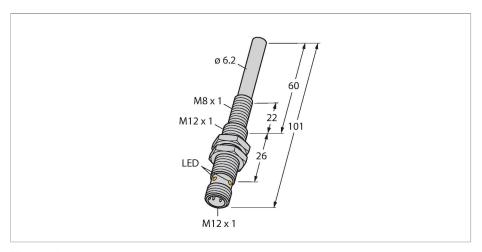


NIMFE-M12/6.2L101-UN6X-H1141 Magnetic Field Sensor For Detection of Ferromagnetic Parts





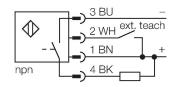
Туре	NIMFE-M12/6.2L101-UN6X-H1141
ID	1600611
General data	
Electrical data	
Operating voltage	1030 VDC
Residual ripple	≤ 10 % U _{ss}
DC rated operational current	≤ 200 mA
No-load current	15 mA
Residual current	≤ 0.1 mA
Isolation test voltage	≤ 0.5 kV
Short-circuit protection	yes / Cyclic
Voltage drop at I。	≤ 1 V
Wire breakage/Reverse polarity protection	yes / Complete
Output function	3-wire, Connection programmable, NPN
Mechanical data	
Design	Threaded barrel, M12 x 1
Dimensions	101 mm
Housing material	Metal, CuZn, Chrome-plated
Active area material	Metal, CuZn, chrome-plated
Max. tightening torque of housing nut	10 Nm
Electrical connection	Connector, M12 × 1
Environmental conditions	
Ambient temperature	-25+70 °C
Vibration resistance	55 Hz (1 mm)



Features

- ■Threaded barrel, M12/M8
- ■Chrome-plated brass
- ■DC 3-wire, 10...30 VDC
- NC/NO parametrizable with teach adapter VB2-SP1
- ■M12 x 1 male connector

Wiring diagram



Functional principle

The weld sensors are available in different versions, with different signal intensities and diameters. Ferromagnetic parts which differ strongly in their material properties and diameters can thus be detected. A target part has to be located within the so called sensitive area in order to be detected. The internal sensor signal reaches the maximum intensity if the sensitive area is completely covered by the target. Partial coverage is also possible.

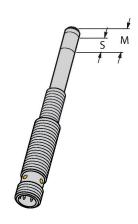
Sensitive area S = 11mm Within this area the sensor signal changes when components are connected.

Maximum range M = 14mm
In case of complete coverage of the sensitive area the maximum signal intensity is achieved.

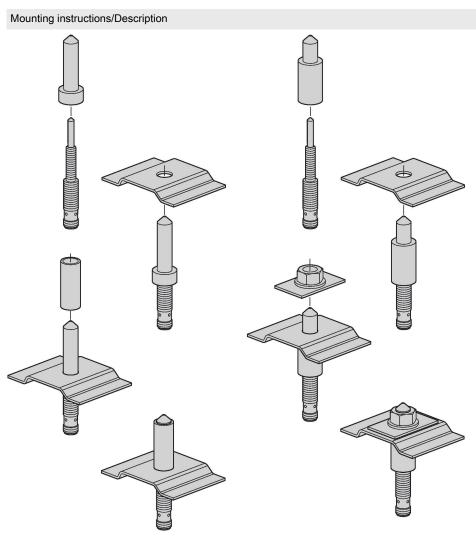


Technical data

Protection class	IP67
MTTF	874 years acc. to SN 29500 (Ed. 99) 40 °C
Power-on indication	LED, Green
Switching state	LED, Yellow



Mounting instructions

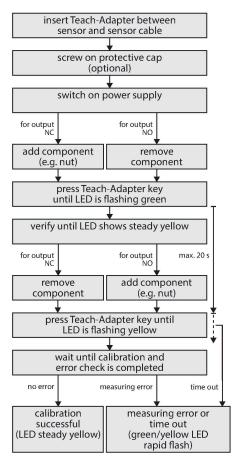


The magnetic field sensor is especially suited for the detection of welding nuts as well as spacer or reinforcing sleeves. The parts to be detected must always consist of ferromagnetic material, so that a proper function can be guaranteed. Most applications need center bolts to tack the welding nuts and reinforcing sleeves in place and thus provide mechanical protection of the sensors. Theses bolts have to be made of non-ferromagnetic material, like stainless steel for example. Center bolts are not available at Turck, as these have to be individually produced for and adjusted to the correspondent application.

The welding nut sensor easily detects ferritic targets with diameters between 10 mm and 20 mm.



Parameterization via teach adapter



The measured signal in the sensor is influenced by the diameter and the material characteristics of the center bolt, but also by the cover of the sensitive area. Therefore each sensor has to be conditioned to the operating environment, i.e. to the applied sleeves or closure caps and the target (nut, sleeve etc.) To configure a sensor, the teach adaptor VB2-SP1 available from Turck is required.

Fault indication

If an overcurrent or short circuit fault occurs when the output is switched on, the output is toggled immediately. Within one second the sensor checks if the state of short circuit still remains, if not, the output is switched on again. During an overcurrent or short circuit, the yellow LED flashes at a frequency of 1 Hz. Each sensor monitors the internal signals and hardware components. This includes the following sources of error that lead to the shutdown of the output:

- Failure of the sensor signal (e.g. due to external magnetic fields)
- Overtemperature (device temperature > 100 °C)
- Defective hardware

Sensor faults are indicated by alternate flashing green and yellow LEDs. The sensor faults are usually self-resetting, i.e. the sensor changes automatically to the normal operating state once the error is corrected.

After switching on the operating voltage the sensor checks its operating parameters. If these parameters are incorrectly configured, the sensor remains in an error state (green LED flashes). The output cannot be switched in this state. The device parameters must be reconfigured using the teach adaptor.

Accessories

BSS-12 6901321

Mounting clamp for smooth and threaded barrel sensors; material: Polypropylene

