



Department of Energy
 Chicago Operations Office
 Salt Repository Project Office
 505 King Avenue
 Columbus, Ohio 43201-2693
 Commercial (614) 424-5916
 FTS 976-5916

WM DOCKET CONTROL CENTER

WM Record File

106

WM Project 16

Date: 8/12/85

PLK
 L...

Distribution:

'85 AUG 15 11:24 LINEHAN
 JOHNSON
 (Return to WM, 623-SS)

(Prespy sent to PLK
 9/6/85
 ne)

August 12, 1985

John J. Linehan, Section Leader
 Salt Section
 Repository Projects Branch
 Division of Waste Management, MS 623-SS
 U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
 Washington, D.C. 20555

Dear Mr. Linehan:

SUBJECT: TRANSMITTAL OF AUGUST 5-8, 1985, NRC/DOE PERMIAN BASIN CORE EXAMINATION

Enclosed are the meeting record and meeting handouts for the subject meeting.

We look forward to continued positive and productive interactions.

Sincerely,

J.O. Neff
 Program Manager
 Salt Repository Project Office

SRPO:JS:max:8393B

Enclosures:

Meeting record with attachments:

- 1) Participant List
- 2) Agenda
- 3) Handouts and copies of viewgraphs. Material is keyed to names and dates given on the agenda.
 - a) Peck/Murphy, August 5, 1985
 - b) Murphy, August 5, 1985
 - c) Ruppel, August 5, 1985
 - d) Kreidler, August 6, 1985
 - e) Senseny, August 6, 1985
 - f) Sherwin, August 7, 1985
 - g) Washer, August 8, 1985
 - h) Murphy, August 7, 1985
 - i) Gustavson, August 7, 1985 (4 pieces)
 - j) Kreidler, August 7, 1985

8512120046 850812
 PDR WASTE PDR
 WM-16

1215

J. Linehan
Page 2

cc: L. Olsen, DOE-RL, w/encl.
D. Vieth, DOE-NV, w/encl.
R. Johnson, NRC, w/encl.
C. Head, DOE-HQ, w/encl.
A. La Sala, USGS, w/encl.
SRPO Staff, w/encl., w/o attachment
D. Dawson, ONWI, w/encl.

GS# 481-85

NRC/DOE PERMIAN BASIN CORE
EXAMINATION SUMMARY

Date/Location

August 5-9, 1985
Texas Bureau of Economic Geology Offices
Austin, Texas

Attendees/Organizational Affiliation

A list of attendees and their organizational affiliations is attached as Enclosure 1.

Background/Facts

The primary purpose of this data review was to obtain a familiarization with the Palo Duro Basin stratigraphy and lithofacies through core examination and presentations of interpretations of core, logs, and cross sections. Also discussed were structural framework core observations and interpretations relating to dissolution, groundwater flow and engineering properties. An overview was given of ongoing work being conducted by Stone & Webster and the Texas Bureau of Economic Geology which aided in discussions of future data reviews and technical meetings. The agenda (Enclosure 2) gives a more detailed listing of the topics discussed and the activities during the course of this data review. Enclosure 3 consists of all of the handouts and copies of viewgraphs presented; each package is identified by the person making the presentation and date shown on the agenda. A representative of the Governor's Office of the State of Texas (see Enclosure 1) was present during the first day and did not make any observations for this summary.

Observations

The NRC general observations are given below. More detailed observations on geology, hydrogeology, rock mechanics, and quality assurance are included in the review sheets completed by NRC during the course of the data review and will be transmitted to SRP in a follow-up package. No specific geochemistry observations were made.

1. Interactions such as this core examination serve as one kind of excellent mechanism to transfer current information (data interpretations, methods, etc.) on SRP programs to NRC in a timely fashion. Such information transfer and exchange of ideas is greatly enhanced by including all the key investigators involved with the work as was done for this data review. The ability of NRC to comment in a timely manner to SRP on the various plans being developed is dependent on keeping current with the work in certain key technical areas. NRC noted that keeping up with current work using published reports in some cases is difficult and large time lags have and do exist for release of subcontractor reports (with their QA review completed) due to the additional technical review process.

2. Detailed lithologic logging of the DOE core by TBEG appears to be of extremely high quality.
3. Correlation of major units between DOE wells appears to be well established and documented by TBEG.
4. Correlation of minor units between DOE wells by TBEG appears reasonable. Continued efforts to strengthen the correlations by using geophysical logs from intermediate petroleum exploration wells is encouraged.
5. The core appears to be well treated within the TBEG facilities. Storage appears to be well organized and preservation techniques appear to be adequate.
6. The characteristics of the San Andres salts are such that considerable variation in their properties on the size scale of a repository is expected. Vertical and lateral lithologic variations probably will be present.
7. The preliminary investigation of the Dockum Group appears to be well thought out and focused. Information developed by this study should be integrated with hydrologic and structural geologic studies by others.
8. The structural framework of the basin is well known with respect to major structures. Minor structures are not as well known.
9. Significant work still remains to be done to understand dissolution phenomena. Problems still remain on understanding the relationship of interior to peripheral dissolution, timing of dissolution episodes, relationship to structural features, dissolution rates, and effects on waste isolation.
10. SWEC and TBEG are preparing several types of lithologic and geotechnical logs based on different classification schemes. A method of relating all classification schemes to each other should be developed.
11. Basin-wide correlations of individual stratigraphic units, based on the cyclicity interpreted from the core, provides a powerful means of interpreting the stratigraphic details between widespread drill holes. Further resolution of the extent and importance of sabkha-like versus marine influences would enhance the ability to predict the likely magnitude of local anomalies.
12. The DOE has not published information on the Quaternary Blackwater Draw formation, an eolian-lacustrine deposit. The extent and characteristics of this formation are important to the resolution of issues such as Quaternary dissolution and warping and ages of latest movement on faults. Information on this unit is also needed for foundation engineering.
13. The existing seismic network, as described in this meeting, does not appear to be properly deployed to accurately locate events within potentially seismogenic areas such as the Oldham Nose, Matador Arch, Amarillo Uplift and eastern New Mexico.

14. The nature and extent of fracturing that may have been induced by interior dissolution needs to be determined and its influence on hydrologic properties of strata above the base of dissolution assessed.
15. The geophysical logs appear to be sufficient to aid in stratigraphic correlations and geotechnical studies. The influence of halite cement on the values of geotechnical parameters so obtained is not yet fully understood.
16. At present, there is no document that synthesizes and integrates the stratigraphic, structural and hydrogeologic research by all DOE contractors.
17. With respect to quality assurance, SRP should improve their overview of TBEG work in the areas of surveillance, records management, TBEG QA organization, and supplier control. It is believed that these concerns would be surfaced and corrected in a timely manner if the SRP implemented a planned, disciplined program of surveillance and monitoring of work activities as well as the audit which is conducted annually.
18. NRC Rock Mechanics/Design staff and contractors observed core custody, core storage, and protection procedures pertinent to several borings within the Palo Duro Basin. In addition discussions with representatives of SWEC and RE/SPEC addressed such topics as core protection, rationale for selection of samples for testing, representativeness of samples, sample transportation, type of tests and documentation of core selection, handling procedures, test procedures and results. Observations relative to these activities will be part of the follow-up material to be provided by NRC.
19. NRC, SRP, ONWI, and TBEG discussed ideas for future interactions in the areas of geology, hydrogeology, geochemistry, and rock mechanics. NRC and SRP discussed the advantages and disadvantages to having large meetings covering many topics/issues versus meetings more focused on issues and the information pertinent to understanding the issue. NRC in general favors the more focused approach to interactions. The following summarizes NRC's current ideas on interactions for fiscal year 1986:.

Geology:

1. The only presently scheduled interaction between SRP and NRC is the surface based test plan. The NRC needs to discuss with the SRP contact the general philosophy which will be used in preparation of this plan prior to NRC and SRP setting a firm date for interaction.
2. Specific topical meetings are needed in the fields of structural geology, near surface stratigraphic units and dissolution.
3. The specific topical meetings while focused must be broad enough so that all disciplines which have input are represented.

Hydrogeology:

The following are topics to be included in one or more interactions.

1. Hydrogeologic conceptual model(s) - integration of current interpretations of all aspects of the existing data base including structure, stratigraphy, hydrochemistry, isotopes, and hydrogeologic properties.
2. Explanation and examination of hydrochemical and isotopic data.
3. Core data - how will core data be used to develop hydrogeologic properties?
4. Potentiometric head data
 - a) error estimation
 - b) fluid density variations with respect to head
5. Hydrogeologic properties of evaporite section including unit 4 dolomite.

Geochemistry:

The most immediate need is to read a draft of the geochemistry program plan when it becomes available. This will provide a better understanding of the geochemistry program which will allow NRC and SRP to more intelligently plan technical meetings as soon as possible.

Rock Mechanics:

Between now and January 1986, three interactions have already been agreed to by NRC and SRP. These are for exploratory shaft construction and sealing, repository design, and in situ testing. No additional interactions are needed during this time period.

20. NRC stressed the importance of having staff members, while assigned to the NRC on-site representative, read and understand program plans and detailed hierarchies (milestones charts) being developed by SRP/ONWI. This background should be very useful in mutually planning out an effective and timely series of interactions.
21. The NRC is of the opinion that this data review was extremely useful to their understanding of the present basis of stratigraphic studies in the Palo Duro Basin and has provided an excellent springboard from which other more focused topical workshops can be developed. The open discussion by all parties, especially in the core examination area, was extremely helpful. The NRC wishes to thank all personnel involved, and especially TBEG for hosting this review.

Agreements and Open Items

1. NRC and SRP agreed to further discuss ways (in addition to those currently in place) for enhancing the transfer of new interpretative information. A possibility suggested by the NRC is to open-file draft reports produced by contractors and subcontractors.
2. NRC will continue discussions with SRP on the topics, schedules and most effective approach to future interactions.
3. NRC will send SRP follow-up material within one month. This material will consist of the specific observations and any concerns developed during the meeting.

Robert L. Johnson 8/9/85
Robert L. Johnson, NRC/WMRP

Jo-Ann Sherwin 5/1/85
Jo-Ann Sherwin, DOE/SRP

John Trapp 8/9/85
John Trapp, NRC/WMG1

Participants

NRC Core Workshop
August 5-8, 1985
Austin, Texas

Sam Panno Jo-Ann Sherwin	DOE HQ/Weston DOE-SRPC	
Steve Frishman	Office of the Governor, Texas	
Don McReynolds	High Plains Water District	806/762-0181
Dick Berry	NRC/Lawrence Livermore	
David W. Carpenter	NRC/Lawrence Livermore	415/422-3976
Robert Cummings	NRC/Engineers International	602/884-8818
Jaak Daemen	NRC/University of Arizona	602/621-2501
Claudia Hackbarth	NRC	301/427-4639
Dale Hedges	NRC	
John Imse	NRC/Weston Geophysical Corp.	617/366-9191
Gary K. Jacobs	NRC/ORNL	615/576-0567
Robert Johnson	NRC/WMPPI	301/327-4785
Walt Kelly	NRC/NMSS	301/427-4571
Richard Lee	NRC	
Larry McKague	NRC/Lawrence Livermore	415/422-6494
Jerome Pearring	NRC/WMEG	301/427-4648
Fred Ross	NRC/Williams & Associates	
Jack Sharp	NRC/Williams & Assoc./Univ. Texas	
John S. Trapp	NRC/WMG	301/428-4545
Tilak (Teek) Verma	NRC/Columbus	
Roy E. Williams	NRC/Williams & Associates	208/883-0153
Gerry Winter	NRC/Williams & Associates	
Ernst G. Zurflueh	NRC	617/427-4343
Walter E. Newcomb	ONWI	614/424-7685
Owen E. Swanson	ONWI	
Francis D. Hansen	RE/SPEC	605/394-6400
Paul Senseny	RE/SPEC	605/394-6400
Tom Lamb	SWEC	
John Peck	SWEC	
Philip J. Murphy	SWEC	617/589-2173
Ev Washer	SWEC	

Participants-Page 2

Ed Bingler	TBEG
Roy T. Budnik	TBEG
Dow Davidson	TBEG
Alan Dutton	TBEG
Steve Fisher	TBEG
Mike Fracasso	TBEG
Thomas C. Gustavson	TBEG
Susan Hovorka	TBEG
David A. Johns	TBEG
Charles Kreidler	TBEG
H. S. Nance	TBEG
Steve Ruppel	TBEG
Jerry Wermund	TBEG

Margaret Hart

Texas Dept. of Water Resources

512/463-7797

AGENDA
PERMIAN BASIN CORE EXAMINATION

August 5

- | | | |
|-----------|---|---|
| 1:00 p.m. | Introductions | J. Sherwin (SRPO)
E. Bingler (TBEG) |
| 1:30 p.m. | Opening remarks and expectations of meeting. | J. Sherwin (SRPO)
J. Trapp (NRC)
R. Johnson (NRC) |
| 2:00 p.m. | Overview of the Palo Duro Basin, current understandings of structural and sedimentological history. | FDD (SWEC)
J. Peck (SWEC)
P. Murphy (SWEC)
Steve Ruppel TBEG
FDD (SWEC) |
| 3:00 p.m. | Origin of the Permian evaporites, with emphasis on LSA 4. | FDD (SWEC) |
| 4:00 p.m. | Core storage/handling/cor
Palo Duro Basin stratigraphic section, locations of DOE test holes, regional correlations of major units, major hydrostratigraphic divisions. | Joe Davidson (TBEG)
S. Hovorka (TBEG) |

August 6

- | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|
| 8:15 a.m. | Reconvene | |
| 8:30 a.m. | Geologic logging of DOE drill holes, detailed logs of repository horizon (Lower San Andres Unit 4), geologic cross-sections, correlation of formations and units, description of rocks present in the core, (incl. mineralogic, petrologic, geochemical characteristics), with emphasis on evaporite section and host salt beds. | S. Hovorka (TBEG) |
| 9:30 a.m. | Description of features noted in core from "dissolution wells," regional implications | C. Kreidler (TBEG) |
| 10:00 a.m. | Presentation on available material related to DOE drill hole logs: lithologic logs; geophysical logs; applicable reports and data; correlations of geophysical logs with core; applications of geophysical logging to stratigraphic analysis. | G. Adams (ONWI)
T. Lamb (SWEC) |
| 11:00 a.m. | Development of geotechnical logs based on mechanical properties, geophysical logging and visual core logging-correlated with test results performed on drill core; index of laboratory testing for mechanical properties of rock mass; in-situ stress measurements. | T. Lamb (SWEC)
FDD (RE/SPEC)
P. Senseny |
| 12:00 - 1:00 p.m. | LUNCH | |

PERMIAN BASIN CORE EXAMINATION
PLANNED AGENDA
(Continued)

August 6 (Continued)

1:15 p.m. Reconvene at Balcones Research Center
and proceed to core repository.
Core examination:
Grabbe #1
J. Friemel #1
Zeeck #1 - LSA Unit 4
One dissolution well - TBD

* There is not enough table space for
all listed core sections to be laid
out simultaneously; over two days all
core will be available.

Concurrent Quality Assurance discussions

August 7

8:15 a.m. Reconvene at Balcones Research Center
Proceed to core repository.

8:30 a.m. Core examination continues.
Tour of TBEG research and core storage/handling facilities

12:00 - 1:00 p.m. LUNCH

1:15 p.m. Review of status of Palo Duro Studies;
published references; on-going work;
data availability.

TBEG (Gustavson, Kreidler)
SWEC (Washer, Murphy, Lamb)
ONWI
SRPO (Sherwin)

August 8

8:15 a.m. Propose topics/agenda for Permian
Basin data review.

10:15 a.m. Prepare summary of meeting.

J. Sherwin (SRPO)
J. Trapp (NRC)

LIST OF SRP EXPECTED PARTICIPANTS

DOE

J. Sherwin

ONWI

W. Newcomb
C. Kuntz
H. Hume
A. Funk
S. Adams

SWEC

E. Washer
J. Peck
P. Murphy
T. Lamb .

TBEG

E. Bingler
S. Hovorka
D. Davidson
C. Kreidler
S. Ruppel
S. Nance
D. Johns
S. Fisher
R. Budnik
T. Gustavson
A. Dutton
M. Farcasso

NRC

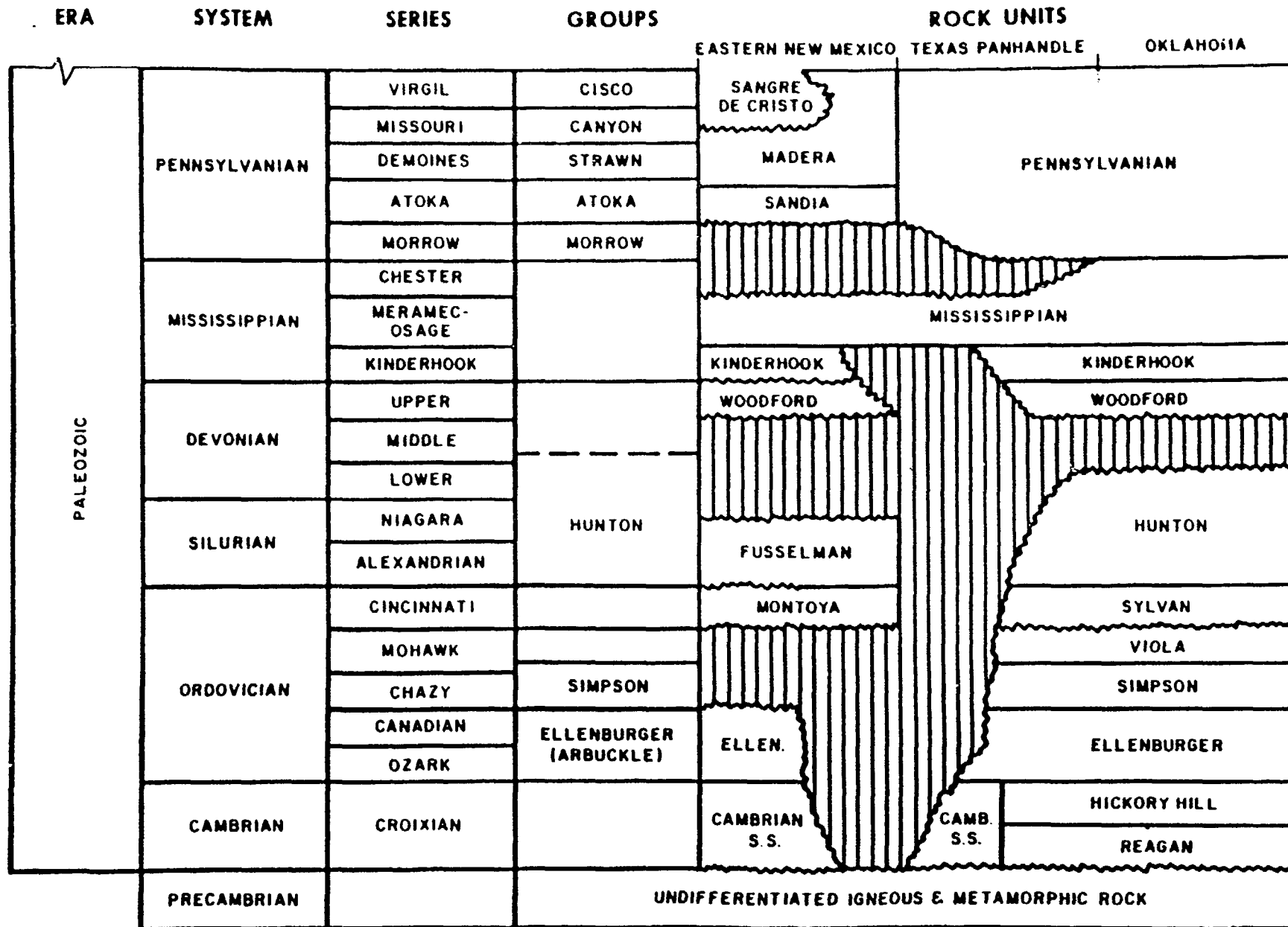
W. Kelly
G. Jacobs
F. Ross
R. Williams
G. Winters
J. Parring
J. Cannon
R. Cummings
S. Bilhorn
D. Hedges
E. Zurflueh
C. Hackbarth
J. Trapp
R. Lee
R. Berry
L. McKeague
D. Carpenter
J. Imse
R. Johnson
T. Verma

Enclosure 3

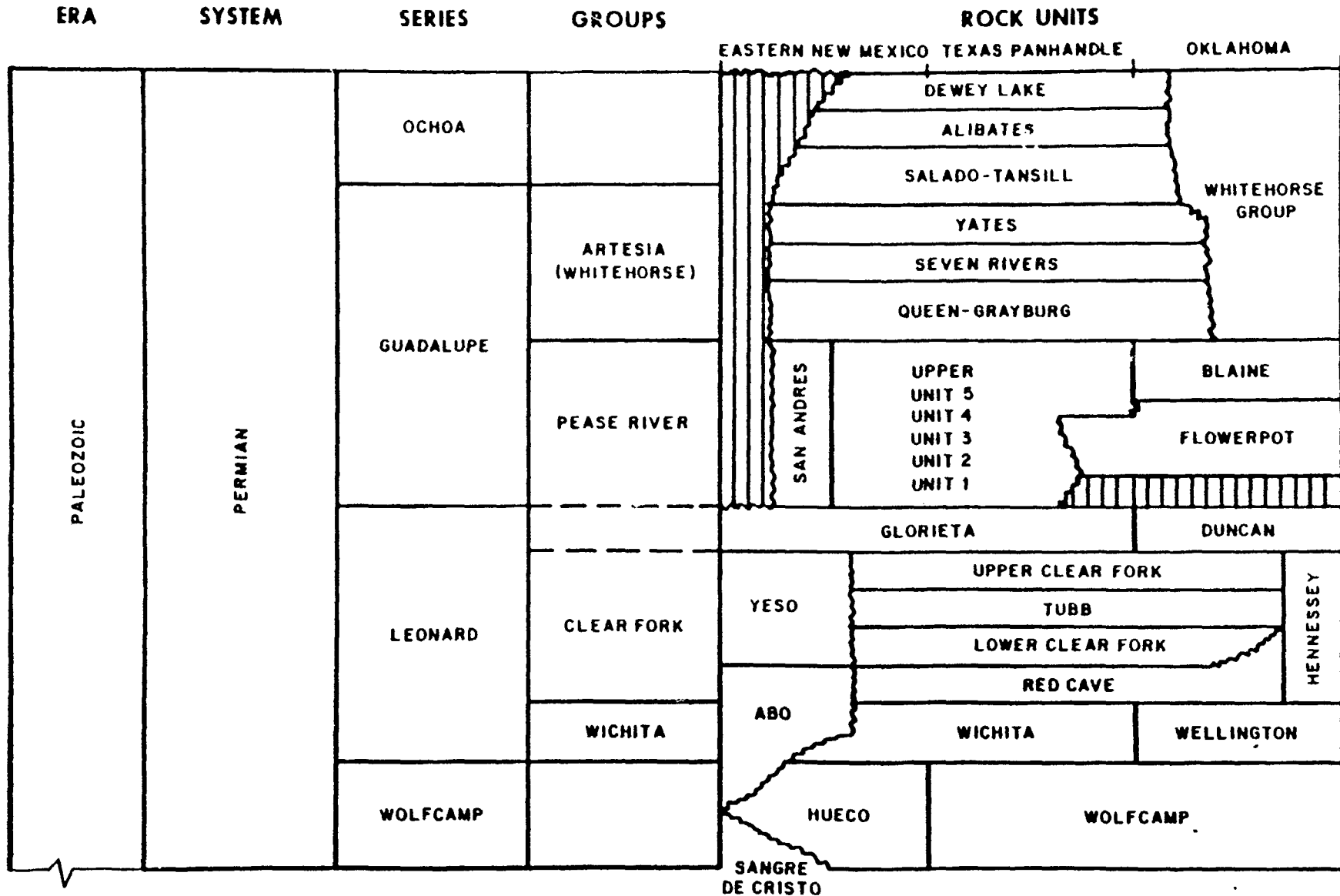
Handouts and copies of viewgraphs

Material is keyed to names and dates given on the agenda (Enclosure 2).

STRATIGRAPHIC SECTION CONT. PRECAMBRIAN TO PENNSYLVANIAN



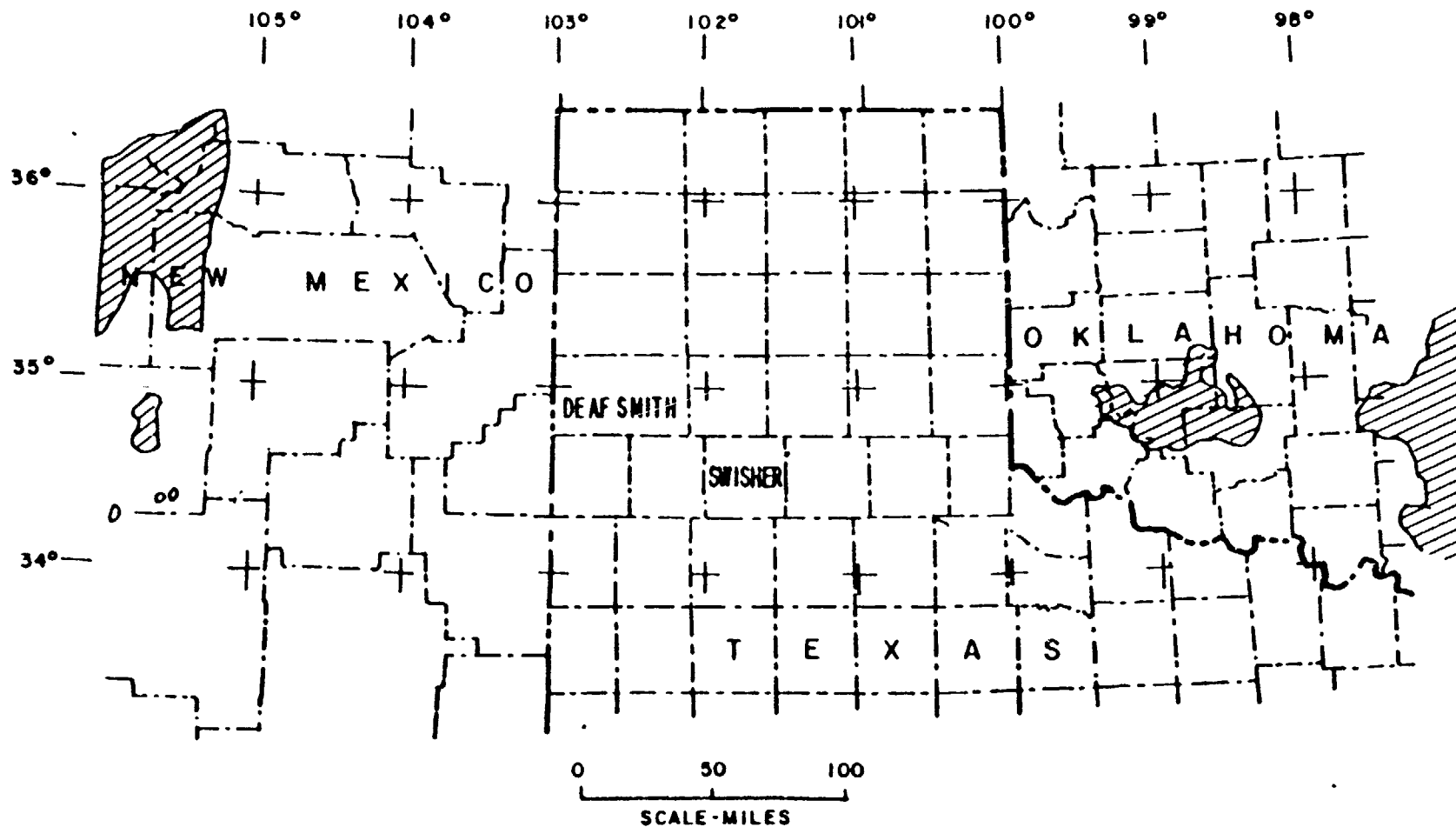
STRATIGRAPHIC SECTION CONT. PERMIAN SYSTEM



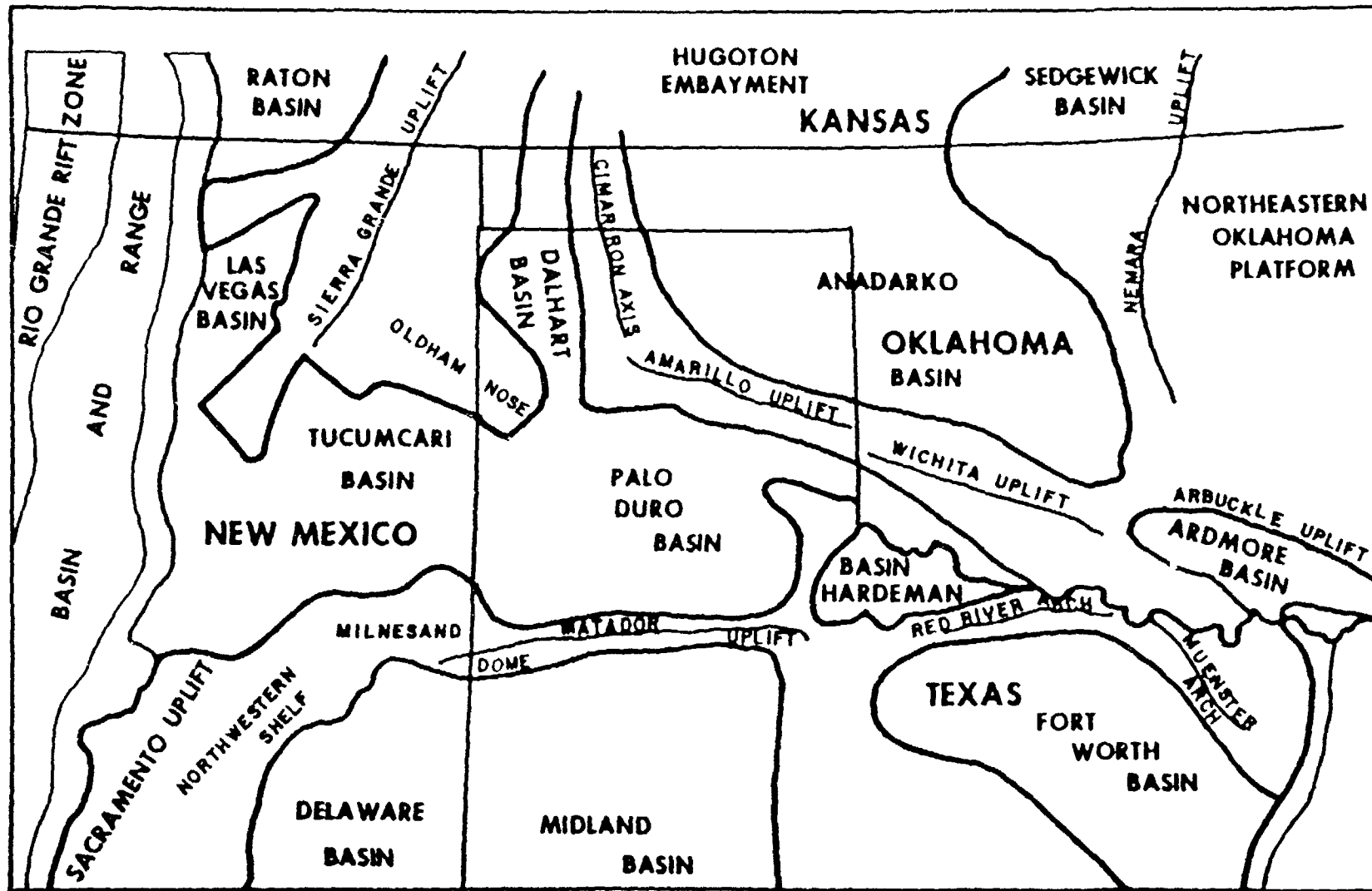
STRATIGRAPHIC SECTION TRIASSIC TO RECENT

ERA	SYSTEM	SERIES	GROUPS	ROCK UNITS			
				EASTERN NEW MEXICO	TEXAS PANHANDLE	OKLAHOMA	
CENOZOIC	QUATERNARY	RECENT		UNCONSOLIDATED SANDS & GRAVELS			
		PLEISTOCENE					
	TERTIARY	PLIOCENE- EOCENE		OGALLALA			
MESOZOIC	CRETACEOUS			NIOBRARA			
				CARLILE			
				GREENHORN			
				GRANEROS			
				DAKOTA			
			FREDRICKSBURG TRINITY	PURGATOIRE	FREDRICKSBURG TRINITY		
	JURASSIC				MORRISON		
					BELL RANCH- WANAKAH		
					TODILTO		
					EXETER (ENTRADA)		
TRIASSIC			DOCKUM		DOCKUM		
				CHINLE			
				SANTA ROSA			

LOCATION OF PRECAMBRIAN-PENNSYLVANIAN OUTCROPS

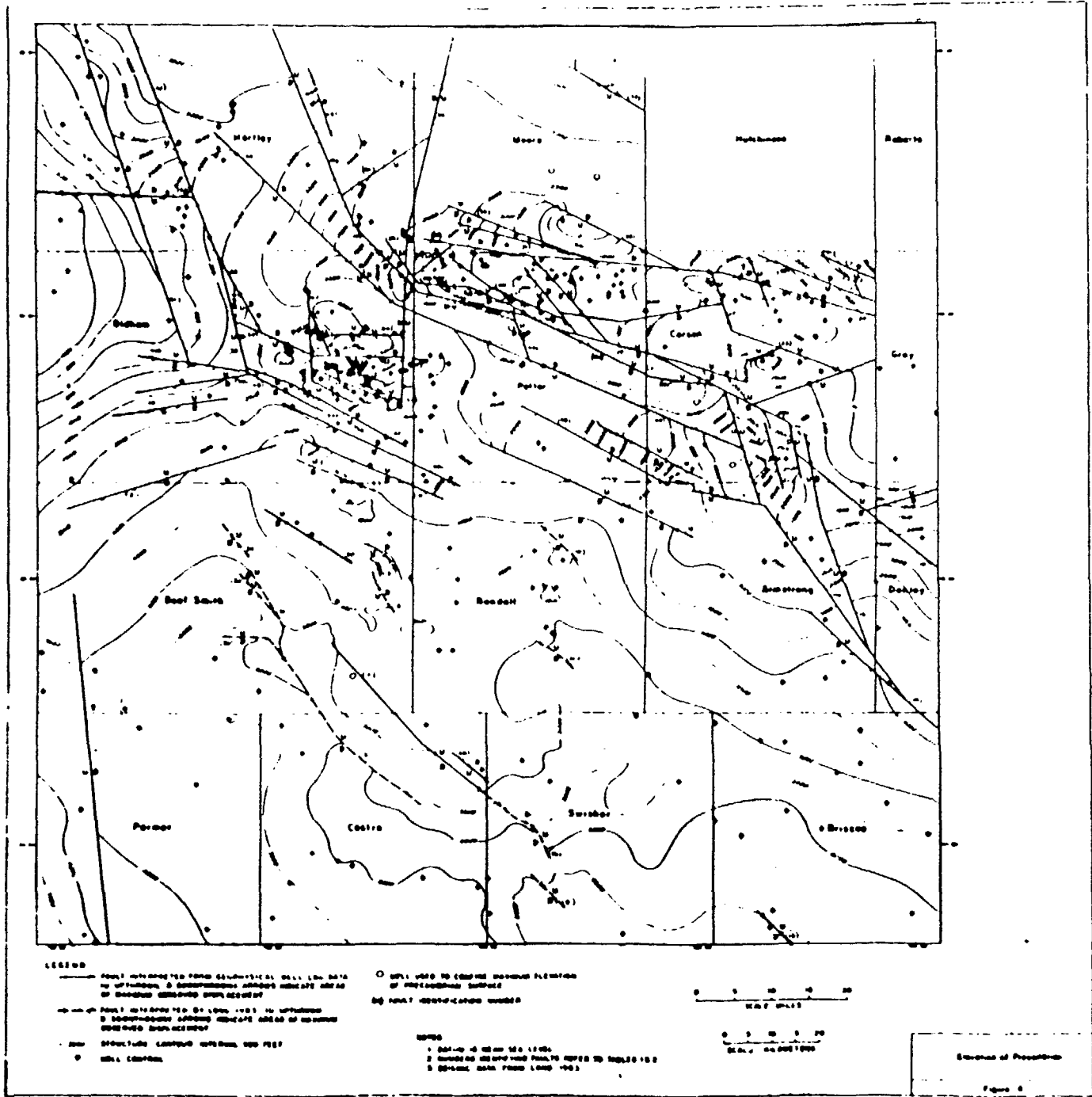


REGIONAL TECTONIC FEATURES



0 25 50
SCALE-MILES

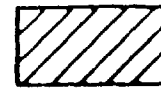
0 50 100
SCALE-KILOMETERS



PENNSYLVANIAN DELTAS

OKLAHOMA

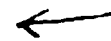
LEGEND



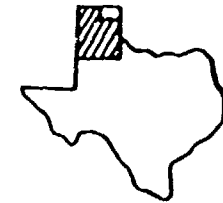
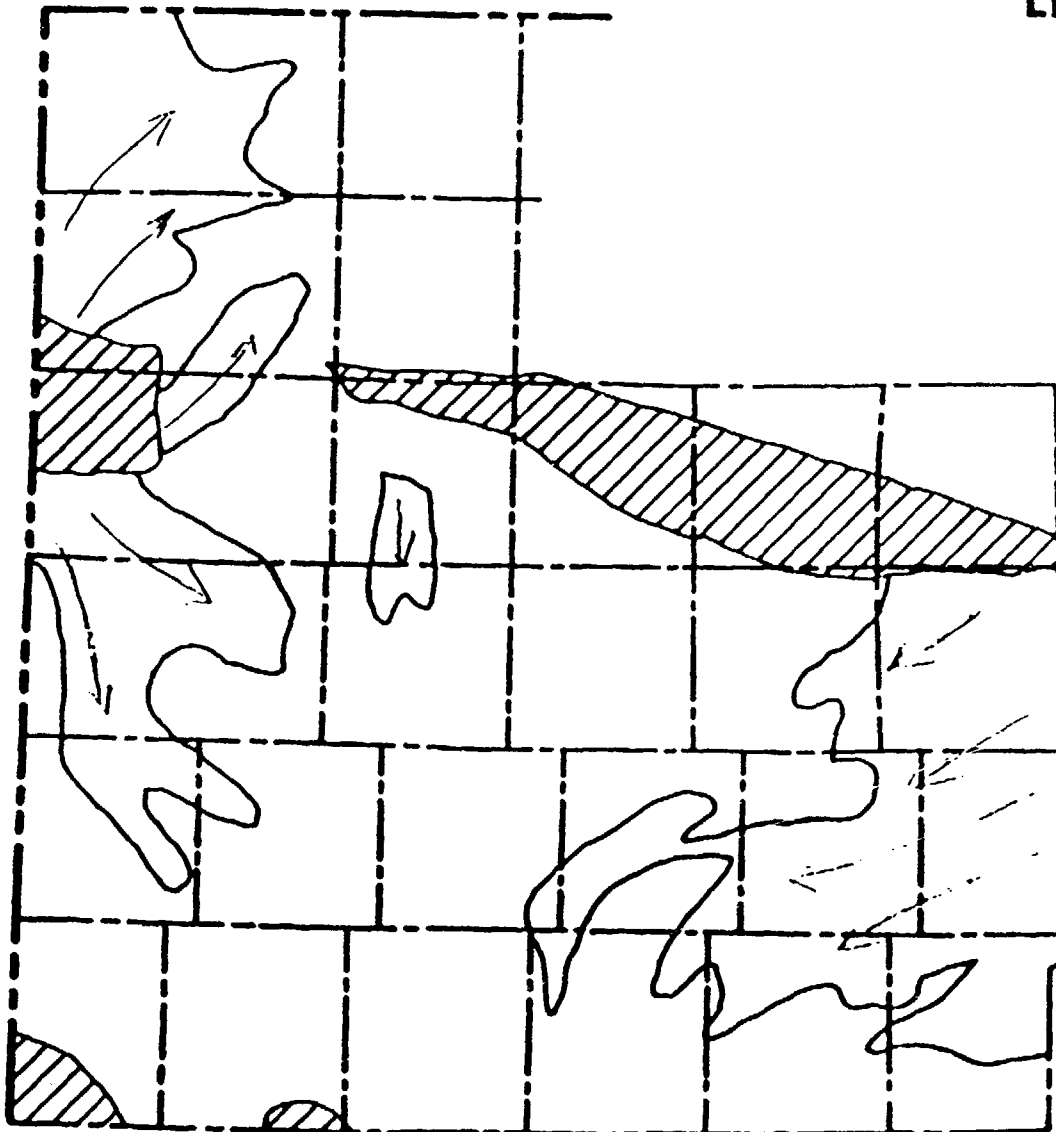
- EXPOSED HIGHLANDS

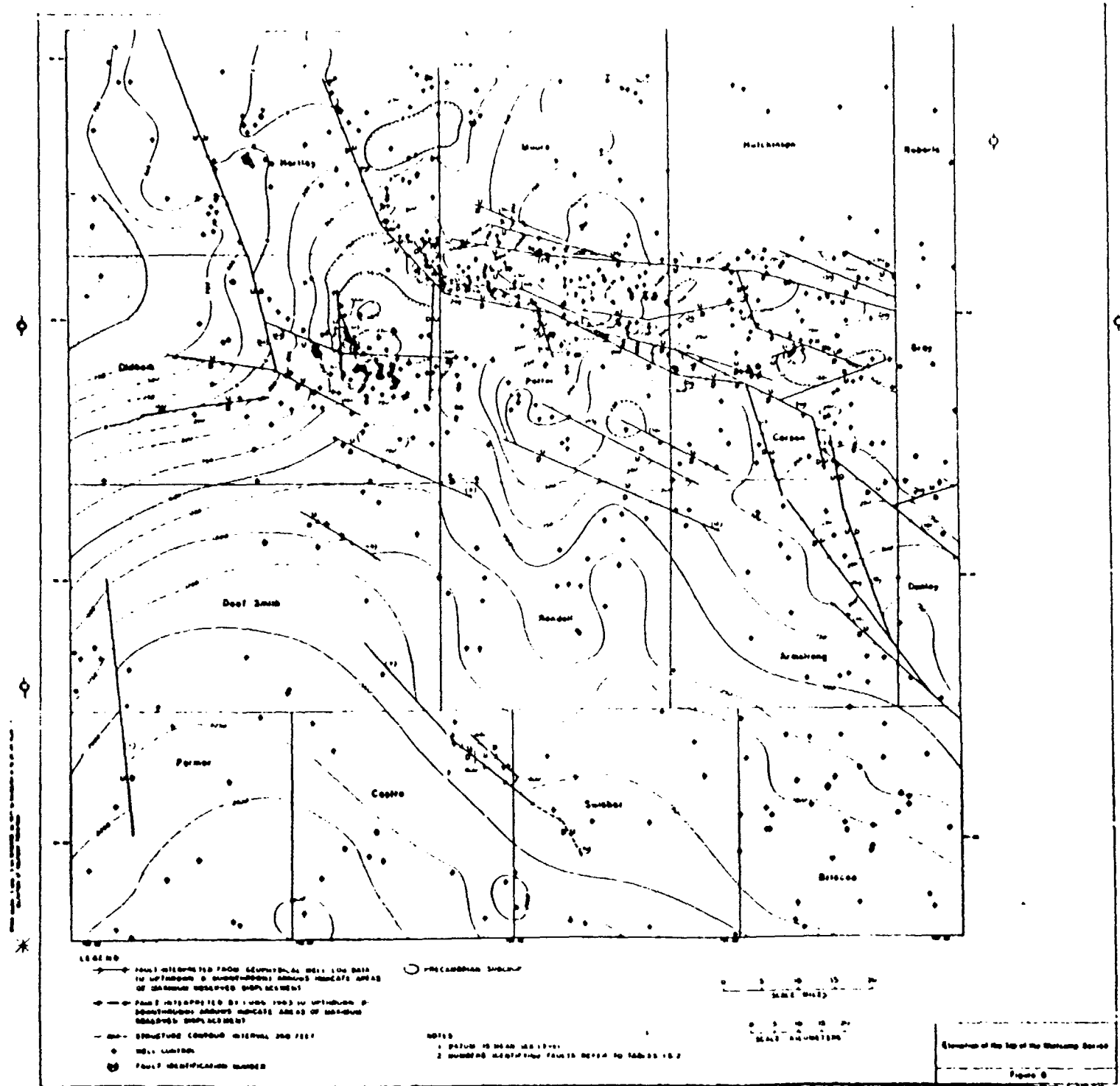


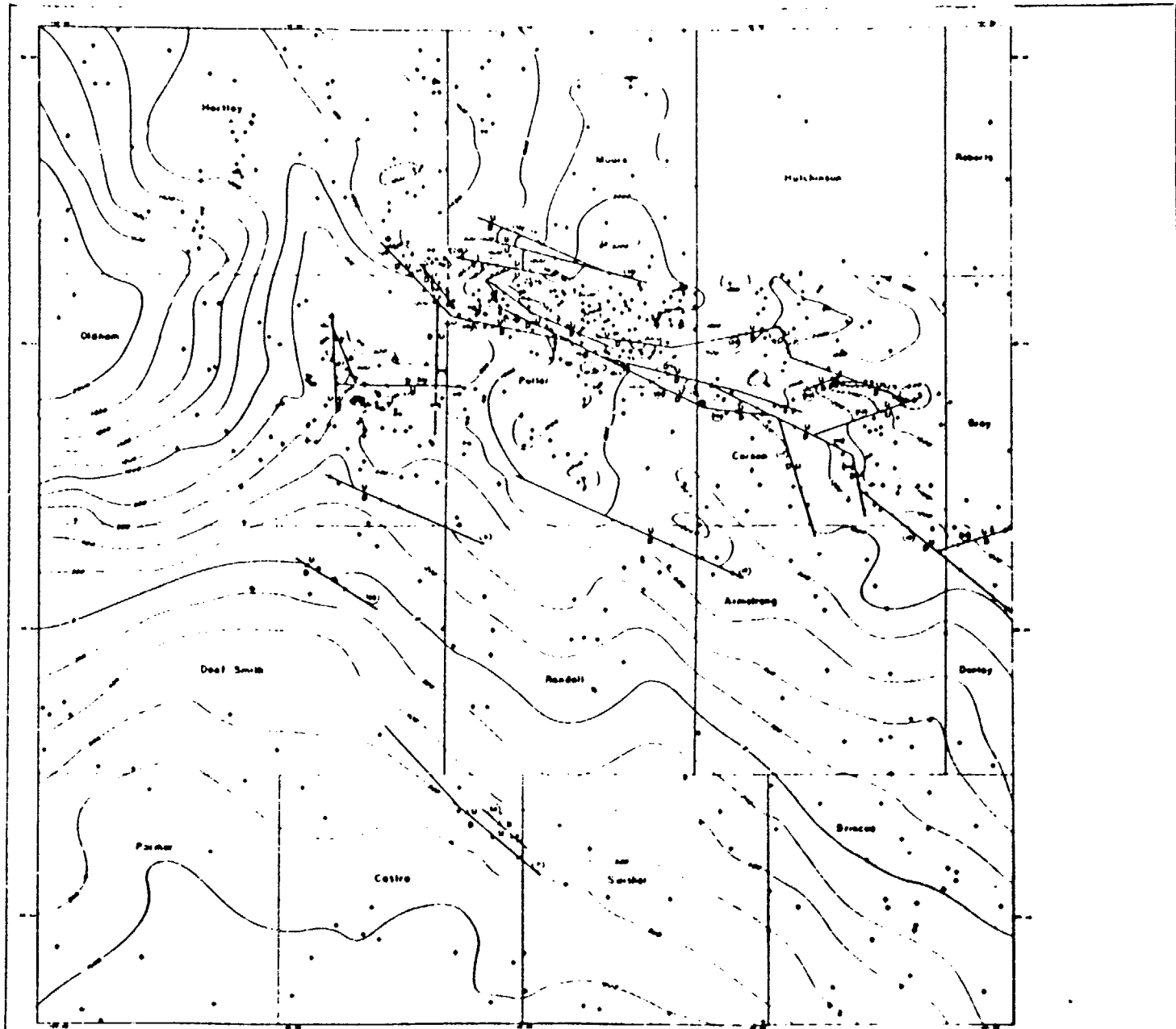
- DELTA LOBES



- DIRECTION OF TRANSPORT



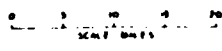




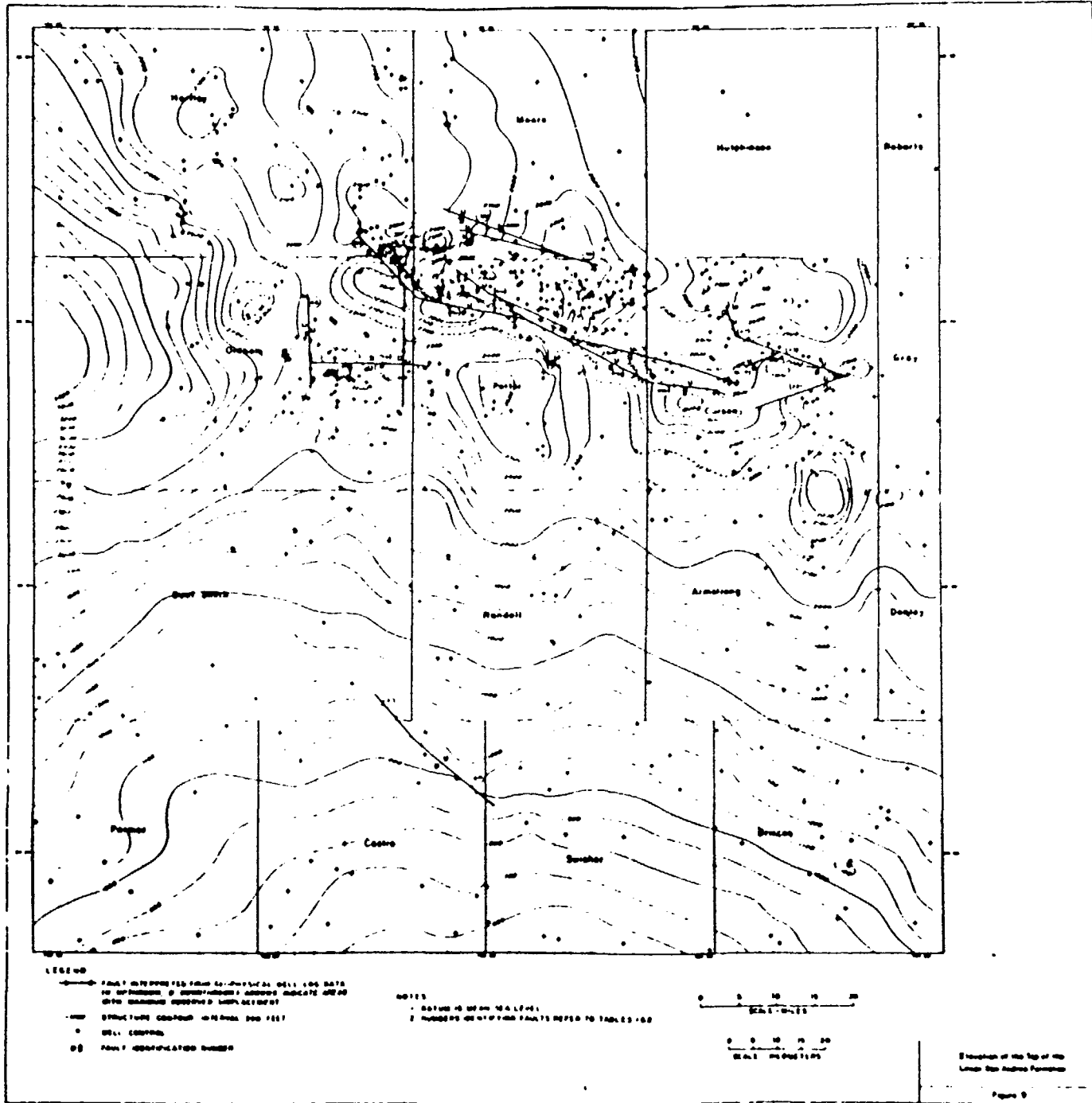
LEGEND

- FAULT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER
- WELL CENTER
- FAULT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

NOTES:
 1. DASHES IN MEAN SEA LEVEL
 2. NUMBERS IN BRACKETING MARKS REFER TO TABLE 10.2



8 feet to the top of the Tull Formation

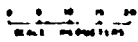
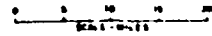


LEGEND

- FAULT DETERMINED FROM GEOPHYSICAL WELL LOG DATA OR OTHERWISE; DASHED ARROWS INDICATE DIRECTION OF THROW; NUMBERED DASHED ARROWS INDICATE DIRECTION OF THROW; NUMBERED DASHED ARROWS INDICATE DIRECTION OF THROW
- STRUCTURE CONTOUR - INTERVAL 500 FEET
- WELL LOCATION
- FAULT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

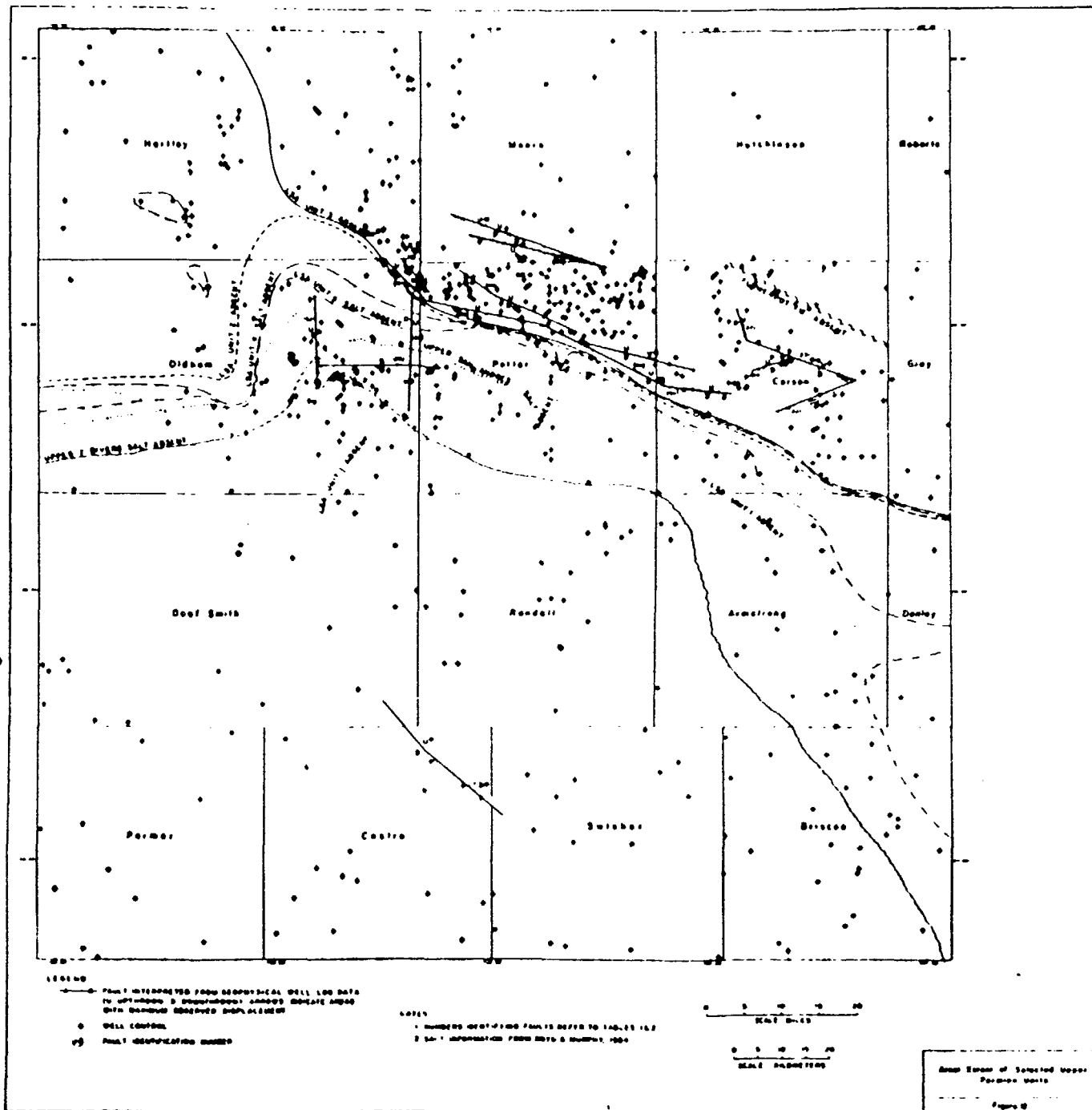
NOTES

- 1. ELEVATION IS IN FEET MEASUREMENT
- 2. NUMBERS ON FAULTS REFER TO TABLES 100 AND 102

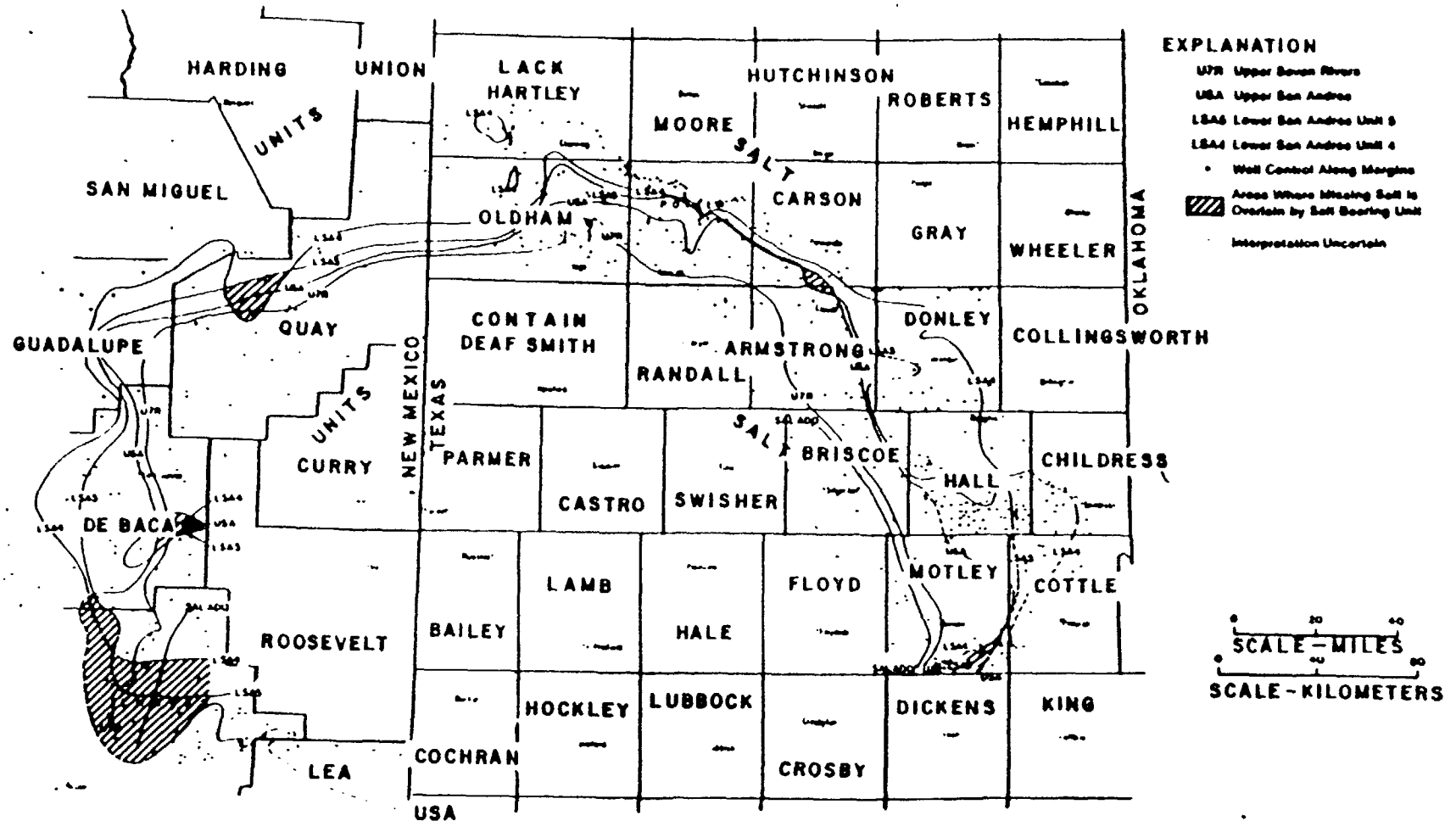


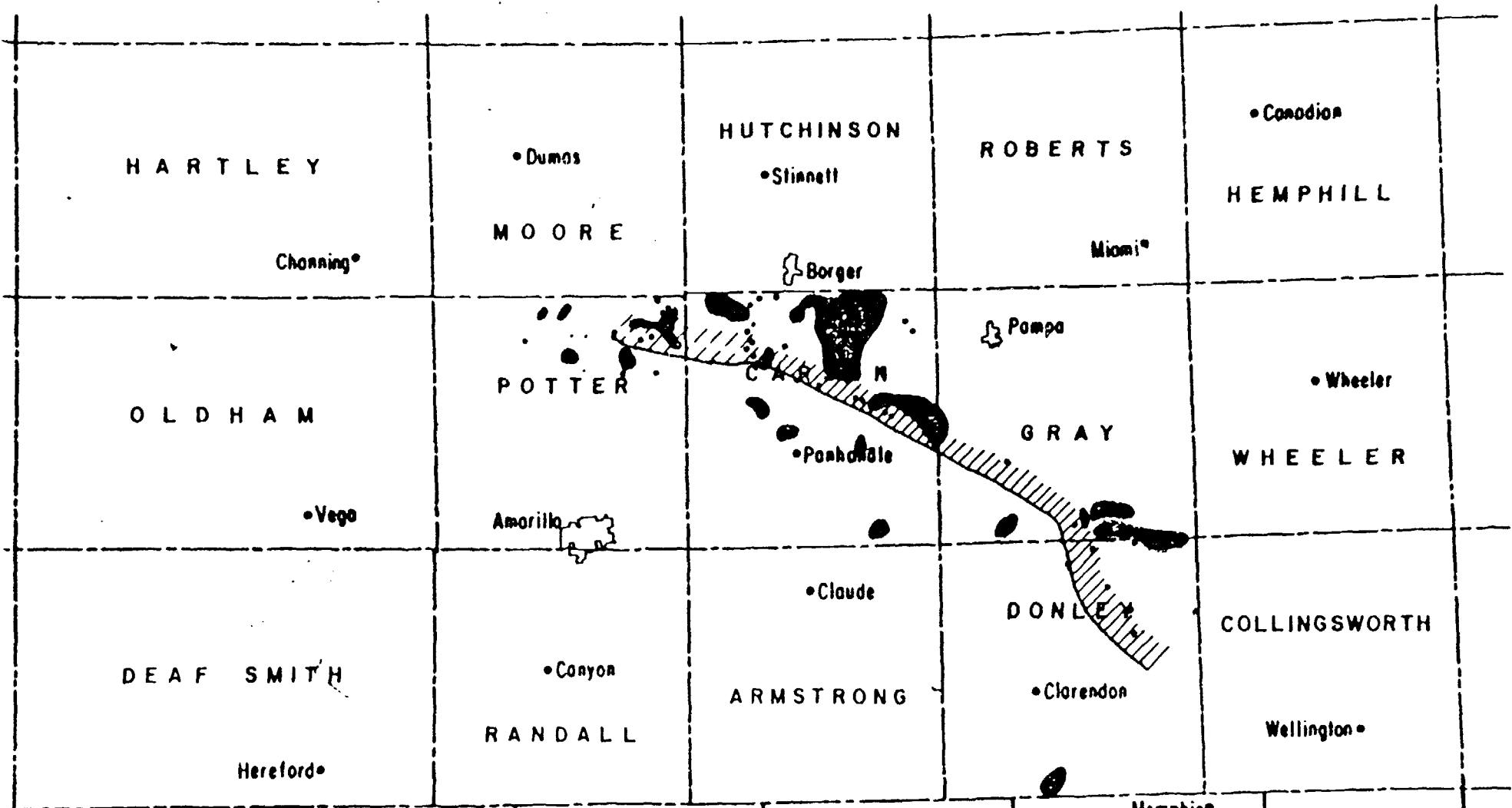
Elevation of the top of the Lower Star Antrim Formation

Figure 9



SALT MARGINS





• Condon

HARTLEY

• Dumas

HUTCHINSON

ROBERTS

HEMPHILL

Channing°

MOORE

• Stinnett

Miami°

Borger

POTTER

Pampa

• Wheeler

OLDHAM

• Pankhale

GRAY

WHEELER

• Vega

Amarillo

• Claude

DONLEY

COLLINGSWORTH

DEAF SMITH

• Canyon

ARMSTRONG

• Clarendon

Wellington°

RANDALL

Hereford°

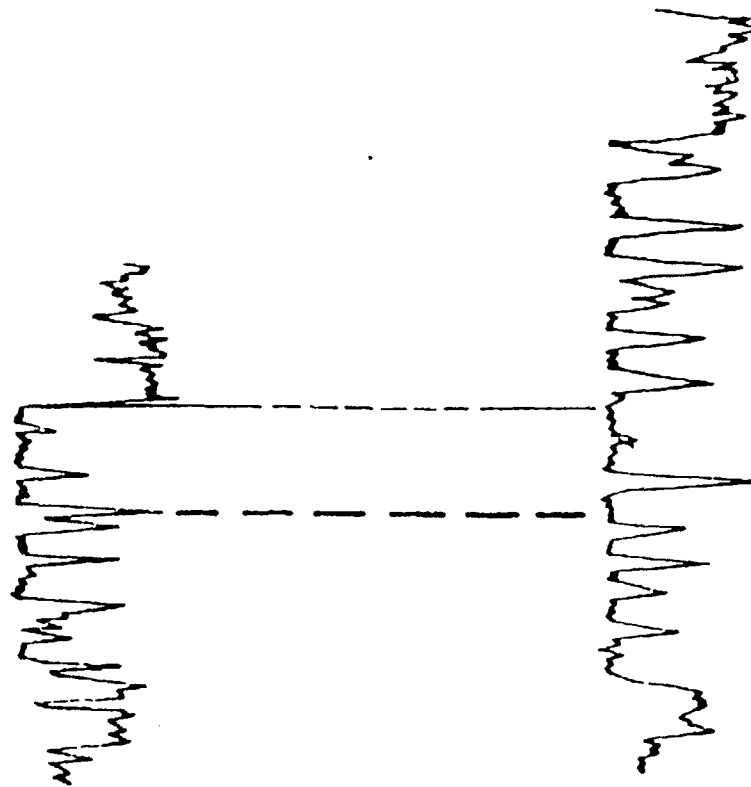
Memphis°

- LEGEND:
- WELL CONTROL
 - ABNORMALLY THIN USA
 - /// UPDIP LIMIT OF CLEAN LSA-5 CONTACTS

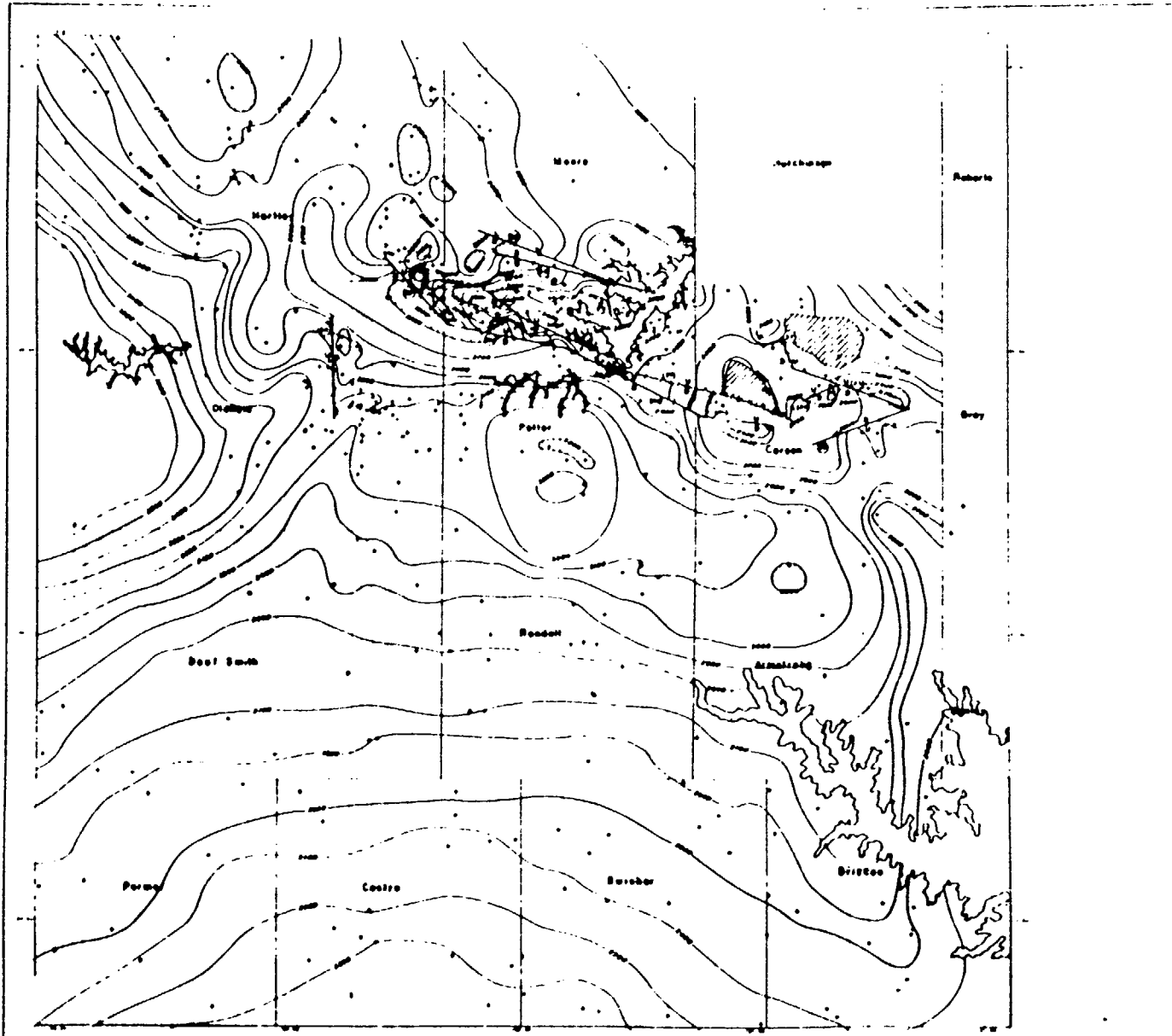
SHORT VS. AVERAGE USA NON SALT SECTION

CITIES SERVICE
ROYER # 1

TEXAS GULF
BOBBITT # 1



BOTH WELLS IN CARSON CO.



LEGEND

- Fault interpreted from geophysical well log data as upthrown, or geographically across separate areas with minimum subsidence displacement
- Fault vertical extent is unknown
- Strike fault confirmed - interval 200 feet
- Well location
- Fault interpreted as uncertain
- Altered interval due to erosion

NOTES

1. DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL
2. SURFACE FROM 1948 & 1950, 1958

SCALE

0 5 10 20 30
MILE SCALE

0 5 10 20 30
SCALE IN KILOMETERS

Elevation of the Top of Roberts Formation
Page 10

CROSS SECTION H

SOUTHWEST

NORTHEAST

POTTER CO.

CARSON CO.

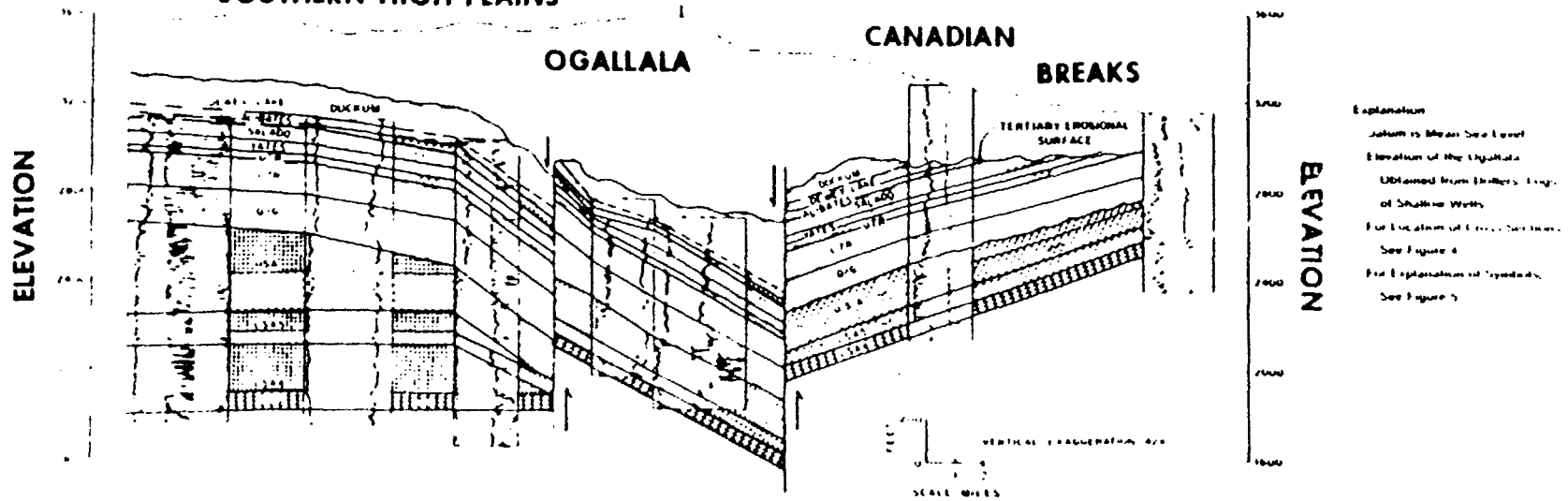
TERRY, N. W. 1/4, SECTION 10, T. 14N., R. 10E., S. 10N. (P. B. 3147)
 EMERY, S. 1/4, SECTION 10, T. 14N., R. 10E., S. 10N. (P. B. 3147)
 ADAMS, S. 1/4, SECTION 10, T. 14N., R. 10E., S. 10N. (P. B. 3147)
 WILSON, S. 1/4, SECTION 10, T. 14N., R. 10E., S. 10N. (P. B. 3147)
 WHITEHORN, S. 1/4, SECTION 10, T. 14N., R. 10E., S. 10N. (P. B. 3147)
 PARSONS, S. 1/4, SECTION 10, T. 14N., R. 10E., S. 10N. (P. B. 3147)
 WILKINSON, S. 1/4, SECTION 10, T. 14N., R. 10E., S. 10N. (P. B. 3147)
 LEE, S. 1/4, SECTION 10, T. 14N., R. 10E., S. 10N. (P. B. 3147)
 BURKE, S. 1/4, SECTION 10, T. 14N., R. 10E., S. 10N. (P. B. 3147)

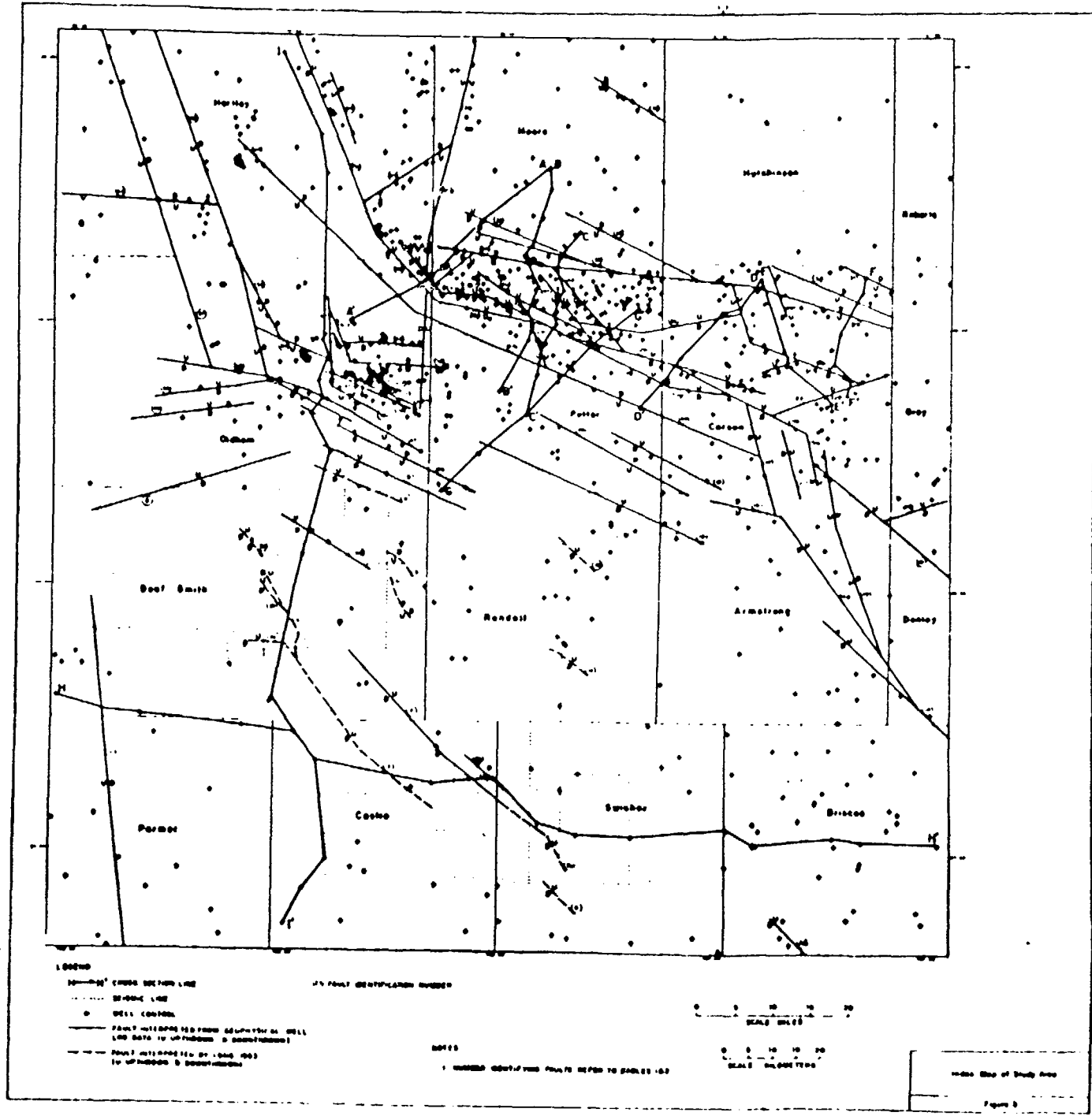
SOUTHERN HIGH PLAINS

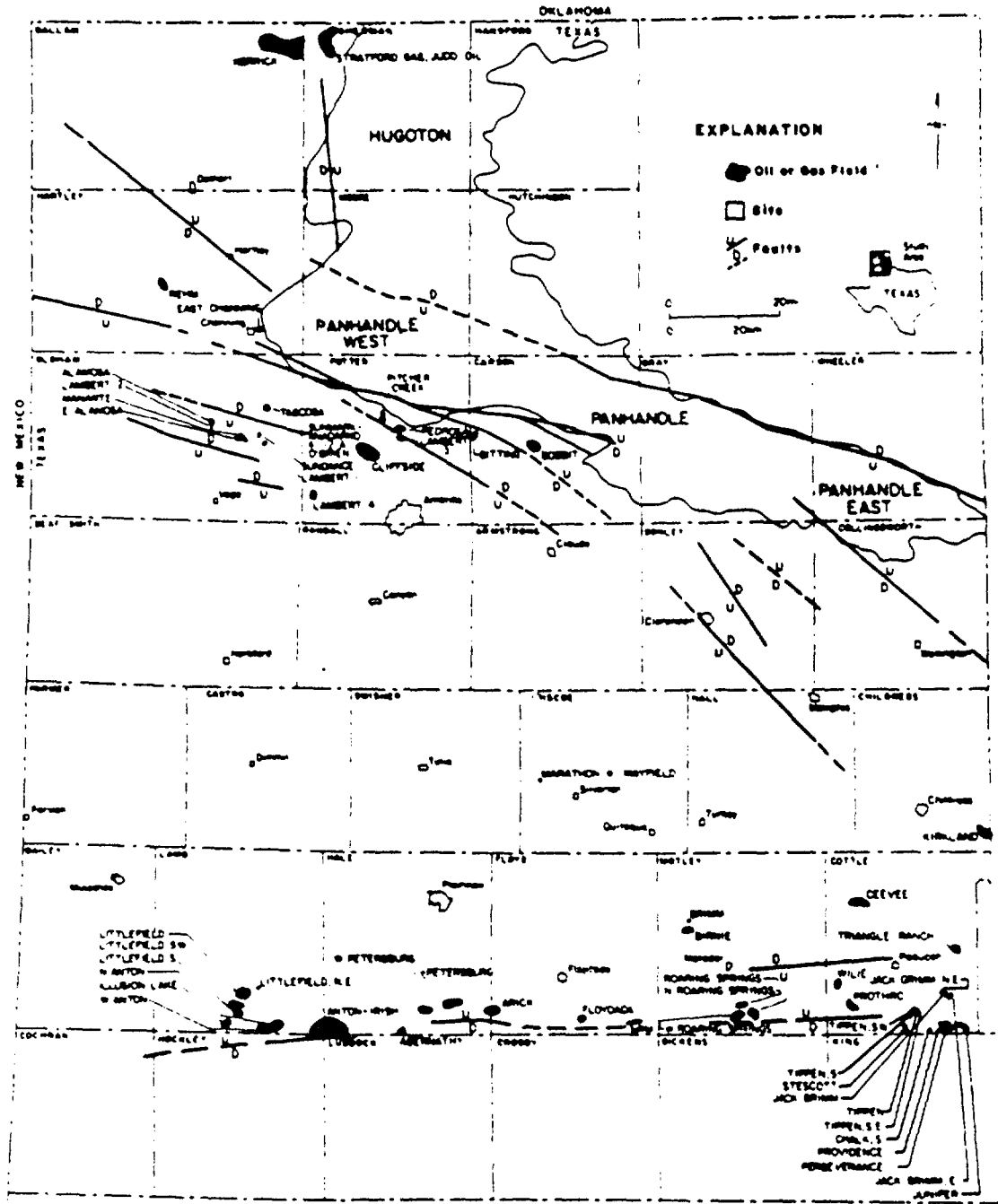
OGALLALA

CANADIAN

BREAKS





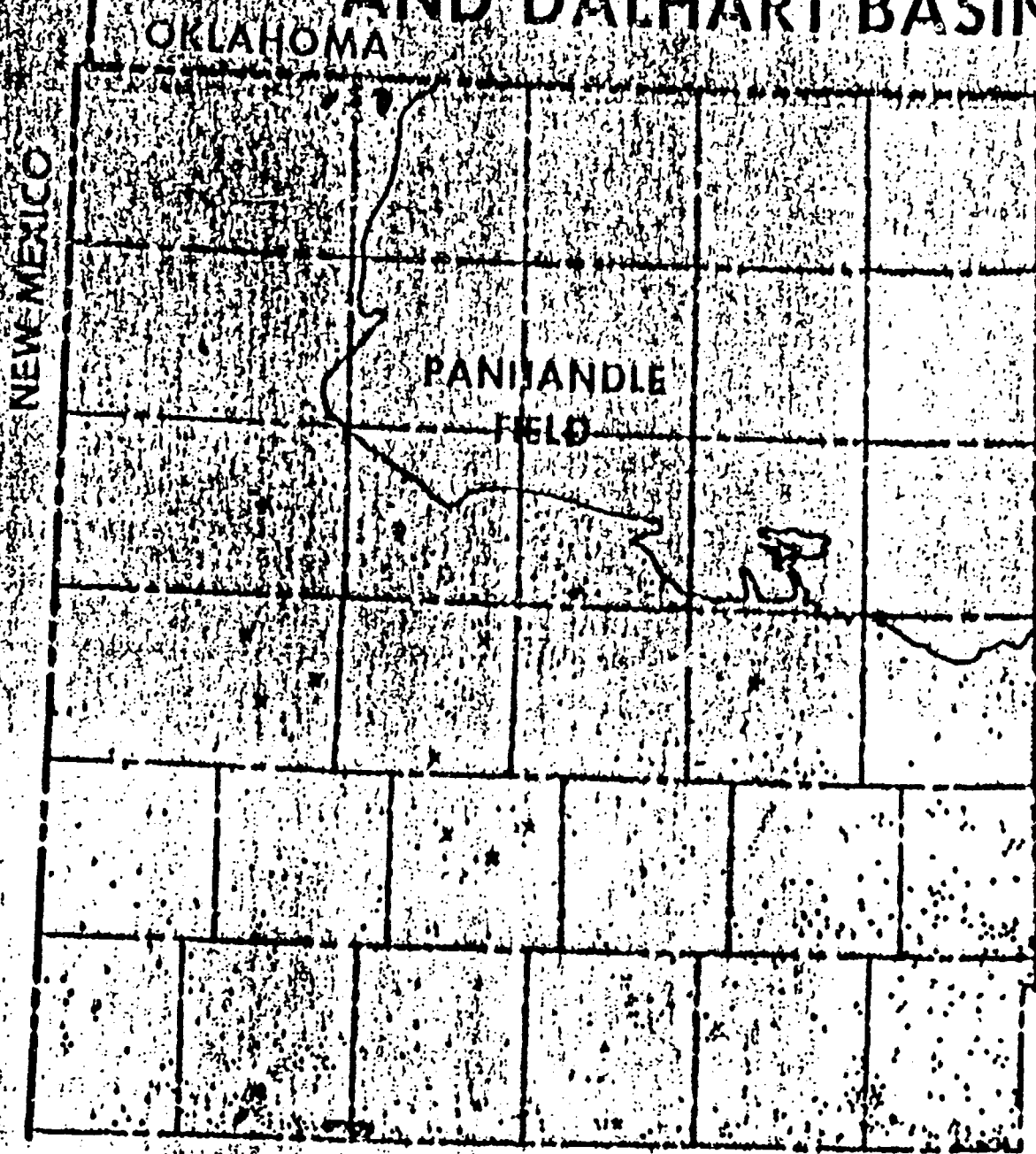


Location of Oil and Gas Fields
 in the Palo Duro Basin and
 Surrounding Areas.

Source: Dutton, Goldstein and Ruppel, 1982

Figure 3-3

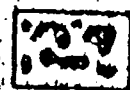
WELLS IN THE PALO DURO AND DALHART BASINS



LEGEND



- WELLS



- FIELDS



- PROGRAM WELLS



SUMMARY OF WELLS DRILLED AND TESTED BY SWEC

1. Sawyer No. 1, Donley County, started June 23, 1981, completed October 15, 1981. T.D.: 4806 ft. Present status: Final plugged.
- a. Casing Program - 13 3/8 in. conductor to 66 ft, 9 5/8 in. surface to 337 ft, 5 1/2 in. production to 3938 ft, 4 in. liner from 3938 ft to 4806 ft.
- b. Rock Coring (all 4 in. OD core) - Total of 3872 ft, from 66 ft to 3938 ft, Yates through Pennsylvanian.

MAJOR SALT SECTION

- o Upper San Andres 438 ft to 652 ft, thickness 214 ft
- o LSA - Unit 5 652 ft to 756 ft, thickness 104 ft
- o LSA - Unit 4 756 ft to 840 ft, thickness 84 ft
- o LSA - Unit 3 840 ft to 894 ft, thickness 54 ft
- o LSA - Unit 2 894 ft to 947 ft, thickness 53 ft

Unusual features - Fault zone at 756-762 ft - 155 ft of missing section.

- c. Drill Stem Tests (DSTs)
No. 1 2950 ft to 3123 ft - Wolfcamp, PI = 816 psi, k = 0.15 md
- d. Geophysical Logging - Complete suites of cased and open hole logs.
- e. Long-Term Pump Testing and Fluid Sampling
Zone 1 - Ellenburger Sand, 4716 ft - 4746 ft, unable to obtain data to determine PI or K, 4 downhole and 2 surface samples.
Zone 2 - Ellenburger Top, 4604 ft - 4640 ft, PI = 1390 psi, K = 0.3 md., 4 surface samples.
Zone 3 - Penn. Limestone, 4500 ft - 4535 ft, PI = 1531 psi, K = 5.4 md., 4 downhole and 2 surface samples.
Zone 4 - Penn. Limestone, 4258 ft-4342 ft, PI = 1350 psi, K = 2.7 md., 7 downhole and 10 surface samples.
Zone 5 - Wolfcamp, 3189 ft - 3172 ft, PI = 977 psi, K = 6.1 md., 3 downhole and 20 surface samples.
- f. Dissolution Zone Water Well
Sawyer No. 2, 784 ft, 20 ft screen section at bottom of hole in LSA Unit 4. Testing by TBEG scheduled to begin April 1983.

2. Mansfield No. 1, Oldham County, started October 19, 1981, completed December 19, 1982. T.D. 4995 ft by SWEC, 7409 ft by Baker & Taylor (dry hole). Present status: Final plugged.
 - a. Casing Program - 13 3/8 in. conductor to 41 ft, 9 5/8 in. surface to 1212 ft, 5 1/2 in. tubing to 5180 ft.
 - b. Rock Coring (All 4 in. OD core) - Total of 4196 ft.
 - o 46 ft to 3540 ft - Dockum to Red Cave
 - o 4023 ft to 4123 ft - Wichita
 - o 4393 ft to 4995 ft - Wichita and Wolfcamp

MAJOR SALT SECTION

- o Upper San Andres 985 ft to 1373 ft, thickness 388 ft
 - o LSA - Unit 5 1373 ft to 1546 ft, thickness 173 ft
 - o LSA - Unit 4 1546 ft to 1815 ft, thickness 269 ft
 - o LSA - Unit 3 1815 ft to 1940 ft, thickness 125 ft
 - o LSA - Unit 2 1940 ft to 1978 ft, thickness 38 ft
 - o LSA - Unit 1 1978 ft to 2001 ft, thickness 23 ft
- c. Drill Stem Tests (DSTs)
 - No. 1 4800 ft - 4996 ft - Wolfcamp PI = 1322 psi K = 26.6 md.
 - No. 2 4550 ft - 4650 ft - Wolfcamp - Did not produce sufficient fluid.
 - No. 3 4550 ft - 4650 ft - Wolfcamp - Did not produce sufficient fluid.
 - No. 4 4550 ft - 4650 ft - Wolfcamp - Unable to set packers.
 - No. 5 6994 ft - 7409 ft - Granite Wash - Did not produce sufficient fluid.
 - No. 6 6612 ft - 6640 ft - Penn. Carbonates, PI = 2230, K = 21.4 md.
 - No. 7 4812 ft - 4840 ft - Wolfcamp, PI = 1404, K = 30.22 md.
 - d. Geophysical Logging - Complete suites of cased and open hole logs.
 - e. Long-Term Pump Testing and Fluid Sampling
 - Zone 1 - Wolfcamp, 4812-4890, PI = 1470 psi, K = 3.3 md., 8 downhole and 24 surface samples.
 - Zone 2 - Wolfcamp, 4514-4638, PI = 1150 psi, K = 0.6 md., 9 downhole and 8 surface samples.
 - f. Dissolution Zone Water Well

Mansfield No. 2, 780 ft, 30 ft screen at bottom in Queen/Grayburg. Testing by TBEG scheduled to begin May 1983.

3. Detten No. 1 - Deaf Smith County, started February 26, 1982, completed May 5, 1982. T.D. 2839.3 ft. Status: Final plugged.
 - a. Casing Program - 13 3/8 in. conductor to 53 ft, 9 5/8 in. surface to 1122 ft.
 - b. Rock Coring (all 4 in. OD core) - Total of 1249 ft
 - o 1129.2 ft to 1423.0 ft - Salado, Yates, Upper Seven Rivers
 - o 1884 ft to 2839.3 ft - Upper San Andres, Lower San Andres to Unit 3

MAJOR SALT SECTION

- o Upper San Andres 1866 ft to 2374 ft, thickness 508 ft
 - o LSA - Unit 5 2374 ft to 2575 ft, thickness 201 ft
 - o LSA - Unit 4 2575 ft to 2830 ft, thickness 255 ft
- c. Drill Stem Tests (DSTs)
 - No. 1 1160 ft - 1360 ft - Upper Seven Rivers - Unsuccessful - Poor packer seat.
 - No. 2 1299 ft - 1366 ft - Upper Seven Rivers - Unsuccessful - Poor packer seat.
 - No. 3 2749 ft - 2839 ft - LSA Unit 4 Dolomite, P.I. = 1150 psi, K = 0.16 md.
 - d. Geophysical Logging - Complete suites of cased and open hole logs.
 - e. Long-Term Pump Testing and Fluid Sampling - None.
 - f. Dissolution Zone Water Well

Detten No. 2, 1325 ft, 20 ft of screen at bottom in Yates. Testing by TBEG scheduled to begin May 1983.

4. G. Friemel No. 1 - Deaf Smith County, started February 23, 1982, completed March 31, 1982. T.D. 2710 ft. Present status: Final plugged.
- a. Casing Program - 13 3/8 in. conductor to 50 ft, 9 5/8 in. surface to 1058 ft.
- b. Rock Coring (all 4 in. OD core) - Total of 1121.7 ft
- o 1191.5 ft to 1312.0 ft - Yates, Upper Seven Rivers
 - o 1709.0 ft to 2710.2 ft - Queen/Grayburg, Upper San Andres, and Lower San Andres to Unit 3

MAJOR SALT SECTION

- o Upper San Andres 1742 ft to 2331 ft, thickness 589 ft
 - o LSA - Unit 5 2331 ft to 2435 ft, thickness 104 ft
 - o LSA - Unit 4 2435 ft to 2688 ft, thickness 253 ft
- c. Drill Stem Tests (DSTs)
- No. 1 2600 ft - 2710 ft, LSA Unit 4 Dolomite, P.I. = 975 psi, K = 0.07 md.
- d. Geophysical Logging - Complete suites of cased and open hole logs.
- e. Long-Term Pump Testing and Fluid Sampling - None.
- f. Dissolution Zone Water Well None.

5. Zeeck No. 1 - Swisher County, started April 9, 1982, completed August 12, 1982. T.D. 7652 ft. Scheduled completion of pump testing is April 1983. Well will be final plugged at completion of pump testing.
- a. Casing Program - 13 3/8 in. conductor to 26 ft, 9 5/8 in. surface at 1024 ft, 5 1/2 in. to 7421 ft.
- b. Coring (all 4 in. OD core) - Total of 1993 ft
- o 1035 ft to 1144 ft - Salado
 - o 1485 ft to 3102 ft - Queen/Grayburg, Upper San Andres, Lower San Andres Units 5, 4, 3, and Upper Section of Unit 2.
 - o 5309 ft to 5780 ft - Wichita/Wolfcamp Contact and Upper Wolfcamp
 - o 5910 ft to 6058 ft - Wolfcamp
 - o 7300 ft to 7387 ft - Pennsylvanian Carbonates

MAJOR SALT SECTION

- o Upper San Andres 2014 ft to 2574 ft, thickness 560 ft
- o LSA - Unit 5 2574 ft to 2732 ft, thickness 158 ft
- o LSA - Unit 4 2732 ft to 3014 ft, thickness 282 ft
- o LSA - Units 3,2,&1 3014 ft to 3188 ft, thickness 174 ft

c. Drill Stem Tests (DSTs)

- No. 1 1019 ft - 1044 ft - Salado, Unsuccessful.
- No. 2 1019 ft - 1044 ft - Salado, Did not produce sufficient fluid.
- No. 3 3035 ft - 3103 ft - LSA, Unit 3, Did not produce sufficient fluid.
- No. 4 2932 ft - 3103 ft - LSA Unit 3, Unsuccessful.
- No. 5 2927 ft - 3103 ft - LSA Unit 4 Dolomite, P.I. = 1250 psi, K = 0.25 md.
- No. 6 5365 ft - 5542 ft - Upper Wolfcamp, PI = 1875 psi, K = 6.77 md.
- No. 7 7146 ft - 7225 ft - Pennsylvanian, PI = 2559 psi, K = 2.83 md.

d. Geophysical Logging - Complete suites of open and cased hole logs.

e. Long-Term Pump Testing and Fluid Sampling

- Zone 1 - Penn. Carbonates, 7140 ft - 7230 ft, P.I. = 2500 psi, K = 15 md., 7 downhole and 33 surface samples.
- Zone 2 - Wolfcamp, 5603 ft - 5640 ft, PI = 1960 psi, K = 1 md., 8 downhole samples.
- Zone 3 - Wolfcamp, 5470 ft - 5550 ft, P.I. = 1890 psi, K = 7 md., 8 downhole and 4 surface samples.
- Zone 4 - LSA Unit 4 Dolomite, 2930 Ft - 2970 ft, P.I. = 1300 psi, pumping and sampling in progress.

f. Dissolution Zone Water Well - None.

5. Harmon No. 1 - Swisher County, started July 29, 1982, completed September 7, 1982. T.D. 3052 ft, hole completed as Shallow Dissolution Zone Water Well (see below).
- a. Casing Program - 13 3/8 in. conductor to 40 ft, 9 5/8 in. surface to 1063, cement to plug 1220 ft + to 1400 ft +.
- b. Rock Coring (all 4 in. OD core) - Total of 1481 ft
- o 1070 ft to 1303 ft - Alibates, Salado, Yates, and Upper Seven Rivers
 - o 1804 ft to 3052 ft (T.D.) - Queen/Grayburg, Upper San Andres, and Lower San Andres into Unit 2.

MAJOR SALT SECTION

- o Upper San Andres 1949 ft to 2466 ft, thickness 517 ft
 - o LSA - Unit 5 2466 ft to 2651 ft, thickness 185 ft
 - o LSA - Unit 4 2651 ft to 2931 ft, thickness 280 ft
 - o LSA - Unit 3 2931 ft to 3012 ft, thickness 81 ft
- c. Drill Stem Tests (DSTs)
- No. 1 2840 ft - 3050 ft - Unit 4 Dolomite, P.I. = 1203 psi, K = 0.011 md., minor leakage noted around packers.
- No. 2 2830 ft - 3050 ft (T.D.) - Unit 4 Dolomite, P.I. 1315, K = 0.186 md.
- d. Geophysical Logging - Complete suites of cased and open hole logs.
- e. Long-Term Pump Testing and Fluid Sampling - None.
- f. Dissolution Zone Water Well
- Installed in existing borehole with open hole section from bottom of surface casing at 1064 ft + to top of cement plug at 1220 ft +. Gravel packed screen (30 ft long) set in Yates. Pump tests and fluid sampling by TBEG scheduled to start late spring 1983.

7. J. Friemel No. 1 - Deaf Smith County, started October 15, 1982, completed March 18, 1983. T.D. 8283 ft, pump testing scheduled to start June 1983..

a. Casing Program - 22 in. conductor to 48 ft, 16 in. surface to 1210 ft, 10 3/4 in. intermediate salt string to 4695 ft, 5 1/2 in. to 8283 ft.

b. Rock Coring (all 4 in. OD core) - Total of 3043 ft

- o 352 ft to 1464 ft - Dockum, Dewey Lake, Alibates, Salado, Yates, and Upper Seven Rivers
- o 1846 ft to 2830 ft - Upper San Andres, LSA Units 5, 4, and Upper Section of Unit 3
- o 5519 ft to 6032 ft - Wolfcamp
- o 6421 ft to 6537 ft - Penn. Carbonates
- o 7698 ft to 7780 ft - Granite Wash.
- o 8047 ft to 8283 ft (T.D.) - Granite Wash

MAJOR SALT SECTION

- o Upper San Andres 1880 ft to 2372 ft, thickness 492 ft
- o LSA - Unit 5 2372 ft to 2560 ft, thickness 188 ft
- o LSA - Unit 4 2560 ft to 2822 ft, thickness 262 ft
- o LSA - Units 3,2,&1 2822 ft to 3018 ft, thickness 196 ft

c. Drill Stem Tests (DSTs)

- No. 1 958 ft - 1216 ft - Santa Rosa - Too high Producer..
- No. 2 787 ft - 850 ft - Santa Rosa - Unsuccessful.
- No. 3 1279 ft - 1464 ft - Upper Seven Rivers - Did not Produce Sufficient Fluid.
- No. 4 1279 ft - 1464 ft - Upper Seven Rivers - Did not Produce Sufficient Fluid.
- No. 5 2753 ft - 2830 ft - LSA Unit 4 Dolomite - Did not Produce Sufficient Fluid.
- No. 6 5630 ft - 5909 ft - Wolfcamp, PI = 1756 psi, K = 10.3 md.
- Lo. 7 Penn. Carbonates and Granite Wash - Unsuccessful, tool stuck.

d. Geophysical Logging - Complete suites of open and cased hole logs.

e. Long-Term Pump Testing and Fluid Sampling

Scheduled to start June 1983. Propose testing Granite Wash, Penn. Carbonates, Wolfcamp, and LSA Unit 4 Dolomite.

8. Holtzclaw No. 1 - Randall County, started February 28, 1983, scheduled completion April 1983. Planned T.D. 2800 ft ±. Present status: Coring Lower San Andres.

a. Casing Program - 20 in. conductor to 41 ft, 10 3/4 in. surface to 1400 ft ±.

b. Rock Coring (All 4 in. OD)

1080 ft - 1401 ft - Salado, Yates, and Upper Seven Rivers

Planned - Contact of LSA Unit 5 into LSA Unit 3.

MAJOR SALT SECTION

Unavailable at present.

c. Drill Stem Tests (DSTs)

No. 1 1276 ft - 1322 ft - Upper Seven Rivers

No. 2 1140 ft - 1186 ft - Salado

No. 3 702 ft - 748 ft - Santa Rosa

Planned - LSA Unit 4 Dolomite. If indication of porosity contact of LSA 4 and 5, contact U.S.A. and Unit 5, and upper contact of U.S.A.

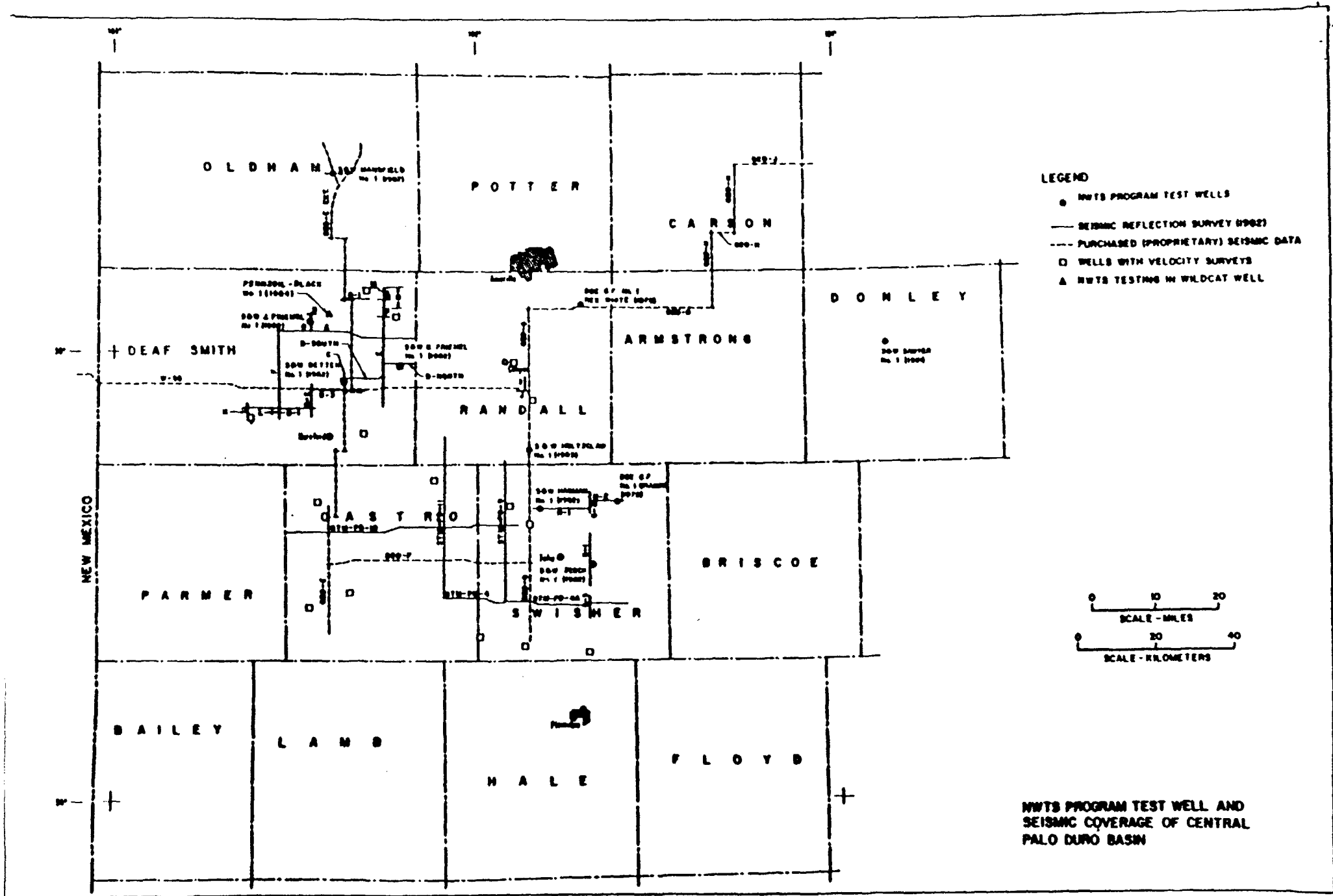
d. Geophysical Logging - Complete suites to T.D. planned.

e. Long-Term Pump Testing and Fluid Sampling

None presently planned.

f. Dissolution Zone Water Well

None presently planned.



NWTB PROGRAM TEST WELL AND SEISMIC COVERAGE OF CENTRAL PALO DURO BASIN

PALO DURO BASIN STRATIGRAPHIC STUDIES

BUREAU OF ECONOMIC GEOLOGY

<u>UNIT</u>	<u>MAJOR CONTRIBUTORS</u>
Precambrian	Flawn, Budnik
Cambrian, Ordovician	Ruppel
Mississippian	Ruppel
Pennsylvanian	Dutton, S.
Permian	
Wolfcamp	*Handford, Dutton, S., *Herron, Conti, Hovorka, Posey
Wichita	Hovorka
Red Cave	*Handford
Lower Clear Fork	*Handford
Tubb	*Presley
Upper Clear Fork	*Presley, *McGinnis
Glorietta	*Presley, *McGinnis
San Andres	*Presley, *Ramonoetta, *Bein, Hovorka, Fracasso
Queen-Grayburg	*Kolker, Hovorka, Nance
Seven Rivers	*Kolker, Hovorka, Nance
Yates	*Kolker, Hovorka, Nance
Tansill-Salado	*McGillis, *Presley, *Kolker, Nance
Alibates	*McGillis, *Presley, Nance
Dewey Lake	*Kolker, Fracasso, Johns
Triassic	
Dockum	*McGowen, *Granata, Senf, Johns
Teritary	
Ogallala	Senf, Gustavson
Quaternary	
Blackwater Draw, Etc.	Caran, Baumgardner, Gustavson

* No longer with the Bureau of Economic Geology

SYSTEM	SERIES	GROUP	Palo Duro Basin	Dalhart Basin	General Lithology and depositional setting
			FORMATION	FORMATION	
QUATERNARY	HOLOCENE		alluvium, dune sand Playa	alluvium, dune sand Playa	
	PLEISTOCENE		Tanoka "cover sands" Tule / "Playa" Blanco	"cover sands" "Playa"	Lacustrine clastics and windblown deposits
TERTIARY	NEOGENE		Ogallala	Ogallala	Fluvial and lacustrine clastics
CRETACEOUS			undifferentiated	undifferentiated	Marine shales and limestone
TRIASSIC		DOCKUM			Fluvial-deltaic and lacustrine clastics
PERMIAN	OCHOA		Dewey Lake	Dewey Lake	Sabkha salt, anhydrite, red beds, and peritidal dolomite
			Alibates	Alibates	
	GUADALUPE	ARTESIA	Salado/Tansill	Artesia Group undifferentiated	
			Yates		
			Seven Rivers		
			Queen/Grayburg		
	LEONARD	CLEAR FORK	San Andres	Blaine	
			Glorieta	Glorieta	
			Upper Clear Fork	Clear Fork	
			Tubb	undifferentiated Tubb-Wichita Red Beds	
			Lower Clear Fork		
	WICHITA				
		WOLFCAMP			
PENNSYLVANIAN			?	?	Shelf and shelf-margin carbonate, basinal shale, and deltaic sandstone
	VIRGIL	CISCO			
	MISSOURI	CANYON			
	DES MOINES	STRAWN			
	ATOKA	BEND			
MORROW					
MISSISSIPPIAN	CHESTER				Shelf carbonate and chert
	MERAMEC				
	OSAGE				
ORDOVICIAN		ELLEN- BURGER			Shelf dolomite
CAMBRIAN ?					Shallow marine(?) sandstone
PRECAMBRIAN					Igneous and metamorphic

Figure 26. Stratigraphic column and general lithology of the Palo Duro and Dalhart Basins. After Handford and Dutton (1980).

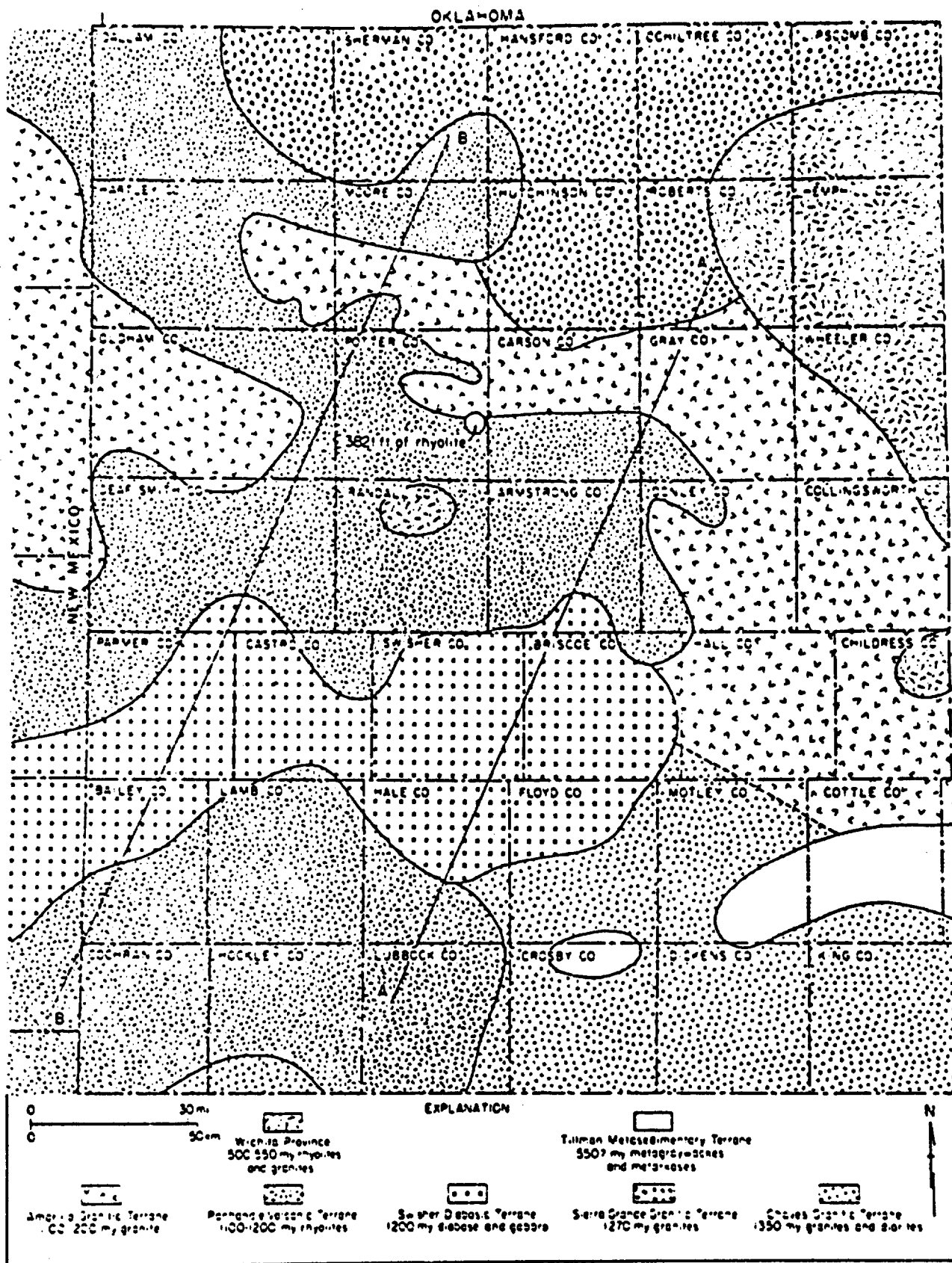
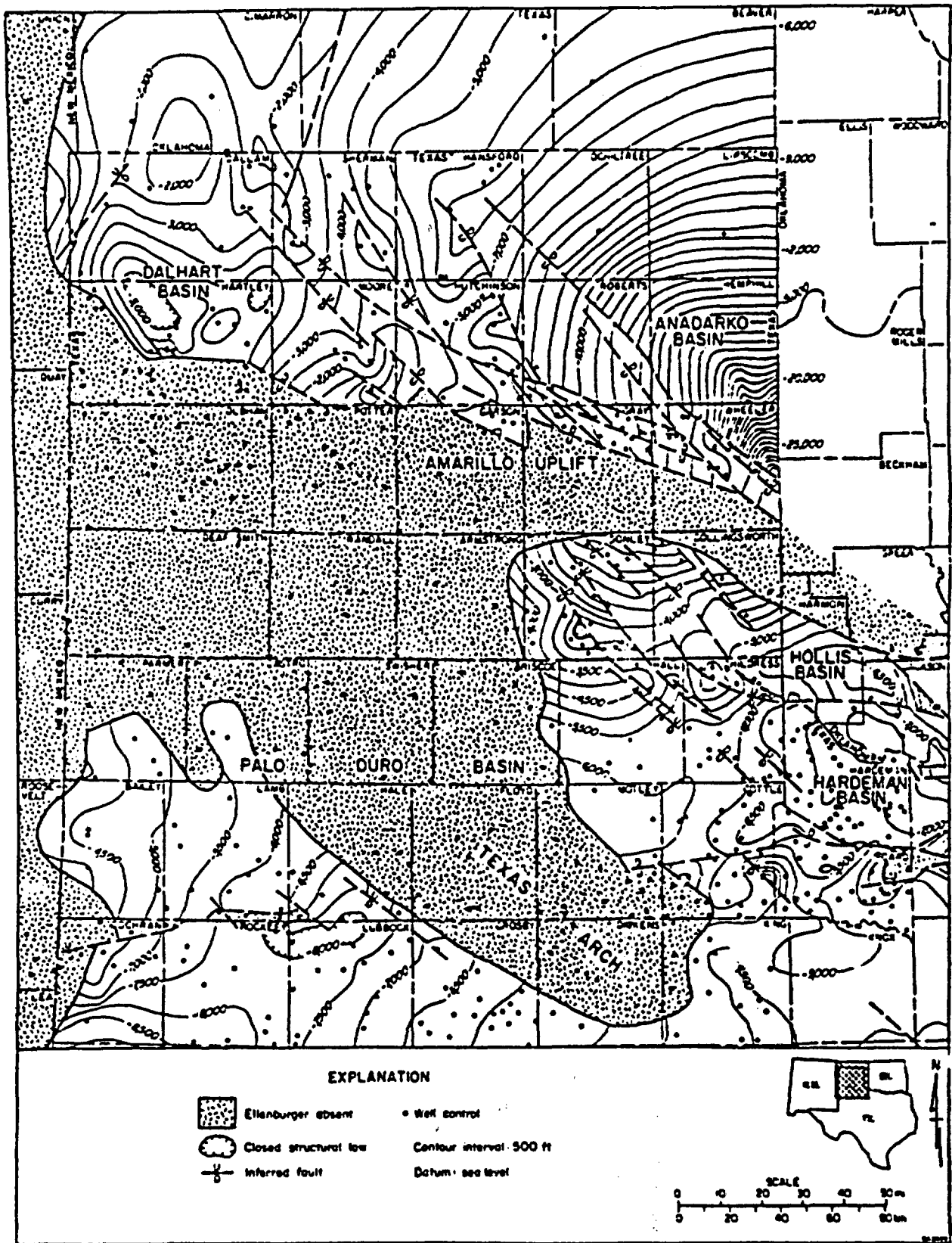
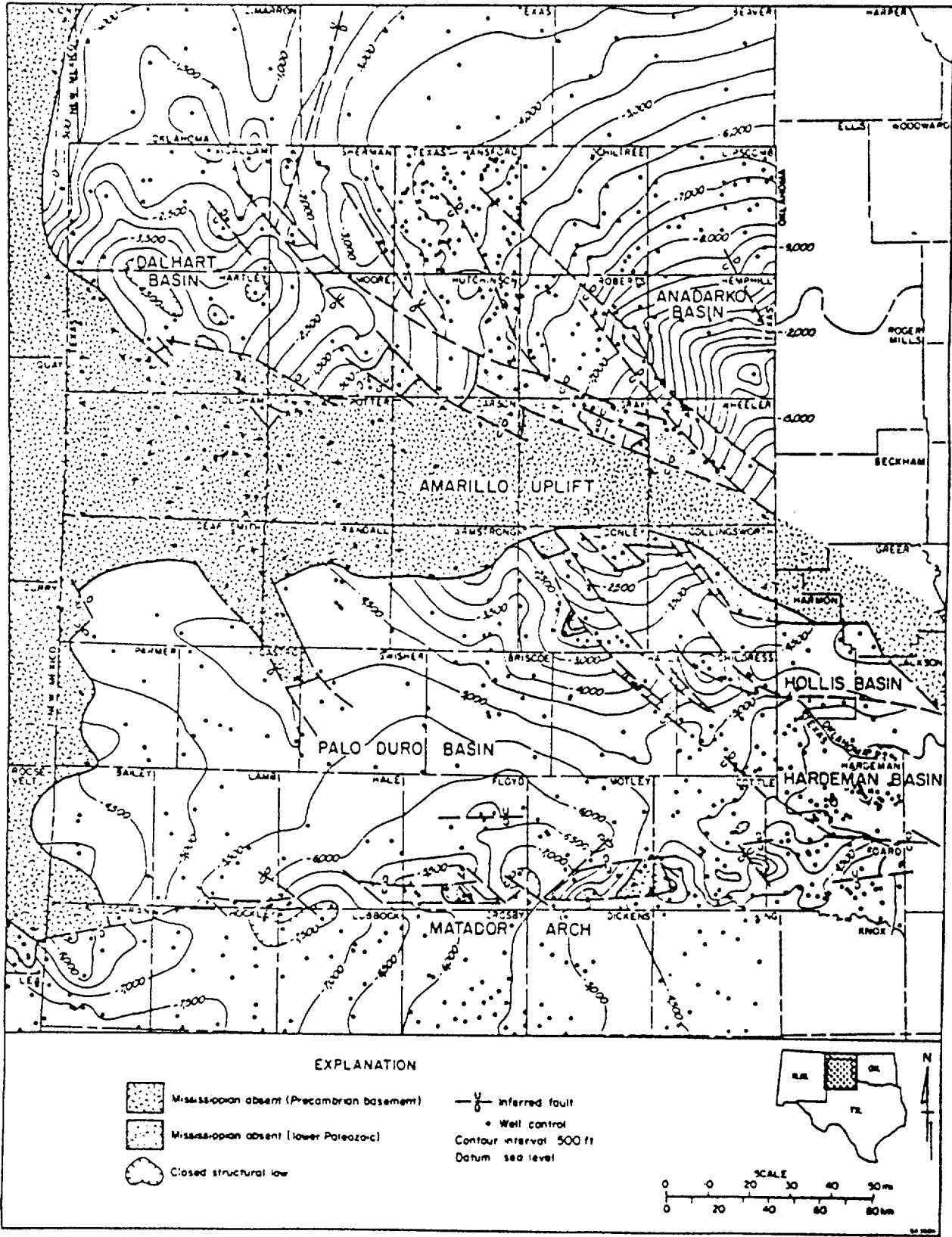


Figure 42. Basement lithologic provinces in the Texas Panhandle (from Muehberger and others, 1967). A-A' and B-B' are locations of gravity models discussed in this report (see figs. 43 and 44).

ORDOVICIAN ELLENBURGER GROUP: STRUCTURE MAP



MISSISSIPPIAN SYSTEM: STRUCTURE MAP



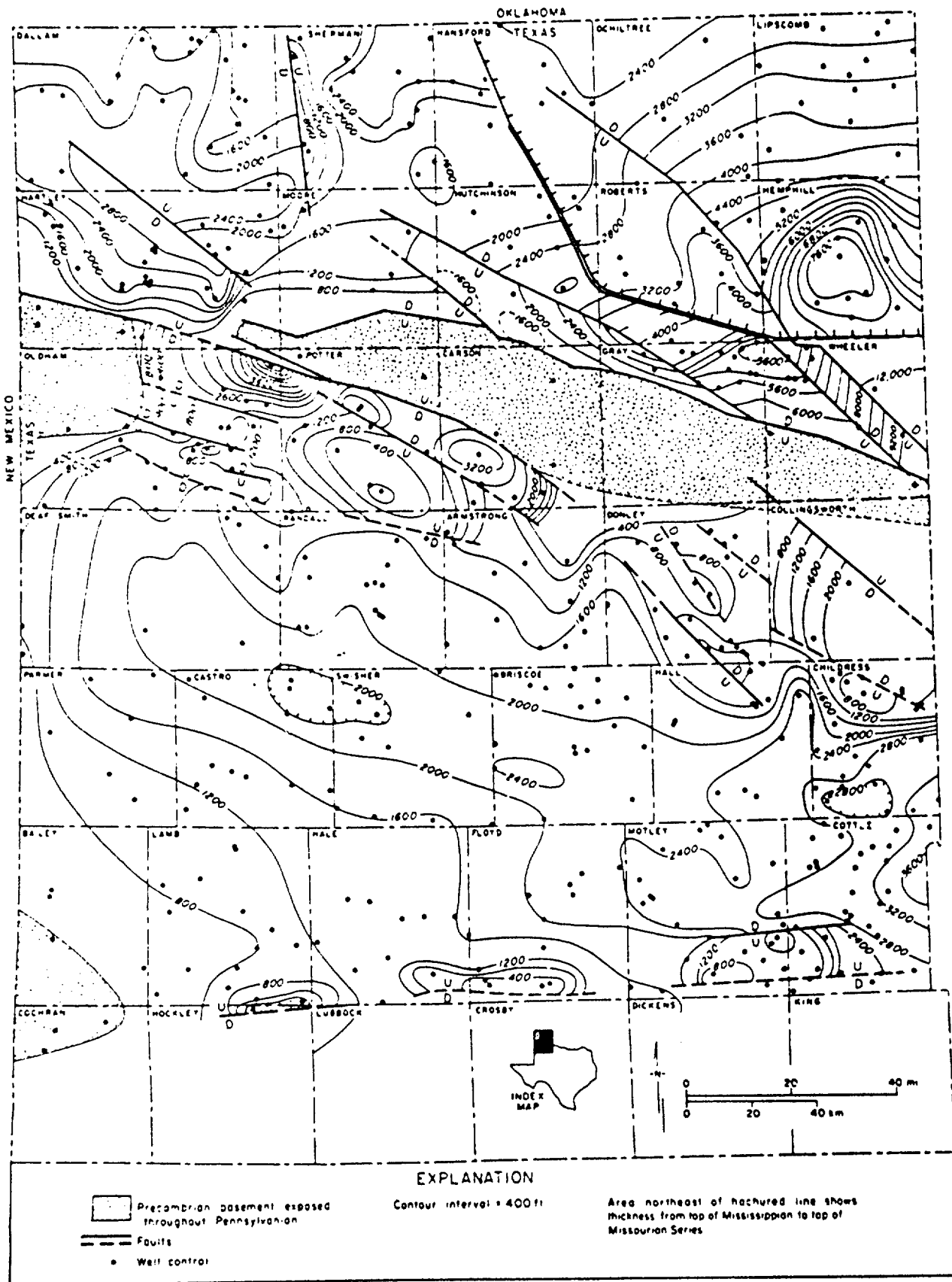


Figure 14. Isopach map of Pennsylvanian System, Texas Panhandle. Sediments thin onto uplifts that were exposed during Pennsylvanian Period.

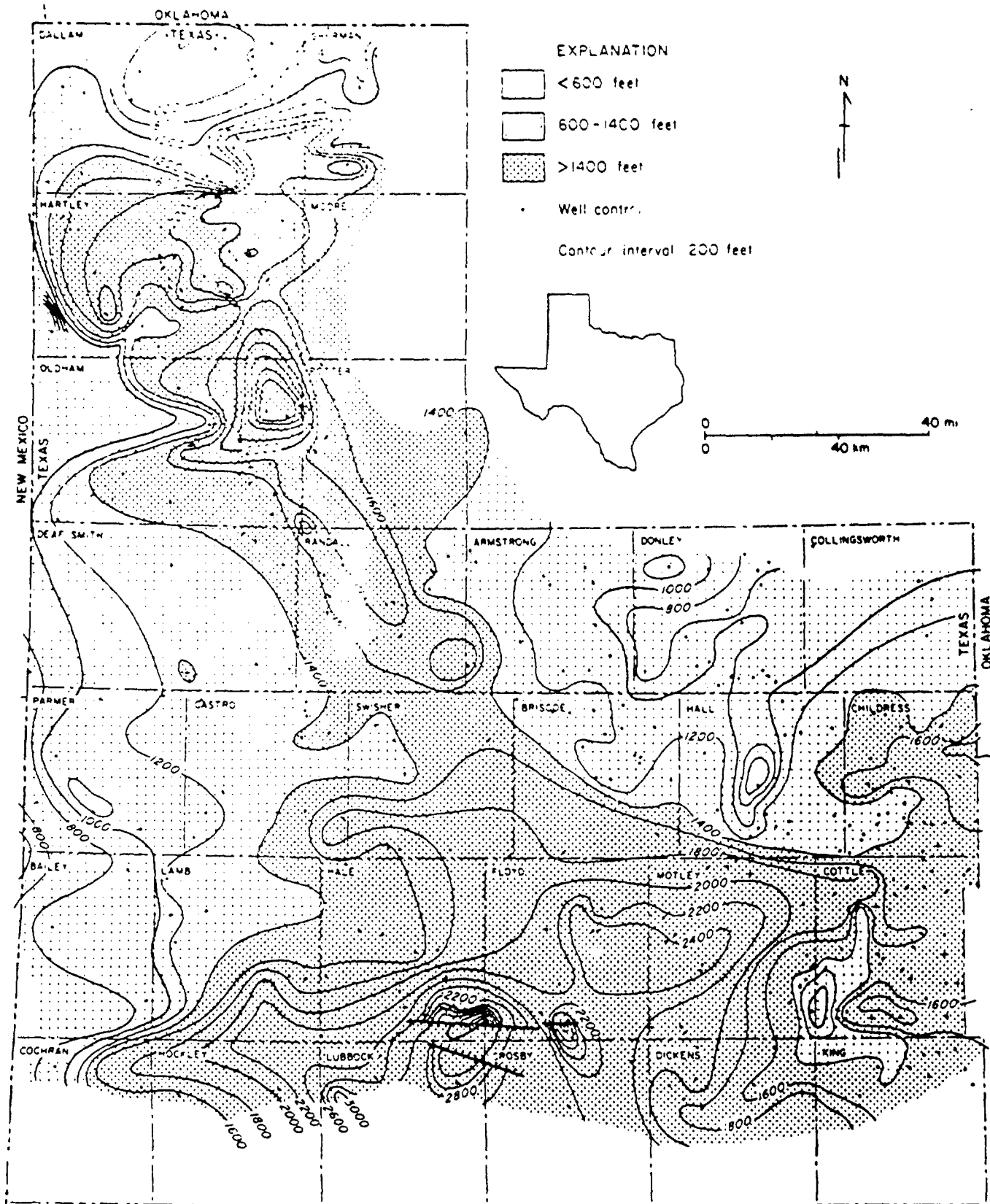


Figure 16. Isopach map of Wolfcampian Series, Palo Duro Basin (Handford, unpublished data).

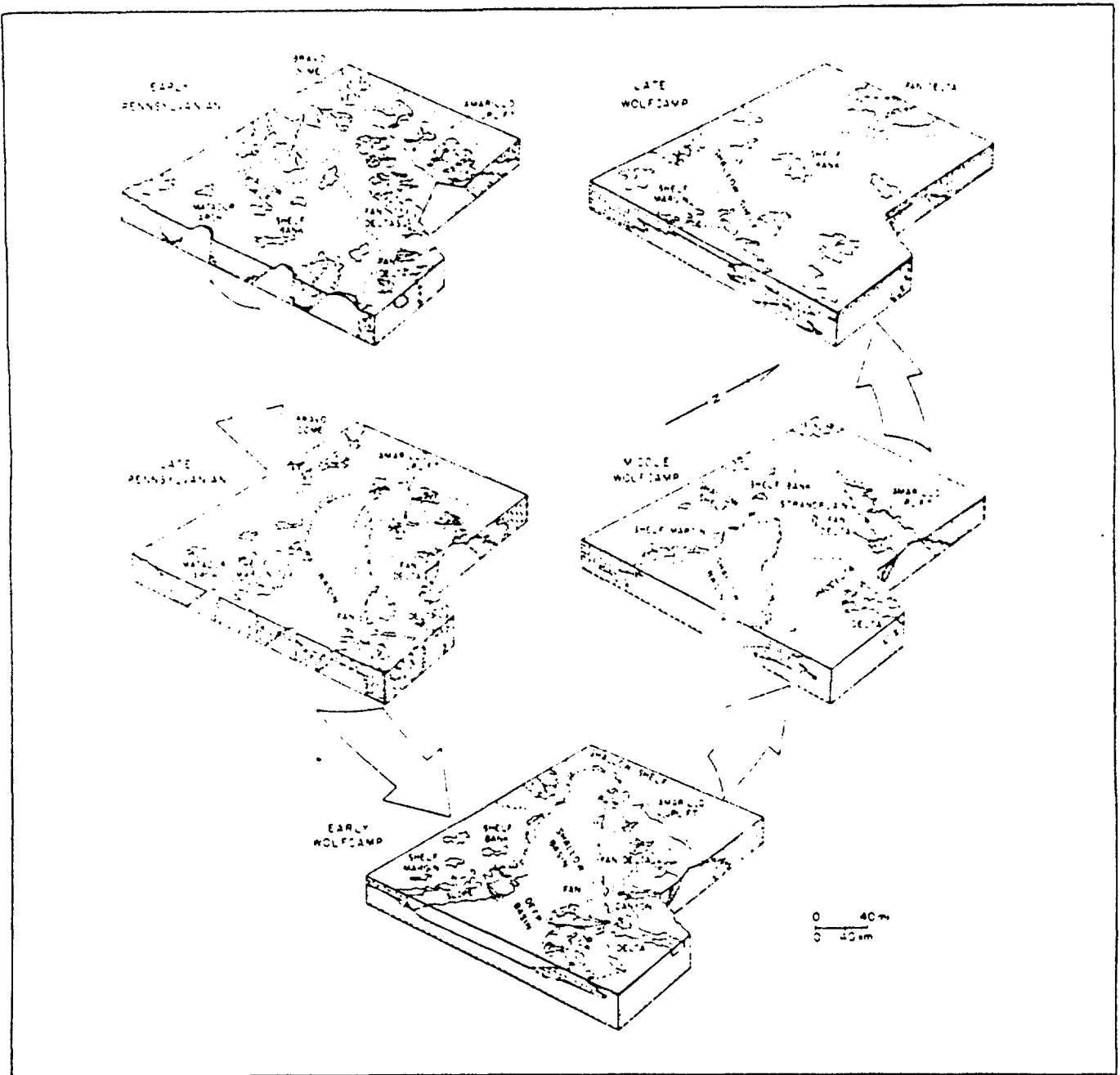


Figure 23. Block diagrams of paleogeographic evolution of Palo Duro Basin during Pennsylvanian and Wolfcampian time (from Handford and Dutton, 1980).

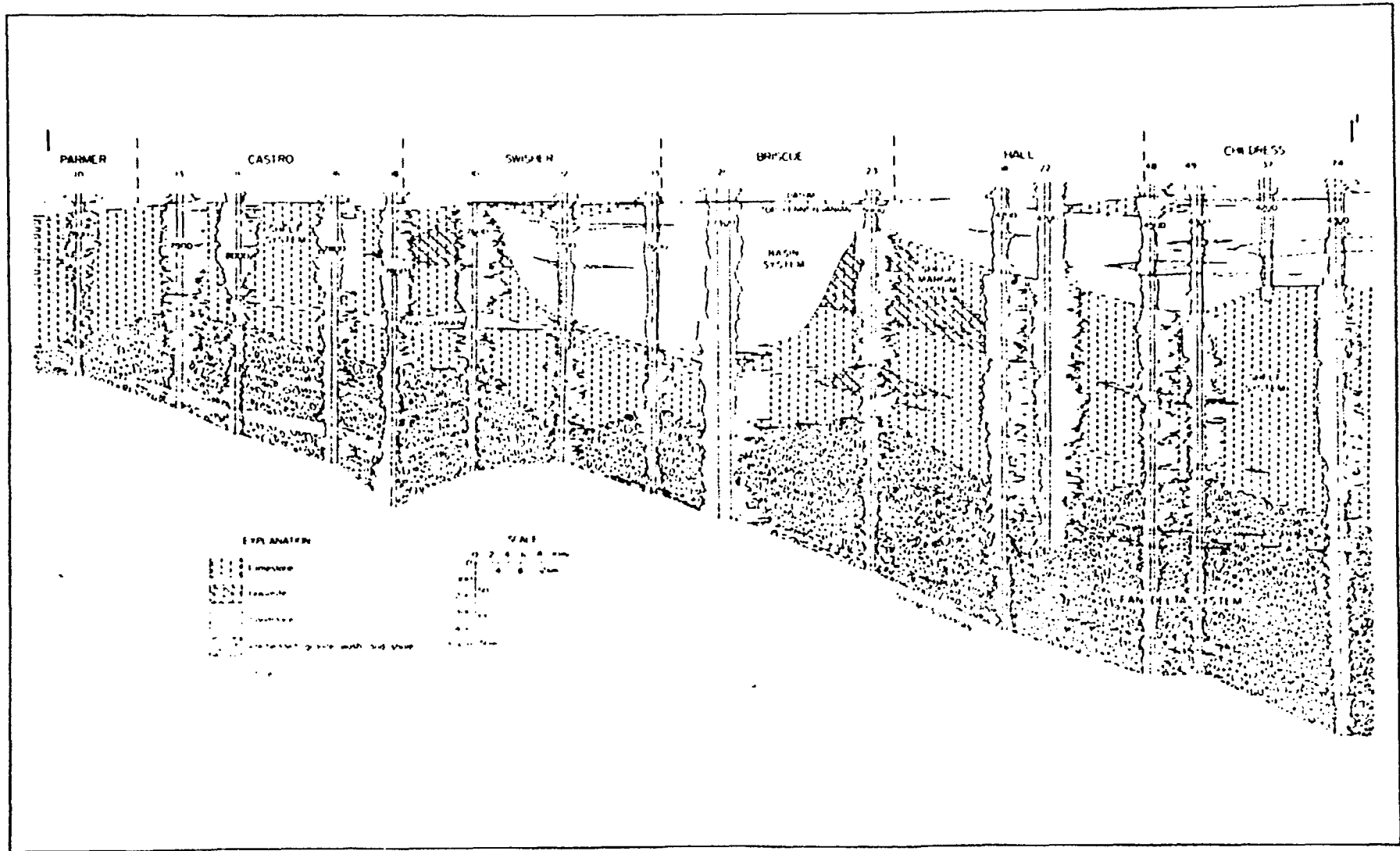


Figure 25. East-west cross section I-I' of Pennsylvanian strata, Parmer to Childress Counties (see fig. 3 for location).

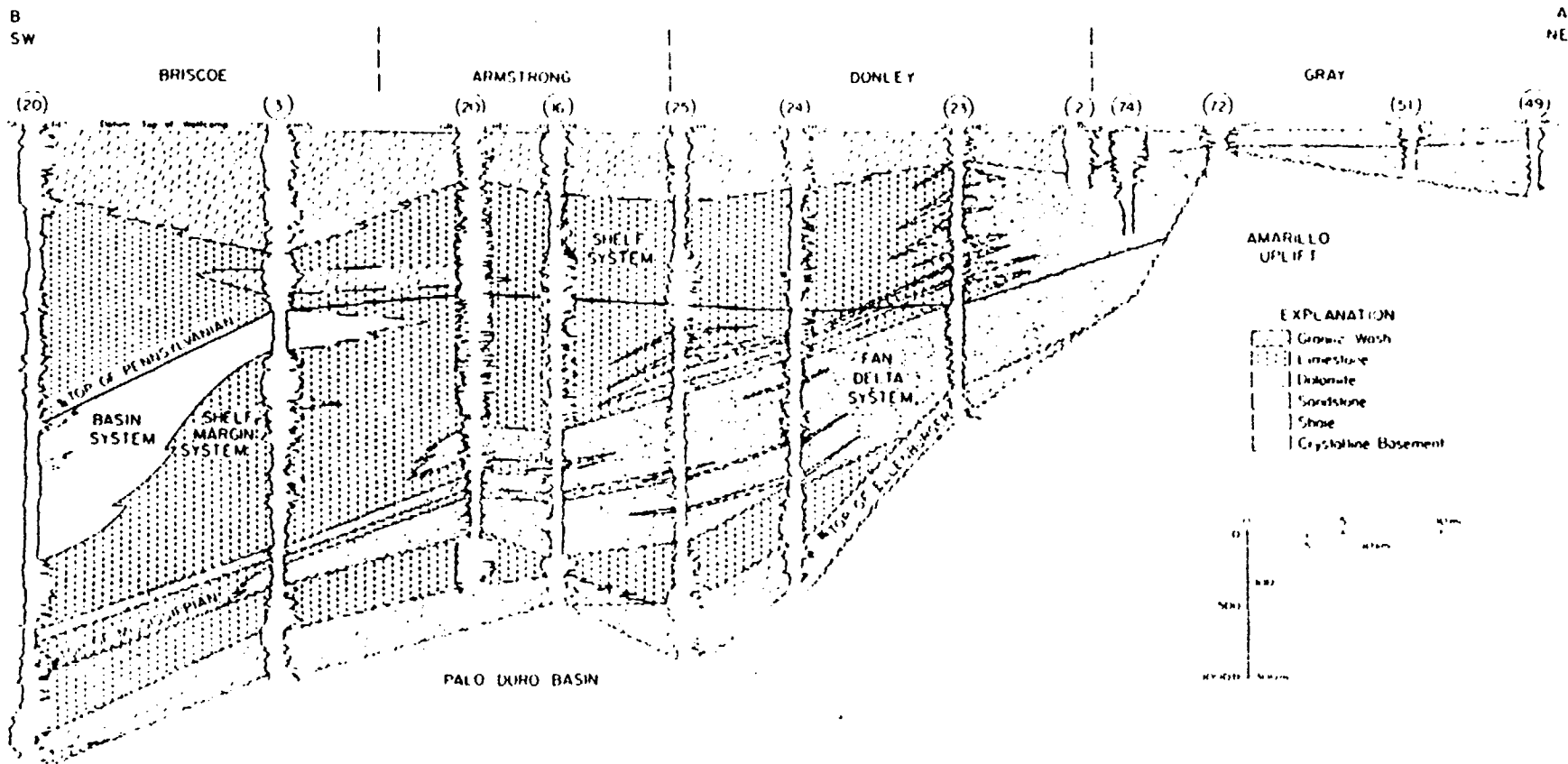


Figure 59. North-south regional cross section A-B from the central Palo Duro Basin to the Amarillo Uplift. Line of section shown in figure 57.

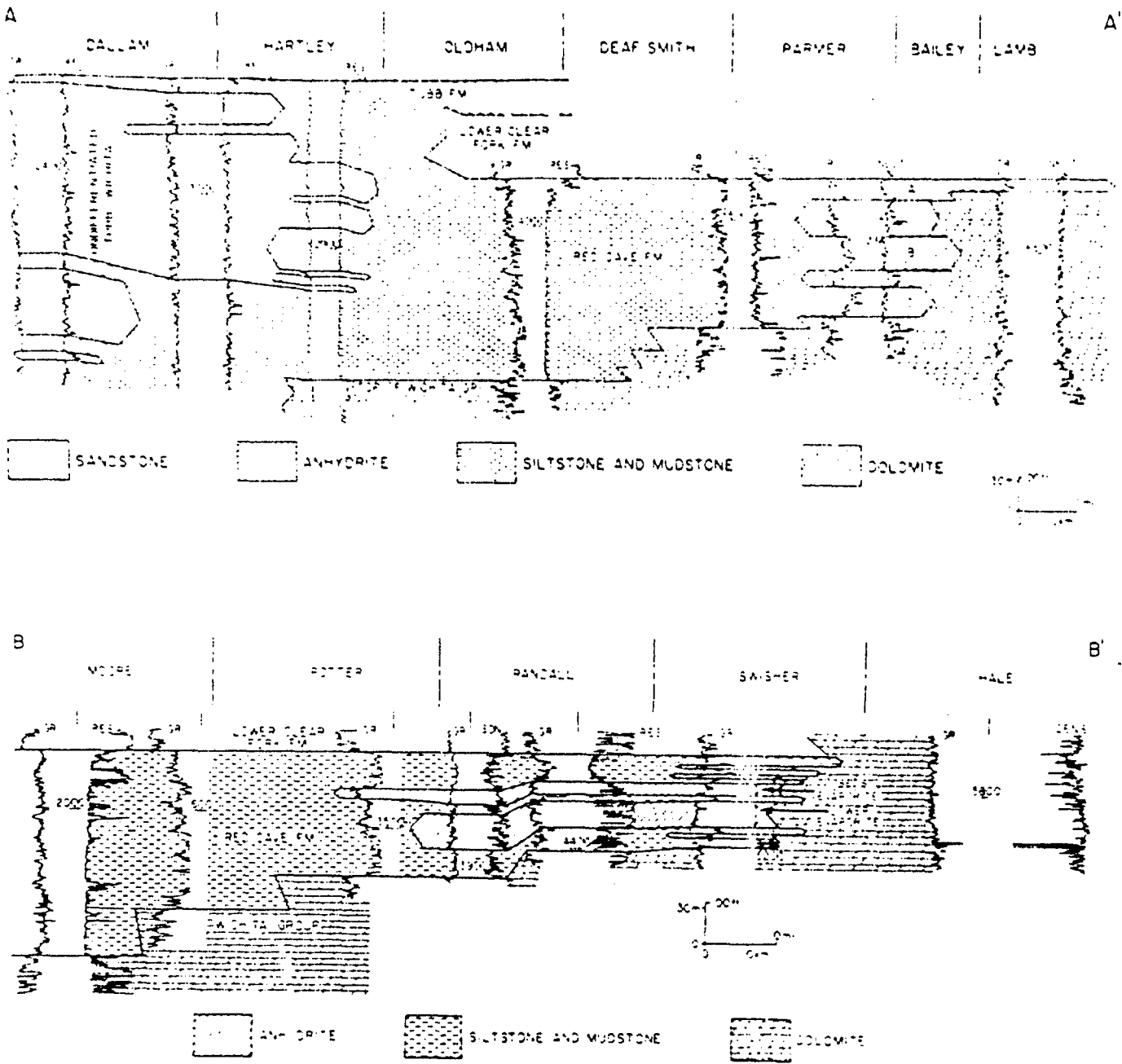


Figure 3. North-south cross sections A-A' and B-B' through the Red Cave Formation.

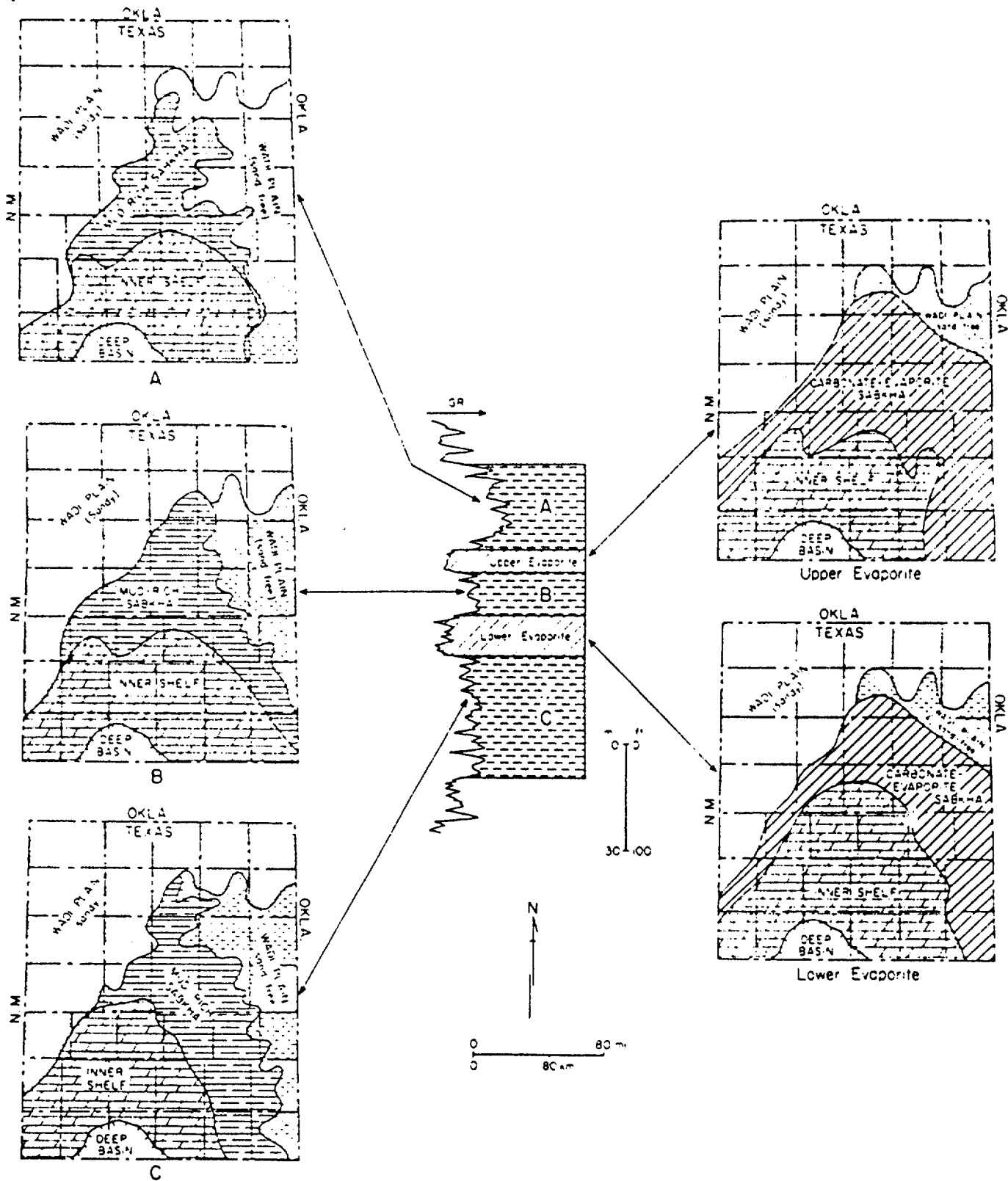


Figure 19. Paleogeography of the Red Cave Formation. Cyclic clastic and carbonate-evaporite facies reflect alternating styles of sabkha deposition that were brought on by the periodic availability and supply of clastics to sabkha environments.

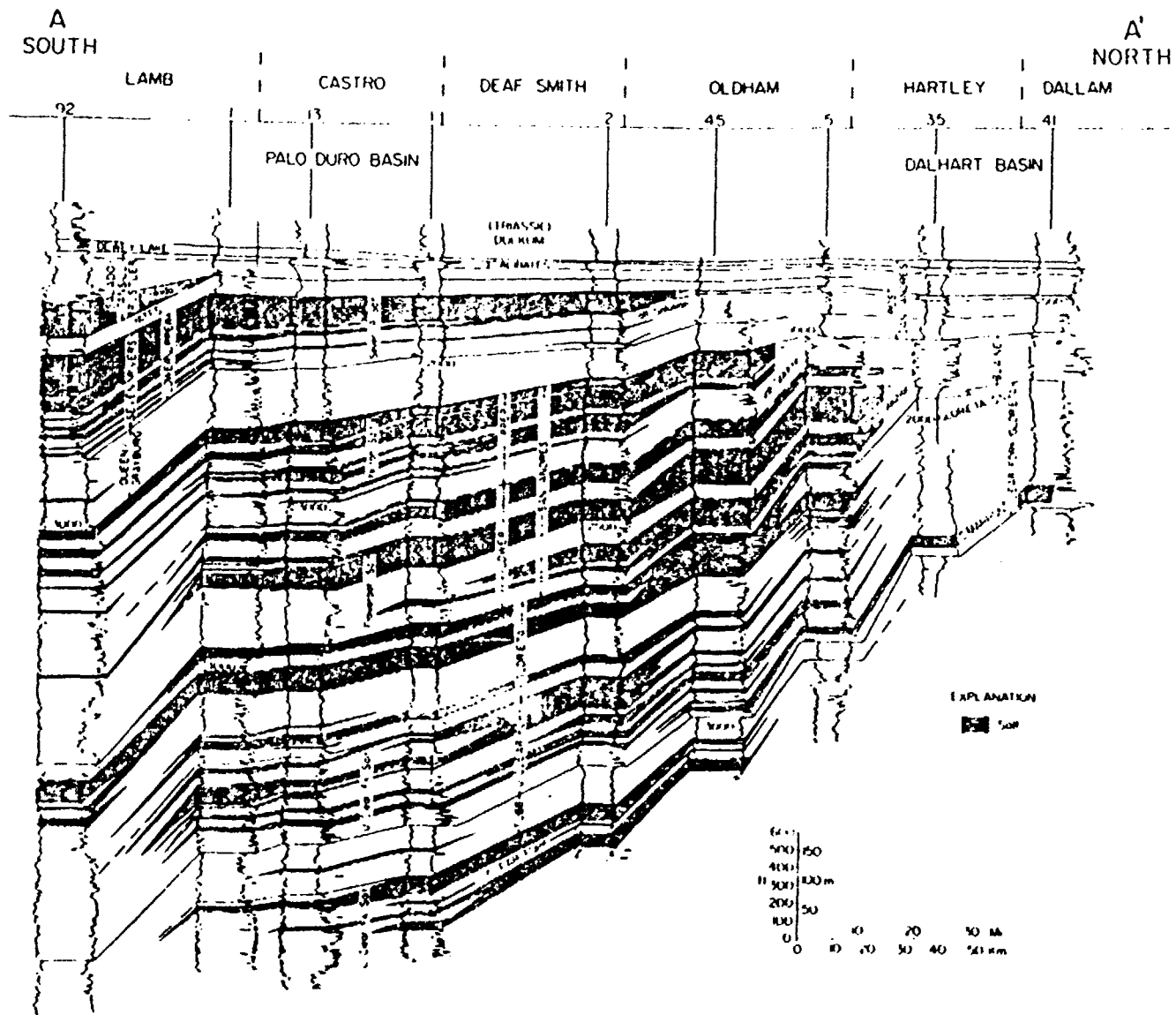


Figure 5. North-south cross section, Upper Permian salt-bearing strata, Texas Panhandle. Generalized salt units are correlated. Location of section in figure 4.

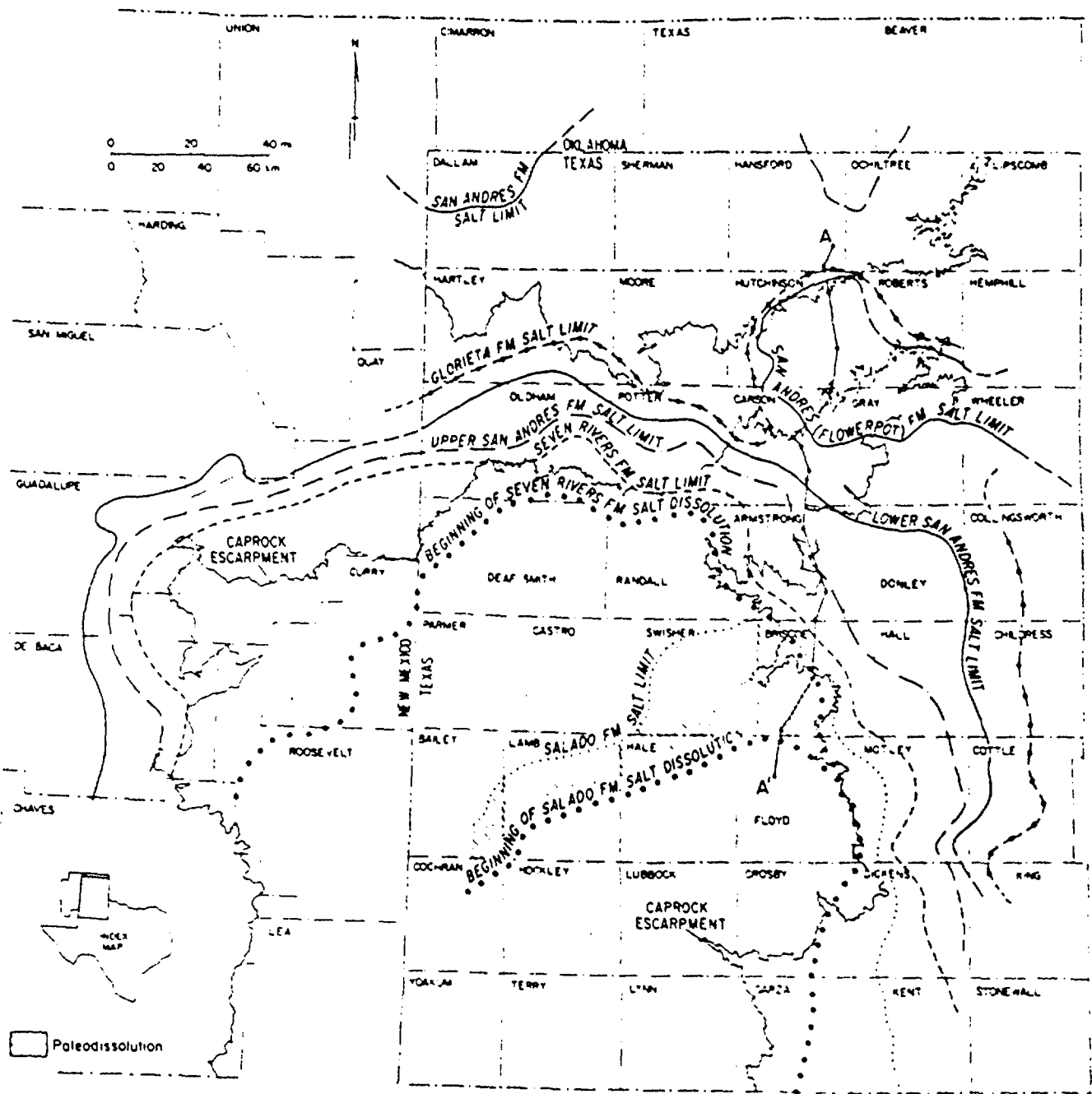


Figure 72. Salt dissolution zones, Texas Panhandle and eastern New Mexico. Except for the Seven Rivers and Salado Formations, where both the beginning of salt dissolution and the limit of salt are shown, the limit of salt for the younger formation marks the approximate beginning of salt dissolution for the next older formation (from Dutton and others, 1979).

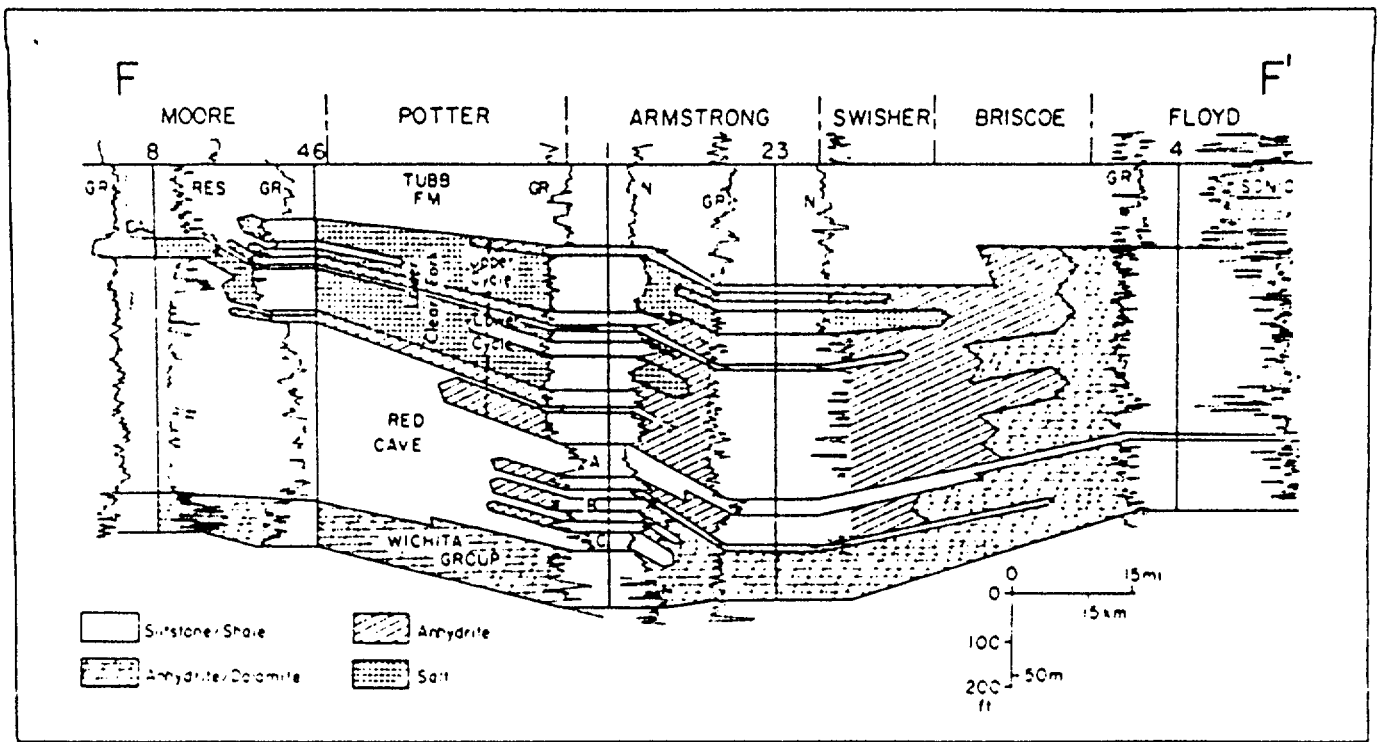


Figure 34. North-south cross section F-F' of lower Clear Fork Formation. See figure 3 for location (from Handford, 1981).

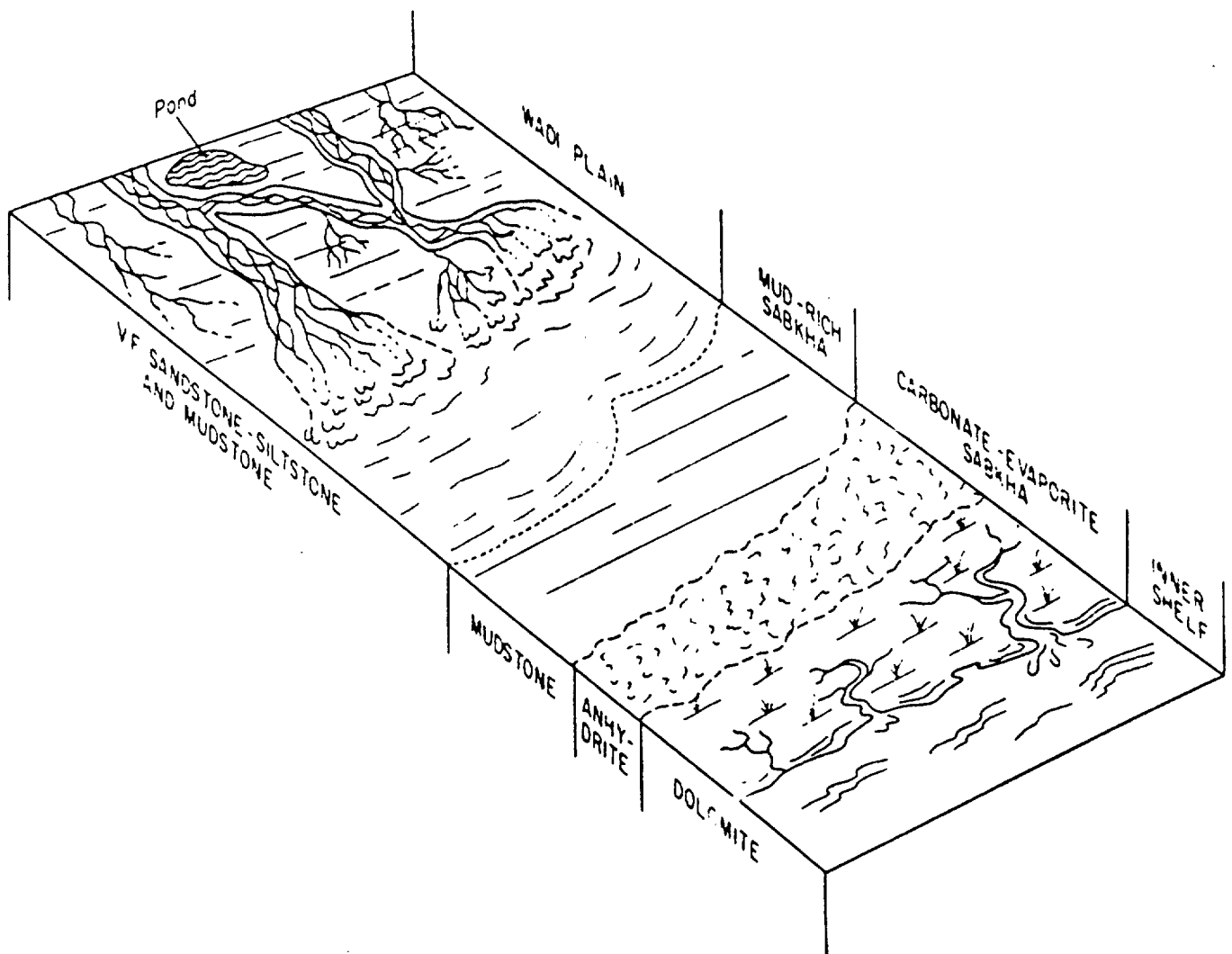


Figure 17. Composite depositional model for Red Cave carbonate, evaporite, and clastic facies.

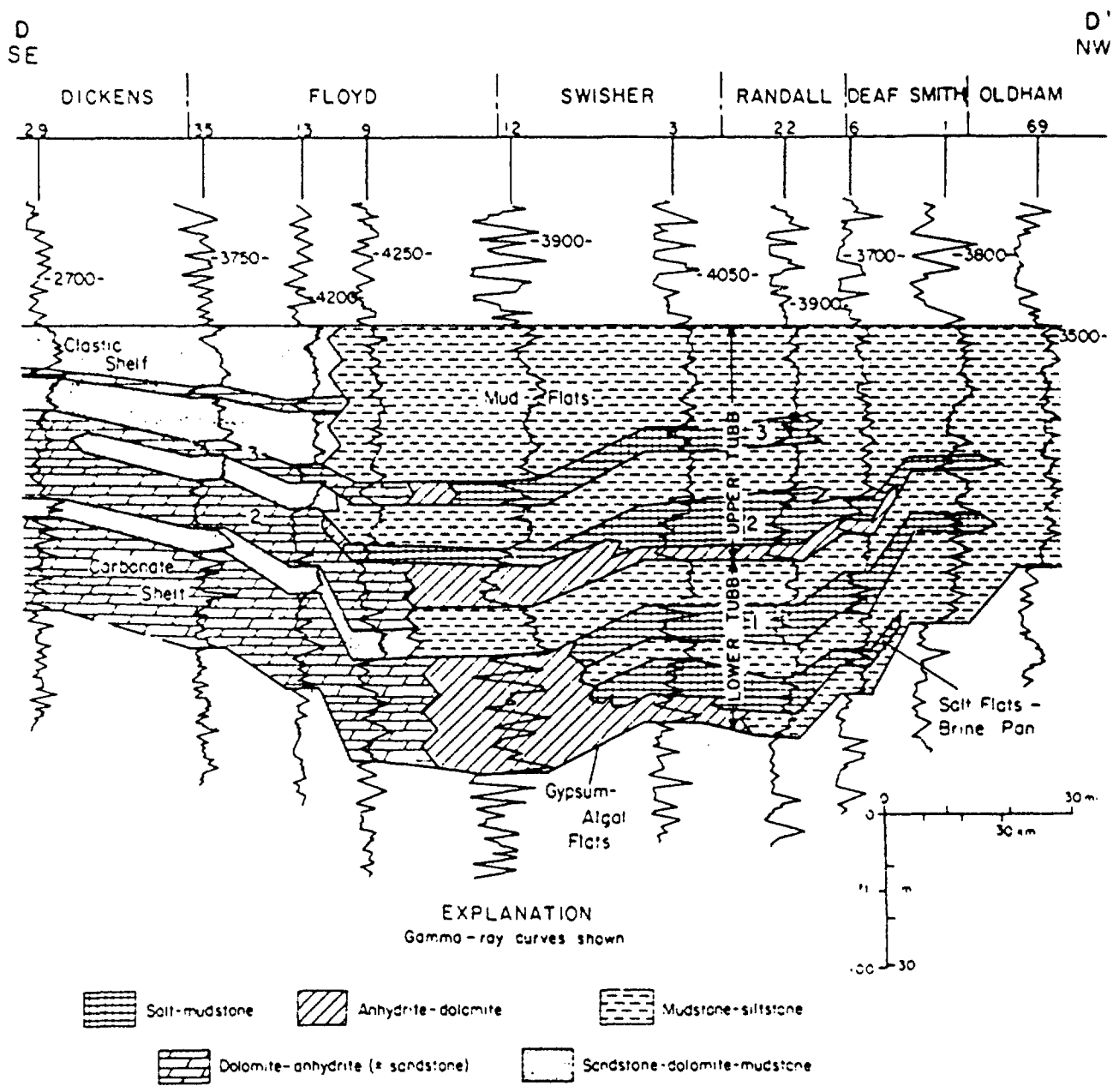


Figure 41. Northwest-southeast cross section, Tubb Formation, Palo Duro Basin. Line of cross section is indicated in figure 87. From Presley (1980b).

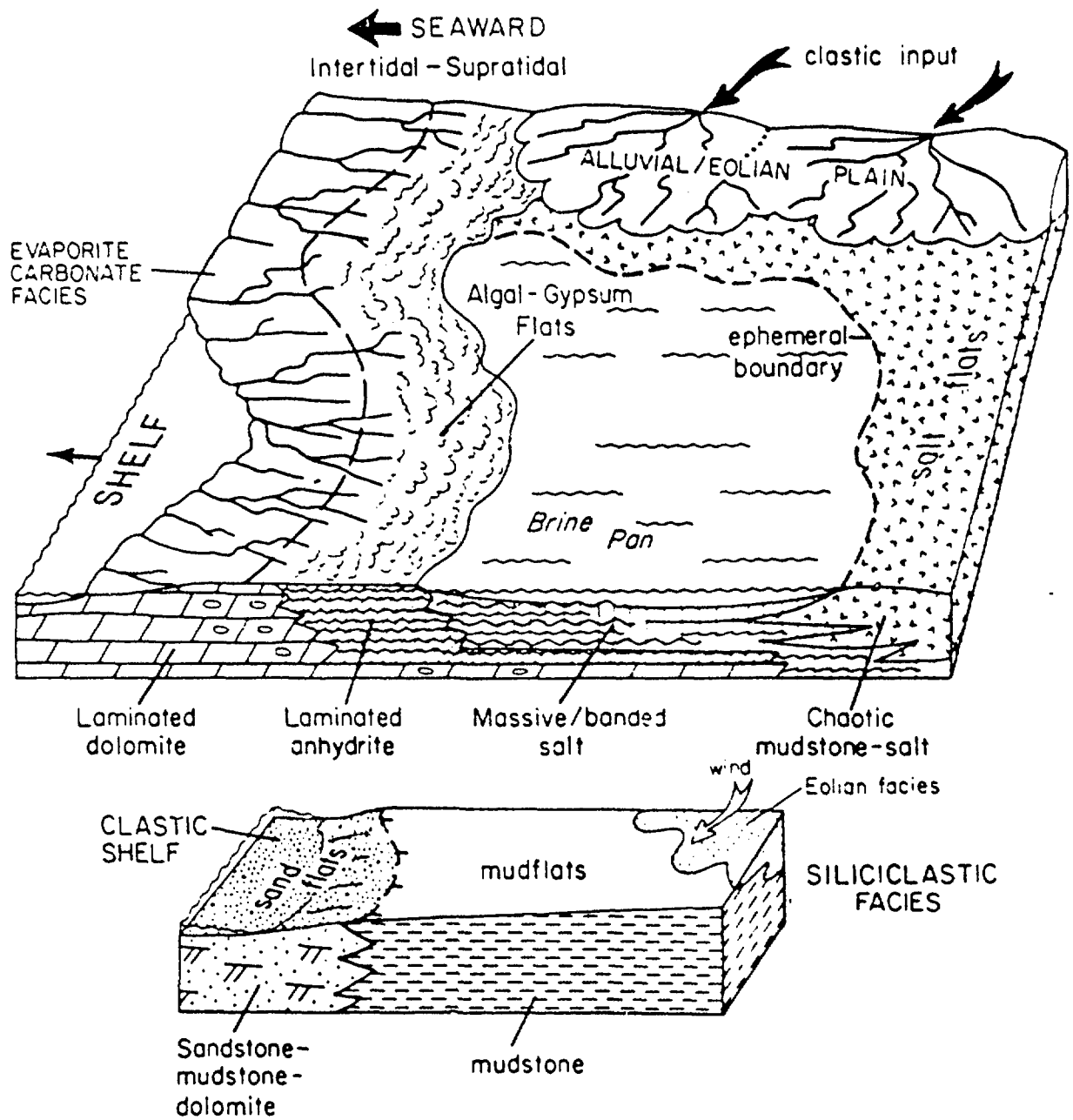


Figure 40. Facies and environments recorded in Tubb strata of the Palo Duro and Dalhart Basins. Evaporite-carbonate facies record a gradual basinward shift in environments. Siliciclastic (red-bed) facies dominate the Tubb sequence, and were deposited in tidal mud flats, which graded basinward into tidal sand flats. From Presley (1980b).

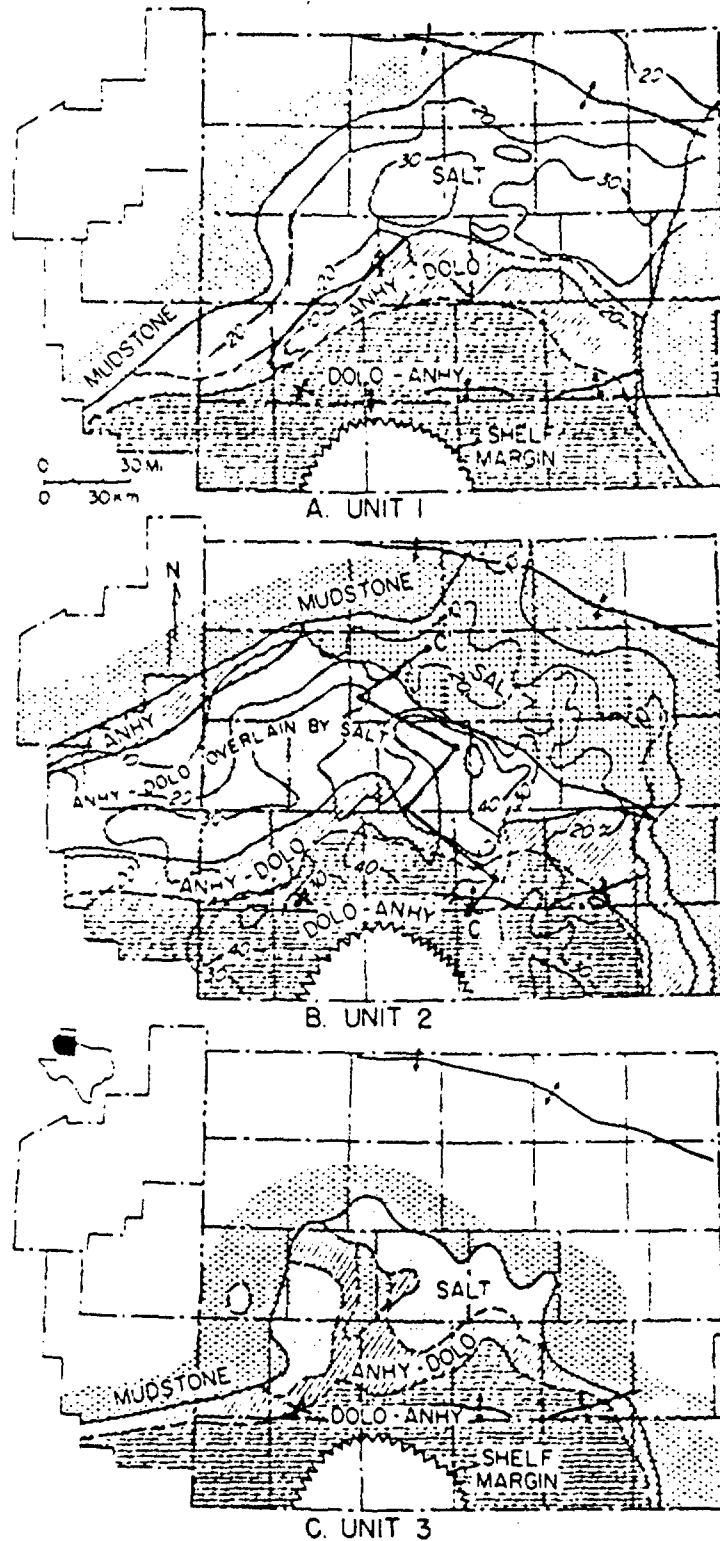


Figure 42. Facies maps of evaporite-carbonate units 1, 2, and 3 (oldest to youngest) of the Tubb Formation. Salt is dominant in updip regions to the north; carbonate is dominant to the south. These units show progressive southerly migration of evaporite-carbonate facies. From Presley (1980b).

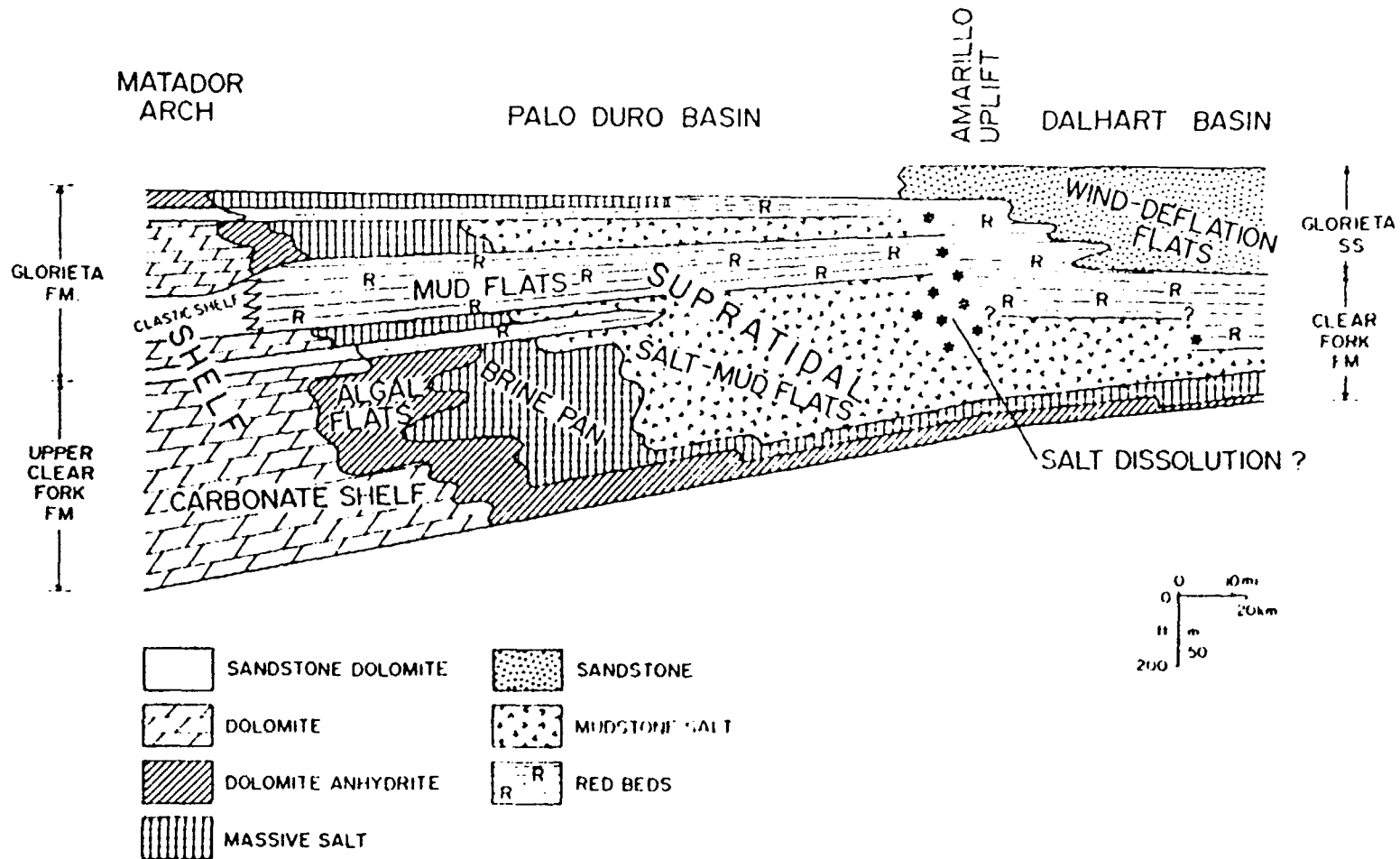


Figure 43. North-south facies cross section through Palo Duro and Dalhart Basins showing relation of environments for the upper Clear Fork and Glorieta Formations. From Presley (unpublished data).

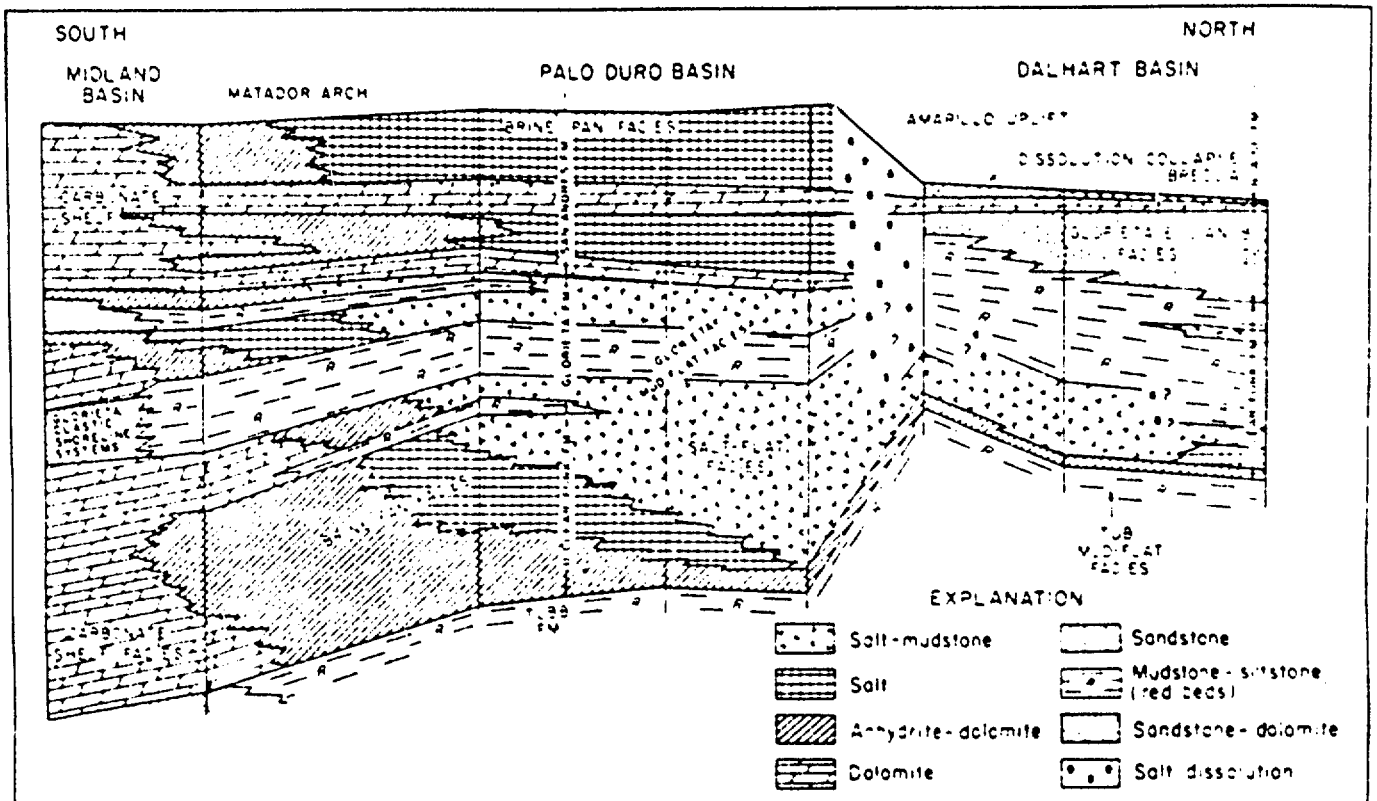


Figure 2 Diagrammatic north-south cross section of upper Clear Fork and Glorieta Formations and underlying and overlying units in Texas Panhandle. Generalized facies interpretations are shown. Location generally follows line of section A-A' in figure 1.

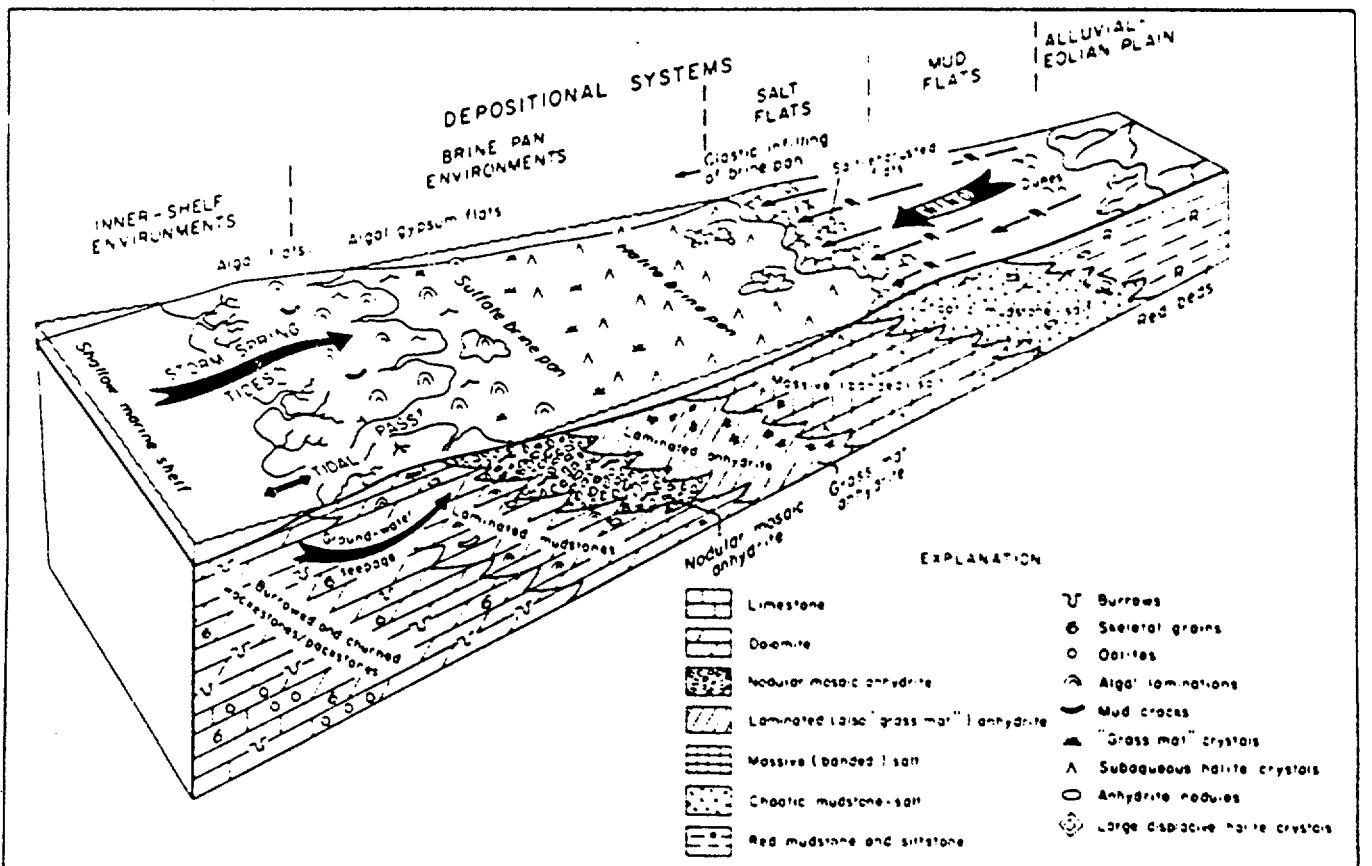


Figure 3. Evaporite and carbonate depositional facies and environments inferred for upper Clear Fork and Glorieta rocks.

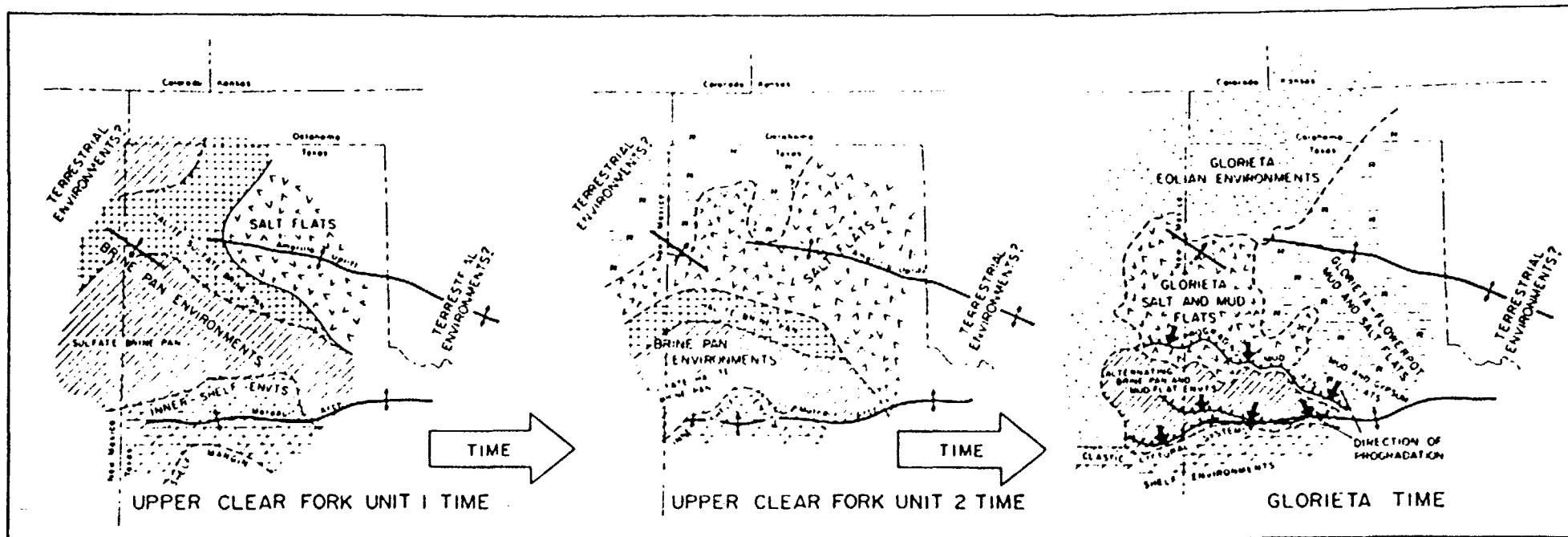


Figure 5. Paleogeography at the time of deposition of the upper Clear Fork and Glorieta Formations.

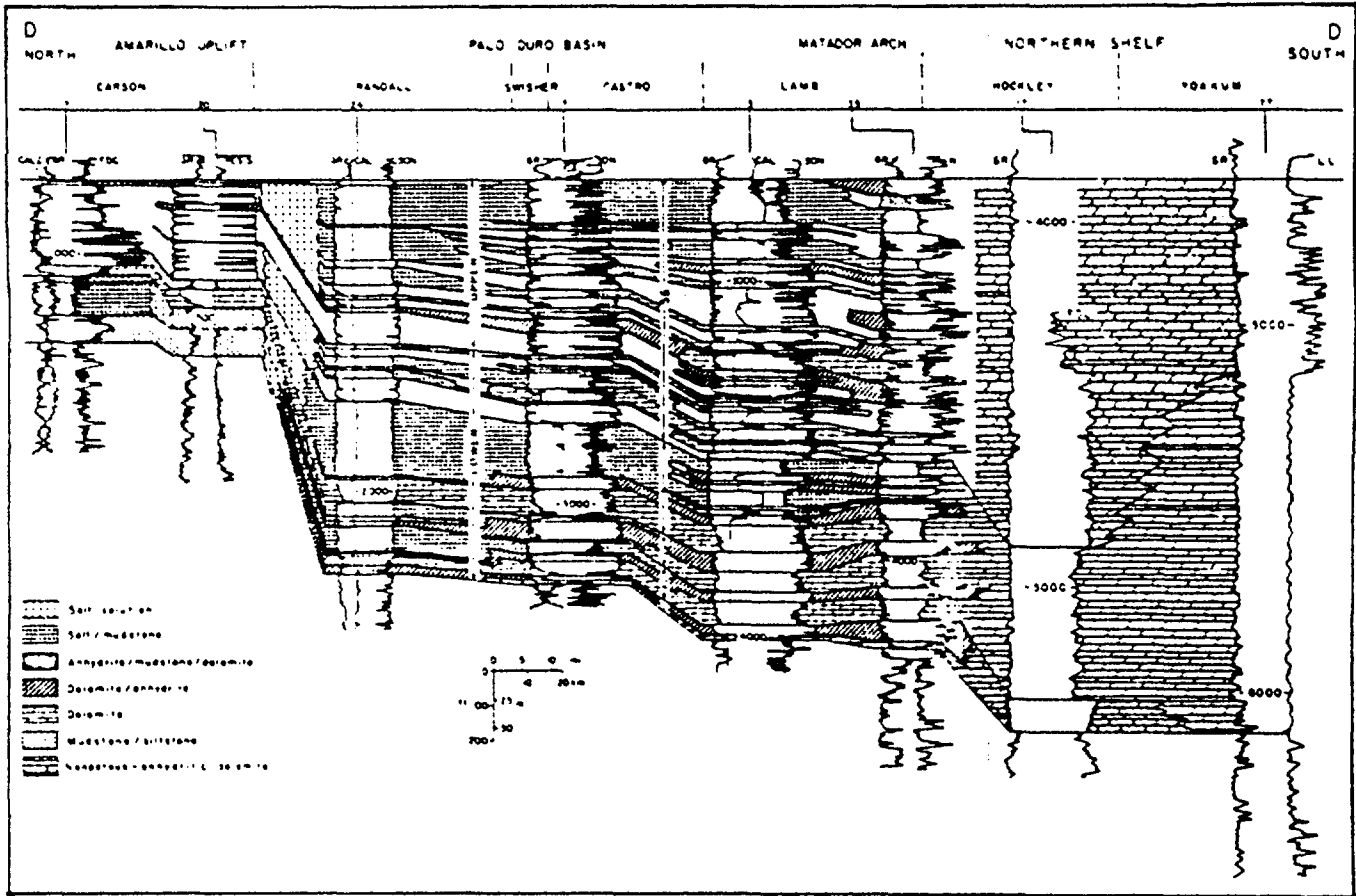
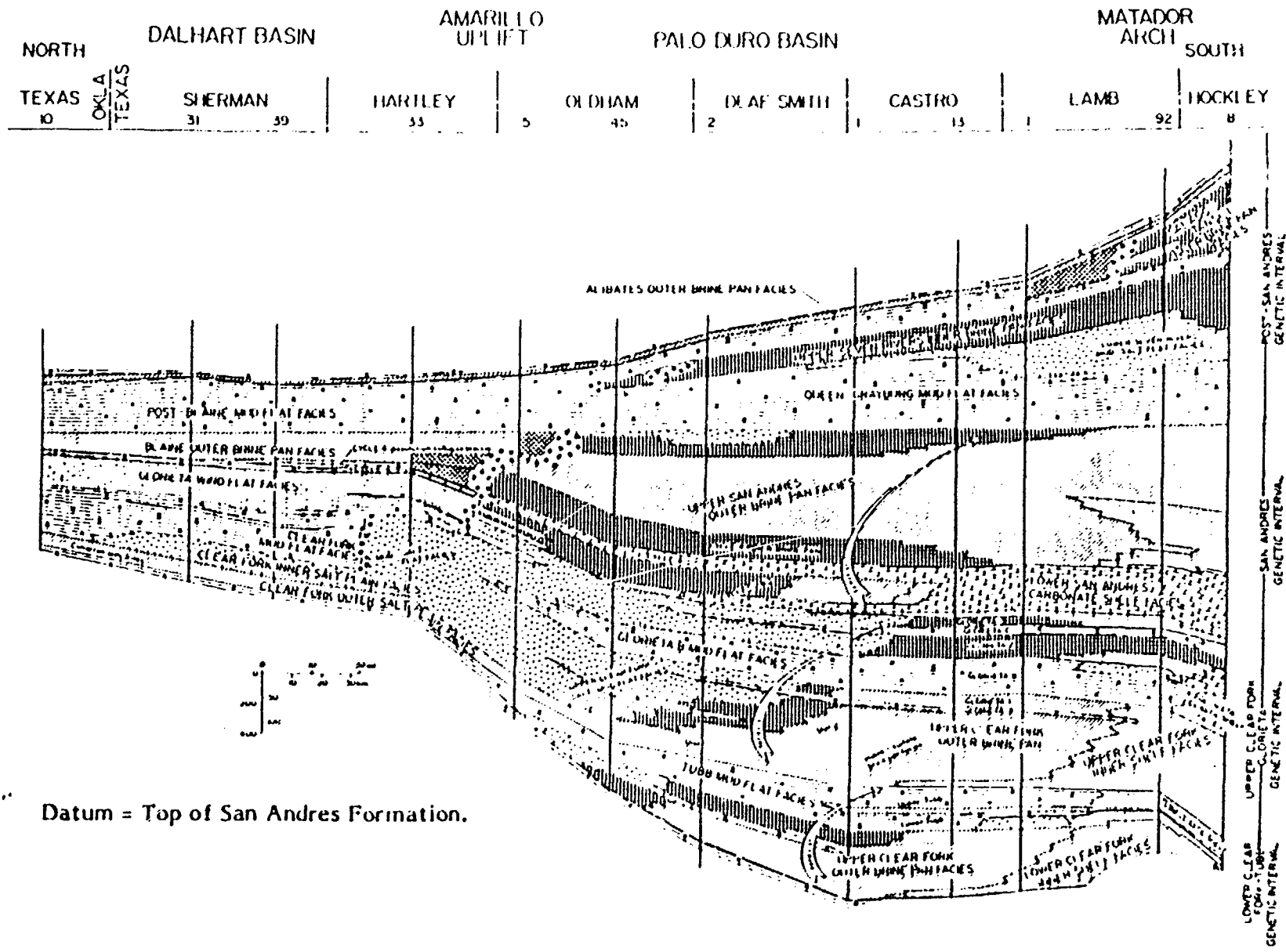
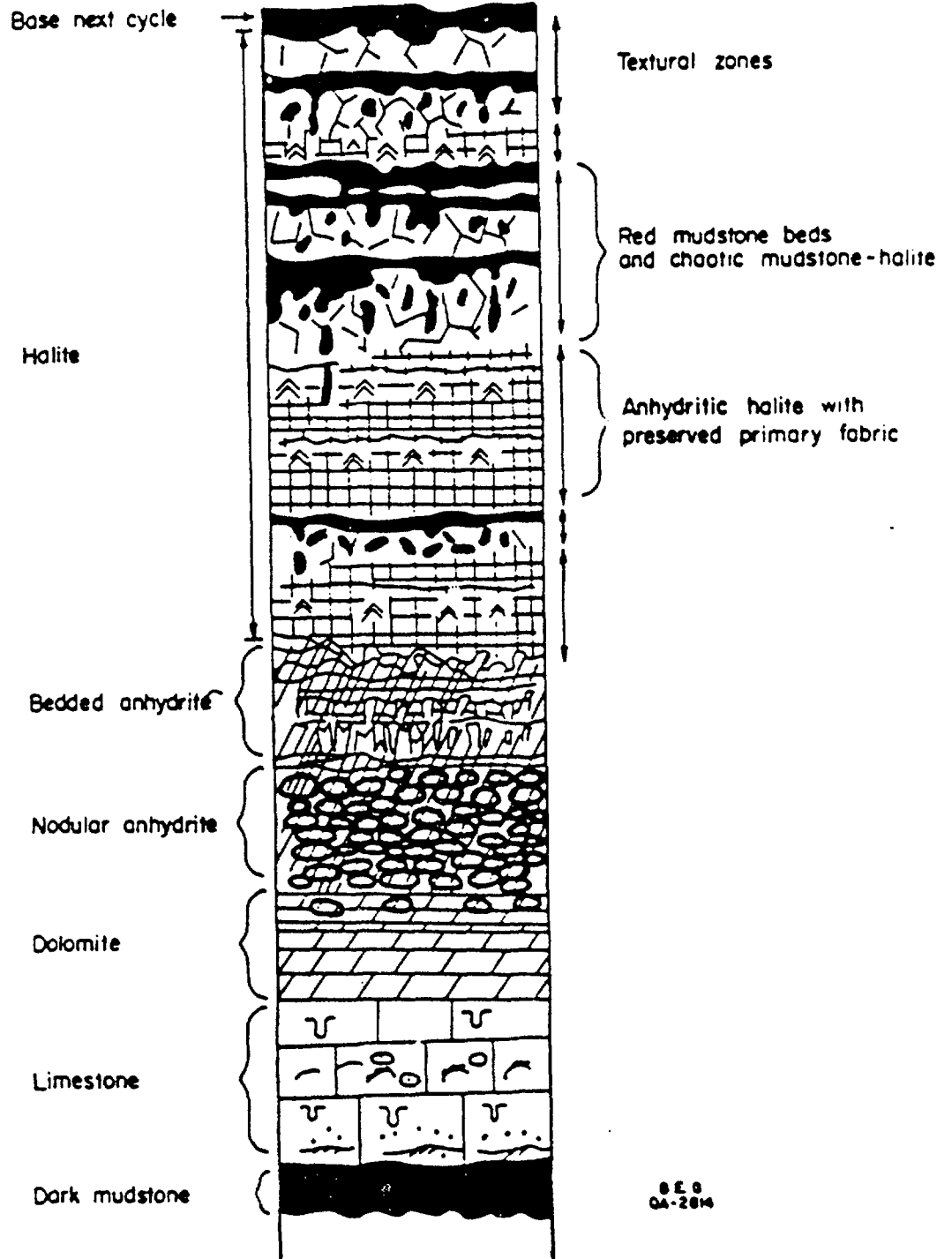


Figure 2. North-south cross section through the study area (after Presley, 1979, and P. Ramondetta, personal communication, 1981). Pinch-out of salt and anhydrite preclude detailed log correlation to the south. Datum: Top San Andres. See figure 1 for line of section.



Datum = Top of San Andres Formation.

TYPICAL SAN ANDRES CYCLE



NORTH

SOUTH

OLDHAM
CO

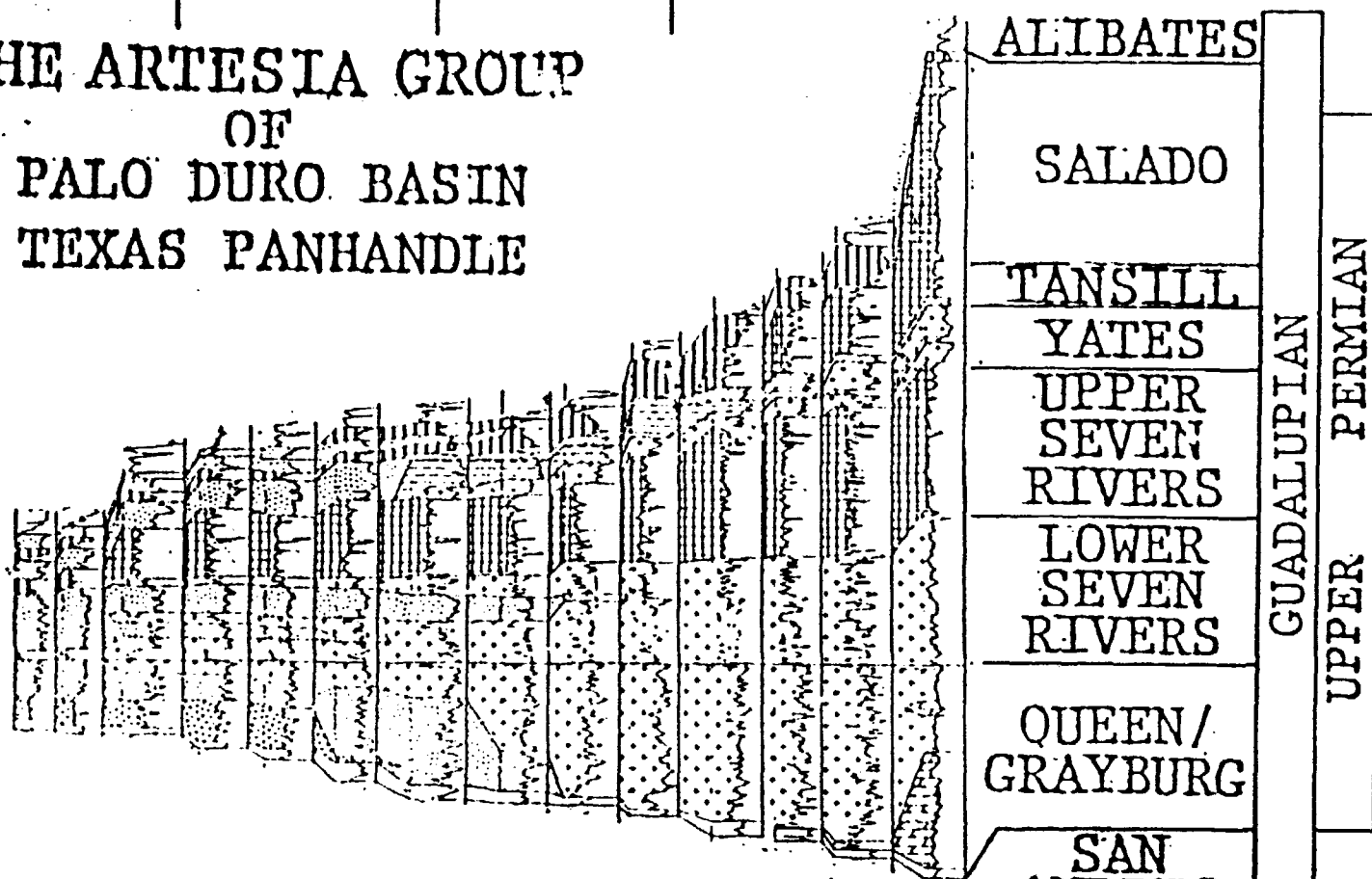
DEAF
SMITH
CO

CASTRO
CO

LAMB
CO

HOCKLEY
CO

THE ARTESIA GROUP OF PALO DURO BASIN TEXAS PANHANDLE



EVAPORITES/MUDSTONE



SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE/EVAPORITES



DOLOMITIC EVAPORITES/CLASTICS



FINE SANDSTONE



V. FINE SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE



MUDSTONE



CLASTICS/DISSOLUTION RESIDUE

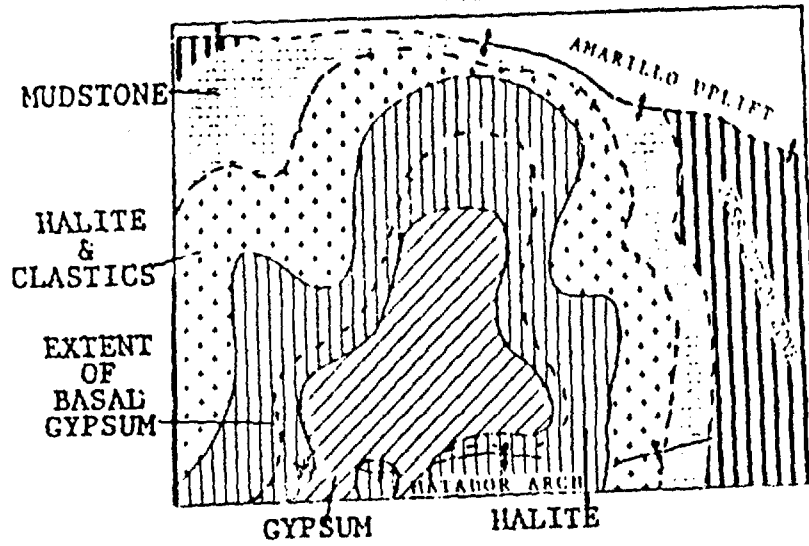
GUADALUPIAN

PERMIAN

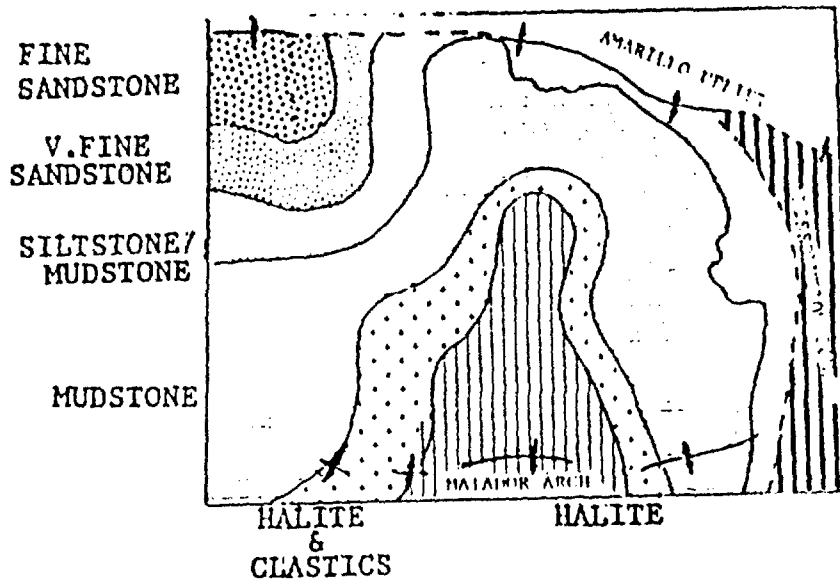
25 MI

500 FT

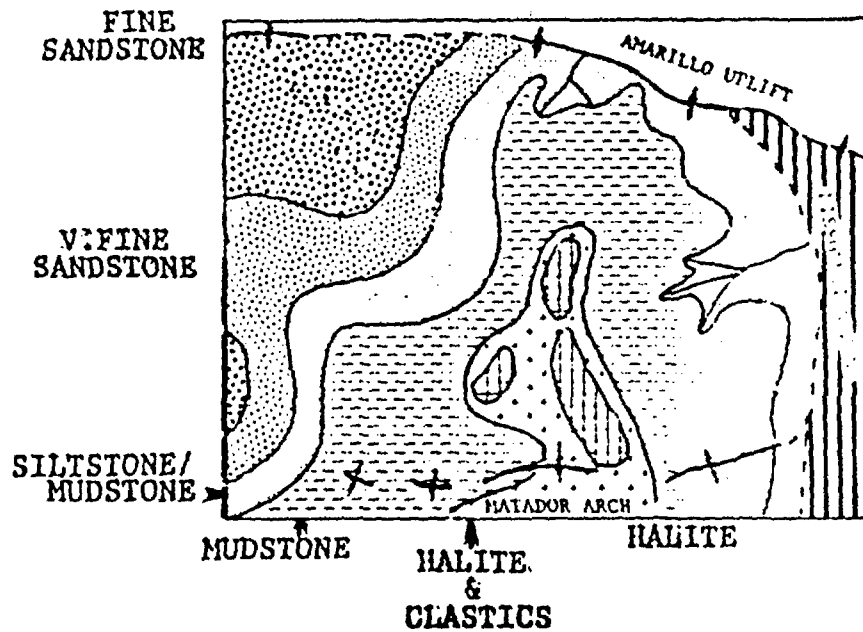
STAGE I



STAGE II



STAGE III



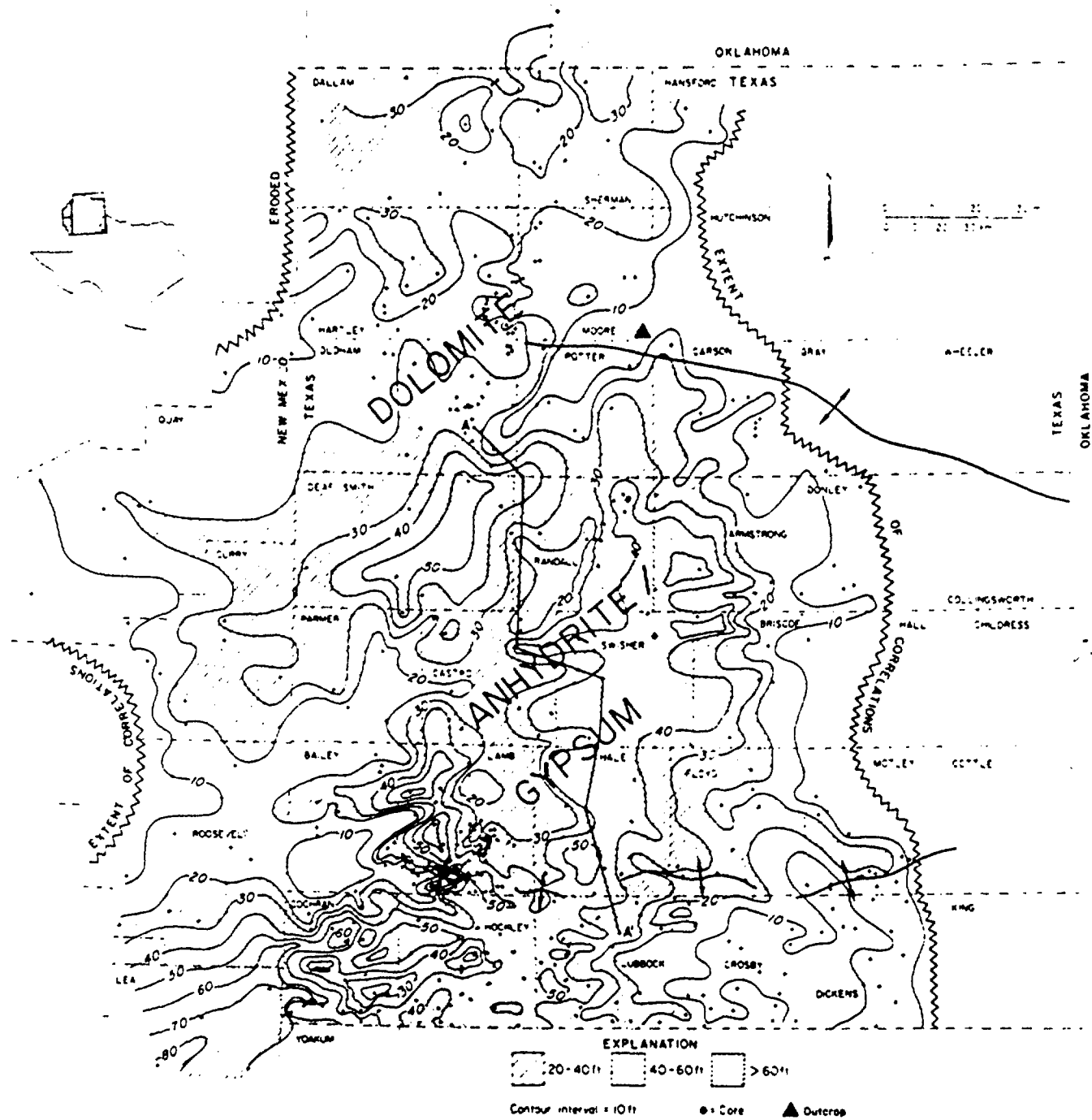


Figure 10. Isopach map, Alibates Formation. Serrate lines mark limit of correlation and erosional boundaries. Outcrop shown in Moore County. Maximum thickness in central and southern Palo Duro Basin.

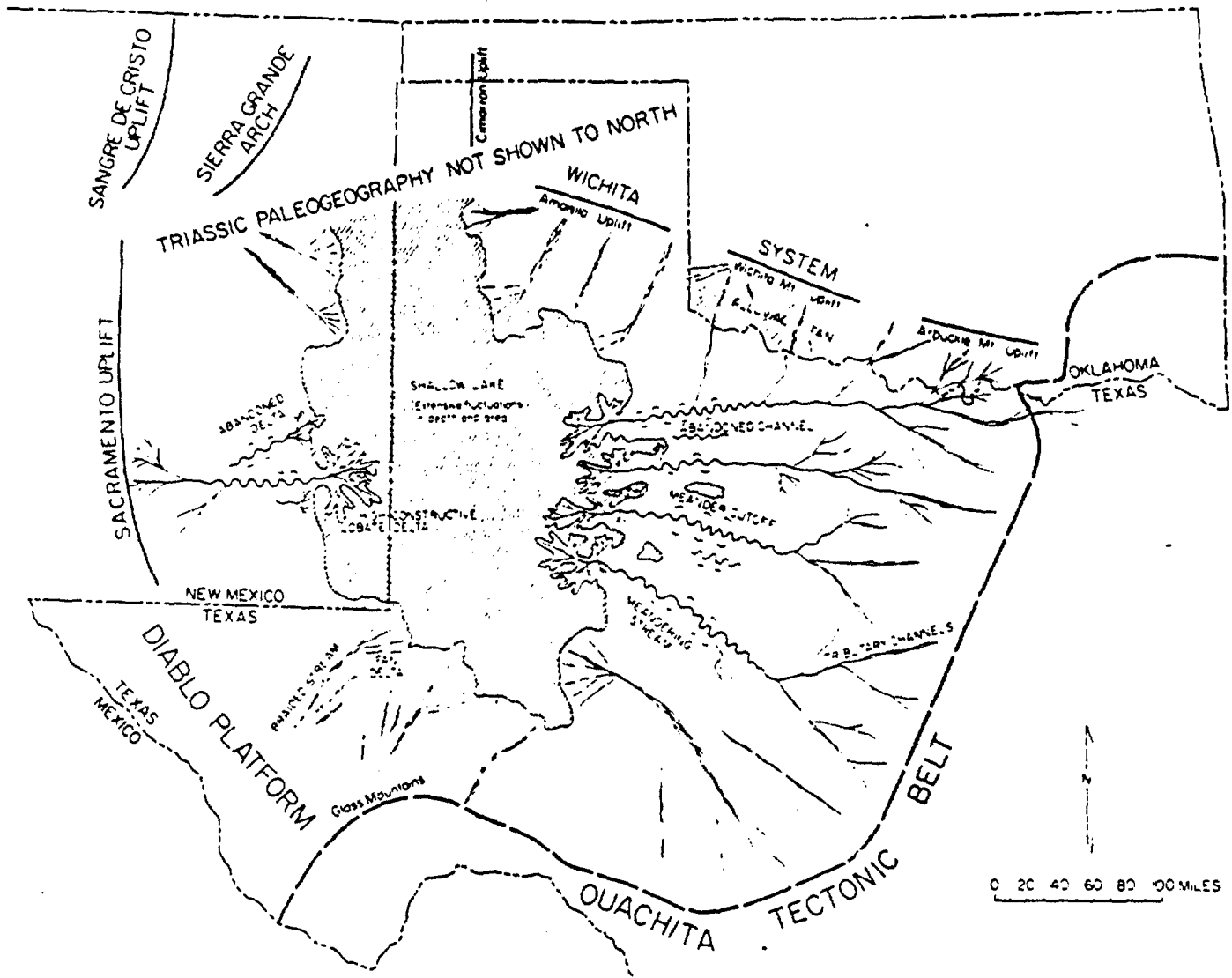


Figure 5. Inferred paleogeography during the initial stage of Dockum sedimentation in the area south of Amarillo Uplift - Bravo Dome. Depositional elements are braided streams, alluvial fans, fan deltas, meandering streams, distributary deltas, and shallow lakes.

DISSOLUTION CONSIDERATIONS

Process: Shallow ground water dissolving salt

Types: "Peripheral" and "Interior" ?

Controls: Hydraulic gradient, evaporite geology,
overlying geology

Extent: Geographic and stratigraphic

Rates: Rates of dissolution for different types

Timing: Ongoing or relict process

Implications to nuclear repository

TYPES OF DATA

**Geologic data: Stratigraphic, structural,
geomorphic**

**Hydrologic-hydrochemical data: dissolution wells
saline springs**

Core data: DOE stratigraphic and hydro wells

HYDROLOGIC-HYDROCHEMICAL DATA

Well locations

Mansfield and Sawyer well results ("peripheral")

1. Hydrologic Testing
2. Chemical composition
3. Stable isotope composition
4. C¹⁴ Concentrations

Harmon and Detten wells ("interior")

1. Hydrologic testing
2. Chemical composition
3. Stable isotope composition

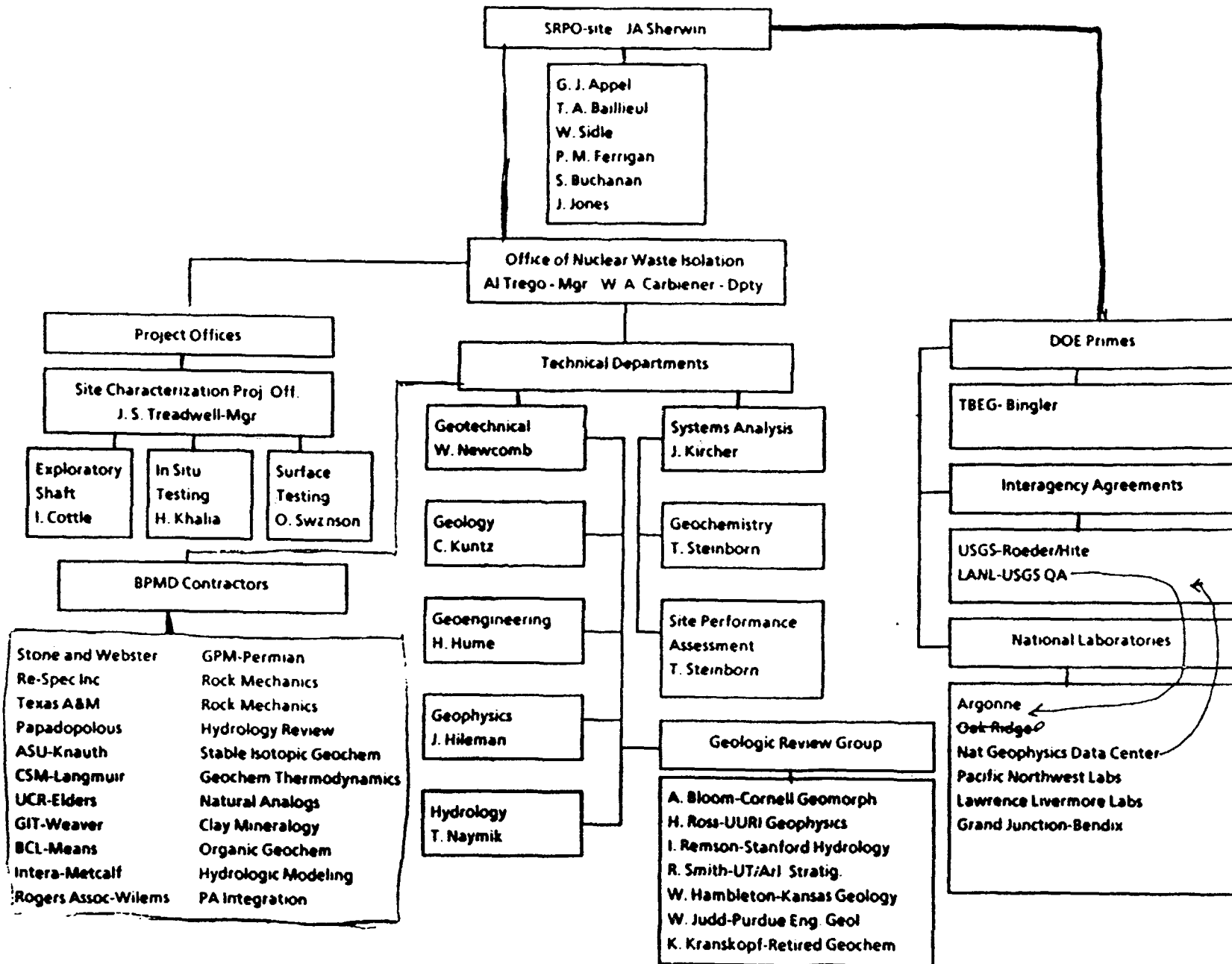
CORE DESCRIPTION

Well locations for core in dissolution zone

Diagnostic features of dissolution

Geographic distribution of dissolution features

DOE-SAIT Repository Project



1/2 Sherwin

GEOENGINEERING TASKS

- TASK .13 LABORATORY TESTING**
- TASK .36 SUBCONTRACTED LABORATORY TESTING
(F.Y. 1985)**
- TASK .62 GEOTECHNICAL STUDIES**
- TASK .63 ENGINEERING DESIGN SUPPORT (F.Y. 1983)**
- TASK .67 GEOTECHNICAL FIELD TESTS (F.Y. 1984)**

THESE STUDIES SUPPORT THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES:

- EA PREPARATION**
- SITE CHARACTERIZATION PLANNING**
- PRELIMINARY DESIGN DEVELOPMENT**

*Lamb
8/6*

FY 1985 ACTIVITIES – GEOENGINEERING

LABORATORY TESTING

- **COMPLETE TESTING BEGUN IN FY 1984**
- **COMPLETE SELECTED TESTS - J. FRIEMEL AND HOLTZCLAW WELLS**
- **COMPLETE PETROGRAPHIC ANALYSIS**
- **UPDATE TESTING DATA BASE**
- **ANALYSIS OF LAB DATA**

GEOTECHNICAL STUDIES

- **COMPLETE FIELD TEST REPORT**
- **GEOTECHNICAL LOGS - J. FRIEMEL, G. FRIEMEL, DETTEN**
- **VELOCITY STUDIES - ZEECK AND J. FRIEMEL, DEAF SMITH COUNTY**
- **DYNAMIC PROPERTIES STUDY**
- **GEOPHYSICAL LOG INTERPRETATION**
- **DEAF SMITH COUNTY CROSS SECTIONS**

LABORATORY TESTING - OBJECTIVES

- **SITE SELECTION**

- **CHARACTERIZATION AT ALL PERTINENT SOIL AND ROCK UNITS FROM GROUND SURFACE TO BASEMENT**
- **DEVELOPMENT OF A DATA BASE FOR ENGINEERING PROPERTIES OF PERMIAN BASIN ROCKS**
- **ASSESS VARIATIONS IN PROPERTIES OF LITHOLOGIC UNITS FROM WELL TO WELL**
- **ASSESS CHANGES IN ENGINEERING PROPERTIES WITH LITHOLOGIC CHANGES**
- **ASSESS PREDICTABILITY OF ENGINEERING PROPERTIES**
- **CHARACTERIZE DISCONTINUITIES AND BOUNDARIES**

- **SUPPORT SHAFT DESIGN STUDIES**

DEVELOP AVERAGE VALUES AND RANGES OF VALUES OF PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL PROPERTIES PERTINENT TO:

- **EXCAVATION**
- **SUPPORT AND LINING**
- **SHAFT SEALING**

LABORATORY TESTING - OBJECTIVES

(CONT.)

- **SUPPORT REPOSITORY DESIGN STUDIES**
 - **PROVIDE DATA ON ANTICIPATED RANGE OF VALUES**
 - **PROVIDE DATA ON PREDICTABILITY OF UNITS**
 - **PROVIDE DATA BASE FOR COMPARISON WITH SITE SPECIFIC DATA**
- **SUPPORT MODELING AND PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT**
 - **CONSTRUCTION OF MODELS**
 - PREDICTABILITY**
 - VARIABILITY**
 - ENGINEERING UNITS**
 - **ANALYSES**
 - AVERAGE VALUES**
 - RANGES OF PROPERTIES**
 - DATA BASE**

LABORATORY TESTING - APPROACH

- TESTING REQUIREMENTS BECAME MORE SPECIFIC AND SOPHISTICATED AS A SITE IS SELECTED AND CHARACTERIZATION PROGRESSES
- PRIOR TO SITE SELECTION
- SITE CHARACTERIZATION AND LICENSING
- FACILITY DESIGN

TESTING PRIOR TO SITE SELECTION

- INVESTIGATE VARIABILITY OF PROPERTIES
- INVESTIGATE HOMOGENEITY OF PROPERTIES
- INVESTIGATE EFFECTS OF SEPARATION, LITHOLOGY CHANGES, STRATIGRAPHIC POSITION, ETC.
- DEVELOP DATABASE FOR PALO DURO ROCKS
- IDENTIFY PROPERTIES WHICH REQUIRE DETAILED TESTING AT THE SITE

TESTING FOR SITE CHARACTERIZATION AND LICENSING

- FEWER, MORE SOPHISTICATED TESTS
- CAREFUL SELECTION AND PREPARATION OF SAMPLES
- DETERMINE PARAMETERS IMPORTANT FOR LICENSING AND DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION
- COMPLEMENT FIELD TESTS
- COMPARE WITH DATA FROM OTHER SITES
- DEVELOP DESIGN PROCEDURES

TYPES OF TESTS

- PHYSICAL PROPERTIES
- INDEX PROPERTIES
- MECHANICAL PROPERTIES
- THERMAL PROPERTIES
- HYDROLOGIC PROPERTIES
- GEOLOGIC DOCUMENTATION

LABORATORY TESTING - ROCK CORE FROM PERMIAN BASIN

TEST	RESPONSIBILITY	PURPOSE
<u>Physical/Index Properties Test</u>		
Density	SWEC	Aid in interpretation of other tests.
Porosity (effective)	SWEC	Develop data base. Correlate with stratigraphy and geophysical logs.
Water Content	SWEC, SWEC Sub	Estimate construction behavior. Assess variability.
Hardness (Taber, Schmidt)	SWEC, SWEC Sub	
Slake/Swell	SWEC	Correlate geophysical and static data.
Velocity	SWEC Sub	
<u>Mechanical Properties Tests</u>		
Unconfined Strength	SWEC Sub/RE/Spec	Intact rock strength and stress/strain behavior.
Elastic Constants	SWEC Sub/RE/Spec	Variation in properties with temp. and c
Triaxial & Elevated Temperature	RE/Spec	
Dynamic Properties	SWEC Sub	Intact rock properties under dynamic loads.
Creep Rate	RE/SPEC	Predict creep rate.
Direct Shear on Joints	SWEC	Joint shear strength.
<u>Thermal Tests</u>		
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	ONWI Sub	Thermal Properties of rocks.
Specific Heat	ONWI Sub	Maximum allowable salt temp.
Thermal Conductivity	ONWI Sub	
Descrepitation Temp.	ONWI Sub	
<u>Hydrologic Tests (Lab)</u>		
Permeability	SWEC, SWEC Subs	Intact rock permeability.
Porosity	SWEC, SWEC Subs	Assess effective porosity.
Total Porosity	SWEC Subs	Interpretation of Geophysical Logs, DSTs, pump tests.
<u>Geologic Documentation</u>		
Thin Sections	SWEC/TBEC/BFEC	Provide detailed data to assist in interpretation of other tests and as input to geologic studies.
Clay Mineralogy	SWEC Sub, BFEC	
L.O.W. on Heating	SWEC Sub	
Insoluble Residue	SWEC/TBEC	
Salt Water Content	SWEC/TBEC	

Rock Mechanics Data Summary - Permian Basin

Testing Laboratory (Contract No.)	Type of Test	Test Data Included in Laboratory Testing Reports
SWEC Geotechnical Laboratory, Boston	Water Content	Results for each sample
	Density and Effective Porosity	Results for each sample
	Rebound Hardness (Schmidt)	Hardness index (average of 10 highest readings) for each sample
	Brazilian Tensile Strength	Results for each sample
	Slake Durability Index	Results of each cycle for each sample
	Atterberg Limits	Results of each sample
	Direct Shear on Discontinuities	Plot of shear stress vs horizontal displacement, Plot of stress ratio vs horizontal displacement Calculated peak and resi- dual friction angle Photograph and cross section of shear surface
	Liquid Permeability	Results for each sample for each set of test conditions
	Unconfined Swell, Confined Swell	Plot of swelling strain vs time
	Swelling Pressure	Plot of pressure vs time
Applied Research Assoc. Inc. S. Royalton, Vermont (G-110D)	Triaxial Compression and Sonic Velocity	Plots of: Displacement vs time Deviatoric Stress vs axial strain Radial strain vs axial strain Loading History Velocity traces (at progres- sively higher stresses) Vp vs stress Vs vs stress

Rock Mechanics Data Summary - Permian Basin (cont'd)

Testing Laboratory (Contract No.)	Type of Test	Test Data Included in Laboratory Testing Reports
		E(Dynamic) vs stress G(Dynamic) vs stress P.R.(Dynamic) vs stress Photos Specimen dimensions and index properties Bulk Modulus (dynamic) at various confining pressures Fracture strength or maximum stress Summary Data (picks from plots)
Applied Research Assoc. Inc. S. Royalton, Vermont, (G-110D)	Unconfined Compression and Sonic Velocity	Plots of: Displacement vs time Stress vs strain Radial strain vs axial strain Velocity traces (typical) Vp vs stress Vs vs stress E(Dynamic) vs stress G(Dynamic) vs stress P.R.(Dynamic) vs stress Photos Specimen dimensions and index properties Fracture strength or maximum stress Summary Data (picks from plots)
Resource Engineering Inc. Waltham, Mass (G-110M)	Bulk Density, Apparent Density, Specific Gravity, Effective Porosity, Total Porosity	Results for each sample, sample description,
Applied Research Assoc. Inc. S. Royalton, Vermont (G-110J)	Unconfined Compression Rebound hardness Abrasion hardness	Plots of: Displacement vs time Deviatoric stress vs axial strain Radial strain vs axial strain Specimen Summary Page containing: Density, Moisture Content, Specimen dimensions, Fracture Strength Taber abrasion hardness (avg. of two determinations) Rock abrasiveness (avg. of

Rock Mechanics Data Summary - Permian Basin (cont'd)

Testing Laboratory (Contract No.)	Type of Test	Test Data Included in Laboratory Testing Reports
		two determinations) Total Hardness Schmidt rebound hardness (radial) (average and std. deviation of 10 highest readings) Schmidt rebound hardness (axial) (average and std. deviation of 10 highest readings)
Prof. R. C. Reynolds Dartmouth College Hanover, NH (G-111E)	Clay Mineralogy	Photos, Results for each sample, Sample description, X-Ray diffraction charts, Data reduction program
Terra Tek Inc. Salt Lake City, Utah (G-110Y)	-Salt Index- Water content insoluble residue clay mineralogy Thermal fracture	Work in progress
Applied Research Assoc. Inc. S. Royalton, Vermont (G-111M)	Gas Permeability	Work in progress

SUMMARY OF ROCK MECHANICS LABORATORY TESTS
BY WELL

(xx) indicates number of additional scheduled tests.

Test	Mansfield	Detten	G.Friemel	Zeeck	Harman	J.Friemel	Holtzclaw
Density, Porosity & W/C	22	14	9	36	(30)	61 (20)	(39)
Total Porosity	41	5	6	31	(30)	(81)	(39)
Swelling Index	2	5	1	4	(26)	10 (2)	(11)
Slake Durability	15	6	8	6	(14)	25	(12)
Permeability	9	(6)	(4)	(32)	(25)	7 (60)	(42)
Direct Shear	1	2	2	8	(16)	(4)	(8)
Brazilian	4	12	6	8	(16)	17	(37)
Rebound Hardness	7	7	6	31	6 (9)	5	(85)
Petrographic Analysis	16 (11)	1 (15)	(14)	(31)	(26)	(43)	(35)
Taber Hardness	-	-	-	10	6	9	-
Unconfined Compression	10	8	11	11	19	22	17
Triaxial Compression	14	9	11	13	35	55	7 (30)
Gas Permeability	-	-	-	5 (1)	(2)	3 (7)	(7)
Clay Mineralogy	8	6	5	7	(11)	22	(6)
Salt Index	-	-	-	(9)	(9)	(13)	(10)

SUMMARY OF ROCK MECHANICS LABORATORY TESTS
BY FORMATION

(xx) indicates number of tests to be performed in FY 85.

Test	Dockum	Dewey Lake	Alibates	Salado	Yates	Upper 7-Rivers	Lower 7-Rivers	Queen/ Grayburg
Density, Porosity & W/C	11	3 (3)	4 (6)	5 (4)	13 (6)	5 (2)	2	6
Total Porosity	4 (18)	(6)	(7)	1 (6)	4 (11)	(6)	1	3 (2)
Swelling Index	6	2		1 (4)	4 (4)	2 (3)	1	1
Slake Durability	8	1	1	2	9	3	2	5
Permeability	2 (75)	(6)	(6)	(8)	(13)	(7)	-	(5)
Direct Shear	-	(2)	(1)	2 (2)	1 (2)	-	-	-
Brazilian	1	(3)	2 (4)	1 (2)	4 (6)	3 (1)	1	3
Rebound Hardness		(10)	1 (8)	2 (6)	4 (12)	1 (2)	1	4
Petrographic Analysis	9	(3)	4 (12)	(15)	(13)	(7)	(3)	(12)
Taber Abrasion	-	-	2	2	-	1	-	6
Unconfined Compression		1	8	-	9	12	1	2
Triaxial Compression	8	3 (2)	7 (3)	4 (2)	10 (4)	3 (2)	1	6
Gas Permeability	-	-	(1)	-	(1)	(3)	-	-

Test	Dockum	Dewey Lake	Alibates	Salado	Yates	Upper 7-Rivers	Lower 7-Rivers	Queen/ Grayburg
Clay Mineralogy	10	1	1 (1)	5 (1)	8 (1)	3	2	2
Salt Index	-	-	-	(1)	-	(6)	-	-

SUMMARY OF ROCK MECHANICS LABORATORY TEST
BY FORMATION

(xx) indicates number of tests to be performed in FY 85.

Test	USA	LSA-5	LSA-4	LSA-3	LSA-2	LSA-1	Glorieta	Wichita	Wolfcamp	Pennsylvanian
Density, Porosity & W/C	19 (3)	8 (2)	19 (1)	3	-	1	3	4	22 (25)	2 (13)
Total Porosity	8 (10)	2 (15)	8 (14)	2	-	-	-	3	31 (25)	2 (13)
Swelling Index	6	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Slake Durability	9	2	6	1	-	1	2	-	-	-
Permeability	(15)	(16)	(19)	(3)	-	-	-	-	7 (25)	4 (13)
Direct Shear	5 (1)	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	(3)	-
Brazilian	16 (8)	7 (11)	8 (13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rebound Hardness	7 (8)	2 (22)	6 (22)	2	-	-	2	3	6 (25)	(13)
Petrographic Analysis	(28)	(21)	(25)	-	-	-	-	-	(25)	(10)
Taber Abrasion	8	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	1
Unconfined Compression	26	16	11	-	-	-	-	-	6	2
Triaxial Compression	37 (2)	16 (13)	22 (7)	-	-	-	-	-	11	5
Gas Permeability	(4)	(4)	(5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clay Mineralogy	3 (1)	1 (1)	4 (1)	1	-	-	1	-	2	2

Test	USA	LSA-5	LSA-4	LSA-3	LSA-2	LSA-1	Glorieta	Wichita	Wolfcamp	Pennsylvanian
Salt Index	(12)	(13)	(12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

GEOPHYSICAL LOG INTERPRETATION

- **BOTH MANUAL AND COMPUTER AIDED ANALYSIS**
- **DEFINE ZONES OF SIMILAR LITHOLOGY**
- **CALCULATE ENGINEERING PROPERTIES OF INTEREST**
- **DEFINE ZONES OF SIMILAR ENGINEERING PROPERTIES**
- **ESTIMATE VALUES AND RANGES OF PERTINENT PROPERTIES**
- **PROGRAM WELLS ONLY**

VELOCITY ANALYSIS PURPOSE

- **DERIVE DYNAMIC ELASTIC CONSTANTS FROM GEOPHYSICAL LOGS**
- **USE DYNAMIC PROPERTIES AS AN INDEX FOR STATIC PROPERTIES**
- **COMPARE SIMILAR LITHOLOGIES WITHIN A WELL**
- **COMPARE TRACEABLE LITHOLOGIC UNITS FROM WELL TO WELL**
- **ASSESS PREDICTABILITY OF PROPERTIES**
- **SUPPORT DESIGN AND MODELING**
- **EVALUATE VARIOUS SONIC TOOLS**

VELOCITY ANALYSIS - APPROACH

- **PRELIMINARY STUDIES - MANUAL INTERPRETATION**
- **PHASE II STUDIES - COMPUTER AIDED**
- **USE LAB DATA TO ESTIMATE VP / VS FOR EACH LITHOLOGY**
- **CALCULATE ENGINEERING PROPERTIES FROM SONIC TOOLS**
- **STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF RESULTS**
- **CIRCUMVENT PROBLEMS WITH PICKING SHEAR WAVE ARRIVALS**

FIELD GEOTECHNICAL TESTING HOLTZCLAW NO. 1 WELL

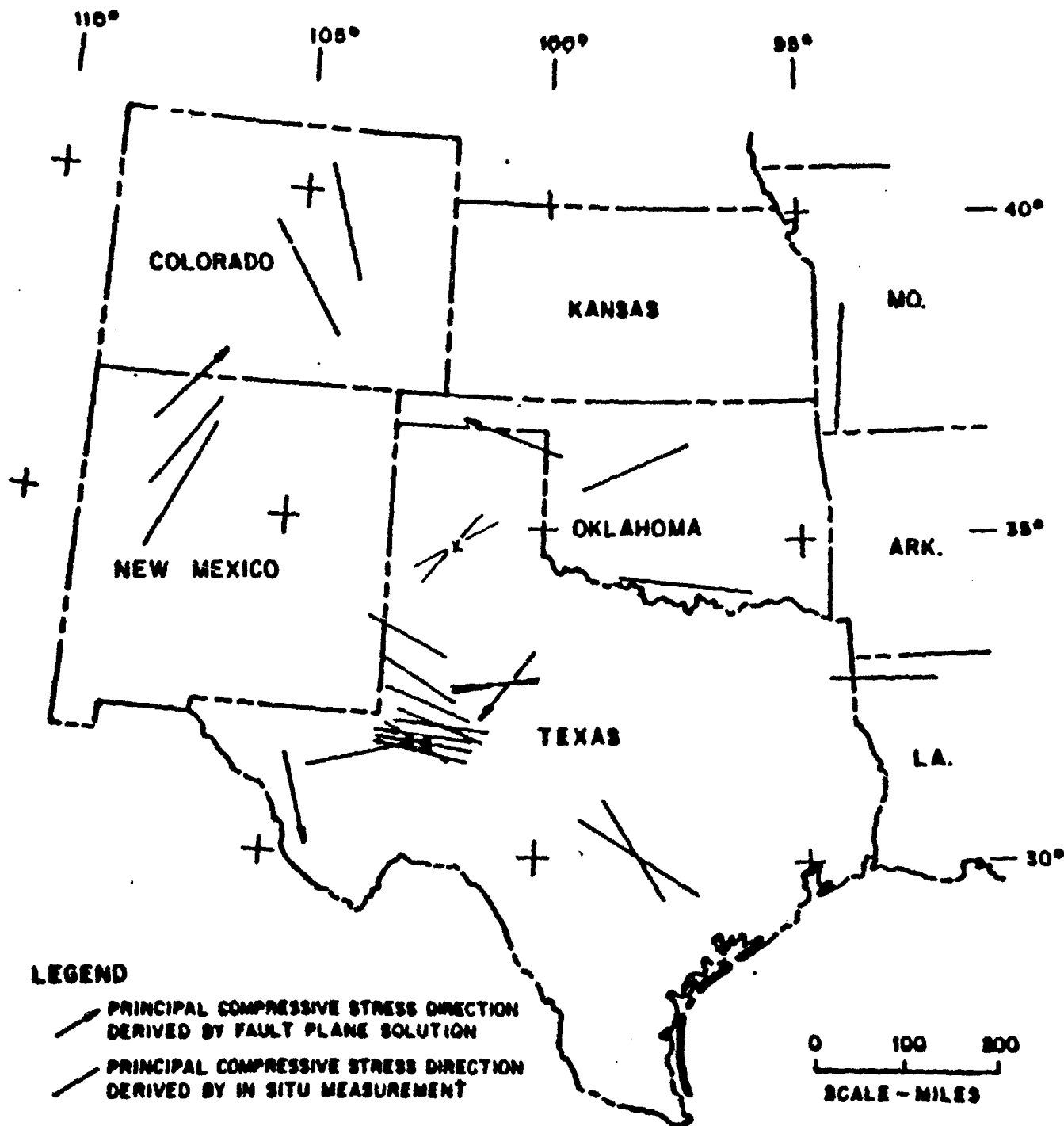
PROPOSED TEST	PURPOSE	RESULTS
CALIPER & TEMP. LOGS PRIOR TO CLEANING WELL	1.) EVALUATE SALT CREEP 2.) DETERMINE AMBIENT DOWNHOLE TEMPERATURES	UNSUCCESSFUL HOLE CONDITIONS PRECLUDE RUNNING LOGS
GEOPHYSICAL LOGS (GAMMA RAY CALIPHER BHC)	CONFIRM TEST ZONES	SUCCESSFUL ESSENTIALLY THE SAME AS PREVIOUS LOGS
REPEAT FORMATION TESTER IN ZONES TO BE FRACTURED	1.) CONFIRM ZONES ARE TIGHT 2.) ESTIMATE PORE PRESSURES	VERY LITTLE PRESSURE BUILDUP
BOREHOLE TELEVIEWER PRIOR TO HYDRAULIC FRACTURE	1.) CONFIRM TEST ZONES 2.) IDENTIFY INTERBEDS	SUCCESSFUL RESOLUTION OF INTERBEDS GREATER THAN 6 IN.
HYDRAULIC FRACTURE 2790 - 2798.5 2581 - 2588.5 2430 - 2438.5 2330 - 2338.5 1885 - 1858.5	DETERMINE MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM HORIZONTAL STRESS	SUCCESSFUL - 4 CYCLES SUCCESSFUL - 4 CYCLES SUCCESSFUL - 5 CYCLES EXTENDED PAST PACKER SUCCESSFUL - 5 CYCLES
BOREHOLE TELEVIEWER AFTER HYDRAULIC FRACTURE	DETERMINE FRACTURE ORIENTATION	UNSUCCESSFUL NO FRACTURE SEEN
IMPRESSION PACKERS 2790 - 2798.5 2581 - 2588.5 2430 - 2438.5 2330 - 2338.5 1850 - 1858.5	DETERMINE ORIENTATION OF FRACTURES (FRACTURE PARALLEL TO MAX. HORIZONTAL STRESSES)	SUCCESSFUL - N 45 E SUCCESSFUL - N 60 E SUCCESSFUL - N 60 E SUCCESSFUL - N 40 E & N 80 W SUCCESSFUL - N 30 E & N 40 W

Table 9-1. Summary of Calculated Stresses

Formation (Rock Type)	Depth (ft)	Vertical Stress (psi)	Horizontal Stress		σ_v /Depth (psi/ft)	σ_{HMin} /Depth (psi/ft)	σ_{HMax} /Depth (psi/ft)	$\sigma_{HMax}/\sigma_{HMin}$
			Min (psi)	Max (psi)				
Queen/Grayburg (Siltstone)	1,850-1,858.5	1,835 ^(a)	1,110	1,260	0.99	0.60	0.68	1.14
Upper San Andres (Anhydrite)	2,330-2,338.5	2,335 ^(a)	(d)	(d)	1.00	-	-	-
Lower San Andres (Unit 5 Salt)	2,430-2,438.5	2,445 ^(a)	2,915	(d)	1.00	-	-	-
		2,780 ^(b)			1.14	1.20	-	-
Lower San Andres (Unit 4 Salt)	2,581-2,589.5	2,600 ^(a)	3,500 ^(e)	(d)	1.01	-	-	-
		2,950 ^{(b)(c)}			1.14	1.36	-	-
Lower San Andres (Unit 4 Limestone)	2,790-2,798.5	2,810 ^(a)	1,940	2,650	1.01	0.69	0.95	1.37

39

- (a) Weight of overburden by integrating Lithodensity Log. (Calculation 13697-G(B)-29.)
- (b) Calculated from hydraulic fracture data.
- (c) This may be the minimum horizontal stress. Refer to text.
- (d) Not determinable from the data obtained. Refer to text.
- (e) Refer to Note (c).



**PRINCIPAL
COMPRESSIVE
STRESS
DIRECTIONS
DETERMINED BY
IN-SITU MEASUREMENTS
AND FAULT PLANE FAULT
PLANE SOLUTIONS**

SOURCES:
 Zoback and Zoback, 1980
 Voss and Herrmann, 1980
 Herrmann, 1979
 Hecker and Johnson, 1989
 Raleigh, 1974
 Helmsen, 1977

X Data from Holtzclaw No. 1

GEOTECHNICAL LOGS

- **GRAPHICAL FORMAT**
- **PREPARED FOR SELECTED PROGRAM WELLS**
- **SUMMARIZES DATA AVAILABLE**
- **INTEGRATES LAB AND FIELD DATA**
- **DOCUMENTS ANALYSIS OF GEOPHYSICAL LOGS**
- **DOCUMENTS OUR CURRENT UNDERSTANDING OF GEOTECHNICAL PROPERTIES**
- **WORKING DOCUMENTS - USED AS A STARTING POINT FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES**

GEOTECHNICAL PROFILES

- **PREPARED AS CROSS SECTIONS**
- **GENERALIZED LITHOLOGIC GROUPINGS & CORRELATIONS**
- **SELECTED GEOPHYSICAL LOGS**
- **SELECTED DRILLING DATA**
- **SELECTED FIELD TEST DATA**
- **SELECTED LAB DATA**
- **UPDATED AS DATA BECOMES AVAILABLE AND AS WELLS ARE DRILLED**

LAB TESTING DATA SUMMARY

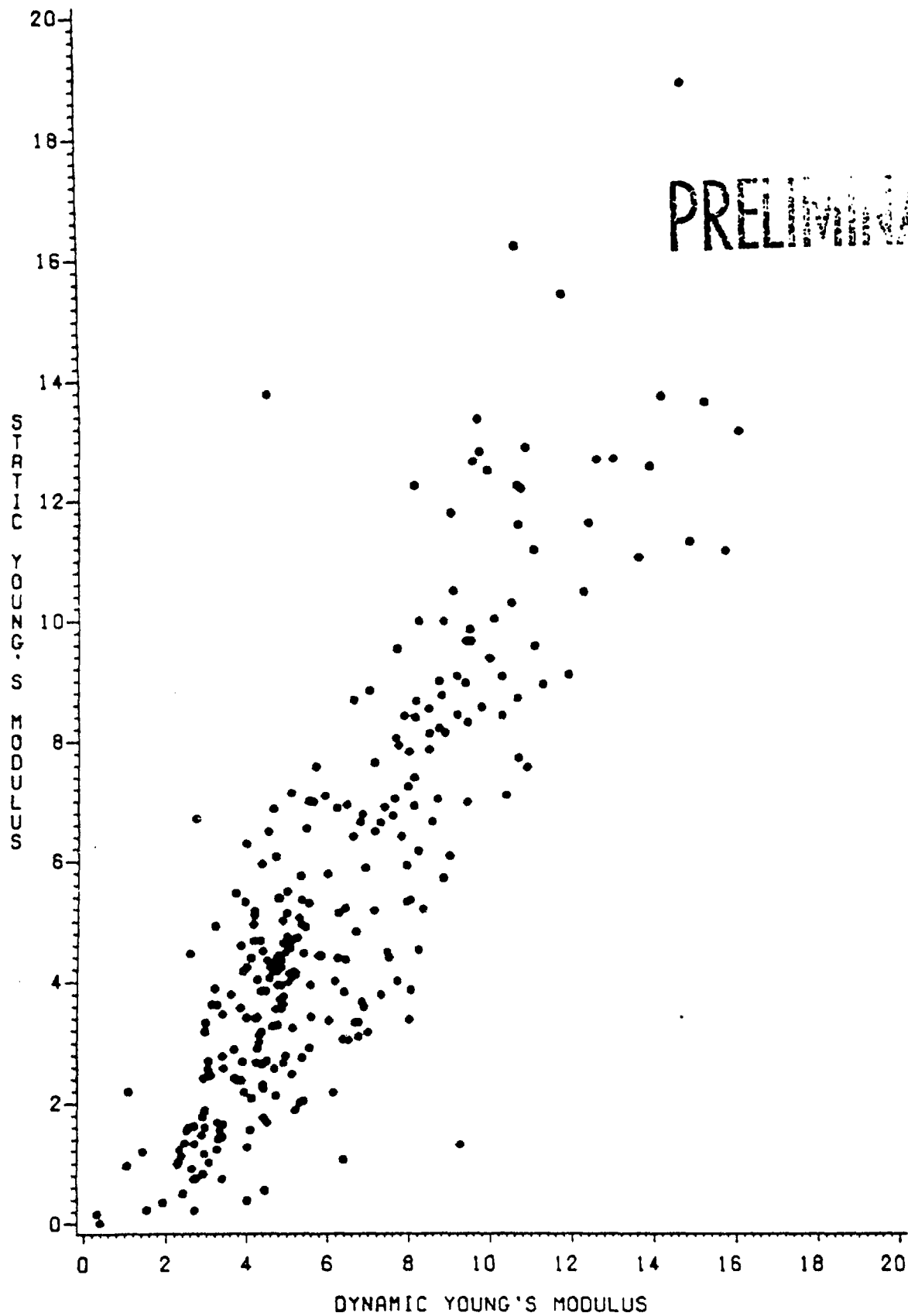
FORMATION (LITHOLOGY)	GRAIN DENSITY	POROSITY	STRENGTH	YOUNG'S MODULUS	P-WAVE VELOCITY
DOCKUM (CLASTICS)	2.66 (2.64-2.68)	24 (15-38)	100-5600	1.14 (.004-2.86)	8206 (3700-15220)
DEWEY LAKE (CLASTICS)	2.7 (2.69-2.70)	19 (18-21)	1200-8300	0.98 (.22-1.75)	10920 (9100-14840)
ALIBATES (CLASTICS)	2.69	18 (17-20)	2930-5600	1.51 (.73-3.63)	11617 (10440-12760)
SALADO (CLASTICS)	2.62 (2.51-2.73)	14 (2-27)	4150-6985	1.55 (1.04-2.54)	15472 (1100-2370)
YATES (CLASTICS)	2.66 (2.64-2.69)	22 (3-29)	950-9000	1.63 (.81-2.73)	12845 (10330-15000)
USR (CLASTICS)	2.72	19 (3-25)	1050-3825	1.79 (.81-2.75)	13007 (9640-15820)
LSR (CLASTICS)	2.68	23 (21-25)	2400-3800	1.07 (.97-1.18)	10045 (9450-10640)
QUEEN-GRAY (CLASTICS)	2.5 (2.41-2.58)	6 (1-22)	1300-10200	3.74 (.49-6.71)	14555 (9280-17170)

LAB TESTING DATA SUMMARY

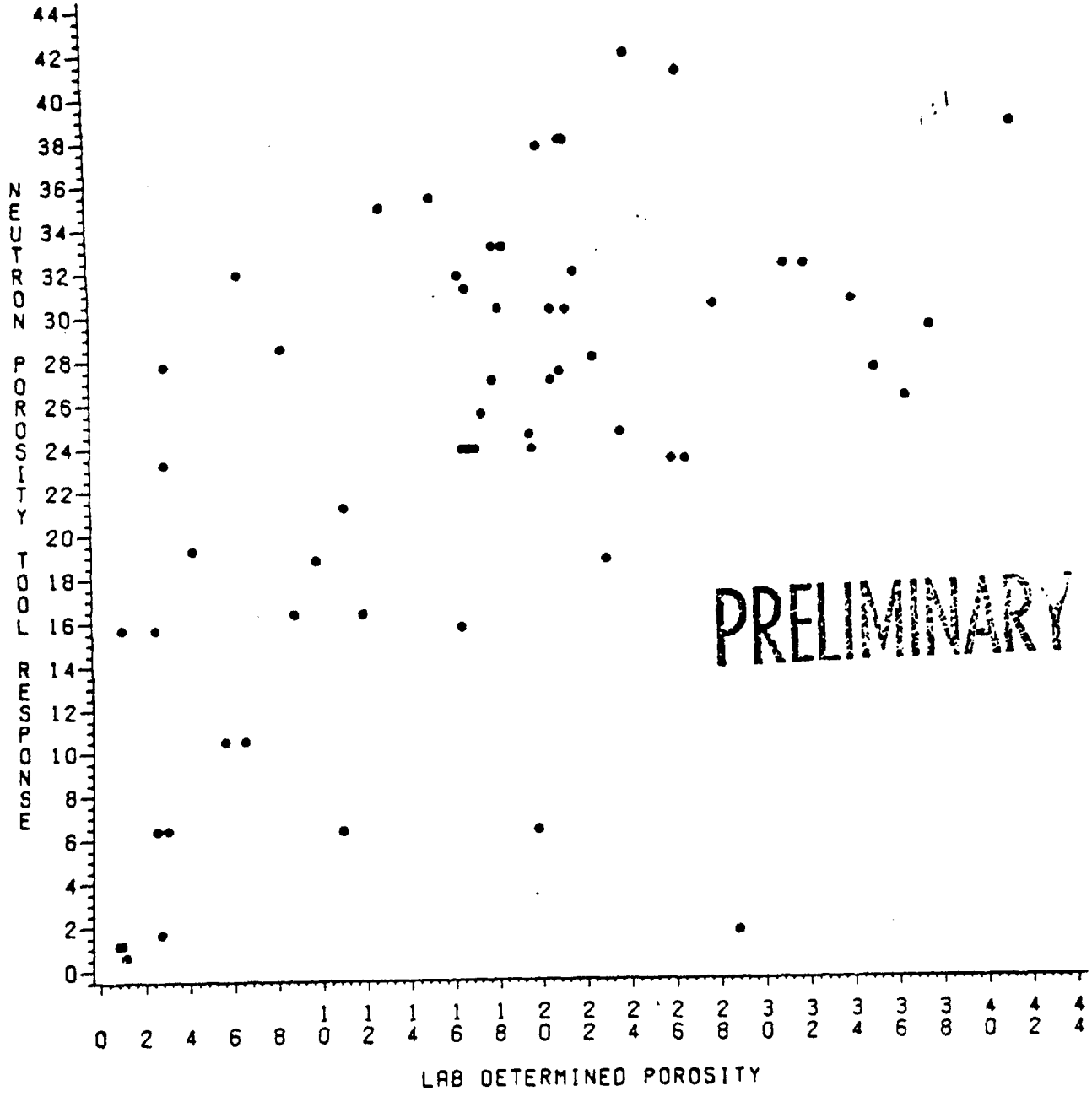
FORMATION (LITHOLOGY)	GRAIN DENSITY	POROSITY	STRENGTH	YOUNG'S MODULUS	P-WAVE VELOCITY

USA					
(SALTS)	*2.2	-	1855-9526*	3.71 (.38-5.38)	14568 (10075-16700)
(CLASTICS)	2.54 (2.34-2.69)	14 (1-28)	15932**	6.7**	19100**
(ANHYDRITES)	2.83 (2.68-2.94)	1.2 (0-5.7)	4740-28000	8.94 (3.62-18.94)	19100 (11500-24540)
(CARBONATES)	2.7 (2.55-2.82)	11.5 (5.6-20.1)	5980-25070	4.8 (2.67-8.75)	17201 (13200-22700)
LSA-5					
(SALTS)	*2.17 (2.16-2.21)	-	2542-9062*	4.47 (3.47-6.49)	14902 (13560-16680)
(ANHYDRITES)	*2.84 (2.52-2.96)	0.7	5170-25210	10.28 (6.76-16.23)	19965 (15320-24800)
(CARBONATES)	2.7 (2.59-2.76)	19.3	6873-25300	4.2 (2.56-7.73)	15084 (11600-20200)
LSA-4					
(SALTS)	*2.17 (2.14-2.21)	-	2575-9236*	4.07 (2.56-7.73)	14868 (14300-15440)
(ANHYDRITES)	*2.80 (2.46-2.94)	2.75 (2.5-3.0)	5000-23620	10.66 (7.04-12.25)	18837 (16680-21400)
(CARBONATES)	2.64 (2.53-2.73)	5.6 (.5-19.2)	2965-25091	6.53 (3.33-10.0)	17585 (11380-19980)

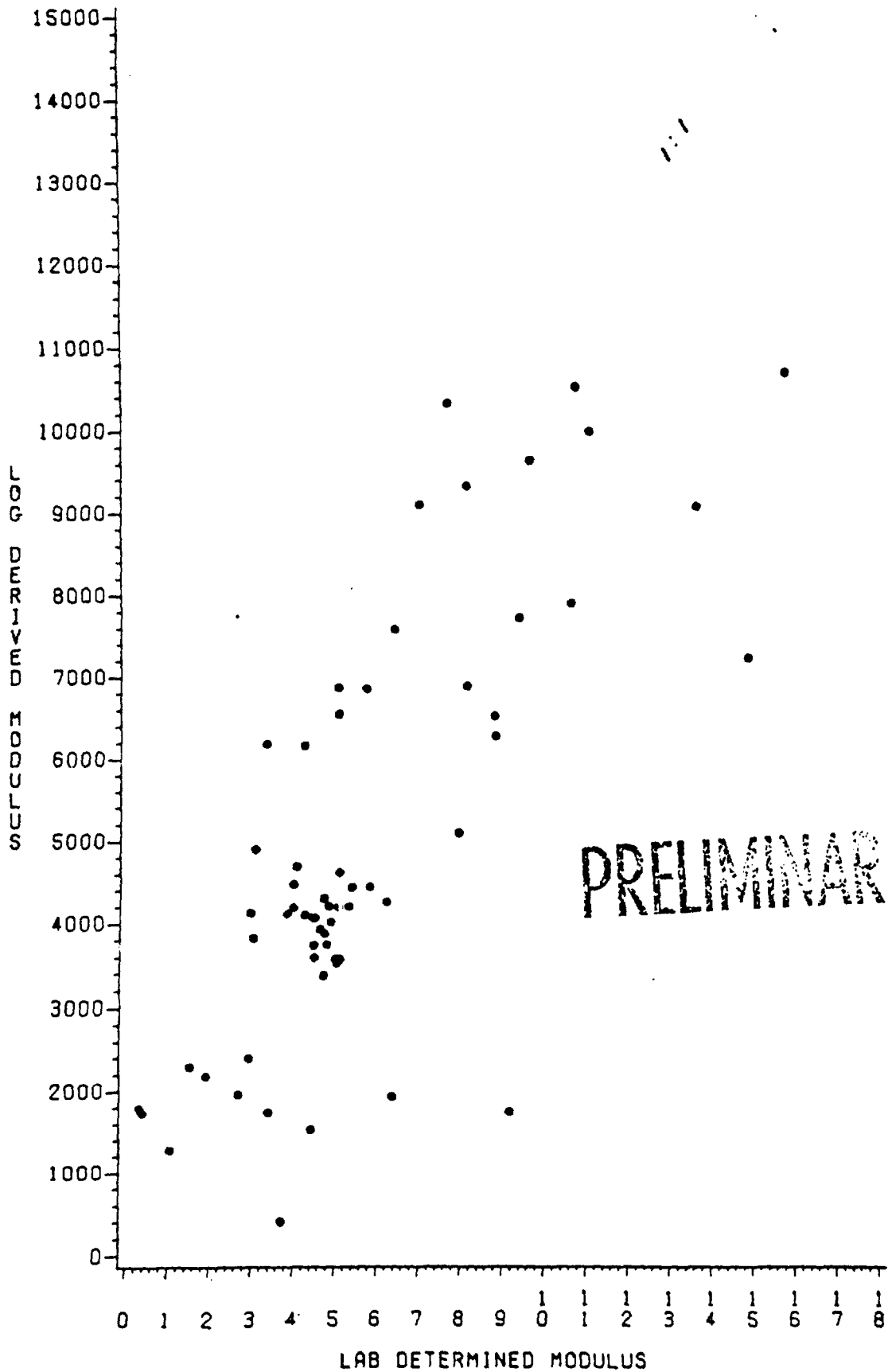
STATIC VS DYNAMIC MODULI CORRELATION

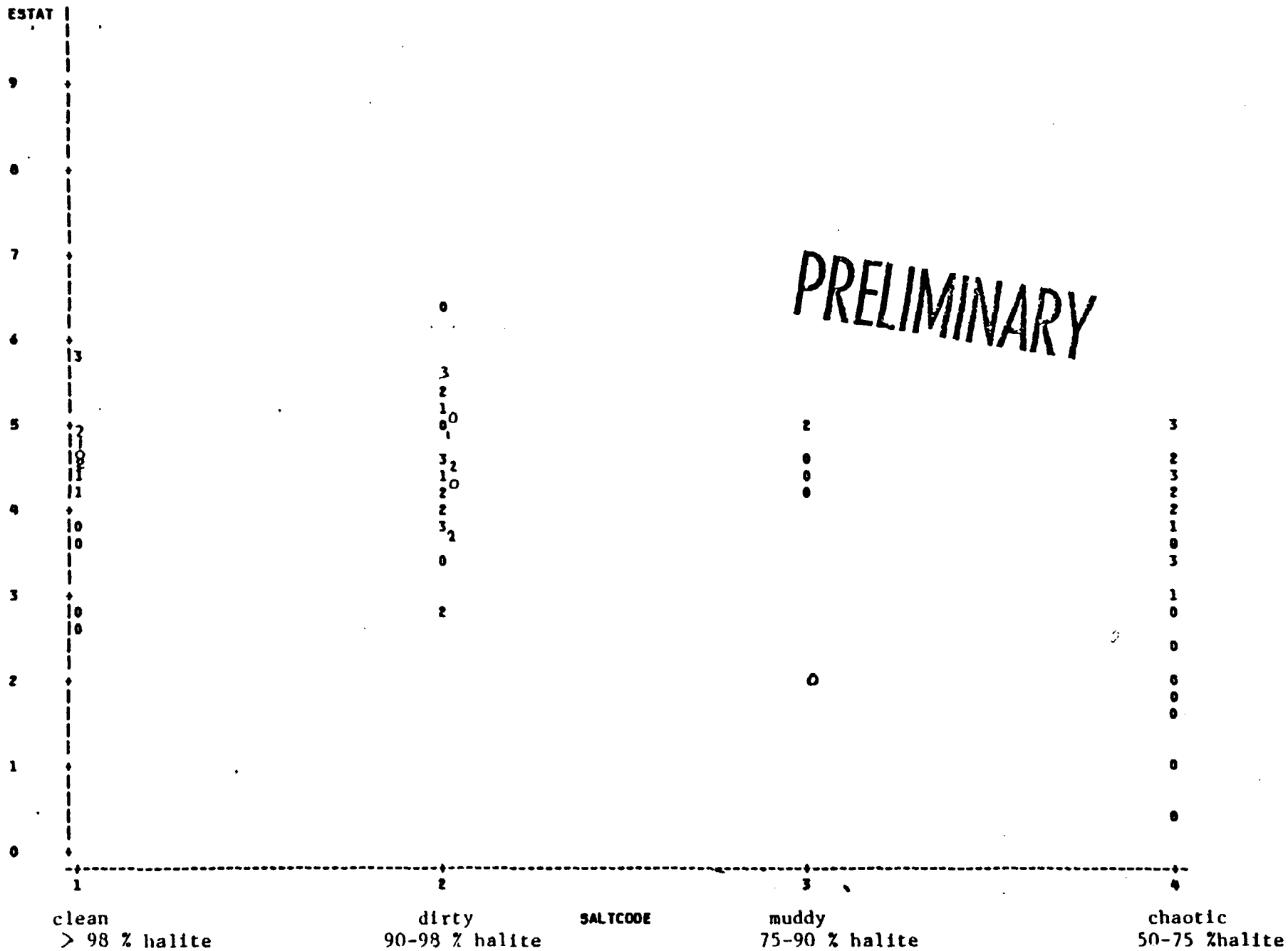


LAB VS LOG CORRELATIONS



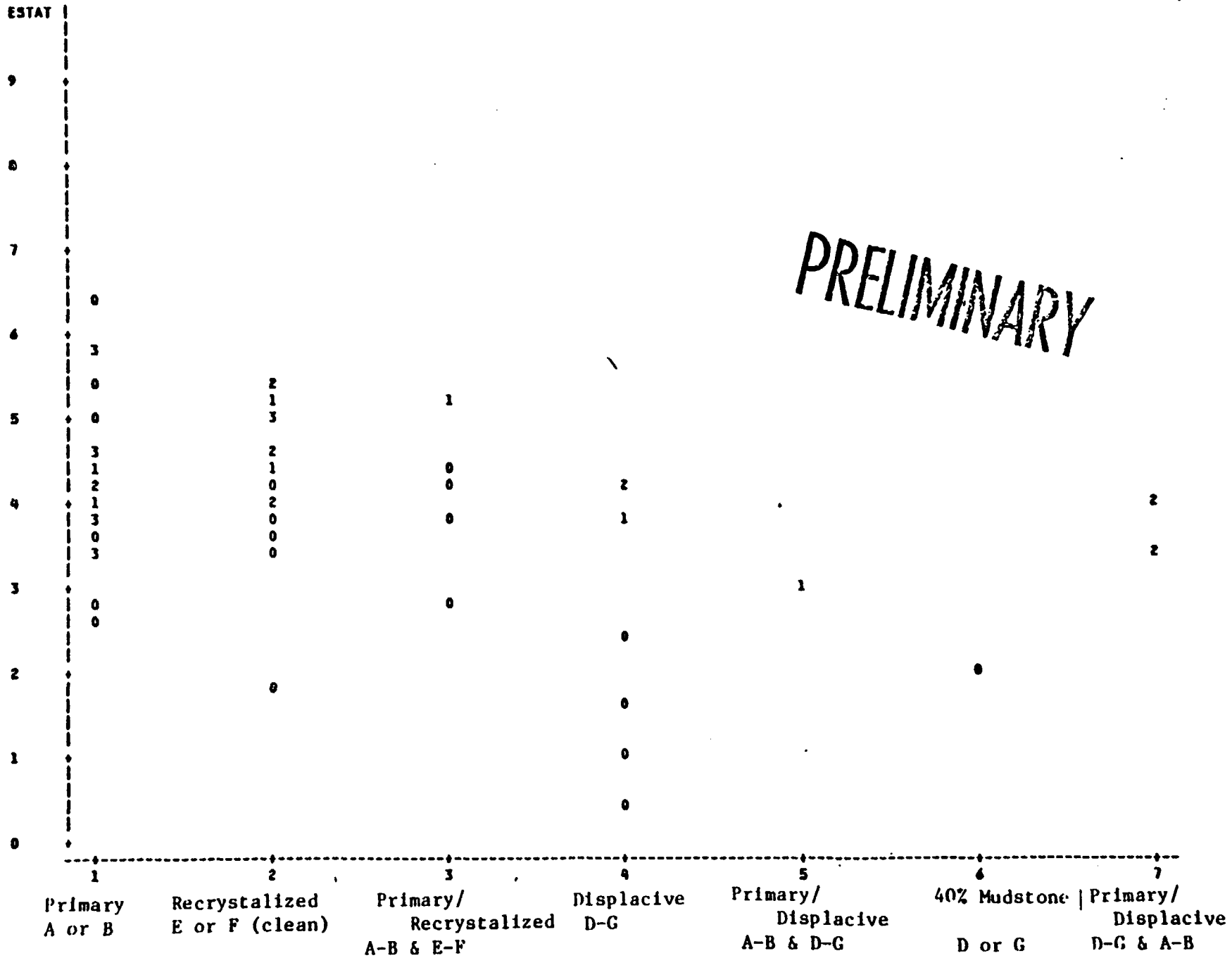
LAB VS LOG CORRELATIONS





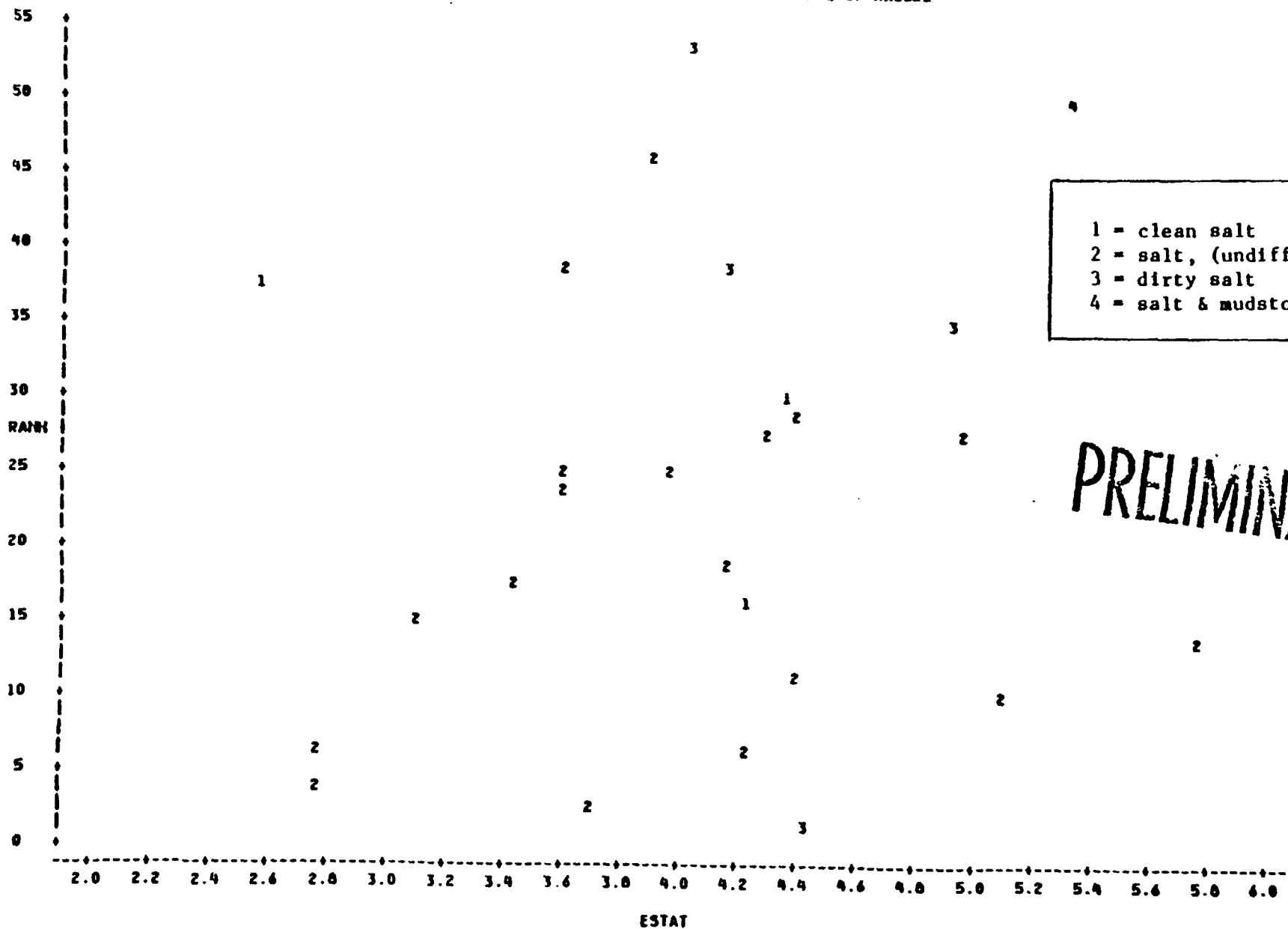
ALL SALTS, (CLEAN, DIRTY & CHAOTIC) TESTED BY ARA

PLOT OF ESTAT vs TYPE SYMBOL IS VALUE OF SIGMA3



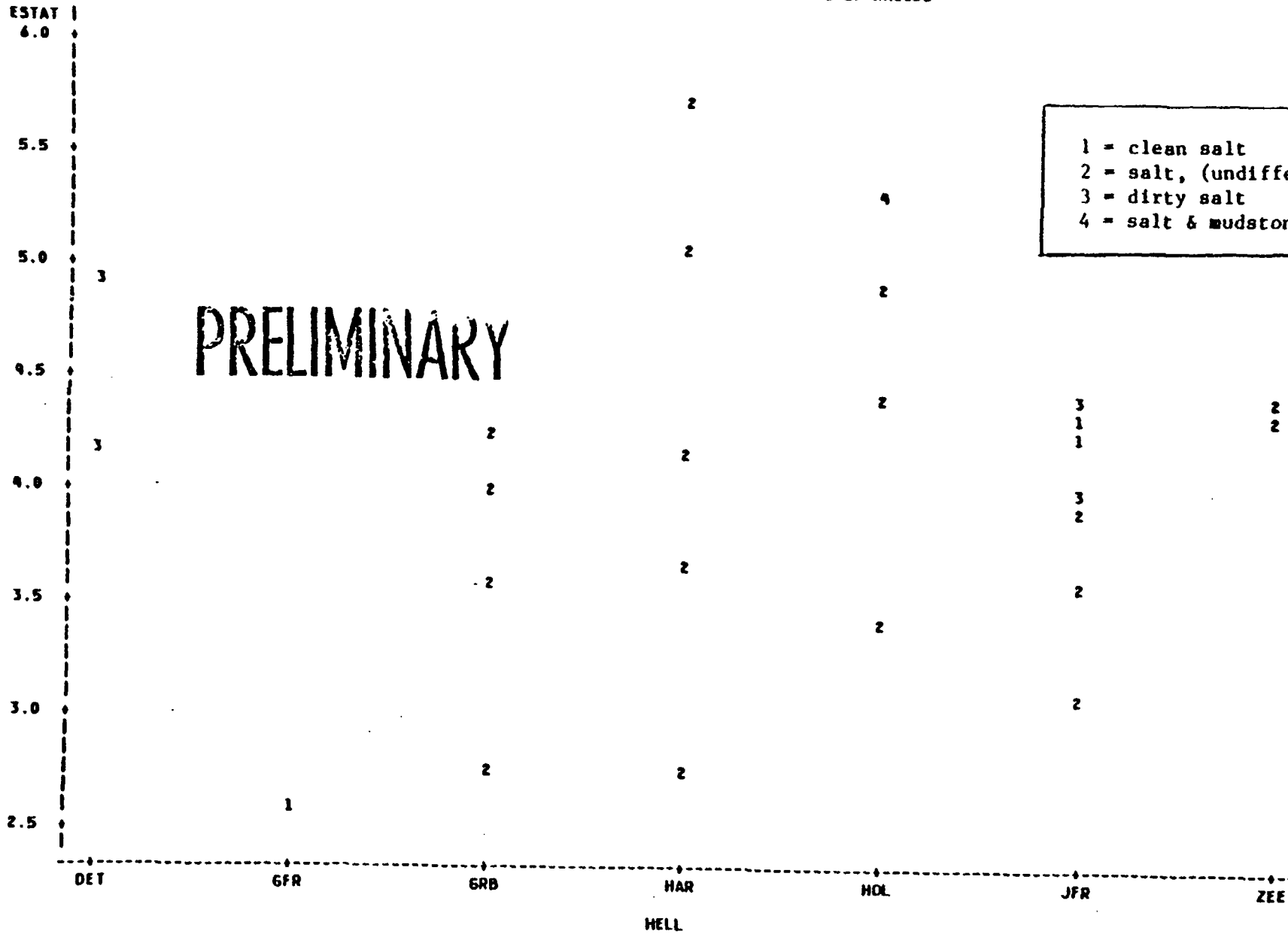
LOWER SAN ANDRES CYCLE 4 - SALTS
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES LABORATORY TESTS
(AMBIENT TEMPERATURE ONLY)
FROM THE PALO DURO BASIN

PLOT OF RAIN vs ESTAT SYMBOL IS VALUE OF RXCODE



LOWER SAN ANDRES CYCLE 4 - SALTS
 MECHANICAL PROPERTIES LABORATORY TESTS
 (AMBIENT TEMPERATURE ONLY)
 FROM THE PALO DURO BASIN

PLOT OF ESTAT vs HELL SYMBOL IS VALUE OF RXCODE



1 = clean salt
 2 = salt, (undifferentiated)
 3 = dirty salt
 4 = salt & mudstone

SAMPLE SELECTION

IMPORTANT HORIZONS

- Repository Salt
- Adjacent Units
- Thick Units
- Stiff Units
- Aquifers

SAMPLING

- Somewhat Random
- Representative
- Testable

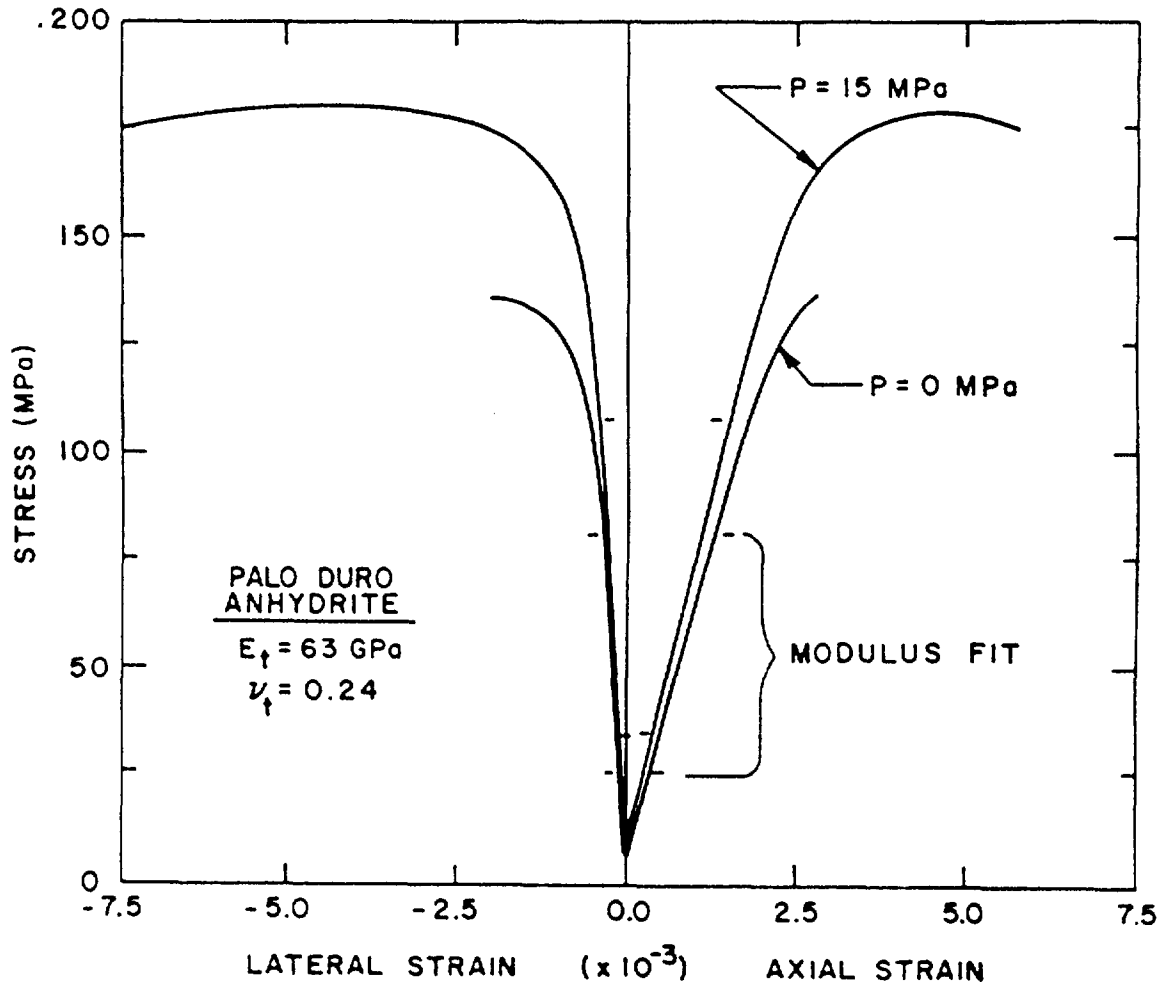
TESTING

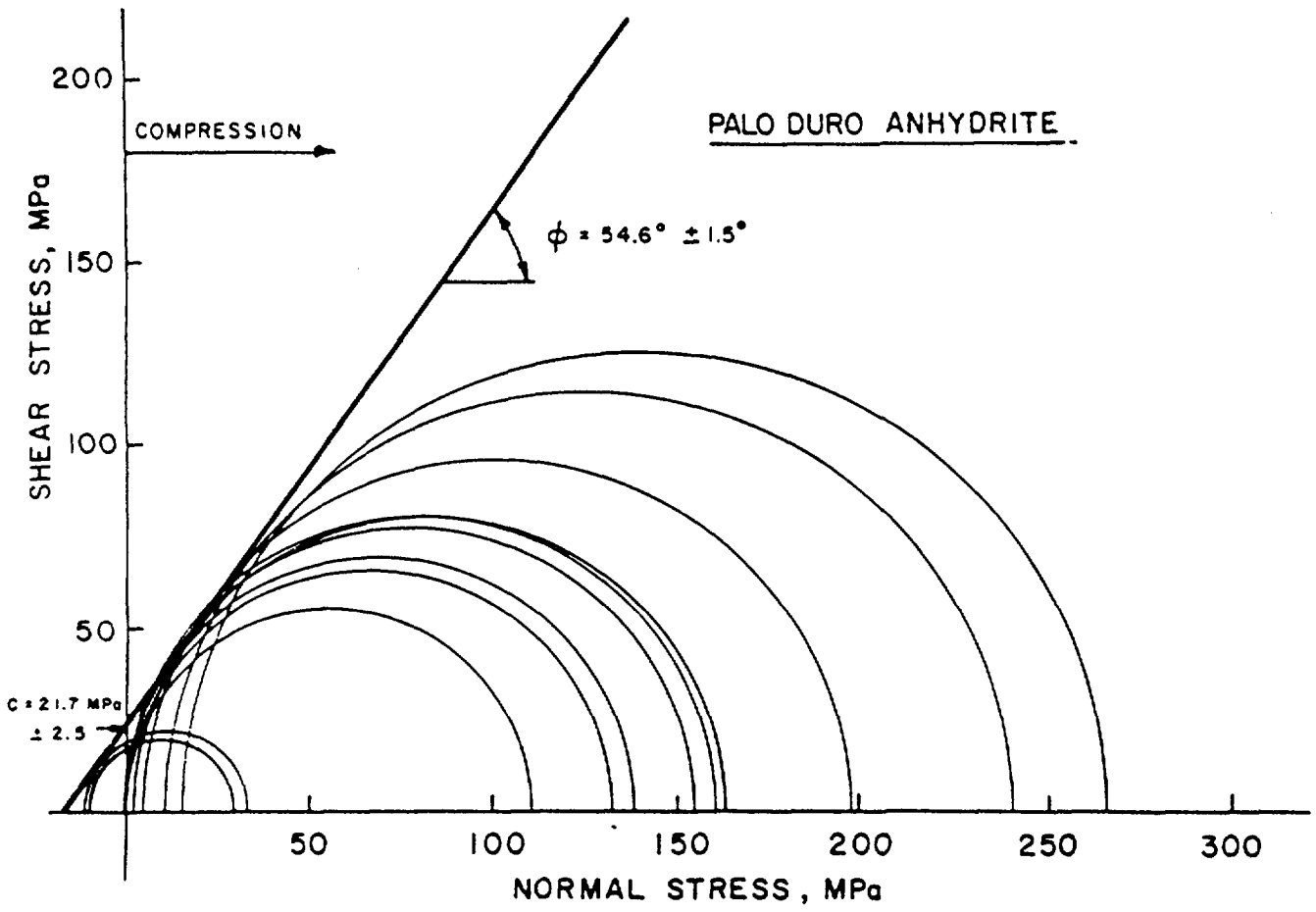
BRAZILIAN: Tensile Strength

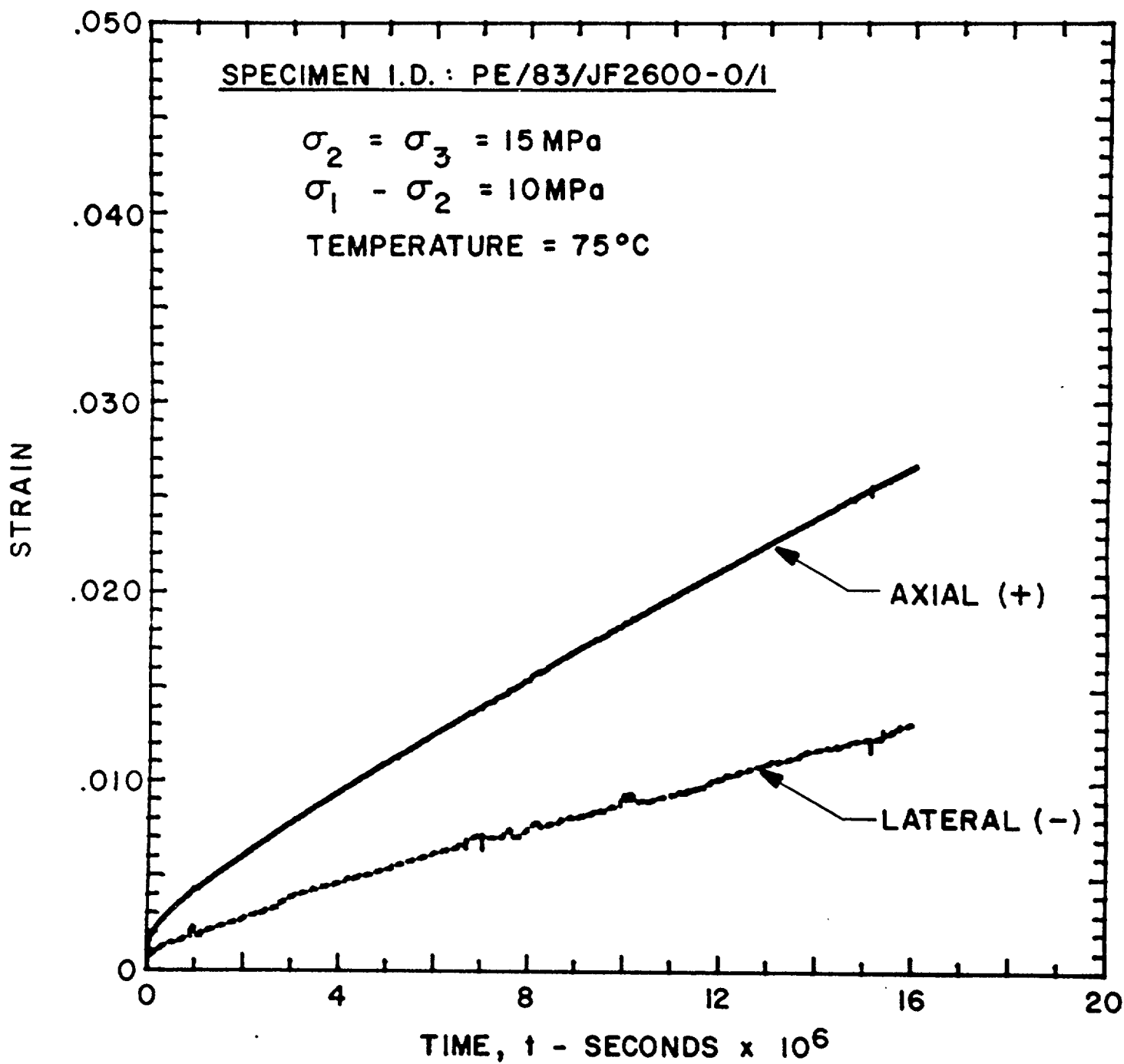
**UNCONFINED
COMPRESSION: Compressive Strength; Elastic Constants**

**TRIAXIAL
COMPRESSION: Envelope of Compressive Strengths
Elastic Constants**

CREEP: Time-Dependent Deformation







GRABBE #1

Rock Type	Recovery Depth m (Feet)			Test Type
Mudstone	335.1 (1099.4)	—	337.4 (1107.0)	B, U
Chaotic Mudstone/Salt	390.3 (1280.6)	—	397.8 (1306.2)	B, U
Siltstone	503.2 (1650.9)	—	505.8 (1659.3)	B, U
Anhydrite	652.4 (2140.3)	—	654.9 (2148.5)	B, U
Unit 4 Salt	770.1 (2526.5)	—	801.7 (2630.2)	B, T, C
Dolomite	829.2 (2720.4)	—	831.7 (2728.6)	B, U
Mudstone	975.2 (3199.5)	—	980.3 (3216.1)	B, U
Chaotic Mudstone/Salt	1034.8 (3395.0)	—	1037.4 (3403.5)	B, U

MANSFIELD #1

Rock Type	Recovery Depth m (Feet)	Test Type
Unit 5 Salt	446.1 — 451.6 (1463.7 — 1481.6)	B, T, C

REXWHITE #1

Rock Type	Recovery Depth m (Feet)	Test Type
Unit 4 Salt	572.0 — 572.8 (1876.7 — 1879.3)	B, T

DETTON #1

Rock Type	Recovery Depth m (Feet)			Test Type
Anhydrite	348.0 (1141.7)	—	350.1 (1148.5)	B, T
Siltstone	369.9 (1213.55)	—	372.4 (1221.7)	B, T
Sandstone	393.9 (1292.3)	—	396.5 (1300.7)	B, T
Siltstone	401.62 (1317.65)	—	402.9 (1322.0)	B, T
Salt	578.3 (1897.2)	—	581.5 (1907.8)	B, T
Anhydrite	637.9 (2092.8)	—	639.4 (2097.9)	B, T
Salt	670.5 (2199.9)	—	672.7 (2207.0)	B, T
Shale	678.47 (2225.95)	—	680.73 (2233.35)	B, T
Salt	683.9 (2243.7)	—	686.4 (2252.0)	B, T
Dolomite	694.9 (2280.0)	—	696.5 (2285.15)	B, T
Anhydrite	700.9 (2299.4)	—	715.7 (2348.0)	B, T
Unit 5 Salt	735.6 (2413.4)	—	751.9 (2466.7)	B, T
Dolomite	762.9 (2503.0)	—	765.0 (2510.0)	B, T

ZEECK #1

Rock Type	Recovery Depth m (Feet)			Test Type
Argillaceous Dolomite	814.1 (2670.8)	— —	816.7 (2679.6)	B, T
Anhydrite	825.9 (2709.5)	— —	828.3 (2717.5)	B, T
Unit 4 Salt	845.2 (2773.0)	— —	886.6 (2908.8)	B, T
Dolomite	887.9 (2913.0)	— —	894.4 (2934.3)	B, T
Limestone	899.4 (2950.7)	— —	909.9 (2985.0)	B, T
Argillaceous Dolomite	926.9 (3041.0)	— —	940.6 (3086.0)	B, T
Argillaceous Dolomite	1618.5 (5310.0)	— —	1628.9 (5344.0)	B, T
Fossiliferous Limestone	1649.9 (5413.0)	— —	1656.3 (5434.0)	B, T

G. FRIEMEL #1

Rock Type	Recovery Depth m (Feet)	Test Type
Unit 5 Salt	683.13 — 690.1 (2241.25 — 2264.1)	C
Unit 5 Salt	784.03 — 786.3 (2300.55 — 2307.2)	C

J. FRIEMEL #1

Rock Type	Recovery Depth m (Feet)	Test Type
Unit 4 Salt	789.8 — 825.9 (2591.2 — 2709.6)	C

WOODS-HOLTZCLAW #1

Rock Type	Recovery Depth m (Feet)	Test Type
Unit 5 Salt	746.7 — 751.3 (2449.8 — 2464.6)	C
Unit 4 Salt	783.4 — 809.3 (2570.0 — 2655.0)	C

REPORTS

- ONWI-450** **Preliminary Constitutive Properties for Salt and Nonsalt Rocks From Four Potential Repository Sites**
- BMI/ONWI-549** **Constitutive Parameters for Salt and Nonsalt Rocks From the Detten, G. Friemel, and Zeeck Wells in the Palo Duro Basin, Texas**
- RSI-0252** **Exponential-Time Constitutive Law for Palo Duro Unit 4 Salt From the J. Friemel #1 Well**
- RSI-0259** **Influence of Impurities on the Creep of Salt From the Palo Duro Basin**

Table 2-1. Nominal Impurity Content of Specimens

Specimen ID	Depth (feet)	Nominal Impurity Content
PE/84/WH 2450-0/1	2,449.8 - 2,450.7(a)	Pure Salt
PE/84/WH 2453-0/1	2,452.7 - 2,453.5(a)	Pure Salt
PE/84/WH 2509-0/1	2,508.9 - 2,509.7(a)	Pure Salt
PE/84/WH 2383-0/1	2,382.8 - 2,383.6(a)	10% Anhydrite
PE/84/WH 2448-0/1	2,447.2 - 2,448.0(a)	10% Anhydrite
PE/84/WH 2468-0/1	2,467.5 - 2,468.3(a)	10% Anhydrite
PE/84/WH 2376-0/1	2,375.5 - 2,376.3(a)	10% Mud
PE/84/WH 2443-0/1	2,442.9 - 2,443.8(a)	10% Mud
PE/84/WH 2464-0/1	2,463.8 - 2,464.6(a)	10% Mud
PE/84/WH 2570-0/1	2,570.0 - 2,570.9(b)	20% Mud
PE/84/WH 2578-0/1	2,577.2 - 2,578.1(b)	20% Mud
PE/84/WH 2655-0/1	2,654.2 - 2,655.0(b)	20% Mud

(a) Unit 5 Salt

(b) Unit 4 Salt

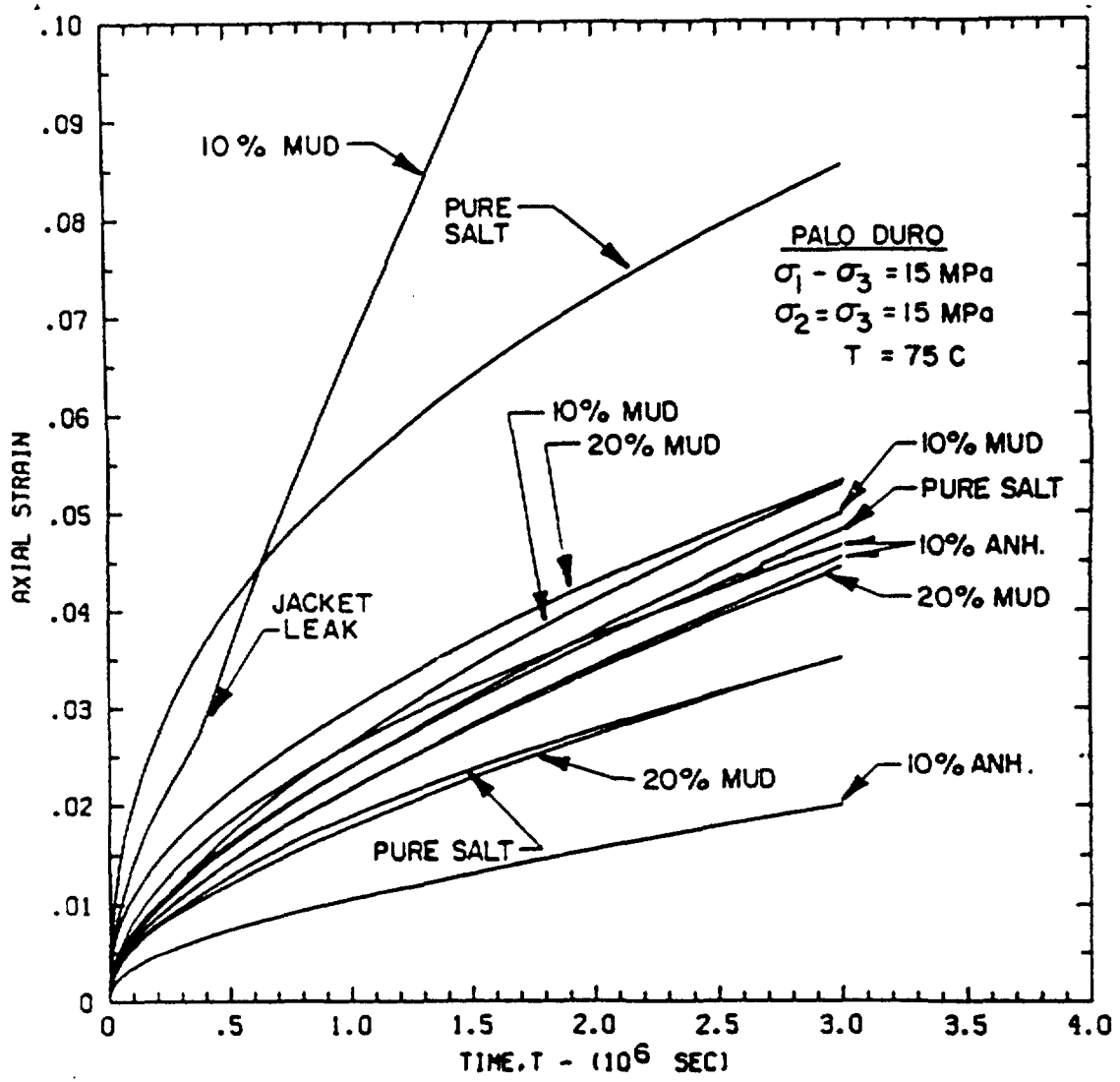


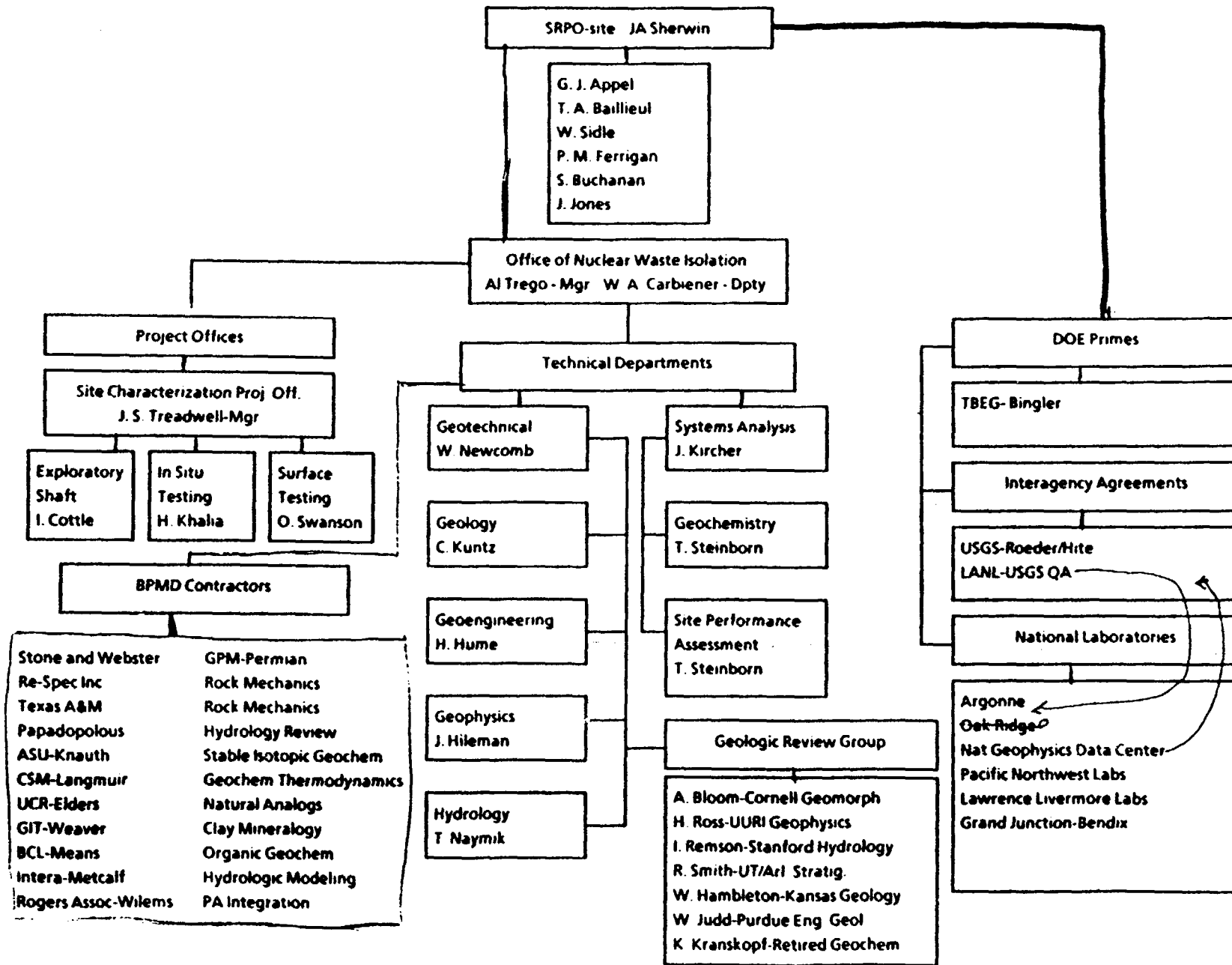
Table 4-2. Comparison of Current and Previous^(a) Quasi-Static Parameter Values for Palo Duro Unit 5 Salt

Parameter	Current Value	Previous Value
Indirect Tensile ^(b) Strength, T_0 (MPa)	-1.6 ± 0.4	-1.6 ± 0.4
Young's Modulus, E (GPa) ^(b)	28.8 ± 2.1	29.1 ± 4.0
Poisson's Ratio, ν ^(b)	$0.26 \pm .01$	0.33 ± 0.01
Linear Failure Envelope ^(b)		
C (MPa)	5.7 ± 2.4	4.7 ± 2.0
ϕ (degrees)	40.1 ± 4.8	39.4 ± 4.0
Nonlinear Failure Envelope ^(b)		
K (MPa)	1.1 ± 1.8	1.1 ± 0.8
α (MPa)	46.0 ± 5.0	43.5 ± 2.6
β (MPa ⁻¹)	$0.015 \pm .004$	$0.015 \pm .002$

(a) Unit 5 from the Mansfield #1 borehole in Oldham County, Texas.

(b) 20 C data for current values; 24 C data for previous values.

DOE-SAIT Repository Project



Sherwin 8/7

**CONTRACT E512-05000
STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION**

**ONGOING TECHNICAL TASKS
FY1985 - FY1986**

HYDROGEOLOGY

- **EXTEND REGIONAL 2D MODEL INTO SW OKLAHOMA**
- **BEGIN 3D MODEL FOR 20 MI RADIUS OF SITE**
- **ANALYSIS OF PUMP TEST DATA, ZEECK AND J. FRIEMEL WELLS**

GEOLOGY

- **STRUCTURAL ANALYSES OF PALO DURO BASIN**
- **HYDROGEOLOGIC SUBDIVISIONS OF PALO DURO BASIN**
- **SALT DISSOLUTION IN THE INTERIOR OF THE PALO DURO BASIN**

GEOPHYSICS

- **MAINTAIN AND UPGRADE THE SEISMIC NETWORK**

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING

- **GEOTECHNICAL PROFILES - DEAF SMITH COUNTY**
- **GEOPHYSICAL LOG ANALYSIS / ROCK MECHANICS LAB DATA**
- **COMPLETE LAB TESTING OF ROCK CORE**

Washer 8/7

COMPUTER DATA BASES MAINTAINED BY STONE & WEBSTER

- **OGALLALA WELL DATA FILE**
- **DOCKUM WELL DATA FILE**
- **DEEP BASIN DST FILES: PRESSURE, PERMEABILITY**
- **FORMATION FLUID CHEMISTRY FILE**
- **FORMATION TOPS, MAJOR SALT UNIT TOPS**
- **HYDROGEOLOGIC UNIT TOPS**
- **ROCK MECHANICS LAB TESTING DATA**
- **TEST SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS**
- **GEOPHYSICAL LOG DATA (SWEC WELLS) REFORMATTED FOR IBM**

STONE & WEBSTER TECHNICAL REPORTS

<u>REPORT NO.</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>REPORT TYPE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	
G82-16	11/23/82	Characterization Report	Area Geological Characterization Report (AGCR)	1.13
T-1	03/22/83	Topical Report	Ogallala Aquifer Mapping Report Revised 10/21/83 (T-16)	1.17 1.18
T-2	03/07/83	Topical Report	Maps of Selected Formations Deaf Smith County (Draft)	1.22 1.23
T-3	02/23/83	Well Completion Report	Detten Final Core Log and Core Photographs	1.27 1.28
T-4	04/12/83	Well Completion Report	G. Friemel Final Core Log and Core Photographs	1.32 1.33
T-5	04/25/83	Well Completion Report	Sawyer No. 1 Pumping Test and Fluid Sampling Report Revised 9/7/84 (T-25)	1.37 1.38 1.39
T-6	05/26/83	Well Completion Report	Zeeck No. 1 Final Core Log and Core Photographs	1.42 1.43
T-8	06/17/83	Topical Report	Major Salt Beds (Revision of Report G82-12, 10/29/82)	1.45 1.46
T-9	08/01/83	Well Completion Report	Mansfield No. 1 Pumping Test and Fluid Sampling Report Revised 7/25/84 (T-26)	1.48 1.49 1.50
T-10	07/07/83	Well Completion Report	Dissolution Zone Water Wells	1.52 1.53
T-11	12/29/83	Well Completion Report	J. Friemel No. 1 (PD-9) Well Completion Report	1.56 1.57
T-12	12/15/83 and 12/16/83	Well Completion Report	Holtzclaw No. 1 Well (PD - 10) Completion Report	2.3 2.4
T-14	05/29/84	Topical Report	Hydrogeologic Investigations Based On Drill-Stem Tests	2.8 2.9
T-15	08/01/83	Well Completion Report	Harman No. 1 Final Core Log and Core Photographs	2.13 2.14
T-16	10/21/83	Topical Report	Ogallala Aquifer Mapping Program	2.17
T-17	09/14/83	Topical Report (Draft)	Geoengineering Evaluation for the Intermediate Shaft Liner Seal	2.21 2.22

STONE & WEBSTER TECHNICAL REPORTS

<u>REPORT NO.</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>REPORT TYPE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	
T-18	11/16/83	Well Completion Report	Sawyer No. 1 Well (PD-3) Replaces draft of 3/8/82	2.25 2.26
T-19	11/18/83	Well Completion Report	Mansfield No. 1 Well (PD-4) Replaces draft of 6/24/82	2.28 2.29
T-20	04/05/84	Well Completion Report	G. Friemel No. 1 Well (PD-5)	2.31
T-21	07/19/84	Well Completion Report	Detten No. 1 Well (PD-6) Revision 1	2.33 2.34
T-22	06/29/84	Well Completion Report	Zeeck No. 1 Well (PD-7) Revision 1	2.37 2.38
T-23	08/20/84	Well Completion Report	Harman No. 1 Well (PD-8) Revision 1	2.42 2.43
T-24	12/22/83	Well Completion Report	Dissolution Zone Water Wells (PD-8, 11, 12, 13) Revision 1	2.47 2.48 2.49
T-25	09/07/84	Well Completion Report	Sawyer No. 1 Well (PD-3) Pumping Test and Fluid Sampling Report Revision 1	2.52 2.53 2.54 2.55
T-26	07/25/84	Well Completion Report	Mansfield No. 1 Well (PD-4) Pumping Test Revision 1	2.58 2.59
T-27	11/09/84	Topical Report	Origin of the Salado, Seven Rivers, and San Andres Salt Margins in Texas and New Mexico	3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7
T-28	12/04/84	Topical Report	Geotechnical Borehole Testing Report, Holtzclaw No. 1 Well	3.11 3.12 3.13
T-29	05/15/85	Well Completion Report	Zeeck No. 1 Well (PD-7) Pumping Test and Fluid Sampling Report	3.17 3.18 3.19
T-30	11/16/84	Topical Report	Structural Analysis of the Northern Palo Duro Basin	3.23 3.24
T-31	08/85	Well Completion Report	J. Friemel No. 1 Well (PD-9) Pumping Test and Fluid Sampling Report	3.27 3.28 3.29

STONE & WEBSTER TECHNICAL REPORTS

<u>REPORT NO.</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>REPORT TYPE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	
T-32	12/21/84	Topical Report	Regional Permeability Determinations	3.33 3.34
T-33	01/03/85 Revised 07/85	Topical Report	Historical Seismicity of the Texas Panhandle from an Examination of Lubbock Station Records	3.38 3.39 3.40 3.41
T-34	01/03/85 Revised 04/85	Topical Report	Palo Duro Microearthquake Network Operation Report for April-July 1984	3.45 3.46 3.47
T-35	04/26/85	Topical Report	A Preliminary Simulation Model to Determine Ground-Water Flow and Ages Within the Palo Duro Basin Hydrogeologic Province	3.51 3.52 3.53 3.54 3.55 3.56
T-36	04/08/85	Field Test Activities Report	Black No. 1 Well, Deaf Smith County, Texas	4.1 4.2
T-37	04/01/85	Topical Report	Velocity Study: J. Friemel No. 1 and Zeck No. 1 Wells	4.6 4.7
T-38	06/10/85	Topical Report	Geologic Database Management and Computer Mapping	4.10 4.11
T-39	08/85	Topical Report	Pumping Test Analyses - Sawyer No. 1 and Mansfield No. 1 Wells	4.14 4.15
T-40	04/22/85	Topical Report	Palo Duro Microearthquake Network Operation Report August-December 1984	4.19 4.20 4.21
T-41	06/12/85	Topical Report	Hydrogeologic Subdivision of the Wolfcamp Series and Pennsylvanian System of Eastern New Mexico	4.25 4.26 4.27 4.28
T-42	06/10/85	Topical Report	Hydrodynamic Investigations in the Texas Panhandle Area	4.32 4.33
T-43	Sep. 1985	Topical Report	A Report on Fracturing in the Deaf Smith Area	4.37 4.38
T-44	A. J. 85	Topical Report	Hydrogeologic Subdivision of the Wolfcamp Series and Pennsylvanian System of the Deaf Smith County Area, Texas	4.42 4.43 4.44 4.45

ROCK MECHANICS LABORATORY TESTING REPORTS

Report Title	Testing Lab	Report No. and Date	Presents Results of:
Laboratory Testing on Rock Core Samples from Mansfield No. 1 Well, Permian Basin Project	SWEC	13A-1 1-6-84	Density, Porosity, Water Content, Rebound Hardness, Tensile Strength, Slake Durability and Atterberg Limits Testing from the Mansfield No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing on Rock Core Samples from Detten No. 1 Well, Permian Basin Project	SWEC	13A-2 5-22-84 BMI/SRP 5023 Aug 84	Density, Porosity, Water Content, Rebound Hardness, Tensile Strength, Slake Durability and Atterberg Limits Testing from the Detten No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing on Rock Core Samples from G. Friemel No. 1 Well, Permian Basin Project	SWEC	13A-3 6-14-84 BMI/SRP 5025 Aug 84	Density, Porosity, Water Content, Rebound Hardness, Tensile Strength, Slake Durability and Atterberg Limits Testing from the G. Friemel No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing on Rock Core Samples from Zeeck No. 1 Well, Permian Basin Project	SWEC	13A-4 9-21-84	Density, Porosity, Water Content, Rebound Hardness, Tensile Strength, Slake Durability and Atterberg Limits Testing from the Zeeck No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing on Rock Core Samples from J. Friemel No. 1 Well Permian Basin Project	SWEC	13A-5 2-25-85	Density Porosity, Water Content, Rebound Hardness Tensile Strength, Slake Durability and Atterberg Limits Testing from the J. Friemel No. 1 Well
Report of Direct Shear Testing on Rock Core Samples from Mansfield No. 1 Well, Permian Basin Project	SWEC	13A-11 6-14-84 BMI/SRP 5027 Aug 84	Shear Strength Determinations of Naturally Occurring Discontinuities from the Mansfield No. 1 Well
Report of Direct Shear Testing on Rock Core Samples from Detten No. 1 Well Permian Basin Project	SWEC	13A-12 6-14-84 BMI/SRP 5026 Aug 84	Shear Strength Determinations of Naturally Occurring Discontinuities from the Detten No. 1 Well

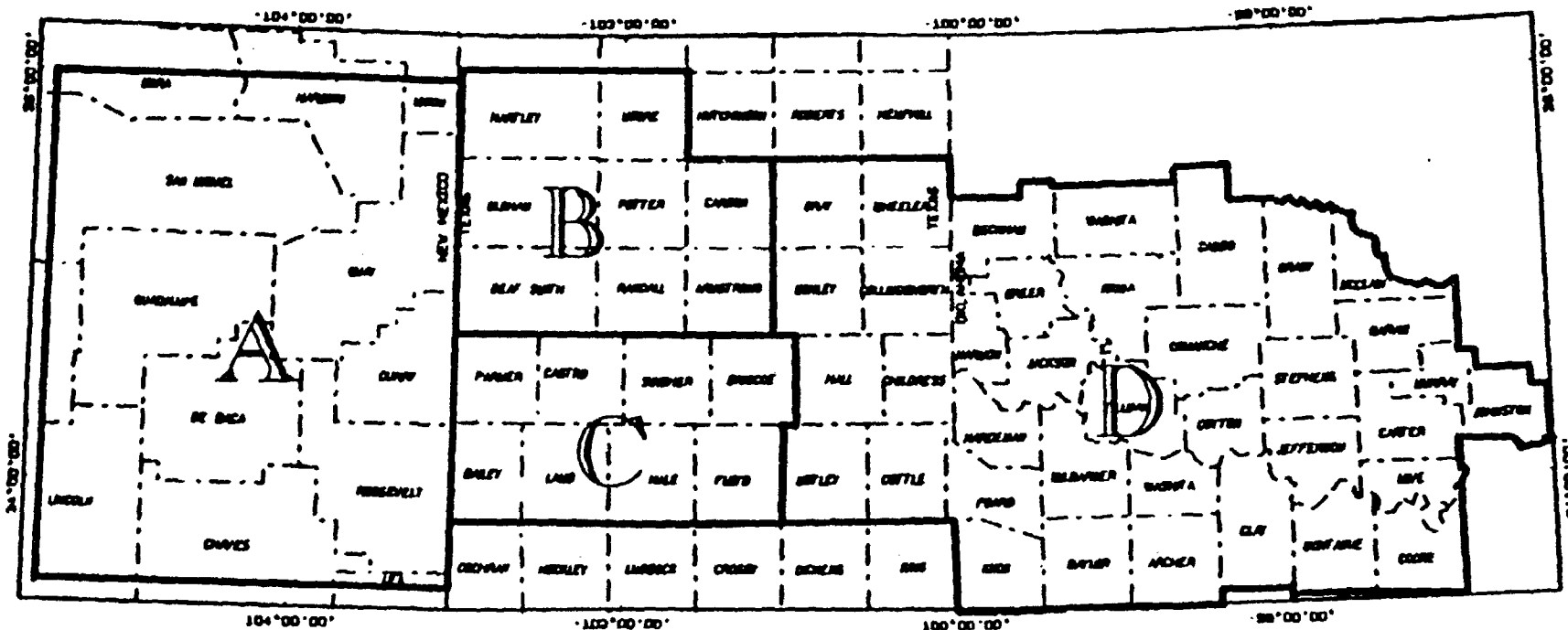
Report Title	Testing Lab	Report no. and Date	Presents Results of:
Report of Direct Shear Testing on Rock Core Samples from Zeeck No. 1 Well Permian Basin Project	SWEC	13A-13 11-30-84	Shear Strength Determination of Naturally Occurring Discontinuities from the Zeeck No. 1 Well
Report of Liquid Permeability Measurements on Rock Core Samples from Mansfield No. 1 Well - Permian Basin Project	SWEC	13A-21 2-26-85	Measurement of permeability of selected samples from the Mansfield No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Static Moduli, Dynamic Moduli and Triaxial Compressive Strength	ARA	Vol. 1 7-26-83 BMI/SRP 5015 Sept 84	Unconfined Compression and Pulse Velocity Measurements for Samples from the Mansfield No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Static Moduli, Dynamic Moduli and Triaxial Compressive Strength	ARA	Vol. 2 7-26-84 BMI/SRP 5015 Sept 84	Unconfined Compression and Pulse Velocity Measurements for Samples from the Detten No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Static Moduli, Dynamic Moduli and Triaxial Compressive Strength	ARA	Vol. 3 7-26-84 BMI/SRP 5015 Sept 84	Unconfined Compression and Pulse Velocity Measurements for Samples from the G. Friemel No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Static Moduli, Dynamic Moduli and Triaxial Compressive Strength	ARA	Vol. 4 2-7-84 BMI/SRP 5015 Sept 84	Triaxial Compression and Pulse Velocity Measurements for Samples from the G. Friemel No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Static Moduli, Dynamic Moduli and Triaxial Compressive Strength	ARA	Vol. 5 2-7-84 BMI/SRP 5015 Sept 84	Triaxial Compression and Pulse Velocity Measurements for Samples from the Mansfield No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Static Moduli, Dynamic Moduli and Triaxial Compressive Strength	ARA	Vol. 6 2-7-84 BMI/SRP 5015 Sept 84	Triaxial Compression and Pulse Velocity Measurements for Samples from the Detten No. 1 Well

Report Title	Testing Lab	Report No. and Date	Presents Results of:
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Static Moduli, Dynamic Moduli and Triaxial Compressive Strength	ARA	Vol. 7 4-4-84 BMI/SRP 5015 Sept 84	Unconfined Compression and Pulse Velocity Measurements for Samples from the Zeeck No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Static Moduli, Dynamic Moduli and Triaxial Compressive Strength	ARA	Vol. 8 4-4-84 BMI/SRP 5015 Sept 84	Triaxial Compression and Pulse Velocity Measurements for Samples from the Zeeck No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Static Moduli Dynamic Moduli & Triaxial	ARA	Vols. 9-15 11-16-84	Unconfined and Triaxial Compression and Pulse Velocity Measurements for Samples from the J. Friemel No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Static Moduli, Dynamic Moduli & Triaxial	ARA	Vols. 16-20 1-10-85	Unconfined and Triaxial Compression and Pulse Velocity Measurements for Samples from the Harman No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for the Determination of Rebound Hardness, Abrasion Hardness and Unconfined Compressive Strength	ARA	Vol. 1 7-23-84 BMI/SRP 5029 Nov. 84	Schmidt Rebound Hardness, Taber Abrasion Hardness and Unconfined Compressive Strength for Samples from the Zeeck No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for the Determination of Rebound Hardness, Abrasion Hardness and Unconfined Compressive Strength	ARA	Vol. 2 7-23-84 BMI/SRP 5029 Nov. 84	Schmidt Rebound Hardness, Taber Abrasion Hardness and Unconfined Compressive Strength for Samples from the J. Friemel No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for the Determination of Rebound Hardness, Abrasion Hardness and Unconfined Compressive Strength	ARA	Vol. 3 7-23-84 BMI/SRP 5029 Nov. 84	Schmidt Rebound Hardness, Taber Abrasion Hardness and Unconfined Compressive Strength for Samples from the Harman No. 1 Well

Report Title	Testing Lab	Report No. and Date	Presents Results of:
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for the Determination of Rebound Hardness, Abrasion Hardness and Unconfined Compressive Strength	ARA	Vol. 4 2-4-85	Schmidt Rebound Hardness, Taber Abrasion Hardness and Unconfined Compressive Strength for Samples from the Lower portion of the J. Friemel No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock Samples for the Determination of Clay Mineralogy	Dartmouth College	Vol. 1 1-10-84 BMI/SRP 5018 Sept 84	Clay Mineralogy Determinations of Selected Samples from the Mansfield, Detten and G. Friemel Wells
Laboratory Testing of Rock Samples for the Determination of Clay Mineralogy	Dartmouth College	Vol. 2 7-12-84 BMI/SRP 5018 Sept 84	Clay Mineralogy Determinations of Selected Samples from the Zeeck No. 1. Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock Samples for the Determination of Clay Mineralogy	Dartmouth College	Vol. 3 1-1-85	Clay Mineralogy Determinations of Selected Samples from the J. Friemel No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Determination of Specific Gravity and Total Porosity	REI	1 9-20-83 BMI/SRP 5022 July 84	Water Content, Bulk Density, Apparent Specific Gravity, Specific Gravity, Effective Porosity and Total Porosity Determinations from the Mansfield No. 1 Well
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Determination of Specific Gravity and Total Porosity	REI	2 7-12-84	Water Content, Bulk Density, Apparent Specific Gravity, Specific Gravity, Effective Porosity and Total Porosity Determinations from the G. Friemel and Detten Well.
Laboratory Testing of Rock and Salt Samples for Determination of Specific Gravity and Total Porosity	REI	3 5-7-84 BMI/SRP 5021 July 84	Water Content, Bulk Density, Apparent Specific Gravity, Specific Gravity, Effective Porosity and Total Porosity Determinations from the Zeeck No. 1 Well
Suspected Presence of Solid Hydrocarbon in Bedded Salt Samples from the Permian Basin	REI	4 3-5-84	Laboratory Efforts to Identify Material Previously Suspected to be Hydrocarbons

Report Title	Testing Lab	Report No. and Date	Presents Results of:
Suspected Presence of Solid Hydrocarbon in Bedded Salt Samples from the Permian Basin	RE1	4 (rev. 1) 11-28-84	Laboratory Efforts to Identify Material Previously Suspected to be Hydrocarbons

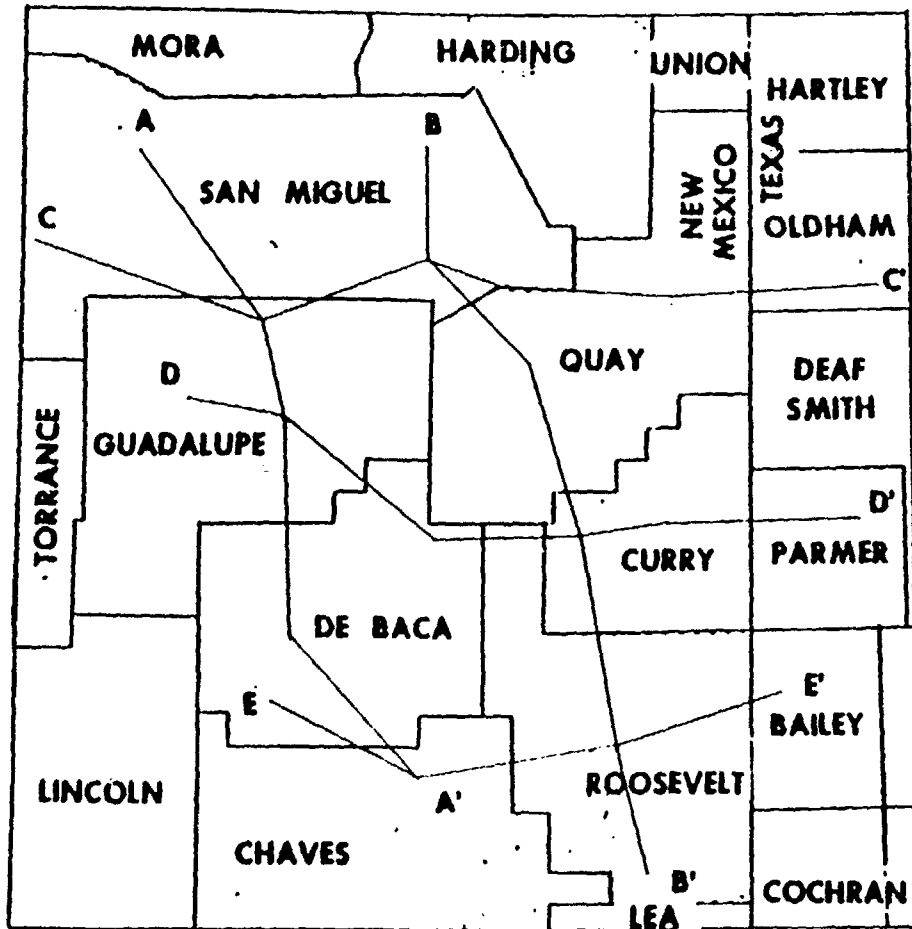
HYDROGEOLOGIC STUDY AREAS



A Eastern New Mexico (Task .31)
 B Dent Smith (Task .32)

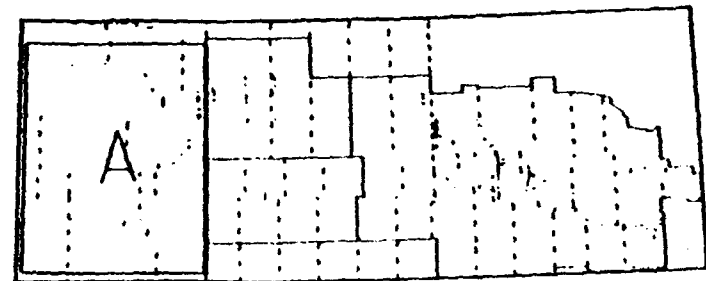
C Selsler (Task .33)
 D Eastern Panhandle and Oklahoma (Task .34)

LOCATION OF STUDY AREA AND LINES OF CROSS SECTION



Legend.

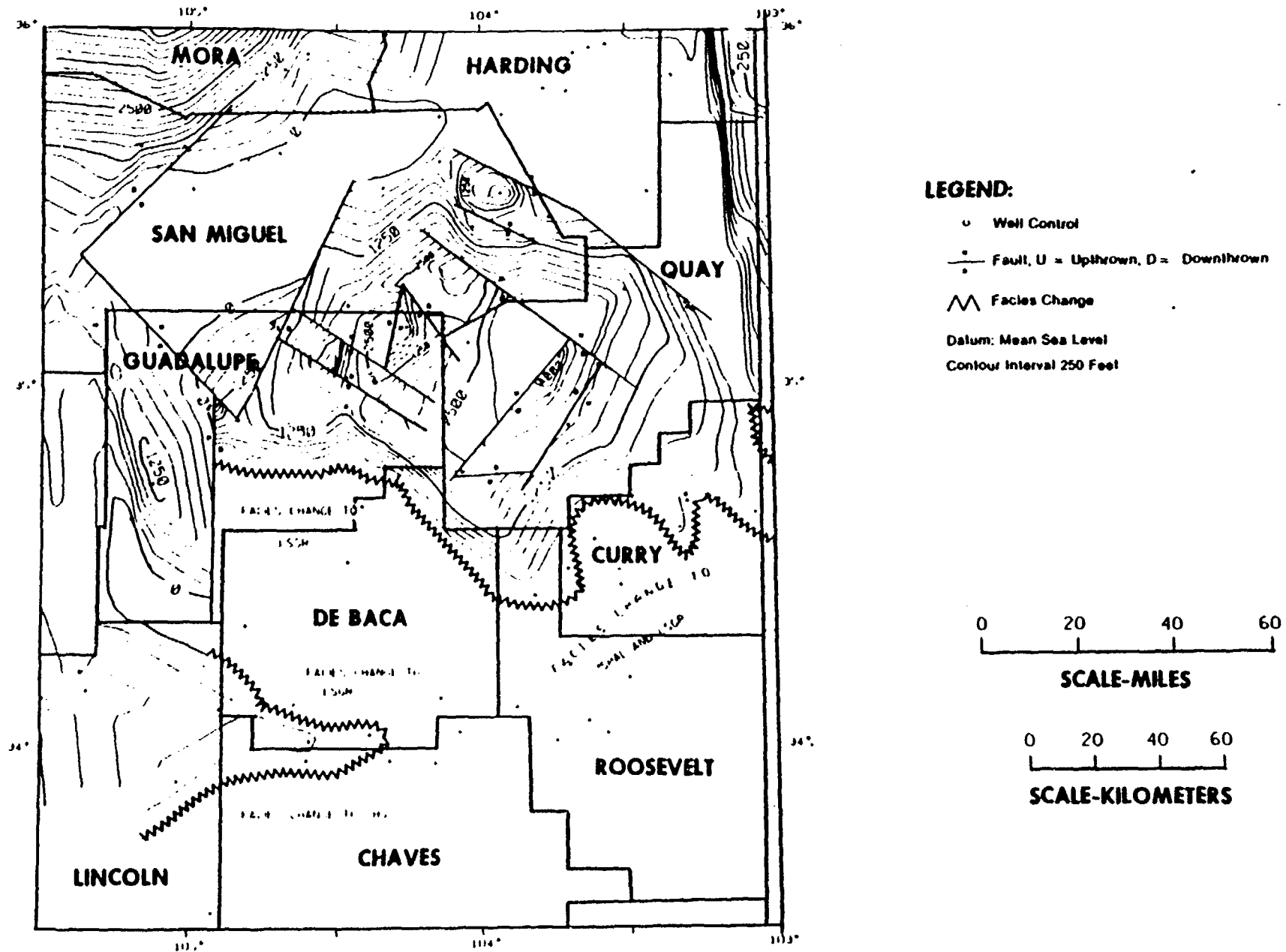
- o Well Control
- Cross Section Line

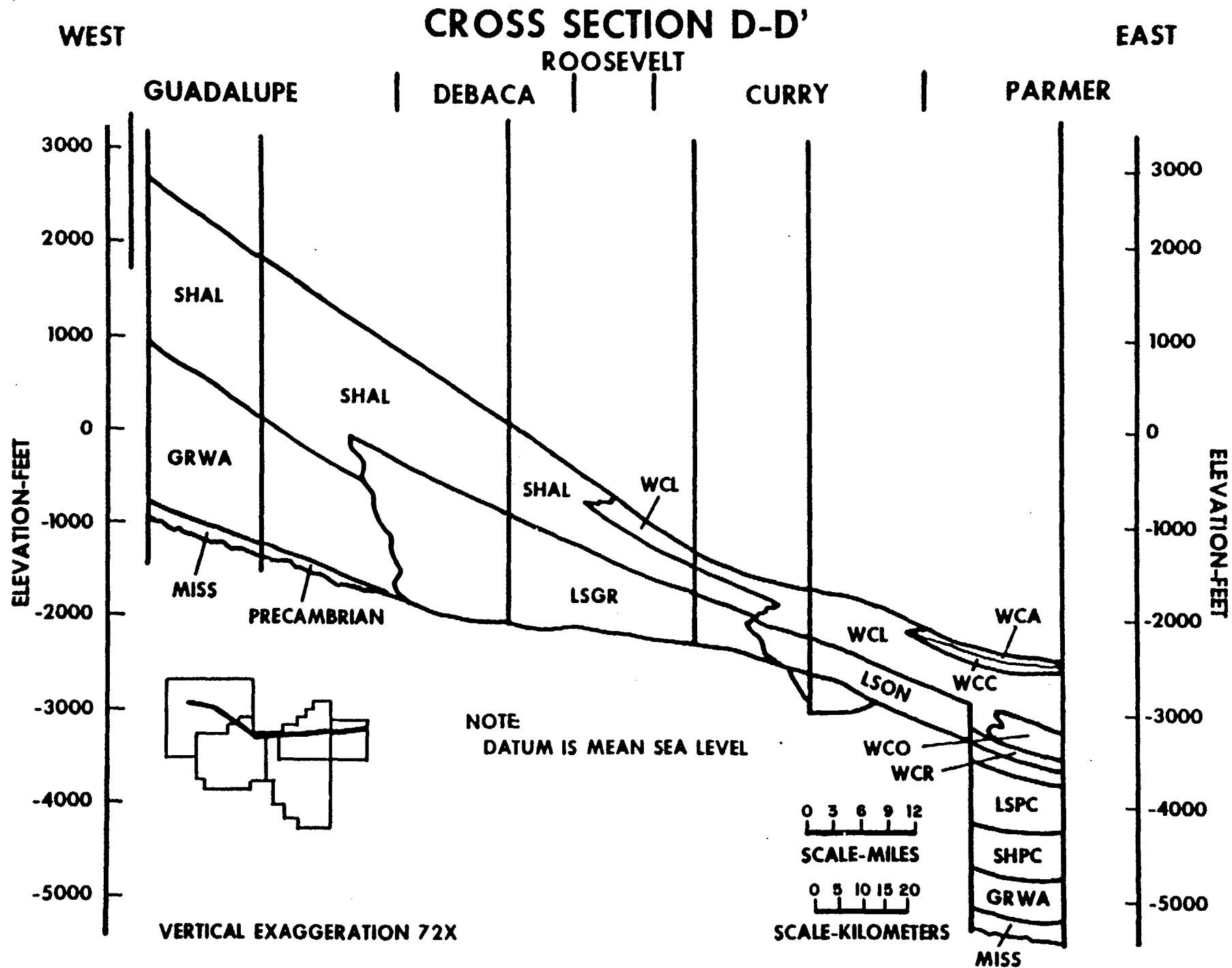


Hydrogeologic Study Areas

- A Eastern New Mexico
- B Deaf Smith
- C Swisher
- D Eastern Panhandle and Oklahoma

THICKNESS OF GRWA HYDROGEOLOGIC UNIT





PERMIAN BASIN CORE EXAMINATION MEETING

TEXAS BUREAU OF ECONOMIC GEOLOGY

Review of status of Palo Duro Basin Studies

August 7, 1985

Surface/Subsurface Geology

- A. Quaternary stratigraphy of the western Rolling Plains (Gustavson)
- B. Paleoenvironmental and paleoclimatic reconstruction (Caran)
- C. Characterization of the Blackwater Draw and Ogallala Formations (Gustavson)
- D. Characterization of Dockum Group strata (Johns)
- E. Depositional systems analyses of post-San Andres strata (Permian) (Nance)
- F. Effects of interior salt dissolution in post-San Andres strata (Nance)
- G. Petrography of post-San Andres Formation evaporites (Hovorka)
- H. Diagenesis of the San Andres Formation (Hovorka)
- I. Porosity and permeability analyses of Wolfcampian strata (Conti)
- J. Regional stratigraphy of the San andres Formation (Fracasso)
- K. Regional stratigraphy early Paleozoic strata (Ruppel)
- L. Structure and tectonic history, Palo Duro Basin (Budnik)
- M. Interior and peripheral salt dissolution (Gustavson)

BEG PUBLICATIONSREQUESTS FOR REVIEW PENDING

West Texas Waste Isolation Project
Contract No. DE-AC97-83WM46651

1. Draft: "Hydrogeology and Hydrochemical Facies of the San
Bureau RI Andres Formation in Eastern New Mexico, West-Central
Texas, and the Texas Panhandle," by Dutton and Orr.
Review requested 2/6/85.
2. Draft: "Numerical Modeling of Regional Ground-Water Flow in
Bureau RI the Deep-Brine Aquifers of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas
Panhandle," by Wirojanagud, Kreitler, and Smith. Re-
view requested 4/18/85.
3. Final: "The Internal Structure of Model and Natural Salt Domes
Contract - Experimental Modeling of Salt Diapirs: Final Report,"
Report by Jackson and Talbot. Review requested 4/29/85.
4. Article: "Wolfcampian Series Porosity Distribution: Implications
AAPG Bulletin for Deep-Basin Ground-Water Flow in the Palo Duro Basin,
Texas Panhandle," by Conti, Senger, Wirojanagud, and
Herron. Review requested 5/17/85.
5. Draft: "Cyclicality in the Middle Permian San Andres Formation,
Bureau RI Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle," by Fracasso and
Hovorka. Review requested 6/20/85.
6. Draft: "Fracture Analyses of the Palo Duro Basin Area, Texas
Bureau GC Panhandle and Eastern New Mexico," by Collins and
Luneau. Review requested 7/29/85.

BEG PUBLICATIONSAPPROVAL PENDING

1. Draft: "Geology and Geohydrology of the Palo Duro Basin,
Contract Texas Panhandle: A Report on the Progress of Nuclear
Report Waste Isolation Feasibility Studies (1983)," by
Bureau GC Gustavson and others. Review requested 10/2/84.
Comments received 7/1/85. Extension to 8/15/85
requested.
2. Article: "Geochemistry of Salt Water in the Rolling Plains,
Groundwater North-Central Texas," by Richter and Kreitler,

Review requested 10/10/84. Comments received 5/13/85
Responses submitted 6/13/85. Revised article submitted 7/3/85.

3. Article:
Geology "Geochemical and Textural Evidence of Primary and Altered Bedded Salt, Permian Lower San Andres Formation, Palo Duro Basin, Texas," by Fisher and Hovorka. Review requested 10/19/84. Comments received 5/13/85. Response period extended to 9/1/85.
4. Draft:
Bureau RI "Late Cenozoic Geomorphic Evolution of the Texas Panhandle and Northeast New Mexico - Case Studies of Structural Controls of Regional Drainage Development," by Gustavson and Finley. Review requested 12/21/84. Comments received 7/1/85. Extension to 8/15/85 requested.
5. Article:
GSA Bulletin "Structural Control of the Development of the Canadian River Valley, Texas Panhandle: An Example of Regional Salt Dissolution and Subsidence," by Gustavson. Review requested 3/7/85. Comments received 7/5/85. Extension to 8/31/85 requested.
6. Draft:
Bureau RI "The Pre-Pennsylvanian of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle: Stratigraphy and Petroleum Potential," by Ruppel. Review requested 3/11/85. Comments received 7/15/85. Responses submitted 7/24/85.
7. Draft:
Bureau RI "Stratigraphy of Bedded Halite in the Permian San Andres Formation, Units 4 and 5, Palo Duro Basin, Texas," by Hovorka, Luneau and Thomas. Review requested 4/3/85. Comments received 7/3/85. Responses submitted 7/25/85.
8. Article:
South Texas Geological Society "Reinterpretation of the Internal Structure of Palangana Salt Dome, South Texas," by Jackson and Talbot. Review requested 4/23/85. Comments received 7/22/85.

PUBLICATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH RESEARCH IN THE
PALO DURO AND DALHART BASINS

I. Bureau Publications

1979

- Dutton, S. P., Finley, R. J., Galloway, W. E., Gustavson, T. C., Handford, C. R., and Presley, M. W., 1979, Geology and geohydrology of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle: a report on the progress of nuclear waste isolation feasibility studies (1978): The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 79-1, 99 p.
- McGowen, J. H., Granata, G. E., and Seni, S. J., 1979, Depositional framework of the Lower Dockum Group (Triassic), Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations No. 97, 60 p.

1980

- Dutton, S. P., 1980, Depositional systems and hydrocarbon resource potential of the Pennsylvanian System, Palo Duro and Dalhart Basins, Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 80-8, 49 p.
- Dutton, S. P., 1980, Petroleum source rock potential and thermal maturity, Palo Duro Basin, Texas: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 80-10, 48 p.
- Finley, R. J., and Gustavson, T. C., 1980, Climatic controls on erosion in the Rolling Plains and along the Caprock Escarpment of the Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 80-11, 50 p.
- Gustavson, T. C., Finley, R. J., and McGillis, K. A., 1980, Regional dissolution of Permian salt in the Anadarko, Dalhart, and Palo Duro Basins of the Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations No. 106, 40 p.
- Gustavson, T. C., Presley, M. W., Handford, C. R., Finley, R. J., Dutton, S. P., Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., McGillis, K. A., and Simpkins, W. W., 1980, Geology and geohydrology of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle: a report on the progress of nuclear waste isolation feasibility studies (1979): The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 80-7, 99 p.
- Handford, C. R., and Fredericks, P. E., 1980, Facies patterns and depositional history of a Permian sabkha complex: Red Cave Formation, Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 80-9, 38 p.

Handford, C. R., and Fredericks, P. E., 1980, Lower Permian facies of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas: depositional systems, shelf-margin evolution, paleogeography, and petroleum potential: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations No. 102, 31 p.

Seni, S. J., 1980, Sand-body geometry and depositional systems, Ogallala Formation, Texas: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations No. 105, 36 p.

1981

Finley, R. J., and Gustavson, T. C., 1981, Lineament analysis of the Texas Panhandle using Landsat imagery: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 81-5, 37 p.

Gustavson, T. C., Bassett, R. L., Finley, R. J., Goldstein, A. G., Handford, C. R., McGowen, J. H., Presley, M. W., Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., Bentley, M. E., Dutton, S. P., Griffin, J. A., Hoadley, A. D., Howard, R. C., McGookey, D. A., McGillis, K. A., Palmer, D. P., Ramondetta, P. J., Roedder, E., Simpkins, W. W., and Wiggins, W. D., 1981, Geology and geohydrology of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle: a report on the progress of nuclear waste isolation feasibility studies (1980): The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 81-3, 173 p.

Handford, C. R., Dutton, S. P., and Fredericks, P. E., 1981, Regional cross sections of the Texas Panhandle: Precambrian to mid-Permian: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Cross Sections, 8 p.

McGillis, K. A., and Presley, M. W., 1981, Tansill, Salado, and Alibates Formations: Upper Permian evaporite/carbonate strata of the Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 81-8, 31 p.

Presley, M. W., 1981, Middle and Upper Permian salt-bearing strata of the Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Cross Sections, 10 p.

Simpkins, W. W., Gustavson, T. C., Alhades, A. B., and Hoadley, A. D., 1981, Impact of evaporite dissolution and collapse on highways and other cultural features in the Texas Panhandle and eastern New Mexico: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 81-4, 23 p.

1982

Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., Hoadley, A. D., and Goldstein, A. G., 1982, Formation of the Wink Sink, a salt dissolution and collapse feature, Winkler County, Texas: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations No. 114, 38 p.

Bein, A., and Land, L. S., 1982, San Andres carbonates in the Texas Panhandle: sedimentation and diagenesis associated with magnesium-calcium-chloride brines: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations No. 121, 48 p.

Dutton, S. P., Goldstein, A. G., and Ruppel, S. C., 1982, Petroleum potential of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations No. 123, 87 p.

Gustavson, T. C., Bassett, R. L., Budnik, R. T., Finley, R. J., Goldstein, A. G., McGowen, J. H., Roedder, E., Ruppel, S. C., Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., Bentley, M. E., Dutton, S. P., Fogg, G. E., Hovorka, S. D., McGookey, D. A., Ramondetta, P. J., Simpkins, W. W., Smith, D., Smith, D. A., Duncan, E. A., Griffin, J. A., Merritt, R. M., and Naiman, E. R., 1982, Geology and geohydrology of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle, a report on the progress of nuclear waste isolation feasibility studies (1981): The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 82-7, 212 p.

Presley, M. W., and McGillis, K. A., 1982, Coastal evaporite and tidal-flat sediments of the upper Clear Fork and Glorieta Formations, Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations No. 115, 50 p.

Ramondetta, P. J., 1982, Genesis and emplacement of oil in the San Andres Formation, Northern Shelf of the Midland Basin, Texas: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations No. 116, 39 p.

Ramondetta, P. J., 1982, Facies and stratigraphy of the San Andres Formation, Northern and Northwestern Shelves of the Midland Basin, Texas and New Mexico: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations No. 128, 56 p.

1983

Bassett, R. L., and Bentley, M. E., 1983, Deep brine aquifers in the Palo Duro Basin: regional flow and geochemical constraints: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations No. 130, 59 p.

Gustavson, T. C., Kreidler, C. W., Bassett, R. L., Budnik, R. T., Ruppel, S. C., Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., Caran, S. C., Collins, E. W., Dutton, A. R., Dutton, S. P., Fisher, R. S., Fogg, G. E., Hovorka, S. D., Kolker, A., McGookey, D. A., Orr, E. D., Roberts, M. P., Senger, R. K., Smith, Dale A., and Smith, D. Anderson, 1983, Geology and geohydrology of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle: a report on the progress of nuclear waste isolation feasibility studies (1982): The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 83-4, 156 p.

1984

Collins, E. W., 1984, Styles of deformation in Permian strata, Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 84-4, 32 p.

In press

- Fisher, R. S., in press, Amount and nature of occluded water in bedded salt, Palo Duro Basin, Texas: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular.
- Gustavson, T. C., and Finley, R. J., in press, Late Cenozoic geomorphic evolution of the Texas Panhandle and northeastern New Mexico--case studies of structural control of regional drainage development: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations.
- McGookey, D. A., Gustavson, T. C., and Hoadley, A. D., in press, Regional structural cross sections, mid-Permian to Quaternary strata, Texas Panhandle and eastern New Mexico, distribution of evaporites and areas of evaporite dissolution and collapse: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Cross Sections.
- Orr, E. D., Kreitler, C. W., and Senger, R. K., in press, Investigation of underpressuring in the deep-basin brine aquifer, Palo Duro Basin, Texas: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular 85-1.
- Ruppel, S. C., in press, Stratigraphy and petroleum potential of Pre-Pennsylvanian Rocks, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations.

In preparation

- Dutton, A. R., and Orr, E. D., in preparation, Hydrogeology and hydrochemical facies of the San Andres Formation in eastern New Mexico, West-Central Texas, and the Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations.
- Gustavson, T. C., and others, in preparation, Geomorphology and Quaternary stratigraphy of the Rolling Plains of the Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Guidebook 22.
- Gustavson, T. C., and others, in preparation, Geology and geohydrology of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle, a report on the progress of nuclear waste isolation feasibility studies (1983): The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Geological Circular.
- Hovorka, S. D., Luneau, B. A., and Thomas, S., in preparation, Stratigraphy of bedded halite in the Permian San Andres Formation, units 4 and 5, Palo Duro Basin, Texas: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations.
- Wirojanagud, P., Kreitler, C. W., and Smith, D. A., in preparation, Numerical modeling of regional ground-water flow in the deep-brine aquifers of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Report of Investigations.

PUBLICATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH RESEARCH IN THE
PALO DURO AND DALHART BASINS

II. Outside Publications and Contract Reports

1978

- Galloway, W. E., Gustavson, T. C., Dutton, S. P., Handford, R. J., and Presley, M. W., 1978, Locating field confirmation study areas for isolation of nuclear waste in the Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Annual Report, 109 p.
- Gustavson, T. C., Finley, R. J., and Woodruff, C. M., Jr., 1978, Geomorphic studies applied to the evaluation of nuclear waste isolation sites (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 10, no. 1, p. 6.
- Gustavson, T. C., Finley, R. J., Morabito, J. R., and Presley, M. W., 1978, Structural controls on drainage development on the Southern High Plains and Rolling Plains of the Texas Panhandle (abs): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 10, no. 7, p. 413.
- McGowen, J. H., Granata, G. E., and Seni, S. J., 1978, Depositional framework of the Lower Dockum Group (Triassic), Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Contract Report, 113 p. (U.S.G.S. Grant).

1979

- Dutton, S. P., 1979, Alternating clastic-carbonate deposition in fan delta systems, Lower Pennsylvanian, Palo Duro Basin (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 11, no. 2, p. 146-147.
- Dutton, S. P., 1979, Depositional models and resource potential, Pennsylvanian System, Palo Duro Basin, Panhandle, Texas (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 63, no. 8, p. 1425.
- Dutton, S. P., 1979, Facies patterns and depositional models, Pennsylvanian System, Palo Duro Basin, Panhandle, Texas (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 63, no. 3, p. 442-443.
- Dutton, S. P., 1979, Pennsylvanian fan-delta sandstones of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 63, no. 11, p. 2116.
- Dutton, S. P., 1979, Pennsylvanian fan-delta sandstones of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas: in Pennsylvanian sandstones of the Mid-Continent: Tulsa Geological Society Special Publication, no. 1, p. 235-245.
- Finley, R. J., and Gustavson, T. C., 1979, Geomorphic effects of a major storm on an instrumented drainage basin in the Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 12, no. 1, p. 426.

- Galloway, W. E., Gustavson, T. C., Dutton, S. P., Finley, R. J., Handford, C. R., and Presley, M. W., 1979, Locating field confirmation study areas for isolation of nuclear waste in the Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Annual Report, 106 p.
- Gustavson, T. C., and Finley, R. J., 1979, Timing and rates of regional salt dissolution in bedded Permian salts in the Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 11, no. 7, p. 413.
- Gustavson, T. C., Finley, R. J., Morabito, J. R., and Presley, M. W., 1979, Regional salt dissolution and subsidence, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 11, no. 2, p. 147-148.
- Gustavson, T. C., Handford, C. R., Presley, M. W., Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., Dutton, S. P., Finley, R. J., McGillis, K. A., and Simpkins, W. W., 1979, Locating field confirmation study areas for isolation of nuclear waste in the Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Annual Report, 99 p.
- Gustavson, T. C., Presley, M. W., and Handford, C. R., 1979, A multi-disciplinary geological approach to basin evaluation for nuclear waste management, Palo Duro Basin, northwest Texas (abs.): Proceedings, National Waste Terminal Storage Program Information Meeting, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Nuclear Waste Isolation, Battelle Memorial Institute, ONWI-62, p. 75-77.
- Handford, C. R., 1979, Depositional history of high-constructive delta systems (Wolfcampian), southeastern Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 63, no. 11, p. 2116-2117.
- Handford, C. R., 1979, Depositional and diagenetic history of high-constructive delta systems (Wolfcampian), southeastern Palo Duro Basin, Texas, in Pennsylvanian Sandstones of the Mid-Continent: Tulsa Geological Society Special Publication, no. 1, p. 247-258.
- Handford, C. R., 1979, Depositional systems and petroleum potential of Lower Permian strata, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 63, no. 8, p. 1426.
- Handford, C. R., 1979, Despite a long list of failures, Palo Duro Basin still has hopes: Oil & Gas, v. 77, p. 190-198.
- Handford, C. R., 1979, Lower Permian facies tracts and evolution of carbonate shelf margins, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 63, no. 3, p. 461-462.
- Handford, C. R., 1979, Stratigraphy and depositional systems of Lower Permian red-bed evaporite and dolomite facies, Panhandle, Texas (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 11, no. 2, p. 148.
- Handford, C. R., and Dutton, S. P., 1979, Exploration potential of Pennsylvanian-Permian carbonate-shelf margins and deltaic sandstones, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 63, no. 3, p. 461.

- Presley, M. W., 1979, San Andres facies patterns, Palo Duro and Dalhart Basins, Texas (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 63, no. 8, p. 1427-1428.
- Presley, M. W., 1979, Shelf and supratidal facies of Permian Tubb strata, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 11, no. 2, p. 164.
- Presley, M. W., 1979, Shelf and supratidal facies in Upper Permian strata, Palo Duro and Dalhart Basins, Texas (abs.): West Texas Geological Society Newsletter, October 1979, p. 4.
- Presley, M. W., 1979, Upper Permian evaporites and red-beds of Palo Duro Basin, Texas--facies patterns through time (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 63, no. 3, p. 511-512.
- Presley, M. W., Gustavson, T. C., Galloway, W. E., Finley, R. J., Handford, C. R., Dutton, S. P., and McGillis, K. A., 1979, Palo Duro Basin analysis (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 63, no. 3, p. 511.
- Seni, S. J., 1979, Geometry and depositional systems of the Neogene Ogallala Formation, Texas (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 11, no. 7, p. 514.
- Woodruff, C. M., Jr., Gustavson, T. C., and Finley, R. J., 1979, Playas and draws on the Llano Estacado--tentative findings based on geomorphic mapping of a test area in Texas: Texas Journal of Science, v. 31, no. 3, p. 213-223.

1980

- Bassett, R. L., 1980, Surface properties of clay minerals and their contributions to waste repository siting (abs.): American Chemical Society, Annual Meeting, Abstracts, p. 16.
- Bassett, R. L., and Palmer, D. P., 1980, The clay mineralogy of Palo Duro Basin bedded salts as related to the evaluation of geologic media for nuclear waste disposal (abs.): The Clay Minerals Society, Program and Abstracts, p. 20.
- Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., Gustavson, T. C., and Hoadley, A. D., 1980, Salt blamed for new sink in West Texas: Geotimes, v. 25, no. 9, p. 16-17.
- Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., and Hoadley, A. D., 1980, Geology and hydrology of the Wink Sink, Winkler County, Texas (abs.): Solution Mining Research Institute meeting, 10 p.
- Dutton, S. P., 1980, Source-rock quality and thermal maturity, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 64, no. 5, p. 702.
- Finley, R. J., and Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., 1980, Fluvial morphology of the Little Red River and erosion of the Caprock Escarpment, Briscoe and Hall Counties, Texas (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 12, no. 1, p. 3.

- Finley, R. J., Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., and Gustavson, T. C., 1980, Erosion in state parks: *Discovery*, v. 5, no. 2, p. 12-15.
- Gustavson, T. C., Alhades, A. B., Hoadley, A. D., and Simpkins, W. W., 1980, Karstification of the Rolling Plains of the Texas Panhandle due to dissolution of Permian evaporites (abs.): *Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs*, v. 12, no. 1, p. 4.
- Gustavson, T. C., and Finley, R. J., 1980, Rates of geomorphic processes in selected areas of the Rolling Plains and Southern High Plains, Texas Panhandle (abs.): *Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs*, v. 12, no. 7, p. 439.
- Gustavson, T. C., Finley, R. J., and Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., 1980, Rates of geologic processes in the Texas Panhandle affecting the integrity of underground nuclear waste repositories (abs.): *Association of Engineering Geologists Annual Meeting, Program with Abstracts*, p. 24-25.
- Gustavson, T. C., Bassett, R. L., Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., Bentley, M. E., Dutton, S. P., Goldstein, A. G., McGowen, J. H., and Presley, M. W., 1980, Nuclear waste isolation studies of the Palo Duro and Dalhart Basins, FY 1980: *Proceedings, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Nuclear Waste Isolation, Annual Meeting*, p. 269-272.
- Handford, C. R., and Dutton, S. P., 1980, Pennsylvanian-Early Permian depositional systems and shelf-margin evolution, Palo Duro Basin, Texas: *American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin*, v. 64, no. 1, p. 88-106.
- Handford, C. R., Presley, M. W., and Dutton, S. P., 1980, Depositional and tectonic evolution of a basement-bounded, intracratonic basin, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): *American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin*, v. 64, no. 5, p. 717.
- Presley, M. W., and McGillis, K. A., 1980, A Late Permian (Ochoan) carbonate basin in the Texas Panhandle (abs.): *Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs*, v. 12, no. 1, p. 15-16.
- Presley, M. W., and McGillis, K. A., 1980, Red-bed, evaporite, and carbonate facies associations in interior basins—a model for resource exploration (abs.): *American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin*, v. 64, no. 8, p. 1288.
- Presley, M. W., Smith, G. E., Mikan, F. M., and McGillis, K. A., 1980, Glorieta-San Andres transition in the Texas Panhandle—facies interpretation of a complex stratigraphic boundary (abs.): *Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs*, v. 12, no. 1, p. 15.
- Seni, S. J., 1980, Uranium resource assessment of the Texas Panhandle: *The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report*, 15 p.
- Simpkins, W. W., Alhades, A. B., Hoadley, A. D., and Gustavson, T. C., 1980, Impact of evaporite dissolution and collapse on cultural features in the Texas Panhandle and eastern New Mexico (abs.): *31st Annual Highway Geology Symposium, Programs and Abstracts*, p. 3.

1981

- Bassett, R. L., and Bentley, M. E., 1981, Regional flow and geochemistry of brines, Palo Duro Basin, Texas, a framework for nuclear waste isolation studies (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 13, no. 7, p. 405.
- Bassett, R. L., Duncan, E., and Griffin, J. A., 1981, Predicting the reaction state of brines in proposed regions of nuclear waste disposal sites: Proceedings, Material Research Society Conference Annual Meeting, v. 3, p. 27-34.
- Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., 1981, Origin of the "Cup and Saucer," Mitchell County, Texas: American Association of Petroleum Geologists, spring field trip, 5 p.
- Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., and Hoadley, A. D., 1981, The Wink Sink: A case history of evaporite dissolution and catastrophic subsidence (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 13, no. 5, p. 233-234.
- Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., Hoadley, A. D., and Goldstein, A. G., 1981, The formation of the Wink Sink, Winkler County, Texas (abs.): U.S. Department of Energy.
- Dutton, S. P., 1981, Combination structural and stratigraphic traps in Pennsylvanian granite wash, Mobeetie Field, Anadarko Basin (abs.): Southwest Section of the American Association of Petroleum Geologists and the Permian Basin Section of the Society of Economic Paleontologists and Mineralogists, Annual Meeting, p. 15-16.
- Dutton, S. P., 1981, Diagenesis of Pennsylvanian fan-delta sandstones and interbedded shelf carbonates, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 13, no. 7, p. 443.
- Dutton, S. P., 1981, Geochemistry of hydrocarbon source rocks, Palo Duro Basin (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 65, no. 4, p. 758-759.
- Dutton, S. P., 1981, Pennsylvanian fan-delta and carbonate deposition, Mobeetie Field, Texas Panhandle (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 65, no. 5, p. 922-923.
- Dutton, S. P., 1981, Pennsylvanian fan-delta and carbonate deposition, Mobeetie Field, Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report, 24 p.
- Goldstein, A. G., 1981, Laramide-style basement deformation in the Ouachita-Marathon Foreland (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 13, no. 5, p. 238.
- Goldstein, A. G., 1981, Laramide-style basement deformation in the Ouachita-Marathon Foreland (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 41, no. 3, p. 93.
- Goldstein, A. G., 1981, Plate tectonics of the Ancestral Rocky Mountains: comments: Geology, v. 9, no. 9, p. 387-388.
- Goldstein, A. G., and Keller, G. R., 1981, Gravity analysis of Ancestral Rockies in Texas and New Mexico: constraints on Late Paleozoic intraplate tectonics (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 13, no. 7, p. 461.

- Gustavson, T. C., Finley, R. J., and Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., 1981, Retreat of the Caprock Escarpment and denudation of the Rolling Plains in the Texas Panhandle: Bulletin of the Association of Engineering Geologists, v. 28, no. 4, p. 413-422.
- Handford, C. R., 1981, Coastal sabkha and salt pan deposition of the Lower Clear Fork Formation (Permian) Texas: Journal of Sedimentary Petrology, v. 51, no. 3, p. 761-778.
- Handford, C. R., 1981, Facies patterns and depositional models of Permian sabkha complex—Red Cave Formation, Texas Panhandle (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 65, no. 4, p. 761.
- Palmer, D. P., 1981, Clay mineralogy of Permian sabkha sequences, Palo Duro Basin, Texas: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report, 94 p.
- Presley, M. W., 1981, Permian salt-bearing units of the Texas Panhandle: lithology and facies: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report, 10 p.
- Presley, M. W., 1981, Shelf and supratidal facies of the Permian Tubb Formation in the Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report, 37 p.
- Presley, M. W., and McGillis, K. A., 1981, Tansill, Salado, and Albates Formations: Upper Permian evaporite/carbonate strata of the Texas Panhandle: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report, 31 p.
- Presley, M. W., and Ramondetta, P. J., 1981, San Andres hydrocarbon potential in the Texas Panhandle (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin.
- Ramondetta, P. J., 1981, Genesis and emplacement of oil in the San Andres Formation, Northern Shelf of the Midland Basin, Texas: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report, 52 p.
- Roedder, E., and Bassett, R. L., 1981, Problems in determination of the water content of rock salt samples and its significance in nuclear-waste storage siting: Geology, v. 9, no. 11, p. 525-530.
- Simpkins, W. W., Bassett, R. L., Bentley, M. E., and Fogg, G. E., 1981, Processes of salt dissolution and saline ground-water discharge in the Rolling Plains region of the Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 13, no. 5, p. 262.
- Simpkins, W. W., Gustavson, T. C., Alhades, A. B., and Hoadley, A. D., 1981, Impact of evaporite dissolution and collapse on highways and other cultural features in the Texas Panhandle and eastern New Mexico: Proceedings, 31st Annual Highway Geology Symposium, p. 29-56.

1982

- Bassett, R. L., and Bentley, M. E., 1982, Geochemistry and hydrodynamics of deep formation brines in the Palo Duro and Dalhart Basins, Texas: *Journal of Hydrology*, v. 59, p. 331-372.
- Bassett, R. L., and Smith, D. A., 1982, Origin, composition, and migration of brines in the Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): American Chemical Society, 183rd National Meeting, Nuclear Chemistry Section, abstract no. 42.
- Bassett, R. L., Smith, D. A., and Roberts, M. P., 1982, Utility of computerized data bases of drill-stem test information in hydrogeologic studies (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 66, no. 5, p. 546.
- Bein, A., and Land, L. S., 1982, San Andres carbonates in the Texas Panhandle: sedimentation and diagenesis associated with magnesium-calcium-chloride brines: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report, 48 p.
- Boyd, F. M., and Kreitler, C. W., 1982, Hydrogeology and geochemistry of the northern Salt Basin of West Texas and New Mexico (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 14, no. 7, p. 449.
- Dutton, S. P., 1982, Facies control of cementation and porosity in Pennsylvanian fan-delta sandstones, Texas Panhandle (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 66, no. 5, p. 565.
- Dutton, S. P., 1982, Pennsylvanian fan-delta and carbonate deposition, Mobeetie Field, Texas Panhandle. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 66, no. 4, p. 389-400.
- Goldstein, A. G., 1982, Late Paleozoic intraplate deformation of North America: constraints on plate tectonic models: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report, 40 p.
- Goldstein, A. G., and Keller, G. R., 1982, Quantitative analysis of regional gravity data-- Texas Panhandle region: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report.
- Goldstein, A. G., and McGookey, D. A., 1982, Minor fault motions in relation to the Late Paleozoic tectonics of the Wichita-Amarillo Uplift (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 14, no. 3, p. 111-112.
- Goldstein, A. G., and McGookey, D. A., 1982, Minor fault motions in relation to Late Paleozoic tectonics of the Wichita-Amarillo Uplift (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 42, no. 2, p. 96.
- Gustavson, T. C., Bassett, R. L., Budnik, R. T., Finley, R. J., Goldstein, A. G., McGowen, J. H., Roedder, E., Ruppel, S. C., Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., Bentley, M. E., Dutton, S. P., Fogg, G. E., Hovorka, S. D., McGookey, D. A., Ramondetta, P. J., Simpkins, W. W., Smith, D., Smith, D. A., Duncan, E. A., Griffin, J. A., Merritt, R. M., and Naiman, E. R., 1982, Geology and geohydrology of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle: a report on progress of nuclear waste isolation feasibility studies (1981): The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report, 212 p.

- Gustavson, T. C., and Finley, R. J., 1982, Geomorphic development of eastern New Mexico and the Texas Panhandle: a product of subsidence due to regional dissolution of Upper Permian salts (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 14, no. 7, p. 504.
- Gustavson, T. C., Simpkins, W. W., Alhades, A. B., and Hoadley, A. D., 1982, Evaporite dissolution and development of karst features on the Rolling Plains of the Texas Panhandle: Earth Surface Processes and Landforms, v. 7, p. 545-563.
- Ruppel, S. C., 1982, Depositional setting of the lower Carboniferous (Mississippian) in the Palo Duro Basin of the Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 14, no. 7, p. 605.
- Simpkins, W. W., Finley, R. J., and Gustavson, T. C., 1982, Rates of erosion in a semi-arid environment: analysis of a two-year data record in the Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 14, no. 3, p. 136.
- U.S. Department of Interior, Division of Water, Land, and Power, Water Management Branch, 1982, Lake Meredith sediment survey and analysis: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report, 194 p.

1983

- Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., 1983, Terrace stratigraphy and erosional history of the upper Little Red River, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 1, p. 41.
- Bein, A., and Land, L. S., 1983, Carbonate sedimentation and diagenesis associated with Mg-Ca-chloride brines: the Permian San Andres Formation in the Texas Panhandle: Journal of Sedimentary Petrology, v. 53, no. 1, p. 243-260.
- Budnik, R. T., 1983, Recurrent intraplate deformation on the ancestral Rocky Mountain orogenic belt (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 6, p. 535.
- Budnik, R. T., 1983, Recurrent motion of Precambrian-aged basement faults, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 67, no. 3, p. 433.
- Budnik, R. T., 1983, Recurrent motion of Precambrian-aged faults, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 43, no. 3, p. 74-75.
- Bureau of Business Research, 1983, Texas Panhandle Mineral Assessment: summary report: The University of Texas at Austin, prepared for the Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report, 72 p.
- Bureau of Business Research, 1983, Texas Panhandle Mineral Assessment: the petroleum industry: The University of Texas at Austin, prepared for the Bureau of Economic Geology Milestone Report, 61 p.

- Collins, E. W., 1983, Joints and joint densities at Caprock Canyons State Park, Briscoe County, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 1, p. 3.
- Dutton, A. R., 1983, Regional ground-water flow in San Andres Formation, Texas Panhandle and eastern New Mexico (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 1, p. 4.
- Dutton, S. P., 1983, Palo Duro Basin, an exploration frontier in the Texas Panhandle (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 67, no. 3, p. 454.
- Dutton, S. P., and Land, L. S., 1983, Meteoric diagenesis of Pennsylvanian arkosic sandstones, southwestern Anadarko Basin (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 6, p. 564.
- Finley, R. J., and Gustavson, T. C., 1983, Geomorphic effects of a 10-year storm on a small drainage basin in the Texas Panhandle: Earth Surface Processes and Landforms, v. 8, p. 63-77.
- Fisher, R. S., and Hovorka, S. D., 1983, Textural and geochemical evidence of primary and altered halite, Permian San Andres Formation, Texas (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 6, p. 574.
- Fracasso, M. A., 1983, Unconformity-bounded cycles in the San Andres Formation, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle: tectonic/topographic evolution of a middle Permian shallow evaporite basin (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 6, p. 576.
- Gustavson, T. C., 1983, Quaternary surface subsidence, Southern High Plains, Texas Panhandle: a result of dissolution of Permian bedded salts (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 1, p. 41.
- Gustavson, T. C., and Budnik, R. T., 1983, Structural control of geomorphic processes, physiographic features, and lithofacies, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 6, p. 588.
- Gustavson, T. C., Budnik, R. T., Collins, E. W., Dutton, S. P., Hovorka, S. D., and Ruppel, S. C., 1983, Geologic issues in isolating nuclear waste in the Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 1, p. 3.
- Hovorka, S. D., 1983, Carbonate-anhydrite-halite cycles, San Andres Formation (Permian), Palo Duro Basin, Texas, in Shaw, R. L., and Pollan, B. J., eds., Permian Basin cores--a workshop: Society of Economic Paleontologists and Mineralogists Core Workshop No. 2, p. 197-224.
- Hovorka, S. D., and Budnik, R. T., 1983, Normal marine - marine marginal sabkha transition, Lower Permian, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 1, p. 6.
- Kreitler, C. W., Dutton, A. R., Fisher, R. S., Orr, E. D., Senger, R. K., and Smith, D. A., 1983, Hydrogeochemical issues for high-level nuclear waste isolation in the Permian evaporites of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 1, p. 3.

- McGookey, D. A., and Budnik, R. T., 1983, Tectonic history and influence on sedimentation of rhomb horsts and grabens associated with Amarillo Uplift, Texas Panhandle (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 67, no. 3, p. 511.
- McGookey, D. A., and Budnik, R. T., 1983, Tectonic history and influence on sedimentation of rhomb horsts and grabens associated with the Amarillo Uplift, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 43, no. 3, p. 80-81.
- McGowen, J. H., Granata, G. E., and Seni, S. J., 1983, Depositional setting of the Triassic Dockum Group, Texas Panhandle and eastern New Mexico: Society of Economic Paleontologists and Mineralogists, Rocky Mountain Section Meeting, Symposium No. 2, p. 13-38.
- Orr, E. D., and Dutton, A. R., 1983, An application of geostatistics to determine regional ground-water flow in the San Andres Formation, Texas and New Mexico: Ground Water, v. 21, no. 5, p. 619-624.
- Ruppel, S. C., 1983, Facies and depositional setting of Mississippian rocks in the Palo Duro - Hardeman Basin area, in Shaw, R. L., and Pollan, B. J., eds., Permian Basin cores--a workshop: Society of Economic Paleontologists and Mineralogists Core Workshop No. 2, p. 47-67.
- Ruppel, S. C., 1983, Mississippian conodonts from the Texas Panhandle: implications for the depositional and structural history of the region (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 6, p. 676.
- Smith, D. A., 1983, Permeability variation in the Palo Duro Basin from multiple well tests (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 1, p. 4.
- Wermund, E. G., Gustavson, T. C., and Kreitler, C. W., 1983, Unresolved geotechnical issues for deep geological burial of high-level waste in Permian bedded salt, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 6, p. 717.
- Wirojanagud, P., Kreitler, C. W., and Smith, D. A., 1983, Numerical modeling of regional ground-water flow in the Wolfcamp (Lower Permian) aquifers of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 15, no. 6, p. 720.

1984

- Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., Caran, S. C., and Gustavson, T. C., 1984, Quaternary stratigraphy of the Western Rolling Plains, Briscoe, Floyd, Hall, and Motley Counties, Texas (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 2, p. 78.
- Budnik, R. T., 1984, Basin and Range-age reactivation of the Ancestral Rocky Mountains in the Texas Panhandle: evidence from the Ogallala Formation (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 68, no. 4, p. 459.

- Budnik, R. T., 1984, Basin and Range-age reactivation of the Ancestral Rocky Mountains in the Texas Panhandle: evidence from the Ogallala Formation (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 44, no. 4, p. 145.
- Budnik, R. T., 1984, Recurrent intraplate deformation on the Ancestral Rocky Mountain orogenic belt (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 44, no. 1, p. 20-21.
- Budnik, R. T., 1984, Seismic reflection evidence of a late Proterozoic basin in the Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 2, p. 79.
- Budnik, R. T., 1984, Seismic reflection evidence of a late Proterozoic basin in the Texas Panhandle (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 44, no. 3, p. 90-91.
- Caran, S. C., Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., McGookey, D. A., Gustavson, T. C., and Neck, R. W., 1984, Late Quaternary stratigraphy of the Western Rolling Plains of Texas--recent findings (abs.), in Proceedings, TER-QUA '84 Symposium on Interdisciplinary Research relating to the changing environments of the Great Plains - Gulf Coast: Nebraska Academy of Sciences, Inc., Institute for Tertiary-Quaternary Studies, Program with Abstracts, p. 6.
- Caran, S. C., Baumgardner, R. W., Jr., Neck, R. W., McGookey, D. A., and Gustavson, T. C., 1984, Quaternary lacustrine basins in the Western Rolling Plains of Texas--paleoecologic, paleoclimatic, and structural history (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 6, p. 462-463.
- Caran, S. C., and Neck, R. W., 1984, Late Pleistocene and Holocene paleoclimatology of the Southern High Plains of Texas--implications for disposal of nuclear waste (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 2, p. 80.
- Collins, E. W., 1984, Joints and joint densities at Caprock Canyons State Park, Briscoe County, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 44, no. 3, p. 81-82.
- Collins, E. W., and Goldstein, A. R., 1984, Deformation associated with salt dissolution and collapse, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 2, p. 81.
- Conti, R. D., and Wirojanagud, P., 1984, Porosity distribution trends in Wolfcamp strata, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle: implications for deep-basin ground-water flow (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 68, no. 4, p. 465.
- Dutton, A. R., 1984, Regional ground-water flow in the San Andres Formation, Texas Panhandle and eastern New Mexico (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 44, no. 3, p. 83.
- Ewing, T. E., 1984, Late Paleozoic structural evolution of Permian Basin (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 68, no. 4, p. 474-475.

- Fisher, R. S., and Kreitler, C. W., 1984, Isotopic and geochemical composition of deep-basin brines, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 6, p. 509.
- Fracasso, M. A., 1984, Phases of medial Permian structural activity in the Texas Panhandle--evidence from cyclic deposits of the San Andres and Blaine Formations (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 6, p. 511.
- Goldstein, A. G., and Collins, E. W., 1984, Deformation of Permian strata overlying a zone of salt dissolution and collapse in the Texas Panhandle: Geology, v. 12, no. 5, p. 314-317.
- Gustavson, T. C., Budnik, R. T., Collins, E. W., Dutton, S. P., Hovorka, S. D., and Ruppel, S. C., 1984, Geological issues in isolating nuclear waste in the Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 44, no. 3, p. 78-79.
- Herron, M. J., and Conti, R. D., 1984, Upper Wolfcampian Brown Dolomite: thickness, porosity distribution, and reservoir potential in the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 2, p. 86.
- Hovorka, S. D., 1984, Textures formed during shallow water halite deposition--an example from Permian of Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 68, no. 4, p. 487-488.
- Hovorka, S. D., and Budnik, R. T., 1984, Normal marine - marine marginal sabkha transition, Lower Permian, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 44, no. 3, p. 86.
- Jackson, M. P. A., 1984, Centrifuge modeling of the internal structure of mushroom-shaped diapirs (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 6, p. 549.
- Johns, D. A., 1984, Structure and depositional patterns of the Late Triassic Dockum Group, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 2, p. 87.
- Kreitler, C. W., and Dutton, A. R., 1984, Hydrogeology of the Palo Duro Basin: interactions with the Ogallala Aquifer: Conference in Lubbock, Texas, entitled "Ogallala Aquifer Symposium II."
- Kreitler, C. W., and Dutton, A. R., 1984, Hydrogeology of the Palo Duro Basin: interactions with the Ogallala Aquifer (abs.): Conference in Lubbock, Texas, entitled "Ogallala Aquifer Symposium II."
- Kreitler, C. W., Dutton, A. R., Fisher, R. S., Orr, E. D., Senger, R. K., and Smith, D. A., 1984, Hydrogeochemical issues for high-level nuclear waste isolation in the Permian evaporites of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 44, no. 3, p. 79-80.

- Machenberg, M. D., 1984, Modern rates of eolian erosion and deposition on the Southern High Plains (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 2, p. 106.
- McGookey, D. A., 1984, Cenozoic epeirogenic uplift of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas, and its influence on structure, salt dissolution, and topography (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 68, no. 4, p. 505.
- McGookey, D. A., 1984, Cenozoic epeirogenic uplift of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas, and its influence on structure, salt dissolution, and topography (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 44, no. 4, p. 150.
- McGookey, D. A., Hovorka, S. D., and Kolker, A., 1984, Depositional environments and source areas of Middle and Late Permian terrigenous clastic rocks, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 2, p. 108.
- Orr, E. D., and Kreitler, C. W., 1984, Interpretation of underpressuring using pressure-depth profiles, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 68, no. 4, p. 514.
- Presley, M. W., 1984, Evolution of the Permian evaporative basin in the Texas Panhandle: Permian Basin Symposium.
- Richter, B. C., and Kreitler, C. W., 1984, Geochemical characteristics of salt springs and shallow subsurface brines in the Rolling Plains of Texas and southwest Oklahoma (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 2, p. 112.
- Richter, B. C., and Kreitler, C. W., 1984, Geochemical characteristics of salt springs and shallow subsurface brines in the Rolling Plains of Texas and southwest Oklahoma (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 44, no. 3, p. 103-104.
- Ruppel, S. C., 1984, The Chappel Formation (Mississippian) of the eastern Palo Duro Basin: development of a carbonate shoal, in Harris, P. M., ed., Carbonate sands--a core workshop: Society of Economic Paleontologists and Mineralogists Core Workshop No. 5, p. 58-93.
- Senger, R. K., and Fogg, G. E., 1984, Subnormal pressures in the Palo Duro Basin caused by regional hydrodynamic conditions (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 6, p. 650.
- Simpkins, W. W., and Gustavson, T. C., 1984, Rates of hillslope erosion and deposition at six stations on the High Plains and Rolling Plains of the Texas Panhandle, 1978-1982 (abs.): Geological Society of America, Abstracts with Programs, v. 16, no. 2, p. 256.
- Smith, D. A., 1984, Permeability variation in the Palo Duro Basin from multiple well tests (abs.): Oklahoma Geological Survey, Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 44, no. 3, p. 82.

1985

- Dutton, S. P., and Land, L. S., 1985, Meteoric burial diagenesis of Pennsylvanian arkosic sandstones, southwestern Anadarko Basin, Texas: American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 69, no. 1, p. 22-38.
- Fracasso, M. A., and Kolker, Allan, 1985, Late Permian volcanic ash beds in the Quartermaster - Dewey Lake Formations, Texas Panhandle: West Texas Geological Society Bulletin, v. 24, no. 6, p. 5-10.
- Gustavson, T. C., and Budnik, R. T., 1985, Structural influences on geomorphic processes and physiographic features, Texas Panhandle: technical issues in siting a nuclear waste repository: Geology, v. 13, p. 173-176.
- Ruppel, S. C., 1985, Facies and geochemical characterization of Mississippian rocks in Palo Duro and Hardeman Basins, Texas (abs.): American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 69, no. 2, p. 303-304.

OPEN-FILED CSRs AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

OF #	Title, Deliverable & Author	Originally Submitted to DOE	Open-Filed	Re-submitted to DOE
OF-WTWI-1984-1	A Comparison of the Depositional Environment of the San Andres Formation in the Palo Duro Basin to Recent Evaporitic Environments (332 FJ) Geochemistry (G.O) and (332 FJ) Natural Analogs (6.4) Chapman	4-27-84	5-7-84	5-25-84
OF-WTWI-1984-2 32 p \$ 3.20 + ship	Uplift, Tilting and Subsidence of the Palo Duro Basin Area (3.3.2.2 A,C,E,I) Tectonic History McGookey	5-15-84	5-15-84	5-25-84
OF-WTWI-1984-3 36 pages \$ 3.60 + ship	Salt Dissolution: Examples from Beneath the Southern High Plains (3.3.2.2 G) Geomorphic Processes and (3.3.2.2 R) Salt Dissolution Gustavson & Budnik	5-15-84	5-15-84	5-25-84
OF-WTWI-1984-4 19 p \$ 1.40 + ship	Active Stress Field in the Texas Panhandle (3.3.2.2 B) Tectonic History Budnik	5-21-84	5-21-84	5-28-84
OF-WTWI-1984-5	Status of Borehole Sealing Research and Its Application to the Palo Duro Basin (332 FI) Relationships Among Hydrogeologic Units (5.6.2) Simpkins	1-30-84	5-24-84	5-28-84
OF-WTWI-1984-6	Investigation of Underpressuring in the Deep-Basin Brine Aquifer, Palo Duro Basin, Using Pressure/Depth Profiles (332 FI) Relationships Among Hydrogeologic Units (5.6.2) Orr	1-30-84	5-23-84	5-28-84

Gustavson 8/7

OPEN-FILED CSRS AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

OF #	Title, Deliverable & Author	Originally Submitted to DOE	Open-Filed	Re-submitted to DOE
OF-WTWI-1984-7 13 p \$1.30 + ship	Potentiometric Level of the Deep-Basin Brine Aquifer, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (332 FI) Potentiometric Level (5.6.3) Smith	2-14-84	5-23-84	5-29-84
OF-WTWI-1984-8 182 pg x 10. 64 pg x 10. \$31.00 + shipping	Numerical Modeling of Regional Ground-Water Flow in the Deep-Basin Aquifers of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (332 PI) Regional Ground Water Flow System (7.2) and (332 PI) Principal Ground-Water Flow Paths (7.2) Wirojanagud, Kreitler & Smith	2-24-84	6-1-84	6-1-84
OF-WTWI-1984-9	Structural Control of Physiography, Geomorphic Processes, and Lithofacies, Texas Panhandle (332 FH) Geomorphology (3.1) and (332 FH) Physiography and Topography (3.1.1) Gustavson & Budnik	3-12-84	5-23-84	5-29-84
OF-WTWI-1984-10	Late Quaternary Paleoclimatology of the Southern High Plains of Texas -- Implications for Disposal of Nuclear Waste (332 FJ) Long-Term Climate Assessment (7.2), (332 FJ) Paleoclimatology (7.2.1) and (332 FJ) Future Climatic Variation (7.2.2) Caran & Neck	3-12-84	5-23-84	5-29-84
OF-WTWI-1984-11 42 p \$4.20 + ship	Host Rock Geochemistry of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas (332 FJ) Host Rock Geochemistry (6.1) Fisher	3-14-84	5-24-84	5-25-84

OPEN-FILED CSRS AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

OF #	Title, Deliverable & Author	Originally Submitted to DOE	Open-Filed	Re-submitted to DOE
OF-WTWI-1984-12 <i>9 p.</i> <i>\$0.70 + ship</i>	Quaternary Faulting in Southeastern Briscoe County, Texas (332 FH) Geomorphic Units (3.1.2) Baumgardner & Caran	3-21-84	5-23-84	5-29-84
OF-WTWI-1984-13	Stratigraphy of a Significant Quaternary Alluvial Sequence, Briscoe, Floyd, Hall, and Motley Counties, Texas (332 FH) Geomorphic Units (3.1.2) Caran & Baumgardner	3-21-84	5-23-84	5-29-84
OF-WTWI-1984-14	Historic Seismicity In and Around the Texas Panhandle (332 FH) Long-Term Regional Stability with Respect to Tectonic and Geologic Processes (3.5) Pennington & Davis	3-28-84	5-23-84	5-31-84
OF-WTWI-1984-15	Long-Term Rates of Denudation Based on Hypsometric Analysis of Drainage Basins and Underlying Salt Beds in the Texas Panhandle and Northeast New Mexico (332 FH) Geomorphic Processes (3.1.3) Baumgardner	4-4-84	5-31-84	5-31-84
OF-WTWI-1984-16	Modern Eolian Processes on the Southern High Plains (332 FH) Geomorphic Processes (3.1.3) Machenberg & Caran	4-4-84	5-23-84	5-31-84
OF-WTWI-1984-17	Analysis of Dust Trap Sediments Collected on the Southern High Plains (332 FH) Geomorphic Processes (3.1.3) Machenberg	4-4-84	5-23-84	5-31-84

OPEN-FILED CSRS AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

OF #	Title, Deliverable & Author	Originally Submitted to DOE	Open-Filed	Re-submitted to DOE
OF-WTWI-1984-18	Statistical Analysis of Erosion Pin Measurements: I. Description of Erosion and Deposition at Six Stations in the Texas Panhandle (332 FH) Geomorphic Processes (3.1.3) Simpkins	4-4-84	5-31-84	5-31-84
OF-WTWI-1984-19	Statistical Analysis of Erosion Pin Measurements: II. Calculation and Projection of Erosion and Deposition Rates at Six Stations in the Texas Panhandle (332 FH) Geomorphic Processes (3.1.3) Simpkins	4-4-84	5-31-84	5-31-84
OF-WTWI-1984-20	Jointing History of the Palo Duro Basin (3.3.2.2 M) Tectonic History - Jointing History Collins	6-11-84	6-11-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-22 22 p * 2.20 + ship	Geostatistical Analysis of Potentiometric Surface of the San Andres Formation, Texas Panhandle (3.3.2.4 A) Hydrogeologic Units Dutton & Orr	6-21-84	6-21-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-23 3 pgs x 10 = 30 9 ft x 15/H = 10.35 10.65 + ship.	Chemical Composition of Dockum Group Ground Water, Texas Panhandle (3.3.2.4 A) Hydrogeologic Units Dutton & Simpkins	6-21-84	6-21-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-24 8 p. * 0.80 + ship	Determination of Chemical Composition of San Andres Brine at the Zeeck No. 1 Well near Tulia, Texas (3.3.2.4 A) Hydrogeologic Units Dutton	6-21-84	6-21-84	N/A

OPEN-FILED CSRS AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

OF #	Title, Deliverable & Author	Originally Submitted to DOE	Open-Filed	Re-submitted to DOE
OF-WTWI-1984-25 <i>1 p</i>	Status Report on Identification of Discharge Areas of Deep-Basin Brine Aquifers, Hardeman Basin, Texas (332GN D) Identification of Recharge-Discharge Areas Richter, Smith & Orr	6-25-84	6-25-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-26 <i>13 p</i> <i>\$1.30 + ship</i>	Geochemical Environment of the Evaporite Aquitard and Deep-Basin Brine Aquifer, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (332GP A) Geochemical Stability Fisher	6-25-84	6-25-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1983-4 <i>30 p</i> <i>* 300 + ship</i>	Identification of Recharge-Discharge Areas of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (332 FI) Identification of Recharge-Discharge Areas (5.7.1) Senger & Richter	9-22-83	6-29-84	6-29-84
OF-WTWI-1983-5	Texas Panhandle Mineral Assessment: Summary Report (332 FH) Mineral and Hydrocarbon Resources (3.7) and (332 FH) Mineral Resources (3.7.1) Bureau of Business Research (for the Bureau of Economic Geology)	12-19-83	7-3-84	7-3-84
OF-WTWI-1983-6	Texas Panhandle Mineral Assessment: The Petroleum Industry (332 FH) Hydrocarbon Resources (3.7.2) Bureau of Business Research (for the Bureau of Economic Geology)	12-19-83	7-3-84	7-3-84

OPEN-FILED CSRS AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

<u>OF #</u>	<u>Title, Deliverable & Author</u>	<u>Originally Submitted to DOE</u>	<u>Open-Filed</u>	<u>Re-submitted to DOE</u>
OF-WTWI-1983-1	Tectonic History of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (332 FH) Tectonic History (3.3.2) Budnik	9-15-83	7-9-84	7-9-84
OF-WTWI-1983-2	Tectonic Framework of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (332 FH) Tectonic Framework (3.3.1) Budnik	9-15-83	7-9-84	7-9-84
OF-WTWI-1983-3	Fracture Studies of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (332 FH) Tectonic History (3.3.2) Collins	9-15-83	7-9-84	7-9-84
OF-WTWI-1983-9	Hydrocarbon Resources of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (3.7.2) Hydrocarbon Resources (3.9.3) Dutton	1-5-83	7-9-84	7-9-84
OF-WTWI-1983-14	Hydrocarbon Resources of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (332 FH) Hydrocarbon Resources (3.7.2) Ruppel and Dutton	12-21-83	7-9-84	7-9-84
OF-WTWI-1982-1	Hydrology of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (5.6.1) Hydrogeologic Units (5.1 & 5.1.1); (5.6.2) Relationship Among Hydrogeologic Units (5.1.2); (5.6.3) Potentiometric Level (5.1.3); (5.6.4) Hydraulic Characteristics of Principal Hydrogeologic Units (5.1.4); (5.7.1) Identification of Recharge and Discharge Areas (5.2.1); (5.7.2) Principal Ground-Water Flow Paths (5.2 & 5.2.2); and (5.7.3) Isotopic and Regional Hydrochemistry (5.2.3, 5.3.2, 6.2A, 6.2D) WTWI Staff, The Bureau of Economic Geology	10-26-82	7-18-84	7-18-84

~~70 pg x .10 = 7.00~~
 115 pg x .10 = 11.50
 28 ft x 1.15/ft = 32.30
 43.70 + ship

OPEN-FILED CSRS AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

OF #	Title, Deliverable & Author	Originally Submitted to DOE	Open-Filed	Re-submitted to DOE
OF-WTWI-1982-3	Use of Kriging to Estimate the Wolfcamp- ian and San Andres Potentiometric Surfaces, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (5.6.1) Hydrogeologic Units Smith & Orr	12-22-82	7-18-84	7-18-84
OF-WTWI-1983-8	Mineral Resources of the Palo Duro Basin and Surrounding Areas, Texas Panhandle (3.7.1) Mineral Resources (3.9); Surface Mining (3.9.1); Analysis of Resources- Determine Uranium Potential in the Ogallala Formation, Dockum Group, and Permian Rocks in the Palo Duro Basin (3.9.4E); and Host- Rock Geochemistry - Resource Investigation, Copper Sabkha Model, Uranium, Non-Metallic (6.1B) Kolker	1-5-83	7-18-84	7-18-84
OF-WTWI-1983-10	Geomorphic Processes of the Texas Panhandle (3.1.3) Geomorphic Processes (3.4.2.2) Baumgardner	1-20-83	7-18-84	7-18-84
OF-WTWI-1983-11	Surface Geology of the Palo Duro and Dalhart Basins Area, Texas (3.2.1) Surface Geology (3.5.7) Smith	1-27-83	7-18-84	7-18-84
OF-WTWI-1983-13 <i>16 p.</i> <i>\$1.60 + ship</i>	Hydrogeochemistry of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (3.3.2.5) Hydrogeochemistry (6.2) Fisher	6-28-83	7-18-84	7-18-84
OF-WTWI-1984-31 <i>2 p</i> <i>\$0.20 + ship</i>	Composition of Unit 4 Halite in Deaf Smith and Swisher Counties, Texas Panhandle Hovorka	7-23-84	7-23-84	N/A

OPEN-FILED CSRS AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

OF #	Title, Deliverable & Author	Originally Submitted to DOE	Open-Filed	Re-submitted to DOE
OF-WTWI-1984-27 <i>332GN C</i>	Preliminary Results of Porosity and Permeability of Cores from DOE Wells in the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (332GN C) Hydraulic Characteristics of Principal Hydrogeologic Units Senger, Smith & Conti	8-7-84	8-7-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-28 <i>332GN C</i>	Evaluation of the J. Friemel #1 Vertical Well Test, Deaf Smith County, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (332GN C) Hydraulic Characteristics of Principal Hydrogeologic Units Smith	8-7-84	8-7-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-32 <i>66p</i> <i>\$6.00 + ship</i>	Modeling the Effects of Regional Hydrostratigraphy and Topography on Ground-water Flow, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Technical Report Senger & Fogg	8-7-84	8-7-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-34	Analysis of Dust Trap Sediments Collected on the Southern High Plains (332 GM G) Geomorphic Processes and (332GM N) Physiography and Topography Machenberg	8-15-84	8-15-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-35	Drainage Density in Five Representative Drainage Basins, Texas Panhandle and Northeast New Mexico (332GM G) Geomorphic Processes and (332GM N) Physiography and Topography Baumgardner	8-15-84	8-15-84	N/A

OPEN-FILED CSRS AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

OF #	Title, Deliverable & Author	Originally Submitted to DOE	Open-Filed	Re-submitted to DOE
OF-WTWI-1984-29	Experimental Modeling of Diapirs: Initial Report (332HE C) Initial Report of Findings Jackson	8-17-84	8-17-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-30	Stratigraphy of the Palo Duro Basin - A Status Report (332FH D1) Stratigraphy (3.2) Ruppel and others	8-21-84	8-17-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-36 <i>22 p. \$2.20 + ship</i>	Regional and Isotopic Hydrogeochemistry: Deep-Basin Brine Aquifer, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (332GN B) Isotopic and Regional Hydrogeochemistry Fisher	8-23-84	8-22-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-37	Regression Analysis of Erosion and Deposition at Six Stations in the Texas Panhandle (332GM G) Geomorphic Processes (332GM K) Erosion Rates Simpkins	8-24-84	8-24-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-21 <i>64 pg = 6.40 50 \$ + r. 1.15 / -1 \$8.00 \$64.98 + ship</i>	Cyclicity in the Middle Permian San Andres Formation, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle Technical Report Fracasso & Hovorka	8-30-84	8-30-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-38	Potentiometric Level of the Deep-Basin Brine Aquifer - A Status Report (332GN E) Potentiometric Level Smith	9-6-84	8-28-84	N/A

OPEN-FILED CSRS AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

OF #	Title, Deliverable & Author	Originally Submitted to DOE	Open-Filed	Re-submitted to DOE
OF-WTWI-1984-39 <i>54 p figs 28.05 \$16.45 + ship</i>	Late Cenozoic Geomorphic Evolution of the Texas Panhandle and Northeastern New Mexico: Case Studies of Structural Controls of Regional Drainage Development Technical Report Gustavson & Finley	9-14-84	9-14-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-40	Saponite and Chlorite-rich Clay Assemblage in Permian Sabkha Evaporite/Red Bed Strata, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle Technical Report Palmer	9-14-84	9-14-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-41 <i>31 p \$ 3.10 + ship</i>	Chemical and Isotopic Composition of Waters from the Salina Ometepec, Baja California (332GP B) Natural Analogs Kreitler, Chapman & Knauth	9-14-84	9-14-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-43	Stratigraphic Studies of the Palo Duro Basin: An Update (1984) (332GM L) Stratigraphic Framework of the Candidate Area Ruppel, Fracasso & Johns	9-19-84	9-19-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-42 <i>57 p \$ 5.00 + ship</i>	Hydrologic Test Data, J. Friemel #1 Well, Deaf Smith County, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (332GN C) Hydraulic Characteristics of Principal Hydrogeologic Units Smith	9-21-84	9-21-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-44 <i>62 p \$ 6.00 + ship</i>	Vertical Hydraulic Conductivity, Flux, and Flow in the Deep-Basin Brine Aquifer, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (332GN F) Relationships Among Hydrogeologic Units Orr & Senger	9-21-84	9-21-84	N/A

OPEN-FILED CSRS AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

OF #	Title, Deliverable & Author	Originally Submitted to DOE	Open-Filed	Re-submitted to DOE
OF-WTWI-1984-45	Core and Sample Analysis of the Dockum Group, DOE-Gruy Federal #1 Grabbe, Swisher County, Texas Topical Report Johns & Hovorka	9-28-84	9-28-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-48 <i>15 p. \$1.50 + ship</i>	Textural and Chemical Zones in Bedded Halite, Permian Lower San Andres Formation, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (332GP D) Host-Rock Geochemistry Fisher & Hovorka	10-2-84	10-2-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-46	Potential for Petroleum Resources in the Palo Duro Basin Area, Texas Panhandle (332GM U) Mineral Resources and (332GM V) Hydrocarbon Resources Ruppel & Dutton	10-9-84	10-9-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1983-12 <i>28 p 2.00 figs 13.00 \$15.60 + ship</i>	Supplemental Report for Pressure-Depth Relationships, Potentiometric Levels, and Hydrochemistry of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Supplement to: (5.6.2) Relationships Among Hydrogeologic Units, (5.6.3) Potentiometric Level, (5.6.3.1) Potentiometric Level of the Deep-Basin Brine Aquifer, (5.7.3) Isotopic and Regional Hydrochemistry, (5.7.3.1) Isotopic and Regional Hydrochemistry of the Deep-Basin Brine Aquifer Orr, Senger, Smith & Fisher	2-28-83	10-9-84	10-9-84
OF-WTWI-1984-49	Quaternary Stratigraphy and Geologic Mapping, Western Rolling Plains of Texas (332GM F) Geomorphic Units and (332GM H) Surface Geology Caran & Baumgardner	10-11-84	10-11-84	N/A

OPEN-FILED CSRS AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

OF #	Title, Deliverable & Author	Originally Submitted to DOE	Open-Filed	Re-submitted to DOE
OF-WTWI-1984-47 53 pgs. 10 5.30 6 ft x 1.15/ft 6.40	Lower Permian (Wolfcampian) Stratigraphy and Paleogeography, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Topical Report Herron	10-18-84	10-17-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-50 1220 + ship 37.5 10 1.15/ft	Amount and Nature of Occluded Water in Bedded Salt, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Topical Report Fisher	10-29-84	10-29-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-51	Experimental Modeling of Salt Diapirs: Interim Report (332HE D) Interim Report of Conclusions Jackson	10-31-84	10-31-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-33	Porosity Distribution Trends in Wolfcamp Strata of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle--Implications for Ground-Water Flow through Lower Permian and Deep-Basin Aquifers Topical Report Conti & Wirojanagud	11-5-84	11-5-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-52	Hydrology of an Evaporite Aquitard: Permian Evaporite Strata, Palo Duro Basin, Texas (332GP) Hydrogeochemistry Kreitler, Fisher, Senger, Hovorka & Dutton	11-15-84	11-15-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-55	Structural Geology and Tectonic History of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle (332GM) D. Tectonic History - Faulting History; O. Tectonic Framework; Q. Tectonic History - Folding History; S. Faulting History - Overview of Faulting; and T. Tectonic History - Long-Term Regional Stability with Respect to Tectonic and Geologic Processes	12-21-84	12-21-84	N/A

OPEN-FILED CSRs AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

OF #	Title, Deliverable & Author	Originally Submitted to DOE	Open-Filed	Re-submitted to DOE
OF-WTWI-1984-54 * 160 + ship	Hydrodynamic Development of the Palo Duro Basin and Other Mechanisms Creating Possible Transient Flow Conditions (332GN G) Principal Ground-Water flow Paths Senger	1-18-85	12-18-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1984-53	Reconstruction of the Late Quaternary Paleoclimate of Northwestern Texas -- Progress Report, 1984 (332GM J) Paleoclimatology Caran	1-28-85	12-19-84	N/A
OF-WTWI-1985-1 16 p. * 160 + ship	Radiocarbon Age of Quarternary Deposits, Western Rolling Plains of Texas (332GM A.) Milestone Report Caran and Baumgardner	1-30-85	1-30-85	N/A
OF-WTWI-1985-2	Hydrogeology and Hydrochemical Facies of the San Andres Formation in Eastern New Mexico, West-Central Texas, and the Texas Panhandle Topical Report Dutton and Orr	2-6-85	2-6-85	N/A
OF-WTWI-1985-3	Hydrologic Testing in the Salt-Dissolution Zone of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle Topical Report Dutton and others	2-13-85	2-13-85	N/A
OF-WTWI-1985-4	Evaluation of Numerical Codes for Fracture Flow Modeling (332GN A.) Milestone Report Senger	2-22-85	2-22-85	N/A

BUREAU OF ECONOMIC GEOLOGY

OPEN-FILED REPORTS

OF #	Title, Report Type, Author	Date Submitted to DOE	Date Open-Filed
OF-WTWI-1985-5	Initial Results of the Wolfcamp Pilot Study (332GP A.) Milestone Report Posey, Fisher and Tweedy	2/28/85	2/28/85
OF-WTWI-1985-7 31 pgs x .10 = 3.10 11 ft x 1.15/ft = 12.65 615.75 + ship	Structure Control of the Development of the Canadian River Valley, Texas Panhandle: An Example of Regional Salt Dissolution and Sub- sidence (332GM B.) Milestone Report Gustavson	3/7/85	3/7/85
OF-WTWI-1985-8	Summary Well Report Supplements (No. 1 Rex White, No. 1 Grabbe, No. 1 Sawyer, No. 1 Mansfield, No. 1 J. Friemel, No. 1 G. Friemel, No. 1 Detten, No. 1 Harman, No. 1 Zeeck, No. 1 Woods-Holtzclaw) (332FG H) Milestone Report WTWI Staff	3/8/85	3/8/85
OF-WTWI-1985-6	The Pre-Pennsylvanian of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle: Stratigraphy and Petroleum Potential Topical Report Ruppel	3/11/85	3/11/85
OF-WTWI-1985-9 171 pgs x .10 = 17.10 57 ft x 1.15/ft = 65.55 82.65	Stratigraphy of Bedded Halite in the Permian San Andres Formation, Units 4 and 5, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Topical Report Hovorka, Luneau and Thomas	4/3/85	4/3/85

BUREAU OF ECONOMIC GEOLOGY

OPEN-FILED REPORTS

<u>OF #</u>	<u>Title, Report Type, Author</u>	<u>Date Submitted to DOE</u>	<u>Date Open-Filed</u>
OF-WTWI-1984-8 Revision 1	Numerical Modeling of Regional Ground-Water Flow in the Deep-Brine Aquifers of the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle Topical Report Wirojanagud, Kreitler, and Smith	4-18-85	4-18-85
OF-WTWI-1985-10	The Internal Structure of Model and Natural Salt Domes - Experimental Modeling of Salt Diapirs: Final Report (332HE E) Final Report of Conclusions CSR Jackson and Talbot	4-23-85	4-23-85
OF-WTWI-1984-33 Revision 1	Wolfcampian Series Porosity Distribution: Implications for Deep-Basin Ground-Water Flow in the Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle Topical Report FY85 Milestone (332GN, Subtask V, B) Conti, Senger, Wirojanagud, Herron	5-20-85	5-20-85
OF-WTWI-1984-21 Revision 1	Cyclicity in the Middle Permian San Andres Formation, Palo Duro Basin, Texas Panhandle Topical Report FY85 Milestone (332GP, Subtask II, A, Fracasso and Hovorka	6-20-85	6-20-85
OF-WTWI-1983-3 Revision 1	Fracture Analyses of the Palo Duro Basin Area, Texas Panhandle and Eastern New Mexico Topical Report Collins and Luneau	7-29-85	7-29-85

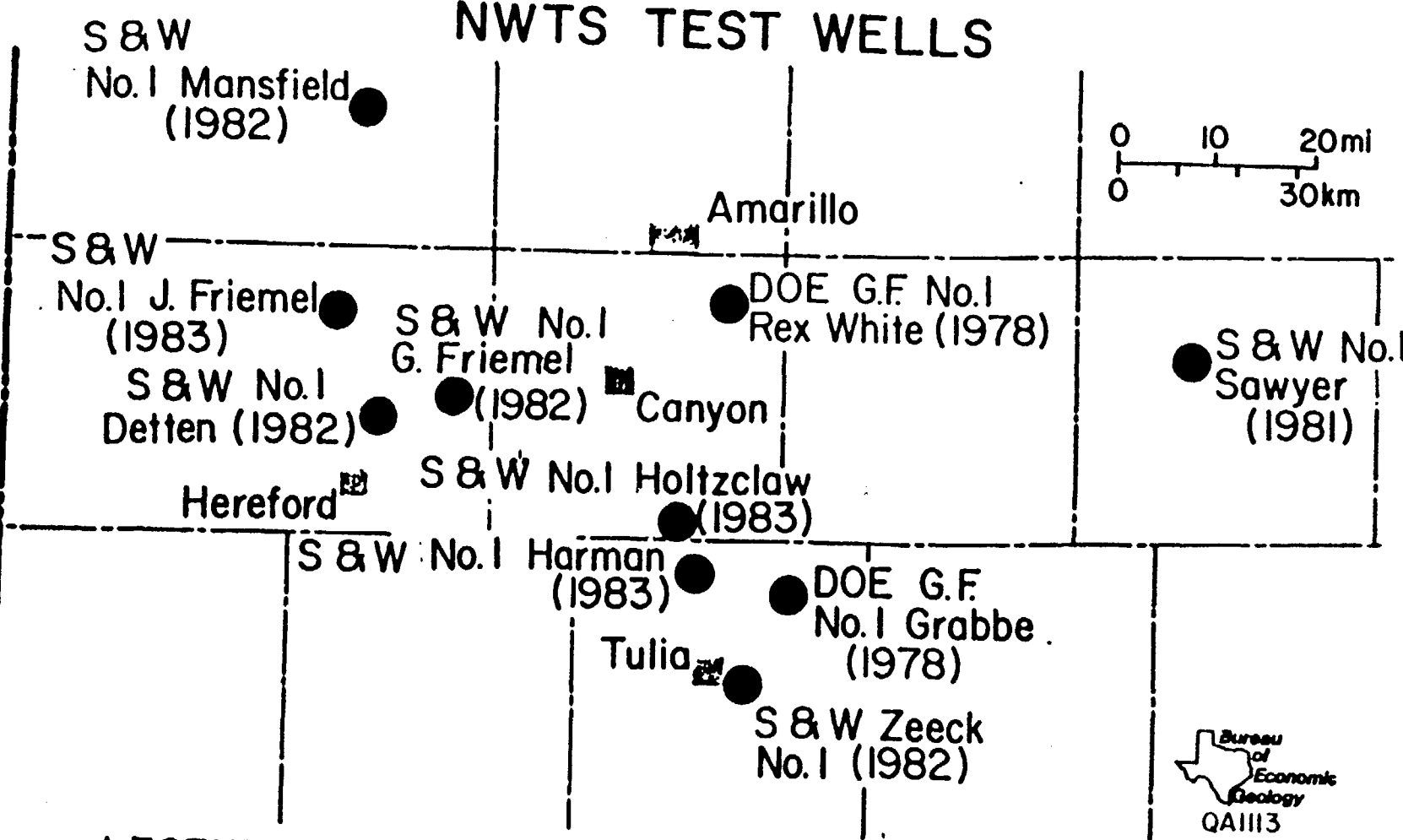
The Bureau of Economic Geology
The University of Texas at Austin

Status of Reports in Hydrology-Geochemistry,
West Texas Waste Isolation

1. Modeling of hypothetical fracture flow, Palo Duro Basin, (Senger) in BEG review
2. Cross-sectional modeling of steady-state and transient ground water flow in the Palo Duro Basin, (Senger) In BEG review
3. Areal modeling of ground-water flow in the Deep-Basin Brine Aquifers, Palo Duro Basin, (Wirojanagud) In DOE review
4. Hydrogeology of Deep-Basin Brine aquifer, (Smith) In BEG review
5. Geochemistry of Deep-Basin Brines, (Fisher) completed this fall
6. Pressure/Depth relationships within Deep-Basin Brine aquifer, (Orr) published, in press
7. Geochemistry of the Wolfcamp, (Posey) completed this fall
8. Permeability from core analysis, (Senger) ongoing
9. Geochemistry of San Andres Halite, (Br chemistry, water content)(Fisher) responding to DOE comments
10. Clay mineralogy in the evaporite strata (Palmer report, in TBEG review), (Fisher, completed this fall)
11. Hydrogeology of the San Andres Carbonates, (Dutton) DOE review
12. Hydrogeology of dissolution zone, Sawyer and Mansfield wells (Dutton) BEG Open-File Report
13. Hydrogeology of the Dockum aquifer, (Dutton) in TBEG review
14. Hydrogeology of the Ogallala aquifer, (Nativ) first year status report in TBEG review

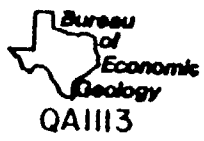
Harveea handouts

NWTS TEST WELLS



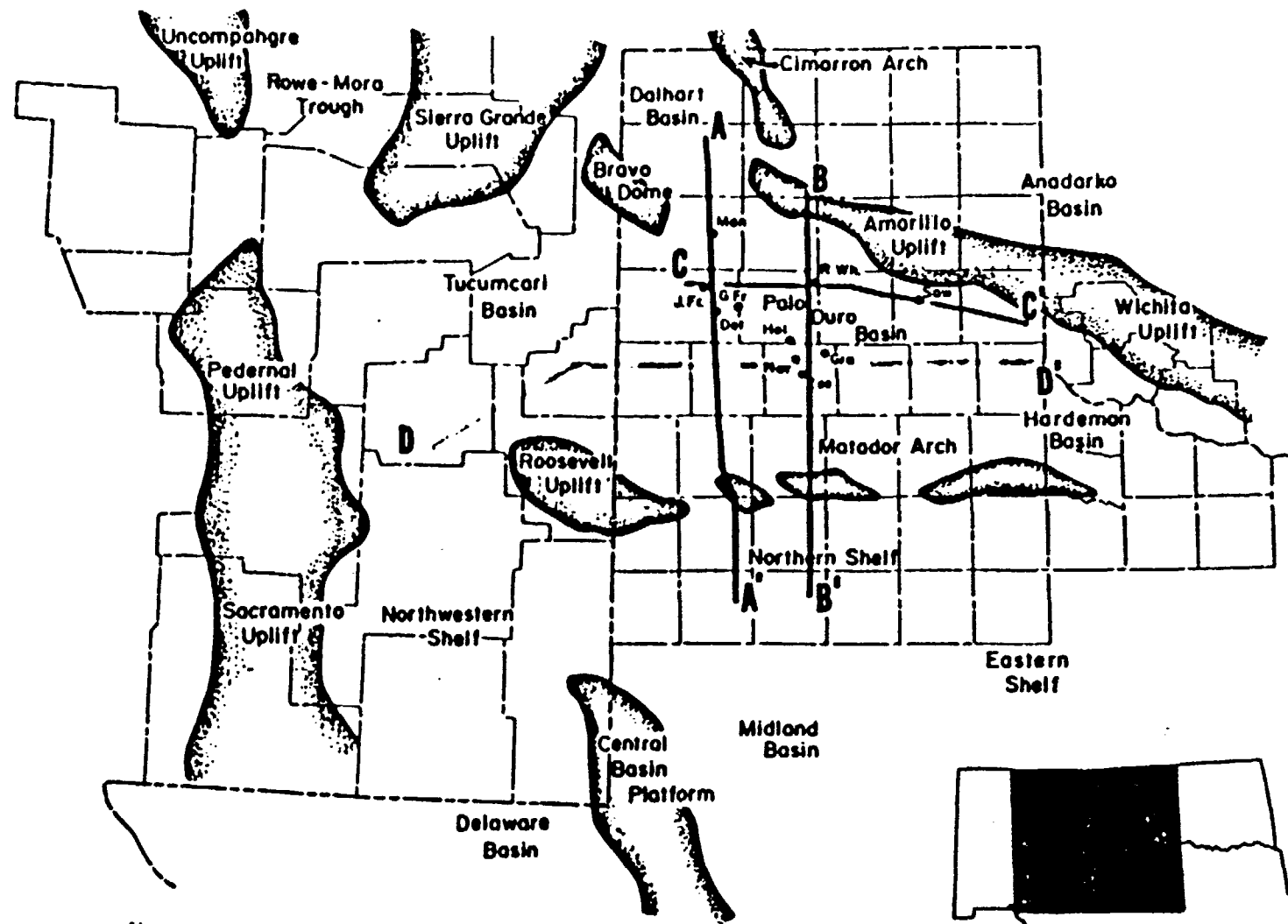
LEGEND

● NWTS Program test wells



CORES INTERVALS

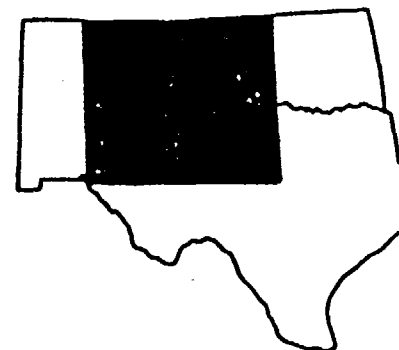
FORMATION	MANFIELD	J FRIEMEL	DETTEN	G FRIEMEL	WOODS-HOLTCLAW	HARMON	ZECK	GRABBE	REX WHITE	SAWYER
OGALLALA		391						30		
DOCKUM	45									
DEWEY LAKE					1230					
ALIBATES						1121	1225			
SALADO-TANSILL	25'		1129		26	55	1115	25'		
YATES				1111						90'
UPPER SEVEN RIVERS		1464'	1422	1512	1399	1302				160'
LOWER SEVEN RIVERS										160'
QUEEN-SBAYBURG	42'	124		1721		1901	225			25'
UPPER SAN ANDRES	25'		1295							25'
MIDDLE SAN ANDRES	1220'				2307					
LOWER SAN ANDRES UNIT 5										20'
UNIT 4										
UNIT 3		2710'	2817'	2690'	2934'					
UNIT 2						3049'				
GLORIETA							3102'			
UPPER CLEAR FORK										20'
TURB										20'
LOWER CLEAR FORK								4210'		
RED CAVE	2340 4026								3991'	
NICHITA	4123 4393	5519					5109			
WOLF CAMP	4995	6030					1372 7319			3833'
PENNSYLVANIAN										
Total	10662'	4139'	2550'	2884'	215'	2777'	2024'	2422'	2961'	3559'



AM • DOE cored well

X X' Line of cross section

0 50 mi
0 60 km



			Palo Duro Basin	Dalhart Basin	General Lithology and depositional setting	
SYSTEM	SERIES	GROUP	FORMATION	FORMATION		
QUATERNARY	HOLOCENE		alluvium, dune sand Playa	alluvium, dune sand Playa		
	PLEISTOCENE		Yahara "cover sands" Tule Blanca	"cover sands"	Lacustrine clastics and windblown deposits	
TERTIARY	NEOGENE		Ogallala	Ogallala	Fluvial and lacustrine clastics	
CRETACEOUS			undifferentiated	undifferentiated	Marine shales and limestone	
TRIASSIC		DOCKUM			Fluvial-deltaic and lacustrine clastics	
PERMIAN	OCHOA		Dewey Lake	Dewey Lake	Cyclic sequences: shallow-marine carbonates; hypersaline-shelf anhydrite, halite; continental red beds	
			Alibates	Alibates		
	GUADALUPE	ARTESIA		Salado/Tansill		Artesia Group undifferentiated
				Yates		
				Seven Rivers		
				Queen/Grayburg		
				San Andres		Blaine
	LEONARD	CLEAR FORK		Glorieta		Glorieta
				Upper Clear Fork		Clear Fork
				Tubb		undifferentiated Tubb-Wichita Red Beds
				Lower Clear Fork		
				Red Cave		
		WICHITA				
	WOLF CAMP					
PENNSYLVANIAN			?	?	Shelf and shelf-margin carbonate, basinal shale, and deltaic sandstone	
	VIRGIL	CISCO				
	MISSOURI	CANYON				
	DES MOINES	STRAWN				
	ATOKA	BEND				
MORROW						
MISSISSIPPIAN	CHESTER				Shelf carbonate and chert	
	MERAMEC					
	OSAGE					
ORDOVICIAN		ELLENBURGER			Shelf dolomite	
CAMBRIAN ?					Shallow marine (?) sandstone	
PRECAMBRIAN					igneous and metamorphic	

TYPICAL SAN ANDRES CYCLE

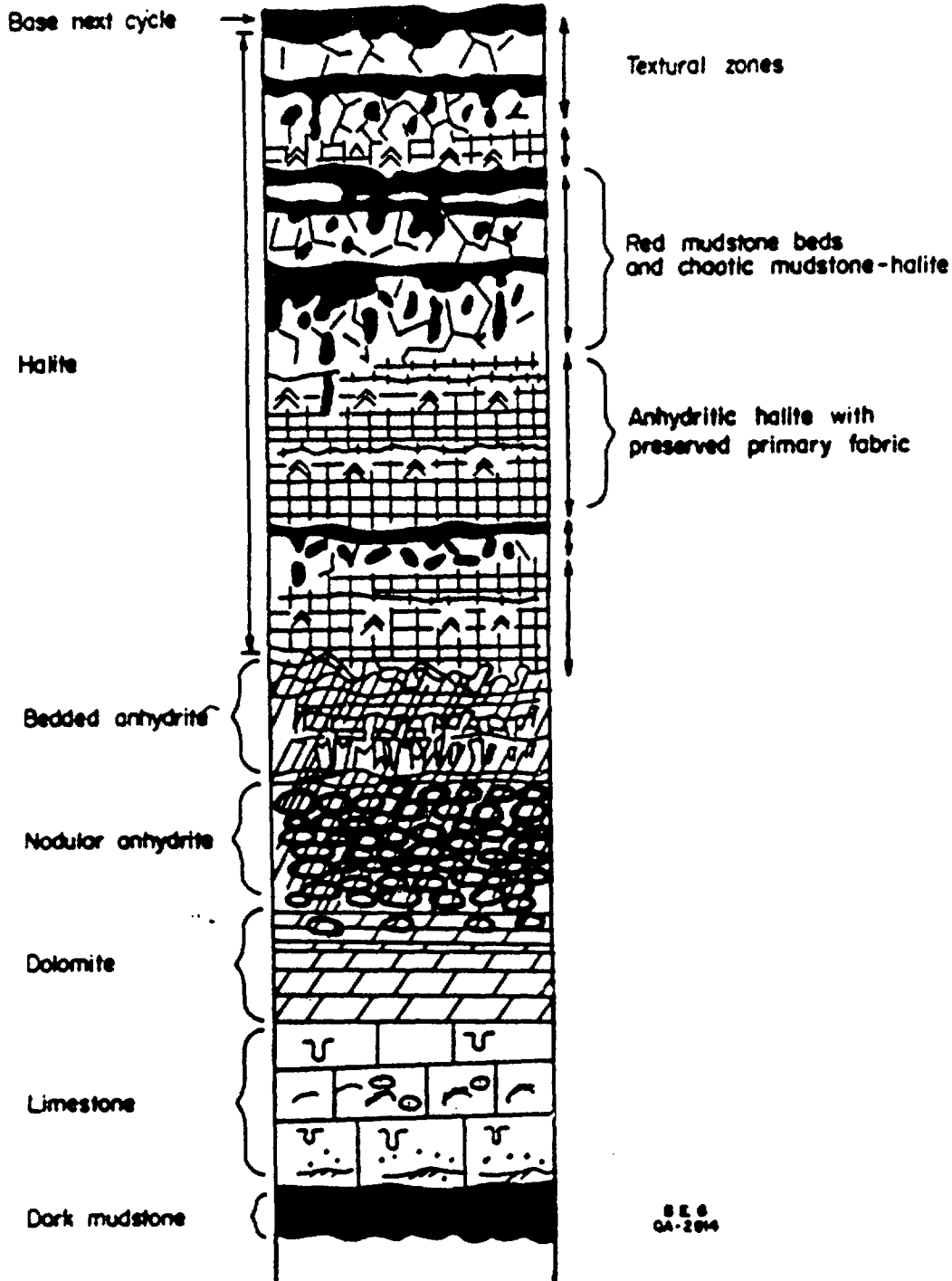
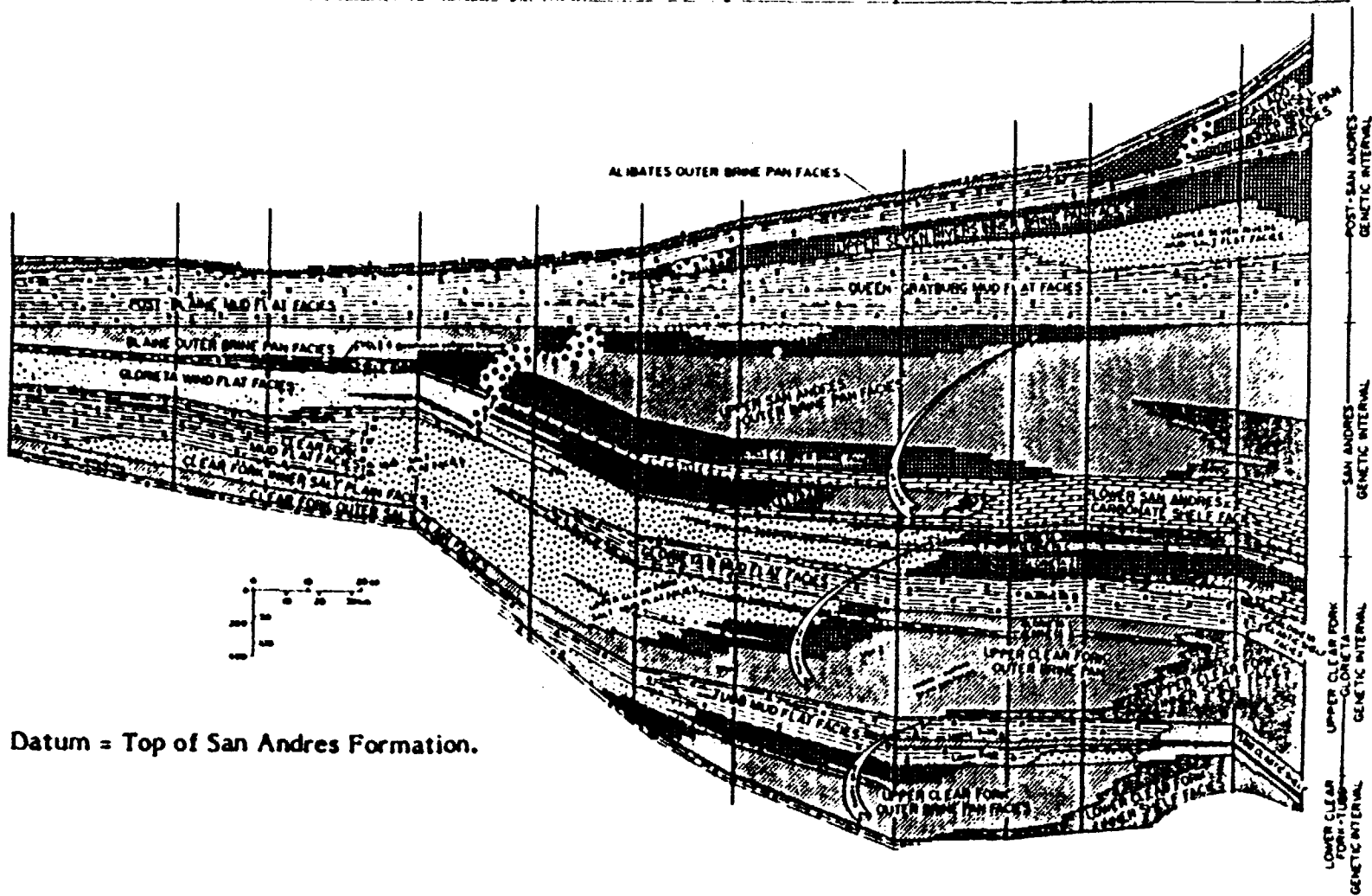


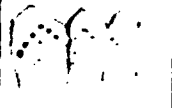
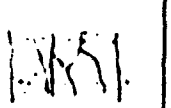


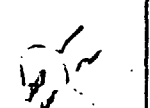
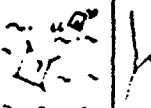


figure 2

NORTH		DALHART BASIN		AMARILLO UPLIFT		PALO DURO BASIN		MATADOR ARCH		SOUTH		
TEXAS	OKLA TEXAS	SHERMAN		HARTLEY		OLDHAM		DEAF SMITH	CASTRO	LAMB	HOCKLEY	
10		31	39	33		5	45	2	13	1	92	8



Datum = Top of San Andrés Formation.

Table 3 Textural classification of halite with genetic significance.

Symbol	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
halite type	chevron halite rock	color banded/vertically oriented halite rock	C reserved for another primary fabric not yet recognized	chaotic mudstone-halite rock	expansive muddy halite rock	equant anhydritic halite rock	displacive halite in other sediments	halite cavity-filling cement	fibrous fracture-filling halite cement
halite crystal size	0.5-5 cm tall	0.5-5 cm tall		0.3 to 1 cm	1-5 cm	1-5 cm	0.5-3 cm	1 to 20+ cm	.3 to 1 cm
halite crystal shape	subvertical mosaic; L:W= 3:2 to 4:1	subvertical mosaic; L:W= 3:2 to 4:1		equant anhedral to euhedral crystals	equant mosaic	equant mosaic	euhedral cubes or hopper shapes	equant mosaic	fibrous
impurities	composition	anhydrite common; mudstone possible		mudstone, minor anhydrite	mudstone, minor anhydrite	anhydrite	mudstone; also dolomite, anhydrite	cavity filling halite is clean but is associated with mudstone and anhydrite insoluble residues	trace of hematite present as coloring agent, otherwise pure halite
	location	18-5%		12-5%	10-50%	1-10%	1-25%		
	location	anhydrite on grain boundaries, partings, mudstone only in pipe fills		within and between grains, along partings, in pipes	in masses between halite crystals, some also within grains	within grains, minor between grains	along partings, grain boundaries	matrix for halite	
fluid inclusions	abundant, small define relict growth faces	varied		few	varied	varied	few	large and abundant	?
associated with halite types	F along crystal boundaries and pipes, H and/or D in pipes	F & E, H and/or D in pipes		mudstone beds typically includes remnant B halite	may contain remnant A, B, possible H	may contain remnant A, B possible H	non-halite rocks	all halite types	in non-halite rocks
identifying characteristics	minute fluid inclusions along relict halite growth faces	bedding and/or vertical orientation of crystals	10-50% mudstone in inter-crystalline masses, chaotic texture	halite colored red brown or black by 1-10% impurities, no bedding	halite with 1-25% anhydrite, no bedding	euhedral to sub-hedral halite crystals in sediments	exceptionally coarse clear crystals, fill cavity in other salt type	fibrous halite in fracture, many examples red colored	
sketch									

Key to detailed logs, San Andres units 4 and 5 halite

Column 1 Depths in feet below kelly bushing

PC indicates point count of 100 points over 1 foot interval of slabbed core to check estimated percent lithology.

+ and * indicate sampled interval, core not available during detailed logging and checking.













* indicates sample logged by BEG and a detailed description available in BEG files.

+ indicates sample logged, but no detailed description.

Intervals sampled before BEG logging are labeled as "sampled" in column 2

Column 2 Estimated percent lithology

Mineral Composition

	Porosity
	Potash Salt
	Halite
	Anhydrite
	Gypsum
	Dolostone
	Limestone
	Chert
	Sandstone
	Siltstone
	Mudstone
	Claystone

Carbonate Components

G	Grainstone
P	Packstone
W	Wackestone
M	Mudstone








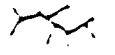
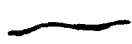
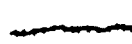
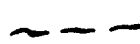
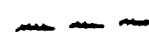

Carbonate Components (continued)

- o oolites or coated grains
- intraclasts
- 6 fossiliferous (general)
- ~ molluscs
- o crinoids
- ⊖ forams
- ⊖ brachiopods
- A phylloid algae
- ⊖ coral

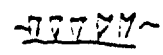


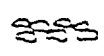

Column 3 Structures

Sketch of structures in left half of column; interbeds of one lithology in another extend 3/4 of column width; boundaries between lithologies drawn across entire column width.


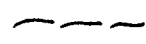

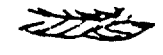
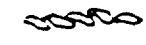

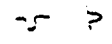

Halite

-  chevrons
-  vertically oriented crystals
-  dark bands
-  pipe, pits (show residue at bottom)
-  anhydrite
-  chaotic mud salt
-  recrystallized halite
-  exceptionally coarse halite
-  mudstone interbed
-  anhydrite interbed
-  discontinuous mudstone interbed
-  discontinuous anhydrite interbed
-  nonhorizontal bedding

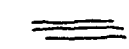
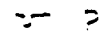




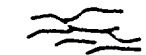
Anhydrite

-  gypsum pseudomorphs
-  bedding (schematic)
-  contorted bedding
-  nodular
-  *

Carbonates













-  bedding, scour surface
-  wispy lamination
-  ripple lamination
-  cross beds
-  intraclasts
-  coarse grainstone
-  burrows
-  stylolites

Clastics

-  lamination
-  burrows
-  ripple lamination
-  disturbed intraclastic fabric
-  more disturbed
-  cross bedding
-  dissipation structures

Column 3 Structures (continued)

General

	boudinage
	mudcracks
	clasts
	faulting
	fractures
	birdseye-fabric
	contorted alminae.
	displacive halite hoppers
	skeletal displacive halite
	filled fracture
	nodules (note composition)
	crystallographic anhydrite in other lithologies

Column 4 Comments

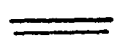



A. At left edge letters A through F indicate halite rock types.

Halite Types

- A bedded halite with chevron fluid inclusions
- B bedded halite with vertically oriented crystals
- D chaotic mudsail
- E recrystallized muddy halite
- F recrystallized halite with interstitial anhydrite
- G displacive halite in sediment
- H coarse recrystallized cavity fill halite
- I fibrous fracture fill

See table and text for description of halite classification.

8. Location, irregularity and estimated continuity of mudstone and anhydrite interbeds in halite.

 mudstone
 anhydrite
 irregular base, flat top
 discontinuous beds

C. Comments on interbeds

M indicates mudstone

A indicates anhydrite

z indicates siltstone

bed thickness shown

5A indicates 5 anhydrite interbeds too closely spaced to show individually, estimated percent impurities shown.

WELL #1 GRABBE
INTERVAL 0 100

COUNTY SWITZER

DATE 5/95

01040101

LOGGED BY DAJ

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
0			caliche nodules up to 3cm sharp color change		
10			carbonization tubular		
20			caliche nodules abundant rock breaks with MnO ₂	30'	Base mud 00 (100 4/6), muddy and fine gr. no calc. cement. Contains with Mn ₂ O ₃ coating sides, calc. nodules, calc. nodules and some 4-way. Caliche mud overlain by (from 20-32) and Top B (100 4/6) fine mud on the calc. cement with nodules which fine upward into mudstone with a silted sandstone (the calc. cement present) overlain by (from 1 to 0') and B (100 4/6) calc. cemented siltstone with calc. mud.
30			thin calcite cement in cement		
40			aluminum oxide sharp color change sand brought up in tubular casing	69'	Lt B (100 4/6), calc. cemented, fine-gr. fine ss with silt and sand grains. Contains with Mn (manganese?) nodules around some sand grains.
50				5'	Lt B (100 4/6) fine mud ss (no calc. cement) with silt and sand grains. Fine mud overlain by Pt-Co (100 8/1) fine mud on silt. B bottom of sand trace.
60				10'	
70				5'	Lt B (100 4/6) mud ss (no calc. cement) with silt and sand grains. Fine mud overlain by Pt-Co (100 8/1) calc. cemented fine mud ss.
80				4'	
90				5'	Op-Drop-Pt (100 8/1) fine ss with silt and grains, apparent shaly shale fine and silt calc. mud or calcite mud with sand grains.
100				6'	
110				15'	Op-Pt (100 8/1), poorly sorted, calc. cemented, a fine ss with silt. Because it is sorted and fine ss and grains, becomes slightly less silt. Calc. cement changes to Lt B (100 4/6) at 11' (probably due to production to keep than anything else).

logged by DAJ date 5/95
 checked by _____ date _____
 transcribed by Lu date 5/95
 updated _____ date _____
 updated _____ date _____

WELL #1 GRABRE
INTERVAL 100 190

COUNTY SWISHER

DATE 2/85

OGALLALA

LOGGED BY DAJ

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
100	CORE NOT RECOVERED				
110	RECOVERED				
120	CORE NOT RECOVERED		3.5 cm to fragment	5'	Gr-Orng Ph (598 723) calc cemented ss, large (1.5 cm) rounded sh to frag at top with zone of calcification surrounding it.
130	CORE NOT RECOVERED			24'	
140					
150					Base of calcite and sand with well bottom overlain by Gr-Orng Ph (598 723) ss with opal-filled frags, shaly calc nodule (up to 8 cm), better sorted upward.
160			check notes handbook call to middle upper section calc nodules fragments	21	
170			calc nodule fragments	6'	11 B (598 574) ss with about 20% fine to med sh (better sorted); overlain by 11 A (598 843), a green, calcitic, fine to med ss, a little bedding preserved, somewhat well sorted but shaly; overlain by 11 C (598 574) ss with about 20% fine to med sh (better sorted), better sorted upward, well bottom at about 170'
180			calc nodule fragments	14'	
190			handbook upper section		

logged by DAJ date _____
 checked by _____ date _____
 transcribed by DAJ date 1/85
 updated _____ date _____
 updated _____ date _____

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	F.M.K.	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
420-425	CORE MISSING				
425-430			sh. nodules massive silt. m. micaceous zone	45	Going up section: (1) gray green silty mud, (2) fine red brown silt mud (fine little silt) with calcareous micaceous nodules, (3) gray green silt mud with calcareous micaceous nodules, and reduction spots, (4) dark red brown massive siltstone with features and reduction spots, (5) dark red brown massive fine sandstone with features, reduction spots and calcareous nodules.
430-435			fine silty mud with structures massive silt. m. parallel laminae	46	
435-440			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	47	Gray green calcareous, micaceous, ripple laminated very fine sandstone with ripple laminations fine sandstone with fine sandstone, micaceous calcareous nodules and fine siltstone fragments.
440-445			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	48	
445-450			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	49	Gray green calcareous, micaceous ripple laminated very fine sandstone grading upward into red brown parallel laminated siltstone.
450-455			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	50	
455-460			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	51	Gray-green ripple laminated to parallel laminated very fine to fine sandstone capped by red brown parallel laminated siltstone. Nodules of calcareous nodules with ripples continuing through them. Micaceous
460-465			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	52	
465-470			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	53	Gray-green ripple laminated fine sandstone beginning with interbedded mud and fine sandstone at the base which grades up into fine sandstone with mud drapes. Unit is capped by a siltstone.
470-475			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	54	
475-480			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	55	Going up section: (1) gray-green calcareous, micaceous, massive to parallel laminated fine sandstone, (2) flat mud siltstone (no flow) conglomerate, stratified, flutes upward at top, with silt fragments, (3) a fine upward sequence of parallel to ripple and climbing ripple laminated siltstone and fine sandstone capped by massive to parallel laminated gray mudstone.
480-485			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	56	
485-490			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	57	Gray-green finely ripple laminated siltstone with well developed flutes and scour and collapse features with some deformation of stratified clasts in collapse. No siltstone cement.
490-495			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	58	
495-500			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	59	Gray-green calcareous, micaceous, massive to parallel laminated fine sandstone with flat pebbles (small pebbles) (massive to laminated) conglomerate consists of calcareous silt, and mud cement. Some clasts to be inversely graded (conglomerate upward at top) (20" - 18") and flutes upward at top. These are siltstone, micaceous and stratified sandstone. Sandstone is very micaceous with calcareous nodules.
500-505			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	60	
505-510			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	61	
510-515			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	62	
515-520			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	63	
520-525			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	64	
525-530			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	65	
530-535			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	66	
535-540			climbing ripples siltstone with nodules	67	

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (N)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
540			Climbing ripple high angle ripple low angle ripples		Going up section (1) stratified calcareous granule and pebble coarse grate with laminae, (2) coarse to medium sandstone (3) ripple laminated siltstone with abundant mica and mud laminae, (4) parallel laminated siltstone with mud and other colored material along bedding planes, (5) small ripple laminated siltstone, (6) fine ripple laminated silt- stone, (7) calcite and mud chert conglomerate (8) climbing ripple fine sandstone/siltstone with mud clasts, (9) climbing ripple laminated siltstone. All calcite cemented and micaceous. Color grades from white at base to tan and red brown at top
545			fine silt laminae large ripples small ripple ripples climbing ripple prominent mud laminae matrix and clay ripple and press. of low angle trough cleat blocks of calcite clasts climbing ripples calcite climbing ripples low angle ripples low angle ripples		Gray-green to tan brown medium sandstone with all the beds and drapes at base grades upward into parallel laminated (possibly low angle trough cross-bed) sandstone at top. Sandstone is cemented by a thin mud bed (0.1')
550			possible ripple and vertical sandstone climbing ripples matrix and clay fine horizontal laminae in matrix in between also parallel sheared and mud 4 beds matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Going up section (1) parallel laminated and very fine angle ripple fine sandstone, (2) climbing ripple laminated very fine sandstone with trapez at depth 548, (3) low-angle ripple and climbing ripple with coarse and increasing silt content upwardly, (4) ripple laminated mudstone and siltstone at top. (5) fine unit is very micaceous and lighter. Color grades upwards from gray green at base to tan green at top
555			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		A basal tan lignified, micaceous, light gray sandstone with abundant plant fragments (at base) and scattered mud clasts upwards to 3.5' interbedded coarse sandstone and silt with plant upwards to 3.5' of green climbing ripples with which green sands in a brown finely parallel laminated siltstone with possible and burnon
560			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		A traditional upward fining sequence beginning with (1) a basal white tan calcareous pebbles conglomerate with fine sandstone matrix, (2) stratified granules and pebbles and fine sandstone (3) nonstratified conglomerate with fine sandstone lenses (4) matrix supported mudstone conglomerate parallel laminated, micaceous, light gray sandstone with beds and injection features (5) finely laminated siltstone Mudstone conglomerate pebbles are all irregular, larger ones are flat and smaller ones are rounded to elongate. The mudstone has certain cracks with sparse calcite filling and one amount has coarse and calcified pebbles
565			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Going up section (1) tan calcareous pebbles and fine sandstone with mud clasts and drapes, (2) ripple grayish-green siltstone, (3) fine sandstone, (4) dark brown mudstone, (5) grayish-green, red, reddish brown sandstone and silt with load features and clay clasts, (6) dark brown pebbles laminated to structureless mudstone with calcite clasts, (7) grayish green mud sandstone with load casts and bedding mudstone, (8) dark brown parallel to structureless mudstone with calcite clasts, (9) tan green sandstone with upward tapering with drapes, (10) light brown (11) grayish green, red, basal medium sandstone
570			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Going up section (1) fine sandstone with mica and calcite clasts, (2) dark brown sandstone with calcite clasts, (3) coarse micaceous sandstone conglomerate, (4) ripple fine green medium sandstone
575			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Very green mudstone (1) fine sandstone with mica and calcite clasts, (2) dark brown mudstone with calcite clasts, (3) dark brown bedding planes and calcite clasts, (4) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
580			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
585			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Very green mudstone (1) fine sandstone with mica and calcite clasts, (2) dark brown mudstone with calcite clasts, (3) dark brown bedding planes and calcite clasts, (4) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
590			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
595			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
600			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
605			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
610			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
615			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
620			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
625			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
630			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
635			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
640			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
645			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
650			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
655			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone
660			horizontal mud sandstone of fine beds of clay fine sandstone low angle trough cleat matrix supported, stratified and claystone		Dark brownish gray mud fine green sandstone with mica and calcite clasts. Very brown and red clasts, (1) dark brown pebbles matrix supported, stratified, and claystone

Logged by
 Checked
 Transcribed by
 Updated 1/79
 Updated

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
660					
680					
700					
720					
740					
760					
780					
800					
820					
840					
860					
880					
900					
920					
940					
960					
980					
1000					

LOG NOT RECOVERED

structures are easily seen

large mud clast
sandstone fragments
No mud clasts (5 in)

structures are easily seen

Reddish green mudstone
Mudstone with some bedding
bedding plane

bedding plane
bedding plane
bedding plane

bedding plane
bedding plane
bedding plane

bedding plane
bedding plane
bedding plane

bedding plane
bedding plane
bedding plane

Brown silty, coarse to medium sandstone with generally large scale structures. Contains probable cross bedding and parallel laminae. 2 zones of coarse sandstone with mud clasts and flattened organic sandstone is locally present. Grains are subangular and base of unit is poorly sorted. Laminar irregular orientation with some grains present, but some shell fragments.

Red brown to gray green medium to siltystone with large and small scale disrupted bedding planes. Bedding planes are generally fine and scale grades into small scale with some parallel laminae and some laminae seen in places fine grained. Several thin fine grained layers are present increasing in number upward. They generally have coarse well rounded sand at the base which fines upward. Bedding is well

dark to gray green coarse to medium sandstone at base grades upward to fine grained very fine sandstone (partly with grains) to fine and parallel laminated very fine sandstone to siltystone with some bedding by mudstone.

Red brown to gray green medium to siltystone with large and small scale disrupted bedding planes at base grades upward to fine grained siltystone with abundant fine grained laminae and some structures. Bed contains reduction zones and some thin layers with probable cross bedding and flattened mud clasts and mudstone.

Red brown to gray green medium to siltystone with large and small scale disrupted bedding planes at base grades upward to fine grained siltystone with abundant fine grained laminae and some structures. Bed contains reduction zones and some thin layers with probable cross bedding and flattened mud clasts and mudstone.

logged by
checked by
verified by
checked by
operator

WELL #1 GRABBE
INTERVAL 770 - 900

COUNTY SWISHEP

DATE 3/79

DEWEY LAKE

LOGGED BY WPS, R.A.M., C.S., S.H.

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (N)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACT	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
770					
780					
790					
800			small, scattered, irregular climbing, 1' up to disrupted bedding		stacked channel sequence
810			climbing, 1' up to hard casts clay lenses		
820			disrupted, initially laminated beds		
830			clay chip conglomerate bimodal ss		channels
840			disrupted		
850			hard casts		
860			disrupted		
870			small scale, and irregular climbing, 1' up to, and disrupted		
880			climbing, 1' up to		
890			small scale, irregular climbing, 1' up to, and disrupted		
900			disrupted		
910			climbing, 1' up to		
920			climbing, 1' up to		
930			climbing, 1' up to		
940			climbing, 1' up to		
950			climbing, 1' up to		
960			climbing, 1' up to		
970			climbing, 1' up to		
980			climbing, 1' up to		
990			climbing, 1' up to		
1000			climbing, 1' up to		

Logged by WPS, R.A.M., C.S., S.H. date 3/79
 the top _____ date _____
 transferred by C.S. date 3/79
 updated by _____ date 3/82
 updated _____ date _____

WELL #1 GRABBE

COUNTY SWISHER

DATE 5-29

INTERVAL 900-1000 DEWEY LAKE, ALIBATES, SALADO - LOGGED BY R.A.M., P.E., JR.

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (N)	Structures	COMMENTS	DEPTH	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
900					
910			climbing shales		
920			ash bed - black		
930					
940			retired peak in bed		
950			grey/blue greenish shales containing laminae below - shales with red dolerite - not thin columns		
960			pyroclastic ash bed		
970					
980			all dolerite - coarse pyroclastic ash interbedded with shales		
990					
1000					

DEWEY LAKE

ALIBATES

SALADO

Dolerite
 contains
 ash
 pyroclastic
 material
 found in
 overall
 dolerite
 bed

Logged by R.A.M. P.E., JR. date 5-29
 checked _____ date _____
 transcribed by R.A.M. date 5-29-58
 updated R.A.M. date 5-29
 updated _____ date _____

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (N)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
1000			1 AMM intracrystals "comb-like" in thin section		
1010			dissected originally well sorted diagonal bedding, salt and shear contacted from south KAM layer		
1020			disturbed bedding		
1030			red color, with some dark carbon real salt and deformation, microfolds, S.W. 2000 top nodules (color same as Alibonite?)		
1040			special polyhedra of AMM after salt		
1050			recrystallized AMM, stylolites large nodules		
1060			sharp contact w/ insoluble residue recrystallized AMM, diagonal fabric abundant intragranular AMM and micro cracks		
1070			see bed in AMM		
1080			extensive amount AMM, stylolites, AMM nodules		
1090			apparent from the above chips		
1100			fracture in thin recrystallized AMM		

Logged by SA, KAM, WES, SA date 10/19
 checked _____ date _____
 Transcribed by _____ date _____
 updated SA date 10/19
 updated _____ date _____

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (N)	Structures	COMMENTS	CORRECTION	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
1080			RECORDED SMALL LAYERS OF HARD DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES MERCURY BY DAY SAMPLES		
1090					
1100			DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES FEW SMALL DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES		
1110			RECORDED		
1120			SLIGHTLY DARKER THAN IN OTHER SAMPLES		
1130			DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES FEW SMALL DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES		
1140			DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES FEW SMALL DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES		
1150			DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES FEW SMALL DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES		
1160			DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES FEW SMALL DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES		
1170			DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES FEW SMALL DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES		
1180			DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES FEW SMALL DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES		
1190			DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES FEW SMALL DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES DISSEMINATED STRUCTURES		

SEAN DIDN'T
FINISH THIS
DUE TO MOVING
WSE - COULDN'T
GET PROCS OK

logged by SA _____ date _____
 checked _____ date _____
 transcribed by SA _____ date 5/28
 updated JG _____ date 7/8
 updated _____ date _____

WELL #1 GRABBE

COUNTY SWISHER

DATE

INTERVAL 170 - 180 UPPER SEVEN RIVERS

LOGGED BY

DEPTH FEET	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	LOGS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
170			SMALL (1/2") IRREG MASSIVE AND		
180			SMALL IRREG MASSIVE AND		
190			FRAGMENTS AND SMALL DISPERSED MASSIVE OF AND		
200			ABUNDANT SMALL IRREGULAR MASSIVE		
210			SMALL IRREGULAR MASSIVE OF AND		
220			SMALL IRREGULAR MASSIVE OF AND		
230			SMALL IRREGULAR MASSIVE OF AND		
240			SMALL IRREGULAR MASSIVE OF AND		
250			SMALL IRREGULAR MASSIVE OF AND		
260			SMALL IRREGULAR MASSIVE OF AND		

logged by _____ date _____
 checked _____ date _____
 transcribed by A. J. S. date 1/15/58
 updated J. S. date 1/22/58
 updated _____ date _____

WELL #1 GAROBE
INTERVAL 1260-1381

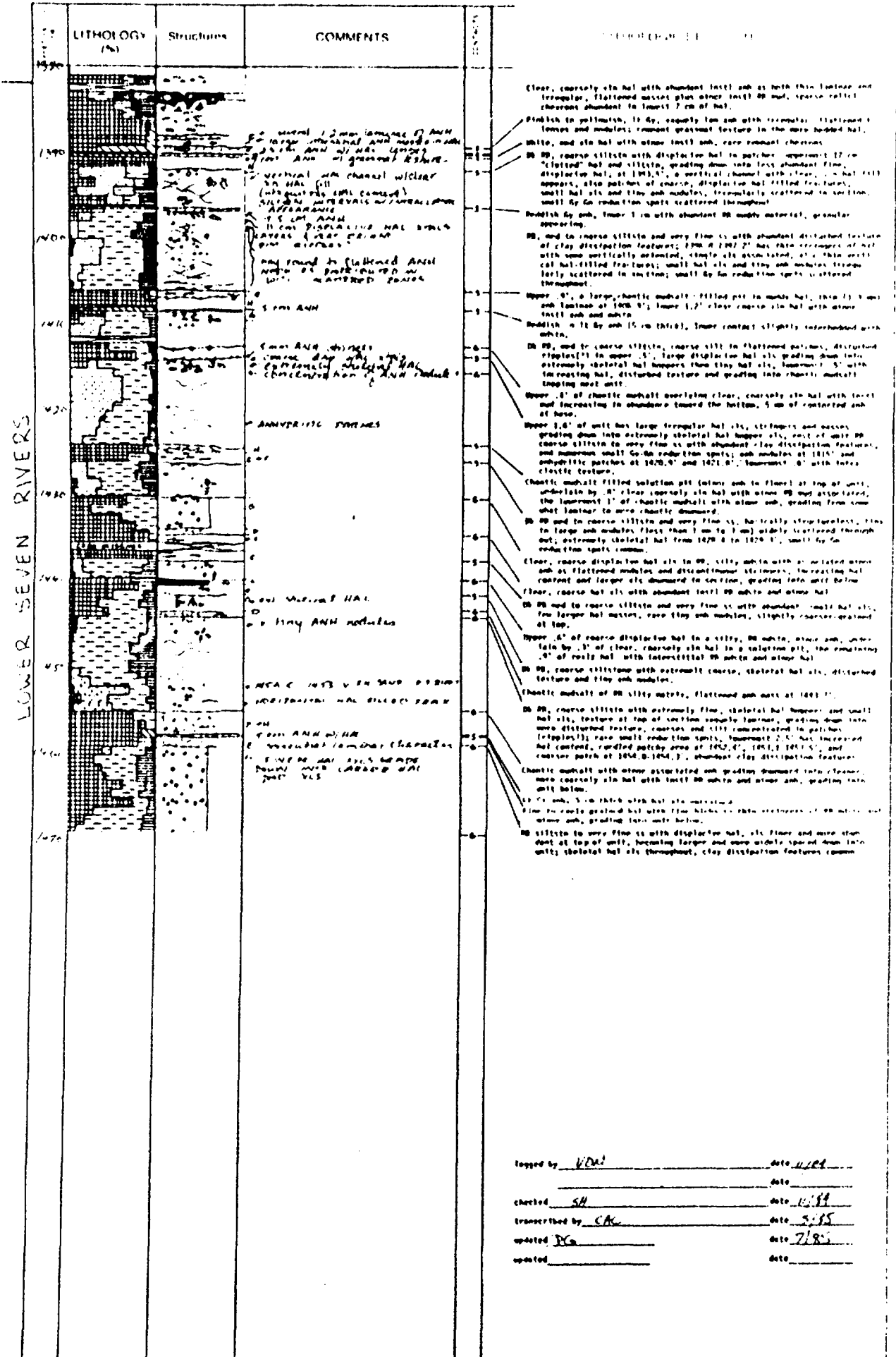
COUNTY SWISHER
UPPER SEVEN RIVERS

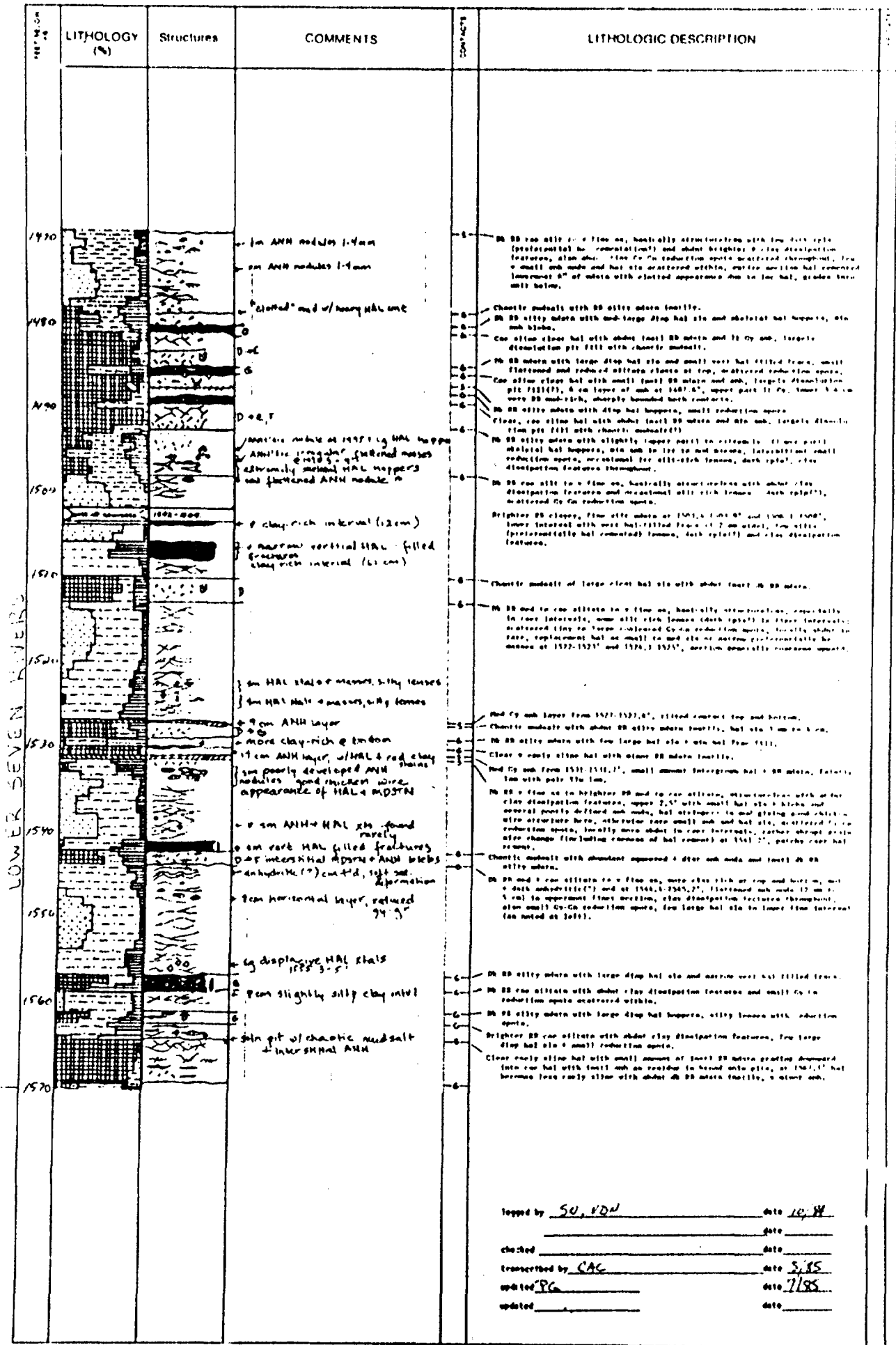
LOGGED BY SV

DATE 3/83

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (N)	STRUCTURE	COMMENTS	CORRECTION	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
1260	[Pattern]	[Symbol]	LOCAL STRENGTHENED FRESHWATER SANDS OF ARA		
1270	[Pattern]	[Symbol]	LOCAL WEAKENED FRESHWATER SANDS OF ARA		
1280	[Pattern]	[Symbol]			
1290	[Pattern]	[Symbol]			
1300	[Pattern]	[Symbol]			
1310	[Pattern]	[Symbol]			
1320	[Pattern]	[Symbol]			
1330	[Pattern]	[Symbol]			
1340	[Pattern]	[Symbol]			
1350	[Pattern]	[Symbol]			
1360	[Pattern]	[Symbol]			
1370	[Pattern]	[Symbol]			
1381	[Pattern]	[Symbol]			

logged by _____ date 3/83
 checked _____ date _____
 transferred by _____ date 3/83
 updated _____ date _____
 updated _____ date _____





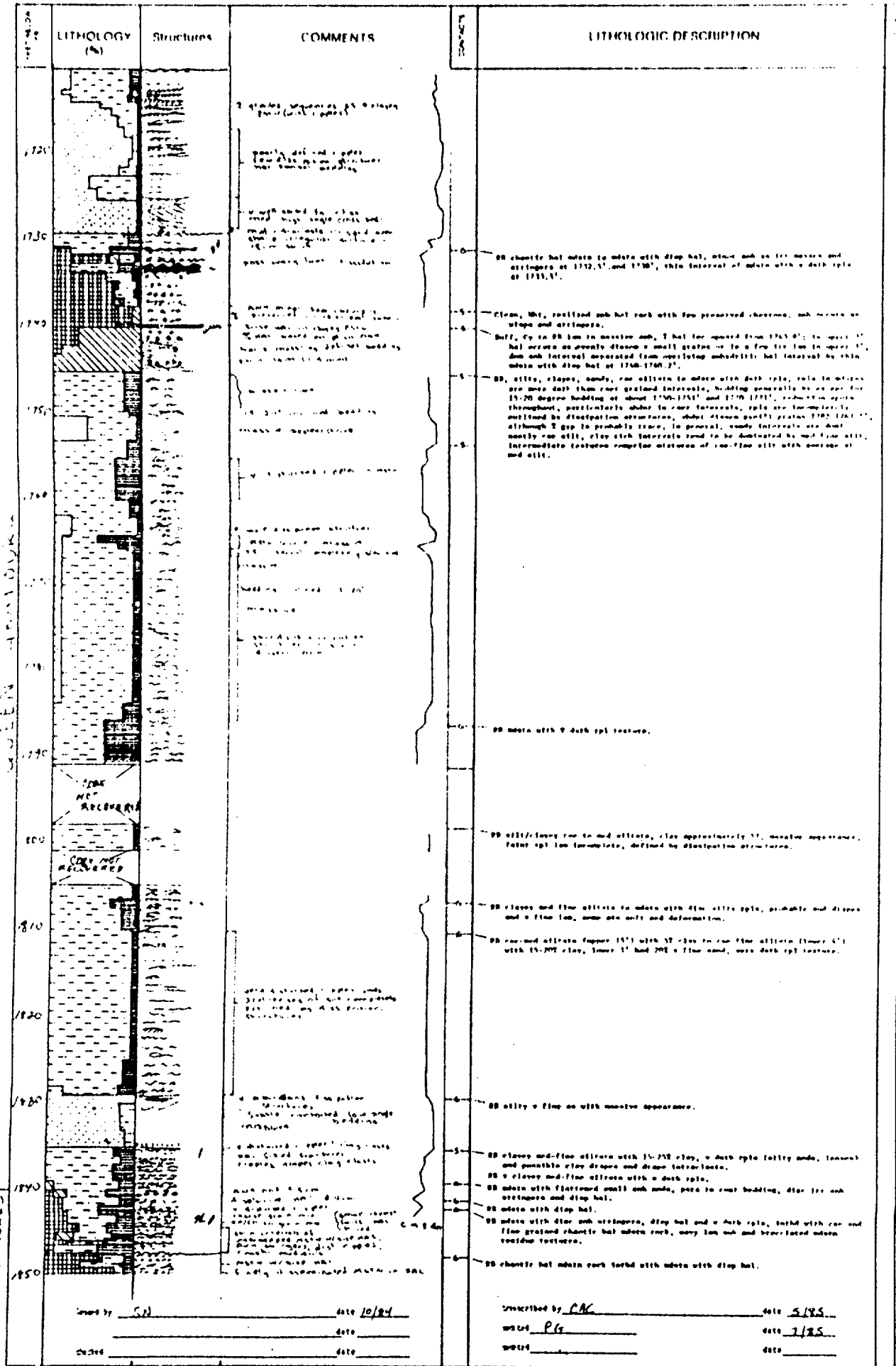
logged by SN, VN date 10/84
 checked _____ date _____
 transcribed by CAC date 5/85
 updated PG date 7/85
 updated _____ date _____

QUEEN - GRAYBURG

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (No)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACT	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
1570			massive small (10mm) silty clay disintegration structures small (2mm) dark gray silty clay	0	SS massive fine siltstone with disintegration structures and scattered small silty clay
1580			irregular laminae of silty clay	1	SS silty clayey fine sand siltstone with silty dark poorly defined siltstone (1-2mm) to sandy fine siltstone with poorly defined siltstone and low angle bedding, small (2mm) silty clay scattered at about 1578.5', 0.5' zone filled with hal at 1578'
1590			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1595'	0	SS shaly hal siltstone with sparse rhynchonella near base, grading into SS within to clayey siltstone with dip hal (fisher less than 2.5mm)
1600			small (1-2mm) silty clay (10mm) upper part in a part	0	SS SS 100% ash lam.
1610			the sandstone disintegration structures small (1-2mm) siltstone	0	SS sandy fine siltstone with poorly defined siltstone (2-3mm), silty dark.
1620			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1625'	0	SS generally massive, sandy to a sandy fine siltstone, sand transition to a fine sand at about 1586.5', upper round (rounded) and sand grains, disintegration structures may incompletely define some (indistinct) siltstone.
1630			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1635'	0	SS massive sandy fine siltstone with disintegration structures, upper round and sand at about 1605.5'.
1640			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1645'	0	SS clayey fine siltstone with silty dark siltstone (about 1-2mm), siltstone in silty upward.
1650			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1655'	0	SS a sandy fine siltstone grading upward to silty clay siltstone, sand present in upward to about 1611' where it grades into massive siltstone.
1660			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1665'	0	SS fine siltstone with massive appearance and disintegration structures
1670			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1675'	0	SS fine siltstone clayey siltstone with small dark siltstone (1-2mm) and poorly defined silty dark siltstone to upper 5' (2' zone starting 1672.5' 1675.5'), small (greater than 1mm) dip hal silty at about 1676.5' and small (less than 1mm) ash grains at about 1678.5'.
1680			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1685'	0	SS massive sandy fine siltstone with disintegration structures, sand to fine percent maximum 1631-1636' and 1677-1680.5'.
1690			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1695'	0	SS siltstone, upper 2.5' crumbled to fine, lower 1' has dark siltstone 1.7mm high.
1700			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1705'	0	SS sandy fine siltstone with poorly defined siltstone, probable maximum filling with a fine sand at 1685.5'.
1710			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1710'	0	SS a clayey fine sand siltstone with silty dark siltstone.
1720			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1725'	0	SS clayey medium fine siltstone with a dark siltstone stable in place, siltstone length about 1 cm.
1730			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1735'	0	SS sandy fine siltstone with poorly defined siltstone to massive appearance, siltstone dark with possible disintegration structures.
1740			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1745'	0	Sh to Gp to SS ash with fine to 1mm about 1mm to 1mm thick, Sh and ash at 1672.5', possible primary structures (ash after are well-sorted) at about 1674'.
1750			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1755'	0	SS silty clayey fine siltstone with massive texture and sparse disintegration structures, horizon fine grained immediately beneath prevailing ash.
1760			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1765'	0	SS clayey sandy siltstone with a dark siltstone texture.
1770			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1775'	0	SS slightly sandy siltstone with probable poorly defined siltstone (incompletely defined) by disintegration structures.
1780			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1785'	0	SS clayey siltstone with a dark siltstone texture, internal structure rounded, grades into massive interval.
1790			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1795'	0	SS silty sandy siltstone in silty clayey fine to a fine sandstone with disintegration structures at 1695', 1696' and 1698'; interval increases upward to 1674.5', then silty upward, lower part to gradational from underlying silty siltstone interval and upper part to gradational to massive silty siltstone, disintegration structures probably incompletely define poorly defined siltstone, rest of interval massive.
1800			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1805'	0	SS clayey siltstone with a dark siltstone texture.
1810			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1815'	0	Pale Gp to Purple very fine ash.
1820			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1825'	0	Sh to pale SS rounded hal with root and fine 100 mm of ash.
1830			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1835'	0	Sh to pale Purple ash/hal rock with probable hal pseudomorph after siltstone.
1840			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1845'	0	Sh to pale SS hal with possible rhynchonella and root/dip 1mm of ash.
1850			massive of disintegration structures, some rounded and band at 1855'	0	Pale Gp to Purple 1mm ash with hal pseudomorph after siltstone and possible siltstone at 1790.5'.

logged by SA date _____
 checked _____ date _____

transcribed by SA date 5/85
 updated DO date 7/85
 updated _____ date _____



DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (N)	Structures	COMMENTS	DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
1950	CORE NOT RECORDED		MISSING SECTIONS 1952-1957		Banded hal with trace fossil and 4 ash, missing footage from 1952-1957
1960			interbedded argillite from back side of core		Ashed hal with trace fossil and...
1970			curved slickenside surface		Ashed hal with fossil and 4 ash and with an area of very cracked large patches of 80 allyte which presumably associated with a large clay...
1980			1.5 cm thick interbedded caps		Ashed hal with other fossil and 4 ash...
1990			coarse xyls		Ashed hal with other fossil and 4 ash...
1995			1.5 cm thick vertical fr. 1/2" x 2cm wide to an interbedded filled w/ fibrous HAL		Ashed hal with other fossil and 4 ash...
1998			1-2% ANH		Ashed hal with other fossil and 4 ash...
1999			1% ANH		Ashed hal with other fossil and 4 ash...
1999.5			core missing 1916 0-1916 9'		Ashed hal with fossil and 4 ash...
1999.8			large vertical fr. of HAL cont. with through interbed		Ashed hal with fossil and 4 ash...
1999.9			1% ANH		Ashed hal with fossil and 4 ash...
1999.95			1% ANH		Ashed hal with other fossil and 4 ash...
1999.98			slipensides in MISTN		Ashed hal with other fossil and 4 ash...
1999.99			top explained by grainy fr. of small class of 67 ESTN		Ashed hal with other fossil and 4 ash...
1999.995					Ashed hal with fossil and 4 ash...
1999.998			pink irregular interbed of MISTN & ANH clasts		Ashed hal with other fossil and 4 ash...
1999.999			8 cm tall xyls irregular interbed of ANH		Ashed hal with other fossil and 4 ash...
1999.9995			slipensides fr.		Ashed hal with other fossil and 4 ash...
1999.9998			1.5 cm thick small interbed		Ashed hal with other fossil and 4 ash...

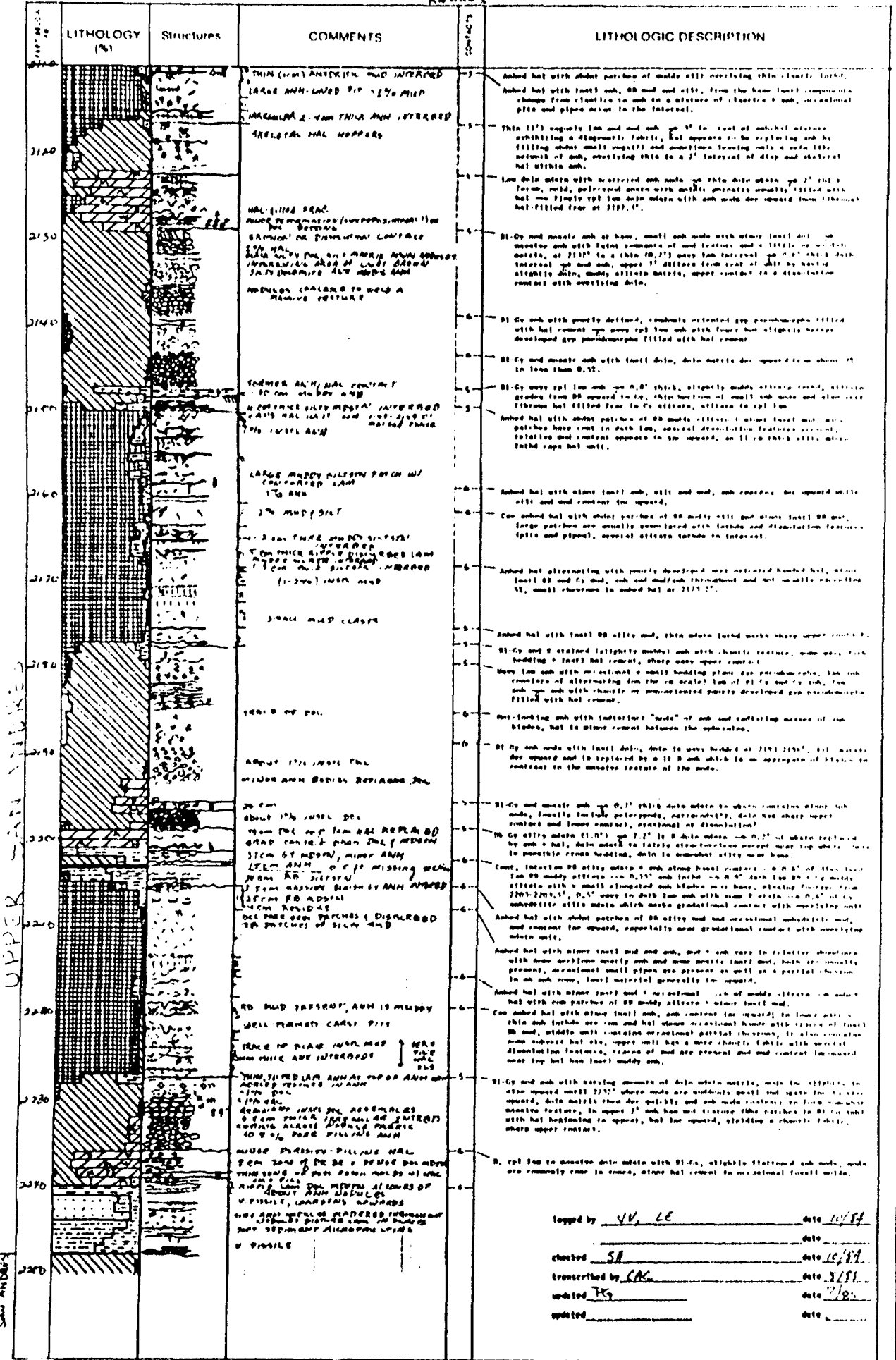
UPPER SAN ANDRES

logged by JV date 10/84
 checked by SH date 10/84

described by CAC date 5/85
 plotted PG date 7/85
 drilled _____ date _____

DEPTH (FEET)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	DEPTH (FEET)	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2110			1.5% MUD		
2100			1.5% MUD		
2090			1.5% MUD		
2080			1.5% MUD		
2070			1.5% MUD		
2060			1.5% MUD		
2050			1.5% MUD		
2040			1.5% MUD		
2030			1.5% MUD		
2020			1.5% MUD		
2010			1.5% MUD		
2000			1.5% MUD		
1990			1.5% MUD		
1980			1.5% MUD		
1970			1.5% MUD		
1960			1.5% MUD		
1950			1.5% MUD		
1940			1.5% MUD		
1930			1.5% MUD		
1920			1.5% MUD		
1910			1.5% MUD		
1900			1.5% MUD		
1890			1.5% MUD		
1880			1.5% MUD		
1870			1.5% MUD		
1860			1.5% MUD		
1850			1.5% MUD		
1840			1.5% MUD		
1830			1.5% MUD		
1820			1.5% MUD		
1810			1.5% MUD		
1800			1.5% MUD		
1790			1.5% MUD		
1780			1.5% MUD		
1770			1.5% MUD		
1760			1.5% MUD		
1750			1.5% MUD		
1740			1.5% MUD		
1730			1.5% MUD		
1720			1.5% MUD		
1710			1.5% MUD		
1700			1.5% MUD		
1690			1.5% MUD		
1680			1.5% MUD		
1670			1.5% MUD		
1660			1.5% MUD		
1650			1.5% MUD		
1640			1.5% MUD		
1630			1.5% MUD		
1620			1.5% MUD		
1610			1.5% MUD		
1600			1.5% MUD		
1590			1.5% MUD		
1580			1.5% MUD		
1570			1.5% MUD		
1560			1.5% MUD		
1550			1.5% MUD		
1540			1.5% MUD		
1530			1.5% MUD		
1520			1.5% MUD		
1510			1.5% MUD		
1500			1.5% MUD		
1490			1.5% MUD		
1480			1.5% MUD		
1470			1.5% MUD		
1460			1.5% MUD		
1450			1.5% MUD		
1440			1.5% MUD		
1430			1.5% MUD		
1420			1.5% MUD		
1410			1.5% MUD		
1400			1.5% MUD		
1390			1.5% MUD		
1380			1.5% MUD		
1370			1.5% MUD		
1360			1.5% MUD		
1350			1.5% MUD		
1340			1.5% MUD		
1330			1.5% MUD		
1320			1.5% MUD		
1310			1.5% MUD		
1300			1.5% MUD		
1290			1.5% MUD		
1280			1.5% MUD		
1270			1.5% MUD		
1260			1.5% MUD		
1250			1.5% MUD		
1240			1.5% MUD		
1230			1.5% MUD		
1220			1.5% MUD		
1210			1.5% MUD		
1200			1.5% MUD		
1190			1.5% MUD		
1180			1.5% MUD		
1170			1.5% MUD		
1160			1.5% MUD		
1150			1.5% MUD		
1140			1.5% MUD		
1130			1.5% MUD		
1120			1.5% MUD		
1110			1.5% MUD		
1100			1.5% MUD		
1090			1.5% MUD		
1080			1.5% MUD		
1070			1.5% MUD		
1060			1.5% MUD		
1050			1.5% MUD		
1040			1.5% MUD		
1030			1.5% MUD		
1020			1.5% MUD		
1010			1.5% MUD		
1000			1.5% MUD		
990			1.5% MUD		
980			1.5% MUD		
970			1.5% MUD		
960			1.5% MUD		
950			1.5% MUD		
940			1.5% MUD		
930			1.5% MUD		
920			1.5% MUD		
910			1.5% MUD		
900			1.5% MUD		
890			1.5% MUD		
880			1.5% MUD		
870			1.5% MUD		
860			1.5% MUD		
850			1.5% MUD		
840			1.5% MUD		
830			1.5% MUD		
820			1.5% MUD		
810			1.5% MUD		
800			1.5% MUD		
790			1.5% MUD		
780			1.5% MUD		
770			1.5% MUD		
760			1.5% MUD		
750			1.5% MUD		
740			1.5% MUD		
730			1.5% MUD		
720			1.5% MUD		
710			1.5% MUD		
700			1.5% MUD		
690			1.5% MUD		
680			1.5% MUD		
670			1.5% MUD		
660			1.5% MUD		
650			1.5% MUD		
640			1.5% MUD		
630			1.5% MUD		
620			1.5% MUD		
610			1.5% MUD		
600			1.5% MUD		
590			1.5% MUD		
580			1.5% MUD		
570			1.5% MUD		
560			1.5% MUD		
550			1.5% MUD		
540			1.5% MUD		
530			1.5% MUD		
520			1.5% MUD		
510			1.5% MUD		
500			1.5% MUD		
490			1.5% MUD		
480			1.5% MUD		
470			1.5% MUD		
460			1.5% MUD		
450			1.5% MUD		
440			1.5% MUD		
430			1.5% MUD		
420			1.5% MUD		
410			1.5% MUD		
400			1.5% MUD		
390			1.5% MUD		
380			1.5% MUD		
370			1.5% MUD		
360			1.5% MUD		
350			1.5% MUD		
340			1.5% MUD		
330			1.5% MUD		
320			1.5% MUD		
310			1.5% MUD		
300			1.5% MUD		
290			1.5% MUD		
280			1.5% MUD		
270			1.5% MUD		
260			1.5% MUD		
250			1.5% MUD		
240			1.5% MUD		
230			1.5% MUD		
220			1.5% MUD		
210			1.5% MUD		
200			1.5% MUD		
190			1.5% MUD		
180			1.5% MUD		
170			1.5% MUD		
160			1.5% MUD		
150			1.5% MUD		
140			1.5% MUD		
130			1.5% MUD		
120			1.5% MUD		
110			1.5% MUD		
100			1.5% MUD		
90			1.5% MUD		
80			1.5% MUD		
70			1.5% MUD		
60			1.5% MUD		
50			1.5% MUD		
40			1.5% MUD		
30			1.5% MUD		
20			1.5% MUD		
10			1.5% MUD		
0			1.5% MUD		

logged by JV date 10/84
 checked SH date 10/84
 transcribed by CAC date 10/84
 updated JG date 10/84
 updated _____ date _____



Logged by JV, LE date 11/88
 checked SA date 12/88
 transcribed by CAK date 2/89
 updated TS date 7/89
 updated _____ date _____

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	DEPTH	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2250			delomitic interbeds thin intercalated gray-green dolomitic breccia with anhydrite cement	5-	DB anhydritic siltstone, dark bedding grades upward into silty dolomite Dolomite is shaly with anh filled midline porosity and anh replacement of dolomite anh made present being streaking into dark large 1/2 in and common Above streaking zone bedded and anh with about 1 inch dolomite and (hard) dolomite from 2261-2270' dolomite with scattered large anh made and porosity with partings
2260			silt partings		
2260			silt partings		
2270			anhydrite after skeletal halite rippled fabric modified by wispy laminae, on macroscopic scale micro drapes partly green graystone layer fossil clay stone	5-	DB siltstone, slope of dolomite anh, disrupted structure grading in toward anh siltstone, fissile from 2270-2276', becoming more indurated as dolomite dolomite to 1/2 in with 1/2 in, red and browned (color). Anh filled skeletal halite in upper dolomite section. DB-Gy anh, red, bedded, grading to massive anh at top.
2280			bedded dolomitic anhydrite	5-	DB Gy anh with slope of siltstone, grades in DB siltstone with anh made and disruptive, dark, (red bedding to 2291'). Anh made with (small) dolomite and dolomite laminae, DB Gy bedded made with 1/2 in to 1/2 (small) dolomite, anh grade in massive anh with indurated bedding. Dolomite beds have extensive anh replacement of siltstone
2290			anhydrite cemented dolomite dolomitic mudstone 2290-2291' missing gradational anhydrite mudstone transition, compressed nodules	6-	DB, fissile anh dolomite grading in dolomite to basal 1', dolomite has halite anh-filled midline porosity similar to below, anh made with (small) dolomite. DB DB-Gy, becoming lighter upward with dark dolomite, and dolomite in star and grade to bedded, massive anh.
2300			light brown dolomite siltstone, or silt mudstone anhydrite with disrupted texture dolomitic anhydrite laminate anhydrite + dolomite fractured by anhydrite nodules pseudomorphs anhydrite bed with used a gradational top dolomite to halite rippled granular pack Subhydral nodules, may be pseudo- morphs of bar gypsum.	5-	DB, fissile dolomite with small anh made at base - becoming dolomite toward top, grading in dolomite at 2312', 1/2 in part, anh-replaced siltstone in dolomite, dolomite grades into red bedded anh - DB-Gy anh with (small) dolomite 2295-2311.5' DB-Gy-Mud anh, dark with rather a bedding, grades into red anh laminae, siltstone anh to halite, grades in DB Gy bedded dolomite, becoming more with (small) dolomite. Dolomite beds have halite anh filled midline porosity. 2295-2298', bedded massive anh with dolomite laminae
2310			Gas below water	5-	Gradation of dolomite into siltstone, low siltstone and dark dolomite upward with anh cement + beds, grades in dolomite anh, massive bedded with dolomite siltstone, becomes red at top with (small) dolomite.
2320				6-	DB-Gy dolomite, slope to well lam, some bedding and horizon at 2322-2325', siltstone anh made at 2326, top 1' is interbedded anh and dolomite to 1/2 in 1/2 in lam, halite filled midline porosity.
2340				6-	DB-Gy bedded and anh with (small) dolomite, red and massive
2340				6-	DB-Gy dolomite, some bedded + plane lam, halite filled midline porosity, red throughout dolomite, red and anh beds, siltstone dolomite at base.
2340				6-	DB-Gy lam to massive siltstone, DB with slope 60 (small), grades in massive bedded anh, top 1' DB siltstone with anh made, halite-filled pores
2340				6-	Dol, cycle 5.
2320-2332	Lithology				for in siltstone part, anh cement and case made at base, dolomite throughout, fossil siltstone + dolomite.
2332			- waxy clay stringers - Encrinurus ANM - Fluid escape? - interbedded ANM/DOL		

logged by PG date 7/84
 checked SB date 8/84
 transcribed by CAC date 5/85
 updated JA date 1/87
 updated _____ date _____

DEPTH (FEET)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACT	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2460					
2450					
2440					
2430					
2420					
2410					
2400					
2390					
2380					
2370					
2360					
2350					
2345					
2340					
2330					
2320					
2310					
2300					
2290					
2280					
2270					
2260					
2250					
2240					
2230					
2220					
2210					
2200					
2190					
2180					
2170					
2160					
2150					
2140					
2130					
2120					
2110					
2100					
2090					
2080					
2070					
2060					
2050					
2040					
2030					
2020					
2010					
2000					
1990					
1980					
1970					
1960					
1950					
1940					
1930					
1920					
1910					
1900					
1890					
1880					
1870					
1860					
1850					
1840					
1830					
1820					
1810					
1800					
1790					
1780					
1770					
1760					
1750					
1740					
1730					
1720					
1710					
1700					
1690					
1680					
1670					
1660					
1650					
1640					
1630					
1620					
1610					
1600					
1590					
1580					
1570					
1560					
1550					
1540					
1530					
1520					
1510					
1500					
1490					
1480					
1470					
1460					
1450					
1440					
1430					
1420					
1410					
1400					
1390					
1380					
1370					
1360					
1350					
1340					
1330					
1320					
1310					
1300					
1290					
1280					
1270					
1260					
1250					
1240					
1230					
1220					
1210					
1200					
1190					
1180					
1170					
1160					
1150					
1140					
1130					
1120					
1110					
1100					
1090					
1080					
1070					
1060					
1050					
1040					
1030					
1020					
1010					
1000					
990					
980					
970					
960					
950					
940					
930					
920					
910					
900					
890					
880					
870					
860					
850					
840					
830					
820					
810					
800					
790					
780					
770					
760					
750					
740					
730					
720					
710					
700					
690					
680					
670					
660					
650					
640					
630					
620					
610					
600					
590					
580					
570					
560					
550					
540					
530					
520					
510					
500					
490					
480					
470					
460					
450					
440					
430					
420					
410					
400					
390					
380					
370					
360					
350					
340					
330					
320					
310					
300					
290					
280					
270					
260					
250					
240					
230					
220					
210					
200					
190					
180					
170					
160					
150					
140					
130					
120					
110					
100					
90					
80					
70					
60					
50					
40					
30					
20					
10					
0					

Logged by ST date 8/83
 checked SH date 8/83
 transcribed by CAE date 5/85
 updated TA date 1/91
 updated _____ date _____

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2590				Thick bed in varying degrees of disturbance and small scale
2585				Bed 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100
2580				Bed 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100
2575				Bed 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100
2570				Bed 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100
2565				Bed 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100
2560				Bed 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

logged by S.P. date 8/85
 checked S.H. date 8/85
 transcribed by L.A.C. date 5/85
 updated TL date 1/85
 updated _____ date _____

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	F.M.S.	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2590					Slightly bedded B type hal, brinnea in pits and dark upward, capped by an interval of typical B type hal associated with the adobe tacks, and is covered with tacks.
2600					Thin carbonate hal with grading from B to A, partially bedded B type hal, also with tacks, and is capped by dark adobe tacks, and is covered with the upper B to reduced.
2610					Cy ash, bottom B in to section, brinnea bedded hal pseudomorphed and later upward.
2620					bedded, bedded hal capped by A type tacks, and is covered with adobe tacks.
2630					Cy ash with bedded hal passed through after the section is 17 in to bedded ash in hal.
2640					bedded B and B-type hal, grades to bedded hal with tacks, tacks are and scattered chert tacks, bedded hal tacks from and to bedded tacks.
2650					B type hal in various degrees of development, but is with tacks, for to ash upward.
2660					A and B type hal with well developed bedding, beds grade from B type to B type, but tacks are dark upward, capped by thin adobe/adobe tacks.
2670					bedded hal becoming for dark upward, grading to B type hal.
2680					Chert hal not by mud filled pores, but adobe and dark upward.
2690					Typical B type hal, brinnea face of bed and cap by the 1/2 in. tacks, 1/2 in. tacks.
2700					bedded hal with B type tacks in the bed and cap.
2710					bedded B type hal grades to B type with in the bed and cap, tacks upward, greater than 1 in.
2720					bed B bedded hal with well developed tacks, capped by thin adobe tacks.
2730					bedded tacks/pseudomorph, capped by thin adobe tacks, and upward to chert hal, tacks capped by a dark tacks.
2740					Well bedded A and B type hal, ash tacks from 1/2 in to upward, tacks separating the hal.
2750					Alternating units of B and B type hal, with adobe tacks, and tacks upward.
2760					Dark B type hal, common pits and tacks and tacks.
2770					Thin to and pitted B and A type hal, bedded tacks of B, B, and B type hal associated with adobe tacks.
2780					Generally a slightly dark B type hal capped by a B type tacks, tacks, most bedded hal bedding tacks at half 1/2 in. B type hal associated with adobe tacks.
2790					Chert, usually cut by chert adobe tacks, some tacks with small top to 1/2 in. hal numerous.
2800					bedded hal with ash tacks becoming for dark upward.
2810					B-type hal showing varying degrees of development.

logged by S date 5/31
 checked SM date 5/31
 transcribed by CA date 5/31
 updated 1/2 date 1/2
 updated _____ date _____

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2660			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2670			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2680			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2690			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2700			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2710			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2720			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2730			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2740			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2750			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2760			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2770			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2780			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2790			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.
2800			shale is calc. in horizontal dir. band approx. 1/2 in. thick	sh. of dr. section, calc. layer, sh. of dr. calc. sh. and dr. calc. sh. are interstitial.

Logged by Alma L. date 5/84
 checked Jim date 5/84
 transcribed by Alma date 5/84
 updated Alma date 5/84

INTERVAL 2120-3040 LOWER SAN ANTONIO - UNIT 2, LOGGED BY LE
GLORIA

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACT	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2930	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Diagonal open fracture	Diagonal open fracture Large gray calcite cemented rubble	8	Thin to medium shaly, tabular lam to shaly lam, small burrow. Size of burrows are small and difficult to identify, with some elongated. Fabric caused by differential compaction, this compaction appears to be controlled by burrowing in the same direction.
2935	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Unit of Lower Permian Mott	7	Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.
2940	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Large irregular contact with clasts of tabular limestone	6	Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.
2945	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Large irregular contact with clasts of tabular limestone	5	Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.
2950	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Large irregular contact with clasts of tabular limestone	4	Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.
2960	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Large irregular contact with clasts of tabular limestone	3	Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.
2970	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Large irregular contact with clasts of tabular limestone	2	Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.
2980	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Large irregular contact with clasts of tabular limestone	1	Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.
2990	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Large irregular contact with clasts of tabular limestone	0	Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.
3000	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Large irregular contact with clasts of tabular limestone		Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.
3010	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Large irregular contact with clasts of tabular limestone		Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.
3020	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Large irregular contact with clasts of tabular limestone		Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.
3030	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Large irregular contact with clasts of tabular limestone		Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.
3040	Blocky, crystalline limestone	Red Chlorite and lead fracture	Red Chlorite and lead fracture Large irregular contact with clasts of tabular limestone		Thin to shaly lam to shaly, small burrows. Direction of fracture into.

logged by LE date 11/87
 checked SA date 11/87
 transcribed by SA date 11/87
 updated SA date 11/87
 updated _____ date _____

WELL # 1 GREENE
INTERVAL 3040 3160

COUNTY SWINNER

DATE

GLORIETA

LOGGED BY

DEPTH FEET	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CORRECTION	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
3040					
3050					
3060					
3070					
3080					
3090					
3100					
3110					
3120					
3130					
3140					
3150					
3160					

WELL #1 GRABBE

COUNTY SWISHER

DATE

INTERVAL 3160-3270

GLORIETA

LOGGED BY

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	STRUCTURE	COMMENTS	CORRECTION	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
3160					
3170					
3180					
3190					
3200					
3210					
3220					
3230					
3240					
3250					
3260					
3270					

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (N)	STRUCTURES	COMMENTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
5380	MISSING 5383-5395		Dr. cement	Interim data when 9' hole with stop hole in bed, overlain by bedded bit and cherty mudstone.
5400				Large 8' fibrous bed filled from remaining length of bit, and 10' hole at 5410-5', data in 8' hole with 10' hole and bed replacement of bit.
5410			Very hole for laminar discontinuities	Interim data, data 1' hole into lam, rounded shaped with thin parallel spaced 8' and parashuroids.
5420			fracture zone into anhydrite fibrous and shale fracture of laminar bedding of core, some laminated zone of anhydrite possible displacement of 1992 zone near 5410-5' interval	Cherty mudstone with relief bedded features, indication of alternate with thin sand lam and clastic breccia, lam to dash with coarse, fluid escape and bedding discontinuity.
5430				Bit hole in 10' to contact with existing bit
5440				Bit hole with thin layer of MnO ₂ , looking like quartz, and in 10' hole with dash texture, bed replacement
5450				Bed defines large multistage gap parashuroids
5460				Top of bed in lam to contact with existing bit
5470			trace MAI	Dominantly cherty mudstone with bedded bit, 8' hole, with 10' hole with dash bedding, and bed, flap bed, even with a 8' gap hole - 10' hole are mid-tick - very aligned mudstone.
5480			rest of mudstone, cherty	Occasional pits and pipes.
5490				8' hole at top with relief bit in rounded, elongate masses, and beds, dash and brecciated bedding, fissile - weathering shaly.
5500				Made from 8' to 10' hole, fissile at top.
5510				
5520				
5530				
5540				
5550				
5560				
5570				
5580				
5590				
5600				
5610				
5620				
5630				
5640				
5650				
5660				
5670				
5680				
5690				
5700				
5710				
5720				
5730				
5740				
5750				
5760				
5770				
5780				
5790				
5800				
5810				
5820				
5830				
5840				
5850				
5860				
5870				
5880				
5890				
5900				
5910				
5920				
5930				
5940				
5950				
5960				
5970				
5980				
5990				
6000				

logged by PA date 2/85
 checked PA date 2/85
 transcribed by PA date 2/85
 updated PA date 2/85
 updated _____ date _____

UPPER CLEAR FORK

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (SI)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
3500	MISSING		3500-3503 MISSING		
3503	MISSING		3503-3505 MISSING		
3505			Residue HAL hoppers, ANH bed		Section BB above, hal, sh, thin slope lam with some of brecciated with hal in horizontally bedded with some crystalline and cherty structure near base.
3510			TRACE MISTN		Bedrock-like matrix at 3510-3' to 3-6', mat with dip hal and slope lam. Crystalline(?) sh, immediately overlain by a matrix of fine hal, then by bedded B-type hal.
3520			TRACE MISTN		BB matrix with dip vertical hal at 3507-3508'
3530			TRACE MISTN		
3540			TRACE ANH as nodules		BB matrix with cherty matrix, a fine sand lam and matrix, lam to a dip with flame structures and fluid escape, top to 6' matrix with slightly dip lam, both by dip hal growth, hal-filled pores.
3550			highly contorted bedding, possible ANH as nodules		BB matrix with cherty matrix, a fine sand lam and matrix, lam to a dip with flame structures and fluid escape, top to 6' matrix with slightly dip lam, both by dip hal growth, hal-filled pores.
3560			ANH + HAL		BB matrix with cherty matrix, a fine sand lam and matrix, lam to a dip with flame structures and fluid escape, top to 6' matrix with slightly dip lam, both by dip hal growth, hal-filled pores.
3570			TRACE ANH		BB matrix with cherty matrix, a fine sand lam and matrix, lam to a dip with flame structures and fluid escape, top to 6' matrix with slightly dip lam, both by dip hal growth, hal-filled pores.
3580			Old granitoids with skeletal fabric		BB matrix with cherty matrix, a fine sand lam and matrix, lam to a dip with flame structures and fluid escape, top to 6' matrix with slightly dip lam, both by dip hal growth, hal-filled pores.
3590			TRACE ANH		BB matrix with cherty matrix, a fine sand lam and matrix, lam to a dip with flame structures and fluid escape, top to 6' matrix with slightly dip lam, both by dip hal growth, hal-filled pores.
3600			TRACE ANH		BB matrix with cherty matrix, a fine sand lam and matrix, lam to a dip with flame structures and fluid escape, top to 6' matrix with slightly dip lam, both by dip hal growth, hal-filled pores.
3610			Vertical contorted MDSN/ANH stringers		BB matrix with cherty matrix, a fine sand lam and matrix, lam to a dip with flame structures and fluid escape, top to 6' matrix with slightly dip lam, both by dip hal growth, hal-filled pores.
3620			SHAL MIT MISSING		BB matrix with cherty matrix, a fine sand lam and matrix, lam to a dip with flame structures and fluid escape, top to 6' matrix with slightly dip lam, both by dip hal growth, hal-filled pores.

logged by JG date 2/85
 checked JG date 2/85
 transcribed by JG date 2/85
 updated JG date 2/85
 updated _____ date _____

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (N)	Structures	COMMENTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
3620				Practically imp, well developed calc. in MP, thin fragments of white with steep dip bedding. Gc matrix contains sharply with SS matrix, massive to brecciated, dark tan, 4 to above W40, contained in matrix. Gc above W40 with Gc and SS mat, grade to coarse det.
3630				Thin to rpt lam with burrows, dark bedding, in B zone and above with hal. det. outside of det. grains, Gc mat in B det, oblique hal. det. in B det, det. contact with ash.
3640			INTERBEDDED ANH, NAL MOLIFIC PARTING	Ash in lam at base with well developed gyp pseudomorphs preserved in hal, thin single silt or large on det, lam runs through ash along top of det with det ash, hal. interlam. Ash lathes with hal of W17, W18. Det is SS banded with the very elongated etc, high and narrow for 4 ft, some shaly. Matrix had at W17, has large hal hopper, steep hal. upper to hand, hal at surface of thin matrix beds. SS matrix bed at W24, A' sharply overlies hal.
3650				
3660				SS matrix with steep hal, massive, sharply overlies by banded hal with minor interbeds at W40' and W42'.
3670				SS matrix lath at W44, A' grades to 4' Gc det ash matrix, above steep hal banded hal, well retained etc, thin matrix. det ash partings, grades to ash at top.
3680				Gc matrix with ash and, friable, grades to SS matrix then to 4' to 2' det with ash and, sharply overlies by rpt det. matrix with lam. det. matrix det. lathes with ash and.
3690				Red ash becomes poorly bedded with det. lam hal. after gyp pseudomorphs partly preserved. Little or no primary texture preserved. Above W47' - well preserved lam ash with granular gyp texture. grades to lam ash with large gyp pseudomorphs cutting across lam, pseudomorphs preserved in hal. Top 1' is lam ash with small gyp pseudomorphs. Muddy and hal. rich at top.
3700			DEL. SPONGE ALIQUOT GRAIN APPEAR AS W47' GYP OR ANH NODULES	
3710			NODULES W/ WISPY ANH & DEL SPONGE LINES IN THEM	Lt SS matrix with steep ash, breccia, lam clasts, interlam ash, W. Gc at top of matrix. Thin overlies matrix, gradational contact, det. grades to red ash with small det. and det. lathes, made poorly defined above W48, A'. Det. ash det. between W44-W47', lam ash with det. defining lam. in top of mat.
3720			RED SPONGES HAL FILLED FRAC	
3730			THINIAL ANH INTER BEDS	Lt SS matrix with steep lam breccia, oblique hal. overlying ash has well preserved gyp pseudomorphs and granular texture. Ash grades to hal with thin matrix bed at W50'. Hal. in det. matrix B type bedded with sand over aligned etc with matrix lam and det., and with B type zone within B. B-type hal with roller B below matrix at W25', matrix overlies by muddy bedded hal and chertic mudwell.
3740			INTER. OF MISTY ANH MISTY HAS HAL HOPPERS W/ ANH	

logged by PG date 1/85
checked PG date 1/85
transcribed by CAP date 2/85
updated PG date 1/85
updated date

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (S)	Structures	COMMENTS	DEPTH	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
3740				3740	SB siltstone with oolitic nodules and halite lenses. Dark color. ...
3750				3750	Basal SB siltstone with oolitic nodules, ...
3760				3760	SB siltstone with oolitic nodules, ...
3770			NO LAMINATED BEDS OF CONTINUED AMB IN THIS SECTION	3770	
3780			PROBABLY LAMINATION OF THE REMOVED SECTION WAS IN THIS SECTION	3780	
3790			NO LAMINATED BEDS IN THIS SECTION	3790	
3800			DEL INTERBED WITH MODERATE PARALLEL TRACE AMB IN SUBSECTIONS	3800	
3810				3810	
3820			MASSIVE, STRAIGHT LENS	3820	
3830			SMALL NODS (STRIBERS) OF DEL	3830	
3840			DEL INTERBED WITH V. WAVED THIN AMB. CLEAR, PARALLEL HAL	3840	
3850			AMB REPLACING DEL, FILLING FRAMV. COATED SANDS, MODERATE PARALLEL TRACE AMB IN SUBSECTIONS	3850	
3860			TOU TOU	3860	
3870				3870	

Logged by TG, BL date 12/1/84
 checked SH date 1/1/85
 transcribed by CAL date 2/85
 updated TG date 3/85
 updated date

WELL # GRABBE
INTERVAL 3870 - 3990

COUNTY SWISHER

DATE 12/84

TUBS

LOGGED BY B. LUNEAU

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (N)	Structures	COMMENTS	CORR.	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
3870			<p>mud cracks / halite caps on clay driftn</p> <p>molds of hoppers</p>		Mixed dark and light tan silty shale.
3890			<p>small, isolated euhedral halite</p> <p>truncation surface</p> <p>mudcrack</p>		
3900					
3910			<p>partial hanging bedding</p>		
3920			<p>bedrock rim displaced halite</p>		<p>Zones of transitional B to D type halite found with dark tan and inter-laminar silty shale.</p>
3930			<p>breccia</p> <p>molds of halite crystals</p>		<p>Light tan silty shale mixed with dark and inter-laminar texture. Contains thin dark specks, contains particles of halite and a trace of brachiopod shells.</p>
3940					
3950			<p>Pockets of HALITE</p>		
3960					<p>Dark and inter-laminar silty shale found with B-type halite</p>
3970			<p>nice hopper and molds of hopper</p>		
3980					<p>Hal, primarily bedded B type with some F at base, associated with mudcracks, found with tan silty shale and ash.</p>
3990					

logged by B.L. date 12/84
 checked SH date 12/84
 transcribed by CAC date 12/84
 updated PL date 12/84
 updated _____ date _____

WELL # 1 GRABBE

COUNTY SWISHER

DATE Dec 1954

INTERVAL 3790 - 4116 TUBB, LOWER CLARK FORK LOGGED BY B. L. LARSEN

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (N)	Structures	COMMENTS	CORRECTIONS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
4080			approximate with abundant fenestrae		Recover Cr. sh.
4085					Thin B. dark gray, bluish-gray and spl. lam. fossiliferous limestone at top filled with hal. cement
4090			core does not match up		LT 110-B to Cr. dark blue with spl. lam. and B. hal. cement
4095					Pale Dn with 80 wt. finely lam. allotype, irregularly oriented, clay matrix, wavy features and lenticular banding, dark at top with white of hoppers
4100			Lenticular banding		
4105			intralaminar clay drapes		LT 80 lam. allotype with clay drapes, texture is dark and irregular intralaminar clay drapes
4110			base of sandstone		Cr. intra-laminar and dark where at the base, grades upward to fine allotype, gray matrix, wavy features and lenticular banding, dark at top with white of hoppers
4115			abundant anhydrite nodules, extensively replaced by halite		Hal. B. sh. with 8, 9 and 10 in lower portion and also with 11 in the top half, sh. with dark and spl. lam. allotype, B. hal. cement, with some 11 inside
4120			intra-laminar		
4125			very finely laminated clean salt		Pale Dn to 110-B allotype, dark, intra-laminar texture at base, grades upward to finely lam. pale Dn and 80 wt. allotype
4130			clay drapes		
4135			micritic salt		
4140			large desiccation cracks, halite, 1/2 in. layers, bedded 3.1/2 inches at top		Hal. sh. with lam. allotype, hal. cement of B. 10 to 11 and 12, top half, 8 and 9-type hal. are associated with the same of lenticular, lenticular dark texture at base and are spl. lam. at top, also contains abundant hal. 11 and hoppers
4145					
4150					

Logged by B.L. date 12/1/54
 checked JL date 12/1/54
 transcribed by CL date 5/2/55
 updated BS date 1/2/55
 updated _____ date _____

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (SI)	Structures	COMMENTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
4120	Red and gray mudstone with intercalations of mudstone, shaly calc			Shaly calc. mudstone, calcitic cement, sharp contact with 4120' level. 100R to monitor, structure shall be filled with 100R and 100R shall be down to upper section.
4140	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone in part and mud.
4160	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with drop bed, horizontal, partly lobes of shaly calc. mudstone by bed.
4180	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4180', shaly calc. mudstone.
4200	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4200', shaly calc. mudstone.
4220	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4220', shaly calc. mudstone.
4240	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4240', shaly calc. mudstone.
4260	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4260', shaly calc. mudstone.
4280	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4280', shaly calc. mudstone.
4300	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4300', shaly calc. mudstone.
4320	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4320', shaly calc. mudstone.
4340	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4340', shaly calc. mudstone.
4360	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4360', shaly calc. mudstone.
4380	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4380', shaly calc. mudstone.
4400	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4400', shaly calc. mudstone.
4420	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4420', shaly calc. mudstone.
4440	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4440', shaly calc. mudstone.
4460	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4460', shaly calc. mudstone.
4480	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4480', shaly calc. mudstone.
4500	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4500', shaly calc. mudstone.
4520	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4520', shaly calc. mudstone.
4540	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4540', shaly calc. mudstone.
4560	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4560', shaly calc. mudstone.
4580	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4580', shaly calc. mudstone.
4600	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4600', shaly calc. mudstone.
4620	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4620', shaly calc. mudstone.
4640	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4640', shaly calc. mudstone.
4660	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4660', shaly calc. mudstone.
4680	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4680', shaly calc. mudstone.
4700	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4700', shaly calc. mudstone.
4720	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4720', shaly calc. mudstone.
4740	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4740', shaly calc. mudstone.
4760	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4760', shaly calc. mudstone.
4780	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4780', shaly calc. mudstone.
4800	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4800', shaly calc. mudstone.
4820	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4820', shaly calc. mudstone.
4840	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4840', shaly calc. mudstone.
4860	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4860', shaly calc. mudstone.
4880	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4880', shaly calc. mudstone.
4900	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4900', shaly calc. mudstone.
4920	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4920', shaly calc. mudstone.
4940	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4940', shaly calc. mudstone.
4960	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4960', shaly calc. mudstone.
4980	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 4980', shaly calc. mudstone.
5000	Shaly calc. mudstone			Shaly calc. mudstone with shaly calc. mudstone and bed at 5000', shaly calc. mudstone.

Logged by FLC Date 2/73
 Checked SH Date 2/73
 Transcribed by CA Date 2/73
 Updated FG Date 2/73
 Updated _____ Date _____

WELL
INTERVAL

J. F. ...
152-110

OGALLALA, DOLRUM

COUNTY

Deer Creek

DATE

LOGGED BY

OGALLALA

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2.0					Light red brown fine ss. poorly sorted, well rounded grains
3.0					
4.0	CORE NOT RECOVERED				
5.0					Red brown ss. overlain by light gray fine ss. poorly sorted, well rounded grains
6.0	CORE NOT RECOVERED				
7.0					Red brown fine ss. slightly sandy, poorly sorted, well rounded grains. Contains 1/8" diameter chert clast
8.0					Calcareous, light red brown siltstone, interstratified with thin bedded sandy stringers surrounding clast.
9.0					Light to medium red brown siltstone, somewhat silty. Shaly texture, contains fine red clay rich stringers. Silty calcareous bedded more or less shaly & contains calcareous fragments upward
10.0					Pale reddish black to dark yellowish brown silty shales, generally horizontal (E or NW dip) with thin red clay rich stringers. Shaly calcareous bedded more or less shaly & contains calcareous fragments upward
11.0					Silty texture, brown sand or clasts in burrow
12.0					Carbonate cement
13.0					Pale reddish brown fine siltstone, shaly, with thin red clay rich stringers. Shaly calcareous bedded more or less shaly & contains calcareous fragments upward
14.0					Carbonate cement
15.0					Alternating red bedded coarse siltstone & horizontally laminated medium to coarse sandstone. Top 1/2 reduced
16.0					Moderate yellowish black massive to well cross bedded, or almost fine to very fine ss. calcite cementation due to moderate. Shaly staining often defines bedding surfaces & cross bedding
17.0					Carbonate cement
18.0					Scattered small to 1/2" calcareous nodules
19.0					Climbing ripples
20.0					Masses of rounded elongate clastic clasts up to 1/2" (1/4" overlain by fine ss. Clasts imbricated, scattered large (1/4" x 2") calcareous (trilobite) nodules. Bottom 1/2 reduced
21.0					25% of reduced sandy matrix calcareous nodules up to 1/2" size

Logged by ... Date 8/13
 Checked ... Date 8/13
 Transcribed by ... Date 8/13
 Updated ... Date
 Updated ... Date

WELL INTERVAL

COUNTY (Des)

DATE

DECOM

LOGGED BY

WELL INTERVAL	LITHOLOGY (N)	Structures	COMMENTS	DEPTH	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
4				2.7	Reddish color of lower surface, ss & siltstone in well developed, ... cycle grades upwards to gray red ... siltstone.
4				5	Micaceous gray red siltstone w. scattered 2 x 2 cal. ... grading up section to gray red ...
46				10	Gray red mudst. full of lens shaped siltstone laminations, ...
440				15	
50			Reddish micaceous argillaceous mudst.	16	Ripple laminated coarse sandy siltstone & silty ... carbonate cement. Beds dip steeply from ... and hold these fragments ...
50			Mudstone	18	Gray red mudst. w. very fine ss. siltstone interbedded by ... grading upwards back to mudst. ... ripple laminations.
510			Mudstone	18	Lower half is very micaceous but contains ...
510			arg. fine sandstone	20	Alternating units of ... siltstone & ... low angle siltstone ... carbonate cement throughout.
510			arg. fine sandstone	20	ss very well sorted siltstone/siltstone poorly ...
510			arg. fine sandstone	20	Colors gray red & light olive gray not unique to any ...
510			arg. fine sandstone	20	Black ripple laminated siltstone
510			arg. fine sandstone	20	Pale green to red brown fine grained ... laminations. Grades upwards to ...
510			arg. fine sandstone	20	Pale green coarse sand to granule size ... still holding ...
510			arg. fine sandstone	20	Stacked columnar repetitive ... pale green ...
510			arg. fine sandstone	20	Red brown mudst. with grades upwards to very fine siltstone ...
510			arg. fine sandstone	20	Red brown & pale green ripple laminated micaceous siltstone ...
510			arg. fine sandstone	20	Red brown cross stratified coarse grained siltstone ...
510			arg. fine sandstone	20	Red brown & pale green spotted & burrowed siltstone ...
510			arg. fine sandstone	20	Red brown & pale green mudst. to very fine siltstone ...

logged by _____ date _____
 checked _____ date _____
 transcribed by _____ date _____
 updated _____ date _____
 updated _____ date _____

WELL Interval 3 General 120

COUNTY Deaf Smith

DATE August 1965

DOGRUM

LOGGED BY

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACT	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
0					Red brown & pale green matrix to very fine siltstone, calcareous, fine to medium grained, calcareous. Grain size changes are gradual. Internal structure is well preserved.
5					
10					
15					
20					
25					
30					
35					
40					
45					
50					
55					
60					
65					
70					
75					
80					
85					
90					
95					
100					
105					
110					
115					
120					
125					
130					
135					
140					
145					
150					
155					
160					
165					
170					
175					
180					
185					
190					
195					
200					
205					
210					
215					
220					
225					
230					
235					
240					
245					
250					
255					
260					
265					
270					
275					
280					
285					
290					
295					
300					
305					
310					
315					
320					
325					
330					
335					
340					
345					
350					
355					
360					
365					
370					
375					
380					
385					
390					
395					
400					
405					
410					
415					
420					
425					
430					
435					
440					
445					
450					
455					
460					
465					
470					
475					
480					
485					
490					
495					
500					
505					
510					
515					
520					
525					
530					
535					
540					
545					
550					
555					
560					
565					
570					
575					
580					
585					
590					
595					
600					
605					
610					
615					
620					
625					
630					
635					
640					
645					
650					
655					
660					
665					
670					
675					
680					
685					
690					
695					
700					
705					
710					
715					
720					
725					
730					
735					
740					
745					
750					
755					
760					
765					
770					
775					
780					
785					
790					
795					
800					
805					
810					
815					
820					
825					
830					
835					
840					
845					
850					
855					
860					
865					
870					
875					
880					
885					
890					
895					
900					
905					
910					
915					
920					
925					
930					
935					
940					
945					
950					
955					
960					
965					
970					
975					
980					
985					
990					
995					
1000					

Logged by ... Date ...
 checked ... Date ...
 transcribed by ... Date ...
 updated ... Date ...
 updated ... Date ...

WELL INTERVAL 120-51

COUNTY

DATE

LOGGED BY

LOGGED BY

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (N)	STRUCTURE	COMMENTS	LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION
120				
121				
122				
123				
124				
125				
126				
127				
128				
129				
130				
131				
132				
133				
134				
135				
136				
137				
138				
139				
140				
141				
142				
143				
144				
145				
146				
147				
148				
149				
150				
151				
152				
153				
154				
155				
156				
157				
158				
159				
160				
161				
162				
163				
164				
165				
166				
167				
168				
169				
170				
171				
172				
173				
174				
175				
176				
177				
178				
179				
180				
181				
182				
183				
184				
185				
186				
187				
188				
189				
190				
191				
192				
193				
194				
195				
196				
197				
198				
199				
200				

DEPTH (FEET)	LITHOLOGY (N)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
840			1' silty clay layer		Red tan fine ss of pebbles (1-1/2"), silty calcareous.
845					Brown grey claystone, totally laminated, becomes silty in top 5' feet
850					
855					
860					
865					
870					
875					
880					
885					
890					
895					
900					
905					
910					
915					
920					
925					
930					
935					
940					
945					
950					
955					
960					

DOCKUM

CORE NOT RECOVERED

CORE NOT RECOVERED

CORE NOT RECOVERED

shell fragments

bedded

bedded

Some beds may be calcareous

1 Red tan fine ss of pebbles (1-1/2"), silty calcareous.

2 Brown grey claystone, totally laminated, becomes silty in top 5' feet

3 Black, silty claystone. Base of green clay at the top

4 Red tan fine ss of a few small (about 1/4") red clasts. In certain structures a few very fine (less than 1/64") black lines oriented horizontally (possible organics). Feasible calcareous content.

5 Shell fragments

6 (shells counted per 100 cc), grain size very coarse, sand to coarse - granular to pebble size pebbles. Clasts, rounded to subrounded or scattered angular clasts, about 50% coarse pebbles, orange, purple, red, grey & pink, about 10% calcareous clasts, mostly to corals and less than 10% shell fragments. Clasts often enclosed or yellow rimmed (greenish).

7 Vertical sequence, brown surface, chaotic fabric, slight induration, graded both of very coarse ss. repeated sequence

8 Unstratified massive dark red brown white. Base of 2' reduced to stratified, brown texture of small rounded calcareous clasts, calcareous to about 50% (shell texture?)

9 Dark red brown massive silty.

10 Finely laminated muddy calcareous dark red brown siltstone

11 Dark red brown massive silty or gradational upper & lower contact

12 Stippled laminated dark red brown siltstone

13 Moderate reddish orange massive claystone grades up to moderate dark red brown claystone of numerous fine intercalations of pale yellowish orange calcareous siltstone (partitions are 1/4" - 1/2")

14 Low angle & horizontal laminated dark red brown/moderate red brown slightly muddy fine ss. Grains well rounded & poorly cemented

Logged by ST, D, BL, SA, CW, LC, PH date 8/68

Checked _____ date _____

Transcribed by P.A. (D) date 1/69

Updated _____ date _____

Updated _____ date _____

DEPTH (FEET)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
700			Some climbing ripple sets		See Previous Page
710			Low angle cross stratification	15	Laminated, silty, moderate red brown/dark red brown very fine ss. Lamination well defined by thin black organic layers on bedding surfaces & by color variations with the sand. (narrow sand stained yellow)
720				2	Lamination; ripple sets, planar/horizontal & low angle cross stratification
730					Grains well rounded & sorted, poor to moderate cementation
740					Interlaminated yellowish ss & gray black claystone.
750	CORE NOT RECOVERED				
760				18	Massive micaceous, very fine ss. Grains well rounded. Bottom foot reduced grading to non-reduced (reddish) sediments. (Carbonate cement).
770				1	Dark red brown matrix.
780				1	Coarse bedded carbonate cemented ss. Grains rounded, well sorted. Degree of cementation decreases up section capped by 7" dark red brown sandst.
790				5	Poorly consolidated muddy fine ss, grains well rounded & sorted. Patches carbonate cement found in benchlike stained areas otherwise grains supported in mud rich matrix. Scattered rounded pebbles.
800				1	Pale green medium ss, poorly sorted, mud rich matrix.
810				1	Orange laminated claystone.
820				1	Pale green & red brown ss grading to purplish siltstone, laminated
830	CORE NOT RECOVERED				
840				10	Dark red brown sandy siltstone containing clay clasts, laminated at top
850				4	Light red brown laminated ss, medium grained, poorly sorted which fines upward
860				1	Red brown laminated matrix
870				1	Red brown, cross laminated, poorly sorted medium grain ss
880				1	Red brown laminated matrix
890				02	Red brown cross laminated, poorly sorted medium grained ss grading to ripple laminated siltstone.
900				1	Red brown matrix, poorly laminated, possibly laminated.
910				17	Red brown & pale green medium grained ss, poorly sorted, low angle cross laminated
920				1	Red brown poorly sorted sand of a mud rich matrix which fines upward to mud rich silt strongly cemented by fine grained well sorted ss.
930				21	
940				1	Red brown ss that fines upward from coarse ss to siltstone, slight red also fine upward. Bed contains coarse sand grains scattered in a fine sand matrix because cross laminated upward of this, single grain laminae of well rounded coarse sand at the base of cross sets. Ripple laminations upward in silty portions.
950				24	Red brown matrix of no apparent structures becomes silty upward
960					
970					
980					
990					
1000					

DOCKUM

L.A. 6

Log prepared by B. L. St. An. H. G. J. H. H.

Logged by B. L. St. An. H. G. J. H. H. date 8/11/53

Checked by SA date 8/11/53

Transcribed by SA date 8/11/53

Updated by SA date 8/11/53

WELL J. Friemel
INTERVAL 1080-1100

COUNTY DeWey, South

DATE 11/15/1964

DEWEY LAKE, ALIBATES

LOGGED BY ST, BT, BU, SS, CW, GE, PA

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
1080			metaschale		5' red brown matrix sharply overlain by .3' red brown & green ripple laminated fine grained ss sharply overlain by red brown matrix or ss filled mud cracks. THIS STRATA IS 111192.2
1085			3' matrix sandstone		Red brown & pale green fine ss w/ climbing ripples. Low wall lenticular coarse ss lens of bimodal grain size near the base, contains matrix lenses higher up, generally finer upward.
1090					Red brown & pale green coarse ss or very well rounded & nearly spherical grains. Bimodal grain size? contains laminations of matrix 2' up or less, white laminations are contained in places, ss very friable. THIS STRATA IS 111192.2
1095					Red brown laminated matrix of thin less than 1/8" siltstone laminations & 2" lenticular lenticular siltstone bodies. Has ss red ground rare which may be coring product induced.
1100				60	Red brown & pale green matrix of thin, low angle, siltstone laminations & interbeds. 3 to 8' up of ripple laminated siltstone some of which have a pale yellowish color. Abundance of siltstone increases upwards as does thickness of beds. Siltstone at the top of the unit is soft sediment deformed.
1105					Grey matrix to dirty red & green gray, laminated siltstone, streaked at the top. Color is distinctively different from over & underlying red brown ripple laminated siltstone & matrix.
1110				61	Pale green & red brown ripple laminated siltstone of mud & clay grades.
1115					Red brown matrix of thin less than 1/8" ripple laminations of siltstone.
1120			matrix sandstone of rounded & rounded (lenticular) grains		Red brown & pale green ss & siltstone ripple laminations. Basal contact is marked by a lag of coarse sand sized well rounded & frosted (?) grains which also appear scattered throughout the overlying rock. Ripples discontinuous & deformed in basal 5'. Ripple laminations continuous upwards or small zones of soft sediment deformation. Lithology gradations upwards to ripple laminated siltstone & matrix described above.
1125			matrix sandstone of rounded & rounded (lenticular) grains		Red brown & pale green matrix & siltstone, consists of alternating beds of ripple laminated siltstone (1/8" to 1/4" thick) & matrix containing rare (less than 1/4") ripple laminations of siltstone, matrix beds from 4-10m thick. Both lithologies marked by abundant soft sediment deformation, loading & contraction of laminae. Ripple laminated siltstone beds have matrix drapes.
1130			matrix sandstone of rounded & rounded (lenticular) grains		Red brown very fine ss, silty sandy coarse siltstone to medium siltstone/matrix (climbing ripples, through ripples & ripple drift abundant grouped in beds or horizontal). Generally finer grained or disturbed laminae between beds. Abundant layer parallel (fine green reduction weathering 1142.8-1128.8). Sparse dark concretions (siltstone) in cross-lamination & bedding surfaces. Circular calcite cement at 1130, 1133, 1134, 1132.3. Vertical desiccation structures (fine sand, through mud) at 1101.6, 1.5' matrix at 1100.6-1142 of horizontal bedding. Microfaults present throughout but not abundant. Top 5.5' very laminated, soft sediment deformation, microfaulted.
1135					
1140					
1145					
1150					
1155					
1160					
1165					
1170					
1175					
1180					
1185					
1190					
1195					
1200					

Traced by _____ Date P.S.
 checked _____ Date P.S.
 transcribed by _____ Date P.S.
 updated _____ Date P.S.
 updated _____ Date P.S.

WELL ... Interval 1200-1317

COUNTY Deaf Smith

DATE ... 1983

ALIBATES, SANDO TAVILL, YATES LOGGED BY ...

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
1200				
1210				
1220	CORE NOT RECOVERED			
1230				
1240				
1250				
1260	CORE NOT RECOVERED			
1270				
1280				
1290				
1300				
1310				
1320				
1330				
1340				
1350				
1360				
1370				
1380				
1390				
1400				
1410				
1420				
1430				
1440				
1450				
1460				
1470				
1480				
1490				
1500				
1510				
1520				
1530				
1540				
1550				
1560				
1570				
1580				
1590				
1600				
1610				
1620				
1630				
1640				
1650				
1660				
1670				
1680				
1690				
1700				
1710				
1720				
1730				
1740				
1750				
1760				
1770				
1780				
1790				
1800				
1810				
1820				
1830				
1840				
1850				
1860				
1870				
1880				
1890				
1900				
1910				
1920				
1930				
1940				
1950				
1960				
1970				
1980				
1990				
2000				

Logged by SN, L.L. ...
 checked ...
 transcribed by ...
 updated ...
 approved ...

WELL 3 (Sample)
INTERVAL 1414 - 1430

COUNTY Wash. Parish
YATES, UPPER SEVEN RIVERS LOGGED BY M.T., N.T., R.C., N.L., C.M., G.C., J.H.

DATE 10/11/74

DEPTH (FEET)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	SP. #	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
1430	CORE NOT RECOVERED				
1428			production zone		
1426		massive	microfracturing along white thin small apertured nodules (average diameter 3-5mm) with numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	4	Light dark reddish brown clay laminated very fine cross-bedded, irregularly shaped beds of matrix & microfractured along white laminations in mid portion of gap. Isolated lens-shaped beds of ss in upper portion; transitional to preserved intercrystalline fabric; possible ripple laminations in mid portion of unit; no thin part.
1424			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	81	Dark reddish brown matrix of disturbed intercrystalline fabric; gradual increasing clay content in top of unit; core is highly fractured, brown & cream colored irregularly fractures filled w/ gyp; hal crust
1422			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	4	Light dark reddish brown matrix of disturbed intercrystalline fabric. Thin white thin shaped part of dark reddish brown matrix & disturbed intercrystalline fabric. ss. (2-3%) infilling small fractures, no ss. interbed, hal crust, small well developed into matrix.
1420			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	4	Light medium bluish gray bedded silt of 2-20% clastic content at base of laminated laminae; collapsed & disturbed intercrystalline fabric at base.
1418			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	4	Reddish brown clay/silt, highly fractured & crumbly, no infilling fractures; hal crust.
1416			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	81	Medium light bluish gray massive silt w/ very clastic laminations & intercrystalline fabric.
1414			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	55	Medium reddish brown clay/silt, highly fractured & crumbly or friable; no infilling fractures; hal crust.
1412			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	27	Light dark bluish gray bedded silt, lower 1cm is composed of hal pseudomorph after detrital gyp & halite crystals which are now anh. bedded in ways that wrinkled & distorted in central portion.
1410			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	4	Reddish brown chaotic clay/silt-hal rock (type 7 hal) appear. 20-40% clay/silt content present at top & bottom of bed; clastic intercrystalline fabric in sandy matrix at base of unit; 10cm of recrystallized hal at base.
1408			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	6	Red brown clay/silt, minor anh. in matrix recrystallized & ripple laminated fabric present in some clay/silt clasts.
1406			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	16	Colorless, clays, recrystallized anh/hal rock (type 7 hal). 2-4% dark interbedded grading to pinkish recrystallized anh/hal rock (upper 1-4). Except for intercrystalline anh (sand) to occur as thin subhorizontal, vertically undulating surfaces & as small nodules of this hal, fine (fine appearance & becoming pink in upper 1-4). (Chevron) & hal pseudomorph abundant in lower 1-4; small (1-2cm) hal crystals have jig saw like appearance becoming clear & larger (greater than 1/2 in) in upper 1-4.
1404			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	5	Red brown chaotic matrix-hal rock (D), 20-50% interstitial clay. Percent clay increases upward.
1402			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	81	Very light red brown (nearly) crystalline hal rock (D, 15-25% interstitial clay at base & 100% at top) with small amount of interstitial anh & hal throughout. Probable not cavity fill (no well defined walls or floors) hal crust 1/2 in increases upward (2.6cm).
1400			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	4	Red brown chaotic matrix-hal rock (D, 40% hal) small clay/silt bodies, unfilled & crystallized.
1398			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	4	Red brown recrystallized anh/hal rock (type 7 hal) to chaotic matrix-hal rock (D, upper 10 1/2). 15-50% interstitial clay. Generally hal crystal size, clay/silt interstitial bodies, size & clay abundance increase upwards. Type 7 has irregular anh nodules w/ offshoot striations defining grain boundaries with surrounding hal matrix.
1396	CORE NOT RECOVERED				
1394			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	4	Red brown muddy hal (about 40% hal, D type). Interstitial clay about uniformly distributed in small bodies (1-1.5cm).
1392			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	55	Red brown recrystallized hal (E.F. type) of interstitial anhydrous (about 50% hal) w/ brown clay (less than 25%), hal is absent.
1390			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	4	Yellow red orange, gray anh, thinly laminated to nodular. 100% hal in top; lower part has thin thin dol partings & zones of hal pseudomorphs after gyp (less than 1-1.5cm).
1388			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	5	Reddish brown hal cemented fine & very fine ss. disturbed intercrystalline & massive, angular nodules of clear hal (1-1.5cm) & tiny anh nodules sharply overlies thin thin silt & clay layer coarsening up section at base.
1386			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	49	Reddish brown chaotic matrix-hal grading up section to recrystallized anh/hal. Impermeable to clay in top 1/2 of the unit.
1384			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture	4	Reddish orange & pale gray laminated anh grading up section to white laminated anh w/ zones of tiny hal pseudomorphs after gyp (less than 1-1.5cm).
1382			shallow fractures throughout, unfilled with ss. numerous subduction spots within gap fracture		see next page

YATES

YATES

Logged by C.W. L.B. ... date 5/74
 checked ... date 1/74
 transcribed by ... date 2/74
 updated ... date ...
 updated ... date ...

UPPER SEVEN RIVERS	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
				1430	Cavity filling pure hal grading up to recrystallized anh hal
				1435	reddish brown chaotic matrix hal top 30m fine (small matrix) fine hal matrix fine matrix of diastatic loppers Lower 22m coarse (2.5cm) hal matrix
				1440	mostly anhydritic hal of about 20 mud within crystals. Anhydrite in some large nodules (5-6cm) between hal crystals & it being captured by fine large crystals of top (1.5cm) zone.
				1445	reddish brown chaotic matrix hal mud & clay content increases up section fine in interbeds. Most all of top 1 inch is composed of anhydrite matrix mass functions as cement
				1450	fine coarse crystalline anhydrite hal (1.5cm) in several places with recrystallized reddish muddy hal. In top hal filling pits. Observed in abundance at the base of the unit.
				1455	reddish brown chaotic matrix hal (small nodules) recrystallized anhydrite & within crystals. Contains few diastatic hal loppers. Fine matrix in some places mass
				1460	reddish brown chaotic matrix hal, white & gray anh occurs in the low form of the angular & rounded nodules (2.5cm) of clay which are within & between crystals
				1465	
				1470	
				1475	
				1480	
				1485	
				1490	
				1495	
				1500	
				1505	
				1510	
				1515	
				1520	
				1525	
				1530	
				1535	
				1540	
				1545	
				1550	
				1555	
				1560	
				1565	
				1570	
				1575	
				1580	
				1585	
				1590	
				1595	
				1600	
				1605	
				1610	
				1615	
				1620	
				1625	
				1630	
				1635	
				1640	
				1645	
				1650	
				1655	
				1660	
				1665	
				1670	
				1675	
				1680	
				1685	
				1690	
				1695	
				1700	
				1705	
				1710	
				1715	
				1720	
				1725	
				1730	
				1735	
				1740	
				1745	
				1750	
				1755	
				1760	
				1765	
				1770	
				1775	
				1780	
				1785	
				1790	
				1795	
				1800	

UPPER SEVEN RIVERS

UPPER SAN ANDRES

logged by _____ date 11/85

checked _____ date 11/85

transcribed by _____ date 11/85

updated _____ date

updated _____ date

UPPER SQN ANDRES

FEET	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
1840			15 ank	-8	
1500			Fracture filled w/ 1 type hal	4	
1400			1 1/2 ank	-5	
1300			Dipping ank beds 1-2 mm ank nodules	11	
1200			0.40 Dipping 45° 1 1/2 ank data filled fractures and structure	20	
1100			1 1/2 ank	11	
1000			1 1/2 ank	-5	
900			1 1/2 hal pseudomorphs of anhydrite	45	
800			1 1/2 ank	11	
700			1 1/2 ank	-5	
600			1 1/2 ank	11	
500			1 1/2 ank	-5	
400			1 1/2 ank	11	
300			1 1/2 ank	-5	
200			1 1/2 ank	11	
100			1 1/2 ank	-5	
0			1 1/2 ank	11	
1000			1 1/2 ank	-5	
1100			1 1/2 ank	11	
1200			1 1/2 ank	-5	
1300			1 1/2 ank	11	
1400			1 1/2 ank	-5	
1500			1 1/2 ank	11	
1600			1 1/2 ank	-5	
1700			1 1/2 ank	11	
1800			1 1/2 ank	-5	
1900			1 1/2 ank	11	
2000			1 1/2 ank	-5	
2010			1 1/2 ank	11	

logged by M. D. B. SMITH, JR. date 10/25/25
 checked by M. D. B. SMITH, JR. date 10/25/25
 transcribed by M. D. B. SMITH, JR. date 10/25/25
 updated by M. D. B. SMITH, JR. date 10/25/25
 updated by M. D. B. SMITH, JR. date 10/25/25

DEPTH (m)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2010			med. fine gr. into each other		
2015			1.5% anh	317	Brown to reddish brown hal w/ numerous interbeds of both med. & fine vertically oriented crystals & dark banded hal grading up to recrystallized muddy & anh hal w/ zones of chaotic mdn hal. Much of the med grades into the anh and the crystal sizes tend to coarsen upward.
2020			subtyp to subhedral		
2025			med. fine hal laminated pseudomorphs		
2030			ripple laminated med. fine ss w/ white drapes over anh drupe		
2035			med. fine drapes		
2040			med. fine drapes		
2045			med. fine drapes		
2050			med. fine drapes		
2055			med. fine drapes		
2060			med. fine drapes		
2065			med. fine drapes		
2070			med. fine drapes		
2075			med. fine drapes		
2080			med. fine drapes		
2085			med. fine drapes		
2090			med. fine drapes		
2095			med. fine drapes		
2100			med. fine drapes		
2105			med. fine drapes		
2110			med. fine drapes		
2115			med. fine drapes		
2120			med. fine drapes		
2125			med. fine drapes		
2130			med. fine drapes		
2135			med. fine drapes		
2140			med. fine drapes		
2145			med. fine drapes		
2150			med. fine drapes		
2155			med. fine drapes		
2160			med. fine drapes		
2165			med. fine drapes		
2170			med. fine drapes		
2175			med. fine drapes		
2180			med. fine drapes		
2185			med. fine drapes		
2190			med. fine drapes		
2195			med. fine drapes		
2200			med. fine drapes		
2205			med. fine drapes		
2210			med. fine drapes		
2215			med. fine drapes		
2220			med. fine drapes		
2225			med. fine drapes		
2230			med. fine drapes		
2235			med. fine drapes		
2240			med. fine drapes		
2245			med. fine drapes		
2250			med. fine drapes		
2255			med. fine drapes		
2260			med. fine drapes		
2265			med. fine drapes		
2270			med. fine drapes		
2275			med. fine drapes		
2280			med. fine drapes		
2285			med. fine drapes		
2290			med. fine drapes		
2295			med. fine drapes		
2300			med. fine drapes		
2305			med. fine drapes		
2310			med. fine drapes		
2315			med. fine drapes		
2320			med. fine drapes		
2325			med. fine drapes		
2330			med. fine drapes		
2335			med. fine drapes		
2340			med. fine drapes		
2345			med. fine drapes		
2350			med. fine drapes		
2355			med. fine drapes		
2360			med. fine drapes		
2365			med. fine drapes		
2370			med. fine drapes		
2375			med. fine drapes		
2380			med. fine drapes		
2385			med. fine drapes		
2390			med. fine drapes		
2395			med. fine drapes		
2400			med. fine drapes		
2405			med. fine drapes		
2410			med. fine drapes		
2415			med. fine drapes		
2420			med. fine drapes		
2425			med. fine drapes		
2430			med. fine drapes		
2435			med. fine drapes		
2440			med. fine drapes		
2445			med. fine drapes		
2450			med. fine drapes		
2455			med. fine drapes		
2460			med. fine drapes		
2465			med. fine drapes		
2470			med. fine drapes		
2475			med. fine drapes		
2480			med. fine drapes		
2485			med. fine drapes		
2490			med. fine drapes		
2495			med. fine drapes		
2500			med. fine drapes		
2505			med. fine drapes		
2510			med. fine drapes		
2515			med. fine drapes		
2520			med. fine drapes		
2525			med. fine drapes		
2530			med. fine drapes		
2535			med. fine drapes		
2540			med. fine drapes		
2545			med. fine drapes		
2550			med. fine drapes		
2555			med. fine drapes		
2560			med. fine drapes		
2565			med. fine drapes		
2570			med. fine drapes		
2575			med. fine drapes		
2580			med. fine drapes		
2585			med. fine drapes		
2590			med. fine drapes		
2595			med. fine drapes		
2600			med. fine drapes		
2605			med. fine drapes		
2610			med. fine drapes		
2615			med. fine drapes		
2620			med. fine drapes		
2625			med. fine drapes		
2630			med. fine drapes		
2635			med. fine drapes		
2640			med. fine drapes		
2645			med. fine drapes		
2650			med. fine drapes		
2655			med. fine drapes		
2660			med. fine drapes		
2665			med. fine drapes		
2670			med. fine drapes		
2675			med. fine drapes		
2680			med. fine drapes		
2685			med. fine drapes		
2690			med. fine drapes		
2695			med. fine drapes		
2700			med. fine drapes		
2705			med. fine drapes		
2710			med. fine drapes		
2715			med. fine drapes		
2720			med. fine drapes		
2725			med. fine drapes		
2730			med. fine drapes		
2735			med. fine drapes		
2740			med. fine drapes		
2745			med. fine drapes		
2750			med. fine drapes		
2755			med. fine drapes		
2760			med. fine drapes		
2765			med. fine drapes		
2770			med. fine drapes		
2775			med. fine drapes		
2780			med. fine drapes		
2785			med. fine drapes		
2790			med. fine drapes		
2795			med. fine drapes		
2800			med. fine drapes		
2805			med. fine drapes		
2810			med. fine drapes		
2815			med. fine drapes		
2820			med. fine drapes		
2825			med. fine drapes		
2830			med. fine drapes		
2835			med. fine drapes		
2840			med. fine drapes		
2845			med. fine drapes		
2850			med. fine drapes		
2855			med. fine drapes		
2860			med. fine drapes		
2865			med. fine drapes		
2870			med. fine drapes		
2875			med. fine drapes		
2880			med. fine drapes		
2885			med. fine drapes		
2890			med. fine drapes		
2895			med. fine drapes		
2900			med. fine drapes		
2905			med. fine drapes		
2910			med. fine drapes		
2915			med. fine drapes		
2920			med. fine drapes		
2925			med. fine drapes		
2930			med. fine drapes		
2935			med. fine drapes		
2940			med. fine drapes		
2945			med. fine drapes		
2950			med. fine drapes		
2955			med. fine drapes		
2960			med. fine drapes		
2965			med. fine drapes		
2970			med. fine drapes		
2975			med. fine drapes		
2980			med. fine drapes		
2985			med. fine drapes		
2990			med. fine drapes		
2995			med. fine drapes		
3000			med. fine drapes		

UPPER SAN ANDRES

Logged by: H. B. SN, L. S. CW, W. L. ... date: 9/1/64

checked: H. B. SN date: 9/1/64

transcribed by: H. B. SN date: 9/1/64

updated: ... date: ...

updated: ... date: ...

WELL J Terminal
INTERVAL 1150-1150

COUNTY ... West Smith

DATE 6/25/54

UPPER SAN ANDRES

LOGGED BY ST, GE, AL, SA, CW, LI, JR

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTRACT NO.	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
1150				105	Gray thinly bedded anh w/ clay hal pseudomorphs after gypsum. Anh. A. highly contorted dol & anh nodules (1-1cm) & laminations.
1145				106	Blue light olive gray & grayish yellow white horizontally laminated hal containing dol. Contains isolated zones of fracture filling hal & anh & anh nodules (2-7 cm). Some black olive laminations, weathering to light tan. Becomes highly fractured. Fractures commonly vertical orientation 5-10 cm long.
1140				107	Gray bedded anh contains numerous reddish brown laminae. Top 1' becomes nodular in a dol matrix.
1135				108	STRICTLY DARK GRAY & REDDISH BROWN ANH w/ MODERATELY CONTACTED ANH STRIPES.
1130				109	Chaotic matrix hal, reddish brown mud bodies 2-2.5 cm.
1125				110	Mostly dark gray to brown recrystallized anh hal but sharp color change to moderate orange pink from 2157.6-2159.5.
1120				111	Chaotic matrix hal, angular mud bodies (2-4 cm) vary in color from reddish brown at base to brown at the top.
1115				112	Recrystallized muddy hal mostly reddish brown & gray. Mud with 1/2 between crystals. Thin zone of cavity filling hal at 2157. Bedding (dark bands) is absent at this 1/2 cm deep pit at 2165.
1110				113	Very muddy recrystallized hal. Mud grades up section reddish brown to dark gray.
1105				114	Recrystallized hal w/ dark gray mud between crystals & reddish mud in crystals.
1100				115	Recrystallized hal w/ large pieces of reddish mud (1/2) between 1/2 in crystals. Mud becomes grayer at the top.
1095				116	Recrystallized muddy hal, mud is both red & gray.
1090				117	Bedded muddy hal.
1085				118	Recrystallized muddy hal. Top 1' zone contains some evidence of bedding. Many traces of anh are found near the bottom & the middle of the zone.
1080				119	Recrystallized hal grading up section from dark brown to light yellow. Top 1' contains traces of nonclastic mud.
1075				120	Foliated anh in hal matrix; coarse matrix at top.
1070				121	Numerous large (3-4cm) anh & hal pseudomorphs after gypsum cutting bedded anh.
1065				122	Bedded anh w/ very small gypsum pseudomorphs between bedding.
1060				123	Thinly laminated anh w/ long (1-1.5cm) hal pseudomorphs after gypsum.
1055				124	Nodular & bedded anh & dol w/ traces of hal filled anastomosing. Some dol contains crystalline anh.
1050				125	Nodular anh (1-1.5cm) w/ mostly dol matrix. Nodules at base have yellow green or reddish centers.
1045				126	Yellowish blue to gray laminated dol matrix w/ long vertical fractures filled w/ orange fibrous hal. Tiny anh nodules (less than 1cm) throughout but more in top portion. Bottom half is well disturbed, top silty.
1040				127	Gray anh nodules become supported in dol matrix. 30cm.
1035				128	Dol matrix (tan) & matrix (gray) banded.
1030				129	Dark gray anhydritic matrix, disturbed intercalated texture.
1025				130	Dark muddy recrystallized hal w/ angular mud bodies (2-4 cm).
1020				131	Mostly recrystallized hal w/ some relic bedding of mud & anh.
1015				132	Dark bedded hal w/ numerous fractures by pits & pieces of recrystallized hal w/ anh layers at the base.
1010				133	Thin discontinuous anh interbeds in hal. 2 cm of anh just above next interval.
1005				134	Hal sparse channels, discontinuous anh partings, anh cavity filling.
1000				135	Horizontal laminated anh grading up to interbedded hal & anh (contorted) grading up to large scale herringbone hal & anh after gypsum pseudomorphs.
995				136	Mud gray nodular to nodular massive anh w/ interbedded dol matrix. Hal proportion decreases up section.
990				137	Yellow brown ripple laminated matrix/dol, abundant anh nodules.
985				138	Logged by: CW Date: 6/25/54
980				139	Checked by: SA Date: 6/25/54
975				140	Transcribed by: SA, JR Date: 3/25/54
970				141	Updated by: SA Date: 6/25/54
965				142	Updated by: SA Date: 6/25/54

INTERVAL 2150-2170

UPPER SAN ANDRES, MIDDLE SAN LOGGED BY ...

ADDRESS LOWER SAN ADDRESS UNIT 5

DEPTH (FEET)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2140			ANM nodules HAL replacement of silicates and partly HAL cont 2241 = 2242 O	54	Yellow white gray dol matrix & phas. Burrowing present throughout in various concentrations
2140			ANM	55	Medium gray bedded ANM, nodular mosaic ANM in upper part
2140			ANM nodules HAL nodules (small) ANM nodules ANM	56	Highly disturbed metastasitic interbeds grading to hal cemented very fine dol matrix interbeds also highly disturbed. Matrix interbeds less than 1/8" in thickness. Mostly gray medium gray at top, intercrystalline
2140			10 cm dol matrix layer at 2141.0 4.0 cm Dol matrix layer at 2141.7	57	Medium gray nodular, nodular mosaic & mosaic ANM w/ intermodular dol matrix
2170			Single fossil valve predominantly preferentially oriented	58	
2170			Remnant lg. shale horstingstone Pseudomorphs 10 cm clay matrix nodular, etc. 1% layer at 2171.2 Clay matrix with horizontal fractures present at 2171.0	59	Wavy laminated olive gray dol matrix w/ abundant compressed horizontal burrows 1/16" x 0.4cm. Patchy hal cement, controlled by location of burrows. Fracturing up section to phas.
2170				60	Nodular mosaic ANM w/ intermodular dol
2170				61	ANM & hal pseudomorphs after gyp, rounded large scale burrows. Highly disturbed and dark gray anhydritic matrix
2170				62	Medium gray mosaic ANM
2170				63	Minor dol & hal dolomite layering in ANM. Layering however disturbed & truncated by nodular growth in upper portion
2170				64	Mosaic & nodular mosaic ANM w/ dol matrix present in intermodular areas
2170				65	Dol matrix underlying dol matrix composed of unidentifiable silicified, 1/2cm in diameter. ANM filled vertical burrow present at 2170.2 - 0.2cm ANM nodules present.
2170				66	Dark gray matrix dolomitic at the top strongly disturbed & silty at base
2170				67	
2170				68	Gray massive ANM w/ irregular voids filled w/ hal & gray thinly laminated ANM cement nodular in lower 2 feet
2170				69	Light to dark yellow brown interbedded ANM & matrix, shale laminated ANM olive gray matrix at base
2170				70	Light brown, gray black thinly laminated ANM (about 1/4" thick). Lenses followed by subparallel horizontal layers of colored ANM. Abundant small ANM pseudomorphs after gyp
2170				71	Gray massive ANM w/ irregular vertical cavities top to 2 cm filled w/ hal, could be pseudomorphs after gyp
2170				72	Light brown hal cemented thinly laminated dol matrix w/ isolated layer parallel ANM nodules.
2170				73	
2170				74	Gray nodular mosaic ANM, top 3/4" & basal 1/4" dol matrix
2170				75	Gray ANM, nodular w/ dol laminae at base, nodular fabric present, gradual laminated fabric w/ pseudomorphs after gyp at top
2170				76	
2170				77	Yellow brown thinly bedded ANM w/ ripples, ANM nodules at top
2170				78	Interbedded dark gray anhydritic matrix nodular to banded ANM. ANM is stained and compacted
2170				79	Red brown matrix, strongly intercrystalline texture
2170				80	
2170				81	Yellow gray, white nodular mosaic ANM. Less than 5% HAL. Nodules to 1/4" finer less than 1 cm ANM nodules in dol matrix 2/3" at base
2170				82	Yellow gray ripple cross laminated dol matrix, laminations up to 1/4" thick. Dol matrix at top
2170				83	Reddish brown matrix w/ chaotic texture, ANM interbeds, ANM sediment crystallized & ripple cross laminated. Dark matrix top 1/4" slightly dolomitic
2170				84	Light gray fotted ANM in hal matrix, hal mosaic, relic pseudomorphs after gyp
2170				85	
2170				86	
2170				87	
2170				88	
2170				89	
2170				90	
2170				91	
2170				92	
2170				93	
2170				94	
2170				95	
2170				96	
2170				97	
2170				98	
2170				99	
2170				100	

Logged by ...
 checked ...
 transcribed by ...
 updated ...
 updated ...

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTRACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2430				41	Extremely coarse (fine) subhedral cavity fill. Fluid inclusion rich.
2425				40	Bedded/banded hal. cut by large pipes, crystals, crystals 1/2 to 1 cm.
2420				39	Bedded (8 type) hal. 20% recrystallized to recrystallized muddy hal. (type 1). Grades to 100% type 1 at 2379.1. Crystals subhedral polyhedral in the lower grades up section to mudflat or increasing mud.
2415				38	Typical chaotic mudflat, crystals generally coarse (up to 2 mm) associated to subhedral or large interstitial bodies of mudflat.
2410				37	Bedded/banded mosaic anh. or patchy interstitial hal. Grades up section to grassmat texture or hal. replacing grassmat pseudomorphs first as some herringbone patterns then as well formed blocks & subhedral. Pseudomorphs up to 1/2 in, average 7 mm. Pseudomorphs display growth bands. Minor mica at top, pseudomorphs preserved but most become anh. hal. mixture.
2405				36	Interbed compressed of claystone & siltstone. Rippled layer.
2400				35	Coarse subhedral cavity fill, less than 1% disseminated mica, crystals, subhedral, recrystallized anhedral, or fully irregular anh. bodies. Hal. has reddish mud. Typical chaotic mudflat.
2395				34	Bedded hal. grades up section to recrystallized (about 40% mud) hal. with common primary bedding grading up section to 100% recrystallized hal. Typical chaotic mudflat (crystals anhedral/subhedral to 1/2 in) composed by an interbedded.
2390				33	Anhedral mudflat muddy hal. or some vertically oriented crystals under first growth mica laminations.
2385				32	Bedded hal. or muddy, very dark laminae outlining crystal growth, some slight bedding.
2380				31	Recrystallized muddy hal.; crystals from 1/2 cm subhedral/subhedral polyhedral in form. Mica finely disseminated throughout. Some vertically oriented crystals in top 2 feet.
2375				30	Bedded hal. or scattered zones of chevron concentration becoming increasingly disturbed & recrystallized from 2370. Pipes & pits, common throughout.
2370				29	Fully, crinoid anh. bodies in a matrix of clear type 1 hal. Some small (less than 1 mm) hal. replaced by pseudomorphs.
2365				28	Recrystallized hal. becoming increasingly muddy up section. Hal. fine, mica chevrons & some vertically oriented crystals; & other interstitial mud.
2360				27	Massive bedded anh. or lenses of highly disseminated hal. replacement (bedded) hal. top 5'.
2355				26	Typical chaotic mudflat.
2350				25	Chevron hal. cut by numerous pipes filled w/ red brown mud. becomes increasingly recrystallized up section.
2345				24	Bedded hal. of interstitial dark reddish brown up section in black mud. as numerous partings and interstitial, massive, yellowish, vertical crystals.
2340				23	Recrystallized hal. crystals anhedral/subhedral reddish brown with mica in crystals and as interstitial bodies.
2335				22	Extremely coarse subhedral pure cavity fill (type 1) crystals & the mud, muddy type 1 hal.
2330				21	Bedded/banded hal. of some beds containing chevrons. Dark bands defined by mud, anh. and organic impurities. Bands become reddish top foot.
2325				20	Recrystallized anhedral hal. & cavity fill w/ irregular anh. bodies. Bottom 5' increasing mud up section. Grades to bedded hal.
2320				19	Chevron hal. in varying degree of recrystallization. (A going in E) pipes, pits and thin anh. partings common.
2315				18	Recrystallized muddy hal. (black reduced mudflat), crystals subhedral to vertical (bedded) cubes to 1 x 1 cm.
2310				17	Recrystallized muddy hal. (reddish brown mudflat) w/ chaotic zones near interbeds at 2456-2457 mudflat laminated interbed cuts core at angle to horizontal (see note whole core description 2456.5-2456.9), crystals anhedral & coarse.
2305				16	White chevron hal. cut by numerous pipes & pits, large pipe in upper half partially filled w/ red mud. Interbeds general broken irregular zones. Anh. heavily outlines vertical crystal growth throughout.
2300				15	Recrystallized muddy hal. w/ the interstitial mud in varying degree of anhydritization (type 1 going E). Some vertically oriented crystals; top foot crystals generally anhedral/subhedral typically .5cm-1.5cm, the larger ones in bottom 2/3 of the unit.
2295				14	Contacted anh. or interstitial hal. finely disseminated throughout. Also occurring in lenses & irregular bodies. Grades to filled grassmat texture. Hal. after the pseudomorphs contacted ripple laminated siltstone at 2284.0. Fully anh. or hal. vertical, massive top.
2290				13	Extremely coarse hal. cavity fill (up to 4 x 4 cm) of contacted anhydrite (bedded) large fluid inclusions.
2285				12	Recrystallized anhydrite hal. (crystals subhedral-anhedral) grades to bedded banded hal., yellowish impurities in bottom foot.
2280				11	Recrystallized anhydrite hal. w/ irregularly shaped interstitial anh. bodies. Crystals sub-anhedral, some possibly vertical orientation.
2275				10	Medium gray modular mosaic & mosaic anh. dol. mudst. w/ occasional hal. cement present intermodularly.

Detail logs (1" x 5") are available with composition and thickness of associated interbeds and other descriptive comments.

Logged by: ST. BU. 03 10 12 1954
 Checked by: ST. BU. 03 10 12 1954
 Transcribed by: ST. BU. 03 10 12 1954
 Updated: ST. BU. 03 10 12 1954
 Updated: ST. BU. 03 10 12 1954

DEPTH (FEET)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2410					See Previous page
2415				5	Light olive gray to yellow white gray barren (?) white/white
2420				5	Medium gray nodular massive anh/dol as intermodular material
2425				5.4	Yellow/white gray limy dol or sandy dol - some, replaced by ... fragments dol replaced
2430				5	Light gray to medium light gray nodular massive anh/dol ... present as intermodular material
2435				5	Olive gray dolomitic ferruginous claystone, laminated ... disturbed intraclastic at base
2440				5	Bedded, massive anh/dol ... ferruginous clay defining bedding
2445				5	Grassmat dol after ... up to 100 ...
2450				5	Medium gray massive anh/dol present on some sides of the nodules
2455				5	
2460				5	Grayish olive to yellow white gray dol massive overlain by ... underlain by dark gray anhydritic dolomite
2465				5	Medium gray to medium dark gray anh/dol ... of dol
2470				5	
2475				5	Gray black anhydritic claystone ... contorted intraclastic texture
2480				5	
2485				17	Bedded S type dol w/ well developed interstitial disseminated bands of ... minor anh; vertically oriented crystals are 1 to 1.5 cm high. Bedding is truncated by pits & pits. The unit contains an interbedded ... of D type dol.
2490				4	
2495				4	Anhydral dol w/ interstitial bodies of white w/ contorted silt laminations & anh nodules. D-type dol; The D-type dol contains an interbedded zone of H type crystal mosaic of crystals up to 3cm & a zone of F type dol, anhydral crystals w/ discontinuous irregular anh laminae mixed w/ D-type dol.
2500				4	
2505				4	Bedded S type dol w/ vertically oriented crystals about 1cm ... large pipe filled w/ dol & irregular bodies of red brown mica
2510				4	Mixed E & F type dol w/ pipes at the base protruding into underlying ...
2515				4	Type A dol w/ chevron fluid inclusions & vertically oriented crystals ...
2520				4	Irregularly F type dol w/ anhydral crystals w/ discontinuous, irregular ... laminations mixed w/ vertically oriented crystals w/ chevrons at the base & also mixed w/ E type dol throughout.
2525				4	Clear coarse crystal mosaic of H type dol w/ other ... concentration of anh at the base
2530				17	Type D dol, chaotic mosaic w/ interstitial bodies w/ contorted & ... laminated siltstone & mica. The unit contains ... bedded S type dol.
2535				17	Bedded & bedded S type dol w/ vertically oriented crystals & bedding ... disseminated band of anh & mica. At 2530 there is a planar ... deep filled w/ gray mica. The S type dol contains a zone in which the bedded dol is becoming partly recrystallized anhydral dol w/ interstitial bodies of anh F type dol.
2540				17	Bedded A type dol w/ chevron fluid inclusions & anh ... See next page
2545				17	
2550				17	
2555				17	
2560				17	
2565				17	
2570				17	
2575				17	
2580				17	
2585				17	
2590				17	
2595				17	
2600				17	
2605				17	
2610				17	

LOWER SAN ANDRES - UNIT 4

Detail logs (17" x 5") are available with composition and thickness of associated interbeds and other descriptive comments.

logged by S. B. ... date 10/1/54
 checked S. B. ... date 10/1/54
 transcribed by S. B. ... date 10/1/54
 updated _____ date _____
 updated _____ date _____

WELL 2110
INTERVAL 2110-2150

COUNTY Oneida

DATE 10/1/54

LOWER SAG ANDRES UNIT 4

LOGGED BY

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2110				4	Complex interval of primarily F type hal of anhedral crystals w/ interstitial mtn; this is mixed w/ a 75' interval of banded B type hal at 2112 that has an horizontal bedding. At 2109 it contains an interval of D type hal & at the top of the interval it is mixed w/ some crystals consisting chevron fluid inclusions. Red brown & pale green siltstone w/ mtn drapes (laminated) is associated & distributed.
2110				5	Poorly developed B type hal w/ chevron fluid inclusions, bedding not well marked, contains zones of recrystallization. F type hal contains pits, filling a chaotic mudstone some pits clear.
2110				6	D type hal, chaotic mudstone, anhedral hal w/ interstitial bodies of mtn with some siltstone inclusions.
2110				7	Banded F type hal, going to F type, crystals anhedral, finely recrystallized w/ partially oriented crystals, contains interbeds.
2110				8	Red brown mtn disturbed & contorted features w/ orange fibrous hal filled structures.
2110				9	Anhedral hal w/ interstitial mtn bodies; D type, chaotic mudstone w/ small patches of banded B type hal at the base & an elongate patch of banded B type hal w/ chevron fluid inclusions at the top. Some mtn & anh beds have horizontal orientations.
2110				10	Predominately banded B type hal w/ vertically oriented crystals & disseminated mtn & anh drapes & partings, bedding is transacted by pits & pipes of mtn, crystallized hal. Also contains localized zones of B type hal w/ chevron fluid inclusions & zones of F & F hal also of anhedral hal w/ interstitial orientations of mtn & anh, laminations are discontinuous & fluid inclusions are few, some zones occur predominately bounding interbeds. Many mtn beds are recycled.
2110				11	Anhedral hal w/ interstitial laminations of anh, little internal structure.
2110				12	Banded B type hal w/ pits & pipes filling w/ clear hal, banded hal has vertically oriented crystals & disseminated interstitial material.
2110				13	Chaotic mudstone, D type hal, anhedral crystals w/ interstitial bodies of mtn.
2110				14	Banded, B type hal w/ vertically oriented crystals & dark disseminated mtn throughout.
2110				15	Banded B type hal going to F type, anhedral crystals w/ interstitial laminations of mtn & other anh, these lithologies are mixed w/ D type chaotic mudstone.
2110				16	Banded B type hal, at the base it is mixed w/ B type hal w/ chevron fluid inclusions, both types are transacted by pits w/ insoluble residue & some of coarser crystalline hal. Bedding is marked by disseminated bands of mtn & anh w/ some interbeds of mtn & anh drapes.
2110				17	Orange/yellow hal, interbedded B & F hal types, J & B thin, w/ anh partings & drapes. Stringers of anh completely surrounded vertically oriented crystals, chevron fluid inclusions are poorly preserved.
2110				18	Banded B type hal w/ vertically oriented crystals, disseminated anh bands & some transacting bedding. Contains a one foot interval of B type hal w/ chevron fluid inclusions & small zones of recrystallized hal.
2110				19	Banded hal w/ well developed chevrons fluid inclusions, pipes filling bedding & anh drapes & partings.
2110				20	Predominately banded B type hal w/ local zones of recrystallized anh & hal w/ interstitial anh & mtn.
2110				21	Anhedral hal w/ interstitial bodies of red brown mtn consisting irregular silt laminae-D type hal, base of unit is a large pit w/ insoluble residue of base.
2110				22	Banded B type hal w/ vertically oriented crystals & predominantly anh drapes & partings of one type of B type hal w/ chevron fluid inclusions (see later), contains pipes transacting bedding.
2110				23	Milky white bedded B type hal w/ abundant B well developed chevron fluid inclusions. Crystals are vertically oriented, bedding 1-2" thick marked by anh drapes. Bedding transacted by few pipes.
2110				24	Anhedral hal w/ angular & irregular shaped interstitial bodies of red brown mtn. D type hal, contains irregular & undulate mtn interbeds cut across by orange fibrous hal filled fractures.
2110				25	Banded & banded B type hal w/ vertically oriented crystals, some recrystallized B type hal near top, chevrons poorly developed. Bands, transacted by pipes w/ recrystallized hal, contains drapes & partings of anhedral mtn.
2110				26	D type hal anhedral w/ interstitial bodies of dark red brown mtn w/ disturbed silt laminae-chaotic or disorganized texture.
2110				27	Predominately bedded to banded B type hal, cut through by pits & pipes, also containing localized zones of anhedral, recrystallized B & F type hal. B type hal has vertically oriented crystals, anh drapes, & disseminated mtn & anh bands. Chunks of mtn in zones of D type hal (see left) are dark gray, brecciated-bearing or intraclastic.
2110				28	Banded B type hal w/ patches of vertically oriented crystals & disseminated bands of anh going to disturbed F type hal of anhedral hal w/ interstitial anh, contains disturbed irregular anh beds near contact of underlying anh.

Detail logs (1" x 4") are available with composition and thickness of associated interbeds and other description comments.

logged by _____ date _____
 checked _____ date _____
 transcribed by _____ date _____
 updated _____ date _____
 updated _____ date _____

INTERVAL 2740-2850 LOWER SAN ANTONIO UNIT 4 LOGGED BY G. E. ...

DEPTH (FEET)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	DEPTH (FEET)	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
2740			laminations of dolomite included	46	Medium gray nodular massive anh & interlaminated anh & m
2745			nodules in mass, anh & dol	45	Onlitho-fossil fragment present w/ molluscs well sorted, ranging locally from shell size of 0.5cm to 0.8cm. Abundant anh & hal replacement of allochems. Mollusc fragments are up to 1.0cm in length.
2750			not easily identifiable	44	
2755			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	43	
2760			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	42	
2765			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	41	
2770			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	40	
2775			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	39	
2780			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	38	
2785			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	37	
2790			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	36	
2795			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	35	
2800			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	34	
2805			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	33	
2810			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	32	
2815			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	31	
2820			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	30	
2825			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	29	
2830			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	28	
2835			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	27	
2840			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	26	
2845			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	25	
2850			Some trace of fine grained dolomite	24	

Logged by G. E. ... Date 10-1-53

Checked by ... Date 10-1-53

Transcribed by ... Date 10-1-53

Updated ... Date

Updated ... Date

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
5410	CONVENTIONAL PERMISSIVE SAND - 55% SiO ₂				Gray nodular micritic am
5411			external, long lamination (1/2) being broken		olive gray to gray dolomite arranged in four gradational sequences. 1/2 in of olive laminated burrowed micrite overlain by parallel laminated micrite. Laminations in uppermost sequence are slightly wavy & disturbed by vertical fracturing. Four traces
5412			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		1/2 in of wavy laminated & mud cracked dolomite overlain by 2 1/2 in of heavily laminated dolomite or burrowing in abundance in section, spacing of laminations increasing up section also gradational
5413			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		2/3 dark olive gray fissile completely broken apart. Clinette sharply bounding gray nodular micritic am or interstitial clayite at the base & yellow gray dolomite upwards. Uppermost 1/2 consists of am nodules in distorted laminated dolomite
5414			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		1/2 gray green silty terrigenous micrite sharply overlain by olive gray & gray dol. dol ranges from micrite to micrite. grains are rather very irregular, not visible. There is a thin finely laminated zone about 2 1/2 in above base & micrite siltstone & thin siltstone occur throughout as well as micrite. am nodules are scattered. Near 5410 there are some fractures that become siltstone as they approach a vertical orientation
5415			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		1/2 gray nodular micritic am overlain by a 20 cm bed of finely laminated dolomite or mud cracks overlying gray bioturbated dolomite. 1/2 in of olive gray dolomite overlain by 1/2 in of olive gray dolomite
5416			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		1/2 gray dolomite (1) micrite, variably bioturbated or abundant micrite. am nodules are scattered. 1/2 in of olive gray dolomite overlain by 1/2 in of olive gray dolomite. 1/2 in of olive gray dolomite overlain by 1/2 in of olive gray dolomite
5417			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		1/2 gray nodular micritic am overlain by 20 cm bed of finely laminated dolomite or mud cracks overlying gray bioturbated dolomite. 1/2 in of olive gray dolomite overlain by 1/2 in of olive gray dolomite
5418			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		1/2 gray nodular micritic am or interstitial zones of dolomite nodules & interfractures in an argillaceous dolomite matrix or partly also
5419			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		light gray dolomite or wavy wavy horizontal laminations, highlighted by crystallite am grains to micrite upwards or horizontal bedding
5420			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		gray blue dolomite, extremely distorted micrite or am nodules, possibly micrite, micrite, crystallite am, am nodules, wavy wavy horizontal laminations
5421			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		1/2 in of micrite yellow gray & gray bioturbated crystallite dolomite overlain by 1/2 in yellow gray wavy horizontally laminated dolomite. interfractures, am nodules, wavy wavy horizontal laminations, micrite, crystallite am, am nodules, wavy wavy horizontal laminations
5422			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		medium gray dolomite, highly recrystallized, no grains visible, wavy laminations, crystallite am present
5423			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		medium gray dolomite, highly recrystallized, no grains visible, wavy laminations, crystallite am present
5424			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		yellow gray dolomite or abundant micrite, grains to micrite upwards, bioturbated in uppermost portion
5425			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		medium gray dolomite or interbedded (?) about 5 cm thick of dolomite or micrite, contains abundant burrows
5426			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		yellow gray to olive gray dolomite or micrite, micrite, grains, wavy laminations, micrite, & crystallite am. Uppermost 1/2 in of olive gray dolomite or wavy horizontal laminations & well developed crystallite am
5427			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		Gray nodular micritic am or interstitial dolomite
5428			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		olive gray dolomite (?) micrite sub-spherical grains distinct in places & irregular in others, contains small black wavy laminations of organic material, possible burrows & crystallite am; basal 1/2 contains interfractures possible from the underlying unit
5429			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		bands of gray nodular micritic am or interstitial olive gray dolomite or micrite, laminations. Sequence is capped by laminated micrite & am nodules
5430			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		yellow gray micrite micrite or crystallite am
5431			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		medium gray dolomite (?) micrite, grains are poorly defined, contains crystallite am, micrite & wavy laminations
5432			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		yellow gray dolomite or a horizontal micrite texture defining a diffuse laminations, contains crystallite am along laminations
5433			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		gray nodular micritic am or interstitial yellow gray dolomite or micrite, defined by micrite
5434			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		yellow gray dolomite, grain shapes sub-spherical, poorly defined, micrite (?) micrite, contains crystallite am, micrite, caused by (?) of yellow gray, slightly micrite micrite
5435			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		yellow gray dolomite of bluish rounded grains, squashed micrite (?) & traces, abundance of burrows increase up section burrows occur throughout upper 1/2, is heavily bioturbated, contains low micrite, am nodules & crystallite am
5436			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		micrite light medium gray & yellow gray dolomite, no grains visible, contains micrite burrows or root traces, am nodules & abundant pyrite, micrite, crystallite am
5437			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		yellow gray dolomite of squashed micrite (?) micrite at the base
5438			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		light olive gray dolomite which grades up section to micrite, with extensively bioturbated, contains am nodules & crystallite am, micrite & micrite
5439			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		light olive gray dolomite with wavy laminations of organic matter, highly bioturbated upwards. Contains am nodules
5440			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		yellow gray to gray blue dolomite, extensively recrystallized, micrite, micrite, contains fossils replaced by am, also am nodules, contains the interbed of dolomite, laminations otherwise unidentifiable
5441			internal, long lamination (1/2) being broken		very pale to pale yellowish brown dolomite micrite, micrite burrows & wavy laminated textures, am is present as finely disseminated clusters

WOLF CAMP

CONTACTS

Logged by: R. L. ... date: 10/15/70
 Checked by: ... date: 11/1/70
 Transcribed by: ... date: 11/1/70
 Updated: ... date: ...
 Updated: ... date: ...

WOLFCAMP

LOGGED BY S. S. B. 10/21/84

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
5610			coarse crystalline with irregular porous bed in fine texture		
5620			dark gray micropelitic, bluish gray, slightly porous, a bedded texture	71	yellowish gray dol contains abundant stylolites & a few very large anh mod (4-10cm). Long vertical fractures occur throughout & are often seen radiating from anh modules; remnant attachments have been completely detritized. Matrix is massive, cut by stylolites & microstylolites.
5630			large ANH modules, ANH filled with fine radiating thin veins (fibers of radiolite replaced by ANH)	6	
5640			gradually lighter color	41	
5650			Angular ANH modules and ANH filling fractures	6	Dark gray massive dol w/ dark blue angular anh modules (2-10cm) & anh filling numerous fractures. Fossiliferous molds filled w/ anh are dispersed throughout. Massive, no bedding defined.
5660			to 2.5cm thick, laminated ANH (2-10cm) ANH filling numerous small voids (large tubules)	110	Gray massive dol w/ numerous thin fractures & abundant finely disseminated anh "attachments" are all replaced by anh or recrystallized in dol. Lower 2" are very fractured. Anh also occurs as blue large nodular massive areas.
5670			to 2.5cm thick, rounded ANH modules	5	
5680			remains strong & shows fine structure? Fossiliferous replaced by ANH and to ANH	10	yellowish gray dol with/with/abundant anh disseminated throughout
5690			Blue dol w/ microcrystalline fossils & "attachments" from porous lower crystalline ANH modules	5	
5700			laminated dol w/ anh module		
5710			2cm x 3cm x 1cm ANH filling fine & not discontinuous structure		
5720			black mud filling void 2.5 x 5cm commonly contains stellate black dol module	26	Gray & yellowish gray very porous, massive dolomite. All attachments are recrystallized remnants or filled w/ anh. Some anh modules are partly silicified & solid chert occurs at 5712'. Some of the anh contains base vertical fractures 1-10cm long. The top 1' appears less porous.
5730			black mud w/ silicified(?) in rare break from microcrystalline		
5740			microcrystalline black mud in fractures ANH filled fossils local large variation in porosity	6	
5750			radiolite rep. bed by dol w/ ANH and loc. black mud stringers 5-1cm	24	
5760			ANH module surrounded by soft black mud		
5770			radiolite modules	28	Dark gray, porous coarse crystalline dolomite with/with/with. Attachments have been replaced only leaving large secondary porosity. Anh modules generally increase up section in size & abundance & often are partially silicified or soft blue mud rates.
5780			black silicified ANH module (1cm)	25	Massive partially dolomitized quartz/paste or fossiliferous, contains coarse brown dol crystals & isolated anh, chert or chalcocite nodules (1-2cm). Impure dolomitized zone shows contorted laminations at 5772'. Top contact is an irregular surface.
5790			chert module w/ fossil fragments	6	
5800			various radiolite dol pellets		
5810			ANH modules	75	Dark gray & yellowish gray, contorted & wavy laminated, mostly dolomitized quartz/paste. Contains isolated coarse crystalline anh modules (1-10cm) & a very large chert module at base which contains mollusk fragments. Very coarse crystalline dol occurs near the chert.
5820			Greenopale in chert module (5cm) ANH modules	2	Yellowish gray, coarse partially dolomitized quartz. Contains fossiliferous, crinoids, dol pellets & silicified grains. One anh module (2cm) at 5770.
5830			fractures filled w/ ANH 4-8cm	18	Dark gray dolomitized Phos? Remnant attachments are fossiliferous, crinoid columns & bryozoans. Includes isolated silicified modules & anh filling 6-8 cm fractures at 5722'
5840			chert modules (11cm)	42	Coarse fossiliferous quartz/paste or some dolomitized zones, chert modules, & a few silicified grains. Fabric shows wavy laminations & is heavily stylolitized in bottom 15cm.
5850				51	
5860				6	
5870				64	Dark gray wavy & contorted laminated dolomite w/ isolated anh modules which have microcrystalline & some are partly silicified. Calcite component increases above base & fossiliferous occur in the lower half. Fine vertical fractures are found at 574.5'.
5880					
5890					
5900					
5910					
5920					
5930					
5940					
5950					
5960					
5970					
5980					
5990					
6000					

WOLFCAMP

1111
6pm

No intervals were gain counted

logged by: S.S.B. 10/21/84

checked by: S.B. 10/21/84

transcribed by: P.H. 10/21/84

updated: 10/21/84

updated: 10/21/84

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
5740			Coarse and skeletal grains in fine matrix		see description above p 10
5745			30 cm thin v. fracture replacement dol. in matrix (massive & crystalline) (small) bed 2.5 cm Unusually sharp contact		Massive fine grained gash w/ coarse dark crystalline dol grains dispersed throughout, becomes more fossiliferous at the top
5750			ANM nodules, 2 cm or ind fabric very heavily stylized		Fossiliferous gray fine grained gash w/ skeletal mesh, silicified grains & a few sparse crystalline dol pellets. A chert nod at 5748 & partial silicification occurs in wavy laminae & near stylolites
5755			bioplastic bioplasticlike		Dark gray dolomitic fossiliferous gash grading up section to fossiliferous ANM. Forms are calcite, matrix is crystalline dol. Partially silicified ANM nodules are up to 1.5 cm
5760			diapiretic micrite rims around nodules silica nodules		Fine grained gash w/ isolated partly silicified ANM nodules 1.5-2 cm. Allochans are fossiliferous skeletal fragments & silicified grains. Contains replacement dol scattered throughout.
5765			ANM nodules w/ effluves chert nodules		Coarse gray fossiliferous gash grading up section to less fossiliferous gash. Lower 1cm contains abundant small ANM nodules.
5770					Gray fossiliferous dolomite w/ 2.5 cm ANM nodules & silica nodules which are rimmed w/ mud. Fossiliferous are all calcite. Dolomite section w/ at base shows nodular gash dol displacing some fabric.
5775					Lighter colored fine grained massive gash/gash w/ a few fine silicified grains.
5780					Dark gray dolomitic gash w/ calcite fossiliferous to top. Fossiliferous gash w/ section becoming increasingly dolomitic & fossiliferous. Fossils are calcite. Allochans include fossiliferous, other forms, small shells & debris. Scattered ANM fill (nodules) 2 cm
5785					Light gray to brown silicified gash. Allochans are generally small (less than 1 mm) & include well-sorted globular like forms, fusulines, shells, debris, gastropods, crinoid stems & unidentifiable coated grains. Silicification is homogeneous giving unit massive appearance but some stratification may be present. Silica replaces many allochans.
5790					
5795					Dark gray dol gash, fossil allochans generally small (less than 1mm), calciferous & predominantly shell debris, bottom 2 feet contains fossiliferous & numerous small (leads to 1 cm across). ANM in middle portions of unit are not fully developed up to 1 cm & possibly at a replacement mineral in interstitial areas. Unit contains scattered vertical fractures, wavy laminae & mud veins.
5800					Stratified dolomitic gash w/ zones of shell rich. Numerous about 1 cm fossils & well filled w/ calcite.
5805					Disturbed light tan/blue white (?) w/ fossil allochans ranging from shell (less than 1 mm) size filled coated round grains, in large tan matrix structure to 1.5 cm "mud" filled brachiopods, forams, limonite. Matrix has a grainy disturbed texture which appears to be composed of finely ground shell with individual grains difficult to discern unit may therefore be gash. Tan/blue porous dolomite gash w/ large amount of different concentration "spotty appearance". Brown areas less well cemented & contain larger void spaces.
5810					Light tan blue porous dolomite gash w/ low angle cross stratification & wavy horizontal hel frost structures in lower half that grade up section from fairly nonparallel & discontinuous to even parallel & continuous. Hel frost contains scattered birdseye like voids. Stratification defined by differential cementation w/ hel frost in lower half.
5815					Light tan porous dolomite gash w/ numerous void spaces to top in diameter similar texture? ANM fills some of these interstitial areas. There is a hint of stratification.
5820					Hel frost (cemented) light tan porous dolomite gash w/ scattered stylolites and low angle cross stratification defined by variations in cementation and white grain size (2-1mm). Unit appears to be some surface generally contain grains on the large end of the scale and sometimes occasional forams. Inter unit is porous w/ some very porous intervals which generally lack hel frost.
5825					
5830					Wavy laminated gash interbedded w/ disturbed gash, contains numerous silicified nodules often w/ ANM filled fractures. Unit capped by wavy laminated gash also w/ silicified nodules.
5835					
5840					Gray highly porous poorly sorted disturbed gash/gash. Allochans range in size from 25 mm to 4cm & include forams, crinoids, mollusks, brachiopod shells often w/ peepal fill & general debris. Unit has disturbed, disturbed texture & contains a long (1.5') vertical burrow like structure filled w/ harder & more porous material than surrounding area. Contact of overlying unit is brown & brecciated w/ dolomitic interstitial areas containing dark orange material.
5845					
5850					Gray porous gash; allochans are homogeneous in size up to 1mm average. 1.1 mm & include forams, crinoid parts, coated grains & general debris. Contains zones of stylolization, fractures & patchy ANM replacement.
5855					
5860					
5865					
5870					
5875					
5880					
5885					
5890					
5895					

WOLF CAMP

30 cm thin v. fracture replacement dol. in matrix (massive & crystalline) (small) bed 2.5 cm Unusually sharp contact

ANM nodules, 2 cm or ind fabric very heavily stylized

bioplastic bioplasticlike

diapiretic micrite rims around nodules silica nodules

ANM nodules w/ effluves chert nodules

Small Dark

low angle hel frost

low angle hel frost very porous

very porous

ANM for. fill

ANM filled bed

Stratified nodules -

Brown like texture

Lg Porous vert burrow

Lg texture w/ brachiopod shell w/ Crinoid fill

1111 G.P.M

Logged by

checked

transcribed by

updated

updated

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
5470	18% chert, 82% gms		silicified layers silicified nodules	6.8	Gray coarse gms grades up section to less coarse burrowed brown gms w scattered thin organic stringers. Grains grade from 3mm to less than 1mm up section. Allochems, fossil hash, crinoid stems & forams scattered. Silicified nodules & zones.
5470			ASH filled mollusc	6.1	Porous forams/dolitic gms. Grains highly homogeneous throughout size 3mm-1mm circular to tubular in shape. Allochems appear to be small forams and/or oolites. Scattered pore filling zones of ash & siliceous cement. porosity.
5466			silicified zones	6.1	Series of concentrated upward sequences in light tan gms. heaviest zone between 5477.7-5479.8 & 5484-5485. Grains to 5mm (contains few silicified zones 1cm & 1.5cm thick). Allochems; shell hash, crinoid columns, fragments commonly silicified.
5460			70% layers	6.1	Light tan gms; allochems less than 1mm but scattered larger silicified crinoid columns; generally fines up section vertical fractures open. por.
5460			Large silicified nodule	6.1	Waxy laminated organic rich wstn/gms. Common large silicified nodules & zones throughout up to 15cm thick. Dolomitization patchy. Hal frust coats silicified areas. Decreasing organics up section. Allochems silicified crinoid stems, fusulinids, fossil hash.
5460				6.1	Light tan gms w/ ash filled voids. Increasing burrows & organic rich clay up section.
5460				6.1	Highly silicified zone of light brown gms/wstn. Slightly dolomitized lower foot.
5460				6.1	Waxy laminated slightly dolomitic gms to wstns. Waxy laminations disseminated throughout w/ common zones of concentrated dolomitization generally associated w/ waxy laminations. Concentrations of "beetles" also occurs as concentrically zoned nodules w/ increasing dol. inward to a silicified core. Allochems, predominantly crinoid pieces, fusulinids, & general fossil hash. Large crinoid parts generally silicified.
5460				6.1	Porous foraminifera gms w/ scattered concentrations of organic material (i.e. waxy laminations) too ash filled fractures 850m area w/ nodules tubular zones of dolomitization inward to silicification. Fusulinids show some moldic porosity.
5460			interbedded clay cementing mollusciferous Lg silicified nodules	6.1	
5460				6.1	tan gms & gms w/ scattered large silicified nodules up to 25cm long. More organics lower half. Allochems (1) from 5464 up section zone is peppered w/ small (1 x 1 mm) silicified crinoid columns, also contains forams (some fusulinids), fossil debris and small round unidentifiable grains. (2) within 5466 scattered crinoid parts, some forams & unidentified grains.
5460			silicified zone	6.1	
5460				6.1	Waxy laminated dol wstn/gms becoming increasing calcic up section. Common large (7cm-10cm) silicified nodules w/ dol rim. Allochems still visible in nodules. Allochems; shell hash & crinoid columns average 1mm to 2mm pieces much smaller than those found below.
5470			silicified nodules	6.1	
5480			Dark hard claystone interlaminated w/ chert ALL WSTN	10.7	Interbedded dol wstn & dol wstn. Organics become increasing disseminated & better indurated up section. Organic poor intervals well indurated. (1) highly fractured-vertical. Allochems large (1cm x 1cm) crinoid columns & shell has partially silicified.

WOLF CAMP

QUALITY CONTROL

logged by J. L. & D. L. LEWIS date 11/15/84

checked by J. L. & D. L. LEWIS date 11/15/84

transcribed by J. L. & D. L. LEWIS date 11/15/84

updated date

updated date

WELL 3111
 INTERVAL 5140 5460

COUNTY Deaf Smith

DATE 12/15/88

WOLF CAMP

LOGGED BY ST. G. D. S. & J. W. C.

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
5140					
5200				4.5	Dolomitic, fairly well indurated, black mudst/clayst to argillaceous dolostn w/ 10-20% fossil allochms primarily crinoid columns & brachiopods. Some w/ goniatite fill. Fossils are generally partially silicified. Contains scattered zones & pockets of dolostn some w/ silicified edges. The matrix clayst appears bedded which may or may not be original. Has undergone deformation. Fossils don't appear deformed. Unit fractured throughout but fractures less numerous than underlying core.
5300			Thinly bedded mudst St. brachiopods Large fossil beds Some silicified layers		Mud-rich nodular-like carbonate argillaceous mudst/westn interbedded w/ fossiliferous (westn) clay-mud stones unit has undergone alot of diagenetic stuffng it a highly disturbed look. The carbonate nodules are well cemented & contain an enclosing siliceous ring, are generally zoned toward silica, dolomite, limestone mud w/ silica replaced fossil allochms. The lithology outside these 'nodules' is a mélange of well indurated, bioturbated muddy dolomite & black shales w/ calcic allochms only partially silicified if at all, most common & the largest present, in the shaley zones. Allochms include: crinoid columns (up to 1cm x 1cm in shale), brachiopods, commonly productella w/ goniatite fill, mollusks, corals, possible spongy bodies & scattered rugose coral. Unit full of calcite filled vertical fractures & contains scattered partially to totally filled calcite voids. Photo at 6010-6017, a high diversity, small fossils, average 1cm & fewer 2 feet contains trilobing, graded crinoid debris flows in lime mud matrix.
5400			shaly beds		Note: estimating lithologies in above core proved extremely difficult, especially delineating mud, clay & dol. fractions, actual % of dol. might prove to be less after petrographic analysis.
5460					
5500					
5600					
5700					
5800					
5900					
6000					
6100					
6200					
6300					
6400					
6500					
6600					
6700					
6800					
6900					
7000					
7100					
7200					
7300					
7400					
7500					
7600					
7700					
7800					
7900					
8000					
8100					
8200					
8300					
8400					
8500					
8600					
8700					
8800					
8900					
9000					
9100					
9200					
9300					
9400					
9500					
9600					
9700					
9800					
9900					
10000					

WOLF CAMP

|||||
 dolomite
 mudstone
 shale

logged by ST. G. D. S. & J. W. C. Date 12/15/88
 checked S.R. Date 1/15/89
 transcribed by Jh. Jh. Date 1/15/89
 updated Date
 updated Date

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
640					
640-650			Well indurated (AV SYN (and fossil))		Dolomitic & calcareous black mud shales, small horizontal burrows throughout section.
650-660					
660-670			Thin bedded with shells lying on stable bedding position		Laminated gray mudstn well indurated
670-680					
680-690			poorly indurated wt. 7		
690-700			5 small (1 cm) from (small) horizontal continuous white beds, and calc. nodules, also nodules may indicate white nodules. Also contain subordinate green minerals. Ash bed		Unusual breccia w/ black mudstn matrix. Clasts are angular, up to 1/4 in size, & generally calcic. Clasts include broken & whole fossiliferous (brachiopod parts, mollusk/brachiopod shells & fusulinids) & carbonate & siliceous mudstn fragments & pieces which are the largest & most abundant clast type. Unit fines up section
700-710					Dark gray to black dot moderate well indurated mud shales, unit is heavily burrowed but decreasing therefrom 6525 up section. Burrows are horizontal, small (10 mm) thin shelled brachiopods (rare) are present throughout. Entire section is vertically fractured. Section is slightly calcareous.
710-720	UNCONVENTIONAL DRILLING		Top Pennsylvanian (SPD)		
720-730					Black calcareous mudstn sharply overlain by broken muddy mudstn with scattered gravel. Fossil allochthon diverse but difficult to identify; possible
730-740					Gray fine ss w/ greenish mudstn base; grains subrounded; not as coarse as below
740-750					Interbedded arkosic, gravelly fine to coarse sands & sandy gravels. Gravel beds as well as individual gravel grains increase in size up section. Beds are about 5 degrees from the horizontal. Grains subangular to subrounded (Beds may be preserved back sets of large migrating ripoles or bars)
750-760					Ripple cross bedded brown very fine ss w/ greenish (glauconitic) zones. Interbedded w/ pink coarse sand & gravel composed of subangular to coarse white quartz grains; arkose abundant soft sediment loading & deformation
760-770					
770-780					
780-790					
790-800					
800-810					
810-820					
820-830					
830-840					
840-850					
850-860					
860-870					
870-880					
880-890					
890-900					
900-910					
910-920					
920-930					
930-940					
940-950					
950-960					
960-970					
970-980					
980-990					
990-1000					

PENNSYLVANIAN WOLF CAMP

CALCAREOUS SLIGHTLY

grainy mudstone
 calcite cement
 (Handwritten notes and diagrams)

Logged by _____ date _____
 checked _____ date _____
 transcribed by RL 153 date 1/10/68
 updated _____ date _____
 updated _____ date _____

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (S)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
7710			No calc. in part of fractures. Conchoidal - 1/2 to 1/4 inch thick. Bimodal.		Dark red disturbed to wavy laminated mudst. containing several layers of pink ss bodies w/ quartz & feldspar grains. Irregular layers of gravel & sand grains surrounded by a mud matrix. 21 beds of subrounded to rounded gravel and ss appear to coarsen upward; 1) unsorted subangular granules (finest in 2 mud matrix some wavy clay clasts); 2) irregular fine to medium ss beds, some a remnant cross-bedding.
7720			part of gravel in sand and mud matrix. Bedding in sand - 30' from horizontal. Lenticular bedding.		Some ss bodies contain dark platy mineral & are surrounded by an olive green zone.
7740			Green mineral. trace, weathered and some nodules. Poor recovery.		Pink cross laminated, generally coarsening upward sequence of fine to coarse pebbles, some laminations defined by dark green/black platy mineral. Alternating red/green/black disturbed ripple lamination containing (about 3mm) irregular bodies & laminations of fine pink ss & areas of coarser grained sand disseminated in mud matrix.
7750			Reddish zone mottled.		Pink pebble/granule crudely cross laminated congl w/ coarse ss matrix, contains subangular to subrounded s-spar, quartz and green rock fragments. Carbonate cement lower 1.5' has dark gray finer matrix.
7760			Vertical fractures, calcite-filled.		Mottled gray/green & dark red disturbed siltstn/wavy fine ss w/ irregular body of subrounded pebble sized feldspars at base & black wavy bodies (argillacs?) throughout.
7770			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Dark red wavy laminated carbonate cemented mudst w/ shell fragments & clay partings decreasing in abundance upward.
7780			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Pale yellow-white blue to olive green wavy to crudely cross laminated mudst. contains silt sized grains of sand & s-spar (orange color). Attention to note: an abundance upward. Patchy carbonate cementation occurs, leading a nodular appearance.
7790			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Light olive green contortedly laminated argillaceous mudst containing nodules of tan patin, some w/ fragments of brachiopods & mollusks. Nodules similar to those in overlying unit. Some laminations defined by argillacs.
7800			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Pink/tan/gray shell hash patin/mudst nodular appearing w/ dark olive green/black contorted laminations argillaceous patin surrounding patin. patin areas all textures include crinoids, fusulinids, shell fragments. Contains silt sized grains of pink mineral (s-spar), quartz, yellow red green minerals (staining) fossil fragments. Tan massive stylolitized patin w/ increasing clay content down section.
7810			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Dark patin brown undolitized to poorly crystallized clasts, argillacs with nodules at the top of the well.
7820			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Nodular tan/gray mudst in dark red brown clay matrix w/ alternating contained red and olive green laminations.
7830			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Tan/gray to light olive green mudst/wavy w/ "cheese curd" texture due to color change. Tan areas (1-2cm long) draped & surrounded by light green silt. zones, becomes contortedly laminated w/ nodules (1-2cm long) at base.
7840			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Tan/light brown nodular to mottled shell hash patin w/ wavy laminations of olive green mud rich areas surrounding nodules. Some nodules have mottled cores as filled w/ terrigenous-carbonated cemented areas. Stylolitized nodules at 7861, (see drawing in comments).
7850			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Black to dark tan/gray wavy laminated argillaceous crinoid shales. Olive green areas here formed and show upward contact w/ darker organic rich finer zone. Black clay-rich areas drapes and undercut coarser zones in upper portion w/ unit becoming more homogeneous toward base and clay content increasing. Argillacs also include shell fragments. Generally crinoids are disseminated throughout w/ some concentrations in zones. Calcite filling high angle (about 45 degrees) at 7861.
7860			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Fallowish gray stylolitized massive mudst w/ clay breaks. All filled partings of fractures, stylolites and irregular voids (some suggesting replaced argillacs) filled w/ s-spar throughout. Contact w/ overlying unit is sharp w/ ss, s-spar in white and irregular voids (burrows?) filled w/ clay and s-spar in top 10' of unit.
7870			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Pink pebble crudely cross laminated congl/coarse ss, calcite cement and areas of gray cementation. Laminations more apparent in finer areas. Contains sub rounded/subangular qtz and pink feldspar grains.
7880			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Grayish olive green wavy laminated siltstn/mudst. Top 15' contains subrounded sand sized feldspar grains. Clay partings and fractures increase downward and laminations become somewhat parallel to calcite.
7890			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Grayish black wavy laminated limey mudst/claystn w/ medium gray lenticular and irregularly shaped carbonate rich areas. Finer areas traps a large circular shaped carbonate zone and wavy laminations appear distorted below the zone. Unit contains a few bioherms and sand/pebble sized grains of feldspar. Bedding dips 10-15 degrees from horizontal.
7900			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Note: In J. (Firmal) drilling deviated in diff. com by 18 degrees. This would affect the dip angles and dips may be drilling induced. (Small horizontal communication).
7910			Partly calcite-filled in some places.		Note: fine grained terrigenous component in carbonate units, grain size is indeterminate.

PENNSYLVANIAN

CONVENTIONAL DRILLING

SHARP DIPS

VERTICALS OF UNIFORMITY

Logged by: [Signature] Date: 1/19/64

Checked by: [Signature] Date: 1/21/64

Transcribed by: [Signature] Date: 1/24/64

Updated: [Signature] Date: []

Updated: [Signature] Date: []

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
8000			irregular carbonate cemented zone, nodules		
8050			irregular carbonate-rich nodules		Light gray/black muddy/silty concordantly laminated matrix which contains sand and pebble sized grains of feldspar and granitic rock fragments. Sparse large skeletal grains, thin walled brachiopods.
8100			scar surface?	458	Coarser material shows soft sediment deformation, some scarp surfaces, distorted ripple laminations and is disseminated throughout in mud rich matrix. Distorted ripple laminations disturbed by burrowing or soft sediment deformation.
8150			1.5cm fine grained bed, rounded base		Rare allochthons dispersed throughout the interval are mollusks, shell fish, brachiopods and gastropods. Some intervals show greater concentrations of allochthons.
8200			disturbed ripples?		Wavy laminated soft sediment deformed ripples.
8250			flame structures		Highly distorted ss and muds intermingled as flame structures (hall) and piling structures or burrowing?
8300			some pyrite cont	4	
8350			small coal lens along bedding plane	68	Carbonated cemented massive subround/round feldspar rich coarse ss w/ mud rich rip-up clasts (some rounded) and one gastropod shell filled w/ finer material.
8400				55	
8450			numbered zone		
8500			2cm thick layer of shell hash (some pyritized) and sand sized feldspar & brachiopods	110	Black/gray wavy laminated matrix w/ carbonate component. Int. contains sand sized feldspars in varying amounts, as irregular bodies and disseminated in mud matrix. Sand component increases towards base. Contains disseminated pyrite in top portion of unit and an elongate 1/2 cm by 1mm singular pyrite body at about 8118.5. Dispersed allochthons are brachiopods.
8550			pyrite body	5	Sand rich zone w/ clay rich drapes gives a m. huler texture to interval just above contact.
8600			ASH cement		
8650			corn broken up	48	
8700			fine mud in matrix		Pink very coarse to fine cross laminated ss sequences w/ a few thin (less than 1mm) brownish gray silty interbeds. Top 1/2 of unit is very fine grained pink ss w/ coarser material disseminated and irregular white black (organic) mud bodies (from desaturating of sand).
8750			limestone layers	47	Olive green sandy matrix w/ horizontal muddy sand beds top and bottom. Largest pebbles clast top 5'.
8800			well laminated, cross-bedded	45	Pink poorly/moderately sorted gravelly sand w/ black organic mud drapes base 7 feet. Graded beds most pronounced 8141.8-8143.0
8850			shale	28	Gravelly poorly sorted sand w/ green mud matrix decreasing up section. Unit contains crudely graded beds.
8900			shale	11	Poorly consolidated black matrix w/ green patches become brown matrix at 8151.0 which becomes increasingly green up section. Upper and lower portions sandy. Unit is broken, crumbly and contains numerous siltstones.
8950			shale	5	Well cemented gravelly sand w/ green intergranular mud increasing up section. Grain size to 2mm.
9000			shale	5	Pink sandy gravel w/ green mud matrix grades up section to green matrix w/ large clasts.
9050			shale	10	Olive green sandy gravelly matrix. Grain size to 1/2 pebble sized. Texture appears highly disturbed, fractured?
9100			shale	10	Crudely cross stratified (about 10 degrees from horizontal) pink gravelly matrix sand to sandy gravel congl. Contains numerous stacked, crudely graded beds, generally 5-10cm thick. Sorting is poor to moderate but common.
9150			shale	5	Lenticular and irregular shaped medium ss to granule congl in olive green silty matrix. Matrix displaying characteristics of soft sediment loading.
9200			shale	51	Moderately sorted pink fine to medium sand. Sand generally coarsens up section. Pebble size grains appear at 8187.0. Sharply overlain by pink calcareous congl.

PENNSYLVANIAN

← bedding has unconformity 8100 dip

Cross-bedding well defined

% SANDY MATRIX INCREASES TO 10% AT 8142.5 DECREASES DOWNWARD

SHALE

Logged by _____ Date 7-84
 _____ Date 1-84
 checked _____ Date 1/1/84
 transcribed by _____ Date 5/2/81
 updated _____ Date _____
 updated _____ Date _____

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
8193			Upper bedded fine sand partly partly	40	well sorted fine sand grades up section to pinkish sandy gravel, gravelly sand to coarse sand to moderate sorting. Contains crude cross stratification and grades beds in upper 2 feet. Del. cement.
8190			Plant fragments	35	horizontally stratified graded beds of very coarse sand to fine sand. Del. cement very porous gray to pinkish very fine to fine ss containing repeating sedimentary structure sequences of trough cross bedding, climbing ripples and fine parallel to undulatory ripple laminations. Black organics generally increase in amount up section and most abundant in rapping parallel laminations. Contains sharply bounded gravel bed at 8190.5. Del. cement.
8185			with secondary deformation pyrite nodules	30	finely interbedded ss siltstone and black shale. Sedimentary structures of fine parallel and ripple laminations and climbing ripples. Silts with siltstone lenses, small discontinuous lenses, fine long by low high. The latter of which increasing upwards and slightly curved. Occasional. Surplus a soft sedimentary deformation features common.
8180			pink shale	25	interbedded slightly calcic black, pyritic, medium mud shale and lighter colored ripple laminated siltstone. Common horizontal partings occur showing bedding planes. Siltstone grades from discontinuous lenses to continuous horizontal beds. Silt bed thickness and percentage silt increasing up section. No thicknesses reported in section.
8175			greenish shale	20	Black carbonaceous mud shale becoming better indurated and increasingly siliceous up section. Contains faint whitish silt laminae which increase in number up section. Small (less than 1mm) brachiopods scattered throughout, increase up section.
8170			greenish shale	15	Greenish olive green muds very fine fine ss, of disturbed irregular texture, some ripple laminations in middle portion.
8165			shale	10	Broken crumbly, fractured (calcite filled) mud shale, with no greenish and grayish green in color. Siliceous throughout.
8160			shale	5	Well sorted gravelly medium coarse ss grades to coarse sand to pebble size. Gravel size increases up section. Content of rounding well sorted to about 5.5mm diameter gravel which contains green mud. Carbonate cement.
8155			shale	0	Well sorted sandy gravel to pebble size grades to fine sand to fine ss. Carbonate cement.
8150			shale	50	Repeating sequences of sandy gravel grading to coarse to medium ss. The latter very coarse sands grading to medium sands up section. Silt generally, however, thicker and less defined up section. Del. cement.
8145			shale	45	Repeating sequences of sandy gravels grading to fine ss, increased in amount increases up section.
8140			shale	40	Green to reddish brown unconsolidated mud.
8135			shale	35	Matrix to submatrix medium to coarse ss. Del. cement.
8130			shale	30	Well sorted, submatrix fine to gravelly coarse ss. Del. cement more angular. Del. cement.
8125			shale	25	Improved greenish very fine to fine ss with thin medium ss. Increased sorting, increased and better sand indurated increase up section. Matrix to submatrix up section. Del. cement. Some calcite cement in lower half. Del. cement.
8120			shale	20	Carbonaceous black shale with scattered carbonate interbeds up to 1/2" and carbonate starved ripples. Carbonate (small) deposits 2-3" or less, fine laminae at about 20 degrees from horizontal. Large brachiopods visible in a present upper and lower portions.
8115			shale	15	Note in 1/2" interval drilling destroyed in drilling by 1/2 degree. This will affect bedding angles and dip may be drilling induced.
8110			shale	10	Note fine grained silt, grain size indeterminate without grain size analysis.
8105			shale	5	
8100			shale	0	

Logged by _____ Date _____
 Checked by _____ Date _____
 Transcribed by _____ Date _____
 Updated _____ Date _____
 Deleted _____ Date _____

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	
					1129-1140	1140-1240
1129					Alternating layers of tan laminated dol & fibrous fracture fill gyp. Best part filled with scattered nodules. Fibrous gyp replacing the dol. Bottom 4' contains most gyp nodules after gradual well-timed gyp. Dol laminated, ripple & shell fractures about 4 cm.	1
1130			Gyp fracture 5'		Crystalline gyp; mid 5' fine crystalline mixture of anhydrite & gyp contains fibrous gyp fracture fill. Minor lamellae.	2
1140			Red stain Fibrous gyp fracture 5'		Fine grained crystalline gyp (appears replacive). Gyp laminae present. Some stringers of tan dol & fibrous gyp fracture fill. Lamellae (red mud) show some a reddish hue. Scattered "open" of clear gyp fill.	3
1144			2 1/2' - 3' thick replacement nodules.		Ripple laminated very fine ss, well preserved cross bedding, subarose, scale of structures about 1 cm decreasing up sec tan. Red red in color. 4 cm of pure fibrous gyp fracture fill at base. Cross beds 1 cm angle, gyp nodules about 2 cm.	4
1144					Moderate reddish brown siltstone/sandy siltstone; micaceous subarose, sand size grains in lenses or pods. Low angle to horizontal gyp up to 15mm. Fracture fill & pore filling nodules, less than 2 mm. Irregular blocky often containing lamellae. Best part is green clay.	5
1144					Gray nodular mosaic anhydrite, zones of anhydrite to bedded nodular mosaic. Red interstitial mud slightly dolomitic in lower footage. Nodules 1-2mm. Scattered gyp nodules (1-5mm) containing 1-2 mm irregularly shaped dol fragments. The layers (within lamellations) disrupted by gyp nodules. Common fibrous gyp fracture fill 2-3mm.	6
1145			Ass replacing dol Gyp in box fracture 1'		Gray nodular mosaic to bedded nodular mosaic anhydrite, nodules less than 1 mm up to 10mm, average 3 mm. Interstitial red mud slightly dolomitic. Collecting gyp replacement nodules 2-3 mm scattered & patches. No nodules appear "fuzzy".	7
1145					Laminated dolomitic red mud; fine parallel intrabeds of red mud less than 1 cm & tan dol less than 4 mm. Upper 1.5' small distal gyp nodules less than 1 mm in mud & laminated dol (shell) matrix.	8
1145					Green gray dol matrix or green clay laminae parallel to wavy, slightly stratified replacive crystalline gyp. Dol matrix may be ripple laminated.	9
1146					Gray dol matrix or disturbed & broken bedding, intralatacs, stylitization, green clay lamellations & anhydrite fracture fill.	10
1146					Laminated anhydrite of thin interbeds (less than 1 cm) of gray dol matrix, anhydrite & 1/2" on thick detail to slightly more 2' to about 10 degrees from horizontal. Some numerous stylitites. Ass replacing dol.	11
1146					Laminated (slight) dol matrix, lamellations 25 to 3' on & contain numerous vertically oriented cracks. Interbeds of anhydrite 25 cm, decreasing up section. Possible ripple laminations. Dol laminae are contorted & increasingly broken up section until upper 6' contains no lamellations, where it becomes intralatacs.	12
1146					Laminated anhydrite of numerous gyp replacement nodules & large fractures filled with fibrous gyp (7' thick) this interbeds of gray dol (less than 1 cm) low 2' on thick of dol matrix, anhydrite lamellations 1-4mm (ripple laminations).	13
1146					Gyp, muddy ss, highly disturbed & reduced, anhydrite layers of mud have been reduced. Pods (intralatacs) & lenses of sand sized detrital gyp grains, reduction spots 1-3mm.	14
1146					Moderate reddish brown siltstone; subarose, micaceous, secondary gyp & detrital gyp sparse reduction spots (1-4mm) low angle fractures filled with gyp. Mud intralatacs present.	15
1146					Laminated anhydrite (greater than 1 cm to 2 cm thick). Gyp fracture fill, large vertical gyp replacement crystals growing upward from top of section.	16
1147			Radial zone Gyp fracture fill anhydrite		Moderate reddish brown clay rich, sandy matrix. Forging sand & clay. Common gyp crystalline grains often in stringers. Scattered reduction spots (1-4mm) interbeds of anhydrite or nodular gyp replacement. Upper bed bedded massive lower red massive of thin interstitial mud layers.	17
1148					Dark reddish brown matrix. Scattered reduction spots of black cores (6-12mm). Contains crystalline gyp & fracture fill. Gyp growth collecting in form gyp stringers.	18
1148					Dark reddish brown clay/siltstone, gyp fracture fill, widely spaced reduction spots (1.5-2.2mm). Has beginning of displacive gyp growth.	19
1148					Moderate reddish brown gypiferous siltstone/matrix; displacive crystalline gyp crystals collecting into nodular like morphology. Appears to have contained possible bedding planes. Beddes about 2 mm average. Possible detrital gyp present.	20
1148					Dark reddish brown clay/siltstone or nodular gyp growth up to 15mm also gyp fracture fill.	21
1148					Moderate reddish orange siltstone or muddy & sandy zones which contain crystalline gyp. Gyp crystals collecting in bands, nodules & irregular ropes morphology. Fibrous gyp fracture fill. Gyp grains appear secondary but some may be detrital.	22
1149					Alternating units of dark reddish brown clay/siltstone or wavy bedded micaceous siltstone/sandy siltstone; clay rich units contain minor amounts of gyp via fracture fill & widely spaced black centered reduction spots up to 1.5 cm (average 4mm) Siltstone and moderate reddish orange containing lighter colored silty beds or stringers, possibly containing detrital gyp. Some secondary gyp crystals present. Grains rounded, poor sorting. Numerous reduction spots average 2 mm some of black cores. Sedimentary structures, scours, ripple laminations, wavy lamellations, deformed beds & rip up clasts.	23
1149			Slightly brecciated		Distorted, bedded nodular grains to massive bedded anhydrite or interbeds of thin (less than 1 cm) of gyp clay/mud. Possible ripple laminations in lower foot. Anhydrite is relatively soft possibly reflection lack of complete cementation.	24
1149			Fluid escape structures?		Highly fractured moderately reddish brown clayey siltstone or darker clayey zone Fractures both vertical & nearly horizontal filled with gyp. Upper 4' most fractured & contains disturbed & broken bedding, numerous reduction spots up to 1.5cm; clay layer contains few but large reduction spots (1.2-2cm).	25
1149					Logged by <u>St. M., Bl., M.W., D.</u> date <u>11-24</u> checked <u>_____</u> date <u>_____</u> transcribed by <u>_____</u> date <u>_____</u> updated <u>_____</u> date <u>_____</u> updated <u>_____</u> date <u>_____</u>	

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
1240			Reduction spots		Disturbed bedded massive to massive anh; disturbed bedded massive contains large amount of amorphitized red mud which gives it a reddish color. Mud decreases down section.
1250			continued shales, ripple		Insoluble residue: mud clasts, disturbed, about 5mm anh modules. 2mm rounded ss. Crystals present. White gray laminated anh.
1260			Reduction spots		Clear of ss. 1249-1250 Red, muddy, sandy siltstone of maximum grain size very fine sand. Mstn & claystone present in distinct intervals & in varying concentrations as disturbed, discontinuous laminae within the siltstone. Silt size & greater clastic grains are predominantly ss. Some (very sparse) metallic oxide minerals present. Reduction spots present in variable concentrations & variable size (.25 mm up to 2 mm in thick layers) throughout the clastic interval. Mstn/claystn intervals generally fissile. Minor carbonate cement present throughout.
1270			disturbed crossbeds 2mm high		Very porous in this interval. Variations in hematite stain define faint discontinuous laminae. Quartz makes up larger proportion of clastic grains. Clay percentage is much less in this interval.
1280			shale fractal work, all sand		Fine to medium very well rounded quartz grains in muddy coarse silt very fine sand matrix at 1278.75.
1290			Reduction spots		Less than 5% .5mm qtz crystals aggregates present in this interval. Interstitial qtz forms layer at 1280.8, 1279.3.
1300				76	Competition (hardness) increases up section from 1295.3 to 1290.
1310			Reduced zone		Very thin clay laminae in mstn at 1307.7.
1320					Mstn in disturbed laminations/nodules very well defined 1310.3 1311.0
1330			Reduction spots		5mm wide, 65° anh veins present at 1319.2 & 1316.3
1340			well rounded mud clasts define		5mm clastic clasts present. Randomly oriented qtz & anh veins present
1350					Disturbed bedded nodular anh/clayite
1360					Mstn w/ silt size particles predominately qtz. Anh & qtz nodules present
1370					5mm clastic clasts in claystn matrix. 1mm qtz crystals present in the mstn
1380					White laminated anh, nodular at contact
1390					Disrupted claystn, anh present as fracture fill
1400					White laminated anh/claystn, broken up upper contact
1410					Red claystn w/ qtz present as green spherical nodules. 1-2 mm crystalline aggregates & crystalline interclay clay fill, all in varying concentrations
1420					1mm dispersed qtz anh layer, very finely crystalline present at 1391
1430					1" red disturbed laminated anh, 1" white disturbed laminated anh, 1" contact
1440					1mm anh, hematite nodules present. Disturbed mud laminae at upper contact
1450					1.5" thick concentration of qtz at 1331.3 clastic grains predominately qtz. Increase in clay %. Qtz present as aggregates (1.5mm) & rare nodules. Red siltstn ss w/ thin less than .5mm mud droplets exhibiting parallel laminae, small scale ripple structures & containing intraclasts, less than 1% of small (less than 1mm) anh nodules & scattered small scale hal replacement or fill is present. Numerous green reduction spots.
1460					Disrupted nodular (20mm) allyd anh & qtz. Qtz also present as less than 1mm nodules of crystals in veins. Non transported claystn clasts define disrupted beds within very fine ss. Numerous .5mm reduction spots present. Rock texture disrupted insoluble residue.
1470					Claystn mud salt. High proportion of anh/qqz at distorted basal contact.
1480					Recrystallized hal, anhedral to subhedral crystals up to 3 cm in diameter. Crystal size increases up section. Very finely crystalline anh nodules (5mm in diameter) non-existent at base increase up section. Very minor wisps of hematitic mud present at 1382.1-1280.3.
1490					Chaotic mud salt, mstn exhibits remnant bedding. Boundary w/ overlying silt is contorted but sharp. .25 cm nodular mass exhibits abundant cleavage fract & possibly contains a significant amount of amorphitized?
1500					Red brown mudst w/ hal filled cracks at base, filled w/ crystalline anh at top
1510					Clear hal crystals 1-2 cm w/ small bodies of interstitial claystn & anh. Interstitial material increases up section
1520					Clear cubic to anhedral hal crystals 1-2 cm w/ interstitial anh becomes muddy up section
1530					Clear anhedral hal w/ interstitial mstn. Claystn which became disseminated up section, contains some anh laminae
1540					Clear anhedral hal w/ small interstitial bodies of claystn & anh

logged by DL, DM, MW, GP, JR Date 1/20

checked Date

transcribed by Date 1/20

updated Date

updated Date

DEPTH (ft)	LITHOLOGY (%)	Structures	COMMENTS	CONTACTS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
1920					Clear anhedral hal w/ small interstitial bodies of claystn & anh
1910					Chaotic mud salt, moderate red brown claystn, clear 2cm x 2cm salt crystals, 1 equnt 2 x 2 cm anh nodules at 1909.8. 1mm distorted claystn layer defines upper contact.
1900			Polymorphic low angle bedded		Milky pink/orange/white anh w/ varying proportions of hal crystals interspersed by inconsistent size & shape. These aggregates are ground into somewhat horizontal layers with anh. crystals penetrating these aggregates. 1mm thick laminations of gyp (8 carbonate?) more concentrated lower 1/2. Nematite stained clay define wavy laminations.
1890					Moderate red brown siltstn grading to fine ss. Very faint intracrystalline appearance, gyp predominates clastic grains. Sparse anh crystals aggregates. Hal & minor carbonate cement.
1880					Chaotic mud salt, anh layers present at 1887.8, 1887.1, 1886.5. Large reflective hal crystals up to 3 cm x 3 cm. Anh also present as 1 cm x 1 cm nodules & stringers.
1870			diagonal chevrons		Slightly disturbed, 5cm milky orange/white anh laminations & about 75% hal in horizontal layers & salt aggregates penetrated by anh crystal growth.
1860					Sparse horizontal anh layers present. Salt crystals average .75 x .5 cm. Disrupted laminae.
1850					Recrystallized salt, occasional 1 cm x .5 cm anh nodules & anh stringers present. Hal crystals up to 2 x 1 cm.
1840					Hal w/ minor 2 cm x .5 cm anh nodules, very sparse 1 cm gyp nodules present in claystn. Chaotic stringers of gyp, anh & claystn present (1902.7, (fossiliferous residue)).
1830					2 cm recrystallized salt crystals grading upward to chaotic mud salt w/ moderate red brown claystn.
1820					Chaotic mud salt grading from minor interstitial claystn to predominately angular claystn clasts in hal. Minor interstitial anh is present throughout interval. Hal crystals up to 3 cm diameter. 1mm gyp nodules present in varying sparse concentrations. Subhorizontal salt fracture fill occurs at 1809.8. Upper 1/2 has claystn w/ about 2cm hal crystals overlain by claystn w/ anh anhedral/subanhedral salt crystals.
1810					Chaotic mud salt, large clear to cloudy diplanetic hal crystals up to 3 cm. Moderate red brown claystn in angular clasts. Distorted gyp nodules present (2cm) at about 1818.8. Undeformed mud druse present at 1815.2; high mud content below, less mud above.
1800					Chaotic mud salt, clear, subhedral hal crystals up to 2cm x 1cm. Very distorted laminations & intracrysts in claystn/mudstn defined by variations in nematite stain. Dispersed small (less than 1mm) anh nodules.
1790			beds of disturbed and undisturbed claystn very large hal. clasts		Chaotic mud salt.
1780			Clear sand, no recognizable primary fabric, may be reformed, but no collapse		
1770			intergranular porosity		
1760			primary fabric		
1750					Recrystallized salt w/ bonding preserved. Hal crystals size variable, up to 2 x 2 cm. Vertically oriented salt crystals present upper 1/2. Moderate red brown clay & anh. defining disrupted & discontinuous "layer" at 1818.8. Several gyp nodules (up to 3 cm) present, with wags, at 1811.3. Anh present as .5mm to 6 cm nodules from 1910.8-1909.1. Gyp within gray claystn at 1908.1.
1740					Dark red brown claystn. Excellent ripple w/ cross bedding preserved at 1917.5, about 1 cm high. Laminations defined by variations in nematite stain. Carbonate cemented white disrupted & discontinuous "layer" at 1818.8. Several gyp nodules (up to 3 cm) present, with wags, at 1811.3. Anh present as .5mm to 6 cm nodules from 1910.8-1909.1. Gyp within gray claystn at 1908.1.
1730			Grains mostly preserved		Chaotic mud salt, claystn defines disrupted laminations & intracrystalline texture in moderate red brown spots. Silt sized grains predominately gyp. Very sparse 1mm anh nodules present. Hal crystals, subhedral are 1 cm x 1 cm. Hal cement. One 2 x .5 cm anh nodule present at 1918.1.
1720					Disturbed .1' claystn layer defined lower contact. Hal crystals up to 4cm x 8 cm lower .5'. Very minor anh nodules present.

Logged by SA Date 11/87
 Checked _____ Date _____
 Transcribed by SA Date 11/87
 Updated _____ Date _____
 Updated _____ Date _____

**THIS PAGE IS AN
OVERSIZED DRAWING OR
FIGURE,**

**THAT CAN BE VIEWED AT THE
RECORD TITLED:**

**"DEAF SMITH COUNTY
CORE TEST WELL
D.O.E. - STONE & WEBSTER
#1 J. FRIEMEL"**

WITHIN THIS PACKAGE

D-01A (IMAGE 1 OF 2)

D-01B (IMAGE 2 OF 2)

**THIS PAGE IS AN
OVERSIZED DRAWING OR
FIGURE,**

**THAT CAN BE VIEWED AT THE
RECORD TITLED:**

**"SWISHER COUNTY
D.O.E. - GRUY FEDERAL #1 GRABBE
SAN ANDRES FORMATION UNIT 4
HALITE"**

WITHIN THIS PACKAGE

D-02

**THIS PAGE IS AN
OVERSIZED DRAWING OR
FIGURE,
THAT CAN BE VIEWED AT THE
RECORD TITLED:
"SWISHER COUNTY
CORE TEST WELL
D.O.E. - GRUY FEDERAL, #1 GRABBE"
WITHIN THIS PACKAGE**

D-03

**THIS PAGE IS AN
OVERSIZED DRAWING OR
FIGURE,**

**THAT CAN BE VIEWED AT THE
RECORD TITLED:
"SWISHER COUNTY
STONE & WEBSTER #1 ZEECK
SAN ANDRES FORMATION UNIT 4
HALITE"**

WITHIN THIS PACKAGE

D-04

**THIS PAGE IS AN
OVERSIZED DRAWING OR
FIGURE,**

**THAT CAN BE VIEWED AT THE
RECORD TITLED:**

**"DEAF SMITH COUNTY
STONE & WEBSTER #1 J. FRIEMEL
SAN ANDRES FORMATION
UNIT 4 HALITE"**

WITHIN THIS PACKAGE

D-05