the deadly serious business of Public Service, the Seven Sisters of RARC will all shine as beautifully in the amateur radio fraternity, as the stars in the constellation.

28th YLRL Anniversary Party

U.W.	
October 18, 1967	1700 GMT
October 1967	2300 GMT
Phone	
November 1, 1967	1700 GMT
November 2, 1967	2300 GMT
	October 18, 1967 October 1967 Phone November 1, 1967



VU2CPZ, Mrs. Leela Chowdappan, YL Editor of the Indian Radio Amateur, Leela is from the Mysore State in South India, and is active on the 7 and 14 Mc. c.w. bands.

Eligibility: All licensed women operators throughout the world are invited to participate. YLRL memberonly are eligible for the cup awards. Non-members will receive certificates. Only YLRL members are eligible for the Corcoran Award. Contacts with OMs will not count. Contacts on nets do not count. Procedure: Call "CQ YL.'

Operation: All bands may be used. Cross band operation is NOT permitted. Only one contact with each station will be counted in each contest.

Exchange: Station worked, QSO number, R S, or R S T, ARRL section or country. Entries in log should show the time, band, date, transmitter and power.

Scoring: c.w. and phone sections will be scored as separate contests. Submit separate logs for each contest.

All YLs located within one ARRL section, score one (1) point for each QSO with another station located within an ARRL section. Score two (2) points for each contact with a station not located within an ARRL section, (i.e. DX) Definition of DX is all stations not located within an ARRL section, DX YLs shall score two (2) points for each

October 1967



MINOW Net annual picnic at Columbia Park, Richland, Washington. Front row: K7MFS, K7TWQ, K7RAM, K7OFX, Second row: W7NJS, W7IXR, K7ZUV, K7UBX, WA7BDD, W7HHH, WB7RFE. Back row: K7MRX, K7PVG, K7KSF, K7UTT.

contact with a station located within an ARRL section, and score one (1) point for each contact with another DX station. (Note: Please know your ARRL section. Section lists are available from the vice president. Send S.A.S.E. to receive list)

Multiply number of contact points by total number of different ARRL sections, and/or countries worked. Contestants running 150 watts d.c. input at all times, may multiply results of the above by 1.25 (low power multiplier.)

SSB contestants running 300 watts p.e.p., or less at all times may also use the low power multiplier. (1.25)

Awards:

Highest c.w. score

Highest phone score

Gold Cup (YLRL member only)

Gold Cup

(YLRL member only)

Highest c.w. and highest phone log from each district and county will receive a certificate.

Corcoran Award Highest combined c.w. and phone score. For YLRL members only.

DX only: Highest combined c.w. and phone score from North and Central America, including the Greater and Lesser Antilles, will receive an award from Arlie Hager, W4HLF. Highest combined scores from any other part of the world will also receive this award.

Logs: Copies of all logs must show claimed score, be signed by the operator, and postmarked no later (Continued on page 150)



Hoosier Women's Club at the Midwest YL Convention. Front row: K9QGR, W9RTH, W9LYU, K9IVG, WA9EYL. Back row: K8MZT, W8QQA, K9FZX, W9HGO, K9ZLB K9ILK, WA9BGE, K9FZX. (W9EJW photo.)



CONDUCTED BY BILL SMITH,* KØCER/4

More About Meteors and Aurora

HE last two editions of this column dealt with two of the less common modes of propagation, meteor scatter and aurora. Both have prompted further comment.

Arnie Olean, K1WHT, of Monroe, Connecticut, wrote defending the use of s.s.b. for meteor scatter and to take exception to my statement that meteor scatter is primarily a c.w. game. Arnie believes s.s.b. to be better than c.w. when top-notch equipment, in the hands of experienced operators, is used. He bases his opinion on the information exchange rate, which admittedly, is what we're after. He uses a 3.1 kc. filter and says it seems to exhibit the same signal-to-noise ratio on s.s.b. as it does on c.w.

While attending the Central States V.h.f. Conference near Wagoner, Oklahoma in late August, I had the opportunity to talk with Glenn Smith, WØDQY, of Woodson Terrace, near St. Louis, Missouri, about the use of s.s.b. for m.s. Smitty is sold on s.s.b. and has worked 41 states using s.s.b. on his end of the contact, and a number of the contacts were two-way s.s.b. He estimates the voice exchange rate at five times that of c.w., or some 150 w.p.m. WØDQY says, "weak signals are not the problem, but the time element is and s.s.b. stations working m.s. should use 5-second calling sequences." Several others attending the conference voiced approval of s.s.b. for m.s. And it appears that more operators are using s.s.b. on m.s. than has been generally thought.

Which mode is the most effective depends mostly upon the operator. Most meteor scatter men use a 2 to 3 kc. bandwidth. Narrower bandwidths cause difficulty in locating a fleeting signal, and the doppler shift cannot be contained in a narrow bandpass. Which is better, s.s.b. or c.w.? Personal preference is probably the deciding factor. Our ears become "trained" to a specific mode of transmission. Take a 2.1 kc. filter and two operators, one c.w. and the other s.s.b., and let them listen first to a signal of their preferred mode and then to the other mode. Each will better understand the mode to which his ears are "tuned." One will say s.s.b. is best, the other will say c.w. Both are correct — for them.

Many operators find a mistuned s.s.b. signal extremely difficult to understand, but a c.w. signal is always intelligible and varies only in

its pitch. Similar sounding letters may also be a problem on s.s.b., especially if you don't know ahead of time to whom you are listening. The popular Sunday night sessions on 3.815 Mc. certainly indicate that the lion's share of meteor scatter is being done on c.w. Are they all right, or all wrong, in their choice of c.w.? Or is it because c.w. was used successfully before s.s.b. came on the v.h.f. scene? The more rapid information exchange rate of s.s.b. - you can talk faster than you can send — and the possibility of voice breakin to complete an exchange in a few short bursts are certainly worth consideration. Perhaps those of you who have worked about everything you can from your particular location on c.w. m.s. would be interested in developing s.s.b. m.s. techniques.

Before leaving the meteor scatter topic, KØMQS and others find the revised meteor shower chart on page 78 of May, 1967 QST to be quite helpful. In fact, Dick found the extended Perseids period during the first week of August very productive. He worked at least 8 stations during that period and says the signals were of longer duration than during the previously heralded August 10-14 period. Anyone else note similar results? The interest in random m.s. schedules during non-shower periods has increased markedly in the last year, and the results make continued exploration of these periods worthwhile.

Don Lund, WAØIQN, of the National Bureau of Standards at Boulder, Colorado, has several



Louis Anciaux operated WB6NMT/KH6 from Honolulu, Hawaii this summer and in June made contact W6PUZ and WB6PMN on 50 Mc. See QST, August 1967, page 78 for additional details.

^{*}Send reports and correspondence to Bill Smith, KØCER/4, ARRL, 225 Main St., Newington, Coun. 06111.

interesting observations on aurora. He says the color is probably a good indication to the distance a station may expect to work. Green auroras are always at low heights, while some of the red displays are at very high altitudes. The higher the auroral region, the greater the horizontal distance that can be covered.

Aurora and sporadic-*E* are similar inasmuch as both are high-ionized reflective patches. However, when an aurora is overhead, its reflective characteristics are quite different from Es. The difference is in the physical form. Don says no one really knows for sure yet, but a good guess is that Es is in the form of thin horizontal sheets of ionization, while the aurora is sheets or columns that are not quite vertical, but tipped at the local dip angle of the magnetic field. Data taken from topside sounders often show Es under the aurora at high latitudes. Don suggests that when particle precipitation becomes strong enough, sufficient electrons collect at the bottom of the field line and form a "puddle" which can spread horizontally, appearing as Es. This may explain why, during some periods of auroral propagation, signals fail to exhibit characteristics normally associated with auroral propagation and take on those more common to Es. This may be responsible for the type of propagation reported on 50 Mc. by W4GJO in the August column, and others before.

Michigan V.h.f. Conference

Western Michigan University's 13th annual v.h.f. conference will be held on the Kalamazoo campus October 21. General Chairman, Glade Wilcox, W9UHF/8, says the conference begins at 9 A.M. with a three hour swap and shop program followed by a variety of technical sessions. The evening dinner program features a talk by ARRL V.h.f. Editor, Edward P. Tilton, W1HDQ.

Additional information is available from Glade Wilcox, W9UHF/8, Western Michigan University, Kalamazoo, Michigan 49001.

Central States V.h.f. Conference Successful

What is hoped to be the first of a series of annual conferences was held near Wagoner, Oklahoma August 19-20. The conference was highly successful with 15 states from coast-to-coast being represented. Plans are being formulated for next year's conference to be held at Boulder, Colorado. We'll have a full report on this year's conference, including the results of a 432-Mc. antenna measuring contest, next month.

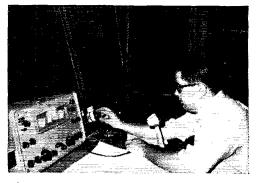
Address Change

Your writer is now living in Virginia and signing K@CER/4 while awaiting a 4th district call sign. All OVS and routine reports should continue to be mailed to Headquarters for processing by the Communications Department and V.h.f. Editor, W1HDQ. The reports are then forwarded to me at least once each week. Those of you who want to contact me direct may write to 1238 Woodcroft Road, Richmond, Virginia 23235. My telephone number is 703-272-5995.

OVS and Operating News

 $\delta 0$ Mc. conditions were not especially productive during the early summer, but mid and late summer Es more than

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KØGJX operated this past summer from Fort Churchill, Manitoba on the shore of Hudson Bay. From his KØGJX/ VE4 location, Chuck Munce worked 156 stations in 18 states on 50 Mc. s.s.b. Chuck is now active from his Sioux Falls, South Dakota home on 50 and 144 Mc. and is open for schedules.

made up for a slow May and June. Reports were received from K7ICW, W9JFP, K1FWF, WAØDZI, WA2PMW, W1HDQ. W5SFW, K4KYL, WA4STJ, K3URE, K3AKR, W4GDS. SC2TQ. WAICTC, WAIDFL, WA4DBQ, WA6FWJ, W6ABN and WA1DPX. Here, briefly, is some of the better DX heard and worked. VOIDW, Newfoundland: WB6SEW/VP9, and VP9WB. Bermuda; KP4CQG, KP4BCS, KP4BRR, KP4CQM, all Puerto Rico; CO5CN, Cuba; TI2NA, Costa Rica, and VP7DD, Bahamas, were widely reported stateside. One operator in the midwest said he heard several Alaskans, but failed to mention calls, date or frequencies. Specific details would be appreciated by all the brethren on this type of opening! W1HDQ, at Canton, Connecticut reports at least one outstanding double hop opening to the West Coast in late July. Ed worked WB6NMT, WB6SIY. K6AWL and W6ABN. He says the usual tipoff to such conditions was present; very strong single hop *Es* from widely-distributed close-in points, in this case W4s, 8s and 9s, early in the session. During these periods it is wise to listen and transmit even after all signals have apparently disappeared. There may be a "sleeper" there, and often it is good DX.

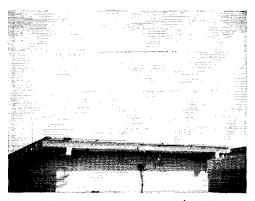
W5SFW, Amarillo, Texas reports working VE8BY in mid July. Phil says it was the first time he has heard a VE8 since January, 1958, July 23 appears to have been about the best session of the season. The report from W4GDS at Pompano Beach, Florida is typical. "During this opening I worked all call areas, 33 states, and made 86 contacts on s.s.b." Bob says his best DX was K7BAG in Washington. He is also looking for scatter schedules, as is K9GJN at Sioux Falls, South Dakota.

Al Olcott, K7ICW, Las Vegas, Nevada summed up the late Es season thus: "An outstanding month (July), and a complete reversal of June, A complete report would list what was *not* worked, since the band was open to *mearly everywhere*, including Puerto Rico." Al sent along a *nine* page report of what he either worked or heard to support his observations.

Now for some brief notes. Well-known Bob Findley, W6NZX, has moved to Phoenix, Arizona. His address is 2310 East Roosevelt. OX4AA is active in Greenland and may be contacted by writing Vince Varnas, Box 648, APO New York 09121. North Dakota's K0RDF was often worked during the summer. His address is Robert C. Howard, Jr., Box 447, Casselton, North Dakota 58012.

144 Mc. meteor scatter enthusiasts were well treated by the faithful August Perseids shower. This year's shower apparently exceeded those of the past two years. Iowa's WØBFB, John Hincgardener of near Des Moines, worked his 45th 2-meter state. K1UGQ in Maine, and then added K1MTJ, also Maine, for insurance. Dozens of contacts were made during the shower, but because of a rapid approaching deadline. I can only report those contacts which were immediately made known.

K1ABR, Rhode Island: W5GVE/4, W5BAU/5, W5RCI, KØMQS.



This was the 6-element Yagi at WB6NMT/KH6. Louis was on again as we go to press, and hopefully was successful in getting another station or two on 50 Mc. for the upcoming DX season.

- K1HTV, Connecticut: W4WDH, W5BAU/5, W5RCI, WØLFE, WØNXF.
- K1MTJ, Maine: WØBFB, WØDQY.
- K2HLA, New York: W4WDH, W5BAU/5, W5RCI.
- WZAZL, New Jersey: W5HFV, W5ORH.
- W3BDP, Delaware: W5UGO.
- KøCER/4, Virginia: K4IXC, W5ORH, KØMQS.
- K4IXC, Florida: Identified WØENC, Rapid City. South Dakota during their schedule, 1650 miles! K4QIF, WA8PIE.
- K4QIF/4, Virginia: K1BKK, K4IXC, W5GVE/4, WA9DOT, KØMQS, WØLCN, WØLFE.
- K4YYJ, North Carolina: WA9DOT, KØMQS.
- W5GV E/4, Alabama: K1ABR, K1HTV, K4QIF/4.
- W5BAU/5, Arkansas: K1ABR, K1HTV, K2HLA, W4CKB
- W5RCI, Mississippi: KIABR, K1HTV, K2HLA.
- W7JRG, Montana: WA9DOT, WØLER.
- WARDOT, Wisconsin: WIAZK, KIUGQ, K4QIF/4, K4YYJ, W4WDH, W5RCI, W7JRG.
- KAMOS, Jowa: KIABR, KIBKK, KIUGQ, KØCER/4, K4QIF/4, K4YYJ, W4WDH.
- WØBFB, Iowa: K1UGQ. K1MTJ.
- WØNXF, Nebraska: KIABR, KIHTV, K4EJQ, W4WDH, W5GVE/4, W8AEC.

Bursts of 30 to 90 seconds duration were not uncommon and I understand that K5WXZ, Texas, and K2GUG, New York, carried on a QSO of some 2 minutes duration as a large meteor burned up over the midwest on August 12. W2AZL suggests extending the chart predictions for the SW-NE path 1½ hours, from 0800 to 1300 local time, and says the E-W path is "open" all night. Judging from the amount of activity during the shower it may belpossible to alter some, or all, of the times given in the chart. I'll compile and publish the observations, if I receive them. for you.

KØMQS, who scored 12 contacts in 8 new states to bring his total to 41 worked, says too many of the m.s. operators are congregating in the first 100 kc. of the band causing an interference problem. Dick operates on 144.20 and suggests that we spread out. He also lost out on a m.s. contact when a Chicago station tuned up for one solid hour on the same frequency being used by Dick's schedule station. When the W9 finally signed, Dick called him, and you guessed it, the 9 didn't come back! Ah, shades of the Wouff Hong.

VE3EZC has a pair of 4CX300As, feeding stacked Yagis. He has 20 states, wants schedules, and says too many U.S. stations don't turn their beams towards Canada. VE3EZC lives in Agincourt, Ontario, and is a close neighbor of Tony, VE3DIR.

Elsewhere in 144-Mc. news, K4IXC says VP7DD is active from the Bahamas and will schedule. John got him started with a five-watt rig, but VP7DD now has an amplifier and s.s.b. John and several other Florida stations worked the 5-watt signal in August. Art Bates, W5ML, Vivian, Louisiana offers m.s. schedules to those needing Louisiana. W6WSQ at Covina, Cal., will arrange m.s. schedules. K6GCD has moved to Las Vegas. Nevada and will help K7ICW dish out m.s. contacts at 35 w.p.m. K6GCD may be contacted through Al. And W6DQJ, near Los Angeles, has a pair of 4CX250Bs and 40 elements waiting for schedules.

Also from Los Angeles, WB6GHB suggests purchasing one of the inexpensive transistor radios covering the 108-135 Mc. aviation band. Many VOR's transmit weather information in voice at 15 and 45 minutes past the hour which is helpful in locating tropospheric openings. Your local airport can give you the VOR frequency, if the service is available in your locality. The receivers sell for \$25 or so and and might be a worthwhile investment.

From Auckland, New Zealand comes our only monbounce news this month. Ralph Carter, ZLITFE, says he has a special kilowatt license and is running the rig into an array of quads patterned after the WSIIIIS/WICER design. He is scheduling K6M YC and hearing signals, so a contact is probably not too far off. Several other moonbouncers have spent this past summer rebuilding for the winter. VK3ATN is expected on 432 e.m.e. before long.

220, 1296 Mc. and up activity is slow. K1YON. Connecticut's 220 faithful, reports contacts with W1NOC. Connecticut; WB2CNK, W.25FB, and K2JDI, New York; WA4GHK/2. New Jersey and K1SFF in Mass. Not much to show for a summer's work, and like K7ICW says, "what happens to all of those who are supposedly active?" With his 41-element array, W2SEU, Freeport, New York, worked W10OP and W1GAN, both Mass. 220 certainly does need more activity — who will be the first to work 220 meteor scatter and moonbounce?

438 Mc. news is led this month by Al Tyler, WØDRL. Topeka, Kansas, Tropospheric conditions are not as common in Kansas as they are along the coasts, but Al caught several good openings during the summer, including a 540-mile hop to WAPT in Michigan. Al now has 7 states, 4 call areas and the contact with W8PT is his best DX. His rig is a W1QWJ 500-watt final into a 41-element W1HDQ Yagi array. The receiver and converter are commercial. Al's frequency is 432.004 and he is available for schedules. Nice work from Kansas, Al.

At Opalocka, Florida, Harry Conowal, WA4OFS, is active on the band, as well as W4HDX at West Palm Beach. Harry has just completed an extended collinear with silver plated brass rod elements! "Bunky" Botts, K4EJQ, is working on several 432 projects at his Bristol, Tennessee location. including an extended collinear and a W4HHK converter. In Dollard-des-Ormeaux, Quebec, Don Watters, VE2HW, is stirring up activity on 432. He runs 120 watts output to a box array of four W2CCY 13-element Yagis. Don's frequency is 431,99.

W6DQJ in Pico Rivera is conducting tests with K7ICW in Las Vegas and K6RIL near San Francisco. Russ is running a pair of 4CN250Bs and a 48-element collinear. Schedules with K6RIL have been quite successful, but since W6DQJ raised his antenna from 40 to 60 feet, he has had trouble working K7ICW. He and Al plan further antenna height tests, Additionally, K7ICW is scheduling and working K6HAA at Redlands.

VE3EZC vacationed in Puerto Rico this summer and guess who put him to work? Cliff helped Sam, WIFZJ/KP4, with the welding on Sam's new 150-foot dish for e.m.e. Cliff says the "dish" is square and is being built on the ground. Sam will use a moveable feed atop a 60-foot tower. He is starting with a mere 30-footer for 432 and 1296, but Cliff says he will increase it to 150 feet, for 144. The completion date is undetermined as Sam has difficulty in obtaining help with the project. VE3EZC is on 432 with a 4CX250B and 21-element Yagi up 70 feet. His frequency is almost exactly 432 and he wants the stateside boys to look for him from his near-Toronto location.

Latest OSCAR News

The evaluation of Euro-OSCAR (2-meter translator package) has been completed, and correspondence with its constructor, DJ42C, indicates that additional work is necessary. The package has, therefore, been returned to Germany. This can be considered a normal stage in the production of a flyable satellite. Karl has done a great deal of hard work on the project, and when he has completed the changes indicated it should be a first-class communications satellite. The additional work required makes it impossible to give a reliable estimate of the launch date for a communicationstype satellite.

ARIES, a California-based project to construct an amateur repeater-type satellite, has been disbanded.





CONDUCTED BY ROD NEWKIRK.* W9BRD

How:

Foreign folk attending their first U.S.A. baseball games usually are shocked by ominous shouts from the grandstand. They immediately marvel at the precarious existence of those hardy officials in blue. "The ump is a bum!" (Blimey, how disrespectful.) Even the players jump up and down from time to time, strenuously impugning the judgment of the arbiter. "He was safe a mile!" One team captain presents business cards from reliable opticians before he heads for the showers. Anyway, the louder this noise, the more interest in the game.

Let us assure our overseas friends that such spirited and vociferous protest is traditionally required in our sports. It's as American as the hot dog, an essential part of the pastime be it baseball, DX, Sunday driving or what have you. Shucks, if anybody *really* scrubbed the ump it would just delay the fun till another was found to scream at.

These thoughts come to mind because one referee (us) finds it necessary to adopt a rules change for "DXCC²" (photo p. 101, June '67 QST, etc.). Viz., claims hereafter are restricted to photographs of QSLs from active Century Club members as indicated by listings in the most recent 36-month stretch of QSTs. Okay, now all together ---

"KILL the umpire!"

Long Island DX Association's DX Bulletin discloses interesting results of an extensive mostneeded-DXCC-countries poll. In order of most desirable, they turn out to be

Albania, Laccadives, Iraq, Navassa, St. Brandon, Malpelo, Spanish Guinea, Bouvet, Clipperton, Rio de Oro, Rodriguez, South Sandwich, British Phoenix, Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone, Cam-bodia, W. Pakistan, E. Pakistan, Sikkim, etc.

You'll recall (May QST) that the German society, DARC, recently ran a similar referendum among European subscribers, coming out with

Clipperton, Malpelo, Revilla Gigedos, Willis, British Phoenix, Rio de Oro, Heard, Aves, Pit-cairn, Navassa, Marcus, Kure, Laccadives, Juan Fernandez, Easter, Spanish Guinea, South Georgia, Rodriguez, Tonga, etc.

Not surprisingly, few Europeans hunger for Albania, and few North Americans sweat Revilla Gigedos. The yearning for Clipperton and Malpelo, however, is universal.

What:

Autumnal equinox high on the sunspot curve, lads and Autominate equators inkn on the samspot curve, lads and ladies! Better stock up on some spare logs and another stack of QSL stock for those grid-blocking 28-Me, open-ings, those speaker-shattering 21- and 14-Me, break-throughs, those antipodal 7-Me, developments, those static-free 3.5-Me, long hauls and those delicious 1.8-Me, tengencening. (Batwan all those delicious 1.8-Me, transoceanics. (Between all those fudeouts and auroral an-

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noyances, of course.)... Summer has been quite kind enough, judging from Jeevesie's mailsack. It's a multi-band month for your "How's" Bandwagon, first stop:

novances, of course.). . Summer has been quite kind enough, judging from Jeevesie's mailsack. It's a multi-band month for your "How's" Bandwagon, first stop: **15** Novice DX trails, well worn by WNs 1HHO 2ZQE as CEs 1 DB 1FF 1HQ at 1600 GMT, 3GZ 0, 3JP 2, 3NL 3. CM1AR 21, CN8FC, COS 2BO 7AI, CP6GC, CR8 3. KD 4BA 23, 5CA 6AL 6FA 7LU 0, CT1CN, CXs 1JM 2, 2FD 23, a dozen DJ/DLs, EAs 3HE 8FE 8FG 1, E18H, ELs 2D 19, 2NA 2NE 22, ET3USA, Fs 5BF 9AO 9BO FB8YY 6, FG7XT 20, FM7WQ, FW8RC 6, plentw of Gs, GC8HT, GD3RFK, GI3TME, GM3SKX, GW3UXS 18, HAs 4VB 5DA, HB9AIJ, HC1TH, His 3AGS 8DWS 0, 8IEC 23, HKs 3RQ 4PP 3, 7AMJ 1, HMs 1DH 9DH/p, HP1XUH 21, HRJMF, His BBJ BUD CUV TJD 'TOA, ISISCB, JAs 1DIC 1ERB 1HQG 11MZ 1JAN 1KMG 1KSO 1LIW 1LXE 1NRQ 1NRY 1PSA 1QMS 1SDX 1SKY 1TAC 1UVZ 1WJQ 1WLQ 1WWQ 1XOD 1YCE 1YFL 1YTX 2HUC 2HQ 2JPA 3AQN 3AYL 3AYU 3BN 3BRN 3BRI 3CZH 3EA 3EGE 3FBG 3FCV 3GRO 3HCJ 3HP 3JFE 3KCT 4DIA 4IO 40K 5AB 5BJT 5CBG 5CKG 6JGV 6YCU 7CV7 7ND 8BAX 8BP 8CEU 8CTG 8CX 8LH 9BES 6SX, KA2TJ, KG6AQG, KH6s DED DUM FRI GAV SP 18, KL7s CHB CVX EKZ FAO FKO FQP FRY WAH 1-2, KP4s AQL 23, BFI 2, KR6s OE 5, SS, KV4s EX EY 16, nine KZ5s, LA8I.G, OYTAL, OZS 29HO, PA6s FAK NV VO. PJs 2MF 3AT 3CE 23, SMs 4CMX 6CAW 6CUX 6UG, SP5 3AHJ 2AT 3CE 23, SMs 4CMX 6CAW 6CUX 6UG, SP5 3AHJ 2A 2BMM 5DY, SVCC, F75EA, TGGEP, UABs KZB 3, NGT 4, UB5S NM TQ, UC2s AW SE, UD6AM, UO2GA, VKS 2ADN 3, 2APK 5, 2BKM 55, 2CK 4, 4MY 4, 5AF 5, 6IZ 4, 7SM 6, VPs 1MIW 20W 2KJ 5NK 6PJ 7NA 0, 9FO 0, VOS 8AW 9TC, UC2s AW SE, UD6AM, UO2GA, VKS 2ADN 3, 2APK 5, 2BKM 55, 2CK 4, 4MY 4, 5AF 5, 6IZ 4, 7SM 6, VPs 1MIW 20W 2KJ 5NK 6PJ 7NA 0, 9FO 0, VOS 8AW 9TC, UC2s AW SE, UD6AM, UO2GA, VKS 2ADN 3, 2APK 5, 2BKM 5, 2QK 4, 4MY 4, 5AF 5, 6IZ 4, 7SM 6, VPs 1MIW 20W 2KJ 5NK 6PJ 7NA 0, 9FO 0, VOS 8AW 9TC, UC2s AW SE, UD6AM, UO2GA, VKS 2ADN 3, 2APK 5, 2BKM 5, 2QK 4, 4MY 4, 5AF 5, 6IZ 4, 7SM 6, VPs 1MIW 20W 2KJ 5NK 6PJ 7NA 0, 9FO 0, VOS 8AW 9TC, UC2s AW SE, UD6AM, UO2GA, VKS 2ADN 3, 2APK 5, 2BKM 5, 2QK 4, 4MY 4, 5AF 5, 6IZ 4, 7SM 6, VPs 1MIW 20W 2KJ 5NK 6PJ 7NA 0, 9FO 0, VOS 8AW 9TC, UC

15 phone prosperity is enjoyed by Ws 1CNU 2DY 2GTQ 3HNK 5EHY 6AEM 8YGR 9LNQ, Ks 4HPR 5VTA 7BOA 7BOB 7YDZ 8MCQ 8PKG, WAS 1GGN 2LOR 2WIJ 3DSD 4YDR 5PUQ 6JDT 6VVS



Reprinted from May 1955 QST.

7ROB, WB6KVA and s.w.l. P. Kilroy thanks to CEs 21K 3CZ (21,399 kc), 2800 GMT, 3KW 6AE (312) 21, CN8s FC FV (340) 23, COPC*, CPS IEM 6EX (360) 61Y (280) 21, SAU, CRs 4RB (308) 1, 4BC 5CA* 6BF 6CN (339) 9, 6DA (310) 11-15, 6DQ* 6FE (345) 20, 6IV (405) 11, 6LX (342) 11, 7CM 7CX* 7GJ+ 7IZ*, CTs 1BH (330) 21, IEE IKT IMC (306) 23, 2AP* (255) 23, CAP* (369) 18-19, 8BQ (300) 20, 8BW (285), 8CB (333) 18, 9AQ* 16, Fis 3Y (310) 22, DV*, DU1FH (350) 20, EAS 6AR (396) 18-19, 8BQ (300) 20, 8BW (285), 8CB (333) 18, 9AQ* 16, Fis 3Y (310) 23, 0P* (285), 8CB (333) 18, 9AQ* 16, Fis 3Y (310) 24, 0P* (287), 78, 29A (400) 12, 2AR (370) 8, 2E (340) 17, 8C 9A (400) 25, 0P8 (282) 17, FP8 2AM (397) 15, 2KW 3AM (310) 16, ET3RB, FG7XX* (300), FH8s CD 18, CF, FK8AU (318) 19, FOSBU (318) 9, GC217 (400) 13, GD5s (101) 22, 8XHJ (400) 21, HK3s ABI (300), AXY*, HL9KQ (315) 9-10, HM5BF 15, HP1s DG (350) 4, RC 16, HR1s (410) 15, 28, XHJ (400) 21, HK3s ABI (300), AXY*, HL9KQ (315) 9-10, HM5BF 15, HP1s DG (350) 4, RC 16, HR1s (416) 19, 70, 71, JAN (353) 1, 10CA 15YK 1YKT* 28SM 2CWX 2EPZ 3BLG (340) 15, 4EAA* 6BUK 7QD (340) 5, TUJ 7YAG* 9ACP 9IX 6BLU, JH1s HEE BFF (328) 6, ECG, Ka 6KHL/KG6 8AHW/XV5, KA8 2VT 21, 7AB, KC4USB (424) 6, KG6s AAY (390) 22-1, IG (309) 1, KH6s GFI HV (360) 8, JJ, KR6s DB 6, HP LL LS (300) 14, US40 (420) 6, KG6 8AAY (390) 22-1, IG (309) 14, 0AS 30 8AE (D5BZ (380), CH 6B R) 17, LZ WO (346) 14, MP4s BBA BCC (302) 21, BGL*9, MAY (280) 14, 0AS 30 8AE (D5BZ (380), CH 6B R) 17, SVR (330) 14, MF4 BBA BCC (320), PZIBH*, SL2AMH, SV98 WKN 23, TG9ST*, TIS 2HE* 2L5A 21/T* 5YOR (350), TU 4, 64) 24, 64, KG7 (9D) 12, 9VM (310) 16, NT (344) 14-15, VP 10, 300) 18, WC (275) 22, MV, TF2e WKM WKN 23, TG9ST*, TIS 2HE* 2L5A 21/T* 5YOR (350), TI 6, ACY (350) 18, WC (275) 23, LX18 DB RB 17, LZ1WD (346) 14, MP4s BBA BCC (302) 21, BGL*9, MAY (280) 14, 0AS 30 8AE (D5DS (380), OH 6A (310) 16, NT (346) 14, MP4s BBA BCC (302) 11, BC4*, 8, MC3, 22) MU (342) 14-19, WE (340) 14, 14, SE 6A CC (302) 14, 0AS 42, COS 30, 0H 6A (310) 16, NT (346) 14, M KW (375) 9, 601s GC (324) 18, PF, 6W8DX, 6Y5s GG

RJ RM*, **7P8A**R (310) 13, **707LZ** 18, **7X0BB***, **8R1s** C (350) 20, S (332) 2, **9G1s** BE DF (310) 17, ED FF (270) 15, FL 17, GA GB (350) 9, **9H1s** AAI (322) 15, R (300) 14, **9J2AB** (333) 23, **9M8** 2AV 10, 2GJ 2NF 2NY 2PC (370) 15–16, 6MG (305), **905s** CM DV* EB IA (328) 21, K8 (377) 18, SJ, **9U5s** DL 19, DP 20, VP (370) **9V1s** FF (350) 16, LK MX (410) 17, MY (370) 15, NV (300) 18, OA (281) 16, **9X5s** CC* GG III (282) 15–16, PB (255) 17, **9Y4s** DS (350) 12–23 and VT, the asterisks denoting hardy non-s.b. souls.

0.4 (281) I. 9X55 CC* GC III (282) I.5-16, PB (255) I.7, 9Y48 DS (350) 22-23 and VT, the asterisks denoting hardy non-s.b. souls. **15** we icnu 2JBL 3HNK SERIF 6AEM 7VCB SYGR. Ks 4HPR 4MIYO 4TWJ 4UTI 5MHG/6 5VTA 4JPI, WAS ICNU 2JBL 3HNK SERIF 6AEM 7VCB SYGR. Ks 4HPR 4MIYO 4TWJ 4UTI 5MHG/6 5VTA 4JPI, WAS ICYT IFHU 1GXE 2LOR 3D8D 3GJU 4YDR 64VA 6VVS and HER hobobbing with CES HIQ 3, IHR (30) 16-17, 3JP (90), 4AT 4GT (55) 22, SAA 8CF, CMS (AR (13) 20, IARC (40) 22, 2BA (40) 21, CN8s FC (67), FF (50), COS 2BB (50 23, 2CO 15, 2DR 20, 2JB (102) 2MI 5FS (35) 22, CFS IEX (29) 21, 3CN 6FN (115) 22, CRs 3AB 16, 4AG 6CA (75) 16, 6AI (36) 19, 6AI (50) 18, 6CK (49) 12, 6GO 6IK (72) 18, 6KB 7BN (70) 17, 7HC 7Z, CTs IBO 18, HTT (10), 1IT (102), 1LN (99) 23, 1LQ (98), 1OI 3AS (17) 22, CXS 1AAC (20) 22, IJM (87) 23, 2AL (50), 2F1) (60), 2XA (22) 12, 3BD (18) 15, DMs 2AD 2 2AEF 2A10 (45) 21, 2BBK 3EN, EAS 6BD (88) 16, 6BH 20, 8EB (90) 18, 8F1 (32) 18, 8F0 (60) (16-21, 9AQ (40) 23-0, 9AY (59) 19, 9EO (70) 11, E19J (2) 0, EL2S AJ AMI 16, D (25) 17-19, J (54) 14, NE Y (10), ET3USA (80) 20, Fs 2CB/FC 8TT/FC (50) 18, 9VN/FC, FC8IL (30) 16, FG78 XJ XX (5), FL8RA 23-0, FO8s BQ BU, FW8RC (68) 8-9, GD3AIM (45) 16-17, HAS 1KSA 21, 1KZB 23, 3MB 17, 5BN (81), 5EQ (52), 5KDQ (45) 23, 5KFZ (75) 19, 6NC 21, 8KUN 21, HG8 1MF 1ZA 2SB (71) 0, HIS 7MIR (26) 22, HZ2AT (25) 21, ISIS SCB 22, SEL, ITHLOM 23, JAS 1AJE IBPM (CEU 1GBC 1JE, 1KYT 1NUH 1RQ 1EYO 1TGZ 1GZ 1ULW 2FM 2FOR 3AYL 3BN 3CZH 3EA 3GYQ 3KFG 3KWZ 3LGG 4EFA 5BOZ 5CEU 5PL 6BJT, 6CLO 6UNQ 6CUX 6GH 7BQY 8SW 9UR/6 0DBF JHIB BUO BXR FILR, K1FRV/HR1 (30) 19, KH68 COB DEC GGII 19 UL, KX75 AIZ 5FW TR PI (45) 10, KP4CSN, KR8 6AB (30) 2, 6AG 6CF (19) 10, 6DE (29) 3KFG 3KWZ 3LGG 4EFA 5BOZ 5CEU 5PL 6BJT, 6CLO 6UNQ 6CUX 6GH 7EQY 8SW 9UR/6 0DBF JHIB BUO BXR FILR, K1FRV/HR1 (30) 19, KH68 COB DEC GGII 19 UL, K175 AIZ 18W 70, 17GZ 17GZ 10 LW 25N 21, DV 75N 220, OX38 MJ 2, WX (62), PJ3CJ 29, PZ18 AH CQ 5, SL8 4BA 5BO 6BH 6BU 7BZ (0CF) 91 MAW (54) 11, OA48 FF (20) 17, QN 22, UO (77) 20, 0D55 E JLX, OY5NS 20 (15) 20, UI8s AM (50) 6, CD (60) 2, KAA 4, UJ8AB, UL7s BG (34) 10, IQ 6, GR (50) 7, UN1KAC, UO5KBB



The Seychelles, once a DX rarity of the first water, now are thoroughly worked thanks to Uncle Sam's space program. In fact Mahe is beginning to resemble the approaches to Yellowstone Park. That's VQ9TC's antenna among the trailers, VQ9EF's operating quarters. Wes, the latter, who supplies this photography, signs WØBIG/1 in Massachusetts after working 120 countries from that shack.



TG5WJ, the station of Fr. William J. O'Donnel, M.M., specializes in sideband on 20, 40 and 75 meters. Antenna maintenance is a problem in Huehuetenango because Buzzards, protected by law, keep blundering into Bill's quad rigging TG5WJ, who prefers liesurely rag chews in English or Spanish, is WB2GJR back home. (Photos via K2DDK)

(81), UP2KBC (33) 7, UO2s FF IQ KCJ KCR, UR2s BV LO 3, UT5s BL (60) 15, CC 6, UWs 3AU 3JJ 6LP (20) 12, VE8YC/8 (20) 20, VKs 7SM 8UG (65) 14, 9VM (55) 13, 9XI 13-14, VPs 1MV 1VR 2AZ 16, 2GLE (50) 18, 6BX (64) 22, 6FN 6PJ (40), 7EF (30) 23, 7NP (80), 8HJ 8JD (50) 19, 9GA (100) 20, VR2DK (75) 9, VSs 6FX (50) 8, 9AJM (50) 15, 9APW (30) 7, 9MB (87) 18, VU2s DIA 11, AA (15) 1, MWP, WALEAV/VP9 22-23, WP4DAC (175) 0, XEs 1CD 1HD 17V 22, 2AA 2DN (160) 14, XZ2ZZ (9) 16-17, YAIs AN (23) 11, KO (94) 19, YN1s (3MR (26) 18, AA, YOS 2QM (20), 3RG 21, 5CV 5DH 5LC 6KAF (76) 20, 8AP 8DD, some YVs, YS2OB (8) 23, ZB2s AM (13), AP (57) 19, BC (30) 22, ZG4s GB (82) 16, TX (22) 14, ZDs 3G 5X (29) 10, 8HAL (29) 21-22, SJ (23) 14-15, SJG 16, 8JS 8MK (70) 18, 8PMG (11, 8RB (25) 9, 8RC (35) 17, 8SK (80) 17, ZE4JS (60) 18, ZZAJU (35) 3-4, a dozen ZLs, ZP5s EC (26) 22, ML (95) 22, ZS9 (42) 16, 4S7s LB NG (68) 0, 4U1ITU (60) 12, ZC4s CD (270) 10, 10D DW (80), 6Y5s AH (92) 0, ET GS 21, JB (55) 11, 707LZ (46) 18, 9GIs FY 1HM (35) 17, 9HIIS AC (15) 17, AK (50) 17, 9LTK (24) 21, 6W8s CD CQ (70) 10, 1DD DW (80), 6Y5s AH (92) 0, ET GS 21, JB (53) 11, 707LZ (46) 18, MX (50) 19, 9J2s HZ (58) 16, IE (15) 17, AK (50) 17, 9LTK (57) 17, 9MIS 2AV (18) 15, 2LN (47) 18, MX (66) 18, 8H 15, 9V1s LT MY (10) 16, NV (18) 14, 9X5FS (60) 18, 8HK 40 c.w,'s making its comeback assisted by Ws 3HNK

9V18 LT MY (10) 16, NV (18) 14, 9X5PS (60) 18, 9Y48 LA 0 and TR. **40** c.w.'s making its comeback assisted by Ws 3HNK TVCB, Ks 2YJU/KL7 4HPR 41EX 4MYO 5MHG, WAs 1FHU 7DUB 8MCQ 8PVN 9MQI 9SXQ #KVC, WBs 2RJJ 6KVA 6VVS and WN3GQO with the cooperation of CM5LM (30) 0, CO2IC, CT1DJ (10) 6, CX1AAC, FG7XF (10) 23, FM7WO (5) 10, HM1DHI, JAs 1CKE 1CSX 1GUMI IJCE 1KUU 1NOG 1NUT 10YN 10JP 9VR1 RMV 1RN1 ISGR 1SYW 11THL 1VDL 1VDM 2FA1 2JXI 3LUG 5WU 7AFV 7CUA 7ERN 7XF 8BM1I 8JS all around sun-up, KG6FAE, KH6s ALD DQ 7, FEW GFM 5, QR 7, KL7FSX 7, KZ5s FX TX, LU28 ZE ZI 4-5, loads of 0Ks, OY4M, PYs 2NE 7AMX (12) 3-6, SP5ARN (4), TA2BK (25) 23, TU2BK (26) 23, UA6s DA ZV (20) 6, UJ8AV, UM8BA (34) 23, a hatful of mainland VK-ZLS, VPs 1MW (6) 4, 1VR (3) 2, 6KL (3) 22, 8AP (40) 7, 9BO (2), 9BY (10), VO8CC (5) 14, YN3KM (24) 3, YOS 8FR 9AE, YU2ABW (1), ZD3G (15) 21-22, ZS6KP (4) 21, 6W3DD (25) 23, 6Y5GS (10) 12, and 9V1LK (1) 20, WN3GQO scored upband with WH6GEC (180) and KZ5NG (070) Forty phone is stubborn but CN8AW, KC4USV, KG6AFE, KH6GDM, KL7SPO, OA4TE 6, ON4VS, PA6RCA, PY7s ARP GAY VKG, TG7EH, TI2NA, VK3AC (87) 7, VP2DC (a,m.) 9, VS9MB, YVs 1BI (94) 5, 3KX (93) 5,

October 1967

ZD8RD, ZL3s RJ RK, 4W1L, 8R1C, 9G1GA, 9H1s AM N and R fill holes between the SWBC splatter.

beginning to find the range. 10 r.w. is off and running, K4HPR, WAs 7AUW 7BOA 5Z485 tangling with CEGEF, CM2BL, CR6CK (69) 18, CT3AS, CX1AAC, E19J, FO8BU (10) 3, GT3SXG, GM3MCH, GW3FSP, HB9KG, HG2KRD of Hungary, 1Ks 3RQ 9A1, 11Z1X, JAs 1HHM 1QQC 1RUJ 2ENG 5AOG 5DOC (25) 3, 6TQ, JHIAHR (21) 0, KJ6CD, KH6s IJ SP, KP4BFF, KV4AM, KW6DS, LUIDAY, OAsts KF (25) 10, PF, OH9NH, OK3DG, ON4CK, OY2H (40) 18, OZ4DX, PA6LOU, PY2s DBU SO, SM6CKY, TR8AH, UA6KFG, UF6DR (54) 13, UO5AA 10, UV3AAM (10) 15, VKs 2EO 3AKN 4WO 7SM, VP1VR (52) 18, VRDDK, VO9AR, YN3KM, YV10B, ZDs 7WR SJ, ZLIAH, 4U11TU, 5H3KG (38) 12, 5Z4s KO (55) 19, SK (50) 18, 6W8CD, 7Q7RM, 9J2s BC (50) 0, JC and 9X5SA before the band really swung open.

SS (50) 18, 04/8CD, 10/1KH, 90/25 BC (50) 0, JC and 9X5SA before the band really swung open. **10** phone's early-season returns are encouraging to say the lenst. Ws 1 CNU 8YGR #TGG, K7YDZ, WAs 2LOR 4YDR 7BOA 8MCQ, WB2WHB and KH6BZF scoop up CE3RC*, CR6s CK FW (610) 19, IL (640) 18, CTs 1BH (595) 15, IIK 3AS* 16, EA7JT*, EIs 7A* 9() 98, FK8BB (620), FM7WQ, 11C8F'N (645) 21-22, H18JXP (555) 19, HP1JC (565) 0, HR1JK, IS1BYR*, IT1TOR* 13, JAs 1WPX* 2BZY* 3ATQ* 3KVT* 5BLX 5BR1* 7CYC* 8CFA* 9BSL*, JH1s AGZ* CYG*, K6K1I/KG6 (592) 9, KA2s DO (625) 0, MB, KG6s FAE (635) 23, IJ (610) 17, KH6s BZF (570) 20, R8, KP4s CSU (551) 20, FAC, RA6IS (620) 0, KV4EY (593) 22, KZ5s NS WL (592) 19, LA5K1H* MP4BBA, OD5BZ (580), OK2s BF1* WE*, ON4YB, PY2s BGL CAN*, SMØANH, SVØWU, TG9US* (450) 18, UAs 1AVB* 6LMS*, UB5KFA*, UG6GBN*, UP2PU*, VKs 2AVA (575) 21, 2FU (550) 22, SMF (550) 22, 8AU 3, VP1WR (630) 23, VS9s ALP MB (600) 17, XE1s FJ CCC (565) 0-1, YNIMAV* 22, VO2QC!*, YS2CEN (596) 18, YV7AV, ZC4GB (620) 16-17, ZDs 7)11 (605) 17, 8BUD (625) 19, 8CX (570) 20, a half dozen 7Ls, ZP5JB (570) 19, a pack of ZSs including 3IT, 4U1s 1TU (95) 9, SU (615) 15, 4W1G, 4X4CW, 5N2ABII (690) 16, 5R8AS, 7X9WW 9J2s DF* DT (700) 17-18, 91.Is GQ (730) 17-18, JP* and 905EP (600) 19, the stars twinkling for straight-a.m. signals, still plentiful on 10.

99

Next stop for the "How's"-mobile will be 14 Me, where we'll get the voice view from Ws 2DY 3HNK 3LE 3SEJ 4NXD 6AEM 8YGR 9LNQ, Ks 4HPR 5VTA 7INE 7YDZ, WAs 2LOR 2WJJ 3GJU 5PUQ 8AICQ 9SXQ, WBs 2ZUB 6KVA and listener Kilroy; the pump-handle picture via Ws 3HNK 3JZJ/9 4NXD 4YOK 7VCB, KIUTI, WAS ICYT 1FHU 2LOR 2WJJ 3GJU 5PUQ 5JDT 7BOA 7BOB 8MCQ 9QBM 9SXQ, WBs 2RJJ 2ZUB 6KVA, 1IER and others reporting in the interin. Gotta check up on 160, too — signs of a rumble up there!

Where:

EUROPE — Finland's SARL announces, "From October B 18 to December 6, 1967, all Finnish club stations are authorized to use the prefix OF instead of OH. There are approximately fifty such stations, QSLs for OF contacts will been symbols of the 50th anniversary of independent will bear symbols of the 50th anniversary of independent Finland and will be sent automatically via bureaus." No more OF's after December 6th, Finland's independence holiday......W811XR tells us that the SVØWU listed in our August QTHs now signs SVØWQ in Athens, QSLable as indicated in the following...... IMOL apologizes for tardy PA9CN confirmations, delay caused by heavy family and human using a construction. burdy PA9CN confirmations, delay caused by heavy family and business activities $\dots \dots DX$ News Short has it that those three-letter F5K calls go for club stations, new French hans sign three-letter F1 labels, and LX3 calls haven't been issued for years, current spurious evidence notwith-standing $\dots \dots$ GMSAHS/WA2DHF asserts, "All of my U.S. OSL are sent direct, same day of OSO."

Deen issued to years, GMISAHS/WA2DHF asserts, "All of my U. S. QSLs are sent direct, same day of QSO." OCEANIA — WA6AHF alfirms, "I am KW6EO's QSL manager as of July 21, 1967. I'll also attempt to contirm prior contacts,"....., W4NJF notifies, "I hold YJ8BW logs for QSOs from mid-June through July, and all QSLs received have been answered. Self-addressed stamped enve-lopes from W/Ks, self-addressed envelopes with Interna-tional Reply Coupons from others, are musts." Gay indi-cates that though YJ8 is the official New Hebrides prefix, seatured YJ1 and FU8 usage may crop up now and then.

cates that though 1.38 is the official New Herrores prenx, scattered VJ1 and FU8 usage may crop up now and then. ASIA---''T'm still trying to get a copy of OD5EE's logs A for September-October '66,'' says W7VRO, meanwhile suggesting the address in the listings to follow DJ2PJ t-lls W3FNV he does QSL chores for TAs 2BK 2FM _____YC and 5EE, DL20E handles TA18K's European QSLs, SM6KV is QSL aide to TA1s AV and DS, and K4AMC assists TA2AC. ''There will be many more licensed amateurs in Turkey in the very near future in addition to TAs 1AB 1AX 1BD 1DX 1JK 1KT 1MDS 1TU 2AA 2AB 2AJ 2BF 2BZ 2DS 2FA 2FE 2J 2JX 2KM1 ZRK 3AY 3BC 3FA 3FAS 3LU and 4RZ. TA1s are in European Turkey.'' UA1CK/JT1 reminds WA6AHF of NCDXC that International Reply Coupons are not redeemable in the M.P.R. ''F1l QSL 100 per cent to all stations worked, prefering sa.s.c. for direct reply, others to go via burcaus.'' Viad should be back home by now, reachable through Box N-2, CPO, Leningrad, and W2SAW can probably supply the desirable Russian mint postage HL9KA conirms, ''Anyone needing my QSL for contact after March, 1967, can apply via W2CTN.''...... NCDXC's WA6IVM hears that some 250 U. S. sixes have failed to answer JA1KSO's QSLs, Gentermenture.''

FRICA --- VQ9EF declares, "Every QSL I received on

ITU-assigned 7P block. **HEREABOUTS** — "QSLers of the Month" in volume this trip, all commended by correspondents for paste-board promptitude: CT3AS, CX1JM, DLs 30J 50U DUIOR, EA6BD, EIJ, FP8DD, GI3PXY, GMs 3SSB SNW, HPIGC, HI8XAL, HPIRC, HR3WW, HZIAT, JA3JXJ, KØOXZ/CEØ, KG6SB, KP4DAP, KV4AA, KX6ER, LZIS BC YW, OA5AE, OE3PWW, PJ3CC, SM7BTN, SP6AAT, TF3AU, TN8BK, UA9PO, VKS 2AVA 5FM 6IZ 6XX, VP9GA, VQ8s AW CG, VR2L, VSs 6FX 9ASP 9MB, XE2DL, XW8BJ, YU3EH, YV4NS, ZC4GB, ZFIGC, ZKIAR, 3C3FJZ, SU, 4U11TU, 4X4NZN, 5H3KJ, 5R8AM, 6Y5JR, SRIC and 9L1TL, The "How's" Iaudatory committee includes Ws 2DY 2IP 8YGR, K4UTI, WAs 1CYT 1EOT 3DMH, 3DSD 4UXU 5MIN 5PUQ 7BOA 7BOB 7GFT 9QBM 9SXQ and WB2ZUB who also

operator at PJ3CC this August 9th-17th, offers to confirm his own Curacao contacts from the home address DX News-Shert notes that Honduras has been redivided into six call areas, HR9EB becoming HR6EB in the shuffle G. Baker, W8GU/5, 413 Maple, Dalhart, Texas, 79022, is the new address for CR6FW, FG78 XJ XY and FM7WI QSL applications Concerning QSL managers, don't forget that each new Callbook con-tains several pages of such data, also that W6GSV publishes a periodical dealing with this angle Fresh sugges-tions from the flock now, but remember that each QTH is necessarily neither accurate, complete nor "official".

- BV2A, T. Chen, P.O. Box 101, Taipei, Taiwan GEØAE, Ham Shack, P.O. Box 37, APO, New York, N. Y., 09339

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- ELZAG, T. Chappell (W BOODD), USALD, C. S. Embassy, Monrovia, Liberia
 FG7s XJ XY, FM7WI (via W8GIU/5; see preceding text)
 H13XRM, Aptdo, 432, Santo Bomingo, D.R.
 H18FHV, Box 1157, Santo Domingo, D.R.
 H18XDA, P.O. Box 1157, Santo Domingo, B.R.
 H18XDA, P.O. Box 1157, Santo Domingo, B.R.

- HMB IAJ IAM 9AJ, Cho Dong-in, Shindaebangdong 300-38, Seoul, Korea
 JAIEVM, Y. Namiki, 925-9 Simizu Yamato-Machi, Kitatama-gun, Tokyo, Japan
 JA2BYW, Box I, Nagoya, Japan
 KC4AAD, Box 26, FPO, San Francisco, Calif., 96692
 KG6SA, USCG, Navy 935, Box 338, FPO, San Francisco, Calif., 96950
 KS4CD, A. Franze, Box 1148, Miami, Fla., 23148
 KS6CN, Dept. of Education, Pago Pago, U. S. Samoa, 96820

- 96920
- 96920 OAICA, P.O. Box 65, Chiclayo, Peru ex-OD5EE, J. Garrett, W5LAK, 5438 Kingfisher Dr., HOUSton, Texas PJ3CL, P.O. Box 2147, Curacao, N. A. TAS IAV IDS ISK 2AC 2BK 2FM 2YC 5EE (see preceding

- Dext)
 TF2WKM, Box 27, FPO, New York, N. Y., 09571
 TG9RC/HPI, Box 8374, Panama City, R. P.
 VK1GD, 1 Deagle St., Red Hill, Canberra, ACT, Australia
 VP8JH, H. Taylor, Box 45, Port Stanley, Falklands
 VP9GA, W. Teltz, Carlton Beach Hotel, Bernuda
 VO9EF, J. Fleurdelys, WØBIG/1, 5 Marriou Ct., Chelmsford, Mass.
 VS9ARF, RAF Khormaksar, BFPO 69, London, England
 VU2MWP, W. Pullen, U. S. Embassy, APO, New York, N. Y., 90675 (or to W9RQV)
 XEIGP, P.O. Box 16-116, Mexico City 16, D.F., Mexico
 XP1AA, 1983rd Comm. Sqdn., APO, New York, N. Y., 00023

- 0902
- W8BO, 2146th Comm. Gp., Box 1859, APO, San Francisco, Calif., 96352
 XW8BS, U. S. Embassy, APO, San Francisco, Calif., 96352
 XW8BV, R. Pann, U. S. Embassy, APO, San Francisco, Calif., 96352
 XW8CG, G. Collier, APO, San Francisco, Calif. 96352
 XW8CG, G. Collier, APO, San Francisco, Calif. 96352
 XW8CG, F. Walker, U. S. Embassy, CAS-USAID, APO, San Francisco, Calif., 96352
 XW8CG, P. Celdart, BEC, Ascension AAFB, Patrick AFB, Fla., 32925
 ZPIES, E. Sandy (G3UEO), Box 293, Grand Cayman, W. I.

- 4X9GV, Box 9142, Beersheba, Israel





4×4s UM TI MR VZ (group, I. to r.) and SK demonstrate a favorite sport among Israeli amateurs, a DX-oriented Field Day. "Aw, who forgot the cables?" might be a gag caption for the right-hand photo. At left 4×4s UM and VZ run out guys while $4 \times 4SK$ checks gear. (Photos via W2IWP)

5A2TZ, Box 1763, APO, New York, N. Y., 09231 5W1AS, P.O. Box 498, Apia, W. Samoa 5Z4IW, Box 992, Nakuru, Kenya 5Z4KM, P.O. Box 488, Kitale, Kenya 6Y5ET, Box 254, Kingston, Jamaica 9G1KT, c/o Clark Co, ARC, 310 E. Evergreen Blvd., Vancouver, Wash., 98660 9L1GQ, P.O. Box 907, Freetown, Sierra Lcone 9L1HW, H. Williams, 4 Meadowbank Rd., Farsham, Hanta, England

PLIKG, Fasme Foundation, P.O. Box 2025, Castro Valley,

Calif. SX5CC, B.P. 61, Nyanza, Rwanda 9X4TW, T. Wood, USTO, Omega Trinidad, P.O. Box 4187, Patrick AFB, Fla., 32925; or 10 Pleasant Pl., Shorelands, Pt. Cumana, Trinidad

PX1EQ (to DJ8EQ) PX1IR (to F9JS) PX1IR (to F9JS) PX1OE (to F9JS) PX1OE (to F9JVX) SM2XA/LA (to SM7DBF) SV0WO (via WB6UVU) TG4VH (via WA5HZY) TL3DL (via WA3CGE) ex-VK9WE (to VK2ABL) VK9CR (via VK3CKJ) VS9ARS (via VS9ABL) VU2WB (to HB9TK) W3DWG/VR6 (via K4YFQ) W0IRF/KL7 (to KL7EFX) XE9OPC/m (to K5OPC) XW8CAL (via XW8AX) YAIKO (via W7WDM) ZA1KO (via W7WDM) ZA1KO (via F9OE) ZD7ZI (via F9OE) Pt. Cumana, Trinidad DJ5CQ/LX (to DJ5CQ) DJ5JK/LX (via DJ2IW) EI3SU (via GJ8KMI) EP2KW (via DL3NS) F2WS/FC (to F2WS) FØCG (to HB9RG) FCSIL (to F2LL) G3BID/LX (to G3BID) G3BOX/LX/p (to G3MOJ) GB3FRC (via G3VYE) GB3FRC (via G3WAO) GB3SES (via G3WAO) GB3SES (via G3WAO) GB3SES (via G3WAO) GB3SES (via G3WAO) HB6AAI (to HB9AAT) HB6ADC/m (to HB9AAC) HBØADC/m (to HB9ADC) HL9KA (via W2CTN) HR6EB (to HR9EB) HR6EB (to HR9EB) ITØARI (to ITJR) JW3NI (to LA3NI) KIFRV/HR1 (to KIFRV) KIZJT/KH6 (via KH6DQ) KG6AOI (to WAØPQF) KW6EO (via WA6AHF) MISS (to IISSK) OA48 KF PZ (via RCP) OHØSC (via VE6XX) ON4GK/LX (via K2MYR) Tbig catalog was contribu Z62BD (to G3TTG) ZD7ZI (via F90E) ZD8HAL (via KØETY) Z09BI (via G82SAI) ZS6BEJ (via D49PU) 4X6-7-8HW (via W2AAH) 7P8AR (via W4BRE) 9M6LR (via MARTS) 940S (via VABRE) 9Y4DS (via K9KLR)

ON4GK/LX (VIA K2M1K) 974DS (VIA K9KLR) This catalog was contributed collectively by Ws 1MD 1WPO 1WPR 1YYM 1ZJE 2DY 2JBL 3AYD 3FNV 3JZJ/9 4NJF 4NXD 4YOK 7UVR 7VCB 8HXR 8YGR 9LNQ, Ks 4UTI 7INE 7SUX, WAs 1CYT 2LOR 3DSD 4UXU 5PUQ 6JDT 7BOA 7BOB 7GFT 8PVN, WBs 2CGW 2ZUB 4EFE, KH6BZF, P. Kilroy, Columbus Amateur Radio Association CARAscope (W8ZCQ) DARC's DX-MB (DL3RK), DX Club of Puerto Rico DXer (KP4RK), DX News Nheet (G. Watts, 62 Belmore

October 1967

Rd., Norwich, Nor. 72.7, England), Florida DX Club DX *lieport* (W4BRB), International Short Wave League Monitor (A. Miller, 62 Warward Ln., Selly Oak, Birming-ham 20, England), Japan DX Radio Club Bulletin (JA1DM), Long Island DX Association DX Bulletin (WB2EPG), Newark News Radio Club Bulletin (L. Waite, 39 Hannum St., Ballston Spa, N.Y.), North Eastern DX Association DX Bulletin (K11MP), Northern California DX Club DXer (Box 608, Mcnlo Park, Calif., 94025), Ontario DX Association Long Skip (VE3EWY), Southern California DX Club Bulletin (WA6GLD), UBA's On the Air (ONAAD), Utah DX Association Bulletin (W7LEB) and VERON'S DX press (PA6s FX LOU TO VDV WWP) Encorel Encore!

Whence:

EUROPE -- CCRC (Czechoslovakia) invites world-wide participation in its International OK DX Contest, a c.w.-only affair scheduled for 0000-2400 (MT the 12th of November, Stations will exchange serials consisting of RST plus two digits representing the number of years the participation of the second second second second second intervention of the second seco of RST plus two digits representing the number of years the operator has been licensed as an amateur; e.g., 45903 if licensed in '64. Work any country but your own at one point per contact for non-OK QSOs, three points for each contact with OKs, one band-contact per station. For final score multiply this point total by the total number of prefixes worked — VE1 VE2, G2 G3, OK1 OK2, for exam-ple, make six. Monoband, multiband and multioperator categories are available a score state log for work band listing pre, make six, Monorand, indicional and multioperator categories are available, a separate log for each band listing GMT, station, scrials sent-received, points claimed and new prefix as worked, for each QSO. An accompanying summary sheet should include the declaration, "I hereby state that my station was operated in accordance with the rules of the context or well or will sumption outplicable of the and the second state of the second state second stat contest as well as all regulations established for amateur usable midsummer openings on top band August 6th and 10th, too, W1BB working Gs 3RXH 3VYF and 6BQ at

(Continued on page 154)



The Affiliated Club Program. The League started "affiliating" clubs in 1919, and there are still two¹ of those originally affiliated which are still active. Thus, almost since the dawn of our history, the local amateur radio club has been an integral partner with ARRL in guiding the destiny of amateur radio.

Today, this unique partnership is stronger than ever. As of the end of 1966 there were 1274 active affiliated clubs. This is not, however, the total number of affiliates. There are also "inactive" and disbanded clubs, which have not returned an annual questionnaire. They need only to indicate renewed activity to get back on our active mailing list. We would guess that

¹Eight clubs were affiliated in Dec., 1919. Of the eight, the Houston Amateur Radio Club and the Milwaukee Radio Amateur Club are still in business on the active file.



Meet your SCMs

North Dakota SCM Harold L. Sheets, WODM is an old pro at amateur radio. "Prof" was first licensed in 1923 and served as SCM back in the early thirties as well as for the past two terms. Professionally he specialized in teaching and school administration. This versatile amateur works all bands and holds ORS RCC WAS (on ten meters) WAC, has worked 90 countries and is a member of the OOTC. In addition to amateur radio "Prof" enjoys photography, leatherwork and wood carving.

the total throughout the years would approximate 3,000 clubs.

The affiliated club program has always been a function of the Communications Department, and we have tried to make it an energetic one. Weekly postcard bulletins are mailed to clubs as well as to OBS appointees. Clubs get the quarterly CD Bulletin, and special club bulletins and releases from time to time. Need a candidate for SCM? Ask the clubs. Need an EC for your town? The local club is an excellent source and vehicle. Want to throw a hamfest or convention? The club organizes for it and puts it on. Field Day? You bet, most clubs wouldn't miss it. In addition, clubs have played always important roles in amateur affairs and are therefore major points of contact for ARRL directors and director candidates.

The special relationship between ARRL and its affiliated clubs has been mutually beneficial. There is a long list of services headquarters which any club can take advantage of simply by qualifying and applying for ARRL affiliation. Details are available on request, so we won't go into them here, except to make one observation: The average amateur radio club has everything to gain and nothing to lose in affiliation.

In recent years, relations between headquarters and affiliated clubs have come in for special attention. At least one director has issued regular divisional letters to clubs; others follow up on affiliation requests and arrange for personal presentation of affiliation charters, Club federations have been formed, both for the purpose of putting on large conventions and for otherwise solidifying the organization concept in large-population areas. No doubt about it, clubs always have and will continue to play a crucial role in League affairs.

But there is still more to be done. We hope and expect that clubs will continue to do more for amateur radio. Headquarters is planning a more energetic club program, to pay even greater attention to this aspect of communication with the average amateur. Just as a beginning example, atfiliated clubs will soon be receiving more frequent bulletins from headquarters aimed exclusively at them, containing information both from and for them.

Once each year, we'll continue to enclose the annual questionnaire, by means of which we ensure your continued interest in being kept on the mailing list and adherence to the principles of atfiliation. (We'll try to shorten this questionnaire, make it easier for your secretary to fill it out.)

Ah yes, your secretary. We've been secretary many times of many clubs, and it's not the easiest job to have. Some secretaries are good, some only fair, and once in a while you get one who just doesn't do anything. Nevertheless, most clubs give the secretary's address as the club mailing address. If this is the case with your ARRL-affiliated club and you are not receiving ARRL mailings, see your secretary; maybe he is forgetting to bring the stuff to meetings. From now on, the club is going to be missing something extra if this happens. Make sure you get to see the stuff! It's your right as a club member.

What, you don't belong to a club? Tch, tch! You're missing out on a big chunk of amateur radio. Join one. If you don't like the program, do what you can to shape it, but go along with the majority in any case. You say there is no club? We'll be glad to help you get one started, just ask us.

SCM Qualifications Upgraded. For many years the qualifications of the SCM have remained the same -- a licensed amateur for two years and a member of the League for at least a year. Recently it has come to our attention that under these rules a technician licensee, who cannot hold a number of appointments in the field organization, could nevertheless be elected SCM and make these appointments.

Well, this didn't seem right, so we sought advice from our superiors. Having subsequently considered the matter in some detail, we have

BRASS POU	INDER	S LEA	GUE	1
Winners of BPL (Certificate	for July	Traffic	:
Call Orig K6BPI	Reed	Rel.	Del.	Tólal
W3CUL	1 2301 0 1085	$2129 \\ 996$	$172 \\ 67$	9933 2808
W7BA	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1085 \\ 7 & 942 \end{array}$	873	65	1887
KØONK	1 793	722	12	1648
W50BD	\$ 729	757	` õ	1484
K5TEY2	1 1076	354	6	1457
W6GYH10	5 677	652	ĕ	1440
WA4ROR	4 455	445	š	9 09
W6RSY	0 440	331	100	891
K7TCY	5 442	403	39	889
W7HMA	3 401	395	4	823
W4FOE	4 403	328	79	814
W7ZIW	1 383	389	3	786
KØYFK	0 350	4	356	740
K7NQX	3 356	0	353	732
WA01AW	2 355	333	18	718
WØLGG1	5 352	330	10	707
WØLCX2	3 325	315	10	673
W3VR	7 297	$\frac{264}{243}$	11	639
K9IVG2	0 349	199	$^{1}_{63}$	613
KØYBD	5 200 9 290	200	2	553 541
WB6HVA	5 281	111	124	541
WB6BBO	4 235	231	5	525
WA4BMC	0 83	60	ŝ	516
WB2FUW	X 236	202	16	502
WA4UAZ	226	163	25	502
BPL for 100 or mor				
W81V 236 W4RF K0ZSQ 222 W49C W44YDT 161 W44U W9EET 146 W45N W43EKP 144 W44L	CP 116	W4GV		
WA4YDT 161 WA4U	JIH 113	WA6B	YZ 105	
W9EET 146 WA5N	YY 113	WA7B	DD 104	4
WA41D1 161 WA40 W9EET 146 WA51 WA3EKP 144 WA41	YL 112	KIPGC WB2T	2 101	
	JU 108	WB2T	FK/21	00
W2OE 137 K6IBI	107	Late	Report	ts:
WA4PDM/2 125 WA9C	DMO 107	W6DS	C (Jun	e) 239
		WA9G	JU (Ju	ne) 101
More-Than-O	ne-Oper	ator Sto	tions	
K4CG 240 WAØE	IQR/Ø 19	4 Late K4CG	Repor (June)	t: 219
BPL medallions (see	Aug. 19	54. n. 5	4) hav	e heen
awarded to the following	ng amateu	irs since	last n	ionth's
awarded to the followin listing: WA3BLE, V	A4AUG	WOIF	IJ. ĸ	ØYFK
KØZSQ.				
The BPL is open to al	lamateur	s in the I	Inited	Stator
Canada and U.S. Posse	scione why	report	to their	SCAL

The BFL is open to all amateurs in the United States. Canada and U. B. Possessions who report to their SCM, a message total of 500 or a sum origination and delivery points of 100 or more for any calendar month. All messages must be handled on amateur frequencies within 48 hours of receipt in standard ARRL form.

decided that effective Dec. 1, 1967, candidates for SCM must also have a *conditional* class amateur license or higher. This action is in

OPERATING EVENTS (Dates in GMT) ARRL-IARU-SCM-Affiliated Club-Operating Events			
October	November	December	
 6 Qualifying Run, W6OWP 7 LO Time (League Officials, only). 7-8 VK/ZL Contest, phone, (p. 88, Sept. (JST). WADM Contest (p. 88, Sept. (JST). Massachusetts QSO Party, (p. 110, Sept. (JST). Columbus Contest, (p. 88, Sept. (JST). 14 Qualifying Run, WIAW 14-15 VK/ZL Contest, c.w., (p. 88, Sept. (JST). California QSO Party, (p. 42, this issue). 14-16 CD Party, phone* RTTY SS. (p. 57, Sept. (JST). 18-19 YLRL Anniversary Party, c.w. 21-23 CD Party, c.w.* 23-30 Alabama QSO Party, (p. 38, this issue). * League Officials and Communications Department Appointees only. 	 1-2 YLRL Anniversary Party, phone. 2 Qualifying Run, W60WP 4 LO Time (League Officials, only). 4-6 Delaware QSO Party, (p. 107, this issue). 11 Frequency Measuring Test (ARRL Official Observers only). 11-13 SS, phone 12 OK DX Contest (p. 101, this issue). 14 Qualifying Run, W1AW 18-20 SS, c.w. 	 Qualifying Run, W6OWP LO Time (League Officials only). 9-10 9Q5 DX Test, (next issue). 13 Qualifying Run, W1AW 13 Qualifying Run, W1AW 14 DX Test (phone) 17-18 DX Test (phone) 17-18 DX Test (c.w.) Mar. 22 - 3 DX Test (phone) 16-17 DX Test (c.w.) June 22-23 Field Day 	

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accordance with Rule 20, Rules and Regulations of the Communications Department, as printed in the Articles of Association and By-Laws of ARRL, vesting changes in the Communications Manager. The affected rule is Rule 4, which shall now read:

4. Any candidate for the office of Section Communications Manager must hold a conditional class amateur license or higher, and must have been both a member of the League for a continuous term of at least one year and a licensed radio amateur operator for at least two years preceding receipt of his petition of nomination.

The revision will be made in the next available reprint, which will be in mid-1968.

More on WAS/DXCC Service Charges. Last month we mentioned that service charges for WAS and DXCC to certain non-members would be effective Oct. 1, but we hadn't talked yet about the rules regarding them. As it turns out, they are quite simple: Two dollars for WAS, four dollars for DXCC, one dollar for DXCC endorsement. The two dollars for WAS is inflexible, because although we offer just about any kind of WAS endorsement, it always involves reshipping the cards and re-examining all fifty. The four bucks for DXCC is for either a basic (general) DXCC or a phone DXCC, and the buck for endorsement is for *each* endorsement.

These charges do not apply to League members, or to foreign amateurs outside the League's operating organization. -W1NJM.

ELECTION NOTICE

To all ARRL members in the Sections listed below: You are hereby notified that an election for Section Communications Manager is about to be held in your respective sections. This notice supersedes previous notices.

Nominating petitions are solicited. The signatures of five



QST for

or more ARRL full members of the Section concerned, in good standing, are *required* on each petition. No member shall sign more than one petition.

Each candidate for Section Communications Manager must have been a licensed amateur for at least two years and similarly a full member of the League for at least one continuous year immediately prior to his nomination.

Petitions must be received at ARRL on or before 4:30 F.M. on the closing dates specified. In cases where no valid nominating petitions were received in response to previous notices, the closing dates are set ahead to the dates given herewith. The complete name, address, *zip code* and station call of the candidate and signers should be included with the petition. It is advisable that eight or ten full-member signatures be obtained, since on checking names against Headquarters files, with no time to return invalid petitions for additions, a petition may be found invalid by reasons of expiring memberships, individual signers uncertain or ignorant of their membership status, etc.

Elections will take place immediately after the closing dates specified for receipt of nominating petitions. The ballots mailed from Headquarters to full members will list in alphabetical sequence the names of all eligible candidates.

The following nominating form is suggested. (Signers should be sure to give city, street address and zip code to facilitate checking membership.)

Communications Manager, ARRL [Place and date] 225 Main St., Newington, Conn. 06111

Division, hereby nominate.....as candidate for Section Communications Manager for this Section for the next two-year term of office.

You are urged to take the initiative and file nominating petitions immediately. This is your opportunity to put the man of your choice in office.

- George Hart, W1NJM, Communications Manager

	Present
Section Closing Date	SCM Term Ends
Santa BarbaraOct. 10 1967	Cecil D. Hinson Aug. 10, 1966
AlbertaOct. 10 1967	Harry Harrold Apr. 10, 1967
ManitobaOct. 10, 1967	John T. StaceyJuly 1, 1967
VirginiaOct. 10, 1967	H. J. Hopkins,, Oct. 11, 1967
()klahomaOct. 10, 1967	Daniel B. Prater Oct. 11, 1967
VermontOct. 10, 1967	E. R. Murray
DelawareOct. 10, 1967	John Thompson Deceased
WisconsinOct. 10, 1967	K. A. Ebneter Dec. 10, 1967
Western Florida. Oct. 10, 1967	F. M. Butler, Jr Dec. 15, 1967
[llinoisOct. 10, 1967	Edmond A. Metzger. Dec. 15, 1967
	Editiona A. Metzger. Dec. 15, 1907
New York City &	Olaine & Johnson Jun 9 1000
Long IslandOct. 10, 1967	Blaine S. Johnson, Jan. 2, 1968
Ontario	Richard W. Roberts. Deceased
West IndiesNov. 10, 1967	A.R. Crumley, Jr. Jan. 10, 1968
AlaskaNov. 10, 1967	John P. Trent Resigned
Canal ZoneNov. 10, 1967	Mrs. L. C. Smith Resigned
Eastern New York.Dec. 11, 1967	George W. Tracy Feb. 10, 1968
East Bay Dec. 11, 1967	Richard Wilson Feb. 10, 1968
Southern New	
Jersey Dec. 11, 1967	Edward G. RaserMar. 4, 1968
GeorgiaJan. 10, 1968	H. L. Schonher Mar. 26, 1968
OhioJan. 10, 1968	Wilson E. Weckel. Mar. 28, 1968
	,



Visitors to the ARRL Communications Department invariably point to a bookcase crammed full of papers and say "What's that?" "That" just happens to be the complete file on the 1967 ARRL International DX Competition (reported elsewhere in this issue). This is what 2400-plus logs (just one of our contests) means in terms of volume! The case on the right houses the influx of Field Day entries (QRX for that one, OMs!).

ELECTION RESULTS

Valid petitions nominating a single candidate as Section Manager were filed by members in the following Sections, completing their election in accordance with regular League policy, each term of office starting on the date given.

West Virginia	Donald B. Morris, W8JM	Sept. 18, 1967
Rhode Island	John E. Johnson, KIAAV	Oct. 12, 1967
Arkansas	Curtis R. Williams, W5DTR	Oct. 13, 1967

In the Kansas Section of the Midwest Division, Mr. Robert M. Summers, KØBXF, and Mr. Norman F. Stackhouse, KØENIB, were nominated. Mr. Summers received 267 votes and Mr. Stackhouse received 179 votes. Mr. Summers' term of office began Aug. 18, 1967. In the New Mexico Section of the Rocky Mountain

In the New Mexico Section of the Rocky Mountain Division, Mr. Kenneth D. Mills, W5WZK, and Mr. Martin A. Petsonk, WA5MCX, were nominated. Mr. Mills received 144 votes and Mr. Petsonk received 52 votes. Mr. Mills' term of office began Aug. 18, 1967.

34th ARRL Sweepstakes—Nov. 11-13 (phone), 18-20 (c.w.) All W/VE Amateurs Invited To Participate

The highlight of Fall activity, the 34th ARRL Sweepstakes, will soon be here. As is our usual custom, this early announcement is for the benefit of those amateurs in remote ARRL sections who may not receive their November issues in time for the test. The contest period will run a full 30 hours from 2100 GMT Saturday night until 0300 GMT Monday morning on each of the weekends. Only 24 hours of participation will be permitted, however. Time-out periods may not be taken in less than half-hour increments. This will permit a maximum of twelve off periods of a half hour apiece or six off-periods of one hour, etc. See the rules in November 1966 QST concerning the message exchange which will be worth a stock 1000 points. Rules are the same as last year, in accordance with comments from the field. Convenient reporting forms are now ready for your request. Write early to the ARRL Communications Department, 225 Main St., Newington, Conn. 06111.

October 1967

JULY CD PARTIES

The following are high-claimed scores, contacts, sections and operating times, with final corrected results to appear in the October *CD Bulletin*.

In the october of Duttern.	
C. W.	K10QG110,565-345-63-17
K4BAI	WA80CG110,400-340-64-13
K2SSX/2218,620-636-68-20	WA8DNZ110,360-356-62-10
W6DGH211.830-607-69-20	K9DHN107,200-330-64-11
W9YT (K9LBQ, opr.)	KØORK106,875-369-57-10
	WØZLN (WAØQBF, opr.)
210,715-622-67-17 K7RAJ208,035-621-67-20	104,640-327-64-18
K2EIU/5203.895-584-69-18	WAØGVJ104,380-302-68-7
K8MFO177.540-531-66-12	WB2FAJ 103,005-321-63-11
K6BPC (K6QPH, opr.)	W4KFC102,690-319-63-5
176,550-530-66-20	WA4WWT102,000-333-60-13
K2AJA	WA3BGE101,990-324-62-14
WA9AUM170,625-519-65-20	W1PYM101,760-313-64-13
K4RIN/5159,060-478-66-20	W1BGD101,725-306-65-3
W6ASH 158,070-469,66-19	W4YGY101,703-332-60- 6
WB60LD157.665-454-69-14	W6NKR100,160-306-64-9
WØINH157,115-462-67-13	KØAZJ (multi-opr.)
WB2RKK156,420-467-66-20	173,740-507-68-20
К8НКВ153.765-453-67-18	
3C7BDJ149.820-447-66-19	PHONE
W2GKZ148,050-463-63-15	K2QDT96,000-316-60-17
KZ5FX141.050-427-65-16	K2EIU/583,160-301-54-18
K4RAD/2140,400-427-65-20	K9DHN81,510-281-57-20
W2SEI137,610-410-66-15	K9LBQ79,110-286-54-14
WB2MRD135,680-420-64-17	K8HKB65,610-237-54-14
W4BZE133,575-406-65-13	W2SZ (WA2PJL, opr.)
WB2MOQ131.985-412-63-20	62,150-219-55- 9
W5DTR127,725-387-65-20	K2ARY
WB4BGL127,400-387-65-13	W6DGH54,855-200-53-12
W1ECH. 127.305-362-69- 9	W1PYM54,390-217-49-18
WA1DGH125,440-388-64-13	WA9ITB 47,000-195-47- 9
W5BUK125,290-367-67-15	WA1FVH42,900-190-44-18
K3HNP122,459-390-62-12	W3KJJ
W6UZX122,440-360-68-16	W1JYH
WB2KSG121,600-376-64-17	W2GKZ
WB6FHH120.120-360-66-16	W2ZVW 30,200-144-40- 8
WA8CFJ120.015-375-63-11	K4BAI
W8PBO118,730-377-62-18	K4TTN
WB4AIN/4117.480-351-66-17	K6BPC (K6s AVQ QPH,
W8QXQ111,825-350-63-13	W6FNE)71,500-255-55-18
K2KTK (K2KIR, opr.)	W1AEC (multi-opr.)
111,805-372-59- 8	35,465-173-41-20

CODE PROFICIENCY PROGRAM

Twice each month special transmissions are made to enable you to qualify for the ARRL Code Proficiency Certificate. The next qualifying run from W1AW will be made Oct. 14 at 0130 GMT. Identical texts will be sent simultaneously by transmitters on c.w. listed frequencies. The next qualifying run from W60WP only will be transmitted Oct. 6 at 0400 Greenwich Mean Time on 3590 and 7129 kc. C.1UTIO.V! Note that since the dates are given per Greenwich Mean Time. Code Proficiency Qualifying Runs in the United States and Canada actually fall on the evening previous to the date given. *Example:* In converting, 0130 GMT Oct. 14 becomes 2130 EDST Oct. 13.

Any person can apply. Neither ARRL membership nor an amateur license is required. Send copies of all qualifying runs to ARRL for grading, stating the call of the station you copied. If you qualify at one of the six speeds transmitted, 10 through 35 w.p.m., you will receive a certificate. If your initial qualification is for a speed below 35 w.p.m. you may try later for endorsement stickers.

Code practice is seut daily by W1AW at 2330 and 0130 GMT, simultaneously on listed c.w. frequencies. At 0130 GMT Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, speeds are 15 20 25 30 and 35 w.p.m.; on Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Sundays, speeds are 5 7½ 10 13 20 and 25 w.p.m. For practice purposes, the order of words in each line may be reversed during the 5 through 13 w.p.m. tests. At 2330 GMT daily, speeds are 10 13 and 15 w.p.m. The 0130-0220 GMT runs are omitted four times each year, on designated nights when Frequency Measuring Tests are made in this period. To permit improving your fist by sending *in step with W1AW* (but not on the air!) and to allow checking strict accuracy of your copy on certain tapes note the GMT dates and texts to be sent in the 0130-0220 GMT practice on those dates:

Date Subject of Practice Text August QST.

Oct. 2: It Seems to Us. p. 9

Oct. 10: 432-Mc. Solar Patrol,* p. 26

Oct. 18: Electrical Safety, p. 54

Oct. 19: Meteor Scatter DX,* p. 74

Date Subject of Practice Text from Understanding Amateur Radio, First Edition

Oct. 23: Flywheel Effect, p. 74

Oct. 25: Neutralizing, p. 75

* Speeds will be sent in reverse order, with highest speed first.

W1AW SCHEDULE, OCTOBER ** 1967

The ARRL Maxim Memorial Station welcomes visitors. Operating-visiting hours are Monday through Friday 1 P.M.-1 A.M. EDST, Saturday 7 P.M.-2:30 A.M. EDST and Sunday 3 P.M.-10:30 P.M. EDST. The station address is 225 Main Street, Newington, Conn., about 7 miles south of Hartford. A map showing local street detail will be sent upon request.

GMT*	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
0000	• • • • <i>• •</i> • • • •	CW-OBS ¹	CW-OBS ¹	CW-OBS ¹	CW-OBS ¹	CW-OBS1	CW-OBS1
'0020-01004			8,5556	14.1	1.805	7.086	14.1
0100		Phone-OBS ²	Phone-OBS ²	Phone-OBS ²	Phone-OBS ²	Phone-OBS ²	Phone-OBS ²
0105-01304		145.6	3.945	145,6	50.7	1.82	21,41
0130		Code Practice Daily 1 15-35 w.p.m. TThSat., 5-25 w.p.m. MWFSun.					
0230-03004	• • · · · · · · · · · ·	· • • • • • • • • • •	3,555	7,08	14.1	7,08	3.555
0300	RTTY-OBS ³		RTTY-OBS ³	RTTY-OBS ³	RTTY-OBS ³	RTTY-OBS ³	RTTY-OBS ³
0310-0330 ⁴	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · ·	3,625	14.095	3.625	14.095	3.825
0330	Phone-OBS ²		Phone-OBS ²	Phone-OBS ²	Phone-OBS ²	Phone-OBS ²	Phone-OBS ²
0335-0400 ⁴	• • • <i>• •</i> • • • • •		7.255	3,945	7.255	3.945	7.255
0400	CW-OBS1	· · · · · · · · · · ·	CW-OBS ¹	CW-OBS ¹	CW-OBS ¹	CW-OBS ¹	CW-OBS ¹
0420-05004	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	3.555 ⁶	7.08	3.945	7.086	3.555
1700-1800		21/28 ⁵	$21/28^{5}$	21/285	$21/28^{5}$	21/285	• • • • • • • • • • •
1900-2000		14.28	7.255	14.28	7.255	14.28	· · · · <i>· · · · · · · ·</i>
2000-2100	· · · · · · · · · · ·	14.1	14.28	14.095	217285	7.08	•••••
2200-2300		$21/28^{5}$	21.0756	$21/28^{5}$	7.255	14.28	••••
2330	• • • • • • • • • • •			RTTY-OBS ³ .		• • • • • • • • • • •	
2330	Code Practice ¹ Daily 10, 13 and 15 w.p.m.						

¹C.W. OBS (bulletins, 18 w.p.m.) and code practice on 1.805, 3,555, 7.08, 14.1, 21.075, 50.7 and 145.6 Mc.

² Phone OBS (bulletins) on 1.82, 3.945, 7.255, 14.28, 21.41, 50.7 and 145.6 Mc.

³ RTTY OBS (bulletins) on 3.625, 7.045, 14.095 and 21.095 Mc. 170/850 cycle shift optional in RTTY general operation.

⁴ Starting time approximate. Operating period follows conclusion of bulletin or code practice.

⁵ Operation will be on one of the following frequencies: 21.075, 21.1, 21.41, 28.08 or 28.7 Mc.

⁶ W1AW willlisten in the novice segments for Novices on band indicated before looking for other contacts.

⁷ Bulletin sent with 170-cycle shift, repeated with 850-cycle shift.

Maintenance Staff: W1QIS W1WPR W1NPG.

*All times/days in GMT, general operating frequencies are approximate.

** November QST will carry the WIAW fall-winter schedule, which will become effective October 29, 1967.



• All operating amateurs are invited to report to the SCM on the first of each month, covering station activities for the preceding month. Radio Club news is also desired by SCMs for inclusion in these columns. The addresses of all SCMs will be found on page 6.

ATLANTIC DIVISION

DELAWARE—Acting SCM, John L. Penrod, K3-NYG—RM: W3EEB, New appointments: WA3HWC as OVS, K3KAJ as ORS, Endorsements: W3EEB as ORS and RM, K3GKF as OBS, Take note v.h.f. men: WA3-HWC made 445 contacts on 2 meters in just one year: K3NVG wielded his horme in Kanwas for a very limit. HWC made 445 contacts on 2 meters in just one year; IS3NYG visited his home in Kansas for a vacation; WA3CDV, WA3FRC and K3NVV spent their vacation camping; K3KAJ is very active in the MDD; K3URP is sporting a new 6-meter walkie-talkie; W3JFR was appointed Radio Officer for Kent County; W3PM is in desperate newd of volunteers to man the c.d. station at Fort Miles; K3FFD's inactivity is caused by heavy workload and school, DEPN reports QNI 65, traffic 14, Trathic: W3EEB 138, WA3DUMI 15, W3DKX 13, k33-NVV 8, K3NYG 8, WA3DYG 2.

DELAWARE QSO PARTY

November 4-6

The Delaware Amateur Radio Club of Wil-mington announces its 12th Delaware OSO Party and invites all amateurs to participate. Delaware hans are urged to work as many out-of-state

hams are urged to work as many out-of-state stations as possible, so that those interested can earn credit toward WAS and the W-DEL certifi-cate. Here are the details: (1) Time: 30-hour period from 2300 GMT Nov, 4 to 0500 GMT Nov, 6. (2) No time limit and no power restrictions. (3) Scoring: *Delaware stations:* 1 point per contact and multiply total by the number of states. Canadian provinces and foreign countries worked during the contest period. *Outside sta-tions:* 5 points for each Delaware station worked and multiply total by the number of counties in Delaware worked during the contest period. (4) Credit will be given for contacts with the

(4) Credit will be given for contacts with the

Delaware worked during the contest period. (4) Credit will be given for contacts with the same station on more than one band. (5) A certificate will be awarded to the high-est-scoring station in each state, Canadian Prov-ince and foreign country (with 3 or more con-tacts) and to the highest-scoring station in each Delaware county. In addition, a W-DEL certifi-cate will be sent to any station working all 3 Delaware counties. Party logs showing required data will be accepted in lieu of QSLs. (6) Suggested freqs: A.m. 3825, 725, 14,225, 21,325, 29,000 kc. C.w.: 3525, 7025, 14,025, 21,025, 28,650 kc. V.h.f. 50, 50.4 and 144 Mc. (7) General call: "CD DEL." Delaware c.w. stations should identify themselves by signing de (call) DEL K. Phones say, "Delaware calling." (8) Contact information required: Delaware stations send number of QSO, RS(T) and county (New Castle, Kent or Sussex). All others send number of QSO, RS(T) report, and state, prov-ince, or county.

(9) Logs and scores must be postmarked not

(9) Logs and scores must be postmarked not later than Dec. 4, 1967, and should be sent to the Delaware Amateur Radio Club, c/o Ross Hawkins. W3BGE, 214 Spruceglen Drive, Newark, Delaware 19711. Applications for the W-DEL certificates should also be addressed there.

 EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA—SOM, George S. Van Dyke, Jr., W3ELI—SEC: W3AES, RMs: W3EML, K3YVG, K3MVO, W3MPX, PAM: K3MYS, V.H.F. PAM: W3FGQ, EPA, QNI 350, QTC 272, PTTN, QTC 280, FPA, QNI 325, QTC 309, EPAPAT, QNI 025, QTC 280, FPA, QNI 325, QTC 309, EPAPAT, QNI 025, QTC 281, D'PN, QNI 335, QTC 309, EPAPAT, QNI 025, QTC 384, FPA, QNI 325, QTC 309, EPAPAT, QNI 025, QTC 384, FPA, GNI 325, QTC 309, EPAPAT, QNI 025, QTC 384, FPA, GNI 325, QTC 309, EPAPAT, QNI 025, QTC 384, FPA, FR, K3MSG, WA3FEC, OBS reports from W3ZRR, K3MSG, WA3FEC, OBS reports from W3ZRF, K3MSG, WA3FEC, OBS reports from W3ZRF, FAMSG, WA3FEC, OBS reports from W3ZRF, FAMSG, WA3FEC, OBS reports from W3ZHF, Pres.; K3HSS, vice-pres.; W3MFV, treas.; K3UD, directors, Ole K3YYG still is waving the baton between swipes at the bug. W33GAT is building a kw, final, WA3FPM has a new bug. W3ABT closed for vacation, WA3EXW has his 10th grandchild, W3EU is about mended, K3WEU is house irom Maine, Harrisburg ARC is active on 3940, W3NNL made DXCC at hast. WA3FUE just made WAS, W3RV couldn't stand being induced and is back on the nets, K3YBA reports EPA NCS tougher than Marine Boot Canp, W33BSV is back from summer camp, WA3CFU is building a 100 rig. K3KTH was on from Mass, while on vacation, W34ES, SEC, is busy rounding up new ECs. Anyone interested? K3RUA is back from a wet vacation, K3MDG mobiled through New England, WA3CKA has built a complete transistorized euergency station, K3NDX has a new left. If frequency uneter, The EPA, cw, gang had a swell time at Heisler's, W3ZRQ was an excellent host, W3ZRR with high power and a new beam autenna, W3-W3 is on v.h.f. with high power and a new beam autenna, W3-W4, is is on a new work schedule. W3CUL is active on FN. The Pack Rats Annual Picnic was shared by the bow, Traffic (July) W3CUL 2808, W3YR 639, W3EML 54, K33MYS 390, WA3CTP 227, K3MNO 162, WA3GTI 148, W3AGT 45, W3AFT 15, W3XPX 14, W3XPX 148, WA3GT 42, W3AFT 15, W3XPX 14, W3AFT 27, W3AFT 14, W33PY 14, W3AFT 19, W3AFT 14, W3AFT 14, W3AFT 15, W3KPX 14, W3AFT 2 EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA-SCM,

MARYLAND-DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—SCM, Carl E. Andersen, K3JYZ—SEC: W3LDD.

Net	Freq.	Time	Days	Se\$\$.	QTC	ONI Ave.	Mgr.
MDD MDDS MEPN	3643		Daily M-W-F	31 31 21		2.8	K30AE, RM W3ZNW, RM K3NCM, PAM
MTMTN CVTN BNON MSTN	145.615 50.250	0200Z 0300Z	T-S	$5 14 \\ 9 \\ 31 \\ 20$	2 46 12 9	9.0	K3NOQ WA3CFK K3URE K3URE

MSTN has been discontinued because of lack of par-ticipation. New appointments: W3ATQ, ORS and OO Class IV; W3JPT OO Class III; W3GRB as EC for Dorchester County; WA3FRL as EC for Queen Annes County; K3NCM Asst, SEC for MEPN operations; WA3EOP, Asst, FC Washington County; WA3BMN 2-meters, K3FMP and WA3ELA 6 meters Asst, EC, Mont-gomery County; W3EZC, Asst, EC Wicomice County; W3PBV, Asst, EC St, Marys County, Renewals; W3-MSR as OO Class I and OVS, WA3EOP is looking for additional CVTN members, WA3FCN reports his first, traffic activity, W3TN reports a sick transmitter, re-sulting in very low activity, W3MCG has acquired a new 5-acre antenna farm, W3CBG received a 40-w, p.m. c.w, certificate, K3CYA reports 3 intruders in June and 8 in July, WA3BDK is off to the Bahamas, W3EOV is off to K16-Land for a vacation, W2NIY/3 is on the air at 'MSTN has been discontinued because of lack of parlast, W3DPR placed first for Md, in the Ariz, QSO Party and reports he is leaving our section soon to return to Ohio. K3FKU has been assigned the MDD-

3RN liaison spot Mon. W3GEB acquired an HRO-60 and is trying to improve his 80-meter antenna. WA3-CFK has signed up K3QOY, W3OAY, K3OYD, WA3-AIY, W3EPY, K3HJZ, K3MYL, W3ATQ, WA3GLN, WN3HYG, WA3CUC, K3EXH, W3JFQ, WA3FOT, WA3-GDC, WA3GDB and WA3EOQ as new AREC members. K3LFD is rebuilding the shack and equipment for the winter operations. W3ZNW has a new homebrew eightelement 2-meter beam, K3QDC has cleaned house and will be back on shortly with wall-to-wall Heathkits. K3URE will be on 2 meters with a rebuilt TDQ transmutter. W3MVB finds that Double O reports are appreciated by stations with rig trouble. K3VLS reports high v.h.f. activity tor the PVARS. WA3CBC and K3VLS have received Section Net certificates for their MISTN operation, W3GKP has gone to 2 meter RTTY-f.s.k. Trathic: July) WA3EKP 251, WA3CFK 165, K3FKU 104, WA3ERL 67, K3GZK 59, W3PQT 57, W3TN 57, K3JYZ 51, WA3EFD 43, W3AICQ 38, W3ZNW 35, WA3GLP 32, W3EOV 31, W3ATQ 29, K3ORW 26, W3CBG 24, K3-QDC 23, W3DPR 22, K3FQF 19, K3URE 19, K3LFD 12, WA3BDK 8, K3LFN 8, K3WUW 8, WA3CVH 7, W3-JZY 4, W3GEB 2, (June) K3QDC 36, W3LDD 13, W3-MISR 2.

SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY-SCM, Edward G. Raser, W2BZI-Asst, SCM: Charles B. Travers, W2YPZ. SEC: W2BZI, KAIs: WA2KIP, WA2BLV, PAN and NJPN Net Mgr.: W2ZI, SEC W2BZJ reports that with the appointment of WB2ADE as EC for Atlantic and Cape May Counties, there are now only two counties not covered in SNJ. Any volunteers? The 8th Annual N.J. QSO Party was held Aug. 19/20. The SJRA Annual Picnic will be held Sert. 24 at Molia Farms, Alalaga, Rain date Oct. 1, W2VX is chairman. The SCARA Annual Picnic was held at Egg Harbor Lake, near Egg Harbor Aug. ?7. New SCARA otheors for 1967 are K2BKG, pres.; W42QQA, vice-pres.; K3WGG, secv.; WB2TFD, treas.; W42QQA, vice-pres.; K3WGG, secv.; WB2TFD, treas.; WB2ERV, SCARA News editor, W2KGM, WB2VCC and WB2NNF are new OPSs, WB2URO is the call of the North Wildwood Amateur Radio Club, WB2APX and WB2NTH has a new antenna on two 40-t. telenone poles, also a new t.r. switch, W2BZJ is back with all new Heath gear and a new inverted "V." WB2WXA is now on 432 MI of 480 and traffic as 161. NJN reports a QNI of 471 and a traffic total of 304. WB2MOQ was high traffic man in July, Congrats, OM, Traffic: (July) W2ZMOQ 201, WA2BLV 109. W42KAP 5, W2ORS 4, WB2WXA 2, WB2SBD 1. (June) WB2MRD 15, WB2-MNF 2.

WESTERN NEW YORK—SCM. Charles T. Hansen. K2HUK—SEC: W2RUF, PAM: W2PVI, RMs: W2EZB and W2FEB, NYS C.W. Net meets on 3670 kc. at 1900, ESS on 3590 kc. at 1800. NYSPTEN on 3925 kc. at 2200 GMT, NYS C.D. on 3510.5 and 3993 kc. (s.s.b.) at 0900 Sun, and 3510 kc. at 1930 Wed., TCPN 2nd Call Area on 3970 kc. at 0045 and 2345 GMT, NYS County Net on 3510 kc. Sun, at 1400 GMT and 2345 (MMT on Mon. Appointments: K2GUG as OVS. Endorsements: W2PVI as PAM. W2EMW as ORS, W2PVI as OPS. W2KBK as OO. W2RUF now is unobile with a TR.4. K2MQN moved to Texas. WA2YTH is now WA3-HPF, K2EE will be operating from his apartment. WB2TAG is on 160 meters with a Ranger. Tomkins County RC, WB2VHX, operated from the Town and Scheme wistrict office for the western area of the state for c.d. and RACES was dedicated in Batavia, N.Y. W2EMW is accuiring a DX-60B. K2HUK has installed a 5-kw, generator at his home QTH and is contemplating a 700-ft. long wire. W2OE and WA4PDM/2 made the BDW for boys for Novice. WB2TAG is on RTTY with a Model 26 and Ranger. WB2VSL put up a 75meter antenna and is checking into the traffic nets. The W.N.Y, section consists of all the Western, Central, Northern and Southern Tire counties of N.Y. State, 44 in all. It does not include Albany County and those counties south of Albany that border the Hudson River. Within the next year the section will be completely linked via tame if the function and associated repeater network. A state-wide f.m. taffic net is urgently needed and your SCM is looking for a net manager. The Toronto and Buffalo repeaters are now linked via 450 M.C. (legallV). Fair for trainc and did a very effective job via a booklet entitled Amateur Radio, King of Hobbies by WA2-YKT, Traffic: (July) W2OE 473, W2SEI 431, WA2DDC 190, WA4PDM/2 143, W2RUF 107, WB2TAG 79, WB2GAL 72, W2FEB 68, WB20YE 48, W2NTA 37, WB2VSL 33, W2RQF 26, K2OFV 19, WB2SMD 19, W2FCG 18, K2-HOH 15, K21MI 15, WA2AWK 10, W2PVI 10, WA2YNS 8, W2BLO 5, W2EFD 5, WA2GLA 2, W2EMW 1.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA-SCM. Robert E. Guwryla, W3NEM-SEC: K3KMO. PAM: K3VPI (v.h.f.). RMs: W3KUN, W3MFB, W3UHN, K3SOH. Trafie nets: WPA, 3585 kc, daily at 2300 GMT; KSSN 3585 kc, Mon. through Fri, at 2230 GMT, New officers of the Brezshooters are K3EED, pres.; K3HZL, treas.; K3OTY, checksr: W3SIR, K3VYO and WA3EOL, windgaugers. New Generals are K3PYI and WA3EDL, windgaugers. New Generals in that area-WA3-GYN and ex-WN3GJE. WA3ILB is an ORS transfer from Ohio, where he held the call WA8KUW, K3HZL has a new homebrew 40-ft, pipe tower, K3OTY has a new 30-ft. Rohn ioldover tower, Appointment endorsements during July are W3KNQ and K3EXE as ORSs; K3TEZ as OBS. K3ASI is a new OVS and OBS. WA9-GKE/3 is a new OVS. It appears the summer slump is really here. Brcause of a lack of newsletters and individual comments from the WPA gang, this column will be rather short. Traffic: W3NEM 165, WA3BLE 154, W3LOS 132, K3PYS 109, W3KUN 66, WA3AKB 48, K3SOH 15, K3EDO 10, K3SJN 7, W3LOD 5, WA3-BGE 2.

CENTRAL DIVISION

ILLINOIS—SCM, Edmond A. Metzger, W9PRN— SEC: W9RYU, RM: WA9GUM, PAMs: W9VWJ, WA9-COP. W9KLB and WA9BLA (v.h.f.), Cook County EC; W9HPG, Net reports:

Net	Freq.	Times	Days	Tfc.
I EN	3940 kc.	1400Z	Sun.	5
ILN	3760 kc.	0000 Z	Daily	137
NCPN	3915 kc.	1200Z	MonSat.	168
NCPN	3915 kc.	1700Z	MonSat.	166
III PON	3925 kc.	2 3 00Z	MonFri.	1
III PON	50,28 Mc.	0200Z	Mon. & Thurs.	458
III PON	145.5 Mc.	0200Z	M.W.F.	1
TNT	145.36 Mc.	0200Z	SunFri.	326

The Interstate Single Sideband Net had a traffic count of 755 and the 9th RN net handled 496 picess of traffic during July. The Sangamon Valley Radio Club, Inc. (Springfield) participated in the activities of the Illinois State Fair with an amateur radio exhibit. The Joliet Amateur Radio Society is installing a 2-meter repeater system. W9BUB, representing SRO, was interviewed on Channel 32. WFLD, in Chicago, with Field Day operation as the televised topic. WN9TGU passed the General Class test and is sweating out his ticket. WA9QRM received the WAS certificate. K9UIY joined the ranks of the married amateurs. WA9RNB is back on the air. WA9SDT has been appointed net control for the Tri-City Amateur Radio Club with 145.5 frequency at 8:00 P.M. Sat. The Shawnee Amateur Radio Association held its annual picnic at Herrin Aug. 6. Many of this section's amateurs operated from the World Scout Jamboree in Idaho. WN9UHA was appointed an OVS. W9-GFF, K9DQU, WA9ESO and WA9KHR were elected officers of Radio Amateur Megacycle Society (RAMS). WA9SDA received his Technician Class license. EC W91DU reports that his AREC gang has secured a new 3000-watt portable generator and f.m. 2-meter units. KSIDQ has a new tower and beam to bring in the 20-meter signals. The Hamfesters picnic in Santa Fe Park broke all records and many an eyball QSO was held by those attending. W9EET asf. K94SZ 39. WNSUHA 37. WA9DTD 216. WA9CCP 182. W9NXG 123. W91XV 120. W9DOD 017, WA9SPA 96. W9EVJ 94. WA9CD 47. WA9DTD 216. WA9CCP 182. W9NUHA 37. WA9DFD 23. W9PFN 33. W9PCH 27. WA0OFT 25. W9PRN 24. WA9PFB 33. W9YCH 27. WA9DFT 15. W3PRN 24. WA9FFB 55, K9YDZ 28. WA9FJ 15. WA9PPA 75, WA9DTD 15.

INDIANA-SCM, Mrs. M. Roberta Kroulik, K9IVG-Asst. SCM: Ernest Nichols, W9YYX, SEC: WA9GKF.

Net	Freq.	Time	July Tfc.	Mgr.
IFN	3910	1330 daily 2300Z MF	213	K9IVG
ISN	3910	0000Z daily 2130Z M-S	373	K9CRS
QIN	3656	0000Z daily	145	W9HRY

W9PMT, mgr. of the Hoosier v.h.f. nets, reports July iradic of 45, K9EFY, mgr. of 1PON, reports July tradic of 37, K9YFT, mgr. of the White River Valley AREC, reports July tradic 3, QIN Honor Roll: K9VHY 27, W9QLW 26, W49FDQ 23, K9HYV 22, WA9KAG 21, WA9MXG 19, W9UQP 18, K9WWJ 16, W9QLW, RM/-9RN, reports Indiana was represented 100% in July. WA9GKF reports Randolph Co. AREC Net traffic of 5. K9QVA was awarded the Outstanding Amateur Award WAMANG, Reports Indiana was represented 100% in July.
WA9GKF reports Handolph Co. AREC Net traffic of 5.
K90XA was awarded the Outstanding Amateur Award for 1967. W9NTR has been appointed chaplain of st. Meinrads College & Academy. W9JVF is QSL Mgr. for ZD3D in Gambia, W. Africa. The new EC for La Porte C. is K9HYV. K9KFS is building a 20-meter s.s.b. rig. K9HIS has moved to Ohio; his new call is WA8YDH. W9GHO has moved to Ohio; his new call is WA8YDH. W9GHO has moved to Chio; his new call is WA8YDH. W9GHO has moved to Chio; his new call is WA8YDH. W9GHO has moved to Chio; his new call is WA8YDH. W9GHO has moved to Chio; his new call is WA8YDH. W9GHO has moved to Chio; his new call is WA8YDH. W9GHO has built a five-dement becau for 6 meters, K911V is busy hunting lost planes with the CAP. W9YB soon will be on with a till kw. K9FZX and her OM enjoyed a trip to Bermuda. Amarcur Radio exists because of the service it renders. A BPL ccr-tilicate went to K91VG. Traffic: (July) K91VG 013, W9QLW 146, K9FZX 144, K9HYV 137, W9HRY 136, W9A9FQD 134, WA9MXG 100, W9JUK 72, WA9KAG 64, K9CRS 59, W9MIM 54, WA9HZR 46, KUDHM 40, K9-VHY 35, W9BUQ 32, WA9BHG 31, K9UXA 14, K9HZY 12, K9LK 14, K9HZY 13, K9CBY 22, K9KTB 16, K9EFY 15, K9RWQ 14, W9YYX 14, K9HZY 13, W9CHT 12, W9DAR 25, W9SNA 24, WA9DBK 8, K9JQY 8, WA9RNT 8, WA9FTH 12, W9URD 12, W9VAY 12, W9TAY 14, K9HZY 13, W9CLY 14, K9HZY 12, W9LAY 14, K9HZY 13, W9CLY 14, K9HZY 12, W9LAY 12, W9DAF 12, W9DAF 12, W9LAY 12, W9LAY 14, WA9RNT 8, W9RZ 7, K9UEO 7, WAAAXF 6, WA9LKS 6, K9JQY 8, WA9RNT 8, W9RZ 7, K9UEO 7, WAAAXF 6, WA9CHY 6, WA9FT 4, W92ZZ 7, W9DKA 2, W9CLY 4, K9HKY 13, K9ULKY 27, K9UEO 7, WAAAXF 6, WA9CHY 8, WA9FT 4, W92ZZ 7, W9DKAY 2, W9CLY 4, K9HKY 13, K9ULKY 2, W9DHN 81, WA9MXG 75, W9VAY 21, W9AQW 2.

WISCONSIN-SCM, Kenneth A, Ebneter, K9GSC--SEC: K9ZPP, RM: WA9MIO, PAMs: W9NRP, WA9-QNI and WA9QKP.

Net	Freq.	Time	QNI	QTC	Mgr.
BEN	3985 kc.	1200Z MonSat.	253	108	W9NRP
BEN	3985 kc.	1700Z Daily	611	85	WA9QKP
WSBN	3985 kc.	2215Z Daily	1007	215	WA9QNI WA9MIO
WIN	3662 kc.	0015Z Daily 0200Z MonSat.	139	2	W9JZD
SWRN	50.4 Mc.	02002 N100Cat.	198	÷	N 934D

Net certificates went to WA9OMO, W9ABH and K9JEK for WSBN and WA9QNI for BEN. New appointees: WA9QNI as PAAI for WSBN and OPS, Renewed ap-pointments: K9GDF as ORS and W9NGT as EC, BPL certificates went to WA9OMO and WA9GJU for July and WA9GJU for June. WA9SRV placed 8th nationally in the Teen C.W. Contest. W9DYG hosted many of the 9KN/CAN gang before and during the Milwaukee Convention, WA9OMO has a new Ranger II. WA9RAK is 9RN/CAN gang betore and during the Milwaukee Convention, WA9OMO has a new Ranger II. WA9RAK is 9RN/CAN liaisou station. WA9LHJ has a mobile rig in his car. The Racine Megacycle Club is sponsoring a QSO Party Nov. 4-5 and Dec. 2-3. For details contact Ray Bayer, W9QGR, 1012 Walton Are, Racine, Wis, 53402. Traffic: (July) WA9GJU 210, WA9NPB 206, WA9-OMO 198, W9DYG 166, WA9RAK 165, WA9QNI 149, W91FS 98, K9GDF 77, W9ESJ 56, K9JMP 55, WA9-NYY 50, WA9NDV 46, W9NRP 39, W9DXV 37, K9-CPM 27, W9CBE 16, W9HKPL 5, WA9PPW 2, WN9VIV 2, (June) WA9GJU 173, WA9OMO 132, K9GDF 58, W9-CBE 19, (May) K9GDF 76.

DAKOTA DIVISION

DAKOTA DIVISION MINNESOTA—SCM, Herman R, Kopischke, Jr., WO-TCK—SEC: WAQIEF, RMS: KOORK, WAQEPX, PAMs: WAQMMV, WAQJKT, WAODWM, MSN meets duily on 3595 kc. at 2302. MJN meets Tue,-sun, ou 3595 kc. at 00002. Noon MSPN meets M,-Sat. on 3820 kc. at 1005Z and Sun, and holidays at 1400Z. Evening MSPN meets daily on 3820 kc. at 2300Z. MSTN meets Tue,-sat. on 50.4 Mc. at 0330Z, Sun, at 0100Z. Minni, WX Net meets daily on 3830 kc. at 2300Z. Congrast to KOORK, new RM for MJN, Let's support both these e.w. net leaders with our increased activity. Our sincere thanks to WOISJ for his activities as MISN RM the past two years. Appointments renewed: WAOIAW as OO and WOISJ as OIRS. MSPN NCS WAOHRM will be away from the nets but will try to keep in touch with Minnesota hams while he is away in the Army for the next two years. We welcome to Minnesota WOPAN, who recently moved to Alinneapolis from Hawan, WAO-KVC has moved to Oak Park, III, KELA and his XYL, WOMFW, visited Expo 67 and the League Headquarters WOMFW, visited Expo 67 and the League Headquarters

during an extended trup through Canada and New Eng-land, WOHYE has received his WAC and WAS awards and has almost completed DXCC. Mankato ARC mem-bers provided communications for the "Festag" orde-bration in Minnesota Lake and the "Indian Days" Pa-rade in Titonka, Iowa, WAOHRAI, KOADI, WAOCXN, WAODRP, WAODWMI, KOHAQ, WOHRO, WØJGY, KÖ-KGW, WAØMOK and WAØMTN assisted the Police with communications during the Minneapolis Aquaten-nial Parade, Congrats to the Alliert Lea ARC, which is now an ARRL affiliated club. A number of additional stations are going on 2-meter Lin, with the increasing number of inexpensive rigs becoming available, WAO stations are going on 2-meter f.m. with the increasing number of inexpensive rigs becoming available, WAO-IAW recieved the BPL award for July traffic. Traffic: (July) WAOIAW 718, WAØOEJ 120, WAØQAK 118, WO-KYG 91, WAØIAW 730, WAØEPX 25, WAØDHRM 27, WAØDFT 26, WØTCK 25, WAØJAKT 24, WØUMX 21, WAØODB 20, KØFLT 18, KØZRD 16, KØIGZ 12, WØKNR 9, WAØJPR 7, WAØNQHI 3, WAØEZQ 2, WØSZJ 1, (June) WAØODB 12.

NORTH DAKOTA—SCM, Harold L, Sheets, WØDM —SEC: WA0AYL, OBS: KØSPII. WØISL is home and able to operate the rig from his bedroom, WØCGM has been doing his annual stint with the State Radio Communications in Bismarck this summer, KØOVE and his XYL, WA0PPK, and family are in Texas on a job assignment. KØRSA is back on the air on 15-and 20-meter c.w. Three eighth-graders have received their Novice tickets from Yalley Jr. High in Grand Forks: WNOSBD and two YLs, WNORWB and WNO-SDZ, WA00VW's new quad has been giving a good ac-count of itself with nice 20-meter DX. WØEVQ has a five-element Yagi up 65 it, and running 80 watts on 2 meters. The Fourth Annual International Hamfest was held at the new Erick, F, Willis Centennial Pavilion. Those who attended enjoyed the program and fellow-ship very much. Congrats to WA0HUD and WOPNZ and the many others who made this possibility of a c.w. net to help take traffic from TEN. WA0EUQ and WA0HUD are doing a line joh on that net but are experiencing difficulty getting it to the destination. We would like a c.w. or phone operator in each of the major cities and larger towns to help. Speed is not hereosary. Let us know if any of you will be available. major cities and larger towns to help. Speed is not necessary. Let us know if any of you will be available. WAØAYL has returned from his annual jaunt down East and is back at work at the University checking graduate work until the regular term starts in the speech department. KØSPH, WØGFE and WAØAYL have been theirs are in the duck owner culling the LUCES Net. Taking care in the slack senson calling the RACES Net. WAOHUD reports for the PON-8 sensions, 19 mea-sages. WØPHH and ex-VI, WØORV are leaving Cando for the West Coast, Traffic: WAØELO 161, WAØHUD 66, WAØAYL 9, WAØJPT 9.

SOUTH DAKOTA-SCM. Seward P. Holt. KO-TXW-SEC: WOSCT. RM: WAOAOY. PAM: KOBSW. New calls: WNOSCA. Vermillion: WAOSAN. Cham-berlain: WNOSBR, Sioux Falls: WNOPJF. also Sioux Falls. We are sorry to lose WOFAM to the West Coast. KØTXW has been holding regular schedules on 20 me-ters with KØFKK/2, who is at Ft. Monmouth. The South Dakota S.S.B. Net reports 918 QNI, 54 QTC and 137 informals for July. South Dakota C.W. Net reports 28 QNI, 17 QTC in 11 sessions during July. Trathic: WAØLLG 76 KØVYY 64. WOSCT 57, WO-FJZ 9, WØDJO 5, WODVB 5, KØTNM 5, WAØBZD 4, WAØBWJ 2, KØKOY 2, WORWM 2.

DELTA DIVISION

DELTA DIVISION ARKANSAS—SCM, Don W. Whitney, K5GKN—SEC: W5DTR, PAM: WA5GPO, RM: W5NND, NMs: WA5-PPD, W5DTR, W5JUO and K5ABE. Our beloved Char-ley, W5DYL, for so many years the net control station tor Mon. morning ou the Arkansas Fone Net, died of a heart attack in July. Summer doldroms have caught up with our traffic nets and they are running at the usual "slow summer speed." It is hoped that with cool weather and a new SCM the Arkansas section will blossom out with a loud clear signal. I shall not be a caudidate for reelection as your SCM and by the time this writing goes to press you will already be com-gratulating W5DTR, your new SCM. My heartiest best wishes to him, Net reports for July:

Net	Freq.	Time	Day	Sess.	QTC	QNI	Time
RN	3815 kc.			?	?	?	?
AFN			MonSat.			504	1118 min.
OZK	3790 kc.		MonFri.	31	27	210	?
AFUN	0820 KC.	21002	M01171.	20	175	248	600 min.
			. W5NNI			MJO .	100, W5-
DTR	83. WAS	SKEF	75. WA5P	KO 8			,

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LOUISIANA—SCM, J. Allen Swanson, Jr., W5PM— SEC: W5BIIK, RM: W5CEZ, V.H.F. PAMs: W5UQR and WA5DXA. Fellows, if your letters and requests are slow in being answered please bear with me. I have been on vacation in North Carolina, W5EA claims his only activity besides hamming is fishing. New Officers of the Westside ARC are W5BUK, pres.; W5LHS, vice-pres.; W5ERR, seev.; W5KOQ, treas.; WA5PWX, act. mgr. The new slate of the Chetmachi ARC is W5SWS, pres.; WA5LIS, vice-pres.; K5DKR, seev.treas.; K5JKR, act. mgr. WA5PSA is interested in sctting up a 40-meter s.s.b. and c.w. teen net. Contact him if you would like to join, WA5NYY again made the BPI.! W5MXQ says he has a new TR-4. W5GHP reports traffic slowed because of summer activities. The GNOARC held an cmergency test in July on 50.25 Mc. With many of the NOLA gang participating. The main control station was in the new International Trade Mark up 400 ft! W45KLF says his new job has curtailed his activities, Please report your activities as well as your traffic count. W5CEZ has been busy traveling. Cart made the C-utral Division Convention and the Dallas Hamboree. The Lafayette ARC had a big chicken dinmer instead of a meeting recently. W5EXI will start new Novice class. WN5SON is a new Novice in NOLA, W5BUK is up Canada way and will tour 5000 miles before returning. He is mobile on 7-Mc. s.s.b. Traffic: W5GHP 296, W5CEZ 299. WA5NYY 180. WA5PWX 76, W5MXQ 8, WA5LGO 5, W5EA 4.

MISSISSIPPI-SCM, S. H. Hairston, W5EMM-SEC: W51DF. The Jackson ARC really put on a fine hamfest and I was pleased to see all my friends there. We welcome the following new Mississippi licensees: WN5-RWF, WN5RWC, WN5RVD, WN5RTO, WN5RZN, WN5-RRE, WN5RRA, WN5RZY, WN5SBM, WB5SAA, WN5-SBS, WN5SEV, WN5SEM, WN5SDH, WN5RXV, WN5-RYB, WN5SIN, WN5SIM, I am very proud of our new Novices, Let's all help them to get higher dass licenses soon. WA5OKI has really done a job as secretary of the Miss. SSN, K2DEM/5 reported a forest fire which K5UII and others from the Keesler ARC helped put out, WA5CSJ is the new K5TYP manager. W5BW is back on the air after rig trouble. WA5CAM now is running an 800-watt p.e.p. linear, Congratulations to our two section members who were awarded QST cover awards, Traffic: WA5OKI 334, WA2WBA/5 57, K5TYP 9.

TENNESSEE-SCM, Harry A. Phillips, K4RCT-RM: K4UWH, PAMs: W4PFP, WA4CGK, WA4EWW.

Net	Freq.	Days	Time	Sesa.	QNI	QTC	Mgr.
TSSB	3980	M-Sat.	2330Z	25	1262	215	WA4CGK
TPN	3980	M-Sat.	1145	31	1090	246	W4PFP
ETPN	3980	Sun. M-F	$\frac{1300}{1040}$	22	284	18Jn.	WA4EWW
TN	3635	Daily	0000	59	403	237	K4 JWH

New officers of the Tenn. Council of Amateur Radio Clubs are W40CGG chmn.: W4PHQ, vice-chmn.: W4-PRY, seev.-treas, A special meeting held in July with the RATS in Nashville was very rewarding. On July 28. K4VOP, K4UWH and K4FKO participated in a eivil defense drill in Oak Ridge and Johnson City. Stations are needed to serve as liaison with the Tenn. C.W. Net. The AREC in Tullahoma meets on 145.32 Mfc. at 2000 every Thurs, K4AYD is net control. On July 30. WA4VHM relayed information necessary for PYICK in Brazil to obtain a Pacemaker for a young Ind who had a heart rate of 70, thanks to hams. Traffic: K4UWH 186, WA4YDT 180, W4FX 162, W4-YEM 64, W4DIY 54, WA4EWW 40, WA4TWL 38, W4-OGG 35, WA4CGK 26, WA4NEC 26, W4WBK 26, WA4-TZJ 17, W4TZB 14, WA4ZBC 14, WA4AJB 12, K4MQI 12, W4PFP 12, WA4DJF 10, W4TYV 10, K4PUZ 7, K4UMW 6.

GREAT LAKES DIVISION

KENTUCKY—SCM, Lawrence F. Jeffrey, WA4NFO —SFC: W40YI, Appointments: WB4CJM, WA4UIH and WA4VEC as ORSs. Endorsements: WB4AFH as OVS and WA4IBG as OPS.

Net	Freq.	Days	GMT	QNI	QTC	Mgr.
KRN MKPN KTN KYN	3960 3960 3960 3960 3600	M-F Daily Daily Daily	1130 1330 0000 0000/0300	331 355 764 552	53 132 720 610	K4KIS WB4BTM WA4AGH W4BAZ

The Falls City Area Traffic Net reports over 70 QNI each month, K4KZH has WB4BKG and WB4AFH for

NCSs on the net. W4JUI is back on 80, K4LOA is working on 6-meter trailic skeds from Bowling Green, W4YOK/4 works the trailic nets and UX. WA4WWT has a new R-4A receiver and placed third in the c.w. contest at Jenny Wiley State Park. K4TXJ has moved to a new QTH in Louisville. WA4VEC swapped transmitters and is working hard on nets, K4KXI has radiotelephone second now. July hamfests included Paducah, Henderson and Jennv Wiley. W4OYI, our SEC. flew to the Paducah Hamfest and took your SCM along us ballast. The Owensboro AREC was alerted for a possible tornado and to assist in the search for a missing person. W4BAZ badly needs a Paducah area station to QNI KYN. How about it out there? WB4-BTM finds he has to resign as MKPN-PAM because of his health. Many thanks for a job well done, Larry, W4WNH has a new portable heam for 2 meters to carry in his new car. (Trailic: WA4UAZ 502. WA4DYL 337, WA4WWT 295, WA4UH 205. W4BAZ 169, WA4AGH 161, WB4AIN 140, W4GVU 137, WA4YUE 121, W44KFO 115, W4RCE 65, W4GVI 48, W4KJP4 44, WB4-AGQ 43, WA4TWB 38, W4NBZ 37, WA4YEC 38, WB4-AGQ 43, WA4TWB 38, W4NBZ 37, WA4YEC 38, WB4-AGQ 43, WA4TWB 38, W4NBZ 37, WA4YEC 38, WB4-AGQ 44, WB4-K4LOA 14, W4MWX 13, W4YOK/4 12, K4HOF 10, W4KKG 10, K4VDO 8, W4BTA 6, K4KZH 6, WB4AFH 3, W4CDA 2,

MICHIGAN-SCM, Ralph P. Thetreau, W8FX-SEC: K8GOU, RMs: K8QLL, W8EU, K8KMQ, PAMs: W8CQU, K8JED, W8IWF, V.H.F. PAMs: W8CVQ, W8-YAN, Appointments: W8PT and WN8WHG as OVSs; W8ALG as EC and OPS; K8ETU AS OBS; K8HKM as OO, Net reports:

Net	Freq.	Time	Day	QNI	QTC	Sess.	Mgr.
QMN	3663	2315	Dy	429	280	31	W8RTN
WSSB	3935	2300	Dy	1054	146	31	W8IWF
IT.P.N.	39 2 0	2230	Dy	480	49	31	WA8LHC
PON-DAY	3860	1500	M-Sat.	401	322	26	WA80GR
PON-CW	3645	2400	M-Sat.	135	33	26	3C3DPO
B.R.	3930	2130	M-F	810	77	21	K8JED
Mich 6	50.7	2400	M-Sat.	295	42	26	WASLRC
Lenawee 2	144.36	0100	Dy	239	50	27	WA8AAQ
M.T.N.	3605	0145	Dy.	28	8	28	WA8QAF
M.E.N.	3930	1300	Sun.	273	18	5	K8JED
SW Mich 2	145.26	2300	Mon.	63		5	W8CVQ

Wile 2 145.26 2300 Mon. 63 — 5 W8CVQ W8IV made the BPL again on Navy MARS Vietnam refiles. W8BJS, of the Old City of The Straits RC of 1920, retired and moved to California. He was a partner of Harold Osgood. &AQR, in '21. W8FZ lost his mother. Work done at C.D. Hq. by W8SS during the Detroit riots descrives high commendation. K8SKZ and K8NTI also were active, while the Plymouth RC helped c.d. and police. Mike Zunich. ex-W8FTW now D14EC. who helped originate the famous 'QN'' siznals, recently was in Detroit on a visit, W8TIJ NCSed the B/R Net while W8EXO tolephone relayed to people worried about the riot. K8LNB, ex-8COZ will be writing au old-timers column in CMARC's The Scope. WA8BQZ: Sorry. I cannot accept "informal" traffic reports. The WSSE puts out a real good net bulletin, as does the QMN. WA8HIV worked into Ohio on a Twoer. Another retiree is W8QGQ. The new Coast Guard Radio Club at the Soo, WA8BCN conducts code classes. Traffic: July) K8KMQ 300. W8IV 236, W8IWF 161. WA80GR 158. W8QQK 87. W0GXQ/8 87. W8EU 75. WA81L71. K8ETU 65. W8NOH 62. K8ZJU 58. WA8-LRC 37. W8FX 34. W8CQB 32. W81UC 30. K8IKX/8 29. W8YAN 28. K8MXC 23. WA8UCS 10. K8IKX/8 29. W8YAN 28. K8MXC 23. WA8UCS 11. K8E GOU 10. WA8IRH 17. WA8MIC 17. WA8NCG 18. WA8SQC 18. W8AGTM 17. WA8MCG 17. WA8NCF 16. WA8SQE 18. W8AGTM 17. WA8MCG 17. WA8NZE 16. WA8SYF 7. W8DSE 6. W8TDA 9. K8VDK 4. W8ASA 29. W8YAN 28. K8MXC 23. WA8UCS 14. W8ASA 20. W3YAN 29. K8HX 23. W8DCA 3, W8HXF 10.

OHIO-SCM, Wilson E. Weckel, W8AL-Asst, SCM: J. C. Erickson, W8DAE, SEC: W8OUU, RM: WA8-CFJ, PAMs: W8VZ and K8UBK.

Net	QNI	QTC	Sess.	Are.
OSSBN	1369	638	57	11.
OSN	100	48		1.6

K8BXT reports that WA8VBS received his General Class license and has a new Galaxy 5, WN8VZA has a new HQ-110A, WA8ORL received his General Class license and has a new 22er, W8TAE operating high power with a Heath Warrior and W8AUE, W8MSP, W8KCE, W8-KGD, W8OEY, W8PKC, W8SFN, W8WOL, K8LDX and K80ZK handled communications for the Trumbull County Soapbox Derby, South Shore RC's *Mike Talk says* K8-FJH, K8KRG, WA8CNS, WA8FXP, WA8IOZ, WA8-OJP and WA8RUU were in Veterans Hospital, WA8-

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KUW is now WA3ILB. The Buckeye Net held a picnic in Mt. Vernon with W8BXZ, W8CHT, W8CQP, W8-ERD, W81M1, W8LZE, W8QXQ, W8TV, W8VWX, K3-DDG, K8SEV, WA8CFJ, WA8MVV, WA8NSL, WA8-NTA, WA8PMN, WA8PZA, WA8TYF, WA8UAV, WA8-VNU and WA8VNV attending, Canton ARC's Feedline tells us that W8EK joined the Silent Keys, W8SQW is out of the hospital, K8JZN vacationed in Florida, VEIXK visited with W8HR, W8SWB is now WB6WMG and warned its members that the Feedline would be published by-monthly because of lack of news. See what I mean when you do not give me news. It is sug-gested that editors of club bulletins in larger cities published by-monthly because of lack of news. See what I mean when you do not give me news. It is sug-gested that editors of club bulletins in larger cities phone radio dealers and get the calls of persons buy-ing new receivers, transmitters, beams, etc. Indian Hills RC's 1967 officers are W8QXQ, pres.; WA8PBM, vice-pres.; W8SZF, secy-treas. Toledo's Ham Shack Gossap intorms us that WN8WB, WN8WVO, WN8WIG, WN8-WIH, WN8WHY, WN8WQJ, WN8WPO and WN8WPU are new Novices; WA8WTZ is a new Technician; WA8-WOB was home on a 30-day leave and K8MYN vaca-tioned in the West, W8QCU completed his associate command general staff course at Fort Leavenworth. W8ERD has a new R4A receiver, WA8KYC has a new HQ-110A receiver and is a freshman at Ohio State, Springfield ARC's Q Five reports the club held an auction, WA8IKN was in the hospital and WA8BGG joined the Silent Keys. WA8EVD reports that WA8-PBR joined the Silent Keys. WA8EVO writes a col-umn "Ham Call," for the Cincinnuit Enquirer every Sun. Please send him news, South East ARC's Ham Fax mforms us that K8JFK resigned as corr, seey, be-cause of business complications and WA8PDE was ap-pointed to replace him and WA8ROK to the board of directors. K8BQY resigned as editor of Parma RC's P.R.C. Bulletin. Greater Cincinnuit ARA's the Alike & Key says the club toured through the Tedford Crys-tal Laboratories to see grinding and testing of crystals. & Key says the club toured through the Tedford Crysd: Key says the club toured through the Tedford Crys-tal Laboratories to see grinding and testing of crystals. A bulletin was received from the MARS Youth Train-ing Program called the *Short Circuit*, which informs us that if we want information on how we may be part of the MARS youth training or on starting our own program in the State of Ohio to write to State MARS Youth Training Manager, AFASWGJ, 918 North Dixie Drive, Dayton, Ohio 45414. The Apricot Net held a picnic with about 150 attending. The net's mem-bers attended a month-long course in message-handling bers attended a month-long course in message-handling given by WA80FT. W8ILC visited Expo 67 and VE2-XPO. Ex-82V became a Silent Key.

Net	QNI	QTC	Ses 8 .	Ave.
BN	510	330	62	18.1
OSSBN	1591	1050	58	

Traffic: WA8UPI 434, WA8CFJ 404, W8UPH 402, K8-LGA 326, WA8OCG 205, W8NAL 181, WA8PMN 175, WA8LVT 168, W8IMI 149, W8CHT 119, WA8SED 116, WA8PQL 111, W8DAE 109, W80ZK 105, WA8AUZ 101, W8TV 91, W8ERD 83, WA8NTA 80, WA8FSX 77, W8-WEM 68, WA8DWL 67, K&LGB 63, WA8LAM 49, K8-VNU 38, WA8SHP 22, W80ZQ 44, WA8MHO 43, WA8-VNU 38, WA8SHP 22, W80ZQ 44, WA8MHO 43, WA8-VNU 38, WA8SHP 22, W80ZY 42, W80E 22, W8FGD 21, WA8NSL 21, K8BYR 20, WA8KPN 19, WA8QFK 16, WA8PFK 15, WA8QNN 15, K8WZI 14, K8BXT 13, W81LC 12, W8LAG 10, K0FLJ 9, K8DDG 8, WA8-IUR 8, W8UX 8, WA8RYC 7, W8WEG 7, W8VND 5, W8EEQ 4, W8VVL 3, K8PJH 2, WA8PRR 2, W8SVU 2.

HUDSON DIVISION

HUDSON DIVISION EASTERN NEW YORK—SCNI, George W. Tracy, W2EFU—SEC: W2KGC, RMI: WA2VYS. PAM: W2LJG. Section nets: NYS on 3670 kc. nightly at 2400 GMT; NYSPTEN on 3925 kc. nightly at 2300 GMT; ESS on 3590 kc. nightly at 2300 GMT. Appointments: WA2BRF and WB2YQU as OVSs. WB2FOA reports construction of 50 watts on 50 and 144 Mc. A nuvistor and f.e.t. con-verter tor 432 Mc. is the new project at WB2VUK. A new Westchester County Traffic Net, which meets Thurs, on 3945 kc. at 2230 GMT, is reported by WB2VUT, WB2VVS and WB2VUK. WB2UHZ has a new short di-pole because of lack of room for a half-wave on 80. Also building gear tor 432 Mc. is WA2BRF. There were only a few days in July that the 6-meter hand was not open, according to WB2RBG. This agrees closely with a simi-lar report from WB2OIM. Among the new hams at Union College operating W2UC is WB2VVT. Wide-band f.m. with repeaters is gaining popularity in the section. A recent survey showed 78 participants in the Schenec-A recent survey slowed 78 participants in the Schenec-tady area on 2-meter f.m.; many with base, mobile and portable stations. There are two repeaters to relectable long-range operations with input frequencies of 146,460 and 146.300 Mc. The common output frequency is 146.940 Mc. Many newer hams are sending AREC appli-cations to the SCM. This is fine, but he has to remail them to the Emergency Coordinator with a resulting

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delay. Ask your older hams for the call and address of your local EC and forward your applications to hum to save time. Traffic: WB2UHZ 148, K2SSX/2, 112, W2EAF 105, WA2HGB 105, WB2TNB 69, WB2HZY 55, K2SJN 33, W2ANV 20, W2PKY 20, WB2VUK 18, W2UC 13, WA2WGS 13, WB2FOA 11, W2URP 9, WB2UEQ 5, WB2SHU 4, WA2JWL 2, WA2BRF 1.

NEW YORK CITY AND LONG ISLAND-SCM. Blaine S. Johnson, K21DB-Asst. SCM: Fred J. Brunjes, K2DG1. SEC: K20VN. PAM: W2EW. Traffic nets:

The Clearing House Emergency and Traffic Net, of-ganized and put into operation by WA2GPT this past July, is the latest net to embark on the popular net trequency of 3925 kc. The Clearing House was off to a good start with 124 check-ins, 177 traffic in 21 sessions. Since 3925 kc. is so busy locally, I thought we'd add these nets to the masthead in addition to the Section NTS nets. WB2UQP, who now has a 40-meter version of the "Lazy Don" antenna, handled so much traffic from Caup, KIPGQ, that it drove his monthly traffic total way up! K2CWQ/K1NUC spent the summer up Show the youngsters quite a bit about traffic-handling. WB2ZEL would like to get in touch with anyone inter-ested in sailing in the Long Island Sound area. New ORS, WB2QIL, also holds an NCS sked on NLS. Had a chat with WB2AEK on 75 meters while he was mobil-ing around Vermont country. WB2JJW has been doing a lot of telephone relaying for both toreign and domestic traffic recently. WB2DVK, our OBS on 445-Mc. TV, has been receiving TV SWL cards. . . ? WA2QJU had a re-laxing summer on anateur radio before returning to Columbia to do battle for another term. WB2UGP spent the summer making french fries at the local hamburger emporium. Heard the dulcet tones of WB2EU hack on the nets this summer while between terms at Notre loader w2BCB says he's boning up on the sayanhone the summer making french fries at the local hamburger emporium, Heard the dulcet tones of WB2EUH back on the nets this summer while between terms at Notre lame, W2BCB says he's boning up on the saxaphone again! W2DBQ, revered old first RM-NLI, is setting up for RTTY, NYC-LI's roving-type amhassador, W2PF, recently returned from visits to Hi8XDA in Santo Domingo and WSYVJ in Houston. The lesson for today was swiped from the Srandal Sheet of the Rotary Club of Graham, Tex.; "His thoughts were slow, his words were lew, and meer formed to glisten. But what a joy to all his friends, you should have heard him laten!" New officers of the New York RC, which meets every 2nd Mon, of the month at 8 n.a, in the Hotel Geo, Washington are W20MM, press; K2MIYR, vice-pres.; K2CON, secy.; K2MOO, treas, W2UAL, North Hempstead EC, reports encountering the best summer in many a year! WAJZX reports kL7GDD (ex-WB2IDZ), with the USAF in Anchorage, is heard regularly on 20 c.w. W2LXL reports the TuBoro RC auction will be held at 8 p.m. Oct. 11, 1967, at the club's meeting rooms, 104-19 127th St., Richmond Hill, W2KWM operated portable VEI up in Nova Scotia in Aug. The Suitolk C.D. provided the communications for the North Amer-ican Sailing Regatta at Hellport hast July, Gee, they had a whole flock of 2-meter f.m.-type guys like HIR, K2KJX, W2MZB, W2OQI, WA2QBB, W2RSM, WB2RVC and WA2USS, Now ain't that some flock? Bet most of 'em ended up at the big annual Suitolk County RC Clam Bake in August too! Should agone myselt! Traffic: W21UM 496, WA2GPT 21, WB2UOP 202, WB2ZEL 144, WB2QIL 78, WB2AEK 76, W152NLH 61, WB2JW 51, K2IDB 37, W22LJS 33, WB2UVY 25, W2ECS 8, W2DBQ 7, W2PF 6, WA2PMW 5, WB2-RWD 3.

NORTHERN NEW JERSEY-SCM, Louis J. Amo-roso, W2LQP-Asst. SCM: Edward F. Erickson, W2-CVW, SEC: K2ZFI.

ARPSC Section Net Schedules

NJN NJ Phone NJ Phone NJ PON NJ 6	3695 kc. 3900 kc. 3900 kc. 3900 kc. 51 150 kc	Ex. Sun. Sun. Sun.	7:00 P.M. 6:00 P.M. 9:00 A.M. 6:00 P.M.	W2BVE W2PEV W2ZI WA2TEK	RM PAM PAM PAM
NJ 6	51,150 kc. 146,700 kc.	M-W-Sat.	5:00 р.м. 11:00 р.м. 10:00 р.м.	WA2TEK K2VNL WB2IYO	PAM PAM PAM

All times shown local in effect. New appointments: WB2VFW and WB2VFX as OVSs, a father-and-son team, welcome to our section. WB21YO operated portable during his vacation in VEI-Land. WB2ZSH completed his keyer and is now working on break-in operation. W2JDH claims the best c.w. operators are found in the CD Parties. We agree. W2TFAI moved to Wayne. WB2-JWB took in Expo 67 after the ARRL National Con-vention. W42RIN is now DL4EF with WB2RJJ as QSL Mgr. WB2SEZ got a 32V-2. WB2YGL would like to hear from anyone interested in starting a traffic net on 15. WB2TFK/2 kept NJN busy with summer traffic and made the HPL. Good luck to WB2WNH, who moved to Houston, Tex. Both the NJN and ECTN will miss him. W2CVW was in both CD Parties in Juty. WB2GMR will attend NCE. WB2JWB, WB2NYK and WB2LWA are all going to Stevens this fall. WA2DMY runs an RTTY school for N.J. Army MARS. The Fairlawn ARC has new quarters in the Old Library Building on River Road in Fairlawn. WA2QZF reports meetings will be held Fri. 4 9:00 P.M. The program includes code and theory classes for Novice and General Class. W2LQP joined Army MARS. K2ET is recovering from his recent illness. I an looking for ECs in Hudson, Hunterdon and Ocean County. If interested, please contact K2ZFI or your SCM. Traffic: (July) WB2FUW 502, WA2IGQ 205, WB2-RKK/1181, WA2TBS 128, WB2KSG 127, WB2TFK/2 105, WB2SZ 72, WB2IYO/1 68, WB2KYO 42, WB2TFY 76, WB2SZ 74, WB2IWD 40, K2QCF 71, WB2TFK/2 105, WB2SZ 74, WB2IWD 74, WA2TEX 25, W2CIW 20, W2LQP 17, WB2CGI 15, WA2CCF 11, WB2QMIP 11, WB2PXO 10, WB2SJH 7, K2ZFI 7, WB2TKP 5, W2ABL 4, K2MTF4, 4, WA2TZ 24, W2DH 1, WB2MZU 1, (June) WB2FIT 57, WB2SEZ 21, K2VNL 10.

MIDWEST DIVISION

MIDWEST DIVISION IOWA-SCM, Owen G. Hill, WØBDZ-Asst. SCM: Bertha V. Willits, WØLGG, SEC: KØBRE, PAM: WØNGS, RMIs: WØTIU, WØSCA, Visitors at the Cen-tral Ia. ARC in July included WØNWX, JX5HE/LA5HE, vice-pres. of the amateurs of Norway, and GI3KYP, pres. of the RSGB, Amateurs interested in the Iowa Weather Observers Net should monitor 3855 kc, daily at 0001Z, WAØATA reports several good openings on 50 Mc. in July, Ex-W8FAW is now WAØSDC at Cedar Rapids. WØLSF is the new pres. of International ARMS Nets as of June, WØDRE is NCS for TLCN Mon. on 3560 kc. at 6:30 P.M. daily. More checkers are needed. WAØOCD has a new HB-572 linear. WØLGG and OM WØEFL vacationed for two weeks at Leach Lake during July and Aug. Silent Keys in Waterloo are WØAEB and KØJFF. The 75-Meter Phone Net had 26 sessions, QNI 1181, QTC 198, The 160-Alterr Net had 31 sessions, QNI 1180, QTC 5. The TCN C.W. Net had 24 sessions, QNI 1180, QTC 5. The TCN C.W. Net had 24 sessions, QNI 110, QTC 5. The TCN C.W. Net had 24 sessions, QNI 110, QTC 5. The TCN C.W. Net had 24 sessions, QNI 110, QTC 5. WOVAU 110, WAØSDC 38, KØBRE 22, WØVYF 21. KOTDO 16, WØJPJ 15. WAØBSF 12, WAØJUT 9, WAØ-DUB 8, WAØIYH 8, WAØJEG 6, WØNGS 5, WØDRE 3. (June) W8FAW/Ø 24, WAØBSU 20.

KANSAS-SCM, Robert M. Summers, KØBXF-SEC: KØFAIB, PAM: KØJAJF, RM: WAØMLE, V.H.F.
 SEC: KØFAIB, PAM: KØJAJF, RM: WAØMLE, V.H.F.
 PAMs: WAØCCW, WØHAJ, WAØKSK, WAØLSH, Another Silent Key in the K.C. area is WAØIPS, WAØLLC
 was awarded the Raymond Baker, WØFNS, Memorial Trophy for being the Kansas Amateur of the Year, KØGZP is out of the hospital, WØGHU also is out of the hospital and operating a little, 2-meter mobiles in Salina provided communications as spotters and liaison communication for Sports Car Racing on Labor Day. Ham operators assisted the Police Force Aug. 7-12 at the Tri-Rivers Fair, WAØPSF and WØJAS lost towers and autennas in high winds around Salina, Wheat Belt ARC's new officers are KØUVH, pres.; WAØDAV, vice-pres.; KØJFI, seey.; KØMXU, treas.: KØRXR, act, mgr. WOOKH now is farming 2½ acres in San Bernardino, Calif. WAØDZA and WAØNGS now are in Haves Center, Nebr. KØVGP moved to Logan. KØMZZ has moved to K.C. and will be working with KCMO. The National Convention was attended by WAØLLC, KØNL and WØPB. KOEMB reported 573 AREC members as of June 30, 1967, with 26 emergency nets. Zone 2, Junction City-Manhattan, reports 3 sessions of severe WX operations on July 15 and 21. WAØDSH is operating 2 meters using a five-element Yazi, Kans. 6-Meter net: QNI 3, QTC 0; 6 meters, QNI 32, QTC 12.
 8-Meter AREC Nets: Zone 15, QNI 15, QTC 0, N.C. K., 2 meters, QNI 18, QTC 6; 5 one 2, QNI 32, QTC 12.
 8-Meter AREC Nets: Zone 15, QNI 15, QTC 0, N.C. K., 2 meters, QNI 30, QTC 0; 6 meters, QNI 2, QTC 12.
 8-Meter AREC Nets: Zone 7, RE and NCK, QNI 6, Kansas PI Net. 2 areas reporting. NE and NCK, QNI 69, QTC 4, NCSS WAØHMZ, WA9CCW.

• •	Mgr.	QNI	QTC		
OKN KPN	WAØJFV Køjmf	$\frac{11}{226}$	() 36	4 P.M. Sun. 8 A.M. Sun.	8735 3920
KSBN QKS	KøJMF Køked	418 218	$\frac{108}{124}$	6:45 . мм. М-W-F 6:30 M-Sat. 7 & 9 р.м. Daily	3920 3920 3610

of Dunation Mane

Trafic: (July) WAØKDQ 125, KØBXF 111, KØJMF 107, WØAVX 103, WAØMLE 79, WAØLLC 78, WØFII 70, KØKED 63, KØEMB 60, KOHGI 53, WOCWJ 51, WAØJOG 39, WAØCCW 31, KØLFE 20, KØUVH 12, WAØHMZ 7, KØGH 6, WAØLSH 2, KØMRI 2, WAØ-FMQ 1, (June) KØLFE 2, WAØEMQ 1, (May) WAØ-EMIQ 7.

EMQ 7. MISSOURI-SCM, Alfred E. Schwaneke, WØTPK -SEC: WØBUL. KØYBD is now an ORS. KØDEQ renewed as ORS. I am sorry to report that WAØAQN is now a Silent Key. WNØRYY is a new Nov. CI. in Rolla. WNØSAO is a new Nov. in South K.C. WAØLKF is a new Gen. CI. in Cabool. WAØRAC also received Gen. CI. WØKIK/NØRFN reports that Navy MARS has 19 nets going in Mo. WAØEMS will operate at the Scout Jsmboree. WAØHQR wishes to pass along his ap-preciation to all who helped with the summer Scout Camp traffic. Communications for the Annual Clav Co. Farm Tour were turnished by WØAMO, KØIQS, WAØ-KUH, WAØQLN, WNØRFD and WØUQP. KØGYK graduated from M.U. and will be at Keesler AFB, Miss. for Comm. Officer School, KØJPS has a new Swan 500. WØTPK lost all antennas during a windstorm. WØ-FNK worked Cuba and Puerto Rico on 6 meters. WAØ-DGG has a new SB-101, WAØMGV/MHP have a new WRL Duobander 84. MON net certificates go to KØIFM, WAØQDF, WAØQOA and KØYBD. WAØITU is work-ing on a 6-meter i.m. net for the K.C. area with over 100 surplus commercial rigs to convert. KØONK at-tended a theater workshop at the II. of Nebr. The inter-national s.s.b. work of KØMAS was featured in an ar-ticle in the July 18 St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Net reports tor July : ticle in the July 18 St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Net reports for July :

Net	Freq.	Time	Days	Sess.	QNI	QTC	Mgr.
MEN.	3885	2230Z	M-W-F	13	122	8	WØBUL
MON	3585	2400Z	Daily	31	136	70	WØTDR
MNN	7063	1900Z	M-Sat.	26	108	190	WOOUD
SMN	3585	0300Z	Daily	18	43	38	KØAEM
MTTN	3940	2200Z	M-F	18	189	166	WAØELM
MoPON	3810	2100Z	M-F	11	183	93	WØHVJ
QMO	3585	2100Z	Sun.	5	16		WAØFKD
PHD	50.4	2430Z	Mon.	5	67	9	WAØKUH
HBN	7280	1705Z	M-F	20	531	101	WAØBHG

Traffic: (July) KØONK 1648, KØYBD 553, WAØHQR/Ø 246, WAØQOA 176, WØZLN 165, WAØPFU 95, KØAEM 86, WØHYJ 85, WØØUD 85, WAØEMS 66, WAØDGG 45, KØORB 34, WAØELM 32, WØBUL 19, KØREV 19, WØGQR 18, WAØITU 17, WAØFAID 16, KØVYH/Ø 13, WAØJIH 6, WAØKUH 6, WAØQBF 6, WAØFLL 5, WAØOVG 4, (June) WAØLOG 18, WAØQOA 17, (May) WØTDR 116, WAØEMS 29.

NOTDR HE. WAYDAND 22. NEBRASKA—SCM. Frank Allen, WØGGP-SEC: KØOAL. Monthly net reports for July: Nebr. Morning Phone Net, WAØJUF, QNI 848, QTC 52. Nebr. AREC Phone Net, WAØGHZ, QNI 178. Nebr. Emergency Phone Net, WAØGHZ, UNI 1240. QTC 79. Nebr. C.W. Net (NEB), WAØGHZ, 1st session, QNI 93. QTC 136: 2nd session, QNI 124. QTC 103. Nebr. AREC C.W. Net. WAØEEI, QNI 20. West Nebr. Phone Net. WØNIK QNI 628, QTC 38. WØFBY has been selected to receive the Jerry Cox Memorial Award. KØRRL was elected State Navy MARS Coordinator at a meeting at Victoria Springs in July. KØODF will edit MARS Newsletter. With fall weather, net activity is expected to increase. Traffic: (July) WAØGHZ 236. WAØORO 201. WAØHWR 130. WAØQMZ 83. KØJTW 55. KØKJY 57. WAØRGP 57. WØLOD 52. WAØOID 46. KØKJY 57. WAØRCGD 57. WØLOD 52. WAØGHJ 21. WØRFV 14. WØGGP 12. WØ-HTA 9. WØVEA 9. WØNIK 7. WØHOP 6. WAØIBB 6. WAØEEI 5. KØODF 5. WØHOP 4. WAØIBL 4. WAØ-KGD 13. **KGD** 13.

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

CONNECTICUT—SCM, John J. McNassor, W1GVT SEC: W1PRT. RM: W1ZFM, PAM: W1XBH, Net reports for July:

Net	Freq.	Days	Time	Sess.	QNI	OTC
CN CPN	3640 3880	Daily M-S	1845 1800	$\frac{31}{31}$	$354 \\ 429$	255 152

High QNI: CN-KITKS, WAIHSN and WIEFW, CPN: WAIFVH and WIGVT 26, KIEIC 25, WAIEEJ 24, WAI-FAZ and WIYBH 23, WILUH 21, WIYU 18, KILFW 17

EIMAC

The EIMAC 4CV250,000A is the world's highest power tetrode. It is designed for service in super-power broadcast transmitters, and was developed on the foundation of technology which produced its "little brother," the hundredkilowatt 4CV100,000C, now used by the USIA. The giant new vapor-cooled tube combines high power gain with long life. Vapor cooling is accepted as an efficient and economical method of cooling in advanced broadcast systems. As EIMAC's latest addition to its line of power tetrodes, the 4CV250,000A is ideally suited for service as an audio modulator, a pulse modulator, or a regulator, and as an rf amplifier in linear accelerators. Ready now for the superpower transmitters of the future, this 250 kW tetrode is another example of how EIMAC's experience in power tube technology paves the way for the developments of tomorrow. For a power tube to fit your needs-big or small -write Product Manager, Power Grid Tubes, or contact your nearest EIMAC distributor.

250 kW tetrode now ready for tomorrow's super-power transmitters

TYPICAL OPERATION (as a Plate-Modulated Power Amplifier at Frequencies below 30 MH2)

DC Plate Voltage	
DC Screen Voltage	
Peak AF Screen Voltage (for 100% Modul	ation)
DC Grid Voltage	
DC Plate Current	
DC Screen Current	
DC Grid Current	
Peak RF Grid Voltage	
Grid Driving Power	
Plate Output Power	

EIMAC Division of Varian San Carlos, California 94070



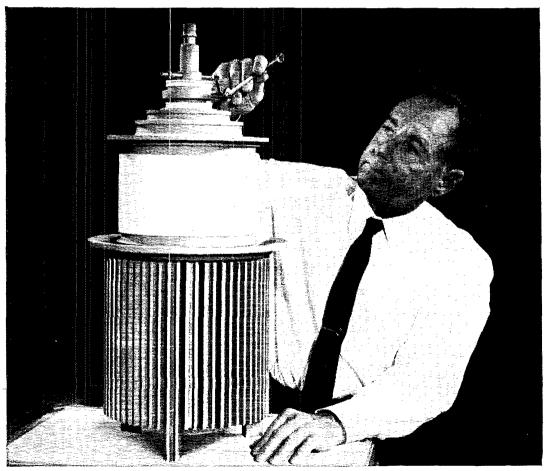


CHART YOUR COURSE TO EIMAC for dependable, high quality power tubes

	CLASS OF			TY	PICAL OP	ERATION - S	INGLE TUB	E		بالمرافع المراجع الم
EIMAC TYPE	OPERATION SERVICE	D.C. PLATE VOLTAGE	D. C. PLATE CURRENT (AMPERES)	D.C. SCREEN VOLTAGE	D. C. GRID VOLTAGE	APPROX, MAX. DRIVE POWER (WATTS)	APPROX. D. C. SCREEN CURRENT (AMPERES)	APPROX. D. C. GRID CURRENT (AMPERES)	APPROX. MAX. POWER OUTPUT (WATTS)	FILAMENT VOLTS AMPERES
3-400Z	B SSB	3000	.100 .333(3)	-	0	32		.12	655	<u>5.0</u> 14.5
3-1000Z	B SSB	3000	<u>.240</u> .670 ⁽³⁾		0	65		.30	1360	7.5 21.3
	AB1/SSB	2000	.1/.25(3)	350	-55(5)	0	0/.005(3)	0	300	
4CX250B(1)	C/CW	2000	.25	250	-90	2.9	.019	.026	390	<u>6.0</u> 2.5
	C/AM	1500	.20	250	-100	1.7	.02	.014	235	
	AB1/SSB	2500(6)	.1/.25(3)	350	-55(5)	0	0/.004	0	400	<u> </u>
4CX300A	C/CW	2500(6)	.25	250	-90	2.8	.016	.025	500	6.0 2.5
	C/AM	1500	.20	250	100	1.7	.02	.014	235	
4CX1000A	AB1/SSB	3000	.25/.90(3)	325	-60(5)	0	002/.035	0	1680	<u>6.0</u> 10.5
	AB1/SSB	3000	.015/,065(3)	360	85(5)	0	0/.006	0	130	
4·65A	C/CW	3000	.112	250	-105	1.6	.022	.009	270	<u>6.0</u> 3.5
	C/AM	2500	.102	250	150	3.1	.026	.013	210	
	AB1/SSB	3000	.03/.105(3)	510	95(5)	0	0/.006	0	200	
	B/SSB(4)	3000	.02/.115(3)	0	0	16	0/.03	0/.055	240	<u>5.0</u> 6.5
4-125A	C/CW	3000	.167	350	-150	2.5	.03	.009	375	
	C/AM	2500	.152	350	-210	3.3	.03	.009	300	
	AB1/SSB	3000	.055/.21	600	110(5)	0	0/.012	0	400	
4-250A	C/CW	3000	.345	500	180	2.6	.06	.01	800	<u>5.0</u> 14.5
	C/AM	3000	.225	400	-310	3.2	.03	.009	510	
	AB1/SSB	3000	.09/.30(3)	810	-140(5)	0	0/.018	0	500	
4-400A	B/SSB(2)(4)	3000	.07/.30(3)	0	0	40	0/.055	0/.10	520	5.0
4.4004	C/CW	3000	.35	500	-220	6.1	.046	.019	800	14.5
	C/AM	3000	.275	500	~220	3.5	.026	.012	630	
	AB1/SSB	4000	.17/.48(3)	1000	~130(5)	0	0/.04	0	1130	
4-1000A	B/SSB(4)	4000	.12/.67(3)	0	0	105	0/.08	0/.15	1870	7.5
-1-1000A	C/CW	4000	.70	500	-150	12	.137	.039	2100	21.0
	C/AM	4000	.60	500	-200	11	.132	.033	1910	
3CX100A5	C/CW(7)	800	.08		20	6	-	.03	27	6.3
2C39A	C/AM(7)	600	.065		-16	5		.035	16	1.0

(1) Ratings also apply to 4X250B.

(2) Ratings apply to 4-250A within plate dissipation limitation.

(3) Zero signal and maximum signal dc current.

(4) Grid and screen grounded, cathode driven.

Above you see popular Eimac tube types suitable for ham transmitters. Remember this chart when you need a tube. And remember the name Eimac. It means power. Quality. Dependability. For Eimac has more know-how, more experience with

power tubes than any other manufacturer. Your local Eimac distributor can supply you with any of these tubes listed and Eimac sockets to match. Or for complete data, write Amateur Services Department, EIMAC—a division of Varian Associates, San Carlos, California.



(5) Adjust to give stated zero-signal plate current.

(4) For operation below 250 Mc only.

(7) At 500 Mc.

and WAIFZE 16. All stations are welcome to check into these nets. SEC WIPRT teels that more can be done to promote EC work. Please help your local EC to develop local and inter-city nets operating regularly. N.E. Director WIQV would like club activity reports-everyone is invited to the Tri-City Hamiest in New London Oct, 7. Please have your club report to the Conn. Council via WIWHQ. New officers of the Shorchine ARC are WAIGJL, pres.; WAIFSK, vice-pres.; WAIFLZ, pr. vice-pres.; WAIGTP, seey.; WAICPB, treas.; WAI-FOK, chaplain; WIERM, trustee, New officers of the Conn. Wireless Assn. are WIECH, pres.; KIITV, vicepres.; WICNY, seey.; WIRZG, treas.; WIEGD, comm. mgr. The E. Conn. ARC 6-Meter "ECHO" Net, Sun. at 10 A.M. on 50.538 Me, would like more Conn, checkins. A certificate is offered. Candlewood ARA is on 3775 at 8 P.M. Congratulations to WAIFYH and KIPGQ on making the BPL; to WAIFGN for Conn. first place in the Tenn. QSO Party and to WAICRS for his efforts to interest others in amateur radio! The Tri-City Oscar group is now active. WIBGJ is active on 20-meter s.s.b. WIAPA is operating 40-meter c.w. and s.s.b. WIBI is rebuilding some of his equipment. WICNY is very active on MARS nots, WAIFNJ operated portable during vacation. KIYON is working 220 Mc. Now is the time to contact ARRL with any Field Day suggestions for next year! Traffic: (July) WAIFVH 290, WIEFW 283, WA1-HSN 175, WAIFZE 163, K1PGQ 115, K1EIR 113, K1-TKS 101, WIAW 96, WIEEN 89, K1EIC 89, WIGYT 69, K1RQO 52, WIAAMI 50, K1EYY 48, K1UWO 42, KISYT 32, WIBDI 31, WAIFNJ 30, WAICBW 29, WICT! 29, K1SQO 52, WIAAMI 50, K1EYA 84, K1UWO 42, KISYT 34, WIBDI 31, WAIFNJ 30, WAICBW 29, WICT! 29, K1SQO 52, WIAAMI 50, K1EYA 84, K1UWO 42, KISYT 34, WIBDI 31, WAIFNJ 30, WAICBW 29, WICT! 29, K1SQO 52, WIAAMI 50, K1EYA 84, K1UWO 42, KISYT 34, WIBDI 31, WAIFNJ 30, WAICBW 29, WICT! 29, K1SQO 52, WIAAMI 50, K1EYA 80, WIYU 15, K1OQG 12, K1YGS 12, WAIFAR 22, K1LMS 20, W1YU 15, K1OQG 12, K1YGS 12, WAIFAR 22, K1LMS 20, W1YU 15, K1OQG 12, K1YGS 12, WAIFAR 22,

WIZL 4. (June) K1KSG/12. EASTERN MASSACHUSETTS—SCM. Frank L. Baker, Jr., W1ALP—W1AOG, our SEC, received reports from W1s LVK. QMN, K1s H1N. WVW and PNB. all FCS. Sorry to report W1ADL is a Silent Key. EM80CWN had 31 sessions, QNIs 210, traffic 169, EM2N had 21 ses-sions, 100 QNIs. 92 traffic WAIIAX, ex-ICPW is in Andover, W1ZLX and his XYL went to the CHC/FHC Convention in Louisville, Ky. WAIECT/GIT have an eleven-element beam tor 2. WIAEC was in the July CD Party. W1KHY has a rug with an accuracy of + or - 10 cycles. KICCL has a 1104-v.h.f. receiver. Heard on 75 W1s HE, PH, WAIS AOH, CFT, WNIHIYC and WAI-DHH are on 80 c.w. K2YTK is attending Harvard. WAIFSH has an SB-401. W1BGW reworked his 325 tor better c.w. KIDZG had VEIs XK and NZ staving at his QTH. VOIEI passed through. WAIHCL is now Gea-eral Class and has an HQ-110C receiver. WNIHRX/4 is in Greensboro, NC. K1HHN is equipped tor all bands and modes. K1HRV is Asst. EC in Norwood, The Cen-tral N. E. Net ior June bad 1061 QMI, QTC 28, WA1-GXC is building RTTY gear. WIDAL is DXing on 20, 40, 80 cw. WAIECY got the receiver ixed. W1AOG has a new NC-200 and Hy-Gain trap altenna, K1KNI is on a mobile trap to Canada and the Midwest. WNIHN is new in Freetown, WAIFIQ has a new beam for 6 and 2 meters, WAIDLT got the transmitter fixed. W1DAL as owne apnomments: WAIFSH as EC for Natick, WIDAL as OWAIDGG as ORS. Appointenna for all bands, New apnomments: WAIFSH as EC for Natick, W1DAL as OWAIDGG as ORS. Appointenna for 41 bands, and 51. StiFJM as OVS. The 6-Meter Crossbund Net for June had 21 sessions, 189 QNIS, 11 traitie. WAIFTY is in New apnomments: WAIFSH as EC for Natick, W1DAL as OWAIDGG as ORS. Appointents endorsed: W1s WHGW, DFS. AYG, THT. KICCL as OOS: K1ERO, W1s V1E, Y1, STX as ECs: K1LCM, W1ZLX as OIKs; K1SJA as OBS; K1PNB has 1 fw, on 2. WAIDSZ has a new Zepp for all bands. KICBB had a meeting of the Director WIREP, RO WAICTT, Alt. RO and K1s SRP. HTN, WAIDOB has 1 kw, on 2. WAIDSZ has a new Zepp for all bands.

Westwood. K1BUF has an HX-50. WA1FKQ has an HA-1 keyer. W7UFB now is in Florida. New Novices: WNIs 1DM, 1DO, 1DQ, 1DD, 1DP, 1DH, 1DF, 1DS. Other new ones: WA1s ICW, ICU, CCH, IDA, IBM, IBN, IAW, IBL, IAY, IAQ, IAA, IAF, HXA, HXZ, HXD, HYT. HXC, IJYU, HYX, HYR, HYW, HXR, HYY, HXE, HXF, Traffic: (July) W1PEX 308, WA1-EYY 244, W1DOM 163, WA1EVY 109, W1EMG 107, WA1-GXC 72, WA1FS1 70, W1CTR 69, W1UIR 63, WIEAE 33, WA1FKQ 43, W1DAL 42, W6JCF/1 27, KICLM 19, W1AOG 16, WA1DEO 16, WA1ECY 16, W1FJI 16, K1-LCQ 16, W10FK 14, K1KNI 10, K1ZGH 10, K1HHN 6, K10KE 6, K1VOK 6, K1YUB 4, WA1DLT 3, KIBUF 2, WA1GED 2, W1HIL 2, W1NF 2, WA1ECT 1, (June) WAIGXC 56, W6JCF/1 33, WA1EVY 29, K1KNI 20, W1-CT 14, WA1DJC 1.

MAINE-SCM, Herbert A. Davis, KIDYG-SEC: MAINE-SCM, Herbert A. Davis, KIDYG-SEC: KIDYG, RM: WIBJG, PAM: WAIFCM, Trailie nets: Sea Guil Net, Mon, through Sat, on 3940 kc, at 1700; Pine Tree Net, daily on 3598 kc, at 1900. Welcome to WAIFCM our new PAM. He needs the support of all stations, There was a second annual gathering in Bangor at the home of WIOLQ. Among those attending were WIEOP, WIWST, WIFWA, WIKW, WIANR, WIOCU, WAIFQO, WILCV and KIPRR; also SWL Fred Tibbetts and wite. A fine time was had by all. About thirty hauns and their families were on hand at the gathering at st. Albans with KIWQI. It was a great week end for all. WIGHJ worked KIDYG on 2 meters with very good results, WAIGTT, from Biddeford, is in the Berlin Brigade and active on 20 meters as DI4QG and looking for Maine stations. Dick, the old jughead from Dexter, is operating from Labrador and looking for Maine stations, KIGUP and WAIFCM are helping out on the PTN. Duff has joined the TCC; he has a full schedule now. The PAWA has its station ready and will be aclive. KITMJ is home from the Pacific for three weeks, KIACT has leit for FBI training. Traffic: WIBJG 108, WIGU 30.

WIGU 30. **NEW HAMPSHIRE**—SCM, Robert C, Mitchell, WI-SWX/K1DSA-SEC: K1QES, PAM: K1APQ. RM: Open. Welcome to new hams WA1HZD. WNIHZK. WNIHZM. WNIHZN, WNIHZO, WNIHZP. WNIHZS, WAIIAL. WNIHCE, WNIICF, WNIICL and WNIICM. The (SPN report hy K1APQ shows 804 check-ins and 74 traffic. K1DWK has two new ones on 6 meters, South Dakota and New Mexico. K1PQV is busy with the Little League and 40-meter DX. The MVAREC report by K1DWK shows 180 check-ins and 19 traffic. WIRCG is at Expo 67 Gofstown and is net control on the GSPN and OHARCN, WIDYE is on a trip to California and other points. Your SEC, K1QES, is on vacation. KISHC operates mobile from his vacation spot on the Kaneamagus Highway. Several have reported working K1-RNN portable in California, W1UXR is having a good time working 20-meter mobile. K1DVM is hnck from DU-Land and is on 6-meter mobile. WA1DAO has moved to New London, N.H. Many of the GSPN members are heard often on CNEN in the mornings. We are short of news this month because of vacations and other reasons. Traffic: K1BGI 59. W1MIXX 31, WA1EUJ/1 16, K1PQV 8, W1SWX 6, WNIHGL 4.

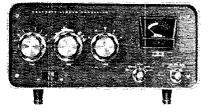
K1PQV 8, W1SWX 6, WN1HGL 4. RHODE ISLAND—SCM, John E. Johnson, K1AAV —SEC: K1LII, RM: W1BTV, PAM: W1TXL, V.H.F. PAM: K1TPK, RISPN report: 31 sessions, 390 QNI, 67 tradic. An additional Field Day message was received by the SCM to be added to last mouth's report: FD message from WICFT/1. W1FEO reports that he is the proud owner of a new NCX-5 Mark II and a VX-501. The SCM would be very glad to receive reports on netivities of all hams. The W1AQ Club of Rumrord, held a family picnic at Lincoln Woods, K1AMG, who was horseshoe pitching champion, was chairman of the picemic, KICBO supplied the music with his portable stervo. WIWAC, KICZB, K1LXQ, K1AAV, K1AGA and W1-LII, of the club, is installing a Hy-Gain tower at his QTH, K1AGA and his XYL are proud parents of a new harmonic, W1LFW has plans to put his c.w. station on the air as soon as he completes renovations to his shark, K1HTMO has purchased a new set of golf clubs but said this won't stop his ham activities, K1CZD is on s.s.b. with his Heathkit equipment. Traffic: (July) W1TXL 158, WA1EEJ 118, W1YKQ 29, K1VYC 24, K1TPK 11, (June) W1YKQ 107.

VERMONT-SCM, E. Reginald Murray, KIMPN-

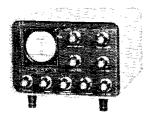
Gr. Mt.	3855	2130Z	M-S (June)	660		W1VMC
Vt. Fone	3855	1300Z	Sun,	10		W1UCL
VTNH	3685	2230Z	M-F	repo		K1UZC
VTCD VTSB	2990 5⁄2 3909	1400Z 2130Z 1230Z	Sun. M-S Sun.	33 693	1 73	WIAD WICBW



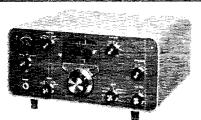
Selection of Amateur Radio Kits FINE EQUIPMENT AT LOWER COST



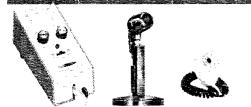
SB-200 KW SSB Linear Amplifier ... 1200 watts PEP input SSB, 1000 watts CW on 80 through 10 meters. Built-in antenna relay, SWR meter, and power supply. Drives with most popular SSB transmitters & transceivers. Kit SB-200, 41 lbs., no money dn., \$21 mo...... \$220.00



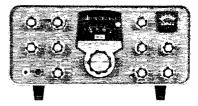
SB-620 Amateur Radio Spectrum Monitor . . . displays all received signals up to 250 kHz either side of receiver tuned frequency. New narrow sweep function shows 10 kHz for single signal analysis. Kit SB-620, 15 lbs., no money dn., \$11 mo...... \$119.95



SB-310 Shortwave Listener / Amateur Band Receiver ...covers 49, 41, 31, 25, 19 & 16 meter bands plus amateur bands 80, 40 & 20 and 11 meter CB, SB-Series performance and quality (less speaker). Kit SB-310, 20 lbs., no money dn., \$23 mo......\$249.00



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SB-101 80 Through 10 Meter SSB /CW Transceiver ... 180 watts PEP input SSB, 170 watts CW. Front panel selection of SSB filter or optional CW filter makes the SB-101 an exceptional CW rig. Unmatched in engineering and performance.

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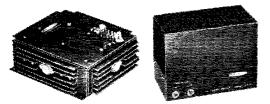


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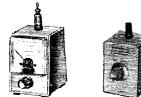
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The New Single-Bander Transceivers . . . provide 200 watts PEP SSB input on the band of your choice. Now with LSB or USB on 80, 40, or 20. New styling, plus AVC, ALC, S-meter, PTT, and VOX. Kit HW-12A, 80-mtr., 15 lbs., no mon. dn., \$10 mo. . \$99.95 Kit HW-32A, 40-mtr., 15 lbs., no mon. dn., \$11 mo. . \$104.95 Kit HW-32A, 20-mtr., 15 lbs., no mon. dn., \$11 mo.. \$104.95



HP-14 Mobile & HP-24 Fixed Station Power Supplies ... for the "KW Kompact". Provide all necessary operating voltages. HP-14 recommended for 12 v. alternator, negative

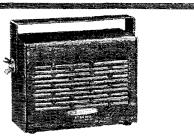




HM-10A Solid-State "Tunnel Dipper" ... a solid-state version of the classic grid-dip meter. Features a tunnel diode oscillator. Covers 3 to 260 MHz. Uses an AA penlite cell (not included.) Kit HM-10A, 3 lbs., no money dn., \$5 mo..... \$29.95

HA-14 "KW Kompact" KW SSB Linear Amplifier ... 1000 watts PEP input SSB on 80 through 10 meters. Built-in SWR meter, Built-in antenna changeover relay. Pretuned broad-band input circuit requires no tuning. Full provisions for control of "remotely" located fixed or mobile power supplies

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Tools For The Amateur Station ... HN-31 "Cantenna" Transmitter Dummy Load ... provides a non reactive 50 ohm load to transmitters up to 1 kw ... better than 1.5:1 SWR for frequencies 160 to 2 meters. Oil coolent not in-



Benton Harbor Lunch Boxes — Complete Trans-ceivers . . . for 6 and 2 meters. Feature crystal-controlled transmitters with 5-watt input and tunable super-regenera-tive receivers with RF stage. Built-in 115 VAC power supply and speaker. Mike included. Less crystal. Kit HW-29A, 6-meter. 9 lbs., no money dn., \$5 mo. \$44.95 Kit HW-30, 2-meter. 9 lbs., no money dn., \$5 mo. \$44.95 Kit GP-11, Mobile Vibrator Power Supply, 6 lbs..., \$17.95

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HR-10B Amateur Band Receiver . . . with new extra-durable two-tone wrinkle finish to match the new "Single-Banders" and novice transceiver. Tune AM, CW, and SSB with 80 through 10 meter coverage. Provisions for plug-in 100 kHz crystal calibrator. Kit HR-10B, 20 lbs., no money dn., \$8 mo...... \$79.95 Kit HRA-10-1, 100 kHz crystal calibrator. 1 lb.... \$8.95



New HW-16 Novice CW Transceiver . . a high-per formance 3-band CW transceiver ... covers the lower 250 kHz of 80, 40, & 15 meters. 75 watts input for novice class — 90 watts for general class. Provisions for VFO transmitter control with Heathki HG-10B. **Kit HW-16**, 25 lbs., no money dn., \$10 mo...... **\$99.50**



Heath Recommended Headphones GD-396 ... excel-lent for shortwave listening or code practice. GD-396, 1 lb..... ¢2 60

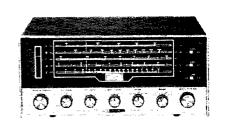
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DX-60B Phone & CW Transmitter . . . with new wrinkle finish matching HR-10B and the new "Single-Banders". Here's 90 watts on 80 through 10 meters . . . operates at Kit DX-60B, 24 lbs., no money dn., \$8 mo...... \$79.95



HG-10B VFO — Perfect For The DX-60B or HW-16 ... provides 5 volts RMS signal — plenty of RF for Heathkit rigs and ample for most transmitters. Calibrated for 80 through 2 meters. Requires 108 volts DC @ 25 ma., 6.3 VAC @ 0.75 amperes. Kit HG-10B, 12 lbs., no money dn., \$5 ino....... \$37.95



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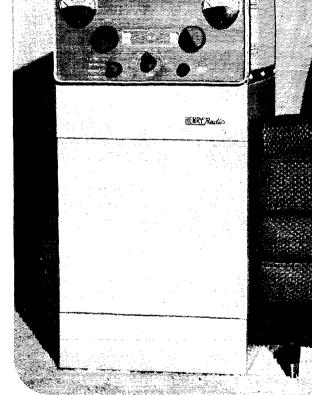
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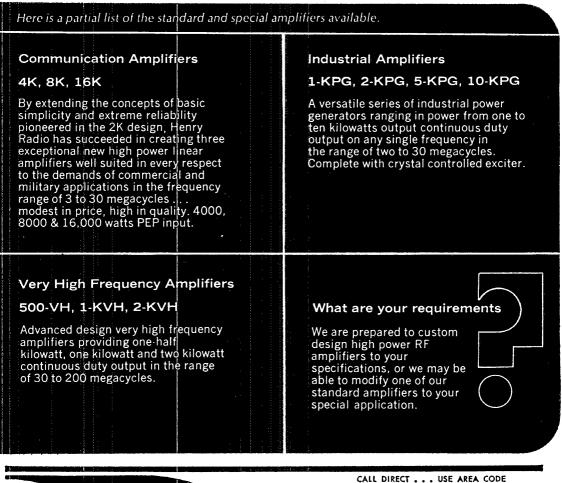


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Welcome to new calls in Vermont; WA1HXU, Springfield; WN1HYG, Rutland; WN1IBW, Northfield, Credit and thanks should go to many Vermonters for considerable help and patience in assisting the search for a Kentucky hoy bitten by a rabid dog. Hope we will get reports from the Vt. Intercom Net soon. Quite a few 2-meter f.m. units are how in the area with an anticipated increase of activity. Net reports are slow reaching me, It's good to hear W4SCY/1 again. KIIJJ has a new SB-101. Tradic: (July) kIBQB 287, WA1GUV 12, KIMPN 12. (June) W1FRT 5.

WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS-SCM, Norman P. Forest, WISTR-C.W. RM: WIDWA, WIUPH has a new shack in his back yard, pot-belied stove and all. Congratulations to KIAEC, newly appointed as ORS in the WMN C.W. WAIDNB is helping the Boy Scouts to obtain their Novice licenses. Bob Patter, ex-WIGIV, is now in Florida with the call W40ZF. Congratulations to WIMNG, recently appointed instructor at Westfield State College where he surely will introduce amateur radio. Frank Miller has eliminated the "N" from his call and is WAIGOK. K1PMK is now a double grandpa. K1NWE is using his swimming pool for r.t. ground with good success. W1ZPB inally mounted his tri-bander on a telephone pole but is not convinced of much improvement. However, he has enjoyed 6-meter openings. Information from the Worcester County area would be appreciated. We need volunteers to gather news items for this column, which would be much apprecipted. WMN : 21 sessions with 45 messages handled. The following were active at least 10 sessions: W1DVW, K1AEC, K1WZY, K11JV, W1ZPB. W1BVR reports that he is gradually getting settled at his new QTH in Hinsdale. The boys already have indicated they miss you, Perce. Many important appointments are open and need filling very badiy, We need your help so please write today. Don't wait. Traffic: K1JV 56, W1DVR 41, K1AEC 31, W4DWA 24, W1ZPB 10, WN1HHA 1.

NORTHWESTERN DIVISION

ALASKA—Acting SCM, Albert F. Weber, KL7AEQ-KL7DG, who had to give up the SCM post, will be Asst, SCM in the Anchorage area. We would like to hear from all Alaskan hams who are League members and interested in League appointments. The ARRL convention at Anchorage was a huge success and we were all happy to see John Huntoon and other League officials up here in the Northland, KL7EKZ has been transferred to Sitka, DXers who knew KL7ADR will be saddened to hear he was killed recently in an auto accident near Fairbanks, KL7COX is now operating from Nenna, KL7IS has retired from FAA and he and Flo, KL7DDB, are building a cabin across the lake. Their 2-meter signal is just as good from the new QTH into Fairbanks via McKinley, Nancy, KL7FCG, can be heard around 14.235 using VK7A and Sandy is holding down the homestead and cranky power plant at KL7EWH. Bill and Rose, ex-KL7AN and ZR, were up from Oregon for the Convention, Nenana was flooded recently and June, KL7-DEJ, flew down and with KL7DP moved the traffic to Fairbanks on 2. WICB/KL7 is back on the air. Would like to get news from all Alaska areas, How about club papers? Traffic : KL7CAH 94.

IDAHO—SCM, Donald A, Crisp, W7ZNN—The FARM Net convenes Mon. through Fri. on 3935 kc. at 0100 (4MT, W7DWE has a new NCX-3 mobile installation. K7UAE installed an end-fed long-wire. W7FBL is building a linear with two 4-440s. The Pocatello Club held a farewell dinner party for K7IMB, who is moving to Laramie, Wyo, K7LCW is pres, and Dave Blalock is secu,-treas, of the Pocatello Club. W7BDL built a nicesounding completely home-made s.s.b. station. W7IUO is a new OO, 175 annateurs and their families attended the W1MU Hanitest at Mack's Inn. W7DYG was elected pres. for 1988, replacing K7GOG, WA7HGV is a new ham at Soda Springs. K7CPC moved and is installing new antennas. WA7BDD made the BPL for the second month. Velma, W7YON, rode a motorcycle from Boise to the Yakima Hamfest, FARM Net report tor July: 19 sessions, 408 check-ins, 26 traffic handled. Traffic: WA7BDD 183, WA7EDO 50, W7ZNN 22, W7GGV 12, K7OQZ 12, K7OAB 6.

MONTANA-SCM, Joseph A. D'Arcy, W7TYN-Asst. SCM/SEC: Harry Roylance, W7RZY. OBSs: K7EGJ, K7UPH.

Montana Traffic Net	3910 kc.	1900	MDST	M-F
Montana PON	3885 kc.	0900	MDST	Sun.
Montana RACES	3996.5 kc.	0900	MDST	1-3 Sun.
Missoula Area Net	3990 kc.	0900	MDST	Sun.
Great Falls AREC Net	3910 kc.	0930	MDST	Sun.

WA7DMA is a new ORS. The hamfest held at Apgar in Glacier Park was a great success. The gang from Kalispell and Columbia Falls did a great job. Next year's hamfest will be on the Canadian side at Waterton Lukes and will be sponsored by the Alberta Relay League. The Gallatin Radio Club station, W7ED, has a new tri-band beam. WA7DCF is moving to Billings from Bozeman. W7CGG has moved from Helena to Bozeman, W7ROE has noved to Butte from Columbia Falls, W7CPS is back on the air with an HT-32, SX-115 station. W7NJI made two trips to San Diego during July to assist with planning of the new communications system for the U.S. Navy. The WIMU Hamfest this year was sponsored by Wyoming and K7GOG was pres. Next year it will be sponsored by Montan and W7WYG will be pres, WA7-FOB and W7TUO both operated portable from Seeley Lake on their vacations. Traffic: K7LDZ 20, K7EGJ 10, W7FL 8.

OREGON—SCM, Dale T. Justice, K7WWR—RM: W7ZFH, PAM; K7RQZ, Section nets inviting your participation:

Net	Freg.	Time	Days	Net Mgr.
AREC BSN	3875 kc. 3825 kc.	0200Z	Daily	WA7AHW
OSN	3585 kc.	0030Z-1900Z 0200Z	Daily TueSat.	K7IFG W7ZFH

WA7AHW reports for the AREC Net. July, sessions 31, check-ins 562, traffic 11, contacts 65, QSTs 5, maximum number of counties 15, K7IFG reports for BSN, June, sessions 60, traffic 150, contacts 182, check-ins 911, WA7-HYP is sending code practice on 3643 kc, and 7063 kc, at 2100 Pacine Time Wed, and Sat. Speeds of 10, 15, 20, and 25 w.p.m. are sent for ten minutes each. WA7CPI has a linear now with a pair of 4-125s, WA7BYP is also going high power with a homebrew pair of 811s. New hams in Grants Pass are WN7HRG and WN7HYE. WA7GFS is portable at Baltimore, Md., where he is going to school, WA7CIP is on 2-meter 1.m. aud working Pendleton and The Dalles via the repeater. K7RXV, portable at El Paso, has been on 20 meters telephone relaying. K7RQZ keeps knocking on the BPL door, but still hasn't made it. K7KWR is now located in Forest Grove. Traffic: (July) K7RQZ 404, WA7BYP 198, W7ZB 143, K7IFG 112, WA7CIP 66, K7WWR 66, WA7DOX 33, WA7DPK 26, W7DEM 11, WA7GFS 10, K7KPT 8, WA7-CPI 6, WA7EES 5, W7MLIJ 5, (June) W7ZB 104.

WASHINGTON—SCM, William R. Watson, K7JHA— SEC: W7UWT. RM: K7CTP. PAM: W7BUN.

WSN	3535 kc.	0200Z	Daily Traffic 482, QNI 342, Sess. 31
NTN	3970 kc.	1830Z	Daily Trathc 547, QNI 920, Sess. 31
WARTS	3970 kc.	0100Z	Daily Traffic 134, QNI 1261, Sess. 26

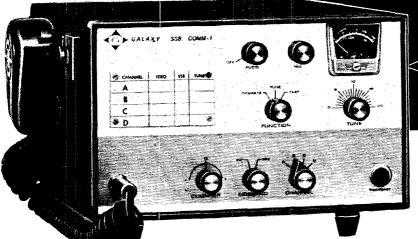
WARTS 3970 kc. 0100Z Daily Traffic 134, QNI 1261, Sess. 26 The Washington State Hamfest, sponsored jointly by WARTS, NTN, CBN, and supported by the Puget Sound Council of Amateur Radio Clubs, kicked off a busy month. ARRL, QCWA and Eyebank Net displays trimmed the lobby at the Yakima County Fairgrounds. Compliments to the Yakima Club on the planning and arrangements. New officers of the WARTS Net-Directors: WTIEU, NW: WZELZ, SW: WATDXI, NE: K7-RAO, SE: Director at large, K7MIGA: mgr., K7YFJ; secy., K7JAJ, recorder, W7MCW, Charter Life Members of ARRL reported to date: K7YFJ, W7JWJ, W0JAN/7, W7UU, K7JHA, WA7DXI, WATDTO signed for 5 years. W7PGY, K7JHA and W7SAB attended the Alaska Convention. Main speaker at the Tacoma Club in July was State C.D. Radio Officer Don Downing, who has made himself available on request to address clubs throughout the state. The Dial Twisters of Spokane went over the top in ARRL membership. SCM K7JHA will attend the club's Oct, meeting, SEC W7UWT is moving ahead in reorganization of the AREC. The Walla Walla, New appointments: W7AG, W7AXT, W7PUL as OBSs; W7-PUL, WATDXI as OVSS, WSN Net members now are sporting new net certificates. Spokane hosted the NW QCWA meeting with 53 attending. K7EAM reports code and theory classes will be stated in Oct. hv the Spokane Amateur Radio Club. K7YDZ is a new OPS. The Skazit Club continues week-end camp outings. W7REC/K7KXN toured Reno. W7GSP is building a new DX site. K7YDZ got his WAC and worked YJ1 and DL2. OBS WITEU has been busy filling in on transmissions for other nets during vacations. OC W7AXT worked over his measureinent gear and OO W7HDL sends in another FB report. J7MGA reports a new call for the week-end retreat at High Vall-y Park near Packwood is WA7HYB. WA7DXI refurms from a vacation in K6-Land to help with Boy Sout Jamboree station K7WSJ via the 2-meter link. K7VWB is pitching in with an FB assist to the Scours. W7ZIW now has QSK. W7DZX says. "Too many cherries this season." W7RXH finally got the beam up and a 40-meter dipo

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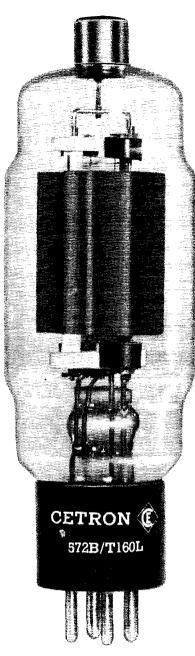
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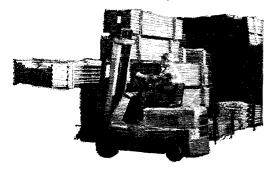
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e.d. W7BTB is shuttling traffic back and forth to Alaska, K7KSF/KSE left for San Jose, K7VNV is working on a new 6-meter repeater at Rattlesnake Mountain, W7OEB new 6-meter repeater at Rattlesnake Mountain. W7OEB and WA7GCW worked Field Day at Farracut, hiabo, Appointments are open as OVSs. Traffic: (July) W7BA 1887, K7TCY 589, W7HMA 823, W7ZIW 786, W7PI 323, W7JEY 322, K7CTP 222, WA7DXI 169, W7BTB 105, W7AXT 96, W7DZX 92, K7JHA 88, W7MCW 60, W7IEU 53, WA7EDQ 50, W7AIB 31, W7APS 31, W7AMC 27, K7-MGA 27, W7UU 17, W7OEB 16, W7PGY 14, W7RXH 11, K7UIJ 9, K7YDZ 9, WA7EMM 8, (June) W7OEB 66, W7AIB 10, K7MGA 9.

PACIFIC DIVISION

PACIFIC DIVISION FAST BAY—SCM, Richard Wilson, K6LRN—W6EY sends his report from Expo 67. Vice-Director W62F sends his report on a 20-year-old Form 1 and says he is getting his gear ready for winter operations. Last sends has report on a LAK's Field Day operation from Camp Parks. W60A's XYL now has her General manager of NCN/2, the slow-speed section of NCN, and hade 124.4K QSOs in the July CD. WB6FHH made 121K in the same test and then took off for a vacation at table. W6UB and others in the San Leandro Amateur have Net man enter the San Leandro and originated in the same test and then took off for a vacation at table. W6UB and others in the San Leandro at the Bay-har Shopping Center in San Leandro and originated at Y store and worked with the NBARA providing July activities communications in Valeio. W6HUY, Napa-have has his rig operative again. WA6RRH still is plugging why at BARN, How about giving Chuck a blast of the USS Repose and USS Sacctuary, in July bis with 128 completed and in June 82 with 85 com-pleted, WB6FCQ is on wo operating with a 100V-6004 with out of the 74 ARRI sections. We did not gain and bis for the VSS Repose and USS Sacctuary, in July bis with 128 completed and in June 82 with 85 com-pleted, WB6FCQ is on PAN. The East Bay section was with out of the 74 ARRI sections. We did not gain and bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain at bis of the VA BARL sections. We did not gain a WA6RRH 4. (June) W6TYM 92.

HAWAII-SCM, Lee R. Wical, KH6BZF-SEC: KH6GHZ. PAM: Vacant. V.H.F. PAM: KH6EEM, RM: KH6GGR.

Net	Freq. (Mc.)	Time ((IMT)	Days
League Appointces	7.290	0700Z	Wed
Friendly Net	7.290	2030Z	M-F
Pacific Interisland	(4.330	0830Z	All

Pacific Interialand (1.330 0.800Z All Pacific Interialand (1.330 0.800Z All A recent trip took me to W6-. G-. 9-. 8-. 4-. 3-. 2-. 1-. VE1-. VE2-. W7- and XE1-Lands. Met K8HQR, W800H, W8NTZ, hubby and XYL team W8SZU/W8-EFB, K8KEM, K8PSM, drove past W8TNZ, called WB6WEG, ex-kH6FIP, missed kH6EPW and KH6-FBJ/3, visited WA6QHQ, K6UJW and W1AW. When my family and 1 arrived at Montreal Expo 67 was just as 302B5K pictured it on the June '67 QST cover. The Hawaii QSO Party logs and QSLs are rolling in. KH6-At has been on with his new KWM-2, KH6BZF spoke at the recent Central Pacific ARC meeting at Kemoo Farms. KH6GEW was TAD/TDY to KL7-Land and has returned to our sunny shores. KH6FON moved with his family to No. Car. KH6GAJ is off to school in St. Louis. Remember the FEARL in Japan meets regularly ench 2nd Fri. of the month. The Scholield Bks Educa-tion Center (East) just finished another radio class. KH6FQC is on the West Coast. Ex-KH6CRL mans KR6U8A, the U.S. Army StratComm station on Oki-nawa. W0HDO/KH6 has completed a new linem, KH6-GHZ, CHC No. 289, made FHC No. 1229. KC6FPE has 'closed down on Ponape because of the closing of the Pacific Scatter system that linked Onhu, Kauau, Mid-wry, Wake, Guain, Ponape, Koror and Okinawa on 50.0 Mic. KH6GGR writes that W60UL and his XYL wre Hawaiian house guests. W6RGG was in the islands attend-ing the ABA Convention. WB4DW9/Y4TW, ex-tkH6 EWD, ex-WA4CLK and ex-WA2OMH, writes from Trin-dad, W1, KH6ID recently returned from KA2JJ/Fuchu Air Station. KH6DQ, KH6CLJ and KH6COB all work at Waipahu Garage. W4UAF/KH6 is recuperating from surgery. Traffic: (July) KH6EDQ 40.

NEVADA—SCM, Leonard M. Norman, W7PBV—SEC: WA7BEU. The southernmost amateur in Nevada is K7JUN, K7RKH and family are visiting in W4-Land, W7TVF still is providing contacts for those needing Nevada DX and stateside. W7PRM and family are vis-iting in the Northwestern Division. The Southern Ne-

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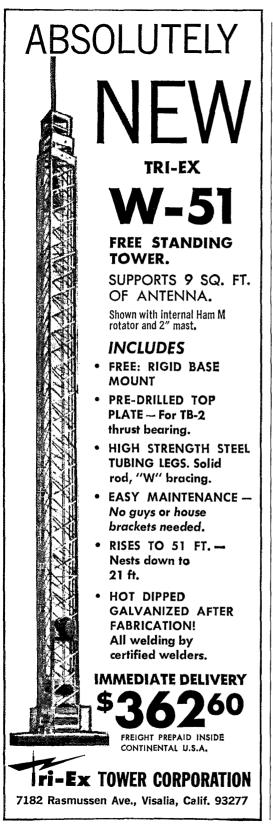
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vada f.m. group has its repeater 146.94 receive and 147.5 transmit located on a hill between North Las Vegas and Boulder City which provides coverage for most of Southern Nevada, WTBIF is looking for more Collins gear to complete his home station. NARA members are coming out with new QSL cards, thanks to one of the local clubs, WTVYC is a local pilot and is looking forward to being checked out in a glider. W7JU is on s.s.b. WTYRY has a model 15 teletypewriter.

SACRAMENTO VALLEY—SCM, John F. Minke, III, WA6JDT—SEC: WB6HWB, ECs: WB6MND, K6HIW, WB6RSY, W6SMU, WA6TQJ. RM: W6LNZ, The ARPSC Bulletin has just been distributed. Section standings for AREC activities shows sacramento Valley in 2nd place in its class (13th last year) and 2nd place overall. Last year we placed 53rd overall! We can thank the prompt and consistant reporting of our SEC and ECs for this great improvement. Let's get behind our SEC and ECs and give them support. As for NTS activities we wait from 53rd to 51st place. To all trathc-handlers: Please report your traffic coint to me so we can credit it to the section. WB6QZZ, in Anderson, is a new ORS. The RAMIS held its July 4th Outing at Grover Hot Springs in Alpine County. That should have driven the rare county hunters wild! WA6FWU is enjoying 6-meter activity in Soda Springs. WA6CXB is now chief NCS of the SCEN. WB6HPP put up a new 20-meter beam. WB6VBB is now on s.s.b. in Carmichael. K61KV has been handling traffic from W61LZ/6 at the Loon Lake Boy Scout camp, Winter is approaching—let's get those untennas in shape before the rains (or snow at WA6-FWU's QTH). Traffic: (July) W6LNZ 145, WA6JDT 40, K61KV 18, K6YZU 5, WB6EAG 4, WB6MIXD 3, WA6-CXB 1, W6VUZ 1. (June) W6NKR 7.

KeliSV 16, KéyZU 5, WB6EAG 4, WB6MXD 3, WA6-CXB 1, W6VUZ 1. (June) W6NKR 7. SAN FRANCISCO-SCM, Hugh Cassidy, WA6AUD-WB6QAT has his Viking 11 working hie after some modifications and is working the high-speed c.w. San Francisco moved from 48th to 37th place in 1966 in the staudings of the ARL sections for traffic-han-dling. Big traffic totals from W6WLV, W6KVQ and W6JXK helped move the section way up. W6CYO has gone the full Collins line and is looking for more DX after making the DXCC. K6TZN and W6KVQ can be heard as net controls on the Mission Trail Net. Check-ing into and handling traffic on the Northern Calif. Net are W46BYZ, W6WLV and W61XK. Mlore check-ins to this traffic system are needed-especially Marin and Mendocino Counties. W6DTV has been operating por-table from Old Station on the north slopes of Mt. Lassen. The Tri-County Emergency Net Pienic was held in Crescent City Aug. 6 with a good turnout. WB6GYT still is waiting for orders from the U.S. Navy. W6PTS and WB6UJO both put up 54-ft. crank-up towers on the same wcek end with the same crew. WB6WDP has a new call-W62C. K6MIND, of Mill Valley, became a Silent Key, WA6ALK and W60DL are looking for band openings with a new Heath Scanalyzer. K6TWJ con-tinues to be a faithful check-in with the Golden Bear Net. The Tamalpais Radio Club held an outing at Lake Berryessa in Aug. The Marin Club continues to turn out large attendances at its meetings. Seen at the Pacific/ Southwestern Division Convention were W6PTS, WB6 UJO and WA6AUD. In between DXing W6GPB has filled out the gaps in his 38-year collection of QSTs, WA6IVM scored second highest in the 1966 All-Asia DX Context. The Sam Francisco Section Net continues to meet Mon, and Fri. at 1830 local time on 3900 kc. W6 BWV reports lots of 2-meter f.m. activity in the Hum-bold tarea on 146.760 Mc., also that the Humboldt Ra-dio Club is planning a 2-meter repeater. W6BDGJ worked a maritime mobile well off the Californin Coast on 2 meters for some exciting DX. WA6PYN finds 6 meters is opening more frequ

SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY-SCM, Ralph Saroyan, W6JPU-SEC: WA6BUH. ECs: WB6TFU, W6ARE, W6A7ZN, ORSS: K6KOL. K60ZL. WB6MZU. WA6TZN, W6ADB, WB6HVA. WA6SCE. WA6TZN nearly lost his excitation surfing at Waikiki. K6JQT is now located in Stockton usung an SB-100. W6TFD has a new EICO 753. WB6LQL is in the Air Force. WB6JOQ is on 2 meters. WA6ZLP is having mobile difficulties. W6DKI is having loading problems, and getting them solved. WB6UWM is now a General. WB6PGS is mobile with a Lincoln transceiver. The Delta Amateur Radio Club en-





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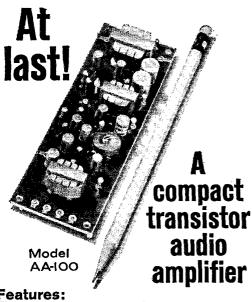
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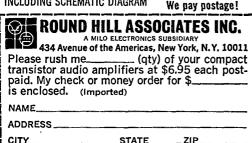
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joyed a very successful Field Day with very good results joyed a very successful Field Day with very good results on 2 meters and reports more contacts were made on that band than ever before, K60ER is notive in Navy NARS, using a Clegg 22 on 2 meters. WB6ETQ is mo-biling in Alaska on 20 and 40 meters, WB6IRL has a Swan 350 and installed an Alternator in his VW. W6-KOK is playing with RTTY with success. W6EYU is on 10 meters working DX. This is the middle of summer, and activities seem to be slow. Take time out and drop me a line regarding your activities. Traffic: WB6HVA 541, W6ADB 491, K6KOL 44, WA6SCE 11.

me a line regarding your activities. Traine: WBORVA 541, W6ADB 491, K6KOL 44, WA6SCE 11. SANTA CLARA VALLEY-SCM, Jean A, Gmelin, W6ZRJ-Asst. SCM: Ed Turner, W6NVO, SEC: W6-VZE, RM: W6QMO, W6AUC reports that he telephone relayed with YV11K/5 in Caracas concerning heavy earthquakes involving property damage and injuries. Most of the traffic was for W6CQK, who had just re-turned from Venezuela, K6DYX informs us that the club station of the Naval Post Grad School in Monterey, K6LY, has a new project for making 2-meter trans-ceivers. All participating live within a few blocks of each other, which makes it easy for the gang to get together. W6RFF reports that he has held his ORS since 1940 and renews again this year. W6VZE is busy making plans with the clubs and sends in a nice SEC report. ECs reporting this month are W6PLS, Half Moon Bay; W861ZF, South Monterey County; W6DEF, Redwood City; W6ASH, Palo Alto/Mountain View/Los Altos; W6YBT, Pacifica; K6BDK, Santa Cruz and W6VZE for Burlingame. If your area is not listed, con-tact us for EC information, W6RSY vacationed the lat-ter part of July, but still made the HEL. W6YBY is active on NTS nets. W6DEF reports that WA6LFA is now active cu NCN from Mountain View, Hal is busy making AREC plans for the coming year. W6PLS re-ports that DX is slow during the summer but Gene is busy with many activities, W6MVL was the main speak-er at the SCARA meeting, W6RFI is busy building a new product detector and works 75-meter phone. W6YHM is using a Boehme keyre and likes the sound of his "new fist." The July PARRA meeting was devoted to club organization and business. The main speak-er or the July meeting of the SCARS was Jim Leper, who spoke on electronics in air polution work. Traffic: W6RSY 891, W6YBV 377, W6DEF 13. works out, including of the berndoway was will be et. who spoke on electronics in air polution work. Traffic: W6RSY 891, W6YBV 377, W6DEF 132, W6PLS 36, K6-DYX 23, W6VZE 14, W6RFF 6, W6ZRJ 3.

ROANOKE DIVISION

NORTH CAROLINA-SCM, Barnett S. Dodd, W4-BNU-Asst, SCM: James O. Pullman, WA4FJM, SEC: WA4LWE, RM: K4CWZ, PAM: WA4JT, V.H.F. PAM: W4HJZ, The N.C. Section NTS Picnic was held at Mor-row Mountain State Park July 23 with W4KFC. Roanoke Division Director; W4GF, of FCC; W4ACY, Vice-Director; and W4ZMI, Asst, Director, as guests of honor, About 70 netters and their families, including some visit-ing trafficers from S.C. and Virging enjoyed the fea-About 70 netters and their families, including some visit-ing trailickers from S.C. and Virginia, enjoyed the fes-tivities. W4EVN and WA4VTV were presented the N.C. Service Award and Trophy. W4NQA is the publisher of Smoke Test, the FB club bulletin of the Buncombu-County ARC of Asheville, WA4NEZ, Asst, EC of the Rockingham County AREC, has a new Swan 250 for 6 meters, W44KWC recently had an article published in another ham magazine, K4EO has received his 500 County Award certificate, WB4BGL says he finally broke 100k in the C.W. CD Party, W4NQA has been appointed OO and W4YMI OBS.

Net	Freq.	Time	Days	OTC	Mar.
NCN(E)	3573 kc.	2230Z	Daily	128	W41RE
THEN	3865 kc.	0030Z	Daily	105	WA4GMC
NCN(L)	3573 kc.	0200Z	Daily	85	WA4CFN
SSBN (June)	3938 kc.	2330Z	Daily	31	WA4LWE

Traffic: WB4BGL 260, WA4CFN 122, W4EVN 102, W4-RWL 82, W4LWZ 71, WA4VNV 52, K4CWZ 32, K4EO 30, WA4FJM 29, WA4ZLK 27, K4TTN 24, W4UWS 20, W4BNU 18, W4ACV 6, W4NAP 3, WA4KWC 2, K4ZKQ 2,

SOUTH CAROLINA-SCM, Clark M. Hubbard, K4-LNJ-SEC: WA4ECJ, Asst. SEC: W4WQM. RM: K4-LND. PAM: WA4EFP.

SCN 3795 kc. SCSSBN 3915 kc. 0100Z/0400Z May Traffic 119 May Traffic 109 Daily Daily 0100Z

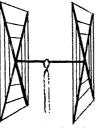
The Greenville V.H.F. Society will hold a V.H.F. Con-vention on Nov. 5 in Duncan, S.C., at the Byrnes High School, WA4LTS and the members have an excellent program organized. RACES and AREC members met at the Canden Picnic Aug. 13, WA4YAU is on 6 meters with a new beam, K4LNU and WA4MITO have beams on 2 meters. WB4DOT is back on after being QRT by lightning. WN4GOF is a new Novice in Anderson, WB4-DXX is aging a 758-1 fast on the SCN, SCSSBN, 4RN

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CUBICAL QUAD ANTENNAS these two element beams have a full wavelength driven element and a reflector; the gain is equal to that of a three element beam and the directivity appears to us to be excep-



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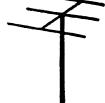
- Elements: A full wavelength driven element and reflector for each band.
- Frequencies: 14-14.4 Mc.; 21-21.45 Mc., 28-29.7 Mc.
- Dimensions: About 16' square.
- Power Rating: 5 KW.
- **Operation Mode: All.**
- SWR: 1.05:1 at resonance.
- Boom: $10' \times 11'_{4}''$ OD, 18 gauge steel, double plated, gold color.
- Beam Mount: Square aluminum alloy plate, with four steel U-bolt assemblies. Will support 100 lbs.; universal polarization.
- Radiating elements: Steel wire, tempered and plated, .064" diameter.
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- Radiator Terminals: Cinch-Jones twoterminal fittings.
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4 El 20	32*	4 El 6	15
2 El 15	. 12	8 El 6	28*
3 El 15	16	12 E1 2	25*
4 El 15		*20′ boom	
5 El 15	. 28*	·20 D0011	

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and EAN, W4NTO reports only 3 Novices among 122 cardis from his OOing, K4VVE has been appointed ORS, HAIIAB will attend the University of S.C. Traffic: WB4DXX 116, K4VVE 73, WA4UDC 56, WB4BZA 52, WA4XWI 50, W4AVO 32, K4LNJ 31, W4FVV 18, W4-PED 13. W4JA 10.

VIRGINIA—SCM, H. J. Hopkins, W4SHJ—SEC: K4LMB, RM: WA4EUL, PAM: W40KN, Members again are reminded that activity reports that are postmarked or filed as messages after the fifth of the month are or filed as messages after the fifth of the mouth are often not carried with the preceding month's reports; get your reports to the SCM prior to the seventh of each month. Director W4KFC has been busy traveling to meetings and hanfests throughout the division. W4XM still is trying to make the BPL. WA2UFI is now signing WB4GTS. K4MLC is now the VSN manager. W8FCI got his old call back: K4TSJ. W4SHJ is absent from the 80-meter nets because of antenna problems. Travel, heat, vacations and summer work still prevail as the chief causes of low activity. K4BAV is in (or on the way to) Viet Nam. Be prepared to voice your opinions on the value of adjusting net operating times during summer periods. Virginia net frequencies:

	(summer schedule)
80	2230-2330 daily GMT
35	2200 & 0200 daily GMT
35	7 P.M. local daily

36 39

28

 Traffic: (July) W4ZM 340, K4CG 296, WA4DXJ 218, W4-R11A 195, W4NLC 156, WA4EUL 135, W4DVT 105, K4-KNP 91, K4FS 82, WB4GTS 70, W4OKN 59, W4MIUJ 56, WB4DRB 33, W4IA 30, W4BZE 22, WA4FCS 22, WB6DC1/4 22, W4KFC 19, K4ANLC 18, WA4WFQ 17, K4TSJ 16, WA4PBG 10, W4TE 9, K4ASU 7, K4GR 7, WA4WQG 7, K4CR 6, W4QDF 6, W4AIK 4, W4LK 2, WA4DJ 1, W4KC 1, W4PTR 1, WA4QOC 1, (June) K4CG 245, W4IA 29, WA4FCS 11, W4OWE 1, (May) W4IA 38.

WEST VIRGINIA—SCM, Donald B. Morris, W8JM —SEC: W8IRN. RMs: W8HZA, K8TPF, PAMS: K8-CHW, W8IYD, W8SSA. Congratulations to W8SSA on a hue job as SEC over a long period. Because of an m-creased work load Keith felt it necessary to resign. Your new SEC is W8IRN, of South Charleston, W8GUL was quite active in the Monogalia Measles Vaccination Drive, furnishing communications for the County, Hooth Don't new SEC IS WSIKN, Of South Charleston, W8GUL was quite active in the Monogalia Measles Vacination Drive, furnishing communications for the County Health Dept. W8SQO assisted WA8POS with a new antenna for traffic work in WVN and 8RN, K8MQB and K8B1T toured vacation spots in the East with trailer and mobile gear. W8JM was guest speaker at the Sept. meeting of the Kanawha Radio Club, WA8KUW, formerly of Wheeling, now is WA3ILB in Penna. WA8RQB reports the WVN Phone Net had 19 sessions, 443 stations and 81 messages. Active in the Powder Puff Derby communications at Martinsburg were W8AEC, WA8FSER, WA8DOY, K8-WXB, K8SDI, EKKML, K8UXP, K8QYG, All QCWA members are invited to attend the Dinner in Charleston in Oct. Contact W8HZA or W8QR for details. Traffic: WA8FOS 168, W8SQO 74, W8CKX 55, W63UL 54, WA8-RQB 36, K8MYU 34, W8IMX 22, K8BIT 15, WA8IMX 7, K8CHW 5, W8IYD 5, W8IM 5, K8CPT 4, K8MQB 4, WA3FKB/8 3, W.18KQX 3, WA8NDY 2, WA8PKM 12, W8CUL 1, WA8IMP 1, W8FGD 1, K80QL 1, WA8RZM 1, W8TGF 1, W8VKP 1.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

COLORADO-SCM. Richard Hoppe, KØFDH-Asst. SCM: A. Hankinson, WAONQL. SEC: WØSIN. PAM: WOCXW. RM: WAQLCM. Nets:

Colorado Weather Net	3945 kc. 6:30 л.м. daily
High Noon Net	7020 kc. noon M-S
Columbine Net	3989.5 kc. 8:00 p.m. M-S
Evergreen Net	3808 kc. 9:00 p.m. daily
Colorado Code Net	3780 kc. 6:30 p.m. daily
Sleepyhead Net	3820 kc. 7:00 A.M.? daily
Colorado Emergency Phone Net	3890 kc. 8:00 A.M. Sun.

Summer doldrums and QRN are taking their usual toll Summer sounds and every severally pleased with the recently-formed Evergreen Net set up to handle regional incoming traffic. Congratulations to the new net manager. WAOPGM, for keeping the average net time to 12 minutes while handling 140 pieces of formal traffic with a QTC of 361. As per usual, KØYFK wins another BPL award for his work on the Weather Net, WØIES and KØSZQ worked themselves hard but stopped just short of BPL. Because of my vacation and illness in my family I regret the scanty coverage of last month but want to thank the scarty coverage of last month but want to thank all of you who helped during my absence. Traffic: (July) KØYFK 740. KØZSQ 462. WØIES 458. WAØLCM 96, WAØJTB 35. WOWYX 78. KØDCW 68. WØUAT 34. WAØJTB 17. KØSPR 12. KØECR 7. (June) WAØLCM 91, WAØMNL 91.

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NEW MEXICO-SCM. Bill Farley, WA5FLG-SEC: W5ALL, PAM: WA5MCX, Welcome to a new OBS, WA5-STC Within Alamogordo, He is very active with the South-western Fone Net ou 40 meters, Why don't you make it a point to check in the net at 18307, W8BZY/5 has moved to Florida. We wish him and luck and hearty thanks for his excellent work while here in New Mexico. We for his excellent work while here in New Mexico, We will miss Jim and his strong signal on the Roadrunner and TWN Nets, W5PTQ is now a resident of the Island of Guam. It you wish to hear of the latest happening-on the island look around 14.294 or 21.294 every evening. Congratulations to Rose Stewart, WA5ALX, Rose has been awarded the Rocky Mountain PICON placque for this year. She has been active in the Las Cruces Area Emergency Net and helps out on 75 meters when needed. This is my last article as your SCM. Thanks for every This is my last article as your SCM. Thanks for every-This is in a later of the as your SOM, I minks for every-thing these past two years. I have enjoyed serving you. Traffic: K5DAB 57, WA5LFX 55, WA5FLG 32, W5DMG 25, W5NUI 13, WA5MCX 7, W5PNY 7, WA5MIY 4, W45RBU 3.

UTAH—SCM, Gerald F. Warner, W7VSS—SEC: W7-WKF, RM: W70CX, Traffic nets:

BUN	Daily	7272 kc.	1830Z
UARN	SatSun.	3987.5 kc.	1400Z
URN	MonFri	145.2-146.8 Mc.	0030Z
URN	MonFri	145.2-146.8 Mc.	0030Z

W7RQT is the recipient of the 1966 PICON award in Utah. Pat has a long history of service to his fellow amateurs, as well as to the public in traffic and emergency work. A good-sized crowd from Utah was in at-tendance at the WIMU Hamfest at Mac's Inn, Idaho, Idaho. All hands reported having a great time at WIACS hin, idaho. All hands reported having a great time at WIAU despite some unforecasted rain. Utah will not have a summer ham-fest, but will instead, have a "Hamvention" at Provo, Utah, during Feb. 1968, sponsored by the Utah Council of Amateur Radio Clubs, Contact N7JLF for details, Traffic: K7RAJ 183, W7LQE 121, W7OCX 82.

WYOMING-SCM, Wayne M. Moore, W7CQL-SEC: W7YWE, RM: WA7CLF, PAMs: W7TZK, K7SLM. OBSs: W7TZK, K7SLM, K7NQX, Nets: Pony Express, Sun. at 0830 on 3920: YO, daily at 1830 on 3810; Jacka-lope Mon, through Sat. at 1215 on 7255, Wx Net, 0630 Mon, through Sat. on 3920. New appointment: K7NQX as OBS. Notice the listing of the Wx Net. It started out so a upintor wat and mon't dia down for the summer as OBS. Notice the listing of the Wx Net. It started out as a winter net and won't die down for the summer. It saddens me to report that K7OWW, Capt. Bill Graves, Was killed in a plane in Viet Nam the latter part of July. WA7BJZ is taking his Army basic training at Ft. Leonard Wood. KTUJ is back on the air, KGUVJ/1 has a new station on the air, Keep the monthly reports cards coming so we can have news of your area in this column. The Casper Club is busy remodeling its club house to accommodate the new transceiver. Traffic: K7NQX 732. WTTZK 44, WA7CLF 40, W7NKR 19, W7YWW 19, K7-QJW 18, K7VWA 18, WA7BPO 17, W7VJI 17, K7KSA 15, K7SLM 11, K7POX 7, W7HAB 2, K7RFL 2. was killed in a plane in Viet Nam the latter part of July.

SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION ALABAMA—SCM, Edward L, Stone, K4WHW—SEC: W4FPI, PAM: WA4EEC, 1kM: WA4ENA. The Huntsville ARC presented its annual "Outstanding Amateur" Award to WA4WED. Congratulations also to W4PKA, of De-eatur, who was awarded a citation for Outstanding Ser-vice as Communications Officer by the Alabama Civil Detense Association. We welcome back to the ranks of amateur radio after an absence of 42 years, John Black-man (3AJA), now on c.w. as W4LYJ from Dothan. Old-timers may remember him from NSS and NAA during the "Twenties." Hats off to the AENA and all its fine members, They averaged over 10 traffic per ses-sion every day during the entre month of July. The big during the Twentles. They averaged over 10 traffic per ses-sion every day during the entire month of July. The big event for the week end of Oct. 28:30 is the 2nd Annual Alabama QSO Party. Work any 24 hours of the 30-hour period between 2000 Oct. 28 and 0200 Oct. 30. Keep those Form I reports coning in Let's get credit for all our efforts. Please send them by the 5th of each month. Trailie: (July) V4FVY 165. K4AOZ 150. WA4EYO 150. WA4UXC 146, K4GXS 101, WB4EKK 89. WA4EXA 86, K4BSK 74. WB4BLX 65, WA4GGD 55. WB4DCR 53, WB4CYU 37. WB4EKJ 28, K4UPL 28. W4MML 20, W4-DGH 15. W44ROP 13. K4UUC 10, WB4CII 8, W4YRM 8, K4HJM 7. W4FPI 6, K4KJD 5, WA4DBQ 4, (June) WB4DGF 70, WB4BLX 32, K4UPL 17, WA4ZFA 6.

ALABAMA OSO PARTY

see page 138



THIS NEW ANTENNA MIGHT BE A LITTLE AHEAD OF ITS TIME-THE SPECS ARE CONSERVATIVE!

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Cat. No. 390-509, Frequency Range 150-174 Mc*

Designed expressly for point-to-point communication where the half-power points must not exceed 80° in the horizontal plane, Cat. No. 390-509 undirectional antenna has a gain of 8.0 dbd (As per EIA RS-329), and front-to-back ratio of 20.0 db. Rated wind velocity is 100 mph.

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with N	leoprene Housing	N.
VSWR		2
BANDWIDTH		

Mechanical Specifications

ELEMENT MATERIAL	
ELEMENT SUPPORT1-1/16" dia. Aluminum Pipe	i.
ELEMENT SUPPORT LENGTH	•
RATED WIND VELOCITY	恼
LATERAL THRUST AT RATED WIND	ķ
WEIGHT	6 7

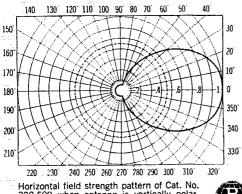
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390-509 when antenna is vertically polarized. A dipole pattern is shown for reference.



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Power Rating	2000 Watts P.E.P.	tactor. New end
El. Length	11'	loading for max-
Turn, Radius	7'	imum radiation efficiency. No center loading.
Total Weight	11 lbs.	Model B-24
Single Feed Line SWR at Resonance	52 ohm 1.5 to 1.0 max.	Net \$59.95
Still at Resources	1.0 10 1.0	
Power Rating	2000 Watts P.E.P.	. 1
Total Weight Height Single Feed Line SWR at Resonance M Ser	5 lbs. 11' 52 ohm 1.5 to 1.0 max. odel C4 Net \$34 od for Free Brock stocking distribrect from factory ur Qth if in Cont	4.95 Hure utor near you we pay inental U. S. A.

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ALABAMA QSO PARTY

Oct. 28-30, 1967

Sponsored by the Huntsville Amateur Radio Club, the second annual Alabama QSO Party will take place from 2000 GMT Oct. 28 to 0200 GMT Oct. 30 (operate any 24 hours out of the 30 hour period). *Rules:* Contacts will be between Alabama sta-

Rules: Contacts will be between Alabama stations and stations outside Alabama, or between two Alabama stations. Suggested frequencies: 3577 3965 7040 7230 14.060 14.290 21.040 21.390 28.600, 50.550 and 145.350 kc. as well as all Novice bands. (*Please listen carefully and avoid nets.*) Exchange QSO and county (tor Alabama stations) or ARRL section or country name. Outside stations score 3 points per Alabama QSO multiplied by the number of Alabama counties worked (total of 67). Alabama stations score one point per QSO. All foreign countries are grouped together and a multiplier of no more than one (per band) may be claimed for contacts with all foreign stations worked. The score is the number of exchanges multiplied by the number of ARRL sections worked plus one for all foreign countries worked. (The same station may be worked once per band.) Phone and c.w. are to be considered the same contest. Appropriate certificates will be awarded high scorers and a trophy will go to the highest Alabama and outside stations. Logs should include a score computation and be postmarked no later than Dec. 4, 1967. (include an s.a.s.e. if final results are desired). No logs will be returned. Send logs to the club c/o Pnil Irvine, WA4RBH, 2103 Suzanne Terr. N.W., Huntsville, Ala. 35810.

CANAL ZONE—Acting SCM, Russell E. Oberholtzer, KZ50B—SEC: KZ5MV, RM: KZ5FX. Our 73 and 88 to Lil and Ben Smith (KZ5TT and KZ5LT) for a job well done. Our loss is Texas' gmin, KZ5JJ, kZ5QN and KZ5WR put up new towers, KZ5JF is QSY to Westover AFB, Mass, KZ5JC mobiled to Guatemala for a vacation. WA4KXC, of Mobile, Ala., visited KZ5IQ. The CZARA discussed plans for a QSO Party. The CARC meets each Tue, on 28.9 at 1900 EST. New KZ5s are KZ5BXN, KZ5SA and KZ5WD. Tratlic: KZ5SF 426, KZ5OA 100, KZ5CT 33, KZ5OB 18, KZ5AJ 12, KZ5FX 12, KZ5WR 12,

EASTERN FLORIDA—SCM, Jesse H. Morris, W4-MVB—SEC: W41YT. Asst. SEC: W4FP. RM C.W.: W41LE, RM RTTY: W4RWM, PAM S.S.B.: W40GX. PAM 40M: W4SDR, PAM 75M: W4TUB, V.H.F. PAM: WABMC, WA40HO is off to the Carribean and WA4-JYB is off to Mesico tor vacations. The lead story of the month is of the Silver Springs ARC of Ocala. These rellows, headed by K4ANJ, have built a complete club house and station including a 21-Me, rhomhic over a thousand feet long to run traffic tor servicemen in Viet Nam. Although this communication takes place on MARS frequencies (the only frequencies available at this time for third-party traffic to much of the Far East) it is no less an amateur venture. As a matter of fact, it is a story of amateur radio and the local entrens working together on a public service project. The land and much of the equipment and supplies came from local business men and merchants. The rest came from local business men and the sume time get some good publicity for amateur radio. Hats off to the Silver Springs ARC. Traffic: (July) WAARQR 909, WA4BMC 516, WA4SCK 443, WAANEV 345, WB4AIW 244, W4FPC 132, K4COO 125, W4AD 122, WB4DSP 113, WA4FGH 108, W41LE 92, W4AKB 89, W4MVB 89, W4SDR 80, WA4IJH 77, WA4-NBT 76, WA4DEL 75, W4EHW 73, WA4VDC 33, W4-ZAK 33, WA4CIQ 23, K41LB 22, WA4JYB 28, W447WD 40, W4SMK 39, WA4BGW 37, W4NGR 35, W4VDC 33, W4PC 27, W4TRS 25, WA4EYU 24, K41PS 24, WA4VZD 23, W4PC 27, W4TRS 25, WA4EYU 24, K41PS 24, WA4VZD 23, W4PC 27, W4TRS 25, WA4EYU 24, K41PS 24, WA4VZD 23, W4PC 27, W4TRS 25, WA4EYU 24, K41PS 24, WA4VZD 23, W4PC 27, W4TRS 25, WA4EYU 24, K41PS 24, WA4VZD 23, W4PC 27, W4TRS 25, WA4EYU 24, K41PS 24, WA4VZD 23, W4PC 27, W4TRS 25, WA4EYU 24, K41PS 24, WA4VZD 23, W4PC 27, W4TRS 25, WA4EYU 24, K41PS 24, WA4VZD 23, W4PC 27, W4TRS 25, WA4EYU 24, K41PS 24, WA4VZD 23, W4PC 27, W4TRS 25, WA4EYU 24, K41PS 24, WA4VZD 24, W4EYU 14, W4CWI 8, K4SEL 6, WA4NDE 16, W44EVQ 4, W4SHE 10, W4CWI 8, K4SEL 6, WA4NDE 16, W44EYU 48, W44EYU 14, W4CWI 13, W4EVG 14, W4FR 8, W44EYU 14, W4CWI 13, W4EVG 14, W4FR 8, W44EY

GEORGIA—SCM, Howard L. Schonher, W4RZI— Asst, SCM: James W. Parker, Sr., W4KGP, SEC: W4-DDY, RM: W4CZN, PAM: K4PKK, K4HQI reports that July was an excellent month for 50-Me. DX, All call areas were heard, plus CO VP7, VP9, YV, T1, HK, XE and VE. T12NA was worked with signals 20 over 9 at





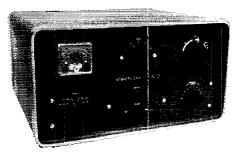
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times. WB4EMF increased activity and joined Army MARS. The Georgia Post Office Net has been organized under P.O. net rules and regulations coinciding with those of ARRL and international message-handling and net procedure. It is designated as a traffic net. K4FIR is the present net manager, WA4MDT is NCS and WA4-LMA alternate. The net meets each Sun, at 0900 EDST on 3900 kc. K4FIR is relatively inactive these days because of college work. W4HYW took part in the Minnesota and CH QSO Parties. W4LRR is enjoying 2-meter mobile f.m. K4TXK reports 2-meter activity good and DX FB with 12 watts. WB4EOQ has his General Class license and new R-4A and T-4X to TA-33 at 55-f. level. K4GCP was married recently. WA4NED has retired and goue into tull-turn hamming. W4UVD has his antenna up to 70 ft. WB4BCL is General Class. W4MZQ and WB4FMY are active on 2. The Gainesville Tech. School has a complete s.s. bation. Congratulations to K4TXK on his marriage June 23 to Jan Langtord. Traffic: W4FOE 814. W4C7N 144. K4BAI 115, WA4RAV 62. W4GXU 38. W4FDD 28. W4LLI 13, K4FLR 11, W4FQX 8, W4YE 7, WA4JES 5, W4RZL 5, K4AJF 2, K4TXK 1.

WESTERN FLORIDA-SCM, Frank M. Butler, Jr., W4RKH-SEC: W4IKB, PAM: WA4ZGI, RM: W4BVE, Section net reports:

Net WFPN QFN	Freg. 3957 kc. 3651 kc.	Time 2200Z 2230/0200Z	Days Daily	Sess. 31 62	0NI 500	0TC 70
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6

Pensacola: W7BNR/4 Inments the lack of West Fla, stations in the Phone CD Parties, W4DAO finally got back his rig that was stolen months nac. W4MS, K4KIF, K4PIN and K4RUG are hunting DX on 6-meter s.s.b. K4SOI has reactivated the 10-meter net: check in Mon. at 7 p.s. WA4IZM runs 120 watts mobile on 2-meter f.m.: he is looking for a base station. Fort Walton Eddin : New EARS officers are W14EER. W4JNI and W4RKH Newest Novices are W14EV, finally received her Technician ticket. K4QHR and W14ENK are fully operational on RTTY, W4MMW repaired the PE-75 just in time for the hurricane season. Crestview: A 2-meter antenna was installed aton the Courthouse to serve the C.D. Center, thanks to K4JFL Defuniak Springs: K4WE was transferred to Chicago. Chipley: A c.d. communiations exercise was held recently with W14FLK. W41KBN W44SRR and WA4ZIM taking part. W14GQP is a new ham in the Vernon area. K4SGY is doing graduate work at the U. of Fla. Port St. Joe: K4RZF and W4MXM monitor 3957 kc. during the day from the office, Traffic: (July) W4AJIM 207. K4BS/4 135, W418VE 122, W41KB 53, WA4EOQ 10. (June) K4BSS/4 116.

SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION

ARIZONA-SCM, Floyd C. Colyar, W7FKK-PAM: W7CAF, RMI: K7NHL. K7RUR attended the Mission Trail Net Roundup held in Bakersüeld, Calif, OO reports were received from K7O1X and W7CAL. The Kaiser Net meets every Mon, at 0230 GMT on 50.340 Mc. All amateurs are invited to participate. The net is informal and usually carries discussions of solid state v.h.f. circuits and amateur television. New appointees include K7M17Z as OBS. It is with deep regret that we report that WTLSK, of Flagstaff, has become a Silent Key. The Ft, Tuthill Annual Hamfest was a great success with the largest attendance over. There were 250 persons registered, of which 129 had amateur licenses. Special guest was W5KW. Southwestern Division Director. The success of the hamfest is attributed to the efforts of K7VOR and the Amateur Radio Council of Arizona, Plans are presently being made for the 1968 Southwestern Division Convention to be held in Phoenix May 31, June 1 and June 2, 1968. Net artivities have here in the summer doldrums. Those who participate are to be coumended for their interest in keeping them active. Traffic: W7FKK 11, W7DQS 3.

LOS ANGELES—SCM, Donald R. Etheredge, K6-UMV—SEC: K60QPH, WA6KZI is now net manager for SCN, W60RS reports being a part-time electronics teacher for an Explorer group. We regretfully record the passing of WA6HIY from the San Fernando Valley area. K6EA and his XYL were able to visit W1AW Headquarters during the past summer. W6WPF is now quite serice in the Navy MLRS program. K6SUJ received a medal from the U.S. Jr. Chamber of Commerce for outstanding achievement for his participation in the Å1hambra Hi Neighbor Parade, W6PUZ is now buy building a 432-Mc, kw, WB6SCK is handling 6-meter traffic in addition to SCN. W6DQX is reported to be an owner of a new Toyota from JA-Land, WA6YKP now has a 2nd-class telegraph license and probably is operating /MIM in the Pacific W6YRA is septected to expand the UCLA campus radiogram service, WB6TMC is now



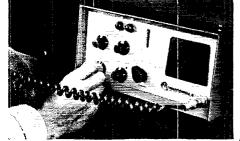
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active from a new QTH and WB6OLD is attempting to organize a contest-oriented club. The TRW Radio Club now has the call WB6WPO, K6ASK is running skeds on 433, Mc. n.i.m. with K6VBT, K6BPC is now participating on the SUN and RTTY RATTS Net. Traffic nets: SCN, 3600 kc. 0230 daily, SCS, 50.4 Mc. 0130Z daily, New AREC members include W6UQU, K6HSQ, WB6UXF, WB6WRI, WB4AOY/6, WN6VVF and WN6YBR, Traffic : (July) W6GYH 1440, WB6BBO 525, W6QAE 273, WB6WDLD 230, W6AHLF 260, K6CDW 172, WB6QXT 130, W60EO 123, W6DSC 113, W6FD 87, W6BNCK 78, K5ANS/6 63, WB6TMC 60, WB6KGK 47, W6BDG 43, WB6GGL 43, K6ASK 39, K6IOV 26, W6MLZ 21, W6PCP 17, W6AM 16, W6USY 16, W6HUJ 14, WB6MPF 14, WB6QMF 14, K6BPC 12, K6QPH 11, W6TN 10, K6UMIV 8, W6DGH 6, W6DQX 6, K6K, 6, WA6WKF 6, WB6ALE 5, W60R8 5, W6TNZ 4, WB6OUD 3, W6RCY 3, W6YRA 1, (May) WB6TMC 51.

SECOND CALIFORNIA QSO PARTY

October 14-15

Rules: 1) The contest runs from 2200 GMT Saturday, October 14 until 2200 GMT Sunday, October 15, 2) Use all bands, c.w. and phone. The same stations may be worked and counted for a point on each band mode. 3) California stations score one point for each contact, including contacts with other California stations. All others score one point for each California contact only. 4) California stations multiply total QSO points by the total number of different states. Canadian provinces and foreign counties worked. All others use California counties as the multiplier. 5) California stations send QSO number, RS(T) and county. All others send QSO number, RS(T) and state, province or country. 6) Suggested frequencies are 1910 3550 3725 3900 7075 7175 7220 14075 14270 21075 21125 21370 28075 and 28700 kc. 7) The top 15 entries in California will be awarded certificates. In addition, a certificate will go to the top scorer in each state and province and the top scorer in each state and province and the top scorer in each state and province and the top scorer in each country. The top two clubs tations. 8) Logs must show dates, times, stations worked, exchanges, bands, mode and total claimed score. They must be postmarked by November 10, 1967 and sent to Mr. Tom Frenaye, WB6KIL, The Claremont Ham Club, 617 Purdue Drive, Claremont, Calif, 91711. (Enclose an s.a.s.e. for scoring results.)

ORANGE—SCM, Roy R. Maxson, W6DEY—SEC: W6WRJ advises that WB6JFO is the new EC for the Six-Meter AREC on 50.40 Mc. Wed. at 7.30 r.M. WB6TIF and WB6RJQ have 160-meter autennas up and looking for local activity. WB6UTC gives considerable time to working and helping Novices on the air. K6LFK, pres. of Desert RATS and other members ran the Palm Springs Relay for the Powder Puti Derby. W6FB became a Charter Life Member of ARRL and also knocked off EA6AR and 3V8BZ for Nos. 213 and 214. RAI WA6ROF worked OK2RZ. F8VN. KX6DB and JA7CDV of 20 with a little dipole. LU9JH now is portable W6 in Santa Ana. EC WA6TAG is at his home QTH for a change. W6NJJ furnished FD summary and information on how Newport ARS haved. Riverside ARA meets the 2nd Wed. 7:30 p.M. at the Red Cross Bldg. 8880 Magnolia Are. We welcome new AREC members WB6SIE. W6CJM and W861ULE. Form 1 is available for your reports from the SCM. Traffic: WA6ROF 186, WB6TYZ 150, WB6UTC 124, K61BI 119, WB6TIF 99. WB6JFO 73, K61AIE 57, WB6MWL 33, W6WRJ 26, WB6VQE 11.

SAN DIEGO—SCM, Don Stansifer, W6LRU/WA6-VUI—K7JRA/6, who operated mobile in San Diego during the summer, has returned to college in Oregon. The SOBARS 10th Annual Picnie and Swapmeet was held Sept. 17 in National City. PAM WB6GMM is active on the Mission Trail Net (s.s.b.) and the Southern California Net (c.w.). W6BGF, EG/RM, has compiled an excellent hisson packet for SDSN members to aid in traffic-handling, Section hams are reminded that the San Diego DX Chub handles incoming QSL cards not received by direct. Chub handles incoming QSL cards not received by direct. Mine and the supervision of the with them. Their address PO, Box 6020, San Diego, C.d. 92106, A good letter was received from a Silvergate Club member KN6TLP, who hater was KN6AF and WA6CHL and is now WA5IPS, He is with the Air Force in Europe, W6JVA and family

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vacationed to VE7-Land and met K8VRR for a family reunion there. The annual Palomar Club Pienic was held at Live Oak Park near Fallbrook in Aug. W6QJW keeps skeds with the Hospital Ship's Smetzuay and Repose. A new General in San Diego is WB6WEX. By error last month WA6HWX was listed as a Silent Key. It should have been WA6HQX. Add K6LPA as a Silent Key this month. Traffic: K6BPI 9933, W6VNQ 482, W6BGF 406, W6EOT 284, W6QJW 188, WB6GMM 154, WB6MPD 11, WA6T.JD 8.

SANTA BARBARA—SCM, Ceeil D. Hinson, WA6-OKN—SEC: K6GV, Our Director, myself and the SEC all journeyed to Vandenberg AFB to meet with the Satellite ARC and a most enjoyable visit resulted. Several friends were present from the Morro Bay area some 60 miles away. WA6PFF should have fired off his new 20-meter rig by now and should be putting Santa Barbara ou the map. I undersatind WB6FZU had a problem when trying to run a kw, on his DX-40. When the smoke clears away we will get you a report on the problem, W6BJM has returned from Hawaii. The hans of the Simi Valley provided communications with the outside world recently when the telephone cable serving the area was accidentally cut. Activity reports were received from on MTN and PON with his "new" DX-100. New appointment: K6GV as SEC. Traffic: WB6DPV 31, WN6VKN 2.

WEST GULF DIVISION

NORTHERN TEXAS—SCM, L. L. Harbin, W5BNG —Ast. SCM: E. C. Pool. W5NFO. SEC: W5PYI. PAM: W5BOO. KM: W5LR. Two meters in this area seems to be gaining notice as more repeaters are being activated. With the help of many hams interested in 2-meter operation this area has been able to make contact with distant stations that we were unable to contact before. Austin, Tulsa and Terril have been contacted with increasing reliability. The Texas V.H.F. FM Society held a meeting July 30. in Ft. Worth with 75 hams present. The Story of the Tulsa 2-Meter Group was presented on film and enjoyed by all. It is surprising what you can do with the help of a repeater station mounted on the top of some high building in your area. The possibilities of 2 meters should be investigated and I think it is well worth the time and effort. The Big "D" Hamboree was a huge success with more than 1200 hams registered. I made many contacts that I would not have been able to if I had not attended. W5QEF, West Gulf Division Director, gave a good talk and signed up one new member for the League. The Irving ARC manned the talk-in station for the Jamboree and did an FB job of directing incoming amateurs to the location of the hamfest. Traffic: K5DBJ 85, WA5EVS 49, W5PBN 22, WA5AGH 20, W5LR 15.

OKLAHOMA—SCM, Daniel B. Prater, K5CAY— Asst, SCM: Sam Whitley, W5WAX, SEC: K5ZCJ, RM: W5QMJ, PAM-75: W5PML, 1 am happy to report that our Vice-Director, W3UYQ, is home after a short stay at Oklahoma City hospital. The Tulsa 2-meter repeater group has incorporated. Menubership is growing and dues for using the repeater is one dollar a month: if you live more than 40 airline miles away the ten-dollar initiation fee is waived. Enid area stations now on 2-meter fm. are WA5QYE, WA5MEL, WA5OUF, WA5OWO, WA5FVJ, K5DSR, K5KHA and K5CAY, WA5OWO is kept busy holding skeds with Hawaii with his new station, R-4A, T-4X and SB-200 using a Mosley tri-hander. K5BKF is using high power on 2 meters now, WA5OHX made good use of his HW-12 at Boy Scout Camp sending messages for Scouts back home. WA5REL just got his Tech, Class license and is on 2 meters with a 60-watt rig. WA5KNR, using the call K25NR for the past two months, returned home. He worked 40, 20 and 15 meters while TDY in Canal Zoue. I am still working W5GIQ every Fri. at 1330Z on 20 meters. His call is 7Q7EC. OLZ Traffic Net reports 21 sessions, QNI 41, QTC 57; SSZ, 21 sessions, QNI 39, QTC 61; Sooner Traffic Net, QNI 543, QTC 133, WA5FSN is General Class now. Traffic: K5TEY 1457, WA5IMO 119, W5QMJ 31, W5PML 17, WA5OHX 9, WA5-NTI 8, WA5DZP 4, K5WPP 4.

SOUTHERN TEXAS—SCM, G. D. Jerry Senrs, W5-AIR—SEC: K5QQG, PAM: W5KLV, RM: W5FZY, The new EC for Jeff Davis County in West Texas is W5YCK, formerly of Houston, now at Harvard Radio Astronomy Station at Fort Davis, Also the new OPS and ORS for South Texas, K2EIU/5, is very active on the c.w. and phone traffic nets from the 1968 National Convention City, San Antonio. EC K5HZR has just returned from an Illinois vacation, The Corpus Christi W5MS Bulletin advises that K5UDU, W5IRQ and WA5EZD passed the General Class test, WA5KHE now has a 2-meter beam

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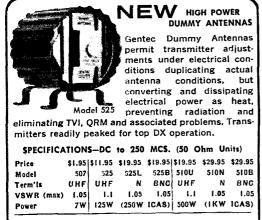
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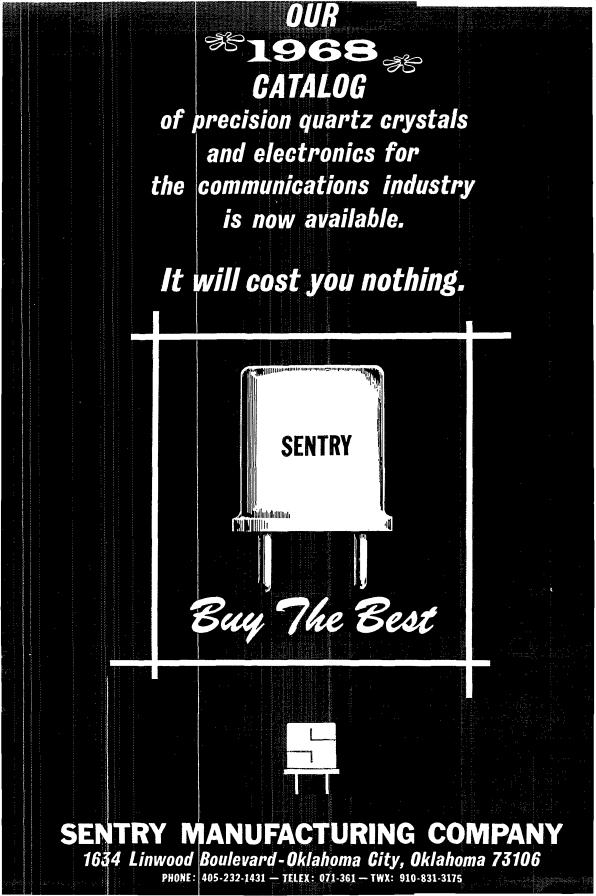
CANADIAN DIVISION

ALBERTA—SCM, Harry Harrold, VE6TG—SEC: VE6FK, PAM APSN: VE6ADS, ECs: VE6SA, VE6SS, VE6NC, VE6PL, VE6AFQ, ORSs: VE6BR, VE6ATH, VE6ATG, OPSs: VE6HM, VE6SS, VE6ADS, OOS: VE6-HM, VE6TY, OBSs: VE6HM, VE6AIF, It is with regret that we announce the passing of Albert Potoski, VE6EV, Our SEC reports that all activities with AREC such as cut rolly support reason proof and Field Day turned car rally, canoe races, balloon races and Field Day turned out very well and he wishes to thank all who helped in any way. Thanks are in order to the humfest com-mittee for a job well done. It is time to be lining up mittee for a job well done. It is time to be limitg up your fall activities. Let your SCM know so that he can keep the members posted. What is the matter? No takers in Calgary or Edmonton for the SCM post? Yours truly's term ran out last April and he is only carrying on until someone is elected. Traffic: VE6ATH 93, VE6HM 75, VE6NC 22, VE6FK 6, VE6AOO 4, VE6FS 4, VE6SS 4, VE6WM 2 **VE6WN 3.**

BRITISH COLUMBIA-SCM, H. E. Savage, VE7FB -Field Day was one of the lightlights of July with the hottest weather for some years for most; also it was the hottest contested Field Day for B.C. with more clubs and their members out. The Okanagan International Hamiest was held at Okanagan Falls, B.C. Two hundred or better tented, trailed or motelled for the biggest B.C. Cen-tennial gathering of amateurs. Pentieton and Oliver ARC were the hosts, with VE7DB the M.C. VE7SH, Jamie and I visited the sunateurs in Kimberley Trail and O.K. Falls after a visit to Calgary Innistail and Sundre, VE7BHH attended the Calgary Convention and reported the VE7s who were there sure had a good time, VE7BLO visited many VE5s while in VE5-Land and also stopped at Calgary. One of the bighlights at O.K. Falls was Mr. Fish's demonstration of flying; his model radio-controlled plane did more than any big plane could do. Even VE7FS, who fiew in, claimed he would not try to do as much. A nice report was received from Kam-loops ARC; you will be able to recognize its members with their crest, VE7AC 24, VE7BLO 14, VE7BLS 8, VE7SE 6, VE7BOQ 3. Field Day was one of the highlights of July with the VE7SE 6, VE7BOQ 3.

MANITOBA—SCM, John Thomas Stacey, VE4JT— SEC: VE4JC. PAM: VE4EX. RM: VE4EI. OPS: VE4-EF, ORS& VE4LG, VEANE. OBS: VE4QJ. OVS: VE4-RE, VE4HI. A new call in Brandon is VE4VJ, the daugh-ter of VE4YM and a product of the Brandon ARC instruction class. The hannest at the Peace Garden was a big success and well attended. The Centennial Balloon Race in Brandon was supplied communications by the Brandon ARC. Those participating were VE4AO, VE4-Race in Brandon was supplied communications by the Brandon ARC. Those participating were VE4AO, VE4-DQ, VE4DG, VE4FW, VE4EF, VE4XN and VE4HJ. The club station, VE4QD, provided base operations, VE4NN is active out of Winnipeg on 80-meter c.w. VE4YC is on from Kemnay with a Viking 1. VE4LG is in Toronto on a course with IBM and handling traffic as portable 3. The C.W. Net moves to 3615 kc, at 0100Z Oct, 1 and our R.M is hoping that more stations will check in, Additional stations in Winnipeg use worked to maintain 1 and our RM is hoping that more stations will check in. Additional stations in Winnipeg are needed to maintain a seven-day-a-week schedule. Our PAM reports that the phone net is in good shape with a full NCS roster consisting of V44DQ, VF4EF, VE4IK, VE4LQ, VE4OL, VE4WT, VE4XN and VE4EX, Phone net report for July: Sessions 31, QNI 350, QTC 4, Traffic: VE4IT 61, VE4RW 13, VE4EF 7, VE4GN 7, VE4JA 2, VE4DQ 1, VE4NW 1, VEAWM 1, VE4XN 1.

MARITIME—SCM, J. Harley Grimmer, VE1MX— Asst, SCM: R. P. Thorue, VOIEI, SEC: VEIHJ, In a previous column I stated that VOIAI was the first YL to win the WAVO Award, I have since been advised that VE1ANX was the first YL to win the award, My



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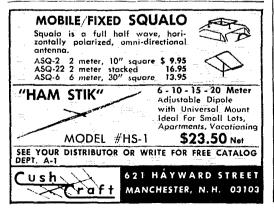


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apologies to VEIANX. I have been advised by my company that I will be transferred to Montreal at the first of the New Year. As a result of this, I must tender my resignation as SCM. It is with regret that I make this announcement; however, there are many anateurs in this area who could handle this post effectively. K2-SQM is again active from Peggy's Cove this summer. VOIEI has been busy with the Sea Cadets and recently travelled to Pensacola, Fla., where he and a group of 25 cadets boarded the U.S. Aircraft Carrier Lexington for a nine-day cruise, VOIAF and VOIHV are new calls on the air in Newfoundland, VEIADH has lett this area for Toronto, where he will join the technical staff of the University of Toronto.

APN 3635 kc. Daily QNI 119 QTC 20 Sess.31 Traffic: VE1ARB 24, VE1AMR 14, VE1MX 7.

ONTARIO—Acting SCM, Rees Powell, VE3DJK—On July 1 members of the Brantford Amateur Radio Club and Emergency Measures Organization volunteers took over with their equipment to assist in communications for the form-up of the Brantforama Canada Centennial Parade. Ten radio-equipped vehicles were moved to designated positions along the parade route. The equipment was used to call tow trucks, ambulances, first aid attendunts and police and helped to keep the parade moving

Richard W. Roberts, VE3NG

Our Ontario Section and numerous friends mourn the passing of our SCM, who died suddenly in Portland. Me., in late July. He had served a number of terms as SCM and had held appointments as OPS, OBS and EC. Dick was first licensed in 1949 and was one of the founders of the Nortown Amateur Radio Club of Toronto and a member of the RSGB. He will be greatly missed.

smoothly. VE3DU reports that VE3EBH took over as manager of OQN July 1 because of the inability of VE3CYR to carry on and he has applied tor RM appointment; VE3GI sent in his ORS certificate for endorsement; VE3CYR and VE3BZB were away on vacation in July and net attendance was down considerably. Traffic: VE3DBG 95. VE3EBH 68. VE3ATI 46. VE3AWE 36, VE3BUR 31, VE3DVE 28, VE3GTI 90, VE3DU 16.

3b. VEBBUR 31, VEBDVE 22, VE3GI 10, VEBDU 16. **QUEBEC**—SCM, J. W. Ibev. VE20J—SEC: VE2ALE. RM: VE2DR. PAMS: VE2BWL and VE2AGQ. First a correction to last month's report. It should be VE3CYR we thank for the excellent work for OQN and not VE2CYR. And about OQN—it has lead the same problems during the summer as have the other nots like ECN. RTQ. QPN and the Quebec AREC Sun. Morning Nct. We gather that VE3IV is our gain in VE2YH and Ontario's gain is our VE2IV. The many triends of former VE2TR will be pleased to know that he now has the call VE3RP. VE2ALE, VE2BU, VE2ZA, VE2DB and VE2BOP took part in the hanfest at Morrisonville. N.Y., and reported a very pleasant time. We welcome back to activity VE2BMS who has long been dormant. He will be a help to us during what we hope will be a husy winter traffic season. It is hoped that all the Eastern and Northern stations are copying VE2WM with his official Bulletins on 3770 kc. VE2ALE reports the following: Comme yous avez vu le section francais QST mois Aout 67 syp encourage nous que nous pulsson publier d'aute information mes colorers francais merei. Tous les EC de Quebec doit rapporte iorm 5 tous les mois que ils se rend chez VE2ALE non plus tard que le 26 de chaque mois. Neauve ECs: VE2WM. VE2AJD, VE2BTZ. Traffic: VE2DR 102, VE2BRD 73, VE2AGQ 50, VE2OJ 40, VE2BVY 36, VE2CK 8, VE2DCW 7.

Solution to the QST Clue Crypt

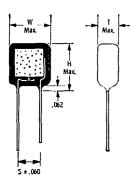
(Continued from page 24)

NOW THAT FCC HAS GIVEN US THE NEW AMATEUR REGULATIONS THAT START TO GO INTO EFFECT DURING NEXT YEAR, LET'S QUASH ALL THE WILD RUMORS, REALIZING THAT JUSTIFICATION OF INCENTIVE LICENSING WILL SOON BE COMMON KNOWLEDGE

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YL News and Views

(Continued from page 93)

than November 22, 1967, and received no later than December 6, 1967, or they will be disqualified. Mail copies of logs to:

Marte Wessel, KØEPE

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Liberal, Kansas, zip 67901

Please read the rules carefully, and note the postmark deadline!!!

The YLAP is one of the two major YLRL events of the year. Do try to join in the fun even if you can participate for only a short time, we want and need you in the contest. Added hint, the frequencies 14.288, and 14.265 are popular with YLs, but the gals will be on all bands as always.

One YLs view of the Powder Puff Derby, 1967.

Alfreda Folk, WASDOY, in Martinsburg, West Virginia sends the following story of her part in the Powder Puff Derby:

"The Derby was to begin at dawn Saturday, July 11, at Atlantic City, but due to heavy overcast in the east, it never got off the ground until Monday. This made it difficult all across the country for finding operators for various stages across the country. (Icre, it was said, we had one of the best set-ups. At the airport we had 2-meter f.m. stations in the tower, and in the lobby for the FAA and the pilots, as well as to monitor the other 2-meter stations. The one in the tower passed the arrival and departure times to our base station which passed them on to the next stop in Cincinnati. Each station had the complete schedule of stops, planes (TAR number) and pilots.

"The take off in New Jersey was about 9:00 A.M. Monday, at the rate of three a minute. Soon Martinsburg was literally buzzing with planes arriving too fast for clearance to land. By noon several had left, but by afternoon, the weather reports became questionable, and all afternoon the remaining pilots were undecided. Since only flying time counted, most stayed here because the Cincinnati stop, us well as the mountains were hazardous. About ten planes took off by six that evening, but were forced down around Parkersburg. One or two were able to get off to Cincinnati but the others were disqualified for remaining at an unauthorized stop over night.

"Well Tuesday was worse. In the first place no one had anticipated any of them remaining over night, four finally took off but the opening wasn't there. They had clouds to 15,000 feet. Two of them made it to Cincinnati, one got to Morgantown and came back due to weather, and the fourth went home.

"Wednesday, at the crack of dawn all remaining planes were off, half of them before our operator got to the tower. They made good time across as we followed their progress on the base net.

"All in all it was quite an experience. 73.

Alfreda, WA8DOY."

057-

Gimmicks and Gadgets

(Continued from page 48)

that is necessary for matching to a 50-ohm line. A slight adjustment of the length may be needed when making final tuneup.

The BNC fitting (other types can be used) is soldered to the bottom plate by making a fillet of solder around the shoulder on the fitting. The center terminal is connected to the top plate.

In the car installation the feed line can be a short (not over 5 or 6 feet) piece of RG-58/AU. RG-8/U is preferable, and an adapter (UG-255/U)

(Continued on page 152)







can be used for making the connection to the BNC fitting.

In mobile operation, many contacts have been made from a Detroit suburb to Toledo, Ohio, a distance of over 50 miles, as well as over shorter distances. In fact, several contacts have been made from our basement shack, with the antenna three feet below ground level, over a distance of 17 miles, using about 50 watts output. The transmitter in the car is a modified T414A6A Motorola f.m. unit having about 10 watts output. Rain and snow don't seem to affect the standingwave ratio.

It should be possible to boost the signal by approximately 3 db. by using two stacked Mini-Wheels. The stacking distance would be about 15 inches.

"It Seems to Us"

(Continued from page 9)

sion has now chosen represents its careful and joint evaluation after a several-year study. It appears to have accepted the League's recommendations in essence, dropping the most controversial proposals such as new call letters and a higher code speed requirement which we have opposed.

In the days of earlier incentive licensing systems most amateurs were willing — even eager — to put forth extra effort to upgrade, both for personal satisfaction and to strengthen the position of amateur radio itself. They felt that operating privileges should reflect in some degree demonstrated competence.

We believe a substantial majority of today's hams have this same sincerity and dedication, and will look upon the Commission's action as a personal challenge and opportunity.

Happenings of the Month

(Continued from page 86)

TECHNICAL CHANGE IN FCC RULES

The Federal Communications Commission has amended Part 97 of its rules, governing the amateur radio service, by deleting sections 97,139, 97,141 and 97,143 relating to the suspension and revocation of licenses. Essentially the same information appears in Part 1, Practice and Procedure, so the separate listing in the amateur rules is regarded as repetitious.

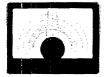
No actual change in Commission procedure or ability to revoke or suspend amateur licenses has occurred. The amendment is solely editorial in nature, following recent trends in gathering all the Commission's rules for practices and procedures affecting several radio services into one Part.





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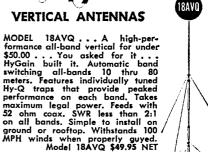




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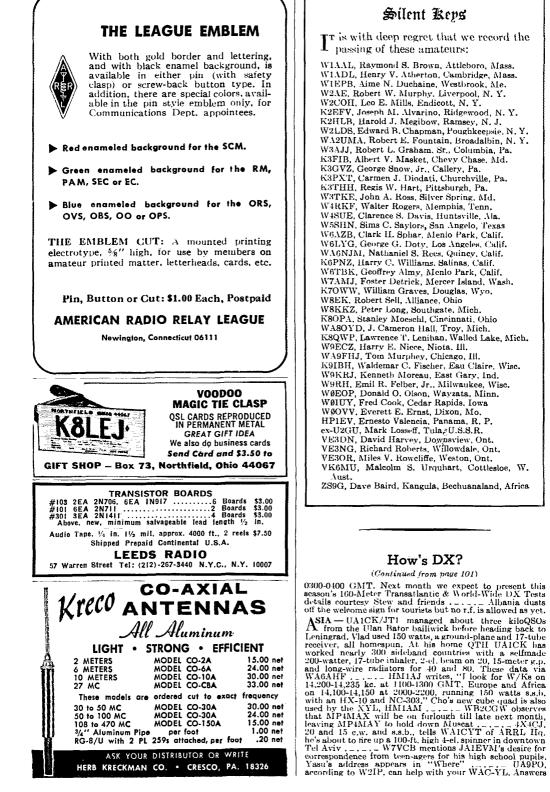
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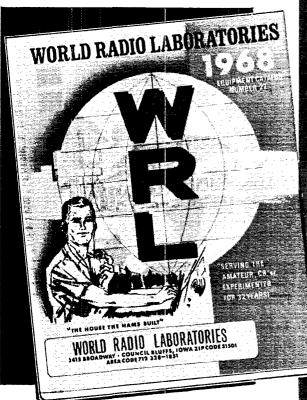
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155



to Anna "Been on the air since March," comments HL9KA, "with an SB-100 and triband quad. I also try 80 and 40 but not much DX luck so far." Art formerly signed As 3ZDC 7RIT, WB6EYG and KL7EFV Far East aldenda courtesy aforcementioned clubs and groups: XW8AX signed XW8CAL in a club festivity August 1st. ... VS9ABL threatens more Kamaran contexts... AP2NMK resumes his Pakistan sideband solo.... HB9TK expects to sign VU2WB for the next three years at the Swiss enbassy in New Delhi, code and phone... BV2A, formerly C3YW and XU6A, likes Europeans on 20 c.w. at 0200-0600 and 1000-1600 GMT with 400 watts, an SP-600 and 3-el. whirler... KA2s SF and JC were respectively recleted Far East Auxiliary Radio Lesgue veep and trz in July. KA2VT reigns as prezy, New or renewed FEARL memberships are held by KAs 2DE (WA6FHB), 2ET (WA5LN2), 2LS (KTEMA-W5YO0), 2MB (WB4CMB), 2USA (W4ZGN), 7AB (K1KTH), 7CW (WA2AVJ), 7RF (WA7FCV) and 8AB (WA5PPO). KAs are understandably clated over their brand new 80-meter operating privileges.

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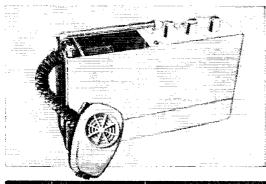
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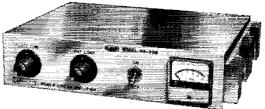
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ARPSC

(Continued from page 77)

joined and K2AYQ acted net control. One mobile stayed where the boy was last seen while the others patrolled the roads in the area. Because of the activity on the frequency, WB2VRR called in and offered his services which included a hand-carried 6-meter transceiver. It was nearly 3 A.M. when the State Police secured the search until daylight. At 6:30 A.M. till 3:30 P.M., WB2KBQ, K2AYQ, WB2VRR and WB2UEX made further searches. At 5:00 P.M. the search resumed and some State Police bloodhounds were used. WB2s RPL JDD, K2RIH and WA2IJI joined the search which continued until about 9:15 P.M. At 7:30 A.M. July 26. W2OP manned the Red Cross Headquarters radio station throughout the day and linked the search center with the Red Cross facilities that provided sandwiches and coffee for all the persons participating in the search effort. The search was finally called off by the State Police at 5:30 P.M. but it was not until July 27 that the boy was found safe in North Carolina - KZAYQ, EC Glens Falls, New York.

On July 28, the Lake Emergency Net of Jacksonville, Florida, was placed on standby alert for over an hour because a parked tank car was leaking deadly chrorine gas. The alert was secured when the car had been moved away from the densely populated area. - WA4TJS, EC Leesburg, Fla.

After the North Texas Traffic Net session which began at 2330Z July 30, WA5AZQ broke in and requested assistance. He was trying to locate a boy who had left New York for Dallas. The boy was to spend nights at YMCAs in Washington, Chicago and Kansas City. It was important that he contact Dallas because his cousin was in critical condition in a Dallas hospital as a result of an automobile accident, WA5ALB and WA5QKE switched to 20 and 15 meters and within 20 minutes the three cities were contacted and the information passed. The next evening on the net WA5ALB reported that the boy called Dallas at 0500Z July 31. It would have been costly and nearly impossible to locate this boy using conventional means - WA5QKE

On August 5 at 2320Z, W6IZS/mobile 10 miles east of Cedar City, Utah, reported a flood with car-size boulders and mud blocking Highway 14; all traffic was at a standstill. K6KZI was net control and relayed to K6JQB. W7PCY in Phoenix assisted. The message provided rapid assistance to all motorists. At 2355Z W6IZS/mobile secured when he found that the Cedar City equipment was on the way to the spot. --- $W \delta V X$.

On August 6 at 2200Z, K6TGE/mobile reported a fourcar accident with minor injuries on Highway 191 near Morgan Hill, nearly 100 miles south of San Francisco. K6MJU was net control and WA6DXJ relayed the information to the Highway Patrol who reached the scene, about ten minutes after the initial call for help. -- WGV X.

Thirty-eight SEC reports were received for the month of June, representing 16,021 AREC members. This is seven fewer reports and 1,952 fewer members than a year ago. Sections reported are: Ala, Alta, Ark, Colo, Conn, Del, EFIa, EMass, Ga, Ind. III, Kans, Ky, Mar, Mich, Miss, No, Mont, NC, Neb, Nev, NLI, NNJ, Ohio, Okla, Que, Sask, SCV, SDgo, SNJ, STex, Teun, Utah, Va, Wash, WFIa, WNY, WPa.

At the half way mark for 1967, 249 SEC reports have been received from 52 different sections. This represents a decrease of 31 reports and a decrease of 7 sections from 1966. Those sections at the 100% mark are: Ala, Alta, Ark, Colo, Conn. Del, EFla, EMass, Ga, Ill, Kans, Ky, Mar, Mich, Mo, Mont, NC, Neb, Nev, NNJ, Ohio, Okla, Que, Sask, SNJ, STex, Utah, Va, WNY, WPa.

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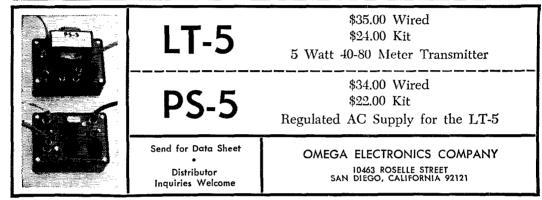
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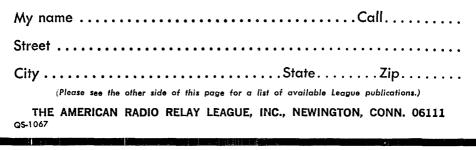
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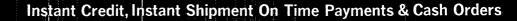
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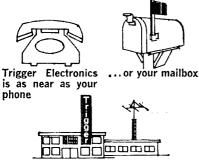


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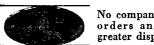
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OSLS?? SWLS?? Personalized made-to-order! One-day service! Samples 25¢. DeLuxe, 35¢. (retunded). Sakkers, W8DED, Box 218. Holland, Michigan 49423 (Religious samples 25¢). OSLS "Brownie" W3CJI, 3111 Lehigh, Allentown, Penna. Samples 10¢. Catalog 25¢. C. FRITZ-OSLs that you're proud to send, bring greater re-turns! Samples 25¢ deductible, Box 1684, Scottsdale, Arizona 85252 (formerly Joliet, Illinois). HUNDRED OSLs. \$1,25 postpaid, Samples, dime, Holland, R3, Box 649, Duluth, Minn. 55803. OSLS-SMS. Samples 10¢. Malgo Press, Box 373, M.O., Toledo, Ohio 43601. DELUXE QLS Petty, W2HAZ, P.O. Box 5237, Trenton, N.J. 08638. Samples, 10¢. 106 Brings free samples. Harry R. Sims, 3227 Missouri Ave., St. Louis. Mo. 63118. CREATIVE QSL Cards. 25¢ for catalog, samples, 50¢ coupon. Personal attention. Imaginative new designs. Wilkins Printing. Box 787-1, Atascadero, California 93422. Box 787-1, Atascadero, California 93422. RUBBER Stamps S. 15 includes tax and postage. Clints' Radio W2UDO. 32 Cumberland Ave., Verona, N.J. 07044. QLS, tinest YLRL's, OMs samples 104. W2DJH Press, War-rensburg, N.Y. 1285. OSLS, SWLS, XYL-OMS (sample assortment approximately 94) covering designing, planning, printing, arranging, mailing, eve-catching, comic, sedate, fabulous, DX-attracting, prototypal snazy, unparagoned cards (Wow!) Rogers KØAAB, 961 Arcade St., St. Paul. Minn, 55106. 3-D OSL cards, recognized leader among raised designs. Com-pliments aplentyl Prized collector's item. Samples 25¢ (re-fundable). 3-D OSL Co., Monson, Mass. 01057. fundable). 3-D QSL Co., Monson, Mass. 01037, QSL, SWLS, WPE, Samples 106 in adv. Nicholas & Son Printery, P.O. Box 11184, Phoenix 17, Ariz, 85017, QSLS 300 for \$4.35, samples 104, W9SKR, George Vesely Rte, #1, 100 Wilson Road, Ingleside, III, 60041, QSLS 3-color glossy 100, \$4.50, Rutgers Vari-Typing Service, Free samples. Thomas St., Riegel Ridge, Millord, N.J. OSLS-100 3-color glossy \$3.00; silver globe on front, report form on back, Free samples. Rusprint, Box 7575, Kansas City, Mo. 64116, ORIGINAL EX-IN double holders display 20 cards each in plastic, 3 for \$1.00 or 10 for \$3,00 prepaid and guaranteed. Free sample to dealers on clubs. Tepabco, John K4MNT, Box 1987. Gallatin, Tenn. 37066. OSL's: Quality with service. Samples frec. R. A. Larson Press. Box 45, Fairport, N.Y. 14450. OSL's, Free samples, attractive designs, Fast return. W7IIZ Press, Box 2387, Euscne, Ore. 97402. OSLS, Kromkote glossy 2 & 3 colors, attractive, distinctive, different, Choice of colors 100-53.00 up. Samples 156, Agent for Call-D-Cals, K2VOB Press, 31 Argyle Terrace, irvingston, New Jersey 07111. OSLS. Fast service. Free samples, Bolles, W5OWC. Box 9363, Austin. Texas. OSL, SWL, cards that are different. Quality Card stock, Sam-ples 10¢. Home Print, 2416 Elmo Ave., Hamilton, Ohio. PitoE Home Print, 2416 Elmo Ave., Hamilton, Onio.
 FINE Embossed OSL's Samples. Ace Printing, 6801 Clark Ave., Cleveland. Ohio 44102.
 OSLS Glossy coated. 100, \$2.00. 3 and 4 colors. Samples, dime. Bob Garra. Lehighton, Penna, 18235.
 RUBBER Stamps. 3-line address \$1.50. J. P. Maguire Company, 448 Proctor Avenue, Revere, Massachusetts 02151.
 OSLS by Jansen, K2HVN, samples 254. 860 Atlantic Street, Lindenhurst. N.Y. 11757. OSLS. Information book and samples. 254. W1QFB Press, Hadley, Mass. 01035. OSLS. Fast. Catalog, 10¢. Filmcrafters, Box 304, Martins Ferry, Ohlo USLS Fast. Joe, WB2YIV, 518 Glenmere Ave., Neptune, N.J. 07753. QSLS. Second to none. Your personal combination from largest selection. glossy reds. blacks, calypso. Pinecraft, vellum, and Crystallon. All ink colors. Many card styles. Fast service. Sam-ples. 25¢. Includes your call in beautiful 4½" letters. Ray, K7HLR. Box 1176. Twin Falls. Idaho 83301. SPECIAL! Deluxe rubber stamp, or 1000 labels with name, address, call, only 894. Jim Nelson, SE11, Waseca, Minn. 56093. CANADIANS: Best used sear list in Canada. Free Etco, c/o Marv. VE2ANN, Box 744. Montreal 3. WANTED: Collins mechanical filters type F250A20 and B&W 850 1 kw PI inductor. E. J. Kirchner, 2 Andirondack Ave., Agincourt. Ont., Canada.

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CANADIANS: 75A-4 with speaker-control console, in ex-cellent condition: \$520,00; Viking 500, unused, \$450,00; John-son KW Matchbox with indicator. R. Hulme, P.O. Box 44, Garson, Ont, P., Canada.

Garson, Ont, P., Canada. CANADIANS: Must clean out the place, Receiver, HO-170 Hammarlund with speaker, \$350.00: Transmitter HX-20 Heath-kit with mic, power supply, \$250.00; RTTY equipment Model 14 typing reperforator, plus typing perforator with power supply, \$100. Tube-checker 666 Eico, \$50.00. Scope 460. Eico, \$110.00, with probes, Contact VE2BQU, B, Felgar, 4970 Maplewood, Apt, 14, Montreal, 29, Quebec P., Canada. Tcl: 7372758.

COLLINS Owners: Now is the time to get that long awaited conversion. If you want the very best in receiving capabilities this upcoming season. a VCZ front end conversion is your an-swer. 75A4's. \$69,95: 75-S series. \$34,95 complete. In stock: converted 75A4A's for immediate shipment, Dealers in fine used Collins gear. Write for details. VCZ Salcs, 5 Pinetree Rd., Ramsey, N.J. 07446. Tel: (201)-327-9494.

WE Buy all types of tubes for cash, especially Fimac, subject to our test. Maritime International Co., Box 516. Hempstead, N.Y. RTTY Gear for sale, List issued monthly, 80 or 44 mhy toroids, five for \$1.50 postpaid, Elliott Buchanan, W6VVC, 1067 Man-dana Blvd.: Oakland. Calif. 94610. WANTED: Tubes, all types, write or phone Bill Salerno, W20NV, 243 Harrison Avenue, Garfield, N.J., Tel: GArfield Area code (201)-773-3320. WANTED: Military and commerical laboratory test equipment, Flectronicraft. Box 13. Binghamton, NY. 13902. TELEPRINTRONICS-Toroids, 6/\$2.00 postpaid, List. Type-tronics. Box 8873. Ft. Lauderdale, Fla. 33311. ESTATE, Liquidation offers, Big Jist. Parad Engineering Ser-

ESTATE Liquidation offers. Big list. Parad Engineering Ser-vice. 284 Rte. 10, Dover, N.J. 07801. WANTED: Model \$28 Teletype equipment. R-388, R-390A. Cash or trade tor new amateur equipment. AllFonics-Howard Co., Box 19, Boston. Mass. 02101. TOROIDS. 88 mb uncesed \$725.0 Destraid Humphery

TOROIDS, 88 mh uncased, 5/\$2.50. Postpaid. Humphrey, WA6FKN. Box 34. Dixon, Calif.

SELL: CO, QST, Handbooks, old radio magazines, any quan-tity. Buy Old radio gear and publications. Erv Rasmussen, 164 Lowell, Redwood City. Calif.

Lowent, Redwood City, Calif. NOVICE Crystals, all bands, \$1.30 each. Free list. Nat Stin-nette. Umatilla, Fla. 3284. FREE Catalog. Loads of electronic Bargains, R. W. Electron-ica, Inc., 2244 South Michigan Ave., Chicago, Illinois 60616, ILLUSTRATED Certificate Guide: Radio Amateur's Vocabu-lary German/English, \$1.00 each. Zangerl, OE9CZI Dornbirn 1, Nachbauerstrasse 28. Austria.

TOOOOBES: 6146B, \$4.00; 6CW4, \$1.40; 811A, \$4.25; 4D32, \$15.90, All new, boxed, guaranteed, Free catalog, Vanbar Distr., Box 444Z, Stirling, N.J. 07980.

SHOP Around, get the best deal you can and then try Gell 21 years of service to amateurs in South Texas and now ready to serve Hams anywhere. Bob Jouglas. WSGEL. Douglas Elec-tronics. 1118 S. Staples, Corpus Christi, Texas 78404.

WANTED: Tubes and all aircraft and ground radios. Units like 17L. 51X. 618T or S. R388, R390, GRC, Any 51 series Collins unit, Test equipment, everything, URM, ARM, GRM, etc. Best offer paid. 22 years of fair dealing. Ted Dames Co., 308 Hickory St., Arlington, New Jersey 07032. INTERESTING Sample copy free Write: "The Ham Trader," Sycamore, Illinois 60178.

SELL: Hallicratters SX-62A with O-Multiplier, excellent condi-tion. With 15" speaker in portable cabinet, \$300,00 M. Pelle-wrino, 65 Maspeth Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y. 11211, Tel: ST 2-2830. WANTED: For personal collection: 057, May 1916; Learning the Radiotelegraph Code, 4th Edt.; How to Become a Radio Amateur. Edition 12; The Radio Amateur's License Manual, Edition 10, 11, 12; List of Stations (1914); Map of Member Stations (1914), W1CUT, 18 Mohawk Dr., Unionville, Conn. 06085.

MAM'S Spanish-English manual. Gabriel K4BZY, 1329 N.E. 4th Ave., Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33304, TR-4, \$480.00; AC-4, \$83.00; DC-3, \$123.00; R4-A, \$330.00; TAX, \$330.00; MS-4, \$17.50; RV4-, \$83.00; L-4, \$580.00, Fac-tory-sealed boxes, fully warranted, Mel Palmer, K4LGR, Box 10021, Greensboro, N.C. 27404.
HFST Offer paid for any piece of aircraft or ground radios, tubes or test equipment. In a hurry? Cash-in-advance arranged. Turn those unused units into money. Air Ground Electronics, (4 Grand Place, Kearny, N.J.

FOR Sale: SB-101 and SB-200. Wanted, kits to wire, Heath preferred, 12% of cost, some in stock. Professionally wired. Lan Richter, K3SUN, 131 Florence Drive, Harrisburg, Penna. 17112.

Richter, K3SUN, 131 Florence Drive, Harrisburg, Penna, 17112, 1916 QSTS needed for personal collection. Price secondary, Ted Dames, W2KUW, 308 Hickory Street, Arlington, New Jersey 07032. RTTY Channel Filters, octal mounted, 2125/2975, \$5.95 pair. FSK units for 32-S-3, variable shift, easy installation, \$14.95, 88 mh, toroids, uncased, 5 for \$2.50. Herman Zachry, WA6JGI, 3232 Selby Ave, Los Angeles, Calif. 9034. WANTED: Military, Commercial, Surplus, Airborne, Ground, transmitters, receivers, test-sets, accessories, Specially Collins, We pay cash and freight. Ritoc Electronics, Box 156SO, Annan-dale, Va. Tel: 703-560-5480 collect.

HAM Discount House. Latest amateur equipment, Factory sealed cartons, Send self-addressed stamped envelope for lowest quotation on your needs. HDH Sales Co., 170 Lockwood Ave., Stamford, Conn. 06902.

COLLINS 7553B, new. \$550.00: 32S-3, new, \$650.00: 30L-1, \$400.00: 32S-3 power supply, \$50.00. Full allowance for trans-ceiver trade-in on entire package. All equipment high serial, in exclut condx. KSRV, 1690 Ardmore Ave., Detroit, Michi-san 48235. Phone 342-1731.

in excint condx. K8SRV, 1690 Ardmore Avc., Detroit, Michi-san 48235. Phone 342-1731. CRYSTALS Airmailed: SSB, Nets, MAR, Novice etc. Cus-tom finished etch stabilized FT-243.01% any kilocycle or fraction, 3500 to 8600 \$1.90, (five or more this range \$1.75 (acb), (Nets ten or more same frequency \$1.40). 1700 to above 10.000. 10.000 to 13.500 fundamentals \$2.95. Add 50¢ each for 005%, Add 75¢ each for HC-6/u metal miniatures ahove 2000. Crystals—crystal groups for construction, see ARRL publications—QST, Handbook, SSB and Mobile Manuals and other. Inquire. Write for order-bulletin and listings. Crystals since 1933. Airmail 10¢/crystal, surface 5¢. C-W Crystals. Marshfield. Missouri 65706. SOUEEZE Keyer (W@EPV circuit, July OST) is world's best. Complete kit (less paddle) includes my printed circuit board, pre-punched cabinet and instructions: \$69.50 (plus postage). Brown double-lever paddle, \$16.95 (plus postage). Salisfac-iton guaranteed. Jimmy Moss, WSGRJ, Box 442, Natchi-toches. La. 71457. MICHIGAN Hams! Amateur supplies, standard brands. Store hours 08/30 to 1730 Monday through Saturday. Roy J. Purchase, W%RP, Purchase Radio Supply, 327 E. Hoover St., Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104, Tel. NOrmandy 8-8262.

WANTED: Hycon crystal filters 2800 and 220 cycles wide as per OST article page 13 January 1957, Walter Lindgren, W2AJR, Box 1148, Easthampton, NY, 11937. SAVE On all makes of new and used ham equipment. Write or call Bob Grimes, 89 Aspen Road, Swampscott, Massachusetts, 17:598-2530 for the gear u want at the prices u want to pay. TELETYPE: Buy 28s, sell parts, W4NYF, Schmidt, 405 NW-30th Terr., Ft. Lauderdale, Fla.

SELL: Model 19 teletype set with communications keyboard. Make ofter. W2KIT, 151 Rock Creek Lane, Scarsdale, N.Y. 10583, phone 914-723-5493.

10:55; Judge 914-123-5435; WRL's used transceiver bonanza! Guarantee-trial-terms, With-out trades: SR-150, \$299.95; SR-46, \$129.95; G-76, \$129.95; KWM-1, \$249.95; Thor 6 and AC, \$219.95; Galaxy 11, \$179.95; Galaxy V, \$259.95; Galaxy 300, \$149.95; Eico 753, \$149.95; NCX3, \$179.95; SB-34, \$284.95; Utica 650 and VFO, \$129.95, Hundreds more, Freee 11st, WRL, Box 919, Council Bluffs, Iowa 51501.

GROUNDED Grid filament chokes 30 amp. \$4.00, pp USA48, William Deane, 8831 Sovereign Rd., San Diego, Calif. 92123. COLLEGE: Must sell. Valiant w/Dow-Key relay and Turner 454C mic \$150,00: HO-100A w/xtal cal, and original carton, \$120,00: SBE-33 w/12 VDC inverter and SBE mobile mount, and mic, \$200,00. Will deliver in southern Missouri or shi⁻ if you pay charkes WAØKCX, Box 146, Crocker, Mo. 65452, if you pay charges. WAMKCX, Box 146, Crocker, Mo. 65452, FOR sale: Complete SSB mobile rig. Hallicrafters SR-160 with 12-volt DC supply (PS-150) 20 M Mark Heliwbip an-tenna. PTT microphone, speaker, mounting rack, complete with cables and manual. All like new \$200.00. H. Slutske, WGACB, 1031 S. Wooster St., Los Anzeles, Calif. 90035. DRAKE 2-B for sale. Scrial No. 4426. Absolutely perfect condition. No scratches, \$150.00. W9FKT, 611 East Fair-view, Arlinston Heights, Illinois 60005. HALLICRAFTERS SX-117. WWV and complete 10m xtals, HT-44, spare finals, PS-150-120, transceive cables, mint con-dition. No trades, \$550. Alan Korgerup, Tel: a.c. (312)-894-1328, 324 Crestwood, Roselle, Ill. 60172. TBW-4 xmlr. pwr Supp. mic, key, spares, instrux bk, 2, cvl

TBW-4 xmtr, pwr supp., mic, key, spares, instrux bk, 2 cyl, kas alt/ken, all cables, 5 waterproof cases w/opr, legs, Ready to use, like new, \$100, W3BYK, Box 152, Boalsburg, Penna, 16k27, Call a.c. (814)-466-6012.

WANTED: IRE-IEEE-IEE-AIEE publications. RCA Review, TPI, Box 67, Palo Alto, Calif. 94301 Also BSTJ.

RCA Review, 1P1, Box 67, Paio Alto, Callf. 94301,
 GOING Out of business: 305-1 with new spare 4CX1000A tube,
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 Kever with kev, \$55.00; E-V mike with stand, \$30.00; Tclrex
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 OST, CQ 1953-1966, 254; Popular Electronics 1957-1960,
 154. Send stamped envelope for list, W4ABF, Gordon Edwards, 5220 Backlick Rd., Springfield, Va, 22151.
 LATHE; Craftsman G, einch moutor motor attachments used

wards, 5220 Backlick Rd., Springfield, Va. 22151. LATHE: Craftsman 6-inch, mounted motor, attachments, used 5 hours, sell or trade: also Vibroplex Champion, \$15.00, Ameco CN-144, \$30.00; Dow-Key DK-60-G2C, \$10.00, All like new condx, K8GNZ, Box 683, Fairmont, W. Va. 26554. SX-101A, Excellent, no-drift receiver, \$160.00, with prepaid shipping in U.S. exc. Alaska and Haaii Certified check or mo, WB2Y1S, Mic Tarmowsky Azaii. Certified check or Montvale, N.J. 07645, Tel: 201-391-6450.

C.P. Claire relays, HGS1059. HGS1059, HG1002, (please specify) ideal for keysts. \$5.00 each pp. R. Isenstein, 26 Plymouth Ave., Belmont. Mass. 02178.

Heimont, Mass. 02178. SELL: for college: Apache with SB-10. \$200.00: Mohawk, \$140.00, both \$100.00. WAØJNA, 1541 Atlantic St., St. Paul, Minnesota 55106. DRAKE 2C perfect condx. \$215.00. DX-60, \$65.00. Dow-Key relay and key, \$10.00. Package deal, \$275.00. Drake R4 receiver, \$275.00. Drake T4X transmitter and all cables, \$325.00. AC-3 supply, \$75.00. TR-3, \$275.00. Roy E. Pelle-grini, K9GNR, 21 W. 215 North Ave., Lombard, III. 60148. Tel: a.c. (312)-627-3475.

COLLINS 755-3, 325-1, 516E-2, late serial numbers, original factory cartons, \$750.00; E-Z Way 40 ft, tower with ground post, \$60.00, Warrior amplifier, \$90.00, WA6DET, 27031 (rgayslake Rd., Palos Verdes, Calif. 90274, Phone (213)post. \$6 Gravslake 377-6266. slake

377-6266. SAVE at Evansville Amateur Radio Supply: "Cash prices, no trade deals on honus offers" New equipment: bonus No. 1, Irake TR-4, \$599,95, free AC-4 and MS-4, Bonus No. 2, Drake T4X and R4A, \$799,95, free AC-4 and MS-4, Bonus No. 3 Swan-500, \$2420.00, Free 117XC. Bonus No. 4, Galaxy-MK II \$420.00, Free AC-35, Bonus No. 5, Mosley TA-33, \$99,00, Bonus No. 6, Ham-M, \$95,00, Freight f.o.b, Send SASE for the best deal on new or used rear, 1629, S, Ken-tucky, Evansville, Inc. 47714, Tel: a.c. (812)-422-4551, Bill (988, WA9RMO.

SALE: Viking Challenger, condx Rud; Lafayette HE-30 with HE-56 6M converter condx exclnt; Utica 650A 6M xceivr with VFO, condx exclnt; Lafayette HE-45 80-6m VFO with power supply, exclnt. Best offer piece or whole. Will ship, rrgsauer, WB2DKF, 5 Rural Drive, Scarsdale, New York Krakauer, 10583.

RANGER I. excellent, \$100. Hammarlund HQ 110 equiva-lent to new, \$150.00. Will ship. Dave, W2ZVL, 919 So. Lons Beach Ave., Freeport, L.I., N.Y, 11520.

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FT 1.2271 Beath HX-10; Drake 2-B with all stals, calibrator and 2BQ; Transtenna 102-C T/R switch All excellent condx, Best offer takes. Going transceive. WA8GDR, S. J. Stans-field, Box 471. Leslie, Michigan 49251. NCX-3, NCX-A, \$250.00; Waters Codax keyer, \$50.00, John Brooks, 36 AE CMR 584, N. Y. APO 09152.

FOR Sale: New 50 hours service Cless 22'er with 12 crystals and Poly-Comm 6 with VFO. WA2UXD, Edward Pardocchi, 117 Woodbine Street, Brooklyn, N.Y. 11221. Tel: GL-5-0922 after 5 PM.

SX-122 with calibrator, \$160.00. Swan 14-117 supply, \$60.00; Eldico 50 watt modulator, \$25.00; Morrow MB-560, \$30.00; Globe VFO deluxe, \$35.00, others, W2BWL, 215 E. Main, 3K, Somerville, NJ. 08876.

NEW Eimac 4CX300As. sealed, \$20.00; new Eimac 4CX250s. sealed, \$25.00; 4D32s, new \$15.00; 100THs, new. \$10.00; Astatic D-104, G-stand, \$20.00. W91MP, 222 Cedar Avenue, Danville, III, 61832.

HG-10 VFO, assembled and used once, then acquired xmtr. with built-in VFO, \$27.50. WA5JDH, 3442 Wheatley, Jackwith built-in VI son, Miss. 39212.

son, Miss, 39212, SWAN 350, AC power supply, Superb condition, \$350.00, Original cartons, Manual, Will ship, K2YMO, 38 Mead Lane, Westbury, N.Y. 11590, Tel; (516)-334-5816. FOR Sale; Collins 75A-4, serial 4213, Clean and in sud condx, in original packing, \$400,00, Also old Bunnell side-swiper key, to best offer. Jvan Fry, 202 W. High St., Mi-nerva, Ohio 44657.

FOR Sale: 6 Kc filter for 75-A4, \$35.00, W4BYU, 1130 Cumberland Road N.E. Atlanta, Georgia 30306.

75A-4, matching speaker, \$375.00; KWS-1, \$575.00; Excellent. Bill, K6TVN, 3049 Keystone, Burbank, Calif, 91504, Tel: 845-6131.

DRAKE TR-3/RV-3/AC-3, exclnt condx, HO-10 'scope, TA-33 Sr., 110 VAC DPDT, Dow-Key relay, misc. WA8AEY, 817 So. Center St., Springfield, Ohio 45506.

WANTED: Halllcrafters S-36A receiver. 27.8 mcs. to 143 mcs., State price and condition. W11VE, 328 Saybrooke Street, Hartford, Conn. 06106.

"AMATEUR Radio: Its Effect On Society." Master's re-search paper, \$2,00. Michael Gauthier, K6iCS, Box 216, Lynwood, Calif, 90262.

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CIEGG—Complete 185, watt VHF station. Zeus transmitter, \$350,00: Interceptor B receiver. \$250,00. Both for 6 and 2 meters. Will throw in Dow-Key relay for package dual at \$550,00. Ship anywhere in original cartons. Excellent con-dition throughout. Shipped prepaid with certified check. K4-MLY/K3FUS. J. H. Hill, Box 246, Ashland, Virginia 23005. Tel: (703)-798-6727.

DX Antenna bargain. E-Z Way RBS-40 and RBZ-66 self-supporting towers. Telrex 15 and 20 meter three element beams. Ham-M rotator left at former OTH. Pick up at Darien. Connecticut, and save. Naylor, WAICPP-WB6WSB, 485 Pullman Road, Hillsborough, Calif. 94010.

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FOR SALE: Going to college. Drake line of equipment T-4X, R-4, AC-4, MS-4: Price \$650.00. Thomas Sloan, 204 W. Third, Assumption. Ill. 62510. WANTED: HQ-129-X bandspread scale. Dave J. Cook, 3917-A Kingsbridge Rd., Chattanooga, Tennessee 37416.

MOVING, must sell: Valiant 11, HQ-110, speaker, Matchbox, TA-33 Jr., rotor, Preselector, in exclut condx. Best offer, K2KZZ, 734 Vermont St., Brooklyn, N.Y. 11207.

EICO 753 Transceiver in gud condx. Solid state VFO, stable after warm-up, \$125.00, Knight R-100A receiver with crystal calibrator and S-meter for \$65.00, Orton Kauffman, WA9-AQZ, 2605 College Ave., Goshen, Ind. 46526.

HEATH HW-12 75-meter transceiver, \$79.00: Knight R-100 all-band receiver, calibrator. S-meter, \$89.00. 2-meter Nu-vistor converter, \$15.00. Will swap for quad antenna or a piano. Chuck, WB2VXR, 1080 Jackson Road, Webster, N.Y. 14580.

MINT—Collins 75A-4 (\$1487) with 3 kc. filter. spinner knob. and matching speaker. \$425.00 firm. R. G. Dick, WAIDPX, 6 Herbert Rd. Arlington, Mass. 02174.

HALLICRAFTERS SX-99 and Eico 720 with antenna relay and key, \$130.00, Both in A-1 condx, Will deliver 200 miles, Roger Gloege, 2202 South Osage, Wichita, Kansas 67213, HALLICRAFTERS HT-37, \$250.00, SX-111 with speaker, \$130.00, Heath Ham-Scan, \$40.00, W2UWM, 1302-8th St., North, Bergen, N.J. 07047.

Norin, bergen, N.J. 07047.
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 Perfect, \$350.00, or best offer. Will ship. Also Command set. ARC-33. Want 511 (URR388). W2VVN, 516 WE8-7221, 15 Chemung Place, Jericho, L.I., N.Y. 11753.
 COLLINS 75S-3. 32S-3. 351D-2. 516F-2 mint condition. Original packing. Manuals. \$1100, Mosley TA-33 and TT-31 portable antenna: Hy-Gain 23, Finco 6 and 2 meter beam: Hallicrafters SX-62A and CRX-3; Lafayette HE-99 and HE-45, MI in excilent condition. Packing and manuals. Best offers. W1USP, tel: 617-934-2342.

TR-3, \$369.00; AC-3, \$39.00 perfect, certified check. W4YER 3037 Teresa Drive, Birmingham, Ala, 35217. Tel: 631-7831 SELL Beam, brand new, Hy-Gain 203BA, 3-element, 20 meters, \$80 list, \$55.00 net. F.o.b. Webster, 850 Groff, Pomona, Calif, 91766.

SX-43 and R-44 speaker. All in good condition except that receiver has noisy audio gain control. Reasonably priced. W1VG, 99 Bortwood Road. West Hartford, Conn. 06107, Phone 203-521-0416.

SELL: DX-60, \$50.00. Triplett 631, \$60.00. W4MVM, 5801 Shadowview, Mobile, Alabama 36608. VALIANT: Excellent condition. \$\$150.00. W2CTO.

FREE standing 50 ft. E-Z Way tower. Ground post. Ham-M rotor, Mosley A-203-C beam. All in FB condx. \$350.00. Tel: 583-5433. Ernic Lefebvre, KIPNL.

SELL: HT-37, has PTT and 4 xtals with front panel control for full 10-meter coverage. \$215.00; SX-101A, \$185.00. Both perfect. W2CMD.

HAMMARLUND HQ-180 receiver and Hallicrafters speaker R-46B. With manual. In excellent condition, \$290.00. Cash. J. Gerald Ingham, 75 East Broadway, Haverhill, Mass. 01830. FOR Sale: Clerg Thor 6 meter transceiver, with AC power supply, \$200, Prepaid express. M. E. Atkins, W9CFB, Cal-houn, Illinois 62419.

HQ-170AC, like new, \$200.00. Going transceive, Stan Davis, WB2HZK, 84 Studley Street, Rochester, N.Y. 14616.

HAMMARLUND HQ-120 receiver, \$75.00. Bevilacqua, RD 1, Elizabethtown, Penna. 17022. Tel: 367-2601.

SELLING Out: Viking II, \$79.00; Eico 720, \$59.00; BC-221-AN, best offer, More. Ask for list. W8YHU, 921 South Woodside, North Canton, Ohio 44720. MINT 75A-4 and speaker, \$395.00; CW and SSB filters, \$35.00 each, Husky 3 ky, p/s, \$50.00, W6IKJ.

TA-33 beam, 40 foot tower, AR-22 rotor, Valiant tter, SX-71 receiver. KØSOB, P.O. Box 4461, Dav-

MOSLEY TA-33 be I transmitter, SX-7 enport, Iowa 52808.

SALE: Globe Scout 65, mic. S40-B rcvr; 10M Telrex beam. You make offer. K2KZZ, 734 Vermont St., Bklyn, N.Y. 11207.

RCA FM. lowband, CMV, 2E5, 12V, complete. Ideal for 6M., \$60,00, K2ZLI, G. Evans, 17 George St., Freehold. N.J. 07728.

SR-150 Hallicrafters transceiver and matching ac supply. One owner, in perfect condx, \$445.00. Gallagher, K2JIE, 41 Briarwood Road, Fairhaven, New Jersey 07701.

KWM-2, Waters notch, EVT, Channelator, 6 xtals, 312B5 and p/s, \$1200.00; 351D-2; \$40.00; MP-1, \$100; Swan VFO-406B, \$30.00, TDT Antenna, \$30.00. All excellent, Bill, WA21ZU, 516-PY6-9122. 15 Family Lanc, Levittown, L.I. N.Y. 11756.

HALLICRAFTERS SX-101 MK 111, Ham-bands only receiver, In perfect condx. \$140.00, Central Electronics 10-A SSB exciter, \$55.00, Address A. Ahrens, WB6LGQ, 6843 Wood-ey, Apt. \$3, Van Nuys, Calif.

CICO 720 transmitter, 730 modulator, Knight R-100, Heath VF-1, coaxial relay. Best offer takes each. William Robin-son. Route 2. Box 209. Petersburg, Va. 23803. EICO 753 with matching AC, transistor VFO, PTT stand mike, Heath keyer, Knight SWR bridge. Offer cash, or sud revr in trade. WA4NEM, 4210 Braemar Avenue, Lakeland. Fla 33403. mike, Heath ke revr in trade. Fla. 33803.

MUST Sell excellent Rohn 54 ft. crank-up tower. Includes base-plate, ground anchors, new guy wire, and all hardware. Can include 2-element, Tri-band quad antenna in sale. Wil-liam Semonavick, K3RMZ, 71 Saxton Road, Dover, Dela-

Can include 2-element, 117-0art Saxton Road, Dover, Deta-liam Semonavick, K3RMZ, 71 Saxton Road, Dover, Deta-ware 19901. WANTED: Lampkin 105-B, Johnson 1 KW Matchbox, HO-180-AX, HO-170A-VHF, complete 2 meter Johnson 6N2 set-up, State condition and lowest price in your first letter. John Waskowitz, S41 Marcy Ave., Bkl/nn. NY, 11206.

John Waskowitz, 541 Marcy Ave., Bkiyn, N.Y., 11206. HEATHKITS: SB-400 with Waters compreamp, \$260.00; SB-300 with all filters and 2-meter converter, \$220.00; SB-200, \$200.00. All are beautifully wired and updated. Also: new Alliance C-225 rotor, \$25.00, TA-33 beam, \$25.00, Dave Smith, K2CHS, 510 West 112th St., New York, N.Y. 10025. FOR Sale: Johnson 6 and 2 Thunderbolt 700 watts AM, 1200 Watts SSB. One extra pair final tubes included. Call eve-nings, Donald Chew, WA8NTM, tel: 382-2863, 465 Burdel Dr., Wilmington, Ohio 45177.

107.. Wilmington, Ohio 45177. SEI L: HO-180A General Coverage receiver. 54 thru 30 meg. acycles. Factory installed noise-immunizer. Mint condx. \$275.-00. Geloso 212. 60-watt. 80 thru 10M. AM-CW transmitter. 807 final. 807 modulators. Mint condx. \$60.00. Morrow MBR-5 and RVP-250 m/s. \$30.00., k2CFC. 127 Van Kannel Ave., Yardville, N.J. 06620. Tcl: (609)-885-5184. COI.LEGE-Bound: HT-44 plus P.S./150. SX-117 Clegg 99'er. In excellent condition. Peter Williams. 615 Marview Ter-race. Clincinnati. Ohio 45231. FLEI D. Davy 17 f. Toepee complete. \$150.00. M/: 10 Clegs 10 Cleg

FIELD Day? 17 ft. TcePec complete. \$350.00. Write "Critch," K7MOC, Critch Industries, 120 West 400 South, Nephi, Utah 84648

CASH Paid for your unused Tubes, and good Ham and Com-mercial Equipment. Send list to Barry, W2LNI. Barry Elec-tronics, S12 Broadway. NYC 10012. Call 212-WAlker 5-700. WANTED: Frequency meters, series type CWS 60028. Navy Dept. Bureau of Ships. R. W. Hobbs, Alliance Mfg. Co., Alliance. Ohio 44601.

SELL: Webcor electric tape-recorder, acessories. Excellent for music. \$45.00, For details write Rod Vlach. WA@OMP, Benson. Minnesota 56215.

Minnesota 56215. CUSTOM Kilowatt: New pair ¥13's. Groth turncount dial, rolary inductor, HD filament transformer, etc., with 2600 VDC, 500 Ma, bias and 12 VDC supplies. Both separate rackmounting chassis with cables. Input-output networks need work, but all parts are there. A steal for \$65.00. RTTY Model 15 with matching table, naugehyde cover. \$50.00. Custom rackmount W21AV RTTY converter with balance-meter. Works and looks fine. \$25.00. Both 15 and TU, \$70.00. Absolutely mint HO-145A with clock-timer, matching speaker. Heath O-multiplier, \$160.00. Johnson Matchbox for 50 ohm coax. \$20.00. Custom Handbook keyer with mercury relay, sidetone, \$15.00. All F.o.b. K9YVV, 908 Country Lane. Mount Prospect. Illinois 60056.

SOLID State rectifiers. Replace those tubes and up operating efficency. 5U4. SV4 and 5YS units. \$4.00; 5R4 units. \$9,00. Both units. \$11.95 postpaid. Merely plug them in. RF Devices. Box #15, Ramsey, N.J. 07446.

WANTED: Vernier knob for 75A-4, also cabinet for 75A-1 or 75A-2, W4DRF, Rte. 2, Box 62-B, Belton, S.C. 29627, FOR Sale: Drake TR-3 with matching AC supply, like new, \$325.00: late SBE-33 with matching mike, \$150.00: Heathkit Warrior linear, like new condx, \$140.00: Swan 175 modified but works OK, \$75.00: Century 500 d.c. supply, \$65.00: H-Verter 6M xmttg conv., \$25.00; Commaire 6 and 2 ant, tuner with built-in SWR meter, \$25.00: Challenger, \$45.00: HQ-110C, \$90.00. Phone 3724/11 during days and 3726957 nights, or write K8AON, Box 8, Ripley, West Virginia 22271. VANTED: Blonder audio, baton WARYIM, 2143 Preseler. WANTED: Blonder audio baton. WA8Y1M, 2143 Pressler. Akron, Ohio 44312.

TR-4 with Drake AC-3 and speaker, in excellent condition \$500. Harry Dagley, 722 Paradise Lane, Libertyville, Ill. 60048

SELL HO-110-AC perfect condition. Manual. Will ship. \$95.00 cash. K2IK, P. F. Hadlock, RD #2. Hammond, N.Y. 13646. NC-300 and DX-100 with WWV converter and T-R switch, sell together only \$250.00. W7DQS, 2418 E. Pierson, Phoenix, Ariz. 85016.

HAMMARLUND HQ-180, \$235.00: DX-60A, \$50.00; HG-10 VFO, \$25.00, Will demonstrate in southern Arizona or Phoenix area, Jay Sewell, WA7GEI, Box 57, Sells, Arizona 85634.

SELLING: Two AN/PRC-6 handie-talkies 6 meter FM with spare tubes and antennas, two handsets, loudspeaker and manuals. Best offer. Brettschneider, Box 22074, Lousville, Kentucky 40222.

FOR Sale: NC-303, only \$205.00; SBE-33 transceiver with SBDCP DC power inverter, \$195.00, WA2AVY, Clary Schmidt, 238 East 58th St., New York, N.Y. 10022. Phone PL-9-3591.

HY-GAIN DB24 4-el. beam, \$60.00; 3-el. Fiberglass quad kit, \$55.00, factory recondx Ham-M rotator-control, \$100.00 or trade for KW Matchbox, Drake DC-3 supply, moble ant, keyer, F.o.b. W9JQD, 54712 Merrifield, Mishawaka, Ind. keyer. 46544.

46544. REBUILDING Beam? Write Walt on fasteners. Brass. some statuless hardware. See August ad. Bronze lock washers. Sam-ples 25¢ postpaid. Special long machine screws. Lists avail-able. Walt. WBBLR. 29716 Briarbank, Southfield, Mich. 48075, WANTED: Early Hallicrafters, Hammarlund, National re-ceivers, Best price and condition in your first letter, please Howard Hoagland, Ir., 639 North Sitra Bonita Ave., Los Angeles, Calif. 90036. UEV D. Effort remember. MBE 102, MBE 104, T. IXM 12

FIELD Effect trai \$1.20 each. Bob, Md, 20853. transistors. MPF 102, MPF 104, T 1XM-12. bb, W3TOO, 4015 Montpelier Rd., Rockville,

FALL Specialsi 301-1, \$395.00; 312B-5, \$250.00; 312B-4, \$135.00; HT-44, \$225.00; SR-160, \$190.00; GSB-100, \$164.50; HRO-60 w/6 coils and calibr, \$199.00; Valiant, \$89.00; HR-20, HX-20 and HR-23 clean, \$225.00, Free list, Howard Radio, P.O. Box 1269, Ablienc, Teyas 79604.

P.O. Box 1269, Abilene, Teyas 79604.
 BTI LK-2000 linear, \$680.00; 32S-3 xmitr and 516F-2 power supply, \$550: 75-S-3-B with .5-2.5 kc filters, \$485.00; all this equipment mint condx. Purchased in January 1967, less than 25 hours use, Packake price, \$1,600. You pay shipping. Would consider high quality guns or '66-67 model travel-trailer in trade. L. Scarpa, 1168 Mayfair Court, Vineland, N.J. 08360, WILL Buy: Final coil to Johnson Challenger, Name price. Write or call Frank Rodio, WA2GKA, 243 Senator St., Brooklyn, N.Y. 11220, Tel: 748-7473.
 SELL Mint, Drake line, used 10 hours. In original packing and guarantee: R4A, \$330.00: T4X with P/S, \$350.00. includes extra crystals for 160 and 10 M, Package: \$650.00. Magner, Scry 2.
 Rev, Paul Bittner, WØAIH, 814 4th St., Virginia. Minnesota \$53792.

Rev. 1

COLLINS KWM-2/516F-2, \$875.00; 75S-1 with 500 kc, filter and rejection tuning. \$275.00. National NCL-2000 linear, \$450.00; HQ-110 with clock, \$110.00. Homebrew 4-811A GG linear, \$100.00. WB2DND Don Greenbaum, 20 Sunnyfield Terrace, Neptune, N.J. 07753.

Terrace, Neptune, N.J. 07/33. URGENTLY Need: Mult-Elmac power supply for both AF-67 xciter and PMR-6A revr. Also schematic. K5TXZ, 1520 Holly Vista. Waco. Texas 76711. SSB-CW-AM. KW station for sale. in exclnt condx. Drake TR-3 with AC-3 power supply. Heathkit SB-200 linear ampli-fier with 2 new UP572Bs. Sacrifice. \$500 firm. Pick up. or you pay shioping. WB2HJC. Stan Schwartz. Phone 212-CH2-3925 after 6 PM. weekdays. 365 W 28th. NYC. N.Y. 10001.

SELL: Lafayette 5 band VFO with build-in power supply. Absolutely mint condx. \$22,50. Mike Wilke, P.O. Box 6020. Montgomery. Alabama 36106.

FOR Sale: Heath SB-400 and SB-300, new condition, com-plete, \$500,00. Heath Monitor 'scope HO-10, new condition, \$50,00. Ted Brix, 5573 No. Van Ness Blvd., Fresno, Calif. 93705.

57/03. SWAN 400, 406 VFO, 117BAC, in excint condx, hardly used, \$365.00, Joe Locascio, K5CIT/6, 3466 West Garryana, Beale AFB, Calif. 95903. TRANSISTORS, Brand new, \$1.00 each, JAN 2N 1049A silicon transistor corp, and Jan 2N1016BM Westinghouse. No reasonable cash offer refused. C. Grimes, 1197 Anderson Ave., Bronx, N.Y.

Bronx, N.Y. COMMUNICATIONS Specialists, transmitters, receivers re-naired, kits wired, tested; custom building. Product detectors added, J-J Electronics, Canterbury, Conn. 06331. FOR Sale: Heathkit DX-60. \$80.00; Mohawk receiver, \$225.00; twoer, \$45.00; 2 meter FM transceiver, \$25.00; micro to keyer August OST, Ross Lunan, 56 Parkdale, Pointe Claire, Queb. P. Canada.

P., WILL S

r., Canada, WILL Swap new Henry 4K for Collins KWM-2A/2, or will sell for \$750, Will also sell Collins 758-3 tor \$400. John Williams, 103 Midland St., Greenville, S.C. 29607. TELETYPE: In excellent condition; Model 14 TD, \$45.00: 14 typing repertorator with keyboard, \$50.00; TM 11-352 covering Model 15 printer, \$4.25, W4NZY, 119 North Birch-wood Ave., Louisville, Kentucky 40206.

FOR Sale: Johnson Matchbox 250-23-3, like new, \$75.00; Heath power supply HP-13, \$65.00, H. Griffiths, 39-82 65th Place, Woodside, L.I. N.Y. 11377.

reaan power supply HP-13, \$65.00. H. Grittiths, 39-82 65th
Place, Woodside, L.I. N.Y. 11377.
WANTED: Good used Heath electronic keyer. Charles Willis, Rte. 1, Pittsburg. Icrass 75686.
INCENTIVE Licensing? You need Posi-Check, Amateur Extra and General Class FCC uppe exams. complete in detail and dearning and a Must in preparation of the Complete the detail and single post-Check consists of 297 questions and explained answers for only \$2.98. Extra Class. 115 questions and diagrams with explained answers. \$2.00, 139 questions of the 297 in the General Posi-Check apply directly to Extra Class also. Get both for only \$4.50 postpaid, Posi-Check, P.O. Box 3564, Urbandale Station, Des Moines, Iowa 50322.
SELL Or Swap: Fisher KX-100 50-watt stereo amp. \$75.00; Heath AJ-12 FM stereo tuner, \$50,00; Mosley 80-meter dipole tonal 01, \$2.00, K1YGS, 142 Torrington Heights. Torrington, Chan. 06790.
CHALLENGER: Excellent mntr in vy sud condy. My Novice

CHALLENGER: Excellent xmtr in vy gud condx. My Novice WAC in 4 months with this rig, and a vertical. \$60.00, WNWRAG, Box 326, Dawson. Minnesota 56232.

WARLEL-ROEK, IGAE WITH this rig: and a vortical. \$60.00. WN@RAG. Box 326, Dawson. Minnesota 56232.
WANTED: Heathkit SB-10. Adaptor and ESI bridge oscillator/detector. Model 855A-1. W5QMI.
TRANSMITTER, Heathkit "Apache" Model TX-1, excellent. professionally EE built. Hy-Gain 18-HT antenna. Nagel, James Road. Reading. Mass. 01867.
SELL 2-B. 2BQ, xtal cal., 160M conv. A-1 condx. Ranger I, 275w. Matchbox. best offer. Fred Riess, WA2RGK, R. \$1, Lindood. N.J. 04221.
SB-100 and HP-23 Heathkits, completely wired and in operation, works beautifully, good clean wiring. \$500.00 cash. W1KBO. 52 Washington St. Stoneham. Mass. 01867.
COLLEGE Exponesis Hallicrafters SR-42A. 714 mike, beam, Cornell-Dubilier rotor mint condx. Sacriffee for \$175.00. Lafayette HE-60, \$30.00. James J. Mozzillo. 3144 Schley Avenue, Bronx. N.Y. 10465.
SWAN 350 xtal calibr. adaptor 22 Ext VFO 410 power supply 230XC, like new, \$520.00. Linear Hunter Randit 2000B, factory-wired with 2 extra tubes. Like new condx. \$320.00. K7-59H, Box 4099 Tucson, Ariz 85717. Tel: 296-6466.
75S-1. \$275.00: 325-1. \$3125.00: HRO 50/SSB, \$175.00: 10X-20 transmitter, \$20.00: Comanche receiver, \$40.00: 10X-20 transmitter, \$20.00: Comanche receiver, \$40.00: 10X-20 transmitter, \$20.00: HRO coils, \$5.00. R. Higgins, 104 Maple PL. Cranford, N.J. 07016.
HEATH Marauder and Warrior goes for best offer. One or both. In xClnt condx. W. Bowman, K8RIJ, 3621 Niles Rd., \$51.
100 Components, \$1.50 postpaid, 600 for \$5.50: on surplus computer cards. Mostly diodes, resistors: some capacitors.

100 Components, \$1.50 postpaid, 600 for \$5.50; on surplus computer cards. Mostly diodes, resistors; some capacitors, transistors, MMARC, 15½ Independence Court, Concord, Mass. 01742.

Mass. 01742. HT-32B, 5325.00; SX-115, \$325.00, Both like new, Gonset 2-meter Sidewinder, less supply, \$150.00; SR-42 plus VFO, \$150.00, W4MVC, 10 Carlen Avenue, Asheville, N.C. 28804. FOR Sale: TA-32, Jr, \$35.00; NC-270 receiver, 80 thru 6, re-cently factory aligned, \$110.00, Heath VOX-1, with Ranger adapter, \$8.00, All in mint condx, H. J. Galloway, 46 Oak Hill Dr., Arlington, Mass, 02174. FOR Sale: P&H electronic linear, amplifier, Model LA-400C (no shipping), \$100.00; Eico signal generator, wired, Model 115, like new, \$252.00, Mrs, Herbert Willcox, 39 Woodbine St. Auburndale, Mass, 02166, Tcl: LA7-8506. TRANSMITTER: Heathkit SB-400, excellent condition; \$290.00, New GD-104 microphone w/PTT stand, \$23.00, Mike Tortorella, WATGL, 2805 Pond Place, Bronz, N.Y, 10458. FXPANDING National sales organization needs new amateur

EXPANDING National sales organization needs new amateur products and accessories. You make it and we'll sell it, our trade name or yours. Mann Enterprises, P.O. Box 292, Deerfield, Illi-nois 60015.

SELL: Gonset 2-meter Sidewinder and AC power supply. In fac-tory cartons, first offer over \$230.00. Certified check or money order. John Kroll. 3528 Craig Drive, Flint, Michigan 48506.

RANGER I in gud condx. \$70.00; Lafayette HA-700 rcvr in new condition, \$60.00. Both for \$125.00, Manuals included, excellent Novice outift shipping collect. Roger Klingaman, K4MZN, 709 N. W. 19 Ave., Gainesville, Fla. 32601.

SELL: Homebrew KW linear, 4-811As, \$75.00: Heath 10-21 'scope, \$50.00: HM-15 SWR bridge, \$12.00: Hammarlund keyer, \$15.00, Mike Coulter, W2CCR, 57 Drake Dr., Rochester, N.Y. 14617. Phone 266-0958.

SBE-33 xcvr with microphone, \$250.00. Also SB1-LA 1 kw linear, \$175. Both for \$400. Purchased new in 1965 but used only about 20 hours. WA4VLH. Peter Smith. RD #1, Mechanicsville, Mary-land (ur. DC). Phone (301)-884-4110 after 5.

MAGNIFICENT Drake 2-B with cover, Heath Q-multiplier, speaker, \$190,00. Elco 720 transmitter and 722 VFO, factory assembled, \$110.00. Hy-Gain 4-element Tribander, \$20.00; Globe VUX, \$10.00. Complete station with all manuals, \$300.00. Philip Mills, WAIFHW, Pioneer Valley Academy, New Brain-tree, Mass. 01531.

SELL: Central Electronics 600L linear, \$150.00; 20A exciter SSB with OT-1, \$90.00, all-band factory converted VFO for 20A, \$35.00, HQ-180C receiver, \$225.00, Hy-Gain 10-meter beam, 3-el, All in mint condx, with manuals. Orlando O, Okles-hen, W9EXE, 22637 Ridgeway, Richton Park, Illinois 60471. Local hams see antennas and tower at a bargain!

COME And set if E-Z Tower GPRBS 40/45, \$75.00: Ham-M rotator, \$70.00; HT-32, \$150.00; SX-101A, \$175.00; Johnson Courier 500W CW/SSB amp., \$50.00. Nickey Paddle, \$10.00 Numechron 24-hour clock, \$5.00. Hornet 500W Tribander, \$10.00, Alex Ekblad, 161 Evans St., New Hyde Park, NY, 11040, SY on His amproximation for the second of \$6500 on the DX-60. like new. with key, mike, xtals. spare 6146, \$45.00, plus shipping. Dow-Key bug, \$5.00, Joe Nester, W3KUN, Emporium, Penna, 15834,

SELL: HT-37, Drake 2-A, Heath KW linear, TA-33 beam. Leon Ste.noerger, W2EVV, tel: (212)-BU2-4737.

COLLINS Receivers immaculate like-new condition, high serial numbers: 755-3B, \$495.00; 755-3, \$390.00. Satisfaction guaran-teed. Would trade on KWM-2. Don Payne, Box 525, Springfield, 1enn. 37172. Nitefone: 615-354-5643.

HQ-170 and Speaker, \$175.00; Viking II, factory-wired and matching VFO, \$90.00; B&W LP filter, \$10.00, 14 AVS like-new, \$15.00; manuals included, Will ship, you pay postage, WB2FGJ A. S. Baran, Line Road, Trenton, N.J. 08690.

WB2FG1, A. S. Baran, Line Rnad, Irenton, N.J. 08890. TOROIDS: 88 mby, unpotted-center/tapped. 5/s150 postpaid. Brand new Ameco CN144W. 2-meter converter with power sup-ply and rtal, \$35.00; Dow-Key relay, \$7.00; Heath VF1, VFO, \$10,00; like-new Johnson 250-23-3 Matchbox, \$65.00; v-1000A socket and filament xtrmer, \$10.00; Valiant, \$135.00, Super-Pro receiver (30 mhz) with power supply, \$55.00, Icletype naper, \$5.50/case, Tapp \$3.00/box, Heath SB-300 receiver, \$230.00, Wanted; SX-28 receiver, rotator, Triband beam, Communicator 11. Van, W2DLT, 3022 Passaic Ave., Stirling, N.J. 07980. HUNTER Bandir 2000A, \$250.00; Clege 99'er, \$70.00; Firmac

HUNTER Bandit 2000A, \$250.00; Clegg 99'cr, \$70.00; Elmac AF68A, \$50.00; Knight Auto-Analyzer, \$30.00, Sideband Engi-neers SB2MIC \$10.00; Philip Schwebler, W9CCG, 4536 N, 50 St. M.Iwaukee, Wis, 53218.

NC-300, in gud condx, with National 50 Mc, and 220 Mc, con-verters, Tecraft 144 Mc, converter (needs repair), all for \$160.00, F.o.b, Ralph Gaze, \$305 Wehawken Rd., Washington, D.C. 20016. 20016.

SELL: SB-10, mint condition, \$75,00, M. Heiman, K7BDY, Box 744. Showlow, Arizona 85901.

HW-32 and HP-23, excellent condition, for \$110.00, Eugene Ornstein, WB2VIO, 313 Corwa St., Brooklyn, N.Y. 11225. COLLINS 75S-3, "Perfect", can't tell from new. \$375.00 K7YRP, 3460 Roger Dr., Salt Lake City, Utah 84117. Tel: 277-4995.

NORTHERN RDO 153 tone keyer. Western Electric teletyne manual. BC-453, etc. Parts, etc. SASE for list. Pilon, Hemans Court. Worcester, Mass. 01605.

COLLINS 75A1, \$125.00; Ranger, \$70.00. Or make offer. In FB condx. WA9QXT, Richard Karlquist, 461 King Lane, Des Plaines. III. 60016.

NC-300 with 6 meter converter, \$150,00; Viking Ranger, \$75,00, together: \$200,00. Excellent condition, Raskoff, Escondido Vil-lage #10F, Stanford, California 94305.

Lage 1105. Stanford. California 94305. SELL: SB-301 w/#ll filters. \$300.00: SB-401 w/xtal package \$315.00; or both for \$600.00; DX-60B, \$70.00; all built and aligned by Heath engineer, in mint condx. M.O. or certified check, no trades, ship collect. W80FG, 1843 N. Sierra Way, Stevensville, Mich. 49127. Tel: (616)-429-4289. R-4A, MS-4, perfect condx, in original cartons, \$340.00, or your best offer. DX-40. VF-1, Waters coax switch. \$375; Dow-Key DK-60G and Heath IM-11 VTVM, all in exclint condx. Best of fer. Will sell anythung separately, J. D. Fulton. 4977 Palo Dr., Tarzana, Calif, 91356. Tel: 213-343-7641, WB6NBO.

WANTED: Back issues. DXing Horizons magazine. WA9RAQ, 8046 Euclid, Chicago, III, 60617.

Nude Euclid, Ch. Cago, III, 60617. COMPLETE Collins Station: KWM-2, \$700: 516F2, \$75.00; DC PS and mobile mount, \$200, 312B-5, \$250.00; 30S-1, \$800, All in mint condx, and all for \$1800, Contact Sam High, K3WNO, 1618 Ft. Washington Ave., Maple Clen, Penna. 19002. WANTED: Any or all mint condx NCX-5 MK 11. NCXA, XCU27, VX501, Will pick up in 500 miles radius, or arrange stateside shipping destination, A, B, Morgan, VE301, 62 Oak, Dundas, Ont., Canada.

SELL: Complete station: Apache. SB10, NC270. Mike, \$225. no splits, pick-up deal only. P. Walton, W2YNR, 409 Hamilton Road, Glassboro. N.J. 08028. Tel: 881-4655.

 Road, Olassboro, N.J. 08025, Tel: 861-8633.
 WANTED: K.WS-1, Bill Wesslund, WøDNW, 2801 Wright Ave., North Platte, Nebraska 69101.
 SB-100 with homebrew supplies, \$295.00, HG-10 VFO, \$9,00: CDR rotator, \$9,00. Unused files, \$2.00, All guaranteed fine condx, WASIBV, 2407 W. Gramercy, San Antonio, Texas 78228. HEATH Marauder, \$150.00 up. HQ-170C, \$100 up. Both in ex-cellent condition. K0CWW, Jim Brazee, Genoa, Nebraska 68640

SELLING: HT-37, SX-101A, \$300.00. Will ship collect. Roy Hunt, K5CGO, 401 Miller, Kingsville, Texas 78363.

Hum, R.S.C.G., 401 Miller, Kunsville, 1648 (303). HT-37, perfect \$200.00. Drake 2-H with 2-AC stal calibr, and matching 2-BO speaker Q-multiplier, like new, \$185.00. Both with original cartons and manuals. HP-20 Heath power supply, \$15.00. excellent. Will deliver xmtr and/or revr within 150 mile radius, otherwise [cob, KSVCP, 6829 Rowan, Houston, Texas 77036, Tel: 713-771-1167.

HALLICRAFTERS SX-101-A receiver in excellent condition. Delivered within 200 miles. Call now! (305)-989-2149, Ben Gold-tarb. 8/30 South Ralnbow Drive, Hollywood. Fla. 33021.

GOING SSB, sell Apache HO-110AC with matching speaker, like-new condition. Best reasonable offer will deliver within 150 miles. Westbrook K3SLP, RD 2, Box 435-C, East Stroudsburg. miles, Westbre Penna, 18301.

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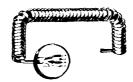
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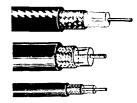
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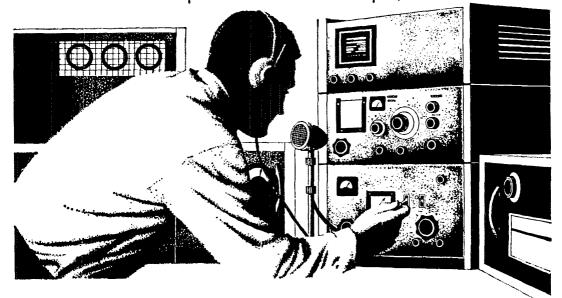
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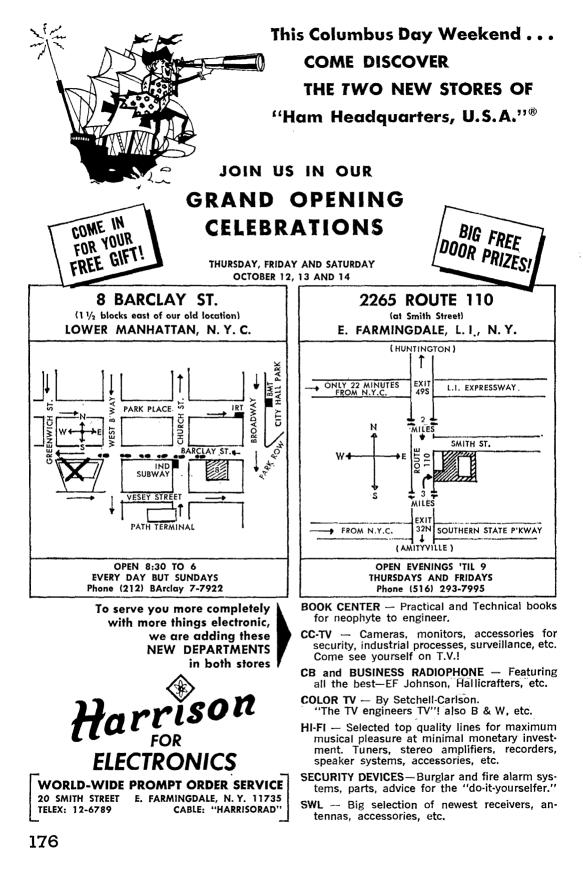
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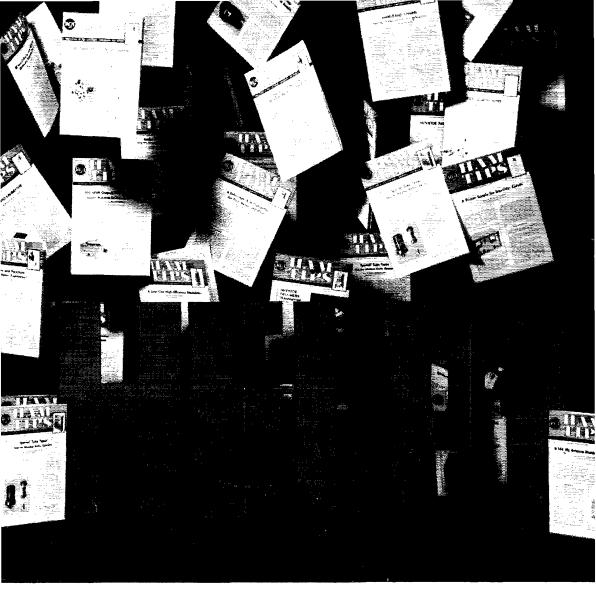
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