Agilent E4406A Vector Signal Analyzer





You develop the wireless future...



Fast and accurate measurements

To stay competitive, wireless equipment manufacturers need flexible test equipment capable of testing different formats with little change in set-up. The Agilent E4406A vector signal analyzer (VSA) is the perfect fit, offering the best combination of speed and accuracy for making one-button, standards-based measurements.

2.5G, 3G, and 3.5G formats

the latest standards.

For engineers developing next-generation wireless components and systems, the E4406A provides W-CDMA, HSDPA/HSUPA, cdma2000, 1xEV-DV, 1xEV-D0 (Rev-0/A), and EDGE/GSM formats. Using one-button measurements, engineers can quickly verify conformance to these new formats. As the standards have evolved, we have continued to enhance existing measurement personalities, and add new ones. The modular architecture of the E4406A makes it simple for you to upgrade and be ready for



...we provide the signal analysis.

An investment for your future

The number of wireless technologies deployed around the world is growing and the demand for any particular format can change quickly. The E4406A offers format and frequency flexibility.

Easy to use

Multi-format

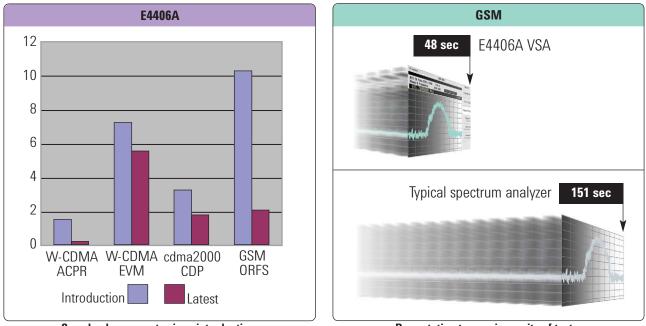
Comprehensive signal analysis

Waveform

Speeding up production means being ready to manufacture anything and lose no time doing it. The E4406A easily adapts to virtually any popular format:

- W-CDMA
- HSDPA/HSUPA
- cdma2000
- 1xEV-DV
- 1xEV-D0
- cdmaOne
- EDGE
- GSM
- NADC
- PDC
- WIDEN/IDEN
- Spectrum
- Waveform

Built for speed...



Speed enhancements since introduction

Base station transceiver suite of tests

Fast standards-based measurements

As a wireless system or component manufacturer, you are under pressure to increase throughput while minimizing capital investments. Long test times can severely limit your manufacturing throughput, so we designed the E4406A.

Since its introduction, progressive enhancements to the E4406A ensure its performance keeps pace with the ever-increasing need for speed. Today's E4406A is getting faster than ever. For example, the W-CDMA adjacent channel power ratio (ACPR) measurement is now nearly eight times faster than it used to be. The GSM output radio frequency spectrum (ORFS) is approximately five times faster. The capture length for W-CDMA EVM has increased from 1 to 15 slots, and the 15 slot EVM is 20% faster, as compared to the 1-slot speed when the E4406A was introduced. Other measurements have improved as well.

The E4406A transmitter power calibration uses time record data and built-in algorithms to provide complete transmitter level calibration with incredible speed – with all the accuracy you expect from the affordably-priced E4406A.

Now even faster

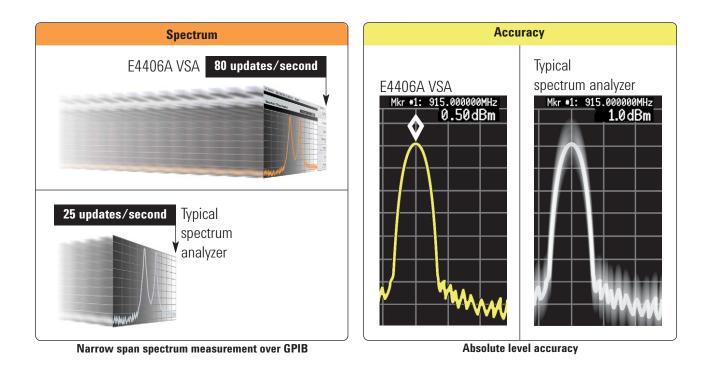
"We have decreased the (transmitter power calibration) test time by 25%." *—Test Systems*

Designer

In addition to high-speed throughput and accuracy in the manufacturing environment, the E4406A is designed to allow research and development engineers to quickly obtain results with minimal keystrokes.

The E4406A delivers a logical user interface and a wealth of quick "one button" measurments, enabling designers to quickly try multiple tests without getting bogged down in crypitic menus. The E4406A interface provides the edge needed to expediently evaluate new designs and successfully meet the demands of today's competitive environment.

...without giving up accuracy.



Fast spectrum measurements

Accuracy

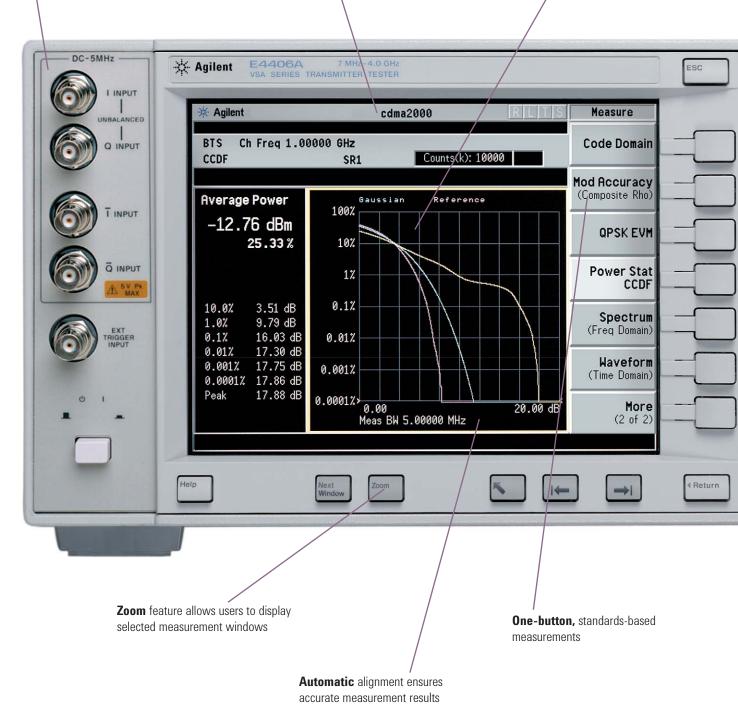
The E4406A features pre-configured, one-button measurements for many cellular standards and can also be used for narrowband spectrum measurements. Manufacturers can expect to make intermodulation distortion and other amplitude measurements up to three times faster using the E4406A. You don't need to reduce measurement speed to get accurate results. Superior absolute level accuracy of ± 0.6 dB (± 0.4 dB typical) provides unmatched performance and minimizes test uncertainty. Combined with a linearity of ± 0.25 dB over a 76 dB range, the E4406A is a state-of-the-art measurement tool.

The E4406A VSA...

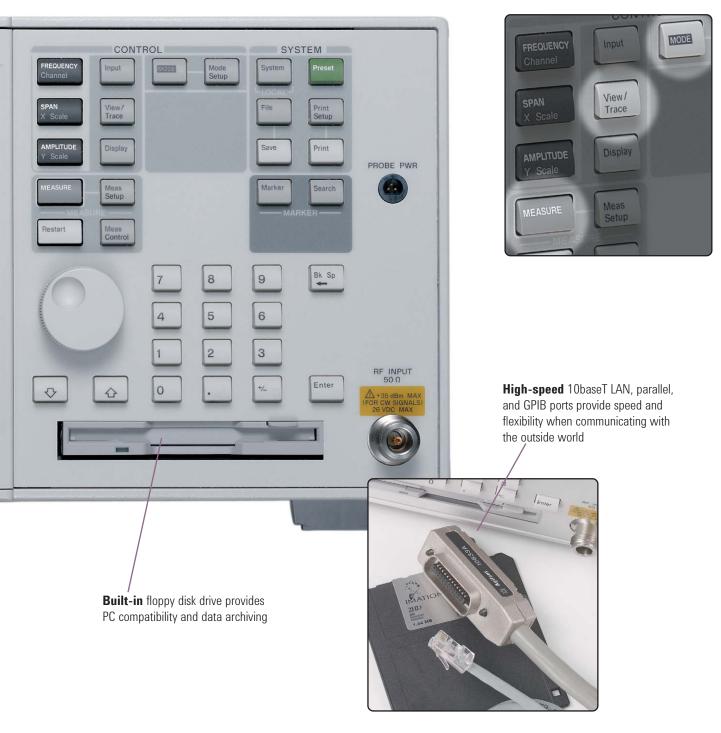
Baseband measurements with balanced/unbalanced multiple impedance inputs

Focused applications including EDGE, GSM, W-CDMA, HSDPA/HSUPA, cdma2000, 1xEV-DV, 1xEV-D0, cdma0ne, NADC, and PDC, as well as narrow-span spectrum and waveform analysis

Large, high-resolution, color display makes viewing multiple traces easy

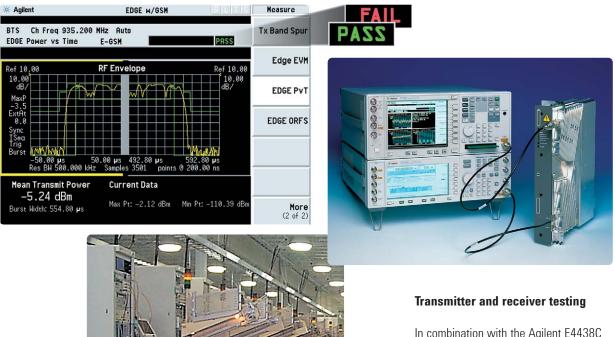


...comprehensive signal analysis.



Intuitive key strokes

Designed for manufacturing...



In combination with the Agilent E4438C ESG vector signal generator, the E4406A offers base station receiver and transmitter testing for major 2G, 2.5G, 3G, and 3.5G wireless formats. The E4406A combined with an E4438C is a test solution that provides the required flexibility, without compromising accuracy, for maximum throughput in base station production with the ability to migrate to new formats.

Standards compliance

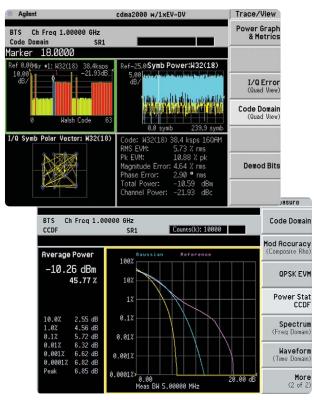
In manufacturing, you need straightforward pass/fail verification of critical specifications. With built-in test limits you don't have to keep track of every standard. The E4406A performs tests to the requirements of current industry standards with free, easy-to-install, firmware updates.

Speed and throughput

In the world of high-speed manufacturing every millisecond counts. Identify your throughput restrictions and if measurement speed is creating a bottleneck, consider the significant speed advantage of the E4406A.

Manufacturing

...and product development.



Verify next-generation designs

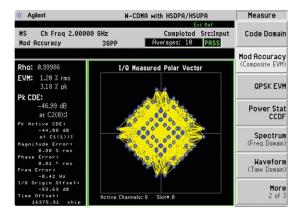
For R&D engineers developing nextgeneration wireless components and systems, the E4406A is a low-cost tool that quickly verifies conformance. Your investment is secure because the E4406A has a modular architecture — making it easy to upgrade to the latest standards.

Characterize using leading test methods

Digital modulation presents new challenges to amplifier manufacturers. Designers need effective methods to quickly characterize digital signals. The E4406A's complementary cumulativedistribution function (CCDF) is useful for determining a signal's power statistics, revealing the power peaks relative to the average power for assessing linearity requirements.

Development





Flexible power measurements

Multicarrier power amplifier (MCPA) designers are faced with new measurement challenges. Designers must characterize intermodulation distortion at many frequency offsets and evaluate the effects of different modulation formats over a wide dynamic range. The E4406A features a fullyconfigurable ACP measurement that can test up to five frequency offsets and be optimized for dynamic range or speed.

TDMA measurement personalities...



The EDGE measurement personality performs the latest standards-based measurements, for both BTS and MS, including:

- Error vector magnitude (EVM)
- Multi-slot power versus time (PvT)
- Output RF spectrum (ORFS)
- Trigger to TO offset in PFER
- IQ offset
- Channel plans for 400, 800, 900, 1800, 1900 MHz
- · GSM measurements from Option BAH

The EVM measurement features a unique algorithm to simultaneously display the EVM numerical results and the EDGE constellation diagram using the industryspecified measurement filter.



GSM (Option BAH)

The GSM measurement personality lets you quickly perform measurements to the latest ETSI standards with:

- Mean transmitter carrier power
- Multi-slot PvT
- ORFS
- Phase and frequency error (PFER)
- IQ offset
- Transmitter band spurious
- Channel plans for 400, 700, 800, 900, 1800, 1900 MHz

The personality features easy channel and timeslot selections, configurable PvT masks, and a typical ORFS dynamic range of 90 dB.



NADC and PDC (Option BAE)

Both the North American Digital Cellular (NADC) and Personal Digital Cellular (PDC) measurement personalities are included in this option. The NADC measurements are structured according to the IS-136 TDMA standard. Measurements included in this option are:

- ACP
- EVM
- Occupied bandwidth (for PDC)

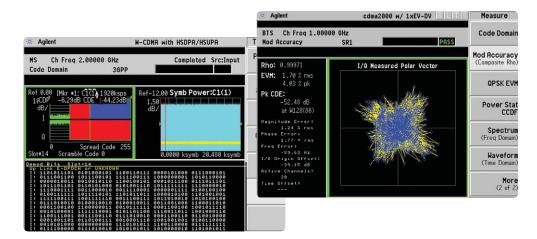
The personalities feature base station and mobile radio mode set-ups, as well as sync word search capability.

WiDEN/iDEN (Option HN1)

The WiDEN/iDEN measurement personality performs measurements to the Motorola WiDEN/iDEN specialized mobile radio format.

- Occupied bandwidth (OBW)
- ACPR
- Transmitter bit error rate (BER)
- Power vs. time (PvT)

... and CDMA measurement personalities.



W-CDMA (Option BAF)

The complexity of W-CDMA demands the flexibility and depth of demodulation capability provided by this personality. Perform the following measurements on the HPSK uplink or downlink QPSK signals:

- Code domain
- QPSK EVM
- Modulation accuracy (composite rho and EVM)
- Channel power
- Adjacent channel power leakage ratio (ACLR)
- Power control
- PvT
- · Intermodulation distortion
- · Multicarrier power
- Spectrum emission mask
- 0BW
- CCDF

This personality has the ability to automatically determine active channels, to synchronize with any W-CDMA channel, to display code domain power in a multirate view, and to demodulate down to the symbol level. Variable capture intervals and pre-defined test models enable the user to perform fast, accurate measurements for manufacturing or in-depth analysis for R&D.

HSDPA/HSUPA (Option 210)

Option 210 adds the following capabilities to W-CDMA Option BAF for HSDPA and HSUPA signal analysis for both downlink and uplink.

- Code domain analysis
 - Pre-defined test model 5
 - HS-PDSCH 16QAM/QPSK auto detection
 - Demodulation bits in binary/ hexadecimal format
 - Adaptive modulation and coding support
 - HS-DPCCH power β
 - E-DPCCH/E-DPDCH power β
 - E-DPCCH in SF2 auto detection
- Modulation accuracy
 - Composite EVM for HSDPA/HSUPA signals

cdma2000 (Option B78)

The cdma2000 measurement personality offers the logical upgrade path from IS-95 to IS-2000 testing. Measurements support the forward and reverse links.

- Code domain
- QPSK EVM
- Modulation accuracy (composite rho and EVM)
- · Channel power
- ACPR
- · Intermodulation distortion
- Spectrum emission mask
- OBW
- CCDF

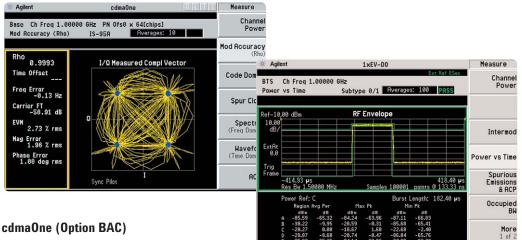
Advanced code domain analysis algorithms display Walsh codes for either Hadamard or OVSF coding schemes in a multi-rate view. Other capability includes code domain error, symbol EVM, symbol power versus time, active channel identification, variable PN offset, quasiorthogonal functions and demodulated symbol bit displays after de-spreading.

1xEV-DV (Option 214)

This option provides modulation analysis functionalities for 1xEV-DV to cdma2000 Option B78.

- · Code domain analysis
 - Auto-detection of modulation scheme 160AM/8PSK/0PSK
 - Manual assigning of modulation scheme for adaptive modulated signal
 - Demodulated bits in binary/ hexadecimal format
- Modulation accuracy
- EVM and Rho measurements for 1xEV-DV signals

Expanding measurement potential...



Built on Agilent's pioneering efforts in CDMA measurement techniques, this personality provides quick and easy measurement set-ups for the TIA/EIA-95, J-STD-008, IS-97D, and IS-98D band classes:

- Modulation accuracy (rho)
- Code domain
- · Channel power
- ACPR
- Close-in spurious



1xEV-DO (Option 204)

With digital demodulation analysis, the 1xEV-D0 measurement personality provides the most comprehensive, easy-to-use, 1xEV-DO measurement solution available in an analyzer. This personality, which performs measurements for both forward link and reverse link signals, provides key transmitter measurements for analyzing systems based on 3GPP2 1xEV-DO Revision-0 and Revision-A

Forward link

- Channel power
- Power versus time mask •
- Spurious emissions and ACP
- Intermodulation distortion
- 0BW •
- Code domain
- Modulation accuracy (waveform quality)
- **QPSK EVM**
- Power statistics (CCDF)

Reverse link

- Code domain
- Modulation accuracy (waveform) quality)

For forward link, the PvT mask and spurious emissions/ACP measurements support both the idle slot (burst signal) and active slot (full power signal). With the auto-burst search function, you can see the standard-based time mask for the 1xEV-DO idle slot in PvT. Code domain, modulation accuracy, and QPSK EVM can also measure Pilot, MAC, Preamble, and Data in QPSK/8PSK/16QAM modulation. Designed with flexibility in mind, this personality supports the unique 1xEV-DO forward link signals' feature of time divisions multiplex (TDM). For reverse link, code domain, and modulation accuracy provide powerful modulation analysis functions for transmitter tests



...tailored to user requirements.

IQ inputs (Option B7C)

Capitalize on the E4406A's demodulation capabilities by extending the measurement range to baseband. The baseband IQ input option enables engineers to measure the complete signal path of a receiver or transmitter and directly compare signals both before and after frequency conversion and IQ (de)modulation. Ideally suited for R&D engineers and manufacturing environments, this option allows measurement of baseband I and Q signals in either balanced or unbalanced systems. Input configurations include 50-ohm unbalanced, 600-ohm balanced, and 1 M-ohm balanced or unbalanced – enabling a variety of systems to be directly tested without cumbersome and error-inducing conversion networks. Applicable in-band 3GPP W-CDMA, HSDPA/HSUPA, cdma2000, 1xEV-DV, EDGE/GSM, and Basic mode measurements are supported via RF and IQ inputs, enabling engineers to track down signal degradation both before and after RF/IF conversion.

Additional features include auto calibration of input signals, variable dc offsets and a dc to 5-MHz input frequency range (10 MHz in I + j Ω mode).

The data captured via baseband IQ inputs can be easily transfered to 89601A PC software for in-depth analysis.



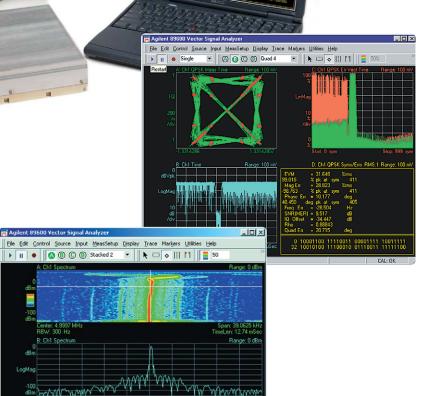
Coupling speed and power...

E4406A VSA/89601A software combination

The standards-based, one-button test capabilities of the E4406A can be expanded with the flexible digital demodulation and analysis capabilities of the Agilent 89601A PC software. This teaming provides fast and accurate data acquisition with powerful, flexible modulation analysis tools for, both common and evolving communications standards.

The 89601A vector signal analysis software provides flexible tools for demodulating and analyzing even the most advanced digital modulations, whether or not they are contained in an established standard. It also provides deep troubleshooting when onebutton tests on the VSA indicate a problem.

Features include variable block size signal acquisition with user-selectable pulse search and synch words, and a user-controllable adaptive equalizer. The software allows you to use variable center frequency, symbol rate, filtering typing and alpha/BT. Supported modulation formats for both continuous and burst carriers include multi-level FSK, BPSK, QPSK, DQPSK, pi/4 DQPSK, 8PSK, multi-level QAM, multi-level VSB or DVBQAM, APSK 16/32, EDGE, and MSK. Most 3G standard formats are also supported, as are ZigBee, TETRA, and more.



The software also provides signal capture and analysis features, such as the capability to download signal capture files for playback through signal generators, and display high-speed spectrograms.

The 89601A software runs on a PC connected to the E4406A, via LAN or GPIB, and provides hardware control and results displays along with modulation analysis.



...with Agilent's tradition of excellence.

Service and support

The speed and accuracy of the E4406A VSA is only a small part of what you get from Agilent. We strive to provide complete solutions that go beyond our customers' expectations. Only Agilent offers the depth and breadth of enhancements, software, services, connectivity, accessibility, and support to help you reach your measurement objectives. For more information on the E4406A VSA, including product and application literature, visit our Web site at www.agilent.com/find/vsa





Pre-sales service

- · rentals, leasing, and financing
- · application engineering services

Post-sales service

- standard 1-year global warranty
- Worldwide Call Center and Service Center support network
- one-year calibration intervals
- firmware upgrades downloadable from the Web

PC connectivity

- 10 baseT LAN port
- floppy disk drive
- GPIB interface

Peripheral and product interfaces

- baseband IQ inputs
- · parallel printer port
- printer support
- · VGA monitor output
- Agilent 89601A vector signal analysis software

Training and access to information

- on-site user training
- · factory service training
- Web-based support of frequently asked questions: www.agilent.com/find/vsa
- manuals on CD-ROM and on the Web

Software

- SCPI (Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments)
- PC-based performance verification and adjustment software
- IVI COM driver

Ordering information

E4406A vector signal analyzer Model Description

	otor orginal analyzor	Documentation	
Model	Description	E4406A-ABA	U.S Eng
E4406A	7 MHz to 4 GHz	E4406A-AB0 ³	Taiwan -
	vector signal analyzer	E4406A-AB1 ³	Korea - K
		E4406A-AB2 ³	China - C
Option	Description	E4406A-ABD ³	German l
Digital Demo	dulation Measurements	E4406A-ABF ³	France -
E4406A-202	EDGE with GSM measurement	E4406A-ABJ ³	Japan - J
	personality	E4406A-0B0 ³	Delete ma
E4406A-204	1xEV-DO measurement		
	personality	Additional docu	mentation
E4406A-B78	cdma2000 measurement	E4406A-0B1	English m
	personality	E4406A-0BV	Service d
E4406A-214	1xEV-DV measurement		compone
	personality ¹	E4406A-0BW	Service d
E4406A-BAC	cdmaOne measurement		assembly
	personality		
E4406A-BAE	NADC, PDC measurement	Warranty and se	ervice
	personality	R-51B	Return-to
E4406A-BAF	W-CDMA measurement		and servi
	personality		(For warr
E4406A-210	HSDPA/HSUPA measurement		5 years, p
	personality ²		of R-51B
E4406A-BAH	GSM measurement personality		Standard v
E4406A-HN1	WiDEN/iDEN measurement		
	personality	Calibration	
Inputs and ou	itputs	R-50C-001	Standard
E4406A-300	321.4 MHz IF output		(For 3 yea
E4406A-B7C	Baseband I/Q inputs		of the ap
Calibration do	ocumentation		plan show
E4406A-UK6	Commercial calibration		specify 60
	certificate with test data	R-50C-002	Standard
Accessories			calibratio
E4406A-1CN	I Rack mount kit		36 month calibratio
E4406A-1CN	Handle kit		
E4406A-1CP	Rack mount and handle kit		For 5 yea
E4406A-1CR	Rack slide kit	PC software	
			D
1. Requires Op	tion B78	Model	Descrip
2. Requires Op		89601A	Vector sig
3. Includes Eng	lish manual set.		

Agilent T&M Software and Connectivity

Agilent's Test and Measurement software and connectivity products, solutions and developer network allows you to take time out of connecting your instruments to your computer with tools based on PC standards, so you can focus on your tasks, not on your connections. Visit www.agilent.com/find/connectivity for more information.

Agilent IO Library Suite Agilent's IO libraries suite ships with the

Documentation

U.S. - English localization

Taiwan - Chinese localization

Korea - Korean localization

China - Chinese localization

France - French localization

Japan - Japanese localization

German localization

Delete manual set

English manual set

component level

assembly level

and service plan

Service documentation,

Service documentation,

Return-to-Agilent warranty

(For warranty and service of

of R-51B [quantity = 60]. Standard warranty is 12 months.)

Standard calibration (For 3 years, order 36 months of the appropriate calibration

specify 60 months.)

Standards compliant

5 years, please order 60 months

plan shown below. For 5 years,

calibration (For 3 years, order

36 months of the appropriate

calibration plan shown below. For 5 years, specify 60 months)

Vector signal analysis software

E4406A to help you quickly establish an errorfree connection between your PC and instruments - regardless of the vendor. It provides robust instrument control and works with the software development environment you choose. For additional description of Agilent's IO libraries suite features and installation requirements, please go to

Description

www.agilent.com/find/iosuite/data - sheet

Agilent Technologies' Test and Measurement Support, Services, and Assistance

Agilent Technologies aims to maximize the value you receive, while minimizing your risk and problems. We strive to ensure that you get the test and measurement capabilities you paid for and obtain the support you need. Our extensive support resources and services can help you choose the right Agilent products for your applications and apply them successfully. Every instrument and system we sell has a global warranty. Two concepts underlie Agilent's overall support policy: "Our Promise" and "Your Advantage.

Our Promise

Our Promise means your Agilent test and measurement equipment will meet its advertised performance and functionality. When you are choosing new equipment, we will help you with product information, including realistic performance specifications and practical recommendations from experienced test engineers. When you receive your new Agilent equipment, we can help verify that it works properly and help with initial product operation.

Your Advantage

Your Advantage means that Agilent offers a wide range of additional expert test and measurement services, which you can purchase according to your unique technical and business needs. Solve problems efficiently and gain a competitive edge by contracting with us for calibration, extra-cost upgrades, out-of-warranty repairs, and onsite education and training, as well as design, system integration, project management, and other professional engineering services. Experienced Agilent engineers and technicians worldwide can help you maximize your productivity, optimize the return on investment of your Agilent instruments and systems, and obtain dependable measurement accuracy for the life of those products.



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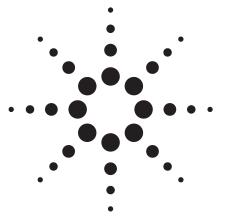
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Agilent E4406A Vector Signal Analyzer

Data Sheet



The Agilent Technologies E4406A vector signal analyzer (VSA) is a full-featured transmitter tester designed to meet the test needs of wireless equipment developers and manufacturers. For wireless base station, mobile transmitters and their components, the easy-to-use E4406A provides the best combination of speed and accuracy for a wide range of digital modulation analysis capability. And, with multiformat capability (W-CDMA, HSDPA/HSUPA, cdma2000, 1xEV-DV, 1xEV-DO, cdmaOne, EDGE, GSM, NADC, and PDC) the E4406A is the ideal, flexible choice for your production line. Easily configure one-button measurements with the simple, straight-forward menu structure and view them on the large, high-resolution color display. With built-in, standards-compliant tests and state-of-the-art digital IF technology, engineers can be confident that test results are accurate. And, when combined with the Agilent ESG series of digital RF signal generators, the E4406A VSA provides a powerful, transmit-receive test solution for wireless-equipment manufacturers.



Frequency

	673.6 MHz		
	Offset	Specifications	Supplemental
7 to 314 MHz and 329 MHz	100 Hz	≤-85 dBc/Hz	
to 4 GHz	1 kHz	\leq –92 dBc/Hz	
0 Hz to 5 MHz	10 kHz	\leq –102 dBc/Hz	
	100 kHz	\leq –131 dBc/Hz	
	600 kHz	\leq –138 dBc/Hz	
	1.2 MHz	\leq –141 dBc/Hz	
	6.0 MHz	\leq –145 dBc/Hz	
(Composite I/Q)	10.0 MHz	\leq –145 dBc/Hz	
ution	960 MHz		
1 Hz	Offset	Specifications	Supplemental
	100 Hz	\leq -81 dBc/Hz	
	1 kHz	\leq -87 dBc/Hz	
	10 kHz	\leq -96 dBc/Hz	
	100 kHz	\leq –125 dBc/Hz	
	600 kHz	\leq –136 dBc/Hz	
±2 × 10 ⁻⁹	1.2 MHz	\leq -140 dBc/Hz	
	6.0 MHz	\leq –146 dBc/Hz	
±5 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ (nominal) p	10.0 MHz	≤–146 dBc/Hz	
±1 x 10 ⁻⁷ (nominal)	1990 MHz		
±5 x 10 ⁻⁸ variation from	Offset	Specifications	Supplemental
	100 Hz	\leq -75 dBc/Hz	
	1 kHz	\leq -82 dBc/Hz	
i nour (nominai)	10 kHz	\leq -86 dBc/Hz	
	100 kHz	\leq -118 dBc/Hz	
	600 kHz	\leq –132 dBc/Hz	
IB input attenuation.	1.2 MHz	\leq –137 dBc/Hz	
1	6.0 MHz	\leq –141 dBc/Hz	
≤ –85 dBm	10.0 MHz	\leq –141 dBc/Hz	
≤-80 dBm			
	to 4 GHz 0 Hz to 5 MHz 5 Hz to 5 MHz (Baseband I or Q inputs) 10 Hz to 10 MHz (Composite I/Q) ution 1 Hz $\pm [(time since last adjustment x aging rate) + temperature stability + calibration accuracy] \pm 5 \times 10^{-8}\pm 2 \times 10^{-9}\pm 5 \times 10^{-10} (nominal)\pm 5 \times 10^{-8} variation fromfrequency at +25 °C over thetemperature range of 0 to +55 °C1 hour (nominal)dB input attenuation,\leq -85 dBm$	7 to 314 MHz and 329 MHz to 4 GHzOffset 100 Hz0 Hz to 5 MHz100 Hz 10 kHz5 Hz to 5 MHz100 kHz 600 kHz5 Hz to 5 MHz100 kHz 600 kHz10 Hz to 10 MHz (Composite I/Q)1.2 MHz 6.0 MHz10 Hz to 10 MHz (Composite I/Q)960 MHz 10.0 MHz11 Hz960 MHz 100 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz1 Hz0ffset 100 Hz 100 KHz 100 KHz ± 1 (time since last adjustment x aging rate) + temperature stability + calibration accuracy] $t \pm 5 \times 10^{-8}$ $\pm 2 \times 10^{-9}$ $\pm 5 \times 10^{-8}$ $\pm 5 \times 10^{-10}$ (nominal) (p)1900 MHz 10.0 MHz $\pm 1 \times 10^{-7}$ (nominal) $\pm 5 \times 10^{-8}$ variation from frequency at +25 °C over the temperature range of 0 to +55 °C 1 hour (nominal)1990 MHz 100 kHz 100 kHz 100 kHz 100 kHz1B input attenuation, ≤ -85 dBm1.2 MHz 10.0 MHz	OffsetSpecifications7 to 314 MHz and 329 MHz to 4 GHz 100 Hz $\leq -85 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 0 Hz to 5 MHz 100 Hz $\leq -92 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 0 Hz to 5 MHz 10 kHz $\leq -102 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 5 Hz to 5 MHz 100 kHz $\leq -131 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 5 Hz to 5 MHz 100 kHz $\leq -131 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ (Baseband I or 0 inputs) 10 kHz $\leq -141 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 10 Hz to 10 MHz 6.0 MHz $\leq -145 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ (Composite I/0) 960 MHz 1.2 MHz 1 Hz 0 ffset Specifications100 Hz $\leq -145 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 1 Hz 0 ffset Specifications100 Hz $\leq -146 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 1 kHz $\leq -81 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 1 kHz $\leq -96 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 100 kHz $\leq -125 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 100 kHz $\leq -136 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 100 kHz $\leq -136 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 100 kHz $\leq -146 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 100 kHz $\leq -146 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ $\pm 5 \times 10^{-8}$ 12 MHz $\pm 5 \times 10^{-10}$ (nominal) 1990 MHz 12 MHz $\leq -146 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 100 Hz $\leq -75 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 1 hur (nominal) 1990 MHz 100 Hz $\leq -75 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 1 hur (nominal) 1990 MHz 100 Hz $\leq -146 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 100 Hz $\leq -132 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 100 Hz $\leq -132 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 100 Hz $\leq -132 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 100 KHz $\leq -132 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ <t< td=""></t<>

Noise Sidebands¹ (Baseband IQ Inputs)

Noise Sidebands (RF Input)

0 to 5 MHz

Offset	Specifications	Supplemental
1 kHz		\leq –120 dBc/Hz (typical) ²
10 kHz		\leq –133 dBc/Hz (typical) ²
100 kHz		\leq –134 dBc/Hz (typical) ²
1.0 MHz		\leq –135 dBc/Hz (nominal)
5.0 MHz		\leq –135 dBc/Hz (nominal)

1. No DC offset applied

2. 100 percent of Option B7C baseband IQ assemblies are measured in the factory. More than 80 percent of these instruments exceed this typical specification.

Baseband IQ inputs 50 Ω input terminated

 \leq -90 dBm (typical)²

0 to 5 MHz

Amplitude

The following amplitude specifications apply for all measurements unless otherwise noted within the measurement specification.

RF input

Maximum measurement	+30 dBm (1W)
power	
Maximum safe DC voltage	±26 Vdc
Maximum safe input	+35 dBm (3.16W)
power	

Baseband IQ inputs

Input ranges 50 Ω input impedance	-5 to +13 dBm in four ranges of 6 dB steps: -5 dBm, +1 dBm, +7 dBm, +13 dBm
Input ranges 600 Ω , 1 M Ω input impedance	–18 to 0 dBV in four ranges of 6 dB steps: –18 dBV, –12 dBV, –6 dBV, 0 dBV
Maximum safe voltage	±5 V (DC + AC)

Input attenuator

RF input

Range	0 to +40 dB
Step size	1 dB steps
Accuracy at 50 MHz	±0.3 dB relative to 10 dB attenuation

First LO emission from RF input

f _{emission} = center	\leq (–23 dBm – input
frequency ±321.4 MHz	attenuation) (nominal)

Third-order intermodulation distortion (RF input) Input power \leq +27 dBm, Pre-ADC Filter ON

	Distortion	ΤΟΙ
Tone separation \ge 5 MHz, 50 MHz to 4 GHz	< –56 dBc	+18 dBm (+23 dBm, typical)
Tone separation \ge 50 kHz, 30 MHz to 4 GHz	< –54 dBc	+17 dBm (+21 dBm, typical)

Absolute power measurement accuracy

DF ·

RF input	
+18 to +30 °C	
0 to 40 dB input attenuation (-2 to -28 dBm) + attenuat	
810 to 960 MHz	±0.60 dB (±0.4 dB, typical)
1710 to 2205 MHz	±0.60 dB (±0.4 dB, typical)
1428 to 1503 MHz	±0.60 dB (±0.5 dB, typical)
10 dB input attenuation +8 to –18 dBm	
400 to 2205 MHz	±0.75 dB
0 to 20 dB input attenuation (-2 to -28 dBm) + attenuat	
7 to 1000 MHz	±1.0 dB
1000 to 2205 MHz	±1.3 dB
2205 to 4000 MHz	±1.8 dB
Deschand IO insute	
Baseband IQ inputs	10 G dD / trained
Input impedance = 50 Ω , all ranges	±0.6 dB (typical) ³
Input impedance = 600 Ω , all ranges	
0 Hz to 1 MHz	±0.6 dB (typical) ³
1 to 5 MHz	±2.0 dB (typical) ³
Input impedance = 1 M Ω , all ranges	
Unbalanced	±0.7 dB (nominal)
Balanced	
0 to 1 MHz	±0.6 dB (nominal)
1 to 5 MHz	±2.0 dB (nominal)
Amplitude accuracy	
RF input (Relative to –2 dBm at the i	nnut mixor)
No averaging	input inixer)
-2 to -78 dBm	$\pm 0.25 dP (\pm 0.15 dP typical)$
	±0.25 dB (±0.15 dB, typical)
	±0.70 dB (±0.40 dB, typical) ±1.20 dB (±0.80 dB, typical)
–88 to –98 dBm	
With 10 averages	
–78 to –88 dBm	±0.25 dB (nominal)
–88 to –98 dBm	±0.35 dB (nominal)

(Relative to -12 dBm at the input mixer)

-12 to -62 dBm ±0.15 dB (±0.10 dB, typical)

^{3. 100} percent of Option B7C baseband IQ assemblies are measured in the factory. More than 80 percent of these instruments exceed this typical specification.

Amplitude linearity

Baseband IQ inputs 0 to -35 dB below range ±0.17 dB (typical)⁴

-35 to -55 dB below range ± 1.0 dB (typical)⁴

Displayed average noise level

RF input

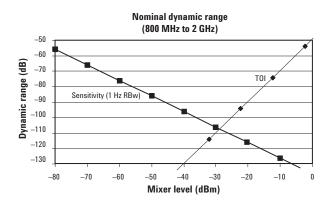
Input terminated in 50 $\Omega,$ 0 dB attenuation, 1 kHz RBW, 10 kHz span, +18 dB ADC gain

7 to 20 MHz	–103 dBm (–111 dBm, typical)
20 to 2000 MHz	–106 dBm (–111 dBm, typical)
2000 to 2700 MHz	–103 dBm (–108 dBm, typical)
2700 to 4000 MHz	–98 dBm (–104 dBm, typical)

Baseband IQ inputs

Input terminated in 50 Ω , 1 kHz RBW, 1 kHz to 5 MHz

+13 dBm range-100 dBm, (typical)+7 dBm range-105 dBm, (typical)+1 dBm range-108 dBm, (typical)-5 dBm range-110 dBm, (typical)



DC offset

Baseband IQ inputs	
After auto-zero	–55 dB below range, (typical) ⁴
Compensation for customer DC offset	\leq ±2.0 Vdc (typical) ⁴
Offset accuracy	±2.0% of range (nominal)
Channel match	
Baseband IQ inputs	
Amplitude match 0 to 5.0 MHz	±0.25 dB (typical) ⁴

Phase match 0 to 5.0 MHz ±2.0 degrees (typical)⁴

Crosstalk **Baseband IQ inputs** Input impedance = $50 \Omega < -60 \text{ dB (typical)}^4$ Input impedance = $600 \Omega < -52 \text{ dB (typical)}^4$

Common mode rejection

Baseband IQ inputs600 Ω balanced inputs0 to 0.5 MHz> 0.5 to 5.0 MHz< -35 dB (typical)⁴

Measurements

Waveform measurement

Range at RF input	
Maximum	+30 dBm (1 W)
Minimum	Displayed average noise level
Range at IQ input	
Maximum (50 Ω input)	+13 dBm (20 mW)
Maximum (600 Ω, 1 MΩ input)	1 V
Minimum	Displayed average noise level
Sweep time range	
RBW < 7.5 MHz	10 µs to 200 ms
RBW < 1 MHz	10 µs to 400 ms
RBW < 100 kHz	10 µs to 2 s
RBW < 10 kHz	10 µs to 20 s
Time record length	2 to > 900,000 points (nominal)
Resolution bandwidth 1, 1.5, 2, 3, 5, 7.5, 10 seque or arbitrary bandwidth (use	
Gaussian filter	10 Hz to 8 MHz
Flat filter	10 Hz to 10 MHz
Averaging	
Average number	1 to 10,000
Average mode	Exponential, repeat
Average type	Power average (RMS), log-power average (video), maximum, minimum
Displays	
RF input	Signal envelope, I/Q waveform, I/Q polar
Baseband IQ input	Signal envelope, linear envelope, I/Q waveform, I and Q waveform, I/Q polar
Markers	Normal, delta, band power

 100 percent of Option B7C baseband IQ assemblies are measured in the factory. More than 80 percent of these instruments exceed this typical specification.

Spectrum measurement	t	Trigger	
Range at RF input		Trigger sources	
Maximum	+30 dBm (1 W)	RF input	Free run (immediate), video (IF
Minimum	Displayed average noise level		envelope), RF burst (wideband),
Range at IQ input			frame timer, external front, external rear, line
Maximum (50 Ω input)	+13 dBm (20 mW)	Baseband IQ inputs	Free run (immediate), video (IQ
Maximum (600 Ω , 1 M Ω input)	0 dBV	·	envelope), external front input, external rear input, frame timer,
Minimum	Displayed average noise level	D.I.	
Span range		Delay range	-500 to +500 ms
RF input	10 Hz to 10 MHz	Delay accuracy	±33 ns
Composite I/Q input	10 Hz to 10 MHz	Delay resolution	33 ns
Baseband I or Q only	10 Hz to 5 MHz	Trigger slope	Positive, negative
inputs		Holdoff range	0 to 500 ms
Desclution DW/ non-us		Holdoff resolution	1 µs
Resolution BW range overall	100 mHz to 3 MHz 1, 1.5, 2, 3, 5, 7.5, 10 sequence	RF burst trigger	
	or arbitrary bandwidth user-definable	Peak carrier power range at RF input	+30 to40 dBm
Pre-FFT filter		Trigger level range	0 to –25 dB
Туре	Gaussian, flat	nigger level lange	(relative to signal peak)
BW	Auto, manual 1 Hz to 10 MHz	Bandwidth	> 15 MHz (nominal)
FFT window	Flat top; (high amplitude		
	accuracy); Uniform; Hanning; Hamming; Gaussian; Blackman; Blackman-Harris; Kaiser-Bessel 70, 90, 110	<i>Video (IF envelope)</i> Trigger range	+50 to –200 dBm
Averaging			
Average number	1 to 10,000		
Average mode	Exponential, repeat		
Average type	Power average (RMS), log-power average (video), maximum, minimum, voltage average		
Displays			
RF input	Spectrum, linear spectrum, I/Q waveform, spectrum and I/Q waveform, I/Q polar, adjacent channel power, power stat CCDF		
Baseband IQ inputs	Spectrum, linear spectrum, I/Q waveform, spectrum and I/Q waveform, I/Q polar, power stat CCDF		
Markers	Normal, delta, band power, noise		
Measurement resolution			
Displayed	0.01 dB		
Remote query	0.001 dB		

W-CDMA (Option E4406A-BAF) HSDPA/HSUPA (Option E4406A-210)

Channel power measurement

The channel power measurement measures the total RMS power in a user-specified bandwidth. The following specifications apply for the default bandwidth of 3.84 MHz for the 3GPP standard.

Minimum power at RF input	–70 dBm (nominal)
Absolute power accuracy, 18 to 30 °C	±0.63 dB (±0.41 dB, typical)
Measurement floor	-73 dBm (nominal)

ACPR measurement (ACLR)

The adjacent channel power ratio (ACPR) measurement measures up to five pairs of offset channels and relates them to the carrier power. The measurement result is a ratio of the channel power to the power in each offset. The results can be displayed as a ratio to the total power in each bandwidth, or as a ration of the power spectral density. Simulated spectrum analyzer mode is for those who are accustomed to spectrum analyzers.

Minimum power at RF input		–27 dBm (nominal)
ACPR accuracy		RRC weighted, 3.84 MHz noise bandwidth
Radio	Offset frequency	Specification
MS (UE)	5 MHz	±0.20 dB, at ACPR range of -30 to -36 dBc with optimum mixer level
MS (UE)	10 MHz	±0.30 dB, at ACPR range of -40 to -46 dBc with optimum mixer level
BTS	5 MHz	±0.93 dB, at ACPR range of -42 to -48 dBc with optimum mixer level
BTS	10 MHz	±0.82 dB, at ACPR range of -47 to -53 dBc with optimum mixer level
BTS	5 MHz	±0.39 dB, at –48 dBc non-coherent ACPR
Dynamic range		RRC weighted, 3.84 MHz noise bandwidth
Offset frequency		
5 MHz		–68 dB (nominal)
10 MHz		–72 dB (nominal)

Power statistics CCDF measurement

The complementary-cumulative distribution function (CCDF) traces provide you with how much time the waveform spends at or above a given power level. The percent of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level.

Minimum power at	–40 dBm, average (nominal)
RF input	
Histogram resolution	0.01 dB

Code domain measurement

The code domain measurement provides a tremendous amount of information about the in-channel characteristics of the W-CDMA signal. Code domain power (CDP) view directly informs the user of the active channels with their individual channel powers. The CDP view also leads you to symbol rate analysis such as symbol rate EVM and symbol power versus time.

Code domain power 25 to 35°C 95% confidence	
Minimum power at RF input	–70 dBm (nominal)
Relative code domain accuracy	Using Test Model 1 with 32 DPCH signal
$\pm 0.015 \text{ dB}^5$	Code domain power between 0 and –10 dBc
±0.08 dB ⁵	Code domain power between -10 and -30dBc
±0.15 dB ⁵	Code domain power between -30 to-40dBc
Symbol power vs. time	
Minimum power at RF input	–45 dBm (nominal)
Accuracy	Using Test Model 1 with 32 DPCH signal
±0.10 dB ⁵	Code domain power between 0 and –25 dBc
$\pm 0.50 \text{ dB}^5$	Code domain power between –25 to –40dBc
Symbol error vector magnit	tude
Minimum power at RF input	–45 dBm (nominal)
Accuracy	Using Test Model 1 with 32 DPCH signal
± 1.0%	Code domain power between 0 and –25 dBc

For more detail, please refer to the E4406A specifications that can be found at **www.agilent.com/find/vsa**

^{5.} Nominals in using test model 5 with 8 HS-PDSCH.

QPSK EVM measurement

The QPSK EVM measurement measures the modulation quality of QPSK modulated signal. This measurement provides an IQ constellation diagram, error vector magnitude (EVM) in RMS and peak as well as magnitude error versus chip, phase error versus chip, and EVM versus chip.

> QPSK selected -20 dBm (nominal)

QPSK EVM
Minimum power
at RF input
EVM
Operating range
Floor
Accuracy
I/Q origin offset
Range
Frequency error
Range

Accuracy

QPSK EVM

Minimum power at RF input EVM Operating range Floor Accuracy I/Q origin offset

Range Frequency error Range Accuracy 0 to 25% (nominal) 1.5% (nominal) ±1.0% (nominal) at EVM of 10% -10 to -50 dBc (nominal) ±300 kHz (nominal) ±10 Hz (nominal) +

(transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)

12.2k RMC selected

–20 dBm (nominal)

0 to 20% (nominal) 1.5% (nominal) ±1.0% (nominal) at EVM of 10%

-10 to -50 dBc (nominal)

±20 kHz (nominal)

±10 Hz (nominal) + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)

Modulation accuracy measurement (composite EVM)

Composite EVM is a measure of the performance of a W-CDMA transmitter's modulation circuitry. Composite EVM can be measured for a pilot channel along with other channel structures, i.e. multiple traffic channels.

Minimum power at RF input	–70 dBm (nominal)
Composite EVM	Using Test Model 4
Range	0 to 25% ⁶
Floor	1.5% ⁶
Accuracy	$\pm 1.0\%^{6}$
Peak code domain error	Using Test Model 3 with 16 DPCH w/spreading code of 256
Accuracy	±1.0 dB (nominal)
I/Q origin offset	
Range	–10 to –50 dBc (nominal)
Frequency error	Specified for CPICH power $\ge -15 \text{ dBc}$
Range	±500 Hz
Accuracy	±2 Hz + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)
Time offset	
Absolute frame offset accuracy	±150 nsec
Relative frame offset accuracy	±5.0 ns (nominal)
Relative offset accuracy (for STTD diff mode)	±1.25 nsec

Intermodulation distortion measurement

The intermodulation distortion measurement determines the third order and fifth order intermodulation products caused by nonlinear devices in the transmitter. This measurement is made with two single tones or a single tone and a modulated W-CDMA signal. The results are displayed in relative power to the carrier in dBc or in absolute power in dBm.

Minimum carrier power —20 dBm (nominal) at RF input

^{6.} Nominals in using test model 5 with 8 HS-PDSCH.

Power vs. time and power control measurement

Absolute power measurement

Using 5 MHz resolution bandwidth

Accuracy

0 to –20 dBm	±0.7 dB (nominal)
–20 to –60 dBm	±1.0 dB (nominal)

Relative power measurement

Accuracy

Step range \pm 1.5 dB	±0.1 dB (nominal)
Step range \pm 3.0 dB	±0.15 dB (nominal)
Step range \pm 4.5 dB	±0.2 dB (nominal)
Step range \pm 26.0 dB	±0.3 dB (nominal)

Multicarrier power measurement

This measurement is used for adjusting multicarrier power amplifiers to transmit well balanced multiple carriers. The measurement is similar to a combination of those for ACPR and intermodulation distortion product measurements giving in-channel and out-of-channel performance results. The results are displayed for the different frequency offsets either in relative power to the carrier in dBc or in absolute power in dBm.

Minimum carrier power at RF input	–15 dBm (nominal)
ACPR dynamic range, two carriers	RRC weighted, 3.84 MHz noise bandwidth
5 MHz offset	–64 dB (nominal)
10 MHz offset	–68 dB (nominal)

ACPR accuracy, two carriers

5 MHz offset, –48 dBc ACPR ±0.70 dB (nominal)

Spectrum emission mask measurement

The spectrum emission mask measurement measures the in-channel and out-of-channel spurious emissions to provide useful figures of merit for spectral regrowth and emissions produced by components and circuit blocks. Up to five pairs of offsets/regions can be defined in which the user can specify the start and stop frequencies, resolution bandwidth, and the start and stop amplitudes of the mask.

Minimum power at RF input	–20 dBm (nominal)
Dynamic range, relative	
2.515 MHz offset	–77.9 dB (–82.8 dB, typical)
1980 MHz region	–72.2 dB (–77.2 dB, typical)
Sensitivity, absolute	
2.515 MHz offset	–88.9 dBm (–93.9 dBm, typical)
1980 MHz region	–72.9 dBm (–77.9 dBm, typical)
Accuracy	
Diaplay - Aba Book Bu	$r \pm 0.60 dP (\pm 0.10 dP typical)$

Display = Abs Peak Pwr $\pm 0.60 \text{ dB} (\pm 0.40 \text{ dB}, \text{typical})$ Display = Rel Peak Pwg $\pm 0.25 \text{ dB}$

Occupied bandwidth measurement

Occupied bandwidth (OBW) measurement measures the frequency bandwidth corresponding to 99 percent of the total transmitted power.

Minimum carrier power at RF input	–20 dBm (nominal)
Frequency resolution	100 Hz
Frequency accuracy	$\frac{1.4\%}{\sqrt{N_{avg}}}$ (nominal)

Sub-clause	Name	3GPP required test instrument tolerance	Instrument tolerance interval	Supplemental information
6.2.1	Maximum output power	±0.7 dB (95%)	±0.29 dB (95%)	±0.63 dB (100%)
6.2.2	CPICH power accuracy	±0.8 dB (95%)	±0.30 dB (95%)	–10 dB CDP
6.3.4	Frequency error	±12 Hz (95%)	±10 Hz (100%)	Freq ref locked
6.4.2	Power control steps			
	1-dB step	±0.1 dB (95%)	±0.03 dB (95%)	Test Model 2
	0.5-dB step	±0.1 dB (95%)	±0.03 dB (95%)	Test Model 2
	Ten 1-dB steps	±0.1 dB (95%)	±0.03 dB (95%)	Test Model 2
	Ten 0.5-dB steps	±0.1 dB (95%)	±0.03 dB (95%)	Test Model 2
6.4.3	Power dynamic range	±1.1 dB (95%)	±0.50 dB (95%)	
6.4.4	Total power dynamic range	±0.3 dB (95%)	±0.015 dB (95%)	Ref –35 dBm at mixer
5.5.1	Occupied bandwidth	±100 kHz (95%)	±38 kHz (95%)	10 averages
6.5.2.1	Spectrum emission mask	±1.5 dB (95%)	±0.59 dB (95%)	Absolute peak
5.5.2.2	ACLR			
	5 MHz offset	±0.8 dB (95%)	±0.34 dB (95%)	±0.93 dB (100%)
	10 MHz offset	±0.8 dB (95%)	±0.40 dB (95%)	±0.82dB (100%)
6.7.1	EVM	±2.5% (95%)	±1.0% (95%)	Range 15 to 20%
6.7.2	Peak code domain error	±1.0 dB (95%)	±1.0 dB (nominal)	

Conformance with 3GPP TS 25.141 base station requirements for a manufacturing environment

Conditions

25 to 35 °C Derived tolerances 95th percentile 100% limit tested Calibration uncertainties included

cdma2000 (Option E4406A-B78) 1xEV-DV (Option E4406A-214)

Channel power measurement

Range at RF input	+30 to -80 dBm	
Absolute power accuracy for in-band signal (excluding mismatch error), 18 °C to 30 °C		
+30 to –28 dBm at RF input	±0.6 dB	
–28 to –50 dBm at RF input	±0.8 dB	
–50 to –80 dBm	±1.0 dB	
at RF input		

ACPR measurement

Power range	+30 to –20 dBm
at RF input	

Dynamic range (referenced to average power of carrier in 1.25 MHz BW)

Offset frequency	Integ BW	Dynamic range
750 kHz (BTS)	30 kHz	—82 dBc
885 kHz (MS)	30 kHz	—82 dBc
1.98 MHz	30 kHz	—85 dBc
Relative accuracy	±0.9 dB	

Power statistics CCDF measurement

Range at RF input	
Maximum	+30 dBm (average)
	+40 dBm (peak)
Minimum	–40 dBm (average)

QPSK EVM measurement

Range at RF input	+30 to -20 dBm
EVM	
Range	0 to 25% (nominal)
Floor	1.5% (nominal)
Accuracy	±1.0% (nominal)
I/Q origin offset	
Range	–10 to –50 dBc (nominal)
Frequency error	
Range	±500 Hz (nominal)
Accuracy	±10 Hz (nominal) + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)

Code domain measurement

Code domain power

Power range	Mixer level (RF input power minus attenuation) is between –15 and –5 dBm
Accuracy	QPSK modulated code signal
Relative range	-
0 to -10 dBc	$\pm 0.015 \text{ dB}^7$
−10 to −30 dBc −30 to −40 dBc	±0.18 dB ⁷ ±0.51 dB ⁷
Symbol power vs. time	QPSK modulated code signal
Range at RF input	+30 to -40 dBm
Accuracy	±0.3 dB (spread channel power is within 20 dB of total power; averaged power over a slot) ³
Symbol error vector magni	tude
Range at RF input	+30 to -20 dBm
Pilot time offset	
(from even second sign	al to start PN sequence)
Range	–13.33 to +13.33 ms
Accuracy	±250 ns
Resolution	10 ns
Intermodulation distortion	on
Range at RF input	+30 to20 dBm
Input intermodulation	+30 to –20 dBm –20 to –65 dBc
Input intermodulation	
Input intermodulation power range	—20 to —65 dBc
Input intermodulation power range Relative accuracy	–20 to –65 dBc ±1.5 dB 0.01 dB display resolution
Input intermodulation power range Relative accuracy Resolution	–20 to –65 dBc ±1.5 dB 0.01 dB display resolution
Input intermodulation power range Relative accuracy Resolution Spectrum emission mas	–20 to –65 dBc ±1.5 dB 0.01 dB display resolution <i>k measurement</i>
Input intermodulation power range Relative accuracy Resolution Spectrum emission mas Range at RF input	–20 to –65 dBc ±1.5 dB 0.01 dB display resolution <i>k measurement</i> +30 to –20 dBm
Input intermodulation power range Relative accuracy Resolution Spectrum emission mass Range at RF input Spectrum emission	-20 to -65 dBc ±1.5 dB 0.01 dB display resolution <i>k measurement</i> +30 to -20 dBm ≤ -136 dBc/Hz at 1 MHz offset
Input intermodulation power range Relative accuracy Resolution Spectrum emission mass Range at RF input Spectrum emission power range	-20 to -65 dBc ± 1.5 dB 0.01 dB display resolution <i>k measurement</i> +30 to -20 dBm ≤ -136 dBc/Hz at 1 MHz offset (nominal)
Input intermodulation power range Relative accuracy Resolution Spectrum emission mass Range at RF input Spectrum emission power range Relative accuracy	-20 to -65 dBc ±1.5 dB 0.01 dB display resolution <i>k measurement</i> +30 to -20 dBm ≤ -136 dBc/Hz at 1 MHz offset (nominal) ±1.0 dB 0.01 dB display resolution
Input intermodulation power range Relative accuracy Resolution <i>Spectrum emission mas</i> Range at RF input Spectrum emission power range Relative accuracy Resolution	-20 to -65 dBc ±1.5 dB 0.01 dB display resolution <i>k measurement</i> +30 to -20 dBm ≤ -136 dBc/Hz at 1 MHz offset (nominal) ±1.0 dB 0.01 dB display resolution
Input intermodulation power range Relative accuracy Resolution <i>Spectrum emission mas</i> Range at RF input Spectrum emission power range Relative accuracy Resolution <i>Occupied bandwidth me</i>	-20 to -65 dBc ±1.5 dB 0.01 dB display resolution <i>k measurement</i> +30 to -20 dBm ≤ -136 dBc/Hz at 1 MHz offset (nominal) ±1.0 dB 0.01 dB display resolution <i>easurement</i>
Input intermodulation power range Relative accuracy Resolution <i>Spectrum emission mass</i> Range at RF input Spectrum emission power range Relative accuracy Resolution <i>Occupied bandwidth me</i> Range at RF input	-20 to -65 dBc ±1.5 dB 0.01 dB display resolution <i>k measurement</i> +30 to -20 dBm ≤ -136 dBc/Hz at 1 MHz offset (nominal) ±1.0 dB 0.01 dB display resolution <i>easurement</i>
Input intermodulation power range Relative accuracy Resolution <i>Spectrum emission mas</i> Range at RF input Spectrum emission power range Relative accuracy Resolution <i>Occupied bandwidth me</i> Range at RF input Frequency	-20 to -65 dBc ± 1.5 dB 0.01 dB display resolution <i>k measurement</i> +30 to -20 dBm ≤ -136 dBc/Hz at 1 MHz offset (nominal) ± 1.0 dB 0.01 dB display resolution <i>easurement</i> +30 to -20 dBm

7. Nominals for 8PSK/16QAM modulated code signal.

Modulation accuracy measurement (composite rho)		$1 \times EV-DO$ (Option E4406A-204)	
Range at RF input	+30 to –50 dBm		
EVM		Channel power measu	urement
Range	0 to 25%	1.23 MHz integration BV	N
Floor	2.0% or less ⁸	Range at RF input	+30 dBm to –80 dBm
Resolution	0.01% display resolution	Absolute power accurac	
I/Q origin offset		(excluding mismatch en	,
Range	–10 to –50 dBc	+30 to –28 dBm at RF input	±0.6 dB
Resolution	0.02 dB display resolution	–28 to –50 dBm	±0.8 dB
Frequency error		at RF input	±0.0 ub
Range	±900 Hz	–50 to –80 dBm	±1.0 dB
Accuracy	±10 Hz + transmitter accuracy (nominal)	at RF input	
Resolution	±0.01 Hz display resolution	Power statistics CCDI	F measurement
Pilot time offset		Range at RF input	
Range	-13.33 to +13.33 ms	Maximum	+30 dBm (average)
Accuracy	±250 ns	Minimum	+40 dBm (peak)
Resolution	10 ns	Minimum	–40 dBm (average)
Code domain timing		Code domain measure	ement
Range	±200 ns		els, 16 channels of QPSK data
Accuracy	±1.25 ns	Code domain power	
Resolution	0.1 ns	Range at RF input	+30 to –50 dBm (nominal)
Code domain phase		Accuracy ±0.3 dB (nominal, s	±0.3 dB (nominal, spread
Range	±200 mrad		channel power is within 20 dB
Accuracy	±10 mrad		of total power)
Resolution	0.1 mrad		

^{8.} Nominal for 1xEV-DV signal.

QPSK EVM measureme	ent	Power vs. time	
Range at RF input	+30 to –20 dBm (nominal)	Range at RF input	+30 to –80 dBm (nominal)
EVM		Absolute power accuracy for in-band signal (excluding mismatch error), 18 °C to 30 °C	
Range Floor	0 to 25% (nominal) 1.5% (nominal)	+30 to –28 dBm at RF input	±0.6 dB (nominal)
Accuracy I/Q origin offset	±1.0% (nominal)	–28 to –50 dBm	±0.8 dB (nominal)
Range Frequency error	–10 to –50 dBc (nominal)	at RF input –50 to –80 dBm at RF input	±1.0 dB (nominal)
Range	±500 Hz (nominal)		
Accuracy	±10 Hz (nominal) +	Intermodulation distor	tion
	(transmitter frequency x	Input signal must not be bursted	
	frequency reference accuracy)	Range at RF input	+30 to -20 dBm
Modulation accuracy measurement (waveform quality)		Input intermodulation	
		Power range	—20 to —65 dBc
For Pilot, 2 MAC channels, 16 channels of QPSK data Range at RF input +30 to -50 dBm (nominal)	Relative accuracy	±1.5 dB	
EVM	+30 to –50 dBm (nominal)	Resolution	0.01 dB display resolution
Range	0 to 25% (nominal)	Spurious emissions & ACP	
Floor	2.5% or less (nominal)	, Range at RF input	+30 to –20 dBm
Accuracy	$\pm 1.0\%$ at the range of 5% to 25%	Spectrum emission	
Rho		Power range	–136 dBc/Hz at 1 MHz offset
Range	0.9 to 1.0	-	(nominal)
Floor	> 0.99938	Relative accuracy	±1.0 dB
Accuracy	(0.99938 equals 2.5%EVM) ±0.0010 at 0.99751 Rho	Resolution	0.01 dB display resolution
	(5% EVM) ±0.0044 at 0.94118 Rho (25% EVM)	Occupied bandwidth measurement	
		Range at RF input	+30 dBm to -20 dBm
Frequency error		Frequency	
Range	±400 Hz (nominal)	Resolution 1 kHz	
Accuracy	±10 Hz (nominal) + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)	Accuracy	±3 kHz at 1 kHz resolution bandwidth
Resolution	0.01 Hz display resolution		
I/Q origin offset			
Range	–10 to –50 dBc (nominal)		

Range Resolution

0.02 dB display resolution

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cdmaOne (Option E4406A-BAC)

Channel power measurement

Range at RF input	+30 to80 dBm	
Integration bandwidth	1 kHz to 10 MHz	
range	(default is 1.23 MHz)	
Absolute power accuracy for in-band signal		

(excluding mismatch error), 18 °C to 30 °C

RF input

+30 to -28 dBm	$\pm 0.6 \text{ dB}$	(±0.4 dB, typical)
–28 to –50 dBm	±0.8 dB	(±0.7 dB, typical)
–50 to –80 dBm	±1.0 dB	(±0.9 dB, typical)

Relative power accuracy (same channel, different transmit power, input attenuator fixed) input level change

0 to –76 dB

 $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ ($\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$, typical)

Code domain measurement (base station)

Range at RF input	+30 to –30 dBm	
Measurement interval	0.25 to 30 ms	
range		
Code domain power (measurement interval 1.25 ms)		
Display dynamic range	50 dB	
Accuracy	±0.3 dB (Walsh channel power within 20 dB of total power)	
Resolution	0.01 dB	
Other reported power parameters	Average active traffic, maximum inactive traffic, average inactive traffic, pilot, paging, sync channels	
Frequency error accuracy	±10 Hz (excludes frequency reference)	
Pilot time offset (from ever PN sequence)	n second signal to start of	
Range	-13.33 to +13.33 ms	
Accuracy	±250 ns	
Resolution	10 ns	
Code domain timing (pilot to code-channel time tolerance)		
Range	±200 ns	
Accuracy	±10 ns	
Resolution	0.1 ns	
Code domain phase (pilot to code-channel phase tolerance)		
Range	±200 mrad	
Accuracy	±20 mrad	
Resolution	0.1 mrad	

Modulation accuracy (r	ho) measurement	Adjacent channel powe	er ratio measurement
Power range at RF input	+30 to -40 dBm	Power range at RF input	+30 to –20 dBm
Measurement interval range	0.25 to 30 ms	Dynamic range (reference 1.23 MHz BW)	ed to average power of carrier in
Rho (waveform quality) (u	sable range 0.5 to 1.0)	Offset frequency	Integ BW Dynamic range
Range	0.9 to 1.0	750 kHz	30 kHz -82 dBc
Accuracy	±0.005	885 kHz	30 kHz -82 dBc
Resolution	0.0001	1.25625 MHz	12.5 kHz —86 dBc
	y error excludes instrument	1.98 MHz	30 kHz –85 dBc
time base error)		2.75 MHz	1 MHz –56 dBc
Input frequency	±900 Hz	Relative accuracy	±0.9 dB
error range	10.11-	Resolution	0.01 dB
Accuracy	±10 Hz + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)	Spurious close measure (at transmitter maximu	
Resolution	0.1 Hz	Carrier power range at +30 to -30 dBm	
Pilot time offset (from eve of PN sequence)	n second signal to start	RF input	+30 to -30 ubin
Range	-13.33 to +13.33 ms	Minimum spurious	–70 dBm (30 kHz RBW)
Accuracy	±250 ns	emission power sensitivity at RF input	
Resolution	10 ns	Absolute accuracy for	±1.0 dB
EVM		in-band signal	±1.0 uD
Floor	2.5% (1.8%, typical)	Relative accuracy	±1.0 dB
Accuracy	±0.5%	Resolution	0.01 dB
Resolution	0.1%		
Carrier feedthrough		Demod sync	
Accuracy	±2.0 dB	Even second input	Level and impedance same as
Resolution	0.1 dB		external trigger
Magnitude error		PN offset range	0 to 511 x 64 (chips)
Accuracy	±0.5%	In-band frequency range	
Resolution	±0.01%	IS-95	824 to 849 MHz 869 to 894 MHz
Phase error	+10 degrees	J-STD-008	1850 to 1910 MHz
Accuracy Bosolution	±1.0 degrees		1930 to 1990 MHz
Resolution	0.1 degrees		

EDGE/GSM (Option E4406A-202) $3\pi/8$ 8PSK Modulation **GSM** (Option E4406A-BAH) **GSMK Modulation**

Power versus time measurement

Power versus time measures the average power during the "useful part" of the EDGE or GSM burst and verifies that the power ramp is within the EDGE or GSM mask. The specified EDGE or GSM masks for both base transceiver stations and mobile stations are provided. Power versus time also lets you view the rise, fall, and "useful part" of the burst. The timings are referenced to the transmitter from bit 13 to 14 of the training sequence (midamble).

Power vs. time and EDGE power vs. time

GMSK modulation (GSM) $3\pi/8$ shifted 8PSK modulation (EDGE)

Measures mean transmitted RF carrier power during the useful part of the burst (GSM method) and the power vs. time ramping. 510 kHz RBW

Minimum carrier power -30 dBm (nominal) at RF input for GSM and EDGE

Absolute power accuracy for in-band signal (excluding mismatch error)

18 to 30 °C;	–0.11 ± 0.60 dB (–0.11 ± 0.40 dB, typical)
0 to 55 °C;	-0.11 ± 0.90 dB
Power ramp relative accuracy	Referenced to mean transmitted power
RF input range = Auto +6 dB to noise	±0.26 dB
Mixer level ≤ -12 dBm +6 dB to noise	±0.26 dB
Measurement floor	81 dBm + input attenuation (nominal)
Time resolution	200 ns
Burst to mask uncertainty	± 0.2 bit (approx $\pm 0.7 \ \mu$ s)

EDGE EVM measurement

EDGE EVM

The EDGE EVM measurement measures the modulation quality of the $3\pi/8$ 8PSK modulated signal providing you with IQ constellation diagram, error vector magnitude (EVM) in RMS and peak, 95 percentile, and I/Q origin offset.

 $3\pi/8$ shifted 8PSK modulation (Error Vector Magnitude) Specifications based on 3GPP essential conformance requirements, and are based on 200 bursts

Carrier power range at RF input	–45 dBm (nominal)
EVM	
Range	0 to 25% (nominal)
Floor (RMS)	0.5%, (0.3%, typical)
Accuracy (RMS)	±0.5% (Power range at RF input from +27 to –12 dBm, EVM range 1% to 11%)
Frequency error	±1 Hz + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)
I/Q origin offset range	–20 to –45 dBc
Trigger to T0 time offset	

Relative offset accuracy ±5.0 ns (nominal)

Output RF spectrum measurement

The output RF spectrum measurements determine the spectral energy emitted into the adjacent channels. The measurements are divided into two types: spectrum due to $3\pi/8$ 8PSK or GMSK modulation and noise, and spectrum due to switching transients (burst ramping). A single offset can be examined with a corresponding trace, or up to 15 offsets can be measured with a tabular data display.

Minimum carrier power at RF input	-15 dBm (nominal)		
ORFS relative RF power uncertainty			
Due to modulation			
Offsets \leq 1.2 MHz	±0.26 dB		
$Offsets \geq 1.8 \ MHz$	±0.36 dB		
Due to switching	±0.27 dB (no	minal)	
ORFS absolute RF power accuracy 20 to 30 °C	±0.60 dB (±0	.40 dB, typical)	
Dynamic range	5-pole sync-t	uned filters	
Spectrum due to modulation	Methods: dire	ect time and FFT	
Offset frequency	GSM	EDGE	
100 kHz	67.7 dB	67.7 dB	
200 kHz	73.3 dB	73.3 dB	
250 kHz	76.3 dB	76.3 dB	
400 kHz	78.4 dB	77.9 dB	
600 kHz	81.1 dB	80.2 dB	
1.2 MHz	85.0 dB	83.3 dB	
1.8 MHz	90.3 dB	82.4 dB	
6.0 MHz	94.0 dB	85.3 dB	
Spectrum due to switching			
Offset frequency			
400 kHz	68.7 dB (1009	%) 71.2 dB (95%)	
600 kHz	71.0 dB (1009	%) 73.1 dB (95%)	
1.2 MHz	74.1 dB (1009	%) 77.0 dB (95%)	
1.8 MHz	78.4 dB (1009	%) 80.4 dB (95%)	

Transmit power measurement

The transmit power measurement determines the average power for an RF signal burst at or above a user specified threshold value. The threshold value may be absolute, or relative to the peak value of the signal.

Transmit power	GMSK modulation (GSM)
Carrier power range at	+30dBm(1W) to -60 dBm
Absolute power accuracy for in-band signal (excluding mismatch error)	+30 to –40dBm at RF input
+18 to 30 °C	±0.6 dB (±0.4 dB, typical)
0 to +55 °C	±0.9 dB
Relative power accuracy (same channel, different transmit power, input attenuator fixed), input level change 0 to -76 dB	±0.25dB (±0.1dB, typical)
Resolution	
Displayed	0.01dB
Remote query	0.001dB
Instrument repeatability	±0.05 dB (nominal)

Phase and frequency error measurement

Phase and frequency error measures the modulation quality of a GSM transmitter. Phase and frequency error can be displayed both numerically and or graphically. A binary representation of the demodulated data bits is also available.

Phase and Frequency Error	GMSK modulation (GSM) Specifications based on 3GPP essential conformance requirements, and are based on 200 bursts.
Carrier power range at RF Input	+27 to –45 dBm (nominal)
Phase error	
Floor (RMS)	<0.5°
Accuracy (RMS)	±0.5° (phase error range 1° to 15°)
Peak phase error	
Floor	<1.5°
Accuracy	±2.0° (phase error range 3° to 25°)

Frequency error	
Accuracy	±5 Hz + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)
I/Q offset	
Range	–15 to –50 dBc (nominal)
Burst sync time uncertainty	±0.1 bit (approx. ±0.4 µs)
Trigger to T0 time offset	
Relative offset accuracy	±5.0 ns (nominal)
Burst sync	
Source	Training sequence, RF amplitude, external rear, none. Actual available choices dependent on measurement.
Training sequence code	GSM defined 0 to 7 auto (search) or manual
Burst type	Normal (TCH and CCH), Sync (SCH), Access (RACH)
In-band frequency range	
Down band GSM	400 to 500 MHz
GSM 900, P-GSM	890 to 915 MHz 935 to 960 MHz
GSM 900, E-GSM	880 to 915 MHz 925 to 960 MHz
DCS 1800	1710 to 1785 MHz 1805 to 1880 MHz
PCS1900	1850 to 1910 MHz 1930 to 1990 MHz
GSM 450	450.4 to 457.6 MHz 460.4 to 467.6 MHz
GSM480	478.8 to 486 MHz 488.8 to 496 MHz
GSM850	824 to 849 MHz 869 to 894 MHz

NADC/PDC (Option E4406A-BAE)

ACPR measurement

+27 to -20 dBm Carrier power range at RF input Dynamic range NADC mode Offset frequency (Integ BW) 30 kHz (32.8 kHz) -35 dB (nominal) 60 kHz (32.8 kHz) -65 dB 90 kHz (32.8 kHz) -70 dB PDC mode Offset frequency (Integ BW) 50 kHz (21.0 kHz) -55 dB 100 kHz (21.0 kHz) -70 dB **Relative accuracy** Resolution ±1.0 dB **Display resolution** 0.01 dB

EVM measurement

EVM measurement measures the modulation quality of pi/4QPSK modulated signal providing you with IQ constellation diagram, error vector magnitude (EVM) in RMS and peak as well as each chip of magnitude error, phase error and EVM.

Range at RF input (Common in NADC and PDC)	+27 to -20 dBm
EVM	
Range	0 to 25%
Floor	1.0%
Accuracy	±0.6%
I/Q origin offset	
Range	–10 to –50 dBc
Resolution	0.01 dB display resolution
Carrier frequency error	
Frequency resolution	0.01 Hz display resolution

OBW measurement (PDC only)

Range at RF input	+27 to -20 dBm
Frequency	
Resolution	0.1 kHz
Accuracy	+400 Hz, -100 Hz

In-band frequency range (NADC)

	, ,
800 MHz band	
Mobile transmit	824 to 849 MHz
Base station transmit	869 to 894 MHz
PCS band	
Mobile transmit	1850 to 1910 MHz
Base station transmit	1930 to 1990 MHz

In-band frequency range (PDC)

810 to 828 MHz 940 to 958 MHz
940 to 958 MHz 870 to 885 MHz
925 to 940 MHz
838 to 840 MHz 893 to 895 MHz
1477 to 1501 MHz 1429 to 1453 MHz

General characteristics

Temperature range	
Operating	0 to +55 °C
Non-operating	–40 to +71 °C

EMI compatibility

Conducted and radiated emission is in compliance with CISPR Pub. 11/1990 Group 1 Class A.

Radiated immunity (RF input)

When tested at 3 V/m according to IEC 801-3/1984, the displayed average noise level will be within specifications over the full immunity test frequency range of 27 to 500 MHz, except that at immunity test frequencies of 278.6 MHz \pm selected resolution bandwidth and 321.4 MHz \pm selected resolution bandwidth, the displayed average noise level may be up to -90 dBm. When the analyzer tuned frequency is identical to the immunity test signal frequency there may be signals of up to \pm 90 dBm displayed on the screen.

Electrostatic

In accordance with IEC 801-2/1991, an discharge air discharge of up to 8 kV, or a contact discharge of up to 4 kV, will not cause any change of instrument state or measurement data. However, discharges to center pins of front or rear panel connectors might cause damage to the associated circuitry.

Power requirements

Voltage, frequency	90 to 132 V rms, 47 to 440 Hz 195 to 250 V rms, 47 to 66 Hz
Power consumption, ON	< 350 W
Power consumption, standby	< 20 W
Weight	
Net	19 kg (42 lb) (nominal) 20 kg (44 lb) with baseband IQ inputs
Shipping	39 kg (86 lb) (nominal)
Dimensions	
	177 mm H x 426 mm W x 432 mm D (7.0 in H x 16.8 in W x 17 in D)
Front panel	
RF input	
Connector	Type N female
Impedance	50 Ω (nominal)
VSWR	
20 to 2205 MHz	\leq 1.4:1 (\leq 1.24:1, typical)
2205 MHz to 4 GHz	\leq 1.6:1 (\leq 1.4:1, typical)
50 MHz	\leq 1.4:1 (\leq 1.08:1, typical)
Baseband I/Q inputs	Supports: Basic, W-CDMA/ HSDPA, cdma2000/1xEV-DV, and EDGE/GSM modes
Connectors	(4 each I, Q, Ī, Q) BNC female
Balanced input impedance (4 connectors: I, Q, Ī, and Q)	600 Ω, 1 MΩ (nominal) (switchable)
Unbalanced input impedance (2 connectors: I and Q)	50 Ω, 1 MΩ (nominal) (switchable)
VSWR 50 Ω impedance only	≤ 1.4:1 (≤ 1.08:1, typical)

Ρ

Probe pwr		
Voltage/current	+15 Vdc, ±7% at 150 mA	
	maximum	
	–12.6 Vdc, ±10% at 150 mA	
Rear panel	maximum	
10 MHz OUT		
Connector	BNC female	
Impedance	50 Ω (nominal)	
Output amplitude	\geq 0 dBm (nominal)	
EXT REF IN		
Connector	BNC female	
Impedance	50 Ω (nominal)	
Input amplitude range	–5 to +10 dBm (nominal)	
Maximum DC level	±28 Vdc	
Frequency	1 MHz to 30 MHz, selectable	
Frequency lock range	±5 x 10–6 of the specified external reference input frequency	
TRIGGER IN		
Connector	BNC female	
Impedance	–10 k Ω (nominal)	
Trigger level	–5 to +5 V	
TRIGGER 1 OUT and TRIGGER 2 OUT		
Connector	BNC female	
Impedance	50 k Ω (nominal)	
Trigger level	0 to +5 V (no load)	
MONITOD autout		
MONITOR output		
Connector	VGA compatible, 15-pin mini D-SUB	
Format	VGA (31.5 kHz horizontal, 60 Hz vertical sync rates, noninterlaced)	
Resolution	640 x 480	
PARALLEL interface		
Allows printing to comp	atible printers	
Anows printing to compatible printers		
GPIB interface		
Allows communication with compatible devices		
LAN interface		
Allows communication with 10baseT LAN		

Note: Instrument noise sidebands and spurious responses might be affected by the quality of the external reference used.

Agilent E4406A vector signal analyzer product and application information

Agilent E4406A Vector Signal Analyzer, Brochure Literature number 5968-7618E

PSA Series Spectrum Analyzers E4406A Vector Signal Analyzer Technical Overviews

- W-CDMA and HSDPA/HSUPA Measurement Personality Literature number 5988-2388EN
- cdma2000 and 1xEV-DV Measurement Personality Literature number 5988-3694EN
- 1xEV-DO Measurement Personality Literature number 5988-4828EN
- GSM with EDGE Measurement Personality Literature number 5988-2389EN

Select the Right Agilent Signal Analyzer for Your Needs, Selection Guide Literature number 5968-3413E

Application notes

AN 1298 Digital Modulation in Communications Systems – An Introduction Literature number 5965-7160E

AN 1311 Understanding CDMA Measurements for Base Stations and Their Components Literature number 5968-0953E

AN 1312 Understanding GSM/EDGE Transmitter and Receiver Measurements for Base Transceiver Stations and their Components Literature number 5968-2320E

AN 1313 Testing and Troubleshooting Digital RF Communications Transmitter Designs Literature number 5968-3578E

AN 1314 Testing and Troubleshooting Digital RF Communications Receiver Designs Literature number 5968-3579E

AN 1324 Understanding PDC and NADC Transmitter Measurements for Base Transceiver Stations and Mobile Stations, Literature number 5968-5537E

AN 1335 HPSK Spreading for 3G, Literature number 5968-8438E AN 1355 Designing and Testing 3GPP W-CDMA Base Stations Literature number 5980-1239E

AN 1356 Designing and Testing 3GPP W-CDMA User Equipment Literature number 5980-1238E

AN 1357 Designing and Testing cdma2000 Base Stations Literature number 5980-1303E

AN 1358 Designing and Testing cdma2000, Mobile Stations Literature number 5980-1237E

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