**CEN** 

CWA 16926-65

WORKSHOP

February 2020

# **AGREEMENT**

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**English version** 

Extensions for Financial Services (XFS) interface specification - Release 3.40 - Part 65: PIN Device Class Interface - Migration from version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

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# **European Foreword**

This CEN Workshop Agreement has been developed in accordance with the CEN-CENELEC Guide 29 "CEN/CENELEC Workshop Agreements – The way to rapid consensus" and with the relevant provisions of CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations – Part 2. It was approved by a Workshop of representatives of interested parties on 2019-10-08, the constitution of which was supported by CEN following several public calls for participation, the first of which was made on 1998-06-24. However, this CEN Workshop Agreement does not necessarily include all relevant stakeholders.

The final text of this CEN Workshop Agreement was provided to CEN for publication on 2019-12-12.

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The CWA is published as a multi-part document, consisting of:

- Part 1: Application Programming Interface (API) Service Provider Interface (SPI) Programmer's Reference
- Part 2: Service Classes Definition Programmer's Reference
- Part 3: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 4: Identification Card Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 5: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 6: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 7: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 8: Depository Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 9: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 10: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 11: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 12: Camera Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 13: Alarm Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 14: Card Embossing Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 15: Cash-In Module Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 16: Card Dispenser Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 17: Barcode Reader Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 18: Item Processing Module Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 19: Biometrics Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Parts 20 28: Reserved for future use.
- Parts 29 through 47 constitute an optional addendum to this CWA. They define the integration between the SNMP standard and the set of status and statistical information exported by the Service Providers.
- Part 29: XFS MIB Architecture and SNMP Extensions Programmer's Reference

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- Part 30: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Printer Device Class
- Part 31: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Identification Card Device Class
- Part 32: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Cash Dispenser Device Class
- Part 33: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions PIN Keypad Device Class
- Part 34: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Check Reader/Scanner Device Class
- Part 35: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Depository Device Class
- Part 36: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Text Terminal Unit Device Class
- Part 37: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class
- Part 38: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Camera Device Class
- Part 39: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Alarm Device Class
- Part 40: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Card Embossing Unit Class
- Part 41: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Cash-In Module Device Class
- Part 42: Reserved for future use.
- Part 43: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class
- Part 44: XFS MIB Application Management
- Part 45: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Card Dispenser Device Class
- Part 46: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Barcode Reader Device Class
- Part 47: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Item Processing Module Device Class
- Part 48: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Biometrics Device Class
- Parts 49 60 are reserved for future use.
- Part 61: Application Programming Interface (API) Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Service Provider Interface (SPI) Programmer's Reference
- Part 62: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 63: Identification Card Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 64: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 65: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 66: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 67: Depository Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 68: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 69: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 70: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 71: Camera Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 72: Alarm Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 73: Card Embossing Unit Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40

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(this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 74: Cash-In Module Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 75: Card Dispenser Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 76: Barcode Reader Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 77: Item Processing Module Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

In addition to these Programmer's Reference specifications, the reader of this CWA is also referred to a complementary document, called Release Notes. The Release Notes contain clarifications and explanations on the CWA specifications, which are not requiring functional changes. The current version of the Release Notes is available online from: <a href="https://www.cen.eu/work/Sectors/Digital society/Pages/WSXFS.aspx">https://www.cen.eu/work/Sectors/Digital society/Pages/WSXFS.aspx</a>.

The information in this document represents the Workshop's current views on the issues discussed as of the date of publication. It is provided for informational purposes only and is subject to change without notice. CEN makes no warranty, express or implied, with respect to this document.

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# 1. Migration Information

XFS 3.40 has been designed to minimize backwards compatibility issues. This document highlights the changes made to the PIN device class between version 3.30 and 3.40, by highlighting the additions and deletions to the text.

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# 2. PIN Keypad

This section describes the application program interface for personal identification number keypads (PIN pads) and other encryption/decryption devices. This description includes definitions of the service-specific commands that can be issued, using the WFSAsyncExecute, WFSExecute, WFSGetInfo and WFSAsyncGetInfo functions.

This section describes the general interface for the following functions:

- Administration of encryption devices
- Loading of encryption keys
- Encryption / decryption
- Entering Personal Identification Numbers (PINs)
- PIN verification
- PIN block generation (encrypted PIN)
- Clear text data handling
- Function key handling
- PIN presentation to chipcard
- Read and write safety critical Terminal Data from/to HSM
- HSM and Chipcard Authentication
- EMV 4.0 PIN blocks, EMV 4.0 public key loading, static and dynamic data verification

If the PIN pad device has local display capability, display handling should be handled using the Text Terminal Unit (TTU) interface.

The adoption of this specification does not imply the adoption of a specific security standard.

Important Notes:

- This revision of this specification does not define all key management procedures; some key management is still vendor-specific.
- Key space management is customer-specific, and is therefore handled by vendor-specific mechanisms.
- Only numeric PIN pads are handled in this specification.

This specification also supports the Hardware Security Module (HSM), which is necessary for the German ZKA Electronic Purse transactions. Furthermore the HSM stores terminal specific data.

This data will be compared against the message data fields (Sent and Received ISO8583 messages) prior to HSM-MAC generation/verification. HSM-MACs are generated/verified only if the message fields match the data stored.

Keys used for cryptographic HSM functions are stored separate from other keys. This must be considered when importing keys.

This version of PIN pad complies to the current ZKA specification 3.0. It supports loading and unloading against card account for both card types (Type 0 and Type 1) of the ZKA electronic purse. It also covers the necessary functionality for 'Loading against other legal tender'.

Key values are passed to the API as binary hexadecimal values, for example: 0123456789ABCDEF = 0x01 0x23 0x45 0x67 0x89 0xAB 0xCD 0xEF

When hex values are passed to the API within strings, the hex digits 0xA to 0xF can be represented by characters in the ranges 'a' to 'f' or 'A' to 'F'.

The following commands and events were initially added to support the German ZKA standard, but may also be used for other national standards:

- WFS\_INF\_PIN\_HSM\_TDATA
- WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_HSM\_SET\_TDATA
- WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND

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- WFS CMD PIN SECURE MSG RECEIVE
- WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_JOURNAL
- WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_OPT\_REQUIRED
- WFS CMD PIN HSM INIT
- WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_HSM\_TDATA\_CHANGED

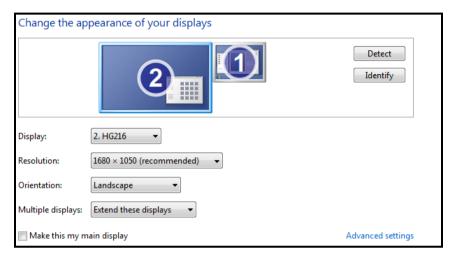
Certain levels of the PCI EPP security standards specify that if a key encryption key is deleted or replaced, then all keys in the hierarchy under that key encryption key are also removed. Key encryption keys have the WFS\_PIN\_USEKEYENCKEY type of access. Applications can check impact of key deletion using WFS\_INF\_PIN\_KEY\_DETAIL or WFS\_INF\_PIN\_KEY\_DETAIL\_EX.

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# 2.1 Encrypting Touch Screen (ETS)

An encrypting touch screen device is a touch screen securely attached to a cryptographic device. It can be used as an alternative to an encrypting pin pad (EPP). It supports key management, encryption and decryption.

It is assumed that the ETS is a combined device. It overlays a display monitor which is used to display lead-through for a transaction. It is assumed that the display monitor is part of the Windows desktop, and can be the Windows primary monitor or any other monitor on the desktop. E.g. the following diagram shows 2 monitors extended across the desktop, with monitor 1 being the primary monitor and the ETS being overlaid on monitor 2 whose origin is (-1680.0).



The touch screen can optionally be used as a "mouse" for application purposes, while XFS PIN operations are not in progress or optionally when non-secure XFS PIN commands are in progress.

The CEN interface supports two types of ETS

- Those which activate touch areas defined by the application.
- Those which activate a random variation of touch areas defined by the application.

The Service Provider, when reporting its capabilities, reports the absolute position of the ETS in Windows desktop coordinates. This allows the application to locate the ETS device in a multi-monitor system and relate it to a monitor on the desktop.

At any point in time, a single touch area of the ETS can operate in one of 4 modes:-

- Mouse mode a "touch" simulates a mouse click. This mode is optional. This may not be supported by some ETS devices. Configuration of the click is vendor specific. e.g. WM\_LBUTTONDOWN. This is also the mode that, if supported, is active when none of the other modes are active.
- **XFS Data mode** a "touch" maps to an XFS key and the value of the key is returned in an event (as in clear numeric entry using WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_DATA).
- XFS PIN mode a "touch" maps to an XFS key and the value of the key is returned in an event only if the key pressed is not WFS\_PIN\_FK\_0 through WFS\_PIN\_FK\_9 (as in PIN entry using WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN).
- XFS Secure mode a "touch" maps to an XFS key and the value of the key is returned in an event only if the key pressed is not WFS\_PIN\_FK\_0 through WFS\_PIN\_FK\_9 and not WFS\_PIN\_FK\_A through WFS\_PIN\_FK F (as in key entry using WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_ENTRY).

The following concepts are introduced to define the relationship between the monitor and the ETS:-

- Touch Key an area of the monitor which reacts to touch in XFS Data, PIN and Secure modes.
- Touch Frame an area of the monitor onto which Touch Keys can be placed. There can be one or more Touch Frames. There may be just one Touch Frame which covers the whole monitor. Areas within a Touch Frame, not defined as a Touch Key, do not react to touch. Generally in XFS PIN and Secure modes, there would be only one Touch Frame covering the whole monitor. An empty Touch Frame disables that part of the monitor.

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- Mouse area an area outside of all Touch Frames in which touches behave like a mouse
- Thus XFS Data, PIN and Secure modes operate in a single Touch Frame or multiple Touch Frames. Mouse mode operates outside a Touch Frame, and is optional.

Note that there is a perceived risk in separating the drawing functionality from the touch functionality, but this type of risk is present in today's keyboard based systems. e.g. An application can draw on a monitor to prompt the user to enter a PIN and then enables the EPP for clear data entry. So the risk is no different than with an EPP – the application has to be trusted.

Depending upon the type of device, the application must then either inform the Service Provider as to the active key positions in the form of Touch Frames and Touch Keys using the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_DEFINE\_LAYOUT command, or obtain them from the Service Provider using the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_GET\_LAYOUT command. This collection is now referred to as a "Touch Keyboard definition".

The application then uses the normal PIN commands to enable the touch keyboard definition on the ETS device:

• PIN entry WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN

Clear data entry
 WFS CMD PIN GET DATA

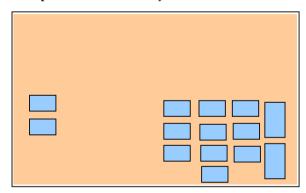
• Secure key entry WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_ENTRY

These commands are referred to as "keyboard entry commands" throughout the remainder of this document.

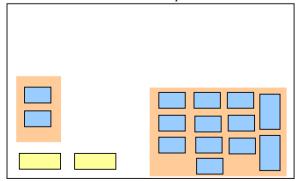
PCI compliance means that WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_ENTRY can only be used with a single Touch Frame that covers the entire monitor. i.e. Mouse mode cannot be mixed with either XFS PIN or Secure mode. If a Touch Key (or areas) is defined for an XFS key value and that key value is not subsequently specified as active in a WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN, WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_DATA or WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_ENTRY command, then the Touch Key is made inactive.

Layouts defined with the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_DEFINE\_LAYOUT command are persistent.

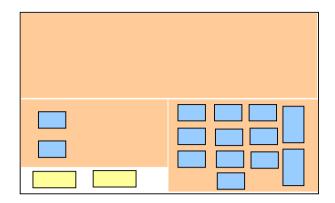
Example 1 – this screen only uses XFS Data mode – the entire screen is a Touch Frame. Mouse mode is not used.



**Example 2** – this shows a monitor with two Touch Frames and 14 Touch Keys. The space within the Touch Frames not defined by a Touch Key are inactive (do not respond to touch). All areas outside a Touch Frame operate in Mouse mode. This example shows two Mouse mode "keys". e.g. Windows "Button", HTML "BUTTON" or a custom control. Other touches in Mouse mode are normally dealt with by the application event engine. However, this can be restricted – see example 3.



**Example 3** – this screen uses Mouse and XFS Data modes – Mouse mode is used only in a restricted area. The touch keyboard definition has 3 frames. Frame 1 has no Touch Keys. Frame 2 has 2 Touch Keys; Frame 3 has 12 Touch Keys.



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# 4. Info Commands

# 4.1 WFS\_INF\_PIN\_STATUS

**Description** This command returns several kinds of status information.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSPINSTATUS lpStatus;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_status
     WORD
                                fwDevice;
     WORD
                                fwEncStat;
     LPSTR
                                lpszExtra;
                                dwGuidLights[WFS PIN GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
     DWORD
     WORD
                                fwAutoBeepMode;
                                dwCertificateState;
     DWORD
                                wDevicePosition;
     WORD
     USHORT
                                usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
     WORD
                                wAntiFraudModule;
     } WFSPINSTATUS, *LPWFSPINSTATUS;
```

#### fwDevice

Specifies the state of the PIN pad device as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE	The device is online (i.e. powered on and
	operable).
WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE	The device is offline (e.g. the operator has
	taken the device offline by turning a switch).
WFS_PIN_DEVPOWEROFF	The device is powered off or physically not
	connected.
WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE	There is no device intended to be there; e.g.
	this type of self service machine does not
	contain such a device or it is internally not
	configured.
WFS_PIN_DEVHWERROR	The device is inoperable due to a hardware
	error.
WFS_PIN_DEVUSERERROR	The device is present but a person is
	preventing proper device operation.
WFS_PIN_DEVBUSY	The device is busy and unable to process an
	execute command at this time.
WFS_PIN_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT	The device is present but is inoperable
	because it has detected a fraud attempt.
WFS_PIN_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD	The device has detected a potential fraud
	attempt and is capable of remaining in
	service. In this case the application should
	make the decision as to whether to take the
	device offline.

## fwEncStat

Specifies the state of the encryption module as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_ENCREADY	The encryption module is initialized and ready (at least one key is imported into the
	encryption module).
WFS_PIN_ENCNOTREADY	The encryption module is not available or
	not ready due to hardware error or
	communication error.
WFS_PIN_ENCNOTINITIALIZED	The encryption module is not initialized (no master key loaded).
WFS_PIN_ENCBUSY	The encryption module is busy (implies that the device is busy).

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WFS\_PIN\_ENCUNDEFINED WFS PIN ENCINITIALIZED

The encryption module state is undefined. The encryption module is initialized and master key (where required) and any other initial keys are loaded; ready to import other keys.

#### lpszExtra

Specifies a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extendable by Service Providers. Each string will be null-terminated, the whole list terminated with an additional null character. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

A number of *lpszExtra* key value pairs have been standardized during previous releases of the PIN specification. These values have now been added to the main status structure but the standardized key value pairs in *lpszExtra* must still be supported by the Service Provider when the functionality is supported. Section <u>10</u> defines the standardized *lpszExtra* key value pairs.

#### dwGuidLights [...]

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicators. A number of guidance light types are defined below. Vendor specific guidance lights are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum guidance light index is WFS PIN GUIDLIGHTS MAX.

## Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator as

WFS\_PIN\_GUIDANCE\_NOT\_AVAILABLE, WFS\_PIN\_GUIDANCE\_OFF or a combination of the following flags consisting of one type B, optionally one type C and optionally one type D.

Value	Meaning	Type
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE	The status is not available.	A
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light is turned off.	A
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light is blinking slowly.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light is blinking medium	В
	frequency.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light is blinking quickly.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light is turned on continuous	В
	(steady).	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_RED	The light is red.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light is green.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light is yellow.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light is blue.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light is cyan.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light is magenta.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_WHITE	The light is white.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_ENTRY	The light is in the entry state.	D
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_EXIT	The light is in the exit state.	D

## dwGuidLights [WFS PIN GUIDANCE PINPAD]

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator on the PIN pad unit.

#### fwAutoBeepMode

Specifies whether automatic beep tone on key press is active or not. Active and in-active key beeping is reported independently. *fwAutoBeepMode* can take a combination of the following values, if the flag is not set auto beeping is not activated (or not supported) for that key type (i.e. active or in-active keys):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_BEEP_ON_ACTIVE	An automatic tone will be generated for all
	active keys.
WFS_PIN_BEEP_ON_INACTIVE	An automatic tone will be generated for all
	in-active keys.

#### *dwCertificateState*

Specifies the state of the public verification or encryption key in the PIN certificate modules as one of the following flags:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CERT_UNKNOWN	The state of the certificate module is unknown
	or the device does not have this capability.
WFS_PIN_CERT_PRIMARY	All pre-loaded certificates have been loaded
	and that primary verification certificates will be
	accepted for the commands
	WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE or
	WFS CMD PIN REPLACE CERTIFICATE.
WFS PIN CERT SECONDARY	Primary verification certificates will not be
	accepted and only secondary verification
	certificates will be accepted. If primary
	certificates have been compromised (which the
	certificate authority or the host detects), then
	secondary certificates should be used in any
	transaction. This is done by calling the
	WFS CMD PIN LOAD CERTIFICATE
	command or the
	WFS CMD PIN REPLACE CERTIFICATE.
WFS PIN CERT NOTREADY	The certificate module is not ready. (The
WIS_INCERT_NOTREMET	device is powered off or physically not
	present).
	present).

#### wDevicePosition

Specifies the device position. The device position value is independent of the *fwDevice* value, e.g. when the device position is reported as WFS\_PIN\_DEVICENOTINPOSITION, *fwDevice* can have any of the values defined above (including WFS\_PIN\_DEVONLINE or WFS\_PIN\_DEVOFFLINE). This value is one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DEVICEINPOSITION	The device is in its normal operating position, or is fixed in place and cannot be moved.
WFS_PIN_DEVICENOTINPOSITION	The device has been removed from its normal operating position.
WFS_PIN_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN	Due to a hardware error or other condition, the position of the device cannot be determined.
WFS_PIN_DEVICEPOSNOTSUPP	The physical device does not have the capability of detecting the position.

## usPowerSaveRecoveryTime

Specifies the actual number of seconds required by the device to resume its normal operational state from the current power saving mode. This value is zero if either the power saving mode has not been activated or no power save control is supported.

#### wAntiFraudModule

Specifies the state of the anti-fraud module as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_AFMNOTSUPP	No anti-fraud module is available.
WFS_PIN_AFMOK	Anti-fraud module is in a good state and no
	foreign device is detected.
WFS_PIN_AFMINOP	Anti-fraud module is inoperable.
WFS_PIN_AFMDEVICEDETECTED	Anti-fraud module detected the presence of a
	foreign device.
WFS_PIN_AFMUNKNOWN	The state of the anti-fraud module cannot be
	determined.

## **Error Codes**

Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

#### **Comments**

Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

In the case where communications with the device have been lost, the *fwDevice* field will report WFS\_PIN\_DEVPOWEROFF when the device has been removed or WFS\_PIN\_DEVHWERROR

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if the communications are unexpectedly lost. All other fields should contain a value based on the following rules and priority:

- 1. Report the value as unknown.
- 2. Report the value as a general h/w error.
- 3. Report the value as the last known value.

## 4.2 WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES

**Description** This command is used to retrieve the capabilities of the PIN pad.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSPINCAPS lpCaps;

```
typedef struct wfs pin caps
     WORD
                                 wClass;
     WORD
                                 fwType;
                                 bCompound;
     BOOT.
                                 usKeyNum;
     USHORT
     WORD
                                 fwAlgorithms;
     WORD
                                 fwPinFormats;
     WORD
                                 fwDerivationAlgorithms;
     WORD
                                 fwPresentationAlgorithms;
     WORD
                                 fwDisplay;
     BOOL
                                 bIDConnect;
     WORD
                                 fwIDKey;
     WORD
                                 fwValidationAlgorithms;
     WORD
                                 fwKeyCheckModes;
     LPSTR
                                 lpszExtra;
                                 dwGuidLights[WFS PIN GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
     DWORD
     BOOL
                                 bPINCanPersistAfterUse;
     WORD
                                 fwAutoBeep;
     LPSTR
                                 lpsHSMVendor;
     BOOT
                                 bHSMJournaling;
     DWORD
                                 dwRSAAuthenticationScheme;
     DWORD
                                 dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
                                 dwRSACryptAlgorithm;
     DWORD
     DWORD
                                 dwRSAKevCheckMode;
     DWORD
                                 dwSignatureScheme;
     T.PWORD
                                 lpwEMVImportSchemes;
     WORD
                                 fwEMVHashAlgorithm;
     BOOL
                                 bKeyImportThroughParts;
     WORD
                                 fwENCIOProtocols;
     BOOL
                                 bTypeCombined;
     BOOL
                                 bSetPinblockDataRequired;
     WORD
                                 fwKeyBlockImportFormats;
     BOOL
                                 bPowerSaveControl;
     BOOL
                                 bAntiFraudModule:
     WORD
                                 wDESKeyLength;
     WORD
                                 wCertificateTypes;
     LPWFSPINSIGNERCAP
                                 *lppLoadCertOptions;
                                 dwCRKLLoadOptions;
     DWORD
                                 lpETSCaps;
     LPWFSPINETSCAPS
     LPDWORD
                                 lpdwSynchronizableCommands;
     LPWFSPINRESTKEYENCKEY
                                 *lppRestrictedKeyEncKeySupport;
                                 dwSymmetricKeyManagementMethods;
     DWORD
     LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                                 *lppCryptAttributes;
     LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                                 *lppPINBlockAttributes;
     LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                                 *lppKeyAttributes;
     LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                                 *lppDecryptAttributes;
     LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                                 *lppVerifyAttributes;
     } WFSPINCAPS, *LPWFSPINCAPS;
```

## wClass

Specifies the logical service class as WFS SERVICE CLASS PIN.

#### fwTvne.

Specifies the type of the PIN pad security module as a combination of the following flags. PIN entry is only possible when at least WFS\_PIN\_TYPEEPP and WFS\_PIN\_TYPEEDM, or WFS\_PIN\_TYPEETS and WFS\_PIN\_TYPEEDM are set. In order to use the ZKA-Electronic purse, WFS\_PIN\_TYPEEDM, WFS\_PIN\_TYPEHSM and one data entry device (WFS\_PIN\_TYPEEPP or WFS\_PIN\_TYPEETS) flags must be set.

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Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_TYPEEPP	Electronic PIN pad (keyboard data entry device).
WFS_PIN_TYPEEDM	Encryption/decryption module.
WFS_PIN_TYPEHSM	Hardware security module (electronic PIN pad and encryption module within the same physical unit).
WFS_PIN_TYPEETS	Encrypting Touch Screen (touch screen data entry device).

#### bCompound

Specifies whether the logical device is part of a compound physical device.

#### usKevNun

Number of the keys which can be stored in the encryption/decryption module.

#### fwAlgorithms

Supported encryption modes; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN CRYPTDESECB	Electronic Code Book.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCBC	Cipher Block Chaining.
WFS PIN CRYPTDESCFB	Cipher Feed Back.
WFS PIN CRYPTRSA	RSA Encryption.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTECMA	ECMA Encryption.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESMAC	MAC calculation using CBC.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESECB	Triple DES with Electronic Code Book.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCBC	Triple DES with Cipher Block Chaining.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCFB	Triple DES with Cipher Feed Back.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC	Last Block Triple DES MAC as defined in
	ISO/IEC 9797-1:1999 [Ref. 32], using: block
	length n=64, Padding Method 1 (when
	bPadding=0), MAC Algorithm 3, MAC
	length m where 32<=m<=64.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTMAAMAC	MAC calculation using the Message
	authenticator algorithm as defined in ISO
	8731-2 [Ref. 33].
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC2805	Triple DES MAC calculation as defined in
	ISO 16609:2004 [Ref. 38] and Australian
	Standard 2805.4 [Ref. 39].
WFS_PIN_CRYPTSM4	SM4 block cipher algorithm as defined in
	Password industry standard of the People's
	Republic of China GM/T 0002-2012 [Ref.
	43].
WFS_PIN_CRYPTSM4MAC	MAC calculation using the Message
	authenticator algorithm as defined in as
	defined in Password industry standard of the
	People's Republic of China GM/T 0002-
	2012 [Ref. 43] and in PBOC3.0 JR/T
	0025.17-2013 [Ref. 44].

# fwPinFormats

Supported PIN formats; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_FORM3624	PIN left justified, filled with padding
	characters, PIN length 4-16 digits. The
	padding character is a hexadecimal digit in
	the range $0x00$ to $0x0F$ .
WFS_PIN_FORMANSI	PIN is preceded by 0x00 and the length of
	the PIN $(0x04 \text{ to } 0x0C)$ , filled with padding
	character 0x0F to the right, PIN length 4-12
	digits, XORed with PAN (Primary Account
	Number, minimum 12 digits without check
	number).

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WFS PIN FORMECI2

WFS_PIN_FORMISO0	PIN is preceded by 0x00 and the length of
	the PIN $(0x04 \text{ to } 0x0C)$ , filled with padding
	character 0x0F to the right, PIN length 4-12
	digits XORed with PAN (Primary Account

digits, XORed with PAN (Primary Account Number without check number, no minimum length specified, missing digits are filled

with 0x00).

WFS\_PIN\_FORMISO1 PIN is preceded by 0x01 and the length of

the PIN (0x04 to 0x0C), padding characters are taken from a transaction field (10 digits). (similar to WFS PIN FORM3624), PIN

only 4 digits.

WFS\_PIN\_FORMECI3 PIN is preceded by the length (digit), PIN

length 4-6 digits, the padding character can

range from 0x0 through 0xF.

WFS\_PIN\_FORMVISA PIN is preceded by the length (digit), PIN

length 4-6 digits. If the PIN length is less than six digits the PIN is filled with 0x0 to the length of six, the padding character can range from 0x0 through 0x9 (This format is

also referred to as VISA2).

WFS\_PIN\_FORMDIEBOLD PIN is padded with the padding character

and may be not encrypted, single encrypted

or double encrypted.

WFS\_PIN\_FORMDIEBOLDCO PIN with the length of 4 to 12 digits, each

one with a value of 0x0 to 0x9, is preceded by the one-digit coordination number with a value from 0x0 to 0xF, padded with the padding character with a value from 0x0 to 0xF and may be not encrypted, single

encrypted or double encrypted.

WFS PIN FORMVISA3 PIN with the length of 4 to 12 digits, each

one with a value of 0x0 to 0x9, is followed by a delimiter with the value of 0xF and then padded by the padding character with a value

between 0x0 to 0xF.

WFS\_PIN\_FORMBANKSYS PIN is encrypted and formatted according to

the Banksys PIN block specifications.

WFS\_PIN\_FORMEMV The PIN block is constructed as follows: PIN

is preceded by 0x02 and the length of the PIN (0x04 to 0x0C), filled with padding character 0x0F to the right, formatted up to 248 bytes of other data as defined within the

EMV 4.0 specifications and finally

encrypted with an RSA key.

WFS PIN FORMISO3 PIN is preceded by 0x03 and the length of

the PIN (0x04 to 0x0C), padding characters sequentially or randomly chosen, XORed

with digits from PAN.

WFS PIN FORMAP PIN is formatted according to the Italian

Bancomat specifications. It is known as the Authentication Parameter PIN block and is created with a 5 digit PIN, an 18 digit PAN, and the 8 digit CCS from the track data.

WFS\_PIN\_FORMISO4 PIN is formatted according to ISO 9564-1:

2017 Format-4 (uses AES Encryption).

fwDerivationAlgorithms

Supported derivation algorithms; a combination of the following flags:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CHIP_ZKA	Algorithm for the derivation of a chip card individual key as described by the German
	ZKA.

## fwPresentationAlgorithms

Supported presentation algorithms; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PRESENT_CLEAR	Algorithm for the presentation of a clear text
	PIN to a chipcard. Each digit of the clear text
	PIN is inserted as one nibble (=halfbyte) into
	lpbChipData. See
	WFS_CMD_PIN_PRESENT_IDC for a
	detailed description.

## *fwDisplay*

Specifies the type of the display used in the PIN pad module as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DISPNONE	No display unit.
WFS_PIN_DISPLEDTHROUGH	Lights next to text guide user.
WFS_PIN_DISPDISPLAY	A real display is available (this doesn't apply
	for self-service).

#### bIDConnect

Specifies whether the PIN pad is directly physically connected to the ID card unit. If the value is TRUE, the PIN will be transported securely during the command WFS CMD PIN PRESENT IDC.

## fwIDKey

Specifies if key owner identification (in commands referenced as *lpxIdent*), which authorizes access to the encryption module, is required. A zero value is returned if the encryption module does not support this capability. Otherwise it will be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_IDKEYINITIALIZATION	ID key is returned by the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_INITIALIZATION
	command.
WFS_PIN_IDKEYIMPORT	ID key is required as input for the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY and
	WFS CMD PIN DERIVE KEY command.

#### fwValidationAlgorithms

Specifies the algorithms for PIN validation supported by the service; combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DES	DES algorithm.
WFS_PIN_EUROCHEQUE	EUROCHEQUE algorithm.
WFS_PIN_VISA	VISA algorithm.
WFS_PIN_DES_OFFSET	DES offset generation algorithm.
WFS_PIN_BANKSYS	Banksys algorithm.

#### fwKeyCheckModes

Specifies the key check modes that are supported to check the correctness of an imported key value. The encryption algorithm used (i.e. DES, 3DES, AES) is determined by the type of key being checked. If the key size is larger than the algorithm block size, then only the first block will be used. It can be a combination of the following flags:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value (KCV) is created by an
	encryption of the key with itself. For a
	double length or triple length keyFor the
	KCV is generated using 3DES encryption
	usingdescription refer to the first 8 bytes of
	the key as the source data for the
	encryptionWFS PIN KCVSELF literal
	description in dwCryptoMethod.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value (KCV) is created by
	encrypting a zero value with the key.

#### lpszExtra

Points to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extendable by Service Providers. Each string is null-terminated, the whole list terminated with an additional null character. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

A number of *lpszExtra* key value pairs have been standardized during previous releases of the PIN specification. These values have now been added to the main capabilities structure but the standardized key value pairs in *lpszExtra* must still be supported by the Service Provider when the functionality is supported. Section <u>10</u> defines the standardized *lpszExtra* key value pairs.

#### dwGuidLights [...]

Specifies which guidance lights are available. A number of guidance light types are defined below. Vendor specific guidance lights are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum guidance light index is WFS\_PIN\_GUIDLIGHTS\_MAX.

In addition to supporting specific flash rates and colors, some guidance lights also have the capability to show directional movement representing "entry" and "exit". The "entry" state gives the impression of leading a user to place a card into the device. The "exit" state gives the impression of ejection from a device to a user and would be used for retrieving a card from the device.

The elements of this array are specified as a combination of the following flags and indicate all of the possible flash rates (type B), colors (type C) and directions (type D) that the guidance light indicator is capable of handling. If the guidance light indicator does not support direction then no value of type D is returned. A value of WFS\_PIN\_GUIDANCE\_NOT\_AVAILABLE indicates that the device has no guidance light indicator or the device controls the light directly with no application control possible.

Value	Meaning	Type
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE	There is no guidance light control	A
	available at this position.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light can be off.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light can blink slowly.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light can blink medium	В
	frequency.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light can blink quickly.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light can be continuous	В
	(steady).	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_RED	The light can be red.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light can be green.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light can be yellow.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light can be blue.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light can be cyan.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light can be magenta.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_WHITE	The light can be white.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_ENTRY	The light can be in the entry state.	D
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_EXIT	The light can be in the exit state.	D

dwGuidLights [WFS PIN GUIDANCE PINPAD]

Specifies whether the guidance light indicator on the PIN pad unit is available.

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## bPINCanPersistAfterUse

Specifies whether the device can retain the PIN after a PIN processing command, e.g. WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK, WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOCAL\_DES, WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_PRESENT\_IDC, etc:

Value	Meaning
TRUE	Applications may request, through the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN
	command, that the PIN continues to be held
	within the device after use by a PIN
	processing command.
FALSE	The PIN will always be cleared by the
	device after processing. The
	WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN is not
	supported.

## fwAutoBeep

Specifies whether the PIN device will emit a key beep tone on key presses (of active keys or inactive keys), and if so, which mode it supports. Specified as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_BEEP_ACTIVE_AVAILABLE	Automatic beep tone on active key key-press
	is supported. If this flag is not set then automatic beeping for active keys is not supported.
WFS_PIN_BEEP_ACTIVE_SELECTABLE	Automatic beeping for active keys can be controlled (i.e. turned on and off) by the application. If this flag is not set then
	automatic beeping for active keys cannot be controlled by an application.
WFS_PIN_BEEP_INACTIVE_AVAILABLE	Automatic beep tone on in-active key key- press is supported. If this flag is not set then automatic beeping for in-active keys is not supported.
WFS_PIN_BEEP_INACTIVE_SELECTABLE	Automatic beeping for in-active keys can be controlled (i.e. turned on and off) by the application. If this flag is not set then automatic beeping for in-active keys cannot be controlled by an application.

## lpsHSMVendor

Identifies the HSM Vendor. *lpsHSMVendor* is NULL when the HSM Vendor is unknown or the HSM is not supported.

The following is a list of known vendors' strings that *lpsHSMVendor* can contain for the support of German HSMs:

"KRONE"

"ASCOM"

"IBM"

"NCR"

#### **bHSMJournaling**

Specifies whether the HSM supports journaling by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_JOURNAL command. The value of this parameter is either TRUE or FALSE. TRUE means the HSM supports journaling by WFS\_CMD\_GET\_JOURNAL.

# dwRSAAuthenticationScheme

Specifies which type(s) of Remote Key Loading/Authentication is supported as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_2PARTY_SIG	Two-party Signature based authentication.
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT	Three-party Certificate based authentication.

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WFS\_PIN\_RSA\_AUTH\_3PARTY\_CERT\_TR34

Three-party Certificate based authentication described by X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

## dwRSASignatureAlgorithm

Specifies which type(s) of RSA Signature Algorithm(s) is supported as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	SSA_PKCS_V1_5 Signatures supported.
WFS PIN SIGN RSASSA PSS	SSA PSS Signatures supported.

#### dwRSACryptAlgorithm

Specifies which type(s) of RSA Encipherment Algorithm(s) is supported as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_PKCS1_V1_5	AES_PKCS_V1_5 algorithm supported.
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP	AES_OAEP algorithm supported.

## dwRSAKeyCheckMode

Specifies which algorithm/method used to generate the public key check value/thumb print as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1	SHA-1 is supported as defined in Ref. 3.
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA256	SHA-256 is supported as defined in ISO/IEC
	10118-3:2004 [Ref. 40] and FIPS 180-2
	[Ref. 41].

## dwSignatureScheme

Specifies which capabilities are supported by the Signature scheme as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIG_GEN_RSA_KEY_PAIR	Specifies if the Service Provider supports the
	RSA Signature Scheme
	WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY
	_PAIR and
	WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_EPP_SIG
	NED commands.
WFS_PIN_SIG_RANDOM_NUMBER	Specifies if the Service Provider returns a
	random number from the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHAN
	GE command within the RSA Signature
	Scheme.
WFS_PIN_SIG_EXPORT_EPP_ID	Specifies if the Service Provider supports
	exporting the EPP Security Item within the
	RSA Signature Scheme.
WFS PIN SIG ENHANCED RKL	Specifies that the Service Provider supports
	the Enhanced Signature Remote Key
	Scheme. This scheme allows the customer to
	manage their own public keys independently
	of the Signature Issuer. When this mode is
	supported then the key loaded signed with
	the Signature Issuer key is the host root
	public key PK <sub>ROOT</sub> , rather than PK <sub>HOST</sub> . See
	Section 8.1 for a full description.

## lpwEMVImportSchemes

Identifies the supported EMV Import Scheme(s) as a zero terminated array of modes. lpwEMVImportSchemes is set to NULL if the Import Scheme(s) are unknown or not supported. Otherwise lpwEMVImportSchemes lists all Import Scheme(s) supported by the PIN Service Provider from the following possible values:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PLAIN_CA	A plain text CA public key is imported with
	no verification.
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_CHKSUM_CA	A plain text CA public key is imported using
	the EMV 2000 verification algorithm. See
	[Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_EPI_CA	A CA public key is imported using the self-
	sign scheme defined in the Europay
	International, EPI CA Module Technical -
	Interface specification Version 1.4, [Ref. 5].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ISSUER	An Issuer public key is imported as defined
	in EMV 2000 Book II, [Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC	An ICC public key is imported as defined in
	EMV 2000 Book II, [Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC_PIN	An ICC PIN public key is imported as
	defined in EMV 2000 Book II, [Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PKCSV1_5_CA	A CA public key is imported and verified
	using a signature generated with a private
	key for which the public key is already
	loaded.

## fwEMVHashAlgorithm

Specifies which hash algorithm is supported for the calculation of the HASH as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_HASH_SHA1_DIGEST	The SHA 1 digest algorithm is supported by
	the WFS_CMD_PIN_DIGEST command.
WFS_PIN_HASH_SHA256_DIGEST	The SHA 256 digest algorithm, as defined in
	ISO/IEC 10118-3:2004 [Ref. 40] and FIPS
	180-2 [Ref. 41], is supported by the
	WFS CMD PIN DIGEST command.

## bKeyImportThroughParts

Specifies whether the device is capable of importing keys in multiple parts. TRUE means the device supports the key import in multiple parts.

# fwENCIOProtocols

Specifies the ENC\_IO protocols supported to communicate with the encryption module as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CH	For Swiss specific protocols. The document specification for Swiss specific protocols is "CMD_ENC_IO - CH Protocol.doc". This document is available at the following address:  EUROPAY (Switzerland) SA
	Terminal Management Hertistrasse 27 CH-8304 Wallisellen
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB	Protocol for "Groupement des Cartes Bancaires" (France).
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_LUX	Protocol for Luxemburg commands. The reference for this specific protocol is the Authorization Center in Luxemburg (CETREL.) Cryptography Management Postal address: CETREL Société Coopérative Centre de Transferts Electroniques L-2956 Luxembourg

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WFS\_PIN\_ENC\_PROT\_CHN

Protocol for China commands. The reference for this specific protocol are the Financial industry standard of the People's Republic of China PBOC3.0 JR/T 0025[Ref 44] and the Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003, GM/T 004[Ref 43].

#### bTvpeCombined

Specifies whether the keypad used in the secure PIN pad module is integrated within a generic Win32 keyboard.

TRUE means the secure PIN keypad is integrated within a generic Win32 keyboard and standard Win32 key events will be generated for any key when there is no 'active' GET\_DATA or GET\_PIN command. Note that XFS continues to support defined PIN keys only, and is not extended to support new alphanumeric keys.

This feature assists in developing generic browser based applications which need to access both PIN and generic keyboards.

- When an application wishes to receive XFS-based key information then it can use the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_DATA and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN commands.
- No Win32 keystrokes are generated for any key (active or not) in a combined device when WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_DATA or WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN are 'active'.
- When no WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_DATA or WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN command is
   'active' then any key press will result in a Win32 key event. These events can be ignored
   by the application, if required.

Note that this does not compromise secure PIN entry – there will be no Win32 keyboard events during PIN collection.

On terminals and kiosks with separate PIN and Win32 keyboards, the Win32 keyboard behaves purely as a PC keyboard and the PIN device behaves only as an XFS device.

#### bSetPinblockDataRequired

Specifies whether the command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SET\_PINBLOCK\_DATA must be called before the PIN is entered via WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN and retrieved via WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK.

#### fwKeyBlockImportFormats

Supported key block formats; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_ANSTR31KEYBLOCK	Supports ANS TR-31A Keyblock format key import.
WFS_PIN_ANSTR31KEYBLOCKB	Supports ANS TR-31B Keyblock format key import.
WFS_PIN_ANSTR31KEYBLOCKC	Supports ANS TR-31C Keyblock format key import.

## bPowerSaveControl

Specifies whether power saving control is available. This can either be TRUE if available or FALSE if not available.

#### bAntiFraudModule

Specifies whether the anti-fraud module is available. This can either be TRUE if available or FALSE if not available.

#### wDESKevLength

Specifies which length(s) of DES keys are supported as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KEYSINGLE	8 byte (single-length) DES keys are
	supported.
WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE	16 byte (double-length) DES keys are
	supported.

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WFS\_PIN\_KEYTRIPLE 24 byte (triple-length) DES keys are supported.

wCertificateTypes

Specifies supported certificate types as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PUBLICENCKEY	Supports the EPP public encryption
	certificate.
WFS_PIN_PUBLICVERIFICATIONKEY	Supports the EPP public verification
	certificate.
WFS_PIN_PUBLICHOSTKEY	Supports the Host public certificate.

## lppLoadCertOptions

A NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINSIGNERCAP structures specifying the options supported by the WFS CMD PIN LOAD CERTIFICATE EX command.

There is one structure for each signer that is supported by the Service Provider. In each structure, there will be a *dwSigner* parameter with one bit set to indicate which signer the structure is referencing, and there will be a *dwOption* parameter with one or more bits set to indicate all of the options that the Service Provider supports with the signer specified by *dwSigner*.

## dwSigner

Specifies the signers supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOAD\_CERTIFICATE\_EX command as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST	The current Host RSA Private Key is
	used to sign the token.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_SIGHOST	The current Host RSA Private Key is
	used to sign the token, signature format is
	used.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA	The Certificate Authority RSA Private
	Key is used to sign the token.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL	A Higher-Level Authority RSA Private
	Key is used to sign the token.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_TR34	This value can only be specified in
	combination with the
	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST,
	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA or
	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL flags. It
	indicates that the values combined with it
	are compliant with X9 TR34-2012 [Ref.
	42].

## dwOption

Specifies the load options supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOAD\_CERTIFICATE\_EX command as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_LOAD_NEWHOST	Load a new Host certificate, where one
	has not already been loaded.
WFS_PIN_LOAD_REPLACEHOST	Replace (or rebind) the EPP to a new
	Host certificate, where the new Host
	certificate is signed by dwSigner.

## dwCRKLLoadOptions

Supported options to load the Key Transport Key using the Certificate Remote Key Loading protocol; a combination of the following flags:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM	Import a Key Transport Key without
	generating and using a random number.
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM_CRL	Import a Key Transport Key with a
	Certificate Revocation List appended to the
	input message. A random number is not
	generated nor used.
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM	Import a Key Transport Key by generating
	and using a random number.
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM_CRL	Import a Key Transport Key with a
	Certificate Revocation List appended to the
	input parameter. A random number is
	generated and used.

## *lpETSCaps*

Specifies the capabilities of the ETS device. This value is NULL if the *fwType* isdoes not contain WFS PIN TYPEETS.

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_ets_location_cap
     LONG
                     lXPos;
     LONG
                     lyPos;
     USHORT
                     usXSize;
     USHORT
                     usYSize;
     WORD
                     wMaxTouchFrames wMaximumTouchFrames;
     WORD
                     wMaxTouchKeyswMaximumTouchKeys;
     WORD
                     wFloatFlags;
     } WFSPINETSCAPS, *LPWFSPINETSCAPS;
```

#### lXpos

Specifies the position of the left edge of the ETS in Windows virtual screen coordinates. This value may be negative because the of the monitor position on the virtual desktop – see section 2.1.

#### lYPos

Specifies the position of the <u>righttop</u> edge of the ETS in Windows virtual screen coordinates. This value may be negative because the of the monitor position on the virtual desktop – see section 2.1.

#### usXSize

Specifies the width of the ETS in Windows virtual screen coordinates.

#### us YSize

Specifies the height of the ETS in Windows virtual screen coordinates.

#### wMaximumTouchFrames

Specifies the maximum number of Touch Frames that the device can support in a touch keyboard definition.

#### wMaximumTouchKeys

Specifies the maximum number of Touch Keys that the device can support within any Touch Frame.

#### wFloatFlags

Specifies if the device can float the touch keyboards. WFS\_PIN\_FLOAT\_NONE if the PIN device cannot randomly shift the layout or else a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_FLOATX	Specifies that the PIN device will randomly
	shift the layout in a horizontal direction.
WFS_PIN_FLOATY	Specifies that the PIN device will randomly
	shift the layout in a vertical direction.

## lpdwSynchronizableCommands

Pointer to a zero-terminated list of DWORDs which contains the execute command IDs that can be synchronized. If no execute command can be synchronized then this parameter will be NULL.

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## lppRestrictedKeyEncKeySupport

A NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINRESTKEYENCKEY structures specifying the loading methods that support the WFS\_PIN\_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY usage flag and the allowable usage flag combinations for each of those loading methods..

There is one structure for each loading method that is supported by the Service Provider. Loading methods that are not supported are not included in the NULL-terminated array of pointers. If none of the loading methods are supported, then *lppRestrictedKeyEncKeySupport* is NULL. In each structure, there will be a *dwLoadingMethod* parameter with one bit set to indicate which loading method the structure is referencing, and a *dwUses* parameter with one or more bits set to indicate all of the usage flags that can be combined with the WFS\_PIN\_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY flag that the Service Provider supports with the loading method specified by *dwLoadingMethod*.

## dwLoadingMethod

Specifies the loading methods supported as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_2PARTY_SIG	Two-party Signature based.
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT	Three-party Certificate based.
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT_TR34	Three-party Certificate based.
WFS_PIN_RESTRICTED_SECUREKEYENTR	Y Restricted secure key entry.

## dwUses

Specifies one or more usage flags that can be used in combination with the WFS\_PIN\_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY usage flag.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key is used for encryption and
	decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key is used for PIN block creation.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key is used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL	Key is used only for local PIN check.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value
	encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE	Key is used only for PIN block creation.

#### dwSymmetricKeyManagementMethods

Specifies the symmetric key management modes as combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN KM FIXED KEY	This method of key management uses fixed
WFS_PIN_KM_MASTER_KEY	keys for transaction processing. This method uses a hierarchy of Key
	Encrypting Keys and Transaction Keys. The highest level of Key Encrypting Key is
	known as a Master Key. Transaction Keys are distributed and replaced encrypted under
	a Key Encrypting Key.
WFS_PIN_KM_TDES_DUKPT	This method uses TDES Derived Unique
	Key Per Transaction (see reference 45).

### <u>lppCryptAttributes</u>

This will either be NULL, or a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINATTRIBUTES structures specifying the combination of attributes supported by the WFS CMD PIN CRYPT 340 command.

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typedef struct wfs	pin attributes
{	
BYTE	bKeyUsage[2];
BYTE	bAlgorithm;
BYTE	bModeOfUse;
DWORD	dwCryptoMethod;
} WFSPINATTRIBUTES,	*LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES;

There is one structure for each attribute combination that is supported by the Service Provider. In each structure, each of the four parameters will have only one value set.

#### **bKeyUsage**

Specifies the key usages supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_CRYPT\_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'D0'	Symmetric data encryption.
'D1'	Asymmetric data encryption.
<u>'M0'</u>	ISO 16609 MAC Algorithm 1 (using
	TDEA).
<u>'M1'</u>	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 1.
<u>'M2'</u>	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 2.
<u>'M3'</u>	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 3.
<u>'M4'</u>	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 4.
<u>'M5'</u>	ISO 9797-1:1999 MAC Algorithm 5.
<u>'M6'</u>	ISO 9797-1:2011 MAC Algorithm
	<u>5/CMAC.</u>
<u>'M7'</u>	HMAC.
<u>'M8'</u>	ISO 9797-1:2011 MAC Algorithm 6.
<u>'S0'</u>	Asymmetric key pair for digital
	signature.
<u>'S1'</u>	Asymmetric key pair, CA.
<u>'S2'</u>	Asymmetric key pair, nonX9.24 key.

# <u>bAlgorithm</u>

Specifies the encryption algorithms supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_CRYPT\_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'A'	AES.
<u>'D'</u>	DEA.
'R'	RSA.
'T'	Triple DEA (also referred to as TDEA).

#### hModeOfUse

<u>Specifies the encryption modes supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_CRYPT\_340 command as one of the following values:</u>

Value	Meaning
<u>'D'</u>	Decrypt.
<u>'E'</u>	Encrypt.
<u>'G'</u>	Generate.
<u>'S'</u>	Signature.
<u>'V'</u>	Verify.

## <u>dwCryptoMethod</u>

<u>Specifies the cryptographic methods supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_CRYPT\_340</u> command.

<u>For symmetric encryption methods</u> (*bKeyUsage* is 'D0'), this can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN CRYPTOECB	The ECB encryption method.
WFS PIN CRYPTOCBC	The CBC encryption method.
WFS PIN CRYPTOCFB	The CFB encryption method.
WFS PIN CRYPTOOFB	The OFB encryption method.

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WFS PIN CRYPTOCTR	The CTR method defined in NIST
	SP800-38A.
WFS PIN CRYPTOXTS	The XTS method defined in NIST
	SP800-38E.

For asymmetric encryption methods (*bKeyUsage* is 'D1'), this can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN CRYPT RSAES PKCS1 V1 5	Use the RSAES PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS PIN CRYPT RSAES OAEP	Use the RSAES OAEP algorithm.

For asymmetric signature verification methods (*bKeyUsage* is 'S0', 'S1', or 'S2'), this can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN SIGN RSASSA PKCS1 V1 5	Use the RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5
	algorithm.
WFS PIN SIGN RSASSA PSS	Use the RSASSA-PSS algorithm.

One or more of the following flags must be specified in combination with one of the signature verification methods.

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN SIGNHASH SHA1	The SHA 1 digest algorithm.
WFS PIN SIGNHASH SHA256	The SHA 256 digest algorithm, as
	defined in ISO/IEC 10118-3:2004 [Ref.
	40] and FIPS 180-2 [Ref. 41]

If bKeyUsage is specified as any of the MAC usages (i.e. 'M1'), then this should be set to 0.

## <u>lppPINBlockAttributes</u>

This will either be NULL, or a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINATTRIBUTES structures specifying the combination of attributes supported by the WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK 340 command.

t:	ypedef struct _w	fs_pin_attributes
{		
	BYTE	bKeyUsage[2];
	BYTE	bAlgorithm;
	BYTE	bModeOfUse;
	DWORD	dwCryptoMethod;
}	WFSPINATTRIBUTE	S, *LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES;

There is one structure for each attribute combination that is supported by the Service Provider. In each structure, each of the four parameters will have only one value set in each

#### **bKevUsage**

Specifies the key usages supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK\_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'P0'	PIN Encryption.

## **b**Algorithm

Specifies the encryption algorithms supported by the

WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK 340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'A'	AES.
<u>'D'</u>	DEA.
<u>'R'</u>	RSA.
T'	Triple DEA (also referred to as TDEA).

## <u>bModeOfUse</u>

Specifies the encryption modes supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK\_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'E'	Encrypt.

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## <u>dwCryptoMethod</u>

This parameter specifies the cryptographic method that will be used with the encryption algorithm specified by *bAlgorithm*.

If bAlgorithm is 'A', 'D', or 'T', then dwCryptoMethod can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOECB	The ECB encryption method.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCBC	The CBC encryption method.
WFS PIN CRYPTOCFB	The CFB encryption method.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOOFB	The OFB encryption method.
WFS PIN CRYPTOCTR	The CTR method defined in NIST
	<u>SP800-38A.</u>
WFS PIN CRYPTOXTS	The XTS method defined in NIST
	SP800-38E.

If bAlgorithm is 'R', then dwCryptoMethod can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN CRYPT RSAES PKCS1 V1 5	Use the RSAES PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS PIN CRYPT RSAES OAEP	Use the RSAES OAEP algorithm.

# lppKeyAttributes

This will either be NULL, or a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINATTRIBUTES structures specifying the combination of attributes supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY 340 command for the key to be loaded.

typedef struct _wfs	pin_attributes
{	
BYTE	bKeyUsage[2];
BYTE	bAlgorithm;
BYTE	bModeOfUse;
DWORD	dwCryptoMethod;
} WFSPINATTRIBUTES,	*LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES;

There is one structure for each attribute combination that is supported by the Service Provider. In each structure, each of the four parameters will have only one value set in each.

#### *bKevUsage*

Specifies the key usages supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'B0'	BDK Base Derivation Key.
'B1'	Initial DUKPT Key.
'B2'	Base Key Variant Key.
<u>'C0'</u>	CVK Card Verification Key.
'D0'	Symmetric Key for Data Encryption.
<u>'D1'</u>	Asymmetric Key for Data Encryption.
<u>'D2'</u>	Data Encryption Key for Decimalization
	Table.
<u>'E0'</u>	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key:
	Application Cryptograms.
<u>'E1'</u>	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Secure
	Messaging for Confidentiality.
<u>'E2'</u>	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Secure
	Messaging for Integrity.
<u>'E3'</u>	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Data
	Authentication Code.
<u>'E4'</u> <u>'E5'</u>	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Dynamic.
<u>'E5'</u>	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Card
	Personalization.
<u>'E6'</u>	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Other.
<u>'10'</u>	Initialization Vector (IV).
<u>'K0'</u>	Key Encryption or wrapping.
<u>'K1'</u>	TR-31 Key Block Protection Key.
<u>'K2'</u>	TR-34 Asymmetric Key.

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'K3'	Asymmetric key for key agreement/key
(2.50)	wrapping.
<u>'M0'</u>	ISO 16609 MAC Algorithm 1 (using
(141)	TDEA).
'M1' 'M2'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 1. ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 2.
'M3'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 2.
'M4'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 4.
'M5'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 4.  ISO 9797-1:1999 MAC Algorithm 5.
'M6'	ISO 9797-1:2011 MAC Algorithm
MO	5/CMAC.
<u>'M7'</u>	HMAC.
'M8'	ISO9797-1:2011 MAC Algorithm 6.
'P0'	PIN Encryption.
<u>'S0'</u>	Asymmetric key pair for digital
	signature.
<u>'S1'</u>	Asymmetric key pair, CA key.
<u>'S2'</u>	Asymmetric key pair, nonX9.24 key.
<u>'V0'</u>	PIN verification, KPV, other algorithm.
<u>'V1'</u>	PIN verification, IBM 3624.
<u>'V2'</u>	PIN verification, VISA PVV.
'V3'	PIN verification, X9-132 algorithm 1.
<u>'V4'</u>	PIN verification, X9-132 algorithm 2.
<u>'0B'</u>	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
(00)	only be used to load DUKPT keys.
<u>'0C'</u>	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can only be used to load CVKs.
'0D'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
<u>UD</u>	only be used to load data encryption
	keys.
'0E'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
VL .	only be used to load EMV keys.
'0I'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load Initialization
	Vectors.
'0K'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load keys that can load
	other keys.
<u>'0M'</u>	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load MAC keys.
<u>'0P'</u>	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load PIN encryption
(00)	keys.
<u>'0S'</u>	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load asymmetric key pairs.
'0V'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
O V	only be used to load PIN verification
	keys.
'1B'	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load DUKPT keys.
<u>'1C'</u>	Restricted Key Keyblock Protection Key
	that can only be used to load CVKs.
<u>'1D'</u>	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load data encryption
	keys.
<u>'1E'</u>	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
/413	can only be used to load EMV keys.
<u>'11'</u>	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load Initialization
	<u>Vectors.</u>

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<u>'1K'</u>	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load keys that can
	load other keys.
<u>'1M'</u>	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load MAC keys.
<u>'1P'</u>	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load PIN encryption
	keys.
<u>'1S'</u>	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load asymmetric key
	pairs.
<u>'1V'</u>	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load PIN verification
	keys.
Other numeric values	Reserved for proprietary use.

#### *bAlgorithm*

Specifies the encryption algorithms supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'A'	AES.
<u>'D'</u>	DEA.
'R'	RSA.
T'	Triple DEA (also referred to as TDEA).
Numeric values	Reserved for proprietary use.

### bModeOfUse

Specifies the encryption modes supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_340 command as one of the following values:

<u>Value</u> 'B'	Meaning
<b>'B'</b>	Both Encrypt and Decrypt / Wrap and
	Unwrap.
<u>'C'</u>	Both Generate and Verify.
<u>'D'</u>	Decrypt / Unwrap Only.
'E'	Encrypt / Wrap Only.
'C' 'D' 'E' 'G' 'S' 'T' 'V' 'X' 'Y'	Generate Only.
<u>'S'</u>	Signature Only.
<u>'T'</u>	Both Sign and Decrypt.
'V'	Verify Only.
'X'	Key used to derive other key(s).
<u>'Y'</u>	Key used to create key variants.
Numeric values	Reserved for proprietary use.

### <u>dwCryptoM</u>ethod

Specifies the cryptographic methods supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_340 command. For *lpKeyAttributes*, this parameter is 0, because the key being imported is not being used yet to perform a cryptographic method.

### <u>lppDecryptAttributes</u>

This will either be NULL, or a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINATTRIBUTES structures specifying the combination of attributes supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_340 command for the key used to decrypt or unwrap the key being imported.

t	ypedef struct	_wfs	pin	<u>attributes</u>
{				
	BYTE			bKeyUsage[2];
	BYTE			bAlgorithm;
	BYTE			bModeOfUse;
	DWORD			dwCryptoMethod;
}	WFSPINATTRIBU	TES,	*LPI	VFSPINATTRIBUTES;

There is one structure for each attribute combination that is supported by the Service Provider. In each structure, each of the four parameters will have only one value set in each.

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### *bKeyUsage*

This parameter is not used and must be set to "00". The Service Provider can determine this value from the decryption key that is already imported into the PIN device.

#### bAlgorithm 1997

Specifies the encryption algorithms supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_340 command as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
'A'	AES.
'D'	DEA.
'R'	RSA.
T'	Triple DEA (also referred to as TDEA).
Numeric values	Reserved for proprietary use.

### bModeOfUse

This parameter is not used and must be set to '0'. The Service Provider can determine this value from the decryption key that is already imported into the PIN device.

### *dwCrvptoMethod*

This parameter specifies the cryptographic method that will be used with the encryption algorithm specified by *bAlgorithm*.

If bAlgorithm is 'A', 'D', or 'T', then dwCryptoMethod can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN CRYPTOECB	The ECB encryption method
WFS PIN CRYPTOCBC	The CBC encryption method
WFS PIN CRYPTOCFB	The CFB encryption method
WFS PIN CRYPTOOFB	The OFB encryption method
WFS PIN CRYPTOCTR	The CTR method defined in NIST
	<u>SP800-38A.</u>
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOXTS	The XTS method defined in NIST
	SP800-38E.

### If bAlgorithm is 'R', then dwCryptoMethod can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN CRYPT RSAES PKCS1 V1 5	Use the RSAES PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS PIN CRYPT RSAES OAEP	Use the RSAES OAEP algorithm.

If *bKeyUsage* is 'K1', then dwCryptoMethod is 0. TR-31 defines the cryptographic methods used for each key block version.

### <u>lppVerifyAttributes</u>

This is either NULL, or a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINATTRIBUTES structures specifying the combination of attributes supported by the WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 command for the key used for verification before importing the key.

t:	ypedef struct	wfs	pin	attributes
{				_
	BYTE			<pre>bKeyUsage[2];</pre>
	BYTE			bAlgorithm;
	BYTE			bModeOfUse;
	DWORD			dwCryptoMethod;
}	WFSPINATTRIBUT	ES,	*LP	WFSPINATTRIBUTES;

There is one structure for each attribute combination that is supported by the Service Provider. In each structure, each of the four parameters will have only one value set in each.

### **bKeyUsage**

<u>Specifies the key usages supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_340 command</u> as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'M0'	ISO 16609 MAC Algorithm 1 (using
	TDEA).
<u>'M1'</u>	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 1.
<u>'M2'</u>	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 2.
<u>'M3'</u>	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 3.

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<u>'M4'</u>	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 4.
<u>'M5'</u>	ISO 9797-1:1999 MAC Algorithm 5.
'M6'	ISO 9797-1:2011 MAC Algorithm
	<u>5/CMAC.</u>
<u>'M7'</u>	HMAC.
'M8'	ISO9797-1:2011 MAC Algorithm 6.
<u>'S0'</u>	Asymmetric key pair for digital
	signature.
<u>'S1'</u>	Asymmetric key pair, CA key.
<u>'S2'</u>	Asymmetric key pair, nonX9.24 key.

Numeric values Reserved for proprietary use. A key check value does not have a usage, so the *bKeyUsage* should be '00' when specifying a key check value.

#### bAlgorithm **b**

Specifies the encryption algorithms supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'A'	AES
<u>'D'</u>	<u>DEA</u>
'R'	RSA
<u>T</u>	Triple DEA (also referred to as TDEA)
Numeric values	Reserved for proprietary use

### <u>bModeOfUse</u>

Specifies the encryption modes supported by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'V'	Verify Only
Numeric values	Reserved for proprietary use

### <u>dwCryptoMethod</u>

This parameter specifies the cryptographic method that will be used with the encryption algorithm specified by bAlgorithm.

If bAlgorithm is 'A', 'D', or 'T' and bKeyUsage is a MAC usage (i.e. 'M1'), then dwCryptoMethod must be 0.

<u>If bAlgorithm is 'A', 'D', or 'T' and bKeyUsage is '00', then dwCryptoMethod can be one of the following values:</u>

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVNONE	There is no key check value verification
	required.
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value (KCV) is created by
	an encryption of the key with itself.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value (KCV) is created by
	encrypting a zero value with the key.

If bAlgorithm is 'R' and bKeyUsage is not '00', then dwCryptoMethod can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN SIGN NA	No signature algorithm specified. No
	signature verification will take place and
	the content of lpxVerificationData must
	be NULL.
WFS PIN SIGN RSASSA PKCS1 V1 5	Use the RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5
	algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	Use the RSASSA-PSS algorithm.

One or more of the following flags must be specified in combination with one of the signature verification methods.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGNHASH_SHA1	The SHA 1 digest algorithm.

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WFS PIN SIGNHASH SHA256

The SHA 256 digest algorithm, as defined in ISO/IEC 10118-3:2004 [Ref. 40] and FIPS 180-2 [Ref. 41].

**Error Codes** Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Comments** Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter

may not be device or vendor-independent.

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### WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL

### **Description**

This command returns detailed information about the keys in the encryption module. This command will also return information on symmetric keys loaded during manufacture that can be used by applications. If a public or private key name is specified this command will return WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND. If the application wants all keys returned, then all keys except the public and private keys are returned.

Details relating to the keys loaded using OPT (via the ZKA WFS PIN PROTISOPS protocol) are retrieved using the ZKA WFS PIN PROTHSMLDI protocol. These keys are not reported by this command. Applications should use WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL 340.

### **Input Param**

LPSTR lpsKeyName;

*lpsKevName* 

Name of the key for which detailed information is requested. If NULL, detailed information about all the keys in the encryption module is returned.

**Output Param** LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL \*lppKeyDetail;

Pointer to a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINKEYDETAIL structures.

```
typedef struct wfs pin key detail
     LPSTR
                                lpsKeyName;
     WORD
                                fwUse;
     BOOL
                                bLoaded;
                                lpxKeyBlockHeader;
     LPWFSXDATA
     } WFSPINKEYDETAIL, *LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL;
```

*lpsKeyName* 

Specifies the name of the key.

Specifies the type of access for which the key is used as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key can be used for encryption/decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key can be used for PIN functions.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key can be used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	Key can be imported only once.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value encryption
	key.
WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT	Key is under construction through the import
	S S .
WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT	,
	1 1
	•
	5
	/
WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER	
	key (see reference 35).
WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT	<u>,</u>

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WFS PIN USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY Key is used as

WFS\_PIN\_USEKEYENCKEY key whose later subsequently derived keys inherit and are restricted to a single use. To express this the WFS\_PIN\_USERESTRICTED-KEYENCKEY use must be combined with the use WFS\_PIN\_USEKEYENCKEY and must additionally be combined with the use that the later subsequently derived keys will have. See also examples in section 8.7.

bLoaded

Specifies whether the key has been loaded (imported from Application or locally from Operator).

lpxKeyBlockHeader

Contains the key block header of keys imported within an ANS TR-31 key block. This data is encoded in the same format that it was imported in, and contains all mandatory and optional header fields. *lpxKeyBlockHeader* is NULL if the key was not imported within a key block or has not been loaded yet. The *fwUse* field provides an accurate summary of the key use, but the use defined within the key block header is more precise. See the <u>TR-31 Key Use Appendix</u> for additional detail.

**Error Codes** In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

 Value
 Meaning

 WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_KEYNOTFOUND
 The specified key name is not found.

**Comments** None.

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### WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL

### **Description**

This command returns information about the names of the Function Keys supported by the device. Location information is also returned for the supported FDKs (Function Descriptor Keys). This includes screen overlay FDKs.

This command should be issued before the first call to WFS CMD PIN GET PIN or WFS CMD PIN GET DATA to determine which Function Keys (FKs) and Function Descriptor Keys (FDKs) are available and where the FDKs are located. Then, in these two commands, they can then be specified as Active and Terminate keys and options on the customer screen can be aligned with the active FDKs.

Note: As this command can only return FDK positions, its use on ETS devices (see WFSPINCAPS fwType) is limited. Therefore, for maximum compatibility, it is recommended that the WFS INF PIN GET LAYOUT command be used in preference to this command.

### **Input Param**

LPULONG lpulFDKMask;

lpulFDKMask

Mask for the FDKs for which additional information is requested. If 0x00000000, only information about function keys is returned. If 0xFFFFFFF, information about all the supported FDKs is returned.

Output Param LPWFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL lpFuncKeyDetail;

```
typedef struct wfs pin func key detail
     ULONG
                                ulFuncMask;
     USHORT
                                usNumberFDKs;
     LPWFSPINFDK
                                *lppFDKs;
     } WFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL, *LPWFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL;
```

### ulFuncMask

Specifies the function keys available for this physical device as a combination of the following flags. The defines WFS PIN FK 0 through WFS PIN FK 9 correspond to numeric digits:

```
WFS PIN FK 0
                                             (numeric digit 0)
WFS PIN FK 1
                                             (numeric digit 1)
WFS PIN FK 2
                                             (numeric digit 2)
WFS PIN FK 3
                                             (numeric digit 3)
WFS PIN FK 4
                                             (numeric digit 4)
WFS PIN FK 5
                                             (numeric digit 5)
WFS PIN FK 6
                                             (numeric digit 6)
WFS PIN FK 7
                                             (numeric digit 7)
WFS PIN FK 8
                                             (numeric digit 8)
WFS PIN FK 9
                                             (numeric digit 9)
WFS PIN FK ENTER
WFS PIN FK CANCEL
WFS PIN FK CLEAR
WFS PIN FK BACKSPACE
WFS PIN FK HELP
WFS PIN FK DECPOINT
WFS PIN FK 00
WFS PIN FK 000
WFS_PIN_FK_RES1
                                             (reserved for future use)
WFS PIN FK RES2
                                             (reserved for future use)
WFS_PIN_FK_RES3
                                             (reserved for future use)
WFS_PIN_FK_RES4
                                             (reserved for future use)
WFS PIN FK RES5
                                             (reserved for future use)
WFS PIN FK_RES6
                                             (reserved for future use)
WFS PIN FK RES7
                                             (reserved for future use)
WFS PIN FK RES8
                                             (reserved for future use)
```

The remaining 6 bit masks may be used as vendor dependent keys.

```
WFS PIN FK OEM1
WFS PIN FK OEM2
WFS PIN FK OEM3
```

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```
WFS_PIN_FK_OEM4
WFS_PIN_FK_OEM5
WFS_PIN_FK_OEM6
```

usNumberFDKs

This value indicates the number of FDK structures returned. Only supported FDKs are returned.

### lppFDKs

Pointer to an array of pointers to WFSPINFDK structures. It is the responsibility of the application to identify the mapping between the FDK code and the physical location of the FDK. *lppFDKs* is NULL if no FDKs are requested or supported.

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_fdk
{
   ULONG          ulFDK;
   USHORT          usXPosition;
   USHORT          usYPosition;
} WFSPINFDK, *LPWFSPINFDK;

ulFDK
```

Specifies the code returned by this FDK, defined as one of the following values:

```
WFS PIN FK FDK01
WFS PIN FK FDK02
WFS PIN FK FDK03
WFS PIN FK FDK04
WFS PIN FK FDK05
WFS PIN FK FDK06
WFS PIN FK FDK07
WFS PIN FK FDK08
WFS PIN FK FDK09
WFS PIN FK FDK10
WFS PIN FK FDK11
WFS PIN FK FDK12
WFS PIN FK FDK13
WFS PIN FK FDK14
WFS PIN FK FDK15
WFS_PIN_FK_FDK16
WFS PIN FK FDK17
WFS PIN FK FDK18
WFS PIN FK FDK19
WFS PIN FK FDK20
WFS PIN FK FDK21
WFS PIN FK FDK22
WFS PIN FK FDK23
WFS PIN FK FDK24
WFS PIN FK FDK25
WFS PIN FK FDK26
WFS PIN FK FDK27
WFS PIN FK FDK28
WFS PIN FK FDK29
WFS PIN FK FDK30
```

WFS\_PIN\_FK\_FDK31 WFS\_PIN\_FK\_FDK32

### usXPosition

For FDKs, specifies the screen position the FDK relates to. This position is relative to the Left Hand side of the screen expressed as a percentage of the width of the screen.

For FDKs along the side of the screen this will be 0 (left side) or 100 (right side, user's view).

### us YP osition

For FDKs, specifies the screen position the FDK relates to. This position is relative to the top of the screen expressed as a percentage of the height of the screen.

For FDKs above or below the screen this will be 0 (above) or 100 (below).

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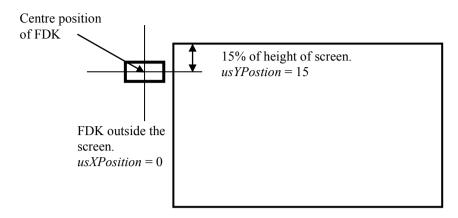


Diagram: Shows how usXPosition and usYPosition are set.

**Error Codes** Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

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### 4.5 WFS\_INF\_PIN\_HSM\_TDATA

**Description** This function returns the current HSM terminal data. The data is returned as a series of

"tag/length/value" items.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxTData;

lpxTData

Contains the parameter settings as a series of "tag/length/value" items with no separators. See

command WFS CMD PIN HSM SET TDATA for the tags supported.

**Error Codes** Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Comments** None.

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### 4.6 WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL EX

### **Description**

This command returns extended detailed information about the keys in the encryption module, including DES, <u>DUKPT</u>, private and public keys. This command will also return information on all keys loaded during manufacture that can be used by applications.

Details relating to the keys loaded using OPT (via the ZKA WFS\_PIN\_PROTISOPS protocol) are retrieved using the ZKA WFS\_PIN\_PROTHSMLDI protocol. These keys are not reported by this command. <u>Applications should use WFS\_INF\_PIN\_KEY\_DETAIL\_340.</u>

### **Input Param**

LPSTR lpsKeyName;

*lpsKeyName* 

Name of the key for which detailed information is requested. If NULL, detailed information about all the keys in the encryption module is returned.

### **Output Param**

LPWFSPINKEYDETAILEX \*lppKeyDetailEx;

Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINKEYDETAILEX structures.

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_key_detail_ex
                                 lpsKeyName;
     LPSTR
     DWORD
                                 dwUse;
     BYTE
                                 bGeneration;
     BYTE
                                bVersion;
     BYTE
                                 bActivatingDate[4];
                                 bExpiryDate[4];
     BYTE
     BOOL
                                 bLoaded;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxKeyBlockHeader;
     } WFSPINKEYDETAILEX, *LPWFSPINKEYDETAILEX;
```

#### lnsKevName

Specifies the name of the key.

### dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key is used as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN USECRYPT	Key can be used for encryption/decryption.
WFS PIN USEFUNCTION	Key can be used for PIN functions.
WFS PIN USEMACING	Key can be used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS PIN USENODUPLICATE	Key can be imported only once.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value encryption key.
WFS PIN USEPINLOCAL	Key is used only for local PIN check.
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLIC	Key is used as a public key for RSA
	encryption including EMV PIN block creation.
WFS PIN USERSAPRIVATE	Key is used as a private key for RSA
	decryption.
WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATESIGN	Key is used as a private key for RSA
	Signature generation. Only data generated
	within the device can be signed.
WFS_PIN_USECHIPINFO	Key is used as KGK <sub>INFO</sub> key (only ZKA standard).
WFS_PIN_USECHIPPIN	Key is used as KGK <sub>PIN</sub> key (only ZKA standard).
WFS PIN USECHIPPS	Key is used as K <sub>PS</sub> key (only ZKA standard).
WFS PIN USECHIPMAC	Key is used as K <sub>MAC</sub> key (only ZKA
	standard).
WFS_PIN_USECHIPLT	Key is used as KGK <sub>LT</sub> key (only ZKA
	standard).
WFS_PIN_USECHIPMACLZ	Key is used as K <sub>PACMAC</sub> key (only ZKA standard).

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WFS\_PIN\_USECHIPMACAZ Key is used as K<sub>MASTER</sub> key (only ZKA

standard).

WFS PIN USERSAPUBLICVERIFY Key is used as a public key for RSA

signature verification and/or data decryption.
WFS PIN USECONSTRUCT

signature verification and/or data decryption.
Key is under construction through the import

of multiple parts. This value can be returned in combination with any one of the other key

usage flags (other than

WFS\_PIN\_USESECURECONSTRUCT).

WFS\_PIN\_USESECURECONSTRUCT Key is under construction through the import

of multiple parts from a secure encryption key entry buffer. This value can be returned in combination with any of the other key

usage flags (other than

WFS PIN USECONSTRUCT).

WFS\_PIN\_USEANSTR31MASTER Key is an ANS X9 TR-31 key block master

key (see reference 35).

WFS\_PIN\_USEPINREMOTE Key is used only for PIN block creation.

WFS\_PIN\_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY Key is used as

WFS\_PIN\_USEKEYENCKEY key whose later subsequently derived keys inherit and are restricted to a single use. To express this

the WFS\_PIN\_USERESTRICTED-

KEYENCKEY use must be combined with the use WFS\_PIN\_USEKEYENCKEY and must additionally be combined with the use that the later subsequently derived keys will have. See also examples in section 8.7.

Key is a key derivation key (see reference

45). This value must be combined with the use that later subsequently derived keys have e.g. if the key is an Initial PIN Encrypt Key (IPEK), this value must be combined with WFS PIN USEREMOTE and optionally WFS PIN USEFUNTION. If the optional

Data and Mac keys are supported, this value

must be combined with WFS\_PIN\_USECRYPT and WFS\_PIN\_USEMACING.

### bGeneration

WFS PIN USEKEYDERKEY

Specifies the generation of the key as BCD value. Different generations might correspond to different environments (e.g. test or production environment). The content is vendor specific. This value will be 0xFF if no such information is available for the key.

### hVersion

Specifies the version of the key (the year in which the key is valid, e.g. 01 for 2001) as BCD value. This value will be 0xFF if no such information is available for the key.

### **b**ActivatingDate

Specifies the date when the key is activated as BCD value in the format YYYYMMDD. This value will be 0xFFFFFFF if no such information is available for the key.

### *bExpiryDate*

Specifies the date when the key expires as BCD value in the format YYYYMMDD. This value will be 0xFFFFFFF if no such information is available for the key.

### bLoaded

Specifies whether the key has been loaded (imported from Application or locally from Operator).

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*lpxKeyBlockHeader* 

Contains the key block header of keys imported within an ANS TR-31 key block. This data is encoded in the same format that it was imported in, and contains all mandatory and optional header fields. *lpxKeyBlockHeader* is NULL if the key was not imported within a key block or has not been loaded yet. The *dwUse* field provides an accurate summary of the key use, but the use defined within the key block header is more precise. See the <u>TR-31 Key Use Appendix</u> for additional detail.

**Error Codes** 

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key name is not found.

**Comments** 

When the encryption module contains a public/private key-pair, only the private part of the key will be reported. Every private key in the encryption module will always have a corresponding public key with the same name. The public key can be exported with WFS CMD PIN EXPORT EPP SIGNED ITEM.

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### WFS INF PIN SECUREKEY DETAIL

### **Description**

This command reports the secure key entry method used by the device. This allows an application to enable the relevant keys and inform the user how to enter the hex digits 'A' to 'F', e.g. by displaying an image indicating which key pad locations correspond to the 16 hex digits and/or shift key. It reports the following information:

- The secure key entry mode (uses a shift key to access the hex digit 'A' to 'F' or each hex digit has a specific key assigned to it).
- The function keys and FDKs available during secure key entry.
- The FDKs that are configured as function keys (Enter, Cancel, Clear and Backspace).
- The physical keyboard layout.

The keys that are active during the secure key entry command are vendor specific but must be sufficient to enter a secure encryption key. On some systems a unique key is assigned to each encryption key digit. On some systems encryption key digits are entered by pressing a shift key and then a numeric digit, e.g. to enter 'A' the shift key (WFS PIN FK SHIFT) is pressed followed by the zero key (WFS PIN FK 0). On these systems WFS PIN FK SHIFT is not returned to the application in a WFS EXEE PIN KEY event. The exact behavior of the shift key is vendor dependent, some devices will require the shift to be used before every key and some may require the shift key to enter and exit shift mode.

There are many different styles of PIN pads in operation. Most have a regular shape with all keys having the same size and are laid out in a regular matrix. However, some devices have a layout with keys of different sizes and different numbers of keys on some rows and columns. This command returns information that allows an application to provide user instructions and an image of the keyboard layout to assist with key entry.

Note: As this command is geared to use with devices with Physical Keys e.g. key position and size are measured using the range 1 – 1000 and fwKeyEntryMode expresses layout in terms of regular and irregular, it's use on ETS devices (see WFSPINCAPS fwType) is limited. Therefore, for maximum compatibility, it is recommended that the WFS INF PIN GET LAYOUT command be used in preference to this command.

### **Input Param**

None.

### Output Param LPWFSPINSECUREKEYDETAIL lpSecureKeyDetail;

```
typedef struct wfs pin secure key detail
     WORD
                                 fwKeyEntryMode;
     LPWFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL
                                 lpFuncKeyDetail;
                                 ulClearFDK;
     ULONG
     ULONG
                                 ulCancelFDK;
     ULONG
                                 ulBackspaceFDK;
     ULONG
                                 ulEnterFDK;
     WORD
                                 wColumns;
     WORD
                                 wRows;
     LPWFSPINHEXKEYS
                                 *lppHexKeys;
     } WFSPINSECUREKEYDETAIL, *LPWFSPINSECUREKEYDETAIL;
```

### fwKeyEntryMode

Specifies the method to be used to enter the encryption key digits (including 'A' to 'F') during secure key entry. The value can be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_NOTSUPP	Secure key entry is not supported, all other
	parameters are undefined.

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WFS PIN SECUREKEY REG SHIFT Secure key hex digits 'A' - 'F' are accessed

through the shift key. Digits 'A' - 'F' are accessed through the shift key followed by one of the other function keys. The keys associated with 'A' to 'F' are defined within the lppHexKeys parameter. The keyboard has a regular shaped key layout where all rows have the same number of kevs and all columns have the same number of keys, e.g. 5x4. The *lppHexKevs* parameter must contain one entry for each key on the PIN pad (i.e. the product of wRows by

wColumns).

WFS PIN SECUREKEY IRREG SHIFT Secure key hex digits 'A' - 'F' are accessed

through the shift key. Digits 'A' - 'F' are accessed through the shift key followed by one of the other function keys. The keys associated with 'A' to 'F' are defined within the lppHexKeys parameter. The keyboard has an irregular shaped key layout, e.g. there are more or less keys on one row or column than on the others. The *lppHexKevs* parameter must contain one entry for each

key on the PIN pad.

WFS PIN SECUREKEY REG UNIQUE Secure key hex digits are accessed through

specific keys assigned to each hex digit. The keyboard has a regular shaped key layout where all rows have the same number of keys and all columns have the same number of keys, e.g. 5x4. The *lppHexKeys* parameter must contain one entry for each key on the PIN pad (i.e. the product of wRows by

wColumns).

WFS PIN SECUREKEY IRREG UNIQUE Secure key hex digits are accessed through

specific keys assigned to each hex digit. The keyboard has an irregular shaped key layout, e.g. there are more or less keys on one row

or column than on the others. The

lppHexKeys must contain one entry for each

key on the PIN pad.

### lpFuncKeyDetail

Contains information about the Function Keys and FDKs supported by the device while in secure key entry mode. This structure is the same as the output structure of the

WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL command with information always returned for every FDK valid during secure key entry. It describes the function keys that represent the hex digits and shift key, but also reports any other keys that can be enabled while in secure key entry mode.

The double zero, triple zero and decimal point function keys are not valid during secure key entry so are never reported.

On a PIN pad where the physical Enter, Clear, Cancel and Backspace keys are used for hex digits (e.g. WFS PIN SECUREKEY REG UNIQUE mode), the logical function keys WFS PIN FK ENTER, WFS PIN FK CLEAR, WFS PIN FK CANCEL and WFS PIN FK BACKSPACE will not be reported by this command (unless there is another physical key offering this functionality).

In addition to the existing definition for WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL, the following definitions replace function keys WFS PIN FK RES1 to WFS PIN FK RES7:

WFS_PIN_FK_A		(hex digit A)
WFS_PIN_FK_B		(hex digit B)
WFS_PIN_FK_C		(hex digit C)
WFS_PIN_FK_D		(hex digit D)
WFS PIN FK E		(hex digit E)

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```
WFS_PIN_FK_F (hex digit F)
WFS_PIN_FK_SHIFT (Shift key used during hex entry)
```

### ulClearFDK

The FDK code mask reporting any FDKs associated with Clear. If this field is zero then Clear through an FDK is not supported, otherwise the bit mask reports which FDKs are associated with Clear.

### ulCancelFDK

The FDK code mask reporting any FDKs associated with Cancel. If this field is zero then Cancel through an FDK is not supported, otherwise the bit mask reports which FDKs are associated with Cancel.

### ulBackspaceFDK

The FDK code mask reporting any FDKs associated with Backspace. If this field is zero then Backspace through an FDK is not supported, otherwise the bit mask reports which FDKs are associated with Backspace.

### ulEnterFDK

The FDK code mask reporting any FDKs associated with Enter. If this field is zero then Enter through an FDK is not supported, otherwise the bit mask reports which FDKs are associated with Enter.

#### wColumns w

Specifies the maximum number of columns on the PIN pad (the columns are defined by the x coordinate values within the *lppHexKeys* structure below). When the *fwKeyEntryMode* parameter represents an irregular shaped keyboard the *wRows* and *wColumns* parameters define the ratio of the width to height, i.e. square if the parameters are the same or rectangular if *wColumns* is larger than *wRows*, etc.

### wRows

Specifies the maximum number of rows on the PIN pad (the rows are defined by the y co-ordinate values within the *lppHexKeys* structure below). When the *fwKeyEntryMode* parameter represents an irregular shaped keyboard the *wRows* and *wColumns* parameters define the ratio of the width to height, i.e. square if the parameters are the same or rectangular if *wColumns* is larger than *wRows*, etc.

### *lppHexKeys*

A NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINHEXKEYS structures describing the physical keys on the PIN pad, it does not include FDKs.

This array defines the keys associated with the hex digits. Each structure entry describes the position, size and function key associated with a key. This data must be returned by the Service Provider. This array represents the PIN pad keys ordered left to right and top to bottom.

### usXPos

Specifies the position of the top left corner of the FK relative to the left hand side of the keyboard expressed as a value between 0 and 999, where 0 is the left edge and 999 is the right edge.

### usYPos

Specifies the position of the top left corner of the FK relative to the top of the keyboard expressed as a value between 0 and 999, where 0 is the top edge and 999 is the bottom edge.

### usXSize

Specifies the FK width expressed as a value between 1 and 1000, where 1 is the smallest possible size and 1000 is the full width of the keyboard.

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us YSize

Specifies the FK height expressed as a value between 1 and 1000, where 1 is the smallest possible size and 1000 is the full height of the keyboard.

ulFK

Specifies the FK code associated with the physical key in non shifted mode, WFS PIN FK UNUSED if the key is not used.

ulShiftFK

Specifies the FK code associated with the physical key in shifted mode, WFS\_PIN\_FK\_UNUSED if the key is not used in shifted mode. This field will always be WFS\_PIN\_FK\_UNUSED when the *fwKeyEntryMode* parameter indicates that keyboard does not use a shift mode.

**Error Codes** Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Comments** Examples keyboard layouts are provided in section <u>8.6</u> to explain the use of the *lppHexKeys* parameter. In addition section <u>8.6</u> also provides an example of a command flow required to enter encryption keys securely.

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### 4.8 WFS\_INF\_PIN\_QUERY\_LOGICAL\_HSM\_DETAIL

**Description** This command reports the ZKA logical HSMs available within the EPP. It also reports which

logical HSM is currently active.

Input Param None

Output Param LPWFSPINHSMDETAIL lpHSMDetail;

### wActiveLogicalHSM

Specifies the serial number of the logical HSM that is currently active. This value is the HSM serial number (tag CB in the HSM TDATA) encoded as a normal binary value (i.e. it is not a BCD). If no logical HSMs are present or logical HSMs are not supported then this value is zero.

### lppHSMInfo

Pointer to a NULL terminated array of pointers to WFSPINHSMINFO structures (one for each logical HSM). A NULL pointer is returned if no logical HSMs are supported/present.

### wHSMSerialNumber

Specifies the Serial Number of the Logical HSM (tag CB in the HSM TDATA). This value is encoded as a normal binary value (i.e. it is not a BCD).

### *lpsZKAID*

A null-terminated string containing the ZKA ID of the logical HSM (defined by tag CC in the HSM TDATA). The characters in the string are <a href="mailto:EBCDIC">EBCDIC</a> characters.

### **Error Codes**

Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

### **Comments**

None.

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### 4.9 WFS INF PIN QUERY PCIPTS DEVICE ID

### **Description**

This command is used to report information in order to verify the PCI Security Standards Council PIN transaction security (PTS) certification held by the PIN device. The command provides detailed information in order to verify the certification level of the device. Support of this command by the Service Provider does not imply in anyway the certification level achieved by the device.

### **Input Param**

None.

### **Output Param**

### LPWFSPINPCIPTSDEVICEID lpPCIPTSDeviceId;

### lpszManufacturerIdentifier

Returns an ASCII string containing the manufacturer identifier of the PIN device. This value is NULL if the manufacturer identifier is not available. This field is distinct from the HSM key pair that may be reported in the *lpszExtra* field by the WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES command.

### lpszModelIdentifier

Returns an ASCII string containing the model identifier of the PIN device. This value is NULL if the model identifier is not available.

### lpszHardwareIdentifier

Returns an ASCII string containing the hardware identifier of the PIN device. This value is NULL if the hardware identifier is not available.

### lpszFirmwareIdentifier

Returns an ASCII string containing the firmware identifier of the PIN device. This value is NULL if the firmware identifier is not available.

### lpszApplicationIdentifier

Returns an ASCII string containing the application identifier of the PIN device. This value is NULL if the application identifier is not available.

### **Error Codes**

Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

### **Comments**

The string contained in *lpszManufacturerIdentifier*, *lpszModelIdentifier*, *lpszHardwareIdentifier*, *lpszFirmwareIdentifier*, and *lpszApplicationIdentifier* are expected to match those submitted to the PCI Security Standards Council in order for the certification level to be determined. The PCI PTS certification levels for PIN devices are available on the PCI Security Standards Council website (see Reference 37).

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### 4.10 WFS\_INF\_PIN\_GET\_LAYOUT

### **Description**

This command allows an application to retrieve layout information for any PIN device. Either one layout or all defined layouts can be retrieved with a single request of this command.

There can be a layout for each of the different types of keyboard entry modes, if the vendor and the hardware support these different methods. The types of keyboard entry modes are (1) Data Entry mode which corresponds to the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_DATA command, (2) PIN Entry mode which corresponds to the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN command, and (3) Secure Key Entry mode which corresponds to the WFS CMD PIN SECUREKEY ENTRY command. The layouts can be preloaded into the device, if the device supports this, or a single layout can be loaded into the device immediately prior to the keyboard command being requested.

### **Input Param**

### LPWFSPINGETLAYOUT lpGetLayout;

```
typedef struct wfs pin get layout
     DWORD
                                dwEntryMode;
     } WFSPINGETLAYOUT, *LPWFSPINGETLAYOUT;
```

### *dwEntryMode*

Specifies entry mode to be returned. It can be one of the following flags, or zero to return all supported entry modes:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_DATA	Specifies that the layout be applied to the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA entry
	method.
WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_PIN	Specifies that the layout be applied to the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN entry method.
WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_SECURE	Specifies that the layout be applied to the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY
	entry method.

### Output Param LPWFSPINLAYOUT \*lppLayout;

Pointer to a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINLAYOUT structures.

```
typedef struct wfs pin layout
     DWORD
                           dwEntryMode;
     USHORT
                           usNumberOfFrames;
     LPWFSPINFRAME
                           *lppFrames;
     } WFSPINLAYOUT, *LPWFSPINLAYOUT;
```

### dwEntryMode

Specifies entry mode to which the layout applies. It can be one of the following flags.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_DATA	Specifies that the layout be applied to the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA entry
	method.
WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_PIN	Specifies that the layout be applied to the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN entry method.
WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_SECURE	Specifies that the layout be applied to the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY
	entry method.

### usNumberOfFrames

This value indicates the number of WFSPINFRAME structures are included in the *lppFrames* parameter.

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### *lppFrames*

Pointer to an array of pointers to WFSPINFRAME structures. There can be one or more WFSPINFRAME structures included. A Physical Frame can **only** contain Physical Keys. It can contain Physical Keys positioned on the edge of the screen (for example, FDKs) or Physical Keys not positioned on the edge of the screen (for example EPP) but **cannot** contain both. A Touch Frame (see section 2.1) can **only** contain Touch Keys. To determine the frame type, usFrameXSize and usFrameYSize should be checked. Refer to the table in the Comments for the different types of frames, and see the diagram in the Comments for an example.

#### us Frame XPos

For ETSIf the frame contains Touch Keys, specifies the left edge of the frame as an offset from the left edge of the screen in pixels and will be less than the width of the screen.

<u>If the frame contains Physical Keys on the boundary of the screen</u>, specifies the left coordinate of the frame as an offset from the left edge of the screen. <u>For all other device types in pixels and will be 0 or the width of the screen in pixels.</u>

<u>If the frame contains Physical Keys not positioned on the screen boundary</u>, this value is <u>ignored0</u>.

usFrameYPos

For ETS<u>If the frame contains Touch Keys</u>, specifies the top <u>eoordinateedge</u> of the frame as an offset from the top edge of the screen. For all other device types in pixels and will be less than the height of the screen.

If the frame contains Physical Keys on the boundary of the screen, specifies the top edge of the frame as an offset from the top edge of the screen in pixels and will be 0 or the height of the screen in pixels.

<u>If the frame contains Physical Keys not positioned on the screen boundary</u>, this value is <u>ignored0</u>.

usFrameXSize

For ETSIf the frame contains Touch Keys, specifies the width of the frame. For all other device types in pixels and will be greater than 0 and less than the width of the screen minus usFrameXPos.

If the frame contains Physical Keys on the boundary of the screen, specifies the width of the frame in pixels and will be 0 or the width of the screen in pixels.

<u>If the frame contains Physical Keys not positioned on the screen boundary</u>, this value is <u>ignored</u>0.

usFrameYSize

For ETSIf the frame contains Touch Keys, specifies the height of the frame. For all other device types in pixels and will be greater than 0 and less than the height of the screen minus usFrameYPos.

If the frame contains Physical Keys on the boundary of the screen, specifies the height of the frame in pixels and will be 0 or the height of the screen in pixels.

<u>If the frame contains Physical Keys not positioned on the screen boundary</u>, this value is <u>ignored0</u>.

wFloatAction

Specifies the type of float action as WFS\_PIN\_FLOAT\_NONE if the PIN device will not randomly shift the layout or else a combination of the following flags:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_FLOATX	Specifies that the PIN device will randomly shift the layout in a horizontal direction. Applicable to ETS devices only.
WFS_PIN_FLOATY	Specifies that the PIN device will randomly shift the layout in a vertical direction. Applicable to ETS devices only.

For any non-ETS device, this value should be set to WFS PIN FLOAT NONE.

### *lppFKs*

Pointer to a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINFK structures defining details of the keys in the keyboard. See below.

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_fk
     USHORT
                      usXPos:
     USHORT
                      usYPos;
     USHORT
                      usXSize;
     USHORT
                      usYSize;
     WORD
                      wKeyType;
     ULONG
                      ulFK;
     III.ONG
                      ulShiftFK;
     } WFSPINFK, *LPWFSPINFK;
```

### usXPos

Specifies the position of the top-left eorneredge of the FKkey relative to the left hand side of the layout. For ETS devices, must be in frame. See the range defined in the WFSPINFRAME. For non ETS devices, must be a value between 0 and 999, where 0 is the left edge and 999 is the right edgetable in Comments for possible values.

### usYPos

Specifies the position of the top <u>left corneredge</u> of the <u>FKkey</u> relative to the <u>left hand side</u> of the layout. For ETS devices, must be in the range defined in the WFSPINFRAME. For non ETS devices, must be a value between 0 and 999, where 0 is the top edge and 999 is the bottom edge of the frame. See the table in Comments for possible values.

### usXSize

Specifies the FKkey width. For ETS, width is measured in pixels. For non ETS devices, width is expressed as a value between 1 and 1000, where 1 is See the smallest table in Comments for possible size and 1000 is the full width of the layout values.

### us VCiza

Specifies the FKkey height. For ETS, height is measured in pixels. For non ETS devices, height is expressed as a value between 1 and 1000, where 1 is the smallest possible size and 1000 is the full height of the layoutSee the table in Comments for possible values.

### wKeyType

Defines the type of XFS key definition value is represented by *ulFK* and *ulShiftFK*.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_FK	Function Keys are being used.
WFS_PIN_FDK	Function Descriptor Keys are being
	used.

### ulFK

Specifies the FK code associated with the physical areakey in non-shifted mode, WFS\_PIN\_FK\_UNUSED if the key is not used.

### ulShiftFK

Specifies the FK code associated with the physical key in shifted mode, WFS PIN FK UNUSED if the key is not used in shifted mode.

### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The specified entry mode is not supported.

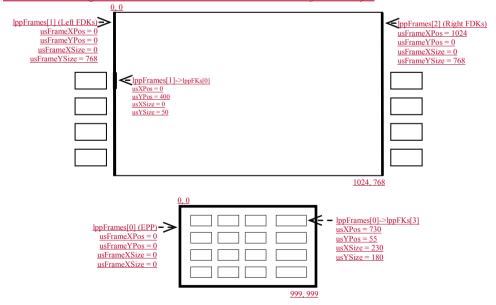
**Events** None.

<u>Comments</u> The following table defines the possible size and position values that apply to each frame type.

<u>Frame Type</u>	WFSPINFRAME		WFSPINKEY					
	<u>usFrameXSize</u>	usFrame YSize	usFrameXPos	UsFrameYPos	aziSXsu	usYSize	usXPos	<u>usYPos</u>
Physical Keys on EPP	0	0	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	1 to 1000 <sup>1</sup>	1 to 1000 <sup>2</sup>	0 to 999 <sup>3</sup>	0 to 999 <sup>4</sup>
Touch Keys on ETS	<u>&gt; 0</u>	<u>&gt; 0</u>	<u>&gt;= 0</u>	<u>&gt;= 0</u>	<u>0 to</u>	<u>0 to</u>	<u>0 to</u>	<u>0 to</u>
					(usFrameXSize - usXPos)	(usFrameYSize - usYPos)	<u>usFrameXSize</u>	<u>usFrameYsize</u>
Physical Keys on Left Boundary of Screen	<u>0</u>	<u>≥ 0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	0 to (usFrameYSize - usYPos)	<u>0</u>	<u>0 to</u> <u>usFrameYsize</u>
Physical Keys on Right Boundary of Screen	<u>0</u>	<u>≥ 0</u>	<u>≥ 0</u>	0	<u>0</u>	0 to (usFrameYSize - usYPos)	usFrameXSize	<u>0 to</u> <u>usFrameYsize</u>
Physical Keys on Top Boundary of Screen	<u>&gt; 0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	0 to (usFrameXSize - usXPos)	<u>0</u>	<u>0 to</u> <u>usFrameXSize</u>	<u>0</u>
Physical Keys on Bottom Boundary of Screen	<u>&gt; 0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>&gt; 0</u>	0 to (usFrameXSize - usXPos)	<u>0</u>	<u>0 to</u> usFrameXSize	<u>usFrameYSize</u>

<sup>1: 1</sup> is the smallest possible size and 1000 is the full width of the frame

The following diagram shows an example configuration consisting of an EPP and Physical FDKs to the left and right of the screen. 3 frames contain the Physical Keys.



<sup>2: 1</sup> is the smallest possible size and 1000 is the full height of the frame

<sup>3: 0</sup> is the left edge and 999 is the right edge of the frame

<sup>4: 0</sup> is the top edge and 999 is the bottom edge of the frame

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### 4.11 WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL 340

### **Description**

This command returns extended detailed information about the keys in the encryption module, including DES, DUKPT, AES, RSA private and public keys. This command will also return information on all keys loaded during manufacture that can be used by applications.

Details relating to the keys loaded using OPT (via the ZKA WFS\_PIN\_PROTISOPS protocol) are retrieved using the ZKA WFS\_PIN\_PROTHSMLDI protocol. These keys are not reported by this command.

### **Input Param** LPSTR lpsKeyName;

### *lpsKeyName*

Name of the key for which detailed information is requested. If NULL, detailed information about all the keys in the encryption module is returned.

### Output Param LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL340 \*lppKeyDetail340;

Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINKEYDETAIL340 structures.

typedef struct wfs pin	key detail 340
{	
LPSTR	lpsKeyName;
BYTE	bGeneration;
BYTE	bVersion;
BYTE	bActivatingDate[4];
BYTE	<pre>bExpiryDate[4];</pre>
DWORD	<pre>fwLoaded;</pre>
LPWFSPINKEYBLOCKINE	O lpKeyBlockInfo;
} WFSPINKEYDETAIL34	10, *LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL340;

### *lpsKeyName*

Specifies the name of the key.

### **b**Generation

Specifies the generation of the key as BCD value. Different generations might correspond to different environments (e.g. test or production environment). The content is vendor specific. This value will be 0xFF if no such information is available for the key.

### *hVersion*

Specifies the version of the key (the year in which the key is valid, e.g. 01 for 2001) as BCD value. This value will be 0xFF if no such information is available for the key.

### bActivatingDate

Specifies the date when the key is activated as BCD value in the format YYYYMMDD. This value will be expressed as 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF if no such information is available for the key.

### *bExpiryDate*

Specifies the date when the key expires as BCD value in the format YYYYMMDD. This value will be 0xFFFFFFF if no such information is available for the key.

### <u>fwLoaded</u>

Specifies whether the key has been loaded (imported from Application or locally from Operator), as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_LOADED_NO	The key is not loaded or not ready to be used
	in cryptographic operations.
WFS_PIN_LOADED_YES	The key is loaded and ready to be used in
	cryptographic operations.
WFS_PIN_LOADED_UNKNOWN	The state of the key is unknown.
WFS PIN LOADED CONSTRUCT	The key is under construction, meaning that
	at least one key part has been loaded but the
	key is not activated and ready to be used in
	other cryptographic operations. This flag can
	only be returned in combination with
	WFS PIN LOADED NO.

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### lpKeyBlockInfo

### Pointer to a WFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO structure.

typedef struct _wfs_pf	in_key_block_info
{	
BYTE	bKeyUsage[2];
BYTE	bAlgorithm;
BYTE	bModeOfUse;
BYTE	<pre>bKeyVersionNumber[2];</pre>
BYTE	bExportability;
LPWFSXDATA	<pre>lpxOptionalBlockHeader;</pre>
ULONG	ulKeyLength;
} WFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO,	*LPWFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO;

### **bKevUsage**

<u>Specifies the intended function of the key. See [Reference Error! Reference source not found.] for all possible values.</u>

### *bAlgorithm*

Specifies the algorithm for which the key may be used. See Error! Reference source not found. [Reference Error! Reference source not found.] for all possible values.

#### bModeOfUse

<u>Specifies the operation that the key may perform. See [Reference Error! Reference source not found.] for all possible values.</u>

### bKeyVersionNumber

Specifies a two-digit ASCII character version number, which is optionally used to indicate that contents of the key block are a component, or to prevent re-injection of old keys. See [Reference Error! Reference source not found.] for all possible values.

### **b**Exportability

Specifies whether the key may be transferred outside of the cryptographic domain in which the key is found. See [Reference Error! Reference source not found.] for all possible values.

### lpxOptionalBlockHeader

Contains any optional header blocks, as defined in [Reference Error! Reference source not found.]. This value will be NULL if there are no optional block headers.

### ulKevLenoth

Specifies the length, in bits, of the key. 0 if the key length is unknown.

## **Error Codes** In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key name is not found.

### Comments None.

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### 5. Execute Commands

### 5.1 Normal PIN Commands

The following commands are those commands that are used in a normal transaction with the encryptor.

### 5.1.1 WFS CMD PIN CRYPT

### **Description**

The input data is either encrypted or decrypted using the specified or selected encryption mode. The available modes are defined in the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_CAPABILITIES command.

This command can also be used for random number generation.

Furthermore it can be used for Message Authentication Code generation (i.e. MACing). The input data is padded to the necessary length mandated by the encryption algorithm using the *bPadding* parameter. Applications can generate a MAC using an alternative padding method by preformatting the data passed and combining this with the standard padding method.

The Start Value (or Initialization Vector) should be able to be passed encrypted like the specified encryption/decryption key. It would therefore need to be decrypted with a loaded key so the name of this key must also be passed. However, both these parameters are optional.

In order to access maximum functionality, it is recommended that applications should use the WFS CMD PIN CRYPT 340 command if the encryption mode being used is not random.

### **Input Param**

### LPWFSPINCRYPT lpCrypt;

```
typedef struct wfs pin crypt
     WORD
                                 wMode;
     LPSTR
                                 lpsKey;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxKeyEncKey;
     WORD
                                 wAlgorithm;
     LPSTR
                                 lpsStartValueKey;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxStartValue;
                                 bPadding;
     BYTE
     BYTE
                                 bCompression;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxCrvptData;
     } WFSPINCRYPT, *LPWFSPINCRYPT;
```

### wMode

Specifies whether to encrypt or decryptIf MACing then this parameter will be ignored, otherwise this parameter specifies the mode, values are one of the following:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT	Encrypt with key.
WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT	Decrypt with key.
WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM	An 8 byte random value shall be returned (in
	this case all the other input parameters are
	ignored).

This parameter does not apply to MACing.

### lpsKey

Specifies the name of the stored key. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS PIN MODERANDOM.

### *lpxKeyEncKey*

If NULL, *lpsKey* is used directly for encryption/decryption. Otherwise, *lpsKey* is used to decrypt (in ECB mode) the encrypted key passed in *lpxKeyEncKey* and the result is used for encryption/decryption. Users of this specification must adhere to local regulations when using Triple DES. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS\_PIN\_MODERANDOM.

### wAlgorithm

Specifies the encryption algorithm. Possible values are those described in WFS\_INF\_PIN\_CAPABILITIES. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS\_PIN\_MODERANDOM.

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### lpsStartValueKev

Specifies the name of the stored key used to decrypt the *lpxStartValue* to obtain the Initialization Vector. If this parameter is NULL, *lpxStartValue* is used as the Initialization Vector. This value is ignored, if wMode equals WFS PIN MODERANDOM.

### *lpxStartValue*

DES and Triple DES initialization vector for CBC / CFB encryption and MACing. If this parameter is NULL the default value for CBC / CFB / MAC is 16 hex digits 0x0. This value is ignored, if wMode equals WFS PIN MODERANDOM.

Specifies the padding character. The padding character is a full byte, e.g. 0xFF. This value is ignored, if wMode equals WFS PIN MODERANDOM. The valid range is 0x00 to 0xFF.

### **bCompression**

Specifies whether data is to be compressed (blanks removed) before building the MAC. If bCompression is 0x00 no compression is selected, otherwise bCompression holds the representation of the blank character (e.g. 0x20 in ASCII or 0x40 in EBCDIC). This value is ignored, if wMode equals WFS PIN MODERANDOM.

### lpxCryptData

Pointer to the data to be encrypted, decrypted, or MACed. This value is ignored, if wMode equals WFS PIN MODERANDOM.

### Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxCryptData;

### lpxCrvptData

Pointer to the encrypted or decrypted data, MAC value or 8 byte random value.

### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The specified mode is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key name was found but the
	corresponding key value has not been
	loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxKeyEncKey</i> or
	<i>lpxStartValue</i> is not supported or the length
	of an encryption key is not compatible with
	the encryption operation required.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOCHIPTRANSACTIVE	A chipcard key is used as encryption key and
	there is no chip transaction active.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The specified algorithm is not supported by
	this key.

### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.
WFS EXEE PIN DUKPT KSN	An <i>lpsKey</i> with
	WFS_PIN_USEKEYDERKEY usage has
	been used to encrypt or MAC the data.

### **Comments**

The key used for encryption/decryption must be a double-length or triple-length key when used for Triple DES encryption/decryption. If a double-length or triple-length key is used when a DES encryption algorithm is specified, or a single-length key is used when Triple DES is specified, the WFS ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH error is returned. Users of this specification must adhere to local regulations when using Triple DES.

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The data type LPWFSXDATA is used to pass hexadecimal data and is defined as follows:

usLength

Length of the byte stream pointed to by *lpbData*.

lpbData

Pointer to the binary data stream.

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### 5.1.2 WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY

### **Description**

The encryption key in the secure key buffer or passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. The key can be passed in clear text mode or encrypted with an accompanying "key encryption key". A key can be loaded in multiple unencrypted parts by combining the WFS\_PIN\_USECONSTRUCT or WFS\_PIN\_USESECURECONSTRUCT value with the final usage flags within the *fwUse* field.

If the WFS\_PIN\_USECONSTRUCT flag is used then the application must provide the key data through the *lpxValue* parameter, If WFS\_PIN\_USESECURECONSTRUCT is used then the encryption key part in the secure key buffer previously populated with the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_ENTRY command is used and *lpxValue* is ignored. Key parts loaded with the WFS\_PIN\_USESECURECONSTRUCT flag can only be stored once as the encryption key in the secure key buffer is no longer available after this command has been executed. The WFS\_PIN\_USECONSTRUCT and WFS\_PIN\_USESECURECONSTRUCT construction flags cannot be used in combination.

### **Input Param**

### LPWFSPINIMPORT lpImport;

### *lpsKey*

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

### lpsEncKey

*lpsEncKey* specifies a key name or a format name which was used to encrypt (in ECB mode) the key passed in *lpxValue*. If *lpsEncKey* is NULL the key is loaded directly into the encryption module. *lpsEncKey* must be NULL if *fwUse* contains WFS\_PIN\_USECONSTRUCT or WFS\_PIN\_USESECURECONSTRUCT.

### lpxIdeni

Specifies the key owner identification. It is a handle to the encryption module and is returned to the application in the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_INITIALIZATION command. See *fwIDKey* in WFS\_INF\_PIN\_CAPABILITIES for whether this value is required. If not required *lpxIdent* should be NULL. The use of this parameter is vendor dependent.

### lpxValue

Specifies the value of key to be loaded.

### fwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key can be used for encryption/decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key can be used for PIN functions (PIN
	block creation and local PIN check).
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key can be used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	Key can be imported only once.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value encryption
	key.
WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT	Key is under construction through the import
	of multiple parts. This value is used in
	combination with the actual usage flags for
	the key.

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have. See also examples in section 8.7.

WFS PIN USESECURECONSTRUCT Key is under construction through the import of multiple parts. This value is used in combination with the actual usage flags for the key. *lpxValue* is ignored as the encryption key part is taken from the secure kev buffer. Key can be used for importing keys WFS PIN USEANSTR31MASTER packaged within an ANS TR-31 key block. This key usage can only be combined with WFS PIN USECONSTRUCT and WFS PIN USESECURECONSTRUCT. WFS PIN USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY Key is used as WFS PIN USEKEYENCKEY key whose later subsequently derived keys inherit and are restricted to a single use. To express this the WFS PIN USERESTRICTED-KEYENCKEY use must be combined with the use WFS PIN USEKEYENCKEY and must additionally be combined with the use that the later subsequently derived keys will

If fwUse equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but lpsKey are ignored.

### Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxKVC;

*lpxKVC* 

Contains the key verification code data that can be used for verification of the loaded key, NULL if device does not have that capability.

### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key encryption key was not
	found or attempting to delete a non-existent
	key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS ERR PIN INVALIDID	The ID passed was not valid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported or the encryption key in the secure key buffer is invalid (or has not been entered) or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.

### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value Mea	ning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS An e key.	error occurred accessing an encryption

### **Comments**

When keys are loaded in multiple parts, all parts of the key loaded must set the relevant construction value in the *fwUse* field along with any usages needed for the final key use. The usage flags must be consistent for all parts of the key. Activation of the key entered in multiple

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parts is indicated through an additional final call to this command, where the construction flag is removed from *fwUse* but those other usage's defined during the key part loading must still be used. No key data is passed during the final activation of the key. A WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_ACCESSDENIED error will be returned if the key cannot be activated, e.g. if only one key part has been entered.

The optional KCV is only returned during the final activation step. Applications wishing to verify the KCV for each key part (and passing keys as a parameter to this command) will need to load each key part into a temporary location inside the encryptor. If the application determines the KCV of the key part is valid, then the application calls the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY again to load the key part into the device. The application should delete the temporary key part as soon as the KCV for that key part has been verified. It is not possible to verify a key part being loaded from a secure key buffer with this command. This is achieved through the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_ENTRY command.

When the first part of the key is received, it is stored directly in the device. All subsequent parts are combined with the existing value in the device through XOR. No sub-parts of the key are maintained separately. While a key still has a *fwUse* value that indicates it is under construction, it cannot be used for cryptographic functions.

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### 5.1.3 WFS CMD PIN DERIVE KEY

### **Description**

A key is derived from input data using a key generating key and an initialization vector. The input data can be expanded with a fill-character to the necessary length (mandated by the encryption algorithm being used). The derived key is imported into the encryption module and can then be used for further operations.

### **Input Param**

### LPWFSPINDERIVE lpDerive;

```
typedef struct wfs pin derive
     WORD
                                wDerivationAlgorithm;
     LPSTR
                                lpsKev;
                                lpsKeyGenKey;
     LPSTR
     LPSTR
                                lpsStartValueKey;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxStartValue;
                                bPadding;
     BYTE
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxInputData;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxIdent;
     } WFSPINDERIVE, *LPWFSPINDERIVE;
```

### wDerivationAlgorithm

Specifies the algorithm that is used for derivation. Possible values are: (see command WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES)

### lnsKev

Specifies the name where the derived key will be stored.

### lpsKevGenKev

Specifies the name of the key generating key that is used for the derivation.

### lpsStartValueKey

Specifies the name of the stored key used to decrypt the *lpxStartValue* to obtain the Initialization Vector. If this parameter is NULL, *lpxStartValue* is used as the Initialization Vector.

### *lpxStartValue*

DES initialization vector for the encryption step within the derivation.

### **bPadding**

Specifies the padding character for the encryption step within the derivation. The valid range is 0x00 to 0xFF.

### lpxInputData

Pointer to the data to be used for key derivation.

### lpxIdent

Specifies the key owner identification. It is a handle to the encryption module and is returned to the application in the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_INITIALIZATION command. See *fwIDKey* in WFS\_INF\_PIN\_CAPABILITIES for whether this value is required. If not required *lpxIdent* should be NULL. The use of this parameter is vendor dependent.

### Output Param

None.

### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized (or not ready for some vendor specific reason).
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDID	The ID passed was not valid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.

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WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_INVALIDKEYLENGTH The length of *lpxStartValue* is not supported

or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation

required.

WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP The specified algorithm is not supported.

**Events** In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this

command:

 Value
 Meaning

 WFS SRVE PIN ILLEGAL KEY ACCESS
 An error occurred accessing an encryption

cev

Comments None.

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### 5.1.4 WFS CMD PIN GET PIN

### **Description**

This function stores the PIN entry via the PIN pad. From the point this function is invoked, PIN digit entries are *not* passed to the application. For each PIN digit, or any other active key entered, an execute notification event WFS\_EXEE\_PIN\_KEY is sent in order to allow an application to perform the appropriate display action (i.e. when the PIN pad has no integrated display). The application is not informed of the value entered. The execute notification only informs that a key has been depressed.

The WFS\_EXEE\_PIN\_ENTERDATA event will be generated when the PIN pad is ready for the user to start entering data.

Some PIN pad devices do not inform the application as each PIN digit is entered, but locally process the PIN entry based upon minimum PIN length and maximum PIN length input parameters.

When the maximum number of PIN digits is entered and the flag *bAutoEnd* is true, or a terminating key is pressed after the minimum number of PIN digits is entered, the command completes. If the <Cancel> key is a terminator key and is pressed, then the command will complete successfully even if the minimum number of PIN digits has not been entered.

Terminating FDKs can have the functionality of <Enter> (terminates only if minimum length has been reached) or <Cancel> (can terminate before minimum length is reached). The configuration of this functionality is vendor specific.

If usMaxLen is zero, the Service Provider does not terminate the command unless the application sets ulTerminateKeys or ulTerminateFDKs. In the event that ulTerminateKeys or ulTerminateFDKs are not set and usMaxLen is zero, the command will not terminate and the application must issue a WFSCancel command.

If active the WFS\_PIN\_FK\_CANCEL and WFS\_PIN\_FK\_CLEAR keys will cause the PIN buffer to be cleared. The WFS\_PIN\_FK\_BACKSPACE key will cause the last key in the PIN buffer to be removed.

Terminating keys have to be active keys to operate.

If this command is cancelled by a **WFSCancelAsyncRequest** or a **WFSCancelBlockingCall** the PIN buffer is not cleared.

If usMaxLen has been met and bAutoEnd is set to False, then all numeric keys will automatically be disabled. If the CLEAR or BACKSPACE key is pressed to reduce the number of entered keys, the numeric keys will be re-enabled.

If the ENTER key (or FDK representing the ENTER key – note that the association of an FDK to ENTER functionality is vendor specific) is pressed prior to *usMinLen* being met, then the ENTER key or FDK is ignored. In some cases the PIN pad device cannot ignore the ENTER key then the command will complete normally. To handle these types of devices the application should use the output parameter *usDigits* field to check that sufficient digits have been entered. The application should then get the user to re-enter their PIN with the correct number of digits.

If the application makes a call to WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK or a local verification command without the minimum PIN digits having been entered, either the command will fail or the PIN verification will fail.

It is the responsibility of the application to identify the mapping between the FDK code and the physical location of the FDK.

**Input Param** 

LPWFSPINGETPIN lpGetPin;

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```
typedef struct wfs pin getpin
     USHORT
                                 usMinLen:
     USHORT
                                 usMaxLen;
     BOOT
                                 bAutoEnd;
     CHAR
                                 cEcho;
     ULONG
                                 ulActiveFDKs;
     ULONG
                                 ulActiveKevs;
     ULONG
                                 ulTerminateFDKs;
     ULONG
                                 ulTerminateKeys;
     } WESPINGETPIN. *LPWESPINGETPIN;
```

### usMinLen

Specifies the minimum number of digits which must be entered for the PIN. A value of zero indicates no minimum PIN length verification.

Specifies the maximum number of digits which can be entered for the PIN. A value of zero indicates no maximum PIN length verification.

#### bAutoEnd.

If bAutoEnd is set to true, the Service Provider terminates the command when the maximum number of digits are entered. Otherwise, the input is terminated by the user using one of the termination keys. bAutoEnd is ignored when usMaxLen is set to zero.

### cEcho

Specifies the replace character to be echoed on a local display for the PIN digit.

Specifies a mask of those FDKs which are active during the execution of the command (see WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL).

### ulActiveKeys

Specifies a mask of those (other) Function Keys which are active during the execution of the command (see WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL).

### ulTerminateFDKs

Specifies a mask of those FDKs which must terminate the execution of the command (see WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL).

### ulTerminateKeys

Specifies a mask of those (other) Function Keys which must terminate the execution of the command (see WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL).

### Output Param LPWFSPINENTRY lpEntry;

```
typedef struct wfs pin entry
     USHORT
                                usDigits;
     WORD
                                wCompletion;
     } WFSPINENTRY, *LPWFSPINENTRY;
```

Specifies the number of PIN digits entered.

### wCompletion

Specifies the reason for completion of the entry. Unless otherwise specified the following values must not be used in the execute event WFS EXEE PIN KEY or in the array of keys in the completion of WFS PIN CMD GET DATA. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO	The command terminated automatically,
	because maximum length was reached.
WFS_PIN_COMPENTER	The ENTER Function Key was pressed as
	terminating key.
WFS_PIN_COMPCANCEL	The CANCEL Function Key was pressed as
	terminating key.

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WFS_PIN_COMPCONTINUE	A function key was pressed and input may continue unless the command completes (this value is only used in the execute event WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY and in the array of keys in the completion of WFS_PIN_CMD_GET_DATA).
WFS_PIN_COMPCLEAR	The CLEAR Function Key was pressed as terminating key and the previous input is cleared.
WFS_PIN_COMPBACKSPACE	The last input digit was cleared and the key was pressed as terminating key.
WFS_PIN_COMPFDK	Indicates input is terminated only if the FDK pressed was set to be a terminating FDK.
WFS_PIN_COMPHELP	The HELP Function Key was pressed as terminating key.
WFS_PIN_COMPFK	A Function Key (FK) other than ENTER, CLEAR, CANCEL, BACKSPACE, HELP was pressed as terminating key.
WFS_PIN_COMPCONTFDK	An FDK was pressed and input may continue unless the command completes (this value is only used in the execute event WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY and in the array of keys in the completion of WFS PIN CMD GET DATA).

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	At least one of the specified function keys or
	FDKs is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTSUPPORTED	At least one of the specified function keys or
	FDKs is not supported by the Service
	Provider.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOACTIVEKEYS	There are no active function keys specified,
	or there is no defined layout definition.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOTERMINATEKEYS	There are no terminate keys specified and
	usMaxLen is not set to zero and bAutoEnd is
	FALSE.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MINIMUMLENGTH	The minimum PIN length field is invalid or
	greater than the maximum PIN length field
WEG EDD DDI TOOMANIEDANEG	when the maximum PIN length is not zero.
WFS_ERR_PIN_TOOMANYFRAMES	The device requires that only one frame is
WEG EDD DDI DADELALEDANG	used for this command.
WFS_ERR_PIN_PARTIALFRAME	The single touch frame Touch Frame does
WEG EDD DDI ENEDVED GOVE	not cover the entire monitor.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ENTRYTIMEOUT	The timeout for entering data has been
	reached. This is a timeout which may be due
	to hardware limitations or legislative
	requirements (for example PCI).

#### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY	A key has been pressed at the PIN pad.
WFS_EXEE_PIN_ENTERDATA	The PIN pad is ready for the user to start entering data.
WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT	The layout has changed position. For ETS devices only.

### Comments

None.

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### 5.1.5 WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOCAL DES

#### **Description**

The PIN, which was entered with the WFS PIN GET PIN command, is combined with the requisite data specified by the DES validation algorithm and locally verified for correctness. The result of the verification is returned to the application. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS CMD PIN MAINTAIN PIN command.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINLOCALDES lpLocalDES;

```
typedef struct wfs pin local des
                                 lpsValidationData;
     LPSTR
     LPSTR
                                 lpsOffset;
     BYTE
                                bPadding;
     USHORT
                                 usMaxPIN;
     USHORT
                                 usValDigits;
     BOOT.
                                bNoLeadingZero;
     LPSTR
                                 lpsKey;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxKeyEncKey;
     LPSTR
                                 lpsDecTable;
     } WFSPINLOCALDES, *LPWFSPINLOCALDES;
```

#### lpsValidationData

Customer specific data (normally obtained from card track data) used to validate the correctness of the PIN. The validation data should be an ASCII string.

ASCII string defining the offset data for the PIN block as an ASCII string; if NULL then no offset is used. The character must be in the ranges '0' to '9', 'a' to 'f' and 'A' to 'F'.

Specifies the padding character for the validation data. If the validation data is less than 16 characters long then it will be padded with this character. If bPadding is in the range 0x00 to 0x0F, padding is applied after the validation data has been compressed. If the bPadding character is in the range '0' to '9', 'a' to 'f', or 'A' to 'F', padding is applied before the validation data is compressed.

Maximum number of PIN digits to be used for validation. This parameter corresponds to PINMINL in the IBM 3624 specification.

Number of Validation digits from the validation data to be used for validation. This is the length of the *lpsValidationData* string.

#### bNoLeadingZero

If set to TRUE and the first digit of result of the modulo 10 addition is a 0x0, it is replaced with 0x1 before performing the verification against the entered PIN. If set to FALSE, a leading zero is allowed in entered PINs.

Name of the key to be used for validation. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS\_PIN\_USEFUNCTION or WFS\_PIN\_USEPINLOCAL attribute.

If NULL, *lpsKey* is used directly for PIN validation. Otherwise, *lpsKey* is used to decrypt the encrypted key passed in *lpxKeyEncKey* and the result is used for PIN validation.

ASCII decimalization table (16 character string containing characters '0' to '9'). This table is used to convert the hexadecimal digits (0x0 to 0xF) of the encrypted validation data to decimal digits (0x0 to 0x9).

Output Param LPBOOL lpbResult;

Pointer to a boolean value which specifies whether the PIN is correct or not.

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### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	PIN has not been entered or has been cleared.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxKeyEncKey</i> is not supported or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
Comments	The PINMAXL value as defined in the IBM 3624 s during the WFS CMD PIN GET PIN command.	pecification is the length of the PIN entered

during the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN command.

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### 5.1.6 WFS CMD PIN CREATE OFFSET

#### **Description**

This function is used to generate a PIN Offset that is typically written to a card and later used to verify the PIN with the WFS CMD PIN LOCAL DES command. The PIN offset is computed by combining validation data with the keypad entered PIN. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS CMD PIN MAINTAIN PIN command.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINCREATEOFFSET lpPINOffset:

```
typedef struct wfs pin create offset
     LPSTR
                                lpsValidationData;
     BYTE
                                bPadding;
     USHORT
                                usMaxPIN:
     USHORT
                                usValDigits;
     LPSTR
                                lpsKey;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxKeyEncKey;
     LPSTR
                                lpsDecTable;
     } WFSPINCREATEOFFSET, *LPWFSPINCREATEOFFSET;
```

#### lpsValidationData

Validation data. The validation data should be an ASCII string.

#### **bPadding**

Specifies the padding character for validation data. If bPadding is in the range 0x00 to 0x0F, padding is applied after the validation data has been compressed. If the bPadding character is in the range '0' to '9', 'a' to 'f', or 'A' to 'F', padding is applied before the validation data is compressed.

#### usMaxPIN

Maximum number of PIN digits to be used for PIN Offset creation. This parameter corresponds to PINMINL in the IBM 3624 specification.

#### *usValDigits*

Number of Validation Data digits to be used for PIN Offset creation. This is the length of the lpsValidationData string.

Name of the validation key. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS PIN USEFUNCTION or WFS PIN USEPINLOCAL attribute.

If NULL, *lpsKey* is used directly in PIN Offset creation. Otherwise, *lpsKey* is used to decrypt the encrypted key passed in *lpxKeyEncKey* and the result is used in PIN Offset creation.

### *lpsDecTable*

ASCII decimalization table (16 character string containing characters '0' to '9'). This table is used to convert the hexadecimal digits (0x0 to 0xF) of the encrypted validation data to decimal digits (0x0 to 0x9).

#### Output Param LPSTR lpsOffset;

#### lpsOffset

Computed PIN Offset.

### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.

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WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_NOPIN

WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_NOTALLOWED

WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_INVALIDKEYLENGTH

PIN has not been entered or has been cleared.

PIN entered by the user is not allowed.

The length of lpxKeyEncKey is not supported or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.

**Events** 

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.

**Comments** 

The list of 'forbidden' PINs (values that cannot be chosen as a PIN, e.g. 1111) is configured in the device in a vendor dependent way during the configuration of the system. The PINMAXL value as defined in the IBM 3624 specification is the length of the PIN entered during the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN command.

### WFS CMD PIN LOCAL EUROCHEQUE

#### **Description**

The PIN, which was entered with the WFS PIN GET PIN command, is combined with the requisite data specified by the Eurocheque validation algorithm and locally verified for correctness. The result of the verification is returned to the application. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS CMD PIN MAINTAIN PIN command.

### **Input Param**

LPWFSPINLOCALEUROCHEQUE lpLocalEurocheque;

```
typedef struct wfs pin local eurocheque
     LPSTR
                                 lpsEurochequeData;
                                 lpsPVV;
     LPSTR
     WORD
                                 wFirstEncDigits;
     WORD
                                 wFirstEncOffset;
     WORD
                                 wPVVDigits;
                                 wPVVOffset;
     WORD
     LPSTR
                                 lpsKey;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxKeyEncKey;
     T.PSTR
                                 lpsDecTable;
     } WFSPINLOCALEUROCHEQUE, *LPWFSPINLOCALEUROCHEQUE;
```

#### lpsEurochequeData

Track-3 Eurocheque data.

### lpsPVV

PIN Validation Value from track data.

#### wFirstEncDigits

Number of digits to extract after first encryption.

#### wFirstEncOffset

Offset of digits to extract after first encryption.

#### wPVVDigits

Number of digits to extract for PVV.

#### wPVVOffset

Offset of digits to extract for PVV.

Name of the validation key. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS PIN USEFUNCTION or WFS PIN USEPINLOCAL attribute.

#### *lpxKeyEncKey*

If NULL, *lpsKey* is used directly for PIN validation. Otherwise, *lpsKey* is used to decrypt the encrypted key passed in *lpxKeyEncKey* and the result is used for PIN validation.

ASCII decimalization table (16 character string containing characters '0' to '9'). This table is used to convert the hexadecimal digits (0x0 to 0xF) of the encrypted validation data to decimal digits (0x0 to 0x9).

Output Param LPBOOL lpbResult;

lpbResult

Pointer to a boolean value which specifies whether the PIN is correct or not.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.

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WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_NOPIN PIN has not been entered or has been

cleared

WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_INVALIDKEYLENGTH The length of *lpxKeyEncKey* is not

supported or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption

operation required.

**Events** In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this

command:

 Value
 Meaning

 WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_ILLEGAL\_KEY\_ACCESS
 An error occurred accessing an encryption

key.

**Comments** None.

### 5.1.8 WFS CMD PIN LOCAL VISA

#### **Description**

The PIN, which was entered with the WFS PIN GET PIN command, is combined with the requisite data specified by the VISA validation algorithm and locally verified for correctness. The result of the verification is returned to the application. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS CMD PIN MAINTAIN PIN command.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINLOCALVISA lpLocalVISA;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_visa
     LPSTR
                                 lpsPAN;
     LPSTR
                                 lpsPVV;
                                 wPVVDigits;
     WORD
     LPSTR
                                 lpsKey;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxKeyEncKey;
     } WFSPINLOCALVISA, *LPWFSPINLOCALVISA;
```

#### *lpsPAN*

Primary Account Number from track data, as an ASCII string. *lpsPAN* should contain the eleven rightmost digits of the PAN (excluding the check digit), followed by the PVKI indicator in the 12th byte.

#### lnsPVV

PIN Validation Value from track data, as an ASCII string with characters in the range '0' to '9'. This string should contain 4 digits.

#### wPVVDigits

Number of digits of PVV.

Name of the validation key. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS PIN USEFUNCTION or WFS PIN USEPINLOCAL attribute.

#### *lpxKeyEncKey*

If NULL, *lpsKey* is used directly for PIN validation. Otherwise, *lpsKey* is used to decrypt the encrypted key passed in *lpxKeyEncKey* and the result is used for PIN validation.

#### Output Param LPBOOL lpbResult;

#### lpbResult

Pointer to a boolean value which specifies whether the PIN is correct or not.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS ERR PIN KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	PIN has not been entered or has been cleared.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxKeyEncKey</i> is not supported or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.

#### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

ue	Meaning
S_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

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Comments None.

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### WFS CMD PIN PRESENT IDC

#### **Description**

The PIN, which was entered with the WFS PIN GET PIN command, is combined with the requisite data specified by the IDC presentation algorithm and presented to the smartcard contained in the ID card unit. The result of the presentation is returned to the application. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS CMD PIN MAINTAIN PIN command.

#### **Input Param**

### LPWFSPINPRESENTIDC lpPresentIDC;

```
typedef struct wfs pin presentidc
     WORD
                                wPresentAlgorithm;
     WORD
                                wChipProtocol;
     ULONG
                                ulChipDataLength;
     LPBYTE
                                lpbChipData;
     LPVOID
                                lpAlgorithmData;
     } WFSPINPRESENTIDC, *LPWFSPINPRESENTIDC;
```

#### wPresentAlgorithm

Specifies the algorithm that is used for presentation. Possible values are: (see command WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES).

#### wChipProtocol

Identifies the protocol that is used to communicate with the chip. Possible values are: (see command WFS INF IDC CAPABILITIES in the Identification Card Device Class Interface).

Specifies the length of the byte stream pointed to by *lpbChipData*.

#### lpbChipData

Points to the data to be sent to the chip.

#### lpAlgorithmData

Pointer to a structure that contains the data required for the specified presentation algorithm. For the WFS PIN PRESENT CLEAR algorithm, this structure is defined as:

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_presentclear
     ULONG
                     ulPINPointer:
     USHORT
                     usPINOffset;
     } WFSPINPRESENTCLEAR, *LPWFSPINPRESENTCLEAR;
```

The byte offset where to start inserting the PIN into lpbChipData. The leftmost byte is numbered zero. See below for an example.

#### usPINOffset

The bit offset within the byte specified by *ulPINPointer* where to start inserting the PIN. The leftmost bit numbered zero. See below for an example.

#### Output Param LPWFSPINPRESENTRESULT lpPresentResult;

```
typedef struct wfs pin present result
     WORD
                                wChipProtocol;
     ULONG
                                ulChipDataLength;
                                lpbChipData;
     } WFSPINPRESENTRESULT, *LPWFSPINPRESENTRESULT;
```

#### wChipProtocol

Identifies the protocol that was used to communicate with the chip. This field contains the same value as the corresponding field in the input structure.

#### ulChipDataLength

Specifies the length of the byte stream pointed to by *lpbChipData*.

#### lpbChipData

Points to the data responded from the chip.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be

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generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The ID card unit is not ready for PIN
	presentation or for any vendor specific
	reason. The ID card Service Provider, if any,
	may have generated a service event that
	further describes the reason for that error
	code.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	PIN has not been entered or has been
	cleared.
WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTOCOLNOTSUPP	The specified protocol is not supported by
	the Service Provider.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDDATA	An error occurred while communicating with
	the chip.

**Events** 

Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Comments** 

Example for the use of the algorithm WFS PIN PRESENT CLEAR:

The structure of a VERIFY command for a French B0 chip is:

	Ву	tes 0 to	y 4	Bytes 5 to 8							
CLA	INS	A1	A2	Lc	PIN block						
0xBC	0x20	0x00	0x00	0x04	0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX						

Where the 4 byte PIN block consists of 2 bits that are always zero, 16 bits for the 4 PIN digits (each digit being coded in 4 bits) and 14 bits that are always one:

Byte 5								Byte 6								Byte 7								Byte 8								
(	)	0	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Digit 1 Dig			it 2 Digit3 Dig						git	4																						

In order to insert the PIN into such a command, the application calls

WFS\_CDM\_PIN\_PRESENT\_IDC with:

ulChipDataLength 9

lpbChipData 0xBC2000000400003FFF

ulPINPointer5usPINOffset2

For a sample PIN "1234" the PIN block is:

	Byte 5				Byte 6				Byte 7					Byte 8																	
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		Γ	)ig	it	1	Ι	)ig	it.	2	I	Dig	giť.	3	Γ	)ig	it ·	4														

Resulting in a chip card command of:

	Ву	rtes 0 to	o 4	Bytes 5 to 8				
CLA	INS	A1	A2	Lc	PIN block			
0xBC	0x20	0x00	0x00	0x04	0x04 0x8D 0x3F 0xFF			

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### 5.1.10 WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK

#### **Description**

This function takes the account information and a PIN entered by the user to build a formatted PIN. Encrypting this formatted PIN once or twice returns a PIN block which can be written on a magnetic card or sent to a host. The PIN block can be calculated using one of the formats specified in the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_CAPABILITIES command. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_MAINTAIN\_PIN command.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINBLOCK lpPinBlock;

#### *lpsCustomerData*

The customer data should be an ASCII string. Used for ANSI, ISO-0, <u>ISO-1</u>, <u>ISO-3</u> and ISO-<u>14</u> algorithm to build the formatted PIN. For ANSI <u>ISO-0</u>, <u>ISO-3</u> and ISO-<u>04</u> the PAN (Primary Account Number, without the check number) is supplied, for ISO-1 a ten digit transaction field is required. If not used a NULL is required.

Used for DIEBOLD with coordination number, as a two digit coordination number.

Used for EMV with challenge number (8 bytes) coming from the chip card. This number is passed as unpacked string, for example:  $0123456789ABCDEF = 0x30\ 0x31\ 0x32\ 0x33\ 0x34\ 0x35\ 0x36\ 0x37\ 0x38\ 0x39\ 0x41\ 0x42\ 0x43\ 0x44\ 0x45\ 0x46$ 

For AP PIN blocks, the data must be a concatenation of the PAN (18 digits including the check digit), and the CCS (8 digits).

#### InsXORData

If the formatted PIN is encrypted twice to build the resulting PIN block, this data can be used to modify the result of the first encryption by an XOR-operation. This parameter is a string of hexadecimal data that must be converted by the application, e.g. 0x0123456789ABCDEF must be converted to 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 and terminated with 0x00. In other words the application would set *lpsXORData* to "0123456789ABCDEF\0". The hex digits 0xA to 0xF can be represented by characters in the ranges 'a' to 'f' or 'A' to 'F'. If this value is NULL no XOR-operation will be performed. If the formatted PIN is not encrypted twice (i.e. if *lpsKeyEncKey* is NULL) this parameter is ignored.

#### bPadding

Specifies the padding character. The valid range is 0x00 to 0x0F. Only the least significant nibble is used. This field is ignored for PIN block formats with fixed, sequential or random padding.

#### wFormat

```
Specifies the format of the PIN block. Possible values are: (see command WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES)
```

#### lpsKey

Specifies the key used to encrypt the formatted PIN for the first time, NULL if no encryption is required. If this specifies a double-length or triple-length key, triple DES encryption will be performed. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS\_PIN\_USEFUNCTION or WFS\_PIN\_USEPINREMOTE attribute. If this specifies an RSA key, RSA encryption will be performed.

#### *lpsKeyEncKey*

Specifies the key used to format the once encrypted formatted PIN, NULL if no second encryption required. The key referenced by *lpsKeyEncKey* must have the WFS\_PIN\_USEFUNCTION or WFS\_PIN\_USEPINREMOTE attribute. If this specifies a double-length or triple-length key, triple DES encryption will be performed.

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Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxPinBlock;

lpxPinBlock

Pointer to the encrypted PIN block.

**Error Codes** 

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	The PIN has not been entered was not long
	enough or has been cleared.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATNOTSUPP	The specified format is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpsKeyEncKey</i> or <i>lpsKey</i> is not
	supported by this key or the length of an
	encryption key is not compatible with the
	encryption operation required.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUKPTOVERFLOW	The DUKPT KSN encryption counter has
	overflowed to zero. A new IPEK must be
	<u>loaded.</u>

**Events** 

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.
WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN	An <i>lpsKey</i> with
	WFS_PIN_USEKEYDERKEY usage has
	been used to encrypt the PIN block.

**Comments** None.

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### 5.1.11 WFS CMD PIN GET DATA

#### **Description**

This function is used to return keystrokes entered by the user. It will automatically set the PIN pad to echo characters on the display if there is a display. For each keystroke an execute notification event WFS\_EXEE\_PIN\_KEY is sent in order to allow an application to perform the appropriate display action (i.e. when the PIN pad has no integrated display).

The WFS\_EXEE\_PIN\_ENTERDATA event will be generated when the PIN pad is ready for the user to start entering data.

When the maximum number of digits is entered and the flag *bAutoEnd* is true, or a terminate key is pressed after the minimum number of digits is entered, the command completes. If the <Cancel> key is a terminator key and is pressed, the command will complete successfully even if the minimum number of digits has not been entered.

Terminating FDKs can have the functionality of <Enter> (terminates only if minimum length has been reached) or <Cancel> (can terminate before minimum length is reached). The configuration of this functionality is vendor specific.

If usMaxLen is zero, the Service Provider does not terminate the command unless the application sets ulTerminateKeys or ulTerminateFDKs. In the event that ulTerminateKeys or ulTerminateFDKs are not set and usMaxLen is zero, the command will not terminate and the application must issue a WFSCancel command.

If *usMaxLen* has been met and *bAutoEnd* is set to False, then all keys or FDKs that add data to the contents of the WFSPINDATA output parameter will automatically be disabled. If the CLEAR or BACKSPACE key is pressed to reduce the number of entered keys below *usMaxLen*, the same keys will be re-enabled.

Where applications want direct control of the data entry and the key interpretation, *usMaxLen* can be set to zero allowing the application to provide tracking and counting of key presses until a terminate key or terminate FDK is pressed or **WFSCancel** has been issued.

The following keys may affect the contents of the WFSPINDATA output parameter but are not returned in it:

```
WFS_PIN_FK_ENTER
WFS_PIN_FK_CANCEL
WFS_PIN_FK_CLEAR
WFS_PIN_FK_BACKSPACE
```

The WFS\_PIN\_FK\_CANCEL and WFS\_PIN\_FK\_CLEAR keys will cause the output buffer to be cleared. The WFS\_PIN\_FK\_BACKSPACE key will cause the last key in the buffer to be removed.

Terminating keys have to be active keys to operate.

It is the responsibility of the application to identify the mapping between the FDK code and the physical location of the FDK.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINGETDATA lpPinGetData;

#### usMaxLen

Specifies the maximum number of digits which can be returned to the application in the output parameter.

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#### bAutoEnd |

If bAutoEnd is set to true, the Service Provider terminates the command when the maximum number of digits are entered. Otherwise, the input is terminated by the user using one of the termination keys. bAutoEnd is ignored when usMaxLen is set to zero.

#### ulActiveFDKs

Specifies a mask of those FDKs which are active during the execution of the command (see WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL).

#### ulActiveKevs

Specifies a mask of those (other) Function Keys which are active during the execution of the command (see WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL).

#### ulTerminateFDKs

Specifies a mask of those FDKs which must terminate the execution of the command (see WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL).

#### ulTerminateKevs

Specifies a mask of those (other) Function Keys which must terminate the execution of the command (see WFS\_INF\_PIN\_FUNCKEY\_DETAIL).

#### Output Param LPWFSPINDATA lpPinData;

```
typedef struct wfs pin data
     USHORT
                                usKeys;
     LPWFSPINKEY
                                *lpPinKeys;
     WORD
                                wCompletion;
     } WFSPINDATA, *LPWFSPINDATA;
```

Number of keys entered by the user (i.e. number of following WFSPINKEY structures).

Pointer to an array of pointers to WFSPINKEY structures that contain the keys entered by the user (for a description of the WFSPINKEY structure see the definition of the WFS EXEE PIN KEY event).

#### *wCompletion*

Specifies the reason for completion of the entry. Possible values are: (see command WFS CMD PIN GET PIN)

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	At least one of the specified function keys or
	FDKs is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTSUPPORTED	At least one of the specified function keys or
	FDKs is not supported by the Service
	Provider.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOACTIVEKEYS	There are no active keys specified, or there is
	no defined layout definition.

#### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY	A key has been pressed at the PIN pad.
WFS_EXEE_PIN_ENTERDATA	The PIN pad is ready for the user to start
	entering data.
WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT	The layout has changed position. For ETS
	devices only.

#### **Comments**

If the triple zero key is pressed one WFS EXEE PIN KEY event is sent that contains the WFS PIN FK 000 code and three WFS PIN FK 0 elements are added to the output buffer.

If the triple zero key is pressed when 3 keys are already inserted and usMaxLen equals 4 the key is not accepted and no event is sent to the application.

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If the backspace key is pressed after the triple zero key only one zero is deleted out of the output buffer

If the double zero key is pressed one WFS\_EXEE\_PIN\_KEY event is sent that contains the WFS\_PIN\_FK\_00 code and two WFS\_PIN\_FK\_0 elements are added to the output buffer.

If the double zero key is pressed when 3 keys are already inserted and *usMaxLen* equals 4 the key is not accepted and no event is sent to the application.

If the backspace key is pressed after the double zero key only one zero is deleted out of the output buffer.

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### 5.1.12 WFS CMD PIN INITIALIZATION

#### **Description**

The encryption module must be initialized before any encryption function can be used. Every call to WFS CMD PIN INITIALIZATION destroys all application keys that have been loaded or imported; it does not affect those keys loaded during manufacturing.

Usually this command is called by an operator task and not by the application program. Public keys imported under the RSA Signature based remote key loading scheme when public key deletion authentication is required will not be affected. However, if this command is requested in authenticated mode, public keys that require authentication for deletion will be deleted. This includes public keys imported under either the RSA Signature based remote key loading scheme or the TR34 RSA Certificate based remote key loading scheme.

Initialization also involves loading "initial" application keys and local vendor dependent keys. These can be supplied, for example, by an operator through a keyboard, a local configuration file, remote RSA key management or possibly by means of some secure hardware that can be attached to the device. The application "initial" keys would normally get updated by the application during a WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY command as soon as possible. Local vendor dependent static keys (e.g. storage, firmware and offset keys) would normally be transparent to the application and by definition cannot be dynamically changed.

Where initial keys are not available immediately when this command is issued (i.e. when operator intervention is required), the Service Provider returns WFS ERR PIN ACCESSDENIED and the application must await the WFS SRVE PIN INITIALIZED event.

During initialization an optional encrypted ID key can be stored in the HW module. The ID key and the corresponding encryption key can be passed as parameters; if not, they are generated automatically by the encryption module. The encrypted ID is returned to the application and serves as authorization for the key import function. The WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES command indicates whether or not the device will support this feature.

This function also resets the HSM terminal data, except session key index and trace number.

This function resets all certificate data and authentication public/private keys back to their initial states at the time of production (except for those public keys imported under the RSA Signature based remote key loading scheme when public key deletion authentication is required). Key-pairs created with WFS CMD PIN GENERATE RSA KEY PAIR are deleted. Any keys installed during production, which have been permanently replaced, will not be reset. Any Verification certificates that may have been loaded must be reloaded. The Certificate state will remain the same, but the WFS CMD PIN LOAD CERTIFICATE or

WFS CMD PIN REPLACE CERTIFICATE commands must be called again.

When multiple ZKA HSMs are present, this command deletes all keys loaded within all ZKA logical HSMs.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPININIT lpInit:

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_init
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxIdent:
     LPWFSXDATA
     } WFSPININIT, *LPWFSPININIT;
```

*lpxIdent* 

Pointer to the value of the ID key. NULL if not required.

Pointer to the value of the encryption key. NULL if not required.

#### Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxIdentification;

lpxIdentification

Pointer to the value of the ID key encrypted by the encryption key. This value can be used as authorization for the WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY command, but can be NULL if no authorization required.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

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	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized (or not ready for some vendor specific reason).
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDID	The ID passed was not valid.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	The encryption module is now initialized. An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
Comments	None	

**Comments** None.

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### 5.1.13 WFS CMD PIN LOCAL BANKSYS

#### **Description**

The PIN block previously built by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK command is sent to the BANKSYS security control module using the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_BANKSYS\_IO command. The BANKSYS security control module will return an ATMVAC code, which is then used in this command to locally validate the PIN. The key referenced by *lpsKey* within the most recent successful WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK command is reused by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOCAL\_BANKSYS command for the local validation.

#### **Input Param**

LPWFSPINLOCALBANKSYS lpLocalBanksys;

*lpxATMVAC* 

The ATMVAC code calculated by the BANKSYS Security Control Module.

#### Output Param LPBOOL lpbResult;

LI BOOL IPOI

lpbResult

Pointer to a boolean value which specifies whether the PIN is correct or not.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	PIN has not been entered or has been cleared
	without building the Banksys PIN block.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxATMVAC</i> is not supported
	or the length of an encryption key is not
	compatible with the encryption operation
	required.

### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.

#### Comments

None.

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### 5.1.14 WFS CMD PIN BANKSYS IO

**Description** This command sends a single command to the Banksys Security Control Module.

LPWFSPINBANKSYSIO lpBanksysIoIn; **Input Param** 

```
typedef struct wfs pin banksys io
     ULONG
                                ulLength;
     LPBYTE
                                lpbData;
     } WFSPINBANKSYSIO, *LPWFSPINBANKSYSIO;
```

Specifies the length of the following field *lpbData*.

lpbData

Points to the data sent to the BANKSYS Security Control Module.

#### Output Param LPWFSPINBANKSYSIO lpBanksysIoOut;

```
typedef struct wfs pin banksys io
     ULONG
                                ulLength;
     LPBYTE
                                lpbData;
     } WFSPINBANKSYSIO, *LPWFSPINBANKSYSIO;
```

Specifies the length of the following field *lpbData*.

Points to the data responded by the BANKSYS Security Control Module.

**Error Codes** 

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDDATA	An error occurred while communicating with the device

**Events** Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Comments** The Banksys command and response message data are defined in [Ref. 18].

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### 5.1.15 WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_RESET

**Description** Sends a service reset to the Service Provider.

Input Param None.Output Param None.

**Error Codes** Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Events** Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Comments** This command is used by an application control program to cause a device to reset itself to a

known good condition. It does not delete any keys.

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### 5.1.16 WFS CMD PIN HSM SET TDATA

#### **Description**

This function allows the application to set the HSM terminal data (except keys, trace number and session key index). The data must be provided as a series of "tag/length/value" items.

Terminal data that are set but are not supported by the hardware will be ignored.

#### **Input Param**

LPWFSXDATA lpxTData;

*lpxTData* 

Specifies which parameter(s) is(are) to be set. *lpxTData* is a series of "tag/length/value" items where each item consists of:

- One byte tag (see the list of tags below).
- One byte specifying the length of the following data as an unsigned binary number.
- N bytes data (see the list below for formatting) with no separators.

The following tags are supported:

Tag (hexl)	Format	Length (bytes)	Meaning	Read / Write	EPP / HSM
C2	BCD	4	Terminal ID ISO BMP 41	R/W	EPP
C3	BCD	4	Bank code ISO BMP 42 (rightmost 4 bytes)	R/W	EPP
C4	BCD	9	Account data for terminal account ISO BMP 60 (load against other card)	R/W	EPP
C5	BCD	9	Account data for fee account ISO BMP 60 ("Laden vom Kartenkonto")	R/W	EPP
C6	EBCDIC	40	Terminal location ISO BMP 43	R/W	EPP
C7	ASCII	3	Terminal currency	R/W	EPP
C8	BCD	7	Online date and time (YYYYMMDDHHMMSS) ISO BMP 61	R/W	HSM
C9	BCD	4	Minimum load fee in units of 1/100 of terminal currency, checked against leftmost 4 Bytes of ISO BMP42	R/W	EPP
CA	BCD	4	Maximum load fee in units of 1/100 of terminal currency, checked against leftmost 4 Bytes of ISO BMP42	R/W	EPP
СВ	BIN	3	logical HSM binary coded serial number (starts with 1; 0 means that there are no logical HSMs)	R	HSM
CC	EBCDIC	16	ZKA ID (is filled during the pre- initialization of the HSM)	R	HSM
CD	BIN	1	HSM status  1 = irreversibly out of order  2 = out of order, K_UR is not loaded  3 = not pre-initialized, K_UR is loaded  4 = pre-initialized, K_INIT is loaded  5 = initialized/personalized, K_PERS is loaded	R	HSM
CE	EBCDIC	variable, min. 16	HSM-ID (6 byte Manufacturer- ID + min. 10 Byte serial number), as needed for ISO BMP57 of a pre-initialization	R	EPP

In the table above, the fifth column indicates if the variable is read only or both read and write. The sixth column indicates if the variable is unique per logical HSM or common across all logical HSMs within an EPP.

Output Param None.

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**Error Codes** In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be

generated by this command:

Value	Meaning					
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not					
	initialized or not ready for any vendor					
	specific reason.					
WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	The HSM is not in a correct state to handle					
	this command.					
In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:						
Value	Meaning					
WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED	The terminal data has changed.					

Comments None.

**Events** 

### 5.1.17 WFS CMD PIN SECURE MSG SEND

#### **Description**

This command handles all messages that should be sent through a secure messaging to an authorization system, German "Ladezentrale", personalization system or the chip. The encryption module adds the security relevant fields to the message and returns the modified message in the output structure. All messages must be presented to the encryptor via this command even if they do not contain security fields in order to keep track of the transaction status in the internal state machine.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINSECMSG lpSecMsgIn;

```
typedef struct wfs pin secure message
     WORD
                                wProtocol;
     ULONG
                                ulLength;
     LPBYTE
                                lpbMsq;
     } WFSPINSECMSG, *LPWFSPINSECMSG;
```

Specifies the protocol the message belongs to. Specified as one of the following flags:

Meaning
ISO 8583 protocol for the authorization
system.
ISO 8583 protocol for the German
"Ladezentrale".
ISO 8583 protocol for the personalization
system.
ZKA chip protocol.
Raw data protocol.
PBM protocol (see [Ref. 8] –[Ref. 13])
HSM LDI protocol.
Generic PAC/MAC for non-ISO8583
message formats.
ZKA chip protocol for changing the PIN on
a GeldKarte.
Protocol for comparing PIN numbers entered
in the PIN pad during a PIN Change
transaction.
ISO8583 authorization system protocol for
changing the PIN on a GeldKarte.

Specifies the length in bytes of the message in *lpbMsg*. This parameter is ignored for the WFS PIN PROTHSMLDI protocol.

Specifies the message that should be send. This parameter is ignored for the WFS PIN PROTHSMLDI protocol.

Output Param LPWFSPINSECMSG lpSecMsgOut;

#### lpSecMsgOut

pointer to a WFSPINSECMSG structure that contains the modified message that can now be send to an authorization system, German "Ladezentrale", personalization system or the chip.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	The HSM is not in a correct state to handle
	this message.
WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID	The specified protocol is invalid.

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WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_FORMATINVALID WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_CONTENTINVALID

The format of the message is invalid.

The contents of one of the security relevant

fields are invalid.

WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND

No key was found for PAC/MAC

generation.

WFS ERR PIN NOPIN

No PIN or insufficient PIN-digits have been

entered.

**Events** Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Comments** None.

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### 5.1.18 WFS CMD PIN SECURE MSG RECEIVE

#### **Description**

This command handles all messages that are received through a secure messaging from an authorization system, German "Ladezentrale", personalization system or the chip. The encryption module checks the security relevant fields. All messages must be presented to the encryptor via this command even if they do not contain security relevant fields in order to keep track of the transaction status in the internal state machine.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINSECMSG lpSecMsgIn;

```
typedef struct wfs pin secure message
     WORD
                                wProtocol:
     ULONG
                                ulLength;
     LPBYTE
                                lpbMsg;
     } WFSPINSECMSG, *LPWFSPINSECMSG;
```

#### wProtocol

Specifies the protocol the message belongs to. Specified as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS	ISO 8583 protocol for the authorization
	system.
WFS_PIN_PROTISOLZ	ISO 8583 protocol for the German
	"Ladezentrale".
WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS	ISO 8583 protocol for the personalization
	system.
WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPZKA	ZKA chip protocol.
WFS PIN PROTRAWDATA	Raw data protocol.
WFS PIN PROTPBM	PBM protocol (see [Ref. 8] – [Ref. 13]).
WFS PIN PROTGENAS	Generic PAC/MAC for non-ISO8583
	message formats.
WFS PIN PROTCHIPINCHG	ZKA chip protocol for changing the PIN on
	a GeldKarte.
WFS_PIN_PROTPINCMP	Protocol for comparing PIN numbers entered
	in the PIN pad during a PIN Change
	transaction.
WFS PIN PROTISOPINCHG	ISO8583 authorization system protocol for
	changing the PIN on a GeldKarte.

### ulLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the message in *lpbMsg*.

Specifies the message that was received. This value can be NULL if during a specified time period no response was received from the communication partner (necessary to set the internal state machine to the correct state).

#### Output Param None.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	The HSM is not in a correct state to handle
	this message.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID	The MAC of the message is not correct.
WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID	The specified protocol is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the message is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID	The contents of one of the security relevant
	fields are invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	No key was found for MAC verification.

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**Events** In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this

command:

Value Meaning

WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_HSM\_TDATA\_CHANGED The terminal data has changed.

Comments None.

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### 5.1.19 WFS CMD PIN GET JOURNAL

**Description** This command is used to get journal data from the encryption module. It retrieves

cryptographically secured information about the result of the last transaction that was done with the indicated protocol. When the Service Provider supports journaling (see Capabilities) then it is impossible to do any WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND/RECEIVE with this protocol, unless the journal data is retrieved. It is possible - especially after restarting a system - to get the

same journal data again.

lpwProtocol

Specifies the protocol the journal data belong to. Specified as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS	Get authorization system journal data.
WFS_PIN_PROTISOLZ	Get German "Ladezentrale" journal data.
WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS	Get personalization system journal data.
WFS PIN PROTPBM	Get PBM protocol data.

Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxJournalData;

lpx Journal Data

Pointer to the journal data.

**Error Codes** In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be

generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	The HSM is not in a correct state to return
	journal data.
WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID	The specified protocol is invalid.

**Events** Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

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### 5.1.20 WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY EX

#### **Description**

The encryption key in the secure key buffer or passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. The key can be passed in clear text mode or encrypted with an accompanying "key encryption key". The *dwUse* parameter is needed to separate the keys in several parts of the encryption module to avoid the manipulation of a key. A key can be loaded in multiple unencrypted parts by combining the WFS\_PIN\_USECONSTRUCT or WFS\_PIN\_USECONSTRUCT value with the final usage flag within the *dwUse* field.

If the WFS\_PIN\_USECONSTRUCT flag is used then the application must provide the key data through the *lpxValue* parameter, If WFS\_PIN\_USESECURECONSTRUCT is used then the encryption key part in the secure key buffer previously populated with the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_ENTRY command is used and *lpxValue* is ignored. Key parts loaded with the WFS\_PIN\_USESECURECONSTRUCT flag can only be stored once as the encryption key in the secure key buffer is no longer available after this command has been executed. The WFS\_PIN\_USECONSTRUCT and WFS\_PIN\_USESECURECONSTRUCT construction flags cannot be used in combination.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYEX lpImportKeyEx;

```
typedef struct wfs pin import key ex
     LPSTR
                                lpsKev:
     LPSTR
                                lpsEncKey;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxValue;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxControlVector;
     DWORD
                                dwUse;
     WORD
                                wKeyCheckMode;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxKeyCheckValue;
     } WFSPINIMPORTKEYEX, *LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYEX;
```

#### lpsKev

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

#### lpsEncKey

*lpsEncKey* specifies a key name which was used to encrypt (in ECB mode) the key string passed in *lpxValue*. If *lpsEncKey* is NULL the key is loaded directly into the encryption module. *lpsEncKey* must be NULL if *dwUse* contains WFS\_PIN\_USECONSTRUCT or WFS\_PIN\_USESECURECONSTRUCT.

#### lpxValue

Specifies the value of key to be loaded. If it is an RSA key the first 4 bytes contain the exponent and the following 128 the modulus.

#### *lpxControlVector*

Specifies the control vector of the key to be loaded. It contains the attributes of the key. If this parameter is NULL the keys is only specified by *dwUse*. See also [Ref. 26].

#### dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise the parameter can be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key is used for encryption and decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key is used for PIN block creation.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key is used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL	Key is used only for local PIN check.
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLIC	Key is used as a public key for RSA
	encryption including EMV PIN block creation.
WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATE	Key is used as a private key for RSA
	decryption (it is not recommended that private keys are imported with this function).

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WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT	Key is under construction through the import of multiple parts. This value is used in combination with one of the other key usage flags.
WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT	Key is under construction through the import of multiple parts. This value is used in combination with one of the other key usage flags. <i>lpxValue</i> is ignored as the encryption key part is taken from the secure key buffer.
WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER	Key can be used for importing keys packaged within an ANS TR-31 key block. This key usage can only be combined with WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT and WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT.
WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE	Key is used only for PIN block creation.
WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY	Key is used as
	WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY key whose later subsequently derived keys inherit and are restricted to a single use. To express this
	the WFS PIN USERESTRICTED-
	KEYENCKEY use must be combined with
	the use WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY and
	must additionally be combined with the use
	that the later subsequently derived keys will
	have. See also examples in section $8.7$ .

If dwUse equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but lpsKey are ignored.

#### wKeyCheckMode

Specifies the mode that is used to create the key check value. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVNONE	There is no key check value verification
	required.
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value (KCV) is created by an
	encryption of the key with itself. For a
	double length or triple length keyFor the
	KCV is generated using 3DES encryption
	using description refer to the first 8 bytes of
	WFS_PIN_KCVSELF literal described in
	the key as the source data for the
	encryptionCapabilities.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value (KCV) is created by an
	encryption of encrypting a zero value with
	the key. <u>Unless otherwise specified</u> , <u>ECB</u>
	encryption is used. The encryption algorithm
	used (i.e. DES, 3DES, AES) is determined
	by the type of key used to generate the KCV.

#### *lpxKeyCheckValue*

Specifies a check value to verify that the value of the imported key is correct. It can be NULL, if no key check value verification is required and *wKeyCheckMode* equals WFS\_PIN\_KCVNONE.

### Output Param

None

### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key encryption key was not found or attempting to delete a non-existent key.

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WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use conflicts with a previously for the same key specified one.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported or the encryption key in the secure key buffer is invalid (or has not been entered) or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	The key value is invalid. The key check value verification failed.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.

#### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

#### **Comments**

When keys are loaded in multiple parts, all parts of the key loaded must set the relevant construction value in the *dwUse* field along with any usages needed for the final key use. The usage flag must be consistent for all parts of the key. Activation of a key entered in multiple parts is indicated through an additional final call to this command, where the construction flag is removed from *dwUse* but those other usages defined during the key part loading must still be used. No key data is passed during the final activation of the key. A WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_ACCESSDENIED error will be returned if the key cannot be activated, e.g. if only one key part has been entered.

When a construction flag is set, the optional KCV applies to the key part being imported. If the KVC provided for a key part fails verification, the key part will not be accepted. When the key is being activated, the optional KCV applies to the complete key already stored. If the KVC provided during activation fails verification, the key will not be activated.

When the first part of the key is received, it is stored directly in the device. All subsequent parts are combined with the existing value in the device through XOR. No sub-parts of the key are maintained separately. While a key still has a *dwUse* value that indicates it is under construction, it cannot be used for cryptographic functions.

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### 5.1.21 WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENC\_IO

#### **Description**

This command is used to communicate with the encryption module. Transparent data is sent from the application to the encryption module and the response is returned transparently to the application.

This command is used to add support for country-specific protocols.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoIn;

### wProtocol

Identifies the protocol that is used to communicate with the encryption module. The following protocol numbers are defined:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CH	For Swiss specific protocols. The document specification for Swiss specific protocols is "CMD_ENC_IO - CH Protocol.doc". This document is available at the following address:  EUROPAY (Switzerland) SA Terminal Management Hertistrasse 27 CH-8304 Wallisellen
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB	Protocol for "Groupement des Cartes Bancaires" (France).
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_LUX	Protocol for Luxemburg commands. The reference for this specific protocol is the Authorization Center in Luxemburg (CETREL.) Cryptography Management Postal address: CETREL Société Coopérative Centre de Transferts Electroniques L-2956 Luxembourg
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CHN	Protocol for China commands. The reference for this specific protocol are the Financial industry standard of the People's Republic of China PBOC3.0 JR/T 0025 [Ref. 44] and the Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003, GM/T 0004 [Ref. 43].

### ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field *lpvData*.

#### lpvDate

Points to a structure containing the data to be sent to the encryption module. This structure depends on the *wProtocol* field where each protocol may contain a different structure.

#### **Output Param**

#### LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoOut;

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wProtocol

Identifies the protocol that is used to communicate with the encryption module. This field contains the same value as the corresponding field in the input structure.

ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field *lpvData*.

lpvData

Points to a structure containing the data responded by the encryption module.

**Error Codes** 

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTOCOLNOTSUPP	The specified protocol is not supported by
	the Service Provider. For wProtocol=
	WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB.
WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input
	data does not decrypt to the one previously
	provided by the EPP.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature in the input data is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SNSCDINVALID	The SCD serial number in the input data is
	invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	The HSM is not in a correct state to handle
	this command.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	The key value is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEY_GENERATION_ERROR	

The EPP is unable to generate a key pair.

**Events** None.

**Comments** 

For the WFS\_PIN\_ENC\_PROT\_CH, WFS\_PIN\_ENC\_PROT\_LUX and the WFS\_PIN\_ENC\_PROT\_CHN protocols, the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENC\_IO command only returns generic error codes. Protocol specific error codes will be returned by the *hResult* within the output data.

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### 5.1.22 WFS CMD PIN HSM INIT

#### **Description**

This command is used to set the HSM out of order. If multiple logical HSMs are configured then the command sets the currently active logical HSM out of order. At the same time the online time can be set to control when the OPT online dialog (see WFS\_PIN\_PROTISOPS protocol) shall be started to initialize the HSM again. When this time is reached a WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_OPT\_REQUIRED event will be sent.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINHSMINIT lpHsmInit;

#### wInitMode

Specifies the init mode as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_INITTEMP	Initialize the HSM temporarily (K_UR
	remains loaded).
WFS_PIN_INITDEFINITE	Initialize the HSM definitely (K_UR is
	deleted).
WFS_PIN_INITIRREVERSIBLE	Initialize the HSM irreversibly (can only be
	restored by the vendor).

#### *lpxOnlineTime*

Specifies the Online date and time in the format YYYYMMDDHHMMSS like in ISO BMP 61 as BCD packed characters. This parameter is ignored when the init mode equals WFS\_PIN\_INITDEFINITE or WFS\_PIN\_INITIRREVERSIBLE. If this parameter is NULL, *ulLength* is zero or the value is 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 the online time will be set to a value in the past.

#### Output Param None.

#### **Error Codes**

The following additional error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	The specified init mode is not supported. The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this command.

#### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS SRVE PIN HSM TDATA CHANGED	The terminal data has changed.

### Comments

None.

### 5.1.23 WFS CMD PIN SECUREKEY ENTRY

#### **Description**

This command allows a full length symmetric encryption key part to be entered directly into the PIN pad without being exposed outside of the PIN pad. From the point this function is invoked, encryption key digits (WFS\_PIN\_FK\_0 to WFS\_PIN\_FK\_9 and WFS\_PIN\_FK\_A to WFS\_PIN\_FK\_F) are *not* passed to the application. For each encryption key digit, or any other active key entered (except for shift), an execute notification event WFS\_EXEE\_PIN\_KEY is sent in order to allow an application to perform the appropriate display action (i.e. when the PIN pad has no integrated display). When an encryption key digit is entered the application is not informed of the value entered, instead zero is returned.

The WFS\_EXEE\_PIN\_ENTERDATA event will be generated when the PIN pad is ready for the user to start entering data.

The keys that can be enabled by this command are defined by the *lpFuncKeyDetail* parameter of the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_DETAIL command. Function keys which are not associated with an encryption key digit may be enabled but will not contribute to the secure entry buffer (unless they are Cancel, Clear or Backspace) and will not count towards the length of the key entry. The Cancel and Clear keys will cause the encryption key buffer to be cleared. The Backspace key will cause the last encryption key digit in the encryption key buffer to be removed.

If *bAutoEnd* is TRUE the command will automatically complete when the required number of encryption key digits have been added to the buffer.

If *bAutoEnd* is FALSE then the command will not automatically complete and Enter, Cancel or any terminating key must be pressed. When *usKeyLen* hex encryption key digits have been entered then all encryption key digits keys are disabled. If the Clear or Backspace key is pressed to reduce the number of entered encryption key digits below *usKeyLen*, the same keys will be reenabled.

Terminating keys have to be active keys to operate.

If an FDK is associated with Enter, Cancel, Clear or Backspace then the FDK must be activated to operate. The Enter and Cancel FDKs must also be marked as a terminator if they are to terminate entry. These FDKs are reported as normal FDKs within the WFS\_EXEE\_PIN\_KEY event, applications must be aware of those FDKs associated with Cancel, Clear, Backspace and Enter and handle any user interaction as required. For example, if the WFS\_PIN\_FK\_FDK01 is associated with Clear, then the application must include the WFS\_PIN\_FK\_FDK01 FDK code in the *ulActiveFDKs* parameter (if the clear functionality is required). In addition when this FDK is pressed the WFS\_EXEE\_PIN\_KEY event will contain the WFS\_PIN\_FK\_FDK01 mask value in the *ulDigit* field. The application must update the user interface to reflect the effect of the clear on the encryption key digits entered so far.

On some devices that are configured as either WFS\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_REG\_UNIQUE or WFS\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_IRREG\_UNIQUE all the function keys on the PIN pad will be associated with hex digits and there may be no FDKs available either. On these devices there may be no way to correct mistakes or cancel the key encryption entry before all the encryption key digits are entered, so the application must set the *bAutoEnd* flag to TRUE and wait for the command to auto-complete. Applications should check the KCV to avoid storing an incorrect key component.

Encryption key parts entered with this command are stored through either the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY or WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_EX. Each key part can only be stored once after which the secure key buffer will be cleared automatically.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINSECUREKEYENTRY lpSecureKeyEntry;

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#### usKeyLen

Specifies the number of digits which must be entered for the encryption key. For example, 16 for a single-length key, 32 for a double-length key and 48 for a triple-length key. The only valid values are 16, 32 and 48.

#### **bAutoEnd**

If *bAutoEnd* is set to true, the Service Provider terminates the command when the maximum number of encryption key digits are entered. Otherwise, the input is terminated by the user using Enter, Cancel or any terminating key. When *usKeyLen* is reached, the Service Provider will disable all keys associated with an encryption key digit.

#### ulActiveFDKs

Specifies those FDKs which are active during the execution of the command. This parameter should include those FDKs mapped to edit functions.

#### ulActiveKeys

Specifies all Function Keys(not FDKs) which are active during the execution of the command. This should be the complete set or a subset of the keys returned in the lpFuncKeyDetail parameter of the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_DETAIL command. This should include WFS\_PIN\_FK\_0 to WFS\_PIN\_FK\_9 and WFS\_PIN\_FK\_A to WFS\_PIN\_FK\_F for all modes of secure key entry, but should also include WFS\_PIN\_FK\_SHIFT on shift based systems. The WFS\_PIN\_FK\_00, WFS\_PIN\_FK\_000 and WFS\_PIN\_FK\_DECPOINT function keys must not be included in the list of active or terminate keys.

#### ulTerminateFDKs

Specifies those FDKs which must terminate the execution of the command. This should include the FDKs associated with Cancel and Enter.

#### ulTerminateKeys

Specifies those all Function Keys (not FDKs) which must terminate the execution of the command. This does not include the FDKs associated with Enter or Cancel.

#### wVerificationType

Specifies the type of verification to be done on the entered key. Possible values are as follows:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value (KCV) is created by an
	encryption of the key with itself. For a
	double length or triple length keyFor the
	KCV is generated using 3DES encryption
	using description refer to the first 8 bytes of
	WFS_PIN_KCVSELF literal described in
	the key as the source data for the
	encryptionCapabilities.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value (KCV) is created by an
	encryption of encrypting a zero value with
	the key. <u>Unless otherwise specified</u> , <u>ECB</u>
	encryption is used. The encryption algorithm
	used (i.e. DES, 3DES, AES) is determined
	by the type of key used to generate the KCV.

If one of the following flags is not included, *usKeyLen* will determine the cryptographic method used. If *usKeyLen* is 16, the cryptographic method will be Single DES. If *usKeyLen* is 32 or 48, the cryptographic method will be Triple DES:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN KCV DES	Single DES.
WFS PIN KCV 3DES	Triple DES.
WFS PIN KCV AES	AES.

#### Output Param LPWFSPINSECUREKEYENTRYOUT lpSecureKeyEntryOut;

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usDigits

Specifies the number of key digits entered. Applications must ensure all required digits have been entered before trying to store the key.

wCompletion

Specifies the reason for completion of the entry. Possible values are described in WFS CMD PIN GET PIN.

lpxKCV

Contains the key check value data that can be used for verification of the entered key. This parameter is NULL if device does not have this capability, or the key entry was not fully entered, e.g. the entry was terminated by Enter before the required number of digits was entered.

## **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	At least one of the specified function keys or
	FDKs is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTSUPPORTED	At least one of the specified function keys or
	FDKs is not supported by the Service
	Provider.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOACTIVEKEYS	There are no active function keys specified,
	or there is no defined layout definition.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOTERMINATEKEYS	There are no terminate keys specified and
	bAutoEnd is FALSE.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The usKeyLen key length is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The KCV mode is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_TOOMANYFRAMES	The device requires that only one frame is
WEG EDD DDI DADELLI ED ALGE	used for this command.
WFS_ERR_PIN_PARTIALFRAME	The single Touch Frame does not cover the
WEG EDD DDI MGGDIGKEVG	entire monitor.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MISSINGKEYS	The single frame does not contain a full set
WEG EDD DIN ENTRYTHMEOUT	of hexadecimal key definitions.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ENTRYTIMEOUT	The timeout for entering data has been
	reached. This is a timeout which may be due
	to hardware limitations or legislative
	requirements (for example PCI).

## **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY	A key has been pressed at the PIN pad.
	Applications must be aware of the
	association between FDKs and the edit
	functions reported within the
	WFS_INF_PIN_SECUREKEY_DETAIL command.
WFS_EXEE_PIN_ENTERDATA	The PIN pad is ready for the user to start entering data.
WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT	The layout has changed position. For ETS devices only.

## Comments

None.

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## 5.1.24 WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GENERATE\_KCV

**Description** This command returns the Key Check Value (KCV) for the specified key.

**Input Param** LPWFSPINGENERATEKCV lpGenerateKCV;

lpsKev

Specifies the name of key that should be used to generate the KCV.

wKeyCheckMode

Specifies the mode that is used to create the key check value. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value (KCV) is created by an
	encryption of the key with itself. For a
	double length or triple length keyFor the
	KCV is generated using 3DES encryption
	using description refer to the first 8 bytes of
	the key as the source data for the
	encryptionWFS PIN KCVSELF literal
	described in the Capabilities.
WFS PIN KCVZERO	The key check value (KCV) is created by an
	encryption of encrypting a zero value with
	this keythe key. Unless otherwise specified,
	ECB encryption is used. The encryption
	algorithm used (i.e. DES, 3DES, AES) is
	determined by the type of key used to
	generate the KCV.

## Output Param LPWFSPINKCV lpKCV;

*lpxKCV* 

Contains the key check value data that can be used for verification of the key.

## **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key encryption key was not
	found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key exists but has no value
WEG EDD DDI AGGEGGDENIED	loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The KCV mode is not supported.
In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1 command:	], the following events can be generated by this
Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption

key.

Comments

None.

**Events** 

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## 5.1.25 WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SET\_GUIDANCE\_LIGHT

## **Description**

This command is used to set the status of the PIN guidance lights. This includes defining the flash rate, the color and the direction. When an application tries to use a color or direction that is not supported then the Service Provider will return the generic error WFS\_ERR\_UNSUPP\_DATA.

## **Input Param**

LPWFSPINSETGUIDLIGHT lpSetGuidLight;

### wGuidLight

Specifies the index of the guidance light to set as one of the values defined within the capabilities section:

### **dwCommand**

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator as WFS\_PIN\_GUIDANCE\_OFF or a combination of the following flags consisting of one type B, optionally one type C and optionally one type D. If no value of type C is specified then the default color is used. The Service Provider determines which color is used as the default color.

Value	Meaning	Type
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light indicator is turned off.	A
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light indicator is set to flash	В
	slowly.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light is blinking medium	В
	frequency.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light indicator is set to flash	В
	quickly.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light indicator is turned on	В
	continuously (steady).	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_RED	The light indicator color is set	C
	to red.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light indicator color is set to	C
	green.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light indicator color is set to	C
	yellow.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light indicator color is set to	C
	blue.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light indicator color is set to	C
	cyan.	_
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light indicator color is set to	C
	magenta.	_
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_WHITE	The light indicator color is set to	C
	white.	-
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_ENTRY	The light indicator is set	D
WEG BRI GUID ANGE EVIT	to the entry state.	ъ
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_EXIT	The light indicator is set	D
	to the exit state.	

## Output Param None.

**Error Codes** 

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALID_PORT	An attempt to set a guidance light to a new value was invalid because the guidance light
	does not exist.

### **Events**

Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments

Guidance light support was added into the PIN primarily to support guidance lights for

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workstations where more than one instance of a PIN is present. The original SIU guidance light mechanism was not able to manage guidance lights for workstations with multiple PINs. This command can also be used to set the status of the PIN guidance lights when only one instance of a PIN is present.

The slow and medium flash rates must not be greater than 2.0 Hz. It should be noted that in order to comply with American Disabilities Act guidelines only a slow or medium flash rate must be used.

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## 5.1.26 WFS CMD PIN MAINTAIN PIN

Description

This command is used to control if the PIN is maintained after a PIN processing command for subsequent use by other PIN processing commands. This command is also used to clear the PIN buffer when the PIN is no longer required.

**Input Param** 

LPWFSPINMAINTAINPIN lpMaintainPinIn;

### bMaintainPIN

Specifies if the PIN should be maintained after a PIN processing command. Once set, this setting applies until changed through another call to this command. This value is not persistent across reboots.

Value	Meaning
TRUE	The PIN should be maintained after PIN
	processing commands for multiple uses.
FALSE	The PIN will be cleared and subsequent
	PINs will not be maintained for multiple
	11505

Output Param None.

**Error Codes** Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Events** Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Comments** When using this command to maintain a PIN for multiple transactions/PIN processing commands.

applications should ensure that a customer's PIN is cleared after they have completed all their transactions. The PIN is cleared by calling this command with *bMaintainPIN* set to FALSE.

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## 5.1.27 WFS CMD PIN KEYPRESS BEEP

**Description** This command is used to enable or disable the PIN device from emitting a beep tone on

subsequent key presses of active or in-active keys. This command is valid only on devices which

have the capability to support application control of automatic beeping. See

WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES structure for information.

**Input Param** LPWORD *lpwMode*;

lpwMode

Specifies whether automatic generation of key press beep tones should be activated for any active or in-active key subsequently pressed on the PIN. *lpwMode* selectively turns beeping on and off for active, in-active or both types of keys. *lpwMode* contains a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_BEEP_ON_ACTIVE	Specifies that beeping should be enabled for
	active keys. If this flag is not present then
	beeping is disabled for active keys.
WFS_PIN_BEEP_ON_INACTIVE	Specifies that beeping should be enabled for
	in-active keys. If this flag is not present then
	beeping is disabled for in-active keys.

Output Param None.

**Error Codes** Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Events** Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Comments** None.

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## 5.1.28 WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SET\_PINBLOCK\_DATA

## **Description**

This function should be used for devices which need to know the data for the PIN block before the PIN is entered by the user. WFS CMD PIN GET PIN and

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK should be called after this command. For all other devices WFS\_ERR\_UNSUPP\_COMMAND will be returned here.

If this command is required and it is not called, the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN command will fail with the generic error WFS\_ERR\_SEQUENCE\_ERROR.

If the input parameters passed to this command and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK are not identical, the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK command will fail with the generic error WFS\_ERR\_INVALID\_DATA.

The data associated with this command will be cleared on a WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK command.

**Input Param** 

LPWFSPINBLOCK lpPinSetBlockData;

See WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK for details.

**Output Param** 

None.

**Error Codes** 

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATNOTSUPP	The specified format is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpsKeyEncKey</i> or <i>lpsKey</i> is not supported by this key or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
n addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1]	the following events can be generated by this

### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

## Comments

None.

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## 5.1.29 WFS CMD PIN SET LOGICAL HSM

## **Description**

This command allows an application to select the logical HSM that should be active. If the device does not support multiple logical HSMs this command returns

WFS\_ERR\_UNSUPP\_COMMAND. The WFS\_INF\_PIN\_QUERY\_LOGICAL\_HSM\_DETAIL command can be called to determine the current active logical HSM.

Once the active logical HSM is set with this command, that logical HSM remains active until this command is used to change the logical HSM or the system is re-started.

The selected HSM is not persistent across re-boots, when applications want to address a specific logical HSM they must ensure that the correct logical HSM is set as the active logical HSM.

The commands affected by this command are as follows:

- WFS INF PIN HSM TDATA
- WFS\_INF\_PIN\_KEY\_DETAIL\_EX
- WFS CMD PIN HSM SET TDATA
- WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND (only affected for the protocols WFS\_PIN\_PROTHSM\_LDI and WFS\_PIN\_PROTISOPS)
- WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE (only affected for the protocols WFS\_PIN\_PROTHSM\_LDI and WFS\_PIN\_PROTISOPS)
- WFS CMD PIN HSM INIT
- WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_JOURNAL (only affected for the protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTISOPS)

If there are multiple XFS applications that manipulate the current logical HSM then applications must co-operate or use the XFS locking facilities to synchronize access to the logical HSMs. The current logical HSM is the same for all clients.

## **Input Param**

### LPWFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER lpSetHSM:

## wHSMSerialNumber

Specifies the serial number of the HSM that should be set as the active HSM. The value passed in this field corresponds to the *wHSMSerialNumber* field reported in the

WFS\_INF\_PIN\_QUERY\_LOGICAL\_HSM\_DETAIL command output structure (and hence corresponds to the CB tag in the HSM TDATA). The *wHSMSerialNumber* value is encoded as a standard binary value (i.e. it is not BCD).

## Output Param

None.

## **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDHSM	The logical HSM serial number specified is
	not valid.

### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED	Indicates that the current logical HSM has changed to the HSM identified within the
	event.

# This document is not an official CEN publication CWA 16926-65:2020 (E)

Comments None.

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## 5.1.30 WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEYBLOCK

**Description** The command imports an encryption key that has been passed by the application within an ANSI

X9 TR-31 key block (see reference 35).

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYBLOCK lpImportKeyBlock;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

*lpsEncKey* 

*lpsEncKey* specifies a key name which will be used to verify and decrypt the key block passed in *lpxKeyBlock*. This key must have a key usage defined as WFS\_PIN\_USEANSTR31MASTER.

lpxKevBlock

Specifies the complete key block for the key being imported. <u>If importing a DUKPT Initial Key</u>, the Key Set Identifier ('KS') must be included in one of the Key Block Header optional blocks (see reference 35).

**Output Param** 

None.

**Error Codes** 

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key encryption key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the key block is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID	The content of the key block is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATNOTSUPP	The key block version or content is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The key control flags specified within the key block are inconsistent, are not supported by the hardware, or the <i>lpsEncKey</i> is not defined as a WFS PIN USEANSTR31MASTER key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of the actual encryption key within <i>lpxKeyBlockValue</i> is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	The key block failed its authentication check.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.

**Events** 

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

Comments

None.

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## 5.1.31 WFS CMD PIN POWER SAVE CONTROL

## **Description**

This command activates or deactivates the power-saving mode.

If the Service Provider receives another execute command while in power saving mode, the Service Provider automatically exits the power saving mode, and executes the requested command. If the Service Provider receives an information command while in power saving mode, the Service Provider will not exit the power saving mode.

## **Input Param**

LPWFSPINPOWERSAVECONTROL lpPowerSaveControl;

## usMaxPowerSaveRecovervTime

Specifies the maximum number of seconds in which the device must be able to return to its normal operating state when exiting power save mode. The device will be set to the highest possible power save mode within this constraint. If *usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime* is set to zero then the device will exit the power saving mode.

## **Output Param**

None.

## **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_POWERSAVETOOSHORT	The power saving mode has not been
	activated because the device is not able to
	resume from the power saving mode within
	the specified
	usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime value.

## **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS SRVE PIN POWER SAVE CHANGE	The power save recovery time has changed.

## **Comments**

None.

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## 5.1.32 WFS CMD PIN DEFINE LAYOUT

## **Description**

This command allows an application to configure a layout for any PIN device. One or more layouts can be defined with a single request of this command.

There can be a layout for each of the different types of keyboard entry modes, if the vendor and the hardware supports these different methods. The types of keyboard entry modes are (1) Mouse mode, (2) XFS Data mode which corresponds to the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_DATA command, (3) XFS PIN mode which corresponds to the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN command, and (4) XFS Secure mode which corresponds to the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_ENTRY command. One or more layouts can be preloaded into the device, if the device supports this, or a single layout can be loaded into the device immediately prior to the keyboard command being requested.

If a WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_DATA, WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN, or WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_ENTRY command is already in progress (or queued), then this command is rejected with a command result of WFS\_ERR\_SEQUENCE\_ERROR.

It is recommended that WFS\_INF\_PIN\_GET\_LAYOUT is used before this command to check for the presence of frames containing Physical Keys (FKs or FDKs). If a layout includes one or more frames containing Physical Keys, the number of frames containing Physical Keys, the size and position of the frame, and the size, position and order of the keys contained in the frame, cannot be changed.

Layouts defined with this command are persistent.

## **Input Param**

LPWFSPINLAYOUT \*lppLayout;

Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINLAYOUT structures.

typedef struct _wfs_pin_la	<del>lyout</del>
<del></del>	
	-dwEntryMode;
USHORT	usNumberOfFrames;
<u> LPWFSPINFRAME</u>	<del>*lppFrames;</del>
For the definition	of the WFSPINLAYOUT, *LPWFSPINLAYOUT;

## dwEntryMode

Specifies entry mode to which the layout applies. It can be one of the following flags.

structure, see command Value	- Meaning
WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_DATA	Specifies that the layout be applied to the
	WFS_CMDINF_PIN_GET_DATA entry
	method.
WFS PIN LAYOUT PIN	Specifies that the layout be applied to the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN entry method.
WFS PIN LAYOUT SECURE	Specifies that the layout be applied to the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY
	entry method.

## usNumberOfFrames

This value indicates the number of WFSPINFRAME structures that are included in the *lppFrames* parameter.

## *lppFrames*

Pointer to an array of pointers to WFSPINFRAME structures. There can be one or more WFSPINFRAME structures included.

typedef struct _wfs_	<del>_pin_frame</del>
<del></del>	
USHORT	<del>usFrameXPos;</del>
USHORT	usFrameYPos;
USHORT	-usFrameXSize;
USHORT	usFrameYSize;
WODD	-wFloatAction;
IDWESDINEK	*lppFKs;
) WESPINERAME.	*IPWFSPINFRAME:

### usFrameXPos

For ETS, specifies the left coordinate of the frame as an offset from the left edge of the screen. For non ETS devices, this value is ignored.

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### usFrameYPos

For ETS, specifies the top coordinate of the frame as an offset from the top edge of the screen. For non ETS devices, this value is ignored.

### usFrameXSize

For ETS, specifies the width of the frame. For non ETS devices, this value is ignored.

## <del>usFrameYSize</del>

For ETS, specifies the height of the frame. For non ETS devices, this value is ignored.

### wFloatAction

Specifies the type of float action to be used as WFS\_PIN\_FLOAT\_NONE if the PIN device will not randomly shift the layout or else as a combination of the following flags:

<u>LAYOUT</u> <del>Value</del>	
WFS_PIN_ FLOATX	Specifies that the PIN device will
	randomly shift the layout in a horizontal
	direction. Applicable to ETS devices
	<del>only.</del>
WFS_PIN_ FLOATY	Specifies that the PIN device will
	randomly shift the layout in a vertical
	direction. Applicable to ETS devices
	only.

For any non ETS device, this value should be set to WFS PIN FLOAT NONE.

## <del>lppFKs</del>

Pointer to a NULL terminated array of pointers to WFSPINFK structures defining details of the keys in the layout. See below.

typedef struct _	wfs_pin_fk
<del></del>	
USHORT	usXPos;
USHORT	usYPos;
USHORT	usXSize;
USHORT	usYSize;
WORD	wKeyType;
	ulFK;
III ONC	ulShiftFK;
O MESDINER	·

### usXPos

Specifies the position of the top left corner of the FK relative to the left hand side of the layout. For ETS devices, must be in the range defined in the WFSPINFRAME. For non-ETS devices, must be a value between 0 and 999, where 0 is the left edge and 999 is the right edge.

## <del>us YP os</del>

Specifies the position of the top left corner of the FK relative to the left hand side of the layout. For ETS devices, must be in the range defined in the WFSPINFRAME. For non-ETS devices, must be a value between 0 and 999, where 0 is the top edge and 999 is the bottom edge.

## usXSize

Specifies the FK width. For ETS, width is measured in pixels. For non-ETS devices, width is expressed as a value between 1 and 1000, where 1 is the smallest possible size and 1000 is the full width of the layout.

### <del>us YSize</del>

Specifies the FK height. For ETS, height is measured in pixels. For non ETS devices, height is expressed as a value between 1 and 1000, where 1 is the smallest possible size and 1000 is the full height of the layout.

## wKeyType

Defines the type of XFS key definition value is represented by ulFK and ulShiftFK

Value	
WFS PIN FK	Function Keys are being used.

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WFS\_PIN\_FDK Function Descriptor Keys are being used.

<del>ulFK</del>

Specifies the FK code associated with the physical area in non-shifted mode, WFS PIN FK UNUSED if the key is not used.

ulShiftFK

Specifies the FK code associated with the physical key in shifted mode, WFS PIN FK UNUSED if the key is not used in shifted mode.

Output Param

None.

**Error Codes** 

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The device does not support the float action.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FRAMECOORD	A frame coordinate or size field is out of
	range.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYCOORD	A key coordinate or size field is out of range.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FRAMEOVERLAP	Frames are overlapping.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYOVERLAP	Keys are overlapping.
WFS_ERR_PIN_TOOMANYFRAMES	There are more frames defined than allowed.
WFS_ERR_PIN_TOOMANYKEYS	There are more keys defined than allowed.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYALREADYDEFINED	Values The combination of the wKeyType
	and values for ulFK and ulShiftFK can only
	be used once per layout.

**Events** None.

**Comments** None.

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## 5.1.33 WFS CMD PIN START AUTHENTICATE

## **Description**

This command is used to retrieve the data that needs to be signed and hence provided to the WFS CMD PIN AUTHENTICATE command in order to perform an authenticated action on the PIN device. If this command returns data to be signed then the

WFS CMD PIN AUTHENTICATE command must be used to call the command referenced by lpStartAuthenticate. Any attempt to call the referenced command without using the WFS CMD PIN AUTHENTICATE command, if authentication is required, shall result in WFS ERR AUTH REQUIRED.

## **Input Param**

## LPWFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATE lpStartAuthenticate;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_start_authenticate
     DWORD
                                dwCommandID;
     LPVOID
                                lpvInputData;
     } WFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATE, *LPWFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATE;
```

The XFS command ID of the command to which authentication is being applied.

## lpvInputData

Pointer to the input data structure of the command referred to by dwCommandID. For details on the contents of the structure pointed to by *lpvInputData*, refer to the command referenced by dwCommandID.

## Output Param LPWFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATEOUT lpStartAuthenticateOut;

```
typedef struct wfs pin start authenticate out
     HRESULT
                                hInternalCmdResult;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxDataToSign;
     DWORD
                                dwSigners;
     } WFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATEOUT, *LPWFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATEOUT;
```

## hInternalCmdResult

Result from the command referenced by dwCommandID. If the data within lpvInputData is invalid or cannot be used for some reason, then hInternalCmdResult will return an error but the result of this command will be WFS SUCCESS.

## lpxDataToSign

The data that must be signed by one of the authorities indicated by dwSigners before the command referenced by dwCommandID can be executed. If the command specified by dwCommandID does not require authentication, then lpxDataToSign is NULL and the command result is WFS SUCCESS.

If dwSigners includes the WFS PIN SIGNER TR34 flag, then either the WFS PIN SIGNER CA or WFS PIN SIGNER HL flag must also be set. In this case lpxDataToSign shall contain a TR34 Random Number Token. It shall be the responsibility of the host/HSM to use this data to build and sign the relevant TR34 token, incorporating this random number. Please refer to X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42] for more details.

## dwSigners

Specifies the allowed signers of the data as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_NONE	Authentication is not required.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST	The current Host can be used to sign
	lpxDataToSign, using the RSA certificate-
	based scheme.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_SIGHOST	The current Host can be used to sign
	lpxDataToSign, using the RSA signature-
	based scheme.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA	The Certificate Authority (CA) can be used
	to sign lpxDataToSign.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL	The Higher Level (HL) Authority can be
	used to sign <i>lpxDataToSign</i> .

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WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_TR34 The format of the data to sign must comply

with the data defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref.

42]. This value can only be returned in

combination with the

WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_CERTHOST, WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_CA or WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_HL flags.

WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_CBCMAC A MAC calculated over the *lpxDataToSign* 

using the CBC MAC algorithm can be used

as a signature.

WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_CMAC A MAC calculated over the *lpxDataToSign* 

using the CMAC algorithm can be used as a

signature.

WFS PIN SIGNER RESERVED 1 Reserved for a vendor-defined signing

method.

WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_RESERVED\_2 Reserved for a vendor-defined signing

method.

WFS PIN SIGNER RESERVED 3 Reserved for a vendor-defined signing

method.

**Error Codes** Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

**Events** None.

**Comments** To allow XFS client applications to be multi-vendor, the

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_AUTHENTICATE and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_AUTHENTICATE commands can be executed even if authentication is not required. If authentication is not required for a particular command, then the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_AUTHENTICATE command will return WFS\_SUCCESS, *lpxDataToSign* will be NULL, and *dwSigners* will be

WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_NONE.

Then, the client application can do one of two things:

(1) Call the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_AUTHENTICATE command with *dwSigner* set to WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_NONE and *lpxSignedData* set to NULL.

(2) Call the command referenced by *dwCommandID* directly (i.e. if authenticated delete is not required, then the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY command can be called directly in order to delete a key).

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## 5.1.34 WFS CMD PIN AUTHENTICATE

## **Description**

This command can be used to add authentication to any existing PIN command. The functionality of the command specified by *dwCommandID* will be executed within the context of this command, and the XFS application should not call the command specified by *dwCommandID*. The signed data is unique for each command request and therefore can be used only once per command.

The WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_AUTHENTICATE command must be called before this command. If this command is called without first calling the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_AUTHENTICATE command, then this command will fail and WFS\_ERR\_SEQUENCE\_ERROR will be returned.

The WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_AUTHENTICATE command does not need to immediately precede the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_AUTHENTICATE command. It is acceptable for other commands to be executed between these commands, except for any command that will clear from the PIN device the data that is being saved in order to verify the signed data provided in the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_AUTHENTICATE command. If this occurs, then WFS\_ERR\_SEQUENCE\_ERROR will be returned.

## **Input Param**

## LPWFSPINAUTHENTICATE lpAuthenticate;

### dwSigner

Specifies the signer of the data, with one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN SIGNER NONE	Authentication is not required.
WFS PIN SIGNER CERTHOST	The data is signed by the current Host, using
	the RSA certificate-based scheme.
WFS PIN SIGNER SIGHOST	The data is signed by the current Host, using
	the RSA signature-based scheme.
WFS PIN SIGNER CA	The data is signed by the Certificate
	Authority (CA).
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL	The data is signed by the Higher Level (HL)
	Authority.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_TR34	The format of the data that was signed
	complies with the data defined in X9 TR34
	2012 [Ref. 42]. This value can only be used
	in combination with the
	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST,
	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA or
	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL flags.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CBCMAC	A MAC is calculated over the data using
	lpsKey and the CBC MAC algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CMAC	A MAC is calculated over the data using
	lpsKey and the CMAC algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_RESERVED_1	Reserved for a vendor-defined signing
	method.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_RESERVED_2	Reserved for a vendor-defined signing
	method.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_RESERVED_3	Reserved for a vendor-defined signing
	method.

In addition, a combination of the following flags can optionally be used:

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Value	Meaning
WFS PIN SIGNER TR34	The format of the data that was signed
	complies with the data defined in X9 TR34-
	2012 [Ref. 42]. This value can only be used
	in combination with the
	WFS PIN SIGNER CERTHOST,
	WFS PIN SIGNER CA or
	WFS PIN SIGNER HL flags.

## *lpsSigKey*

If WFS PIN SIGNER CBCMAC or WFS PIN SIGNER CMAC are specified for dwSigner, then *lpsSigKey* is the name of a key with the WFS PIN USEMACING usage.

If WFS PIN SIGNER SIGHOST is specified for dwSigner, then lpsSigKey specifies the name of a previously loaded asymmetric key (i.e. an RSA Public Key). The default Signature Issuer public key (installed in a secure environment during manufacture) will be used, if lpsSigKey is either NULL or contains the name of the default Signature Issuer as defined in section 8.1.8.

Otherwise, this parameter must be NULL.

## lpxSignedData

This field contains the signed version of the data that was provided by the PIN device during the previous call to the WFS CMD PIN START AUTHENTICATE command.

The signer specified by dwSigner is used to do the signing. Both the signature and the data that was signed must be verified before the operation is performed.

If WFS PIN SIGNER CERTHOST, WFS PIN SIGNER CA, or WFS PIN SIGNER HL are specified for dwSigner, then lpxSignedData is a PKCS#7 signedData structure which includes the data that was returned by the WFS CMD PIN START AUTHENTICATE command. The optional CRL field may or may not be included in the PKCS#7 signedData structure.

If the WFS PIN SIGNER TR34 flag is set, then either the WFS PIN SIGNER CERTHOST, WFS PIN SIGNER CA or WFS PIN SIGNER HL flag must also be set. Please refer to the X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42] for more details.

If WFS PIN SIGNER SIGHOST is specified for dwSigner, then lpxSignedData is a PKCS#7 signedData structure which includes the data that was returned by the WFS CMD PIN START AUTHENTICATE command.

If WFS PIN SIGNER CBCMAC or WFS PIN SIGNER CMAC are specified for dwSigner, then lpsSigKey must refer to a key loaded with the WFS PIN USEMACING usage.

## dwCommandID

The XFS command ID of the command to which authentication is being applied.

## lpvInputData

Pointer to the input data structure of the command referred to by dwCommandID. For details on the contents of the structure pointed to by *lpvInputData*, refer to the command referenced by dwCommandID.

## Output Param LPWFSPINAUTHENTICATEOUT lpAuthenticateOut;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_authenticate_out
     HRESULT
                                hInternalCmdResult;
     DWORD
                                dwCommandID;
     LPVOID
                                lpvOutputData;
     } WFSPINAUTHENTICATEOUT, *LPWFSPINAUTHENTICATEOUT;
```

## hInternalCmdResult

Result from the command referenced by dwCommandID. If the authentication was verified but the internal command failed, then hInternalCmdResult will return an error but the result of this command will be WFS SUCCESS.

## dwCommandID

The XFS command ID of the command to which authentication was applied.

## lpvOutputData

Pointer to the output data structure of the command referred to by dwCommandID. For details on

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the contents of the structure pointed to by *lpvOutputData*, refer to the command referenced by *dwCommandID*.

## **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The supplied key name cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The random number is either incorrect or no
	random number has been generated prior to
	this command.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID	The MAC calculated by the PIN device does
	not match the MAC supplied in
	lpxSignedData
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature in the input data is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDID	The data that was signed was not valid.

### Events

None.

### **Comments**

To allow XFS client applications to be multi-vendor, the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_AUTHENTICATE and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_AUTHENTICATE commands can be executed even if authentication is not required. If authentication is not required for a particular command, then the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_AUTHENTICATE command will return WFS\_SUCCESS, *lpxDataToSign* will be NULL, and *dwSigners* will be WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_NONE.

Then, the client application can do one of two things:

- (1) Call the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_AUTHENTICATE command with *dwSigner* set to WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_NONE and *lpxSignedData* set to NULL.
- (2) Call the command referenced by *dwCommandID* directly (i.e. if authenticated delete is not required, then the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY command can be called directly in order to delete a key).

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## 5.1.35 WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK EX

## **Description**

This function takes the account information and a PIN entered by the user to build a formatted PIN. Encrypting this formatted PIN once or twice returns a PIN block which can be written on a magnetic card or sent to a host. The PIN block can be calculated using one of the algorithms specified in the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_CAPABILITIES command. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_MAINTAIN\_PIN command.

<u>In order to access the maximum functionality it is recommended that applications should use the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK\_340 command.</u>

## **Input Param**

## LPWFSPINBLOCKEX lpPinBlockEx;

```
typedef struct wfs pin block ex
     LPSTR
                                 lpsCustomerData;
     LPSTR
                                 lpsXORData;
     BYTE
                                 bPadding;
     DWORD
                                 dwFormat;
                                 lpsKey;
     LPSTR
                                 lpsKeyEncKey;
     LPSTR
                                 dwAlgorithm;
     DWORD
     } WFSPINBLOCKEX, *LPWFSPINBLOCKEX;
```

## lpsCustomerData

The customer data should be an ASCII string. Used for ANSI, ISO-0, ISO-1, ISO-3 and ISO-14 algorithm to build the formatted PIN. For ANSI, ISO-0, ISO-3, and ISO-04 the PAN (Primary Account Number, without the check number) is supplied, for ISO-1 a ten digit transaction field is required. If not used a NULL is required.

Used for DIEBOLD with coordination number, as a two digit coordination number.

Used for EMV with challenge number (8 bytes) coming from the chip card. This number is passed as unpacked string, for example: 0123456789ABCDEF = 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46

For AP PIN blocks, the data must be a concatenation of the PAN (18 digits including the check digit), and the CCS (8 digits).

### lnsXORData

If the formatted PIN is encrypted twice to build the resulting PIN block, this data can be used to modify the result of the first encryption by an XOR-operation. This parameter is a string of hexadecimal data that must be converted by the application, e.g. 0x0123456789ABCDEF must be converted to 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 and terminated with 0x00. In other words the application would set *lpsXORData* to "0123456789ABCDEF\0". The hex digits 0xA to 0xF can be represented by characters in the ranges 'a' to 'f' or 'A' to 'F'. If this value is NULL no XOR-operation will be performed. If the formatted PIN is not encrypted twice (i.e. if *lpsKeyEncKey* is NULL) this parameter is ignored.

### bPadding

Specifies the padding character. The valid range is 0x00 to 0x0F. Only the least significant nibble is used.

### dwFormai

Specifies the format of the PIN block. Possible values are one of the following: (see command WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES)

### lpsKey

Specifies the key used to encrypt the formatted PIN for the first time, NULL if no encryption is required. If this specifies a double-length or triple-length key, triple DES encryption will be performed. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS\_PIN\_USEFUNCTION or WFS\_PIN\_USEPINREMOTE attribute. If this specifies an RSA key, RSA encryption will be performed.

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lpsKeyEncKey

Specifies the key used to format the once encrypted formatted PIN, NULL if no second encryption required. The key referenced by *lpsKeyEncKey* must have the WFS\_PIN\_USEFUNCTION or WFS\_PIN\_USEPINREMOTE attribute. If this specifies a double-length or triple-length key, triple DES encryption will be performed.

dwAlgorithm

Specifies the encryption algorithm. Possible values are one of the following:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESECB	Electronic Code Book.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCBC	Cipher Block Chaining.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCFB	Cipher Feed Back.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTRSA	RSA Encryption.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTECMA	ECMA Encryption.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESECB	Triple DES with Electronic Code Book.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCBC	Triple DES with Cipher Block Chaining.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCFB	Triple DES with Cipher Feed Back.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTSM4	SM4 block cipher algorithm as defined in
	Password industry standard of the People's
	Republic of China GM/T 0002-2012 [Ref.
	43].

## Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxPinBlock;

lpxPinBlock

Pointer to the encrypted PIN block.

## **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	The PIN has not been entered was not long
	enough or has been cleared.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATNOTSUPP	The specified format is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpsKeyEncKey</i> or <i>lpsKey</i> is not
	supported by this key or the length of an
	encryption key is not compatible with the
	encryption operation required.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The specified algorithm is not supported by
	this command.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUKPTOVERFLOW	The DUKPT KSN encryption counter has
	overflowed to zero. A new IPEK must be
	<u>loaded.</u>

## **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.
WFS EXEE PIN DUKPT KSN	An lpsKey with WFS_PIN_USEDUKPT
	usage has been used to encrypt the PIN
	block.

## Comments

None.

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## 5.1.36 WFS CMD PIN SYNCHRONIZE COMMAND

## **Description**

This command is used to reduce response time of a command (e.g. for synchronization with display) as well as to synchronize actions of the different device classes. This command is intended to be used only on hardware which is capable of synchronizing functionality within a single device class or with other device classes.

The list of execute commands which this command supports for synchronization is retrieved in the *lpdwSynchronizableCommands* parameter of the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_CAPABILITIES.

This command is optional, i.e. any other command can be called without having to call it in advance. Any preparation that occurs by calling this command will not affect any other subsequent command. However, any subsequent execute command other than the one that was specified in the *dwCommand* input parameter will execute normally and may invalidate the pending synchronization. In this case the application should call the WFS CMD PIN SYNCHRONIZE COMMAND again in order to start a synchronization.

## **Input Param**

LPWFSPINSYNCHRONIZECOMMAND lpSynchronizeCommand;

### dwCommand

The command ID of the command to be synchronized and executed next.

## *lpCmdData*

Pointer to data or a data structure that represents the parameter that is normally associated with the command that is specified in *dwCommand*. For example, if *dwCommand* is WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_CRYPT then *lpCmdData* will point to a WFSPINCRYPT structure. This parameter can be NULL if no command input parameter is needed or if this detail is not needed to synchronize for the command.

It will be device-dependent whether the synchronization is effective or not in the case where the application synchronizes for a command with this command specifying a parameter but subsequently executes the synchronized command with a different parameter. This case should not result in an error; however, the preparation effect could be different from what the application expects. The application should, therefore, make sure to use the same parameter between *lpCmdData* of this command and the subsequent corresponding execute command.

## Output Param

None.

## **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_COMMANDUNSUPP	The command specified in the dwCommand
	field is not supported by the Service
	Provider.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SYNCHRONIZEUNSUPP	The preparation for the command specified
	in the dwCommand with the parameter
	specified in the <i>lpCmdData</i> is not supported
	by the Service Provider.

## **Events**

Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

## **Comments**

For sample flows of this synchronization see the [Ref. 1] Appendix C.

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## **5.1.37 WFS CMD PIN CRYPT 340**

## **Description**

The input data is either encrypted or decrypted using the specified or selected encryption mode. The available modes are defined in the *lppCryptAttributes* of the WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES command.

This command cannot be used for random number generation. For random number generation, the WFS CMD PIN CRYPT command should be used.

This command cannot be used with externally encrypted keys, which can be specified using the *lpxKeyEncKey* parameter of the WFS CMD PIN CRYPT command

This command can be used for Message Authentication Code generation and verification (i.e. MACing). The input data is padded to the necessary length mandated by the encryption algorithm using the *bPadding* parameter.

This command can be used for asymmetric signature generation and verification. The input data is padded to the necessary length mandated by the signature algorithm using the *bPadding* parameter.

Applications can use an alternative padding method by pre-formatting the data passed and combining this with the standard padding method.

The Start Value (or Initialization Vector) can be provided as input data to this command, or it can be imported via TR-31 prior to requesting this command and referenced by name. The Start Value and Start Value Key are both optional parameters.

## Input Param LPWFSPINCRYPT340 lpCrypt340;

## typedef struct wfs\_pin\_crypt\_340

{	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	<pre>lpsStartValueKey;</pre>
LPWFSXDATA	lpxStartValue;
BYTE	bPadding;
BYTE	bCompression;
LPWFSXDATA	<pre>lpxCryptData;</pre>
LPWFSXDATA	lpxVerifyData;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	<pre>lpCryptAttributes;</pre>
} WFSPINCRYPT340, *	LPWFSPINCRYPT340;

## lpsKey

Specifies the name of the stored key.

## lpsStartValueKey

If *lpxStartValue* specifies an Initialization Vector (IV), then this parameter specifies the name of the stored key used to decrypt the *lpxStartValue* to obtain the IV. If *lpxStartValue* is NULL and this parameter is not NULL, then this parameter specifies the name of the IV that has been previously imported via TR-31. If this parameter is NULL, *lpxStartValue* is used as the Initialization Vector.

## <u>lpxStartValue</u>

The initialization vector for CBC / CFB encryption and MACing. If this parameter and *lpsStartValueKey* are both NULL the default value for CBC / CFB / MAC is 16 hex digits 0x0.

## **bPadding**

Specifies the padding character. The padding character is a full byte, e.g. 0xFF. The valid range is 0x00 to 0xFF.

## **bCompression**

Specifies whether data is to be compressed (blanks removed) before building the MAC. If <u>bCompression</u> is 0x00 no compression is selected, otherwise <u>bCompression</u> holds the representation of the blank character (e.g. 0x20 in ASCII or 0x40 in EBCDIC).

## *lpxCryptData*

Pointer to the data to be encrypted, decrypted, MACed, or signed. If lpCryptAttributes.bModeOfUse is 'V', then the PIN device will either generate a MAC or sign the lpxCryptData and compare with lpxVerifyData.

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*lpxVerifyData* 

Pointer to the data to be verified by MAC or signature. If the *bModeOfUse* is 'E', 'D', 'G', or 'S', then this parameter must be NULL.

### *lpCryptAttributes*

Pointer to a WFSPINATTRIBUTES structure. This parameter specifies the encryption algorithm, cryptographic method, and mode to be used for this command. For a list of valid values see the *lppCryptAttributes* capability field. The values specified must be compatible with the key identified by *lpsKey*.

## Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxCryptData;

*lpxCryptData* 

Pointer to the encrypted or decrypted data, MAC value or signature. This parameter will be NULL if the *lpCryptAttributes.bModeOfUse* is 'V'.

## **Error Codes** In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The mode specified by bModeOfUse is not
	supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key name was found but the
	corresponding key value has not been
	<u>loaded.</u>
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The use specified by bKeyUsage is not
	supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxStartValue</i> is not supported
	or the length of an encryption key is not
	compatible with the encryption operation
	required.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOCHIPTRANSACTIVE	A chipcard key is used as encryption key and
	there is no chip transaction active.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The algorithm specified by bAlgorithm is not
	supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID	The MAC verification failed.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature verification failed.
WFS_ERR_PIN_CRYPTOMETHODNOTSUP	PThe cryptographic method specified by
	dwCryptoMethod is not supported.

## Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS SRVE PIN ILLEGAL KEY ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.
WFS EXEE PIN DUKPT KSN	An lpsKey with
	WFS PIN USEKEYDERKEY usage has
	been used to encrypt or MAC the data.

<u>Comments</u> This command can be used in place of the following commands, except for the cases mentioned in the description of this command:

## - WFS CMD PIN CRYPT

The length of the key must match the encryption algorithm and cryptographic method specified. For example, if a double-length or triple-length key is used when a DES encryption algorithm is specified, or a single-length key is used when Triple DES is specified, the WFS ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH error is returned.

The data type LPWFSXDATA is used to pass hexadecimal data and is defined as follows:

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typedef struct w	fs hex data
{	
USHORT	usLength;
LPBYTE	lpbData;
} WFSXDATA,	*LPWFSXDATA;

<u>usLength</u>

Length of the byte stream pointed to by *lpbData*.

<u>lpbData</u>

Pointer to the binary data stream.

Valid *lpCryptAttributes* 

<u>bKeyUsage</u>	<u>bAlgorithm</u>	<u>bModeOfUse</u>
<u>'D0'</u>	<u>'A', 'D', 'T'</u>	<u>'D', 'E'</u>
<u>'D1'</u>	<u>'R'</u>	<u>'D', 'E'</u>
<u>'M0'</u>	'A', 'D', 'T'	<u>'G', 'V'</u>
<u>'M1'</u>	'A', 'D', 'T'	<u>'G', 'V'</u>
<u>'M2'</u>	<u>'A', 'D', 'T'</u>	<u>'G', 'V'</u>
<u>'M3'</u>	'A', 'D', 'T'	<u>'G', 'V'</u>
<u>'M4'</u>	'A', 'D', 'T'	<u>'G', 'V'</u>
<u>'M5'</u>	'A', 'D', 'T'	<u>'G', 'V'</u>
<u>'M6'</u>	'A', 'D', 'T'	<u>'G', 'V'</u>
<u>'M7'</u>	'A', 'D', 'T'	<u>'G', 'V'</u>
<u>'M8'</u>	'A', 'D', 'T'	<u>'G', 'V'</u>
<u>'S0'</u>	<u>'R'</u>	<u>'S', 'T'</u>
<u>'S1'</u>	<u>'R'</u>	<u>'S', 'T'</u>
<u>'S2'</u>	<u>'R'</u>	<u>'S', 'T'</u>

Mapping of legacy algorithms to *lpCrvptAttributes*:

Mapping of legacy argorithms to tpCryp	initioutes.	1	ı	T
wAlgorithm/dwAlgorithm	<u>bKeyUsage</u>	<u>bAlgorithm</u>	<u>bModeOfUse</u>	<u>dwCryptoMethod</u>
WFS PIN CRYPTDESECB	<u>'D0'</u>	<u>'D'</u>	<u>'E' or 'D'</u>	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOECB
WFS PIN CRYPTDESCBC	<u>'D0'</u>	<u>'D'</u>	<u>'E' or 'D'</u>	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCBC
WFS PIN CRYPTDESCFB	<u>'D0'</u>	<u>'D'</u>	<u>'E' or 'D'</u>	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCFB
WFS_PIN_CRYPTRSA	<u>'D1'</u>	<u>'R'</u>	<u>'E' or 'D'</u>	See dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm for valid values.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTECMA <sup>1</sup>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESMAC	<u>'M1'</u>	<u>'D'</u>	<u>'G'</u>	<u>0</u>
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESECB	<u>'D0'</u>	<u>'T'</u>	<u>'E' or 'D'</u>	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOECB
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCBC	<u>'D0'</u>	<u>'T'</u>	<u>'E' or 'D'</u>	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCBC
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCFB	<u>'D0'</u>	<u>'T'</u>	<u>'E' or 'D'</u>	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCFB
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC	<u>'M3'</u>	<u>'T'</u>	<u>'G'</u>	<u>0</u>
WFS_PIN_CRYPTMAAMAC <sup>2</sup>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC2805	<u>'M1'</u>	<u>'T'</u>	<u>'G'</u>	<u>0</u>

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WFS_PIN_CRYPTSM4 <sup>3</sup>	N/A	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	N/A
WFS PIN CRYPTSM4MAC <sup>3</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>1:</sup> ECMA is not supported with this command. ECMA can still be used with the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_CRYPT command.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>: ISO recommended in 2002 to stop using the MAA MAC algorithm. This command does not support MAA MAC. MAA MAC can still be used with the WFS CMD PIN CRYPT command.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>: This command does not support the SM4 algorithms. The SM4 algorithms can still be used with the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_CRYPT command.

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## 5.1.38 WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK 340

### **Description**

This function takes the account information and a PIN entered by the user to build a formatted PIN. Encrypting this formatted PIN once or twice returns a PIN block which can be written on a magnetic card or sent to a host. The PIN block can be calculated using one of the algorithms specified in the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_CAPABILITIES command. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_MAINTAIN\_PIN command.

## Input Param LPWFSPINBLOCK340 lpPinBlock340;

typedef struct _wfs_pi	n_block_340
{	
LPSTR	lpsCustomerData;
LPSTR	lpsXORData;
BYTE	bPadding;
DWORD	dwFormat;
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpsSecondEncKey;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTE	IS lpPINBlockAttributes;
} WFSPINBLOCK340,	*LPWFSPINBLOCK340;

## *lpsCustomerData*

The customer data should be an ASCII string. Used for ANSI, ISO-0, ISO-1, ISO-3, and ISO-4 algorithm to build the formatted PIN. For ANSI, ISO-0, ISO-3 and ISO-4 the PAN (Primary Account Number, without the check number) is supplied, for ISO-1 a ten digit transaction field is required. If not used a NULL is required.

Used for DIEBOLD with coordination number, as a two digit coordination number.

Used for EMV with challenge number (8 bytes) coming from the chip card. This number is passed as unpacked string, for example: 0123456789ABCDEF = 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46

For AP PIN blocks, the data must be a concatenation of the PAN (18 digits including the check digit), and the CCS (8 digits).

## *lpsXORData*

If the formatted PIN is encrypted twice to build the resulting PIN block, this data can be used to modify the result of the first encryption by an XOR-operation. This parameter is a string of hexadecimal data that must be converted by the application, e.g. 0x0123456789ABCDEF must be converted to 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 and terminated with 0x00. In other words the application would set *lpsXORData* to "0123456789ABCDEF\0". The hex digits 0xA to 0xF can be represented by characters in the ranges 'a' to 'f' or 'A' to 'F'. If this value is NULL no XOR-operation will be performed. If the formatted PIN is not encrypted twice (i.e. if *lpsSecondEncKey* is NULL) this parameter is ignored.

### bPadding

Specifies the padding character. The valid range is 0x00 to 0x0F. Only the least significant nibble is used.

## <u>dwFormat</u>

Specifies the format of the PIN block. Possible values are one of the following: (see command WFS\_INF\_PIN\_CAPABILITIES)

## lpsKev

Specifies the key used to encrypt the formatted PIN for the first time, NULL if no encryption is required. If this specifies a double-length or triple-length key, triple DES encryption will be performed. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS\_PIN\_USEFUNCTION or WFS\_PIN\_USEFUNCTION or WFS\_PIN\_USEFUNCTION are tribute.

## <u>lpsSecondEncKev</u>

Specifies the key used to format the once encrypted formatted PIN, NULL if no second encryption required. The key referenced by *lpsSecondEncKey* must have the WFS PIN USEFUNCTION or WFS PIN USEPINREMOTE attribute.

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<u>lpPINBlockAttributes</u>

Pointer to a WFSPINATTRIBUTES structure. This parameter specifies the encryption algorithm, cryptographic method, and mode to be used for this command. For a list of valid values see the *lppPINBlockAttributes* capabilities field. The values specified must be compatible with the key identified by *lpsKey*.

## Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxPinBlock;

*lpxPinBlock* 

Pointer to the encrypted PIN block.

## Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS ERR PIN ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS ERR PIN USEVIOLATION	The use specified by bKeyUsage is not
	supported.
WFS ERR PIN NOPIN	The PIN has not been entered was not long
	enough or has been cleared.
WFS ERR PIN FORMATNOTSUPP	The specified format is not supported.
WFS ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpsSecondEncKey</i> or <i>lpsKey</i> is
	not supported by this key or the length of an
	encryption key is not compatible with the
	encryption operation required.
WFS ERR PIN ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The algorithm specified by bAlgorithm is not
	supported by this command.
WFS ERR PIN DUKPTOVERFLOW	The DUKPT KSN encryption counter has
	overflowed to zero. A new IPEK must be
	loaded.
WFS ERR PIN MODENOTSUPPORTED	The mode specified by bModeOfUse is not
	supported.
WFS ERR PIN CRYPTOMETHNOTSUPP	The cryptographic method specified by
	dwCryptoMethod is not supported.

## Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	<u>Meaning</u>
WFS SRVE PIN ILLEGAL KEY ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.
WFS EXEE PIN DUKPT KSN	An lpsKey with WFS_PIN_USEDUKPT
	usage has been used to encrypt the PIN
	block.

## **Comments** This command can be used in place of the following commands:.

- WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK
- WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK EX

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## 5.1.39 WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340

## **Description**

The encryption key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. For secret keys, the key must be passed encrypted with an accompanying "key encrypting key" or "key block protection key". For public keys, they key is not required to be encrypted but is required to have verification data in order to be loaded.

This command can also be used to delete a key without authentication. Where an authenticated delete is required, the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_AUTHENTICATE and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_AUTHENTICATE commands should be used.

## Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORTKEY340 lpImportKey340;

typedef struct wfs pin import key 340

{	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	lpKeyAttributes;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxValue;
LPSTR	lpsDecryptKey;
DWORD	<pre>dwDecryptMethod;</pre>
LPWFSXDATA	lpxVerificationData;
LPSTR	lpsVerifyKey;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	lpVerifyAttributes;
LPWFSXDATA	<pre>lpxVendorAttributes;</pre>
} WFSPINIMPORTKEY340,	*LPWFSPINIMPORTKEY340;

## *lpsKey*

Specifies the name of the key being loaded or deleted.

### lpKevAttributes

Pointer to a WFSPINATTRIBUTES structure. This parameter specifies the encryption algorithm, cryptographic method, and mode to be used for the key imported by this command. For a list of valid values see the *lppKeyAttributes* capability field. The values specified must be compatible with the key identified by *lpsKey*.

Must be NULL if the key specified by *lpsKey* is to be deleted.

## *lpxValue*

Specifies the value of the key to be loaded or the complete key block for the key being loaded. Must be NULL if the key specified by *lpsKey* is to be deleted.

## *lpsDecryptKey*

Specifies the name of the key used to decrypt the key being loaded. If *lpxValue* contains a TR-31 key block, then *lpsDecryptKey* is the name of the key block protection key that is used to verify and decrypt the key block. Can be NULL if the data in *lpxValue* is not encrypted.

Must be NULL if the key specified by *lpsKey* is to be deleted.

## <u>dwDecryptMethod</u>

Specifies the cryptographic method that shall be used with the key specified by *lpsDecryptKey*. The PIN device shall use this method to decrypt the encrypted value in the *lpxValue* parameter. For a list of valid values see the *dwCryptoMethod* field in the *lppDecryptAttributes* capability field.

Must be 0 if *lpsDecryptKey* is NULL or the key specified by *lpsKey* is to be deleted.

Must be 0 if a keyblock is being imported, as the decrypt method is contained within the keyblock.

## lpxVerificationData

Contains the data to be verified before importing. *lpxVerificationData* is NULL when no verification is needed before importing or deleting the key. Where an authenticated delete is required, the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_AUTHENTICATE and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_AUTHENTICATE commands should be used.

### lpsVerifvKev

Specifies the name of the previously loaded key which will be used to verify the *lpxVerificationData. lpsVerifyKey* is NULL when no verification is needed before importing or deleting the key.

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## *lpVerifyAttributes*

Pointer to a WFSPINATTRIBUTES structure. This parameter specifies the encryption algorithm, cryptographic method, and mode to be used to verify this command or to generate verification output data. Verifying input data will result in no verification output data. For a list of valid values see the *lppVerifyAttributes* capability fields.

Must be NULL if *lpxVerificationData* is NULL.

## <u>lpxVendorAttributes</u>

Specifies the vendor attributes of the key to be imported. Refer to vendor documentation for details. If no vendor attributes are used, then this parameter must be NULL.

## Output Param LPWFSPINIMPORTKEY340OUT lpImportKey340Out;

typedef	struct	wfs pin	import	key 340 out
{				
LP	WFSXDATA			lpxVerificationData;
LP	WFSPINAT	TRIBUTES		lpVerifyAttributes;
UL	ONG			ulKeyLength;
} 1	WFSPINIM	PORTKEY3	400UT,	*LPWFSPINIMPORTKEY340OUT;

## lpxVerificationData

Pointer to the verification data. This parameter is NULL if there is no verification data.

## *lpVerifvAttributes*

Pointer to a WFSPINATTRIBUTES structure. This parameter specifies the encryption algorithm, cryptographic method, and mode used to verify this command For a list of valid values see the *lppVerifyAttributes* capability fields.

This parameter is NULL if there is no verification data.

### <u>ulKeyLength</u>

Specifies the length, in bits, of the key. 0 if the key length is unknown.

## Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND	One of the keys specified was not found.
WFS ERR PIN ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
<del></del>	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
	overwritten.
WFS ERR PIN KEYNOVALUE	One of the specified keys is not loaded.
WFS ERR PIN USEVIOLATION	The use specified by bKeyUsage is not
	supported or conflicts with a previously
	loaded key with the same name as <i>lpsKey</i> .
WFS ERR PIN FORMATNOTSUPP	The specified format is not supported.
WFS ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
WFS ERR PIN NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
WFS ERR PIN SIG NOT SUPP	The dwCryptoMethod of the
	lpVerifyAttributes is not supported. The key
	is not stored in the PIN.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The verification data in the input data is
	invalid. The key is not stored in the PIN.
WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input
	data does not match the one previously
	provided by the PIN device. The key is not
	stored in the PIN.
WFS ERR PIN ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The algorithm specified by bAlgorithm is not
	supported by this command.
WFS ERR PIN MODENOTSUPPORTED	The mode specified by bModeOfUse is not
	supported.

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WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_CRYPTOMETHODNOTSUPPThe cryptographic method specified by \(\frac{dwCryptoMethod for \llpKeyAttributes or \llpVerifyAttributes is not supported.\)

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

 Value
 Meaning

 WFS SRVE PIN ILLEGAL KEY ACCESS
 An error occurred accessing an encryption key

**Comments** 

This command can be used in place of the following commands. Please see the tables in Appendix A, section 8 of this specification for examples of accomplishing various key import scenarios using this command compared to older commands prior to this command's introduction to this specification:

- WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY
- WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY EX
- WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA PUBLIC KEY
- WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA SIGNED DES KEY
- WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEYBLOCK

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## 5.2 Common commands for Remote Key Loading Schemes

This section describes those commands that are common between the two Remote Key Loading Schemes. The commands defined within this section can be used for both the Remote Key Loading Scheme using Signatures and the Remote Key Loading Scheme using Certificates. Section <u>8</u> provides additional explanation on how these commands are used.

## 5.2.1 WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_KEY\_EXCHANGE

## **Description**

This command is used to start communication with the host, including transferring the host's Key Transport Key, replacing the Host certificate, and requesting initialization remotely.

This output value is returned to the host and is used in the

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_ENCIPHERED\_PKCS7\_KEY,

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_SIGNED\_DES\_KEY,

WFS CMD PIN LOAD CERTIFICATE EX, and

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_ENCIPHERED\_PKCS7\_KEY\_EX\_and

WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 commands to verify that the encryptor is talking to the proper host.

The WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_ENCIPHERED\_PKCS7\_KEY,

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_ENCIPHERED\_PKCS7\_KEY\_EX\_

WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA SIGNED DES KEY, and

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_SIGNED\_DES\_KEY\_340 commands end the key exchange process.

## **Input Param**

None.

## **Output Param**

## LPWFSPINSTARTKEYEXCHANGE lpStartKeyExchange;

## lpxRandomItem

Pointer to a randomly generated number created by the encryptor. If the PIN device does not support random number generation and verification, a zero length random number is returned and a NULL *lpbData* pointer is returned.

## **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.

**Events** None.

Comments None.

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## 5.3 Remote Key Loading Using Signatures

This section contains commands that are used for Remote Key Loading with Signatures. Applications wishing to use such functionality must use these commands. Section <u>8.1</u> provides additional explanation on how these commands are used. Section <u>8.1.8</u> defines the fixed names for the Security Item and RSA keys that must be loaded during manufacture.

## 5.3.1 WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_PUBLIC\_KEY

## Description

The Public RSA key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. The *dwUse* parameter restricts the cryptographic functions that the imported key can be used for.

This command provides similar public key import functionality to that provided with WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_EX. The primary advantage gained through using this function is that the imported key can be verified as having come from a trusted source. If a Signature algorithm is specified that is not supported by the PIN Service Provider, then the request will not be accepted and the command fails.

### **Input Param**

## LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY lpImportRSAPublicKey;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_public_key
     {
     LPSTR
                                 lpsKey;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxValue;
     DWORD
                                 dwUse:
     LPSTR
                                 lpsSigKey;
     DWORD
                                 dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxSignature;
     } WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY,
                                  *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY;
```

## lpsKev

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

*lpxValue* 

Contains the PKCS #1 formatted RSA Public Key to be loaded, represented in DER encoded ASN.1.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise the parameter can be one of the following flags:

Meaning
Key is used as a public key for RSA
Encryption including EMV PIN block
creation.
Key is used as a public key for RSA
signature verification and/or data decryption.

If dwUse equals zero the specified key is deleted.

When no signature is required to authenticate the deletion of a public key, all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored. In addition, WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY,

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_EX, WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_PUBLIC\_KEY and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_SIGNED\_DES\_KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command.

When a signature is required to authenticate the deletion of the public key, all parameters in the command are used. *lpxValue* must contain the concatenation of the Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device (see the command

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_EXPORT\_RSA\_ISSUER\_SIGNED\_ITEM) and the PKCS #1 formatted RSA public key to be deleted, i.e. UI<sub>ATM</sub>|| PK<sub>TO DELETE</sub>. *lpxSignature* contains the signature generated from *lpxValue* using the private key component of the public key being deleted.

The equivalent commands in the certificate scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the signature scheme.

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## *lpsSigKey*

*lpsSigKey* specifies the name of a previously loaded asymmetric key (i.e. an RSA Public Key) which will be used to verify the signature passed in *lpxSignature*. The default Signature Issuer public key (installed in a secure environment during manufacture) will be used, if lpsSigKey is either NULL or contains the name of the default Signature issuer as defined in section 8.1.8.

## dwRSASignatureAlgorithm

Defines the algorithm used to generate the Signature specified in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm specified. No
	signature verification will take place and the contents of <i>lpsSigKey</i> and <i>lpxSignature</i> are
	ignored.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS PIN SIGN RSASSA PSS	Use the RSASSA-PSS algorithm.

Contains the Signature associated with the key being imported or deleted. The Signature is used to validate the key request has been received from a trusted sender. This value contains NULL when no key validation is required.

## Output Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT lpImportRSAPublicKeyOutput;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_public_key_output
     {
     DWORD
                                dwRSAKeyCheckMode;
                                lpxKeyCheckValue;
     LPWFSXDATA
     } WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT,
     *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT;
```

## dwRSAKeyCheckMode

Defines algorithm/method used to generate the public key check value/thumb print. The check value can be used to verify that the public key has been imported correctly. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_NONE	No check value is returned in
	lpxKeyCheckValue.
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1	lpxKeyCheckValue contains a SHA-1 digest
	of the public key.
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA256	lpxKeyCheckValue contains a SHA-256
	digest of the public key.

## lpxKeyCheckValue

Contains the public key check value as defined by the dwRSAKeyCheckMode flag.

## **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The key name supplied in <i>lpsSigKey</i> was not
	found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	An invalid use was specified for the key
	being imported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	The Service Provider does not support the
	Signature Algorithm requested. The key was
	discarded.

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WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_SIGNATUREINVALID The signature verification failed. The key

has not been stored or deleted.

**Events** In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this

command:

 Value
 Meaning

 WFS SRVE PIN ILLEGAL KEY ACCESS
 An error occurred accessing an encryption

cey.

Comments None.

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## 5.3.2 WFS CMD PIN EXPORT RSA ISSUER SIGNED ITEM

## **Description**

This command is used to export data elements from the PIN device, which have been signed by an offline Signature Issuer. This command is used when the default keys and Signature Issuer signatures, installed during manufacture, are to be used for remote key loading.

This command allows the following data items are to be exported:

- The Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device. This value may be used to uniquely identify a PIN device and therefore confer trust upon any key or data obtained from this device.
- The RSA Public key component of a public/private key pair that exists within the PIN device. These public/private key pairs are installed during manufacture. Typically, an exported public key is used by the host to encipher the symmetric key.

See section 8.1.8 (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for the default names and the description of the keys installed during manufacture. These names are defined to ensure multi-vendor applications can be developed.

The WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL EX command can be used to determine the valid uses for the exported public key.

## **Input Param**

LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM lpExportRSAIssuerSignedItem:

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_export_rsa issuer signed item
     {
     WORD
                                wExportItemType;
     LPSTR
                                lpsName;
     } WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM,
     *LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM;
```

## wExportItemType

Defines the type of data item to be exported from the PIN. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_ID	The Unique ID for the PIN will be exported,
	<i>lpsName</i> is ignored.
WFS_PIN_EXPORT_PUBLIC_KEY	The public key identified by <i>lpsName</i> will be
	exported.

## lpsName

Specifies the name of the public key to be exported. The private/public key pair was installed during manufacture; see section 8.1.8 (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for a definition of these default keys. If *lpsName* is NULL, then the default EPP public key that is used for symmetric key encryption is exported.

Output Param LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT lpExportRSAIssuerSignedItemOutput;

```
typedef struct wfs pin export rsa issuer signed item output
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxValue;
     DWORD
                                dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxSignature;
     } WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT,
     *LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT;
```

## *lpxValue*

If a public key was requested then *lpxValue* contains the PKCS #1 formatted RSA Public Key represented in DER encoded ASN.1 format. If the security item was requested then lpxValue contains the PIN's Security Item, which may be vendor specific.

## dwRSASignatureAlgorithm.

Specifies the algorithm used to generate the Signature returned in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

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	Value	Meaning
	WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA  WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5 WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	No signature algorithm used, no signature will be provided in <i>lpxSignature</i> , the data item may still be exported.  RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm used.  RSASSA-PSS algorithm used.
	lpxSignature Specifies the RSA signature of the data item exporte Signatures are not supported.	-
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Re generated by this command:	f. 1], the following error codes can be
	Value WFS_ERR_PIN_NORSAKEYPAIR WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	Meaning The PIN device does not have a private key. The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason. The data item identified by <i>lpsName</i> was not found.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	the following events can be generated by this
	Value WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	Meaning An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

Comments

None.

### 5.3.3 WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA SIGNED DES KEY

#### **Description**

This command is used to load a Symmetric Key that is either a single-length, double-length or triple-length DES key into the encryptor. The key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module, the (optional) signature is used during validation, the key is decrypted using the device's RSA Private Key, and is then stored. The loaded key will be discarded at any stage if any of the above fails.

The random number previously obtained from the

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_KEY\_EXCHANGE command and sent to the host is included in the signed data. This random number (when present) is verified during the load process. This command ends the Key Exchange process.

The dwUse parameter restricts the cryptographic functions that the imported key can be used for.

If a Signature algorithm is specified that is not supported by the PIN Service Provider, then the message will not be decrypted and the command fails.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY lpImportRSASignedDESKey;

```
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa signed des key
     LPSTR
                                lpsKev;
     LPSTR
                                lpsDecryptKey;
     DWORD
                                dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm;
                                lpxValue;
     LPWFSXDATA
     DWORD
                                dwUse;
     LPSTR
                                lpsSigKey;
     DWORD
                                dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxSignature;
     } WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY;
```

#### lpsKey

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

#### *lpsDecryptKey*

Specifies the name of the RSA private key used to decrypt the symmetric key. See section <u>8.1.8</u> (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for a description of the fixed name defined for the default decryption private key. If *lpsDecryptKey* is NULL then the default decryption private key is used.

#### dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm

Specifies the RSA algorithm that is used, along with the private key, to decipher the imported key. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSAES_PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP	Use the RSAES_OAEP algorithm.

#### lpxValue

Specifies the enciphered value of the key to be loaded. *lpxValue* contains the concatenation of the random number (when present) and enciphered key.

#### dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise, the parameter can be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key is used for encryption and decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key is used for PIN block creation.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key is used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL	Key is used only for local PIN check.
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	Key can be imported only once.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value encryption
	key.
WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER	Key can be used for importing keys
	packaged within an ANS TR-31 key block.

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WFS PIN USEPINREMOTE WFS PIN USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY Key is used only for PIN block creation. Key is used as

WFS PIN USEKEYENCKEY key whose later subsequently derived keys inherit and are restricted to a single use. To express this the WFS PIN USERESTRICTED-KEYENCKEY use must be combined with the use WFS PIN USEKEYENCKEY and must additionally be combined with the use that the later subsequently derived keys will have. See also examples in section 8.7.

If dwUse equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but lpsKey are ignored. WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY, WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY EX, WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA PUBLIC KEY and

WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA SIGNED DES KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command. The equivalent commands in the certificate scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the signature scheme.

#### lpsSigKey

If *lpsSigKey* is NULL then the key signature will not be used for validation and *lpxSignature* is ignored. Otherwise *lpsSigKey* specifies the name of an Asymmetric Key (i.e. an RSA Public Key) previously loaded which will be used to verify the signature passed in *lpxSignature*.

#### *dwRSASignatureAlgorithm*

Specifies the algorithm used to generate the Signature specified in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm specified. No
	signature verification will take place and the
	content of <i>lpxSignature</i> is ignored.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	Use the RSASSA-PSS algorithm.

#### *lpxSignature*

Contains the Signature associated with the key being imported. The Signature is used to validate the key has been received from a trusted sender. The signature is generated over the contents of the *lpxValue*. The *lpxSignature* signature contains NULL when no key validation is required.

#### Output Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT lpImportRSASignedDESKevOutput:

```
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa signed des key output
     WORD
                     wKevLength;
     WORD
                     wKeyCheckMode;
     LPWFSXDATA
                     lpxKeyCheckValue;
     } WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT,
     *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT;
```

Specifies the length of the key loaded. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KEYSINGLE	The imported key is single length.
WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE	The imported key is double length.
WFS_PIN_KEYTRIPLE	The imported key is triple length.

#### wKevCheckMode

Specifies the mode that is used to create the key check value. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVNONE	There is no key check value provided.

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WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value (KCV) is ealeulated created by an encryption of the key with itself. For a double length or triple length key the KCV is generated using 3DES encryption using description refer to the first 8 bytes of WFS PIN KCVSELF literal described in the key as the source data for the encryption Capabilities.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value (KCV) is ealculatedcreated by an encryption of encrypting a zero value with the key.  Unless otherwise specified, ECB encryption is used. The encryption algorithm used (i.e. DES, 3DES, AES) is determined by the type of key used to generate the KCV.

*lpxKeyCheckValue* 

pointer to the key verification data that can be used for verification of the loaded key, NULL if device does not have that capability.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND	One of the keys specified were not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
WFS ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	The Service Provider does not support the Signature Algorithm requested. The key was discarded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature in the input data is invalid. The key is not stored in the PIN.
WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input data does not match the one previously provided by the EPP. The key is not stored in the PIN.
In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	the following events can be generated by this
Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

**Events** 

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

#### **Comments**

None.

### 5.3.4 WFS CMD PIN GENERATE RSA KEY PAIR

#### **Description**

This command will generate a new RSA key pair. The public key generated as a result of this command can subsequently be obtained by calling

WFS CMD PIN EXPORT RSA EPP SIGNED ITEM.

The newly generated key pair can only be used for the use defined in the dwUse flag. This flag defines the use of the private key; its public key can only be used for the inverse function.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR lpGenerateRSAKeyPair;

#### lpsKey

Specifies the name of the new key-pair to be generated. Details of the generated key-pair can be obtained through the WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL EX command.

#### dwUse

Specifies what the private key component of the key pair can be used for. The public key part can only be used for the inverse function. For example, if the WFS\_PIN\_USERSAPRIVATESIGN use is specified, then the private key can only be used for signature generation and the partner public key can only be used for verification. *dwUse* can take one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATE	Key is used as a private key for RSA
	decryption.
WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATESIGN	Key is used as a private key for RSA
	Signature generation. Only data generated
	within the device can be signed.

#### wModulusLength

Specifies the number of bits for the modulus of the RSA key pair to be generated. When zero is specified then the PIN device will be responsible for defining the length.

#### wExponentValue

Specifies the value of the exponent of the RSA key pair to be generated. The following defines valid values the exponent:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DEFAULT	The device will decide the exponent.
WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_1	Exponent of $2^1+1$ (3).
WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_4	Exponent of $2^{4}+1$ (17).
WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_16	Exponent of $2^{16}+1$ (65537).

#### Output Param None.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALID_MOD_LEN	The modulus length specified is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
	overwritten.
WFS ERR PIN KEY GENERATION ERRO	OR .

The EPP is unable to generate a key pair.

**Events** 

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this

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command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.

Comments None.

### 5.3.5 WFS CMD PIN EXPORT RSA EPP SIGNED ITEM

#### **Description**

This command is used to export data elements from the PIN device that have been signed by a private key within the EPP. This command is used in place of the

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_EXPORT\_RSA\_ISSUER\_SIGNED\_ITEM command, when a private key generated within the PIN device is to be used to generate the signature for the data item. This command allows an application to define which of the following data items are to be exported:

- The Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device. This value may be used to uniquely identify a PIN device and therefore confer trust upon any key or data obtained from this device.
- The RSA Public key component of a public/private key pair that exists within the PIN device.

See section <u>8.1.8</u> (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for the default names and the description of the keys installed during manufacture. These names are defined to ensure multi-vendor applications can be developed.

The public/private key pairs exported by this command are either installed during manufacture or generated through the WFS CMD PIN GENERATE RSA KEY PAIR command.

The WFS\_INF\_PIN\_KEY\_DETAIL\_EX command can be used to determine the valid uses for the exported public key.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM lpExportRSAEPPSignedItem;

#### wExportItemType

Defines the type of data item to be exported from the PIN. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_ID	The Unique ID for the PIN will be exported,
	<i>lpsName</i> is ignored.
WFS_PIN_EXPORT_PUBLIC_KEY	The public key identified by <i>lpsName</i> will be
	exported.

#### lpsName

Specifies the name of the public key to be exported. This can either be the name of a key-pair generated through WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GENERATE\_RSA\_KEY\_PAIR or the name of one of the default key-pairs installed during manufacture.

#### lpsSigKey

Specifies the name of the private key to use to sign the exported item.

#### dwSignatureAlgorithm.

Specifies the algorithm to use to generate the Signature returned in both the *lpxSelfSignature* and *lpxSignature* fields. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm used, no signature
	will be provided in <i>lpxSelfSignature</i> or
	<i>lpxSignature</i> . The requested item may still
	be exported.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm used.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	RSASSA-PSS algorithm used.

Output Param LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT lpExportRSAEPPSignedItemOutput;

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#### *lpxValue*

If a public key was requested then *lpxValue* contains the PKCS #1 formatted RSA Public Key represented in DER encoded ASN.1 format. If the security item was requested then *lpxValue* contains the PIN's Security Item, which may be vendor specific.

#### lpxSelfSignature

If a public key was requested then *lpxSelfSignature* contains the RSA signature of the public key exported, generated with the key-pair's private component. NULL can be returned when key Self-Signatures are not supported/required.

#### *lpxSignature*

Specifies the RSA signature of the data item exported. NULL can be returned when signatures are not supported/required.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_NORSAKEYPAIR	The PIN device does not have a private key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The data item identified by <i>lpsName</i> was not
	found.

#### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	
	key.

#### Comments

None.

#### 5.4 Remote Key Loading with Certificates

This section contains commands that are used for Remote Key Loading with Certificates. Applications wishing to use such functionality must use these commands.

### WFS CMD PIN LOAD CERTIFICATE

#### **Description**

This command is used to load a host certificate or to load a new encryptor certificate from a Certificate Authority to make remote key loading possible. This command can be called only once if there are no plans for a new CA to take over the duties. If a new CA does take over the duties. then this command should be called after the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_REPLACE\_CERTIFICATE command. The type of certificate (Primary or Secondary) to be loaded will be embedded within the actual certificate structure.

#### **Input Param**

### LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATE lpLoadCertificate;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_load_certificate
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxLoadCertificate;
     } WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATE
```

#### *lpxLoadCertificate*

Pointer to the structure that contains the certificate that is to be loaded represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. This data should be in a binary encoded PKCS #7 using the degenerate certificate only case of the signed-data content type in which the inner content's data file is omitted and there are no signers.

#### Output Param LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT lpLoadCertificateOutput;

```
typedef struct wfs pin load certificate output
                               lpxCertificateData;
     } WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT;
```

#### *lpxCertificateData*

Pointer to a PKCS #7 structure using a Digested-data content type. The digest parameter should contain the thumb print value.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the message is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	The certificate module is in a state in which
	the request is invalid.

#### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command.

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE	The certificate module state has changed.

#### **Comments**

None.

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#### 5.4.2 WFS CMD PIN GET CERTIFICATE

#### **Description**

This command is used to read out the encryptor's certificate, which has been signed by the trusted Certificate Authority and is sent to the host. This command only needs to be called once if no new Certificate Authority has taken over. The output of this command will specify in the PKCS #7 message the resulting Primary or Secondary certificate.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATE lpGetCertificate;

```
typedef struct wfs pin get certificate
     WORD
                                wGetCertificate;
     } WFSPINGETCERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATE;
```

Specifies which public key certificate is requested. If the WFS INF PIN STATUS command indicates Primary Certificates are accepted, then the Primary Public Encryption Key or the Primary Public Verification Key will be read out. If the WFS INF PIN STATUS command indicates Secondary Certificates are accepted, then the Secondary Public Encryption Key or the Secondary Public Verification Key will be read out.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PUBLICENCKEY	The corresponding encryption key is to be
	returned.
WFS_PIN_PUBLICVERIFICATIONKEY	The corresponding verification key is to be
	returned.
WFS PIN PUBLICHOSTKEY	The host public key is to be returned.

#### Output Param LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT lpGetCertificateOutput;

```
typedef struct wfs pin get certificate output
     LPWFSXDATA
                               lpxCertificate;
     WFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT;
```

Pointer to the structure that contains the certificate that is to be loaded represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. This data should be in a binary encoded PKCS #7 using the degenerate certificate only case of the signed-data content type in which the inner content's data file is omitted and there are no signers.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	The certificate module is in a state in which
	the request is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified public key was not found.

**Events** None.

**Comments** None.

### WFS CMD PIN REPLACE CERTIFICATE

#### **Description**

This command is used to replace the existing primary or secondary Certificate Authority certificate already loaded into the encryptor. This operation must be done by an Initial Certificate Authority or by a Sub-Certificate Authority. These operations will replace either the primary or secondary Certificate Authority public verification key inside of the encryptor. After this command is complete, the application should send the WFS CMD PIN LOAD CERTIFICATE and WFS CMD GET CERTIFICATE commands to ensure that the new HOST and the encryptor have all the information required to perform the remote key loading process.

#### **Input Param**

### LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE lpReplaceCertificate;

```
typedef struct _wfs pin replace certificate
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxReplaceCertificate;
     } WFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE;
```

#### *lpxReplaceCertificate*

Pointer to the PKCS # 7 message that will replace the current Certificate Authority. The outer content uses the Signed-data content type, the inner content is a degenerate certificate only content containing the new CA certificate and Inner Signed Data type The certificate should be in a format represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation.

#### Output Param LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATEOUTPUT lpReplaceCertificateOuput

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_replace certificate output
                                lpxNewCertificateData;
     } WFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATEOUTPUT,
     *LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATEOUTPUT;
```

#### lpxNewCertificateData

Pointer to a PKCS #7 structure using a Digested-data content type. The digest parameter should contain the thumb print value.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the message is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	The certificate module is in a state in which
	the request is invalid.

#### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value		Meaning
	WFS SRVE PIN CERTIFICATE CHANGE	The certificate module state has changed.

#### **Comments**

None.

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### 5.4.4 WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA ENCIPHERED PKCS7 KEY

#### **Description**

This command is used to load a Key Transport Key that is either a single-length, double-length or triple-length DES key into the encryptor. The Key Transport Key should be destroyed if the entire process is not completed. In addition, a new Key Transport Key should be generated each time this protocol is executed. This method ends the Key Exchange process.

#### **Input Param**

LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEY lpImportRSAEncipheredPKCS7Key;

#### lpxImportRSAKeyIn

Pointer to a binary encoded PKCS #7 represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. This allows the Host to verify that key was imported correctly and to the correct encryptor. The message has an outer Signed-data content type with the SignerInfo encryptedDigest field containing the HOST's signature. The random numbers are included as authenticatedAttributes within the SignerInfo. The inner content is an Enveloped-data content type. The ATM identifier is included as the issuerAndSerialNumber within the RecipientInfo. The encryptedContent is omitted.

#### lpsKey

Specifies the name of the key to be stored.

#### dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key can be used for encryption/decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key can be used for PIN functions.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key can be used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	Key can be imported only once.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER	Key can be used for importing keys packaged within an ANS TR-31 key block.
WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY	Key is used as
	WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY key whose
	later subsequently derived keys inherit and
	are restricted to a single use. To express this
	the WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTED-
	KEYENCKEY use must be combined with
	the use WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY and
	must additionally be combined with the use
	that the later subsequently derived keys will
	have. See also examples in section $8.7$ .

If dwUse equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but lpsKey are ignored. WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY, WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_EX, WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_ENCIPHERED\_PKCS7\_KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command. The equivalent commands in the signature scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the certificate scheme.

#### **Output Param**

LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYOUTPUT lpImportRSAEncipheredKeyOut;

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#### wKevLength

Specifies the length of the key loaded. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KEYSINGLE	The imported key is single length.
WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE	The imported key is double length.
WFS_PIN_KEYTRIPLE	The imported key is triple length.

#### *lpxRSAData*

Pointer to a binary encoded PKCS #7, represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. The message has an outer Signed-data content type with the SignerInfo encryptedDigest field containing the ATM's signature. The random numbers are included as authenticatedAttributes within the SignerInfo. The inner content is a data content type, which contains the HOST identifier as an issuerAndSerialNumber sequence.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
	overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDID	The ID passed was not valid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the message is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use conflicts with a previously
	for the same key specified one.

#### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.

#### **Comments**

The following is a generic structure of how the *lpxImportRSAIn* field is structured regarding the outer signed data content type and the inner content as an Envelope-data content type:

### 5.4.5 WFS CMD PIN LOAD CERTIFICATE EX

#### **Description**

This command is used to load a host certificate to make remote key loading possible. This command can be used to load a host certificate when there is not already one present in the encryptor as well as replace the existing host certificate with a new host certificate. The type of certificate (Primary or Secondary) to be loaded will be embedded within the actual certificate structure.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEX lpLoadCertificateEx;

#### dwLoadOption

Specifies the method to use to load the certificate, with one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_LOAD_NEWHOST	Load a new Host certificate, where one has not already been loaded.
WFS_PIN_LOAD_REPLACEHOST	Replace (or rebind) the PIN device to a new
	Host certificate, where the new Host
	certificate is signed by dwSigner.

#### dwSigner

Specifies the signer of the certificate to be loaded, with one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST	The certificate to be loaded is signed by the
	current Host. Cannot be combined with
	WFS_PIN_LOAD_NEWHOST.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA	The certificate to be loaded is signed by the
	Certificate Authority (CA).
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL	The certificate to be loaded is signed by the
	Higher Level (HL) Authority.

#### *lpxCertificateData*

Pointer to the structure that contains the certificate that is to be loaded represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation.

For WFS\_PIN\_LOAD\_NEWHOST, this data should be in a binary encoded PKCS #7 using the "degenerate certificate only" case of the signed-data content type in which the inner content's data file is omitted and there are no signers.

For WFS\_PIN\_LOAD\_REPLACEHOST, the message has an outer SignedData content type with the SignerInfo encryptedDigest field containing the signature of *dwSigner*. The inner content is binary encoded PKCS#7 using the degenerate certificate.

The optional CRL field may or may not be included in the PKCS#7 signedData structure.

#### **Output Param**

#### LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEXOUTPUT lpLoadCertificateExOutput;

#### dwRSAKeyCheckMode

Defines algorithm/method used to generate the public key check value/thumb print. The check value can be used to verify that the public key has been imported correctly. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_NONE	No check value is returned in <i>lpxRSAData</i> .

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lpxRSAData

Pointer to a PKCS #7 structure using a Digested-data content type. The digest parameter should contain the thumb print value calculated by the algorithm specified by *dwRSAKeyCheckMode*. If *dwRSAKeyCheckMode* is WFS PIN RSA KCV NONE, then this field must be NULL.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the message is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	The certificate module is in a state in which
	the request is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature in the input data is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input
	data does not match the one previously
	provided by the PIN device. Only applies to
	load options that use a random number.
WFS ERR PIN MODENOTSUPPORTED	The specified combination of dwLoadOption
	and dwSigner is not supported.

#### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE	The certificate module state has changed.

#### Comments

The WFS\_PIN\_LOAD\_NEWHOST load option combined with the WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_CA signer is equivalent to the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOAD\_CERTIFICATE command. This option will accomplish the KDH Bind Phase described by X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

The WFS\_PIN\_LOAD\_REPLACEHOST load option combined with the WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_CERTHOST signer can be used to support the KDH Rebind Phase described by X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42]. Before executing the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOAD\_CERTIFICATE\_EX with this option, a random number must be requested using the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_KEY\_EXCHANGE command. The random number must then be incorporated into the input message of the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOAD\_CERTIFICATE\_EX command.

The WFS PIN LOAD REPLACEHOST load option combined with the

WFS\_PIN\_SIGNER\_HL signer can be used to support the Higher Level Authority Rebind Phase described by X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42]. Before executing the

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOAD\_CERTIFICATE\_EX with this option, a random number must be requested using the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_KEY\_EXCHANGE command. The random number is not used to construct the input message of the

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOAD\_CERTIFICATE\_EX command, and the random number stored in the EPP is ignored by the EPP during execution of this load option.

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### 5.4.6 WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA ENCIPHERED PKCS7 KEY EX

#### **Description**

This command is used to load a Key Transport Key that is either a single-length, double-length or triple-length DES key or an AES-128, AES-192, or AES-256 bit key into the encryptor. The Key Transport Key should be destroyed if the entire process is not completed. In addition, a new Key Transport Key should be generated each time this protocol is executed. This method ends the Key Exchange process.

#### **Input Param**

# LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEX lpImportRSAEncipheredPKCS7KeyEx;

#### lpxImportRSAKevIn

Pointer to a binary encoded PKCS #7 represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. This allows the Host to verify that key was imported correctly and to the correct encryptor. The message has an outer Signed-data content type with the SignerInfo encryptedDigest field containing the HOST's signature. The inner content is an Enveloped-data content type. The ATM identifier is included as the issuerAndSerialNumber within the RecipientInfo.

If *dwCRKLLoadOption* is WFS\_PIN\_CRKLLOAD\_RANDOM or WFS\_PIN\_CRKLLOAD\_RANDOM\_CRL, the random numbers are included as authenticatedAttributes within the SignerInfo.

If *dwCRKLLoadOption* is WFS\_PIN\_CRKLLOAD\_NORANDOM or WFS\_PIN\_CRKLLOAD\_NORANDOM\_CRL, a timestamp is included as an authenticatedAttribute within the SignerInfo.

#### lpsKev

Specifies the name of the key to be stored.

#### dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key can be used for encryption/decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key can be used for PIN functions.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key can be used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	Key can be imported only once.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value encryption
	key.
WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER	Key can be used for importing keys
	packaged within an ANS TR-31 key block.

If dwCRKLLoadOption is WFS\_PIN\_CRKLLOAD\_NORANDOM\_CRL or WFS\_PIN\_CRKLLOAD\_RANDOM\_CRL, the usage is embedded in the lpxImportRSAKeyIn message. In this case, dwUse must be zero.

If the intention is to delete the key then *dwUse* must be zero and *dwCRKLLoadOption* must also be zero. In this case, *lpxImportRSAKeyIn* is ignored. WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY, WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY EX,

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_ENCIPHERED\_PKCS7\_KEY, and

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_ENCIPHERED\_PKCS7\_KEY\_EX can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command. The equivalent commands in the signature scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the certificate scheme.

#### dwCRKLLoadOption

Specifies the method to use to load the Key Transport Key, with one of the following values:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM	Import a Key Transport Key without
	generating and using a random number.
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM_CRL	Import a Key Transport Key with a
	Certificate Revocation List appended to the
	lpxImportRSAKeyIn parameter. A random
	number is not generated nor used.
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM	Import a Key Transport Key by generating
	and using a random number.
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM_CRL	Import a Key Transport Key with a
	Certificate Revocation List appended to the
	lpxImportRSAKeyIn parameter. A random
	number is generated and used.

### Output Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEXOUTPUT lpImportRSAEncipheredKeyExOut;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_enciphered_pkcs7_key_ex_output
                                wKeyLength;
     WORD
     DWORD
                                dwRSAKeyCheckMode;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxRSAData;
     WORD
                                wKeyCheckMode;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxKeyCheckValue;
     }WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEXOUTPUT,
     *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEXOUTPUT;
```

#### wKeyLength

Specifies If the key loaded is a DES or 3DES key, then this parameter specifies the length of the key loaded. It can be as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KEYSINGLE	The imported key is single length.
WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE	The imported key is double length.
WFS_PIN_KEYTRIPLE	The imported key is triple length.

#### If the key length is not reported then this will be zero.

#### dwRSAKevCheckMode

Defines the algorithm/method used to generate the public key check value/thumb print. The check value can be usedsignature contained in the message (lpxRSAData) sent to verify that the public key has been imported correctly. the host (see section 8.2.2 step 2c). It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_NONE	No check value is returned in <i>lpxRSAData</i> .
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1	<i>lpxRSAData</i> contains a SHA-1 digest of the public key.
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA256	<i>lpxRSAData</i> contains a SHA-256 digest of the public key.

#### *lpxRSAData*

If dwCRKLLoadOption is WFS\_PIN\_CRKLLOAD\_NORANDOM or

WFS PIN CRKLLOAD RANDOM, this data is a pointer to a binary encoded PKCS #7, represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. The message has an outer Signed-data content type with the SignerInfo encryptedDigest field containing the ATM's signature. The random numbers are included as authenticated Attributes within the SignerInfo. The inner content is a data content type, which contains the HOST identifier as an issuerAndSerialNumber sequence.

If dwRSAKeyCheckMode is WFS\_PIN\_RSA\_KCV\_NONE, then this field must be NULL.

#### wKeyCheckMode

Specifies the mode that is used to create the key check value. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVNONE	There is no key check value provided.

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The key check value (KCV) is ealeulated created by an encryption of the key with itself. For a double length or triple length key the KCV is generated using 3DES encryption using description refer to the first 8 bytes of WFS PIN KCVSELF literal described in the key as the source data for the encryption Capabilities.
The key check value (KCV) is ealeulated created by an encryption of encrypting a zero value with the key.  Unless otherwise specified, ECB encryption is used. The encryption algorithm used (i.e. DES, 3DES, AES) is determined by the type of key used to generate the KCV.

lpxKevCheckValue

Contains the key verification code data that can be used for verification of the loaded key, NULL if device does not have that capability.

If wKeyCheckMode is WFS PIN KCVNONE, then this field must be NULL.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of the Key Transport Key is not valid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the message or key block is
	invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID	The content of the message or key block is
	<u>invalid.</u>
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported, or if a
	key with the same name has already been
	loaded, the specified use conflicts with the
	use of the key previously loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input
	data does not match the one previously
	provided by the PIN device. Only applies to
	CRKL load options that use a random number.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature in the input data is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	A Host certificate has not been previously loaded.

**Events** 

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.

#### **Comments**

The WFS\_PIN\_CRKLLOAD\_NORANDOM\_CRL load option will accomplish the TDEA Symmetric Key Transport Phase – One-Pass Protocol described by X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42]. A random number does not need to be requested via the

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_KEY\_EXCHANGE command before executing this option.

The WFS\_PIN\_CRKLLOAD\_RANDOM load option is equivalent to the functionality available with the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_ENCIPHERED\_PKCS7\_KEY command. A random

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number must be requested via the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_KEY\_EXCHANGE command before executing this option. The random number is then incorporated into the constructed <code>lpxImportRSAKeyIn</code> input message.

The WFS\_PIN\_CRKLLOAD\_RANDOM\_CRL load option will accomplish the TDEA Symmetric Key Transport Phase – Two Pass Protocol described by X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42]. This option performs the same functionality as the WFS\_PIN\_CRKLLOAD\_RANDOM option with the addition of the use of the Certificate Revocation List (CRL). Refer to X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42] for the validation that the PIN device must perform on the CRL.

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#### 5.5 EMV

This section defines the commands needed to import the EMV RSA keys provided either by a Certification Authority (for example VISA or MASTERCARD EUROPE) or by the chip card itself (ISSUER KEY, ICC KEY and ICC PIN KEY).

### 5.5.1 WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_EMV\_IMPORT\_PUBLIC\_KEY

#### **Description**

The Certification Authority and the Chip Card RSA public keys needed for EMV are loaded or deleted in/from the encryption module. This command is similar to the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_EX command, but it is specifically designed to address the key formats and security features defined by EMV. Mainly the extensive use of "signed certificate" or "EMV certificate" (which is a compromise between signature and a pure certificate) to provide the public key is taken in account. The Service Provider is responsible for all EMV public key import validation. Once loaded, the Service Provider is not responsible for key/certificate expiry, this is an application responsibility.

#### **Input Param**

### $LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY\ lpEMVImportPublicKey;$

#### lpsKev

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise the parameter can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLIC	Key is used as a public key for RSA encryption including EMV PIN block creation.
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY	Key is used as a public key for RSA signature verification and/or data decryption. If <i>dwUse</i> equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but <i>lpsKey</i> are ignored.

#### wImportScheme

Defines the import scheme used. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PLAIN_CA	This scheme is used by VISA. A plain text
	CA public key is imported with no
	verification. The two parts of the key
	(modulus and exponent) are passed in clear
	mode as a DER encoded PKCS#1 public
	key. The key is loaded directly in the
	security module.
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_CHKSUM_CA	This scheme is used by VISA. A plain text
	CA public key is imported using the EMV
	2000 Book II verification algorithm and it is
	verified before being loaded in the security
	module. (See [Ref. 4] under references
	section for this document).
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_EPI_CA	This scheme is used by MasterCard Europe.
	A CA public key is imported using the self-
	signed scheme defined in [Ref. 5].

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WFS PIN EMV IMPORT ISSUER An Issuer public key is imported as defined

in EMV 2000 Book II, reference 4. (See [Ref. 4] under references section for this

document).

WFS\_PIN\_EMV\_IMPORT\_ICC An ICC public key is imported as defined in

EMV 2000 Book II, reference 4. (See [Ref. 4] under references section for this

document).

WFS\_PIN\_EMV\_IMPORT\_ICC\_PIN An ICC PIN public key is imported as

defined in EMV 2000 Book II, reference 4. (See [Ref. 4] under references section for

this document).

using a signature generated with a private key for which the public key is already

loaded.

lpxImportData

The *lpxImportData* parameter contains all the necessary data to complete the import using the scheme specified within *wImportScheme*.

If wImportScheme is WFS\_PIN\_EMV\_IMPORT\_PLAIN\_CA then lpxImportData contains a DER encoded PKCS#1 public key. No verification is possible. lpsSigKey is ignored.

If wImportScheme is WFS\_PIN\_EMV\_IMPORT\_CHKSUM\_CA then lpxImportData contains table 23 data, as specified in EMV 2000 Book 2 (See Ref. [4] under the reference section for this document). The plain text key is verified as defined within EMV 2000 Book 2, page 73. lpsSigKey is ignored (See Ref. [4] under the reference section for this document).

If wImportScheme is WFS\_PIN\_EMV\_IMPORT\_EPI\_CA then lpxImportData contains the concatenation of tables 4 and 13, as specified in reference 5, Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4. These tables are also described in the EMV Support Appendix. The self-signed public key is verified as defined by the reference document. lpsSigKey is ignored.

If wImportScheme is WFS\_PIN\_EMV\_IMPORT\_ISSUER then lpxImportData contains the EMV public key certificate. Within the following descriptions tags are documented to indicate the source of the data, but they are not sent down to the Service Provider. The data consists of the concatenation of: the key exponent length (1 byte), the key exponent value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '9F32'), the EMV certificate length (1 byte), the EMV certificate value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '90'), the remainder length (1 byte). The remainder value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '92'), the PAN length (1 byte) and the PAN value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '5A'). The Service Provider will compare the leftmost three to eight hex digits (where each byte consists of two hex digits) of the PAN to the Issuer Identification Number retrieved from the certificate. For more explanations, the reader can refer to EMVCo, Book2 – Security & Key Management Version 4.0, Table 4 (See [Ref. 4] under the reference section for this document). IpsSigKey defines the previously loaded key used to verify the signature.

If wImportScheme is WFS\_PIN\_EMV\_IMPORT\_ICC then lpxImportData contains the EMV public key certificate. Within the following descriptions tags are documented to indicate the source of the data, but they are not sent down to the Service Provider. The data consists of the concatenation of: the key exponent length (1 byte), the key exponent value (variable length—EMV Tag value: '9F47'), the EMV certificate length (1 byte), the EMV certificate value (variable length—EMV Tag value: '9F46'), the remainder length (1 byte), the remainder value (variable length—EMV Tag value: '9F48'), the SDA length (1 byte), the SDA value (variable length), the PAN length (1 byte) and the PAN value (variable length—EMV Tag value: '5A'). The Service Provider will compare the PAN to the PAN retrieved from the certificate. For more explanations, the reader can refer to EMVCo, Book2—Security & Key Management Version 4.0, Table 9 (See [Ref. 4] under the reference section for this document). lpsSigKey defines the previously loaded key used to verify the signature.

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If wImportScheme is WFS\_PIN\_EMV\_IMPORT\_ICC\_PIN then lpxImportData contains the EMV public key certificate. Within the following descriptions tags are documented to indicate the source of the data, but they are not sent down to the Service Provider. The data consists of the concatenation of: the key exponent length (1 byte), the key exponent value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '9F2E'), the EMV certificate length (1 byte), the EMV certificate value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '9F2D'), the remainder length (1 byte), the remainder value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '9F2F'), the SDA length (1 byte), the SDA value (variable length), the PAN length (1 byte) and the PAN value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '5A'). The Service Provider will compare the PAN to the PAN retrieved from the certificate. For more explanations, the reader can refer to EMVCo, Book2 – Security & Key Management Version 4.0, Table 9 (See [Ref. 4] under the reference section for this document). *InsSigKev* defines the previously loaded key used to verify the signature.

If wImportScheme is WFS PIN EMV IMPORT PKCSV1 5 CA then lpxImportData contains the CA public key signed with the previously loaded public key specified in *lpsSigKey*. lpxImportData consists of the concatenation of EMV 2000 Book II Table 23(reference 4) + 8 byte random number + Signature (See Ref. [4] under the reference section for this document). The 8byte random number is not used for validation; it is used to ensure the signature is unique. The Signature consists of all the bytes in the *lpxImportData* buffer after table 23 and the 8-byte random number.

#### *lpsSigKey*

This field specifies the name of the previously loaded key used to verify the signature, as detailed in the descriptions above.

#### Output Param LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT lpEMVImportPublicKeyOutput;

```
typedef struct wfs pin emv import public key output
                                lpsExpiryDate;
     } WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT,
     *LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT;
```

#### *lpsExpiryDate*

Contains the expiry date of the certificate in the following format MMYY. If no expiry date applies then *lpsExpiryDate* is NULL.

#### **Error Codes**

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
	overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
WFS_ERR_PIN_EMV_VERIFY_FAILED	The verification of the imported key failed
	and the key was discarded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key name is not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.

#### **Events**

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.

#### Comments

This command only imports one key per use. If the same key value has to be imported for two different uses, this command must be called twice and different key names must be specified.

## 5.5.2 WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_DIGEST

**Description:** This command is used to compute a hash code on a stream of data using the specified hash

algorithm. This command can be used to verify EMV static and dynamic data.

Input Param LPWFSPINDIGEST lpDigest;

wHashAlgorithm

Specifies which hash algorithm should be used to calculate the hash. See the Capabilities section for valid algorithms.

*lpxDigestInput* 

Pointer to the structure that contains the length and the data to be hashed.

Output Param LPWFSPINDIGESTOUTPUT lpDigestOutput;

lpxDigestOuput

Pointer to the structure that contains the length and the data containing the calculated hash.

**Error Codes** In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value Meaning

value		Meaning
WFS_E	RR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
		initialized or not ready for any vendor
		specific reason.

**Events** None. **Comments** None.

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## 6. Events

### 6.1 WFS\_EXEE\_PIN\_KEY

#### **Description**

This event specifies that any active key has been pressed at the PIN pad. It is used if the device has no internal display unit and the application has to manage the display of the entered digits. It is the responsibility of the application to identify the mapping between the FDK code and the physical location of the FDK.

#### **Event Param**

LPWFSPINKEY lpKey;

wCompletion

Specifies the reason for completion or continuation of the entry. Possible values are: (see command WFS CMD PIN GET PIN)

ulDigit

Specifies the digit entered by the user. When working in encryption mode or secure key entry mode (WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_ENTRY), the value of this field is 0x00 for the function keys 0-9 and A-F. Otherwise, for each key pressed, the corresponding FK or FDK mask value is stored in this field.

#### **Comments**

None.

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## 6.2 WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_INITIALIZED

**Description** This event specifies that, as a result of a WFS CMD PIN INITIALIZATION, the encryption

module is now initialized and the master key (where required) and any other initial keys are

loaded; ready to import other keys.

**Event Param** LPWFSPININIT lpInit;

lpInit

For a definition of the WFSPININIT structure see command

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_INITIALIZATION.

**Comments** None.

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## 6.3 WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_ILLEGAL\_KEY\_ACCESS

**Description** This event specifies that an error occurred accessing an encryption key. Possible situations for

generating this event are listed in the description of *lErrorCode*.

**Event Param** LPWFSPINACCESS lpAccess;

lpsKeyName

Specifies the name of the key that caused the error.

*lErrorCode* 

Specifies the type of illegal key access that occurred. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not loaded or
	attempting to delete a non-existent key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The specified algorithm is not supported by
	this key.
WFS ERR PIN DUKPTOVERFLOW	The DUKPT KSN encryption counter has
	overflowed to zero. A new IPEK must be
	<u>loaded.</u>

**Comments** None.

### 6.4 WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_OPT\_REQUIRED

Description

This event indicates that the online date/time stored in a HSM has been reached.

**Event Param** 

LPWFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER lpOPTRequired;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_hsm_identifier
{
     WORD      wHSMSerialNumber;
} WFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER, *LPWFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER;
```

wHSMSerialNumber

Specifies the serial number of the logical HSM where the online time has been reached. If logical HSMs are not supported then *lpOPTRequired* is NULL. The *wHSMSerialNumber* value is encoded as a standard binary value (i.e. it is not BCD).

**Comments** 

This event may be triggered by the clock reaching a previously stored online time or by the online time being set to a time that lies in the past.

The online time may be set by the command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_HSM\_SET\_TDATA or by a command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE that contains a message from a host system containing a new online date/time.

The event does not mean that any keys or other data in the HSM is out of date now. It just indicates that the terminal should communicate with a "Personalisierungsstelle" as soon as possible using the commands WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND / \_RECEIVE and wProtocol=WFS\_PIN\_PROTISOPS.

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## 6.5 WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_CERTIFICATE\_CHANGE

**Description** This event indicates that the certificate module state has changed from Primary to Secondary.

**Event Param** LPWORD lpwCertificateChange;

lpw Certificate Change

Specifies change of the certificate state inside of the encryptor as one of the following:

 Value
 Meaning

 WFS\_PIN\_CERT\_SECONDARY
 The certificate state of the encryptor is now Secondary and Primary Certificates will no longer be accepted.

Comments None.

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## 6.6 WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_HSM\_TDATA\_CHANGED

**Description** This event indicates that one of the values of the terminal data has changed (these are the data that

can be set using WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_HSM\_SET\_TDATA). I.e. this event will be sent especially when the online time or the HSM status is changed because of a WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_HSM\_INIT command or an OPT online dialog (WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND/\_RECEIVE with

WFS PIN PROTISOPS).

On configurations with multiple logical HSMs, the serial number tag must be included within the

data so that the logical HSM that has changed can be identified.

**Event Param** LPWFSXDATA lpxTData;

*lpxTData* 

Contains the parameter settings as a series of "tag/length/value" items. See command

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_HSM\_SET\_TDATA for the tags supported.

Comments None.

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## 6.7 WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_HSM\_CHANGED

**Description** This event indicates that the currently active logical HSM has been changed. This event will be

triggered when an application changes the current HSM through the

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SET\_LOGICAL\_HSM command. This event is not generated if the HSM is

not changed.

**Event Param** LPWFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER lpHSMChanged;

wHSMSerialNumber

Specifies the serial number of the logical HSM that has been made active. The *wHSMSerialNumber* value is encoded as a standard binary value (i.e. it is not BCD).

**Comments** None

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# 6.8 WFS\_EXEE\_PIN\_ENTERDATA

**Description** This mandatory event notifies the application when the device is ready for the user to start

entering data.

**Event Param** None. **Comments** None.

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## 6.9 WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_DEVICEPOSITION

**Description** This service event reports that the device has changed its position status.

**Event Param** LPWFSPINDEVICEPOSITION lpDevicePosition;

wPosition

Position of the device as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DEVICEINPOSITION	The device is in its normal operating
	position.
WFS_PIN_DEVICENOTINPOSITION	The device has been removed from its
	normal operating position.
WFS_PIN_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN	The position of the device cannot be
	determined.

**Comments** None.

## 6.10 WFS\_SRVE\_PIN\_POWER\_SAVE\_CHANGE

**Description** This service event specifies that the power save recovery time has changed.

**Event Param** LPWFSPINPOWERSAVECHANGE lpPowerSaveChange;

*usPowerSaveRecoveryTime* 

Specifies the actual number of seconds required by the device to resume its normal operational state. This value is zero if the device exited the power saving mode.

Comments

If another device class compounded with this device enters into a power saving mode, this device will automatically enter into the same power saving mode and this event will be generated.

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## 6.11 WFS\_EXEE\_PIN\_LAYOUT

**Description** This event sends the layout for a specific keyboard entry mode if the layout has changed since it

was loaded (i.e. if a float action is being used).

**Event Param** LPWFSPINLAYOUT lpLayout;

For the definition of the WFSPINLAYOUT structure see command

WFS INF PIN GET LAYOUT.

**Comments** None.

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## 6.12 WFS EXEE PIN DUKPT KSN

None.

Comments

This event sends the DUKPT KSN of the key used in the command. The receiving TRSM uses this to derive the key from the BDK.

Event Param LPWFSPINDUKPTKSN lpKSN;

typedef struct wfs pin dukpt ksn

{
LPSTR lpsKey;
LPWFSXDATA lpxKSN;
} WFSPINDUKPTKSN, \*LPWFSPINDUKPTKSN;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of the DUKPT Key derivation key.

lpxKSN
Pointer to the structure that contains the KSN.

## 7. C - Header File

```
/***********************
* xfspin.h XFS - Personal Identification Number Keypad (PIN) definitions
              Version 3.<del>30 (March 19 2015) 40 (December 6 2019)</del>
 *****************************
#ifndef __INC_XFSPIN__H
#define INC XFSPIN H
#ifdef __cplu
extern "C" {
         cplusplus
#endif
#include <xfsapi.h>
/* be aware of alignment */
#pragma pack(push,1)
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.wClass */
#define WFS SERVICE CLASS PIN
#define WFS SERVICE CLASS VERSION PIN
                                                           (0x1E030x2803) /* Version 3.3040
#define WFS SERVICE CLASS NAME PIN
                                                           "PIN"
#define PIN SERVICE OFFSET
                                                           (WFS SERVICE CLASS PIN * 100)
/* PIN Info Commands */
#define WFS INF PIN STATUS
                                                          (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 1)
#define WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES
(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 2)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT
                                                          (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 1)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK
                                                           (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)
                                                           (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 5)
                                                          (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 7)
#define WFS CMD PIN GET DATA
                                                          (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 8)
#define WFS CMD PIN INITIALIZATION
                                                          (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 9)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_DES
                                                          (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)
                                                         (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 13)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_EUROCHEQUE #define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_VISA
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_CREATE_OFFSET
#define WFS CMD PIN DERIVE KEY
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_PRESENT_IDC
                                                         (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 15)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_BANKSYS
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_BANKSYS_IO
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_RESET
                                                         (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 16)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 17)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 18)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_JOURNAL

(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 18)

(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 19)

(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 20)

(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 21)

(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 21)
```

```
#define WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY EX
                                                                                                          (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 23)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO
                                                                                                           (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 24)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_INIT
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY
                                                                                                           (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 25)
                                                                                                          (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 26)
 #define WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA ISSUER SIGNED ITEM (PIN_SERVICE OFFSET + 27)
 #define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 28)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY_PAIR (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 29)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_EPP_SIGNED_ITEM (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 30)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CEPTIFICATER
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_CERTIFICATE
                                                                                                          (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 31)
                                                                                                          (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 32)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 32)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 34)
#define WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA ENCIPHERED PKCS7 KEY (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 35)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PUBLIC_KEY (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 36)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_DIGEST (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 37)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 38)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_KCV (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 39)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_SET_GUIDANCE_LIGHT (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 41)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 42)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_KEYPRESS_BEEP (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 43)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_SET_PINBLOCK_DATA (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 44)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_SET_LOGICAL_HSM (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 45)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEYBLOCK (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 46)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CONTROL (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 47)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE_EX (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 48)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KEY_EX_(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 49)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_DEFINE_LAYOUT (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 50)
                                                                                                        (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 37)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 38)
 #define WFS CMD PIN DIGEST
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_DEFINE_LAYOUT (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 50)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 51)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 52)
#define WFS CMD PIN START AUTHENTICATE (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 51)
#define WFS CMD PIN AUTHENTICATE (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 52)
#define WFS CMD PIN GET_PINBLOCK EX (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 53)
#define WFS CMD PIN SYNCHRONIZE COMMAND (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 54)
#define WFS CMD PIN CRYPT 340 (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 55)
#define WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 56)
#define WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK 340
                                                                                                          (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 57)
 /* PIN Messages */
#define WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY
#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED
#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS
#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED
#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED
#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE
#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED
 #define WFS EXEE PIN ENTERDATA
                                                                                                        (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 8)
#define WFS_EXEE_PIN_ENTERDATA (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 0)
#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9)
#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)
#define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11)
#define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12)
/* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */
#define WFS PIN DEVONLINE
                                                                                                           WFS STAT DEVONLINE
 #define WFS PIN DEVOFFLINE
                                                                                                          WFS STAT DEVOFFLINE
 #define WFS PIN DEVPOWEROFF
                                                                                                          WFS STAT DEVPOWEROFF
 #define WFS PIN DEVNODEVICE
                                                                                                          WFS STAT DEVNODEVICE
 #define WFS_PIN_DEVHWERROR
                                                                                                          WFS_STAT_DEVHWERROR
                                                                                                         WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR
WFS_STAT_DEVBUSY
 #define WFS_PIN_DEVUSERERROR
 #define WFS PIN DEVBUSY
#define WFS_PIN_DEVBUSY
#define WFS_PIN_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT
#define WFS_PIN_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD
                                                                                                       WFS STAT DEVFRAUDATTEMPT
                                                                                                         WFS STAT DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD
 /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwEncStat */
#define WFS PIN ENCREADY
                                                                                                          (0)
 #define WFS PIN ENCNOTREADY
                                                                                                           (1)
 #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTINITIALIZED
                                                                                                           (2)
 #define WFS_PIN_ENCBUSY
                                                                                                          (3)
#define WFS_PIN_ENCUNDEFINED
#define WFS_PIN_ENCINITIALIZED
                                                                                                           (4)
                                                                                                           (5)
```

```
#define WFS PIN ENCPINTAMPERED
                                                                            (6)
 /* Size and max index of dwGuidLights array */
 (WFS PIN GUIDLIGHTS SIZE - 1)
 /* Indices of WFSPINSTATUS.dwGuidLights [...]
                   WFSPINCAPS.dwGuidLights [...]
 #define
               WFS PIN GUIDANCE PINPAD
                                                                            (0)
 /* Values of WFSPINSTATUS.dwGuidLights [...]
            WFSPINCAPS.dwGuidLights [...]
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_OFF (0x00000001)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_ON (0x00000002)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH (0x00000004)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH (0x00000008)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH (0x00000008)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS (0x00000080)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_RED (0x00000100)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_GREEN (0x00000200)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_YELLOW (0x00000400)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_BLUE (0x00000800)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CYAN (0x00001000)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA (0x00002000)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_WHITE (0x00004000)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_ENTRY (0x00100000)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_ENTRY (0x00100000)
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_EXIT (0x000200000)
 /* values for WFSPINSTATUS.fwAutoBeepMode and
 WFS CMD PIN KEYPRESS BEEP lpwMode parameter */
 #define WFS PIN BEEP ON ACTIVE
                                                                           (0x0001)
 #define WFS PIN BEEP ON INACTIVE
                                                                           (0x0002)
 /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.wDevicePosition
                   WFSPINDEVICEPOSITION.wPosition */
 #define WFS_PIN_DEVICEINPOSITION
 #define WFS_PIN_DEVICENOTINPOSITION
                                                                           (1)
 #define WFS_PIN_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN #define WFS_PIN_DEVICEPOSNOTSUPP
                 WFS_PIN_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN
                                                                            (2)
                                                                            (3)
 /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwType */
 #define WFS_PIN_TYPEEPP
                                                                            (0x0001)
 #define WFS_PIN_TYPEEDM
#define WFS PIN TYPEHSM
                                                                            (0x0002)
                                                                            (0 \times 0.004)
 #define WFS PIN TYPEETS
 /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwAlgorithms, WFSPINCRYPT.wAlgorithm */
 #define WFS PIN CRYPTDESECB
 #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCBC
                                                                            (0 \times 0002)
 #define WFS PIN CRYPTDESCFB
                                                                            (0x0004)
 #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTRSA
                                                                            (0x0008)
 #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTECMA
                                                                            (0x0010)
 #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESMAC
#define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESECB
                                                                            (0x0020)
                                                                           (0 \times 0.040)
 #define WFS PIN CRYPTTRIDESCBC
                                                                           (0x0080)
 #define WFS PIN CRYPTTRIDESCFB
                                                                           (0x0100)
 #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC
                                                                           (0x0200)
 #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTMAAMAC
                                                                            (0x0400)
 #define WFS PIN CRYPTTRIDESMAC2805
                                                                            (0x0800)
```

```
#define WFS PIN CRYPTSM4
                                                       (0x1000)
#define WFS PIN CRYPTSM4MAC
                                                       (0x2000)
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwPinFormats */
#define WFS PIN FORM3624
                                                       (0x0001)
#define WFS PIN FORMANSI
                                                       (0x0002)
#define WFS_PIN_FORMISO0
                                                       (0 \times 0.004)
#define WFS_PIN_FORMISO1
#define WFS_PIN_FORMEC12
                                                       (0x0008)
                                                       (0 \times 0.010)
#define WFS PIN FORMECI3
                                                       (0 \times 0.020)
#define WFS PIN FORMVISA
                                                       (0x0040)
#define WFS PIN FORMDIEBOLD
                                                       (0x0080)
#define WFS_PIN_FORMDIEBOLDCO
                                                       (0x0100)
#define WFS PIN FORMVISA3
                                                       (0x0200)
#define WFS PIN FORMBANKSYS
                                                       (0 \times 0400)
#define WFS PIN FORMEMV
                                                       (0x0800)
#define WFS PIN FORMISO3
                                                       (0x2000)
#define WFS_PIN_FORMAP
                                                       (0x4000)
#define WFS PIN FORMISO4
                                                       (0x8000)
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwDerivationAlgorithms */
                                                       (0x0001)
#define WFS PIN CHIP ZKA
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwPresentationAlgorithms */
#define WFS PIN PRESENT CLEAR
                                                       (0x0001)
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwDisplay */
#define WFS PIN DISPNONE
                                                       (1)
#define WFS PIN DISPLEDTHROUGH
                                                       (2)
#define WFS PIN DISPDISPLAY
                                                       (3)
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwIDKey */
#define WFS PIN IDKEYINITIALIZATION
                                                       (0x0001)
#define WFS PIN IDKEYIMPORT
                                                       (0 \times 0002)
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwValidationAlgorithms */
#define WFS PIN DES
#define WFS PIN EUROCHEQUE
                                                       (0x0002)
#define WFS_PIN_VISA
                                                       (0x0004)
#define WFS_PIN_DES_OFFSET
                                                       (0x0008)
#define WFS PIN BANKSYS
                                                       (0x0010)
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwKeyCheckModes-and,
          WFSPINIMPORTKEYEX.wKeyCheckMode */and WFSPINATTRIBUTES.dwCryptoMethod */
#define WFS PIN KCVNONE
                                                       (0x0000)
#define WFS PIN KCVSELF
                                                       (0x0001)
#define WFS PIN KCVZERO
                                                       (0x0002)
/* Additional values for values of WFSPINSECUREKEYENTRY.wVerificationType */
#define WFS PIN KCV DES
                                                       (0x80000000)
#define WFS PIN KCV 3DES
                                                       (0x40000000)
#define WFS PIN KCV AES
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.dwSymmetricKeyManagementMethods */
#define WFS PIN KM FIXED KEY
                                                       (0x0001)
#define WFS PIN KM MASTER KEY
                                                       (0x0002)
#define WFS PIN KM TDES DUKPT
                                                       (0x0004)
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwAutoBeep */
```

```
#define WFS PIN BEEP ACTIVE AVAILABLE
                                                             (0x0001)
#define WFS_PIN_BEEP_ACTIVE_AVAILABLE
#define WFS_PIN_BEEP_ACTIVE_SELECTABLE
#define WFS_PIN_BEEP_INACTIVE_AVAILABLE
#define WFS_PIN_BEEP_INACTIVE_SELECTABLE
                                                             (0x0002)
                                                              (0x0004)
                                                              (0x0008)
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwKeyBlockImportFormats */
#define WFS PIN ANSTR31KEYBLOCK
                                                              (0 \times 0 0 0 1)
#define WFS_PIN_ANSTR31KEYBLOCKB
#define WFS_PIN_ANSTR31KEYBLOCKC
                                                              (0 \times 0.004)
/* values of WFSPINETSCAPS.wFloatFlags and WFSPINFRAME.wFloatAction */
#define WFS_PIN_FLOAT_NONE
#define WFS_PIN_FLOATX
                                                              (0x0000)
                                                              (0x0001)
#define WFS PIN FLOATY
                                                              (0 \times 0002)
/* values of WFSPINKEYDETAIL.fwUse and values of WFSPINKEYDETAILEX.dwUse */
#define WFS PIN USECRYPT
                                                              (0x0001)
#define WFS PIN USEFUNCTION
                                                              (0 \times 0002)
#define WFS PIN USEMACING
                                                              (0x0004)
#define WFS PIN USEKEYENCKEY
                                                              (0x0020)
#define WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE
                                                              (0x0040)
#define WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY
#define WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT
                                                              (0x0080)
                                                              (0x0100)
#define WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT
                                                              (0x0200)
#define WFS PIN USEANSTR31MASTER
#define WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY
                                                             (0x0800)
#define WFS PIN USEKEYDERKEY
                                                             (0x1000)
/* additional values for WFSPINKEYDETAILEX.dwUse */
#define WFS PIN USEPINLOCAL
                                                             (0x00010000)
                                                              (0x00020000)
#define WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLIC
#define WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATE
#define WFS_PIN_USECHIPINFO
                                                              (0x00040000)
                                                              (0x00100000)
#define WFS PIN USECHIPPIN
                                                              (0×00200000)
#define WFS PIN USECHIPPS
                                                             (0 \times 0.0400000)
#define WFS PIN USECHIPMAC
                                                             (0x00800000)
                                                              (0x01000000)
#define WFS_PIN_USECHIPLT
#define WFS_PIN_USECHIPMACLZ
#define WFS_PIN_USECHIPMACAZ
                                                              (0x02000000)
                                                              (0x04000000)
#define WFS PIN USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
                                                             (0x08000000)
#define WFS PIN USERSAPRIVATESIGN
#define WFS PIN USEPINREMOTE
                                                              (0x20000000)
/* values of WFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL.ulFuncMask */
#define WFS PIN FK 0
                                                              (0x00000001)
                                                              (0x00000002)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_1
#define WFS_PIN_FK_2
                                                              (0x00000004)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_3
#define WFS PIN FK 4
                                                              (0x00000008)
                                                              (0 \times 00000010)
#define WFS PIN FK 5
                                                              (0x00000020)
#define WFS PIN FK 6
                                                              (0x00000040)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_7
                                                              (0x00000080)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_8
#define WFS_PIN_FK_9
                                                              (0x00000100)
                                                              (0x00000200)
#define WFS PIN FK ENTER
                                                              (0x00000400)
#define WFS PIN FK CANCEL
                                                             (0x00000800)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_CLEAR
                                                             (0x00001000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_BACKSPACE
                                                              (0x00002000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_HELP
#define WFS_PIN_FK_DECPOINT
                                                              (0x00004000)
                                                              (0\times00008000)
#define WFS PIN FK 00
                                                              (0x00010000)
#define WFS PIN FK 000
                                                              (0x00020000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_RES1
                                                              (0x00040000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_RES2
                                                              (0x00080000)
#define WFS PIN FK RES3
                                                              (0x00100000)
```

```
#define WFS PIN FK RES4
                                                            (0x00200000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_RES5
                                                            (0 \times 0.0400000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_RES6
                                                            (0x00800000)
#define WFS PIN FK RES7
                                                            (0x01000000)
#define WFS PIN FK RES8
                                                            (0 \times 0.2000000)
#define WFS PIN FK OEM1
                                                            (0x04000000)
#define WFS PIN FK OEM2
                                                            (0x08000000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_OEM3
                                                            (0x10000000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_OEM4
#define WFS_PIN_FK_OEM5
                                                            (0 \times 20000000)
                                                            (0 \times 400000000)
#define WFS PIN FK OEM6
                                                            (0x80000000)
/* additional values of WFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL.ulFuncMask */
#define WFS PIN FK UNUSED
                                                            (0x0000000)
#define WFS PIN FK A
                                                            WFS PIN FK RES1
#define WFS PIN FK B
                                                            WFS PIN FK RES2
#define WFS_PIN_FK_C
                                                            WFS PIN FK RES3
#define WFS_PIN_FK_D
#define WFS_PIN_FK_E
                                                            WFS_PIN_FK_RES4
                                                           WFS PIN FK RES5
#define WFS PIN FK F
                                                            WFS PIN FK RES6
#define WFS PIN FK SHIFT
                                                            WFS PIN FK RES7
/* values of WFSPINFDK.ulFDK */
#define WFS PIN FK FDK01
                                                            (0x00000001)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK02
                                                            (0x00000002)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK03
                                                            (0x00000004)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK04
                                                            (0x00000008)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK05
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK06
                                                            (0x0000010)
                                                            (0x00000020)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK07
                                                            (0x00000040)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK08
                                                            (0x00000080)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK09
                                                            (0x00000100)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK10
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK11
                                                            (0x00000200)
                                                            (0x00000400)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK12
                                                            (0×00000800)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK13
                                                            (0×00001000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK14
                                                            (0 \times 00002000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK15
                                                            (0×00004000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK16
                                                            (0x00008000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK17
                                                            (0 \times 00010000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK18
                                                            (0x00020000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK19
                                                            (0x00040000)
                                                            (0x00080000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22
                                                            (0x00100000)
                                                            (0x00200000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK23
                                                            (0 \times 0.0400000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK24
                                                            (0\times00800000)
                                                            (0x01000000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26
                                                            (0x02000000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28
                                                            (0x04000000)
                                                            (0\times08000000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK29
                                                            (0x10000000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK30
                                                            (0x20000000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31
                                                            (0x40000000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK32
                                                            (0x80000000)
/* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */
#define WFS PIN MODEENCRYPT
                                                            (1)
#define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT
                                                            (2)
#define WFS PIN MODERANDOM
                                                            (3)
/* values of WFSPINENTRY.wCompletion */
#define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO
                                                            (0)
#define WFS_PIN_COMPENTER
#define WFS_PIN_COMPCANCEL
                                                            (1)
                                                            (2)
```

```
#define WFS PIN COMPCONTINUE
#define WFS_PIN_COMPCLEAR
                                                         (7)
#define WFS_PIN_COMPBACKSPACE
                                                        (8)
#define WFS_PIN_COMPFDK
#define WFS_PIN_COMPHELP
                                                        (9)
                                                        (10)
#define WFS PIN COMPFK
                                                        (11)
#define WFS_PIN_COMPCONTFDK
                                                        (12)
/* values of WFSPINSECMSG.wProtocol */
#define WFS PIN PROTISOAS
                                                        (1)
#define WFS PIN PROTISOLZ
                                                        (2)
#define WFS PIN PROTISOPS
                                                        (3)
#define WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPZKA
                                                        (4)
#define WFS_PIN_PROTRAWDATA
#define WFS PIN PROTPBM
                                                        (5)
                                                        (6)
#define WFS PIN PROTHSMLDI
                                                        (7)
#define WFS PIN PROTGENAS
                                                        (8)
#define WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPINCHG
                                                        (9)
#define WFS_PIN_PROTPINCMP
                                                        (10)
#define WFS PIN PROTISOPINCHG
                                                        (11)
/* values of WFSPINHSMINIT.wInitMode. */
#define WFS_PIN_INITTEMP
#define WFS_PIN_INITDEFINITE
                                                        (1)
                                                         (2)
#define WFS PIN INITIRREVERSIBLE
                                                        (3)
/* values of WFSPINENCIO.wProtocol and WFSPINCAPS.fwENCIOProtocols */
#define WFS PIN ENC PROT CH
                                                        (0x0001)
#define WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB
                                                        (0x0002)
#define WFS PIN ENC PROT LUX
                                                        (0x0004)
#define WFS PIN ENC PROT CHN
/* values for WFS SRVE PIN CERTIFICATE CHANGE and WFSPINSTATUS.dwCertificateState */
#define WFS_PIN_CERT SECONDARY
                                                        (0x00000002)
/* values for WFSPINSTATUS.dwCertificateState*/
#define WFS PIN CERT UNKNOWN
#define WFS_PIN_CERT_PRIMARY
                                                        (0x00000001)
#define WFS PIN CERT NOTREADY
                                                        (0x00000004)
/* Values for WFSPINCAPS.dwRSAAuthenticationScheme,
WFSPINCAPS.dwRestrictedKeyEncKeySupport (LOWORD only) and the fast-track Capabilities
lpszExtra parameter, REMOTE KEY SCHEME. ^{\star}/
#define WFS PIN RSA AUTH 2PARTY SIG
#define WFS PIN RSA AUTH 3PARTY CERT
#define WFS PIN RSA AUTH 2PARTY
                                                       (0x00000001)
                                                        (0x00000002)
#define WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT_TR34
                                                        (0x00000004)
/* Values for WFSPINCAPS.dwRestrictedKeyEncKeySupport (HIWORD only) */
#define WFS PIN RESTRICTED SECUREKEYENTRY
                                                        (0 \times 00010000)
/* Values for WFSPINCAPS.dwSignatureScheme and the fast-track Capabilities lpzExtra
parameter, SIGNATURE CAPABILITIES. */
#define WFS_PIN_SIG_GEN_RSA_KEY_PAIR
                                                        (0x00000001)
#define WFS_PIN_SIG_EXPORT_EPP_ID
                                                        (0 \times 000000004)
#define WFS_PIN_SIG_ENHANCED_RKL
                                                        (0x00000008)
/* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY.dwRSASignatureAlgorithm-and-,
WFSPINCAPS.dwRSASignatureAlgorithm and WFSPINATTRIBUTES.dwCryptoMethod */
#define WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA
#define WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5
                                                        (0x00000001)
#define WFS PIN SIGN RSASSA PSS
                                                        (0x00000002)
```

```
/* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT.dwRSAKeyCheckMode */
#define WFS PIN RSA KCV NONE
                                                      (0x00000000)
#define WFS PIN RSA KCV SHA1
                                                     (0x0000001)
#define WFS PIN RSA KCV SHA256
                                                     (0x00000002)
/* values of WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM.wExportItemType and */
             WFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM.wExportItemType
#define WFS PIN EXPORT EPP ID
#define WFS PIN EXPORT PUBLIC KEY
                                                     (0x0002)
/* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY.dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm-and,
WFSPINCAPS.dwRSACryptAlgorithm and WFSPINATTRIBUTES.dwCryptoMethod */
#define WFS PIN CRYPT RSAES PKCS1 V1 5
#define WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP
                                                     (0x00000002)
/* values of WFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR.wExponentValue */
#define WFS PIN DEFAULT
#define WFS PIN EXPONENT 1
                                                      (1)
#define WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_4
                                                      (2)
#define WFS PIN EXPONENT 16
                                                      (3)
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.wDESKeyLength,
   WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT.wKeyLength and */
            WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYOUTPUT.wKeyLength */
#define WFS PIN KEYSINGLE
#define WFS PIN KEYDOUBLE
                                                      (0 \times 0.002)
#define WFS PIN KEYTRIPLE
                                                      (0x0004)
/* values of WFSPINGETCERTIFICATE.wGetCertificate and
WFSPINCAPS.wCertificateTypes */
#define WFS PIN PUBLICENCKEY
                                                     (0×0001)
#define WFS PIN PUBLICVERIFICATIONKEY
                                                     (0x0002)
#define WFS_PIN_PUBLICHOSTKEY
                                                     (0 \times 0.004)
/* values of WFSPINAUTHENTICATE.dwSigner, */
/* WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEX.dwSigner, and */
            WFSPINSIGNERCAP.dwSigner */
                                                     (0x00000001)
#define WFS_PIN_SIGNER_NONE
#define WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST
#define WFS_PIN_SIGNER_SIGHOST
                                                     (0x00000002)
                                                     (0x00000004)
#define WFS PIN SIGNER CA
                                                     (0×00000008)
#define WFS PIN SIGNER HL
#define WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CBCMAC
                                                     (0x00000020)
                                                     (0x00000040)
#define WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CMAC
#define WFS_PIN_SIGNER_TR34
#define WFS_PIN_SIGNER_RESERVED_1
                                                     (0x10000000)
                                                     (0 \times 200000000)
#define WFS PIN SIGNER RESERVED 2
                                                     (0x40000000)
#define WFS PIN SIGNER RESERVED 3
                                                     (0x80000000)
/* values of WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEX.dwLoadOption and */
           WFSPINSIGNERCAP.dwOption */
#define WFS PIN LOAD NEWHOST
                                                     (0x00000001)
#define WFS PIN LOAD REPLACEHOST
                                                     (0x00000002)
/* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7EX.dwCRKLLoadOption */
#define WFS PIN CRKLLOAD NORANDOM
#define WFS PIN CRKLLOAD NORANDOM CRL
                                                     (0x00000002)
                                                     (0x00000004)
#define WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM
#define WFS PIN CRKLLOAD RANDOM CRL
                                                     (0x00000008)
```

```
/* values for WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY.wImportScheme and
WFSPINCAPS.lpwEMVImportSchemes */
#define WFS PIN EMV IMPORT PLAIN CA
                                                       (1)
#define WFS PIN EMV IMPORT CHKSUM CA
                                                       (2)
#define WFS PIN EMV IMPORT EPI CA
                                                       (3)
#define WFS PIN EMV IMPORT ISSUER
                                                       (4)
#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC
                                                       (5)
#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC_PIN
#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PKCSV1_5_CA
                                                       (6)
                                                       (7)
/* values for WFSPINDIGEST.wHashAlgorithm and WFSPINCAPS.fwEMVHashAlgorithm */
#define WFS PIN HASH SHA1 DIGEST
                                                       (0x0001)
#define WFS PIN HASH SHA256 DIGEST
                                                       (0x0002)
/* values of WFSPINSECUREKEYDETAIL.fwKeyEntryMode */
                                                      (0x0000)
#define WFS PIN SECUREKEY NOTSUPP
                                                      (0x0001)
#define WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_SHIFT
#define WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_UNIQUE
                                                      (0x0002)
#define WFS PIN SECUREKEY IRREG SHIFT
                                                      (0x0004)
#define WFS PIN SECUREKEY IRREG UNIQUE
/* values of WFSPINSTATUS.wAntiFraudModule */
#define WFS PIN AFMNOTSUPP
                                                       (0)
#define WFS PIN AFMOK
                                                       (1)
#define WFS_PIN_AFMINOP
                                                       (2)
#define WFS_PIN_AFMDEVICEDETECTED
                                                       (3)
#define WFS PIN AFMUNKNOWN
/* values of WFSPINLAYOT.dwEntryMode and WFSPINGETLAYOUT.dwEntryMode */
#define WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_DATA
                                                       (0 \times 000000001)
#define WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_PIN
                                                       (0x00000002)
#define WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_SECURE
                                                       (0x00000004)
/* values of WFSPINFK.wKeyType */
#define WFS PIN FK
                                                       (0 \times 0001)
#define WFS PIN FDK
                                                       (0x0002)
/* values of WFSPINATTRIBUTES.dwCryptoMethod */
#define WFS_PIN_CRYPTOECB
                                                       (1)
#define WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCBC
                                                       (2)
#define WFS
            PIN CRYPTOCFB
#define WFS PIN CRYPTOOFB
                                                       (4)
#define WFS PIN CRYPTOCTR
                                                       (5)
#define WFS PIN CRYPTOXTS
/* values of WFSPINATTRIBUTES.dwCryptoMethod Hash Algorithms */
#define WFS PIN SIGNHASH SHA1
                                                       (0x80000000)
#define WFS PIN SIGNHASH SHA256
                                                       (0x40000000)
/* values of WFSPINKEYDETAIL340.fwLoaded */
#define WFS PIN LOADED NO
                                                       (0 \times 00000001)
#define WFS PIN LOADED YES
                                                      (0x00000002)
#define WFS PIN LOADED UNKNOWN
                                           (0x0000004)
                                                      (0x80000000)
#define WFS PIN LOADED CONSTRUCT
/* XFS PIN Errors */
#define WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND
                                                      (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 0))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED
                                                      (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1))
                                                       (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 2))
#define WFS ERR PIN ACCESSDENIED
```

#define WFS ERR PIN INVALIDID

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(-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 3))

```
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY
                                                          (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4))
                                                         (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE
#define WFS ERR PIN USEVIOLATION
                                                         (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 8))
#define WFS ERR PIN NOPIN
#define WFS ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH
                                                         (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 9))
#define WFS ERR PIN KEYINVALID
                                                         (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 10))
                                                         (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14))
#define WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTSUPPORTED
#define WFS ERR PIN NOACTIVEKEYS
#define WFS ERR PIN NOTERMINATEKEYS
#define WFS ERR PIN MINIMUMLENGTH
                                                         (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 15))
#define WFS ERR PIN PROTOCOLNOTSUPP
                                                         (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 16))
                                                         (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 17))
#define WFS ERR PIN INVALIDDATA
                                                         (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 18))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 19))
#define WFS ERR PIN NOTALLOWED
#define WFS ERR PIN NOKEYRAM
                                                         (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 20))
#define WFS ERR PIN NOCHIPTRANSACTIVE
#define WFS ERR PIN ALGORITHMNOTSUPP
                                                        (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 21))
                                                        (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 22))
#define WFS ERR PIN FORMATNOTSUPP
#define WFS ERR PIN HSMSTATEINVALID
                                                         (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 23))
                                                         (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 24))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 25))
#define WFS ERR PIN MACINVALID
#define WFS ERR PIN PROTINVALID
                                                         (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 26))
#define WFS ERR PIN FORMATINVALID
#define WFS ERR PIN CONTENTINVALID
                                                        (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 27))
                                                        (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 29))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 31))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 32))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALID_MOD_LEN
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_KEY_GENERATION_ERROR
                                                        (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 33))
#define WFS ERR PIN EMV VERIFY FAILED
                                                        (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 34))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID
                                                        (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 35))
                                                         (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 36))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 37))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 38))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID
#define WFS ERR PIN SNSCDINVALID
#define WFS_ERR PIN NORSAKEYPAIR
#define WFS ERR PIN INVALID PORT
                                                         (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 39))
#define WFS ERR PIN POWERSAVETOOSHORT
                                                        (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 40))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDHSM
                                                         (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 41))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_TOOMANYFRAMES
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_PARTIALFRAME
                                                         (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 42))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 43))
#define WFS ERR PIN MISSINGKEYS
                                                         (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 44))
#define WFS ERR PIN FRAMECOORD
                                                         (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 45))
#define WFS ERR PIN KEYCOORD
                                                         (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 46))
                                                         (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 47))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 48))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 49))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_FRAMEOVERLAP
#define WFS ERR PIN KEYOVERLAP
#define WFS ERR PIN TOOMANYKEYS
#define WFS ERR PIN KEYALREADYDEFINED
                                                        (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 50))
#define WFS ERR PIN COMMANDUNSUPP
                                                        (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 51))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_SYNCHRONIZEUNSUPP
                                                        (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 52))
                                            (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 54))
(-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 54))
#define WFS ERR PIN DUKPTOVERFLOW
#define WFS ERR PIN ENTRYTIMEOUT
#define WFS ERR PIN CRYPTOMETHODNOTSUPP
                                                         (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 55))
/*----*/
/* PIN Info Command Structures and variables */
/*----*/
typedef struct wfs hex data
    USHORT
                             usLength;
    LPBYTE
                             lpbData;
} WFSXDATA, *LPWFSXDATA;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_status
    WORD
                             fwDevice;
    WORD
    LPSTR
                             lpszExtra;
                             dwGuidLights[WFS_PIN_GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
    DWORD
                            fwAutoBeepMode;
    WORD
                           dwCertificateState;
    DWORD
                        wDevicePosition;
    USHORT
                             usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
```

```
WORD
                            wAntiFraudModule;
} WFSPINSTATUS, *LPWFSPINSTATUS;
typedef struct wfs pin rest keyenckey
    DWORD
                            dwLoadingMethod;
    DWORD
                            dwUses;
} WFSPINRESTKEYENCKEY, *LPWFSPINRESTKEYENCKEY;
typedef struct wfs pin signer capability
    DWORD
                            dwSigner;
    DWORD
                            dwOption;
} WFSPINSIGNERCAP, *LPWFSPINSIGNERCAP;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_ets_caps
    LONG
                            lXPos;
    LONG
                            lyPos;
    USHORT
                            usXSize;
    USHORT
                            usYSize;
    WORD
                            wMaximumTouchFrames;
    WORD
                            wMaximumTouchKeys;
    WORD
                            wFloatFlags;
} WFSPINETSCAPS, *LPWFSPINETSCAPS;
typedef struct wfs pin attributes
                            bKeyUsage[2];
    BYTE
                            bAlgorithm;
                            bModeOfUse;
    DWORD
                            dwCryptoMethod;
} WFSPINATTRIBUTES,
                    *LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_caps
    WORD
    WORD
                            fwType;
                            bCompound;
    BOOT
    USHORT
                            usKeyNum;
    WORD
                            fwAlgorithms;
    WORD
                            fwPinFormats;
    WORD
                            fwDerivationAlgorithms;
    WORD
                            fwPresentationAlgorithms;
    WORD
                            fwDisplay;
    BOOL
                            bIDConnect;
    WORD
                            fwIDKey;
    WORD
                            fwValidationAlgorithms;
    WORD
                            fwKeyCheckModes;
    LPSTR
                            lpszExtra;
    DWORD
                            dwGuidLights[WFS PIN GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
    BOOL
                            bPINCanPersistAfterUse;
    WORD
                            fwAutoBeep;
    LPSTR
                            lpsHSMVendor;
    BOOL
                            bHSMJournaling;
    DWORD
                            dwRSAAuthenticationScheme;
    DWORD
                            dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
    DWORD
                            dwRSACryptAlgorithm;
    DWORD
                            dwRSAKeyCheckMode;
    DWORD
                            dwSignatureScheme;
    LPWORD
                            lpwEMVImportSchemes;
    WORD
                            fwEMVHashAlgorithm;
    BOOL
                            bKeyImportThroughParts;
    WORD
                            fwENCIOProtocols;
    BOOL
                            bTypeCombined;
    BOOL
                            bSetPinblockDataRequired;
    WORD
                            fwKeyBlockImportFormats;
    BOOL
                            bPowerSaveControl;
    BOOT
                            bAntiFraudModule;
    WORD
                            wDESKeyLength;
```

```
WORD
                            wCertificateTypes;
    LPWFSPINSIGNERCAP
                            *lppLoadCertOptions;
    DWORD
                            dwCRKLLoadOptions;
    LPWFSPINETSCAPS
                            lpETSCaps;
    T.PDWORD
                            lpdwSynchronizableCommands;
    LPWFSPINRESTKEYENCKEY
                            *lppRestrictedKeyEncKeySupport;
                            dwSymmetricKeyManagementMethods;
    LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                            *lppCryptAttributes;
                            *lppPINBlockAttributes;
    LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
    LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                            *lppKeyAttributes;
                            *lppDecryptAttributes;
    LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                            *lppVerifyAttributes;
} WFSPINCAPS, *LPWFSPINCAPS;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_key_detail
    LPSTR
                            lpsKeyName;
    WORD
                            fwUse;
    BOOT.
                            bLoaded;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxKeyBlockHeader;
} WFSPINKEYDETAIL, *LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL;
typedef struct wfs pin fdk
    ULONG
                            11 ] FDK:
    USHORT
                            usXPosition;
    USHORT
                            usYPosition;
} WFSPINFDK, *LPWFSPINFDK;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_func_key_detail
    ULONG
                            ulFuncMask;
    USHORT
                            usNumberFDKs;
    LPWFSPINFDK
                            *lppFDKs;
} WFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL, *LPWFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_key_detail_ex
    LPSTR
                            lpsKeyName;
    DWORD
                            dwUse;
    BYTE
                            bGeneration;
    BYTE
                            bVersion;
                            bActivatingDate[4];
    BYTE
    BYTE
                            bExpiryDate[4];
    BOOL
                            bLoaded;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxKeyBlockHeader;
} WFSPINKEYDETAILEX, *LPWFSPINKEYDETAILEX;
/* WFS INF PIN SECUREKEY DETAIL command key layout output structure */
typedef struct _wfs_pin_hex_keys
    USHORT
                            usXPos:
    USHORT
                            usYPos:
    IISHORT
                            usXSize:
    USHORT
                            usYSize;
    ULONG
                            ulFK;
    ULONG
                            ulShiftFK;
} WFSPINHEXKEYS, *LPWFSPINHEXKEYS;
/* WFS INF PIN SECUREKEY DETAIL command output structure */
typedef struct _wfs_pin_secure_key_detail
    WORD
                            fwKeyEntryMode;
    LPWFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL lpFuncKeyDetail;
    III.ONG
                            ulClearFDK;
    ULONG
                            ulCancelFDK;
    ULONG
                            ulBackspaceFDK;
    III.ONG
                            ulEnterFDK;
    WORD
                            wColumns;
    WORD
                            wRows;
```

```
LPWFSPINHEXKEYS
                         *lppHexKeys;
} WFSPINSECUREKEYDETAIL, *LPWFSPINSECUREKEYDETAIL;
/* WFS INF PIN PCIPTS DEVICE ID command output structure */
typedef struct wfs_pin_pcipts_deviceid
   LPSTR
                         lpszManufacturerIdentifier;
   LPSTR
                         lpszModelIdentifier;
   LPSTR
                         lpszHardwareIdentifier;
   LPSTR
                         lpszFirmwareIdentifier;
   LPSTR
                         lpszApplicationIdentifier;
} WFSPINPCIPTSDEVICEID, *LPWFSPINPCIPTSDEVICEID;
/* WFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO structure */
typedef struct wfs pin key block info
                         bKeyUsage[2];
   BYTE
                         bAlgorithm;
   BYTE
                         bModeOfUse;
                         bKeyVersionNumber[2];
   BYTE
                         bExportability;
                         lpxOptionalBlockHeader;
   LPWFSXDATA
   ULONG
                         ulKeyLength;
 WFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO, *LPWFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO;
/* WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL 340 command output structure */
typedef struct wfs pin key detail 340
   LPSTR
                         lpsKeyName;
                         dwUse;
   DWORD
                         bGeneration;
   BYTE
                         bActivatingDate[4];
   BYTE
                         bExpiryDate[4];
   DWORD
                         fwLoaded;
   LPWFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO
                        lpKeyBlockInfo;
 WFSPINKEYDETAIL340, *LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL340;
/* PIN Execute Command Structures */
/*=============*/
typedef struct wfs pin crypt
   WORD
                         wMode;
   LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxKeyEncKey;
   WORD
                         wAlgorithm;
   LPSTR
                         lpsStartValueKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxStartValue;
   BYTE
                         bPadding;
   BYTE
                         bCompression;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxCryptData;
} WFSPINCRYPT, *LPWFSPINCRYPT;
typedef struct wfs pin import
   LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
   LPSTR
                         lpsEncKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxIdent;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxValue;
} WFSPINIMPORT, *LPWFSPINIMPORT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_derive
   WORD
                         wDerivationAlgorithm;
   LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
                         lpsKeyGenKey;
   LPSTR
                         lpsStartValueKey;
```

```
LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxStartValue;
    BYTE
                            bPadding;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxInputData;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxIdent;
} WFSPINDERIVE, *LPWFSPINDERIVE;
typedef struct wfs pin getpin
    USHORT
                            usMinLen;
    USHORT
                           usMaxLen;
    BOOL
                           bAutoEnd;
                           cEcho;
    ULONG
                           ulActiveFDKs;
    ULONG
                           ulActiveKeys;
    ULONG
                            ulTerminateFDKs;
    III.ONG
                           ulTerminateKeys;
} WFSPINGETPIN, *LPWFSPINGETPIN;
typedef struct wfs pin entry
                            usDigits;
    USHORT
    WORD
                            wCompletion;
} WFSPINENTRY, *LPWFSPINENTRY;
typedef struct wfs pin local des
    LPSTR
                            lpsValidationData;
   LPSTR
                            lpsOffset;
    BYTE
                           bPadding;
    USHORT
                           usMaxPIN;
    USHORT
                            usValDigits;
    BOOL
                           bNoLeadingZero;
                            lpsKev;
    LPSTR
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKeyEncKey;
    LPSTR
                           lpsDecTable;
} WFSPINLOCALDES, *LPWFSPINLOCALDES;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_create_offset
    LPSTR
                            lpsValidationData;
    BYTE
                           bPadding;
    USHORT
                            usMaxPIN;
   USHORT
                            usValDigits;
    LPSTR
                            lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxKeyEncKey;
    LPSTR
                           lpsDecTable;
} WFSPINCREATEOFFSET, *LPWFSPINCREATEOFFSET;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_eurocheque
    LPSTR
                            lpsEurochequeData;
    LPSTR
                            lpsPVV;
    WORD
                            wFirstEncDigits;
    WORD
                           wFirstEncOffset;
    WORD
                           wPVVDigits;
    WORD
                            wPVVOffset;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxKeyEncKey;
    LPSTR
                            lpsDecTable;
} WFSPINLOCALEUROCHEQUE, *LPWFSPINLOCALEUROCHEQUE;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_visa
    LPSTR
                            lpsPAN;
    LPSTR
                            lpsPVV;
                            wPVVDigits;
    WORD
    LPSTR
                            lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKeyEncKey;
} WFSPINLOCALVISA, *LPWFSPINLOCALVISA;
```

```
typedef struct wfs pin presentidc
    WORD
                           wPresentAlgorithm;
    WORD
                           wChipProtocol;
    ULONG
                           ulChipDataLength;
    LPBYTE
                           lpbChipData;
    LPVOID
                           lpAlgorithmData;
} WFSPINPRESENTIDC, *LPWFSPINPRESENTIDC;
typedef struct wfs pin present result
    WORD
                           wChipProtocol;
    ULONG
                           ulChipDataLength;
    LPBYTE
                           lpbChipData;
} WFSPINPRESENTRESULT, *LPWFSPINPRESENTRESULT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_presentclear
    ULONG
                           ulPINPointer;
    USHORT
                           usPINOffset;
} WFSPINPRESENTCLEAR, *LPWFSPINPRESENTCLEAR;
typedef struct wfs pin block
    LPSTR
                           lpsCustomerData;
    LPSTR
                           lpsXORData;
    BYTE
                           bPadding;
    WORD
                           wFormat;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKeyEncKey;
} WFSPINBLOCK, *LPWFSPINBLOCK;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_block_ex
    LPSTR
                           lpsCustomerData;
    LPSTR
                           lpsXORData;
    BYTE
                           bPadding;
    DWORD
                           dwFormat;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKeyEncKey;
    DWORD
                           dwAlgorithm;
} WFSPINBLOCKEX, *LPWFSPINBLOCKEX;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_getdata
    USHORT
                           usMaxLen;
    BOOL
                           bAutoEnd;
    ULONG
                           ulActiveFDKs;
                           ulActiveKeys;
    ULONG
    ULONG
                           ulTerminateFDKs;
    ULONG
                           ulTerminateKeys;
} WFSPINGETDATA, *LPWFSPINGETDATA;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_key
    WORD
                           wCompletion;
    ULONG
                           ulDigit;
} WFSPINKEY, *LPWFSPINKEY;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_data
    USHORT
                           usKeys;
                           *lpPinKeys;
    LPWFSPINKEY
                           wCompletion;
} WFSPINDATA, *LPWFSPINDATA;
typedef struct wfs pin init
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxIdent;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKey;
```

```
} WFSPININIT, *LPWFSPININIT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_banksys
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxATMVAC;
} WFSPINLOCALBANKSYS, *LPWFSPINLOCALBANKSYS;
typedef struct wfs pin banksys io
   ULONG
                           ulLength;
   LPBYTE
                           lpbData;
} WFSPINBANKSYSIO, *LPWFSPINBANKSYSIO;
typedef struct wfs pin secure message
   WORD
                           wProtocol:
   ULONG
                           ullength;
   LPBYTE
                           lpbMsg;
} WFSPINSECMSG, *LPWFSPINSECMSG;
typedef struct wfs pin import key ex
                           lpsKey;
   LPSTR
   LPSTR
                           lpsEncKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxValue;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxControlVector;
   DWORD
                           dwUse;
   WORD
                          wKeyCheckMode;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKeyCheckValue;
} WFSPINIMPORTKEYEX, *LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYEX;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_enc_io
   WORD
                           wProtocol;
   ULONG
                           ulDataLength;
   LPVOID
                           lpvData;
} WFSPINENCIO, *LPWFSPINENCIO;
/* WFS CMD PIN SECUREKEY ENTRY command input structure */
typedef struct wfs pin secure key entry
    USHORT
                           usKeyLen;
   BOOL
                           bAutoEnd;
   ULONG
                           ulActiveFDKs;
   ULONG
                           ulActiveKeys;
   ULONG
                           ulTerminateFDKs;
   ULONG
                           ulTerminateKeys;
   WORD
                           wVerificationType;
} WFSPINSECUREKEYENTRY, *LPWFSPINSECUREKEYENTRY;
/* WFS CMD PIN SECUREKEY ENTRY command output structure */
typedef struct wfs_pin_secure_key_entry_out
   USHORT
                           usDigits;
                           wCompletion;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKCV;
} WFSPINSECUREKEYENTRYOUT, *LPWFSPINSECUREKEYENTRYOUT;
/* WFS_CDM_PIN_IMPORT_KEYBLOCK command input structure */
typedef struct wfs_pin_import_key_block
   LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
   LPSTR
                           lpsEncKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKeyBlock;
} WFSPINIMPORTKEYBLOCK, *LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYBLOCK;
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa public key
                           lpsKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxValue;
```

```
DWORD
                           dwUse;
   LPSTR
                           lpsSigKey;
                           dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
   DWORD
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY;
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa public key output
                 dwRSAKevCheckMode;
               lpxKeyCheckValue;
   LPWFSXDATA
WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin export rsa issuer signed item
    WORD
                           wExportItemType;
   LPSTR
                           lpsName;
} WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM, *LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM;
typedef struct wfs pin export rsa issuer signed item output
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxValue;
   DWORD
                           dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
} WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa signed des key
   LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
   LPSTR
                           lpsDecryptKey;
   DWORD
                           dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxValue;
   DWORD
                           dwUse;
   LPSTR
                          lpsSigKey;
   DWORD
                           dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY;
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa signed des key output
   WORD
                           wKeyLength;
   WORD
                           wKeyCheckMode;
                           lpxKeyCheckValue;
   LPWFSXDATA
} WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin generate rsa key
   LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
   DWORD
                           dwUse;
                           wModulusLength;
   WORD
                           wExponentValue;
} WFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR, *LPWFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR;
typedef struct wfs pin export rsa epp signed item
   WORD
                           wExportItemType;
   LPSTR
                           lpsName;
   LPSTR
                           lpsSigKey;
                           dwSignatureAlgorithm;
} WFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM, *LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_export_rsa_epp_signed item output
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxValue;
                           lpxSelfSignature;
   LPWFSXDATA
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
} WFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_load_certificate
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxLoadCertificate;
```

```
} WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATE;
typedef struct wfs pin load certificate output
                           lpxCertificateData;
WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin get certificate
                           wGetCertificate;
} WFSPINGETCERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATE;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_get_certificate output
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxCertificate;
WFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin replace certificate
                           lpxReplaceCertificate;
} WFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE;
typedef struct wfs pin replace certificate output
                           lpxNewCertificateData;
WFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATEOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin start key exchange
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxRandomItem;
} WFSPINSTARTKEYEXCHANGE, *LPWFSPINSTARTKEYEXCHANGE;
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa enciphered pkcs7 key
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxImportRSAKeyIn;
   LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
   DWORD
                           dwUse;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEY, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEY;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_enciphered pkcs7 key output
                           wKeyLength;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRSAData;
}WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin emv import public key
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
   DWORD
                           dwllse:
                           wImportScheme;
   WORD
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxImportData;
                           lpsSigKey;
} WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY, *LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY;
typedef struct wfs pin emv import public key output
                           lpsExpiryDate;
} WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_digest
   WORD
                          wHashAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxDigestInput;
} WFSPINDIGEST, *LPWFSPINDIGEST;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_digest_output
   T.PWFSXDATA
                          lpxDigestOutput;
} WFSPINDIGESTOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINDIGESTOUTPUT;
```

```
typedef struct wfs pin hsm init
   WORD
                          wInitMode:
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxOnlineTime;
} WFSPINHSMINIT, *LPWFSPINHSMINIT;
typedef struct wfs pin generate KCV
   LPSTR
                           lpsKev;
                           wKeyCheckMode;
} WFSPINGENERATEKCV, *LPWFSPINGENERATEKCV;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_kcv
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxKCV;
} WFSPINKCV, *LPWFSPINKCV;
typedef struct wfs pin set guidlight
                          wGuidLight;
   DWORD
                          dwCommand;
} WFSPINSETGUIDLIGHT, *LPWFSPINSETGUIDLIGHT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_maintain_pin
                          bMaintainPIN;
} WFSPINMAINTAINPIN, *LPWFSPINMAINTAINPIN;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_hsm_info
                           wHSMSerialNumber;
   LPSTR
                          lpsZKAID;
} WFSPINHSMINFO, *LPWFSPINHSMINFO;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_hsm_detail
                          wActiveLogicalHSM;
   LPWFSPINHSMINFO
                          *lppHSMInfo;
} WFSPINHSMDETAIL, *LPWFSPINHSMDETAIL;
typedef struct wfs pin hsm identifier
                          wHSMSerialNumber;
} WFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER, *LPWFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_power_save_control
   USHORT
                          usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
} WFSPINPOWERSAVECONTROL, *LPWFSPINPOWERSAVECONTROL;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_get_layout
                          dwEntryMode;
} WFSPINGETLAYOUT, *LPWFSPINGETLAYOUT;
typedef struct wfs pin fk
   USHORT
                          usXPos;
   USHORT
                          usYPos;
   USHORT
                          usXSize:
   USHORT
                          usYSize;
   WORD
                          wKeyType;
                         ulFK;
   ULONG
   ULONG
                          ulShiftFK;
} WFSPINFK, *LPWFSPINFK;
typedef struct wfs pin frame
   USHORT
                          usFrameXPos;
   USHORT
                          usFrameYPos;
```

```
USHORT
                           usFrameXSize;
   USHORT
                           usFrameYSize;
   WORD
                           wFloatAction;
   LPWFSPINFK
                           *lppFKs;
} WFSPINFRAME, *LPWFSPINFRAME;
typedef struct wfs pin layout
    DWORD
                           dwEntryMode;
   USHORT
                           usNumberOfFrames;
   LPWFSPINFRAME
                           *lppFrames;
} WFSPINLAYOUT, *LPWFSPINLAYOUT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_load_certificate_ex
    DWORD
                           dwLoadOption;
   DWORD
                           dwSigner;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxCertificateData;
WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEX, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEX;
typedef struct wfs pin load certificate ex output
   DWORD
                           dwRSAKeyCheckMode;
   T.PWFSYDATA
                           lpxRSAData;
WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEXOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEXOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa enciphered pkcs7 key ex
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxImportRSAKeyIn;
   LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
   DWORD
                           dwUse;
                           dwCRKLLoadOption;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEX, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEX;
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa enciphered pkcs7 key ex output
   WORD
                           wKeyLength;
   DWORD
                           dwRSAKeyCheckMode;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRSAData;
   WORD
                           wKeyCheckMode;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKeyCheckValue;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEXOUTPUT,
*LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEXOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin start authenticate
   DWORD
                           dwCommandID;
   LPVOID
                           lpvInputData;
} WFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATE, *LPWFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATE;
typedef struct wfs pin start authenticate out
   HRESULT
                           hInternalCmdResult;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxDataToSign;
                           dwSigners;
} WFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATEOUT, *LPWFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATEOUT;
typedef struct wfs pin authenticate
   DWORD
                           dwSigner;
   LPSTR
                           lpsSigKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignedData;
   DWORD
                           dwCommandID;
                           lpvInputData;
} WFSPINAUTHENTICATE, *LPWFSPINAUTHENTICATE;
typedef struct wfs pin authenticate out
   HRESULT
                           hInternalCmdResult;
   DWORD
                           dwCommandID;
```

```
LPVOID
                         lpvOutputData;
} WFSPINAUTHENTICATEOUT, *LPWFSPINAUTHENTICATEOUT;
typedef struct wfs pin synchronize command
   DWORD
                         dwCommand;
   T.PVOTD
                         lpCmdData;
} WFSPINSYNCHRONIZECOMMAND, *LPWFSPINSYNCHRONIZECOMMAND;
typedef struct wfs pin crypt 340
   LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
   LPSTR
                         lpsStartValueKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxStartValue;
                         bPadding;
   BYTE
                         bCompression;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxCryptData;
                       lpxVerifyData;
   LPWFSXDATA
   LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                         lpCryptAttributes;
} WFSPINCRYPT340, *LPWFSPINCRYPT340;
typedef struct wfs pin block 340
   LPSTR
                         lpsCustomerData;
   LPSTR
                         lpsXORData;
                         bPadding;
   DWORD
                         dwFormat;
                         lpsKey;
   LPSTR
   LPSTR
                         lpsSecondEncKey;
   LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                         lpPINBlockAttributes;
 WFSPINBLOCK340, *LPWFSPINBLOCK340;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_key_340
   LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
   LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                         lpKeyAttributes;
                         lpxValue;
   T.PSTR
                         lpsDecryptKey;
                         dwDecryptMethod;
   DWORD
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxVerificationData;
   LPSTR
                        lpsVerifyKey;
   LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                         lpVerifyAttributes;
                         lpxVendorAttributes;
WFSPINIMPORTKEY340, *LPWFSPINIMPORTKEY340;
typedef struct wfs pin import key 340 out
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxVerificationData;
                         lpVerifyAttributes;
   LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                         ulKeyLength;
WFSPINIMPORTKEY340OUT, *LPWFSPINIMPORTKEY340OUT;
/*_____*/
/* PIN Message Structures */
/*-----*/
typedef struct wfs pin access
   LPSTR
                         lpsKeyName;
   LONG
                         lErrorCode;
} WFSPINACCESS, *LPWFSPINACCESS;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_device_position
                         wPosition:
} WFSPINDEVICEPOSITION, *LPWFSPINDEVICEPOSITION;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_power_save_change
```

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## 8. Appendix-A

This section provides extended explanation of concepts and functionality needing further clarification. The terminology as described below is used within the following sections.

Definitions and Abbreviations				
ATM	Automated Teller Machine, used here for any type of self-service terminal, regardless whether it actually dispenses cash			
CA	Certificate Authority			
Certificate	A data structure that contains a public key and a name that allows certification of a public key belonging to a specific individual. This is certified using digital signatures.			
Host	The remote system that an ATM communicates with.			
KTK	Key Transport Key			
PKI	Public Key Infrastructure			
Private Key	That key of an entity's key pair that should only be used by that entity.			
Public Key	That key of an entity's key pair that can be made public.			
Symmetric Key	A key used with symmetric cryptography			
Verification Key	A key that is used to verify the validity of a certificate			
SignatureIssuer	An entity that signs the ATM's public key at production time, may be the ATM manufacturer			

Notation of Cryptogr	raphic Items and Functions		
SKE	The private key belonging to entity E		
PK <sub>E</sub>	The public belonging to entity E		
SK <sub>ATM</sub>	The private key belonging to the ATM/PIN		
PK <sub>ATM</sub>	The public key belonging to the ATM/PIN		
SK <sub>HOST</sub>	The private key belonging to the Host		
PK <sub>HOST</sub>	The public key belonging to the Host		
SK <sub>SI</sub>	The private key belonging to Signature Issuer		
PK <sub>SI</sub>	The public key belonging to Signature Issuer		
SK <sub>ROOT</sub>	The root private key belonging to the Host		
PK <sub>ROOT</sub>	The root public key belonging to the Host		
K <sub>NAME</sub>	A symmetric key		
Cert <sub>HOST</sub>	A Certificate that contains the public verification of the host and is signed by a		
	trusted Certificate Authority.		
Certatm	A Certificate that contains the ATM/PIN public verification or encipherment key,		
	which is signed by a trusted Certificate Authority.		
Cert <sub>CA</sub>	The Certificate of a new Certificate Authority		
R <sub>ATM</sub>	Random Number of the ATM/PIN		
I <sub>HOST</sub>	Identifier of the Host		
Кктк	Key Transport Key		
RHOST	Random number of the Host		
I <sub>ATM</sub>	Identifier of the ATM/PIN		
TPATM	Thumb Print of the ATM/PIN		
Sign(SK <sub>E</sub> )[D]	The signing of data block D, using the private key SK <sub>E</sub>		
Recover(PKE)[S]	The recovery of the data block D from the signature S, using the private key PK <sub>E</sub>		
RSACrypt(PKE)[D]	RSA Encryption of the data block D using the public key PK <sub>E</sub>		
Hash [M]	Hashing of a message M of arbitrary length to a 20 Byte hash value		
Des(K) [D]	DES encipherment of an 8 byte data block D using the secret key K		
Des <sup>-1</sup> (K)[D]	DES decipherment of an 8 byte data block D using the 8 byte secret key K		
Des3(K)[D]	Triple DES encipherment of an 8 byte data block D using the 16 byte secret key K =		
	$(K_L \parallel K_R)$ , equivalent to $Des(K_L)$ [ $Des^{-1}(K_R)$ [ $Des(K_L)$ [ $D$ ] ]		
Des3-1 (K) [D]	Triple DES decipherment of an 8 byte data block D using the 16 byte secret key I		
	$(K_L \parallel K_R)$ , equivalent to Des <sup>-1</sup> $(K_L)$ [ Des $(K_R)$ [ Des <sup>-1</sup> $(K_L)$ [D] ] ]		
RndE	A random number created by entity E		
UIE	Unique Identifier for entity E		
$(A \parallel B)$	Concatenation of A and B		

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### 8.1 Remote Key Loading Using Signatures

### 8.1.1 RSA Data Authentication and Digital Signatures

Digital signatures rely on a public key infrastructure (PKI). The PKI model involves an entity, such as a Host, having a pair of encryption keys – one private, one public. These keys work in consort to encrypt, decrypt and authenticate data. One way authentication occurs is through the application of a digital signature. For example:

- 1. The Host creates some data that it would like to digitally sign;
- 2. Host runs the data through a hashing algorithm to produce a hash or digest of the data. The digest is unique to every block of data a digital fingerprint of the data, much smaller and therefore more economical to encrypt than the data itself.
- 3. Digest is encrypted with the Host's private key.

This is the digital signature – a data block digest encrypted with the private key. The Host then sends the following to the ATM:

- 1. Data block.
- 2. Digital signature.
- 3. Host's public key.

To validate the signature, the ATM performs the following:

- 1. ATM runs data through the standard hashing algorithm the same one used by the Host to produce a digest of the data received. Consider this digest<sub>2</sub>;
- 2. ATM uses the Host's public key to decrypt the digital signature. The digital signature was produced using the Host's private key to encrypt the data digest; therefore, when decrypted with the Host's public key it produces the same digest. Consider this digest<sub>1</sub>. Incidentally, no other public key in the world would work to decrypt digest<sub>1</sub> only the public key corresponding to the signing private key.
- 3. ATM compares digest<sub>1</sub> with digest<sub>2</sub>.

If digest<sub>1</sub> matches digest<sub>2</sub> exactly, the ATM has confirmed the following:

- Data was not tampered with in transit. Changing a single bit in the data sent from the Host to the ATM would cause digest<sub>2</sub> to be different than digest<sub>1</sub>. Every data block has a unique digest; therefore, an altered data block is detected by the ATM.
- Public key used to decrypt the digital signature corresponds to the private key used to create it. No other
  public key could possibly work to decrypt the digital signature, so the ATM was not handed someone
  else's public key.

This gives an overview of how Digital Signatures can be used in Data Authentication. In particular, Signatures can be used to validate and securely install Encryption Keys. The following section describes Key Exchange and the use of Digital signatures.

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### 8.1.2 RSA Secure Key Exchange using Digital Signatures

In summary, both end points, the ATM and the Host, inform each other of their Public Keys. This information is then used to securely send the PIN device Master Key to the ATM. A trusted third party, the Signature Issuer, is used to generate the signatures for the Public keys of each end point, ensuring their validity.

The detail of this is as follows:

Purpose: The Host wishes to install a new master key (K<sub>M</sub>) on the ATM securely.

#### Assumptions:

- 1. The Host has obtained the Public Key (PK<sub>SI</sub>) from the Signature Issuer.
- 2. The Host has provided the Signature Issuer with its Public Key (PK<sub>HOST</sub>), and receives the corresponding signature Sign(SK<sub>SI</sub>)[ PK<sub>HOST</sub>]. The Signature Issuer uses its own Private Key (SK<sub>SI</sub>) to create this signature.
- 3. In the case where Enhanced Remote Key Loading is used, the host has provided the Signature Issuer with its Public Key ( $PK_{ROOT}$ ), and receives the corresponding signature  $Sign(SK_{SI})[PK_{ROOT}]$ . The host has generated another key pair  $PK_{HOST}$  and  $SK_{HOST}$  and signs the  $PK_{HOST}$  with the  $SK_{ROOT}$ .
- 4. (Optional) The host obtains a list of the valid PIN device's Unique Identifiers. The Signature Issuer installs a Signature Sign( $SK_{SI}$ )[  $UI_{ATM}$ ] for the Unique Id ( $UI_{ATM}$ ) on the ATM PIN. The Signature Issuer uses  $SK_{SI}$  to do this.
- 5. The Signature Issuer installs its Public Key ( $PK_{SI}$ ) on the ATM PIN. It also derives and installs the Signature Sign( $SK_{SI}$ )[ $PK_{ATM}$ ] of the ATM PIN's Public Key ( $PK_{ATM}$ ) on the ATM PIN. The Signature Issuer uses  $SK_{SI}$  to do this.
- 6. The ATM PIN device additionally contains its own Public (PK<sub>ATM</sub>) and Private Key (SK<sub>ATM</sub>).

#### Step 1

The ATM PIN sends its Public Key to the Host in a secure structure:

The ATM PIN sends its ATM Public Key with its associated Signature. When the Host receives this information it will use the Signature Issuer's Public Key to validate the signature and obtain the ATM Public Key.

The XFS command used to export the PIN public key securely as described above is WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_EXPORT\_RSA\_ISSUER\_SIGNED\_ITEM.

#### Step 2 (Optional)

The Host verifies that the key it has just received is from a valid sender.

It does this by obtaining the PIN device unique identifier. The ATM PIN sends its Unique Identifier with its associated Signature. When the Host receives this information it will use the Signature Issuer's Public Key to validate the signature and retrieve the PIN Unique Identifier. It can then check this against the list it received from the Signature Issuer.

The XFS command used to export the PIN Unique Identifier is WFS CMD PIN EXPORT RSA ISSUER SIGNED ITEM.

#### Step 3 (Enhanced Remote Key Loading only)

The Host sends its root public key to the ATM PIN:

The Host sends its Root Public Key ( $PK_{ROOT}$ ) and associated Signature. The ATM PIN verifies the signature using  $PK_{SI}$  and stores the key.

The XFS command used to import the host root public key securely as described above is WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_PUBLIC\_KEY.

#### Step 4

The Host sends its public key to the ATM PIN:

The Host sends its Public Key ( $PK_{HOST}$ ) and associated Signature. The ATM PIN verifies the signature using  $PK_{SI}$  (or  $PK_{ROOT}$  in the Enhanced Remote Key Loading Scheme) and stores the key.

The XFS command used to import the host public key securely as described above is WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA PUBLIC KEY.

#### Step 5

The ATM PIN receives its Master Key from the Host:

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The Host encrypts the Master Key ( $K_M$ ) with  $PK_{ATM}$ . A signature for this is then created using  $SK_{HOST}$ . The ATM PIN will then validate the signature using  $PK_{HOST}$  and then obtain the master key by decrypting using  $SK_{ATM}$ .

The XFS commands used to exchange master symmetric keys as described above are:

- WFS CMD PIN START KEY EXCHANGE
- WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA SIGNED DES KEY

#### Step 6 – Alternative including random number

The host requests the ATM PIN to begin the DES key transfer process and generate a random number.

The Host encrypts the Master Key  $(K_M)$  with  $PK_{ATM}$ . A signature for the random number and encrypted key is then created using  $SK_{HOST}$ .

The ATM PIN will then validate the signature using  $PK_{HOST}$ , verify the random number and then obtain the master key by decrypting using  $SK_{ATM}$ .

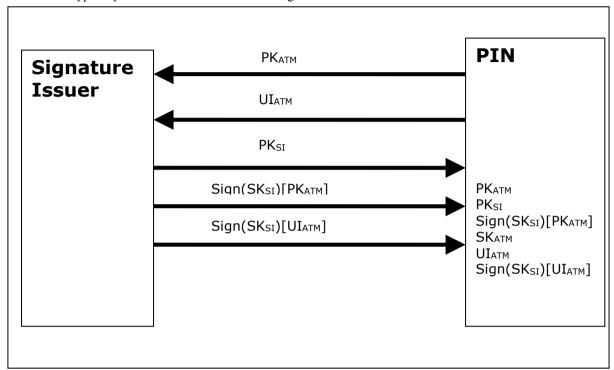
The XFS commands used to exchange master symmetric keys as described above are:

- WFS CMD PIN START KEY EXCHANGE
- WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_SIGNED\_DES\_KEY

The following diagrams summaries the key exchange process described above:

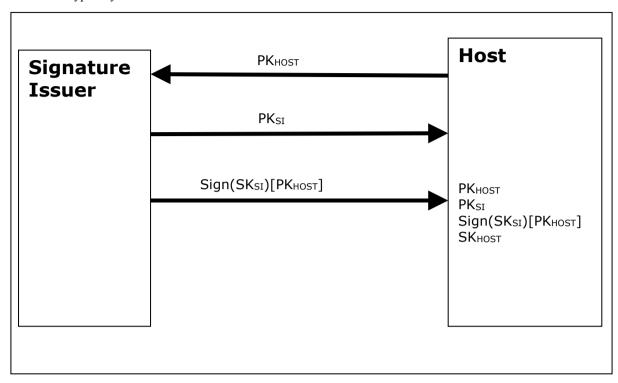
### 8.1.3 Initialization Phase – Signature Issuer and ATM PIN

This would typically occur in a secure manufacturing environment.



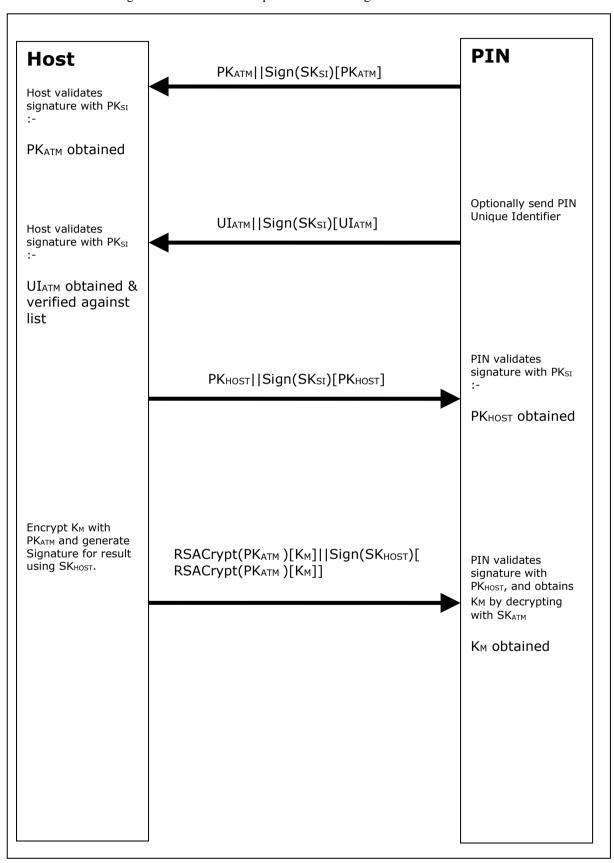
### 8.1.4 Initialization Phase – Signature Issuer and Host

This would typically occur in a secure offline environment.



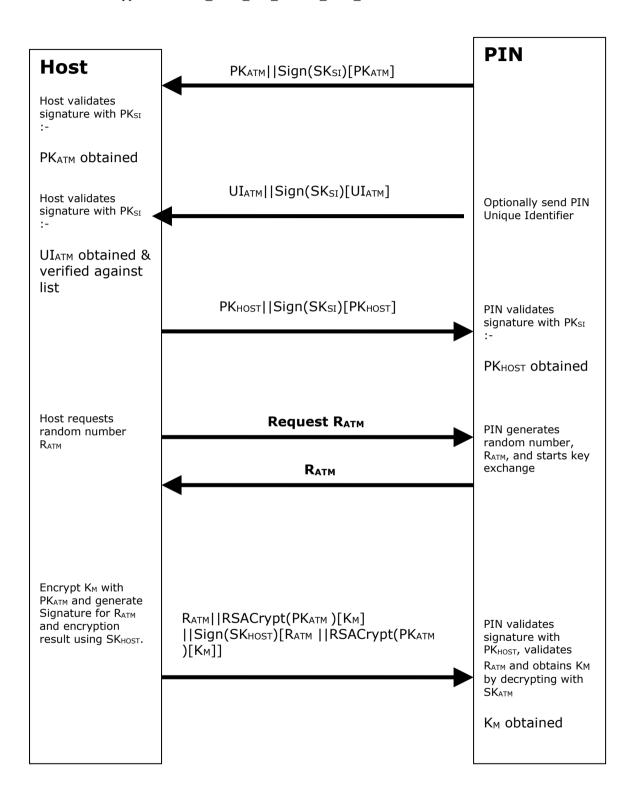
### 8.1.5 Key Exchange – Host and ATM PIN

This following is a typical interaction for the exchange of the initial symmetric master key in a typical ATM Network. The following is the recommended sequence of interchanges.



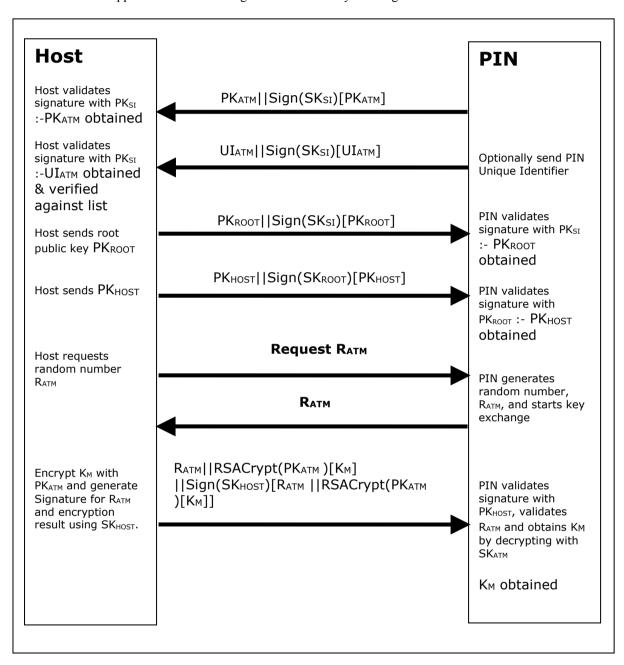
### 8.1.6 Key Exchange (with random number) - Host and ATM PIN

This following is a typical interaction for the exchange of the initial symmetric master key when the PIN device and Service Provider supports the WFS CMD PIN START KEY EXCHANGE command.



### 8.1.7 Enhanced RKL, Key Exchange (with random number) – Host and ATM PIN

This following is a typical interaction for the exchange of the initial symmetric master key when the PIN device and Service Provider supports the Enhanced Signature Remote Key Loading scheme.



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### 8.1.8 Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture

Several keys and a security item which are mandatory for the 2 party/Signature authentication scheme are installed during manufacture. These items are given fixed names so multi-vendor applications can be developed without the need for vendor specific configuration tools.

Item Name	Item Type	Signed by	Description
"_SigIssuerVendor"	Public Key	N/A	The public key of the signature issuer, i.e. PK <sub>SI</sub>
"_EPPCryptKey"	Public/Private key-pair	The private key associated with _SigIssuerVendor	The key-pair used to encrypt and decrypt the symmetric key, i.e. SK <sub>ATM</sub> and PK <sub>ATM</sub> . The public key is used for encryption by the host and the private for decryption by the EPP.

In addition the following optional keys can be loaded during manufacture.

Item Name	Item Type	Signed by	Description
"_EPPSignKey"	Public/Private	The private key	A key-pair where the private key
	key-pair	associated with	is used to sign data, e.g. other
		_SigIssuerVendor	generated key pairs.

### 8.2 Remote Key Loading Using Certificates

The following sections demonstrate the proper usage of the CEN PIN interface to accomplish Remote Key Loading using Certificates. Beginning with Section 8.2.5, there are sequence diagrams to demonstrate how the CEN PIN interface can be used to complete each of the TR34 operations.

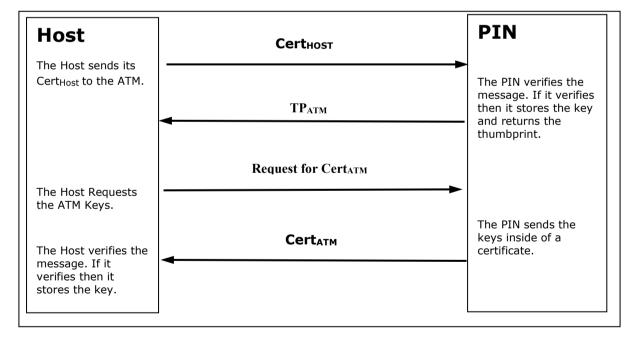
### 8.2.1 Certificate Exchange and Authentication

In summary, both end points, the ATM and the Host, inform each other of their Public Keys. This information is then used to securely send the PIN device Master Key to the ATM. A trusted third party, Certificate Authority (or a HOST if it becomes the new CA), is used to generate the certificates for the Public Keys of each end point, ensuring their validity. NOTE: The WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOAD\_CERTIFICATE and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_CERTIFICATE do not necessarily need to be called in the order below. This way though is the recommend way.

The following flow is how the exchange authentication takes place:

- WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOAD\_CERTIFICATE is called. In this message contains the host certificate, which
  has been signed by the trusted CA. The encryptor uses the Public Key of the CA (loaded at the time of
  production) to verify the validity of the certificate. If the certificate is valid, the encryptor stores the
  HOST's Public Verification Key.
- Next, WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_CERTIFICATE is called. The encryptor then sends a message that contains a certificate, which is signed by the CA and is sent to the HOST. The HOST uses the Public Key from the CA to verify the certificate. If valid then the HOST stores the encryptor's verification or encryption key (primary or secondary this depends on the state of the encryptor).

The following diagram shows how the Host and ATM Load and Get each other's information to make Remote Key Loading possible:

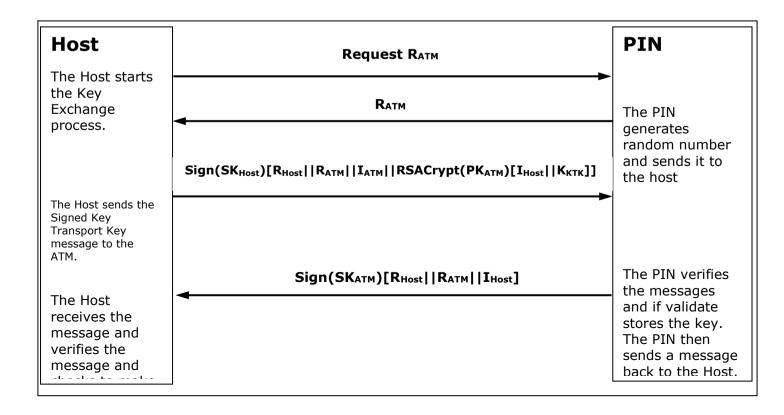


### 8.2.2 Remote Key Exchange

After the above has been completed, the HOST is ready to load the key into the encryptor. The following is done to complete this and the application must complete the Remote Key Exchange in this order:

- 1. First, the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_KEY\_EXCHANGE is called. This returns R<sub>ATM</sub> from the encryptor to be used in the authenticating the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_ENCHIPERED\_PKCS7\_KEY message.
- 2. Next, WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_ENCIPHERED\_PKCS7\_KEY is called. This command sends down the KTK to the encryptor. The following items below show how this is accomplished.
  - a) HOST has obtained a Key Transport Key and wants to transfer it to the encryptor. HOST constructs a key block containing an identifier of the HOST, I<sub>HOST</sub>, and the key, K<sub>KTK</sub>, and enciphers the block, using the encryptor's Public Encryption Key from the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET CERTIFICATE command.
  - b) After completing the above, the HOST generates random data and builds the outer message containing the random number of the host, R<sub>HOST</sub>, the random number of the encryptor returned in the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_KEY\_EXCHANGE command, R<sub>ATM</sub>, the identifier of the encryptor, I<sub>ENC</sub>, and the enciphered key block. The HOST signs the whole block using its private signature key and sends the message down to the encryptor.
    - The encryptor then verifies the HOST's signature on the message by using the HOST's Public Verification Key. Then the encryptor checks the identifier and the random number of the encryptor passed in the message to make sure that the encryptor is talking to the right HOST. The encryptor then deciphers the enciphered block using its private verification key. After the message has been deciphered, the encryptor checks the Identifier of the HOST. Finally, if everything checks out to this point the encryptor will load the Key Transport Key. NOTE: If one step of this verification occurs the encryptor will return the proper error to the HOST.
  - c) After the Key Transport Key has been accepted, the encryptor constructs a message that contains the random number of the host, the random number of the encryptor and the HOST identifier all signed by the private signature key of the encryptor. This message is sent to the host.
  - d) The HOST verifies the message sent from the encryptor by using the ATM's public verification key. The HOST then checks the identifier of the host and then compares the identifier in the message with the one stored in the HOST. Then checks the random number sent in the message and to the one stored in the HOST. The HOST finally checks the encryptor's random number with the one received in received in the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_START\_KEY\_EXCHANGE command.

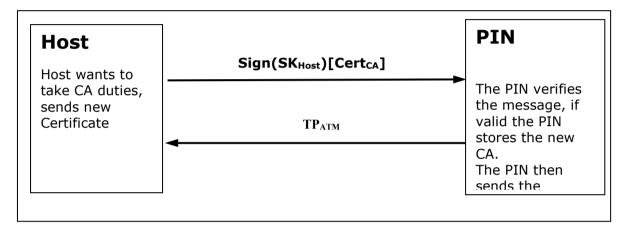
The following diagram below shows how the Host and ATM transmit the Key Transport Key.



### 8.2.3 Replace Certificate

After the key is been loaded into the encryptor, the following could be completed:

• (Optional) WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_REPLACE\_CERTIFICATE. This is called by entity that would like to take over the job of being the CA. The new CA requests a Certificate from the previous Certificate Authority. The HOST must over-sign the message to take over the role of the CA to ensure that the encryptor accepts the new Certificate Authority. The HOST sends the message to the encryptor. The encryptor uses the HOST's Public Verification Key to verify the HOST's signature. The encryptor uses the previous CA's Public Verification Key to verify the signature on the new Certificate sent down in the message. If valid, the EPP stores the new CA's certificate and uses the new CA's Public Verification Key as its new CA verification key. The diagram below shows how the Host and the ATM communicate to load the new CA.



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### 8.2.4 Primary and Secondary Certificates

Primary and Secondary Certificates for both the Public Verification Key and Public Encipherment Key are preloaded into the encryptor. Primary Certificates will be used until told otherwise by the HOST via the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOAD\_CERTIFICATE or WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_REPLACE\_CERTIFICATE commands. This change in state will be specified in the PKCS #7 message of the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_LOAD\_CERTIFICATE or WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_REPLACE\_CERTIFICATE commands. The reason why the HOST would want to change states is because the HOST thinks that the Primary Certificates have been compromised.

After the HOST tells the encryptor to shift to the secondary certificate state, only Secondary Certificates can be used. The encryptor will no longer be able to go back to the Primary State and any attempts from the HOST to get or load a Primary Certificate will return an error. When either Primary or Secondary certificates are compromised it is up to the vendor on how the encryptor should be handled with the manufacturer.

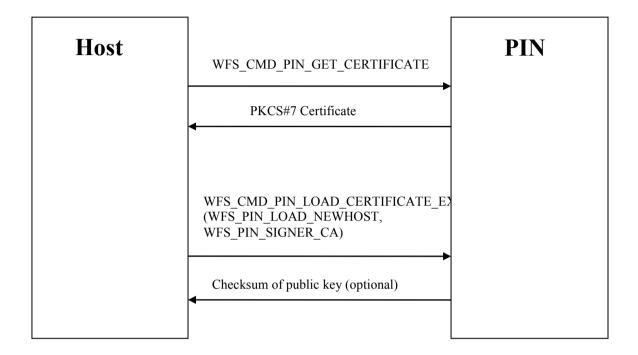
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### 8.2.5 TR34 BIND To Host

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 BIND token as defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

This step is a pre-requisite for all other TR34 operations. The PIN device must be bound to a host before any other TR34 operation will succeed.

It is recommended that the encryption certificate retrieved during this process is stored for future use otherwise it will need to be requested prior to every operation.



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## 8.2.6 TR34 Key Transport

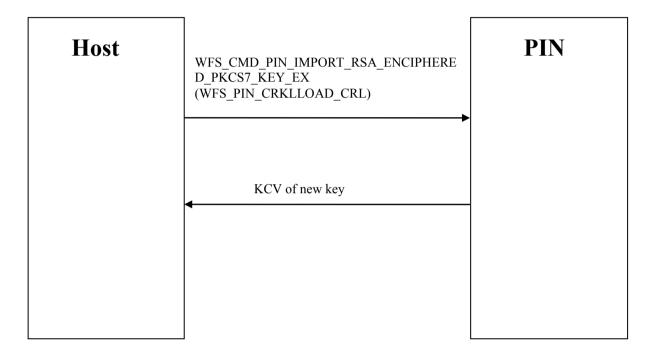
There are two mechanisms that can be used to transport symmetric keys under TR34; these are the One Pass and Two Pass protocols. The use of CEN commands for these two protocols are shown in the following sections.

NOTE: Refer to dwCRKLLoadOptions in the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_CAPABILITIES output structure for an indication of whether the PIN device supports one-pass and/or two-pass protocols.

#### 8.2.6.1 One Pass

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 KEY token (1-pass) as defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

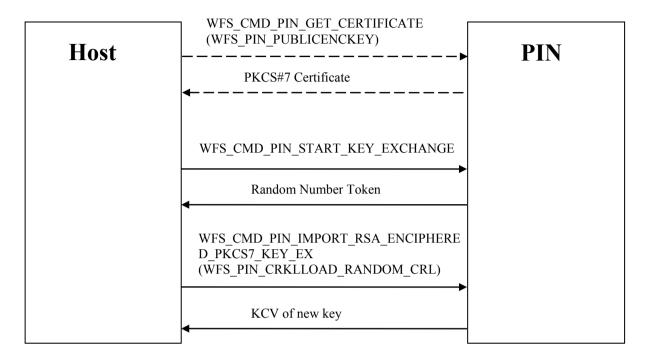
Pre-condition: A successful BIND command has completed such that the PIN device is bound to the host.



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#### 8.2.6.2 Two Pass

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 KEY token (2-pass) as defined in reference [n]. Pre-condition: A successful BIND command has completed such that the PIN device is bound to the host.



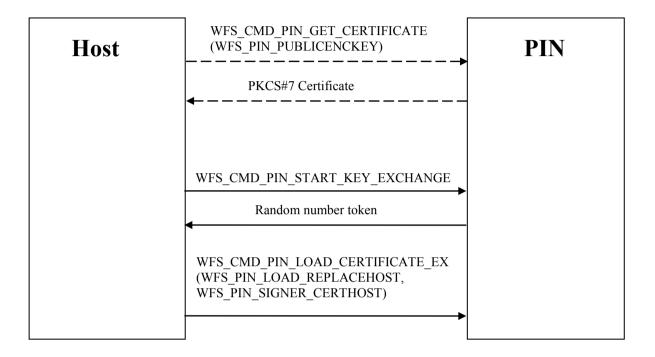
NB: Dotted lines represent commands that are only required if the PIN device encryption certificate has not been previously stored by the host.

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## 8.2.7 TR34 REBIND To New Host

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 REBIND token as defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

Pre-condition: A successful BIND command has completed such that the PIN device is bound to the host.



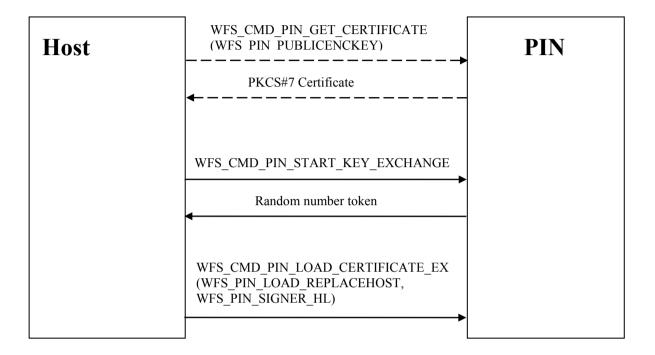
NB: Dotted lines represent commands that are only required if the PIN device encryption certificate has not been previously stored by the host.

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## 8.2.8 TR34 Force REBIND To New Host

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 Force REBIND token as defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

Pre-condition: A successful BIND command has completed such that the PIN device is bound to the host.



### NB:

Dotted lines represent commands that are only required if the PIN device encryption certificate has not been previously stored by the host.

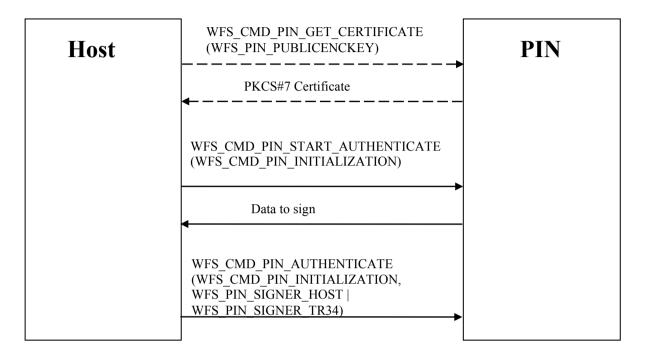
Although the random number token is requested as part of this operation, it is discarded by the host and is not actually used in the Force Rebind token.

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### 8.2.9 TR34 UNBIND From Host

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 UNBIND token as defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

Pre-condition: A successful BIND command has completed such that the PIN device is bound to the host.



#### NB:

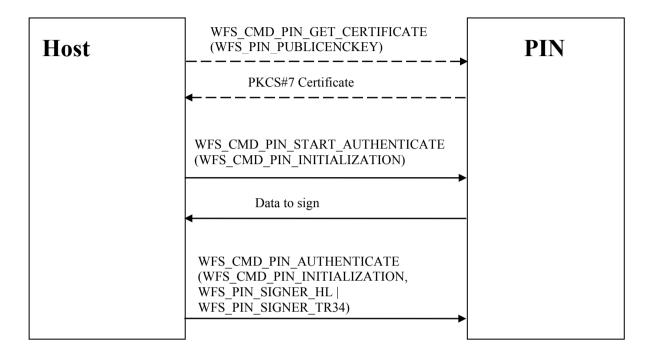
Dotted lines represent commands that are only required if the PIN device encryption certificate has not been previously stored by the host.

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### 8.2.10 TR34 Force UNBIND From Host

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 Force UNBIND token as defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

Pre-condition: A successful BIND command has completed such that the PIN device is bound to the host.



### NB:

Dotted lines represent commands that are only required if the PIN device encryption certificate has not been previously stored by the host.

Although the random number token is requested as part of this operation, it is discarded by the host and is not actually used in the Force Unbind token.

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### 8.3 German ZKA GeldKarte (Deutsche Kreditwirtschaft)

The PIN service is able to handle the German "Geldkarte", which is an electronic purse specified by the <u>DK</u> (Deutsche Kreditwirtschaft) formerly known as the ZKA (Zentraler Kreditausschuß), protocol.

For anyone attempting to write an application that handles this type of chip card, it is essential to read and understand the ZKA specifications see [Ref 17], [Ref 6] and [Ref 7].

## 8.3.1 How to use the SECURE\_MSG commands

This is to describe how an application should use the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE commands for transactions involving chipcards with a German ZKA GeldKarte chip.

- Applications must call SECURE\_MSG\_SEND for every command they send to the chip or to a host system, including those commands that do not actually require secure messaging. This enables the Service Provider to remember security-relevant data that may be needed or checked later in the transaction.
- Applications must pass a complete message as input to SECURE\_MSG\_SEND, with all fields including
  those that will be filled by the Service Provider being present in the correct length. All fields that are not
  filled by the Service Provider must be filled with the ultimate values in order to enable MACing by the
  Service Provider.
- Every command SECURE\_MSG\_SEND that an application issues must be followed by exactly one
  command SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE that informs the Service Provider about the response from the chip
  or host. If no response is received (timeout or communication failure) the application must issue a
  SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE command with lpSecMsgIn->lpbMsg = NULL to inform the Service Provider
  about this fact.
- If a system is restarted after a SECURE\_MSG\_SEND was issued to the Service Provider but before the SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE was issued, the restart has the same effect as a SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE command with *lpSecMsgIn->lpbMsg = NULL*.
- Between a SECURE\_MSG\_SEND and the corresponding SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE no SECURE\_MSG\_SEND with the same *lpSecMsgIn->wProtocol* must be issued. Other WFS\_CMD\_PIN... commands including SECURE\_MSG\_SEND / RECEIVE with different *wProtocol* may be used.

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## 8.3.2 Protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTISOAS

This protocol handles ISO8583 messages between an ATM and an authorization system (AS).

Only messages in the new ISO format, with new PAC/MAC-format using session keys and Triple-DES are supported.

Authorization messages may be used to dispense the amount authorized in cash or to load the amount into an electronic purse (GeldKarte).

For loading a GeldKarte the only type of authorization supported is a transaction originating from track 3 of a German ec-card (message types 0200/0210 for authorization and 0400/0410 for reversal).

For dispensing cash, transactions originating from international cards (message types 0100/0110 and 0400/0410) are supported as well.

The following bitmap positions are filled by the Service Provider:

- BMP11 Trace-Nummer
- BMP52 PAC
- BMP57 Verschlüsselungsparameter (only the challenge values RND<sub>MES</sub> and RND<sub>PAC</sub>)
- BMP64 MAC

These bitmaps have to be present and the corresponding flag has to be set in the primary bitmap when the ISO message is passed to the HSM.

The following bitmap positions are checked by the Service Provider and have to be filled by the application:

- Nachrichtentyp
- BMP3 Abwicklungskennzeichen (only for GeldKarte, not for cash)
- BMP4 Transaktionsbetrag (only for GeldKarte, not for cash)
- BMP41 Terminal-ID
- BMP42 Betreiber-BLZ

For additional documentation of authorization messages see [Ref. 27] – [Ref. 30].

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## 8.3.3 Protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTISOLZ

This protocol handles ISO8583 messages between a "Ladeterminal" and a "Ladezentrale" (LZ).

Only messages in the new ISO format, with new MAC-format using session keys and Triple-DES are supported.

Both types of GeldKarte chip (type 0 = DEM, type 1 = EUR) are supported.

The following bitmap positions are filled by the Service Provider:

- BMP11: Trace-Nummer
- BMP57: Verschlüsselungsparameter (only the challenge value RNDMES)
- BMP64: MAC

These bitmaps have to be present and the corresponding flag has to be set in the primary bitmap when the ISO message is passed to the HSM.

The following bitmap positions are checked by the Service Provider and have to be filled by the application:

- Nachrichtentyp
- BMP3: Abwicklungskennzeichen
- BMP4: Transaktionsbetrag
- BMP12: Uhrzeit
- BMP13: Datum
- BMP25: Konditionscode
- BMP41: Terminal-ID
- BMP42: Betreiber-BLZ (caution: "Ladeentgelt" also in BMP42 is not set by the EPP)
- BMP61: Online-Zeitpunkt
- BMP62: Chipdaten

The following bitmap positions are only checked if they are available:

- BMP43: Standort
- BMP60: Kontodaten Ladeterminal

For a documentation of the Ladezentrale interface see [Ref. 31].

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## 8.3.4 Protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTISOPS

This protocol handles ISO8583 messages between a terminal and a "Personalisierungsstelle" (PS). These messages are about OPT.

The Service Provider creates the whole message with WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND, including message type and bitmap.

For a documentation of the Personalisierungsstelle interface see [Ref. 7].

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## 8.3.5 Protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTCHIPZKA

This protocol is intended to handle messages between the application and a GeldKarte.

Both types of GeldKarte are supported.

Both types of load transactions ("Laden vom Kartenkonto" and "Laden gegen andere Zahlungsmittel") are supported.

See the chapter "Command Sequence" below for the actions that Service Providers take for the various chip card commands.

Only the command APDUs to and the response APDUs from the chip must be passed to the Service Provider, the ATR (answer to reset) data from the chip is not passed to the Service Provider.

For a documentation of the chip commands used to load a GeldKarte see [Ref. 31].

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## 8.3.6 Protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTRAWDATA

This protocol is intended for vendor-specific purposes. Generally the use of this protocol is not recommended and should be restricted to issues that are impossible to handle otherwise.

For example a HSM that requires vendor-specific, cryptographically secured data formats for importing keys or terminal data may use this protocol.

Application programmers should be aware that the use of this command may prevent their applications from running on different hardware.

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## 8.3.7 Protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTPBM

This protocol handles host messages between a terminal and a host system, as specified by PBM protocol.

For documentation of this protocol see [Ref. 8] – [Ref. 13].

Some additions are defined to the PBM protocol in order to satisfy the German ZKA 3.0 PAC/MAC standard. See [Ref. 14].

The commands WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE handle the PAC and MAC in the VARDATA 'K' or 'Q' subfield of transactions records and responses. The MAC in the traditional MACODE field is not affected.

In order to enable the Service Provider to understand the messages, the application must provide the messages according to the following rules:

- All alphanumeric fields must be coded in EBCDIC.
- Pre-Edit (padding and blank compression) must not be done by the application. The Service Provider will
  check the MACMODE field and will perform the pre-edit according to what the MACMODE field
  intends.
- In order to enable the Service Provider to find the vardata subfield 'K' or 'Q', it must be included in the message by the application, with the indicator 'K' or 'Q' and its length set.
- Because CARDDATA (track 2) and T3DATA (track 3) fields always take part in the MAC computation
  for a transaction record, these fields must be included in the message, even if they already have been sent
  to the host in a previous transaction record and the CI-Option SHORTREC prevents them from being sent
  again.

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## 8.3.8 Protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTHSMLDI

With this protocol an application can request information about the personalized OPT groups.

The information returned consists of personalization record like in BMP62 of an OPT response but without MAC.

Data format:

```
XX XX VV - group ID and version number (BCD format)
XX - number of LDIs within the group (BCD format)
...
first LDI of the group
...
last LDI of the group
XX XX VV - group ID and version number (BCD format)
...
etc. for several groups
```

Each LDI consists of:

NN Number of the LDI
00 Alg. Code
LL Length of the following data
XX...XX data of the LDI

For each group ID the Service Provider must always return the standard LDI. LDI 01 must also be returned for groups AF XX VV. Further LDIs can be returned optionally.

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### 8.3.9 Protocol WFS PIN PROTGENAS

This protocol provides the capability to create a PAC (encrypted PIN block) and to create and verify a MAC for a proprietary message. As the Service Provider does not know the message format, it cannot complete the message by adding security relevant fields like random values, PAC and MAC, like it does for the protocol

WFS\_PIN\_PROTISOAS. Only the application is able to place these fields into the proper locations. Using this protocol, an application can generate the PAC and the random values in separate steps, adds them to the proprietary send-message, and finally lets the Service Provider generate the MAC. The generated MAC can then be added to the send-message as well.

For a received message, the application extracts the MAC and the associated random value and passes them along with the entire message data to the Service Provider for MAC verification.

PAC generation supports PIN block ISO-Format 0 and 1 for 3DES and ISO-Format 4 for AES.

#### Command description:

The first byte of field *lpbMsg* of WFSPINSECMSG contains a subcommand, which is used to qualify the type of operation. The remaining bytes of the command data are depending on the value of the subcommand.

The following sub-commands are defined:

- GeneratePAC <u>3DES</u> (Code 0x01)
   Returns the encrypted PIN block together with generation and version values of the Master Key and the PAC random value.
- GetMACRandom <u>3DES</u> (Code 0x02)
  Returns the generation and version values of the Master Key and the MAC random value.
- GenerateMAC\_3DES (Code 0x03)
  Returns the generated MAC for the message data passed in. Note that the MAC is generated for exactly the data that is presented (contents and sequence). Data that should not go into MAC calculation must not be passed in.
- VerifyMAC <u>3DES</u> (Code 0x04)
  Generates a MAC for the data passed in and compares it with the provided MAC value. MAC random value, key generation and key version must be passed in separately.
- Generate PAC AES (Code 0x05)
   Returns the encrypted PIN block wrapped in the BMP110.2 (Dataset 01).
- Get MAC Random AES (Code 0x06)
   Returns the MAC random value wrapped in the BMP110.3 (Dataset 02).
- Generate MAC AES (Code 0x07)

Returns the generated MAC for the message data passed in. Note that the MAC is generated for exactly the data that is presented (contents and sequence). Data that should not go into MAC calculation must not be passed in.

Used algorithm is CMAC.

• Verify MAC AES (Code 0x08)

Generates a MAC for the data passed in and compares it with the provided MAC value. The MAC data must be passed in as BMP110.3 (Dataset 02) in the format:

08 (sub-command) + BMP110.3 + MAC + message to be verified.

## Command/Message sequence:

Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	lpbMsg in lpbSecMsgIn	lpbMsg in lpbSecMsgOut	Service Provider's actions		
SECURE_MSG_SEND	Byte 0: 0x01 (Generate PAC) Byte 1: format (0 or 1) Byte 2-9: ANF (Primary Account Number, if length is less than 12 digits, value must be left padded with binary 0, only applicable for format 0)	Byte 0: key generation Byte 1: key version Byte 2-17: PAC random Byte 18-25: PAC value (all values are binary values)	Generates a session key for PAC generation and finally the PAC itself. Determine generation and version values of Master-Key and return them along with the random value.		
SECURE_MSG_SEND	Byte 0: 0x02 (Get MAC Random)	Byte 0: key generation Byte 1: key version Byte 2-17: MAC random (all values are binary values)	Generates a session key for MAC generation (see next step below) Determine generation and version values of Master-Key and return them along with the random value		
SECURE_MSG_SEND	Byte 0: 0x03 (Generate MAC) Byte 1-n: Message to be mac'ed (all values are binary values)	Byte 0-7: generated MAC (binary value)	Generates MAC over bytes 1-n of the inbound message using the session key created in the previous step.		
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	Byte 0: 0x04 (Verify MAC) Byte 1: key generation Byte 2: key version Byte 3-18: MAC random Byte 19-26: MAC Byte 27-n: Message to be verified (all values are binary values) NOTE: If no message has been received, this function must be called by omitting Bytes 1-n	N/a	Generates a session key using the Master key identified by key generation and version by using the random value passed in. Generates a MAC for the message data passed in and compare the resulting MAC with the MAC passed in.		

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Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	lpbMsg in lpbSecMsgIn	lpbMsg in lpbSecMsgOut	Service Provider's actions
SECURE_MSG_SEND	Byte 0: 0x05 (Generate PAC AES) Byte 1: format (4)	Byte 0: 01 Identification for Dataset 01 Byte 1-2: length of data Byte 3-n: data	Generates a session key for PAC generation and finally the PAC itself. Returned values are in the format of dataset 01 of BMP110
SECURE_MSG_SEND	Byte 0: 06 (Get MAC Random AES)	Byte 0: 02 Identification for Dataset 02 Byte 1-2: length of data Byte 3-n: data	Generates a session key for MAC generation (see next step below) Returned values are in the format of dataset 02 of BMP110
SECURE_MSG_SEND	Byte 0: 0x07 (Generate MAC AES) Byte 1-n: Message to be mac'ed (all values are binary values)	Byte 0-7: generated MAC (binary value)	Generates MAC over bytes 1-n of the inbound message using the session key created in the previous step.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	Byte 0: 0x08 (Verify MAC AES) Byte 1-37: BMP110 Dataset 02 Byte 38-45: MAC Byte 46-n: Message to be verified (all values are binary values)	N/a	Generates a session key using the Master key identified by key generation and version by using the random value passed in. Generates a MAC for the message data passed in and compare the resulting MAC with the MAC passed in.

#### **Returns:**

The error code WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_FORMATINVALID is returned when:

- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND with protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTGENAS is not 01, 02, 03, 05, 06 or 0307.
- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE with protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTGENAS is not 04 or 08.
- \_\_\_\_The subcommand in Byte 0 of lpbMsg for Execute Command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND with protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTGENAS is 01 and Byte 1 is not 00 and not 01 (PIN block format is not ISO-0 and ISO-1).
- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND with protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTGENAS is 05 and Byte 1 is not 04 (PIN block format is not ISO-4)
- The individual command data length for a subcommand is less than specified.

The error code WFS ERR PIN HSMSTATEINVALID is returned when:

- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND with protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTGENAS is 03 (Generate MAC) without a preceding GetMACRandom (WFS CMD PIN SECURE MSG SEND with subcommand 02).
- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND with protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTGENAS is 07 (Generate MAC) without a preceding GetMACRandom (WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND with subcommand 06).

The error code WFS ERR PIN MACINVALID is returned when:

• The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE with protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTGENAS is 04 (Verify MAC) and the MACs did not match.

The error code WFS\_ERR\_PIN\_KEYNOTFOUND is returned when:

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- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND with protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTGENAS is 01 or 05 (Generate PAC) and the Service Provider does not find a master key.
- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND with protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTGENAS is 02<u>or 06</u> (Get MAC Random) and the Service Provider does not find a master key.
- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE with protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTGENAS is 04 or 08 (Verify MAC) and the Service Provider does not find a key for the provided key generation and key version values.

The error code WFS ERR PIN NOPIN is returned when:

• The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND with protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTGENAS is 01 or 05 (Generate PAC) and no PIN or insufficient PIN-digits have been entered.

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## 8.3.10 Protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTCHIPINCHG

This protocol is intended to handle messages exchanged between the PIN pad and a GeldKarte, which are all related to the PIN change transaction.

Only Type-1-GeldKarte is supported, because the former Type-0-GeldKarte will no longer be used as it was a dedicated Deutsche Mark electronic purse only. The Type-1-GeldKarte is used for Euro currency.

The transaction types supported are:

- PIN-Activation ("PIN-Aktivierung")
- PIN-Activation after Failure ("PIN-Aktivierung nach Fehlerfall")
- PIN-Change ("PIN-Änderung")

See the command sequence section below for the actions that Service Providers take for the various chip card commands.

Only the command APDUs to and the response APDUs from the chip must be passed to the Service Provider, the ATR (answer to reset) data from the chip is not passed to the Service Provider.

For the complete documentation of the chip commands used for PIN-Change see [Ref. 34].

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### 8.3.11 Protocol WFS PIN PROTPINCMP

This simple protocol is used to perform a comparison of two PINs entered into the PIN Pad. In order to be able to compare the PINs, the first value must be temporary stored while the second value is entered. The user will be prompted to enter the PIN twice. After the PIN has been entered for the first time, the PIN pad needs to store the PIN value into a temporary location. After the user has entered the PIN for the second time, the PIN pad has to compare both values.

This protocol consists of two subcommands. The first subcommand requests the PIN pad to save the PIN value entered by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN command for subsequent comparison. The second subcommand forces the PIN pad to compare the PIN stored with the second value entered by the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN command. The status of the PIN comparison is returned in the output data.

See the command sequence section below for the actions that Service Providers take for this protocol.

#### 8.3.11.1 Use of WFS\_PIN\_PROTPINCMP with non-GeldKarte ZKA PIN Management

For use with the non-GeldKarte ZKA PIN compare function (see [Ref 37]) there are two more subcommands "start PIN compare" and "end PIN compare". These have to be called before entry of the first PIN and after querying of the PAC to signal the end of the PIN comparison, respectively.

This is the command sequence for the non-GeldKarte transaction:

Flow	Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	wProtocol WFS_PIN_PROT	lpbMsg in lpbSecMsgIn	lpbMsg in lpbSecMsgOut	Service Provider's actions
PIN Compare			ļ		
Start PIN comparison	SECURE_MSG_SEND	PINCMP	Byte 0: 0x00 (Start PIN compare)		Prepare EPP for PIN comparison. Output data buffer length is zero.
Let the user enter the new PIN for the first time.	GET_PIN	n/a	n/a	n/a	PIN entry.
***************************************	SECURE_MSG_SEND	PINCMP	Byte 0: 0x01 (Save PIN)		Save the PIN value entered for subsequent compare. Output data buffer length is zero.
Let the user enter the new PIN for the second time	GET_PIN	n/a	n/a	n/a	PIN entry.
•	SECURE_MSG_SEND	PINCMP	Byte 0: 0x02 (Compare PINs)	Byte 0: 0x00 when PIN does not match, and 0x01 when PIN does match.	Compare PIN values.
Get the PAC of the new PIN via WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS or WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS (as usual).					
End PIN comparison.	SECURE_MSG_SEND	PINCMP	Byte 0: 0xFF (End PIN compare)		All PIN buffers are cleared. Output data buffer length is zero.

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Please note that no other PIN commands apart from WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN and WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND as specified above are allowed inside a start / end PIN compare flow, with the exception of creating the PAC for the old PIN. While the old PIN always has to be entered (using WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PIN) **before** the "Start PIN Compare", the PAC for the old PIN **may** be created (using WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_SECURE\_MSG\_SEND with wProtocol=WFS\_PIN\_PROTGENAS) **after** the "Start PIN Compare" if (enforced by the host protocol) the same session key SK\_PAC has to be used for encrypting both the old and the new PIN.

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## 8.3.12 Protocol WFS\_PIN\_PROTISOPINCHG

This protocol handles ISO8583 messages between an ATM and an authorization system (AS) related to the transactions:

- PIN-Activation (,,PIN-Aktivierung")
- PIN-Activation after Failure ("PIN-Aktivierung nach Fehlerfall")
- PIN-Change ("PIN-Änderung")

The message types supported are:

- 0640 (PIN Change / PIN Activation Request)
- 0642 (Confirmation / Reversal Request for PIN Change / PIN Activation)
- 0643 (Confirmation Repeat Request for PIN Change / PIN Activation)
- 0650 (PIN Change / PIN Activation Response)
- 0652 (Confirmation / Reversal Response)

The following bitmap positions are filled by the Service Provider:

- BMP52 PAC
- $\bullet \quad \text{BMP57} \quad \text{Verschlüsselungsparameter} \ (K_{\text{Terminal}} \ \text{Generation}, \ K_{\text{Terminal}} \ \text{Version}, \ \text{RND}_{\text{MES}} \ \text{and} \ \text{RND}_{\text{PAC}})$
- BMP62 (EF\_ID, EF\_INFO, Record number of PIN, Key Version of K<sub>Card</sub>, EF\_FBZ, PAC, Random value returned by GET\_CHALLENGE)
- BMP64 MAC

These bitmaps have to be present and the corresponding flag has to be set in the primary bitmap when the ISO message is passed to the HSM.

See the command sequence section below for the actions that Service Providers take for the various messages.

For the complete documentation of the messages used for PIN-Change see [Ref. 34].

## 8.3.13 Command Sequence

The following list shows the sequence of actions an application has to take for the various GeldKarte Transactions. Please note that this is a summary and is just intended to clarify the purpose of the chipcard-related WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_... commands. In no way it can replace the ZKA specifications mentioned above.

Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	wProtocol WFS_PIN_ PROT	lpbMsg	Service Provider's actions
Preparation for			
Load/Unload			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU SELECT FILE DF_BÖRSE	
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	recognize type of chip
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU READ RECORD EF_ID	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	record EF_ID	store EF_ID
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU READ RECORD EF LLOG	
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	record EF LLOG	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU READ RECORD EF BÖRSE	
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	record EF BÖRSE	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU READ_RECORD EF_BETRAG	
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	record EF BETRAG	
Load against other ec-Card	CIII ZKA	Tecolu El BETRAG	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	for type 0 chips only Command APDU READ RECORD EF KEYD	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	record EF_KEYD	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	for type 1 chips only Command APDU	
		GET KEYINFO	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND1 from Chip	store RND1
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN EINLEITEN with Secure Msg.	fill: -Terminal ID -TracenoRND2 -MAC
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	store response APDU for later check of ISOLZ message, BMP 62
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOAZ	ISO8583 message 0200 Authorization Request	Fill: - Traceno. (BMP 11) - PAC (BMP 52) - RNDMES + RNDPAC (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOAZ	ISO8583 message 0210 Authorization Response	check MAC and other security relevant fields
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0200 Ladeanfrage	Fill: - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND <sub>MES</sub> (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0210 Ladeantwort	check MAC and other security relevant fields, store BMP62 for later use in LADEN command.
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU GET CHALLENGE	

Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	wProtocol WFS_PIN_ PROT	lpbMsg	Service Provider's actions
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND3 from chip	store RND3
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN with Secure Msg.	provide complete command from BMP62 of ISOLZ response, compute command MAC
SECURE MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	check response MAC
GET_JOURNAL	ISOLZ	Vendor specific	
GET_JOURNAL	ISOAZ	Vendor specific	
Reversal of a Load against other ec-Card			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU SELECT FILE DF_BÖRSE	
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND5 from chip	store RND5
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN EINLEITEN with Secure Msg.	Fill: -Terminal ID -TracenoRND6 -Keyno. KGK <sub>LT</sub> -MAC
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	store response APDU for later check of ISOLZ message, BMP 62
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOAZ	ISO8583 message 0400 Storno	Fill: - Traceno. (BMP 11) - PAC (BMP 52) - RND <sub>MES</sub> + RND <sub>PAC</sub> (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOAZ	ISO8583 message 0410 Storno Response	check MAC and other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0400 Storno	Fill: - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND <sub>MES</sub> (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0410 Storno Response	check MAC and other security relevant fields, store BMP62 for later use in LADEN command.
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND7 from chip	store RND7
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN with Secure Msg.	provide complete command from BMP62 of ISOLZ response, compute command MAC
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	check response MAC
GET_JOURNAL	ISOLZ	Vendor specific	
GET_JOURNAL	ISOAZ	Vendor specific	

PIN Verification Type 0			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU	
		GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND0 from	store RND0
		chip	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU	fill
		EXTERNAL	-Keyno. Kinfo
		AUTHENTICATE	-ENCRND
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	

SECURE_MS	G_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU PUT DATA	fill RND1
SECURE MS	C DECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE MS		CHIPZKA	Command APDU	
SECURE_MS	O_SEND	CIIIIZKA	READ RECORD	
			EF INFO	
			with Secure Messaging	
SECURE MS	G RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	record EF INFO	check MAC
SECURE MS		CHIPZKA	Command APDU	CHOCK IVII IC
DECORE_MS	0_52115	CIIII ZIZI	GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE MS	G RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND2 from	store RND2
			chin	
SECURE MS	G SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU	provide complete command APDU
			VERIFY	r
SECURE MS	G RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
PIN Verificat	ion Type 1		*	
SECURE MS		CHIPZKA	Command APDU	
_	_		GET KEYINFO	
SECURE MS	G RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE MS		CHIPZKA	Command APDU	
_	_		GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE MS	G RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND0 from	store RND0
	_		chip	
SECURE_MS	G_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU	fill ENC0
			MUTUAL AUTHENTICATE	
SECURE_MS	<del></del>	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	check ENC1
SECURE_MS	G_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU	provide complete command APDU
			VERIFY	
SECURE_MS	G_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	check MAC
"Laden vom l	Kartenkonto"			
(both types)				
SECURE_MS	G_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU	fill
			LADEN EINLEITEN	-Terminal ID
				-Trace No.
SECURE MS		CHIPZKA	Response APDU	C11
SECURE_MS	G_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0200	fill
			Ladeanfrage	- Traceno. (BMP 11)
				- RND <sub>MES</sub> (BMP 57)
				- MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.
CECLIDE MC	C DECEIVE	1001.7	ICO0502 0210	
SECURE_MS	G_KECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0210 Ladeantwort	check MAC and other security relevant fields.
SECURE MS	C CEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU	HCIUS.
SECUKE_MS	O_SEND	CHIPZKA	LADEN	
CECLIDE MC	G RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
		:	: INCODURE ALLIAU	i
SECURE_MS	G_RECEIVE	CIMI ZICI	response ru B e	

Reversal of a "Laden vom Kartenkonto"			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU SELECT FILE DF BÖRSE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN EINLEITEN	fill -Terminal ID -Traceno.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0400 Storno	fill - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND <sub>MES</sub> (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.

SECURE MSG RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0410	check MAC and other security relevant
SECORE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLE	Storno Response	fields
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
GET_JOURNAL	ISOLZ	Vendor specific	
Unload			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	ENTLADEN EINLEITEN	fill -Terminal ID -Trace No.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message Entladeanfrage 0200	fill - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND <sub>MES</sub> (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message	check MAC and other security relevant
		Entladeantwort 0210	fields
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	ENTLADEN	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	ENTLADEN EINLEITEN	fill -Terminal ID -Trace No.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message Entladequittung 0202	fill - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND <sub>MES</sub> (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message Entladebestätigung 0212	check MAC and other security relevant fields
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU ENTLADEN	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
GET_JOURNAL	ISOLZ	Vendor specific	

Repeated Messages (Stornowiederholung / Entladequittungswiederhol ung)			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message Stornowiederholung 0401 or Entladequittungswiederholung 0203	fill - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND <sub>MES</sub> (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message Stornoantwort 410 or Entladebestätigung 0212	check MAC and other security relevant fields
GET_JOURNAL	ISOLZ	Vendor specific	

Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	wProtocol WFS_PIN_P	lpbMsg	Service Provider's actions
	ROT		
Preparation for PIN			
Change			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		READ RECORD EF_ID	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	Store EF_ID
		Record EF_ID	Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN
			Change request
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
_		GET CHALLENGE	

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Command	wProtocol	lpbMsg	Service Provider's actions
WFS_CMD_PIN_	WFS_PIN_P ROT		
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Random number RND0 from Chip	Store RND0
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU READ RECORD EF_INFO	Fill RND1
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU Record EF_INFO	Check MAC, Store EF_INO Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change request
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU GET KEYINFO	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU Version of KCard	Store version byte Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change request
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU SEARCH RECORD '01' of EF PWDD	-
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	Store record number Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change request
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU READ RECORD EF_FBZ	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU Initial value FBZ Actual value FBZ	
PIN Verification			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU GET KEYINFO	
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Random number RND0 from chip	Store RND0
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU MUTUAL AUTHENTICATE	Fill ENC0
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	Check ENC1
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU VERIFY	Provide complete command APDU
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	Check MAC Create PAC for old PIN
PIN Change			
Let the user enter the PIN for the first time, by invoking the command WFS CMD PIN GET PIN			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	HSMPINCMP	Byte 0: 0x01 (Save PIN)	Save the PIN value entered for subsequent compare. Output data buffer length is zero.
Let the user enter the PIN for the second time, by invoking the command WFS CMD PIN GET PIN			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	HSMPINCMP	Byte 0: 0x02	Compare PIN values.
		(Compare PINs)	Returns Byte 0: as 0x00 when PIN does not match, and 0x01 when PIN does match. Create PAC for new PIN if values match
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENT	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		GET CHALLENGE	

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Command	wProtocol	lpbMsg	Service Provider's actions
WFS_CMD_PIN_	WFS_PIN_P ROT	7	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Random number RND0 from	Store RND0
		Chip	Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change request
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 Message 0640	Fill
			- PAC old PIN (BMP52) - K <sub>Terminal</sub> generation + K <sub>Terminal</sub> version
			+ RND <sub>MES</sub> + RND <sub>PAC</sub> (BMP57) - Chip Data (BMP62) with PAC of
			new PIN
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0650	- MAC (BMP64) Check MAC
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU from BMP62	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	
PIN Change Confirmation/			
Repeated Confirmation SECURE MSG SEND	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583	Fill
		message 0642 or 0643 BMP25 = 00	- K <sub>Terminal</sub> generation + K <sub>Terminal</sub> version + RND <sub>MES</sub> (BMP57) - Chip Data (BMP62) with PAC of <b>new</b> PIN
			- MAC (BMP64)
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0652	Check MAC
PIN Change Reversal/ Repeated Reversal			
SECURE MSG SEND	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583	Fill
		message 0642 or 0643 BMP25 ≠ 00	- K <sub>Terminal</sub> generation + K <sub>Terminal</sub> version + RND <sub>MES</sub> (BMP57) - Chip Data (BMP62) with PAC of <b>old</b> PIN
CECLIDE MCC DECEIVE	ICODINICIIC	1000502	- MAC (BMP64)
SECURE MSG_RECEIVE	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0652	Check MAC
PIN Activation after failure	IGODDIGUG	1000502	F.11
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0640	Fill - PAC entered PIN (BMP52) - K <sub>Terminal</sub> generation + K <sub>Terminal</sub> version + RND <sub>MES</sub> + RND <sub>PAC</sub> (BMP57) - Chip Data (BMP62) with PAC of entered PIN - MAC (BMP64)
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0650	Check MAC
_			
PIN Activation	1		
SECURE MSG SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENT	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Random number RND0 from Chip	Store RND0 Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Activation request
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 Message 0640	Fill - PAC entered PIN (BMP52)

ISO8583 message 0650

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{-} \ K_{Terminal} \ generation + K_{Terminal} \ version \\ + \ RND_{MES} + RND_{PAC} \ (BMP57) \end{array}$ 

- Chip Data (BMP62) with PAC of entered PIN
- MAC (BMP64)

Check MAC

SECURE\_MSG\_RECEIVE ISOPINCHG

SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU from BMP62	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	
PIN Activation			
Confirmation/ Repeated			
Confirmation			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		MANAGE SECURITY	
		ENVIRONMENT	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Random number RND0 from	Store RND0
		Chip	Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN
			Activation confirmation
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583	Fill
		message 0642 or 0643	- K <sub>Terminal</sub> generation + K <sub>Terminal</sub> version
		BMP25 = 00	+ RND <sub>MES</sub> (BMP57)
			- Chip Data (BMP62) with PAC of
			entered PIN
			- MAC (BMP64)
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0652	Check MAC
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		from BMP62	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	

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### 8.4 EMV Support

EMV support by this specification consists in the ability of importing Certification Authority and Chip Card Public Keys, creating the PIN blocks for offline PIN verification and verifying static and dynamic data. This section is used to further explain concepts and functionality that needs further clarification.

The PIN service is able to manage the EMV chip card regarding the card authentication and the RSA local PIN verification. Two steps are mandatory in order to reach these two functions: The loading of the keys which come from the Certification Authorities or from the card itself, and the EMV PIN block management.

The Service Provider is responsible for all key validation during the import process. The application is responsible for management of the key lifetime and expiry after the key is successfully imported.

## 8.4.1 Keys loading

The final goal of an application is to retrieve the keys located on card to perform the operations of authentication or local PIN check (RSA encrypted). These keys are provided by the card using EMV certificates and can be retrieved using a Public Key provided by a Certification Authority. The application should first load the keys issued by the Certification Authority. At transaction time the application will use these keys to load the keys that the application has retrieved from the chip card.

#### **Certification Authority keys**

These keys are provided in the following formats:

- Plain text.
- Plain Text with EMV 2000 Verification Data (See [Ref. 4] under the reference section for this document).
- EPI CA (or self signed) format as specified in the Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical Interface specification Version 1.4 (See [Ref. 5] under the reference section for this document).
- PKCSV1\_5 encrypted (as used by GIECB in France) (See [Ref. 15] under the reference section for this
  document).

#### **EPI CA format**

The following table corresponds to table 4 of the Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4 (See [Ref. 5]) and identifies the Europay Public Key (self-certified) and the associated data:

Field name	Length	Description	Format
ID of Certificate Subject	5	RID for Europay	Binary
Europay public key Index	1	Europay public key Index	Binary
Subject public key Algorithm Indicator	1	Algorithm to be used with the Europay public key Index, set to 0x01	Binary
Subject public key Length	1	Length of the Europay public key Modulus (equal to <i>Nca</i> )	Binary
Subject public key Exponent Length	1	Length of the Europay public key Exponent	Binary
Leftmost Digits of Subject public key	Nca-37	Nca-37 most significant bytes of the Europay public key Modulus	Binary
Subject public key Remainder	37	37 least significant bytes of the Europay public key Modulus	Binary
Subject public key Exponent	1	Exponent for Europay public key	Binary
Subject public key Certificate	Nca	Output of signature algorithm	Binary

Table 1

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The following table corresponds to table 13 of the Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4 and identifies the Europay Public Key Hash code and associated data.

Field name	Length	Description	Format
ID of Certificate Subject	5	RID for Europay	Binary
Europay public key Index	1	Europay public key Index	Binary
Subject public key Algorithm	1	Algorithm to be used with the Europay public	Binary
Indicator		key Index, set to 0x01	
Certification Authority public key	20	Hash-code for Europay public key	Binary
Check Sum			

#### Table 2

Table 2 corresponds to table 13 of the Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4 (See [Ref. 5]).

### Chip card keys

These keys are provided as EMV certificates which come from the chip card in a multiple layer structure (issuer key first, then the ICC keys). Two kinds of algorithm are used with these certificates in order to retrieve the keys: One for the issuer key and the other for the ICC keys (ICC Public Key and ICC PIN encipherment key). The associated data with these algorithms – The PAN (Primary Account Number) and the SDA (Static Data to be Authenticated) - come also from the chip card.

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## 8.4.2 PIN Block Management

The PIN block management is done through the command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_GET\_PINBLOCK. A new format WFS\_PIN\_FORMEMV has been added to indicate to the PIN service that the PIN block must follow the requirements of the EMVCo, Book2 – Security & Key management Version 4.0 document The parameter *lpsCustomerData* is used in this case to transfer to the PIN service the challenge number coming from the chip card. The final encryption must be done using a RSA Public Key. Please note that the application is responsible to send the PIN block to the chip card inside the right APDU.

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## 8.4.3 SHA-1 Digest

The SHA-1 Digest is a hash algorithm used by EMV in validating ICC static and dynamic data item. The SHA-1 Digest is supported through the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_DIGEST command. The application will pass the data to be hashed to the Service Provider. Once the encryptor completes the SHA-1 hash code, the Service Provider will return the 20-byte hash value back to the application.

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#### 8.5 French Cartes Bancaires

"Groupement des Cartes Bancaires" from France has specified a cryptographic architecture for ATM networks. See the document [Ref. 15] for details.

The XFS command WFS CMD PIN ENC IO with the protocol WFS PIN ENC PROT GIECB is used for:

- ATM initialization
- Renewal of ATM master key
- Renewal of HOST master key
- Generation and loading of key transport key

Keys loaded or generated with WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENC\_IO get names like any other keys in a XFS PIN service. WFS\_INF\_PIN\_KEY\_DETAIL[\_EX] shows the key with this name and the name may be used with WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY[\_EX] to delete a key.

## 8.5.1 Data Structure for WFS CMD PIN ENC IO

Data will be transferred as tag-length-value (TLV) structure, encoded according to the distinguished encoding rules (DER) defined in [Ref. 16].

The following is a list of top level tags defined for the use with WFS\_PIN\_ENC\_PROT\_GIECB. All these tags have the APPLICATION class, therefore the Identifier Octets are (binary):

- 0 1 0 n n n n n for the primitive types
- 0 1 1 n n n n n for the constructed types

Tag Number	Primitive / Constructed	Identifier Octet	Contents
0	Р	0x40	Protocol Version The INTEGER value zero for this version of the protocol
1	Р	0x41	Interchange Code An ASCII string holding one of the interchange codes defined in [Ref. 15], e.g. "HRN-H1"
2	С	0x62	Interchange Data The data items as defined by [Ref.15], see table below for details
3	Р	0x43	Key Name An ASCII string holding the name for the key being loaded or generated.

The Interchange Data (Tag 2) is constructed from data items where tag numbers of the sub-tags from 1 to 23 correspond to the data item numbers ("N° donnée") as defined in section 3.1 of [Ref. 15]. Some of the data items consist of data elements, for these the constructed encoding will be used. For data items with no data elements the primitive encoding will be used.

All Tags have the CONTEXT class, therefore the Identifier Octets are (binary):

- 1 0 0 n n n n n for the primitive types
- 1 0 1 n n n n n for the constructed types

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Tag (=Data Item No)	Primitive / Constructed	Identifier Octet	Data Item Label
1	С	0xA1	IdKG
2	С	0xA2	KTK-encrypted
3	С	0xA3	KGp
4	С	0xA4	KDp
5	С	0xA5	SnSCD
6	P	0x86	Rand
7	Р	0x87	HOST authentication
8	Р	0x88	KDp signature
9	P	0x89	KGp signature
10	P	0x8A	KTK signature
11	P	0x8B	KT-encrypted
12	P	0x8C	Ksc-encrypted
13	P	0x8D	PIN cryptogram
14	P	0x8E	Seal
15	P	0x8F	Thumbprint of KDp
16	P	0x90	Thumbprint of KGp
17	С	0xB1	IdKD
18	С	0xB2	IdKTK
19	С	0xB3	IdKT
20	С	0xB4	IdKSC
21	P	0x95	Manufacturer
22	С	0xB6	SCD type
23	С	0xB7	Firmware version

Inside the constructed data items, primitive encoding is used for the data elements, all tags having CONTEXT class with tag numbers corresponding to the data element numbers ("No d'élément de donnée") as defined in section 3.1 of [Ref. 15].

#### Example

The example shows the DER encoding of the input for a WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENCIO command, for the interchange "GIN-H5". All data except the 128 byte content of data item 7 is shown in hexadecimal (0x omitted for the sake of readability).

```
40 01 00
                                         (tag / length / value for Protocol Version 0)
41 06 47 49 4E 2D 48 35
                                (tag / length / value for Interchange Code "GIN-H5")
62 81 B5
                                                 (tag / length for Interchange Data)
                                                 (tag / length for data item 1)
   A1 14
                                                         (data element 1)
      82 OC 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 (data element 2)
      83 01 00
                                                         (data element 3)
   Α5
     10
                                                 (tag / length for data item 5)
      81 03 00 00 00
                                                         (data element 1)
      82 09 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                                 (data element 2)
   86 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                                 (tag / length / value for data item 6)
                                        (tag / length / value for data item 7)
   87 81 80 <128 bytes>
                                        (tag / length / value for Key Name "MYKEY")
43 05 4D 59 4B 45 59
```

## 8.5.2 Command Sequence

The following list shows the sequence of actions an application has to take for the various *Cartes Bancaires* interchanges.

• GIN (ATM initialization)

Action	Interchange Code	Key Name	Input Data Items	Output Data Items		
Thumbprint supplied by host via external channel (GIN-H1)						
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-G2			21,22,23		
	Host Communication (GIN-G2 / GIN-H3)					
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-H3	Key Name for KG	3	16		
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-G4			5,6,1		
Host Communication (GIN-G4 / GIN-H5)						
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-H5	Key Name for KD	5,6,1,7			
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-G6			5,4,8		
Host Communication (GIN-G6)						
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-G7			15		
Send thumbprint to host via external channel (GIN-G7)						

• GRN (Renewal of ATM Master Key)

Action	Interchange Code	Key Name	Input Data Items	Output Data Items	
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GRN-G1			5,6,1	
	Host Comm	unication (GRN-G1	/ GRN-H2)		
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GRN-H2	Key Name for KD	5,6,1,7		
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GRN-G3			5,4,8,17	
Host Communication (GRN-G3)					
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GRN-C or GRN-R		17		

The Interchange codes "GRN-C" to commit the transaction resp. "GRN-R" to roll back the transactions are an addition to those defined in [Ref. 15].

• HRN (Renewal of HOST Master Key)

Action	Interchange Code	Key Name	Input Data Items	Output Data Items		
Host Communication (HRN-H1)						
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	HRN-H1	3,9,1				

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## • DKT (Generation and Loading of KTK)

Action	Interchange Code	Key Name	Input Data Items	Output Data Items
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	DKT-G1			5,6
Host Communication (DKT-	-G1 / DKT-H2)			
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	DKT-H2	Key Name for KTK	5,6,2,10,1,17	

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## 8.6 Secure Key Entry

This section provides additional information to describe how encryption keys are entered securely through the PIN pad keyboard and also provides examples of possible keyboard layouts.

## 8.6.1 Keyboard Layout

The following sections describe what is returned within the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_DETAIL output parameters to describe the physical keyboard layout. These descriptions are purely examples to help understand the usage of the parameters they do not indicate a specific layout per Key Entry Mode.

In the following section all references to parameters relate to the output fields of the WFS INF PIN SECUREKEY DETAIL command.

When fwKeyEntryMode represents a regular shaped PIN pad (WFS\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_REG\_UNIQUE or WFS\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_REG\_SHIFT) then lppHexKeys must contain one entry for each physical key on the PIN pad (i.e. the product of wRows by wColumns). On a regular shaped PIN pad the application can choose to ignore the position and size data and just use the wRows and wColumns parameters to define the layout. However, a Service Provider must return the position and size data for each key.

## 8.6.1.1 fwKeyEntryMode == WFS\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_REG\_UNIQUE

When fwKeyEntryMode is WFS\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_REG\_UNIQUE then the values in the array report which physical keys are associated with the function keys 0-9, A-F and any other function keys that can be enabled as defined in the lpFuncKeyDetail parameter. Any positions on the PIN pad that are not used must be defined as a WFS\_PIN\_FK\_UNUSED in the ulFK and ulShiftFK field of the lppHexKeys structure.

1	2	3	Clear (A)
4	5	6	Cancel (B)
7	8	9	Enter (C)
(D)	0	(E)	(F)

In the above example, where all keys are the same size and the hex digits are located as shown the *lppHexKeys* will contain the entries in the array as defined in the following table.

Index	usXPos	usYPos	usXSize	usYSize	ulFK	ulShiftFK
0	0	0	250	250	FK_1	FK_UNUSED
1	250	0	250	250	FK_2	FK_UNUSED
2	500	0	250	250	FK_3	FK_UNUSED
3	750	0	250	250	FK_A	FK_UNUSED
4	0	250	250	250	$FK_4$	FK_UNUSED
5	250	250	250	250	FK_5	FK_UNUSED
6	500	250	250	250	FK_6	FK_UNUSED
7	750	250	250	250	FK_B	FK_UNUSED
8	0	500	250	250	FK_7	FK_UNUSED
9	250	500	250	250	FK_8	FK_UNUSED
10	500	500	250	250	FK_9	FK_UNUSED
11	750	500	250	250	FK_C	FK_UNUSED
12	0	750	250	250	FK_D	FK_UNUSED
13	250	750	250	250	FK_0	FK_UNUSED
14	500	750	250	250	FK_E	FK_UNUSED
15	750	750	250	250	FK_F	FK_UNUSED

#### 8.6.1.2 fwKeyEntryMode == WFS\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_REG\_SHIFT

When fwKeyEntryMode is WFS\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_REG\_SHIFT then the values in the array report which physical keys are associated with the function keys 0-9, A-F, and the shift key as defined in the lpFuncKeyDetail parameter. Other function keys as defined by the lpFuncKeyDetail parameter that can be enabled must also be reported. Any positions on the PIN pad that are not used must be defined as a WFS\_PIN\_FK\_UNUSED in the ulFK and ulShiftFK field of the lppHexKeys structure. Digits 0 to 9 are accessed through the numeric keys as usual. Digits A to F are accessed by using the shift key in combination with another function key, e.g. shift-0 (zero) is hex digit A.

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1 (B)	2 (C)	3 (D)	Clear
4 (E)	5 (F)	6	Cancel
7	8	9	Enter
SHIFT	0(A)		

In the above example, where all keys are the same size and the hex digits 'A' to 'F' are accessed through shift '0' to '5', then the *lppHexKeys* will contain the entries in the array as defined in the following table.

Index	usXPos	usYPos	usXSiz	usYSize	ulFK	ulShiftFK
			e			
0	0	0	250	250	FK_1	FK_B
1	250	0	250	250	FK_2	FK_C
2	500	0	250	250	FK 3	FK D
3	750	0	250	250	FK CLEAR	FK UNUSED
4	0	250	250	250	FK_4	FK_E
5	250	250	250	250	FK_5	FK_F
6	500	250	250	250	FK_6	FK_UNUSED
7	750	250	250	250	FK_CANCEL	FK_UNUSED
8	0	500	250	250	FK_7	FK_UNUSED
9	250	500	250	250	FK_8	FK_UNUSED
10	500	500	250	250	FK_9	FK_UNUSED
11	750	500	250	250	FK_ENTER	FK_UNUSED
12	0	750	250	250	FK_SHIFT	FK_UNUSED
13	250	750	250	250	$FK_0$	FK_A
14	500	750	250	250	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED
15	750	750	250	250	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED

## 8.6.1.3 fwKeyEntryMode == WFS\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_IRREG\_SHIFT

When fwKeyEntryMode represents an irregular shaped PIN pad the wRows and wColumns parameters define the ratio of the width to height, i.e. square if the parameters are the same or rectangular if wColumns is larger than wRows, etc. A Service Provider must return the position and size data for each key reported.

When fwKeyEntryMode is WFS\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_IRREG\_SHIFT then the values in the array must be the function keys codes for 0-9 and the shift key as defined in the lpFuncKeyDetail parameter. Other function keys as defined by the lpFuncKeyDetail parameter that can be enabled must also be reported. Any positions on the PIN pad that are not used must be defined as a WFS\_PIN\_FK\_UNUSED in the ulFK and ulShiftFK field of the lppHexKeys structure. Digits 0 to 9 are accessed through the numeric keys as usual. Digits A - F are accessed by using the shift key in combination with another function key, e.g. shift-0(zero) is hex digit A.

In the above example, where the hex digits 'A' to 'F' are accessed through shift '0' to '5', wColumns will be 4, wRows will be 5 and the lppHexKeys will contain the entries in the array as defined in the following table.

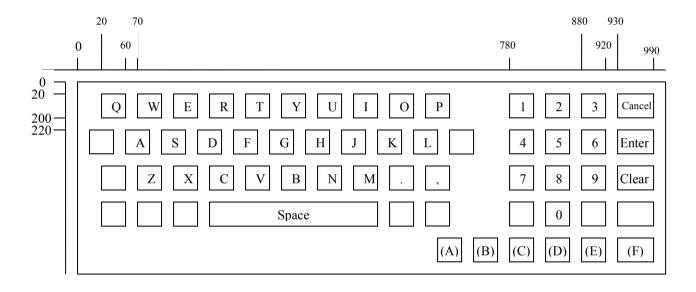
Index	usXPos	usYPos	usXSize	usYSize	ulFK	ulShiftFK
0	0	0	250	200	FK_1	FK_B
1	250	0	250	200	FK_2	FK_C
2	500	0	250	200	FK_3	FK_D
3	750	0	250	200	FK_CLEAR	FK_UNUSED
4	0	200	250	200	FK_4	FK_E
5	250	200	250	200	FK_5	FK_F
6	500	200	250	200	FK 6	FK UNUSED
7	750	200	250	200	FK_CANCEL	FK_UNUSED
8	0	400	250	200	FK 7	FK UNUSED
9	250	400	250	200	FK_8	FK_UNUSED
10	500	400	250	200	FK_9	FK_UNUSED

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Index	usXPos	usYPos	usXSize	usYSize	ulFK	ulShiftFK
11	750	400	250	200	FK_ENTER	FK_UNUSED
12	0	600	250	200	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED
13	250	600	250	200	$FK_0$	FK_A
14	500	600	250	200	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED
15	750	600	250	200	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED
16	0	800	1000	200	FK SHIFT	FK UNUSED

## 8.6.1.4 fwKeyEntryMode == WFS\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_IRREG\_UNIQUE

When fwKeyEntryMode is WFS\_PIN\_SECUREKEY\_REG\_UNIQUE then the values in the array report which physical keys are associated with the function keys 0-9, A-F and any other function keys that can be enabled as defined in the lpFuncKeyDetail parameter. The wRows and wColumns parameters define the ratio of the width to height, i.e. square if the parameters are the same or rectangular if wColumns is larger than wRows, etc. A Service Provider must return the position and size data for each key.



In the above example, where an alphanumeric keyboard supports secure key entry and the hex digits are located as shown, the *lppHexKeys* will contain the entries in the array as defined in the following table. All the hex digits and function keys that can be enabled must be included in the array; in addition any keys that would help an application display an image of the keyboard can be included. In this example only the PIN pad digits (the keys on the right) and the unique hex digits are reported. Note that the position data in this example may not be 100% accurate as the diagram is not to scale.

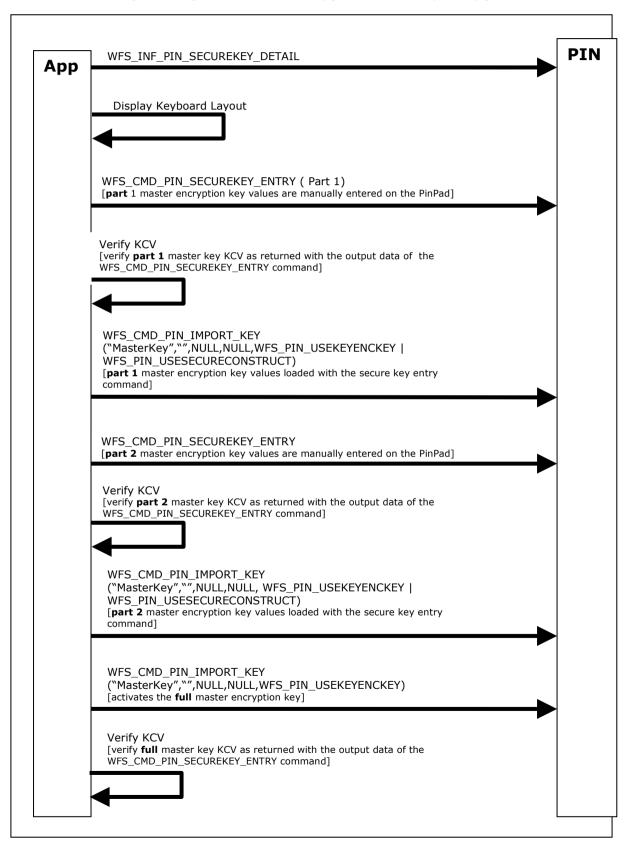
Index	usXPos	usYPos	usXSize	usYSize	ulFK	ulShiftFK
0	780	18	40	180	FK_1	FK_UNUSED
1	830	18	40	180	FK_2	FK_UNUSED
2	880	18	40	180	FK_3	FK_UNUSED
3	930	18	60	180	FK_CANCEL	FK_UNUSED
4	780	216	40	180	FK_4	FK_UNUSED
5	830	216	40	180	FK_5	FK_UNUSED
6	880	216	40	180	FK_6	FK_UNUSED
7	930	216	60	180	FK_ENTER	FK_UNUSED
8	780	414	40	180	FK_7	FK_UNUSED
9	830	414	40	180	FK_8	FK_UNUSED

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Index	usXPos	usYPos	usXSize	usYSize	ulFK	ulShiftFK
10	880	414	40	180	FK_9	FK_UNUSED
11	930	414	60	180	FK_CLEAR	FK_UNUSED
12	780	612	40	180	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED
13	830	612	40	180	$FK_0$	FK_UNUSED
14	880	612	40	180	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED
15	930	612	60	180	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED
16	680	810	40	180	FK_A	FK_UNUSED
17	730	810	40	180	FK_B	FK_UNUSED
18	780	810	40	180	FK_C	FK_UNUSED
19	830	810	40	180	FK_D	FK_UNUSED
20	880	810	40	180	FK_E	FK_UNUSED
21	930	810	60	180	FK F	FK UNUSED

## 8.6.2 Command Usage

This section provides an example of the sequence of commands required to enter an encryption key securely. In the following sequence, the application retrieves the keyboard secure key entry mode and associated keyboard layout and displays an image of the keyboard for the user. It then gets the first key part, verifies the KCV for the key part and stores it. The sequence is repeated for the second key part and then finally the key part is activated.



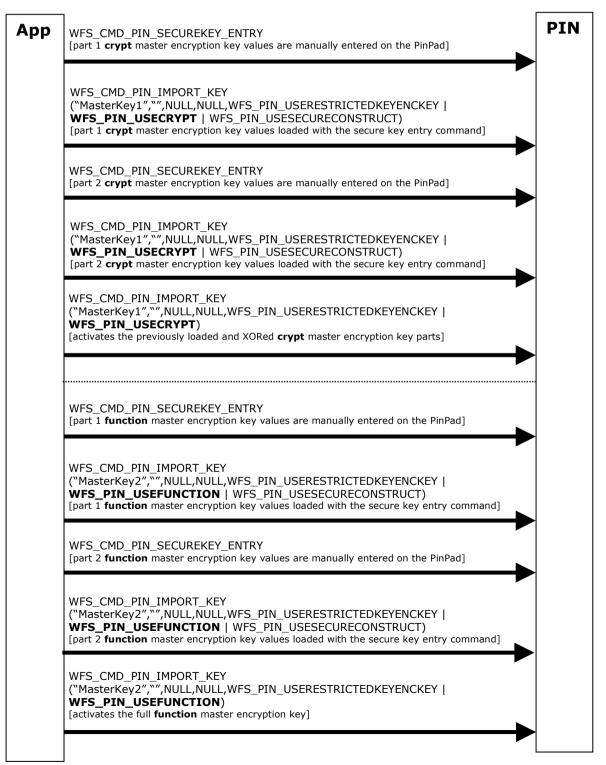
## 8.7 WFS\_PIN\_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY key usage

This section provides additional information to describe the WFS\_PIN\_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY key usage.

## 8.7.1 Command Usage

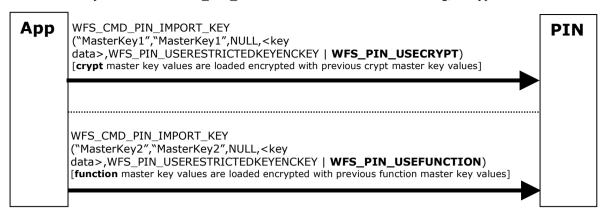
This sample command flow sequence shows how encryption keys can be derived/not derived if the master key has a restricted use. NOTE: In this example the master encryption key is loaded using the secure key entry command instead of using RKL commands. The loading with RKL works in the same way.

Secure key entry based restricted master encryption key loading with WFS PIN USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY flag:

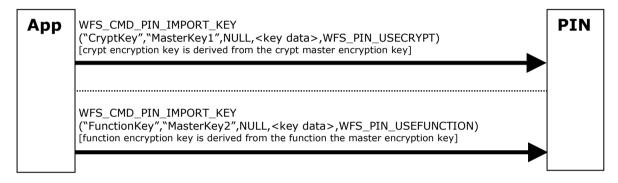


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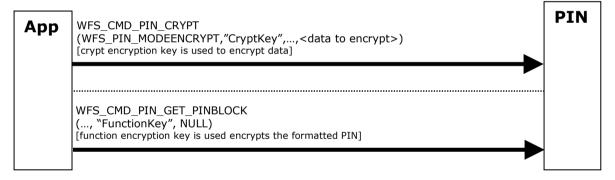
New master keys loaded with WFS PIN USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY flag, encrypted with themselves:



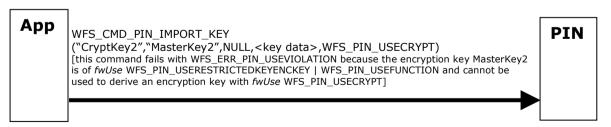
Loading derived keys:



Usage sample for derived keys:



Master key restriction disallows loading of derived keys with different usage:



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Typical fwUse encryption key use combinations are:

WFS_PIN_CRYPT	WFS_PIN_FUNCTION	WFS_PIN_MACING	WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL	WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE	WFS_PIN_KEYENCKEY	WFS_PIN_ANSTR31MASTER	WFS_PIN_RESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY	Description
V									Data encryption/decryption key
									PIN encryption key
									MACing key
									CBC Start Value encryption key
				$\checkmark$					Local PIN check key
					$\sqrt{}$				PIN block creation key
						$\sqrt{}$			Master/key encryption key
									ANS X9 TR-31 master/key encryption key
						V		1	Master/key encryption key, keys later derived are restricted to the use WFS PIN USECRYPT
	1					V		V	Master/key encryption key, keys later derived are restricted to the use WFS PIN USEFUNCTION
		V				V		V	Master/key encryption key, keys later derived are restricted to the use WFS_PIN_USEMACING
			V			V		V	Master/key encryption key, keys later derived are
-									restricted to the use WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY
				1		1		1	Master/key encryption key, keys later derived are restricted to the use WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL
					V	V		1	Master/key encryption key, keys later derived are restricted to the use WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE

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# 8.8 WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 command Input/Output Parameters

The tables in this section describe the input/output parameters for various scenarios in which the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_340 command is used, compared to input/output parameters for older commands that it supercedes.

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# 8.8.1 Importing a 3DES 16-byte terminal master key using signature-based remote key loading (SRKL):

For this example, the following input data is available:

Name of key to be imported = TestKey

Name of the key used to decrypt the encrypted key value = EPPCryptKey

Name of the key used to verify the signature = HostKey

Encrypted key value = <encrypted key value>

Signature = <signature generated by the host>

Usage of the key to be imported = key encrypting key

RSA Encipher Algorithm = RSA ES OAEP

RSA Signature Algorithm = RSA SSA PSS

WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA SIGNED DES KEY Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>lpsKey</u>	<u>TestKey</u>
<u>lpsDecryptKey</u>	<u>EPPCryptKey</u>
dwRSAEnchiperAlgorithm	WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP
<u>lpxValue</u>	<pre><encrypted key="" value=""></encrypted></pre>
dwUse	WFS PIN USEKEYENCKEY
lpsSigKey	HostKey
dwRSASignatureAlgorithm	WFS PIN SIGN RSASSA PSS
<u>lpxSignature</u>	<pre><signature by="" generated="" host="" the=""></signature></pre>

For this example, the following output data is expected:

Key Check Mode = KCV Zero

Key Check Value = <key check value>

Key Length = double length key

WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_RSA\_SIGNED\_DES\_KEY Output Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
wKeyLength	WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE
<u>wKeyCheckMode</u>	WFS_PIN_KCVZERO
lpxKeyCheckValue	<key check="" value=""></key>

WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 Input Data

WIB CIVID THE INITIAL RET 540	5 Hiput Butu
Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>lpsKey</u>	<u>TestKey</u>
lpKeyAttributes->bKeyUsage	<u>'K0'</u>
lpKeyAttributes->bAlgorithm	'T'

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lpKeyAttributes->bModeOfUse	<u>'D'</u>
lpKeyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	<u>0</u>
<u>lpxValue</u>	<pre><encrypted key="" value=""></encrypted></pre>
<u>lpsDecryptKey</u>	<u>EPPCryptKey</u>
dwDecryptMethod	WFS PIN CRYPT RSAES OAEP
lpxVerificationData	<pre><signature by="" generated="" host="" the=""></signature></pre>
<u>lpsVerifyKey</u>	<u>HostKey</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bKeyUsage	<u>'S0'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bAlgorithm	<u>'R'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bModeOfUse	<u>'V'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	WFS PIN SIGN RSASSA PSS
lpxVendorAttributes	NULL

WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 Output Data

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Parameter Name	Example Value
lpVerifyAttributes->bKeyUsage	<u>'00'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bAlgorithm	<u>'T'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bModeOfUse	<u>'V'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	WFS PIN KCVZERO
<u>lpxVerifyData</u>	<key check="" value=""></key>
ulKeyLength	128
	(Similar to wKeyLength, but a ULONG measuring the number of bits in the imported key)

# 8.8.2 Importing a 16-byte DES key for PIN encryption with a key check value in the input

For this example, the following input data is available:

Name of key to be imported = TestKey

Name of the key used to decrypt the encrypted key value = MasterKey

Encrypted key value = <encrypted key value>

<u>Usage of the key to be imported = PIN Encryption</u>

Key Check Mode = KCV Zero

Key Check Value = <key check value>

#### WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY EX Import Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpsKey	<u>TestKey</u>
<u>lpsEncKey</u>	MasterKey
lpxValue	<encrypted key="" value=""></encrypted>
lpxControlVector	NULL
dwUse	WFS PIN USEPINREMOTE
wKeyCheckMode	WFS PIN KCVZERO
lpxKeyCheckValue	<key check="" value=""></key>

For this example, the following output data is expected:

Key Length = double length key

## WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY EX Output Data

None

#### WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>lpsKey</u>	<u>TestKey</u>
lpKeyAttributes->bKeyUsage	<u>'P0'</u>
	(Similar to dwUse but a more precise key usage)
lpKeyAttributes->bAlgorithm	<u>'T'</u>
lpKeyAttributes->bModeOfUse	<u>'E'</u>
lpKeyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	<u>0</u>
<u>lpxValue</u>	<pre><encrypted key="" value=""></encrypted></pre>
<u>lpsDecryptKey</u>	MasterKey
<u>dwDecryptMethod</u>	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOECB
<u>lpxVerificationData</u>	<key check="" value=""></key>
<u>lpsVerifyKey</u>	NULL

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lpVerifyAttributes->bKeyUsage	<u>'00'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bAlgorithm	<u>T'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bModeOfUse	<u>'V'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	WFS PIN KCVZERO
lpxVendorAttributes	NULL

Likewise, the following output data is expected:

## WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_340 Output Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>lpVerifyAttributes</u>	NULL
lpxVerifyData	NULL
ulKeyLength	128

## 8.8.3 Importing a 16-byte DES key for MACing (MAC Algorithm 3)

For this example, the following input data is available:

Name of key to be imported = TestKey

Name of the key used to decrypt the encrypted key value = MasterKey

Encrypted key value = <encrypted key value>

<u>Usage of the key to be imported = MAC</u>

#### WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>lpsKey</u>	<u>TestKey</u>
<u>lpsEncKey</u>	MasterKey
<u>lpxIdent</u>	NULL
<u>lpxValue</u>	<pre><encrypted key="" value=""></encrypted></pre>
<u>fwUse</u>	WFS PIN USEMACING

For this example, the following output data is expected:

Key Check Mode = KCV Zero

Key Check Value = <key check value>

Key Length = double length key

#### WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY Output Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>lpxKVC</u>	<key check="" value=""></key>

## WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>lpsKey</u>	<u>TestKey</u>
lpKeyAttributes->bKeyUsage	<u>'M3'</u>
	(Similar to fwUse but a more precise key usage)
lpKeyAttributes->bAlgorithm	<u>'T'</u>
lpKeyAttributes->bModeOfUse	<u>'G'</u>
lpKeyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	<u>0</u>
<u>lpxValue</u>	<pre><encrypted key="" value=""></encrypted></pre>
<u>lpsDecryptKey</u>	MasterKey
dwDecryptMethod	WFS PIN CRYPTOECB
<u>lpxVerificationData</u>	NULL
<u>lpsVerifyKey</u>	NULL
<u>lpVerifyAttributes</u>	NULL
lpxVendorAttributes	NULL

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WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_340 Output Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpVerifyAttributes->bKeyUsage	<u>'00'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bAlgorithm	<u>'T'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bModeOfUse	<u>'V'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	WFS PIN KCVZERO
lpxVerifyData	<key check="" value=""></key>
ulKeyLength	128

## 8.8.4 Importing a 2048-bit Host RSA public key

For this example, the following input data is available:

Name of key to be imported = HostKey

Name of the key used to verify the signature = \_SigIssuerVendor

Key value = <key value>

Signature = < signature generated by the vendor signature issuer>

<u>Usage of the key to be imported = RSA signature verification</u>

RSA Signature Algorithm = RSA SSA PSS

#### WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA PUBLIC KEY Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>lpsKey</u>	<u>HostKey</u>
<u>lpxValue</u>	<key value=""></key>
dwUse	WFS PIN USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
<u>lpsSigKev</u>	SigIssuerVendor
dwRSASignatureAlgorithm	WFS PIN SIGN RSASSA PSS
<u>lpxSignature</u>	<signature by="" generated="" issuer="" signature="" the="" vendor=""></signature>

For this example, the following output data is expected:

RSA Key Check Mode = SHA256 digest

Key Check Value = <SHA256 digest>

Key Length = 2048

## WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA PUBLIC KEY Output Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>dwRSAKeyCheckMode</u>	WFS PIN RSA KCV SHA256
<u>lpxKeyCheckValue</u>	<sha256 digest=""></sha256>

#### WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>lpsKey</u>	<u>HostKey</u>
lpKeyAttributes->bKeyUsage	<u>'S0'</u>
lpKeyAttributes->bAlgorithm	<u>'R'</u>
lpKeyAttributes->bModeOfUse	<u>'V'</u>
lpKeyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	<u>0</u>
<u>lpxValue</u>	<key value=""></key>
<u>lpsDecryptKey</u>	NULL
dwDecryptMethod	<u>0</u>
<u>lpxVerificationData</u>	<signature by="" generated="" issuer="" signature="" the="" vendor=""></signature>
<u>lpsVerifyKey</u>	SigIssuerVendor

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lpVerifyAttributes->bKeyUsage	<u>'S1'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bAlgorithm	<u>'R'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bModeOfUse	<u>'V'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	WFS PIN SIGN RSASSA PSS
lpxVendorAttributes	NULL

WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 Output Data

Parameter Value	Example Value
lpVerifyAttributes->bKeyUsage	<u>'00'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bAlgorithm	<u>'R'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->bModeOfUse	<u>'V'</u>
lpVerifyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	WFS PIN RSA KCV SHA256
lpxVerifyData	<sha256 digest=""></sha256>
ulKeyLength	2048

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# 8.8.5 Importing a 24-byte DES symmetric data encryption key via TR-31 keyblock

For this example, the following input data is available:

Name of key to be imported = TestKey

Name of the key block protection key = MasterKey

Key block = <key block>

#### WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEYBLOCK Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>lpsKey</u>	<u>TestKey</u>
<u>lpsEncKey</u>	MasterKey
<u>lpxKeyBlock</u>	<key block=""></key>

For this example, the following output data is expected:

Key Length = triple length (192 bits) DES key

# WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_IMPORT\_KEYBLOCK Output Data None

WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>lpsKey</u>	<u>TestKey</u>
lpKeyAttributes->bKeyUsage	<u>'D0'</u>
lpKeyAttributes->bAlgorithm	<u>'T'</u>
lpKeyAttributes->bModeOfUse	<u>'E'</u>
lpKeyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	<u>0</u>
<u>lpxValue</u>	<key block=""></key>
<u>lpsDecryptKey</u>	MasterKey
dwDecryptMethod	<u>0</u>
<u>lpxVerificationData</u>	NULL
<u>lpsVerifyKey</u>	NULL
<u>lpVerifyAttributes</u>	NULL
lpxVendorAttributes	NULL

#### WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 Output Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
<u>lpVerifyAttributes</u>	NULL
<u>lpxVerifyData</u>	NULL
ulKeyLength	192

## 9. Appendix-B (Country Specific WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENC\_IO protocols)

This section is used for country-specific extensions to the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENC\_IO command.

## 9.1 Luxemburg Protocol

The general XFS command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENC\_IO is used to communicate transparently with the security module (see also command specifications).

In particular, to access the Luxembourg encryption commands defined in the following paragraphs, the input structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENC\_IO command has to be defined as follows:

#### Input Param LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoIn;

wProtocol

Must be set to the constant WFS\_PIN\_ENC\_PROT\_LUX.

ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field *lpvData*.

lpvData

Points to an input structure that contains the data specific to the Luxemburg protocol that has to be sent to the encryption module. This input structure is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs), but has following general form:

wCommand

Specifies the command that has to be executed in the security module.

Value	Meaning
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_LOAD_APPKEY	Load an Application Key.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_GENERATE_MAC	Generate the CBC-MAC.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_CHECK_MAC	Check the CBC-MAC.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_BUILD_PINBLOCK	Build the PIN block.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_DECRYPT_TDES	Decrypt data.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_ENCRYPT_TDES	Encrypt data.

... Command Input Data ...

Specifies the command input data. This field is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs).

In the same way, to access the results of the private Luxembourg encryption commands, the output structure LPWFSPINENCIO of the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENC\_IO command will be as follows:

## Output Param LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoOut;

wProtocol

Is set to the constant WFS PIN ENC PROT LUX.

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ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field *lpvData*.

#### lnvData

Points to a PROTLUXOUT structure that contains the reply data specific to the Luxembourg protocol. This output structure is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs), but has following general form:

#### wCommand

Specifies the command that has to be executed in the encryption module. This field contains the same value as the corresponding field in the input structure.

#### wResult

Specifies the command reply codes specific for this protocol. Possible general values for the Luxemburg protocol are:

Value	Meaning
PROT LUX SUCCESS	Command terminated correctly.
PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_CMD	Invalid command. The wCommand
	issued is not valid or not supported.
PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_DATA	The data structure passed as input
	parameter for the command contains
	invalid or incoherent data.
PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_KEY	The key needed for the operation was not
	loaded or is invalid. This operation
	failed.

... Command Output Data ...

Specifies the command output data. This field is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs). In the case of an error, the command specific structure is returned, but only the *wCommand* and the *wResult* fields are valid.

#### **Comments**

Luxembourg encryption commands defined in the following paragraphs will return the generic error PROT LUX ERR INVALID DATA when the input data is invalid.

Note that since the introduction of the error codes for the Luxemburg Protocol, they have been redefined in the header file as positive values. This is to correct the original oversight of being defined as negative values which cannot be meaningfully returned in the WORD *wResult* output parameter. They have therefore been redefined as positive values in such a way that existing and future implementations which type cast them to an unsigned type will not be impacted.

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## 9.1.1 WFS CMD ENC IO LUX LOAD APPKEY

#### **Description**

This command can be used to load an Application Key and to replace the Transport Key. Once the keys are loaded the encryptor will use the keys to do the other commands.

The encryptor will use the Application Key to obtain a random encrypted session key needed for the PIN Encryption, the MAC Computation and the Data Encryption/Decryption.

The application will use the Transport Key for loading the other keys (MK\_MAC, MK\_PAC and MK\_ENC) into the encryptor.

When this command is used for replacing the Transport Key, the new Transport key is provided encrypted by the existing Transport Key.

The generation of the first Transport Key is the responsibility of the Authorization Center in Luxemburg (CETREL). The loading method of the first Transport Key into the encryptor is vendor dependent.

Keys loaded through this command are reported through the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_KEY\_DETAIL and WFS\_INF\_PIN\_KEY\_DETAIL\_EX commands.

Keys loaded through this command do not require to be deleted before the application can replace them.

To access this command, the structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENC\_IO command has to be defined as required by the Luxembourg protocol (see general definition in the first paragraph). The only definitions specific to this command are the input and output structures pointed to by the *lpvData* fields. They are defined as follows:

#### **Input Param**

#### LPPROTLUXLOADAPPKEY lpvData;

#### wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX LOAD APPKEY.

#### lpsKeyName

This field contains the name of the key to be loaded. The Service Provider will right pad the lpsKeyName to 20 bytes with char 0x20.

Allowed values are:

- "MK MAC" for the MAC key. Used for MAC calculation only.
- "MK\_PAC" for the PIN block key. Used for PIN block construction only.
- "MK ENC" for the ENC/DEC key. Used for data encryption/decryption only.
- "BANK\_TRANS\_KEY" for the Transport Key. It can only be used for loading the other keys (MK\_MAC, MK\_PAC and MK\_ENC) into the encryptor.

#### *lpsSequenceNumber*

This field is defined by the Authorization Center in Luxemburg (CETREL) and contains a 4 bytes key logic number as follows:

- Least significant 2 bytes represent the Key Generation
- Most significant 2 bytes represent the Key Version

The key logic number will contribute in the MAC calculation, in the PIN block construction and in the Data Encryption/Decryption.

Allowed values are:

- "2001" for the MK MAC key
- "2002" for the MK\_PAC key

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- "2003" for the MK ENC key
- "2004" for the BANK TRANS KEY encrypted by the existing BANK TRANS KEY

lpxKevData contains the 40 bytes of the Key data in ZKA key-file format (encrypted key of 16 bytes, HASH of 16 bytes and MAC of 8 bytes).

The MAC in the *lpxKeyData* is calculated with the contribution of the values from the lpsKeyName (20 bytes), lpsSequenceNumber (4 bytes) and the key data itself (16 bytes) in the following order:

- *lpsKeyName*
- *lpsSequenceNumber*
- Key data

#### Output Param LPPROTLUXLOADAPPKEYOUT lpvData;

```
typedef struct _prot_lux_load_app_key_out
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     WORD
                                wResult;
     } PROTLUXLOADAPPKEYOUT, *LPPROTLUXLOADAPPKEYOUT;
```

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX LOAD APPKEY.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error codes are possible:

Value		Meaning
PROT_LUX_ERR	VERIFICATION_FAILED	Verification failed. The supplied MAC does
		not match with the calculated MAC

#### **Comments**

This command will return generic error PROT LUX ERR INVALID KEY when Key Transport Key is not loaded.

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## 9.1.2 WFS CMD ENC IO LUX GENERATE MAC

#### **Description**

This command is used to generate the CBC-MAC (Message Authentication Code ISO9797-1:1999, Padding Method 1, MAC Algorithm 3).

This command returns the generated MAC for the data passed in.

To access the WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_LUX\_GENERATE\_MAC command, the structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENC\_IO command has to be defined as required by the Luxembourg protocol (see general definition in the first paragraph). The only definitions specific to this command are the input and output structures pointed by the *lpvData* fields. Those are defined as follows:

#### **Input Param**

#### LPPROTLUXGENERATEMACIN lpvData;

#### wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX GENERATE MAC.

#### lpxData

The *lpxData* parameter contains the data whose MAC is to be generated. Data will be padded according to ISO9797-1:1999, Padding Method 1 if it is not passed in as multiple of 8 bytes.

wMacLength

Specifies the MAC length. Legal values are: 2, 4, 6 or 8.

#### **Output Param**

#### LPPROTLUXGENERATEMACOUT lpvData;

#### wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX GENERATE MAC.

wResuli

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph).

lpxMac

The *lpxMac* parameter contains the generated MAC.

lnxRandon

The *lpxRandom* parameter contains the random value used to work out the session key.

#### **Comments**

The MAC is in ISO9797-1 format and is obtained from a random session key. The generated MAC is returned with the *lpxRandom* value that was used to obtain the random session key. This command will return generic error PROT\_LUX\_ERR\_INVALID\_KEY when MK\_MAC key is not loaded.

## 9.1.3 WFS CMD ENC IO LUX CHECK MAC

#### **Description**

This command verifies the CBC-MAC (Message Authentication Code ISO9797-1:1999, Padding Method 1, MAC Algorithm 3).

This command generates a MAC for the data passed in and compares it with the provided MAC

To access the WFS CMD ENC IO LUX CHECK MAC command, the structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS CMD PIN ENC IO command has to be defined as required by the Luxembourg protocol (see general definition in the first paragraph). The only definitions specific to this command are the input and output structures pointed by the *lpvData* fields. Those are defined as follows:

#### **Input Param**

#### LPPROTLUXCHECKMACIN lpvData;

```
typedef struct prot lux check mac in
     {
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxData;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxMac;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxRandom;
     } PROTLUXCHECKMACIN, *LPPROTLUXCHECKMACIN;
```

#### wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD\_ENC\_IO\_LUX\_CHECK\_MAC.

The *lpxData* parameter contains the data whose MAC is to be checked. Data will be padded according to ISO9797-1:1999, Padding Method 1 if it is not passed in as multiple of 8 bytes.

*lpxMac* 

The *lpxMac* parameter contains the MAC that is to be checked.

Legal values for the MAC length are: 2, 4, 6 or 8.

*lpxRandom* 

The *lpxRandom* parameter contains the random value used to work out the session key.

#### Output Param LPPROTLUXCHECKMACOUT lpvData:

```
typedef struct prot lux check mac out
     WORD
                                wCommand:
                                wResult;
     } PROTLUXCHECKMACOUT, *LPPROTLUXCHECKMACOUT;
```

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX CHECK MAC.

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error codes can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_LUX_ERR_VERIFICATION_FAILED	e j
	this command does not compare with the
	MAC passed in by the application.

#### **Comments**

If the value of wResult is PROT LUX SUCCESS, then the MAC check was successful. This command will return generic error PROT LUX ERR INVALID KEY when MK MAC key is not loaded.

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## 9.1.4 WFS CMD ENC IO LUX BUILD PINBLOCK

#### **Description**

This command is used to construct the PIN blocks described below for remote PIN check. For PIN block format see comment section below.

To access the WFS CMD ENC IO LUX BUILD PINBLOCK command, the structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENC\_IO command has to be defined as required by the Luxembourg protocol (see general definition in the first paragraph). The only definitions specific to this command are the input and output structures pointed by the *lpvData* fields. Those are defined as follows:

#### **Input Param**

#### LPPROTLUXPINBLOCKIN lpvData;

```
typedef struct prot lux pinblock in
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     WORD
                                wFormat:
     } PROTLUXPINBLOCKIN, *LPPROTLUXPINBLOCKIN;
```

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX BUILD PINBLOCK.

wFormat

Specifies the format of the PIN block. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
PROT LUXFORMISO1	ISO-1 PIN Block

#### Output Param PROTLUXPINBLOCKOUT lpvData;

```
typedef struct _prot_lux pinblock out
     WORD
                                 wCommand;
     WORD
                                 wResult;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxPinBlock;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxRandom;
     } PROTLUXPINBLOCKOUT, *LPPROTLUXPINBLOCKOUT;
```

wCommand .

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX BUILD PINBLOCK.

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_LUX_ERR_PIN_FORMAT_LENGTH	The PIN block could not be constructed
	because PIN was not entered or the PIN
	length was invalid.

*lpxPinBlock* 

The *lpxPinBlock* parameter contains the constructed PIN block.

*lpxRandom* 

The *lpxRandom* parameter contains the random value used to calculate the session key.

#### **Comments**

The PIN block is constructed in an ISO-1 format with random number padding and then Triple DES encrypted using a random session key. The encrypted PIN block is returned with the lpxRandom value that was used to obtain the random session key. This command will return generic error PROT LUX ERR INVALID KEY when MK PAC key is not loaded.

## 9.1.5 WFS CMD ENC IO LUX DECRYPT TDES

#### **Description**

This command is used to decrypt the data according to triple DES algorithm.

To access the WFS CMD ENC IO LUX DECRYPT TDES command, the structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS CMD PIN ENC IO command has to be defined as required by the Luxembourg protocol (see general definition in the first paragraph). The only definitions specific to this command are the input and output structures pointed by the *lpvData* fields. Those are defined as follows:

#### **Input Param**

#### LPPROTLUXDECRYPTTDESIN lpvData;

```
typedef struct prot lux decrypt tdes in
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     WORD
                                wType;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxData;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxIV;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxRandom;
} PROTLUXDECRYPTTDESIN, *LPPROTLUXDECRYPTTDESIN;
```

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX DECRYPT TDES.

An integer word specifying the type of triple DES decryption to be used as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
PROT_LUXTRIDESECB	Triple DES with Electronic Code Book.
PROT LUXTRIDESCBC	Triple DES with Cipher Block Chaining.

#### *lpxData*

The *lpxData* parameter contains the data to be decrypted. Data must be multiple of 8-byte blocks.

If wType is WFS PIN LUXTRIDESCBC then this field contains the 8 bytes of data containing the Initial Value needed for decryption in CBC mode. Otherwise this field is ignored.

#### *lpxRandom*

The *lpxRandom* parameter contains the random value used to calculate the session key.

#### Output Param LPPROTLUXDECRYPTTDESOUT lpvData;

```
typedef struct _prot_lux_decrypt_tdes_out
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     WORD
                                wResult;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxData;
     } PROTLUXDECRYPTTDESOUT, *LPPROTLUXDECRYPTTDESOUT;
```

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX DECRYPT TDES.

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph).

The *lpxData* parameter contains the decrypted data.

#### **Comments**

The Triple-DES decryption uses a random session key. The session key is derived from a random number that is provided in *lpxRandom*. This command will return generic error PROT LUX ERR INVALID KEY when MK ENC key is not loaded.

## 9.1.6 WFS CMD ENC IO LUX ENCRYPT TDES

#### **Description**

This command is used to encrypt the data according to triple DES algorithm.

To access the WFS CMD ENC IO LUX ENCRYPT TDES command, the structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS CMD PIN ENC IO command has to be defined as required by the Luxembourg protocol (see general definition in the first paragraph). The only definitions specific to this command are the input and output structures pointed by the *lpvData* fields. Those are defined as follows:

#### **Input Param**

#### LPPROTLUXENCRYPTTDESIN lpvData;

```
typedef struct prot lux encrypt tdes in
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     WORD
                                wType;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxData;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxIV:
     } PROTLUXENCRYPTTDESIN, *LPPROTLUXENCRYPTTDESIN;
```

#### wCommand.

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX ENCRYPT TDES.

An integer word specifying the type of triple DES encryption to be used as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_LUXTRIDESECB	Triple DES with Electronic Code Book.
WFS_PIN_LUXTRIDESCBC	Triple DES with Cipher Block Chaining.

#### lpxData

The *lpxData* parameter contains the data to be encrypted. Data must be multiple of 8-byte blocks. Application must fill the end of the data with 0x00 if the data does not contain a multiple of 8byte blocks.

If wType is WFS PIN LUXTRIDESCBC then this field contains the 8 bytes of data containing the Initial Value needed for encryption in CBC mode. Otherwise this field is ignored.

#### Output Param LPPROTLUXENCRYPTTDESOUT lpvData;

```
typedef struct prot lux encrypt tdes out
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     WORD
                                wResult;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxData;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxRandom;
     } PROTLUXENCRYPTTDESOUT, *LPPROTLUXENCRYPTTDESOUT;
```

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX ENCRYPT TDES.

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph).

The *lpxData* parameter contains the encrypted data.

The *lpxRandom* parameter contains the random value used to calculate the session key.

#### **Comments**

The Triple-DES encryption uses a random session key. The session key is derived from a random number that is returned in *lpxRandom*. This command will return generic error.

## 9.1.7 Luxemburg-specific Header File

This header section is to be created into a separate file from the standard xfspin.h and identifies the definitions for the Luxemburg Protocol only.

```
*xfspinlux.h XFS - Personal Identification Number Keypad (PIN) Luxemburg
*Protocol definitions
*************************
#ifndef __INC_XFSPINLUX__H
#define __INC_XFSPINLUX__H
#ifdef _cplusplus extern {}^{\text{"C"}} {
#endif
/* be aware of alignment */
#pragma pack(push,1)
/* values of PROTLUXIN.wCommand */
#define WFS CMD ENC IO LUX LOAD APPKEY
                                                 (0x0001)
#define WFS CMD ENC IO LUX GENERATE MAC
                                                 (0x0002)
#define WFS CMD ENC IO LUX CHECK MAC
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_BUILD_PINBLOCK
                                                  (0x0004)
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_DECRYPT_TDES
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_ENCRYPT_TDES
                                                  (0x0005)
                                                  (0x0006)
#define PROT LUX RESULT OFFSET (0)
/* values of PROTLUXOUT.wResult */
#define PROT_LUX_SUCCESS
                                               (0)
#define PROT LUX ERR INVALID CMD
                                                (-(USHRT MAX-
(PROT LUX RESULT OFFSET + 1))
#define PROT_LUX_ERR INVALID DATA
                                                 <del>(-(</del>(USHRT MAX-
(PROT_LUX_RESULT_OFFSET + 21))
#define PROT LUX ERR INVALID KEY
                                                 <del>(-(</del>(USHRT MAX-
(PROT LUX RESULT OFFSET + 32))
/* values of PROTLUXLOADAPPKEYOUT.wResult */
/* values of PROTLUXCHECKMACOUT.wResult */
#define PROT LUX ERR VERIFICATION FAILED (-(USHRT MAX -
(PROT LUX RESULT OFFSET + 43))
/* values of PROTLUXPINBLOCKOUT.wResult */
#define PROT LUX ERR PIN FORMAT LENGTH
                                               (-(USHRT MAX -
(PROT_LUX_RESULT_OFFSET + 54))
/* values of PROTLUXDECRYPTTDESIN.wType and PROTLUXENCRYPTTDESIN.wType*/
                                                  (0x0000)
#define PROT LUXTRIDESECB
#define PROT LUXTRIDESCBC
                                                  (0 \times 0.001)
/* values of PROTLUXPINBLOCKIN.fwFormat */
#define PROT LUXFORMISO1
                                                  (0x0001)
// Used to type-cast specific command to access common fields
typedef struct _prot_lux_in
```

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```
WORD
                           wCommand:
} PROTLUXIN, *LPPROTLUXIN;
// Used to type-cast specific response to access common fields
typedef struct _prot_lux_out
   WORD
                           wCommand;
   WORD
} PROTLUXOUT, *LPPROTLUXOUT;
typedef struct prot lux load app key in
   WORD
                           wCommand:
   LPSTR
                           lpsKeyName;
   LPSTR
                           lpsSequenceNumber;
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxKeyData;
} PROTLUXLOADAPPKEYIN, *LPPROTLUXLOADAPPKEYIN;
typedef struct _prot_lux_load_app_key_out
                           wCommand:
                           wResult;
} PROTLUXLOADAPPKEYOUT, *LPPROTLUXLOADAPPKEYOUT;
typedef struct _prot_lux_generate mac in
   WORD
                           wCommand;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxData;
   WORD
                           wMacLength;
} PROTLUXGENERATEMACIN, *LPPROTLUXGENERATEMACIN;
typedef struct _prot_lux_generate_mac_out
   WORD
                           wCommand;
   WORD
                           wResult;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxMac;
                           lpxRandom;
   LPWFSXDATA
} PROTLUXGENERATEMACOUT, *LPPROTLUXGENERATEMACOUT;
typedef struct _prot_lux_check_mac_in
   WORD
                           wCommand;
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxData;
   LPWFSXDATA
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRandom;
} PROTLUXCHECKMACIN, *LPPROTLUXCHECKMACIN;
typedef struct _prot_lux_check_mac_out
   WORD
                           wCommand;
   WORD
                           wResult;
} PROTLUXCHECKMACOUT, *LPPROTLUXCHECKMACOUT;
typedef struct prot lux pinblock in
   WORD
                           wCommand;
                           wFormat;
} PROTLUXPINBLOCKIN, *LPPROTLUXPINBLOCKIN;
typedef struct _prot_lux_pinblock_out
   WORD
                           wCommand;
   WORD
                           wResult;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxPinBlock;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRandom;
} PROTLUXPINBLOCKOUT, *LPPROTLUXPINBLOCKOUT;
typedef struct _prot_lux_decrypt_tdes_in
```

```
WORD
                           wCommand;
   WORD
                           wType;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxData:
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxIV;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRandom;
} PROTLUXDECRYPTTDESIN, *LPPROTLUXDECRYPTTDESIN;
typedef struct prot lux decrypt tdes out
   WORD
                           wCommand;
   WORD
                           wResult:
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxData;
                         , *LPPROTLUXDECRYPTTDESOUT:
} PROTLUXDECRYPTTDESOUT
typedef struct _prot_lux_encrypt_tdes_in
    WORD
                           wCommand;
   WORD
                           wType;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxData;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxIV;
} PROTLUXENCRYPTTDESIN, *LPPROTLUXENCRYPTTDESIN;
typedef struct prot lux encrypt tdes out
    WORD
                           wCommand;
   WORD
                           wResult;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxData;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRandom;
} PROTLUXENCRYPTTDESOUT, *LPPROTLUXENCRYPTTDESOUT;
/* restore alignment */
#pragma pack(pop)
#ifdef _
        cplusplus
        #endif
         /* INC XFSPINLUX H */
#endif
```

#### 9.2 China Protocol

The general XFS command WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENC\_IO is used to communicate transparently with the security module (see also command specifications).

In particular, to access the China encryption commands defined in the following paragraphs, the input structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS CMD PIN ENC IO command has to be defined as follows:

#### Input Param LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoIn;

wProtoco.

Must be set to the constant WFS PIN ENC PROT CHN.

ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field *lpvData*.

lpvData

Points to an input structure that contains the data specific to the China protocol that has to be sent to the encryption module. This input structure is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs), but has following general form:

LPPROTCHNIN lpvData;

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#### wCommand

Specifies the command that has to be executed in the security module.

Value	Meanin	g
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_ DIGEST	Compu	e a hash code.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SET_SM2_		2 parameter.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_IMPORT_S	SM2_PUBLIC_KEY	Load SM2 public
	key.	
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SIGN	Sign SM2 algorith	
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_VERIFY	Verify SM2 algori	thm signature.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_S	SM2_ISSUER_SIGNED_I	TEM Export
	data elements.	
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_GENERAT	E_SM2_KEY_PAIR	Generate a new
	SM2 key pair.	
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_S	SM2_EPP_SIGNED_ITEN	A Export data
	elements signed by	y a private key.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN _IMPORT_	SM2_SIGNED_SM4_KEY	Y Load SM4 key.

<sup>...</sup> Command Input Data ...

Specifies the command input data. This field is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs).

In the same way, to access the results of the private China encryption commands, the output structure LPWFSPINENCIO of the WFS CMD PIN ENC IO command will be as follows:

#### Output Param LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoOut;

#### wProtocol

Is set to the constant WFS PIN ENC PROT CHN.

#### ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field *lpvData*.

#### lnvData

Points to a PROTCHNOUT structure that contains the reply data specific to the China protocol. This output structure is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs), but has following general form:

#### wCommand

Specifies the command that has to be executed in the encryption module. This field contains the same value as the corresponding field in the input structure.

#### wResult

Specifies the command reply codes specific for this protocol. Possible general values for the China protocol are:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_SUCCESS	Command terminated correctly.
PROT_CHN_ERR_INVALID_CMD	Invalid command. The wCommand
	issued is not valid or not supported.

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PROT\_CHN\_ERR\_INVALID\_DATA

The data structure passed as input parameter for the command contains

invalid or incoherent data.

PROT CHN ERR INVALID KEY

The key needed for the operation was not loaded or is invalid. This operation failed.

... Command Output Data ...

Specifies the command output data. This field is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs). In the case of an error, the command specific structure is returned, but only the *wCommand* and the *wResult* fields are valid.

**Comments** 

China encryption commands defined in the following paragraphs will return the generic error PROT\_CHN\_ERR\_INVALID\_DATA when the input data is invalid.

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## 9.2.1 WFS CMD ENC IO CHN DIGEST

**Description:** This command is used to compute a hash code on a stream of data using the specified SM3 hash

algorithm. This command can be used to verify PBOC static and dynamic data.

Input Param LPPROTCHNDIGESTIN lpDigestIn;

wCommand.

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN DIGEST.

wHashAlgorithm

Specifies which hash algorithm should be used to calculate the hash.

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_HASH_SM3_DIGEST	The SM3 digest algorithm. SM3
	Cryptographic hash algorithm is defined in
	Password industry standard of the People's
	Republic of China GM/T 0004.

lpxDigestInput

Pointer to the structure that contains the length and the data to be hashed.

#### Output Param LPPROTCHNDIGESTOUT lpDigestOut;

wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN DIGEST.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.

lpxDigestOuput

Pointer to the structure that contains the length and the data containing the calculated hash.

Comments None.

## 9.2.2 WFS CMD ENC IO CHN SET SM2 PARAM

#### **Description**

This command is used to set SM2 algorithm parameter. The SM2 algorithm is based on elliptic curves. Six parameters need to be set before using to calculate. There are defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

#### **Input Param**

LPPROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMIN lpSM2AlgorithmParamIn;

```
typedef struct prot chn sm2 algorithm param in
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxP;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxA;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxB;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxN;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxXa:
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxYg;
     } PROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMIN, *LPPROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMIN;
```

#### wCommand w

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN SET SM2 PARAM.

Prime number p. It should be greater than 3. It is used to define prime number field  $F_p$  It is defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

#### lpxA

An element a in prime number field  $F_p$ . They are used to define elliptic curve's equation:  $y^2 = x_3$  $+a^*x + b$ . It is defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

An element b in prime number field  $F_p$ . They are used to define elliptic curve's equation:  $y^2 = x_3$  $+a^*x + b$ . It is defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

#### lpxN

The number of base points on the elliptic curve. It should be greater than 2<sup>191</sup>, and greater than  $4*p^{1/2}$ . It is defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

The X coordinate of one base point  $G = (X_G, Y_G)$  on the elliptic curve. The base point G should be in the set of prime number field  $F_p$ . It is defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

The Y coordinate of one base point  $G = (X_G, Y_G)$  on the elliptic curve. The base point G should be in the set of prime number field  $F_p$ . It is defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

#### Output Param LPPROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMOUT lpSM2AlgorithmParamOut;

```
typedef struct    prot_chn_sm2_algorithm_param_out
     WORD
                                wCommand:
     WORD
                                wResult;
     } PROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMOUT, *LPPROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMOUT;
```

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN SET SM2 PARAM.

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph).

#### **Comments**

None.

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## 9.2.3 WFS CMD ENC IO CHN IMPORT SM2 PUBLIC KEY

**Description** 

The Public SM2 key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. The *dwUse* parameter restricts the cryptographic functions that the imported key can be used for.

#### **Input Param**

LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN lpImportSM2PublicKeyIn;

```
typedef struct _prot_chn_import sm2 public key in
     {
     WORD
                                 wCommand;
     LPSTR
                                 lpsKey;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxValue;
     DWORD
                                 dwUse;
     LPSTR
                                 lpsSigKey;
                                 dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
     DWORD
     LPWFSXDATA
                                 lpxSignature;
     } PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN, *LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN;
```

#### wCommand .

Is set to WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_IMPORT\_SM2\_PUBLIC\_KEY.lpsKey Specifies the name of key being loaded.

#### lpxValue

Contains the GM/T 2012 SM2 Public Key to be loaded.

#### dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise the parameter can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_USESM2PUBLIC	Key is used as a public key for SM2
	Encryption including PBOC PIN block creation.
PROT_CHN_USESM2PUBLICVERIFY	Key is used as a public key for SM2 signature verification and/or data decryption.

If dwUse equals zero the specified key is deleted.

When no signature is required to authenticate the deletion of a public key, all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored. In addition, WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_IMPORT\_SM2\_PUBLIC\_KEY and WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_IMPORT\_SM2\_SIGNED\_SM4\_KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command.

When a signature is required to authenticate the deletion of the public key, all parameters in the command are used. *lpxValue* must contain the concatenation of the Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device (see the command

WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_EXPORT\_SM2\_ISSUER\_SIGNED\_ITEM) and the GM/T 2012 SM2 public key to be deleted. *lpxSignature* contains the signature generated from *lpxValue* using the private key component of the public key being deleted.

The equivalent commands in the certificate scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the signature scheme.

#### InsSigKey

*lpsSigKey* specifies the name of a previously loaded asymmetric key (i.e. a SM2 Public Key) which will be used to verify the signature passed in *lpxSignature*. The default Signature Issuer public key (installed in a secure environment during manufacture) will be used, if *lpsSigKey* is either NULL or contains the name of the default Signature issuer.

#### dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm

Defines the algorithm used to generate the Signature specified in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm specified. No
	signature verification will take place and the
	contents of <i>lpsSigKey</i> and <i>lpxSignature</i> are
	ignored.

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PROT\_CHN\_SIGN\_SM2\_GM\_T\_2012

Use the GM/T 2012 SM2 algorithm.

Contains the Signature associated with the key being imported or deleted. The Signature is used to validate the key request has been received from a trusted sender. This value contains NULL when no key validation is required.

#### Output Param LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT lpImportSM2PublicKeyOut;

```
typedef struct prot chn import sm2 public key out
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     WORD
                                wResult;
     DWORD
                                dwSM2KeyCheckMode;
                                lpxKeyCheckValue;
     LPWFSXDATA
     } PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT, *LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT;
```

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN IMPORT SM2 PUBLIC KEY.

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error codes are possible:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The key name supplied in <i>lpsSigKey</i> was not
	found.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	An invalid use was specified for the key
	being imported.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
	overwritten.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENG	TH
	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	The Service Provider does not support the
	Signature Algorithm requested. The key was
	discarded.
PROT_CHN _PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature verification failed. The key
	has not been stored or deleted.

#### dwSM2KeyCheckMode

Defines algorithm/method used to generate the public key check value/thumb print. The check value can be used to verify that the public key has been imported correctly. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_SM2_KCV_NONE	No check value is returned in
	lpxKeyCheckValue.
PROT_CHN_SM2_KCV_SM3	lpxKeyCheckValue contains a SM3 digest of
	the public key.

Contains the public key check value as defined by the dwSM2KeyCheckMode flag.

#### **Comments**

None.

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## 9.2.4 WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_SIGN

Description This command is used to sign SM2 algorithm data.

LPPROTCHNSIGNIN lpSignIn; **Input Param** 

```
typedef struct _prot_chn_sign_in
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     LPSTR
                                lpsKey;
     LPSTR
                                lpSignerID;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxPlaintextData;
     } PROTCHNSIGNIN, *LPPROTCHNSIGNIN;
```

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN SIGN.

Specifies the name of the stored key.

*lpSignerID* 

Specifies the signer's ID.

lpxPlaintextData

Pointer to the data that need to be signed.

#### Output Param LPPROTCHNSIGNOUT lpSignOut;

```
typedef struct _prot_chn_sign_out
     WORD
                                      wCommand;
     WORD
                                      wResult;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                      lpxSignData;
     } PROTCHNSIGNOUT, *LPPROTCHNSIGNOUT;
```

Is set to WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_SIGN.

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPOR	RTED
	The specified mode is not supported.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key name was found but the
	corresponding key value has not been
	loaded.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENC	GTH
	The length of <i>lpxKeyEncKey</i> or
	lpxStartValue is not supported or the length
	of an encryption key is not compatible with
	the encryption operation required.
PROT CHN ERR PIN NOCHIPTRANSACTIVE	
	A chipcard key is used as encryption key and
	there is no chip transaction active.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTS	
	The specified algorithm is not supported by this key.

*lpxSignData* 

Pointer to the signature.

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Comments None.

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## 9.2.5 WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_VERIFY

**Description** This command is used to verify SM2 algorithm signature data.

Input Param LPPROTCHNVERIFYIN lpVerifyIn;

wCommand

Is set to WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_VERIFY.

lpsKey

Specifies the name of the stored key.

lpxCipherData

User's plain text data.

*lpxSignData* 

Signature data signed by WFS CMD ENC IO CHN SIGN.

Output Param LPPROTCHNVERIFYOUT lpVerifyOut;

wCommand .

Is set to WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_VERIFY.

wResuli

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value Meaning

PROT CHN ERR PIN SIGNATUREERROR Signature data is wrong.

**Comments** None

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## 9.2.6 WFS CMD ENC IO CHN EXPORT SM2 ISSUER SIGNED ITEM

#### **Description**

This command is used to export data elements from the PIN device, which have been signed by an offline Signature Issuer. This command is used when the default keys and Signature Issuer signatures, installed during manufacture, are to be used for remote key loading.

This command allows the following data items are to be exported:

- The Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device. This value may be used to uniquely identify a PIN device and therefore confer trust upon any key or data obtained from this device.
- The SM2 Public key component of a public/private key pair that exists within the PIN device. These public/private key pairs are installed during manufacture. Typically, an exported public key is used by the host to encipher the symmetric key.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMIN lpExportSM2IssuerSignedItem;

```
typedef struct prot chn export sm2 issuer signed item in
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     WORD
                                wExportItemType;
     LPSTR
                                lpsName;
     } PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMIN,
     *LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMIN;
```

#### wCommand .

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN EXPORT SM2 ISSUER SIGNED ITEM.

#### wExportItemTvpe

Defines the type of data item to be exported from the PIN. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_ID	The Unique ID for the PIN will be exported,
PROT_CHN_PIN_EXPORT_PUBLIC_KEY	<i>lpsName</i> is ignored.  The public key identified by <i>lpsName</i> will be exported.

#### lpsName

Specifies the name of the public key to be exported. The private/public key pair was installed during manufacture. If *lpsName* is NULL, then the default EPP public key that is used for symmetric key encryption is exported.

#### Output Param LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT lpExportSM2IssuerSignedItemOut;

```
typedef struct prot chn export sm2 issuer signed item out
     {
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     WORD
                                wResult:
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxValue;
     DWORD
                                dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxSignature;
     } PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT,
     *LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT;
```

#### wCommand .

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN EXPORT SM2 ISSUER SIGNED ITEM.

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_NOPRIVATEKEY	The PIN device does not have a private key.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The data item identified by <i>lpsName</i> was not
	found.

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lpxValue

If a public key was requested then *lpxValue* contains the GM/T 2012 SM2 Public Key. If the security item was requested then *lpxValue* contains the PIN's Security Item, which may be vendor specific.

#### dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm

Specifies the algorithm used to generate the Signature returned in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm used, no signature
	will be provided in <i>lpxSignature</i> , the data
	item may still be exported.
PROT_CHN_SIGN_SM2_GM_T_2012	GM/T 2012 SM2 algorithm used.

*lpxSignature* 

Specifies the SM2 signature of the data item exported. NULL can be returned when key Signatures are not supported.

#### **Comments** None.

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## WFS CMD ENC IO CHN GENERATE SM2 KEY PAIR

#### **Description**

This command will generate a new SM2 key pair. The public key generated as a result of this command can subsequently be obtained by calling

WFS CMD PIN EXPORT SM2 EPP SIGNED ITEM.

The newly generated key pair can only be used for the use defined in the dwUse flag. This flag defines the use of the private key; its public key can only be used for the inverse function.

#### **Input Param**

## LPPROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIRIN lpGenerateSM2KeyPairIn;

```
typedef struct _prot_chn_generate sm2 keypair in
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     LPSTR
                                lpsKey;
     DWORD
                                dwUse;
     } PROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIRIN, *LPPROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIRIN;
```

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN GENERATE SM2 KEY PAIR.

Specifies the name of the new key-pair to be generated. Details of the generated key-pair can be obtained through the WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL EX command.

Specifies what the private key component of the key pair can be used for. The public key part can only be used for the inverse function. For example, if the WFS PIN USESM2PRIVATESIGN use is specified, then the private key can only be used for signature generation and the partner public key can only be used for verification. dwUse can take one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_USESM2PRIVATE	Key is used as a private key for SM2
	decryption.
PROT_CHN_USESM2PRIVATESIGN	Key is used as a private key for SM2
	Signature generation. Only data generated
	within the device can be signed.

### Output Param LPPROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIROUT lpGenerateSM2KeyPairOut;

```
typedef struct __ prot_chn_generate_sm2_keypair_out
     WORD
                                wCommand:
     WORD
                                wResult:
     } PROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIROUT, *LPPROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIROUT;
```

#### wCommand w

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN GENERATE SM2 KEY PAIR.

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_INVALID_MOD_LE	N
	The modulus length specified is invalid.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
	overwritten.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_KEY_GENERATION	<del>-</del>
	The EPP is unable to generate a key pair.

#### **Comments**

None.

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## 9.2.8 WFS CMD ENC IO CHN EXPORT SM2 EPP SIGNED ITEM

#### **Description**

This command is used to export data elements from the PIN device that have been signed by a private key within the EPP. This command is used in place of the

WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_EXPORT\_SM2\_ISSUER\_SIGNED\_ITEM command, when a private key generated within the PIN device is to be used to generate the signature for the data item. This command allows an application to define which of the following data items are to be exported:

- The Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device. This value may be used to uniquely identify a PIN device and therefore confer trust upon any key or data obtained from this device.
- The SM2 Public key component of a public/private key pair that exists within the PIN device.

The public/private key pairs exported by this command are either installed during manufacture or generated through the WFS CMD ENC IO CHN GENERATE SM2 KEY PAIR command.

The WFS\_INF\_PIN\_KEY\_DETAIL\_EX command can be used to determine the valid uses for the exported public key.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMIN lpExportSM2EPPSignedItemIn;

#### wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN EXPORT SM2 EPP SIGNED ITEM.

#### wExportItemType

Defines the type of data item to be exported from the PIN. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_ID	The Unique ID for the PIN will be exported,
	<i>lpsName</i> is ignored.
PROT_CHN_PIN_EXPORT_PUBLIC_KEY	The public key identified by <i>lpsName</i> will be
	exported.

#### lpsName

Specifies the name of the public key to be exported. This can either be the name of a key-pair generated through WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_GENERATE\_SM2\_KEY\_PAIR or the name of one of the default key-pairs installed during manufacture.

#### lpsSigKe

Specifies the name of the private key to use to sign the exported item.

#### dwSignatureAlgorithm.

Specifies the algorithm to use to generate the Signature returned in both the *lpxSelfSignature* and *lpxSignature* fields. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm used, no signature
	will be provided in <i>lpxSelfSignature</i> or
	<i>lpxSignature</i> . The requested item may still
	be exported.
PROT CHN SIGN SM2 GM T 2012	GM/T 2012 SM2 algorithm used.

Output Param LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT lpExportSM2EPPSignedItemOut;

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#### wCommand .

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN EXPORT SM2 EPP SIGNED ITEM.

#### wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_NOSM2KEYPAIR	The PIN device does not have a private key.
PROT_CHN ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The data item identified by <i>lpsName</i> was not
	found.

#### *lpxValue*

If a public key was requested then *lpxValue* contains the GM/T 2012 SM2 Public Key. If the security item was requested then *lpxValue* contains the PIN's Security Item, which may be vendor specific.

#### lpxSelfSignature

If a public key was requested then *lpxSelfSignature* contains the SM2 signature of the public key exported, generated with the key-pair's private component. NULL can be returned when key Self-Signatures are not supported/required.

#### *lpxSignature*

Specifies the SM2 signature of the data item exported. NULL can be returned when signatures are not supported/required.

#### **Comments** N

None.

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## 9.2.9 WFS CMD ENC IO CHN IMPORT SM2 SIGNED SM4 KEY

#### **Description**

This command is used to load a Symmetric Key that is a SM4 key into the encryptor. The key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module, the (optional) signature is used during validation, the key is decrypted using the device's SM2 Private Key, and is then stored. The loaded key will be discarded at any stage if any of the above fails.

The dwUse parameter restricts the cryptographic functions that the imported key can be used for.

If a Signature algorithm is specified that is not supported by the PIN Service Provider, then the message will not be decrypted and the command fails.

#### **Input Param**

#### LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEY lpImportSM2SignedSM4KeyIn;

```
typedef struct prot chn import sm2 signed sm4 key
     {
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     LPSTR
                                lpsKey;
     LPSTR
                                lpsDecryptKey;
     DWORD
                                dwSM2EncipherAlgorithm;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxValue;
     DWORD
                                dwUse;
                                lpsSigKey;
     LPSTR
     DWORD
                                dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
                                lpxSignature;
     LPWFSXDATA
     PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEY, *LPPROTCHNIMPORTMS2SIGNEDSM4KEY;
```

#### wCommana

Is set to WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_IMPORT\_SM2\_SIGNED\_SM4\_KEY.*lpsKey* Specifies the name of key being loaded.

#### *lpsDecryptKey*

Specifies the name of the RSA private key used to decrypt the symmetric key. See section <u>8.1.8</u> (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for a description of the fixed name defined for the default decryption private key. If *lpsDecryptKey* is NULL then the default decryption private key is used.

#### dwSM2EncipherAlgorithm

Specifies the RSA algorithm that is used, along with the private key, to decipher the imported key. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT CHN SIGN SM2 GM T 2012	GM/T 2012 SM2 algorithm used.

#### lpxValue

Specifies the enciphered value of the key to be loaded. *lpxValue* contains the concatenation of the random number (when present) and enciphered key.

#### dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise, the parameter can be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key is used for encryption and decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key is used for PIN block creation.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key is used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS PIN USEPINLOCAL	Key is used only for local PIN check.

If *dwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored. WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_IMPORT\_SM2\_PUBLIC\_KEY and WFS\_CMD\_ENC\_IO\_CHN\_IMPORT\_SM2\_SIGNED\_SM4\_KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command. The equivalent commands in the certificate scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the signature scheme.

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#### lpsSigKey

If *lpsSigKey* is NULL then the key signature will not be used for validation and *lpxSignature* is ignored. Otherwise *lpsSigKey* specifies the name of an Asymmetric Key (i.e. an SM2 Public Key) previously loaded which will be used to verify the signature passed in *lpxSignature*.

#### dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm

Specifies the algorithm used to generate the Signature specified in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm specified. No
	signature verification will take place and the
	content of <i>lpxSignature</i> is ignored.
PROT_CHN_SIGN_SM2_GM_T_2012	GM/T 2012 SM2 algorithm used.

#### *lpxSignature*

Contains the Signature associated with the key being imported. The Signature is used to validate the key has been received from a trusted sender. The signature is generated over the contents of the *lpxValue*. The *lpxSignature* signature contains NULL when no key validation is required.

#### Output Param LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT lpImportSM2SignedSM4KeyOutput;

```
typedef struct prot chn import sm2 signed sm4 key output
     WORD
                                wCommand;
     WORD
                                wResult;
     WORD
                                wKeyCheckMode;
     LPWFSXDATA
                                lpxKeyCheckValue;
     } PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT,
     *LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT;
```

#### wCommand w

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN IMPORT SM2 SIGNED SM4 KEY.

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
	overwritten.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	One of the keys specified were not found.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not
	loaded.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENG	
	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	The Service Provider does not support the
	Signature Algorithm requested. The key was
	discarded.
PROT CHN ERR PIN SIGNATUREINVALID	
	The signature in the input data is invalid.
	The key is not stored in the PIN.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input
	data does not match the one previously
	provided by the EPP. The key is not stored
	in the PIN.

#### wKeyCheckMode

Specifies the mode that is used to create the key check value. It can be one of the following flags:

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Value	Meaning
WFS PIN KCVNONE	There is no key check value provided.
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value is calculated by an
	encryption of the key with itself. For a
	double-length or triple-length key the KCV
	is generated using SM4 encryption using the
	first 8 bytes of the key as the source data for
	the encryption.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value is calculated by an
	encryption of a zero value with the key.

pointer to the key verification data that can be used for verification of the loaded key, NULL if device does not have that capability.

**Comments** None.

## 9.2.10 China-specific Header File

This header section is to be created into a separate file from the standard xfspin.h and identifies the definitions for the China Protocol only.

```
*xfspinchn.h XFS - Personal Identification Number Keypad (PIN) China
*Protocol definitions
************************
#ifndef __INC_XFSPINCHN__H
#define __INC_XFSPINCHN__H
#ifdef __cpli
extern "C" {
        __cplusplus
#endif
/* be aware of alignment */
#pragma pack(push,1)
/* values of PROTCHNIN.wCommand */
#define WFS CMD ENC IO CHN DIGEST
                                                                  (0x0001)
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO CHN_SET_SM2_PARAM
                                                                  (0 \times 0.002)
#define WFS CMD ENC IO CHN IMPORT SM2 PUBLIC KEY
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SIGN
                                                                  (0x0004)
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_VERIFY
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_SM2_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_GENERATE_SM2_KEY_PAIR
                                                                  (0x0005)
                                                                  (0 \times 0007)
#define WFS CMD ENC IO CHN EXPORT SM2 EPP SIGNED ITEM
#define WFS CMD ENC IO CHN IMPORT SM2 SIGNED SM4 KEY
                                                                 (0x0009)
#define PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET (0)
/* values of PROTCHNOUT.wResult */
#define PROT_CHN_SUCCESS
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_INVALID_CMD
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_INVALID_DATA
                                                      (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 1))
                                                      (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 2))
#define PROT CHN ERR INVALID KEY
                                                     (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 3))
/* values of PROTCHNDIGESTOUTPUT.wResult, PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT.wResult,
PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT.wResult, PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT.wResult
and PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT.wResult */
#define PROT CHN ERR PIN ACCESSDENIED
                                                     (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 4))
/* values of PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT.wResult, PROTCHNDIGESTOUT.wResult,
PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT.wResult, PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT.wResult
and PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT.wResult */
#define PROT CHN ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND
                                                     (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 5))
/* values of PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT.wResult, PROTCHNDIGESTOUT.wResult and
PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT.wResult */
#define PROT CHN ERR PIN USEVIOLATION
                                                     (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 6))
#define PROT CHN ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH
                                                     (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 7))
/* additional values of PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT.wResult and
PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT.wResult */
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID
                                                    (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 8))
                                                 (-(PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 9))
                                                     (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 10))
```

```
/* additional values of PROTCHNSIGNOUT.wResult and
PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT.wResult */
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE (-(PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 11))
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_NOCHIPTRANSACTIVE (-(PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 13))
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP (-(PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 13))
/* values of PROTCHNVERIFYOUT.wResult */
#define PROT CHN ERR PIN SIGNATUREERROR
                                                         (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 15))
/* values of PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT.wResult */
                                                         (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 16))
#define PROT CHN ERR PIN NOPRIVATEKEY
/* values of PROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYOUT.wResult */
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_INVALID_MOD_LEN (-(PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 17))
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEY_GENERATION_ERROR (-(PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 18))
/* values of PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT.wResult */
#define PROT CHN ERR PIN NOSM2KEYPAIR
                                                         (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 19))
/* values of PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT.wResult */
#define PROT CHN ERR PIN NOKEYRAM
                                                         (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 20))
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID
                                                        (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 21))
/* values of PROTCHNDIGESTIN.wHashAlgorithm */
#define PROT CHN HASH SM3 DIGEST
                                                         (0 \times 0001)
/* values for PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN.dwUse */
#define PROT CHN USESM2PUBLIC
                                                         (0×00000001)
#define PROT_CHN_USESM2PUBLICVERIFY
                                                         (0x00000002)
/* values of PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN.dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm,
PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT.dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm,
PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMIN.dwSignatureAlgorithm and
PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEY.dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm */
#define PROT_CHN_PIN_SIGN_NA
#define PROT_CHN_SIGN_SM2_GM T 2012
                                                         (0x00000001)
/* values for PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT.dwSM2KeyCheckMode */
#define PROT CHN SM2 KCV NONE
#define PROT CHN SM2 KCV SM3
                                                         (0x00000002)
/* values for PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMIN.wExportItemType,
PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMIN.wExportItemType */
#define PROT CHN PIN EXPORT EPP ID
                                                       (0x0001)
#define PROT CHN PIN EXPORT PUBLIC KEY
                                                        (0x0002)
/* values for PROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYOUT.dwUse */
#define PROT_CHN_USESM2PRIVATE
                                                        (0×00000001)
#define PROT CHN USESM2PRIVATESIGN
// Used to type-cast specific command to access common fields
typedef struct _prot_chn_in
                             wCommand:
} PROTCHNIN, *LPPROTCHNIN;
// Used to type-cast specific response to access common fields
typedef struct prot chn out
```

```
WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult;
} PROTCHNOUT, *LPPROTCHNOUT;
typedef struct _prot_chn_digest_in
    WORD
                           wCommand:
    WORD
                           wHashAlgorithm;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxDigestInput;
} PROTCHNDIGESTIN, *LPPROTCHNDIGESTIN;
typedef struct prot chn digest out
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxDigestOutput;
} PROTCHNDIGESTOUT, *LPPROTCHNDIGESTOUT;
typedef struct _prot_chn_sm2_algorithm_param_in
                           wCommand;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxP;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxA;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxB;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxN;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxXq;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxYq;
} PROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMIN, *LPPROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMIN;
typedef struct prot chn sm2 algorithm param out
                           wCommand:
    WORD
                           wResult;
} PROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMOUT, *LPPROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMOUT;
typedef struct prot chn import sm2 public key in
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
                           lpxValue;
    LPWFSXDATA
    DWORD
                           dwUse;
    LPSTR
                           lpsSigKey;
                           dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
} PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN, *LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN;
typedef struct prot chn import sm2 public key out
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult;
                           dwSM2KeyCheckMode;
    DWORD
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKeyCheckValue;
} PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT, *LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT;
typedef struct prot chn sign in
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    LPSTR
                           lpSignerID;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxPlaintextData;
} PROTCHNSIGNIN, *LPPROTCHNSIGNIN;
typedef struct _prot_chn_sign_out
    WORD
                           wCommand:
    WORD
                           wResult;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignData;
} PROTCHNSIGNOUT, *LPPROTCHNSIGNOUT;
```

```
typedef struct prot chn verify in
   WORD
                           wCommand:
   LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxPlaintextData;
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxSignData;
} PROTCHNVERIFYIN, *LPPROTCHNVERIFYIN;
typedef struct prot chn verify out
} PROTCHNVERIFYOUT, *LPPROTCHNVERIFYOUT;
typedef struct prot chn export sm2 issuer signed item in
   WORD
                           wCommand;
   WORD
                           wExportItemType;
   LPSTR
                           lpsName;
} PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMIN, *LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMIN;
typedef struct _prot_chn_export_sm2_issuer_signed_item_out
   WORD
                           wCommand;
   WORD
                           wResult;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxValue;
   WORD
                          dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxSignature;
} PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT, *LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT;
typedef struct prot chn generate sm2 keypair in
   WORD
                           wCommand:
   LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
   DWORD
                           dwUse;
} PROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIRIN, *LPPROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIRIN;
typedef struct prot chn generate sm2 keypair out
   WORD
                           wCommand:
   WORD
                           wResult;
} PROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIROUT, *LPPROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIROUT;
typedef struct _prot_chn_export_sm2_epp_signed_item_in
   WORD
                           wCommand;
   WORD
                           wExportItemType;
                           lpsName;
   LPSTR
} PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMIN, *LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMIN;
typedef struct prot chn export sm2 epp signed item out
                           wCommand;
   WORD
                           wResult;
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxValue;
   WORD
                          dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxSignature;
} PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT, *LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT;
typedef struct _prot_chn_import_sm2_signed_sm4_key
   LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
   LPSTR
                           lpsDecryptKey;
                           dwSM2EncipherAlgorithm;
   DWORD
                          lpxValue;
   LPWFSXDATA
   DWORD
                          dwUse:
   LPSTR
                          lpsSigKey;
   DWORD
                          dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
} PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEY, *LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEY;
```

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## 10. Appendix-C (Standardized *IpszExtra* fields)

This section contains the values that have been standardized for the *lpszExtra* fields within previous releases of the PIN specification. These values are still applicable to this version of the standard and must be supported if the functionality is supported.

## 10.1 WFS\_INF\_PIN\_STATUS

The following standardized *lpszExtra* values have been defined for the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_STATUS command.

For Remote Key Loading using Certificates, the following key/value pairs indicate the level of support of the Service Provider. If these pairs are not returned then this indicates the Service Provider does not support the corresponding feature:

CERTIFICATESTATE=<0xnnnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. This state determines which public verification or encryption key should be read out of the device. For example CERTIFICATESTATE =0x00000001 indicates that the state of the Encryptor is Primary. The possible values are the following:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CERT_PRIMARY	The encryption module indicates that all pre- loaded certificates have been loaded and that primary verification certificates will be accepted for the commands WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE or WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICA TE
WFS_PIN_CERT_SECONDARY	The encryption module indicates that primary verification certificates will not be accepted and only secondary verification certificates will be accepted. If primary certificates have been compromised (which the certificate authority or the host detects), then secondary certificates should be used in any transaction. This is done by calling the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE command or the WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICA TE.
WFS_PIN_CERT_NOTREADY	The certificate module is not ready. (The device is powered off or physically not present).

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## 10.2 WFS\_INF\_PIN\_CAPABILITIES

The following standardized *lpszExtra* values have been defined for the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_CAPABILITIES command. For German HSMs this parameter will contain the following information:

- HSM=<HSM vendor> (can contain the values KRONE,ASCOM,IBM or NCR)
- JOURNAL=<0/1> (0 means that the HSM does not support journaling by the WFS CMD PIN GET JOURNAL command, 1 means it supports journaling)

For Remote Key Loading the following key/value pairs indicate the level of support of the Service Provider. If these pairs are not returned then this indicates the Service Provider does not support the corresponding feature:

REMOTE\_KEY\_SCHEME=<0xnnnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. REMOTE\_KEY\_SCHEME will specify to the user which type(s) of Remote Key Loading/Authentication is supported. For example,

"REMOTE\_KEY\_SCHEME=0x00000002" indicates that three-party certificates are supported. The support level is defined as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_2PARTY_SIG	Two-party Signature based authentication.
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT	Three-party Certificate based authentication.

RSA\_SIGN\_ALGORITHM=<0xnnnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. RSA\_SIGN\_ALGORITHM will specify what type(s) of RSA Signature Algorithms is supported. For example, "RSA\_SIGN\_ALGORITHM=0x00000001" indicates that RSASSA\_PKCS1\_V1\_5 is supported. The support level is defined as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	SSA_PKCS_V1_5 Signatures supported.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	SSA_PSS Signatures supported.

RSA\_CRYPT\_ALGORITHM=<0xnnnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. RSA\_CRYPT\_ALGORITHM will specify what type(s) of RSA encipherment algorithms is supported. For example, "RSA\_CRYPT\_ALGORITHM=0x000000002" indicates that RSAES\_OAEP is supported. The support level is defined as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_PKCS1_V1_5	AES_PKCS_V1_5 algorithm supported.
WFS PIN CRYPT RSAES OAEP	AES OAEP algorithm supported.

RSA\_KEY\_CHECK\_MODE=<0xnnnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. RSA\_KEY\_CHECK\_MODE will specify what type of key check value can be returned from a RSA key import function. For example,

"RSA\_KEY\_CHECK\_MODE=0x00000001" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The support level is defined as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1	The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the
	public key as defined in Ref. 3.
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA256	The key check value contains a SHA256 of
	the public key, as defined in ISO/IEC 10118-
	3:2004 [Ref. 40] and FIPS 180-2 [Ref. 41].

SIGNATURE\_CAPABILITIES=<0xnnnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. SIGNATURE\_CAPABILITIES will specify which capabilities are supported by the Signature scheme. The signature capabilities are defined as a combination of the following flags:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIG_GEN_RSA_KEY_PAIR	Specifies if the Service Provider supports the
	RSA Signature Scheme
	WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY
	_PAIR and
	WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_EPP_SIG
	NED commands.
WFS_PIN_SIG_RANDOM_NUMBER	Specifies if the Service Provider returns a
	random number from the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHAN
	GE command within the RSA Signature
	Scheme.
WFS_PIN_SIG_EXPORT_EPP_ID	Specifies if the Service Provider supports
	exporting the EPP Security Item within the
	RSA Signature Scheme.

For EMV support the following key/value pairs indicate the level of support of the Service Provider. Note that a series of this key/value pairs may occur that lists all import schemes supported by the PIN Service Provider. If these pairs are not returned then this indicates that the Service Provider does not support the corresponding feature.

EMV\_IMPORT\_SCHEME=<0xnnnn>, this field will specify to the user how the specified key will be imported. nnnn is the ASCII representation of a single hexadecimal value which defines the import scheme. A series of these pairs may be returned to support multiple import schemes.

The specific values that are used for nnnn are defined within the 'C' include file see section "C – Header File". The following descriptions use the 'C' constant name.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PLAIN_CA	A plain text CA public key is imported with
	no verification.
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_CHKSUM_CA	A plain text CA public key is imported using
	the EMV 2000 verification algorithm. See
	[Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_EPI_CA	A CA public key is imported using the self-
	sign scheme defined in the Europay
	International, EPI CA Module Technical –
	Interface specification Version 1.4, [Ref. 5]
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ISSUER	An Issuer public key is imported as defined
	in EMV 2000 Book II, [Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC	An ICC public key is imported as defined in
	EMV 2000 Book II, [Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC_PIN	An ICC PIN public key is imported as
	defined in EMV 2000 Book II, [Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PKCSV1_5_CA	A CA public key is imported and verified
	using a signature generated with a private
	key for which the public key is already
	loaded.

EMV\_HASH=<0xnnnn>, this field will specify to the user which type of Hash Algorithm is supported by the Service Provider. nnnn is the ASCII representation of the combination of hash algorithms supported by the Service Provider.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_HASH_SHA1_DIGEST	The SHA 1 digest algorithm is supported by
	the WFS CMD PIN DIGEST command.

The capabilities associated with key loading in multiple parts are defined by the following:

PIN\_IMPORT\_KEY\_PARTS=<0/1> - (0 means the device does not support key import in multiple parts, 1 means the device supports key import in multiple parts)

A Service Provider that supports the WFS\_CMD\_PIN\_ENCIO command shall add information about what protocols it supports as:

ENCIOPROTOCOLS=0xnnnn where nnnn is the ASCII representation of the combination of the values supported for the *wProtocol* parameter.

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A Service Provider may automatically generate a beep on key presses, this is reported by the following key=value pair:

AUTOBEEP=<0/1> - (0 means no beeps are generated automatically, 1 means beeps are generated automatically)

For devices where the secure PIN keypad is integrated within a generic Win32 keyboard then, if the following pair is present:

"KYBD=COMBINED\_WIN32" - then standard Win32 key events will be generated for any key when there is no 'active' GET DATA or GET PIN command.

Note that XFS continues to support PIN keys define only, and is not extended to support new alphanumeric keys.

This feature assists in developing generic browser based applications which need to access both PIN and generic keyboards.

When an application wishes to receive XFS-based key information then he can use the XFS GET DATA and GET PIN functions.

No Win32 keystrokes are generated for any key (active or not) in a combined device when GET DATA or GET PIN are 'active'.

When no GET\_DATA or GET\_PIN function is 'active' then any key press will result in a Win32 key event. These events can be ignored by the application, if required.

Note that this does not compromise secure PIN entry – there will be no Win32 keyboard events during PIN collection.

On terminals and kiosks with separate PIN and Win32 keyboards, the Win32 keyboard behaves purely as a PC keyboard and the PIN device behaves only as an XFS device.

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## 11. Appendix-D (TR-31 Key Use)

This section contains a mapping of key usages as defined for TR-31 (see ANS X9 TR-31 2010 [Ref. 35]) to the XFS use values defined in this document. The XFS use values are those defined for the *fwUse* or *dwUse* input/output fields of a number of different PIN commands.

Keys imported within an ANS TR-31 key block have a usage encoded into the key block header (represented by *lpxKeyBlockHeader* in the WFS\_INF\_PIN\_KEY\_DETAIL and WFS\_INF\_PIN\_KEY\_DETAIL\_EX commands), This usage specified in the key block header may be more specific than the *fwUse/dwUse* values defined in this document. For consistency, the following table defines the corresponding *fwUse/dwUse* value for each TR-31 key usage:

TR-31 Value	TR-31 Mode(s) of Use	Definition	XFS Use (fwUse/dwUse)
"B0"	"X"	BDK Base Derivation Key	NAWFS_PIN_USEKEYDERKEY
"B1"	"X"	DUKPT Initial Key (also known as IPEK)	NAWFS_PIN_USEKEYDERKEY** WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION* WFS_PIN_USECRYPT WFS_PIN_USEMACING
"C0"	"C", "G", "V"	CVK Card Verification Key	NA
"D0"	"B", "D", "E"	Data Encryption using ECB, CBC, CFB, OFB, CCM or CTR	WFS_PIN_USECRYPT
"E0"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Application cryptograms	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"E1"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Secure Messaging for Confidentiality	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"E2"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Secure Messaging for Integrity	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"E3"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Data Authentication Code	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"E4"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Dynamic Numbers	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"E5"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Card Personalization	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"E6"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Other	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"I0"	"N"	Initialization Vector (IV)	NA
"K0"	"B", "D", "E"	Key Encryption or wrapping	WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY
"K1"	"B", "D", "E"	TR-31 Key Block Protection Key	WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER
"M0"	"C", "G", "V"	ISO 16609 MAC algorithm 1 (using TDEA)	WFS_PIN_USEMACING
"M1"	"C", "G", "V"	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 1	WFS_PIN_USEMACING
"M2"	"C", "G", "V"	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 2	WFS_PIN_USEMACING
"M3"	"C", "G", "V"	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 3	WFS_PIN_USEMACING
"M4"	"C", "G", "V"	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 4	WFS_PIN_USEMACING

TR-31 Value	TR-31 Mode(s) of Use	Definition	XFS Use (fwUse/dwUse)
"M5"	"C", "G", "V"	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 5	WFS_PIN_USEMACING
"P0"	"B", "D", "E"	PIN Encryption	WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION*
"V0"	"C", "G", "V"	PIN verification, KPV, other algorithm	WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION*
"V1"	"C", "G", "V"	PIN verification, IBM 3624	WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION*
"V2"	"C", "G", "V"	PIN Verification, VISA PVV	WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION*

<sup>\*</sup> Note that WFS\_PIN\_USEFUNCTION is listed here for backward compatibility, but WFS\_PIN\_USEPINLOCAL/WFS\_PIN\_USEPINREMOTE is the more accurate single-use value.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Base Derivation Key is used to derive the IPEK. When a DUKPT IPEK is loaded, derived future keys are stored and the IPEK deleted. Therefore, while the IPEK is no longer loaded, future keys directly related to it are. WFS\_PIN\_USEPINREMOTE and optionally WFS\_PIN\_USEFUNCTION are included as the primary use of an IPEK future key is to create a variant for PIN encryption. If the optional variant data encryption and MAC keys are supported, WFS\_PIN\_USECRYPT and WFS\_PIN\_USEMACING must be included. To use the optional data or MAC keys in a WFS\_PIN\_CMD\_CRYPT command, *lpsKey* must be the name of the IPEK and *wAlgorithm* must be WFS\_PIN\_CRYPTTRIDESCBC or WFS\_PIN\_CRYPTTRIDESMAC. If the optional data encryption key is being used, *wMode* must be WFS\_PIN\_MODEENCRYPT. The optional variant response data encryption and MAC keys are not supported.

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# 12. Appendix-E (DUKPT)

<b>Definitions and Abbreviations</b>		
<u>DUKPT</u>	<u>Derived Unique Key Per Transaction</u>	
<u>BDK</u>	Base Derivation Key	
<u>IPEK</u>	<u>Initial PIN Encryption Key</u>	
KSN	Key Serial Number.	
TRSM	Tamper Resistant Security Module.	

For additional information see reference 45.

## **12.1 Default Key Name**

The DUKPT IPEK key is given a fixed name so multi-vendor applications can be developed without the need for vendor specific configuration tools.

If DUKPT is supported, this key must be included in the WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL EX output.

<u>Item Name</u>	<u>Description</u>	
"_DUKPTIPEK"	This key represents the IPEK, the derived future keys stored during import of the	
	IPEK and the variant per transaction keys (PIN and optionally data and MAC).	