

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

**BUREAU OF DESIGN
BRIDGE DIVISION**

STANDARDS FOR OLD BRIDGES

(1961 TO 1965)

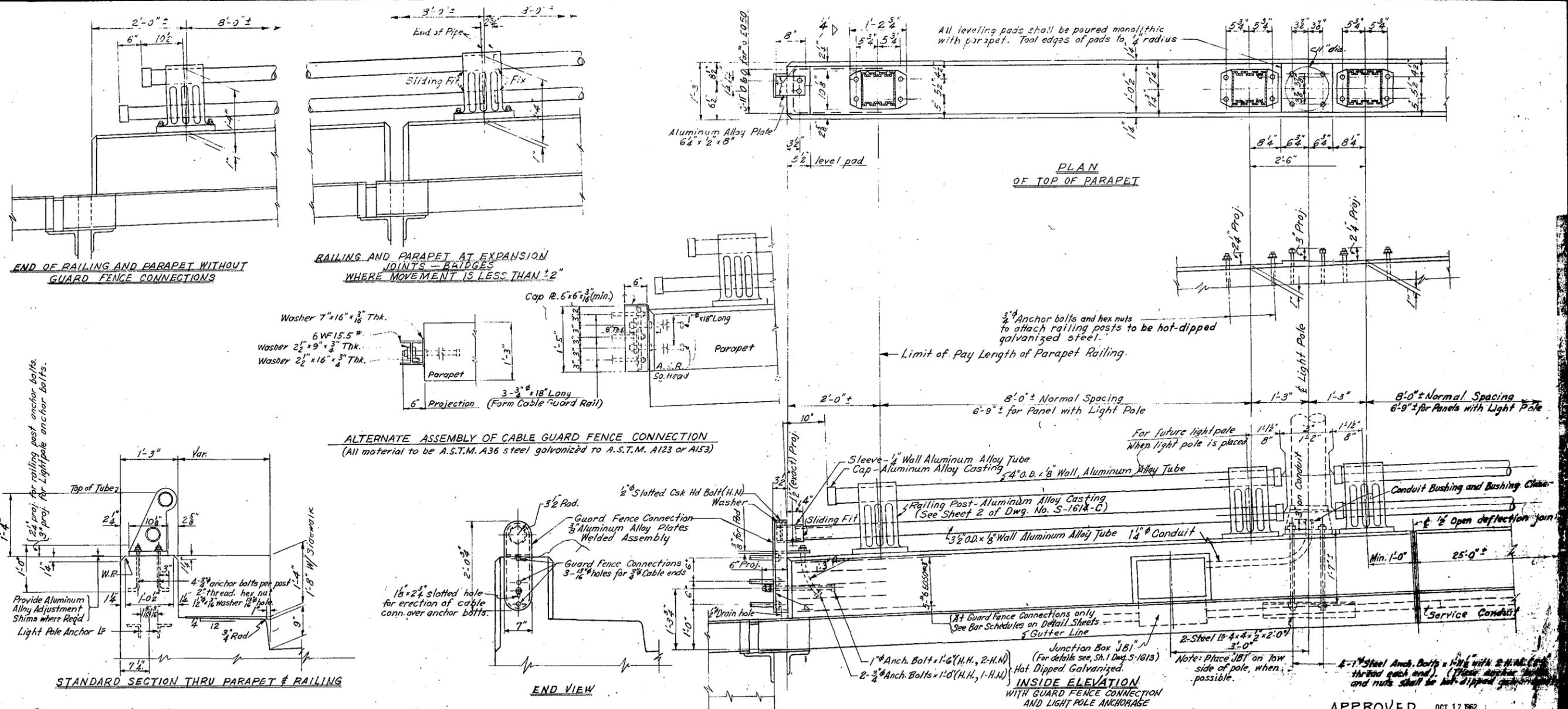
VOLUME 4

SEPTEMBER 1989

INDEX OF STANDARDS FOR OLD BRIDGES

(VOLUME 4) (FROM YEAR 1961 TO 1965)

STD. DWG. NO.	NO. OF SHTS.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	STD. DWG. NO.	NO. OF SHTS.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
S-1614-C	(2)	OCT. 17, 1962	STANDARD PARAPET & PARAPET RAILING	S-3909	(1)	MARCH 8, 1962	PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BRIDGE STANDARDS
S-2002-A	(1)	OCT. 13, 1961	STANDARD PARAPET & PARAPET RAILING	S-3910	(1)	MARCH 8, 1962	LAMINATED METAL SHIM NEOPRENE BEARING PAD FOR PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BRIDGES
S-2700	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STD. REINF. CONC. SLAB BRIDGE SKEW 90°	S-3911	(1)	JULY 20, 1965	DECK JOINT FOR PREFORMED NEOPRENE COMPRESSION SEAL
S-2701	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STD. REINF. CONC. SLAB BRIDGE SKEW 75°	S-5657	(1)	MARCH 1, 1966	STANDARD PARAPET WITH ALUMINUM CHAIN LINK FENCE AND GUARD FENCE CONNECTION
S-2702	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STD. REINF. CONC. SLAB BRIDGE SKEW 60°	S-6409	(1)	MAY 15, 1963	FLAME-SHORTENING DETAILS FOR TIGHTENING LOOSE EYEBARS IN TRUSS BRIDGES
S-2703	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STD. REINF. CONC. SLAB BRIDGE SKEW 45°	S-6500	(1)	JULY 10, 1963	DETAILS METAL CRIBBING
S-2704	(1)	JULY 5, 1961	STANDARD ABUTMENTS FOR CONCRETE BRIDGES	S-6500A	(1)	JULY 10, 1963	DETAILS METAL CRIBBING-COATED
S-2710	(1)	AUG. 2, 1963	STANDARD R.C. ABUTMENTS WITHOUT BACKWALL	ST-100	(2)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD R.C. SLAB BRIDGES ROADWAY WIDTH 28', 30', 32', 40', 68', 84'
S-2711	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STANDARD I BEAM BRIDGE 28' ROADWAY	ST-101	(7)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD R.C. T-BEAM BRIDGES 28', 30', 32', 40', 68', 84' ROADWAY
S-2712	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STANDARD I BEAM BRIDGE 32' ROADWAY	ST-102	(7)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES 28', 30', 32', 40', 68', 84' ROADWAY
S-2713	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STANDARD I BEAM BRIDGE 40' ROADWAY	ST-103	(6)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD COMPOSITE A36 STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES DESIGN GRAPHS
S-2714	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STANDARD I BEAM BRIDGE 68' ROADWAY	ST-110	(1)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES DIAPHRAGMS
S-2715	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STANDARD I BEAM BRIDGE 84' ROADWAY	ST-111	(2)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES BEARINGS
S-2716	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STANDARD COMPOSITE I BEAM BRIDGE 28' ROADWAY	ST-112	(1)	FEB. 25, 1965	STD. STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES PLATE EXPANSION DAM
S-2717	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STANDARD COMPOSITE I BEAM BRIDGE 32' ROADWAY	ST-113	(1)	FEB. 25, 1965	STD. STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES TOOTH EXPANSION DAM
S-2718	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STANDARD COMPOSITE I BEAM BRIDGE 40' ROADWAY	ST-114	(2)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES BRIDGE DRAINAGE
S-2719	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STANDARD COMPOSITE I BEAM BRIDGE 68' ROADWAY	ST-120	(2)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD R.C. ABUTMENTS LAYOUT AND DETAILS
S-2720	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STANDARD COMPOSITE I BEAM BRIDGE 84' ROADWAY	ST-121	(2)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD R.C. ABUTMENTS LAYOUT AND DETAILS WITHOUT BACKWALL
S-2721A	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	STANDARD STEEL BEARINGS AND END DETAILS FOR SIMPLE SPAN I BEAM BRIDGES	ST-122	(1)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD R.C. ABUTMENTS MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS
S-2721	(2)	AUG 2, 1963	STANDARD STEEL I BEAM BRIDGES BEARINGS	ST-123	(1)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD R.C. RETAINING WALLS
S-2722	(1)	MARCH 1, 1961	PLATE EXPANSION DAMS AND JOINTS FOR SIMPLE SPAN I BEAM BRIDGE	ST-130	(1)	FEB. 25, 1965	STD. END WALL DETAILS FOR METAL PLATE CULVERTS
S-2723	(2)	MARCH 1, 1961	STANDARD BRIDGE DRAINAGE AND TYPE "A" SCUPPER	ST-131	(1)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD R.C. BOX CULVERTS GENERAL INFORMATION
S-2724	(1)	AUG 2, 1963	STANDARD STEEL I BEAM BRIDGES DIAPHRAGMS	ST-140	(1)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD PARAPET WITH ALUMINUM BRIDGE RAILING AND GUARD FENCE CONNECTION
S-2725	(1)	AUG 2, 1963	STANDARD ENDWALL DETAILS FOR METAL PLATE CULVERTS SKEWS 90°-75°-60° & 45°	ST-142	(1)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD METAL CRIBBING UNCOATED
S-2726	(1)	AUG 2, 1963	STANDARD REINFORCED CONCRETE RETAINING WALLS	ST-143	(1)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD METAL CRIBBING COATED
S-2727	(1)	AUG 2, 1963	STANDARD R.C. ABUTMENTS WITH BACKWALLS	ST-144	(2)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD CONCRETE CRIBBING TYPE 1 & 2
S-2728	(1)	AUG 2, 1963	STD. ABUTMENTS WITH BACKWALL TYPICAL LAYOUT	ST-145	(1)	FEB. 25, 1965	STANDARD ELECTRICAL DETAILS FOR STRUCTURES
S-2729	(1)	OCT 3, 1962	STANDARD REINFORCED CONCRETE BOXES	ST-146	(1)	DEC. 10, 1965	STANDARD PARAPET WITH ALUMINUM BRIDGE RAILING AND GUARD FENCE CONNECTION
S-2730	(1)	AUG 2, 1963	STANDARD STEEL I BEAM BRIDGES 28' ROADWAY	ST-147	(1)	DEC. 10, 1965	STANDARD PARAPET WITH STEEL BRIDGE RAILING AND GUARD FENCE CONNECTION
S-2731	(1)	AUG 2, 1963	STANDARD STEEL I BEAM BRIDGES 32' ROADWAY				
S-2732	(1)	AUG 2, 1963	STANDARD STEEL I BEAM BRIDGES 40' ROADWAY				
S-2733	(1)	AUG 2, 1963	STANDARD STEEL I BEAM BRIDGES 68' ROADWAY				
S-2734	(1)	AUG 2, 1963	STANDARD STEEL I BEAM BRIDGES 84' ROADWAY				
S-2735	(1)	AUG 2, 1963	STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES DETAILS				
S-2736	(1)	AUG 2, 1963	STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES END DETAILS				



ALTERNATE ASSEMBLY OF CABLE GUARD FENCE CONNECTION
 (All material to be A.S.T.M. A36 steel galvanized to A.S.T.M. A123 or A153)

STANDARD SECTION THRU PARAPET & RAILING

END VIEW

PLAN OF TOP OF PARAPET

INSIDE ELEVATION WITH GUARD FENCE CONNECTION AND LIGHT POLE ANCHORAGE

NOTES

RAILS: Parallel to grade. Normally two (2) panels long. Joints to be at $\frac{1}{2}$ of posts with 2" clearance (except at expansion joints) and staggered in upper and lower rails.

PARAPET: Parallel to grade. For reinforcement & construction refer to details of specific structure.

POSTS: Normal to grade. See Sheet 2 Dwg. 1614-C for large scale details. For spacing, refer to details of specific structure. 2" headless set screws of each post for both top & bottom rails to prevent rattling.

LIGHTPOLES: Truly vertical with bases level.

ANCHORAGE: Bases grouted & aligned after erection to seal openings between bases & concrete. Anchor bolts for railing posts - normal to grade; for lightpoles - truly vertical.

MATERIALS: Rails, posts, shims, set screws and caps - Aluminum Alloy. Guard Fence Connections - Aluminum Alloy or Galvanized Steel.

SPECIAL TREATMENT: Guard Fence Connection Anchor Bolts & Railing Post Anchor Bolts - Hot dipped Galvanized (A153 - ASTM Specs.) Surfaces of Aluminum in contact with concrete or steel - one (1) coat Alumilastic or equal.

PAYMENT: Parapet Railing - linear foot basis, measured continuously to & of End Posts which includes all posts, rails, end closures, anchor bolts and anchor bolt LS. Guard Fence Connections - includes compensation for sleeves and anchor bolts.

Revision of Guard Fence Connection 12-3-62 V.V.V.
 Revision of anchor bolt spacing for light pole 7-9-63 K.G.F.

APPROVED OCT 17 1962

BRIDGE ENGINEER *J.H. Jensen*

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT

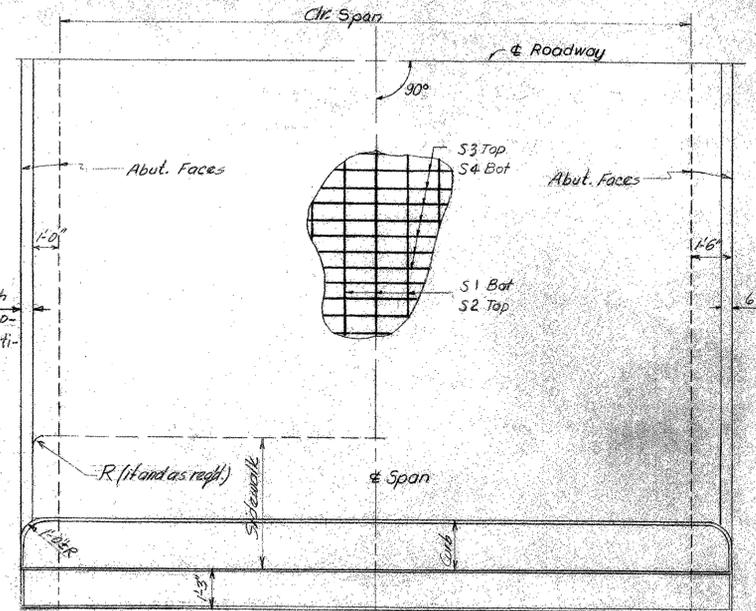
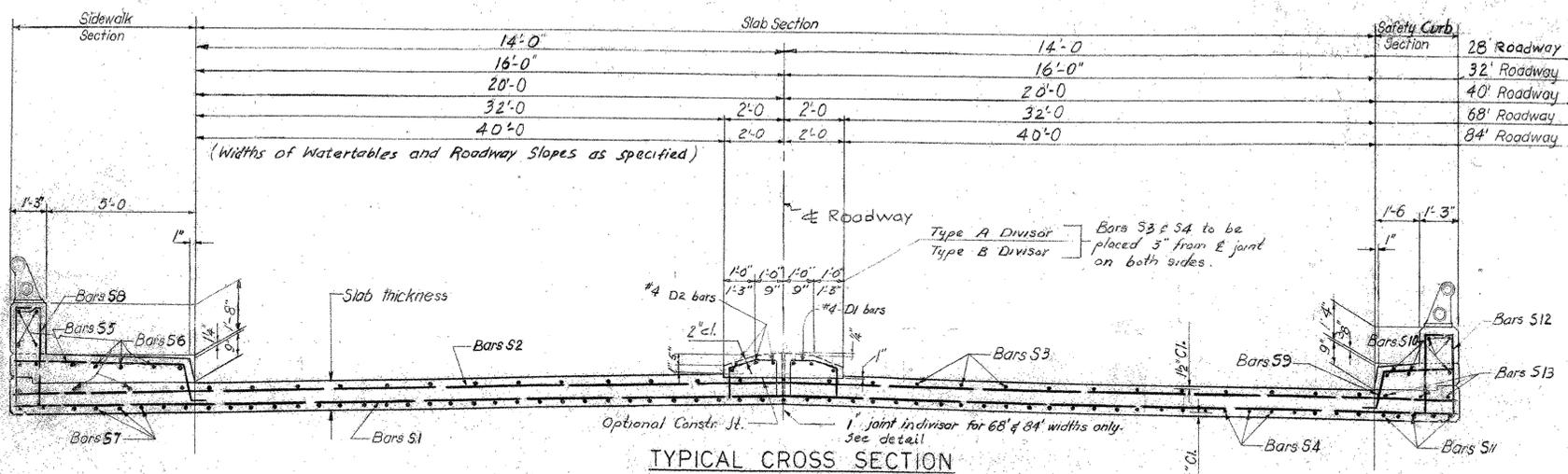
STANDARD
 PARAPET & PARAPET RAILING

SCALE: 1"=1'-0" UNLESS NOTED

SHEET 1 OF 2

DWG **S-1614-C**

V.V.V. 10-16-62

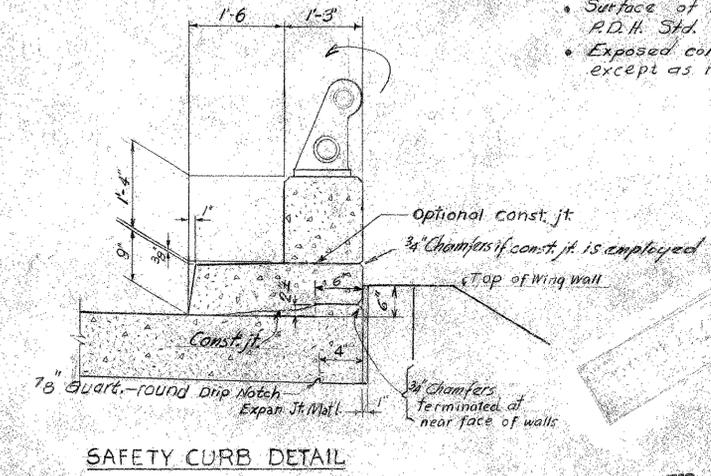
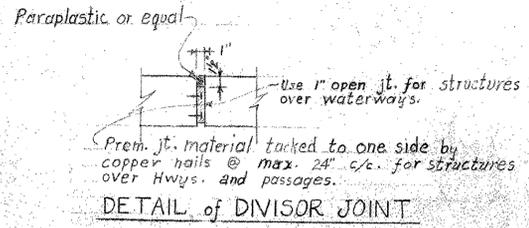


Extend Bars S3 & S4 as reqd. if paving notch is omitted.

* Includes portions of Bars S1 and S2.

CL. SPAN		SLAB THICKNESS		REINFORCEMENT										QUANT.		
Size of Bars	Spacing	No. of Bars	Size of Bars	Spacing	No. of Bars	Size of Bars	Spacing	No. of Bars	Length	Size of Bars	Spacing	No. of Bars	Length	A	Cubic Yards Class A Concrete	Reinforcement Bars-Lbs.
28"	12"	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	13.3	3050
40"	12"	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	19.1	4360
68"	12"	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	32.5	7410
84"	12"	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	40.0	9160
28"	14"	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	16.5	3860
40"	14"	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	23.6	5320
68"	14"	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	40.1	9330
84"	14"	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	49.8	11390
28"	16"	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	20.2	4510
40"	16"	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	28.8	6440
68"	16"	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	49.0	10950
84"	16"	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	60.5	13520
28"	18"	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	24.1	5460
40"	18"	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	34.4	7800
68"	18"	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	58.5	13260
84"	18"	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	72.3	16380
28"	20"	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	27.8	6160
40"	20"	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	39.6	8800
68"	20"	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	67.7	14960
84"	20"	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	85.5	18980
28"	22"	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	33.1	7480
40"	22"	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	47.3	10720
68"	22"	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	80.3	17200
84"	22"	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	99.2	22250
28"	24"	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	39.5	8700
40"	24"	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	56.4	12720
68"	24"	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	95.8	21220
84"	24"	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	118.5	25520
28"	26"	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	44.8	9350
40"	26"	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	64.0	13360
68"	26"	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	109.5	22710
84"	26"	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	134.5	28060
28"	28"	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	50.4	11760
40"	28"	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	72.0	16300
68"	28"	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	122.5	28560
84"	28"	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	151.2	35280

CL. SPAN		SLAB THICKNESS		REINFORCEMENT										QUANTITIES			
Size of Bars	Spacing	No. of Bars	Size of Bars	Spacing	No. of Bars	Size of Bars	Spacing	No. of Bars	Length	A	Size of Bars	Spacing	No. of Bars	Length	A	Cubic Yards Class A Concrete	Reinforcement Bars-Lbs.
12"	12"	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	6.48	990
14"	12"	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	7.72	1170
16"	12"	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	9.02	1410
18"	12"	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	10.44	1710
20"	12"	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	11.88	1860
22"	12"	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	13.44	2200
24"	12"	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	15.33	2490
26"	12"	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	17.04	2900
28"	12"	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	18.78	3320



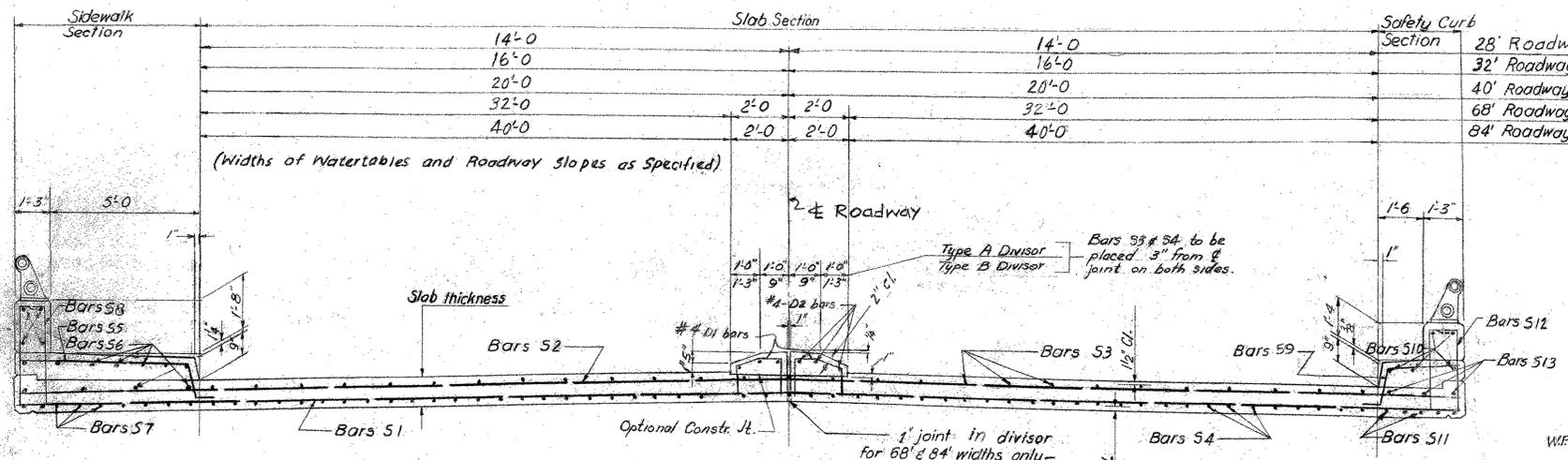
- GENERAL NOTES**
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. Form 408.
 - Design Specs: Division I of 1957 standard specification for HWY Bridges of the A.A.S.H.O.
 - LIVE LOAD: H20-S16-44, except roadway slab which is designed for a single wheel load of 16000 lbs. for span length under 24'-0"; and for two wheel loads of 16000 lbs. for span length 24'-0" and over.
 - Dead Load: Includes 30 lbs./sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the roadway slab.
 - Steel Reinforcement Bars are designed for $f_s = 18000$ psi, and detailed as per A.C.I. Code. Bars to be lapped min. 30 dia. except as noted.
 - Class A Concrete shall be used in the roadway slab, divisors, curbs, sidewalks, and parapets. $f_c = 1200$ psi.
 - Provide 1/2" cover on reinforcement bars except as noted.
 - For parapet railing and guard fence connections see P.D.H. Standard Drawing S-1614B or S-3361.
 - Surface of roadway divisor shall be treated as shown on P.D.H. Std. Dwg. S0-13.
 - Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1"x1" except as noted.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT

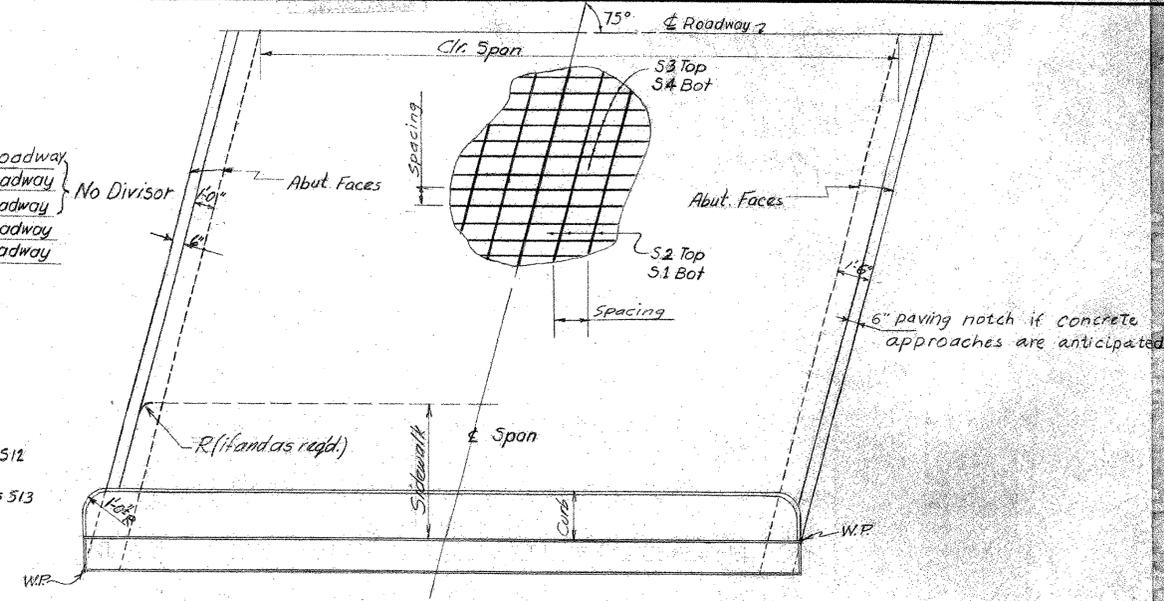
STANDARD BRIDGES
 STANDARD REINFORCED CONCRETE SLAB BRIDGE
 SKEW 90°

Approved: **WAR-1 1961**
 Bridge Engineer

Items not listed for 32' roadway slab section are same as for 28'-40'-68'-84' roadway slab section.



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION



HALF PLAN

Extend Bars S3 & S4 as reqd. if paving notch is omitted.

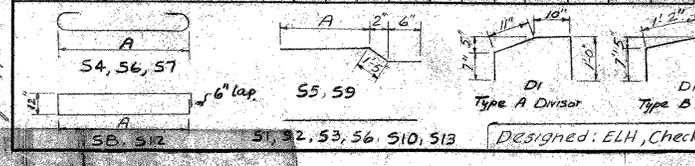
* Includes portions of bars S1 and S2.

Cl. Span	Slab Width	REINFORCEMENT				QUANT.
		Bars S1	Bars S2	Bars S3	Bars S4 (Bent)	
		Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars	Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars	Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars Length	Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars Length	
28'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	13.3 3050
40'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	19.1 4360
68'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	32.5 7410
84'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	40.0 9160
28'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	16.5 3860
40'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	23.6 5320
68'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	40.1 9380
84'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	49.6 11390
28'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	20.2 4510
40'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	28.8 6440
68'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	49.0 10920
84'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	60.5 13520
28'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	24.1 5460
40'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	34.4 7800
68'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	55.5 12640
84'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	72.3 16380
28'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	27.8 6160
40'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	39.6 8900
68'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	67.4 14920
84'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	83.3 18900
28'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	33.1 7480
40'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	47.3 10720
68'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	80.3 18200
84'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	99.2 22250
28'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	39.5 7500
40'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	56.4 12720
68'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	95.8 18220
84'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	118.5 22510
28'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	44.8 9350
40'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	64.0 13370
68'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	109.5 22110
84'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	134.5 28050
28'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	30.4 11760
40'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	42.0 16800
68'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	72.5 25520
84'	40'	#4	#4	#4	#4	91.2 33280

Cl. Span	Slab Width	REINFORCEMENT				QUANTITIES
		Bars S5 (Bent)	Bars S6	Bars S7 (Bent)	Bars S8 (Bent)	
		Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars Length	Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars Length	Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars Length	Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars Length	
12'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	6.19 1000
14'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	7.72 1180
16'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	9.22 1420
18'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	10.74 1720
20'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	12.24 1870
22'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	13.71 2210
24'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	15.13 2500
26'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	17.01 2920
28'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	18.78 3340

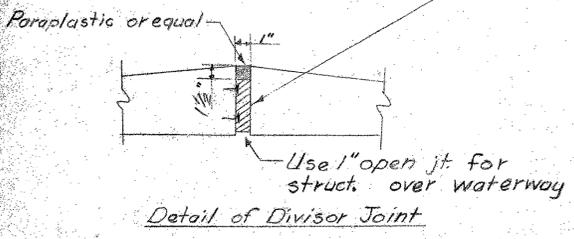
Cl. Span	Slab Width	REINFORCEMENT				QUANTITIES
		Bars S9 (Bent)	Bars S10	Bars S11 (Bent)	Bars S12 (Bent)	
		Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars Length	Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars Length	Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars Length	Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars Length	
12'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	3.24 490
14'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	4.46 560
16'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	5.75 680
18'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	7.15 880
20'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	8.57 1130
22'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	10.06 1230
24'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	11.55 1350
26'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	13.25 1530
28'	16'	#4	#4	#4	#4	14.92 1650

Cl. Span	Slab Width	REINFORCEMENT		QUANTITIES
		Bars D1 (Bent)	Bars S13	
		Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars Length	Size of Bars Spacing No. of Bars Length	
12'	16'	#4	#4	3 14-8
14'	16'	#4	#4	3 16-8
16'	16'	#4	#4	3 18-8
18'	16'	#4	#4	3 20-8
20'	16'	#4	#4	3 22-8
22'	16'	#4	#4	3 24-8
24'	16'	#4	#4	3 26-8
26'	16'	#4	#4	3 28-8
28'	16'	#4	#4	3 30-8

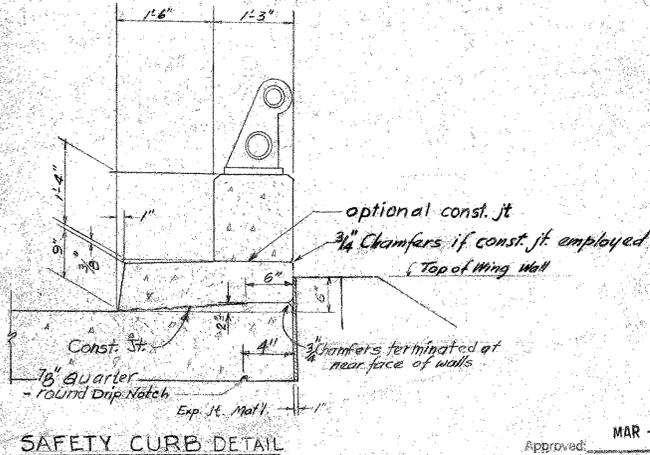


Designed: ELH, Checked: KRP

Fram. jt. material tacked to one side by copper nails @ max. 24\"/>



Detail of Divisor Joint



SAFETY CURB DETAIL

* Items not listed for 32' Roadway slab Section are same as for 28'-40' 68'-84' Roadway slab Section.

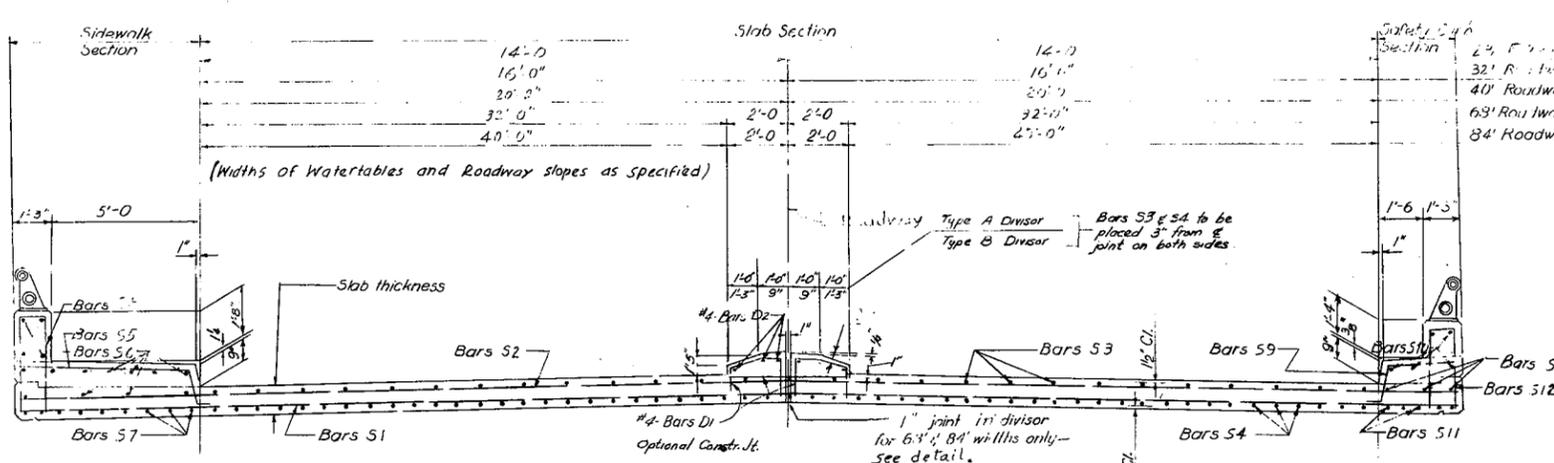
- GENERAL NOTES
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. Form 408.
 - Design Specs.: Division I of 1957 Standard Specification for HWY Bridges of the AASHTO.
 - LIVE LOAD: H20-516-44, except roadway slab which is designed for a single wheel load of 16000 lbs. for span length under 24'-0\"/>
 - Dead Load: Includes 30 lbs/sq.ft. for future wearing surface on the roadway slab.
 - Steel Reinforcement Bars are designed for $f_y = 15000$ psi, and detailed as per A.C.I. Code. Bars to be lapped min. 30 dia. except as noted.
 - Class A Concrete shall be used in the roadway slab, curbs, divisors, sidewalks, and parapets. $f_c = 1200$ psi.
 - Provide 1/2\"/>
 - For parapet railing and guard fence connections, see P.D.H. Standard Drawing S-1614B or S-3361.
 - Surface of roadway divisor shall be treated as shown on P.D.H. Std. Dwg. 50-13.
 - Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1"x1\"/>

Approved: MAR -1 1961

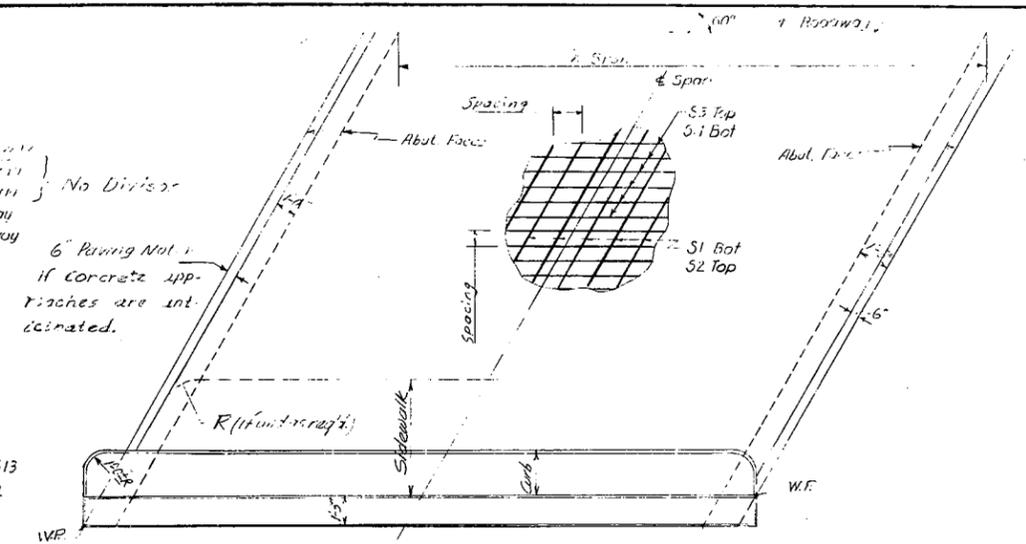
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT

STANDARD BRIDGES
 STANDARD REINFORCED
 CONCRETE SLAB BRIDGE
 SKEW 75°

S-270I



TYPICAL SECTION



HALF PLAN

Extend Bars S3 & S4 as reqd. if paving notch is omitted.

* Includes Portions of bars S1 and S2.

Cl. Span	Width of Slab	REINFORCEMENT				QUANT.
		Bars S1	Bars S2	Bars S3	Bars S4 (Bent)	
12	11'	#5	#4	#4	#8	5000
14	12'	#5	#4	#4	#8	4900
16	13'	#6	#4	#4	#9	4800
18	14'	#6	#4	#4	#9	4700
20	15'	#6	#4	#4	#9	4600
22	16'	#6	#4	#4	#9	4500
24	17'	#7	#4	#4	#10	4400
26	18'	#7	#4	#4	#10	4300
28	19'	#7	#4	#4	#10	4200
30	20'	#7	#4	#4	#10	4100
32	21'	#7	#4	#4	#10	4000

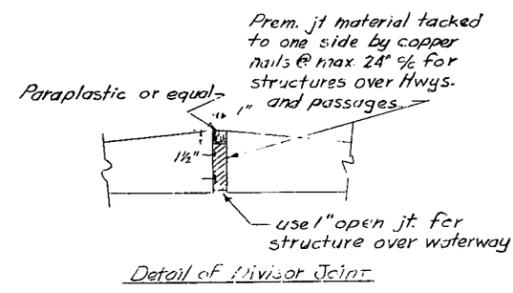
Cl. Span	REINFORCEMENT				QUANTITIES
	Bars S5 (Bent)	Bars S6	Bars S7 (Bent)	Bars S8 (Bent)	
12	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
14	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
16	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
18	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
20	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
22	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
24	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
26	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
28	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000

Cl. Span	REINFORCEMENT				QUANTITIES
	Bars S9 (Bent)	Bars S10	Bars S11 (Bent)	Bars S12 (Bent)	
12	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
14	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
16	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
18	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
20	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
22	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
24	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
26	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000
28	#4	#4	#4	#4	1000

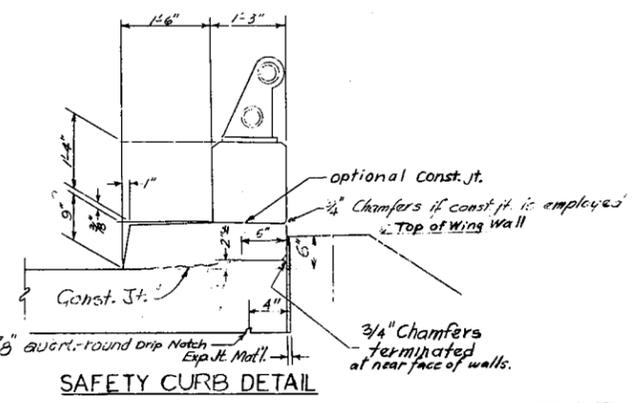
Cl. Span	REINFORCEMENT		QUANTITIES
	Bars D1 (Bent)	Bars S13	
12	#4	#4	1000
14	#4	#4	1000
16	#4	#4	1000
18	#4	#4	1000
20	#4	#4	1000
22	#4	#4	1000
24	#4	#4	1000
26	#4	#4	1000
28	#4	#4	1000

GENERAL NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with R.D.H. Form 109.
- Design Specs.: Division 1 of 1957, Standard Specification for HWY Bridges of the A.A.S.H.O.
- Live Load: H20-S16-44, except: Roadway Slab which is designed for a single wheel load of 16000 lbs. for span length under 24'-0" and for two wheel loads of 16000 lbs. for span length 24'-0" and over.
- Dead Load: Includes 30 lbs./sq.ft. for future wearing surface on the roadway slab.
- Steel Reinforcement Bars are designed for $f_s = 18000$ p.s.i. and detailed as per A.C.I. Code. Bars to be lapped min. 30 dia. except as noted.
- Class A Concrete shall be used in the roadway slab, curbs, divisors, sidewalks and parapets. $f_c = 1200$ p.s.i.
- Provide 1/2" cover on reinforcement bars except as noted.
- For parapet railing and guard fence connections see R.D.H. Standard Drawing S-1614B or S-3561.
- Surface of roadway divisor shall be treated as shown on R.D.H. Std. Dwg. SD-13.
- Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1"x1" except as noted.



Detail of Divisor Joint



SAFETY CURB DETAIL

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT

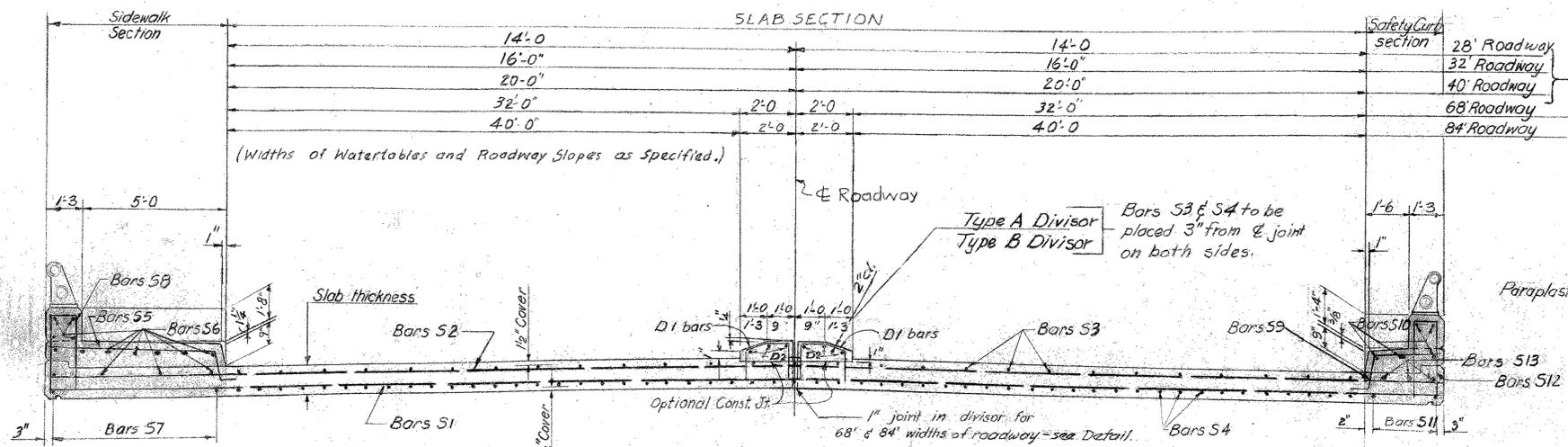
STANDARD BRIDGES
 STANDARD REINFORCED
 CONCRETE SLAB BRIDGE
 SKEW 60°

S-2702

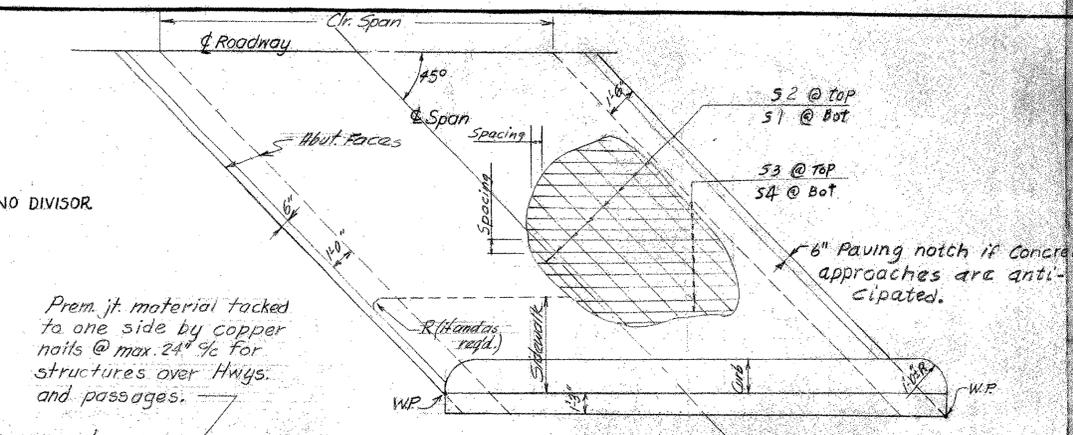
MAR - 1 1957
 R.H. Jensen

Items not listed for 32'-Roadway Slab section are same as for 28'-40'-68'-84' Roadway Slab Section.

Designed: E.L.H., Checked: K.R.P.



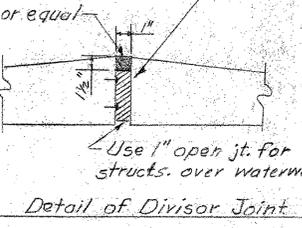
TYPICAL CROSS SECTION



HALF PLAN

GENERAL NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. Form 408.
- Design Specs.: Division I of 1957, Std. Specs. for HWY. bridges of the A.A.S.H.O.
- Live Load: H20-S16-44, except roadway slab which is designed for a single wheel load of 16000 lbs. for span length under 24'-0", and for two wheel loads of 16000 lbs. for span length 24'-0" and over.
- Dead Load: Includes 30 lbs/sq.ft for future wearing surface on the roadway slab.
- Steel Reinforcement Bars are designed for $f_s = 18000$ psi and detailed as per A.C.I. Code. Bars to be lapped min. 30 dia except as noted.
- Class A Concrete shall be used in the roadway slab, curbs, divisors, sidewalks, and parapets.
- Provide 1/2" cover on reinforcement bars except as noted.
- For parapet railing and guard fence connections, see P.D.H. Standard Drawing S-1614B or S-3361
- Surface of roadway divisor shall be treated as shown on P.D.H. Std. Dwg. SD-13.
- Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1"x1" except as noted.



Detail of Divisor Joint

Extend Bars S3 & S4 as reqd. if paving notch is omitted.

CL. SPAN		SLAB THICKNESS		REINFORCEMENT								QUANTITIES	
Width of Slab	Size of Bars	Spacing	No. of Bars	Bars S1		Bars S2		Bars S3		Bars S4 (Bent)		Cubic Yards Class A Conc.	Reinforcement Bars - Lbs.
28'	#5	17"	17	17	#4	14"	#8	7"	48	14'-0"	3110		
40'	#5	17"	17	17	#4	14"	#8	7"	68	16'-0"	4440		
68'	#5	17"	17	17	#4	14"	#8	7"	116	20'-0"	7550		
84'	#5	17"	17	17	#4	14"	#8	7"	144	20'-0"	9320		
28'	#5	19"	19	19	#4	12"	#8	6"	56	16'-6"	3950		
40'	#5	19"	19	19	#4	12"	#8	6"	89	16'-6"	5640		
68'	#5	19"	19	19	#4	12"	#8	6"	136	16'-6"	9590		
84'	#5	19"	19	19	#4	12"	#8	6"	168	16'-6"	11840		
28'	#6	21"	21	21	#4	14"	#9	7"	48	20'-10"	6560		
40'	#6	21"	21	21	#4	14"	#9	7"	69	20'-10"	11150		
68'	#6	21"	21	21	#4	14"	#9	7"	117	20'-10"	18780		
84'	#6	21"	21	21	#4	14"	#9	7"	145	20'-10"	23780		
28'	#6	23"	23	23	#4	16"	#10	8"	42	23'-2"	7920		
40'	#6	23"	23	23	#4	16"	#10	8"	60	23'-2"	13460		
68'	#6	23"	23	23	#4	16"	#10	8"	102	23'-2"	16630		
84'	#6	23"	23	23	#4	16"	#10	8"	126	23'-2"	20400		
28'	#6	25"	25	25	#4	18"	#11	9"	36	25'-6"	8920		
40'	#6	25"	25	25	#4	18"	#11	9"	51	25'-6"	15150		
68'	#6	25"	25	25	#4	18"	#11	9"	86	25'-6"	18730		
84'	#6	25"	25	25	#4	18"	#11	9"	107	25'-6"	21710		
28'	#6	27"	27	27	#4	18"	#11	9"	36	27'-6"	10240		
40'	#6	27"	27	27	#4	18"	#11	9"	54	27'-6"	17410		
68'	#6	27"	27	27	#4	18"	#11	9"	91	27'-6"	21500		
84'	#6	27"	27	27	#4	18"	#11	9"	112	27'-6"	25900		
28'	#7	29"	29	29	#4	16"	#11	8"	42	29'-6"	10840		
40'	#7	29"	29	29	#4	16"	#11	8"	60	29'-6"	18430		
68'	#7	29"	29	29	#4	16"	#11	8"	102	29'-6"	22760		
84'	#7	29"	29	29	#4	16"	#11	8"	126	29'-6"	28440		
28'	#7	31"	31	31	#4	14"	#11	7"	43	31'-6"	13480		
40'	#7	31"	31	31	#4	14"	#11	7"	63	31'-6"	22920		
68'	#7	31"	31	31	#4	14"	#11	7"	105	31'-6"	28310		
84'	#7	31"	31	31	#4	14"	#11	7"	127	31'-6"	35530		

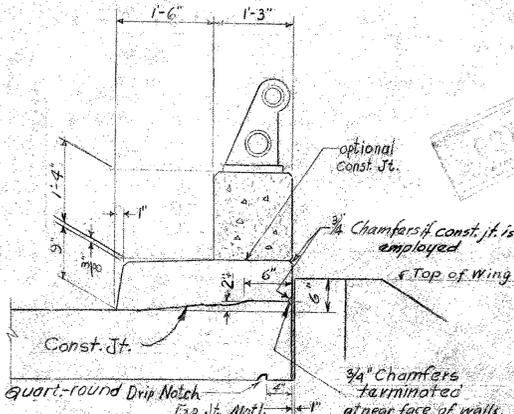
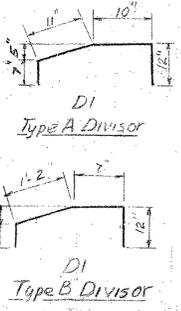
CL. SPAN		REINFORCEMENT		QUANTITIES	
Width of Slab	Size of Bars	No. of Bars	Cubic Yards Class A Conc.	Reinforcement Bars - Lbs.	
12'	#5	28	16.0	3450	
14'	#5	33	19.5	4400	
16'	#5	39	23.7	5120	
18'	#5	43	28.1	6190	
20'	#5	47	32.3	6830	
22'	#5	51	36.4	7440	
24'	#5	55	40.5	8000	
26'	#5	59	44.6	8520	
28'	#5	63	48.7	9000	

Items not listed for 32'-Roadway slab section are same as for 28'-40'-68'-84'-Roadway slab section.

CL. SPAN		REINFORCEMENT		QUANTITIES	
Width of Slab	Size of Bars	No. of Bars	Cubic Yards Class A Conc.	Reinforcement Bars - Lbs.	
12'	#4	12	7.9	1610	
14'	#4	14	9.1	1810	
16'	#4	16	10.3	2010	
18'	#4	18	11.5	2210	
20'	#4	20	12.7	2410	
22'	#4	22	13.9	2610	
24'	#4	24	15.1	2810	
26'	#4	26	16.3	3010	
28'	#4	28	17.5	3210	

CL. SPAN		REINFORCEMENT		QUANTITIES	
Width of Slab	Size of Bars	No. of Bars	Cubic Yards Class A Conc.	Reinforcement Bars - Lbs.	
12'	#4	12	4.3	810	
14'	#4	14	4.9	910	
16'	#4	16	5.5	1010	
18'	#4	18	6.1	1110	
20'	#4	20	6.7	1210	
22'	#4	22	7.3	1310	
24'	#4	24	7.9	1410	
26'	#4	26	8.5	1510	
28'	#4	28	9.1	1610	

CL. SPAN		REINFORCEMENT		QUANTITIES	
Width of Slab	Size of Bars	No. of Bars	Cubic Yards Class A Conc.	Reinforcement Bars - Lbs.	
12'	#4	12	3.4	670	
14'	#4	14	3.9	750	
16'	#4	16	4.4	830	
18'	#4	18	4.9	910	
20'	#4	20	5.4	1000	
22'	#4	22	5.9	1080	
24'	#4	24	6.4	1170	
26'	#4	26	6.9	1250	
28'	#4	28	7.4	1330	



SAFETY CURB DETAIL

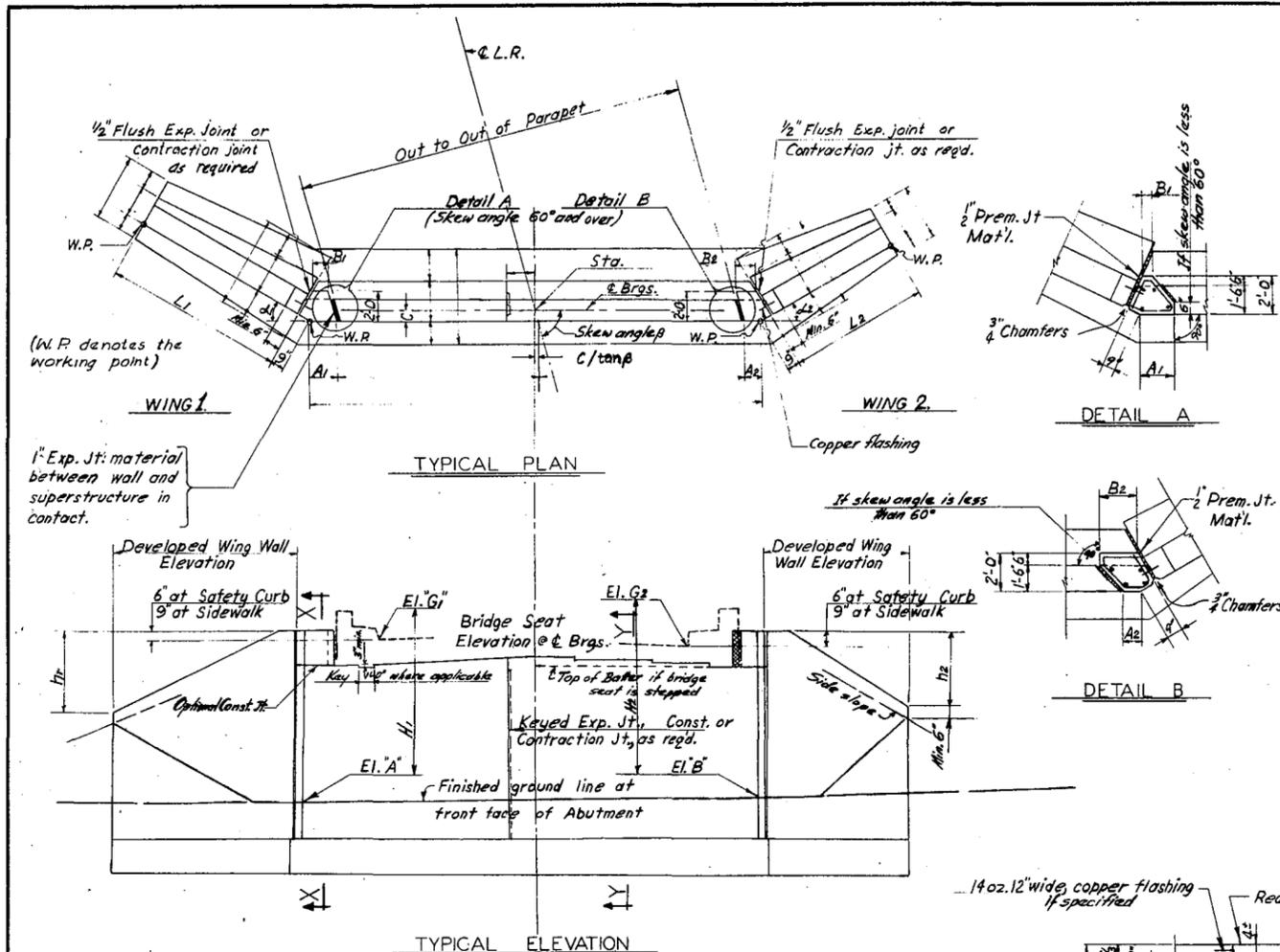
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE UNIT

STANDARD BRIDGES
STANDARD REINFORCED CONCRETE SLAB BRIDGE
SKEW 45°

S-2703

Approved: MAR - 1 1961
J. A. Deane
Bridge Engineer

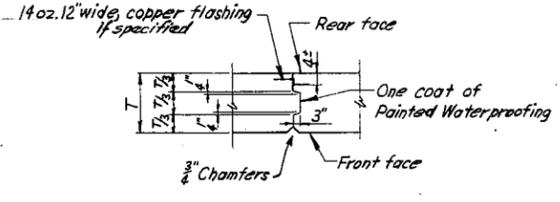
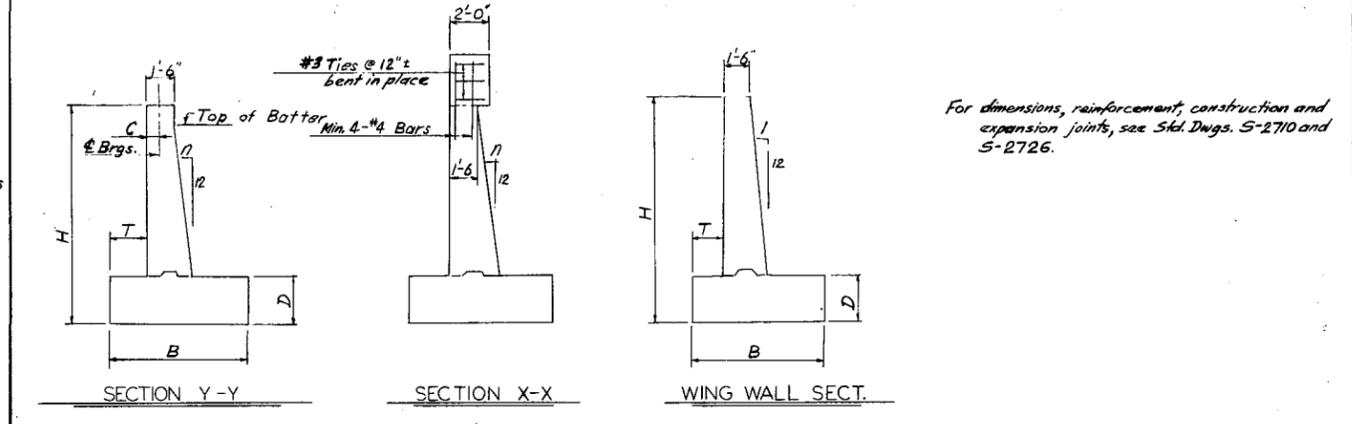
Designed: ELH, Checked: R.T.D.



SEMI-GRAVITY CANTILEVER TYPE ABUTMENTS AND WING WALLS

H	T	n	D	B	D Bars		F Bars		Max. Design Foundation Pressure Tons/ft ²		
					Size	Spac.	Length	Size		Spac.	Length
ABUTMENTS											
6'-0"	1'-0"	0	2'-0"	4'-0"	#5	1'-0"	3'-6"		1.80		
7'-0"	1'-0"	0	2'-0"	4'-6"	#5	1'-0"	3'-6"		2.00		
8'-0"	1'-0"	1	2'-0"	5'-3"	#5	1'-0"	3'-6"		2.15		
9'-0"	1'-0"	1	2'-0"	5'-9"	#5	1'-0"	3'-6"	#5	1'-0"	4'-6"	2.30
10'-0"	1'-0"	1	2'-0"	6'-3"	#5	1'-0"	3'-6"	#5	1'-0"	5'-0"	2.45
WING WALLS											
6'-0"	6"	0	2'-0"	4'-0"	#5	1'-0"	3'-6"		.75		
7'-0"	9"	0	2'-0"	4'-3"	#5	1'-0"	3'-6"		.85		
8'-0"	1'-0"	0	2'-0"	4'-6"	#5	1'-0"	3'-6"		.95		
9'-0"	1'-0"	1	2'-0"	5'-0"	#5	1'-0"	3'-6"		1.05		
10'-0"	1'-0"	1	2'-0"	5'-6"	#5	1'-0"	3'-6"		1.15		
11'-0"	1'-0"	1	2'-0"	6'-3"	#5	1'-0"	3'-6"	#5	1'-0"	4'-9"	1.25
12'-0"	1'-0"	1	2'-0"	6'-9"	#5	1'-0"	3'-6"	#5	1'-0"	5'-3"	1.35

REINFORCED CONCRETE CANTILEVER TYPE ABUTMENTS AND WING WALLS



CONTRACTION JOINT DETAIL
 Flush contraction joint similar except omit key.
 Use contraction joints for semi-gravity cantilever type abutments and wing walls.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Bridge seat may be sloped, stepped or keyed where applicable.
- Dimensions L1, h1, L2 and h2, are based on grades of less than 1% on the upper & lower roadways (or stream channel). Adjustments are to be made where either grade exceeds 1%.
- Reasonable modifications of details shown are permissible if condition warrants.

Skew Angle β	WING 1						WING 2					
	Δs	A1	B1	L1	h1	α2	A2	B2	L2	h2		
90°	30"	1'-0"	8 1/2"	1.10H-1.50	.65H-1.20	30°	1'-0"	8 1/2"	1.10H2-1.50	.63H2-1.20		
75°	30"	1'-6"	8 1/2"	1.24H-1.50	.59H-1.90	30°	1'-0"	1'-3"	1.02H2-1.50	.66H2-1.20		
60°	30"	2'-0"	6 3/8"	1.50H-1.50	.50H-1.70	30°	1'-0"	1'-10 3/8"	H2-1.50	.67H2-1.20		
45°	22 1/2°	2'-0"	5 3/4"	1.96H-1.50	.50H-1.50	45°	1'-0"	1'-6 3/4"	.88H2-1.50	.59H2-1.20		
30°	15°	3'-0"	7 3/4"	2.90H-1.50	.50H-1.30	60°	1'-0"	1'-7 3/4"	.80H2-1.50	.54H2-1.20		
90°	30°	1'-0"	8 1/2"	1.46H-1.50	.63H-1.00	30°	1'-0"	8 1/2"	1.46H2-1.50	.63H2-1.00		
75°	30°	1'-6"	8 1/2"	1.66H-1.50	.59H-1.70	30°	1'-0"	1'-3"	1.36H2-1.50	.66H2-1.00		
60°	30°	2'-0"	6 3/8"	2.00H-1.50	.50H-1.50	30°	1'-0"	1'-10 3/8"	1.33H2-1.50	.67H2-1.00		
45°	22 1/2°	2'-0"	5 3/4"	2.6H-1.50	.50H-1.40	45°	1'-0"	1'-6 3/4"	1.17H2-1.50	.59H2-1.00		
30°	15°	3'-0"	7 3/4"	3.86H-1.50	.50H-1.30	60°	1'-0"	1'-7 3/4"	1.07H2-1.50	.54H2-1.00		

Elevations G1 and G2 are at the intersection of the bearing & the gutter lines; for superstructures without defined bearing & El. G1, G2 and bridge seat elevations shall be taken at the rear face of abutments.
 h1 = El. G1 - El. A1 h2 = El. G2 - El. B2

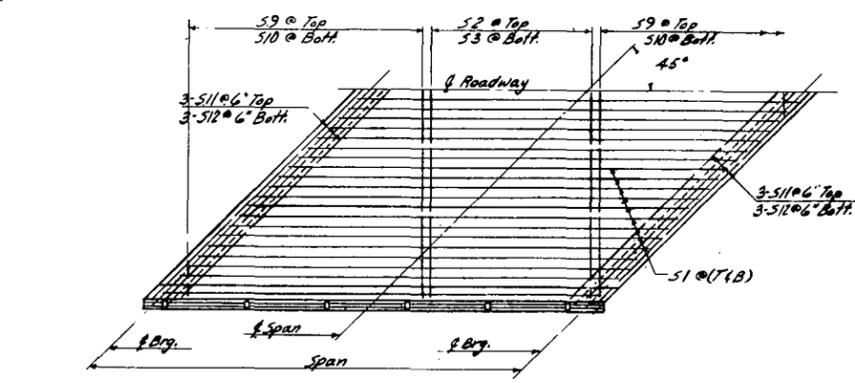
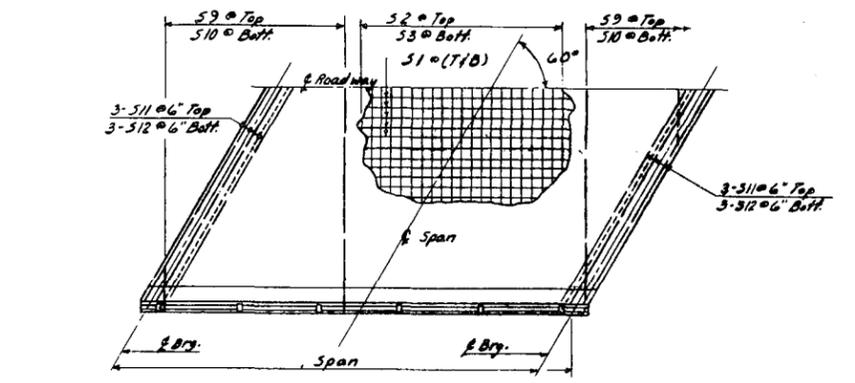
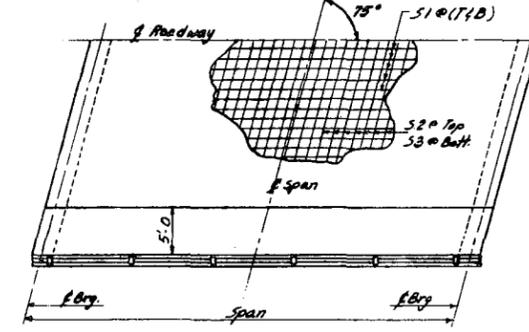
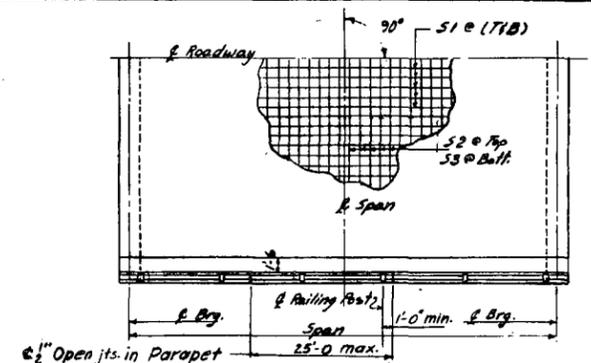
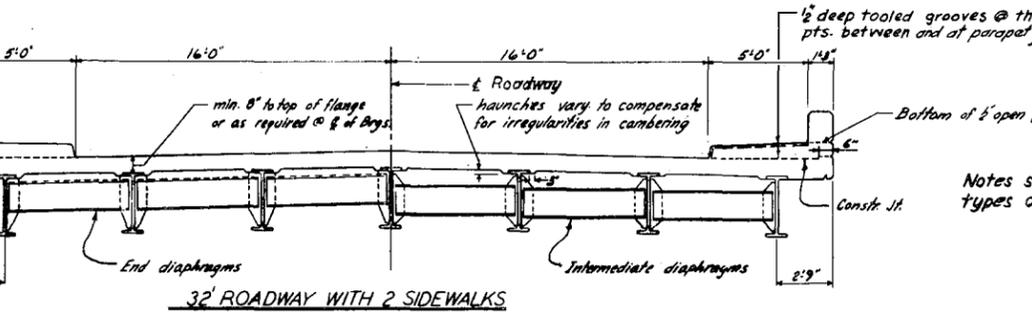
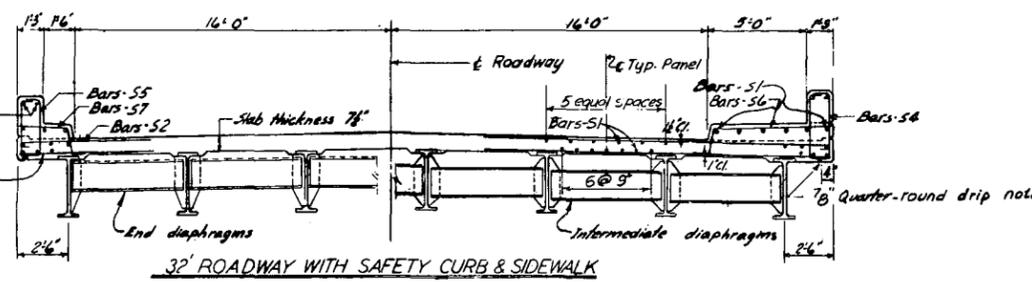
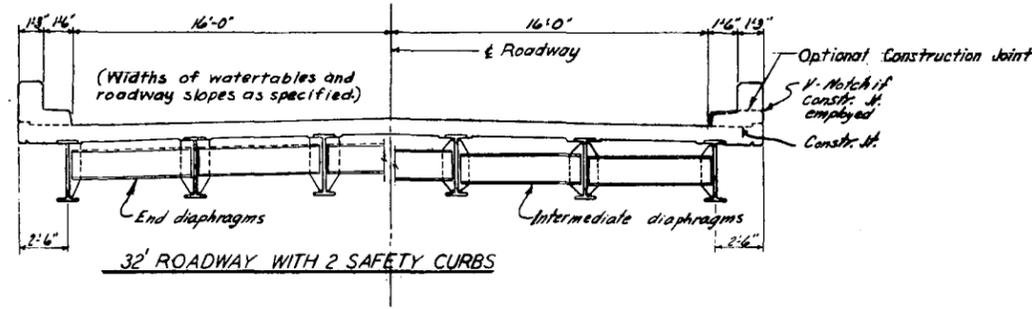
Approved: JUL - 5 1961
 H. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

This drawing supersedes Drawing S-2794 approved March 1, 1961. (JW)

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT

STANDARD ABUTMENTS
 FOR CONCRETE BRIDGES
 TYPICAL LAYOUT AND DETAILS

By: G.T.Y.
 Checked: K.R.P.
 Drawn: K.L.F.



Vert. Curve	Struct. Steel	Concrete	Total

4 equal Spa. = Span

GAMBER DIAGRAM
(Ordinates to be computed)

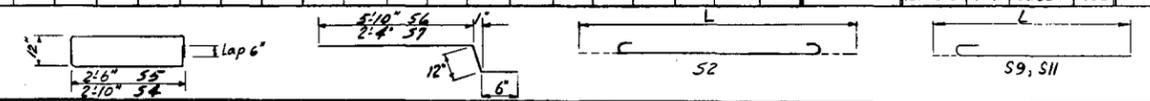
PLAN LAYOUT

GENERAL NOTES

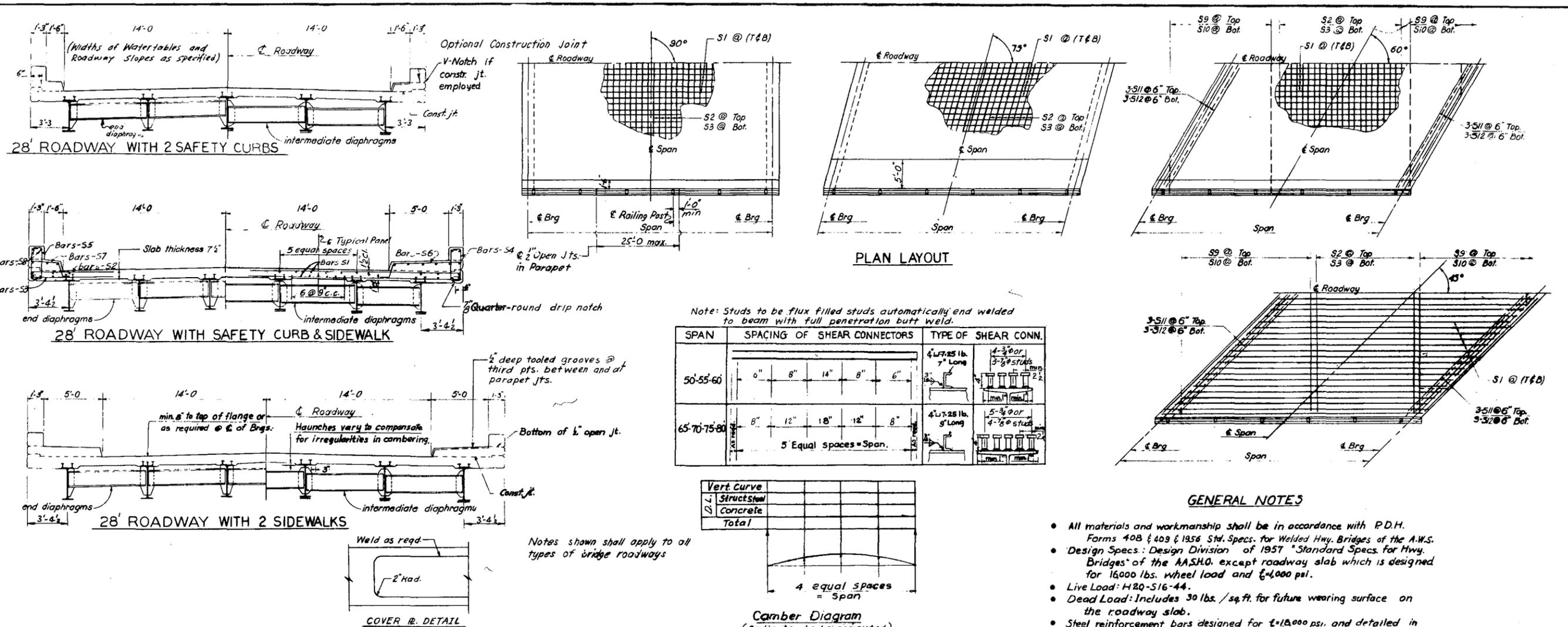
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. Forms 408 and 409.
- Design Specs: Design Division of 1957 Standard Specs. for Highway Bridges of the R.R.S.H.D. except roadway slab which is designed for 16,000 lbs. wheel load and 1/2" cover.
- Live Load: H20-516-44
- Dead Load: Includes 30 lbs./sq.ft. for future wearing surface on the roadway slab.
- Steel Reinforcement Bars designed for 1/2" 18,000 psi. and detailed in accordance with A.C.I. code. Bars to be lapped min. 30 dia. except as noted.
- Provide 1/2" cover on reinforcement bars except as noted.
- Concrete: Class A concrete.
- Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1"x1" except as noted.
- Parapet railing & guard fences: connections: P.D.H. Std. Dwg. S-1614B or S-3361
- Steel Brgs.: S-2721
- R. Exp. Dams & Jts.: S-2722
- Bridge Drainage & Scuppers: S-2723
- Diaphragms: S-2724

SKEW	BEAMS								ROADWAY SLAB												CONCRETE														
	SPAN	20'	25'	30'	35'	40'	45'	50'	REINFORCEMENT																										
									#A-51	#A-52	#A-53	#A-52,59	#A-53,510	#A-54	#A-55	#A-56	#A-57	#A-58	51,52,53,54,55,56,57,58	#A-511		#A-512													
32' ROADWAY WITH TWO SAFETY CURBS																																			
90°	6 @ 6'-6" cc	21N62	24N76	27N94	30N108	33N130	36N150	36N170	77	51.5	6'	80	6'	77.7	—	—	—	—	12"	10.02	—	—	12"	5.12	4	270	226.90	—	—	—	—	1.18			
75°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"			
60°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	6"	80	6"	77.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
45°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
32' ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB & SIDEWALK																																			
90°	7 @ 6'-0" cc	21N62	24N76	27N94	30N108	33N124	36N141	36N160	92	61.5	6"	90.5	6"	88.3	—	—	—	—	12"	5.46	12"	5.01	12"	4.90	12"	2.56	4	270	260.79	—	—	—	—	1.38	
75°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
60°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	6"	90.5	6"	88.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
45°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
32' ROADWAY WITH TWO SIDEWALKS																																			
90°	7 @ 6'-6" cc	21N62	24N76	27N94	30N108	33N130	36N150	36N170	95	63.5	6"	98.0	6"	95.5	—	—	—	—	12"	10.92	—	—	12"	9.80	—	—	4	270	280.28	—	—	—	—	1.58	
75°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
60°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	6"	98.0	6"	95.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
45°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

Designed: R.T.D.
Checked: K.L.F.

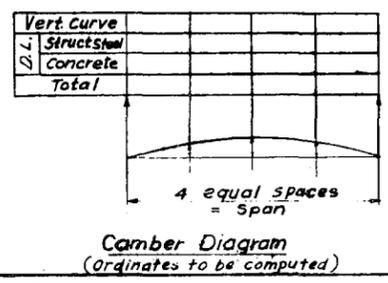


Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE UNIT
STANDARD BRIDGES
STANDARD I BEAM BRIDGE
32' ROADWAY



Note: Studs to be flux filled studs automatically end welded to beam with full penetration butt weld.

SPAN	SPACING OF SHEAR CONNECTORS	TYPE OF SHEAR CONN.
50'-55'-60'	0" 8" 14" 8" 6"	4" L7.25 lb. 7" Long 3" 3/8" STUDS
65'-70'-75'-80'	8" 12" 18" 12" 8" 5 Equal spaces = Span.	4" L7.25 lb. 9" Long 4-1/8" STUDS



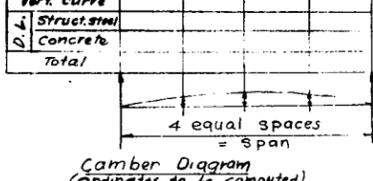
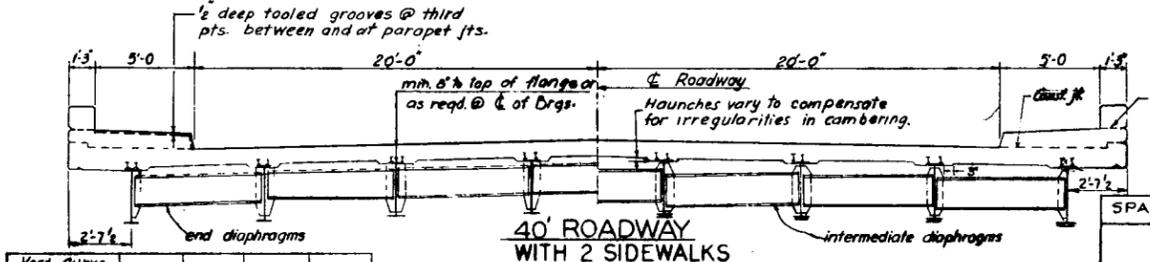
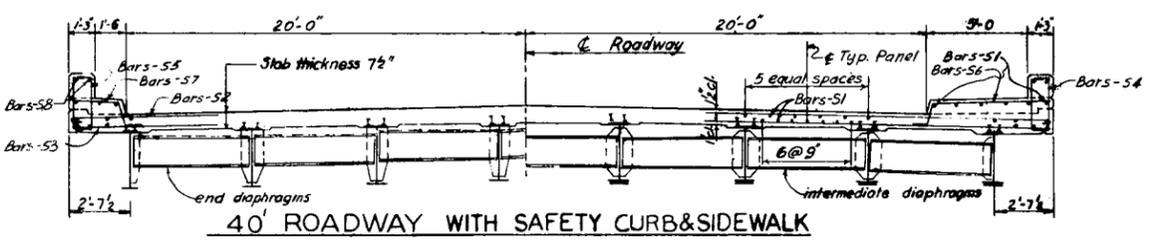
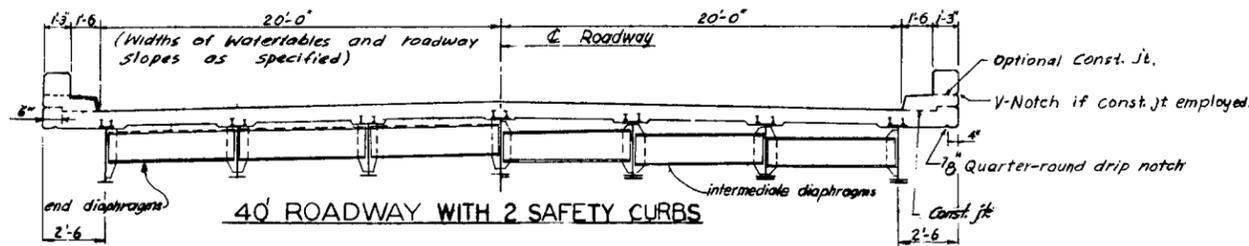
- ### GENERAL NOTES
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. Forms 408 & 409 & 1956 Std. Specs. for Welded Hwy. Bridges of the A.W.S.
 - Design Specs: Design Division of 1957 "Standard Specs. for Hwy. Bridges" of the A.A.S.H.O. except roadway slab which is designed for 16000 lbs. wheel load and 4,000 psi.
 - Live Load: H20-S16-44.
 - Dead Load: Includes 30 lbs./sq.ft. for future wearing surface on the roadway slab.
 - Steel reinforcement bars designed for 15,000 psi. and detailed in accordance with A.C.I. code. Bars to be lapped min. of 30 dia. except as noted.
 - Provide 1/2" cover on reinforcement bars except as noted.
 - Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1"x1" except as noted.
 - Concrete: Class A concrete.
 - Parapet railing and guard fence Conn.: P.D.H. Std. Dwg. S-1614 B or S-3361.
 - Steel Brgs.: S-2721
 - R. Exp. Dams & Jts.: S-2722
 - Bridge Drainage & Scuppers: S-2723
 - Diaphragms: S-2724
 - For Welds, the shielded metal arc may be used with electrodes conforming to A.S.T.M. E6015 E 6016, E6018 or E7016

SKEW	BEAMS*								ROADWAY SLAB												CONCRETE CLASS A														
	REINFORCEMENT								REINFORCEMENT																										
	BEAM SPACING	SPAN	50'	55'	60'	65'	70'	75'	80'	#4 S1	#5 S2	#5 S3	#5 S2+9	#5 S3+S10	#4 S4	#4 S5	#4 S6	#4 S7	#4 S8	S1+S2+...+S10		#5 S11	#5 S12	CLASS A											
28' ROADWAY WITH TWO SAFETY CURBS																																			
90°	5'6"-9"	30 WF 124	65	43.42	51	73.2	51	767											12	10.02			12	5.22	4	2.67	217.23					1-08			
75°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"			
60°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
45°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
28' ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB & SIDEWALK																																			
90°	6'6"-9"	30 WF 116	80	53.44	6	79.75	6	7725											12	5.46	12	5.01	12	4.98	12	2.64	4	2.67	231.17				1-28		
75°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
60°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
45°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
28' ROADWAY WITH TWO SIDEWALKS																																			
90°	6'6"-9"	30 WF 124	83	55.04	51	95.5	51	930											12	10.92			12	9.96		4	2.67	267.09				1-47			
75°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
60°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
45°	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

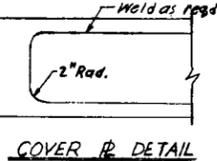
Designed: R.T.D.
 Checked: R.R.P.
 S1, S3, S8, S10, S12
 S9, S11
 Lap 6"
 2-6" S5
 2-10" S4
 *Cover plates over 3/4" thick shall be of ASTM A373 Steel.

Approved: *R.H. Jensen*
 MAR - 1 1981

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT
 STANDARD BRIDGES
 STANDARD COMPOSITE
 I BEAM BRIDGE
 28' ROADWAY
 S-2716

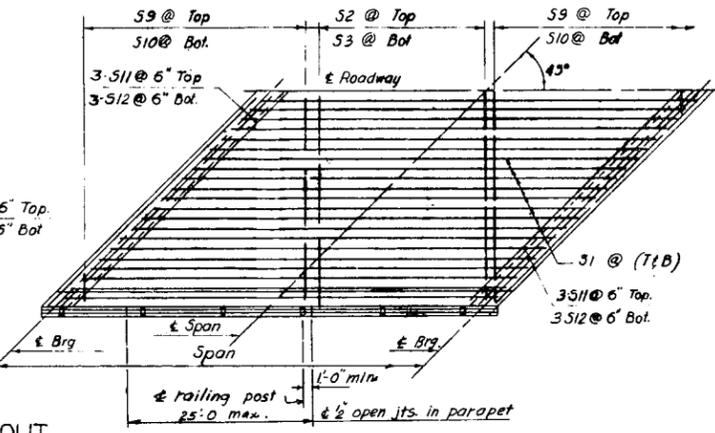
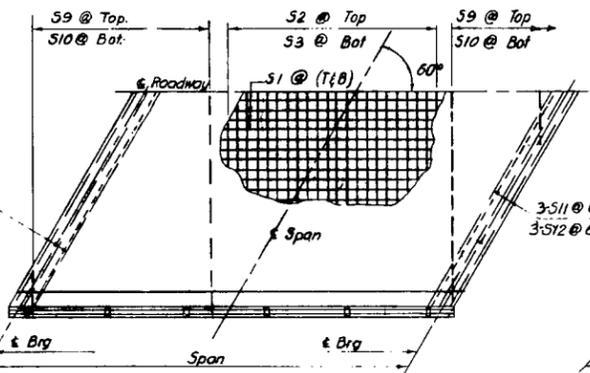
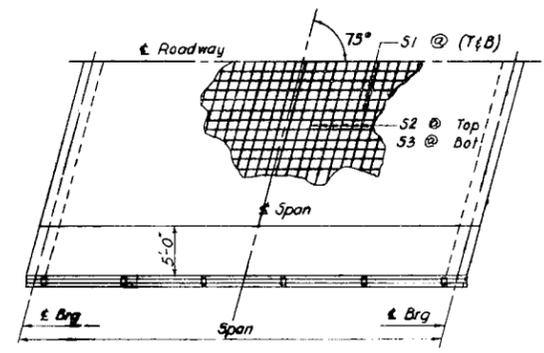
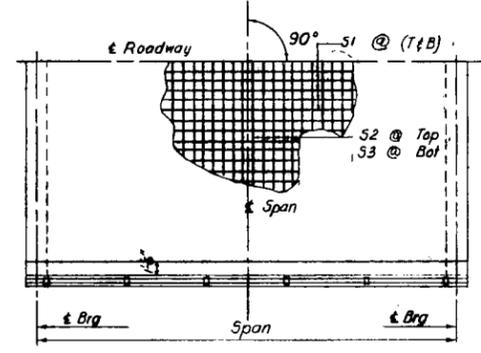


Notes shown shall apply to all types of bridge roadways.



Note: Studs to be flux filled studs automatically end welded to beam with full penetration butt weld.

SPAN	SPACING OF SHEAR CONNECTORS	TYPE OF SHEAR CONN
50'-55'-60'	6" 8" 14" 8" 6"	4" x 7.25" 7" Long 3-5/8" studs
65'-70'-75'-80'	8" 12" 18" 12" 8"	4" x 7.25" 9" Long 4-3/8" studs
	5 Equal Spaces = span	



PLAN LAYOUT

GENERAL NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. Forms 408 & 409 & 1956 Std. Specs. for Welded Hwy. Bridges of the A.W.S.
- Design Specs.: Design Division of 1957 "Standard Specs. for Hwy. Bridges" of the A.A.S.H.O. except roadway slab which is designed for 16000 lbs. wheel load and $f_c = 1000$ psi.
- Live Load: H20-516-44.
- Dead Load: Includes 30 lbs. p.s.g. ft. for future wearing surface on the roadway slab.
- Steel reinforcement Bars designed for $f_y = 10,000$ psi. and detailed in accordance with A.C.I. code. Bars to be lapped min of 30 dia except as noted.
- Provide 1/2" cover on reinforcement bars except as noted.
- Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1"x1" except as noted.
- Concrete: Class A concrete.
- Parapet railing and guard fence conn.: P.D.H. std. Dwg. S-1614 B or S-3361.
- Steel Brgs.: S-2721
- R. Exp. Dams & Jts.: S-2722
- Bridge Drainage & Scuppers: S-2723
- Diaphragms: S-2724
- For welds, the shielded metal arc may be used with electrodes conforming to A.S.T.M. E6015, E6016, E6018 or E70.



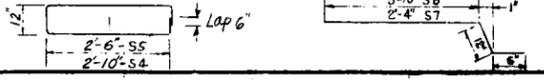
STANDARD BRIDGES

STANDARD COMPOSITE I BEAM BRIDGE 40' ROADWAY

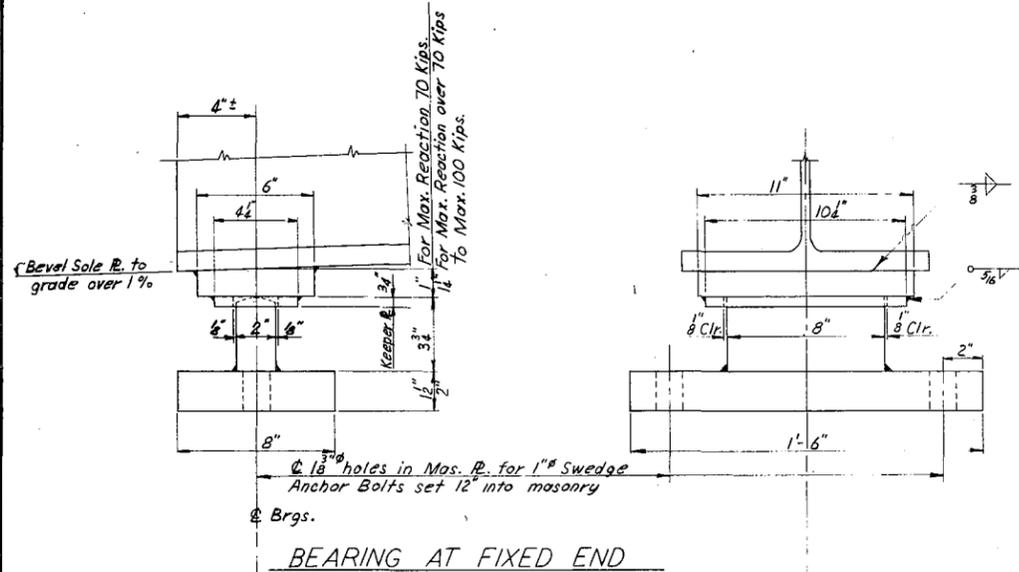
Approved MAR -1 1961

SKEW	BEAMS *								ROADWAY SLAB												CONCRETE CLASS A						
	SPAN	REINFORCEMENT							REINFORCEMENT																		
		50'	55'	60'	65'	70'	75'	80'	# 4 S1	# 5 S2	# 5 S3	# 5 S2+S9	# 5 S3+S10	# 4 S4	# 4 S5	# 4 S6	# 4 S7	# 4 S8	S1+S2+...+S10	# 5 S11		# 5 S12					
40' ROADWAY WITH TWO SAFETY CURBS																											
90	7 @ 6'-3"	30 WF 124	30 WF 124	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	89	59.5	5 1/2	112	5 1/2	109	1 1/2	10.02	12	5.22	4	2.67	298.36			1.37				
75	"	30 WF 124	30 WF 124	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				
60	"	30 WF 124	30 WF 124	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"			
45	"	30 WF 124	30 WF 124	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"			
40' ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB & SIDEWALK																											
90	8 @ 6'-3"	30 WF 116	30 WF 116	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	104	69.4	6	110	6	107	1 1/2	10.02	12	5.01	12	4.98	12	2.61	4	2.67	307.20			1.56
75	"	30 WF 116	30 WF 116	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
60	"	30 WF 116	30 WF 116	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
45	"	30 WF 116	30 WF 116	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
40' ROADWAY WITH TWO SIDEWALKS																											
90	8 @ 6'-3"	30 WF 124	30 WF 124	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	107	72.76	5 1/2	120.5	5 1/2	125.7	1 1/2	10.92	12	9.96	12	4	2.67	350.51			1.76			
75	"	30 WF 124	30 WF 124	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
60	"	30 WF 124	30 WF 124	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
45	"	30 WF 124	30 WF 124	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	36 WF 150	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		

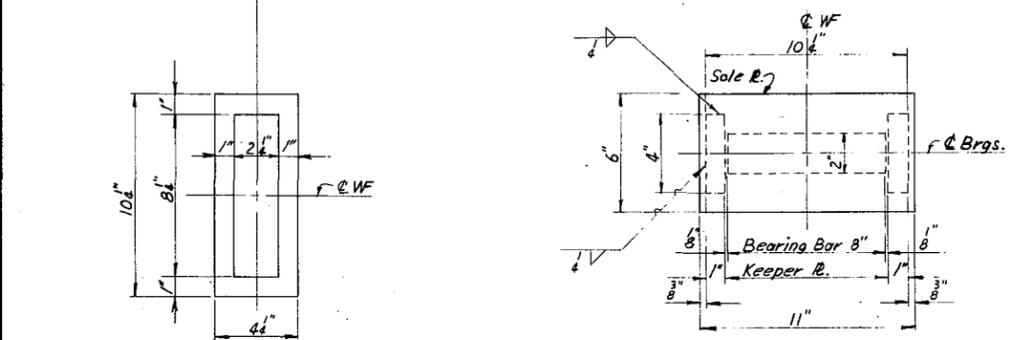
* Cover Plates over 3/4" thick shall be of A.S.T.M. A373 steel.
Designed: K.R.P.
Checked: R.T.D.



S-2718



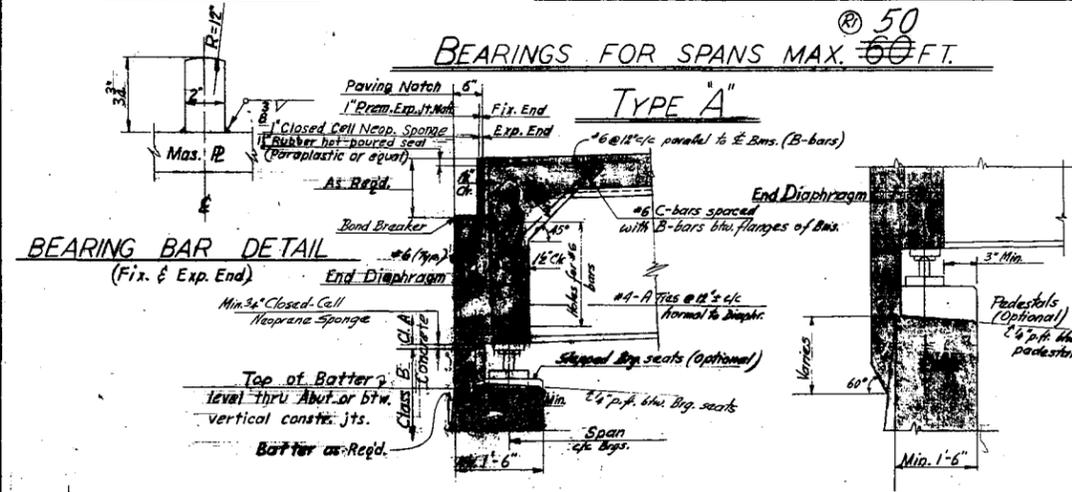
BEARING AT FIXED END



DETAIL OF KEEPER PL. AT FIXED BRG.

DETAIL OF BEARING AT EXP. END

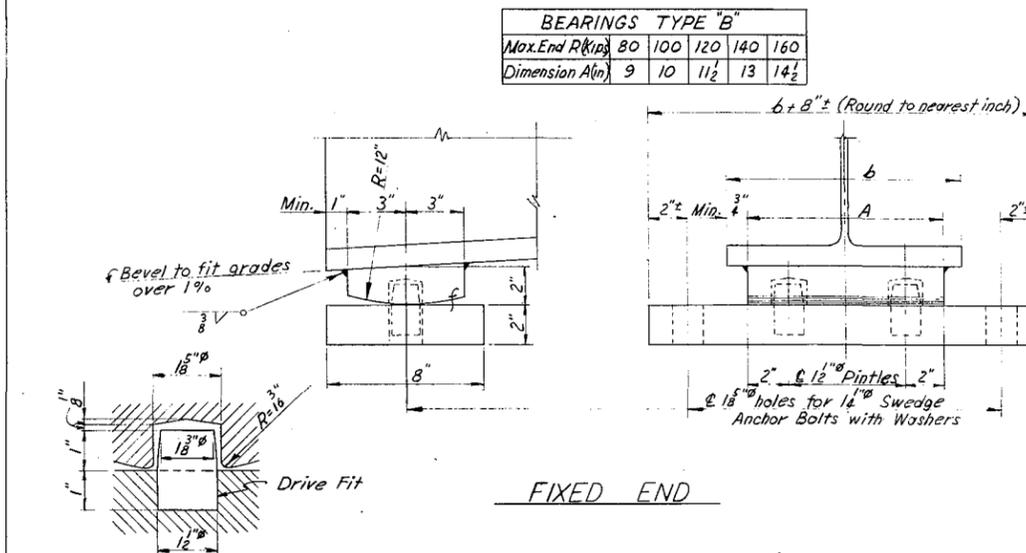
NOTE: Exp. Brgs. are similar to Fix. Brgs. except Keeper Pls.



BEARING BAR DETAIL

BEARINGS FOR SPANS MAX. 60 FT. TYPE A

ALTERNATE END DETAILS I

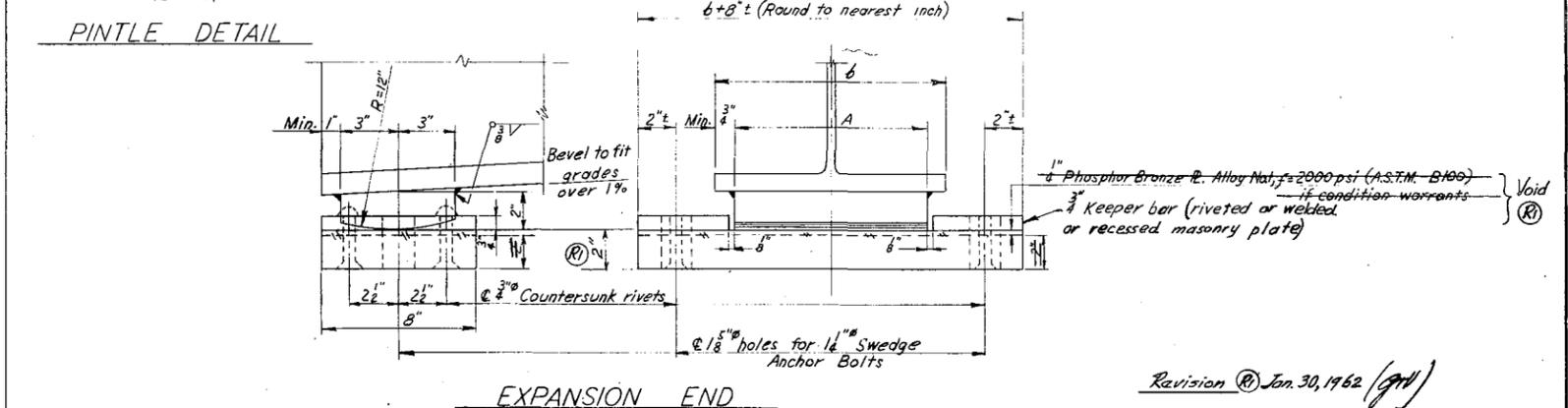


BEARINGS TYPE "B"					
Max. End R (kips)	80	100	120	140	160
Dimension A (in)	9	10	11 1/2	13	14 1/2

PINTLE DETAIL

FIXED END

EXPANSION END



BEARINGS FOR SPANS OVER 60 FT. TO MAX. 75 FT. TYPE B

ALTERNATE END DETAILS II

ALTERNATE END DETAILS II

NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. Form 409 and 1956 Std. Specs. for welded Hwy. and Railway Bridges of the A.M.S.
- All steel shall conform to A.S.T.M. A-7 designation except as noted.
- Set anchor bolts 1'-0" min. into masonry.
- Nuts of swedge anchor bolts shall be hexagon and steel washers of min. thickness 5/8".
- Bearings Type B to be fitted in shop to ensure free movement with pintles in place.
- Reasonable modifications of the details shown are permissible, provided they meet with the approval of the Chief Bridge Engineer.
- Alternate details I or II may be used when condition warrants, in conjunction with Std. Dwg. S-2710 or S-2727.
- Concrete of bearing seats shall be poured min. 4" too high & ground or bush-hammered to elevation required.
- For details of steel plate expansion dam and joint arrangements over piers see Std. Dwg. S-2722.

Revision (R) Jan. 30, 1962 (gdl)

Approved: MAR - 1 1961

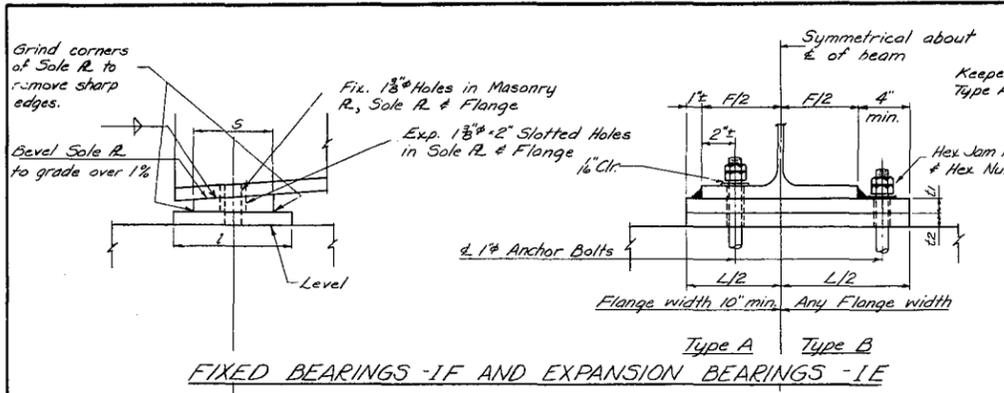
K.H. [Signature] Bridge Engineer

Revised Sept., 1961. (gdl)

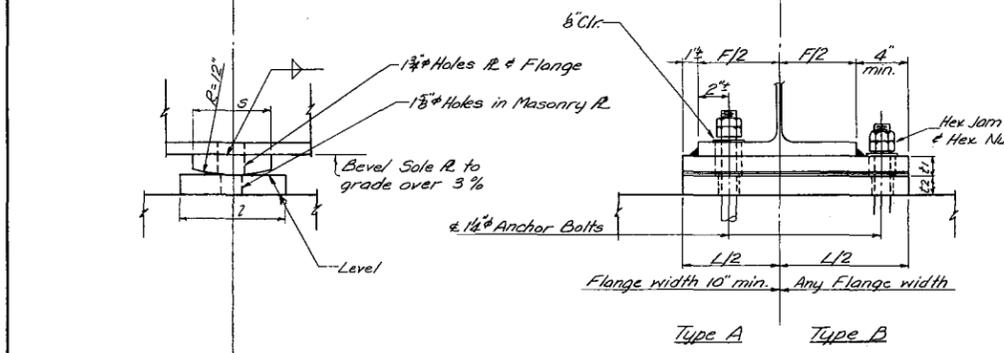
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Department of Highways BRIDGE UNIT

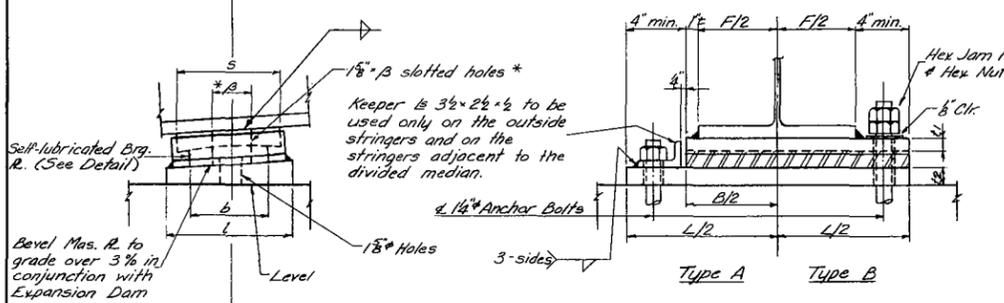
STANDARD STEEL BEARINGS & END DETAILS FOR SIMPLE SPAN I-BEAM BRIDGES



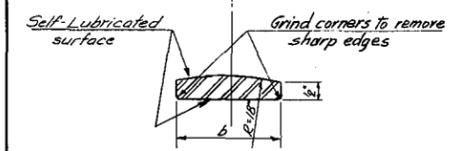
FIXED BEARINGS - I F AND EXPANSION BEARINGS - I E



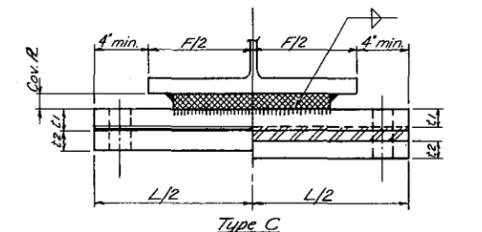
FIXED BEARINGS - II F



EXPANSION BEARINGS III E

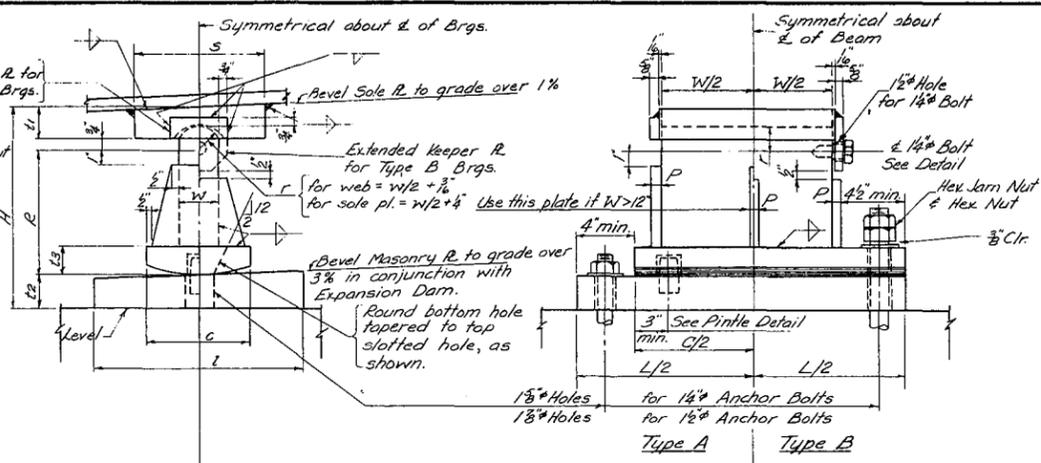


BRONZE BEARING PLATE DETAIL

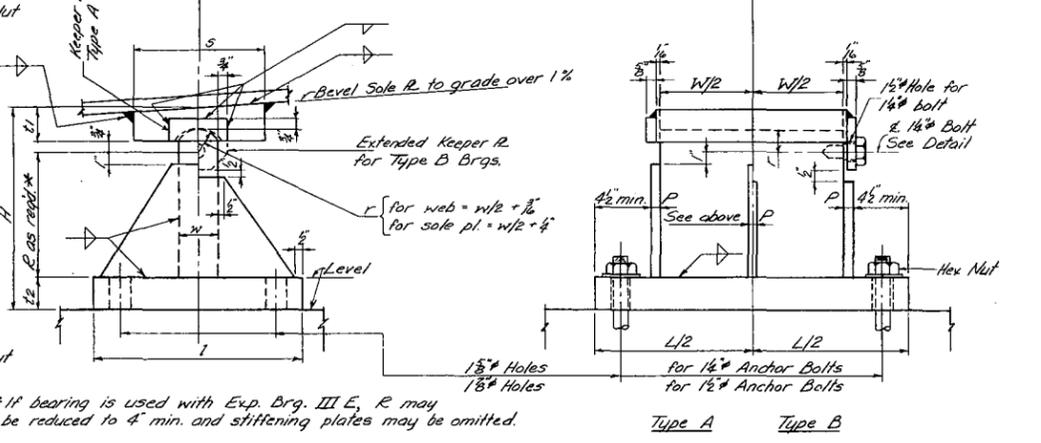


BEARINGS II F BEARINGS III E STRINGERS WITH COVER PLATES (OVER INTERMEDIATE SUPPORTS)

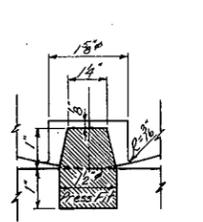
* Long size of slotted hole: $\beta = (\text{Bolt Dia.} + \frac{1}{8})$ plus $\frac{1}{8}$ for each 10 feet of expansion length.



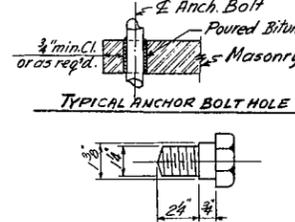
EXPANSION BEARINGS - II E



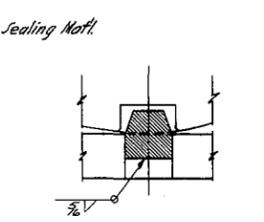
FIXED BEARINGS - III F



PINTLE DETAIL



BOLT DETAIL



ALTERNATE PINTLE DETAIL

DESIGN INFORMATION

Allowable Design Stresses:

Tension and compression due to bending	20,000 p.s.i.
Bearing on flat parts in contact	29,500 p.s.i.
Bearing on rounded web plate	13,000 p.s.i.
Bearing on rocker plate, Pounds per lin. inch	1,380 R
Friction coefficient steel on steel	0.30
The longitudinal force due to friction of Expansion Bearing	
I F: $G = 0.3 \frac{1}{2}$ (Dead Load reaction)	
Bearing on self-lubricated bronze plate	1,000 p.s.i.
Bearing on concrete masonry:	
Bridge Bearings I & III	700 p.s.i.
Bridge Bearings II & IV	1,000 p.s.i.
Friction coefficient of self-lubricated Brg. R. on steel	0.12
Minimum size of fillet welds:	
1/2" if thickness of thicker plate does not exceed 1 1/2"	
3/8" if thickness of thicker plate does not exceed 2 1/4"	
1/2" if thickness of thicker plate exceeds 2 1/4"	

INSTRUCTIONS AND NOTES

- (Pertinent information in accordance with present policy of Department, shall be included in General Notes or shown on corresponding sheet of drawing.)
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. Forms 408/60 and 409/49.
 - Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961 "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges" of the AASHTO and latest "Standard Specifications for Welded Highway and Railway Bridges" of A.M.S.
 - All Steel shall conform to A.S.T.M. A36-62, unless otherwise directed.
 - The Bronze Alloy self-lubricated Bearing Plates shall meet the ASTM Specifications B22-52 Alloy D except that a maximum of up to 2 1/2% lead will be allowed. The lubricated area shall comprise approximately 25% of the bearing surface.
 - All Bearing materials, Anchor Bolts, Nuts and Washers shall be included in the weight of Fabricated Structural Steel.
 - Type B Bearings III E, IV E & IV F to be used only on the outside Stringers and on the Stringers adjacent to the Divided Median, where uplift exists.
 - For Bearing Tables, Suggested Bearing, Joint Arrangements and Pedestal Details, see Sheet #2.
 - Fixed Bearings shall be placed at the low end of Span whenever it is possible.
 - Rockers shall be shop assembled and match marked to insure free movement of rockers with pintles in place.
 - Finish of contact surfaces shall conform to ASA 125-B46.1.
 - Thicknesses shown are of all Bearings.
 - Of all Bearings shall be truly vertical at temperature 68° F. under full dead load.
 - Holes in Masonry Plates shall be filled with bituminous sealing material after anchor bolts are set and deck slab has been poured.
 - Anchor Bolts shall be swedge or approved type and to be set a minimum 12" into masonry. All round and cut washers shall be 3/8" thick.
 - Anchor Bolts may be set by template or other suitable means before concrete is placed, or may be set into preformed holes and grouted with non-shrink mortar.
 - Pedestals shall be used under Bearings I, II & III where practical.
 - Pedestals shall be poured integrally with abutment stem or pier cap and shall be reinforced with U-Type grillage bars.
 - Bearing areas for shoes shall be finished at least 1/8" high, and after curing ground to a true plane and elevation over an area extending min. 1' beyond the contact surface.
 - Reasonable modifications of details shown may be required to meet special conditions.

Approved: AUG - 2 1963

Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT
 STANDARD
 STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
 BEARINGS

FIXED BEARINGS - I F AND EXPANSION BEARINGS - I E

Reaction Kips	Mark	TYPE A AND B					
		s	l	L	t ₁	t ₂	Wt. (lbs.)
50	R50	6	8	12	1 1/2	1 1/2	83
60	R60	6	8	14	1 1/2	1 1/2	95
70	R70	6	8	16	1 1/2	1 1/2	107
80	R80	6	8	18	1 1/2	1 1/2	119
90	R90	6	8	20	1 1/2	1 1/2	151
100	R100	6	8	22	2	2	187

FIXED BEARINGS - I F

Reaction Kips	Mark	TYPE A						TYPES B AND C						
		s	l	L	t ₁	t ₂	Wt. (lbs.)	s	l	L	t ₁	t ₂	Wt. (lbs.)	
50	R50	5	6	10	1 1/2	1 1/2	57	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
60	R60	5	6	12	1 1/2	1 1/2	66	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
70	R70	6	7	12	1 1/2	1 1/2	75	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
80	R80	6	7	13	1 1/2	1 1/2	81	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90	R90	6	8	13	1 1/2	1 1/2	86	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100	R100	6	8	14	1 1/2	1 1/2	92	6	8	18	1 1/2	1 1/2	115	—
120	R120	6	8	16	1 1/2	1 1/2	103	6	8	18	1 1/2	1 1/2	115	—
140	R140	6	8	18	1 1/2	1 1/2	115	6	8	19	1 1/2	1 1/2	121	—
160	R160	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	9	20	1 1/2	1 1/2	142	—
180	R180	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	10	20	1 1/2	1 1/2	172	—
200	R200	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	11	20	2	2	227	—
220	R220	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	20	2	2	259	—
240	R240	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	21	2	2	271	—
260	R260	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	23	2 1/2	2 1/2	312	—
280	R280	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	25	2 1/2	2 1/2	339	—
300	R300	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	27	2 1/2	2 1/2	365	—
320	R320	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	13	27	2 1/2	2 1/2	410	—
340	R340	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	13	27	2 1/2	2 1/2	410	—
360	R360	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	13	28	2 1/2	2 1/2	425	—
380	R380	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	13	30	2 1/2	2 1/2	465	—
400	R400	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	14	30	2 1/2	2 1/2	530	—

EXPANSION BEARINGS - III E

Reaction Kips	Mark	TYPE A						TYPES B AND C								
		b	B	l	L	s	t ₁	t ₂	Wt. (lbs.)	b	l	L	s	t ₁	t ₂	Wt. (lbs.)
50	R50	5	11	7	19	6 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
60	R60	5	12	7	20	6 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	118	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
70	R70	6	12	8	20	7 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	135	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
80	R80	6	14	8	22	7 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	150	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90	R90	6 1/2	14	9	22	8 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	168	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100	R100	7 1/2	14	10	22	9 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	195	7 1/2	10 1/2	20	9 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	230
120	R120	7 1/2	16	10 1/2	24	9 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	222	7 1/2	11 1/2	21	9 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	250
140	R140	7 1/2	19	11	27	9 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	260	7 1/2	12 1/2	22	9 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	270
160	R160	8	20	11 1/2	28	10	1 1/2	1 1/2	310	8	13 1/2	23	10	1 1/2	1 1/2	300
180	R180	8 1/2	21	12	29	10 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	335	8 1/2	14	24	10 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	325
200	R200	9	22	13	30	11	1 1/2	1 1/2	375	9	14 1/2	25	11	1 1/2	1 1/2	385
220	R220	9 1/2	23	14	31	11 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	430	9 1/2	15 1/2	26	11 1/2	2	2	490
240	R240	10	24	14 1/2	32	12	2	2	532	10	16	27	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	585

EXPANSION BEARINGS - IV E

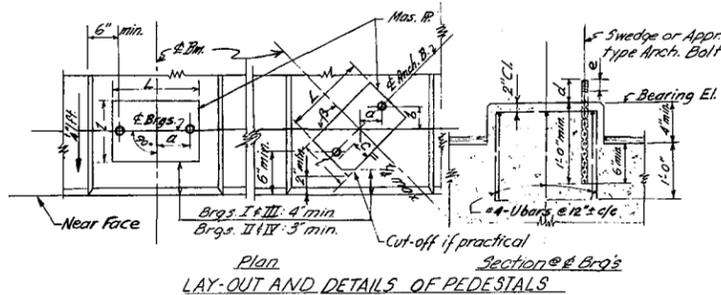
Reaction Kips	Mark	s	W	w	c	C	L	l	Eccentricity	R	t ₁	t ₂	t ₃	H	P	Wt. (lbs.)
TYPE A																
75	R75	6	9	3	6	11	20	8	—	8	2	2	2	12 1/2	—	237
100	R100	6	10	3	6	12 1/2	22	9	—	8	2	2	2	12 1/2	—	275
150	R150	7	10	3	7	15 1/2	25	10	—	9	2	2	2	13 1/2	—	334
200	R200	7	11	3	7	18	28	11	—	10	2 1/2	2	2	15	—	410
250	R250	8	12	3	8	20	32	12	—	11	2 1/2	2 1/2	2	16 1/2	—	535
300	R300	8	13	3	8	22 1/2	33	14	—	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	17 1/2	—	660
350	R350	9	14	3	9	23	35	15	—	13	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	19	—	830
400	R400	9	16	3	9	24 1/2	38	16	—	14	2 1/2	3	2 1/2	20 1/2	—	990
TYPE B																
75	R75	6	9	3	6	—	20	8	—	8	2	2	2	12 1/2	—	275
100	R100	6	10	3	6	—	22	9	—	8	2	2	2	12 1/2	—	310
150	R150	7	10	3	7	—	25	10	—	9	2	2	2	13 1/2	—	380
200	R200	7	11	3	7	—	28	11	—	10	2 1/2	2	2	15	—	455
250	R250	8	12	3	8	—	32	12	—	11	2 1/2	2 1/2	2	16 1/2	—	595
300	R300	8	13	3	8	—	33	14	—	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	17 1/2	—	720
350	R350	9	14	3	9	—	35	15	—	13	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	19	—	905
400	R400	9	16	3	9	—	38	16	—	14	2 1/2	3	2 1/2	20 1/2	—	1075

* For eccentricities larger than 1/4", the bearings shall be modified.

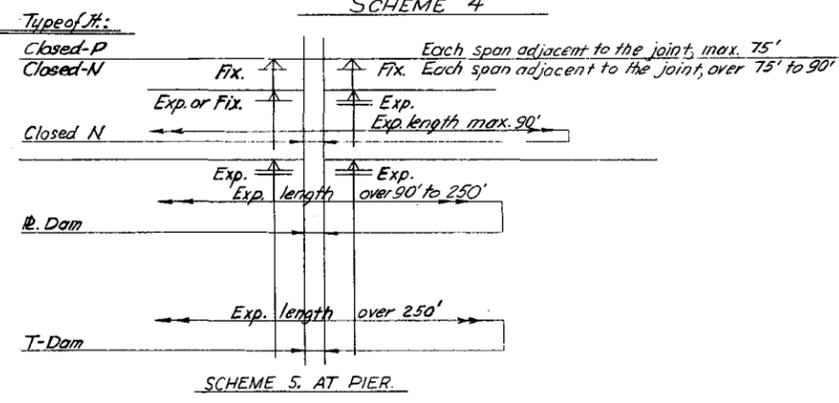
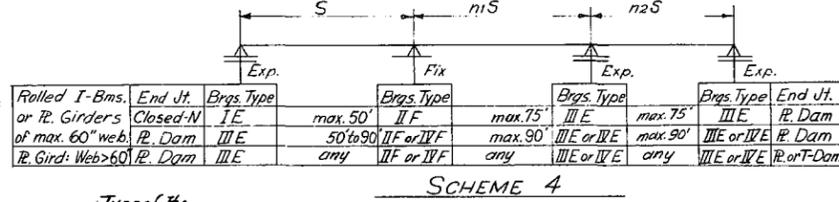
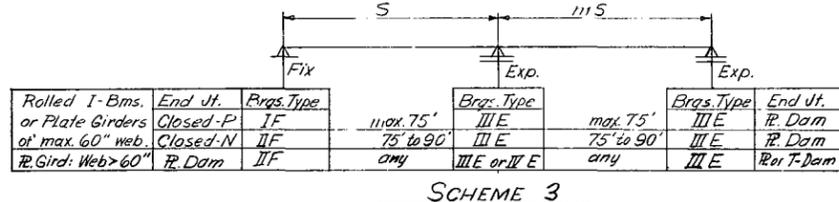
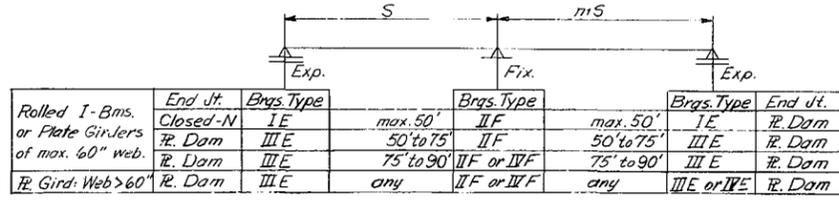
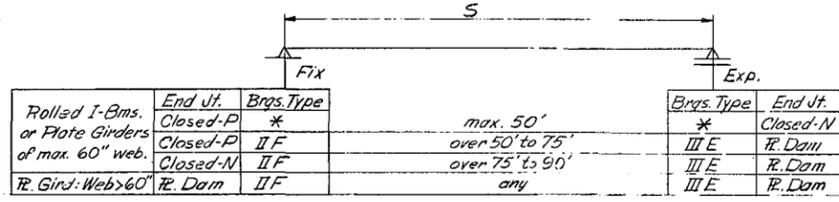
FIXED BEARINGS - IV F

Reaction Kips	Mark	s	W	w	L	l	t ₁	t ₂	R	H	P	Wt. (lbs.)	
												Type A	Type B
75	R75	6	8	3	18	8	2	2	6	10 1/2	—	204	206
100	R100	6	8	3	18	9	2	2	6	10 1/2	—	216	218
150	R150	7	9	3	19	10	2	2	7	11 1/2	—	254	256
200	R200	7	9	3	20	11	2 1/2	2	7	12	—	280	282
250	R250	8	10	3	22	12	2 1/2	2	8	13	—	330	332
300	R300	8	11	3	24	13	2 1/2	2 1/2	8	13 1/2	—	395	397
350	R350	9	12	3	26	14	2 1/2	2 1/2	9	14 1/2	—	495	497
400	R400	9	13	3	28	15	2 1/2	2 1/2	9	15	—	585	587

All dimensions are in inches.



Skew angles and dimensions: 1/2, 1/2, a, b, c, d, e, and Brg. El. shall be shown on the drawing.

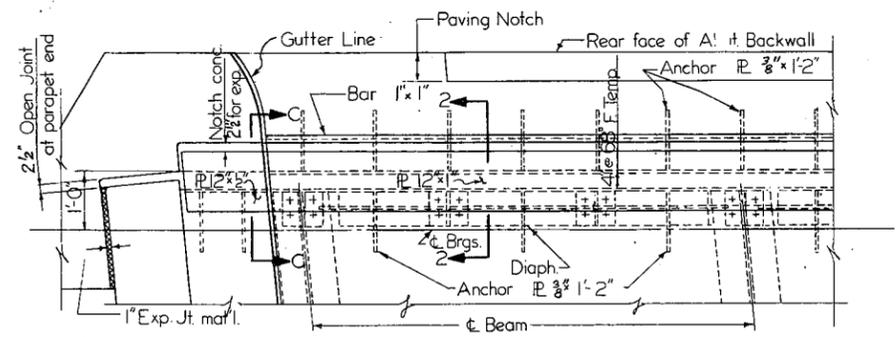


LEGEND:
 S - Span c to c. Brgs.
 Closed-P = 1" Prem Exp. Jt Mat'l.
 Closed-N = 1" Closed-cell Neoprene Sponge
 R. Dam = Sliding R. Exp. Dam, Std. Dwg. S-2722
 T-Dam = Toothed Exp. Dam
 n₁, n₂ = 0.8 to 1.3
 * Concrete End Diaphragm shown on Std. Dwg. S-2736

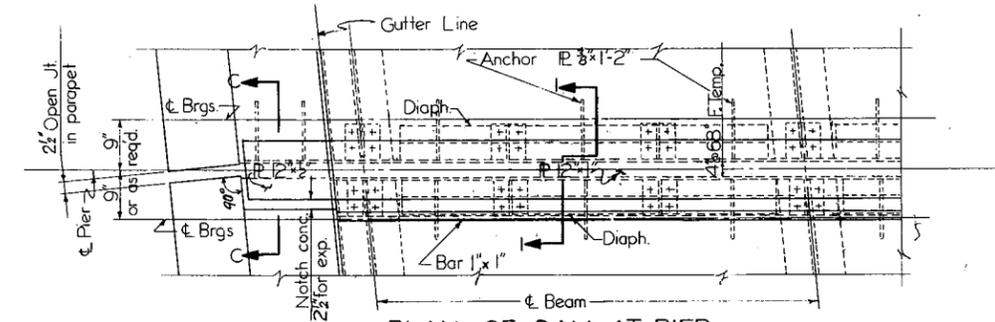
- INSTRUCTIONS:**
- Weights shown, are approximate, include anchor bolts, nuts, and round or cut washers.
 - For greater reactions, the bearings shown shall be modified or special designs shall be provided.
 - Web stiffeners shall be provided for beams at bearings when the unit shear exceeds 75% of allowable shear or when the web crippling stress exceeds 25,000 psi.
 - Plate Exp. Dam shall be used for total expansion length of max. 250 ft. unless otherwise directed.
 - Toothed Exp. Dam shall be used for total expansion length over 250 ft. unless otherwise directed.
 - For End Details see Std. Dwg. S-2736.
 - In multi-simple span bridges, there shall be at least one expansion dam, preferably at a pier.

Approved: AUG - 2 1953
 R. H. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

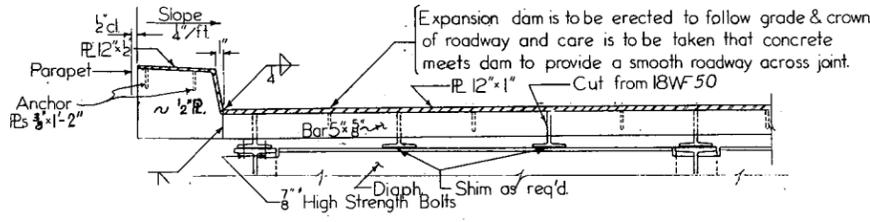
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT
STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
BEARINGS AND SLAB JOINT ARRANGEMENTS



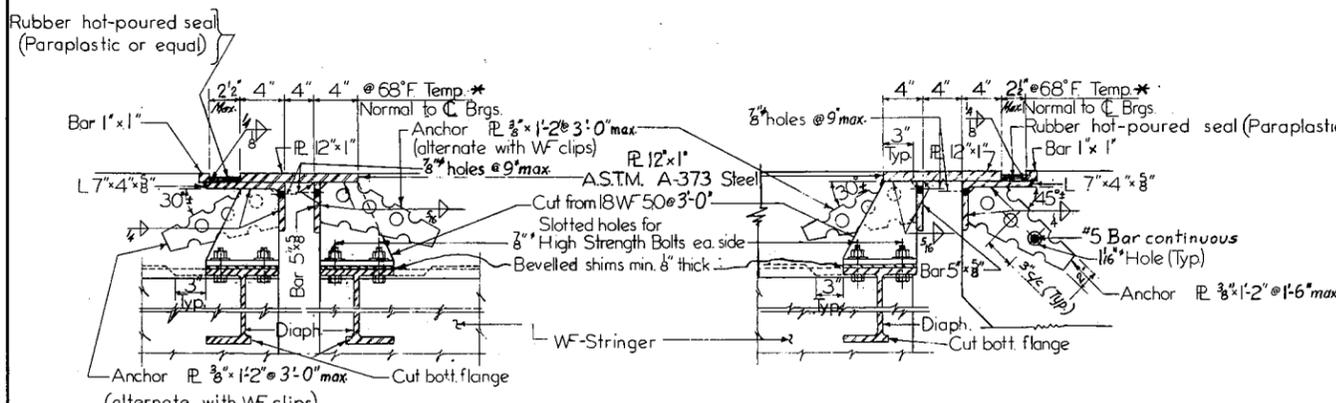
PLAN OF DAM AT ABUT.



PLAN OF DAM AT PIER



TYPICAL DAM ELEVATION

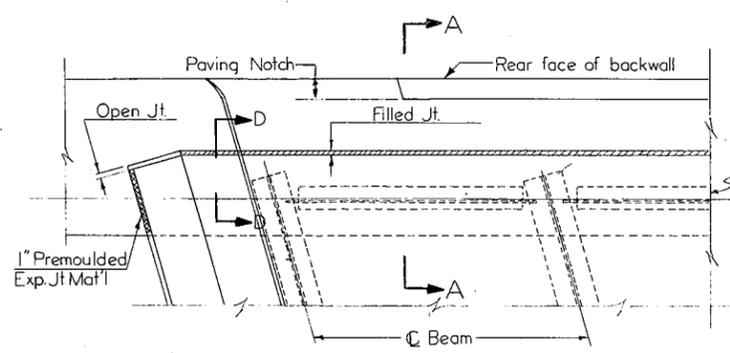


EXP. DAM AT PIER SECTION 1-1

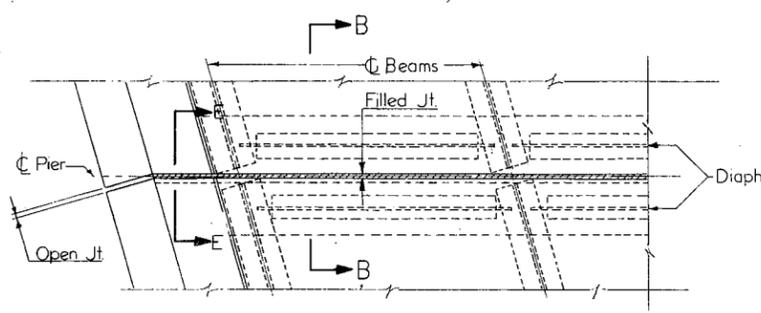
EXP. DAM AT ABUT. SECTION 2-2

* Adjust dam materials as expansion required.
This type of Exp. Dam shall be used for total expansion lengths of 120 ft. to max. 200 ft.

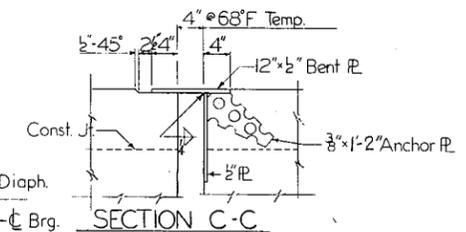
This type of Exp. Dam shall be used for expansion lengths over 70 ft.



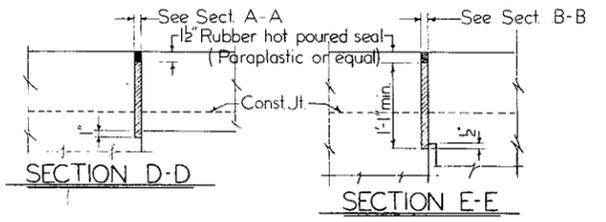
PLAN OF JOINT AT ABUT.



PLAN OF JOINT AT PIER



SECTION C-C

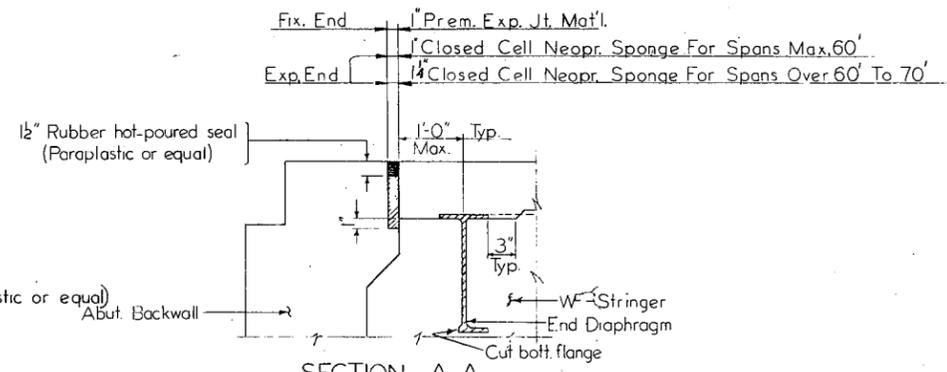


SECTION D-D

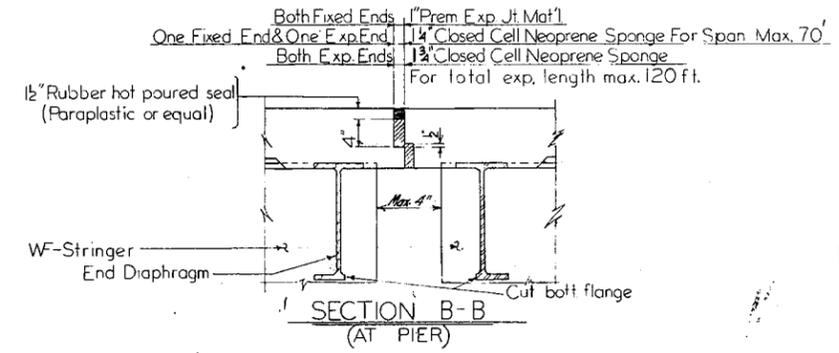
SECTION E-E

NOTES:

All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PD.H. Form 409 & 1956 Std. Specs. for Welded Highway & Railway Bridges of the AWS. All steel shall conform to A.S.T.M. -A7 designation, except as noted. Reasonable modifications of the details shown are permissible, provided they meet with the approval of the Chief Bridge Engineer. Provision shall be made to fasten both elements of the dam together at max. 5'-0" for erection purposes. These fasteners must be removed not later than two hours after concrete has set. Steel in contact with concrete shall not be painted.



SECTION A-A (AT ABUT.)



SECTION B-B (AT PIER)

Approved: **MAR - 1 1961**
J. H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Department of Highways
BRIDGE UNIT

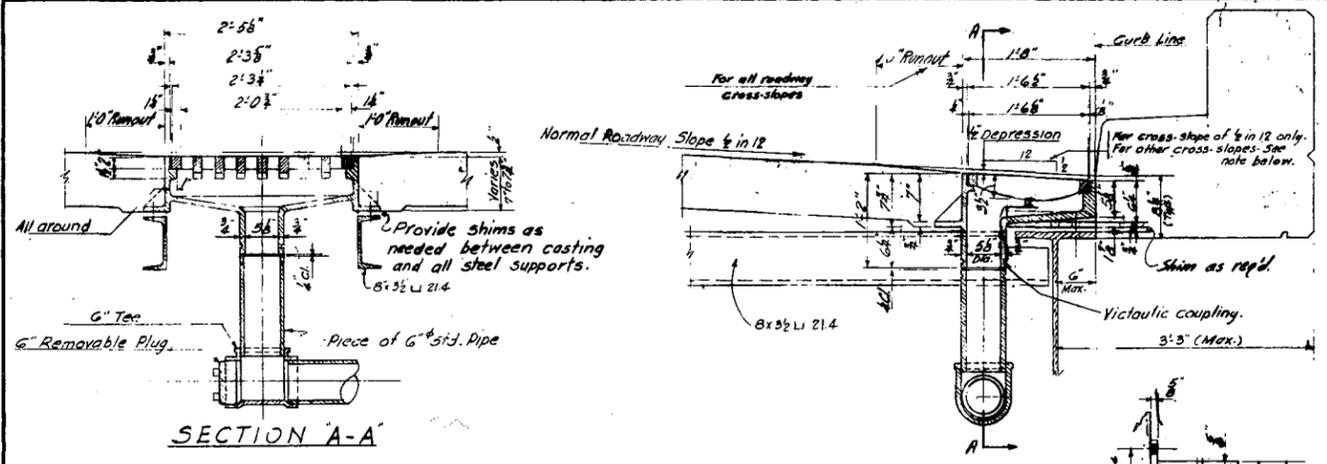
STANDARD
PL. EXP. DAMS & JOINTS FOR
SIMPLE - SPAN

I-BEAM BRIDGES

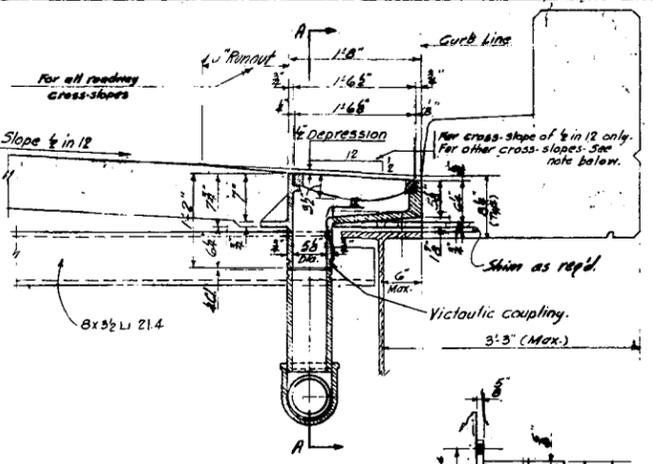
S-2722

SHEET 1 OF 1

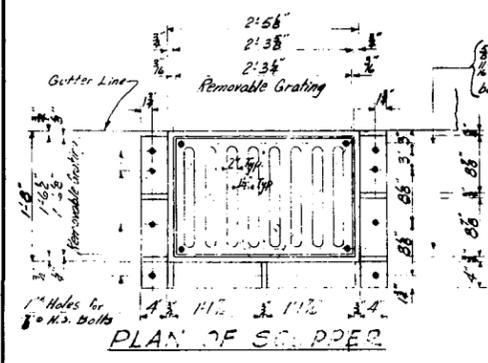
MADE: I.C.P.
CHECKED: B.F.K.



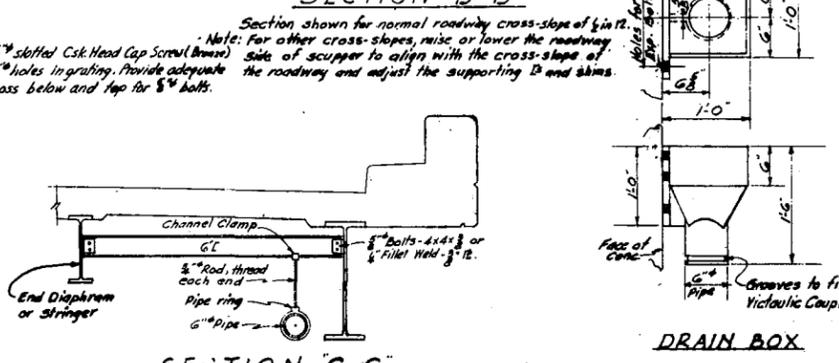
SECTION A-A



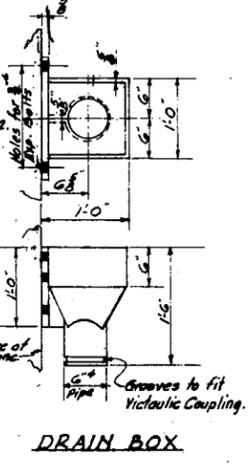
SECTION B-B



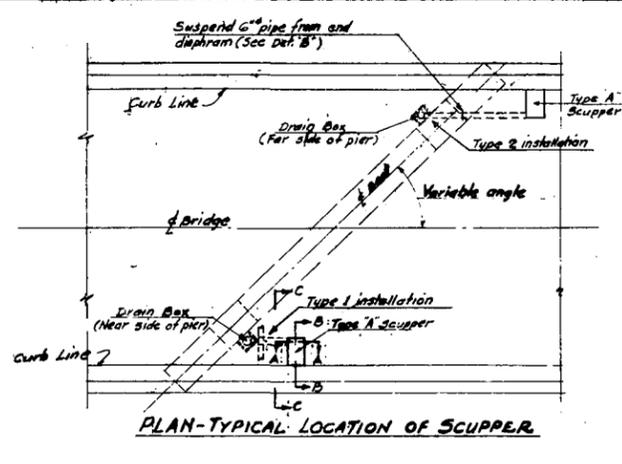
PLAN OF SCUPPER



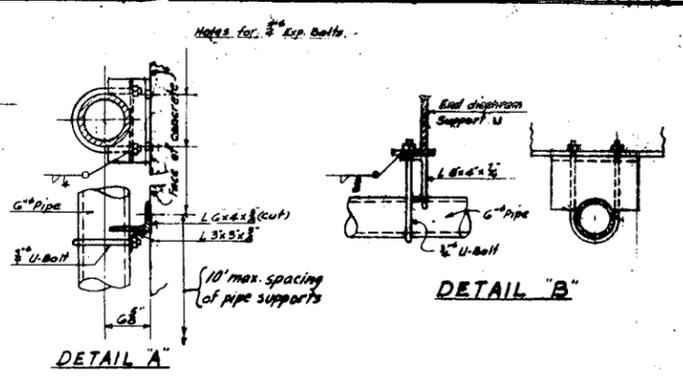
SECTION C-C



DRAIN BOX



PLAN-TYPICAL LOCATION OF SCUPPER

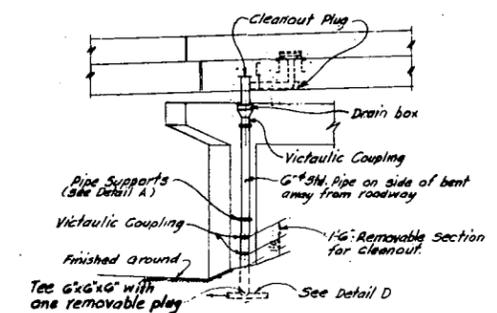


DETAIL A

DETAIL B

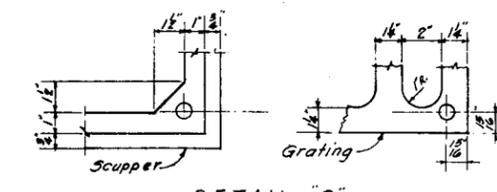
NOTES:

All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PD 11 Form 409 & 1936 Std. Specs. for Welded Highway & Railway Bridges of the A.W.S.
 All pipes shall be standard 6" wrought iron. All pipe fittings shall be either welded wrought iron or screwed malleable iron. All couplings shall be Victaulic or equal.
 Scupper, drain box and grating material shall be malleable iron or cast steel, or nodular cast iron ASTM-A339-95 Grade 60-45-10 unless welded construction is used.
 Welded construction may be used for scupper, drain box and grating at no additional cost to the Pennsylvania Department of Highways, in which case wrought iron shall be used.
 Payment for pipe, fittings, scuppers, drain boxes, grating and pipe supports shall be included in the fabricated structural steel item.
 Pay weight for scupper Type A = 460#
 Pay weight for grating = 185#
 Pay weight for drain box = 135#
 Reasonable modifications of the details shown are permissible, provided they meet with the approval of the Chief Bridge Engineer.
 * or approved equal.

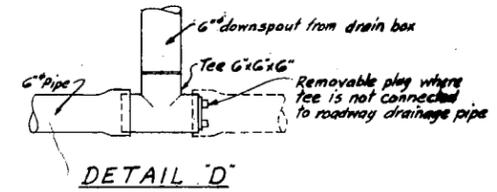


ELEVATION

Showing Type 1 Installation
 Type 2 Installation Similar

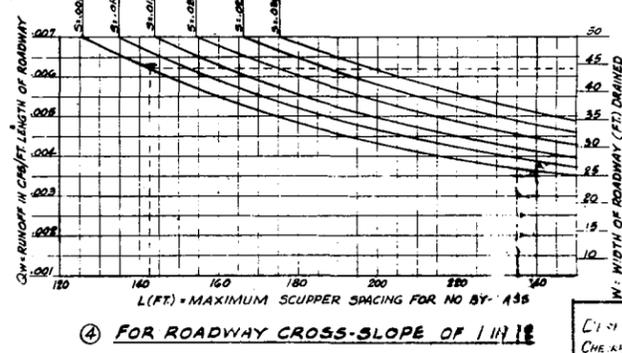
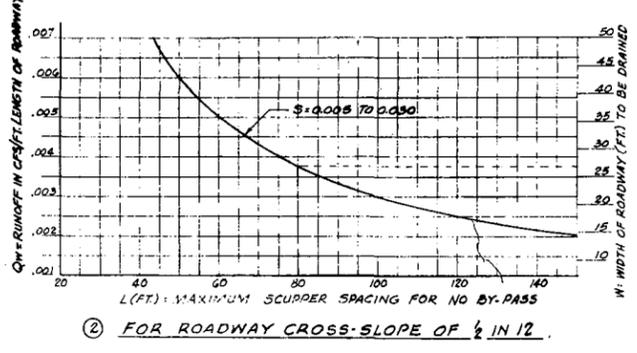
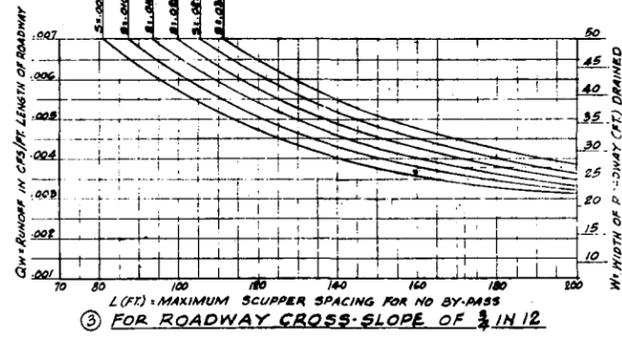
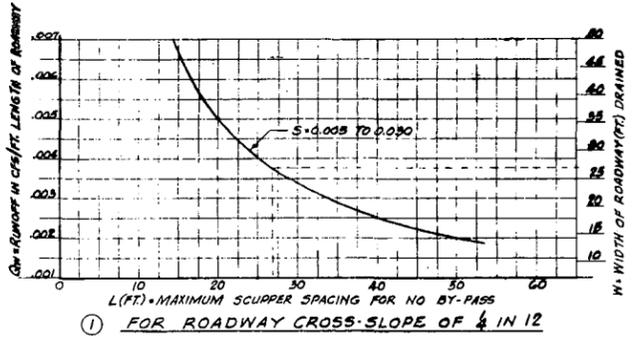


DETAIL C



DETAIL D

Approved: MAR - 1 1951
 R. H. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer



SCUPPER DESIGN CRITERIA

Five-minute storm; 25 year cycle; 6.57 in/hr rainfall intensity.
 Scupper SIZE: See details of Type A Scupper (above)
 Roadway grades S = 0.005 to 0.030
 Gutter cross-slope: 1/4, 1/2, 3/4 and 1" per ft.
 Inlet grating depressed 1/2"

DETERMINATION OF SCUPPER SPACING FROM CHARTS

LEGEND: Qw = Run-off in cfs/ft of length of roadway width (W)
 W = Width of roadway drained by scupper - includes section of roadway slab plus sidewalk or safety curb.
 L (ft) = Maximum spacing for scupper to intercept all water between scuppers with no by-pass.

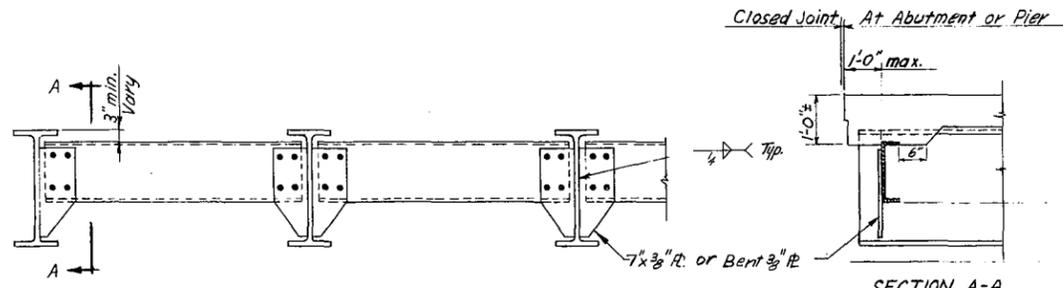
Example on how to use charts:
 Follow dashed lines to find spacing 'L' of scuppers from problems below

Given

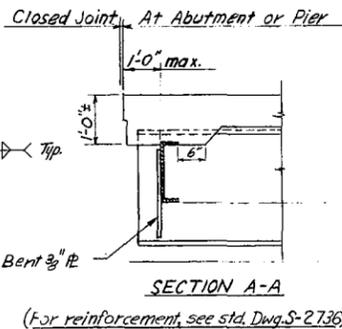
Gutter cross-slope	Roadway Grade	Roadway width (W)	Refer to Chart No.	Find (L)
1/4 in 12	.005 to .035	27'	1	27'
1/2 in 12	.005 to .030	27'	2	80'
3/4 in 12	.015	27'	3	172'
1 in 12	.005	44'	4	142'

Checked: S.S.S.
 Checked: J.A.E.: B.F.K.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT
 STANDARD BRIDGES
 STANDARD BRIDGE DRAINAGE
 AND
 TYPE "A" SCUPPER
 S-2723
 SHEET 1 OF 2



END DIAPHRAGM AT CLOSED JOINT



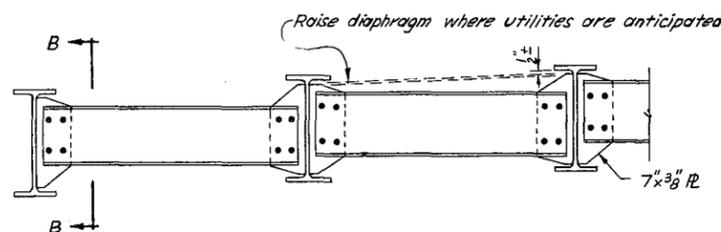
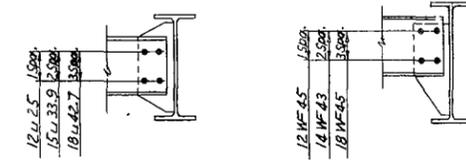
SECTION A-A
(For reinforcement, see std. Dwg. S-2736)

Stringer	Diaphragms Intermediate and at End Closed Joint	At Exp. * Dam and Constr. Joint
21WF	12 U 25	12 WF 45
26WF	12 U 25	12 WF 45
27WF	15 U 33.9	14 WF 43
30WF	15 U 33.9	14 WF 43
33WF	18 U 42.7	18 WF 45
36WF	18 U 42.7	18 WF 45

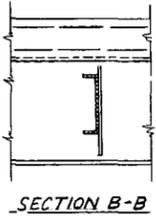
* For other details of End Diaphragm at Exp. Dam see Std. Dwg. S-2722.

If "x" is less than 1'-0", bearings shall be placed on pedestals (See Std. Dwg. S-2721)

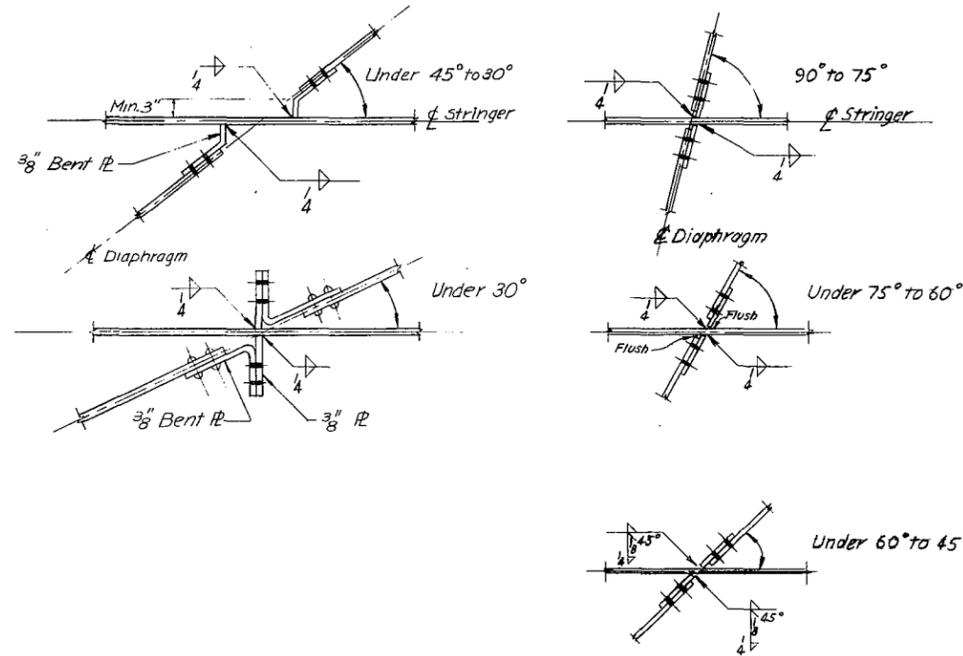
DIAPHRAGM SIZE AND RIVET GROUPING



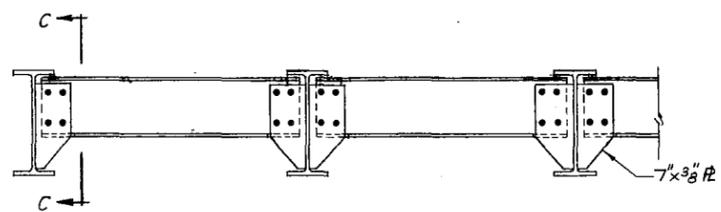
INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM



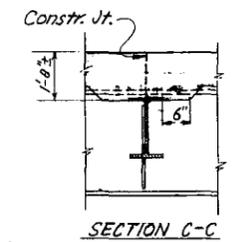
SECTION B-B



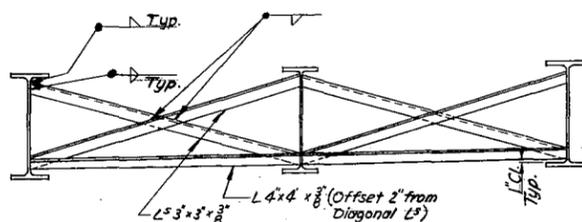
DIAPHRAGM TO BEAM CONNECTION DETAILS



DIAPHRAGM AT SLAB CONSTRUCTION JOINTS



SECTION C-C
(For reinforcement, see std. Dwg. S-2736)



ALTERNATE INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM
All welds Fillet

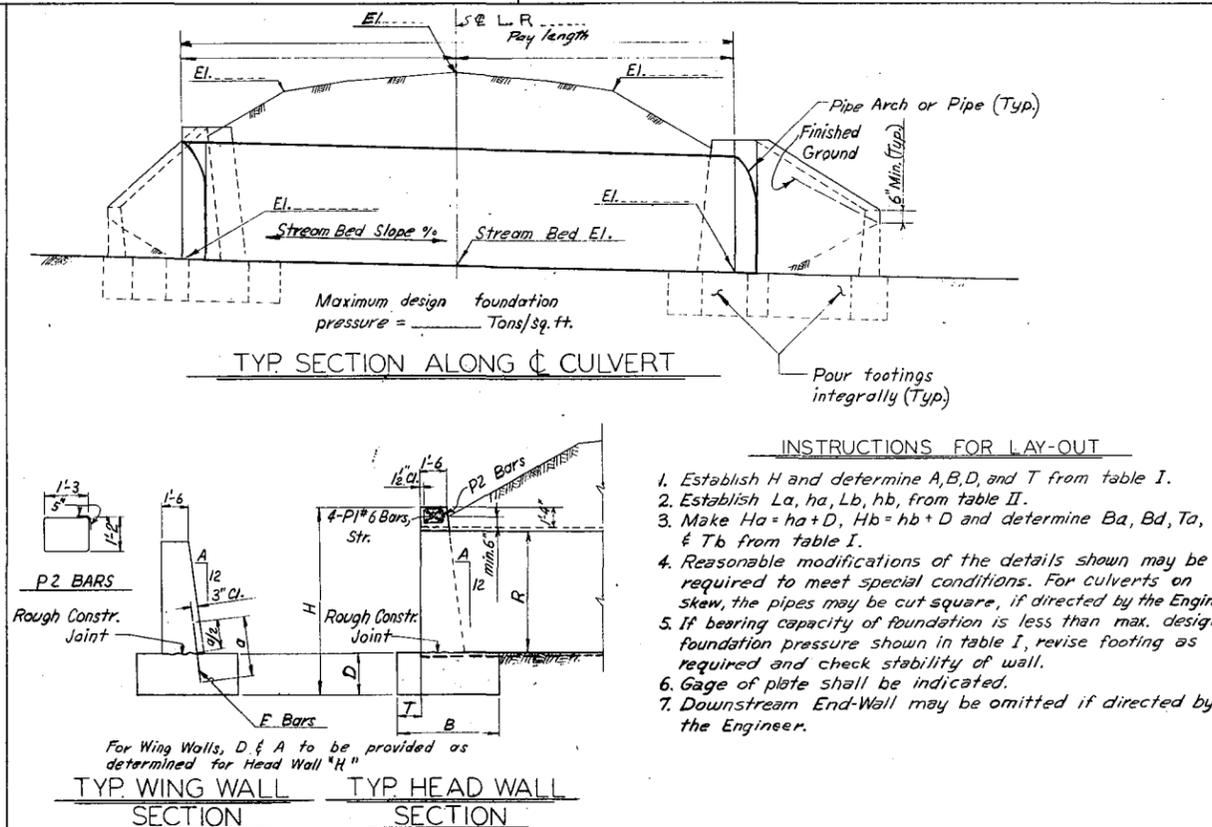
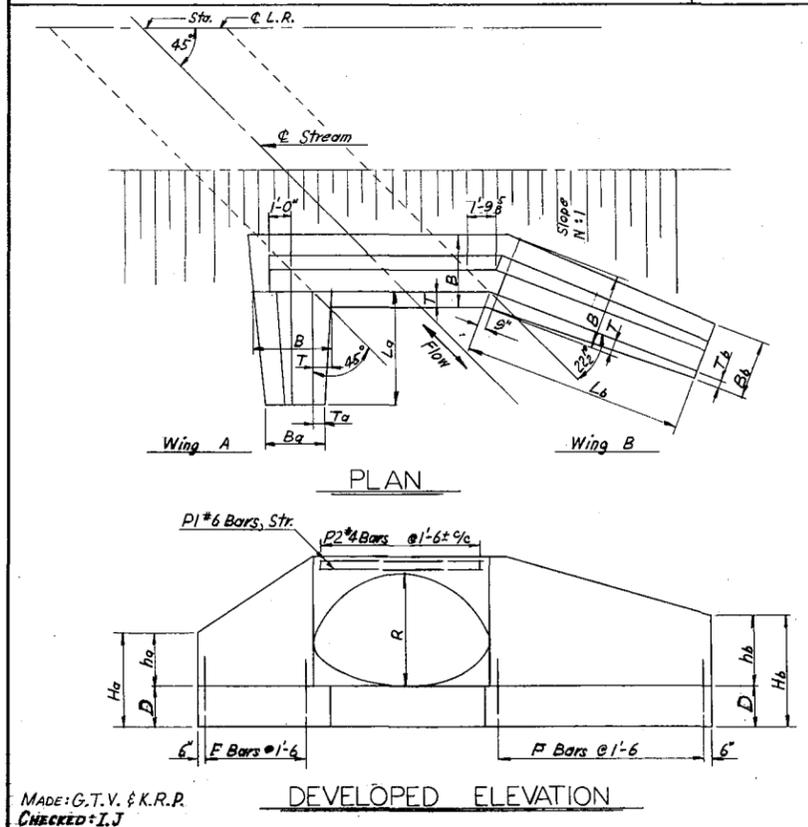
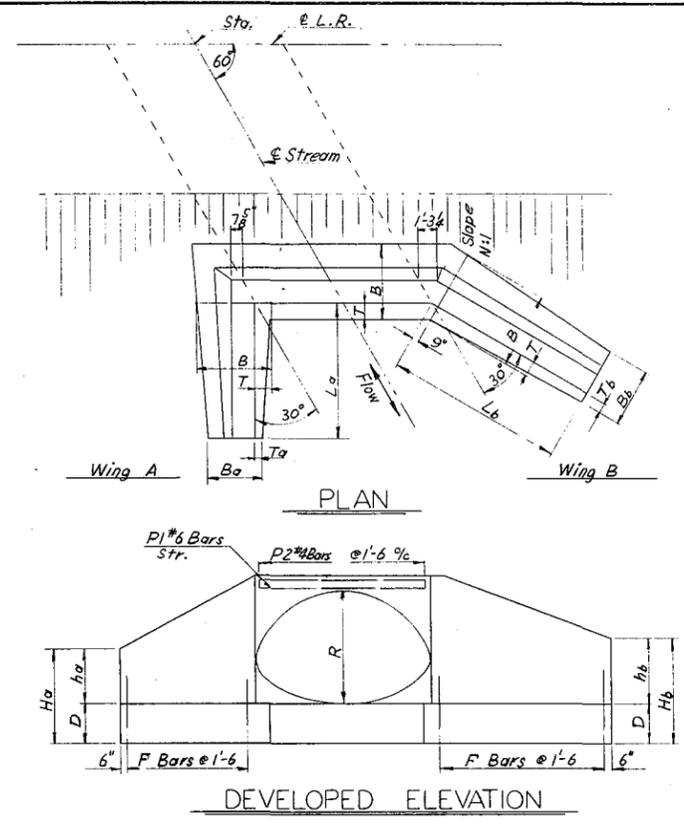
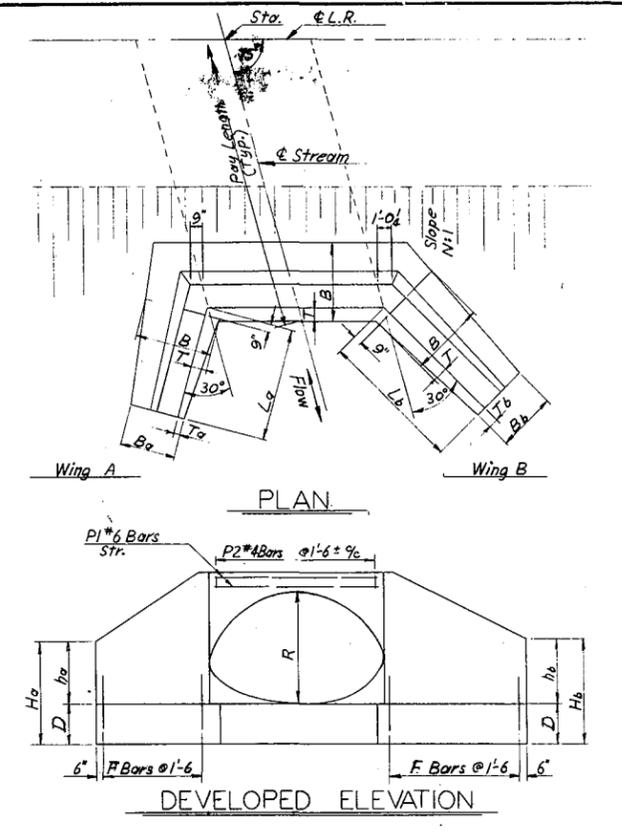
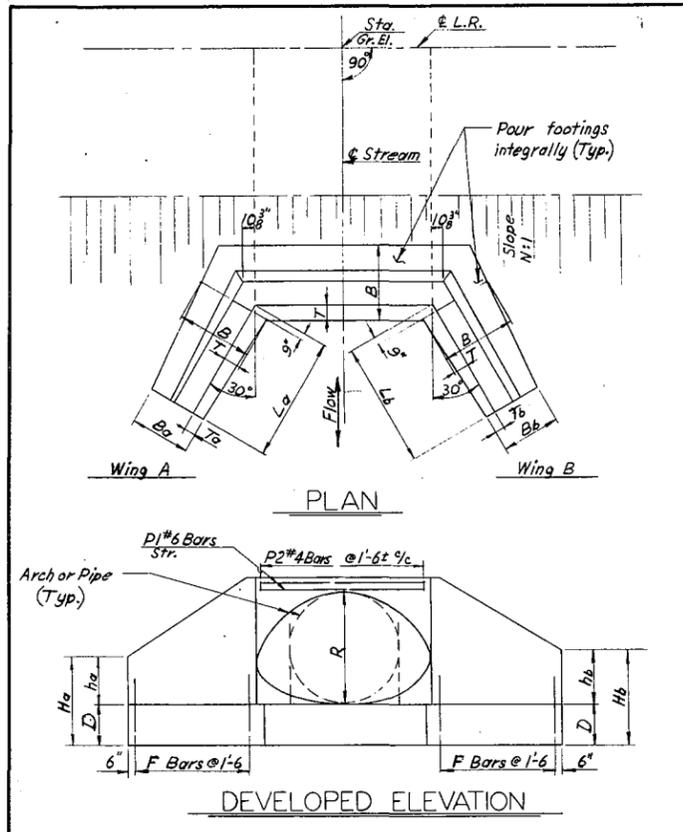
NOTES:

- Diaphragm spacing shall not exceed 25 ft.
- All rivets 3/4" x 3/4" High Strength Bolts may be substituted in field connections, in which case, compensation will be made for rivet heads.
- For skew angles greater than 75° intermediate diaphragm may be placed parallel to stringers.
- For skew angles less than 75° intermediate diaphragm shall be placed normal to stringers and staggered where practical.
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. Form 409/49.
- Steel shall conform to A.S.T.M. A36.-62T.
- Reasonable modifications of the details shown may be permitted to meet special conditions.

Approved: AUG - 2 1963
K.H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE UNIT
STANDARD
STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
DIAPHRAGMS

BY: BFK
CK: SRS



H	Ha	A	D	T	Ba	Bb	Size	Spec. %	Lgth 'a'	Max. Design Found. Pressure
4'	0	2'-0	6"	3'-6	#4	1'-6	3'-0	.55	T/a'	
5'	0	2'-0	6"	3'-9	#4	1'-6	3'-0	.65		
6'	0	2'-0	6"	4'-0	#4	1'-6	3'-6	.75		
7'	0	2'-0	9"	4'-3	#4	1'-6	3'-6	.85		
8'	0	2'-0	9"	4'-6	#4	1'-6	3'-6	.95		
9'	0	2'-0	1'-0	5'-0	#4	1'-6	3'-6	1.05		
10'	1	2'-6	1'-0	5'-6	#5	1'-6	4'-0	1.15		
11'	1	2'-6	1'-3	6'-3	#5	1'-6	4'-0	1.25		
12'	1	2'-6	1'-3	7'-0	#5	1'-6	4'-6	1.35		
13'	2	2'-6	1'-3	7'-6	#5	1'-6	4'-6	1.45		
14'	2	2'-6	1'-6	8'-0	#5	1'-6	4'-6	1.65		
15'	2	3'-0	1'-6	8'-6	#6	1'-6	5'-0	1.75		
16'	3	3'-0	1'-9	9'-0	#6	1'-6	5'-0	1.80		
17'	3	3'-0	1'-9	9'-6	#6	1'-6	5'-0	1.90		
18'	3	3'-0	2'-0	10'-0	#6	1'-6	5'-0	2.00		
19'	3	3'-0	2'-0	10'-9	#6	1'-6	5'-0	2.15		
20'	3	3'-0	2'-0	11'-6	#6	1'-6	5'-0	2.30	T/a'	

TABLE I

Normal Roadway Fill Slope N:1	Skew Angle	Wing A		Wing B	
		La	ha	Lb	hb
1 1/2:1	90°	1.10R-.55	.37R+.82	1.10R-.55	.37R+.82
	75°	1.02R-.51	.34R+.58	1.24R-.62	.41R+1.00
	60°	R-.50	.33R+.33	1.50R-.75	.50R+1.12
	45°	.88R-.44	.41R+.29	1.96R-.98	.50R+1.17
	90°	1.46R-.37	.37R+.78	1.46R-.37	.37R+.78
	75°	1.36R-.34	.34R+.61	1.66R-.41	.41R+.93
	60°	1.33R-.33	.33R+.42	2.00R-.50	.50R+1.02
2:1	60°	1.33R-.33	.33R+.42	2.00R-.50	.50R+1.02
	45°	1.17R-.29	.41R+.40	2.61R-.65	.50R+1.07

TABLE II

NOTES:

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. form 408/60.
- Design Specs.: Design Division of 1961-AASHTO Standard Specs. for Hwy. Bridges.
- All concrete shall be Class B.
- Footings may be ordered by the Engineer to be at any elevation or of any dimensions necessary to provide a proper foundation.
- Chamfer exposed concrete edges 1"x1" except as noted.
- Steel reinforcement bars designed for $f_s = 18,000$ psi and detailed as per A.C.I. Code.

Approved: AUG - 2 1963
R. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

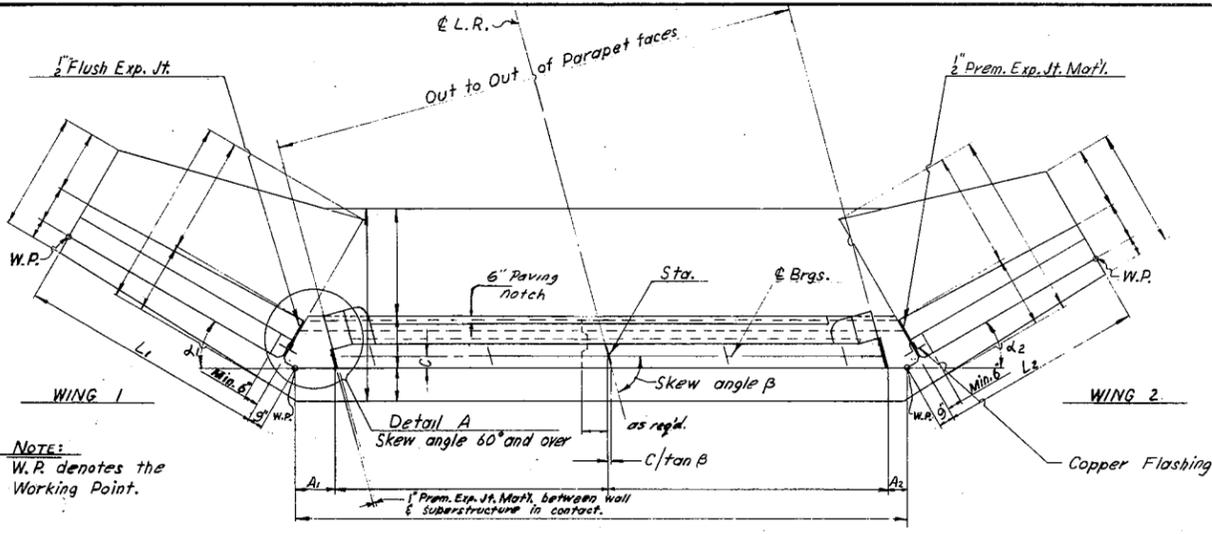
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT
 STANDARD
 END-WALL DETAILS FOR
 METAL PLATE CULVERTS
 SKEWS: 90°-75°-60° & 45°

- INSTRUCTIONS FOR LAY-OUT
- Establish H and determine A, B, D, and T from table I.
 - Establish La, ha, Lb, hb, from table II.
 - Make Ha = ha + D, Hb = hb + D and determine Ba, Bd, Ta, & Tb from table I.
 - Reasonable modifications of the details shown may be required to meet special conditions. For culverts on skew, the pipes may be cut square, if directed by the Engineer.
 - If bearing capacity of foundation is less than max. design foundation pressure shown in table I, revise footing as required and check stability of wall.
 - Gage of plate shall be indicated.
 - Downstream End-Wall may be omitted if directed by the Engineer.

MADE: G.T.V. & K.R.P.
 CHECKED: I.J.

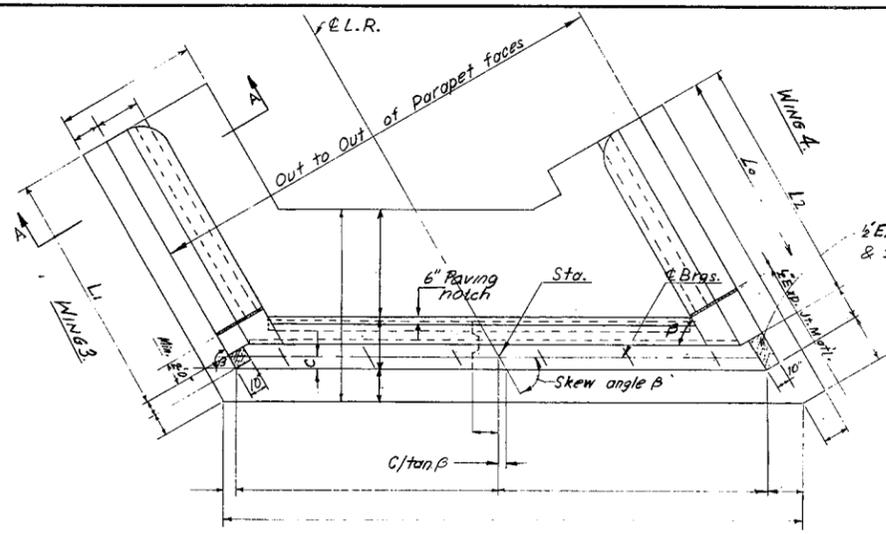
SHEET 1 OF 1

S-2725



NOTE:
W.P. denotes the Working Point.

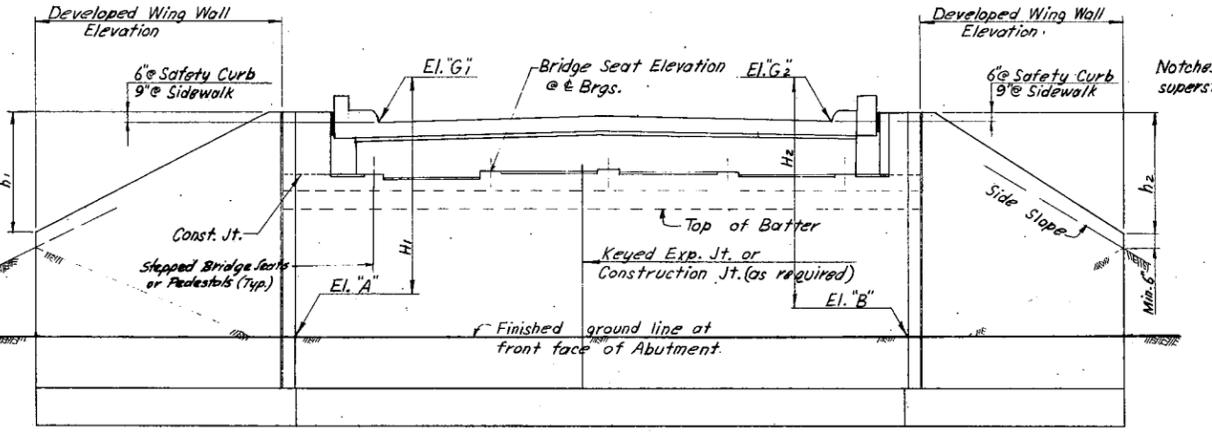
TYPICAL PLAN
(Angled-Type Wings)



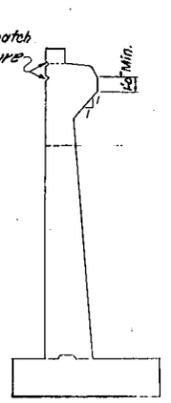
Provide 1/2" Flush Exp. Jt. in wing wall, whenever length of wing (L_o) or height of abut. wall (H_o) exceeds 12ft.
1/2" Exp. Jt. Material between cheekwall & superstructure in contact.

TYPICAL PLAN
(U-Type Wings)

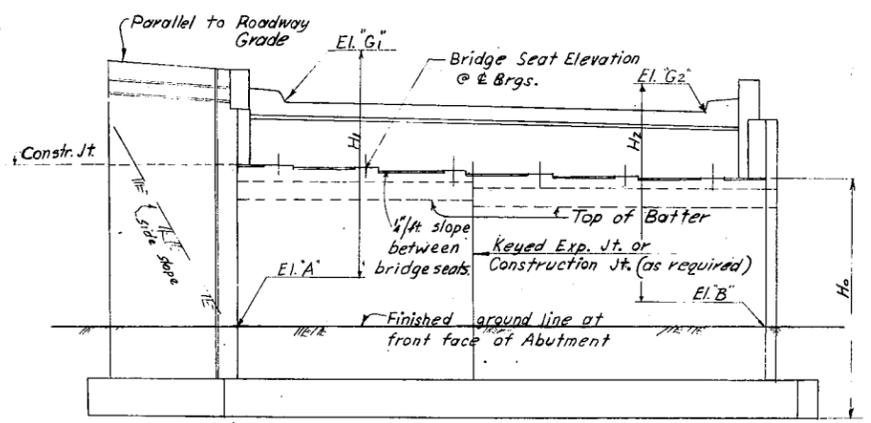
Normal Roadway Fill Slope	Skew Angle β	Wing 3	Wing 4
		L ₁	L ₂
1/2:1	90°	1.5 H ₁	1.5 H ₂
	75°	1.55 H ₁	1.55 H ₂
	60°	1.73 H ₁	1.73 H ₂
	45°	2.12 H ₁	2.12 H ₂
	30°	3.00 H ₁	3.00 H ₂
	90°	2.00 H ₁	2.00 H ₂
2:1	75°	2.07 H ₁	2.07 H ₂
	60°	2.31 H ₁	2.31 H ₂
	45°	2.83 H ₁	2.83 H ₂
	30°	4.00 H ₁	4.00 H ₂



TYPICAL ELEVATION



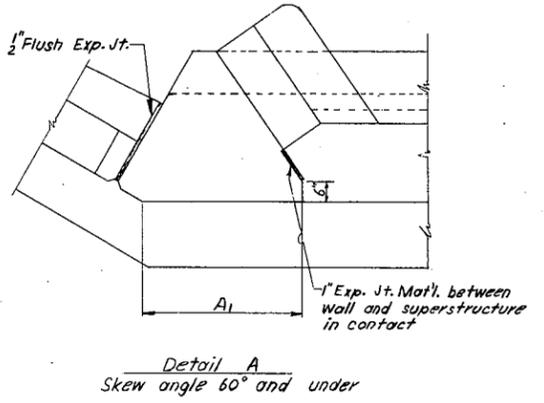
SECTION AA
WING WALLS



TYPICAL ELEVATION

Normal Roadway Fill Slope	Skew Angle β	WING 1				WING 2			
		d ₁	A ₁	L ₁	h ₁	d ₂	A ₂	L ₂	h ₂
1/2:1	90°	30°	2'-0"	1.10 H ₁ - 1.50	.63 H ₁ - 1.00	30°	2'-0"	1.10 H ₂ - 1.50	.63 H ₂ - 1.00
	75°	30°	3'-0"	1.24 H ₁ - 3.25	.59 H ₁ - .75	30°	1'-6"	1.02 H ₂ - 1.00	.66 H ₂ - 1.25
	60°	30°	4'-0"	1.50 H ₁ - 3.75	.50 H ₁ - .50	30°	1'-0"	H ₂ - .25	.67 H ₂ - 1.50
	45°	22 1/2°	5'-0"	1.96 H ₁ - 4.75	.50 H ₁ - .25	45°	1'-0"	.88 H ₂	.59 H ₂ - 1.50
	30°	15°	6'-0"	2.90 H ₁ - 6.75	.50 H ₁	60°	1'-0"	.80 H ₂	.54 H ₂ - 1.50
	90°	30°	2'-0"	1.46 H ₁ - 1.50	.63 H ₁ - 1.00	30°	2'-0"	1.46 H ₂ - 1.50	.63 H ₂ - 1.00
2:1	75°	30°	3'-0"	1.66 H ₁ - 3.25	.59 H ₁ - .75	30°	1'-6"	1.36 H ₂ - 1.00	.66 H ₂ - 1.25
	60°	30°	4'-0"	2.00 H ₁ - 3.75	.50 H ₁ - .50	30°	1'-0"	1.33 H ₂ - .25	.67 H ₂ - 1.50
	45°	22 1/2°	5'-0"	2.61 H ₁ - 4.75	.50 H ₁ - .25	45°	1'-0"	1.17 H ₂	.59 H ₂ - 1.50
	30°	15°	6'-0"	3.86 H ₁ - 6.75	.50 H ₁	60°	1'-0"	1.07 H ₂	.54 H ₂ - 1.50

Elevations "G₁" and "G₂" are at the intersection of the bearing @ and the gutter lines; for superstructures without defined bearing @, El. "G₁" "G₂" and bridge seat elevations shall be taken at the near face of abutments.
H₁ = El. "G₁" - El. "A" H₂ = El. "G₂" - El. "B"



Detail A
Skew angle 60° and under

- Notes:
- Bridge seat may be stepped or pedestals may be provided as required.
 - For Abutments, Wing walls and jt. details, see Standard Drawings No. S-2726 and S-2727.
 - Dimensions L₁, h₁, L₂ & h₂ are based on a grade of less than 1% on the overpassing roadway. Adjustments are to be made where the grade exceeds 1%.
 - Reasonable modifications of details shown may be required to meet special conditions.

Approved: *R.H. Jensen*
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE UNIT

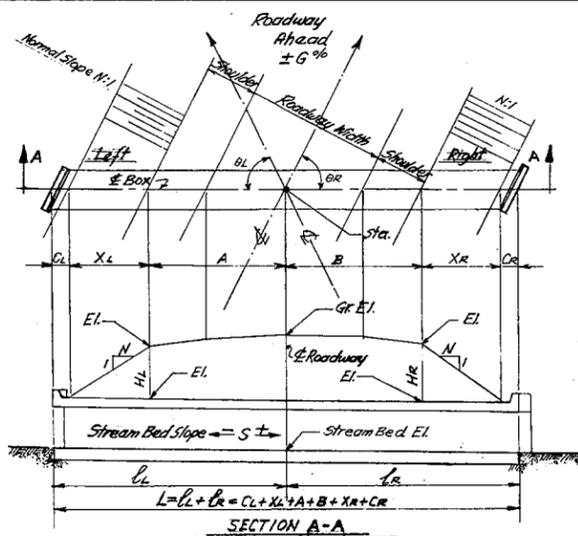
STANDARD ABUTMENTS
WITH BACKWALL

TYPICAL LAYOUT

By: G.T.H.
Compt'd: K.R.P.
Chk'd: E.L.H.

SHEET 1 OF 1

S-2728



LENGTH OF CULVERT

To compute the length (L), it is necessary to find the dimensions XL and XR. All other dimensions are easy to establish from the given information: Str. Bed El., Gr. El., Skew angle θ, Grade slope of roadway G, Normal slope of fill N:1, Stream Bed slope S, and roadway dimensions.

+G = Grade slope up-ahead.
 -G = " " down-ahead.
 Use value of G with the proper sign. (Example: G = ±0.85% = ±0.0085)
 S is negative if stream bed slopes down toward the left, and positive if stream bed slopes down toward the right. (Example: ±S = ±1.45% = ±0.0145)

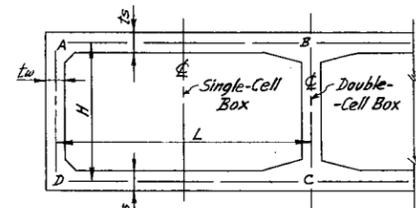
For BL: $X_L = \frac{N \cdot H_L}{\sin \theta_L - G \cdot N \cos \theta_L + S \cdot N}$

$X_R = \frac{N \cdot H_R}{\sin \theta_R + G \cdot N \cos \theta_R - S \cdot N}$

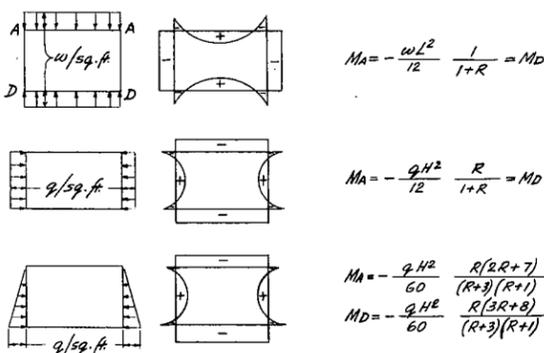
For BR: $X_L = \frac{N \cdot H_L}{\sin \theta_R + G \cdot N \cos \theta_R + S \cdot N}$

$X_R = \frac{N \cdot H_R}{\sin \theta_R - G \cdot N \cos \theta_R - S \cdot N}$

NOTE: Dimensions L_L, L_R and Grade, Shoulder and Stream Bed elevations shall be shown on the design drawing.



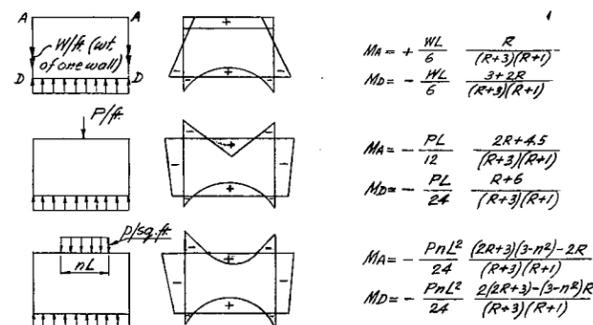
I_s = Moment of inertia of cross section of top and bottom slabs considered alike.
 I_w = Moment of inertia of cross section of side walls considered alike.
 $R = \frac{I_s H}{I_w L} = \left(\frac{t_s}{t_w}\right)^3 \frac{H}{L}$



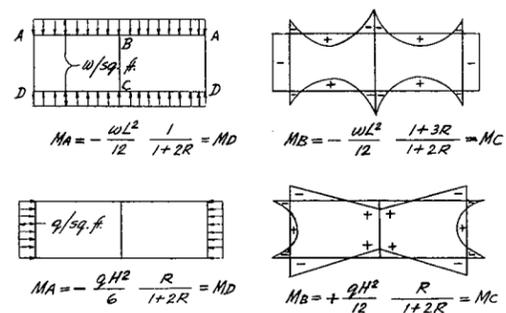
SINGLE-CELL BOX MOMENT DIAGRAMS.

(Reference: Kleinlogel, Rigid Frame Formulas.)

Notes: Any other recognized method of analysis is acceptable.
 + Indicates tension at inside face.
 - " " at outside face.

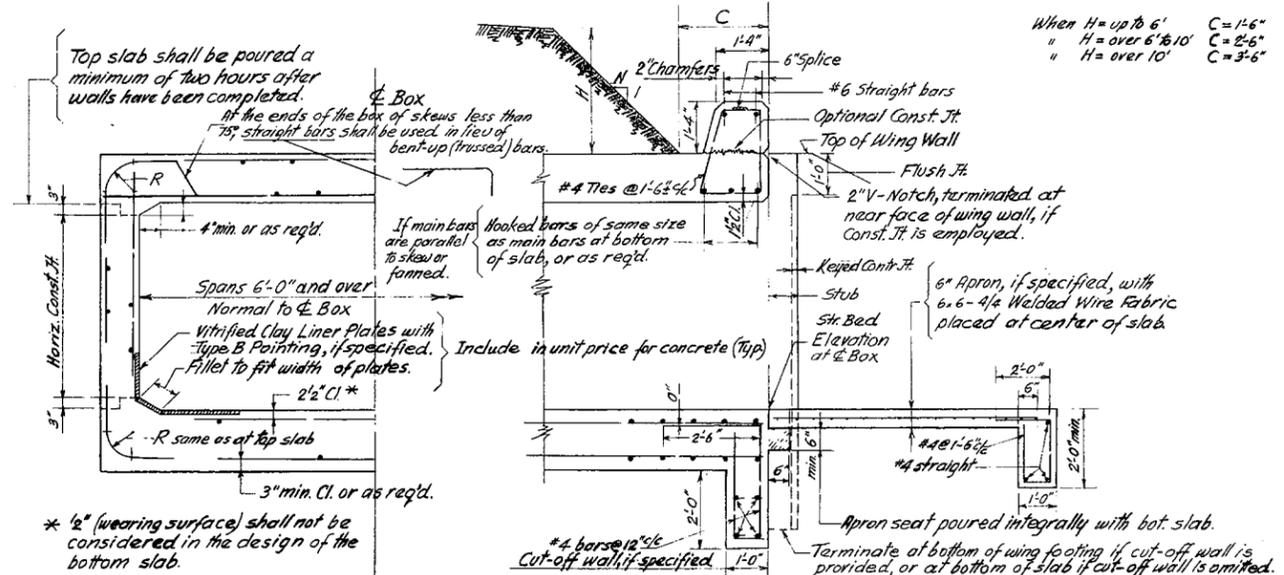


SINGLE-CELL BOX MOMENT DIAGRAMS.



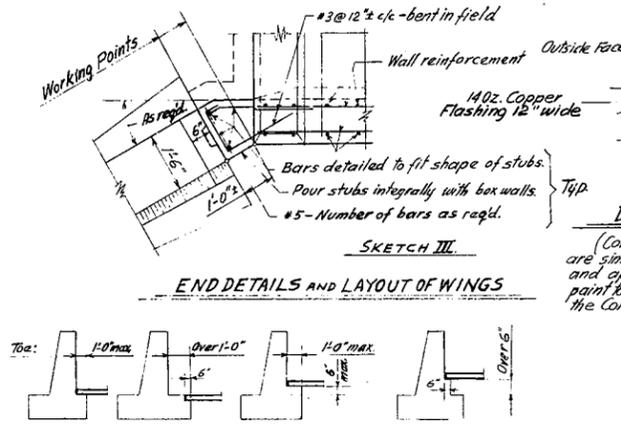
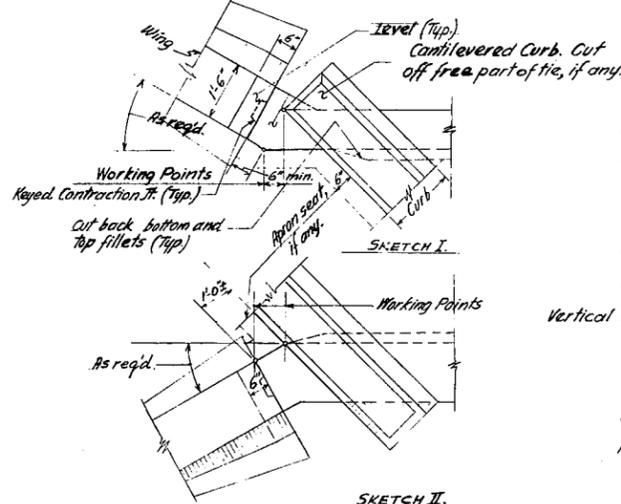
DOUBLE-CELL BOX MOMENT DIAGRAMS.

(Reference: AREA Manual of Recommended Practice - 1960)



TYPICAL SECTION

LONGITUDINAL PART-SECTION



APRON SEATS

DESIGN INFORMATION

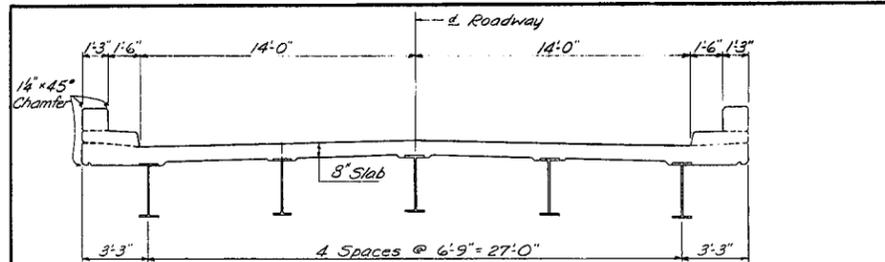
Boxes shall be designed in accordance with current PDH policy. In general, boxes of span less than 6'-0" are not recommended, except in special cases (extension of existing boxes, box conduits, etc.) as directed. If practical, sections of various thickness shall be designed for boxes under fill, unless otherwise directed. Slab reinforcement bars may be placed parallel to skew in culverts on skew angles of 75° and more. On skew angles less than 75° bars shall be placed normal to E of box. At end of box, bars may be cut and anchored into edges of the top and bottom slabs, designed to carry the superimposed loading, or fanned. Class AA Concrete shall be used in the top slab, parapets and curbs for boxes at grade. Class A Concrete shall be used in entire box under fill. Class B Concrete shall be used in wings and apron. Vertical construction or contraction joints to be approx. 30' and expansion joints 90' apart. These joints shall be keyed all around. No waterstops are required, unless leakage would be objectionable (underpasses, etc.). Thickness of slabs and walls shall be 10" min. for boxes of normal span 6'-0" and over, and 8" min. for normal span under 6'-0". Clear bars 2" from concrete face except as noted. For Semi-Gravity and R.C. Cantilever Wing Walls refer to Std. Dwg. S-2704 and S-2726. For bar arrangement refer to Sketch L-1045. Reasonable modifications of the details shown may be required to meet special conditions.

Approved: OCT - 8 1962

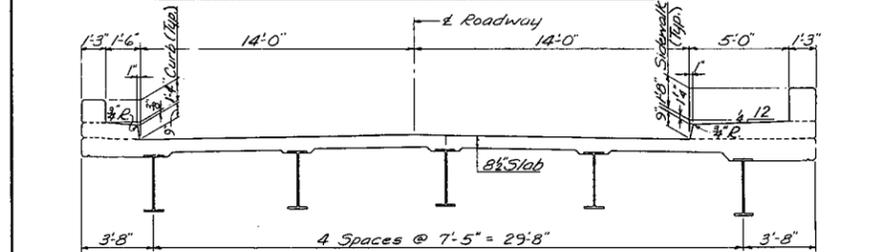
R. H. ...
 Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT

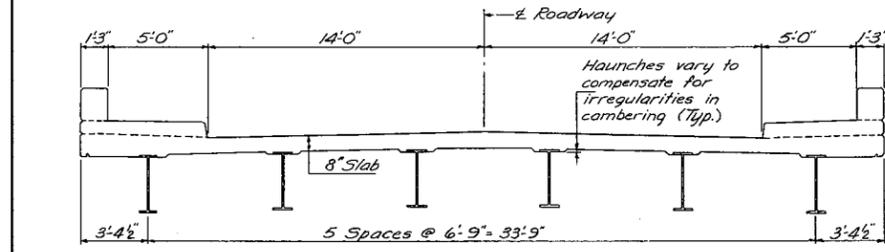
STANDARD
 REINFORCED CONCRETE
 BOXES



28'-0" ROADWAY WITH 2 SAFETY CURBS

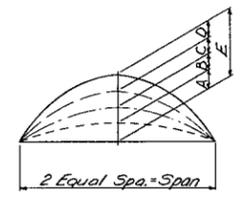


28'-0" ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB and SIDEWALK

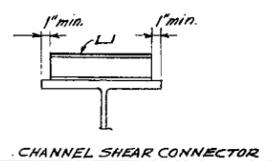


28'-0" ROADWAY WITH 2 SIDEWALKS

SPACING of 3/8" Ø STUDS & 4" L SHEAR CONNECTORS-6'-9" BEAM SPACING										SPACING of 3/8" Ø STUDS & 4" L SHEAR CONNECTORS-7'-5" BEAM SPACING																																																																																																					
SPAN					CAMBER					SPAN					CAMBER																																																																																																
L-1	L-2	L-3	L-4	L-5	A	B	L-1	L-2	L-3	L-4	L-5	A	B	L-1	L-2	L-3	L-4	L-5	A	B																																																																																											
50	5'-0"	6'-6"	8'-0"	4'-6"	1'-0"	8"	3/4"	50	7'-3"	5'-9"	7'-9"	4'-3"	0	8"	7/8"	55	1'-6"	8'-9"	10'-0"	5'-0"	2'-3"	8"	7/8"	55	6'-3"	6'-9"	9'-0"	5'-6"	0	8"	7/8"	60	2'-6"	9'-0"	14'-6"	5'-0"	2'-6"	3/8"	8"	60	4'-0"	8'-6"	10'-6"	5'-9"	1'-3"	7/8"	1"	65	0	9'-9"	11'-9"	6'-9"	4'-3"	4"	1"	65	3'-6"	9'-6"	11'-9"	6'-0"	1'-9"	7/8"	1 1/4"	70	0	10'-6"	12'-6"	7'-6"	4'-6"	5/8"	1 1/4"	70	3'-9"	10'-0"	12'-9"	6'-6"	2'-0"	7/8"	1 1/4"	75	0	10'-6"	13'-3"	8'-3"	5'-6"	5/8"	1 1/2"	75	3'-0"	11'-3"	13'-9"	7'-0"	2'-6"	3/8"	1 1/4"	80	0	11'-0"	13'-6"	9'-6"	6'-0"	1/2"	1 3/4"	80	0	0	13'-6"	10'-9"	15'-9"	1/2"	1 3/8"



CAMBER DIAGRAM



CHANNEL SHEAR CONNECTOR

A = Camber due to Steel
 B = Camber due to Concrete
 C = Camber due to Vertical Curve
 D = Camber due to Superelevation
 E = Total Camber

Camber shall be a parabolic curve. Where total camber is less than minimum that can be maintained in beam, no camber will be required, but any residual camber shall be up.

Note:
 Studs used as shear connectors shall be automatically end welded to beam by the use of a stud welding gun. The welds shall be of sufficient strength to permit the studs to be bent @ 30°. Equivalent number of 3/8" studs may be used in lieu of 3/4" studs. Shear capacity of 1-3/8" Stud = 3450#. Shear capacity of 1-3/4" Stud = 2540#. Spacing for 3/4" Stud shall be reduced to 73.5% of that shown for 3/8" Studs.
 * 10" long for 36WF
 9 1/2" long for 33WF with 97% of spacing shown in Tables.
 8 1/2" long for 30WF with 87% of spacing shown in Tables.

GENERAL NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Forms 408/60 and 409/49.
- Design Specifications: Design division of 1961 "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges" of the AASHTO except roadway slab is designed for an allowable compressive concrete stress of 1000 psi.
- Live Load: H20-S16-44 and/or Alternate Interstate Loading.
- Dead Load includes 30 lbs. per sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the roadway slab.
- Steel reinforcement bars are designed for $f_s = 18000$ psi and detailed in accordance with ACI Code. Bars shall be lapped 30 diameters.
- Concrete: Class AA.
- Structural Steel: ASTM A36-62T Designation.
- Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1"x1" except as noted.
- For parapet railing and guard fence connections, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-16/4-C or S-3361.
- For Bearing details, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2721.
- For expansion dams and joints, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2722.
- For Bridge drainage and scuppers, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2723.
- For diaphragms and connections, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2724.
- For deck slab details, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2735.
- All welding shall be in accordance with "Standard Specifications for Welded Highway and Railway Bridges" of the American Welding Society. For welds, submerged arc process OR shielded metal arc process with electrodes conforming to ASTM designation E-6010, E-6018, E-7010, or E-7018 shall be used.
- For end details, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2736.

BEAM SPACING	NO. OF BEAMS	NONCOMPOSITE SIMPLE BEAM SIZES and MAXIMUM REACTIONS (KIPS)						
		SPAN CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS (FEET)						
		20'	25'	30'	35'	40'	45'	50'
28' ROADWAY WITH TWO SAFETY CURBS								
6'-9"	5	21WF55 (21WF62)	24WF68 (24WF76)	27WF84 (27WF94)	30WF108 (30WF108)	33WF118	36WF135	36WF160
REACTION		46.0	51.0	56.5	62.5	67.5	71.5	76.0
28' ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB AND SIDEWALK								
7'-5"	5	21WF62 (21WF68)	24WF76 (24WF84)	27WF94 (30WF99)	30WF116 (30WF116)	33WF130	36WF150	36WF170
REACTION		51.5	57.0	63.5	70.0	75.5	81.0	85.5
28' ROADWAY WITH TWO SIDEWALKS								
6'-9"	6	21WF55 (21WF62)	24WF68 (24WF76)	27WF84 (27WF94)	30WF108 (30WF108)	33WF130	36WF150	36WF160
REACTION		43.0	47.5	53.0	59.0	64.0	68.5	73.0

*Beam sizes in Parenthesis are shown for Alternate Interstate Loading (For Spans under 38'-0" in length)

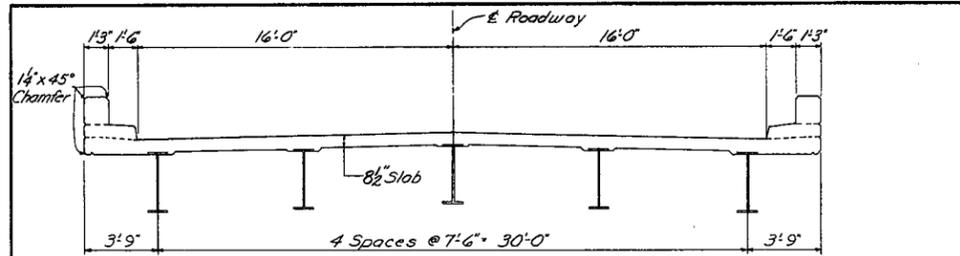
BEAM SPACING	NO. OF BEAMS	COMPOSITE SIMPLE BEAM SIZES and MAXIMUM REACTIONS (KIPS)						
		SPAN CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS (FEET)						
		50'	55'	60'	65'	70'	75'	80'
28' ROADWAY WITH TWO SAFETY CURBS								
6'-9"	5	30WF99 Cov. R. 9'-3" x 35'-0"	33WF118 Cov. R. 10'-3" x 35'-0"	33WF118 Cov. R. 10'-3" x 42'-0"	36WF135 Cov. R. 10'-3" x 43'-0"	36WF150 Cov. R. 10'-1" x 48'-0"	36WF182 Cov. R. 10'-1" x 46'-0"	36WF194 Cov. R. 11'-8" x 52'-0"
REACTION		77.0	81.0	85.0	90.0	93.0	98.0	102.0
28' ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB AND SIDEWALK								
7'-5"	5	30WF108 Cov. R. 9'-8" x 35'-0"	33WF118 Cov. R. 10'-4" x 35'-0"	36WF135 Cov. R. 10'-4" x 39'-0"	36WF150 Cov. R. 10'-1" x 43'-0"	36WF160 Cov. R. 10'-1" x 47'-0"	36WF182 Cov. R. 10'-1" x 50'-0"	36WF230 Cov. R. 11'-4" x 47'-0"
REACTION		86.0	90.0	95.0	100.0	105.0	110.0	115.0
28' ROADWAY WITH TWO SIDEWALKS								
6'-9"	6	30WF99 Cov. R. 9'-3" x 35'-0"	33WF118 Cov. R. 10'-4" x 35'-0"	33WF118 Cov. R. 10'-1" x 42'-0"	36WF135 Cov. R. 10'-1" x 43'-0"	36WF150 Cov. R. 10'-1" x 48'-0"	36WF182 Cov. R. 10'-1" x 46'-0"	36WF194 Cov. R. 11'-4" x 52'-0"
REACTION		77.0	81.0	85.0	90.0	93.0	98.0	102.0

ROADWAY SLAB WITH	REINFORCEMENT BARS - lbs./lin. ft.	CLASS AA CONCRETE Cu Yds./lin. ft.
TWO SAFETY CURBS	218.81	1.10
SAFETY CURB & SIDEWALK	250.28	1.36
TWO SIDEWALKS	275.75	1.53

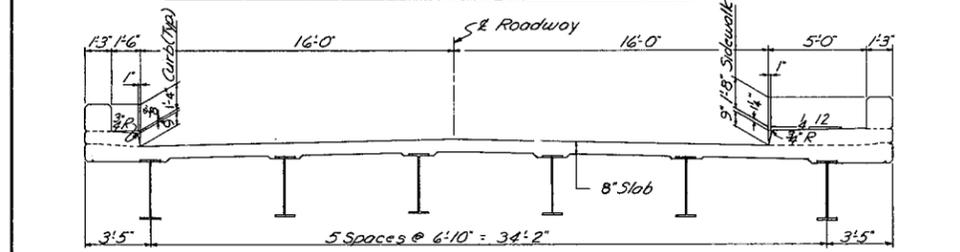
Approved: **K. H. Jensen**
 Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT

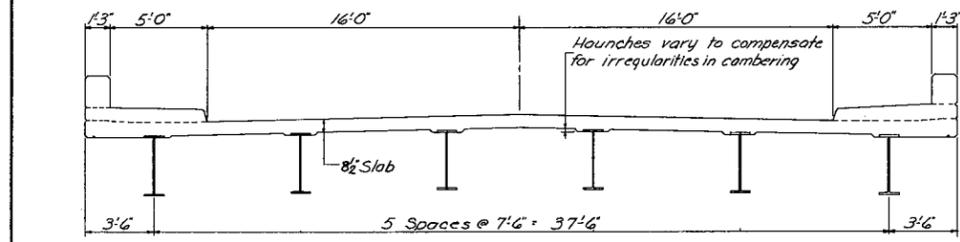
STANDARD
 STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
 28' ROADWAY



32' ROADWAY WITH 2 SAFETY CURBS

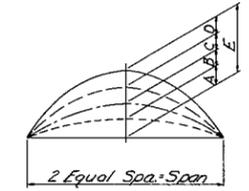


32' ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB and SIDEWALK

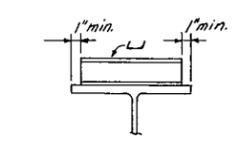


32' ROADWAY WITH 2 SIDEWALKS

SPACING of 3/8" STUDS + 4" L SHEAR CONNECTORS - 7'6" BEAM SPACING										SPACING of 3/8" STUDS + 4" L SHEAR CONNECTORS - 6'10" BEAM SPACING										TYPE OF SHEAR CONN.		
SPAN					CAMBER					SPAN					CAMBER							
L-1	L-2	L-3	L-4	L-5	A	B	L-1	L-2	L-3	L-4	L-5	A	B	L-1	L-2	L-3	L-4	L-5	A	B	SPANS 50' to 80'	
50	7'3"	5'9"	7'9"	4'3"	0	8' 1/2"	5'0"	6'6"	8'0"	4'6"	1'0"	8' 3/4"	5'0"	6'6"	8'0"	4'6"	1'0"	8' 3/4"	5'0"	4-L Studs min. 2'	SPANS 80' (7 1/2" Spa. only)	
55	6'3"	6'9"	9'0"	5'6"	0	8' 1/2"	5'0"	6'6"	8'0"	4'6"	1'0"	8' 3/4"	5'0"	6'6"	8'0"	4'6"	1'0"	8' 3/4"	5'0"	6-Studs min. 2'		
60	4'0"	8'6"	10'6"	5'9"	1'3"	3/4"	1'	6'0"	2'6"	9'0"	11'0"	5'0"	2'6"	3/4"	1'	6'0"	2'6"	9'0"	11'0"	4-L 725 *	4-L 725 x 14 1/2"	
65	3'6"	9'6"	11'9"	6'0"	1'9"	3/4"	1 1/4"	6'5"	0	9'9"	11'9"	6'9"	4'3"	3/4"	1'	6'5"	0	9'9"	11'9"			
70	3'9"	10'0"	12'9"	6'6"	2'0"	3/4"	1 1/2"	7'0"	0	10'6"	12'6"	7'6"	4'6"	3/4"	1 1/4"	7'0"	0	10'6"	12'6"			
75	3'0"	11'3"	13'9"	7'0"	2'6"	3/8"	1 1/2"	7'5"	0	10'6"	13'3"	8'3"	5'6"	3/8"	1 1/2"	7'5"	0	10'6"	13'3"			
80	0	0	13'6"	10'9"	15'9"	1/2"	1 1/8"	8'0"	0	11'0"	13'0"	9'6"	6'0"	1/2"	1 1/8"	8'0"	0	11'0"	13'0"			



CAMBER DIAGRAM



CHANNEL SHEAR CONNECTOR

Note:
 A = Camber due to Steel
 B = Camber due to Concrete
 C = Camber due to Vertical Curve
 D = Camber due to Superelevation
 E = Total Camber

Camber shall be a parabolic curve. Where total camber is less than minimum that can be maintained in beam, no camber will be required, but any residual camber shall be up.

Studs used as shear connectors shall be automatically end welded to beam by the use of a stud welding gun. The welds shall be of sufficient strength to permit the studs to be bent @ 30°.

Equivalent number of 3/8" studs may be used in lieu of 3/4" studs, if conditions warrant.
 Shear capacity of 1-3/8" stud = 3450#
 Shear capacity of 1-1/2" stud = 2540#
 Spacing for 3/8" studs shall be reduced to 73.5% of that shown for 3/4" studs.

* 10" long for 36W
 9 1/2" long for 33W with 97% of spacing shown in Tables.
 8 1/2" long for 30W with 87% of spacing shown in Tables.

- GENERAL NOTES**
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. Forms 408/60 and 409/49.
 - Design Specifications: Design division of 1961 "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges" of the AASHTO except roadway slab is designed for an allowable compressive concrete stress of 1000 psi.
 - Live Load: H20-S16-44 and/or Alternate Interstate Loading.
 - Dead Load includes 30 lbs. per sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the roadway slab.
 - Steel reinforcement bars are designed for $f_s = 18000$ psi. and detailed in accordance with ACI Code. Bars shall be lapped .30 diameters.
 - Concrete: Class AA
 - Structural Steel: ASTM A36-62T Designation.
 - Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1"x1" except as noted.
 - For parapet railing and guard fence connections, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-1614C or S-3361.
 - For Bearing details refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2721.
 - For expansion dams and joints, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2722.
 - For Bridge drainage and scuppers, refer to P.D.H. Std. Dwg. S-2723.
 - For diaphragms and connections, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2724.
 - For deck slab details, refer to P.D.H. Std. Dwg. S-2735.
 - All welding shall be in accordance with "Standard Specifications for Welded Highway and Railway Bridges" of the American Welding Society. For welds, submerged arc process OR shielded metal arc process with electrodes conforming to ASTM designation E-6016, E-6018, E-7016 or E-7018 shall be used.
 - For end details, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2736.

BEAM SPACING	No. of BMS	NONCOMPOSITE SIMPLE BEAM SIZES and MAXIMUM REACTIONS (KIPS)						
		SPAN CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS (FEET)						
		20'	25'	30'	35'	40'	45'	50'
32' ROADWAY WITH TWO SAFETY CURBS								
7'6"	5	24W 62 (24W 68)	24W 76 (27W 84)	27W 94 (30W 99)	30W 116 (30W 116)	33W 130	36W 150	36W 170
REACTION		51.5	57.0	63.0	69.5	75.0	80.5	85.0
32' ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB AND SIDEWALK								
6'10"	6	21W 55 (21W 62)	24W 68 (24W 76)	27W 84 (27W 94)	30W 108 (30W 108)	33W 118	36W 135	36W 160
REACTION		47.0	51.5	57.5	63.5	68.5	73.1	77.5
32' ROADWAY WITH TWO SIDEWALKS								
7'6"	6	21W 62 (24W 68)	24W 76 (27W 84)	27W 94 (30W 99)	30W 116 (30W 116)	33W 130	36W 150	36W 182
REACTION		52.0	58.0	64.0	71.0	76.5	82.0	87.0

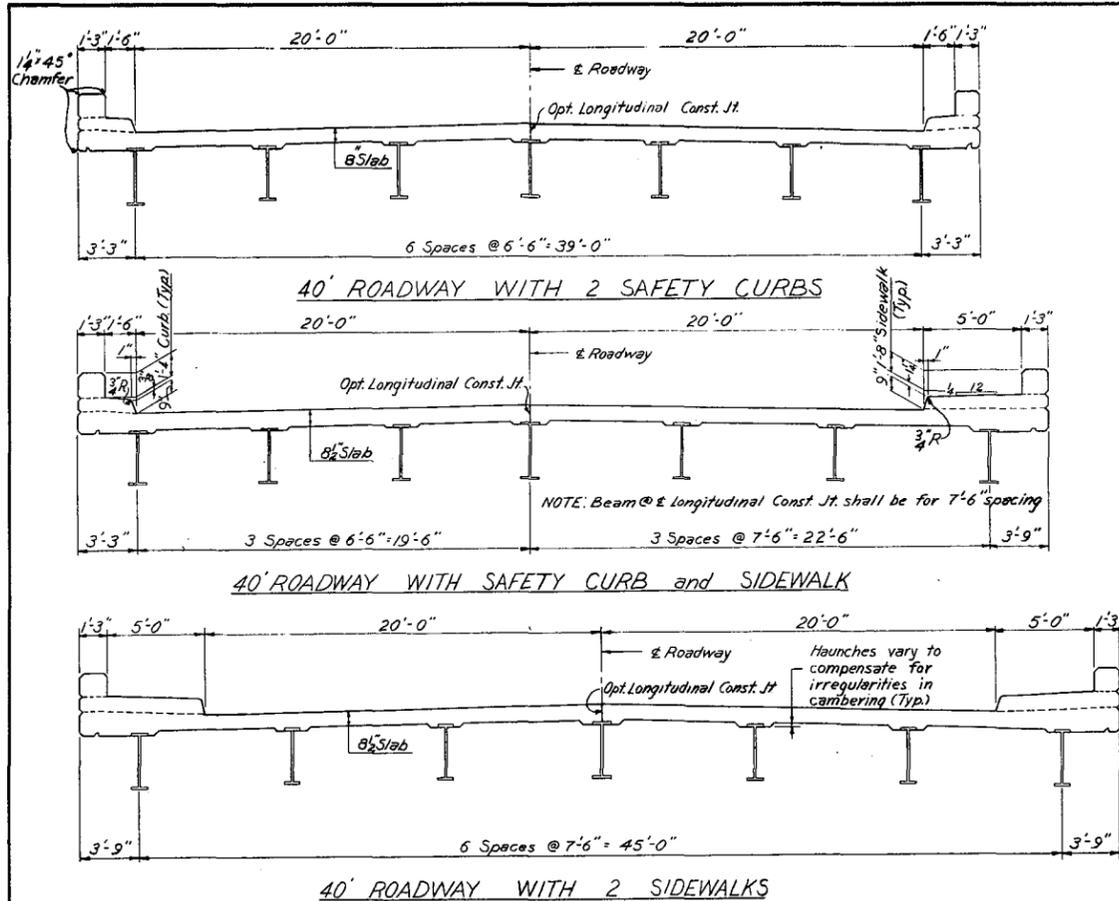
*Beam sizes in Parenthesis are shown for Alternate Interstate Loading (For Spans under 38'-0" in length)

BEAM SPACING	No. of BMS	COMPOSITE SIMPLE BEAM SIZES and MAXIMUM REACTIONS (KIPS)						
		SPAN CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS (FEET)						
		50'	55'	60'	65'	70'	75'	80'
32' ROADWAY WITH TWO SAFETY CURBS								
7'6"	5	30W 108 C.P. 9x 3/8x 35'0"	33W 118 C.P. 10x 3/8x 38'0"	33W 135 C.P. 10x 1/2x 39'0"	36W 150 C.P. 10x 1/2x 43'0"	36W 160 C.P. 10x 1/2x 47'0"	36W 182 C.P. 10x 1/2x 50'0"	36W 230 C.P. 14x 3/4x 47'0"
REACTION		86.0	90.0	95.0	100.0	105.0	110.0	115.0
32' ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB AND SIDEWALK								
6'10"	6	30W 99 C.P. 9x 3/8x 35'0"	33W 118 C.P. 10x 3/8x 35'0"	33W 135 C.P. 10x 1/2x 42'0"	36W 150 C.P. 10x 1/2x 43'0"	36W 182 C.P. 10x 1/2x 46'0"	36W 194 C.P. 11x 1/4x 52'0"	
REACTION		77.0	81.0	85.0	90.0	93.0	98.0	102.0
32' ROADWAY WITH TWO SIDEWALKS								
7'6"	6	30W 108 C.P. 9x 3/8x 35'0"	33W 118 C.P. 10x 3/8x 38'0"	36W 135 C.P. 10x 1/2x 39'0"	36W 150 C.P. 10x 1/2x 43'0"	36W 160 C.P. 10x 1/2x 47'0"	36W 182 C.P. 10x 1/2x 50'0"	36W 230 C.P. 14x 3/4x 47'0"
REACTION		86.0	90.0	95.0	100.0	105.0	110.0	115.0

ROADWAY SLAB WITH	REINFORCEMENT BARS - lbs./lin.ft.	CLASS AA CONCRETE cu Yds./lin.ft.
TWO SAFETY CURBS	246.29	1.24
SAFETY CURB & SIDEWALK	280.30	1.41
TWO SIDEWALKS	301.00	1.67

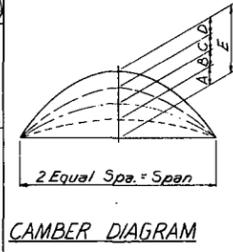
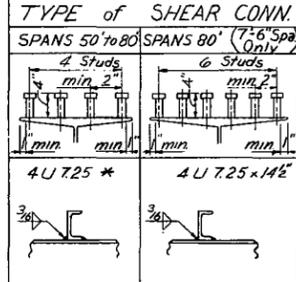
Approved: **AUG - 2 1963**
R. H. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT
 STANDARD
 STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
 32' ROADWAY

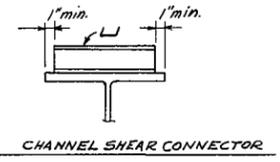


SPACING OF STUDS #4"E SHEAR CONNECTORS-TIG BEAM SPACING

SPAN	L-1 L-2 L-3 L-4 L-5					CAMBER		SPAN	L-1 L-2 L-3 L-4 L-5					CAMBER	
	Brgs.					Span			Brgs.					Span	
50	4'-0"	6'-8"	8'-6"	6'-0"	0	1/8"	3/4"	50	7'-3"	5'-9"	7'-9"	4'-3"	0	1/8"	1 1/2"
55	0	9'-0"	11'-0"	5'-6"	2'-0"	1/8"	3/4"	55	6'-3"	6'-9"	9'-0"	5'-6"	0	1/8"	1 1/2"
60	0	10'-0"	11'-0"	6'-0"	3'-0"	1/8"	1"	60	4'-0"	8'-6"	10'-6"	5'-9"	1'-3"	1/8"	1"
65	0	9'-3"	11'-6"	7'-3"	4'-6"	1/4"	1 1/2"	65	3'-6"	9'-6"	11'-9"	6'-0"	1'-9"	1/8"	1 1/2"
70	0	9'-3"	12'-6"	8'-6"	4'-9"	1/4"	1 1/2"	70	3'-9"	10'-0"	12'-9"	6'-6"	2'-0"	1/8"	1 1/2"
75	0	8'-0"	14'-0"	9'-0"	6'-6"	1/4"	1 1/2"	75	3'-0"	11'-3"	13'-9"	7'-0"	2'-6"	1/8"	1 1/2"
80	0	8'-0"	15'-0"	9'-6"	7'-6"	1/2"	1 1/2"	80	0	0	13'-6"	10'-9"	15'-9"	1/2"	1 1/2"



Note: Studs used as shear connectors shall be automatically end welded to beam by use of a stud welding gun. The welds shall be of sufficient strength to permit the studs to be bent @ 30°. Equivalent number of 3/8" studs may be used in lieu of 1/2" studs, if conditions warrant. Shear capacity of 1-1/2" stud = 3450#. Shear capacity of 1-3/4" stud = 2540#. Spacing for 3/4" studs shall be reduced to 73.5% of that shown for 3/8" studs. For spacing of studs at Longitudinal Construction Joint see Sheet 1 of 1 S-2735. * 10" long for 36WF. 9 1/2" long for 33WF with 97% of spacing shown in Tables. 8 1/2" long for 30WF with 87% of spacing shown in Tables.



GENERAL NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Forms 408/40 and 409/49.
- Design Specifications: Design division of 1961 "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges" of the AASHTO except roadway slab is designed for an allowable compressive concrete stress of 1000 p.s.i.
- Live Load: H20-S16-44 and/or Alternate Interstate Loading.
- Dead Load includes 30 lbs. per sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the roadway slab.
- Steel reinforcement bars are designed for 18000 p.s.i. and detailed in accordance with ACI Code. Bars shall be lapped 30 diameters.
- Provide 1/2" cover on reinforcement bars except for 1" cover on bottom of slab.
- Concrete: Class AA.
- Structural Steel: ASTM A36-62T Designation.
- Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1" x 1" except as noted.
- For parapet railing and guard fence connections, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S1614C or S-3361.
- For bearing details, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2721.
- For expansion dams and joints, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2722.
- For bridge drainage and scuppers, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2723.
- For diaphragms and connections, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2724.
- For Deck slab details, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2735.
- All welding shall be in accordance with "Standard Specifications for Welded Highway and Railway Bridges" of the American Welding Society. For welds, submerged arc process OR shielded metal arc process with electrodes conforming to ASTM designation E-6016, E-6018, E-7016 or E-7018 shall be used.
- For end details, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. S-2736.

NONCOMPOSITE SIMPLE BEAM SIZES and MAXIMUM REACTIONS (KIPS)

BEAM SPACING	NO. OF BRGS.	SPAN CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS (FEET)						
		20'	25'	30'	35'	40'	45'	50'
40' ROADWAY WITH 2 SAFETY CURBS								
6'-6"	7	21WF55 (21WF62)	24WF68 (24WF76)	27WF84 (27WF84)	30WF99 (30WF108)	33WF118	36WF135	36WF150
REACTION		44.0	48.3	53.6	59.1	64.1	67.8	72.1
40' ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB AND SIDEWALK								
6'-6"	3	21WF55 (21WF62)	24WF68 (24WF76)	27WF84 (27WF94)	30WF99 (30WF108)	33WF118	36WF135	36WF150
REACTION		44.0	49.2	54.5	60.2	65.3	69.0	73.5
7'-6"	4	21WF62 (24WF68)	24WF76 (27WF84)	27WF94 (30WF99)	30WF116 (30WF116)	33WF130	36WF150	36WF170
REACTION		51.2	56.6	62.7	68.9	74.6	79.3	84.4
40' ROADWAY WITH 2 SIDEWALKS								
7'-6"	7	21WF62 (24WF68)	24WF76 (24WF84)	27WF94 (30WF99)	30WF116 (30WF116)	36WF135	36WF150	36WF182
REACTION		51.7	57.3	63.5	70.0	75.8	80.8	86.0

COMPOSITE SIMPLE BEAM SIZES and MAXIMUM REACTIONS (KIPS)

BEAM SPACING	NO. OF BRGS.	SPAN CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS (FEET)						
		50'	55'	60'	65'	70'	75'	80'
40' ROADWAY WITH 2 SAFETY CURBS AND 40' ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB AND SIDEWALK (6'-6" SPA.)								
6'-6"	7	30WF99 (24WF68)	33WF118 (24WF84)	33WF118 (27WF94)	36WF135 (30WF99)	36WF150 (30WF116)	36WF182 (30WF116)	36WF194 (30WF116)
REACTION		72.0	76.0	79.0	84.0	87.0	92.0	96.0
40' ROADWAY WITH TWO SIDEWALKS AND 40' ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB AND SIDEWALK (7'-6" SPA.)								
7'-6"	7	30WF108 (24WF68)	33WF118 (24WF84)	36WF135 (27WF94)	36WF150 (30WF99)	36WF182 (30WF116)	36WF230 (30WF116)	36WF230 (30WF116)
REACTION		86.0	90.0	95.0	100.0	105.0	110.0	115.0

SUMMARY OF DECK QUANTITIES	INCLUDES PARAPETS, CURBS AND/OR SIDEWALKS
ROADWAY SLAB WITH	REINFORCEMENT BARS - lbs./lin. ft.
TWO SAFETY CURBS	296.02
SAFETY CURB & SIDEWALK	321.86
TWO SIDEWALKS	347.69
	CLASS AA CONCRETE Cu Yds./lin. ft.
	1.38
	1.66
	1.88

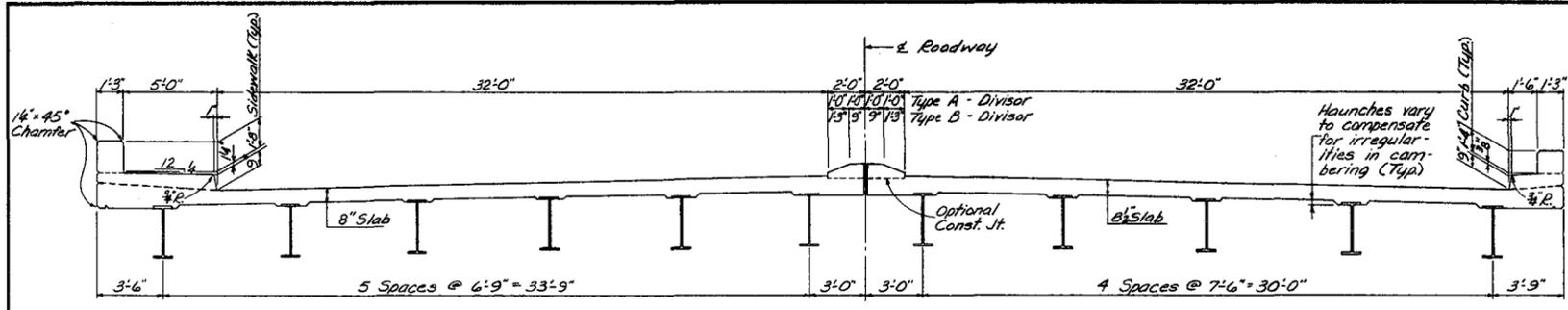
* 40' Roadway with safety curb and sidewalk is composed of 3 beams for 6'-6" spacing and 4 beams for 7'-6" spacing. Beam @ Longitudinal Const. Jt. shall be for 7'-6" spacing.

Approved: *N. Jensen*
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE UNIT
STANDARD
STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
40' ROADWAY

GENERAL NOTES

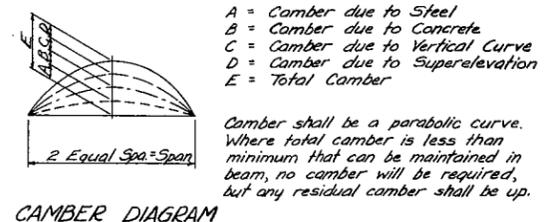
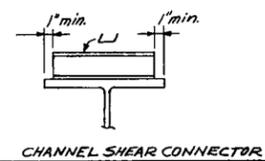
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Forms 408/60 and 409/49.
- Design Specifications: Design division of 1961 "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges" of the AASHTO except roadway slab is designed for an allowable compressive concrete stress of 1000 psi.
- Live Load: H20-S16-44, and/or Alternate Interstate Loading.
- Dead Load includes 30 lbs. per sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the roadway slab.
- Steel reinforcement bars are designed for $f_s = 18000$ psi and detailed in accordance with ACI Code. Bars shall be lapped 30 diameters.
- Provide 1/2" cover on reinforcement bars except for 1" cover on bottom of slab.
- Concrete: Class AA.
- Structural Steel: ASTM A36-62T Designation.
- Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1" except as noted.
- For parapet railing and guard fence connections, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. 5-1614-C or 5-3361.
- For bearing details, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. 5-2721.
- For expansion dams and joints, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. 5-2722.
- For bridge drainage and scuppers, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. 5-2723.
- For diaphragms and connections, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. 5-2724.
- For deck slab details, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. 5-2735.
- All welding shall be in accordance with Standard Specifications for Welded Highway and Railway Bridges of the American Welding Society. For welds, submerged arc process OR shielded metal arc process with electrodes conforming to ASTM designation E-6016, E-6018, E-7016, or E-7018 shall be used.
- For end details, refer to PDH Std. Dwg. 5-2736.



HALF ROADWAY WITH SIDEWALK

HALF ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB

SPACING OF 3/8" STUDS & 4" L SHEAR CONNECTORS - 7'-6" BEAM SPACING										SPACING OF 3/8" STUDS & 4" L SHEAR CONNECTORS - 6'-9" BEAM SPACING										TYPE OF SHEAR CONN.																																																																																						
SPAN					CAMBER					SPAN					CAMBER					SPAN 50 to 80		SPAN 80																																																																																				
L-1	L-2	L-3	L-4	L-5	A	B	L-1	L-2	L-3	L-4	L-5	A	B	L-1	L-2	L-3	L-4	L-5	A	B	4 Studs	6 Studs																																																																																				
50	7'-3"	5'-9"	7'-9"	4'-3"	0	8"	5'-0"	6'-6"	8'-0"	4'-6"	1'-0"	8"	8"	55	6'-3"	6'-9"	9'-0"	5'-6"	0	8"	1'-6"	8'-9"	10'-0"	5'-0"	2'-8"	8"	8"	60	4'-0"	8'-6"	10'-6"	5'-9"	1'-3"	7"	60	2'-6"	9'-0"	11'-0"	5'-0"	2'-6"	7"	8"	65	3'-6"	9'-6"	11'-9"	6'-0"	1'-9"	7 1/2"	65	0	9'-9"	11'-9"	6'-9"	4'-3"	4"	1"	70	3'-9"	10'-0"	12'-9"	6'-6"	2'-0"	7 1/2"	70	0	10'-6"	12'-6"	7'-6"	4'-6"	3 1/2"	1 1/2"	75	3'-0"	11'-3"	13'-9"	7'-0"	2'-6"	8"	75	0	10'-6"	13'-3"	8'-3"	5'-6"	3"	1 1/2"	80	0	0	13'-6"	10'-9"	13'-9"	8"	80	0	11'-0"	13'-6"	9'-6"	6'-0"	5"	1 3/4"	4 L 725 *		4 L 725 x 14 1/2"	



Note:
 Studs used as shear connectors shall be automatically end welded to beam by the use of a stud welding gun. The welds shall be of sufficient strength to permit the studs to be bent @ 30°.
 Equivalent number of 3/8" studs may be used in lieu of 3/4" studs, if conditions warrant.
 Shear capacity of 1-3/8" Stud = 3450#
 Shear capacity of 1-3/4" Stud = 2540#
 Spacing for 3/4" Studs shall be reduced to 73.5% of that shown for 3/8" Studs.
 * 10" long for 36WF
 9 1/2" long for 33WF with 97% of spacing shown in Tables.
 8 1/2" long for 30WF with 87% of spacing shown in Tables.

NONCOMPOSITE SIMPLE BEAM SIZES and MAXIMUM REACTIONS (KIPS)

BEAM SPACING	No. of BMS	SPAN CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS (FEET)						
		20'	25'	30'	35'	40'	45'	50'
7'-6"	5	21WF62	24WF76	27WF94	30WF116	33WF130	36WF150	36WF170
		(21WF68)	(27WF84)	(30WF99)	(30WF116)			
REACTION		51.1	56.4	62.6	68.6	74.3	79.5	83.8
HALF ROADWAY WITH SIDEWALK								
6'-9"	6	21WF55	24WF68	27WF84	30WF108	33WF118	36WF135	36WF160
		(21WF62)	(24WF76)	(27WF94)	(30WF108)			
REACTION		46.2	50.9	56.3	62.0	67.0	71.3	75.7

COMPOSITE SIMPLE BEAM SIZES and MAXIMUM REACTIONS (KIPS)

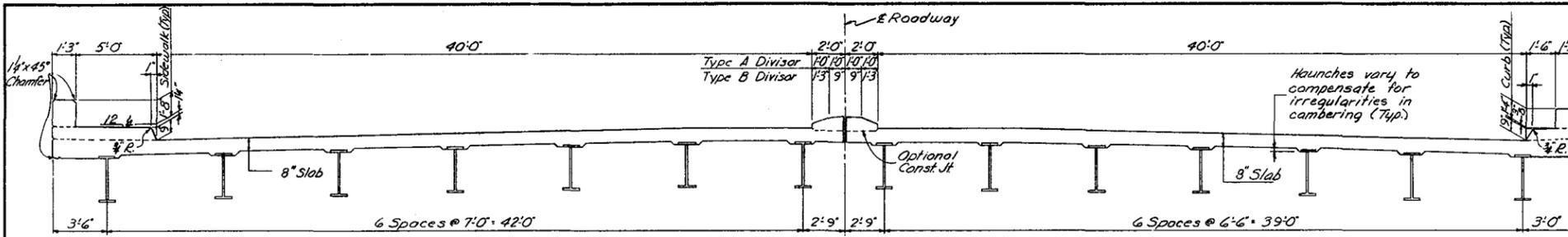
BEAM SPACING	No. of BMS	SPAN CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS (FEET)						
		50'	55'	60'	65'	70'	75'	80'
7'-6"	5	30WF108	33WF118	36WF135	36WF150	36WF160	36WF182	36WF230
		C.P. 9'-3" x 35'-0"	C.P. 10'-3" x 38'-0"	C.P. 10'-3" x 39'-0"	C.P. 10'-1" x 43'-0"	C.P. 10'-1" x 47'-0"	C.P. 10'-1" x 50'-0"	C.P. 14'-3" x 47'-0"
REACTION		86.0	90.0	95.0	100.0	105.0	110.0	115.0
HALF ROADWAY WITH SIDEWALK								
6'-9"	6	30WF99	33WF118	33WF118	36WF135	36WF150	36WF182	36WF194
		C.P. 9'-3" x 35'-0"	C.P. 10'-3" x 35'-0"	C.P. 10'-3" x 42'-0"	C.P. 10'-3" x 43'-0"	C.P. 10'-1" x 48'-0"	C.P. 10'-1" x 46'-0"	C.P. 11'-8" x 52'-0"
REACTION		77.0	81.0	85.0	90.0	93'-0"	98.0	102.0

SUMMARY OF DECK QUANTITIES

REINFORCEMENT BARS - lbs./lin. ft.	CLASS AA CONCRETE Cu. Yds./lin. ft.
235.67	1.11
261.15	1.28

Approved: AUG - 2 1963
 J. H. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

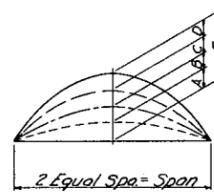
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT
STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
 68' ROADWAY



HALF ROADWAY WITH SIDEWALK

HALF ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB

SPACING OF 3/8" STUDS & 4" E SHEAR CONNECTORS-6'6" BEAM SPACING						SPACING OF 3/8" STUDS & 4" E SHEAR CONNECTORS-7'0" BEAM SPACING						TYPE of SHEAR CONN.			
SPAN						SPAN						SPAN 50' to 80'		SPAN 80' (110' Span Only)	
L-1 L-2 L-3 L-4 L-5						L-1 L-2 L-3 L-4 L-5						4 Studs		6 Studs	
1/2 SPAN						1/2 SPAN						min. 2"		min. 2"	
CAMBER						CAMBER						4 L 7.25 *		5 L 9.0 **	
50	4'0"	6'6"	8'6"	6'0"	0	50	5'0"	6'9"	8'0"	5'3"	0	5'	1 1/2"	5'	3"
60	0	9'0"	11'0"	5'6"	2'0"	60	0	10'3"	11'0"	6'0"	2'9"	5'	3/4"	5'	1 1/2"
65	0	10'0"	11'6"	7'3"	4'6"	65	0	9'9"	12'6"	7'0"	3'3"	5'	1 1/2"	5'	1 1/2"
70	0	9'3"	12'6"	8'6"	4'9"	70	0	10'3"	13'3"	7'6"	4'0"	5'	1 1/2"	5'	1 1/2"
75	0	8'0"	14'0"	9'0"	6'6"	75	0	10'3"	13'9"	8'9"	4'9"	5'	1 1/2"	5'	1 1/2"
80	0	8'0"	15'0"	9'6"	7'6"	80	0	10'9"	14'3"	9'6"	5'6"	5'	1 1/2"	5'	1 1/2"

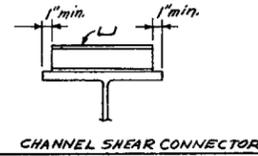


CAMBER DIAGRAM

A = Camber due to Steel
 B = Camber due to Concrete
 C = Camber due to Vertical Curve
 D = Camber due to Superelevation
 E = Total Camber

Camber shall be a parabolic curve. Where total camber is less than minimum that can be maintained in beam, no camber will be required, but any residual camber shall be up

Note:
 Studs used as shear connectors shall be automatically end welded to beam by the use of a stud welding gun. The welds shall be of sufficient strength to permit the studs to be bent @ 30°.
 Equivalent number of 3/8" studs may be used in lieu of 3/4" studs, if conditions warrant.
 Shear capacity of 1-3/8" Stud = 3450*
 Shear capacity of 1-1/4" Stud = 2540*
 Spacing for 3/8" studs shall be reduced to 73.5% of that shown for 3/4" studs.
 * 10" long for 36WF
 9 1/2" long for 33WF with 97% of spacing shown in Tables.
 8 1/2" long for 30WF with 87% of spacing shown in Tables.
 ** 10" long with 73% of spacing shown in Table.



CHANNEL SHEAR CONNECTOR

GENERAL NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. Forms 408/60 and 409/43.
- Design Specifications: Design division of 1961 "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges" of the AASHTO except roadway slab is designed for an allowable compressive concrete stress of 1000 psi.
- Live Load: H20-S16-44 and/or Alternate Interstate Loading.
- Dead Load includes 30 lbs. per sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the roadway slab.
- Steel reinforcement bars are designed for $f_s = 18000$ psi and detailed in accordance with ACI Code. Bars shall be lapped 30 diameters.
- Provide 1/2" cover on reinforcement bars except for 1" cover on bottom of slab.
- Concrete: Class AA.
- Structural Steel: ASTM A36-62T Designation.
- Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1"x1" except as noted.
- For Parapet railing and guard fence connections, refer to P.D.H. Std. Dwg. S-1614-C or S-3361.
- For Bearing details, refer to P.D.H. Std. Dwg. S-2721.
- For expansion dams and joints, refer to P.D.H. Std. Dwg. S-2722.
- For Bridge drainage and scuppers, refer to P.D.H. Std. Dwg. S-2723.
- For diaphragms and connections, refer to P.D.H. Std. Dwg. S-2724.
- For deck slab details, refer to P.D.H. Std. Dwg. S-2735.
- All welding shall be in accordance with "Standard Specifications for Welded Highway and Railway Bridges" of the American Welding Society. For welds, submerged arc process OR shielded metal arc process with electrodes conforming to ASTM designation E-6016, E-6018, E-7016, or E-7018 shall be used.
- For end details, refer to P.D.H. Std. Dwg. S-2736.

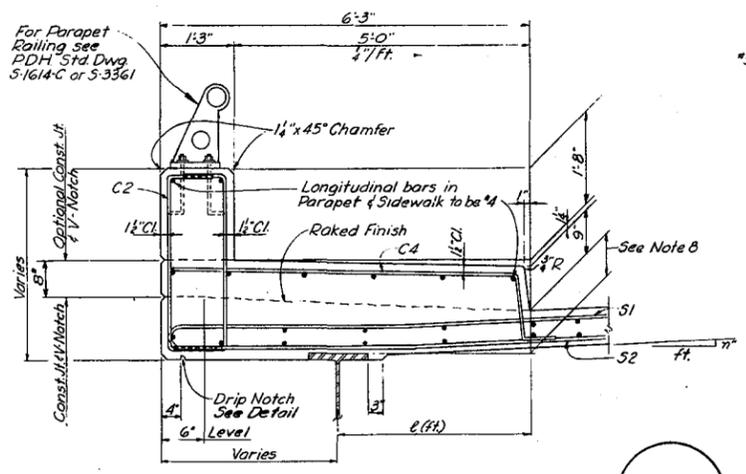
BEAM SPACING	No. of BAYS	NONCOMPOSITE SIMPLE BEAM SIZES and MAXIMUM REACTIONS (KIPS)						
		SPAN CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS (FEET)						
		20'	25'	30'	35'	40'	45'	50'
		HALF ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB						
6'6"	7	21WF55 (21WF62)	24WF68 (24WF76)	27WF84 (27WF84)	30WF99 (30WF108)	33WF118	36WF135	36WF150
REACTION		41.6	47.8	53.0	58.3	63.1	66.9	71.0
		HALF ROADWAY WITH SIDEWALK						
7'0"	7	21WF55 (21WF62)	24WF68 (24WF76)	27WF84 (27WF94)	30WF108 (30WF108)	33WF130	36WF135	36WF160
REACTION		45.2	52.2	57.9	63.8	68.8	73.7	78.8

BEAM SPACING	No. of BAYS	COMPOSITE SIMPLE BEAM SIZES and MAXIMUM REACTIONS (KIPS)						
		SPAN CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS (FEET)						
		50'	55'	60'	65'	70'	75'	80'
		HALF ROADWAY WITH SAFETY CURB						
6'6"	7	30WF99 C.P. 9x3x33'0"	33WF118 C.P. 10x1/2x33'0"	33WF118 C.P. 10x3/4x41'0"	36WF135 C.P. 10x3/4x42'0"	36WF150 C.P. 10x1/2x44'0"	36WF182 C.P. 10x3/4x45'0"	36WF194 C.P. 11x1x50'0"
REACTION		72.0	76.0	79.0	84.0	87.0	92.0	96.0
		HALF ROADWAY WITH SIDEWALK						
7'0"	7	30WF99 C.P. 9x3x35'0"	33WF118 C.P. 10x3/4x33'0"	36WF135 C.P. 10x3/4x35'0"	36WF150 C.P. 10x3/4x40'0"	36WF160 C.P. 10x1/2x44'0"	36WF182 C.P. 10x1/2x47'0"	36WF194 C.P. 11x1x52'0"
REACTION		75.0	79.0	83.0	87.0	91.0	95.0	98.0

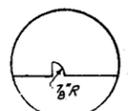
SUMMARY OF DECK QUANTITIES	INCLUDES PARAPETS, CURBS AND/OR SIDEWALKS
HALF ROADWAY SLAB WITH SAFETY CURB & DIVISOR	REINFORCEMENT CLASS AA CONCRETE BARS - lbs./lin. ft. Cu. Yds./lin. ft.
SIDEWALK & DIVISOR	285.50 1.25
	316.30 1.47

Approved: AUG - 2 1963
 Z. J. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

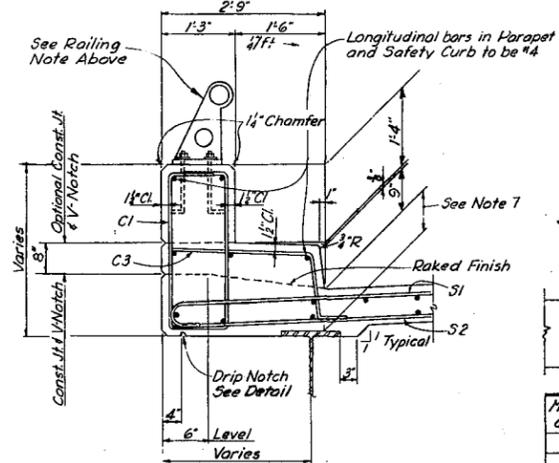
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE UNIT
 STANDARD
 STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
 84' ROADWAY



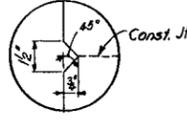
STANDARD SIDEWALK DETAIL
Scale 3/4"=1'-0"



DRIP NOTCH DETAIL



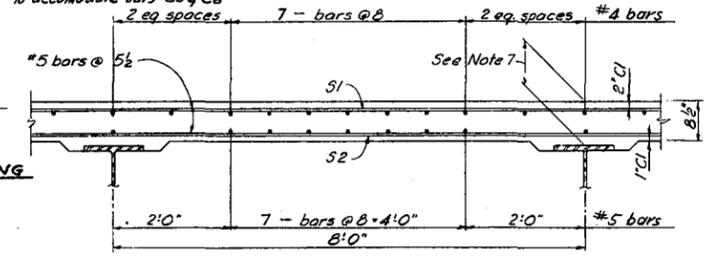
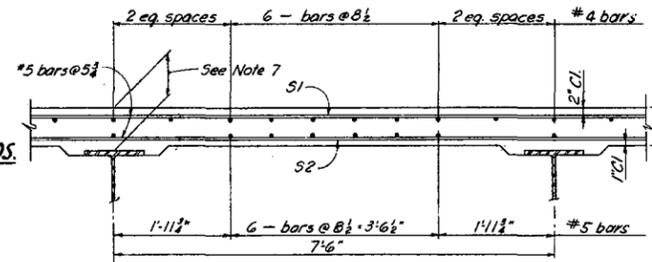
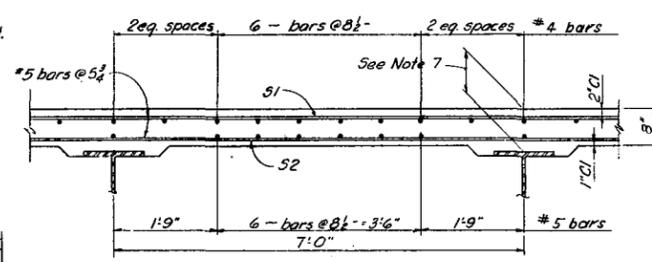
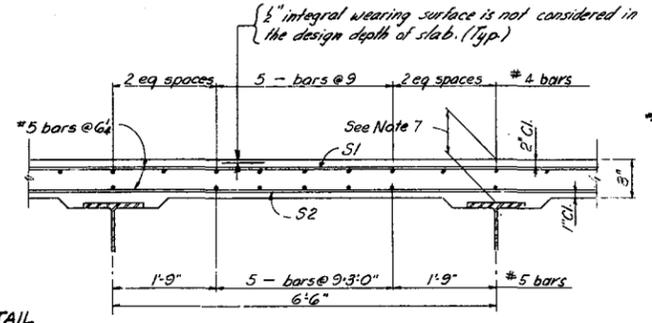
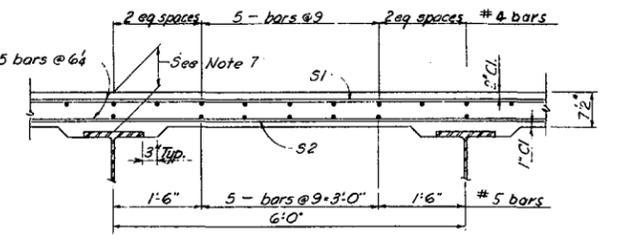
STANDARD SAFETY CURB DETAIL
Scale 3/4"=1'-0"



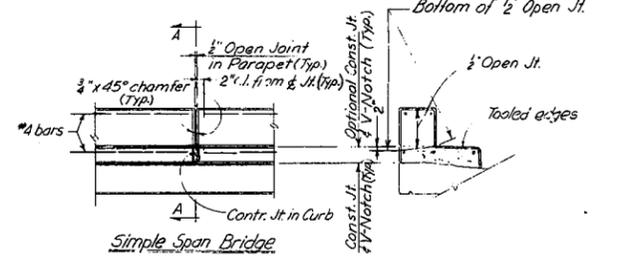
V-NOTCH DETAIL

Max. thickness of Cor. Pl.	Size of weld
1/2"	3/16"
3/4"	1/4"
1 1/2"	5/16"

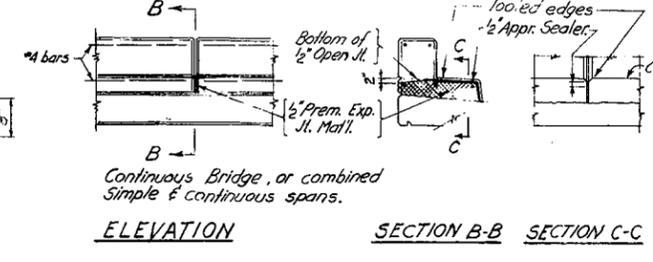
COVER PLATE WELDS.



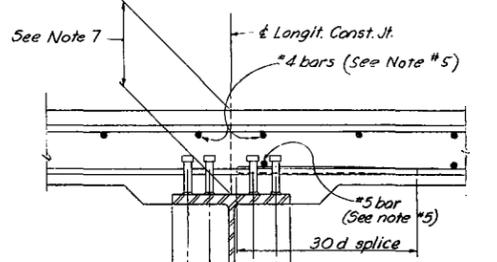
STANDARD SLAB REINFORCEMENT
Scale 3/4"=1'-0"



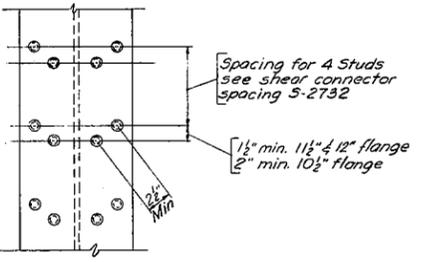
OPEN JOINT DETAILS
Scale 3/4"=1'-0"



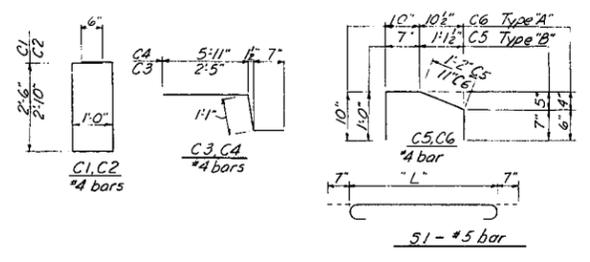
OPEN JOINT DETAILS
Scale 3/4"=1'-0"



STUD SPACING AT LONGITUDINAL CONSTRUCTION JOINT
Scale 1 1/2"=1'-0"



PLAN
Scale 1 1/2"=1'-0"



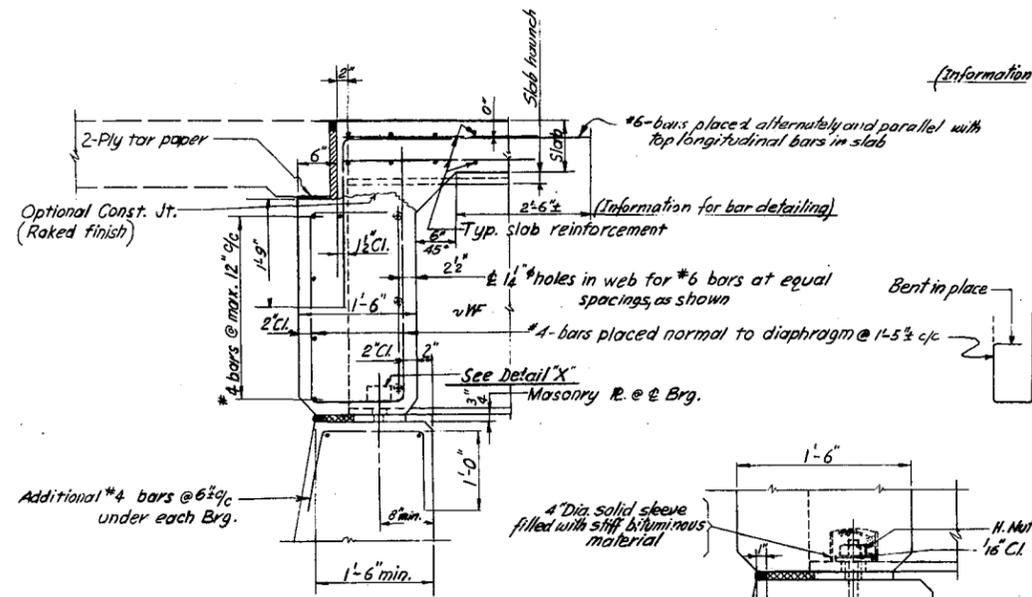
BAR BENDING DIAGRAMS
All dimensions are out to out.

NOTES and REINFORCEMENT BAR INSTRUCTIONS

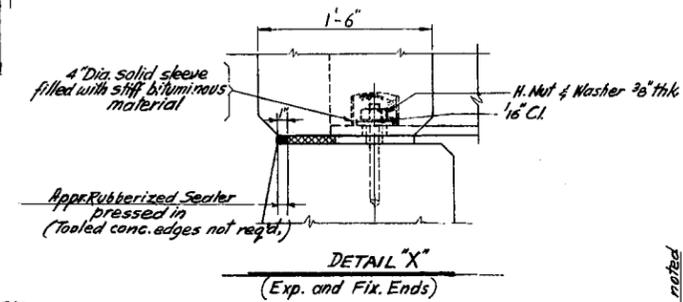
- Place transverse reinforcement in deck slab parallel to & Brgs for skew angles 75° and more. The spacing of bars shall be measured along center line of roadway. For skew less than 75° the bars shall be placed normal to centerline of roadway and length cut to fit.
- A one-half inch open joint in parapet shall be provided at two to three times the spacing of the railing posts. Joints shall be located at not less than 1'-0" from centerline of railing post.
- Steel reinforcement bars designed for $f_s = 18,000$ psi and detailed per A.C.I. code. Bars shall be spliced 30d except as noted.
- All Concrete in Slab, Curb, Sidewalk, Divisor and Parapet shall be Class AA Concrete.
- At a longitudinal construction joint, the top and bottom longitudinal bars, directly over the stringer, shall be placed as shown.
- Bars C_1, C_2, C_3 and C_4 to be spaced at 12" c.c. Bars C_5 and C_6 to be spaced at double spacing of transverse bars S_1 and S_2 .
- Min. distance Top of Slab to Top of Flange of & Bearings = Depth of Slab plus 1/2" for camber up to 2", or Depth of Slab plus 3/4" for camber over 2".
- Min. distance Top of Slab at Gutter to Top of Flange of & Bearings = Depth of Slab plus $n \times l$ (allowance for slab cross slope) plus allowance for camber as in Note 7.

Approved: **J.F. Jensen**
Bridge Engineer

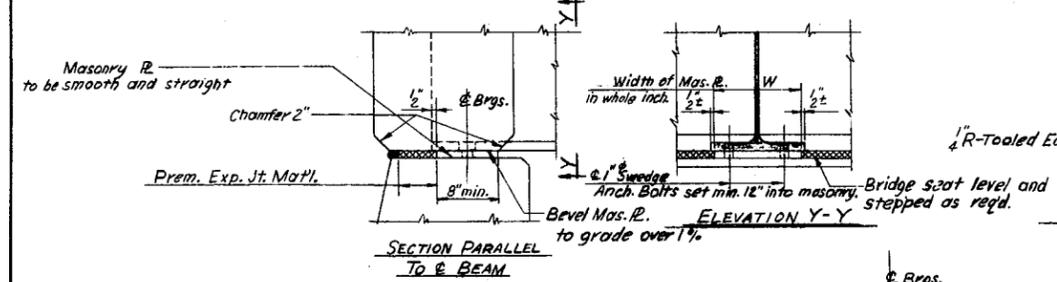
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE UNIT
STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES DETAILS



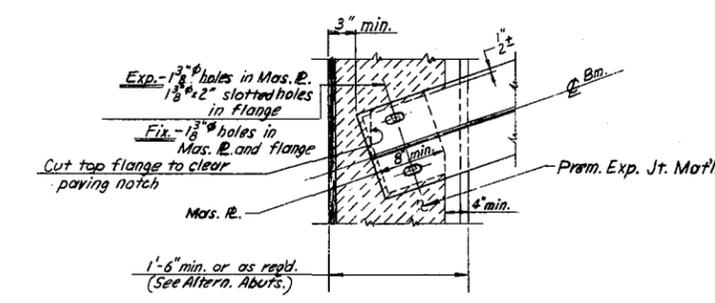
TYPICAL SECTION
(Normal to Diaphragm)



DETAIL "X"
(Exp. and Fix. Ends)



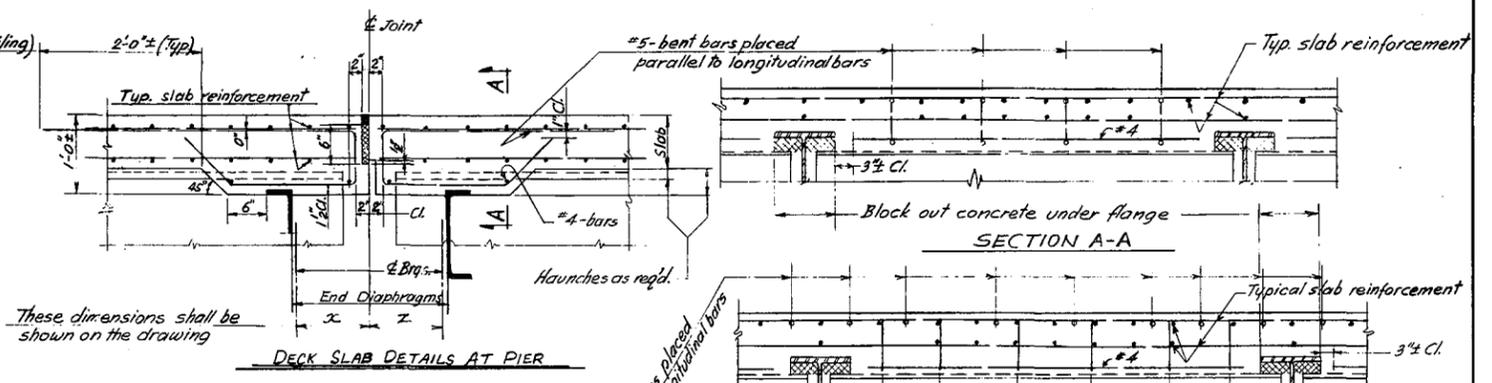
SECTION PARALLEL
TO & BEAM



PLAN
(End Diaphrag. not shown)

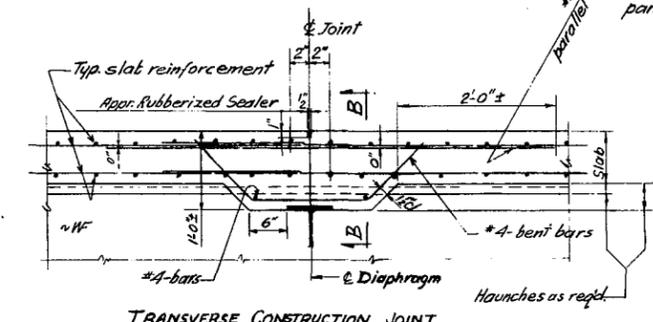
END CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM AT ABUTMENTS
Simple-Span Bridges: Fix. and Exp. Brgs. for spans max. 50 Ft.

(Information for bar detailing)

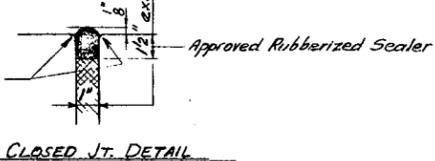


DECK SLAB DETAILS AT PIER

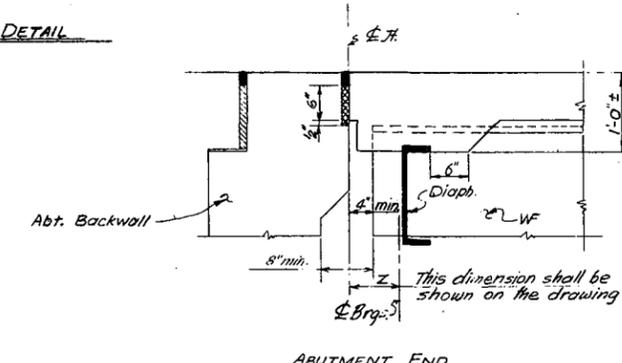
These dimensions shall be shown on the drawing



TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT



CLOSED JT. DETAIL



ABUTMENT END

For slab reinforcement see Deck Slab Details at Pier, shown above.

NOTE:
For type and application of joints see Std. Dwg. 5-2721, Sheet 2.

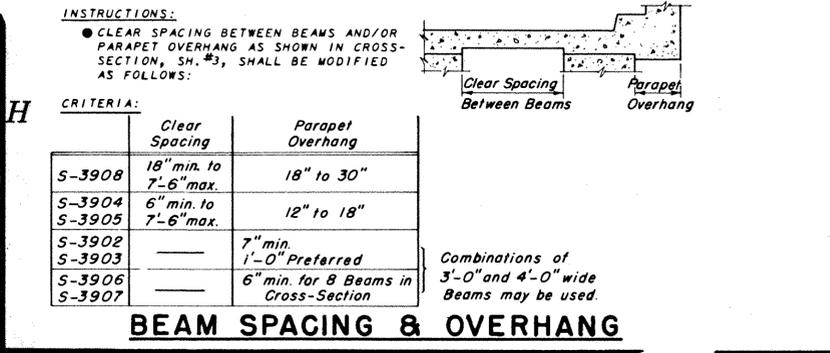
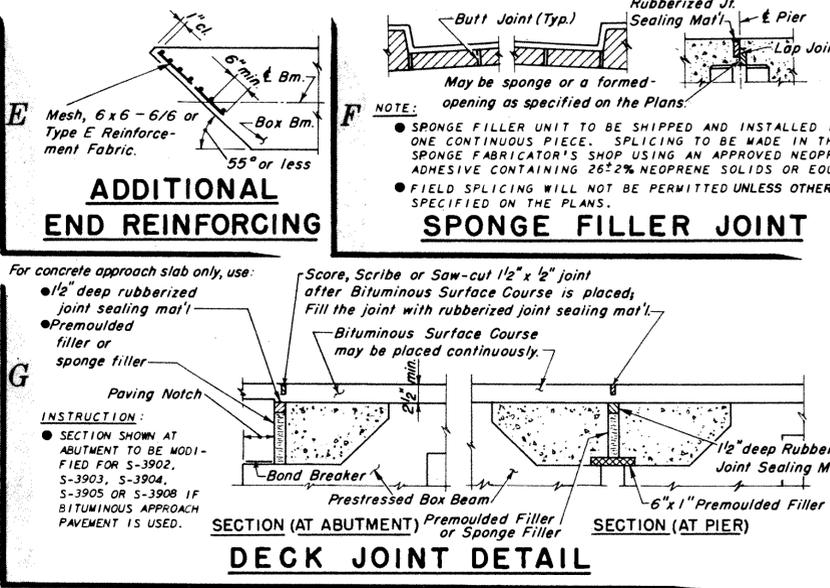
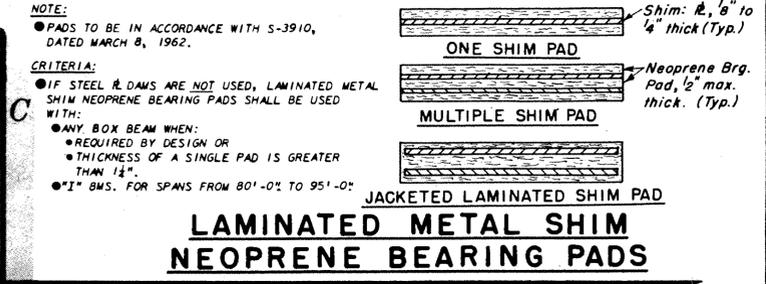
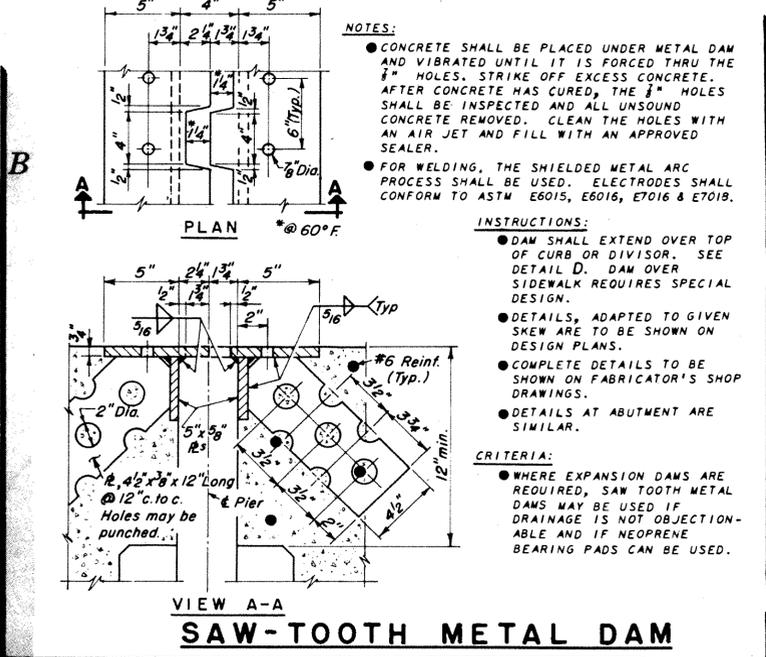
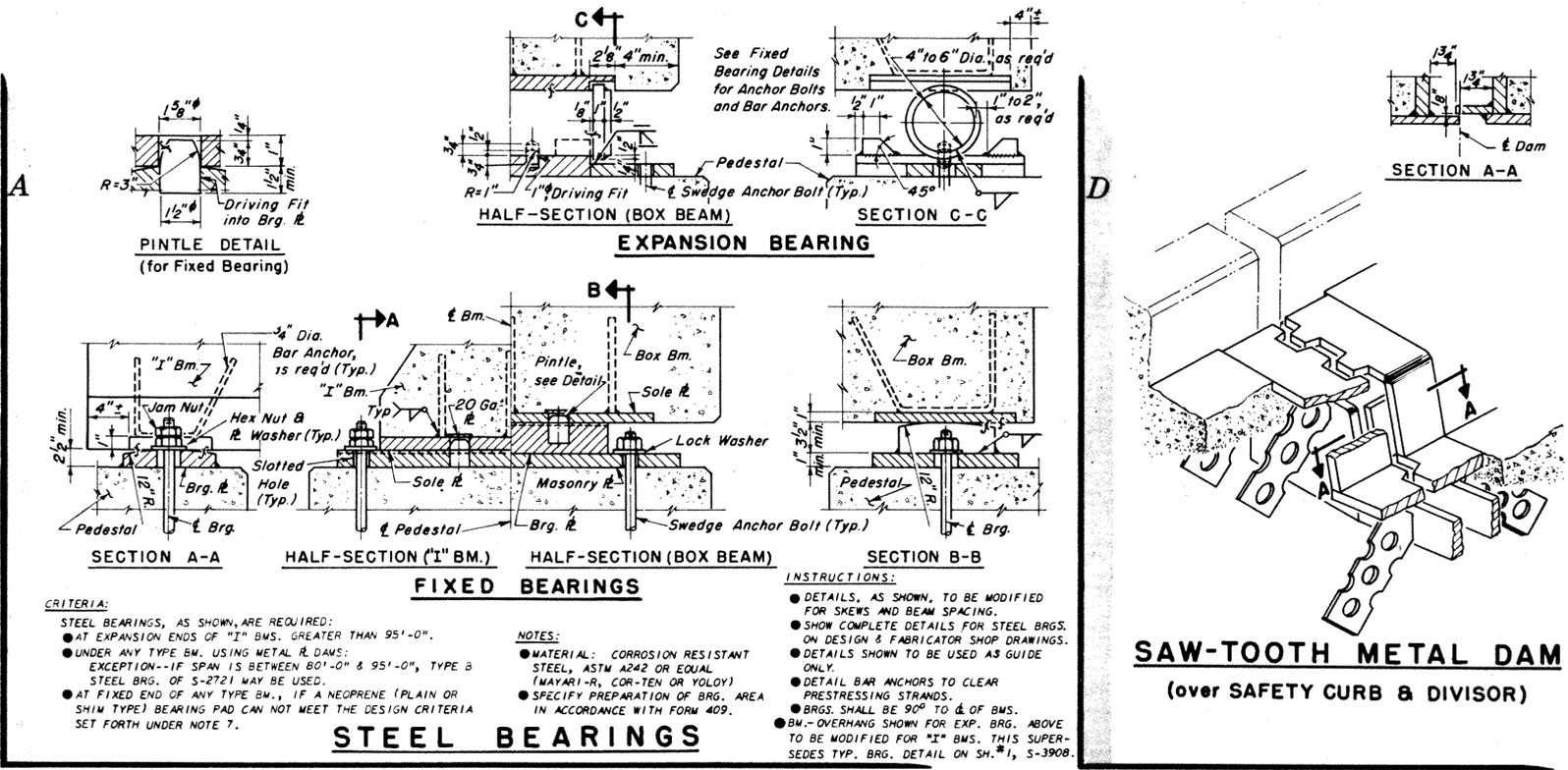
By: G.T.V.
CK: P.F.K.

Approved: AUG - 2 1968
K.H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE UNIT
STANDARD
STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
END DETAILS

DETAILS

NOTES & INSTRUCTIONS



- PRESTRESSING STEEL IN PRETENSIONED OR PRE-POST-TENSIONED BEAMS-(SH.#4, DESIGN NOTES):** NUMBER OF STRANDS SELECTED FROM THE CURVES FOR BEAMS SHALL BE CHECKED TO PROVIDE MINIMUM CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA OF PRESTRESSING STEEL OF NOT LESS THAN 0.3% OF THE BASIC CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA OF THE MEMBER.
- SHEAR KEY IN BEAM-(SH.#5):** SHALL NOT BE SHOWN NOR FABRICATED INTO OUTSIDE FACE OF FASCIA BOX BEAM.
- HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FOR BEARINGS-(SH.#1):** SHALL BE CORROSION RESISTANT ASTM A242 STEEL OR EQUAL (MAYARI-R, COR-TEN OR YOLOY).
- WATERPROOFING AT ABUTMENT-(SH.#1):** INSTEAD OF NEOPRENE TUBE AS SHOWN, SPECIFY CLOSED-CELLULAR NEOPRENE SPONGE CONTINUOUS STRIP: 2" X (1/2" + THICKNESS OF BEARING PAD) X FULL LENGTH OF ABUTMENT BRIDGE SEAT.
- AT ABUTMENT CHEEK WALL-(SH.#2):** INSTEAD OF PREMOULDED JOINT MATERIAL AS SHOWN AGAINST BEAM AND SUPERSTRUCTURE, SPECIFY CLOSED-CELLULAR NEOPRENE SPONGE FOR FULL APPLICATION AREA.
- BALANCE OF HORIZONTAL FORCES:**
GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO:
● ESTABLISHMENT OF THE FIXED AND EXPANSION ARRANGEMENT (PROVIDE OPPOSING MOVEMENT AT PIERS, IF POSSIBLE).
● SELECTION OF TYPE BEARINGS;
● STEEL BEARINGS (CONSIDER DESIGN REQUIREMENTS).
● BEARING PADS (CONSIDER SHAPE FACTOR AND HARDNESS).
- NEOPRENE BEARING PADS-(SH.#1):**
● 50, 60 OR 70 DUROMETER BEARING PADS MAY BE USED. THE MATERIAL FOR 50 DUROMETER PADS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS FOR 60 DUROMETER PADS AS LISTED IN SUPPLEMENT 6.24.2 OR 6.14.2 EXCEPT THE FOLLOWING SUBSTITUTIONS:
UNDER (A) DUROMETER HARDNESS, 5045
(F) TEAR TEST REQUIREMENT, 225±50 IN.
(G) SHEAR MODULUS TEST REQUIREMENT, 110±12 P.S.I.
● DESIGN CRITERIA; ITEM (5): FOR 50, 60 & 70 DUROMETER PADS.
● THE POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE MOVEMENT CAUSED BY ANTICIPATED TEMPERATURE CHANGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 25% OF THE THICKNESS OF THE PAD. (TO COMPUTE THE MOVEMENT IN ONE DIRECTION ASSUME MAX. CHANGE IN TEMPERATURE OF CONCRETE FROM TIME OF PAD INSTALLATION TO BE 50°F.).
● PAD THICKNESS = 0.0144 X BEAM LENGTH IN FEET (MAX. 1/2" = 1 1/2").
● THE TABLE ON SH.#1 (DIMENSIONS OF PADS) IS TO BE REVISED TO MEET THE ABOVE REQUIREMENTS.
- ABUTMENT STEM STEEL (FRONT FACE):** #5 VERTICAL REINFORCING BARS @ 18" ARE MANDATORY.
- TIEBARS IN CHEEKWALLS-(SH.#2):** SHALL BE MODIFIED TO #3 BARS AT 6" MAXIMUM SPACING.
- PROTRUDING STRANDS:** WHEN EXTENDED STRANDS ARE SPECIFIED, NOTE ON SHOP DRAWING "DO NOT PAINT END OF BEAM WITH BITUMASTIC MATERIAL."
- DRAINAGE:** ALL PIPES TO BE STANDARD 6" W.I. OR APPROVED EQUAL.
- JOINT MATERIAL:** IF PREMOULDED JOINT FILLER OR PREMOULDED FILLER IS SPECIFIED IN THE STANDARDS, PREMOULDED CORK JOINT MATERIAL SHALL BE SPECIFIED ON THE CONTRACT PLANS.
- ALTERNATING FULL DEPTH DIAPHRAGMS FOR PIERS-S-3904 AND S-3905 (SH.#1):** REFER TO SECT. C-C, SH.#3 OF S-3908.
- ALUMINUM DRAIN S-3902 THRU S-3908** 2 ALUMINUM BLJ.4.25; 2 STEEL BLJ.11.5; OR 8" X 4 1/2" RECTANGULAR SECTION FABRICATED WITH 1/8" PLATES MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR THE CHANNELS SHOWN. ALL STEEL DRAINS SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM A-123 AFTER WELDING.
- SECTION B-B-(SH.#3):** INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGMS, BETWEEN BEAMS, ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR SPREAD BOX OR "I" BEAM SUPERSTRUCTURES WITH SPANS LESS THAN 60'-0".
- PEDESTALS:**
● "I" BMS. AND SPREAD BOX BMS.: WHEN THE BRIDGE SEAT IS NOT UNIFORM OR WHERE STEEL SHOES ARE USED, IT IS MANDATORY THAT CONCRETE PEDESTALS BE USED AS THE BEAM BEARING SEATS. THE PEDESTALS SHALL VARY IN HEIGHT AND BE SET ON A UNIFORMLY SLOPED OR LEVELED TOP OF SUBSTRUCTURE (PIER OR ABUTMENT WITH BACK WALL).
● ADJACENT BOX BEAM: UNDER SPECIAL CONDITIONS PEDESTALS FOR BEAM BEARING SEATS MAY BE REQUIRED.
- BEARING PADS, THICKNESS-(SH.#1):** FOR SPAN 80'-0" OR LONGER, THE THICKNESS OF BEARING PADS AT FIXED END SHALL BE 1" OR MAY BE OF SAME THICKNESS AS PADS AT EXPANSION END.
- DRAINAGE-S-3902 THRU S-3907 (SH.#6), S-3908 (SH.#10):**
● STRUCTURE OVER A STREAM: SCUPPERS AND DRAINAGE PIPES MAY BE OF A TYPE AS SHOWN ON THE STANDARDS, PROVIDED THE DRAINAGE CAPACITY IS EQUIVALENT TO THAT SHOWN IN THE ORIGINAL BRIDGE DESIGN.
● STRUCTURE OVER A ROADWAY OR RAILROAD: SCUPPERS AND DRAINAGE UNIT SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE ORIGINAL BRIDGE DESIGN. MINOR MODIFICATIONS, NECESSARY FOR FITTING THE UNIT TO THE TYPE OF SUPERSTRUCTURE SELECTED, WILL BE PERMITTED.
- PAY ITEMS, "U" WINGS-(SH.#2):** THE SECTION, AS SHOWN, APPLIES TO ORIGINAL BRIDGE DESIGN. FOR ALTERNATE BRIDGE DESIGN, THE LIMIT FOR SUBSTRUCTURE AND SUPERSTRUCTURE WILL BE CHANGED TO FIT THE INDIVIDUAL DESIGN AND AS LISTED IN THE PROPOSAL.
- DECK SLAB THICKNESS FOR ALTERNATE BRIDGE DESIGN-(SH.#3):** THICKNESS OF 7 1/4" MIN. AS REQUIRED BY THESE STANDARDS MAY BE MODIFIED TO THAT AS SHOWN ON ORIGINAL BRIDGE DESIGN, IF DESIGN COMPUTATIONS ARE SUBMITTED AND APPROVED BY THE BRIDGE ENGINEER IN THE CENTRAL OFFICE.
- BEAM DEPTH:** MAY BE VARIED IN 3" INCREMENTS (FROM 21" TO 48" FOR BOX BEAMS AND FROM 30" TO 60" FOR "I" BEAMS) PROVIDED THAT THE DESIGN AND DETAILS CONFORM TO THE CRITERIA AND SECTIONS SHOWN ON THE REFERRED STANDARD DRAWINGS.

DETAILS	ADJACENT BOX BEAMS (Composite)		SPREAD BOX BEAMS (Composite)		ADJACENT BOX BEAMS (Bituminous Surface Course)		I-BEAMS (Comp.)
	S-3902	S-3903	S-3904	S-3905	S-3906	S-3907	S-3908
A	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
B	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
C	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
D	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
E	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
F	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
G	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
H	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
9	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
11	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
13	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
14	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
15	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
16	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
17	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
18	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
19	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
21	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

NOTE: DETAILS AND NOTES & INSTRUCTIONS AS CHECKED ABOVE FOR EACH S-NO.-SERIES ARE TO AMEND, SUPERSEDE AND/OR SUPPLEMENT THE DATA SUPPLIED IN THE INDIVIDUAL S-NO.-SERIES LISTED.

Approved: MAR 8 1962
J.H. Hume
Bridge Engineer

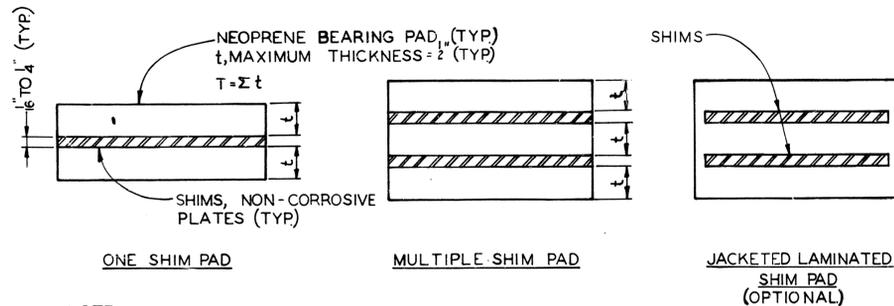
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE UNIT

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE
BRIDGE STANDARDS

ADDENDUM

SHEET _____ OF _____ S-3909

PREPARED BY DIVISION OF BRIDGE ENGINEERING, P.D.H.



SPECIFICATIONS

1. **DESCRIPTION:** LAMINATED METAL SHIM NEOPRENE BEARING PADS SHALL BE FABRICATED TO THE DIMENSIONS AS SHOWN ON THE DESIGN DRAWINGS AND/OR APPROVED SHOP DRAWINGS AND MUST CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE PROPOSAL.
FOR THE PURPOSE OF THESE SPECIFICATIONS THE BRIDGE ENGINEER SHALL MEAN THE CHIEF BRIDGE ENGINEER IN THE CENTRAL OFFICE.
2. **DESIGN:** COMPUTATIONS WILL BE REQUIRED FOR PAD DESIGNS. DESIGN SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN CRITERIA AND OTHER INSTRUCTIONS
3. **SHOP DRAWINGS:** THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT TWO SETS OF SHOP DRAWINGS AND COMPUTATIONS TO THE BRIDGE ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL AND NINE SETS OF PRINTS AND ONE SET OF TRACINGS ON CLOTH OR EQUAL OF THE APPROVED DRAWINGS MUST BE FURNISHED TO THE BRIDGE ENGINEER FOR HIS FILE AND DISTRIBUTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT PROCEED WITH THE MANUFACTURE OF THE PADS UNTIL THE FINAL SHOP DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN APPROVED. THE PROCESS OF FABRICATION USED FOR THE SHIM PADS SHALL BE DESCRIBED ON THE SHOP DRAWINGS.
4. **MATERIALS:** UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:
 - A. NON-CORROSIVE PLATES
 1. STEEL ASTM A-242. (COLD ROLLED)
 2. STAINLESS STEEL ASTM 167 OR ASTM 176
 3. ALUMINUM ASTM 6209-ALLOY 6011A TEMPER T6.
 - B. PLATES FOR JACKETED SHIM PADS
 1. ALL MATERIAL CONFORMING TO ITEMS 4.A. 1 TO 3
 2. CARBON STEEL 1010-1020
 - C. NEOPRENE BEARING PADS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 6.11.2 DATED NOV. 1, 1960 OF FORM LCE/EC OR SUBSEQUENT REVISIONS.
 - D. TYPES OF VULCANIZING ADHESIVES TO BE APPROVED BY THE BRIDGE ENGINEER
5. **MANUFACTURE OF LAMINATED METAL SHIM NEOPRENE BEARING PADS:**
 - A. GENERAL: PADS MAY BE MOULDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DESIGN DIMENSIONS OR FABRICATED IN LARGE PIECES AND CUT TO SPECIFIED SIZE. PADS SHALL BE ASSEMBLED USING UNCURED NEOPRENE AS SPECIFIED ON THE SHOP DRAWINGS AND FULLY MOULDED IN ONE OPERATION STARTING WITH UNCURED STOCK (NEOPRENE) AND VULCANIZING BETWEEN BONDED SURFACES.
 - B. CUTTING OF METAL PLATES: METAL PLATES FOR PADS ASSEMBLED WITH UNCURED NEOPRENE MAY BE CUT WITH SHEARS. CUT EDGES SHALL BE SMOOTH AND BURR REMOVED. ALL DEFORMATIONS OR ROUGH EDGES CAUSED BY CUTTING SHALL BE REMOVED.
 - C. PREPARATION AND POSITIONING OF METAL PLATES: METAL SURFACES SHOULD BE CLEANED OF ALL OIL, GREASE, RUST, SCALE, DIRT OR OTHER CONTAMINANTS THRU GRIT BLASTING AND DEGREASED BEFORE AND AFTER GRIT BLASTING. ALUMINUM SURFACES SHALL, IN ADDITION TO BLASTING, BE PREPARED CHEMICALLY BY THE USE OF COMMERCIALY AVAILABLE CONVERSION COATINGS. THE TYPE OF COATING TO BE LISTED ON THE SHOP DRAWING.
THE SHIMS AND UNCURED NEOPRENE LAYERS SHALL BE POSITIONED ACCURATELY BY SUPPORTING PINS OR ANY OTHER APPROVED METHODS AS SHOWN ON THE SHOP DRAWINGS. WHEN PIN SUPPORTS ARE USED, FOR MULTIPLE SHIM PADS, THE INTERMEDIATE SHIM PLATES SHALL BE SUPPORTED BY PINS ON SIDES OF THE PAD. INTERIOR PINS SHALL NOT BE USED. THE HOLES FORMED IN THE FINISHED OUTER NEOPRENE BEARING PADS SHALL BE FILLED, AFTER CURING AND REMOVAL OF PINS, WITH A NEOPRENE COMPOUND CONTAINING A MINIMUM OF 50% NEOPRENE SOLIDS. THE SOLIDS SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL AS THE NEOPRENE BEARING PADS. OTHER METHODS OF FABRICATION MAY BE USED IF SHOWN ON APPROVED SHOP PLANS.
 - D. APPLICATION OF ADHESIVE: APPLICATION SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. WHEN SPRAYING OF ADHESIVES IT IS NECESSARY TO HAVE THE ADHESIVE REACH THE METAL PART WET.
 - E. DRYING OF ADHESIVES, HANDLING OF CEMENTED PARTS AND PREPARATION OF UNCURED NEOPRENE COMPOUND: THIS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOOD PRACTICE AND AS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER OF THE VULCANIZING ADHESIVE.
 - F. FABRICATION OF PADS: PREPARED LAYERS OF NEOPRENE AND METAL SHIMS SHALL BE PLACED IN A PRESS AND SUBJECTED TO SUFFICIENT PRESSURE AND TEMP. TO MAINTAIN INTIMATE CONTACT OF THE ENTIRE SURFACE DURING VULCANIZING. VULCANIZATION SHALL CONFORM TO THE PREVAILING PRACTICE. CURED NEOPRENE SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 4C.
 - G. FINISHING OF PADS: THE FINISHED CUT PADS SHALL BE MACHINED SMOOTH AND BUFFED TO REMOVE ALL NICKS AND CUT MARKS CAUSED BY THE CUTTING OR THE FABRICATION PROCESS ON NEOPRENE PAD. THE FINAL PRODUCT SHALL HAVE A NEAT AND SMOOTH APPEARANCE. PADS FULLY MOULDED IN ONE OPERATION WITH NEAT AND SMOOTH EDGES AND SIDES, NEED NOT BE MACHINED. PADS SHOWING UNBONDED SURFACES AT ANY PLACE SHALL BE REJECTED UNLESS THEY ARE REBONDED THROUGH VULCANIZING.
 - H. FABRICATION TOLERANCES: PAD THICKNESS MAY VARY $\pm 1/16$ " OF TOTAL DEPTH. PAD LENGTH AND WIDTH MAY VARY $\pm 1/16$ " FOR TOTAL DIMENSIONS. NEOPRENE EDGES OF THE CUT PAD SHALL BE SMOOTH AND SHALL NOT SHOW NICKS OR CUTS.
6. **NOTICE OF FABRICATION:** PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS, DIVISION OF BRIDGE ENGINEERING O.R. 230-16 AND CENTRAL TESTING LABORATORY, HARRISBURG, PENNA. SHALL BE NOTIFIED IN WRITING TEN (10) DAYS IN ADVANCE OF THE SCHEDULED FABRICATION (GIVING ESTIMATED TIME AND DATE, PLACE AND COMPLETION DATE OF THE FABRICATION.)
7. **CERTIFICATION:** ALL SHIPMENTS OF THIS MATERIAL MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A NOTARIZED COPY OF THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE EXECUTED ON FORM 480 (AVAILABLE AT PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS, NORTH OFFICE BUILDING, HARRISBURG, PENNA.) AND SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE ENGINEER UPON ARRIVAL AT THE POINT OF DELIVERY. THREE (3) COPIES OF THIS CERTIFICATE MUST BE FORWARDED TO THE PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS LABORATORY, 1116 STATE STREET, HARRISBURG, PENNA.
FORM 480 SHALL BE AMENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS: "PADS ARE FABRICATED IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED SHOP DRAWING # _____ IN THE PERIOD FROM _____ TO _____."
"SHIMS USED ARE CONFORMING TO A.S.T.M. _____"
8. **INSPECTION:** ALL PADS MAY BE INSPECTED BY THE ENGINEER AT THE FABRICATOR'S PLANT; HOWEVER, FINAL ACCEPTANCE MAY BE MADE AT THE BRIDGE SITE PRIOR TO PLACING THE PADS IN THEIR PERMANENT POSITION. THE DEPARTMENT RESERVES THE RIGHT TO INSPECT THE COMPLETE PROCESS COVERING MANUFACTURE OF PADS.
 - A. NEOPRENE BEARING TEST PADS OF THE SAME MATERIAL USED IN THE FABRICATION OF THE BRIDGE PADS, SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT IN ORDER THAT A.S.T.M. TEST SAMPLES AS REQUIRED MAY BE CUT FROM THESE PADS. TWO (2) NEOPRENE BEARING TEST PADS (12"x12"x3/4") AND LAMINATED METAL SHIM NEOPRENE BEARING PADS OF 6"x10" MINIMUM SIZE WILL BE REQUIRED FOR EVERY TWENTY (20) SHIM PADS OR FRACTION THEREOF DELIVERED FOR EACH BRIDGE PROJECT. THE FABRICATOR SHALL CERTIFY IN WRITING THAT THE NEOPRENE FOR THE ABOVE SAMPLES ARE FROM THE SAME BATCH-LOT AS THE NEOPRENE USED FOR THE BRIDGE BEARING PADS. ALL SAMPLES SHALL BE SUPPLIED AT NO COST TO THE DEPARTMENT.
 - B. APPROVAL OF PLANT: TO QUALIFY FOR APPROVAL THE PLANT DESIRING TO FABRICATE LAMINATED METAL SHIM BEARING PADS WILL HAVE TO SUBMIT A WRITTEN OUTLINE OF THEIR FABRICATION AND QUALITY CONTROL METHODS USED. SAMPLES AND CERTIFICATION WILL BE REQUIRED FOR TESTING AND APPROVAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEMS 7, 8A AND 9. PADS WILL BE SUBJECT TO REJECTION IF THEY SHOW ANY SEPARATION OR FAIL TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THESE SPECIFICATIONS.
9. **TESTS:** BOND TESTS MAY BE MADE ON RANDOMLY SELECTED FIELD SAMPLES OR ON SAMPLES AS SPECIFIED ON THE SHOP DRAWING OR, IF REQUESTED, TESTS TO BE ASTM D429-58 METHOD E. BOND TEST IN FIELD CONSISTS OF CUTTING THE SAMPLES THROUGH THE RUBBER SECTIONS AND THEN STRIPPING THE RUBBER FROM THE METAL. AN INTERFACE BREAK CONSISTING OF 90% RUBBER FAILURE WILL BE ACCEPTED AS SATISFACTORY BOND.

NOTE:
PINS AND PLATE SUPPORTS SHALL BE SHOWN ON FABRICATOR'S SHOP DRAWINGS.

LAMINATED SHIM BEARING PADS

DESIGN CRITERIA

- 1- (A) 2% MAXIMUM SHEAR STRAIN.
(E) MAXIMUM CHANGE IN TEMP. OF CONCRETE 50°F.
(C) THERMAL COEFFICIENT OF CONCRETE C.CC0006.
(D) NEOPRENE TO BE 50, 60 OR 70 DUROMETER.
T, TOTAL THICKNESS OF NEOPRENE MATERIAL, (IN.) = C.C16 (BEAM LENGTH IN. FT.)
 $T \geq \Sigma t$
- 2- D.L.+L.L. BEARING PRESSURE: 700PSI MAXIMUM FOR MOULDED PADS.
600PSI MAXIMUM FOR PADS CUT TO SIZE AFTER FABRICATION

INSTRUCTIONS: L=LENGTH(IN.); W=WIDTH(IN.); T=THICKNESS (IN.); (D.L.)=DEAD LOAD(LB.); (L.L.)=LIVE LOAD(LB.)
1. CHECK FOR BEARING HARDNESS:

$$\text{COMP. STRESS (P.S.I.)} = \frac{(D.L.) + (L.L.)}{L \cdot W}$$

SHAPE FACTOR = $\frac{L \cdot W}{2(L+W)(t)}$ THIS SHAPE FACTOR NOT TO EXCEED 7.0

COMP. STRAIN SHALL NOT EXCEED 15%.

2- CHECK SLIPPAGE:

BEAM TRAVEL PAD CAN ABSORB WITHOUT SLIP (IN.) = $\frac{(D.L.)T}{5LW} \times \frac{1.8}{K}$

$$K = \begin{cases} 110 (\text{HARDNESS OF 50}) \\ 100 (\text{HARDNESS OF 60}) \\ 115 (\text{HARDNESS OF 70}) \end{cases}$$

BEAM TRAVEL THAT WILL OCCUR (IN.) = C.C0504 (BEAM LENGTH IN FT.)

- A. TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR CONCRETE 70°F.
- B. LOWEST TEMPERATURE FOR SHEAR MODULUS OF NEOPRENE 0°F.

BEAM TRAVEL THAT WILL OCCUR MUST BE LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PAD CAN ABSORB.

3- MAX. SHIM THICKNESS TO BE 50% OF A SINGLE NEOPRENE LAYER.

4- SELECTION OF NEOPRENE MATERIAL, NUMBER OF SHIMS AND GENERAL PAD DESIGNS SHALL BE MADE TO PROVIDE THE LEAST AMOUNT OF HORIZONTAL FORCE EXERTED BY THE BEARING TO THE SUBSTRUCTURE. COMPUTATIONS VERIFYING THAT THIS CONDITION IS MET OR SHOWING THAT HORIZONTAL FORCE TRANSMITTED TO THE SUBSTRUCTURE IS NOT EXCESSIVE, SHALL BE SUBMITTED WITH EACH PAD DESIGN. DESIGNS SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE BRIDGE ENGINEER.

DATA:

- 1- FOR COMPRESSIVE STRESS/STRAIN CURVES & SHAPE FACTOR INFORMATION, REFER TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 2- STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAY BRIDGES 1961 EDITION BY A.A.S.H.O.

DESIGNED: H.P.K. & I.C.P.
DRAWN: R.L.A. & F.C.F.
CHECKED: H.P.K. & I.C.P.
DATE: 11/61

No.	DESCRIPTION	By	CHKD	DATE
1	Design Criteria, Instructions 1-Change 4 T to 1	JCE	HPK	9-11-64
REVISIONS				

SHEET 1 OF 1

S-3910

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA



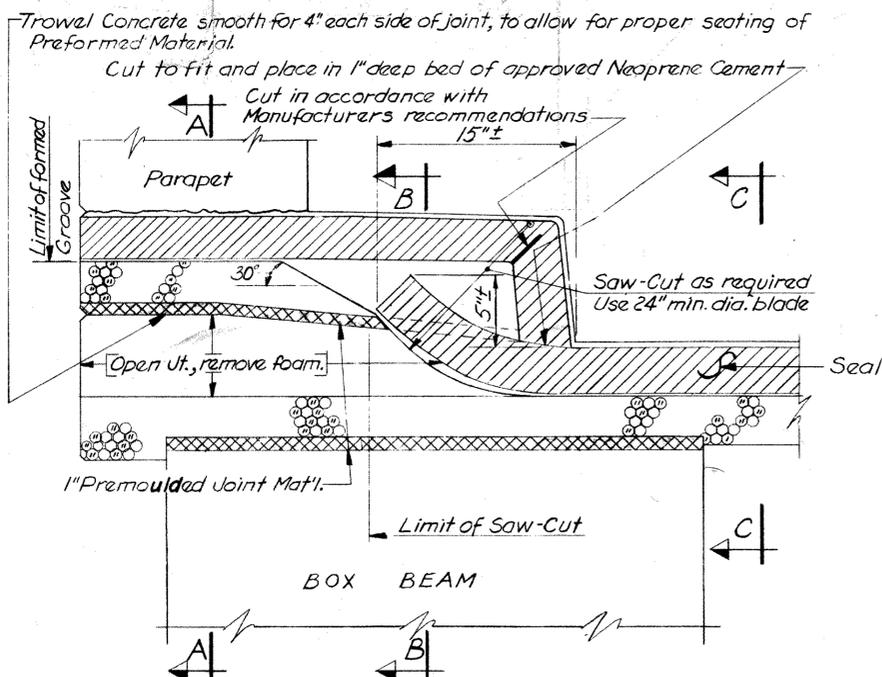
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE UNIT

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE
BRIDGE STANDARDS

LAMINATED METAL SHIM

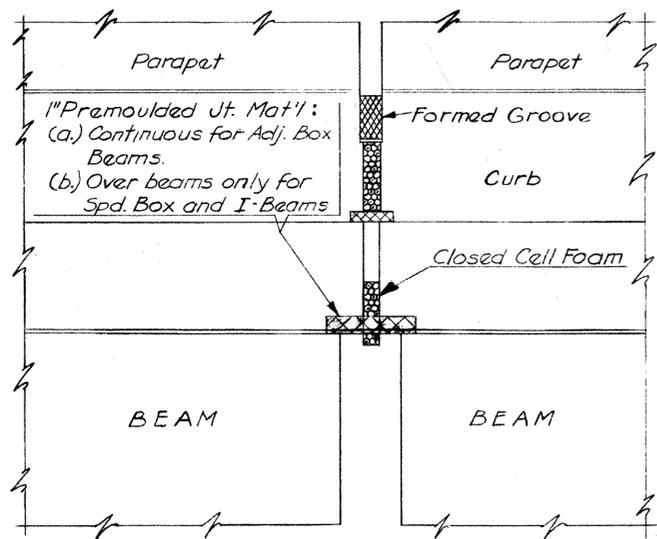
NEOPRENE BEARING PAD FOR
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BRIDGES

PREFORMED NEOPRENE COMPRESSION SEALS FOR BRIDGE-JOINTS

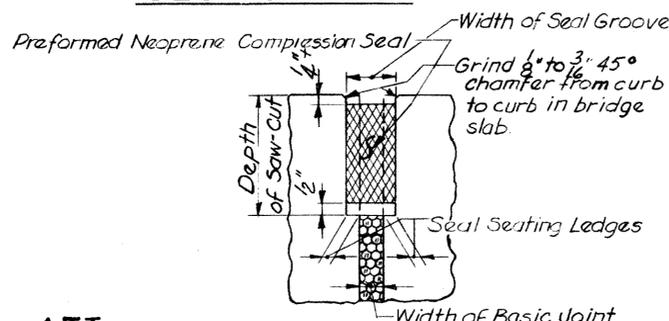


SECTION THRU JOINT

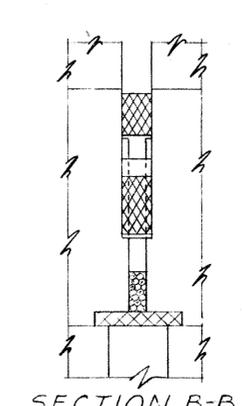
(Details of Joint for Spread Box Beam Bridge, Adj. Box Beam and I-Beam Bridges Similar)



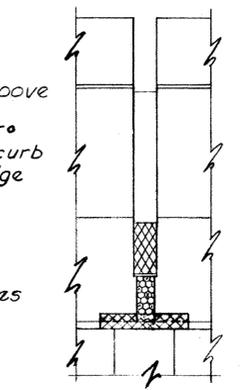
SECTION A-A



TYPICAL JOINT



SECTION B-B



SECTION C-C

A - GENERAL INFORMATION

- A COMPRESSION SEAL FOR WATERPROOFING A BRIDGE-JOINT AND SEALING AGAINST INCOMPRESSIBLE MATERIALS IS EFFECTIVE IF IT SUSTAINS A POSITIVE PRESSURE AGAINST THE WALLS OF THE JOINT. THE SEAL MUST BE UNDER COMPRESSION AT ALL TIMES.
- THE POTENTIAL OF THE PREFORMED NEOPRENE COMPRESSION SEALS IS LIMITED BY THE FACTORS *1 AND *2. A DESIGN ENGINEER, WHEN COMPUTING THE SEAL-GROOVE WIDTH, MUST CONSIDER THESE 2 FACTORS IN RELATION TO THE WIDTH OF THE SEALS.
- *1 - MINIMUM SEAL-GROOVE WIDTH MUST BE GREATER THAN THE WIDTH AT WHICH THE COMPRESSED SEAL WOULD EXTRUDE. (THE COMPRESSED SEAL WIDTH, WITHOUT EXTRUSION, IS THE SUM OF THE WALLS AND WEBS OF THE SEAL.)
- *2 - MAXIMUM SEAL-GROOVE WIDTH MUST BE LESS THAN THE NOMINAL SEAL WIDTH. ALLOW FOR APPROXIMATELY 25% PERMANENT SET IN THE SEAL.

B - DESIGN

- 1-SELECT WIDTH OF BASIC-JOINT AND SHAPE OF SEAL FROM TABLE 1.
 - 2-SHOW DETAILS ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS OF THE BASIC-JOINT, THE SAW-CUT SEAL-GROOVE, THE FORMED SEAL-GROOVE AND THE SEAL.
- C - DESCRIPTION:** THE SEALED-JOINT CONSISTS OF THE BASIC-JOINT, THE SEAL-GROOVE (SAW-CUT IN THE SLAB AND FORMED AT THE CURB OR SIDEWALK) AND THE INSTALLED SEAL. THE SEALED-JOINT IS CONSTRUCTED AT VARIOUS STAGES OF DECK CONSTRUCTION; THEREFORE ALL OPERATIONS MUST BE PRECISELY CONTROLLED.

D - CONSTRUCTION

- 1-BASIC-JOINT IN SLAB: PLACE TWO STRIPS OF PREFORMED CLOSED-CELL FOAM, OR APPROVED EQUAL, TO FORM THE BASIC-JOINT AS SPECIFIED ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS. THE DEPTH OF THE UPPER STRIP IS EQUAL TO THE DEPTH OF THE SPECIFIED SEAL, PLUS 3/4". THIS UPPER STRIP WILL BE REMOVED LATER. AT THE TIME OF CASTING CONCRETE ADJACENT TO THE JOINT, THE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE MUST BE BETWEEN 35° MINIMUM AND 90° MAXIMUM.
- 2-SEAL-GROOVE, SAW-CUT IN SLAB:
 - a - THE SEAL-GROOVE WIDTH IS THE AVERAGE WIDTH, TO THE NEAREST 1/16", OF THE BASIC-JOINT WIDTH (USE AT LEAST 5 MEASUREMENTS ALONG THE ENTIRE LENGTH) PLUS THE TWO SEAL-SEATING-LEDGE WIDTHS. (SEE TYP. JT. DETAIL). PROCEED WITH SAW-CUTTING, AS SOON AS PRACTICAL, AFTER THE SEAL-GROOVE WIDTH HAS BEEN DETERMINED. COMPLETE SAW-CUTTING IN ONE CONTINUOUS OPERATION.
 - b - USE A HEAVY-DUTY, DOUBLE DIAMOND-BLADED, SELF-FROPELLED CONCRETE SAW TO CUT THE SEAL-GROOVE DEPTH IN THE SLAB. (THE SEAL-GROOVE IN THE CURB OR SIDEWALK WILL BE FORMED LATER, WHEN THESE ARE CAST.) BEGIN EACH SAW-CUT AT THE CENTERLINE OF LEDGE. STOP 12"± BEYOND THE GUTTER LINE.

c - TO ACHIEVE SMOOTH AND EVEN SEAL-SEATING-LEDGES, INSERT

- A 3" MINIMUM WIDE CHISEL IN THE SAW-CUT, AND USE THE CHISEL AS A LEVER TO BREAK THE CONCRETE AT THE LEDGES. REMOVE THE UPPER STRIP OF FOAM AND THE BROKEN CONCRETE.

3-SEAL-GROOVE, FORMED IN CURB OR SIDEWALK:

- a - INSTALL PREFORMED MATERIAL AND FOAM IN CURB OR SIDEWALK AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS.
- b - CAST CURB OR SIDEWALK WITH FORMED SEAL-GROOVE AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS.

E - INSTALLATION OF SEAL ("TOP" OF SEAL IS MARKED).

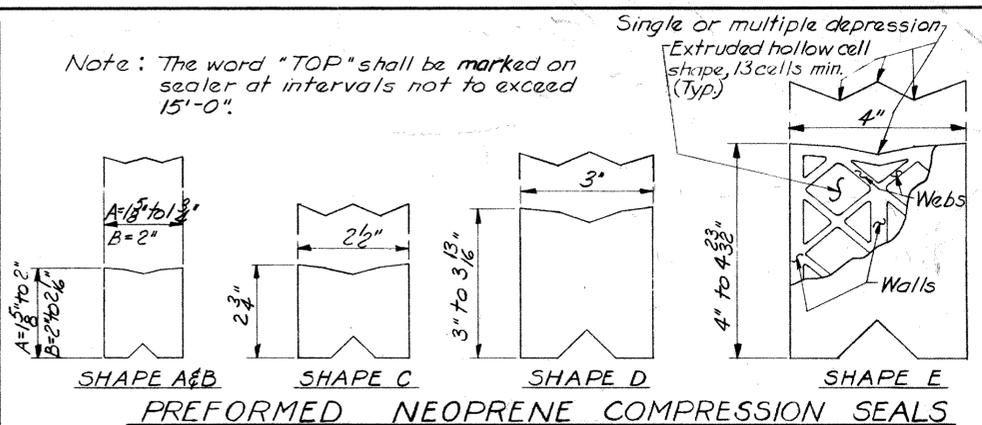
- 1-AFTER CURB OR SIDEWALK CONCRETE IS CURED, REMOVE ALL FOREIGN MATERIAL, INCLUDING ANY SURPLUS (REMNANTS OF) CONCRETE FROM THE GROOVE. USE A STIFF BROOM OR COMPRESSED AIR TO THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SEAL-GROOVE IN BOTH SLAB AND CURB OR SIDEWALK. THE GROOVE SHOULD BE DRY OR DAMP-DRY.
- 2-SWAB A LUBRICANT-ADHESIVE ON THE FACES OF THE GROOVE. COMPLY WITH ALL INSTRUCTIONS SPECIFIED BY THE ADHESIVE MANUFACTURER (EXAMPLE: TEMPERATURE LIMITATIONS).
- 3-WHILE THE ADHESIVE IS WET, INSTALL THE SEAL. USE MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDED HAND OR POWER DRIVEN TOOLS TO THOROUGHLY INSERT THE SEAL. (ASCERTAIN THAT THE ADHESIVE COVERS BOTH FACES OF THE GROOVE AND THAT THE FULL LENGTH OF THE SEAL IS IN CONTACT WITH THE FACES OF THE GROOVE.)
 - a - FOR CURB OR SIDEWALK INSTALLATION, SEALS MAY BE NOTCHED ON THE BOTTOM SURFACE TO PERMIT BENDING. THE TOP SURFACE OF THE SEAL MUST BE CONTINUOUS.
 - b - IF COMPRESSION TOOLS ARE USED, THE SURFACE OF THE TOOLS MAY BE LUBRICATED WITH A SOAP-SUDS SOLUTION. **DO NOT** ALLOW LARGE AMOUNTS OF THE SUDS TO PENETRATE THE FRESHLY SWABBED GROOVE.
 - c - **DO NOT** STRETCH THE SEAL DURING INSTALLATION. THIS WOULD CAUSE CONTRACTION LATER AND A TENDENCY TO PULL LOOSE FROM THE GROOVE FACE.
 - d - ASCERTAIN THAT THE INSTALLED SEAL IS IN A SUBSTANTIALLY COMPRESSED CONDITION, THAT THE TOP OF THE SEAL IS 1/4" MIN., 1/2" MAX. BELOW THE PAVEMENT SURFACE, AND THAT THE INTERSECTION OF THE VERTICAL AND THE HORIZONTAL SEALS AT THE GUTTER LINE IS WATERPROOF.

NOTE: IF MORE PRACTICAL, INSTALL THE SEAL IN TWO STAGES.

- 1-AFTER SEAL-GROOVE IN THE SLAB HAS BEEN SAW-CUT, FINISHED AND CLEANED, INSTALL THE SEAL. COMPLY WITH ALL INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING CLEANING THE GROOVE, APPLYING THE ADHESIVE, AND INSTALLING THE SEAL.
- 2-INSTALL PREFORMED MATERIAL AND FOAM IN THE CURB OR SIDEWALK AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS.
- 3-CAST THE CURB OR SIDEWALK, WITH THE FORMED SEAL-GROOVE, AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS.
- 4-AFTER THE CONCRETE IS CURED, CLEAN THE FORMED SEAL-GROOVE, APPLY THE ADHESIVE AND INSTALL THE SEAL.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The Seal shall be of a type and size as specified on this sheet and meet the current specifications for Preformed Neoprene Compression Seals.
- Use of other shapes and/or special designs shall be approved by the Chief Bridge Engineer in the Central Office.
- Tolerances for outside and inside dimensions, wall and web thicknesses are given in the specifications.
- Select Shape of Seal as listed in the table for Joints at Piers or at Abutments utilizing either approach slabs or backwalls.
- Do not select shapes or basic joints which require the joint width to be larger than 1 1/2" at normal temperature or 2 1/4" at minimum temperature.



PREFORMED NEOPRENE COMPRESSION SEALS

TABLE #1

TYPE OF JOINT	EXP LENGTH	WIDTH OF BASIC JT. @ CONSTR TIME	THEOR'L. WIDTH OF LEDGES	SEAL-GROOVE (WIDTH OF SAW-CUT)	SHAPE OF SEAL	MIN. VOIDS %	*
①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧
Fix	—	1/2"	2 x 1/4" = 1/2"	Equal to width of Basic Jt. at time of Saw-Cutting, plus (1/2) width of Ledges.	A	57.2	1"
Exp.	Up to 50'	1/2"	2 x 1/4" = 1/2"		A	57.2	1"
Exp.	50' to 57'	3/4"	2 x 1/4" = 1/2"		B	62.5	1 1/4"
Exp.	57' to 69'	1"	2 x 3/32" = 1/16"		C	62.5	1 1/2"
Exp.	69' to 86'	1 1/4"	2 x 1/8" = 1/4"		D	64.6	1 3/4"
Exp.	86' to 119'	1 1/2"	2 x 3/8" = 3/4"		E	58.2	2 3/8"

* Recommended min. width of Saw-Cut Seal Groove at time of installation of Sealer.

VALUES IN TABLE ARE BASED ON THE FOLLOWING DATA AND ASSUMPTIONS:

- Total expansion length as given in column ②.
- Temperature at time of placing concrete adjacent to Basic Joint, (+35° to +90°). Groove width computed for assumed temperature range of 0° to 100°. (10° min. Rise, 65° max. rise; 35° min. fall, 90° max. fall).
- Assumed 75% compressibility of foam if left in Basic Joint.
- Assumed 25% permanent set based on nominal width of Seal.
- Minimum width of Seal fully compressed to be the maximum number of webs in any cross-section. (Top and Bottom walls not considered).
- Fabrication tolerances of the Neoprene Seal as described in the current specifications.
- No allowances have been made for Construction tolerances.
- Seals having a minimum percent (%) of voids as given in column ⑦.
- Seals designed with a pattern of voids which allows almost complete closure of voids without over-straining the solid material (walls & webs) and also prevents upward protrusion of the Seal.
- Table prepared for 90° skew bridges. (For other skews, the width of Joints becomes less critical).

APPROVED: JUL 20 1965
K. H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE DIVISION

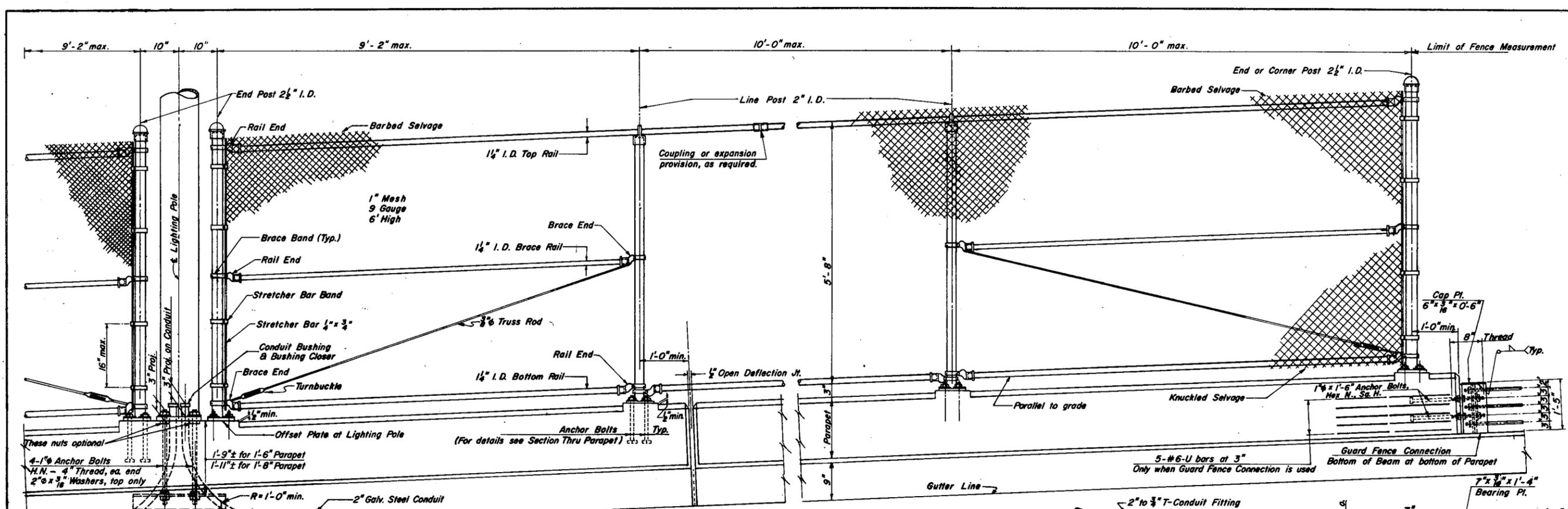
DECK JOINT FOR PREFORMED NEOPRENE COMPRESSION SEAL

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BRIDGES

Designed by : A.T.T.
Drawn by : C.E.F.
Traced by : C.E.F.
Checked by : H.R.K., F.C.S., E.S.H., H.L.S.

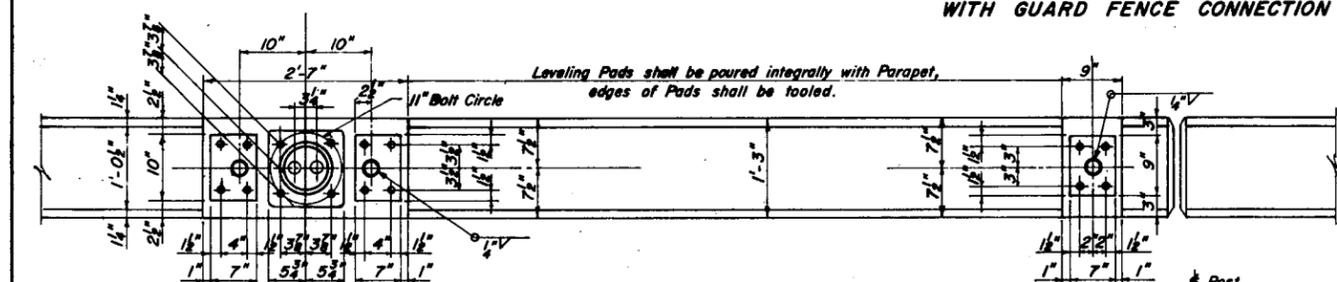
Designed By: Division Of Bridge Engineering, Central Office, P.D.H.

Do not use as Standard Drawing



INSIDE ELEVATION

WITH GUARD FENCE CONNECTION & LIGHTING POLE ANCHORAGE

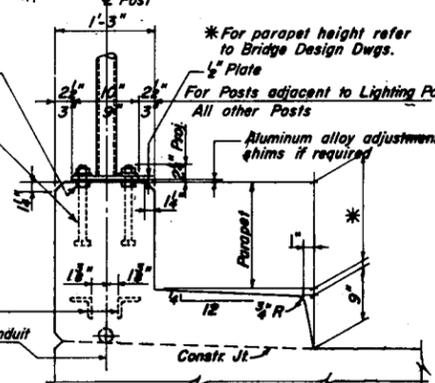


PLAN OF TOP OF PARAPET

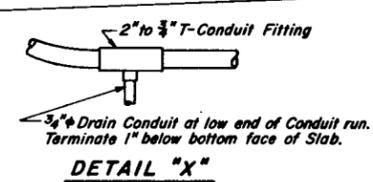
PROTECTIVE WOOD BLOCK

Hardwood 1 1/2\"/>

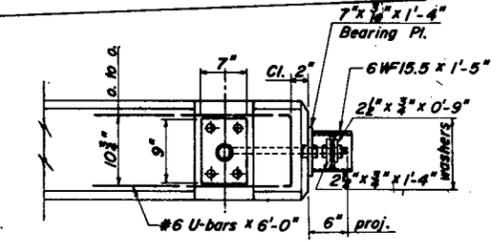
- For future lighting: Conduit, lighting pole anchor bolts, nuts and washers above concrete shall be heavily coated with an approved bitumastic compound. Protective wood blocks shall then be placed and firmly secured.
- Protective wood blocks, with holes bored to fit bolt spacing and protruding conduits, shall be painted with two coats of Aluminum Paint before installation.



SECTION THRU PARAPET



DETAIL "X"



END PLAN WITH GUARD FENCE CONNECTION

NOTES:

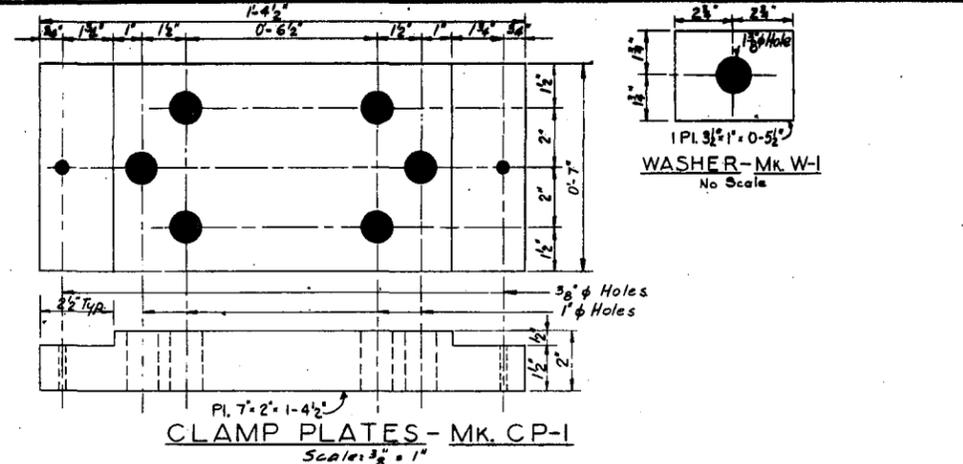
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with P.D.H. Forms 408 and 409, and special provisions.
- All Chain Link Fence materials shall be of aluminum alloy except anchor bolts & lighting pole anchor angles.
- All anchor materials and Guard Fence Connections shall conform to ASTM-A36, and shall be galvanized conforming to ASTM-123 or 153, as applicable, except anchor angles shall not be galvanized.
- Fence posts and anchor bolts shall be truly vertical and spaced as shown on the specific structural drawing.
- Rails shall be parallel to grade.
- Aluminum surfaces in contact with concrete or steel shall be thoroughly coated with caulking compound conforming to Federal Specifications TT-C598 (2).
- Material shall not be painted.
- Guard Fence Connection, when specified, shall include 6W15.5 beam, cap, bearing plate, anchor bolts, washers and nuts.
- Lighting poles shall be used only when specified and shall be truly vertical with bases level. For electrical details not shown, refer to P.D.H. Std. Dwg. ST-145.
- If lighting poles are not installed, gaps shall be closed with a separate piece of fabric. At bridge expansion joints the fabric and rails shall be free to expand or contract.
- Chain Link Fence shall be measured horizontally continuously between end posts, including gaps at lighting poles, and shall include all fence posts, rails, anchor bolts with washers and nuts for fence posts & lighting poles, lighting pole anchor angles, protective wood blocks, fabric, truss rods, etc.
- Place corner posts at angle points in horizontal and vertical alignment of fence.
- After erection and alignment, openings between metal surfaces and concrete shall be sealed with Caulking Compound.

Rev.	G.T.V.
Trc.	FFF
Ckd.	BFK/HJ

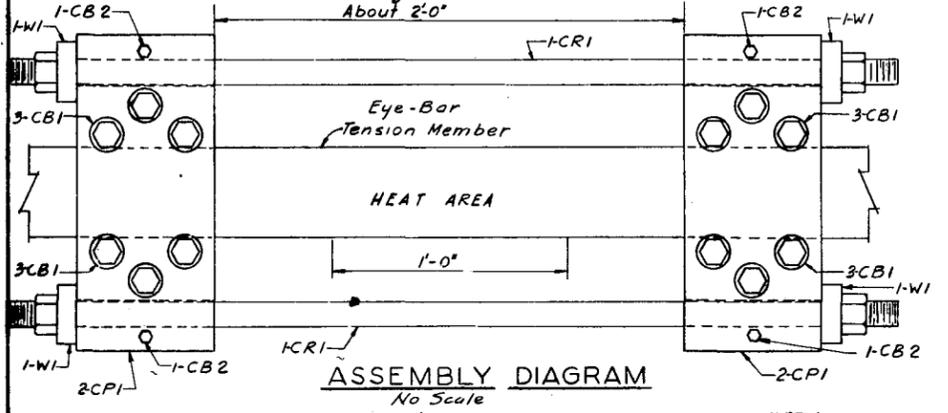
Approved: MAR. 1, 1966

J. J. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

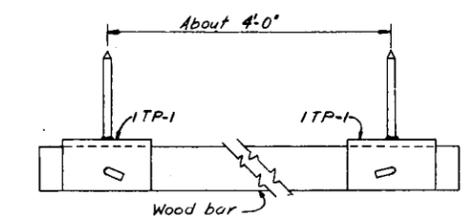
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE DIVISION
STANDARD
 PARAPET WITH
ALUMINUM CHAIN LINK FENCE
 AND
 GUARD FENCE CONNECTION



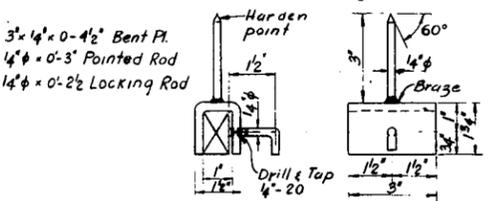
CLAMP PLATES - MK. CP-1
Scale: 3/8" = 1"
About 2'-0"



ASSEMBLY DIAGRAM
No Scale

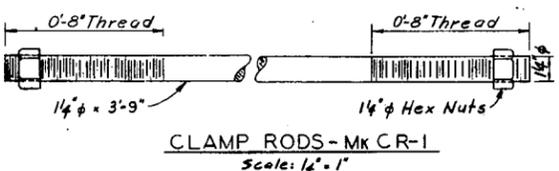


TRAMMEL POINTS Mk. TP-1
Scale: 3/8" = 1"



CLAMP BOLT MK. CB-1
Scale: 1/4" = 1"

CLAMP BOLT MK. CB-2
Scale: 1/4" = 1"



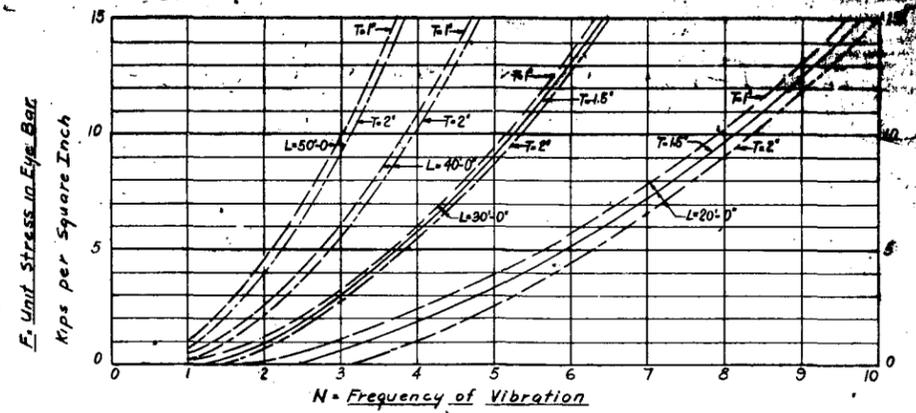
CLAMP RODS - MK. CR-1
Scale: 1/4" = 1"

REQUIRED LIST		
No.	Description	Mk.
4	Clamp Plates	CP-1
12	Clamp Bolts	CB-1
4	Clamp Bolts	CB-2
2	Clamp Rods	CR-1
4	Washers	W-1
2	Trammel Points	TP-1
1	Wood bar 3/8" x 1 1/2" x 4'-6"	

DETAILS OF CLAMP ASSEMBLY

GENERAL PROCEDURE FOR FLAME-SHORTENING OF EYEBARS

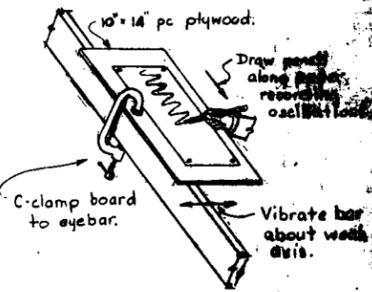
- Remove point from bar where clamp plates will be fastened, and shorten 12" length between clamp-plate areas, where heat will be applied.
- Bolt clamp-plates to bar, allowing ample thread below nuts of clamp-rods for movement during upsetting operations. Clamp-bolts shall be tightened 1/2 turn beyond snug-tight condition to insure proper clamping force on plates. Clamp-rod nuts shall be run up finger-tight prior to heating eyebar.
- On inclined eyebars, install block and falls lines about 6 feet above clamp plate to eliminate sag during and after heating and upsetting operations. Do not provide excess uplift.
- Traffic lanes contributing the majority of Live Load stresses to the bar being shortened, should be closed during heating, upsetting and cooling operations, and restricted speed limits should be enforced for all traffic on the span during these periods.
- Simultaneously heat both sides of the bar, for a length of 12 inches midway between the clamp-plates, to a Cherry-Red color (1600°F to 1800°F) applying heat uniformly on both sides. An Oxweld #150 tip, or one with equal flame flare, is used when Oxygen with Acetylene or other suitable gas is used. Provide wind shields to protect the heated areas, when required.
- Continue application of heat as directed by the Engineer, so that the interior of the bar becomes thoroughly and uniformly heated. Do not heat beyond Orange-Red color (2010°F) except as directed by the Engineer.
- Shortening of eyebar by upsetting shall be performed in increments of approximately 1/2" for each heating. The trammel shall be used to measure these increments, through use of punch marks or scratches on the bar, outside the clamp-plates.
- When heated areas are at proper temperature, the nuts on clamp-rods shall be tightened simultaneously, upsetting the rod in the heated area. Nuts on both rods must be tightened the same amount to prevent kinking of the bar.
- Buckling tendencies shall be corrected by C-clamping beam or channel sections on each side of the bar between the clamp plates, striking with a maul, if necessary, to straighten the bar. By side push on the bar close to the pin-head, it can be determined if the heads are tight against the pins.
- If it is desired to keep the initial or dead-load stress in the eyebar low, the No. 150 tips shall be quickly replaced by No. 60 tips, and a 3 or 4 inch length of the bar in the middle of the 12 inch heated area maintained at a Cherry-Red color for 3 or 4 minutes. This short heated section will allow elongation in this area while the remainder of the heated area is cooling and contracting. Quenching with water may be permitted when the temp. of the bar has dropped to 1000°F, or below (Red heat).
- Normal traffic may be resumed on the bridge after the heated area has cooled to 300°F. Successive applications of the method to a given bar should also be delayed until bar has cooled to the satisfaction of the Engineer, clamp-plates being moved to a new position or retained at the same location as directed by the Engineer.
- Approximately one hour should be allowed for each shortening operation (heating, upsetting and cooling).
- Unit stress in eyebars can be determined with reasonable accuracy through use of the graph and data given on this sheet. Shortening shall be continued to the satisfaction of the Engineer. On paired eyebars, frequencies of vibration should be essentially equal at the conclusion of the operations.
- The Contractor shall have available at the site, sufficient forces and equipment as to satisfactorily perform all necessary and incidental operations during the course of the work. Minimum required equipment will include: two torches, nozzles, fuel tanks, strong-back beams (L-1'-9"), maul, wrenches, assorted C-clamps, pry-bars, block & falls assy, etc.



Frequency of Vibration and Unit Stress Curves for Eyebars Tension Members.

Equation: $F = 0.00293 N^2 L^2 - 24,700,000 (T)^2$
 Where: F = Unit Stress in kips per square inch. L = Length of eye-bar in inches.
 N = Frequency of Vibration (Number of complete oscillations per second)
 T = Thickness of eye-bar in inches.

- The frequency of vibration of the eyebar or the number of complete oscillations per second can be measured in the following manner: (Refer to sketch, below)
- Remove the clamp plates and bolts.
 - Clip a sheet of paper or cardboard to a 10" x 14" pc. of plywood clamped to the edge of the eye bar.
 - Vibrate the bar by hand about its weak axis.
 - Hold a pencil on the paper or cardboard and then draw the pencil lengthwise along the eye bar for a definite interval of time, say a 10-sec. interval. The pencil will then record the number of oscillations for this interval of time.



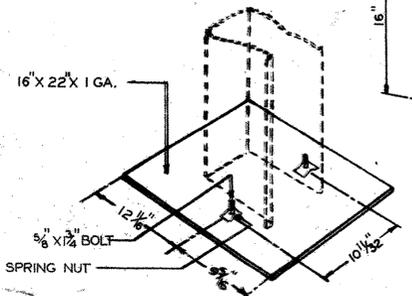
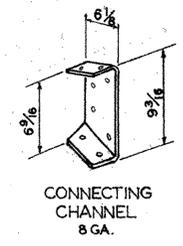
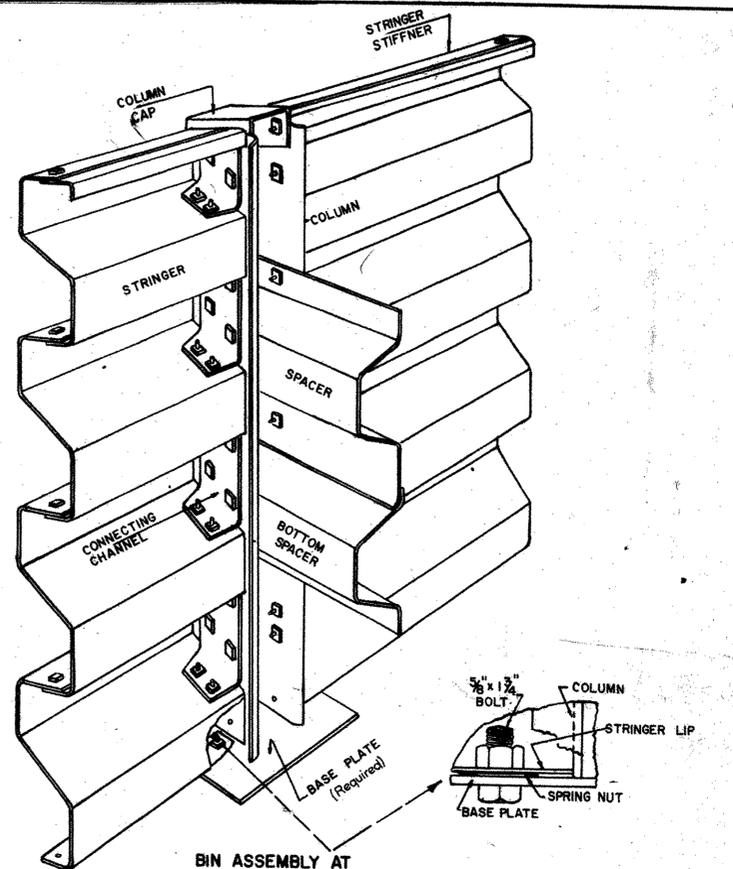
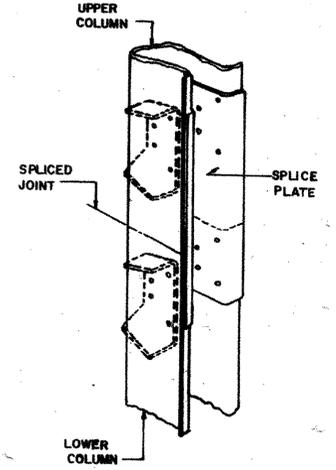
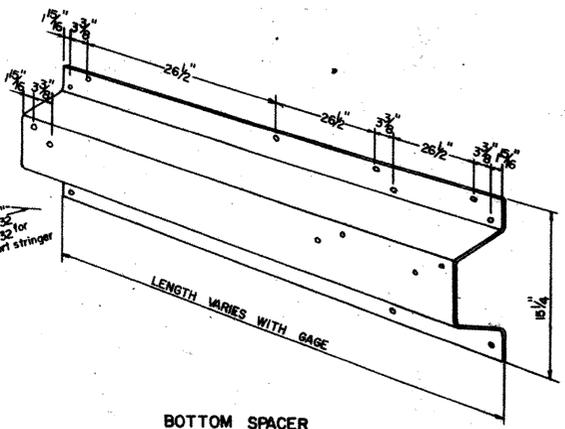
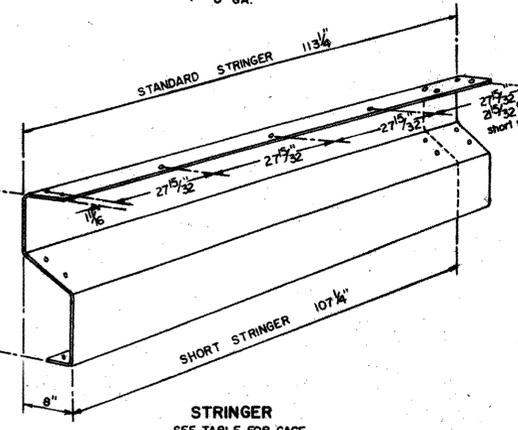
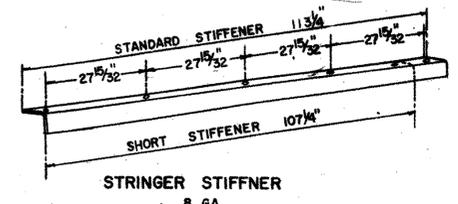
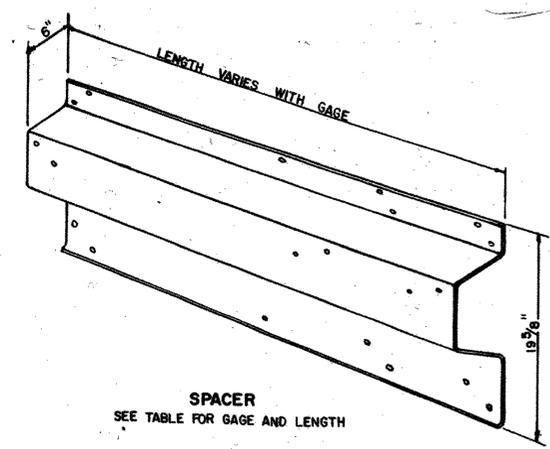
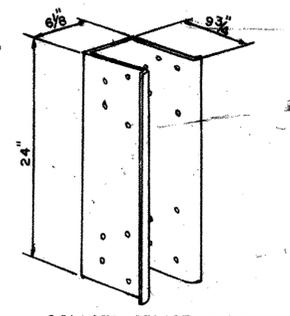
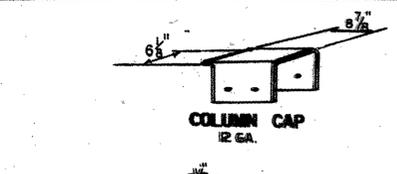
FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT & STRESS DETERMINATION

Approved: May 15, 1963
 K. H. Jensen
 Chief Engineer

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
 BRIDGE UNIT

FLAME-SHORTENING DETAILS FOR TIGHTENING LOOSE EYEBARS IN TRUSS BRIDGES

S-6409

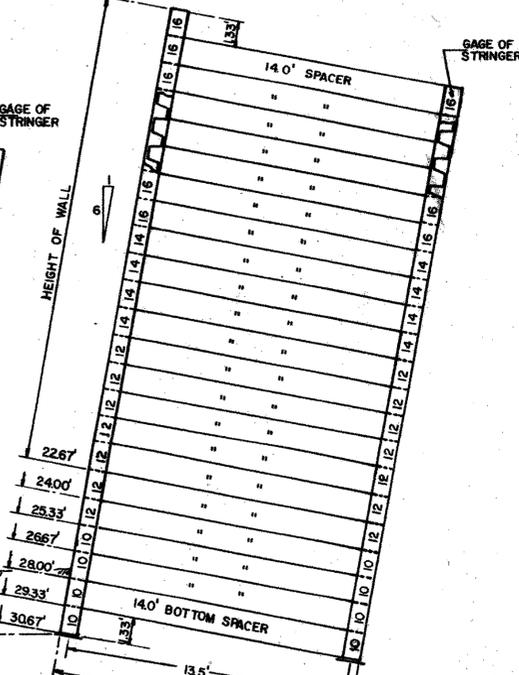
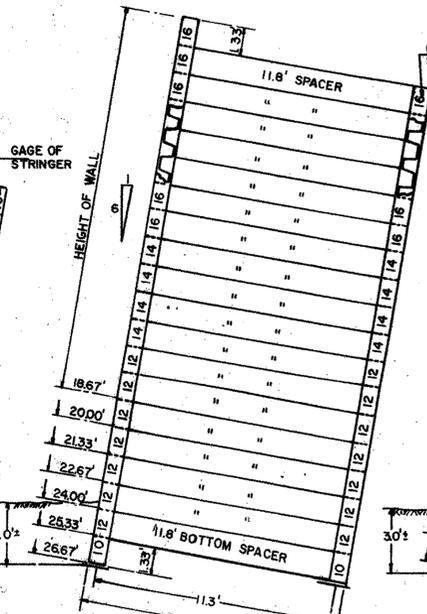
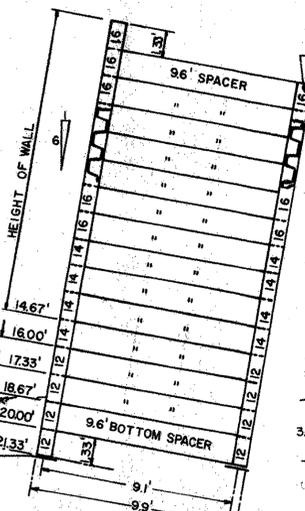
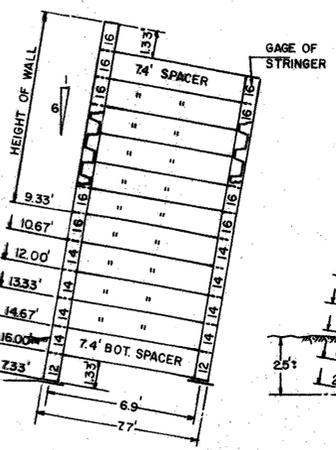
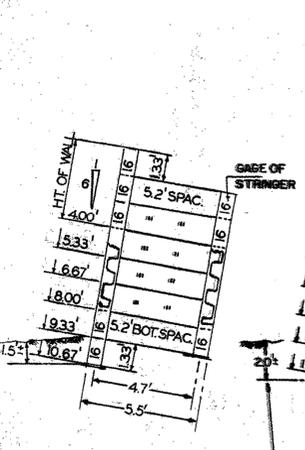
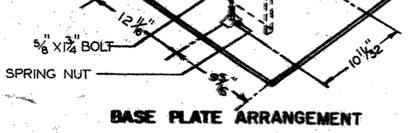


DETAIL OF SPACERS
SEE TABLE FOR GAGE AND LENGTH

	A	B	C	D	E
DESIGN	A	B	C	D	E
GAGE	16	16	14	12	12
LENGTH	5.2	7.4	9.6	11.8	14.0

NOTE

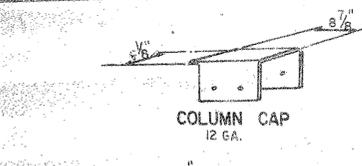
All crib members shall be galvanized in accordance with Section 6.29.2(2) of Form 408, 1960.



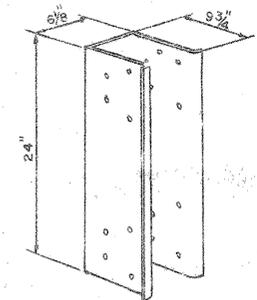
NOTE: THESE DEPTHS MAY VARY TO SUIT CONDITIONS

Approved: *July 10, 1963*
R. H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

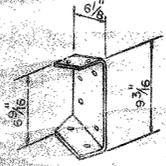
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE UNIT
DETAILS
METAL CRIBBING



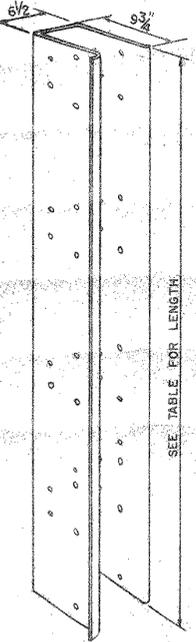
COLUMN CAP
12 GA.



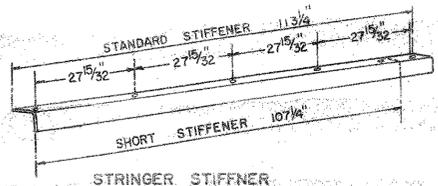
COLUMN SPLICE PLATE
10 GA.



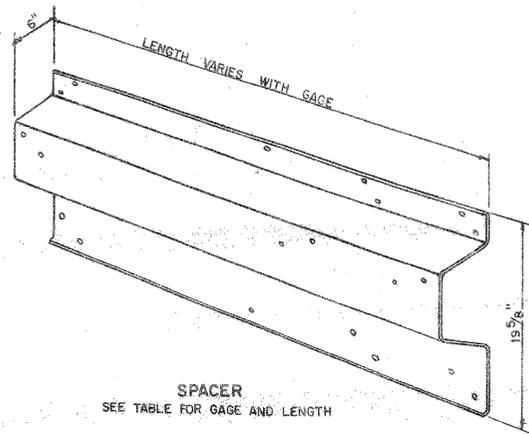
CONNECTING CHANNEL
8 GA.



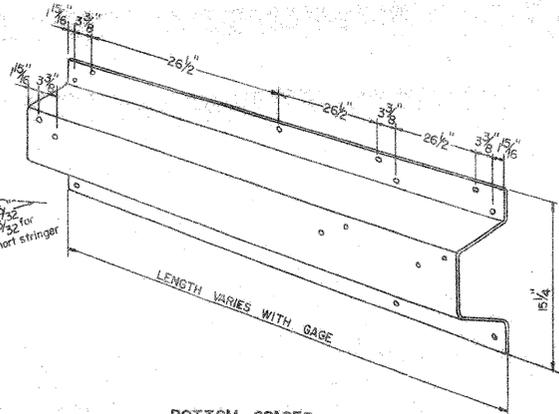
SEE TABLE FOR LENGTH



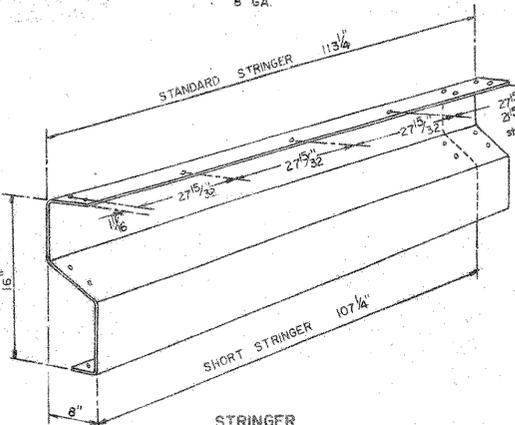
STRINGER STIFFENER
8 GA.



SPACER
SEE TABLE FOR GAGE AND LENGTH



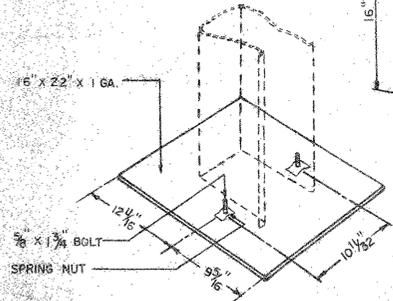
BOTTOM SPACER
SEE TABLE FOR GAGE AND LENGTH



STANDARD STRINGER
11 3/4"

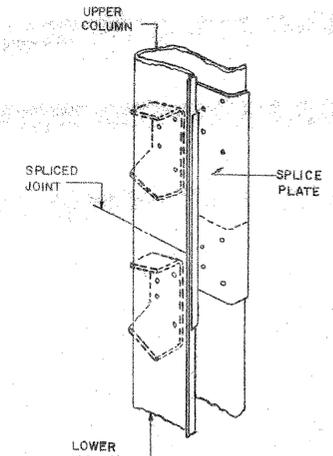
SHORT STRINGER
10 1/4"

STRINGER
SEE TABLE FOR GAGE

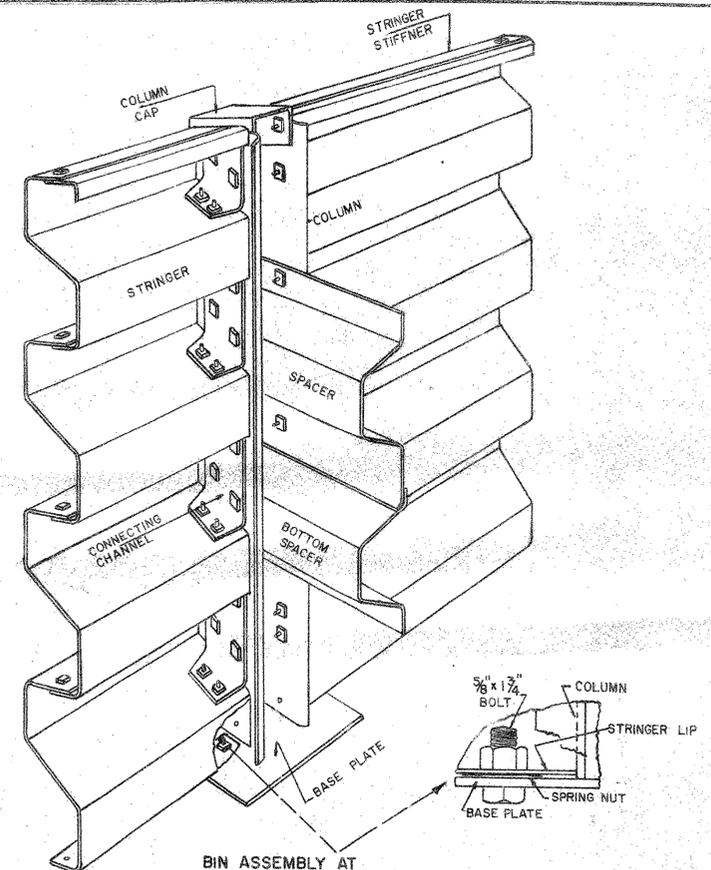


BASE PLATE ARRANGEMENT

DETAIL OF SPACERS					
DESIGN	A	B	C	D	E
GAGE	16	16	14	12	12
LENGTH	5.2	7.4	9.6	11.8	14.0



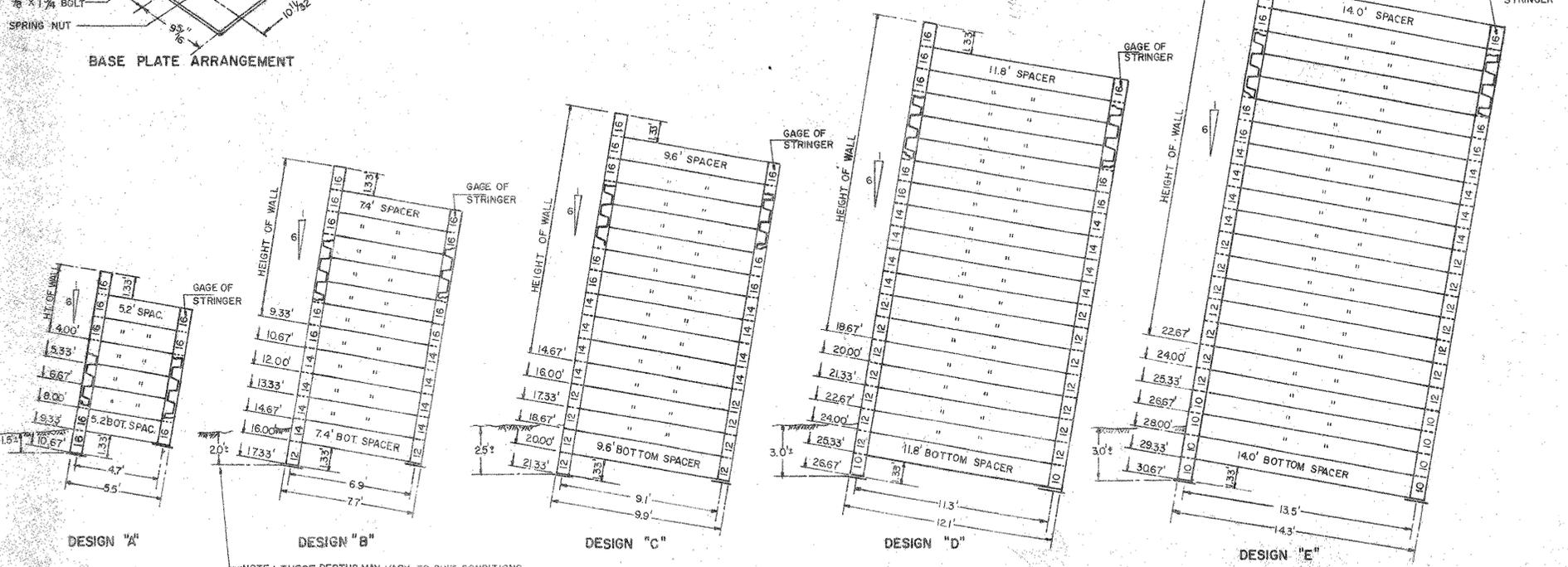
ASSEMBLY AT COLUMN SPLICE



BIN ASSEMBLY AT
FRONT COLUMN
(SIMILAR AT REAR COLUMN)

GENERAL NOTES

- Metal base plates will be required.
- All exposed interior and exterior metal sheets used to form the members of the closed face metal cribbing shall be coated by (A) or (B), when specified for Metal Cribbing - Coated.
 - (A) Coated on both sides with a layer of asbestos fibers applied in a sheet form by pressing it into a molten metallic bonding medium. Immediately after the metallic bond has solidified, the asbestos fibers shall be thoroughly saturated with a bituminous saturant. The finished sheets shall be of first class commercial quality free from blister and unsaturated spots.
 - (B) Galvanized on both sides by the hot dip process as specified in Section 6.29.2(2) of form 4.08, and field coated with bitumastic materials. Immediately prior to application of coatings, galvanized surfaces are to be either sand blasted to lightly etch surfaces and to remove any greasy film present by blasting in accordance with Field Structures Painting Council Specification N27, brush off blast cleaning or saturate all surfaces with vinegar (acetic acid) and when dry wipe off any bloom which has formed.
- Apply two (2) coats of coal tar based paint (Federal Specification MIL-C-18480). To be applied at the rate of 55-70 square feet per gallon per coat. One Coat of Coal Tar Emulsion to conform to Federal Specification MIL-C-15203 at the rate of 60 square feet per gallon. Twenty Four hours drying time to be allowed between all coats.
- (C) All crib members shall be galvanized in accordance with Section 6.29.2(2) of Form 4.08, 1960.



NOTE: THESE DEPTHS MAY VARY TO SUIT CONDITIONS

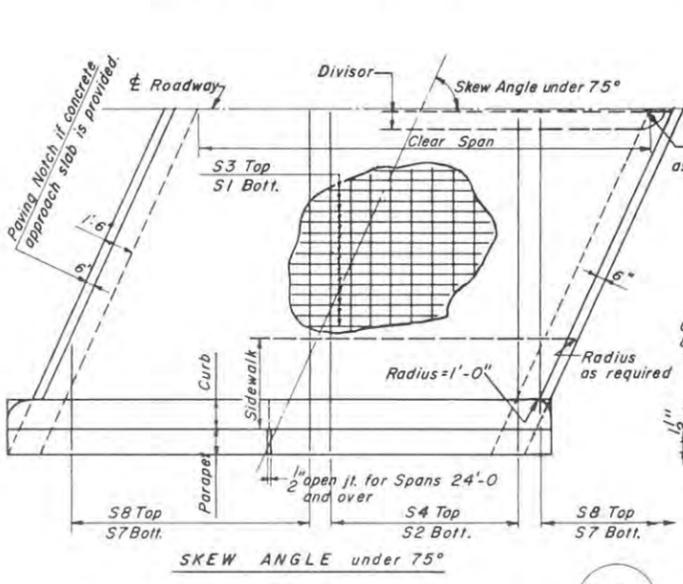
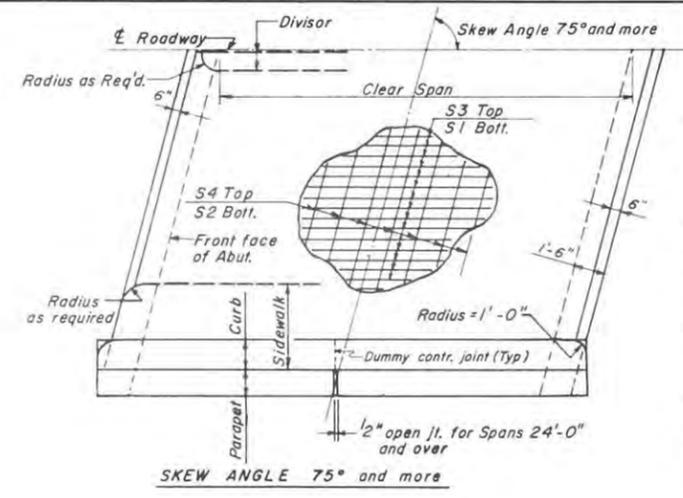
Approved: *July 10, 1963*
K. H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE UNIT
DETAILS
METAL CRIBBING - COATED

ROADWAY with TWO SAFETY CURBS (1'-6" wide)

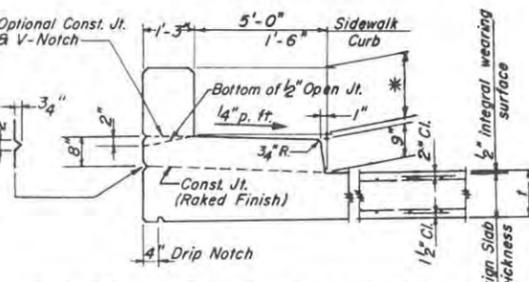
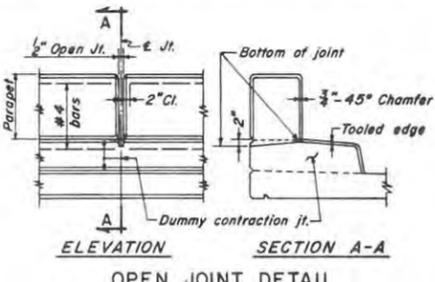
REINFORCEMENT BARS

Design Span, Ft.	Roadway Width, Ft.	Slab Thickness, In.	REINFORCEMENT BARS																Approximate Quantities - Per Ft. Length	Reinforcement Bars, Lbs.	Dimension 'A', In.	Dimension 'B', In.
			S1	S2 or S7	S3	S4 or S8	S5	S6	C1	C2	C3	S9	S10	C7	C8	Class AA						
28	11	#8	40	#5	9	#4	15	#8	10	#4	6	#5	15	#4	15	#4	10	1.42	234	2 1/2	10 1/2	
30			43				24											1.48	246	1 1/2	7 1/2	
32			46				25											1.55	259	3/4	12	
40			57				32											1.82	307	2	7 1/2	
68			92				50											2.83	501	3 1/2	12	
84			114				64											3.38	597	2	7 1/2	
28	12	#8	42	#5	9	#4	15	#8	10	#4	6	#5	15	#4	15	#4	10	1.52	244	4	10 1/2	
30			45				24											1.59	257	4	7 1/2	
32			48				25											1.67	269	4	12	
40			60				32											1.96	320	4	7 1/2	
68			96				50											3.06	516	4	12	
84			120				64											3.65	618	4	7 1/2	
28	12 1/2	#8	48	#5	9	#4	15	#8	10	#4	6	#5	15	#4	15	#4	10	1.57	260	3 1/2	10 1/2	
30			52				24											1.65	276	1 1/2	7 1/2	
32			55				25											1.73	288	3	12	
40			69				32											2.04	344	2	7 1/2	
68			110				50											3.18	554	3	12	
84			138				64											3.79	666	2	7 1/2	
28	13 1/2	#9	42	#6	12	#4	15	#9	10	#5	6	#5	15	#4	15	#4	10	1.67	287	4	10 1/2	
30			45				24											1.76	302	4	7 1/2	
32			48				25											1.84	317	4	12	
40			60				32											2.17	378	4	7 1/2	
68			96				50											3.40	612	4	12	
84			120				64											4.07	734	4	7 1/2	
28	14 1/2	#9	45	#6	12	#4	15	#9	10	#5	6	#5	15	#4	15	#4	10	1.78	297	3	10 1/2	
30			48				24											1.87	312	3 1/2	7 1/2	
32			52				25											1.96	331	3	12	
40			64				32											2.32	392	3 1/2	7 1/2	
68			104				50											3.63	640	3	12	
84			128				64											4.34	761	3 1/2	7 1/2	
28	15	#9	48	#6	12	#4	15	#9	12	#6	6	#5	15	#4	15	#4	10	1.83	314	3 1/2	10 1/2	
30			52				24											1.92	333	1 1/2	7 1/2	
32			55				25											2.02	348	3	12	
40			69				32											2.39	415	2	7 1/2	
68			110				50											3.74	667	3	12	
84			138				64											4.48	803	2	7 1/2	
28	16	#10	40	#7	15	#4	15	#10	10	#6	6	#5	15	#4	15	#4	10	1.93	332	2 1/2	10 1/2	
30			43				24											2.03	350	1 1/2	7 1/2	
32			46				25											2.13	368	3/4	12	
40			57				32											2.52	437	2	7 1/2	
68			92				50											3.97	714	3/4	12	
84			114				64											4.76	852	2	7 1/2	
28	17	#10	42	#7	15	#4	15	#10	10	#6	6	#5	15	#4	15	#4	10	2.04	350	4	10 1/2	
30			45				24											2.14	368	4	7 1/2	
32			48				25											2.25	387	4	12	
40			60				32											2.67	459	4	7 1/2	
68			96				50											4.19	741	4	12	
84			120				64											5.03	886	4	7 1/2	
28	18	#10	48	#7	15	#4	15	#10	12	#7	6	#5	15	#4	15	#4	10	2.14	375	3 1/2	10 1/2	
30			52				24											2.25	397	1 1/2	7 1/2	
32			55				25											2.36	416	3	12	
40			69				32											2.81	498	2	7 1/2	
68			110				50											4.42	800	3	12	
84			138				64											5.31	963	2	7 1/2	
28	19 1/2	#11	40	#8	18	#4	15	#11	10	#7	6	#5	15	#4	15	#4	10	2.30	391	2 1/2	10 1/2	
30			43				24											2.41	413	1 1/2	7 1/2	
32			46				25											2.53	433	3/4	12	
40			57				32											3.01	516	2	7 1/2	
68			92				50											4.76	836	3/4	12	
84			114				64											5.72	999	2	7 1/2	
28	21	#11	45	#8	18	#4	15	#11	12	#7	6	#5	15	#4	15	#4	10	2.45	429	3	10 1/2	
30			48				24											2.58	451	3 1/2	7 1/2	
32			52				25											2.71	475	3	12	
40			64				32											3.23	563	3 1/2	7 1/2	
68			104				50											5.10	913	3	12	
84			128				64											6.14	1085	3 1/2	7 1/2	



GENERAL NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Forms 408/60 and 409/49.
- Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961 - AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges".
- Live Load: HS20-44
- Dead Load includes 30 lbs./sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the deck slab.
- Reinforcement bars shall be intermediate or hard grade or rail steel, designed for $f_s = 20,000$ p.s.i. and detailed in accordance with A.C.I. Code. Minimum lap shall be 30 dia. and minimum cover shall be 1/2", except as noted.
- Concrete in Superstructure shall be Class AA.
- For Bridge Railing and Guard Fence Connection, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-140 B ST-141.
- Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1" x 1" except as noted.



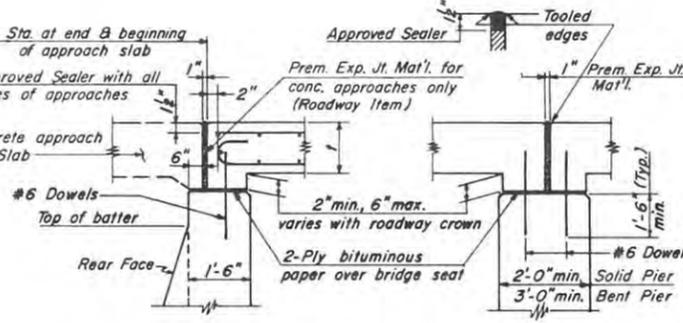
Approved: FEB 25, 1965

K.H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

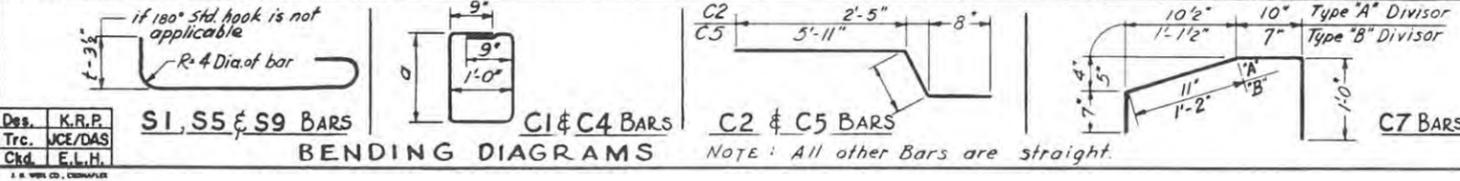
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD R.C. SLAB BRIDGES

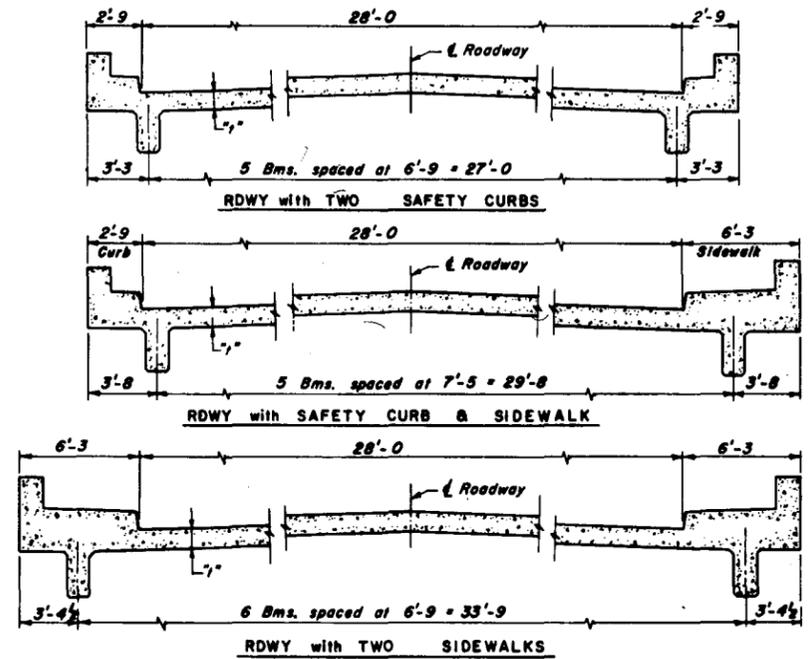
28', 30', 32', 40', 68', 84'
ROADWAY WIDTHS



NOTE: Design Span = distance center to center of support, but not to exceed Clear Span plus thickness of Slab.



Dsg. K.R.P.
Trc. JCE/DAS
Ckd. E.L.H.



ROADWAY SECTIONS showing BEAM SPACINGS

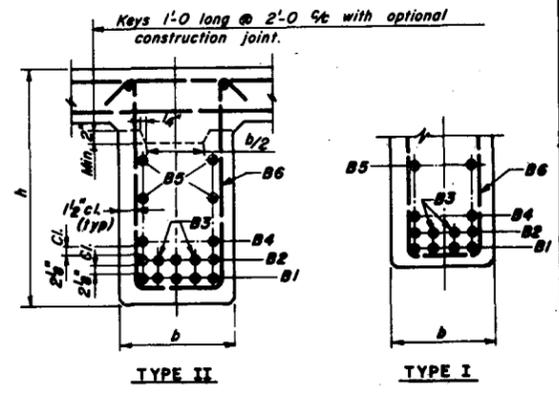
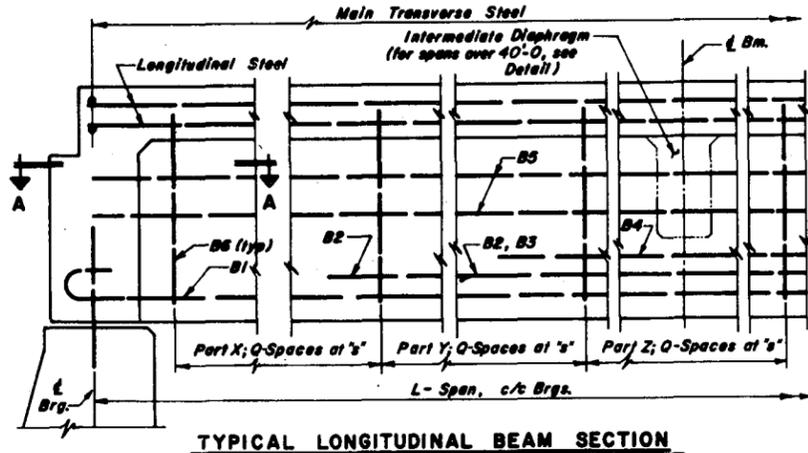
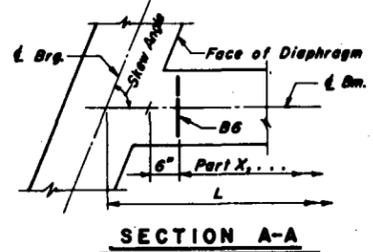


TABLE of BEAM DIMENSIONS & REINFORCEMENT BARS

Span L, ft.	No. Beams	Beam Dimensions		Longitudinal Bars										Stirrups			Type of Beam Cross Section							
		b	h	B1		B2		B3		B4		B5 (top)		A	B	Length		part X	part Y	part Z	No.			
28' ROADWAY WITH TWO CURBS																								
28	5	16"	26"	4 #11	20'-11"	32'-6"	2 #9	21'-0"	2 #9	15'-9"			2	28'-0"	1'-1"	2'-2"	6'-3"	6'-6"	6'-10"	8	37	I		
30			28"		30'-11"	34'-6"	10	22'-9"	10	15'-3"				30'-0"	2'-4"	6'-7"	6'-6"	6'-10"	8	33				
32			29 1/2"		32'-11"	36'-6"	11	25'-6"	11	19'-9"				32'-0"	2'-5"	6'-10"	6'-6"	7'-10"	8	35				
34			32		34'-11"	38'-6"		27'-9"		22'-3"	2 #6	11'-9"	34'-0"	2'-7"	7'-1"	6'-6"	7'-10"	8	35					
36			35 1/2"		36'-11"	40'-6"		29'-0"		23'-6"	7	13'-6"	36'-0"	2'-9"	7'-5"	9'-6"	6'-12"	8	39					
38			36		38'-11"	42'-6"		31'-0"		25'-6"	9	17'-0"	38'-0"	2'-9"	7'-5"	9'-6"	6'-12"	9	41					
40			38		40'-11"	44'-6"		33'-3"		28'-0"	10	19'-0"	40'-0"	2'-9"	7'-5"	9'-6"	6'-12"	9	42					
42			40		42'-11"	46'-6"	2	35'-3"	2	29'-9"	11	21'-6"	42'-0"	1'-1"	3'-0"	8'-0"	9'-6"	7'-12"	10	43	I			
44			41	5	44'-11"	48'-6"	3	34'-3"	3	23'-9"			44'-0"	1'-4"	3'-2"	8'-5"	4	9	3	18	12	27	II	
46			43		46'-11"	50'-6"		36'-6"		26'-6"	2	6	46'-0"	3'-3"	8'-9"	5	9	3	18	12	29			
48			45 1/2"		48'-11"	52'-6"		38'-6"		28'-0"	2	7	48'-0"	3'-6"	9'-2 1/2"	5	10	3	20	12	29			
50	6'-9"	5	48"	5	50'-11"	54'-6"	3	40'-0"	3	29'-9"	2	8	50'-0"	1'-4"	3'-6"	9'-7 1/2"	5	10	3	20	12	29	II	
28' ROADWAY WITH CURB AND SIDEWALK																								
28	5	16"	29 1/2"	4 #11	28'-11"	32'-6"	2 #9	20'-6"	2 #9	16'-0"			2	28'-0"	1'-1"	2'-2"	6'-3"	6'-6"	6'-10"	8	33	I		
30			31 1/2"		30'-11"	34'-6"	10	22'-6"	9	16'-9"				30'-0"	2'-4"	6'-7"	6'-6"	6'-10"	8	33				
32			33		32'-11"	36'-6"	11	25'-0"	10	18'-6"				32'-0"	2'-5"	6'-10"	6'-6"	7'-10"	8	35				
34			34 1/2"		34'-11"	38'-6"		27'-6"	11	22'-3"	2 #6	11'-9"	34'-0"	2'-7"	7'-1"	6'-6"	7'-10"	8	35					
36			36 1/2"		36'-11"	40'-6"		29'-0"		23'-6"	7	13'-6"	36'-0"	2'-9"	7'-5"	9'-6"	6'-12"	8	39					
38			39		38'-11"	42'-6"		31'-3"		26'-0"	9	17'-6"	38'-0"	2'-9"	7'-5"	9'-6"	6'-12"	8	41					
40			41	4	40'-11"	44'-6"	2	33'-6"	2	28'-3"	2	11	40'-0"	1'-1"	3'-2"	8'-2"	10	6	6	12	8	41	I	
42			42	5	42'-11"	46'-6"	3	32'-9"	3	22'-9"			42'-0"	1'-4"	3'-2"	8'-2"	4	9	4	18	10	27	II	
44			43 1/2"		44'-11"	48'-6"		34'-6"		25'-3"	2	6	44'-0"	3'-4"	8'-10"	4	9	4	18	10	27			
46			45 1/2"		46'-11"	50'-6"		37'-0"		27'-6"	2	6	46'-0"	3'-6"	9'-2 1/2"	5	9	4	18	10	29			
48			47		48'-11"	52'-6"		39'-0"		29'-9"	2	7	48'-0"	3'-7"	9'-5 1/2"	5	9	4	18	11	30			
50	7'-5"	5	49 1/2"	5 #11	50'-11"	54'-6"	3 #11	41'-0"	2 #11	23'-3"	2 #11	23'-6"	4	50'-0"	1'-4"	3'-10"	9'-10"	5	9	4	18	11	30	II
28' ROADWAY WITH TWO SIDEWALKS																								
28	6	16"	27"	4 #11	28'-11"	32'-6"	2 #9	21'-0"	2 #9	15'-9"			2	28'-0"	1'-1"	2'-11"	5'-10"	9'-5"	5	9	8	37	I	
30			29		30'-11"	34'-6"	10	22'-9"	10	15'-3"				30'-0"	2'-4"	6'-2"	9'-5"	6	9	8	39			
32			30 1/2"		32'-11"	36'-6"	11	25'-6"	11	19'-9"				32'-0"	2'-5"	6'-5"	9'-5"	6	10	8	39			
34			33		34'-11"	38'-6"		27'-9"		22'-3"	2 #6	11'-9"	34'-0"	2'-7"	7'-1"	9'-5"	7	10	8	41				
36			34 1/2"		36'-11"	40'-6"		29'-0"		23'-9"	7	13'-6"	36'-0"	2'-9"	7'-1"	10'-6"	6	12	9	41				
38			37		38'-11"	42'-6"		31'-0"		25'-6"	9	17'-0"	38'-0"	2'-9"	7'-6"	10'-6"	6	12	9	42				
40			39		40'-11"	44'-6"		33'-3"		28'-0"	10	19'-0"	40'-0"	2'-9"	7'-10"	9'-6"	7	12	9	42				
42			41	4	42'-11"	46'-6"	2	35'-3"	2	29'-9"	11	21'-6"	42'-0"	1'-1"	3'-2"	8'-2"	9	6	7	12	10	43	I	
44			42	5	44'-11"	48'-6"	3	34'-3"	3	23'-9"			44'-0"	1'-4"	3'-2"	8'-2"	4	9	3	18	12	27	II	
46			44		46'-11"	50'-6"		36'-6"		26'-6"	2	6	46'-0"	3'-3"	8'-9"	5	9	3	18	12	29			
48			46 1/2"		48'-11"	52'-6"		38'-6"		28'-0"	2	7	48'-0"	3'-7"	9'-2 1/2"	5	10	3	20	12	29			
50	6'-9"	6	49 1/2"	5 #11	50'-11"	54'-6"	3 #11	40'-0"	2 #11	29'-9"	2 #8	18'-6"	4	50'-0"	1'-4"	3'-8"	9'-9"	5	10	3	20	12	29	II

Des. K.R.P.
 Tr. C.E.F.
 Ckd. ELM/NU

- GENERAL NOTES**
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Form 408/60 and Form 409/49.
 - Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961-AASHTO "Standard Specs. for Highway Bridges", except for the deck slab which is designed for $f_c = 1,000$ psi.
 - Live Load: HS20-44
 - Dead Load includes 30 lbs. per sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the deck slab.
 - Reinforcement bars shall be of intermediate or hard grade or rail steel, designed for $f_s = 20,000$ psi and detailed in accordance with ACI Code. Minimum lap shall be 30 Dia. and minimum cover shall be $1\frac{1}{2}$ except as noted.
 - For Deck Slab and other details, refer to sheet 7.
 - Class AA Concrete shall be used in the Superstructure.
 - For Bridge Railing and Guard Fence Connection, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-140 B ST-141.
 - Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered $1" \times 1"$, except as noted.

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965
J. F. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

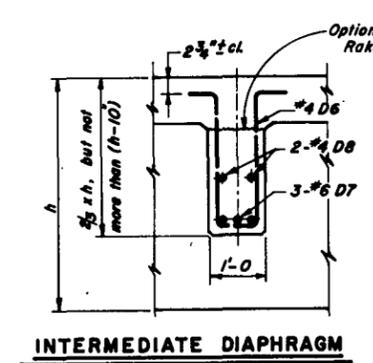
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE DIVISION

**STANDARD
 R. C. T-BEAM BRIDGES**

28'-0 Roadway

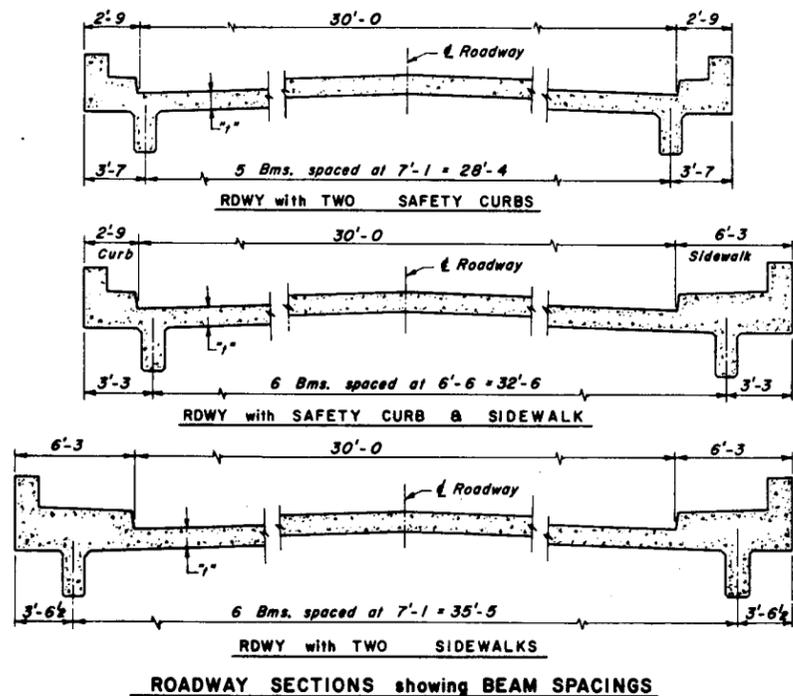
SHEET 1 OF 7

ST-101



INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM

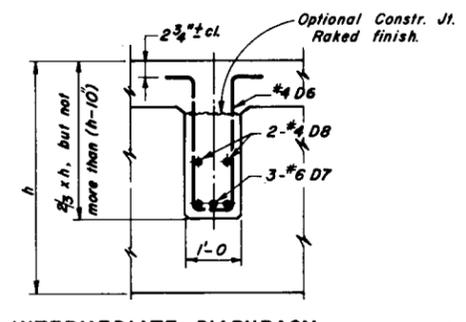
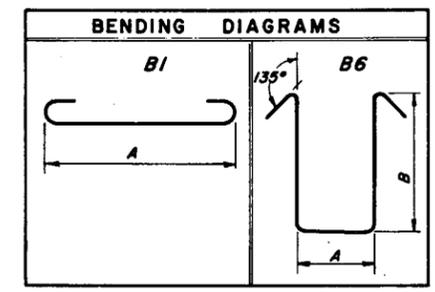
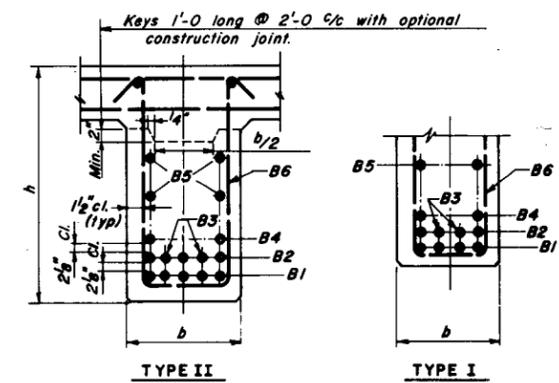
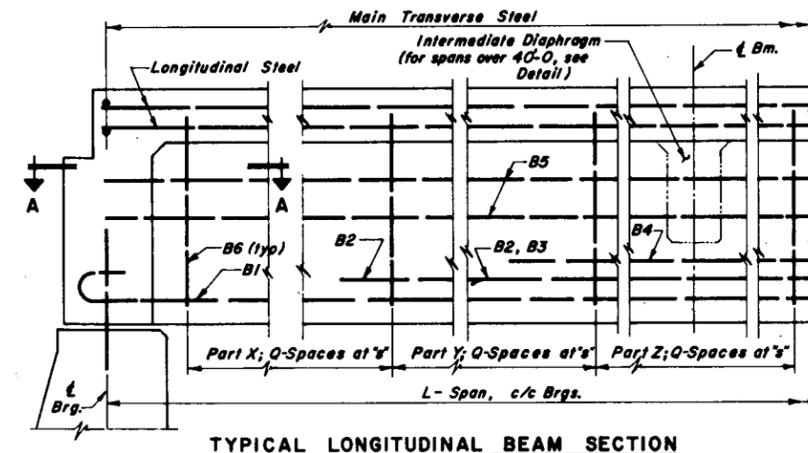
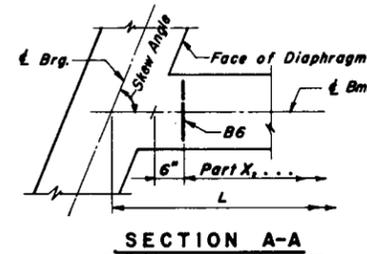
NOTE: For skew angles 75° to 90°, place diaphragms parallel to abutments; for angles less than 75°, place diaphragms normal to \bar{L} Bms. and stagger. Spacing of diaphragms shall not exceed 25'-0.



ROADWAY SECTIONS showing BEAM SPACINGS

TABLE of BEAM DIMENSIONS & REINFORCEMENT BARS

Span L, ft.	No. Beams	Beam Dimensions	Longitudinal Bars										B6 (#4) Stirrups						Type of Beam Cross Section			
			B1		B2		B3		B4		B5 (#6)		A	B	part X		part Y			part Z		
30' ROADWAY WITH TWO CURBS																						
28	5	16" x 27"	2	#11 28'-11"	2	#10 32'-6"	2	#9 21'-0"	2	#9 15'-9"	2	#8 28'-0"	1'-1"	1'-11"	5'-10"	7	5"	5	9"	8	37	I
30		29"		30'-11"	34'-6"	10	22'-0"	10	15'-3"			30'-0"	2'-1"	6'-0"	7	6	10	8	39			
32		30 1/2"		32'-11"	36'-6"	11	25'-6"	11	19'-9"			32'-0"	2'-3"	6'-5"	9	5	6	10	8	39		
34		33"		34'-11"	38'-6"	11	27'-9"	11	17'-9"	2	#6 11'-9"	34'-0"	2'-5"	6'-10"	9	5	7	10	8	41		
36		34 1/2"		36'-11"	40'-6"	11	29'-0"	11	15'-9"	7	#6 13'-6"	36'-0"	2'-7"	7'-1"	10	6	6	12	9	41		
38		37"		38'-11"	42'-6"	11	31'-0"	11	13'-9"	9	#6 17'-0"	38'-0"	2'-9"	7'-6"	10	6	6	12	9	42		
40		39 1/2"		40'-11"	44'-6"	11	33'-3"	11	12'-0"	10	#6 19'-0"	40'-0"	3'-0"	7'-11"	9	6	7	12	9	42		
42		41 1/2"		42'-11"	46'-6"	11	35'-3"	11	10'-6"	2	#8 21'-6"	42'-0"	3'-2"	8'-3"	9	6	7	12	10	43	I	
44		42 1/2"		44'-11"	48'-6"	11	37'-3"	11	9'-0"	4	#8 23'-9"	44'-0"	3'-3"	8'-8"	9	3	18	12	10	27	II	
46		44 1/2"		46'-11"	50'-6"	11	39'-3"	11	7'-6"	2	#6 26'-6"	46'-0"	3'-5"	9'-0"	5	9	3	18	12	29		
48		47"		48'-11"	52'-6"	11	41'-3"	11	6'-0"	2	#8 28'-0"	48'-0"	3'-7"	9'-5"	5	10	3	20	12	29		
50		49 1/2"		50'-11"	54'-6"	11	43'-3"	11	4'-6"	4	#8 30'-0"	50'-0"	3'-9"	9'-10"	5	10	3	20	12	29	II	
30' ROADWAY WITH CURB AND SIDEWALK																						
28	6	16" x 27"	2	#11 28'-11"	32'-6"	2	#9 21'-0"	2	#9 15'-9"	2	#8 28'-0"	1'-1"	1'-11"	5'-10"	7	6"	5	10"	8	33	I	
30		28 1/2"		30'-11"	34'-6"	10	22'-3"	10	16'-9"			30'-0"	2'-1"	6'-0"	7	6	10	8	35			
32		30		32'-11"	36'-6"	11	24'-9"	11	18'-6"			32'-0"	2'-2"	6'-6"	7	6	10	8	37			
34		32		34'-11"	38'-6"	11	26'-3"	11	20'-9"			34'-0"	2'-4"	6'-8"	7	6	10	8	37			
36		34		36'-11"	40'-6"	11	27'-9"	11	20'-9"	2	#6 12'-6"	36'-0"	2'-6"	7'-0"	9	6	6	12	9	40		
38		36		38'-11"	42'-6"	11	30'-6"	11	18'-3"	7	#6 14'-3"	38'-0"	2'-8"	7'-4"	10	6	6	12	9	42		
40		38		40'-11"	44'-6"	11	32'-9"	11	17'-6"	9	#6 17'-6"	40'-0"	2'-10"	7'-8"	10	6	6	12	9	42		
42		40		42'-11"	46'-6"	11	35'-0"	11	16'-0"	2	#8 19'-0"	42'-0"	3'-0"	7'-11"	10	6	6	12	9	42	I	
44		42 1/2"		44'-11"	48'-6"	11	37'-3"	11	14'-6"	4	#8 21'-6"	44'-0"	3'-1"	8'-5"	9	4	18	11	11	28	II	
46		44 1/2"		46'-11"	50'-6"	11	39'-3"	11	12'-6"	2	#6 24'-6"	46'-0"	3'-3"	8'-8"	5	9	4	18	11	30		
48		47"		48'-11"	52'-6"	11	41'-3"	11	10'-6"	2	#8 26'-6"	48'-0"	3'-5"	9'-0"	5	9	4	18	12	31		
50		49 1/2"		50'-11"	54'-6"	11	43'-3"	11	8'-6"	4	#8 28'-0"	50'-0"	3'-7"	9'-4"	5	9	4	18	12	31	II	
30' ROADWAY WITH TWO SIDEWALKS																						
28	6	16" x 27"	2	#11 28'-11"	32'-6"	2	#9 21'-0"	2	#9 15'-9"	2	#8 28'-0"	1'-1"	1'-11"	5'-10"	7	6"	5	10"	8	37	I	
30		29 1/2"		30'-11"	34'-6"	10	22'-9"	10	15'-3"			30'-0"	2'-2"	6'-3"	9	5	6	10	8	39		
32		31		32'-11"	36'-6"	11	25'-6"	11	19'-9"			32'-0"	2'-3"	6'-6"	9	5	6	10	8	39		
34		33 1/2"		34'-11"	38'-6"	11	27'-9"	11	17'-9"	2	#6 11'-9"	34'-0"	2'-4"	6'-11"	9	5	7	10	8	41		
36		35		36'-11"	40'-6"	11	29'-0"	11	15'-9"	7	#6 13'-6"	36'-0"	2'-7"	7'-2"	10	6	6	12	9	41		
38		37 1/2"		38'-11"	42'-6"	11	31'-0"	11	13'-9"	9	#6 17'-0"	38'-0"	2'-9"	7'-6"	10	6	6	12	9	42		
40		40		40'-11"	44'-6"	11	33'-3"	11	12'-0"	2	#8 19'-0"	40'-0"	3'-0"	7'-7"	10	6	6	12	9	42	I	
42		42 1/2"		42'-11"	46'-6"	11	35'-3"	11	10'-6"	4	#8 21'-6"	42'-0"	3'-1"	8'-5"	9	3	18	12	10	27	II	
44		45		44'-11"	48'-6"	11	37'-3"	11	8'-6"	2	#6 24'-6"	44'-0"	3'-3"	8'-8"	5	9	3	18	12	29		
46		47 1/2"		46'-11"	50'-6"	11	39'-3"	11	6'-0"	2	#8 26'-6"	46'-0"	3'-5"	9'-0"	5	9	3	18	12	29		
48		50		48'-11"	52'-6"	11	41'-3"	11	4'-6"	4	#8 28'-0"	48'-0"	3'-7"	9'-4"	5	10	3	20	12	29		
50		52 1/2"		50'-11"	54'-6"	11	43'-3"	11	2'-6"	4	#8 30'-0"	50'-0"	3'-9"	9'-10"	5	10	3	20	12	29	II	



NOTE: For skew angles 75° to 90°, place diaphragms parallel to abutments; For angles less than 75°, place diaphragms normal to ϵ Bms. and stagger. Spacing of diaphragms shall not exceed 25'-0".

- GENERAL NOTES**
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Form 408/60 and Form 409/49.
 - Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961-AASHTO "Standard Specs. for Highway Bridges", except for the deck slab which is designed for $f_c = 1,000$ psi.
 - Live Load: HS20-44
 - Dead Load includes 30 lbs. per sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the deck slab.
 - Reinforcement bars shall be of intermediate or hard grade or rail steel, designed for $f_s = 20,000$ psi and detailed in accordance with ACI Code. Minimum lap shall be 30 Dia. and minimum cover shall be 1 1/2" except as noted.
 - For Deck Slab and other details, refer to sheet 7.
 - Class AA Concrete shall be used in the Superstructure.
 - For Bridge Railing and Guard Fence Connection, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-140 & ST-141.
 - Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1" x 1", except as noted.

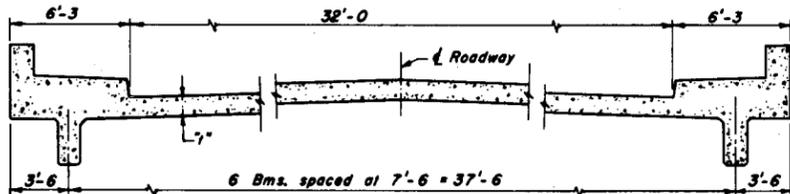
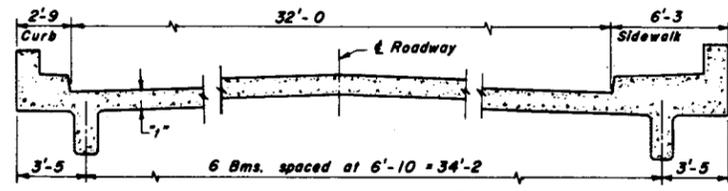
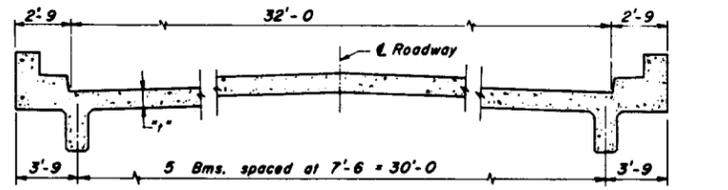
Approved: FEB. 25, 1965
K. H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
R. C. T-BEAM BRIDGES

30'-0 Roadway

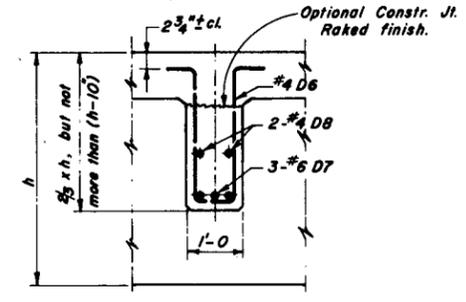
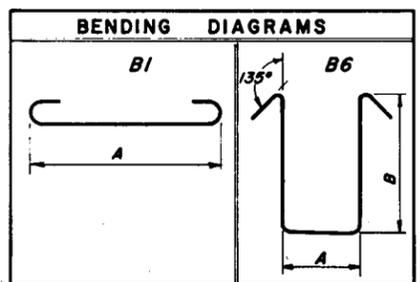
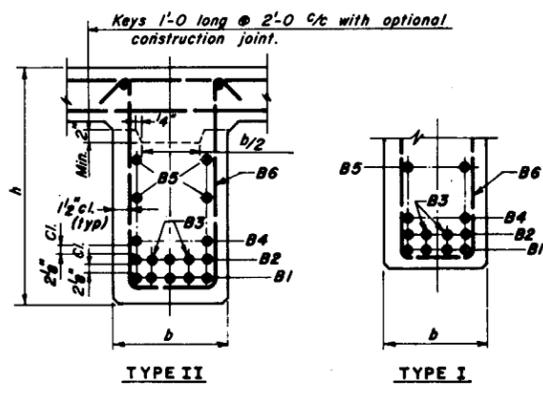
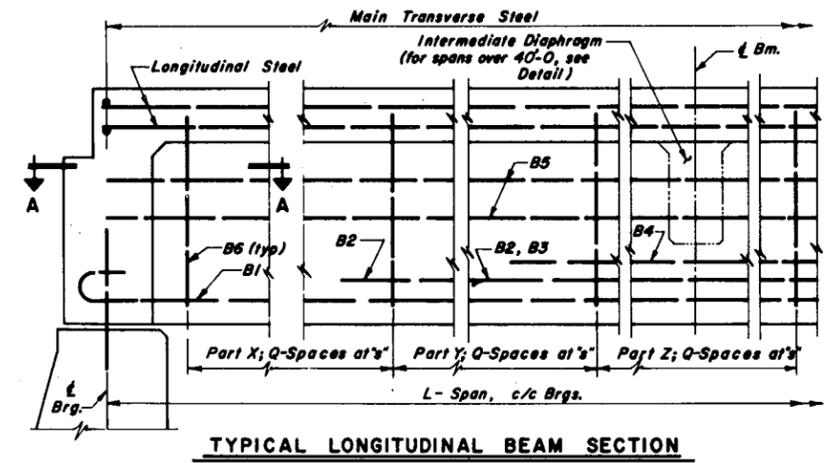
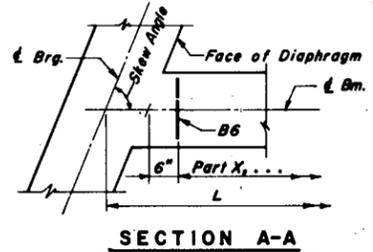
Des. K.R.P.
Trc. C.E.F.
Ckd. ELM/WHU



ROADWAY SECTIONS showing BEAM SPACINGS

TABLE of BEAM DIMENSIONS & REINFORCEMENT BARS

Span L, ft.	No. Beams	Beam Dimensions		Longitudinal Bars										Stirrups		Type of Beam Cross Section												
		b	h	B1		B2		B3		B4		B5 (No. 5)		A	B													
32' ROADWAY WITH TWO CURBS																												
28	7 1/2	5	16"	29"	4	#11	28'-11"	32'-6"	2	#9	20'-6"	2	#9	16'-0"	—	—	2	28'-0"	1'-1"	2'-1"	6'-2"	6	6"	6	10"	8	33	I
30				31"			30'-11"	34'-6"	10	22'-6"	9	16'-9"	—	—	—	—	—	30'-0"	2'-1"	6'-1"	6	6"	6	10"	8	33	I	
32				32 1/2"			32'-11"	36'-6"	11	25'-0"	10	18'-6"	—	—	—	—	—	32'-0"	2'-5"	6'-9"	6	6"	7	10"	8	35	I	
34				34"			34'-11"	38'-6"	11	27'-6"	11	22'-3"	2	#6	11'-9"	—	—	34'-0"	2'-6"	7'-0"	6	6"	7	10"	8	35	I	
36				36"			36'-11"	40'-6"	11	29'-0"	11	23'-6"	2	#6	13'-6"	—	—	36'-0"	2'-8"	7'-4"	9	6"	7	12"	8	39	I	
38				38 1/2"			38'-11"	42'-6"	11	31'-3"	10	26'-0"	2	#6	17'-6"	—	—	38'-0"	2'-11"	7'-9"	10	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
40				40 1/2"			40'-11"	44'-6"	11	33'-6"	10	28'-3"	2	#6	20'-9"	—	—	40'-0"	3'-1"	8'-1"	10	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
42				42 1/2"			42'-11"	46'-6"	11	35'-9"	10	30'-9"	2	#6	24'-9"	—	—	42'-0"	3'-4"	8'-6"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
44				44"			44'-11"	48'-6"	11	38'-6"	10	33'-3"	2	#6	28'-0"	—	—	44'-0"	3'-7"	8'-9"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
46				46 1/2"			46'-11"	50'-6"	11	41'-0"	10	35'-6"	2	#6	32'-0"	—	—	46'-0"	3'-10"	9'-1"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
48				48 1/2"			48'-11"	52'-6"	11	43'-9"	10	38'-6"	2	#6	36'-0"	—	—	48'-0"	4'-1"	9'-4"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
50	7 1/2	5	19 1/2"	49"	5	#11	50'-11"	54'-6"	11	46'-0"	10	41'-0"	2	#11	40'-0"	—	—	50'-0"	4'-4"	9'-9"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
32' ROADWAY WITH CURB AND SIDEWALK																												
28	6'-10"	6	16"	26 1/2"	4	#11	28'-11"	32'-6"	2	#9	21'-0"	2	#9	15'-9"	—	—	2	28'-0"	1'-1"	1'-11"	5'-9"	9	5"	5	9"	8	37	I
30				28 1/2"			30'-11"	34'-6"	10	22'-9"	10	15'-3"	—	—	—	—	—	30'-0"	2'-1"	6'-1"	9	5"	6	9"	8	39	I	
32				30"			32'-11"	36'-6"	11	25'-6"	11	19'-9"	—	—	—	—	—	32'-0"	2'-5"	6'-4"	9	5"	6	10"	8	39	I	
34				32 1/2"			34'-11"	38'-6"	11	27'-9"	11	22'-3"	2	#6	11'-9"	—	—	34'-0"	2'-6"	6'-9"	9	5"	7	10"	8	41	I	
36				34"			36'-11"	40'-6"	11	29'-0"	11	23'-6"	2	#6	13'-6"	—	—	36'-0"	2'-8"	7'-4"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
38				36 1/2"			38'-11"	42'-6"	11	31'-3"	10	26'-0"	2	#6	17'-6"	—	—	38'-0"	2'-11"	7'-9"	10	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
40				38 1/2"			40'-11"	44'-6"	11	33'-6"	10	28'-3"	2	#6	20'-9"	—	—	40'-0"	3'-1"	8'-1"	10	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
42				40 1/2"			42'-11"	46'-6"	11	35'-9"	10	30'-9"	2	#6	24'-9"	—	—	42'-0"	3'-4"	8'-6"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
44				42 1/2"			44'-11"	48'-6"	11	38'-6"	10	33'-3"	2	#6	28'-0"	—	—	44'-0"	3'-7"	8'-9"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
46				44 1/2"			46'-11"	50'-6"	11	41'-0"	10	35'-6"	2	#6	32'-0"	—	—	46'-0"	3'-10"	9'-1"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
48				46 1/2"			48'-11"	52'-6"	11	43'-9"	10	38'-6"	2	#6	36'-0"	—	—	48'-0"	4'-1"	9'-4"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
50	6'-10"	6	19 1/2"	48 1/2"	5	#11	50'-11"	54'-6"	11	46'-0"	10	41'-0"	2	#11	40'-0"	—	—	50'-0"	4'-4"	9'-9"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
32' ROADWAY WITH TWO SIDEWALKS																												
28	7'-6"	6	16"	30"	4	#11	28'-11"	32'-6"	2	#9	20'-6"	2	#9	16'-0"	—	—	2	28'-0"	1'-1"	2'-2"	6	6"	6	10"	8	33	I	
30				32"			30'-11"	34'-6"	10	22'-6"	9	16'-9"	—	—	—	—	—	30'-0"	2'-1"	6'-8"	6	6"	6	10"	8	33	I	
32				33 1/2"			32'-11"	36'-6"	11	25'-0"	10	18'-6"	—	—	—	—	—	32'-0"	2'-5"	6'-11"	6	6"	7	10"	8	35	I	
34				35"			34'-11"	38'-6"	11	27'-6"	11	22'-3"	2	#6	11'-9"	—	—	34'-0"	2'-7"	7'-2"	6	6"	7	10"	8	35	I	
36				37"			36'-11"	40'-6"	11	29'-0"	11	23'-6"	2	#6	13'-6"	—	—	36'-0"	2'-9"	7'-6"	9	6"	7	12"	8	39	I	
38				39 1/2"			38'-11"	42'-6"	11	31'-3"	10	26'-0"	2	#6	17'-6"	—	—	38'-0"	3'-0"	7'-11"	10	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
40				41 1/2"			40'-11"	44'-6"	11	33'-6"	10	28'-3"	2	#6	20'-9"	—	—	40'-0"	3'-2"	8'-3"	10	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
42				43 1/2"			42'-11"	46'-6"	11	35'-9"	10	30'-9"	2	#6	24'-9"	—	—	42'-0"	3'-5"	8'-6"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
44				45"			44'-11"	48'-6"	11	38'-6"	10	33'-3"	2	#6	28'-0"	—	—	44'-0"	3'-8"	8'-9"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
46				47 1/2"			46'-11"	50'-6"	11	41'-0"	10	35'-6"	2	#6	32'-0"	—	—	46'-0"	4'-0"	9'-3"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
48				49 1/2"			48'-11"	52'-6"	11	43'-9"	10	38'-6"	2	#6	36'-0"	—	—	48'-0"	4'-3"	9'-6"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	
50	7'-6"	6	19 1/2"	50"	5	#11	50'-11"	54'-6"	11	46'-0"	10	41'-0"	2	#11	40'-0"	—	—	50'-0"	4'-6"	9'-9"	9	6"	7	12"	8	41	I	



NOTE: For skew angles 75° to 90°, place diaphragms parallel to abutments; For angles less than 75°, place diaphragms normal to ϵ Bms. and stagger. Spacing of diaphragms shall not exceed 25'-0".

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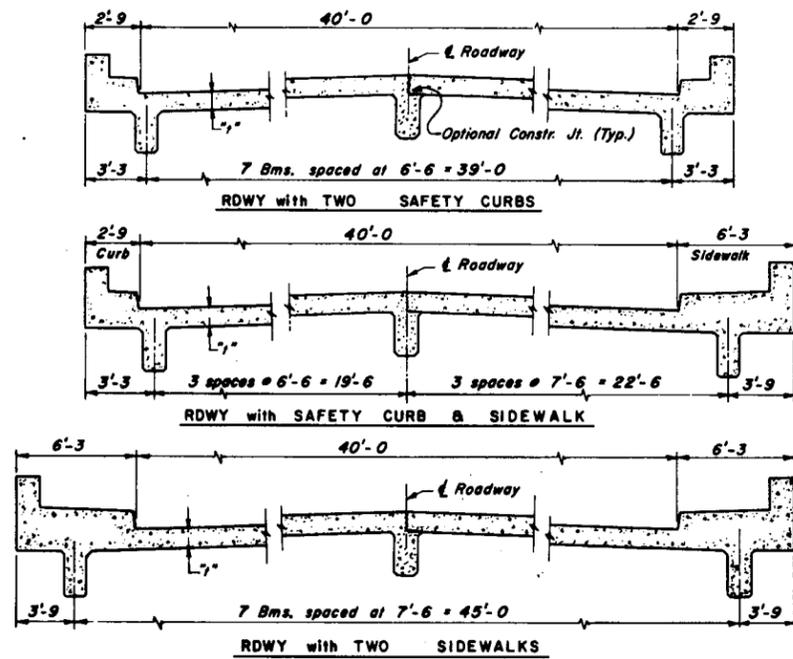
Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

J. H. Jensen
Civil Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
R. C. T-BEAM BRIDGES
32'-0 Roadway

Des. K.R.P.
Trc. C.E.F.
Ckd. ELM/MLU

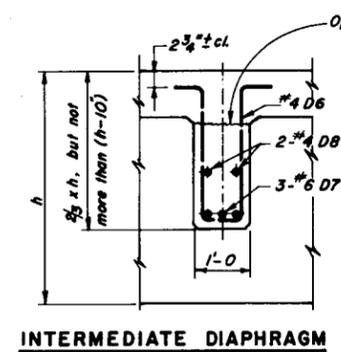
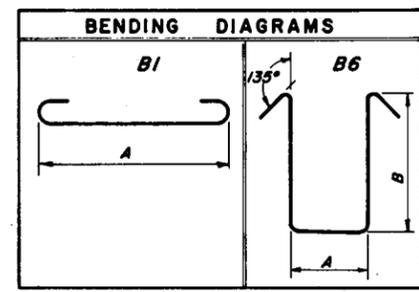
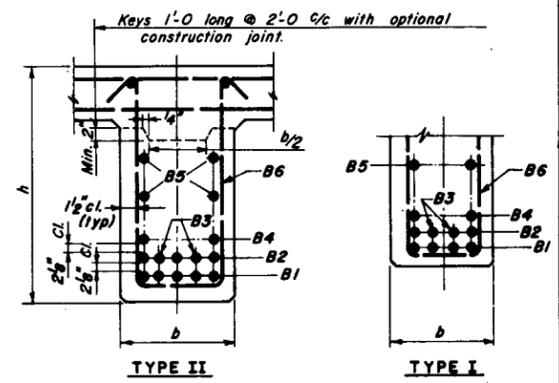
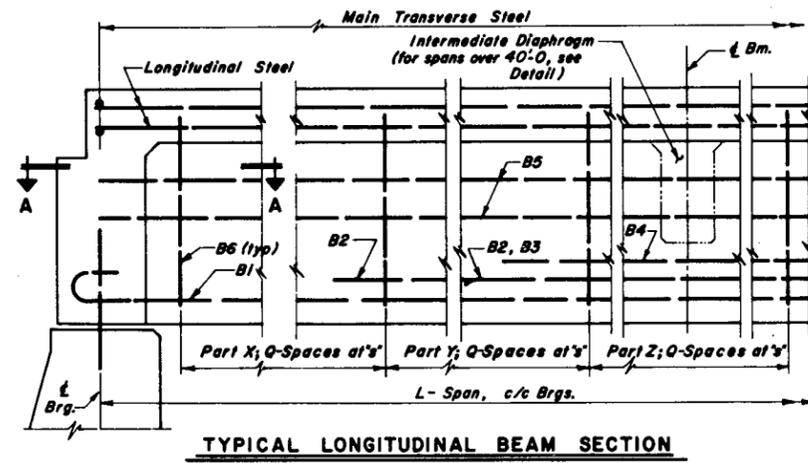
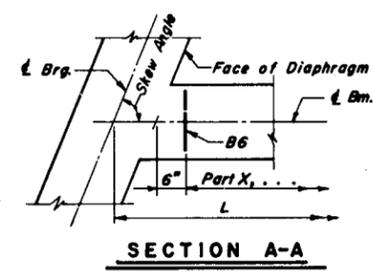


ROADWAY SECTIONS showing BEAM SPACINGS

TABLE of BEAM DIMENSIONS & REINFORCEMENT BARS

Span L, ft.	No. of Beams	Beam Dimensions		Longitudinal Bars												B6 (#4) Stirrups				Type of Beam Cross Section						
		b	h	B1		B2		B3		B4		B5 (#5)		A	B	part X	part Y	part Z	No.							
40' ROADWAY WITH TWO CURBS																										
20	7	16"	26"	4	#11	28'-11"	32'-6"	2	#9	20'-3"	2	#9	15'-9"	2	#8	28'-0"	1'-1"	1'-10"	5'-8"	7	6"	5	10"	8	33	I
30	7	16"	27 1/2"	4	#11	30'-11"	34'-6"	2	#9	22'-3"	2	#9	16'-9"	2	#8	30'-0"	1'-1"	2'-0"	5'-11"	7	6"	6	10	8	35	I
32	7	16"	29"	4	#11	32'-11"	36'-6"	2	#9	24'-9"	2	#9	18'-6"	2	#8	32'-0"	1'-1"	2'-4"	6'-2"	7	6"	7	10	8	37	I
34	7	16"	31"	4	#11	34'-11"	38'-6"	2	#9	26'-3"	2	#9	20'-9"	2	#8	34'-0"	1'-1"	2'-7"	6'-6"	7	6"	7	10	8	37	I
36	7	16"	33"	4	#11	36'-11"	40'-6"	2	#9	29'-0"	2	#9	23'-0"	2	#8	36'-0"	1'-1"	2'-10"	6'-10"	9	6"	6	12	9	40	I
38	7	16"	35"	4	#11	38'-11"	42'-6"	2	#9	30'-6"	2	#9	24'-3"	2	#8	38'-0"	1'-1"	2'-12"	7'-2"	10	6"	6	12	9	42	I
40	7	16"	37"	4	#11	40'-11"	44'-6"	2	#9	32'-9"	2	#9	27'-0"	2	#8	40'-0"	1'-1"	2'-14"	7'-6"	10	6"	6	12	9	42	I
42	7	16"	38 1/2"	4	#11	42'-11"	46'-6"	2	#9	35'-0"	2	#9	29'-6"	2	#8	42'-0"	1'-1"	2'-11"	7'-9"	10	6"	6	12	9	42	I
44	7	19 1/2"	40"	5	#11	44'-11"	48'-6"	3	#9	36'-3"	2	#9	32'-9"	2	#8	44'-0"	1'-1"	2'-10"	8'-3"	4	9	4	18	11	28	II
46	7	19 1/2"	41 1/2"	5	#11	46'-11"	50'-6"	3	#9	36'-3"	2	#9	32'-9"	2	#8	44'-0"	1'-1"	3'-2"	8'-4"	5	9	4	18	11	30	II
48	7	19 1/2"	43 1/2"	5	#11	48'-11"	52'-6"	3	#9	38'-3"	2	#9	34'-9"	2	#8	46'-0"	1'-1"	3'-4"	8'-10"	5	9	4	18	12	31	II
50	7	19 1/2"	45 1/2"	5	#11	50'-11"	54'-6"	3	#9	40'-3"	2	#9	36'-9"	2	#8	48'-0"	1'-1"	3'-6"	9'-2"	5	9	4	18	12	31	II
40' ROADWAY WITH CURB AND SIDEWALK																										
20	7	16"	26"	4	#11	28'-11"	32'-6"	2	#9	20'-3"	2	#9	15'-9"	2	#8	28'-0"	1'-1"	1'-10"	5'-8"	7	6"	5	10"	8	33	I
30	7	16"	27 1/2"	4	#11	30'-11"	34'-6"	2	#9	22'-3"	2	#9	16'-9"	2	#8	30'-0"	1'-1"	2'-0"	5'-11"	7	6"	6	10	8	35	I
32	7	16"	29"	4	#11	32'-11"	36'-6"	2	#9	24'-9"	2	#9	18'-6"	2	#8	32'-0"	1'-1"	2'-4"	6'-2"	7	6"	7	10	8	37	I
34	7	16"	31"	4	#11	34'-11"	38'-6"	2	#9	26'-3"	2	#9	20'-9"	2	#8	34'-0"	1'-1"	2'-7"	6'-6"	7	6"	7	10	8	37	I
36	7	16"	33"	4	#11	36'-11"	40'-6"	2	#9	29'-0"	2	#9	23'-0"	2	#8	36'-0"	1'-1"	2'-10"	6'-10"	9	6"	6	12	9	40	I
38	7	16"	35"	4	#11	38'-11"	42'-6"	2	#9	30'-6"	2	#9	24'-3"	2	#8	38'-0"	1'-1"	2'-12"	7'-2"	10	6"	6	12	9	42	I
40	7	16"	37"	4	#11	40'-11"	44'-6"	2	#9	32'-9"	2	#9	27'-0"	2	#8	40'-0"	1'-1"	2'-14"	7'-6"	10	6"	6	12	9	42	I
42	7	16"	38 1/2"	4	#11	42'-11"	46'-6"	2	#9	35'-0"	2	#9	29'-6"	2	#8	42'-0"	1'-1"	2'-11"	7'-9"	10	6"	6	12	9	42	I
44	7	19 1/2"	40"	5	#11	44'-11"	48'-6"	3	#9	36'-3"	2	#9	32'-9"	2	#8	44'-0"	1'-1"	2'-10"	8'-3"	4	9	4	18	11	28	II
46	7	19 1/2"	41 1/2"	5	#11	46'-11"	50'-6"	3	#9	36'-3"	2	#9	32'-9"	2	#8	44'-0"	1'-1"	3'-2"	8'-4"	5	9	4	18	11	30	II
48	7	19 1/2"	43 1/2"	5	#11	48'-11"	52'-6"	3	#9	38'-3"	2	#9	34'-9"	2	#8	46'-0"	1'-1"	3'-4"	8'-10"	5	9	4	18	12	31	II
50	7	19 1/2"	45 1/2"	5	#11	50'-11"	54'-6"	3	#9	40'-3"	2	#9	36'-9"	2	#8	48'-0"	1'-1"	3'-6"	9'-2"	5	9	4	18	12	31	II
40' ROADWAY WITH TWO SIDEWALKS																										
20	7	16"	26"	4	#11	28'-11"	32'-6"	2	#9	20'-3"	2	#9	15'-9"	2	#8	28'-0"	1'-1"	1'-10"	5'-8"	7	6"	5	10"	8	33	I
30	7	16"	27 1/2"	4	#11	30'-11"	34'-6"	2	#9	22'-3"	2	#9	16'-9"	2	#8	30'-0"	1'-1"	2'-0"	5'-11"	7	6"	6	10	8	35	I
32	7	16"	29"	4	#11	32'-11"	36'-6"	2	#9	24'-9"	2	#9	18'-6"	2	#8	32'-0"	1'-1"	2'-4"	6'-2"	7	6"	7	10	8	37	I
34	7	16"	31"	4	#11	34'-11"	38'-6"	2	#9	26'-3"	2	#9	20'-9"	2	#8	34'-0"	1'-1"	2'-7"	6'-6"	7	6"	7	10	8	37	I
36	7	16"	33"	4	#11	36'-11"	40'-6"	2	#9	29'-0"	2	#9	23'-0"	2	#8	36'-0"	1'-1"	2'-10"	6'-10"	9	6"	6	12	9	40	I
38	7	16"	35"	4	#11	38'-11"	42'-6"	2	#9	30'-6"	2	#9	24'-3"	2	#8	38'-0"	1'-1"	2'-12"	7'-2"	10	6"	6	12	9	42	I
40	7	16"	37"	4	#11	40'-11"	44'-6"	2	#9	32'-9"	2	#9	27'-0"	2	#8	40'-0"	1'-1"	2'-14"	7'-6"	10	6"	6	12	9	42	I
42	7	16"	38 1/2"	4	#11	42'-11"	46'-6"	2	#9	35'-0"	2	#9	29'-6"	2	#8	42'-0"	1'-1"	2'-11"	7'-9"	10	6"	6	12	9	42	I
44	7	19 1/2"	40"	5	#11	44'-11"	48'-6"	3	#9	36'-3"	2	#9	32'-9"	2	#8	44'-0"	1'-1"	2'-10"	8'-3"	4	9	4	18	11	28	II
46	7	19 1/2"	41 1/2"	5	#11	46'-11"	50'-6"	3	#9	36'-3"	2	#9	32'-9"	2	#8	44'-0"	1'-1"	3'-2"	8'-4"	5	9	4	18	11	30	II
48	7	19 1/2"	43 1/2"	5	#11	48'-11"	52'-6"	3	#9	38'-3"	2	#9	34'-9"	2	#8	46'-0"	1'-1"	3'-4"	8'-10"	5	9	4	18	12	31	II
50	7	19 1/2"	45 1/2"	5	#11	50'-11"	54'-6"	3	#9	40'-3"	2	#9	36'-9"	2	#8	48'-0"	1'-1"	3'-6"	9'-2"	5	9	4	18	12	31	II

Use Upper Table for beams spaced at 6'-6"
Use Lower Table for beams spaced at 7'-6" and for beam at Construction Joint.



NOTE: For skew angles 75° to 90°, place diaphragms parallel to abutments; For angles less than 75°, place diaphragms normal to & Bms. and stagger. Spacing of diaphragms shall not exceed 25'-0."

- GENERAL NOTES**
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Form 408/60 and Form 409/49.
 - Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961-AASHTO "Standard Specs. for Highway Bridges", except for the deck slab which is designed for $f_c = 1,000$ psi.
 - Live Load: HS20-44
 - Dead Load includes 30 lbs. per sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the deck slab.
 - Reinforcement bars shall be of intermediate or hard grade or rail steel, designed for $f_s = 20,000$ psi and detailed in accordance with ACI Code. Minimum lap shall be 30 Dia. and minimum cover shall be 1 1/2" except as noted.
 - For Deck Slab and other details, refer to sheet 7.
 - Class AA Concrete shall be used in the Superstructure.
 - For Bridge Railing and Guard Fence Connection, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-140 & ST-141.
 - Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1" x 1", except as noted.

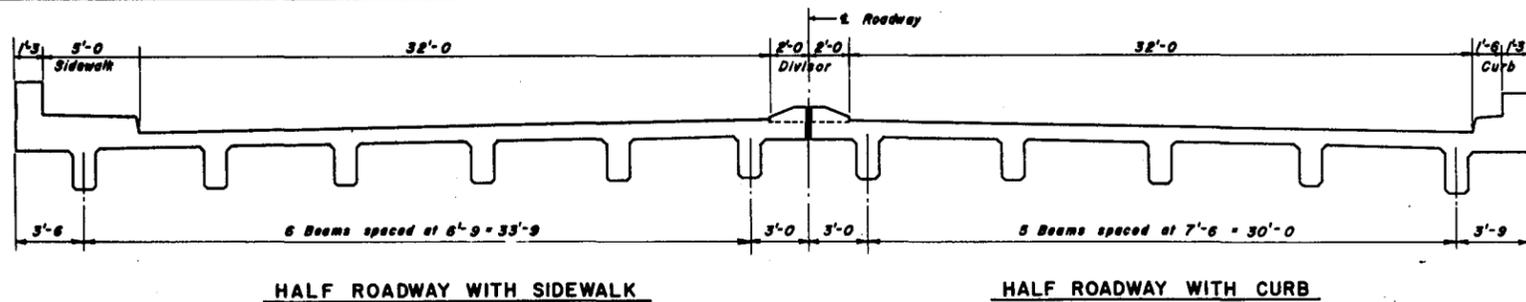
Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

R.H. Jensen
Civil Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
R. C. T-BEAM BRIDGES
40'-0 Roadway

Des. K.R.P.
Trc. C.E.F.
Ckd. ELH/NRM



- GENERAL NOTES**
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Form 408/60 and Form 409/49.
 - Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961-AASHTO "Standard Specs. for Highway Bridges", except for the deck slab which is designed for $f_c = 1,000$ psi.
 - Live Load: HS20-44
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 - For Deck Slab and other details, refer to sheet 7.
 - Class AA Concrete shall be used in the Superstructure.
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 - Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered $1" \times 1"$, except as noted.

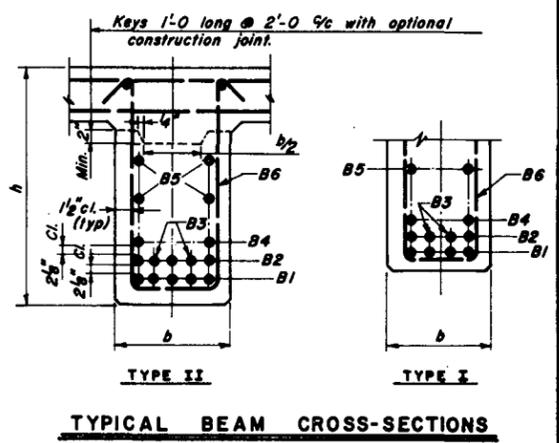
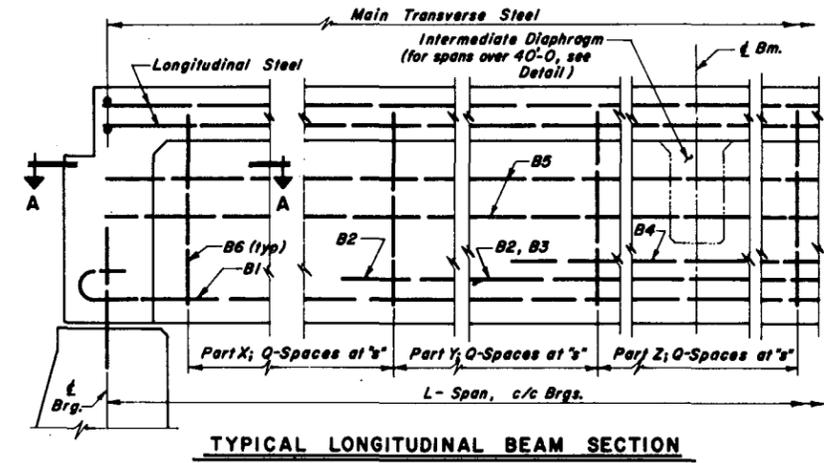
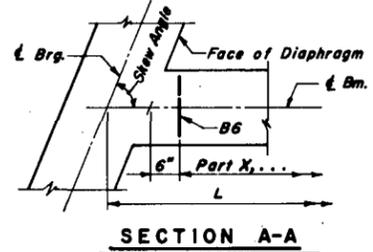
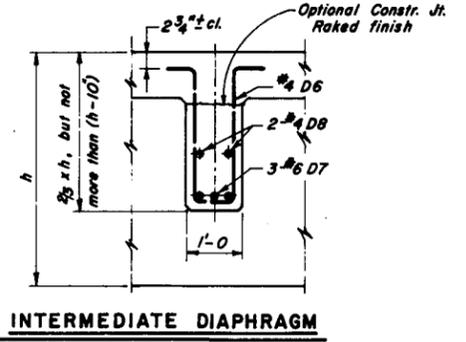
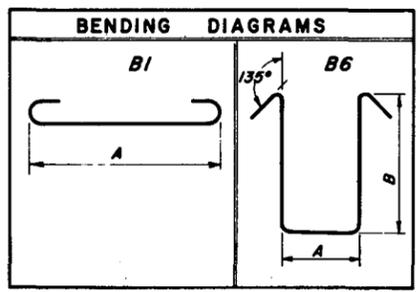


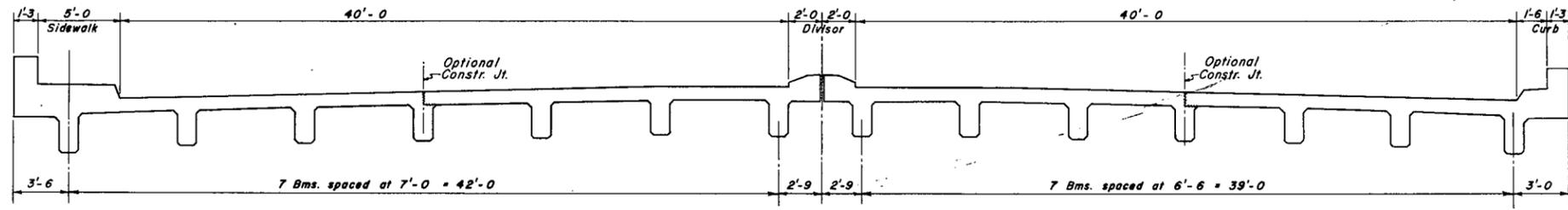
TABLE of BEAM DIMENSIONS & REINFORCEMENT BARS

Span L, ft.	No. Beams	Beam Dimensions		Longitudinal Bars												B6 (#4) Stirrups			Type of Beam Cross Section									
		b	h	B1		B2		B3		B4		B5 (#5)		A	B	Length	Q	S		Q	S	Q	S	No.				
				No.	size	length	No.	size	length	No.	size	length	No.												size	length	No.	length
HALF ROADWAY WITH CURB																												
28	5	16"	28 1/2"	4	#11	28'-11"	32'-6"	2	#9	20'-6"	2	#9	16'-0"	—	—	2	28'-0"	1'-1"	2'-1"	6'-1"	6	6"	6	10"	8	33	I	
30			30 1/2"			30'-11"	34'-6"	10	#22-6	9	16'-9"	—	—	—	—	2	30'-0"	2'-3"	6'-5"	6	6"	6	10"	8	33	I		
32			32"			32'-11"	36'-6"	11	#25-6	10	18'-6"	—	—	—	—	2	32'-0"	2'-4"	6'-8"	6	6"	7	10"	8	35	I		
34			33 1/2"			34'-11"	38'-6"	—	—	11	22'-3"	2	#6	11'-9"	34'-0"	2'-6"	6'-11"	6	6"	7	10"	8	10"	8	35	I		
36			35 1/2"			36'-11"	40'-6"	—	—	—	25'-6"	7	#3	13'-6"	36'-0"	2'-8"	7'-3"	9	6"	6	12"	8	12"	8	39	I		
38			37 1/2"			38'-11"	42'-6"	—	—	—	26'-0"	9	#7	17'-6"	38'-0"	2'-10"	7'-7"	10	6"	6	12"	8	12"	8	41	I		
40			39 1/2"			40'-11"	44'-6"	2	#3	33'-6"	28'-3"	11	#8	20'-9"	40'-0"	1'-1"	3'-0"	11	6"	6	12"	8	12"	8	41	I		
42			39 1/2"			40'-11"	44'-6"	3	#3	32'-9"	22'-9"	—	—	—	4	42'-0"	1'-4"	3'-1"	8'-4"	4	9"	4	18"	10	27	II		
44			42"			44'-11"	48'-6"	—	—	34'-6"	25'-3"	2	#6	14'-0"	44'-0"	3'-2"	8'-7"	4	9"	4	18"	10	12"	10	27	I		
46			44"			46'-11"	50'-6"	—	—	37'-0"	27'-6"	8	#7	17'-6"	46'-0"	3'-4"	8'-11"	5	9"	4	18"	10	12"	10	29	I		
48			45 1/2"			48'-11"	52'-6"	—	—	39'-0"	29'-9"	10	#8	20'-9"	48'-0"	3'-6"	9'-2"	5	9"	4	18"	11	12"	11	30	I		
50	5	19 1/2"	48"	5	#11	50'-11"	54'-6"	3	#11	41'-0"	32'-3"	2	#11	23'-6"	50'-0"	1'-4"	3'-8"	9'-7"	5	9"	4	18"	11	12"	11	30	II	
HALF ROADWAY WITH SIDEWALK																												
28	5	16"	28"	4	#11	28'-11"	32'-6"	2	#9	21'-0"	2	#9	15'-9"	—	—	2	28'-0"	1'-1"	1'-10"	5'-8"	9	5"	5	9"	8	37	I	
30			28"			30'-11"	34'-6"	10	#22-9	10	15'-3"	—	—	—	—	2	30'-0"	2'-0"	6'-0"	9	5	6	9"	8	39	I		
32			29 1/2"			32'-11"	36'-6"	11	#25-6	11	19'-9"	—	—	—	—	2	32'-0"	2'-2"	6'-3"	9	5	6	10"	8	39	I		
34			32"			34'-11"	38'-6"	—	—	27'-9"	22'-3"	2	#6	11'-9"	34'-0"	2'-4"	6'-8"	9	5	7	10"	8	10"	8	41	I		
36			33 1/2"			36'-11"	40'-6"	—	—	29'-0"	23'-9"	7	#3	13'-6"	36'-0"	2'-6"	6'-11"	10	6	6	12"	9	12"	9	41	I		
38			36"			38'-11"	42'-6"	—	—	31'-0"	25'-6"	9	#7	17'-0"	38'-0"	2'-8"	7'-4"	10	6	6	12"	9	12"	9	42	I		
40			38"			40'-11"	44'-6"	—	—	33'-3"	25'-6"	10	#8	19'-0"	40'-0"	2'-10"	7'-8"	9	6	7	12"	9	12"	9	42	I		
42			40"			42'-11"	46'-6"	2	#3	35'-3"	29'-9"	11	#8	21'-6"	42'-0"	1'-1"	3'-0"	8'-0"	9	6	7	12"	10	12"	10	43	I	
44			41"			44'-11"	48'-6"	3	#4	34'-3"	23'-9"	—	—	—	4	44'-0"	1'-4"	3'-7"	8'-5"	4	9	3	18"	12	27	II		
46			43"			46'-11"	50'-6"	—	—	36'-3"	26'-6"	6	#6	14'-6"	46'-0"	3'-3"	8'-9"	5	9	3	18"	12	12"	12	29	I		
48			45 1/2"			48'-11"	52'-6"	—	—	38'-3"	28'-0"	2	#7	16'-6"	48'-0"	3'-6"	9'-2"	5	10	3	20"	12	12"	12	29	I		
50	5	19 1/2"	48"	5	#11	50'-11"	54'-6"	3	#11	40'-0"	2	#11	29'-9"	2	#8	18'-6"	4	50'-0"	1'-4"	3'-8"	9'-7"	5	10"	3	20"	12	29	II



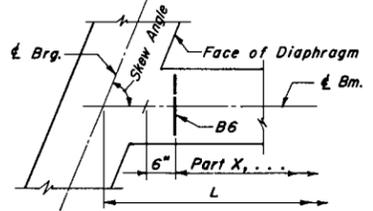
NOTE: For skew angles 75° to 90°, place diaphragms parallel to abutments; For angles less than 75°, place diaphragms normal to ϵ Bms. and stagger. Spacing of diaphragms shall not exceed 25'-0".

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965
J. J. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer
 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE DIVISION
STANDARD
R. C. T-BEAM BRIDGES
 68'-0 Roadway

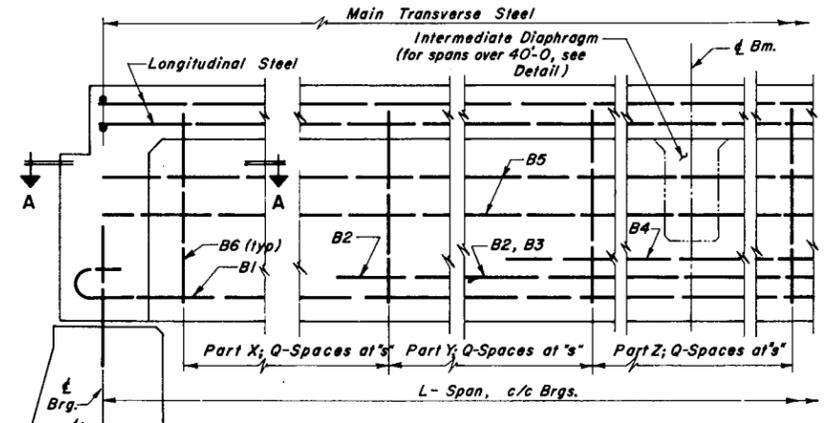


HALF ROADWAY WITH SIDEWALK

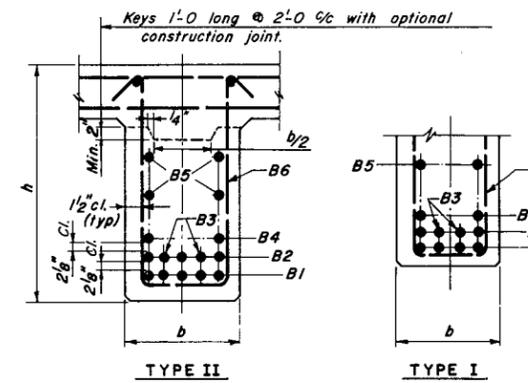
HALF ROADWAY WITH CURB



SECTION A-A



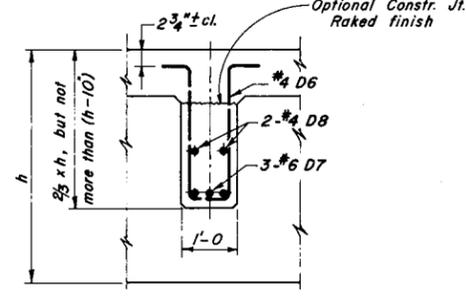
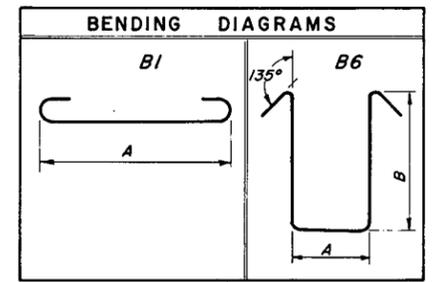
TYPICAL LONGITUDINAL BEAM SECTION



TYPICAL BEAM CROSS-SECTIONS

TABLE of BEAM DIMENSIONS & REINFORCEMENT BARS

Span L, ft.	Bm. Spacing	No. Bms.	Beam Dimensions		Longitudinal Bars										B6 (#4) Stirrups										Type of Beam Cross Section			
			b	h	B1		B2		B3		B4		B5 (#5)		A	B	part X		part Y		part Z		No.					
HALF ROADWAY WITH CURB																												
28	6'-6"	7	16"	25 1/2"	4	#11	28'-11"	32'-6"	2	#9	20'-6"	2	#9	16'-3"	---	---	2	28'-0"	1'-1"	1'-10"	5'-7"	6	6"	6	9"	9	34	I
30				27 1/2"			30'-11"	34'-6"	10	23'-3"	10	17'-3"	---	---	---	---	2	30'-0"	2'-0"	2'-0"	5'-11"	6	6"	7	9	9	36	I
32				29			32'-11"	36'-6"	10	24'-3"	10	19'-0"	---	---	---	---	2	32'-0"	2'-2 1/2"	2'-2 1/2"	6'-2"	6	6"	8	9	9	38	I
34				30 1/2"			34'-11"	38'-6"	11	26'-9"	11	19'-6"	---	---	---	---	2	34'-0"	2'-3"	2'-3"	6'-5"	6	6"	8	9	9	38	I
36				32 1/2"			36'-11"	40'-6"	11	28'-9"	11	22'-9"	2	#6	11'-9"	---	---	2	36'-0"	2'-5"	2'-5"	6'-9"	6	6"	9	9	40	I
38				34 1/2"			38'-11"	42'-6"	11	30'-6"	11	25'-0"	2	#6	11'-9"	---	---	2	38'-0"	2'-7"	2'-7"	7'-7"	6	6"	10	9	40	I
40				36			40'-11"	44'-6"	11	33'-0"	11	28'-0"	2	#6	11'-9"	---	---	2	40'-0"	2'-8 1/2"	2'-8 1/2"	7'-4"	6	6"	10	10	42	I
42				38			42'-11"	46'-6"	11	35'-3"	11	29'-6"	2	#6	11'-9"	---	---	2	42'-0"	2'-10 1/2"	2'-10 1/2"	7'-8"	6	6"	10	10	42	I
44				39 1/2"			44'-11"	48'-6"	11	37'-9"	11	31'-0"	2	#6	11'-9"	---	---	2	44'-0"	2'-11 1/2"	2'-11 1/2"	8'-2 1/2"	6	6"	10	10	42	I
46				41 1/2"			46'-11"	50'-6"	11	40'-0"	11	33'-0"	2	#6	11'-9"	---	---	2	46'-0"	3'-0"	3'-0"	8'-6 1/2"	6	6"	10	10	42	I
48				43			48'-11"	52'-6"	11	42'-6"	11	35'-3"	2	#6	11'-9"	---	---	2	48'-0"	3'-2"	3'-2"	8'-6 1/2"	6	6"	10	10	42	I
50	6'-6"	7	19 1/2"	45"	5	#11	50'-11"	54'-6"	11	45'-0"	11	37'-9"	2	#8	18'-6"	4	50'-0"	1'-4 1/2"	1'-4 1/2"	3'-5 1/2"	9'-1 1/2"	4	10"	4	18	12	29	II
HALF ROADWAY WITH SIDEWALK																												
28	7'-0"	7	16"	26"	4	#11	28'-11"	32'-6"	2	#10	21'-0"	2	#9	15'-9"	---	---	2	28'-0"	1'-1"	1'-10"	5'-8"	9	5"	5	9"	8	37	I
30				28			30'-11"	34'-6"	10	22'-9"	10	15'-3"	---	---	---	---	2	30'-0"	2'-0"	2'-0"	6'-0"	9	5"	6	9	8	39	I
32				29 1/2"			32'-11"	36'-6"	11	25'-6"	11	19'-9"	---	---	---	---	2	32'-0"	2'-2"	2'-2"	6'-3"	9	5"	6	10	8	39	I
34				32			34'-11"	38'-6"	11	27'-9"	11	19'-6"	---	---	---	---	2	34'-0"	2'-4 1/2"	2'-4 1/2"	6'-8"	9	5"	7	10	8	41	I
36				33 1/2"			36'-11"	40'-6"	11	29'-0"	11	19'-6"	---	---	---	---	2	36'-0"	2'-6 1/2"	2'-6 1/2"	6'-11"	10	6"	6	12	9	41	I
38				36			38'-11"	42'-6"	11	31'-0"	11	23'-9"	7	13'-6"	---	---	2	38'-0"	2'-8 1/2"	2'-8 1/2"	7'-4"	10	6"	6	12	9	42	I
40				38 1/2"			40'-11"	44'-6"	11	33'-3"	11	25'-0"	9	17'-0"	---	---	2	40'-0"	2'-10 1/2"	2'-10 1/2"	7'-4"	10	6"	6	12	9	42	I
42				40 1/2"			42'-11"	46'-6"	11	35'-3"	11	28'-0"	10	19'-0"	---	---	2	42'-0"	2'-11 1/2"	2'-11 1/2"	7'-9"	9	6"	7	12	9	42	I
44				42 1/2"			44'-11"	48'-6"	11	37'-9"	11	31'-0"	11	21'-6"	---	---	2	44'-0"	3'-1"	3'-1"	8'-1"	9	6"	7	12	10	43	I
46				45 1/2"			46'-11"	50'-6"	11	40'-0"	11	33'-0"	11	23'-9"	---	---	2	46'-0"	3'-4"	3'-4"	8'-6 1/2"	9	3	18	12	27	II	
48				46			48'-11"	52'-6"	11	42'-6"	11	35'-3"	11	26'-6"	---	---	2	48'-0"	3'-6 1/2"	3'-6 1/2"	9'-3 1/2"	10	3	20	12	29	II	
50	7'-0"	7	19 1/2"	48 1/2"	5	#11	50'-11"	54'-6"	11	45'-0"	11	37'-9"	11	29'-6"	---	---	2	50'-0"	3'-8 1/2"	3'-8 1/2"	9'-8 1/2"	10	3	20	12	29	II	



INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM

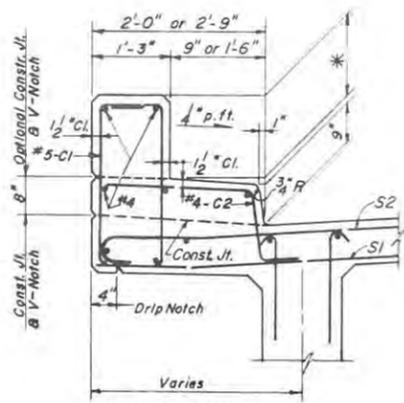
NOTE: For skew angles 75° to 90°, place diaphragms parallel to abutments; For angles less than 75°, place diaphragms normal to beams, and stagger. Spacing of diaphragms shall not exceed 25'-0".

- GENERAL NOTES**
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Form 408/60 and Form 409/49.
 - Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961-AASHTO "Standard Specs. for Highway Bridges", except for the deck slab which is designed for $f_c = 1,000$ psi.
 - Live Load: HS20-44
 - Dead Load includes 30 lbs. per sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the deck slab.
 - Reinforcement bars shall be of intermediate or hard grade or rail steel, designed for $f_s = 20,000$ psi and detailed in accordance with ACI Code. Minimum lap shall be 30 Dia., and minimum cover shall be 1/2" except as noted.
 - For Deck Slab and other details, refer to sheet 7.
 - Class AA Concrete shall be used in the superstructure.
 - For Bridge Railing and Guard Fence Connection, refer to Std. Dwgs. ST-140 & ST-141.
 - Exposed concrete edges shall be chamfered 1" x 1", except as noted.

Des. K.R.P.
Trc. C.E.F.
Ckd. ELH/NUU

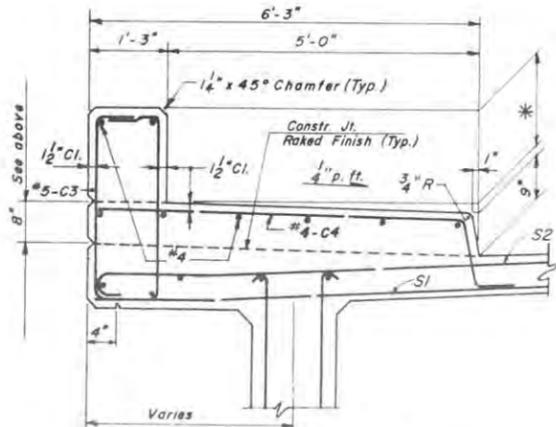
Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE DIVISION
 STANDARD
 R. C. T-BEAM BRIDGES
 84'-0 Roadway
 SHEET 6 OF 7
 ST-101

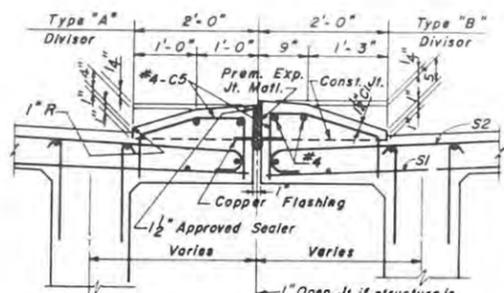


SAFETY CURB DETAIL

* For parapet height refer to Std. Dwg. ST-140.



SIDEWALK DETAIL



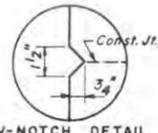
DIVISOR DETAIL

NOTE: Surface of Divisor shall be treated as shown on Std. Dwg. SD-13.

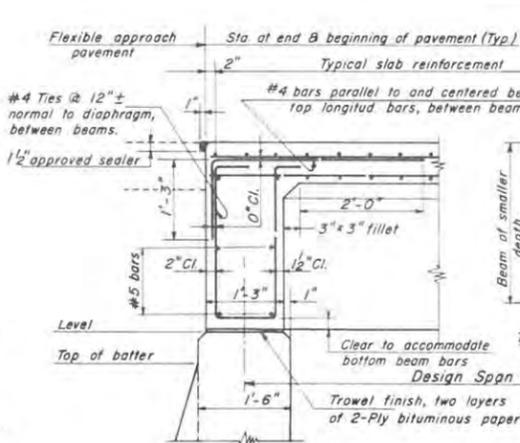
6" spacing for bars C2, C4 and C5 in curb, sidewalk & divisor, shall be 2 or 3 times the spacing of S1 or S2 bars, but not more than 18", and spacing for bars C1 and C3 in parapet, not more than 15".



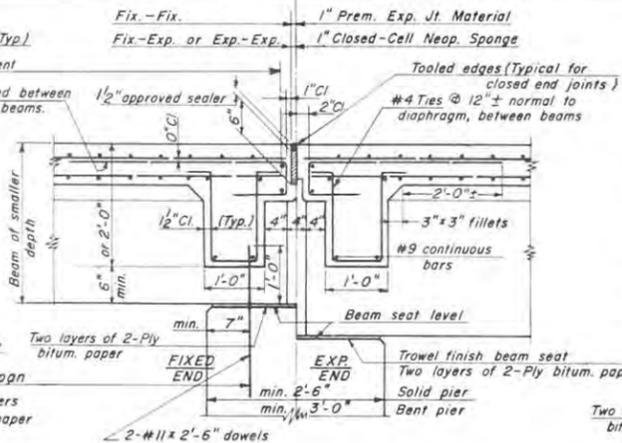
DRIP NOTCH DETAIL



V-NOTCH DETAIL

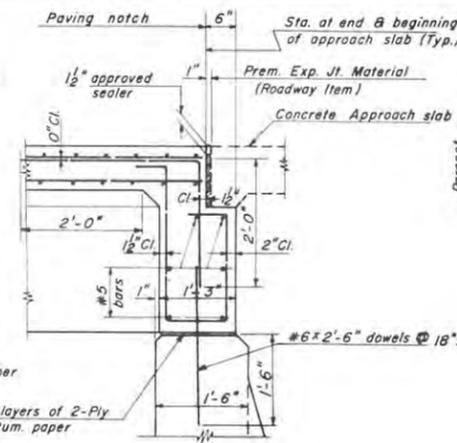


ABUTMENT SECTION EXPANSION END

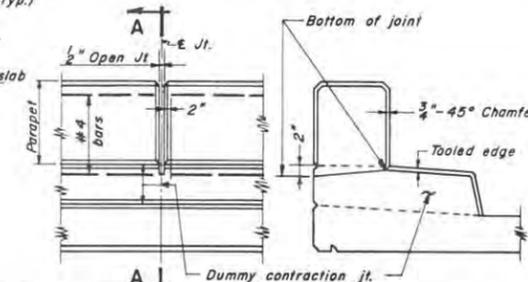


PIER SECTION

Both ends of pier should preferably be fixed or expansion.



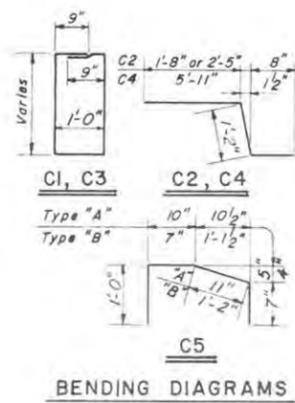
ABUTMENT SECTION FIXED END



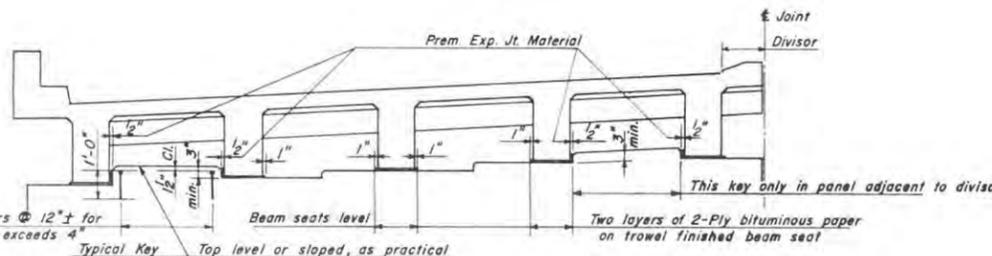
ELEVATION SECTION A-A OPEN JOINT DETAIL

INSTRUCTIONS

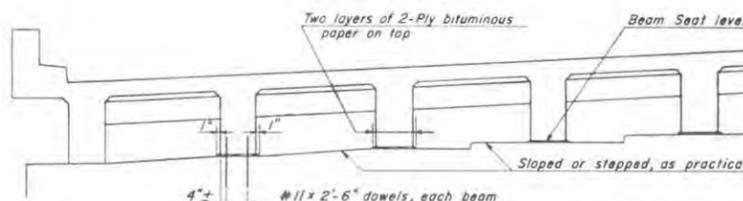
- Concrete in superstructure shall be Class AA.
- Reinforcement bars shall be of intermediate or hard grade or rail steel, designed for $f_s = 20,000$ psi and detailed in accordance with ACI Code. Minimum lap shall be 30 Dia.
- To determine the required area of bars S1 & S2:
 - For values of skew angles β less than 75° , use the area of the bars shown in table.
 - For values of skew angles β , 75° and greater, increase the area of bars by $\text{Cosec. } \beta$.
- Place transverse reinforcement in deck slab parallel to ϵ Brgs. for skew angles 75° and more. The spacing of bars shall be measured along ϵ of bridge. For skew angles less than 75° the bars shall be placed normal to ϵ of bridge and length cut to fit.
- A 1/2 inch open joint in parapet shall be provided at two to three times the spacing of the bridge railing posts. ϵ of posts shall be located min. 1'-0" from ϵ of joint.
- Chamfer exposed concrete edges 1" x 1", except as noted.
- For Abutments and Miscellaneous Details, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-121 and ST-122.
- For Bridge Railing, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-140 & ST-141.



BENDING DIAGRAMS

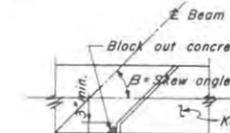


EXPANSION END

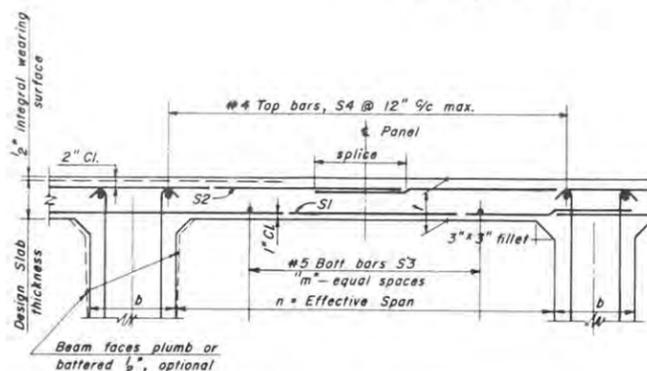


FIXED END

SECTIONS NEAR PIER Span length Max. 50 ft.



DETAIL OF KEY At Skew Angle under 60° PLAN



TYPICAL SLAB PANEL

SLAB REINFORCEMENT

n	l	Bars S1 & S2 (See Instrs. 3 and 4)	Bars S3
		m^2	m^2 Spac.
4'-3	7 1/2"	#5 @ 8" = 0.44	3 12"
4'-7		#5 @ 8" = 0.47	3 11"
4'-11		#5 @ 7 1/2" = 0.50	4 11"
5'-3		#5 @ 7" = 0.53	4 10"
5'-5		#5 @ 6 1/2" = 0.57	5 9"
5'-7	7 1/2"	#5 @ 6" = 0.62	5 9"
5'-10	8"	#5 @ 7" = 0.53	5 10"
6'-4		#5 @ 6 1/2" = 0.57	6 9"
6'-7		#5 @ 6" = 0.62	7 9"
6'-10	8"	#5 @ 5 1/2" = 0.68	8 8"

Note: Bars S3 & S4 to be spaced symmetrically about ϵ Panel.
n = Max. Normal Effective Span permitted for given reinforcement bars S1 and S2.

APPROVED: FEB. 25, 1965

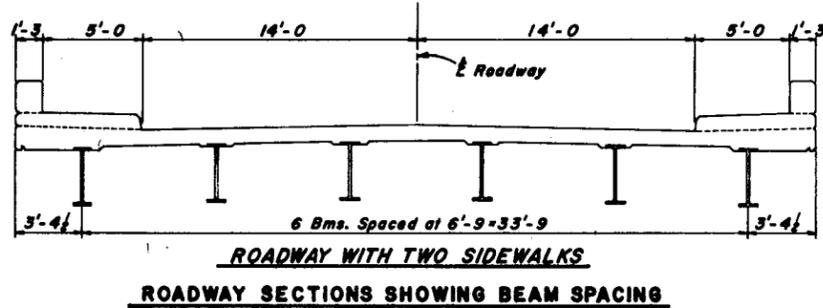
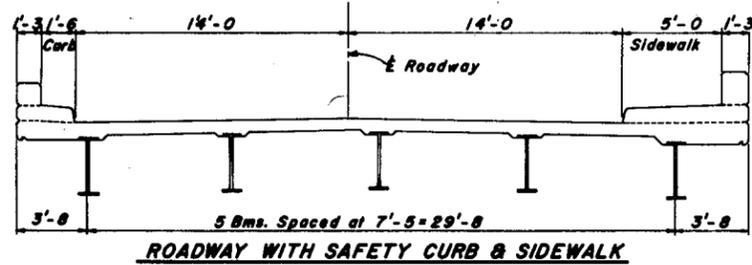
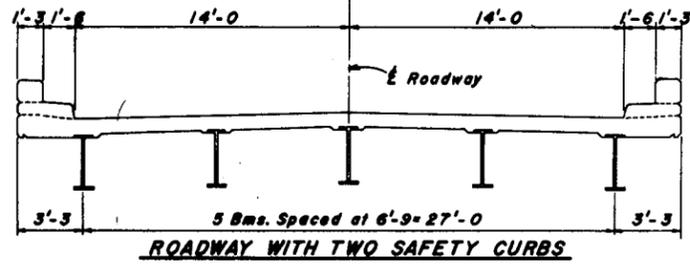
J. H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
R. C. T-BEAM BRIDGES
DETAILS

Des. K.R.P.
Trc. F.F.F.
Ckd. ELW/NHU

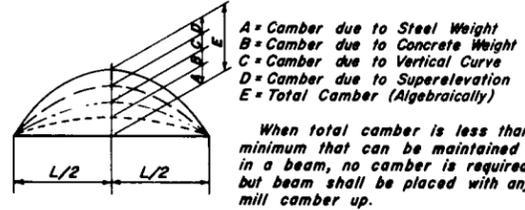


SPACING OF SHEAR CONNECTORS - 3/8" STUDS OR 4" L 7.25												TYPE OF SHEAR CONNECTORS	
BEAMS SPACED AT 6'-9"						BEAMS SPACED AT 7'-5"							
Spec. of Shear Connectors, In.						Spec. of Shear Connectors, In.							
SPAN	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	SPAN	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	CAMBER	
50	6 1/2	8 1/2	11	14 1/2	20	50	6	8	10 1/2	13 1/2	18	A	B
55	7	9 1/2	12	15	21	55	6 1/2	8 1/2	11	14	19 1/2	A	B
60	7	9	12	15	21	60	7	9 1/2	12	15	20 1/2	A	B
65	7 1/2	10	12 1/2	16 1/2	22 1/2	65	7	9	11 1/2	15	20 1/2	A	B
70	8	10 1/2	13 1/2	17	24	70	7 1/2	9 1/2	12 1/2	16	21 1/2	A	B
75	8	10 1/2	13 1/2	17 1/2	24	75	7 1/2	10	12 1/2	16	22 1/2	A	B
80	8 1/2	11	14	17 1/2	24	80	7 1/2	10	13	16	22 1/2	A	B
85	9	11 1/2	14 1/2	18 1/2	24	85	8	10 1/2	13	16 1/2	23 1/2	A	B
90	9	11 1/2	14 1/2	18 1/2	24	90						A	B

* 10' long for 36WF, 9 1/2' long for 33WF with 97% of spc. shown in Tables, 8 1/2' long for 30WF with 87% of spc. shown in Tables.

NOTES

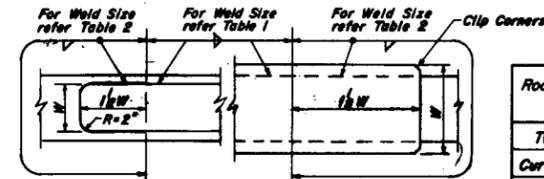
- Studs used as shear connectors shall be automatically end welded to beam by the use of a stud welding gun. The welds shall be of sufficient strength to permit the studs to be bent 30°.
- Equivalent number of 3/8" studs may be used in lieu of 7/8" studs.
- Shear capacity of 1-7/8" Stud = 3450 lbs.
- Shear capacity of 1-3/4" Stud = 2540 lbs.
- Spacing for 3/8" Studs shall be reduced to 73.5% of that shown for 7/8" Studs.
- Flanges of Channel Shear Connectors shall point toward bearings.



CAMBER DIAGRAM

C	L	H	T
3/8"	4"	1 1/2"	3/8" Min.
7/8"	4"	1 1/2"	3/8" Min.

STUD SHEAR CONNECTOR DETAIL



COVER PLATE DETAIL

Roadway Slab with	Span, center to center of Brgs., ft.								
	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90
Two Curbs	1/2"	1/2"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"
Curb & Sidewalk	5/8"	5/8"	1"	1"	1"	1"	1"	1"	1"
Two Sidewalks	1"	1"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"

TABLE 2. SIZE OF END WELD

Max. thickness of C.B. or Flange	Size of Weld
1/2"	3/16"
3/4"	1/4"
1 1/2"	3/8"
2 1/4"	1/2"

TABLE 1. SIZE OF WELD

ROADWAY SLAB WITH	Bm. Spc.	No. Bm.	NONCOMPOSITE BEAMS										COMPOSITE BEAMS																				
			SPAN, CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS, (ft.)										SPAN, CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS, (ft.)																				
			20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	
Two Curbs	6'-9"	5	21 WF 55 (21 WF 62)	24 WF 68 (24 WF 76)	27 WF 84 (27 WF 94)	30 WF 108 (30 WF 108)	33 WF 118	36 WF 135	36 WF 160	27 WF 84 C.R. 15 1/2 x 39'-0"	30 WF 99 C.R. 14 1/2 x 41'-6"	30 WF 99 C.R. 14 1/2 x 48'-0"	33 WF 118 C.R. 15 1/2 x 49'-0"	36 WF 135 C.R. 16 1/2 x 51'-0"	36 WF 135 C.R. 17 1/2 x 58'-0"	36 WF 160 C.R. 17 1/2 x 59'-3"	36 WF 194 C.R. 18 1/2 x 60'-3"	36 WF 230 C.R. 20 1/2 x 59'-9"															
Curb & Sidewalk	7'-5"	5	21 WF 62 (21 WF 68)	24 WF 76 (24 WF 84)	27 WF 94 (30 WF 99)	30 WF 116 (30 WF 116)	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 170	27 WF 84 C.R. 15 1/2 x 41'-3"	30 WF 99 C.R. 15 1/2 x 43'-9"	33 WF 118 C.R. 16 1/2 x 45'-3"	33 WF 118 C.R. 16 1/2 x 52'-0"	36 WF 135 C.R. 17 1/2 x 54'-3"	36 WF 150 C.R. 17 1/2 x 57'-9"	36 WF 182 C.R. 17 1/2 x 59'-3"	36 WF 230 C.R. 14 1/2 x 56'-3"																
Two Sidewalks	6'-9"	6	21 WF 55 (21 WF 62)	24 WF 68 (24 WF 76)	27 WF 84 (27 WF 94)	30 WF 108 (30 WF 108)	33 WF 130	36 WF 150	36 WF 160	27 WF 84 C.R. 14 1/2 x 39'-9"	30 WF 99 C.R. 15 1/2 x 42'-3"	30 WF 99 C.R. 15 1/2 x 49'-0"	33 WF 118 C.R. 16 1/2 x 50'-3"	36 WF 135 C.R. 16 1/2 x 52'-0"	36 WF 150 C.R. 16 1/2 x 55'-6"	36 WF 170 C.R. 18 1/2 x 58'-9"	36 WF 230 C.R. 14 1/2 x 52'-6"	36 WF 230 C.R. 21 1/2 x 62'-0"															
			R	51.0	57.6	63.6	69.6	74.8	79.4	84.0	83.2	87.4	91.3	95.5	99.6	103.7	108.1	112.8	118.0														

R = REACTION (kips)

NOTE: Beam sizes shown in () are for Alternate Interstate Loading for bridges carrying Interstate Highway traffic only. (For Spans under 38'-0" in length.)

SUMMARY of DECK QUANTITIES (includes Parapets, Curbs and/or Sidewalks)		
ROADWAY SLAB WITH:	REINFORC'T BARS lbs. / lin. ft.	CLASS AA CONCRETE cu. yds. / lin. ft.
Two Curbs	205	1.14
Curb & Sidewalk	230	1.40
Two Sidewalks	255	1.56

Des. K.R.P.
Trc. R.F.F.
Ckd. G.T.V. IBM Program 31.2.100

Approved: FEB. 25 1965

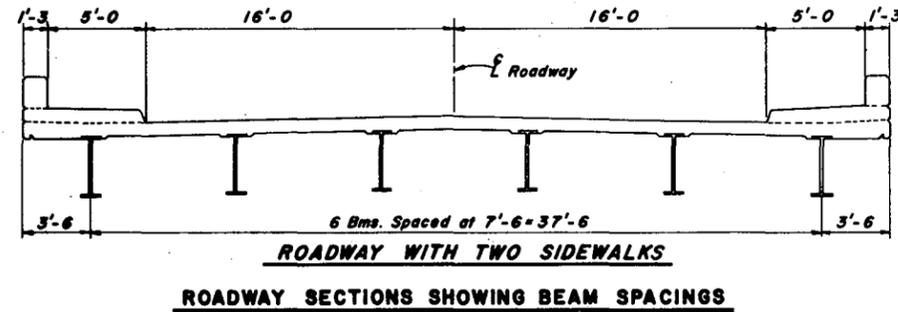
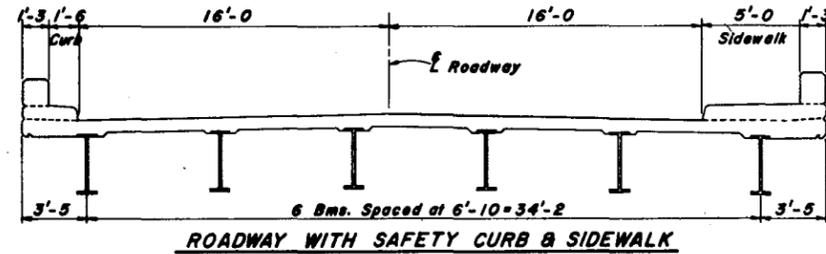
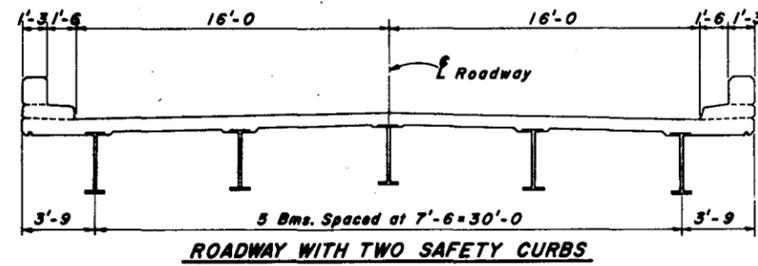
J.H. Jensen
Design Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES

28' ROADWAY



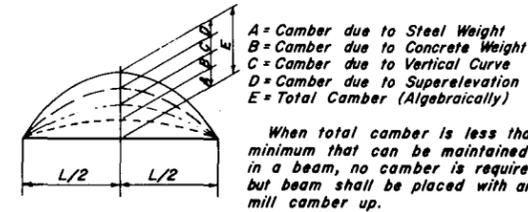
SPACING OF SHEAR CONNECTORS— $\frac{3}{4}$ " STUDS OR 4" E 725

BEAMS SPACED AT 6'-10"											BEAMS SPACED AT 7'-6"											TYPE OF SHEAR CONNECTORS	
Spc. of Shear Connectors, in.											Spc. of Shear Connectors, in.												
SPAN	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	A	B	CAMBER	SPAN	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	A	B	CAMBER						
50	7	9	11 1/2	14 1/2	19 1/2	3/8	1	50	6	8	10	13	18	3/8	1 1/2	50	6	8	10	13	18	3/8	1 1/2
55	7	9 1/2	12	15 1/2	21	3/8	1 1/2	55	6 1/2	8 1/2	11	14	19	3/8	1 1/2	55	6 1/2	8 1/2	11	14	19	3/8	1 1/2
60	7	9 1/2	12	15	20 1/2	3/8	1 1/2	60	7	9	11 1/2	15	20 1/2	3/8	1 1/2	60	7	9	11 1/2	15	20 1/2	3/8	1 1/2
65	7 1/2	10	13	16 1/2	22 1/2	3/8	1 1/2	65	7 1/2	9 1/2	12 1/2	16 1/2	22 1/2	3/8	1 1/2	65	7 1/2	9 1/2	12 1/2	16 1/2	22 1/2	3/8	1 1/2
70	8 1/2	10 1/2	13 1/2	17 1/2	23 1/2	3/8	1 1/2	70	8 1/2	10 1/2	13 1/2	17 1/2	23 1/2	3/8	1 1/2	70	8 1/2	10 1/2	13 1/2	17 1/2	23 1/2	3/8	1 1/2
75	8 1/2	11	14	17 1/2	24	3/8	1 1/2	75	8 1/2	11	14	17 1/2	24	3/8	1 1/2	75	8 1/2	11	14	17 1/2	24	3/8	1 1/2
80	8 1/2	11	14	18	24	3/8	2	80	8 1/2	11	14	18	24	3/8	2	80	8 1/2	11	14	18	24	3/8	2
85	8 1/2	11	14	18	24	3/8	2 1/2	85	8 1/2	11	14	18	24	3/8	2 1/2	85	8 1/2	11	14	18	24	3/8	2 1/2
90	9	11 1/2	14 1/2	18 1/2	24	3/8	2 1/2	90	9	11 1/2	14 1/2	18 1/2	24	3/8	2 1/2	90	9	11 1/2	14 1/2	18 1/2	24	3/8	2 1/2

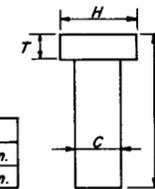
* 10" long for 36WF, 9 1/2" long for 33WF with 97% of spc. shown in Tables, 8 1/2" long for 30WF with 87% of spc. shown in Tables.

NOTES

- Studs used as shear connectors shall be automatically end welded to beam by the use of a stud welding gun. The welds shall be of sufficient strength to permit the studs to be bent 30°.
- Equivalent number of 3/4" studs may be used in lieu of 7/8" studs.
- Shear capacity of 1-7/8" Stud = 3450 lbs.
- Shear capacity of 1-3/4" Stud = 2540 lbs.
- Spacing for 3/4" Studs shall be reduced to 73.5% of that shown for 7/8" Studs.
- Flanges of Channel Shear Connectors shall point toward bearings.

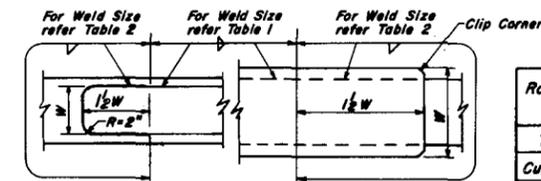


CAMBER DIAGRAM



C	L	H	T
3/8"	4"	1 1/2"	3/8" Min.
3/8"	4"	1 3/8"	3/8" Min.

STUD SHEAR CONNECTOR DETAIL



COVER PLATE DETAIL

- GENERAL NOTES**
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Forms 408/60 and 409/49, and 1963 AWS "Standard Specifications for Welded Highway and Railway Bridges."
 - For welds, shielded metal arc process with electrodes conforming to ASTM designation E-6016, E-6018, E-6028, E-7016, E-7018 or E-7028 QR submerged arc process shall be used.
 - Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961-AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges," except for deck slab which is designed for fc=1000 psi.
 - Live Load: HS 20-44 QR Alternate Interstate Loading, when applicable.
 - Dead Load includes 30 lbs./sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the deck slab.
 - All concrete shall be Class AA.
 - Structural Steel shall conform to ASTM A36 Designation, except studs shall conform to ASTM A108.
 - For Diaphragms, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-110.
 - For Bearings, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-111.
 - For Expansion Dam, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-112.
 - For Bridge Drainage, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-114.
 - For Bridge Railing, refer to Std. Dwgs. ST-140 & ST-141.
 - For Deck Slab Details, refer to Sheet 7.

TABLE 2. SIZE OF END WELD

Roadway Slab with	Span, center to center of Brgs., ft.								
	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90
Two Curbs	5/16"	5/16"	1/4"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"
Curb & Sidewalk	1/4"	1/4"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	3/8"
Two Sidewalks	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"

TABLE 1. SIZE OF WELD

Max. thickness of C.P. or Flange	Size of Weld
1/2"	3/16"
3/4"	1/4"
1 1/2"	5/16"
2 1/4"	3/8"

ROADWAY SLAB WITH	Bm. Spc.	No. Bms.	NONCOMPOSITE BEAMS								COMPOSITE BEAMS																	
			SPAN, CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS, (ft.)																									
			20	25	30	35	40	45	50	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90										
Two Curbs	7'-6"	5	Bm. size	21 W 62	24 W 76	27 W 94	30 W 116	33 W 130	36 W 150	36 W 170	27 W 84	30 W 99	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 150	36 W 160	27 W 84	30 W 99	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 150	36 W 160	27 W 84	30 W 99	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 150	36 W 160
			R	56.1	63.4	70.0	76.4	81.8	87.4	93.4	92.5	97.0	101.7	106.1	110.7	115.1	120.8	126.3	92.5	97.0	101.7	106.1	110.7	115.1	120.8	126.3	131.8	137.3
Curb & Sidewalk	6'-10"	6	Bm. size	21 W 55	24 W 68	27 W 84	30 W 108	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 160	27 W 84	30 W 99	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 150	36 W 170	27 W 84	30 W 99	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 150	36 W 170	27 W 84	30 W 99	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 150	36 W 170
			R	52.0	58.8	65.1	71.1	76.4	81.2	85.9	85.0	89.3	93.5	97.6	102.1	106.4	111.1	115.7	85.0	89.3	93.5	97.6	102.1	106.4	111.1	115.7	120.7	125.7
Two Sidewalks	7'-6"	6	Bm. size	21 W 62	24 W 76	27 W 94	30 W 116	33 W 130	36 W 150	36 W 182	27 W 84	30 W 99	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 160	36 W 194	27 W 84	30 W 99	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 160	36 W 194	27 W 84	30 W 99	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 160	36 W 194
			R	57.1	64.6	71.5	78.2	84.2	89.6	96.4	94.9	99.9	104.8	109.6	114.3	119.6	124.9	130.7	94.9	99.9	104.8	109.6	114.3	119.6	124.9	130.7	135.7	140.7

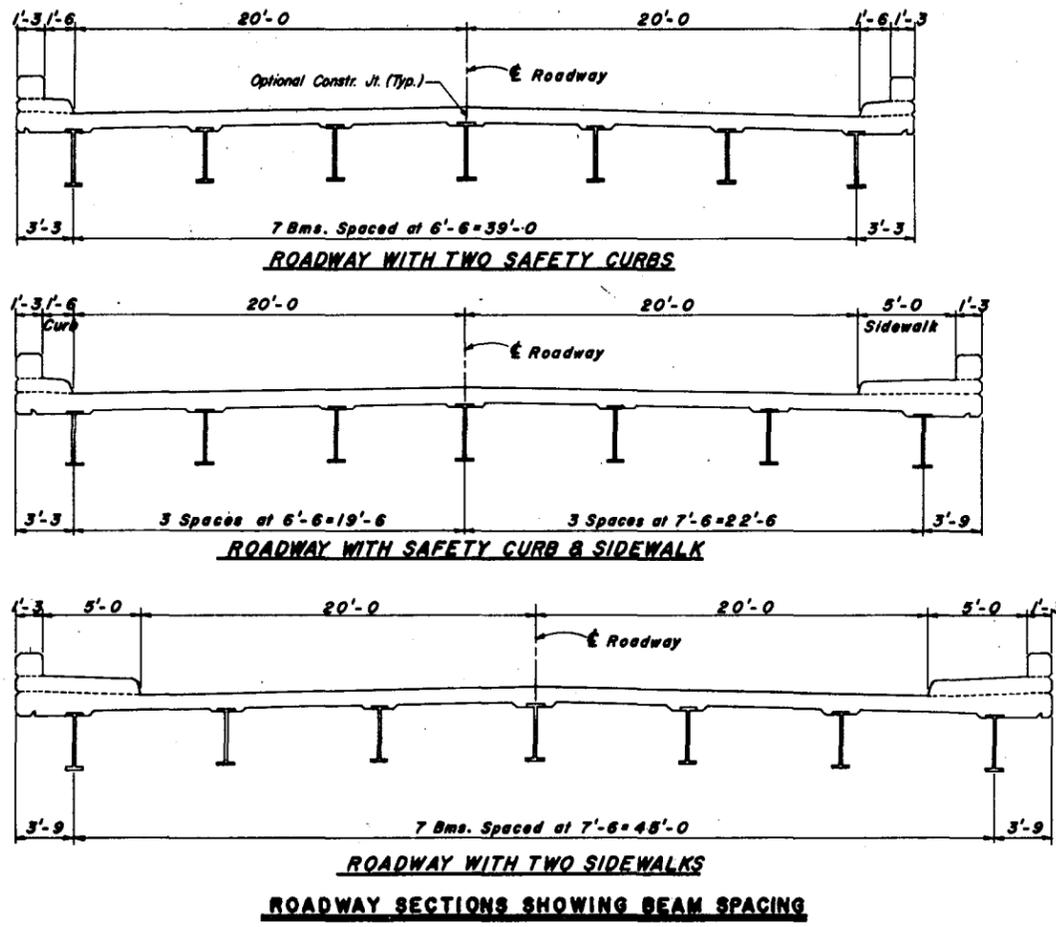
R = REACTION (kips)
NOTE: Beam sizes shown in () are for Alternate Interstate Loading for bridges carrying Interstate Highway traffic only. (For Spans under 38'-0" in length.)

SUMMARY of DECK QUANTITIES (includes Parapets, Curbs and/or Sidewalks)

ROADWAY SLAB WITH	REINFORC'T BARS lbs. / lin. ft.	CLASS AA CONCRETE cu. yds. / lin. ft.
Two Curbs	235	1.30
Curb & Sidewalk	267	1.45
Two Sidewalks	286	1.73

Des. K.R.P.
Trg. F.F.F.
Chg. G.T.V. LBM Program 31.2.100

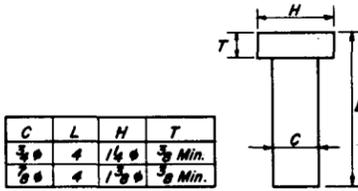
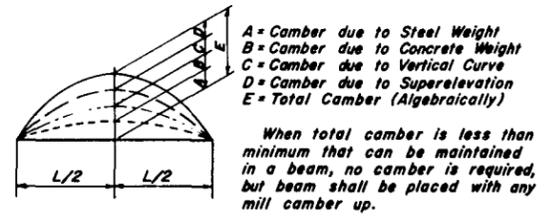
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION
STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
32' ROADWAY



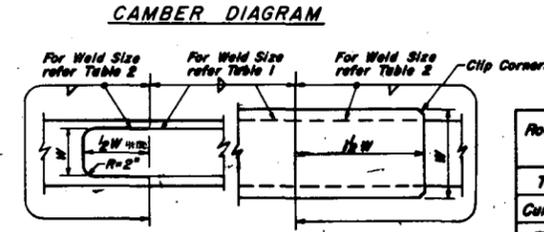
SPACING OF SHEAR CONNECTORS - 3/8" STUDS OR 4" C 7.25															TYPE OF SHEAR CONNECTORS	
BEAMS SPACED AT 6'-6"							BEAMS SPACED AT 7'-6"							4 Studs min. 2" min. 1"	4 C 7.25 min. 1"	
Span	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	Sp. of Shear Connectors, in.	Span	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	Sp. of Shear Connectors, in.			
50	7 1/2	9 1/2	12	15 1/2	21	3 1/2	50	6	8	10 1/2	13	18	3 1/2	1 1/2		
55	7	9 1/2	12	15	20 1/2	4 1/2	55	6 1/2	8 1/2	11	14	19	4 1/2	1 3/4		
60	7 1/2	10	13	16	22	5 1/2	60	7	9	11 1/2	15	20 1/2	5 1/2	1 3/4		
65	8 1/2	11	14	17 1/2	23 1/2	6 1/2	65	7 1/2	9 1/2	12 1/2	16	21 1/2	6 1/2	1 3/4		
70	8 1/2	11	14	17 1/2	23 1/2	7 1/2	70	7 1/2	9 1/2	12 1/2	15 1/2	21 1/2	7 1/2	1 3/4		
75	9	11 1/2	15	18 1/2	24	8 1/2	75	7 1/2	10	12 1/2	16	21 1/2	7 1/2	1 3/4		
80	9	12	15	19	24	9 1/2	80	7 1/2	10	12 1/2	16	22	7 1/2	2 1/4		
85	9 1/2	12	15 1/2	19 1/2	24	10 1/2	85	8	10 1/2	13	16 1/2	22 1/2	10 1/2	2 1/4		
90	10	12 1/2	15 1/2	20	24	11 1/2	90	8	10 1/2	13	16 1/2	22 1/2	11 1/2	2 1/4		

* 10' long for 36W, 9 1/2" long for 33W with 97% of spc. shown in Tables, 8 1/2" long for 30W with 87% of spc. shown in Tables.

- NOTES**
- Studs used as shear connectors shall be automatically end welded to beam by the use of a stud welding gun. The welds shall be of sufficient strength to permit the studs to be bent 30°.
 - Equivalent number of 3/8" studs may be used in lieu of 7/8" studs.
 - Shear capacity of 1-7/8" Stud = 3450 lbs.
 - Shear capacity of 1-3/4" Stud = 2540 lbs.
 - Spacing for 3/8" Studs shall be reduced to 73.5% of that shown for 7/8" Studs.
 - Flanges of Channel Shear Connectors shall point toward bearings.



STUD SHEAR CONNECTOR DETAIL



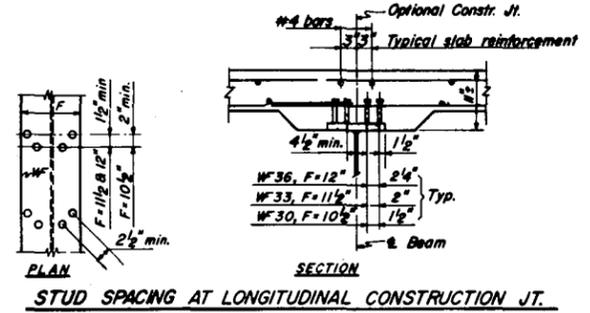
COVER PLATE DETAIL

Roadway Slab with	Span, center to center of Brgs., ft.								
	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90
Two Curbs	1/4"	5/16"	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	1"	1 1/8"
Curb & Sidewalk	Use upper portion for spans spaced @ 6'-6" and use lower portion for spans spaced @ 7'-6" & 8' min. @ Center Jt.								
Two Sidewalks	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	1"	1 1/8"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"

ROADWAY SLAB WITH:	Bm. Spc.	No. Bms.	NONCOMPOSITE BEAMS										COMPOSITE BEAMS							
			SPAN, CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS, (ft.)																	
			20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90			
Two Curbs	6-6	7	21 W 55 (21 W 62)	24 W 68 (24 W 76)	27 W 84 (27 W 84)	30 W 99 (30 W 108)	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 150	C.R. 12 1/2 x 3 = 38'-0"	C.R. 14 1/2 x 3 = 44'-9"	C.R. 16 1/2 x 3 = 47'-0"	C.R. 18 1/2 x 3 = 47'-9"	C.R. 15 1/2 x 3 = 54'-3"	C.R. 17 1/2 x 3 = 56'-3"	C.R. 17 1/2 x 3 = 59'-6"	C.R. 17 1/2 x 3 = 60'-0"	C.R. 14 1/2 x 3 = 55'-9"		
Curb & Sidewalk			R	48.3	55.1	60.6	66.3	71.2	75.6	79.7	79.0	82.8	86.5	90.4	94.0	98.1	102.1	106.8	111.4	
Two Sidewalks	7-6	7	21 W 62 (24 W 68)	24 W 76 (24 W 84)	27 W 94 (30 W 99)	30 W 116 (30 W 116)	36 W 135	36 W 150	36 W 182	C.R. 15 1/2 x 3 = 41'-3"	C.R. 15 1/2 x 3 = 44'-0"	C.R. 16 1/2 x 3 = 45'-3"	C.R. 17 1/2 x 3 = 52'-0"	C.R. 17 1/2 x 3 = 54'-3"	C.R. 17 1/2 x 3 = 57'-9"	C.R. 17 1/2 x 3 = 59'-0"	C.R. 14 1/2 x 3 = 56'-3"			
			R	56.6	64.1	70.9	77.5	83.4	88.7	95.4	93.9	98.8	103.5	108.0	112.9	117.9	123.3	128.7		

R = REACTION (kips)
NOTE: Beam sizes shown in () are for Alternate Interstate Loading for bridges carrying Interstate Highway traffic only. (For Spans under 38'-0" in length.)

ROADWAY SLAB WITH:	REINFORC'T BARS lbs. / lin. ft.	CLASS AA CONCRETE cu. yds. / lin. ft.
Two Curbs	275	1.43
Curb & Sidewalk	305	1.71
Two Sidewalks	325	1.94



STUD SPACING AT LONGITUDINAL CONSTRUCTION JT.

- GENERAL NOTES**
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Forms 408/60 and 409/49, and 1963 AWS "Standard Specifications for Welded Highway and Railway Bridges."
 - For welds, shielded metal arc process with electrodes conforming to ASTM designation E-6006, E-6008, E-6026, E-7006, E-7008 or E-7028 QR submerged arc process shall be used.
 - Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961-AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges," except for deck slab which is designed for $f_c = 1000$ psi.
 - Live Load: HS 20-44 QR Alternate Interstate Loading, when applicable.
 - Dead Load includes 30 lbs./sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the deck slab.
 - All concrete shall be Class AA.
 - Structural Steel shall conform to ASTM A36. Designation, except studs shall conform to ASTM A108.
 - For Diaphragms, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-110.
 - For Bearings, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-111.
 - For Expansion Dam, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-112.
 - For Bridge Drainage, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-114.
 - For Bridge Railing, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-140 & ST-141.
 - For Deck Slab Details, refer to Sheet 7.

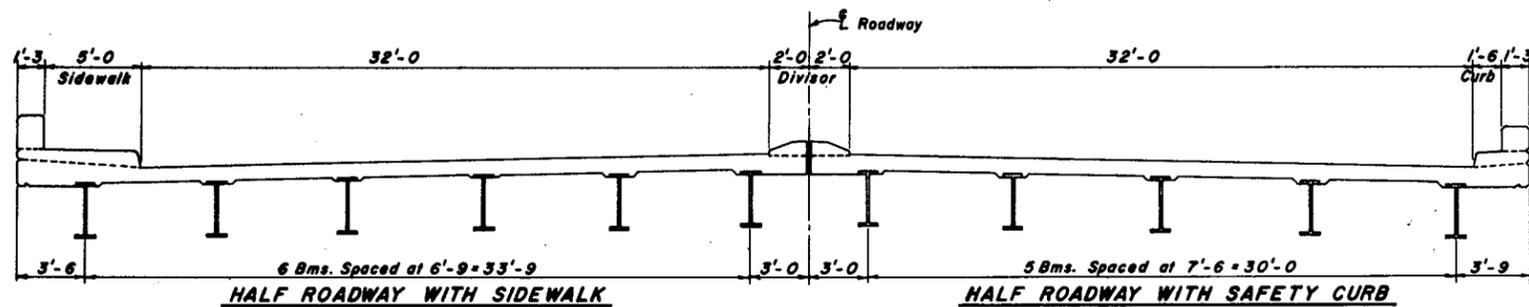
Max. thickness of C.R. or Flange	Size of Weld
1/2"	3/16"
3/4"	1/4"
1 1/2"	5/16"
2 1/4"	3/8"

Approved: FEB. 25 1965
R. J. Deane
Chief Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
40' ROADWAY

Des. K.R.P.
Trc. F.F.F.
Chd. G.T.V. IBM Program 31.2.100



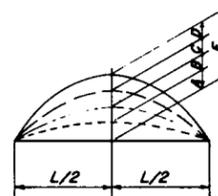
ROADWAY SECTION SHOWING BEAM SPACING

SPACING OF SHEAR CONNECTORS— $\frac{3}{8}$ " STUDS OR 4" E 7.25													TYPE OF SHEAR CONNECTORS	
BEAMS SPACED AT 6'-9"						BEAMS SPACED AT 7'-6"								
SPAN	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	SPAN	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5			
50	7	9	11½	15	20	50	6½	8½	11	13½	18	4 Studs		
55	7½	10	12½	15½	21½	55	7	9	11½	14½	19½	4 C 7.25*		
60	7½	9½	12½	15½	21	60	7	9	11½	14	19	min. 2"		
65	8	10½	13½	16½	22½	65	7½	9½	12	15½	20½	min. 1"		
70	8½	11	14	18	24	70	8	10½	13	16	21½			
75	8½	11	14	18	24	75	8	10½	13	16½	22			
80	9	11½	14½	18½	24	80	8	10½	13½	16½	22			
85	9	12	15	19	24	85	9	10½	13½	17	23			
90	9½	11½	14½	19	24	90	8½	11	14	17	23			

* 10" long for 36WF, 9½" long for 33WF with 97% of spc. shown in Tables, 8½" long for 30WF with 87% of spc. shown in Tables.

NOTES

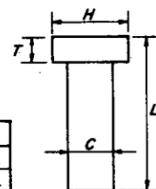
- Studs used as shear connectors shall be automatically end welded to beam by the use of a stud welding gun. The welds shall be of sufficient strength to permit the studs to be bent @ 30°
- Equivalent number of $\frac{3}{8}$ " studs may be used in lieu of $\frac{7}{8}$ " studs.
- Shear capacity of 1- $\frac{7}{8}$ " Stud = 3450 lbs.
- Shear capacity of 1- $\frac{3}{4}$ " Stud = 2540 lbs.
- Spacing for $\frac{3}{8}$ " Stud shall be reduced to 73.5% of that shown for $\frac{7}{8}$ " Studs.
- Flanges of Channel Shear Connectors shall point toward bearings.



A = Camber due to Steel Weight
 B = Camber due to Concrete Weight
 C = Camber due to Vertical Curve
 D = Camber due to Superelevation
 E = Total Camber (Algebraically)

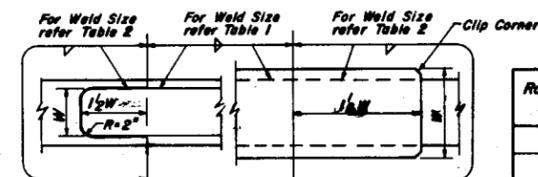
When total camber is less than minimum that can be maintained in a beam, no camber is required, but beam shall be placed with any mill camber up.

CAMBER DIAGRAM



C	L	H	T
$\frac{3}{8}$ "	4	1½"	$\frac{3}{8}$ " Min.
$\frac{7}{8}$ "	4	1½"	$\frac{3}{8}$ " Min.

STUD SHEAR CONNECTOR DETAIL



COVER PLATE DETAIL

Roadway Slab with	TABLE 2 SIZE OF END WELD								
	Span, center to center of Brgs., ft.								
with	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90
Curb	$\frac{5}{16}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "
Sidewalk	$\frac{1}{4}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "	$\frac{1}{2}$ "	$\frac{5}{16}$ "

TABLE 1. SIZE OF WELD

Max. thickness of C.B. or Flange	Size of Weld
$\frac{1}{2}$ "	$\frac{3}{16}$ "
$\frac{3}{4}$ "	$\frac{1}{2}$ "
1½"	$\frac{5}{16}$ "
2½"	$\frac{3}{8}$ "

Approved: FEB. 25 1965

J.H. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE DIVISION

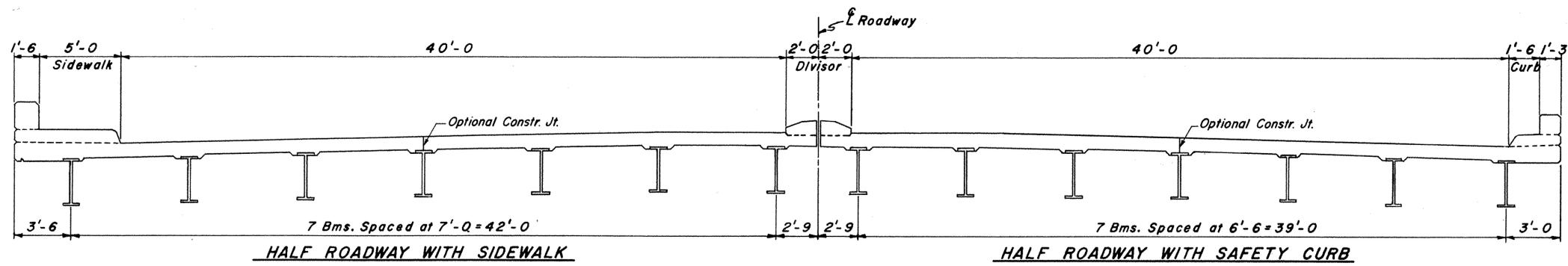
STANDARD
 STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
 68' ROADWAY

Beam Size	No. Beams	NONCOMPOSITE BEAMS									COMPOSITE BEAMS								
		SPAN, CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS, (ft.)																	
		20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90			
Curb	7'-6"	21 W 82	24 W 76	27 W 94	30 W 116	33 W 130	36 W 150	36 W 170	27 W 82	30 W 99	30 W 99	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 150	36 W 170	36 W 230	36 W 230		
		(21 W 68)	(24 W 84)	(30 W 99)	(30 W 116)					C.R. 13½ × ½ = 40'-3"	C.R. 14 × ½ = 42'-9"	C.R. 16 × 1 = 49'-6"	C.R. 16½ × ½ = 51'-0"	C.R. 17 × ½ = 53'-0"	C.R. 17 × 1 = 56'-3"	C.R. 18 × 1 = 59'-6"	C.R. 20½ × ½ = 55'-0"	C.R. 20½ × 1 = 62'-9"	
Sidewalk	6'-9"	21 W 55	24 W 68	27 W 84	30 W 108	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 160	27 W 82	30 W 99	30 W 99	33 W 118	36 W 135	36 W 150	36 W 170	36 W 230	36 W 230		
		(21 W 62)	(24 W 76)	(27 W 94)	(30 W 108)					C.R. 13½ × ½ = 38'-0"	C.R. 13½ × ½ = 41'-0"	C.R. 15 × ½ = 48'-0"	C.R. 16 × ½ = 48'-9"	C.R. 16½ × ½ = 50'-6"	C.R. 16½ × 1 = 57'-3"	C.R. 17 × 1 = 58'-9"	C.R. 18 × 1 = 57'-6"	C.R. 21 × ½ = 59'-3"	
		53.1	62.2	68.6	74.8	80.3	85.3	91.1	90.0	94.4	98.8	102.9	107.4	111.8	116.5	122.0	126.5		
		50.6	57.2	63.1	68.8	74.0	78.8	83.1	82.2	86.3	90.1	94.1	97.9	101.9	106.5	110.8	115.9		

R = REACTION (kips)
 NOTE: Beam sizes shown in () are for Alternate Interstate Loading for bridges carrying Interstate Highway traffic only. (For Spans under 38'-0" in length.)

SUMMARY of DECK QUANTITIES (includes Parapets, Curbs and/or Sidewalks)		
HALF ROADWAY SLAB WITH:	REINFORC'T BARS lbs. / lin. ft.	CLASS AA CONCRETE cu. yds. / lin. ft.
Safety Curb	235	1.18
Sidewalk	250	1.32

Des.	K.R.P.
Trc.	FFF.
Ckd.	G.T.V. IBM Program 31.2.100



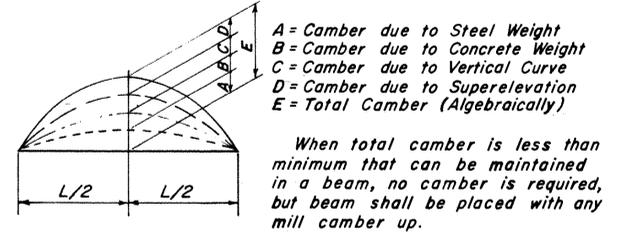
ROADWAY SECTION SHOWING BEAM SPACINGS

GENERAL NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Forms 408/60 and 409/49, and 1963 AWS "Standard Specifications for Welded Highway and Railway Bridges."
- For welds, shielded metal arc process with electrodes conforming to ASTM designation E-6016, E-6018, E-6028, E-7016, E-7018 or E-7028 OR submerged arc process shall be used.
- Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961-AASHO "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges," except for deck slab which is designed for $f_c = 1000$ psi.
- Live Load: HS20-44 OR Alternate Interstate Loading, when applicable.
- Dead Load includes 30 lbs/sq ft. for future wearing surface on the deck slab.
- All concrete shall be Class AA.
- Structural Steel shall conform to ASTM A36 Designation, except studs shall conform to ASTM A108.
- For Diaphragms, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-110.
- For Bearings, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-111.
- For Expansion Dam, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-112.
- For Bridge Drainage, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-114.
- For Bridge Railing, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-140 & ST-141.
- For Deck Slab Details, refer to Sheet 7.

NOTES

- Studs used as shear connectors shall be automatically end welded to beam by the use of a stud welding gun. The welds shall be of sufficient strength to permit the studs to be bent 30°.
- Equivalent number of 3/4" studs may be used in lieu of 7/8" studs.
- Shear capacity of 1-7/8" Stud = 3450 lbs.
- Shear capacity of 1-3/4" Stud = 2540 lbs.
- Spacing for 3/4" Studs shall be reduced to 73.5% of that shown for 7/8" Studs.
- Flanges of Channel Shear Connectors shall point toward bearings.



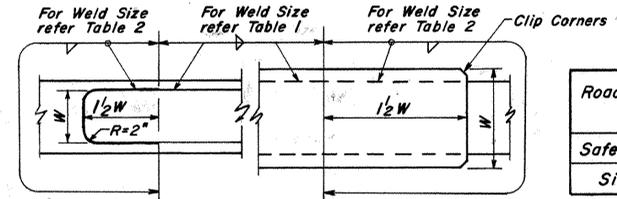
CAMBER DIAGRAM

SPACING OF SHEAR CONNECTORS - 7/8" STUDS OR 4" C 7.25												TYPE OF SHEAR CONNECTORS			
BEAMS SPACED AT 6'-6"						BEAMS SPACED AT 7'-0"									
Spc. of Shear Connectors, in.						Spc. of Shear Connectors, in.						CAMBER			
SPAN	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	A	B	SPAN	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	A	B
50	7 1/2	10	12 1/2	15 1/2	20 1/2	3/16	15/16	50	7	9	11 1/2	14 1/2	19 1/2	3/16	1
55	7 1/2	9 1/2	12 1/2	15 1/2	20 1/2	1/4	1 1/4	55	7 1/2	9 1/2	12	15	20 1/2	1/4	1 1/8
60	8	10 1/2	13	16 1/2	22	5/16	1 5/16	60	7	9 1/2	12	15	20 1/2	5/16	1 3/8
65	9	11 1/2	14 1/2	18	23 1/2	5/16	1 5/16	65	8	10 1/2	13	16 1/2	22	5/16	1 3/8
70	8 1/2	11 1/2	14 1/2	17 1/2	23 1/2	7/16	1 11/16	70	8 1/2	11	14	17	23	3/8	1 1/2
75	9 1/2	12	15	19	24	1/2	1 3/4	75	8 1/2	11	14	17 1/2	23	1/2	1 3/8
80	9 1/2	12 1/2	15 1/2	19	24	5/8	2	80	8 1/2	11	14	17 1/2	23 1/2	9/16	2
85	10	12 1/2	16	19 1/2	24	3/4	2 3/16	85	9	11 1/2	14 1/2	18	24	11/16	2 3/16
90	10 1/2	13	16	20 1/2	24	7/8	2 1/4	90	9 1/2	12	15	18 1/2	24	7/8	2 3/8

* 10" long for 36WF, 9 1/2" long for 33WF with 97% of spc. shown in Tables, 8 1/2" long for 30WF with 87% of spc. shown in Tables.

C	L	H	T
3/4"	4	1 1/4"	3/8" Min.
7/8"	4	1 3/8"	3/8" Min.

STUD SHEAR CONNECTOR DETAIL



COVER PLATE DETAIL

TABLE 2. SIZE OF END WELD

Roadway Slab with	Span, center to center of Brgs, ft.								
	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90
Safety Curb	1/4"	5/16"	5/16"	1/4"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"
Sidewalk	1/4"	1/4"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"	5/16"

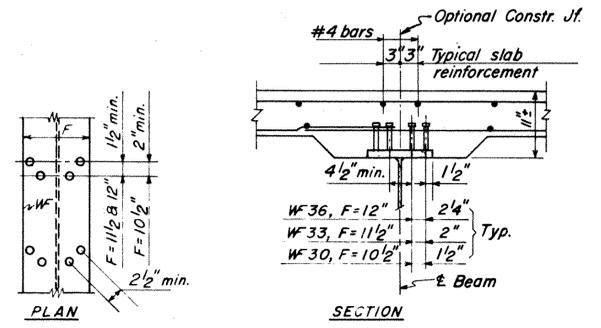
NONCOMPOSITE BEAMS

COMPOSITE BEAMS

HALF ROADWAY SLAB WITH:	Bm. Spc.	No. Bms.	SPAN, CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS, (ft.)																
			20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90		
Curb	6-6	7	Bm. size	21 WF 55	24 WF 68	27 WF 84	30 WF 99	33 WF 118	36 WF 135	36 WF 150	27 WF 84	27 WF 84	30 WF 99	33 WF 118	33 WF 118	36 WF 135	36 WF 150	36 WF 170	36 WF 230
			R	47.6	54.2	59.6	65.1	69.8	74.1	78.1	77.3	80.9	84.5	88.1	91.7	95.4	99.3	103.4	108.3
Sidewalk	7-0	7	Bm. size	21 WF 55	24 WF 68	27 WF 84	30 WF 108	33 WF 130	36 WF 135	36 WF 160	27 WF 84	30 WF 99	30 WF 99	33 WF 118	36 WF 135	36 WF 160	36 WF 194	36 WF 230	36 WF 230
			R	52.1	58.9	64.9	70.8	76.2	80.6	85.2	84.3	88.4	92.4	96.3	100.4	104.4	108.7	113.6	118.4

R=REACTION (kips)
NOTE: Beam sizes shown in () are for Alternate Interstate Loading for bridges carrying Interstate Highway traffic only. (For Spans under 38'-0 in length.)

SUMMARY of DECK QUANTITIES (includes Parapets, Curbs and/or Sidewalks)		
HALF ROADWAY SLAB WITH:	REINFORC'T BARS lbs. / lin. ft.	CLASS AA CONCRETE cu. yds. / lin. ft.
Safety Curb	265	1.30
Sidewalk	305	1.51



STUD SPACING AT LONGITUDINAL CONSTRUCTION JT.

Approved: FEB. 25 1965

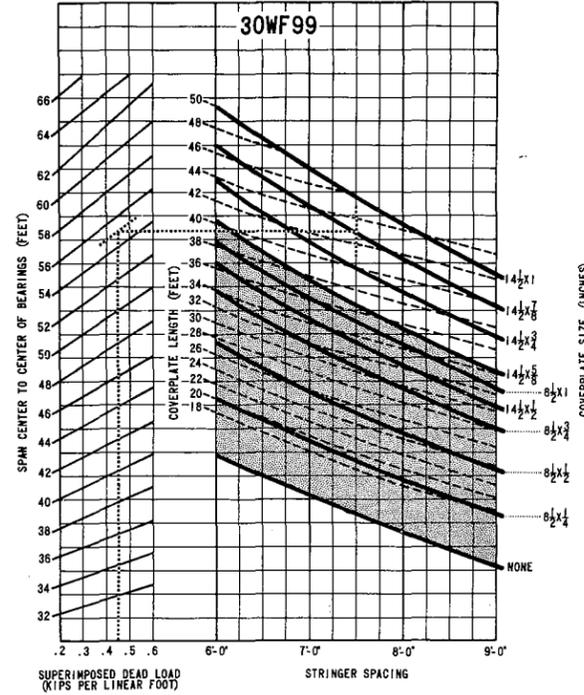
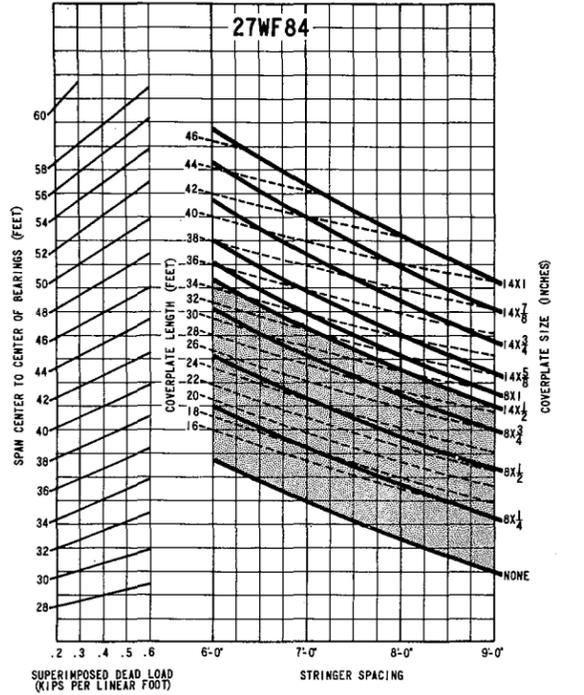
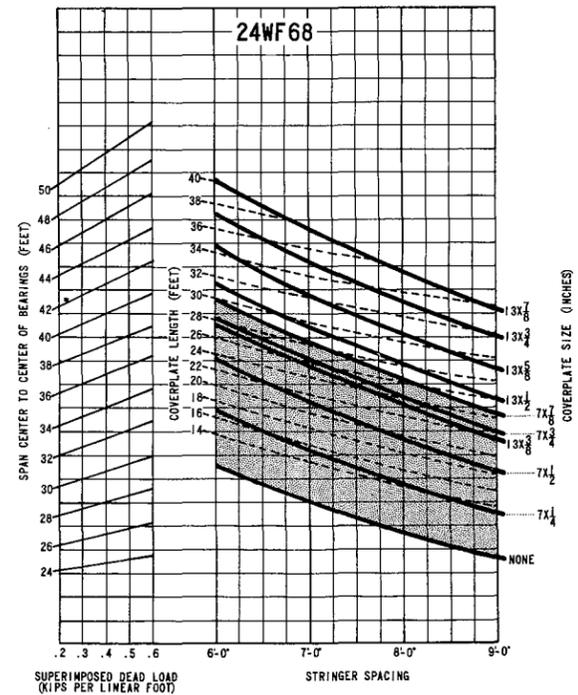
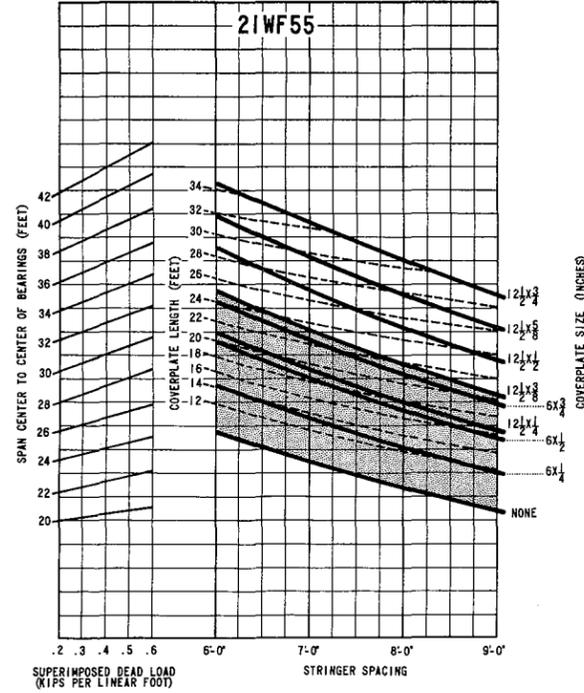
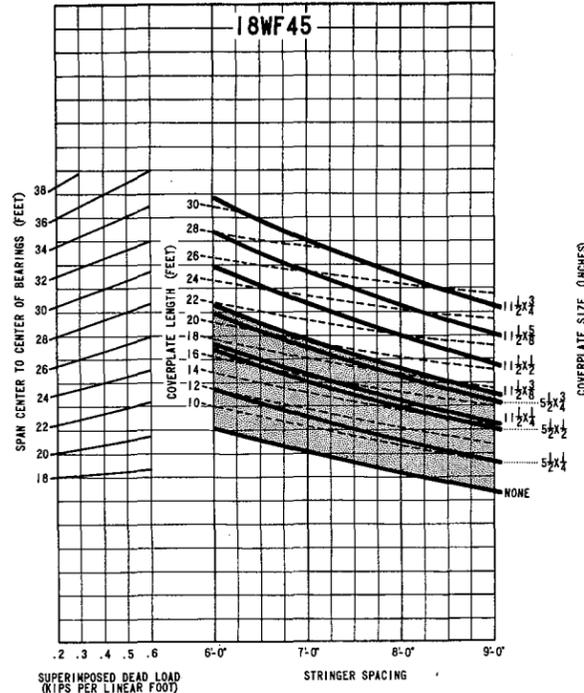
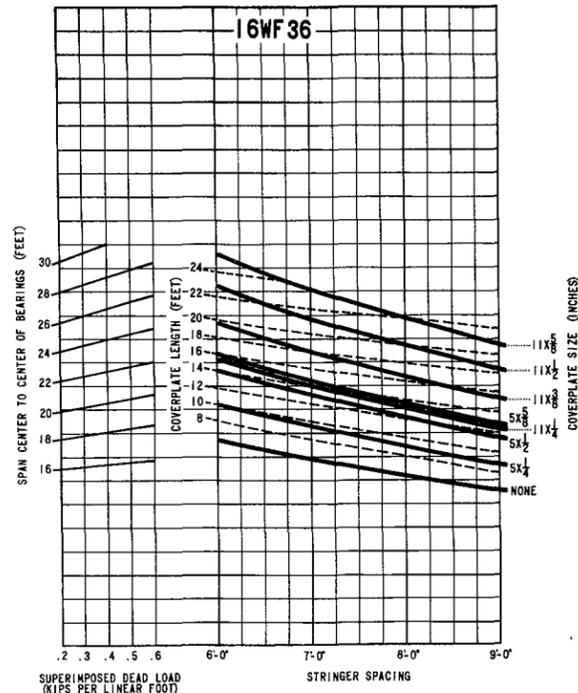
J. H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
84' ROADWAY

Des.	K.R.P.
Jrc.	F.F.F.
Ckd.	G.T.V. IBM Program 31.2.100

INSTRUCTIONS

- For general notes and details, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-102.
- Standard drawings ST-103 may be used for design of stringers when roadway width, span length or stringer spacings are different from those shown on Std. Dwg. ST-102.
- For selection of the most apparent economical beam, refer to sheet 4.
- Superimposed dead load includes:
Future wearing surface, (Not applicable if deck slab is designed with bituminous wearing surface or to structures under fill.)
Weight of railings, parapets, curbs or sidewalks and any other dead load applied after deck slab has been cured, distributed equally to all stringers, in Kips per lin. ft.
- Cover plate less than $\frac{3}{8}$ " thick shall not be used.
- Distance between the lines of fillet welds connecting cover plates to stringer flanges, in a direction transverse to the longitudinal axis of the stringer, shall not exceed 24 times the thickness of cover plate.



NOTE: SHADED AREAS INDICATE THAT LIGHTER BEAM AND COVERPLATE COMBINATIONS ARE AVAILABLE ELSEWHERE IN THE CHARTS.

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

J. H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

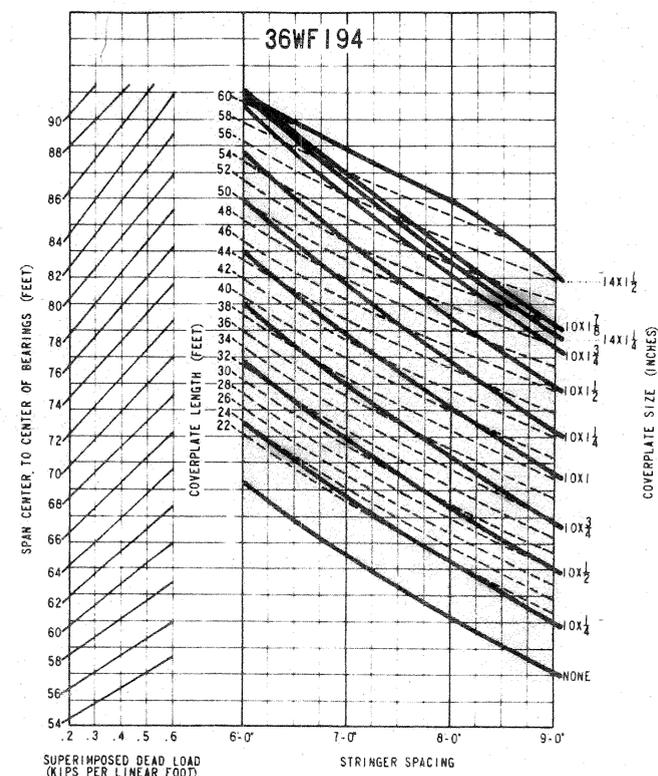
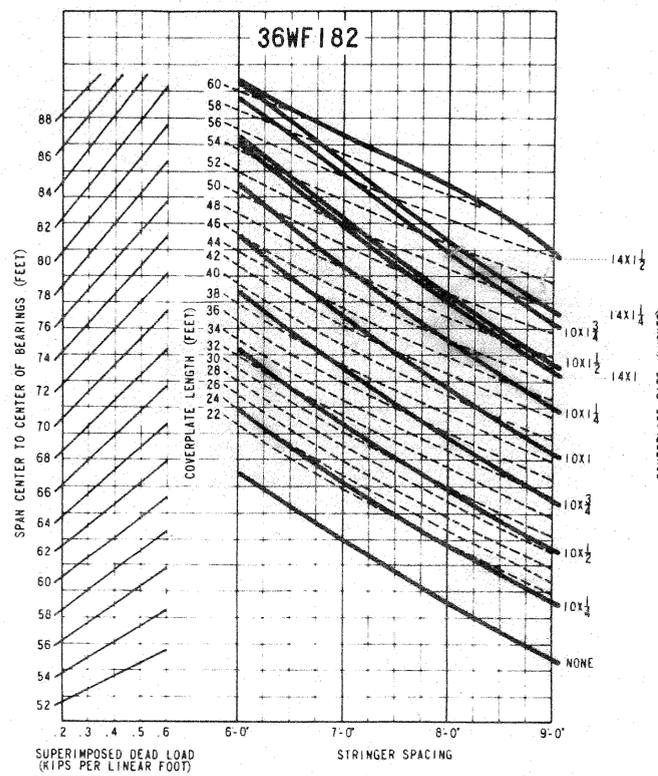
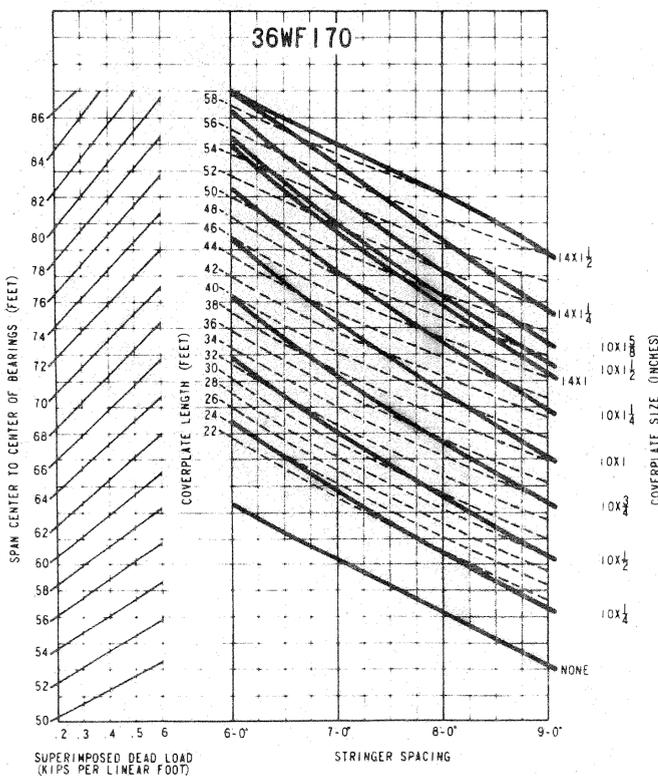
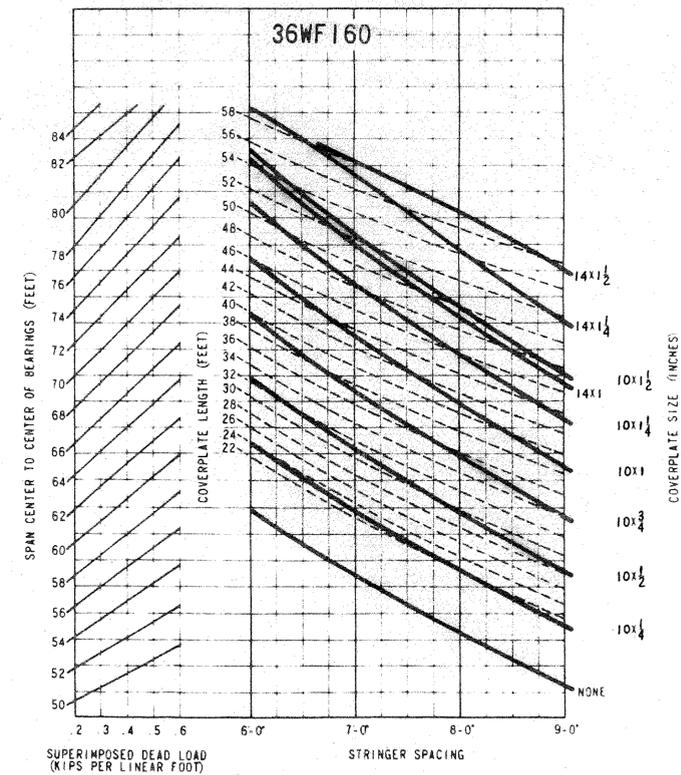
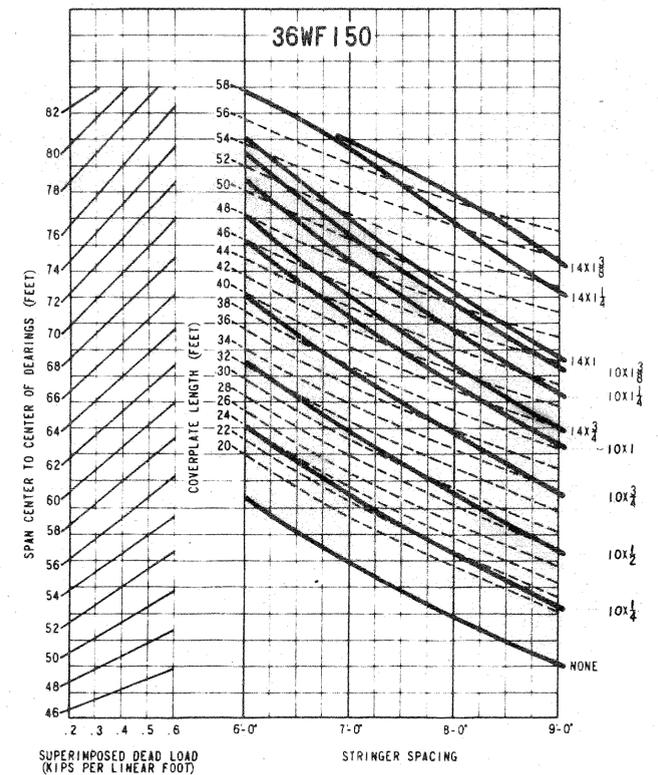
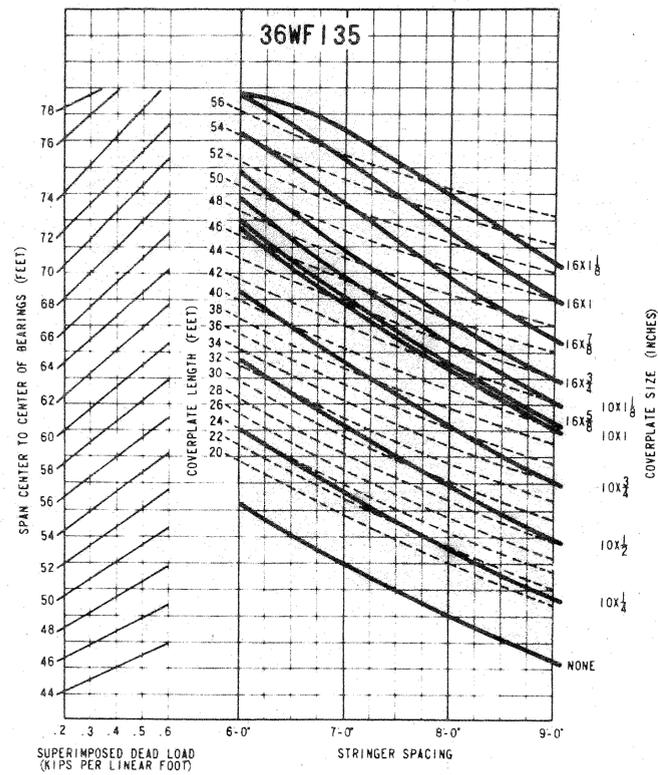
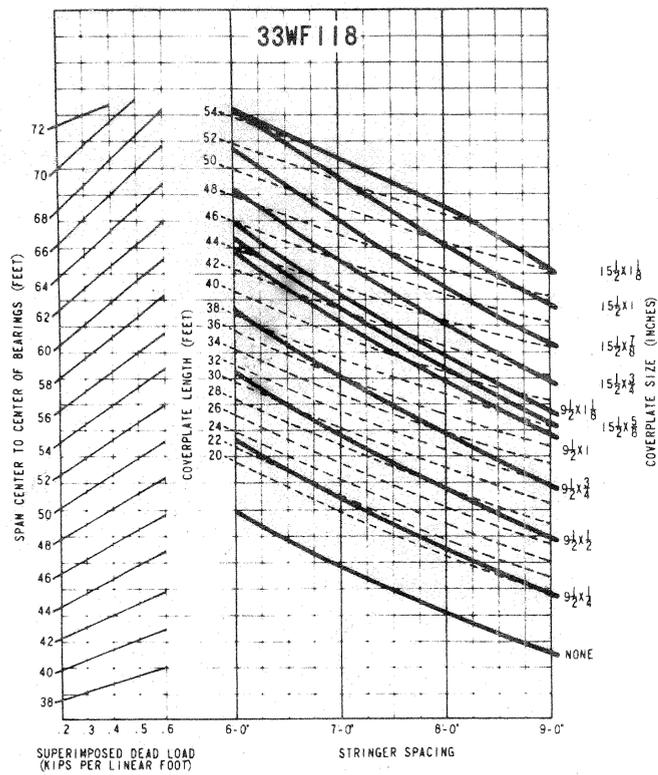
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania



Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
COMPOSITE A36 STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES

DESIGN GRAPHS



Approved: **FEB. 25, 1965**
H. H. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

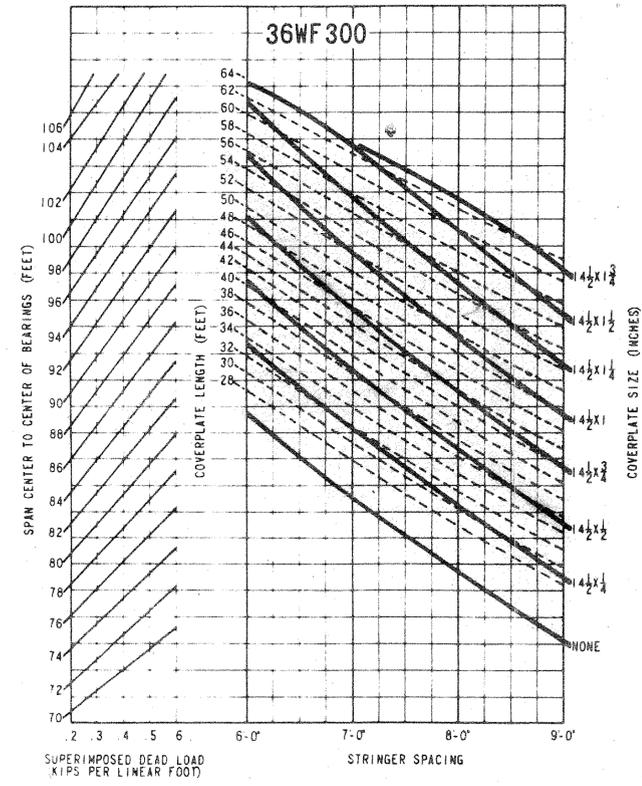
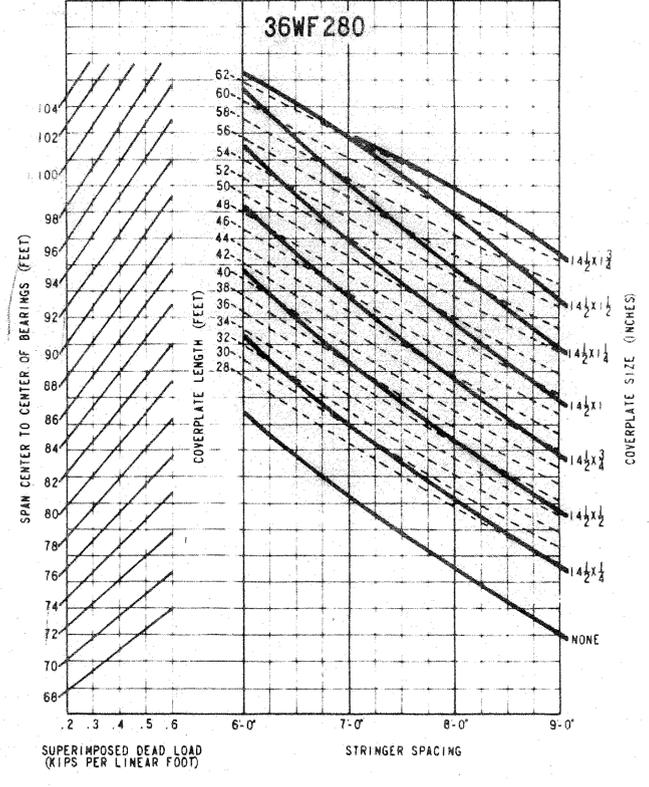
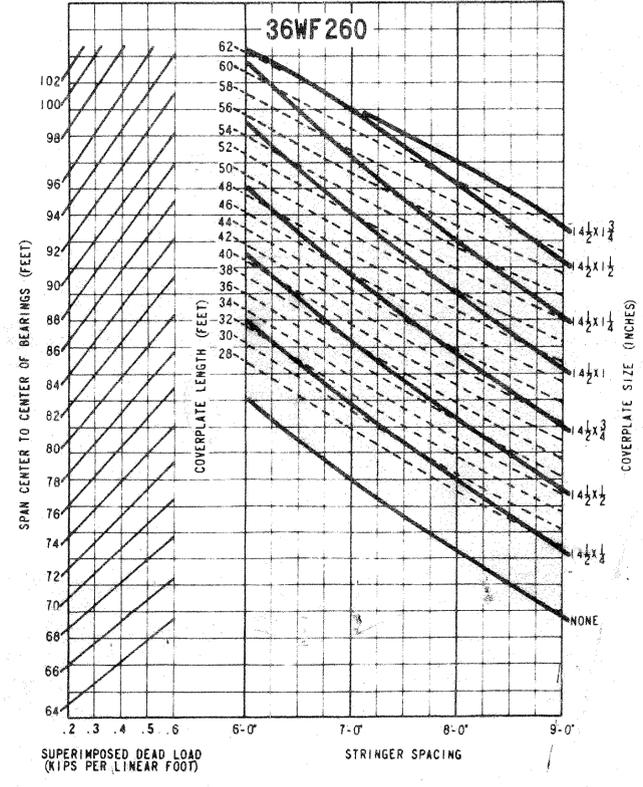
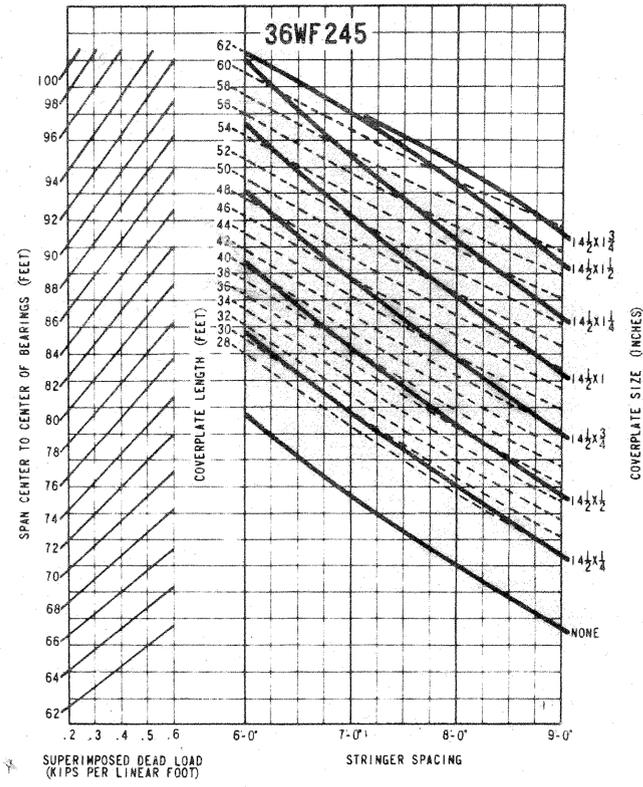
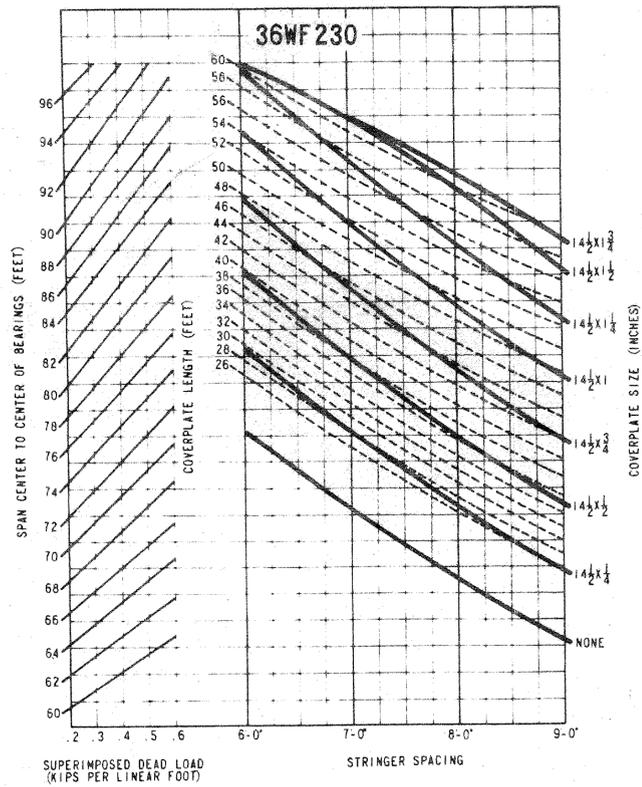
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
 COMPOSITE A36 STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES

DESIGN GRAPHS

NOTE: SHADED AREAS INDICATE THAT LIGHTER BEAM AND COVERPLATE COMBINATIONS ARE AVAILABLE ELSEWHERE IN THE CHARTS.

PREPARED BY THE PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
 BRIDGE DIVISION
 HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA



NOTE: SHADED AREAS INDICATE THAT LIGHTER BEAM AND COVERPLATE COMBINATIONS ARE AVAILABLE ELSEWHERE IN THE CHARTS

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

K. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

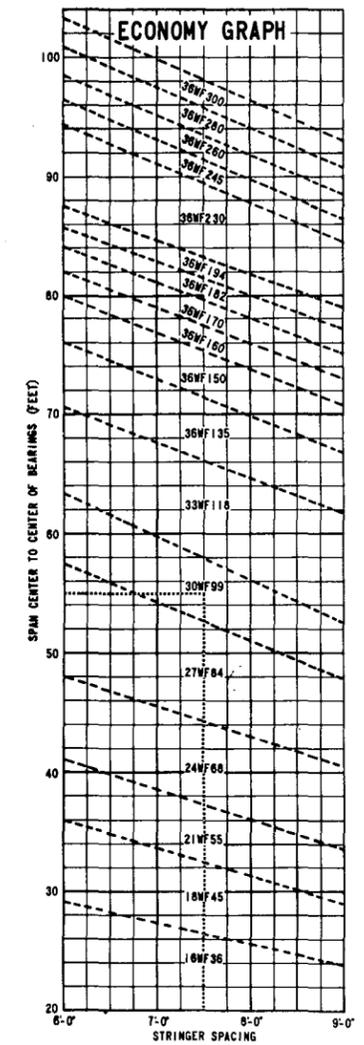
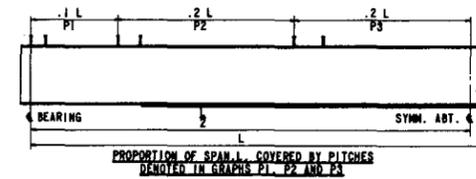
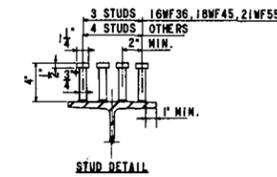
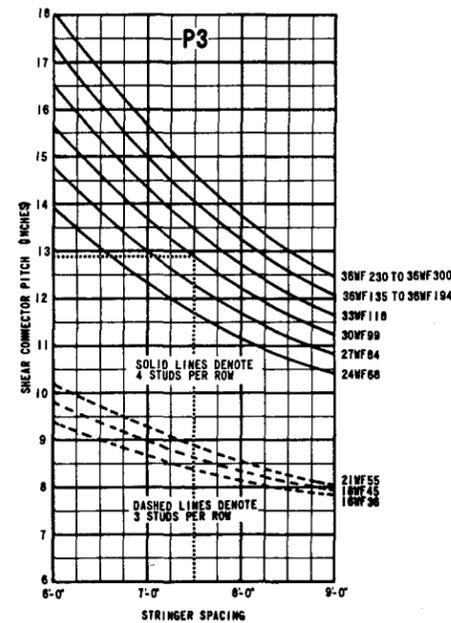
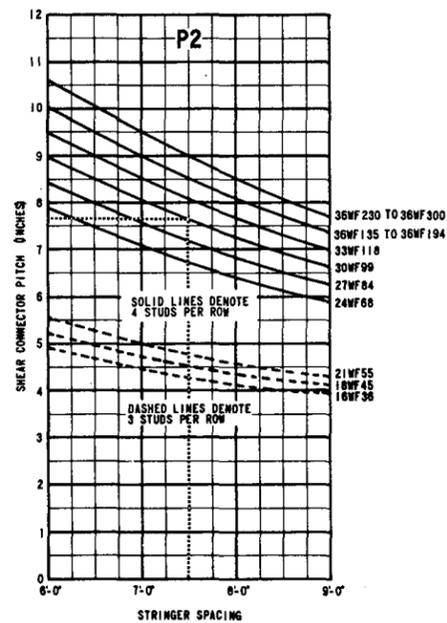
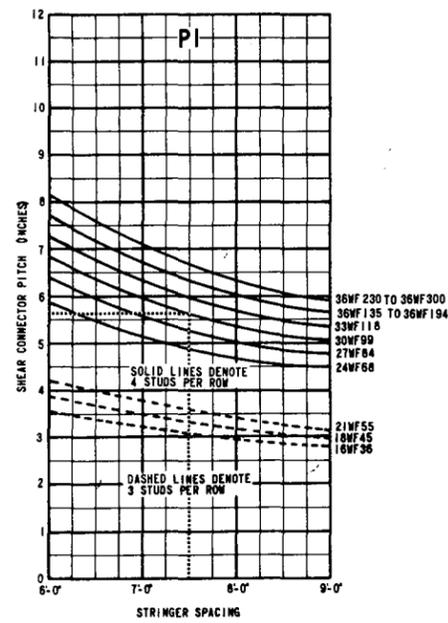


Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
COMPOSITE A36 STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES

DESIGN GRAPHS

SHEAR CONNECTOR PITCHES



SAMPLE DESIGN PROBLEM

- THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS KNOWN:
 - SPAN CENTER TO CENTER OF BEARINGS-55 FEET.
 - STRINGER SPACING-7'-6".
 - SUPERIMPOSED DEAD LOAD-0.45 KIPS PER LINEAR FOOT OF BEAM.
- REFERRING TO THE ECONOMY GRAPH, IT IS FOUND THAT THE 30WF99 GRAPH WILL PROBABLY YIELD THE MOST ECONOMICAL DESIGN.
- ENTER THE 30WF99 GRAPH AT 0.45 KIPS PER LINEAR FOOT OF BEAM AND MOVE VERTICALLY TO THE 55-FOOT SPAN. MOVING FROM THIS POINT HORIZONTALLY TO THE 7'-6" STRINGER SPACING, IT IS SEEN THAT THE COVERPLATE IS $14\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{7}{8} \times 43'-0"$ LONG. NOTE THAT IF THE SPAN HAD BEEN 48 FEET THE DESIGN WOULD HAVE BEEN IN THE SHADED UNECONOMICAL PORTION OF THE GRAPH, INDICATING THAT A LIGHTER BEAM AND COVERPLATE COULD HAVE BEEN USED.
- SHEAR CONNECTOR PITCHES ARE FOUND ON GRAPHS P1, P2 AND P3. THE ACCOMPANYING DRAWING SHOWS THE PORTION OF THE BEAM TO WHICH EACH PITCH APPLIES. REQUIRED STUD SIZE AND NUMBER OF STUDS PER ROW ARE SHOWN IN THE STUD DETAIL SKETCH. THE FOLLOWING PITCHES ARE FOUND FOR A 30WF99 AT A 7'-6" STRINGER SPACING:
 - *P1 5.7" USE $\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{0.1 \times 55 \times 12}{5.5} = 12$ SPACES AT $5\frac{1}{2} = 66"$
 - *P2 7.7" USE $\frac{7}{8} \times \frac{0.2 \times 55 \times 12}{7.5} = 19$ SPACES AT $7\frac{1}{2} = 143"$
 - *P3 12.8" USE $12\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{0.2 \times 55 \times 12}{12.5} = 10$ SPACES AT $12\frac{1}{2} = 125"$

$12 \times \frac{55}{2} = 330$ SAY OK. TOTAL 334"
- MOMENT OF INERTIA OF THE BEAM AND COVERPLATE SECTION (I_1) IS FOUND BY ENTERING THE 30WF99 MOMENT OF INERTIA GRAPH WITH A COVERPLATE AREA OF $14.5 \times .875 = 12.7$ SQUARE INCHES. MOVE UP TO $I = 0$ LINE (ZERO SLAB AREA). $I_1 = 6000 \text{ IN.}^4$

- MOMENT OF INERTIA OF THE COMPOSITE SECTION (I_2) IS FOUND BY MOVING UP TO $\frac{I}{I_1} = 24$ WHERE:
 - A = AREA OF STRUCTURAL PORTION OF SLAB = $6" \times 7.5" \times 12 \times 143 = 720 \text{ IN.}^2$
 - N = 30 FOR SUPERIMPOSED DEAD LOADS
 - $\frac{I}{I_1} = \frac{720}{30} = 24$
 - $I_2 = 14300 \text{ IN.}^4$
- DEAD LOAD DEFLECTIONS ARE CALCULATED USING THESE MOMENTS OF INERTIA AND COMPUTED DEAD LOADS PER FOOT OF BEAM IN THE EQUATION:

$$\Delta = .000775L^4 \left(\frac{W_1}{I_1} + \frac{W_2}{I_2} \right)$$

WHERE:

 - Δ = TOTAL DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION AT % OF BEAM (INCHES)
 - W_1 = COMPUTED WEIGHT OF SLAB AND STEEL (KIPS PER LINEAR FOOT OF BEAM)
 - W_2 = SUPERIMPOSED DEAD LOAD (KIPS PER LINEAR FOOT OF BEAM)
$$W_1 = \frac{8.5 \times 7.5}{12} \times .150 \text{ KIPS/FT.}^3 \text{ (SLAB)} + .025 \text{ KIPS/FT. (HAUNCH)} + .099 \text{ KIPS/FT. (BEAM)} + .043 \text{ KIPS/FT. (COVERPLATE)} = .982 \text{ KIPS/FT.}$$

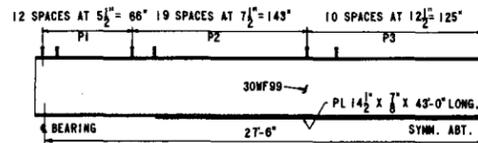
$$W_2 = .450 \text{ KIPS/FT.}$$

I_1 AND I_2 = MOMENTS OF INERTIA AS FOUND IN STEPS 5 AND 6.

$$\Delta = .000775 \times 55^4 \left(\frac{.982}{6000} + \frac{.450}{14300} \right) = 1.35"$$

SAY: $1\frac{3}{8}"$
- LIVE LOAD DEFLECTIONS DO NOT GOVERN ANY OF THESE DESIGNS AND NEED NOT BE CALCULATED.

9. FINAL DESIGN:



Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

K. H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

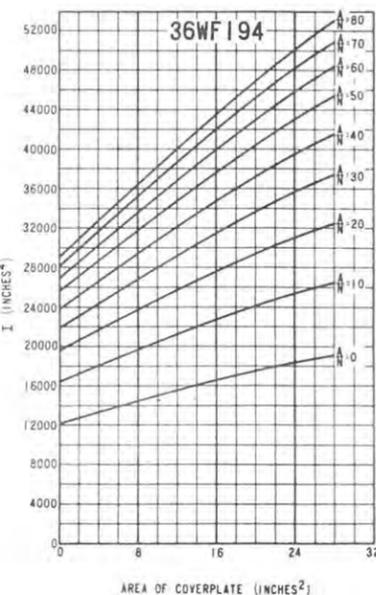
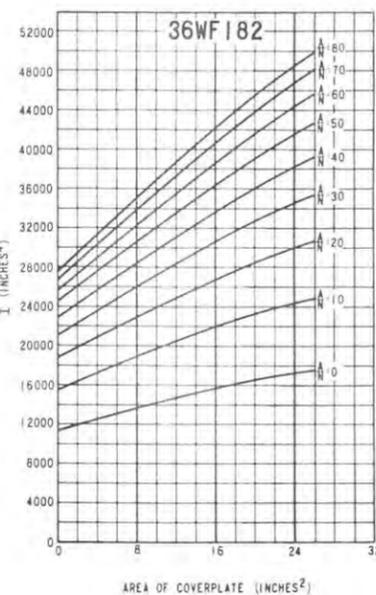
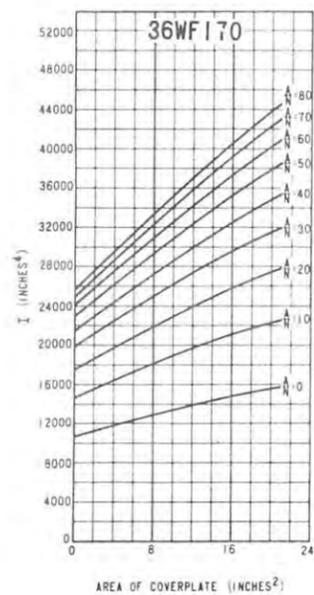
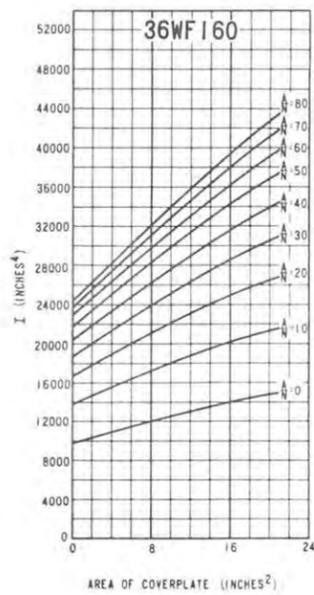
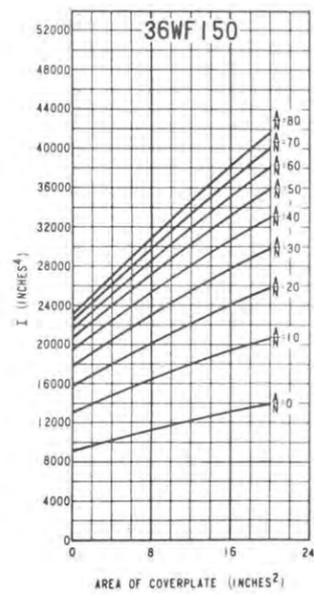
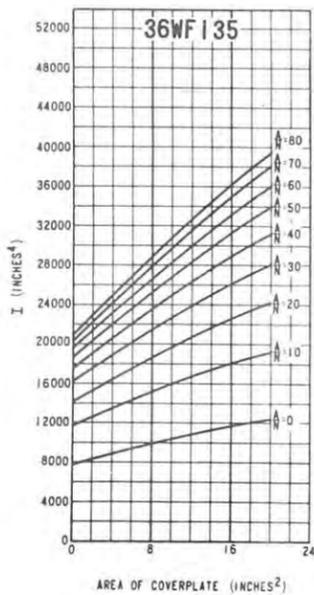
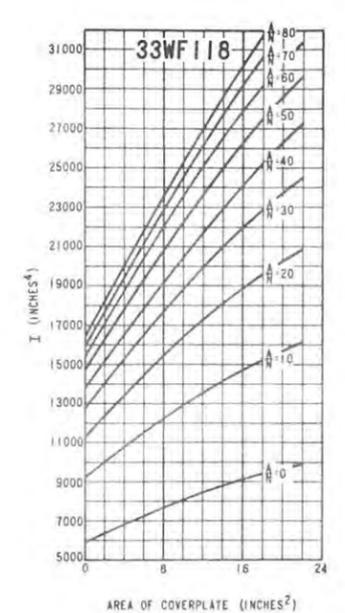
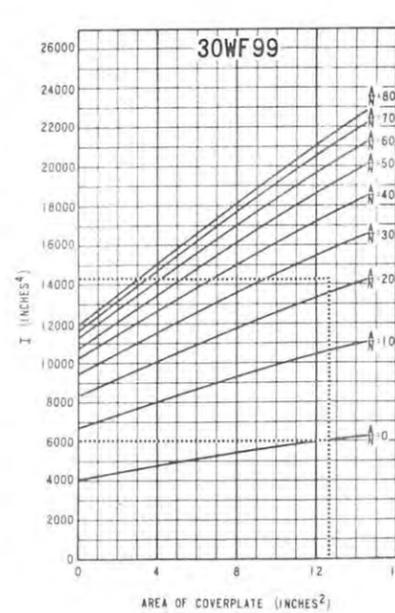
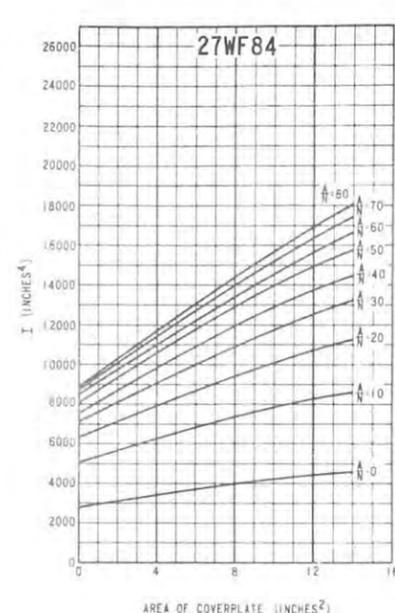
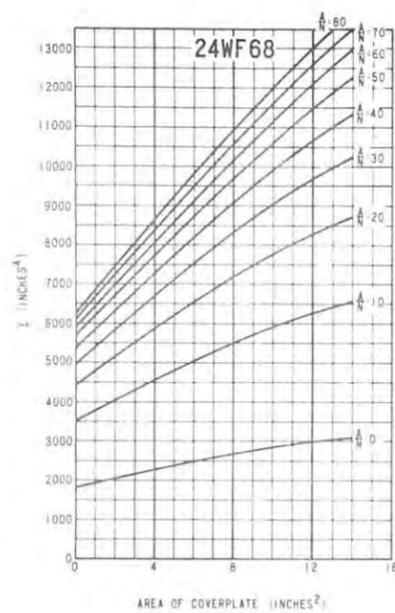
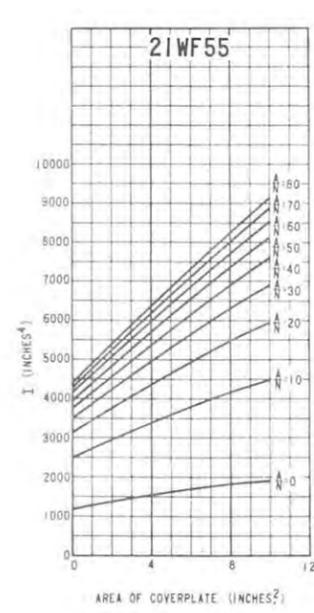
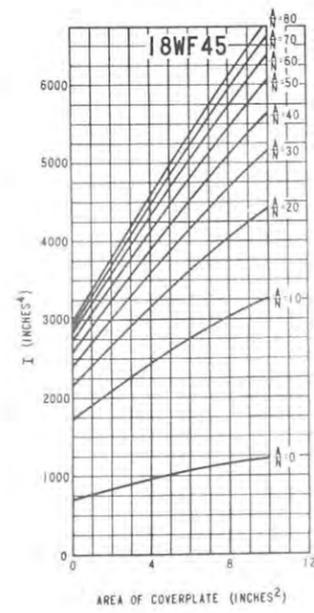
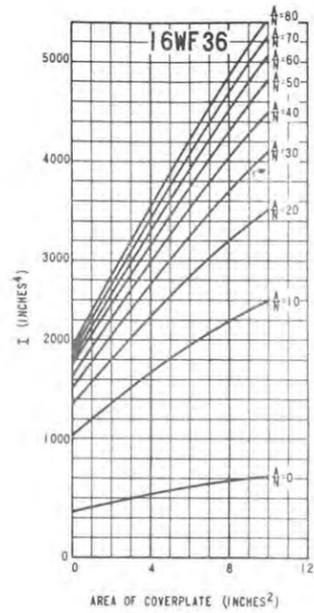


Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD

COMPOSITE A36 STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES

SHEAR CONNECTORS
AND
SAMPLE DESIGN PROBLEM



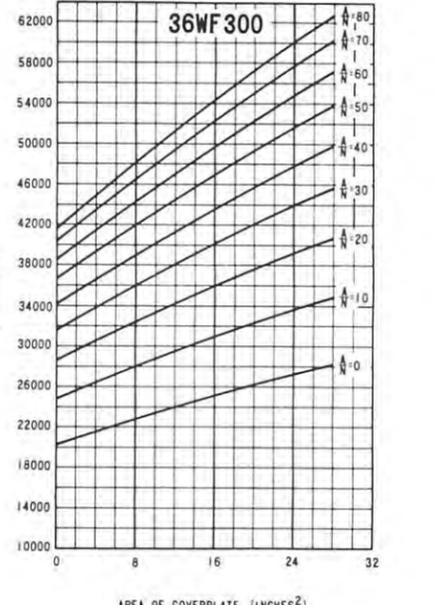
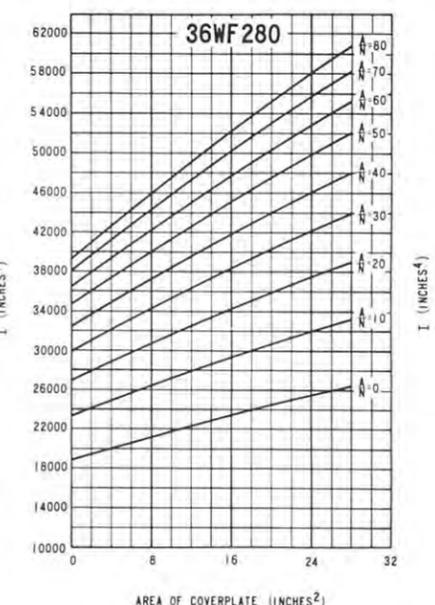
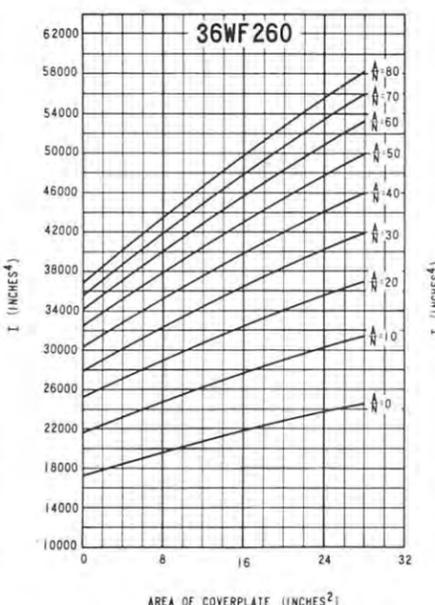
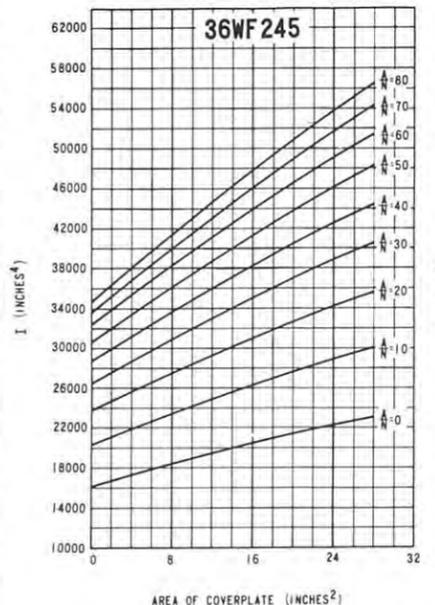
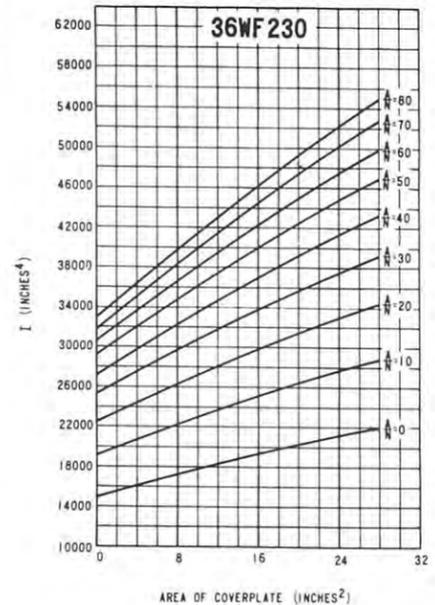
Approved: FEB. 25, 1965
K. H. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE DIVISION
STANDARD
COMPOSITE STEEL I BEAM BRIDGES

MOMENT OF INERTIA GRAPHS

NOTE: A = AREA OF STRUCTURAL PORTION OF SLAB
 N = MODULUS OF ELASTICITY FOR STEEL
 MODULUS OF ELASTICITY FOR CONCRETE



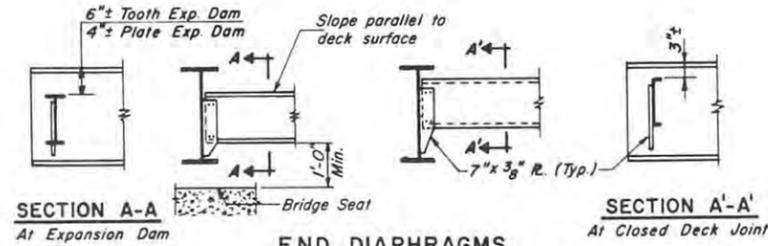
Approved: FEB. 25, 1965
K. H. Jensen
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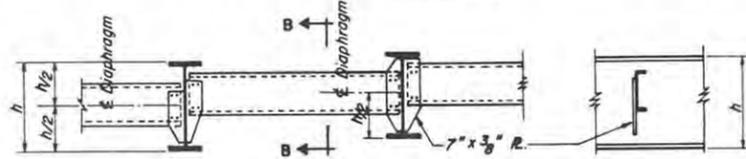
 Department of Highways
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COMPOSITE STEEL I BEAM BRIDGES

MOMENT OF INERTIA GRAPHS

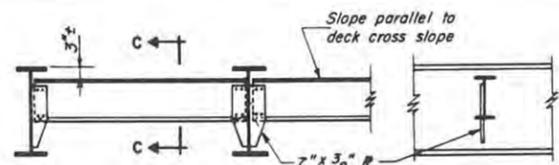
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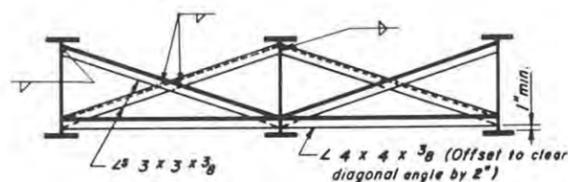
END DIAPHRAGMS



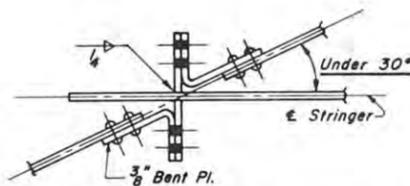
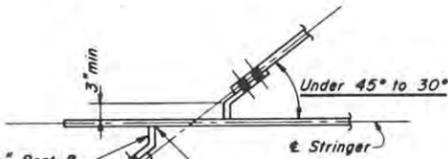
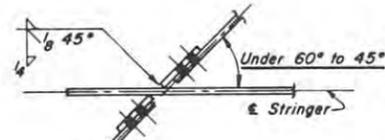
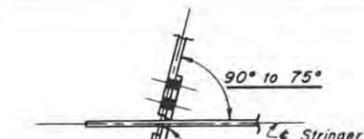
INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM



DIAPHRAGM AT SLAB CONSTRUCTION JOINT



ALTERNATE INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM
Weld both sides of vertical leg and one side of horizontal leg to stringer web. All welds 1/4" continuous fillets.



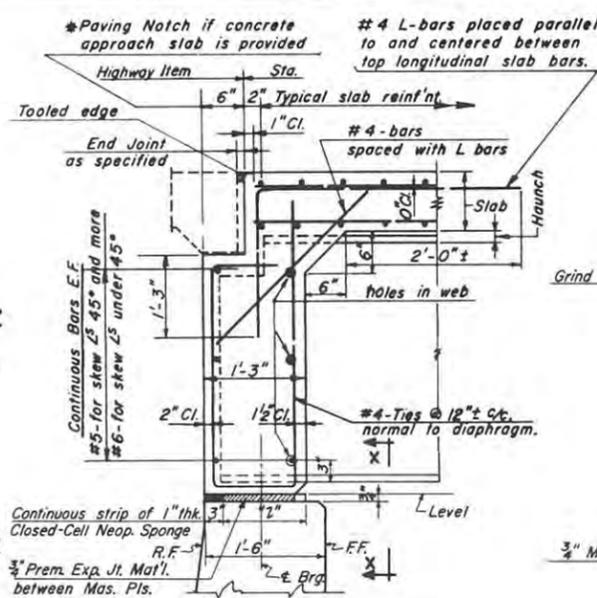
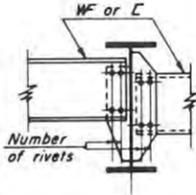
DIAPHRAGM TO BEAM CONNECTION DETAILS

INSTRUCTIONS I.

- Diaphragm spacing shall not exceed 25 ft.
- For skew angles 75° and more, intermediate diaphragms may be placed parallel to ϵ Brgs. For skew angles under 75°, intermediate diaphragms shall be placed normal to stringers and staggered where practical.
- Size of diaphragms on skew angles under 30° shall be determined.
- All rivets 7/8" ϕ . High Strength Bolts may be substituted in field connections, in which case compensation will be made for rivet heads.
- Use pedestal to provide clearance of minimum 12" between bottom flange of end diaphragm and the bridge seat.

STEEL DIAPHRAGMS

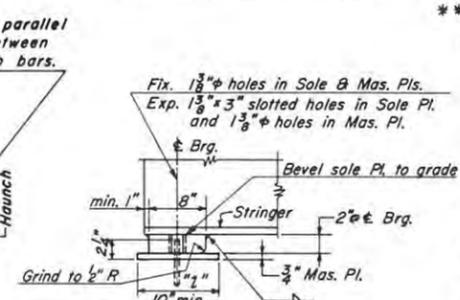
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Trc.	FFF.
Ckd.	G.T.V.



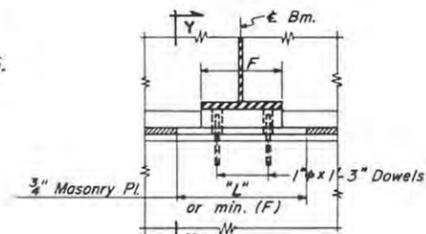
TYPICAL SECTION

IA. CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM AT ABUTMENT

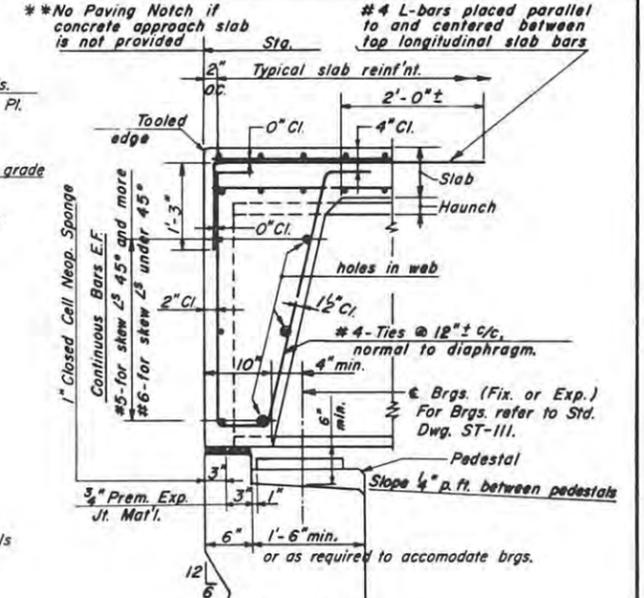
For Span up to 55 ft. c/c Brgs.
* The details shall be modified when Paving Notch is not required



SECTION Y-Y



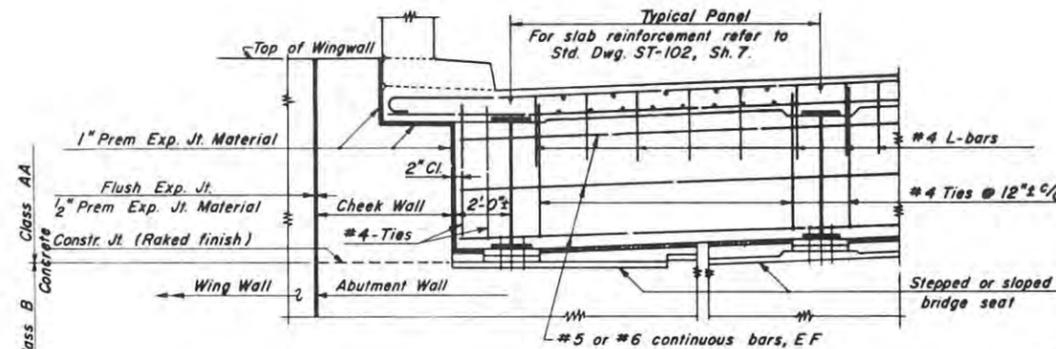
SECTION X-X



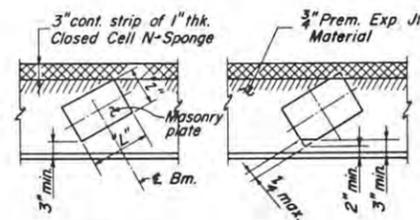
TYPICAL SECTION

IB. CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM AT ABUTMENT

For Span up to 70 ft. c/c Brgs.
* The details shall be modified when Paving Notch is required



SECTION NEAR ABUTMENT
(For IB Concrete Diaphragm)



PLAN-MASONRY PLATE
(For IA Concrete Diaphragm)

NOTE: Use Type IB arrangement when this is not suitable.

LEGEND

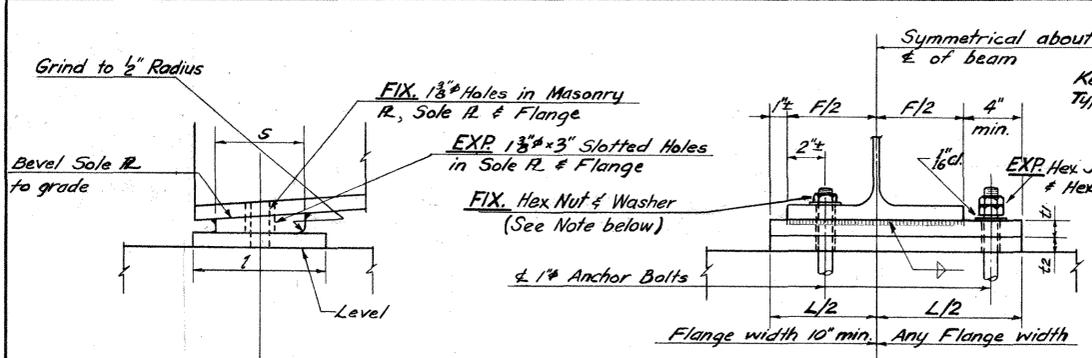
- FF = Front Face
- RF = Rear Face
- EF = Each Face

APPROVED: FEB. 25, 1965

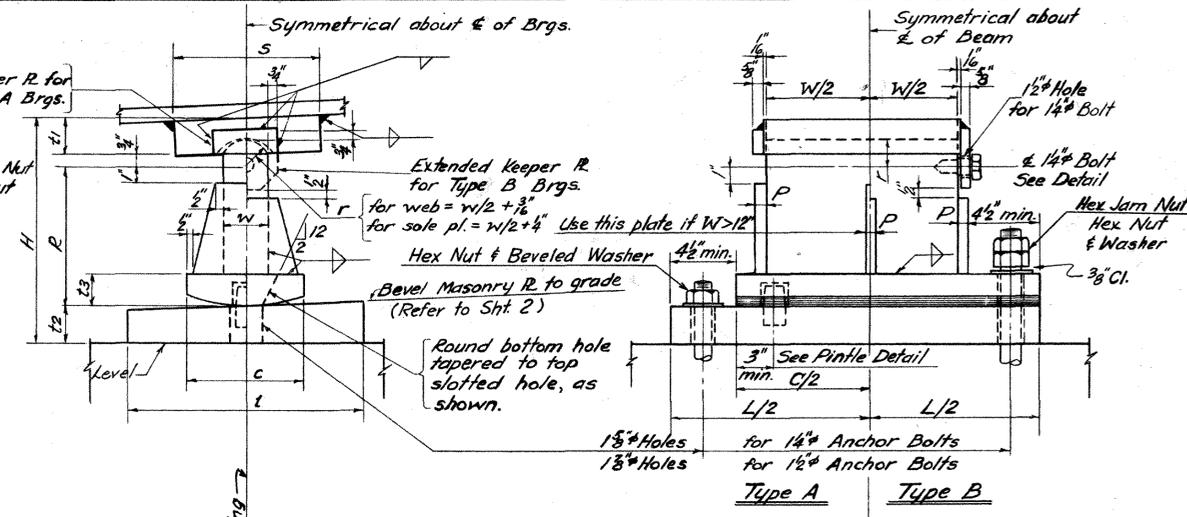
R.H. Jensen
Chief Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE DIVISION

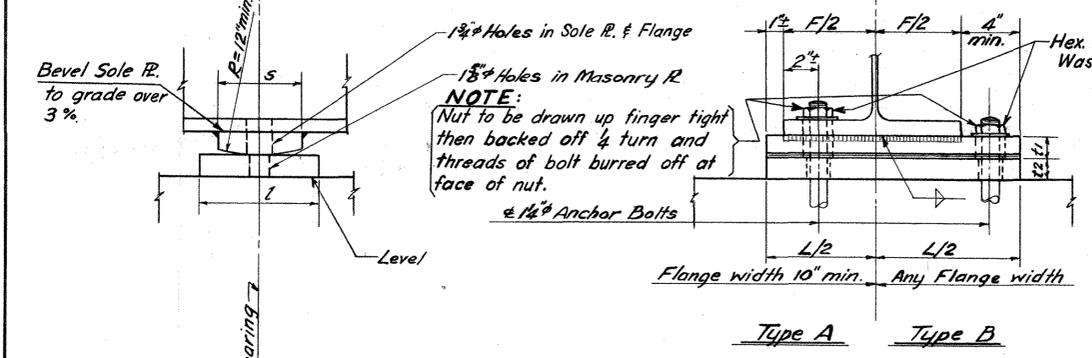
**STANDARD
STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
DIAPHRAGMS**



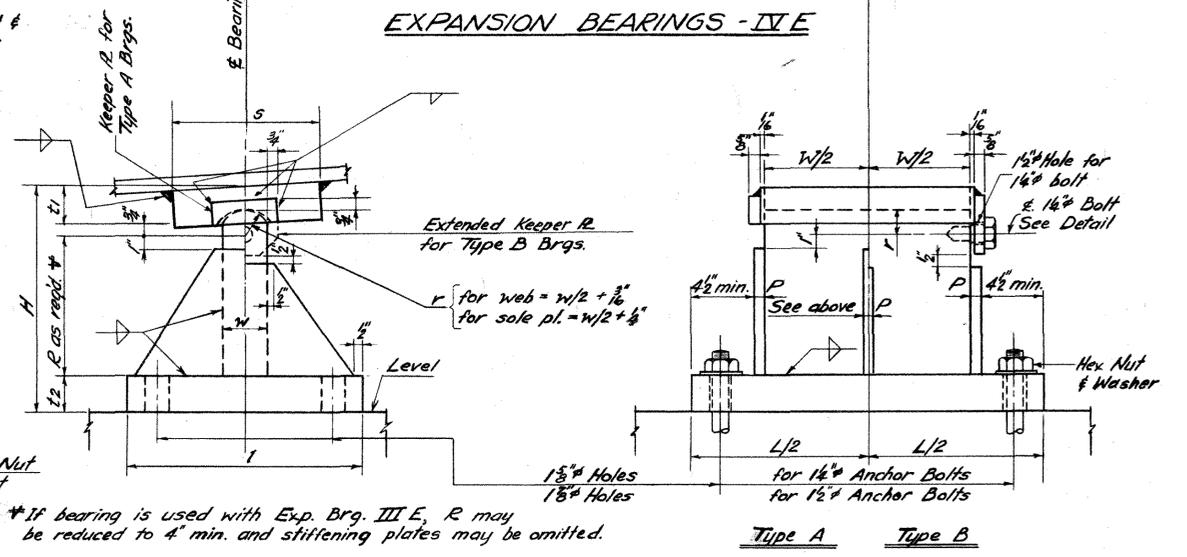
FIXED BEARINGS - I F AND EXPANSION BEARINGS - I E
(For max. expanded length of 55 ft.)



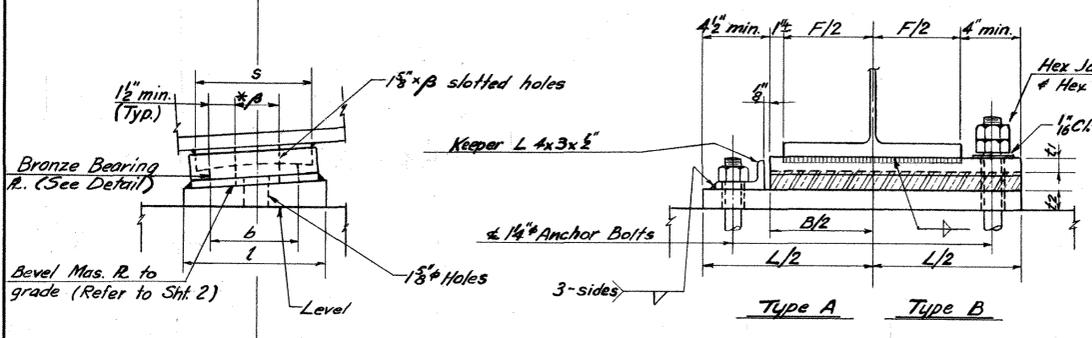
EXPANSION BEARINGS - I E



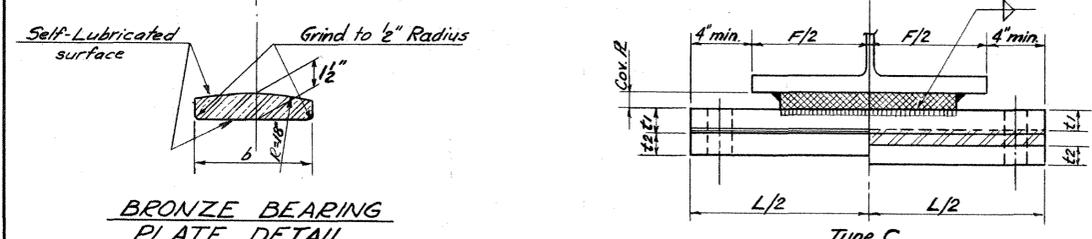
FIXED BEARINGS - I F



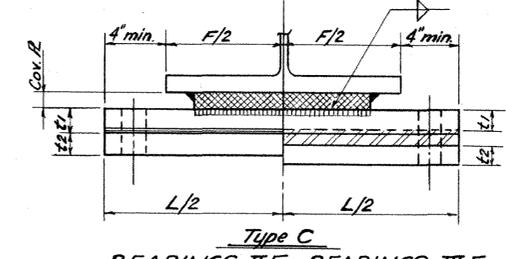
FIXED BEARINGS - I F



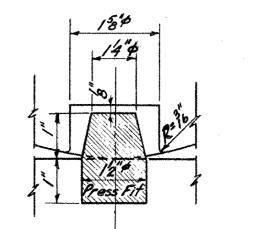
EXPANSION BEARINGS - III E



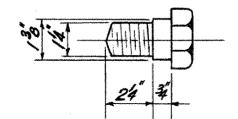
BRONZE BEARING PLATE DETAIL



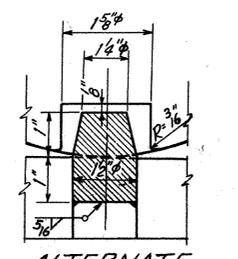
**BEARINGS - I F BEARINGS - III E
STRINGERS WITH COVER PLATES
(OVER INTERMEDIATE SUPPORTS)**



PINTLE DETAIL



BOLT DETAIL



ALTERNATE PINTLE DETAIL

DESIGN INFORMATION

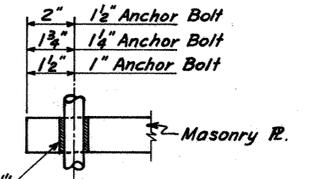
Allowable Design Stresses in Steel:

Tension and compression due to bending	20,000 p.s.i.
Bearing on flat parts in contact	29,500 p.s.i.
Bearing on rounded web plate	26,000 p.s.i.
Bearing on rocker plate (L.b. 1 lin. inch)	1,380 R
Bearing on self-lubricated bronze plate	1,000 p.s.i.
Bearing on Concrete Masonry:	
Bearings I and III	700 p.s.i.
Bearings II and IV	1,000 p.s.i.

The longitudinal force due to friction at expansion bearing IV E: $F = 0.3 \frac{1}{5} \times (\text{dead load reaction})$
 Friction coefficient steel on steel: 0.30
 Friction coefficient of steel on self-lub. bronze plate: 0.12

NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Forms 408/60 and 409/49.
- Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961 "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges" of the A.A.S.H.O. and current "Standard Specifications for Welded Highway and Railway Bridges" of A.W.S.
- All Steel shall conform to A.S.T.M. A-36 unless otherwise directed.
- The Bronze Alloy self-lubricated Bearing Plates shall meet the A.S.T.M. Specifications B-22 Alloy D except that a maximum of up to 2 1/2% lead will be allowed. The lubricated area shall comprise approximately 25% of the bearing surface.
- Rockers shall be shop assembled and match marked to insure free movement of rockers with pintles in place.
- Finish of contact surface shall conform to A.A.S.H.O. Art. 2.10.25.
- Center of all Bearings shall be truly vertical at temperature 68°F under full dead load.
- Anchor Bolts shall be swedge or approved type and to be set a minimum 12" into masonry.
- Anchor Bolts may be set by template or other suitable means before concrete is placed, or may be set into preformed holes and grouted with non-shrink mortar.
- At each bearing, an area extending 1" beyond masonry plate shall be poured at least 1/4" high and after curing ground to a true plane and elevation. This area shall be thoroughly swabbed with red lead paint, and three layers of 1/2oz. duck shall be placed thereon, each layer's top surface having been thoroughly swabbed with red lead paint. The shoes shall be set while the paint is wet.



TYPICAL ANCHOR BOLT HOLE

Bituminous Sealing Mat Class BF-1

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965
J. H. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES BEARINGS

Max. Thickness of Plate	Size of Weld
1/2"	3/8"
3/4"	1/2"
1"	5/8"
1 1/2"	3/4"
2"	1"
6"	1 1/2"

Des.	G.T.V.
Trc.	F.F.F.
Ckd.	B.F.K.

FIXED BEARINGS - IF AND EXPANSION BEARINGS - IE

TYPE A AND B

Reaction Kips	Mark	s	l	L	t ₁	t ₂	Wt. (lbs.)
50	R50	6	8	12	1 1/2	1 1/2	83
60	R60	6	8	14	1 1/2	1 1/2	95
70	R70	6	8	16	1 1/2	1 1/2	107
80	R80	6	8	18	1 1/2	1 1/2	119
90	R90	6	8	20	1 1/2	1 1/2	151
100	R100	6	8	22	2	2	187

EXPANSION BEARINGS - IVE

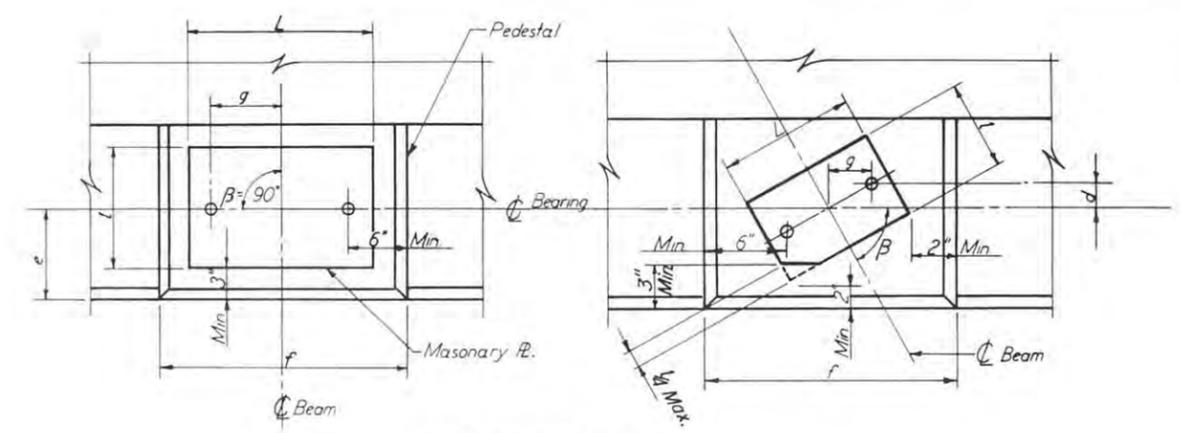
Reaction Kips	Mark	s	W	w	c	C	L	l	e	R	t ₁	t ₂	t ₃	H	P	Wt. (lbs.)
TYPE A																
75	R75	6	9	3	6	11	20	8	8	2	2	2	12 1/2			237
100	R100	6	10	3	6	13	22	9	8	2	2	2	12 1/2			275
150	R150	7	10	3	7	16	25	10 1/2	9	2	2	2	13 1/2			334
200	R200	7	11	3	7	18	27	12	10	2 1/2	2 1/2	2	15			410
250	R250	8	12	3	8	20	29	13 1/2	11	2 1/2	2 1/2	2	16 1/2			535
300	R300	8	13	3	8	22	31	14	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	17 1/2			660
350	R350	9	14	3	9	23	32	15 1/2	13	2 1/2	3	2 1/2	19			830
400	R400	9	16	3	9	24	34	16 1/2	14	2 1/2	3 1/2	2 1/2	20 1/2			990
TYPE B																
75	R75	6	9	3	6	—	20	8	8	2	2	2	12 1/2			275
100	R100	6	10	3	6	—	22	9	8	2	2	2	12 1/2			310
150	R150	7	10	3	7	—	25	10 1/2	9	2	2	2	13 1/2			380
200	R200	7	11	3	7	—	27	12	10	2 1/2	2 1/2	2	15			455
250	R250	8	12	3	8	—	29	13 1/2	11	2 1/2	2 1/2	2	16 1/2			595
300	R300	8	13	3	8	—	31	14	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	17 1/2			720
350	R350	9	14	3	9	—	32	15 1/2	13	2 1/2	3	2 1/2	19			905
400	R400	9	16	3	9	—	34	16 1/2	14	2 1/2	3 1/2	2 1/2	20 1/2			1075

FIXED BEARINGS - IIF

Reaction Kips	Mark	TYPE A						TYPES B AND C						
		s	l	L	t ₁	t ₂	Wt. (lbs.)	s	l	L	t ₁	t ₂	Wt. (lbs.)	
50	R50	5	6	10	1 1/2	1 1/2	57	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
60	R60	5	6	12	1 1/2	1 1/2	66	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
70	R70	6	7	12	1 1/2	1 1/2	75	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
80	R80	6	7	13	1 1/2	1 1/2	81	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90	R90	6	8	13	1 1/2	1 1/2	86	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100	R100	6	8	14	1 1/2	1 1/2	92	6	8	18	1 1/2	1 1/2	115	—
120	R120	6	8	16	1 1/2	1 1/2	103	6	8	18	1 1/2	1 1/2	115	—
140	R140	6	8	18	1 1/2	1 1/2	115	6	8	19	1 1/2	1 1/2	121	—
160	R160	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	9	20	1 1/2	1 1/2	142	—
180	R180	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	10	20	1 1/2	1 1/2	172	—
200	R200	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	11	20	2	2	221	—
220	R220	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	20	2	2	259	—
240	R240	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	21	2	2	271	—
260	R260	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	23	2 1/2	2 1/2	312	—
280	R280	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	25	2 1/2	2 1/2	339	—
300	R300	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	27	2 1/2	2 1/2	365	—
320	R320	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	13	27	2 1/2	2 1/2	410	—
340	R340	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	13	27	2 1/2	2 1/2	410	—
360	R360	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	13	28	2 1/2	2 1/2	425	—
380	R380	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	13	30	2 1/2	2 1/2	465	—
400	R400	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	14	30	2 1/2	2 1/2	530	—

FIXED BEARINGS - IIF

Reaction Kips	Mark	s	W	w	L	l	t ₁	t ₂	R	H	P	Wt. (lbs.)	
												Type A	Type B
75	R75	6	8	3	18	8	2	2	6	10 1/2		204	206
100	R100	6	8	3	18	9	2	2	6	10 1/2		216	218
150	R150	7	9	3	19	10	2	2	7	11 1/2		254	256
200	R200	7	9	3	20	11	2 1/2	2	7	12		280	282
250	R250	8	10	3	22	12	2 1/2	2	8	13		330	332
300	R300	8	11	3	24	13	2 1/2	2 1/2	8	13 1/2		395	397
350	R350	9	12	3	26	14	2 1/2	2 1/2	9	14 1/2		495	497
400	R400	9	13	3	28	15	2 1/2	2 1/2	9	15		585	587



BRIDGE SEAT PLAN

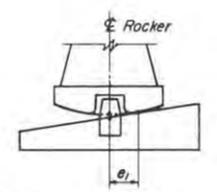
EXPANSION BEARINGS - III E *

Reaction Kips	Mark	TYPE A						TYPES B AND C						
		b	B	t	L	s	Wt. (lbs.)	b	t	L	s	t ₁	t ₂	Wt. (lbs.)
50	R50	6	11	7	19	7 1/2	112	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
60	R60	6	12	7	20	7 1/2	120	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
70	R70	6	12	8	20	7 1/2	135	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
80	R80	6	14	8	22	7 1/2	150	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
90	R90	6 1/2	14	9	22	8 1/2	168	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100	R100	7 1/2	14	10	22	9 1/2	195	7 1/2	10 1/2	20	9 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	230
120	R120	7 1/2	16	10 1/2	24	9 1/2	222	7 1/2	11 1/2	21	9 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	250
140	R140	7 1/2	19	11	27	9 1/2	260	7 1/2	12 1/2	22	9 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	270
160	R160	8	20	11 1/2	28	10	310	8	13 1/2	23	10	1 1/2	1 1/2	300
180	R180	8 1/2	21	12	29	10 1/2	335	8 1/2	14	24	10 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	325
200	R200	9	22	13	30	11	375	9	14 1/2	25	11	1 1/2	1 1/2	335
220	R220	9 1/2	23	14	31	11 1/2	430	9 1/2	15 1/2	26	11 1/2	2	2	490
240	R240	10	24	14 1/2	32	12	532	10	16	27	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	585

* Bearings are designed for max. eccentricity of 1/2 inches. For larger eccentricity, special design is required.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Weights shown include anchor bolts, nuts and washers.
- Web stiffeners shall be provided for beam at bearings when the unit shear exceeds 75% of allowable shear, or when the web crippling stress exceeds 25,000 psi.
- Where uplift exists, Type B bearings III E, IV E and IV F shall be used only for outside stringers and for the stringers adjacent to the divided median.
- Fixed bearings shall be placed at low end of span whenever it is possible.
- Thicknesses shown are at C bearings.
- Dimensions given in tables are in inches.
- * EXPANSION BEARINGS IV E**
For total Eccentricity $e = e_1 + e_2$, greater than 2". Special design is required.
 e_1 = eccentricity at 68°F
 $e_2 = .00437L$ for temp. rise and $-.00813L$ for temp. fall.
 L = expanded length in feet.
- Beveled masonry plate shall be used only with plate expansion dam, when roadway grade G exceeds the value K , where $K = (2.68 - .009L) \%$, in which L = total (left + right) expanded length, ft. (see Example).



EXAMPLE

Roadway Grade $G = 1.30 \%$

E denotes Exp. Brgs. F denotes Fix. Brgs.

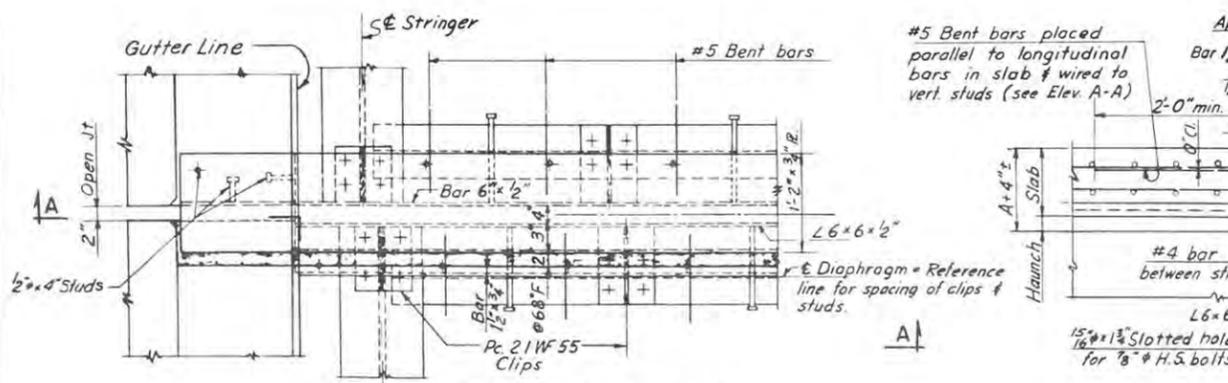
Total Expanded Length, L	$L = 70 + 70 = 140$ ft.	$L = 100 + 70 = 170$ ft.
From Equation	$K = (2.68 - .009 \times 140) \%$	$K = (2.68 - .009 \times 170) \%$
	$= 1.42 \%$	$= 1.15 \%$
	Since $G < K$	Since $G > K$
	Do not bevel masonry plates of bearings E_1 & E_2	Bevel masonry plates of bearings E_3 & E_4

Approved FEB. 25, 1965
R.H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

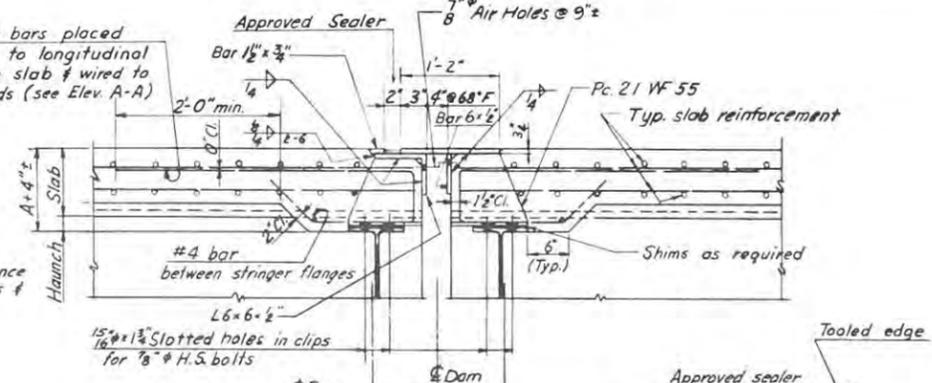
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES BEARINGS

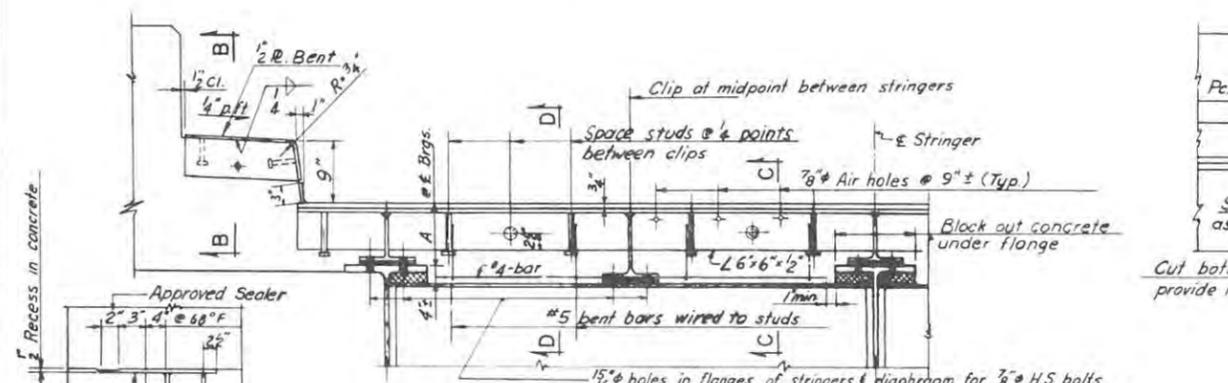
Des.	G.T.V.
Trc.	F.F.F.
Ckd.	B.F.K.



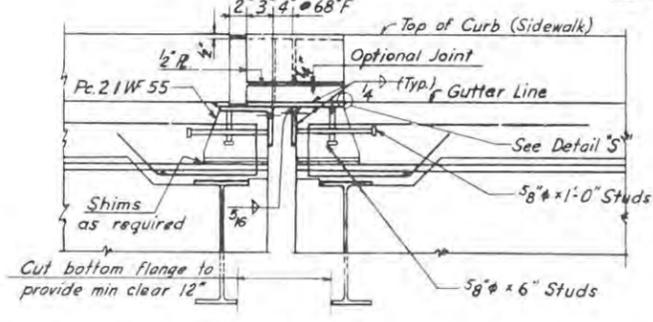
PART PLAN AT PIER
 Typical for skew angle 90°. Details are similar for skew angles 45° and more.



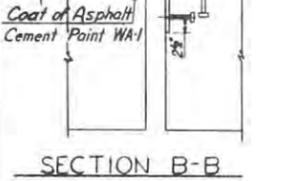
SECTION C-C



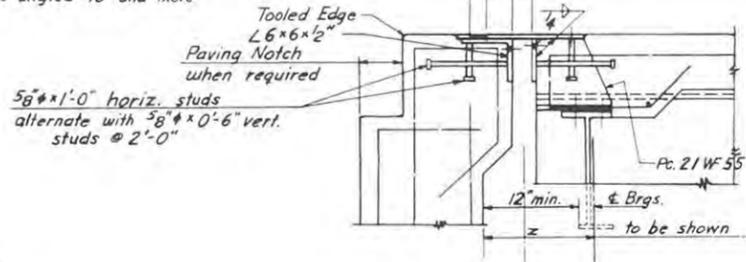
ELEVATION A-A
 On skew angles 45° and more



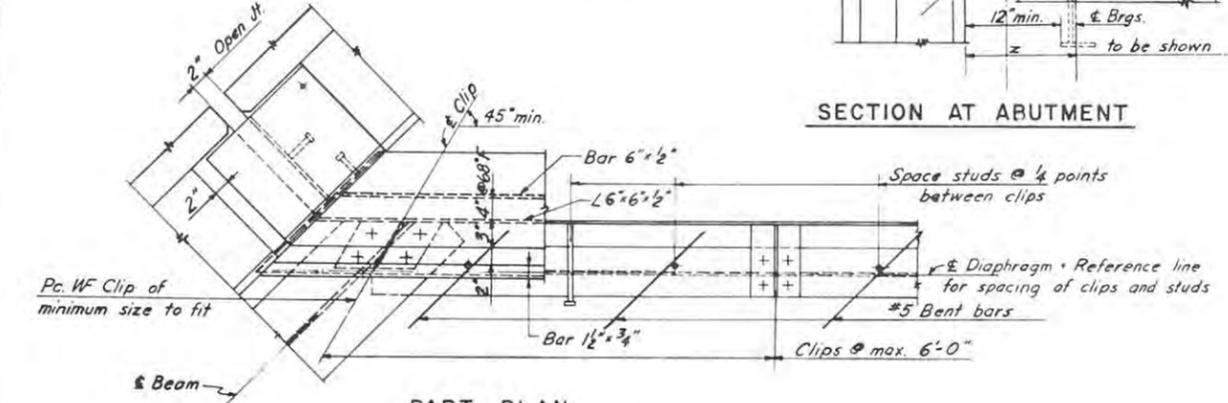
SECTION D-D



SECTION B-B

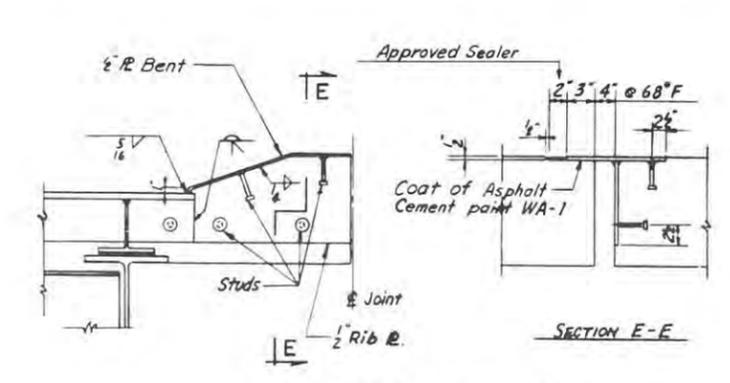


SECTION AT ABUTMENT



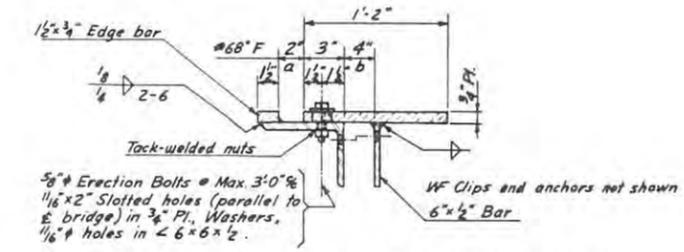
PART PLAN
 On skew angles less than 45°

Des.	G.T.V.
Trc.	F.F.F.
Ckd.	B.F.K.



DIVISOR DETAILS

Armored expansion dam over divisor shall be used where deck drainage will collect along the divisor. If deck slab slopes downward from divisor to curb, rounded concrete divisor shall be terminated approx. 5" each side of dam.



DETAIL OF TEMPORARY ATTACHMENT FOR SHIPPING AND ERECTION OF DAM

The dimensions "a" and "b" as shown are for a normal temperature of 68°F. For other temperature "T" at time of dam erection, these dimensions shall be adjusted as follows:
 a (inches) = $2.00 - 12 E (T - 68) L$
 b (inches) = $4.00 - 12 E (T - 68) L$
 in which E = thermal coefficient = 0.0000065
 L = total expanded length in feet.
 Example 1.
 $T = 30^\circ$, $L = 100$ ft.
 $a = 2.00 - 12 (0.000065) (30 - 68) 100 = 2.00 - 12 (-0.247) = 2.00 - 30 = 2.30$, Say $2\frac{1}{4}$ "
 Example 2.
 $T = 106^\circ$, $L = 100$ ft.
 $a = 2.00 - 12 (0.000065) (106 - 68) 100 = 2.00 - 12 (0.0247) = 2.00 - 30 = 1.70$, Say $1\frac{3}{4}$ "

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965
K.H. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
 BRIDGE DIVISION

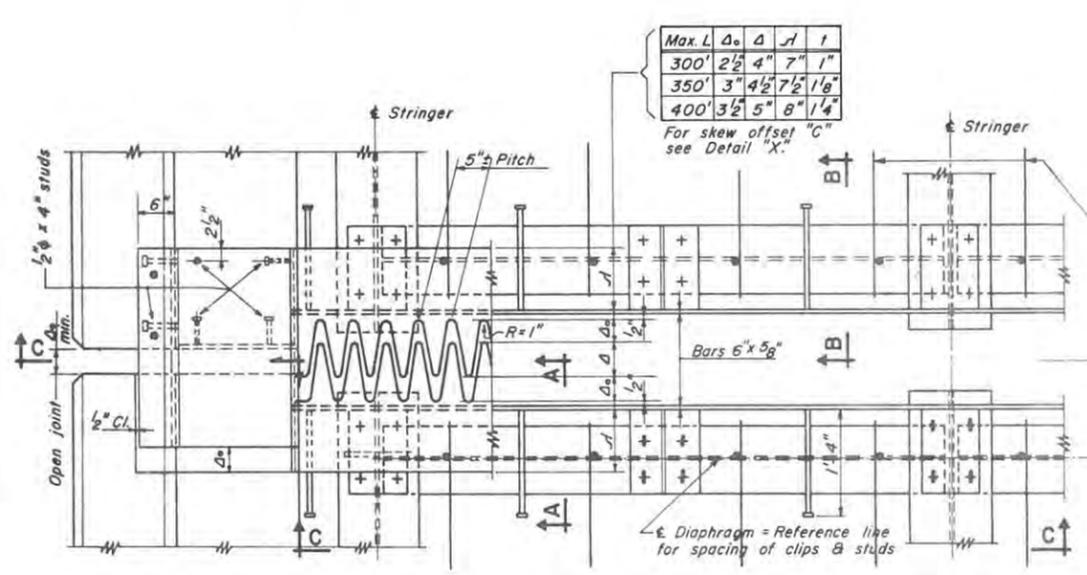
STANDARD
 STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
 PLATE EXPANSION DAM

NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Form 409/49
- Structural steel shall conform to ASTM-A36, except concrete anchor studs which shall conform to ASTM-A108.
- Anchor studs shall be automatically end welded by the use of a stud welding gun. The welds shall be of sufficient strength to permit the studs to be bent 30°.
- Provisions shall be made to fasten both elements of the dam together with bolts for shipping and erection purposes. After erection and adjustment bolts shall be tightened to snug fit then released one-half turn. Remove bolts not later than two hours after concrete has been poured. Holes shall be filled with approved sealer. See Detail of Temporary Attachment.
- Expansion dam is to be erected to follow roadway grade and crown
- Special care shall be used to place and vibrate concrete under the dam to secure full bearing against steel and eliminate air pockets
- Steel surfaces in contact with concrete shall not be painted

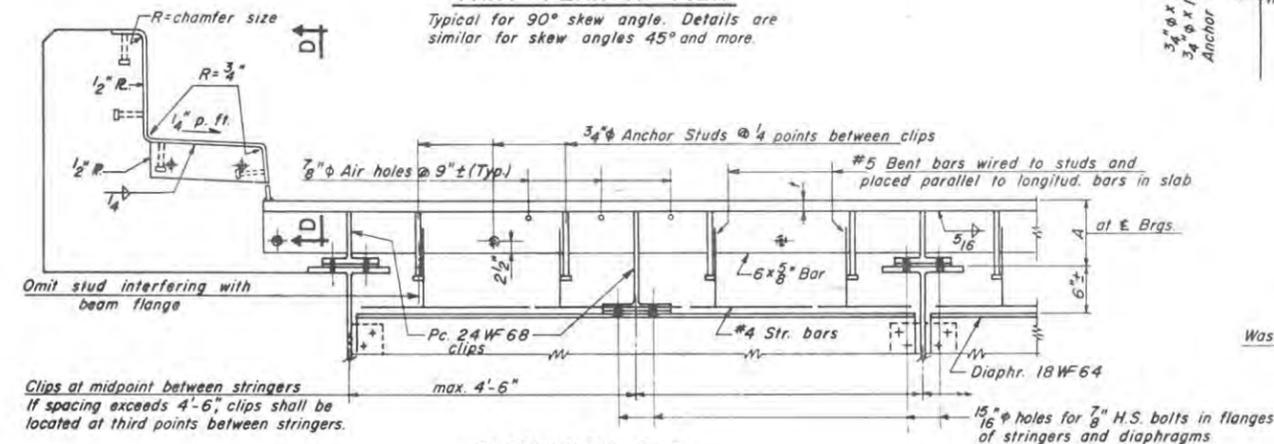
INSTRUCTIONS

- Wherever practical, WF-Clips shall be equally spaced between stringers. Spacing shall be as close to the maximum indicated as possible
- A = distance from top of slab to top of beam @ & Bearings.
- For end diaphragms refer to Std. Dwg. ST-110.



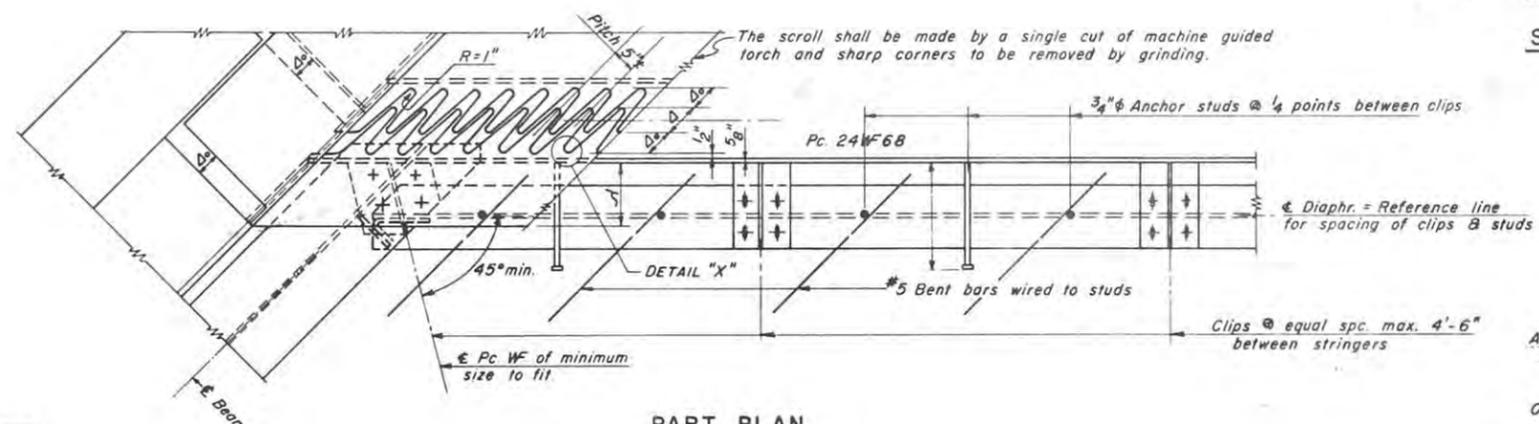
PART PLAN AT PIER

Typical for 90° skew angle. Details are similar for skew angles 45° and more.



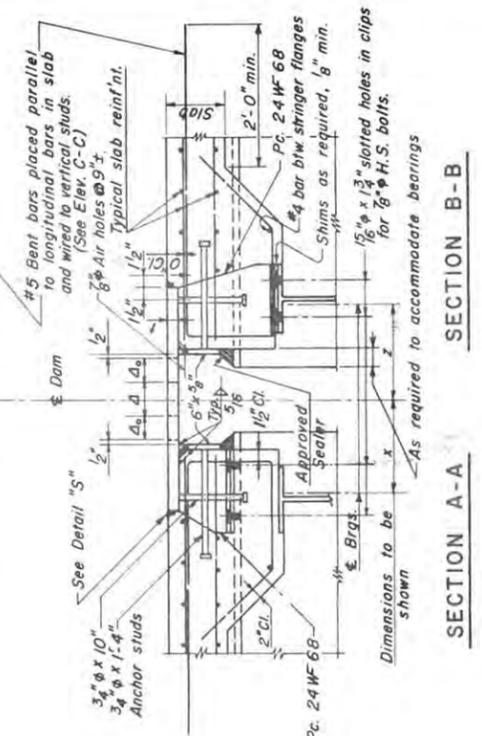
ELEVATION C-C

On skew angles 45° and more



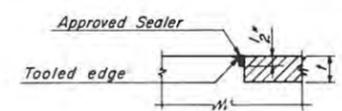
PART PLAN

On skew angles less than 45°

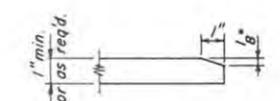


SECTION A-A

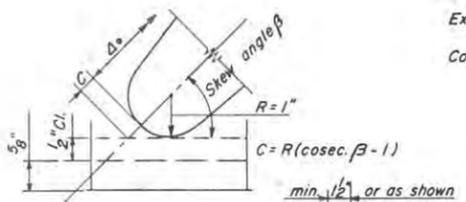
SECTION B-B



DETAIL "S"

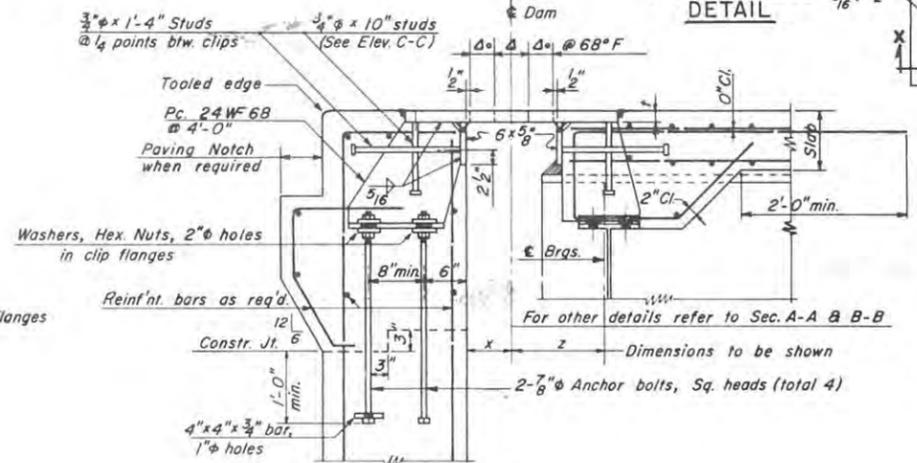


TOOTH DETAIL



DETAIL "X"

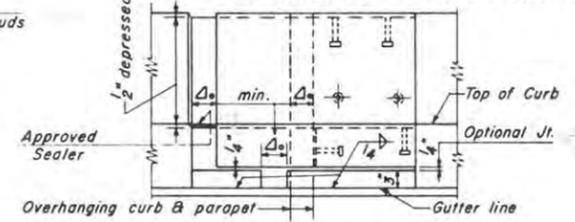
ANCHOR STUD DETAIL



SECTION AT ABUTMENT

INSTRUCTIONS

- Wherever practical, WF-Clips shall be equally spaced between stringers. Spacing shall be as close to the maximum indicated as possible.
- A = distance from top of slab to top of beam at E Brgs.



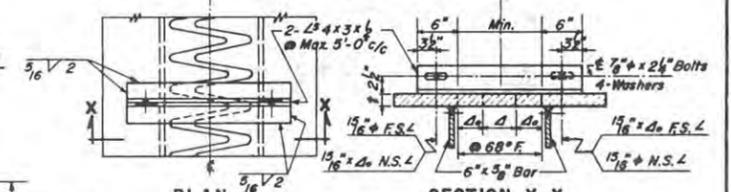
SECTION D-D

NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Form 409/49.
- Structural steel shall conform to ASTM-A36, except concrete anchor studs which shall conform to ASTM-A108.
- Anchor studs shall be automatically end welded by the use of a stud welding gun. The welds shall be of sufficient strength to permit the studs to be bent 30°.
- Temporary L₂ x 3 x 1/2 at maximum 5'-0" o/c to be placed and welded in shop. After erection and adjustment, bolts shall be tightened to snug fit then released one-half turn. After concrete has set, angles are to be removed by Chipping connection welds and grinding surfaces smooth, see Detail of Temporary Attachment.
- Expansion dam is to be erected to follow roadway grade and crown.
- Special care shall be used to place and vibrate concrete under the dams to secure full bearing against steel and eliminate air pockets.
- Steel surfaces in contact with concrete shall not be painted.

DESIGN INFORMATION

Expansion: $\Delta_e = \alpha + \frac{L \times (110 - 68)}{10 \times 8 \times 120} = \alpha + 0.00437 L$ (inch) } at 68°F.
 Contraction: $\Delta_c = \alpha + \frac{L \times (68 - 10)}{10 \times 8 \times 120} = \alpha + 0.00813 L$ (inch)
 L = Expanded length in ft.
 Temperature range from -10°F to +110°F.
 Normal temperature @ 68°F.
 Minimum design Live Load = 100 psi + 60% Impact = 160 psi on tooth area.
 α = Allowance of 1" for each 250 ft. of expanded length, but not less than 1".
 Δ = Design length of tooth = Δ_e + Δ - 1".
 Deflection of tooth shall not exceed 1/300.
 For types other than stringer bridges, for expanded length over 400 ft., and for dams in hinged spans, special design of dam will be required.



PLAN SECTION X-X

DETAIL OF TEMPORARY ATTACHMENT

FOR SHIPPING AND ERECTION OF DAM
 The value of Δ_e for temperature at time of dam erection other than 68°F is given below.
 $\Delta_e(T)$ (inches) = $\Delta_e(68) - 12 \xi (T - 68) L$
 in which $\Delta_e(T)$ (inches) = Δ_e for T°F temperature at time of dam erection.
 $\Delta_e(68)$ (inches) = Δ_e for 68°F normal temperature as shown on plan.
 ξ = thermal coefficient = 0.0000065
 L = total expanded length in feet.
 For example, L = 300 ft., T = 30°F and Δ_e = 3" (shown on plan), the required Δ_e for 30°F temperature at time of dam erection will be 3 3/8" approx.

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

R. H. Jensen
 Bridge Engineer

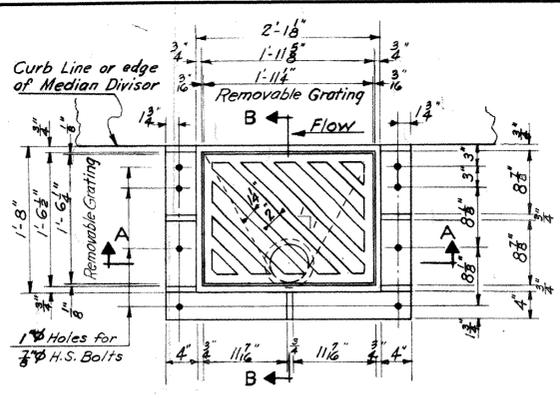
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania



Department of Highways
 BRIDGE DIVISION

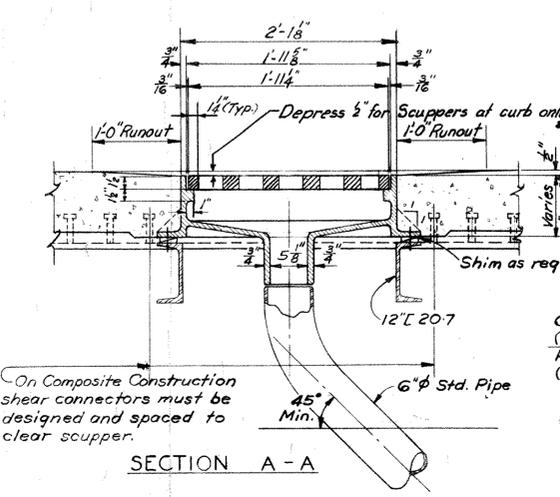
STANDARD
STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
TOOTH EXPANSION DAM

Des.	G.T.V.
Trc.	F.F.F.
Ckd.	B.F.K.

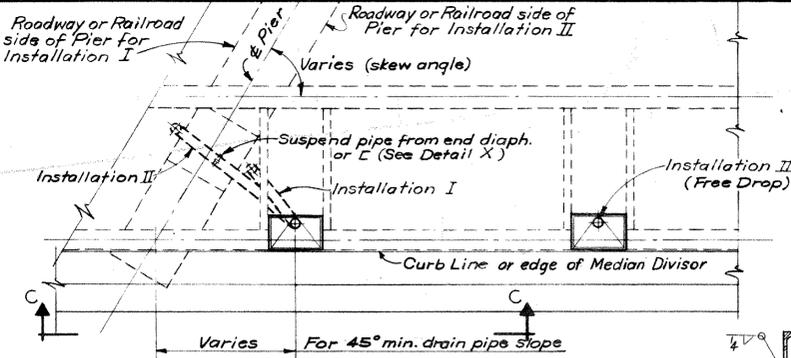


PLAN - TYPE A SCUPPER

Note: Openings in grating must point downgrade toward curb.

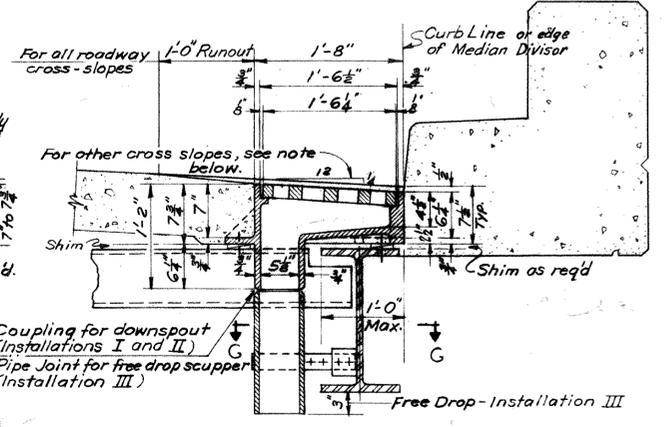


SECTION A - A



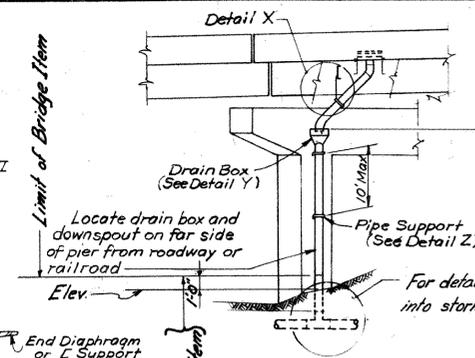
TYPICAL LOCATION PLAN OF TYPE A, D OR E SCUPPER

For choice of installation - See Instruction Note 1.



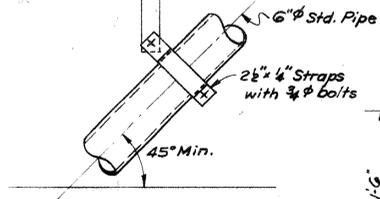
SECTION B - B

Note: For cross-slopes other than 1/2 in 12 raise or lower roadway side of scupper to align with cross-slope of roadway and adjust supporting channels and shims.

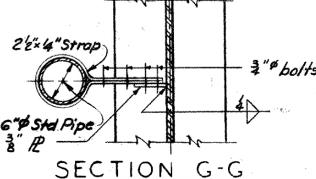


ELEVATION C - C

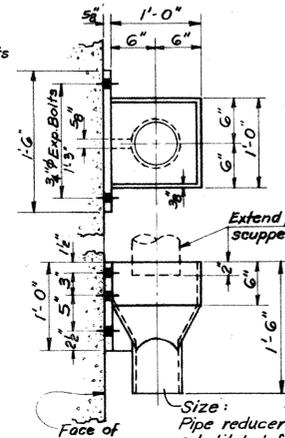
Installation I shown. Installation II similar except downspout is on opposite side of pier column.



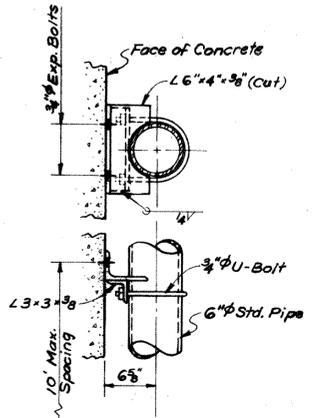
PIPE HANGER DETAIL X



SECTION G - G



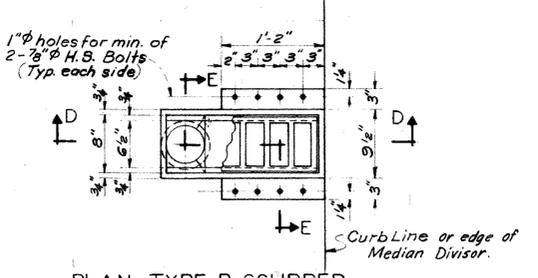
DETAIL Y DRAIN BOX



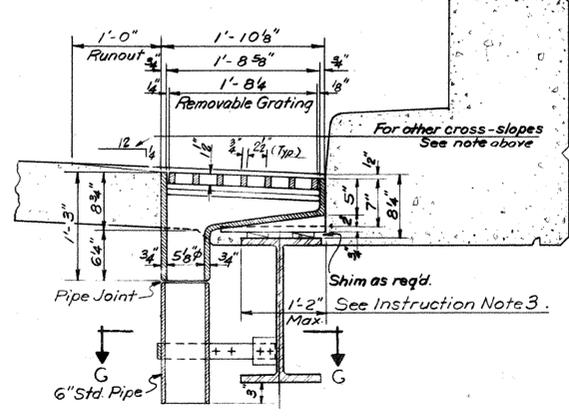
DETAIL Z PIPE SUPPORTS

INSTRUCTIONS:

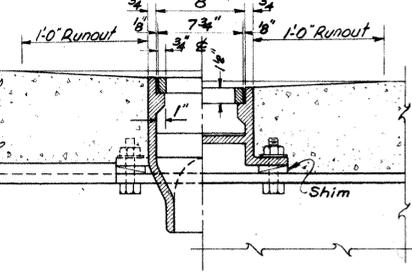
- Type A, D and E Scuppers:**
Use on all steel framed superstructures in accordance with requirements shown on Scupper Spacing Chart and use on steel framed superstructure alternate to Prestressed Concrete superstructure in lieu of Scupper-Type Drain shown on P.D.H. Prestressed Concrete Bridge Standards.
Installation I of scupper and downspout should be located on far side of pier column from roadway or railroad, except that Installation II must be used where the far side is downgrade from a toothed expansion dam. Installation II may be used in lieu of Installation I if slope of pipe between scupper and downspout can be held to 45° or more and the far side is downgrade from a sliding plate dam. Installation III (free drop) may be used in spans over water ways and over any ground where discharge would not be objectionable.
- Type B and C Scuppers:**
Use on steel framed superstructure alternate to Prestressed Concrete superstructure in lieu of aluminum or steel drains shown on P.D.H. Prestressed Concrete Bridge Standards. Type B Scupper must be used where the beam flange would obstruct Type C or where Type C would be exposed on the outside of the fascia beam. Type C may be modified for use on Reinforced Concrete Slab and Reinforced Concrete T-Beam Bridges where required. Type B may be used adjacent to a divisor, to drain a narrow water table, where Type A or D would not be economical.
- For larger dimensions, scupper shall be modified to fit.
- For Installations I and II, downspout may be connected to Storm Drain, if practical, and details of the connection shall be included on Highway Drawings. If connection to storm drain is impractical, downspout shall discharge onto Splash Block.
- Roadway inlets should be placed off the bridge at the low end, in lieu of scuppers in end span(s). These inlets shall be shown on bridge plans as well as on roadway plans.
- For Details of Type D and E Scuppers, See Sheet 2.



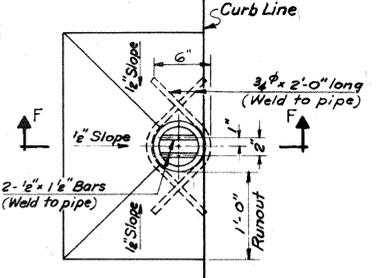
PLAN - TYPE B SCUPPER



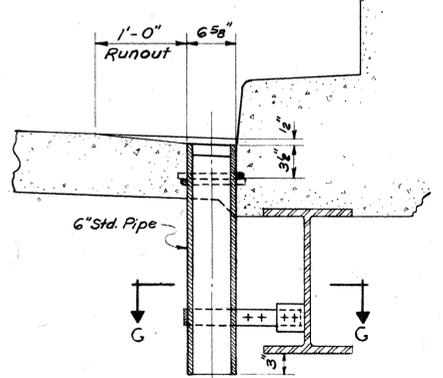
SECTION D - D



SECTION E - E



PLAN - TYPE C SCUPPER



SECTION F - F

SCUPPER TYPE "B" & TYPE "C"

To be used on steel alternates to original prestressed concrete design. (See Instruction Note 2.)

- NOTES:**
- All materials and workmanship shall comply with PDH Form 409/49 and the current A.W.S. Standard Specifications for Welded Highway and Railway Bridges.
 - All pipes shall be standard 6" steel pipes. All pipe fittings shall be screwed malleable iron (ASTM A338) or steel welding fittings (ASTM A234) except at field connection, shown on Sect. B-B, where victaulic coupling, (or approved equal), is specified. Scupper, drain box, and grating material shall be malleable iron, cast steel, or ductile iron (ASTM A339 Grade 60-45-10) unless welded construction is used, in which case, structural steel (ASTM A36) shall be used. All materials shall be galvanized. Areas upon which the galvanizing has been damaged shall be cleaned and painted with an approved aluminum paint.
 - Weight of scuppers, pipe, fittings, couplings, and pipe supports above drain box shall be included in the Fabricated Structural Steel Item for Superstructure quantities. Weight of drain boxes, pipe, fittings, couplings, and pipe supports below drain box shall be included in the Fabricated Structural Steel item for the various units of the substructures.

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

J. R. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

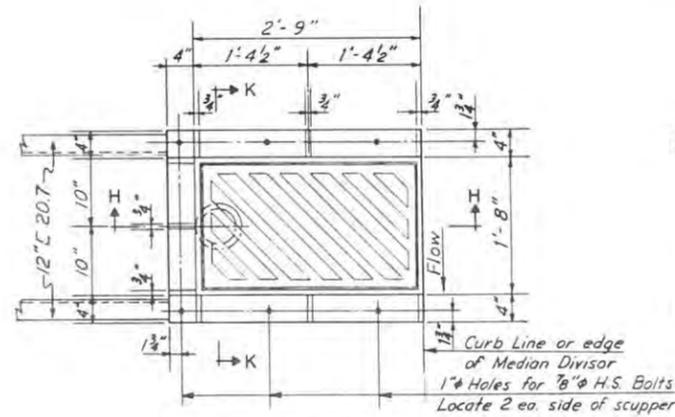
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE DIVISION

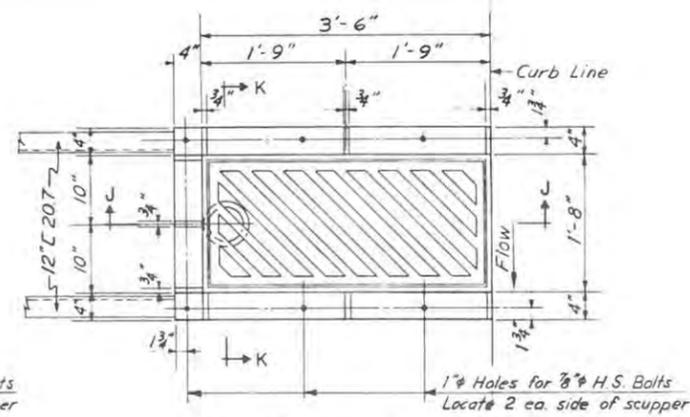
STANDARD
STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES

BRIDGE DRAINAGE

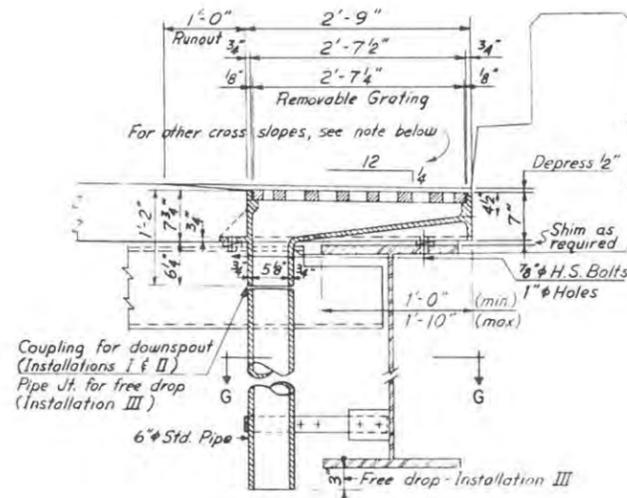
Des.	S.S.S.
Trc.	D.A.S.
Ckd.	B.F.K.



PLAN - TYPE D SCUPPER

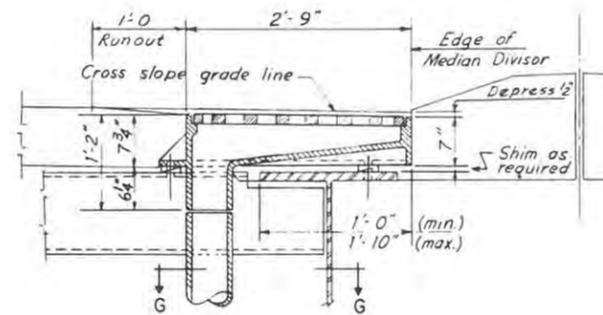


PLAN - TYPE E SCUPPER



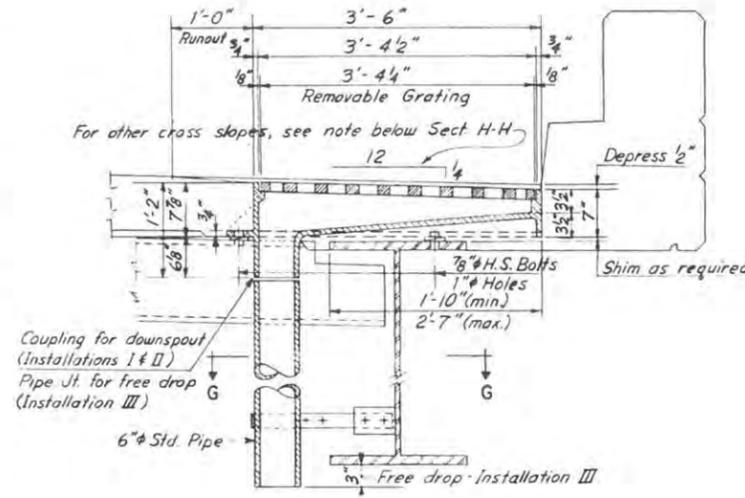
SECTION H-H (AT CURB)

Note: For cross slopes other than 1/4 in 12, raise or lower roadway side of scupper to align with cross-slope of roadway and adjust supporting channels and shims.

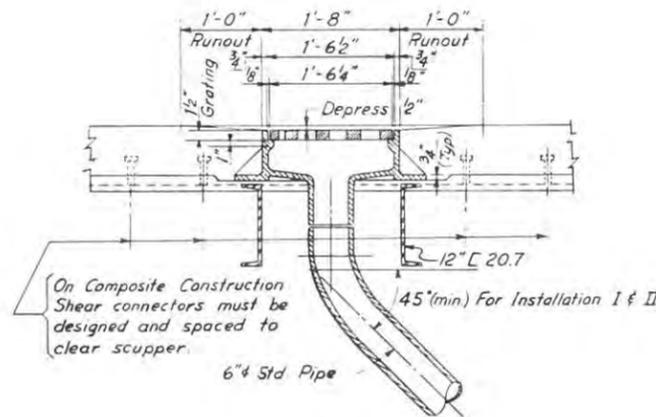


SECTION H-H (AT MEDIAN DIVISOR)

Note: Details & Dimensions not shown are similar to Section H-H (At Curb).

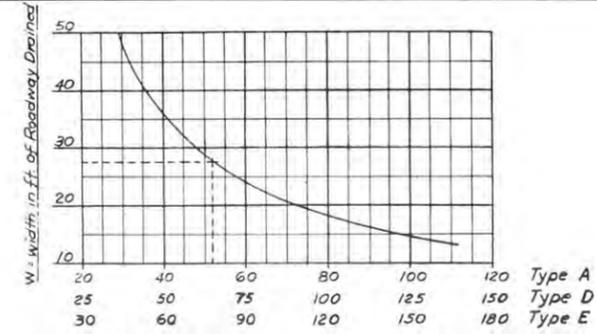


SECTION J-J (AT CURB)



SECTION K-K

On Composite Construction Shear connectors must be designed and spaced to clear scupper. 45°(min) For Installation I & II



L (ft.) = Max. allowable scupper spacing.
Spacing shown for Gutter cross slope of 1/4 in 12.

For Gutter cross slope 1/2 in 12 - Multiply above spacing by 2.
For Gutter cross slope 3/4 in 12 - Multiply above spacing by 4.
For Gutter cross slope 1 in 12 - Multiply above spacing by 6.

DETERMINATION OF SCUPPER SPACING FROM CHART

Example of how to use chart:

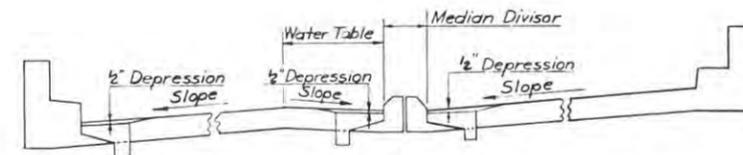
Follow dash line to find spacing "L" of Scupper Type A from problem below:

Gutter Cross slope	Roadway width (w)	"L" from Chart	Max. Allowable Spacing
1/4 in 12	27.50	52'	52'
1/2 in 12	27.50	52' x 2 =	104'
3/4 in 12	27.50	52' x 4 =	208'
1 in 12	27.50	52' x 6 =	312'

SPACING OF TYPE B or C SCUPPER

L (ft.) = Approximate allowable Scupper spacing = 500 / w

NOTE: w (ft.) = width of roadway drained by Scuppers - includes section of roadway slab plus sidewalk or safety curb.



Type A, D, E Type A, B, D Type A, D Original Design
Type A, B, C, D, E Type A, D Type A, D Alternate to P/S Design

Note: 1/2" Depression shall be eliminated where scupper extends into traffic lane.

TYPICAL SCUPPER APPLICATION

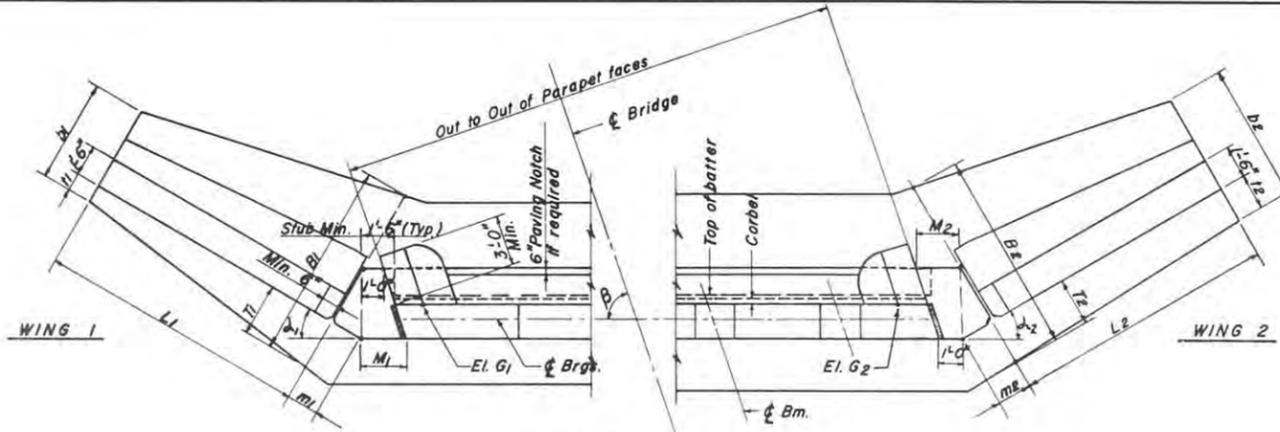
Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

J. H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

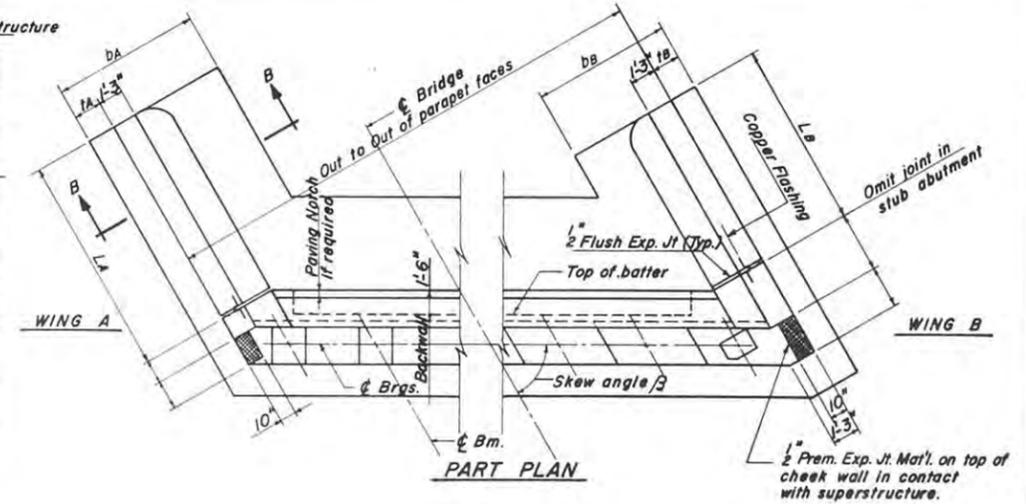
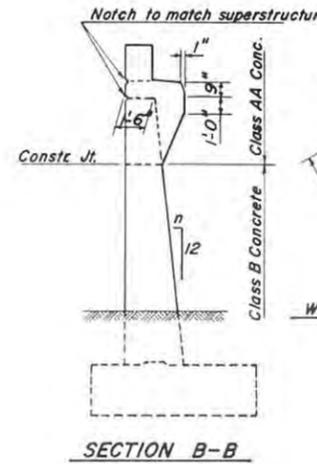
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
STEEL I-BEAM BRIDGES
BRIDGE DRAINAGE

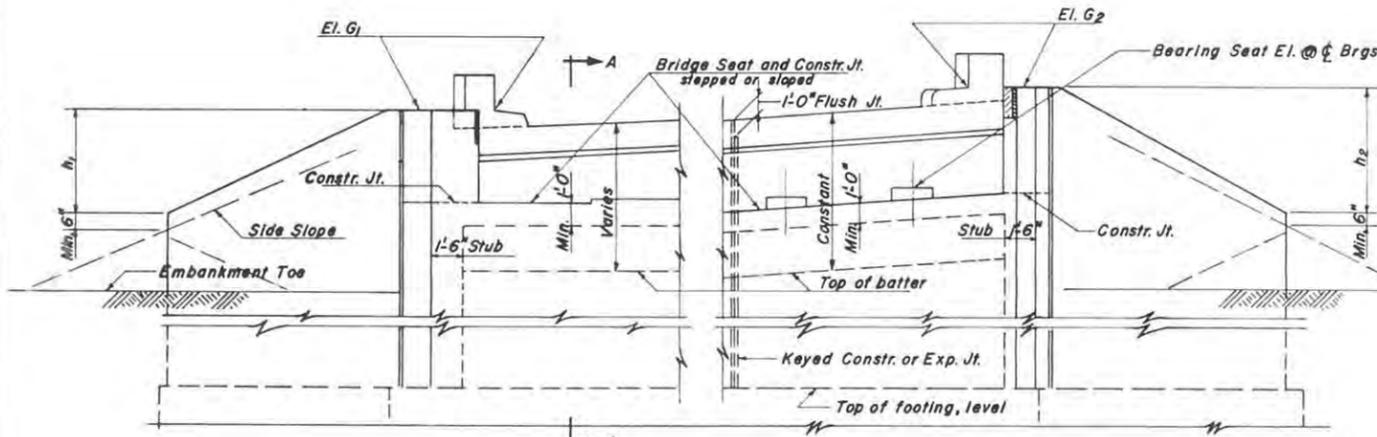
MADE BY: S.S.S.
CHECKED: B.F.K.
DRAWN: F.F.F.



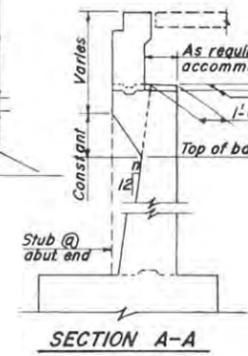
PART PLAN
For Skew angle $\beta \geq 75^\circ$



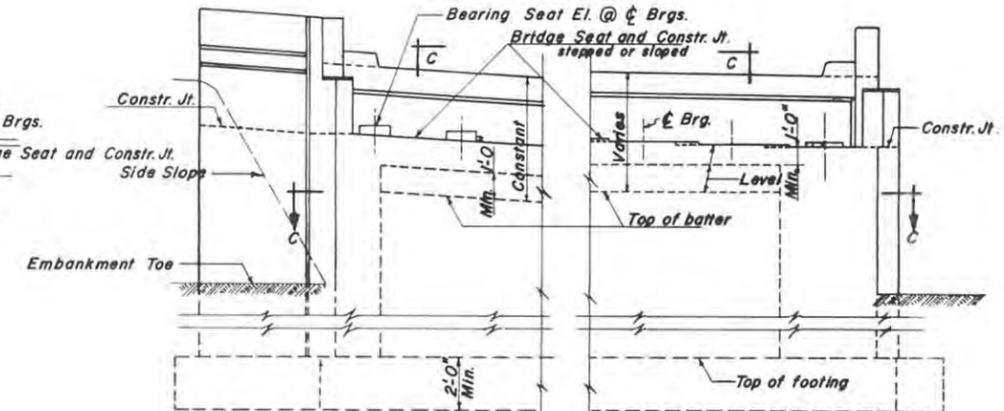
PART PLAN



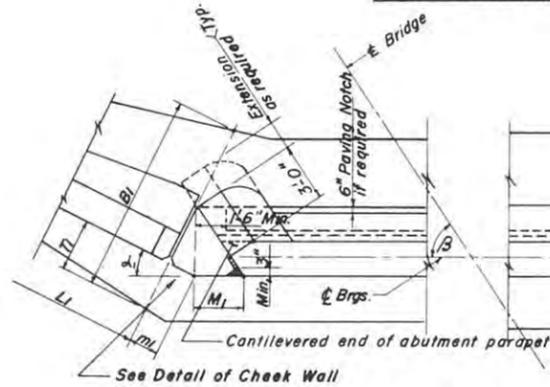
PART ELEVATION



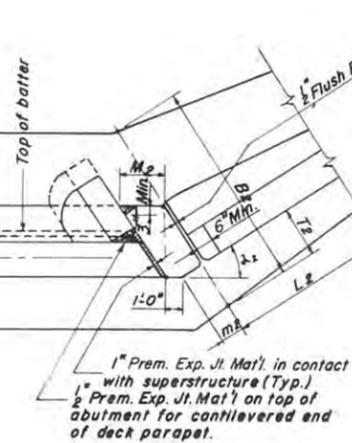
SECTION A-A



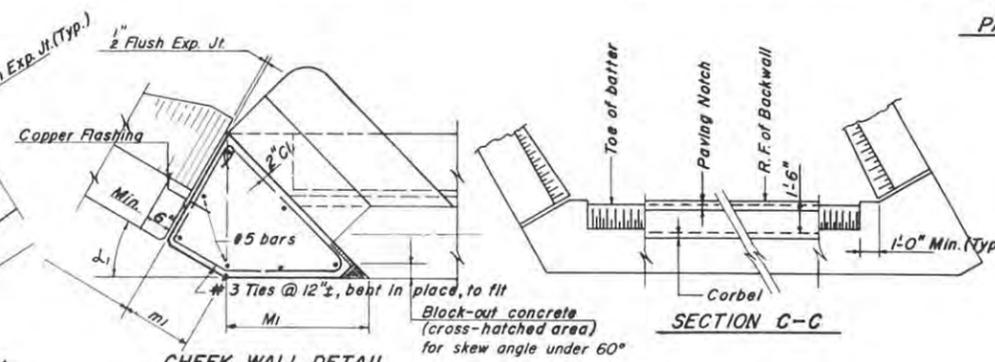
PART ELEVATION



PART PLAN
For Skew angle $\beta < 75^\circ$
FLARED WINGS



CHEEK WALL DETAIL



SECTION C-C

U-WINGS

INSTRUCTIONS

- For miscellaneous details refer to Std. Dwg. ST-122
- For Wing Walls, Retaining Walls Type II shown on Std. Dwg. ST-123, may be used, when applicable.

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

J. H. Zeman
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

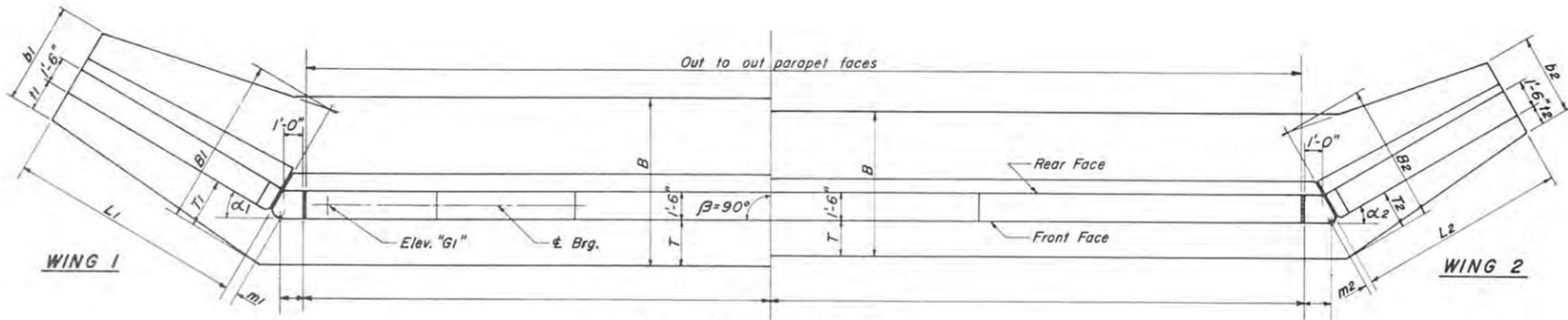


Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

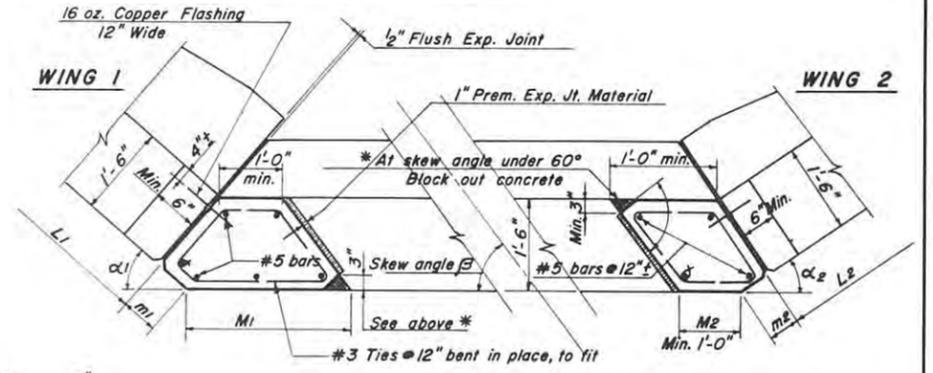
STANDARD
R. C. ABUTMENTS
WITH BACKWALL

LAYOUT AND DETAILS

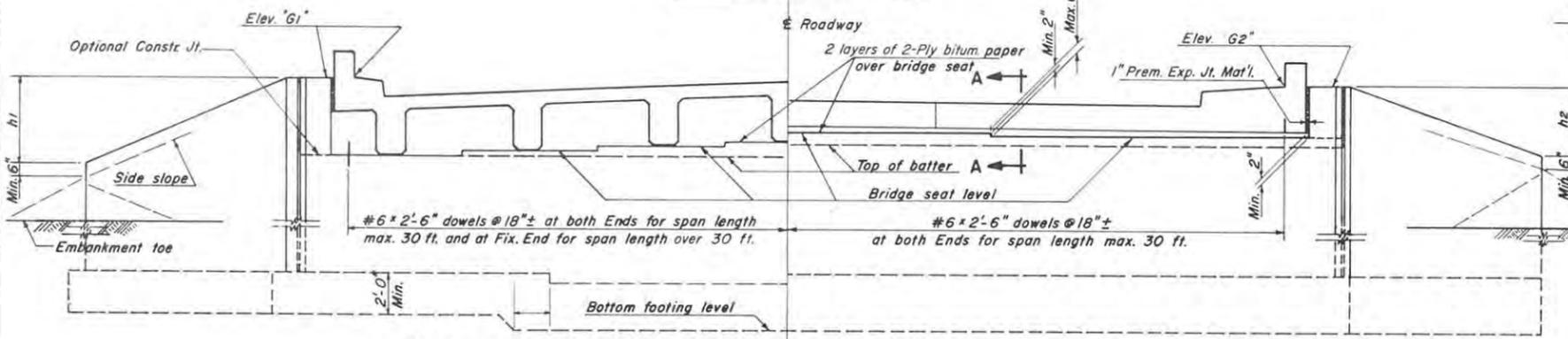
By	K.R.P.
Trc.	K.G.F.
CKd.	N.H.U.



ABUTMENT PLAN



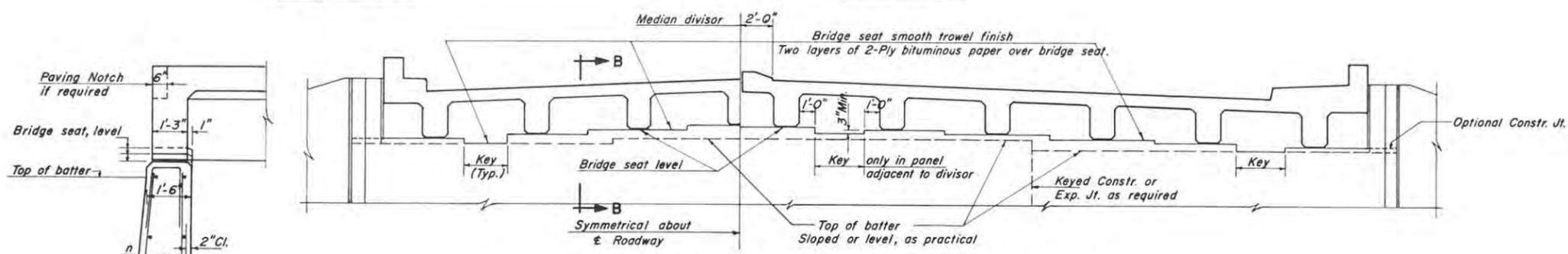
DETAIL OF CHEEK WALLS



SECTION A-A

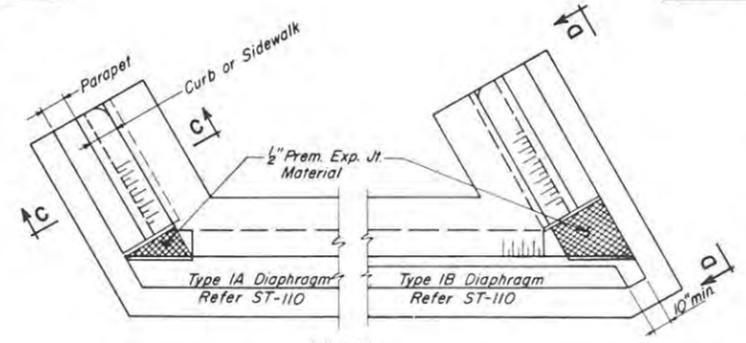
INSTRUCTIONS:

- For Miscellaneous Details refer to Standard Drawing ST-122.
- For Wing Walls, Retaining Walls Type II shown on Standard Drawing ST-123, may be used.

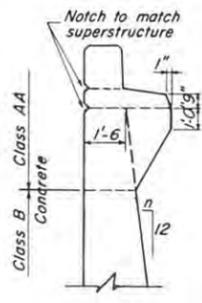


SECTION B-B

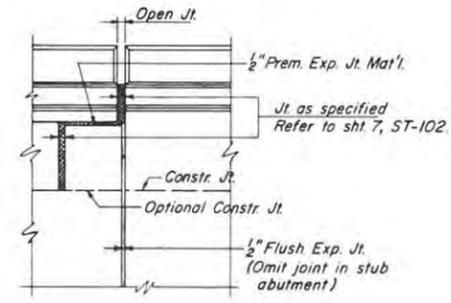
SECTION NEAR ABUTMENT



PLAN U-WINGS



SECTION C-C



VIEW D-D

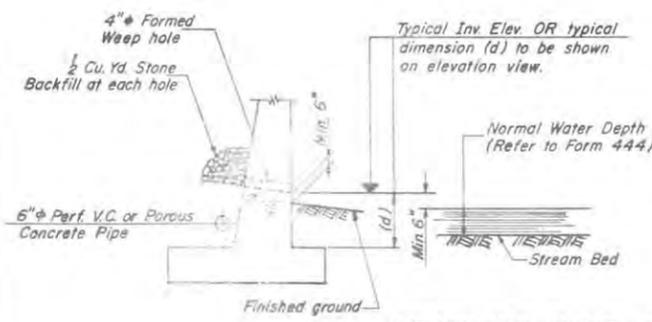
Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

P.H. Jensen
Civil Engineer

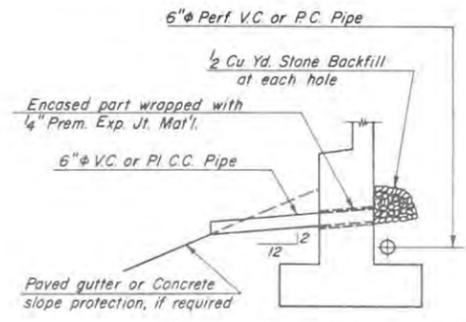
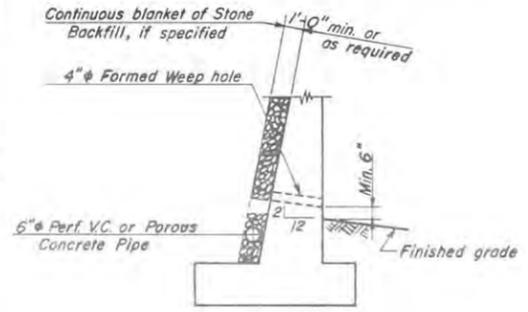
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
R.C. ABUTMENTS
WITHOUT BACKWALL
LAYOUT AND DETAILS

By	G.T.V.
Trc.	K.G.F.
Ckd.	K.R.P.



ABUTMENT, WING & RETAINING WALLS

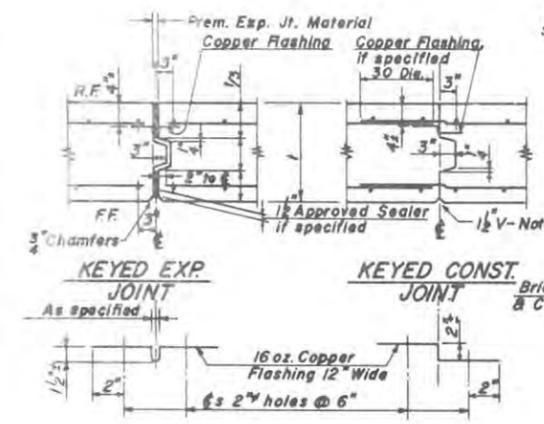


STUB ABUTMENT IN CUT

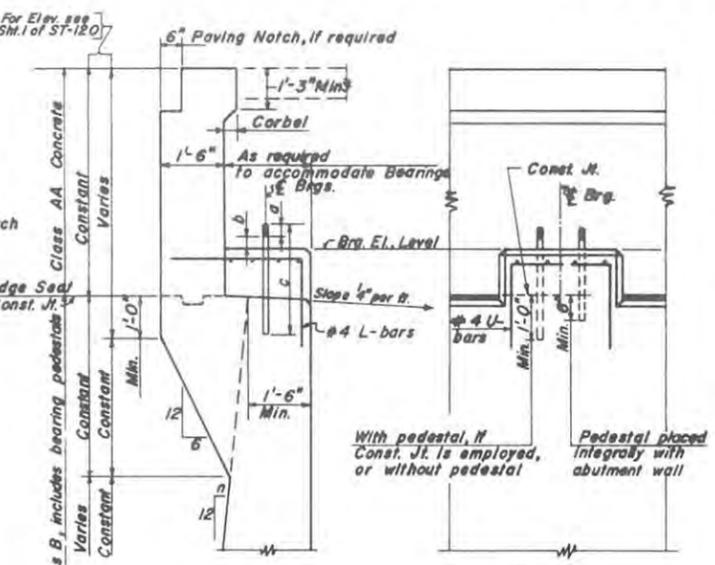
INSTRUCTION I

- Weep holes shall be used if discharge at front of wall is not objectionable, otherwise pipe shall be used.
- Spacing of weep holes shall not exceed fifteen (15) feet.
- Continuous blankets of stone backfill may be used in conjunction with weep holes or pipes when applicable (surface drainage, railroad bridges, etc).
- Pipe shall be sloped minimum 1/8" per foot.
- Pipes when used to collect water at the rear of abutments, wing walls and retaining walls, shall be shown on a plan view of the bridge drawings, and the quantity shall appear in the Estimated Bridge Quantities.
- Pipes (Underdrain Outlets) from limits (face or end of wall) of structures, carrying drainage collected from the rear of abutments, wing walls and retaining walls, to highway drainage system shall be shown on a plan view of the bridge drawings and also on the roadway plans. These pipes shall be identified on the bridge drawings as a Roadway Pay Item. For details see Sketch "X" below.
- However, pipes encased in concrete walls or extending beyond the front face of stub abutments and discharging into a ditch or onto a paved slope shall be included in the Estimated Bridge Quantities.
- 6" Perf. V.C. or P.C. Pipe = 6" Perforated Vitrified Clay or Porous Concrete Pipe.
- 6" V.C. or P.I. C.C. Pipe = 6" Vitrified Clay or Plain Cement Concrete Pipe.

SUBSTRUCTURE DRAINAGE



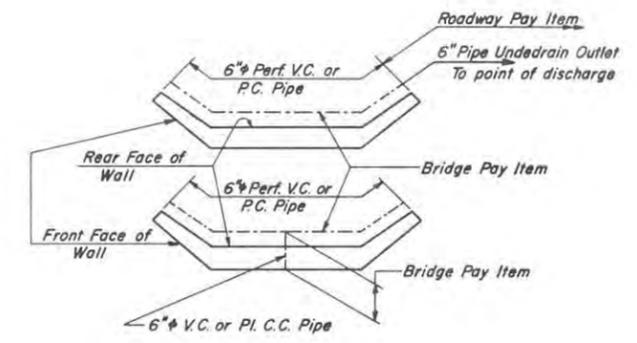
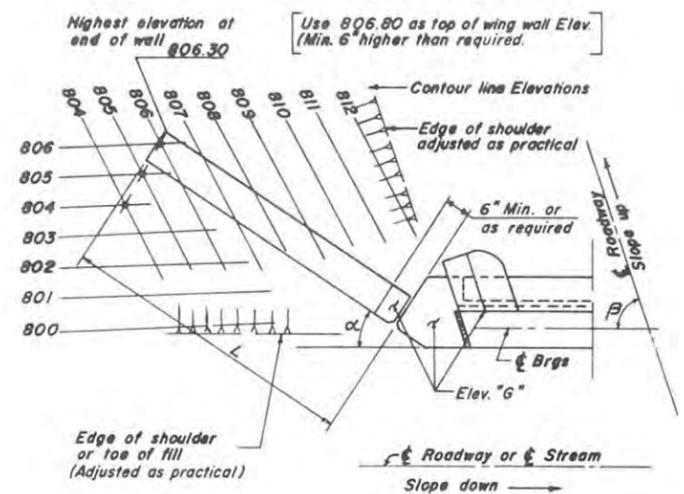
KEYED EXP. JOINT



SECTION ABUTMENT WITH BACKWALL

LENGTH OF WING WALLS

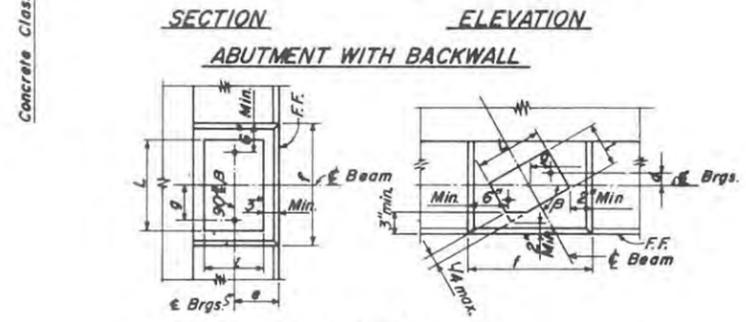
In general, wing walls shall be of sufficient length to retain the roadway embankment to the required extent and to furnish protection against erosion. Wing wall lengths shall be computed using the actual condition at the site. The following method is proposed here to compute the required lengths.



SKETCH "X"

INSTRUCTION II

- Keyed joints in top of exposed wall shall be flush to a depth of one foot.
- Provide Construction Joints at approx. 30 ft.
- Provide Expansion Joints at approx. 90 ft.
- Flush Expansion Joint similar to Keyed Expansion Joint, except omit key.
- Copper flashing shall be stepped one foot from top of wall.
- Provide slots in copper flashing when necessary to accommodate reinforcement bars.



BRIDGE SEAT PLAN

INSTRUCTION III

- Skew angle (β), dimensions a, b, c, d, e, f, g, L and I shall be shown on the plans.
- Concrete in Bearing Pedestals may be Class AA, but shall be paid for as Class B.
- Bearing Pedestals of depth over 4" shall be provided with grillage reinforcement, as shown above.
- Bridge seat may be stepped or sloped, as practical.

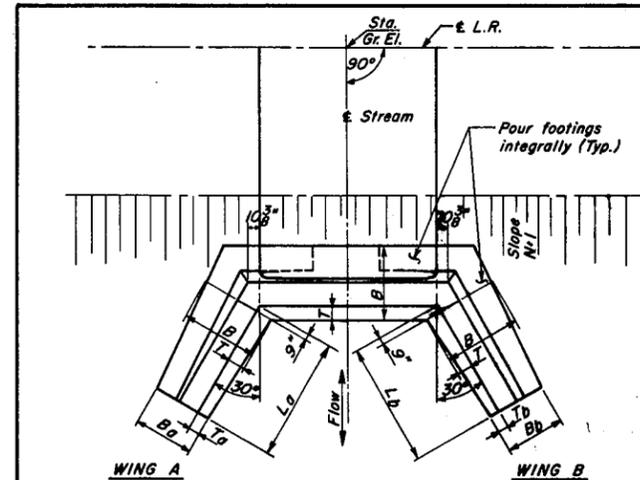
Approved: FEB. 25 1965

L.H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

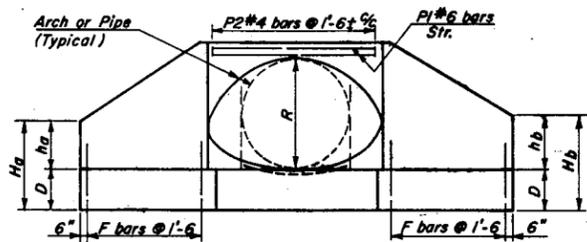
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
R.C. ABUTMENTS
MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

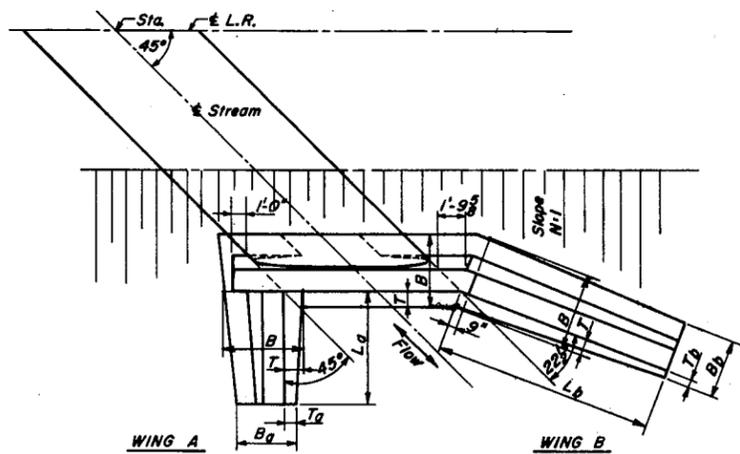
Des.	G.T.V.
Trc.	F.F.F.
Ckd.	KRR/SSS



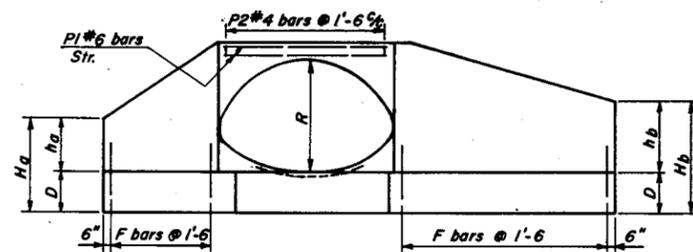
PLAN



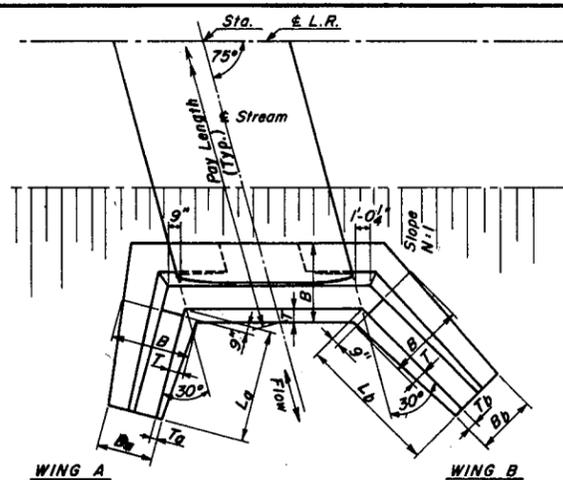
DEVELOPED ELEVATION



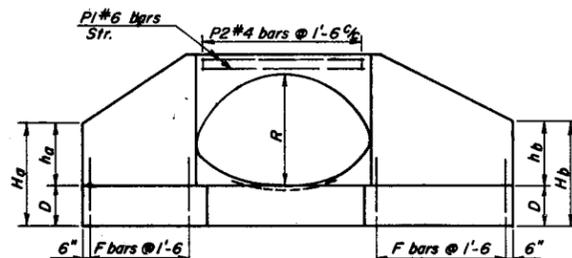
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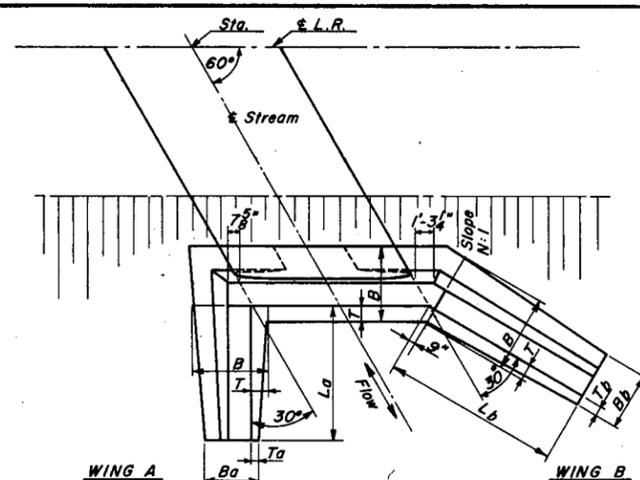
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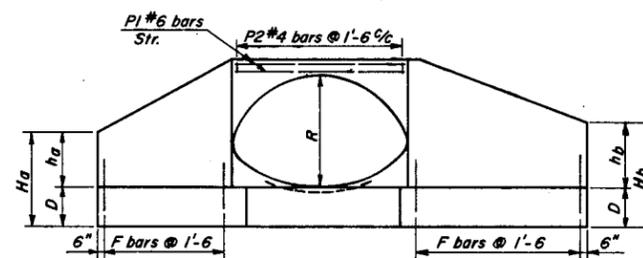
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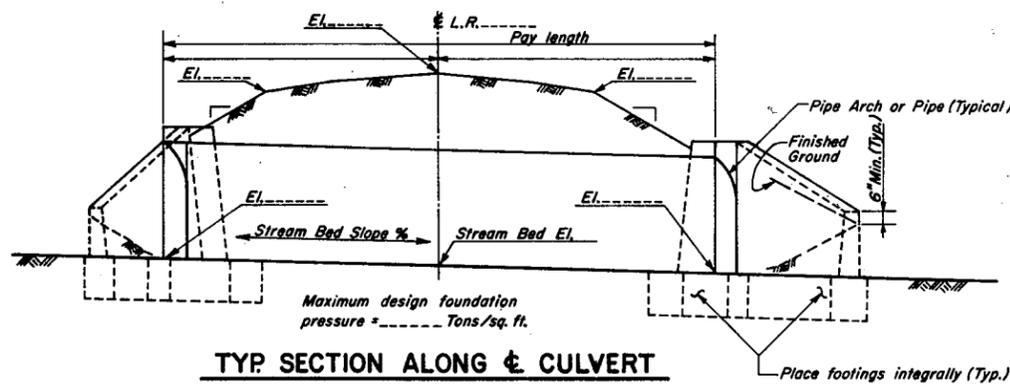
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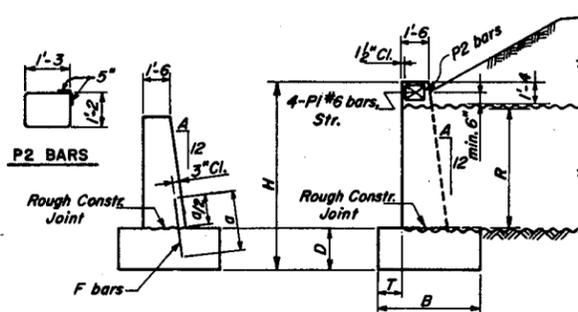
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DEVELOPED ELEVATION



TYP SECTION ALONG & CULVERT



TYP WING WALL SECTION TYP HEAD WALL SECTION

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Establish H and determine A, B, D and T from table I.
2. Establish L_a, h_a, L_b, h_b from table II.
3. Make H_a = h_a + D, H_b = h_b + D and determine B_a, B_b, T_a and T_b from table I.
4. If bearing capacity of foundation is less than maximum design foundation pressure shown in table I, revise footing as required and check stability of wall.
5. Downstream End-Wall may be omitted if directed by the Engineer.

Des. G.T.V.
Trc. F.F.F.
Ckd. K.R.P.

TABLE I

H	H _a	H _b	A	D	T _a	T _b	F - bars	Maximum Design
							Size	Found. Pressure
4'	0	2'-0"	6"	3'-6"	#5	1'-6"	3'-6"	.55 T/ft ²
5'			6"	3'-9"				.65
6'			6"	4'-0"				.75
7'			9"	4'-3"				.85
8'			9"	4'-6"				.95
9'	0	1'-0"	5'-0"					1.05
10'	1	2'-0"	1'-0"	6'-3"			3'-6"	1.15
11'	1	2'-6"	1'-3"	6'-9"			4'-6"	1.20
12'	1	1'-3"	7'-3"	#5				1.26
13'	2	1'-3"	7'-6"	#6				1.35
14'	2	1'-3"	8'-6"					1.45
15'	2	2'-6"	1'-6"	9'-0"			4'-6"	1.60
16'	3	3'-0"	1'-6"	9'-6"			5'-0"	1.70
17'	1	1'-6"	10'-0"					1.90
18'		1'-6"	10'-6"					2.00
19'		1'-6"	11'-0"					2.15
20'	3	3'-0"	1'-6"	11'-6"	#6	1'-6"	5'-0"	2.30 T/ft ²

TABLE II

Normal Roadway Fill	Skew Angle	WING A		WING B	
		L _a	h _a	L _b	h _b
1/2:1	90°	1.10R-.55	.37R+.82	1.10R-.55	.37R+.82
	75°	1.02R-.51	.34R+.58	1.24R-.62	.41R+1.00
1:1	60°	R-.50	.33R+.33	1.50R-.75	.50R+1.12
	45°	.88R-.44	.41R+.29	1.96R-.98	.50R+1.17
2:1	90°	1.46R-.37	.37R+.78	1.46R-.37	.37R+.78
	75°	1.36R-.34	.34R+.61	1.66R-.41	.41R+.93
	60°	1.33R-.33	.33R+.42	2.00R-.50	.50R+1.02
	45°	1.17R-.29	.41R+.40	2.61R-.65	.50R+1.07

GENERAL NOTES

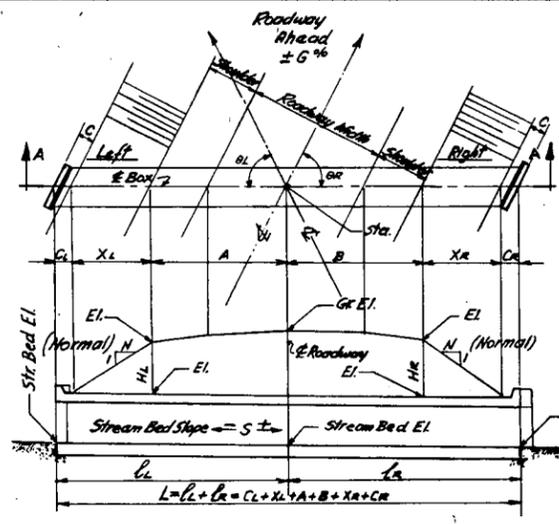
- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Form 408/60.
- Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961-AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges."
- Live Load: HS20-44.
- Reinforcement bars shall be of intermediate or hard grade or rail steel designed for f_s=20,000 p.s.i. and detailed in accordance with ACI Code.
- All concrete shall be Class B.
- Footings may be ordered by the Engineer to be at any elevation or of any dimensions necessary to provide a proper foundation.
- Chamfer exposed concrete edges 1" x 1" except as noted.

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

K.H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
END-WALL DETAILS
FOR
METAL PLATE CULVERTS
SKEWS: 90°-75°-60° & 45°



To compute the length (L), it is necessary to find the dimensions X_L and X_R . All other dimensions are easy to establish from the following information: Str. Bed El., Gr. El., Skew angle θ , Grade slope of roadway G, Normal slope of fill N:1, Stream Bed slope S, and roadway dimensions.

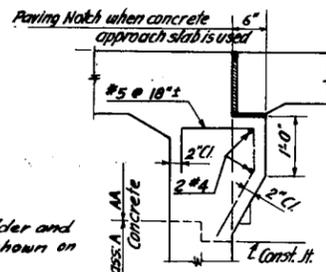
+G = Grade slope up-ahead
 -G = " down-ahead
 +S = Stream bed slope down-toward the right
 -S = " left

Use value of G or S with the proper sign. (Example: $G = \pm 0.85\% = \pm 0.0085$)

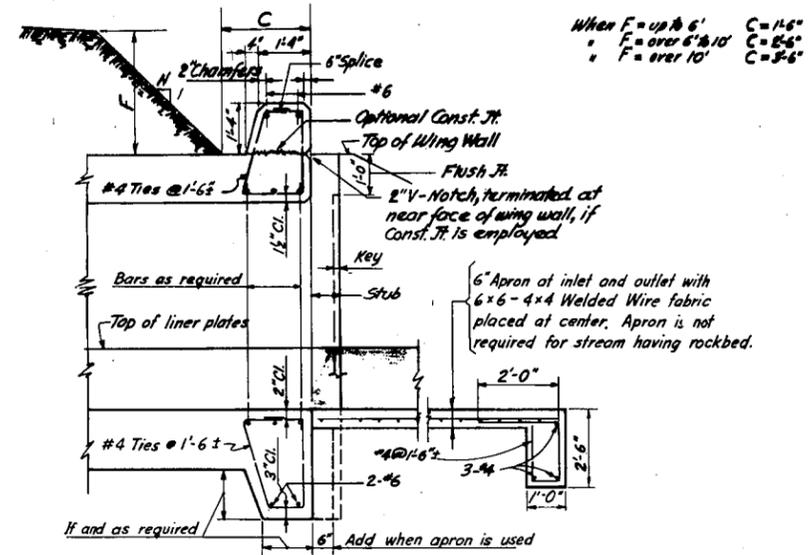
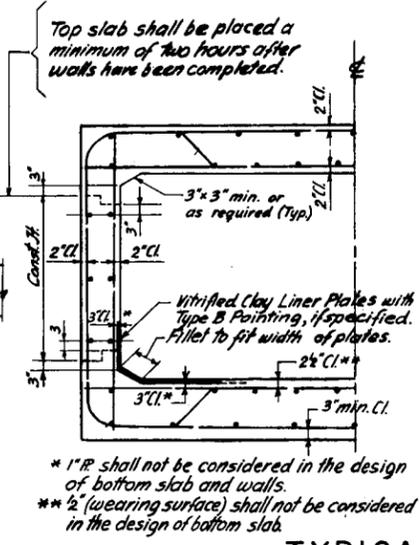
For θ_L : $X_L = \frac{N.H_L}{\sin \theta_L - G.N \cos \theta_L + S.N}$
 $X_R = \frac{N.H_R}{\sin \theta_L + G.N \cos \theta_L - S.N}$

For θ_R : $X_L = \frac{N.H_L}{\sin \theta_R + G.N \cos \theta_R + S.N}$
 $X_R = \frac{N.H_R}{\sin \theta_R - G.N \cos \theta_R - S.N}$

NOTES: • Dimensions L , L_1 and Grade, Shoulder and Stream Bed elevations shall be shown on the design drawing.
 • The above equations for length are not applicable for culvert under roadway on vertical or horizontal curve.



DETAIL OF BOX AT GRADE

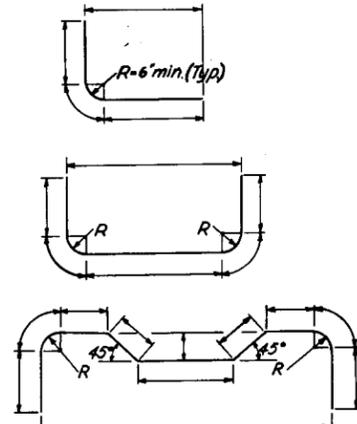
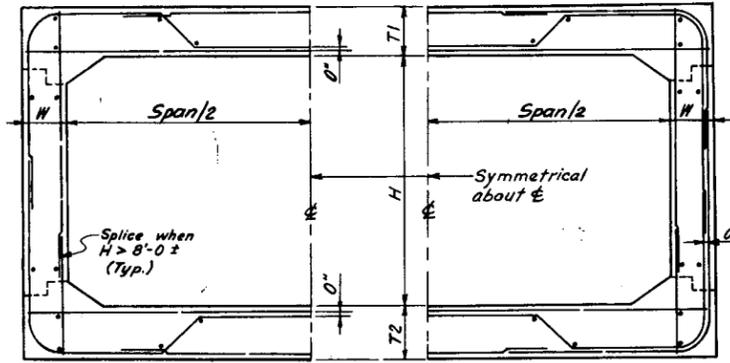
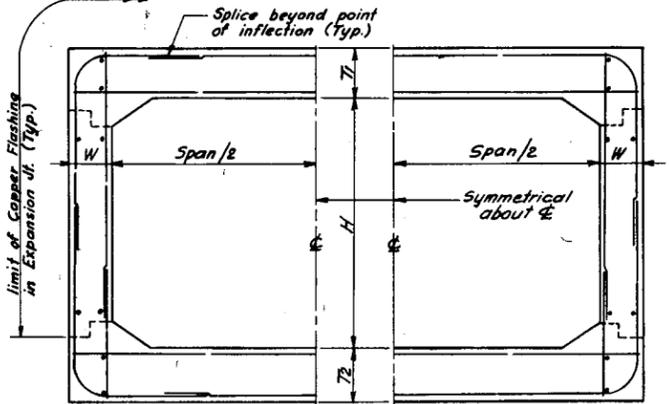


TYPICAL SECTIONS

LENGTH OF CULVERT

GENERAL NOTES

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Form 408/60.
- Design Specifications: Design Division of 1961 AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges."
- Live Load: HS20-44.
- Dead Load includes 30 lbs./sq. ft. for future wearing surface on the top slab of box (For boxes at grade only).
- Reinforcement bars shall be intermediate or hard grade or rail steel designed for $f_s = 20,000$ psi and detailed in accordance with ACI Code. Minimum lap shall be 30 dia. and minimum cover shall be 2" except as noted.
- Class A concrete shall be used in entire box and parapets except Class AA concrete shall be used in top slab (for boxes at grade). Class B concrete shall be used in wing walls and aprons.
- During placing of the backfill, at no time shall the difference in fill elevation on the sides be greater than two feet.
- During compaction of the backfill, the wheels of roller shall not come closer than one foot from the face of structure.
- Exposed Concrete edges shall be chamfered 1"x1", except as noted.

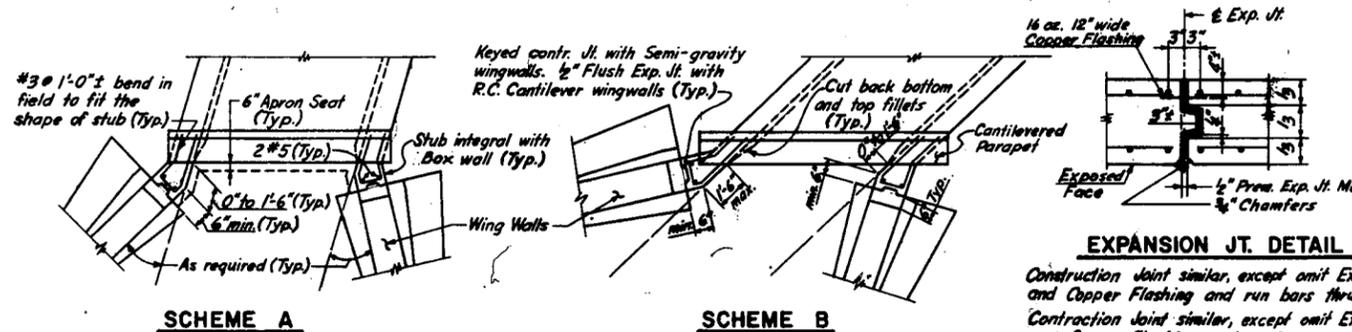


TYPICAL ARRANGEMENT OF REINFORCEMENT BARS

NOTE: Type or combination of types of bar arrangement shown shall be selected based on economy and practicality.

INSTRUCTIONS

- The minimum thickness of sidewalls shall be 10" for boxes of vertical clearance up to 5 ft. and 12" for boxes over 5 ft. The minimum thickness of slabs shall be 10".
- Place main reinforcement bars parallel to ϵ roadway for skew angles 75° and more. The spacing of bars shall be measured along ϵ culvert. For skew angles less than 75°, the bars shall be placed normal to ϵ culvert and lengths cut to fit and anchored into edges of top and bottom slabs.
- Provide construction and expansion joints in box approximately at 30' and 90' respectively.
- Semi-gravity wing walls (Std. Dwg. ST-130) shall be used if maximum height (top of wall to bottom of footing) is 12 feet or less. Otherwise R.C. Cantilever wing walls (Std. Dwg. ST-129 Type II Retaining Walls) shall be used.
- Trussed bars shall be used when required to resist diagonal tension if and when economical.



EXPANSION JT. DETAIL

Construction Joint similar, except omit Exp. Jt. Material and Copper Flashing and run bars thru joint.
 Contraction Joint similar, except omit Exp. Jt. Material, and Copper Flashing and apply one coat of painted waterproofing to prior pour.
 Flush Exp. Jt. similar, except omit key.

END DETAILS & LAYOUT OF WINGS

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

J. H. Jensen
 State Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

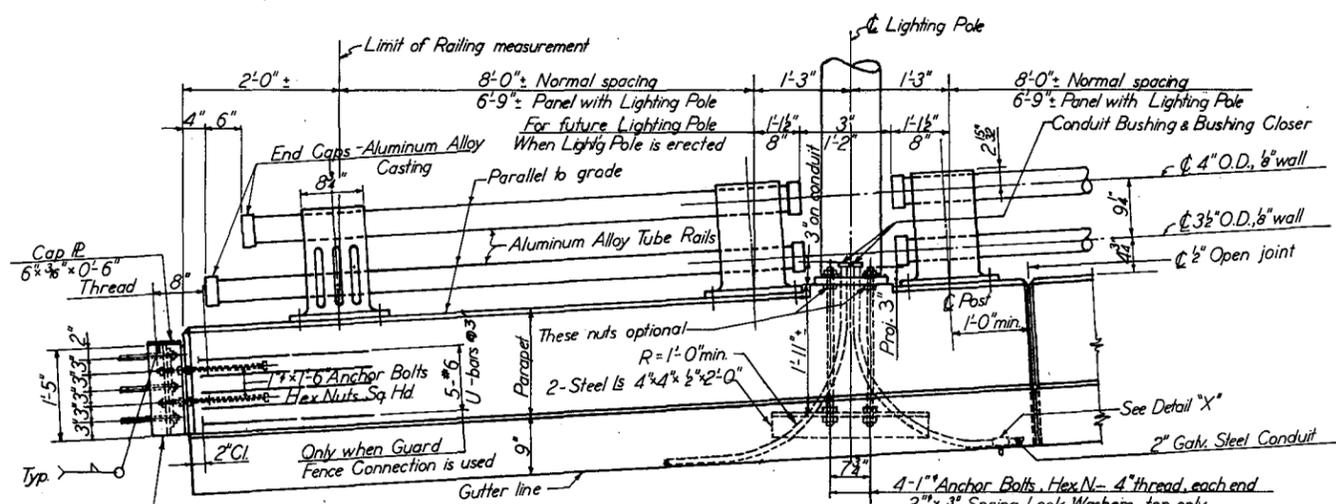
Department of Highways
 BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD

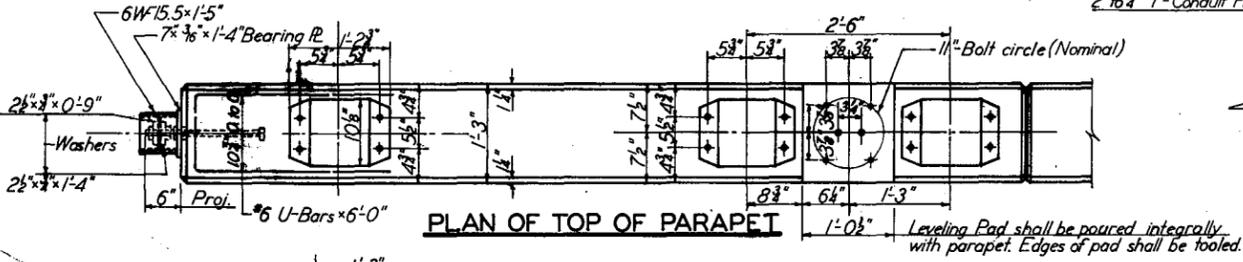
R. C. BOX CULVERTS

GENERAL INFORMATION

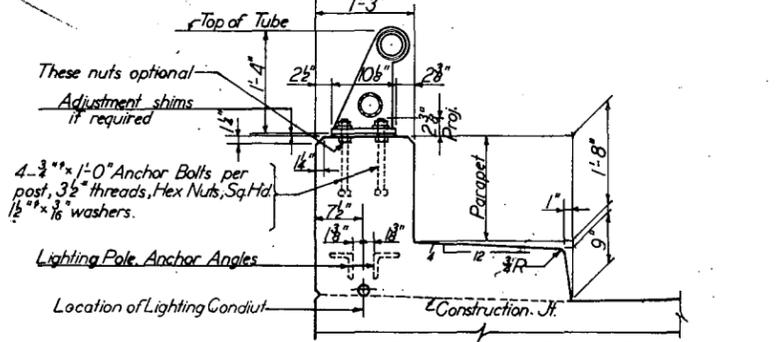
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TRCD.	FFF
CKD.	B.F.K.



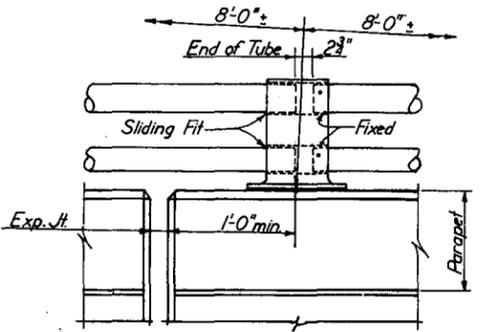
INSIDE ELEVATION WITH GUARD FENCE CONNECTION & LIGHTING POLE ANCHORAGE



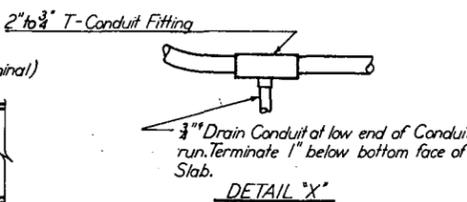
PLAN OF TOP OF PARAPET



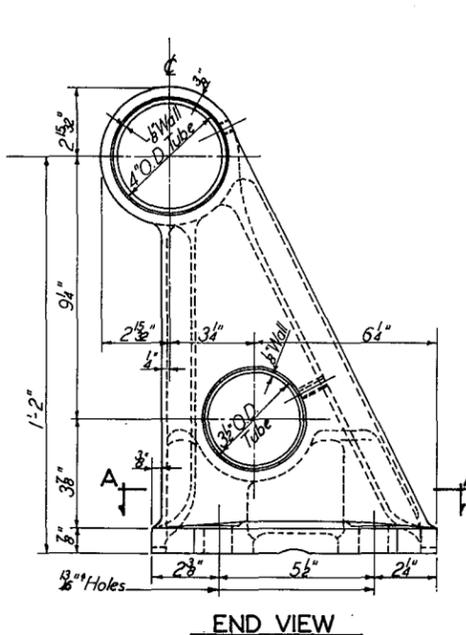
SECTION THRU PARAPET & RAILING



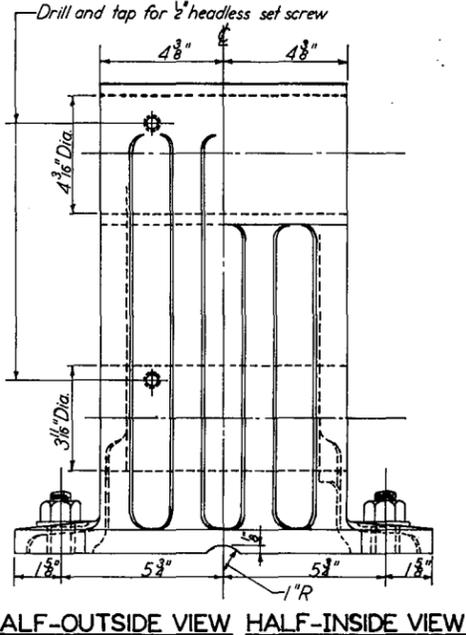
RAILING AT BRIDGE EXPANSION JOINT FOR EXPANSION MOVEMENT OF MAX. 2"



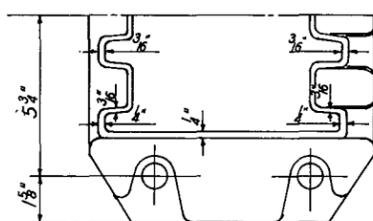
DETAIL 'X'



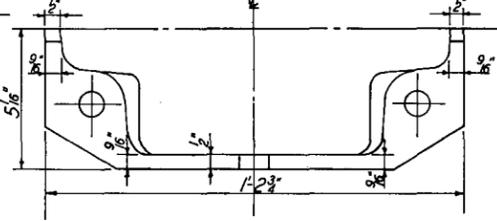
END VIEW



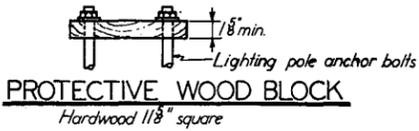
HALF-OUTSIDE VIEW HALF-INSIDE VIEW



HALF-SECTION A-A



HALF-BOTTOM VIEW



PROTECTIVE WOOD BLOCK

- NOTES**
- Materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Forms 408 and 409.
 - Rails, posts, shims, end-caps and set screws shall be Aluminum Alloy.
 - Rails shall be parallel to grade and normally two (2) panels long. Joints shall be at centerline of posts with 2" clearance, except at expansion joints, and staggered in upper and lower rails.
 - Posts and post anchor bolts shall be normal to grade. For spacing of posts and for details of parapet, refer to the specific structural drawings.
 - 1/2" headless set screws at each post for top and bottom rails shall be set to prevent rattling.
 - Lighty Poles shall be used only when specified and shall be truly vertical with bases level.
 - Materials shall not be painted, except protective wood blocks.
 - Aluminum surfaces in contact with concrete or steel shall be thoroughly coated with Caulking Compound conforming to Federal Specification TT-C-598(2).
 - Railing shall be measured continuously between centers of end posts and shall include all railing posts, tubes, end caps, anchor bolts with washers and nuts for railing posts and lighting poles, lighting pole anchor angles and protective wood blocks.
 - Guard fence connection, when specified, shall include 6WF15.5 beam, cap, bearing plate, anchor bolts, washers and nuts.
 - Guard fence connection, railing post anchor materials & lighting pole anchor materials shall conform to ASTM-A36, and shall be galvanized conforming to ASTM-A123 or A153 as applicable, except anchor angles shall not be galvanized.
 - After erection and alignment, openings between metal surfaces and concrete shall be sealed with Caulking Compound.
 - For future lighting: Conduit, lighting pole anchor bolts, nuts and washers above concrete shall be heavily coated with an approved bitumastic compound and protective wood blocks placed and firmly secured.
 - For electrical details not shown, refer to Std. Dwg. ST-145.

- Protective wood blocks, with holes bored to fit bolt spacing and conduit, shall be painted with two coats of Aluminum paint before installation.

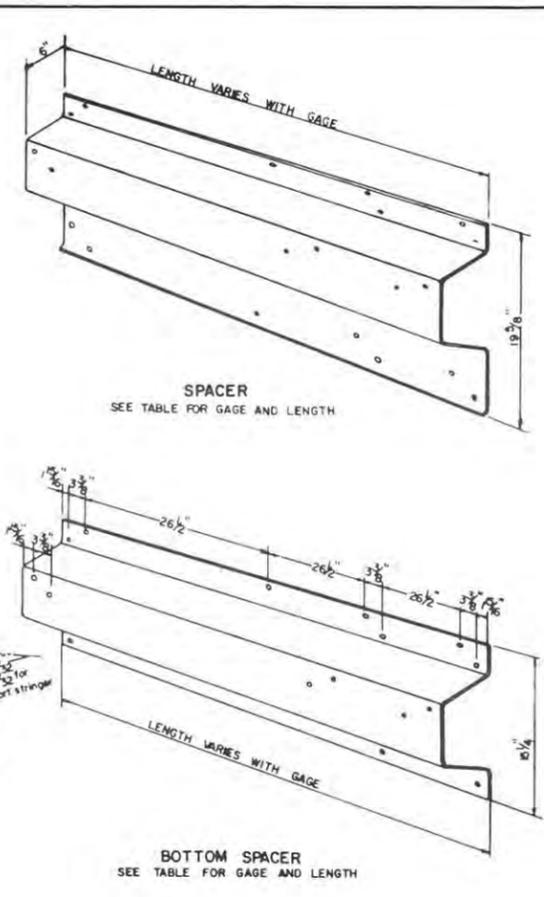
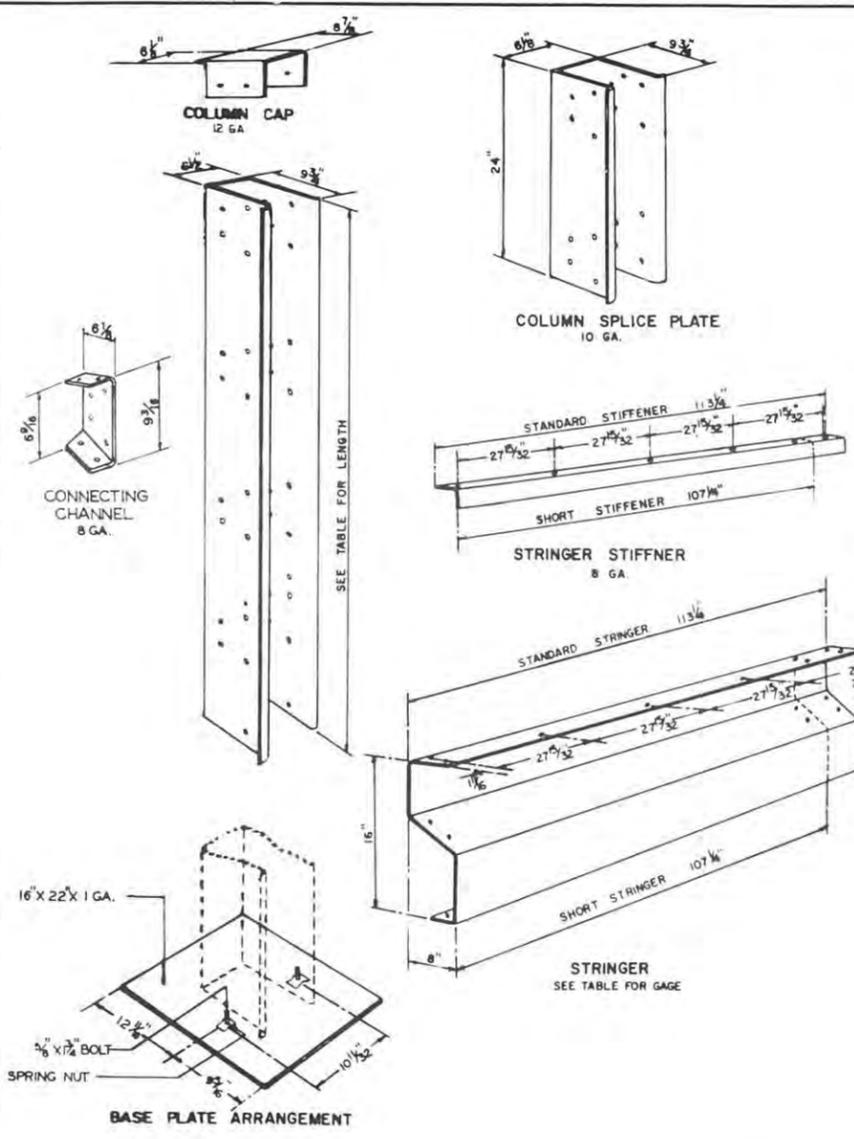
Approved: FEB 25 1965
J.H. Rensen
 Bridge Engineer

Approved: FEB 25 1965
L.B. Curtis
 Electrical Engineer

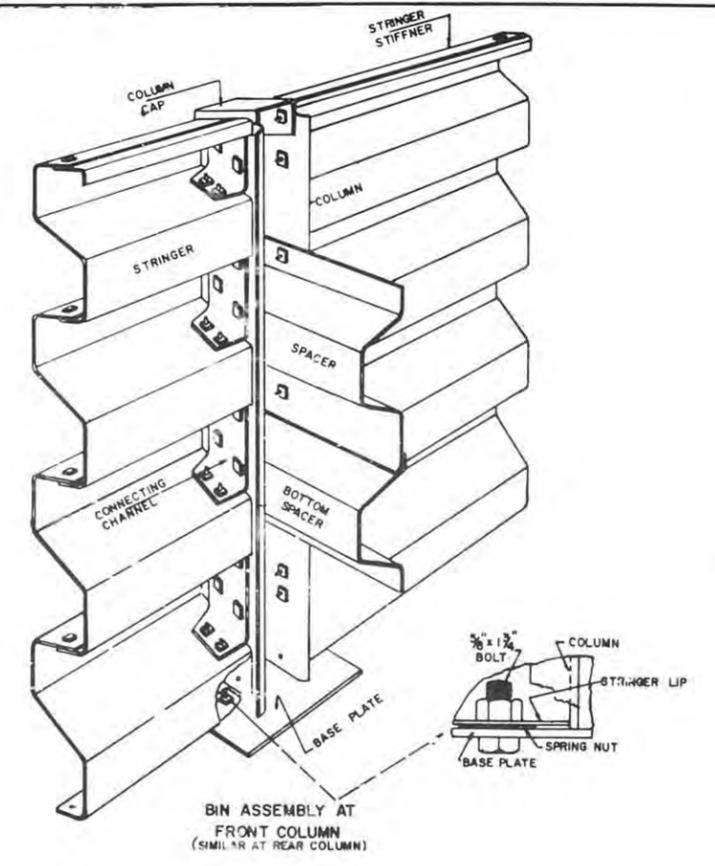
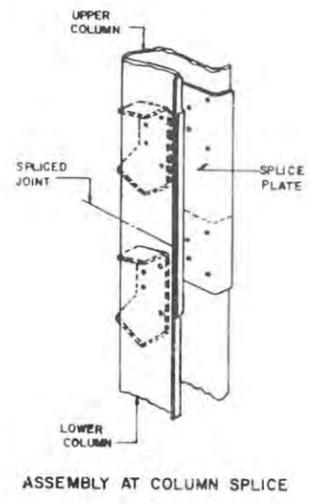
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
 Department of Highways
 BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD PARAPET WITH ALUMINUM BRIDGE RAILING AND GUARD FENCE CONNECTION

Rev.	G.M.
Issd.	K.G.
Ckd.	B.F.K.

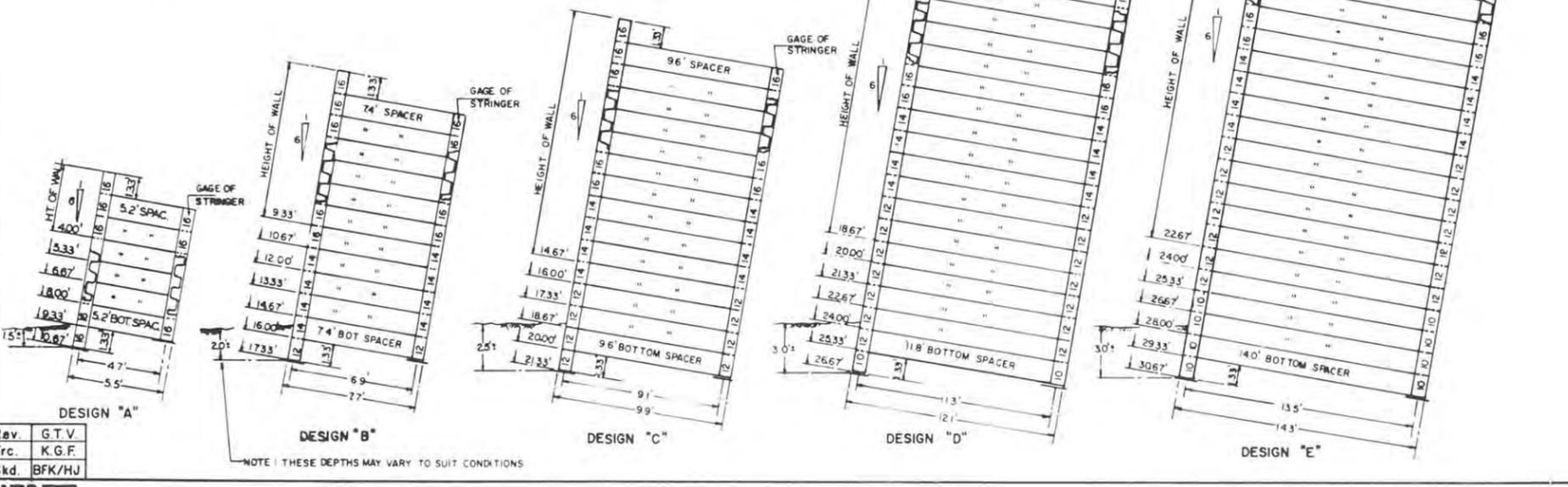


DETAIL OF SPACERS					
DESIGN	A	B	C	D	E
GAGE	16	16	14	12	12
LENGTH	5.2	7.4	9.6	11.8	14.0



GENERAL NOTES:

- All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Form 408, Sec. 6.29.
- Metal base plates will be required.

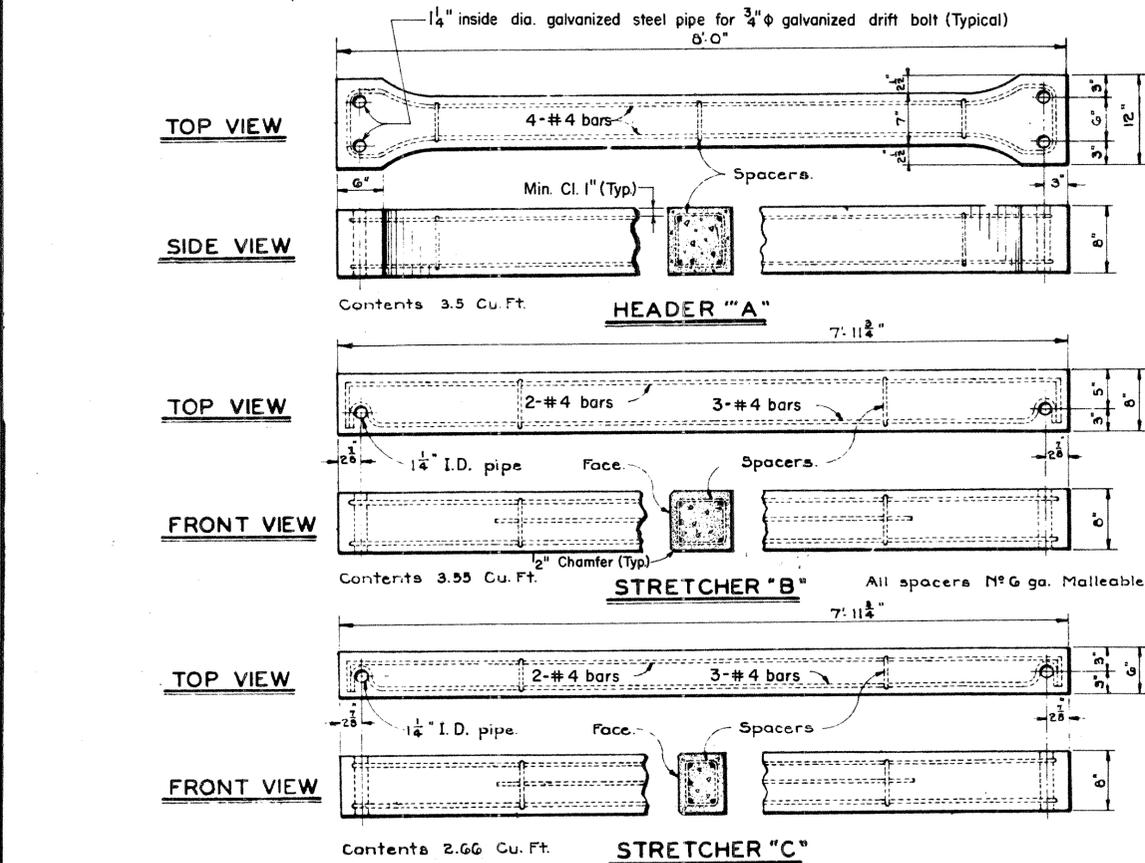
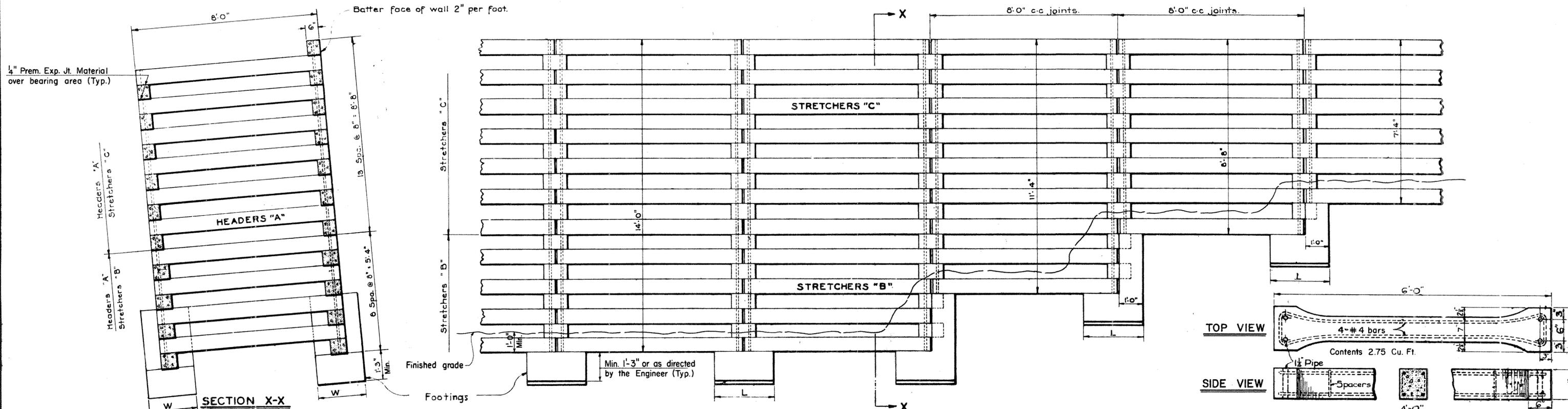


Rev.	G.T.V.
Trc.	K.G.F.
Ckd.	BFK/HJ

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965
K.H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD
METAL CRIBBING-UNCOATED



GENERAL NOTES:

- All Materials and Workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Form 408, Section 6.29.
- Concrete Crib members shall be Class "A" Concrete.
- Footings shall be Class "B" Concrete.
- Where total height of cribbing is not more than 5'-4" use headers 4 ft. long, and where total height of cribbing is between 6'-0" and 11'-4" use headers 6 ft. long. For heights between 12'-0" and 15'-4" use headers 8 ft. long. Higher cribbing walls to be of special design.
- All stretchers to have letter "F" plainly impressed in the face to indicate the exposed surface in the finished wall.
- Batter of wall other than 2" in 12" subject to approval by the Engineer.
- If approved by the Engineer, other types of Concrete Cribbing design may be used.
- Footings may be ordered by the Engineer to be at any elevation or of any dimensions necessary to provide a proper foundation.
- Reinforcement bars shall be of intermediate or hard grade or rail steel designed for $f_s=20,000$ psi and detailed in accordance with ACI Code.

TYPE OF SOIL	SAFE BEARING PRESSURE TONS/SQ.FT.	CRIBBING HEIGHT 14'-0"		CRIBBING HEIGHT 11'-4"		CRIBBING HEIGHT 8'-8"	
		FOOTING SIZE		FOOTING SIZE		FOOTING SIZE	
		FRONT (W x L)	REAR (W x L)	FRONT (W x L)	REAR (W x L)	FRONT (W x L)	REAR (W x L)
Rock	20	None	None	None	None	None	None
Shale	10	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"
Gravel	8	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"
Clay (Dry)	5	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"
Clay (Moist)	2	2'-0" x 8'-0"	3'-0" x 3'-6" or 1'-4" x 8'-0"	3'-0" x 4'-0" or 1'-6" x 8'-0"	3'-0" x 3'-0"	2'-6" x 2'-6"	"
Clay (Soft)	1	3'-9" x 8'-0"	2'-6" x 8'-0"	2'-9" x 8'-0"	2'-0" x 8'-0"	3'-0" x 4'-0" or 1'-6" x 8'-0"	3'-0" x 3'-0"
Loam	1	3'-9" x 8'-0"	2'-6" x 8'-0"	2'-9" x 8'-0"	2'-0" x 8'-0"	"	3'-0" x 3'-0"

Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

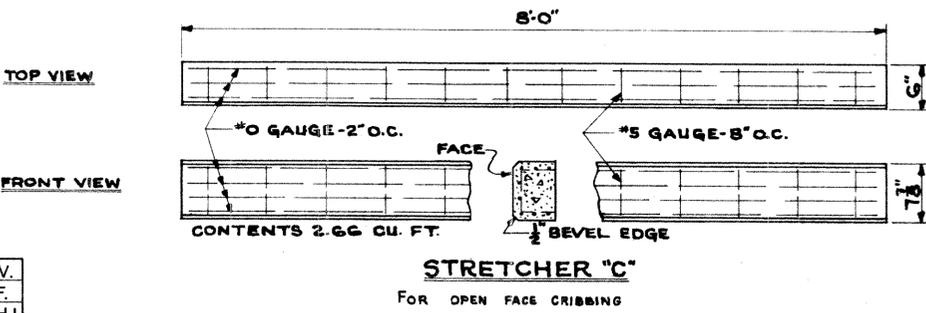
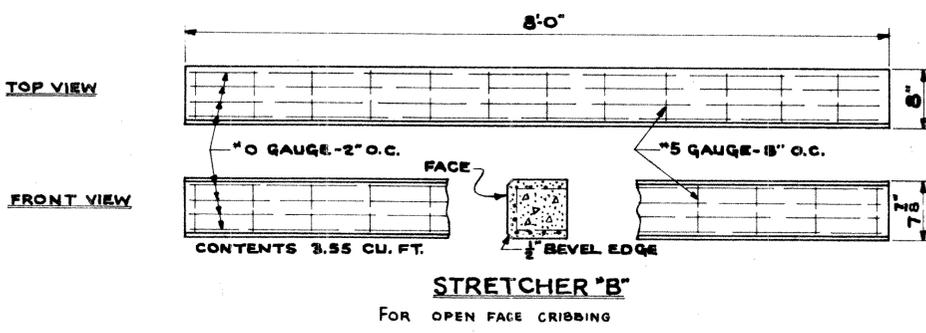
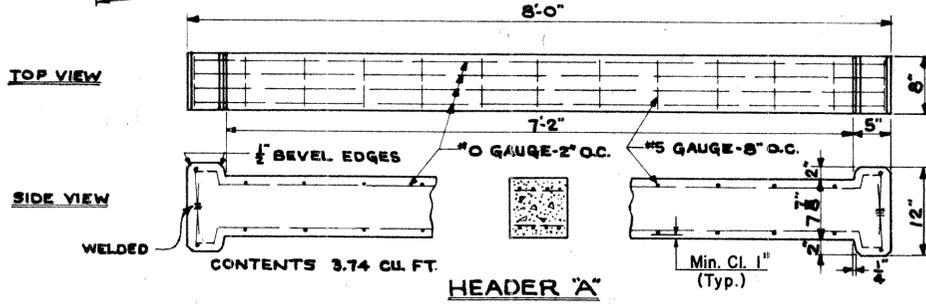
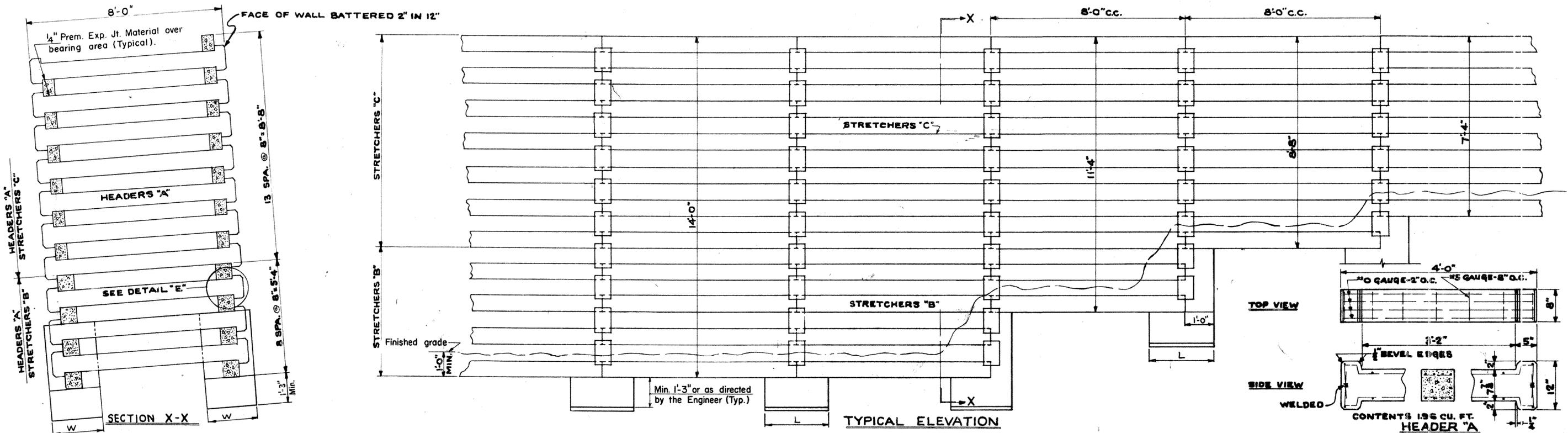
J. H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer



DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE DIVISION

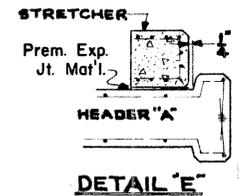
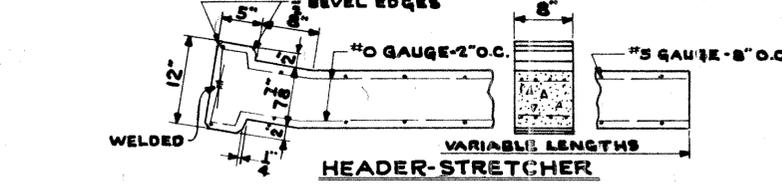
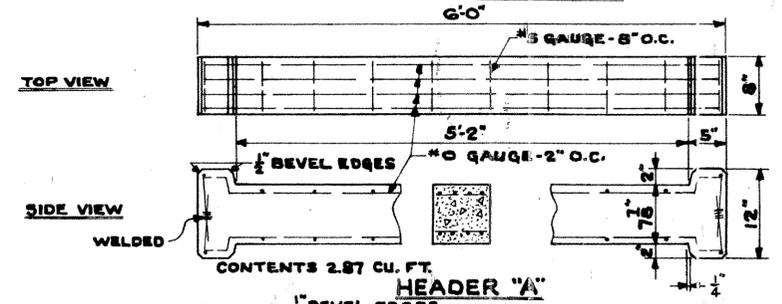
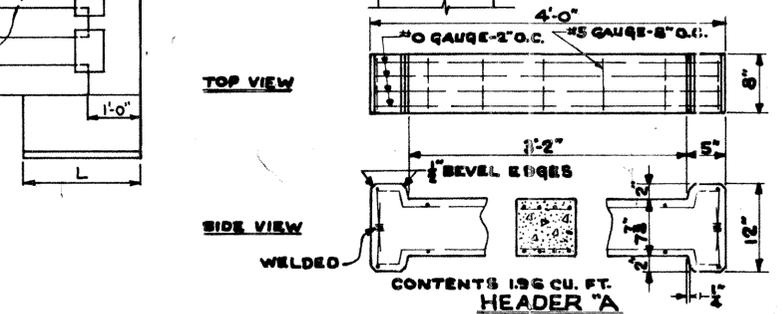
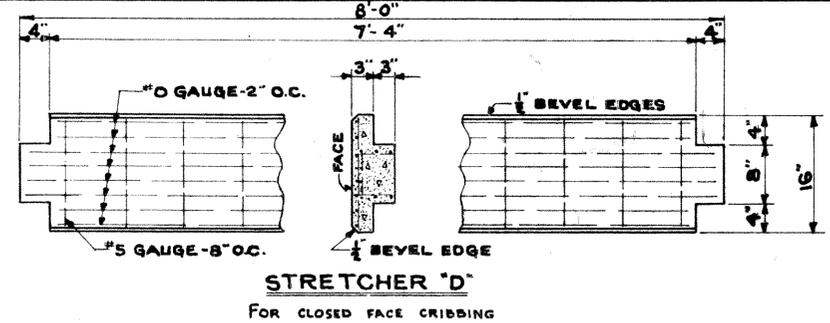
**STANDARD
CONCRETE CRIBBING
TYPE I**

Rev.	G.T.V.
Trc.	F.F.F.
Ckd.	BFK/HJ



- NOTES:**
- For General Notes refer to Sheet 1.
 - Closed face cribbing wall shall be used only if specified.
 - Steel wire reinforcement shall conform to ASTM Designation A82

TYPE OF SOIL	SAFE BEARING PRESSURE TONS/SQ.FT.	CRIBBING HEIGHT 14'-0"		CRIBBING HEIGHT 11'-4"		CRIBBING HEIGHT 8'-8"	
		FOOTING SIZE		FOOTING SIZE		FOOTING SIZE	
		FRONT (W x L)	REAR (W x L)	FRONT (W x L)	REAR (W x L)	FRONT (W x L)	REAR (W x L)
ROCK	20	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE
SHALE	10	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"
GRAVEL	8	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"
CLAY (DRY)	5	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"	2'-0" x 2'-6"	"
CLAY (MOIST)	2	2'-0" x 8'-0" OR 3'-0" x 3'-6" OR 1'-4" x 8'-0"	3'-0" x 4'-0" OR 1'-6" x 8'-0"	3'-0" x 3'-0"	2'-6" x 2'-6"	"	"
CLAY (SOFT)	1	3'-9" x 8'-0"	2'-6" x 8'-0"	2'-9" x 8'-0"	2'-0" x 8'-0"	3'-0" x 4'-0" OR 1'-6" x 8'-0"	3'-0" x 3'-0"
LOAM	1	3'-9" x 8'-0"	2'-6" x 8'-0"	2'-9" x 8'-0"	2'-0" x 8'-0"	3'-0" x 4'-0" OR 1'-6" x 8'-0"	3'-0" x 3'-0"



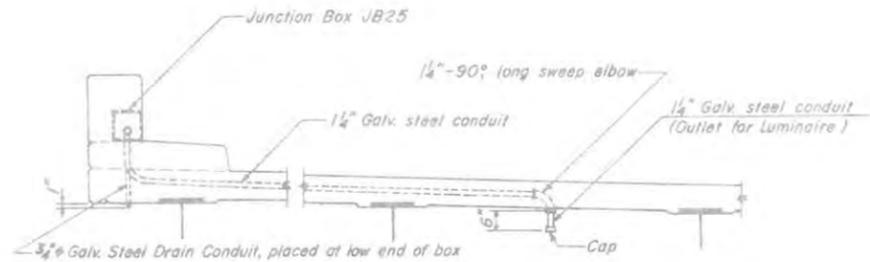
Approved: FEB. 25, 1965

R.H. Jones
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

**STANDARD
CONCRETE CRIBBING
TYPE II**

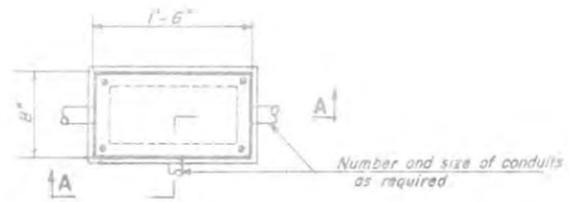
Rev.	G.T.V.
Trc.	F.F.F.
Ckd.	BFK/HJ



TYPICAL INSTALLATION OF JUNCTION BOX JB25

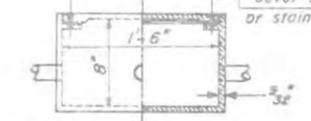
CONDUITS & FITTINGS FOR UNDERBRIDGE LIGHTING

* Refer to structure drawing for location of outlets for future Luminaires.



PLAN

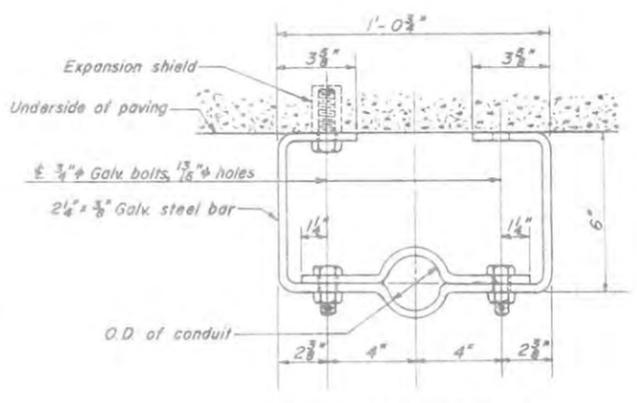
Cover screws shall be monel or stainless steel



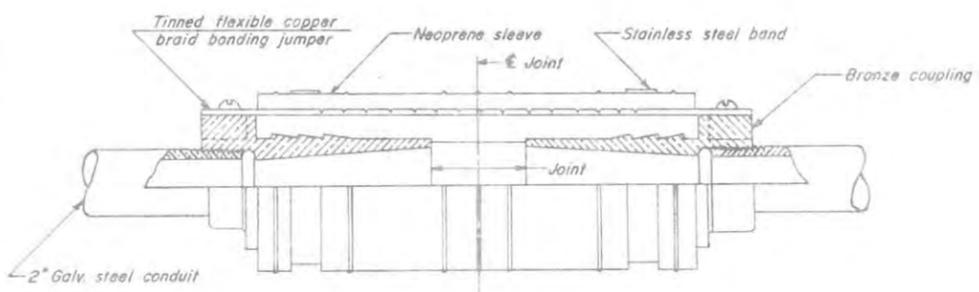
ELEVATION SECTION A-A

JUNCTION BOX JB25

*



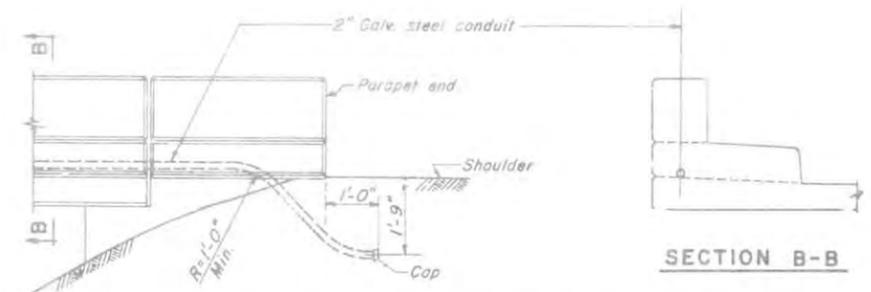
CONDUIT HANGER



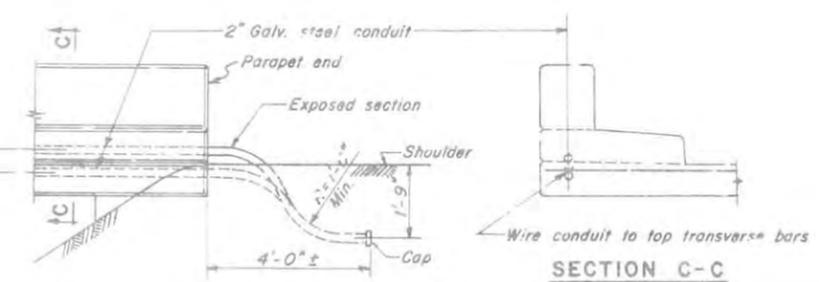
CONDUIT EXPANSION AND DEFLECTION JOINT FITTING

**

* For total expansion of more than 1 1/2 inches special fittings shall be used.



CASE 1. Length of parapet is sufficient to accommodate bent end of Conduit.



CASE 2. Length of parapet is not sufficient to accommodate bent end of Conduit.

DETAILS OF CONDUIT AT ENDS OF BRIDGE

* Conduit beyond concrete shall be coated in accordance with Lighting Specification.

NOTE: For Lighting Pole Anchorage details refer to Std. Dwg. ST-146 or ST-147.

Approved: DEC. 10, 1965

R. Hansen
Bridge Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania



Department of Highways
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD ELECTRICAL DETAILS FOR STRUCTURES

Approved: DEC. 10, 1965

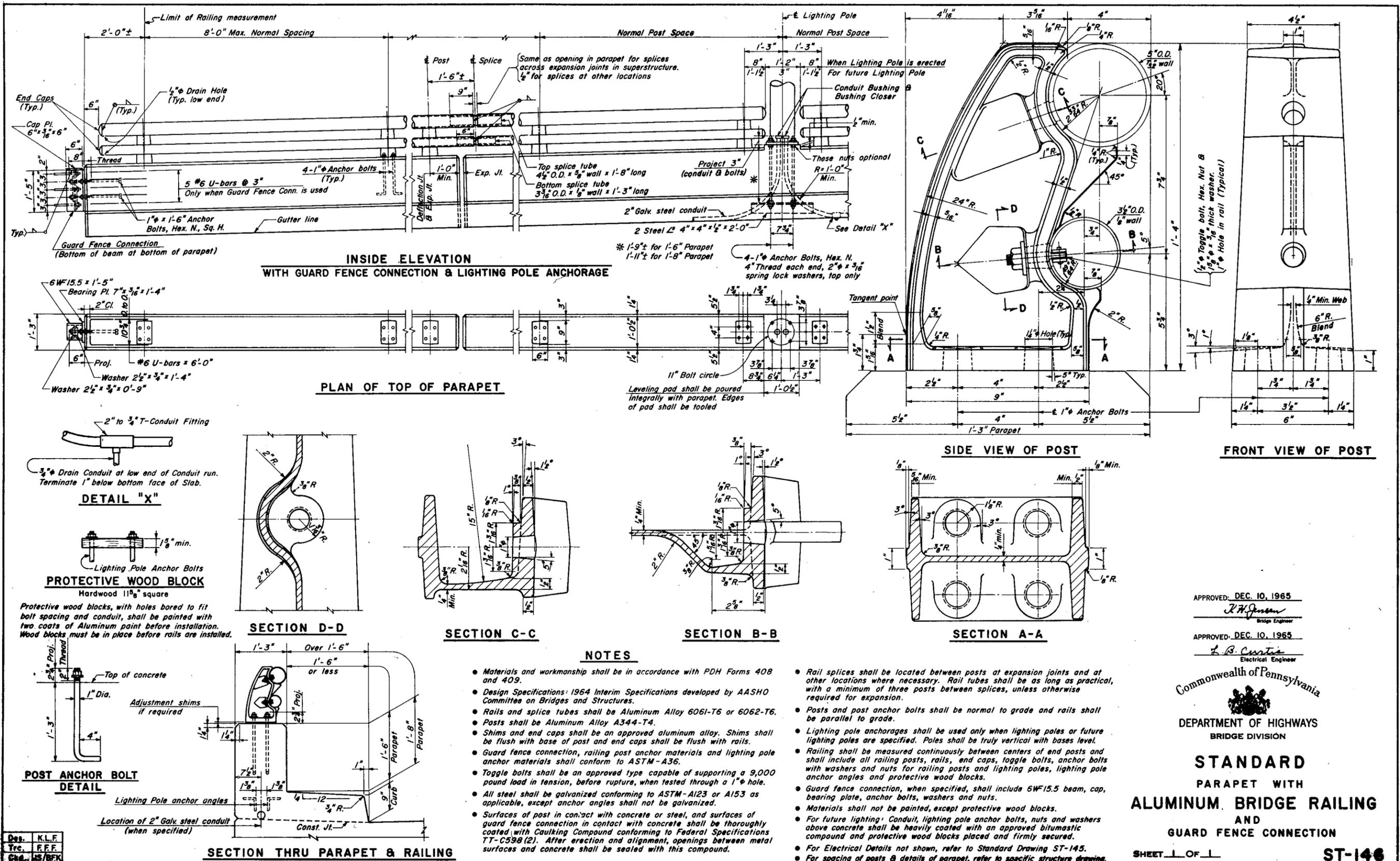
L. B. Curtis
Electrical Engineer

* O-Z Electrical Mfg. Co., Inc.—O-Z Cat. No. YUI80808,
Hope Electrical Products Co.—Type H6200,
Spring City Electrical Mfg. Co.—Type IR,
OR APPROVED EQUAL.

** O-Z Electrical Mfg. Co. Inc.—Types AX and EX,
Appleton Electric Co.—Type XJ,
Spring City Electrical Mfg. Co.—Types AF and EF,
OR APPROVED EQUAL.

Revision	Date	By	Ckd.

Rev	GTV
Trcd	FFF
Ckd.	LBC



APPROVED: DEC. 10, 1965

R.H. Jones
Bridge Engineer

APPROVED: DEC. 10, 1965

L.B. Curtis
Electrical Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

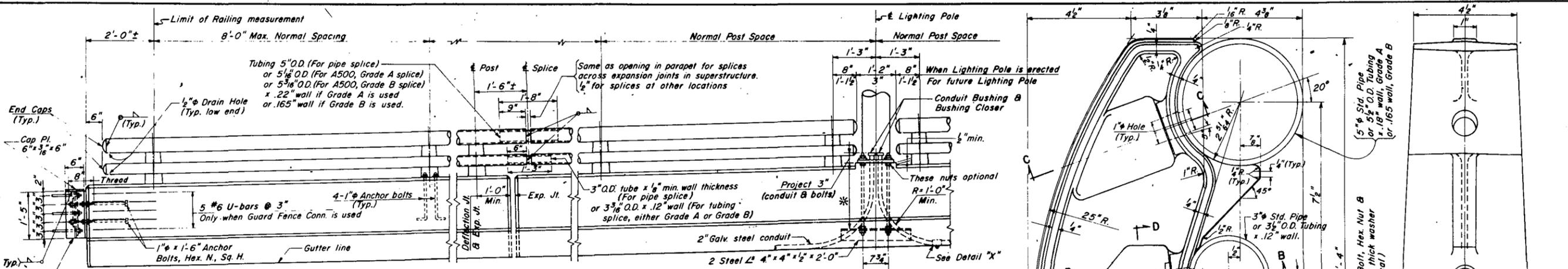
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE DIVISION

**STANDARD
PARAPET WITH
ALUMINUM BRIDGE RAILING
AND
GUARD FENCE CONNECTION**

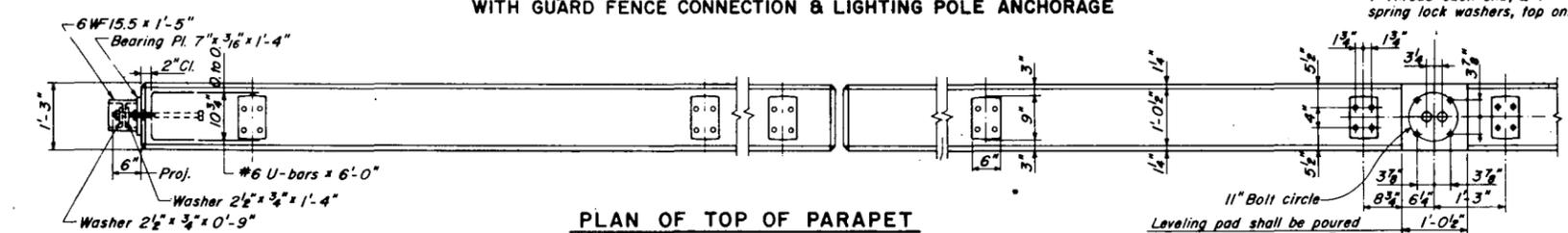
SHEET 1 OF 1

ST-146

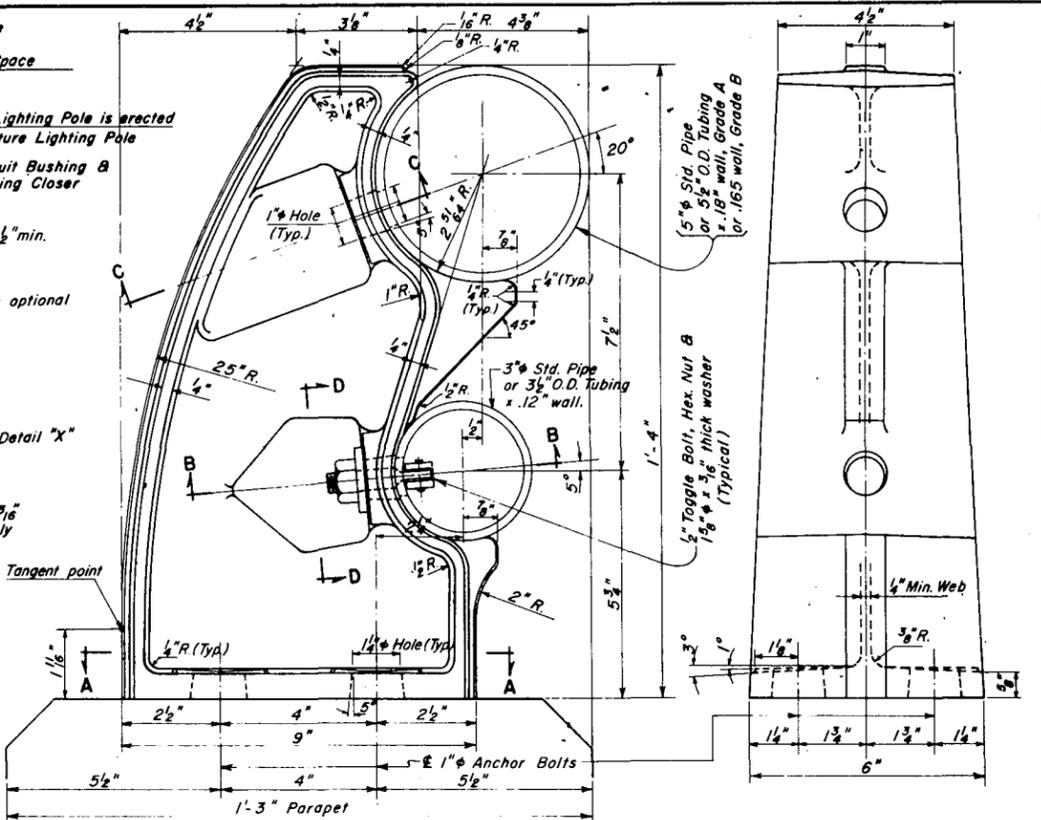
Des. K.L.F.
Trc. F.F.F.
Chg. S.B.F.



INSIDE ELEVATION WITH GUARD FENCE CONNECTION & LIGHTING POLE ANCHORAGE

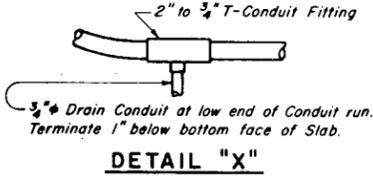


PLAN OF TOP OF PARAPET

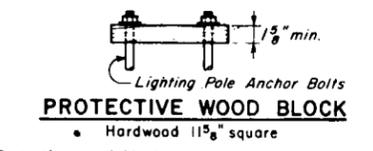


SIDE VIEW OF POST

FRONT VIEW OF POST

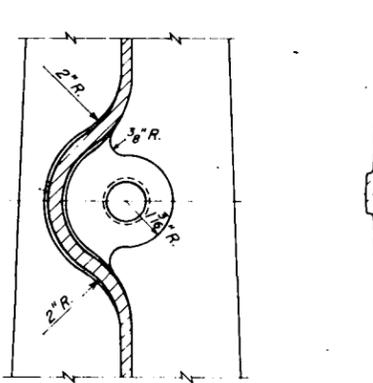


DETAIL "X"

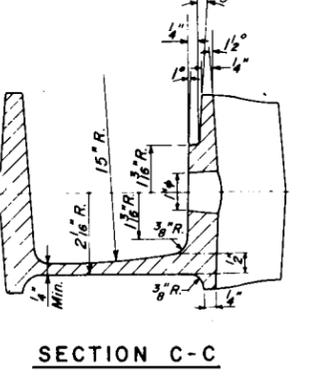


PROTECTIVE WOOD BLOCK

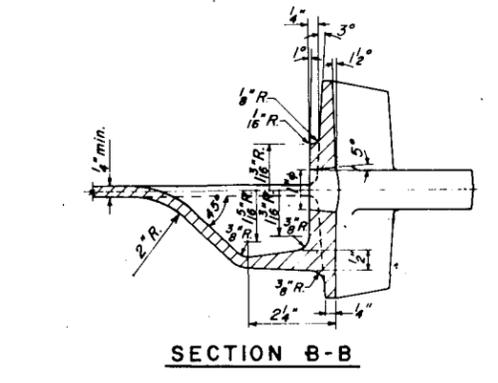
Protective wood blocks, with holes bored to fit bolt spacing and conduit, shall be painted with two coats of Aluminum paint before installation. Wood blocks must be in place before rails are installed.



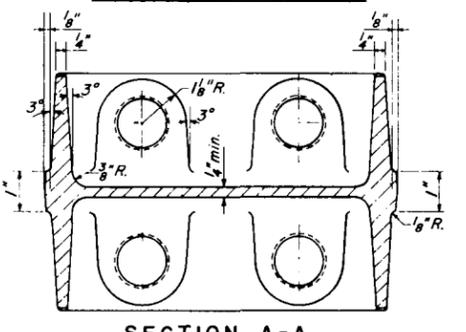
SECTION D-D



SECTION C-C



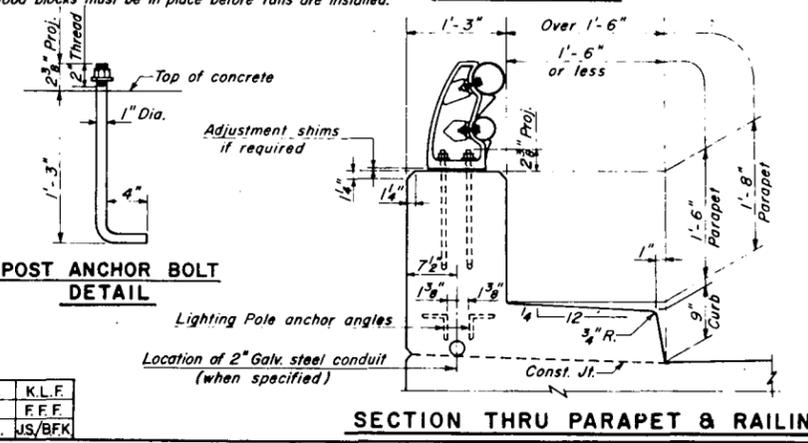
SECTION B-B



SECTION A-A

NOTES

- Materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with PDH Forms 408 and 409.
- Design Specifications: 1964 Interim Specifications developed by AASHTO Committee on Bridges and Structures.
- Rails may be either Pipe or Tubing.
- Pipe shall conform to ASTM-A53, Type E or S, Grade B. The steel shall be made by one or more of the following processes: Open hearth, basic oxygen, or electric furnace. The pipe shall be made by a seamless or furnace butt welding process.
- Tubing shall conform to ASTM-A500.
- Railing Posts shall conform to ASTM-A47, Grade 35018 or A339, Grade 60-45-10.
- Toggle bolts shall be an approved type-capable of supporting a 9,000 pound load in tension, before rupture, when tested through a one inch round hole.
- Shims and End Caps shall be made of an approved steel. Shims shall be flush with base of post and end caps shall be flush with rails.
- Surfaces of post and guard fence connection in contact with concrete shall be thoroughly coated with caulking compound conforming to Federal Specification TT-C598(2). After erection and alignment, openings between metal surfaces and concrete shall be sealed with this compound.
- All steel shall be galvanized conforming to ASTM-A123 or A153 as applicable, except anchor angles shall not be galvanized.
- Guard fence connection, railing post anchor materials and lighting pole anchor materials shall conform to ASTM-A36.
- Rail splices shall be located between posts at expansion joints and at other locations where necessary. Rail tubes shall be as long as practical, with a minimum of three posts between splices, unless otherwise required for expansion.
- Posts and post anchor bolts shall be normal to grade and rails shall be parallel to grade.
- Lighting pole anchorages shall be used only when lighting poles or future lighting poles are specified. Poles shall be truly vertical with bases level.
- Railing shall be measured continuously between centers of end posts and shall include all railing posts, rails, end caps, toggle bolts, anchor bolts with washers and nuts for railing posts and lighting poles, lighting pole anchor angles and protective wood blocks.
- Guard fence connection, when specified, shall include 6WF15.5 beam, cap, bearing plate, anchor bolts, washers and nuts.
- Materials shall not be painted, except protective wood blocks.
- For future lighting: Conduit, lighting pole anchor bolts, nuts and washers above concrete shall be heavily coated with an approved bitumastic compound and protective wood blocks placed and firmly secured.
- For Electrical Details not shown, refer to Standard Drawing ST-145.
- For spacing of posts & details of parapet, refer to specific structure drawing.



SECTION THRU PARAPET & RAILING

Des.	K.L.F.
Trc.	F.F.F.
Chk'd.	JS/BFK

APPROVED: DEC. 10, 1965

L.H. Jensen
Bridge Engineer

APPROVED: DEC. 10, 1965

L.B. Curtis
Electrical Engineer

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania



DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE DIVISION

STANDARD PARAPET WITH STEEL BRIDGE RAILING AND GUARD FENCE CONNECTION

SHEET 1 OF 1

ST-147