

## DCOR L 2P 275 (900 430)

- Visual fault indication
- Compact design
- For use in flush-mounted systems, cable ducts and flush-type boxes

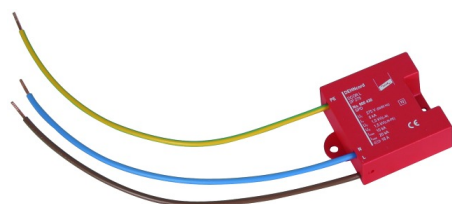
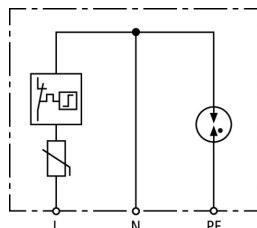
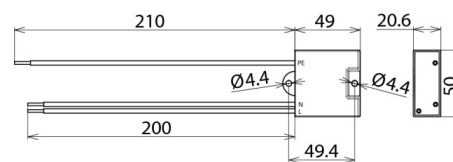


Figure without obligation



Basic circuit diagram DCOR L 2P 275



Dimension drawing DCOR L 2P 275

Surge arrester for all installation systems; compact design.

Type	DCOR L 2P 275
Part No.	900 430
SPD according to EN 61643-11 / IEC 61643-11	type 2 / class II
Nominal a.c. voltage ( $U_N$ )	230 V (50 / 60 Hz)
Max. continuous operating a.c. voltage [L-N] ( $U_C$ )	275 V (50 / 60 Hz)
Max. continuous operating a.c. voltage [N-PE] ( $U_C$ )	255 V (50 / 60 Hz)
Nominal discharge current (8/20 $\mu$ s) ( $I_n$ )	5 kA
Maximum discharge current (8/20 $\mu$ s) ( $I_{max}$ )	10 kA
Total discharge current (8/20 $\mu$ s) [L+N-PE] ( $I_{total}$ )	20 kA
Voltage protection level [L-N] ( $U_P$ )	$\leq 1.5$ kV
Voltage protection level [N-PE] ( $U_P$ )	$\leq 1.5$ kV
Follow current extinguishing capability [N-PE] ( $I_{fi}$ )	100 A <sub>rms</sub>
Response time [L-N] ( $t_A$ )	$\leq 25$ ns
Response time [L/N-PE] ( $t_A$ )	$\leq 100$ ns
Max. mains-side overcurrent protection	16 A gL/gG
Short-circuit withstand capability for mains-side overcurrent protection ( $I_{SCCR}$ )	25 kA <sub>rms</sub>
Temporary overvoltage (TOV) [L-N] ( $U_T$ ) – Characteristic	335 V / 5 sec. – withstand
Temporary overvoltage (TOV) [L-N] ( $U_T$ ) – Characteristic	440 V / 120 min. – safe failure
Temporary overvoltage (TOV) [N-PE] ( $U_T$ ) – Characteristic	1200 V / 200 ms – withstand
Operating state / fault indication	green / red
Number of ports	1
Operating temperature range ( $T_U$ )	-40 °C ... +80 °C
Connecting wires	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> , length: 200 mm
Enclosure material	thermoplastic, red, UL 94 V-2
Place of installation	indoor installation
Degree of protection of installed device	IP 20
Weight	59 g
Customs tariff number	85363010
GTIN	4013364157286
PU	1 pc(s)

We reserve the right to introduce changes in performance, configuration and technology, dimensions, weights and materials in the course of technical progress. The figures are shown without obligation.