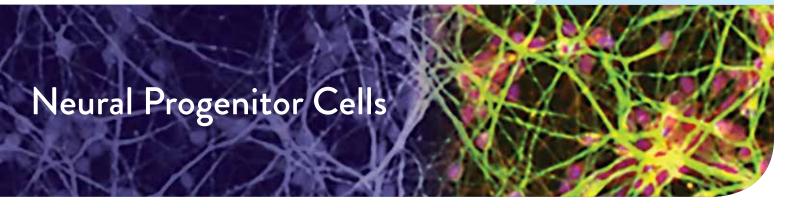


Product Focus



Potent models of normal and disease neurobiology

ATCC provides a complete system of Neural Progenitor Cell (NPC) solutions for investigating development, degeneration and regeneration, neurogenetics, neural excitability, nervous system disorders, neurotransmitters and screening therapeutics:

- Normal and Parkinson's disease iPSC-derived NPCs
- Gene-edited, lineage-specific reporter NPCs

- Expansion and differentiation media kits
- Validated growth and differentiation protocols

NPCs are a great choice for investigators looking to reduce the time from initial culture to experiment readout, as they eliminate the 4 to 8 weeks for iPSCs to differentiate into NPCs. ATCC NPCs are derived from a collection of well characterized, integration-free reprogrammed iPSCs. The single donor state of the parental line ensures reduced variation between experiments. Some of the other advantages of each lot of cells include:

- Reduce time to data acquisition
- Easy endpoint readout
- Lineage-specific readout from reporter-labeled NPCs
- Post-thaw cell viability: >80%
- Post-thaw viable cell number: >1x106 cells/vial
- Longevity: >15 PDLs or 5 passages

- Marker expression: Nestin and Pax 6 positive, Tra-I-60 negative
- Neuronal differentiation potential:
- >70% Tuj1+ early neurons
- >10% TH+ dopaminergic neurons
- Negative for bacteria, yeast, fungi, viruses, and mycoplasma

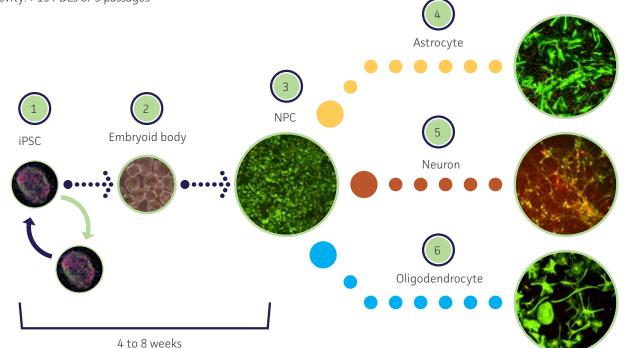


FIGURE 1. NPCs save time and have high differentiation potential. It takes 4-8 weeks for iPSCs (1) to form embryoid bodies (2) and then differentiate into NPCs (3; indicated by positive Nestin staining). ATCC NPCs (3) can either be expanded or differentiated into (4) astrocytes, (5) dopaminergic neurons, and (6) oligodendrocytes (indicated by positive GFAP, TH, and O4 staining, respectively).

Monitor your neural differentiation

NPCs exhibit a full differentiation spectrum; they can differentiate into neurons, astrocytes, or oligodendrocytes (Figure 1), identified by positive staining for lineage-specific markers such as glial fibrillary acidic protein (GFAP; astrocyte), class III beta-tubulin (Tuj1; early neuron) and tyrosine hydroxylase (TH; dopaminergic neuron), and oligodendrocyte marker 4 (O4, oligodendrocyte). In addition, ATCC has reporter-labeled NPCs, which ensure lineage identity in your experiments by expressing GFP or NanoLuc[®] during differentiation (Figure 2).

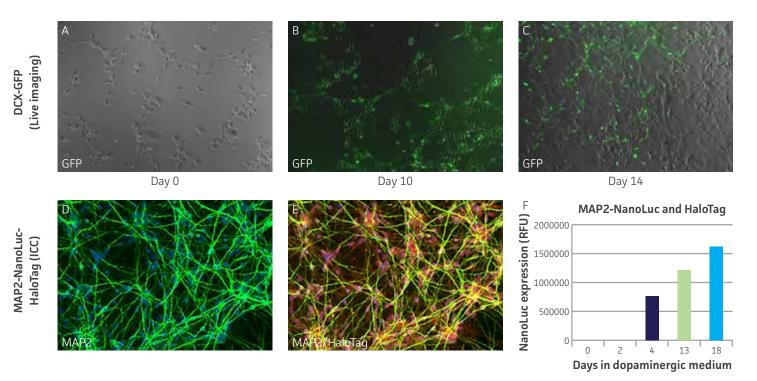


FIGURE 2. Expression of the GFP or NanoLuc-HaloTag[®] reporter during neuron differentiation. Differentiation in reporter-labeled NPCs can be tracked by (A-C) live imaging with GFP, (D and E) immunocytochemistry using MAP2 and HaloTag antibodies, or (E) quantified via luciferase activity (Images courtesy of XCELL Science).

ATCC [®] No.	Designation
ACS-5001™	Neural Progenitor Cells (from iPSCs derived from dermal fibroblasts from a donor diagnosed with Parkinson's disease)
ACS-5003™	Neural Progenitor Cells (from iPSCs derived from CD34+ cells)
ACS-5004™	Neural Progenitor Cells (from iPSCs derived from CD34+ cells)
ACS-5005™	DCX-GFP Reporter Normal Neural Progenitor Cells (from iPSCs derived from CD34+ cells)
ACS-5007™	MAP2-NanoLuc-HaloTag Reporter Normal Neural Progenitor Cells (from iPSCs derived from CD34+ cells)
ACS-5006™	GFAP-NanoLuc-HaloTag Reporter Normal Neural Progenitor Cells (from iPSCs derived from CD34+ cells)
ACS-3003™	Growth Kit for Neural Progenitor Cell Expansion
ACS-3004™	Neural Progenitor Cell Dopaminergic Neuron Differentiation Kit

Related Products

ATCC [®] No.	Designation
30-2006™	DMEM: F-12 Medium, 500 mL
ACS-3035™	CellMatrix Basement Membrane Gel, 5 mL
ACS-3020™	Stem Cell Freezing Media, 1 x 20 mL
ACS-3010™	Stem Cell Dissociation Reagent 250 mg

Get started at www.atcc.org/neuro

10801 University Boulevard Manassas, Virginia 20110-2209	9 703.365.2700	703.365.2701	➢ sales@atcc.org	🜐 www.atcc.org

NPC-082019-05

© 2019 American Type Culture Collection. The ATCC trademark and trade name, and any other trademarks listed in this publication are trademarks owned by the American Type Culture Collection unless indicated otherwise. Images in Figure 2 are courtesy of XCELL Science. XCELL Science is a trademark of XCELL Science, Inc. NanoLuc[®] and HaloTag[®] are registered trademarks of Promega Corporation. These products are for laboratory use only. Not for human or diagnostic use. ATCC products may not be resold, modified for resale, used to provide commercial services or to manufacture commercial products without prior ATCC written approval.