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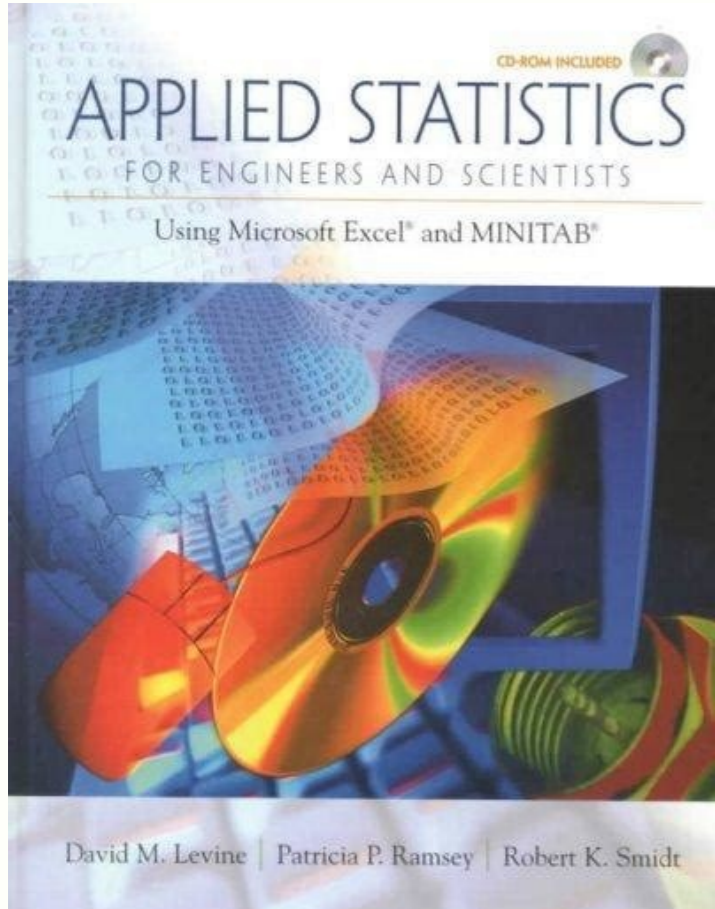


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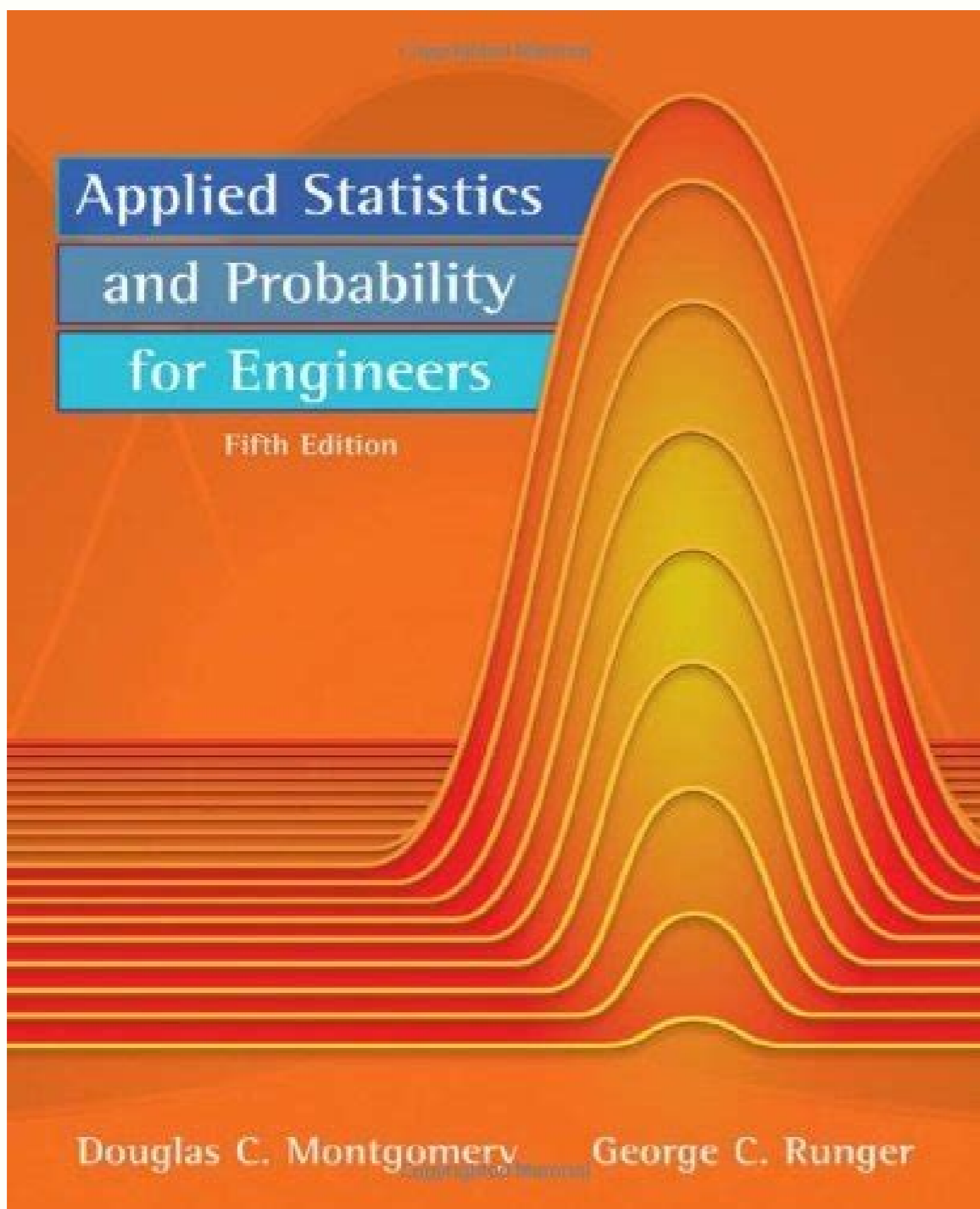
Applied linear statistics model solution manual

User Manual: Open the PDF directly: View PDF .Page Count: 298 Directly view this document at Want more? Advanced embedding details, examples, and help! Academia.edu uses cookies to personalize content, tailor ads and improve the user experience. By using our site, you agree to our collection of information through the use of cookies. To learn more, view our Privacy Policy. StudentSolutions Manual to accompanyApplied Linear Statistical ModelsFifth Edition Michael H. KutnerEmory University Christopher J. NachtsheimUniversity of Minnesota John NeterUniversity of Georgia William LiUniversity of Minnesota 2005McGraw-Hill/Irwin Chicago, ILBoston, MA PREFACE This Student Solutions Manual gives intermediate and final numerical results for all starred(*) end-of-chapter Problems with computational elements contained in Applied LinearStatistical Models, 5th edition. No solutions are given for Exercises, Projects, or CaseStudies. In presenting calculational results we frequently show, for ease in checking, more digits than are significant for the original data. Students and other users may obtain slightlydifferent answers than those presented here, because of different rounding procedures. When a problem requires a percentile (e.g. of the t or F distributions) not included in the AppendixB Tables, users may either interpolate in the table or employ an available computer programfor finding the needed value. Again, slightly different values may be obtained than the onesshown here. The data sets for all Problems, Exercises, Projects and Case Studies are contained in thecompact disk provided with the text to facilitate data entry. It is expected that the studentwill use a computer or have access to computer output for all but the simplest data sets,where use of a basic calculator would be adequate. For most students, hands-on experiencein obtaining the computations by computer will be an important part of the educationalexperience in the course. While we have checked the solutions very carefully, it is possible that some errors are stillpresent. We would be most grateful to have any errors called to our attention. Errata canbe reported via the website for the book: . We acknowledge with thanks the assistance of Lexin Li and Yingwen Dong in the checkingof Chapters 1-14 of this manual. We, of course, are responsible for any errors or omissionsthat remain.

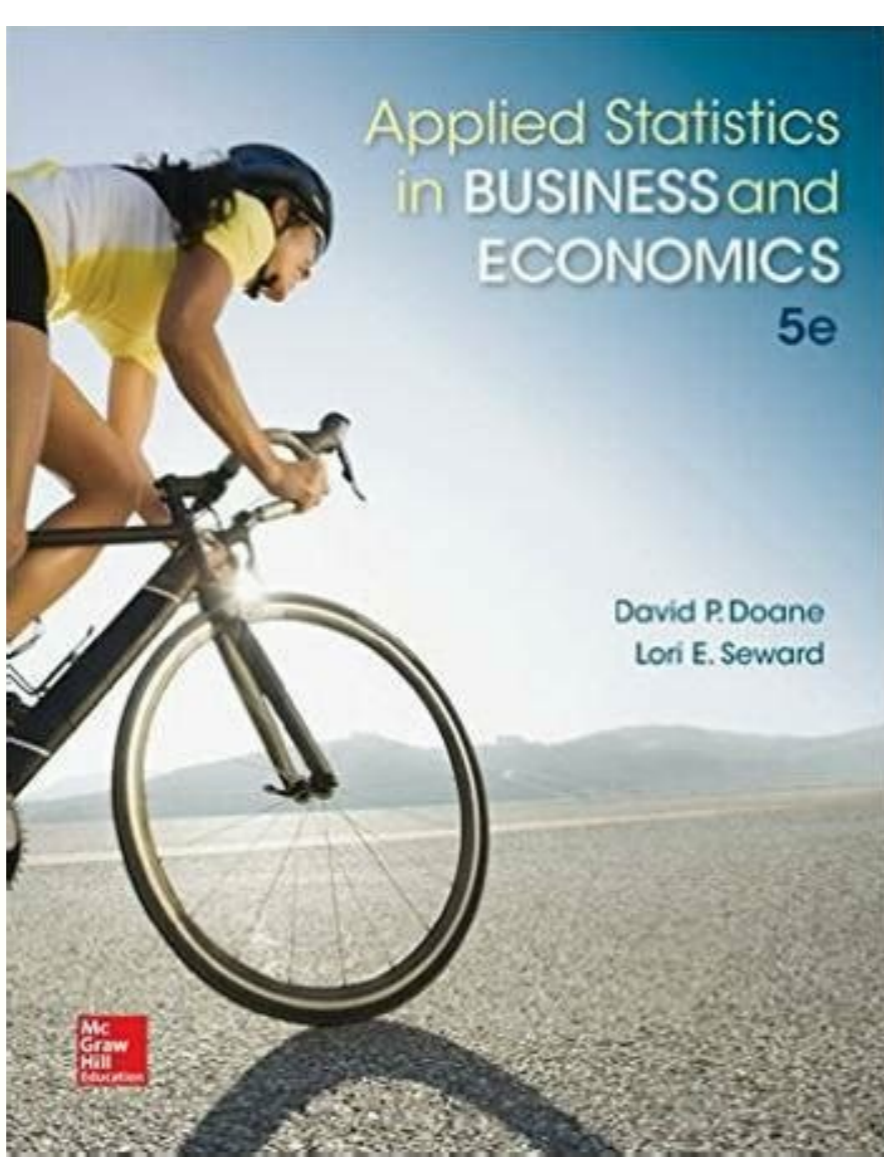
Michael H. KutnerChristopher J. Nachtsheim John NeterWilliam Li i ii Contents 1 LINEAR REGRESSION WITH ONE PREDICTOR VARIABLE 1-1 2 INFERENCE IN REGRESSION AND CORRELATION ANALYSIS 2-1 3 DIAGNOSTICS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES 3-1 4 SIMULTANEOUS INFERENCE AND OTHER TOPICS IN REGRES-SION ANALYSIS 4-1 5 MATRIX APPROACH TO SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSION ANALY-SIS 5-1 6 MULTIPLE REGRESSION - I 6-1 7 MULTIPLE REGRESSION - II 7-1 8 MODELS FOR QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE PREDICTORS 8-1 9 BUILDING THE REGRESSION MODEL I: MODEL SELECTION ANDVALIDATION 9-1 10 BUILDING THE REGRESSION MODEL II: DIAGNOSTICS 10-1 11 BUILDING THE REGRESSION MODEL III: REMEDIAL MEASURES11-1 12 AUTOCORRELATION IN TIME SERIES DATA 12-1 13 INTRODUCTION TO NONLINEAR REGRESSION AND NEURAL NET-WORKS 13-1 14 LOGISTIC REGRESSION, POISSON REGRESSION, AND GENERAL-IZED LINEAR MODELS 14-1 15 INTRODUCTION TO THE DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTAL AND OB-SERVATIONAL STUDIES 15-1 16 SINGLE-FACTOR STUDIES 16-1 17 ANALYSIS OF FACTOR LEVEL MEANS 17-1 iii 18 ANOVA DIAGNOSTICS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES 18-1 19 TWO-FACTOR STUDIES WITH EQUAL SAMPLE SIZES 19-1 20 TWO-FACTOR STUDIES - ONE CASE PER TREATMENT 20-1 21 RANDOMIZED COMPLETE BLOCK DESIGNS 21-1 22 ANALYSIS OF COVARIANCE 22-1 23 TWO-FACTOR STUDIES - UNEQUAL SAMPLE SIZES 23-1 24 MULTIFACTOR STUDIES 24-1 25 RANDOM AND MIXED EFFECTS MODELS 25-1 26 NESTED DESIGNS, SUBSAMPLING, AND PARTIALLY NESTED DE-SIGNS 26-1 27 REPEATED MEASURES AND RELATED DESIGNS 27-1 28 BALANCED INCOMPLETE BLOCK, LATIN SQUARE, AND RELATEDDESIGNS 28-1 29 EXPLORATORY EXPERIMENTS - TWO-LEVEL FACTORIAL ANDFRACTIONAL FACTORIAL DESIGNS 29-1 30 RESPONSE SURFACE METHODOLOGY 30-1 iv Chapter 1 LINEAR REGRESSION WITH ONEPREDICTOR VARIABLE 1.20. a. $Y = -0.5802 + 15.0352X$ d. $Y_h = 74.5958$ 1.21. a. $Y = 10.20 + 4.00X$ b. $Y_h = 14.2$ c. 4.0 d. $(X, Y) = (1, 14.2)$ 1.24. a.i: 1.2 . . . 44 45 e.i: -9.4903 0.4392 . . . 1.4392 2.4039 $\sum e_i^2 = 3416.377$ Min Q = $\sum e_i$ b. MSE = 79.45063, $\sqrt{MSE} = 8.913508$, minutes 1.25.



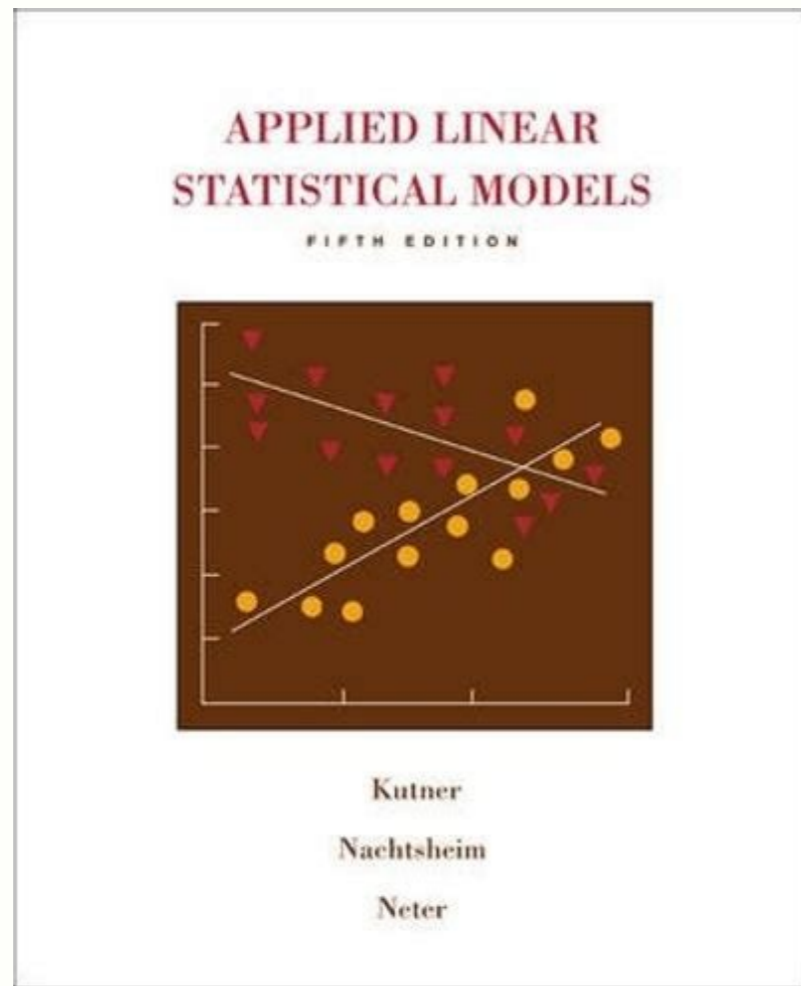
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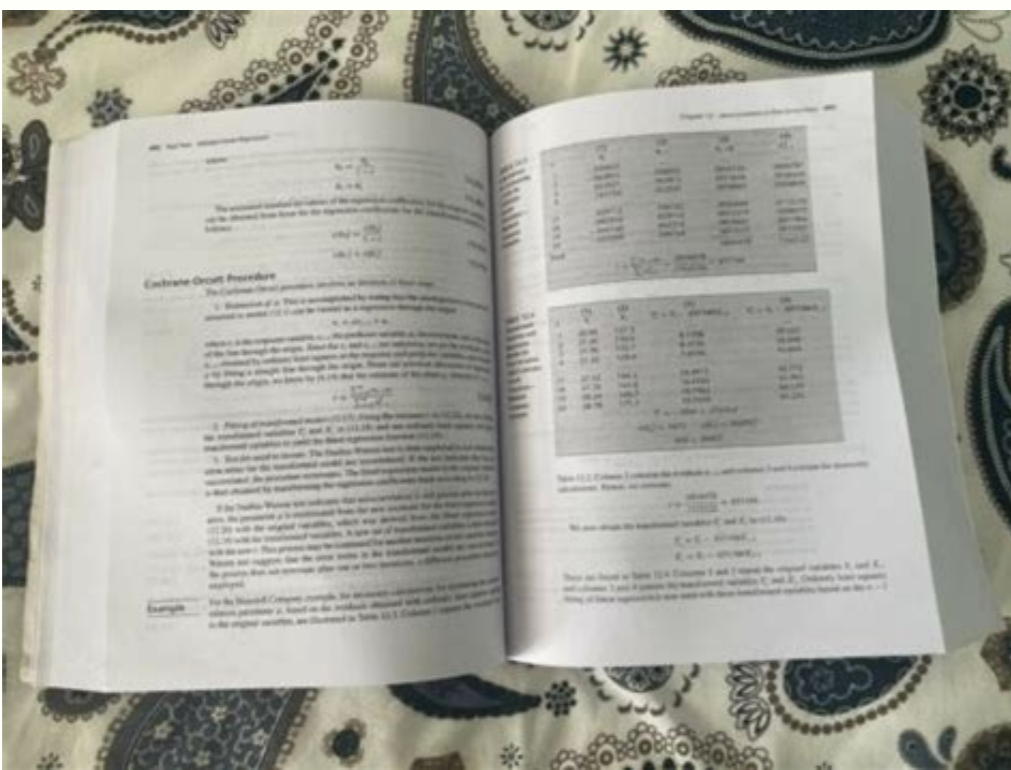
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P-value = .0189 2.6. a. $t_{(975; 8)} = 1.206$, $b_1 = 4.0$, $s(b_1) = .469$, $4.0 \pm 2.306(.469)$, 2.918 $\leq \beta_1 \leq 5.082$ b. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (4.0 - 0)/.469 = 8.529$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0003 c. $b_0 = 10.20$, $s(b_0) = .663$, $10.20 \pm 2.306(.663)$, 8.671 $\leq \beta_0 \leq 11.729$ d. $H_0: \beta_0 \leq 9$, $H_a: \beta_0 > 9$, $t^* = (10.20 - 9)/.663 = 1.810$. If $t^* \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .053 e. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 f. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 g. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. 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Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 s. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 t. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 u. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 v. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 w. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 x. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 y. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 z. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 aa. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ab. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ac. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ad. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ae. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 af. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ag. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ah. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ai. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 aj. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ak. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 al. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 am. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 an. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ao. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ap. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 aq. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ar. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 as. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 at. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 au. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 av. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 aw. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ax. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ay. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 az. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ba. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bb. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bc. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bd. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 be. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bf. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bg. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bh. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bi. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bj. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bk. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bl. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bm. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bn. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bo. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bp. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bq. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 br. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bs. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bt. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bu. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bv. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bw. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bx. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 by. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 bz. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ca. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 cb. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 cc. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 cd. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0000 ce. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0$, $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$, $t^* = (15.0352 - 0)/.469 = 32.054$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0

L = -1.500, s(D) = 0.669, t(975; 8) = 2.306, -1.500a.2.306(2.669), -7.655 ≤ α ≤ 4.655 e. Ha: not both β1 and β2 equal zero. F* = 306.257/125 = 42.98F (9.91, 8) = 11.3. IF F* ≤ 11.3 conclude HO, otherwise Ha. Conclude Ha. 19.37 = 21 13.9/A, 2 = 2, 2n = 8 = 4 19.39, n = 21 19.40. .5v/n/29 = 4.1999, n = 6 19.41, n = 14 19.42. 8v/n/9 = 3.1591, n = 13 19.43. Using (19.4) and (19.5), we have: μij = μ. + αi + βj. ... (text continues with extensive statistical analysis and model specifications)

