BRISTOL RECORD SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS

General Editors: MADGE DRESSER
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VOL. 70
THE BRISTOL HEARTH TAX 1662-1673

# THE BRISTOL HEARTH TAX 1662-1673 

EDITED BY

## ROGER LEECH, JONATHAN BARRY, ALISON BROWN, AND ELIZABETH PARKINSON <br> (with assistance from JOHN PRICE AND RICHARD STONE) <br> CATHERINE FERGUSON, BRITISH RECORD SOCIETY, GENERAL EDITOR HEARTH TAX SERIES

Published by BRISTOL RECORD SOCIETY 2018

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## CONTENTS

Abbreviations used in text and footnotes ..... X
List of plates ..... xi
List of tables ..... $x i v$
List of maps ..... xv
A note on mapping ..... XV
Acknowledgements ..... xvi
Preface ..... 1
Chronology ..... 3
Introduction: Bristol and the Hearth Tax ..... 7
Part I: Bristol Hearth Tax: 1662-1689 ..... 8
(Jonathan Barry and Elizabeth Parkinson)
a) The national picture ..... 9
b) The Bristol picture ..... 13
c) Financial aspects of the tax and the reliability of the lists ..... 22
d) The hearth tax documents for Bristol ..... 34
Part II: Bristol in the 1660s and 1670s ..... 41
(Roger Leech, Jonathan Barry and Richard Stone)
a) Boundaries and jurisdictions ..... 44
b) The economy of early modern Bristol ..... 45
c) The social topography of Bristol ..... 49
d) Houses and society in mid- seventeenth-century Bristol ..... 55
e) The hearth tax as a means of assessing comparative wealth ..... 66
BRISTOL HEARTH TAX 1670 MICHAELMAS, 1662 MICHAELMAS AND 1668
Manuscript and Codicological Context ..... 73
Elizabeth Parkinson
Using this Edition ..... 85
Elizabeth ParkinsonAid to using the transcripts85
Reading the transcripts ..... 85
Dates ..... 89
Numbers ..... 90
Money ..... 90
Glossaries: Latin words, phrases and abbreviations; English ..... 90 descriptive words; Latin personal names
THE TRANSCRIBED DOCUMENTS
BRISTOL HEARTH TAX RETURN FOR 1670 MICHAELMAS ..... 97
TNA E 179/116/541 (literal transcription)
CHIMNEY BOOK COPY OF BRISTOL HEARTH TAX RETURN FOR ..... 147 1662 MICHAELMAS
BA F/Tax/A/1/a (modernised transcription with topographic footnotes)
CHIMNEY BOOK COPY OF BRISTOL HEARTH TAX SURVEY FOR 1668 ..... 196
BA F/Tax/A/1/a ff. 53-76 (modernised transcription with topographic footnotes)
APPENDICES

1) Holy Trinity ward hearth tax survey in paper book, 1668 ..... 280
2) Certified list of some hearth tax exemptions for Temple parish, ..... 2861675
3) St Philip and Jacob outparish's 1672 hearth tax return and ..... 289exemption certificates for 1671-3
4) Clifton's 1672 hearth tax return and exemption certificates for ..... 295 1671-3
5) Bristol notables in the hearth tax (Jonathan Barry) ..... 299
6) Householders with 8 or more hearths in the 1670 hearth tax ..... 309 (Jonathan Barry)
7) The hearth tax and Bristol population estimates (Jonathan Barry) ..... 314
8) St James parish scavenger rate list, 1670 ..... 320
9 The wards of the city of Bristol in the late eighteenth and early ..... 327 nineteenth centuries (Alison Brown)
STATISTICAL TABLES (Jonathan Barry, Elizabeth Parkinson and John Price) ..... 336
Bibliography ..... 352
Personal Name Index ..... 365
Place Name Index ..... 402
Subject Index ..... 406
Index of Trades and Occupations ..... 409
Transcription of the remaining sections of the Bristol Chimney Book, with digital images and EXCEL spreadsheet summary of contents - CD inside back cover

| BA | Bristol Archives |
| :--- | :--- |
| BCRL | Bristol Central Reference Library |
| BL | British Library |
| BRSMG | Bristol City Museum and Art Gallery |
| C.C. | City Clerk |
| C.T. | City Treasurer |
| ED | Exchequer Duplicate |
| EH | English Heritage |
| Glos Archives | Gloucestershire Archives |
| HALS | Hertfordshire Archives and Local Studies |
| JA | Jill Atherton |
| JOD | James O. Davies |
| Leech, Topography | R. H. Leech, The topography of medieval and early modern Bristol, |
|  | Part 1: property holdings in the early walled town and Marsh suburb |
|  | north of the Avon (Bristol Record Society, 48, 1997) |
| Leech, SMH | R. H. Leech, The St Michael's Hill precinct of the University of |
|  | Bristol. The topography of medieval and early modern Bristol, Part 2 |
|  | (Bristol Record Society, 52, 2000) |
| Leech, Town house | R. H. Leech, The towe house in medieval and early modern Bristol |
|  | (Swindon, 2014) |
| ODNB | Oxford Dictionary of National Biography (Oxford University |
|  | Press, 2004) |
| OODNB | Online Dictionary of National Biography |
| PEC | Penny Copeland |
| RCHME | Royal Commission on the Historical Monuments of England |
| RHL | Roger Leech |
| SR | St James parish scavenger rate list 1670: see Appendix 8 |
| TBGAS | Transactions Bristol \&o Gloucestershire Archaeological Society |
| T.G. | Town Clerk |
| TNA | The National Archives |

# List of Plates <br> (full references and permissions under images) 

Front Cover: The first floor chamber of the Red Lodge, chimneypiece of $c .1580$

1. The Description of Bristol from Millerd's map of 1673, page 41
2. Millerd's map of 1673 , pages 42 and 43

The remainder of the plates are placed in the plate section which follows page 64
3. Reconstructed drawing of no. 20 Small Street
4. The Old Deanery, College Green, Bristol, plan of basement floor
5. The Old Deanery, College Green, Bristol, detail from the North West Prospect of Bristol by S. and N. Buck, 1734
6. The Red Lion in Redcliff Street, drawing of 1848 by S. Tovey
7. The redevelopment of the site of Bristol Castle for new streets, detail from Millerd's map of 1673
8. The redevelopment of the Marsh: King Street, detail from Millerd's map of 1673
9. Nos. 23-4 Broad Street, shophouses of c. 1544, watercolour by H. O'Neill, 1819
10. No. 26 Castle Street, plan of the ground floor, early 18th century
11. No. 56 Castle Street, plan of the ground floor, early 18th century
12. No. 70 Castle Street, plan of the ground floor, early 18th century
13. Nos. 71-2 Castle Street, plan of the ground floor, early 18th century
14. Nos. 7 and 8 King Street, shophouses of $c .1664$, modern buildings behind (a) photograph of 2016; (b) plan of the ground floor
15. No. 12 Welsh Back, John Langton's house, built c. 1623, watercolour of the early 19th century, after R. Harmon's painting of 1732
16. No. 12 Welsh Back, chimneypiece dated 1623, bearing the arms of James I in the forestreet chamber on the first floor
17. No. 12 Welsh Back, the forestreet chamber on the first floor, panelled with decorated plaster ceiling and a doorway with a door of mahogany and date of 1628
18. The new houses of King Street, built in the 1660s, plans of the ground floors: (a) nos. 3-5; (b) no. 6
19. No. 57 Castle Street, showing full width window to the forestreet chamber on the first floor, photograph of the early 19th century by Fred Little
20. The Hatchet, Frogmore Street, built c. 1668: (a) photograph of 1941; (b) plan of ground floor
21. The Registrar's House, Cathedral Precinct: (a) drawing of 1811 by
J. C. Buckler; (b) chimneypiece with the initials 'N P' and the date ' 1664 '
22. Nos. 18 and 19 Lower Park Row (formerly Griffin Lane): (a) plan of the ground floors; (b) watercolour of 1828 of no. 19 by T. L. Rowbotham
23 Largely demolished house to the west of no. 17 Lower Park Row, showing fireplaces on first and second floor, the house of Sydrack Cox (179), assessed in the 1668 hearth tax survey for two hearths, watercolour of 1828 by T. L. Rowbotham
24 Nos. 23-9 St Michael's Hill, a row of four timber-framed houses built by 1637: (a) plan of ground floor; (b) photograph; (c) stone chimneypiece in first-floor chamber of no. 29
25. Nos. 14-18 Rosemary Street, a row of four houses built by 1656:
(a) plan of ground floor, of late 19th century; (b) photograph of 1906
26. The Rackhay in the 1820s, seventeenth-century houses of one-room plan recorded in the book of plans of the church lands of St Nicholas
27. Averings Hayes, St Thomas Street, the 'long rowe of houses' recorded in 1607. The houses are shown on a plan of $c .1797$ as a row of houses, correlated here with the evidence from the recent excavations, confirming that each was of $c .20 \mathrm{ft}$ in depth
28 St Augustine's Place, houses for workers in the Sugar Refinery, built c. 1661: (a) plan from Millerd's map of 1673; (b) photograph of houses; (c) OS map, 1884
29. Tower Lane, house of the seventeenth century, of one-room plan, three storeys and an attic, gabled both ways, watercolour of 1821 by H . O’Neill
30. Tower Lane, four houses of one-room plan, of the seventeenth century or earlier, on the east side of Tower Lane adjacent to the entry into Pithay, watercolour of 1820 by H. O'Neill
31. Details from Millerd's map of 1673: the Red Lodge, the White Lodge, the Royal Fort, Baber's Tower
32. The White Lodge: (a) plan of mid-19th century; (b) watercolour by H. O'Neill, 1821
33. Lodges on Stony Hill:

1. Thomas Wells's house, no. 7 Stony Hill
2. Thomas Jenning's lodge in Park Row
3. James Read's lodge on Stony Hill (OS map, 1884)
4. Thomas Wells's house, no. 7 Stony Hill, photograph of the early 20th century
5. Park Row, Washington's Breach, the 'house att the hill' of the merchant George Lane, later the residence of James Stewart, drawings by James Stewart, 1746:
(a) the house (b) the garden
6. 'View of my own dwelling house, taken from the windows of Mr Jackson's upper room', formerly the garden house or lodge of Ralph Oliffe in Upper Maudlin Street, drawing by James Stewart, 1753
7. Richard Jordan's 'house in the Park' can be identified as the tower-like house shown on the map of 1673
8. The entries for All Saints ward from the Bristol hearth tax return of Michaelmas 1670. (IRN 32)
9. Folio showing parish of St Ewen from the Michaelmas 1662 hearth tax return as copied in the Chimney Book (IRN 47)
10. Folio showing end of Holy Trinity ward and start of St Michael ward from 1668 hearth tax survey as copied in the Chimney Book (IRN 168-170)
11. Folio from paper book containing 1668 hearth tax survey for Holy Trinity ward (IRN 216)
12. St Philip and Jacob outparish hearth tax exemption certificate for 1672 (IRN 230)

Front endpaper map - the parishes of the city of Bristol (PEC)
Back endpaper map - the wards of the city of Bristol (PEC)

## List of Tables

1. Totals of households and hearths, Michaelmas 1670 TNA hearth tax return ..... 338
2. Digest of 1662 data from the Chimney Book ..... 341
3. Digest of 1668 data from the Chimney Book ..... 342
4. Analysis of Michaelmas 1670 TNA hearth tax return ..... 343
5. Parish population/wealth in later seventeenth-century Bristol ..... 344
6. Comparison of ward data, 1664-1672 ..... 346
7. Proportion of one- or two-hearth entries in parishes in 1662 and later lists ..... 347
8. Hearth distribution in 1668 and 1670 and levels of exemption in 1670 ..... 349

## List of Maps

Front End Paper
The parishes of the city of Bristol

1. Mean average of hearths per household from 1670 Michaelmas TNA return ..... 350
2. Mean average of paid hearths per household from 1670 Michaelmas TNA return ..... 351
Back End PaperThe wards of the city of Bristol
A Note on Mapping

The map boundaries used in this volume were based upon Historical G1S data taken from the Ordnance Survey town plans of the 1880s. Additional sources employed to establish the boundaries included parishes and tenements as shown on the map of Bristol by Ashmead and Plumley of 1828 and the research into ward boundaries undertaken by Alison Brown and Roger Leech (Appendix 9, Leech 1997, 2000 and notes for forthcoming topography volumes, for tenement boundaries).

The editors are most grateful to Mike Shand, Cartographer to the British Academy Hearth Tax Project, School of Geographical \& Earth Sciences, The University of Glasgow, for creating the maps for this edition and to Penny Copeland for drawing the endpaper maps.

# Acknowledgements 

by the Editors

This volume has been published jointly by the Bristol Record Society and the British Record Society, as part of the latter's Hearth Tax Series which is produced in association with the British Academy Hearth Tax Project and Centre for Hearth Tax Research at the University of Roehampton.

The editors would like to thank Jonathan Harlow and Pamela Leech for assistance with the administration of the project, Penny Copeland for preparing the maps for the front and back end papers and Cliff Webb for his help with the indexes. They also thank the staff (past and present) of the Bristol Archives (formerly the Bristol Record Office), particularly Julian Warren for agreeing to transcription and digital reproduction of the materials under his care and Margaret McGregor and Alison Brown for their assistance in reading Roger Leech's first draft of the entries in the Bristol Chimney Book. As ever,John Roost and his staff at 4word have been extremely helpful and efficient. Jonathan Barry and Roger Leech would like to add their particular thanks to Elizabeth Parkinson, not only for strengthening the publication immensely by her input to the introduction and editorial process, but also for her hospitality during editorial meetings at her home, which made the lengthy preparation of this volume such a pleasure. Elizabeth Parkinson would like to thank the staff at TNA for agreeing to transcription and digital reproduction of the material and particularly to Adalgisa Mascio for her help with some problematic words. Duncan Harrington very kindly provided the digital images and Peter Seaman, with his unrivalled knowledge of the exemption certificates, has provided unfailing support and information. Her final thanks are due to Catherine Ferguson whose vast experience in editing these hearth tax volumes has ensured in the most pleasurable way that the volume meets her exacting standards.

## Preface

This is the eleventh volume in the British Record Society Hearth Tax Series, produced in association with the British Academy Hearth Tax Project and Centre for Hearth Tax Research at Roehampton University, and we are delighted in this instance that the Bristol Record Society has taken the editorial lead in bringing this to fruition in the form of a joint publication.

The aim of the Hearth Tax Series is to provide a national survey of social and economic conditions in Restoration England on the basis of detailed analysis of the hearth tax records in national and local archives. To this end the Centre for Hearth Tax Research was established in 1995 under the direction of Professor Margaret Spufford FBA, and in 2004 it was adopted as a British Academy Research Project based at the University of Roehampton. The partnership between the British Academy, the British Record Society and Roehampton University continues to flourish, often, as in this case, augmented by association with local record societies. This volume represents our fourth co-publication and there are more co-publications in the pipeline, including Hertfordshire, Huntingdonshire, Northamptonshire and Sussex. Hearth tax volumes have now been published for Cambridgeshire (2000), Kent (2000), County Durham (2006), Yorkshire West Riding (2007) and East Riding (2015), Westmorland (2009), Warwickshire (2010), Essex (2012) London and Middlesex (2014) as well as a volume on Norfolk exemption certificates (2001). A volume of the Norfolk and Norwich 1671-2 return is planned for 2018-19.

The Hearth Tax Project began by publishing what was considered to be the best unpublished assessment or return for each county in question. Since then the Project, encouraged by the British Academy, has extended its scope to produce editions of multiple lists where these add significant benefit, such as when material is missing through damage or other omission from the single return. The Durham volume included additional material and the Westmorland volume printed four documents. The London and Middlesex volume drew upon both the 1663 and 1666 returns in order to provide comprehensive coverage of Metropolitan London. The East Riding volume printed the 1673 Hull return alongside the 1672 county assessment, in addition to 55 transcribed exemption certificates. The last reflects the new direction of the Hearth Tax Project increasingly to make use of hearth tax exemption certificates, incorporating transcripts of these in its volumes, thereby adding to understanding of distributions of wealth and poverty, the development of vernacular architecture and increasing our comprehension of how the hearth tax was administered.

In all these respects, the Bristol volume is a most welcome addition. Here is printed the transcript of the 1670 hearth tax return enrolled in Exchequer and housed in The National Archives in Kew, with two of the five lists of householders (1662 and
1668) from the Bristol Chimney Book in the Bristol Archives. These are supported by appendices including five additional listings from surveys, returns, exemption certificates and a parish scavenger list. A detailed exploration, by Elizabeth Parkinson and Jonathan Barry, of the relationship between the Exchequer and Chimney Book lists supports a social and economic analysis of this important trading city and England's second largest port. For the first time in a Hearth Tax Series volume, the lists of householders are taken, by Roger Leech, to form the structure of a topographical directory of houses and their occupants, using supporting documentary and physical evidence. Professor Leech's painstaking work on the topography of the Chimney Book surveys brings a new dimension to hearth tax studies.

We should like to thank Jonathan Barry, Alison Brown, Roger Leech, Elizabeth Parkinson and Richard Stone for their engaging and scholarly contributions and Penny Copeland for her maps. The streets of Restoration Bristol really come to life in this edition. Our particular appreciation goes to the Bristol Record Society's editorial team for the lead role they have taken in the production of this volume, and to Elizabeth Parkinson, Senior Research Fellow at Roehampton University, for her key role as editorial coordinator. Our thanks also to Simon Neal for his translation of the Latin text in the documents, John Price for compiling the statistics, Mike Shand for drawing up the GIS maps, and colleagues at the British Academy and at Roehampton University for providing timely advice and assistance, and to John Roost and the printing team at 4word. Behind every hearth tax volume lies many years of planning and preparatory discussions and we are most grateful for the wise counsel of members of the British Academy Hearth Tax Management Committee and the British Record Society Council, particularly the late Professor David Hey and Professor Peter Spufford FBA.

Catherine Ferguson
General Editor, British Record Society Hearth Tax Series
Andrew Wareham
Director of the British Academy Hearth Tax Project, Roehampton University
Epiphany, 2018

## Chronology

19 May 1662 Hearth Tax Act (14 Car. II c. 10) passed. One shilling per hearth to be collected twice yearly at Michaelmas and Lady Day, according to an approved list of householders and starting Michaelmas 1662. Tax administered by local government officials and sheriffs. Money for each collection to be received at the Exchequer by beginning of December and June each year

Summer 1662 First list of liable householders compiled as an assessment for the Michaelmas 1662 collection.

25 September 1662 Copy of first Bristol list enrolled by justices and duplicate returned to Exchequer - received there 30 September [TNA E 179/247/11]. List 1 in the Chimney Book (ff. 4-41v) is a copy but used for later collections.

27 July 1663 First revising act (15 Car. II c. 13) passed. Each dwelling had now to be searched by the petty constable accompanied by two substantial inhabitants to check the number of hearths and householders. The not chargeable now to be identified in a separate column on the return with the number of their hearths. Noted by the Mayor and Aldermen in Sessions on 6 October 1663.

27 August 1663 Principal payment from Bristol sheriffs (Wright and Yeamans for 1662-63) for Michaelmas 1662 and Lady Day 1663 received at Exchequer -additional sums received in May 1665 and accounts finally declared 22 May 1665.

17 May 1664 Second revising act (16 Car. II c. 3) passed. Sheriffs to be discharged 24 June and replaced by semi-professional receivers appointed by an Exchequer commission. Exemption qualifications tightened in that no person inhabiting a dwelling house with more than two hearths could be considered for exemption unless the dwelling was ruinous.

26 July 1664 John Raleigh and Mathew Coppinger appointed by patent as receivers for Bristol. Coppinger and George Raleigh (John's father and surety) already involved in Bristol excise collection; John died in office.

Late 1664 Copy of Michaelmas 1662 list sent from London to each receiver to be used in accordance with official instructions for managing their collections from Michaelmas 1664-Michaelmas 1665.

14 March 1665 Principal payment for Michaelmas 1663 collection from Bristol sheriffs (Broadway and Streamer for 1663-64) received at the Exchequer, with extra sums received 18 May 1665 and account finally declared 28 November 1665.

18 May 1665 Single payment from Bristol sheriffs for Lady Day 1664 (Broadway and Streamer for 1663-64) received at Exchequer and account declared 28 November 1665. Account states 6,029 hearths enrolled - though the given ward totals add up to 6019. The list distinguishing between the chargeable and not chargeable survives at TNA in a very damaged condition [TNA E 179/375/16]. List 2 in the Chimney Book (ff. 44-51v) is not a copy because the not chargeable are omitted.

27 June 1665 First instalment of payments for Michaelmas 1664 sent to London by receivers Raleigh and Coppinger.

January 1666 Bristol Sessions record royal order of 30 November 1665 urging support for receivers and resolving queries over tax liability.

30 March 1666 Three London merchants take over tax administration to be organised under sub-farmers, thus replacing the receivers. Due to timing, the farmers agree to complete the Lady Day 1666 collection and return the money and documentation to the Exchequer.

23 August 1667 Final payment made by Coppinger for the collections Michaelmas 1664 to Michaelmas 1665 when account declared. As no revised list, account based on initial 1662 list of which list 1 in the Chimney Book (ff. $4-41 \mathrm{v}$ ) is a copy.

September 1667 Reports of Bristol objections to tax collectors' use of distraints.
20 March 1668 Bristol Sessions receive notice that James Siddall, innholder of Bristol appointed farmer's deputy, and on 16 May and 6 July 1668 record Siddall's deputies as William Parfoy, Morrice Orchard, Robert Fowler, Thomas Parry, John Meredith and Edward Child, all of Bristol.

Summer 1668 Bristol Recorder, Robert Atkyns, gives his legal opinion on exemptions.

6 October 1668 Siddall submits copy of his assessment rolls to Bristol Sessions. List 3 in the Chimney Book (ff. 53-76) is a copy of this list. On 30 October the Sessions consider rolls not made according to 1663 Act (no separate column for not chargeable) and make several attempts to get collectors and ward constables to prepare lists in columns etc.

1 March 1669 Sessions complain to London that Siddall has not complied and is collecting from those entitled to exemption. Siddall ignores summons to court about distraints and court finds in favour of seven complainants.

Lady Day 1669 Tax farmers surrender their farm making the Lady Day 1669 collection their last.

3 February 1670 Bristol Clerk of the Peace ordered by Sessions to send copy of Siddall's list (as received in October 1668) to Exchequer. A list was returned to the Exchequer, described as for a year and a half ending at Lady Day 1669, but it has not survived.

Summer 1670 Richard Churchill of Dorchester appointed receiver for Somerset and Bristol. He employed six sub-collectors who each managed certain wards: John Davis (St Thomas and Castle); Robert Wagland (St Nicholas); John Churchill (Trinity and St Stephens); George Sherman (St Mary Redcliffe and All Saints); Michael Parfett (Temple, St Ewen and St Michael); Bernard Odoms (St Mary le Port). St James ward was managed jointly by the latter four collectors.

18 September 1671 Churchill's first return, covering Michaelmas 1669Michaelmas 1670 enrolled at Bristol Sessions and duplicate sent to Exchequer in London, where it was received on 30 September [TNA E 167/116/541]. List 4 in the Chimney Book is a copy (ff. 78-98v). His account was declared on 8 March 1672.

8 April 1673 Sessions receive copies of increases and decreases to previous hearth tax list for two periods, covering 1671 (Lady Day and Michaelmas) and 1672 (Lady Day and Michaelmas) respectively. Such amendments (not full lists) entered into Chimney Book [ff. 99-105]. Accounts for 1671 finally approved by Exchequer on 8 September 1673 and for 1672 on 28 February 1674.

8 November 1673 Statement submitted to Sessions by Churchill regarding duplicates in 12 books of what officers collected for three half years ending Lady Day 1673 and duplicate sent to Exchequer. The TNA version [E 179/247/15] is listed in the Exchequer receipt book as a 'roll for three collections ending at Lady Day 1673' and was enrolled on 24 October 1673, being received at Exchequer in December 1673 and the accounts declared on 28 February 1674. In its present state some membranes are missing and those surviving are very damaged. The copy in the Chimney Book (ff. 106-116) is also incomplete.

Michaelmas 1674 Receivers displaced by second tax farmers who administered the tax centrally from an office in Throgmorton Street, London with no sub-farming.

17 February 1675 Bristol Sessions endorse certificate from Temple parish listing 82 people who receive alms and as non rate-payers should be set in the column of not chargeable.

Michaelmas 1679 Introduction of third farm managed by a different group of London merchants. Few records have survived for Bristol under these two farms.

Michaelmas 1684 Tax administration returned to a system of direct collection under a commission who also managed the excise. The tax was repealed in 1689. Summary details of the accounts of money collected in Bristol for Lady Day 1684 Lady Day 1689 survive.

Bristol and the Hearth Tax

## Introduction

This introduction begins by explaining the nature of the hearth tax, and how it was administered both nationally and in Bristol, then a county in its own right as well as a chartered city. It then describes the surviving sources for the tax, both the Exchequer copies held in The National Archives (TNA) and those kept in Bristol, notably the five listings which were copied, in whole or part into what is known as the Chimney Book held among the city's corporate archives in Bristol Archives (BA). This edition prints and indexes the 1670 Michaelmas Exchequer return from TNA and, alongside this, the 1662 and 1668 lists from the Chimney Book, while the remainder of the Chimney Book is being made available to Bristol Record Society subscribers, together with a database collating all the listings alphabetically. The introduction then considers the complex issues of exemption and evasion, and hence how far any of the listings can be regarded as an accurate enumeration of Bristol society (Appendix 7 considers the related question of Bristol's population size in this period). This in turn leads to the second half of the introduction, which offers a sketch of Bristol during the hearth tax period, and considers what light the hearth tax data can throw on the city. In particular it explores the nature of Bristol's housing stock and the evidence for the distribution of occupations and wealth (neither recorded directly) around the city. Some comparisons are drawn throughout with other towns, although one conclusion is how dangerous it is to draw such comparisons when the circumstances lying behind each hearth tax listing could be so particular: this is thrown into sharp relief when, as in Bristol, one can compare several lists produced only a few years part for the same place, and find such significant differences in what is recorded. To help guide readers through some of these complexities, a chronology is also provided, which is recommended as a starting point before using any of the sources (pp. 3-6). There are also eight tables and two maps, summarizing the data in one or more of the main listings and comparing these with each other and with other sources of information about later seventeenth-century Bristol. The parishes, wards and streets of Bristol can also be located using the maps found in the front and back inside covers of the volume, adapted from Millerd's contemporary map of the city (Plate 2), while a guide to which streets fell in each ward can be found in Appendix 9.

# Part I: Bristol Hearth Tax: 1662-1689 

Jonathan Barry and Elizabeth Parkinson

## a) The national picture

The hearth tax, sometimes known as chimney money, was a property tax introduced in England and Wales in 1662 in order to provide Charles II with some much-needed income. ${ }^{1}$ The tax levied a sum of one shilling twice yearly at Lady Day (25 March) and Michaelmas (29 September) on each hearth and stove with some specific exemptions. Payment was to be made by the occupier, or if the property was empty, by the owner, according to an approved list compiled on a county basis of named householders, together with the number of their hearths. Duplicates of these lists had to be returned to the Exchequer for accounting purposes and these are known as Exchequer duplicates. The tax during its twenty-seven-year life underwent six different administrative changes in an attempt to increase its yield. ${ }^{2}$ As a result of these changes returns have only generally survived for the periods 1662-1666 and 1669-1674 at TNA or amongst Quarter Sessions material in local record offices. Generally, eight returns were compiled by each county during these two periods and for Bristol four lists have survived in variable condition at TNA. The five different listings of householders written in the Chimney Book represent stages in the compilation of some of these lists dated between 1662 and $1673 .{ }^{3}$ In theory, seventeenth-century listings of householders with the number of their hearths are a valuable census-type tool for the historian but in practice their accuracy is variable. Bristol however is fortunate in that survival of several different lists allows this variability to be examined, as Arkell has done with the rich source of Warwickshire documents. ${ }^{4}$

Firstly, there is the question of completeness of each list, for not every hearth/ householder was liable for the tax. It was only as the bill was rushed through parliament that responsibility for payment was placed upon the householder rather than the owner, at which stage the MPs realised that some would be unable to pay. Three exemption clauses were then hurriedly added to the bill. The first excused all those householders not paying rates to the church and poor because of the smallness of their estates. The second clause exempted those properties with a rental value of twenty shillings a year or less provided that the occupier did not occupy or possess any lands, tenements, goods or chattels worth ten pounds. Such people required a certificate, valid for a year and signed by the churchwardens or overseers of the poor

[^0]and countersigned by two justices. ${ }^{5}$ The certification of only some of the not liable caused confusion as to who should be included on the certificate and who not and this problem continued throughout the life of the tax. There was a further complication in that the exemption procedure was parochially managed while the money was collected according to wards or tithings/constableries, whose boundaries in Bristol as elsewhere did not necessarily coincide with those of the parish.

A third exemption clause extended liability to certain other hearths including ovens in hearths already charged and in 'stamps, blowing houses and stills'. The poor drafting of this bill did not make it very clear that smiths' forges and bakers' ovens were liable, thus creating fertile grounds for dispute. Almshouses with annual incomes under $£ 100$ a year were also exempted. Two subsequent acts further influenced the exemption procedure. The first passed in July 1663 required the listing of both liable and not liable householders and their hearths. A second revising act passed in May 1664 tightened the conditions of non-liability whereby any landlord who sub-divided a property after 1663 to reduce its annual rental to under twenty shillings became liable for the tax. In addition, no dwelling with more than two hearths could be exempted from payment nor any property previously assessed as liable unless it became ruinous.

## Sheriffs' administration Michaelmas 1662-Lady Day 1664

The initial administrators of the tax were the local government officials, the petty constables and high constables under the supervision of justices of the peace and the sheriffs. During the summer of 1662 the petty constables had to agree with each householder the number of their liable hearths and later note any reductions in the number within these dwellings. In cities like Bristol with no high constables, each petty constable had then to deliver their lists to the office of the clerk of the peace where they were combined into a single list, organized by parish and examined by three justices. A second copy was then returned to the Exchequer for accounting purposes. In theory, the 1662 Act provided for the first assessment to be completed by 31 May but the delayed passing of the Act until mid-May left little time for compilation and enrolment of a list of solely liable hearths at the sessions, before the first collection due on 29 September. The constables were therefore instructed to interpret liability as 'none to be charged by this Act that is exempted from the usual taxes, payments and contributions towards the church and poor' thus circumventing the certifiable exemption procedure. Such timing problems were to dog the administration of the tax for most of its life.

Tight timetables were laid down for collection of the money through the tiers of officials and up to London. In Bristol, as in other county boroughs and cities, six weeks was allowed from collection by the petty constables via the sheriffs and

[^1]hence to London. ${ }^{6}$ For this work the sheriffs were granted expenses of three old pence per pound collected while the clerk of the peace was granted one old penny per pound collected. The legal time limits for tax collection theoretically ensured that the money would reach the Exchequer by December and June of each year. However, by December 1662 less than half this sum had been returned, so the government pushed for administrative change. ${ }^{7}$ Parliament was unwilling to agree to such a move so the MPs voted instead for a tightening of the assessment procedure. ${ }^{8}$ Under the revising act of 1663 , in addition to listing both liable and non-liable householders with the number of their hearths, each property had to be searched by the petty constable, accompanied by two substantial inhabitants to check the number of hearths. This was a very laborious procedure and still the yield did not improve. ${ }^{9}$

## First receivers' administration Michaelmas 1664 -Michaelmas 1665

Parliament had now to accede to the King's demands for his personal control of the tax. The second revising act, which came into force on 24 June 1664, replaced the local government officials with semi-professional receivers appointed by an Exchequer commission under oath. ${ }^{10}$ The commission required sureties in line with the number of assessed hearths and they increased the expenses to one shilling per pound collected and introduced rewards for the work. Each receiver appointed his own team of 'chimney men' under oath and they also had to provide sureties. The petty constables had no legal responsibility for collection of the money, but as their presence was required to issue distraint for non-payment, now within an hour of demand, they accompanied the tax collectors and so retained their expenses of two pence per pound collected. ${ }^{11}$ Under these circumstances house searches were conducted annually and the lists became a combined assessment and return of those who paid.

While the two previous acts had laid down the format of the lists, this act left such details of implementation to Treasury officials. No new assessments were to be compiled, rather instructions were given to amend the Lady Day 1664 return. In the event, such returns did not arrive at the Exchequer early enough to be copied, so versions of the 1662 lists were sent instead causing much confusion because the instructions did not match the specimen document.
${ }^{6}$ A period of nine weeks was allowed in the constableries/townships in the counties as they had an additional tier of payment to the high constables.
7 The sum received at the Exchequer in December 1662 was only about $£ 34,000$ instead of the anticipated £80,000. See E. Parkinson, The establishment of the hearth tax 1662-1666 (List and Index Society, special series 43, 2008), p. 21.
${ }^{8} 15$ Car. II c. 10. 'An additional Act for the better ordering and collecting the revenue arising by hearth money', passed in July 1663: Parkinson, Establishment, p. 28.
9 In Bristol, the major payment for Michaelmas 1662 and Lady Day 1663 reached the Exchequer in August 1663, while those for Michaelmas 1663 and Lady Day 1664 reached the Exchequer in March and May 1665.
1016 Car. II c. 3. 'An Act for collecting the duty arising by hearth money by officers to be appointed by his Majesty'.
${ }^{11}$ In Bristol as in other county cities, poundages were only introduced for the constables with the changeover in management. 14 Car. II c. 10 s. 11.

The choice of receiver depended upon their ability to provide a surety. ${ }^{12}$ Here in Bristol as in London, excise men were chosen. The densely packed housing in these two places made assessment and collection of both taxes difficult and since both taxes required house searches, it made sense to use the same individuals. Two receivers were appointed for Bristol, John Raleigh of 'Lincolns Inn Middlesex' and Mathew Coppinger by patent of 26 July 1664. ${ }^{13}$ Raleigh's family hailed from Farnborough in Warwickshire while Coppinger was probably from Dorset. ${ }^{14}$ Both men had been appointed to the Bristol excise farm in 1663 together with John's father and surety, George Raleigh. ${ }^{15}$ Though non-Bristolians (but Coppinger married a Bristol woman in 1664), they were already involved in collecting excise duty in Bristol. ${ }^{16}$ They did not have an easy time managing either tax. Excise collectors were viewed as professional financiers, for the money provided a liquid asset on which people could speculate. It was a risky business for the changing management for excise collection introduced problems of who owed what money and to whom. With the hearth tax, their appointment in July 1664 gave them little time to set up their teams of collectors and issue them with instructions and appropriate lists before the Michaelmas collection became due. Practically this meant collecting for both Michaelmas 1664 and Lady Day 1665 together. Across the country, the return of both the Exchequer duplicates and the money was slow - new officials had to prepare complicated unfamiliar lists using confusing instructions, collect retrospectively and in addition, they were saddled with the arrears of their predecessors. The payments from the two 1665 collections were further complicated because the government, in need of money due to the outbreak of the second Dutch War in 1665, mortgaged their proceeds as surety of loans for $£ 200,000$ from the City of London.

All these difficulties were compounded in Bristol by the death in office of John Raleigh so that his father's surety had to be called in, further slowing up the payments. ${ }^{17}$ As a result, Coppinger, suffering huge problems with his tax collections, was imprisoned for non-payment of excise and hearth money and was also involved

[^2]in several Exchequer Court cases concerning the excise. ${ }^{18}$ He died in 1670 heavily in debt. ${ }^{19}$ As a result of all these disasters no amended 1662 return was produced in Bristol as occurred in other counties. The accounts were not declared until August 1667 based on the original 1662 assessment.

## First farmers' administration Lady Day 1666-Lady Day 1669

The prohibitive costs of the Dutch War demanded desperate solutions and there was no prospect of further loans on the tax. Within five days of the 1666 Lady Day collection, the receivers were peremptorily removed and the tax was farmed to a group of London businessmen who paid up front for the management of the tax. ${ }^{20}$ Their contract was for a period of seven years with an option to revoke after three. The contract was due to start with the Michaelmas 1666 collection but the farmers agreed to complete the preceding Lady Day 1666 collection and return the money and documentation to the Exchequer. In several counties brewers managed the subfarms, while in Bristol an innkeeper, James Siddall (or Sydall) was appointed. ${ }^{21}$ The farmers had a disastrous time as shown dramatically by the analysis of the 1666 London return. ${ }^{22}$ A general increased hostility to the tax, felt most strongly in the capital, together with the incidence of the Great Fire hugely reduced their receipts so they could not make any money. They therefore revoked their contract after the 1669 Lady Day collection.

## Second receivers' administration Michaelmas 1669-Michaelmas 1674

The tax was uncollected for a year until the spring of 1670 when a second set of receivers was introduced. These individuals were vetted more carefully for their financial competence and organizational skills and were directed from a London hearth money office, closely supervised by the Treasury Lords. The system of enrolled duplicates was reinstated and the officials were issued with instructions, printed exemption certificates and awarded increased expenses according to the administrative difficulties of their areas. The areas were streamlined, Bristol being amalgamated with Somerset under Mr Richard Churchill junior of Dorchester. ${ }^{23}$ He was an interesting choice: an inhabitant from outside the city but (as a woollen merchant) well versed in large-scale money transference, an expertise essential for the now enlarged hearth tax area of Bristol and Somerset. The Churchill family were part of the Dorchester gentry, one member having been mayor of Dorchester in

[^3]1663. ${ }^{24}$ Richard Churchill senior had three sons Richard, John and William junior and it was his eldest son Richard who was the receiver. ${ }^{25}$ Richard's appointment was probably helped by friends in high places, for as Dorchester was the assize town, the family were known to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Baron Ashley of Wimborne St Giles, later ennobled as first Earl of Shaftesbury. The appointment also suited Ashley who was particularly interested in colonial ventures and Bristol had a thriving sugar trade. ${ }^{26}$

With two collections already overdue the officials had to collect for Michaelmas 1669 and Lady Day 1670 retrospectively at the same time as they initiated and drew up a survey for Michaelmas 1670. The compilation and collection of the money by new officials took much longer than expected resulting in delayed auditing of the accounts until the spring/summer of 1671 . Richard Churchill managed all the collections for Bristol with Somerset until the next management change, starting with the Michaelmas 1674 collection. Like Siddall, he had six deputies but it seems that his team were non-Bristolians for none of the names below, except the very common name of John Davis, appears in any hearth tax lists. John Davis was responsible for St Thomas and Castle, Robert Wagland for St Nicholas, John Churchill (presumably a relative) for Holy Trinity and St Stephen, George Sherman for Redcliffe and All Saints, Michael Parfett for Temple, St Ewen and St Michael, and Bernard Odoms for St Mary le Port. St James ward was managed jointly by the latter four collectors. ${ }^{27}$

## Final administration of farmers and commission Michaelmas 1674 to Lady Day 1689

For ten years from Michaelmas 1674 the tax was administered centrally from an office in Throgmorton Street by two consecutive sets of farmers with no sub-farming. With access to the papers, the Treasury realized that the farmers were making too great a profit so the tax was returned to a system of direct collection under a commission who also ran the excise. The tax was repealed in 1689 by the newly crowned William and Mary but by now we are well outside the period covered by the Chimney Book. ${ }^{28}$

## b) The Bristol picture

Aside from the 'chimney book' itself, our chief evidence of the administration and impact of the hearth tax in Bristol comes from the records of the city corporation. Despite its controversial character, the tax is rarely mentioned in the letters which survive in the State Papers, nor does it seem to have become fuel in the ongoing

[^4]disputes about political authority and policy within the city, which raged throughout the Restoration period. ${ }^{29}$ In late 1662 an uprising was planned, supposedly with 700 followers in Bristol, whose main publicly declared aim was to oust the king but also included the repeal of the hearth tax, an indication that it was unpopular. ${ }^{30}$ But compared to the bitter divisions over religious issues, such as the prosecution of dissenting groups, or over who could be trusted by the crown to govern the city, the evidence of the hearth tax suggests a city corporation united in their efforts to ensure that the hearth tax was collected in a way which properly balanced the crown's need for revenue on the one hand, with the interests of public order and social stability on the other. The city corporation were concerned to defend their right to be the arbiters of this balance locally, and, as elsewhere, the most intense disputes arose in the period when tax farmers, or their deputies locally, were responsible for collection and proved less amenable to corporate direction than during periods when the tax was assessed and collected by local officers or Treasury-appointed receivers.

It is important to remember that the hearth tax was only one of numerous taxes being levied, many of them the direct responsibility of the city authorities. In some respects, especially when being farmed, it bore the closest resemblance to the excise: considerably more corporate time or at least paperwork was taken up with complaints about excise than the hearth tax, but both raised some common issues, about the fairness of assessment on the one hand, and about the practice of distraint of goods from people's households when they failed to pay on the other. While not directly responsible for the excise, the mayor and 12 aldermen (one of whom was the non-resident Recorder) found themselves constantly being asked to arbitrate on these issues, in their capacity as the city's justices of the peace, as they were with the hearth tax. Similarly, while the collection of the 'church and poor rates' was the responsibility of individual parishes, the city magistrates arbitrated in disputes over these and, more particularly, were responsible for contentious arrangements to transfer resources between the richer inner-city parishes and the poorer suburban ones to ensure that poor relief reached those who really needed it. In 1696 this issue was finally resolved by creating a city-wide Corporation of the Poor. ${ }^{31}$ The magistrates made repeated efforts to judge the wealth and poverty of the different parishes, which must have

[^5]informed them in their consideration of the issue of hearth tax exemptions and also made them very sensitive to any tax which might increase the burden of poor relief. ${ }^{32}$

At the same time they were also more directly involved in collecting and assessing a range of other taxes, such as the subsidy and monthly assessments and the poll tax, as well as local rates, such as those to cover the costs of lighting or watching the streets. Two volumes have survived recording their activities at this period as tax collectors, as well as numerous listings of taxpayers at various dates. ${ }^{33}$ A number of points relevant to hearth tax administration emerge from studying these sources. First, there was a constant uncertainty whether to organise the city, for tax purposes, by parish (17, plus the extra-parochial Castle precincts), or by ward (12, each the responsibility of one alderman, except Castle, which was overseen by the Mayor), or even by some amalgamation of wards into larger sections of the city, such as the three parishes/ wards south of the river. Bristol's steady growth, especially in the suburban parish of St Philip, which had an 'outparish' section beyond the city's county jurisdiction in Gloucestershire, which does not appear in these returns, added to this complexity. ${ }^{34}$ Second, it is clear that, except where national regulations required otherwise, as with the poll taxes, the city authorities, faced with the need to raise a specific amount of money in the subsidy and monthly assessments, adopted the traditional mechanism of dividing the sum to be collected up between the different units, parish or ward, according to potentially disputable notions of the relative wealth, or perhaps taxability, of each unit. For example, in September 1662, as well as approving the first hearth tax returns, they reviewed a list of 'ancient rates of assessment' on the parishes according to the statute of 43 Elizabeth c. 3, and decided to triple the amount collected to $£ 295$ s, to meet the requirements of the Act for the Relief of Poor and Maimed Soldiers. ${ }^{35}$ Having decided a sum per unit, they then left the unit's officials, the ward constables they appointed, or the parish officers appointed by the vestry, to assess or collect the agreed sum, or alternatively established their own lists of assessors and collectors from among the more respectable inhabitants of each parish or ward. Here, separating the roles of assessor and collector seems to have been regarded both as a way of spreading the task and of establishing checks and balances to get fair treatment. Most fundamentally, they expected these people to

[^6]raise the tax only from the wealthier members of each unit, with lists of the 'usual suspects' arranged often with the wealthiest and most prestigious household heads at the top and only containing perhaps the upper half of the city's households: more in the wealthier inner-city parishes and far fewer in the poorer suburbs. In 1667, after requiring churchwardens and constables of each parish to compile a list of inhabitants able to watch in person or contribute to the watch, a report to the Common Council judged that 'there are 2000 inhabitants that ought to be charged to pay the watch and ward', calculating that each of these should pay the equivalent of a watchman's duty once every seven weeks; ${ }^{36}$ the city at that point probably contained 3,500-4,000 households.

Even the poll tax, though requiring householders to pay a sum for almost every household member, and an extra tax levied on the earnings of servants, was actually graduated quite significantly because a disproportionate share was levied by a surcharge on those with certain titles, occupations or income: in the case of St Peter in 1667, for example, although 503 people are taxed (wives and children among these are not named), almost 60 per cent of the receipts came from the surcharges on less than 5 per cent of those people. ${ }^{37}$ By contrast in the Michaelmas 1662 hearth tax for St Peter's, 135 householders are named, with about 500 chargeable hearths (62-66) (and by list 2 only 400 hearths were being charged), so paying a tax of $£ 50$ per annum ( $£ 40$ in 1664) for their hearths compared to $£ 804$ s for the poll tax. In all these respects the hearth tax, with its greater social depth and lack of both any definitive sum to be collected and of any established set of checks and balances within the usual units of jurisdiction, was an exceptional tax, requiring the creation of lists both longer and more susceptible to constant changes as people moved homes or housing arrangements altered, or individuals varied in whether they could afford to pay the church and poor rates. In responding to the unusual challenges posed by the hearth tax, the Bristol authorities were trying to contain its impact, where possible, by drawing on their experience and information from their other tax responsibilities.

There is little evidence regarding the initial years of the tax between 1662 and 1665, even though (despite a fire next to the Council House in September 1666 which led to the evacuation of the Chamberlain's 'books and boxes') ${ }^{38}$ we have continuous records of the work of the magistrates in this period. Until 1664 the tax was the responsibility of the sheriffs and parish constables working under them, while the tax lists had to be submitted to the sessions for approval. On 6 October 1663 the Mayor and Aldermen in sessions noted the terms of the 'additional act for better ordering and collection of revenues', requiring them to issue warrants to the petty constables of each ward who were to give public notice the following Sunday after morning service in each church or chapel in their precinct to all inhabitants and 'particular notices to every inhabitant in the ward that shall then be an occupier of any house,

[^7]edifice, lodging or chamber' to give a 'just account' in writing within ten days of all hearths and stoves in their houses, upon their own view. The constables were then 'with two other substantial inhabitants' of the ward, to enter all such houses in daytime and compare the account to see if it was truly made or not. These verified accounts were to be given within twenty days to the high constable, 'together with a book or roll fairly written, wherein shall be two columns, one containing the names of the person and number of hearths and stoves in their respective possessions chargeable to the said duty, and the other the names of the persons and number of hearths and stoves in their respective possessions not chargeable'. Within six more days the high constables were to transmit these to the next two justices 'who are empowered to examine upon oath the truth and faithfulness of the owners and petty constables'. Anyone who failed in performance of this would face the penalties laid down, that is $£ 5$ to be forfeited for every offence. ${ }^{39}$

Judging by the lack of evidence, the stricter law introduced in 1664 did not increase the resistance shown by the inhabitants, probably because the tax for the 1664-1665 collections was still assessed at the old level of 1662. As elsewhere in the country, it was only after the farmers took over in 1666 that real opposition occurred, both from disgruntled householders and the justices. The farmers' stricter interpretation of the exemption law meant more poorer householders became liable for the tax while the justices had to accept that their previous lists of not liable hearths were too lax. ${ }^{40}$ There were riots in the neighbouring counties of Gloucestershire and Somerset, which doubtless made the magistrates even more anxious in their attempt to strike a balance between assisting royal revenue and assuaging local objections. ${ }^{41}$

In late January 1666 the magistrates copied into their records a royal order from Oxford, dated last day of November 1665, urging magistrates to assist the collectors, and 'resolutions to queries concerning Hearth Money', for example the exemption of ovens but not other hearths and stoves. The key clause notes that 'all houses that have above two chimneys are to pay although paupers dwell in them, there being no exemption allowed to such houses'. ${ }^{42}$ However, the first real sign of detailed engagement with the tax is provided by the legal opinion regarding the tax which the magistrates obtained in summer 1668 from the city Recorder, Sir Robert Atkyns (1621-1710). This focused on the question of exemptions, as defined both in the original statute establishing the tax and in subsequent amendments. One of the original exemptions was for those certified as occupying houses with an annual rental of 20s or less: Atkyns states categorically that no property in Bristol had such a low rental value, hence no such certificates, which had to be renewed annually, would be

[^8]granted on this basis in Bristol. By contrast the exemption of those not paying church and poor rates or receiving alms was to be fully applied. However, this exemption was qualified by the requirement that those people so exempt should be living in houses with no more than two hearths. Atkyns confirmed that this meant that anyone exempt from church and poor would be exempt from the hearth tax if they lived in a house with two hearths or less, but not if they lived in a house with more than two hearths. Furthermore, he confirmed that it was not possible to argue that, in a multi-occupied house with more than two hearths, each individual householder should only be assigned a proportion of the hearths, and so retain their exemption: instead, because 'the plurality of the inmates does not take away from the unity of the house', the law meant that they all lost their exemption. ${ }^{43}$ The Bristol magistrates clearly accepted this ruling. When writing to the Exchequer committee responsible for the tax in March 1669, as discussed below, they noted that 'very many poor live as inmates in houses that have above two fire hearths' that by law are not exempted from payment of the duty, from whom there are 'daily very great complaints, their cases are sad', so they desired that 'if any favour is shown to such poor in other places' that the 'same pity and compassion be extended to such also in this citie'. Moreover, in considering appeals against distraints for non-payment, they upheld the same principles, while also arguing that in multi-occupier households it was not reasonable to expect one tenant to be responsible for the payment for all the hearths. ${ }^{44}$

There is no evidence that the Bristol magistrates became involved in the debates found elsewhere regarding the respective responsibilities of tenants and landlords, probably because of the lack of properties with less than 20s annual rental. Atkyns discusses the liability of tenants and the fact that they may rent land apart from the dwelling, but if non-rated they were still exempted. He does not comment on that section of clause 5 of the 1664 Act which states that those landlords who let land apart from the dwellings [since 1663] to those who 'by reason of their poverty may pretend to be exempted from payment by any clause or clauses in the foresaid acts' should become liable. Such letting circumstances were evident in Bristol as shown in February 1670 when the inhabitants of St Mary Redcliffe were unable to raise enough poor rate because 'severall owners... of severall messuages, lands, tenements and hereditaments are become outdwellers and let out their lands to persons who are not capable of being rated to the poore'. ${ }^{45}$ This need to levy the poor rate from out-dwelling landlords bolstered a stricter interpretation of the hearth tax law that eventually resulted in much higher yields.

The concern with exemptions was central to the dispute which the Bristol magistrates had with James Siddall, an innkeeper from St Thomas (d. June 1669). Siddall was named as the Bristol deputy for the national farmers in March 1668 (we do not know who, if anyone, was their local deputy previously). Siddall took on six more

[^9]Bristolians as his assistants in May and July, namely William Parfoy, Morrice Orchard, Robert Fowler, Thomas Parry, John Meredith and Edward Child. ${ }^{46}$ Orchard, a St Peter soapboiler was Siddall's brother-in-law, Fowler, a cooper, and Child, a pewterer, and all were men of relatively modest means judging by their payments on between two and four hearths. ${ }^{47}$ The farmers' collectors seem to have taken a much more aggressive approach towards levying the tax and distraining for non-payment. For example, a September 1667 letter reports that they had caused 'great murmuring' by going on purpose to demand the duty when people were away from home and then breaking open the house, taking the distraints and making people pay twice the value of the duty to redeem it. One such sufferer was apparently the Dean of Bristol and bishop-elect of St Asaph, Dr Glemham, whose plate was seized when he was absent dining at the Mayor's! ${ }^{48}$ Moreover they sought to minimise, if not ignore, the principle of exemption. Atkyns reported: ‘The collector of the duty doth say that all poor people that are exempt from payment to church and poor must pay tho' there is but two chimneys in a house in which such poor dwelleth and that the judges are of that opinion whereof the poor begin already to clamour', before himself confirming that those in two-hearth households were entitled to exemption. ${ }^{49}$

Matters came to a head on 6 October 1668 when Siddall failed, when submitting his list of people and hearths to the magistrates for approval ahead of its dispatch to the Exchequer, to produce a list in the required format of two columns, with the exempt listed separately in the second column. This meant that the magistrates could not exercise any oversight regarding the application of the exemption rules. They responded initially by asking the parish and ward officials to work independently of the tax collectors to supply them with a list of all those they considered should be

[^10]exempt. It seems that this did not work, because in mid-November the magistrates changed tack and required Siddall's men to work with the ward constables to produce a proper list distinguishing the exempt. The second column was to give 'the names of the persons dwelling in single houses having only two chimneys and by reason of poverty or smallness of estate are exempt from payment to church and poor'. The books were also 'to give a true account of the increase and decrease of all hearths and stoves that have happened .... since the last accompt', as required in the original 1662 Act. To avoid confusion between parishes and wards, the lists, though made by wards, were to make clear which parish each house/person was in. ${ }^{50}$

When this also failed, because Siddall's team refused to cooperate in creating new lists, the magistrates wrote on 1 March 1669 to the 'Grand Committee' responsible for the tax in London to explain their actions and asking them to order Siddall to cooperate. Because they were refusing to send up the improper list as it was 'and charging all without distinction', Siddall was menacing the clerk of the peace for not returning the lists even though not approved by the justices. The letter begins by complaining that 'the present farmer and his officers have exacted the same and taken away the goods of poor people that receive alms and do go about begging from door to door'. Even though such people are clearly exempt 'yet the said farmer and his officers enter houses and take away their household stuff and working tools to the utter ruin and undoing of them and their wives and children' leading to daily complaints by poor people. The court had told Siddall to return what he had already taken and not take more 'but he refuseth to obey our orders and do still proceed in taxing the same and saith he hath an order from the Grand Comm[itt]ee so to doe ... The cry of the poor is so great that we are enforced to lay their complaints before your honours.' They requested the Committee to order the farmer to spare those that should be exempted and to authorise the justices to proceed against his officers if they proceed illegally in collecting, 'we being very loath in this tender point of His Majesty's revenue to interpose or punish them without your honours' order', but this was an 'absolute necessity for keeping of the peace and quieting the minds of poor distressed subjects'. ${ }^{51}$

Meanwhile they summoned Siddall's men to court in March 1669 to answer various complaints about irregular assessment and collection, and in their absence found in favour of five complainants. ${ }^{52}$ What impact this had on the process of collection is hard to judge, but on 3 February 1670 (the farmers having given up their tax farm at Lady Day 1669), the magistrates ordered the clerk of the peace 'forthwith' to return up to the Exchequer 'the said rolls so imperfectly made' so that accounts might be drawn up by the Exchequer of what money has been received 'by the said Syddall and his deputies'. In doing so they rehearsed the previous events, noting that 'the aforesaid imperfect rolls have ever since remained' in the hands of the clerk of

[^11]the peace, while Siddall and his deputies had collected duties by duplicates of the said rolls. ${ }^{53}$ A list was returned to the Exchequer, described as for a year and a half ending at Lady Day 1669. Unfortunately, we cannot check whether it was actually the 1668 list because it has not survived. ${ }^{54}$ It was presumably a copy of this 'imperfect roll' which appears as the third list, dated October 1668, in the Chimney Book, and its inclusion of some who were doubtfully liable may explain why it is the list with the largest number of named taxpayers, though this may also be because, as local men, Siddall's team were best placed to identify every possible potential taxpayer.

The magistrates were no doubt relieved, therefore, when the first farming period ended and responsibility shifted back to receivers, led in Bristol by Richard Churchill (who may have known Matthew Coppinger, the earlier receiver, who had moved to Dorchester by 1666). ${ }^{55}$ Now Churchill was compiling lists as required by law with the exempt listed in a separate column. The sessions record that on 18 September 1671 the magistrates ordered the clerk to send to the Exchequer duplicates of the several rolls brought that day into court by the revenue collectors and these appear as the fourth list in the Chimney Book. ${ }^{56}$ Then in April 1673 the justices approved the increases and decreases in hearth number as required by law for the two collections of 1671 and the two of 1672 both of which appear in the Chimney Book. Finally, in November 1673 a clerk began to enter into the Chimney Book the return for Lady Day 1673 which Churchill had provided in 12 paper books, one per ward; but in the middle of this task, midway through copying a name from the paper book for Temple, which remains with the Chimney Book, the clerk stopped writing, leaving the rest of Temple and five other wards unrecorded. Perhaps the town clerk decided that the hearth tax was now a routine matter which no longer required such a clerical effort and ordered his clerk to stop.

Even the re-establishment of a second tax farm in 1674 does not seem to have generated the same outcry as the first one did. Certainly between 1671 and 1675, when the tax is last mentioned, there is relatively little recorded, although the magistrates duly copied into their books two sets of complaints from Whitehall, both routine ones, not Bristol-specific, lamenting the loss to the crown revenue caused by local magistrates allowing parish and other officials to grant exemptions too leniently. The first is dated 22 December 1671 and the second 29 January $1675 .{ }^{57}$ The newly appointed receivers were issued with instructions and rules regarding exemptions, but none have survived, so we do not know what was asked of them or of the justices. ${ }^{58}$ As we have seen, there is no evidence that Bristol authorities were lenient: significantly the proportion of exempt recorded for Bristol in 1670 is very much

[^12]smaller at 19.9 per cent of entries and only 10.5 per cent of hearths than for other large provincial towns, though this may be due to the high rental values limiting the numbers of exempt or even under-recording. Arkell cites proportions of exempt around $40-45$ per cent in towns. ${ }^{59}$ With regard to unreliable recording and perhaps in response to the second of these royal circulars, a few days later the magistrates copied into their records a list from Temple parish, dated 12 February 1675 in which 82 householders ( 21 of them women) listed as too poor to pay church and poor rates, living in houses with no more than two hearths and receiving alms were to be included in the not chargeable column (220-223). ${ }^{60}$ Temple, always the poorest ward, had seen a growing number of exemptions, with 111 people exempt in 1670 at 28.7 per cent of the total, the highest percentage of any ward and 20 per cent more hearths exempted by 1673 than 1670. These 82 alms people in Temple parish (not co-terminous with the ward, confusingly) may represent a push by the government to list all the exempt not just those under the rental criterion.

## c) Financial aspects of the tax and the reliability of the lists

Both the financial success of the tax at the time, and its comprehensiveness as a historical document for studying Bristol, depend on how thoroughly and fully the tax was collected. Financial success of the tax was dependent upon how much of the original assessment was received at the Exchequer while ease of collection depended upon the strictness of the assessment. The passing of three acts within the first four years laid a very shaky foundation, made worse by the lack of subsequent clarification of the muddled law. Nationally, the initial net annual yield of the tax under the sheriffs was about $£ 115,000$ while under the receivers it fell to $£ 112,500$ a year. Under the first farmers from Michaelmas 1666 to Lady Day 1669, the receipts fell even further to $£ 103,000$ a year. Under the more efficient administration of the second receivers, the yield rose to $£ 145,000$, with a similar figure achieved by the second farmers, of $£ 144,500$. From then on, the yield continually increased to $£ 157,000$ under the third farm and to $£ 216,000$ under the commission. ${ }^{61}$ Although the tax yield doubled throughout its life, it was never going to make good the revenue deficiency

[^13]of $£ 300,000$ acknowledged by the Commons in 1661 to be needed by the Crown. ${ }^{62}$ Some of this general national increase in yield can be attributed to the rapid recovery and extension of London housing. For everywhere else in the country much of the increase was due to greater efficiency and a clamp down on under-enumeration and evasion.

In Bristol, the first survey of 1662 produced an assessed charge of 6,925 liable hearths with a further 236 hearths which were found to have been wrongly assessed as liable and a further 268 hearths in arrears. ${ }^{63}$ For Michaelmas 1663 a further 66 liable hearths were charged though not enrolled. The arrears on persons by Michaelmas 1663 amounted to 692 hearths, about 10 per cent of the charge. In line with the national trend, the assessed charge for the Lady Day 1664 collection was reduced further to 6,029 hearths with later arrears on 230 hearths but with no evidence of walling up of hearths to dodge liability, as found in other counties. ${ }^{64}$ In short, tax was collected on 6,420 hearths in Michaelmas 1662/Lady Day 1663, 6,299 in Michaelmas 1663 and only 5,799 at Lady Day 1664. ${ }^{65}$ The Bristol sheriffs managed to collect about 90 per cent of that assessed but in the city of London, Westminster and Middlesex, the figure was only 56 per cent. ${ }^{66}$ Compared with London, the Bristol sheriffs managed well but maybe their task was eased due to slack assessments. For the next administration we have no detail. With no revised assessment the Exchequer auditors could only squeeze out of the surviving receiver enough money to match the initial assessed charge of 6,925 hearths for each of the three collections. ${ }^{67}$

The number of hearths listed in the 1668 survey reached 12,296, a figure about 78 per cent more than in 1662, even though 196 entries did not give a hearth figure. Such a large increase suggests a previous under-enumeration under the sheriffs and the receivers. But it is impossible to be sure how many of those listed in 1668 ought to have been chargeable earlier, because of the lack of identification of those nonliable. Close comparison of the list with those listed as exempt in 1670 might help to identify how many of the 1668 list should have been exempt, but attempts to do so are rendered difficult by numerous changes in names for each ward, possibly reflecting the mobility of such poor people between different properties in the city;

[^14]the chargeable move less, though not infrequently, and their exact hearth numbers fluctuate regularly. ${ }^{68}$

The accounts for 1670 give a charge of 9,899 chargeable hearths with a further 1,156 exempted, an increase of 43 per cent on the chargeable 1662 figure. For the three collections Lady 1669 to Michaelmas 1670, the accounts were declared in March 1672 with no arrears. ${ }^{69}$ This is a notable increase in yield albeit based upon a doubtful comprehensive assessment. Between 1670 and 1674 the number of chargeable hearths gradually rose over 10,000, being 9,899 for Michaelmas 1670, 9,934 at Michaelmas 1671, 10,116 for Lady Day 1673 and 10,934 in $1674 .{ }^{70}$ The improvement between 1662 and 1674 ( 58 per cent) does not follow the national trend where the number of chargeable hearths hardly altered at around $1,700,000$ in 1662 and just under this figure in $1674 .{ }^{71}$ Moreover, by Lady Day 1685 the number of chargeable hearths in Bristol had risen to at least 15,421, a massive increase of over 120 per cent on the 1662 figure of 6,925 hearths. ${ }^{72}$ In London, Westminster and Middlesex the accounts showed a percentage improvement between 1662 and 1685 of only around 50 per cent. ${ }^{73}$ Such a relatively low figure is understandable in London, with all that the capital had endured earlier, ${ }^{74}$ but the huge increase in chargeable hearths in Bristol does suggest a considerable under-enumeration there, particularly before 1668. This could explain why the evidence of resistance is so sparse.

Searching for evidence of avoidance and evasion is fraught with problems. This is partly because the actions themselves are covert but also because comparisons of entry numbers both between and within a list are dangerous due to inconsistent recording. Claiming unfair exemption was one way of avoiding payment but the Bristol data has particular problems with so little information on the exempt, except in 1670. The 1664 Lady Day list is too damaged to provide a full picture of the not chargeable but here and there one can isolate some entries under the heading 'exonerat' which have more than two hearths: in St Michael ward John Aldworth with seven hearths and Penrie James with four hearths. Perhaps they were empty properties and thus avoiding payment. With such scattered evidence it is impossible to follow up the reasons for exemption. As, from 24 June 1664, no dwelling with over

[^15]two hearths could be exempted, nor any property previously assessed as chargeable unless it became ruinous, this should mean that from 1664 onwards any reduction in chargeable hearths without certification proof should indicate evasion, corruption or inefficiency.

It was never easy to collect the tax from empty properties, with no access for the house search and no resident to pay the money, hence their removal from liability in the later window tax. Such properties are noted in all the surviving lists but whether they were truly empty or described thus to prevent any chasing for arrears we shall never know. The first Chimney Book assessment has some entries described as vacant at the end of certain parishes (Temple, St Thomas, St Peter, St Stephen, St Mary Redcliffe, St James and St Michael). The proportion of such hearths in these properties varied between 3 per cent in St Stephen (75) and 16 per cent in Temple (52). In St Michael it reached 21 per cent where the 'voyd' properties are described as 'garden houses' (91). Although there were many garden houses in this parish, as discussed below, this particular list may include other vacant properties. In densely populated areas with a high turnover rate of occupiers, the proportion of vacant houses was always going to be high compared with more rural areas. Analysis of the London hearth tax in 1666, after the plague, gives an overall figure of vacant properties of 16 per cent while Gregory King, in his population calculations, based on hearth tax data, used a figure of about 2 per cent for areas outside London. ${ }^{75}$

The 1668 list has 82 entries marked vacant mostly with no hearth number. In Temple ward both David Jones and Roger Baily $(\mathbf{1 3 1}, \mathbf{1 3 2})$ assessed for one hearth were followed by entries noted as 'one roome voyd' each with no hearth number. Should both of these householders have been paying for two hearths, or was the tax on the empty room now liable to the landlord who evaded payment? By 1670 a few 'voyd' entries are dotted throughout the chargeable entries, but surprisingly few. Confusion over the interpretation of some entries is also found amongst the not chargeable. The heading of the exempt as 'these persons are paupers and have nothing to distrain' may allow for inclusion of both paupers (non rate-payers) and those with nothing to distrain (the non-payers). Philip Price in Temple ward (42) appears with five hearths in the exempt group, perhaps a vacant property evading duty, a new building not marked as such (those not yet inhabited were always exempted) or an evasive landlord not paying for his tenants.

The confused wording of the third exemption clause did not make it clear that smiths' forges and bakers' ovens were liable. ${ }^{76}$ Thus many of those who should have paid on such hearths may have evaded payment and initially may not have even been listed as liable. From Lady Day 1666, the farmers, keen to increase the yield of the tax to their benefit, attempted to impose liability on such hearths, hence their detailed identification in the 1668 Chimney Book survey. However, it seems that listing did not

[^16]necessarily mean liability since one entry 'John Hine and Richard Lane' in Temple ward gives a hearth assessment of two but the note of ' 4 stoves and 3 furnaces' is added $(\mathbf{1 3 2}) .{ }^{77}$ If all these hearths had been included, the number would surely have exceeded two. By 1670, after a failed attempt in parliament to exempt such hearths, their identification in later lists became spasmodic. In both the 1670 Bristol lists no such hearths are noted in either St Mary Redcliffe or Temple wards, whereas in 1668 the former ward had 14 such entries and Temple had 19. In the 1670 lists, St James ward gives the most detail, even distinguishing between 'furnos' 'in English an oven' and 'fornic' a furnace. ${ }^{78}$ In St Thomas ward matching up entries with those in 1668 shows that some of these 'fornics' were previously listed as forges. The problem is further complicated by the abbreviations used ('furnos' and 'fornacem' or 'fornaces') which cannot always be differentiated. Indeed the Latin 'fornax' is sometimes translated as oven.

Overt evidence of resistance or opposition to payment should be most noticeable under the stricter management of the farmers, as represented by the 1668 Chimney Book list. Here there are only two references to unwillingness to pay - one in Temple ward for Gough who concealed three hearths $(\mathbf{1 3 0})$ and one in St Michael ward for Robert Yeamans $(\mathbf{1 7 7})$ who disputed payment for his eighth hearth. ${ }^{79}$ However, within the list there are some intriguing entries that may suggest a certain bargaining with the sub-farmer Siddall, as to their numbers of liable hearths. Among the 196 entries with a blank number of hearths are some for prosperous householders such as Mr Jordan (178), Mr Haggett, steward of the sheriff's court, for his garden house (179), and Sir Henry Creswicke (182), as well as several other members of the Common Council or aldermanic bench, perhaps awaiting an agreement with Siddall. The list appears to be a survey but with no accounts we do not know how many hearths of these individuals were finally assessed as liable. Such a pattern mirrors that in London where influential householders, including lawyers, delayed payment for at least three collections. ${ }^{80}$ By the 1670s the opposition lessened and only one refuser is noted in Holy Trinity ward, where the ten-hearth entry assessed to Thomas Hobson (23) was the city Newgate prison: Hobson may have failed to pay because he believed the prison was exempt.

A significant feature of the surviving Bristol hearth tax documentation is the complete absence of any exemption certificates for the city, either in the central or local archives. Perhaps none were compiled, and if Atkyns was correct that no city rents were under the annual twenty-shilling rental limit for exemption from hearth tax, then there would have been no Bristolians liable to exemption by certificate. ${ }^{81}$ However, in London, where rents must have been as high or higher than in Bristol, over 50 printed certificates of the 1670 s have survived, certifying householders

[^17]supposedly under the rental criterion. ${ }^{82}$ From Lady Day 1664, all the not chargeable were supposed to be listed in a separate column on the duplicates. With such a column on the 1670 return it is unlikely that the Exchequer auditors would have accepted no certification of at least some of these names. ${ }^{83}$ In fact from the 1670s the government pursued a 'relentless campaign' to drop the non-ratepayer clause and to make the rental clause the only one, backed up by the legal appropriately worded certificates. ${ }^{84}$ The Bristol justices were not the only ones to fight against this move which would deprive them of their discretionary powers but whether the lack of certificates is evidence of this or just a mere misfortune in survival we will never know. A further survival misfortune concerns the absence of any set of 1670s receivers' instructions as to how the officials should record the exempt. The 1675 Temple parish certificate certifying 81 alms people to be 'sett' in the not chargeable column may represent an element of this push $(\mathbf{2 2 0}) .{ }^{85}$ Again, we will never know if they were copied on to the duplicate for Lady Day 1674 because sadly that return is missing. ${ }^{.66}$ By 1685, the official instructions clearly stipulate that entitlement to exemption is to be based on a stricter interpretation of the rental clause. ${ }^{87}$ Gregory King in his calculations noted that much of the increase in chargeable hearths by 1689 was due to landlords now paying for their previously non-chargeable tenants - a stricter interpretation of the 1664 Act achieved by more efficient management. ${ }^{88}$ Perhaps the small proportion of entries in 1670 denoting landlords paying for their tenants, ranging from two per cent in St James ward to none in Temple ward, reveals the start of this trend.

Amongst the Gloucestershire tax records three exemption certificates have survived for the outparish of St Philip dated 27 November 1671 (29 names), 16 July 1672 ( 55 names) and 23 October 1673 (59 names) (228-235): see Appendix 3 and Plate 42. Each follows the standard pattern with a printed heading reciting the rental criterion and they all carry the signatures of the church officials and two justices. ${ }^{39}$ The lists give no indication whether any of the householders are non-ratepayers or in receipt of alms, as occurs on some other certificates. ${ }^{90}$ However the near doubling of the numbers from 29 in 1671 to 55 in 1672 ( 59 in 1673) may be due to the inclusion of an additional not chargeable group such as the alms people. This evidence matches up

[^18]with that of the justices certifying the addition of the alms people to the not chargeable in Temple parish in 1675. Another factor contributing to this variable number of not chargeable may be the shifting threshold of borderline poverty of those on the fringes as discussed (for Essex) by Henry French. ${ }^{91}$ The 1672 Gloucestershire return gives 100 chargeable entries for Upper Easton (the tithing where the money was collected from the out parish) and the 55 not chargeable entries exactly match those given on the certificate (224-226). Compared with the central area of the parish where 28 per cent were listed as not chargeable, here in the out parish the proportion was a little higher at 35 per cent. ${ }^{92}$

The other parish that might be considered part of 'greater Bristol' in this period, Clifton, has a full return in the Michaelmas 1672 Gloucestershire hearth tax, with 21 exemptions listed separately (236), but also three further exemption certificates, for 31 October 1671 (12 names), 27 April 1672 (21 names) and 9 October 1673 (22 names) (237-9, see Appendix 4). Clifton was not at this stage physically contiguous with Bristol (as St Philip's outparish was), but with ribbon development of workplaces along the shore of the Avon, the growth of the Hotwells spa and a few Bristolians building garden houses there, Bristol and Clifton were becoming more entwined, fuelling Clifton's growth in population, estimated by John Moore to have risen from 80 in 1608 to 135 in 1650, perhaps 320 in 1672 (multiplying the 71 hearth tax entries by 4.5 ) and 450 by $1712 .{ }^{93}$ The first certificate can be matched with the list of exempt from the 1671-1672 Lady Day listing for Gloucestershire, whose chargeable list is too damaged to be legible and the second with Michaelmas1672: all but one of the exempt had only one hearth. At Michaelmas 1672, 50 people were chargeable, on 174 hearths, compared to the 21 exempt, so the exempt were just under 30 per cent $(21 / 71)$ of the total, with just over 11 per cent of the hearths (22/196). In all 23 men and 10 women (only two named as widows) are listed at least once, with seven appearing in all three certificates, and 18 only in one.

[^19]To consider what proportion of Bristol's population paid each hearth tax we need to find other sources for comparing hearth tax returns with total population, but these prove problematic when we only have lists of exempt in 1670. Because other tax records are arranged by parish not ward, we can only realistically compare them with the first two hearth tax lists, also by parish. Most taxes are more selective than the hearth tax, and only the poll tax return for St Peter in 1666-7 gives enough information about households to allow us to calculate a total population. Fortunately, St Peter was a relatively typical parish of average size and social distribution, lying between the small rich inner city parishes and the larger, poorer suburban ones. It had a fairly average percentage of one- or two-hearth entries in 1662 (36 per cent of entries and 17 per cent of hearths, compared to 31 per cent and 14 per cent citywide) and its hearth/entry ratio of 3.7 was only just below the city average of 3.89 (see Tables 4 and 6).

In the 1662 hearth tax list for St Peter, there are 136 entries (one blank), with 500 chargeable hearths (62-66). By the second Chimney Book list only 395 hearths were being charged on 97 entries (though four more entries, with seven hearths, appear in the TNA version of the list), with a further 45 entries recorded as 'blank'. In the 1667 poll tax, 503 people are taxed, though wives (105), children (108), apprentices (48) and unwaged servants ( 8 , one called a servant maid apprentice) among these are not named. In this particular poll tax the only people exempt were adults receiving alms and their children and the children of those too poor to pay church and poor rates (but the parents themselves had to pay). ${ }^{94}$ If 20 per cent of adults were non-rate payers (and the two wards covering this area in 1670 had 20.4 and 12.7 per cent of entries exempt), this would only be 27 families, unlikely to have had more than 60 children (the average family with children in the 1690s had 2.3 children, but of course not all households had children at all), so even if there were an extra 20 alms people (and in 1696 this parish only recorded 10 almspeople, with no children), it seems unlikely the total population was much above 585 in $1667 .{ }^{95}$ However, the Compton Census return in 1676 and the 1696 Marriage Duty returns both suggest a larger population of $650-700$ in 1662 and $685-740$ by $1667 .{ }^{96}$ But an extra 200 almspeople and children of non-ratepayers missing from the poll tax listing seems very unlikely. If we treat 600 as a likely maximum in 1662 then we can posit a ratio of

[^20]chargeable entries to overall population of 1:4.44 (135/600) in 1662, and of hearths to population of $1: 1.2(500 / 600)$ (similar to the ratio calculated for the whole city in 1685 in Appendix 7). As discussed elsewhere, 4.2-4.4 is a very reasonable estimate of household size in towns in this period, so this would suggest that the hearth tax of 1662 captured almost all of St Peter's households.

However, St Peter was probably not typical. If we applied the same ratios to the 1662 hearth tax return as a whole, this would imply that the city's population was between $7,900(1,778$ entries $\times 4.44)$ and $8,300(6,916$ chargeable hearths $\times 1.2)$, only about 57 per cent of the estimated population of 14,275 (see Appendix 7), which implies about 2.06 people per chargeable hearth $(14,275 / 6,916)$, or 8 people per chargeable entry $(14,275 / 1,778)$. Even if St Peter had 675 people in 1662, generating multipliers of 5 per entry or 1.35 per hearth, these would only suggest a population of $8,895 / 9,345$ in 1662 . This suggests that other parts of the town had many more unrecorded or unchargeable hearths, not captured in 1662, or even fully in 1670 , but taxed by 1685 .

Table 4 does indeed suggest that St Peter was more intensively taxed in the 1662 hearth tax than it was in other taxes collected by the city, paying 7.2 per cent of the hearth tax compared to 5.8 per cent in the 1665 monthly assessment. The other parishes that appear to have paid considerably more in the hearth tax were the poorest parish, St Philip in-parish (4.0 per cent/1.7 per cent), as well as St Mary Redcliffe ( 5.7 per cent/3.6 per cent) and St Stephen ( 11.4 per cent/7.1 per cent), both mixed parishes like St Peter, though the other poor parish, Temple, only paid slightly more ( 5.0 per cent/4.4 per cent) than usual. The two parishes with notably lower hearth tax payments than under other taxes were St Nicholas ( 9.5 per cent/ 15.2 per cent) and St Thomas (9.9 per cent/13.2 per cent), the parishes which met on the Bridge. The seven small, and rich, central parishes only paid slightly less in the 1662 hearth tax ( 25.6 per cent) than they did in the monthly assessment ( 29.8 per cent). This contrasts with the later hearth tax returns (see Table 5), when the four central wards (Holy Trinity, St Mary le Port, All Saints, St Ewen) covering a roughly equivalent area (adding part of St Peter, but losing St Leonard), which had paid 32.6 per cent of the hearth tax for Lady Day 1664, only paid 26.7 per cent in 1670 , and only formed 23.9 per cent of the hearths listed in 1668, though we cannot know how much they actually paid.

This, in turn, reflected the much greater inclusion of one or two- hearth entries in the later lists than in that for 1662, as seen in Tables 6 and 7, since (although a couple of the central parishes had had a high percentage of one- to two-hearth entries in 1662), such entries were concentrated in the outer wards (Temple, St James, St Michael, St Mary Redcliffe and St Stephen) in 1668 and 1670. In 1662 only 31 per cent of entries, and 14 per cent of hearths recorded, were in one- or two-hearth entries, and most of these in two hearths ( 408 to 142 entries, 816 to 142 hearths). By contrast in 1668 (if we ignore the 196 blank entries) 55 per cent of all entries had one or two hearths, comprising 29 per cent of the hearths recorded and
there were almost as many one-hearth entries (960) as two-hearth $(1,280)$, although the latter still made up 73 per cent of the hearths. In 1670, 52 per cent of all entries and 28 per cent of all hearths were in one- or two-hearth entries (711 and 1,167 respectively), and even though many of these were exempt, and so not comparable with the 1662 data (all chargeable), the chargeable entries still show a sizable shift, with 41 per cent of chargeable entries and 20 per cent of hearths in these properties (354 one-hearth and 813 two-hearth), so two-and-a-half times as many one-hearth entries were paying in 1670 as in 1662 ( 354 to 139).

The only unit where we can make an exact comparison is Castle Ward, whose boundaries remained unchanged in each return, though this was an area of new building so more housing was taxable by later lists. Here in 1662 there were only four one-hearth and 19 two-hearth entries, comprising 31 per cent of entries and 14 per cent of hearths, the same as Bristol as a whole (59-61). In 1668 there were 51 and 27 respectively, making up 45 per cent of entries and 19 per cent of hearths (147-152). In 1670 there were 27 and 44 (again 45 per cent of entries, but 24 per cent of hearths) and the chargeable entries included 14 with one hearth and 27 with two, making 34 per cent of entries and 17 per cent of hearths, only a 50 per cent increase over 1662 in two-hearth payments ( 18 to 27) but a rise in one-hearth payments from 4 to 14 , whereas overall the number of chargeable entries in the ward had gone from 75 to 120, and of chargeable hearths from 294 to 404 (24-26). This supports the hypothesis that the 1662 returns substantially under-record properties with one or two hearths, even those with people who were later chargeable, and hence are generally less full for the poorer parishes than the richer central ones.

Further caution about the reliability of the hearth tax data may be suggested by the case of St James. This parish included a section, the outparish, in Gloucestershire and thus beyond the city jurisdiction but there was no significant building in this portion before 1700; in 1712, 682 houses were recorded in the in-parish, whereas there were only 8 in Stokes Croft outside. ${ }^{97}$ The St James parish total of 1,200 'inhabitants over $16^{\prime}$ in the Compton Census of 1676 implies a total population of $c .2,000 .{ }^{98} \mathrm{~A}$ 1638 listing of those liable for communion in St James parish, which recorded 1,033 people, suggests a population then of $c .1,720$ people, if 40 per cent were 16 or under, though 685 deaths then occurred in this parish in the plague years 1643-5. ${ }^{99}$ If both

[^21]sources are reliable, that implies a 16 per cent growth in this parish $1638-76(1,720$ to 2,000 ), which seems compatible with the suggested overall city growth since the 1630s of about 10 per cent, since this was one of the suburban parishes with ample evidence of new building; by 1696 there were 2,885 people in the parish, within 685 households, with 35 per cent of the population children. ${ }^{100}$ It seems reasonable to posit a population of 1,700 in 1662 , rising to 1,850 in 1670 , about 12 per cent of our estimate for the total city population, and just under 2,000 in 1676.

All of these sources suggest that St James parish contained a substantially larger share of Bristol's population than the hearth tax returns of 1662 indicate. In 1662 St James only has 126 entries with 452 hearths, about 7 per cent of the city totals in both categories, much less than our 12 per cent estimate of its share of city population in 1662 and 1670, and half the 15 per cent of Bristol's households and people recorded in 1696, although not that dissimilar to the 7.9 per cent of the city's monthly assessment charged to the parish in 1665 (see Table 4). It is clear that no sensible multiplier of the St James data for 1662 can generate plausible population totals - 1,700 people would imply 13.5 people per entry, or 3.75 people per chargeable hearth, which if applied to the city as a whole would suggest about 25,000 people. St James parish is omitted from the second listing in the Chimney Book and we cannot directly compare the parish figures for 1662 with 'St James ward' of 1670, as part of the parish was in St Michael ward but St James ward included all of St Philip and part of St Peter. However, we can compare the St James ward total of hearths for Lady Day 1664 in TNA records, based on the 1662 listings as we have seen, and that for 1670 (see Table 5). In 1664 it had 454 chargeable hearths, or 7.5 per cent of the city total, compared to about 16 per cent of the entries and hearths for the city in 1668 , while by 1670 it had 1299 chargeable hearths, or 13.2 per cent. The ward's share of all hearths and entries in 1670 was 15.3 and 13.8 per cent of the city total respectively, roughly the parish's share of the city population in 1696 ( 14.3 per cent). In short, both the 1662 and 1664 returns for St James appear to record only about 60 per cent of the number of hearths/entries that later returns suggest they should include.

It seems an entire district of St James parish went untaxed, or at least unrecorded, with no tax reaching the Exchequer, in the period 1662-5. In 1662, 87 of its 126 entries have an address (13 more are 'void' properties listed at the end) and the remaining 26 are likely to be from St James Back, since many of the names are repeated in entries for that area in 1668 and in the 1670 scavenger rating for the parish (see Appendix 8). The four named streets in 1662 are the thoroughfares of Broadmead (28 entries, averaging 3.86 hearths), Lewins Mead (40/3.43), Silver Street (14/4.57) and Merchant Street (only 5/4.8). If we compare this with the recording

[^22]of the parish in the 1668 St James Ward (which excludes Lewins Mead in St Michael ward) which is divided by streets, it is immediately clear that a large section of the parish was missing in 1662. There are no entries for Horsefair (163 entries in 1668, though up to a third of these are probably in St James Back), Whitson Court (13 in 1668), the Churchyard (19 in 1668), the Barton (10 in 1668), King Street (60 in 1668), and Rosemary Lane (13 in 1668) and the five entries for Merchant Street fall far short of the 29 entries in 1668. Even if the 14 entries for Silver Street (which only has seven entries in 1668, but its west side was probably in St Michael ward) are actually for a wider area, they cannot capture more than a fraction of this area. It is likely that of the 400 entries in 1668 that were probably in St James parish in 1662 , the area actually returned in 1662 only had about 55 per cent of the entries (perhaps 220), and the figures in the 1670 scavenging rate suggest a similar figure (about 200 of 375 in the recorded area). This coincides closely with the shortfall noted above. The failure to assess these streets in 1662 was continued for the 1664-1665 collections, as a direct result of the problems encountered by Raleigh and Coppinger. With no revised assessment, the exasperated Exchequer auditors ordered Coppinger to account according to the original 1662 assessments, so any initial errors were perpetuated in the later three collections.

If the 1662 figures for St James are adjusted accordingly (to a notional 210 entries and 758 hearths), then that would bring the estimated population per entry $(1,700 / 210)$ to the average of about 8 for the city as a whole, (compared to 4.44 in St Peter), but still leave the number of people per chargeable hearth high at 2.24, twice the figure suggested for St Peter. This may reflect the relative poverty of this parish.
Tables 6 and 7 show that in 1670 it had the second highest percentage of exempt entries at 27.9 per cent (after Temple at 28.7 per cent) compared to the city average of 19.9 per cent and of exempt hearths at 15.6 per cent (after Temple at 16.8 per cent) compared to the city average of 10.5 per cent. It was also second to Temple in the proportion of all hearths and entries in one- or two- hearth entries both in 1668 and 1670, though the 1662 parish return had only included 28 per cent of one- or twohearth entries, below the city-wide average of 31 per cent, itself perhaps a further indication that substantial areas of St James had gone unrecorded.

We can also compare the 1670 St James parish scavenger rating (see Appendix $\mathbf{8})$ with the 1668 and 1670 hearth tax entries for the same parts of St Michael and St James wards. The rating covers 496 people: 257 ( 52 per cent) paying the minimum 1 s charge; 179 ( 36 per cent) between 1 s 4 d and 2 s ; and 60 ( 12 per cent) paying over 2s (up to 8 s ). There is no matching hearth tax entry in either 1668 or 1670 for 130 of those rated ( 26 per cent), of whom 63 per cent were paying at 1 s and only 4 per cent at over 2 s (none above 4 s ). Of the 366 with a match 175 paid 1 s ( 48 per cent), 136 paid $1 \mathrm{~s} 4 \mathrm{~d}-2 \mathrm{~s}$ ( 37 per cent) and 55 over 2 s ( 15 per cent), so those with no hearth tax record were clearly lower valued than the rest. More people, especially those in lower payment categories, have no entry in 1670 than in 1668 ( 26 per cent: 7 per cent), and those paying only in 1668 were rated less for scavenging. About 75 per cent of the

1s payers who did pay hearth tax had one or two hearths, but about 20 per cent had three, and only 30 per cent of those with one or two hearths were exempt in 1670. Just over half the middle category payers had three or four hearths, with about the same numbers above or below in 1670, slightly more below in 1668: only two were exempt. The high category payers are about 45 per cent four to five hearths, with 15 per cent less and 40 per cent more. There are some outliers in all groups but many of those with a high hearth number but a low scavenging rating appear to be people with tenants or doubtful identifications. In general there seems a strong correlation in tax ratings between the hearth tax and scavenging data, but about a quarter of the people rated for this parish tax avoided listing for the hearth tax across two collections, and only 56 per cent were listed in 1670, confirming that many households continued to evade the hearth tax, though there are also some hearth tax payers who were not rated for the scavenging rate!

## d) The hearth tax documents for Bristol

Against this administrative background, the lists in the Chimney Book can be fitted into the central management picture. TNA has four surviving Bristol returns while the Chimney Book contains five lists. ${ }^{101}$ Both the TNA 1662 list (E 179/247/11) and the first list in the Chimney Book are copies of the original constables' paper books of 1662 compiled by parish but copied at different times. The earliest copy chronologically is the TNA version (E 179/247/11), enrolled in September 1662 and the enrolment details are copied on f .2 v of the Chimney Book (44). In both versions empty dwellings may or may not be identified at the end of each parish. As mentioned earlier, the TNA version includes marginal notes added later by the auditors to determine who paid what for the two collections of Michaelmas 1662 and Lady Day 1663.

The next surviving list, by date of creation, is also at TNA, covering the 1664 Lady Day collection (E 179/375/16). Again, the entries have Latinised forenames with written Latin hearth numbers. Unlike the 1662 list however, the entries are arranged according to ward and in two columns headed 'onerat' and 'exonerat' (meaning charged and discharged). This is the earliest surviving list of not chargeable householders, but unfortunately it is too damaged for a detailed examination. There is no copy of this list in the Chimney Book suggesting that the Chimney Book was started after this Lady Day 1664 collection.

Now we move on to the first list in the Chimney Book (47-98) prepared for the three receivers' collections of Michaelmas 1664 to Michaelmas 1665. Due to Raleigh's death, this 1662 list was never revised and although two years out of date, it formed the accounting basis for the receivers' three collections from Michaelmas

[^23]1664 to Michaelmas 1665. This explains the similarities between the first list in the Chimney Book and the 1662 list at TNA, as well as the dates of 1665 on the front cover and 1662 on the back: it was transcribed at the latter date, but giving data from the former date. It also explains the reversion back to parish, from ward ordering of the Lady Day 1664 list in TNA, and the emphasis given on the preceding folio $3(\mathbf{4 5})$ that this list omits the not chargeable, unlike many of the 1664-5 lists. There is a close similarity between the TNA 1662 list and its copied counterpart in the Chimney Book, but there are distinct format differences, as well as many differences in the spelling of names, suggesting perhaps that each list was compiled by one clerk reading aloud from their master list while another copied the entry. The same is true of the two Michaelmas 1670 lists.

Firstly, the Chimney Book version is written in English rather than Latin, with the hearth numbers written in English words. The parishes do not follow the same order in both versions but within each parish the order of names is similar. The Bristol list is written in a single hand (see exception later) with blank pages between the parishes and each parish starting on a fresh page suggesting additional workings to be added later. The noting of the individual constables' names for each parish confirms that it was copied from an earlier original of the TNA list, which itself omits the names. Furthermore, the information given within each parish is not consistent. In Temple, St Thomas, St Peter, St Mary Redcliffe and St James 'voyd' dwellings are identified at the end of the lists while in St Michael the garden houses are listed separately at the end. In St Stephens parish some voyd entries are noted as such within the list but there is an additional group on a separate folio (75) written in a different hand noting the 'voyd' tenements and those with a decreased hearth number. The identification of these additional decreases in just one parish suggests the start of work in progress for compiling data for post-1662 collections. The 'voyd' dwellings in Temple parish exactly match those added in a different ink in the TNA version but sadly that document is too damaged to make a complete comparison for all the parishes. The garden houses in St Michael identified at the end of the Bristol list also appear at the end of the TNA list but they are not identified as garden houses there. These differences in detail suggest a re-working of an earlier list to update it. The identification of empty dwellings was necessary in order to calculate arrears of non-payment to be collected later.

The second Chimney Book list (ff. 44-5lv) is again undated and unfinished, since Castle ward and the parishes of St James, St Leonard, St Mary le Port and St Werburgh are missing. Each of the listed parishes follows the next with no blank folios, sometimes continuing on the same folio suggesting that the scribe had completed his workings for those places. The general format is similar to that of the first list except that the forenames are Latinised with written Latin hearth numbers, a feature found in the duplicates returned to London. The ordering by parish also differs from that in the first list. Interestingly, St Thomas is headed 'ward', presumably a clerical error. Whereas in the first list only St Stephen parish has an additional listing, noting empty
properties and changes in hearth number, this second list includes such analyses for each parish, though not always consistently identified as such. ${ }^{102}$

Precise dating of this document is difficult for several reasons. We know it postdates the first list from a comparison of specific entries. For instance in Temple (f. 5v) 'Nicholas Popp three hearths' (50) becomes in list 2 (f. 49v) 'Nicus Pope duos' and 'Nicus Pope unum foc decrement'. In addition, some entries have two names, indicating a change of occupier as in St Augustine (f. 44v) 'Richard Northern for William Haynes 2 hearths' that in list 1 appears as 'William Haynes 2 hearths' (94). Burial data or elevation to knighthood can sometimes pinpoint dating but this method requires careful interpretation. In St Michael there is a burial record dated November 1662 of a John Gunning. In list $1(\mathbf{9 1})$, he appears as an 'esq' with a two-hearth entry in a garden house. The entry appears in the second list (f. 45) as '[blank] Gunning' with no hearth number. Blank forenames were often used for widows or unknown descendants and with no 'esq' this entry appears to represent a change dating the list to later than November 1662. Further evidence of a later 1663 date can be seen on $\mathrm{f} .25 \mathrm{v}(\mathbf{7 6})$, where the entry after the searcher's office is 'Miles Jackson esq', who died in February/March 1663. In the second list (f. 51) the entry becomes 'Alexander Jackson'. More evidence of a date after September 1663 is found in Temple parish where in list $1, \mathrm{f} .5 \mathrm{v},(\mathbf{5 0})$ 'John Knight esq' becomes in the second list (f. 49v) 'Johes Knight Miles (written over Ar'). His elevation to a knighthood occurred in September 1663 suggesting a compilation date later than that. However, Robert Yeamans and Henry Creswicke were also knighted in September 1663, but they are still described as 'Ar' in the second list. The total hearth number per parish is about 11 per cent fewer than in the same parishes in 1662 but the name order is much the same. The intended purpose of such a half-completed, undated list remains a mystery. ${ }^{103}$

The third list has a different feel about it. ${ }^{104}$ It bears a sessions date of 1668, a time when the farmers were managing the tax. The Latin element suggests a Bristol compilation destined for London but now there is a ward ordering of householders and details of forges, furnaces and ovens are added above some entries. ${ }^{105}$ The list gives the impression of a topographical 'view' or survey of householders and their hearths in the city, with the entries listed in one column, with no mention of whether householders might be non-liable. This impression is substantiated by evidence in a paper book held at Bristol whose entry and hearth numbers exactly match those in the Chimney Book for Holy Trinity (or Christchurch) ward (212-219): see Appendix 1, Plate 41. This part-annotated list is signed by two of Siddall's collectors and the

[^24]constables and is described as a 'survey'. ${ }^{106}$ Returning to the Chimney Book, the 1668 list is followed by a comment that the justices were ordered to send a copy of the rolls so 'imperfectly made' up to the Exchequer for accounting purposes: this reflects the dispute between Siddall and the city magistrates discussed above. The complaint on f. 76v (211) dated February 1669/70 that James Sydall had made up the rolls in a single column only, by which the poor that should be exempted had been charged suggests that the list also includes many who should not have been liable. In practice the most efficient way of ensuring that every liable householder was listed, was to record both liable and not liable topographically. Generally the Exchequer did not require county lists compiled by the farmers except for the joint collection of Lady Day 1666. Bristol, however, may be an exception. With no revised list returned to London since 1662, the Exchequer may have insisted on delivery of a more recent list. A further list was returned to the Exchequer, described as for a year and a half ending at Lady Day 1669. Unfortunately, we cannot check whether it matches the 1668 list because it has not survived. ${ }^{107}$ It was not unusual for the clerks of the peace to delay a return to the Exchequer if they were not happy with its accuracy, as occurred in Kingston upon Hull, ${ }^{108}$ and we know the Bristol magistrates were unhappy with Siddall's work. Work on the survey could have been started in 1667, although it seems more likely it was begun when Siddall and his team were appointed in March-July 1668. All we do know is that it was compiled before October 1668.

The fourth list in the Chimney Book matches a survivor at TNA (E 179/116/541) and the latter is transcribed in this volume. Both give the same enrolment date of 18 September 1671, with the TNA version, the Exchequer duplicate, being received in London 12 days later, on 30 September. ${ }^{109}$ Although enrolled in 1671 the list covers the three collections from Michaelmas 1669 to Michaelmas 1670. As mentioned earlier, a delayed receipt at the Exchequer was inevitable because the new administrators were wrestling with new instructions and, due to a late start, had the added disadvantage of making two collections retrospectively. ${ }^{110}$ This is the only list in the Chimney Book that can be clearly matched with that sent to the Exchequer, but it is still only a copy, probably of the locally-held duplicate, as it bears no evidence of judicial signatures. Possible evidence of a copying error can be seen on f .86 where two entries 'Henry [Christo deleted] Lane' and 'Christo Haines' follow each other. In the TNA version the order is reversed, so the Bristol scribe started writing 'Christo' then, realising his omission deleted 'Christo' and wrote Henry for Henry Lane. ${ }^{111}$

Against a background of previous non-compliance with the law, it is not surprising that this list in the Chimney Book version opens with a copy of an order to return a copy to the Exchequer forthwith. This is the earliest list in the Chimney Book to

[^25]identify the not chargeable, here described as 'paupers with nothing to distrain'. ${ }^{112}$ Other county lists of this date refer to those not liable as 'discharged by legal certificate', 'under the value and poor', or 'receive alms of the parish'. ${ }^{113}$ The specific use of the word pauper, a general term used then to mean a non rate-payer, rather than the poorest alms people, may reflect the legal judgement of the recorder Atkyns, discussed above on $\mathrm{p} .17-18 .{ }^{114}$ The phrase 'nothing to distrain' is interesting because if not chargeable distraint was not applicable. Maybe its use meant that within this list the liable non-payers could be included.

We now move on to the collections of 1671 and 1672 for which in Bristol no new lists were compiled, merely the increases and decreases of hearths since the previous list. The law allowed such schedules of variation to be enrolled at the sessions but again these lists in the Chimney Book are copies, as they bear no evidence of enrolment. Folios 99-102 cover the two collections of 1671 and folios 103-105 the two collections of 1672. The changes are expressed as 'vetus visus' or 'novus visus' (old and new view). As noted earlier, it is these variations that provide the details of the subcollectors. In 1672 Temple (f. 105) showed many more decreases than other wards and the layout of bracketed householders with a combined hearth number of over two hearths (between 7 and 18) and 'now certificated' as exempt suggests a softening of Atkyns' strict interpretation of exemption, that is, that all in divided houses of more than two hearths were liable.

The fifth and final list in the Chimney Book covers the three collections from Lady Day 1672 to Lady Day 1673 and is headed with Churchill's testimony, dated 8 November 1673, that it is a true copy of the twelve books returned by his officers. The lack of any judicial signatures suggests that this list is another copy of a locally held 1673 list. However, the incomplete list of entries for Temple in the Chimney Book and the survival of the paper book for the entire Temple ward suggest that the Chimney Book was copied from the 12 ward books rather than from the enrolled copy. The TNA version (E 179/247/15) is listed in the Exchequer receipt book as a 'roll for three collections ending at Lady Day 1673' and was enrolled on 24 October 1673, about two weeks before the enrolment of the Bristol copy. ${ }^{115}$ Neither of these documents lists any exempt householders. ${ }^{116}$ For the Exchequer version, the exempt may have been listed on separate membranes and these have not survived. For the Chimney Book version, if the list was to be used as a basis for estimating the subsequent increases and decreases for the later collections, a list of the previous non

[^26]tax-payers was unnecessary. Where comparisons can be made between the two lists, the order of names within each ward is the same but unfortunately both lists are incomplete, the TNA version through major damage, the Bristol version due to only partial copying: the missing wards in each list do not match so it is difficult to make comparisons.

Churchill did return another duplicate to the Exchequer for the two collections of Michaelmas 1673 and Lady Day 1674, so possibly this half-copied 1673 list was intended to provide the basis for its compilation. ${ }^{117}$ Unfortunately this duplicate has not survived so the story of the Chimney Book has an unfinished ending. After the 1674 Lady Day collection, management of the tax was centralized and as no more locally enrolled lists of householders were required, there was no further need to check and recheck at local level who was paying. The Chimney Book as a working book for such enrolments had no further use, and copying ended abruptly in midword, with only 116 folios of the book used.

# Part II: Bristol in the 1660s and 1670 s 

Roger Leech, Jonathan Barry and Richard Stone

Bristol in the later seventeenth century is most easily visualized using James Millerd's map of the city, printed in 1673 (Plate 2). For readers today, Millerd's description of the city in 1673 (Plate 1) provides a useful introduction to the city as it was then:

Whe Cittie of Bristoll fandeth. upon $\dot{y}$ borders of Somerfett \& Gloucefter sheirs yet belongeth to neither. but is a Cittic \& Countic of it felf: Its's Scituation is in a pleafant Vale upon y' two Rivers of Avon \& Froome. The river Froome is much the Lefser river yet on it standeth the Cheif Key of this Cittie The waterflometh thire at an high: Jpring tide neere 40 foot in height bringing up thither fhipps of great burthens, but there greatest ships ride. about three miles downe the river and are for the moft part dijcharged by lighters . Iust belon this cittie the river Froom falleth into the river Avon which about Six miles lower falleth into the great River Seaverne but by the may halh a monderfull paffage through a mighty hill Leaveing on each fide very high \& Aupendious Rocks that on the North fide is called $S^{t}$ Vincents rock. where are found thofe adamantine like foves or Brifoll-Diamonds, which are famous in moft parts of Europe.S elfrohere. \& mhich (as Cambden affirmeth) only in point of hardnefs come fhort of $\dot{y} \dot{e}$ Diamonds of India: On $y$ top of this rock are fecne $\dot{y}$ footfeps of some larg but very anticnt fortification. And out of ${ }_{y} y$ bottom thereof issueth a famous medicinall warme Bath noater. comonly called d Hot woll. much frequented at all convenient feafons of $\dot{y}$ yeare. both by $y^{i}$ neighbouring Cittisens \& alfo by Others. who liueing farr remote. refort thither for health fake. This Cittie is governed by A Maijor .22 Aldermen. tro fhrieffs. \& a Common Councill confisting in all of $\frac{y}{y}$ number of $48: V$ Vually once every yeare there is helda gencrall Seffions of $y_{y}^{p}$ peace \& Court of Oyer \& Terminer before $y_{c}$ Right norfhipfull the Maijor $y^{e}$ Recorder \& Court of Aldermen for delivering of $\dot{y}^{\prime}$ goale \& for inquiric into $y^{c}$ dammages of $\dot{y} \dot{y}$ Crorn Tormards ${ }^{\circ} \dot{y}$ Eaft end of this Cittie former= ly food a very larg \& frong Cafle whichfince y late Warrs hath bin demollished \& is non turned intof faire ftreets \& pleafant droellings. retaining fill $\dot{y} \dot{y}$ name of $\dot{y}$ Caftle.At $\dot{y}$ Weff end of $y^{c}$ Cittie fande th $\dot{y}$ Cathcdrall Church $\&$ Bifhops feat in a moft pleafant \& wholefome aire neere where-unto are to be feene ${ }^{t}$ r remaynes of Antient Cloysters. \& other Relig ious houfes which in ${ }^{\dot{g}}$ time of $\dot{y}$ Warrs of Eng land mere defaced \& for $\frac{t}{y}$ mof part ruined \$f fince Continues in y fame condition. This Cittic fhereth $x 9$ faire Churches whereof ry are Parochiall. the chitf eft of which fandeth on $\dot{y}$ fouth fide of $\dot{y}$ Cittie mithout $\dot{y}$ Walles. which. from. $\dot{y}$ Red. rock whereon it is founded is called S.t Maric Redcliff. which by reafon of it's Stately fcituation (being afscended onto on $y_{y}$ Cittief fide by aboue 30. fteps of fone) its. Archie foundation heigth frength \& largnefs of building both for Chappelt Church \&.Tomer. it's crofs shape, \& loftie Ifles. it's beautifult porches. pinnacles battlements.\& other Ornaments $\frac{t}{y}$ ren:
 whereof it is highly efteemed by $\dot{y}$ inhabitants \& much admired by Strangers. It is wholely built of Frecefone

 though in length it cometh much hort of yet in fairnefsc of buildings goeth as much beyond $y$ f famous Bridg of London over Thames. There are no finckss ${ }^{t}$ come from any houfes into ${ }_{y}^{e}$ frects. but all is conveyed onder ground rendering $y^{\dot{y}}$ Cittie exceeding firoet \& detightfor'They ufe no Carts there as in London. but carry all
 in moft paxts thereof efpecially on $\dot{y} y$ Weft\& North weft fides. no here $\dot{y} \dot{y}$ rifeing of $\dot{y}$ Hill St. Michael being con: perted into Comely buildings \& pleafant gardens makes a very beautifull addition to the fuburbs thereof it is a place of verie great trade $\$$ Mer chandize fending forth. fhipps into all parts of $\dot{y}$ World where trade: ing is allowed In which refpect as alfo for its number of inhabitants. and good Government it may well be accounted One of $\dot{y}$ cheiff Citries of this Kingdome, It is so pleafant to $y$ Eye.s so moll accomodated with all things necefs arie for life. or delight.so mell furnifhed with plentifull Marketis, wholefome moters faire buildings Schooles. Ho fpitalls. \& what ener elfe may be defired. that it mell anfivers to its autient Saxon name.Brightstop, Signifying in Englifh A moff illuftrious place: It hath beenformorly dignified mith the Honourable title of an Earldome which the truely Noble familie of the Digbyes nom enjoy. 1675.
Ledori. Oiia quod vellent. quod vellee fomnus habere Temporis. hic fruttus. Candide Lector habes.
Doction, Auto cem, culpando parcior effo,
Accipiens faciti mente. benignus opus.

AEri commiffre: fil fama perennior are Urbis, et in to to nctior. Orbe.precor. IN/


Millerd's map of 1673 (BRSMG)


Millerd makes little mention of the late Civil War, referring only to fortifications. On St Michael's Hill, above the city, was the Royal Fort, of which he includes a plan; this was the citadel built for Charles I and Prince Rupert during the royalist occupation of Bristol in 1643-5. Close to the centre of the city 'formerly stood a very larg \& strong castle which since since the late wars hath bin demolished \& is now turned into faire streets \& pleasant dwellings'. The castle (and the Royal Fort) had been demolished in 1655 on the orders of Cromwell. ${ }^{1}$ Both fortifications were of consequence for Bristol in the 1660s, the Royal Fort becoming an enclave of gentry residences, the castle being redeveloped as a new suburb from the 1650s.

This is the city that was surveyed for the hearth tax, the first house to house survey of the entire city which has survived, identifying its householders, indicating the relative size of their dwellings and (in 1670) distinguishing those exempt from payment because due to the smallness of their estates they paid no rates to the church and poor. This second part of the Introduction will introduce the city, its economy and its social topography, then consider the housing stock of the city, and finally examine, in light of the housing evidence (as well as the evidence for the thoroughness of assessment, considered in the first part of the Introduction), how far the distribution of hearths across the city can be reliably used as a guide to the distribution of wealth.

## a) Boundaries and jurisdictions

In 1373 the charter granted by Edward III declared Bristol to be a county: ‘such was the prestige of Bristol in these years that she then aspired to a status that no other provincial town could boast: in 1373 she was created a county in her own right, with an elective sheriff and shire jurisdiction and a council of forty to be chosen by the mayor and sheriff with the assent of the community. The new County of Bristol, carved out of the two counties of Somerset and Gloucestershire, included all Bristol's suburbs, with much land beyond them to north and south, and extended down the Avon and into the Bristol Channel as far as Steep Holm and Flat Holm. Henceforward burgesses were freed altogether from attendance at the shire courts of Gloucester or Ilchester, while Redcliffe was finally integrated with Bristol and the long and often acrimonious disputes over jurisdiction with the lords of Berkeley were brought to an end. ${ }^{\prime 2}$ The boundaries established in 1373 remained intact until the nineteenth century, and are usefully shown on Ashmead and Plumley's map of 1828. The hearth tax documents reflected the jurisdictional complexity of the city. ${ }^{3}$ The first lists were arranged by parish, with the addition of the castle, described as a ward.

[^27]By the 1660s there were seventeen parishes in all, plus the extra parochial area of the Castle (for map see Front End Paper). The boundaries of these are known from the map of 1828 and the large scale $(1: 500)$ Ordnance Survey plans published in the 1880s. The lists from 1668 were arranged by ward. These may have originated as some of the 'quarters' under which the landgable rents were collected between the thirteenth and fifteenth centuries. ${ }^{4}$ There were twelve wards. A map of the wards has not been located, but the boundaries of these have been established by recourse to the militia lists of the late eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries (Appendix 9, for map see Back End Paper). Reference to the properties identified in the hearth tax lists has confirmed that the ward boundaries in use for the militia lists were the same as those used for the listing of the hearth tax. Wards taking their name from a parish were not coterminous with the latter, and often did not include the entire parish of the same name (for example, St Thomas). The boundaries of wards sometimes utilised those of parishes but in many instances followed the rear boundaries of blocks of properties.

## b) The economy of early modern Bristol

By the 1660s Bristol was starting on the Atlantic-based expansion that would see it overtake Norwich as England's second city again in the early eighteenth century. Its prosperity in the 1660s derived from serving as a metropolis for the west (including south Wales), in both overseas and coastal trade, as well as from its manufacturing which was supplied by raw products from such trade, and in turn supplied goods with which to trade. The city was described in June 1668 by Pepys, en route with his wife and his servant 'Deb' Willett to inspect a warship being built there and to see Willett's uncle, the merchant William Willett (his house in Baldwin Street recorded in the hearth tax lists for 1662-73 (29, 67, 126). Pepys 'walked with [his] wife and people through the city, which is in every respect another London', and saw 'the quay, which is a most large and noble place'. ${ }^{5}$ In Bristol, as in London, this was a time of much new building and rebuilding. ${ }^{6}$

Since the middle ages the city's overseas commerce had followed a similar pattern, with her ships plying back and forth to three main markets along Europe's Atlantic coast: Ireland, France, and the Iberian Peninsula, with wine imports particularly significant. ${ }^{7}$ The three decades after the Civil War, however, saw a new commercial pattern emerge, with trade to England's colonies in North America and the West

[^28]Indies coming to dominate Bristol's commerce. Having barely featured before the war, the customs accounts of the 1660s and 70s reveal how quickly Bristol's New World connections had grown. ${ }^{8}$ In both 1664/5 and 1671/2 Virginia ( 68 per cent) and the West Indies ( 11 per cent) made up almost four fifths of the value of Bristol's imports, as recorded for customs purposes (which may overvalue colonial products compared to traditional imports such as wine). Rather than replacing the city's old trading connections, however, the emergence of transatlantic commerce led to a significant overall expansion of Bristol's overseas trade. The value of imports in 1671/2 had risen to almost $£ 575,000$, three and a half times higher than imports little more than three decades earlier in 1637/8. ${ }^{9}$ Although trade was to expand further in the eighteenth century, Bristol's 'Golden Age' had clearly already begun. The beginnings of the financial district that was to emerge in the eighteenth century in the streets closest to the Exchange were also highlighted on Millerd's map of 1673: south and north prospects of the Tolsey were included as vignettes, showing the nails ${ }^{10}$ later relocated to stand outside Wood's new Exchange of $c .1740$ (Plate 2).

Bristol's imports in these new trades were dominated by the two crops which formed the main agricultural staples of the colonies: tobacco and sugar. Five million pounds of tobacco, and $37,000 \mathrm{cwt}$. ( 4.1 million lb ) of sugar made up virtually 100 per cent of Bristol's new world imports in $1671 / 2$. Of the two, tobacco was by far the more valuable, rated at 1 s 8 d per lb, while brown sugar was valued at little more than 3d per lb. Both were imported in unprocessed forms, the tobacco packed as loose leafs into hogsheads and the sugar in semi-processed 'brown' form rather than the refined 'white'. Their 'finishing' thus led to the development of a great deal of industry in the city during these years. It has been estimated that at least 150 people were employed in tobacco cutting and rolling in Bristol during the last 50 years of the seventeenth century. ${ }^{11}$ Tobacco also created demand for clay pipe making, another significant city industry.

Bristol's exports to the colonies, dominated by a wide array of manufactured items, also did much to stimulate the growth of crafts and industry. The colonists focused almost exclusively on the production of their cash crop staples so were reliant on ships from England to bring them all manner of the necessities of life. In 1671/2, for example, the customs accounts record Bristol exporting 157 different types of goods to the colonies compared to just 62 in the continental trades. ${ }^{12}$ Much greater variety

[^29]is doubtlessly concealed by the customs officers' tendency to lump different items together under the miscellaneous label 'wares'. Cloth was unsurprisingly prominent, making up around 18 per cent of Bristol's colonial exports. Along with this went large amounts of clothing, including almost $11,000 \mathrm{lb}$ of shoes, 79,000 stockings, and more than 1,300 felt and caster hats (mostly produced in south Gloucestershire). Bristol also shipped a wide variety of other small goods across the Atlantic, such as 115,200 tobacco pipes, $49,000 \mathrm{lb}$ of nails and $15,000 \mathrm{lb}$ of candles, as well as larger items such as eight pairs of cart wheels. It seems highly likely that the vast majority of these goods were sourced in Bristol and its hinterland (this was certainly the case in the eighteenth century) meaning that the city's streets were more packed with all variety of craftsmen than ever before. ${ }^{13}$ Equally important, however, was Bristol's role as the entrepôt for coastal and river trade up the Severn and down the Bristol Channel, which grew rapidly as the city could supply both colonial imports and its own manufactures, as well as sucking in agricultural produce and raw materials from across the region. ${ }^{14}$

Walking the streets of the town in 1668, Pepys might have noted much the same distribution of occupations across the city as could have been observed by William Worcestre 200 years earlier. ${ }^{15}$ As in other large towns, those engaged in specific trades and crafts tended to congregate in particular parts of the city. In Bristol the locations which they chose related especially to the needs of those concerned with shipping and trade. Worcestre commented on the rope-house alongside the Avon, and the use of the frontage on to the Frome near Marsh Gate for shipbuilding. Nearby, extending back from the quayside, were storehouses and masthouses. In the adjacent streets, notably Marsh Street and Baldwin Street, were carpenters, joiners, turners, cofferers, coopers and hoopers - all making use of timber, some of it doubtless superfluous to the needs of shipwrights. In Baldwin Street and St Nicholas Street could also be found coppersmiths and plumbers. Close to the waterfronts of the Frome and the Avon, in such thoroughfares as Small Street, Welsh Back and the new King Street lived most of the merchants of the city, on hand to supervise the loading and unloading of cargoes and to watch their ships come and go.

However, there were also new industries. Closely linked to the Atlantic trade was the production of sugar. Sugar houses, scattered across the hearth tax lists, had been established in a number of reused older buildings where fire-resistant stone construction, high ceilings and proximity to water facilitated the boiling of sugar in the refining process. First there were the buildings formerly of religious houses. At the former St James Priory, the sugar house was evidently represented in the list for 1668 by several entries: 'Capt Ellis sugarhouse 9' 'Mr Wood 3 stoves 8' and

[^30]'Godfrey Veinton 5' (202); the great house on St Augustine's Back, formerly the Carmelite Priory, converted to a sugar house in 1662, was entered in 1668 as 'Capt. Knight 17' (180). Second there were sugar houses established in former domestic premises, as at Aldworth's house, later St Peter's Hospital, where the sugar house was entered in 1668 as 'William Swifte 1 stove 6 cockles 11 ' $(\mathbf{1 4 1})$, and at the south end of Temple Street, where the sugar house at Nos. 108-109 was represented in 1668 by the entry 'John Hine \& Richard Lane 4 stoves \& 3 furnaces 2' (132). ${ }^{16}$

Crossing the Bridge, the inhabitants of the former Redcliffe and Temple Fees were still concerned predominantly with various aspects of cloth manufacture. Tuckers lived in Tucker Street, weavers in Temple Street and St Thomas Street, and dyers in Redcliff Street. Scattered through these suburbs were inns and taverns. On the Bridge and north of the river, the streets around the central carfax were dominated by retailers, mercers, grocers, drapers, goldsmiths, glovers and other purveyors of high-status luxury items. Here, too, were more inns, taverns and sadlers to serve the needs of visitors on horseback.

Moving east along the ridge were cordwainers (shoemakers and leather workers), predominantly in Mary le Port Street, while butchers and allied trades gathered in the Shambles or Worshipful Street. Tanners, whittawers and parchment makers were but three more of the trades to be found in streets to the east and north, in Peter and Narrow Wine Streets, and in Broadmead - such as the cordwainers, using the by-products of butchery. ${ }^{17}$ Other trades required water, notably soap makers who were to be found principally in Lewins Mead and close to the Bridge. Soapmaking was Bristol's most significant industry for domestic consumption. ${ }^{18}$ But glassmaking was also a major industry, stimulated by the production of bottled ale, beer and spa waters, and, like the rapidly developing pottery industry, occupied open space by the rivers. All of these industries consumed coal available from the nearby coalfields stretching out from Kingswood just outside the city, whose woods also supplied charcoal, and this same coal no doubt supplied the domestic hearths recorded in the tax. By the early eighteenth century they ensured that Bristol's skyscape was marked by a pall of smoke.

Finally, visitors might note the red light districts. Close to the quays and the mariners were Love Lane and Grope or Gropecuntlane, the last a name found in a number of towns across England (but not in these listings). ${ }^{19}$ Close to the routes into the town from north and west was the crossroads at the north end of Broadmead, which sufficiently interested William Worcestre in 1480 for him to comment at four

[^31]separate points in his narrative, possibly because of family connections: 'where tenants of my father dwell as wanton women'. ${ }^{20}$ For the mariners who were, notoriously, their main customers there are the names of 'all seamen resident', by ward, to be sent to the navy as information regarding possible impressment in 1666. The first list for Holy Trinity Ward is organised by street (Wine Street, New Market, Halliers Lane, Christmas Street, Broad Street, Pithay and Tower Lane) (88-89) but the other wards are just a single list per ward - by far the longest list is for St Stephen. In some cases the lists distinguish the seamen who are at sea and those at home. ${ }^{21}$

## c) The social topography of Bristol

Unfortunately, the hearth tax listings record almost no occupations, so one can only locate occupational clusters by matching names with other information on members of trades. It is beyond the scope of this introduction to attempt this for most occupations, but examples can be given, drawn largely from what one might now call 'the knowledge economy', or the professions and services. We can also identify members of the civic elite, and analyse both their liability for hearth tax and their distribution across the city. Finally, we can also look for evidence of immigrants to the city.

Starting with the traditional professions of the church, law and medicine, the most obvious clustering is around College Green, where the clergy and administrators of the cathedral and diocese were based (and related occupations, such as the organbuilder Robert Taunton with 6 hearths $\mathbf{( 9 4 )})$. The Bishop and Dean had 14 and 11 (later 13) hearths respectively $(\mathbf{9 4}, \mathbf{1 7 2})$ while the Dean also had a coachhouse with one hearth (possibly occupied by the College Green coachman, John Whiting, who took out a marriage licence on 23 June 1663, with 'Robert Tunstall, College Green, butler' as his bondsman, (172)); the prebendaries and bishop's chancellor had between 4 and 7 hearths. The area also had a concentration of other gentlemen and titled widows (Lady Baynton and Lady Guise (94)), physicians and lawyers. Lawyers are not easy to trace in this period, as they are conventionally given the title of 'gent' (occasionally esquire, a term associated with those who exerted legal authority, such as the aldermen as justices of the peace): humbler 'notary publics' included Israel Lane in St Thomas (2 hearths, 35), Eleazar Hooke in St Nicholas (3 hearths, 29) and Richard Williamson (later in St Augustine but perhaps the man with 2 hearths in All Saints in the first two lists $(\mathbf{8 3})$, or a lodger with other Williamsons with large properties in St Augustine throughout). The two most prominent resident non-ecclesiastical lawyers were John Haggett, a leading parliamentarian who was steward of the sheriff's court 1645-1662, and his replacement in that post (1662-90) John Robins, both of whom are recorded as 'esquires' in the hearth tax lists: Haggett had 8 or 9 hearths in Wine Street Christchurch throughout $(\mathbf{2 1}, \mathbf{8 8}, \mathbf{1 6 3})$ plus a four-hearth garden house in

[^32]St Michael (91), while Robins had an 11-12 hearth property in St Ewen in the lists from $1668(\mathbf{2 0}, \mathbf{9 4})$.

The city's parish clergy who also held cathedral appointments such as George Williamson, Richard Towgood and later Samuel Crossman lived around College Green, in houses of six or seven hearths $(\mathbf{9 4}) \cdot{ }^{22}$ The other clergymen lived in or close to their specific parishes, in houses of three to six hearths - those with five or six hearths were in Temple (Jacob Brent then John Chetwind, (133)), St Thomas (Humphrey Brent 41), ${ }^{23}$ St James (Thomas Horne (202)) and St Philip (Thomas Godwyn (191), where perhaps there was less premium on space than the inner city parishes, though Henry Jones of St Stephen had six hearths there in $1670(\mathbf{9})$ and 1673, as well as other properties (he was also diocesan chancellor from 1669, with a five-hearth house on College Green (6)). James Read, the long-serving minister of St Augustine since 1626, was recorded with three hearths in earlier lists (177) but apparently in a house of only two hearths on St Augustine's Back in 1673, dying in 1675 'aged 98', but he rented out his vicarage house and also engaged in property development on land rented from the Dean and Chapter ( $\mathbf{9 4}$ ).

Several of the clergy ejected in 1662 who remained as nonconformist clergy can also be identified. ${ }^{24}$ Matthew Hazzard of St Ewen remained living in the old four-hearth church house in Broad Street until his death in 1671 (20, 47, 154) (still recorded in 1673), while John Paul, former minister of St James, is probably the 'John Paull senior' in the Horsefair area of St James with three hearths in 1668 (204). Ralph Farmer, vicar of St Nicholas until 1660, is said to have withdrawn from Bristol after 1662 to his house in Hanham and preached to the colliers there until his death in 1670, but he is charged for a house with five hearths at 26 Broad Street in all of the lists $(\mathbf{2 0}, \mathbf{8 0}, \mathbf{1 5 6})$. The interregnum city lecturer and Broadmead Baptist pastor Thomas Ewins (d. April 1670) had a four-hearth property at 39 Castle Green up to and including $1668(\mathbf{6 0}, \mathbf{1 5 0})$. The Presbyterian minister John Weekes, who came to Bristol in the mid-1660s and was licensed for worship as of St James Back in April 1672, is probably the occupier of the two-hearth property in Broadmead in 1670 (13) and 1673 , and may also be the John Weekes who jointly paid for a four-hearth property in Castle Street with Richard Aldworth (the town clerk!) in 1670 (25). The congregationalist minister William Troughton, licensed for worship at his house in 'St Philips's Street' in 1672, appears with four hearths in St James ward from 1668 onwards, occupying the house '25th within the gate' in St Philip (15, 191). John Thompson, pastor of the Castle congregational chapel from 1670 until his death in

[^33]Newgate in 1675 and licensed at Castle Street in 1672, appears with two hearths in St Stephen in the $1670(\mathbf{1 0})$ and 1673 lists. Richard Blinman, another independent minister though without a specific congregation, is recorded in Castle ward with three hearths in $1668(\mathbf{1 5 0})$ and two in $1670(\mathbf{2 5})$. Other ministers who cannot be traced may well have been lodgers with members of their congregations. The Quakers, exceptionally strong in Bristol, did not have ministers, but two of their missionaries, the schoolteacher Barbara Blagdon (four hearths in Redcliff Street and two hearths in Duck Lane, both in $1668(\mathbf{1 0 3}, \mathbf{1 6 7})$ and the pharmacist Charles Marshall (five hearths in Old Market in 1668 (192)), appear here.

The clergy were also closely associated with schools, as the classical schools had university-educated masters, several of whom also held clerical posts. George Williamson (son and namesake of the vicar of All Saints and also chapter clerk), master of the Cathedral School in the former Jordan's chapel, had four hearths on College Green from 1668 onwards $(\mathbf{6}, \mathbf{1 7 1})$ Across the Green near St Mark's chapel were both Queen Elizabeth's Hospital for boys (marked on Millerd's map) and Red Maids Hospital for girls. John Massy (who had been master of the Merchant Venturers' school until late 1662) is recorded at the former with 14 hearths in 1668 $(\mathbf{1 7 3})$, then 11 in later lists $(\mathbf{6})$ : both he, and his predecessor Thomas Snead, were ordained. The Red Maids occupied two houses, each with five hearths, occupied by Mary Masters and Joan Hudson in 1668 (173), and probably widows Hobson and Hall in $1670(\mathbf{7 0})$ and 1673. Bristol Grammar School was then in Christmas Street, and again its entry is split between two people each with five hearths - the headmaster (William Ball in 1668 (183), John Rainstorp in $1670(\mathbf{3})$ and 1673) and the usher Rowland Tucker (in all three lists from $1668(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1 8 4})$ ): Rainstorp was later rector of St Michael. Across the river, the Queen Elizabeth Grammar School in Redcliff Hill only appears once, with Robert Mayor (master 1665-9) paying for three hearths in 1668 (107): Tobias Higgins, who was master there by 1676 but already curate of St Ewen by 1672 , is not listed. Finally there is the 'scholehouse' on St James Back with five hearths in 1668 (204): in 1654 the Corporation granted a plot on St James Back to build a free school for poor children with a dwelling for the master, under the will of Alice Cole. This school was probably run at some point by either Thomas Mason (15) or John Harris (7), two schoolmasters recorded in St James each with four to six hearths over various lists, though they, like other masters not noted here, were probably also running private writing schools, while women like the Quaker Barbara Blagdon (see above) were teaching girls privately. ${ }^{25}$

[^34]Medical practitioners in Bristol spanned the social spectrum from graduate physicians to humble barbers, with most being barber-surgeons, surgeons or apothecaries, all trades largely trained by apprenticeship. Evidence suggests that there were about 80-100 households led by a medical practitioner in late seventeenth-century Bristol (plus a substantial number of apprentices) and across the period 1662-73 the hearth tax listings record about 97 identifiable practitioners, with only seven people who were definitely practising at the time of one or more listings not appearing at all. All these seven were barbers or barber-surgeons, except one physician recorded as a lodger in 1666: the others were probably exempt or did not have their own households. Of these 97, 19 (nine barber-surgeons, four surgeons, one physician and five apothecaries) have such common names that they cannot be definitely associated with a specific hearth tax return, leaving 78 that can safely be identified. Of these, 27 are barber-surgeons, two barber-perukemakers, 10 surgeons, 19 physicians (three taking over practices and houses from their fathers during the period) and 20 apothecaries. If we take the highest number of hearths recorded for the primary residence of each practitioner, then the physicians average 5.4 hearths, the apothecaries 4.75, the surgeons and barber-surgeons both have 3.2 and the barber-perukemakers only 2.5. If we also take account of second properties (owned by a minority in each group) both physicians and apothecaries now average 6, surgeons 4.2, barber-surgeons 3.4 and barber-perukemakers remain at 2.5; garden houses were owned by a barbersurgeon, surgeon, two physicians and two apothecaries. Evidence for exemptions from the tax in Michaelmas 1670 (except for void/new properties) is limited to four barber-surgeons and one apothecary, all with one or two hearths. Geographically, apart from a cluster of four physicians and three surgeons near the College Green, all the various branches of medical practice seem to be well scattered across the town except in the poorer eastern parishes of St James and St Philip, with a particularly strong showing south of the river. ${ }^{26}$

As an example of a service activity we can also consider the book trade. ${ }^{27}$ The longest established shop, offering books, stationery and bookbinding, was that of Thomas Thomas (active 1630-89) at No. 4 Broad Street west, whose property in St Ewen had five hearths in the first three lists (47, 155), then four in $1670(\mathbf{2 0})$ and 1673; his son Michael (active 1659-71) presumably lived with him. In neighbouring Corn Street were two stationers and booksellers, Thomas Wall at No. 65 next to the Council House and Charles Dixon at No. 46. Wall (active 1658-99), a goldsmith's son and apprentice, had three hearths in St Ewen (47) (four hearths in 1668 (154)), but also a garden house of four hearths in what became Park Row in St Michael in the first two lists (94). Dixon (active 1655-c. 1669) only had three hearths in 1662 (81) but by 1668 had six hearths (158) and his widow Joan had the same in $1670(\mathbf{3 2 )}$.

[^35]The third street leading off the city centre, Wine Street, was the location for another stationer and bookseller, the radical publisher Richard Moone (active in Bristol 1659 to his death $c$. 1664) and then his widow Susanna (until 1674): he had two hearths in Christchurch in the first two lists $(\mathbf{8 8})$ and his widow three hearths in 1668 and 1670 $(\mathbf{2 1}, \mathbf{1 6 3})$. Further out east of the centre (in the main leather trade area) were four more traders: the bookbinder and stationer John Jones (active 1665-1685) in Narrow Wine Street with only one hearth in 1668 (139) and $1670(\mathbf{2 2 )}$; the bookbinder Thomas Chatton (active 1667-90) with four hearths in the Pithay in the first two lists (89); the bookseller, stationer and bookbinder Anthony Owen (active 1663-1680) in the Peter Street area, with five hearths in $1668(\mathbf{1 4 1})$, but only three in $1670(\mathbf{2 6})$; and finally, at no 78 Castle Street, Richard Waters, a parchment maker (active 1646-71) with two hearths in 1668 (149). Another parchment maker, Clement Leeds (active 1654-87) does not appear in the lists at all. The only book trader south of the river was William Taylor, a stationer (active 1653-c. 1668) who had five hearths in Temple Street west in the first two $(\mathbf{5 1})$ : the listing is blank in 1668, then his widow Dorothy appears at the same address in $1670(\mathbf{3 9})$ and 1673 . This pattern suggests that the main retailing outlets had to be very close to the city centre, except for one south of the river, but the more artisanal trades could be in the inner eastern suburbs near the kindred leather trades.

We can also analyse Bristol's civic elite, as summarized in Appendix 5. There are 106 people who can be identified in the taxes who held one or more of the following offices either before or during the period 1662-1673 (those who served such offices only later are excluded): alderman, common councillor, town clerk or chamberlain, master or warden of the Society of Merchant Venturers. Of these, 26 served as alderman during the period 1662-73, and a further 58 held one of the other posts in that period, while 22 more people had held these civic offices previously but had been excluded from office after the Restoration. If we consider the current 26 aldermen, and count the highest number of hearths recorded for their main residence, then they average 9.5 hearths (or 10.5 hearths if all their properties are included). This is somewhat higher than for the other current office-holders, whose main residences average just under 7.5 hearths (or 8.2 hearths if all properties are included). Interestingly, however, the now-excluded officeholders fall between these two with 8.6 hearths in their main residences (and 10.4 in all their properties, but this is inflated by one person with three properties totaling 29 hearths, only 11 in his main house). There was clearly a substantial group of men of equal substance (as measured by hearths) to those holding civic office who were no longer in power, while there is some evidence, though not particularly strong, that the wealthier office-holders were more likely to achieve aldermanic office. Only two serving aldermen, William Colston and William Crabb, both merchants, are recorded with less than seven hearths, and Colston with five hearths only served for three years 1661-4 before resigning from the Council, though he did not die until 1681, so perhaps he lacked the wealth for the office. But a further 12 of the aldermen only had 7-9 hearths in their main property, with 11
having 10 or more. Of the other serving officeholders, the smallest recorded main property is the three hearths of the upholsterer Thomas Bevan, though he also had a one-hearth garden house: ten others are recorded having four or five hearths, and only ten more lived in main properties of 10 or more hearths, leaving 38 with six to nine hearths.

Geographically, there is a strong concentration of this civic elite within the central parishes, though the Bridge (in particular) and the roads in the southern parishes leading from the Bridge are reasonably well-represented. But apart from garden houses (more often held by aldermen) very few civic officeholders lived in the northern or eastern parishes of St Augustine, St Michael, Castle precincts, St James or St Philip - with no serving officeholder residing in the last three of these, though two previous officeholders were in Castle and one in St Philip in 1662. However, we should also note that four of the aldermen (all knighted - Cann, Creswicke, Hooke and Langton) owned substantial country houses near Bristol, and others may well have owned smaller houses outside the city boundaries, as Thomas Day and Thomas Harris did at Barton Hill, or Gabriel Deane in Clifton, so the hearth tax numbers do not capture all their properties. On the other hand, at least eight of the notables (five aldermen, including a mercer and a chandler), and not just those who were brewers (5) or vintners (5), were taxed on properties that were wholly or partially used as inns, while others such as chandlers/soapmakers (12) or sugarmakers (2) probably owned industrial hearths, so in that respect the figures here are inflated in terms of their use of domestic hearths. The problem of distinguishing domestic from commercial or industrial properties is discussed further below.

Unfortunately, the listings do very little to reveal the origins of Bristol's population, beyond the very obvious presence of those with Welsh surnames and (to a lesser extent) distinctively Welsh first names. ${ }^{28}$ The complete absence of 'Mac' or ' O ' names may suggest a lack of Scottish and (more surprisingly) Irish immigrants, but unfortunately the listing process may have led to the anglicisation of names, so even this may not be reliable (one known Irish Catholic, Dr Edmund O'Meara of St Augustine, appears in the first two lists as Dr Meara or Mara (94) before leaving Bristol for Dublin). A few names which look distinctively foreign in some entries are probably merely exotic spellings: the 'Danzice Smith' of list 2 (f. 46) is a less exotic 'Dansey' in list $1(\mathbf{6 5})$, while William Zanchy of list $3(\mathbf{1 1 8})$ is presumably either the William Zankey mariner, freed 2 March 1654 as the son of William Zankey cooper, or the father himself, who is presumably the William Sankeye freed as a smith in 1610. There are absolutely no names of clearly southern or central European origin, or even Dutch, though there may be three French (probably Huguenot) names: John Laffos/Lafosse/LaForce of St Augustine (6, 94, 171) Peter Demollin/ Demullen/Dumullen of Broadmead St James (both across all the lists (13, 86, 206)) and Nicholas Dupin/Dupaing (a cook) of All Saints in 1670 (32). The last of these

[^36]was undoubtedly of French origin, because when he took his freedom on 16 April 1670 Sir John Knight attested that he was a naturalized Frenchman. It is tempting to associate Demollin with the prominent Huguenot family in England of Du Moulin, but there is no record of a Peter from that family in Bristol. It was only in the 1680s that a substantial Huguenot community, with their own church, was established in Bristol by those fleeing persecution by Louis XIV. ${ }^{29}$

Attempts to identify possible Jews in Bristol in this period are equally frustrating, not least because it was relatively common for early Stuart Protestants to give their children Old Testament names. ${ }^{30}$ Hence all three Aarons recorded (Watts, West and Williams) were Bristol freemen, as were Israel Bird (freemason), Israel Lane (a prominent notary public), Lazarus Moggs (shoemaker), Moses Battell (yeoman) and Solomon Wasson (watchmaker). Jews could not have taken the oaths necessary for freedom at this period, and several of these either themselves had Christian marriages (including Wasson) or their children did, so there is no conclusive evidence here of any Jews in Bristol at this period.

## d) Houses and society in mid-seventeenth-century Bristol

The returns for the hearth tax reveal a wide variation in the numbers of hearths in the houses of the city, from 24 to just one, corresponding in simplistic terms to the range of house sizes that must have existed. These are best understood by looking at the houses themselves, but also by referring to the perceptions of contemporaries. Nearly two centuries earlier, the clerks of Canynges Chantry in the church of St Mary Redcliffe had used the terms 'corteplace' [or court place], 'hallhouse', 'shophouse', and 'logge' [or lodge] to describe the houses in the chantry's rental portfolio; these terms were evidently part of the everyday vocabulary of late medieval Bristol. A corteplace was a courtyard house, with an open hall and other buildings fronting onto a courtyard. A hallhouse was a house with a hall open to the roof, an impressive space adorned so as to underline the lineage and status of its owner. A shophouse was a storeyed building of one or two rooms in depth with a shop on the ground floor and most of the rooms of the house on the floors above. A lodge was an occasional or secondary residence, located on the periphery of the urban area. ${ }^{31}$

By the mid-seventeenth century these terms still retained some validity. Large houses ranged around a courtyard were to be found close to the river frontages. Houses with open halls were still to be found in several streets. Shophouses were still being constructed in some numbers in several newly laid out streets. Lodges, now known as 'garden houses', were still being built in gardens away from the urban centre and on the slopes overlooking the city.

[^37]Many newly built houses, though, did not fall into these categories, but were dwellings of an entirely residential character, possibly best understood by turning to perceptions of the mid-seventeenth century. ${ }^{32}$ Roger North's essay Of Building, written in the 1680s, provides a contemporary viewpoint on the planning and design of houses. North's concerns were centred on south-east and eastern England, but he also had interests in Bristol. His family held considerable property there, and in Lives of the Norths he referred to aspects of the life in Bristol of his father-in-law, Sir Robert Cann. His chapter in Of Building on 'the several modes of houses' provides a contemporary and meaningful framework for understanding the design of the residential house in late seventeenth-century Bristol, moving from the largest houses to the smallest, across the wide spectrum of the urban population. North's essay might also be read alongside the pamphlet of 1678 which has been a focus for Ian Warren's recent essay for the publication of the London and Middlesex hearth tax. ${ }^{33}$ The author of the 1678 pamphlet made a tripartite distinction between the houses built in London since 1620: 'the great houses', 'the middle sort of houses', and 'houses at 4 or 5l. per annum': which houses fell into the first two categories was illustrated by examples. No similar exposition of terminology exists for seventeenth-century Bristol, but it is relevant to note that the cartographer James Millerd used the term 'great house' for two of those illustrated in the vignettes around his map of Bristol (Plate 2): 'the great house in Redcliff Street' and 'the great house on St Augustine's Back'. Millerd was clearly familiar with the terminology used in London.

## Identifying the houses or dwellings listed in the hearth tax returns

In annotating the lists preserved in the Chimney Book every effort has been made to identify the locations of the houses or dwellings listed. In some lists this has been facilitated through the compiler having included the street names within the list, as in Michaelmas 1662 for the parishes of Christchurch, St James and St Nicholas, and in 1668 for the wards of St Mary le Port, Holy Trinity (or Christchurch) and St James. These headings have enabled streets and individual houses or groups of houses to be identified in other lists, for instance in the lists for Michaelmas 1670 and Lady Day 1673 through reference to 1668 . Elsewhere it has been possible to identify the locations of houses listed through reference to the published volumes of the Bristol Record Society setting out the evidence for the topography of medieval and early modern Bristol, ${ }^{34}$ to the recently published study of the town house in medieval and early modern Bristol, ${ }^{35}$ and to other sources noted for future volumes on the topography of the city.

In identifying the locations of the houses listed it rapidly became evident that they were often presented in a walking order, enabling the exact or approximate locations

[^38]of many undocumented houses to be identified. ${ }^{36}$ There are many opportunities here for future researchers to fill in some of the gaps, especially through reference to previously unexamined lists of names arranged by street, or to the Parliamentary Survey of 1649 , which lists the rooms in each house owned by the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral. ${ }^{37}$

Also, like North, we can examine the degree to which houses were planned according to contemporary notions of necessity and convenience. Well into the eighteenth century and as in London, the form of smaller houses was probably determined by traditional practice rather than by books. Many builders were following vernacular tradition without any direct awareness of contemporary architectural plans - so a further major source for understanding the residential house in seventeenth- and eighteenth-century Bristol must be the houses themselves, as recorded or surviving.

## The Great Houses

In examining the houses of London, Warren concluded that 'the number of dwellings rated for 15 hearths or more might therefore be taken as a crude index of the prevalence and distribution of 'great houses". ${ }^{38}$ A number of such houses can be identified in the lists for Bristol, starting with the two great houses already mentioned, that on St Augustine's Back being in 1668 of Capt. Knight with 17 hearths $(\mathbf{1 8 0})$. The great house in Redcliff Street is less easily identified; after the death of the soapmaker Alderman Robert Rogers in 1633 it became untenanted and then became an inn, possibly the house for which Edward Launder was assessed for ten hearths in 1662 $\mathbf{( 5 4 )} .{ }^{39}$ Both these houses are long demolished and no plans have survived to indicate the distribution of hearths within them.

Other houses listed as having 15 or more hearths include several hallhouses, survivors of later medieval Bristol. Probably the best recorded of these is No. 20 Small Street, the subject of probate inventories for 1557,1560 and $1668 .{ }^{40}$ The last coincides conveniently with the entry for Sir Henry Creswicke in 1668 (154), but the number of hearths is given as nil, possibly because he had just died. In 1662 the number of hearths was noted as $15(\mathbf{8 1})$ (and again in 1670, when Sir Robert Yeamans paid $(\mathbf{2 1})$ ). Six of these hearths are shown on the plan of the first floor, utilised for the reconstruction of the house as it might have appeared in 1643, when used as the residence of Charles I and his sons during the royalist occupation of Bristol (Plate 3).

[^39]The hearth on the ground floor of the hall was recorded by Dolman and Jobbins and is shown in illustrations. From the contents of the house as recorded in 1668 a further seven hearths can be inferred from the presence of hearth equipment such as andirons and firebacks. Seven rooms, including those for servants and apprentices, contained no such equipment. If all of these had contained hearths, but not in use for servants and apprentices, the total would have been fifteen, precisely matching the figure given in 1662.

Fifteen or more hearths might however be too high a threshold for 'the great house' in Bristol. Two houses in the cathedral precinct may be highlighted. The Bishop's house, in 1634 described as 'the Bishop's Palace', ${ }^{41}$ was assessed for 14 hearths (6); no plan survives to identify their location within the palace. Another of the largest houses in the seventeenth-century city was that of the Dean, the Deanery facing College Green. The only identified plan shows the basement floor, below the principal rooms on the piano nobile (Plate 4). The illustration by Samuel and Nathaniel Buck (Plate 5), part of the view of the city from the north west, shows a complex of rooms with four main chimneys; ${ }^{42}$ if each served three floors, that would provide twelve fireplaces, roughly the thirteen for which the Dean, Dr Glemham, was liable in 1668 ( $\mathbf{1 7 2 )}$.

A number of houses with ten or more hearths can be identified as inns in the returns for 1662 and later (see Appendix 6 for householders with 8 hearths or more in 1670). In 1662 in the parish of All Saints were several in or close to High Street: John Ford, 17 hearths, at Gillows Inn between St Nicholas Street and High Street (83); Thomas Speed, 13 hearths, at the Rummer in All Saints Lane (83); and John Hickes 10 hearths at the Blackamoor's Head, No. 10 High Street (83). In the adjacent parish of Christchurch were: Grace Hayford 17 hearths and Robert Sheward 12 hearths for two inns later merged to become the White Lion in Broad Street (88); Nicholas Fox 13 hearths at the White Hart in the same street (88); Nathaniel Cale esq. 16 hearths at the Christopher Inn, Wine Street (88); Thomas Biggs 10 hearths at the Lamb in Wine Street (88); and Richard Grigson esq. 11 hearths at the Nag's Head in the same street $(\mathbf{8 8})$. South of and close to Bristol Bridge were other inns in the parish of St Thomas: in Redcliff Street, the Bear Inn 10 hearths (54), the White Horse, 13 hearths (54) and the Red Lion (Plate 6), 10 hearths (54); and in St Thomas Street the Lamb with 24 hearths (57). The presence of so many inns in the waterside parishes close to the centre of the city calls into question conclusions drawn from simple counts of hearths as to what constituted the wealthiest residential areas. ${ }^{43}$

## Houses of the middle sort

Looking at London, Peter Guillery followed earlier writers in concluding that 'between eight and ten hearths' was the norm for speculative housing built in the suburbs to

[^40]the west of the City for a 'middling sort' market in the later seventeenth century. ${ }^{44}$ In Bristol the introduction of the hearth tax coincided with the largest new housing developments to have been initiated since the twelfth and thirteenth century. ${ }^{45}$ From the 1650s onwards two new areas of housing were developed, on the site of the castle demolished in 1656 and in the area known as the Marsh (Plate 7-8). Within these areas two types of new house could be discerned. First there were houses that, following the terminology of the late fifteenth century, could be described as 'shophouses'. These were houses characterised by having an unheated room serving as a shop on the street frontage at the ground floor. Typically, such houses were of three or four storeys with an attic above. Secondly, there were houses of a similar overall form but lacking a shop on the street frontage and being entirely residential in function. In the recent study Bristol Town Houses these have been described as 'residential houses'. ${ }^{46}$

## Shophouses

Shophouses, incorporating shops on the street frontage, continued to be built or rebuilt in the early modern period. Nos. 23-30 Broad Street, all possibly rebuilt in the 1540s, were properties forming part of the bequest to the city made by the alderman Thomas White of London, a member of a Bristol family. Nos. 23-4 (see Plate 9) were described in 1544 as newly built; the barge boards of No. 23 bore the initials of Thomas White, indicating that all eight houses were possibly rebuilt by the city following the bequest. Each with two hearths in the hearth tax lists (20, 80, 156), Nos. 23 and $24^{47}$ can be identified as shophouses with an unheated shop on the ground floor, heated rooms on the two floors above, and with unheated attics.

In the 1650 s shophouses with unheated front ground-floor rooms were built in the redevelopment of the castle and the new development of King Street. Inventories, plans and illustrations reveal the function of the unheated front room. Nos. 25 and 26 Castle Street were two houses of identical plan built on a plot leased by the Corporation of Bristol to the widow Cecily Bush in 1661. An early eighteenthcentury plan of No. 26 shows 'bulks' or shop counters projecting into the street under a jettied frontage forward of an unheated shop, with the stairs in the centre and a kitchen in the rear half of the building (Plate 10). In 1705 this was the house of William Nicklus, a barber-surgeon. In the inventory of his possessions the front unheated room was his shop. On the south side of Castle Street No. 56 was built for John Harris, a cooper. The layout was a little different from that of Nicklus's house, but the ground-floor front room was similarly an unheated shop, bulks projecting forwards under the jettied frontage, again shown on an early eighteenth-century plan (Plate 11).

[^41]In Castle Street to the west, on a plot leased by the Corporation to Jeremy Holwey, a merchant, three houses of this plan were constructed between 1668 and the early 1670s. No. 70 Castle Street was constructed c. 1668 by John Drew, a house carpenter, also its first occupant $(\mathbf{1 4 9})$. The contents of his house, as recorded in 1681 for a probate inventory, do not mention a shop, or the tools and stock of his trade, but a late eighteenth-century plan shows the house in detail (Plate 12). On the street front was an unheated shop. Behind was a second room, described by then also as a shop but heated, quite separate from the front room, and perhaps formerly the main kitchen. As at No. 56, the stairs were located within the rear half of the house, so that the potential shop area could be maximised. Nos. 71 and 72, built under leases granted in c. 1668-9 to Thomas Kill, a weaver, and William Taylor, a baker, were of a similar plan (Plate 13).

In King Street most of the new houses will be seen to have been of an entirely residential function, but two at least were built as shophouses. Nos. 7 and 8 were built on part of the plot leased to Matthew Stevens, a carpenter, in 1664. In both, the front room on the ground floor was originally unheated, the chimneystacks for the floors above being supported on corbels (Plate 14).

The shophouse could occasionally be built as an elite residence, as at No. 12 Welsh Back, the house of the merchant John Langton, of sufficient wealth to own a manor in Brislington, just to the east of the city. Langton's house was built $c .1623$ on a plot only 20 ft wide (Plate 15). The stairs, with heraldic figures surmounting the newels, rose through the full height of the house and provided access to a belvedere above the roofs - a place from which to see and be seen. The rooms above the shop marked this house out as an elite residence. In the forestreet chamber were a chimneypiece dated 1623, bearing the arms of James I (Plate 16), a decorated plaster ceiling and a doorway with a door of mahogany (Plate 17). This was elaborately panelled and inlaid with mother of pearl, bearing the date and initials ' 1628 ' and ' J L'; 1628 was the year when John Langton was mayor.

Similar in plan form to Langton's house was that of Michael Threlkelle, a hosier, living in All Saints Lane, described in the probate inventory of his possessions in 1623. ${ }^{48}$ The shop and kitchen were on the ground floor, with the forestreet chamber and another chamber above. On the second floor were probably the front and back parlours, and above these was the cockloft. This was essentially the overall form adopted for the entirely residential house, the ground floor being given over to two parlours with front and back chambers on the floors above, the kitchen being relocated to either the basement or detached to the rear of the main house.

## Entirely Residential Houses

Entirely residential houses of three storeys with an attic above, would, if heated on all floors, have possessed a total of eight hearths. Shophouses of the same number

[^42]of floors would have possessed seven hearths. It will be instructive to examine some of the rows of such houses identified in the newly built streets of the 1650s and 60s.

The new houses of King Street, mostly built in the 1660s, were almost all built on narrow plots at right angles to the street (Plate 18). No. 6 was the exception, a house of two rooms in width and of one in depth, built parallel to the street. From 1667 it was leased by the Corporation to John Speed, merchant, and was assessed for seven hearths in $1668(\mathbf{1 2 3})$ and six in $1670(\mathbf{3 0})$; in 1669 it was described as 'one strong, fine and substantial messuage' ${ }^{49}$ Survey of the house reveals that the hearths were located on the ground, first and second floors, two heated rooms on each floor. There were no fireplaces in the attic rooms; on analogy with other houses these were those of the servants. ${ }^{50}$

Similar conclusions can be reached with regard to a number of the houses built on narrower plots in King Street; the rooms occupied by servants were often unheated. No. 17, of Thomas Pope with six hearths in $1668(\mathbf{1 2 3})$ and 1673 , was of three storeys and an attic, the ground, first and second floors each with two heated rooms, the attic with none. ${ }^{51}$ Further east along the same street Nos. 3-5 were probably of similar plan, identified in 1673 as each having five hearths; with two rooms on each floor, the attic rooms (and one other room) cannot have been heated. ${ }^{52}$

The south side of Castle Street can be identified in 1668: No. 57, the house of Katherine Simonds, had six hearths (149); No. 59, the house of Flower Hunt, pipemaker, is recorded enigmatically as ' 4 without hearths 5 ' $(\mathbf{1 4 9 )}$. The overall form of No. 59 was probably similar to that of No. 57 (Plate 19), but whether there was a shop on the ground floor is uncertain.

Taverns were similar in plan to the shophouse and the entirely residential house. The Hatchet in Frogmore Street was a new tavern of the 1660s, in 1661 a 'roofelesse tenement', in 1668 void but assessed for eight hearths (176). In 1675 it was 'lately erected and new built by Thomas Tippett late of the Same Citty Vintner deceased', and now leased, with a garden, to John Lloyd brewer of Bristol. ${ }^{53}$ In plan the Hatchet was of two rooms in depth with fireplaces on all four floors (Plate 20, photo and plan).

At least one other substantial new house was built in the cathedral precinct. The house of Nathaniel Powndell or Pownall was assessed from 1668 for six hearths (171). This was the Registrar's House in Lower College Green: of two storeys and an attic with two rooms on each floor, probably rebuilt in 1664 (Plate 21), the uppermost attic rooms must have been heated. Powndell's house was one of a number of prebendal or canons' houses within the cathedral precinct, described in 1634 as 'many stately buildings' ${ }^{54}$

[^43]
## The smallest houses

The smallest houses in mid-seventeenth-century Bristol were of one room on each floor. ${ }^{55}$ Compared to larger houses very few have been recorded, probably because few such houses survived until even the early nineteenth century to be recorded in plan books and by Braikenridge's artists. The two greatest concentrations of known examples are on St Michael's Hill and at the Rackhay.

Two such houses were Nos. 18 and 19 Lower Park Row (formerly Griffin Lane), on the slopes of St Michael's Hill, both probably built in the seventeenth century
(Plate 22). No. 19, facing also onto Church Steps, was of two storeys and an attic, with a winder stair against the corner opposite the fireplace. Nos. 18 and 19 were two of three such houses built on a single plot leased by the Corporation to one Roger Slade in 1670 and one of them identifiable in the list for 1673 as the house of George Streete with 4 hearths. To the west of No. 17 Lower Park Row was the house of Sydrack Cox, assessed for two hearths in $1668(\mathbf{1 7 9}) .{ }^{56}$ Shown in ruins on a watercolour view taken from the south in $c .1820$, it was evidently of three storeys with hearths on the uppermost two floors (Plate 23).

That it was possible for houses of one room on each floor to be assessed for four hearths can be illustrated by turning to a row of such houses built on St Michael's Hill. The simplest plan for the house of one room on each floor was to place the stairs in one corner, providing access to rooms stacked one above the other. Two houses of this plan lay within Nos. 23-29 St Michael's Hill, a row of four timber-framed houses built by $1637 .{ }^{57}$ These were quite substantial buildings, of three storeys and with large prominent gabled frontages (Plate 24). Each house contained three hearths, but a fourth could always have been accounted for in a workshop or kitchen to the rear, as at Nos. 14-18 Rosemary Street (formerly Rosemary Lane), a row of four houses built by 1656. The ground floor was the principal room for cooking and living, the upper rooms accessed by winder stairs set in the corner between stack and rear wall. The inconsistent arrangement of the rooms to the rear indicates that these were possibly added to the houses as first built (Plate 25).

Some of the smallest houses, including some built as rows, were probably built by entrepreneurs or industrialists wishing to secure and retain the services of a skilled workforce. Before the sixteenth century the Rackhay, to the west of Back Street, was probably a large garden, used for the setting up of racks for the drying of dyed cloths. Ten houses were built here by 1567, and by 1646 the garden around which these were built had become an additional burial ground for the parish of St Nicholas. By the 1820s at least 12 houses of the sixteenth or seventeenth centuries faced the burial ground, all dwellings of just one room on each floor (Plate 26). Four of these on the west side of the garden had small yards less than half the size of each house; the remaining eight houses were without any yard or garden beyond the dwelling itself.

[^44]In 1567, when first recorded, the ten houses were all held under a lease granted to Edmund Jones, a clothier. Possibly these houses were built initially for his workers, employed in his 'wourck house' close to the Rackhay and to his own house on Welsh Back. The exceptional provision of light to the upper floors of some of the houses suggests that a form of industrial activity, perhaps weaving, was carried out in the workers' homes.

Similar provision of housing for textile workers was to be found in St Thomas Street. Here a development of 12 or more small houses, known as 'Haveryngis Rent' by 1506, was also built in a former garden, known as Averings Hayes. A 'long rowe of houses' was recorded in 1607 and, as at the Rackhay, was close to racks for the drying of cloths. The houses are shown on a plan of c. 1797 as a row of houses, probably originally twelve before mergers and the creation of entrances, which can be correlated with the evidence from the recent excavations, which have revealed the constructional details of these houses, confirming that each was of c. 20ft in depth (Plate 27).

Small dwellings of this type were certainly built to house industrial workers. At the Great House on St Augustine's Back, a sugar house or factory from c. 1653, some 13 workmen's houses were built at a cost of $£ 1,200$ for its proprietor John Knight in 1661. Disposed around two sides of a courtyard to the west of the Great House, later named 'Chapel Court', these houses were similar in size to most of those in the Rackhay. Each was of three storeys, with one room on each floor and a small yard to the rear (Plate 28).

Future archeological research might identify such houses as typical of those in the streets recorded in Michaelmas 1670 as predominantly of those so poor that there were no goods to be distrained if payment of the hearth tax was not made. In Holy Trinity Ward these streets included Duck Lane, Halliers Lane and Tower Lane. Records of those in the first two streets are sparse, but two views of Tower Lane from the 1820s show a number of houses of the seventeenth century. A watercolour view of 1821 of St John's churchyard to the east of Tailors' Court shows a house of the seventeenth century, of three storeys and an attic, gabled both ways (Plate 29). There was a projecting pentice at the first floor, an Ipswich mullioned and transomed window above, and a three-light mullioned window in the attic gable. Correlation with the 1828 map shows that the house fronted Tower Lane and was probably of one room in depth. Four houses of the seventeenth century or earlier, on the east side of Tower Lane adjacent to the entry into Pithay, each of three storeys with attics, jettied $c .1 \mathrm{ft}$ at the first and second floors, are shown on a watercolour of 1820 (Plate $\mathbf{3 0}$ ). Three of the houses were gabled end on to the street, with mullioned and transomed bay windows. Also shown is the south-east end wall of a fifth, with an exposed four-centred arched fireplace openings at the first and second floors, the former with a bracketed frieze above; these architectural details prompt one to ask if these were houses built originally for wealthier occupants.

These and other streets with some numbers of exempt poor provide tantalisingly little evidence for the form of houses there. The lanes of St John and such streets as Jacob Street and Redcross Street (formerly Redcross Lane) in St Philip, and Pile Street and Redcliff Hill in St Mary Redcliffe must be prime candidates for future archaeological investigation of the material culture of the city's poorest inhabitants in the 1660s.

As has been shown, the poor were also visible as servants in the houses of more substantial townspeople. The evidence for unheated rooms for servants, noted in Creswicke's great house in Small Street, and in the attic rooms of the new houses of the 1660s in King Street, could be seen as linked to internal domestic hierarchies visible in the finishes applied to doors and stairs, the mouldings of doorframes and beams, and the application of decorated surfaces to plaster ceilings: 'as one ascended through the house paneling and plasterwork became increasingly absent'. ${ }^{58}$

## The lodge or garden house ${ }^{59}$

The only house referred to as a lodge in the hearth tax lists was the Red Lodge, built between 1578 and 1589, probably in or shortly after $1579 .{ }^{60}$ It is only mentioned explicitly in 1668, the number of hearths left blank (177); in 1670 and 1673 it was probably the house of Robert Henley, assessed for eight hearths (2), one of which was for the great chamber on the first floor (Cover/Frontispiece). This house was a courtly lodge or banqueting house within the grounds of a larger house, here the great house on St Augustine's Back.

The lodge or garden house was also a second residence for wealthy citizens. North of the Red Lodge was the White Lodge, also shown on Millerd's map of 1673 (Plate 31). The White Lodge was built c. 1589 as a second residence for William Bird, woollen draper, whose house within the city was No. 59 Baldwin Street, close to Bristol Bridge. ${ }^{61}$ Like the Red Lodge it was of three storeys with two rooms on each floor (Plate 32), matching the assessment for six hearths in successive lists for the hearth tax, 1662-73 (3, 90, 182), but with two attached towers, rather than the one of the Red Lodge. Enderbies Castle or Baber's Tower in Jacob Street, in 1627 the mansion house or tenement 'heretofore used as a lodge' and called 'Enderbies Castle', leased by John Whitson to William Baber gunpowder maker, was similarly

[^45]graced with an attached tower, again shown on the map of 1673; assessed for only three hearths in $1662(\mathbf{9 8})$, as first built it was possibly of one room on each floor (Plate 31). ${ }^{62}$

The White Lodge and Baber's Tower underlined that the lodge was a place from which to see and at which to be seen. Visible from afar as elite residences with high gabled roofs and battlemented towers they also offered their owners a view across the city. Both also provided evidence for how the lodge could become a place of permanent dwelling, a villa rather than a lodge. The lists for 1662-73 indicate that the White Lodge was the only residence within the city of its owner Richard Hamm, gentleman $(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{9 0}, \mathbf{1 8 2})$, and that the same was true for William Baber at Baber's Tower (14, 98, 190)

The lodge was by the 1660s known as a 'garden house'. The hearth tax lists are here quite explicit: Michaelmas 1662 includes nineteen dwellings listed under the heading 'hearths in garden houses in St Michael's parish' (91). Most of the owners or occupants linked to the nineteen garden houses can be identified as having a principal residence in the centre of the city, the greatest number of them in the elite thoroughfare of Small Street. The heading 'hearths in garden houses' is not repeated in later lists, but the list for 1668 includes ten other mentions of a 'garden house', seven of which are linked to particular owners. There are many further occurrences of a name within a city-centre parish occurring a second time in a parish on the periphery of the city.

In some instances, such a relationship is apparent from a combination of architectural and documentary evidence, as on Stony Hill, the location for at least three lodges to the west of the Red Lodge (Plate 33). Thomas Jennings' house, probably by 1662 his permanent residence, is best documented in the hearth tax, assessed for between eight and ten hearths from 1662 to $1673(\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{9 5}, \mathbf{1 7 7})$ but is identifiable as a house only in a distant photograph of the late nineteenth century. The lodge of Thomas Wells, a confectioner is similarly documented in the hearth tax for 1668 , assessed for seven hearths (177), but also recorded in leases from the Dean and Chapter as 'a garden ground with a lodge therein', and in the records of his house, built c. 1664, one photograph showing it from the exterior (Plate 34).

Lodges or garden houses are also identified from probate inventories, where both principal and secondary residence are separately named. George Lane's 'house att the hill' in 1613 is identifiable as a house in Park Row 'newly built' by John Jones in 1602, and the subject of drawings by James Stewart, its occupant in 1746 (Plate 35). The brewer Andrew Hook's 'house at Ashley' in 1689 can be identified as Ashley Manor. The vintner Ralph Oliffe's 'garden house in Magdalin Lane' in 1684 can be identified as another house occupied and drawn by Stewart (Plate 36), one of a number of lodges built in the former precinct of the Greyfriars; not identifiable in the hearth tax lists, it was possibly built after 1673. Sir Henry Creswicke's 'garden

[^46]house at the Hill' in 1668 was one of a number of lodges built in the former precinct of St Bartholomew's Hospital on the lower slopes of St Michael's Hill. On the slopes above, Richard Jordan's 'house in the Park', one of the 'garden houses in St Michael's parish' and with three hearths in the list for $1662(\mathbf{9 1})$, reduced to two from $1670(\mathbf{2})$, can be identified as the tower-like house shown on the map of 1673 (Plate 37), from the inventory probably of one room on each floor. ${ }^{63}$

Some townspeople held lodges or garden houses beyond the city. Sir Robert Cann held a lodge at Stoke Bishop, similar in form to that of Richard Jordan, but supplemented by a much larger lodge, Stoke Bishop House, in 1669. On his manor at Brislington Sir Thomas Langton held Langton Court, a lodge of similar plan to Stoke Bishop House. Thurston Harris, a baker, possessed a lodge in Barton hundred. Thomas Day and Thomas Harris held lodges on Barton Hill, the house now the Rhubarb Tavern and the house known as Tilly's Court House prior to its demolition in 1894. ${ }^{64}$

It has been seen that lodges and garden houses varied considerably in size. If the nineteen garden houses in St Michael's parish in 1662 are taken as a sample $\mathbf{( 9 1 )}$ ), the average number of hearths was between two and three. Five had one hearth, six had two and five had three.

## e) The hearth tax as means of assessing comparative wealth

The use of the hearth tax to study the distribution of wealth and social groups across towns (as opposed to across rural areas) was pioneered by W. G. Hoskins for Exeter, then extended by Jack Langton for Newcastle and Mike Power for London. ${ }^{65}$ There has subsequently been a substantial debate about the methodology involved. Some have stressed the need to take proper account of non-residential uses of property space (inns, industrial uses, bakeries etc) as well as variations in housing type and land availability and in the adoption of hearth-based heating (older housing might be unsuitable) before assuming that numbers of hearths can be read as a simple indication of the wealth of the occupying household. ${ }^{66}$ There has also been a critique of the way data has been analysed and displayed, especially over-reliance on a single mean score per parish, particularly in London where the parishes vary so dramatically
${ }_{64}$ For references see Leech, Town house, ch. 9 and Appendix 2.
${ }^{64}$ For references see ibid., ch. 9.
65 W. G. Hoskins, Industry, trade and people in Exeter 1688-1800 (Manchester, 1935), pp. 111-22; Exeter in the seventeenth century, ed. W. G. Hoskins (Devon and Cornwall Record Society, N.S. 2, 1957); J. Langton, 'Residential patterns in pre-industrial cities: some case-studies from seventeenth-century Britain', Transactions of the Institute of British Geographers, 65 (1975), pp. 1-27; M. J. Power, ‘The social topography of Restoration London’, in London 1500-1700: the making of the metropolis, ed. A. L. Beier and R. Finlay, pp. 199-223. Sacks, Widening gate, pp. 355-6 briefly discusses how the hearth tax reveals 'the distribution of wealth' in Bristol.
${ }^{66}$ N. Alldridge, 'House and household in Restoration Chester', Urban History Yearbook (1983), pp. 39-52; C. Husbands, 'Hearths, wealth and occupations', in Schurer and Arkell, Surveying, pp. 65-77; N. Goose, 'How accurately do the hearth tax returns reflect wealth? A discussion of some urban evidence', Local Population Studies, 67 (2001), pp. 44-63; P. Guillery, 'London's suburbs, house size and the hearth tax', in Barnwell and Airs, Houses, pp. 35-45.
in size and it seems likely that the variation between main streets, lanes and courts may be as significant as parish differences. Comparing mean scores is problematic, especially with variable-sized units of analysis, because hearth numbers can vary so drastically, with a few large properties driving up the mean, especially in smaller units (imagine one unit with 18 1-hearth properties and one 20-hearth property, and another unit with 19 2-hearth properties - both will have a mean of 2). Mean scores should therefore be compared with medians and modes, and preferably with distribution of hearth sizes (as Hoskins did back in 1935, where he distinguished hearth classes of $1,2,3-5,6-9$ and over 10). ${ }^{67}$

In the case of Bristol, the problem of different sized units of analysis is not nearly so great as in London (where the largest unit in 1666 had 75 times as many hearths as the smallest), although the largest parish (St Stephen) still has seven times as many hearths as the smallest (St Ewen) in 1662, and the largest ward in 1670 (St Michael) has almost four times as many hearths as the smallest (All Saints). But, as Tables 4 and 5 show, there is no particular correlation between small units and high mean scores among parishes in 1662, and although it is the smaller wards which have the higher means in 1668 and 1670, this is not simply because of a few multiple-hearth entries driving up their averages. As Table 7 shows, these wards have higher medians and substantially lower proportions of one- and two-hearth entries, and even if you cap their maximum hearth scores at eight it makes only a small difference to their mean scores and almost no difference to the rankings of the units. This appears to be because the main difference in the means is driven by the relative proportion of hearths in the one-to-two and three-to-seven category, rather than a few larger ones.

Compared to Exeter, for example, which had almost 70 per cent of its entries with one or two hearths in 1671-2, Bristol only had 52 per cent in 1670, and even the balance between one- and two-hearth entries was different: Exeter having 1,073 onehearth entries and only 573 two-hearth, while Bristol had 1,167 two-hearth entries and only 711 one-hearth. (Even in the more inclusive 1668 return only 55 per cent of the entries were one- or two-hearth, and the balance was 960:1,280 in favour of the latter.) Hence, the poorer parishes in 1671-2 Exeter registered much lower means of hearths per entry than are found in Bristol's wards (seven Exeter parishes had means between 1.8 and 2.4, the lowest Bristol ward mean), but also the distance from lowest to highest was greater, both absolutely and in relation to the overall mean (which was 2.59 for Exeter compared to 3.07 for Bristol), with the highest Exeter parish mean 2.7 times the lowest, whereas the Bristol ward mean difference was only 1.95 times. Contrary to Hoskins' hypothesis (based on comparing Exeter with even poorer Leicester) that a richer town would have a greater level of inequality, the hearth-tax

[^47]evidence suggests that Bristol was both richer (as measured by hearths) but also had a more equal distribution of wealth across the city than Exeter. ${ }^{68}$

However, even if the size of parishes/wards and the distorting effects of large properties are not apparently major problems in Bristol, there remains the issue of how far parish or ward analysis conceals more significant differences between different types of streets, lanes or alleys. The discovery regarding the omission of a substantial part of St James parish in 1662, discussed in Part I of this introduction, suggests how useful it can be to get below the level of the parish/ward and consider the evidence at street level. Unfortunately, the lists themselves only record streets in a few cases: for four parishes in 1662 and four wards in 1668; only in St Nicholas parish in 1662 and the wards of St Mary le Port and St James in 1668 is the whole unit covered, although it is usually possible to identify roughly where the other properties in these lists were located.

St Nicholas in 1662 had 147 entries, averaging 4.48 hearths per entry, well above the 3.78 city average and only exceeded by Christchurch and St Werburgh (see Table 4). In descending order of hearth averages, we find the Marsh (five entries averaging 6.8), The Back (31/5.32), the Bridge (27/5.2), St Nicholas Street (23/4.26), Back Street (7/4.14), Baldwin Street (31/3/65), High Street (14/3.57) and last, and definitely least, the St Nicholas' section of the Shambles (9/2.33: most of the Shambles was in St Mary le Port or St Peter). Apart from the Shambles, this was an area of prosperous housing throughout, with the substantial new houses on the Marsh presaging the Queen Square development of the next century. Some addresses are also provided in 1662 for St Thomas, which includes the other end of the Bridge (18 entries, but only averaging 3.28 hearths). The main street (St Thomas Street) has 48 entries averaging 4.69 with Tucker Street $(16 / 3.88)$ also clearly with substantial houses, but the four entries in the 'Lane behind the Church' and Long Row only averaged three hearths. The 66 unrecorded addresses (averaging 4.5) are all probably on Redcliff Street.

The remaining parish with addresses in 1662 is Christchurch, which also formed the core of Holy Trinity Ward in 1668. 55 of the 77 entries in 1662 have an address, with the remaining 22 apparently in Broad Street. As noted above, Christchurch had the very high average of 4.60 hearths per entry in 1662, with the Broad Street area reaching an average of 5.5, and Wine Street (43 entries) at the parish average, while the less prestigious Pithay ( 12 entries) only averaged 2.92. This contrast becomes even stronger in 1668 (when the streets of St John and part of St Peter are added). 'Broad Street' has 17 entries averaging 5.94, although much of the street is probably listed under 'Tennis Court' $(37 / 3.78)$, while the 76 properties without an identified address appear to be Wine Street and Narrow Wine Street averaging 3.58, very close to the other main thoroughfare, Christmas Street $(22 / 3.45)$, so these street in total average 3.88. By contrast, the Pithay (19/2.21) together with three lanes (Halliers

[^48]Lane (69/2.36), Tower Lane (41/2.24) and Duck Lane (48/2.35), average only 2.32. One reason for this, as discussed elsewhere, is the presence of multi-hearthed inns on the main streets, but there is also a difference between the standard housing on lanes as opposed to streets.

This contrast is also evident in St Mary le Port ward, whose 274 entries in 1668 (averaging 3.31) all have an address, with the Shambles (as in 1662 St Nicholas) standing out from the rest with 67 entries (the whole street is now in this one ward) averaging 2.15, compared to 3.68 for the rest. High Street ( $27 / 4.56$ ) had the highest, with 'Wine Street' (124/3.42, which seems to include Peter Street) very similar to Mary le Port Street (62/3.47). The equivalent contrast in Redcliffe Ward (430/3.17) is between Pile Street ( $59 / 2.37$; the only street given as an address) and the rest (371/3.29), although if Leech's attributions are correct, the rest break down into Redcliff Street (275/3.46 - compare the 4.5 for part of this street in St Thomas parish in 1662), Redcliff Hill (90/2.76) and Redcliff Pit (5/2.6), giving us the usual contrast of main street (3.46) and other roads (2.60). This can also be seen in St James ward, especially if we look at the area formerly in St Philip or St Peter, as opposed to the St James parish area discussed in Part I. Nothing in this other area averaged above three except the 26 houses (several multi-tenanted) 'within the Gate' (3.56), with even the Old Market (80 entries) at only 2.99, The Weare (59) at 2.68, Castle Ditch (26) at 2.54, Redcross Lane (66) at 2.29 and both Back Lane (26/1.88) and the Fryers (18/1.67) falling below 2. Across the whole ward, the 'main thoroughfares' (Old Market, Within Gate, Broadmead/Horsefair without St James Back (45/3.31), Merchant Street (29/2.41) and King Street (60/2.17)) average only 2.86, but this is substantially higher than the 'lanes' (including the assumed St James Back (105/2.19), Rosemary Lane (13/2.62) and Silver Street (7/2.29), as well as those discussed above) which average 2.29. However, in this ward the clearest contrast is between both types of road and the prosperous enclave of St James Churchyard/Barton/Whitson Court (42/3.62).

It is clear, therefore, that there are significant differences, across the city, between average hearth numbers on the main thoroughfares, especially those in the main retailing areas, and those in less prominent streets and lanes, although even the more prominent streets in the suburban parishes have lower averages than the average for the richer retailing areas. Our evidence does not really allow us, however, to look into differences between front and rear properties on streets, such as courtyards or alleys that may have run off them, which in London often had the lowest averages. The only 'court' areas we can identify, such as those in St James, are, by contrast, examples of the other type of court (also common in London) namely the exclusive residential area, often carved out of a former monastic property with gardens, as in Whitson Court or, indeed, College Green. A similar complexity, as discussed above, is created by the garden lodges of St Michael, whose health-giving views and gardens made them desirable first or second properties for Bristolians even if they did not generally have many hearths.

It is also clear (Appendix 6) that the distribution of the properties with the most hearths cannot simply be regarded as a sign of where the wealthiest lived, since many of these properties were either inns or industrial premises (used especially for soap or sugar manufacture), rather than the residences of the wealthy (although some of the wealthy did live in parts of these properties, further complicating the picture). Spatially, the large (eight-plus-hearth) properties, as a proportion of all chargeable entries or hearths in 1670, were concentrated in the inner city wards of St Ewen (37 per cent of chargeable hearths) and All Saints (23 per cent), followed by St Mary le Port (21 per cent), St Mary Redcliffe ( 20 per cent), St Thomas ( 17 per cent) and Holy Trinity ( 15 per cent), with most of the 10-plus-hearth properties in these four wards being inns on the main streets (Redcliffe, St Thomas, High Street and Broad Street) that led up to and across Bristol Bridge. The large maritime wards of St Stephen and St Nicholas, and the mixed suburban ward of St Michael all came out with 11 per cent of chargeable hearths, with very few inns, while the lowest percentages were in the newly-built Castle ( 6 per cent) and the poorer wards of Temple ( 7 per cent and St James ( 8 per cent), with again very few inns.

Looking at the occupations of those taxed for these 147 large properties (six unknown, and five widows not identified with a particular occupation), and leaving aside the 31 inns (some owned by merchants or lawyers, as well as members of the food and drink trades), there are only three outstanding occupations, apart from members of the food and drink trade who may have been running other public houses of some sort (eight vintners, five grocers, three cooks and a confectioner, none with more than ten hearths). These are merchants (33, 7 of whom were also either drapers or engaged in manufacture of soap, sugar or pipes), soapboilers ( 9 , plus 2 also merchants) and sugarmakers (4, plus 2 also merchants). Overwhelmingly these groups had between eight and ten hearths, but they also include most of the entries over ten hearths not identified as inns, including four merchants in houses in Corn and Small Street (the largest Sir Robert Yeamans’ 15-hearth house, discussed above, p. 57), the two 16-hearth sugar houses and another of 11 hearths, and a soapboiler with 11 hearths. The only other people with more than ten hearths were the Bishop (14) and Dean (13), the town clerk (12), a sailor in Marsh Street (12, probably an inn?), Queen Elizabeth's Hospital school (11), a brewer (11) and a whittawer (11). The others with $8-10$ hearths were a scattering of gentlemen or women (4), drapers (3), two each of lawyers, brewers, ironmongers and coopers, and a ropemaker, shipbuilder, clothier, baker, pinmaker, mason, whittawer, tailor, tobacconist, apothecary and physician, as well as the Newgate gaoler: like this last, many of these may have operated their businesses from these properties, as did the ropemaker and shipbuilder in the Marsh area. The 31 inns, therefore, with an average of just under 13 hearths, and especially the six inns with 15 or more hearths, would have stood out for their size (although there were also smaller inns, with as few as 5 hearths, not included in this list).

Overall, it is clear from Tables 4-7 that there was a distinct gradation of wealth between Bristol's different parishes and wards, even though the differences were less
marked than in other cities. The pattern is actually clearer in the ward-based returns of 1668 and 1670 than in the 1662 parish returns, but the general trends are the same, and the ranking of wards in 1668 and 1670 (in Tables 5 and 7) is remarkable consistent, whether one measures by the average numbers of hearths per entry overall, the number of chargeable hearths per entry, the proportion of people exempt, or the proportion of entries with one or two hearths. ${ }^{69}$ In every case the four wards which appear as least wealthy are (in overall rank order) Temple (clearly poorest) then St James, St Michael and St Stephen, although the ranking of St Stephen varies because it had a relatively high number of low-hearth entries, but a strikingly low proportion of exemptions in 1670, perhaps reflecting a densely-populated but thriving portside district. Equally, the wealthiest wards by far were All Saints and St Ewen, the retailing and civic hub with the most prestigious housing, with almost no exempt people at all in St Ewen (but a surprising number in All Saints). The remaining six wards are all much closer together in terms of the various measures, though the prosperity of the Bridge area and the main streets leading to it probably made St Thomas and St Nicholas rank marginally higher than the others, though not so obviously as had the parishes of the same names in 1662 when (along with Christchurch) they had clearly had higher averages of hearths per entry (reflecting fewer 1-2 hearth entries). The other prosperous parish outside the city centre in 1662 was St Augustine, but by 1670 this was absorbed within the much more mixed St Michael ward.

One certainly could, therefore, use Bristol's hearth tax data to support the traditional model that wealth in the pre-modern city lay in the centre, with poverty in the suburbs, or at least in some of the suburbs (Temple and the St Philip area of St James ward), especially if one associated this with the differences between house sizes on the main retailing and thoroughfare streets, as compared to those in back streets or more industrial areas. But one would also need to allow for clusters of suburban wealth, such as College Green and around St James churchyard, and also recognize that, compared to other provincial towns, the differences of wealth in Bristol appear relatively mild, with a very large middling group, both of districts and of people. Unless many more poor people evaded the returns in Bristol then elsewhere (and this seems unlikely on a large scale, by 1668-70 at least), then Bristol's low exemption rate and solid swathe of 3-7 hearth housing suggests a relatively widespread prosperity at this period.

However, while the names of the moderately prosperous tend to recur across the various returns, those of the poorer seem much more transitory, either as they moved in or out of tax liability, or perhaps because they moved housing (or lodging) with great rapidity. A high proportion of these were women, and an important task for research, not attempted here, is to consider the differentials between men and women recorded here, both in hearth numbers and rates of exemption, though it is largely widows, as heads of household, who are listed here, not single women. ${ }^{70}$ Nor

[^49]should we forget the large servant population (male and female), many of them, it seems, working in unheated shops/workshops and sleeping in attics without hearths: apprentices alone may have made up almost ten per cent of the city's population, but, as non-householders, none are recorded here. Finally, we should recall the recurrent anxiety of the magistrates that the collectors' demands for a shilling per hearth might spark collective protest among the poorer households.

# Manuscript and Codicological Context 

Elizabeth Parkinson

Readers are encouraged to read this chapter in conjunction with the following sections: Introduction: sections c) Financial aspects and reliability of the lists, and d) The hearth tax documents for Bristol, pp. 22-39; p. 147 where the significance of the 1662 assessment in Bristol is explained; and the chapter entitled Using the edition, pp. 85-6.

## The $\mathbf{E} 179$ series

The hearth tax returns held at The National Archives in Kew are referenced under the E 179 series which represents 'Exchequer: King's Remembrancer: Particulars of Account and other records relating to Lay and Clerical Taxation'. It covers the period c. 1190-c. 1690 and includes the hearth tax assessments. In recent years the Economic and Social Research Council and other research organisations funded the 'E 179 project' which undertook to examine, sort and conserve this series. The online E 179 database which contains detailed descriptions of the sorted material in the series E 179 can be viewed on the National Archives web-site. ${ }^{1}$

Four returns have survived for the city and county of Bristol but the only one relatively complete and in good condition is that for Michaelmas 1670 (E 179/116/541) transcribed in this volume ( $\mathbf{1 - 4 3}$ ). The parish of St Philip and Jacob includes an 'outparish' section in Gloucestershire, a county which has two surviving returns from the 1670 s, but both are decayed in parts. One covers the year ending Michaelmas 1671(E 179/247/13) and the other the year ending Michaelmas 1672 (E 179/247/14). Deficiencies in each can be made good from the other. The later return supplies the most legible data for both Easton tithings in the outparish of St Philip and Jacob and for Clifton. These are transcribed in Appendices 3 and 4 (224-239).

The E 179 class also includes thousands of paper exemption certificates compiled according to parish for each county. Some of these have been sorted by Peter Seaman with help from Duncan Harrington, thus enabling relevant data to be included within the hearth tax volumes. ${ }^{2}$ It is an ongoing project but as yet no exemption certificates for Bristol have been found. Gloucestershire has many surviving certificates with three surviving for the outparish of St Philip and Jacob and three for Clifton. These are transcribed in Appendices 3 and 4 (228-35, 237-39).

[^50]
## Assessment lists and returns for Bristol held at TNA

## 1662 Michaelmas TNA E 179/247/11

This is the first enrolled assessment of liable householders with the number of their liable hearths, as required by law. It consists of 17 parchment membranes each measuring about 14 inches long and 8 inches wide in variable condition and held together by a later binding. The first membrane gives the enrolment details (in Latin) that it is a duplicate of the hearths and stoves first seen at the Sessions on 26 August 1662 followed by three adjournments until 25 September 1662. The document is signed by three justices and the mayor, Nathaniel Cale. A large hole in the parchment has obliterated nearly all but Miles Jackson's signature. Robert Aldworth as clerk of the peace has also signed the document. Membrane17v gives the Exchequer receipt date of 30 September 1662, it being delivered by Robert Barratt and signed by Thomas Leeke. Although described as a duplicate, no locally-held parchment version has survived.
The entries are listed according to parish and are written in one or two columns on each membrane. Each parish may or may not start on a fresh membrane. The order of parishes is given below and the different order found in the Chimney Book version is given in round brackets. Both lists were copied from paper books, one for each parish, so this order difference is not particularly significant.
m. 2 St Andoen ${ }^{3}$ (Ewen) (1)
m. 2 Temple (2)
m. 3 Castle ward (4)
m. 4 St Thomas (3)
m. 5 St Michael (14)
m. 6 Holy Trinity/ Christchurch (13)
m. 7 St Mary le Port (15)
m. 8 St Augustine (16)
m. 9 St Philip (18)
m. 10 St James (12)
m. 11 St Mary Redcliffe (11)
m. 12 St Nicholas (7)
m. 13 St Werburgh (9)
m. 13v All Saints (10)
m. 14 St John (8)
m. 15 St Peter (5)
m. 15v St Stephen (6)
m. 17 St Leonard (17)

[^51]Within each parish, the forenames and the hearth numbers are written in Latin as in 'Ricus Harte duodecim focos' in an exaggerated secretary hand.

Apart from the names and written numbers there are also some marginal notes either Arabic numerals or written Latin. Some of the Arabic numerals are hearth totals added by the auditor and totalled for each parish. There are other Arabic numerals alongside some hearth numbers whose arithmetical significance is unknown.

The written marginal notes embrace various auditors' comments concerning non-payment written by Exchequer clerks. Most contain the word 'sup[e]r' which was a shorthand form of Schedula Arreragium pendens super, meaning to be placed on the schedule of arrears for a later decision. A few comments refer to a householder being mistakenly assessed as liable written as 'sup[er] exon[eratur]' meaning payment is discharged (m. 3 in Castle ward). The more common notes found in all the parishes but St Thomas, St Mary Redcliffe, St Stephen and St Leonard identify those householders who did not pay and hence were in arrears, expressed as 'sup[er]'. Where all hearths for the listed taxpayer were unpaid the annotation appears as in 'Richard Sullocke unum focum sup [er]' that is Richard Sullocke one hearth in arrears. Where only part of the payment was made the annotation appears as 'Thomas Hopkins tres focos sup[er] p[ro] i[no] foco', that is Thomas Hopkins in arrears for one hearth but paid for two. Of these legible annotations only two, one in Christchurch parish (m. 6) and one in St John (m. 14) cite a specific collection as 'sup[er] p [ro] LD1663' meaning that the arrears did not cover the Michaelmas 1662 collection but only that for Lady Day 1663. This is in agreement with the accounts, as the collections of Michaelmas 1662 and Lady Day 1663 were audited together. With this additional information, the list can be seen as a combined assessment of those liable for the tax and a return of those paid or unpaid for the two collections of Michaelmas 1662 and Lady Day 1663.

## 1664 Lady Day TNA E 179/375/16

This is a very ravaged document, with generally only the top half of each membrane surviving. It has no clear date. Only 13 of an unknown number of membranes have been found and from the layout of the document coupled with other evidence, the late C.A.F. Meekings attributed it to the half year ending at Lady Day 1664. He rearranged the list in an order that follows the collection in the Declared Accounts. ${ }^{4}$ The heading and much of the text is barely legible. Place headings, where they can be seen, are according to ward, unlike the earlier list that is divided according to parish. As with the 1662 list, the forenames and hearth numbers are written in Latin. The entries are written as 'Fohes Goldsmith quinque foc'. On the few legible sections, a two-column layout can be discerned, one column headed onerat meaning liable, the other exonerat meaning discharged from payment. The two-column layout is characteristic of duplicates compiled for this Lady Day 1664 collection. The exonerat column includes entries with more than two hearths so theoretically it should have

[^52]been drawn up before June 1664 after which date no dwelling with more than two hearths could be considered exempt.

1669 Michaelmas-1670 Michaelmas TNA E 179/116/541
This is the document transcribed in this edition and it covers the three collections Michaelmas 1669 to Michaelmas $1670(\mathbf{1 - 4 3})$. It comprises 21 parchment membranes each measuring about 6-7 inches wide and between $26-28$ inches long. The writing is on one side only and each membrane is sewn end to end with linen thread. A note at the foot of m .1 indicates that both columns are to be read before moving on to the next membrane (2). The writing is generally legible except for occasional rubbing at the edges, as on ms. 16,17 and 21 , and some holes as on m .7 . The document has two sets of numbering, the older purple numbers stamped on the side and the newer penciled ones within a lozenge, at the base of each membrane. Before repair and stitching two additional membranes (numbers 3 and 14) were added so that the purple numbering is incorrect. Membrane 3 has no purple number so that the subsequent membrane marked 3 in purple is really m. 4. This change of numbering can be seen in Fig 38.

The names and numbers are arranged in two columns divided by a line along the entire length of the document. The forenames are written in Latin as are the hearth numbers written in words.

St Michael ward, m. 1, column 1; not chargeable [n/c], m. 3, column 2.
St Stephen ward, m. 4, column 2; n/c, m. 6, column 2
St James ward, m. 6, column 2; n/c, m. 8, column 2
St Andoen (Ewen) ward, m. 9, column 2; n/c, m. 10, column 2
Trinity ward, m. 10, column 2; n/c, m. 11, column 2
Castle ward, m. 12, column $1 ; \mathrm{n} / \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{m} .13$, column 1
St Mary le Port, m.13, column 1; n/c m. 14, column 1
St Nicholas ward, m. 14, column 2; n/c, m. 15, column 2
All Saints ward, m. 15, column 2; n/c, m.16, column 2
St Thomas ward, m. 16, column 2; n/c, m. 17, column 2
St Mary Redcliffe ward, m. 17, column 2; n/c, m.19, column 1
Temple ward, m. 19, column 2; n/c, m. 21, column 1

Like the 1662 duplicate, the document bears the signatures and seals of the mayor John Knight, John Willoughby, John Hicks, John Lawford and Robert Aldworth, the clerk of the peace $(\mathbf{4 3})$. It was enrolled on 18 September 1671 and received at the Exchequer on 30 September 1671.

1672 Lady Day-1673 Lady Day E 179/247/15
This document covers the three collections ending at Lady Day 1673. It is incomplete, having only ten membranes, with about another eleven including St Michael
and St Stephen missing. It is stitched head to foot and badly decayed. Where legible, the order of names appears the same as in the 1670 document E 179/116/541, apart from a few minor variations. The entries are written as in 'facobus West decem $f_{0 \prime}$ '. There appears to be no information on those exempted from the tax. The final membrane gives a sessions date of 24 October 1673 when Richard Streamer was mayor. The signatures of Robert Cann, John Hickes, Christopher Griffith and Ralph Oliffe are visible as is that of Robert Aldworth the clerk of the peace. The partly obscured Exchequer receipt date is ?December 1673. It was received by Thomas ?L... The names and numbers are arranged in a single column and the temporary penciled numbers list the contents as follows
m. 1 [Holy Trinity Ward]
m. 3 Ward All Saints
m. 4 Ward St Ewen
m. 6 Ward St Nicholas
m. 9 Ward St James
m. 12 Ward St Mary le Port
m. 15 Ward Temple
m. 18 Ward St Mary Redcliffe
m. 21 Ward Castle
m. 22 Ward St Thomas

## The outparish of St Philip and Jacob and the parish of Clifton

## 1672 Lady Day-1672 Michaelmas E 179/247/14

This document is the Gloucestershire return for the year ending Michaelmas 1672. The Exchequer receipt date found on rot. 58 is 20 June 1673. It comprises 58 parchment rotulets, very damaged in parts and rot 5 is missing. Deficiencies in this list can be made good from the earlier return for Lady Day 1671 to Michaelmas 1671[E 179/247/13]. However, for both Easton and Clifton the later return provides the most legible data.

The names, written on both sides of the parchment are divided into the liable and not liable and written as 'Tho Cartwright 7'. The not liable are described as 'discharged by legal certificate' and in some places the number of persons receiving alms are also noted. The names of the constables and collectors are given at the end of each parish. In several of the hundreds the smiths are noted as discharged from payment by order from the justices (see rot. 3).

Clifton parish is found on rot. 43 as the first parish in Barton Regis hundred and transcribed in Appendix 4 (236). The names of the collector and constable, William Fordred and George Worth, are given at the end of the list. The next listed place is the tithing of Upper Easton, part of the outparish of St Philip and Jacob (224-6). The names of the collector and constable are omitted. Lower Easton is listed after

Blacksworth, Mangotsfield, Stoke Harris and Stapleton, and no exempt are given (227). The names of the collector and constable are William Fordred and John Bristoll. Transcriptions of the listings for both Upper and Lower Easton are given in Appendix 3.

## Hearth tax documents for Bristol held at Bristol Archives (formerly Bristol Record Office)

Bristol has a very large collection of tax documents held in the local archives including a bound volume of copied hearth tax returns. Two lists from the volume have been transcribed in this volume together with one for Trinity ward from a paper book. The latter is transcribed in Appendix $1(\mathbf{2 1 2 - 9})$. The Sessions material also includes a copy of a certificate for Temple parish and a transcript of it is included in Appendix 2 (220-3).

## Assessment lists and returns

## 1662-1673 F/Tax/A/1/a

This is a large leather-bound volume measuring about 8 inches by 13 inches and known as the Chimney Book, in which 116 folios have been used. The front cover bears the date 1665 while on the back cover is written 1662 (see pp. 74-75, 147). It is in excellent condition. The volume contains five lists of householders with the number of their hearths, covering some of the collections between 1662 and 1673, together with two accounts of the increases and decreases for the two collections of 1671 and the two of 1672 . Reading from the 1665 cover, the flyleaf bears a title of 'Chimney Booke 1665'. The first three folios give some interesting administrative details that do not follow in strict date order. Folio $1(\mathbf{4 4})$ cites some instructions headed 'London', which repeat the innovations of the 1663 Act, whereby the names and hearth numbers of the chargeable and not chargeable are to be listed by the constables and that their books or rolls must include the names of the constables and of the inhabitants who assisted them, before being examined by the next two respective justices of the peace. These books or rolls are then to be engrossed by the clerk of the peace in parchment and to be kept within the said city. It is undated but refers to changes introduced after July 1663 (the passing of the 1663 Act) and before June 1664 when the 1664 Act came into force. Folio lv is blank but the writing on f. 1 mentioned above has come through.

Folio 2 is blank but the reverse side gives details that predate those on f. 1 as it refers to the dates of the Michaelmas 1662 sessions starting on 26th August and adjourned to the 4th, 10th and finally the 25th September $1662(\mathbf{4 4})$. The wording on f. 3 also relates to the compilation of the 1662 assessment in that chargeability applied only to the occupier not the landlord and to those who were not exempted from the payment to the church and poor $(\mathbf{4 5})$. No mention is made of those exempted under the rental criterion but this is in line with advice given in 1662 at the sessions that the lists of
taxpayers should be guided by the book of rates. Such a procedure by-passed the lengthy process of obtaining exemption certificates before compiling the return. An order that a list must be returned by the clerk of the peace to the Exchequer follows, signed by six justices - Nathaniel Cale, mayor, John Lock, Richard Ballman, Henry Creswicke, Walter Sandy and John Knight. Entwined within Knight's signature is the date 1662 (45).

Folio 3v copies the heading of the duplicate finally enrolled on 25 September 1662 (46). The heading records the names, not signatures, of the justices mentioned earlier.

## List 1

The list starting on f .4 is by parish, except for Castle ward, and each parish starts on a new folio (47). The names are in English with the hearth number written in words as in 'Andrew Morris two'. In some parishes voyd properties are also identified. It is written in an exaggerated secretary hand except for f . 24 v where an italic hand is used. The names of the constables are given at the end of each parish list.
f. $4-4 \mathrm{v} \quad$ St Ewen
f. 5-6v Temple
f. 9-11v St Thomas
f. 14-15 Castle ward
f. 16-18 St Peter
f. 20v-24v St Stephen
f. 25v-26v St Nicholas names The Bridge, The Back, Baldwin Street, High Street, The Shambles, St Nicholas Street, Back Street
f. 27v-28 St John
f. 29-29v St Werburgh
f. 30 All Saints
f. 30v-31 St Mary Redcliffe
f. 33-34 St James names Broadmead, Lewins Mead, Silver Street and Merchant Street
f. 35-35v Christchurch (alias Holy Trinity) names Wine Street and the Pithay
f. 36-36v St Michael identifies the garden houses
f. 37v-38 St Mary le Port
f. 38v-39 St Augustine
f. 40 St Leonard
f. 41-41v St Philip

The above pagination shows that between some parishes there are blank pages suggesting that further information was to be added at a later date, perhaps details of vacancy and those with a decreased hearth number as for St Stephen parish found on the reverse of f . 24 . This suggests that the list, although relating to the 1662
assessment, may have been copied into the Book some time after the collection was made. See Plate 39.

## List 2

This list is undated and written in a smaller neater hand than the earlier one. The occupiers are listed again according to parish in two columns on each folio but not necessarily a separate folio for each parish. Castle ward, St Mary le Port, St Leonard and St Werburgh parishes are omitted. The entries are written in blocks which appear to represent paying, empty, increases and decreases. ${ }^{5}$ The forenames are in Latin as are the hearth numbers written in words. The entries are written as in 'Willus Gibbs sex focos'.
f. 44 St Philip and Jacob
f. $44 \mathrm{v}-45 \quad$ St Augustine
f. 45-45v St Michael
f. $45 \mathrm{v}-46 \quad$ St Peter
f. 46-46v Christchurch alias Holy Trinity
f. $46 \mathrm{v} \quad$ St Audoen (Ewen)
f. $46 \mathrm{v}-47$ St John
f. 47-47v All Saints
f. 47 v - $48 \mathrm{v} \quad$ St Stephen
f. 48v-49 St Mary Redcliffe
f. 49v Temple
f. 50-50v St Thomas
f. 50v-51v St Nicholas

## List 3

This listing is by ward headed by the date ' 1668 Sessions October Charles II' (99). Some folios cover more than one ward with the entries written in two columns. The forenames are written in Latin as are the hearth numbers that are written in words. The entries are written as in 'Willus Stevens septem foc'. Some entries also include details about numbers of forges, furnace and stoves while others give no hearth number. Some are also bracketed. The handwriting changes from a secretary hand to an italic hand at the start of St Michael ward on f. 66 (167). See Plate 40.
f. 53-54 St Thomas
f. 54-56 St Mary Redcliffe names Pile Street
f. 56-57v St Stephen
f. 57v-59 St Nicholas
f. 59-61 Temple

[^53]| f. 61-62v | St Mary le Port names Wine Street, High Street, The Shambles, Mary le Port Street |
| :---: | :---: |
| f. $62 \mathrm{v}-63 \mathrm{v}$ | Castle Ward |
| f. $63 \mathrm{v}-64$ | St Audoen (St Ewen) |
| f. $64-64 \mathrm{v}$ | All Saints |
| f. $64 \mathrm{v}-66$ | Holy Trinity names Broad Street, Tennis Court, Christmas Street, Halliers Lane, Tower Lane, The Pithay and Duck Lane |
| f. 66-71 | St Michael |
| f. 71-76 | St James names The Old Market, Limekilns, Back Lane, without the Gate, within the Gate, Castle Ditch, The Old Market (again), Redcross Lane, The Weare, The Fryars, Merchant Street, Rosemary Lane, Merchant Street (again), King Street, The Barton, Churchyard, Whitson Court, Silver Street, The Horsefair, King Street (again), The Horsefair (again), Broadmead. |
| f. 76 v | Complaint dated 3 February 1670 that James Syddall has made up the rolls in a single column whereby the poor that should be exempted have been charged (see Introduction, p. 18-21). |

## List 4

This list starts with the enrolment details dated 18 September 1671 and an order that the clerk of the peace should send a duplicate to the Exchequer. The wards follow continuously, the forenames written in Latin and hearth numbers written in words as in 'Richus Deane duo foc.'. The not chargeable are listed under Latin headings translated as the following persons are paupers and have nothing with which they may be distrained.
f. 78-81 St Michael; not chargeable [n/c] start on f. 80v
f. 81-83 St Stephen; n/c start on f. 83
f. 83v-87 St James; n/c start on f. 86
f. 87-89 Holy Trinity; n/c start on f. 88v
f. 89-89v St Andoen (Ewen); n/c start on f. 89v
f. $89 \mathrm{v}-90 \mathrm{v}$ Castle; $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{c}$ start on f. 90 v
f. 90v-92 St Mary le Port; n/c start on f. 91v
f. 92-92v All Saints; n/c start on f. 92v
f. 92v-94 St Nicholas; n/c start on f. 93v
f. 94-95 St Thomas; n/c start on f. 94v
f. 95-96v St Mary Redcliffe; n/c start on f. 96v
f. $96 \mathrm{v}-98 \mathrm{v}$ Temple; n/c start on f. 98

## Variations

Folio 99 gives the enrolment details of the variations i.e. the increases and decreases of hearths for one year ending at Michaelmas 1671 dated 8 April 1671. The entries
for each ward are in three columns headed in Latin but translated as old viere, entry change, new view. An example is 'sex Willus Benson now octo foc duo foc'.

The names of the sub-collectors for each ward are given.
f. 99-99v St Mary Redcliffe
f. 99v St Thomas, Temple
f. 100-100v St Andoen (Ewen), St Nicholas, All Saints
f. 100v-101 Holy Trinity, St Stephen
f. 101-101v St Mary le Port, Castle
f. 101v-102 St Michael, St James
f. 103 gives the enrolment details of the variations for one year ending at Michaelmas 1672, dated 8 April 1672. The entries are written as in the previous variations. Some wards list the name of the collector.
f. 103 St Mary Redcliffe
f. 103v St Thomas, Castle, St Nicholas
f. 104 All Saints, St Andoen (Ewen), St Mary le Port, Holy Trinity
f. 104v St Stephen, St Michael, St James
f. 105 Temple

## List 5

Folio 106 begins with a sworn testimony signed by Richard Churchill to the justices that the following list is a duplicate of the books supplied by the several officers of the money collected for the three half years ending at Lady Day 1673. In this list the wards follow continuously, two columns per folio. The names and numbers are in Latin, the numbers written in words as in 'Johes Jones duos'. The exempt are not listed.
f. 106-8 St Stephen
f. 108-109 St Thomas
f. 109-110 St Nicholas
f. 110-112v St Michael
f. 112v-114v St James
f. 115 St Andoen (Ewen)
f. 115v-116 Temple (unfinished)

## Temple ward

Loose within the book is a paper return for Temple ward folded so as to make eight folios. It lists householders with the number of their hearths written in English with Arabic numerals. The names exactly match those part-copied into the Chimney Book but it appears to be a complete list of householders. The entries are written as in 'Fohn Drew 4'.

## F/Tax/A/1/b <br> Holy Trinity ward

A slim paper book of 8 folios measuring 6 inches by 17 inches for Holy Trinity ward (212-19). It is legible throughout. The list is undated but the order of names exactly matches those given in list 3 (Sessions date October 1668) suggesting that the Chimney Book was copied from it sometime in 1667/8. Some entries are bracketed together under a named landlord while other bracketed entries give no additional details. The names are written in English with Arabic numerals as in 'Samuel Clement 3'. A transcription is included in Appendix 1 (212-19) and Plate 41.

## Exemption certificates

## (i) Certificates held at TNA

The paper certificates for Gloucestershire are found in two boxes (E 179/329 and E 179/116/554). Within each, the certificates consisting of single sheets of paper have been flattened and in one box they have been sorted and numbered. Most are printed with a heading whose wording is based on the rental exemption clause from the 1662 Act that required annual certification and the two-hearth limit imposed by the 1664 Act (see Plate 42). They are all legible, dated and include the appropriate signatures of the minister, churchwardens and/or overseers of the poor. All of them have been signed by two justices.

## The outparish of St Philip and Jacob

1671 E 179/329 dated 27 November 1671 printed: 29 names (228-29).
1672 E 179/116/544 no. 124 dated 16 July 1672 printed: 55 names see Fig. 42. (230-32).
$\mathbf{1 6 7 3}$ E 179/329 dated 23 October 1673 printed: 59 names (233-35).
A transcription is given in Appendix 3.

## Clifton parish

1671 E 179/329 dated 31 October 1671 manuscript: 12 names (237).
1672 E 179/116/554 no. 123 dated 27 April 1672 printed: 21 names (238).
1673 E 179/329 dated 9 October 1673 printed: 22 names (239).
A transcription is given in Appendix 4.

## (ii) Certificates held at Bristol archives

Temple parish
1675 JQS/M/5 f.262v
Copied into the Sessions Minute Book dated 12th February 1674/5 manuscript: 81 names.

This copied certificate is signed by three justices, Ralph Olliffe, John King and John Lawford, certifying that the householders, being in receipt of alms, should be placed in the column of paupers. A transcription is given in Appendix $2(\mathbf{2 2 0} \mathbf{- 2 3})$.

## Using This Edition

## Aid to using the transcripts

This volume contains the transcripts of three documents in the order given below:

1. Exchequer duplicate of the hearth tax assessment/return for the three collections Michaelmas 1669 to Michaelmas 1670, held at TNA (TNA E179/116/541, (1-43)).
2. Copy of the assessment originally compiled for the Michaelmas 1662/Lady Day 1663 collections but used later for the Michaelmas 1664-Michaelmas 1665 collections. This is the first list in the Chimney Book (BA F/ Tax/A/1/a, ff. 1-41v, (44-98)).
3. Copy of a survey of the householders with the number of their hearths probably compiled before October 1668, the third list in the Chimney Book (BA F/Tax/A/l/a, ff. 53-76, (99-211)).

Whilst it is usual to place the documents in a strict date order, such a sequence has not been followed in this volume. This is because in Bristol hearth tax terms, the 1670 Exchequer duplicate is the most important surviving official list, seemingly complete and little damaged and it includes the not liable householders. The latter is a major advantage as so few exemption certificates have survived for the city. The two Chimney Book lists appear to be working copies but we cannot be certain for which collections they were used nor do they include those exempt from payment. Readers will find more details about the size and content of these lists in the section entitled 'Manuscript and codicological context', pp. 75-84.

The remaining sections of the Chimney Book not reproduced in the printed volume are being made available for subscribers to the Bristol Record Society volume on a CD inserted in the back of that volume.

## Reading the transcripts

The layout of these lists is typically in a column with names on the left and the hearth numbers on the right as shown in Figs. 38-40. Where there are two columns per parchment membrane or folio they are intended to be read from top to bottom of the first column before moving on to reading top to bottom of the second column. The additional lists of entries found in Appendices 1-4 are to be read in the same manner.

In the 1670 Michaelmas document the names and numbers are arranged in two columns per membrane with the forenames written in Latin as are the hearth numbers which are written in words (rendered as Arabic numerals in this transcript).

Additional Latin words are also included, see below, Additional words and phrases', for detailed explanation of how these appear in the transcript.

The Chimney Book modernised transcripts follow a different pattern to the literal Latin transcript of the TNA Michaelmas 1670 return. As a reminder to the reader of the anomalies of the two Chimney Book lists, readers are referred to the 'Manuscript and Codicological Context' on pp. 75-84.

The first list in the Chimney Book is preceded by three folios of administrative detail, which are also included in the transcription. Such detail corroborates the view that the initial Michaelmas 1662 list for Bristol was of particular importance. In 1664, the receivers were instructed to amend the earlier lists of their predecessors for their collections but in Bristol this never happened. As a result the same 1662 list was used for the first three collections, Michaelmas 1662-Michaelmas 1663 and little altered for the collections Michaelmas 1664-Michaelmas 1665. Within the list, each parish starts on a new folio. The transcript retains the original names written in English but the written English hearth numbers have been converted to Arabic numerals. The transcript includes two further lines of research. One is the addition of detailed topographic footnotes allowing the reader to follow in the steps of the collector. Additional annotations in [italics] add further street names and also indicate the major differences between this version and its earlier counterpart held at TNA, the Michaelmas 1662 Exchequer Duplicate, described as [ED]. The references to the Exchequer Duplicate version retain the original Latin words.

The 1668 survey of hearths is of a different nature with the wards following continuously. Thus some folios cover two wards, the upper half of the folio covering one ward listed in two columns, and the lower half two columns for the subsequent ward. Where this occurs as on f. $66(\mathbf{1 6 7 - 7 0})$ and shown in Plate 40, column 2 of the earlier ward is read before reverting back to column 1 for the following ward. In this transcript the Latin fore names have been anglicised, expanded and the numbers changed to Arabic numerals. Additional street names are included together with detailed footnotes allowing the reader to compare the entries with those of 1662. Peculiar to this list are the extra details on forges, furnaces and ovens. It is not always easy to allot the forge or furnace to a specific entry as the note appears between two entries. See below, 'Additional words and phrases' (iii) The 1668 list. A characteristic of this survey is that no indication is given of chargeability or exemption of any of the hearth numbers.

## Editorial conventions

## Hearth numbers

As mentioned earlier, for the ease of the reader all the hearth numbers have been converted to Arabic numerals. In the 1662 list the written number is sometimes followed by the word 'hearth/s'. In this transcript the word 'hearth' is only shown at the head of each column of entries. In the 1668 and 1670 lists the written number
is nearly always followed by the word 'foc[os]' (translated as 'hearths' in the 1668 transcription). For the sake of clarity the word 'foc $[\mathrm{Os}] /$ hearths' has been restricted to just the first entry at the head of each column of entries.

## Brackets

Three forms of bracket signal our editorial intervention, these comprise: <angular brackets> to denote deletions; (curved brackets) to denote information provided on modern place names including normalized spelling; and [square brackets] for clarification, including illegibility [...] and missing data; we use [blank] for missing names and [-] for missing numbers. [Italics within square brackets] indicates editorial additions. A question mark preceding a name, as in ?Trugius (119), signifies a doubtful reading.

## Index reference numbers

The three transcripts listed above have been placed together with Appendices 1-4 as one document and have had Index Reference Numbers (IRN) inserted which run continuously from 1-239. These appear in bold and font-size 14 at the head of sections of names, following as far as possible the natural breaks in the documents themselves. These are placed in the transcript in addition to the usual TNA or BA references, rotulet or membrane numbers and exemption certificate references which are also provided. The purpose of the IRNs is not to replace the national references, but to assist ease of reference and quick finding within this volume. They are used in the introductory materials when referring to an entry in the transcript and always appear in bold.

## Indexes

Indexes are provided of personal names, place names and subjects (including occupations). Those in bold refer to the IRNs (see above) of those documents which are transcriptions of hearth tax documents (the three lists and Appendices 1-4), while the others refer to the page numbers of text in the introduction, the footnotes or the remaining appendices.

## Titles

Indications of status occur occasionally throughout the text and have been rendered in the transcriptions as they appear in the document.

## Place names

Where ward, parish and street are named in the original documents, these are placed in bold at the head of their relevant section as they appear in the original. The seventeenth-century spelling may differ from its modern form so for ease of identification the modern name has been placed in bold in parenthesis after the name provided in the document. Where the editors have identified the likely street address of a series of entries, this has been added as in [Temple Street, $W$ side] in the 1662 and

1668 lists: sources for these identifications are indicated in the notes, drawn largely from Roger Leech's research on Bristol topography.

## Personal names

All three lists were probably written down by clerks to whom another clerk dictated from a different list, so there was considerable scope for variant spellings or phonetic renderings of names.
(i) The TNA 1670 list:

The transcript of the 1670 Exchequer duplicate follows the original as closely as possible, retaining all Latin words and abbreviations. Spelling is left unexpanded. It may be helpful to use the glossary of names set out below in conjunction with the index.
(ii) The copy of the 1662 list, the first in the Chimney Book:

The names in this list have been transcribed as written, as they are already expanded and in English.
(iii) The 1668 list, the third in the Chimney Book:

The mix of Latin and English personal names with some abbreviated forms have been expanded to the modern English version. As with the 1670 list, it may be helpful to use the glossary of names set out below in conjunction with the index.

## Additional words and phrases

(i) The 1670 list

Within the list of names there are two sets of additional comments in Latin. The first concerns the headings given to the not liable within each ward, of which there are two similar variants $(\mathbf{7}, \mathbf{2 8})$. The appropriate English version is given in round brackets within the text while at the first mention the exact Latin with expansions in square brackets is given in a footnote. Both Latin versions are given in the Latin glossary. The second concerns annotations. The common Latin words such as p[er] have been expanded within square brackets while other words, more specific to the list such as 'Sup[er] arr' or 'fornic' are left in Latin and are translated in the glossary. Readers must be aware that some of the Latin expansions may be uncertain because in the 1670s the clerks had a string of easy-to-use formulae and may not have known the correct Latin endings themselves. This is especially true of the words used to describe forges, furnaces and ovens.
(ii) The copy of the 1662 list

This list has few descriptive terms other than the use of 'widow' where appropriate and a few street names. Many more additional street names have been added by the editors where they can be identified as in [Temple Street, $W$ side] (51) enabling the reader
to follow the path of the constable on his tax rounds. Another editorial addition identifies the differences between this list and another version, the Exchequer duplicate (ED) used for the Michaelmas 1662/3 collections and held at TNA. ${ }^{1}$ Such additions appear as in [vid added in $E D$ ] (47). For the sake of clarity only the major differences are included, as minor spelling variations of surnames can be found within the index.

## (iii) The 1668 list

Some street names have been added to the text as in the earlier Chimney Book list such as [Marsh Street, E side] (117). Many of the descriptive terms in this list refer to forges, furnaces, saltpans etc. It is not always easy to determine to which name the note of forge or furnace applies. With the one exception of the ' 2 furnaces' below Thomas Tovey's entry ${ }^{2}$ all the other forge, furnace and oven notes are assumed to belong to the lower named entry and expressed as in 'George Redwood 1 furnace 2 hearths' (102). The footnotes include extensive use of the material in Appendix 8 as in $\mathrm{n} .576(\mathbf{1 8 3})$ 'SR: Mr Phillip Peasely is 1 st entry in Maudlin Lane' which means that Peasely is the first entry under the Maudlin Lane heading in Appendix 8, the 1670 scavenger rate for St James ward.

## Conversions

The following five sections are designed to assist readers.

1. Dates
2. Latin numbers with their English equivalents
3. Money
4. Glossary of Latin words and common English abbreviations occurring in the transcripts
5. Glossary of English descriptive words
6. Glossary of Latin personal names

## Dates

Dates in all of the transcripts are in the Old Style with the new year starting on 25 March (Lady Day). Elsewhere in the volume the dating is in the New Style with the new year beginning in January.

Regnal years may also be found in the transcriptions as in 30th day of September in the 23rd year of the reign of Charles II (43). At the Restoration in 1660 parliament declared that Charles II had been king de jure from the death of his father, Charles I, on 30th January 1649 so his Restoration starting in May 1660 occurred in the 12th

[^54]year of his reign. Thus the date in the example above would be 30th September 1671.

## Money

li pound $(£)$ (Latin: libra)
s $\quad$ shilling ( s ) (Latin: solidus) 20 shillings $=£ 1$
d $\quad$ pence (d) (Latin: denarius) 12 pence $=1$ shilling

## Latin numbers with their English equivalents

| Latin numerals | English numerals |
| :--- | :--- |
| un[us] | one |
| duo | two |
| tres | three |
| quat[uor] | four |
| quinq[ue] | five |
| sex | six |
| sept[em] | seven |
| octo | eight |
| novem | nine |
| dec[em] | ten |
| undec[im] | eleven |
| duodecim | twelve |
| tresdecim | thirteen |
| quatuordec[im] | fourteen |
| quindec[im] | fifteen |
| sexdec[im] | sixteen |
| septemdecim | seventeen |
| octodecim | eighteen |
| novemdecim | nineteen |
| vigint[i] | twenty |

## Glossary of Latin words and phrases and common English abbreviations occurring in the transcript

## A/B

| al[ia]s | otherwise |
| :--- | :--- |
| al[ius/ia] | other |
| al[ius/ii] ten[ens/entes] | other tenant/s |
| ar[miger] | esquire |
| barr[onetus] | baronet |
| bart | baronet (English) |

## C/D

cancellar [ius]
Capt
Car[olis] sec[un]di
cl[e]r[icus]
Coll
custos dom[i] correc[ection]
de nova factas
del[iberavit] per mannus et supra
$\mathrm{d}[\mathrm{omi}] \mathrm{n}[\mathrm{us}] / \mathrm{o}$
dom[o] vac[ua]
Dr

## E/F/G/H/I/J

esq<br>et<br>foc[us]/foci<br>fornax/fornic

furn[os] ang[lic]e ovens
infra
jun[io]r

## K/L/M/N

Kt
La D, LD, Ld
?maior[e]
Maj[or]
Mich, Mic, Michas
mil[es]
negat solutionem pro decem focis
novi et non solubi
novo dom [o]
chancellor
captain (military rank English)
Charles II usually followed by regnal year clerk, often used for a clergyman where the description 'in holy orders' is understood colonel (military rank English)
custodian of the house of correction new built
discharged through the hand and upon the oath of
lord (bishop)
empty house
doctor (English)
esquire
and
hearth/s, often written as focos (accusative plural) because each entry is an abbreviated form of 'Jacobus Friend [hath in his house] 3 hearths'.
furnace, kiln, oven. Such annotations are difficult to interpret but most were probably smiths' forges. Some may have been brewing furnaces or kilns for burning lime. The
wording was necessarily ambiguous as their liability was a very grey area.
ovens in English ovens
below or within
junior (English)
knight (English)
Lady Day (25 March)
mayor?
major (military rank in English)
Michaelmas (29 Sept)
knight
refuses liability for ten hearths
new and not payable
in new house
nulla dist[ringas] or nulla distrin[gas]

## O/P/Q/R

$\mathrm{p}[\mathrm{er}]$
person[e] sequen[es] existen[tes] pauper[es] exon[er]ant[ur]
$p[e r] \operatorname{son}[e]$ sequen[tes] sunt
pauper[es] et nihil h[ab]ent unde distringant[ur]
per eadem
$\mathrm{p}[\mathrm{ro}]$ quadam domo vocat[a] le meeting house

## S/T/U/V/W

sen[ior]
sup[er] arr
ten[en[s]
tenem[entum]
terre fistula
un[a] vac[ua]
vac
vac[ans], vac[ua]
vid[ua]
wid
no distraint/you should distrain nothing
by or $\mathrm{p}[\mathrm{ro}]$ for, often used with the missing $p[e r]$ visum meaning viewed by following persons are exonerated being poor persons following are paupers and have nothing whereof they maybe distrained
as above
for a certain house called the meeting house
senior (English)
abbreviation of Schedula Arreragium pendens super meaning placed in schedule of arrears tenant/tenants tenement
pipe lands. The rents from these lands
supported the maintenance of the pipes that carried the water from a spring beyond the city to the parish.
one empty, the word house implied
vacant (English)
vacant
widow
widow (English)

## Glossary of English descriptive words

' 3 without hearths' included in a three-hearth entry - may mean a new build with 3 additional rooms/chimneys without hearths so not yet liable or even a temporary bricking up to evade payment?
backward, backod
cockle
furnace
increment
'in building'
back part of dwelling place where fire is lit to dry the malt could be oven, furnace or kiln increase
building unfinished

| kills <br> saltpan | lime kilns or malt kilns <br> shallow container in which saltwater is left to <br> evaporate leaving a deposit of salt <br> distillery |
| :--- | :--- |
| still | an enclosed domestic fire. Few are identified <br> in the hearth tax returns outside London, |
| stove | Bristol and in some very large houses. <br> public meeting place for trade |
| tollsey | leather worker |

## Glossary of Latin personal names

The forenames as written in these three lists present an inconsistent mix of Latin and English, either written in full or in an abbreviated version. In the 1662 list the names are generally written in full in English as in James Young (68). In the 1668 list the name appears as Jac[obus] Young (116) while in the 1670 list it is written as Jacobus Young (11). Sometimes an abbreviated name like Steph may represent the Latin Steph[anus] or the English Stephen so it is difficult to say which was the intended version.

With this in mind, the following glossary of names has been compiled showing the major variations. Where alternative modern versions are shown (with an asterisk) the first version given will be used in the index unless there is evidence from other lists that the alternative is correct (e.g. unless Jacob is given rather than James in one of the lists with English names, then Jacobus will be indexed as James).

## Version in document

Abr, Abrius
Alexa[nder]
Ambross
Andr
Anthus, Anthon, Anth
Auber
Barthollom, Bartholl, Barthol
Benja
Bridgett
Calib
Carol[us], Car
Christoforus, Xpofer, Christo, Xpo
Cicilia
Cornel
Danieli, Dane, Daniell
Dioniss[ius]

## Modernised version

Abraham
Alexander
Ambrose
Andrew
Anthony
Auberon
Bartholomew
Benjamin
Bridget
Caleb
Charles
Christopher
Cecilia or Cicely
Cornelius or Cornelia*
Daniel
Dennis

Version in document
Doroth
Edr[us], Ed[wa]r[d]us, Edw[ardus]
Edm
Egid[us]
Elinor[us], Elioner, Elianor
Eliza[bethus]
Florenc
Fortun[a]?
Franc, Frannc, Francus, Francs
Gabrieli, Gabriell
Georg[ius], Geo
Grac, Gratia?
Grigor
Hen[ri]c[us], Hen[ric]us, Henr, Henery
Humfr[edus], Humpr
Jac[obus], Jam
Jana, Jan, Jaie
Jasp
Jeffer, Jeffry[Jessy]
Jennett
Jer, Jem
Joael
Jocoss[a]
Johan
Johes, Joh, Jo
Jonath, Jonathan
Jonia, Jona
Jeremia
Judeth
Jonas
Josephus
Katherin
Laurenc, Lawrenc
Maria
Margar
Marger, Margeria, Margery
Marmarduc
Marth[a]
Martinus

Modernised version
Dorothy
Edward
Edmund
Giles
Eleanor
Elizabeth
Florence
Fortune
Francis or Frank*
Frann, Franncis, Frauncis
Gabriel
George
Grace
Gregory
Henry
Humfrey
James or Jacob*
Jane or Joan(na)*
Jasper
Jeffrey or Geoffrey*
Janet
Jeremy or Jeremiah*
Joel
Joyce
Joan(na)
John
Jonathan
Joan(na)
Jeremiah
Judith
Jonas
Joseph
Katherine or Catherine*
Laurence or Lawrence*
Mary or Maria
Margaret
Margery or Marjorie*
Marmaduke
Martha
Martin

Version in document
Math, Matheus
Mauric[ius]?
Maudlen
Michaell
Milo
Nath, Nathanneli, Nathan
Nehemia
Nich[ola]us
Patric[ius]
Petr[us]
$\mathrm{Ph}[$ ill] us, Phill
Precilla
Rachaell, Rachael
Radelph[us], Radolph
Rich[ard]us, Rich
Rob[er]tus, Ro
Rodric
Row
Samueli, Sam
Steph[an]us, Steph, ?Steven
Sylvecter
Thom, Tho
Timoth[eus]
Tobit
Will[elm]us, Will, Willm
Zacheria

Modernised version
Mathew or Mathias*
Maurice
Magdalen
Michael
Miles
Nathaniel or Nathan*
Nehemiah
Nicholas
Patrick
Peter
Phil(l)ip
Priscilla
Rachel
Ralph
Richard
Robert
Roderick
Ro(w)land
Samuel
Stephen or Steven*
Sylvester
Thomas
Timothy
Tobias or Toby*
William
Zacharias or Zachary*

# Bristol Hearth Tax Return for 1670 Michaelmas 

The National Archives E 179/116/541

## $1^{1}$

[cover] 22 Car. II Com[itatus] Civ[itatis]. Bristoll Subs[idium] Hearth money
(County of the city of Bristol payment hearth money)
m. 1

Com' Civit' \}
Bristoll \}
Duplic[amentum] Compotor[um] om[nium] et sing[u]lor[um] focorum et vaporar[um] angl[ie] hearths and stoves in o[mni]bus domibus edific[iis] cubicul[is] et camer[is] infra com[itatum] civit[atis] Bristoll p[re]d[icte] certificat[um] et retornat[um] p[er] sep[ar]al[es] officiar[ios] collectors et constabular[io]s infra com[itatum] civit[atis] Bristoll p[re]d[icte] $\sec [\mathrm{un}] \mathrm{d}[\mathrm{um}]$ Exigent[iam] sep[ar]al[es] act of parliament in that p[ar]te inactitat[um] ad gen[er]al[em] session[em] pacis dicti $\mathrm{R}[\mathrm{e}] \mathrm{g}[\mathrm{is}]$ Carol[is] sec[un]di nunc Anglie sc[ilicet] tent[am] p[er] adjournament[um] ap[u]d Guild[a] civit[atis] p[re]d[icte] pro com[itato] civit[atis] p[re]d[icte] die lune decimo Octavo die Septembr[is] Anno Regni d[i]c[t]i d[omi]ni Carol[is] Sec[un]di Dei Gra[tia] Angli[e] Scoc[ie] Franc[ie] et Hib[er]nie Regis fidei defens[or] vicesimo tertio 1671 cor[am] Joh[ann]e Knight ar[migero] major[e] Nathaneli Cale Walter[o] Sandey Ar[migero] Rob[er]to Cann mil[ite] et barr[oneto] Joh[ann]e Knight milit[e] Joh[ann]e Lawford Jo[hann]e Willougby ar[migero] Tho[me] Langton mil[ite] Tho[me] Stevens Joh[ann]e Hickes et Joh[ann]e Wright ar [migeris] Alderman[nis] Civit[atis] p[re]d[icte] justic[iariis] d[i]c[ti] d[om]in[i] R[egis] ad pacem in Com[itatis] Civi[tatis] p[re]d[icte] Conservand' necnon ad div[er]sa felon[ias] trans[gressiones] et al[ia] malef[ac[ta] in eod[e]m Com[itatu] p[er]p[er][trat[a] audiend' et terminand' assign[atis]:

## Translation

County of the city of Bristol
Duplicate of the accounts of all and singular the hearths and stoves (in English hearths and stoves) in all houses buildings rooms and chambers within the county of the city of Bristol aforesaid certified and returned by the several officials collectors and constables within the county of the city of Bristol aforesaid according to the exigency of a certain act of Parliament in that part registered at the general session of the peace of the said lord king Charles II now king of England held by adjournment at the Guildhall of the aforesaid city and county on the 18th day of September in the $23^{\text {rd }}$ year of the reign of the King
${ }^{1}$ See p. 87 for explanation of index reference numbers (IRN)
by the grace of God king of England Scotland France and Ireland defender of the faith before John Knight esquire and mayor, Nathaniel Cale and Walter Sandy esquires Robert Cann knight and barronet John Knight knight John Lawford and John Willoughby esquires Thomas Langton knight Thomas Stevens John Hickes and John Wright esquires, aldermen of the said city, justices of the said lord king assigned for keeping the peace in the said county and also for hearing and determining diverse felonies trespasses and other crimes in the same county
m. 1, col. 1

## Ward S[an]c[t]i Michaell[is] (Ward of St Michael)

Joseph Tilley
Thomas Williams et tenen
[blank] Whitchurch vid
Johes Legg
Johes England
Johes England
Thomas Attkins
Jacobus Reede
[blank] Winniatt vid
Thom Bisse
Henc Row
Thom Tayler
Willus Swymer
Thomas Jennins Ar
[blank] Langley
Christoforus Cary
Robtus Yeamans
Johes Hellier
Johes Gonning
Johes Saffin
Thomas Shewill
Robtus Henly
[blank] Redwood vid
Jonath Blackwell Ar
[blank] Hoyle
Thom Deane
[blank] Bull
Egid Case
[blank] Tyler vid
Thom Williams
Edr Hurne
Richus Jordan
Robtus Legg
Josephus Evans
[blank] Standfast
Owen Williams
[blank] Jones vid
[blank] Huttland 1
Johes Salter 2
Daniel Halley 4
Jacobus Bridger 10
Johes Harper 5
Johes Hickes 4
?Eusebeus Brookes² 6
2 Johes Smith 4
1 Thomas James 4
2 Richus Deane 5
3 Georg Lane 4
3 Willus Coock 4
2 Petrus Beckett 5
2 [blank] Farmer vid 6
4 Mathias Brady 3
5 Georg Streete 4
6 Marger Ayliffe 1
1 Paul Williams 2
5 Isaac Morgan 2
8 Johes Haggett 3
6 Willus Sperring 6
4 Thomas Fortune 1
7 Sydrac Cox sen 3
3 [blank] Ash vid 2
2 Rowland Satchfeild 5
2 [blank] Husband vid 3
2 Edward Mathews 6
8 Willus Clarke 4
9 Johes Gill 2
9 Phillus Willing 2
3 Willus Tucker 2
4 Samueli Jockham 2
6 [blank] Paull vid 3
4 Willus Martine 2
4 Robtus Tayler 2
2 Willus Jefferyes 2
10 Johes Boston 4
2 Mauric Burpott 2
Ann Smith 1
Beginn the other side

[^55]
## 3

m. 1, col. 2

Thomas Williams
Johes Knight Ar maior
Edr Cooke
Johes Sharpe
Jacobus Dolling
[blank] Child vid
Richus Rock
Willus Squire
Willus James
Henc Gough
Roger Holler
Edr Deverell
Thomas Ivey
Johes Hollister
Johes Brayne
Johes Jones
Johes Potter
Johes Lewis
[blank] Watts vid
Jacobus Lewis
Nath Addison
Johes Jordan
[blank] Hacknell vid
Georg Scuse
Willus Hill
[blank] Russell vid
Johes Nicholls
Richus Eston
Georg Mullens
Johes Hanger
Scott \& Bennett
[blank] Reech
Eliza Eston
Richus Deane
Richus Burford
[blank] Wiggens vid
Willus Crowdy
Willus Addis
Thomas Lukins
Johes Tucker
Margaret Gastadine

Maria Addison 1
Richus Beacon 2
Thomas Orchard 4
Thomas Penhulla 3
[blank] Harris vid 4
Willus Willson 2
Johes Eckley 5
[blank] Gleeson 1
Radelph Olliffe 3
Jacobus Elver 2
Joh Meacham 2
Vincent Thorne 3
Richus Hamme 7
Thom Saunders \& ten 4
Johes Raynor 1
Johes Raynor 1
Richus Lock 4
[blank] Cooke vid 4
Johes Oldbury 3
Fortun Symonds 3
Katherin Keene 1
Richus Hatten 2 \& 1 fornic
Willus King 2
Thom Bason 2
Matthias Jones 4
Rowland Tucker 5
[blank] Rainsetorpe 5
Robtus Harvey 2

## 4

m. 2, col. 1

Phillus Edwards 2 foc
Isabell Dunn 2
Edr Smith 2
Phillus Edwards 2
Johes Powell 1
Edr Smith 5
Walter Batten 1
Susanna Spencer 1
Willus Wellsteede 1
Zacheria Tovey 1
Eliza Neeves 2

Willus Williams
Rowland Griffin
Thom Buttler
Johes Williams
Willus Dale
Johes West
Richus Powell
Henus Rich
Nichus Warren
Doroth Hedges
Robtus Cornish
Thomas Cole
Daniell Gwilliam
Edrus Abbott
Willus England
Carolus Plomer
[blank] Coape vid
Johes Hercules
Thomas Axon
Johes Moore
[blank] Blannch vid
Willus Wale
Edward Jones
[blank] Brian vid
Henc Bray
Johes Pubblestone
Math Jolley
Jacobus Ellson
Alexa Cason \& tenen
Johes Jacob \& tenen
Joan Partridg
Matheus Kimkle
Johes Roch
Richus Wall
Johes Tucker
Willus Rodney
[blank] Grigson
Robtus Jacob
Willus Clarke
[blank] Gibbs vid
[blank] Hooke vid
[blank] Harvy vid
Edrus Tucker
[blank] Whittston vid
Ludovic Sheappard

1 Robtus Maunder 1
2 Maria Herbert 5
1 Hugo Ellott 4
1 Hugo Ellott 2
1 Willus Sheappard 2
2 Eliza Reede 3
2 [blank] Hughs 2
5 Johes Eckley 4
3 [blank] Davis vid 1
3 Johes Pickering 2
5 Nichus Newman 2
3 Johes Boone 2
3 [blank] Dymock vid 2
1 Edr Herring 1
3 Simon Wheately 2
5 Xpofer Hyett 3
2 [blank] Walker vid 3
2 [blank] Deaffeild vid 4
2 Joan Lewis 2
2 Edr Tippett 2
2 Robtus Dike 1
2 Robtus Dymock 2
3 Henr Emery 2
2
3
25
2
4 m. 2, col. 2
6
5 Cassandra Ball 2 foc
3 Phillus Kente 2
2 [blank] Sweete vid 2
$1 \& 1$ fornic [blank] Loupe vid 5
3 [blank] Loupe vid 3
6 Richus Harris 4
5 Johes Lugg 3
6 Thom Manstey 1
2 Arthur Tayler 1
3 Johes Richards 4
5 Johes Deighton 4
4 Jacobus Phelpes 2
5 Willus Grigg 3
3 Joseph Owen 3
6 Georg Clarke 4
6 Andr Hooke 6

Samuel Lloyd
[blank] Songh vid
Joseph Tucker
Henc Deighton
Robtus Tippett
Georg Smethwick
Robtus Hancock
Thomas Cole
Joseph Yeamans
Johes Bullock
Christopher Hompton
Willus Window
Willus Wells < vid>
[blank] Powell vid
Richus Nunney
Phillus Hanger
Georg Pittman
Edw Hopkins
Petr Edwards
Willus Quintaine
Johes Low
Franc Russell
Johes Lewis
Thom North
Edward Smith
Thomas Oattly
[blank] Goldby vid
Johes Cheshire
Samueli Smith
Oriana Lewis
Johes Rugg
Jacobus Fudger
Thom Aylewood
Thom Downes
Joseph Dobbins
Johes Beale
Willus Shipman
Johes Keene ${ }^{4}$
Johes Tucker
Andr Scott
Johes Phillipps
Josephus Fisher
Willus Bursall

6 Thomas James 2
3 Robtus Williams 1
4 [blank] Addison vid 1
9 Thom Stratton 4
2 Henc Haines 2
2 Arthur Andrews 2
2 Willus Tayler 1
5 Johes Courte 3
6 Rowland Sculk \& \}
Willus Martine \} 2
2 Thom Masters 3
2 Edr Willard 4
2 Abell Attwood 4
$1^{3}$ Will Brown 6
2 Johes Tomlinson 4
1 Richus Hudson 6
2 [blank] Gifford vid 2
2 Edm Ditty 2
4 Thom Fry 5
2 [blank] Attwood vid 2
2
3
26
5
4 m. 3, col. 1
$2 \& 1$ fornic
3 Sara Carey 5 foc
3 Willus Jones 2
3 Willus Jones jun 2
4 Roger Bevys 2
1 Johes Martin 3
3 Henc Gilbert 2
2 Dioniss Moon 2
3 Jo Lafosse 2
3 Jo Price 2
1 Johes Hudson 2
1 Danieli Williams 3
3 et 6 fornic Johes Seaward 2
5 Walter Sherland 2
1 Leonard Wellsteed 6
1 [blank] Addams vid 2
2 Doctor Martin 2
5 Petrus Chambers 2

3 This number is written over an unknown number.
4
1 foc et 6 fornic in CB version, f .79 v , col. 1 .
${ }^{4} 1$ foc et 6 fornic in CB version, f. 79 v , col. 1.

Richus Demster
Thom Bullman
Richus Nokes
Richus Northerne
[blank] Jones vid
[blank] Jones Cancellar
Samueli Crosseman Cler
Doctor Radelph Ironside
Gilbert d[omi]nno Ironside
[blank] Bubb
Alexa Jackson
Pownall vid
[blank] Pitts
Georg Williamson
Thom Deane
Willus Hartewell
Thom Prigg
Thom Addams
[blank] Symms vid
Rich Towgood
Edm Arundell
Henc Harris ${ }^{5}$
Egid Humberstone
Willus Hall
Richus Pascall
Dioniss Hollister
Danieli Furzer
[blank] Stuckey vid
Thom Plomley
Patric Neanesbury
Thom Rudge
Ann Smith
Willus Bentely
[blank] Greenefeild vid
Georg Downeing
Thom Grafton
Richus France
[blank] Potter vid
Thom Plomley [blank] King vid
Christo Large
Willus Haynes
[blank] Cooke
${ }^{5} 7$ foc in CB version, f. 80, col. 1.
${ }^{6} 2 f o c$ in CB version, f. 80, col. 1.

2 Doctor Dynham 6
4 Rowland Throupe 7
5 Johes Masey 11
10 [blank] Warren vid 4 vac
5 [blank] Woodward vid 6 vacan
5 Georg Williamson 5
7 Johes Tippett 2
6 [blank] Hudson ${ }^{6} 10$
14 [blank] Hobson 5
4 [blank] Hall vid 5
4 Robtus Lewis 2
6 Richus Ellsworth mil 5
4 Johes Cuttiford 3
4 Johes Tindall 3
5 Thom Pimm 4
4 [blank] Shewell vid 4
6 Roger Dixon 4
2 [blank] Reeves vid 2
4 [blank] Hill vid 5
9 Phillus Lewis ..... 3
6 Willus Harris ..... 2
2 [blank] Warron vid ..... 3
2 Georg Boucher ..... 6
2 [blank] Thomas ..... 5
5 Henc Crew ..... 4
4 [blank] Sparkes vid ..... 2
1 [blank] Haymond vid ..... 4
1 Willus White ..... 2
4 Johes Cotterill ..... 1
5 Benja Powell ..... 1
2 Nichus Willmett ..... 4

| Anthus Irish | 3 | Fabian Hill | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Richus Paull | 2 | Maudlen Kenner | 3 |
| [blank] Millard | 2 |  |  |
| [blank]Coale vid | 4 | (The following persons are paupers and have nothing whereof they may be distrained $)^{8}$ |  |
| [blank] Zenbury ${ }^{7}$ | 2 |  |  |
| [blank]Thomas | 2 |  |  |
| [blank]Paull | 6 | [blank] Hancock vid | 2 |
| [blank] Bankes vid | 4 | [blank] Howell vid | 2 |
| [blank] Rodney vid | 6 | [blank]Ollive vid | 2 |
| [blank] Taylor | 4 | Willus Whittney | 2 |
| Robtus Legg | 6 | Evan Lewis | 2 |
| [blank] Rennall | 6 | Thom Gatehouse | 2 |
| Robtus Tuppen | 1 | Franc Pritchard | 2 |
| Nichus Lux | 4 | Johes Flower | 1 |
| Robtus Taunton | 6 | Willus Snowdon | 2 |
| [blank] Lewen vid | 2 | Sara Saterly | 2 |
| Henc Russell | 4 | Robtus Buckstone | 2 |
| Godwin vid | 2 | Johes Jones | 1 |
| [blank] Pepwell vid | 2 | Sara Lawrence | 2 |
| Dioniss Moone | 3 | Gilbert Zeagar | 2 |
| Edr Evans | 2 | Margaret Blindman | 2 |
| Thom Lewill | 2 | Gabriell Dudderidge | 2 |
| Johes Dagg | 4 | [blank] Hurttnell vid | 2 |
| Robtus Lawford | 5 |  |  |
| Georg Bisse | 4 |  |  |
| Joseph Nicholls | 2 | 8 |  |
| Willus Gatehouse | 3 |  |  |
| Ann Michell | 2 | m. 4, col. 1 |  |
| [blank] Warren | 4 |  |  |
| Walter Fletcher | 3 | Willus Pittman ${ }^{9}$ | 1 foc |
| Willus England | 2 | [blank] Jones vid | 1 |
| Hercules Williams | 3 | Willus Terry ${ }^{10}$ | 2 |
| Samueli Davis | 3 | Richus Davis | 1 |
| [blank] Godwin | 2 | Johes Reede | 2 |
| [blank] Yeamans | 2 | Katherine King | 2 |
| Darby Coner | 2 | Thom Suck | 2 |
| [blank] Pitts vid | 2 | [blank] Collender vid | 2 |
| Thom Tippett | 5 | Johes Webb | 2 |
| Arthur Williams | 3 | Willus Lewis | 2 |
| [blank] Scotto | 3 | Willus Foster | 2 |
| Johes Meredith | 2 | Thomas Cooke | 2 |

${ }^{7}$ Lenbury vid in CB version, f. 80, col. 2.
${ }^{8}$ Translated from P[er]son[e] sequen[te]s sunt pauper[e]s et nihil habent distringan [tu]r. All subsequent headings are given in English. See p. 38 for a discussion of these headings.
${ }^{9}$ Widd Pittman in CB version f. 80, col. 2.
10 Widd Terry in CB version, f. 80. col. 2.
[blank] Cooke vid
Joan Briant
Tho Jones \& David Jones
Carolus Davis
Johes Meredith
?Hercea Jones ${ }^{11}$
Willus Jolly
Joseph Mills
Johes Norton
[blank] Smith vid
Frannc Austin
Thomas Potter
Eliza Thomas
Thomas Manfeild
Thomas Rogers
Johes Austin
Robtus Jones
Walter Player
Thomas Pitts
Thomas Ball
Abraham Lewis
Gilbert White
Xpofer Touchwood
Willus Blindman
Jacobus Fox
Robtus Fowler
Matheus Beale
Johes Beacon
David Tricketts
Sara Whiteing
Johes Stephens
Robtus Haskins
Gabrieli Deane
Johes Pendry
George Barnes
Jane Thomas [blank] White vid
[blank] Georges vid
[blank] Fishpill vid
Alicia Davis
Thomas Henant
Amey Bower
Johes Nicholls
Henc Biggs

2 [blank] Channell vid 2
1 Jacobus Prosser 2
2 Robtus Terry 1
2 Carol Richards 1
1 Thom Dollen 2
1 Willus Kineton 2
2 Johes Calloway 2
1 Willus Martin 2
2 Matheus Samm 2
2 [blank] Tayler vid 2
1 Willus Martine 2
1 Margaret Clavell 2
2 Johes Williams 2
1 [blank] Chilton vid 1
1 [blank] Whitting vid 2
1 [blank] Andrews vid 1
2 Johes Churchwood 2
2 George Edwards 1
1 Rowland Sculke 1
2 Phillip Millard 2
1 Xpofer Taylor 2
2 Thom Eastmont 2
1 Henc Kerby 1
1 Ann Whittengton 2
2 Jacobus Trimby 2

2 m. 4, col. 2
2 Johes Merriwether 1 foc
2 Jacobus Copeland 2
1 Georg Hiscox 1
2 Thom Townsende 2
1 Johes Jones 2
2 Willus Symonds 2
1 [blank] Harford vid 2
2 Richus Hancock 2
1 [blank] Collins vid 1
1 Joan Daniell 2
2 Henc Jones 1
1 [blank] Sealeing vid 1
2 Gabriell Tipputt 2
${ }^{11}$ Henry Fones in CB version, f. 80v, col. 2.

Isaac Hollwey
Maria Symonds
Morgan Medhurst
[blank] Allmond vid
[blank] Browne vid
Susanna Kelly
Nichus Kelly
[blank] Turner vid
Johes Reede
Edr Wise
[blank] Lewis vid
[blank] Frende vid
[blank] Lane vid
Johes Tench
Jacobus Farmer
Johes Willson
[blank] Hix vid
Willus Hardy
Willus Southall vacan

## Ward S[an]c[t]i Steph[an]i <br> (Ward of St Stephen)

Alicia Vickrisse
[blank] Powell vid
Johes Williams
Johes Fyson
Samuel Price
Robtus Dapwell ${ }^{12}$
Henc Compton
Johes Blaunch
Richus Morgan
[blank] Reeves vid
Thom Weare
Richus Munday
Johes Jones
George Coleman
[blank] Junn vid
Johes Smith ${ }^{13}$
Anthon Alderson
Anthon Randall
Georg White
Ann Poole
Josephus Hobbs

2 Robtus Jeffery 5
2 Joan Zelly 4
2 Jacobus Saunders 3
1 Alexa Morgan 5
1 Abraham Wilde 3
1 Johes Browne 3
1 [blank] Eyres vid 3
2 Maria Barbury 2
2 Math Mullens 2
2 Edr Evererd 4
2 Petr Walding 5
2 Willus Hames 7
2 [blank] Zellcox vid 4
1 Matheus Allington 5
2 Willus Parker 4 \& 3 fornic
2 [blank] Ginkleson vid 2
1 Johes Templeman 4
2 [blank] Bayly vid 5
2 Robtus Cleerer 4
Johes Clement 4
Johes Tayler 4
Thomas Haines 6
6 foc Thomas Moore 8
4 Robtus Bond 4
7 Willus Nicholas 5
8 Franc Bayliffe 9
4 [blank] Curett vid 4
4 Nichus Burne 4
7 Henc Jones 6
4
3
3
3
7
3 m. 5, col. 1
2
1 Samuel Clarke 10 foc
1 Matheus Wilkins 1
2 Jacobus Jordan 2
2 Willus Bull 2
1 Stephus Perry $4 \& 3$ fornic
5 Henc Baker 2
3 [blank] Cleere vid 2
3 Thomas Watts 2

[^56]| [blank] Bumsteed vid | 4 \& 2 fornic | Willus Trego | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Walter Tocknell | 6 | Johes Tovey | 5 |
| [blank] Lloyd vid | 4 | [blank] Brawler vid | 6 |
| Roger Drew | 2 | Richus Jones | 6 |
| Johes Scott | 2 | Edrus Crofte ${ }^{14}$ | 3 |
| Anthus Barrow | 2 | Thom Attkins \} | 4 |
| Johes Webb | 3 | Walter Fryer \} |  |
| Johes Browne | 2 | Johes Fryser | 10 |
| Johes Deane | 2 | Willus Harford | 5 |
| Thom Phelpes | 4 | Thom Attkins | 2 |
| Willus Welch | 3 | Thom Cades | 2 |
| Willus James | 3 | Johes Holland | 3 |
| Joael Perry | 3 | Roger Forggett | 1 |
| Samuel Warden | 4 | Phillus Grindham ${ }^{15}$ | 5 |
| Thomas Helman | 2 | Roger Peiterson | 4 |
| Johes Tagg | 2 | [blank] Lukins vid | 4 |
| Robtus James | 2 | Johes Shorte | 1 |
| Richus Leach | 2 | Henc Wilkes | 4 |
| Danieli Howard | 1 | [blank] Pale vid | 9 |
| Willus Clymer | 2 | Thom Linton | 10 |
| Robtus Badminham | 5 | [blank] Gould vid | 6 |
| Rachaell Fogg | 5 | [blank] Jones vid | 5 |
| Francus Tayler | 3 | Petrus Fortrue | 6 |
| Joseph Tilly | 4 | Thomas Salisbury | 3 |
| Arthur Grannt | 5 | Robtus Bradley | 5 |
| Johes Secom | 4 | Marmaduc Williams | 3 |
| Willus Phillpott | 6 | Willus Thrustone | 4 |
| Willus Sparkes | 2 | Johes Thompson | 2 |
| [blank] Griffen vid | 1 | Richus Evans | 3 |
| Richus Eames | 3 | Robtus Ricrofte | 2 |
| Robtus Pennington | 2 | Tobias Lamb | 2 |
| Edrus Williams | 4 | Samuell Hunt | 2 |
| Willus Merrick | 5 | Willus Hammon | 4 |
| Joseph Linton | 7 | [blank] Hodges vid | 3 |
| Thom Davyn | 4 | Willus Ling | 6 |
| [blank] Pearcy vid | 4 | Ludovic Roberts | 3 |
| Henc Hatton | 1 | Thomas Hutson | 5 |
| Willus Gastin | 1 | [blank] Cridgenny vid | 4 |
| Willus Harferd | 5 |  |  |
| Johes Jones | 6 |  |  |
| Jerem Mathews | 2 |  |  |

[^57]
## 11

m. 5, col. 2

Thomas Speede
Johes Birkine
[blank] Hodges vid
Willus Hughs
Jacobus Young
[blank] Burch vid
Johes Kempe
Johes Mosely
[blank] Orchard vid ${ }^{16}$
Johes Andrews
Johes Terrett
[blank] Sandey vid
Joseph Baker
Margaret Tyler
Henc How
Petr Murford
Johes Bramble
[blank] Jane vid
[blank] Dacres vid
Johes Minor
Guy Hill
Johes Kemis
Johes Mason
Timoth Browne
[blank] Cade vid
Willus Bonner
Thomas Barnes
Johes Flewellin
Nichus Nash
Henc Cott
Phillus Rogers
[blank] Sharpe vid
Richus Tucker
Georg Crest
[blank] Vaughan vid
Richus Heard
Eliza Pomrey
Jacobus Whittwood
Samson Downe

Richus Snellgrove 5
Thomas Smith 2
Richus Roberts 2
[blank] Harfordshire vid 4
Walter Daniell 2
Eliza Daniell 2
Willus Iles 1
Ann Mansell 2
Johes Addams 1
Maria Williams 1
Henc Addams 3
Brian Tandey 2
Willus Downes 2
Josephus Thomas 3
Johes Needes 2
Willus Stephens 3
Walter Carter 2
Joseph Lockstone $1 \& 1$ fornic
[blank] Wrighton vid 4
Petrus Orchard 2
Willus Prosser 1
Ann Shewell 1
[blank] Batten vid 8
Stephus Adsley 6
Daniel Luffeman 2
Simon Cogswell 2
[blank] Burges vid 1
Willus Astin 1
[blank] Graythorne vid 2
[blank] Williams vid 1
Johes Rogers 2
Thomas Rogers 3
[blank] Lawfill vid 4
[blank] Chambers vid 3
Thomas Walding 2
Jacobus Fuller 3
Matheus Jones 1
Phillus Jones 2
Willus Wigginton 1
Johes Castle 3
Barthollom Thomas 1

[^58]m. 6, col. 1

Willus Hayne
Johes King
Edr Jones
Tobias Woodward
Bartholl Penrose
Edrus Barrow
[blank] Bayly vid
Petrus Schambler
Willus Bayly
Thomas Pimm
Richus Davis jun
Edr Jones
Johes Jones
Richus Davis
Walter Clarke
Willus Normand
Ignatius White
Richus Browneing
[blank] Griffeth vid
Emanuell Avery
Thomas Wilkinson
Jonia Skinner
Johes Bush
Georg Weaver
Willus Sanchy
Johes Cox
Carol Andrews
Johes Mackrick
Marth Mullens
Richus Thomas
[blank] Lucas vid et tenen
Walter Hide
Xpofer Gould
[blank] Hillary vid
[blank] Walding vid
Edr Darnell
Georg Stokes
Franc Attwood
3

Johes Beard ,

Hercules Andrews 2
Johes Poole

Thom Prowse
2
[blank] Hedges vid 1
Alexa Ward 6
Robtus Bishopp 3
2 foc Johes Needes 4
[blank] Bathum vid 2
[blank] Williams vid 4
2 Carolus Jefferies 2
2 Thomas Lovell 3
1 Edr Tayler 3
1 Thom Bromage 1
3 Robtus Bisse 2
3 Johes Burt 6
2 Johes Watts 2
2 Jona Moxly 3
3 Edrus Jefferys 2
$2 \& 3$ fornac Johes Jeane 2
2 Johes Blachley 2
Willus Davis 5
Francus Hays 1
Henc Binton 1
Abraham Roone 4
Johes Johnson 2
Georg Playne 2
Willus Whisker 4
Richus Beacham 4
Johes Watts sen 1
Robtus Bisse 1
Willus King 1
Johes Ingram 1
Thomas Attkins 2
Robtus Day 1
Hayman vid 3
Francs Addams 4
Thomas Sheron 4
Willus Turner 5
Edr Jacob 15
m. 6, col. 2
(The following persons are paupers and have nothing whereof they may be distrained)

Willus Miller
Richus Reede
Willus Henam
Egid Kent
Johes Walter
Georg Maurice
Alice Seborne
Richus Cleaver
Willus Douglas
Johes Newman
Georg Phillipps
Christo Wilkinson
Nichus Boutcher
[blank] Georg vid
Henc Hurte
Willus Burnoll
Richus Nichollson
Johes Beard
[blank] Hobson vid
Robtus Prince
Johes Hays
[blank] Lush vid
Johes Kennen
Jenkin Webb
Henc James
Blannch Henery
[blank] Codner vid
Maria Limbrey
Willus Banton
Johes Stannton
Johes Taylor
Edmond Taylor
Johes Charles
Johes Janes
Francus Tayler
Willus Prior

2 foc
2
2
2
Christian Huggens ..... 1
Richus Powell ..... 2
Richus Demm ..... 1
Arthur Bible ..... 1
[blank] Norris vid ..... 1
[blank] Symonds vid ..... 1
Ward S[an]c[t]i Jacobi
(Ward of St James)
Josephus Creswick ..... 5 foc
Thom Lugg ..... 3
Thomas Higgins ..... 1
[blank] Eades vid ..... 1
Simon Tovey pro quadam
domo vocat le meeting house ..... 6
Phillus Harris ..... 5
Thomas Iles \& tenen ..... 3 \& 1 fornic
Edr Robins ..... 2
Phillus Driver ..... 2
Edr Bush ..... 3
Willus Rogers ..... 1
Ludovic Cox ..... 2
[blank] Prosser vid ..... 1
Thom Rawley ..... 2
[blank] Chattwell vid ..... 4
Johes Tyler ..... $2 \& 1$ fornic
Petr Demollin ..... 6
Thomas Hayter ..... 3
Richus Christmas ..... 6
[blank] Toope vid ..... 3
Georg Lambert ..... 2
Georg Lamb \& Tenen ${ }^{17}$ ..... 2
Richus Hooper ..... 5
Barnard Copeman ..... 2
Margaret West ..... 2
Richus Dymock ..... 4
Johes Thomas ..... 6
Thomas Row ..... 4
Johes Watkins ..... 3
Maria Eaton ..... 3
Henc Walker ..... 4
Johes Weekes ..... 2

[^59]14
m. 7, col. 1

Henc Randall
Rachael Rickman
Ambross Hancock
Johes Comberbatch
Christo. Wise
Edr Woodruffe
Thomas Greene
Johes Harris
Frann Paine
Willus Baugh
Willus Grigg
Johes Bilby
Humfr Greene
Johes England
Egid Gough
Thomas Cullimore
Johes Gayte
Joseph Senscal
[blank] Brooke vid
Willus Berwick
Emanuell Tether
Thom Perkes
[blank] Price vid
[blank] Eagles vid
SimonTovey
Robtus Hodges
Georg Hodges
Robtus Olliffe
Thom Reeve
Thomas Wood
[blank] Moore vid
Nichus Cooper
Henc Margery
Johes Jordan
Richus Lymon
Thomas Maddox
Samuel Buttler
Johes Hide
[blank] Cattford
18 Hix in CB version, f. 83v, col. 2.
\& Fox vid ${ }^{18} 3$
Willus Smith 2
Willus Rogers 10
Gratia Smith 4
4 foc Johes Dowell 8
1 Johes House 3
5 Johes Pickering 4
5 Robtus Noble 4
3 Johes Styant 3
4 ThomTayler 3
5 Willus Tege 6
6 Simon Dixon 3
6 [blank] Rogers vid 3
7 Morgan Jones 1
5 Johes Isles 2
7 Robtus Ayles 2
3 Henc Stephens 3
7 Thom Sheppard 3
5 [blank] Blackway vid 3
3 Thom Walter 4
2 Joshua Holbert \& ten 5
3 Hugo Pearce 3
3 Willus Turner 4
3 Willus Lockstone 3
3 Thom Combs 1
3 Maria Browneing 3
2 [blank] Powell vid 5
3 [blank] Long vid 2
6 foc et 2 furnos [blank] Gemleft vid 2
ang[lic]e ovens Benja Fleetewood 2
4 Joseph Phelpes 2
2 [blank] Baber vid 2
4 Thom Stockman 2
4 Andr Snow 3
2 Thomas Flower 2
3 Isaac Deverel 4
2 Johes Cooke 3
1 Edr Terrell 4
4 [blank] Waterford vid 3
3 Willus Bayly 2
3 [blank] Filpott vid 3
2 [blank] Cause vid 2
3 Johes Brooke 3
Georg Evans 2
[blank] Ellis vid ${ }^{19}$
Georg Evens ${ }^{20}$
Herbert Vaughan
Thom Crumpe
Willus Parry
Thomas Phillipps
Johes Hawkins
Ludovic Morgan
Thom Warren
Alexa Mercer
Johes Waterford
Tho Evans
[blank] Dawson vid
Joseph Broade
Andr Baker
Willus Bowen

## 15

m. 7, col. 2

Johes Cornish
Willus Duddlestone
Thom Rosser
Josephus Haines
Willus Turner \& tenen
Johes Edmunds \& tenen
Edr Clifford
Edr Deale
Johes Collins
Tho Possett
Johes Walton
Henc Dawson
Thomas Mason
Georg Evans
[blank] Brenston vid
Edr Dudderidge
Will Wms
Johes Harcomb
Johes Deavorill
Antho Blissard

3 Willus Saunders 1
5 Willus Ricketts 1
5 Johes Hoppkins 3
6 Thom Hartely 3
2 Thom Manstey 3
3 Robtus Noake 2 \& 1 fornic
3 Jeremie Browne 3
4 Thom Wright 4
3 Edr Hart 2
2 Edr Martin 2
1 Johes Bush 3
3 [blank] Sullcock vid 4
1 Thom Johnson 3
1 Petrus Polsom 2
2 [blank] Buttler vid 2
2 Willus Pleydwell 5
Jacobus Fullwood 3
Johes Morgan 3
[blank] Collens vid 2
Luke Hide 2
Stephus Nicholls 1
Joseph Moore 2
2 foc Rich Purdew 4
2 Johes Bath 2
2 Willus Harding 3
2 Conomel Britten 2
2 Ludovic Jones 2
3 Richus Patrick 2
2 Richus West 2
3 Willus Baker 3
3 Richus Davis 2
2 Johes Bennett 5 \& 1 furn
2 Thom Harris 4
4 Abr Davis 1 \& 1 fornic
5 Johes Lord 2
4 [blank] Lawrence vid 2
1 Henc Harding 1
2 Johes Willis 1
1 Johes Willson 3
2 Robtus Nomney 2
2 Johes Moggs 2
2 Thom Kill 2

[^60]Henc Long
Johes Cundrick
Johes Moggs sen
Richus King
Lazarus Moggs
Willus Francklin
[blank] King vid
Thom Godwin
Eliza Barwick
Francus Bell
Johes Hooke
Johes Everton
Thom Winston
Georg Ball
Thom Edwards
Willus Throughton
Humfr Nicholls
Joseph James \& ten
Willus Olliver
Robtus Fry
Thomas Stephens
Samuel Mainstone
Willus Scott
Georg Harte
Willus Ball
Margeria Collins
Franc Cossill
[blank] Jones vid
Smith vid \&
Beake vid ${ }^{21}$

## 16

m. 8, col. 1

Alexa French
Edrus Sheppard
Jana Kitchen
Thom Browne
Johes Amson
Willus Spring
Willus Pledwell

2 Thomas Howell
2 \& 1 fornic Richus Jones6

2 Thom Davys \}
5 [blank] Hughs vid1

4 [blank] Barnes vid 3
6 [blank] Lewis vid 4
1 Edr Sheappard 5
5 Johes Stephens 2
6 Johes Stephens sen 2
3 Edmund Noble 2
4 Thom Pascall 2
3 Johes Worrey 5
3 Willus Stafford 4
4 Willus Chapman 3
5 [blank] Masters vid 6
4 Nichus Tilley 11
6 Henc Northall 3
9 [blank] Cause vid 6
10 Georg Higgs 3
4 Willus Williams 2
6 Ann Bricker 4
3 [blank] Baugh vid 5
3 Christopher Hix 1
3 Richus Hix 1
2 Johes Brian 3
3 Thomas Hottkins 4
3 Johes Tayler 3
3 Thomas Gibbs \& \}
Timoth Cattle \} 5
6 [blank] Reeke vid 4
Willus Lifelly 4
Johes Nicholls 1
Johes Lane 2
[blank] Fisher vid ${ }^{22} 5$
Jacobus Claxton 4
Maria King 2
3 foc [blank] Poore vid 1
6 Johes Whilles 1
2 Johes Crooke 1
2 Jacobus Everett 4
2 [blank] Andrews vid 2
2 Dioniss Hollister 2
4 Radelph Cooper 2
${ }^{21}$ These two names bracketed together in CB version, f. 84v, col. 2.
${ }^{22}$ Usher vid in CB version, f. 85, col. 1.

Le Smiths Hall
Petrus Gill
Le Bakers Hall
[blank] Beake
Robtus Presser
Johes Hall
Lazarus Wing
Johes Combs
[blank] Farnell vid
Arthur Farnell
Johes Parsons ${ }^{23}$
Robtus Martin
Georg Ames
Georg Hedges
Willus Hellary
Barnab Skinner
Johes Weste
Hugo Lewis
Johes West \& tenen
Willus Window
Willus Gill
Simon Clarke
Henc Gerris
Willus Weavers
Gratia Eaton
Johes Comberbatch
[blank] Biddlestone
Symon Browne
Thomas Owen
Walter Bland
Ludovic Reede \& tenen
Thomas Morris
Johes Champion
[blank] Hawkins vid \& ten
Robtus Thomas
Richus Tayler
Richus Frapp
Robtus Hitchins
Joseph Kipping
Robtus Martine
Phillus Harris
Georg Dwight

## 17

2
4 Hugo Downeam
4
4
Jacobus Moorden ..... 4
3 Henc Lloyd ..... 11
7 Willus Hunt ..... 3
2 Grac Brigg ..... 3
2 Henc Galloway ..... 5
Aviss Ellis ..... 4
4 Johes Snow ..... 5
Le vestry house ..... 1
3 Thomas Horne ..... 5
[blank] Bowen vid ..... 5
David Lewis ..... 3
3 Thomas Ellis ..... 8
3 Thomas Ellis ..... 9
1 Thom Ellis per le wash house ..... 2
[blank] Wood ..... 11
Godfrey Venton ..... 5
7 Johes Tucker ..... 2
Willus Joblin ..... 5
Henc Biggs ..... 3
Simon Venor ..... 2
Johes Haines ..... 2
Nathanneli Pope ..... 2
Richus Kinge ..... 2
Barnab Skinner ..... 4
Franc Yeamans ..... 3
Humfr Wells ..... 1
Willus Hobson ..... 4
Johes Moone ..... 3
Johes Allen ..... 4
Nichus Payne ..... 4
Willus Shatford ..... 4
[blank] Meredith vid ..... 9
[blank] Giles vid ..... 6
Andr Ball ..... 4
[blank] Davis vid ..... 6
[blank] Gay vid ..... 2
[blank] Bumsteed vid ..... 
m. 8, col. 2
Johes Phillipps ..... 2 foc5



$\square$

35

Georg Hearth et ten
Willus Hopwood
Nichus Whitebread
Johes Duckett
Johes Hodges \& ten Johes Cromwell Willus Sheappard Sara Davis
Edr Badham
Johes Low
Johes Screene
Willus Thomas
Willus Dunn
Edr Bowen
Richus Watts
Phillus Patrick
Henc Foord \& ten
Johes Clarke
Tho Poyte
Evan Thomas
Robtus Nicholls
Jacobus Harris
Willus Smith
Johes Mash
[blank] Blackmore vid
Thomas Olliver
[blank] Harvy vid
Hannibal Garlick
[blank] Singer vid
Thomas Fisher
[blank] Purnell vid
Le Schoole house
Petrus Dowle
Johes Swettman
Xpo Hyett
[blank] Rennes vid
Johes Lloyd
Johes Tucker
Edr Pearce
[blank] Purnell vid
Jacobus West
[blank] Sweeper vid
[blank] Bird vid

5 Roger Hardridg 4
3 [blank] Millard vid ..... 34

2 (The following persons are paupers and have 5 nothing whereof they may be distrained)1
6 Willus Whitfeild ..... 2
2 Matheus Kenn ..... 1
2 Damosin Jeffries ..... 2
1 Thomas Hawkins ..... 2
1 [blank] Brockman vid ..... 2
2 Sara Kenn ..... 2
3 Johes Limbric ..... 1223622
2 Johes Brooke ..... 2 foc
3 Ludovic Jones ..... 1
3 Thomas Pascall ..... 2
3 Thomas Blye ..... 2
3 Johes Cole ..... 2
3 Johes Dellman ..... 1
4 \& 1 furn [blank] Tayler vid ..... 3
ang[lic]e 1 oven Margaret Pritchard ..... 2
6 Willus Smith ..... 2
1 [blank] Day vid ..... 2
4 Johes Williams ..... 2
4 Evan Farneham ${ }^{24}$ ..... 2
4 Robtus Blaunch ..... 1
5 [blank] Hunt vid ..... 1
5 Willus Gay ..... 1
6 Richus Chapman ..... 1
1 Johes Giles ..... 1
2 Johes Williams ..... 2
3 Johes Morgan ..... 1
3 Milo Seeworth ..... 1
3 [blank] Price vid ..... 1
7 Thomas Nicholls ..... 1
10 David Pritchard ..... 2
4 Henc Knowles ..... 1
3 Johes Russell ..... 1

[^61]Joan Rider
[blank] Andrews vid
Jo Williams
Georg Hollister
Roger Richards
Xpofer Haines
Henc Lane
Thom Brissleton
Maria Hayword
[blank] Ricketts vid
Johes Marsh
Johes Jackson
Math Heage
Johes Morgan
Johes Smith
Johes Lewellin
Thom Woolfor
Walter Jones
Johes Roch
[blank] Wilkinson vid
Thomas Wallis
Leonard Veazy
Richus Hix
Johes Roberts
Willus Millard
Thom Tanner
Johes Davis
Willus Warrell
Richus Cause
Johes Love
Franc Hix
Ann Gibson
Radolph Andrews
Francus Tench
Ann Pitt
[blank] Cooke vid
[blank] Evans vid
Richus Cause
[blank] Edwards vid
Alic Page
Stannton Battman
Simon Cadley
Abr Scott
Willus Parnell
Thom Jones

1 Jacobus Ireland 2
2 Nathan Fleetewood 2
2 [blank] Phillipps vid 2
2 Augustin Crew 2
2 Johes Raynolds 2
1 Thom Greene 2
2 [blank] Daniell vid 1
2 Willus Pearce 2
2 Willus Reynolds 2
2 Johes Slaughter 2
2 Willus Lovell 1
1 Jacobus Bell 2
2 Georg Elkton 1
2 Johes Buck 2
1 Robtus Newton 2
2 Jacobus Garland 2
2 Anthus Bush 1
2 Johes Barly 2
2
2
$2 \quad 19$
2
2
m. 9, col. 2

2 Johes Stephens 2 foc
1 Thomas Jayne 2
2 Thom Painber 2
2 Johes Thomas 1
1 Edr Buttler 1
2 Richus Boxwell 1
2 Humfr Parsons 2
1 Thomas Cooke 2
1 Joan Tompson 1
1 [blank] Baker vid 1
1 Thom Badham 2
2 Christopher Gough 2
1 Edr Olliffe 2
2 Tobias Fox 2
2 Johes Hine 2
1 Walter Jenkines 2
2 Griffen Browne 2
1 Maria Nash 2
1 George Evans 2
2 Carol Browne 1
1 Nichus Palmer 1

George Webb
Henc Phillipps
Richus Griffen
[blank] Hodges vid
Richus King
Hugo Witherly
[blank] Abbington vid
Thom Tippett
Jacobus Tucker
Franc Cotten
Willus Hayter
Henc Clarke
Willus Bittle
Walter Craddock
Willus Thayer
[blank] Cannens vid
Willus Williams
Anthus Attkins
Henc Young
Maria Roth
Johes Hyett
West vid
Joan Peters
Johes Davis
Johes Cromwell
Petr Wood
Amy Jones
[blank] Clarke vid
Richus Bullon
Jacobus Phillips
[blank] Vassey vid
Georg Earle
Willus Verry
Mauric Griffen
[blank] Hemming vid
[blank] Hall vid
Margaret Bellister vid
[blank] Millsome vid

2 Ward S[an]c[t]i Andoeni
2 (Ward of St Ewen) ${ }^{25}$
1 Willus Stephens 3 foc
1 Johes Smith 4
[-] [blank] Howell vid 1
1 Jacobus Jones 1
1 Joseph Berry 10
2 Johes Jones 1
1 Jacobus Wathen 5
1 Thomas Jones 4
1 Georg Boutcher 6
1 [blank] Davis vid 6
1 Edr Bussle 7
1 Johes Deane 5
2 Gerard Arnold 3
1 Johes Cooke 1
2 Will Mooreman 4
1 Edr Ringrose 1
1 [blank] Stephens vid 1
1 Johes Gouswell 5
1 Willus Jones 6
11

20

1
1 m. 10, col. 1
1
1 Willus Smith 3 foc
2 Thomas Morgan 4
2 [blank] Hearh vid ${ }^{26} \quad 1$
2 Elizabeth Gardner 6
1 Anth Deane 2
1 Henc Fildurst 2
2 Johes Smith 2
2 Franc Little 3
2 [blank] Long vid 1
1 Will Jones 1
2 [blank] Belcher vid ${ }^{27} 2$
Phillus Corterd 5
[blank] Seaward vid 7
Morgan Tayler 3
Willus Hughes 1

[^62]Edr Smith
Thom Moores
Le Tollsy ${ }^{28}$
Roger Evans
Richus Olliver
Willus Jackson
Tho Olfeild
Johes Wathen
Willus Davis
Richus Beckham
[blank] Wright vid
Johes Bowen
Johes Beck
Joseph Creswick
Richus Hart
Thomas Haines
Johes Gillman
Samueli Tayler
Jerem Hollwey
Richus Kirwood
Thom Millard
Johes Robins
Thom Browne
Franc Yeamans
Hugo Baldwin
Robtus Webster
Thomas Wall
Thom Pomfrett
Math Hazard
Thomas Thomas
[blank] Marten vid
Johes Smith
Nichus Fox
Johes Estwick
Nichus Meredith
Franncis Stannton
Anthus Brereton
Abr Weare
[blank] Nickens vid
Johes Hollister [blank] Moore vid
Johes Lewellin
3 Richus Clifford ..... 7
1 Tobias Reede ..... 4
1 Johes Crooch ..... 4
5 Phillus Dorney ..... 3
9 Richus Mellichapp ..... 4
2 [blank] Hellier vid ..... 2
4 Nath Webb ..... 1
3 Richus Arthur ..... 7
7 Richus Jordan ..... 2
8 Johes Hercules ..... 2
7 Richus Marten ..... 5
12 Radelph Farmer ..... 5
4 Henc Gough ..... 6
8 Carol Lanfire ..... 2
10 Eliza Harper ..... 2
6 Edr Hurne ..... 13
8 Will Crooch ..... 4
1 Hugo Rudley ..... 3
7 Jacobus Pitts ..... 5
2 Anthon Gay ..... 6
3 Anthon Gay vac ${ }^{29}$ ..... 3
11 Robtus Gonning Ar ..... 9
1 Richus Streamer ..... 11
5 Arthur Heart ..... 6
2 Geo Lymell ..... 7
7 Johes Gwinn ..... 4
3 Anth Gay ..... 9
4 Tho Travis ..... 244
8
2132 m. 10, col. 22
6 [blank] Paulmer clr ..... 4 foc
5 [blank] Owen vid ..... 8
3 Richus Pugsly ..... 4
2 Robt Yate ..... 11
4 Robtus Cann mil ..... 10
2 Thom Prewett ..... 4
4 Robtus Yeaman mil ..... 15
6 Will Hasle ..... 8

[^63]| Tho Speede | 8 | [blank] Fry vid | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Steph Chapman | 10 | Joseph Kippen | 3 |
| Johes Lawford | 8 | Carol Harford | 6 |
| [blank] Crofts vid | 7 | Willus Clutterbuck | 8 |
| Will Lyson | 8 | Jacobus Attwood | 6 |
| Will Holmes | 4 | Franc Fisher | 7 |
| Edr Hazard | 6 | [blank] Colston | 5 |
|  |  | Georg Stearte | 2 |
| (The persons following are paupers and have nothing whereof they may be distrained) |  | Johes Roberts | 2 |
|  |  | Tho Standfast | 4 |
|  |  | Thomas Moggs | 5 |
| [blank] Jones vid | 1 | Jacobus Freeman | 5 |
| [blank] Driver vid | 1 | Henc Gibbs | 6 |
|  |  | Abr Cole | 3 |
| Ward S[an]c[t] Trinitat |  | Willus Denby | 2 |
| (Ward of Holy Trinity) |  | David Haines | 5 |
| Willus Jeffries | 6 foc | Maria Smith | 4 |
| Eliza Cooper vid | 4 | Thom Pascall | 2 |
| Johes Tyler | 2 | Willus Sloper | $3 \& 5$ de nova fac |
| Willus Holt | 2 | Johes Morris | 2 |
| Willus Dealeing | 3 | Maria Reede vid | 1 |
| Willus Radman ${ }^{30}$ | 3 | Christopher Abell | 1 |
| Richus Grimsley | 3 \& 1 fornic | Phill Staynard | 3 |
| Sara Pardoe | 3 | Ricus Benson | 4 |
| Tho Harris | 4 | [blank] Moone vid | 3 |
| Nathan Merry | 4 | Richus Horseman | 1 |
| Hanna Packer | 4 | Johes Clarke | 3 |
| Johes Browne | 2 | Nathan Day | 3 |
| Petr Hawkins | 3 | Johes Haggett Ar | 8 |
| Henc Deddicott | 4 | Dane Pinne | 3 |
| Thom Wattkins | 2 | Nichus Shute | 2 |
| Samueli Whitlock | 3 |  |  |
| Tho Barrett | 3 |  |  |
| Georg Tucker | 3 | 22 |  |
| Tho Window | 3 |  |  |
| Phillus Gibbons | 2 | m. 11, col. 1 |  |
| Johes Friver | 4 |  |  |
| Elizabeth Cartwright | 4 | Humfr Costley | 3 foc |
| Nicholas Hort | 2 | Franc Yeamans | 6 |
| Eliza Beaman vid | 6 | Johes Lovering | 4 |
| Joan Snell | 4 | Nichus Fox | 12 |
| Jacobus Fisher | 4 | Eliza Sheward vid | 14 |
| Sam Clement | 3 | Franc Little | 3 |
| Xpo Pitt | 6 | Robtus Pennington | 20 |

[^64][blank] Wells vid
Henc Hobb
Timothe Townsend
Johes Combs
Jacobus Baskervill
Abraham Nicholls
Solomon Wasson
Joseph Jenkins
Tho Clifford
Johes Luffe
Willus Baugh jun
[blank] Pascall vid
[blank] Aldworth vid
Roger Baber
Johes Horton
Robtus Edwards
Willus Chappell
Thom Prigg
Johes Jones
Johes Baker
Auber Mills
Robtus Aldworth
Tho Snellgrove
Xpofer Robertson
Jacobus Morgan
Edr Toplady
Richus Tucker
Edr Toplady ${ }^{31}$
Richus Tucker ${ }^{32}$
Richus Hollister
Richus Payne
Tho Watts
Thom Benson
Doctor Dunbarr
Willus Dangerfeild
Morgan Williams
Jonath Sandford
Sam Tayler
Anne Parry vid
Tho Symmons
Tho Smart
Sam Perencheife

8 Willus Dence
3 Cornel Slibbs \}
7 [blank] Biggs vid ${ }^{33}$
2 Richus Reede
6 Willus Goodman 3
3 Abel Fox 3
3 Arthur Vizard 5
2 Henc Freeman 3
1 Willus Dunneing 8
7 Tho Shuter 4
3 [blank] Davis vid 4
5 Georg Deighton 5
8 Johes Gillard 3
3 Henc Thomas 2
5 Samuell Boutcher 3
2 Walter Flower 2
1 Thomas Davis 2
2 Richus Long 3
1 Willus Jones 1
3 Franc Carey 4
3 Johes Morgan 2
12 Hugo Williams 2
3 Georg Johns 2
4 Willus Saunders 3
6 Jacobus Cades 8
8 [blank] Warren 2
3 Richus Bigglestone 2
8 Willus Saunders 2
8 Thomas Edmonds 3
3 Johes Samm 3
6 Willus Tilley 5
5 Jonathan Edwards 6
4 Matheus King 5
1 Thomas Sinderly 3
1 Rebecca Vineyard 2
4 Margaret Smith 1
4 Eliza Reynolds 1
7 Sara Williams 5
1 [blank] Willett 3
4 [blank] Mayor vid 3
5 [blank] James vid 4
4 Henc Griffen 5

[^65]Henc Scoper
[blank] Evans vid

## 23

m. 11, col. 2

Jo Haggett
Johes Browne
Johes Oxford
Joseph Scory
[blank] Grindhome vid
[blank] Jeffries vid
Susan Bedman
Johes Pope
[blank] Farmer
Henc Joyner ${ }^{34}$
Johes Woolby
Walter Hobb
Willus Tayler
Johes Wright Ar
Arthur Swymer
Willus Hedgell
Willus Wattkins
Nichus Berry
Willus Ward
Tho Watts
Franc Howell
Johes Brann
Edr Tuttle
Rich Cley
Johes Winbury
Johes Boutcher
Hugo Turford
Johes Paine
Johes Goodchilde
Johes Gillman
Willus James
[blank] Feare vid
Jerem Courtney
Henc Clement
Elisha Webb

2 Robtus Olliffe 3
1 Richus Standfast 4
Barwic Brinn2
[blank] Hansome ..... 2
Warner Lucas ..... 2
Willus Woodworth ..... 4
Henc Elkinton ..... 4
Nichus Bernard ..... 3
4 foc [blank] Lampt vid ..... 2
2 Xpofer Ashman ..... 3
1 Samuel Godd ..... 3
1 Edr Dunn ..... 2
3 Thom Monkes ..... 1
6 Johes Davis ..... 1
3 Edr Parris ..... 3
2 Margery Godsall ..... 3
2 Joseph Phillipps ..... 3
4 Eliza Clarke vid ..... 2
2 [blank] Chatton vid ..... $3^{35}$
1 Roger Harmall ..... 4
2 Vincent Snelleing ..... 3
7 Alic Phillipps ..... 2
3 Jane Lee vid ..... 2
4 Thom Pearce4 [blank] Driver vid2
3 Johes Mason ..... 2
2 [blank] Sandford ..... 2
4 Willus Bickham ..... 3
3 Johes Stayers ..... 2
2 Tho Tayler ..... 4
2 Thom Rich ..... 3
3 Johes Gandy 2 foc \& lfornic
Alexa Perkins ..... 3
2 Johes Gandey ..... 3
3 Johes Gandey ..... 4
3 Johes Mason ..... 3
2 Thomas Davis ..... 1
2 Robus Walter ..... 4
2 Willus Bridgett ..... 5
2 Willus Eady ..... 5

[^66](The following persons are paupers and have Margaret Hosey vid ..... 2
nothing whereof they may be distrained) Thomas Hughes ..... 2
dom vacan ..... 2Thom Hobson custos gaole de
[blank] Powell vid ..... 1
Newgat negat solutionem pro 10 Johes Hand ..... 1
Elioner GouldEliza PurdueRobtus Cudimore1 Willus Jeffries1
1 Maria Bradshaw ..... 2
$[1]^{36}$ Johes Smith ..... 3
Barthol Brittle 2 [blank] Powell vid ..... 1
Edr WatkinsWillm SansomeThom HallThom TownsendPhillus SypherdAnn Parr
1 [blank] Williams vid ..... 2
Joan Driver ..... 1
2 Johes West ..... 1
2 Isaac Freinde ..... 2
2 Willus Bland ..... 1
1 [blank] Benson vid ..... 1Willus InonEliza Gething
24
m. 12, col. 1Elizabeth EdwardsWillus SurmanRichus Surman ${ }^{37}$Richus Jones
1 [blank] Martin vid ..... 1
1 [blank] Haskins vid ..... 2
[blank] Berrett ..... 1
Anthon Lewis ..... 2
[blank] Ingram vid ..... 1
[blank] Comberbatch vid ..... 1
[blank] Hawkins vid ..... 1
Joan Bennett ..... 1
1 foc [blank] Hopkins vid ..... 1
1 Maria Harford ..... 1
1 Sara Grudge ..... 2
Johes Lewis ..... 2
Gabriel HixMath Tibbott
Henc Wearer ..... 2
Willus CoxJohes Stone
Ward de Castro
(Ward of Castle)Johes HulbertJocoss Dandey[blank] Willett vid
Georg GammonJocoss Miles[blank] Lewis vidThomas MeredithMarcus JonesWillus FraunceWillus Babbicomb
Nichus Dubben3 foc
2 Willus Rogers ${ }^{38}$ ..... 2
2 Johes Higcox ..... 1
3 Maria Smith ..... 1
1 Maria Lovell ..... 5
2 Johes Woolvin ..... 5
[blank] Ellett vid ..... 4
Johes Deane ..... 2
Xpofer Dangerfeild ..... 3
2 Richus Hibbert ..... 5
$\qquad$

| Thom Parsons | 4 | [blank] Edwards vid | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Edmund Gagg ${ }^{39}$ | 5 | Johes Low | 5 |
| Johes Moates | 3 | Willus Baldwin | 5 |
| Christian Loosely | 5 | Willus Tayler | 3 |
| Henc Pearce | 2 | Alexa Cooper | 4 |
| Johes Parker | 4 | Edrus Tyler | 3 |
| [blank] Widding vid \& ten | 3 | Thom Morris | 1 |
| Alexa Kerswell | 4 | Franc Page | 2 |
| Jacobus Villson | 3 | Johes Tincombe | 2 |
| [blank] Hollcomb vid | 2 | [blank] Cooke vid | 1 |
| [blank] Williams vid | 1 | Jacobus Burpitt | 2 |
| Willus Tayler | 4 \& 1furn | Johes Johns | 2 |
| Daniell Drew | 3 | Jacobus Long | nulla distr |
| Willus Walker | 1 | Willus Horwood \& tenen | 4 |
| Stephus Wall | 1 | Robtus Drew | 2 |
| [blank] Warrington vid | 1 | Aaron West ${ }^{41}$ | 2 |
| Phillus Knight ${ }^{40}$ | 1 | Johes Ricketts | 2 |
| Johes Turnor | 1 | [blank] Snead vid | 3 |
| Henc Beheathland | 4 | Walter Lukas | 6 |
| Richus Mosden | 3 | Johes Parker | 3 |
| Thom Barnes | 4 | Thomas Snell | 3 |
| Henc Willoughby | 7 | Jasp Kellaway | 3 |
| Henc Westover | 4 | Eliza Light | 3 |
| Johes Smith | 3 | Willus Beath | 4 |
|  |  | Gilbert Stullen | 3 |
|  |  | [blank] Roach vid | 4 |
| 25 |  | Willus Powne | 4 |
|  |  | Willus Collins | 4 |
| m. 12, col. 2 |  | Tobias Britten | 4 |
|  |  | Johes Hardman | 4 |
| Willm Gould | 2 foc | Roger Perkins | 2 |
| [blank] Howkeworth | 5 | Edr Perrin | 6 |
| Henc Langford | 2 | [blank] West vid | 2 |
| Willus Harford | 1 | [blank] Evans vid | 3 |
| Johes Higgins | 1 | Johes Prickett | 3 |
| [blank] Brewer vid | 1 | Richus Blinman | 2 |
| Jo Morgan | 1 | Robtus Skinner | 4 |
| Johes Cottley | 2 | Richus King | 10 |
| Jerem Hollwey | 6 | Arthur Plomer | 6 |
| Jo Weekes \& \} |  | Richus Alden | 6 |
| Rich Aldworth \} | 4 | Joseph Gundry | 5 |
| Johes Sollmon | 5 | Richus Brooke | 4 |

[^67]Henc Browne
[blank] Powell vid
Johes Andrews
Willus Martindale
Thom Scrope
Thom Goulney
Johes Tayler
Johes Wathen
Jacobus Wall
[blank] Walter vid
[blank] Merry vid
Samuel Willoughby ${ }^{42}$
Robtus Thorne
Somersett Fox ${ }^{43}$
Johes Hasell
Robtus Godwell
Nathan Millner
Richus Flower \& tenen
Johes Everard
Thomas Harding
Henc Pritchard
Willus Sumons
Willus Lane
Willus Millard
Willus Evans
Alic Jenkins
Jacobus Herring
Johes Oxe
Richus Besterne
John Reede

## 26

m. 13, col. 1

Georg Robinson
Andr Wyke
Johes Bilby

6 (The following persons are paupers and have 4 nothing whereof they may be distrained and 5 there also follows the number of the new
3 hearths not yet payable.)
2 Johes Bristow novo domo 5
5 Thom Boyce per eodem 2
6 Andr Gale novo dom 7
4 Johes Bowne dom novo 1
4 Johes Ashwen in novo domo 3
2 Abr Aley in domo novo 3
3 Tho Smether 2
5 [blank] Chaunce domo novo 8
2 Thom Sneade 2
2 Edr Rawles 1
3 Richus Case 2
7 Johes Draper 1
2 Johes Harris 2
2 Thom Jones 1
3 [blank] Hollister vid 2
4 Maria Turner 1
3 David Vaughan 1
3 Johes Voyder 1
3 Eliza Markes 2
4 Sara Hill 2
4 Morgan Thomas 2
2 Willus Williams 1
5 [blank] Leakey 2
6 Henc Painter 2
5 [blank] Wattkins vid 1
Eliza Port 1
Eliza Rogers 2
Franc Higford 2
Hugo Pittman 1
Sam Long 2
Edr Thomas 1
2 foc [blank] White vid 1
4 Thomas Hill in domo novo 3
3 Willus Hollister domo novo 2
Tho Sweete novo domo 2
Thom Stevnens novo dom 4
Gershom Evans novo domo 2

[^68]Ward S[ain]c[t]e Marie de Foro Xpofer Alford ..... 5(Ward of St Mary le Port)
Nichus Small ..... 4
[blank] Sturges vid 1 foc [blank] Bayly vid ..... 4Johes DavisJohes HollowayStephus Fudger[blank] Bull vidNichus HortJohes JonesBarthol TerrettZacherias TerrettRichus Sandford
Willus PoplyJohes WorlockGabriel Bourne
Willus Hollwey
[blank] Millard vid
3 Thomas Davis ..... 3
1 Johes Cole \& tenen ..... 6
1 [blank] Howse vid 3 foc \& 1 fornic
2 Arthur Long ..... 4
3 Arthur Long ..... 5
1 Geo Larkin ..... 5
1 Thomas Harris ..... 4
1 Richus Burford ..... 5
4 [blank] Burford vid ..... 3
3 Gilbert Huband ..... 4
2 Thomas Jeffries ..... 3
2 Georg Evans ..... 3
4 Richus Hanford ..... 5
1 Willus Swift ..... 16
Thomas Williams ..... 1
Willus Roch ..... 3
Willus Edmunds ..... $2 \quad 27$
[blank] Serice vid ..... 1 \& 1 fornic[blank] Cox vid
1 ..... m. 13, col. 2
10
Johes RuminsJohes Heale[blank]Feare vidHenc CullimoreAnthus Lugg
[blank] Browne vid \& al ten
Robtus Jones
Thomas Cadle
Eliza Hicks
Willus Packer
Jacobus Lewis
Mauric Orchard
Johes Teague

ic

ic
2 foc
1 David Phillipps ..... 3
2 Joseph Pleydwell ..... 4
3 Johes Mason ..... 4
5 Edr Feildeing ..... 8
2 Johes Whitteing ..... 3
2 Georg Wattkins ..... 5
1 [blank] Dweight ..... 16
3 [blank] Withers vid ..... 5
3 Simon Hurle ..... 8
2 Johes Love ..... 7
20 Thomas Cale ..... 6
Sam Rogers 3 Geo Mitchell ..... 3Georg BeatonThomas HallJohes Osbourne[blank] Webber vidAnthus OwenWillus BallWillus Dolleing[blank] Warrington vidLeonard Whitney
3 Daniel Wastefeild ..... 10
4 Edr Feild ..... 1
4 Sam Flower ..... 2
2 [blank] Wimball vid ..... 5
3 Johes Willcox ..... 4
4 Thomas Biggs ..... 8
2 Thomas Whitson ..... 6
2 Richus Sneede ..... 5
4 Willus Collier ..... 4

Franc Gleede
?Frannc Baugh ${ }^{44}$
Samuel Hollister
Willus Turner
Joseph Stoakes
Willus Baugh sen
Thom Cox
[blank] Masse vid
Jacobus Jocham
Henc Cooke
Edr Hurne
Thom Ricroft
Johes Lewis
Robtus Winstone
Richus Corsely
Willus Timbrell
Thom Pimm
Johes Roberts
Johes Duke
Johes Chissell
[blank] Radley vid
Robtus Smith
Johes Hicks
[blank] Watts vid
Johes Duddlestone
Johes Light
Will Loupe
Michaell Pope
Dioniss Hollister
Henc Merrett
Willus James
Willus Butts
Johes Davadge
Thomas Carey
Willus Bush
Thomas Gouldney
Ann Payne
Willus Tipputt
Thomas Bevin
Thomas Taylor
Richus Daw
Richus Bush
Johes Hurtnall
Richus Cicell

8 [blank] Williams vid 2
4 Joseph Williams 2
5 [blank] Fry vid 6
8 foc \& 1 furnic Jacobus Bagg 3
1 Johes Councell 1
1 Willus Andrews 2
1 Thomas Boone 2
1 Robtus Cliston 2
2 Willus Sweete 2
5 Thomas Clement 3
10 Robtus Bowen 2
5 Rich Cicell sen 2
4 Shem Addams 3
3 Phillus Cox 2
3 [blank] Shattford vid 2
4 [blank] Mabbs 5
Johes Lloyd 3
Johes Lewis 3
2 Egid Nourse 2
5 Richus Robins 3
2 Jonas Neason 1
4 Johes Ladwell 2
11 Petrus Powell 2
6 Edm Lawrence 5
3 Willus Bayly 2
1 Jacobus Bird 4
3 Thom Bagg 1
3 Johes Jackson 2
6 Willus Hartewell 2
5 Robtus Cloude 2
4 Edr Somers 2
4 Radelph Jones 2
8 Henc Trippett 3
4 Edr Wedmore 2
Johes Addams 3
Robtus Andrews 2
Ambrose Jackson 2
[blank] Dowle vid 2
Grigor Bush 2
Andr Bagg 4
3 Willus Bush 2

44 Written as Francis in CB version, f. 91, col. 1.
m. 14, col. 1

Joseph Parr
Joseph Neson
Thomas Edwards
Henc Hyron
Georg Stroude
Thomas Estcourt
Thomas Harris
Thom Phillipps
Joseph Jones
Johes Meredith
Jacobus Thomas
Ann Berrow
Johes Eckley
Sam Harris
Richus Brown
[blank] Browne vid
Willus Hurtnall
[blank] Frisse vid
Johes Roworth
Johes Walter
Willus House
Johes Sandford
Petr Rothrow
Georg Popley
Robtus Neeves
Thom Jordan
Jennett Griffen
[blank] Smith vid
Willus Millard
Eliza Pitts
Ann Batton
Thom Fowler
Edw Cooke
Johes Smith
Sam Love
Richus Griffen

Henc Hobbins 1
Willus Shattford 4
Robtus Bradford 3
Tho Burges \& tenn 3
2 foc Dan Harris 2
3 Johes Harris ${ }^{45} 2$
3 Richus Tyler ${ }^{46} \quad 7$
7 Petr Grannt 4
6 Henc Yate 5
4 [blank] North vid 5
5 Sam Dobbins 3
3 Johes Meredith 3
10 Roger Screene 4
2 [blank] Baker vid 6
Richus Roope 7
5 (The following persons are exonerated being poor)

Edr Jones 1
Robtus Moses 1
4 Ann Williams 1
3 Willus Jones 1
5 Un vacau ${ }^{47} \quad[-]$
3 Edr Alderson 2
3 Edr Feild 1
2 [blank] Pucke vid ${ }^{48} 2$
2 Edr Feildeing ${ }^{49} 2$
5 Richus Smith 1
5 [blank] Dagg vid 1
[blank] Smart vid 1
Tho Ricroft 1
[blank] Bagg vid 1
Johes Bayly 1
NathanTomson 2
[blank] Johnson vid 2
Willus Jinkins 1
Eliza Hall 2
Edr Stradling 3
[blank] Wedmore vid 2

[^69]Edr Bagg 1 Timoth Parker ..... 6
Abel Addams
29
1 Johes Sandford ..... 7
Robtus Smith ..... 5
Thomas Lodge ..... 4
Johes Moore ..... 5
Carol Payne ..... 5
m. 14, col. 2 Johes Morgan ..... 2Maria AlexanderEdr Row[blank] Whiteing vid[blank] Davis vidRichus MylesAlexa RiceJohes Symonds
Jacobus Harford
Thomas ClarkeJohes ThorneRobtus Neason
Johes Clarke \}
Georg White ..... 4
1 foc Elias Hooke ..... 3
1 Richus Higgins ..... 4
1 Thom Bradway ..... 8
1 Richus Gibbons ..... 5
1 Robtus Higgens ..... 4
1 Abr Barnes ..... 3
1 Johes Stibbins ..... 5
1 Edr Price ..... 4
1 Daniel Phillipps ..... 8
1 Edrus Mayde ..... 2
3 Alic Parker ..... 3
3 novi Johes Wintley ..... 5
et non solubi Robtus Flower ..... 4
Robtus Rideout ..... 3
Ward S[an]c[t]i Nich[olau]s (Ward of St Nicholas)
Robtus Young ..... 3
Johes Chock \& tenenThom Ambrose6Johes AppletonWillus StephensJohes NapperMichaell PopeRichus HollandRichus NewmanEdr BaughAbr EdwardsRobtus Brookehouse
Johes Thomas
Willus Rosewell
Isaac Dennis jun
Willus Redwood
Marmaduc Bowdler
Johes Machen
Henc Row
Thom Lewis
Sam Wallis
Isaac Dennis senTho Litman

$\begin{aligned} 5 \text { foc } & \text { Willus Bayly } \\ 4 & \text { Judeth Glasse }\end{aligned}$ ..... 2 ..... 2 ..... 3
7 Thomas James ..... 3
5 Alic Alford ..... 5
5 Rich Willshire ..... 4
5 Johes Gwilham ..... 3
6 [blank] Arrundell ..... 4
7 Benja Snacknell ..... 4
4 Thom Wasbury ..... 4
4 Johes Saunders ..... 3
4 Johes Winpenny ..... 2
4 Edr Skinner ..... 1
4 Georg Wattkins ..... 2
4 Johes Robinson ..... 2
4 Johes James ..... 1
6 Benja Light ..... 1
6 Willus Hyman ..... 2
6 [blank] Lucas vid ..... 2
5 Elioner Mosely ..... 3
7 Sam Plomer ..... 5
6 Johes Knight ..... 2

Willus Willett
[blank] Pitt vid

30
m. 15, col. 1

Paul Cattle
Mich Curtis
[blank] Burkin vid
Edr Bifeild
Eliza James vid
Sam Tedder
Henc Morgan ${ }^{50}$
Alic Baker vid
Robtus Turnebridge
[blank] Easton
Alexa Tompson
Walter Sandey Ar
Simon Plomer
Edr Brookes
Robt Vickrisse
Gabriel Lewis
Anthon Smith
Martha Ling
[blank] Merrick vid
Edm Light
Walter Sandey Ar
Thomas Warne
Johes Barrow
[blank] Redwood vid
David Rinon
Robtus Pratt
[blank] Harris vid
Richus Lucock
Thom Birkin
Richus Long
Franc Fowle
Owen Williams
Willus Gough

7 Thom Mitchell 1
7 Willus Jones 2
Johes Winpenny 2
Tho Mitchell 2
Rich Drew 2
Abraham Lewis 1
Jocosse Madicen 3
[blank] Leaman vid 3
4 foc Johes Blake ${ }^{51} 2$
2 Walter Davis 3
5 Johes Chapley 4
2 Phus Wathen 4
5 Richus Smith 5
5 Phus Babbicom 1
3 Joan Morgan 3
10 Robtus Thomas 1
2 Margaret Williams 2
7 Thom Sweete 1
6 Sara Harris 2
5 Johes Pymm 2
5 Geo Culmell 2
5 Roger Willis 2
5 Thomas Constance 2
2 [T]homas Chappell ${ }^{52} 2$
4 [Ed]r Mitchell 2
3 Henc Sturnock 2
5 Johes Hammond 1
6 Walter Vaughan 1
4 Petr Culme 1
2 Jacobus Tucker 2
3 Thom Channdler 4
2 Johes Edwards 1
2 Riceus Thomas 2
3 Johes Morgan 2
3 Robtus Nicholls 2
2 [blank] Driver vid 4
1 Jacobus Tucker 6
3 Michaell Watts ${ }^{53} 2$
4 Willus West 2
1 Willus Jenkines 6
1 Willus Challoner 6
${ }^{50}$ Henc Worgan in CB version, f. 93, col. 1.
51 This entry followed by Edrus Blake 2 foc in CB version, f. 93, col. 2.
${ }_{52}^{52}$ Tear in edge of membrane, letters in italics taken from CB version, f. 93, col. 2.
${ }^{53}$ This entry followed by Willus Watts 2 foc in CB version, f. 93, col. 2.

Willus Browne
Thom Wickham
Johes Stokes
Thomas Wickham
Robtus Dowteing
Franc Rogers
Stephus Watts
Richus Ward ${ }^{54}$
Tho Pope
Georg Morris
Richus Yates
Aaron Williams
Johes Speede
Willus Derrick
Willus Browne
Nichus Day
Willus Freeman
Willus Hancock
Michael Watts
Johes Bullock
Johes Vickrisse
Johes Browne
Johes Marlin
Olliver Stratton
Johes Bernard
[blank] Vyner vid
Thom Callow
[blank] Frankeman vid

## 31

m. 15, col. 2

Nichus Tovey
Thom Hilsely
Willus Tucker
Margaret Martin vid [blank] Cissell vid [blank] Raindall vid
Robtus Millard
Edr Thomas
Willus Jones
Johes Corder
${ }^{54} 7$ foc in CB version, f. 93 v , col. 1.
6 Alexa Huling ..... 2
6 [blank] Lewis vid ..... 5
6 [blank] Griffeth ..... 9
7 Henc Lovelace ..... 3
7 Jacobus Jewing ..... 4
7 Benjamin Hellier ..... 2
7 [blank] Vowell vid ..... 3
1 Nichus Cheade ..... 3
6 Johes Baldwin ..... 3
7 Abraham Barnes ..... 4
6 Thom Wallis ..... 2
3 Petr Rosewell ..... 10
6 Johes Aldridge ..... 4
5 [blank] Sheappard ..... 8
5 [blank] Hosyer ..... 4
5 Thom Longman ..... 6
4 [blank] Stephens ..... 6
6 Johes Freeman ..... 4
Johes Weaver ..... 2
2 Robtus Challoner ..... 5
2 Xpofer Willoughby ..... 2
1 Edmund Jenkines ..... 3
1 Richus Higgins ..... 3
2 Thom Langton mil ..... 8
1 Maria Bevis ..... 9
1 Edm Driver ..... 5
1 Thomas Barge ..... 5
2 Richus Dumer ..... 2
Elias Loude ..... 3
Margaret Eabby ..... 2
Willus Evans ..... 7
Elizabeth Francis ..... 3
Elionor Day ..... 2
[blank] Cole ..... 8
2 foc Alexa James ..... 7
2 Daniel Addams ..... 9
2 Willus Jinkins ..... 5
3 Thomas White ..... 2 \& 1fornicJacobus Stephens42
1 (The following persons are paupers and have1 nothing whereof they may be distrained)
2 \& 1 for Christopher Preston ..... 2

| Maria Bacon | 2 | 32 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maria Mercer | 1 |  |  |
| Thom Evans | 2 | m. 16, col. 1 [reproduction Plate 38] |  |
| Henc Martin | 1 |  |  |
| [blank] Ellis vid | 2 | Edward Bright | 2 foc |
| Thom Bevis | 2 | Walter Payne | 2 |
| Edr Williams | 2 | Willus Woodward | 7 |
| Ann Hare vid | 1 | Johes White | 3 |
| Richus Thomas | 2 | Thom Blagden | 2 |
| Georg Mullens | 2 | Walter Stephens | 6 |
| Jacobus Belcher | 2 | Thomas Lloyd | 4 |
| Henc Smith | 2 | [blank] Dollen vid | 3 |
| Ann James | 2 | Johes Perry | 5 |
| Robtus Welch | 1 | Theophilus Mascall | 10 |
| [blank] Powell vid | 3 | Nath Parker | 15 |
| Robtus Howens | 1 | Carol Powell | 5 |
| Fortun Holley | 1 | Abel Kelly | 7 |
| [blank] Kitchen vid | 1 | Richus Codrington | 3 |
| Henc Horte | 2 | Willus Thomas | 5 |
| Thom Coife | 1 | Georg Huttson | 3 |
| Thom Bifeild | 2 | Richus Baugh | 4 |
| Thom Dollen | 1 | Sam Bayly | 3 |
| Florenc Meredith | 1 | Thom Saunders | 5 |
| Matheus Jones | 1 | Jacobus Phelpes | 5 |
| [blank] Brian vid | 1 | Georg Edmunds | 4 |
| Carol Gore | 1 | Johes Blanch | 3 |
| [blank] Warren vid | 2 | Jacobus Longman | 2 |
| [blank] Williams vid | 2 | Precilla Stevens | 5 |
| Henc Smith | 2 | Maria Hartewell | 3 |
| Johes Wilde | 1 | Johes Kimbar | 3 |
| Joan Tyler | 1 | Willus Yeomans | 13 |
| [blank] Marler vid | 1 | Andr Webb ${ }^{55}$ | 13 |
| [blank] Cornish vid | 1 | Roger Hill | 6 |
| Johes Parrett | 1 | Jasper Smith | 3 |
| Adam Curtis | 1 | Thom Mash | 2 |
| Robtus Hevens | 1 | Robtus Webb | 1 |
|  |  | Edr Thurkill | 6 |
| Ward Om[ium] S[an]c[t ]or[um] |  | Caleb Jackson | 5 |
| (Ward of All Saints) |  | Thom Yeamans | 6 |
| Willus Olliffe | 9 foc | Thom Edwards | 4 |
| Willus Willoughby | 4 | Johes Hellier | 8 |
|  |  | ?Jaie Virtue ${ }^{56}$ | 3 |
|  |  | Richus Hollister | 4 |

[^70]Richus Hayword
Willus Meredith
Doctor Croft
[blank] Dixon vid
Robtus Dixon
Johes Marsh
Benja James
Johes Richardson
Henc Days
Samuel Smith
[blank] Burrow vid
Ann Ashford vid
Carol Williams
Johes Combes
Richus Sole
le Chirurguns Hall
Robtus Clements
Georg White
Jacobus Longman
Nichus Dupaine
Willus Norton
Johes Bridgett
Xpofer Triggs
Johes Hurne
Thomas Woodward
Johes Burch
[blank] Pugsly vid
Johes Jayne
Johes Lawford
Matheus Worgan
Joseph Day
Thomas Whittington
Willus Burges
Johes Burch
Edmund Stevens
Georg Williams
Eliza Turner
Thom Hunt
[blank] Wilshire vid
Johes Cox
Thomas Perkins
Thom Addams
Petrus Mountaine
Willus Dixon
6 Jonas Holliday ..... 3
5 Richus Burgis ..... 3
6 Joseph Clarke ..... 3
6 Addam Holland ..... 4
5 Thom Jackson ..... 4
Johes Dymont ..... 6
6 Franc Whitehead ..... 1 \& 1 furnic58
3
3332 m .16 , col. 210
7 Jacobus Pugsly ..... 2 foc
4 [blank] Small vid ..... 3
1 Le Coopers Hall ..... 1
6 Susanna Lydall ..... 3
7 Franc Briant ..... 3
7 Georg Foord ..... 4
8 Johes Walter ..... 5
2 Henc Jones ..... 3
2 Willus Hide ..... 3
5 Will Lewis ..... 4
2 Eliza Hall vid ..... 5
2 Robtus Lancaster ..... 4
3 Thomas Tilley ..... 2
7 Johes Stephens ..... 7
2 Johes Hart ..... 58
6 (The persons following are paupers and have
2 nothing whereof they may be distrained)3
10 [blank] Burges novo dom ..... 10
2 [blank] Baker vid ..... 1
4 Owen Williams ..... 1
3 Robert Richards ..... 2
1 Joan Zeale ..... 1
6 Johes Tilley ..... 2
6 Michael Williams ..... 2
5 [blank] Horton vid ..... 2
2 Ann Lunn ..... 1
2 Samuell Wright ..... 1
1 Sara Truce ..... 2
2 [blank] Norton vid ..... 1
Alic Sipres vid ..... 2

Maria Hancock ${ }^{57}$
Roger Wall
Jesse Lewis
Thom Olliver
David James
Robtus Taplin
Walter Jones
Ann Tucker vid
[blank] Prince vid
[blank]Sturgis vid
Johes Roberts
[blank]Haggett vid
[blank] Aldworth vid
[blank] Hopkins vid
Xpofer Goulde dom vac ${ }^{58}$
Eliza Burte
Johes Wintle \& tenn nulla distrin ${ }^{59}$

Ward S[ain]c[t]e Thome
(Ward of St Thomas)
Jacobus Freind
Thomas Berren
Georg Davis
Eliza Whitehead
Willus Dewson
Thom Deane
Richus Pope
Richus Crumpe
Humphr Little
Franc Ballard
Nehemia Webb
Erasmus Dole
Edr Morgan
Thom Davadge
Humpr Little
Henc Gliston
Roger Willoughby
Jacobus Millard
Georg Morgan
Johes Jordan

2 [blank] Still vid 2
1 Willus Jelly 2
1 [blank] Scarlett vid 2
2 [blank] Spickett vid 2
2 Isaac Cooke 2
1 Johes Goodwin 1
1 Carolus Holbort 3
2 Abrius Powell 3
2 Abraham Saunders 5
2 Nathan King 3
1 Willus Roster 2
2 Edr Young 7
2 Johes Bushell 12
1 Thom Little 2
3 Sara Popwell 4
2 Phillus Berry 2
6 Thomas Day 5

## 34

3 foc m. 17, col. 1
2
2 Roger Royden 5 foc
2 Willus Hassell 2
5 Roger Flower 1
6 [blank] Love ${ }^{60} 6$
6 Willus Hassell 4
6 Ann Ewen 2
3 Isaac Hayword 5
5 [blank] Harris vid 4
3 Johes Harris 4
7 Joan Purdue 2
4 Eliza Itchell 3
4 Jacobus Caple 2
4 [blank] Huttson vid 8
5 Willus Thorne 5
5 Andr Jordan 5
5 Johes Dorney 3
5 Willus Miller 4
5 Anthon Tyler 3 \& 1 fornic
${ }^{57}$ Tear at edge of membrane affecting this and following three entries.
${ }^{58}$ Dwelling described as nov domus in CB version, f. 92v, col. 2.
${ }^{59}$ Nothing could be distrained therefore no money was collected in spite of it being a 6-hearth property.
${ }^{60}$ Mr Lane 6 foc in CB version, f. 94, col. 2.

Willus Evans
[...] Redwood vid ${ }^{61}$
[Stephan]us Wood
[Ricu]s Downeing
[Edrus] Price
[Johes] Hingin
[Jaco]bus Bulgin
$[E]$ dr Feild
[ Fohes] Gouldsmith
Geo Hodds
Walter Tyler
Daniell Samm
[blank] Samborne vid
Maria Whithead
Johes Allen
Johes Rideout
Johes Stevens
Thomas Hill
Willus Pope
Henc Sanford
Willus Weakely
Johes Strawbridge
Franc Grinfeild \&
Thom Price $\left.{ }^{62} \quad\right\}$
Ludovic Rogers
Maria Phillipps
Thom Brookes
Jacobus Thomas
Owen Rogers
Nichus Bayter
Richus Swallow
Willus Tovey
Johes Howell
Georg Browne sen
Tho Harris
Anthon Kingson
Georg Browne jun
Thomas Price
[blank] Lott vid
Richus Thomas

2 [blank] Day vid 6
4 Henc Thomas 6
4 [Ric]us Morgan ${ }^{63} \quad 5$
4 [Ma]rgaret Millar 4
4 [Tho] Horniblow 3
1 [Edrus] Harvey 5
2 [Robtu]s Burford 5
4 [Robtu]s Beake 5
4 [Jana] Prestwood 5
$2 \& 1$ fornic [J̌he]s Gouldsmith sen 5
2 [Jo]hes Parsons 4
3 Alic Pitts 2
3 [J]ohes Perriman 2
[W]ill Dring $3 \& 1$ fornic
Robtus Hill 1
Richus Morgan 2
Johes Walter 4
Rob Langford 3
[blank] Redwood vid 5
Jacobus Bull 2 foc \& 1 fornic
Johes Fawkner 3
Richus Whitchurch 3
3 [blank] Gibbs ${ }^{64} 8$
Anthon Whitchurch 3
2 Thom Scarlett 2
3 Tho Tether 4
2 Johes Trewhere 5
Edr Battle 2
Georg Redwood 2
Willus Pricks 4
2
1
2
2
7 m. 17, col. 2
2
2 Willus Iffe 2 foc
3 Johes Abbott 2
3 [blank] Oxford vid 2
2 Israel Lane 2

[^71]Willus Jones
Katherin Browne
Richus Reece
Johes Pearce
Johes Gatch
Willus Tippett
Richus Whitchurch
Robtus Colstone
Gerard Lane
Thom Evans
Michael Pitman
Elioner Legg
Thom Tysen
Johes Foord
Jo Hipsley
Will Cox
Jacobus Edwards
Thom Rich
Rich Smith
[blank] Jones vid
Thom Pearce
Jo Wilkins
Richus Stacey
Xpofer Brimsden
Johes Meaden
Michael Hunt

3 [blank] Colston vid 2
5 Alexa Bartely 2
3 Andr Perkins 2
3 Edmund Tipputts 2
2 [blank] Stroude vid 2
2 [blank] Gly vid 2
2 Edr Wallis 1
4 [blank] Thomas vid 2
5 Alic Lyder 1
4 Jonathan Bayly 2
7 Jo Edwards 2
11 Willus Hobbs 2
7 [blank] Jones vid 2
4 [blank] Parsons vid 2
3 in quadam novo domo 4
24 Jacobus Powell 2
4 Willus Coleman 2
6 [blank] Hodges vid dom vac 2
8 Ward S[ain]c[t]e Marie de Redcliffe
3 (Ward of St Mary Redcliffe)
3 Tho Day 5 foc
13 Edmund Radish 8
13 Benjamin Reede 16
4 Thom Dixon 5
2 Willus Walker 5
Andr Morris 10
Richus Benson 6
Radelph Key 6
Rich Tayler 9
1 Johes Comberbatch 4
2 Henc Rich 7
2 Sam Wharton 6
2 Willus Kenton 5
2 Richus Stevens 4
2 Anth Sanbury 4
1 Edr Blackford 6
2 Willus Minor 3
1 Willus Cox 5
2 [blank] Stincomb vid 3
1 Robtus Hoskins 3
1 Henc Morgan 4
2 [blank] Attkins vid \& ten 6
2 Thom Braine 3
2 Thom Knight 2

## 36

m. 18, col. 1

Willus Davis
Johes Webb
Hugo Lewis
Ann Cooke
Johes Walker
Thomas Harris
[blank] Wharton ${ }^{65}$
Christo Tayler
Thom Hewlett
Willus Jackson
Robtus Amberson
Eliza Moore
Walter Carpenter
Edr Harris
Johes Grigory
David Dorvill
Edm Bennett
Sam Combs
Edr Graunt
[blank] Farmer vid
[blank] Yeamans vid
[blank] Crofts vid
Edr Sawyer
Willus Loyd \&
Thom Buttler
Johes Orchard
Richus Lloyd
Willus Cannes
Jacobus Wathen
Jacobus Bayly
Sara Birkins
Thom Kevill
Cicilia Bevill \}
Henc Attwood \}
Radelph Graunt
Thom Veale
Richus Goore
Jacobus Millard
Ann Stratton

Franc Child 2
[blank] Bullock 6
Johes Jackson 7
[blank] Bennett vid 2
5 foc Richus Broad 3
3 Thomas Harris 5
8 Edr Tilly 4
14 Thom Attkins \& ten 10
4 [blank] Wraxall 3
3 Griffeth Lascomb 4
4 [blank] Plomer vid 2
6 Johes Jones 3
Johes Belcher 1
[blank] Williams vid 2
4 Nathan Allen 4
3 Thom Middleton 6
7 Daniel Neale 4
3 Xpofer Yorke 3
4 Henc Merrick 4
6 Anth Patch sen 3
4 Dominic Hobson 3
5 [blank] Neeves vid 2
6 Richus Briant 3
8 Will Floyd 2
6 [blank] Hayword vid 4
2 Thom Bowes 2
2 Johes Rowland 1
[blank] Spurgen 3
8 Johes Mayle \}
3 Judith Cooke \}
3 Minor vid \} 4
4 Ann King \}
7 [blank] Swiffer 2
6 Maria Morr 3
7 [blank] Bankes vid 1
[blank] Dedman vid 2
5 Humfr Slye 2
Matheus Leaves 2
3 Johes Sheappard 2
3 Edr Jones 2
1 Simon Bowyer 2
1 Sara Clements 2
4 Willus Bird 3
[blank] Gould vid 1
${ }^{65}$ Per Tovey's house added in CB version, f. 95, col. 2.
[blank] Snell vid
[blank] Browne vid
Anthon Patch
Silvecter Harris
Sam Saunders
Edrus White
Israel Bird
Rachael Jeffries
Margaret Phelpes
Thom Hopkins
Willus Hollister
Johes Hooper
Egid Jones
Willus Parker
Thom Compton
Thom Paggett
Willus Lane
Michael ?Cattle ${ }^{66}$

## 37

m. 18, col. 2

Willus Lilly
Jacobus Phillipps
Thom Willis
Walter Northell
Willus Jones
Moses Battle
Anth Row
[blank] Rich
Edr Greene
[blank] Short vid
[blank] Guddridge vid
Sara Wedmore
Johes Casbeard
Susanna Carrow
Johes Saunders
Thom Huttson
Henc Senior
Joan Northell
Judith Nettle
Jo Jones
${ }^{66}$ Castle in CB version, f. 95 v , col. 1.

1 Johes Shaw 2
3 Johes Foord 3
2 Thom Brookes 3
3 Joan Heale 2
3 Johes Hern 3
1 Willus Wells 2
3 Robtus Phillipp 2
5 Johes Willoughby Ar vac 2
4 [blank] Lawrence vid 1
3 Johes Wells 2
3 Johes Stevens 4
2 Sibil Islington 2
3 Nath Minte 1
3 Robtus Nellson 2
3 Sam Millard 1
6 Tho Hutton 1
2 Johes Johns 1
2 Margaret Smith 2
Johes Lloyd 2
Rich Phillipps 3
Maria Hill 2
Radelph Hatchett 1
Willus Bird 3
Johes Porter 4
1 foc Math Spurgin 2
4 Eliza Mayor 3
3 Ann Prewett 7
2 Richus Barr 2
2 Richus White 2
4 [blank] Tayler vid 2
2 Thom Lodwell 2
1 Edr Watts 3
5 Henc Lewis 2
1 Henc Beake 2
1 Alexa Evans 2
1 Edr Waddom 2
5 Will Iles 2
7 Will Evans jun 1
3 Will Austin 1
2 Sara Jesse 1
3 [blank] Jones vid 1
2 [blank] Jones vid 2
2 [blank] Mitchell 2
3 Richus West 3

Dom voc pipe land ${ }^{67}$
Johes Burcomb
Willus Browne
[blank] Bisse vid
Willus Dowle
Will Slye
Thom Bower
Jacobus Sheappard
[blank] Fry vid
Thom Rock
Jacobus Hayes
Grigor Lewellin
Tyson dom vac
Willus Attwood
Willus Stokes
Willus Perfoy
Johes Davys
Willus Chelton
Willus Tayler
Franc Cadwallader
Marie Worly
Edr ?Bastin
Willus Greene
Johes Collins
Paul Moone
Jacob Davis
Willus White
Edr Hopkins
Johes Davis
\& septem alii tenent
Richus Wellsteed

## 38

m. 19, col. 1

Benja Addams \& 3 tenen
Rawlen Collins
Carol Mason
Willus Whitehead
Maria Shuter

2 Rich Davis 3
3 Edr Sawyer 3
3 [blank] Whittle vid 2
2 Hen Stephens vid 2
3 Johes Richards 2
2 Johes Halden 4
1 Johes Hort 4
1 Hugo Gifford 3
1 Jacobus Vowles 1
2 Tho Odams 1
1 JohesThomas 1
11 Thom Keene 2
5 Richus Burrett 8
3 [blank] Northerne 3
3 Christo Berkin 3
2 Johes Gremes 2
3 Eliza Hayter 4
2 Henc Robins 1
3 Johes Griffen 2
3 Benja Buck 1
4 Thom James 2
2 Cicilia Greene 2
2 Maria Yate 7
3 Johes Willoughby 10
3 Marc Greene 2
3 Nehemia Hollister 3
2 Jo Tomlinson \& ten 5
2 Johes Dole 3
Johes Dennett 3
10 Willus Christopher 2
2 Walter Guntur 8
Johes Webb 3
Johes Hodges 2
Thom Lux 1
Carolus Biggs 2
Hanna Hooke 3
[blank] Millard vid 3
4 foc Michael Jaine 3
1 Maria Hurle 5
4 Willus Allen 3
3 [blank] Wedmore vid 3
3 Johes Reede 3

[^72]Johes Edwards

3 [blank] Smith vid 1

Johes Thrueston
Robtus Watts
duo dom vacan
Johes Worgan
Johes Barnes
Sam Brookes
Bridgett Whiteing
Johes Watkins
Willus Watkins
Lott Richards
Judith Horsington
Tho Gammidge
Le Red Lyon
Hanna Lannder
Franc Greinfeild
Johes Saunders
Carol Jones
Radelph Olliffe
Jacobus Lyte
Edm Thurstone
Tho Holbatch

8 Thom Partridge 1
3 Kath Richards 1
4 [blank] Storme vid 1
4 Thom Compton 1
3 Johes Dew 1
2 Margaret Worgan ${ }^{68} 1$
4 Thom Wells 1
5 Walter Dibbins 1

$$
2
$$

1
14 m. 19, col. 2
10
5 Tho Phillipps 2 foc
3 Johes Lockier 2
8 Robtus England 2
10 [blank] Biford vid 1
9 [blank] Alden vid 2
3 [blank] Austen vid 1
2 Johes Hunt 1
Johes Cornish 1
Franc Gould 1
Johes Perry 2
Edr Evans 2
2 Thom Hooke 1
1 Johes Tilley 2
1 Susann Jones 1
1 [blank] Ellen vid 1
1 Willus Evans sen 1
1 Maria Jones 1
2 Katherin Lane vid 1
2 Jesse Andrews jun 1
2 Jesse Andrews sen 2
1 Thom Davis 2
1 Willus Evans 1
1 Johes Griffen 1
1 Thom Hedgens 2
1 Franc Brobridge 2
1 Thom King 2
1 Thom Evans 1
1 George Burge 1
1 Thom Nash 1
${ }^{68}$ Written as Morgan in CB version, f. 96v, col. 1.

Alic Plumer
Johes Crocker
Willus Cleverly
Thom Arnoll
Johes Millis
[blank] Huttson vid
Henc Berry
Ward S[ain]c[t]e Crucis al[ia]s
Templ[e]
(Ward of St Cross)
Johes Machatt
[blank] Hunt
Johes Drew
Roger King
Richus Jones
Laurenc Weeks
Johes Nicholls
Henc Evans
Matheus Hughs
Robtus Webb
Johes Baber
Thom Jones
Jonath Knight
Maria Barnewell
Johes Atkins
Willus Kempe
Willus Ashman
Jacobus Pill
Humphr Pill
Henc Williams
Xpo Robinson
[blank] Duddlestone vid
Johes Morgan
Egid Redley
Will Dorrington
Arthur Gibbins
Tho Richardson
Rich Swetman
Johes Beare
[blank] Wilkins vid
Johes Cole
Edr Fitticatt

1 Willus Bisse 3
2 Jocoss Warren 5
1 Will Swetman 4
2 Robtus Minard 3
1 Jerem Hignell 3
1 [blank] Douting vid 4
2 Walter Steward 4
Jerem Church 3
Johes Gray jun 6
Jacob Thomson 3
Willus Foord 6
5 foc Doroth Tayler 5
2 Willus Attwood 10
4 Francus Lambert 4
1 Edr Gough 3
4 Christo Patch 4
3 Math Warren 6
2 Thom Oweing 2
2 Eliza Munday 1
2 Rich Cockrell 2
2 Willus Selfe 2
2 Valentin Knight 2
1 Sam Whiteing 5
1 Tho Whinfeild 1
2 Henc Kavell 3
2 Willus Steton 2
3 David Harris 1
2 Robtus Foord ${ }^{69} 3$
2
2
240
3
3 m. 20, col. 1
2
3 Gilbert Foord ${ }^{70} \quad 1$ foc
3 Maria Shapley 1
3 Simon Cock 2
2 Aaron Watts 3
3 Johes Morgan 3
3 [blank] Rogers vid 2
2 Johes White 2
3 Thomas Williams 4
3 [blank] Tomlinson vid 3

[^73][blank] Crabb 2 Tho Andrewes 2
Richus Crabb
Alexa Gray
Johes Lambert
Thomas Chapman
Will Hancock
Johes Cooke
Nathan Edwards
Thom Whitterne
Tho Gouldsmith
[blank] Pearce vid
Johes Entt ${ }^{71}$
Will Williams
Jonath Arnoll
Anth Cooke
Anth Cooper
Alexa Sherman
Johes Attwood
Richus Steale
Johes Williams
Robtus Hockridge
Edr Tomlinson
Edr Smith
Tho Eggall
Will Harris
Edr Hawkins
Jonath Williams
Abr Eurey
Willus Smith
Johes Jones ${ }^{72}$
Roger Bayly
Henc Thrall
Robtus Olliffe
Robtus Pope
Edr Sunderland
Johes Cotten
Johes Hinde
Thom Sperring
[blank] Daw vid
[blank] Davadge vid
Robtus Burgis
Willus Lewis
Anth Jefferies

4 Rodric Phillpott 1
3 Henc Hampton 1
4 [blank] Gilbert vid 1
3 Geo Wilkins 2
1 Edm Smerrick 2
4 Tho Woodman 2
2 Rich Cates 2
5 Phill Coape 3
6 Richus Saunders 1
5 Johes Shute 3
3 Eliza Hopkins 3
5 [blank] Weale vid 3
2 Thom Stagg 2
5 Willus Price 2
3 Edr Stevens 3
2 Johes Landman 8
2 Geo Colthropp 6
1 Geo Whittington 2
2 Thom Wright 5
4 Richus Novis 4
3 Georg Gibbs 5
1 Walter Hunt 5
2 Johes Cooke 5
2 [blank] Banister vid 2
2 Johes Crabb 7
2 Hugo Twist 2
2 Nichus Pope 2
2 Willus Howell 2
2 Richus Mathews 2
1 Thom Hill 2
1 [blank] Rich vid 2
2 Thom Shipman 3
2 [blank] Rookes vid 2
2 Georg Lott 2
2 Richus Clarke 2
2 [blank] Warren vid 4
5 Richus Young 7
2 Thom Lyon 2
1 Franc Tomlinson 3
1 Johes Robins 2
2 Johes Northeast 3
1

[^74]41
m. 20, col. 2
[blank] Dimont vid
Johes Tommerland
Jana Jones
Jacobus Hodges
Sam Burgis
Johes Tayler
Richus Nash
Elioner Edwards
Willus Howell
Willus Douteing
[blank] Hipsley vid
Johes Chetwind
Johes Webb
Robtus Wilkins
Henc Phelpes
Willus Temple ${ }^{73}$
Rebecca Garrett
Joan Randall
[blank] Kimball vid
Alic Poole
Jacobus Gullock
Thom Hollister
Sara Craisby
Willus Faulkoner
Johes Saunders
Phillus Lock
David Jones
Johes Merrick
Thom Hyett
Sara Loader
Joseph Lune
Robtus Burcutt
Humfr Brent
[blank] Davis vid
Johes Lovell
Robtus Merrett
[blank] Hart vid
Thom Shereales
Walter Church

Robtus Warde 2
Willus Pope 2
Walter Thomas 2
Eliza Ellis 2
1 foc Maria Sealy 2
2 Martha Bush 2
Willus Pope 3
Johes Knight mil 9
Johes Breach 5
Johes Hawkins 7
Johes Day 3
Johes Day 1
Johes Gray sen 15
Johes Bowman 4
Johes Bulgin 1
Johes Stokes 2
Johes Hudson 4
Willus Crabb 6
Richus Goodwin 6
Joseph Fincher 6
Benja Bartlett 3
Will Evans 3
Franc Rawles 2
Willus Rogers 5
Johes Brinkeworth 3
Robtus Lewis 4
Doctor Bourne 3
Johes Rawles 1
[blank] Clarke vid 1
Griffen Evans 1
Evan Meredeth 1
Edr Watkins 1
Sam Tibbott 4
Willus White 3
Thom Owen 1
Riceus Jones ${ }^{74} \quad 1$
Thom Warde 2
Robtus Bennet 3
Samuel Stote 1
Willus Humphry 1
Johes Holbrooke 1
Robtus Long 2
Georg Herne 1

[^75]Eliza Goman
Richus Lindey
Michael Clothier
Willus Vaughan
Robtus Higgins
Phillus Watkins
Johes Clark
Henc Williams
[blank] Addison vid
Robtus Godfrey
Richus Tovey
Jeffer Price
Franc Woodward
Eliza Small
Ludovic Pridgett
Johes Evans
[blank] Vaugher vid
Anthus Wade
Thom Boycen

## 42

m. 21, col. 1

Thom Ballard
Johes Johnson
Daniel Jones
Daniel Jones sen
Johes Spurgin
Willus Ashman
Jo Evans
Roger Thomas
Isaac Horton
Johes Crossborne
Willus Williams
Edr Stroude
[blank] Ernall vid
Thom Ballard
[blank] Nellson
[blank] Loope vid
Johes Godwin
Sara Bourne
[blank] Rowley

2 [blank] Hunt vid 3
2 Milo Dixon ..... 6

4 (The following persons are paupers and have 3 nothing whereof they may be distrained)

2 Willus Brookes 2
4 Phillus Price 5
2 Richus Hickman 2
6 Brookeman vid 1
7 Ann Whiteing 1
5 Judith Mayes 1
5 Thom James 1
3 Maria Ward 1
2 Thom Crumpe 2
1 [blank] Williams vid 2
3 Johes Thomas 2
5 [blank] Edwards vid 1
1 Magdalene White 1
Thom James 1
Maria ?Notherne ${ }^{75} 2$
Georg Webb 2
[blank] Daniell vid 1
[blank] Griffen vid 2
Thom Badwell 1
2 foc [blank] Davis vid 1
2 Lawrenc Harris 1
2 [blank] Morgan vid 2
1 Tho Noble 1
3 Henc Evans 1
1 Ann Duncan 2
2 Willus Legg 1
3 Henc Ayton 1
1 Thom Whittock 2
1 Johes Long 1
1 Richus Hyett 2
5 Johes Pyne 2
2 Johes Ellot 2
10 Carol Blewett 2
4 Maria Martin 1
3 Eliza Williams 1
3 [blank] Loder vid 1
2 [blank] Rogers vid 1
1 [blank] Higgins vid 1
${ }^{75}$ Maria Potherne 2 foc in CB version, f. 98, col. 2.

Richus Price
Franc DenbyRichus Fiddicatt[blank] Wms vid
Johes Fenton ..... 2
Johes Powell ..... 2Johes OliverJohes RackleyRichus ClarkeRichus ShuteAlic HeringJohes Clements
Johes Martin
[blank] Jones vidGeorg HuntingtonThom Hyett
[blank] Thomas vidJohes MorrisMargaret AxonRichus ThomasEliza $[$ Bea $] \mathrm{rnes}^{76}$Henc [ $H$ ]athwayJohes L[ove][ $H_{i}$ ]c $[k m]$ a $[n]$ vidWillus JonesEliza Sparks
Johes Gispe
Georg Huntington
Jo William
[Owenus] [Clink] ${ }^{77}$
[T]hom Don[ne]
F[lourence] B[owne]
Evan Williams ${ }^{78}$
Daniel [Williams]
Hugo EdwardsDaniel Hussey
[Thomas] Giles
[Martinus] Jones[Marger] ButtlerEdr Jones[Magdalena] Jones[Tho] [Morris]

[Willus] [Howell]

[Willus] [Howell]

[Willus] [Howell] .....  .....  ..... 2 .....  .....  ..... 2 .....  .....  ..... 2

$\begin{array}{ll}2 & \text { [Willus] [ Fames] } \\ 2 & \text { [Francus] [Webb] }\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{ll}2 & \text { [Willus] [ Fames] } \\ 2 & \text { [Francus] [Webb] }\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{ll}2 & \text { [Willus] [ Fames] } \\ 2 & \text { [Francus] [Webb] }\end{array}$ .....  ..... 1 .....  ..... 1 .....  ..... 1

$\begin{array}{ll}2 & \text { [Willus] [ Fames] } \\ 2 & \text { [Francus] [Webb] }\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{ll}2 & \text { [Willus] [ Fames] } \\ 2 & \text { [Francus] [Webb] }\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{ll}2 & \text { [Willus] [ Fames] } \\ 2 & \text { [Francus] [Webb] }\end{array}$ .....  ..... 2 .....  ..... 2 .....  ..... 2
[Ricus] [Millsome]
[Ricus] [Millsome]
[Ricus] [Millsome] ..... [1] ..... [1] ..... [1]
43
m. 21, col. 22
1 Richus Wall ..... 1 foc
Johes Clifford ..... 1
[blank] Boone vid ..... 1
[blank] Jones vid ..... 1
2 Daniel Williams ..... 1
1 Willus Sherrington ..... 2
2 Margaret Rosse ..... 1
1 Evan Williams ..... 1
2 Margaret Crimpton ..... 2
1 Thomas Morris ..... 2
Johes Howell ..... 2
2 [blank] Braun vid ..... 1
2 [blank] Farme vid ..... 1
1 Thom Pennis ..... 2
Henc Pope ..... 1
2 Doroth Petticoate ..... 1
1 Johes Webb ..... 2
2 Swithon Evans ..... 2
2 Willus Attstone ..... 1
2 Thom Curnock ..... 1
dom vac ..... 2
Willus Winby ..... 2
Willus Price ..... 1
Abr Browne ..... 2
Steph Bury ..... 1
Robtus Pope ..... 1
Gilbert Bull ..... 1
Com' Civit'

[^76]77 Membrane damaged, words in italics for this and next two entries taken from CB version, f. 98v, col. 1.
${ }^{78}$ Following 13 names barely visible under ultra-violet light. See CB version, f. 98v.

```
Com' Civit'
Bristoll
Ad Gen[er]alem Sessionem pacis d[omi]ni Regis tent[am] p[er] adjournament[um] p[er]
Com' Civit' Bristol in Guild[ald] eiusdem civit' die Lune scil[ice]t decimo octavo die Septembr[is] Anno Regni d[i]c[ti] d[omi[ni] Carol[is] S[e]c[un]di dei gra[tia] Angli[e] Scot[ie] Franc[ie] et Hib[er]nie Regis fidei defens[or] et vicessimo tertio Annoq[ue] D[omi]ni 1671 cora[m] Joh[anne] Knight Ar[migero] maior[e], Nath[anieli] Cale et Walter]o] Sandey Ar[migero], Rob[er]t[o] Cann mil[ite] et Barr[oneto], Joh[anne] Knight mil[ite], Joh[anne] Lawford, Joh[anne] Willoughby Ar[migero] Thom[e] Langton mil[ite], Thom[e] Stevens, Joh[anne] Hickes, et Joh[anne] Wright Ar[migeris] Ald[[e]r[mannis] Justic[iaris] d[i]c[ti] D[omi]ni Re[gis] ad pacem infra Com[itatum] Civit[atis] p[re]d[icte] conservand' necnon ad div[er]s[a] felon[ias] trans[gressiones]et al[ia] malef[acta] in eod[em] Com' p[er]petr[ata] audiend' et terminand' assign[atis]'.
```


## Translation

At the general sessions of the peace of the lord king held by adjournment in the Guildhall of the county of the aforesaid city namely the 18th day of September in the 23rd year of the reign of King Charles II, king by the grace of God of England, Scotland France and Ireland defender of the faith before John Knight esquire the mayor, Nathaniel Cale, Walter Sandey esquires, Robert Cann knight and baronet, John Knight knight, John Lawford, John Willoughby esquires, Thomas Langton knight Thomas Stevens, John Hickes and John Wright esquires, aldermen, justices of the of the said lord king assigned for keeping the peace in the county of the aforesaid city and also for hearing and determining diverse felonies, trespasses and other crimes perpetrated.
${ }^{79}$ It is ordered by this Courte that the Clerke of the peace doe forthw[i]th retorne up into his Maj[es]ties Courte of the Exch[equer] duplicates of the sev[er]all rolls brought this day into the Courte of the number of the fire hearths and stoves [within] the respective houses and ediffices in this City and county of Bristol taken and returned by the officers and Collectors of his Majesties revennue arising by fire hearths and stoves within the same.
?Robtus .... A.......... cler pacis ${ }^{80}$
John Knight maior [signature and seal]
John Willoughby [signature and seal]
John Hicks [signature and seal]
Jon Lawford [signature and seal]

[^77][on reverse of m. 21]
Lib[er]at[ur] p[e]r manus et sup[er] sacr[ament]um Henr[ici] Pigott xxx die Sept anno r[egn]i Car[olis] Sec[un]di xxiii [1671] ${ }^{81}$
Spelman [signature] ${ }^{82}$
(It is discharged through the hand and upon the oath of Henry Pigott on 30th September in 23rd year of the reign of Charles II [1671])

[^78]
# The Chimney Book Transcripts 

The first list in the Chimney Book is preceded by three folios of administrative detail, which are also included in the transcription. Such detail corroborates the view that the initial Michaelmas 1662 list for Bristol was of particular importance. In 1664, the receivers were instructed to amend the earlier lists of their predecessors for their collections but in Bristol this never happened. As a result the same 1662 list was used for the first three collections, Michaelmas 1662-Michaelmas 1663 and little altered for the collections Michaelmas 1664-Michaelmas 1665. The transcript retains the original names written in English, but the written English hearth numbers have been converted to Arabic numerals. The transcript includes two further lines of research. One is the addition of detailed topographic footnotes allowing the reader to follow in the steps of the collector. Additional annotations in [italics] add further street names and also indicate the major differences between this version and its earlier counterpart held at TNA, the Michaelmas 1662 Exchequer Duplicate, described as $[E D]$. The references to the ED version retain the original Latin words.

The 1668 survey of hearths is of a different nature and in the transcript the Latin forenames have been anglicised, expanded and the numbers changed to Arabic numerals. Additional street names are included together with detailed footnotes allowing the reader to compare the entries with those of 1662. Peculiar to this list are the extra details on forges, furnaces and ovens. It is not always easy to allot the forge or furnace to a specific entry as the note appears between two entries. A characteristic of this survey is that no indication is given of chargeability or exemption of any of the hearth numbers.

## Chimney Book Copy of Bristol Hearth Tax Return for 1662 Michaelmas BA F/Tax/A/l/a ff. 1-41v

## Chimney Booke 1665

## 44

f. 1 [The following text mentions only the first two Acts so it must have been written originally after July 1663 and before the passing of the third Act in May 1664 and copied later into the Chimney Book, see above for explanation.]

## London

A true duplicate of the sev[er]all books and rolls conteyning the names of the parsons [sic] and number of hearths and stoves in their respective possessions within the Citty of London in the lib[er]ties thereof that are chargable by the late Act of Parliament - Intituled an Act for establishing an Additionall Revenue upon his Majesty his heires and successors For the better supporte of his and their crowne and Dignity And by a later Act Intituled
an additional Act for the better ordering and collecting the Revenue arising by hearth money And also the names of the parsons and number of hearths and Stoves within their respective possessions which are not chargeable by the said Acts as the same books or rools [sic] were transmitted and delivered upon oath by the sev[er]all constables within the said Citty and the lib[er]ties thereof to the two next respective justices of the peace together with the sev[er]all names of the said constables and justices of the peace who examined them upon oath concerning the trueth and faithfullnesse of their acting in the premises and with the names of the inhabitants of the respective precin [c]ts who assisted the said Constables upon their view in compareing the original accounts of the hearths and stoves aforesaid, and in seeing whether the same were truley made or not and as the same bookes or rolls signed by the said respective Justices of the Peace togeather with the originall accounts were transmitted by the said respective Justices of the Peace to the Clarke of the pece for the said Citty of London to engrosse the said sev[er]all bookes or rolls in parchment to bee still kept within the Citty aforesaid according to the forme of the said latter Act/:
f. 1v-f. 2 blank
f. 2 v

Com[itatus] Civit[atis] \}
Bristoll' \}
Generalis sessio pacis D[omi]ni R [egis] tent[a] p[ro] corpore Com[itatus] ejus[de]m Civit[atis] die Martis vicessimo sexto die Augusti anno regni d[i]c[t]i D[omi]ni Reg[is] et c[etera] 14*: coram Nath[anie]l' Cale A[rmige]ro Major' ejus[de]m Civit[atis], Joh[ann]e Lock, Milon' Jackson Rich[ard]o Balman Henrico Creswick, Joh[ann]e Knight Ar[miger]is et Ald[e]r[mann]is dict[e] Civitat[is] justic [iariis] d[i]c[t] i D[omi]ni Res[is] ad pacem et c[etera] conservand' necnon ad divers[a] felon[ias] transgr[essiones] et al[ia] malefacta in eod[e]m Com[itatu] p[er]petrat[a] audiend' et terminand' assign[atis], Que quid[e]m sessio adjourn[ata] fuit usq[ue] in diem Jovis scilicet quartu[m] diem Septembr[is] anno p[re]d[icto], Et iteru[m] adjourn[ata] usq[ue] in diem Mercur[ij] scilicet decimu[m] diem Septembr[is] anno p[re]d[icto] Et iterum etiam adjourn[ata] usq[ue] in diem Jovis scilicet vicessim[um] quintu[m] diem Septembr[is], anno p[re]d[icto]:

## Translation

County of the city of Bristol:
General session of the peace of the lord king held for the body of the county of the same city on Tuesday the 26th day of August in the 14th year of the reign of the said lord king, etc, before Nathaniel Cale, esquire, mayor of the same city, John Lock, Miles Jackson, Richard Balman, Henry Creswick, John Knight, esquires and aldermen of the said city, justices of the said lord king assigned for keeping the peace, etc, and also for hearing and determining divers felonies, trespasses and other crimes perpetrated in the same county. Which same session was adjourned until Thursday, namely the fourth day of September in the aforesaid year, and again adjourned until Wednesday, namely the tenth day of September in the aforesaid year, and again also adjourned until Thursday, namely the 25th day of September in the aforesaid year.

## 45

f. 3 [The following text gives the justices' interpretation of chargeable hearths and also the conditions for exemption, as the non-liable occupiers were omitted from the 1662 list].

Wheras by an Act of Parliam[en]t intituled an Act for establishing An additionall Revenue upon his Maj[es]tie, his heires and succ[esso]rs for the better support of his and their Crowne and dignity, Every hearth and Stove, within any howse, Edifice, Chamber and lodging is chargeable to his Maj[es]tie at 2s p[er] annu[m] to bee paid by the Occupier only and not by the Landlord And that noe $\mathrm{p}[\mathrm{er}]$ son, who by reason of his poverty or smallnes of Estate is exempted from the usuall taxes paym[en]tes and Contribuc[i]ons, towards the Church and poore, shalbe charged or chargeable with any duty by the said Act imposed:

It is ordered and agreed, That Robert Aldworth Esq[uire] Town Clerke and Clerke of the peace of the Citty of Bristoll and County of the same, doe Certify up into his Maj[es]ties Courte of Excheq[ue]r, a duplicate of such returnes which the Con[sta]bles have made, of hearths and Stoves, within the Citty and County aforesaid, in the occupac[i]on of such persons, as the said Con[sta]bles have certified, doe pay to Church and poore, and none others, according to the intent of the s[ai]d Act:

Ri[chard] Ballman<br>Henry Creswicke<br>Walter Sandy<br>John Knight sen 1662

[These are the only actual signatures in the volume.]

## 46

f. 3v [Enrolment details of the 1662 assessment $]$

The Title to the duplicate returned up into his Ma[jes]ties Court of Exchequer

Com[itatus] Civit[atis] \}
Bristoll'
Duplicamentum Compotoru [m] omniu [m] et singuloru[m] focoru[m] et vaporar[um] Anglice Hearthes and Stoves in o[m]nibus domibus, Edificijs, cubiculis et cameris infra Com[itatum] Civit[atis] Bristoll' p[re]d[icte] certificate[um] et Retornat[um] p[er] separales Constabular[io]s infra Com[itatum] Civit[atis] Bristoll' p[re]d[icte] s[e]cundu[m] exigent[iam] cujusdam actus Parliament[i] D [omi]ni Caroli s[e]cundi nunc Regis Angl[ie] inchoat' apud Westm[onasterium] octavo die Maij a[nn]o Regni sui decimo tertio intitulat' An Act for establishing an additionall Revennue upon his ma[jes]ty his heires and successors for the better Support of his and their Crowne and dignity ad Generalem Sessionem Pacis dicti d[omi]ni Regis tent[am] apud Guildhald' Civit[atis] p[re]d[icte] p[ro] Com[itatu] Civit[atis] p[re]d[icte] vicesimo sexto die Augusti a[nn]o Regni dicti d[omi]ni Regis et c[etera] decimo quarto coram Nathaniel' Cale armig[ero] Major[e] civit[atis] Bristoll' $\mathrm{p}[\mathrm{re}] \mathrm{d}[\mathrm{icte}]$ Joh[ann]e Locke, Milone Jackson, Ric[ard]o Balman, Henric[o] Creswick et Joh[an]n[e] Knight Armig[eris] Alderman[nis] eiusde[m] Civit[atis] Justic[iariis] dicti d[omi]ni Regis ad pacem in Com[itatu] pred[ict'] cons[er]vand' necnon ad diversa felon[ias], transgressiones, et al[ia] malefact[a] in eade[m] Com[itatu] p[er]petrat[a] audiend' et terminend' assign[atis] et c[etera] quae quidem sessio adjourn[nata] fuit usq[ue] in diem Jovis scilicet quartam diem Septembr[i]s a[nn]o p[re]d[icto], et Iteru[m] adjourn[ata] fuit usq[ue] in diem mercurij scilicet decimu[m] diem Septembr[i]s a[nn]o $\mathrm{p}[\mathrm{re}] \mathrm{d}[$ icto] et Iteru[m] etiam adjourn[ata] usq[ue] in diem Jovis scilicet vicesimu[m] quintu[m] diem Septembr[is] a[nn]o p[re]d[icto] ut sequit[ur] vid[elicet]

## Translation

County of the city of Bristol:
Duplicate of the accounts of all and singular the hearths and stoves (in English 'hearths and stoves') in all houses, buildings, rooms and chambers within the county of the city of Bristol, aforesaid, certified and returned by the several constables within the county of the city of Bristol, aforesaid, according to the exigency of a certain act of Parliament of lord Charles II, now king of England, begun at Westminster on the eighth day of May in the 13th year of his reign, entitled 'An Act for establishing an additional revenue upon his majesty, his heirs and successors for the better support of his and their crown and dignity', at the general session of the peace of the said lord king held at the Guildhall of the aforesaid city for the county of the aforesaid city on the 26th day of August in the 14 th year of the reign of the said lord king, etc, before Nathaniel Cale, esquire, mayor of the city of Bristol, aforesaid, John Locke, Miles Jackson, Richard Balman, Henry Creswick and John Knight, esquires, aldermen of the same city, justices of the said lord king assigned for keeping the peace in the aforesaid county and also for hearing and determining divers felonies, trespasses and other crimes perpetrated in the same county, etc. Which same session was adjourned until Thursday, namely the fourth day of September in the aforesaid year, and was again adjourned until Wednesday, namely the tenth day of September in the aforesaid year, and was again adjourned until Thursday, namely the 25th of September in the aforesaid year, as follows, viz:
f. 4 [reproduced in Plate 39]
[Copy of the original 1662 assessment. As explained in the Introduction pp.34-5, 74-5 and 147, the original list of chargeable householders compiled in 1662 was used again unaltered for the three collections of Michaelmas 1664-Michaelmas 1665]

| The Amount of all the hearths and stoves in the $\mathrm{P}[\mathrm{ar}]$ ish of St Ewins within the Citty of Bristoll: | Thomas Wall ${ }^{7}$ | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | The Mayor and Comminality ${ }^{8}$ in the Councill House | 1 |
|  | Sara Granger |  |
| St Ewin's parish: | [vid added in ED] | 2 |
| [Corn Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side] | Robert Gillford | 2 |
| Ann Weare ${ }^{1}$ wid $\quad 2$ hearths [no vid in $E D$ ] | William Haynes | 1 |
| Thomas Prewett 1 | [Broad Street, W side] |  |
| Jeremiah Hollwey 8 | Matthew Hazard ${ }^{9}$ | 4 |
| Joseph Warren 3 | Thomas Thomas | 5 |
| George Boswell ${ }^{2}$ (11 | Ellinor Martin |  |
| Thomas Browne ${ }^{3}$ 2 | [vid added in ED] | 8 |
| Sara Toney wid ${ }^{4}$, 5 | John Smith | 3 |
| Richard Hollister ${ }^{5}$ 2 | Nicholas Fox | 2 |
| Phillip Dorney 6 |  |  |
| Joane Weare ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |
| [vid added in $E D$ ] 2 |  |  |

1 With entries below being for the north side of Corn Street it can be inferred that the entries for the parish of St Ewen commence at No. 53, the first house in the parish coming from the corner with Small Street.
2 With 11 hearths, this is likely to have been the Bush Tavern at No. 53C Corn Street (Leech, Topography, p. 56).
${ }^{3}$ Nos. 57-61 Corn Street were held by Thomas Browne, Henry Pirry and Richard Hollester in 1655 (Leech, Topography, p. 57).
4 No. 59 Corn Street, see n. 3; placed between the entries for Browne and Hollister this was probably the middle house, No. 59.
${ }^{5}$ No. 61 Corn Street, see nn. 3-4.
${ }^{6}$ No. 63 Corn Street was leased to Joan Weare in 1654 (Leech, Topography, p. 58).
7 Thomas Wall is recorded at No. 65 Corn Street by 1675 (Leech, Topography, pp. 58-9).
${ }^{8}$ The 'comminality' means the Common Council - the self-selecting oligarchy of 40 men who governed Bristol under its charter.
${ }^{9}$ By 1641 No. 1 Broad Street, the church house of St Ewen, was of Matthew Hassard clerk (Leech, Topography, p. 30). Matthew Hassard or Hazard was rector of St Ewen 1639-43 and 1645-62, lecturer of Redcliffe 1646-60 and a zealous Parliamentarian; ejected in 1662, he died in 1671 (R. Hayden, ed., The records of a church of Christ in Bristol, 1640-1687 (Bristol Record Society, 27, 1974) pp. 293-4; J. Harlow, Religious ministry in Bristol 1603-1689: uniformity to dissent (Bristol Record Society, 69, 2017).
f. 4 v

## St Eweins parish

Toby Godear ${ }^{10}$
Nicholas Meredith ${ }^{11}$
Alice Nicholls wid
John Harris
John Hollister
John Nickens
John Nicholls
Gilbert Moore
John Fluellin
Richard Clifford
George Hudson
$\mathrm{p}[\mathrm{er}]$ Nicholas Meredith constable

## 49

f. 5

## Temple parish:

[Counterslip, formerly East Tucker Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side] ${ }^{13}$ Jeffery Price 5 hearths
Richard Tovy 7

John Thruston 6
Henery Williams 4
Samuel Tippett ${ }^{14} \quad 4$
Phillipp Wattkins ${ }^{15} 3$
John Hooke 3
3 hearths Richard Lundy 3
6 William Cannons 4

Thomas Borne ${ }^{17} 3$
Alexander Kerswell 3
Robert Howell 2
[Temple Street, $E$ side] ${ }^{18}$
John Brinkworth 3
Mathew Rogers 3
John Haskines 4
Joseph Fincher ${ }^{19} \quad 8$
Richard Goodwyn ${ }^{20} 4$
William Crabb 6
William White 2
John Gray the elder 4
John Day 3
Richard Allen 1
[ED damaged]
${ }^{10}$ No. 6 Broad Street was in 1714 'late of Ephraim Goodyeare' (Leech, Topography, p. 32).
${ }_{11}$ No. 7 Broad Street was in 1802 formerly of Nicholas Meredith (Leech, Topography, p. 32).
12 This was probably No. 15 Broad Street, the last house in the parish of St Ewen walking northwards down the W side of Broad Street.
${ }_{13}$ The entries below, for Tippet and Wattkins, indicate that those for Temple parish commence at the W end of Counterslip.
${ }^{14}$ The N side of Counterslip, No. 7, the W part of Edward Whitchurch's sugar house, of Samuel Tibbott from 1648 (BA 5139(557); Courage Archives EE/E/19 and 21; 1845 abstract of title No. 9).
${ }^{15}$ The N side of Counterslip, No. 7, the E part of Edward Whitchurch's sugar house; in 1741 this was the tenement in East Tucker Street formerly of Philip Watkins (Courage Archives EE/E/19).
${ }^{16}$ The entry below for Thomas Borne indicates that the Counterslip commenced with Owen Clinke.
${ }^{17}$ The S side of Counterslip, No. 14, in 1699 the tenement formerly of Thomas Bourne, practitioner in physic (BA P.Tem/Ab/157).
18 The entries below, for Fincher and Goodwin, indicate that the E side of Temple Street was reached at this point.
${ }^{19}$ No. 4 Temple Street, from 1681 leased to Joseph Fincher who possibly lived there at an earlier date (BA P.Tem/ Ab/126).
${ }^{20}$ No. 5 Temple Street, in 1657 the tenement where Richard Goodwin, clothier, now dwelt, between a tenement of Temple church now of John Merchant on the N and a tenement of Temple parish where William Crabb lived on the S, extending back to Bast Avon, together with a little pavement held by Merchant and a room called the dark entry held by Edward Pyott, and in 1673 re-edified and new built by Richard Goodwin who lived there (BA P.Tem/Ab/ 114 and 133).
$50 \quad 51$
f. 5v

## Temple Parish

John Hawkines
John Knight esq ${ }^{21}$
Samuel Beacham
William Popp
[blank] Hart wid
Nathaniel Milner
Christopher Woodward
Jacob Brint ${ }^{22}$
Robert Burkett
John Merricke
William Lyson
William Warren
Giles Douting
Walter Meacocke
[blank] Douting wid
Nicholas Jordan
Thomas Tomlinson ${ }^{23}$
John Northeast
Thomas Bishop
Richard Young
Thomas Warren ${ }^{24}$
John Lovell
Nicholas Popp
John Crabb
Thomas Wood
John Gore

## f. 6

7 hearths

## Temple Parish

$\begin{array}{rlr}7 \text { Walter Hunt } & 5 \text { hearths } \\ 7 & \text { George Wilkines } & 2\end{array}$
Walter Hunt
George Wilkines 5 hearths
2 John Whiting 5 2
[Temple Street, W side]
Richard Tompkines ${ }^{25} 2$
John White 2
[blank] Munday wid ${ }^{26} \quad 1$
[blank] Pester wid 5
[blank] Cole wid 4
[blank] Hawkines wid 4
Richard Hart 12
William Tayler 5
William Ford 7
William Gray 4
John Hind 3
Lawrence Swettnam 2
Walter Steward 4
Jeremy Higgens 2
[blank] Day wid 1
William Swettnam 1
[2h in $E D$ ]
Andrew Morris 2
Roger Long 3
Robert Amberson 2
Laurence Bricker 5
Edward Fitticatt 4
James Cole 3
Richard Hemyard 4
Thomas House 2
Anthony Cocke 5
John Sanders 2

[^79]| Edward $<$ Dudleston $>$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\quad$ Dugleston | 3 |
| Anthony Cocke | 1 |

Robt Burkett \} Const
Jo Dudlestone \}
ff. 7-8v blank

## 53

f. 9

## St Thomas parish:

[Redcliff Street, W side]
Arthur Farmer Esq ${ }^{31} 8$ hearths
Edward Graunt 5
Samuel Combe 2
William Cox ${ }^{32} 2$
Walter Carpenter 4
Edward Wilcox 2
Mary Gibbs wid 5
William Davies 2
Thomas Hulett 4
Thomas Hobson 5
Thomas Harris 3
John Maplett 5
Elizabeth North 4
Ann Cooke wid 4
Richard Lukens 4
Hugh Lewes 7
Stephen Chapman 1

[^80]| Thomas Knight | 2 | [Redcliff Street, E side] |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Samuel Gibbons | 2 | Ralph Oleffe ${ }^{37}$ | 10 |
| Edward Moore | 2 | Charles Jones | 5 |
| Roger Shepman | 2 | Edith Deane ${ }^{38}$ | 6 |
| Thomas Perkines | 7 | James Whitwood | 3 |
| Henery Warren | 4 | Andrew Baker | 3 |
| Allen Mogaridge | 4 | Henery Hosear | 6 |
| Richard Stephens | 4 | William Farrier ${ }^{39}$ | 10 |
| William Kineton ${ }^{33}$ | 3 | Edward Gough | 3 |
| Samuel Wharton | 8 | William Windham | 2 |
| Ursula Puxton wid | 5 | John Wattkines | 4 |
| Samuel Webb | 3 | Joan Evans widow | 2 |
|  |  | John Barnes | 2 |
|  |  | John Whiting | 1 |
| 54 |  | Michael Puxton ${ }^{40}$ | 3 |
|  |  | John Worgan | 3 |
| f. 9v |  | William Myner | 4 |
|  |  | Robert Watts | 2 |
| St Thomas parish |  |  |  |
| Richard Tayler | 4 hearths |  |  |
| Charles Bevan | 6 | 55 |  |
| Symon Boyer | 6 |  |  |
| Leonard Handcocke ${ }^{34}$ | 9 | f. 10 |  |
| John Pritchard ${ }^{35}$ | 13 |  |  |
| William Walker | 2 | St Thomas parish: |  |
| Eleanor Crump ${ }^{36}$ wid | 4 | John Reade | 2 hearths |
| John Sanders | 5 | William Attwood | 4 |
| Edward Launder | 10 | [then Fohn Reed 2 h in ED] |  |
| Frauncis Greenfeild | 8 | William Allen | 3 |
| Samuel Oldnull | 4 | John Millard | 2 |
| Richard Lambert | 4 | Joane Bony wid | 9 |

[^81]Wid Tomlin
[blank]Tomlin vid in ED]
John Willoughby ${ }^{41}$
Thomas Yate
The Bridge [omitted in $E D$ ]
[Bristol Bridge, E side]
Nehemiah Webb
Edward Morgan ${ }^{42}$
Richard Lane
Humphrey Little ${ }^{43}$
Henry Gleson
Roger Willoughby ${ }^{44}$
James Millard ${ }^{45}$
[Bristol Bridge, W side]
Isaack Dennes ${ }^{46}$
James Freind
Marmaduke Bowdler
William Dawson ${ }^{47}$
George Morgan ${ }^{48}$
George Davies ${ }^{49}$
Thomas Deane
Richard Pope sen ${ }^{50}$
Richard Crump
Elisha Webb
Thomas Tovey

4 St Thom[as] Street [omitted in ED]
[St Thomas Street, W side]
10 Nicholas Jordan ${ }^{51} 5$
6 John Watts 2
John Walker 1
John Purnell 2
2
456
3
4 f. 10v
4
4 St Thomas parish
3 Roger King
2 hearths
Abraham Sanders 4
Nathaniel King 3
3 Thomas Evans 2
3 Edward Younge 5
2 James Siddall 14
2 Thomas Little ${ }^{52} 2$
2 Thomas Day ${ }^{53} 5$
1 Ezekiel Longman 6
5 Daniel Salmon 6
5 Ann Evans 2
3 William Kelson 2
3 William Fry 2
6 John Tippett 2
${ }^{41}$ No. 28 Redcliff Street, in 1672 the tenement, heretofore of Henry Ellyott, merchant, and then of John Willoughby, in the parish of St Thomas between a tenement heretofore of the widow Challoner and late of the widow Yate on the S side [i.e. No. 29] and a tenement sometime of John Kinge, cooper, and late of John Tomlinson on the N [i.e. No. 27], extending back to the Law Ditch on the E, mortgaged by Alderman John Willoughby, Samuel his heir and Katherine, Samuel's wife, to Jeremy Holwey and Thomas Ellis merchants (BA 5918(4)).
${ }^{42}$ E side of Bridge, St Thomas No. 20, c. 1650 in the occupation of Edward Morgan (BA 04041 f. 107).
${ }^{43}$ E side of Bridge, St Thomas Nos. 16-18, in 1675 of Humfry Little, goldsmith (BA 00719(16)).
${ }^{44}$ E side of Bridge, St Thomas No. 15, by 1679 of Roger Willoughby (BA F/Tax/4).
${ }^{45}$ E side of bridge, St Thomas No. 13/14c, by 1679 of James Millard, mercer, probably the compiler of the 1673 $\operatorname{map}$ (BA F/Tax/4).
${ }^{46}$ E side of Bridge, St Thomas No. 13/14b, in 1656 the Pigeon, now of Isaac Dennys, glover (BA 4726(3)).
${ }^{47}$ W side of Bridge, St Thomas No. 9, in 1663 of William Dawson, glover (BA 4726(20)).
48 W side of Bridge, St Thomas No. 8, in 1663 of George Morgan, haberdasher (BA 4726(20)).
${ }^{49}$ W side of Bridge, St Thomas No. 7, by 1663 of the widow Davis (BA 4726(20)).
${ }^{50}$ W side of Bridge, St Thomas No. 5, in 1671 granted by the Corporation of Bristol to Richard Pope the elder, soapmaker (BA 00719(13)).
51 At the corner with Redcliff Street; in 1647 this was the corner tenement where Nicholas Jordan, glover, lived, with Redcliff Street on the N and next to Leaden Wall Lane leading into St Thomas Street on the E, leased by the feoffees of St Thomas to Jordan (BA P.StT/D/93).
52 No. 134 St Thomas Street, W side, by 1674 in the occupation of Thomas Little, sadler, as tenant to Thomas Puxton (BA P.StS/D/l1).
53 St Thomas Street, W side, No. 133, by 1658 of Thomas Day, soapmaker (BA P.StS/D/11).

| James Cable ${ }^{54}$ | 1 | Christopher Brimsden | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Andrew Jordan ${ }^{55}$ | 6 | Christopher Tayler | 4 |
| Phillipp Roberts | 4 | Michael Hunt | 2 |
| Robert Smith | 4 |  |  |
| Robert Ithell | 3 | the lane behind the church |  |
| John Goldsmith | 2 | [omitted in ED] |  |
| Richard Collins | 3 | John Arney | 2 |
| William Redwood | 4 | Thomas Parsons | 3 |
| Randall Allen | 6 | Walter Edwards | 4 |
| Peter Browne | 4 |  |  |
| William Purdue | 6 | Long Row [omitted in ED] |  |
| Isaac Hayward | 2 | Robert Langford | 3 |
| Roger Roydon | 3 |  |  |
| Gerrard Lane | 3 | Tucker Streete [omitted in ED] |  |
| Josias Bowden | 1 | Miles Dixson | 6 |
| Michael Pittman | 6 | John Hunt | 2 |
| Richard Legg | 11 | John Bevis ${ }^{57}$ | 4 |
|  |  | Thomas Meaden | 2 |
|  |  | Edward Nelson ${ }^{58}$ | 3 |
| 57 |  | Joyce Warren wid ${ }^{59}$ | 10 |
|  |  | Edward Stroud ${ }^{60}$ | 5 |
| f. 11 |  | Edward Cox ${ }^{61}$ | 3 |
|  |  | Richard Plummer | 3 |
| St Thomas parish |  | Richard Blackborow | 6 |
| Thomas Tyson | 7 hearths | Edward Dudleston | 3 |
| John Ford | 3 | William Kemp | 4 |
| Arthur Stert ${ }^{56}$ | 24 | Ann Coder |  |
| Robert Bayly | 3 | [Johes in ED] | 1 |
| Henry Rich | 6 | Randall Key | 2 |
| Richard Smith | 3 | John Drew | 4 |
| Robert Jones | 7 | John Hawkins | 4 |
| John Hine | 3 |  |  |
| William Jayne | 12 |  |  |
| Richard Brafeild | 3 |  |  |

[^82]John Dowle als Gottley 4
William Baldwin 8
f. 11 v
[Castle Green, E side]

Hearths in voyd houses in the parish of St Thomas:
[these entries added at the base of the
St Thomas columns in ED]
William Keynton
Richard Pope
John Worgan
Symon Boyer
John Gore
Thomas Prestwood
Thomas Goldsmith
Robert Langford
Randall Allen

| James Friend | $\}$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Ro: Bayley | $\}$ |
| Samuel Millard | $\}$ Constabl[es] |
| Jo: Walker | $\}$ |
| Roger Royden | $\}$ |

## ff. 12-13v blank

Joseph Brady 5
James Powell ${ }^{62} \quad 8$
Thomas Goldney ${ }^{63} 3$
[Castle Green, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
Gober Sickes 5
Henery Gibbes ${ }^{64} 9$
Hugh Parry 10
Robert Plea 2
John Hickes 3
Thomas Barnes 5
Voison Thorne 6
John Alyes ${ }^{65} 9$
Bernard Martin
de Beringclough 3
Thomas Sweete 3
Robert Taylor 7
Joseph Higgs 2
Thomas Harden 3
John Simons 4
Elizabeth Wilkins 3
Gilbert Huband 3
Ann Davies wid 3
59
f. 14

The Castle Ward:
John Low
Thomas Edwards
[Castle Street, both sides]
Ralph Heale ${ }^{66} 9$
Robert Drew ${ }^{67} 2$
William Horwood 2
5 hearths James Stiles 1
6 Richard Ward 4
Laurence Wilden 2

[^83]Richard Nethwey ${ }^{68}$
Robert Pittman

4 Thomas Ewens ${ }^{75} 4$
4 Thomas Hopkines 3
John Mootes ${ }^{76} 3$
Samuel Wint ${ }^{77} 3$
John Evans ${ }^{78} 3$
John Rumming 7
Mary Lockston wid ${ }^{79} \quad 1$
William Morgan ${ }^{80} \quad 4$
William Rogers 2
3 hearths Christian Dangerfeild wid ${ }^{81} 4$
2 Mary West wid 2
8 Edmund Prestich 2
4 Richard Baker 5
4 David Low 2
5 John Chocke ${ }^{82} 4$
5 John Harris ${ }^{83} \quad 2$
2 William Symons ${ }^{84} \quad 2$
11 Abraham Wild 1
2 Christian Dangerfeild wid ${ }^{85} 2$
3 3 3

John Packer 3
Henry Pearce ${ }^{74} 2$

## 60

f. 14 v

The Castle Ward:

George Johns
Samuel Tucker
Cicely Bush wid ${ }^{69}$
John Clements ${ }^{70}$
Elizabeth Coslett wid
William Bath
William Taylor
William Dimock ${ }^{71}$
Richard Benfeild ${ }^{72}$
James Herring ${ }^{73}$
${ }^{68}$ Nos. 73-4 Castle Street, in 1656 leased to Richard Nethway, brewer (BA 04335(4) f. 53).
${ }^{69}$ Probably Nos. 25-6 Castle Street, built on the plot leased to Cecily Bush in 1661 (BA 04041 f. 151).
${ }^{70}$ Probably No. 68 Castle Street, by c. 1650 of John Clements, shoemaker (BA 04335(4) f. 137).
${ }^{71}$ No. 21 Castle Street, in 1641 and 1656 of William Dimmock (BA 04335(2); 04335(4) f. 57).
${ }^{72}$ Nos. 17-20 Castle Street, in 1641 leased to Richard Benfield (BA 04335(5) f. 18).
${ }^{73}$ No. 16 Castle Street, in 1686 granted to James Herring in fee farm (BA 04043(4) f. 415).
${ }^{74}$ Behind No. 16 Castle Street, a tenement and pavement in 1658 leased to Henry Pearce (BA 04335(4) f. 79).
75 No. 39 Castle Green, in 1659 leased to Thomas Ewens (BA 094335(4) f. 90).
${ }^{76}$ No. 13 Castle Street, in 1656 the plot leased for building to John Mootes (BA 04335(4) f. 4). Buildings behind No. 13 were in 1697 now in the possession of William Hollister, house carpenter, and Nicholas Peck, tyler (BA 04335(8) f. 36)
${ }^{77}$ No. 6 Castle Street, in 1662 lately erected by John Evans and then leased to Samuel Wint, soapboiler (BA 04335(4) f. 122).
${ }^{78}$ No. 5 Castle Street, in 1662 lately erected by John Evans, mason (BA 04335(4) f. 122).
${ }^{79}$ Possibly the small tenement, part of Nos. 1-2 Castle Street, leased to Edmond Lockstone in 1661 (BA 04335(4) f. 118).
${ }^{80}$ No. 10 Castle Street, by 1663 leased to William Morgan (BA 04335(4) f. 135).
${ }^{81}$ No. 7 Castle Street, by 1668 of Christian Dangerfield (BA 04335(5) f. 71 ).
${ }^{82}$ No. 55 Castle Street, in 1656 the two stables and a strip of land leased to John Chock, bodice maker, for building (BA 04335(4) f. 42).
${ }^{83}$ No. 56 Castle Street, in 1660 leased to John Harris, cooper (BA 04335(4) f. 112). In 1672 the premises of John Harris in Castle Street were licensed for preaching by John Thompson, minister of the Castle independent congregation 1670-5 (Harlow, Religious ministry).
${ }^{34}$ No. 57 Castle Street, in 1656 leased to Thomas Harding, carpenter, and then assigned to William Simons mariner (BA 04335(4) f. 52).
${ }^{85}$ See also above n. 81.

$$
\text { f. } 15
$$

Castle Ward:
John Hollister
Flower Hunt ${ }^{86}$
Thomas Millward
Henry Westover ${ }^{87}$
[above two entries reversed in $E D$ ]
Roger Oulstone
John Smith
Patrick Browne ${ }^{88}$
John Dance
Thomas Harris ${ }^{89}$
Thomas Hiscockes
Richard Hale ${ }^{90}$
Richard Hipbard
John Hollister \} Const[ables]
John Mootes \}
f. 15 v blank

## f. 16

## St Peters parish:

3 hearths [Wine Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
3 William Clutterbucke
8 and his mother ${ }^{91}$
2 John Loyd
8 hearths
$-7$
Symon Hurle 9
John Lawford 7
Charles Hartford ${ }^{92} \quad 5$
Joseph Kippon ${ }^{93} 3$
Richard Lymell 4
Jane Fry ${ }^{94} \quad 5$
John Withers 5
James Phelps 5
3 Samuel Clements ${ }^{95} 3$
Ann Buttler 15
[Wine Street, $S$ side]
Daniel Wastfeild ${ }^{96} 4$
Edward Toplady ${ }^{97} 3$
Richard Balman esq. ${ }^{98} 7$
[no esq in $E D$ ]
Maurice Orchard 2
${ }^{86}$ No. 59 Castle Street, in 1656 leased to William Mason, carpenter, the lease in part for the lives of Flower Hunt, tobacco pipemaker, and other members of the Hunt family, who subsequently lived there (BA 04335(4) f. 45 and (6) f. 18).
${ }^{87}$ Possibly No. 30 Castle Street, in the possession of Henry Westover, weaver, by 1701 (BA 04335(8) ff. 118-19).
88 Later Nos. 65-6 Castle Street, by c. 1650 held by Patrick Browne (BA 04041, ff. 143, 147; 04335(4) f. 64).
${ }^{89}$ No. 63 Castle Street, in 1660 leased to Thomas Harris (BA 04335(4) ff. 90 and 111 ).
90 One of Nos. 64-5 Castle Street, in 1657 leased to Richard Hale, baker (BA 04041 f. 147).
${ }^{91}$ Nos. 31-2 Wine Street, W part, in 1666 of Mrs Clutterbuck, her son and 4 daughters, 2 apprentices and a servant, in 1672 of William Clutterbuck (E. Ralph, 'A Bristol poll tax 1666', TBGAS, 61 (1939) p. 178; Leech, Topography, p. 183).
92 One of Nos. 33-6 Wine Street, in 1666 and 1672 of Charles Hurford or Harford, his wife and 2 children, 1 apprentice and a servant ('Poll tax', p.179; Leech, Topography, p. 183).
93 One of Nos. 33-6 Wine Street, in 1672 of Joseph Kippin (Leech, Topography, p. 183). Probably the Joseph Lippen with his wife, 5 children, 1 apprentice and a servant in Wine Street in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 179).
94 One of Nos. 33-6 Wine Street, in 1666 of widow Fry, her son, and a servant and five 'tablers', in 1672 of Jane Fry (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 179; Leech, Topography, p. 183).
${ }^{95}$ In Wine Street, in 1666 of Mr Samuel Clements and 3 servants (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 179).
96 No. 38 Wine Street, in 1745 formerly of Daniel Wastfield, soapmaker (Leech, Topography, p. 194).
${ }^{97}$ In Wine Street, in 1666 of Edward Toplady, his wife, 2 children, 1 apprentice and possibly Charles Toplady (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 179).
98 In Wine Street, in 1666 of Alderman Richard Balman, his wife and 2 servants (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 179). Nos. 39-40 Wine Street, the Three Horseshoes, by 1677 of Nathaniel Haggett and Richard Balman, grocer (Leech, Topography, p. 194).
[Dolphin Street]

## 63

John Teague ${ }^{99}$James Fisher ${ }^{100}$[Peter Street]
Edward Feilding ${ }^{101}$Samuel Rogers ${ }^{102}$Richard Mason ${ }^{103}$
[Mary le Port Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]Joseph Jones ${ }^{104}$Jonas Easton ${ }^{105}$[Neson in ED]
John Meredeth ${ }^{106}$Edward ClarkeAnthony Ayliffe ${ }^{107}$John FrizerMary Marmaduke ${ }^{108}$John Floyd
[The Shambles or Worshipfull Street]16
3
f. 16 v

## St Peter's parish:

John Ladwell ${ }^{110}$2 hearths
John Hardiman2
Joane Mabbs ${ }^{111}$ ..... 6
Thomas Downes ..... 33[Peter Street]
3 Oliver Cake ${ }^{112}$ ..... 5
2
[blank] Scuse wid ${ }^{113}$
4
2 John Pritchard
2
David Phellps
6
William ?Challener
[-]
for a voyd tenement likewise
[voyd entry omitted in $E D$ ]
Edward Jones ..... 5
William Pew ..... 3
7 Joane Moone ..... 3
James Croome ..... 1
Robert Jones ..... 4
John Palmer ..... 3

99 In Wine Street, in 1666 of Mr John Teague, his wife, 5 children, 3 named men and then 3 servants (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 180). The Dolphin Inn, Dolphin Street, by c. 1650 of John Teague, leases to him renewed in 1656 and 1672 (Leech, Topography, p. 68).
${ }^{100}$ In Wine Street, in 1666 of Mr James Fisher, his wife, 2 children, 1 apprentice and 1 servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 179).
${ }^{101}$ In Peter Street, of Mr Edward Feilding, his wife, 1 child, 2 apprentices and 2 servants in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 184).
${ }^{102}$ In Peter Street, of Mr Samuel Rogers and his wife, 1 apprentice and 1 servant in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 184).
${ }^{103}$ In Peter Street, of Richard Mason and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 184).
${ }^{104}$ No. 16A, the White Swan, Mary le Port Street, in 1666 of Joseph Joans and his wife and a servant, in 1670 of Joseph Jones (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 185; Leech, Topography, p. 103).
${ }^{105}$ Mary le Port Street, in 1666 of Jonah Neason, his wife and son (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 185).
${ }^{106}$ Mary le Port Street, in 1666 of John Meredith, his wife and 1 apprentice (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 185). No. 15 Mary le Port Street, in and from 1666 of and leased to John Meredith, glazier (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 185; Leech, Topography, p. 102).
${ }^{107}$ Mary le Port Street, in 1666 of Mr Anthony Ayliff, his wife and 2 children (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 185).
${ }^{108}$ Possibly No. 29 Mary le Port Street, where John Marmaduke lived in 1615 (Leech, Topography, p. 106).
${ }^{109}$ In the Shambles or Worshipfull Street, in 1666 of Mr Richard Pope, his wife, 1 child, 1 apprentice and 1 servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{110}$ In the Shambles or Worshipfull Street, in 1666 of John Lodwell and his wife (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{111}$ In the Shambles or Worshipfull Street, in 1666 of Joan Mabbs, widow and a servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{112}$ In Peter Street, in 1666 of Oliver Cake, his wife, 2 children and a servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 184).
${ }^{113}$ In Peter Street, in 1666 of widow Skuse and 4 in the family (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 184).
[Narrow Wine Street, , N side] 64
Godfrey Widlacke ${ }^{114}$ ..... 2
Anthony Lugg ${ }^{115}$ ..... 11
William Clarke ..... 2
John Farrington ..... 3
John Heale ..... 4
John Holcombe ..... 13
Samuel Widlocke ${ }^{116}$3
Thomas Wattkines ..... 3
Edward Lovering ..... 4
William Millard ..... 4
John Browne ${ }^{117}$
John WilliamsonWilliam Popley ${ }^{118}$Nathaniel Merrey ${ }^{119}$John Dowell
f. 17
St Peter's parish:
Henry Dodicatt ${ }^{120}$ ..... 3 hearths
William Lane ..... 3
Ann Phillipps ..... 2
Edward Jones ..... 2
[Narrow Wine Street, S side]
Nicholas Hort ${ }^{121}$ ..... 3
Thomas Everet ..... 3
Stephen Fugger ${ }^{122}$ ..... 3
Pascall Williams ${ }^{123}$ ..... 3
John Tyler ..... 5
John Davies ..... 3
Mary Cooper ..... 4
[Broad Weir]
Thomas Warren ..... 5
Edward Noble ..... 2
Jane Stringer ..... 6
William Taylor ..... 6
Nicholas Tilley ${ }^{124}$ ..... 5
John Seager ..... 2
${ }^{114}$ In [?Narrow] Wine Street, in 1666 of either Mrs Whitlack and servant or Mrs Whitluck, one child and servant (Ralph, ‘Poll tax’, p. 181). Probably No. 2 Narrow Wine Street, by 1698 formerly of Godfrey Widlake (Leech, Topography, p. 184).
${ }^{115}$ In [?Narrow] Wine Street, in 1666 of Anthony Lugg, wife and daughter (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 181). In 1672 No. 39 Wine Street was granted by Anthony Lugg to Richard King (Leech, Topography, p. 193), but position here suggests No. 3.
${ }^{116}$ Probably No. 4 Narrow Wine Street, leased to Samuel Widlake from 1645 (Leech, Topography, p. 186); see also n. 114.
${ }^{117}$ In [?Narrow] Wine Street, in 1666 of John Browne, his wife and 2 children (ibid.).
${ }^{118}$ In [?Narrow] Wine Street, in 1666 of William Popely, his wife and 2 children (ibid.).
${ }^{119}$ In [?Narrow] Wine Street, in 1666 of Nathaniel Merry, his wife and 2 children (ibid.).
${ }^{120}$ In [?Narrow] Wine Street, in 1666 of Henry Deddicott, his wife and 2 children (ibid.).
${ }^{121}$ In [?Narrow] Wine Street, in 1666 of Nicholas Hort, his wife, 1 son and 1 servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182). Probably Narrow Wine Street, S side, No. 29B, by 1650, in 1658 and in 1678 of Nicholas Hart, mercer (Leech, Topography, p. 191).
${ }^{122}$ In [?Narrow] Wine Street, in 1666 of Stephen Fudger, his wife and daughter (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182). No. 29A Narrow Wine Street, E tenement, in 1659 of Stephen Fudger, instrument-maker (Leech, Topography, p. 191)
${ }^{123}$ No. 29A Narrow Wine Street, W tenement, in 1658 of Pascall Williams (Leech, Topography, p. 191). In 1666 Paskall Williams and his wife, Mr John Tiler and wife and widow Cooper were successive entries in [Narrow] Wine Street, while Thomas Warren and his wife were the last entry in the Weare (Ralph, 'Poll tax', pp. 182, 187).
${ }^{124}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare'), in 1666 of Mr Nicholas Tilly, his 3 children, 1 apprentice and 1 servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 187). No. 17 Broad Weir, before 1683 of Nicholas Tilly, by 1736 late of Nicholas Tilly (BA 10666(6) $\mathrm{a}-\mathrm{m}$ ).

Nicholas Cause ${ }^{125}$
Richard Boxwell
Richard Baugh ${ }^{126}$
John Warren ${ }^{127}$
Thrustram Gill ${ }^{128}$
Richard Higgs ${ }^{129}$
[Hickes in ED]
Thomas King
Henry Northall
John Stephens one stove also
John Bryant ${ }^{130}$
William Beake
John Hodges and
Wid Alderson
[Alderson's name omitted in ED]
[blank] Beake wid
Peter Hely ${ }^{131}$
[Hily in ED]
$6 \mathbf{6 5}$
3
5
2
2 St Peters parish:
Tobit Brittan ${ }^{132}$
2 hearths
Elizabeth Tayler 2
Edward Bide 4
Roger Paynter ${ }^{133} 2$
John Lane 2
1 Lodovicke Poole ${ }^{134} 2$
5 Edward Bane 2
2 Edward Fisher ${ }^{135} 5$
James Claxton ${ }^{136} \quad 4$
2 William Flower 3
4
[Peter Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
George Larkin ${ }^{137} 5$
9 Elizabeth Mehin 5
John Cole ${ }^{138} \quad 5$
Robert Webb ${ }^{139} 3$
Edward Feild ${ }^{140} 2$
John Johns 2
Christopher Allford ${ }^{141} 6$
[blank] Hiscocks wid ${ }^{142} 3$
Walter Jenkins 2
${ }^{125}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare'), in 1666 of Mr Nicholas Cawse, his wife, 1 child, 1 apprentice and 1 servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 187).
${ }^{126}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare'), in 1666 of Mr Richard Baugh, his wife, 2 apprentices and 1 servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 187).
${ }^{127}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare'), in 1666 of John Warren and his wife (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 187).
${ }^{128}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare') in 1666 of Thurston Gyll, his wife and 2 children (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 187).
${ }^{129}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare'), in 1666 of Richard Higs and one apprentice (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 187).
${ }^{130}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare'), in 1666 of John Briant, his wife and 4 children, 2 apprentices and a servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{131}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare'), in 1666 of Mr Peter Hely, his wife and 5 children, an apprentice and servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{132}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare'), in 1666 of Tobias Brittaine and his wife (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{133}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare'), in 1666 of Roger Painter and his wife (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{134}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare'), in 1666 of Lodowick Poole and his wife (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{135}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare'), in 1666 of widow Fisher and a servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{136}$ In Broad Weir ('The Weare'), in 1666 of James Claxton and his daughter (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{137}$ In Peter Street in 1666 of Mr George Larkin and 3 children, a named man and a servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182).
${ }^{138}$ In Peter Street, in 1666 of John Cole, his wife, 4 children and 1 apprentice (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183).
${ }^{139}$ In Peter Street, in 1666 of Robert Webb and his wife, and 1 apprentice (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183).
${ }^{140}$ In Peter Street, in 1666 of Edward Field, his wife and 1 child (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183).
${ }^{141}$ In Peter Street, in 1666 of Christopher Alford, his wife, 3 children and 1 servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183). One of Nos. 7-8 Peter Street, in 1659 leased to Christopher Alford (Leech, Topography, p. 112).
${ }^{142}$ Probably No. 9 Peter Street, in 1650 leased to John Hiscox (Leech, Topography, p. 112).

| George Beaton | 1 | Thomas Clarke | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| George Evans ${ }^{143}$ | 2 | [blank] Hobbs | 1 |
| William Ball ${ }^{144}$ | 2 | [blank] Hawkines ${ }^{19}$ | 1 |
| Tobias Bussell ${ }^{145}$ | 4 | Alexander Cooper | 1 |
| Dansey Smith | 3 | Edward Morgan | 2 |
| Edward Alderson ${ }^{146}$ | 2 |  |  |
|  |  | Edward Feilding \} Const[ables] |  |
| [Narrow Wine Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side] |  | Henry Northall \} |  |
| John Roach for Newgate ${ }^{147}$ | 7 |  |  |
|  |  | ff. 18v-20 blank |  |

66
f. 18

## St Peters parish:

Hearths in voyd houses in the sayd parish:
[In the $E D$, the following first seven entries
are listed at the top of an earlier column,
the remainder are lost due to damage
of the document.]
[Peter Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
Bridget Webber ${ }^{148}$
3 hearths
John Nicolls
f. 20 v

## St Stephens parish:

John Baker 5 hearths
[blank] Barnett
1
Edward Williams 2
[Fisher Lane, E side]
Henry Worgan ${ }^{150} 4$
Samuel Tudder 2
John Luffe 4
Edward Byfeild 2
James Berkin 4
Thomas Edmonds 2
Richard Musdon 4
Edward Hayman 2
[Baldwin Street, $S$ side]
Mary Pitt ${ }^{151} 2$
Robert Iff 1

[^84]William Willett ${ }^{152}$<br>John Knight ${ }^{153}$<br>Thomas Plummer<br>William Flushier<br>Benjamin Moseley ${ }^{154}$<br>[Marsh Street, E side]<br>Simon Wills ${ }^{155}$<br>Elizabeth Starr ${ }^{156}$<br>Johan Wattkins<br>[Johanna in ED]<br>John Churchman<br>John Bramble ${ }^{157}$<br>John Ingram<br>Richard Rice<br>John Smith<br>George Peters

8 Richard Crascombe 4
2 John Orchard 4
2
4 [Fisher Lane, W side]
4 Jonathan Blackwell ${ }^{158} 17$
John Moseley 3
William Ling 6
2 Thomas Davies 3
1 William Turner 4
John Berkin 3
2 John Hedges 2
2 Tobias Lambe 3
1
1 [The Quay]
3 James Young ${ }^{159} 2$
3 Edward Everatt 9
4 William Chamberlayne 4
William Hill 3
Thomas Linton 11
Ann Skarfe wid 2
John Court 1
John Thrustone ${ }^{160} 4$
Marmaduke Williams 2
Robert Bradley 4
2 hearths Elizabeth Jones ${ }^{161} 5$
5 Ann Gold ${ }^{162} 4$
4 John Wale 1
2 Mary Peale 4
4 Thomas Dennis 4
${ }^{152}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 5 of properties purchased under 1766 Act, by 1628 of William Willett, merchant, in Baldwin Street when visited by Samuel Pepys in 1668 (Leech, Topography, p. 28; R. Latham and W. Matthews, ed., The diary of Samuel Pepys: 1668 (London, 1974), p. 234).
${ }^{153}$ No. 4 of properties purchased under 1766 Act, S side of Baldwin Street, of John Knight, cooper, by 1674 (Leech, Topography, p. 28-9).
${ }^{154}$ No. 1 of properties purchased under 1766 Act, by c. 1650 of Benjamin Mosley, cooper, S side of Baldwin Street (Leech, Topography, p. 30).
${ }^{155}$ No. 1 of properties purchased under 1766 Act, E side of Marsh Street, in 1664 now or late of Symon Wills, mariner (Leech, Topography, p. 84).
${ }^{156}$ No. 2 of properties purchased under 1766 Act, E side of Marsh Street, by 1674 late of Elizabeth Starr (Leech, Topography, p. 85).
${ }^{157}$ No. 3 Marsh Street, the tenement behind, in 1716 heretofore of John Bramble (Leech, Topography, p. 89).
${ }^{158}$ Nos. 10-12 of properties purchased under 1774 Act, W side of Fisher Lane, by c. 1650 the Three Cranes, of Jonathan Blackwell (Leech, Topography, p. 71).
${ }^{159}$ One of Nos. 14-18 of properties purchased under 1774 Act, The Quay, in 1627/8 of James Younge (Leech, Topography, p. 126).
${ }^{160}$ The city chamberlain 22 April 1662-1675d. (Beaven, Bristol lists, p. 235).
${ }^{161}$ One of Nos. 17-18 of properties purchased under 1774 Act, The Quay, by 1655 of Elizabeth Jones (Leech, Topography, p. 126).
${ }_{162}$ No. 19 of properties purchased under 1774 Act, The Quay, by 1661 of Anne Gold (Leech, Topography, p. 127).

## f. 21 v

## St Stephens parish:

William Symonds
Francis Short
William Stafford
Alice Bullocke
Henry Paull
Roger Frogett
Sarah Gough wid
William Brandon
John Leverston
Alexander Gray
Robert Yeomans
William Payne
Ann Brawler
Hugh Jenkin
John Bird ${ }^{163}$
John Tovey ${ }^{164}$
William Harford ${ }^{165}$
Richard Chambleton
Anthony Berrow
John Moody ${ }^{166}$
Thomas Dunning
Phillip Barnett
[Bennet in ED]
Thomas Hancock
William Merrick
Edward Williams
Alexander Caroe ${ }^{167}$
John Seacombe
George Morrice
Joseph Tyley
f. 22

## St Stephens parish:

4 hearths William Creed 7 hearths

## 3 Ann Yeomans 5

4 Robert Bodenham 6
5 Robert Clare 2
3 Thomas Haynes 3
2 Thomas Phellps 5
4 Samuel Warden 2
2 Ann Clare 3
11 Joell Perry 1
5 Thomas Browne 2
7 Morgan Williams 3
6 Edward Everard 2
7 Mary Floyd 2
5 Walter Tocknell 6
5 Sarah Bumpsted 4
5 Randolph Turner 3
5 Ann Merrow 2
John Reeves 3
Stephen Perry 2
John Jones ${ }^{168} 2$
Thomas Price 3
William Engleton
[Ingleton in $E D$ ] 3
6 John Morgan 2
5 Samuel Price 4
3 John Bayly 3
6 Stephen Keetch 4
3 Thomas Taylor 5
6 John Davies 4
4 Elizabeth Blackberrow 6
William Barwick 4

[^85]
## 71

f. 22 v

St Stephens parish:
Thomas Furlong
[Narrow Quay, later in Prince Street]
Sir Humphrey Hook ${ }^{169}$
Fabian Hill
William Hook
Francis Kerry
John Cuddeford
Edward Fox
John Lewry
Francis Bayly
Thomas Moore
George White
William Parker
Thomas Watts
Christopher Hellyar
Peter Petersen
Alexander Morgan
Thomas Weare
John Vellicott
Robert Vickris
Edmund Heath
Matthew Mullines
Phillip Jones
Nathaniel Thorneton
James Fuller
Richard Bateman
Sarah Wickham wid
Thomas Rogers
Thomas Mathewes
Richard Silkox

72
f. 23

## St Stephens parish:

3 hearths Matthew Williams 2 hearths
William Hale 4
John Kingston 3
13 William Butts 5
6 John Rogers 2
4 Bartholomew Penrose 2
9 John Peterson 7
4 John Deane 2
4 Phillip Warden 4
3 Griffen Batten 9
5 Walter Clarke 2
8 [blank] Clymer wid 3
1 John Jones 2
2 Richard Davies 3
3
3 [Marsh Street, $W$ side]
4 John Needes ${ }^{170} 2$
5 Henry Adams 3
2 Marlin Hiscox 2
6 Nathaniel Richards 3
9 John Palmer 4
4 George Witherly 1
1 Richard Browning 4
2 John Davies 1
2 John Williams 2
2 Alice Griffeth wid 5
2 John Lane 3
3 John Harfordshire 3
4 Richard Roberts 3
1 Sampson Downes 2
2 William Stevens 3

[^86]f. 23 v

## St Stephens parish:

Thomas Morse
Thomas Wickham for a voyd house [ED damaged]
Henry Stevens
Samuel Norris
John Waldin
James Wattkin for a voyd house [ED damaged]
Nicholas Nash
Thomas Poole
Timothy Browne
John Mason
George Hookes [Stoakes in ED]
Francis Attwood
Thomas Maine
John Poole voyd house [no voyd house in ED]
Katherine Cunningham
Mary Baynam
Thomas Taylor
John Poole
James Briss
[Marsh Street, W side]
Anthony Wade ${ }^{171}$
Bartholomew Cross ${ }^{172}$
Robert Neason ..... 3
William Badham ..... 2Hezy Sanders[Henric in $E D$ ] 3
John Blanch ..... 3
8 hearths Edward Dacres
[Dakers in $E D$ ] ..... 4
2 John Needes ${ }^{173}$ ..... 3
William Jayne ..... 331
4
741 f. 24
6 St Stephens parish:
4 Thomas Lovell ..... 4 hearths
3 Richard Sandy ..... 2
2 Ann Person wid ${ }^{174}$ ..... 4
Guy Hill ${ }^{175}$ ..... 2
3 John Andrews ..... 3
2 John Burt ..... 7
2 John Taylor ..... 2
3 John Watts ..... 1
Thomas Moody ..... 3
William Davies ..... 2
2 John Bleachley ${ }^{176}$ ..... 2
5
5
2 Susan Wittingham
2 Susan Wittingham ..... 5
3 George Streete
2 Abraham Roome ..... 1
Peter Kertrue ..... 6
Thomas Salesbury ..... 3
Michael Oxford ..... 2

[^87][Baldwin Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
Thomas Gold ${ }^{177}$
John Hedges
[constables]
Thomas Moore
Giles Merrick
John Jones
George Petersen
Thomas Haynes
William Hill

Nathaniel Thornton 2
5 Thomas Phelps 1
5 Peter Kertrue 1
John Burte 1
Robert Yeamans 1
f. 25 blank

## 76

f. 25 v, col. 1

## St Nicholas parish:

The Bridge [omitted in $E D$ ]
[Bristol Bridge, E side]
Thomas Stevens ${ }^{178} 7$ hearths
Henry Sweete ${ }^{179}$
[Street in $E D] \quad 2$
5 Henry Roe ${ }^{180} 7$
3 John Harper ${ }^{181} 7$
3 Elizabeth Sneade ${ }^{182} 5$
1 Thomas Lewis 7
5 Peter Rowswell 8
2 Timothy Parker ${ }^{183} 8$
George Attwood ${ }^{184} 8$
Thomas Littman 7
Peter Lodge ${ }^{185} 5$
1
Frizell Tucker 1
Henry Stephens 3
Timothy Browne 3
Abraham Roome 1
[Bristol Bridge, E and W sides]
William Stevens ${ }^{186} 8$
${ }_{177}^{177}$ Possibly Nos. 40-1 Baldwin Street, N side, in 1696 formerly of Thomas Gould (Leech, Topography, p. 9).
${ }^{178}$ E side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 1, part of Seymour's Lands, by c. 1650 of Thomas Stevens, grocer, at the N end of the Bridge (BA 04041 f. 108).
${ }^{179}$ E side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 2, part of Seymour's Lands, next without St Nicholas's Gate, by $c .1650$ of Henry Sweete (BA 04041 f. 108).
${ }^{180}$ E side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 3, part of Seymour's Lands, next without St Nicholas's Gate, by 1656 of Henry Roe (BA 00719(12)).
${ }^{181}$ E side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 4, by 1656 of John Harper, linen draper (BA 4726 (5-9, 14)).
${ }^{182}$ E side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 5, by 1656 of Elizabeth Snead, widow (BA 4726 (5-9)).
${ }^{183}$ E side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 8, by c. 1650 where Timothy Parker now lived (BA 04041 f. 108).
${ }^{184}$ E side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 9, by 1673 'new built' and now or late of George Atwood, mercer (BA P.StN/ Ch/D/21-2)).
${ }^{185}$ E side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 11, by 1673 'new built' and now or late of Thomas Lodge, pewterer (BA P.StN/Ch/D/21-2)).
${ }^{186}$ E and W sides, the Chapel on the Bridge, by c. 1650 of Walter Stevens (BA 04041 ff. 107-9).
[Bristol Bridge, W side]
Henry Appleton ${ }^{187}$
William Gibbins
John Machim
Richard Holland
Richard Newman ${ }^{188}$
Thomas Ballard
Abraham Edwards
Robert Brookhouse ${ }^{189}$
Richard Roberts
William Rowswell ${ }^{190}$
William Wilson
George Champnies ${ }^{191}$
Richard Bubb ${ }^{192}$
Richard Oliver
John Morgan
f. $25 \mathrm{v}, \mathrm{col}$. 2

## St Nicholas Parish.

The Back [omitted in $E D$ ]
[Welsh Back]
Edward Ditty
George White
Richard Higgens sen
John Broadwey
Richard Gibbins
Thomas Wallis
William Elliott ${ }^{193}$
Thomas Cary

Edward Shepard 5
William Stevens 11
Matthew Stevens ${ }^{194} \quad 6$
Thomas Deane ${ }^{195} \quad 4$
[blank] Deane wid
[no vid in $E D$ ] 4
Robert Challener 5
John Weaver 2
Charles Taylor 2
Michael Deyes 2
Richard Higgines jun 3
Thomas Langton ${ }^{196} 11$
[blank] Petersen 9
Christopher Griffeth 9
Hugh Jones 5
William Freeman 8
Henry Abley 2
William Bussell 5
[blank] Williams 3
Custom House ${ }^{197} 4$
The Searchers office 1
Miles Jackson ${ }^{198}$ esq. 8
3 hearths

## 77

f. 26, col. 1

## St Nicholas Parish.

Alexander James esq. ${ }^{199} 8$ hearths

[^88]Daniel Adams ${ }^{200} 9$
The Marsh [omitted in ED]
[King Street, $\mathcal{N}$ sidd $]$
Abell Meredith ${ }^{201}$
Thomas Wickham
Robert Dowton
Thomas Wickham
James Hayes
Baldwin Streete [omitted in ED]
[Baldwin Street S side]
Abraham Barnes
John Baldwin
Thomas Attwood
Mary Powell
Benjamin Holben
Phillip Leversuch ${ }^{202}$
Edmund Lewis
Richard Long ${ }^{203}$
Richard Luckett
John Berrow
Walter Sandy esq ${ }^{204}$
[/blank] Sandy, no esq in ED]
Richard Bickham
Benjamin Snacknell ${ }^{205}$
Anthony Smith
John Sandy
John Bickwell
Thomas Mercer
Thomas Baskall
[blank] Jackson wid
[no vid in $E D$ ] ..... 5
Edward Price ..... 2
f. 26, col. 27
6

10 hearths
[Berdow in ED]
3
Edward Mayde
3
William Hardwick ..... 6
[no vid in $E D$ ]
Robert Younge ..... 3
3 Robert Glass ..... 3
4 Thomas James ${ }^{207}$ ..... 5
[Baldwin Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
Richard Wilshere ${ }^{208}$ ..... 3
John Guilleam ${ }^{209}$ ..... 3
[blank] Arundell wid ..... 4
Aron Williams ..... 4
High Streete [ $E D$ damaged]
Popham Cox ..... 4
4 William Oliffe ..... 6
5 John Moore ..... 2
Walter Payne ..... 2
Robert Woodward ..... 7
3 Ambrose Feilding ..... 2
2 [blank] Morgan wid ..... 2

[^89]William Bush ${ }^{210}$
Thomas Goldney ${ }^{211}$
Henry Merricke
William Tippett
[ED damaged]
Thomas Beaven ${ }^{212}$
Edward Baugh
Richard Daw

## 78

f. 26 v , col. 1

## St Nicholas parish

The Shambles: [ED damaged] [or Worshipful Street]
John Hurtnell
[blank] Bagg wid
John Oxford
John Adams
Thomas Williams
William Bush
Andrew Bagg
William Smith
Peter Dowle

## St Nicholas Streete

[ED damaged]
Adam Curtis
Richard Hart
Peter James
William Burroughs
Edward Oliver

4 John Dymer ${ }^{213} 6$
6 John Snead 4
2 Henry Jones ${ }^{214} 3$
3 [blank] Hall wid 3
Richard Luckett 7
3 Thomas Hart ${ }^{215} 7$
4 Edward Perrin 3
3 John Walter 6
Thomas Cole 3
Adam Holland 4
Thomas Jackson 4
George Ford 4
Richard Sing 3
Edward Stevens 3
f. 26 v , col. 2

2 hearths Timothy Richards 1 hearth
3 Robert Lancaster 5
2 Thomas Tyley
[Tilley in $E D] \quad 1$
Rowland Baugh
[Bach in $E D] \quad 2$
Back Street [omitted in $E D$ ]
William Jones ${ }^{216}$
William Tuckey 2
Nicholas Tovey 2
Henry Daniell 3
1 George Patridge 7
9 John Dymer 4
4 Thomas Neson 6
${ }_{210}$ No. 21 High Street, E side, in 1706 formerly of William Bush, linen draper (Leech, Topography, p. 77).
${ }^{211}$ No. 22 High Street, E side, in 1696 adjacent to William Bush (E. Ralph and M. Williams, ed., The inhabitants of Bristol in 1696 (Bristol Record Society, 25, 1968), p. 142), by the early eighteenth century of the Goldney family (R. Leech, 2010, 'Richmond House and the Manor of Clifton' in "A Grand City"" "Life, Movement and Work": Bristol in the eighteenth and nineteenth Centuries: Essays in honour of Gerard Leighton FSA ed. M. Crossley-Evans (Bristol, BGAS, 2010), p. 36, n. 16).
${ }^{212}$ No. 31 High Street, W side, in 1662 leased to Thomas Bevin, upholsterer (Leech, Topography, p. 78).
${ }^{213}$ Possibly the Through House next to Cock Lane, N side of St Nicholas Street, by 1673 of George Dymer (Leech, Topography, p. 147).
${ }^{214}$ No. AA, N side behind Gillows Inn, in 1662 where Henry Jones lived (Leech, Topography, p. 145). Jones was rector of St Stephen 1641-1694d., rector of St Ewen 1671-1682 and chancellor of Bristol diocese from 1669 (Harlow, Religious ministry).
${ }^{215}$ Nos. 6 and 8, N side, by c. 1650 held by Thomas Hart (Leech, Topography, p. 143)
${ }_{216}$ No. 1 on the c. 1795 plan, W side, in 1673 of William Jones, searchmaker (Leech, Topography, p. 4)
[constables]
Thomas Ballard
Thomas Littman
Samuel Tether
Edward Price

## f. 27 blank

## 79

f. 27 v , col. 1

## St Johns parish:

[The Quay]
Richard Nethway ${ }^{217}$
Jeremy How
Ann Roberts wid
[/blank] Roberts no vid in ED]
John Guswell
[Gussell in ED]
[Christmas Street]
Thomas Suiter ${ }^{218}$
Hugh Parry
Henry Joyner
John Wall
George Butcher
[Duck Lane]
Thomas Jones ${ }^{219}$
James Wathin
William Phipps
[Pheaps in ED]

Elizabeth Mortimore wid
8
[/blank]Mortimore vid in ED]
Robert Lawford 3
James Biggs 2
Edward Sperrin 3
William Stevens 3
Jessy Noble
[Jeffry in ED] 2
Richard Nethway 1
[Christmas Street]
Alexander Fox ${ }^{220} 2$
William Heakes 5
Margaret Dunning wid ${ }^{221} 8$
[/blank] Dunin vid in ED]
5 hearths John Vaughan 3
3 Arthur Vizard ${ }^{222}$ [Vesard in ED] 5
6 Thomas Godman ${ }^{223} 5$
3 Timothy Townsend 5
[Townsell in ED]
Anthony Salter 6
[Soulter in ED]
2 Thomas Smart ${ }^{224} 4$
5 Henry Brown 4
4 John Woollvin 1
5 William Clymer 8
7
f. 27 v , col. 2

3 [Halliers Lane]
5 George Deighton ${ }^{225} 6$ hearths
2 John Chappell
Christopher Chappell ${ }^{226} 4$

[^90]Edward Langley ${ }^{227}$
Ann Roberts
[/blank] Roberts in ED]
Robert Parphey
[Purdue in ED]
William Radley
Edward Gibbs ${ }^{228}$
[Gibbs [blank] Gibbs in ED]
John Pearson ${ }^{229}$
William Ling
Walter Howell
[sen added in $E D$ ]
James Matts
[/blank] Matts in ED]
Katherine Hobs
[/blank] Hobes in ED]
Edward Lewes sen
Thomas Jefferies
[/blank] Jefferyes in ED]
Thomas Hayter
John Wright ${ }^{230}$
[Write in ED]
Arthur Sawyer ${ }^{231}$
[Sayer in ED]
Richard Hill
Thomas Trevis
[Travis in ED]
Joane Benfeild
[/blank]Benfield in ED]
Richard Jones
[Tower Lane]
John Gandy ${ }^{232}$
Edward Child
Simon Browne

6 Barbara Long 3
2 [/blank]Long in ED] John Pope sen 7
3 Fouk Bray 5
John Ashley 1
7 Simon Driver 2
$5 \quad$ [ED damaged $]$
Margery Stevens wid 1
4
11

## 80

2
3 f. 28

3 St Johns parish:
[Broad Street, E side] ${ }^{233}$
3 John Lock esq 8 hearths
4 James Morgan 5
Aubrey Mills 1
7 Christopher Robinson 4
7 [Roberts in ED]
Robert Davis 3
2 John Bevill ${ }^{234} 2$
Robert Aldworth esq. ${ }^{235} 11$
[no esq in $E D$ ]
2 Nathaniel Wilcox ${ }^{236} 6$
[Wilcoks in ED]
Joseph Berry 5
Samuel Taylor 3
3 Jacob Cable 5
Mary Alder[worth] wid 8
William Pascall 3
[Pastill in ED]
Elianor Weaver wid 1
[/blank] Weaver vid in ED]

[^91]
${ }_{237}$ No. 21 [now No. 22] Broad Street, immediately N of the Guildhall, from 1651 leased to John Price gent (Leech, Topography, p. 34).
${ }^{238}$ No. 24 Broad Street, W side, by 1681 late of Richard Jordan, painter (Leech, Topography, p. 34).
${ }^{239}$ No. 23 Broad Street, W side, in 1681 formerly of John Herculis, shoemaker (Leech, Topography, p. 34).
${ }^{240}$ Nos. 23-4 Broad Street, W side, the larger house set back behind Nos. 23 and 24 on the street frontage, in 1681 formerly of Jeremy Martin, doctor in physic (Leech, Topography, p. 34).
${ }^{241}$ No. 26 Broad Street, W side, in 1657 leased to Ralph Farmer (Leech, Topography, 35). Farmer was vicar of St Nicholas 1652-60 (Harlow, Religious ministry).
${ }^{242}$ No. 27 Broad Street, in 1738 formerly of Henry Gough, merchant (Leech, Topography, p. 35).
${ }^{243}$ Continuing the above walking order, can be identified as No. 28 (Leech, Topography, p. 36).
${ }^{244}$ Continuing the above walking order, can be identified as Nos. 29-30, the Mermaid Tavern (Leech, Topography, p. 36).
${ }^{245}$ Possibly No. 18 Small Street, E side, in 1666 late of William Lysons, merchant (Leech, Topography, p. 158) but see n. 250.
${ }_{2} 46$ No. 14 Small Street, E side, in 1665 now or late of John Speed, merchant (Leech, Topography, p. 157).
${ }^{247}$ No. 15 Small Street, E side, in 1665 of Thomas and Joan Langton (Leech, Topography, p. 157).
${ }^{248}$ No. 8 Small Street, W side, (S part of No. 8), in 1687 formerly of Richard Streamer (Leech, Topography, p. 155).
${ }^{249}$ Nos. 16 and 17 Small Street, E side, in 1630 late of William Yeamans (Leech, Topography, p. 157).
${ }^{250}$ Possibly No. 18 Small Street, E side, in 1666 of William Hobson (Leech, Topography, p. 158) but see n. 245.
${ }^{251}$ No. 6 Small Street, W side, in 1674 formerly of John Gwynn (Leech, Topography, p. 154).
${ }^{252}$ No. 19 Small Street, E side, in 1680 leased to Sara Hassell, widow (Leech, Topography, p. 158).
${ }^{253}$ No. 20 Small Street, E side, in 1680 where Henry Creswick had lately lived (Leech, Topography, p. 159).
${ }^{254}$ Nos. 3 and 5 Small Street, W side, from 1648 to 1667 of James Croft, merchant (Leech, Topography, p. 153).

Sir Robert Cann
Robert Yate
Thurston Whitehead
[Whitwood in ED]
Robert Tyler
Robert Stubbs
Thomas Haynes
Roger Hill
John Hill
Joseph Creswick
[Corn Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
John Bowen ${ }^{255}$
Mary Wright wid ${ }^{256}$
[no vid in $E D$ ]
[blank] Duckett Dr [no Dr in $E D$ ]
f. 29, col. 2

Ann Ashford
Ann Ashford more [sic]
Alice Cyphers and \}
Thomas Hancock \}
[Sifores in ED]
Thomas Oliver
Francis Bryant
Joyce Mayo
[blank Mayo in ED]
Grace Bernard
Richard Berkin
Robert Taplin
Richard Paynter
[2h in $E D$ ]
Charles Williams

10 [Corn Street, S side]
10 Henry ?Deyos ${ }^{257} 5$
4 Thomas Long ${ }^{258} 10$
Robert Dennis 5
8 Charles Dixon ${ }^{259} 3$
4 John Phillipps 3
6 Elizabeth Teather 6
4 Edward Lee 5
11 Richard Hayward ${ }^{260} 4$
8 Francis Webb 4
John Liddull 2
11 [Cock Lane]
5 Coop[er]s' Hall ${ }^{261} 2$
John Small 2
[above 2 entries reversed in ED]
Richard Harris 3
Mary Owen 3
Joane Vertue 3
Thomas Morgan 1
2 hearths Thomas Burt 1
3
$2 \quad 82$
2 f. 29v
1
2 St Walburgs:
James Eston sellar 1 hearth [ED damaged]
Eusebius Brooke 4
3
John Hill Const[able]

[^92]f. 30, col. 1

## The parish of All Saints

Walter Stephens ${ }^{262}$
Thomas Callowhill ${ }^{263}$
John Bedford
Walter Baker
Richard Stephens
John Ford ${ }^{264}$
George Boswell
[Charles Powell in ED]
[High Street, W side]
Abel Kelly ${ }^{265}$
Richard Codrington
William Tilly
William Thomas
Richard Baugh
John Lyte
Henry Davies
John Wells
John Tindall
John Walter
John Saffin
Henry Stephens
[Corn Street, $S$ side]
Thomas Hartwell ${ }^{266}$
William Holmes

James Easton
8
[All Saints Lane]
Thomas Speed ${ }^{267}$ 13
Edward Thurkill ${ }^{268} 6$
6 hearths
[Thurkild in ED]
James Robotham 3 3
[Corn Street, $S$ side]
Thomas Yeomans ${ }^{269} \quad 6$
Richard Williamson 2
John Hellyer ${ }^{270} \quad 4$
Isaac Morgan 3
Robert Hawkesworth 2
f. 30 , col. 2

Richard Baker 1 hearth
[High Street, E side]
Robert Winstone ${ }^{271} 3$
Robert Hawkesworth 5
Thomas Pym ${ }^{272} 4$
John Roberts 3
Thomas Walter 2
John Cicell 5
3 Robert Radley 3
Charles Morgan 4
John Hickes ${ }^{273} 10$
3 DorothyWatts ${ }^{274} 8$
5 John Morgan 3

[^93]William Baugh<br>William Cook<br>William House<br>Richard Burgess<br>Henry Robins<br>John Cicell \}<br>Charles Morgan \} Const[ables]

4 Benjamin Adams ${ }^{281} 1$
3 Thomas Vale 4
3 William Stratton 4
1 William Bullock ${ }^{282} 7$
1 John Jackson 6
[blank] Tazer wid 2
[Sara Tayior in ED]
John Foord ${ }^{283} 3$
[blank] Willis wid ${ }^{284} 7$
[Elizabeth in $E D$ ]
[blank] Hill wid ${ }^{285} 5$
[Bridget in $E D$ ]
Griffeth Loscombe 3
John Jones 2
John Fry 4
Thomas Hand ${ }^{286} \quad 5$
Daniel Neale ${ }^{287} 3$
3 Thomas Attkenes 1
Joane Carpenter 4
[Johes in ED]
William Flud 2
William Noble 1
3 Stephen Edgeley 5
[blank] Wedmore wid 3
[Susan, no vid in ED]

James Wathen 10
John Berkes 7
Ralph Graunt ${ }^{280}$

[^94]f. 30v, col. 2

George Caro
George Smith

## [Redcliff Pit]

Anthony Patch jun ${ }^{288}$
John Oldbury
Thomas Brookes sen Israel Bird
Nathaniel Jefferies
[Redcliff Hill]
William Phelps ${ }^{289}$
Robert Thomas
William Hollister
Moses Battell
Henry Perry
William Parker ${ }^{290}$
Thomas Compton
Thomas Pagett
William Lane
William Lilly
[blank] Shuter wid
[Mary, no vid in ED]
James Neves
John Casbeard
[blank] Greene wid
[Margaret, no vid in $E D$ ]
[blank] Tomkins wid
[Anna, no vid 4 h in $E D$ ]
John Brock
William Bird ${ }^{291}$

John Spurgen
7
[blank] Pruett wid
[Anna, no vid in $E D$ ]
6 hearths 2

## [Pile Street]

Richard Novis ${ }^{292} 4$
2 George Gibbs 5
3 George Whittington 2
2 Robert More 7
2 William Boyce ${ }^{293} 8$ 5

## 85

4
3 f. 31, col. 1
2 Redclif Parish:
1 Michael Easton 2 hearths
5 John Burkett 4
[Burked in ED]
John Little 11
3 Robert Hawkins 3
2 Samuel Owen 4
6
[Redcliff Street, E side]
3 Robert Wale 3
5 William Parfett 1
5 William Attwood 2
[blank] Worley wid ${ }^{294} 1$
[Mary, no vid in $E D$ ]
Walter Yorke
3 Tobias Davies ${ }^{295} 3$
3 William White ${ }^{296} 3$
${ }^{288}$ No. 4 Redcliff Pit, W side, by 1678 leased to Anthony Patch (BA 04335 (6) f. 102).
${ }^{289}$ Possibly No. 12 Redcliff Hill, from 1613 leased to Walter Phelpes (BA 04041 f. 212; 04335(7) f. 165).
${ }^{290}$ No. 8 Redcliff Hill, W side, from 1662 leased to William Parker, blacksmith (BA 04041 f. 213; 04335(4) ff. 20, 121).
${ }^{291}$ No. 18 Redcliff Hill, W side, by 1662 of William Bird, a tenement of widow Edwards on the S and one of George Davis, pinmaker, on the N (BA 04335(4) f. 126).
${ }^{292}$ Possibly No. 58 Pile Street, S side, in 1662 'the Lodge' in Red Lane, extending to Pile Street, where William Barnes recently lived and where Richard Novis now lived (BA P.StMR/D/6; P.StMR/D/E/1).
${ }^{293}$ No. 59 Pile Street, S side, the Rose and Crown, in 1657 'the Rose and Crowne' where John Love lived, in Pile Street near Temple Gate, now leased to John Landman, yeoman, in 1662 'the Rose', late of Love and now of William Boyce (BA P.StMR/D boxes 40 and 45).
${ }^{294}$ Possibly in 1732 No. 70, the tenement near Redcliff Gate with a tenement formerly of William Attwood on the S (BA 4810(1)).
${ }^{295}$ No. 59 Redcliff Street, E side, in 1660 of Tobias Davies (BA DC/E/1/2 f. 29).
${ }^{296}$ No. 58 Redcliff Street, E side, from 1660 leased to William White, cooper (BA DC/E/1/2 f. 29).
[blank] Puddy wid
[Anna, no vid in $E D$ ]
Caleb Mason
John Shuter ${ }^{297}$
William Hopkins
John Halding
Hugh Gifford
[blank] King wid
[Susan in ED]
Thomas Nor[ther]ne ${ }^{298}$
John Hort
John Hayter ${ }^{299}$
Henry Hitchens
Samuel Griffen
Treherne Wattkines
John Green
Thomas Gethcombe
William Weakely
[St Thomas Street, W side]
Ralph Cook ${ }^{300}$
William Payne
[St Thomas Street, E side]
Richard Swallow ${ }^{301}$
f. 31, col. 2

Andrew Perkins ${ }^{302}$
Thomas Price ${ }^{303}$
[blank] Nelson wid
$4 \quad$ [ED damaged ]
Anthony Kingston ${ }^{304} 2$
3 Thomas Browne 2
7 [blank] Lott wid ${ }^{305} 3$
3 [Margaret in ED]
4 Edward Wallis 1
4 Edward Williams 3
1 Thomas Attkins 2
[blank] Parfitt wid 3
[Dionisius, no vid in ED]
[blank] Eyres wid 3
[Joyce in ED]
William West 3
[blank] Wheately wid 3
[Alice in $E D$ ]
Voyd houses:
[blank] Nelson wid 2
[Anna in ED]
[blank] Chamlies 1
2 Andrew Morris 3
2 John Spurgen 1
William Driver 2
Hugh Gifford 4
2 James Wathin 3
[blank] Knight 1
John Halding 2
1 hearth John Ford $\}$ Robert Watts $\}$
2 William White \} Robert Thomas \}
4 Edward Crafts \}
${ }^{297}$ No. 55 Redcliff Street, E side, was granted in 1666 to John Shuter, milliner (BA 12403(1-46).
${ }^{298}$ Nos. 38-9 Redcliff Street, E side, in 1659 of Thomas Northern and Richard Hudson, mariners, between the tenement of Redcliffe church, the lands of James Wathen, pynner, on the $S$ and the tenement now of John Hayter in his own possession on the N (BA P.StT/D/19).
${ }^{299}$ No. 37 Redcliff Street, E side, see n. 298.
${ }^{300}$ Nos. 88-90 St Thomas Street, W side, in 1671 late of Ralph Cooke, the tenement of St Mary Redcliffe late of Ralph Cook and now of Abraham Saunders on the north (BA P.StMR/D/4/20).
${ }^{301}$ Within Nos. 69-78 St Thomas Street, E side, at the S end of St Thomas Street, see n. 302.
${ }^{302}$ Within Nos. 69-78 St Thomas Street, E side, at the S end of St Thomas Street 'amongest the ranke and rowe of tenements there' on the E side of the street, extending back to a well and bounded on the N with 'other of the same ranke of houses commonly called Portwalles', leased by the feoffees of the church lands of St Mary Redcliffe in 1672 to John Allen, draper, where John Stratton, labourer, lived, between tenements now of Richard Swallow (see n. 301) on the S and of Thomas Price on the N (see n. 303) (BA P.StMR/D/4/20).
${ }^{303}$ Within Nos. 69-78 St Thomas Street, E side, at the S end of St Thomas Street, see n. 302.
${ }^{304}$ Nos. 64-66 St Thomas Street, E side, from 1646 the garden and lodge leased to Anthony Kingston, musician (BA P.StMR/D/4/4).
${ }^{305}$ No. 60 St Thomas Street, E side, in 1681 the tenement late of widow Lott (BA P.StT/D/154).

Thomas Pegler $\}$
Richard West $\}$ Const[ables]
ff. 31v-32v blank

## 86

f. 33, col. 1

The parish of St James:
[blank] Winter wid
[no vid in $E D$ ]
Alice Shore wid
Edmund Sweeper
Robert Purnell
Margaret Bird wid
[no vid in ED]
Thomas Usher
Roger Hardy
Christopher Hyatt
Thomas Mason
[Pithay Gate]
Thomas Hartly ${ }^{306}$
John Hookam
James West
Nicholas Cooper
Thomas Morgan
Samuel Loyd
John Sweeper
Nicholas Bernard
William Snellgrove
John England
Mary Hunt
John Mash
Jeremy Browne

John Cornish 3
Robert Diffeild 6
John Gurdon 3
Giles Coyce 3

Broadmead [omitted in ED]
Peter Demullen 6
John Lewes 2
Simon Tovey 4 [3 foc et 1 in $E D$ ]

8 hearths [Broadmead, $S$ side]
William Grigg ${ }^{307}$
4
4
4 f. 33, col. 2
6
2 Robert Messenger 4 hearths
Edward Woodriffe 4
[above entry at end of col. 1 in ED]
John West ${ }^{308} \quad 1$
1 Barnaby Skinner ${ }^{309} 4$
4 Christopher Wise 2
William Davies 3
Joseph Reade 4
Richard Christmas 4
2 Susan Baugh wid 5
4 John Haynes 11
2 John Bilbe 2
6 John Allen 4
4 Henry Moore 4
4 Thomas Fudger 2
3 John Cumberbach 5
2 John Dowell 4
3 Phillip Peake 4
3 John Chalwell 1
4 [entry for Edrus Woodriff 4h appears here 3 in $E D$ ]

[^95]Emmanuel Tidor ${ }^{310}$<br>Samuel Jones<br>William Gill<br>Susan Beake wid<br>Robert Noakes<br>Ambrose Handcocke<br>Lewens Meade [omitted in $E D$ ]<br>George Bishopp<br>Richard Nethway<br>William Hedges ${ }^{311}$<br>Christopher Hantue ${ }^{312}$

## 287

4
4 f. 33v, col. 1
The $\mathbf{p}$ [ar]ish of St James
John Miner 5 hearths
Walter Shough ${ }^{313} 2$
Henry Deighton ${ }^{314} 6$
Thomas Phillipps 2
Joseph Owen ${ }^{315} 3$
Gabriel Deane ${ }^{316} 3$
Edward Fishpill ${ }^{317} \quad 4$
Andrew Hooke 7
William Loope 4
Joane Dimmocke 2
Christian Lucocke ${ }^{318} 4$
[Lewoocke in ED]
Elizabeth Hooke wid ${ }^{319}$
${ }^{310}$ No. 56 Broadmead, S side, by 1665 the tenement of Emmanuel Tedder, shoemaker, to the E of that where Elizabeth Davis widow and her late husband had lived (BA 6165(52)). SR: Emannuell Tedder is the 69th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{311}$ Part of Nos. 79-80 Lewins Mead, S side. SR: William Hedges junior is the 11 th entry in Lewins Mead, and widow Hedges is the 12 th entry. By 1650 the two tenements now leased to Christopher Hampton, cooper, the tenement late of John Hunt, grocer, and now of William Hedges on the E, and the tenement late of Edward Brayle and now the land of William Baldwin on the W (BA P.AS/D/L/171). In 1714 these were the four tenements between land late of William Spycer, gent. and since of William ... on the SW and land heretofore of Richard George and since of Anthony Wood, sugar baker, and now of Morgan Smith, sugar baker, on the E , the street on the N and the Frome on the S , two sometime held by Margaret Calvert, widow, since in the occupation of Christopher Hampton and now of Edward Daniel, cooper, and the other two sometime of John Newton, carpenter, and Joan Connent widow and since of William Hedges, carpenter, together with the well once of Richard George and since of Anthony Goodyear (BA P.AS/F25).
${ }^{312}$ Part of Nos. 79-80 Lewins Mead, S side, probably of Christopher Hampton, for which see n. 311.
${ }^{313}$ No. 73 Lewins Mead, S side, see n. 314. SR: Widow Shaw is the 50th entry in Lewins Mead.
314 No. 72 Lewins Mead, S side, by 1659 of Henry Dighton the elder, brewer, between a tenement now of Walter Shough, cooper, on one side and a house late of Henry Dighton and by him late built on a garden ground late of John Nethway, brewer, being the inheritance of Lawrence Gibbes, extending back to the Frome (BA P.StJ/D/14/3). SR: Henry Deighton is the 23rd entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{315}$ No. 70 Lewins Mead, S side, see n. 316. SR: Joseph Owen is the 32nd entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{316}$ No. 69 Lewins Mead, S side, from 1651 leased by William Hobson to Gabriel Dean, mariner, who now lived there, a tenement late built by Joseph Owen on one side and a tenement where John Flower, brewer, lives on the other side, in 1658 sold to Gabriel Dean, Edward Fishpill, brewer, now living in the house formerly of Flower (BA 11178/1-21). SR: Capt. Deane is the 30th entry in Lewins Mead.
317 No. 68 Lewins Mead, S side, see n. 316. SR: Edward Fishpill is the 7th entry in Lewins Mead.
318 Possibly No. 67 Lewins Mead, S side, by 1661 leased to Ellis Lucock, distiller, and from 1664 leased to Christian Lucock widow his widow, now with a tan house (BA P.Xch/F/l and 2). SR: John Lewcock is 8th entry in Purnell's Court Horsefair.
${ }^{319}$ Part of Nos. 41-2 Lewins Mead, N side. In 1614 this was the garden late in the occupation of John Merricke, merchant, granted by Alice Webb, late wife of John Webb, alderman, to St Nicholas church. In c. 1640 a house was built upon the garden (Manchee, Bristol charities, 2, p. 161). In 1673 this was the garden ground walled around sometime of Alice Webb, widow, with houses thereon erected now of Elizabeth Hooke, widow, and Edward Payne, haberdasher, or their tenants, between lands sometime of George Snigge and since of Christopher Whitson, distiller, on the $S$ and $W$, and a tenement the inheritance of Christopher Whitson on

Edward Lugg
Joseph Tucker
Arthur Taylor
Robert Cullum
Stephen Taylor
George Barnes
William Clarke
Thomas North
Margaret Hurne sen
William Daves
[ED damaged]
Martha Tilley
Anthony Pearce
Richard Wall
Nicholas Warren
John Baker
Charles Plummer
[blank] Jayne
Richard Huttson
[4 h in ED]
[blank] Blackdowne
Robert Oliffe
George Start
James Nelson
Miles Lavington
[Michael Laventon in ED]
Andrew Ball
f. 33 v , col. 2

Silver Streete [omitted in $E D$ ]
William Joblin
John Moon
Richard George
Thomas Brookes
Thomas Wallis
William Weaver
Richard Snow
John Taylor
Francis Fisher
Thomas Row

4 William Hayes jun 2
6 [Hedges in ED]
2 Thomas Sterne
2

4 [Sturne in ED]
2 Mary Prince 5
2 [blank] Doale wid 10
2
4 Merchant Streete [omitted in ED]
5 Thomas Harris
5 [above entry omitted in ED]
George Culleford 6
2 William Stevens 10
2 Thomas Terrett 4
6 Christopher Giles 4
3
6 Voyd tenements
5 John Lewkines [-]
2 William Turner [-]
2 Robert Dimmocke [-]
Widow Hutson 2
[above 4 entries omitted in $E D$ ]
3 Robert Gilford ${ }^{320} 3$
3 Thomas Brewer 1
2 Richard Georg 1
2 Francis Yeomans 1
Thomas Harris 6
2 Elisha Webb 1
Thomas Hayter 6
Jervis Yeomans 3
Thomas Cooke 1

[^96]
## Christchurch parish

[Trinity alias Christchurch in ED]
[Broad Street]
George Lane sen
Richard Mellechapp ${ }^{321}$
Richard Belcher
Katherine Hobbs wid
Tobias Read
John Harris
Richard Stubbs
Soloman Wasson
Daniel Pym
Thomas Godman ${ }^{322}$
Elizabeth Combe wid
Robert Pennington
John Roberts
Thomas Wells
Walter Gunter
Grace Hayford ${ }^{323}$
[vid added in ED]
Francis Little
Robert Sheward ${ }^{324}$
Humphrey Barcroft
Nicholas Fox ${ }^{325}$
Alice Lovering wid ${ }^{326}$
Francis Yeomans ${ }^{327}$

Wine Streete [omitted in $E D$ ]
[Wine Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
Humphrey Corsley ${ }^{328} 3$
Nicholas Shute ${ }^{329} 2$
3 Edmund Leversedge 3
John Haggatt esq. ${ }^{330} 8$
[no esq in ED]
Nathaniel Day 4
John Clarke ${ }^{331} 3$
George Ball 4
Richard Horsman 1
Richard Moone 2
Richard Benson 2
f. 35 , col. 2

Philip Staynerd ${ }^{332} \quad 3$ hearths
[Stainred in ED]
Samuel Farley 7
Richard Coleman 3
Arthur Graunt 4
Edward Dyer 2
William Cole 3
James Hill 7
James Freeman 5
Thomas Moggs 4
Daniel Claxton 2
John Robinson 2

[^97]William Colston
Roger Richards ${ }^{333}$
James Attwood
Richard Curnock
Bartholomew Brittle
[Wine Street, $S$ side]
Nathaniel Cale esq. ${ }^{334}$
$\quad$ [followed by Tho Cale 6 h in $E D$ ]
Samuel Fowles
Robert Wimball
John Wilcox
Thomas Biggs
Thomas Whitson
Robert Culme
[blank] Plumley wid
Francis Gleed
Francis Baugh
Hugh Rothley
Thomas Turner ${ }^{333}$
[blank] Baugh wid ${ }^{339}$
$\quad[n o ~ v i d ~ i n ~$
$E D]$
Henry Cooke
Richard Grigson esq
[no esq in $E D$ ]

William Colston
Roger Richards ${ }^{333}$
James Attwood
Richard Curnock
Bartholomew Brittle
[Wine Street, S side]
Nathaniel Cale esq. ${ }^{334}$
[followed by Tho Cale 6 h in ED]
Samuel Fowles
Robert Wimball ${ }^{335}$
John Wilcox ${ }^{336}$
Thomas Biggs ${ }^{337}$
Thomas Whitson
Robert Culme
[blank] Plumley wid
Francis Gleed
Francis Baugh
Hugh Rothley
Thomas Turner ${ }^{338}$
[blank] Baugh wid ${ }^{339}$
[no vid in $E D$ ]
Henry Cooke
Richard Grigson esq
[no esq in $E D$ ]

## $5 \mathbf{8 9}$

10
6 f. 35 v

## Christ Church

[blank] Allen wid ${ }^{341} 4$ hearths
Thomas Ricroft

## In the Pithay [omitted in $E D$ ]

4 Thomas Monkes 3
4 Phillip Harris 7
10 Peter Clements ${ }^{342} 2$
5 John Payne ${ }^{343} 3$
7 John Pearce 4
5 Barwick Brynn 2
8 Joseph Phelps 3
4 John Goodchild 3
3 Francis Gleed 1
5 Thomas Chatten 1
1 Robert Sheward ${ }^{344} 2$
3 [constables]
$11^{340}$ James Attwood:
Tobias Read:
${ }^{333}$ No. 23 Wine Street, N side, by 1672 late the inheritance of Edward Batten gent. deceased and the dwelling house of Roger Richards (Leech, Topography, pp. 180-1).
${ }^{334}$ No. 44 Wine Street, S side, probably part of the Christopher Inn, leased in 1656 to Nathaniel Gale (Leech, Topography, p. 195).
${ }^{335}$ No. 48A Wine Street, S side, in 1659 granted by George Lymell, the son of William Lymell deceased, to Robert Wimboll the father of Robert Wimboll, grocer, who lived there (Leech, Topography, p. 196).
${ }_{336}$ No. 49 Wine Street, S side, in 1659 of John Wilcox, grocer (Leech, Topography, p. 196).
${ }^{337}$ Nos. 50-1 Wine Street, S side, in 1670 'the Lambe’ heretofore of John Austin, after of William Hurd, innholder, and now of Thomas Biggs, innholder (Leech, Topography, p. 197).
${ }^{338}$ Nos. 58-9 Wine Street, S side, the interest in the lease by 1649 assigned to Thomas Turner, baker (Leech, Topography, p. 198).
${ }^{339}$ Nos. 60-1 Wine Street, S side, by 1649 of John Baugh, soapmaker (Leech, Topography, p. 199).
${ }^{340}$ With 11 hearths probably No. 63 Wine Street, S side, in 1649 the Nag's Head (Leech, Topography, 199); Alderman Richard Gregson died October 1662 (Beaven, Bristol lists, p. 292).
${ }^{341}$ No. 66 Wine Street, S side, by 1664 of Melina Allen, widow (Leech, Topography, p. 200).
${ }^{342}$ No. 16 Pithay, W side, property of Christchurch parish, S of corner with Duck Lane, in 1652 and 1661 one of the three tenements, Nos. 15-17, in the possession of Olive Standfast, widow (No. 15), Peter Clements, basketmaker (No. 16) and John Paine, shoemaker (BA P.Xch/D/27a; P.Xch/F/2; will of Edward Langley).
${ }^{343}$ No. 17 Pithay, W side, see n. 342; in 1701 the tenement formerly of John Paine, cordwainer, part extending over Bedlam in Duck lane (BA P.Xch/D/31a-d).
${ }^{344}$ No. 11 Pithay, W side, in 1654 leased to Robert Sheward, woollen draper (BA P/AS/D/L/207-8).

## 90

f. 36, col. 1

## St Michaells parish:

Anne Ellis
[St Michael's Hill, W side]
Eusebius Brookes ${ }^{345}$
[Royal Fort]
John Harper ${ }^{346}$
Daniel Britton ${ }^{347}$
Dorcas Massey
Thomas Farmer
Richard Daniell
Peter Beckett
Thomas Pitts
[Park Rowe, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
Phillip Langly ${ }^{348}$
[7h in ED]
Christopher Cary ${ }^{349}$
John Salmon
John Pester
Thomas Ellis
Thomas Prigg ${ }^{350}$
Mary Waller
Thomas Deane ${ }^{351}$
Richard Ash ${ }^{352}$
[Lower Park Row formerly Griffin Lane] Shadrick Cox ${ }^{353} 2$
Richard Beaton
[Upper Maudlin Street]
4 hearths
Richard Ham ${ }^{354} 6$
Phillip Cook 4
William Spering 6
7 Edward Mathewes 6
John Blunt 7
John Raymen 2
[Raynon in ED]
Bridget Holbrook 3
Thomas Worlock 2
William White 4
Edward Cooke 4
Ann Aldworth 2
f. 36 , col. 2

5 Thomas Ivy 4 hearths
John Hollister 2
John Jones 1
Thomas Stratton 3
Joseph Fisher 2
Edward Miller 2
[Millard in ED]
Jasper Crass 2
Joane Addison 3
Thomas Pearson 4
John Keenn 2
John Tucker 4

[^98]Edmund Williams ..... 3

## 91

Thomas Oliffe ..... 3
Thomas Aylward ..... 2
James Hughes ..... 3William Lewes[1h in $E D$ ]
Thomas Manister[Mainster in $E D$ ]
John JayneJohn Broadwey
Thomas AysonRichard BurfordRobert BaylyRichard HattonThomas BasonWilliam King
Joseph Parr
3Susan StephensPhillip EdwardsEdward Smith ${ }^{355}$William Rogers ${ }^{356}$
[Lewins Mead, S side]Phillip Street
John Jones ..... 3
2 hearths
St Michaells Parish
Rowland Griffeth

## St Michaells Parish

William Croker ..... 4
[ED damaged]
Edward Mascalen ..... 2
Elizabeth Wiggens ..... 3
2 William Quintaine ..... 2
John Hix ..... 4
Philip England ${ }^{357}$ ..... 2
Isabell Dunn ..... 1
William Spence ..... 23
f. 36 v , col. 1
2
4
423
23
Hearths in garden houses in St Michael's parish:
[ $E D$ damaged]
Thomas Shewell ..... 2
[Park Row, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
John Gonning esq. ${ }^{358}$ ..... 2
[no esq in $E D$ ]
John Hellier ${ }^{359}$ ..... 3
Robert Challoner ..... 1[Lower Park Hill]Edward Tyly ${ }^{360}$5

[^99][Park Lane]
Charles Powell ${ }^{361}$
Henry Jones ${ }^{362}$
Richard Jordan ${ }^{363}$
Gilbert Moore ${ }^{364}$
[St Michael's Hill]
Elizabeth Cugley wid ${ }^{365}$
[no vid in $E D$ ]
Leonard Hancocke ${ }^{366}$
George Lane
[Upper Maudlin Street]
Henry Creswicke esq. ${ }^{367}$
[no esq in $E D$ ]
John Haggett ${ }^{568}$ esq.
[no esq in $E D$ ]
Anthony Gay ${ }^{369}$
[Mr in ED]
Elizabeth Browne wid
[no vid in $E D$ ]
Thomas Walter
[Walker in $E D$ ]
Thomas Bevan

## [Church Steps]

3 Thomas Langton ${ }^{370}$
[Lanten in $E D$ ]
2 Joseph Fisher \}
William King \} Const[ables]:
Thomas Oliffe
1 William Williams \}
f. 37 blank

## 92

1
f. 37 v, col. 1

## St Mary Port Parish.

3 [Mary le Port Street]
John Owen ${ }^{371} 4$ hearths
2 James Hellier
4
Samuel Dobbines 3
2 Simon Sanders 3
William Tyler 1
1 Thomas Northall 3
${ }^{361}$ Park Lane, E side, S of the Manor House, No. 2 Back Church Lane in 1775, in 1660 the part of the great ground 'walled in' by Charles Powell, apothecary, and now leased to him by Isaac Harper, gent. (Leech, SMH, p. 96).
${ }_{362}$ Possibly Park Lane, E side, the Manor House (Leech, SMH, p. 98).
${ }^{363}$ Park Lane, E side to the N of the Manor House, by 1691 the orchard formerly of Richard Jordan, painter, and now or late of John Moone, sadler (Leech, SMH, p. 99-100).
${ }^{364}$ Park Lane, E side, to the E of the Manor House on the N side of St Michael's churchyard, No. 3 Back Church Lane in 1775 , in 1691 the tenement formerly of Gilbert Moore, barber surgeon, now or late of Henry Totterdell, mariner (Leech, SMH, p. 97-8).
365 Argued to be Nos. 31-7 St Michael's Hill (Leech, SMH, 76).
${ }^{366}$ Nos. 43-7 St Michael's Hill, in 1663 the tenement of Leonard Hancocke, soapboiler (Leech, SMH, p. 77).
${ }^{367}$ Upper Maudlin Street, S side, in 1634 and 1636 the garden and lodge, part of the Bartholomews lands, held by Francis Creswicke, by c. 1650 of Henry Creswick, from 1666 leased to Francis's grandson Francis Creswick esq., now described as a garden with a lodge or house (W.A. Sampson, A history of Bristol Grammar School (Bristol, 1912), p. 78; BA $04335(5)$ f. 44 , (6) f. 12, (8) f. 78, (9) f. 114 , (10) f. 109; 04044(1) f. 335; 04479(3) ff. 52-3, which shows two dwelling houses lodge-like, side on to street frontage).
${ }^{368}$ W of the Church Steps (from Griffin Lane to St Michael's Church), W and S of Joan Langton's property, in 1664 the garden ground of Mr Haggatt (Manchee, The Bristol charities, 2, pp. 119-121).
${ }^{369}$ Upper Maudlin Street, S side, by 1610 one of the three gardens, part of the Bartholomews lands, leased to Giles Gilson, from 1651 leased to Margaret Charlton, from 1660 the tenement and garden leased to Anthony Gay, merchant, by 1679 the lodge and garden leased to Martha Gay, widow (BA 04041 f . 183; Sampson 1912, 78; 04335(4) f.102, (6) f. 118, (8) f. 41, (12) f. 29; 04044(1) f. 331; 04479(3) ff. 52-3, which shows a dwelling house, lodge-like side on to street frontage).
${ }^{370}$ W of the Church Steps (from Griffin Lane to St Michael's Church), in 1664 the 'garden ground and lodge' devised to the feoffees of St Michael by Joan Langton (Manchee, The Bristol charities, 2, pp. 119-121, measurements of 1781 enabling the precise location to be identified).
${ }^{371}$ No. 21 Mary le Port Street, N side, in 1649 in the occupation of John Owens (Leech, Topography, p. 104)

| Judith Yates | 5 | William Millard | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| John Landman | 10 | [omitted in ED] |  |
| John Symonds | 2 | John Peverell | 8 |
| Iddy Sandford | 2 | Evan Griffeth | 5 |
| [Edith in ED] |  | [Griffin in ED] |  |
| Richard Sandford | 2 | James North | 5 |
| Arnold Collins ${ }^{372}$ | 4 | Richard Tyler | 5 |
| Francis Fisher | 4 | Peter Graunt | 2 |
| Edward Tyley | 2 | Robert Noble | 3 |
| Samuel Harris | 4 | William Arundell | 4 |
| [followed by John Harris 2 h in ED] |  | Edward Lovell | 2 |
| John Eckley | 3 | Thomas Bradford | 2 |
| Richard Browne jun | 2 | Christopher Bennett | 3 |
| Richard Browne sen | 2 | Nicholas Smith | 1 |
| Edward Peirce | 2 | John Sheph[er]d | 2 |
| Samuel Taylor | 1 | [ED damaged for next 4 entries] |  |
| Thomas Tibbett | 8 | Robert Andrews | 3 |
| William Fry ${ }^{373}$ | 4 | Peter Muggleworth | 3 |
| Jane Bradford | 4 | William Andrewes | 1 |
| John Roworth | 3 | Joyce Adams | 3 |
| John Walter ${ }^{374}$ | 6 | Ambrose Jackson | 1 |
| Thomas Freeman | 4 | Edward Wedmore | 1 |
| John House ${ }^{375}$ | 5 | Thomas Banne | 1 |
| Robert Stevens | 2 | [Bowne in ED] |  |
| Thomas Workeman | 2 | Edward Bagg | 1 |
| George Popley | 2 | Edward Somers | 1 |
| Paul Williams | 2 | Richard Warren | 2 |
| Dennis Hollister ${ }^{376}$ | 6 | James Bird | 3 |
| Abraham Berkin | 5 | William Sweete | 2 |
| William Purlevent | 3 | John Nurtnell | 2 |
|  |  | Robert Cloud | 2 |
| f. 37 v , col. 2 |  | John Forde | 2 |
|  |  | John Jackson | 1 |
| John Richardson | 3 hearths | [followed by William Nun [...] in ED] |  |
| Sarah Graves | 1 |  |  |

${ }^{372}$ No. 36 Mary le Port Street, S side, by 1667 where Arnold Collins late dwelt (Leech, Topography, p. 108).
${ }^{373}$ No. 6 Mary le Port Street, N side, described in 1725 as two messuages, formerly one and then in the tenure of William Fry, shoemaker (Leech, Topography, p. 101).
${ }^{374}$ Possibly No. 5 Mary le Port Street, N side, in 1680 the tenement formerly of Richard Gwin, then of Henry Gwen, now in the occupation of Daniel Adams and William Hurt, leased by Roger Bodenham and Walter Grubbe to John Walter, merchant (Leech, Topography, p. 101).
${ }^{375}$ No. 44 Mary le Port Street, S side, in 1652 leased by Edward Tiley, shoemaker, who late dwelt there, to John Howse who now lived there (Leech, Topography, p. 109).
${ }^{376}$ Nos. 28-30 Mary le Port Street, S side, No. 28 in 1666 'the millway' and other buildings on or towards the E of 'the Unicorne', mortgaged by Thomas Callowhill to Dennis Hollister and others, No. 30 in 1666 'the Unicorne' formerly of William Baldwin, brewer, then of William his son, mortgaged by Thomas Callowhill to Dennis Hollister and others (Leech, Topography, pp. 106-7).
f. 38, col. 1

St Mary Port
Robert Lyson
[ED damaged]
Richard Cicell
Thomas Downes
Peter Bowles
Fithian Bertles

Fithian Bertles const[able]

## 94

f. 38 v , col. 1

St Augustines Parish: ${ }^{377}$
[Bristol Cathedral precinct]
The Lord Bishop ${ }^{378}$
Dr Glemham dean ${ }^{379}$
[Henry Glenham no dean in ED]
[blank] Weekes Dr ${ }^{380}$
[no Dr in $E D$ ]
Gilbert Jones Dr 4
[no Dr in ED]
Richard Towgood ${ }^{381} 6$
George Williamson ${ }^{382} 7$
2 hearths
John Dashfeild ${ }^{383}$ 6
[Dassild in ED]
[blank] Kemp ${ }^{384}$ 7
[William Kempe 1 h in $E D$ ]
John Fitzherbert 7
Nathaniel Poundell ${ }^{385} 5$
William Haynes 2
Joseph Simons 3
Mary Jones 4
Ann Holworthy wid 1
[no vid in $E D$ ]
Mara Dr 9
[/blank] Marrew in ED]
[blank] Stephens wid 7
[Bridget, no vid in ED]
Elizabeth Shewell 4
Samuel Clarke 7
11 Joseph Laurence 4
${ }^{377}$ Absent from this list are several houses recorded in the list for 1668: (a) Stoney Hill, No. 7, rebuilt as a 'fair messuage' by Thomas Wells c. 1664 (Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD); (b) James Read's lodge in Dennis Place (ibid) and (c) the Hatchet in Frogmore Street, in 1661 a 'roofelesse tenement', by 1675 'lately erected and new built' (BA DC/E/1/2 f. 135; DC/E/1/3 ff. 76, 400). James Read was vicar of St Augustine from 1626 to 1675, dying in 1675 aged 98 (A. Sabin, ed., The registers of the church of St. Augustine the Less Bristol 1577-1700: together with an abstract of the earliest surviving churchwardens' book 1669-1739 (Bristol and Gloucestershire Archaeological Society Records Section, 3, 1956, p. xiv).
${ }^{378}$ The Bishop's Palace, Lower College Green. Gilbert Ironside was bishop of Bristol 1661-72 (I. Kirby, Diocese of Bristol: a catalogue of the records of the Bishops and Archdeacons and Dean and Chapter (Bristol, 1970), p. 177).
${ }^{379}$ College Green, the Old Deanery: Henry Glemham was dean of Bristol from 1660 (Kirby, Diocese of Bristol, p. 181) then bishop of St Asaph.
${ }^{380}$ Lower College Green, Dr Weekes house in the Parliamentary Survey of 1649 (BA DC/E/3/2 ff. 16-22); John Weekes was 3rd Prebendary 1634-c. 1668 (Kirby, Diocese of Bristol, p. 183).
${ }^{381}$ Richard Towgood was vicar of St Nicholas 1626-45 and 1660-7 (and St Nicholas lecturer 1660-7) and Ist Prebendary 1660-7, then replaced Glemham as dean 1667-83 (Kirby, Diocese of Bristol, pp. 181-2; Harlow, Religious ministry).
${ }_{382}$ Lower College Green, Mr Williamson's house in the Parliamentary Survey of 1649 (BA DC/E/3/2 ff. 16-22); George Williamson was vicar of All Saints 1626-45 and 1660-1685d and 6th Prebendary 1643-85 (Kirby, Diocese of Bristol, p. 184; Harlow, Religious ministry).
${ }^{383}$ John Dashfield was 5th Prebendary 1660-5 (Kirby, Diocese of Bristol, p. 184).
${ }^{384}$ William Kempe was 4th Prebendary 1660-4 (Kirby, Diocese of Bristol, p. 184).
${ }^{385}$ Lower College Green, Abbey House, formerly the Registrar's House: a carved stone chimneypiece (Plate 21), with vine-scroll and floral ornament, royalist heads, the date ' 1664 ' and the initials ' NP ', presumably Nathaniel Pownall, the Registrar to the Cathedral (d. 1670) (Sabin, ed., The registers of the church of St. Augustine the Less, p. 170; Kirby, Diocese of Bristol, p. 186).

Richard Northerne
The Lady Guise
[/blank] Guyes in ED]
[Park Row]
Thomas Wall ${ }^{386}$
Alice Player
William Clare
Henry James
Ann Davies
Thomas Browne
Mary Sadler
The Lady Baynton
[/blank] Bainton in ED]
The same for Pretty's house
[/blank] Bainton in ED]
Denham Dr ${ }^{387}$
[/blank] Dinham in ED]
Richard Noke
William Bentley
Robert Hassell
f. 38 v , col. 2

Thomas Plumley
Christopher Lardge
Margaret Jones
4 John England

$$
\begin{aligned}
& {[\text { Trenchard Street, } \mathcal{N} \text { side }]} \\
& \text { Nicholas Meredeth }^{388}
\end{aligned}
$$

34 John England354 [Frogmore Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
6 Henry Roe ${ }^{389}$ ..... 6
3 John Hurtnell ..... 4
2 Abel Dee ..... 3
5 Robert Griffen ${ }^{390}$ ..... 4
5 John Legg ..... 2John Knight ${ }^{391}$11[ 17 h in $E D$ ]
Richard Elsworthy ..... 4
7 Henry Gilbert ..... 2
Shersha Cary ..... 7
[Shussa in ED]
6 Bartholomew Gifford ..... 3
5 George Oldfeild ..... 5
Susan Northerne ..... 4
Richard Towgood ..... 8[listed at end of St Augustine in ED]
1 hearth
6 [Frogmore Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]6 Rowland Skulk ${ }^{392}$3
${ }^{386}$ Park Row, S side, in 1665 the tenement to the west of the Red Lodge held by Thomas Wall from James Reade, in 1694 the "garden and lodge" held by Thomas Wall, stationer, on void ground formerly granted to James Reade and part of the city lands; a lease of 1705 to Sarah Webb adds that this messuage was in 1694 "then lately erected ... by Thomas Wall enclosed with a stone wall on all partes". Passing in 1731 to Richard Weeks and then to Gilbert Cobb, its subsequent history can be followed from leases and rentals (BA, will of James Read made 1665, died $1675 ; 04335(10)$ ff. 3, 192; (11) f. 4; 04043(4) f. 265; 04479(3) f. 81 providing the precise location).
${ }^{387}$ Possibly Goodman Denham's house in the Parliamentary Survey of 1649 (BA DC/E/3/2 ff. 16-22); this Dr Denham was probably the physician Dr John Denham.
388 Trenchard Street, N side, in 1662 a new lease of this property was granted to Nicholas Meredith who evidently added a second house, a new lease granted in 1692 to William George being of the messuage, garden and orchard formerly granted to Meredith, 'and alsoe another tenement then lately built by the said Nicholas Meredith adjoyning to the first mentioned tenement both lying at the upper end of Frogg Lane' (BA DC/E/40/18 51569, 51575,51517 ; for the location see BA P.Tem/H/1 f. 61).
${ }^{389}$ Possibly Frogmore Street, N side, later built over by Culver Street, in 1661 to the W of the tenement of the Dean and Chapter leased to George Ford (BA DC/E/40/18 51557, 51565, 51573).
${ }^{390}$ Frogmore Street, N side, in 1649 the little house or tenement of the Dean and Chapter in the occupation of Robert Griffin, mariner (BA DC/E/3/2), a new lease granted to Griffin in 1660 (BA DC/E/40/18 51478).
${ }^{391}$ The Great House on St Augustine's Back (I. Hall, 'John Knight junior sugar refiner at the Great House on St Augustine's Back', TBGAS, 68 (1949)).
${ }^{392}$ Frogmore Street, N side, in 1662 the tenement of Rowland Skulke, hallier, to the E of that of the Dean and Chapter leased to George Ford, tailor (BA DC/E/40/1851491, 51561 and 51574; DC/E/40/19; DC/E/4/2 f. 6).

Thomas Briant
Henry Russell
John Laffos
Robert Tau[n]ton
Nicholas Lux
Nicholas Phelps
Robert Legg
Edward Tyson
John White
John Willmott
Samuel Nicholas
Henry Bankes
Erasmus Miller

## 95

f. 39, col. 1

## St Augustines Parish

Ann Winiard wid
Nicholas Willmott
James Batten
William Clark
Andrew Webb
Elizabeth Hayman
Michael Deakins
Walter Shurland
Thomas Hillman
Thomas Attkines
Henry Paull
Elianor Jones
Phillip Lewes
Sibell Saull
Dennis Hollister
[Park Row, S side]
Thomas Jennings ${ }^{393}$
Richard Demster
William Limbrey

4 Thomas Sparkes 3
6 Ann Adams 3
3 John Farclew 2
6 Peter Gall 2
5 John Marten 3
6 John Reade 2
6 William Wilkey 4
6 William Pinner 3
9 William Hardin 1
1 Joane Goding 2
3 John Pester 8
5 Peter Chambers 1
3 John Massey 5
Thomas Fry 5
Ann Bridgman 6
f. 39, col. 2

Thomas Fry const[able]
3 hearths
196
2
4 f. 39v blank
2
7 f. 40, col. 1
1
3 St Leonards parish:
[the first 22 entries found later in the $E D$ ]
Gabriel Lones 2 hearths [Lewis in $E D$ ]
Robert Vickris 9
[Baldwin Street, $S$ side]
Richard Vickris esq. ${ }^{394} 6$ [no esq in $E D$ ]
Richard Poundall 3
9 Edward Brooker 5
2 [Brookes in $E D$ ]
4 John Gilman 3

[^100]Simon Plummer ${ }^{395} 5$
Thomas Wasborow 6
John Sanders ${ }^{396}$
Alexander Tompson ${ }^{397}$
James Light
Mary Williams
George Wattken
Martha Wattkins
Henry Bullock
William Row
William Belshire
Thomas Shewell
Thomas Ellis
Ann Longman
Robert Tyson
Andrew Sole
Humphrey Hollwey
[first entry in ED]
Elizabeth Browne ${ }^{398}$
Alexander Jackson
William Yeomans
William Warme
[Warren in ED]
Elizabeth Osberton
[Osborne vid in ED]
Mary Moreton
Richard Saul
f. 40, col. 2

Elner Alder
Edward Halding
Edward Smith
Nathaniel Packer
Mary Digines
Elizabeth Vaughan5

3

8

3

6 [Quay Street, $S$ side]
6 Francis Belshire ${ }^{399}$ 3
5 Henry Haynes 4
7 John Rome <3>4
2 John Tyson 3
2 Margaret Gardner 3
3 [Garner in ED]
Philip Cartwright ${ }^{400} \quad 4$
[Cartrick in ED]
Sara Seward 7
9 William Thomas 6
7 Anthony Gay 6
6 [Gray in ED]
Ralph Husbands 3
6 Robert Vickris
[blank] Lowes
Thomas ?Kerne con[stables]
5 f. 40 blank
$3 \quad 97$

6 f. 41, col. 1

## St Phillipps parish

(Parish of St Philip and Jacob)
[Old Market, S side?]
2 hearths Christopher Bingham 1 hearth
3 [Constant in ED]
3 Ann Bullocke 3
5 Richard Sullocke 1
3 William Scott 3
3 Samuel Mainestone 2

[^101]William Browne
Nehemiah Collins ${ }^{401}$
Robert Fry
Richard Jones
Joane Millard
Katherine Hughes
Phillip Cooke
Thomas Edwards
William Hardridge
Phillip Woodward
Francis Bell
Thomas Hopkines
Edward Ottley
Elizabeth Barwicke
William Francklin
Benjamin Mainer
John Moggs
John Bennett
Henry Lang
[Old Market, $\mathcal{N}$ side.']
Walter Symons ${ }^{402}$
William Jones
John Lord ${ }^{403}$
Robert Nunny
Mary Cambridge
John Moggs junior
Thomas Kill
William Tyler
William Bush
Edward Williams
f. 41, col. 2
[Ellbroad Street]
Richard Cause ${ }^{404}$ ..... 2
Edward Wheatley ..... 3
Jesse Noble ${ }^{405}$ ..... 4
Thomas Walter ..... 5
1 David Fry ..... 3
William Godber ..... 3
Thomas Sheperd ..... 3
William Gibbes ..... 6
Henry Alyes ..... 2
Leming Dickenson ..... 3
8 John Andrewes ..... 8
Christopher Hollister
Christopher Hollister ..... 4 ..... 4
2 William Wilkes
2 William Wilkes ..... 4 ..... 4
Dyer Colston ..... 7
William Godd ..... 3
John Davis ..... 3
5 John Barnes ..... 4
Thomas Eive ..... 2
3 John Walker ..... 5
Thomas Peacock ..... 2
2 Robert Wolven ..... 3

Thomas Wright

Thomas Wright .....  ..... 4 .....  ..... 4
3 Thomas Fry
3 Thomas Fry ..... 4 ..... 4
Thomas Warren ..... 5
Benjamin Fleetwood ..... 2
[blank] Collett wid ..... 3
[no vid in $E D$ ]
Mary Browning ..... 2
William Lockstone ..... 3
Mary Daw ..... 5,5

Alexander Meacer
Thomas Crump
Thomas Crump ${ }^{406}$

## 98

f. 41 v, col. 1

## St Phillips

(Parish of St Philip and Jacob)
Herbert Vaughan
Edward Herbert
George Evans
[Redcross Lane (later Redcross Street)] John Brookes ${ }^{407}$
Thomas Roach
[blank] Philpott wid ${ }^{408}$
[no vid in $E D$ ]
Thomas Waterford ${ }^{409} 2$
[blank] Blunt wid 6
[no vid in $E D$ ]
John Jackson ${ }^{410}$

2 [Back Lane (later Facob Street )]
3 Richard Davis ${ }^{411} 2$
William Baber ${ }^{412} 3$
[blank] Farrington 2
Christopher Stoakes 3
John Batho ${ }^{413} 3$
Joseph Moore ${ }^{414} 2$
Richard Purdue 3
Edward Price 2
William Parry 2
9 hearths
3 Thomas Johnson constable
6
f. 41 v , col. 2 blank

3 ff. 42-43v blank

[^102]
## Chimney Book Copy of Bristol Hearth Tax Survey for 1668, Sessions October 20 Charles II BA F/Tax/A/l/a ff. 53-76

99

William Hasle
f. 53, col. 1

Ward of St Thomas
[The Bridge, W side] ${ }^{1}$
James Freind
Marmaduke Bowdler
George Davis
Elizabeth Whitehead
William Dawson ${ }^{2}$
Thomas Deane
Richard Pope ${ }^{3}$
Richard Crumpe
Humphrey Little ${ }^{4}$ vac
Thomas Tovey
John Chock \& ten
[The Bridge, E side]
Nehemiah Webb
Edward Morgan
Richard Lane
Humphrey Little
Henry Glesson
Roger Willoughby ${ }^{5}$
James Millard ${ }^{6}$
George Morgan
$\left[\right.$ St Thomas Street, W side] ${ }^{7}$
Nicholas Jordaine ${ }^{8}$
Leonard Stile
[blank] Scarlett wid sen 2
[blank] Scarlett wid jun 2
John Watts 2
Isaac Cooke 2
William Jelly 1
3 hearths John Godwin 1
2 Robert Bolton 2
2 John Jordan 3
2 Abraham Saunders 6
5 Nathaniel King 3
6 Gersham Evans 2
[-] Edward Young 7
8 James Siddale 16
[-] Thomas Little ${ }^{9} \quad 2$
7 [blank] Pepwell wid 4
7 Philip Berrier 2
Thomas Day 5
Roger Roydon 6
4 Richard Whitchurch 2
4 Robert Flower 1
4 [blank] Hodges wid [-]
6 Thomas Prestwood 6
6 William Hazle 4
5 [blank] Evans wid 2
3 Isaac Hayward 5
6 [blank] Harris wid 4
John Tibbott 2
Joan Hazle wid 2
William Ifeild 5

[^103]
## 100

f. 53, col. 2
[blank] Hickman wid
Joan Eagles \& \}
[blank] Hudson wid \}
James Caple ${ }^{10}$
Joan Hanby \& tennts
Christopher Williams
William Thorne
Andrew Jordan ${ }^{11}$
William Redwood \& tennts
John Dorney
William Millard
Anthony Tyler \& $\} 1$ forge
[blank] Grigg wid \}
Thomas Corbin \& tennts
Robert Cotney \& tennt
Jonathan Baily
Richard Belcher \& son
[blank] Redwood wid
Jane Smith \& tenn
Robert Flower
Edward Price
Robert Mansell
John Dorney 2 forges
Samuel Whitehead
[blank] Sattiford wid
Jacobus Bulgen
Edward Ifeild
John Goldsmith jun
[blank] Wallen wid \& \}
George Hodges $\quad\} 1$ forge
John Lingen 1 forge
[blank] Willson wid
Walter Williams
Daniel Samm
Joseph Sambourne

Thomas Chatterton 2
Mary Whitehead wid 3
John Crocker 2
John Allen 2
3 hearths Llewellen Evans \& tent 4
Thomas Hill 2
3 Henry Stanford 2
1 William Wakley 2
5 John Jelson 1
2 John Howell 2
5 Ralph Cooke ${ }^{12} 2$
4 John Strawbridge 1
3 Thomas Brinn 3
1 William Tovey 2
4 James Tayler 2
[blank] Wattkins wid 2
4 William Paine 2
6 William England 2
[-] [St Thomas Street, E side]
1 John Horwood \& \}
2 Alexander Rice ${ }^{13}$ \} 2
4 James Thomas \& tennts 3
4 Owen Rogers 2
Simon Gly 1
2 Nicholas Boyter 2
1 William Bosley 1
1 Richard Swallow ${ }^{14} 2$
[-] William Tovey 2
3 William Morgan 2
3

## 101

f. 53 v , col. 1
-1

[^104]| Richard Colstone ${ }^{15}$ | 1 | Richard Collins 1 forge | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alexander Berkley | 2 | Richard Morgan | 3 |
| Emmanuel Trippett | 2 | Phillip Young | 1 |
| Andrew Perkins | 2 |  |  |
| Thomas Price | 1 |  |  |
| Thomas Price ${ }^{16}$ | 2 | 102 |  |
| George Browne senior | 2 |  |  |
| Ann Waters wid | 7 | f. 53v, col. 2 |  |
| Anthony Kingston ${ }^{17}$ | 2 |  |  |
| Thomas Gutcham \& \} |  | John Waters | 4 hearths |
| George Browne \} | 2 | Robert Langford | 3 |
| William Watkins | 1 | William Redwood | 4 |
| Edward Jouston | 1 | John Redwood | 3 |
| Margery Lott wid ${ }^{18} 1$ furnace | 3 | John Faulkner \& tent | 3 |
| Edward Wallis | 2 | Rendal Allen | 3 |
| Anthony Elliott | [-] | Henry Flower | 3 |
| Richard Thomas | 2 | Rendall Allen | 8 |
| [blank] Thomas wid | 2 | St Thomas Almeshouse ${ }^{19}$ | 16 |
| Edward Lyder | 1 | Henry Hobbs | 1 |
| Elizabeth Wilson wid | 1 | William Piggott jun | 2 |
| Joseph Dennis | 2 | Samuel Tether 1 oven | 5 |
| Bryan Day \& tennts | 6 | John Trewhere | 5 |
| John Worgan | 1 | Edward Battle \& tenn | 3 |
| Henry Thomas | 6 | George Redwood 1 furnace | 2 |
| David Bowen \& tennts | 7 | [blank] Jones wid 1 forge | 1 |
| [blank] Bassett and tennts | 4 | John Parsons | 2 |
| Thomas Horniblow | 3 | William Piggott sen | 4 |
| Edward Hanney | 5 | John Cother | 1 |
| Robert Burford | 5 | William Iffe \& ten | 2 |
| Robert Beake | 5 | Thomas Revall | 2 |
| Robert Edwards | 5 | William Coleman | 2 |
| John Goldsmith | 5 | John Abbott 1 furnace | 2 |
| Walter Tyler \& ten | 4 | [blank] Price wid | 1 |
| Alice Pitts | 2 | Joan Lane wid | 2 |
| Robert Adams | 2 | Anna Strong | 2 |

[^105]William Jones \& tenants
Peter Browne
James Bull 1 forge
[blank] Parker
Richard Curnock
John Pearce \}
John Gore \}
John Hale
William Tippett
Richard Whichurch
Robert Colstone
Gerard Lane ${ }^{20}$
Thomas Evans
Michael Pitman
[blank] Legg wid
Thomas Tyson
John Foord
John Hipsley
William Cox
Robert Baily
Edward Rich
Richard Smith
[blank] Jones wid

## 103

f. 54, col. 1

John Hine
[blank] Jaine wid
Christopher Brimsdone
Richard Brayfeild
Thomas Meadon
Michael Hunt
The Church House
$1681 /^{21}$

4 Ward of St Mary de Redcliffe
5 [Redcliff Street, W side] ${ }^{22}$
2 Henry Bray 7 hearths
2 Erasmus Dole6

8 Benjamin Read
16

Thomas Day
[-]

4 John Sanders 6
2 William Rowley 3
2 William Walker 5
2 Andrew Morris ${ }^{23} 14$
4 Leonard Hancock ${ }^{24} 8$
5 Reynold Key 6
4 Richard Tayler 9
7 William Codner 2
11 Samuel Webb 4
7 Henry Rich 2 saltpans 7
4 Samuel Wharton ${ }^{25} 10$
3 William Keinton 4
24 Richard Stevens 3 saltpans 4
[-] Anthony Sansbury 4
[-] Edward Blackford 6
5 Francis Reeves 3
8 John Jennett 1
Allin Mockeridge 5
Jenkin Morgan 3 John Woory 4
William Cox ${ }^{26} 3$
Robert Shepman 2
[blank] Atkins wid 6
6 hearths Thomas Braine 3
13 Thomas Knight \& ten 3
13 William Davis \& ten 7
3 John Webb 3
4 Hugh Lewis 10
2 Edward Harford \& ten 4
1 Christopher Tayler 6
Ann Cooke wid 13

[^106]Barbara Blagdon ${ }^{27}$
[blank] Hancock wid
Thomas Tovey's workhouse
2 furnaces ${ }^{28}$
Thomas Harris
[blank] Hall wid
Thomas Hullett
[blank] Willcox wid
William Jackson
Robert Amberson
Elizabeth Moore widow
Edward Harris \& tents

## 104

f. 54, col. 2

## Ward St Mary de Redcliffe

Walter Carpenter \& tents
Richard Lukins
Edward Harris
Edward Morgan esq
Samuel Combes
Mark Greene
Francis Tomolin
Edmund Bennett
Edward Grante
[blank] Farmer wid ${ }^{29}$
Joseph Yeamans ${ }^{30}$
Edward Crofte ${ }^{31}$ \& \}
Henry Lewis \}
William Faulkner ${ }^{32}$

4 Thomas Gerry ${ }^{33} 2$
6 Thomas Buttler \& \}
5 Ann Lloyd $\quad 1$ furnace 10
Charles Bevan 3
3 Robert Dapwell ${ }^{34} 4$
2 Richard Lloyd 3
8 [blank] Wathen wid 7
2 John Hall 6
5 [blank] Birkes 7
5 Thomas Kevall 4
3 [blank] Beaver wid 1
[-] Henry Atwood 1
Ralph Grante ${ }^{35} 1$ furnace 3
[blank] Low wid [-]
Thomas Merrifeild 4
Ann Claxton [-]
Thomas Veale \& tents $\quad 6$
John Lloyd 4
Francis Child 2
8 hearths [blank] Jones wid 2
3 John Davis 1
4 [blank] Walker wid 2
7 Jonas Merredith 1
2 Thomas Purser 2
1 John Toby 2
2 William Bullock ${ }^{36} 7$
2 John Jackson ${ }^{37} 7$
6 [blank] Beamer wid 2
9 George Lane 2
6 John Foord ${ }^{38} 3$
Mary Hill wid 1 furnace 5
5 Edward Tiley 1 oven 3
2

[^107]f. 54 v , col. 1

Phillip Phillips
Roger Hancock
Lewid Codring
John Cherry
Henry Glesson
Thomas Atkins
Michael Perfect
Anna Wraxall wid
James Wharton
Dorothy Watkins
Charles Berry
Griffeth Lascomb
Joan [?Joanna] Gory
Richard Plummer
John Jones
John Holbrooke
Nathaniel Allin
[blank] Fry wid
Thomas Hand \& tents ${ }^{39}$
Daniel Neale ${ }^{40}$
Henry Clements
Christopher Yorke
Matthew Wilcocks
Henry Merrick
Anthony Patch sen
Stephen Shinn
William Lloyd
Thomas Bowes
[blank] Neeve wid
John Hayward
William Lloyd \& tents
Dominick Hobson \& tents
William Noble \& tents
Matthew Lane
Mary Moore
John Powles

Humphrey Sly 2
Edward Dedman 2
Mary Bancks 1
Grace Brent 1
[blank] Hooke wid 3
[blank] Neason wid 3
John Drew 3
William Parker 1 oven 3
Simon Bowyer 3
David Price 2
[blank] Merchant wid 2
George Davis 2
Silvester Harris 3
Elizabeth Gold 2
[blank] Broad wid 2
Thomas Brookes 1
Sara Boon 3
William Daniell 1
Thomas Gough 3

## 106

f. 54 v , col. 2

William Tanner 1 hearths
[blank] Driver 1
George Smith 2
[Redcliff Pit] ${ }^{41}$
Anthony Patch jun ${ }^{42} 2$
[blank] Stratton 2
[blank] Welch 2
Samuel Sanders 4
Israel Bird 3
Rachel Jefferis 8
[Redcliff Hill] ${ }^{43}$
[blank] Phelps ${ }^{44} 5$
2 Thomas Hopkins 3

39 Redcliff Street, W side, No. $82^{1 ⁄ 2} 2$, see 1662 list n. 286.
${ }^{40}$ Redcliff Street, W side, No. 82, see 1662 list n. 287.
${ }^{41}$ Anthony Patch being the first entry for Redcliff Pit identified in the 1662 list n. 288.
${ }^{42}$ Redcliff Pit, W side, No. 4, see 1662 list n. 288.
${ }^{43}$ William Phelps being the first entry for Redcliff Hill identified in the 1662 list n. 289.
${ }^{44}$ Possibly No. 12 Redcliff Hill, W side, see 1662 list n. 289.
John Hollister 8 Thomas Wells ..... 1Francis JonesJohn HooperRichard WealeWilliam KelsonWilliam Parker ${ }^{45} 2$ forgesThomas ComptonThomas Padgett
William LaneWilliam Lilly \& tentsMary Shuter \& ten[blank] Jones widWilliam JonesDaniel NealeMary Shuter \& ten[blank] Jones widWilliam PerryRobert LuxMary PerryHenry MerrickPeter NashAnthony RoeWilliam EvansMichael PuxtonJohn SandersEdmund BrowneMary Casbeard
[blank] CaroeCharity WedmoreAnna Williams[blank] GreeneJohn Thomas[blank] Gotheridge wid[blank] Vell wid[blank] Jenkins wid
Thomas ComptonAnna WhiteThomas HudsonHenry SeniorJoan NothellMargaret Worgan
3 Robert England ..... 1
Judith Nettle ..... 211
5 107
f. 55 , col. 13
4 John Jones ..... 1 hearths
[blank] Veizey ..... 2
2 Hugh Price ..... 2
2 Morgan Williams ..... 2
4 Anna Storme ..... 1
7 Isaac Battle ..... 2
James Tyler ..... 2
Thomas Phillips ..... 2
2 The Almeshouse ${ }^{46}$ ..... 8
2 William Sweeting \&
[-] Anna Grant ..... 4
Joan Hale ..... 2
William Wells ..... 2
John Hurne ..... 3
Mary Phillips ..... 2
[blank] Baker wid ..... 2
Margaret Biford ..... 1
Elizabeth Lawrence ..... 2
Mary Austin ..... 2
John Hunte ..... 3
Thomas Roach ..... 1
[blank] Halding ..... 2
John Stevens ..... 6
Robert Thomas \& ten ..... 13
[blank] Perry wid ..... 2
John Jones ..... 1
Francis Gold ..... 1
[blank] Smith wid ..... 2
[blank] Millard wid ..... 2
3 Thomas Phillips ..... 2
2 Edward Sawer ..... 2
1 William Browne ..... [-]

[^108]Henry Hitchens
William Redwood
Ralph Hacker
William Bird ${ }^{47}$
Martha Spurgin
[blank] Prewett
Robert Mayor
Richard West 2 furnaces
[blank] Williams wid
George Hitchins
Marger Burges
Thomas Partridge
John Burcome 1 oven \& furnace

## Pilestreete

(Pile Street)
[blank] Hale
Jesse Andrews
William Austin ${ }^{49}$
[blank] Lane wid
[blank] Collett wid
Edward Woodham
William Eales
Alexander Evans ${ }^{50}$

2 Edward Watts ${ }^{51} 4$
$<2>3$ John Tiley 2
2 Henry Lewis 1
3 Thomas Stevens 2
7 William Hancock 2
9 Edward Tayler ${ }^{52} \quad 1$
3 Edward Evans ${ }^{53} 1$
3 [blank] Oatridge wid ${ }^{54} 1$
3 Thomas Ladwell ${ }^{55} 2$
1 Robert Watts 2
4 George Ellin 1
5 [blank] Jones wid ${ }^{56} 2$
3 William Evans 2
Ann Boateman 2
Sara Cicell ${ }^{57} 2$
Jane Browne 2
2 Thomas Rolls 2
1 William Hitchens 2
1 William Gray vac 2
2 Edward Haswell 2
1 Miles Morse 2
2 [blank] Jones [-]
2 Joan Bisse 2
2 Richard Novis ${ }^{58} 4$
George Gibbs 5
Martha Moore 6
George Colthrope 8
William Gray 2
Elinor Hughs 1
Elizabeth Roberts 2
2 hearths Edward Brookes \& tent ${ }^{59} 7$
2 John Prior 2

Henry Beake
John Wells

47 No. 18 Redcliff Hill, see 1662 list n. 291.
${ }_{48}$ Robert Mayor was master of Queen Elizabeth Grammar School in Redcliffe parish, 1666-9d. In 1696 the then master had 11 'tablers' at the school in Redcliff Street (Ralph and Williams, The inhabitants of Bristol, p. 119).
${ }^{49}$ Pile Street, S side, No. 41, from 1675 leased to William Austin, wiredrawer (BA P.StMR/D/5).
${ }^{50}$ Pile Street, S side, in 1675 to the W of No. 41 (BA P.StMR/D/5).
${ }^{51}$ Pile Street, S side, No. 50, in 1671 the tenement and garden held by Edward Watts (BA 04335(8), f. 265).
${ }_{52}^{52}$ Pile Street, N side, No. 28 from 1656 leased to George Taylor, soapboiler (BA P.StMR/D/5).
${ }^{53}$ Pile Street, N side, No. 27 to the E of Elizabeth Otteridge by 1671 (BA P.StMR/D/5).
${ }^{54}$ Pile Street, N side, No. 26 leased to Elizabeth Otteridge by 1671 (BA P.StMR/D/5).
${ }^{55}$ Pile Street, N side, No. 25 to the W of Elizabeth Otteridge by 1671 (BA P.StMR/D/5).
${ }_{56}$ Pile Street, N side, Nos. 17-18, from 1668 leased by the church of St Mary Redcliffe to Mary Jones the widow of Edmund Jones, by 1750 said to be lately built 'in the roome of a ruinous tenement called the Lodge' (BA P. tMR/D/5).
${ }^{57}$ Pile Street, N side, No. 20/21, in 1661 of Sarah Cicill, widow (BA P.StMR/D/5).
${ }^{58}$ Pile Street, S side, possibly No. 58, a lodge, see 1662 list n. 292.
${ }_{59}$ Pile Street, N side, No. 30, by 1684 of Edward Brooks (BA P.StMR/D/5).
[blank] Sly wid ${ }^{60}$
Benjamin Beake
Thomas Bower
Anthony Fry
Thomas Roach
Walter Sheppard
Robert Thomas
Ann Smerrick
John Locker
Nicholas Tayler
William Chelton
William Hill
Thomas Davis
Samuel Owen infra
Jacobus Barker
William Attwood
William Perfoy
[Redcliff Street, E side]
William Stokes ${ }^{61}$
John Davis ${ }^{62}$
Dennis Greenfeild ${ }^{63}$
William Greene
John Sanders

## 109

f. $55 \mathrm{v}, \mathrm{col} .1$

Thomas Evans
Robert Pyner
Mary Worly
Anthony Gore

2 [blank] King wid 1
1 John Jones 1
1 Edward Bastin 2
1 Edward Haggett 2
1 John Collins 3
3 Thomas Levins 1
11 John Merredith 1
3 Walter Yorke \& ten 4
2 [blank] Davis wid ${ }^{64} 3$
3 William White ${ }^{65} 3$
2 Edward Hopkins ${ }^{66} 2$ forges 2
2 Richard Morris 1
2 John Bowen 1
5 Thomas Jenings 1
2 Robert Nelson 1
3 [blank] Merrick wid 1
1 [blank] Child wid 2
[blank] Pyner wid 2
[blank] Gresham wid 1
3 Edward Burkett 1
4 Richard Welsteed 4
5 Robert Gold 1
1 Benjamin Adams 1
1 William Austin 1
John Collins 1
Calib Mason 4
[blank] Evans wid 1
James Burgis 1
William Whitehead 3
John Shuter ${ }^{67} 2$ furnaces 5
1 hearth Richard Davis 3
1 John Richards 3
2 Richard Davis ${ }^{68} 3$
1 John Richards 3
${ }^{60}$ Pile Street, N side, No. 33, in 1625 this was the lodge, so much of an orchard and garden abutted W upon land of St Mary Redcliffe, and an orchard adjoining to Temple Gate on the E, now of Henry Slye, by 1684 late of Slye (BA 3097; P.StMR/D/5).
${ }^{61}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 70, in 1668 the tenement of William Stokes, mariner (BA P.StMR/D/3/13).
${ }^{62}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 69, in 1668 the tenement late of John Lloyd decd. leased to John Davis, carpenter (BA P.StMR/D/3/13).
${ }^{63}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 68, in 1668 the tenement of the Dean and Chapter where Denise Greenfield lived (BA P.StMR/D/3/13).
${ }_{64}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 59, see 1662 list n. 295.
${ }_{65}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 58, see 1662 list n. 296.
${ }^{66}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 57, by 1660 the tenement in the occupation of Edward Hopkins known as the Kings Head (BA P.StMR/D/1/15 and 16).
${ }^{67}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 55, see 1662 list n. 297.
68 The repetition of these two entries could be a scribal error.

| [blank] Wately | 8 | John Dowle | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Henry Wilcox | [-] | John Jennett | 3 |
| [blank] Haldung | 4 | John Hopkins | 2 |
| John Horte | 5 | John Swinson | 2 |
| Hugh Gifford | 7 | John Morris | 1 |
| Thomas Adams | 1 | Jeremia Hollister | 4 |
| Morgan Lamb | 2 | Mark Greene | 2 |
| John Arnold | 2 | John Gordan | 2 |
| William Cleverly | 1 | John Nelson | 1 |
| Edward Burriatt | 2 | John Webb | 4 |
| John Thomas | 1 | Walter Gunter ${ }^{73}$ | 9 |
| John Millard | 3 | Charles Prigg | 2 |
|  |  | Hanna Hooke | 3 |
|  |  | [blank] Millard wid ${ }^{74}$ | 3 |
| 110 |  | Thomas Parsons \& ten | 4 |
|  |  | John Dellam | 1 |
| f. 55 v , col. 2 |  | Michael Jaine | 3 |
|  |  | Mary Hurle | 4 |
| Robert Wise | 1 hearth | William Allin | 3 |
| Andrew Sargeant | 1 | William Atwood | 4 |
| Thomas Keene | 2 | John Read | 3 |
| Richard Burriatt | 3 | Phillip Gibbons | 3 |
| [blank] Wathen ${ }^{69}$ wid | 8 | William Spencer \& ten 1 forge | 11 |
| Thomas Northerine ${ }^{70}$ | 3 | Walter Edwards | [-] |
| Christopher Birkhead | 7 | Walter Howell | 3 |
| John Grimes | 2 | Patience Read | 2 |
| [blank] Hayter | 2 | John Atkins | 2 |
| Mary Hitchens | 2 | Jennett Parlour | 1 |
| Henry Merrick | 2 | James Anderson | 3 |
| Thomas Pigley | 2 | George Pippin | 1 |
| John Griffeth | 2 | John Walter | 1 |
| Edmond Crouch | 2 | Jane Hill | 2 |
| John Emry | 1 | John Rodway | 2 |
| [blank] Greene wid | 2 |  |  |
| Thomas Yate ${ }^{71}$ | 8 |  |  |
| John Willoughby esq ${ }^{72}$ | 10 |  |  |

[^109]
## 111

f. 56, col. 1

Robert Watts 2 forges
William Higgins
William Miner
John Worgan
Bridget Whiting
Michael Puxton ${ }^{75}$
John Barnes
Edmond Evans
John Watkins
Juda Horsington
William Watkins
[blank] Codner wid
John Lanman ${ }^{76}$
[blank] Lauder wid

## 112

f. 56, col. 2

Francis Greenfeild
John Sanders ${ }^{77} 1$ furnace
Charles Jones ${ }^{78}$
Ralph Olliffe ${ }^{79}$
James Light
John Webb
John Walker ${ }^{80}$

## 113

## f. 56, col. 1 <br> 3 hearths Ward of St Stephen

2 Robert Vickris ${ }^{81} 9$ hearths
4 [blank] Poundall ${ }^{82} 4$
4 John Jenkins 8
2 Samuel Price 4
4 Robert Dapwell 1 furnace 4
2 [blank] Peiterson wid 1 furnace 7
2 Thomas Price ${ }^{83} 6$
6 John Blanch ${ }^{84} 4$
4 [blank] Emm wid 2
2 Henry Burnell 3
1 [blank] Reeves wid 3
16 Thomas Weare 1 furnace 7
12 Richard Munday 2
John Jones 2
John Vellicott 6
Nicholas Burras 4
Francis Baily 1 furnace 9
John Courte 4
Robert Bond ${ }^{85} 4$
5 hearths John Lewry 3
10 Jacobus Elvard 5
7 John Walker 2 forges [-]
10 Thomas Moore 8
9 Alexander Morgan 3
3 Elinor Ayres 3
2 Mary Boby 2
Matthew Mullens 2
${ }^{75}$ No. 16 Redcliff Street, E side, purchased by Michael Puxton in 1648 (BA 05615, schedule attached to deed of 1792).
${ }^{76}$ From its position in the list probably the Red Lion Inn, No. 7 Redcliff Street.
${ }^{77}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 4, in 1675 conveyed by Charles Saunders the younger, grocer, son of John Saunders the elder decd., to Mary Hill, widow (BA 11982(9)a and b).
${ }^{78}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 3, in 1675 the tenement of Charles Jones (BA 11982(9) a and b).
${ }^{79}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 2, the Bear Inn see 1662 list n. 37.
${ }^{80}$ The Ward of St Mary Redcliffe evidently finishes at the commencement of Bristol Bridge.
${ }^{81}$ In 1664 Vickris leased from the Corporation two of the new plots in King Street (BA 04335(5) f. 8).
${ }^{82}$ In St Leonard parish in the 1662 list (f. 40). Richard Poundall was rector of St John 1631-70 and of St Ewen 1664-70, and possibly also vicar of St Leonard (buried 7 Sept. 1670) (Harlow, Religious ministry).
${ }^{33}$ In 1662 adjacent to No. 47 The Quay, see 1662 list n. 168.
${ }^{84}$ On the W side of Marsh Street, in 1770 'formerly' [but by implication long before] of John Blanch, cooper (Leech, Topography, p. 96).
${ }^{85}$ A 20 -foot-wide plot of void ground in the Marsh was first leased by the Corporation to Robert Bound, shipwright, in 1673 (BA 04335(6) f. 7).

Edward Everard
Peter Waden
William Haines
John Templeman
Alexander Morgan
Ralph Williams
George Kelly
Thomas Haines
[blank] Tayler 1 furnace

## 114

f 56, col. 2

John Clements
Robert Clare
John Baily
William Ingleton
Richard Jones
William Parker 2 forges
George White
Richard Reed
Giles Kent
[blank] Poole wid
[blank] Jeboe wid
Robert Iffe
Richard Roberts
William Watkins
Nicholas Tocknell vac
Francis Shorte
William Bull
James Witcher
Stephen Parry 3 forges
Thomas Watts
[blank] Merry
[blank] Clare wid
[blank] Bumpsteed ${ }^{86} 3$ forges
[blank] Tocknell
William Lloyd
John Scott

4 Roger Drew
2
6 Anthony Berrow 2
7 [blank] Webb wid 3
4 John Seacomb 3
5 Thomas Oldfeild 1
3 Thomas Browne 1
3 George Deane 2
7 Thomas Phelps 4
5 [blank] Welch 3
Samuel Warne 4
Thomas Hillman 3

## 115

5 hearths f. 56 v , col. 1
4
5 John Tegue 2 hearths
2 [blank] Huston vac [-]
4 Richard Leach 1
4 John Harvey 1
1 Daniel Howard 2
1 [blank] Seward 2
1 Lodovic Loyd vac 2
2 Robert Bodman ${ }^{87} 6$
2 [blank] Yeamans wid 5
5 [blank] Creed wid 4
2 Joseph Tiley 1 furnace 4
2 [blank] Grante 5
5 William Phillpott 6
4 Henry Baker 1
2 Richard Clymer 1
1 [blank] Sparks 2
2 [blank] Griffin 1
2 Richard Amos 2
2 Robert Pennington 2
3 [blank] Pope vac [-]
4 Thomas Duning ${ }^{88} 3$
6 Thomas Duning 1
4 [blank] Pearce wid 1
2 John Jones 4

[^110]| William Austin | 2 | William Thurstone | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| William Hartford ${ }^{99}$ | 6 | William Tayler | 2 |
| William Trego | 4 | Thomas Linton | 11 |
| John Toney | 4 | Richard Evans | $<2>3$ |
| John Bird ${ }^{90}$ | 5 | Robert Rycrofte | 2 |
| William Snelgrove | 5 |  |  |
| [blank] Brawler wid | 6 | [Fisher Lane or on The Quay] |  |
| William Paine ${ }^{91}$ | 6 | Tobias Lamb ${ }^{94} 1$ oven | 2 |
| Edward Crofte | 7 | [blank] Simonds | 4 |
| Walter Fryer | 4 | John Hedges ${ }^{95}$ | 3 |
| John Fryzer | 11 | Samuel Hunt | 3 |
| Thomas Atkins | 2 | William Ling ${ }^{96}$ | 6 |
| Thomas Chades | 5 | Lewis Roberts | 4 |
| Mathias Arlington | 5 | [blank] Browne wid | 4 |
| Roger Froggett | 2 | [blank] Tregenny | 3 |
| John Mathews | 4 | Christopher Phillpott ${ }^{97}$ | 2 |
| [blank] Cooke | 4 | John Berkins ${ }^{98}$ | 4 |
| William Challoner | 4 | [blank] Hodges wid | 3 |
| John Shorte ${ }^{92}$ | 2 | William Hughs ${ }^{99}$ | 3 |
| Henry Wilkes | 4 | James Young ${ }^{100}$ | 2 |
| Mary Pill | 4 | John Kempe | 5 |
| Thomas Gold | 5 | [blank] Cooke vac | 5 |
| [blank] Jones wid | 5 | [blank] Curtis | [-] |
| Peter Fortrue | 6 | Abraham Roome | I |
|  |  | Henry Morris | 1 |
|  |  | John Jouston | 1 |
| 116 |  | George Plaine | 3 |
|  |  | [blank] Tocknell vac | [-] |
| f. 56v, col. 2 |  | Richard Batham | 4 |
| Thomas Salisbury | 3 hearths |  |  |
| Robert Bradley ${ }^{93}$ | 5 |  |  |
| Marmaduke Williams | 3 |  |  |

[^111][Marsh Street, W side]<br>John Watts ${ }^{101}$<br>Henry Lloyd<br>Thomas Moody ${ }^{102}$<br>Edward Jefferis ${ }^{103}$<br>John Jane<br>John Bleachly ${ }^{104}$<br>William Davis ${ }^{105} 1$ furnace<br>Richard Croscomb<br>Jonathan Blackwell ${ }^{106}$<br>George Peiterson<br>John Mosley ${ }^{107}$<br>[blank] Orchard ${ }^{108}$ wid<br>Thomas Lewellen<br>William Turner ${ }^{109}$<br>Thomas Shamell<br>Joan Poole<br>Richard Sandford<br>Edward Hyman

117
f. 57, col. 1

Francis Dymer ${ }^{110}$
John Clary
Richard Rice ${ }^{111}$
[blank] Greene vac

John Ingram 1
1 John Andrews 3
2 William Bently 5
2
2
Simon Wilkins ${ }^{112} \quad 2$
[blank] Starr ${ }^{113}$ wid [-]
[blank] Atkins ${ }^{114} 1$
-] Christopher Swetman 1
17 John Birte ${ }^{115} 6$
4 Richard Powell 2
3 Thomas Brumidger 1
4 Walter Sandy 2
4 Thomas Lovell 3
4 [blank] Wiltshire 6
3 [blank] Baddam wid 2
4 John Neads 3
3 Robert Bishop 3
3
[Marsh Street, W side]
Anthony Wade ${ }^{116} 7$
Bartholomew Crosse ${ }^{117} 2$
Hercules Andrews 3
John Poole 3
William Jane 2
4 hearths [blank] Hodges wid 1
2 [blank] Streete wid 2
3 Francis Attwood 2
[-] George Stokes 3

[^112]William Mathews
John Farding
[blank] Hill wid
Margaret Mendham
Henry Oatly
[blank] Mathews wid
Daniel Inion
James Lake
Walter Hide
Richard Nicholls
Benjamin Hollett
[blank] Jones wid
John Lucas
George Gristy
[blank] Hillary wid
[blank] Skinner wid
Charles Andrews
William Browne
William Pryor
John Cox
William ?Zauchy
George Weaver
William James
Robert House
George Wilkinson
John Bowry
Thomas Carny
Alice Young
Percival Read
[blank] Lane wid
[blank] Griffis ${ }^{118}$ wid

## 118

f. 57, col. 2

Richard Browning [blank] Palmer wid Francis Tayler
John Hodges
[blank] Norman wid
[blank] Froggett vac 2 forges John Jones

2 John Creed 2
1 Hugh Pollett 2
2 Thomas Pym 2
1 William Baily 2
1 Thomas Terry 2
1 Joel Perry 4
3 William James 2
3 Edward Jones 3
3 [blank] Hobbs [-]
1 Thomas Withen 2
1 [blank] Hobbs vaca [-]
1 Edward Berrow 2
1 John Deane 2
1 Bartholomew Penrose 2
2 James Fowler 2
4 Phillis Williams 2
3 Edward Jones 2
1 [blank] Birte 5
1 John Kingsford 2
2 John Tayler 1
1 [blank] Mathews wid 1
2 Richard Tayler 1 oven 3
2 Thomas Furlong 2
[-] Blanch Henry 1
1 Phillip Jones 1 furnace 2
3 Matthew Jones 2
1 James Fowler 4
1 William Chambers 3
2 Mary Lovell 3
3 Thomas Rogers 3
5 John Smith 1
John Rogers 2
[blank] Williams wid 2
[blank] Drew vac [-]
William Austin 1
[blank] Baily wid 1 furnace 2
Richard Burgis 1
4 hearths John Evans 1
4 Henry James 1
2 Humphrey Samm 2
2 Daniel Luffman 2
1 Stephen Edgly 1 oven 4
[-] [blank] Batten wid 9
2 John Charles 2

[^113][blank] Latch wid<br>Jenkin Lycense<br>Lettice Norrington 1 furnace<br>Joseph Lockston 1 forge<br>Thomas Mason<br>[blank] Waterman wid<br>Joseph Thomas<br>[blank] Neads<br>William Stevens<br>Henry Adams ${ }^{119}$

## 119

f. 57 v , col. 1

Henry Adams [sic]
Joan Marshall
[blank] Lucas
Edward Godwin
[blank] Jefferis wid
[blank] Webb
James Barker
[blank] ?Witherly wid
Robert Pomry
[blank] Williams
Walter Daniell
Enoch Daniell
Nicholas ?Trugius
John Hartfordshire ${ }^{120}$
Christopher Wilkinson
[blank] French wid
[blank] Roberts wid
Christopher Roberts
Sampson Downes ${ }^{121}$
James Whitehead 1 furnace
William Cadle
Elizabeth Pomry
James Cooke

1 [blank] Vaughan wid 1
1 [blank] Higgenbottom [-]
4 Richard Tucker 1
2 Bartholomew Thomas 1
2 Henry Horte 1
2 Thomas Burris 1
2 Nicholas Nash 2
2 Henry Cott 2
3 [blank] Walding wid 2
3 [blank] Gainsford wid 1 furnace 2
[blank] Baddam wid 1
Samuel Norris [-]

120
3 hearths f. 57 v , col. 2
3
1 James Mullins 1 hearth
2 [blank] ?Cadd wid 4
1 Timothy Browne ${ }^{122} 1$ furnace 3
[-] John Mason 2 forges 2
1 Richard Hughs 2
2 John Kennis 3
2 Guy Hill ${ }^{123} 2$
2 John Miner 3
2 Richard Davis 1
2 John Breach 1
2 John Stearte 1
2 Henry Munday 1
1 John Davis 1
1 [blank] White 1
[-] John Arrundell 1
2 Phillip Rogers 1
2 Edmond Dacres ${ }^{124} 7$
8 [blank] Jane 5
2 John Brimble 2 forges 4
2 Peter Murford 1
1 Henry How 1

[^114]Joseph Baker<br>Richard Sandy ${ }^{125}$<br>William Whealer<br>John Terrett<br>[blank] Willett

## 121

f. 57 v , col. 1

## the Ward of St Nicholas

[Bristol Bridge, E and W sides]
William Stevens ${ }^{126}$
[Bristol Bridge, E side]
Robert Smith
John Sandford
Timothy Parker ${ }^{127}$
Thomas Lodge ${ }^{128}$
Thomas Litman
Isaac Dennis
Elizabeth Snead ${ }^{129}$
Thomas Lewis
Henry Roe
John Machen
Peter Rosewell
Sara Champneys ${ }^{130}$

## 122

f. 57 v , col. 2

Richard Newman ${ }^{133} \quad 6$ hearths
7 hearths Richard Holland 6
Michael Pope 5
John Napper 5
John Appleton ${ }^{134} 4$
John Moore 7
Charles Pine 7
[Welsh Back] ${ }^{135}$
John Morgan ${ }^{136} 2$
George White ${ }^{137} 7$
Richard Higgins 4
[Baldwin Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side ${ }^{138}$ ]
Thomas Bradway ${ }^{139} 9$
Richard Gibbons ${ }^{140} 5$

[^115]Robert Higgins ${ }^{141} 2$ stills<br>Abraham Barnes<br>[Welsh Back]<br>Thomas Wallis ${ }^{142}$<br>John Aldridge 1 oven<br>[blank] Sheppard ${ }^{143}$ wid<br>Matthew Stevens ${ }^{144}$<br>John Froman<br>Henry Hosier

## 123

f. 58, col. 1
[blank] Wale wid
William Cox
[blank] Elliott vac
John Weaver
Robert Challoner
Michael Deyos ${ }^{145}$
Richard Smith
Richard Higgins ${ }^{146}$ jun
John Machen
Christopher Griffin ${ }^{147}$
Sir Thomas Langton ${ }^{148}$
Hugh Jones ${ }^{149}$
Thomas Evans

4 Thomas Burd 1 oven 4
4 Jasper Wood 2
Robert Hopkins 2
Henry Ably ${ }^{150} 2$
2 William Evans 7
4 Isaac Morgan 2
9 Elizabeth Francis 3
5 [blank] Doe wid 2
4 [blank] Moll 8
2 Alexander James ${ }^{151} 8$
Daniel Adams ${ }^{152} 9$
Thomas White 2 forges 2
James Stevens 4
William Jenkins 5
Margaret Hughes 3
Michael Watts 5
4 hearths James Hayes 7
5 James Hayes 1
[-]
2 [King Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
5 [blank] Wickham ${ }^{153} 7$
4 Jacobus Hulins 1 still 6
2 John Stokes 6
3 [blank] Wickham 7
9 [blank] Dowden 7
9 [blank] Crosse 7
[-] Stephen Watts ${ }^{154} 7$
5 Richard Ward 7
1 Thomas Pope ${ }^{155} 6$
${ }^{141}$ Baldwin Street, N side, to the E of No. 61, in 1673 where Richard Higgins lived (Leech, Topography, p. 15).
${ }^{142}$ Listed under 'The Back' in 1662 list (f. 25v).
${ }^{143}$ 'Edward Shepard' listed under 'The Back' in 1662 list (f. 25v).
${ }^{144}$ No. 5 Welsh Back, see 1662 list n. 194.
${ }^{145}$ Listed under 'The Back' in 1662 list (f. 25v).
${ }^{146}$ Listed under 'The Back' in 1662 list (f. 25v).
${ }^{147}$ 'Christopher Griffeth 9' listed under 'The Back' in 1662 list (f. 25v) (but two entries subsequent to that for Langton).
${ }^{148}$ No. 12 Welsh Back, with 11 hearths in 1662, see 1662 list n. 196; Langton was knighted on 4 November 1666 (Beaven, Bristol lists, p. 224).
${ }^{149}$ Listed under 'The Back' in 1662 list (f. 25v).
${ }^{150}$ Listed under 'The Back' in 1662 list (f. 25v).
${ }^{151}$ Welsh Back, next to the Marsh Gate, see 1662 list n. 199.
${ }^{152}$ Welsh Back, the Marsh Gate and rope house, see 1662 list n. 200.
${ }^{153}$ King Street, N side, this and the following four houses on the plot leased to Wickham for building in 1650, see 1662 list n. 201.
${ }^{154}$ Possibly King Street, S side, No. 19, leased by the Corporation in 1663 to Stephen Watts, merchant, upon condition that he build within three years a substantial messuage, three storeys in height besides the roof and in uniformity to the rest of the buildings (BA 04335(5) f. 9).
${ }^{155}$ King Street, S side, No. 17, leased by the Corporation in 1670 to Thomas Pope, merchant (BA 04335(4) f. 104).

| George Morris ${ }^{156}$ | 7 | Robert Ewins | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Thomas Pope | 6 | [blank] Warren wid | 3 |
| George Morris | 7 | [blank] Tuckey ${ }^{163}$ wid | 2 |
| Aaron Williams ${ }^{157}$ | 2 | [blank] Griffin wid | 2 |
| John Speed ${ }^{158}$ | 7 | [blank] Tovey ${ }^{164}$ | 2 |
| Richard Pearce vac | 5 | Abraham Lewis ${ }^{165}$ | 1 |
| [blank] Browne ${ }^{159}$ | 5 | [blank] Frankman wid | 2 |
| [blank] Bradway wid | 5 | Thomas Dollin | 1 |
| William Freeman | 4 | Margaret Williams | 1 |
| [blank] Adams | 5 | Oliver Stratton | 2 |
| Mary Burnell | 2 | John Vickar | 1 |
| Thomas Erwood | 3 | [blank] Constance wid | 2 |
|  |  | William West | 2 |
| [Baldwin Street, S side] |  | [blank] Cooke wid | 7 |
| Alexander Hewlett ${ }^{160}$ | $<3>2$ | Edward Plasteed | 3 |
| William Gough | 3 | William Hasle | 2 |
|  |  | Morgan Powell | 3 |
| [Back Street, W side] |  | James Tucker | 6 |
| William Jones ${ }^{161}$ | 5 | [blank] Driver wid | 4 |
| Edward Thomas | 2 | Robert Nicholls | 2 |
|  |  | Edward Mitchell | 2 |
|  |  | Robert Curnock | 2 |
| 124 |  | John Hamonds | 2 |
|  |  | Thomas Chandler | 3 |
| f. 58, col. 2 |  | Phillip Hawkins | 1 |
|  |  | [blank] Marler wid | 1 |
| John Winnpeny ${ }^{162}$ | 1 hearth | John Wind | 1 |
| Henry Cicell | 1 | [blank] Tyler wid | 1 |
| Joseph Holly | 1 | [blank] Cornish wid | 2 |
| Adam Curtis | 1 | James Turner | 2 |

[^116]Elizabeth Williams
[blank] Keetch wid
John Morgan
Robert Welch
John Edwards
John Colly
Anthony Warden
Thomas Constance
[blank] Pearce wid
[blank] James wid
John Pine
[blank] Harris wid
Matthew Jones
James Belcher
Roger Adams
[blank] Phillis wid
Richard Damer
[blank] Morgan wid
Phillip Babbicomb
Phillip Warren
John Shaplin
Walter Davis

## 125

f. $58 \mathrm{v}, \mathrm{col} .1$

Jenkin Merredith
Maudlin Davis
Edward Blake
John Blake
[blank] Leman wid
[blank] Dorrington
[blank] Burnell
Richard Thomas
Richard Drew

2 Francis Allin 1
2 John Cox 1
2 Thomas Loder 2
1 Thomas Mitchell 2
2 [blank] Madison wid 1
2 William Jones ${ }^{166} 3$
1 Thomas Hilzey 2
1 Robert Way 1
2 Thomas Adey 1
2 Thomas Mitchell 1
2 John Sandrell 2
2 [blank] Birte wid [-]
2
2 [Baldwin Street, $S$ side]
2 Francis Fowles ${ }^{167} 2$
2 Richard Long ${ }^{168} 2$
3 Abraham Lewis 1
5 [blank] Lewis wid 4
2 [blank] Kitchin wid 1
4 Henry Horte 2
2 Phillip Leversedge ${ }^{169} 3$
2 James Ivie 4
Benjamin Hellier 2
[blank] Vowell 3
Nicholas Chade 3
John Baldwin 3
John Morgan 2
Thomas Birkine ${ }^{170} 1$
1 hearth Richard Lucock ${ }^{171} 2$
2 [blank] Harris widow ${ }^{172} 3$
2 Henry Martin \& \}
2 Robert Pratt \} 3
4 David Rynon 2
3 Ann Hayre 1
3 [blank] Redwood wid 3
2 John Berrow ${ }^{173} 2$
1 Samuel Wilkison 2
${ }^{166}$ Possibly Nos. 42-3 Back Street, W side, by 1673 late of William Jones, clerk (Leech, Topography, p. 5).
${ }_{167}$ Nos. 2-3 Baldwin Street, S side, from 1665 of Francis Vowles and in 1675 of Francis Fowles, joiner (Leech, Topography, p. 19).
${ }^{168}$ Nos. 4-5 Baldwin Street, S side, by 1673 of Richard Long, cooper (Leech, Topography, p. 19)
${ }^{169}$ No. D Baldwin Street, S side, see 1662 list n. 202.
${ }^{170}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 6, in 1673 of Richard Birkin (Leech, Topography, p. 19).
${ }_{171}$ 'Richard Luckett' in Baldwin Street in 1662 list (f. 26).
${ }^{172}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 7, in 1675 late of Anne Harris, widow (Leech, Topography, p. 20).
${ }^{173}$ In Baldwin Street in 1662 list (f. 26). In 1670M Thomas Warne appears between Berrow and Sandy and in 1718 Baldwin Street, S side, Nos. 11 and 12, was formerly of Thomas Warne (Leech, Topography, p. 21).

Walter Sandy ${ }^{174}$ esq<br>[blank] Light<br>[blank] Merrick ${ }^{175}$<br>Matthew Ling<br>Anthony Smith ${ }^{176}$<br>Gabriel Lewis

## 126

f. 58 v , col. 2

Richard Vickris ${ }^{177} 2$ furnaces
[blank] Brooks ${ }^{178} 2$ furnaces
Simon Plumer ${ }^{179} 2$ furnaces
Thomas Squoice
[blank] Fairecloth
[blank] Hasell

Alexander Tompson ${ }^{181}$
[blank] Easton ${ }^{182}$
Thomas Tunbridge
Elinor Williams
[blank] Baker
[blank] Morgan wid
Samuel Tether ${ }^{183}$
Elizabeth Hooke

4 Edward Bifeild
2
6 [blank] Jones wid 2
5 [blank] Perkins 4
3 Michael Curtis 2
4 Paul Cottell 4
2 [blank] Davis 7
William Willett ${ }^{184} 8$
John Knight ${ }^{185} 2$
John Collins ${ }^{186} 2$
[blank] Plomer wid 1 furnace 6
[blank] Mosley ${ }^{187}$ wid 1 furnace 4
Edward Brock ${ }^{188} 1$
7 hearths [blank] Lucas wid 1
7 Benjamin Light 1
7 John James 1
John Spencer \& \}
John Roberts \} 3
George Watkins ${ }^{189} 2$
5 Mary Davis \& \}
6 Mary Norton \} 2





.
.
.

0 Edward Skinner 1
2 [blank] Williams wid 2
2 [blank] Hewlett wid 2
12 John Sanders ${ }^{190} 4$
4 Thomas Wasbrow ${ }^{191} 5$
5 Benjamin Snacknell ${ }^{192} 6$
6 [blank] Arrundell ${ }^{193}$ wid 4

[^117][Baldwin Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
John Gwilliams ${ }^{194}$
Richard Wiltshire ${ }^{195}$
[blank] Lawford wid \&

| [blank] Reason |
| :--- |
| [blank] James ${ }^{196}$ wid |
| Robert Glasse |
| William Baily |

[blank] Towgood wid 3
3 Robert Webb 1
4 [blank] Beaken wid 1
[blank] Beaken wid ${ }^{205} 1$
5 [blank] Mercer ${ }^{206}$ wid 2
4 Christopher Prestwood 2
3
2

## 127

f. 59, col. 1

William Baily ${ }^{198}$
Thomas Ambrose ${ }^{199}$
[blank] Heyman ${ }^{200}$
[blank] Crabb ${ }^{201}$
Robert Redwood
Robert Young ${ }^{202}$
Robert Fowler
John Wintle
Morgan Jones
William Hardick ${ }^{203}$
Edward Maide ${ }^{204}$
John Purdue 1 furnace

## 128

f. 59, col. 2

Edward Price
John Stibbins
f. 59, col. 1

## Ward of Holy Cross alias Temple

John Merchant
6 hearths
2 hearths John Yerbrough 1
7 Walter Howell 1
3 Thomas Martin 1
3 John Drew ${ }^{207} 3$ saltpans 4
3 Mr Pope's workhouse 2 saltpans 2
3 William Brookes 3
4 Richard Jones 4
6 [blank] Millard 1 forge [-]
1 [blank] Lloyd wid 3
3 John Nicholls 2
3 Henry Evans 2
9 Matthew Hughs 2
John Howell 2
John Baker 2
[blank] Morgan wid 3
Jonathan Knight 3
Christopher Phillips 2
Mary Russell 1
[blank] Butcher wid 1
[blank] Price 2

[^118][blank] Barwell<br>Richard Hickman<br>Thomas Buttler<br>Charles Davis<br>[blank] Yeates vac<br>William Kempe ${ }^{208}$<br>William Hatchman<br>James Pill<br>Humphrey Pill<br>Christopher Robinson<br>[blank] Duddlestone wid<br>John Blewat<br>John Bolton<br>[blank] Duddlestone wid<br>William Dorrington<br>Arthur Gibbons<br>Thomas Richardson<br>Richard Swetman<br>Henry Beltar

## 130

f. 59, col. 2

## Temple Ward

Robert Godfrey
Elinor Hull
[blank] Wilkinson wid
[blank] Bricker 1 furnace
James Cole 1 furnace
Edward Fitticate
William Bisse
[blank] Warren wid

2 William Swetnam 5
2 Robert Miner 3
2 William Webb 1
Jeremy Hicknell 2
[blank] Day ${ }^{209}$ wid 1
Giles Dowding [-]
Walter Steward 4
[blank] Swetnam wid 3
John Gray 7
[blank] Roberts wid 2
William Foord ${ }^{210} \quad 6$
William Tayler 1 furnace 5
[blank] Harte wid 10
[blank] Hawkins wid 4
[blank] Ditty wid 2
5
2 [Temple Street, $W$ side]
3 [blank] Gough ${ }^{211} 3$ concealed 5
2 [blank] Pester ${ }^{212}$ wid 5
Matthew Warren 2
Elinor Sarar 1
Elizabeth Allin 1
William Castle 1
Robert Nethercourte 1
Maudlin Evans 1
Joan Evans 1
2 hearths [blank] Munday ${ }^{213}$ wid 1
3 William Selfe ${ }^{214} 2$
2 Valentine Knight ${ }^{215} 2$
4 John Whiting ${ }^{216} 5$
3 [blank] Mayes wid 1
3 William Jones 1
4 Thomas Winfeild 1
6 William Williams 1
${ }^{208}$ In St Thomas parish in 1662 list (f. 11).
${ }^{209}$ This and the next four entries in Temple parish in 1662 list (ff. 5v and 6).
210 This and the next three entries in Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 6).
211 Temple Street, W side, No. 148, by 1824 between a tenement where William Pester, gent., once lived on the S, and a tenement said to have been built by Francis Hawkins, brewer, wherein Ann Baker, drugget maker, once lived (BA 9423(1-48)). Presumably the entry means that 3 of the 5 hearths are concealed.
${ }^{212}$ Temple Street, W side, No. 147, see n. 210; in Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 6).
${ }^{213}$ Temple Street, W side, No. 144, see 1662 list n. 26.
${ }_{214}$ Temple Street, W side, No. 142, in 1681 the tenement leased to Mary Selfe who now lived there, the tenement of Valentine Knight, cooper, on the S (BA P.Temple/Ab 127, 137 and 148).
215 Temple Street, W side, No. 141, see n. 213.
${ }_{216}$ Temple Street, W side, No. 140, in 1681 the tenement leased to Samuel Whiteing, house carpenter, the interest in this formerly assigned by John Selfe to John Whiteing (BA P.Temple/Ab 128 and 150; BA inventory 1668/61 of John Whiteing, house carpenter); see 1662 list n. 25.

John Coleman<br>William Straton

## 131

f. 59v, col. 1

David Jones one roome voyd Robert Ford 1 increased ${ }^{217}$
Mary Shapley
Thomas Smith
Simon Cox
Aron Watts 1 forge
Charles Harford
John Morgan
[blank] Simpkins wid
John White ${ }^{218}$
[blank] Yeo wid
Edward Palmer
Thomas Johns
Thomas Tomlen ${ }^{219} 2$ furnaces
Edward Thomas
Richard Crabb ${ }^{220}$
Peter Mockridge
Alexander Gray
[blank] Aliffe wid
John Statam
John Lambert ${ }^{221}$
[blank] Wadham wid
Robert Wilkins
John Balman
William Kemble
Mary Wade
John Hancock vac

1 John Cock 4
2 Alexander Gray 2
Edward Elvard 1
[blank] Sampson 8
[blank] Prestwood ${ }^{222}$ [-]
Thomas Goldsmith ${ }^{223} 6$
Percival Pacy ${ }^{224} \quad 5$
Margaret Cox 1
1 hearth [blank] Piper wid 1
[-] [blank] Browning wid 3
4 Marger Tyler 1
1 Joan Rendall 1
2 Thomas Kempe 1
1 Alexander Sherman 2
3 [blank] Jones wid 1
1 William Punchion 1
1 Charles Hellier 2
2 John Atwood 2
2 Edith Board 2
2 John Williams 2
2 William Jones 1
1 John Gatchcomb 1
3 Robert Hawkridge ${ }^{225} 2$
2 James Shute 2
4 Edward Tomlin 2
2 Thomas Eagle 1
1 John Edwards vac [-]
1
1
$4 \quad 132$
3
1 f. 59v, col. 2
1 Katherine Edwards 1 hearth
1 [blank] Oldbury 1
[-] Edward Smith 1
${ }^{217}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 6v).
${ }^{218}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 6).
${ }_{219}$ Palmer has been crossed out and Tomlen written over it.
${ }^{220}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 6v).
${ }^{221}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 6).
${ }^{222}$ Temple Street, W side, No. 126, with 4 hearths in 1662 , in 1688 the tenement where Thomas Prestwood formerly dwelt, where Thomas Lyons now dwelt, together with a garden and a tenement fronting St Thomas Street, built by Prestwood and formerly garden (BA P.Temple/Ab 135); see 1662 list n. 29.
${ }^{223}$ Temple Street, W side, No. 25, see 1662 list n. 28.
${ }^{224}$ Temple Street, W side, No. 124, see 1662 list n. 27.
${ }^{225}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 6v).
Edward White 2 Richard Price ..... 1Jeremy BawanJohn HitchensEdward HitchensJonas WilliamsMary NormanJohn Collins
[blank] Dew widAbraham EmeryAnna SandersAnthony Griffin[blank] Harris wid
[blank] Smith widThomas BadyRichard Stokes
John Jones 1 increased
Robert Daniell
Richard ShermanHenry CaryRoger BailyHenry DavisSara Greene
Robert OlliffeAnthony Cock ${ }^{226}$
Robert PopeEdward SinderlinJohn CottenJohn HickmanNicholas Skulkeone roome voyd
John PennyWilliam CuzensEdith DavisWelthian JonesJohn MorrisJohn Bevan
2 Grace Lloyd ..... 1
1 Michael Thomas ..... 1
2 Stephen Berry ..... 1
2 John Hine \& Richard Lane ${ }^{227}$ ..... 2
24 stoves \& 3 furnaces
2 Thomas Sperrin ..... 5
2 [blank] Day ${ }^{228}$ wid ..... 2
3 Robert Bruges ..... 1
1 [blank] Damadge wid ..... 1
2 [blank] Hawkins vac ..... [-]
1 Anthony Jefferis ..... 1
1 [blank] Davis wid ..... 1
1 [blank] Morgan wid ..... 1
2 Phillip Wood ..... 1
2 Walter Kenvill ..... 1
1 Henry Evan ..... 1
Francis Reynold ..... 11
Henry Thrall ..... 1
one roome voyd ..... [-]
1 f. 60, col. 11
2 George Wilkins ${ }^{229}$ ..... 2 hearths
5 Patrick Phillipott ..... 1
2 [blank] Gilbert wid ..... 1
2 Henry Hampton ..... 1
2 [blank] Mayes wid ..... 1
1 Thomas Noble
1 Thomas Noble ..... 1 ..... 1
1 Thomas Andrews
1 Thomas Andrews ..... 1 ..... 1
1 [blank] Duncon wid ..... 1
1 Elizabeth Morgan ..... 1
1 Edmund Smethwick ..... 2
Edmund Smethwick
1 Thomas Woodman ..... 2
1 William Jones ..... 1
1 Thomas Cope ..... 1
1 Abraham Baker ..... 1
133-

[^119]| Richard Sanders | 1 | Judith Yorke 1 oven | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| John Higgins | 1 | Thomas Shepman | 3 |
| Richard Keetch | 1 | John Baily | 1 |
| Abraham Browne | 1 | Richard Hyatt lforge | 2 |
| [blank] Phillips wid | 1 | Mark Goodburne | 1 |
| Richard Ifeild | 2 |  |  |
| Pope Porter | 1 |  |  |
| George Whittington | 2 | 134 |  |
| Thomas Wright | 5 |  |  |
| Walter Hunt ${ }^{230}$ | 5 | f. 60, col. 2 |  |
| John Chetwind ${ }^{231}$ | 5 |  |  |
| [blank] Babister wid | 2 | [blank] Rock wid | 2 hearths |
| Morgan Nicholls | 2 | Thomas Curnock | 1 |
| Phillip Legg | 1 | John Miles | 2 |
| William Whibb | 1 | Lewis Sinderlin | 1 |
| [blank] Gibes wid | 1 | George Lott 2 furnaces | 2 |
| Thomas Martin | 2 | [blank] Warren wid | 4 |
| Sir John Knight 2 houses voyd | [-] | Robert Hawkins | 2 |
| [blank] Buttler wid vac | [-] | [blank] Young | 5 |
| Thomas Wood ${ }^{232}$ | 2 | Thomas Bishop ${ }^{235}$ | 2 |
| [blank] Moore wid | 1 | John Pyne | 1 |
| Henry Eaton | 1 | [blank] Lugins wid | 1 |
| [blank] Walker wid | 1 | [blank] Davis wid | 1 |
| John Crabb ${ }^{233}$ | 7 | Benjamin Bertlett | 2 |
| Thomas Whitkind | 2 | one roome voyd | [-] |
| John Banister | 2 | Thomas Elliott | 2 |
| [blank] Crew wid | 2 | Charles Blewat | 2 |
| Weavers Hall | 1 |  |  |
| Nicholas Pope ${ }^{234}$ | 2 | [by now Temple Street, E side] |  |
| Richard Mathews | 2 | John Edwards ${ }^{236}$ | 1 |
| William Howell | 2 | Francis Tomlin | 1 |
| William Davis | 1 | John Robins | 2 |
| Richard Stone | 1 | John Norris | 3 |
| [blank] Jayne wid | 1 | [blank] Diamond wid | 2 |
| Blanch Kempe | 1 | John Tomlin | 2 |
| Thomas Hill | 2 | [blank] Jones wid | 2 |
| Francis Duball | 1 | James Hodges | 2 |
| ${ }^{230}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 6). |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{231}$ John Chetwind was vicar of Temple from March 1667-1693 and 4th Prebendary of the Cathedral c. 1668-93 <br> (Kirby, Diocese of Bristol, p. 184; Harlow, Religious ministry). |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{232}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 5v). |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{233}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 5v). |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{234}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 5v). |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{235}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 5v). |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{236}$ This and the next entry probably Nos. 45-6 Temple Street, rebuilt c. 1685 as the house now named 'The Shakespeare'. From 1669 two rents were paid, $£ 55$ s from Francis Tomlinson, and $£ 112$ s from John Edwards (Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD; BA P.Xch/F/3, 4; P.Xch/D/39a). |  |  |  |

David Davis
Samuel Burges
John Tayler
one roome voyd
Richard Nash
Enoch Edwards
[blank] Didall wid
[blank] Williams wid
George Hipsley
John Webb
[blank] Loder wid
William Cottrell
Anthony Coppin
Elizabeth Williams
Jocosa Loder
Richard Price
William Price
[blank] Dowding wid ${ }^{237}$
Joseph Pepwell
Judith Pepwell
Richard Fitticate
[blank] Brookman wid
[blank] Williams wid
Henry Phelps
William Templeman
Nathaniel Garrett
[blank] Dowden vac
James Gullock ${ }^{238}$
William Ford
William Tayler
William Faulkner
John Sanders
John Thomas
John Henton

## 135

f. 60 v, col. 1
<John> Powell 1 hearth
David Jones 1
William Nicholls 1
John Rackley 2
Richard Clarke 2
[blank] Merrick wid 2
Richard Shute 2
John Spencer 1
John Clements 1
William Bolt 1
Edward Miner 1
John Reynolds 2
Thomas Williams 2
Thomas Hyatt 1
Moric Stevens 2
Joseph Lane 2
George Huntington 2
[blank] Gowman wid 2
William Timberman 1
John Newling 3
George Herring 1
2 Lewis Thomas 2
[-] James Moody 1
Samuel Stote 1
[-] [blank] Huntington wid 4
[-] John Whealer 2
Thomas Ward 2
John Jessop 2
John Wiggins 1
[blank] Sealy wid 2
Owen Clinke 2
George Huntington 2
John Williams 2

[^120]Robert Burkett ${ }^{239} 1$ oven
[blank] Brent ${ }^{240}$ wid
[blank] Davis ${ }^{241}$ wid
John Lovell
Abraham Tovey
Robert Merrett
Thomas Light
Thomas Witherine
Hugh Twist
Walter Church
Robert Wade
John Harris
[blank] Paradice wid
William Pope
John Jones
Francis Elliott 1 increased
Matthew Sealy alias Lewis
[blank] Tanner wid
Anna Thomas
Anna Jones
John Chambers
John Stowell
John Evans

## 136

f. $60 \mathrm{v}, \mathrm{col}$. 2

John Edwards
Richard Burte

3 Anna Hodges 1
6 [blank] Hedges wid 2
4 Mary Webb 1
5 [blank] June wid 2
1 [blank] Axan wid 1 increment 2
1 Thomas Sanders 1
1 Anna Biddle 1
1 Samuel Beacham 2
3 Dr White's Hospital ${ }^{242} \quad[-]$
2 William Pope 2
2 Sir John Knight 9
1 Owen Morris 1
2 Stephen Hunt 2
2 John Hardinnan 2
1 Nicholas Nicholson 1
2 John Hawkins 3 in building 6
3 John Day 3
1 John Gray 8
1 John Bowman 4
1 [blank] Nelson wid [-]
1 [blank] Nelson wid [-]
1 Marger Ditty 3
1 John Gray [-]
John Hurston ${ }^{243} \quad 4$
William Crabb ${ }^{244} 6$
Richard Godwin ${ }^{245} 6$
1 furnace 1still
Joseph Fincher ${ }^{246} 1$ furnace 8
[blank] Simpkins wid 3
1 hearth [blank] Long wid 2
1 Henry Hathway 2

239 Temple Street, E side, No. 27, see n. 239.
${ }^{240}$ Temple Street, E side, No. 26 in 1674 leased to Humphrey Brent, between a tenement where Robert Burcott lives on the S [i.e. No. 27] and a tenement sometime of Francis Barnes, clothier, and now of Margaret Davis on the N [i.e. No. 25], extending back to Bast Avon, two tenements at the back of the garden lately re-edified and new built (BA P.Tem/Ab 111 ), in 1753 the tenement and garden wherein the widow Brent [once] dwelt, a tenement formerly of Robert Burcott, baker, on the S (BA P.Tem/Ah/24). Humphrey Brent was vicar of Bedminster, St Thomas and Redcliffe October 1660-1677d (Harlow, Religious ministry). Widow Brent was presumably the widow of Humphrey's father, Jacob Brent vicar of Temple (see 1662 list n. 22).
${ }^{241}$ Temple Street, E side, No. 25 see n. 239.
${ }^{242}$ Temple Street, E side, No. 17, Dr White's Almshouses founded in 1613 for 6 men and 6 women (Account of hospitals etc, pp. 40-1).
${ }^{243}$ Temple Street, E side, No. 7, in 1666 formerly new built by Francis Barnes, clothier, now deceased, it was now leased to John Hudson [Hurtson ?], clothier (BA P.Tem/Ab94, 120, 159(1)).
${ }^{244}$ Temple Street, E side, No. 6, in 1657 leased to William Crabb, merchant, who now lived there, a new lease granted to him in 1669 (BA P.Tem/Ab 96, 106 and 147) and see 1662 list n. 20.
${ }^{245}$ Temple Street, E side, No. 5, see 1662 list n. 20.
${ }^{246}$ Temple Street, E side, No. 4, see 1662 list n. 19.

John Jekill vac
Henry Branch
William Evans
Francis Rawles
Matthew Rogers
John Brinkworth
Robert Howell
Jonathan Arnold 1 increment
John Mulgrove
Thomas Sorrell
one roome voyd
James Lewis
John Clarke
Thomas Bourne
John Fowles
George Ariell
Evan Merredith
Edward Watkins
William Humphry
[blank] Sparks wid
Griffin Evans
Thomas Jones
Thomas Owen
Richard Jones
[blank] White
[blank] Lloyd wid
Mary Clarke
Owen Brooke
Richard Ling

## 137

f. 61, col. 1

William Cannons
William Vaughan
[blank] Gonning vac
[-] Phillip Watkins 3
4 Samuel Tippett 5
3 William Williams 2
2 Henry Williams 2 furnaces 4
5 Robert Addison 2
3 John Thrustone 1 furnace 6
Richard Tovey 7
1 [East Tucker Street (later Counterslip), $\mathcal{N}$ side]
Jeffery Price ${ }^{247} 4$
Richard James 2
Francis Woodward ${ }^{248} 1$ furnace 6
[blank] Small wid 3
Lewis Pritchard 2
William Evans 1
John Evans 1
Francis Threshire 1
James Vawer 3
Timothy Tucker 1
Anthony Wade 2
Anthony Wade 2
William Cherrington 2
Evan Williams 1
Margaret Rogers 1
Hugh Edwards 1
Thomas Giles 1
Daniel Williams 1
Lewis Jones 1
2 Henry Veizy 1
John Clifford 2
Gilbert Hibbetts brewhouse [-]
Thomas Hodgkin 1
Maudlin Jones 1
[blank] Reed wid 2
Giles Ridley 1
2 hearths John Jouston 2
4 Joan Thrum 2
[-]

[^121]
## 138

f. 61, col. 2
[blank] Shewell vac
Daniel Jones
[blank] Buttler wid
John Spurgin
John Holland
[blank] Shewell vac
John Evans
Roger Thomas
Michael Bridges
Edward Cox ${ }^{249}$
[blank] James wid \& \}
[blank] Eaton wid \}
[blank] Deane vac
Francis Webb
Elizabeth Brookes ${ }^{250}$
Richard Winstone
William Bevan
John Redwood
Edward Strode
Henry Earle
Thomas Ballard
1 furnace 1 oven
[blank] Nelson
2 saltpans ${ }^{251} 1$ furnace
John Bevis
Robert Simpson
[blank] Loupe

Roger King 1
John Godwin 3
[blank] Smith wid 1
John Hunte 3
Michael Dixon 7
[-] hearths
1
1
3
3
1

Leonard Whitney ${ }^{252}$ 1 hearth
2 John Davis ${ }^{253}$ 1forge 2
[-] Phillip Sturgis 1
[blank] Martin wid [-]
Stephen Fudger ${ }^{254} 1$ kill 3
James Bull ${ }^{255} 2$
Nicholas Horte ${ }^{256} 3$
1 Bartholomew Terrett ${ }^{257} 1$
7 Zachariah Paddiford 2
2 Edward Jones 1
12 John Jones ${ }^{258} 1$
John Browne ${ }^{259}$ \& ten 4
3 William Popley ${ }^{260} 3$
Tobias Brittaine ${ }^{261} 2$
2 Nicholas Deddicott ${ }^{262} \quad 2$
2 Francis Jones ${ }^{263} 3$

[^122]
## 140

f. 61, col. 2

Robert Moses
Gabriel Bourne ${ }^{264}$
Richard Millard ${ }^{265}$ \& ten
[blank] Cotterell
Ralph Cock ${ }^{266}$ \& ten
John Thorne
John Evans
Thomas Clarke
James Hertford
John Ruming ${ }^{267}$
John Hale ${ }^{268} 1$ oven
[blank] Feare wid
Edward Whittington ${ }^{269}$
William Rowley
Anthony Lugg ${ }^{270}$

## 141

## f. 61v, col. 1

2 hearths John Wright \}
2 John Beaton \}
2 [blank] Charles \}
2 Walter Massy \}
4 Edward Butler \}
1 William Comber
William Jones \}
Robert Jones 2
Thomas Cade 2
Elizabeth Jones 1
William Packer \& ten 3
James Lewis ${ }^{271} 3$
Morisc Orchard ${ }^{272} 2$
John Teague ${ }^{273} 23$ 4
[Peter Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
Samuel Rogers ${ }^{274}$
Edward Alderson ${ }^{275}$ \& ten 2
George Beaton ${ }^{276} 3$
Thomas Hall 4
John Holcomb ${ }^{277} 1$ oven 4
Abel Kelly vac [-]
Edward Morgan 2
William Ball ${ }^{278} 4$
William Dorrington ${ }^{279} 3$
[blank] Warrington wid 2

[^123]| Robert Webb ${ }^{280}$ | 4 | Thomas Legg | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Christopher Alford ${ }^{281}$ | 5 | David Phelps ${ }^{293}$ | 4 |
| [blank] Webb wid | 2 | Edward Feilding ${ }^{294}$ | 2 |
| Jonas Neason jun ${ }^{282}$ | 2 | Edward Hertford | 2 |
| [blank] Baily wid \& ten | 4 | John Pledwell ${ }^{295}$ | 4 |
| Edward Feild ${ }^{283}$ | 1 | Thomas Williams | 3 |
| Simon Sanders ${ }^{284}$ | 4 | [blank] Scuse ${ }^{296}$ wid 1 forge | 2 |
| John Cole ${ }^{285}$ \& ten | 9 | Thomas Slam | 4 |
| George Harte ${ }^{286}$ | 2 | William Holcomb | 1 |
| [blank] Webber wid | 3 | John Clarke | 2 |
| Anthony Owen ${ }^{287}$ | 5 |  |  |
| Arthur Long | 5 |  |  |
| George Larkin ${ }^{288}$ | 5 | 142 |  |
| Thomas Harris ${ }^{289}$ | 4 |  |  |
| Richard Burford ${ }^{290}$ | 5 | f. 61 v , col. 2 |  |
| [blank] Vaughan wid | 2 |  |  |
| William Alderson | 2 | John Mason | 4 hearths |
| Gilbert Huben | 4 | Edward Feilding ${ }^{297}$ | [-] |
| [blank] Jefferis ${ }^{291}$ wid | 3 | Phillip England ${ }^{298}$ | 3 |
| Oliver Snell | 3 | George Watkins | 5 |
| John Gillman | 5 | Andrew Gale ${ }^{299}$ | 3 |
| 1 stove 6 cockles |  | George Dwight ${ }^{300}$ \& ten | 15 |
| William Swifte ${ }^{292}$ | 11 | George Withers ${ }^{301}$ | 5 |

${ }^{280}$ In Peter Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 139.
${ }^{281}$ One of Nos. 7-8 Peter Street, see 1662 list n. 141.
${ }^{282}$ In Mary le Port Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 105.
${ }^{283}$ In Peter Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 140.
${ }^{284}$ Peter Street, Mr Simeon Saunders, wife and a servant in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183).
${ }^{285}$ In Peter Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 138.
${ }_{286}$ Peter Street, George Hort, wife and apprentice in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183).
${ }^{287}$ Peter Street, Anthony Owen, wife and child in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183).
${ }^{288}$ In Peter Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 137.
${ }^{289}$ Peter Street Thomas Harris in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183); this can be identified as the Cat and Wheel (see n. 267).
${ }^{290}$ Peter Street, E side, the Bear and Ragged Staff to the S of the Cat and Wheel, in 1659 lately erected by Thomas Burford, carrier, deceased, in 1666 of Richard Burford and his wife in "St Peter's Street", in 1696 the White Bear of Richard Burford, carrier (BA 04335(4) f. 99; Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183; BA 04335(9) f. 29).
${ }^{291}$ Peter Street, Thomas Jefferis and 2 children in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 1843.
${ }^{292}$ St Peter's Hospital, converted into a Sugar House from 1654 (Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory); Peter Street in 1666 of William Swift and James Johnsy for 'the stock in The Sugar House' (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 184).
${ }^{293}$ Peter Street, David Phelpes and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 184).
${ }^{294}$ In Peter Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 101.
${ }^{295}$ Probably Josiah Pleydell, rector of St Peter 1 Nov. 1667-1690 and rector of St Mary le Port 20 June 1668-1690 (Harlow, Religious ministry).
${ }^{296}$ In Peter Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 113.
${ }_{297}$ A second entry for Feilding, in Peter Street, in 1666, see n. 269.
${ }^{298}$ In St Peter parish in 1666, of Phillipp England, his wife and 1 apprentice (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 184).
${ }^{299}$ In 1666 a plot of ground at Castle Street, N side, No. 14A, was leased for building by the Bristol Corporation to Andrew Gale, soapmaker (BA 04335(5) f. 40).
${ }^{300}$ Wine Street, George Dwight and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 180).
${ }^{301}$ Wine Street, Mrs Withers and a child in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 180).

Simon Hurle ${ }^{302}$
John Law ${ }^{303}$
Thomas Cale
George Mitchell
Daniel Wastfeild ${ }^{304}$
Richard Smith \& ten
Edward Lloyd
Samuel Fowles
Robert Wimboll ${ }^{305}$
John Wilcocks ${ }^{306}$
Thomas Biggs ${ }^{307}$
Thomas Whitson
John Gale
William White
William Collier 1 oven
Francis Gleed
Francis Baugh
John Smith
William Turner ${ }^{308} 1$ oven
Joseph Stokes
William Baugh ${ }^{309}$ sen
[blank] Waterford wid
Thomas Cox
Michael Williams
Thomas Joachim
Henry Robins
Henry Cooke
Edward Hurne ${ }^{310}$
Thomas Ricrofte
John Lewis

## 9 Highstreete

7 Robert Winstone ${ }^{311} 3$
6 Richard Corsley ${ }^{312} 3$
6 William Timbrell 5
11 John Prince 4
2 John Roberts 3
1 Thomas Dike 2
2 John Cecill 6
[-] [blank] Radley wid 3
4 Robert Smith 4
9 John Hicks ${ }^{313} 11$
6 [blank] Watts wid 8
[-] John Duddlestone 3
1 John Light 1
4 William Loupe 4
8 Michael Pope 4
5 Dennis Hollister 9
4 Abraham Birkine ${ }^{314} 6$
9 William James 4
1
1
$1 \quad 143$
1
2 f. 62, col. 1
1 John Richard \& ten 5 hearths
5 John Davidge 9
11 Thomas Hobson 4
5 William Bush ${ }^{315} \quad[-]$
4 Thomas Goldney ${ }^{316} \quad 10$

[^124]| Henry Merrett | 2 | Richard Robins | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| William Tippett | 3 | William Swetman | 2 |
| Thomas Bevan | 3 | Edward Stradling \& ten | 3 |
| Thomas Tayer | 4 | [blank] Jones wid | 2 |
|  |  | Robert Neason | 3 |
| The Shambles |  | Elinor Bide | 1 |
| [or Worshipful Street] |  | Peter Bowles | 2 |
| Richard Daw | 4 | [blank] Wedmore wid | 2 |
| Richard Bush | 1 | Edward Lawrance | 6 |
| John Hurtnell sen | 4 | William Baily | 2 |
| Richard Cecill jun | 1 | James Bird \& ten | 5 |
| [blank] Bagg wid | 1 |  |  |
| John Counsell | 2 |  |  |
| [blank] Williams wid | 2 | 144 |  |
| John Fry | 4 |  |  |
| Richard Hale jun | 1 | f. 62, col. 2 |  |
| James Bagg | 3 |  |  |
| John Oxford | 2 | Thomas Bagg | [-] hearths |
| William Andrews | 2 | William Hurtnell | [-] |
| Thomas Boone | 3 | John Jackson | 2 |
| John Hurtnell jun | 1 | John Ford | 2 |
| Robert Bowen | 1 | John Slack | 2 |
| Shem Adams | 1 | John Lodwell ${ }^{317}$ | 2 |
| Robert Liston | 2 | Edward Somers | 2 |
| William Sweete | 2 | Thomas Greene vac | [-] |
| Thomas Clement | 1 | Henry Tippett | 4 |
| John Baily | 1 | Edward Bagg | 1 |
| Richard Cicell sen | 2 | Edward Wedmore | 2 |
| Richard Cicell sen [sic] | 2 | George Beaton | 1 |
| Shem Adams | 3 | John Adams | 3 |
| John Shatford | 2 | Robert Andrews | 3 |
| Anthony Williams | 2 | Ambrose Jackson | 2 |
| Stephen Bush | 1 | [blank] Dowell wid | 2 |
| Walter Massy | 1 | Gregory Bush | 2 |
| Edward Young | 3 | Andrew Bagg | 4 |
| Phillip Cox | 2 | William Bush | 2 |
| [blank] Shatford wid | 2 | Thomas Williams | 1 |
| [blank] Mabbs wid | 6 |  |  |
| Richard Hale | 2 | St Maryporte Streete |  |
| John Lloyd 1 furnace | 4 | [Mary le Port Street] |  |
| John Lewis | 3 | Nicholas Dusten | 4 |
| Nathaniel Tompson | 2 | Jonas Neaston ${ }^{318}$ | 4 |
| Giles Nourse | 2 | Thomas Edwards | 3 |


| Anthony Ayliffe ${ }^{319}$ | 8 | 145 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| George Grigson ${ }^{320}$ | 6 |  |  |
| Thomas Estcourte ${ }^{321}$ | 4 | f. 62 v , col. 1 |  |
| John Wathen | 6 |  |  |
| John Hicks 2 houses voyd | [-] | Edward Cooke | 1 hearth |
| Joseph Jones ${ }^{322}$ | 13 | John Smith | 2 |
| John Merredith ${ }^{323}$ | 2 | Thomas Tiley | 1 |
| James Thomas | 4 | William Shatford | 2 |
| Edward Tiley | 2 | [blank] Whiting wid | 1 |
| John Eckly | 5 | Richard Miles | 1 |
| Samuel Harris | 3 | [blank] Davis wid | 1 |
| Richard Browne | 3 | William Hurtnell ${ }^{327}$ | 2 |
| [blank] Browne wid | 2 | Roger Alexander | 3 |
| William Hurtnell | 9 | Robert Bradford | 3 |
| [blank] Fry wid | 4 | Thomas Burges | 3 |
| John Roworth | 3 | Daniel Harris | 3 |
| John Walter | 6 | John Harris | 2 |
| William House ${ }^{324}$ | 3 |  |  |
| Thomas Workeman ${ }^{325}$ | 3 |  |  |
| Peter Rothero | 2 | 146 |  |
| George Popley | 2 |  |  |
| Thomas Tippett | 4 | f. 62 v , col. 2 |  |
| John House | 5 |  |  |
| Thomas Jordan | 5 | Nathaniel Crowder | 5 hearths |
| Jennet Griffin | 5 | Richard Tyler | 7 |
| [blank] Smith wid \& ten | 3 | Peter Grant | 4 |
| William Millard | 2 | John Simonds | 1 |
| Thomas Fowler | 1 | Henry Yate 1 oven | 5 |
| [blank] \& ten | 3 | James North 1 furnace | 5 |
| Thomas Awbry | 2 | Samuel Dobbins | 4 |
| Thomas Sandford | 2 | John Merredith | 4 |
| Edward Lovell ${ }^{326}$ | 2 | Roger Skreene | 4 |
| Henry Bradmore | 1 | [blank] Baker wid | 6 |
| Henry Roe | 1 | Richard Pope | -] |
|  |  | St Peters Almeshouse ${ }^{328}$ | 8 |
| ${ }^{319}$ In 1666, see 1662 list n. 107. |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{320}$ Mary le Port Street, Mr George Grigson, his wife, 1 child, 1 apprentice and 1 servant in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 185). |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{321}$ Mary le Port Street, Mr Thomas Estcourt, his wife, 1 child, 1 apprentice and 1 servant in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 185). |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{322}$ The White Swan, No. 16A Mary le Port Street, see 1662 list n. 104. |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{323}$ No. 15 Mary le Port Street, see 1662 list n. 106 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{324}$ No. 22 Mary le Port Street, by 1671 of William Howse, probably a shoemaker (Leech, Topography, p. 105). |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{326}$ In 1661 a plot of ground 20ft wide at Castle Street, N side, No. 3, was leased by the Corporation to Edward Lovell, labourer (BA 04335(4) f. 118). |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{327}$ Mary le Port Street, N side, Nos. 6-8, purchased by William Hartnell in 1652 (Leech, Topography, p. 10 <br> ${ }_{328}$ Peter Street, S side, the almshouses between Nos. 2 and 4 (Leech, Topography, p. 115). |  |  |  |

John Moates ${ }^{332} 3$
John Bristow ${ }^{333} 5$
f. $62 \mathrm{v}, \mathrm{col} .1$

## Castle Ward

[Castle Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side] ${ }^{329}$
Gilbert Hubend
William Rogers
Roger Thomas
[blank] Smith wid
Edward Tristram
John Woolvin
William Elliott
Thomas Snead
Christian Dangerfeild ${ }^{330}$
Samuel Winte
John Ricketts ${ }^{331}$
Henry Connell
Richard Hibbert
Thomas Pearson
[blank] Morgan
John Packer 2
John Braine 1
Edward Buttler 1
Thomas Hiscox 3
3 hearths James Herring ${ }^{334} 2$
[blank] Pearce ${ }^{335} \quad[-]$
[blank] Tiley 1
Henry Painter 1
Laurence Wildeing ${ }^{336}$ 1
Alexander Kerswell ${ }^{337} 4$
Thomas Smether 2
John Bowen 1
Thomas Jones 1
George Bishop ${ }^{338}$ vac [-]

Edmond Gagg 2 saltpans
Elizabeth Marker
Katherine Boone
Thomas Morris
Robert Small
Lewis Mathews
Ollive Craven
${ }^{329}$ The list for Castle Ward appears to commence at the W end of Castle Street, No. 1.
${ }^{330}$ Castle Street, N side, No. 7, see 1662 list n. 81.
${ }_{331}$ Possibly Castle Street, N side, No. 10, in 1692 of John Ricketts, cordwainer (BA 04335(7) f.129).
${ }_{332}$ Castle Street, N side, No. 13, see 1662 list n. 76.
${ }^{333}$ Castle Street, N side, No. 12, in 1668 a new lease was granted to John Bristow, smith. Covenants provided for building a new substantial house, "to be built and raised with sure story posts, beames, rafters, and into quarters and other beames of oake, and to be of the same severall dimensions both in breadth and thicknesse as other houses adjoining" (BA 04335(5) f. 73).
${ }_{334}$ Probably Castle Street, N side, No. 16, see 1662 list n. 73.
${ }^{335}$ Castle Street, N side, behind No. 16, 2 hearths in 1662, see 1662 list n. 74.
${ }^{336}$ Castle Street, N side, No. 17, in 1664 a new lease was granted to Elizabeth Bishop (see n. 308), with liberty to build up to the new street line, the houses on the plot including that of Lawrence Wilding, which from its location can be identified as No. 17 (BA 04335(5) f. 18).
${ }^{337}$ Castle Street, N side, No. 18, in 1664 a new lease was granted to Elizabeth Bishop, with liberty to build up to the new street line, the houses on the plot including that of Alexander Kerswell, which from its location can be identified as No. 18 (BA 04335(5) f. 18).
${ }^{338}$ George Bishop (d. November 1668), brewer and merchant, a former Parliamentary Captain and official, was a leading figure and propagandist in Bristol Quakerism. He died leaving his unmarried sister Elizabeth to care for his family (Mortimer, Society of Friends in Bristol, pp. 194-5; M. Feola, George Bishop (York, 1996)).
${ }^{339}$ Castle Street, S side, probably one of Nos. 71-3, the plot leased to William Tayler, baker, in 1668 (BA 04335(4)).

Edward Board
Phillip Knight
Margery Simonds
Mary Addison
Jeremy Holwey
Richard Mosden
Thomas Barnes
[blank] Harris vac
John Smith
[blank] Hodges
William Hartford
[blank] Bull
Henry Bevan
John Gottley
Jeremiah Holwey
Richard Betterton
Thomas Head
[blank] Tomlinson wid
[blank] Corsley
[blank] Edwards wid
John Lloyd
[blank] Baldwin vac
William Hereford
Richard Grigson
William Thomas
Edward Erby
[blank] Atwell wid
John Read
William James
William Keinton
Edward Rawlins

## 149

f. 63 , col. 1

Matthew Andrews
[Castle Street, S side]
[blank] Chock ${ }^{340}$2
John Harris ${ }^{341}$ ..... 2
Katherine Simonds ${ }^{342}$ ..... 6
John Hollister 3 without hearths ..... 3
Flower Hunt ${ }^{343} 4$ without hearths ..... 5
Patrick Browne ..... 8
Francis Ouldstone ..... 7
Robert Hooke ..... 6
Thomas Harris ${ }^{344}$ ..... 7
Richard Hale ${ }^{345} 1$ oven ..... 5
Richard Marshall ..... 4
John Evans ${ }^{346}$ ..... 3
Francis Hall ..... 1
Francis Hobbs ..... 1
[blank] Hoare wid ..... 1
John Baker ..... 1
Edward Bennet ..... 1
one room voyd ..... [-]
Richard Hale ..... 3
[blank] Smarte wid ${ }^{347}$ ..... 2
[blank] Walker wid ..... 1
[blank] Sanders ${ }^{348}$ wid ..... 2
John Drew ${ }^{349}$ ..... 3
William Paine ${ }^{350}$ ..... 4
Edward Higgins ..... 1
[blank] Hoddinott ..... 1
Christopher Haskins ..... 1

[^125]Edward Tyler
James Wilson
Francis Page ${ }^{351}$
William Williams
[blank] Hollister wid
John Tincomb ${ }^{352}$
Phillip Cooke
Christopher Loosly ${ }^{353}$
James Burpett
Nicholas Chapman
Dorothy Bridges
William Hall vac
David Jones
Morgan Thomas
William Williams
[blank] Vaughan wid
[blank] Leaky wid one room voyd
[blank] Watkison wid
John Boone
Elizabeth Rogers
Francis Hicker
Hugh Pitman
John Johns
Philip Wilcox
Edward Morgan
James Long
Richard Waters ${ }^{354}$

150
4
[-] James Hellier
1 Walter Lucas ..... 4 ..... 9
John Packer ..... 4
Thomas Snell ..... 5
Jasper Calloway ..... 3
[-] John Tippett vac ..... [-]
William Baugh ..... 4
William Rosewell ..... 3
[Castle Green]
[blank] Roach ${ }^{356}$ wid ..... 4
John Harswell ..... 3
[blank] Everett wid ..... 4
[-] Mary Collins ..... 4
[-] Thomas Sweete ..... 3
2 Edward Perrin ${ }^{357}$ ..... 2
John Hardiman ..... 4
[blank] Sweete vac ..... [-]
William Sermon ..... 6
[blank] West wid ..... 2
Thomas Ewins ${ }^{358}$ ..... 4
Robert Tyler ..... 3
Richard Blindman ${ }^{359}$ ..... 3
[blank] Corbett wid ..... 4

[^126]Hugh Parry
Arthur Plomer
Joseph Whetam
John Tayler
[Castle Green or Tower Street, E side]
Richard Brock
Henry Browne
[blank] Lloyd
Thomas Gough
Edward Martindale
Thomas Scrope
[blank] Goldney ${ }^{361}$
John Pope
John Wathin ${ }^{362}$
[blank] Harding
[blank] Walter wid
Mary Cox
Samuel Willoughby
[blank] Alyes ${ }^{363}$ wid
Somerset Fox
John Stockman
[blank] Claxton wid
Nathaniel Milner
[blank] Kintchin wid

## 151

f. 63 v , col. 1

William Haddock
John Evans
Thomas Harding
Francis Dole

John Simonds

3 hearths

William Lane
3

William Millard 3
John Pegly 2

## 153

f. 63 v, col. 1

## Ward of St Ewen

William Stephens 3 hearths
Joseph Jobbens \& ten 4
Jeremiah Howell 1
James Jones 2
James Biggs 1 forge 3
Joseph Berry 11
William Phipps ${ }^{36 t}$ lforge 2
John Jones 1
James Wathen ${ }^{365} \quad 5$
Thomas Jones ${ }^{366} 1$ forge 4
William Light 7
[blank] Davis wid 6
George Deighton [-]
John Henry 6
Gerrard Arnold [-]
John Cooke 2
William Moreman 4
2 Edward Penrose 3
3 John Guswell ${ }^{367} \quad 5$
William Jones 6

[^127]William Jones vac ..... 4
Edward Child ${ }^{368}$ ..... 4
Thomas Hearth \& ten ..... 3
Margaret Gardner ..... 6
Anthony Deane ..... 2
John Smith ..... 4[blank] Roome \& ten
[The Quay][blank] Belcher ${ }^{369}$ widFrancis Little ${ }^{370}$Phillip Carter
Morgan Tayler
[blank Seaward wid[blank] Gay vac
[Small Street]
Anthony Gay ${ }^{371}$Elizabeth Gonning ${ }^{372}$[blank] Cann ${ }^{373}$ widRichard StreamerGeorge Lymell ${ }^{374}$
John Gwin ${ }^{375}$ ..... 4John Moll
Thomas Travis ..... 39
[blank] Palmer ${ }^{376}$ ..... 4
[blank] Owen wid ..... 83
4 hearths
4 hearths
Ward of St Ewen
Ward of St Ewen
Thurston Whittwood
Thurston WhittwoodRobert Yeate11
Robert Cann ${ }^{377}$ Kt \& Bart ..... [-]
Thomas Prewett ..... 4
3 Sir Henry Creswick ${ }^{378}$ ..... [-]
3 William Hazle ${ }^{379}$ ..... 8
5 Thomas Speed ${ }^{330}$ ..... 8
3 James Cade ..... 10
7 John Lawford ..... 8
6 James Crofts ${ }^{381}$ ..... 7

James Crofts ${ }^{381}$
William Lysons ${ }^{382}$ ..... 8
Edward Hazard ..... 4
6
Samuel Clarke vac ..... [-]
[-] William Sterry ..... 2
11 William Hughs ..... 1
Thomas Morris ..... 2
7 Roger Evans ..... 5

## 154

f. 63v, col. 2相
${ }_{369}$ In the parish of St John in 1662 list (f. 27v).
${ }_{369}$ The Quay, the Three Pigeons, see 1662 list n. 399.
${ }^{370}$ The Quay, the tenement between the Welsh Harp and the Three Pigeons, occupied by Francis Little in 1672-6 (Leech, Topography, p. 119).
${ }^{371}$ Small Street, W side, the house to the N of No. 8 (i.e. No. 9) in 1667, this and the previous entry possibly referring to two houses being built on the same plot (Leech, Topography, p. 155).
${ }^{372}$ Small Street, W side, N part of No. 8, by 1669 of Elizabeth Gonninge (Leech, Topography, p. 155).
${ }^{373}$ Small Street, W side, S part of No. 8, by 1697 the house of Sir Thomas Cann (Leech, Topography, p. 155).
${ }^{374}$ Small Street, W side, S part of No. 7, by 1674 of George Lymell, scrivener (Leech, Topography, p. 154).
${ }^{375}$ Small Street, W side, No. 6, see 1662 list n. 251.
${ }^{376}$ Thomas Palmer (d. 1687) was vicar of All Saints 1658-9, rector of St Werburgh 1665-1687, curate of St Leonard from 1669 and rector of St John 1671-87 (Harlow, Religious ministry).
${ }^{377}$ In 1662 Sir Robert Cann was assessed on 10 hearths 1662 list (f. 29v)
${ }^{378}$ Small Street, E side, No. 20, see 1662 list n. 253 for his assessment on 15 hearths; he died 28 September 1668 (Beaven, Bristol lists, p. 284).
${ }^{379}$ Small Street, E side, No. 19, see 1662 list n. 252.
${ }^{380}$ Small Street, E side, No. 18 (Leech, Topography, p. 158).
381 Small Street, W side, Nos. 3 and 5, see 1662 list n. 254.
${ }^{382}$ In 1666 No. 18 (see n. 344) was late of William Lysons - his house in 1668 was probably elsewhere, though, from its position in this return, still in Small Street.
[St Leonard's Lane]
Richard Olliver ${ }^{383}$
William Jackson ${ }^{384}$
[blank] Husbands wid [blank] Wathen wid
Thomas Wall ${ }^{394}$ ..... 4
9 Thomas Pomfrett \& ten ..... 5
3[-] [Broad Street, W side]3 Matthew Hazard ${ }^{395}$4
[Corn Street, S side]
George Bishop ${ }^{385}$
[Corn Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
Richard Bickham ${ }^{386}$
[blank] Wright ${ }^{387}$ wid \& ten
William Hodgkins
John Bowen ${ }^{388}$
John Beck
Joseph Creswick
[blank] Hill wid
Thomas Haines
Edward Terrell
Richard Kerwood
Samuel Tayler
Jeremiah Holwey ${ }^{389}$
Thomas Millard
John Robins esq ${ }^{390}$
Thomas Browne ${ }^{391}$
Francis Yeamans ${ }^{392}$
Hugh Baldwin
Robert Webster ${ }^{393}$

## 8155

f. 64, col. 1 8
9 Thomas Thomas ${ }^{396} \quad 5$ hearths
3 William Martin 8
9 Nicholas Fox 2
4 John Smith 3
9 John Estwick 3
[-] Nicholas Merredith ${ }^{397} \quad 7$
6 Abraham Nicholls 5
8 Anthony Brereton 4
2 Richard Hale vac [-]
2 [blank] Nickens wid 4
8 John Hollister 2
3 Gilbert Moore ${ }^{398} 4$
12 John Lewellen 7
2 Richard Cliford 10
[-] Tobias Read 4
2 George Hudson \& ten [-] [-]

[^128]Ward of St Ewen
Richard Mellichap ${ }^{399}$
John Horton
Aubrey Mills
Andrew Innis ${ }^{400}$
Richard Jordan ${ }^{401}$
John Hercules ${ }^{402}$
Jeremiah Martin ${ }^{403}$
Ralph Farmer ${ }^{404}$
Henry Gough ${ }^{405}$
Charles Lamphire ${ }^{406}$
Edward Hurne ${ }^{407}$
William Crouch 1 oven
Hugh Rudly
John Bevill ${ }^{408}$
[blank]Workeman

$$
\text { f. } 64 \text {, col. } 1
$$

## Ward of All Saints

4 hearths [High Street]
3 William Willoughby 4 hearths
4 William Olliffe ${ }^{409} 10$
7 John Moore ${ }^{410} 2$
2 Walter Paine ${ }^{411} 2$
2 William Woodward ${ }^{412} 7$
6 John White 2
5 Thomas Davidge 2
[-] Walter Stephens ${ }^{413} 6$
5 Thomas Callowhill ${ }^{414} 4$
13 [blank] Dollin wid 3
3 Thomas Atwood 5
3 [blank] Blackmore wid ${ }^{415} 7$
1 [blank] Parker ${ }^{416} 17$
6 Charles Powell ${ }^{417} 6$
Richard Codrington ${ }^{418} 3$
Nathaniel Driver 5
William Thomas 3
Richard Baugh 4
Mary Flower 3
${ }^{399}$ Broad Street, W side, No. 17, one of four houses, see 1662 list n. 321.
${ }^{400}$ Broad Street, E side, Nos. 41-2, the last house in the parish of Christchurch, walking northwards (Leech, Topography, p. 41).
${ }^{401}$ Broad Street, W side, No. 24, see 1662 list n. 238.
${ }^{402}$ Broad Street, W side, No. 23, see 1662 list n. 239.
${ }^{403}$ Broad Street, W side, the larger house set back behind Nos. 23 and 24 on the street frontage, see 1662 list n. 240.
${ }^{404}$ Broad Street, W side, No. 26, see 1662 list n. 241.
${ }^{405}$ Broad Street, W side, No. 27, where he was assessed on 5 hearths in 1662, see 1662 list n. 242.
${ }^{406}$ Broad Street, W side, No. 28, see 1662 list n. 239.
${ }^{407}$ Broad Street, W side, Nos. 29-30, the Mermaid Tavern, see 1662 list n. 244.
${ }^{408}$ The last entry in the parish of St John in 1662 list (f. 28).
${ }^{409}$ In the parish of St Nicholas in 1662 list (f. 26), the second house listed as in High Street, probably No. 29.
${ }^{410}$ In the parish of St Nicholas in 1662 list (f. 26), the third house listed as in High Street, probably No. 30.
${ }^{411}$ In the parish of St Nicholas in 1662 list (f. 26), the fourth house listed as in High Street, probably No. 31.
${ }^{412}$ In the parish of St Nicholas in 1662 list (f. 26), the fifth house listed as in High Street, then of Peter Woodward, probably No. 32.
${ }^{413}$ Probably No. 35 High Street in All Saints parish, see 1662 list n. 262.
${ }^{414}$ Probably No. 36 High Street, see 1662 list n. 263.
${ }^{415}$ High Street, W side, Nos. 39-40, The Rose, see 1662 list n. 265.
${ }^{416}$ St Nicholas Street, Gillows Inn, see 1662 list n. 264.
${ }^{417}$ High Street, W side, adjacent to Gillows Inn (i.e. within Nos. 37-38), in 1670 and 1671 of Charles Powell, (BA 'Xeroxes of documents not in BRO [sic]: photocopies and other facsimiles of documents and records, the originals of which are not held in the Bristol Record Office'[sic]; not noted in Leech, Topography.)
${ }^{418}$ Possibly High Street, W side, No. 41, adjacent to Nos. 39-40 in the walking order of 1662 list (f. 30).

Thomas Sanders ${ }^{419}$
James Phelps ${ }^{420}$
George Edmonds
John Blanch
George Longman
Pricilla Stevens
Mary Hartwell
William Holmes
Roger Hill
[All Saints Lane]
Edward Thurkild ${ }^{421}$
[blank] Cecill
William Yeamans ${ }^{422}$
John Kimber
[blank] Baker wid
Robert Webb
William Starr
William Burgis
[Corn Street, $S$ side]
Thomas Yeamans ${ }^{423}$
Thomas Edwards
Henry Wakley

## 158

43[blank] Hayward \& ten 6
Edward Ley 5
Thomas Hartwell ${ }^{426} 5$
6 Charles Dixon ${ }^{427} 6$
[-] Robert Dennis 5
10 Richard Marsh ${ }^{428} \quad 10$
3 Samuel Purlewent 5
1 Henry Deyos ${ }^{429} 8$
1 [blank] Ciphers wid 2
4 Thomas Grant 3
1 Samuel Smith 3
[blank] Mayo ${ }^{430} 3$
Anna Ashford ${ }^{431} 2$
6 John Lewis 2
2 Margaret Webb 3
2 Thomas Olliver ${ }^{432} 2$
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { Roger Wall \& } \\ \text { David James }\end{array}\right\} \quad 2$
Robert Taplin ${ }^{433} \quad 1$
Charles Williams ${ }^{434} 11$
[blank] Holwey wid 7
Mary Dixon \& ten 10

[^129]Richard Sole ${ }^{435}$
Mary Moreton ${ }^{436}$
George White
[blank] Longman wid ${ }^{437}$
[blank] Tucker
Anna Tucker
Henry Conoway
John Baker
John Stedman
John Bridges
Thomas Woodward
Katherine Watkins
William Webb
John Rivers

## 159

f. $64 \mathrm{v}, \mathrm{col} .1$

Henry Williams
William Russett
Samuel Morgan
[blank] Pugsly wid
[blank] Hart vac
Matthew Worgan
[blank] Burgis
[blank] Lambert
[blank] Roberts
John Wilshire \& ten
[St Nicholas Street]
John Dymer ${ }^{438}$
[blank] Ivie \& ten
Henry Jones ${ }^{439}$
[blank] Hall wid
John Stevens

4 Thomas Hart 5
6 Samuel Wright 2
7 Thomas Birte 1
7 Sara Druce 1
8 Thomas Morgan 1
1 [blank]Packer wid 1
2 Jonas Holliday 3
2 James Pugsly 2
2 [blank] Small wid 3
2 [blank] Hughs wid 2
2 [blank] Liddall ${ }^{440}$ wid 3
2 [blank] Owen wid 3
1 Thomas Hodges 3
1 Jonas Holliday 3
William Burgis 3
Thomas Cole 1
Margaret Greene 1
Walter Webb 1

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l
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[^130]George Foord ${ }^{443}$<br>Thomas Jackson ${ }^{444}$<br>Adam Holland ${ }^{45}$<br>Joseph Clarke ${ }^{446}$<br>John Cox<br>William Dickenson<br>George Williams<br>Edward Stevens<br>[blank] Osborne wid<br>Thomas Whittington<br>[blank] Reed<br>Joseph Day<br>John Tilly<br>[blank] Veale wid<br>Owen Williams<br>John Jane<br>Edward Wasbrow<br>Edward Wasbrow<br>John Herring<br>Elizabeth Ballamy<br>[blank] Alder wid<br>Thomas Grante

## 161

f. $64 \mathrm{v}, \mathrm{col} .1$

## Ward of Holy Trinity

(or Christchurch)
[Narrow Wine Street]
Charles Holt ${ }^{47}$
James White ${ }^{48}$
[blank] Hooper wid 4
John Tyler ${ }^{49} \quad 5$
[blank] Williams wid 3
John Bleachly 3
Richard Grimsby ${ }^{450}$ \& ten 3
[blank] Gold wid 1
[blank] Purdue wid 1
[blank] Purdue \& ten 3
Henry Deddicott vac 5
Nathaniel Merry ${ }^{451} 5$
[blank] Packer wid 4
John Browne 2
Peter Hawkins \& ten 3
Henry Deddicott 5
Thomas Watkins ${ }^{452} \quad 2$
Samuel Widlake ${ }^{453} 3$

## Ward of Holy Trinity

Thomas Barrett 3 hearths
George Tucker 3
Thomas Window 3
Alexander Cooper 1 forge 2
John Worlock 1
John Smallett 3
[blank] Cartwright wid 4
William Ithell 1 forge 2
10 hearths John Cox 2
6 Thomas Pockeridge 2

[^131][blank] Hutton widow
[Wine Street]
Daniel Gibbons ${ }^{454}$
Edward Perry
Elizabeth Ballman ${ }^{455}$
Edward Toplady ${ }^{456}$ vac
James Fisher ${ }^{457}$
Samuel Clement ${ }^{458}$
Christopher Pitts
[blank] Fry wid ${ }^{459}$

## 163

f. 65 , col. 1

Charles Harvard ${ }^{460}$
Joseph Kippin ${ }^{461}$
William Cluterbuck ${ }^{462}$
Bartholomew Brittle
Henry Cullimore
Henry Broad
The Spurr Inne ${ }^{463}$
Henry Cullimore
James Atwood ${ }^{464}$
Francis Fisher ${ }^{465}$

1 William Colstone ${ }^{466} 5$
George Stearte 2
John Roberts 2
1 Thomas Stanfast 4
1 Thomas Moggs ${ }^{467} 5$
6 James Freeman ${ }^{468} 5$
4 Elizabeth Gibbs 6
5 Abraham Cole 3
3 William Denby 2
8 David Haines 4
5 John White 1
[blank] Smith wid 4
Edward Watkins 1
[blank] Davis wid 8
William Sloper 2 ovens 3
John Harris 3
William Cole ${ }^{469} 3$
8 hearths John Morris 3
4 Phillip Standrige ${ }^{470} 3$
8 Richard Benson 4
2 [blank] Moone wid 3
2 Richard Horsman 1
2 James Hill 5
[-] John Clarke 3
1 Nathaniel Day ${ }^{471} 3$
6 John Haggatt ${ }^{472}$ esq 9
9 Daniel Pim 3
${ }^{454}$ Wine Street, N side, No. C, by 1672 divided as two tenements of Daniel Gibbons, farrier, and Nicholas Harte the younger (Leech, Topography, p. 184).
${ }^{455}$ Wine Street, S side, Nos. 39-40, the Three Horseshoes, see 1662 list n. 98.
${ }^{456}$ In Wine Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 97.
${ }^{457}$ In Wine Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 99.
${ }^{458}$ In Wine Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 95.
${ }^{459}$ Wine Street, N side, one of Nos. 33-6, in Wine Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 94.
${ }^{460}$ Wine Street, N side, one of Nos. 33-6, in Wine Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 92.
${ }^{461}$ Wine Street, N side, one of Nos. 33-6, in Wine Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 93.
${ }^{462}$ Wine Street, N side, Nos. 31-2, W part, in Wine Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 91.
${ }^{463}$ Wine Street, N side, Nos. 28-9, in 1651 the ancient inn or hostelry known as 'the Spur' leased then to Margaret Flower of Siston (Leech, Topography, p. 182).
464 Possibly Wine Street, N side, No. 24; adjacent to No. 23 in the walking order of 1662, see 1662 list n. 333.
${ }^{465}$ Possibly Mary le Port Street, S side, No. 35, adjacent to No. 36 in the walking order of 1662 , see 1662 list n. 372.
${ }^{466}$ Wine Street, in the parish of Christchurch in 1662 list (f. 35).
${ }^{467}$ Wine Street, in the parish of Christchurch in 1662 list (f. 35).
${ }^{468}$ Wine Street, in the parish of Christchurch in 1662 list (f. 35).
${ }^{469}$ Wine Street, in the parish of Christchurch in 1662 list (f. 35r).
${ }^{470}$ Wine Street, N side, part of Nos. 11-14, see 1662 list n. 332.
${ }^{471}$ Wine Street, N side, the W part of Nos. 6-9, in 1729 formerly of Nathaniel Day, hosier (Leech, Topography, p. 175).
${ }^{472}$ Wine Street, N side, No. 5, see 1662 list n. 330.

Nicholas Shute
Humphrey Corsly

## Broad Streete

Francis Yeamans ${ }^{473}$
Richard Paine
John Lovering ${ }^{474}$
Nicholas Fox ${ }^{475}$
Matthew Stevens
[blank] Seward ${ }^{476}$ wid
Robert Pennington ${ }^{477}$
Francis Little
[blank] Wells wid Henry Hobbs
Timothy Townsend
John Roberts
[blank] Read wid
James Baskerville
Thomas Godman ${ }^{478}$
William Salmon
Solomon Wasson
Tennis Courte ${ }^{479}$
John Luffe
Phillip Cyphers
[blank] Goldby wid
Richard Hall
Thomas Townsend
Jasper Jenkins
William Baugh
William Pascall
Roger Baber

## 164

3

$$
\text { f. 65, col. } 2
$$

$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Mary Aldworth } & 8 \text { hearths } \\ \text { Samuel Tayler } & 3 \\ \text { [blank] Driver wid } & 3 \\ \text { William Chappell } & 1 \\ \text { Andrew Webb } & 3 \\ \text { Thomas Prigg \& ten } & 3 \\ & \\ \text { [Broad Street, } \text { E side] } & 1 \\ \text { John Jones }{ }^{480} & 1\end{array}$
The Taylers Hall ${ }^{481} 2$
John Baker ${ }^{482} \quad 6$
Richard Stubbs ${ }^{483} 6$
Robert Aldworth ${ }^{484}$ esq 12
Thomas Snelgrove 4
Thomas Gammon \& ten 4
James Morgan 7
Edward Toplady 8
Richard Paine 6
Richard Tucker 2
[blank] Clymer wid 1
Robert Ashly 1
[blank] Wright vac 2
Walter Lawrance 6
[blank] Freind wid 3
Morgan Williams \& ten 5
Christmas Streete
Jonathan Sandford ${ }^{185} 4$
Thomas Shuter ${ }^{486} 7$

[^132][blank] Parry wid
[blank] Freeman wid
Thomas Smarte ${ }^{487}$
Samuel Perrincheife
William Dence
[blank] Biddlestone wid
Phillip Biddlestone 2 forges
[blank] Godman wid
Thomas Godman ${ }^{488}$ vac 1 oven
Arthur Vizard ${ }^{489}$
Henry Freeman
William Inion
William Gething
William Dunning ${ }^{490}$
Alexander Fox ${ }^{491}$
William Hix \& ten
Thomas Moone sen \& ten
[blank] Goldby wid
Thomas Workman vac
John Hulbert

## Halliers Lane

[also known as Grope Lane]
William Wall
George Deighton 1 furnace
Thomas Thomas
Henry Thomas
Walter Flower
William Jones
[blank] Cary vac
Christopher Chappell
[blank] Wathen wid
Edward Langly ${ }^{492}$
[blank] Edwards wid

1 Thomas Rich 2
4 Thomas Templeman 2
5 John Samm 3
6 George Gammon 3
5 William Berkly 6
2 William Tilly 5
2 [blank] Mayo als Fletcher wid 3
5 [blank] Willett wid 3
2 John Simmerell 1
5 [blank] Jane wid 2
3 Jane Trinketts 1
1 Jonathan Edwards 3
2
8
2165
3
3
1
2 Richard Griffin 5 hearths
3 Peter Culme \& ten 2
Henry Skoper 2
[blank] Parry wid vac 2
James Matts 4
4 [blank] Dandy wid 2
6 [blank] Reynolds wid 1
2 Thomas Merredith 1
2 John Charles 1
3 Henry Hobbs 1
3 Simon Hurles sopehouse [-]
[-] Simon Hurles garden 2
2 William France 1
[-] [blank] Lewis wid [-]
8 Thomas Pope 1
2 Thomas Wallis 3

[^133]| Henry Joiner ${ }^{493} 3$ in the prison |  | John Mason | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [blank] Baddam wid | 3 | [blank] Charles wid | [-] |
| [blank] Jefferis wid | 6 | John Gandy 1 forge | 5 |
| [blank] Lewis wid jun | 4 | James Rowbottom | 3 |
| [blank] Grindall wid | 3 | John Dunbarr | 3 |
| John Lewis | 1 | Alexander Perkins | 3 |
| Robert Thomas | 2 | Humphrey Jones | 2 |
| [blank] Lewis wid | 1 | Phillip Harper 1 forge | 2 |
| [blank] Gibbons wid | 2 | Abraham Weare | 3 |
| Walter Howell | 2 | Morgan Jones | 4 |
| [blank] Evans wid | 1 | John Hicks vac | [-] |
| Walter Williams vac | [-] |  |  |
| Joseph Scory | 2 |  |  |
| William Sanders | 2 | 166 |  |
| George Tayler | 2 |  |  |
| Thomas Sinderby | 3 | f. 65 v , col. 2 |  |
| Edward Gibbs | 5 |  |  |
| [blank] Viniard wid | 2 | John Sawyer | 3 hearths |
| Thomas Edmonds | 3 | John Hicks vac | [-] |
| John Pearson vac | [-] | Richard Sandford | 2 |
| George Johns | 2 | William Bickam | 3 |
| [blank] Chappell vac | 2 | Mary Gale | 2 |
| Thomas Heath | 3 | [blank] Hertford wid | 1 |
| William Welsteed | 1 | [blank] Driver wid | 3 |
| [blank] Evans wid | 1 | William Morris | 1 |
| William Edwards | 3 | [blank] ?Hockins wid | 1 |
| [blank] Blewellen wid | 2 | Thomas Pearce 1 forge | 2 |
| John Gillard \& ten | 3 | [blank] Ingram wid | 1 |
| [blank] Davis wid | 4 | [blank] Hawkins wid | 1 |
| Nicholas Potter | 1 | [blank] Cumberbatch wid Anthony Lewis | 2 |
| Tower Lane |  | [blank] Seaward wid | 3 |
| William Edith \& ten | 4 | [blank] Cullimore wid | 2 |
| Anna Good | 1 | [blank] Ley wid | 2 |
| William Prichard \& ten | 4 | John Barrett | 1 |
| Thomas Ward | 1 | [blank] Haskins wid | 2 |
| John Bevill | 4 | Alice Phillips | 2 |
| Richard Biddlestone | 2 | Vincent Snelling | 3 |
| [blank] Stevens vac | [-] | Roger Herman | 7 |
| ${ }^{493}$ Probably at Bridewell, the prison, deeds. In 1620 the Corporation set In 1623 an adjacent garden was ta including the manufacture of pins of non-conformists, at one time The annals of Bristol, pp. 72, 84, 32 see (23). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { of } \begin{array}{l} \text { Co } \\ \text { Pos pos } \\ \text { prison } \\ \text { s. By } \\ \text { nen by } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | ection' as it was generally referre bly a logwood mill, for the employ and further measures were taken to 664 the Bridewell was being used ing held there under appalling c er is given as the custodian of the | ontemporary <br> he prisoners. he prisoners, (J Lhin Correction Correctio |

[blank] Chatton wid

## The Pithay

Thomas Munk \& ten
Edward Dun
A voyd house
Christopher Ashman
Isaac Freind
[blank] Lant wid
Grace Bernard
John Clarke
William Woodward \& ten
Barwick Brine
[blank] Hansome
Warner Lucas
[blank] Elkington ${ }^{494}$
John Hand
John Salter
Richard Stanfast ${ }^{495}$
Phillip Harris vac
Henry Clement
Jeremiah Courtney 1 oven

## Duck Lane

John Turford
John Butcher
Thomas Austin
Thomas Winbury
Richard Clay
Edward Thirkild
William Babbicomb
William Hodges
John Wright
William Tayler
Thomas Sinderby vac
Walter Hobbs 1 forge
Arthur Sawyer
Richard Wade

4 Arthur Vaughan \& ten 9
Nicholas Berry 2
Francis Howell 2
3 William Browne 2
2 Thomas Hughs 2
[-] John Paine ${ }^{496} 3$
[-] Walter Moreman \& ten 3
3
3
3
4
5
2
2 Edward Chandler 4 hearths
2 Barbara Blagdon ${ }^{497} 2$
1 John Goodchild 2
1 [blank] Elkington 2
2 [blank] Sanders wid \&
4 [blank] Jones wid 2
[-] Francis Gleed ${ }^{498}$ sopehouse [-]
2 William James 2
3 George Powell \& ten 2
Thomas Jones \& ten 2
[blank] Williams wid 1
3 Anthony Ball 2
2 [blank] Brinne wid 2
[-] William Feare 2
[-] Joseph Phillips 3
2
2
2

## 168

f. 66, col. 2

## [Ward of Holy Trinity]

Nicholas Lysons 1 hearth
3 [blank] Twayts wid 1 oven 3
2 Edward Parris 1

[^134]Henry ?Hoard
[blank] Benson
Robert Clement
Simon Driver
[blank] Williams wid
[blank] Jeekell vac
Thomas Whitson
[blank] Chapman
[blank] Window wid
St Johns Almeshouse ${ }^{499}$

2 Benjamin Powell 1
2 Richard Mason 1
1 Elexar Caroe [-]
1 Richard Weymouth 1
1 Arthur Andrews 2
[-] Widow Bryan
[-]
1
2
10

## 170

f. 66, col. 2

Ward of St Michael's
David Churchwood 2 hearths
George Edwards 1
Row Sculke 1
Phillip Millard 1
3 hearths William Tayler 2
3 Christopher Tayler 1
4 Thomas Eastmead 2
1 John ?Fearth 3
3 Mr Bussell new [-]
2 Rowland Sculke [-]
4 William Martin 1
4 Thomas Mason 1
1 Henry Kerby 1
1 Joane Terry \}
3 Jane Launder \} 2
2 Thomas Masters 3
1 Edward Millard 4
2 Abel Attwood 4
6 Joane Adams 1
2 William Pearce 1
2 Edward Browne 1 furnace 8
2 John Tomlinson 1 oven 4
2 Richard Hudson 1 furnace 6
5
[Now in the parish of St Augustine]
3 Widow Gifford ${ }^{501} 3$
1 Edmund Ditty 3

[^135]Thomas Fry ${ }^{502}$<br>Mrs Atwood<br>Shershaw Cary ${ }^{503}$<br>William Jones<br>Widow Pitts<br>Richard Mills<br>George Coker<br>Roger Beames

## 171

f. 66 v, col. 1

John Martin ${ }^{504}$
Robert Simonds
Henry Gilbert ${ }^{505}$
Dennis Moone
John Lafosse ${ }^{506}$
Henry Poole
John Price
Ann Whittington
Avis Gwinn
Thomas Dixon
John Guntsman
Henry James ${ }^{507}$
Hugh Jones 1 increased
John Leward

6 Walter Sherland ${ }^{508} 4$
4 Coll Chamberlaine ${ }^{509} 8$
7 Widow Cruse \& \}
2 Mary Huntsman \} 2
3 Peter Chambers ${ }^{510} 2$
2 John Perriman 2
1 Widow White \& \}
2 Elizabeth Hopkins \} 2
Christopher Hellier 2
Widow Trimby 2
Richard Dempster ${ }^{511} 2$
Widow Adams 4
Thomas Bullman 5

3 hearths [Cathedral Precinct]
5 Schoolhouse ${ }^{512} 2$
2 Richard Northerne 4 new 13
2 Dr Jones 1 furnace 5
4 Widow Jones 5
5 Mr Crosseman ${ }^{513} 1$ furnace 7
3 Mr Fitzherbert ${ }^{514}$ [-]
2 Alexander Jackson 7
2 James Coapeland 2
1 Lord Bishop 14
2 Mr Quintaine ${ }^{515} 5$
3 Mr Quintaine 1
3 Nathaniel Pownall ${ }^{516} 6$
2 Capt: Pitts 4

[^136]Mr Wrentmore
Widow Jones
George Williamson ${ }^{517}$

## 172

f. 66 v , col. 2

Thomas Deane
George Hiscox
Goodman Townsend
William Hartwell
Deane's coachhouse
Thomas Prigg
A voyd house
William Jones
William Simonds
Roger Adams
Mrs Kemis
Mr Summers
Dr Glemham ${ }^{518}$
Mr Arundell 1 furnace
Henry Harris
Widow Hertford
Thomas Stock 1 in building
William Hall
Anna Symonds
Dr Jones
Richard Hancock
Capt. Bishop ${ }^{519}$
Widow Collins
Joane Daniel
Henry Jones
Widow Rowland 1 increased
Goodman Langstone

2 Widow Stuckly \& \}
5 George Downing \} 4
4 Thomas Plomly \& \}
George Kelly $\} \quad 3$
Patrick Naisby \& \}
Widow Hosior $\} \quad 2$
Widow Sugden 1
Widow Sealeing \& \} 2 increased
Robert King \} 4
5 hearths Widow King 1
1 Elizabeth Graunt 1
1 Thomas Rudge 2
6 Elizabeth Wilson 2
1 James Snow 1

1 Henry Hall 1 hearth
13 Richard Noakes 9
7 William Bently ${ }^{520} 1$ increased 7
2 John Greenfeild 1
[-] John Davis 1
2 William Crosseman 2
4 Thomas Crafton 2
8 Widow Haswell 1 furnace 5
7 Gabriel Tippett 2
1 Lysence Asseridge 2
[-] Widow Potter 2
1 Capt. Jones 2
1 Richard Say 2
1 Daniel Williams 2
2 Thomas Plomly ${ }^{521} 1$
1 Widow Fling 1

[^137]Christopher Large ${ }^{522}$
William Haines
Mrs Crooke
Dr Denham
Rowland Thrupp
John Massey
Widow Warren
Mr Perkins
George Williamson sen ${ }^{525}$
Mrs Hudson
Mrs Masters
John Tippett
Mrs Hobson
William Haines
James Trimby
George Baker
William Cleare
Mrs Hill
John Cuttiford
John Tindale 1 furnace

## 174

f. 67, col. 2

Mr Northerne ${ }^{528}$
Mr Townsend
Richard Lucas
Widow Shewell ${ }^{529}$
Widow Reves

6 Capt: Plumer 2
6 Richard Guy 2
2 John Aldworth ${ }^{530} 8$
6 Isaac Holwey 2
6 Mary Simonds \& \}
14 Widow Cottrell \} 2
4 Morgan Medhurst 2
6 Widow Allman 1
7 Goodwife Browne 1
5 Susanna Kelly 1
5 Nicholas Hilgrove 1
2 Richard Robins 1
5 John Seaward 1
3 Mr Pritchard 6
2 Samuel Cole 2
1 Phillip Lewis ${ }^{531} 3$
[-] William Harris 3
6 William Andrews 3
4 Mr Butcher 6
5 Mr Thomas 6
Henry Crew 4
Widow Sparkes ${ }^{532} 3$
Widow Heyman 7
William White 2
John Cottrell 1
Benjamin Powell 1
4 hearths Anna Connoway 1
6 Joane Terry 1
7 Susanna Brand 1
4 Nicholas Wilmott \& ten 4 2

[^138]
## 175

f. 67 v , col. 1

Widow Turner
Ann Free
John Bodenham
John Reede
Widow Morgan
Widow Lewis
Mrs Millard
Widow Cole
Mrs Limbry
Mr Thomas
Mr Paull
Widow Bankes ${ }^{533}$
William Rodney 1 increased
Mr Tyler
Widow Rice
Mr German
Robert Legg ${ }^{534}$
Mrs Wraxall
Robert Turpin
Nicholas Lux ${ }^{535}$
Robert Taunton ${ }^{536}$
Widow Friend
Widow Dibberly
Widow Lewin
John Tench
William Lane
William Golding
Henry Russell
Widow Goodwin
Mrs Pepwell

Jacob Farmer 1
Widow Griffin 1 increased 3
William Southall 1
Widow Dollin 1
Widow Edwards 1
2 hearths

$$
3
$$23 Majr Lawford 1 increased

Thomas Lewin 2 hearths

Thomas Sparkes lincreased ..... 4
Anna Organ ..... 1
Mr Baldwin ..... 6
Thomas Sommers 1 increased ..... 4
Joseph Nickols ..... 3
William Getoes ..... 3
Anna Mitchell ..... 2
John Wilson ..... 2
Widow Hickes ..... 1
[Frogmore Street, W side]
Anna Sculke ${ }^{537}$ ..... 2
William Muckly ..... 5
Russell voyd ..... 4
Widow Hardy \& \}
William Hardy $\quad\}^{538}$ ..... 2
Francis Lancashire ${ }^{539}$ ..... 2
William England ..... 2
Hercules Williams ..... 3
Samuel Davis ${ }^{50}$ ..... 3
Mrs Goodwin 1 furnace ..... 2

[^139]Mrs Yeamans
Anna Warde
A new house voyd
Darby Conner
Widow Pitts
Thomas Tippett ${ }^{541}$ voyd
Arthur Williams ${ }^{542}$
John Dagg
Anna Wall
John Crabb
Mr Scotto
Richard Haskins
Maudlin Kenner
Joseph Tyley
Thomas Williams
Thomas Martin

## 177

f. 68, col. 1
[blank] Whitchurch
John Legg
Robert Tayler
Widow Carriadge
John England
Thomas Rudge
Widow Mason
Thomas Atkins
John Reede
Joseph Tyley

2 Widow Winniatt 4
2 Thomas Bisse 5
2 Majr Roe 6
2 A garden house 1
2 William Swimmer 5
8 Mr Woodward's garden house [-]
2
1 [Park Row, $S$ side]
1 Mr Jenings ${ }^{543} 10$
1 Mr Bullock: new [-]

3 [Stoney Hill]
3 Mr Wells ${ }^{544}$
3 A garden house [-]
1
1 [Park Row, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
Christopher Cary ${ }^{545} 4$
Robert Yeamans 1 in disp[ute] 8
John Hellier ${ }^{546} 3$
John Saffin 3
Mrs Gonings ${ }^{547}$ garden 2
Mr Shewel 2
2 hearths
2 [Park Row, $S$ side]
2 The Red Lodge ${ }^{548}$ [-]
1 Mary Cox 2
4 Capt: Blackwell 9
3 Mary Waller [-]
1 Mr Hoyle 3
2 Thomas Deane 1 furnace 1 oven 4
3 Bridgett Stephens 1 furnace 6 [-]

[^140]
## 178

f. 68, col. 2

Giles Case
[Lower Park Hill]
Mr Tyley ${ }^{549}$
Thomas Williams ${ }^{550}$
[Park Lane]
Mr Hurne \}
Mr Hurne $\}^{551}$
Mr Jordan
Widow Howell
Mr Powell ${ }^{552}$
Mr Clifford
Widow Hancock
Mr Legg
Widow Ayliffe
Richard Cox
[St Michael's Hill, SW side]
Mrs Cugleys garden howse ${ }^{553}$
Owen Williams
Widow Bevington
William Whitney
William Jones
Owen Williams
Mr Hancocks garden house ${ }^{554}$
John Salter
Robert Rawleigh
Mr Elmes
[Royal Fort]
Jacob Bridger ${ }^{555}$ ..... 10
John Harper ${ }^{556}$ ..... 6
Widow Hickes ..... 4
4 hearths Capt. Hickes ${ }^{557}$ new
Howse garden \& stables ..... 5
Evan Lewis ..... 2
5 The Gatehowse ${ }^{558}$ ..... 1
3 Francis Pritchard ..... 2
John Snowden ..... 1
Sarah: Saturly ..... 2
[St Michael's Hill, SW side]
[-] Mr Brookes ${ }^{559}$ .....  ..... 7 .....  ..... 7
179
f. $68 \mathrm{v}, \mathrm{col}$. 1
[Lower Church Lane]
Mr Stubbs ${ }^{560}$ new ..... [-] hearths
Joseph Lawrence ..... 4
Mr Pester ..... 4
Capt. Massinger ..... 5
Margaret Orchard ..... 2
John Leman ..... 5
John Jones ..... 1
George Lane ${ }^{561}$ ..... 4

- William Cooke ..... 4
Peter Beckett ..... 5
Widow Farmer ..... 6
1 Griffith Farmer ..... 1
${ }^{549}$ Lower Park Hill, No. 14 and the plot to the NE, see 1662 list n. 352.
${ }_{550}$ No. 2 Back Church Lane, built by Charles Powell 1660-2 and by 1668 held by Thomas Williams, merchant (Leech, SMH, p. 96-7).
${ }_{551}$ Park Lane, E side, the Manor House, in 1691 formerly of Edward Hurne, vintner (Leech, SMH, p. 98).
${ }_{552}$ Park Lane, E side, S of the Manor House, see 1662 list n. 361.
${ }^{553}$ St Michael's Hill, Nos. 31-7, see 1662 list n. 365.
${ }^{554}$ St Michael's Hill, Nos. 43-7, see 1662 list n. 366.
${ }^{555}$ Royal Fort House, leased to James Bridges in 1667 (Leech, SMH, p. 55).
${ }_{556}$ Royal Fort, the Manor House, see 1662 list n. 346.
${ }^{557}$ Royal Fort, Cromwell House, leased to John Hicks, mercer, in 1665 (Leech, SMH, p. 58).
${ }_{558}$ Royal Fort, the gatehouse (Leech, SMH, p. 60).
${ }^{559}$ St Michael's Hill, Nos. 123-131, see 1662 list n. 345.
${ }^{560}$ Lower Church Lane, Rupert House, in 1660 leased to Richard Stubbs, merchant; although described as 'new', it is unlikely to have been completed, as a chimneypiece bore the date 1674 (Leech, SMH, p. 83).
${ }^{561}$ One of the garden houses 'in St Michaels' listed in 1662 list (f. 36v).

Matthias Brady ${ }^{562}$
[Lower Park Hill]
Alderman Prigg ${ }^{563}$
[Lower Park Row, formerly Griffin Lane] Sydrack Cox ${ }^{564}$ jun
George Streete
Thomas Lawrence
Gilbert Leagar
Margery Ayliffe
Paul Williams
Margery Blindman
Mr Morgan
Mr Haggats ${ }^{565}$ garden
William Sperring ${ }^{566}$
Mr Coward
Gabriel Duddridge ${ }^{567}$
Elinor Brandy
William Jeffries
Thomas Hurtnoll
David Clements
Sydrack Cox ${ }^{568}$
Goodman Pillman
Widow Jones
William Tory
Richard Davis
Mrs Ash ${ }^{569}$ lincreased
Sir Thomas Langton ${ }^{570}$

3180
f. 68 v , col. 2

Rowland Searchfeild 5 hearths

Richard Meredith

$$
1
$$

2 Widow Husbands 7
5 Edward Mathews 1 furnace 6
1 William Clarke new 5
1 John Gill 2
1 Edward Wasbrow 2
2 Samuel Jocham 3
1 Henry Paul 3
3 William Martin 2
[-] John Reede 2
6 Katherine King 1
3 Widow Purchase 1
2 William Browne 2
1 John Boston 4
2 Mawrice Burford 2
2 Anna Smith 1
2 Joseph Thirstone 3
2
1 [St Augustine's Back]
1 Capt. Knight ${ }^{571} 17$
1 Edward Cooke 5
1 John Sharpe 2
5 James Dollin 5
[-]
[Steep Street]
St Michaells Almshouse ${ }^{572} 14$
Richard Child 3
Richard Roch 3
${ }_{562}$ Mathias Brady was rector of St Michael 1661-1676d (Harlow, Religious ministry).
${ }^{563}$ Lower Park Hill, formerly Nos. 1 and 2, see 1662 list n. 350.
${ }^{564}$ Lower Park Row, N side, see 1662 list n. 353.
${ }^{565}$ W of the Church Steps (from Griffin Lane to St Michael's Church), with 4 hearths in 1662, see 1662 list n. 368.
${ }^{566}$ Lower Park Row, N side, close to the Griffin Inn, in 1691 the tenement erected by William Sperrin, near adjoining to the 'little house, tenement or cottage ... formerly erected by Gabriel Dudridge' on part of the city waste and over against the Griffin Inn (BA 04335(7) f.121, (9) f. 217; 04479(3) f. 64).
${ }^{567}$ Lower Park Row, N side, close to the Griffin Inn, William Spering in 1662 list (f. 36), see n. 537.
${ }^{568}$ See n. 535, no details found for two houses belonging to Cox.
${ }^{569}$ Possibly Lower Park Row, S side, No. 12, see 1662 list n. 352.
${ }^{570}$ W of the Church Steps (from Griffin Lane to St Michael's Church), 2 hearths in 1662, see 1662 list n. 370.
${ }^{571}$ Probably the Great House on St Augustine's Back (Hall, 'John Knight').
${ }^{572}$ Steep Street, Foster's Almshouses, founded in 1482, with 7 apartments for men and 7 for women: the almshouses rebuilt in 1702 were described in 1831 as having 14 rooms, seven on the ground floor and seven above (Account of hospitals etc, pp. 35-6; Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD).

William Squire
Hugh Everett
Henry Backwell
Widow Hilsly
Thomas Silke 1forge
Widow Collender
Edward Deverell \& ten
Thomas Ivy 3 furnaces
John Hollister ${ }^{573}$
John Braine
Gregory Woodward

3 Francis Willis 2
3 Richard Rock 4
3 Richard Easton 3
3 Richard Deane 2
2 Richard Burford 2
1 Mrs Wiggins 5
3 Jane Price 1
4 William Addis 1
2 Richard Lee 1
2 James Hunt 2
1 John Tucker 2

## 181

f. 69, col. 1

John Jones 1 forge
John Potter
Widow Saull
Widow Watts
James Lewis
Margaret Southy
John Webb
Nathaniel Addison 1 increased
John Jordan 1 forge
Widow Hacknell
William Hill 2 increased

$$
2 \text { ovens }
$$

William Lewis
Jesse Noble
Edward Russell 1 forge
John Nichols
Richard Edson
Widow Downes
William Cotterell 1 increased 1 forge
John Rugg
George Pomry
Margaret Orchard
Margaret Lucas

## 182

f. 69, col. 2

1 hearth Widow Cooke 2 hearths
2 Margt Gastedine 1
3 Mary Addison 1
2 Mr James Mitchel 1
2 Richard Beaton 3
1 Thomas Arthur 4
2 Joane Bryan 2
4 Mrs Jones [-]
2 Thomas Jones 1
2 David Jones 1
Charles Davis 2
6 John Meredith 1
2 Charles Davis 1
2 Hirce Jones 1
2 Widow Harris 5
2 William Tippett new [-]
[-] Thomas Cole 7
2 William Wilson 2
Richard Daw 5
4 John Cottrell 2
1 Richard Daw 5
1
4 [Upper Maudlin Street, $S$ side]
2 Ralph Olliffe ${ }^{574}$

[^141]Mr Gay ${ }^{575}$
Mr Peasely ${ }^{576}$
Sir Henry Creswick ${ }^{577}$
Mr Shute
Vincent Thorne ${ }^{578}$
Mr Hamm ${ }^{579}$
William Toly
Josias Mills
John Norton
Thomas Sanders
Katherine Phelpes
Hercules Farmer

## 183

f. 69 v , col. 1

Edmund Smith
Widow Powell
John Reynolds
Richard Lock \& \}
Joane Hurtnoll \}
Widow Cooke
John Oldbury
Fortune Symonds 1 increased
John Watkins
Thomas Gimter
Katherine King
Francis Aust
Thomas Potter
Elizabeth Thomas
Thomas Manfeild
Richard Hatton
William King

3 Thomas Rogers
1
3 Thomas Bason 2 stills 3
[-] Phillip Tayler 5
[-]
4 [Christmas Street, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
7 Rowland Tucker ${ }^{580} 5$
1 William Ball ${ }^{581} 5$
1 William Cave \& \}
1 John Webb $\} \quad 2$
2 John Aust 1
1 John Horwood 1 forge 2
1 Widow Dempster 1
Phillip Edwards 2
Edward Battle 1 increased 2
Isabella Dull 2
Thomas Child 2
Roger Midwinter 1
Anna Quorum 1
2 hearths Phillip Edwards 3
2 Joane Davis 1
2 Elizabeth Cann 2
John Douting 2
4 John Low 2
4 Blanch Streete 1 increased 3

## 3

3
$1 \mathbf{1 8 4}$
1
[-] f. 69v, col. 2
1
1 Walter Batten 1forge 1 hearth
1 Walter Player 2
1 Thomas Pitts 1
2 Susanna Spencer 2
3 Thomas Ball 1
${ }_{575}{ }^{575}$ Upper Maudlin Street, S side, see 1662 list n. 369.
${ }^{576}$ SR: Mr Phillip Peasely is 1 st entry in Maudlin Lane.
${ }^{577}$ Upper Maudlin Street, S side, with one hearth in 1662, see 1662 list n. 367.
${ }^{578}$ Upper Maudlin Street, S side, a garden and probably a lodge, from 1667 leased to Vincent Thorne (BA 04041 f.183; Sampson 1913, 78; BA 04044(1) f. 333; 04479(3) ff. 52-3, which shows a dwelling house on the street frontage next to the White Lodge).
${ }^{579}$ The White Lodge, Upper Maudlin Street, see 1662 list n. 354.
${ }^{580}$ Rowland Tucker was from 1 September 1665-1681 under-master of Bristol Grammar School, then to the rear of Nos. 17-19 Christmas Street (Beaven, Bristol lists, p. 241).
581 William Ball was master of Bristol Grammar School from 9 December 1662 until death in 1670, briefly replaced by Tucker (see n. 550) and then in December 1670 by John Rainstorp, later rector of St Michael from 1677 and vicar of All Saints 1686 (Beaven, Bristol lists, p. 240; Harlow, Religious ministry).

| William Welsteed | 2 | Robert Haskins | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Abraham Lewis | 1 | William Hedges ${ }^{587}$ new | 4 |
| Gilbert White | 1 | Edward Abbott ${ }^{588}$ | 2 |
| Christopher Tuchwood | 1 | Capt. Deane ${ }^{589}$ | 1 |
| William Blindman | 1 |  |  |
| James Fox | 2 |  |  |
| Zachariah Tovey | 2 | 185 |  |
| Mary Powell | 2 |  |  |
| Mathew Beale | 2 | f. 70, col. 1 |  |
| Thomas Neeves | 2 |  |  |
| William Williams | 1 | William England | 4 hearths |
| Rowland Griffin | 3 | Mrs Southy | 1 |
| John Vincent \& \} |  | Charles Plommer ${ }^{590}$ | 5 |
| Richard Bennet \} | 4 | Mr Stephens new | [-] |
| William Dale | 2 | William England ${ }^{591}$ | 4 |
| John West | 2 | John Pendry | 1 |
| William Window | 2 | James Pope \& \} |  |
| Richard Powel | 3 | Charles Horsman $\}^{592}$ | 2 |
| John Boone |  | John Hercules 1 increased | 3 |
| Sarah Whiteing | 2 | Thomas Axon 1 increased | 3 |
| John Stephens | 2 | Widow Berrow | 2 |
|  |  | John Moore ${ }^{593}$ | 3 |
| [Lewin's Mead] |  | Widow Blanch ${ }^{594} 1$ increased | 2 |
| Capt Bishop ${ }^{582}$ | 6 | Arthur Hollister | 1 |
| William Heges | 2 | Mr Nichols ${ }^{595}$ new | [-] |
| Nicholas Warren ${ }^{583}$ | 3 | William Wale ${ }^{596}$ | 3 |
| Robert < ...> | [-] | Edward Jones ${ }^{597}$ | 2 |
| Dorothy Hedges ${ }^{584}$ |  | John Bourne | 1 |
| George Warren ${ }^{585}$ | 1 | Mathew Bryan | 2 |
| Robert Corniss ${ }^{586}$ | 5 | Henry Bray ${ }^{598}$ | 3 |

[^142]George Clarke ${ }^{599}$<br>William Redford ${ }^{600}$<br>James Elsome ${ }^{601}$<br>Daniel Gwilliam ${ }^{602}$<br>Alexander Kason \& \}<br>Jane Sadle \}<br>Francis Morgan ${ }^{603}$<br>Widow Morgan<br>John Jacob ${ }^{604}$<br>Widow Davis<br>Widow Wright<br>Susan Wright<br>John Partridge<br>Mathew Kunckle

## 186

f. 70, col. 2
[Lewin's Mead, $\mathcal{N}$ side]
John Roch ${ }^{605} 1$ forge
Richard Wall ${ }^{606}$
John Tucker
Mr Phelps

3 A garden house 1
3 Thomas Sterne 6
3 George Barnes ${ }^{607} 2$
3 Robert Jacob ${ }^{608} 3$
William Yates ${ }^{609} 2$
3 William Clarke ${ }^{610} 3$
2 William Warren 5
1 Widow Hooke ${ }^{611} 4$
2 Widow Harvey ${ }^{612} 5$
1 Edward Tucker ${ }^{613} 3$
1 Mary Whitson ${ }^{614} 4$
1 John Tayler ${ }^{615} 2$
3 John Whitson ${ }^{616} 1$ increased 3
2 Lewis Shepherd ${ }^{617} 2$
Robert Maunder ${ }^{618} 2$
Alderman Prigg 5
[Maudlin Lane]
Hugh Elliott ${ }^{619} 2$
Joane Thomas 1
Joyce Hyatt 1
1 hearth Anthony Burges ${ }^{620} 1$
4 Mary Hopkins 1 furnace 3
6 Elizabeth Reede ${ }^{621} 2$
6 Mary Lucas 1
${ }^{599}$ SR: 37th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{600}$ SR: William Radford is 45th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{601}$ SR: John Exsham is 62 nd entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{602}$ SR: 'the master' is 15 th entry in Lewins Mead
${ }^{603}$ SR: 'marriner' is 39th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{604}$ SR: 67th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{605}$ SR: 46th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{606}$ SR: 47th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{607}$ SR: 65th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{608}$ SR: 40th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{609}$ SR: 66th entry in Lewins Mead.
$6^{610}$ SR: 68th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{611}$ SR: Mr Hooke is 69th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{612}$ SR: 72nd entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{613}$ SR: 73rd entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{614}$ SR: Mr Whitson is 74th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{615}$ SR: 76th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{616}$ SR: 75th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{617}$ SR: 77th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{618}$ SR: Robert Mannder is 78th entry in Lewins Mead.
${ }^{619}$ SR: Hugh Ellett is 9th entry in Maudlin Lane.
${ }^{620}$ SR: 13th entry in Maudlin Lane.
${ }^{621}$ SR: Thomas Reade is 10th entry in Maudlin Lane.
Nicholas White ${ }^{622}$
John Eckly ${ }^{623}$
Benjamin Fleetwood
Mr Pickering ${ }^{64}$
Mr Newman
A voyd house
John Hawkins
Thomas Fishpill

## 187

f. 70v, col. 1
Widow Bingham
Cybell Drew
[Silver Street or Bridewell Lane]
Phillip Robins ${ }^{625}$
Widow Dymock ${ }^{626}$
Thomas Henant
Anna Bowen ${ }^{627}$
John Nichols ${ }^{628}$
Sarah Skinner
Edward Herring
Simon Wheatly

[^143]1 Widow Channell 2
4 Jasper Jenkins 2
[-] William Hatchet 1
3 Widow Walker ${ }^{629} 4$
2 Mrs Deffeild ${ }^{630} 5$
[-] Jane Lewis 2
3
2 [Lewin's Mead]
Edward Tippett ${ }^{631} 2$
Robert Duke 2
Richard King ${ }^{632} \quad 2$
Robert Dymock ${ }^{633} 2$
Robert Noble 2
John Pendry 1
1 hearth John Morgan ${ }^{634} 1$
1 Cassandra Ball ${ }^{635} 2$
Robert Terry ${ }^{636}$ 1
Charles Richards ${ }^{637} 1$
1 Phillip Kempe 3
3 Thomas Dowding 2
1 Henry Sweete ${ }^{638} 2$
1 William Keinton ${ }^{639} 2$
1 Mr Loup ${ }^{640}$ new [-]
1 Mr Loup ${ }^{641} 4$
2 Richard Harris ${ }^{642} \quad 4$
$2 \mathrm{Mr} \mathrm{Lugg}^{643} 3$

John Calloway ${ }^{644}$<br>John Manester ${ }^{645}$<br>Arthur Tayler ${ }^{646}$

2 Richard Saunders 2
1 Phillip ?Hanger 2
2 Richard Nonny ${ }^{652} 3$
Widow Chilton 2
John Williams 1
Margaret Clavell 2
Widow Powell 1
Mrs Rivers 2
John Band 2
4 hearths Mary Baron 1
John Richards
Mr Wall ${ }^{647}$ new
Mr Dighton ${ }^{648}$
Mr Phelps voyd
Thomas Orchard
Mathew Tippett
Thomas Oatly ${ }^{649}$
Thomas Bayly 1 forge
Edward Smith
Mr North ${ }^{650}$
Widow Roch
Robert Fines
William Cicell
Richard Harte
2
3 [Lewin's Mead, $S$ side ${ }^{653}$ ]
[-] Mr Baldwin ${ }^{654}$2

4 Christopher Hampton ${ }^{655} 3$
3 Mr Berkin 2
2 Thomas North ${ }^{656} \quad 6$
2 Stephen Tayler 2
4 Edward Fishpill ${ }^{657} 6$
5 Robert Culme ${ }^{658} 6$
1 Robert Hancock ${ }^{659} 3$
1

Robert Hedres 3
Widow Whiteing
William Quintaine ${ }^{651}$
James Smith
Edward Hopkins
George Pitman1

## 188

f. 70v, col. 2

## 189

f. 71, col. 1

2
4 Matthew Samm ${ }^{660} 2$ hearths
3 Mrs Martin ${ }^{661} 5$
2 William Arundell 2

[^144]| St Leonards Almshowse ${ }^{662}$ | [-] | Widow Stephens | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| John Smerrick | 3 | William Fry 2 furnaces | 2 |
| A voyd howse | [-] |  |  |
| Robert Tippett ${ }^{663}$ | 3 |  |  |
| Henry Dighton ${ }^{664}$ | 9 | 190 |  |
| Widow Tucker ${ }^{665}$ | 4 |  |  |
| Walter Shough ${ }^{666}$ | 5 | f. 71, col. 2 |  |
| Samuell Lloyd ${ }^{667} 2$ furnaces | 6 |  |  |
| Andrew Hooke ${ }^{668} 2$ furnaces | 7 | Limekills ${ }^{675}$ |  |
| A voyd howse | [-] | James Edwards | 3 hearths |
| Gabril Deane ${ }^{669}$ | 6 | Samuel Cockner \& tents | 3 |
| Joseph Owen ${ }^{670}$ | 3 |  |  |
| Thomas Phillips ${ }^{671}$ | 3 | Back Lane |  |
|  |  | [Back Lane, later Jacob Street] |  |
| Ward of St James |  | William Pledwell new | [-] |
| The Old Markett |  | Anthony Browne | 3 |
| Castle Gate ${ }^{672}$ | [-] hearths | Widow Collins | 3 |
|  |  | Widow Collins | 2 |
| [Cheese Lane] ${ }^{673}$ |  | Richard Lane | 2 |
| Thomas Wright | 4 | John Slaughter | 2 |
| Edward Harte | 2 | Luke Hide | 2 |
| John Dimock | , | Stephen Nichols | 2 |
| Edward Martin | 2 | Robert Barrett | 1 |
| John Bush |  | Thomas Lovell | 1 |
| Ambrose Feilding | 2 | George Elcton | 1 |
| Widow Sullock ${ }^{674}$ | 4 | Joseph More ${ }^{676}$ | 2 |
| Thomas Johnson | 3 | James Bell | 2 |
| William Pearce 1 furnace | 2 | Richard Purdue | 4 |
| William Reynolds | 2 | John Bathoe | 2 |
| Peter Polsome | 2 | William Hardwitch | 3 |
| Widow Butler | 2 | Richard Parker \& Elet | 3 |
| ${ }^{662}$ The report of the Charity Commissioners contains no mention of an almshouse for this parish (Manchee, Bristol charities, 2, pp. 31-5). The only almshouse in Lewins Mead was Spencer's (see n. 1010) but there is no record of an association with St Leonard (Account of hospitals etc, p. 17). <br> ${ }^{663}$ SR: 26th entry in Lewins Mead. <br> ${ }^{664}$ SR: 23rd entry in Lewins Mead. Lewins Mead, S side, No. 72, see 1662 list n. 314. <br> ${ }^{665}$ SR: Joseph Tucker junr is 27th entry in Lewins Mead. <br> ${ }^{666}$ SR: widow Shaw is 50th entry in Lewins Mead. Lewins Mead, S side, No. 73, see 1662 list n. 313. <br> ${ }^{667}$ SR: 28th entry in Lewins Mead. <br> ${ }^{668}$ SR: 29th entry in Lewins Mead; see 1662 list n. 547. <br> ${ }^{669}$ SR: Capt. Deane is 30th entry in Lewins Mead. Lewins Mead, S side, No. 69, see 1662 list n. 316. <br> ${ }^{670}$ SR: 32nd entry in Lewins Mead. Lewins Mead, S side, No. 70, see 1662 list n. 315. <br> ${ }^{671}$ Lewins Mead, S side, No. 71, see 1662 list nn. 314-15. <br> ${ }^{672}$ The E gate of Bristol Castle is shown on Millerd's map of 1673. <br> ${ }^{673}$ From the E gate of the Castle to the Lime Kilns (below) is along Cheese Lane, as shown on Millerd's map of 1673. <br> ${ }^{674}$ Probably Richard Sullock 1 hearth, in the parish of St Philip, in 1662 list (97). <br> ${ }^{675}$ 'The Lime Kilns', shown on Millerd's map of 1673 see Plate 2. <br> ${ }^{676}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (98). |  |  |  |
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Canamel Brittaine<br>Lewis Jones<br>Widow Hayes<br>Richard Patrick<br>Richard West<br>John Buck<br>Widow Waterford voyd<br>Baber's Tower ${ }^{677}$<br>Richard Davis<br>Lawfords Gate Almshouse ${ }^{678}$<br>John Bennet 1 oven added<br>Robert Newton<br>Without the gate:<br>Thomas Harris voyd<br>Abraham Davis 1 forge<br>John Lord ${ }^{679}$<br>John Huges \& \}<br>Widow Bignell \}

## 2 Within the gate

2 Thomas Pander \& tent 2
2 Widow Cambridge ${ }^{681} 2$
2 John Moggs \& tents 5
2 Thomas Kill 2
2 Henry Lang 2
[-] Elias Lang 2
[-] John Condrick 1 oven 2
2 John Moggs sen 2
24 Richard King 5
5 Lazarus Moggs 4
2 William Francklin ${ }^{682} 6$
Thomas Feare 1
William Jefferies 1
4 Widow King 1
1 Thomas Godwin ${ }^{683} 5$
4 Elizabeth Berwick ${ }^{684} 6$
Thomas Boyce ${ }^{685} 2$
2 Francis Bell ${ }^{686} 3$
John Hooke 4
Thomas Overton 3
Thomas Winstone 3
George Ball 4
Thomas Edwards ${ }^{687} 5$
Thomas Edwards voyd [-]
William Throughto ${ }^{688} 4$
2 Humphry Nickens \& tent 6
${ }^{677}$ Enderbies Castle or Baber's Tower, Jacob Street, see 1662 list n. 412.
${ }^{678}$ Old Market, Trinity Almshouses North and South. There were 24 apartments for women in the building on the north side of the Old Market (Account of hospitals etc, pp. 22-4; Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD).
${ }^{679}$ Old Market, S side, in 1649 the dwelling house at the Crown at Lawford's gate of John Lord, innkeeper (BA 04335(3) f.53); adjacent in 1648 was the little tenement and shop without Lawford's gate leased to Howell Davis who lived there, extending from the street on the N to part of the Crown Inn backwards (BA 04335(3) f. 31). See also 1662 list nn. 402-3 and Introduction, part 1, n. 34.
${ }^{680}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
${ }^{681}$ This and the next two entries in the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
${ }^{682}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
${ }^{683}$ Thomas Godwin was vicar of St Philip 13 Dec.1662-1675 (Harlow, Religious ministry).
${ }^{684}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list ( $\mathbf{9 7}$ ).
${ }^{685}$ In 1667 Castle Street, N side, No. 14, was leased by the Corporation to Thomas Boyce, tailor (a tenement of Andrew Gale on the E), with covenants to build a new house in uniformity with those adjacent, within two years (BA 04335(5) fo.49). At his death in 1684, Thomas Boyce lived in what was clearly the back kitchen to the property (BA inventory 1684/8).
${ }^{686}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
${ }^{687}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
${ }^{688}$ William Troughton was a nonconformist minister in Bristol 1662-74 and in 1672 licensed his house in St Philip's Street for Independent worship (Hayden, Records of a church of Christ, p. 306).

Widow Jones backward
Joseph Jones \& tents
Robert Fry
Edward Olliver
Alderman Stephens
Widow Millard
Samuel Mainstone
William Scott

## Castle Ditch

Thomas Wright voyd

192
f. 71 v , col. 2

Thomas Wright
Anthony Gay
William Ball
Margery Collins
Franc Cotsell \& tents
Widow Jones \& tent
Widow Beake \& \}
Widow Smith \}
Alexander Frenchback
Edward Stephens \& tents
Thomas Peacock ${ }^{689}$
Jane Kitchin
Thomas Browne
Silvanus Davis
John Avison
William Spring
William Pledwell
Thomas Howell \}
Richard Jones
Thomas Davis \}
\& other tenants \}
Widow Barnes \& tent
Widow Leades

2 Jane Dedman 2
9 Edward Butler 1
4 Edward Shepherd new [-]
6 The old markett
2 John Howse voyd 3
3 John Pickering 4
3 Robert Noble 4
Charles Marshall ${ }^{690} 5$
William Wilkes 5
5 John Styant 4
Thomas Tayler 3
William Teagy 8
Leaman Dickeson ${ }^{691} 3$
Henry Alyes 2
John White 6
2 hearths
[-] 193
2
3 f. 72, col. 1
3
3 Widow Rogers 3 hearths
Thomas Bly 2
6 John Cole 2
2 Morgan Jones 1
6 George Dellom 1
2 Widow Tayler 2
2 John Isles 2
2 Robert Alyes 2
2 Thomas Shepherd ${ }^{692}$ \& tent 4
2 Henry Stephens 3
2 Widow Blakeway 3
4 Widow Walter ${ }^{693} 5$
Joshua Howbert \& tent 5
Hugh Pearce \& tents 4
7 Widow Pearce 2
William Turner \& tents 4
4 William Lockstone ${ }^{694} 3$
4 William Smith 2

[^145]Widow Reede<br>Mary Browning ${ }^{695}$ \& tent<br>Widow Powell<br>Widow Powell backod ${ }^{696}$ new<br>Widow Day<br>John Williams<br>Widow Long \& \}<br>Richard Farnel \}<br>Emanuel Farnham<br>Widow Geneclift<br>Benjamin Fleetwood ${ }^{697}$<br>John Phelps<br>William Babar \& tent<br>Thomas Stockman<br>Andrew Snow ${ }^{698}$<br>Widow Hunt<br>William Guy

2 Henry Lane2

3 Thomas Busleton \& \}
3 Mary Hayward \}4
[-] William Bush ${ }^{700}$ ..... 1
4 John Cooke ..... 3
[-] Edward Oatly ${ }^{701}$ ..... 3
4 Redcrosse Lane
2 Widow Ricketts ..... 1
2 John Markes ..... 2
2 Edward Terrell ..... 6
3 John Jackson ${ }^{702}$ ..... 1
3 Widow Waterford ..... 3
3 William Bayly ..... 2
3 Matthew Heague ..... 2
1 Widow Philpott ${ }^{703}$ ..... 4
1 John Morgan ..... 2
John Kenellin voyd ..... 2
Thomas Woolford ..... 2
Widow Cause new ..... [-]
Walter Jones ..... 2
John Roch ..... 2
Widow Wilkinson ..... 2
Thomas Wallis \& Finch ..... 2
4 hearths John Brooke ..... 4
2
Thomas Flower
Isaac Deverax
3
Widow Price \& tent
David Pritchard \& tent
John Rosse \& tentWidow Andrewes ${ }^{699} \&$ tentJohn WilliamsGeorge Hollister
Roger Richards42

## 195

f. 72 v , col. 13
2 Edward Veizy new ..... [-] hearths
2 Widow Ellis ..... 4
2 George Evans ${ }^{704}$ ..... 5
2 Richard Hickes \& tent ..... 2
1 John Rogers ..... 2

[^146]Herbert Vaughan
Thomas Crumpe ${ }^{705}$ \& tents
Robert Arthur
William Millard \}
Thomas Tanner \}
John Davis \&
William Worrell
Richard Cause \& \}
William Parry ${ }^{706}$ \}
John Lone/Loue
Frances Hickes wid
Jesse Noble
Anna Gibson
Ralph Andrews
Francis Tench
Anna Pitt
Thomas Phelps
Widow Cooke
Widow Evans
John Hawkins
Richard Cause
Lewis Morgan \& tent
Thomas Warren voyd
Thomas Warren
Thomas Warren
Widow Daniel
John Williams
Alexander Mercer
John Waterford backward
Widow Edwards
Stanton Batman
Simon Cadle
Abraham Scott
William Parnell

## 196

2 f. 72 v , col. 2
Thomas Jones 1 hearth
7 Humphry Wall 3
James Ireland 2
Nathaniel Fleetwood ${ }^{707} 2$
3 Widow Phillips 2
2 Augustine Crew 2
2 Thomas Fry ${ }^{708}$ dyer 3
2 Widow Greene 3
1 Thomas Evans 3
1 William Waters 1
1
1

## The Weare

[Ellbroad Street]
2 Robert Dowden [-]
1 Richard Boxwell ${ }^{709}$ voyd [-]
3 Humphry Parsons 2
2 Thomas Cooke 2
4 John Stephens jun 2
3 A voyd house [-]
3 John Stephens sen \& tent 2
2 [Broad Weir]
2 Thomas Warren ${ }^{710}$ sen 2
2 Joane Tompson 1
1 Henry Northall voyd 1
1 Edward Noble ${ }^{711} 2$
1 Thomas Pascall 2
2 John Woory 5
1 William Straford 5
2 Widow Masters 6
William Champion ${ }^{712} 3$
John Hughes 2

[^147]Nicholas Tilly ${ }^{713}$
A voyd house
Henry Northall
William Baker
John Seagar ${ }^{714}$
Widow Cause ${ }^{715}$
Joseph Higgs ${ }^{716}$
William Williams

11 Richard Higgs ${ }^{721} \quad 1$
1 John Briant ${ }^{722} 3$
3 Thomas Hopkins ${ }^{723} 2$ salt pans 4
1 John Nailer \& tent 3
1 Thomas Gibbs ${ }^{724}$ \& \}
6 Timothy Cattle \} 5
3 Mrs Beake ${ }^{725}$ \& tent 8
2 Peter Hiley ${ }^{726} 10$
[Castle Mill Street]
Castle Mill ${ }^{727}$
[Broad Weir]
Richard Hellier ${ }^{728} 1$ forge 2
2 hearths William Lifelly 4
John Nichols 1
William Bearnes 2
1 Roger Painter ${ }^{729}$ \& tent 3
5 John Lane 2
2 Lodwick Poole ${ }^{730} 2$
James Bayly 3
Widow Fisher ${ }^{731} 5$
2 James Claxton ${ }^{732} 4$
1 George Brittaine ${ }^{733} 1$
${ }^{713}$ Broad Weir, No. 17, see 1662 list n. 124.
${ }_{714}$ Broad Weir, next to Nicholas Cause in 1662 list (64).
${ }^{715}$ Broad Weir, see 1662 list n. 25.
${ }^{716}$ The Weare, St Peter, Joseph Higs in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 187).
717 The Friends' or Quakers' meeting house in Quakers' Friars, probably prior to the establishment of a more permanent meeting house, see n. 612 .
${ }^{718}$ The Weare, St Peter, Mr Richard Baugh, his wife, 2 apprentices, a servant and Edmund Baugh in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 187). Probably in Quakers' Friars: in 1650 the wall of the garden of John Baugh was adjacent to what had been in 1610 the garden ground and lodge with a piece of void ground adjoining, near the Black Friars, between a garden ground and lodge of George Richards on the E, the Smiths Hall on the S, the Tanners Hall on the W (BA 10666(13)a; 33041/BMC/6/14 Nos. 2 and 18).
${ }^{719}$ Broad Weir, see 1662 list n. 127.
${ }^{720}$ Broad Weir, see 1662 list n. 128.
${ }^{721}$ Broad Weir, see 1662 list n. 129.
${ }^{722}$ Broad Weir, see 1662 list n. 130.
${ }^{723}$ The Weare, St Peter, Thomas Hopkins, wife and son in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 187). In Castle Ward in 1662 list ( $\mathbf{6 0}$ ).
${ }^{724}$ The Weare, St Peter, Thomas Gibbes and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186)
${ }^{725}$ In the parish of St Peter in 1662 list ( $\mathbf{6 4}$ ).
${ }^{726}$ Broad Weir, see 1662 list n. 131.
${ }^{727}$ For the Castle Mill see Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD.
${ }^{728}$ The Weare, St Peter, Richard Hillier, wife and 1 apprentice in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{729}$ Broad Weir, see 1662 list n. 133.
${ }_{730}$ Broad Weir, see 1662 list n. 134.
${ }^{731}$ Broad Weir, see 1662 list n. 135.
${ }_{732}$ Broad Weir, see 1662 list n. 136.
${ }^{733}$ The Weare, St Peter, George Brittaine, wife and 2 children in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).

William Jefferies<br>Mary King<br>Richard Steare ${ }^{734}$<br>Widow Poore<br>John Wheeler<br>John Wood<br>John Callowhill<br>Jam: Everett<br>William Andrewes ${ }^{735}$

1 Dennis Hollister ${ }^{738}$ [-]
2 Dennis Hollisters garden ${ }^{739}$ [-]
2 Widow Partrige ${ }^{740} 2$
1 Thomas Jacques ${ }^{741} 2$
1 Ralph Cooper ${ }^{742} \quad 2$
1 Smiths Hall ${ }^{743}$ \}
1 Peter Gill $\} \quad 2$
4 John Teage 1
2 John Teages garden house 3
Bakers Hall ${ }^{744} 4$
Mrs Beake wid voyd 2
Christopher Gough 2
Edward Olliver 2
f. 73, col. 2

## The Fryars

[Quakers' Friars]
Widow Beake ${ }^{736} \quad$ \}
Widow Beake \}
Widow Beake \}
Widow Beake \& tent \}
8 hearths Another tent 2 \}
Widow Lewis ${ }^{737}$

## Merchant Streete

[Merchant Street, E side] ${ }^{745}$ [blank] Prosser $\left.{ }^{746} 2\right\}$ [blank] Hall ${ }^{777} \quad 2$ \} [blank] Hill ${ }^{748} 2$ \} 8

Thomas Veizy ${ }^{749}$
2
[-] Tobias Fox 2
${ }^{734}$ The Weare, St Peter, Richard Streare and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{735}$ The Weare, St Peter, William Andrew and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 186).
${ }^{736}$ SR: Phillip Beake is 27th entry in area including Fryers.
${ }^{737}$ SR: 45th entry in area including Fryers.
${ }^{738}$ The site of the Friends' or Quakers' meeting house in Quakers' Friars: in March 1671 Dennis Hollister leased to the Society of Friends his tenement now used as two, adjacent to a sometime carpenters' yard leased by Hollister to Thomas Jacques, bounded on the west by part of a yard. The plans for building the new house on Hollister's ground at the Friars were agreed late in 1669 and executed in 1670-1 (BA 10666(3)e; Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD; Mortimer, Society of Friends in Bristol, xxi; for the biography of Dennis Hollister, grocer (d.1676), see ibid., p. 204).
${ }^{739}$ In 1670 the garden formerly of Joan Carter widow and now of Dennis Hollister, to the S of the property conveyed by Dennis Hollister to trustees for the Society of Friends (BA 10666(3)a,b; Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD for further references).
${ }^{740}$ SR: Goodwife Partridge is 49th entry in area including Fryers. In 1671 the tenement of Joan Partridge widow, to the S of the property conveyed by Dennis Hollister to trustees for the Society of Friends (BA 10666(3)e; Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD for further references).
${ }^{741}$ SR: 46th entry in area including Fryers. In 1671 the sometime carpenters' yard leased by Hollister to Thomas Jacques (see n. 699).
${ }_{742}^{742}$ SR: Mr Cooper is 51 st entry in area including Fryers.
${ }^{743}$ The Smiths' or Cutlers' Hall was the former N range of the lesser cloister of the Dominican Friary (Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD for further references).
${ }^{744}$ The Bakers' Hall was the former S range of the lesser cloister of the Dominican Friary (Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD for further references).
${ }^{745}$ This first list for Merchant Street is probably the E side (see n. 729 for the second list).
${ }^{746}$ SR: William Prosser is 73rd entry in area including Merchant St.
${ }^{747}$ SR: John Hall is 40th entry in area including Merchant St.
${ }^{748}$ SR: Goodman Hill is 53rd entry in area including Merchant St.
${ }^{749}$ SR: Thomas Vayry is 41 st entry in area including Merchant St

John Hive<br>Thomas Combes ${ }^{750}$<br>Widow Farnell ${ }^{751}$ \& tent<br>Arthur Farnell new<br>Arthur Farnell ${ }^{752}$<br>William Davis ${ }^{753}$<br>John Parsons ${ }^{754}$<br>Robert Martin voyd

2 Thomas Cox ${ }^{759} 2$
2 John Cooke 2
3 John Smith ${ }^{760}$ sen 2
[-] William Flower ${ }^{761} 2$
3 John Parker ${ }^{762} 2$
2 Robert Atkins ${ }^{763}$ \& tent 4
2 Edmund Dacres \& tents 6
3 Griffith Bowen ${ }^{764} 2$
John Smith ${ }^{765}$ jun 3
William Roberts ${ }^{766} 2$
Widow Pulcher ${ }^{767} 2$
William Warde ${ }^{768} 2$
f. $73 \mathrm{v} . \mathrm{col} .1$

George Amos ${ }^{755}$
Walter Jenings
Mr Price ${ }^{756}$ voyd
William Ellery ${ }^{757}$

## Rosemary Lane

[Rosemary Street (earlier Rosemary Lane)] Humphry Williams ${ }^{758}$

## Merchant Streete

3 hearths $\quad[\text { Merchant Street, } W \text { side }]^{769}$
2 Barnaby Skinner ${ }^{770} 2$
6 John West ${ }^{771} 4$
6 Hugh Lewis 2
Samuel Jones ${ }^{772} 1$
William Browne ${ }^{773} 1$
John West \& tenants 4
3 William Window ${ }^{774} 3$

[^148]William Gill ${ }^{775}$ 3 Widow Hankins \& tent ..... 4The Taylers Almshouse ${ }^{776}$
Simon Clarke ${ }^{777}$
[-] Isaac Nicholas backward ..... 2
4William Weaver ${ }^{778}$
2 Richard Tayler ${ }^{787}$ ..... 3
Henry Gears
4 Richard Frape ..... 3
[blank] Neason
King Streete [blank] Hitchins ..... 1
[Old King Street, shown on Millerd as part of Edward Yeamans ..... 2
Merchant Street between Broadmead and Horsefair] Joseph Kippins garden house ..... [-]
Grace Eaton \& tent 4 Nathaniel Cales garden house ..... [-]
John Cumberbatch voydMorgan WilliamsThomas Jones ${ }^{779}$
200
[-] Robert Martin jun ..... 4
2 Phillip Harris ..... [-]
2 George Dwight Forlorn Hope ..... [-]
Joseph Phillips 2 \}Simon Benner ${ }^{788} 2$ \}John Haines ${ }^{789} \quad 2$ \}8
Nathaniel Pope 2 \}
f. 73 v, col. 2

Widow Biddlestone ${ }^{780}$
Mary Bush \& tent
John Cumberbatch ${ }^{781}$ \& tents
George Webb
John Martin
Lewis Reede ${ }^{782}$
John Vanner
Widow Braine ${ }^{783}$
William Mines
Thomas Morris ${ }^{784}$
John Champion ${ }^{785}$
John Roberts ..... 2
Henry Phillips ${ }^{790}$ ..... 2
7 hearths Richard Griffin ..... 1
2 Widow Hoges ..... 1
16 Richard King ${ }^{791}$ \& tent ..... 3
1 Barnaby Skinner ${ }^{792}$ \& tents ..... 5
Francis Risby ..... 2
Francis Yeamans sen voyd ..... 2
Hugh Witherly ..... 1
${ }^{775}$ SR: 59th entry in area including Merchant St.
${ }^{776}$ The Merchant Taylors Hospital was originally in Marsh Street, then in Merchant Street, where it was rebuilt in 1701 with 9 apartments for either single or married people (Account of hospitals etc, pp. 18-19).
${ }^{777}$ SR: 58th entry in area including Merchant St.
${ }^{778}$ SR: 52nd entry in area including Merchant St.
${ }^{779}$ SR: 'porter' is 17 th entry in area including King St.
${ }^{780}$ SR: William Biddlestone is 16 th entry in area including King St.
${ }^{781}$ SR: 2nd entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{782}$ SR: 11 th entry in area including King St.
${ }^{783}$ SR: widow Branch is 19th entry in area including King St.
${ }^{784}$ SR: 39th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{785}$ SR: 14th entry in Horsefair.
${ }^{786}$ SR: 4th entry in area including King St.
${ }^{787}$ SR: 31st entry in area including King St.
${ }^{788}$ SR: Simon Vanner is 26th entry in Horsefair.
${ }^{789}$ SR: Goodman Haynes is 25th entry in Horsefair.
${ }^{790}$ SR: Henry Phillipps 'behind the Cock' is 53rd entry in area including King/Merchant St.
${ }^{791}$ SR: 32nd entry in Broadmead.
792 See above n. 731.

## 201

f. 74 , col. 1

Thomas Witherly
Widow Abington
Francis Yeamans garden house
Humphry Wells ${ }^{793}$
John Moone
William Hobson ${ }^{794}$
William Hobson new

## The Barton

[St James's Barton]
John Landman \& tent
Andrew Briscoe ${ }^{795}$
James Tucker ${ }^{796}$
Robert Gilford
John Allin ${ }^{797}$
Nicholas Paine ${ }^{798}$
William Shatford ${ }^{799} \&$ Teage
Widow Giles ${ }^{800}$
Widow Meredith ${ }^{801}$ \& tent
John Low ${ }^{802}$

## Churchyard

[St James's Churchyard]
William Burges ${ }^{\text {803 }}$ \& tent4
William Hayter ${ }^{804}$ ..... 1
1 hearth Andrew Ball ${ }^{805}$ ..... 4
2 Widow Davis ..... 6
2 Widow Gay ..... 2
1 Widow Bumpsteed ..... 6
3 Hugh Downeman ${ }^{806}$ ..... 4
4 Jam: Mardon ..... 4
[-] William Patch ${ }^{807}$ ..... 2
Henry Lloyd ${ }^{808}$ ..... 11
Widow Hunt ${ }^{809}$ ..... 3
Grace Prigg ${ }^{810}$ ..... 3
[-] Henry Galloway ${ }^{811}$ ..... 521[-]4
44
6 Avis Ellis ${ }^{812}$ ..... 4 hearths
10 John Snow ${ }^{813}$ ..... 5
1 The vestry howse

[^149]| Christopher Hyatt | 1 | William Goblin | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| James Light ${ }^{814}$ | 2 | Widow Canons | 1 |
| Thomas Horne ${ }^{815}$ | 5 | Widow Jacob ${ }^{826}$ | 2 |
|  |  | Thomas Saunders ${ }^{227}$ | 2 |
| Whitson Co[ur]t |  | Henry Biggs ${ }^{228}$ | 3 |
| Widow Bowen ${ }^{816}$ \& tent | 5 |  |  |
| John Simonds | 1 | The Horsefayre |  |
| Charles Bevan ${ }^{817}$ | 1 | George Hearth ${ }^{329}$ \& tents | 5 |
| David Lewis ${ }^{818}$ | 3 | William Hopwood ${ }^{830}$ | 3 |
| [blank] Clarke | 1 | William Williams ${ }^{831}$ | 2 |
| [blank] Bittle | 1 | Thomas Tayler | 2 |
| Widow Jones ${ }^{819}$ | 2 | Anthony Atkins | 1 |
| Capt Ellis new ${ }^{820}$ | 8 | Henry Young | 1 |
| Capt Ellis sugarhouse ${ }^{821}$ | 9 |  |  |
| A washhouse | 2 |  |  |
| Mr Wood ${ }^{822} 3$ stoves | 8 | 203 |  |
| Godfry Veinton ${ }^{823}$ | 5 |  |  |
| John Tucker ${ }^{224}$ new | [-] | f. 74 v, col. 1 |  |
| Silver Streete |  | Mary Roch | 1 hearth |
| Walter Roberts | 1 | John Hyatt ${ }^{832}$ | 1 |
| William Shepherd ${ }^{225}$ | 2 | Widow West ${ }^{333}$ | 1 |

${ }^{814}$ SR: Goodman Light is 2nd entry in Churchyard.
${ }^{815}$ SR: Mr Horne is 1st entry in Churchyard. Thomas Horne was minister (chaplain) of St James 1663-97 and 3rd Prebendary of the Cathedral c.1668-97 (Kirby, Diocese of Bristol, p. 183; Harlow, Religious ministry).
${ }^{816}$ SR: Margarett Bowen is 9th entry in Whitson Court.
${ }^{817}$ SR: 7th entry in Whitson Court.
${ }^{818}$ SR: 6th entry in Whitson Court.
${ }^{819}$ SR: 8th entry in Whitson Court.
${ }^{820}$ SR: Thomas Ellis is 1st entry in Whitson Court. The St James's Church House, the surviving N part of a larger house of 17th century and earlier date, probably remodelled in 1666 by Thomas Ellis (see n. 782), and in part an adaptation of surviving parts of the W claustral range of St James's Priory (Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD for further references).
${ }^{821}$ In 1665 the W part of St James's Priory was leased to Thomas Ellis, merchant, who converted various buildings into the Whitson Court Sugar House (Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD for further references). Ellis was a Broadmead Baptist elder 1662-1682 (Hayden, Records of a church of Christ, pp. 7-9).
${ }^{822}$ SR: Mr Anthony Wood is 2nd entry in Whitson Court. Anthony Wood was a close associate of Ellis (see n. 623) in the founding of the sugar house (I. V. Hall, 'Whitson Court sugar house Bristol 1665-1824', TBGAS, 64 (1944), p. 3). SR: Mr Anthony Wood is 2nd entry in Whitson Court
${ }^{823}$ SR: Mr Godfrey Vanitterne is 3rd entry in Whitson Court. He was a German sugar refiner (Hayden, Records of a church of Christ, p. 307).
${ }^{824}$ SR: 4th entry in Whitson Court.
${ }^{825}$ SR: Goodman Sheappard is 14th entry in Magdalen Lane.
${ }^{826}$ SR: 18th entry in Churchyard/Barton area.
${ }^{827}$ SR: 2nd entry in Silver Street area.
${ }^{828}$ SR: 3rd entry in Silver Street area.
${ }^{829}$ SR: George Heath is 7th entry in Purnell's Court, Horsefair.
${ }^{330}$ SR: 8th entry in Horsefair.
${ }^{831}$ SR: 15th entry in Purnell's Court, Horsefair.
${ }^{832}$ SR: 9th entry in Horsefair.
${ }^{833}$ SR: 10th entry in Horsefair.

Thomas Cadle \& tents
Nicholas Whitebread ${ }^{834}$
John Ducket ${ }^{835}$
John Hodges ${ }^{836}$ \& tent

## King Streete

[Old King Street] ${ }^{837}$
John Tylers garden house
Joane Peters
Widow Fowler ${ }^{838}$
John Davis
John Cromwell
Peirce Wood
Amy Jones
Widow Clarke
William Shepherd ${ }^{839}$
Thomas Marshall ${ }^{840}$
Sarah Davis
Edward Baddam ${ }^{841}$
The Horsefayre ${ }^{842}$
Grace Smith ${ }^{843}$ wid
Joane [blank]
Widow Colston backward
Dorothy Smith wid
George Skreene ${ }^{844}$

3 Matthew James ${ }^{845} 2$
4 Thomas Gilford ${ }^{346} 1$
2 William Thomas 2
5 Thomas Hungerford ${ }^{847} 2$
William Dunne ${ }^{848} 3$
Morgan Earle ${ }^{849} 2$
Widow Arthur 2
1 Henry Hoare 2
1 Edward Bowen ${ }^{850} 2$
2 Richard Watts ${ }^{851} 2$

204
1
1 f. 74 v , col. 2
6
2 Patrick Phillips ${ }^{852}$ \& tents 3 hearths
2 Dennis Hussy 2
2 William ?Defuy 2
Henry Ford ${ }^{853}$ \& tents 6
John Clarke ${ }^{854} 2$
2 Widow Isles voyd 2
1 Abell Wornell \& tent 3
1 Thomas Poyte ${ }^{855} 2$
2 Evan Thomas ${ }^{856} 2$
2 Richard Pullin ${ }^{857} 2$

[^150][Croyden Court]<br>James Phips ${ }^{558}$<br>Widow Veizy ${ }^{859}$<br>George Earle ${ }^{860}$<br>John Griffin<br>Mawrice Griffin ${ }^{861}$<br>Widow Howell ${ }^{662}$<br>Widow Hening ${ }^{863}$<br>Widow Hale ${ }^{864}$<br>Robert Nicholas ${ }^{865}$<br>James Richmond<br>John Paull Jun<br>John Paull Sen ${ }^{866}$<br>John Lloyd voyd<br>Widow Hawkins ${ }^{867}$<br>Thomas Ollive ${ }^{868} 1$ oven<br>Walter Herbert ${ }^{869}$<br>Hanniball Garly ${ }^{870}$<br>Christopher Hyatt Jun ${ }^{871}$<br>Thomas Jones ${ }^{872}$<br>Charles Custons

[^151]| Widow Sweeper ${ }^{883}$ | 4 | Simon Tovey ${ }^{896}$ \& tents | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mary Russell ${ }^{884}$ | 1 | Philip Harris ${ }^{897} 3$ new | 5 |
| Richard Watkins | 1 | Thomas Fudger ${ }^{898}$ | 2 |
| Widow Bird ${ }^{885}$ | 3 | William Isles ${ }^{899}$ \& tent 1 forge | 3 |
| Roger Hardridge ${ }^{886}$ | 4 | Edward Robinson ${ }^{900}$ | 2 |
| Widow Millard ${ }^{887}$ | 3 | Vincent Patch ${ }^{901}$ | 2 |
| Henry Pilla ${ }^{888}$ | 2 |  |  |
| Widow Browne ${ }^{889}$ | 2 |  |  |
| William Bowles ${ }^{890}$ | 2 | 206 |  |
| William Thorne ${ }^{891}$ | 1 |  |  |
| Joseph Creswick voyd | 5 | f. 75, col. 2 |  |
| John Swetnam ${ }^{892}$ \& tents | 6 |  |  |
| Thomas Watts | [-] | Philip Driver ${ }^{902}$ | 2 hearths |
|  |  | Widow Bush ${ }^{903}$ | 3 |
| [Broadmead] |  | George Moore \& tent | 2 |
| Thomas Lugg ${ }^{893}$ | 3 | Michael Woodward ${ }^{904}$ | 2 |
| Bernard Ledman ${ }^{894}$ | 2 | William Rogers ${ }^{905}$ | 1 |
| John Higgins ${ }^{895}$ | , | Lewis Cox ${ }^{906}$ | 2 |
| Widow Eales | 1 | Widow Prosser | 1 |

${ }^{383}$ SR: 17th entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
${ }^{384}$ SR: Mrs Russell is 18th entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
${ }^{885}$ SR: Mrs Bird is 20th entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
${ }^{836}$ SR: Roger Harditch is 21 st entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
${ }^{887}$ SR: Mrs Millar is 22nd entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
${ }^{838}$ SR: widow Piller is 24th entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
${ }^{889}$ SR: 14th entry in Purnell's Court, Horsefair.
${ }^{890}$ SR: Alice Bowles is 25th entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
${ }^{391}$ SR: 26th entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
${ }^{892}$ SR: Goodman Swettman is 3rd entry in St James Back.
${ }^{393}$ SR: 75th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{894}$ SR: 77th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{895}$ SR: Thomas Higgins is 72nd entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{896}$ SR: 73rd entry in Broadmead but see also n. 924. The meeting house is that of the Quakers in the lower end of Broadmead, rented by them from Tovey from 1662 to 1671 , which was taken over by the Broadmead Baptists in August 1671, and where the Baptists built their first Broadmead chapel (for this and Simon Tovey as the Baptists' landlord by 1672 and until 1682 see Hayden, Records of a church of Christ, pp. 64, 78, 243 and 306). Tovey (d. 1684), a baker of St James parish, was not himself a Baptist, nor a Quaker (Mortimer, Society of Friends in Bristol, p. 218) and the minutes refer to him as their landlord and to lodgings under the meeting house which they also rent from 1668 onwards (ibid. pp. 12-14 and 27) and about giving up their meeting house there by August 1671 (ibid. pp. 45 and 50).
${ }^{897}$ SR: 78th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{898}$ SR: 12th entry in King Street area.
${ }^{899}$ SR: 81st entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{900}$ SR: 85th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{901}$ SR: 83rd entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{902}$ SR: 84th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{903}$ SR: 86th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{904}$ SR: 62nd entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{905}$ SR: ‘soapeboyler' 87th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{906}$ SR: 88th entry in Broadmead.

| William Edwards ${ }^{907}$ | 1 | 1 in building |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| John Rawleigh ${ }^{908}$ | 2 | Widow Shapley ${ }^{925}$ \& tents |
| Widow Chalwell | 4 | Robert Dymock ${ }^{926}$ voyd |
| John Tayler 1forge | 2 | Widow Dymock ${ }^{927}$ voyd |
| Nicholas Smith ${ }^{909}$ | 2 | Damson Jeffries |
| Peter Demullin ${ }^{910}$ | 6 | Thomas Hawkins ${ }^{928}$ |
| Thomas Hayter ${ }^{911}$ | 3 | John Thomas ${ }^{929}$ |
| Richard Christmas ${ }^{912}$ | 6 |  |
| Widow Warner ${ }^{913}$ | 2 |  |
| Widow Pope ${ }^{914}$ | 3 | 207 |
| George Lambert ${ }^{915}$ | 2 |  |
| Thomas Bond ${ }^{916}$ | 2 | f. 75 v , col. 1 |
| William Whitfeild ${ }^{917}$ | 1 |  |
| John Parker ${ }^{918}$ | 1 | Thomas Roe ${ }^{930}$ backward |
| George Lamb \& tent | 2 | John Jones ${ }^{931}$ |
| Matthew Kenne ${ }^{919}$ | 1 | John Watkins ${ }^{932}$ |
| Matthew Walton ${ }^{920}$ | 2 | Mary Eaton ${ }^{933}$ |
| Richard Hooper ${ }^{921}$ | 5 | Henry Walker ${ }^{934}$ |
| Thomas Roade ${ }^{922}$ | 1 | Widow Brookman |
| Bernard Coapeman ${ }^{923}$ | 2 | Roger Gibbons ${ }^{935}$ |
| Margaret West ${ }^{924}$ wid \& tent |  | John Mayes ${ }^{936}$ |
| ${ }^{907}$ SR: 3rd entry in King Street area. |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {903 }}$ SR: John Rawlins is 96th entry in Broadmead |  |  |
| ${ }^{909}$ SR: 94th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }^{910}$ SR: 53rd entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| ${ }^{912}$ SR: 51 st entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }^{913}$ SR: Mrs Warner is 49th entry in Broadmead, and 'where Mrs Warner dwelt' is 50th. |  |  |
| ${ }^{94}$ SR: Mrs Pope is 47 th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }^{915}$ SR: 48th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }^{916}$ SR: widow Bond is 19th entry in St James Back/New Buildings. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| ${ }^{918}$ SR: Richard Packer is 41 st entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }^{919}$ SR: 45th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }_{921}$ SR: 40th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| ${ }^{922}$ SR: Thomas Roades is 10 th entry in King Street are |  |  |
| ${ }^{923}$ SR: 38th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }^{924}$ SR: William West is 35 th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }_{925}$ SR: widow Shapley and son in law is 34th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }^{926}$ See above n . 603 for his Lewins Mead entry. |  |  |
| ${ }_{928}$ SR: 27th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| ${ }_{929}$ SR: 'cooper' is 30th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }^{930}$ SR: 31 st entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }^{931}$ SR: 'mason' is 28th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }^{932}$ SR: 90th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
| ${ }_{934}^{933}$ SR: John Eaton is 34th entry in Horsefair. |  |  |
| ${ }^{934}$ SR: 25th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| ${ }_{935}^{935}$ SR: 26th entry in Broadmead. |  |  |

John ?Noakes<br>Henry Rendall ${ }^{937}$<br>William Johns ${ }^{938}$<br>Mary Mann<br>Rachell Hickman ${ }^{939}$<br>Sarah Kenn backward<br>John Meredith ${ }^{940}$<br>Ambrose Hancock ${ }^{941}$<br>John Limbrick ${ }^{942}$<br>John Brock<br>Llewellin Jones<br>Christopher Wise ${ }^{943}$<br>Edmund Woodruffe<br>Thomas Greene ${ }^{944} 1$ new<br>John Harris ${ }^{945}$<br>Francis Payne $\left.{ }^{946} \& \quad\right\}$<br>William Thompson \}<br>Widow Baugh ${ }^{947}$<br>Widow Baugh \& tents<br>John Whealer<br>John Winstone<br>William Rogers ${ }^{948}$

2 John Dowell ${ }^{949}$ voyd 5
4 John Dowell 3 more in building 10
2 William Grigg ${ }^{950} 5$
1 John Bilby ${ }^{951} 7$
1
2
2
5
2

## 2

1 Broadmead
3 Robert Massinger ${ }^{952}$ voyd [-] hearths
4 Henry Medge ${ }^{953}$ 2

4 Humphry Greene \& tents 3
6 John England ${ }^{954} 7$
Giles Gough ${ }^{955} \quad 5$
6 The Soape Workhowse [-]
7 Charles Harvord [-]
2 Thomas Cullimore ${ }^{956} 3$
1 Roger Perkins 2
1 John Gayte ${ }^{957} 2$
12 Joseph Senscall ${ }^{958}$ \& tent 4

[^152]| Widow Brock ${ }^{959}$ | 3 | Samuel Butler ${ }^{975}$ | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| William Berwick ${ }^{960}$ | 3 | John Hine ${ }^{976}$ | 3 |
| Emanuel Tether ${ }^{961}$ | 5 |  |  |
| Thomas Perkes | 3 |  |  |
| Widow Price ${ }^{962}$ | 3 | 209 |  |
| Widow Eagles | 3 |  |  |
| Simon Tovey ${ }^{963}$ |  | f. 76, col. 1 |  |
| 2 in building 1 oven | 6 |  |  |
| Robert Hodges ${ }^{964}$ | 4 | Abraham Berkin voyd | [-] hearths |
| George Hodges ${ }^{965}$ | 2 | William Nicholas | 3 |
| Thomas Pascall | 2 | Widow Culliford \& Fox ${ }^{977}$ | 4 |
|  |  | William Smith ${ }^{978}$ | 3 |
| [St James's Back] |  | John Reynolds | 2 |
| Robert Ollive ${ }^{966}$ | 4 | Widow Dawson | 1 |
| Thomas Reeves ${ }^{967}$ \& tent | 4 | Joseph Broade ${ }^{979}$ | 1 |
| Thomas Wood ${ }^{968}$ | 2 | Elisha Webb | 2 |
| Widow Moore ${ }^{969}$ | 3 | Widow White ${ }^{980}$ | 2 |
| Nicholas Cooper ${ }^{970}$ backward | 3 | Andrew Baker | 2 |
| Henry Margery | 1 | William Bowen ${ }^{981}$ backward | 2 |
| John Jordon ${ }^{971}$ | 4 | John Cornish ${ }^{982}$ | 2 |
| James Tucker ${ }^{972}$ | 2 | William Duddlestone ${ }^{983}$ | 3 |
| Richard Leman ${ }^{973}$ | 3 | Thomas Rosser ${ }^{984}$ | 3 |
| Thomas Maddocks ${ }^{974}$ | 3 | Joseph Haines ${ }^{985}$ | 2 |

${ }^{959}$ SR: 66th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{960}$ SR: William Barruck is 67th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{961}$ SR: Mr Emanuell Tedder is 69th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{962}$ SR: 71st entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{963}$ SR: 73rd entry in Broadmead, but see also n. 856.
${ }_{964}$ SR: widow Hodges is 74th entry in Broadmead.
${ }^{965}$ SR: 10th entry in Broadmead, but see also n. 924.
${ }^{966}$ SR: ‘The house that Robert Ollive lived in’ is 5th entry in St James Back.
967 SR: 4th entry in St James Back.
${ }^{968}$ SR: 7th entry in St James Back.
${ }^{969}$ SR: 8th entry in St James Back.
${ }^{970}$ SR: 9th entry in St James Back.
${ }^{971}$ SR: 10th entry in St James Back.
${ }_{972}$ SR: 11 th entry in St James Back.
${ }^{973}$ SR: Richard Limell is 12th entry in St James Back.
${ }^{974}$ SR: 13th entry in St James Back.
${ }^{975}$ SR: 14th entry in St James Back.
${ }^{976}$ SR: John Hide is 15th entry in St James Back.
${ }^{977}$ SR: Pointz Fox is 38th entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
${ }^{978}$ SR: 2nd entry in Horsefair.
${ }^{979}$ SR: 19th entry in St James Back.
${ }^{980}$ SR: Goodwife White is 15 th entry in Silver Street area.
${ }^{981}$ SR: 20th entry in St James Back.
982 SR: 23rd entry in St James Back.
${ }^{983}$ SR: Thomas Duddlestone is 28th entry in St James Back.
${ }^{984}$ SR: 25th entry in St James Back.
${ }^{985}$ SR: 30th entry in St James Back.

Robert Buckler<br>William Turner ${ }^{986}$<br>John Edmunds ${ }^{987}$ \& tent<br>Edward Cuphard<br>William Andrewes<br>Edward Dale<br>John Collins ${ }^{988}$<br>Thomas Posgett ${ }^{989}$<br>John Walton ${ }^{990}$<br>Widow Seagar ${ }^{991}$<br>Henry Dawson ${ }^{992}$ \& tents<br>Thomas Mason<br>Thomas Greene ${ }^{993}$<br>Widow Price ${ }^{994}$<br>George Heavens ${ }^{995}$ \& tents<br>Widow Brewster<br>Widow Dudderidge

## 2

21
2 Widow Rice ${ }^{1003}$1
6 Widow Daniel11
1 John Hotkins ${ }^{1004}$ ..... 3
2 Thomas Hartly ${ }^{1005}$ ..... 4
Thomas Manesty ${ }^{1006}$ \& tents ..... 3
Robert Nooke 1 oven ..... 3
Jeremy Browne ${ }^{1007}$ ..... 3
St James Almshowse ${ }^{1008}$ ..... 6
Welth[ian] Williams ..... 1
John Hookham ${ }^{996}$ ..... 2
Jam: Dickeson ${ }^{997}$ ..... 2
John Deverell ${ }^{998}$ ..... 2
Anthony Blissard ${ }^{999}$ ..... 2
21
2 William Ricketts ${ }^{1002}$St

## 211

f. 76 v

Com Civit[ati]s Bristoll
Ad General Session Pacis D[om]in[is] Regis tent[a] p[er] Adiournament in Guild Com[itatis] Civit[ati]s p[re]d[icto] Die Jovis scil[ice]t Tertio die Februarii Anno R[egn]I Car s[e]c[un] di \&c[etera] Vicesimo s[e]c[un]do Annoqr D[om]in[I] 1669 cora[m] Rob[er]to Yeamans mil[ite] et Bar[onete] Maior Nathaniel Cale et Walter Sandy Ar[migeris], Rob[er]to Cann mil[ite] et Bar[onete] John Knight mil[ite] John Lawford et John Willoughby Ar[migeris] Tho[mas] Langton mil[ite] Tho:[mas] Stevens, John Hicks et John Wright Ar[migeris] Ald[e]r[men] Justic[iariis] d[i]c[ti] d[omi]ni Regis ad pacem in Com[itatus] Civitat[e] p[re]d[icto] conservand' necnon ad divers[a] felon[ias] transgr[essiones] et al[ia] malef[ac]ta in eodem Com[itatu] p[er]petrat[a] audiend' et terminand' assign[atis]

## Translation

County of the city of Bristol:
At the general session of the peace of the lord king held by adjournment in the Guildhall of the county and city aforesaid on Thursday namely the 30th day of February in the 22nd year of the reign of Charles 2nd etc, in the year of our Lord 1669, before Sir Robert Yeamans baronet, mayor, Nathaniel Cale and Walter Sandy esquires, Sir Robert Cann baronet, Sir John Knight, John Lawford and John Willoughby esquires, Sir Thomas Langton, Thomas Stevens, John Hicks and John Wright esquires, aldermen and justices of the said lord king assigned for keeping the peace, etc, and also for hearing and determining divers felonies, trespasses and other crimes perpetrated in the same county.

Whereas it appeareth to the Courte that James Syddall his Majesties late Officer for the viewing and numbering the fire hearths and stoves in the respective houses and edifices within this Citie and County of Bristol did at the general sessions of the peace holden for the said Citie and County the sixth day of Octover in the twentieth yeare of his Majesties reigne that now is bring into the Courte severall rolls conteyning the number of the fire hearths and stoves within the said respective houses and edifices, And desireth the approbacion of the said rolls by his Majesties justices of the peace at the said sessions, And whereas it then appeared to this Courte that the said rolls were not made according to the Statute in that case provided, there being noe mencion made of the increase and decrease of the respective hearths and stoves since the last accounte sent up into his Majesties Courte of Exchequer and but one collumne in the said rolls, by which the poore that by the Statute are exempted are thereby charged (as well as those that are not exempted) to the payment of the sayd duty, and that the said James Syddall being ordered then by this Courte to amend the said rolls and to make them according to the Statutes, did then refuse to obey the said order by means whereof noe perfect rolls was ever since taken or returned up according to the law And it appearing that the aforesaid imperfect rolls have ever since remained in the hands of the Clerk of the peace for this Citie and County and that the said James Syddall and
his Deputies have collected the duties arising by firehearths and stoves and payable to his Majestie by duplicates of the said lists and rolls It is therore ordered by this the Courte that the Clerk of the peae doe forthwith returne up into his Majesties Courte of Exchequer the duplicates of the said rolls soe imperfectly made to the end that an accounte may be drawne up on the behalf of his Majestie by the same of what monys have beene received by the said James Syddall and his Deputies in this Citie and County for the said duty and revenue.

## Appendix 1 <br> Holy Trinity Ward Hearth Tax Survey in Paper Book, $1668^{1}$ BA F/TAX/A/l/b

212f. 1 [marked 1 in top right hand corner]
Trinity WardeCharles HoltJames WhiteWidow Hooper
John Tyler for 2 howsesWidow WilliamsWm Bleachly$\left\{\right.$ Ricd Grimsby \& tent 1 forge ${ }^{2}$\{Widow Gold\{Widow PurdoeMrs Pardoe \& tent
Henry Dedicott voydNathaniel Merry

\{Daniel Gibbons

\{Daniel Gibbons .....  ..... 1 .....  ..... 1
\{Edward Perry
\{Edward Perry ..... 1 ..... 1
Eliza Balman
Eliza Balman ..... 6 ..... 6
Edwd Toplady voyd ..... 4
James Fisher ..... 5
Samuel Clement
Samuel Clement ..... 3 ..... 3
6 Christo Pitts
6 Christo Pitts ..... 3 ..... 3
10
10
4 Widow Fry ..... 5
5 Charles Harbord ..... 8
Joseph Kippin ..... 4
Wm Clutterbuck ..... 8
3 Bartholomew Brittle ..... 2
1 \{Henry Cullimore ..... 2
\{Henry Broad ..... 2
3 \{The Spurr Inne ..... [-]
213John Browne2
Peter Hawkins \& tent ..... f. 2 ..... 3
Henry Dedicot ..... 5Thomas Watkins 1 newSamuel WidlakeTho BarrettGeo TuckerTho WindowAlexr Cooper 1 forgeJohn WorlockJohn SmallettWidow Cartwright
$\left\{W_{m}\right.$ Ithell ${ }^{3} 1$ forge
\{John Cox
\{Thomas Pockeridge
\{Widow Hutton55
Widow Parker
Jidow Panker
2 Henry Cullimore ..... 1
3 James Atwood ..... 6
3 Francis Fisher ..... 9
3 Wm Colston ..... 5
3 \{George Steart ..... 2
2 \{John Roberts ..... 2
1 Tho Stanfast ..... 4
3 Tho Moggs ..... 5
4 James Freeman ..... 5
2 Eliza Gibbs ..... 6
2 Abraham Cole ..... 3
2 Wm Denby ..... 2
1 \{David Haines ..... 4

[^153]\{John White
\{Widow Smith ${ }^{4}$
\{Edward Watkins
Widow Davis
$\{\mathrm{Wm}$ Sloper 2 ovens
\{John Harris
\{Wm Cole
\{John Morris
Phillip Standridge
Richard Benson
Widow Moone
\{Richard Horsman
\{James Hill
John Clarke
Nathl Day
John Haggatt
Daniel Pimm
Nicho Shute
Humphry Corsley

## Broad Streete

Francis Yeamans
Richard Paine
John Lovering
Nico Fox
Mathew Stephens
Widow Seaward
\{Robt Perrington
\{Francis Little backward ${ }^{5}$

1 John Roberts 4
4 Widow Beede ${ }^{6} \quad 2$
1 James Baskerville 6
8 Thomas Godman 3
3 Wm Salmon 2
3 Solomon Wasson 4
3
3 Tennis Cort (Tennis Court)
3 John Luffe7
4 Phillip Cyphard ..... 2
3 Widow Goldby ..... 1
1 Ricd Hall ..... 2
5 Tho Townsend ..... 2
3 Jasper Jenkins ..... 2
3 Wm Baugh ..... 3
9 Wm Pascall ..... 5
3 Roger Babar ..... 3
2 Mrs Aldworth ..... 8
3 \{Samuel Tayler ..... 3
\{Widow Driver ..... 2
Wm Chappell ..... 1
4 Andrew Webb ..... 3
2 Thomas Prigg \& tent ..... 3
4 John Jones ..... 1
12 The Taylers Hall ..... 2
3 John Baker ..... 6
14 Richd Stubbs ..... 6
20 Robt Aldworth ..... 12
3 Tho Snelgrove ..... 4
Tho Gammon \& tent ..... 4
James Morgan ..... 7
Edward Toplady ..... 8
Ricd Payne ..... 6
\{Ricd Tucker ${ }^{7}$ ..... 2
\{Widow Clymer ..... 1
\{Robt Ashly ..... 1
9 \{Mrs Wright voyd ..... 2
3 Walter Lawrence ..... 6
6 Widow Friend ..... 3

6 Widow Friend 3
f. 3 [marked 2 in top right hand corner]

## Trinity warde

Widow Wells
Henry Hobbs
Timothy Townsend

[^154]
## 215

[blank] Cary voyd [-]
Christo Chappell 2
f. 4

Widow Walton voyd 2
Edward Langly 8
Morgan Williams \& tent
5 Widow Edwards 2
\{Thomas Rich ${ }^{9} 2$
Christmas Streete (Christmas Street) \{Tho Templeman 2
Jonathan Sandford 4 \{John Samm ${ }^{10} 3$
Thomas Shuter
7 \{Geo Gammon 3
\{Widow Parry
\{Wm Berkly 6
\{Widow Freeman
4
Thomas Smarte
Samuel Perincheife

## 216

Wm Deuce
Widow Biddlestone
f. $5^{11}$ [marked 3 in top right hand corner]

Phillip Biddlestone 2 forges
Widow Godman

## Trinity warde

Thomas Godman voyd 1 oven
\{Wm Tilly 5
Arthur Vizard
\{Widow Mayo als Fletcher 3
Henry Freeman
\{Widow Willett 3
Wm Inon
\{John Summerell ${ }^{12} 1$
Wm Gething backward ${ }^{8}$
Wm Dunning
\{Widow Jane 2

Alexa Fox
\{Jane Trinkets
Wm Hix \& tents
Tho Moone senr \& tents
Jonathan Edwards 3
\{Ricd Griffin 5
\{Peter Culme \& tent 2
$\left\{\right.$ Henry Shoper backward ${ }^{13} 2$
Widow Parry voyd 2
3 \{James Matts 4
\{Widow Dandy 2
\{Widow Reynolds ${ }^{14} 1$
Halliers Lane
Wm Wall
Geo Dightonl furnace
\{Tho Meredith 1
\{John Charles 1
Thomas Thomas
\{Henry Hobbs backward 1
Henry Thomas
\{Simon Hurles sopehouse ${ }^{15} \quad[-]$
Walter Flower
\{Simon Hurles garden 2
Wm Jones
${ }^{8}$ Presumably the back part of the building.
9 Following two entries bracketed with Mr Lysons l[andlor]d.
${ }^{10}$ Following three entries bracketed with wid Harris 1[andlor]d.
${ }^{11}$ See Plate 41 for a reproduction of this page.
${ }^{12}$ Following three entries bracketed separately from the previous three bracketed entries with $1[$ andlor $] \mathrm{d}$ written alongside Widow Jane.
${ }^{13}$ Presumably the back part of the building.
${ }^{14}$ Following four entries bracketed with Hobbs as 1 [andlor]d.
${ }_{15}$ Following three entries bracketed with Hurles as 1 [andlor]d

Widow Lewis
Tho Pope 2 in building
Tho Wallis
Henry Joyner 3 in the prison
Widow Badham
Widow Jefferies
Wid Lewis junr
\{Wid Grindall
\{John Lewis
\{Robt Thomas ${ }^{16}$
\{Widow Lewis
Widow Gibbons
Walter Howell
Widow Evans
Walter Wms voyd
Joseph Scory
Wm Saunders
George Taylor
Tho Sinderby
Edward Gibbs
Widow Vinnard
Tho Edmunds

## 217

f. 6

John Pearson voyd
Geo Johns
Mrs Chappell voyd
\{Tho Heath
\{Wm Welsteed
\{Widow Evans
Wm Edwards
Widow Blewellin
John Gillard \& tent
\{Widow Davis
\{Nicholas Potter

## [-] Tower lane

1 \{Wm Edith \& tents 4
2 \{Anne Good 1
$3 \quad\left\{\right.$ Wm Pritchard \& tents ${ }^{17} \quad 4$
3 \{Tho Ward 1
6 John Bevill 4
4 Ricd Biddlestone 2
3 Mrs Stephens voyd [-]
1 John Mason 2
2 Widow Charles [-]
2 John Gandy 1 forge 5
2 James Rowbottom 3
2 John Dunbar 3
1 Alexa Perkins 3
[-] Humphry Jones 2
2 Phillip Harper 1 forge 2
2 Abraham Weare 3
2 Morgan Jones 4
3 Aldm Hickes voyd new [-]
5 John Sawyer 3
2 Aldm Hickes voyd new ${ }^{18}$ [-]
3 Richard Sandford 2
Wm Bickham 3
Mary Gale 2
Wid Hertford 1
Wid Driver 1
Wm Morris 1
Widow Hotkins 1
[-] Tho Pearce 1 forge 2
2 Widow Ingram 1
2 Widow Hawkins 1
3 Widow Cumberbatch 1

3218
2
3 f. 7 [marked 4 in top right hand corner]
4
1 Trinity warde
Anthony Lewis 2
Widow Seaward 3
Widow Cullimore 2

[^155]Widow Ley
John Barratt
Widow Haskins
Alice Phillips
Vincent Snelling
Roger Herman
Widow Chatton

## The Pithay

Tho Monke \& tent
Edward Dunne
A voyd house
Xpofer Ashman
Isaac Friend
Widow Lannt
Grace Bernard
John Clarke
Wm Woodward \& tents
Berwick Brinn
Mrs Hansome
Warner Lucas
Widow Elkinton
John Hand
John Salter
Ricd Stanfast
Phillip Harris voyd
Henry Clement
Jeremy Courtney 1 oven

## Duke Lane (Duck Lane)

John Turford
John Butcher
Tho Austin new
John Winbury
Ricd Clay
Edward Thirkild
Wm Babicomb
Wm Hodges
John Wright
Wm Tayler
Tho Sinderby voyd
$2 \quad 219$
1
2 f. 8

2
3 Walter Hobbs 1 forge 1
7 Arthur Sawyer 3
4 Ricd Wade 2
Arthur Vaughan \& tents 9
Mrs Berry 2
3 Francis Howell 2
2 Wm Browne 2
[-] Tho Hughes 2
[-] John Paine 3
3 Walter Mooreman \& tents 3
3 Edwd Chaundler 4
3 \{Barbara Blagden ${ }^{19} 2$
4 \{John Goodchild 2
5 Mr Henry Elkinton ${ }^{20} 2$
2 Widow Sanders \& Wid Jones 2
2 Francis Gleeds sope house [-]
2 Wm James 2
1 Geo Powell \& tent 2
1 Widow Williams 1
2 Antho Ball 2
4 Widow Brinn 2
[-] Wm Feare 2
2 Joseph Phillips 3
Nico Lysons 1
Widow Twayts 1 oven 3
Edward Parris 3
Henry Hoare 4
Widow Benson 2
[-] Robt Clement 1
[-] Simon Driver 1
2 Wid Williams 1
Mr Jeekill voyd [-]
[blank] Chapman 1
Widow Window 2
St Johns Almshouse 10

[^156]Bristoll
Wee whose names are under written doe certifie that the survey of the ward of Trinity is a true survey to the best of our knowledge witness our hands

Jonathan Sandford \}
Thomas Bensone $\}$ con[sta]bles Henry Hobbs \}
<James Siddall>
Maurice Orchard
Robt Fowler $\}$ coll[ecto]rs

# Appendix 2 <br> Exemption Certificate for Temple Parish, 1675 <br> BAJQS/M/5 

## 220

12 February 1674/5 [manuscript 81 names]

Civitas Bristoll
We the Minister Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poore of the $\mathrm{p}[\mathrm{ar}]$ ish of Temple in the Citty of Bristoll doe certifie that the sev[er]all p[er]sons hereunder named liveing in the s[ai]d parish are very poore and in great want and doe live in houses that have but two firehearths or stoves respectively And doe receive Almes for their support and by reason thereof are exempted from the usuall paym[en]t to the Church and poore wittnes our hands this 12th day of February 1674
f. 262 v , col. 1

Richd Fettikatt
Widd Spering
Benja Barklett
Henr Thomas
Geo Hipslie
John Willms
Sam Stote
William Timberman
Josua Holbrock
John Wheeler
John Racklie

Geo Huntington
Josua Line
Widd Boult
Eliza Martin
Joseph Compton
Widdow Harring
Widdow Shute
Elizab Allen
John Saunders
Phillip Lock
John Phelps

## 221

f. 262 v , col. 2

Widdow Pryn
Widdow Stone
John Webbe
John Williams
William Howell
Samuell Burges
John Tayler
James Hodges

Jon Thomlinson
Widd Dymond
John Robins
Edward Thomas
Charles Bluett
Thomas Lyons
Thomas Curnock
Edw Sinderling

Nicholas Sculk
Phillip Rooke
Anne Rooke
Richard Hyatt
Widdow Davids
Richard Syfars

## 222

f. 262 v , col. 3

John Sydney
Thomas Hill
John Bannester
Thomas Whittock
William Gray
Richard Sanders
Rich Keethe
William Price
Widdow Allen
Edmond Smerick
John Witt
Widd Grimsbury
James Powell
Rich Thomas
William Coleman
John Abbott
William Toureman
Geo Redwood
Edw Battell
Widd Monday

223
f. 262 v , col. 4

William Pope senr
Rich Townsend
Eliza Elliott
Widdow Lewis
John Dydall
Geo White
Widdow Jones
Christo Rang[e]r
John Evans
Margarett Apon
John Jones
Widdow Hoddgis
John Harris
Walter Thomas
Anne Tovey
Edith Boord
Widd Noble

John Chetwind vicar
Math Rogers, Jon Hawkins churchwardens
John Gray sen, Sam Tibbett overseers

Wee whose names are hereunto subscribed being his Maj[es]t[ie]s Justices of the peace $\mathrm{w}[\mathrm{i}]$ thin the Citty and County of the city of Bristoll have $\mathrm{p}[\mathrm{er}]$ used and considered the list of the above named $\mathrm{p}[\mathrm{er}]$ sons who receiving Almes \& liveing in houses that have but two firehearths chimneys \& stoves in their respective houses are by law \& also by the Instructons \& rules thereupon made by his Maj[es]t[ie]s late Attorney gen[er]all \& Sollicitor general \& by the Orders thereupon made by the late $\mathrm{L}[\mathrm{or}] \mathrm{ds}$ Com[missione]rs of the Treasury absolutely freed \& discharged from paym [en]t of the duty of hearth money w[i] thout any other certificate and that they ought to be sett in the columne of paup[er]s and therefore doe allow of the same accordingly Given under our hands and seales this 17th day of February 1674
[signatures of ]
Ralph Olliffe mayor John Knight Jon Lawford 1674

# Appendix 3 <br> St Philip and Jacob Outparish's 1672 Hearth Tax Return and Exemption Certificates for 1671-3 

## 1672 Hearth Tax Return

TNA E 179/247/14
[The inhabitants of the out parish were taxed under the tithings of Upper and Lower Easton in Gloucestershire. Their names can be found in the Gloucestershire returns of which the most legible is that for the year ending Michaelmas 1672.]

224
m. 43, col. 1

## Barton Regis hundred

Upper Easton
Rich Jarman
Rich Bristoll
Wm Cox
Wm Jorrell
Tho Hobbs
Wm Justine
Phill Hollister
Robt Cubbins
Wm Whitman
Tho Fleming
Robt Gibbons
\& for a forge 2 halfe yea[rs]
John Tovey
Robt ?Shoull
Toby Doale
Rich Winstone
Widd Davis
John Vizerd
Robt Guning
John Pitman
Henry Sampson
Mr Sanders
Wid Hadly
\& for 2 forges 2 halfe yea[rs]

225
m. 43, col. 2

John ?Jening 2
Isaak Hilton 4
3 Henry Hearne 2
2 Joseph Dyer 2
2 James Barnard 2
3 Wm Phipps 2
2 Wm Wheler 3
2 John Watts 5
2 Tho England 2
5 Antho Williams 3
3 Tho Prin 3
1 James Serry 3
4 James Goodstop 2
1 \& for a forge 2 halfe yea[res] 1
3 Bennett Aldrige 7
4 Mr Hadley 8
7 Wm Bushell 2
4 Mr Woollen 5
3 John Bower 2
5 John Walker 2
3 Wm Cooke 2
1 Tho Pearce 2
2 John Wise 2
3 Walter Moggs 3
2 Christ ${ }^{\text {B }}$ Benett 2
2 Tho Clements 1

John Crimpe
Tho Bitton
Wm Watson
John Baber
Wm Wheler
Obadiah Cantor
Robt Howe
John Haynes
Wm Kinge
Geo Bray
Henry Parker
Wm Skiner
Mr Wearing
Nath Evans
John Webb
Robt Sumer
Wm Foot
Adam Grimes
James Hobbs
John Andrews
Wm Tayler
Tho [...]
Wm Benett
Tho Farmer
John Heming
Christr Ling
Wm ?Fie...tt
Robt Frogland
James Buck
Wm Crodby
Henry Randell
John Lyes
John Curtis
Henry ?Fainte
Mr Bromhill
Hugh Hobhouse
Tho England
Tho ?Joyner
Wm Winston
Robt Mills

3 John Lyes 1
3 Sam Crodby 1
4 Mr Larken 4
3 Mr Aldworth 3
2 Mr Rowland 7
3 Tho Terrett 4
3 Mr Harely 5
2 Mr Steevens 10
3 Mr Hooke 6
4 Widd Bide 2
3 Tho Gray 7
6 Mrs Yeath 2
3 Mr Harford 4
3 John Bushell new erected \}
3 pd one halfe yeare $\}^{1} \quad 7$
3
$2 \operatorname{Ex}[$ aminatu]r 314 5

2 These persons following are
1 discharged by legal certificate
Wm Morgan 1
Edw Shepherd 1
Rich Parsons 1
Rich Brock 1
Wm Atkins 1
Edw Grening 1
Dorothy Corige 1
Joane Redman 1
Anne Hughs 1
Austin Parsons 1
Wm Parsons 1
Mary Childe 1
Wm Arnold 1
Mary Core 1
Robt Jackson 1
John Edwards 1
Walter Turberfeild 1
Joseph Nibley 1
Jane Hibbs 1
Kath Core 1

[^157]m. 44, col. 1

Wid Anderson
Widd Lace
Christr Bishop
Tho Leven
Widd Hurtnell
Alice Crocher
Martha Crocher
Margt Hayward
James Griffin
Jane Davis
Pail Nicholls
Widd Cole
Widd White
Sam Haynes
John Roch
Noah Sims
Mary Bradshaw
Sam Ellery
Wm Derrett
Wm Williams
Tho Welbed
Widd Jones
Tho Sweet
John Legg
Widd Manter
Rich Wraxell
Nich Willis
Arthur Hicks
Owen Leven
Widd Hooper
John Hooper
Rich Brewer
Widd Tomkins
John Redman
Widd Carver

Ex[aminatu]r
m. 44, col. 2

1 Lower Easton
John Milsome 3
Mr Price 1
Mr Feilding 4
?Sand Sinde 1
Rich Winston 7
John Tilly 1
Mr Piatt 5
Benett Roe 2
Christr Butler 2
1 Rich Harris 3
2 Wm Tayler 1
1 Geo Tayler 1
1 Tho Tayler 1
2 Mr Merrick 5
1 Theoph Newton 5
? Mrs Slye 3
Margt Terrett 3
John Bristoll 2
Rich Chandler 2
? Dan Adams 5
Moses Jacob 2
Robt Parish 2
Geo Croker 1
Widd ?Mantaine 3
Wm Williams 2
Tho Ma...tin 2
Widd Chester 6
Tho ...2 1
[.....] 2
Barth Pope 7
Robt Barrett 3
Mrs Richards 6
Rich Green 3
Widd Riddle 1
Wm Roe $\quad 2$
57 Ex[aminatu]r 100
Viewed p[er] Wm Fordred collr
John Bristoll constable

2 Membrane rubbed so this and following name illegible.

## Exemption certificates 1671-3

## 228

1: 27 November 1671 (TNA E179/329)
[printed heading except for words in italics]
We the Minister of the Parish of St Phillip and Facob in the county of Gloucester together with the churchwarden and overseers of the said Parish, do hereby certifie unto His Majesties Justices of the Peace for the said County That we do believe, that the respective Houses wherein the Persons here under-named do Inhabit, are not of greater value than twenty shillings per Annum upon the full improved Rent; And that neither the Person so inhabiting, nor any other using the same Messuages hath, useth, or occupieth any Lands or Tenements of their own, or others, of the yearly value of twenty shillings per Annum; Nor hath any Land, Tenements, Goods, or Chattels of the value of ten Pounds in their own possession, or in the possession of any other in trust for them: And that the said Houses have not above two Chimneys. Fire-Hearths, and Stoves respectively
Witness our Hands this 27th day of November 1671
col. 1

Amoss Anderson
Margarett Lacey
Walter Turberfeild
Jane Davis widd
Widd Williams alias Hooper
Richard Parsons
<Austin Parsons>

William Parsons
Widd James at the limekiln
William Williams
Tho Hilbertt
Christian Bishopp
Paule Nicholas senior
Alexander Diney

## 229

col. 2

Widd Hurtnoll
Widd Mantaine
Widd Redman
<John> Richard Brocke
Richard Cox
Robert Jackson
Noah Sims
Widd Shepherd
John Parsons
John Basker

Tho Leven
Katheren Corey
Mary Corey widd
John Mantaine
Elizabeth White
John Pearce
Tho Godwyn vicar
Tho Elliott churchwarden
William Pope overseer

| We Allow of this certificate containing 29 names | Widdow Hurtnoll |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Alre Crocker |
|  | Martha Crocker |
| [ 7 Fs's signatures] John Meredith, Christopher Cole | Margerett Maynard |
|  | James Griffin |
|  | Jane Daves |
| 230 | Paule Nicholas |
|  | Widdow Coole |
|  | Widdow White |
| 2: 16 June 1672 (TNA E 179/116/544 no. | Samuell Hines |
| 124) | John Roch the elder |
| [printed heading - see reproduction in Plate 42] | Noah Sims |
|  | Mary Bradshaw |
| col. 1 | Samuell Ellery |
|  | William Terrett |
| William Morgan | Thomas Welbed |
| ?Edoe Shepherd |  |
| Richard Parsons |  |
| Richard Brock | 232 |
| William Attkins |  |
| Edward ?Gunning | col. 3 |
| Dorothy Corey |  |
| Joane Redman | Widow Jones at the lime ?kills |
| Ann Hewes | Thomas Sweete |
| ? Augustin Parsons | John Legg |
| William Parsons junior | Widdow Muntaine to be discharged |
| Mary Childe | Richard Wraxall |
| William Arnoll | Nicholas Willis junior |
| Mary Corey | Arthur Hicks |
| Robert Jackson | Owen Leven |
| John Edwards | Widdow Hooper |
| Walter Turberfeild | John Hooper |
| Joseph Bibbe | Richard Brewer |
| Jane Hobbes | Widdow Tompkins |
| Katherin Corey | John Redman |
|  | Widdow Carver |
| 231 | Tho Godwyn vicar |
|  | Dennis Roe churchwarden |
| col. 2 | Roberte Gibbons, Phillip Hollistor overseears of the pore |
| Widdow Anderson |  |
| Widdow Lacey | [ 7 Ps ${ }^{\text {s signatures] }}$ Fran Fane, |
| Christian Bishopp | Christopher Cole |
| Thomas Leven |  |

233

3: 23 October 1673 (TNA E 179/329)
[printed heading - same introductory text as no. 1]

William Atkins
Tho Crockers widdow
Richard Crockers widdow
Widdow Gunning
Robertt Jackson
George Fleavill
<Widdow ...>
Kattering Cory
Jone Readman widd
Eadeath Sheperd widdow
Widdow Brock
Joseph Bibbell
William Morgan
Widdow Hoopper
Thomas ?Mimtum
Margrete Mainnord widd
John Legg
Frances Parsons
Christian Bishshop widd
Widow Munting

## 234

col. 2

Thomas Smith
Elizabeth White widd
Richard Phips
Thomas Sweete
Edward Elliotte
Prudence Jervice
Amos Anderse?n
Margret Lacy widow
<Thomas ...>
Walter Turbefeild
Austing Parsons
William Parsons
Widdow ? Currell

Widdow Davice
John Roch senior
Widdow Rudvell
Widdow Hobbs
Mary Cory widow
John Cloude
John Manting
Richard Parsons
John Wilkisen

## 235

col. 3

James Howell
Giles Willis
Widdow Morgan
Pall Nickolus
Widdow Cole
James Grifith
<widow ...>
Widdow Huse junior
John Hoopper
John Redburn
John Anderesse
Richard Harris
Widdow Butler
John Redman
John Ford
Edward Mayle
[......]
Thomas Smith
John Edwards
Willum Arnell
Nickolus Willis junior

Tho Godwyn vicar
Samuell Fox churchwarden
Henry Parker, Obediah Carter overseers
[7Ps signatures] John Meredith,
Christopher Cole upon the attest of Samuell
Fox churchwarden

# Appendix 4 <br> Clifton's 1672 Hearth Tax Return and Exemption Certificates for 1671-3 

## 1672 Hearth Tax Return

TNA E 179/247/14
[Taken from the Gloucestershire return for the year ending Michaelmas 1672]

## 236

m. 43 col. 1

## Barton Regis hundred Clifton

John Harvey
Capt Deane
Mrs Merifeild
Capt Edwards
James Williams
Mrs Roach
Mr Green
John Wickham
Thomas Warne
Lawrence Browne
William Bayley
Roger Adams
Michael Waste
Isaak Holloway
George Garland
Edward Band
Jonathan Hew
John Johnson
Prudence Davis
George ?North
William Croome
Arthur Vaughan
John Parsons
Roger Mihan $1 \&$ forge
\& for 1 forge 4 half yrs
John Salter
Nicholas Hamond

Edward Band 4
Peter Osborne 1
Thomas Garland 7
Mr Care 3
David Nicholls 2
Thomas Stock 5
5 Thomas Gardner 2
3 John Bayley 4
5 William Morrice 1
3 Mary Parker 4
2 Widow Snelgrove 2
4 William Nibbs 3
6 Joseph Albert 2
4 Edw Johnson 2
3 Mr Davis 4
10 Mr Horner 5
4 John Hogger 4
5 Mr Goodman 2
5 Wm Lugg 3
1 Mr Morgan 4
6 John Watts 5
1 Christopher Nurse 1
4 Sorton ?Iwell 4
4 Widow Yeamans 2
2
2 ex[aminatur] 174
2
4 These persons following weare
2 discharged by legall cert[ificate]
2 Walter Rudge 1
2 John Johnson 1
4 Walter Williams 1
3 Mary Lewis 1

Joane Stokes<br>William Pope<br>William Pope senior<br>David Lowe<br>Widow Robbins<br>Widow Weltham<br>Widow Browne<br>John Washborrow<br>James Robbins<br>Thomas Morgan<br>Rogere Guy

1 Thomas Davis 1
1 David Morgan 1
1 Giles Williams 1
1 Thomas Reding 1
1 Anne Austin 1
1 Anne Morgan $\underline{1}$
1
2 ex[aminatur] 22 1

1 Viewed p[er] William Fordred coll[ector]
1 George Worth constable

## Exemption certificates 1671-3

## 237

1: 31 October 1671 (TNA E 179/329)
[manuscript]
We the minister of the parish of Clifton in the county of Gloucester together with the churchwardens and oversears of the said parrish do here by certifie unto his majesties justice of the peace for the said county that we do believe that the respective houses where in the persons here undernamed do Inhabit are not of grater value than twenty shillings per annum upon the full improved Rent and that neither the person so inhabiting nor any other using the same messuages hath useth or occupieth any lands or tenements of their own or others of the yearly value of twenty shillings per annum; nor hath any lands tenements goods or chattels of the value of ten pounds in theire own possession or in the possession of any other in trust for them: and that the said houses have not above two chimneys, fire hearths and stoves respectively
Witness our hands this 31 of October 1671

Walter Ruge
Roger Gui
Ann Asling
William Pope senior
<Giles Jones>
James Owing
Ann Lewis
Davi: Low
James Robbins
Thomas Morgan
Giles Williams
Walter Walter
Welthing Daves

## 238

## 2: 27 April 1672 (TNA E 179/116/544)

[printed with manuscript insertions using same certificate as Appendix 3. This particular certificate has the same name order as the 1672 return and the dating evidence suggests that the names from it were copied on to the return.]
col. 1
Walter Rudge
John Johnson
Walter Williams
Mary Lewis
<William Morris>
<John> Jone Stokes
William Pope junior
William Pope senior
Davy Low
The widow Robins
Widd Welthirn
The widow Brown
<Walter ...>
John Washborough
<?Francis> James Robins
Thomas Morgan
Roger Guy
col. 2
Ann Morgan
Old Davis at the Down
Davy Morgan
Giles Williams
Thomas Redding
Ann ?Ausstin
Thomas Davies minister
William Godman \}
Thomas Gamer $\}$ churchwardens
We allow of this certificate containing 21 names
[7Ps’ signatures] John Meredith, Christopher Cole
This was attested by Thomas Gaymer churchwarden

## 239

3: 9 October 1673 (TNA E 179/329)
[printed with manuscript insertions using same certificate as Appendix 3]

| Owen Davis | David Rowe |
| :--- | :--- |
| Edward Bond the younger | Charles Chick |
| Marie Dier | William Morrice junior |
| Thomas Gaynor junior | Welthen Davise |
| Thomas Morgan | Andrew Browne |
| William Joanes | Anne Morgan |
| David Morgan | Walter Walters |
| William Pope the elder | Anne Asten |
| William Pope junior | David Nikolas |
| Giles Humberston | Walter Rudge |
| Margaret Browne | Anmy Pickrin |

Robert Williamson minister of Clifton
Thomas Garland and \}
Lawrence Browne \} churchwardens
Lawrence Browne and \}
Edward ?Johns $\quad$ \} coletors for the poore of Clifton

We allow of this certificate containing 22 names
[ 7 Ps' signatures] Francis Fane, Christopher Cole

# Appendix 5 <br> Bristol Notables in the Hearth Tax 

by Jonathan Barry

This table provides the data discussed in the Introduction, part 2 section c). Main occupation given where known, and date of death (if known) if 1660-73. ${ }^{1}$ Titles given only if held 1660-73 (several others were knighted later).

A = Alderman, followed by note of ward/s for which responsible in this period, with dates.
CC = Common Councillor (only periods on Council that cover 1650-73 noted)
M = Mayor (mayoral year from Michaelmas) in 1660-73
S = Sheriff (shrieval year from Michaelmas) in 1660-73
SMV/M or W = Master or Warden of the Society of Merchant Venturers in 1660-73
The five lists in the Chimney Book are abbreviated as: 1662M; CB2; 1668; 1670M; and 1673L. For their datings see Introduction part 1, section d).

Locations in 1662M and CB2 are in parishes (except Castle, an extraparochial ward), those for later lists in wards [where exact address is known/inferred, this is given in square brackets, with names of inns noted]; as discussed in the Introduction, parish and ward boundaries did not coincide, even where they shared names. References are made to Christchurch parish but Holy Trinity ward and similarly to St Mary Redcliffe parish but Redcliffe ward, though contemporaries were not consistent and might use either term for either parish or ward. Both CB2 and 1673L are incomplete, so absence of data for these two lists is not necessarily significant.

Aldermen 1662-73:
Balman, Richard brewer CC1637-67 A1656-67 St Thomas [d. c. 6/66]. 7h esq. in 1662M and 6h esq. in CB2 both St Peter [39-40 Wine Street - Three Horseshoes] (then Elizabeth Ballman 6h in 1668).

[^158]Cale, Nathaniel chandler CC1660-72 A1662-3 St Michael then Holy Trinity 1663-72 [d. c. 5/72]. 16h esq. in 1662M and CB2 both Christchurch [44 Wine Street - Christopher Inn?] - then blank for a garden house in St James in 1668.
Cann, Sir Robert merchant CC1649-85 M 1662-3 A1663-85 St Nicholas [knighted 22/4/62]. 10h Sir Robert Cann in St Werburgh in 1662M - blank as 'knt and baronet' in St Ewen in 1668 and then Sir Robert Cann 10h in ditto in 1670M and 1673L - all in Small Street. Also had a house at Stoke Bishop.
Colston, William merchant CC1661-4 A1661-4 Redcliffe [resigned 17/11/64; d. 1681]. 5h in 1662M and 5h esq. in CB2 both in Christchurch (Wine Street), 5h in Holy Trinity 1668 and blank Colston 5h in ditto in 1670M.
Crabb, William merchant (not SMV) CC1659-1702 S1665-6 A1673-1702 Temple. 6h in Temple in all lists [ 6 Temple Street].
Creswicke, Sir Henry merchant CC 1660-8 A1661-3 St Mary le Port then 1663-8 St Ewen [knighted 5/9/63; d. 28/9/68]. 15h esq. in St Werburgh [20 Small Street] in 1662M, then blank in St Ewen in 1668. Also 1h esq. gardenhouse in St Michael [Upper Maudlin St.] in 1662M, recorded as blank in CB2 and 1668. Also had a house at Hanham Court.
Gonning/e, John merchant CC 1630-62 A1646-63 St Nicholas [d. 11/62]. 9h esq. in St Werburgh [8 Small Street] in 1662M (then Elizabeth Gonning -h in St Ewen in 1668, and Robert Gonning esq. 9h in 1670M). Also 2 h esq. in garden house in St Michael [17 Park Row] in 1662M, ditto -h in CB2 and Mrs Gonning 2 h in 1668 and - Gonning 2 h in 1670M.
Gregson, Richard vintner? CC1660-2 A1661-2 St James [d. c. 10/62]. 11h esq. in Christchurch [63 Wine St - Nags Head] in 1662M, which by CB2 was Edward Hurne per Richard Grigson. Another Richard Grigson had 6h in Castle [Castle Street] in 1668.
Hickes, John mercer CC1661-1700 M1671-2 A1667-88 All Saints. 10h in All Saints [9-10 High Street - latter the Blackamoors Head] in 1662M and 12h in CB2, then 11h in St Mary le Port in 1668 and 1670M. Also 3h in Castle in 1662M [Castle Green] and 3h vacant in Holy Trinity [Tower Lane] in 1668. Also (as John Hix) 4h in St Michaels [Cromwell House, Royal Fort] in 1662M, which by CB2 was John Tucker for John Hickes, but listed as John Hickes again in 1670M and 1673.

Hooke, Sir Humphrey landowner CC Dec. 1662-1664 A1662-4 but not sworn [resigned 17/3/64; MP 1661 and 1666-77]. 13h Sir in St Stephen in 1662M and CB2 [40-2 Princes Street]. Hooke lived at Kingsweston House outside the city.
Jackson, Miles merchant CC1631-63 A1650-63 St Ewen [d. c. 2 or 3/62-3]. 8h esq. in St Nicholas [Welsh Back] in 1662M. Alexander Jackson is 8 h in ditto in CB2. The Jackson family owned 25-7 Small Street, 10 Castle Green, a house in St Nicholas Street and a house outside the city at Sneyd Park [Leech, Topography, pp. 159-60 and Leech, Town house, pp. 258-9 and Selective Inventory on CD].

James, Alexander merchant CC1661-5 A1660-5 but never sworn [resigned 12/9/65]. 8h esq. in St Nicholas [Welsh Back, next to Marsh Gate] in 1662M, CB2 and 1668, then 7 h in ditto in 1670 M , though CB1670 gives this as 'Thomas James alderman'.
Knight, Sir John merchant CC1660-83 M1663-4 A1662-73 Temple then 1673-83 St Ewen [knighted 5/9/63]. 7h esq. Temple [Temple Street] in 1662M, 7h Sir in ditto in CB2, 9h in ditto in 1668 (plus 2 voyd houses) and in 1670 M and 1673L.
Knight, John merchant and sugarmaker CC1661-79 S1664-5 SMV/M1666-7 M1670-1 A1672-9 St Stephens. 11h in St Augustine [Great House, St Augustine's Back] in 1662M and CB2 (plus 6h in CB2), 17h in St Michael in 1668 and 16h in 1670M and 1673L.
Langton, Sir Thomas merchant CC1659-73 M1666 A1664-73 St Michael (knighted 4/11/66; d. c. 6/73). 11h in St Nicholas [11-12 Welsh back] in 1662M, then 10 and 1 h in ditto in CB2, then (as Sir) blank in 1668, then 8 h in 1670M. Also 8h in St Werburgh [15 Small Street] in 1662M. Also 2h in gardenhouse in St Michael [Church Steps] in 1662M, blank in CB2. The family also lived at Langton Court in Brislington [Leech, Town house, pp. 258-60].
Lawford, John grocer CC1646-88 M1664-5 A1663-4 St James then 1664-88 St Mary le Port. 7h in St Peter [Wine Street] in 1662M and CB $2-8 \mathrm{~h}$ in St Ewen [Small Street] in 1668, 1670M and 1673. In 1670M a 'widow' of John Lawford alderman has 8h in All Saints.
Lock, John merchant CC1660-6 A1660-6 All Saints [d. c. 10/66]. No sign in 1662 M but 8h esq. in St John in CB2.
Morgan, Edward upholsterer CC1653-69 M1667-8 A1665-69 St James [d. 11/9/69]. 4h in St Thomas [20, the Bridge] in all lists. Also 2 void in St Peter [Peter Street] in 1662M, and in St Mary le Port in 1668, and 7h esq. in Redcliffe [Redcliff Street] and blank in Castle [Castle Street] in 1668.
Oliffe, Ralph vintner CC1661-83 S1664-5 A1673-9 Redcliffe. 10h in St Thomas [2 Redcliff Street - the Bear Inn] in 1662 and CB2 and in Redcliffe in 1668 and 1670M. Also 4h in St Michael (Upper Maudlin St) in 1668 and 3h in 1670M and 1673L.
Pope, John merchant CC1646-63 SMV/W1661-2 A1663 only St Michael [resigned 29/9/63]. 7h in St John in 1662M and (as esq.) ditto in CB2.
Sandy, Walter ironmonger/merchant CC1640-72 Al656-72 St Stephen [d. c. 5 or 6/72]. 7h esq. in St Nicholas [13-14 Baldwin St] in 1662M and CB2, 4h esq. in St Nicholas in 1668, then both 4h and 5h (13-14 and 20 Baldwin St respectively] in ditto in 1670 M and 1673 L .
Stevens, Thomas grocer CC1656-79 M1668-9 A1667-72 St Thomas then 1672-9 Holy Trinity. 7h in St Nicholas [N. end of Bridge] in 1662M and CB2, then 6h as Alderman Stevens in St James [within the Gate] in 1668, 1670M and 1673L.

Streamer, Richard merchant CC1661-80 S1663-4 SMV/W 1665-6 SMV/ M1672-3 A1672-5 St James. 6h in St Werburgh [part of 8 Small Street] in 1662M, then in St Ewen in 1668, and 11h in ditto [8 Small Street] in 1670M and 1673L.
Willoughby, John merchant CC1652-73 SMV/M1665-6 M1665-6 A1664-73 Redcliffe [d. c. 2/1672-3]. 10h in St Thomas [28 Redcliff Street] in 1662M and CB2 and as esq. in Redcliffe in 1668, then as Alderman in ditto in 1670M, plus 2h void in ditto [Redcliff Hill] in 1670M.
Wright, John merchant CC1661-72 S1662-3 A1669-72 St Ewen [d. 9/72]. 7h in St John [in Duck Lane] in 1662M and as esq. in CB2, and in Holy Trinity in 1668 and 1670 M .
Yeamans, Sir Robert merchant CC1661-87 SMV/M1662-3 S1662-3 M1669-70 A1672-87 St Thomas [knighted 7/9/63; baronet 12/66]. 7h in St Stephen [the Quay area] in 1 and (as esq.) in CB 2, then 8h in St Michael [Park Row] in 1668 and 7h (as Sir) in 1670M. Also 15h in St Ewen [20 Small Street formerly Creswicke's house] in 1670 M and 1673 L .

Common Council, SMV officers or leading council officials 1662-73:
Aldworth, John merchant CC1663-8 SMV/W1664 S1667-8 [d. 12/6/68]. 8h in St Michael [St Augustine area] in 1668 and widow Aldsworth in 1670M.
Aldworth, Robert town clerk 1653-76. 11h esq. in St John [39-40 Broad St] in 1662M and CB2 then 12h in Holy Trinity in 1668 and 1670M.
Appleton, Henry haberdasher CC1661-2 [resigned 11/62]. 4h in St Nicholas [on Bridge, under chapel] in 1662 and 5h in CB2.
Bevan, Thomas upholsterer CC1669-75. 3h in St Nicholas [31 High St] in 1662M and CB2 and in St Mary le Port in 1668 and 1670M. Also 1h gardenhouse in St Michael [Upper Maudlin St] in 1662M and blank in CB2.
Birkin, Abraham soapboiler CC1662-9 [d. c. 1/69]. 5h in St Mary le Port [High Street area] in 1662M and 6h in ditto in 1668. Also void in St James [Broadmead] in 1668.
Bradway/Broadway, John vintner CC1661-6 S1663-4 [d. 1666]. 9h in St Nicholas [Welsh Back] in 1662M and CB2 replaced by Thomas Bradway in 1668. Also 4h in St Michael [Upper Maudlin Street] in 1662M and a blank in CB2.
Cade, James merchant CC1671-84. 10h in St Ewen [Small Street] in 1668, then 8h in Holy Trinity [Halliers Lane] in 1670M.
Cary, Shershaw merchant SMV/M1671-2. 7h in St Augustine [St Augustine's Back] in 1662M and CB2 and in St Michael in 1668, and 5h in 1670M and 1673L.
Cecil, John apothecary CC1663-84. 5h in All Saints [High St] in 1662M and CB2, then 6h in St Mary le Port in 1668, then 5h in 1670M.
Clutterbuck, William grocer CC1671-1702. 8h (with his mother) in St Peter [31-2 Wine Street] in 1662M and CB2 and in Holy Trinity in 1668 and 1670M.

Cole, William merchant CC1661-2 [resigned 10/62]. 6h in St John [Broad Street] in 1662M. Also 3h in Christchurch [Wine St] in 1662 M and 2 h in CB2 and 3 h in Holy Trinity in 1668.
Cooke, John merchant CC1669-80 SMV/W1672-3 S1672-3 Chamberlain 1680-98. Possibly 4h or 5h in Temple in lists from 1668.
Creswick, Joseph merchant CC1666-1708 SMV/W1665-6 S1666-7. 8h in St Werburgh [Corn Street area] in 1662M, then 9h in St Ewen in 1668 and 8h in 1670M and 1673L. Also 5h in St James void in 1668 and 5h in 1670M.
Crumpe, Richard chandler/soapmaker CC1661-1700 S1665-6. 3h in St Thomas [the Bridge] in 1662M, 4h (twice) plus 1 h in CB2, then 8 h in 1668, 6 h in 1670 M , 7 h in 1673L.
Day, Thomas soapmaker CC1661-84 S1670-1. 5h in St Thomas [133 St Thomas St] in all lists. Also blank h. in 1668 in Redcliffe [Redcliff St], then 5h in 1670M. In c. 1672 he also built a garden house on Barton Hill [Leech, Town house, p. 242].
Deane, Gabriel merchant/mariner CC1659-61 SMV/W1669 3h in St James [69 Lewins' Mead] in 1662M then 6h in St Michael in 1668 but 2 h exempt in ditto in 1670M. 'Capt' Deane had 3h in Clifton in 1673 [TNA E 179/247/14].
Donning, William merchant CC1669-84. 8h in Holy Trinity [Christmas Street] in 1668 and 1670 M .
Dymer, John grocer CC1668-74 S1673-4. 6h in St Nicholas [St Nicholas St in 1662 M and CB2 and All Saints (with tenant) in 1668 and 1670M (Dymont). Also 4h in St Nicholas [Back St] in 1662M.
Earle, Thomas merchant CC1669 SMV/W1670-1 S1670-1. No sign in hearth tax.
Elliott, William draper CC1661-6 [d. c. 12/66]. 8h in St Nicholas [2 Welsh Back] in 1662M and 7h in CB2 then - Elliott vacant in St Nicholas in 1668.
Eston, Thomas merchant CC1667-89 S1670-1 SMV/W1670-1. 6h in St Nicholas [22 Baldwin Street] in CB2 (twice) then 10h in St Nicholas in 1668, 7h in 1670M and 10 h in 1673 L .
Feilding, Edward soapmaker CC1668-84. 5h in St Peter [Peter Street] in 1662M then 10h in CB2, then blank and 2h in St Mary le Port in 1668 and 8h in 1670M.
Gibbons, William CC1662-7 [d. c. 9/67]. 5h in St Nicholas [the Bridge] in 1662M and CB2.
Gleson, Henry linendraper CC1669-84. 4h in St Thomas [the Bridge] in 1662M and CB2, then (as Gliston) 6h in St Thomas in 1668 and 5h in 1670M and 1673L. Also 3h in Redcliffe [Redcliff Street] in 1668.
Godman, Thomas baker CC1662-8 [d. before 11/68]. 5h in St John [Christmas Street] and/or 3h in Christchurch [53 Broad St] in 1662M and CB2. In 1668 a widow Godman has 5h [Christmas St] and Thomas Godman has 3h [Broad Street] in Holy Trinity: latter is Samuel Godman by 1670M.

Gough, Henry merchant CC1661-84 SMV/W1662 S1667-8. 5h in St Johns [27 Broad Street] in 1662M and CB2, then blank in St Ewen in 1668 and 6h in 1670M and 1673L. Also 3h in St Michael [Steep Street] in 1670M and 1673L.
Griffith, Christopher merchant CC1661-84 M1672-3. 9h in St Nicholas [Welsh Back] in all lists.
Hart, Richard merchant CC1661-86 S1668-9 SMV/W1669-70. 9h in St Nicholas [St Nicholas St] in 1662M and CB2, then 9h vacant in All Saints in 1668 and 10 h in St Ewen [Quay area] in 1670M and 1673L. Also 1h in St Michael [Lewins Mead] in 1670M.
Hassell, William merchant CC1662-75 SMV/W1663-4 and 1667-9 Chamberlain 1675-80. 8h in St Werburgh [19 Small Street] in 1662M and in St Ewen in 1668, 1670M and 1673L. Also 3h in St Thomas [Tucker Street] in CB2 and both 2 and 4h [St Thomas St] in 1668, 1670M and 1673L. Also 2h in St Nicholas [Back Street] in 1668.
Hayman, William merchant CC1671-1702. Could be William Hyman 2h in St Nicholas [Baldwin St] in 1670M and 1673L, who may be - Heyman 3h there in 1668.
Holland, Richard milliner CC1671-8. 5h in St Nicholas [the Bridge] in 1662M, 6 h in CB2 and $1668,5 \mathrm{~h}$ in 1670 M and 1673 L .
Hurne, Edward vintner CC1661-78 S1669-78. 10h in St John [29-30 Broad Street - Mermaid tavern] in 1662M and CB2 and 13h in St Ewen in 1668. Also 11h in Christchurch [63 Wine Street - Nag's Head] in CB2 then 11h in St Mary le Port in 1668 and 1670M. Also Mr Hurne 11h in St Michael [Manor House, Park Lane] in 1668 and 10 h in 1670 M and 1673L.
Jackson, Alexander merchant CC1664-72 SMV/W1663-4 [d. c. 4/72]. 8h in St Leonard [Baldwin St] in 1662M then 8h in St Nicholas [Welsh Back]in CB2 (replacing Miles Jackson) then 7h in St Michael [Cathedral Precinct] in 1668 and 4 h in 1670 M and 1673 L .
Jackson, William merchant CC1669-84. 5h in Redcliffe [Redcliff St] in 1668 and 1670M and/or 3h in St Ewen [St Leonards Lane area] in 1668 and 2h in 1670M and 1673 L .
Lane, George jnr merchant CC1669-79 SMV/W1671-2 [see also father, below]. 3h in St Michael [Lower Church Lane area] in 1662M, blank in CB2, then 4h in 1668, 1670M and 1673L. Also 2h in Redcliffe [Redcliffe St] in 1668.
Lane, Gerard CC1662-1671 [resigned 8/8/71]. 3h in St Thomas [St Thomas St] in 1662 M and CB 2 and 5 h in later lists.
Langley, Edward merchant (not SMV) CC1661-9 [d. c. 5/69]. 6h in St John [Halliers Lane] in 1662M and CB2 and 8h in Holy Trinity in 1668.
Little, Humphrey goldsmith CC1661-80 S1668-9. 4h in St Thomas [the Bridge] in 1662 M and CB 2 , then that property vacant but another 6 h on Bridge in 1668, then 3 h and 4 h [both on Bridge] in 1670 M and 7 h and 4 h in 1673 L .

Lloyd, John brewer CC1661-81 S1666-7. Numerous properties, may be 7h in St Peters [Wine St] in 1662M and/or 3h in St Peters (near Shambles) in 1662M and CB2, then 4h and 1 furnace in St Mary le Port in 1668 and 3h in 1670M.
Lysons, William merchant CC1661-4/1669 but not sworn until 1674 [resigned 7/75]; SMV/W1665-6 SMV Treasurer 1673-4. 6h in St Werburgh [18 Small Street] in 1662M, 8h in St Ewen [Small St] in 1668 and 1670M.
Merrett, Henry goldsmith CC1671-84. 2h in St Nicholas [High St] in 1662M and CB2, then 2h in St Mary le Port in 1668 and 5h in 1670M. Also 4h and 2h in Redcliffe [Redcliff Street] in 1668 and 4h in 1670M.
Moore, Thomas merchant SMV/W1662-3 and 1664-5 [d. 1675]. 8h in St Stephen [Marsh Street area] in all lists.
Powell, Charles apothecary CC1661-70 S1669-70 [d. c. 12/70 or 1/71]. 5h in All Saints [37-8 High Street] in CB2 and 6h in 1668 and 5h in 1670M. Also 3h garden house in St Michael [Park Lane] in 1662M, blank in CB2 and 2h in 1668.
Prigg, Thomas woollendraper CC1663-73 [d. c. 7/73]. 7h in St Michael [1-2 Lower Park Hill] in 1662M and CB2, then 10h (as 'alderman') in 1668, but in 1668 also 5h (as 'alderman') in Maudlin Lane and 6h near Cathedral, last also in 1670M and 1673L. Also 3h with tenant in Holy Trinity (Tennis Court, Broad St) in 1668 and 2 h in 1670 M .
Rich, Henry soapboiler CC1656-63 [d. before 4/73]. 6h in St Thomas [St Thomas St] in 1662M and CB2 then 7h and 2 saltpans in Redcliffe [Redcliff St] in 1668 and 7h in 1670M. Also 5h in St Michael [Lewins Mead] in 1670M and 1673L.
Saunders, Abraham soapmaker CC1671-93. 4h in St Thomas [St Thomas St] in 1662 M and CB2, then 6 h in 1668, 5 h in 1670 M and 1673 L .
Stubbe, Richard merchant (not SMV) CC1662-75 S1671-2. 7h in Christchurch [41-2 Broad St] in 1662M and CB2, then 6h in Holy Trinity in 1668. Also Mr Stubbs new in St Michael [Upper Church Lane] in 1668 but no sign in later lists though there in 1674 [Leech, Town house, pp. 238-9, 346].
Thruston, John soapboiler Chamberlain 1662-1675. 6h in Temple [Counterslip] in 1662M, CB2 and 1668 (with 1 furnace in 1668), then 8h in Redcliffe [Redcliffe St] in 1670 M . Also 4 h in St Stephen [Quay area] in 1662 M and CB 2 then William Thurston there in later lists.
Tilly, Nicholas whittawer CC1662-73 [resigned 4/3/73]. 5h in St Peter [17 Broad Weir] in 1662M and CB2 then 11H in St James in 1668 and 1670M and 12h in 1673L.
Tippett, Samuel sugarmaker CC1661-1670 [resigned 9/1/1670]. 4h in Temple [7, Counterslip] (plus 1 void) in $1662 \mathrm{M}, 4 \mathrm{~h}$ in CB2, 5 h in 1668 , 4 h in 1670 M and 1673L. Also 2h in St Thomas in CB2.
Tocknell, Walter merchant SMV/M1667-9. 6h in St Stephen [Quay] in all lists (4h in 1673L).

Tovey, Thomas soapmaker CC1663-9 [d. c. 11/69]. 6h in St Thomas [the Bridge] in 1662 M and CB 2 then 7 h in 1668, plus his workhouse in Redcliffe [Redcliff Street] 5h in 1668 (taken by Samuel Wharton in 1670M).
Vickris, Robert merchant CC1650-62 [resigned 11/62] SMV/M1669-70. 9h in St Stephen [King Street] in 1662M and 1668. Also 9h in St Leonard [Baldwin St] in 1662M and 5h in St Nicholas in 1670M and 1673L.
Wharton, Samuel soapmaker CC1667-80. 8h in St Thomas [137 Redcliff St] in 1 and 2 then 10h in Redcliffe in 1668 and 6 h and 4 h in ditto in 1670 M (latter for Tovey's workhouse).
Willett, William merchant CC1664-79 SMV/W1666-8 S1668-9 SMV/ M1670-1. 8h in St Stephen [Baldwin St] in 1662M and CB2 then in St Nicholas in 1668 and 7 h in 1670 M .
Williams, Charles merchant CC 1668-81 SMV/W1672-3. 7h in St Werburgh [Corn Street] in 1662M, then 11h in All Saints in 1668 and 10h in 1670M.
Yeamans, Joseph brewer? CC1663-8 [d. c. 12/68]. 6h in St Mary Redcliffe [111 Redcliff St] in 1662M, CB2 and 1668.
Young, Edward soapboiler CC1661-83 S1672-3. 5h in St Thomas [St Thomas St] in 1662M and CB2, then 7 h in 1668, 1670M and 1673L. Also 3h in St Mary le Port [Shambles area] in 1668.

## Previous Common Councillors:

Attwood, George mercer CC1656-61 [d. before 8/64]. 8h in St Nicholas [the Bridge] in 1662 M and CB2.
Baugh, Richard whittawer/glover CC1659-61. 4h in All Saints [High Street] in 1662M, CB2, 1668 and 1670M. Also 5h in St Peter [Broad Weir] in 1662M and CB2.
Blackwell, Jonathan vintner CC1653-61 [London alderman 1668; d. 1676]. 17h in St Stephen [Fisher Lane - the Three Cranes] in 1662M, CB2 and 1668. Also 9h ('Captain') in St Michael [Park Row] in 1668 then esq. in 1670M and 1673L.
Bowen, John merchant CC1652-61 (d. 1674). 11h in St Werburgh [41 Corn St] in 1662M then 9h St Ewen in 1668 and 12h in 1670M.
Collins, Nehemiah 'gent' CC1655-61 [d. 12/64]. 8h in St Philip [76-7 Old Market] in 1662M and CB2.
Crofte, James merchant CC1645-61. 9h in St Werburgh [3-5 Small Street] in 1662M, then 7h in St Ewen in 1668 and widow there in 1670M.
Farmer, Arthur brewer CC1640-62 A1656-61 Redcliffe [d. before 4/1668]. 8h esq. in St Thomas [113 Redcliff St] in 1662M and CB2 then widow 9h in Redcliffe in 1668.
Gay, Anthony merchant CC1655-61. 6h in St Leonard [Quay area] in 1662M then in St Ewen [9 Small Street] in 1668 and 1670M but also 9h in 1670M and 1673L. Also 3h gardenhouse in St Michael [Upper Maudlin St] in 1662M, blank in CB2.

Gibbes, Henry draper CC1636-61 A1652-1661 St James [d. before 10/67]. 9h in Castle [13 Castle Green] in 1662M.
Harper, John linendraper CC1650-61 7h in St Nicholas [The Bridge] in 1662M and CB2. Also 6h in St Michael [Manor House, Royal Fort] in 1662M, CB2 and 1668 and 5 h in 1670 M and 1673 L .
Harris, Thomas brewer? CC1650-61. Too many of this name to identify for sure: there are 4 in 1662 M with $3-6$ hearths and 7 in 1670 M with $3-7$ hearths. But probably 5h in Castle [63 Castle St] in 1662M, then 7h in 1668, and 3h in St Thomas [Redcliff Street] in 1662M then Redcliffe in 1668 onwards, as well as a garden house outside the city, first Tilly's Court House Barton Hill, then the Whitstry Newfoundland Lane [see Leech, Town house, p. 242].
Hiley, Peter whittawer (Quaker) declined CC in 1668. 9h in St Peter [Broad Weir] in 1662M and 8h in CB2, then St James 10h in 1668.
Holwey, Jeremiah merchant CC1656-61 St Ewen [Corn Street] 8h in 1662M, CB2 and 1668 and 7 h in 1670M. Also 4 h and 6 h in Castle [70-72 Castle Street] in 1668 and 6h in 1670M [see Leech, Town house, pp. 134-5].
Lane, George the elder merchant CC 1645-1661 [see also son, above]. 5h in Christchurch [Broad St] in 1662M and CB2.
Parker, Timothy linendraper CC1656-61. 8h in St Nicholas [The Bridge] in $1662 \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{CB} 2$ and 1668 then 6 h in 1670M and 1673L.
Powell, James mercer CC1645-51; Chamberlain 1651-62 (d. before 4/63]. 8h in Castle [20 Castle Green] in 1662M.
Roe, Henry ironmonger (Quaker) CC1653-6. 7h in St Nicholas [The Bridge] in 1662M and CB2 and 8h in 1668 and 1670M. Also 6h in St Augustine [Frogmore St] in 1662M and CB2 and ('Major') in St Michael in 1668, 1670M and 1673L.
Stephens, Walter linendraper CC1656-61. 6h in All Saints [35? High St] in 1662M, CB2, 1668 and 1670M.
Stephens, William CC1661 but not sworn. Too many to identify in 1662M - 4 entries with 3-11 hearths.
Vickris, Richard merchant CC1645-61 A1646-61 All Saints [d. before 2/69]. 6h esq. in St Leonard [17 Baldwin St] in 1662M and 7h and 2 furnaces in St Nicholas in 1668.
Yate, Robert merchant CC1645-61; A1658-61 Holy Trinity. 10h in St Werburgh [Small St] in 1662M, 11h in St Ewen in 1668, 1670M and 1673L.
Yeamans, William merchant (Quaker) CC1646-61 [d. before 4/73]. 9h in St Werburgh [16-17 Small St] in 1662M, 10h in All Saints [All Saints Lane - Rummer or New Inn] in 1668 and 13h in 1670M. Also 5h in St Leonards [Baldwin St] in 1662M.

Esquires not otherwise listed:
Fitzherbert, John collector of customs. 7h in St Augustine [Cathedral precinct] in 1662M and ('esq.') in CB2, then Mr with blank h there in 1668.

Gonning, Robert [heir of alderman John, see above]. 9h esq. in St Ewen [8 Small $\mathrm{St}]$ in 1670 M .
Haggett, John steward of sheriff's court 1645-62. 8h esq in Christchurch [5 Wine St] in 1662M and CB2, 9h esq. in Holy Trinity in 1668, 8 h esq. in 1670 M . Also 4h in garden-house St Michael [W of Church Steps] in 1662M, blank in CB2 and 1668, then 3h in 1670M and 1673L.
Robins, John steward of sheriff's court 1662-90. 12h esq. in St Ewen [Corn St Bush Tavern?] in 1668 and 11 h in 1670 M and 1673L.

# Appendix 6 <br> Householders with 8 or more Hearths <br> in the 1670 Hearth Tax 

by Fonathan Barry

This list is arranged by ward (alphabetically), recording (in ascending order of hearth numbers) the number of hearths, the occupation of the taxpayer (if the property is an inn, but the taxpayer is not an innkeeper, the occupation is given in brackets after the word inn), the address of the property (with street number as assigned by Leech, Topography or Leech, Town house, if known) and finally the taxpayer's name as given in the TNA list for Michaelmas 1670 in brackets [with standard version of name if significantly different and/or extra editorial information in square brackets, including where the Chimney Book 1670 list (CB) varies significantly]. Uncertain attributions are indicated with a question mark; failures of identification are marked with a double question mark. The main sources used for identification are those listed in the footnote to Appendix 5.

All Saints 8 merchant 40 Corn Street (Henry Days [Deyos])
All Saints 8 cook Corn Street (Nicholas Dupaine [Dupon])
All Saints 8 inn (lawyer) Three Tuns in Corn Street (John Hellier)
All Saints 8 grocer Corn Street (John Lawford)
All Saints 9 innholder Bull at 30 High Street? (William Olliffe)
All Saints 10 vintner St Nicholas Street next to Gillows Inn (Theophilus Mascall)
All Saints 10 merchant Corn Street (Charles Williams)
All Saints 10 merchant Corn Street (William Burges)
All Saints 13 ?? ?? Andrew Webb [but 5h only in CB]
All Saints 13 inn (merchant) Rummer (or New) Inn All Saints Lane (William Yeomans)
All Saints 15 innholder Gillows Inn St Nicholas Street (Nathaniel Parker [Packer])
Castle 8 merchant Castle Green N. side (Thomas Scrope)
Castle 8 (new) physician Castle area ([Ichabod] Chaunce [Chauncy])
Castle 10 pipemaker/merchant? Castle Street (Richard King)
Holy Trinity 8 confectioner's widow Broad Street [next to 2 other inns which were part of later White Lion] (widow [of Thomas] Wells)
Holy Trinity 8 grocer 31-2 Wine Street (William Clutterbuck)
Holy Trinity 8 lawyer 5 Wine St (John Haggett)
Holy Trinity 8 bowling green? (merchant) Halliers Lane (James Cades [Cade])

Holy Trinity 8 merchant's widow c. 50 Broad Street ([Mary] Aldworth widow [of Richard])
Holy Trinity 8 merchant Christmas Street (William Dunneing [Dunning])
Holy Trinity 8 soapboiler Broad Street (Edward Toplady)
Holy Trinity 10 Newgate gaol Newgate (Thomas Hobson)
Holy Trinity 12 inn (saddler?) White Hart in Broad Street (Nicholas Fox)
Holy Trinity 12 town clerk 39-40 Broad Street (Robert Aldworth)
Holy Trinity 14 inn (vintner's widow) Broad Street [later part of White Lion]
(Eliza[beth] Sheward widow [of Robert])
Holy Trinity 20 innholder Broad Street [later part of White Lion] (Robert Pennington)

St Ewen 8 apothecary 4 Broad Street west (Marten [Elianor Martin] widow [of William but traded herself])
St Ewen 8 grocer Small Street (John Lawford)
St Ewen 8 merchant 37 Corn Street? (Richard Beckham [or Bickham])
St Ewen 8 merchant Small Street (William Lyson[s])
St Ewen 8 merchant 18 Small Street (Thomas Speede)
St Ewen 8 merchant/soapboiler 19 Small Street (William Hasle [Hassell])
St Ewen 8 merchant c. 42 Corn Street (Joseph Creswick)
St Ewen 8 tailor? the Quay? (John Gillman)
St Ewen 8 widow Small Street (widow Owen)
St Ewen 9 linendraper St Leonard's Lane (Richard Olliver)
St Ewen 9 gentleman part of No. 8 Small Street (Robert Gonning)
St Ewen 9 merchant house to north of No. 8 Small Street (Anthony Gay)
St Ewen 10 merchant/linendraper the Quay? (Richard Hart)
St Ewen 10 vintner St John's area (Joseph Berry [or Bury])
St Ewen 10 lawyer? Small Street (Stephen Chapman)
St Ewen 10 merchant Small Street (Sir Robert Cann)
St Ewen 11 merchant Small Street (Robert Yate)
St Ewen 11 inn (lawyer) Bush Tavern at 53 C/D Corn Street (John Robins)
St Ewen 11 merchant part of No. 8 Small Street (Richard Streamer)
St Ewen 12 merchant 41 Corn Street? (John Bowen)
St Ewen 13 inn (vintner) Mermaid Tavern 29-30 Broad Street (Edward Hurne)
St Ewen 15 merchant No. 20 Small Street (Sir Robert Yeaman [Yeomans])
St James 8 whittawer Broadmead (John Dowell)
St James 8 sugarmaker Whitson Court (Thomas Ellis)
St James 9 sugarmaker Whitson Court (Thomas Ellis)
St James 9 multiple/inn? (innholder?) 'within the Gate' (Joseph James [or Jones] and tenants)
St James 9 merchant's widow? The Barton (widow [of George] Merredith)

St James 10 innholder 'within the Gate' (William Olliver)
St James 10 mason? St James Back and New Buildings area (James West)
St James 10 merchant Broadmead (William Rogers)
St James 11 brewer St James' Churchyard (Henry Lloyd)
St James 11 sugarbaker Whitson Court (Anthony Wood)
St James 11 whittawer 17 Broad Weir (Nicholas Tilley)
St Mary le Port 8 baker 58-9 Wine Street (William Turner)
St Mary le Port 8 innholder Lamb at 50-1 Wine Street (Thomas Biggs)
St Mary le Port 8 soapmaker Wine Street (Francis Gleede)
St Mary le Port 8 soapmaker Peter Street (Edward Feildeing)
St Mary le Port 8 inn? (victualler) Raven? 17 Mary le Port Street (William Hurtnall)
St Mary le Port 8 vintner High Street (John Davadge)
St Mary le Port 8 soapboiler 42-3? Wine Street (Simon Hurle)
St Mary le Port 10 soapmaker 38 Wine Street? (Daniel Wastefeild)
St Mary le Port 10 inn (vintner) Nag's Head at 63 Wine Street and 3/4 High Street (Edward Hurne)
St Mary le Port 10 cook Narrow Wine Street (John Rumins [Romeing])
St Mary le Port 10 grocer 22 High Street (Thomas Gouldney)
St Mary le Port 10 innholder White Swan 16A Maryleport St (Joseph Jones)
St Mary le Port 11 inn (mercer) Blackamoors Head 9-10 High Street (John Hicks)
St Mary le Port 16 innholder boundary of Peter Street and Wine Street ([Ann]
Dweight, widow of George Dwight, and previously of Thomas Butler both innkeepers)
St Mary le Port 16 sugarhouse St Peter's Hospital Peter Street (William Swift)
St Mary le Port 20 innholder Dolphin Inn Dolphin Street (John Teague)
St Mary Redcliffe 8 ?? Redcliff Street (Hugh Lewis)
St Mary Redcliffe 8 brewer's widow 113 Redcliff Street (widow [of Arthur] Farmer)
St Mary Redcliffe 8 pinmaker? Redcliff Street (Thomas Hewlett)
St Mary Redcliffe 8 soapboiler/chamberlain Redcliff Street (John Thrueston)
St Mary Redcliffe 8 soapmaker/merchant 3 Redcliff Street (Charles Jones)
St Mary Redcliffe 8 woollendraper 23 Redcliff Street (Walter Guntur)
St Mary Redcliffe 8 cooper next to 39 Redcliff Street (Richard Burrett)
St Mary Redcliffe 8 ironmonger Redcliff Street (Edmund Radish [Reddich])
St Mary Redcliffe 9 ironmonger? Redcliff Street near Bridge End (Richard Tayler)
St Mary Redcliffe 9?? Redcliff Street near Bear Inn at No. 2 (James Lyte [Light])
St Mary Redcliffe 10 innkeeper White Horse Inn 143 Redcliff Street (Andrew Morris)
St Mary Redcliffe 10 inn (vintner) Bear 2 Redcliff Street (Ralph Olliffe)
St Mary Redcliffe 10 merchant/linendraper 28 Redcliff Street (John Willoughby)

St Mary Redcliffe 10 merchant's widow Redcliff St close to Red Lion at No. 7
(Hannah Lannder [widow of Edward Launder])
St Mary Redcliffe 10 ?? Redcliff Street (Thomas Attkins and tenants)
St Mary Redcliffe 10 ?? ?? (John Davis and 7 other tenants)
St Mary Redcliffe 11 inn (mariner) Pile Street (Rose and Crown at 59?) (Gregory Lewellin)
St Mary Redcliffe 14 innkeeper Red Lion 7 Redcliff Street ('Le Red Lyon’)
St Mary Redcliffe 14 inn? (widow) Redcliff Street (Ann Cooke [widow in 1668])
St Mary Redcliffe 16 inn? (?) west side of Redcliff Street very close to Bristol Bridge (Benjamin Reede)

St Michael 8 merchant Red Lodge Park Row (Robert Henly)
St Michael 8 merchant's widow St Augustine's area (widow [of John] Aldworth)
St Michael 8 sugarrefiner/merchant Park Row (Thomas Jennin $[g] s)$
St Michael 9 brewer 72 Lewins Mead S. side (Henry Deighton)
St Michael 9 gentlewoman? College Green (Ann Smith)
St Michael 9 vintner Park Row (Jonathan Blackwell)
St Michael 9 widow Park Row (widow Redwood)
St Michael 10 vintner Manor House Park Lane (Edward Hurne)
St Michael 10 gent Royal Fort House (James Bridger)
St Michael 10 gentleman? Cathedral precinct (Richard Northerne)
St Michael 10 widow Hudson? [only 2h in CB - this may be Red Maids Hospital]
St Michael 11 schoolmaster Queen Elizabeth Hospital College Green (John Masey [Massy])
St Michael 13 Dean Deanery College Green (Richard Towgood)
St Michael 14 Bishop Bishop's Palace Lower College Green (Gilbert Ironside)
St Michael 16 merchant/sugarmaker Great House on St Augustine's Back (John Knight)

St Nicholas 8 inn (vintner) Mermaid Tavern 61 Baldwin Street (Thomas Bradway)
St Nicholas 8 merchant 12 Welsh Back (Sir Thomas Langton)
St Nicholas 8 merchant? Welsh Back (Mr [John?] Cole)
St Nicholas 8 soapboiler's widow Welsh Back ([widow of Edward] Sheappard)
St Nicholas 8 vintner c. 56 Baldwin Street (Daniel Phillipps)
St Nicholas 9 ropemaker Marsh Gate and ropehouse in Welsh Back (Daniel Addams)
St Nicholas 9 drinkselling widow? Welsh Back next to No. 12 (Mary Bevis)
St Nicholas 9 merchant Welsh Back (Christopher Griffeth)
St Nicholas 10 widow c. 22-4 Baldwin Street (Alice Baker widow)
St Nicholas 10 woollendraper Welsh Back (Peter Rosewell)
St Stephen 8 cooper's widow Marsh Street (widow [of Griffin] Batten)

St Stephen 8 merchant Marsh area (Thomas Moore)
St Stephen 8 ?? King Street? (John Fyson [Flyson])
St Stephen 9 widow The Quay (widow [Sarah?] Pale [Paul])
St Stephen 9 shipbuilder Marsh area (Francis Bayliffe [Bayly])
St Stephen 10 vintner The Quay (Thomas Linton)
St Stephen 10 cook The Quay (John Fryser)
St Stephen 10 merchant Marsh area (Samuel Clarke)
St Stephen 12 sailor Marsh Street (John Minor)
St Stephen 15 inn (vintner) Three Cranes Fisher Lane? (Edward Jacob)
St Thomas 8 gentleman? St Thomas Street (Mr [George?] Gibbs)
St Thomas 8 widow $c .118$ St Thomas Street (widow Huttson)
St Thomas 8 innholder's widow St Thomas Street (widow [of Robert] Jones)
St Thomas 11 soapboiler's widow St Thomas Street (Elioner Legg [widow of Richard])
St Thomas 12 innkeeper St Thomas Street next to No. 134? (John Bushell)
St Thomas 13 innholder St Thomas Street (Richard Stacey)
St Thomas 13 inn? (vintner) St Thomas Street (Christopher Brimsden)
St Thomas 24 inn (lawyer?) St Thomas Street (William Cox)
Temple 8 innholder Bell Inn? Temple Street (John Landman)
Temple 9 merchant near 18 Temple Street (Sir John Knight)
Temple 10 grocer East Tucker St (later Counterslip) (Thomas Ballard)
Temple 10 tobacconist? near Temple Street? (William Attwood)
Temple 15 clothier 10 Temple Street? (John Gray [senior])

# Appendix 7 The Hearth Tax and Bristol Population Estimates 

by Jonathan Barry

Hearth tax data has often been used to estimate population, both of an entire unit and of its component parts. Given the perils of estimating from a single source, it is often triangulated with other contemporary sources, of which the best known national sources are the Compton Census of 1676 and the taxation records of the 1690s, in particular the Marriage Duty taxes from 1695, which in Bristol (as London) generated an apparently full census of the population in spring 1696, listing about 20,200 people within the city limits. I will argue that Bristol probably had c. 15,500 people within the city limits in 1670, with up to 1,200 more in the out-parish of St Philip.

In Bristol's case we have the benefit of five hearth tax listings, but only 1670 M is both complete and explicit in its recording of both chargeable and exempt entries and hearths. ${ }^{1}$ However, like other lists after c. 1664, 1670M is not organised by parishes but by wards (which cut across parish boundaries), which makes it hard to compare both with the first two hearth tax listings and with other sources, which are all compiled by parish. The first listing (1662M) covers all the parishes, but does not include non-chargeable entries, and is clearly less full than 1670 M . The second list (probably $1664-5$ ) is even less full than 1662 M and does not cover all the parishes, though we have a contemporary total (by ward not parish) for the Lady Day 1664 return given in the accounts in TNA. The third list (for 1668) is complete in its geographical coverage and contains more entries than any other list (4224 entries, of which 196 do not record a hearth number, reporting 12,227 hearths), but, as the JPs complained at the time, it did not distinguish in their view the not chargeable householders and their hearths. The final listing (1673L) omits several wards. We also have records of hearth tax revenues registered by the Exchequer 1685-8, which are also important, if problematic, sources.

Various attempts have been made to estimate Bristol's seventeenth-century population. ${ }^{2}$ Sacks has looked in depth at the likely population in the first decade of the seventeenth century, when chroniclers quoted an apparently accurate enumeration of the population as 10,549 in $1608 .{ }^{3}$ Given approximately 2,200 deaths in the plague

[^159]outbreak of 1603-4, these suggest a pre-plague figure of around 12,000. Even if population then increased until 1642, it is likely to have fallen again due to the civil war sieges and subsequent plagues of 1643 and 1645 , in which Slack shows that 2,800 people died in 10 parishes for which we have burial registers, which contained roughly two-thirds of the town's population in the 1630s (these parishes contain 65.7 per cent of the hearth tax entries in 1662). Slack estimates that these parishes contained not more than 10,000 people in the 1630 s , implying a total population by 1640 of not more than $15,000 .{ }^{4}$ On the other hand, Slack's figures for annual burials in these 10 parishes $1632-41$ ( 387.3 p.a.) are almost 60 per cent higher than for the period 1593-1602 (242.6 p.a.), which if typical of population growth across the city would imply a population of 19,000 by 1640 ( 60 per cent above 12,000 ): this seems implausibly high, and the parishes in question include most of the suburban parishes which may have grown fastest, so an overall growth rate of 40 per cent may be more likely, suggesting 16,800 people by 1640 . With a likely death toll of more than 4,000 in 1643-5, it seems that the population post-plague will have been between 11,000 and 12,800 , so a reasonable estimate would be 12,000 in 1645.

Thereafter, all the evidence suggests that Bristol grew rapidly (especially given the failure of plague to get established in the city in 1665) as the Atlantic trades expanded, with new housing being built in areas such as the castle, the Marsh and the eastern suburbs. The rate of men taking up the city freedom was 26 per cent higher 1650-1674 (145 p.a.) than in the 1630 s ( 115 p.a.), and then rose another 17.5 per cent 1675-99 (170 p.a.), although the growth in the number of apprentices enrolled each year was much more modest, hardly exceeding the 275 p.a. recorded in the 1630 s. ${ }^{5}$ If we assume an even growth in population from 12,000 in 1645 to 20,200 in 1696, then this implies an annual growth rate of just over 1.01 per cent. This would suggest a population of 15,490 in 1670 (and 14,275 in 1662, 16,469 in 1676 and 18,054 in 1685, all dates discussed below). All of these figures, it should be noted, exclude the out-parish section of St Philip, which was growing rapidly in this period, but whose population is hard to estimate until in 1712, when it had 400 houses (compared to 263 in the in-parish). ${ }^{6}$ Its population in 1670 is unlikely to have exceeded 1,200, and may have been less.

The first attempt to estimate Bristol's population from hearth tax data comes from the pioneer of English demography, William Petty, who in an essay on political

[^160]arithmetic published in 1687 stated that in 1685 Bristol possessed 16,752 hearths and 5,307 houses, which (using various inflated multipliers) he argued (wrongly) implied a population of $40-56,000$ people, with a median estimate of 48,000 . Petty presumably obtained these figures from the hearth tax office, although he does not state this explicitly. ${ }^{7}$ The surviving records of the hearth tax for that period are minimal, but the hearth tax paid to the Exchequer for Bristol for the two returns in 1685 would amount to a tax on at least 15,441 chargeable hearths (an unspecified allowance for charges will have been deducted). ${ }^{8}$ It seems likely that Petty had access to data which recorded exempt hearths as well - if so his figure of 16,752 implies that there were up to 1,311 exempt hearths ( 16,752 less $15,441+$ ), or up to 7.8 per cent of the total. This seems plausible, given that in 1670 there were 1,155 exempt hearths (comprising 10.5 per cent of the total), given that criteria for exemption were being applied more stringently over time. In 1670 there were 3.086 hearths per entry, which would suggest 5,428 entries in 1685 ( $16,752 / 3.086$ ), which is close to Petty's ' 5307 houses', suggesting that his total of 'houses' may refer to all entries. If the non-chargeable hearths were 1.58 per entry (as in 1670) this would imply 830 non-chargeable entries, and hence 4,477 chargeable ones. As we shall see, there may have been several entries for a single 'house' in the building sense: as late as 1712 Bristol was only reckoned to have 4,311 'houses'. ${ }^{9}$

Both Petty's data and other hearth tax returns for the 1680s, however, pose a major challenge to any attempt to analyse the earlier hearth tax data as a reliable guide to Bristol's population. Although the figures for 1686-8 fluctuated considerably, ${ }^{10}$ they are all very much higher than the chargeable hearths recorded in the early 1670s (9,898 in 1670, and oscillating around 10,150 in the next few years), let alone the 6,925 chargeable hearths in the first return of 1662. It does not seem plausible to explain the rising numbers solely as the result of population growth, nor (with no major epidemic such as plague) to explain the variations between years in the 1680s, except by concluding that changing levels of efficiency in tax collection, rather than changes of population liable, were the major driver in the changes in the hearths recorded, and that over time there was an ever greater number of hearths taxed per head of the population, reaching a peak in 1685. If the population estimates given above are correct, then in 1662 there were about 2.06 people per chargeable hearth $(14,275 / 6,925)$, in $16701.56(15,490 / 9,898)$ and in 1685 only a maximum of 1.17 $(18,054 / 15,441+)$. The implications of this for exemptions and evasion of tax are discussed in the Introduction, part l section c.
${ }^{7}$ Economic writings of William Petty, ed. C.H. Hull (2 vols; London, 1964), vol. II, p. 534.
${ }^{8}$ Analysis of hearth tax accounts 1666-1699, ed. G.A.F. Meekings (List and Index Society, 163, 1980), pp. 145 and 148 records receipts of $£ 771 \mathrm{ls} 6 \mathrm{~d}$ for 1685 L and $£ 772$ 19s 9 d for 1685 M .
9 BL Add. MSS 5811 , f. 91 v , reproduced in W. Barrett, The history and antiquities of the city of Bristol (Bristol, 1789), pp. 99-100. See also E. Ralph, ed., 'Bishop Secker's diocese book', in A Bristol Miscellany, ed. P. McGrath (Bristol Record Society, 37, 1985), pp. 21-69 for the citing of this data in Secker's diocese book, although the figure for Christchurch in 1712 given there (p. 35) is 100, not the correct 160.
${ }^{10}$ They are $£ 785$ for $1686 \mathrm{~L}, £ 700$ for 1686 M , missing for $1687 \mathrm{~L}, £ 540$ for $1687 \mathrm{M}, £ 800$ for 1688 L then missing thereafter: see Meekings, Analysis 1666-1699, pp. 152, 155, 157, 159 and summarised on p. 185.

Ideally, we would be able to test the hearth tax data by using the nearly contemporaneous 'Compton Census' of 1676, conducted to establish the scale of the threat posed by both 'papists' (i.e. Roman Catholics) and Protestant nonconformists from the Church of England ('dissenters'). Nationally, the census poses numerous problems of interpretation, being based generally on ministers' estimates (occasionally very precise, often very rounded) of the number of people of an age to take communion (sometimes specified as those over 16), followed by the number of dissenters and papists in their parish. There is good evidence from other places that respondents gave overall figures whose composition could vary from all inhabitants (at one extreme) to only male communicants or household heads (at the other), while sometimes they excluded the other two categories (papists and dissenters) from the general total and sometimes (as intended) included them in it. ${ }^{11}$ In Bristol's case, these problems are compounded because only some of the evidence survives. The main national record (the so-called 'Salt MSS') merely states that 'Bristoll city' had 7,200 inhabitants above 16 , of whom none were papists and 600 dissenters. A local copy of the returns for 14 of the 18 parishes gives 5,544 inhabitants over 16,5 papists and 600 dissenters, with most entries very rounded (only St Augustine, with 344, is not a multiple of 50). ${ }^{12}$ The four missing parishes (All Saints, St John, St Werburgh, St Leonard) were all relatively small, so it is very unlikely that they made up the remaining 1,656 to give the Salt MSS total of 7,200 . These 4 parishes made up 8.8 per cent of Bristol's population in 1696 (and 8.25 per cent of the number of households), so we might plausibly add 9.65 per cent to the other total to make up the total number of inhabitants, suggesting $c .6,080$ not 7,200 . However it is equally unlikely that these 4 parishes had no dissenters at all, so the fact that the national total repeats the figure of 600 (while omitting the 5 papists) is a further concern. Furthermore the list surviving in Bristol has a marginal calculation of 3,700 plus 2,500 , wrongly summed as ' 7200 ' (rather than 6,200 ) and it seems possible that it was this figure of 7,200 in the margin that may have been assumed to be the city total and transcribed as such in the Salt MSS, when it is no such thing. The correct total might have been 6,200 (which would fit reasonably with the numbers to be expected from the missing parishes), but perhaps the data for the remaining 4 parishes was never known, and this marginal calculation is of something else altogether, as it does not appear to fit any of the figures on the page where it appears.

On the other hand, there is good reason to think that even 7,200 is a considerable underestimate of Bristol's population over 16 - by our estimate of population growth 1645-1696 Bristol should have had c. 16,469 people by 1676 , and those under 16 can hardly have made up more than 56 per cent of the population. Some of the individual parish estimates are most unlikely to represent inhabitants over 16. Only

[^161]some of the parish totals specify that they are of 'inhabitants over 16' (the first listed, St James) or 'inhabs' - those that do not are St Thomas, St Mary Redcliffe, St Philip, St Ewen, Holy Cross (or Temple), Castle Ward and St Michael. It seems likely that the figures given for many of these are of male communicants or householders. If we consider their share of the population in 1696, only St Ewen's estimate appears likely to be of inhabitants over 16. Those for St Michael, St Thomas and Castle Ward are probably only male inhabitants/householders, and the same is probably true for St Augustine's '344 inhabs', despite the use of that term. The totals for St Mary Redcliffe, Temple and St Philip appear such underestimates that they may not even be of all male householders, with their nonconformist totals possibly being excluded from the main total rather than included. If one doubles all these seven (to allow for women) having added the estimate of dissenters to the last three, one gets to 7,478, which plus 9.65 per cent for the four missing parishes would make 8,200 . If doubled to allow for children and adult non-householders this would be $c .16,400$ people, close to our estimate of 16,469 . But clearly, with so much uncertainty and guesswork, the Compton Census can do nothing, in itself, to confirm or challenge the evidence of the hearth tax, either regarding overall population or its distribution across the parishes.

Compared to these problematic sources, we are on much stronger ground when we turn to the series of returns for Bristol 1695-1706 made in connection with the tax on burials, births, marriages, bachelors and widows (often called the Marriage Duty) passed in 1694 and in operation from May 1695. The returns for all parishes for the first year, apparently compiled in spring 1696 - St Nicholas on 25 March, Temple on 7 April and both All Saints and St Mary Redcliffe in June - have been published. ${ }^{13}$ Several historians have analysed this data, with slightly differing counts both of the people included ( 20,157 to 20,212 ) and, less surprisingly, of the number of households (it is not always clear what counted as a household unit). As David Souden has noted, the list shows only 80.2 males for every 100 females, while of 20,212 people, 2,049 are servants or apprentices ( 10.1 per cent) and 401 lodgers ( 1.98 per cent), all important when considering what constituted a 'household', which was not simply a husband, wife and children. ${ }^{14}$ John Holman (who only counted 20,157 people) reckons that 4,560 households can be identified, of which 3,309 are headed by a married couple, 881 by widows and 191 by widowers, leaving 4.1 per cent comprising bachelors, spinsters or uncertain cases. Holman has identified 7,356 children in these households, or 36.5 per cent of his total. His 'children' may include some children aged over 16 living at home, but will exclude a substantial number of those under 16 who are living in other households as servants or apprentices, so probably we should raise the proportion of under 16s to at least 40 per cent. ${ }^{15}$ Kevin
${ }^{13}$ The inhabitants of Bristol in 1696, ed. E. Ralph and M. Williams (Bristol Record Society, 25, 1968), p. xix.
${ }_{14}$ D. Souden 'Migrants and the population structure', in The transformation of English provincial towns 1600-1800, ed. P. Clark (London, 1984), pp. 152-4.
${ }^{15}$ J.R. Holman, 'Orphans in pre-industrial towns: the case of Bristol in the later seventeenth century', Local Population Studies, 15 (1976), pp. 40-4.

Schurer has looked in more detail at seven of the parish returns in 1697-8 where the identification of 'households' is particularly explicit, finding the average Bristol household to contain 1.6 head and/or spouse, 1.4 children, 0.1 kin, 0.6 servants, with 0.2 attached lodgers, to create a mean houseful size of 3.937. Married couples head 63.9 per cent of households, lone males 9.2 per cent and lone females 26.9 per cent. Children are found in only 60.4 per cent of households, and only 35.3 per cent of the population are children, but a further 14.6 per cent are servants, some of whom will have been under $16 .{ }^{16}$

David Sacks, taking Holman's figure of 4,560 households, but counting the people as 20,197 , calculated a ratio of 4.43 people per household in 1696 , which he then applied back to the hearth tax of ' 1671 ' (actually 1670 M ) which he claimed contains 3,609 households, to estimate the population in ' 1671 ' as 15,988 people. ${ }^{17}$ In fact, the 1670M TNA list (which Sacks used, apparently being unaware of the Chimney Book material) contains 2,866 chargeable entries and 735 non-chargeable entries, making a total of 3,601 households, if one equates entries with households. Using the same multiplier, this would suggest 15,952 people in 1670, which equates relatively closely with our suggested figure of 15,490 . Using Schurer's lower multiplier of 3.937 per household would produce a total of 14,177, which seems implausibly low. Meeking's discussion of Worcester's population notes Gregory King's various proposals for urban multipliers, all in the 4.2-4.4 range, while himself suggesting a total for 1678 Worcester with 4.16 as the multiplier from hearth tax entries. ${ }^{18}$ All of these suggest that our 15,490 estimate for Bristol (excluding the ouptarish) in 1670 (which is 4.30 per entry) fits extremely closely with the hearth tax return.

[^162]
# Appendix 8 St James Parish scavenger rate list, 1670 

BAJQS/M/4, f. 161

A rate made the 29th May 1670 upon the Inhabitants of the $\mathrm{p}[\mathrm{ar}]$ ish of St James for paying a Scavenger by the Yeare to keepe cleane the Streets and Lanes in the said p[ar]ish for one whole Yeare comenceing from the 29th September 1670 exclusive untill the 29th September 1671 inclusive as followeth $\{$ Vizt $\}$
f. 161, col. 1

## Lewensmeade

Mr Henry Rich
Mrs Eliza Bishop
Mr Martin the master
Richard Nunney
Christopher Hampton
Mr Tho North
Edw Fishpill
[blank] Hancock Pipemaker
Mathew Sam
[blank] Pooke by Trinity's \}
Almeshouse $\left.{ }^{1} \quad\right\}$
Wm Hedges Junr
widow Hedges
Mr Nicho Warren the master
Dr Warren
Mr Dan Gwilliam the master
Mr Robt Cornish
Mrs Tilley
Mr Eckley the Elder
Goodman Abbott
Mr Wm England the master
Tho Hardick
Mr Charles Plumer
Mr Hen Deighton Senr
Mr Moore
Mr Sam Nicholas ye master
Robt Tippott
Joseph Tucker Junr
Mr Samuell Loyd

| $£ \mathrm{~s}^{\text {d }}$ |  | £ s d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 040 | Mr Andrew Hooke | 080 |
| 040 | Capt Deane | 080 |
| 020 | James Elver | 020 |
| 010 | Joseph Owen | 020 |
| 020 | Mr Wm Grigg Junr | 030 |
| 050 | Mr John Deighton | 020 |
| 020 |  |  |
| 010 | f. 161, col. 2 |  |
| 0110 |  |  |
| 010 | William Wall | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 6\end{array}$ |
|  | [blank] Jones tyler | 0110 |
| 020 | Mr George Clarke | 020 |
| 020 | Mr James Nelson | 020 |
| 020 | Fra Morgan marrinr | 0110 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1\end{array}$ | Ro Jacob Fryingpanmaker | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |
| 020 | Edward Bray in the Fryers ${ }^{2}$ | 016 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | Charles Horseman Coop [er] | 0110 |
| 020 | Goodwife Pope | [-] |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | The Currier in att Popes | 0110 |
| 0110 | Radfords Tenement | [-] |
| 016 |  |  |
| 0110 | Lewensmeade |  |
| 040 | John Roach Smith | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |
| 080 | Richard Wall Coop[er] | 016 |
| 020 | Joseph Tucker Senior | 020 |
| 030 | Goodwife Blanch | 0110 |
| 010 | widow Shaw | 020 |
| 020 | Mr Radney | 016 |
| 040 | Mr Arthur Taylor | 040 |

[^163]2 White Fryers off Lewin's Mead

|  | £ s d |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| John Calloway | 0110 | Edward Tipper | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Thomas Mannister | 0110 | widow Dimmock | 0 | 1 | , |
| Mr Lugg | 020 |  |  |  |  |
| John Harris | 0110 | Silver Streete \& Br |  |  |  |
| Mr Cullum | 020 | William Joblin Senr | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Mrs Loope | 050 | Tho Saunders | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Mrs Mary Gaughen Mrs \} | 0 1 14 | Henry Biggs | 0 |  | 0 |
| Loopes tenement \} |  | widow Walker | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| widow Pew | 0110 | Edw Hieron | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| widow Shulham | 0110 | Mrs Deafeild | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| John Exsham | 0110 | Wm Drinkewater | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| wid Muckle | 0110 | Boune the porter | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Mr Grigson | 040 | Xpofer Hyett Junr | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Geo Barnes | 0 1 6 | John Hubbert | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Wm Yates | 0110 | Phillip Robins | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| John Jacob | 0110 | Walter Craddock | 0 | 1 | 0 |
|  |  | Simon Oattly | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| f. 161v, col. 1 |  | Goodwife Bowen | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Mr Wm Clarke | 030 | Goodwife White | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Mr Hooke | 040 | John Nichols | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Mr Gibbs | 040 |  |  |  |  |
| Mr Gibbs Sister | [-] | f. 161v, col. 2 |  |  |  |
| Mrs Harvey | 020 |  |  |  |  |
| Edw Tucker | 030 | The Horsefaire |  |  |  |
| Mr Whitson | 040 | Mrs Blackmore | 0 | , | 6 |
| Mr John Whitson | 0116 | Mr Wm Smith | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Mr John Tayler Mrs \} | 010 | Mr Harris the master | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Whitsons tenemt \} |  | Robt Nichols | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Lewis Sheaphard | 0 1 0 | Mrs Smith | , | 3 | 0 |
| Robt Mannder | 0 1 0 | Thomas Poyte | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Hen Emlen | 0110 | Henry Ford | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Hen Sweete | 0110 | William Hopwood | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Wm Kenton Pipemaker | 0 1 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Jane Terry | 0 1 0 | Croyden Courte |  |  |  |
| Charles Ricketts | 0 1 0 | widow Varsey | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Mrs Ball | 0 1 14 | James Phipps | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| [blank] Morgan Jackmaker | 0110 | widow Heale | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Mr Dunn | 030 | widow Hennin | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Mr Robt Dymock | 040 | Morris Griffen | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| widow Chiney | 0 1 0 | George Earle | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| [blank] where Richd \} | 0114 | Walter Morris | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| King dwelt \} |  | Goodwife Hawler | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Robt Dike | 010 |  |  |  |  |


|  | $£$ | s | d |  | $£$ | s | d |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mrs Purnells Courte |  |  |  | Mathew James | 1 | 0 |  |
| John Long | 0 | 1 | 0 | Thomas Gilford | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| John Baldwin | 0 | 1 | 0 | William Walter | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| John Chasay | 0 | 1 | 0 | John Eaton | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Tho Hungerford | 0 | 1 | 0 | Richd Dunn | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Mathew Brimstone | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Goodman Whitebreade | 0 | 1 | 4 | Kingstreet, Mrcht Streete \& |  |  |  |
| George Heath | 0 | 1 | 0 | the Fryers |  |  |  |
| John Lewcock | 0 | 2 | 0 | Goodman Trapes | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Wm Griffin | 0 | 1 | 0 | widow Fowler | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Thomas Jones | 0 | 1 | 0 | Wm Edwards | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Goodwife Pullin | 0 | 1 | 0 | Robert Thomas | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Evan Thomas | 0 | 1 | 0 | widow Hawkins | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| widow Hedges | 0 | 1 | 0 | Phillip Grubb Smith | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| widow Browne | 0 | 1 | 0 | Wm Davies | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| William Williams | 0 | 1 | 0 | Walter Blannch | 0 | 1 | 4 |
|  |  |  |  | James Wall | 1 | 4 |  |
| The Horsefaire |  |  |  | Thomas Roades | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| John Hyett | 0 | 1 | 0 | Lewis Reade | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| the widow West | 0 | 1 | 0 | Tho Fudger | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Hanniball Garlick | 0 | 1 | 0 | Wm Sheappard | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| John Clarke | 0 | 1 | 0 | Thomas Marshall | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Richd Broade | 0 | 1 | 4 | Edw Baddum | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| John Champion | 0 | 1 | 4 | Wm Biddlestone | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Pattrick Lewis | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Richard Watts | 0 | 1 | 0 | f. 162, col. 2 |  |  |  |

f. 162, col. 1

Kingstreete Mrchaunt Streete \&
Francis Roberts
Henry Clark
Edw Bowles
Morgan Easles
Wm Dunn
John Duckett
John Price
Simon Porter
Goodman Haynes
Simon Vanner
John Phillips
John Smith
James Ash
John Skreene
the Fryers

| 0 | 1 | 0 | Thomas Jones Porter | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Morgan Willm Jones his tenant | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 4 | widow Branch | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Robert Horne | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | William Wade | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Walter Yeaton | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Humphey Wms | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | John Smith in Rosemary Lane ${ }^{3}$ | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Robt Attkins | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | John Packer Gardner | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Phillip Beake | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | William Flower | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | John Blayden | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | John Ellery | 0 | 1 | 0 |

${ }^{3}$ Presumably on the corner of Merchant St with Rosemary Lane

|  | £ s d |  | £ s d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Richd Tayler | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Evan Thomas | 0110 |
| Mathew Grimsby | 0110 | [blank] Lancaster | 0110 |
| Charles Sennell | $0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1\end{array}$ | Wm Prosser | 0110 |
| John Pladwell | $0 \times 10$ | Davy Lewis | 0110 |
| John Parsons | 0110 | John Coock | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |
| Arthur Farnell | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | Thomas Cox Junr | 0110 |
| widow Farnell | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Moses Jones | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| Mathew Spencer | 0110 | Richard Hunt | 010 |
| Thomas Coombs | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | Nicholas Palmer | 0110 |
| John Hall | 0110 | James Walton | 010 |
| Thomas Vayry | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Wm Shatford at the Cock | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | f. 162v, col. 2 |  |
| Henry Phillips behind the Cock | 0110 |  |  |
| Mr Anth Ayliffe | 0110 | Broadmeade |  |
| widow Lewis in Fryers ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Mr Barnaby Skinner | 050 |
| Tho Jaques tenemt | 16 | Mr John Comberbatch | 040 |
| John Tompson | 0 1 0 | Ambrose Hancock | 040 |
| James Harris | 0110 | Thomas Bevan | 0110 |
| Goodwife Partridge | 0110 | George Amos | 01 |
| Rendall Prices tenemts | 010 | Xpofer Wise | 0110 |
|  |  | Mordecay Ward | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |
| f. 162v, col. 1 |  | Wm Browne | 020 |
|  |  | Thomas Greene | 050 |
| Mr Cooper | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | widow Pulcher | 0110 |
| Mr Wm Weaver | 050 | widow Hickman | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |
| Goodman Hill | 0110 | William Jones | 0114 |
| Wm Ball | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Hen Randall | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |
| Lazarus Owen | 000 [sic] | John Weekes | 0110 |
| Alexander French | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | John Mayes | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |
| Wm Evans mason | 020 | Mr John Harris schoolemr | 020 |
| Simon Clarke | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | Francis Harris | 010 |
| Wm Gill | 020 | Francis Paine | 010 |
| Thomas Glover | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Mr Baugh | 030 |
| Wm Winder | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | John Limbrick | 010 |
| John West | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 6\end{array}$ | Mr Wm Rogers | 080 |
| Thomas Avarage | 0110 | Mrs Smith | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1\end{array}$ |
| John Giles | 0 1 0 | Mr John Dowell | 060 |
| Simon Brown | 0 1 0 | Capt Grigg | 040 |
| Wm Trigg | 0110 | Henry Walker | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |
| John Bowlton | 0110 | Roger Gibbons | 0110 |
| William Roberts | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Thomas Hawkins | 010 |
| Griffeth Bowen | 0110 | John Jones Mason | 020 |
| widow Thomas | 010 | Thomas Sparkes | 010 |

[^164]John Thomas Coop[er]
Mr Thomas Roe
Richd King
Robt Belcher
Widow Shaply \& Sonninlaw
Wm West
Wm Ricketts
f. 163, col. 1

John Baugh
Barnard Copeman
Thomas Morris
Richard Hooper
Richard Packer
Nathaniell Ball
William Hayter Brasyer
Eliza Pegley
Matthew Kenn
Wm Whitefeild
Mrs Pope
George Lamberd
Mrs Warner
Richd Jones where
Mrs Warner dwelt
Mr Richd Christmas
Mr Thomas Hayter
Peter Demollin
wid Thomas
Mr John Bilbee
Capt Messenger
Henry Medy
Mr John England
Mr Giles Gough
Edw Coock
Richard Hawkins
Michael Woodward
John Gayte
Joseph Senskall
wid Ford
wid Brock
Wm Barruck
Mrs Birkes
Mr Emanuell Tedder

| $£$ | s | d |  | $\mathcal{L}$ | s | $d$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 1 | 6 | Mr Wm Ashton | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 6 | wid Price | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Thomas Higgins | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Simon Tovey | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | wid Hodges | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| 0 | 1 | 4 | Thomas Lugg | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Edward Gillo | 0 | 1 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Barnard Ledman | 0 | 1 | 4 |
|  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{ll}\text { Mr Phillip Harris } & \\ \text { George Horseman } & 0\end{array}\right) 0$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1 | 0 |  |  |

$\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4 & \text { f. 163, col. } 2\end{array}$
$0 \quad 1 \quad 6$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 6 & \text { Mr John Meredith }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Wm Iles } & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Walter Goslin } & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 6 & \text { Vincent Patch }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Phillip Driver } & 0 \\ 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Edw Robinson }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Wid Bush }\end{array} \quad 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllll}0 & 1 & 6 & \text { Wm Rogers sopeboyler } & 0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Lewis Cox } & 0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 2 & 0 & \text { Henry Hayden }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
John Wattkins $\quad 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Richd Willis } & 0 \\ 1 & 4\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 5 & 0 & \text { Tho Lofty }\end{array} 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 6 & \text { Thomas Tyler }\end{array} \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 2 & 0 & \text { Nicholas Smith }\end{array} 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4 & \text { John Windgrove }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$

| 0 | 4 | 0 | John Rawlins |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |$\quad 0$| 0 | 1 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 0 | 2 | 0 | Edw Jones |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 2 & 0 & \text { Mathew Walton } \quad[-]\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 4 & 0 & \text { Old Cox }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { St James Back \& new buildings }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Mr Tho Olliffe } & 0 & 3 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Mr Xpofer Hyett }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{lll}0 & 2 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4 & \text { Wid Roabes }\end{array} \quad 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 6\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Mr Richd Nethway } & 0 & 1 & 6\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Wm Barber }\end{array} \quad 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Mr Tho Coop[er] mr } & 0 \\ 2 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Edw Prices tenemt } & 0 & 1\end{array} 0$
$\begin{array}{llllllll}0 & 2 & 0 & \text { Samuell Holland } & 0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 3 & 0 & \text { Dr Fish }\end{array} \quad 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 0\end{array}$

Walter Harvey att ye bell
Peter Sparkes
Wm Jenkins widow Bide Mr James Weste
Mr Lawrence
Dr Bartlett
Mrs Sweep[er]
Mrs Russell wid Bond Mrs Bird
f. 163 v , col. 1

Roger Harditch
Mrs Millar
wid Piller
wid Ann Howell
Alice Bowles
William Thorne
wid Dowle
Wm Haldin
Mr Fisher
Mr Purnell
wid Singer
St James Back
John Kerswell
Francis Cotton
Goodman Swettman
Tho Reeves
The house that Robt Ollive lived in
Mr Murry
Tho Wood
Mrs Moore
Nicho Coop[er]
Mr John Jordan
Mr James Tucker
Richd Limell
Tho Maddocks
Sam Buttler
John Hide
Mr Warren

| £ s d |  | £ s d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | John Trotter | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Mrs Goodman | $0 \quad 20$ |
| $0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Joseph Broade | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| 020 | Mr Wm Bowen ye mr | 020 |
| $0 \quad 4 \quad 0$ | ye wid Bateman | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | Thomas Fuller | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| 030 | John Cornish | 020 |
| 030 | Cornelius Wattkins | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Tho Rosser | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | John Edmunds | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| 0110 | Wm Turner Porter | 020 |
|  | Tho Duddlestone | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
|  | John Reece | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
|  | Joseph Haynes | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Robt Bankland | $0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 6\end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | f. 163 v , col. 2 |  |
| $0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1\end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | John Walton | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Tho Poshins | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| 020 | John Collins | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | Hen Danson | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |
| 020 | Richd Mace | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| 020 | Tho Greene | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 6\end{array}$ | wid Price | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
|  | wid Heavens tenemt | 020 |
|  | Phillip Heavens | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Sam Wilkinson | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | John Wright | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | John Deverill | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | James Dickson | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $0 \quad 14$ | Wid Hoockam | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
|  | Anth Blissard | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | Tho Stanfast | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | Anthony Reece | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 6\end{array}$ | Tho Saunders his wid | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| 020 | Tho Harkely |  |
| 030 | David Tucker | $0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| 030 | Old Pope | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| 020 | John Williams | 0 1 10 |
| 020 |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 6\end{array}$ | St James Back \& new |  |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | Robt Oakes | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 4 & 0\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 6\end{array}$ | Jeremy Browne | 020 |

wid Seager
Xpofer Newman
John Hopkins
Prudence Rousall
Pointz Fox
Magdalene Lane
Mr Phillip Peasely
Wm Willson
Mr Tho Cole
John Pickerins tenemt
wid Davis
wid White
John Hughs
Mrs Olliver
Hugh Ellett
f. 164, col. 1

Thomas Reade
John Blayden
Timothy Ricketts
Anthony Burges
Goodm Sheappard
Mr John Eckley Junr

## Whitson Court

Thomas Ellis
Mr Anthony Wood
Mr Godfrey Vanitterne
Mr John Tucker
Mr Stephen Haskett
Davy Lewis
Charles Bevan
wid Jones
Margerett Bowen

| $£ \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{~d}$ |  | $£ \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{~d}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 010 | Mrs Snow \& tennts | 030 |
| 0110 | Mr Hen Lloyd | 060 |
| 0110 | Goodman Patch | 0110 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | Thomas Cullimore | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| 030 | Robt Prosser | 0110 |
|  | Wm Burges | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1\end{array}$ |
|  | Mr Andrew Ball | 026 |
| 040 | Mr John Marsh | 020 |
| 014 | Tho Worlock | 016 |
| 060 | Mrs Moody her sonn \} | 020 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1\end{array}$ | and daughter \} |  |
| 020 | Mr Mosse | 020 |
| 010 | wid Jacob | 0110 |
| 010 | Mr Downeman | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1\end{array}$ |
| 016 |  |  |
| 014 | f. 164, col. 2 |  |

## The Barton

Mrs Mary Meredith $\quad 0 \quad 3 \quad 0$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Mr Ball }\end{array} 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 3 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Mrs Allin } & 0 & 1 & 6\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ James Tucker Senr $\quad 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Nicho Paine } & 0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Davy Edwards } & 0 & 1\end{array} 4$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 3 & 0 & \text { Mr Hobson }\end{array} 0 \begin{array}{llll}0 & 0\end{array}$
[blank] Coock $0 \quad 20$
Humphry Wells $\quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0$
$0 \quad 4 \quad 0$ George Hodges $0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}0 & 6 & 0 \\ \text { John Low }\end{array} \quad 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 4 & 0 & \text { Andr Bristoe }\end{array} 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 0 & \text { Evan Jones }\end{array} 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 0 & \text { Richard Voles }\end{array} 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4 & \text { wid [blank] }\end{array} 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { [blank] Dolman }\end{array} \quad 0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllll}0 & 1 & 0 & \text { Tho Lintins tenemt } & 0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$
$0 \quad 1 \quad 4$

## The Churchyard and Barton

| Mr Horne | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Goodman Light | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Mr Hunt | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Mrs Prigg | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Goodman Calloway | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Avis Ellis | 0 | 1 | 0 |

# Appendix 9 <br> The Wards of the City of Bristol in the late eighteenth AND EARLY NINETEENTH CENTURIES 

by Alison Brown

This list of the streets in the wards of the city of Bristol, ward by ward, has been compiled from the militia lists [BA M1] of 1771, 1779, 1780, 1781 (St Ewen ward \& Trinity ward), 1782, 1787, 1788, 1790, 1792, 1793, 1793 (Trinity ward), 1796, 1799, 1799 (St Ewen ward), 1802, 1803, 1807, 1810 and the local militia list [BA L3] of 1809.

As no contemporary map of the wards survives, the map (Back endpaper) has been based on these lists of streets and is conjectural in places. The maps have proved to be in agreement with the identifications made of dwellings in the hearth tax lists.

## All Saints Ward

Comprises parts of the parishes of All Saints, St Leonard, St Nicholas \& St Werburgh

## Streets in the ward of All Saints

All Saints' Lane
Corn Street (part)
Exchange Alley
Exchange \& Market Place
High Street (part)

Market Place
Nicholas Street/St Nicholas Street
St Nicholas Street/Nicholas Street
Shannon Court

## Castle Precincts Ward

Comprises part of the parish of St Peter

## Streets in the ward of Castle Precincts

Alderman's Lane
Castle Ditch (part)
Castle Green
Castle Street
Cock \& Bottle Lane
Lower Castle Street

## St Ewen Ward

Comprises the parish of St Ewen, parts of the parishes of St Leonard, St Werburgh \& St John the Baptist

## Streets in the ward of St Ewen

Bell Lane
Broad Street (part)
Christmas Street (part)
Corn Street (part)
Harford's Court
Key Street/Quay Street

Quayhead/head of Quay
Quay Lane
Quay Street/Key Street
St Leonard's Lane
Small Street

## St James Ward

Comprises parts of the parishes of St James, St Paul \& St Peter, the whole of the in-parish of St Philip \& Jacob

## Streets in the ward of St James

Alexander Court
Alfred Hill
Backfields
Balloon Court, Wilder Street
Barrs Lane
Barrs Street
The Barton
Barton Alley
Barton Street
Beal's Court
Beaufort Court
Blinker's Court
Bloomsbury Buildings
Breakneck Lane
Bridewell Lane/Street (part)
Broad Weir
Broadmead
Brunswick Square
Bull Lane
Bullpaunch Lane
Butcher's Row
Callowhill Street
Cannon Street
Captain Cary's Lane/Carys Lane

Castle Ditch (part)
Cave Street
Charles Street
Charlotte Street
Cherry Alley
Cherry Lane
Church Lane
Collins' Court
Crew's Court
Cross Street
Crown Lane
Cumberland Street
David Street
Dean Street
Deighton/Dighton Street
Earl Street
East Street
Ellbroad Street
Eugene Street
The Friars
Gloucester Street
Hammonds Buildings, Merchant Street
Hampton Court
Highland Court

Hillgrove Street
Hollister Street
Horse Street
The Horsefair
Island Court, Penn Street
Jacob Street
Jamaica Street
James Avenue/St James Avenue
James Square/St James Square
James Street/St James Street
John Street
Jubilee Row, Wilder Street
King Square
King Street
Kingsdown
Kingsdown \& its avenues
Kingsdown Avenue
Kingsdown Parade
Leadhouse Lane
Leadhouse Street
Leek Lane
Leek Street
Lion Street
Little Hanover Street
Little West Street
Llewellin Court
Lodge's Court
Lower Maudlin Lane (part)
Maiden Court
Marlborough Street
Maudlin Lane (part)
Meadow Street
Merchant Court
Merchant Street
Merrefield Court
Milk Street
Montague Street
Morris's Court, Wilder Street
Narrow Weir
Newfoundland Street
Newgate Street
Norfolk Street

North Street
Old King Street
Old Market
Old Market Court
Old Market Street
Old Orchard
Orange Street
Parson's Court
Paul Street
Penn Street
Penncross Street
Philadelphia Street
Portland Square
Portland Street
Portlock Lane
Princes Buildings
Princes Row
Pritchard Street
Quakers Friars
Redcross Street
Rich's Buildings
Rosemary Lane
Rosemary Street
St James Back
St James Barton
St James churchyard
St James Square/James Square
St James Street/James Street
Silver Street
Sims Alley
Sloper's Lane
Square Lane
Stable Lane
Stokes Croft
Tabernacle Row
Teagues Court
Thorofare/Thoroughfare Court
Three Crowns Lane
Tucker Lane
Union Street (part)
Unity Street
Upper Montague Street

St James Ward (contd)<br>Streets in the ward of St James (contd)<br>Water Street<br>The Weirs<br>West Street<br>Whitson Court<br>Wigginton Court<br>Wilder Street<br>Wilson Street<br>York Street

## St Mary de Foro/le Port Ward

Comprises the parish of St Mary le Port, part of the parishes of St Peter, Christ Church \& All Saints

## Streets in the ward of St Mary de Foro/le Port

Adam \& Eve Lane
Bear Lane
Bear Street
Bridge Street (part)
Bull Lane
Chequer/Chequre/
Checker Lane
Dolphin Street
Guard House Passage
High Street (part)

Mary (le) Port churchyard/St Mary (le) Port churchyard
Mary (le) Port Street/St Mary (le) Port Street
Narrow Wine Street (part)
Peter Street/St Peter Street
St Mary (le) Port churchyard/Mary (le) Port churchyard
St Mary (le) Port Street/Mary (le) Port Street
St Peter Street/Peter Street
Wine Street (part)

## St Mary Redcliffe Ward

Comprises part of the parishes of St Mary Redcliffe \& St Thomas

## Streets in the ward of St Mary Redcliffe

Barrows Lane
Cannon's Court
Cathay
Cherry Lane
Cock Entry
Colston Parade
Deeble's Entry
Durbin's Court
Eaton's Court
Fiddler's Alley
Freshford Alley
George's Alley/King George's Alley
George Street

George Street \& Paddock
Golden Lion Court
Guinea Street
Holton Parade
Howells Court
Jones Court
Jones Lane
King George's Alley/George's Alley
Kings Court
Lamb Court
Mayor's Paddock
Nelson Place
Pile Street

Portwall Lane
Providence Place
Queen's Head Court
Redcliff Back
Redcliff Hill
Redcliff Parade
Redcliff Pit
Redcliff Street
Somerset Place

Taggs' Court
Taylor's Court
Tennis Court
Thomas Lane
Three Queens Lane
Ward Buildings
Wheatsheaf Court
Wigginton's Court
Wright's Court

## St Michael Ward

Comprises the parishes of St Michael \& St Augustine, part of the parish of St James

## Streets in the ward of St Michael

Alfred Place
Anchor Court
Anchor Lane
Berkeley Crescent
Berkeley Place
Berkeley Square
Bishop's Park
Blackfriars
Brandon Hill, foot of
Brandon Street
Bridewell Lane/ Street (part)
Bristol Steps, Church Lane
Butts \& Ropewalk
Charlotte Street
Church Lane
Church Way
Cockle Court
College Crescent
College Green
College Green \& Cloisters
College Place
College Square
College Street
The Crescent
Culver Street
Deep Street
Deep Street \& New Buildings

Denmark Street
Drew's Court
The Fort/ Royal Fort
Fort Lane
The Friars
Frog Lane
Frogmore Street
Great George Street
Grevil/ Gravel Street
Griffin Lane
Hanover Street
Hope Place
Horfield Lane
Horfield Road
Horse Street/ Host Street
Host Street/ Horse Street
Hotwell Road
Jeffry's Court
Johnny Ball Lane
Lamb Street
Lawrence Court
Lewins Mead
Limekiln Lane
Little Frog Lane
Little Guinea
Lodge Street
Lower Church Lane

## St Michael Ward (contd)

## Streets in the ward of St Michael (contd)

Lower College Green
Lower College Street
Lower Green
Lower Grevil/ Gravel Street
Lower Lamb Street
Lower Maudlin Lane (part)
Lower Park Row
Mark's Lane/ St Mark's Lane
Maudlin Lane (part)
Morgan's Court
Narrow Lewins Mead
Old Park
Old Park Street
Orchard Street
The Park
Park Hill
Park Place
Park Row
Park Square
Park Street
Paul Square
Paul Street
Pembroke Court
Pipe Lane
Prince Frederick's Court
Princess Amelia's Court
Pump Court
Queen Street
Queen's Parade
Red Lodge
Redcoat Lane
Ropewalk

Royal Fort/ The Fort
St Augustine's Back
St Augustine's Court
St Augustine's Place
St Mark's Lane/ Mark's Lane
St Michael's Buildings
St Michael's churchyard
St Michael's Hill
Sea Banks
Silver Street
Southwell Street
Steep Street
Stephen's Court
Stoney Hill
Terrell/ Terrill Street
Tinker's Close
Trafalgar Place
Trenchard Lane
Trenchard Street
Trinity Court
Trinity Row
Trinity Street
Trotman's Buildings
Turnwheel Street
Under the Bank
Unity Street
Upper Berkeley Place
Upper Maudlin Lane
Wells Street
White Friars
Windsor Court
York Place

## St Nicholas Ward

Comprises part of the parishes of St Nicholas \& St Leonard

## Streets in the ward of St Nicholas

| The Back | Clare Street (part) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Back of the Square | Cock Pit |
| Back Street | Crow Lane |
| Baker's Yard | The Grove (part) |
| Baldwin Street (part) | Gun Yard |
| The Bridge | King Street (part) |
| Bridge Parade (part) | Little King Street |
| Bridge Street (part) | Queen Square (part) |
| Charlotte Street | The Rackhay |

## St Stephen Ward

Comprises the parish of St Stephen

## Streets in the ward of St Stephen

Aldersky/Aldersquay Lane
Baldwin Street (part)
Broad Quay
round the church
Church Avenue
Clare Street (part)
Currant Lane
Custom House Avenue
Drawbridge
Fish Market
Fisher Lane
The Grove (part)
King Street (part)
Kings Court
Lower Avenue, Princes Street

Maiden Tavern Lane
Marsh Street
Merchants Hall Avenue
Middle Avenue
Penns/Pinns Court
Princes/Princess Street
The Quay
The Quay \& its avenues
head of the Quay
on the Quay
Queen Square (part)
St Stephen Avenue
St Stephen Street
Swan Court
Thunderbolt Street

## St Thomas Ward

Comprises part of the parishes of St Thomas, St Mary Redcliffe \& Temple

## Streets in the ward of St Thomas

Bridge End
Bridge Parade (part)

Long Row
St Thomas Street

## Temple Ward

Comprises part of the parishes of Temple, St Thomas \& St Mary Redcliffe

## Streets in the ward of Temple

Ash Lodge
Avon Street
Bath Parade
Bath Road
Bath Street
south side of Bath Street
Bear Lane
Borough Walls
Brick Yard
on the Bridge
Bridge Parade (part)
Brook's Court
Butter Lane
Carnarthen's Court
Cart Lane
Cat's Castle
Church Lane
Church Street
Counterslip
Crown Court
East Tucker Street
Eugene Lane/Prince Eugene Lane
without the Gate \& Brickyard
Gough's Buildings
Great Gardens
Hale's/Heale's Court
Harril's Court
Hawkins Lane
Heale's/Hale's Court
Hicks' Court
Hill's Court

Jones' Court
Lewis' Buildings
Mitchell Lane
Morris' Court
Mulford's Buildings
Paul's Crescent
Petticoat Lane
Pim's Entry, Temple Street
Pipe Lane
Prince Eugene/Eugene Lane
Rack Close
The Rackey
Red Lane
Redgate Lane
Rose Alley
Rose Street
Scott's Buildings
Temple Back
Temple Gate
without Temple Gate
Temple Square
Temple Street
Tower Street
Tucker Street
Warren's Court
Water Lane
Water Street
Weavers' Arms Court
Wilmot's Court
Wilmot's Crescent
(Holy) Trinity Ward
Comprises part of the parishes of St John the Baptist, Christ Church \& St Peter

## Streets in the ward of (Holy) Trinity

Bannewell Court
Bedlam Court
Bowling Green
Bridewell Lane/Street (part)
Broad Street (part)
Cherry's Court
Christmas Street (part)
Cider House Passage
Duck Lane
Hallier's Lane
John Street/St John Street
Kings Head Court
Mombridge/Mumbridge Court

Narrow Wine Street (part)
Needless Bridge
Nelson Street
Newmarket Passage
The Pithay
St John's Bridge
St John Street/John Street
Taylor's Court, The Pithay
Taylor's Court, Broad Street
Tower Lane
Union Street (part)
Wine Street (part)

## BRISTOL WARDS: SHARED STREETS

Parts of the following streets are in more than one ward, for example one side of a street may be in a different ward to the other or one end of a street may be in a different ward to the other.

Baldwin Street: part St Stephen, part St Nicholas
Bridewell Lane: south end Trinity, remainder: one side St Michael, one side St James Bridge Parade: one end St Nicholas, remainder: one side St Thomas, one side Temple Bridge Street: part St Nicholas, part St Mary le Port
Broad Street: one side Trinity, one side St Ewen
Castle Ditch: one side Castle, one side St James
Christmas Street: one side St Ewen, one side Trinity
Clare Street: mostly St Stephen, one end St Nicholas
Corn Street: one side All Saints, one side St Ewen
The Grove: west side St Stephen, east side St Nicholas
High Street: one side All Saints, one side St Mary le Port
King Street: west side St Stephen, east side St Nicholas
Lower Maudlin Lane: part St James, part St Michael
Maudlin Lane: part St James, part St Michael
Narrow Wine Street: one side St Mary le Port, one sideTrinity
Queen Square: west side St Stephen, east side St Nicholas
Silver Street: one side St James, one side St Michael
Union Street: north end St James, south end Trinity
Wine Street: one side St Mary le Port, one side Trinity

Note on Statistical Analysis

Table 1 provides a breakdown of the household and hearth number data derived from the Exchequer return for Michaelmas 1670 (TNA E 179/116/541) which appears as the first transcript in this volume. The data is arranged in alphabetical order by ward and is based solely on the information provided in the manuscript. It is assumed that each entry represents a household.

Modern place names have been used throughout

## The first column relates to the number of households

Chargeable = households assumed to be chargeable
Not chargeable = households described as 'paupers and have nothing whereof they may be distrained'.
'Not paid or new built' = those households noted as not paid or where hearths were described as new built and had not yet become liable.

Bracketed entries are counted individually.

## The remaining columns relate to the number of households with a given number of hearths

Where a single hearth number is given for two or more bracketed entries the number is divided between the entries. For instance, the bracketed entry of 'Thomas Gibbs \& Timoth Cattle' for five hearths is divided into two, Gibbs is assigned three hearths and Cattle two. (16)

## Count of hearths

The columns headed count of hearths give the number of hearths listed as having that number of hearths.

## Entries of households with ten or more hearths

The column headed 10+ provides the total number of households with ten or more hearths. The column headed List of $10+$ gives a breakdown of the exact number of hearths listed for each of these households.

## Not known

The number of households for which no hearth number is recorded or for which the hearth number is illegible.

## Total number of hearths

The final column gives a grand total of all hearth numbers together with a total of the chargeable hearths, those not chargeable and those new built/not paid.

## Statistical distinctions

Figures for stoves and furnaces have not been included in the statistical analysis.
Table 1 Totals of households and hearths Michaelmas 1670, TNA return

|  | Total |  |  |  |  | Count of hearths |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total <br> hearths |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | households | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10+ | List of 10+ | $n / k$ |  |
| All Saints | 137 | 18 | 33 | 24 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 7 |  |  | 542 |
| Chargeable | 107 | 6 | 18 | 23 | 14 | 15 | 13 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 6 | $[10,10,10,13,13,15]$ |  | 481 |
| Not chargeable | 27 | 12 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42 |
| Not paid | 3 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | [10] |  | 19 |
| Castle | 158 | 27 | 44 | 30 | 26 | 16 | 8 | 3 | 2 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 484 |
| Chargeable | 120 | 14 | 27 | 27 | 25 | 15 | 8 | 2 | 1 |  | 1 | [10] |  | 404 |
| Not chargeable | 26 | 12 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 38 |
| New built | 12 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 42 |
| Holy Trinity | 286 | 56 | 78 | 66 | 38 | 16 | 12 | 5 | 10 |  | 5 |  |  | 897 |
| Chargeable | 227 | 23 | 55 | 64 | 38 | 16 | 12 | 5 | 10 |  | 4 | [12, 12, 14, 20] |  | 802 |
| Not chargeable | 58 | 33 | 23 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 85 |
| Not paid | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | [10] |  | 10 |
| St Ewen | 121 | 17 | 17 | 14 | 20 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 3 | 10 |  |  | 571 |
| Chargeable | 119 | 15 | 17 | 14 | 20 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 3 | 10 | $\begin{aligned} & {[10,10,10,10,11,11} \\ & 11,12,13,15] \end{aligned}$ |  | 569 |
| Not chargeable | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| St James | 552 | 104 | 204 | 106 | 63 | 32 | 25 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 6 |  | 1 | 1540 |
| Chargeable | 398 | 38 | 118 | 105 | 63 | 32 | 25 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 6 | $[10,10,10,11,11,11]$ |  | 1299 |
| Not chargeable | 154 | 66 | 86 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 241 |



| － | $\infty$ | $\infty$ | $\infty \infty$ | Ln in | $\infty \times$ | $\infty \times$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $m m$ | $\infty$ | $\infty$ | $\bigcirc 0$ | $\pm \pm$ | 00 | L 0 |
| $\infty \infty$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots \cdots$ | $\vec{\sim}$ | 10 | － |
| $\stackrel{1}{1} \mathrm{~N}$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ | $\therefore$ | ホ | ぶ | N | ～～ |
| ぶ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{0}^{\infty}$ | $\cdots \cdots$ | is in | ～ |
| 18 N | －～${ }^{\text {P }}$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\stackrel{\text { P }}{\sim}$ | べふー | N | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ |
| ถิ | $\bigcirc$－ | $\infty$ | ${ }_{N}^{\infty}$ | Nㅜㅇ |  | 안든 |
| $\stackrel{\sim}{\mathrm{N}}$ | ＋ | F | 븡 | ¢ \％® | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ | $\xrightarrow{10} \times$ |


St Mary le Port
Chargeable
Not chargeable
New built
St Mary
Redcliffe
Chargeable
Not chargeable
St Michael
Chargeable
Not chargeable
St Nicholas
Chargeable
Not chargeable
St Stephen
Chargeable
Not chargeable
St Thomas
Chargeable
Not chargeable
New built
Table 1 Continued

|  | Total |  |  |  |  | Count of hearths |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total <br> hearths |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | households | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | $10+$ | List of 10+ | $n / k$ |  |
| Temple | 387 | 115 | 147 | 57 | 24 | 22 | 12 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 |  | 1 | 938 |
| Chargeable | 276 | 50 | 103 | 57 | 24 | 21 | 12 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | $[10,10,15]$ |  | 780 |
| Not chargeable | 111 | 65 | 44 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 158 |
| TOTAL | 3600 | 711 | 1167 | 610 | 429 | 276 | 179 | 77 | 57 | 19 | 71 |  | 4 | 11053 |
| Chargeable | 2865 | 354 | 813 | 599 | 427 | 274 | 178 | 76 | 56 | 19 | 69 |  |  | 9896 |
| Not chargeable | 716 | 356 | 350 | 5 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 1076 |
| New built/ not paid | 19 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 2 |  |  | 81 |

Table 2 Digest of 1662 data from the Chimney Book

| Parish | Total entries | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Count of hearths |  |  | 8 | 9 | 10+ | list of 10+ | $n / k$ | Total hearths |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 6 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Saints | 47 | 3 | 4 | 15 | 6 | 9 | 3 | 1 | 3 |  | 3 | 10, 13, 17 |  | 214 |
| Castle ward | 75 | 4 | 19 | 18 | 13 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 10, 11 |  | 294 |
| Holy Trinity | 77 | 4 | 14 | 18 | 15 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 2 |  | 8 | 10, 10, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17 |  | 354 |
| St Augustine | 99 | 7 | 12 | 21 | 18 | 11 | 13 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 11, 11, 14 |  | 442 |
| St Ewen | 31 | 4 | 9 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  | 1 | 11 |  | 117 |
| St James * | 126 | 8 | 28 | 19 | 38 | 11 | 13 | 1 | 1 |  | 3 | 10, 10, 11 | 4 | 452 |
| St John | 90 | 7 | 18 | 18 | 8 | 19 | 7 | 5 | 5 |  | 3 | 10, 11, 11 |  | 373 |
| St Leonard | 46 | 2 | 5 | 14 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 10 |  | 206 |
| St Mary le Port | 70 | 12 | 23 | 15 | 9 | 6 | 2 |  | 2 |  | 1 | 10 |  | 207 |
| St Mary Redcliffe | 115 | 16 | 27 | 28 | 18 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 10, 11 |  | 396 |
| St Michael | 91 | 7 | 27 | 22 | 17 | 6 | 7 | 4 |  |  | 1 | 10 |  | 305 |
| St Nicholas | 147 | 6 | 25 | 27 | 30 | 17 | 9 | 16 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 10, 10, 11, 11 |  | 659 |
| St Peter* | 136 | 13 | 37 | 31 | 16 | 18 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 11, 13, 15, 16 | 1 | 500 |
| St Philip | 84 | 7 | 23 | 26 | 12 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |  |  |  | 277 |
| St Stephen | 221 | 19 | 61 | 48 | 42 | 22 | 12 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 11, 11, 13, 17 |  | 789 |
| St Thomas | 161 | 8 | 38 | 33 | 31 | 15 | 15 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 11 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,10,10,10,10,11,12, \\ & 12,13,14,24 \end{aligned}$ |  | 685 |
| St Werburgh | 60 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 7 | 10, 10, 10, 11, 11, 11, 15 |  | 301 |
| Temple | 102 | 9 | 30 | 21 | 21 | 10 | 4 | 5 | 1 |  | 1 | 12 |  | 345 |
| Total entries* | 1778 | 142 | 408 | 389 | 310 | 190 | 122 | 77 | 50 | 26 | 59 |  | 5 | 6916 |
| Total hearths |  | 142 | 816 | 1167 | 1240 | 950 | 732 | 539 | 400 | 234 | 696 |  |  |  |

[^165]Table 3 Digest of 1668 data from the Chimney Book

| Ward | Total |  |  |  |  | Count of hearths |  |  |  |  |  |  | $n / k^{*}$ | total <br> Hearths |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | entries | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10+ | list of $10+$ hearths |  |  |
| All Saints | 145 | 28 | 27 | 27 | 16 | 15 | 10 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 11, 17 | 4 | 522 |
| Castle | 191 | 51 | 27 | 24 | 27 | 21 | 12 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 17 | 554 |
| Holy Trinity | 324 | 50 | 93 | 74 | 30 | 21 | 14 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 6 | 10, 10, 12, 12, 14, 20 | 19 | 980 |
| St Ewen | 117 | 4 | 14 | 18 | 20 | 9 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 5 | 7 | 10, 10, 11, 11, 11, 12, 13 | 13 | 523 |
| St James | 720 | 133 | 272 | 124 | 69 | 36 | 30 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 11 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,10,10,10,10,11,11 \text {, } \\ & 11,12,16,24 \end{aligned}$ | 33 | 1912 |
| St Michael | 733 | 188 | 224 | 98 | 62 | 49 | 40 | 16 | 7 | 4 | 9 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,10,10,13,13,14,14, \\ & 14,17 \end{aligned}$ | 36 | 1982 |
| St Stephen | 351 | 73 | 106 | 53 | 49 | 23 | 13 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 11, 11, 17 | 18 | 972 |
| St Thomas | 209 | 35 | 73 | 25 | 23 | 18 | 11 | 7 | 4 |  | 6 | 11, 13, 13, 16, 16, 24 | 7 | 678 |
| St Mary le Port | 280 | 53 | 75 | 43 | 44 | 21 | 11 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 9 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,11,11,11,11,13,13, \\ & 15,23 \end{aligned}$ | 11 | 906 |
| St Mary Redcliffe | 432 | 87 | 136 | 76 | 40 | 23 | 16 | 15 | 11 | 6 | 13 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,10,10,10,10,11,11 \\ & 12,13,13,14,16,16 \end{aligned}$ | 9 | 1361 |
| St Nicholas | 270 | 46 | 80 | 30 | 35 | 23 | 13 | 26 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 10, 12 | 3 | 935 |
| Temple | 495 | 212 | 153 | 45 | 22 | 16 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 10, 12 | 26 | 971 |
| Total entries | 4267 | 960 | 1280 | 637 | 437 | 275 | 190 | 110 | 66 | 40 | 76 |  | 196 | 12296 |
| Total hearths |  | 960 | 2560 | 1911 | 1748 | 1375 | 1140 | 770 | 528 | 360 | 944 |  |  |  |

[^166]Table 4 Analysis of Michaelmas 1670 TNA hearth tax return

| Ward | Total | Total |  |  | $n /$ ch | $n /$ ch | $n / c h$ | $n / c h$ | Other $n /$ ch | \% | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | entries | hearths | ch. ent. | ch. $h$. | hearths | entries | 1-hea | 2-hea | ent(hea) | $n /$ ch ent | $n /$ ch hea |
| All Saints | 137 | 542 | 107 | 481 | 61 | 30 | 12 | 15 | 3(19) | 21.9 | 11.3 |
| Castle | 158 | 484 | 120 | 404 | 80 | 38 | 12 | 13 | 13(42) | 24.1 | 16.5 |
| Holy Trinity | 286 | 897 | 227 | 802 | 95 | 59 | 33 | 23 | $3(16)$ | 20.6 | 10.6 |
| St Ewen | 121 | 571 | 119 | 569 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  | 1.7 | 0.4 |
| St James | 552 | 1540 | 398 | 1299 | 241 | 154 | 66 | 86 | 2(3) | 27.9 | 15.6 |
| St Michael | 573 | 1663 | 442 | 1446 | 217 | 131 | 45 | 86 |  | 22.9 | 13.1 |
| St Stephen | 337 | 998 | 295 | 940 | 58 | 42 | 26 | 16 |  | 12.5 | 5.8 |
| St Thomas | 188 | 644 | 155 | 583 | 61 | 33 | 7 | 25 | 1(4) | 17.6 | 9.5 |
| St Mary le Port | 253 | 834 | 218 | 787 | 47 | 35 | 24 | 7 | 4(9) | 13.8 | 5.6 |
| St Mary Redcliffe | 352 | 1061 | 289 | 979 | 82 | 63 | 44 | 19 |  | 17.9 | 7.7 |
| St Nicholas | 256 | 881 | 219 | 826 | 55 | 37 | 20 | 16 | 1(3) | 14.5 | 6.2 |
| Temple | 387 | 938 | 276 | 780 | 158 | 111 | 65 | 44 | 2(5) | 28.7 | 16.8 |
| Totals | 3600 | 11053 | 2865 | 9896 | 1157 | 735 | 356 | 350 | 29(101) | 20.4 | 10.5 |

Table 5 Parish population/wealth in later seventeenth-century Bristol

| A | $B$ | $\begin{aligned} & C \\ & 166\end{aligned}$ | D | E | $F$ | $G$ | $H$ | $I$ | 7 | $K$ | $L$ | M | $\mathcal{N}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 662 hearth tax data |  |  |  | 1665 monthly | 1696 Marriage Duty data |  |  |  | 1712 data |  |
| Parish | Hearths | \% of total hea | 1662 ent | \% | h/entry | Ranking | asst paid | h/holds | \% | People | \% | Houses | \% |
| St James | 452 | 6.6 | 126 | 7.1 | 3.6 | 12 | 6.9 | 685 | 15 | 2885 | 14.3 | 682* | 15.8 |
| St Stephen | 789 | 11.4 | 221 | 12.4 | 3.6 | 13 | 7.1 | 442 | 9.7 | 1800 | 8.9 | 450 | 10.4 |
| St Augustine | 442 | 6.4 | 99 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 6 | 4.6 | 343 | 7.5 | 1610 | 8.0 | 327 | 7.6 |
| Temple | 345 | 5.0 | 102 | 5.7 | 3.4 | 15 | 4.4 | 384 | 8.4 | 1593 | 7.9 | 240 | 5.6 |
| St Philip inparish | 277 | 4.0 | 84 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 17 | 1.7 | 358 | 7.9 | 1576 | 7.8 | 263* | 6.1 |
| St Thomas | 685 | 9.9 | 161 | 9.1 | 4.3 | 7 | 13.2 | 317 | 7.0 | 1544 | 7.7 | 302 | 7.0 |
| St Mary Redcliffe | 396 | 5.7 | 115 | 6.5 | 3.4 | 14 | 3.6 | 358 | 7.9 | 1534 | 7.6 | 280 | 6.5 |
| Castle | 294 | 4.2 | 75 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 9 | 3.5 | 289 | 6.3 | 1376 | 6.8 | 260 | 6.0 |
| St Nicholas | 659 | 9.5 | 147 | 8.3 | 4.5 | 4 | 15.2 | 288 | 6.3 | 1256 | 6.2 | 380 | 8.8 |
| St Peter | 500 | 7.2 | 136 | 7.6 | 3.7 | 11 | 5.8 | 216 | 4.7 | 995 | 4.9 | 221 | 5.1 |
| St Michael | 305 | 4.4 | 91 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 16 | 3.9 | 207 | 4.5 | 984 | 4.9 | 278 | 6.4 |
| St John | 373 | 5.4 | 90 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 8 | 6.3 | 195 | 4.3 | 906 | 4.5 | 155 | 3.6 |
| Christchurch | 354 | 5.1 | 77 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 2 | 6.4 | 176 | 3.9 | 710 | 3.5 | 160 | 3.7 |
| St Mary le Port | 207 | 3.0 | 70 | 4.0 | 3 | 18 | 3.6 | 91 | 2.0 | 404 | 2.0 | 104 | 2.4 |
| St Leonard | 206 | 3.0 | 46 | 2.6 | 4.5 | 4 | 3.2 | 70 | 1.5 | 315 | 1.6 | 68 | 1.6 |

Table 5 Continued


* In 1712400 houses and $c .2000$ people in St Philip, and 8 houses in St James, were outside the city in the tithing of Easton, Glos (Atkyns, Gloucestershire, p. 422)
Table 6 Comparison of ward data 1664-1672

| A | $B$ | C | D | $E$ | F | $G$ | $H$ | I | 7 | $K$ | $L$ | M | $\mathcal{N}$ | O |  | $Q$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ward | $\begin{gathered} 1664 \text { Lady Day } \\ \text { return at TNA } \end{gathered}$ |  | 1668 list in Chimney Book |  |  |  | 1670 Michaelmas return at TNA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1672 Lady Day list in Chimney Book |  |
|  | chea | $\%$ of total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { total } \\ & \text { ent } \end{aligned}$ | $\%$ of total | total <br> hea | \% of total | total ent | $\%$ of total | ch ent | $\%$ of total | all hea | $\%$ of <br> total | ch hea | $\%$ of total | ch hea | \% of total |
| St Michael | 795 | 13.2 | 733 | 17.2 | 1982 | 16.1 | 573 | 16.0 | 442 | 15.5 | 1663 | 15.0 | 1446 | 14.6 | 1494 | 14.7 |
| St James | 454* | 7.5 | 718 | 16.9 | 1912 | 15.5 | 552 | 15.3 | 398 | 13.9 | 1540 | 13.9 | 1299 | 13.2 | 1358 | 13.4 |
| St Mary Redcliffe | 538 | 8.9 | 432 | 10.1 | 1361 | 10.7 | 352 | 9.6 | 289 | 9.9 | 1061 | 9.6 | 979 | 9.9 | 1001 | 9.9 |
| St Stephen | 708 | 11.7 | 351 | 8.2 | 972 | 7.9 | 337 | 9.4 | 295 | 10.3 | 998 | 9.0 | 940 | 9.5 | 1008 | 9.9 |
| Temple | 386 | 6.4 | 494 | 11.6 | 971 | 7.9 | 387 | 10.8 | 276 | 9.6 | 938 | 8.5 | 780 | 7.9 | 718 | 7.1 |
| Holy Trinity | 497 | 8.2 | 324 | 7.6 | 980 | 8.0 | 286 | 8.0 | 227 | 8.0 | 897 | 8.1 | 802 | 8.1 | 816 | 8.1 |
| St Nicholas | 579 | 9.6 | 270 | 6.3 | 935 | 7.6 | 256 | 7.1 | 219 | 7.7 | 881 | 8.0 | 826 | 8.3 | 853 | 8.4 |
| St Mary le Port | 565 | 9.4 | 280 | 6.6 | 906 | 7.4 | 253 | 7.0 | 218 | 7.6 | 834 | 7.5 | 787 | 8.0 | 827 | 8.2 |
| St Thomas | 306 | 5.1 | 209 | 4.9 | 678 | 5.5 | 188 | 5.2 | 155 | 5.4 | 644 | 5.8 | 583 | 5.9 | 600 | 5.9 |
| St Ewen | 539 | 8.9 | 117 | 2.8 | 523 | 4.3 | 121 | 3.4 | 119 | 4.2 | 571 | 5.2 | 569 | 5.7 | 560 | 5.5 |
| All Saints | 369 | 6.1 | 145 | 3.4 | 522 | 4.2 | 137 | 3.8 | 107 | 3.8 | 542 | 4.9 | 481 | 4.9 | 473 | 4.7 |
| Castle | 288 | 4.8 | 191 | 4.5 | 554 | 4.5 | 158 | 4.4 | 120 | 4.2 | 484 | 4.4 | 404 | 4.1 | 434 | 4.3 |
| Total | 6024* |  | 4426 |  | 12296 |  | 3600 |  | 2865 |  | 11053 |  | 9896 |  | 10142 |  |

[^167]Table 7 Proportion of 1-or 2-hearth entries in parishes in 1662 and later lists

| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parish | entries | Total hearths | Total <br> 1-h entries | Total <br> 2-h entries | $\%$ of all entries <br> 1-and 2- hearths | \% of total hearths | hearths/ <br> entry | ranking of hea/entry |
| St Mary le Port | 70 | 207 | 12 | 23 | 50 | 28 | 3.0 | 18 |
| St Ewen | 31 | 117 | 4 | 9 | 42 | 19 | 3.8 | 10 |
| Temple | 102 | 345 | 9 | 30 | 38 | 20 | 3.4 | 15 |
| St Mary Redcliffe | 115 | 396 | 16 | 27 | 37 | 18 | 3.4 | 14 |
| S Michael* | 91 | 305 | 7 | 27 | 37 | 20 | 3.4 | 16 |
| St Philip in-parish | 84 | 277 | 7 | 23 | 36 | 19 | 3.3 | 17 |
| St Stephen | 221 | 789 | 19 | 61 | 36 | 18 | 3.6 | 13 |
| St Peter | 136 | 500 | 13 | 37 | 37 | 17 | 3.7 | 11 |
| Castle | 75 | 294 | 4 | 19 | 31 | 14 | 3.9 | 9 |
| St Thomas | 161 | 685 | 8 | 38 | 29 | 12 | 4.3 | 7 |
| St James* | 126 | 452 | 8 | 28 | 29 | 13 | 3.6 | 12 |
| St John | 90 | 373 | 7 | 18 | 28 | 12 | 4.1 | 8 |
| Christchurch | 77 | 354 | 4 | 14 | 23 | 9 | 4.6 | 2 |
| St Werburgh | 60 | 301 | 6 | 8 | 23 | 7 | 5.0 | 1 |
| St Nicholas | 147 | 659 | 6 | 25 | 21 | 8 | 4.5 | 4 |
| St Augustine | 99 | 442 | 7 | 12 | 19 | 7 | 4.5 | 6 |
| St Leonard | 46 | 206 | 2 | 5 | 15 | 6 | 4.5 | 4 |
| All Saints | 47 | 214 | 3 | 4 | 15 | 5 | 4.6 | 3 |
| Totals | 1778 | 6916 | 142 | 408 | 31 | 14 | 3.9 |  |


| Table 7 Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | B | $C$ | D | E | $F$ | $G$ | $H$ | $I$ |
| Parish | entries | Total hearths | Total <br> 1-h entries | Total 2-h entries | $\%$ of all entries <br> 1-and 2-hearths | $\%$ of total hearths | $\begin{aligned} & \text { hearths/ } \\ & \text { entry } \end{aligned}$ | ranking of hea/entry |
| Total 1668** | 4071 | 12296 | 960 | 1280 | 55 | 29 |  |  |
| Total 1670 all | 3600 | 11053 | 711 | 1167 | 52 | 28 |  |  |
| Total 1670 charged | 2865 | 9896 | 354 | 813 | 41 | 20 |  |  |
| Castle 1668** | 174 | 554 | 51 | 27 | 45 | 19 |  |  |
| Castle 1670 all | 158 | 484 | 27 | 44 | 45 | 24 |  |  |
| Castle 1670 charged | 120 | 404 | 14 | 27 | 34 | 17 |  |  |

[^168]Table 8 Hearth distribution in 1668 and 1670 and levels of exemption in 1670

| A | $B$ | C | D | $E$ | $F$ | $G$ | $H$ | $I$ | 7 | $К$ | $L$ | M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1670 list |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1668 list |  |
|  | mean all | mean all hea | mean ch | ch. hea/ent | $n /$ ch | med | med ch | med $n /$ ch | \% total | \% total | \% ent with | \% hea with |
| Ward | hea/ent | lent capped | hea/entry | capped | hea/entry | healent | hea/ent | hea/ent | $n /$ ch ent | $n /$ ch hea | 1 §o 2-hea | 1 ®o 2-hea |
| Temple | 2.4 (1) | 2.4 (1) | 2.8 (1) | 2.8 (1) | 1.4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 28.7 (1) | 16.8 (1) | 78 (1) | 53 (1) |
| St James | 2.8 (2) | 2.8 (2) | 3.3 (3) | 3.2 (4) | 1.6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 27.9 (2) | 15.6 (2) | 59 (2) | 35 (2) |
| St Michael | 2.9 (3) | 2.9 (3) | 3.3 (4) | 3.2 (3) | 1.7 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 22.9 (4) | 13.1 (4) | 59 (2) | 32 (3) |
| St Stephen | 3.0 (4) | 2.9 (4) | 3.2 (2) | 3.1 (2) | 1.4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 12.5 (11) | 5.8 (10) | 54 (4) | 29 (4) |
| St Mary Redcliffe | 3.0 (5) | 2.9 (4) | 3.4 (6) | 3.3 (5) | 1.3 | 2 or 3 | 3 | 1 | 17.9 (7) | 7.7 (8) | 53 (5) | 27 (5) |
| Castle | 3.1 (6) | 3.1 (6) | 3.4 (5) | 3.4 (6) | 1.5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 24.1 (3) | 16.5 (3) | 45 (10) | 19 (10) |
| Holy Trinity | 3.1 (7) | 3.1 (6) | 3.5 (7) | 3.4 (7) | 1.5 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 20.6 (6) | 10.6 (6) | 53 (5) | 27 (5) |
| St Mary le Port | 3.3 (8) | 3.1 (8) | 3.6 (8) | 3.4 (7) | 1.2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 13.8 (10) | 5.6 (11) | 48 (7) | 22 (8) |
| St Thomas | 3.4 (9) | 3.3 (9) | 3.8 (9) | 3.6 (9) | 1.8 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 17.6 (8) | 9.5 (7) | 53 (5) | 27 (5) |
| St Nicholas | 3.4 (10) | 3.4 (10) | 3.8 (10) | 3.7 (10) | 1.5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 14.5 (9) | 6.2 (9) | 47 (8) | 22 (8) |
| All Saints | 4.0 (11) | 3.8 (11) | 4.5 (11) | 4.3 (11) | 1.6 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 21.9 (5) | 11.3 (5) | 39 (11) | 16 (11) |
| St Ewen | 4.7 (12) | 4.4 (12) | 4.8 (12) | 4.5 (12) | 1.0 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1.7 (12) | 0.4 (12) | 17 (12) | 6 (12) |
| Total | 3.1 | 3 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 1.5 | 2 | 3 or 4 | 1 or 2 | 20.4 | 10.5 | 55 | 29 |

[^169]

Map 1 Bristol Wards: Mean Average of Hearths per Household: 1670


Map 2 Bristol Wards: Mean Average of Paid Hearths per Household: 1670

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C 7/582/11
E134/20 and 21
Ch2/Hill0

E 179/375/16
E 190/1136/10

E 134/24Ch2/Trin4 Exchequer King's Remembrancer Depositions
E 134/25Ch2/East16 Exchequer King's Remembrancer Depositions farming of the excise 1673-1674
E 179/116/541 Hearth tax assessment/return Bristol Michaelmas 1670 (printed in this edition)
E 179/116/544 Hearth tax exemption certificates for Gloucestershire (selection printed in this edition)
E 179/247/11 Hearth tax assessment Bristol Michaelmas 1662
E 179/247/14 Hearth Tax assessment/return Gloucestershire Michaelmas 1672 (selection printed in this edition)
E 179/247/15 Hearth tax assessment/return Bristol Lady Day 1673
E 179/265/29 Record of hearth tax assessment rolls brought into the Exchequer
E 179/329 Hearth tax exemption certificates for Gloucestershire (selection printed in this edition)
Court of Chancery: Raleigh v Coppinger
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Exchequer King's Remembrancer: Port Books Bristol Official: Customer overseas inwards

E 190/1138/1 Exchequer: King's Remembrancer: Port Books Bristol Official: Controller Overseas
PROB 4/11271
PROB 5/3856

PROB 11/330/262
PROB 11/339/27
SP/46/134/339

T 51/3 Treasury: Entry Books of Miscellaneous Early Warrants 1661-1662
T 51/12 Treasury: Entry Books of Miscellaneous Early Warrants 1663-66
T 64/302

## Local Repositories:

## Bristol Archives ${ }^{1}$

(1) Official Archives:
(a) Administrative records:
(i) Mayor and Aldermen

M/BCC/MAY/1/2 Records of Mayor and Aldermen's committee 1660-66
M/BCC/MAY/1/3 Records of Mayor and Aldermen's Committee 1666-83
M/BCC/CCP/1/6 Common Council Proceedings 1659-1675

## (ii) Committees:

(iii) Surveyors of City Lands

04041, Rental of City and Charity lands 1610-1697
04043(2,4), Rental of City and Charity Property 1700-1740
04044(1), Rental of the Chamber Lands 1739
04335 (1-12), Bargain Books 1604-1849
04479(3), Plan Book C

## (iv) Exchange and Market

C. T.'s Department: council: committees: exchange $\mathcal{E}$ market: deeds 00195/8

[^170]
## (v) Estates and General Purposes

C. T.'s Department, committees, estates, title deeds

605(1-12) Estate title deeds to Castle Green
C. T.'s Department, committees, estates, ancient leases etc 1610(1)
C. T.'s Department: council: committees: estates: fee farm rents

00347(6)
00351(5)
00719(12,13,16) Bristol Bridge
00720(1-23) Broadmead
(vi) Planning and Public Works
T.C.'s Department: council: committees: planning: deeds

6138(1), deeds for 42-6 Castle Green
6165
6830(1-25)
7979(2)
T.C.'s Department: council: committees: planning: deeds

10666(3)a-b and e
10666(6)a-m
T.C.'s Department: council: committees: planning: deeds

12403(1-46)
13814(5)
T.C.'s Department: council: committees: planning: deeds 23724(27)

## (vii) Air Raid Precautions

T. C.'s Department, council: committees: air raid precautions: deeds 3232(1-45)
(viii) Financial records:

F/Tax/A/la Hearth tax Chimney Book (Lists 1 and 3 printed in this edition)
F/Tax/A/lb Hearth tax list for Holy Trinity ward 1668 (printed in this edition)
F/Tax/A/2/1-5 Books of assessments 1664-80
F/Tax/A/3 Poll tax 1666
F/Tax/A/4 Grant $c .1678$ for disbanding the army
F/Tax/M/1 Subsidy book (1663-4)

## (ix) Judicial records

Minutes of the Court of General Quarter Sessions 1653-71 includes Scavenger Rate for St James parish dated 1670 (printed in this edition)
JQS/M/5
Minutes of the Court of General Quarter Sessions 1672-81 includes an exemption certificate for Temple parish dated 1675 (printed in this edition)
(b) Statutory Authorities:
(i) Urban Sanitary Authority
T.C.'s Department: Council: Committees: Building Improvement: Sanitary: Provisional Orders

05612
05615
5820

Sanitary Authority provisional order
Sanitary Authority provisional order, Schedule attached to deed of 1729
Sanitary Authority provisional order

## (2) Unofficial Deposited Archives:

(a) Ecclesiastical archives
(i) Diocesan, capitular and probate archives of the Diocese of Bristol

DC/E/1/2 Register of leases of St Augustine's Abbey Aug 1660-Sept 1675
DC/E/1/3 Register of leases of St Augustine's Abbey March 1668May 1694
DC/E/3/2 Parliamentary survey 1649 of capitular estates of St Augustine's Abbey
DC/E/4/2 Rentals and rents of Bristol Cathedral 1788-1817
DC/E/40/18
DC/E/40/19
Records of the Dean and Chapter of Bristol Cathedral
DC/E/40/37
DC/E/40/57 Records of the Dean and Chapter of Bristol Cathedral

## (ii) Wills and Inventories

Inventories 1660/9 Thomas Munday
Inventory 1623/63 of Michael Threlkelle
Inventories 1677/74 Humphrey Brent
Inventories 1683/31 Elizabeth Munday

Will of James Read made 1665 died 1675
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Will of Edward Langley no date given
Will of John Evans mason 1678-21

## (iii) Parish records relating to the Archdeaconry of Bristol

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P.AS/D/L/171,204, 207-8

Christchurch parish: deeds and feoffments
P.Xch/D/30,31,39
P.Xch/F/1,2,3,4

St James parish: deeds
P.StJ/D/14/3

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P.StMR/D boxes 40 and 45
P.StMR/D/1/15 and 16
P.StMR/D/3/12, 20, 23
P.StMR/D/4/4,5,6,13,18, 20

St Nicholas parish: deeds relating to church lands and records of charities
P.StN/Ch/D/21-2
P.StN/Ch1

St Philip and Facob parish: deeds
P.StP\&J/D/11(e)

St Stephen parish: deeds
P.StS/D/Box 6
P.StS/D/11

St Thomas parish: deeds
P.StT/D/11, 19, 21, 54, 93, 261-74

St Werburgh parish: deeds
P.StW/D/5(e.i.m)

Temple parish: leases and agreements
P.Tem/Ab/13 and 118
P.Tem/Ab/94/120 and 159
P.Tem/Ab/111
P.Tem/Ab/114 and133
P.Tem/Ab/123
P.Tem/Ab/126
P.Tem/Ab/128 and 150
P.Tem/Ab/129
P.Tem/Ab/145
P.Tem/Ab/157
P.Tem/Ah/24
P.Tem/H/1 Book of Plans 1804-5
(b) Estate and family archives

AC/JS $61 \quad$ Professional papers of Jarrit Smith
T. C.'s Department: gifts: deeds given by Major R. V. Way

4726(3, 5-9, 20)
Solicitors' Collections
32226
large deposit from Clarke, Gwynn \& Press yet to be catalogued includes parish records of St John the Baptist and St Nicholas ${ }^{2}$

## (c) Institutions and societies

Expired leases, various charities administered by Trustees of the Bristol Municipal Charities
33041/BMC/5 Temple hospital deeds
33041/BMC/6 Alderman John Whitson's Charities
SMV/7/1/1/2 Society of Merchant Venturers: Wharfage Book 1659-1666

## (d) Antiquarian and composite collections

T. C.'s Department: gifts: collection of deeds formerly in the City Museum

5139(557)
T. C.'s Department: documents deposited: deeds relating to the Red Lodge and adjoining property 5535(23)a-b
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5918(4) Mortgage document to Hollwey \& Ellis
(e) Deeds
C. T.'s Department: documents deposited:

00342(17) Title deeds Sir Joshua Terrill
T. C.'s Department: purchases:

09686/5
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T. C.'s Department: gifts:

11178/1-21 Deeds relating to Lewins Mead, originally of the Greyfriars
11982(9)a and b Deeds presented by Messrs Davies and Parchard
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[^171]19835(5g) Documents relating to the Aldworth, Harford and Riddle
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## Personal Name Index

Names that appear in the three hearth tax lists and appendices $1-4$ are indexed by IRN (see p. 87) and shown in bold: where a name appears more than once in the same IRN it is asterisked. All other materials (introduction, footnotes and appendices 4-9) are indexed by page, but names in footnotes are not indexed if they refer to a person named in the relevant IRN. IRN entries are given first, page numbers afterwards (shown in ordinary type). Given all the spelling variations, what are considered versions of the same surname are clustered together under the most common version, with all other variants given in brackets. Identifiers such as widow, Mr or esquire are only given when no first name is given with the surname, except for titles such as 'Sir Robert'.

## A

Abbott, goodman 320; Edward, 4, 184; John, 35, 102, 222
Abell, Christopher, 21
Abbington (Abington), widow, 19, 201
Abley (Ably), Henry, 76, 123
Adams (Addames, Addams, Odams, Odoms), [blank], 123; widow, 6, 171; Abell, 28; Ann, 95; Benjamin, 38, 84, 109; Bernard, 5, 13; Daniel, 31, 77, 123, 227, 189n, 312; Fulk, 12; Henry, 11, 72, 118, 119; Joane, 170; John, 11, 27, 78,
144; Joyce, 92; Robert, 101; Roger, 124, 172,
236, 237, 296; Shem, 27, 143*; Thomas, 6, 32, 38, 109
Addis, William, 3, 181
Addison, widow, 5, 41, 169; Joane, 90; Mary, 3,
148, 182; Nathaniel, 3, 181; Robert, 137
Adey, Thomas, 125
Adsley, Stephen, 11
Albert, Joseph, 236
Alden, widow, 39; Richard, 25
Alder, widow, 160; Elner, 96
Alderson, widow, 64; Anthony, 9; Edward, 28, 65,
141; William, 141
Aldridge (Aldrige), Bennett, 22; John, 31, 122
Aldworth (Alder[worth]), Mr, 225; Mrs, 214; widow, 7, 22, 33, 312; Ann, 90; John, 174, 24, 302, 312; Mary, 80, 164, 310; Richard, 25, 50, 310; Robert, 22, 80, 164, 214, 74, 76-7, 145, 149, 302, 310
Alexander, Mary, 29; Roger, 145
Alflat, Edmond, 155n
Alford (Allford), Alice, 29; Christopher, 26, 65, 141
Allen (Allin), Mrs 326; widow, 89, 222; Elizabeth,

130, 220; Francis, 125; John, 17, 34, 86, 100,
201, 180n; Melina 185n; Nathaniel, 36, 105; Randall, 56, 58, 102*; Richard, 49; William, 38, 55, 110
Aley, Abraham, 26
Allington, Matthew, 9, 115
Allman (Allmond), widow, 9, 174
Altstone, William, 43
Alyes, widow, 150; Henry, 97, 192; John, 59;
Robert, 14, 193
Amberson, Robert, 36, 51, 103
Ambrose, Thomas, 29, 127
Ames (Amos), George, 16, 199, 323; Richard, 115
Amson, John, 16
Anderson, widow, 226, 231; $\operatorname{Amos}(\mathrm{s})$, 228, 234; James, 110
Andrews (Anderesse, Andrewes, Androwes), widow, 8, 16, 18, 169, 194; Arthur, 5, 169; Charles, 12, 117; Hercules, 12, 117; Jesse, 39*, 107; John, 11, 25, 74, 97; 117, 225, 235, 184n; Mathew, 149; Ralph, 18, 195; Robert, 27, 92, 144; Thomas, 40, 133; William, 27, 92, 143, 174, 197, 209
Apon, Margarett, 223
Appleton, Henry, 76, 302; John, 29, 122
Ariell, George, 136
Arkell, Tom 8, 22
Arney, John, 57
Arnold (Arnell, Arnoll, Ernall), widow, 42; Ger(r)
ard, 19, 153; John, 39, 109; Jonathan, 40, 136;
William, 225, 230, 235
Arrundell see Arundell
Arthur, widow, 203; Richard, 20; Robert, 195;
Thomas, $\mathbf{1 8 2}$

Arundell (Arrundell), [blank], 29; Mr, 172; widow, 77, 126; Edmund, 6; John, 120; William, 92, 189
Ash, Mrs, 179; widow, 2; James, 322; Margery, 186n; Richard, 90
Ashford, Ann, 32, 81*, 158
Ashley (Ashly), John, 79; Robert, 164, 214
Ashman, Christopher, 23, 166, 218; William, 39, 42
Ashton, William, 324
Ashwen, John, 26
Asseridge, Lysence, 173
Atkins (Atkyns, Attkins), [blank], 117; widow, 35, 103; Anthony, 19, 202; John, 39, 110; Sir Robert, 4, 17-18, 26, 38; Robert, 199, 322; Thomas, $\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{1 0 *}, \mathbf{1 2}, \mathbf{3 6}, \mathbf{8 4}, \mathbf{8 5}, 95,105,115$, 177, 311; William, 225, 230, 233
Attwood (Atwood), Mrs 170; widow, 5; Abel(l), 5, 170; Francis, 12, 73, 117; George, 76, 306; Henry, 36, 104; James, 21, 88-9, 163, 213; John, 40, 131; Thomas, 77, 157; William, 37, $\mathbf{3 9}, \mathbf{5 5}, \mathbf{8 5}, \mathbf{1 0 8}, 110,313$
Atwell, widow, 148
Austin (Asling, Asten, Aust, Ausstin, Austen), widow, 39,118; Anne, 236, 237, 238, 239; Francis, 8, 183; John, 8, 183, 185n; Mary, 107; Thomas, 166, 218; William, 11, 37, 107, 109, 115
Avarage, Thomas, 323
Avery, Emmanuel, 12
Avison, John, 192
Awbry, Thomas, 144
Axon (Axan), widow, 136; Margaret, 42; Thomas, 4, 185
Ayleward (Aylewood, Aylward), Thomas, 5, 90, 169
Ayliffe (Aliffe), widow, 131, 178; Anthony, 62, 144, 323; Margery, 2, 179
Aylward see Ayleward
Ayson, Thomas, 90
Ayton see Eaton

## в

Babbicomb (Babicomb), Phillip, 30, 124; William, 24, 166, 218
Baber (Babar), widow, 14; John, 39, 225; Roger, 22, 163, 214; William, 98, 193, 64-5
Babister, widow, 133
Backwell, Henry, 180
Bacon (Beacon, Beaken), widow, 128*; John, 8; Mary, 31; Richard, 3
Baddam (Badham, Baddum), widow, 117, 119, 165, 216; Edward, 17, 203, 322; Thomas, 19, 197; William, 73
Badminham see Bodenham
Badwell, Thomas, 42
Bady, Thomas, 132

Bagg, widow, 28, 78, 143; Andrew, 27, 78, 144; Edward, 28, 92, 144; James, 27, 143; Thomas, 27, 144
Baily (Bayley, Bayliffe, Bayly), [blank], 118; widow, 9, 12, 26, 118, 141; Francis, 9, 71, 113, 312; James, 36, 197; John, 28, 70, 114, 133, 143, 236; Jonathan, 35, 100; Michael, 66; Robert, 57-8, 90, 102; Roger, 40, 132, 25; Samuel, 32; Thomas, 188; William, 12, 14, 27, 29, 118, 126, 127, 143, 194, 236
Baker, [blank], 126; widow, 19, 28, 33, 107, 146, 157; Abraham, 133; Alice, 30, 312; Andrew, 14, 54, 209; Ann 218n; George, 173; Henry, 10, 115 ; John, 22, 67, 87, 129, 149, 158, 164, 214; Joseph, 11, 120; Richard, 60, 83; Walter, 83; William, 15, 196
Baldwin, [blank], 148; Mr, 176, 188; Hugh, 20, 154; John, 31, 77, 125, 322; William, 25, 59, 182n, 189n
Ball, Mr, 326; Mrs 321; Andrew, 17, 87, 201, 326; Anthony, 167, 219; Cassandra, 5, 187; George, 15, 88, 191; Nathaniel, 324; Thomas, 184; William, 15, 26, 65, 141, 183, 192, 51,323
Ballamy, Elizabeth, $\mathbf{1 6 0}$
Ballard, Francis, 33, 154n; Thomas, 42*, 76, 78*, 138, 313
Ballister (Bellister), Margaret, 19, 205
Balman, Elizabeth, 162, 212, 299; John, 131; Richard, 62, 148-50, 299
Balwell, William, 284n
Bancks see Bankes
Band, Edward, 236*; John, 188; Susanna, 174
Bane, Edward, 65
Banister see Bannister
Bankes (Bancks), widow, 7, 36, 175; Henry, 94; Mary, 105
Bankland, Robert, 325
Banne, Thomas, 92
Bannister (Banister, Bannester), widow, 40; John, 133, 222
Banton, William, 13
Barber, William 324
Barbury, Mary, 9
Barcroft, Humphrey, 88
Barker, James, 108, 119
Barklett see Bartlett
Barly, John, 18
Barnard, James, 225
Barnes (Bearnes), widow, 16, 192; Abraham, 29, 31, 77, 122; Elizabeth, 42; Francis, 223n; George, 8, 87, 186, 321 ; John, 38, 54, 97, 111; Thomas, 11, 25, 59, 148; William, 197, 179n
Barnett, [blank], 67; Phillip, 69
Barnewell (Barwell), [blank], 129; Mary, 39
Baron, Mary, 188
Barr see Burret

Barrett (Barratt), John, 166, 218; Robert, 190, 227, 74; Thomas, 21, 162, 212
Barrow, Anthony, 10; Edward, 12; John, 30
Bartely see Berkley
Bartlett (Barklett), Dr, 325; Benjamin, 41, 134, 220
Barwell see Barnewell
Barwick (Barruck, Barwicke, Berwick) Elizabeth, 15, 97, 191; William, 14, 70, 208, 324
Barye, Thomas, $\mathbf{3 1}$
Bashy see Bastin
Baskall see Pascall
Basker, John, 229
Baskerville (Baskervill), James, 22, 163, 214
Bason, Thomas, 3, 90, 183
Bassett, [blank], 101
Bastin (Bashy), Edward, 37, 109
Bateman see Batman
Bath, John, 15; William, 60
Batham see Batman
Bathoe (Batho), John, 98, 190
Bathum see Batman
Batman (Bateman, Batham, Bathum, Battman), widow, 12, 325; Richard, 71, 116; $\operatorname{Stan}(\mathrm{n})$ ton, 18, 195
Battell see Battle
Batten (Batton), widow, 11, 118, 312; Ann, 28; Edward, 185n; Griffen, 72, 312; James, 95; Walter, 4, 184
Battle (Battell), Edward, 34, 102, 183, 222; Isaac, 107; Moses, 37, 84, 55
Battman see Batman
Batton see Batten
Baugh, Mr, 323; widow, 16, 88, 197, 207*; Edmund, 265n; Edward, 29, 77, 121, 186n; Francis, 27, 88, 142; John, 185n, 265n, 324; Richard, 32, 64, 83, 157, 306; Rowland, 78; Susan, 86; William, 14, 22, 27, 83, 142, 150,160, 163, 214
Bawan see Bowen
Bayley, Bayliffe, Bayly see Baily
Baynam, Mary, 73
Baynton, Lady, 94, 49
Bayter, Nicholas, 34
Beacham, Richard, 12; Samuel, 50, 136
Beacon see Bacon
Beake (Beck), Mrs, 197; widow, 15, 16, 64, 192, 198*; Benjamin, 108; Henry, 37, 108; John, 20, 154; Phillip, 322; Robert, 34, 101; Susan, 86; William, 64
Beaken see Bacon
Beale, John, 5; Matthew, 8, 184
Beaman, widow, 21
Beamer, widow, 104
Beames, Roger, 170
Beane, Humphrey 12n
Beard, John, 12, 13

Beare, John, 39
Bearnes see Barnes
Beath, William, 25
Beaton, George, 26, 65, 141, 144; John, 141;
Richard, 90, 182
Beaver, widow, 104
Beck see Beake
Beckett, Peter, 2, 90, 179
Beckham (Bickam, Bickham), Richard 20, 81, 154, 310; William, 23, 166, 217
Bedford, Arthur, 22n; John, 83
Bedman, Susanna, 23
Beede see Bide
Beheathland, Henry, 25
Belcher (Belshire), widow, 20, 35, 153; Francis, 96;
James, 31, 124; John, 35, 36; Richard, 88, 100;
Robert, 324; William, 96
Bell, Francis, 15, 97, 191; James, 18, 190
Bellister see Ballister
Belshire see Belcher
Beltar, Henry, 129
Benett see Bennett
Benfeild, Joane, 79; Richard, 60
Benner see Venner
Bennett (Benett), [blank], 3; widow, 36; Christopher, 92, 225; Edmund, 104; Edward, 36, 149; Joan, 24; John, 15, 97, 190; Richard, 184; Robert, 41; William, 225
Benson (Bensone), [blank], 168; widow, 24, 219; Richard, 21, 35, 88, 163, 213; Thomas, 22, 219, 285
Bentley (Bentely), William, 6, 94, 117, 173
Berkes see Birkes
Berkin (Birkin, Birkine, Burkin), Mr, 188; widow, 30; Abraham, 92, 142, 209, 302; Christopher, 38; James, 67; John, 11, 68, 116; Richard, 77, 215n; Thomas, 30, 125
Berkley (Bartely, Berkly, Berkeley), family, 44; Alexander, 35, 101; William, 164, 215
Bernard, Grace, 81, 166, 218; John, 30; Nicholas, 23, 86
Berren, Thomas, 33
Berrett, widow, 24
Berrier see Berry
Bertles, Fithian, 93
Berrow, widow, 185; Ann, 28; Anthony, 69, 114, 118; John, 77, 125
Berry (Berrier, Burry, Bury), Mrs, 219; Charles, 105; Henry, 39; Joseph, 19, 80, 153, 310; Nicholas, 23, 166; Philip, 33, 99; Richard, 195n; Stephen, 43, 132; Thomas, 178n
Betterton (Besterne), Richard, 25, 148
Bettman, Mathew, 38
Bevan (Beaven), Charles, 54, 104, 202, 326; Henry, 148; John, 132; Thomas, 27, 77, 91, 143, 54, 302, 323; William, 138

Bevill, Cicelia, 36; John, 80*, 156, 165, 217
Bevington, widow, 178
Bevis (Bevys), John, 57, 138; Mary, 31, 312; Roger, 6; Thomas, 31
Bible (Bibbe, Bibbell), Arthur, 13; Joseph, 230, 233
Bickam, Bickham see Beckham
Bickwell, John, 77
Biddle (Bidle), Anna, 136; John 187n
Biddlestone (Bigglestone), widow, 164, 200, 215; Phillip, 164, 165, 215; Richard, 22, 80, 217; William, 268n, 322
see also Duddlestone
Bide (Beede), widow, 214, 225, 325; Edward, 65; Elinor, 143
Bidle see Biddle
Bifeild (Byfeild), Edward, 30, 67, 126; Thomas, 31
Biford, widow, 39; Margaret, 107
Bigglestone see Biddlestone
Biggs, widow, 22; Charles, 38; Henry, 8, 17, 202, 321 ; James, 79, 153; Thomas, 27, 88, 142, 58, 311
Bignell, widow, 190
Bilby (Bilbe), John, 14, 26, 86, 324
Bingham, widow, 187; Christopher, 97
Binton, Henry, 12
Bird (Burd), Mrs 325; widow, 17, 205; Elizabeth, 166n; Israel, 36, 84, 106, 55; James, 27, 92, 143; John, 69, 115; Margaret, 86; Thomas, 123; William, 36, 37, 84, 107, 64
Birkes (Berkes), [blank], 104; Mrs, 324; John, 84
Birkhead, Christopher, 110
Birkin, Birkine see Berkin
Birte see Burte
Bishop (Bishopp, Bishshop), Capt., 172, 184; Christian, 226, 228, 231, 233; Elizabeth, 231n, 236n, 256n, 320; George, 86, 147, 148, 154; Robert, 12, 117; Thomas, 50, 134
Bisse, widow, 37; George, 7; Joan, 108; Robert, 12*; Thomas, 2, 177; William, 39, 130
Bittle, [blank], 202; William, 19
Bitton, Thomas, 225
Blackbrow (Blackberrow, Blackborow), Elizabeth, 70; Richard, 57
Blackdowne, [blank], 87
Blackford, Edward, 35, 103
Blackley see Bleachley
Blackmore, Mrs, 321 ; widow, 17, 157
Blackway (Blakeway), widow, 14, 193
Blackwell, Capt., 177; Jonathan, 2, 68, 116, 306, 312
Blagden (Blagdon), Barbara, 103, 167, 219, 51; Thomas, 32
Blake, Edward, 125, 129n; John, 30, 125
Blakeway see Blackway

Blanch (Blannch, Blaunch), goodwife, 320; widow, 4, 77, 185; John, 9, 32, 73, 113, 157; Robert, 18; Walter, 322
Bland, Walter, 16; William, 24
Blannch, Blaunch see Blanch
Blayden, John 322, 326
Bleachley (Blackley, Bleachly) John, 12, 74, 116, 161; William, 212
Blewat see Bluett
Blewellen, Blewellin see Llewellin
Blewett see Bluett
Blindman, Margaret, 7, 179; Richard, 25, 150, 51; William, 8, 184
Blissard, Anthony, 15, 210, 325
Bluett (Blewat, Blewett), Charles, 42, 134, 221; John, 129
Blunt, widow, 98; John, 90; Thomas 155n
Blye (Bly), Thomas, 18, 193
Board (Boord), Edith, 131, 223; Edward, 148
Boateman, Ann, 108
Boby, Mary, 113
Bodenham (Badminham, Bodman), John, 175; Robert, 10, 70, 115, 189n
Bolt (Boult), widow, 220; William, 135
Bolton (Bowlton), John, 129, 323; Robert, 9, 99, 113; Thomas 206
Bond, widow, 274n, 325; Edward, 239
Bonner, William, 11
Boone (Boune), [blank] 321; widow, 43; John, 4, 149, 184; Katherine, 147; Sara, 105; Thomas, 27, 143
Boord see Board
Borne see Bourne
Bosley, William, 101
Boston, John, 2, 180
Boswell, George, 47, 83
Boucher see Butcher
Boult see Bolt
Boune see Boone
Bourne (Borne, Burne), Doctor, 41; Gabriel, 26, 140; John, 185; Nicholas, 9; Sara, 42; Thomas, 49, 136
Boutcher see Butcher
Bovy, Joane, 55
Bowden, Josias, 56
Bowdler, Marmaduke, 29, 55, 99
Bowen (Bawan), goodwife, 321; widow, 17, 202; Anna, 187; David, 101; Edward, 17, 203; Griffith, 199, 323; Jeremiah, 132; John, 20, 81, 109, 147, 154, 306, 310; Margaret, 326; Robert, 27, 143; William, 14, 209, 325
Bower, Amey, 8; John, 225; Thomas, 37, 108
Bowes, Thomas, 36, 105
Bowles, Alice, 273n, 325; Edward, 322; Peter, 93, 143; William, 205
Bowlton see Bolton

Bowman, John, 41, 136
Bowne, Florence, 42; John, 26
Bowry, John, 117
Bowyer (Boyer), Simon, 36, 54, 58, 105
Boxwell, Richard, 19, 64, 196
Boyce, Thomas, 26, 191; William, 84
Boycen, Thomas, 41
Boyer see Bowyer
Boyter, Nicholas, 101
Bradford, Jane, 92; Robert, 28, 145; Thomas, 92
Bradley, Robert, 10, 68, 116
Bradmore, Henry, 144
Bradshaw, Mary, 24, 226, 231
Bradway (Broadway, Broadwey), widow, 123; John,
76, 90, 4, 212n, 302; Thomas, 29, 122, 302, 312
Brady, Joseph, 59; Mat(t)hias, 2, 179
Brafeild see Brayfeild
Braikenridge, George 62
Braine (Brann, Braun, Brayne), widow, 3, 43, 200;
John, 3, 23, 147, 180; Thomas, 35, 103
Bramble, John, 11, 67
Branch, widow, 322; Henry, 136
Brandon, William, 69
Brandy, Elinor, 179
Brann, Braun see Braine
Brawler, widow, 10, 115; Ann, 69
Bray, Edward 256n, 320; Fouk, 79; George, 225; Henry, 4, 103, 185
Brayfeild (Brafeild), Richard, 57, 103
Brayle, Edward 182n
Brayne see Braine
Breach, John, 41, 120
Brekins, Sara, 36
Brenston see Brewster
Brent (Brentt, Brint), widow, 135; Grace, 105;
Humphrey, 41, 19n, 50, 223n; Jacob, 50, 223n
Brereton, Anthony, 20, 155
Brewer, widow, 25; Richard, 226, 232; Thomas, 87
Brewster (Brenston), widow, 15, 209
Briant (Brian, Bryan, Bryant), widow, 4, 31, 169;
Francis, 33, 81; Jane, 8; Joane, 182; John, 16, 64,
197; Mathew, 185; Richard, 36; Thomas, 94
Bricker, [blank], 130; Ann, 16, 197; Laurence, 51
Bridger, James, 2, 178, 312
Bridges, Dorothy, 149; John, 158; Michael, 138
Bridgett (Pridgett), John, 32; Lewis, 41; William, 23
Bridgman, Ann, 95
Brigg see Prigg
Bright, Edward, 32
Brimble, John, 120
Brimsden (Brimsdone, Brimstone), Christopher, 35, 57, 103, 313; Matthew, 322
Brinkworth (Brinkeworth), John, 41, 49, 136
Brinn (Brine, Bruine), widow, 167, 219; Barwick (Berwick), 23, 89, 166, 218; Thomas, 100
Brint see Brent

Briscoe (Bristoe), Andrew, 201, 326
Briss, James, 73
Brissleton, Thomas, 18
Bristoe see Briscoe
Bristoll (Bristow), John, 26, 147, 227*, 78; Richard, 224
Britten (Brittaine, Brittan, Britton), Canamel
(Canonnel), 15, 190; Daniel, 90; George, 197;
Tobias, 25, 65, 139
Brittle, Bartholomew, 23, 88, 163, 212
Britton see Britten
Broad (Broade), widow, 38, 105; Henry, 163, 212; Joseph, 14, 209, 325; Richard, 36, 322
Broadway, Broadwey see Bradway
Brobridge, Francis, 39
Brock, Brocke see Brooke
Brockman see Brookman
Bromage (Brumidger), Thomas, 12, 117
Bromhill, Mr, 225
Brooke (Brock, Brocke, Brookes), Mr, 178; widow, 14, 126, 208, 233, 324 ; Edward, 30, 108, 126; Elizabeth, 138; Eusebius, 2, 82, 90; John, 14, 18, 84, 98, 194, 207; Owen, 136; Richard, 25, 150, 225, 229, 230; Samuel, 38; Thomas, 34, 37, 84, 87, 105; William, 42, 129
Brookehouse (Brookhouse), Robert, 29, 76, 121
Brookeman see Brookman
Brooker, Edward, 96
Brookes see Brooke
Brookhouse see Brookehouse
Brookman (Brockman, Brookeman), widow, 17, 42, 134, 207
Browne (Brown), widow, 9, 26, 28, 36, 116, 123, 144, 205, 236, 238, 322; Abraham, 43, 133; Andrew, 239; Anthony, 190; Charles, 19; Edmund, 106; Edward, 170; Elizabeth, 91, 96; George, 34*, 101*, 174; Griffen, 19; Henry, 25, 79, 150; Jane, 108; Jeremy, 15, 86, 210, 325 ; John, 9, 10, 21, 23, 30, 63, 139, 161, 212; Katherine, 35; Lawrence, 236, 239*, 298; Margaret, 239; Patrick, 61, 149; Peter, 56, 102; Richard, 28, 92*, 144; Simon, 16, 79, 323; Susan, 79; Thomas, 16, 20, 47, 70, 85, 94, 114, 154, 192; Timothy, 11, 73, 75, 120; William, $\mathbf{5}, \mathbf{3 0 *}, \mathbf{3 7}, 97,107,117,166,180,199,219$, 214n, 323
Browning (Browneing), widow, 131; Mary, 14, 97, 193; Richard, 12, 72, 118
Bruine see Brinn
Brumidger see Bromage
Bryan, Bryant see Briant
Bubb, widow, 6; Richard, 76
Buck, Benjamin, 38; James, 225; John, 18, 190;
Nathaniel, 58; Samuel, 58
Buckler, Robert, 209
Buckstone, Robert, 7

Bulgen (Bulgin), James, 34, 100; John, 41
Bull, [blank], 2, 148; widow, 26; Gilbert, 43; James, 34, 102, 139; Thomas, 8; William, 10, 114
Bullon, Richard, 19
Bullman, Thomas, 6, 171
Bullock (Bullocke), [blank], 36; Mr, 177; Alice, 69; Ann, 97; Henry, 96; John, 5, 30; William, 84, 104
Bumsteed (Bumpsted, Bumpsteed, Bumstee), [blank], 114; widow, 10, 17, 201; Sarah, 70
Burch, widow, 11; John, 32*
Burcomb (Burcome), John, 37, 107
Burcutt see Burkett
Burd see Bird
Burford, widow, 26; Maurice, 180; Richard, 3, 26, 90, 141, 181, 227n; Robert, 34, 101; Thomas, 227n
Burges (Burge, Burgess, Burgis), [blank], 33, 159; widow, 11; Anthony, 186, 326; George, 39; James, 109; Marger, 107; Richard, 32, 83, 118; Robert, 40, 132; Samuel, 41, 134, 221; Thomas, 28, 145; William, 32, 157, 159, 201, 309, 326
Burkett (Burcutt), Edward, 109; John, 85; Robert, 41, 50, 135; Thomas, 52
Burkin see Berkin
Burne see Bourne
Burnell (Burnoll), [blank], 125; Henry, 113; Mary, 123; William, 13
Burpott (Burpett, Burpitt), James, 25, 149; Maurice, 2
Burrett (Barr, Burriatt), Edward, 109; Richard, 37-8, 110, 311
Burrowes (Burras, Burris, Burroughs, Burrow), widow, 32; Nicholas, 113; Thomas, 119; William, 78
Burry see Berry
Bursall see Bussell
Burte (Birte, Burt), [blank], 118; widow, 125; Elizabeth, 33; John, 12, 74, 75, 117; Richard, 136; Thomas, 81, 159
Bury see Berry
Bush, widow, 206, 324; Anthony, 18; Cicely, 60, 59; Edward, 13; Gregory, 27, 144; John, 12, 15, 189; Martha, 41; Mary, 200; Richard, 27, 143; Stephen, 143; William, 27*, 77, 78, 97, 143, 144, 194
Bussell (Bursall, Bushell, Busleton, Bussle), Mr, 170; Edward, 19; John, 33, 225, 19n, 313; Thomas, 194; Tobias, 65; William, 5, 76, 169, 225
Butcher (Boucher, Boutcher), Mr, 174; widow, 129; George, 7, 19, 79; John, 23, 166, 218; Nicholas, 13; Samuel, 22
Butler (Buttler), widow, 15, 133, 138, 189, 235; Ann, 62; Christopher, 227; Edward, 19, 141, 147, 192; Margaret, 42; Samuel, 14, 208, 325; Thomas, 4, 36, 104, 129, 311

Butts, William, 27, 72
Byfeild see Bifeild

## C

Cable see Caple
Cade (Cadd, Cades), widow, 11, 120; James, 22, 154, 302, 309; Thomas, 10, 141
Cadle (Cadley), Simon, 18, 195; Thomas, 26, 203; William, 119
Cadwallader, Francis, 37
Cake, Oliver, 63
Cale (Cales), Nathaniel, 88, 200, 211, 58, 74, 79, 148-50, 300; Thomas, 27, 142
Callow, Thomas, $\mathbf{3 0}$
Calloway (Kellaway), goodman, 326; Jasper, 25, 150; John, 8, 187, 321
Callowhill, John, 197; Thomas, 83, 157, 189n, 224n
Calthorpe (Colthrope, Colthropp), George, 40, 108
Calvert, Margaret, 182n
Cambridge, widow, 191; Mary, 97
Cann, widow, 153; Elizabeth, 183; Margaret, 81; Sir Robert, 21, 81, 154, 211, 19n, 66, 77, 300, 310; Sir Thomas, 235n
Cannons (Cannens, Cannes, Canons), widow, 19, 202; William, 36, 49, 137
Cantor see Carter
Canynges. William, 55, 202n
Caple (Cable), James, 34, 56, 80, 100
Care, Mr, 236
Carey see Cary
Carny, Thomas, 117
Caroe (Caro, Carrow), [blank], 106; Alexander, 69; Elexar, 169; George, 84; Susanna, 37
Carpenter, Joane, 84; Walter, 36, 53, 104
Carriadge, widow, 177
Carrow see Caroe
Carter (Cantor), Joan, 266n; Obadiah, 225, 235, 294; Phillip, 153; Walter, 11
Cartwright (Cartewright), widow, 162, 212; Elizabeth, 21; Philip, 96; Thomas, 77
Carver, widow, 226, 232
Cary (Carey), [blank], 164, 215; Christopher, 2, 90, 177; Francis, 22; Henry, 132; Margaret, 186n; Sara, 6; Shersha(w), 94, 170, 302; Thomas, 27, 76
Casbeard, John, 37, 84; Mary, 106
Case, Giles, 2, 178; Richard, 26
Cason (Kason), Alexander, 4, 185
Castle (Cattle), John, 11; Michael, 36; Paul, 30; Timothy, 16, 197; William, 130
Cates, Richard, 40
Cattford, widow, 14
Cattle see Castle
Cause, widow, 14, 16, 194, 196; Nicholas, 64, 265n; Richard, 18*, 97, 195*

Cave, William, 183
Cecill (Chissel, Cicell, Cissel), [blank], 157; widow,
31; Henry, 124; John, 27, 83, 142, 302; Richard, 27*, 93, 143*; Sara, 108; William, 188
Chade, Chades see Cheade
Challoner, widow, 156n; Robert, 31, 76, 91, 123; William, 30, 63*, 115
Chalwell, widow, 206; John, 86
Chamberlaine (Chamberlayne), Col., 171; William, 68
Chambers, widow, 11 ; John, 135; Peter, 6, 95, 171; William, 118
Chambleton, Richard, 69
Chamlies, [blank], 85
Champion, John, 16, 200, 322; William, 196
Champneys (Champnies), George, 76; Sara, 121
Chandler (Channdler, Chaundler), Edward, 167, 219; Richard, 227; Thomas, 30, 124
Channell, widow, 8, 187
Chapley, John, 30
Chapman, [blank], 168, 219; Nicholas, 149; Richard, 18; Stephen, 21, 53, 310; Thomas, 40; William, 16
Chappell, Mrs, 165, 217; Christopher, 79, 164, 215; John, 79; Thomas, 30; William, 22, 164, 214
Charles I, 44, 57, 89
Charles II, 8, 89-90
Charles, [blank], 141; widow, 165, 217; John, 13, 118, 165, 216
Charlton, Margaret, 188n
Chasay, John, 322
Chatten (Chatton), widow, 23, 166, 218; Thomas, 89*, 53
Chatterton (Gatterson), Thomas, 35, 100
Chatton see Chatten
Chattwell, widow, 13
Chauncy (Chaunce), [blank], 26; Ichabod, 309
Chaundler see Chandler
Cheade (Chade, Chades), Nicholas, 31, 125;
Thomas, 115
Chelton, William, 37, 108
Cherrington, William, 137
Cherry, John, 105
Cheshire, John, 5, 169
Chester, widow, 227
Chetwind, John, 41, 133, 223, 50, 288
Cheynies, Lady, 187n
Chick, Charles, 239
Child (Childe), widow, 3, 109; Edward, 79, 153, 4, 19; Francis, 36, 104; Mary, 225, 230; Richard, 180; Thomas, 183
Chilton, widow, $\mathbf{8}, 188$
Chiney, widow, 321
Chissel see Cecill
Chock (Chocke), [blank], 149; John, 29, 60, 99

Christmas, Richard, 13, 206, 324; Robert, 86
Christopher, William, 38
Church, Jerome, 39; Walter, 41, 135
Churchill, family 12-13; John, 5, 13; Richard 5, 12-13, 21, 38-9, 82
Churchman, John, 67
Churchwood, David, 170; John, 8
Cicell see Cecill
Ciphers (Cuphard, Cyphard, Cyphers, Sipres, Syfars, Sypherd) widow, 158; Alice, 33, 81; Edward, 209; Phillip, 23, 163, 214; Richard, 221
Cissel see Cecill
Clare (Clary, Cleare, Cleere, Cleerer), widow, $\mathbf{1 0}$, 114; Ann, 70; John, 68, 117; Robert, 9, 70, 114; William, 94, 173
Clarke (Clark), [blank], 202; widow, 19, 41, 203; Edward, 62; Elizabeth, 23; George, 5, 185, 320; Henry, 19, 322 ; John, 17, 21, 29, 41, 88, 136, 141, 163, 166, 204, 213, 218, 322; Joseph, 32, 160; Mary, 136; Richard, 40, 42, 135; Samuel, $\mathbf{1 0}, \mathbf{9 4}, 154,313$; Simon, 16, 199, 323; Thomas, 29, 66, 140; Walter, 12, 72; William, 2, 4, 63, 87, 95, 180, 186, 321
Clary see Clare
Clavell, Margaret, 8, 188
Claxton, widow, 150; Ann, 104; Daniel, 88; James, 16, 65, 197
Clay (Cley), Richard, 23, 166, 218
Cleare see Clare
Cleaver, Richard, 13
Cleere, Cleerer see Clare
Clement (Clements), David, 179; Henry, 23, 105, 166, 218; John, 9, 42, 60, 114, 135; Peter, 89; Robert, 32, 168, 219; Samuel, 21, 62, 162, 212, 83; Sara, 36; Thomas, 27, 143, 225
Cleverly, William, 39, 109
Cley see Clay
Clifford (Glifford), Mr, 178; Edward, 15; John, 43, 137; Richard, 20, 48, 155; Thomas, 22
Clink (Clinke), Owen, 42, 49, 135
Clisson see Gliston
Clothier, Michael, 41
Cloud (Cloude), John, 234; Robert, 27, 92
Clutterbuck (Cluterbuck), [Mrs], 62; William, 21, 62, 163, 212, 302, 309
Clymer, widow, 72, 164, 214; Richard, 115; William, 10, 79
Coale see Cole
Coape see Cope
Coapeland see Copeland
Coapeman see Copeman
Cobb, Gilbert, 190n
Cock see Cooke
Cockner, Samuel, 190
Cockrell, Richard, 39

Coder, Ann, 57
Codner, widow, 13, 111; William, 103
Codring, Lewis, 105
Codrington, Richard, 32, 83, 157
Cogswell, Simon, 11
Coife (Coyce), Giles, 86; Thomas, 31
Coker, George, 170
Cole (Coale, Coole), [blank], 31; Mr, 312; widow, 7, 51, 175,226, 231, 235; Abraham, 21, 163,
213; Alice, 51, 272n 275n; Christopher, 229,
232, 235, 238, 239, 293-4, 297-8; James, 51,
130; John, 18, 26, 39, 65,141, 193, 178n, 312;
Samuel, 7, 174; Thomas, 4, 5, 78, 159, 182,
326; William, 80, 88, 163, 213, 303
Coleman, George, 9; John, 130; Richard, 88;
William, 35, 102, 222
Collender, widow, $\mathbf{8}, 180$
Collens see Collins
Collett, widow, 3, 97, 107
Collier, William, 27, 142
Collins (Collens, Collin), widow, 9, 15, 172, 190*; Arnold, 92; John, 15, 37, 109*, 126, 132, 209, 325; Margery, 15, 192; Mary, 150; Nehemiah, 97, 306; Rawlen, 38; Richard, 56, 101; William, 25
Colly, John, 124
Colston (Colstone), [blank], 21; widow, 35, 203;
Dyer, 97; Richard, 101; Robert, 35, 102;
William, 88, 163, 213, 53, 300
Colthrope, Colthropp see Calthorpe
Combe (Combes, Combs, Coombs) Elizabeth, 88; John, 16, 22, 32; Samuel, 36, 53, 104; Thomas, 14, 198, 323
Comber, William, 141
Comberbatch (Cumberbatch), widow, 24, 166,
217; John, 14, 16, 35, 86, 199, 200, 323
Combes, Combs see Combe
Compton, Henry, 9 ; Joseph, 220; Thomas, 36, 38, 84, 106*
Coner see Conner
Connell, Henry, 147
Connent, Joan, 182n
Conner (Coner), Darby, 7, 176
Connoway (Conoway), Anna, 174; Henry, 158
Constance, widow, 124; Thomas, 30, 124
Cooke (Cock, Coock) [blank], 115-16, 326; widow, 3, 6, 8, 18, 25, 124, 182, 183, 195; Ann(e), 36, 53, 103, 312; Anthony, 40, 51, 52, 132; Edward, 3, 28, 90, 145, 180, 324; Henry, 27, 88, 142; Isaac, 33, 99; James, 119; John, 14, 19, 40*,
131, 153, 194, 199, 178n, 303, 323; Judith,
36; Phillip, 90, 97, 149; Ralph, 85, 100, 140;
Symon, 40; Thomas, 8, 19, 87, 196; William, 2,
83, 179, 225
Coole see Cole
Coombs see Combe

Cooper, Mr, 323; Alexander, 25, 66, 162, 212;
Anthony Ashley, 13; Arthur, 40; Elizabeth, 21;
Mary, 64; Nicholas, 14, 86, 208, 325; Ralph, 16, 198; Thomas, 204, 324
Cope (Coape), widow, 4; Phillip, 40; Thomas, 133
Copeland (Coapeland), James, 9, 171
Copeman (Coapeman), Barnard, 13, 206, 324
Coppin, Anthony, 134
Coppinger, Mary, 11 n ; Mathew, 3-4, 11-12, 21, 33
Corbett, widow, 150
Corbin, Thomas, $\mathbf{1 0 0}$
Corder, John, 31
Corey (Core, Corige), Dorothy, 225, 230;
Katherine, 225, 229, 230, 233; Mary, 225, 229,
230, 234
Cork, John, 80
Cornish (Corniss), widow, 31, 124; John, 15, 39, 86, 209, 325; Robert, 4, 68, 184, 320
Corsley (Corsely, Corsly, Coslett, Costley), [blank], 148; Elizabeth, 60; Humphrey, 22, 88, 163, 213; Richard, 27, 142
Corterd, Philip, 20
Coscombe, Griffeth, 84
Coslett see Corsley
Cossill (Cotsell), Francis, 15, 192
Costley see Corsley
Cother, John, 102
Cotney see Courtney
Cott, Henry, 11, 119
Cottell, Paul, 126
Cotton (Coton), Francis, 19, 325; John, 40, 132
Cotterell (Cottrell), [blank], 140; widow, 174; John, 7, 174, 182; William, 134, 181
Cottley, John, 25
Cottrell see Cotterell
Councell (Counsell), John, 27, 143
Court (Courte, Curett), widow, 9; John, 5, 68, 113; Robert, 38
Courtney (Cotney, Courteny), Jeremy (Jeremiah), 23, 166, 218; Robert, 100
Coward, Mr, 179
Cox, 'old', 324; widow, 26; Edward, 57, 138; John, 12, 32, 117, 125, 160, 162, 212; Lewis, 13, 206, 324; Margaret, 131; Mary, 150, 177; Phillip, 27, 143; Popham, 77; Richard, 178, 229; Shadrach, 2, 90, 179*, 62; Simon, 131; Thomas, 27, 142, 199, 323; William, 24, 35*, 53, 66, 102, 103, 123, 224, 313
Coyce see Coife
Crabb, [blank], 40, 127; John, 40, 50, 52, 133, 176; Richard, 40, 52, 131; William, 41, 49, 136, 53, 154n, 300
Craddock, Walter, 19, 321
Crafton see Grafton
Crafts see Croft
Craisby see Grimsby

Crascombe see Croscombe
Crass see Cross
Craven, Ollive, 147
Creed, widow, 115; John, 118; William, 70
Crest, George, 11
Creswick (Creswicke), Francis, 188n; Sir Henry, 81, 91, 154, 182, 26, 36, 57, 64-6, 79, 148-50, 300; Joseph, 13, 20, 81, 154, 205, 303, 310
Crew, widow, 133; Augustine, 18, 196; Henry, 7, 174
Cribb, Elinor, 217n
Cridgenny, [blank], 10
Crimpe, John, 225
Crimpton, Margaret, 43
Crocker (Crocher), widow, 233*; Alice, 226, 231; John, 39, 100; Martha, 226, 231; Richard, 233; Thomas, 233; William, 91
Croft (Crafts, Crofte), Doctor, 32; widow, 21, 36; Edward, 10, 84-5, 104, 115; James, 81, 154, 306
Cromwell, John, 17, 19, 203; Oliver, 44
Crodby, Samuel, 225; William 225
Croker, George, 227
Crooch see Crouch
Crooke, Mrs, 173; John, 16
Croome, James, 63; William, 236
Croscombe (Crascombe, Croscomb), Richard, 68, 116
Cross (Crass, Crosse), [blank], 123; Bartholomew, 73, 117; Jasper, 90
Crossburne, John, 42
Crosse see Cross
Crossman (Crosseman), Mr, 171; Samuel, 6, 50; William, 173
Crouch (Crooch), Edmond, 110; John, 20; William, 20, 156
Crowder, Nathan (Nathaniel), 28, 146, 127n
Crowdy, William, 3
Crumpe (Crump), Eleanor, 54; John, 155n; Richard, 33, 55, 99, 303; Thomas, 14, 42, 97, 195
Cruse, widow, 171
Cubbins, Robert, 224
Cuddeford, John, 71
Cudimore, Robert, 23
Cugley, Mrs, 178; Elizabeth, 91
Culliford (Culleford), widow, 209; George, 87
Cullimore, widow, 166, 218; Henry, 26, 163, 212, 213; Thomas, 14, 208, 326
Culme (Cullum), Mr, 321; Peter, 30, 165, 216; Robert, 87-8, 188
Culmell, George, 30
Cumberbatch see Comberbatch
Cundrick, John, 15, 191
Cunningham, Katherine, 73
Cuphard see Ciphers

Curett see Court
Curnock, Richard, 88, 102; Robert, 124; Thomas, 43, 134, 221
Currell, widow, 234
Curtis, [blank], 116; Adam, 31, 78, 124; John, 225; Michael, 30, 126
Custons, Charles, 204
Cuttiford, John, 6, 173
Cuzens, William, 132
Cyphard, Cyphers see Ciphers

## D

Dabwell see Dapwell
Dacres, [blank], 11, 73; Edmond, 120, 199
Dagg, widow, 28; John, 7, 176
Dale (Deale), Edward, 15, 209; William, 4, 184
Damadge see Davidge
Damer (Demm), Richard, 13, 124
Dance, John, 61
Dandy (Dandey), widow, 24, 165, 216
Dangerfeild, Christian, 60*, 147; Christopher, 24; William, 22
Daniell (Daniel), widow, 18, 42, 195, 210; Edward, 182n; Elizabeth, 11; Enoch, 119; Henry, 78; Joane, 9, 172; Richard, 90; Robert, 132; Walter, 11, 119; William, 38, 105
Danson see Dawson
Dapwell (Dabwell), Robert, 84, 104, 113
Darnell, Edward, 12
Dashfeild (Deafeild, Deaffeild, Deffeild, Diffeild), Mrs, 187, 321 ; widow, $\mathbf{4}$; John, 94 ; Robert, $\mathbf{8 6}$
Davadge see Davidge
Daves, Davice see Davis
Davidge (Damadge, Davadge), widow, 40, 132; John, 27, 143, 311; Thomas, 33, 157
Davis (Daves, Davice, Davids, Davies, Davyn, Davys), Mr, 236; 'old', 238; widow, 4, 17, 19, 22, $29,41,42,109,126,132,134,135,145,153$, 163, 165, 185, 201, 213, 217, 221, 224, 234, 326; Abraham, 15, 190; Alice, 8; Ann(e), 59, 94; Charles, 8, 129, 182*; David, 134; Edith, 132; Edward, 73; Elizabeth 182n; George, 33, 55, 99, 105, 179n; Henry, 83, 132; Howell, 261 n ; James, 37; Jane, 226, 228, 231; Joane, 183; John, 18, 19, 23, 26, 37*, 64,70, 72, 75, 97, 104, 108, 120; 139, 173, 195, 203, 5, 13, 312; Margaret, 223n; Mary, 126; Maudlin, 125; Owen, 239; Prudence, 236; Richard, 8, 12*, 15, 38, 72, 98, 109*, 120, 179, 190; Robert, 80; Samuel, 7, 176; Sarah, 17, 203; Silvanus, 192; Thomas, 10, 16, 22, 23, 26, 39, 68, 108, 192, 236, 237, 238, 296-7; Tobias, 85; Walter, 30, 124; Welthen (Welthing), 237, 239; William, 12, 20, 36, 53, 74, 86, 87, 103, 116, 133, 198, 322
Daw, widow, 40; Mary, 97; Richard, 27, 77, 143, 182*

Dawson (Danson, Dewson), widow, 14, 209; Henry, 15, 209, 325; William, 33, 55, 99
Day (Days), widow, 18, 34, 51,130, 132, 193; Bryan, 101; Elinor, 31; Henry, 32; John, 41*, 49, 136; Joseph, 32, 160; Nathaniel, 21, 88, 163, 213; Nicholas, 30; Robert, 12; Thomas, 33, $\mathbf{3 5}, \mathbf{5 6}, \mathbf{9 9}, \mathbf{1 0 3}, 54,66,303$
Deafeild, Deaffeild see Dashfeild
Deakins, Michael, 95
Deale see Dale
Dealeing, William, 21
Deane, [blank], 138; Capt., 184, 236, 320; widow, 76; Anthony, 20, 153; Edith, 54; Gabri(e)l, 8, 87, 189, 54, 303 ; George, 114; John, 10, 19, 24, 72, 118; Richard, 2, 3, 181, 81 ; Thomas, 2, 6, 33, 55, 76, 90, 99, 172, 177, 155n
Deavorill see Deverell
Deddicott (Dedicot, Dodicatt), Henry, 21, 64, 161*, 212*; Nicholas, 139
Dedman, widow, 36; Edward, 105; Jane, 192
Dee, Abel, 94
Deffeild see Dashfeild
Defuy, William, 204
Deighton (Dighton), Mr, 188; George, 22, 79, 153, 164, 215; Henry, 5, 87, 189, 312, 320; John, 5, 320
Dellam (Dellman, Dellom), George, 193; John, 18, 110
Demm see Damer
Demollin (Demullen, Demullin, Du Moulin, Dumullen), family 55 ; Peter, 13, 86, 206, 54-5, 324
Dempster (Demster), widow, 183; Richard, 6, 95, 171
Demullen, Demullin see Demollin
Denby, Francis, 42; William, 21, 163, 213
Dence (Deuce), William, 22, 164, 215
Denham (Dinham), Dr (Doctor), 6, 94, 173
Dennes see Dennis
Dennett, John, 38
Dennis (Dennes), Isaac, 29*, 55, 121; Joseph, 101; Robert, 81, 158; Thomas, 68
Derrett, William, 226
Derrick, John, 160; William, 30
Deuce see Dence
Deverell (Deavorill, Deverax, Deverel, Deverill), Edward, 3, 180; Isaac, 14, 194; John, 15, 210, 325
Dew, widow, 132; John, 38
Dewson see Dawson
Deyos (Deyes), Henry, 52, 81, 158, 309; Michael, 76, 123
Dibberly, widow, 175
Dibbins, Walter, 38
Dickenson (Dickeson, Dickson), James, 210, 325; Leaman (Leming), 97, 192; William, 160

Didall (Dyddall), [blank], 52; widow, 134; John, 223
Dier see Dyer
Diffeild see Dashfeild
Dighton see Deighton
Digines, Mary, 96
Dike, Robert, 4; Thomas, 142
Dimock (Dimmock, Dymock), widow, 4, 187, 206, 321 ; Joane, 87; John, 189; Richard, 13; Robert, 4, 87, 187, 206, 321; William, 60
Diney, Alexander, 228
Dinham see Denham
Ditty, widow, 130; Edmund, 5, 170; Edward, 76; Marger, 136
Dixon, widow, 32; Charles, 81, 158, 52; Joan, 52, 176n; Mary, 158; Michael, 138; Miles, 42, 57; Robert, 32; Roger, 6; Symon, 14; Thomas, 35, 171; William, 32
Doale see Dole
Dobbins (Dobbines), Joseph, 5; Samuel, 28, 92, 146
Dodicatt see Deddicott
Doe, widow, 123
Dofin, widow, 150
Doggett, Thomas, 66
Dole (Doale), widow, 87; Erasmus, 33, 103; Francis, 151; John, 38; Toby, 224
Dolling (Dollen, Dollin), widow, 32, 157, 175; Jacob, 180; James, 3; Thomas, 8, 31, 124;
William, 26, 226n
Dolman, [blank], 58, 326
Donne see Dunn
Dorney, John, 34, 100*; Phillip, 20, 47
Dorrington, [blank], 125; William, 39, 129, 141
Dorvill, David, 36
Douglas, William, 13
Douting (Douteing, Dowteing, Dowton), widow, 39, 50; Giles, 50; John, 183; Robert, 30, 41, 77
Dowding (Dowden), [blank], 123, 134; widow, 134; Giles, 130, 196; Thomas, 187
Dowell (Dowle), widow, 27, 144, 272n, 325; John, 14, 59, 63, 86, 110, 207*, 310, 323; Peter, z17, 78, 204; William, 37
Downe see Downes
Downeman (Downeam), Mr, 326; Hugh, 17, 201
Downeing see Downing
Downes (Downe), widow, 181; Sampson, 11, 72, 119; Thomas, 5, 63, 93, 169; William, 11, 168n
Downing (Downeing), George, 6, 172; Richard, 34
Dowteing, Dowton see Douting
Draper, John, 26
Drew, [blank], 118; Cybell, 187; Daniel, 24, 148; John, 39, 57, 105, 129, 149, 60, 82; Richard, 30, 125; Robert, 25, 59, 150; Roger, 10, 114
Dring, William, 34
Drinkewater, William, 321

Driver, [blank], 106; widow, 21, 23, 30, 124,
164, 166, 214, 217; Edmund, 31; Joan, 24;
Nathaniel, 157; Philip, 13, 206, 324; Simon, 79, 168, 219; William, 85
Druce, Sara, 159
Duball, Francis, 133
Dubben, Nicholas, 24
Duckett (Ducket), Dr, 81; John, 17, 203, 322
Dudderidge (Duddridge), widow, 209; Edward, 15; Gabriel(1), 7, 179;
Duddlestone (Dudleston), widow, 16, 39, 129*; Edward, 52, 57; John, 27, 52, 142; Thomas 275n, 325; William, 15, 209
Duddlestone see also Biddlestone
Duddridge see Dudderidge
Duke, John, 27; Robert, 187
Dumer, Richard, 31
Du Moulin, Dumullen see Demollin
Dunbarr (Dunbar), Doctor, 22; John, 165, 217
Duncan (Duncon), widow, 133; Ann, 42
Duning see Dunning
Dunn (Donne, Dun, Dunne), Mr, 321; Edward, 23, 166, 218; Isabell(a), 4, 91, 183; Richard, 322; Thomas, 42; William, 17, 203, 322
Dunning (Donning, Duning, Dunneing), Margaret, 79, 243n; Thomas, 69, 115*; William, 22, 164, 215, 303, 310
Dupaing (Dupin, Dupon), Nicholas, 32, 54, 309
Dusten, Nicholas, 144
Dwight (Dweight), widow, 27; Ann, 311; George, 16, 142, 200, 311
Dyer (Dier), Edward, 88; Joseph, 225; Marie, 239
Dymer, Francis, 68, 117; George, 172n; John, 78*, 159, 303
Dymock see Dimock
Dymont (Diamond, Dimont, Dymond), [blank], 32, widow, 41, 134, 221

## E

Eabby, Margaret, 31
Eades, widow, 13
Eady, William, 23
Eagles (Eagle, Eggall) widow, 14, 208; Joan, 100; Thomas, 40, 131
Eales, widow, 205; William, 107
Eames, Richard, 10
Earle (Easles), George, 19, 204, 321; Henry, 138; Morgan, 203, 322; Thomas, 303
Eastmont (Eastmead), Thomas, 8, 170
Easton (Eston), [blank], 126; Elizabeth, 3; James, 82-3; Jonas, 62; Michael, 85; Richard, 3, 181; Thomas, 30, 303
Eaton (Ayton), Grace, 16, 199; Henry, 42, 133; John 274n, 322; Mary, 13, 207
Eckley (Eckly), [blank], 3; John, 4, 28, 92, 144, 186, 320, 326

Edgeley (Edgly), Stephen, 84, 118
Edith, William, 165, 217
Edmunds (Edmonds), George, 32, 157; John, 15, 209, 325; Thomas, 22, 67, 165, 216; William, 26
Edson, Richard, 181
Edward III, 44
Edwards, Capt., 236; widow, 18, 25, 42, 148, 164, 175, 215, 179n; Abraham, 29, 76, 121; Davy, 326; Elinor, 41; Elizabeth, 24; Enoch, 134;
George, 8, 170; Hugh, 42, 137; James, 35, 190; John, 30, 35, 38, 124, 131, 134, 136, 225, 230,
235; Jonathan, 22, 80, 164, 216; Katherine,
132; Nathaniel, 40; Peter, 5; Phillip, 4*, 90,
183*; Robert, 22, 101; Thomas, 15, 28, 32, 59,
97, 144, 157, 191*; Walter, 57, 110; William,
165, 206, 217, 322
Eggall see Eagles
Eive, Thomas, 97
Elcton see Elkton
Elet see Elliott
Elkington (Elkinton), [blank], 167; widow, 166, 218; Henry, 23, 219
Elkton (Elcton), George, 18, 190
Ellen (Ellin), widow, 39, George, 108;
Ellery, John, 267n, 322; Samuel, 226, 231; William, 199
Elliott (Elet, Ellett, Elliotte, Ellot, Ellott, Ellyott), [blank], 123, 190; widow, 24; Anthony, 101; Edward, 234; Elizabeth, 223; Francis, 135; Henry, 156n; Hugh, 4*, 186, 326; John, 42; Thomas, 134, 229, 292; William, 76, 147, 303
Ellis, Capt., 202*, 47; widow, 14, 31, 195; Anne, 90; Avis, 17, 202, 326; Elizabeth, 41; Thomas, $\mathbf{1 7 *}, \mathbf{9 0}, \mathbf{9 6}, 47,156 \mathrm{n}, 310,326$
Ellott see Elliott
Ellson, James, 4, 185
Ellsworth (Elsworthy), Richard, 6, 94
Ellyott see Elliott
Elmes, Mr, 178
Elnoughton see Throughton
Elsworthy see Ellsworth
Elvard (Elver), Edward, 3, 113, 131; James 320
Emery (Emry), Abraham, 132; Henry, 4; John, 110
Emlen, Henry, 321
Emm see Imm
Emry see Emery
England, John, 2*, 14, 86, 94, 177, 208, 324; Phillip, 91, 142; Robert, 39, 106; Thomas, 225*; William, 4, 7, 35, 100, 176, 185*, 320
Engleton (Ingleton), William, 70, 114
Entt, John, 40
Erby, Edward, 148
Erwood, Thomas, 123
Estcourt (Estcourte), Thomas, 28, 144

Eston see Easton
Estwick, John, 20, 155
Eurey, Abraham, 40
Evans (Evons, Heavens, Hevens, Howens), widow,
18, 22, 25, 99, 109, 165*, 195, 216, 217, 325;
Alexander, 37, 107; Ann, 34, 56; Edmond,
111; Edward, 7, 39, 108; George, 14*, 15, 19,
26, 65, 98, 195, 209; Gersham (Gershom), 26,
99; Griffin (Griffith), 41, 136; Henry, 39, 42,
129, 132; Joan, 54, 130; John, 41, 42, 60, 118 ,
135, 137, 138, 140, 149, 151, 223; Joseph, 2;
Llewellen, 100; Maudlin, 130; Nathaniel, 225;
Phillip 275n, 325; Richard, 10, 116; Robert,
31*, 124; Roger, 20, 154; Swithen, 43; Thomas,
14, 31, 35, 39, 56, 102, 109, 123, 196; William,
25, 31, 34, 37, 39*, 41, 106, 108, 123, 136, 137, 323
Evarard (Everatt, Everett), widow, 150; Edward, 9, 68, 70, 113; Hugh, 180; James, 16, 197; John, 25; Thomas, 64
Everton, John, 15
Evons see Evans
Ewens (Ewins), Thomas, 60, 150, 50
Eyres, widow, 9, 85; Elinor, 113
Exsham, John, 257n, 321

## F

Fainte, Henry, 225
Fairecloth, [blank], 126
Fane, Francis, 232, 237, 239
Farclew, John, 95
Farding, John, 117
Farley, Samuel, 88
Farmer (Farme), [blank], 23; widow, 2, 36, 43, 104, 179, 311; Arthur, 53, 306, 311; Griffith, 179; Hercules, 182; James, 9, 175; Ralph, 20, 80, 156, 50; Thomas, 90, 225
Farneham see Farnham
Farnell, widow, 16, 198, 323; Arthur, 16, 198*, 323; Richard, 193
Farnham (Farneham), Emanuel, 193; Evan, 18
Farrier, William, 54
Farrington, [blank], 98; John, 63
Farwood, Ann, 169
Faulkner (Faulkener, Fawkner), John, 34, 102; William, 41, 104, 134
Feare, widow, 23, 26, 140; Thomas, 191; William, 167, 219
Fearth, John, 170
Feild, Edward, 27, 28, 34, 65, 141
Feilding, Mr, 227; Ambrose, 77, 189; Edward, 27, 28, 62, 66, 141, 142, 303, 311
Fenton, John, 42
Fester, William, 8
Fettikatt, Fiddicatt see Fitticott
Fildurst, Henry, 20

Filpott see Philpott
Finch, [blank], 194
Fincher, Joseph, 41, 49, 136
Fines, Robert, 188
Fish, Dr, 324
Fisher, Mr, 325; widow, 16, 197, 163n; Edward, 65; Francis, 21, 87, 92, 163, 213; James, 21, 62, 162, 212; Joseph, 5, 90-1, 169; Mary, 35; Thomas, 17
Fishpill, widow, 8; Edward, 87, 188, 320; Thomas, 186
Fitticott (Fettikatt, Fiddicatt, Fitticate, Fitticatt) Christopher, 42; Edward, 39, 51, 130; Richard, 134, 220
Fitzherbert, Mr, 171; Andrew, 243n; John, 94, 307
Fleavill, George, 233
Fleetwood (Fleetewood), Benjamin, 14, 97, 186, 193; Nathaniel, 18, 196
Fleming, Thomas, 224
Fletcher, widow, 164, 216; Walter, 7
Flewellin see Llewellin
Fling, widow, 173
Flower, Henry, 102; John, 7, 182n; Mary, 157; Richard, 25; Robert, 29, 99, 100; Roger, 34; Samuel, 27; Thomas, 14, 194; Walter, 22, 164, 215; William, 65, 199, 322
Floyd, Flud see Lloyd
Fluellin see Llewellin
Flushier, William, 67
Flyson, John, 9, 312
Fogg, Rachel, 10
Foord see Ford
Foot, William, 225
Ford (Foord, Forde), widow, 324; George, 33, 78,
160, 190n; Gilbert, 40; Henry, 17, 204, 321;
John, 35, 37, 57, 83-5, 102, 104, 144, 235;
Robert, 40, 52, 131; William, 39, 51, 131, 134
Fordred, William, 227, 236, 77-8, 296
Forggett see Froggett
Fortrue, Peter, 10, 115; Thomas, 2
Fowler (Fowle, Fowles), widow, 203, 322; Francis, 30, 125; James, $118 *$; John, 136; Robert, 8, 127, 219, 4, 19, 285; Samuel, 88, 142; Thomas, 28, 144
Fox, [blank], 209; Abel, 22; Alexander, 79, 164, 215; Edward, 71; James, 8, 174; Nicholas, 20, 22, 47, 88, 155, 163, 213, 58, 310; Pointz 275n, 326; Samuel, 235; Somerset $(t), 25,150$; Tobias, 19, 198
Frame, Richard, 6
France (Fraunce), William, 24, 165, 216
Francis, Elizabeth, 31, 123
Francklin, William, 15, 97, 191
Frankman (Frankeman), widow, 30, 124
Frapp (Frape), Richard, 16, 200
Fraunce see France

Free, Ann, 175
Freeman (Froman), widow, 164, 215; Henry, 22, 164, 215; James, 21, 88, 163, 213; John, 31, 122; Thomas, 92; William, 30, 76, 123
Freind (Freinde, Frende, Friend), widow, 9, 164, 175, 214; Isaac, 24, 166, 218; James, 33, 55, 58, 99
French, widow, 119; Alexander, 16, 192, 323; Henry, 28
Frende, Friend see Freind
Frisse, widow, 28
Friver, John, 21
Frizer see Fryser
Froggett (Forggett, Frogett), [blank], 118; Roger, 10, 69, 115
Frogland, Robert, 225
Froman see Freeman
Fry, widow, 21, 27, 37, 105, 144, 162, 212;
Anthony, 108; David, 97; Jane, 62; John, 84,
143; Robert, 15, 97, 191; Thomas, 5, 95, 97,
170, 196; William, 56, 92, 189
Fryer, Walter, 10, 115
Fryser (Frizer), John, 10, 62, 115, 313
Fudger (Fugger), James, 5; Stephen, 26, 64, 139; Thomas, 86, 205, 322
Fuller, James, 11, 71; Thomas, 325
Fullwood, James, 15
Furlong, Thomas, 71, 118
Furzer, Daniel, 6

## G

Gagg, Edmund, 24, 147
Gainsford, widow, 119
Gale (Gall), Andrew, 26, 142, 261 n; John, 142; Mary, 166, 217; Peter, 95; Thomas, 88
Galloway, Henry, 17, 201
Gamer (Gaymer, Gaynor), Thomas, 238-9, 297
Gammidge, Thomas, 38
Gammon, George, 24, 164, 215; Thomas, 164, 214
Gandy (Gandey), John, 23*, 79, 165, 217
Gardner, Elizabeth, 20; Margaret, 96, 153; Thomas, 236
Garland, George, 236; James, 18; Thomas, 236, 239, 298
Garlick (Garly), Hannibal, 17, 204, 322
Garrett, Nathaniel, 134; Rebecca, 41
Garroway, Walter, 38
Gastadine (Gastedine), Margaret, 3, 182
Gastin, William, 10
Gatch, John, 35
Gatchcomb (Gethcombe), John, 131; Thomas, 85
Gatehouse, Thomas, 7; William, 7
Gaughen, Mary, 321
Gay, [blank], 153; Mr, 182; widow, 17, 201; Anthony, 20*, 91, 96, 153, 192, 306, 310;

Martha, 188n; William, 18
Gaymer, Gaynor see Gamer
Gayte, John, 14, 208, 324
Geeres (Gears, Gerris) Henry, 16, 199
Geneclift (Gemleft), widow, 14, 193
George (Georg, Georges), widow, 8, 13; Richard, 87*, 182n; William, 11n, 190n
German, Mr, 175
Gerris see Geeres
Gerry, Thomas, 38, 84, 104
Gethcombe see Gatchcomb
Gething, Elizabeth, 23; William, 164, 215
Getoes, William, 176
Gibbes see Gibbs
Gibbons (Gibbins), widow, 165, 216; Arthur, 39, 129, 162; Daniel, 212; Phillip, 21, 110; Richard, 29, 76, 122; Robert, 224, 232, 293; Roger, 207, 323; Samuel, 53; William, 76, 303
Gibbs (Gibbes, Gibes), Mr, 34, 313, 321; widow, 4, 133; Edward, 79, 165, 216; Elizabeth, 163, 213; George, 40, 84, 108, 313; Henry, 21, 59, 307; Lawrence, 182n; Mary, 53; Thomas, 16, 197; William, 97, 80
Gibson, Ann, 18, 195
Gifford, widow, 5, 170; Bartholomew, 94, 246n; Henry, 85*, Hugh, 38, 85, 109
Gilbert, widow, 40, 133; Henry, 6, 94, 171
Giles, widow, 17, 201; Christopher, 87; John, 18, 323; Thomas, 42, 137
Gilford (Gillford), Robert, 47, 87, 201; Thomas, 203, 322
Gill, John, 2, 180, 194; Nathaniel, 169; Peter, 16, 198; Thirstone (Thrustram), 64, 197; William, 16, 86, 199, 323
Gillard, John, 22, 165, 217
Gillford see Gilford
Gillo, Edward, 324
Gillman (Gilman), John, 20, 23, 96, 141, 310
Gilson, Giles, 188n
Gimter, Thomas, 183
Ginkleson, widow, 9
Gispe, John, 42
Glasse, Judith, 29; Robert, 77, 126
Gleed (Gleede), Francis, 27, 88, 89, 142, 167, 219, 311
Gleeson see Gliston
Glemham, $\operatorname{Dr}$ (Dean), 94, 172, 19, 58
Gleson, Glesson see Gliston
Glifford see Clifford
Gliston (Clisson, Gleeson, Gleson, Glesson), [blank], 3; Henry, 33, 55, 99, 105, 303; Robert, 27
Glover, Thomas, 323
Gly, widow, 35; Simon, 101
Goblin, William, 202
Godber, William, 97
Godd, Samuel, 23; William, 97

Godear see Goodyear
Godfrey, Robert, 41, 130
Goding see Godwin
Godman, widow, 164, 215; Samuel, 303; Thomas, 79, 88, 163, 164, 214, 215, 303; William, 237-8, 2967
Godsall, Margery, 23
Godwell, Robert, 25
Godwin (Goding, Godwyn, Goodwin, Goodwyn), Mrs, 176; widow, 7*, 175; Edward, 119; Joane, 95; John, 42, 99, 138; Richard, 41, 49, 136; Thomas, 15, 191, 229, 232, 235, 50, 292-4; William, 81
Gold see Gould
Goldby, widow, 5, 163, 164, 214, 215
Golding, William, 175
Goldney (Gouldney, Goulney), [blank], 150; family, 172n; Thomas, 25, 27, 59, 77, 143, 311
Goldsmith (Gouldsmith), John, 34*, 56, 100, 101, 75; Thomas, 40, 52, 58, 131
Goman (Gowman), widow, 135; Elizabeth, 41
Gonning (Goning, Gunning), [blank], 2, 137; Mrs, 177; widow, 233; Edward, 230; Elizabeth, 153, 187n; John, 81, 91, 36, 300; Robert, 20, 224, 300, 308, 310
Good, Anne (Anna), 165, 217
Goodburne, Mark, 133
Goodchild (Goodchilde), John, 23, 89, 167, 219
Goodman, Mr, 236; Mrs, 325; William, 22
Goodridge (Gotheridge, Guddridge), widow, 37, 106
Goodstop, James, 225
Goodwin, Goodwyn see Godwin
Goodyear (Godear, Goodyeare), Anthony, 182n; Ephraim, 152n; Toby, 48
Gordan see Jordan
Gore (Goore), Anthony, 109; Charles, 31; John, 50, 52, 58, 102; Richard, 36
Gory, Joan, 105
Goslin, Walter, 324
Gotheridge see Goodridge
Gottley, John, 59, 148
Gough, [blank], 130, 26; Christopher, 19, 198; Edward, 39, 54; Giles, 14, 208, 324; Henry, 3, 20, 80, 156, 304; Sarah, 69; Thomas, 105, 150; William, 30, 123
Gould (Gold, Goulde), widow, 10, 36, 161, 212; Ann, 68; Christopher, 12, 33; Elioner, 23; Elizabeth, 105; Francis, 39, 107; Robert, 109; Thomas, 74, 115; William, 25
Gouldney, Goulney see Goldney
Gouldsmith see Goldsmith
Gouswell (Guswell), John, 19, 79, 153
Gowman see Goman
Grafton (Crafton), Thomas, 6, 173
Granger, Sara, 47

Grant (Grannt, Grante, Graunt) [blank], 115; Anna, 107; Arthur, 10, 88; Edward, 36, 53, 104; Elizabeth, 172; Peter, 28, 92, 146; Ralph, 36, 84, 104; Thomas, 158, 160
Graves, Sarah, 92
Gray, Alexander, 40, 69, 131*; John, 39, 41, 49*, 130, 136*, 288, 313; Thomas, 225; William, 51, 108*, 222
Graythorne, widow, 11
Greene (Green), [blank], 106, 117; Mr, 236; widow, 84, 110, 196; Cicelia, 38; Edward, 37; Humphrey, 14, 208; John, 85; Margaret, 159; Mark, 38, 104, 110; Richard, 227; Sara, 132; Thomas, 14, 18, 144, 207, 209, 323, 325; William, 37, 108
Greenfeild (Greenefeild, Greinfeild, Grinfeild), widow, 6; Dennis, 108; Francis, 34, 38, 54, 112; John, 17
Gregson see Grigson
Gremes see Grimes
Grening, Edward, 225
Gresham, widow, 109
Griffen see Griffin
Griffeth see Griffith
Griffin (Griffen see also Griffith) [blank], 115; widow, 10, 42, 124, 175; Anthony, 132; Henry, 22; James, 226, 231, 235; Jennet, 28, 144; John, 38, 39, 204; Maurice, 19, 204, 321; Richard, 19, 28, 165, 200, 216; Robert, 94; Rowland, 4, 184; Samuel, 85; William, 322
Griffith (Griffeth, Griffin, Griffis), widow, 12, 117; Alice, 72, 210n; Christopher, 31, 76, 123, 304, 312; Evan, 92; John, 110; Rowland, 91
Grigg, Capt., 323; widow, 100; William, 5, 14, 86, 207, 320
Grigory, John, 36
Grigson (Gregson), [blank], 4; Mr, 321; George, 144; Richard, 88, 148, 58, 300
Grimes (Gremes), Adam, 225; John, 38, 110
Grimsby (Craisby, Grimsley), Matthew, 323; Richard, 21, 161, 212; Sara, 41
Grimsbury, widow, 222
Grimsley see Grimsby
Grindal, Grindall see Grindon
Grindham, Phillip, 10
Grindon (Grindal. Grindall, Grindhome), widow, 23, 165, 216
Grinfeild see Greenfeild
Gristy, George, 117
Grubb (Grubbe), Phillip, 322; Walter, 189n
Grudge, Sara, 24
Guddridge see Goodridge
Gui see Guy
Guillery, Peter, 58-9
Guise, Lady, 94, 49
Guilleam see Gwilliam

Gullock, James, 41, 52, 134
Gundry, Joseph, 25
Gunning see Gonning
Gunter (Guntur), Walter, 38, 88, 110, 311
Guntsman, John, 171
Guntur see Gunter
Gurdon see Jordan
Guswell see Gouswell
Gutcham, Thomas, 101
Guy (Gui), Richard, 174; Roger, 236-8; William, 193
Gwilliam (Guilleam, Gwilham, Gwilliams), Daniel, 4, 185, 320; John, 29, 77, 126
Gwinn (Gwin), Avis, 171; John, 20, 81, 153;
Richard, 189n

## H

Hacknell, widow, 3, 181
Haddock, William, 151
Hadley, Mr, 225; widow, 224
Hadson see Hudson
Haggett (Haggat, Haggatt), Mr, 179; widow, 33; Edward, 109; John, 2, 21, 23, 88, 91, 163, 213, 26, 49-50, 308-9; Nathaniel 160n
Haines (Hayne, Haynes), goodman, 322; Christopher, 18, 194, 37; David, 21, 163, 213; Henry, 5, 96; John, 17, 86, 200, 225; Joseph, 15, 209, 325; Samuel, 226; Thomas, 9, 20, 70, 74, 81, 113, 154; William, 6, 12, 47, 94, 113, 173*, 36
Halding (Halden, Haldin, Haldung), [blank], 107, 109; Edward, 96; John, 38, 85*; William, 325
Hale, [blank], 107; widow, 204; Joan, 107; John, 102, 140; Richard, 61, 63, 143*, 149, 155; William, 72
Hall, widow, 6, 19, 78, 103, 159, 51; Elizabeth, 28, 33; Francis, 149; Henry, 173; John, 16, 84, 104, 323; Richard, 163, 214; Thomas, 23, 26, 141; William, 6, 149, 172
Halley, Daniel, 2
Ham see Hamm
Hames, William, 9
Hamm (Ham, Hamme) Mr, 182; Richard, 3, 90, 65
Hammond (Hammon, Hamond, Hamonds), John, 30, 124; Nicholas, 236; William, 10
Hampton (Hantue, Hompton, Humpton), Christopher, 5, 86, 188, 320; Henry, 40, 133
Hanby, Joan, 100
Hancock (Hancocke, Handcocke), [blank], 320; Mr, 178; widow, 7, 103, 178; Ambrose, 14, 86, 207, 323; John, 131; Leonard, 54, 91, 103; Mary, 33; Richard, 9, 172; Robert, 5, 188; Roger, 105; Thomas, 69, 81; William, 30, 40, 108
Hand, John, 24, 166, 218; Thomas, 84, 105
Handcocke see Hancock

Hanger, John, 3; Phillip, 5, 188
Hankins, widow, 200
Hanney, Edward, 101
Hansome, [blank], 23, 166; Mrs, 218
Hantue see Hampton
Harbord see Harford
Harcomb, John, 15
Hardiman (Hardinnan, Hardman), John, 25, 63, 136, 150
Harding (Harden, Hardin), [blank], 150; Henry, 15; Thomas, 25, 59, 152, 159n; William, 15, 95
Hardinnan see Hardiman
Harditch see Hardridge
Hardman see Hardiman
Hardridge (Harditch, see also Hardy), Roger, 17, 86, 205, 325; William, 97
Hardwick (Hardick, Hardwitch), Thomas, 320; William, 77, 127, 190
Hardy, widow, 176; William, 9, 176
Hare (Hayre), Ann, 31, 125
Harely, Mr, 225
Harford (Harbord, Harferd, Hartford, Harvard, Hereford, Hertford, Holbort), Mr, 225; widow, 9, 166, 172, 217; Charles, 21, 33, 62, 131, 163, 208, 212; Edward, 103, 141; James, 29, 66, 140; Mary, 24; Richard, 26; William, 10*, 25, 69, 115, 148*
Harfordshire (Hartfordshire), widow, 11; John, 72, 119
Harkely see Hartly
Harmall, Roger, 23
Harper, Elizabeth, 20, 80; Isaac, 188n; John, 2, 76, 90, 178, 307; Phillip, 165, 217
Harring see Herring
Harrington, Duncan, 73
Harris, Mr, 321 ; widow, 3, 30, 34, 99, 124, 125, 132, 148, 182, 282n; Daniel, 28, 145; David, 39; Edward, 36, 103, 104; Francis, 323; Henry, 6, 172; James, 17, 323 ; John, 14, 26, 28, 34, 48, 60, 80, 88, 92, 135, 145, 149, 163, 207, 213, 223, 51, 59, 258n, 321, 323; Laurence, 42; Phillip, 13, 16, 89, 166, 200, 205, 218, 324; Richard, 5, 81, 187, 227, 235; Samuel, 28, 92, 144; Sara, 30; Silvester, 36, 105; Thomas, 15, 21, 26, 28, 34, 36*, 53, 61, 87*, 103, 141, 149, 190, 54, 66, 178n, 307; Thurston, 66; William, 7, 40, 174
Harswell see Hassell
Hart (Harte, Heart) [blank], 159; widow, 41, 50, 130; Arthur, 20; Edward, 15, 189; George, 15, 141; John, 33; Nicholas, 241 n ; Richard, 20, 51, 78, 188, 304, 310; Thomas, 78, 159
Hartely see Hartly
Hartewell see Hartwell
Hartford see Harford
Hartfordshire see Harfordshire

Hartly (Harkely, Hartely), Thomas, 15, 86, 210, 325
Hartwell (Hartewell), Mary, 32, 157; Thomas, 83, 158; William, 6, 27, 172
Harvard see Harford
Harvey (Harvy), Mrs, 321; widow, 4, 17, 186; Edward, 34; John, 115, 236; Robert, 3; Walter, 325
Hasell see Hassell
Haskett, Stephen, 326
Haskins (Haskines), widow, 24, 166, 218; Christopher, 149; John, 49; Richard, 176; Robert, 8, 184
Hassell (Harswell, Hasell, Hasle, Haswell, Hazell, Hazle) [blank], 126; widow, 173; Edward, 108; Joan, 99; John, 25, 150; Robert, 94; Sara, 175n; William, 21, 34*, 81, 99*, 124, 154, 304, 310
Hatchett (Hacker, Hatchet), Ralph, 37, 107; William, 187
Hatchman, William, 129
Hathway, Henry, 13, 42
Hatton (Hatten), Henry, 10; Richard, 3, 90, 183; Thomas, 37
Hawkesworth (Howkeworth), widow, 25; Robert, 83*
Hawkins (Hawkines), [blank], 66, 132; widow, 16, 24, 51, 130, 166, 204, 217, 322; Edward, 40; Francis, 218 n ; John, 14, 41, 50, 52, 57, 136, 186, 195, 223, 288; Peter, 21, 161, 212, 164n; Phillip, 124; Richard, 324; Robert, 85, 134; Thomas, 17, 206, 323
Hawkridge (Hockridge), Robert, 40, 52, 131
Hawler, goodwife, 321
Hayden, Henry, 324
Hayes, (Hays), widow, 190; Francis, 12; James, 37, 77, 123*; John, 13; William, 87
Hayford, Grace, 88, 58
Hayman (Haymond, Heyman, Hyman), [blank], 127; widow, 7, 12, 174; Edward, 67, 75, 116; Elizabeth, 95; William, 29, 304
Hayne, Haynes see Haines
Hayter, [blank], 110; Elizabeth, 38; John, 85, 205n; Thomas, 13, 79, 87, 206, 324; William, 19, 201, 324
Hayward (Hayword), [blank], 158; widow, 36; Isaac, 34, 56, 99; John, 105; Margaret, 226; Mary, 18, 194; Richard, 32, 81
Hazard $\{$ Hazzard), Edward, 21, 154; Matthew, 20, 47, 154, 50
Hazell, Hazle see Hassell
Hazzard see Hazard
Head, Thomas, 148
Heage (Heague), Matthew, 18, 194
Heakes, William, 79
Heale, widow, 321; Joana, 37; John, 26, 63; Ralph, 59

Heard, Richard, 11
Hearne see Herne
Heart see Hart
Hearth (Heath), widow, 20; Edmund, 71; George, 17, 202, 322; Thomas, 153, 165, 217
Heavens see Evans
Hedgell, William, 23
Hedgens, Hedges, Heges see Hodges
Hellary see Hillary
Hellier (Hellyar, Hellyer), widow, 20; Benjamin, 31, 125; Charles, 131; Christopher, 71, 171; James, 92, 150; John, 2, 32, 83, 91, 158, 177, 19n, 309; Richard, 197
Helman, Thomas, 10
Hely see Hiley
Hemming (Heming, Hening), widow, 19, 204; John, 225
Hemyard, Richard, 51
Henam, William, 13
Henant, Thomas, 8, 187
Henery see Henry
Hening see Hemming
Henley, Robert, 2, 64, 251n, 312
Hennin, widow, 321
Henry (Henery), Blanch, 13, 118; John, 153
Henton, John, 134
Herbert, Edward, 98; Mary, 4, Walter, 204
Hercules, John, 4, 20, 80, 156, 185
Hereford see Harford
Hering see Herring
Herman, Roger, 166, 218
Herne (Hearne, Hern), George, 41; Henry, 225; John, 37
Herring (Harring, Hering), widow, 220; Alice, 42; Edward, 4, 187; George, 135; James, 25, 60, 147; John, 160
Hersman see Horseman
Hertford see Harford
Hevens see Evans
Hew, Hewes see Hughes
Hewlett (Hulett, Hullett), widow, 126; Alexander, 123; Thomas, 36, 53, 103, 311
Heyman see Hayman
Hibbert (Hibbett, Hipbard, see also Huband), Gilbert, 137, Richard, 24, 61, 147
Hibbs, Jane, 225
Hickes (Hicker, Hicks, Hix), alderman, 217*; Capt., 178; widow, 9, 176, 178; Arthur, 226, 232; Christopher, 16; Elizabeth, 26; Frances, 195; Francis, 18, 149; Gabriel, 24; John, 2, 27, 59, 83, 91, 142, 144, 165, 166, 211, 58, 76-7, 145, 300, 311; Richard, 16, 18, 195; William, 164, 215
Hickman, widow, 1, 4, 200; John, 132; Rachel, 207; Richard, 42, 129
Hicknell see Hignell

Hicks see Hickes
Hide, John, 14, 325; Luke, 15, 190; Walter, 12, 117; William, 33, 160
Hieron, Edward, 321
Higcox see Hiscox
Higford, Francis, 26
Higgenbottom, [blank], 119
Higgins (Higgens, Higgines, Huggens), widow, 42; Christian, 13; Edward, 149; Jeremy, 51; John, 25, 133, 205; Richard, 29, 31, 76*, 122-3; Robert, 29, 41, 122; Thomas, 13, 273n, 324; Tobias, 51; William, 111
Higgs, George, 16; Joseph, 59, 196; Richard, 64, 197
Hignell (Hicknell), Jeremiah, 39, 130
Hilbertt, Thomas, 228
Hiley (Hely), Peter, 64, 197, 307
Hilgrove, Nicholas, 174
Hill (Hills), [blank], 198; goodman, 323; Mrs, 173; widow, 6, 84, 117, 154; Anne 168n; Fabian, 7, 71; Guy, 11, 74, 120; James, 88, 163, 213; Jane, 110; John, 81-2, 150; Mary, 37, 104; Richard, 79; Robert, 34; Roger, 32, 81, 157; Sara, 26; Thomas, 26, 34, 40, 100, 133, 222; William, 3, 68, 74, 108, 181
Hillary (Hellary), widow, 12, 117; William, 16
Hillman, Thomas, 95,114
Hills see Hill
Hilsely (Hilsly), widow, 180; Thomas, 31, 125
Hilton, Isaac, 225
Hine (Hind, Hinde, Hines), John, 19, 40, 51, 57,
103, 132, 208, 26, 48; Samuel, 231
Hingin, John, 34
Hipbard see Hibbert
Hipsley (Hipslie), widow, 41; George, 134, 220; John, 35, 102
Hiscox (Higcox, Hiscockes, Hiscocks), widow, 65; George, 9, 172; John, 24, 163n; Marlin, 72; Thomas, 61, 147
Hitchens (Hitchins), [blank], 200; Edward, 132; George, 107; Henry, 85, 107; John, 132; Mary, 110; Robert, 16; William, 108
Hive, John, 198
Hix see Hickes
Hoare (Hoard), widow, 149; Henry, 168, 203, 219
Hobb, Hobbes see Hobbs
Hobbins, Henry, 28
Hobbs (Hobb, Hobbes, Hobs), [blank], 66, 118*; widow, 234; Francis, 149; Henry, 22, 102, 163, 165, 214, 216, 219, 285; James, 225; Jane, 230; Joseph, 9; Katherine, 79, 88; Thomas, 224; Walter, 23, 166, 219; William, 35
Hobhouse, Hugh, 225
Hobs see Hobbs
Hobson, Mr, 326; Mrs, 173; widow, 6, 13, 51; $\operatorname{Dominic}(\mathrm{k}), \mathbf{3 6}, \mathbf{1 0 5}$; Thomas, 23, 53, 143, 26, 310; William, 17, 81, 201*, 182n

Hockridge see Hawkridge
Hoddgis see Hodges
Hoddinott, [blank], 149
Hodds, George, 34
Hodges (Hedgens, Hedges, Heges, Hoddgis, Hodgkin, Hodgkins, Hoges, Hogger), widow, 10, 11, 12, 19, 35, 99, 116, 117, 136, 148, 200, 223, 182n, 322, 324; Ann, 136; Dorothy, 4, 184; George, 14, 16, 100, 208, 326; James, 41, 134, 221; John, 17, 38, 64, 68, 74, 116, 118, 203, 236; Robert, 14, 188, 208; Thomas, 39, 137, 159; William, 86, 154, 166, 184*, 218, 187n, 320
Holbatch, Thomas, 38
Holben, Benjamin, 77
Holbert (Howbert, see also Harford), Joshua, 14, 193
Holbrooke (Holbrock, Holbroke, Holbrook), Bridget, 90; John, 41, 105; Joshua, 220; Thomas, 52
Holcombe (Holcomb, Hollcomb), widow, 24; John, 63, 141; William, 141
Holland, Adam, 32, 78, 160; John, 10, 138; Richard, 29, 76, 122, 304; Samuel, 324
Hollcomb see Holcombe
Holler, Roger, 3
Hollett, Benjamin, 117
Holley see Holly
Holliday, Jonas, 32, 159*
Hollister (Hollistor), widow, 26, 149; Arthur, 185; Christopher, 97; Dennis, 6, 16, 27, 92, 95, 142, 198*; George, 18, 194; Jeremiah, 110; John, 3, 20, 48, 61, 90, 106, 149, 155, 180; Nehemiah, 38; Phillip, 224, 232, 293; Richard, 22, 32, 47; Samuel, 27; Thomas, 41; William, 26, 36, 84, 19n
Hollman (Holman), John, 38, 318-19
Hollwey (Holloway, Holwey), widow, 158; Humphrey, 96; Isaac, 9, 174, 236; Jeremiah, 20, 25, 47, 148*, 154, 60, 156n, 307; John, 26; William, 26
Holly (Holley), Fortune, 31; Joseph, 124
Holman see Hollman
Holmes, William, 21, 83, 157
Holt, Charles, 161, 212; William, 21
Holwey see Hollwey
Holworthy, Ann, 94
Hompton see Hampton
Hoockam see Hookham
Hook see Hooke
Hookam see Hookham
Hooke (Hook, Hookes), Mr, 225, 321; widow, 4, 105, 186; Andrew, 5, 87, 189, 65, 320; Elias (Eleazar), 29, 49; Elizabeth, 87, 126; George, 73; Hanna, 38, 110; Sir Humphrey, 71, 54, 300; John, 15, 49, 191; Robert, 149; Thomas, 39; William, 71

Hookham (Hoockam, Hookam), widow, 325; John, 86, 210
Hooper (Hoopper), widow, 161, 212, 226, 228, 232-3; John, 36, 106, 226, 232, 235; Richard, 13, 206, 324
Hopkins (Hopkines, Hoppkins, Hotkins, Hottkins), widow, 24, 33, 166, 217; Edward, 5, 37, 109, 188; Elizabeth, 40, 171; John, 15, 110, 210, 326; Mary, 186; Robert, 123; Thomas, 16, 36, 60, 97, 106, 197, 75; William, 85
Hopton, Thomas, 66
Hopwood, William, 2, 170-2, 321
Horne, Mr, 326; Robert, 322; Thomas, 17, 202, 50
Horner, Mr, 236
Horniblow, Thomas, 34, 101
Horseman (Hersman, Horsman), Charles, 185, 320; George, 324; Richard, 21, 88, 163, 213
Horsington, Juda, 38, 111
Horsman see Horseman
Horte (Hort, Hurt, Hurte), Henry, 13, 31, 119, 125; John, 38, 85, 109; Nicholas, 21, 26, 64, 139; William, 189n
Horton, widow, 33, 160; Isaac, 42; John, 22, 156
Horwood, John, 101, 183; William, 25, 59, 150
Hosear see Hosier
Hosey, Margaret, 24
Hosier (Hosear, Hosior, Hosyer), [blank], 31; widow, 172; Henry, 54, 122
Hoskins, Robert, 35; W.G., 66-8
Hosyer see Hosier
Hotkins, Hottkins see Hopkins
House (Howse), widow, 26; John, 14, 92, 144, 192; Robert, 117; Thomas, 51; William, 28, 83, 144
How (Howe), Henry, 11, 120; Jeremy, 79; Robert, 225
Howard, Daniel, 10, 115
Howe see How
Howell, widow, 7, 19, 178, 204; Ann, 325; Francis, 23, 166, 219; James, 235; Jeremiah, 153; John, 34, 43, 100, 129; Robert, 49, 136; Thomas, 16, 192; Walter, 79, 110, 129, 165, 216; William, 40-2, 133, 221
Howens see Evans
Howkeworth see Hawkesworth
Howse see House
Hoyle, [blank], 2; Mr, 177
Huband (Huben, Huberd, Hubend see also Hibbett) Gilbert, 26, 59, 137, 141, 147
Hudson (Hadson, Hutson, Huttson) [blank], 6; Mrs, 173; widow, 34, 39, 87, 100, 312-13; George, 32, 48, 155; Joan, 51 ; John, 6, 41, 223n; Richard, 5, 87, 170, 180n, 205n; Thomas, 37, 106
Huges see Hughes
Huggens see Higgens

Hughes (Hew, Hewes, Huges, Hughs, Huse), [blank], 4; widow, 16, 159, 235; Ann(e), 225, 230; Elinor, 108; James, 90, 169; John, 190, 196, 326; Jonathan, 236; Katherine, 97; Margaret, 123; Matthew, 39, 129; Richard, 120; Thomas, 24, 166, 219; William, 11, 20, 68, 116, 154
Hulbert, John, 24, 164, 215
Hulett see Hewlett
Huling, Alice, 31
Hulins, James, 123
Hull, Elinor, 130
Hullett see Hewlett
Humberstone (Humberston), Giles, 6, 239
Humphry, William, 41, 136
Humpton see Hampton
Hungerford, Thomas, 203, 322
Hunt (Hunte), [blank], 39; family, 160n; Mr, 326; widow, 18, 42, 193, 201; Flower, 61, 149, 61; James, 181; John, 39, 57, 107, 138; Mary, 86; Michael, 35, 57, 103; Richard, 323; Samuel, 10, 116; Stephen, 136; Thomas, 32; Walter, 40, 51, 133; William, 17
Huntington (Huntingtone), widow, 135; George, 42*, 135*, 220; Solomon, 49
Huntsman, Mary, 171
Hurle, Mary, 38, 110; Simon, 27, 62, 142, 165*, 216*, 311
Hurne, Mr, 178*; Edward, 2, 20, 27, 80, 142, 156, 300, 304, 310-12; John, 32, 107; Margaret, 87
Hurston, John, 136
Hurt see Hort
Hurtnell (Hurtnall, Hurtnoll, Nurtnell), widow, 7, 226, 229, 231; Joane, 183; John, 27, 78, 92, 94, 143*; Thomas, 179; William, 28, 144*, 145, 311
Husbands (Husband), widow, 2, 154, 180; Ralph, 96
Huse see Hughes
Hussey (Hussy), Daniel, 42; Dennis, 204
Huston (Husson), [blank], 115; Thomas, 10
Hutson see Hudson
Huttland, [blank], 2
Hutton, widow, 162, 212
Huttson see Hudson
Hyett (Hyatt), Christopher, 4, 17, 86, 202, 204-5, 321, 324; John, 19, 203, 322; Joyce, 186; Phillip, 38; Richard, 42, 133, 221; Thomas, 41, 42, 135
Hyman see Hayman
Hyron, Henry, 28

## I

Ifeild, Edward, 100; Richard, 133; William, 99
Iffe (Iff), Robert, 67, 114; William, 35, 102
Isles (Iles), widow, 204; John, 14, 193; Thomas, 13; William, 11, 37, 205, 324

Ilsington, Sibil, 37
Imm (Emm, Junn), widow, 9, 113
Ingleton see Engleton
Ingram, widow, 24, 166, 217; John, 12, 67, 117
Innis, Andrew, 156
Inon, Daniel, 117; William, 23, 164, 215
Ireland, James, 18, 196
Irish, Anthony, 7
Ironside, Lord Bishop, 171; Gilbert, 6, 190n, 312; Dr Ralph, 6
Itchell (Ithell), Elizabeth, 34; Robert, 56; William, 162, 212
Ivy (Ivey, Ivie), [blank], 153; Dr of Physic, 52; James, 125; Thomas, 3, 90, 180
Iwell, Sorton, 236

## J

Jackson (Jacksons), family, 236n, 300; widow, 77; Alexander, 6, 96, 171, 6, 304; Ambrose, 27, 92, 144; Caleb, 32; John, 18, 27, 36, 84, 92, 98, 104, 144, 194; Miles, 76, 36, 74, 148-50, 300, 304; Robert, 225, 229-30, 233; Thomas, 32, 78, 160; William, 20, 36, 103, 154, 304
Jacob (Jacobb), widow, 202, 326; Edward, 12, 313; John, 4, 185, 321; Moses, 227; Robert, 4, 186, 320
Jacques (Jaques), Thomas, 198, 323
Jaine see Jayne
James I, 60
James (Games), widow, 22, 124, 126, 138;
Alexander, 31, 77, 123, 301 ; Ann, 31; David, 33, 158; Elizabeth, 30; Henry, 13, 94, 118, 171; John, 29, 126; Joseph, 15, 310; Matthew, 203, 322; Penrie, 24; Peter, 78; Richard, 137; Robert, 10; Thomas, 2, 5, 29, 38, 42*, 77, 169, 170n, 301; William, 3, 10, 23, 27, 42, 117, 118, 142, 148, 167, 219; Xerses, 32
Jane, Janes see Jayne
Jaques see Jacques
Jarman, Richard, 224
Jayne (Jaine, Jane, Janes, Jeane, June), [blank], 87, 120; widow, 11, 103, 133, 136, 164, 216; John, 12, 13, 32, 80, 90, 116, 160; Michael, 38, 110; Thomas, 19; William, 57, 73, 117
Jeboe, widow, 114
Jeekell, Jeekill see Jekill
Jefferies (Jefferis, Jeffery, Jeffries), widow, 23, 119,
141, 165, 216; Anthony, 40, 132; Charles, 12; Damosin, 17, 206; Edward, 12, 116; Nathaniel, 84; Rachel, 36, 106; Robert, 9; Thomas, 26, 79, 81, 227n; William, 2, 21, 24, 179, 191, 197
Jekill (Jeekell, Jeekill), Mr, 168, 219; John, 136
Jelly see Jolly
Jelson, John, 100
Jening, Jenings see Jennings
Jenkines (Jenkin, Jenkins, Jinkins), widow, 106;

Alice, 25; Edmund, 31; Hugh, 69; Jasper, 163,
187, 214; John, 113; Joseph, 22; Walter, 19, 65;
William, 28, 30, 31, 123, 325
Jennett, John, 103, 110
Jennings (Jening, Jenings, Jennins), Mr, 177; John,
225; Thomas, 2, 95, 109, 65, 312; Walter, 199
Jervice, Prudence, 234
Jesse, Sara, 37
Jessop, John, 135
Jewing, James, 31
Jinkins see Jenkines
Joachim, Thomas, 142
Jobbens (Jobbins), [blank], 58; Joseph, 153
Joblin, William, 17, 87, 321
Jocham (Jockham), James, 27; Samuel, 2, 180
Johns, Edward, 239, 298; George, 22, 60, 165,
217; John, 25, 37, 65, 149; Thomas, 131; William, 207
Johnson, widow, 28; Edward, 236; John, 12, 42, 236, 238; Thomas, 15, 98, 189
Johnsy, James, 227n
Joiner see Joyner
Jolly (Jelly, Jolley), Matthew, 4; William, 8, 33, 99
Jones (Joanes, Joans), [blank], 320; Capt., 173; councillor, 6; Dr, 171-2; Mrs, 182; widow, 2, 6, 8, 10, 15, 21, 35*, 37*, 42, 43, 102*, 104, 106*, 108*, 115, 117, 126, 131, 134, 143, 160, 167, 171*, 179, 191, 192, 202, 219, 223, 226, 228, 232, 313, 326; Amy, 19, 203; Ann, 135; Charles, 38, 54, 112, 234n, 311; Daniel, 42*, 138; David, 8, 41, 131, 135, 149, 182, 25; Edmund, 63, 203n; Edward, 4, 12*, 28, 36, 42, 63, 64, 118*, 139, 185, 324; Eleanor, 95; Elizabeth, 68, 141; Evan, 326; Francis, 106, 139; Dr Gilbert, 94; Giles, 36; Henry, 9*, 33, 78, 91, 159, 172, 50; Hercea (Hirce), 8, 182; Hugh, 76, 123, 171; Humphrey, 165, 217; James, 19, 153; Jane, 41; Joana, 38; John, 3, 7, 9*, 10, 12, $19,22,26,36,37,40,70,72,74,84,90,91$, 105, 107*, 109, 113*, 115, 118, 132, 135, 139, 153, 164, 179, 181, 207, 214, 223, 53, 65, 82, 186-7nn, 226n, 323; Joseph, 28, 62, 144, 191, 311 ; Lewis, 15, 18, 137, 190; Llewellin, 207; Margaret, 94; Mark, 24; Martin, 42; Mary, 39, 94, 203n; Matthew, 3, 11, 31, 118, 124; Maudlin, 42, 137; Michael, 155n; Morgan, 127, 165, 193, 217; Moses, 267n, 323; Phillip, 11, 71, 118; Ralph, 27; Richard, 10, 16, 24, 39, 41, 79, 97, 114, 129, 136, 192, 324; Robert, 8, 26, 57, 63, 141, 313; Samuel, 86, 199; Susanna, 39; Thomas, 8, 18, 19, 26, 39, 79, 136, 147, 153, 167, 182, 196, 199, 204, 322; Walter, 18, 33, 194; Welthian, 132; William, 6*, 19, 20, 22, 28, 30, 31, 35, 37, 42, 78, 97, 102, 106, 123, 125, 130, 131, 133, 141, 153*, 164, 170, 172, 178, 215, 322-3

Jordan (Gordan, Gurdon, Jordaine, Jorden, Jordon) Mr, 178; Andrew, 34, 56, 100; James, 10; John, 3, 14, 33, 86, 99, 110, 181, 208, 325; Nicholas, $\mathbf{5 0}, \mathbf{5 5}, \mathbf{9 9}$; Richard, 2, 20, 80, 91, 156, 26, 66; Thomas, 28, 144
Jorrell, William, 224
Jouston (Justine), Edward, 101; John, 116, 137; William, 224
Joyner (Joiner), Henry, 23, 79, 165, 216; Thomas, 225
June see Jayne
Junn see Imm
Justine see Jouston

## K

Kason see Cason
Kavell (Kenvill), Henry, 39, 132
Kedgwin, John, 168n
Keene (Keenn), John, 5, 90, 169; Katherine, 3; Thomas, 38, 110
Keetch, widow, 124; Richard, 133; Stephen, 70
Keethe, Richard, 222
Keinton (Kenton, Keynton, Kineton) William, 8, $\mathbf{3 5}, 53,58,103,148,187,321$
Kellaway see Calloway
Kelly, Abel, 32, 83, 141; George, 113, 172; Nicholas, 9; Susanna, 9, 174
Kelson, William, 56, 106
Kemble (Kimball), widow, 41; William, 131
Kemis (Kennis), Mrs, 172; John, 11, 120
Kemp (Kempe), [blank], 94; Blanch, 133; John, 11, 116; Phillip, 187; Thomas, 131; William, 39, 57, 129
Kenellin, John, 194
Kenn (Kenne), Matthew, 17, 206, 324; Sara(h), 17, 207
Kennen, John, 13
Kenner, Maudlin, 7, 176
Kennis see Kemis
Kenton see Keinton
Kent (Kente), Giles, 13, 114; Phillip, 5
Kenvill see Kavell
Kerby, Henry, 8, 170
Kerne, Thomas, 96
Kerry, Francis, 71
Kerswell, Alexander, 24, 49, 147; John, 325
Kertrue, Peter, 74-5
Kevill (Kevall), Thomas, 36, 104
Key, Ralph, 35; Randall, 57; Reynold, 103
Keynton see Keinton
Kill, Thomas, 15, 97, 191, 60
Kimball see Kemble
Kimber (Kimbar), John, 32, 157
Kimkle (Kunckle), Matthew, 4, 185
Kineton see Keinton
King (Kinge), widow, 6, 15, 85, 109, 172, 191;

Ann, 36; Gregory, 25, 27, 319; John, 12, 84,
156n; Katherine, 8, 180, 183; Mary, 16, 197;
Matthew, 22; Nathaniel, 33, 56, 99; Richard, 15,
$\mathbf{1 7}, \mathbf{1 9}, \mathbf{2 5}, \mathbf{1 8 7}, \mathbf{1 9 1}, \mathbf{2 0 0}, 162 \mathrm{n}, 309,321,324 ;$
Robert, 172; Roger, 39, 56, 138; Thomas, 39,
64; William, 3, 12, 90-1, 183, 225, 209n
Kingsford, John, 118
Kingston (Kingson), Anthony, 34, 85, 101; John, 72
Kintchin see Kitchin
Kinton, George, 242n
Kipping (Kippen, Kippin, Kippins, Kippon) Joseph, 16, 21, 62, 163, 200, 212
Kirwood (Kerwood), Richard, 20, 154
Kitchin (Kintchin, Kitchen, Kitcher), widow, 31, 125, 150; Jane, 16, 192
Knight, [blank], 85; Capt., 180; John, 3, 29, 50, $\mathbf{6 7}, \mathbf{9 4}, \mathbf{1 2 6}, \mathbf{2 2 3}, 48,57,63,145,288,301$, 312; Sir John, 41, 133, 136, 211, 36, 55, 76, 79, 148-50, 301, 313; Jonathan, 39, 129; Phillip, 25, 148; Thomas, 35, 53, 103; Valentine, 39, 130
Knowles, widow, 52; Henry, 18; John, 158n
Kunckle see Kimkle

## L

Lace (Lacey), widow, 226, 231; Margaret, 228, 234
Ladwell, John, 27, 63; Thomas, 108
Lafosse (Laffos, LaForce), John, 6, 94, 171, 54
Lake, James, 117
Lamb (Lambe), George, 13, 206; Morgan, 109; Tobias, 10, 68, 116
Lambert (Lamberd), [blank], 159; Francis, 39; George, 13, 206, 324; John, 40, 52, 131; Richard, 54
Lamphire see Lanfire
Lampt (Lannt, Lant), widow, 23, 166, 218
Lancashire, Francis, 176
Lancaster, [blank], 323; Robert, 33, 78, 160
Landman (Lanman), John, 40, 92, 111, 201, 179n, 313
Lane (Leaves), widow, 9, 107, 117; Catherine, 39; George, 2, 88, 91, 104, 179, 65, 304, 307; Ger(r) ard, 35, 56, 102; Henry, 18, 194, 37; Israel, 35, 49; Joan, 102; John, 16, 65, 72, 197; Joseph, 135; Matthew, 36, 105; Richard, 55, 99, 132, 190, 26, 48; William, 25, 36, 64, 84, 106, 152, 175
Lanfire (Lamphire), Charles, 20, 156
Lang, Elias, 191; Henry, 97, 191
Langford, Henry, 25; Robert, 34, 57, 58, 102
Langley (Langly), widow, 2; Edward, 79, 164, 215, 185n, 304; Marie, 243n; Phillip, 90, 205n, 243n
Langstone, goodman, 172
Langton, family, 170n, 301; Jack, 66; Joan, 175n, 188n; John, 60; Thomas, 76, 81, 91; Sir Thomas, 31, 123, 179, 211, 54, 66, 301, 312
Lanman see Landman

Lannder see Launder
Lannt, Lant see Lampt
Large (Lardge), Christopher, 6, 94, 173
Larkin (Larken), Mr, 225; George, 26, 65, 141
Lascomb, Griffeth, 36, 105
Latch (Lush), widow, 13, 118
Launder (Lannder, Lauder), widow, 111; Edward, 54, 57, 311; Hanna(h), 38, 311; Jane, 170
Laurence see Lawrence
Lavington, Miles, 87
Law, John, 142
Lawfill, widow, 11
Lawford, Major, 176; widow, 32, 126; John, 21, 32, 62, 154, 211, 223, 145, 288, 301, 309-10; Robert, 7, 79
Lawrence (Laurence, Lawrance), Mr, 325; widow, 15, 37; Edmund, 27; Edward, 143; Elizabeth, 107; Joseph, 94, 179; Robert, 12n; Sara, 7; Thomas, 179; Walter, 164, 214
Leach, Richard, 10, 115
Leades, widow, 192
Leager (Zeagar), Gilbert, 7, 179
Leakey (Leaky), widow, 26, 149
Leaman, Leamon see Leman
Leaves see Lane
Ledman, Bernard, 205, 324
Lee (Ley), widow, 166, 218; Edward, 81, 158; Jane, 23; Richard, 181
Leeds, Clement, 53
Leeke, Thomas, 74
Legg (Lugg), Mr, 178, 187, 321; widow, 102; Anthony, 26, 63, 140; Edward, 87; Eli(a)nor, 35, 313; John, 2, 5, 94, 177, 226, 232, 233; Phillip, 133; Richard, 56, 313; Robert, 2, 7, 94, 175; Thomas, 13, 27, 141, 205, 324; William, 42, 236
Leman (Leaman, Leamon, Lymon), widow, 30, 125; George, 81; John, 179; Richard, 14, 208
Leven, Owen, 226, 232; Thomas, 226, 229, 231
Leversedge (Leversuch), Edmund, 88; Phillip, 77, 125
Leverston, John, 69
Leversuch see Leversedge
Levins, Thomas, 109
Leward, John, 171
Lewcock see Lucock
Lewellen, Lewellin see Llewellin
Lewes see Lewis
Lewill, Thomas, 7
Lewin, widow, 7, 175; Thomas, 176
Lewis (Lewes), widow, 9, 16, 24, 31, 125, 165*, 175, 198, 216*, 223, 323; Abraham, 8, 30, 124-5, 184; Ann, 237; Anthony, 24, 166, 218; David (Davy), 17, 202, 323, 326; Edmund, 77, 79; Evan, 7, 178; Gabriel, 30, 125; Henry, 37, 104, 108; Hugh, 16, 36, 53, 103, 199, 311 ;

James, 3, 26, 136, 141, 181; Jane, 187; Jesse, 33;
Joan, 4; John, 3, 5, 24, 27*, 86, 142, 143, 158,
165, 216; Mary, 236, 238; Matthew, 135; Oriana, 5, 169; Patrick, 322; Phillip, 7, 95, 174; Robert, 6, 41; Thomas, 29, 76, 121; William, 8, 33, 40, 90, 160, 181, 184n
Lewkines see Lukins
Lewry, John, 71, 113
Ley see Lee
Liddall (Liddull, Lydall) widow, 159; John, 81, 239n; Susanna, 33
Lifelly, William, 16, 197
Light (Lyte), [blank], 125; goodman, 326; Benjamin, 29, 126; Edmund, 30; Elizabeth, 25; James, 38, 96, 112, 202, 311 ; John, 27, 83, 142; Thomas, 135; William, 153
Lilly, William, 37, 84, 106
Limbrey see Limbry
Limbrick (Limbric), John, 17, 207, 323
Limbry (Limbrey), Mrs, 175; Mary, 13; William, 95
Limell, Richard, 325
Lindy, Richard, 41
Line, Josua, 220
Ling, Christopher, 225; Martha, 30; Matthew, 125; Richard, 136; William, 10, 68, 75, 79, 116
Lingen, John, 100
Linton (Lintin), Joseph, 10; Thomas, 10, 68, 116, 313, 326
Liston, Robert, 143
Litman (Littman), 29, 76, 78, 121
Little, Francis, 20, 22, 88, 153, 163, 213; Humphrey, 33*, 55, 99*, 304; John, 85; Thomas, 33, 56, 99, 19n
Littman see Litman
Llewellin (Blewellen, Blewellin, Flewellin, Fluellin, Lewellen, Lewellin) widow, 165, 217; Gregory, 37, 312; John, 11, 18, 20, 48, 155; Thomas, 116
Lloyd (Floyd, Flud, Loyd), widow, 10, 129, 136, 150; Ann, 104; Edward, 142; Grace, 132; Henry, 17, 116, 201, 311, 326; John, 17, 27, 37, 62*, 104, 143, 148, 204, 205, 61, 251n, 305; Lodovic, 115; Mary, 70; Richard, 36, 104; Samuel, 5, 86, 189, 320; Thomas, 32; William, 36*, 84*, 105*, 114
Loader see Loder
Lock (Locke), Dorothy, 250n; John, 148-50, 250n, 301; Phillip, 41, 220; Richard, 3, 183
Lockier (Locker), John, 39, 108
Lockstone (Lockston), Edmond, 159n; Joseph, 11, 118; Mary, 60; William, 14, 97, 193
Loder (Loader), widow, 42, 134; Joyce, 134; Sara, 41; Thomas, 125
Lodge, Peter, 76; Thomas, 29, 121, 169n
Lodwell, John, 144; Thomas, 37
Lofty, Thomas, 324
London, Ann, 160

Lone, Lones see Love
Long, widow, 14, 20, 136, 193; Arthur, 26*, 141; Barbara, 79; Henry, 15; James, 25, 149; John, 42, 322; Richard, 22, 30, 77, 125, 176n; Robert, 41; Roger, 51; Samuel, 26; Thomas, 81
Longman, widow, 158; Ann, 96; Ezekiel, 56; George, 157; James, 32*; Thomas, 31
Loope, Mrs, 321; widow, 42; William, 87
Loosely (Loosly), Christian, 24, 149
Lord, John, 15, 97, 190, 15n
Lott, widow, 34, 85; George, 40, 134; Margery, 101
Loude, Elyas, 31
Loupe (Loup), [blank], 138; Mr, 187*; widow, 5*; William, 27, 142
Love (Lone, Lones), Mr, 34; Gabriel, 96; John, 18, 27, 42, 195, 179n; Samuel, 28
Lovelace, Henry, 31
Lovell, Edward, 92, 144; John, 41, 50, 135; Mary, 24, 118; Thomas, 12, 18, 74, 117, 190
Lovering, Alice, 88; Edward, 63; John, 22, 163, 213
Low (Lowe), widow, 38, 104; David (Davy), 60, 236-8; John, 5, 17, 25, 59, 183, 201, 326
Lowes, \{blank], 96
Loyd see Lloyd
Lucas (Lukas), [blank], 119; widow, 12, 29, 126; John, 117; Margaret, 181; Mary, 186; Richard, 174; Walter, 25, 150; Warner, 23, 166, 218
Luckett, Richard, 77-8
Lucock (Lewcock, Lucocke), Christian, 87; Ellis, 182n; John, 182n, 322; Richard, 30, 125
Luffe, John, 22, 67, 163, 214
Luffman (Luffeman), Daniel, 11, 118
Lugg see Legg
Lugins see Lukins
Lukas see Lucas
Lukins (Lewkines, Lugins, Lukens), widow, 10, 134; John, 87; Richard, 53, 104; Thomas, 3
Lundy, Richard, 49
Lune, Joseph, 41
Lunn, Ann, 33
Lush see Latch
Lux, Nicholas, 7, 94, 175; Robert, 106; Thomas, 38
Lycense, Jenkin, 118
Lydall see Liddall
Lyder, Alice, 35; Edward, 101
Lyes, John, 225*
Lymell, George, 20, 153, 185n; Richard, 62; William, 185n
Lymon see Leman
Lyon (Lyons), Thomas, 40, 221, 219n
Lysons (Lyson), Mr, 282n; Nicholas, 168, 219;
Robert, 93; William, 21, 50, 81, 154, 305, 310
Lyte see Light

M
Mabbs, widow, 27, 143; Joane, 63
Mace, Richard, 325
Machatt, John, 39
Machen (Machim), John, 29, 76, 121, 123
Mackrick, John, 12
Maddox (Maddocks), Thomas, 14, 208, 247n, 325
Madison (Madicen), widow, 125; Joyce, 30
Maide (Mayde), Edward, 29, 77, 127
Maine, Thomas, 73
Mainer, Benjamin, 97
Mainnord see Maynard
Mainstone (Mainestone), Samuel, 15, 97, 191
Malett, Mr, 224n
Manester (Manesty, Manister, Mannister, Manstey), John, 187; Thomas 5, 15, 90, 210, 259n, 321
Manfeild, Thomas, $\mathbf{8 ,} 183$
Manister see Manester
Mann, Mary, 207
Mannder see Maunder
Mannister see Manester
Manrider see Maunder
Mansell, Ann, 11; Robert, 100
Manstey see Manester
Mantaine (Manting, Muntaine, Munting), widow, 227, 229, 232-3; John, 229, 234
Manter see also Maunder, widow, 226
Manting see Mantaine
Maplett, John, 53
Mara, Dr, 94
Mardon, James, 201
Margery, Henry, 14, 208
Markes (Marker), Elizabeth, 26, 147; John, 194
Marler, widow, 31, 124
Marlin see Martin
Marmaduke, John, 161n; Mary, 62
Marsh (Mash), John, 17, 18, 32, 86, 326; Richard, 158; Thomas, 32
Marshall, Charles, 192, 51; Joan, 119; Richard, 149; Thomas, 203, 322
Martin (Marlin, Marten), Doctor, 6; Mr, 320; Mrs, 189; widow, 20, 24, 139; Bernard, 59; Edward, 15, 189; Eleanor, 47, 310; Elizabeth, 220; Henry, 31, 125; Jeremy, 80, 156; John, 6, 30, 42, 95, 171, 200; Margaret, 31; Mary, 42; Richard, 20; Robert, 16*, 198, 200; Thomas, 129, 133, 176; William, 2, 5, 8*, 155, 170, 180, 310
Martindale, Edward, 150; William, 25
Mascalen, Edward, 91
Mascall, Theophilus, 32, 309
Masey see Massey
Mash see Marsh
Mason, widow, 177; Caleb, 85, 109; Charles, 38; John, 11, 23*, 27, 73, 120, 142, 165, 217; Richard, 62, 169; Thomas, 15, 86, 118, 170, 209, 51; William, 160n

Massey (Masey, Masse, Massy), widow, 27; Dorcas, 90; John, 6, 95, 173, 51, 312; Walter, 141, 143
Massinger (Messenger), Capt., 179, 324; Robert, 86, 208
Massy see Massey
Masters, Mrs, 173; widow, 16, 196; Mary, 51; Thomas, 5, 170
Mathews (Mathewes), widow, 117-18; Edward, 2, 90, 180; Jeremiah, 10; John, 115; Lewis, 147; Richard, 40, 133; Thomas, 71; William, 117
Matts, James, 79, 165, 216
Maunder (Mannder, Manrider), Robert, 4, 186, 321
Maurice see Morris
Mayde see Maide
Mayes, widow, 130, 133; John, 207, 323; Judith, 42
Mayle, Edward, 235; John, 36
Maynard (Mainnord, Manter), widow, 226; Margaret, 231, 233
Mayo (Mayor), [blank], 158; widow, 22, 164, 216; Elizabeth, 37; Joyce, 81; Robert, 107, 51
Meacer see Mercer
Meacham, [blank], 3
Meacocke, Walter, $\mathbf{5 0}$
Meaden (Meadon), John, 35; Thomas, 57, 103
Medge (Medy), Henry, 208, 324
Medhurst, Morgan, 9,174
Medy see Medge
Meekings, C.A.F., 75, 319
Mehin (Mihan), Elizabeth, 65; Roger, 236
Mellichap (Mellechapp, Mellichapp), Richard, 20, 88, 156
Mendham, Margaret, 117
Mercer (Meacer), widow, 128; Alexander, 14, 97, 195; Mary, 31; Thomas, 77, 217n
Merchant, widow, 105; John, 129, 152n
Meredith (Mereden, Meredeth, Meredett, Merredith), widow, 17, 201, 310; Abel, 77; Evan, 41, 136; Florence, 31; George, 310; James, 38; Jenkin, 125; John, 7, 8, 28*, 62, 109, 144, 146, 182, 207, 229, 235, 237, 238, 4, 19, 293-4, 296-7, 324; Jonas, 38, 104; Mary, 326; Nicholas, 48, 94, 155; Richard, 180; Thomas, 24, 165, 216; William, 32
Merifeild see Merrifeild
Merredith see Meredith
Merrett see Merrick
Merrey see Merry
Merrick (Merrett, Merricke) [blank], 125; Mr, 227; widow, 30, 109, 135; Giles, 74; Henry, 27, 36, 77, 105, 106, 110, 143, 305; John, 41, 50, 182n; Robert, 41, 135; William, 10, 69, 81
Merrifeild (Merifeild), Mrs, 236; Thomas, 38, 104
Merriwether, John, 9
Merry (Merrey, Merrow), [blank], 114; widow, 25; Ann(e), 70, 75; Nathaniel, 21, 63, 161, 212

Messenger see Massinger
Michell see Mitchell
Middleton, Thomas, 36
Midwinter, Roger, 183
Mihan see Mehin
Miles (Myles), Jocoss, 24; John, 134; Richard, 29, 145
Millard (Millar, Miller, Willard), [blank], 129; Mrs, 175, 325; widow, 7, 17, 26, 107, 110, 191, 205, 226n; Edward, 5, 90, 170; Erasmus, 94; James, 33, 36, 55, 99, 41, 44, 56; Joane, 97; John, 55, 109, 205n; Margaret, 34; Phillip, 8, 170; Richard, 140; Robert, 31; Samuel, 37, 58; Thomas, 20, 154; William, 13, 18, 25, 28, 34, 38, 63, 92, 100, 144, 152, 195
Millis, John, 39
Mills, widow, 7; Aubrey, 22, 80, 156; Joseph, 8; Josias, 182; Richard, 170; Robert, 225
Millsome (Milsome), widow, 19, 205; John, 191, 227; Richard, 42
Millward, Thomas, $\mathbf{6 1}$
Milner (Millner), Nathaniel, 25, 50, 150
Milsome see Millsome
Mimtum, Thomas, 233
Miner (Minard, Minor, Myner), widow, 36; Edward, 135; John, 11, 87, 120, 313; Robert, 39, 130; William, 35, 54, 111
Mines, William, 200
Minor see Miner
Minte, Nathaniel, 37
Mitchell (Michell, Mitchel), [blank], 37; Ann(a), 7, 176; Edward, 30, 124; George, 27, 142; James, 182; Thomas, 30*, 125*
Moates, John, 24, 147
Mockeridge (Mockridge, Mogaridge), Allen, 53, 103; Peter, 131
Moggs, John, 15*, 97*, 191*; Lazarus, 15, 191, 55; Thomas, 8, 218, 163, 213; Walter, 225
Moll, [blank], 123; John, 153
Monday see Munday
Monkes (Monke, Munk), Thomas, 23, 89, 166, 218
Moody, Mrs, 326; Jacob, 135; John, 69; Thomas, 74, 116
Moone (Moon), widow, 21, 163, 213; Dennis, 6, 7, 171 ; Joan(e), 63; John, 17, 87, 201, 188n; Paul, 37; Richard, 88, 53; Susanna, 53; Thomas, 66, 164, 215
Moorden, James, 17
Moore (Moores, Morr), Mr, 320; Mrs, 325; widow, 14, 20, 133, 208, 280n; Edward, 53; Elizabeth, 36, 103; George, 206; Gilbert, 48, 91, 155; Henry, 86; John, 4, 29, 77, 122, 157, 185, 28; Joseph, 15, 98, 190; Martha, 108; Mary, 36, 105; Robert, 84; Thomas, 9, 20, 71, 74, 113, 305, 312
Mooreman see Moreman

Mootes, John, 60
Moreman (Mooreman), Walter, 166, 219; William, 19, 153
Moreton, Mary, 96, 158
Morgan, [blank], 194, 321-2; Mr, 179, 236;
widow, 42, 77, 124, 126, 129, 132, 147, 175,
185, 235; Alexander, 9, 71, 113*; Anne, 236,
238-9; Charles, 83; David (Davy), 236, 238-9;
Edward, 33, 55, 66, 99, 104, 141, 149, 301 ;
Elizabeth, 133; Francis, 185, 320; George, 33,
55, 99; Henry, 30, 35; Isaac, 2, 83, 123, 158;
James, 22, 80, 164, 214; Jenkin, 103; Joana,
30; John, 15, 18*, 22, 25, 29, 30, 39, 40, 70,
76, 81, 83, 124, 125, 131, 187, 194; Lewis,
14, 195; Richard, 9, 34*, 101; Samuel, 159;
Thomas, 20, 86, 159, 236-9; William, 60, 101,
225, 230, 233
Morr see Moore
Morris (Maurice, Morrice), Andrew, 35, 51, 85, 103, 311; George, 13, 30, 69, 123*; Henry, 116;
John, 21, 42, 110, 132, 163, 213; Owen, 136;
Richard, 109; Thomas, 16, 25, 42, 43, 147,
154, 200, 324; Walter, 321; William, 166
Morse, Miles, 108; Thomas, 73; William, 217, 236, 238-9
Mortimore, Elizabeth, 79
Mosse (Mos), Mr, 326; widow, 66
Mosden (Musdon), Richard, 25, 67, 148
Mosely (Moseley, Mosley), widow, 126; Benjamin, 67; Elinor, 29; John, 11, 68, 116
Moses, Robert, 28, 140
Mosley see Mosely
Mountaine, Peter, 32
Moxly, Jona, 12
Muckford, Mrs, 169
Muckle (Muckly), [blank], 176; widow, 321
Muggleworth, Peter, 92
Mulgrove, John, 136
Mullens (Mullines, Mullins), George, 3, 31; James, 120; Martha, 12; Matthew, 9, 71, 113
Munday (Monday), widow, 51, 130, 222; Elizabeth, 39; Henry, 120; Richard, 9, 113; Thomas 153n
Munk see Monkes
Muntaine, Munting see Mantaine
Murford, Peter, 11, 120
Murry, Mr, 325
Musdon see Mosden
Myles see Miles
Myner see Miner

## N

Nailer, John, 197
Naisby, Patrick, 172
Napper, John, 29, 122
Nash, Mary, 19; Nicholas, 11, 73, 119; Peter, 106; Richard, 41, 134; Thomas, 39

Neads see Needes
Neale, Daniel, 36, 84, 105-6
Neanesbury, Patrick, 6
Neason (Neaston, Neson), [blank], 200; widow, 105; Jonas, 27, 141, 144; Joseph, 28; Robert, 29, 73, 143; Thomas, 78
Needes (Neads), [blank], 118; John, 11-12, 72-3, 117
Neeves (Neeve, Neves), widow, 36, 105; Elizabeth, 4; James, 84; Robert, 28; Thomas, 184
Nelson (Nellson), widow, 42, 85*, 136*, 138; Edward, 57; James, 87, 320; John, 110; Robert, 37, 109
Neson see Neason
Nethercourte, Robert, 130
Nethway (Nethwey), John, 182n; Richard, 59, 79*, 86, 324
Nettle, Judith, 37, 106
Neves see Neeves
Newling, John, 135
Newman, Mr, 186; Christopher, 326; John, 13; Nicholas, 4; Richard, 29, 76, 122
Newton, John, 182n; Robert, 18, 190; Theophilus, 227
Nibbs, William, 236
Nibley, Joseph, 225
Nicholls (Nicholas, Nichols, Nicklus, Nickols, Nikolas), Mr, 185; Abraham, 22, 155; Alice, 48; David, 236, 239; Humphrey, 15; Isaac, 200; John, 3, 8, 16, 39, 48, 66, 129, 181, 187, 197, 321 ; Joseph, 7, 176; Morgan, 133; Paul, 226, 228, 231, 235; Richard, 117; Robert, 17, 30, 124, 204, 321; Samuel, 94, 320; Stephen, 15, 190; Thomas, 18; William, 9, 135, 209, 59
Nichollson see Nicholson
Nichols see Nicholls
Nicholson (Nichollson), Nicholas, 136; Richard, 13
Nickens, widow, 20, 155; Humphry, 191; John, 48
Nicklus, Nickols, Nikolas see Nicholls
Noakes (Noake, Noke, Nokes, Nooke) Mr, 174; John, 207; Richard, 6, 94, 173; Robert, 15, 86, 210
Noble, widow, 223; Edmund, 16; Edward, 64, 196; Jesse, 79, 97, 181, 195; Robert, 14, 92, 187, 192; Thomas, 42, 133; William, 84, 105
Noke, Nokes see Noakes
Nonny (Nomney, Nunney, Nunny), Richard, 5, 188, 320; Robert, 15, 97, 191
Nooke see Noakes
Norman (Normand, Notherne), widow, 118; Mary, 42, 132; William, 12
Norrington, Lettice, 118
Norris, widow, 13; John, 134; Samuel, 73, 119
North, family, 56; Mr, 188; widow, 28; Elizabeth, 53; George, 236; James, 92, 146; Roger, (Of Building), 56-7; Thomas, 5, 87, 188, 320

Northall (Northell, Nothell), Henry, 16, 64, 66,
196*; Joan(na), 37, 106; Thomas, 92; Walter, 37
Northeast, John, 40, 50
Northell see Northall
Northerne (Northern), [blank], 38; Richard, 6, 94, 171, 36, 312; Susan, 94; Thomas, 85, 110
Norton, widow, 33; John, 8, 182; Mary, 126; William, 32
Nothell see Northall
Notherne see Norman
Nourse (Nurse), Christopher, 236; Giles, 27, 143
Novis, Richard, 40, 84, 108
Nunney, Nunny see Nonny
Nurse see Nourse
Nurtnell see Hurtnell

Oakes, Robert, 325
Oatly (Oattly, Ottley), Edward, 97, 194; Henry, 117; Simon, 259n, 321; Thomas, 5, 188
Oatridge see Partridge
Odoms see Adams
Oldbury, [blank], 132; John, 3, 84, 183
Oldfeild, George, 94; Thomas, 20, 114
Oldnull, Samuel, 54
Oliver (Olliver), Mrs, 326; Edward, 78, 191, 198; John, 42; Richard, 20, 76, 154, 310; Thomas, 17, 33, 81, 158; William, 15, 310
Olliffe (Olleffs, Ollife, Olline, Ollive), widow, 7; Edward, 19; Ralph, 3, 38, 54, 112, 182, 223, 19n, 65, 77, 84, 288, 301, 311; Robert, 14, 23, 40, 87, 132, 208, 325; Thomas, 90-1, 204, 324; William, 31, 77, 157, 309
Olliver see Oliver
O'Meara, Dr Edmund, 54
Orchard, widow, 11, 116; John, 36, 68; Margaret, 179, 181; Maurice, 26, 62, 141, 219, 4, 19, 285; Peter, 11; Thomas, 3, 188
Organ, Anna, 176
Osberton, Elizabeth, 96
Osborne (Osbourne), widow, 160; John, 26; Peter, 236
Ottley see Oatly
Oulstone (Ouldstone), Francis, 149; Roger, 61
Overton, Thomas, 191
Owen (Oweing, Owing), widow, 21, 153, 159, 310; Anthony, 26, 141, 53; James, 237; John, 92; Joseph, 5, 87, 189, 320; Lazarus, 323; Mary, 81; Samuel, 85, 108; Thomas, 16, 39, 41, 136
Oxe, John, 25
Oxford, widow, 35; John, 23, 78, 143; Michael, 74

## $\mathbf{P}$

Packer, widow, 159, 161; Hannah, 21; John, 60, 147, 150, 322; Richard, 274n, 324; William, 26, 141

Pacy, Edith, 154n; Percival, 52, 131
Paddiford, Zachariah, 139
Padgett see Pagett
Page, Alice, 18; Francis, 25, 149-50
Pagett (Padgett, Paggett), Thomas, 36, 84, 106
Painber see Pander
Paine (Payne), Ann, 27; Charles, 29; Francis, 14, 207, 323; James, 210; John, 23, 89, 166, 219; Nicholas, 17, 201, 326; Richard, 22, 163, 164, 213-14; Walter, 32, 77, 157; William, 69, 75, 85, 100, 115, 149
Painter (Paynter), Henry, 26, 147; Richard, 81, 197; Roger, 65
Pale see Paull
Palmer (Paulmer), [blank], 153; widow, 118; Edward, 131; John, 63, 72; Nicholas, 19, 323; Thomas, 21
Pander (Painber), Thomas, 19, 191
Paradice, widow, 135
Pardoe, Mrs, 212; Sara, 21
Parfett, Parfitt, Parfoy see Parphey
Parish, Robert, 227
Parker, [blank], 102, 157; widow, 212; Alice, 29; Henry, 225, 235, 294; John, 24-5, 199, 206; Mary, 236; Nathaniel, 32, 96, 177n; Richard, 190; Timothy, 29, 76, 121, 307; William, 9, 36, 71, 84, 105-6, 114
Parlour, Jennett, 110
Parnell, William, 18, 195
Parphey (Parfett, Parfitt, Parfoy, Perfect, Perfoy), widow, 85; Michael 105, 5, 13; Robert, 79; William, 37, 85, 108, 4, 19
Parr see Parry
Parrett, John, 31
Parris, Edward, 23, 168, 219
Parry (Parr, Perry, Pirry), widow, 107, 164-5, 215-16; Ann, 22-3; Edward, 162, 212, 182n; Henry, 84, 151 n ; Hugh, 59, 79, 150; Joel(l), 10, 70, 118; John, 32, 39; Joseph, 28, 90; Mary, 106; Stephen, 10, 70, 114; Thomas, 4, 19; William, 14, 98, 106, 195
Parsons, widow, 35; Augustine, 225, 228, 230, 234; Frances, 233; Humphrey, 19, 196; John, 16, 34, 102, 198, 229, 236, 323; Richard, 225, 228, 230, 234; Thomas, 24, 57, 110; William, 225, 228, 230, 234
Partridge (Oatridge, Partrige, Patridge), goodwife, 323; widow, 108, 198; George, 78; Joan, 4; John, 185; Thomas, 38, 107
Pascall (Baskall), widow, 22; Richard, 6; Thomas, 16, 18, 21, 77, 196, 208; William, 80, 163, 214, 251n
Patch, goodman, 326; Anthony, 36*, 84, 105-6; Christopher, 39; Vincent, 205, 324; William, 201
Patrick, Phillip, 17; Richard, 15, 190
Patridge see Partridge

Paull (Pale, Paul), [blank], 7; Mr, 175; widow, 2, 10, 312; Henry, 69, 95, 180; John, 204*, 50;
Richard, 7; Sarah, 312
Paulmer see Palmer
Payne see Paine
Paynter see Painter
Peacock, Thomas, 97, 192
Peake, Phillip, 86
Peale, Mary, 68
Pearce (Pearcy, Peirce), [blank], 147; widow, 10, 40, 115, 124, 193; Anthony, 87; Edward, 17, 92, 205; Henry, 24, 60; Hugh, 14, 193; John, 35, 89, 102, 229; Richard, 123; Robert, 35; Thomas, 23, 35, 166, 217, 225; William, 18, 170, 189
Pearson (Person), widow, 169; Ann, 74; John, 79, 165, 217; Thomas, 90, 147
Peasely, Mr, 182; Phillip, 89, 326
Pegley (Pegler, Pegly, Pigley), Eliza 324; John, 152; Thomas, 84-5, 110
Peirce see Pearce
Pendry, John, 8, 185, 187
Penhulla, Thomas, 3
Pennoyer, William, 275n
Pennington (Perrington), Robert, 10, 22, 88, 115, 163, 213, 310
Penny (Pennis), John, 132; Thomas, 43
Penrose, Bartholomew, 12, 72, 118; Edward, 153
Pepwell (Popwell), Mrs, 175; widow, 7, 99; Joseph, 134; Judith, 134; Sara, 33
Pepys, Elizabeth, 45; Samuel 45, 47, 165n
Perdue see Purdue
Perfect, Perfoy see Parphey
Perincheife see Perrincheife
Perkes (Pricks), Thomas, 14, 208; William, 34
Perkins (Perkines), [blank], 126; Mr, 173; Alexander, 23, 165, 217; Andrew, 35, 85, 101; Roger, 25, 208; Thomas, 32, 53, 160
Perriman, John, 34, 171
Perrin, Edward, 25, 78, 150; Thomas, 275n
Perrincheife (Perincheife), Samuel, 22, 164, 215
Perrington see Pennington
Perry see Parry
Person see Pearson
Pester, Mr, 179; widow, 51, 130; John, 90, 95; William 218n
Peters, George, 67; Joan(e), 19, 203
Petersen (Peiterson, Peterson), [blank], 76; widow, 113; George, 74, 116; John, 72; Peter, 71; Roger, 10
Petticote, Dorothy, 43
Petty, William, 315-16
Peverell, John, 92
Pew, widow, 321; William, 63
Phillips (Phellps, Phelpes, Phelps, Phillipp, Phillipps, Phillis, Phipps, Phips) [blank], 106; Mr, 186,

188; widow, 18, 124, 133, 196; Alice, 23, 166, 218; Ann, 64; Christopher, 129; Daniel, 29, 312; David, 27, 63, 141; George, 13, 101; Henry, 19, 41, 134, 200, 323; James, 5, 19, 37, 62, 157, 204, 321 ; John, 5, 17, 81, 169, 193, 220, $27 \ln , 322$; Joseph, 14, 23, 89, 167, 200, 219; Katherine, 182; Margery, 36; Mary, 34, 107; Nicholas, 94; Patrick, 204; Phillip, 105; Richard, 37, 223; Robert, 37; Thomas, 10, 14, 28, 32, 39, 70, 75, 87, 107-8, 114, 189, 195; Walter, 179n; William, 79, 84, 153, 225
Philpott (Filpott, Phillpott), widow, 14, 98, 194; Christopher, 116; Patrick, 133; Radrick, 40; William, 10, 115, 208n
Phipps, Phips see Phillips
Piatt, Mr, 227
Pickering (Pickerin, Pickrin), Mr, 186; Amy, 239; John, 4, 14, 192, 326
Piggott (Pigott), Henry 146; Sir Richard, 12n; William, 102*
Pigley see Pegley
Pigott see Piggott
Pill (see also Paull), Humphrey, 39, 129; James, 39, 129; Mary, 115
Piller (Pilla), widow, 273n, 325; Henry, 205
Pillman, goodman, 179
Pimm (Pim, Punne, Pym, Pymm), Daniel, 21, 88, 163, 213; John, 30; Thomas, 6, 12, 27, 83, 118
Pine (Pyne), Charles, 122; John, 42, 124, 134
Pinner (Pyner), [blank], 7; widow, 109; Robert, 109; William, 95
Piper, widow, 131
Pippin, George, 110
Pirry see Parry
Pitman (Pittman), George, 5, 188, 187n; Hugh, 26, 149; John, 224; Michael, 35, 56, 102; Robert, 59; William, 8
Pitt see Pitts
Pittman see Pitman
Pitts (Pitt), [blank], 6; Capt., 171; widow, 7, 29, 170, 176; Alice, 34, 101; Ann, 18, 195; Christopher, 21, 162, 212; Elizabeth, 28; James, 20; Mary, 67; Thomas, 8, 90, 184; William, 178n
Pladwell see Pledwell
Plaine see Playne
Plasteed, Edward, 124
Player, Alice, 94; Walter, 8, 184
Playne (Plaine), George, 12, 116
Plea, Robert, 59
Pledwell (Pladwell, Pleydwell), John, 141, 323; Joseph, 27; William, 15-16, 190, 192
Plomer see Plummer
Plomley see Plumley
Plommer, Plumer see Plummer
Plumley (Plomley), widow, 88; Thomas, 6*, 94, 172-3

Plummer (Plomer, Plommer, Plumer), Capt., 174;
widow, 36, 126; Alice, 39; Arthur, 25, 150;
Charles, 4, 87, 185, 320; Richard, 57, 105;
Samuel, 29; Simon, 30, 96, 126; Thomas, 67
Pockeridge, Thomas, 162, 212
Pollett, Hugh, 118
Polsom (Polsome), Peter, 15, 189
Pomfrett, Thomas, 20, 154
Pomry (Pomrey), Elizabeth, 11, 119; George, 181; Robert, 119
Pooke, [blank], 320
Poole, widow, 114; Alice, 41; Ann, 9; Henry, 171; Joan, 116; John, 12, 73*, 117; Ludovic, 65, 197; Thomas, 73
Poore, widow, 16, 197
Pope (Popp), [blank], 115; goodwife, 320; Mr, 129; Mrs, 324; 'old', 325; widow, 206; Bartholomew, 227; Henry, 43; James, 185; John, 23, 79, 150, 301; Michael, 27, 29, 122, 142; Nathaniel, 17, 200; Nicholas, 40, 50, 133, 36; Richard, 33, 55, 58, 62, 99, 146; Robert, 40, 43, 132; Thomas, 30, 123*, 165, 216, 61; William, 34, 41*, 50, 135, 136, 223, 229, 236*, 237, 238*, 239*, 292
Popley (Poply), George, 28, 92, 144; William, 26, 63, 139
Popp see Pope
Popwell see Pepwell
Port, Elizabeth, 26
Porter, John, 37; Pope, 133; Simon, 322
Possett (Posgett, Poshins), Thomas, 15, 209, 325
Potter, widow, 6, 173; John, 3, 181; Nicholas, 165, 217; Thomas, 8, 183
Poundall (Poundell, Pownall, Powndell), [blank], 113; widow, 6; Nathaniel, 94, 171, 61; Richard, 6
Pountney, Mr, 155n
Powell (Powles), [blank], 135; Mr, 178; widow, 5, 9, 14, 24*, 25, 31, 183, 188, 193*; Abry, 33; Benjamin, 7, 169, 174; Charles, 32, 91, 157, 252n, 305; George, 167, 219; James, 35, 59, 222, 307; John, 4, 42, 105; Mary, 77, 184; Morgan, 124; Peter, 27; Richard, 4, 13, 117, 184
Power, Mike, 66
Powles see Powell
Pownall, Powndell see Poundall
Powne, William, 25
Poyte (Poyt), John, 66; Thomas, 17, 204, 321
Pratt, Robert, 30, 125
Presser, Robert, 16
Prestich, Edmund, 60
Preston, Christopher, 31
Prestwood, [blank], 131; Christopher, 128; Jane, 34;
Thomas, 52, 58, 99
Pretty, [blank], 94

Prewett (Pruett), [blank], 107; widow, 84; Ann, 37; Thomas, 21, 47, 154
Price, [blank], 129; Mr, 199, 227; widow, 14, 18, 102, 194, 208-9, 324-5; David, 105; Edward, 29, 34, 77-8, 98, 100, 128, 324; Frances, 198n; Geoffrey, 41; Hugh, 107; Jane, 181; Jeffery, 49, 137; John, 6, 80, 171, 322; Phillip, 42, 25; Randall, 323; Richard, 42, 132, 134; Samuel, 9, 70, 113; Thomas, 34*, 70, 85, 101*, 113; William, 40, 43, 134, 222
Prickett, John, 25
Pricks see Perkes
Pridgett see Bridgett
Prigg (Brigg), [blank], 6; alderman, 179, 186; Mrs, 326; Charles, 110; Grace, 17, 201; Thomas, 22, 90, 164, 172, 214, 305
Prin (Pryn), widow, 221; Thomas, 225
Prince, widow, 33; John, 142; Mary, 87; Robert, 13; Thomas, 245n
Prior (Pryor), John, 108; William, 13, 117
Pritchard, [blank], 7; Mr, 174; David, 18, 194; Francis, 7, 178; Henry, 25; John, 54, 63; Lewis, 137; Margaret, 18; William, 165, 217
Prosser (Proster), [blank], 198; widow, 13, 206; Hester, 38; Jacob, 8; Robert, 326; William, 11, 323
Prowse, Thomas, 12
Pruett see Prewett
Pryn see Prin
Pryor see Prior
Pubblestone, John, 4
Pucke, widow, 28
Puddy, widow, 85
Pugsly, widow, 32, 159; James, 33, 159; Richard, 21
Pulcher, widow, 199, 323
Pullin, goodwife, 271n, 322; Richard, 204
Punchion, William, 131
Punne see Pimm
Purchase, widow, 180
Purdue (Perdue, Purdew, Purdoe), [Mrs], 161; widow, 161, 212; Elizabeth, 23; Joana, 34; John, 77, 127; Richard, 15, 98, 190; William, 56
Purlewent (Purlevent), Samuel, 158; William, 92
Purnell, Mr, 325; widow, 17*, 204-5; John, 55; Robert, 86, 272n
Purser, Thomas, 104
Puxton, Michael, 54, 106, 111; Thomas, 156n; Ursula, 53
Pym, Pymm see Pimm
Pyne see Pine
Pyner see Pinner
Q
Quintaine, Mr, 171*; William, 5, 91, 188
Quorum, Anna, 183

## R

Rackley (Racklie), John, 42, 135, 220
Radish, Edmund, 35
Radley, widow, 27, 142; Robert, 83; William, 79
Radman, Elizabeth, 21
Radney see Rodney
Ragnor see Rayner
Raindall see Randall
Rainstorp (Rainsetorpe), [blank], 3; John 51, 255n
Raleigh, George, 4, 11; John, 3-4, 11, 33-4
Randall (Raindall, Randell, Rendall, Rennall),
[blank], 7; widow, 31; Anthony, 9; Henry, 14,
207, 225, 323; Joan(na), 41, 131
Ranger, Christopher, 223
Rawleigh (Rawley), John, 206; Robert, 178; Thomas, 13
Rawles (Rawlins), Edward, 26, 148; Francis, 41, 136; John, 41, 324
Rawley see Rawleigh
Rawlins see Rawles
Rayner (Ragnor, Raymen, Raynor) John, 3*, 90
Raynold, Raynolds see Reynolds
Read see Reede
Readman see Redman
Reason, [blank], 126
Redburn, John, 235
Reddich, Edmund, 311
Redding (Reding), Thomas, 236, 238
Redford (Radford), [blank], 320; William, 185
Reding see Redding
Redley (Ridley), Giles, 39, 137
Redman (Readman), widow, 229; Joane, 225, 230, 233; John, 226, 232, 235
Redwood, widow, 2, 30, 34*, 100, 125, 312; George, 34, 102, 222; John, 102, 138; Robert, 127; William, 29, 56, 100, 102, 107
Reece see Rice
Reech see Rich
Reede (Read, Reed), [blank], 160; widow, 137, 163, 193; Benjamin, 35, 103, 312; Elizabeth, 4, 186; James, 2, 50, 190-1nn; John, 8, 9, 25, 38, 55, 95, 110, 148, 175, 177, 180; Joseph, 86; Lewis, 16, 200, 322; Mary, 21; Patience, 110; Percival, 117; Richard, 13, 22, 114; Thomas, 257n, 326; Tobias, 20, 88-9, 155
Reeke see Rice
Reeves (Reeve), widow, 6, 9, 113, 174; Francis, 103; John, 70, 75; Thomas, 14, 208, 325
Rendall, Rennall see Randall
Rennes, widow, 17
Revall, Thomas, 102
Reynolds (Raynold, Raynolds, Reynold), widow, 165, 216; Elizabeth, 22; Francis, 132; John, 18, 135, 183, 209; William, 18, 189
Rice (Reece, Reeke), widow, 16, 175, 210; Alexander, 29, 101; Anthony 275n, 325; John,

325; Richard, 35, 67, 117
Rich (Reech), [blank], 37; widow, 3, 40; Edward, 102; Henry, 4, 35, 57, 103, 305, 320; Thomas, 23, 35, 164, 215
Richards (Richard), Mrs, 227; Catherine, 38; Charles, 8, 187; George, 265n; John, 5, 38, 84, 109*, 143, 188, 200n; Lott, 38; Nathaniel, 72; Robert, 33; Roger, 18, 88, 194; Timothy, 78
Richardson, John, 32, 92; Thomas, 39, 129
Richmond, James, 204
Ricketts, widow, 18, 194; Charles, 321 ; John, 25, 147; Timothy, 326; William, 15, 210, 324
Rickman, Rachel, 14
Ricroft (Ricrofte, Ryecroft), Robert, 10, 116; Thomas, 27-8, 89, 142
Rideout, John, 34; Robert, 29
Rider, Joan, 18
Riddle, widow, 227
Ridley see Redley
Ringrose, Edward, 19
Rinon (Rynon), David, 30, 125
Risby, Francis, 200
Rivers, Mrs, 188; John, 158
Roabes, widow, 324
Roach (Roch, Rock), Mrs, 236; widow, 25, 134, 150, 188; John, 4, 18, 65, 186, 194, 226, 231, 234, 320; Mary, 19, 203; Richard, 180-1;
Thomas, 37, 98, 107-8; William, 26
Roade (Roades), Thomas, 206, 322
Robbins see Robins
Roberts, [blank], 159; widow, 119, 130; Ann, 79*; Christopher, 119; Elizabeth, 108; Francis, 322 ; John, 18, 21, 27, 33, 83, 88, 126, 142, 163*, 200, 213-14; Lewis, 10, 116; Phillip, 56; Richard, 11, 72, 76, 114; Walter, 202; William, 199, 323
Robertson, Christopher, 22
Robins (Robbins, Robines), widow, 236, 238; Edith, 81; Edward, 13; Henry, 38, 83, 142; James, 236-8; John, 20, 40, 134, 154, 221, 49-50, 308, 310; Phillip, 187, 321; Richard, 7, 27, 143, 174
Robinson, Christopher, 39, 80, 129; Edward, 205, 324; George, 26; John, 29, 88
Roch, Rock see Roach
Rodney (Radney), Mr, 320; widow, 7; John, 205n; William, 4, 175
Rodway, John, 110
Roe see Row
Rogers, widow, 14, 40, 42, 193; Elizabeth, 26, 149; Francis, 30; John, 8, 11, 72, 118, 195; Lewes, 34; Margaret, 137; Matthew, 49, 136, 223, 288; Owen, 34, 101; Phillip, 11, 120; Robert, 57, 155n; Samuel, 26, 62, 141; Thomas, 11, 71, 118, 183; William, 13-14, 24, 41, 60, 90, 101, 147, 206-7, 311, 323-4
Rolls, Thomas, 108

Rome, John, 96
Romeing see Ruming
Rooke (Rookes), widow, 40; Anne, 221; Phillip, 221
Roome (Roone), [blank], 153; Abraham, 12, 74, 75, 116
Roope, Richard, 28
Rosewell (Rowswell), Peter, 31, 76, 121, 312; William, 29, 76, 121, 150
Rosse, John, 194; Margaret, 43
Rosser, Thomas, 15, 209, 325
Roster, William, 33
Rothero (Rothrow), Peter, 28, 144
Rothley, Hugh, 88
Rothrow see Rothero
Rousall see Russell
Roves (see also Reeves), widow, 205
Row (Roe, Rowe), Major, 177; Anthony, 37, 106; Benett, 227; David, 239; Dennis, 232, 293; Edward, 29; Henry, 2, 29, 76, 94, 121, 144, 307; Thomas, 13, 87, 207, 324; William, 96, 227
Rowbottom (Rawbottom, Robotham), James, 83, 165, 217
Rowe see Row
Rowland, Mr, 225; widow, 172; John, 36
Rowley, [blank], 42; William, 103, 140
Roworth, John, 28, 92, 144
Rowswell see Rosewell
Royden (Roydon), Roger, 34, 56, 58, 99
Rudge (Ruge, Rugg), John, 5, 169, 181; Thomas, 6, 172, 177; Walter, 236-9
Rudley (Rudly), Hugh, 20, 156
Rudvel, widow, 234
Ruge, Rugg see Rudge
Ruming (Romeing, Rumins, Rumming), John, 26, 60, 140, 311
Rupert (Prince), 44
Russell (Rousall), [blank], 3, 176; Mrs, 325; Edward, 181; Francis, 5; Henry, 7, 94, 175; John, 18; Mary, 129, 205; Prudence, 326
Russett, William, 159
Ryecroft see Ricroft
Rynon see Rinon

## S

Sacks, David, 314, 319
Sadle, Jane, 185
Sadler, Mary, 94
Saffin, John, 2, 83, 177
Sage, Thomas, 181n
Salisbury (Salesbury), Thomas, 10, 74, 116
Salmon, Daniel, 56; John, 90; William, 163, 214
Salter, Anthony, 79; John, 2, 166, 178, 218, 236
Sam see Samm
Samborne (Sambourne), widow, 34; Joseph, 100

Samm (Sam), Daniel, 34, 100; Humphrey, 118; John, 22, 164, 215; Matthew, 8, 189, 320
Sampson, [blank], 131; Henry, 224
Sanbury see Sansbury
Sanchy (Sankeye, Zanchy, Zankey, Zauchy), William, 12, 117, 54
Sanders see Saunders
Sandey see Sandy
Sandford (Sanford), [blank], 23; Henry, 34; Iddy, 92; John, 28-9, 121; Jonathan, 22, 80, 164, 215, 219, 285; Richard, 26, 92, 116, 166, 217; Thomas, 144
Sandrell, John, 125
Sandy (Sandey), widow, 11; John, 77, 126; Mary, 171 n ; Richard, 74, 120; Walter, 30*, 77, 125, 211, 149, 301; Wilfred, 117
Sanford see Sandford
Sansbury (Sanbury), Anthony, 35, 103
Sankeye see Sanchy
Sansome, William, 23
Sarar, Elinor, 130
Sargeant, Andrew, 110
Satchfeild see Searchfeild
Saterly (Saturly), Sara(h), 7, 178
Sattiford (Sattisford), widow, 100; Thomas, 35
Saturly see Saterly
Saul (Saull), widow, 181; Richard, 96
Saunders (Sanders), Mr, 224; widow, 149, 167, 219, 325; Abraham, 33, 56, 99, 180n, 305; Anna, 132; Charles, 206n; Hezy, 73; James, 9; John, 29, 37, 38, 41, 51, 54, 96, 103, 106, 108, 112, 126, 134, 220; Richard, 40, 133, 188, 222; Samuel, 36, 106; Simon, 92, 141; Thomas, 3, 32, 136, 157, 182, 202, 275n, 321, 325; William, 15, 22*, 165, 210, 216
Sawyer (Sawer), Arthur, 79, 166, 219; Edward, 36, 38, 107; John, 166, 217
Say, Richard, 173
Scarlett, widow, 33, 99*; Thomas, 34
Schambler, Peter, 12
Schooler, Thomas, $\mathbf{1 6 0}$
Schurer, Kevin, 318-19
Scoper (Shoper, Skoper), Henry, 22, 165, 216
Scory, Joseph, 23, 165, 216
Scott (Scotto), [blank], 3, 7; Mr, 176; Abraham, 18, 195; Andrew, 5, 169; John, 10, 114; William, 15, 97, 191
Screene (Skreene), George, 203; John, 17, 271 ln , 322; Roger, 28, 146
Scrope, Thomas, 25, 150, 309
Sculke (Sculk, Skulke), Anna, 176; Nicholas, 132, 221; Row, 170; Rowland, 5, 8, 94, 170, 250n
Scuse, widow, 63, 141; George, 3
Seacombe (Seacomb, Selom), John, 10, 69, 114
Seagar (Seager), widow, 209, 326; John, 64, 196
Sealeing, widow, $\mathbf{9}, 172$

Sealy, widow, 135; Mary, 41; Matthew, 135
Seaman, Peter, 73
Searchfeild (Satchfeild), Rowland, 2, 180
Seaward (Seward, Sheward), [blank], 52, 115;
widow, 20, 153, 166, 213, 218; Elizabeth, 22,
310; John, 6, 174; Robert, 88-9, 58, 310; Sara, 96
Seborne, Alice, 13
Seeworth, Miles, 18
Sele, Andrew, 96
Selfe, John 218n; William, 39, 130
Selom see Seacombe
Senior, Henry, 37, 106
Sennell, Charles, 323
Senscall (Senscal, Senskall), Joseph, 14, 208, 324
Serice, widow, 26
Sermon, William, 150
Serry, James, 225
Seward see Seaward
Seymour, John, 11n
Shamell, Thomas, 116
Shapley (Shaply), widow, 206, 324; Mary, 40, 131
Shaplin, John, 124
Shaply see Shapley
Sharpe, widow, 11; John, 3, 180
Shatford (Shattford), widow, 27, 143; John, 143;
William, 17, 28, 145, 201, 323
Shaw, widow, 182n, 260n, 320; John, 37
Sheappard, Shepard, Sheperd, Shepherd see Sheppard
Shepman (Shipman), Robert, 103; Roger, 53; Thomas, 40, 133; William, 5, 169
Sheppard (Sheappard, Shepard, Sheperd, Shepherd) [blank], 31; goodman, 326; widow, 122, 229, 312; Edith, 230, 233; Edward, 16*, 76, 192, 225, 312; James, 37; John, 36, 92; Lewis, 4, 186; Thomas, 14, 97, 193; Walter, 108; William, 4, 17, 202-3, 322
Shereales, Thomas, $\mathbf{4 1}$
Sherland (Shurland), Walter, 6, 95, 171
Sherman, Alexander, 40, 131; George, 5, 13; Richard, 132
Sheron, Thomas, 12
Sherrington, William, 43
Sheward see Seaward
Shewell (Shewel, Shewill), [blank], 138*; Mr, 177; widow, 6, 174; Ann, 11; Elizabeth, 94; Thomas, 2, 91, 96
Shinn, Stephen, 105
Shipman see Shepman
Shoper see Scoper
Shore, Alice, 86
Short (Shorte), widow, 37; Francis, 69, 114; John, 10, 115
Shough (Songh), widow, 5; Walter, 87, 189
Shoull, Robert, 224

Shulham, widow, 321
Shurland see Sherland
Shute, Mr, 182; widow, 220; James, 131; John, 40; Nicholas, 21, 88, 163, 213; Richard, 42, 135
Shuter (Suiter), widow, 84; John, 85, 109; Mary, 38, 106*; Thomas, 2, 79, 164, 215
Sibell, Robert, 95
Sickes, Godfrey, 59
Siddall (Siddale, Syddall), Eleanor (Helena), 19n; James, 56, 99, 211, 219, 4-5, 12, 15n, 18-21, 26, 36-7, 81, 285
Silke, Thomas, 180
Silkox, Richard, 71
Simmerell (Summerell), John, 164, 216
Simonds (Simons, Sumons, Symmons, Symonds, Symons), [blank], 116; widow, 13; Anna, 172; Fortune, 3, 183; John, 29, 59, 92, 146, 155, 202; Joseph, 94; Katherine, 149, 61; Margery, 148; Mary, 9, 174; Robert, 171; Thomas, 22; Walter, 97; William, 9, 25, 60, 69, 172
Simpkins, widow, 131, 136
Simpson, Robert, 138
Sims see Symms
Sinderby (Sinderly), Thomas, 22, 165, 166, 216, 218
Sinderlin (Sinderling), Edward, 132, 221; Lewis, 134
Sinderly see Sinderby
Sing, Richard, 78
Singer, widow, 17, 325; Hannah, 204
Sipres see Ciphers
Skarfe, Ann, 68
Skinner (Skiner), widow, 117; Barnaby, 16-17, 86, 199, 200, 323; Edward, 29, 126; Joan, 12; Robert, 25; Sarah, 187; William, 225
Skoper see Scoper
Skreene see Screene
Skulke see Sculke
Slack, John, 144
Slade, Roger, 62
Slam, Thomas, 141
Slannton see Stannton
Slaughter, John, 18, 190
Slibbs, Cornelius, 22
Sloper, William, 21, 163, 213
Slye (Sly), Mrs, 227; widow, 108; Henry, 204n; Humphrey, 36, 105; William, 37
Small, widow, 33, 137, 159; Elizabeth, 41; John, 81; Nicholas, 26; Robert, 147
Smallett, John, 162, 212
Smart (Smarte), widow, 28, 149; Hugh, 232n; Thomas, 22, 79, 164, 215
Smerick, Smerrick see Smethwick
Smether, Thomas, 26, 147
Smethwick (Smerick, Smerrick), Ann, 108; Edmund, 40, 133, 222; George, 5; John, 189

Smith, Mrs, 321,323 ; widow, 8, 15, 28, 38, 107, 132, 138, 144, 147, 163, 192, 213; Ann(a), 2, 6, 180, 312; Anthony, 30, 77, 125; Danzice (Dansey), 65, 54; Dorothy, 203; Edmund, 183; Edward, 4*, 5, 20*,40, 90, 96, 132, 188; George, 84, 106; Grace, 14, 203; Henry, 31*; James, 188; Jane, 100; Jasper, 32; John, 2, 9,
18, 19, 20*, 24, 25, 28, 47, 61, 67, 118, 142, 145, 148, 153, 155, 199*, 322; Margaret, 22; Margery, 37; Mary, 21, 24; Morgan, 182n; Nicholas, 92, 206, 324; Richard, 28, 30, 35, 57, 102, 123, 142; Robert, 27, 29, 56, 121, 142; Samuel, 5, 32, 158, 169; Thomas, 11, 131, 234-5; William, 14, 17-18, 20, 40, 78, 193, 209, 321
Snacknell, Benjamin, 29, 77, 126
Snead (Sneade, Sneede), widow, 25; Elizabeth, 76, 121; John, 78; Richard, 27; Thomas, 26, 147, 51
Snelgrove see Snellgrove
Snell, widow, 36; Joan, 21; Oliver, 141; Thomas, 25, 150
Snelleing see Snelling
Snellgrove (Snelgrove), widow, 236; Richard, 11; Thomas, 22, 164, 214; William, 86, 115
Snelling (Snelleing), Vincent, 23, 166, 218
Snigge, George, 182n
Snow, Mrs, 326; Andrew, 14, 97, 193; James, 172; John, 17, 202; Richard, 87
Snowdon (Snowden), John, 178; William, 7
Sole, Richard, 32, 158
Sollmon, John, 25
Somers (Summers), Mr, 172; Edmund, 27; Edward, 92, 144; Thomas, 176
Songh see Shough
Sorrell, Thomas, 136
Souden, David, 318
Southall, William, 9, 175
Southy, Mrs, 185; Margaret, 181
Sparkes (Sparks), [blank], 115; widow, 7, 136, 174;
Elizabeth, 42; Peter, 325; Thomas, 95, 176,
249n, 323; William, 10
Speed (Speede), John, 30, 81, 123, 61; Thomas, 11, 21, 83, 154, 58, 310
Spelman, Clement, 146
Spencer (Spence), John, 126, 135; Matthew, 323; Susanna, 4, 184; William, 91, 110
Sperring (Spering, Sperrin), widow, 220; Edward, 79; Thomas, 40, 132; William, 2, 90, 179
Spickett, William, 33
Spring, William, 16, 192
Spufford, Margaret, 1
Spurgin (Spurgen), widow, 36; John, 42, 84-5, 138;
Martha, 107; Matthew, 37
Spycer, William, 182n
Squire, William, 3, 180

Squoice, Thomas, 126
Stacey, Richard, 35, 313
Stafford, William, 16, 69
Stagg, Thomas, 40
Standfast (Stanfast), [blank], 2; Olive, 185n; Richard, 23, 166, 218; Thomas, 21, 163, 213, 325
Standridge, Standrige see Staynerd
Stanford, Henry, 100; Thomas, 210
Stannton (Slannton), Francis, 20; John, 13
Starl see Stearte
Starling, Sir Samuel, 12n
Starr, widow, 117; Elizabeth, 67; William, 157
Statam, John, 131
Stayers, John, 23
Staynerd (Standridge, Standrige, Staynard), Phil(1)
ip, 21, 88, 163, 213
Steale, Richard, $\mathbf{4 0}$
Steare, Richard, 197
Stearte (Starl, Steart, Stert), Arthur, 57; George, 21, 87, 163, 213; John, 120
Stedman, John, 158
Steevens, Stephens see Stevens
Sterne, Thomas, 87, 186
Sterry, William, 154
Stert see Stearte
Steton, William, 39
Stevens (Steevens, Stephens), [blank], 31; alderman,
191; Mr, 185, 225; Mrs, 165, 217; widow, 19,
94, 189; Bridgett, 177; Edmund, 32; Edward,
40, 78, 160, 192; Henry, 14, 38, 73, 75, 83,
193; James, 31, 123; John, 8, 16*, 19, 33-4,
37, 64*, 107, 159, 184, 196*; Margery, 79;
Matthew, 76, 122, 163, 213, 60, 214n; Moric, 135; Pricilla, 32, 157; Richard, 35, 53, 83, 103; Robert, 92; Susan, 90; Thomas, 15, 26, 76, 108,
211; Walter, 32, 83, 157, 169n, 307; William, 11, 19, 29, 72, 76*, 79, 87, 118, 121, 153, 80 , 168n, 307
Steward (Stewart), James, 65; Walter, 39, 51, 130
Stibbins, John, 29, 128
Stile see Still
Stiles, James, 59
Still (Stile), widow, 33; Leonard, 99
Stincomb, widow, 35
Stoakes (Stokes), Christopher, 98; George, 12, 117; Joan(e), 236, 238; John, 30, 41, 123; Joseph, 27,
142; Richard, 132, 141n; William, 37, 108
Stock, Thomas, 172, 236
Stockman, John, 150; Thomas, 14, 193
Stokes see Stoakes
Stone, widow, 221; John, 24; Richard, 133
Storme, widow, 38; Anna, 107
Stote, Samuel, 41, 135, 220
Stowell, John, 135
Stradling, Edward, 28, 143

Straford, William, 196
Stratton (Straton), [blank], 106; Ann, 36; John, 180n; Oliver, 30, 124; Thomas, 5, 90, 169; William, 84, 130
Strawbridge, John, 34, 100
Streamer, Richard, 20, 81, 153, 4, 77, 302, 310
Streete (Street), widow, 117; Blanch, 183; George, 2, 74, 75, 179, 62; Phillip, 90
Stringer, Jane, 64
Strode see Stroud
Strong, Anna, 102
Stroud (Strode, Stroude), widow, 35; Edward, 42, 57, 138; George, 28
Stubbs (Stubbe), Mr, 179; Richard, 88, 164, 214, 305; Robert, 81
Stuckey, widow, 6
Stuckly, widow, 172
Sturgis (Sturges), widow, 26, 33; Phillip, 139
Sturnock, Henry, 30
Styant, John, 14, 192
Suck, Thomas, 8
Sugden, widow, 172
Suiter see Shuter
Sullock (Sullcock, Sullocke), widow, 15, 189; Richard, 97, 75, 260n
Sumer, Robert, 225
Summerell see Simmerell
Summers see Somers
Sumons see Simonds
Sunderland, Edward, 40
Surman, William, 24
Sutton, widow, 35
Swallow, Richard, 34, 85, 101
Sweeper, Mrs, 325; widow, 17, 205; Edmund, 86; John, 86
Sweete (Sweet), [blank], 150; widow, 5; Henry, 76, 187, 321; Thomas, 26, 30, 59, 150, 226, 232, 234; William, 27, 92, 143
Sweeting, William, 107
Swetman (Swetnam, Swettnam), goodman, 325; widow, 130; Christopher, 117; John, 17, 88, 205; Lawrence, 51; Richard, 39, 129; William, 39, 51, 130, 143
Swiffer, widow, 36
Swift (Swifte), William, 26, 141, 48, 311
Swimmer (Swymer), Arthur, 23; William, 2, 177
Swinson, John, 110
Swymer see Swimmer
Syddall see Siddall
Sydney, John, 222
Syfars see Ciphers
Symmons see Simonds
Symms (Sims), widow, 6; Noah, 226, 229, 231
Symonds, Symons see Simonds
Sypherd see Ciphers

## T

Tagg, John, 10
Tandey, Brian, 11
Tanner, widow, 135; Thomas, 18, 195; William, 106
Taplin, Robert, 33, 81, 158
Taunton (Tauton), Robert, 7, 94, 175, 49
Tayer (Teare, Thayer), Robert, 66; Thomas, 143; William, 19
Taylor (Taylor, Tazer), [blank], 2, 7, 113; widow, 8, 18, 35, 37, 84, 193; Ann, 121; Arthur, 5, 87, 187, 320; Charles, 76; Christopher, 8, 36, 57, 103, 170; Dorothy, 39, 53; Edmund, 13; Edward, 12, 108; Elizabeth, 65; Francis, 10, 13, 118; George, 165, 216, 227, 203n; James, 100; John, 9, 13, 16, 25, 41, 74, 75, 87, 118, 134, 150, 186, 206, 221, 174n, 321; Morgan, 20, 153; Nathaniel, 80; Nicholas, 37, 108; Phillip, 183; Richard, 16, 35, 54, 103, 118, 200, 311 , 323; Robert, 2, 59, 177; Samuel, 20, 22, 80, 92, 154, 164, 214; Stephen, 87, 188; Thomas, 14, 23, 27, 70, 73, 192, 202, 227; William, 5, 23, 24, 25, 51, 60, 64, 116, 130, 134, 148, 166, 170, 218, 225, 227, 53, 60
Teague (Teage, Teagy, Tege, Tegue), [blank], 201; John, 26, 62, 115, 141, 198*, 225n, 311; William, 14, 192
Teare see Tayer
Teather, Tedder see Tether
Tege, Tegue see Teague
Temple, William, $\mathbf{4 1}$
Templeman, John, 9, 113; Thomas, 164, 215; William, 134
Tench, Francis, 18, 195; John, 9, 175
Terrell, Edward, 14, 154, 194
Terrett, Bartholomew, 26, 139; John, 11, 120; Margaret, 227; Thomas, 87, 225; William, 231; Zachariah, 26
Terry (Terrey), Jane 258n, 321; Joane, 170, 174; Robert, 8, 187; Thomas, 118; William, 8
Tether (Teather, Tedder, Tidor, Tudder), Elizabeth, 81; Em(m)anuel, 14, 86, 208, 324; Samuel, 30, 67, 78, 102, 126; Thomas, 34
Thayer see Tayer
Thirkild see Thurkild
Thirstone see Thrustone
Thomas, [blank], 7*; Mr, 174-5; widow, 35, 42, 101, 323-4; Ann, 135; Bartholomew, 11, 119; Edward, 26, 31, 123, 131, 221; Elizabeth, 8, 183; Evan, 17, 204, 322-3; Henry, 22, 34, 101, 164, 215, 220; James, 28, 34, 101, 144; Jane, 8; Joane, 186; John, 13, 19, 29, 38, 42, 106, 109, 134, 206, 324; Joseph, 11, 118; Lewis, 135; Michael, 132, 52; Morgan, 26, 149; Reece, 30; Richard, 12, 31, 34, 42, 101, 125, 222; Robert, 16, 30, 84-5, 107, 108, 165, 200, 216, 322;

Roger, 42, 138, 147; Thomas, 20, 47, 155, 164, 215, 52; Walter, 41, 223; William, 17, 32, 83, 96, 148, 157, 203
Thompson (Thomson, Tompson, Tomson), Alexander, 30, 96, 126; James, 39; Joan(e), 19, 196; John, 10, 50, 159n, 236n, 323; Nathaniel, 28, 143; William, 207
Thorne, John, 29, 140; Robert, 25; Vincent, 3,
182; Voison, 59; William, 34, 100, 205, 325
Thornton (Thorneton), Nathaniel, 71, 75
Thorpe, Ann, 35
Thrall, Henry, 40, 132
Threlkelle, Michael, 60
Threshire, Francis, 137
Throughton (Elnoughton, Troughton), William, 15, 191, 50
Throupe (Thrupp), Rowland, 6, 173
Thrueston see Thrustone
Thrum, Joan, 137
Thrupp see Throupe
Thrustone (Thirstone, Thrueston, Thurstone), Edward, 38; John, 38, 49, 68, 137; Joseph, 180; William, 10, 116
Thurkild (Thirkild, Thurkill), Edward, 32, 83, 157, 166, 218
Thurstone see Thrustone
Tibbett, Tibbott see Tippett
Tidor see Tether
Tilly (Tiley, Tilley, Tyley, Tyly) [blank], 147; Mr, 178; Mrs, 320; widow, 2; Edward, 36, 91-2, 104, 144, 189n; John, 33, 39, 108, 160, 227; Joseph, 2, 10, 69, 115, 176-7; Martha, 87; Nicholas, 16, 64, 196, 305, 311; Thomas, 33, 78, 145, 160; William, 22, 83, 164, 216
Timberman, William, 135, 220
Timbrell, William, 27, 142
Tincomb, John, 25, 149
Tindall (Tindale), John, 6, 83, 173
Tippett (Tibbett, Tibbott, Tippott, Tipputt, Tipputts), Edmund, 35; Edward, 4, 187; Gabriel, 9, 173; Henry, 144; John, 6, 56, 99, 150, 173; Matthew, 24, 188; Robert, 5, 189, 320; Samuel, 41, 49, 52, 137, 223, 288, 305; Thomas, 7, 19, 92, 144, 176, 61 ; William, 27, 35, 77, 102, 143, 182
Tizon see Tyson
Toby, John, 38, 104
Tocknell, [blank], 114, 116; Nicholas, 114; Walter, 10, 70, 305
Toly, William, 182
Tomkins (Tompkines, Tompkins), widow, 84, 226, 232; Richard, 51; Sarah 153n
Tomlinson (Thomlinson, Tomlen, Tomlin, Tomolin), widow, 40, 55, 148; Edward, 40, 131; Francis, 40, 104, 134; John, 5, 38, 134, 170, 221, 156n; Thomas, 50, 131; William, 155n

Tommerland, John, 41
Tompkines, Tompkins see Tomkins
Tompson, Tomson see Thompson
Toney see Tovey
Toope, widow, 13
Toplady, Edward, 22, 62, 162, 164, 212, 214, 310
Tory, William, 179
Touchwood (Tuchwood), Christopher, 8, 184
Toureman, William, 222
Tovey (Toney), [blank], 36, 124; Abraham, 135; Anne, 223; John, 10, 69, 115, 224; Nicholas, 31, 78; Richard, 41, 49, 137; Sara, 47; Simon, 13-14, 86, 205, 208, 324; Thomas, 55, 99, 103, 306; William, 34, 100-1; Zachariah, 4, 184
Towgood, widow, 128; Richard, 6, 94*, 50, 312
Townsend (Townesend), goodman, 172; Mr, 174; Richard, 223; Thomas, 9, 23, 163, 214; Timothy, 22, 79, 163, 214
Trapes, goodman, 322
Travis (Trevis), Thomas, 20, 79, 153
Tregenny, [blank], 116
Trego, William, 10, 115
Trevis see Travis
Trewhere, John, 34, 102
Tricketts, David, 8
Triggs (Trigg), Christopher, 32; William, 323
Trimby, widow, 171; Jacob, 8, 173
Trinketts (Trinkets), Jane, 164, 216
Trippett, Emmanuel, 101; Henry, 27
Tristram, Edward, 147
Trott, Perient, 12n
Trotter, John, 325
Troughton see Throughton
Truce, Sara, 33
Trugius, Nicholas, 119
Tuchwood see Touchwood
Tucker (Tuckey), [blank], 158; widow, 124, 189;
Ann, 33, 158; David, 325; Edward, 4, 186, 321 ;
Frizell, 68, 75*; George, 21, 162, 212; James, 19, 30*, 124, 201, 208, 325-6; John, 3, 4, 5, 17*, 90, 169, 181, 186, 202, 205, 300, 326;
Joseph, 5, 87, 260n, 320; Richard, 11, 22, 119, 164, 214; Rowland, 3, 183, 51; Samuel, 60; Timothy, 137; William, 2, 31, 78, 214n
Tudder see Tether
Tunbridge, Thomas, 126
Tuppen see Turpin
Turberfeild (Turbefeild), Walter, 225, 228, 230, 234
Turford, Hugh, 23; John, 166, 218
Turnebridge, Robert, $\mathbf{3 0}$
Turner (Turnor), Mr, 283n; widow, 9, 175; Elizabeth, 32; James, 124; John, 25; Mary, 26; Randolph, 70; Thomas, 88; William, 12, 14, 15, $\mathbf{2 7}, \mathbf{6 8}, \mathbf{8 7}, \mathbf{1 1 6}, \mathbf{1 4 2}, \mathbf{1 9 3}, \mathbf{2 0 9}, 311,325$

Turpin (Tuppen), Robert, 7, 175
Tuttle, Edward, 23
Twayts, widow, 168, 219
Twist, Hugh, 40, 135
Tyler, Mr, 175; widow, 124; Anthony, 34, 100;
Edward, 25, 149; James, 107; Joana, 31; John,
13, 21, 64, 161, 203; Margaret, 11; Marger,
131; Mary, 35; Richard, 28, 92, 146; Robert,
81, 150; Thomas, 324; Walter, 34, 101; William, 92, 97
Tyley, Tyly see Tilly
Tyson (Tizon, Tysen), [blank], 37; Edward, 94; John, 96, 243n; Robert, 96; Thomas, 35, 57, 102, 193n

## U/V

Usher, Thomas, 86
Vale see Veale
Vanitterne (Veinton, Venton), Godfrey, 17, 202, 48, 326
Vanner see Venner
Vassey (Varsey), widow, 19, 321
Vaughan, [blank], 11; widow, 41, 119, 141, 149; Arthur, 166, 219, 236; David, 26; Elizabeth, 96; Herbert, 14, 98, 195; John, 79; Walter, 30;
William, 41, 137
Vawer, James, 137
Vayry, Thomas, 323
Veale (Vale, Vell), widow, 106, 160; Mary, 11n; Thomas, 36, 84, 104
Veazy see Veizy
Veinton see Vanittern
Veizy (Veazy, Veizey), [blank], 107; widow, 204;
Edward, 195; Henry, 137; Leonard, 18; Thomas, 198
Vell see Veale
Vellicot (Vellicott), John, 71, 113
Venner (Benner, Vanner, Venor) John, 200; Simon, 17, 200, 322
Venton see Vanittern
Verr, William, 19
Vertue see Virtue
Vickris (Vickar, Vickrisse), Alice, 9; John, 30, 124; Richard, 96, 126, 307; Robert, 30, 71, 96, 113, 306
Villson, James, 24
Vincent, John, 184
Vineyard (Viniard, Vinnard), widow, 165, 216; Rebecca, 22
Virtue (Vertue), Jane, 32; Joan(e), 81, 158
Vizard (Vizerd), Arthur, 22, 79, 164, 215; John, 224
Vowell (Voles, Vowles), [blank], 125; widow, 31; James, 38; John, 26; Richard, 320
Vyner, widow, $\mathbf{3 0}$

W
Waddum see Wadham
Wade, Anthony, 41, 73, 117, 137*; Mary, 131; Richard, 166, 219; Robert, 135; William, 322
Waden see Walding
Wadham (Waddum), widow, 131; Edward, 37
Wagland, Robert, 5, 13
Wakens, Ann, 35
Wakley (Weakely), Henry, 157; William, 34, 85, 100
Walding (Waden, Waldin, Wallding), widow, 12, 119; John, 73; Peter, 9, 113; Thomas, 11
Wale see Wall
Walker, widow, 4, 104, 133, 148-9, 187, 321 ; Elizabeth, 38; Henry, 13, 207, 323; John, 36, 55, 58, 97, 112-13, 225; William, 25, 35, 54, 103
Wall (Wale, Weale), Mr, 188; widow, 40, 123; Anna, 176; Humphry, 196; James, 25, 322; John, 68, 79; Richard, 4, 43, 87, 106, 186, 320; Robert, 85; Roger, 33, 158; Stephen, 25, 148; Thomas, 20, 47, 94, 154, 52; William, 4, 164, 185, 215, 320
Wallding see Walding
Wallen, widow, $\mathbf{1 0 0}$
Waller, Mary, 90, 177
Wallis, Edward, 35, 85, 101; Samuel, 29, 121; Thomas, 18, 31, 76, 87, 122, 165, 194, 216
Walter (Walters), widow, 25, 150, 193; John, 13, 28, 33-4, 78, 83, 92, 110, 144; Robert, 23; Thomas, 14, 83, 91, 97; Walter, 237, 239; William, 322
Walton, widow, 215; James, 323; John, 15, 209, 325; Matthew, 206, 324
Ward (Warde), Alexander, 12; Anna, 176; Mary, 42; Mordecay 267n, 323; Richard, 30, 59, 123; Robert, 41; Thomas, 41, 135, 165, 217; William, 23, 199
Warden, Anthony, 124; Phillip, 72; Samuel, 10, 70
Warne (Warme), Samuel, 114; Thomas, 30, 236, 215n; William, 96
Warner, Mrs, 324; widow, 206
Warrell, William, 18
Warren (Warron), [blank], 22; Dr ,320; Mr, 325; widow, $6,7 *, 31,40,124,130,134,160,173$; George, 184; Henry, 53; Ian, 56-7; John, 64, 197, 280n; Joseph, 47; Joyce, 39, 57; Matthew, 39, 130; Nicholas, 4, 87, 184, 320; Phillip, 124; Richard, 92; Thomas, 14, 50, 64, 97, 195*, 196; William, 50, 186
Warrington, widow, 25-6, 141
Warron see Warren
Wasbrow (Wasborow, Wasbury, Washborough, Washborrow), Edward, 160*, 180; John, 236, 238; Thomas, 29, 96, 126
Wasson, Solomon, 22, 88, 163, 214, 55
Waste, Michael, 236

Wastfeild (Wastefeild), Daniel, 27, 62, 142, 311
Wately see Wheatley
Waterford, widow, 14, 142, 194, 195n; John, 14, 195; Thomas, 98
Waterman, widow, 118
Waters, Ann, 101; John, 102; Richard, 149, 53; William, 196
Wathen (Wathin, Withen), widow, 104, 110, 154, 164; James, 19, 36, 79, 84, 85, 153, 180n, 205n; Jane, 234n; John, 20, 25, 144, 150; Phillip, 30; Thomas, 118
Watkins (Watkison, Wattken, Wattkin, Wattkines, Wattkins), Mrs, 187 n ; widow, 26, 100, 149; Cornelius, 325 ; Dorothy, 105; Edward, 23, 41, 136, 163, 213; George, 27, 29, 96, 126, 142; James, 73; Johan, 67; John, 13, 38, 54, 111, 183, 207, 324; Katherine, 158; Martha, 96; Phillip(p), 41, 49, 137; Richard, 205; Thomas, 21, 63, 161, 212; Treherne, 85; William, 23, 38, 101, 111, 114
Watson, William, 225
Wattken, Wattkin, Wattkines, Wattkins see Watkins
Watts, widow, 3, 27, 142, 181; Aaron, 40, 131, 55; Dorothy, 83; Edward, 37, 108; John, 12*, 55, 74, 99, 116, 225, 236; Michael, 30*, 123; Richard, 17, 203, 322; Robert, 38, 54, 85, 108, 111; Stephen, 30, 123; Thomas, 10, 22-3, 71, 114, 204-5; William 129n, 177n
Way, Robert, 125
Weakely see Wakley
Weale see Wall
Weare, widow, 52; Abraham, 20, 165, 217; Ann, 47; Joane, 47; Thomas, 9, 11, 71
Wearer, Henry, 24
Wearing, Mr, 225
Weaver (Weavers), Elianor, 80; George, 12, 117; John, 31, 76, 123; William, 16, 87, 199, 323
Webb (Webbe), [blank], 119; widow, 114, 141; Alice, 182n; Andrew, 32, 95, 164, 214, 309; Elisha, 23, 55, 87, 209; Francis, 42, 81, 138; George, 19, 42, 200; Jenkin, 13; John, 8, 10, $\mathbf{3 6}, 38,41,43,103,110,112,134,181,183$, 221, 225, 182n; Margaret, 158; Mary, 136; Nathaniel, 20; Nehemiah, 33, 55, 99; Robert, 32, 39, 65, 128, 141, 157; Samuel, 53, 103; Sarah, 190n; Walter, 159; William, 130, 158
Webber, widow, 26, 141; Bridget, 66
Webster, Robert, 20, 154
Wedmore, widow, 28, 38, 84, 143; Charity, 106; Edward, 27, 92, 144; Sara, 37
Weekes (Weeks), Dr, 94; John, 13, 25, 50, 323; Laurence, 39; Richard, 190n
Welbed, Thomas, 226, 231
Welch, [blank], 106, 114; Robert, 31, 124; William, 10
Wells, Mr, 177; widow, 22, 163, 214, 309;

Humphrey, 17, 201, 326; John, 37, 83, 108;
Thomas, 38, 88, 106, 65, 190n, 254n, 309;
William, 5, 37, 107
Welsteed (Wellsteed, Wellsteede), Leonard, 6;
Richard, 37, 109; William, 4, 165, 184, 217
Weltham (Welthirn), widow, 236, 238
West (Weste), widow, 19, 25, 150, 203, 322; Aaron, 25, 55; James, 17, 86, 205, 77, 311, 325; John, 4, 16*, 24, 86, 184, 199*, 323; Margaret, 13, 206; Mary, 60; Richard, 15, 37, 85, 107, 190; William, 30, 85, 124, 274n, 324
Westover, Henry, 25, 61
Weymouth, Richard, 169
Wharton, James, 105; Samuel, 35-6, 53, 103, 306
Whealer (Wheeler, Wheler), John, 135, 197, 207, 220; William, 120, 225*
Wheatley (Wately, Wheately), [blank], 109; widow, 85; Edward, 97; Simon, 4, 187
Wheeler, Wheler see Whealer
Whetam, Joseph, 150
Whibb, William, 133
Whichurch see Whitchurch
Whilles see Wills
Whinfeild see Winfeild
Whisker, William, 12
Whitchurch (Whichurch), [blank], 177; widow, 2; Anthony, 34; Edward, 152n; Richard, 34-5, 99, 102
White, [blank], 120, 136; goodwife, 321; widow, 8, 26, 150, 171, 209, 226, 231, 258n, 326; Ann,
106; Edmund, 36; Edward, 132; Elizabeth, 229,
234; George, 9, 29, 32, 71, 76, 114, 122, 158,
223; Gilbert, 8, 184; Ignatius, 12; James, 161,
212; John, 32, 40, 51, 94, 131, 157, 163, 192,
213; Maudlin, 42; Nicholas, 186; Richard, 37; Thomas, 31, 123, 59; William, 7, 37, 41, 49, 85, 90, 109, 142, 174
Whitebread (Whitebreade), goodman, 322; Nicholas, 17, 203
Whitefeild see Whitfeild
Whitehead, Elizabeth, 33, 99; Francis, 32; James, 119; Mary, 34, 100; Samuel, 100; Thomas, 150; Thurston, 81; William, 38, 109
Whiteing see Whiting
Whitfeild (Whitefeild), William, 17, 206, 324
Whiting (Whiteing, Whitting), widow, 8, 29, 145, 188; Ann, 42; Bridget, 38, 111; John, 27, 51-2, 54, 130, 49; Samuel, 39, 153n, 218n; Sarah, 8, 184
Whitkind, Thomas, 133
Whitlack, Whitlock see Widlake
Whitman, William, 224
Whitney, Leonard, 26, 139; William, 7, 178
Whitson (Whittston), Mrs, 321; widow, 4;
Christopher, 182-3nn; John, 186, 64, 195n, 321; Mary, 186; Thomas, 27, 88, 142, 168

Whittengton see Whittington
Whitterne (Witherine), Thomas, 40, 135
Whitting see Whiting
Whittington (Whittengton), Ann, 8, 171; Edward,
140; George, 40, 84, 133; Mary, 225n; Thomas, 32, 160
Whittle, widow, 38
Whittock, Thomas, 42, 222
Whittston see Whitson
Whittwood (Whitwood), James, 11, 54; Thurston, 154
Wickham, [blank], 123*; John, 236-7, 296; Sarah, 71; Thomas, 30*, 73, 77*
Widding, widow, 24
Widlake (Whitlack, Whitlock, Widlacke, Widlocke), Mrs, 162n; Godfrey, 63; Samuel, 21, 63, 161, 212
Wiggins (Wiggens), Mrs, 181; widow, 3; Elizabeth, 91; John, 135
Wigginton, William, 11
Wike (Wyke), Andrew, 26, 150
Wilcox (Wilcocks, Willcox), widow, 103; Edward, 53; Henry, 109; John, 27, 88, 142; Matthew, 105, 174n; Nathaniel, 80; Philip, 149
Wild (Wilde), Abraham, 9, 60; John, 31
Wildeing (Wilden), Laurence, 59, 147
Wilkes, Henry, 10, 115; William, 97, 192
Wilkey, widow, 95
Wilkins (Wilkines, Willkins), widow, 39; Elizabeth, 59; George, 40, 51, 133; John, 35; Matthew, 10; Robert, 41, 131; Simon, 117
Wilkinson (Wilkisen, Wilkison, Willkinson), widow, 18, 130, 194; Christopher, 13, 119; George, 117; John, 234; Samuel, 125, 325; Thomas, 12
Willard see Millard
Willcox see Wilcox
Willett, [blank], 120; widow, 22, 24, 164, 216; Deborah, 45; William, 29, 67, 126, 45, 306
William III, 13
Williams (William), [blank], 35, 76, 119; widow, 11-12, 24*, 27, 31, 36, 42*, 107, 118, 126, 134*, 143, 161, 167-8, 212, 219*, 228; A(a) ron, 30, 77, 123, 55; $\operatorname{Ann}(\mathrm{a}), \mathbf{2 8}, \mathbf{1 0 6}$; Anthony, 143, 225; Arthur, 7, 176; Charles, 32, 81, 158, 306, 309; Christopher, 100; Daniel, 6, 42-3, 137, 173; Edmund, 90; Edward, 10, 31, 67, 69, 85, 97; Elinor, 126, 169; Elizabeth, 42, 124, 134; Eric, 45n; Evan, 42-3, 137; George, 32, 160; Giles, 236-8; Henry, 39, 41, 49, 137, 159; Hercules, 7, 176; Hugh, 22; Humphrey, 199, 322; James, 236; John, 4, 8-9, 18*, 40, 42, 72, 131, 135, 188, 193, 194*, 195, 220, 221, 325; Jonas, 132; Jonathan, 40; Joseph, 27; Margaret, 30, 124; Marmaduke, 10, 68, 116; Mary, 11, 96; Matthew, 72; Michael, 33, 142; Morgan, 22, 70, 75, 107, 164, 199, 215; Owen, 2, 30,

33, 160, 178*; Pascall, 64; Paul, 2, 92, 179; Phillis, 118; Ralph, 113; Robert, 5, 169; Sara, 22; Thomas, 2*, 3, 26, 40, 78, 135, 141, 144, 176, 178; Walter, 100, 165, 216, 236, 238; Welth[ian], 210; William, 4, 15-16, 19, 26, 35, 40, 42, 91, 130, 137, 149*, 184, 196, 202, 226-8, 322
Williamson, George, 6*, 94, 171, 173, 50, 251n; Giles, 235; John, 63; Nicholas, 226, 232, 235; Richard, 83, 49; Robert, 239, 298
Willing, Phillip, 2
Willis, widow, 84; Francis, 181; John, 15; Richard, 324; Roger, 30; Thomas, 37
Willkins see Wilkins
Willkinson see Wilkinson
Willmott (Willmett), John, 94; Nicholas, 7, 95, 174
Willoughby, family, 205n; Christopher, 31; Henry, 25; John, 37-8, 55, 110, 211, 145, 302, 311; Katherine, 156n; Roger, 33, 55, 99; Samuel, 25, 150, 156n; William, 31, 157
Wills (Whilles), John, 16; Samuel, 38; Simon, 67
Willshire see Wilshire
Willson see Wilson
Wilshire (Willshire, Wilsheere, Wilshere, Wiltshire), [blank], 117; widow, 32; John, 159; Richard, 29, 77, 126, 171n
Wilson (Willson), widow, 100; Elizabeth, 35, 101, 172; James, 149; John, 9, 15, 176; William, 3, 76, 182, 326
Wiltshire see Wilshire
Wimball (Wimboll), widow, 27; Robert, 88, 142
Winbury, John, 23, 218; Thomas, 166
Winby, William, 43
Wind, John, 124
Winder see Window
Windgrove, John, 324
Windham, William, 54
Window (Winder), widow, 168, 219; Thomas, 21, 162, 212; William, 5, 16, 184, 199, 267n, 323
Winfeild (Whinfeild), Thomas, 39, 130
Wing, Lazarus, 16
Winiatt (Winiard), widow, 2, 177; Ann, 95
Winpenny (Winnpeny), John, 29-30, 124
Winstone (Winston), John, 207; Richard, 138, 224, 227; Robert, 27, 83, 142; Thomas, 15, 191; William, 225
Wint (Winte), Samuel, 60, 147
Winter, widow, 86
Wintley (Wintle), John, 29, 33, 127
Wise, Christopher, 14, 86, 207, 323; Edward, 9; John, 225; Robert, 38, 110
Witcher, James, 114
Withen see Wathen
Witherine see Whitterne
Witherly, widow, 119; George, 72; Hugh, 19, 200; Thomas, 201

Withers, Mrs, 227n; widow, 27; George, 142; John, 62
Witt, John, 222
Wittingham, Susan, 74
Wolven, Robert, 97
Wood, [blank], 17; Mr, 202, 47; Anthony, 182n, 311, 326; Jasper, 123; John, 197, 46; Peirce, 203; Peter, 19; Phillip, 132; Stephen, 34; Thomas, 14, 50, 133, 208, 325
Woodham, Edward, 107
Woodman, Thomas, 40, 133
Woodruffe (Woodriffe), Edmund, 207; Edward, 14, 86
Woodward (Woodworth), [blank], 6; Mr, 177; Christopher, 50; Francis, 41, 137; Gregory, 180; Michael, 206, 324; Peter, 237n; Phillip, 97; Robert, 77; Thomas, 32, 158; Tobias, 12; William, 23, 32, 157. 166, 218
Woolby, John, 23
Woolford (Woolfor), Thomas, 18, 194
Woollen, Mr, 225
Woolvin (Woollvin), John, 24, 79, 147
Woory (Worrey), John, 16, 103, 196
Worcestre, William, 47-9
Worgan, Henry, 67; John, 38, 54, 58, 101, 111, 122; Margaret, 38, 106; Matthew, 32, 159
Workman (Workeman), [blank], 156; Thomas, 92, 144, 164, 215
Worley (Worly), widow, 85; Mary, 37, 109
Worlock, John, 26, 162, 212; Thomas, 90, 326
Wornell, Abell, 204
Worrell, William, 195
Worrey see Woory
Worth, George, 236, 77, 296
Wraxall (Wraxell), Mrs, 175; widow, 36; Anna, 105; Richard, 226, 232
Wrentmore, Mr, 171

Wright, Mrs, 164, 214; widow, 20, 154, 185; John, 23, 79, 141, 166, 211, 218, 3, 302, 325; Mary,
81; Samuel, 33, 159; Susan, 185; Thomas, 15, 40, 97, 133, 189, 191-2
Wrighton, widow, 11
Wyke see Wike

## Y

Yate (Yates, Yeates, Yeo) [blank], 129; widow, 131, 156n, 205n; Henry, 28, 146; Judith, 92; Mary, 38; Richard, 30; Robert, 21, 81, 154, 307, 310; Thomas, 55, 110; William, 186, 321
Yeamans (Yeaman, Yeomans), Mrs, 176; widow, 7, 36, 115, 236; Ann, 70; Edward, 200; Francis, 17, 20, 22, 87-8, 154, 163, 200-1, 213; Jervis, 87; Joseph, 5, 84, 104, 306; John 178n; Robert, 69, 75, 177, 178 n ; Sir Robert, 2, 21, 211, 3, 26 , $36,57,70,302,310$; Thomas, 32, 83, 157, 54n; William, 32, 81, 96, 157, 173n, 307, 309
Yeates see Yate
Yeath, Mrs, 225
Yeo see Yate
Yerbrough, John, 129
Yorke, Christopher, 36, 105; Judith, 133; Walter, 85, 109
Young (Younge), [blank], 134; Alice, 117; Edward, 33, 56, 99, 143, 306; Henry, 19, 202; James, 11, 68, 116; John, 64n; Phillip, 101; Richard, 40, 50; Robert, 29, 77, 127

## Z

Zanchy, Zankey, Zauchy see Sanchy
Zeagar see Leager
Zeale, Joana, 33
Zellcox, widow, 9
Zelly, Joan, 9
Zenbury, widow, 7

## Place Name Index

Places in Bristol are indexed thereunder. Other settlements are indexed under their county (if English) or country. For buildings, including inns and taverns see the Index of Subjects. All materials are indexed by page, but the main parish and ward divisions are additionally identified in the three hearth tax transcripts and appendices 1-4 and indexed by IRN (see p. 87) in bold: IRN entries are given first, page numbers afterwards (shown in ordinary type).

## Part 1: Gity of Bristol

## Locations

Bast Avon, 152n, 223n
Bristol Channel, 44, 47
Cantock's Close, 186n
Castle, 44, 315
Castle Gate, 260
Cathedral Precinct, 58, 61, 190-1
Flat Holm, 44
Law Ditch, 156n
Lawford's Gate, 15n, 261
Marsh, 59, 68, 70, 206n, 315
Marsh Gate, 47, 170-1nn, 213n
Pithay Gate, 181
Redcliff Gate, 179n
St Nicholas's Gate, 169n
Steep Holm, 44
Stony Cross, 171 n
Temple Gate, 179n, 204n
Parishes (see also Wards)
All Saints, 83, 54, 57n, 58, 74, 79-80, 177-8, 317-18, 341, 345, 347
Christchurch, 88-9, 53, 56, 57n, 58, 68-9, 71, 74-5, 79-80, 184-5, 241n, 316n, 341, 344, 347
Clifton see Part 2: Places outside the City of Bristol
St Augustine, 94-5, 50, 54, 57n, 71, 74, 79-80, 190-2, 246-50nn, 317-18, 341, 344, 347
St Ewen, 47-8, 50-1, 57n, 67, 74, 79-80, 151-2, 318, 341, 345, 347
St James, 86-7, 25, 31-5, 50, 52, 54, 56, 57n, 68-9, 74, 79-80, 181-3, 269, 275n, 318, 320-6, 341, 344, 345, 347
St John, 79-80, 57n, 63-4, 68, 74-5, 79-80, 173-5, 234-5nn, 242-3nn, 317, 341, 344, 347

St Leonard, 96, 30, 35, 57n, 74-5, 79-80, 192-3, 206n, 216n, 239n, 260n, 275n, 317, 341, 344, 347
St Mary le Port, 92-3, 35, 57n, 68, 74, 79-80, 188-90, 230n, 341, 344, 347
St Mary Redcliffe, 84-5, 18, 25, 30, 35, 36n, 57n, 64, 74-5, 79-80, 135n, 178-81, 202n, 318, 341, 344, 347
St Michael, 90-1, 25, 35-6, 51-2, 54, 57n, 65-6, 69, 74, 79-80, 186-8, 318, 341, 344, 347
St Nicholas, 76-8, 30, 36n, 50, 56, 57n, 62, 68-9, 71, 74, 79-80, 169-73, 182n, 212n, 216-17nn, 237n, 239-40nn, 318, 341, 344, 347
St Peter, 62-6, 16, 25, 29-30, 32-3, 35, 57n, 68-9, 74, 79-80, 160-4, 229n, 240n, 264-6nn, 341, 344, 347
St Philip and St Jacob, 97-8, 224-35, 15, 27-8, 30, 32, 50, 52, 54, 57n, 64, 69, 71, 73-4, 79-80, 83, 193-5, 260-4nn, 289-94, 315, 318, 341, 344-5, 347
St Stephen, 67-75, 25, 35, 50-1, 57n, 67, 74-5, 79-80, 165-9, 341, 344, 347
St Thomas, 53-8, 18, 25, 30, 35, 36n, 50, 57n, $58,72,74-5,79-80,154-8,196 \mathrm{n}, 198-9 \mathrm{nn}$, 217-18nn, 318, 341, 344, 347
St Werburgh, 81-2, 35, 57n, 74, 79-80, 175-6, 238n, 317, 341, 345, 347
Temple 49-52, 6, 22, 25, 27, 30, 33, 35-6, 50, 57n, $71,74,78-80,83-4,152-4,218-22 \mathrm{nn}, 286-8$, 318, 341, 344, 347

## Religious sites

St Augustine's Abbey, 44n
Augustinian Friary, 153n
Blackfriars/Dominican Friary, 265-6nn

Carmelite Priory, 48
Cathedral, 44n
Chapel on the Bridge, 169n, 212n
Greyfriars, 65
Jordan's Chapel, 51
St Bartholomew's Hospital, 66
St James' church house, 270n
St James' gifthouse, 277n
St James' poorhouse, 277n
St James Priory, 47, 270n
St John's churchyard, 63, 246n
St Mark's Chapel, 51, 249n
St Michael's churchyard, 188n
St Stephen's churchyard, 168n, 209n
Trinity Hospital Chapel, 194n

## Rivers

Avon, 28n, 47, 225n
Frome 28n, 47, 182n, 195n, 275n
Severn, 47
Streets (see also Appendix 9, not indexed here)
All Saints Lane, 58, 60, 238
Back Church Lane, 188n, 252n
Back Lane (later Jacob Street), 64, 69, 81, 195, 260-1
Back Street, 62, 68, 79, 172, 214-15
Baldwin Street, 45, 47, 64, 68, 79, 164-5, 169, 171, 192-3, 212-17 240n
Barton (St James), 31n, 32n, 33, 69, 81, 183n, 269, 275n, 326
Barton Hill, 54, 66, 303
Bridewell Lane, 32n, 258, 259n, 272n, 321
Bridge, 30, 48, 54, 58, 64, 68, 70-1, 79, 156, 169-70, 196, 212
Broad Street, 49-50, 52, 58-9, 68, 70, 151-2, 174-5, 184, 236-7, 242, 281
Broad Weir, 162-3, 225n, 264-6
Broadmead, 31n, 32-3, 48, 50, 54, 69, 79, 81, 181-2, 267-9nn, 273-6, 277n, 323-4
Castle Ditch, 69, 81, 262
Castle Green (or Tower Street), 50, 158-9, 233-4
Castle Mill Street, 265
Castle Street, 50-1, 53, 59-61, 158-60, 227n, 231-3, 261n
Chapel Court, 63
Cheese Lane, 260
Christmas Street, 49, 51, 68, 173, 187n, 242-3, 255-6, 282
Church Steps (St Michael), 62, 188, 253n
Cock Lane, 172n, 176
College Green, 49-52, 61, 69, 71, 190-1, 248-9nn
Corn Street, 52, 70, 151, 176, 193n, 236-8, 239n
Counterslip (formerly East Tucker Street), 152, 224-5
Croyden Court, 272, 321
Culver Street, 191n

Dennis Place, 190n
Dolphin Street, 161, 226n
Duck Lane, 51, 63, 69, 173-4, 185n, 245, 284
Ellbroad Street, 194-5, 264
Fisher Lane, 164-5, 208, 209n
Friars (see Quakers’ Friars)
Frogmore Street, 61, 190n, 191-2, 250-1
Gropecuntlane 48
Halliers Lane (or Grope Lane), 49, 63, 68-9, 173-4, 243-4, 282
High Street, 58, 68, 70, 79, 81, 171-2, 177-8, 228-9, 237-8
Horsefair, 31n, 33, 50, 69, 81, 182n, 268n, 270-2, 274n, 276n, 321-2
Johnny Ball Lane, 254n
King Street (St James), 31n, 33, 69, 81, 268, 271, 272-4nn, 322-3
King Street (St Nicholas), 47, 59-61, 64, 171, 206n, 213-14
Lane behind the Church (St Thomas), 68, 157
Leaden Wall Lane, 156n
Lewins Mead, 31n, 32-3, 79, 182-3, 187, 256-60, 274, 320-1
Limekilns, 81, 260, 293
Long Row, 68, 157, 198n
Love Lane, 48
Lower Church Lane, 252
Lower College Green, 190n, 247n, 249n
Lower Park Hill, 186n, 187, 252-3
Lower Park Row (formerly Griffin Lane), 62, 186, 188n, 246n, 253
Maiden Court Lane, 211 n
Marsh Street, 47, 70, 165, 167-8, 206n, 208n, 209-12, 268n
Mary le Port Street, 48, 69, 81, 161, 188-9, 227n, 229-30, 241n
Maudlin/Magdalin Lane, 65, 89, 255n, 257-8, 270n, 326
Merchant Street, 32-3, 69, 79, 81, 181n, 183, 266-8, 322-3
Narrow Quay (later Prince Street), 167
Narrow Wine Street, 48, 53, 68, 162, 164, 225-6, 240
New Cut, 202n
New Market, 49
Newfoundland Road/Lane, 31n, 307
Old Market, 51, 69, 81, 193-4, 260, 262-3
Park Lane, 188, 252
Park Row, 52, 65, 186-7, 190, 192, 251-2
Peter Street, 48, 53, 69, 161, 163-4, 225n, 226-7, 230n
Pile Street, 64, 69, 80, 179, 203-4
Pinn's Court, 168n
Pithay, 49, 53, 63, 68-9, 79, 181, 185, 245, 284
Portwalls or Portwall Lane, 180n, 197n
Purnell's Court, 182n, 270-3nn, 322

Quakers' Friars, 32n, 69, 81, 265-6, 322-3
Quay, 45, 165-6, 173, 206n, 207n, 208-9, 235
Quay Street, 193n
Queen Square, 68
Rackhay, 62-3
Redcliff Hill, 51, 64, 69, 179, 201-2
Redcliff Pit, 69, 179, 201
Redcliff Street, 48, 51, 56-8, 68-9, 70, 154-5, 178-80, 196n, 199-201, 203n, 204-6
Redcross Lane (later Street), 64, 69, 81, 195, 263-4
Rosemary Lane (later Street), 33, 62, 69, 81, 267, 322
Royal Fort, 44, 186, 252
St Augustine's Back, 48, 50, 56-7, 63-4, 191, 253
St James Back and New Buildings, 31n, 32-3, 51, 69, 181n, 272-3, 274n, 276-7, 324-6
St James Churchyard, 32n, 33, 69, 71, 81, 269-70, 326
St James Court, 32n
St Leonard's Lane, 236
St Michael's Hill, 44, 62, 66, 186-8, 252
St Nicholas Street, 47, 58, 79, 17,2 239-40
St Philips's Street, 50, 261n
St Thomas Street, 19n, 48, 58, 63, 68, 70, 156-7, 180, 196-8, 219n
Shambles or Worshipful Street, 48, 68-9, 79, 81, 161, 172, 229
Silver Street, 32-3, 69, 79, 81, 183, 258, 259n, 270, 272n, 276n, 321
Small Street, 47, 57-8, 64-5, 70, 175-6, 235-6
Steep Street 253-4
Stokes Croft, 31
Stoney Hill, 65, 190n, 254n
Swan Lane, 166n
Tailors' Court, 63
Temple Back, 225n
Temple Street, 48, 53, 152-4, 218-24
Tennis Court, 68, 242, 281-2
The Barres, 31n
The Weare (see also Broad Weir), 69, 81, 264
Tower Lane, 49, 63, 68-9, 174, 244-5, 283-4
Tower Lane Steps, 246n
Trenchard Street, 191
Tucker Street, 48, 68, 157, 225n
Turnagayne Lane, 32n
Upper Maudlin Street, 186, 188, 254-5

Welsh Back (or The Back), 47, 63, 68, 79, 170, 212-13
Whitson Court, 32n, 33, 69, 81, 270, 326
Wine Street, 49, 53, 58, 68-9, 79, 81, 160-1, 164n, 184-5, 227-8nn, 241-2, 245n
Within the [Lawford's] Gate, 69, 81, 261-2
Without the [Lawford's] Gate 81, 261
Worshipful Street see Shambles
Wards (see also Parishes)
All Saints, 31-3, 157-60, 5, 13, 30, 67, 70-1, 75-7, 81-2, 131-3, 238-40, 309, 327, 338, 342-3, 346, 349
Castle, 24-6, 59-61, 147-52, 5, 13, 15, 24n, 31, $35,44-5,51,54,70-1,74-7,79-82,122-4$, 158-60, 231-4, 309, 327, 338, 341-3, 346-9
Holy Trinity, 21-24, 161-8, 212-9, 5, 13, 24n, 26, $30,36-7,49,56,63-4,68,70-1,76-7,81-3$, 119-22, 240-6, 280-5, 309-10, 335, 338, 342-3, 346, 349
Redcliffe, 35-9, 103-12, 5, 13, 26, 30, 69-71, 76-7, 80-2, 135-40, 199-206, 311-12, 330-1, 339, 342-3, 346, 349
St Ewen, 19-21, 153-6, 5, 13, 23-4nn, 30, 38n, 70-1, 76-7, 81-2, 117-19, 234-7, 310, 328, 338, 342-3, 346, 349
St James, 13-19, 189-210, 5, 13, 26-7, 30, 32-4, 38n, 56, 68-71, 76-7, 81-2, 89, 110-17, 310-11, 328-30, 338, 342-3, 346, 349
St Mary le Port, 26-9, 139-46, 5, 13, 30, 56, 68-71, 76-7, 81-2, 125-8, 225-30, 311, 330, 339, 342-3, 346, 349
St Michael, 2-9, 169-89, 5, 13, 24, 26, 30, 32-4, 67, 70-1, 76-7, 80-2, 99-106, 246-60, 312, 331-2, 339, 342-3, 346, 349
St Nicholas, 29-31, 121-8, 5, 13, 70-1, 76-7, 80-2, 128-31, 212-17, 312, 333, 339, 342-3, 346, 349
St Stephen, 9-13, 113-20, 5, 13, 30, 49, 70-1, 76, 78, 80-2, 106-10, 206-12, 312-13, 333, 339, 342-3, 346, 349
St Thomas, 33-5, 99-103, 5, 13, 26, 70-1, 75-7, 133-5, 196-9, 313, 333-4, 339, 342-3, 346, 349
Temple, 39-43, 129-38, 220-3, 5, 13, 21, 24n, 25-7, 30, 38, 70-1, 76-7, 80-2, 140-4, 217-25, 313, 334, 340, 342-3, 346, 349

# Part 2: Places outside the City of Bristol 

## Abroad

France 45
Iberia 45
North America, 45-6, 315
Virginia, 46
West Indies, 45-6, 315

Buckinghamshire 12n

## Cambridgeshire

Cambridge 22n

## Devon

Exeter, 22n, 66-8
Dorset 11, 13
Dorchester, 5, 11n, 12-13, 21
Langton Matravers, 11 n
Wimborne St Giles, 13

## Essex 28

Gloucestershire $15,17,27-8,73,77-8,83$
Ashley Manor, 6
Barton Regis, 28n, 77-8, 289-98
Blacksworth, 78
Clifton, 236-9, 28, 54, 73, 77, 83, 295-8, 303
Compton Greenfield, 19n
Frenchay, 214n
Gloucester, 44
Hanham, 50
Hanham Court, 300
Hotwells, 28
Kingswood, 48
Lower Easton, 77-8, 291
Mangotsfield, 78
Siston, 241n
Sneyd Park, 300
Stapleton, 78
Stoke Bishop, 66
Stoke Bishop House, 66, 300
Stoke Harris, 78
Upper Easton, 28, 77-8, 289-91
Ireland 45
Dublin, 54
Kent 12n

## Leicestershire

Leicester, 67
London 3-6, 12, 20, 23-6, 45, 56-9, 64n, 66-7, 69, 78, 314

City 11, 23-4, 147, 306
Lincolns Inn, 11
Middlesex, 11, 23-4
Throgmorton Street, 5, 13
Westminster, 23-4

## Norfolk

Norwich, 22n

## Northumberland

Newcastle, 22n, 66

## Oxfordshire

Oxford, 17
Scotland 54
Somerset 12, 17, 19n
Brislington, 60, 301
Hartcliff and Bedminster hundred, 19n
Ilchester, 44
Kingsweston House, 300
Knowle, 135n
Langton Court, 66, 301
Wales 54
Warwickshire 8
Farnborough, 11

## Worcestershire

Worcester, 319

## Yorkshire

Bilton, 27n
East Riding, 27n, 64n
Kingston upon Hull, 37, 64n
Shipton, 27n
York, 22n

# Subject Index <br> AND <br> Index of Trades and Occupations pp. 409-411 

All references are to pages (not IRNs)

Bristol: Governance \& History see also England: Governance \& History
charter, 44
Common Council, 16, 53, 151
Corporation of Bristol, 13-21, 51, 53-4, 59, 61, 244n, 272n, 299-307
Corporation of the Poor, 14
emigration, $315 n$
freedom, 315
plague, 25, 28n, 31, 314-15
poor relief (see also Taxes), 14-15, 18
Quarter Sessions, 4-6, 8, 16, 20-1, 38, 78, 83, 97-8, 145, 148, 278
wards, $44-5,70-1$
Buildings (see also Churches and Places of Worship)
Abbey House, 190n, 247n
almshouse, $9,31 \mathrm{n}, 194,198,202,223,230,246$, 253, 260-1, 267, 268, 277, 284, 320
Burton's Almshouse, 198n
Canynges' Almshouse, 202n
Dr White's Almshouses, 223n
Foster's Almshouses, 253
Merchant Tailors' Almshouse, 267n, 268
St John's or Strange's Almshouse, 246, 284
St Peter's Almshouse, 230
Spencer's Almshouse, 260n, 277n, 320
Trinity Almshouses/Hospital, 194n, 261, 320
Averings Hayes, 63
Baber's Tower, 64-5, 195n
Bakers' Hall, 114, 266
Bedlam, 185n
Bishop's Palace, 58, 190n
Bowling Green, 243n
brewhouse, 178n, 224
Bridewell, 121n, 244n
Canynges' House, 200n
Castle Green House, 234n
Cider House, 242n
coachhouse, 49
cottage, 15 n
Council House, 151
court place (courtyard house), 55
Cromwell House, 252n

Custom House, 170
Coopers' Hall, 132, 176
Cutlers Mill, 31n
Deanery, 190n, 248n
dye house, 157 n
Enderbies Castle, 64, 195n
Exchange, 46
garden house, 25-6, 35, 52, 54-5, 64-6, 69, 79, 187-8, 251-5, 257, 266, 268-9
glass house, 28n, 178n
great house, 48, 55, 57-8, 63-4
on St Augustine's Back, 191n, 253n
Great Tower on Quay, 166n, 208n
Guildhall, 97, 145, 149-50, 175n
hall house, 55, 57
Haveryngis Rent, 63
hospitals see schools
houses 55-66, 316, 344-5
limekiln, 260, 292-3
lodge, 55, 64-6, 203-4nn
Lunsford House, 187n, 251n
Manor House, 186n, 188n, 252n
mast house, 47
mill, 189, 265
Castle Mill, 265
Groves Mill, 31n
logwood mill, 244n
Newgate, 26, 70, 122, 240n
prison, 26, 70, 121n, 122, 244, 278, 283, 310
Red Lodge, 64-5, 191n, 192n, 251
Registrar's House, 61, 190n, 247n
residential house, 56, 60-1
rope house, $47,17 \mathrm{ln}, 213 \mathrm{n}$
Royal Fort House, 186n, 252n
Rupert House, 252n
schools, 51, 115, 272, 275n, 312, 323
Bristol Grammar School, 51, 255n
Cathedral School, 51, 247-8nn
Merchant Venturers' School, 51, 249n
Old Schoolhouse, 247n
Queen Elizabeth Grammar School (Redcliffe), 5, 203n
Queen Elizabeth's Hospital, 51, 70, 249n, 312
Red Maids Hospital, 51, 249n
shop house, 55, 59-60

Smiths' or Cutlers' Hall, 114, 265n, 266
soap house, 243, 245, 282, 284
St Peter's Hospital, 48, 227n
sugar house, $47-8,54,63,70,152 n, 157 \mathrm{n}, 220 \mathrm{n}$, 227n, 270, 311
Surgeons' Hall, 132, 239n
$\tan$ house, 182n
Tanners' Hall, 193n, 265n
Taylors' Hall, 242, 281
Through House, 172n
Tilley Court House, 66, 307
Tolsey, 46, 118n
town house, 55
washhouse, 114, 270
Weavers Hall, 221
White Lodge, 64-5, 186n, 255n
Whitstry, 307
workhouse, 200, 217

## Churches and Places of Worship

Broadmead Baptists, 50, 270n, 272-3nn
Castle Congregational chapel, 50
burial ground, 62
Chapter, 50, 57, 65, 191n
church house, 199
Church of England in Bristol, 14, 49-51
Compton Census, 29, 31, 314, 317-18
Congregationalist, 50, 233n, 235n, 261n
funeral sermon, 19n
Huguenot, 54-5
Jews, 55
Nonconformity, 14, 50-1, 110, 159n, 235n, 244n, 265, 272n, 317
Parliamentary Survey (1649), 57
Presbyterian, 50
Quaker, 51, 200n, 231n, 262n, 265-6nn, 273n, 275n, 307
religious houses, 47
Roman Catholic, 54, 317
vestry, 15, 114
England: Governance \& History
Act for the Relief of Poor and Maimed Soldiers, 15
Chancery, $11 n$
Civil War, 44, 57, 231n
Compton Census, 29, 31, 314, 317-18
Fire of London, 12
Parliament, 8-10
Parliamentary Survey (1649), 57
Tory, 19n
Treasury 10, 12, 21, 288
War, second Dutch, 11-12

## Hearth Tax

administration, 3-22
bakers' ovens, 9,25
certification see also exemption, $3-5,6,8-9,12$, 17-18, 26-8, 38, 73, 77-9, 83-5, 286-98
Chimney Book [Bristol], 4-5, 7, 13, 21, 25-6, 29, $32,34-9,56,73-4,78-86$
Commission, 6, 13
distraint, 4-5, 10, 18-20, 38, 81, 133n
documents
E 179 Project, 73
in the Bristol Archives, 78-83
in the National Archives, 73-8, 83-4
empty properties, $25,35-6$
Exchequer, 3-5, 7-12, 18-21, 33, 37-8, 73, 75-7, 79, 85-6, 145-6, 149, 279, 314, 316
exemption see also certification, 3-6, 8-9, 15, 17-31, 34, 38, 64, 71-3, 81, 83-6, 148-9, 278, 286-8, 290-8, 338-40, 343, 349
expenses, 10,12
evasion, 22-6, 34, 218, 316
farmers, $4-6,12-14,17-22,25,226 n, 278-9,285$
furnaces, 26, 36, 80, 86, 88-9
Hearth Tax Project and Series, 1-2
landlords, 9,18, 25, 27, 78
legislation, 3-4, 6, 8-9, 13, 18, 22, 78-9, 147-9
opposition, 13, 17, 72
ovens, $9,17,26,36,80,86,88-9$
receivers, $3-4,10-14,21-2,34-5,145$
rental, 8-9, 17-18, 22, 26, 38, 78, 291-3, 296-8
smiths' forges, $9,25-6,36,80,86,88-9$
stamps, blowing houses and stills, 9, 213

## Inns and Taverns

Anchorsmith, 166n
Bear Inn, 58
Bear and Ragged Staff, 227n
Bell, 173, 232n, 325
Blackamoor's Head, 58, 177n
Bush Tavern, 151, 236n
Cat and Wheel, 227n
Christopher Inn, 58, 185n
Cock, 268-9nn, 323
Crown Inn, 15n, 261n
Currier Inn, 320
Dolphin Inn, 161n, 226n
George Inn, 233n
Gillows Inn, 58, 172n, 177n, 237n, 239n
Griffin, 153n
Haddon's Tavern, 228n
Hatchet Tavern, 61, 190n, 251 n
King's Head, 204n
Lamb, 58, 185n, 242n
Mermaid Tavern, 175n, 212n, 228n, 237n
Nag's Head, 58, 185n, 228n
Old George Inn, 158n
Oxenford's Inn, 184n
Prince's Arms, 184n
Red Lion, 58, 139, 155n, 206n, 312

Rhubarb Tavern, 66
Rose, 177n, 179n, 237n
Rose and Crown, 168n, 179n, 209n
Rummer, 58, 177n, 238n
Shakespeare, 221n
Spur, 241n, 280
Star Tavern, 177n
Swan, 166n
Three Cranes, 165n, 209n
Three Horseshoes, 160n, 241n
Three Pigeons, 193n, 235n
Three Tuns, 177n, 187n, 238n
Unicorn, 189n
White Bear, 227n
Welsh Harp, 193n, 235n
White Hart, 58, 184n
White Horse, 58, 155n, 199n
White Lion, 58, 184n
White Swan, 161n, 230n
Maps 350-1
Ashmead and Plumley's map (1828), 44-5, 63
Millerd's map (1673) 7, 41-4, 56, 64, 156n
Ordnance Survey, 45
Population 16, 29-33, 314-19, 344-5
almspeople, 6, 20, 22, 27-9, 38, 84, 286-8
apprentice, 29, 31n, 72, 315, 318-19
children, 29, 32, 318-19
Dutch, 54
emigration, 315 n
French, 28n
German, 28n, 270n
households 16, 29-30, 31n, 32, 36, 318-19, 344-5
Huguenot, 54-5
immigration, 54
Jews, 55
lodger, 51, 318-19
servant, 29, 31n, 61, 64, 72, 225n, 318-19
sojourners, 31n
strangers, 31n
widow, 28-9, 31n, 59, 70-1, 88, 318
widowers, 318
women, 28-9, 31n, 51, 70-2, 318-19

Taxes (see also Hearth Tax), 14-15
excise, 3, 6, 11, 14
lighting rates, 15
marriage duty, 29, 314, 318-19, 344-5
monthly assessments, $15,30,32,344-5$
poll tax, 15-16, 29-30
rates to the church and poor, $8,9,14-16,18-19$,
$22,29,78,148-9,286$
scavenging rates, 33-4, 89, 320-6
subsidy, 15
watching rates, $15-16$
Trade and Industry (see also Buildings, and Index to Trades and Occupations)
book trade, 52-3
bottled ale, beer and spa waters, 48
candles, 47
charcoal, 48
clay pipemaking, 46
cloth, 47, 62-3
coalfields, 48
cockles, 227
copper, 28n
food and drink trade 70
hatmaking, 47
kettlemaking, 28n
nails, 47
netmaking, 244n
pinmaking, 244n
pottery, 48
saltpans, 199, 217, 231, 265
shipbuilding, 45, 47, 70
shoes, 47
skinner's yard, 275 n
slave trade, 45 n
Society of Merchant Venturers, 53
stockings, 47
storehouse, 47
sugar, $13,45 \mathrm{n}, 46-8,54,70$
tobacco, 46
water supply, 138n
wealth, 66-72, 344
wheels, 47
wine, 45-6

# Index of Trades and Occupations 

All references are to pages (not IRNs)

## A

alderman of Bristol, 3, 14-21, 49, 53-4, 97-8, 145, 148-50, 278, 299-302
apothecary, 52, 70, 188n, 234n, 302, 305, 310
pharmacist, 51, 262n
see also physician
attorney see lawyer
baker, $60,70,114,154-5 n n, 160 n, 184-5 n n, 223 n$, 228n, 231n, 266, 273n, 303, 311
barber/barber-surgeon, 52
barber-perukemaker, 52 h
barber-surgeon, 52, 59, 132, 166n, 188n, 239n
perukemaker, 242n
surgeon, 52
see also physician and apothecary
basketmaker, 185n
blacksmith, 179n, 241n
see also smith
bodicemaker, 159n
bookbinder, 53
bookseller, 52-3
brazier, 269n, 324
brewer, $12,54,61,65,70,159 \mathrm{n}, 170 \mathrm{n}, 173 \mathrm{n}, 178 \mathrm{n}$, 182n, $187 \mathrm{n}, 23 \ln , 25 \ln , 299,305-7,311-12$
butcher, 48
butler, 49

## C

carpenter, $47,60,158-60 \mathrm{nn}, 17 \mathrm{ln}, 182 \mathrm{n}, 186 \mathrm{n}$, 204n, 233n, 266n
house carpenter, 159n, 218n, 232n, 247n
carrier, 227n
chamberlain of Bristol, 16, 53, 158n, 165n, 303, 305, 307, 311
chancellor of the exchequer, 13
chandler, 54, 300, 303
chapter clerk, 51, 248n
churchwarden, 8, 16, 83, 286-7, 291-4, 297-8
clergy 1, 9n, 22n, 49-51, 83, 151n, 153n, 158n, $172 \mathrm{n}, 175 \mathrm{n}, 190 \mathrm{nn}, 206 \mathrm{n}, 214 \mathrm{n}, 221 \mathrm{n}, 223 \mathrm{nn}$, 227n, 235n, 245n, 247-8nn, 253n, 255n, 261n, 270n, 272n, 291-4, 296-8
bishop, 49, 70, 190, 312
bishop's Chancellor, 49, 172
curate, 51
dean, 49-50, 57-8, 65, 70, 190, $19 \ln , 247-8 n n$, 312
prebendary, 49, 61, 190n, 221n, 247n
registrar, 190n, 247n
clerk of the peace (town clerk) of Bristol, 5, 9-10, $20-1,50,53,70,74,76-9,145,147,149,278-9$, 302, 310
clothier, 63, 70, 152n, 223n, 313
coachman, 49
cofferer, 47
collier, 50
confectioner, 65, 70, $25 \ln , 309$
constable of Bristol, 3-4, 9-10, 15-17, 34-5, 37, $77-8,97,147,149-50,152,154,160,164,169$,
$173,176,178,180-1,183,185,188,190,193$,
195, 285, 291, 296
cook, 54, 70, 309, 311, 313
cooper, $19 \mathrm{n}, 54,59,70,132,154 \mathrm{n}, 156 \mathrm{n}, 159 \mathrm{n}$,
164-5nn, 168n, $171 \mathrm{ln}, 176,178-9 \mathrm{nn}, 182 \mathrm{n}$,
$187 \mathrm{n}, 206 \mathrm{n}, 209 \mathrm{n}, 215-16 \mathrm{nn}, 218 \mathrm{n}, 240 \mathrm{n}, 256 \mathrm{n}$,
$274 n, 312,320,324$
coppersmith, 47
cordwainer, 48, 185n, 231 n
currier, $187 \mathrm{n}, 275 \mathrm{n}$
customs and excise
customs collector, 307
excise man, 11

## D

distiller, 182n
draper, $170 \mathrm{n}, 180 \mathrm{n}, 303,307$
linen draper, $169 n, 172 n, 235 n, 254 n, 303,307$, 310-11
woollen draper, 170n, 185n, 305, 311-12
druggetmaker, 218 n
dyer, 48, 264

## F

farrier see blacksmith
frying pan maker, 320

## G

gardener, $267 \mathrm{n}, 322$
gentry, $12,70,154 \mathrm{n}, 175 \mathrm{n}, 177 \mathrm{n}, 182 \mathrm{n}, 185 \mathrm{n}, 188 \mathrm{n}$, $194 n, 218 n, 243 n, 306,312-13$
glazier, $161 \mathrm{n}, 173 \mathrm{n}, 246 \mathrm{n}$
glover, 48, 156n, 177n, 306
goldsmith, 48, 52, 156n, 184n, 228n, 304-5
grocer, 48, 70, 155n, 160n, 169n, 177n, 182n, 185n,
206n, 228n, 266n, 301-3, 309-11, 313
gunpowder maker, 64, 195n

## H

haberdasher, 156n, 182n, 302
hallier, 191n
hooper, 47
hosier, $60,241 \mathrm{n}$

## I

innkeeper (innholder), 5n, 12, 18, 19n, 54, 69, 155n, 157n, 177n, 185n, 228n, 261n, 309-13
instrument maker, 162 n
ironmonger, 70, 154n, 205n, 212n, 301, 307, 311

## J

jackmaker, 321
joiner, 47, 167-8nn, 171n, 193n, 209n, 215n
justice of the peace, $3,9,14-21,27,37,49,74$, $78-9,82-4,97-8,145,147-50,278,288,291-4$, 296-8

## L

labourer, 180n, 230n, 251 n
lawyer, 26, 49-50, 70, 309-10, 313
attorney, 19n
notary public, 49, 55
leatherworker, 48, 53
linen draper, 169n, 172n, 235n, 254n, 303, 307, 310-11

## M

mariner, 49, 70, 153n, 159n, 165n, 168n, 180n, 182n, 187n, 191n, 204-5nn, 214n, 257n, 303, 312-13, 320
mason, 70, 159n, 232n, 274n, 323 freemason, 55
mayor of Bristol, 3, 14-21, 53-4, 60, 74, 76-7, 97-8, 145, 148-51, 278, 288, 299-307
mercer, 48, 54, 156n, 162n, 169-70nn, 252n, 300, 306-7, 311
merchant, $4,6,47,53,60-1,70,156 n, 165 \mathrm{n}, 173 \mathrm{n}$, $175 \mathrm{n}, 177-8 \mathrm{nn}, 182 \mathrm{n}, 188-9 \mathrm{nn}, 213-14 \mathrm{nn}$, 216n, 223n, 231n, 234n, 242-3nn, 252n, 270n, 275n, 300-7, 309-13
woollen merchant, 12
milliner, 180n, 304
musician, 180
N
notary public see lawyer

## 0

organ builder, 49, 250n
ostler, 226n
overseer of the poor, $8,83,287-8,291-3,294$, 296-8

## $\mathbf{P}$

painter, 174-5nn, 188n
papermaker, 155n
parchment maker, 48, 53, 233n
pewterer, 19n, 169n, 251n
physician, 50, 52, 70, 152n, 154, 175n, 191n, 309
medical practitioner, 52 see also barber-surgeon and apothecary
pinmaker, 70, 179-80nn, 205n, 311
pipemaker, 61, 70, 258n, 309, 320-1
see also tobacco pipemaker
plumber, 47
porter, 321-2
potter, 178 n
prostitute, 48-9

## R

recorder of Bristol, 4, 14, 17-18, 38
ropemaker, $70,17 \ln , 312$

## S

saddler, $48,156 n, 188 n, 194 n, 301$
scrivener, 235 n
sergemaker, 172
sheriff of Bristol, 3-4, 9-10, 16, 23, 299-307
shipbuilder, 312
shipwright, 47, 206n
shoemaker, 48, 55, 159n, 175n, 178n, 182n, 185n, 189n, 230n
silkman, 195 n
smith, 54, 114, 157n, 231n, 264n, 266, 322 see also blacksmith
soap boiler, 19n, 70, 159n, 188n, 203n, 226n, 273n, 302, 305-6, 310-13, 324
soap maker, 48, 54, 57, 70, 155-6nn, 160n, 171n, 185n, 227-8nn, 303, 305-6, 311
stationer, $52-3,184 n$, 191n
steward of the Bristol sheriff's court, 49, 308
stuffmaker, 28n
sugar baker, 182n, 311
sugar refiner, 191n, 270n, 312
sugar maker, 301, 305, 310, 312
swordbearer of Bristol, 259n

## T

tailor, $70,157 n, 178 n, 184 n, 187 n, 191 n, 217 n, 242$, 261n, 281, 310
tanner, 48, 178n, 181n, 193-4nn, 264n
tiler, 159n, 320
tobacco pipemaker, 160n
tobacco roller, 214 n
tobacconist, $70,217 \mathrm{n}, 313$
tucker, 48
turner, 47

## U

upholsterer, 54, 172n, 212n, 301-2
V
vintner, 19n, 54, 61, 65, 70, 177n, 251-2nn, 254n, 300-2, 304, 306, 309-13

## W

watchmaker, 55, 184n
see also clockmaker
weaver, $60,63,154 \mathrm{n}, 160 \mathrm{n}, 220 \mathrm{n}, 221,245 \mathrm{n}$
carpet weaver, $154 \mathrm{n}, 272 \mathrm{n}$
whittawer, 48, 70, 195n, 305-7, 310-11
wiredrawer, 198n, 203n
woollen draper, 170n, 185n, 305, 311-12
woollen merchant, 12
$\mathbf{Y}$
yeoman, 55, 179n, 250n


[^0]:    14 Car. II c. 10. 'An Act for establishing an additional revenue upon his Majesty his heirs and successors for the better support of his and their crown and dignity'.
    ${ }^{2}$ The tax was particularly unpopular because the householder was subjected to a house search to check his/her hearth number.
    3 BA F/TAX/A/l.
    4 Warwickshire hearth tax returns: Michaelmas 1670 with Coventry Lady Day 1666, ed. T. Arkell with N. Alcock (Dugdale Society 43 and British Record Society 126 (Hearth Tax Series 7) 2010).

[^1]:    ${ }^{5}$ At first these certificates were handwritten on small pieces of paper, one for each householder, but were later replaced by forms with a printed preamble listing groups of people from the same parish.

[^2]:    12 Parkinson, Establishment, pp. 42-5.
    13 TNA SP/46/134/339.
    14 Calendar of state papers domestic: Charles II, 1663-1664, ed. M.A.E. Green (London, 1862), p. 530. Matthew Coppinger 'gent' took out a marriage licence at Bristol to marry Mary Veale of St Michael on 10 Oct. 1664, but the marriage was to be at 'any parish church in Dorset' (Marriage bonds for the Diocese of Bristol vol. 1 1637-1700, ed. E. Ralph (Bristol and Gloucestershire Archeological Society Records Section, 1, 1952), p. 35). Coppinger's daughter Mary was christened at St Michael 29 Aug. 1665. Coppinger had a son christened at St Peter's Dorchester on 15 Nov. 1666 and another son buried there on 26 April 1667: he was buried at Langton Matravers in Dorset 14 Mar. 1670, and his inventory is TNA PROB 5/3856.
    15 TNA T 51/12, f. 19. Mathew Coppinger was involved in the 1662 excise sub-farm in Middlesex and in Dorset before being admitted to the Bristol sub-farm in 1663 with George Raleigh in place of John Seymour and William George.
    16 Chancery disputes between George Raleigh and Matthew Coppinger in 1665 and 1668 can be found in TNA C $7 / 582 / 11$ and $/ 491 / 36$. George and John Raleigh are also involved in various disputes about excise duties: see TNA E 134/20 and 21 Ch. 2/Hil 10, E 134/25 Ch.2/East 16, and Glos. Archives D2078/Box/28/5.
    ${ }^{17}$ See TNA T 51/3, f. 39 and TNA PROB 4/11271 the inventory of John Raleigh of Lincoln's Inn, made 23 June 1666. Only $£ 3000$ was paid in before his death, the remainder in 1667. See Analysis of hearth tax accounts 1662-1663, ed. C. A. F. Meekings (List and Index Society, 162, 1979), p. 333.

[^3]:    ${ }^{18}$ Calendar of treasury books vol. 1 (1660-1667), ed. W. A. Shaw (London, 1904), p. 735; Calendar of treasury books vol. 2 (1667-1668), ed. W. A. Shaw (London, 1905), p. 36; TNA C 7/582/11, E 134/20.
    ${ }^{19}$ TNA PROB 5/3586.
    ${ }^{20}$ Sir Richard Piggott, Alderman Humphrey Beane and Perient Trott (see Parkinson, Establishment, p. 52) who sublet the Bristol sub-farm to James Siddall. See BA BCC/May/1/3, f. 33 .
    ${ }^{21}$ Sir Samuel Starling for Bedfordshire and Kent and Robert Lawrence in Buckinghamshire. See Parkinson, Establishment, p. 171.
    ${ }^{22}$ London and Middlesex 1666 hearth tax Part I, ed. M. Davies, C. Ferguson, V. Harding, E. Parkinson, A. Wareham, ed. (British Record Society 129 (Hearth Tax Series 9) 2014), pp. 63-4 and 71-6.
    ${ }^{23}$ Calendar of treasury books vol. 3 (1669-1672), ed. W. A. Shaw (London, 1908), p. 624.

[^4]:    ${ }^{24}$ J. Hutchins, The history and antiquities of the county of Dorset, 3rd edn (1861-73), vol. 2 (reprinted Wakefield, 1973), pp. 352-4.
    ${ }_{25}$ TNA PROB 11/33/27. The Dorset hearth tax assessment shows two entries for Richard Churchill of five and four hearths: Dorset hearth tax assessments 1662-1664, ed. C.A.F. Meekings (Dorset Natural History and Archaeological Society, 1951), pp. 3-4.
    ${ }^{26}$ T. Harris, ‘Cooper, Anthony Ashley, first earl of Shaftesbury (1621-1683)’, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, http://www.oxforddnb.com.
    ${ }^{27}$ They signed off the relevant wards in the 1671 and 1672 revisions in the Chimney Book, ff. 99 onwards.
    ${ }_{28} 1$ Gul. \& Mar. c. 10. 'An Act for the takeing away the revenue ariseing by hearth money'.

[^5]:    ${ }^{29}$ Bristol charters 1509-1899, ed. R. C. Latham (Bristol Record Society, 12, 1946), pp. 35-43; D. H.. Sacks, The widening gate: Bristol and the Atlantic economy (Berkeley, 1991), pp. 288-301; J. Barry, 'The politics of religion in Restoration Bristol', in The politics of religion in Restoration England, ed. T. Harris, P. Seaward, M. Goldie (Oxford, 1990), pp. 163-90; id., 'Communicating with authority: the uses of speech, script and print in Bristol, 16401714', in The uses of script and print, ed. J. C. Crick and A. M. Walsham (Cambridge, 2003), pp. 191-208; id., 'The 'Great Projector': John Cary and the legacy of puritan reform in Bristol 1648-1720', in The practice of reform in health, medicine and science 1500-2000, ed. M. Pelling and S. Mandlebrote (Aldershot, 2005), pp. 185-206; J. Miller, Cities divided (Oxford, 2007), ch. 9.
    ${ }^{30}$ Calendar of state papers domestic: Charles II, 1661-1662, ed. M. A. E. Green (London, 1861), p. 598; J. Latimer, The annals of Bristol in the seventeenth century (Bristol, 1900), p. 317.
    ${ }^{31}$ J. Barry, 'The parish in civic life', in Parish, church and people, ed. S. Wright (London, 1988), pp. 152-70; id., ""Great Projector".

[^6]:    ${ }^{32}$ For example, 11 March 1672 the sessions ordered all churchwardens to bring all their assessment lists concerning the poor to the next general sessions for examination 'for better perfecting and making of new rates and assessments for sufficient relief of the poor of the city according to law' (BA JQS/M/5, f. 30v) and in January 1674 they ordered all poor rates to be doubled for two months due to the 'great necessity and want of the poor' from the excessive price of corn (f. 81).
    ${ }^{33}$ BA F/Tax/M/1 (subsidy book 1663-4) and /2 (books of assessments 1664-80); F/Tax/A/2/1-5. See J. S. W. Gibson, 'The hearth tax in Bristol', Fournal of the Bristol and Avon Family History Society, 36 (1985), pp. 9-13 for a brief guide to these materials.
    34 BA M/BCC/CCP/1, 6 Nov. 1660 notes a great number of cottages erected and new erecting without Lawford's Gate. The sessions in November 1668, on the 'motion of Mr Sydall' the hearth tax farmer, declared 'that the houses without Lawford's Gate ranging with John Lord's houses are within the perambulations, liberties and bounds of the citie' (BA JQS/M/4, f. 92). Hence the inclusion in 1668 of 6 entries 'without the Gate' in St James Ward (see ff. 71-71v), which included John Lord, the innkeeper of the Crown Inn at Lawford's Gate (see 1668 n. 649). See also n. 92.
    35 BAJQS/MAY/4, f. 46v.

[^7]:    ${ }^{36}$ BA M/BCC/CCP/1/6, ff. 163, 186, 261.
    ${ }^{37}$ BA F/Tax/A/3, published in E. Ralph, 'A Bristol poll tax 1666', TBGAS, 61 (1939), pp. 178-87.
    ${ }^{38}$ Latimer, Annals, p. 342.

[^8]:    39 BAJQS/M/4 f. 48 (6 Oct. 1663); 15 Car. II c. 13, s. 3.
    ${ }^{40}$ Compare the letter from the Gloucestershire justices saying that by law the justices cannot refuse to certify a list compiled by farmers of hearths previously omitted or increased: Shaw, Calendar vol. 3, p. 668.
    ${ }^{41}$ Parkinson, Establishment, p. 121 and M. J. Braddick, Parliamentary taxation in seventeenth-century England (Woodbridge, 1994), pp. 256-8.

    42 BA M/BCC/MAY/1/2, ff. 68-9 (undated but copied between items for 20 Jan. and 5 Feb. 1665-6). The circular is dated 12 November 1665 in Shaw, Calendar vol. 1, p. 689.

[^9]:    ${ }^{43}$ BA M/BCC/May/1/3, ff. 38v-39v.
    4 BA JQS/M/4, ff. 103-4.
    ${ }^{45}$ Ibid., f. 133.

[^10]:    ${ }^{46}$ BA M/BCC/May/ 1/3, ff. 33-5. Unlike later farms, Bristol was kept separate from Somerset. A case involving the farmers for Somerset for the three years ending Lady Day 1669 (TNA E 134/24 Ch.2/Trin 4), specifies that it concerns the revenue of hearths and stoves in Somerset 'except the city of Bristoll'. The Somerset returns for 1664-5 (printed in Hearth tax for Somerset, 1664-5, Dwelly's national records, 1, ed. R. Holworthy (Weston-superMare, 1994)) do not include the parishes near Bristol, but the exemptions for 1670 and 1674 for Hartcliff and Bedminster hundred are published (Dwelly's national records vol. 2: XVIIth century directory of Somerset, ed. E. Dwelly (Worle, 1994), pp. 92-4 and 264-6).
    47 Siddall himself paid on 14 hearths for his inn in St Thomas Street in the first two lists $\mathbf{( 5 6})$ and on 16 hearths there in $1668 \mathbf{( 9 9 )}$. (He was freed as an innholder by apprenticeship on 18 Sept. 1654. Siddall's will, made 4 June 1669 and proved by his widow 'Helena' on 30 June 1669 (TNA PROB 11/330/262) leaves just over $£ 600$ in money, largely to his four children, but his 'best coat with silver buttons' went to his brother-in-law Orchard, who also witnessed the will, as did Thomas Little, who lived at 134 St Thomas Street and is the next entry to Siddall in $1668(\mathbf{9 9})$. Another witness was the attorney John Hellier, (32) while one of the three overseers of the will was the vintner 'Master Ralph Oliffe' (38): both these men owned inns as well as being leading Tory figures in Bristol politics. Siddall's widow inherited his landholding at Compton Greenfield, leased from Sir Robert Cann. Siddall asked for his funeral sermon to be preached by Humphrey Brent, vicar of St Thomas, where he was to be interred. 'Ellinor' Siddall re-married to John Bushell 'gentleman' before 2 May 1670, when Bushell obtained the city freedom, and Bushell paid for 12 hearths in St Thomas in Michaelmas 1670 (33), but by Lady Day 1673 'widow Bushell' was paying, now for 14 hearths. Orchard (also freed in 1654) died in 1689, his inventory being worth a mere $£ 27$ (E. and S. George, Guide to the probate inventories of the Bristol Deanery of the Diocese of Bristol (1542-1804) (Bristol Record Society and Bristol and Gloucestershire Archacological Society, 1988), p. 169). Fowler was freed in 1643 and his inventory (worth $£ 213$ ) was proved in 1678 (ibid., p. 82).
    ${ }^{48}$ Calendar of state papers domestic: Charles II, 1667, ed. M. A. E. Green (London, 1866), p. 498.
    ${ }^{49}$ BA M/BCC/May/l/3, ff. 38v-39v.

[^11]:    ${ }^{50}$ BAJQS/M/4, ff. 91-3.
    ${ }_{51}^{51}$ Ibid., ff. 103-4.
    ${ }_{52}$ Ibid., ff. 104-6, for 2 and 10 March 1669.

[^12]:    ${ }^{53}$ Ibid., f. 131.
    ${ }^{54}$ TNA E 179/265/29.
    ${ }_{55}$ See n. 14.
    ${ }^{56}$ BAJQS/M/4, f. 174v.
    ${ }^{57}$ BAJQS/M/4, f. 182 v and M/5, f. 264.
    ${ }^{58}$ Shaw, Calendar vol. 3, p. 567.

[^13]:    59 T. Arkell, 'Understanding exemption from the hearth tax', in Houses and the hearth tax: the later Stuart house and society, ed. P. S. Barnwell and M. Airs (CBA Research Report, 150, 2006), pp. 18-21, at pp. 18-19. See also Hearth tax collectors' book for Worcester 1678-80, ed. C. A. F. Meekings et al. (Worcestershire Historical Society, N.S. 11, 1983), p. 39 for a useful comparison of exemption rates in provincial towns, in which only Cambridge in $1674(17.9 \%)$ and York in $1672(20.4 \%)$ are close to Bristol's figure, with Exeter $1671-2$ at $39.5 \%$, Newcastle 1665 at $41.3 \%$ and Norwich 1671 at $61.7 \%$.
    ${ }^{60}$ BA JSQ/M/5 ff. 262v-263v. The list is reproduced in Appendix 2. In c. 1710 Arthur Bedford, vicar of Temple, commented that 'the number of private houses in the parish cannot well be computed, some being larger houses, others much less and some divided into many small partitions and let out to poor people and all these joined together in the same entry', and that it was 'observable that within the memory of man the new built houses in this parish have not been comparable to the numbers which have been built in other outparishes in this city' (BCRL, B 6495, 'Notes on Temple parish').
    ${ }^{61}$ C. D. Chandaman, English public revenue 1660-1688 (Oxford, 1975), pp. 316-22.

[^14]:    ${ }^{62}$ Parkinson, Establishment, pp. 5-7.
    ${ }^{63}$ 6,925 is the total recorded in the 1662 TNA accounts for the hearth tax, but the actual total in the first list is only 6,916 and parts of the TNA version are lost. Meekings, Analysis 1662-1665, p. 331.
    ${ }_{64}$ There is evidence across the country that householders felt they could reduce their tax burden by temporarily walling up their hearths because once listed as not chargeable they would stay that way: Parkinson, Establishment, pp. 125-6.
    65 Meekings, Analysis 1662-1665, pp. 331-2. The printed summary of the Lady Day 1664 accounts list 539 hearths for 'St Augustines' but this must be a mistake for St Ewen ward, which was rendered in Latin as 'St Audoin'.
    ${ }^{66}$ Parkinson, Establishment, p. 54; Davies et al., London hearth tax, pp. 60-1.
    ${ }^{67}$ The charge on 6,925 hearths for three half years was $£ 1,03815$ s, but they were allowed expenses of $£ 6418$ s 3d paid to receivers, constables of parishes and the clerk (Meekings, Analysis 1662-1665, p. 333).

[^15]:    ${ }^{68}$ On average, across a sample of 4 wards (St Ewen, Holy Trinity, Temple and Castle), only $47.2 \%$ of entries (containing $54.5 \%$ of hearths) appear in both 1668 and 1670 , with $20.3 \%$ of entries ( $21.3 \%$ of hearths) only in 1670 and $32.5 \%$ of entries ( $24.2 \%$ of hearths) only in 1668. A majority of the non-chargeable in 1670 ( $61.6 \%$, with $64 \%$ of the hearths) appear on the 1668 lists, but $38.4 \%$ of them do not. There were 594 entries of 1 or 2 hearths in 1668 in these wards. Of these $279(47 \%)$ do not appear again in the same ward in 1670: if all of these were to be added to those not paying taxes, it would increase the number from 185 to 464 , raising the exempt level across the four wards from $19.6 \%$ to $37.9 \%$; this is unrealistic as some will have died or moved. Moreover, of those with 1 or 2 hearths in 1668 who remain listed in 1670 , almost two-thirds ( $65.4 \%$ ) were still chargeable in 1670: if the missing 279 behaved in the same way, then less than a hundred would have been exempt in 1670, which would raise the exempt level to a much more modest $23.3 \%$.
    ${ }^{69}$ Analysis of hearth tax accounts 1666-99, ed. C. A. F. Meekings (List and Index Society, 163, 1980), pp. 69 and 118.
    ${ }^{70}$ Ibid., 70-2.
    71 Chandaman, English public revenue, pp. 89, 97.
    ${ }^{72}$ Meekings, Analysis 1662-1665, p. 331 and Meekings, Analysis 1666-1699, p. 145.16
    ${ }^{73}$ Meekings, Analysis 1662-1665, p. 167 and Meekings, Analysis 1666-1699, p. 145
    ${ }^{74}$ Davies et al., London hearth tax, pp. 70-4 and 140-8.

[^16]:    ${ }^{75}$ Ibid., pp. 74-6; TNA T 64/302.
    ${ }^{76}$ The actual wording of the act stated that 'the act shall not extend to charge any blowing house and stamp furnace or kiln or any private oven within any of the houses hereby charged'.

[^17]:    ${ }^{77}$ Chimney Book f. 59v.
    78 TNA E 179/116/541 m. 7 and Chimney Book f. 84v Robert Noke.
    ${ }^{79}$ By 1670 he was still only paying for seven hearths (m. 1, col. 1, (2)).
    ${ }^{80}$ Davies et al, London, pp. 72-6.
    ${ }^{81}$ See n. 43.

[^18]:    ${ }^{82}$ Davies et al, London, pp. 248-52.
    ${ }^{83}$ TNA E 179/116/541; Arkell, 'Understanding'.
    ${ }^{84}$ Arkell, 'Understanding'.
    ${ }^{85}$ BA JQS/M/5, f. 262v. see Appendix 2.
    ${ }^{86}$ TNA E 179/265/29.
    ${ }^{87}$ This stricter interpretation also involved s. 6 of the 1664 Act whereby any landlord became liable for the tax, if after 1663 he had divided any house let out to any person who by their poverty, or smallness of their estate, may be exempted from payment became liable for the tax. See Arkell, 'Understanding', p. 18.
    ${ }^{88}$ King estimated that the number of not chargeable hearths fell from 380,000 to 60,000 in 1689 when landlords paid for their tenants: TNA T 64/302.
    ${ }^{89}$ Only 14 people (including one man and then his widow) appear in all 3 certificates, and 44 of them only once, so in total the three lists include 55 men and 36 women (all but 7 of whom are named as widows at least once).
    ${ }^{90}$ See Arkell, 'Understanding'. Examples can be seen in the East Riding of Yorkshire where a 1670 certificate for Bilton chapelry and one for Shipton chapelry in 1671 distinguish those receiving alms: see Korkshire East Riding hearth tax 1672-3, ed. D. Neave, S. Neave, C. Ferguson, E. Parkinson (British Record Society 131 (Hearth Tax Series 10) 2015), pp. 392, 382.

[^19]:    ${ }_{91}$ H. French, 'Essex and the hearth tax in the late seventeenth century', in C. Ferguson, C. Thornton, A. Wareham, ed., Essex hearth tax Michaelmas 1670, (British Record Society 127 (Hearth Tax Series 8) 2012), pp. 56-61.
    ${ }_{92}$ For the area (often called 'Barton Regis') in the sixteenth century see East of Bristol in the sixteenth century, ed. K. Hapgood (Bristol Record Society, 68, 2016). It is labelled the 'tithing of Easton' in R. Atkyns, Ancient and present state of Gloucestershire (London, 1712, pp. 420-2), who describes 'a large hamlet in the parish of St Philip and Jacob within the city of Bristol ... It has its name from lying East of Bristol and joyns to the gates of that flourishing city ... That part which joyns to Lawford's Gate consists of many streets with high buildings, whereof several have been newly built, occasioned by the great number of French people and others who have resorted thither, to follow the trade of making stuffs, having not the privilege to work within the corporation of the city. Here are likewise 3 glass-houses within this hamlet, and great quantity of copper is wrought here, especially in hammering and raising of kettles, which generally is performed by natives of Germany .... This parish is 8 miles in compass. It consists of good meadow, pasture and arable. The river Froom runs thro' it, and the great River Avon bounds it on the south side. There are 400 houses in this hamlet, and about 2000 inhabitants, whereof 12 are freeholders.' It seems likely that by 1671-3 there were as many people living in the out-parish as in the in-parish (perhaps 1200), since as early as 1603 almost half the parish's plague deaths (160 of 333) were stated to be in the out-parish (S. Seyer, Memoirs historical and topographical of Bristol vol. 2 (Bristol, 1823), p. 259).
    ${ }^{93}$ Clifton and Westbury probate inventories 1609-1761, ed. J. S. Moore (Avon Local History Association, 1981), p. xx; D. Jones, A history of Clifton (Chichester, 1992).

[^20]:    94 Ralph, 'Bristol poll tax' describes the tax as ' 1666 ', but its tax categories fit the revised statute passed in early 1667: see T. Arkell, 'An examination of the poll taxes of the later seventeenth century, the Marriage Duty Act and Gregory King', in Surveying the People, ed. K. Schurer and T. Arkell (Local Population Studies Supplement, Oxford, 1992), pp. 142-53.
    ${ }^{95}$ The inhabitants of Bristol in 1696, ed. E. Ralph and M. Williams (Bristol Record Society, 25, 1968), pp. 154-66; K. Schurer, 'Variations in household structure in the late seventeenth century', in Schurer and Arkell, Surveying, pp. 253-78 at p. 266.
    ${ }^{96}$ The Compton census of 1676 , ed. A. Whiteman (London, 1986), p. 551. The Compton Census return in 1676 lists 450 'inhabs', which (if it means adults over 16 , and they form at least $60 \%$ of the population) suggests a parish population of up to 750 people by 1676 , which, at the average growth rates for the city discussed in Appendix 7, would imply up to 650 inhabitants in 1662, and up to 685 in 1667. If we project back from 1696, when the parish had 995 people, then at the average growth rate for the city this would imply 703 people in 1662 , and perhaps 740 in 1667.

[^21]:    97 Atkyns, Ancient and present state, p. 422. The 1638 listing discussed below lists only three households outside the city limits, one in Stokes Croft, one in Cutlers Mill and one in Groves Mill.
    98 Whiteman, Compton Census, p. 551.
    ${ }^{99}$ BCRL, B 4531, ff. 165-9; P. Slack, 'The local incidence of epidemic disease: the case of Bristol 1540-1650', in The plague reconsidered (Local Population Studies supplement, Matlock, 1977), pp. 49-62, at p. 58. The list is dated 15 March 1637-8. The compiler counted 1,033 people, but my count is only 1,023 ( $440 \mathrm{~m}, 583 \mathrm{f}$ ). It includes about 380 households, namely 296 married couples (wives are not named), 20 more men who appear to be heads of household and 74 women called Mrs or (mostly) widow who may be household heads, plus another 51 women and 11 men who do not appear to be household heads but are also not identified as sons (29) or daughters $(56)$ or servants ( $105-24 \mathrm{~m}$ and 81 f ) or apprentices ( $46-36 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{f}$ ) or sojourners ( $30-18 \mathrm{~m}$ and 12f) or strangers ( $9-6 \mathrm{~m}$ and 3 f ). There are three almshouses with 38 occupants included in the above. There are 262 people in Lewins Mead, 212 in Broadmead, 135 in St James Back, 101 in 'The Barres' (probably the east end of Horsefair upto the Barton and out along Newfoundland Road), 82 in King Street, 58 in Horsefair,

[^22]:    47 in Silver Street, 34 in the Friars, 32 in Merchant Street, 29 in St James Court (later Whitson Court?) and the Churchyard, 14 in 'Turnagayne Lane' (aka Bridewell Lane), 10 in the Barton and 9 in the three houses outside the city limits.
    ${ }^{100}$ J. R. Holman, 'Orphans in pre-industrial towns: the case of Bristol in the later seventeenth century', Local Population Studies, 15 (1976), pp. 40-4 at p. 42.

[^23]:    ${ }^{101}$ See Manuscript and Codicological Context section on pp. 73-84 below.

[^24]:    ${ }^{102}$ Of the eleven parishes listed only the last four (St Mary Redcliffe, Temple, St Thomas and St Nicholas) identify the empty properties and those with increases and decreases in hearth number.
    ${ }^{103}$ Further evidence of work in progress is evidenced by some parishes identifying the variations in hearths according to increases and decreases while in other parishes these variations are listed without headings.
    ${ }^{104}$ Folios 53 to 76, written in a new hand until folio 66 v when it changes at the start of St Michael parish. Date given at top right-hand corner written as '1668: Sessions XXa Car.scdi', that is October 1668.
    ${ }^{105}$ It is difficult to estimate if a note such as 'l forge' written above an entry is actually included within the hearth number for that entry and also whether it refers to the entry above or below it.

[^25]:    ${ }^{106}$ BA F/Tax/A/l/b.
    107 TNA E 179/265/29.
    ${ }^{108}$ Neave et al., Xorkshire East Riding hearth tax, p. 13.
    ${ }^{109}$ On f. 77 v is copied an order of the court dated 18 Sept. 1671 for clerk to return duplicates to court of Exchequer.
    ${ }^{110}$ Michaelmas 1669 and Lady Day 1670.
    111 TNA E 179/116/541 m. 9 col. 1 (18).

[^26]:    112 The phrase is expressed in Latin as person[e] sequentur sunt pauper ... et nihil habent unde destringuent.
    ${ }_{113}$ The most comprehensive returns identify both those discharged by legal certificate and the number of persons receiving alms. See The Bedfordshire hearth tax return for 1671, ed. L. M. Marshall (Bedfordshire Record Society, 16, reprinted 1990).
    ${ }_{114}$ See also f. 3, which describes the exempt as non rate-payers, omitting the rental criterion.
    ${ }_{115}$ The list was received at the Exchequer on 13 December 1673.
    ${ }^{116}$ Three wards give a total figure for 'paupers' probably meaning persons not hearths, thus matching the wording on the exemption certificates. As most paupers had only a single hearth, the figure is a close approximation to the number of hearths. St James ward f. 117 notes 246 paupers, St Ewen ward f. 115 v notes 2 paupers and the paper book for Temple notes 194 paupers.

[^27]:    ${ }^{1}$ For Bristol in the civil war, see: Latimer, Annals pp. 154-216; Sacks, Widening gate; pp. 228, 293-45; 'Bristol's "Wars of Religion"", in Town and countryside in the English Revolution, ed. R. C. Richardson (Manchester, 1992), pp. 100-29; J. Lynch, For King and Parliament: Bristol and the civil war (Stroud, 1999).
    2 Quoted from M. D. Lobel and E. M. Carus Wilson, 'Bristol', in The atlas of historic towns volume 2, ed. M. D. Lobel (London, 1975), p. 11.
    ${ }^{3}$ Bristol became a city with the foundation of the diocese in 1542, using the former St Augustine's Abbey as the new cathedral (Records of Bristol Cathedral, ed. J. Bettey (Bristol Record Society, 59, 2007), pp. 11-13).

[^28]:    ${ }^{4}$ The great red book of Bristol, introduction Part 1: burgage tenure in medieval Bristol, ed. E. W. W. Veale (Bristol Record Society, 2, 1931), pp. 296-311.
    5 The diary of Samuel Pepys: 1668, ed. R. Latham and W. Matthews (London, 1974), p. 234.
    ${ }^{6}$ See also Leech, Town house, pp. 374-5 where it is suggested that the expansion of Bristol (and London) in the later seventeenth century could be usefully re-examined in the context of the Williams thesis - that the trade in slaves and slave produced goods, notably sugar, were key elements 'in sparking and fuelling the Industrial Revolution in the later eighteenth century'.
    ${ }^{7}$ E. M. Carus-Wilson, 'The overseas trade of Bristol in the fifteenth century', in her Medieval Merchant Venturers (London, 1954), p. 13.

[^29]:    ${ }^{3}$ TNA E 190/1138/1; BA SMV/7/1/1/2; R. Stone, 'The overseas trade of Bristol in the seventeenth century' (unpublished University of Bristol PhD thesis, 2012), ch. 3 and 4. See also Records relating to the Society of Merchant Venturers of the city of Bristol in the seventeenth century, ed. P. McGrath (Bristol Record Society, 17, 1951); Merchants and merchandise in seventeenth-century Bristol, ed. P. McGrath (Bristol Record Society, 19, 1955); W. B. Stephens, 'Trade trends at Bristol, 1600-1700', TBGAS, 93 (1975), 156-61; W. B. Stephens, The seventeenth-century customs service surveyed (Farnham, 2012), ch. 2; Sacks, Widening Gate; The ledger of Thomas Speed 1681-1690, ed. J. Harlow (Bristol Record Society, 63, 2011), esp. pp. xi-xii, xxviii-xxxiv.
    9 TNA E 190/1136/10.
    10 From whence came the saying 'to pay on the nail'; for illustrations see Leech, Town house, p. 245.
    ${ }^{11}$ N. G. P. Tyack, 'The trade relations of Bristol with Virginia during the seventeenth century' (unpublished University of Bristol MA thesis, 1930), pp. 56-60.
    12 TNA E 190/1138/1; Stone, 'Overseas trade', pp. 172-5.

[^30]:    ${ }^{13}$ K. O. Morgan, Bristol and the Atlantic trade in the eighteenth century (Cambridge, 1993), pp. 96-105.
    ${ }^{14}$ See D. Hussey, Coastal and river trade in pre-industrial England: Bristol and its region 1680-1730 (Exeter, 2000), esp. ch. 3, which brings together (for the period from 1680) much of the evidence for Bristol's trades and industries discussed below.
    ${ }^{15}$ For which see William Worcestre: the topography of medieval Bristol, ed. F. Neale (Bristol Record Society, 51, 2000) and Leech, Town house, p. 144, from which this section is derived.

[^31]:    ${ }^{16}$ For a summary account of the sugar houses see D. Jones, Bristol's sugar trade and refining industry (Bristol Branch of the Historical Association, 1996).
    ${ }^{17}$ See Friars, Quakers, industry and urbanisation: the archaeology of the Broadmead expansion project Cabot Circus Bristol 2005-0, ed. V. Ridgeway and M. Watts (Cotswold Archaeology Monograph 5, 2013) for industrial activity in the Broadmead area.
    ${ }^{18}$ See Proceedings, minutes and enrolments of the Company of Soapmakers 1562-1642, ed. H. E. Matthews (Bristol Record Society, 10, 1939) for its history pre-1642, but it remained a very important trade thereafter.
    19 Leech, Town house, 144.

[^32]:    ${ }^{20}$ Neale, William Worcestre, p. 7.
    ${ }_{21}$ BA M/BCC/MAY/1/2, under 24 February 1665-6.

[^33]:    22 The city's clergy are identified in J. Harlow, Religious ministry in Bristol 1603-1689: uniformity to dissent (Bristol Record Society, 69, 2017) so sources are not given here.
    ${ }^{23}$ From the probate inventory of Humphrey Brent we can infer the presence of six hearths (BA inventories 1677/74).
    24 See ibid., building on: G. Lyon Turner, typescript history of Bristol independency in 17C, Dr Williams Library, MS 8913; R. S. Mortimer, 'Quakerism in seventeenth-century Bristol' (unpublished University of Bristol M.A. thesis, 1946); Minute book of the men's meeting of the Society of Friends in Bristol 1667-1686, ed. R. S. Mortimer (Bristol Record Society, 26, 1971); The records of a church of Christ in Bristol, 1640-1687, ed. R. Hayden (Bristol Record Society, 27, 1974).

[^34]:    25 See J. Barry, 'The cultural life of Bristol 1640-1775' (unpublished Oxford D. Phil. thesis, 1985), ch. 2 esp. pp. 33-4, 41, 59-62 for information not contained in standard histories of the main schools such as C. P. Hill, A history of Bristol Grammar School (London, 1951); E. T. Morgan, A history of Bristol Cathedral School (Bristol, 1913); A. Sabin, 'Early years 1542 to 1800' in "Where the fat black canons dined": the history of Bristol Cathedral School 1140-1992, ed. J. Collard, D. Ogden and R. Burgess (Bristol, 1992), pp. 19-28; W. A. Sampson, A history of Red Maids School (Bristol, 1908); id., A history of Queen Elizabeth's Hospital, Bristol (Bristol, 1910); id., A history of Bristol Grammar School (Bristol, 1912); J. Vanes, Apparelled in red: the history of the Red Maids School (Bristol, 1992).

[^35]:    ${ }^{26}$ This paragraph draws on a forthcoming book on medical practice in early modern Bristol by Jonathan Barry, based on data collected for his Wellcome Trust-funded project ‘The Medical World of Early Modern England, Wales and Ireland c.1500-1715'.
    ${ }^{27}$ See Barry, 'Cultural life', ch. 3, esp. pp. 71-3, 116-17.

[^36]:    ${ }^{28}$ See D. Hey, 'Immigration, surnames and the London hearth tax' in Davies et al., London hearth tax, pp. 154-8 for an attempt to use names to trace Welsh and other immigrants in London.

[^37]:    ${ }^{29}$ Bristol: ethnic minorities and the city 1001-2001, ed. M. Dresser and P. Fleming (Chichester, 2007), esp. ch. 3; R. Mayo, The Huguenots in Bristol (Bristol Branch of the Historical Association, 1985).
    ${ }^{30}$ J. Samuel, fews in Bristol (Bristol, 1997), ch. 3 contains no reference to any Jew in Bristol in the seventeenth century.
    ${ }_{31}$ Leech, Town house, chs 5 and 6.

[^38]:    ${ }_{32}$ This section draws heavily on ibid., ch. 8.
    ${ }_{3}$ Davies et al., London hearth tax, p. 121.
    ${ }^{34}$ Leech, Topography and SMH; future volumes are intended to cover the suburbs north and south of the River Avon, and the parish of Clifton.
    35 Leech, Town house.

[^39]:    ${ }^{36}$ For the identification of the walking order in Bristol lists from 1295 onwards see R. H. Leech, 'Bristol: The hearth tax as a decodable street directory', in Barnwell and Airs Houses, pp. 83-94.
    ${ }^{37}$ For the Parliamentary Survey of 1649 see BA DC/E/3/2: extracts are printed in Bettey, Records, pp. 73-80. Another potential source is BA M/BCC/MAY/1/2, where, under 22nd December 1660, there is a list of all the householders who are required to hang a lantern/candle outside their house from $6-9 \mathrm{pm}$ during the winter months. There are 34 names for St Mary Redcliffe, 11 for St Ewen, 23 for St Mary le Port, 27 for St Augustine, 52 for St Thomas, 38 for Temple, 47 for St Peter, 13 for St Werburgh, 25 for St Philip, 25 for St James, 17 for Castle, 10 for St Leonard, 40 for St John, 61 for St Nicholas, 30 for Christchurch, 43 for St Stephen, 23 for All Saints and 13 for St Michael. In the list for St Mary Redcliffe some entries are marked 'dead' in a different hand.
    ${ }_{38}$ Davies et al., London hearth tax, p. 124.
    ${ }^{39}$ Latimer, Annals, p. 107.
    ${ }^{40}$ Leech, Town house, pp. 401-2 and references in end note.

[^40]:    ${ }^{41}$ Bettey, Records, p. 70.
    ${ }^{42}$ Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD.
    ${ }^{43}$ Leech, 'Bristol', pp. 92-3.

[^41]:    ${ }^{44}$ P. Guillery, 'London's suburbs, house size and the hearth tax', in Barnwell and Airs, Houses, p. 35
    ${ }^{45}$ Leech, Town house, chs 2 and 3.
    ${ }^{46}$ Leech, Town house, chs 6 and 8.
    47 Of John Hercules and Richard Jordan in 1662-73.

[^42]:    ${ }^{48}$ BA inventory $1623 / 63$.

[^43]:    ${ }^{49}$ BA $04335(5)$, f. 92.
    ${ }^{50}$ Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD.
    ${ }^{51}$ Ibid.
    ${ }^{52}$ Ibid., now converted into modern flats.
    ${ }^{53}$ BA DC/E/1/2, f.135; DC/E/1/3, ff. 76, 400.
    ${ }_{54}$ Bettey, Records, 70.

[^44]:    55 For a fuller discussion see Leech, Town house, pp. 180-90.
    ${ }_{56}^{56}$ By 1670 leased to Sydrack Cox, carpenter, see 1662 n. 353.
    ${ }^{57}$ Leech, $S M H$, pp. 74-5, not certainly identifiable in the hearth tax returns.

[^45]:    58 Leech, Town house, p. 371.
    ${ }^{59}$ For a fuller account of the lodge or garden house in late medieval and early modern Bristol see ibid., ch. 9 . The hearth tax for the East Riding of Yorkshire records twelve garden houses in Hull; these are discussed in Neave et al., Yorkshire East Riding hearth tax, pp. 94-6. Garden houses and lodges may also have existed in London, though not mentioned explicitly in the hearth tax documents: see R. H. Leech, 'The garden house: merchant culture and identity in the early modern city', in Archaeologies of the British: explorations of identity in Great Britain and its colonies 1600-1945, One World Archaeology series volume 46, ed. Susan Lawrence (London, 2003), pp. 76-86 at 84-6; id., 'Charlestown to Charleston - urban and plantation connections in an Atlantic setting', in Material culture in Anglo-America: regional identity and urbanity in the Tidewater, Lowountry and Caribbean, ed. D. Shields (Charleston, 2009), pp. 170-187 at 176-80.
    ${ }^{60}$ Several structural timbers, some bearing the initials 'IY' for John Younge, have been dated by dendrochronology to 1579 (ADS Dendrochronology Database).
    ${ }^{61}$ For further details see Leech, Town house, p. 232.

[^46]:    ${ }_{62}$ BA 33041/BM/6/14, No. 5.

[^47]:    ${ }^{67}$ Tables 1-3 in this volume show how many entries have any particular number of hearths in 1662, 1668 and 1670 respectively, and Table 7 gives median as well as mean scores.

[^48]:    68 Hoskins, Industry, pp. 115, 117, 119-20. This equal distribution of wealth as measured by hearth number across the Bristol wards is well illustrated in Maps 1 and 2.

[^49]:    ${ }^{69}$ See Maps 2 and 3.
    ${ }^{70}$ See Women and the city: Bristol 1373-2000, ed. M. Dresser (Bristol, 2016).

[^50]:    ${ }^{1}$ For TNA E 179 home page, see <www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/e 179/>
    ${ }^{2}$ P. Seaman, 'Manuscript and codicological context' in Davies et al., London hearth tax, p. 248 and Neave et al., Yorkshive East Riding hearth tax, pp. 103-4.

[^51]:    3 There are several variant spellings of this name written as St Andoen or St Andoin, St Audoen or St Audoin; see note 65 in Introduction part 1

[^52]:    4 TNA E 360/139

[^53]:    5 The blocks of entries are headed as such from St Mary Redcliffe to the end.

[^54]:    ${ }^{1}$ TNA E 179/247/11
    2 f. 54, col. 1 and (103)

[^55]:    2 Blank forename in CB version, f. 78, col. 1.

[^56]:    ${ }^{12}$ This entry omitted in CB version, f. 81, col. 2.
    ${ }^{13} 1$ foc in CB version, f. 81, col. 2.

[^57]:    ${ }^{14}$ next entry rubbed out.
    ${ }^{15} 1$ foc in CB version, f. 82, col. 1.

[^58]:    ${ }^{16} 2$ foc in CB version, f. 82, col. 1.

[^59]:    17 Lambert in CB version, f. 83v, col. 1.

[^60]:    19 This entry omitted in CB version, f. 84, col. 1.
    ${ }^{20}$ This entry omitted in CB version, f. 84, col. 1.

[^61]:    ${ }^{24}$ Emanuel Farneham in CB version, f. 86, col. 2.

[^62]:    ${ }^{25}$ St Ewen was rendered in Latin as St Andoin/Andoen, or St Audoin
    ${ }^{26}$ This surname spelt as Hearth in CB f. 89, col. 1.
    ${ }_{27} 1$ foc in CB version, f. 89, col. 1.

[^63]:    ${ }^{28}$ The Tolsey was the public meeting place for trade, effectively the merchant exchange. It is written as Tho folley in CB version f. 89, col. 2.
    29 This entry omitted in CB version, f. 89v, col. 1.

[^64]:    30 Eliz Radman in CB version, f. 87, col. 2.

[^65]:    31 Entry omitted in CB version, f. 87v, col. 2, copying error?
    32 Entry omitted in CB version, f. 87v, col. 2, copying error?
    ${ }^{33}$ Duo foc et duo foc et duo fornic in CB version, f. 87v, col. 2.

[^66]:    ${ }^{34}$ Custos dom Correcn added in CB version, f. 88, col. 1.
    ${ }_{35}$ Edge of membrane torn and for following entry.

[^67]:    393 foc in CB version, f. 89v, col. 2.
    ${ }^{40}$ This entry followed by two lines of illegible text.
    ${ }^{41} 1$ foc in CB version, f. 90, col. 1.

[^68]:    ${ }^{42} 7$ foc in CB version, f. 90, col. 2.
    ${ }^{43} 3$ foc in CB version, f. 90, col. 2.

[^69]:    45 This entry followed by Nathan Crowder 5 foc in CB version, f. 91v, col. 2.
    46 This entry marked as dua dom in CB version, f. 91v, col. 2.
    ${ }^{47}$ Written as una vacua in CB version, f. 91v, col. 2.
    48 This entry omitted in CB version, f. 91v, col. 2.
    49 This entry omitted in CB version, f. 91v, col. 2.

[^70]:    ${ }^{55} 5$ foc in CB version, f. 92, col. 1, copying error?
    ${ }_{56}$ fana in CB version, f. 92, col. 2.

[^71]:    ${ }^{61}$ Missing edge of membrane, affecting this and next seven entries. Letters in italics taken from CB version, f. 94, col. 2.
    ${ }^{62}$ Prys in CB version, f. 94, col. 2.
    ${ }^{63}$ Missing edge of membrane affecting this and next eleven entries. Letters in italics taken from CB version f .94 v , col. 1.
    ${ }^{64}$ Mr Gibbs in CB version, f. 94 v , col. 1.

[^72]:    ${ }^{67}$ Written as terre fistule in CB version f .96 , col.1. The pipe lands were held by the parish and carried the pipes from the well in Knowle to supply water to the parish. See T. J. Manchee, Bristol Charities 2 vols (Bristol, 1831) vol. II, pp. 93-6.

[^73]:    ${ }^{69} 1$ foc in CB version f. 97, col. 1.
    ${ }^{70}$ This entry omitted in CB version, f. 97, col. 1.

[^74]:    ${ }^{71}$ This entry written as Fohes Tutt 3 foc in CB version, f. 97, col. 2.
    ${ }_{72}$ Then Ricus Stoakes 2 foc in CB version, f. 97, col. 2.

[^75]:    ${ }^{73}$ Willus Dempall 3 foc in CB version, f. 97v, col. 2.
    ${ }^{74}$ Ricous Jones in CB version, f. 98, col. 1.

[^76]:    ${ }^{76}$ Membrane damaged, words in italics taken from CB version, f. 98v, col. 1.

[^77]:    79 Words in italics taken from CB version f. 77v.
    ${ }^{80}$ This line is very faint but probably reads Robert Aldworth, clerk of the peace.

[^78]:    ${ }^{81}$ The identity of Henry Pigott is unknown.
    82 Clement Spelman was a cursitor Baron of the Exchequer from 1663 until 1679.

[^79]:    ${ }^{21}$ Still listed as esquire though he was knighted on 5th September 1663 (A. Beaven, Bristol lists. Municipal and miscellaneous (Bristol, 1899) p. 167). He appears as Sir in the second CB list (f. 49v).
    ${ }^{22}$ Jacob Brent, clerk, lived in 1660 on the E side of Temple Street between Nos. 11 and 13 (BA P.Tem/Ab/111). He was rector of St Michael 1636-43 then vicar of Temple 1643-1666d (Harlow, Religious ministry).
    ${ }^{23}$ Probably Nos. 45-6 Temple Street, in which members of the Tomlinson family had an interest (BA P.Xch/F/3,4; T.J. Manchee, ed., The Bristol charities, vol 1 (Bristol, 1831), pp. 337-9).
    ${ }^{24}$ Probably Nos. 80-1, the site of the former Augustinian Friary (BA 3359(1)).
    ${ }^{25}$ Probably No. 141, in 1682 the tenement where Sarah Tompkins late dwelt, Samuel Whiteing's dwelling on the S (BA P.Tem/Ab/129).
    ${ }^{26}$ Temple Street, W side, No. 144, in 1656 leased to Thomas Munday, mariner, then the tenement of Ann Munday (BA P.Tem/Ab/145; BA inventories 1660/9 of Thomas Munday and 1683/31 of Elizabeth Munday).

[^80]:    ${ }^{27}$ No. 124 Temple Street, by 1659 held by Parsivall Pacie, weaver, of Temple parish (BA P.StT/D/19; will and inventory 1669/53; Edith Pacy widow of Temple inventory 1678/45), from 1674 leased to Francis Ballard, ironmonger, by then formerly of Percival Pacy, carpet weaver, the tenement of Thomas Gouldsmith on the N (BA P.StT/D/261-74).
    28 No. 125 Temple Street, by 1659 held by Thomas Gouldsmith (BA P.StT/D/19).
    ${ }^{29}$ No. 126 Temple Street, see n. 30.
    ${ }^{30}$ No. 127 Temple Street, in 1657 the tenement leased to Thomas Yeamans, gent., together with the garden ground behind the same, between the tenement now of Thomas Prestwood on the S and the tenement and garden of William Crabb on the N (BA P.Tem/Ab 113 and 118).
    31 By the mid-seventeenth century the fee farm rent for No. 113 Redcliff Street, the first house on the W side in St Thomas parish, was paid by Arthur Farmer (BA 04041 f. 2); the house to the S, in the parish of St Mary Redcliffe, was by 1629 known as 'Parish End' (BA P.StMR/D/3/12).
    ${ }^{32}$ By 1676 Cox's tenement, now subdivided into three tenements (later Nos. 115-16 Redcliff Street), between one of Samuel Combe, cooper, on the $\mathrm{S}(\mathrm{No} 114$.$) and one of Walter Carpenter, baker, on the \mathrm{N}$ (No. 117) (BA DC/E/40/37).

[^81]:    ${ }^{33}$ No. 137 Redcliff Street, where William Keynton, baker, lived in 1658 (BA P.StS/D/Box 6).
    ${ }^{34}$ No. 142 Redcliff Street, in 1659 the tenement of Leonard Hancock, soapmaker, to the S of Nos. 143-4, the property of St Thomas parish (BA P.StT/D/19).
    ${ }_{35}$ No. 143 Redcliff Street, in 1659 the White Horse late of William Tomlinson, innholder, with Leonard Hancock to the S (BA P.StT/D/19).
    36 No. 144 Redcliff Street, in 1659 the tenement late of Edmond Alflat and now of John Crump, with the tenement late of alderman Robert Rogers decd. and now of John Sanders, grocer, on the N (BA P.St T/D/19).
    ${ }_{37}$ Two houses to the N of No. 4 (see n. 38), and with 10 hearths, this was probably No. 2, the Bear Inn.
    ${ }^{38}$ No. 4 Redcliff Street, described in 1811 as 'heretofore of Thomas Dean, grocer, after of Edith Dean widow, after of John Saunders grocer, after of Charles Jones, soapmaker, after of Michael Jones, merchant, his son and since of -, and now of Messrs Pountney and Co., paper makers, as tenants' (BA 05612).
    ${ }^{39}$ Four houses to the S of No. 4 (see n. 38), and with 10 hearths, this was probably No. 7, the Red Lion Inn
    ${ }^{40}$ In 1648 No. 16 Redcliff Street was the tenement sold by Thomas Blunt and his wife to Michael Puxton (BA 05615, schedule attached to deed of 1792).

[^82]:    ${ }^{54}$ St Thomas Street, W side, No. 118, in 1644 the tenement and garden of James Cable (BA 04335(4) f. 1).
    ${ }_{55}$ St Thomas Street, W side, No. 117, in 1644 the tenement and garden leased to Andrew Jordan, smith (BA P.StMR/D/4/18).
    ${ }^{56}$ Arthur Stearte was recorded as an 'innholder' in 1640 (BA 04335(2) f. 61).
    ${ }^{57}$ In 1655 one of Nos. 3-4 Tucker Street (Courage Archive CA/E/18).
    ${ }^{58}$ No. 5 Tucker Street, by 1673 of Edward Nelson (BA P.StN/Ch/D/21).
    ${ }^{59}$ Nos. 6-7 Tucker Street, by 1665 of Joyce Warren, a tenement with a dyehouse, later a sugar house (BA P.Tem/ Ab123).
    ${ }^{60}$ No. 8 Tucker Street, by 1665 of Edward Stroud, taylor (BA P.Tem/Ab123).
    ${ }^{61}$ Possibly No. 15 Tucker Street, in 1640 of Edward Cox and to the west of No. 16 (Courage Archive CA/E/91).

[^83]:    ${ }^{62}$ No. 20 Castle Green, in 1658 leased to James Powell, the city chamberlain 1651-62 (BA 04335(4) f. 73).
    ${ }^{63}$ Castle Green or Tower Street, E side, No. 19, the northern part of the subdivided mansion house, leased to John Knowles, clerk, in 1656, renewed in 1658 to clarify the bounds and contents of his purchase, then in 1661 leased to Thomas Goldney (BA 04335(4) f. 120). Knowles was Cathedral lecturer 1652-1660, vicar of All Saints 1652-8 and rector of St Werburgh 1653-60, then preached to the Castle Hill independents 1659-62 (Harlow, Religious ministry). It formed part of the property sold by the city corporation to Thomas Goldney in 1686 (BA 6830 (1-25)). N of this house Castle Green turns westwards.
    ${ }^{64}$ No. 13 Castle Green, in 1686 granted to Henry Gibbs (BA 13814 (5), see also BA 605(1-12)).
    ${ }^{65}$ Nos. 6-9 Castle Green, leased to John Alyes in 1660 (BA $00347(6)$ ), a 'faire messuage', being built for John Alyes, carpenter, on a plot fronting on to Castle Green (BA 19835 ( 5 g )).
    ${ }^{66}$ Nos. 82-4 Castle Street, in 1656 leased to Ralph Heale (BA 04335(4) ff. 47 and 100).
    ${ }^{67}$ No. 79 Castle Street, the Old George Inn, of Drew in 1658 (BA 04335(4) f. 78).

[^84]:    ${ }^{143}$ No. 14 Peter Street, from 1663 leased to George Evans (Leech, Topography, p. 113).
    ${ }^{144}$ In Peter Street, in 1666 of William Ball, his wife, 3 children, 1 apprentice and a servant (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183).
    ${ }_{145}$ No. 3 Peter Street, in 1657 leased to Tobias Bussell, cooper (Leech, Topography, p. 111).
    ${ }_{146}$ No. A Peter Street, in 1653 leased to Edward Alderson (Leech, Topography, p. 110).
    ${ }^{147}$ N side of Narrow Wine Street (Leech, Topography, 190); in 1666 of John Roach, his wife and 1 child (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182).
    ${ }^{148}$ This and next entry are Nos. 16-17 Peter Street, in 1669 one formerly of Bridget Weaver, the other formerly of John Nichols (Leech, Topography, p. 114).
    ${ }^{149}$ In 1666 both Peter Hawkins, wife and apprentice and Alexander Cooper, wife and apprentice are in Wine Street (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 181).
    ${ }^{150}$ Possibly Nos. 54 or 55 on the c. 1770 plan of Fisher Lane, E side (Leech, Topography, p. 69).
    ${ }^{151}$ No. 29 Baldwin Street, S side, in 1673 of Mary Pitt, widow (Leech, Topography, p. 27).

[^85]:    ${ }_{163}$ Probably No. 28 The Quay, by 1671 of Elizabeth Burd, widow (Leech, Topography, p. 132).
    ${ }^{164}$ No. 29 The Quay, in 1649 leased to John Tovey, barber surgeon, and where he lived in 1671 (Leech, Topography, p. 132).
    ${ }^{165}$ The Swan in Swan Lane, behind Nos. 28-9 The Quay, of William Hawford in 1656 (Leech, Topography, p. 132).
    ${ }^{166}$ No. 30 The Quay, by 1630 of John Modey (Leech, Topography, p. 133).
    ${ }^{167}$ Nos. 35-6 The Quay, the Great Tower on the Quay, in 1628 of Mrs Caroe (Leech, Topography, p. 134).
    ${ }^{168}$ No. 47 The Quay, in 1650 the Anchor Smyth held by John Jones (Leech, Topography, p. 138).

[^86]:    ${ }_{169}$ Nos. 40-2 Prince Street, in 1639 the house of Sir Humphrey Hooke (BA 1610(1), lease to Hooke; 04335(1) f. 15).
    ${ }^{170}$ Possibly No. 5 in the schedule to the 1766 Act, Marsh Street, W side, in 1654 of John Needes, joiner (Leech, Topography, p. 95) but see n. 173.

[^87]:    ${ }^{171}$ Behind Nos. 6-9 in the schedule to the 1766 Act, Marsh Street, W side, in 1677 the Rose and Crowne late of Anthony Wade (Leech, Topography, p. 96).
    ${ }_{172}^{172}$ No. 9 in the schedule to the 1766 Act, Marsh Street, W side (Leech, Topography, p. 97).
    ${ }^{173}$ Marsh Street, E side, S of entry to Pinn's Court, one of four dwelling houses in 1682 late inhabited by William Downes, William Stephens, mariner, John Needs, mariner, and John Kedgwin, cooper (Leech, Topography, p. 89). Or possibly No. 5 in the schedule to the 1766 Act, in 1654 of John Needes, joiner, Marsh Street, W side (Leech, Topography, p. 95) but see n. 170.
    174 Possibly No. 1 in the schedule to the 1766 Act, Marsh Street, W side, in 1647 of Anne Pearson, widow (Leech, Topography, p. 94).
    ${ }^{175}$ Possibly N of No. 1 in the schedule to the 1766 Act, Marsh Street, W side, in 1647 now or late of Anne Hill, widow (Leech, Topography, p. 93).
    ${ }^{176}$ Marsh Street, W side, facing St Stephen's churchyard, on plan of 1770 , described in 1773 as heretofore of John Bleachley, joiner, Nos. 17-19 (Leech, Topography, p. 93).

[^88]:    ${ }^{187}$ W side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 14, in c. 1650 the tenement under the chapel held by Henry Apulton (BA 04041 f. 108)).
    ${ }^{188}$ W side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 18, in c. 1650 the tenement of Richard Newman on the W side of the Bridge (BA 04041 f .108$)$ ).
    ${ }^{189}$ W side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 21, in 1673 the tenement of Robert Brookhouse, mercer (BA P.StN/ Ch/D/21).
    ${ }^{190}$ W side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 22, by c. 1650 of William Rosewell and on the W side of the Bridge, by 1673 the tenement late of William Rosewell, woollen draper (BA $04041 \mathrm{f} .108, \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{StN} / \mathrm{Ch} / \mathrm{D} / 21$ ).
    ${ }^{191}$ W side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 25, in c. 1650 where George Chamnies lives (BA 04041 f. 108).
    ${ }^{192}$ W side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 26, in c. 1650 of Richard Bubb, brewer (BA 04041 f. 29).
    ${ }^{193}$ No. 2 Welsh Back, by c. 1650 and in 1678 of William Elliot, draper (Leech, Topography, p. 165).
    ${ }^{194}$ No. 5 Welsh Back, in 1688 once of Matthew Stevens (Leech, Topography, p. 166).
    ${ }^{195}$ No. 7A Welsh Back, in 1663 leased to Thomas Deane (Leech, Topography, p. 166).
    ${ }^{196}$ Nos. 11-12 Welsh Back, No. 11 of the Langton family by 1627/8 (Leech, Topography, p. 167); No. 12 was the Langton house as visited in 1906 (Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD).
    ${ }^{197}$ No. 22 Welsh Back, the Custom House in 1583, 1634 and 1666 (Leech, Topography, p. 169).
    ${ }^{198}$ Jackson died in February or March 1663 (Beaven, Bristol lists, p. 297).
    ${ }^{199}$ Next to the Marsh Gate, by 1614 of Thomas James, alderman (Leech, Topography, pp. 169-70).

[^89]:    ${ }^{200}$ The Marsh Gate and rope house, in 1652 sold by the Corporation in fee farm to Daniel Adams, ropemaker (Leech, Topography, p. 170).
    ${ }^{201}$ This and the following four houses occupy part of the plot 275 foot in length, on the N side of King Street, leased by the Corporation to Thomas Wickham, carpenter, in 1650 on condition that he build six messuages within ten years (BA 04335(3) f. 57).
    ${ }^{202}$ No. D Baldwin Street, S side, by 1673 of Philip Leversedge, soapmaker (Leech, Topography, p. 17).
    ${ }^{203}$ Nos. 4-5 Baldwin Street, S side, by 1673 it was the corner house with the cellar under it near a place called 'the Stony crosse', now of Richard Long, cooper (Leech, Topography, p. 19).
    ${ }^{204}$ Nos. 13-14 Baldwin Street, S side, by 1671 of Walter Sandy then in 1683 of Mary Sandy, widow (Leech, Topography, p. 21).
    ${ }^{205}$ No. 15 Baldwin Street, S side, by 1673 formerly of Benjamin Snacknell (Leech, Topography, p. 21).
    ${ }^{206}$ No. 20 Baldwin Street, S side, by 1672 of John Sandy, joiner (Leech, Topography, p. 24).
    ${ }^{207}$ No. 23 Baldwin Street, S side, in 1638 of Thomas James, cooper (Leech, Topography, p. 26).
    ${ }_{208}$ No. 45 Baldwin Street, N side, by 1629 of Robert Wilsheere, cooper (Leech, Topography, p. 10).
    ${ }^{209}$ No. 46 Baldwin Street, N side, one part of two houses in 1675 of John Gwilliam, cooper (Leech, Topography, p. 10).

[^90]:    ${ }^{217}$ The Quay, E end, in 1649 an 'inner corner messuage or tenement called the Signe of the Bell at the east end of the key' in St John, conveyed by William Yeomans of Bristol, merchant and sheriff, to Richard Nethway of Bristoll, brewer (BA 09686/5).
    ${ }^{218}$ In Christmas Street in the 1668 list (n. 486).
    ${ }^{219}$ In Duck Lane in the 1668 list (f. 66).
    ${ }^{220}$ In Christmas Street in the 1668 list (n. 491).
    ${ }^{221}$ In Christmas Street in the 1668 list (n. 490).
    ${ }^{222}$ In Christmas Street in the 1668 list (n. 489).
    ${ }^{223}$ In Christmas Street in the 1668 list (n. 488).
    ${ }^{224}$ In Christmas Street in the 1668 list (n. 487); in 1658 the house identifiable as No. 24, E side, leased by the parish of St John to Thomas Smart, glazier (BA 32226).
    ${ }^{225}$ In Halliers Lane in the 1668 list (f. 65).
    ${ }^{226}$ In Halliers Lane in the 1668 list (f. 65).

[^91]:    ${ }^{227}$ In Halliers Lane in the 1668 list (n. 492).
    ${ }^{228}$ In Halliers Lane in the 1668 list (f. 65v).
    ${ }^{229}$ In Halliers Lane in the 1668 list (f. 65v).
    ${ }^{230}$ In Duck Lane in the 1668 list (f. 65v).
    ${ }^{231}$ In Duck Lane in the 1668 list (f. 65v).
    ${ }^{232}$ In Tower Lane in the 1668 list (f. 65 v ).
    ${ }^{233}$ If following the walking order that can be seen in subsequent entries, John Lock's house was probably No. 33, the first on the E side of Broad Street when advancing southwards.
    ${ }^{234}$ No. 38 Broad Street, E side, in 1664 of John Bevill, painter (Leech, Topography, p. 39).
    ${ }^{235}$ Nos. 39-40 Broad Street, E side, sold by John Taylor to Robert Aldworth in 1664 (Leech, Topography, p. 40).
    ${ }^{236}$ Nos. 41-2 Broad Street, E side, in 1664 of Matthew Wilcox (Leech, Topography, p. 41).

[^92]:    ${ }^{255}$ No. 41 Corn Street, N side, by 1659 of John Bowen, merchant (Leech, Topography, p. 54).
    ${ }^{256}$ No. 39 Corn Street, N side, in 1659 leased to Mary Wright (Leech, Topography, p. 153).
    ${ }^{257}$ No. 40, Corn Street, S side, in 1660, 1664 and 1678 leased to Henry Deyos (Leech, Topography, p. 63).
    ${ }^{258}$ No. 42 Corn Street, S side, in 1667 late of Richard Long (Leech, Topography, p. 63).
    ${ }^{259}$ Probably No. 46 Corn Street, in 1672 formerly of Joan Dixon, widow (Leech, Topography, p. 63).
    ${ }^{260}$ Richard Hayward leased No. 49 Corn Street, N side at the corner with Small Street, E side, from 1654 (Leech, Topography, 5 p. 5).
    ${ }_{261}$ The Coopers' Hall in Cock Lane, S of Corn Street (Leech, Topography, p. 51).

[^93]:    ${ }^{262}$ Listed as the first house in the parish of All Saints and followed by others ascending High Street, probably No. 35 High Street.
    263 As the second house in the parish of All Saints, probably No. 36 High Street.
    ${ }^{264}$ In the 1668 list (n. 416) St Nicholas Street, Gillows Inn (but approached from High Street), in 1672 of Nathaniel Parker, innholder (BA 00195/8).
    ${ }^{265}$ Nos. 39-40, The Rose, High Street, W side, in 1653 of Abel Kelly, grocer (Leech, Topography, p. 80).
    ${ }^{266}$ No. 56 Corn Street, S side, in 1714 formerly leased to Thomas Hartwell (Leech, Topography, p. 67).
    ${ }^{267}$ The Rummer, All Saints Lane, W side. Thomas Speed, merchant, lived here by 1647 (Leech, Topography, p. 2).
    ${ }^{268}$ No. D All Saints Lane, W side, of Edward Thirkle in 1643 (Leech, Topography, p. 3).
    ${ }_{269}$ No. F Ciorn Street, S side, in 1739 formerly of Thomas Yeamans, gent. (Leech, Topography, pp. 65-6).
    ${ }^{270}$ No. H Corn Street, the Three Tunnes, by 1687 of John Hellier (Leech, Topography, p. 65).
    ${ }_{271}$ No. 1 High Street, E side, in 1664 of Robert Winstone, glover (Leech, Topography, pp. 72-3).
    ${ }_{272}^{272}$ No. 3 or 4 High Street, E side, by 1649 of Thomas Pym (Leech, Topography, p. 73).
    ${ }^{273}$ Nos. 9 and 10 High Street, E side, No. 9 by 1671 of John Hickes, No. 10 the Blackamoor's Head leased to John Hickes in 1699 (Leech, Topography, pp. 74-5).
    ${ }^{274}$ Nos. 11-13 High Street, E side, in 1699 formerly part of the Starr Tavern late of William Watts, vintner (Leech, Topography, p. 75).

[^94]:    ${ }^{275}$ No. 111 Redcliff Street, W side, in 1636, heretofore of John Cole, taylor, and recently new built by Yeamans, it was now granted by Henry Pitt, merchant, William Pitt's son, to John Yeamans, brewer, (BA 36031 (7, 8, 18-20, 25-6, 30-1)).
    ${ }^{276}$ No. 110 Redcliff Street, W side, by 1661 the tenement where - Croft, potter, lived and leased to Robert Yeamans, merchant (BA DC/E/l/2).
    ${ }^{277}$ No. 109 Redcliff Street, W side, by 1661 the tenement leased to Edmund Lewis, cooper, where John Richards, cooper, now lived, adjacent to that of Thomas Gerry, cooper (BA DC/E/1/2 f. 82).
    ${ }^{278}$ No. 108 Redcliff Street, W side, see nn. 277 and 279.
    ${ }^{279}$ No. 107 Redcliff Street, W side, from 1678 leased to Alice Lloyd, now in the possession of Thomas Burry and Robert Dapwell, the pavement of Thomas Gerry, cooper, on the N (BA 04335(6)f. 102).
    ${ }^{280}$ No. 102 Redcliff Street, W side, in 1687 formerly of Ralph Grant, brewer (BA P/StMR/D/3/23).
    ${ }_{281}$ No. 101, in 1687 the tenement of Benjamin Adams (BA P.StMR/D/3/23).
    ${ }^{282}$ Nos. 98 and 98A Redcliff Street, W side, No. 98 by 1659 of William Bullock (BA P/StT/D/15-29), No. 98A from 1660 leased to William Bullock (BA 04335(4) f. 110).
    ${ }^{283}$ Nos. 93-4 Redcliff Street, W side, by 1676 leased to John Foord, tanner, the tenement and brewhouse late of Willis now of Thomas Harris, brewer, on the S , the tenement and glasshouse now of John Cooke, merchant on the N (BA AC/JS 61 (1-12)).
    ${ }^{284}$ Nos. 91-2 Redcliff Street, W side, see n. 283.
    ${ }^{285}$ No. 90 Redcliff Street, W side, by 1649 of John Hill, in 1665 leased to Bridget Hill (BA P.StMR/D/3/20).
    ${ }^{286}$ No. $821 / 2$ Redcliff Street, W side, by 1663 late of the widow Caroe and now of Thomas Hand, shoemaker (BA P.StMR/D/3/12).
    ${ }^{287}$ No. 82 Redcliff Street, W side, by 1671 leased to Daniel Neale, brewer (BA P.StMR/D/3/12).

[^95]:    ${ }^{306}$ Next to Pithay Gate, in 1656 the tenement next to the gate where Thomas Hartley lives (BA 38538/3/7). In the 1670 scavenger rate for St James (see Appendix 8, hereafter SR) Thomas Harkely is the 50th entry in St James Back.
    ${ }^{307}$ Part of Nos. 50-4 Broadmead, S side, in 1639 occupied by William Grigg and Thomas Sage, tanners, the former still there in 1671 (BA 00720(1-23), the deed of 1763 labelled "K"; BA 04479(3) ff. 31a-b, shown as rental 449). SR: Capt. Grigg is the 56th entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{308}$ In Merchant Street in the 1668 list (n. 771).
    ${ }^{309}$ In Merchant Street in the 1668 list (n. 770). SR: Barnaby Skinner is the first entry in Broadmead.

[^96]:    the N, and Lewins Mead on the E (BA P.StN/Ch/D/21; Manchee, Bristol charities, 2, p. 162). SR: Mr Hooke is the 69th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{320}$ In the Barton in the 1668 list (f. 74).

[^97]:    ${ }^{321}$ Part of No. 17 Broad Street, W side, in 1617 (Leech, Topography, p. 33).
    ${ }_{322}$ No. 53 Broad Street, E side, by 1649 leased to Thomas Goodman, baker, the Parliamentary Survey giving details of dimensions and room names (Leech, Topography, p. 46).
    ${ }^{323}$ With 17 hearths probably No. 56 Broad Street, E side, Oxenfordes Inn, later part of the White Lion (Leech, Topography, p. 47).
    ${ }^{324}$ With 12 hearths, probably Nos. 56-7 Broad Street, E side, later part of the White Lion (Leech, Topography, p. 47).
    ${ }^{325}$ With 13 hearths, probably No. 58 Broad Street, E side, the White Hart (Leech, Topography, p. 48).
    ${ }^{326}$ No. 59 Broad Street, E side, by 1661 leased by the parish of Christchurch to Alice Loveringe, widow (Leech, Topography, p. 48).
    ${ }^{327}$ Nos. 61-3 Broad Street, E side, by 1654 leased by the parish of Christchurch to Francis Yeamans the elder (Leech, Topography, pp. 49-50).
    ${ }_{328}$ No. Xch/6 Wine Street, N side, by 1661 held by Humphrey Corsley, goldsmith, undertenant to Thomas Thomas, stationer, who held a lease from Christchurch in 1674 (Leech, Topography, p. 172).
    ${ }^{329}$ No. Xch/7 Wine Street, N side, in 1686 formerly of Nicholas Shute, tailor (Leech, Topography, p. 173).
    ${ }^{330}$ No. 5 Wine Street, N side, in 1661 late the inheritance of John Androwes where John Haggatt now lived (Leech, Topography, p. 174).
    ${ }^{331}$ Nos. 6-9 Wine Street, N side. In 1656 the E part on the street frontage was the property, together with the entry to the Prince's Arms held by William Lewis, tailor, leased to John Clarke, watch maker, who lived there (Leech, Topography, p. 175).
    ${ }_{332}$ Part of Nos. 11-14 Wine Street, in 1656 leased to Phillipp Stainred (Leech, Topography, p. 177).

[^98]:    ${ }^{345}$ Nos. 123-131 St Michael's Hill, W side (Leech, SMH, p. 50).
    ${ }^{346}$ The Manor House in Royal Fort, leased to John Harper in 1657 (Leech, SMH, p. 57).
    ${ }^{347}$ Royal Fort House (the predecessor of the present house) leased to Daniel Brereton in 1655 (Leech, SMH, p. 54-5).
    ${ }^{348}$ The house in Park Row built by John Jones, part of Cantock's Close leased to Philip Langley from 1622 (Leech, SMH, p. 38-43),
    ${ }^{349}$ Nos. 8-13 Park Row, the lodge first mentioned in 1548 and in 1673 granted by Margaret Carey, widow, to Edward Baugh (Leech, SMH, p. 112).
    ${ }^{350}$ Nos. 1 and 2 Lower Park Hill, in 1690 where Thomas Prigg formerly dwelt (Leech, SMH, p. 87).
    ${ }^{351}$ Nos. 16-18 Lower Park Hill, in 1710 the ground heretofore marked out to be enclosed by Thomas Deane (Leech, SMH, p. 93).
    ${ }^{352}$ Possibly No. 12 Lower Park Row, S side, in 1670 the messuage, garden and orchard, together with a little house in the same orchard, now in the occupation of Margery Ash (BA P.StW/D/5 (e,i,m)).
    ${ }^{353}$ House on the N side of Lower Park Row, formerly Griffin Lane, by 1670 leased to Sydrack Cox, carpenter (BA 04335(8) f. 275, (9) ff. 227, 21; 04043(4) f. 26).
    ${ }_{354}$ The White Lodge, Upper Maudlin Street, to the S of the lodge of Francis Creswick in 1666 (BA 04335(5) f. 44).

[^99]:    ${ }^{355}$ No. 83 Lewins Mead, S side, the Three Tuns, property of St Nicholas church, by 1673 the tenement in the parish of St Michael, late of John Jones, mariner, and by him re-edified, between a tenement part of Lady Cheynies house sometime of John Bidle, cooper, and now in the tenure of Edward Smith, currier, on the S and E and a tenement of the Dean and Chapter in the tenure of George Pittman, tailor, on the N, extending back to the River Frome (BA P.StN/Ch/D/21).
    ${ }^{356}$ No. 84 Lewins Mead, S side, in 1669 one of the two tenements in St Michael parish held by Edward Smith, extending from the street to the Frome, between tenements of William Hodges on the N and of William Rogers on the S, a rent charge payable to St Michael parish. By 1821 this rent was payable by Mrs Watkins, out of two houses in Narrow Lewins Mead (Manchee, Bristol charities, 2, pp. 118-19).
    ${ }^{357}$ Nos. 16-17 Christmas Street, by 1670 leased to Philip England, cooper (BA 04335(4) f. 45; 04335(5) f. 107).
    ${ }^{358}$ No. 17 Park Row, N side, in 1669 leased to Elizabeth Gonning (Leech, SMH, p. 121); John Gonninge died in November 1662 (Beaven, Bristol lists, p. 292).
    ${ }_{359}$ No. 15 Park Row, N side, the rear part of Lunsford House (Leech, SMH, p. 117-20).
    ${ }^{360}$ No. 14 Lower Park Hill and the plot to the NE, in 1660 leased to Edward Tiley, brewer (Leech, SMH, p. 92).

[^100]:    ${ }^{393}$ Park Row, S side, in 1663 the house of Thomas Jennings was to the W of a plot of ground leased from the City Corporation extending eastwards to 'the coachhowse stable' of the Red Lodge (BA 04335(5) f. 4; for Jennings' house see also Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD).
    ${ }_{394}$ No. 17 Baldwin Street, S side, by c. 1650 the tenement of Richard Vickris (Leech, Topography, p. 22).

[^101]:    ${ }^{395}$ No. 19 Baldwin Street, S side, by c. 1650 the tenement of Thomas Tizon now in the tenure of Symon Plummer (Leech, Topography, p. 23).
    ${ }^{396}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 20, by 1672 of John Sandy, joiner (Leech, Topography, p. 24).
    ${ }^{397}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 21, by 1672 of Alexander Tompson (BA 00342(17); Leech, Topography, p. 24 where Tompson is given incorrectly as 'Compton').
    ${ }_{398}$ The Tanners' Hall, Corn Street, S side, in 1664 that upper room used as the Tanners Hall, lying over the great cellar of the feoffees held by Mrs Elizabeth Browne, widow (Leech, Topography, p. 61).
    ${ }^{399}$ The Three Pigeons, Quay Street, S side, in 1672-6 late inhabited by Francis Belsire (Leech, Topography, p. 119).
    ${ }^{400}$ Possibly the Welsh Harp, Quay Street, S side, by 1676 held by Phillip Cartwright (Leech, Topography, p. 119).

[^102]:    ${ }^{406}$ No. 23, N side, in 1689 the tenements and gardens of Thomas Crumpe extending from the street on the S to the Frome on the N , all to the S of the tenement and ground or passage leased to Richard Bury, silkman (BA $04335(9)$ f. 59, (10) f. 139). Thomas Crumpe \& tenants 11' is the twenty fourth name listed under 'Redcrosse Lane' in the 1668 list (f. 72v); Crumpe was named as a whittawer in 1673 (BA P.StN/Ch/D/21).
    ${ }^{407}$ In Redcross Lane in the 1668 list (f. 72).
    ${ }^{408}$ In Redcross Lane in the 1668 list (n. 703).
    ${ }^{409}$ 'Widow Waterford' is in Redcross Lane in the 1668 list (f. 72).
    ${ }^{410}$ In Redcross Lane in the 1668 list (n. 702).
    ${ }^{411}$ In Back Lane (later Jacob Street) in the 1668 list (f. 71).
    ${ }^{412}$ Enderbies Castle or Baber's Tower, Jacob Street, the mansion house or tenement 'heretofore used as a lodge' and called 'Enderbies Castle', in 1627 leased by John Whitson to William Baber, gunpowder maker (BA 33041/ BMC/6/14 No. 5).
    ${ }^{413}$ In Back Lane (later Jacob Street) in the 1668 list (f. 71).
    ${ }^{414}$ In Back Lane (later Jacob Street) in the 1668 list (n. 676).

[^103]:    Commencing here are the names for Bristol Bridge in the parish of St Thomas given in the 1662 list.
    W side of Bridge, St Thomas No. 9, see 1662 list n. 47.
    ${ }^{3}$ W side of Bridge, St Thomas No. 5, with 5 hearths in 1662, see 1662 list n. 50.
    ${ }^{4}$ W side of Bridge, St Thomas Nos. 16/17/18, see 1662 list n. 43.
    ${ }^{5}$ E side of Bridge, St Thomas No. 15, see 1662 list n. 44.
    ${ }^{6}$ E side of bridge, St Thomas No. 13/14c, see 1662 list n. 45.
    ${ }^{7}$ Commencing here are the names for St Thomas Street in the parish of St Thomas given in the 1662 list.
    ${ }^{8}$ At the corner with Redcliff Street, see 1662 list n. 51.
    9 No. 134 St Thomas Street, W side, see 1662 list n. 52.

[^104]:    ${ }^{10}$ St Thomas Street, W side, possibly No. 118, see 1662 list n. 54.
    ${ }^{11}$ St Thomas Street, W side, possibly No. 117, see 1662 list n. 55.
    12 Possibly Nos. 88-90 St Thomas Street, W side, see 1662 list n. 300.
    ${ }^{13}$ St Thomas Street, E side, in 1658 within the row Nos. 69-78 at S end of street at the corner with Portwall Lane (BA P.StMR/D/4/20).
    14 St Thomas Street, E side, in 1672 within the row Nos. 69-78 at S end of street, see 1662 list n. 301.

[^105]:    15 St Thomas Street, E side, in 1645 within the row Nos. 69-78 at S end of street, leased to Richard Coulston wiredrawer (BA P.StMR/D/4/6).
    ${ }^{16}$ In 1670 M this is one 3-hearth entry, probably in 1689 the tenement, stable and garden, formerly a garden, lodge and stable, in the holding of Frances Price, widow (BA P.StT/D/21).
    ${ }^{17}$ Nos. 64-66 St Thomas Street, E side, see 1662 list n. 304.
    ${ }^{18}$ No. 60 St Thomas Street, see 1662 list n. 305.
    ${ }^{19}$ Possibly Burton's Almshouse in Long Row erected 1292 for 16 women and run by St Thomas's vestry, referred to in 1831 as 'the almshouse called St Thomas's almshouse, in the Long Row' (An account of the hospitals, almshouses and public schools in Bristol (Bristol, 1775), 17-18; Manchee, Bristol charities, 2, p. 334).

[^106]:    ${ }^{20}$ This entry is the first of sixteen in the parish of St Thomas listed in the same sequence in the 1662 list (f. 10 v ).
    ${ }_{21}$ No explanation for the number 1681 has been provided.
    ${ }^{22}$ From the placing in the walking order of No. 143 (below) this first part of the list appears to commence S of Bristol Bridge on the W side of Redcliff Street.
    ${ }^{23}$ Redcliff Street, W side, No. 143 the White Horse Inn in 1659, see 1662 list n. 35.
    ${ }^{24}$ Redcliff Street, W side, No. 142, see 1662 list n. 34.
    ${ }^{25}$ Redcliff Street, W side, No. 137, see 1662 list n. 33.
    ${ }_{26}$ Redcliff Street, No. 115/6, see 1662 list n. 32.

[^107]:    ${ }^{27}$ A Quaker missionary and schoolteacher (R. Mortimer, ed., Minute book of the men's meeting of the Society of Friends in Bristol 1667-1686 (Bristol Record Society, 26, 1971), p. 195)
    ${ }_{28}$ Unlike most of the 'furnace', 'forge' entries that appear to relate to the lower name, this one is written in such a place that it could refer to the name above that of Tovey's workhouse.
    29 Redcliff Street, W side, No. 113, see 1662 list n. 31.
    ${ }_{30}$ Redcliff Street, W side, No. 111 , see 1662 list n. 275.
    ${ }_{31}$ Redcliff Street, W side, No. 110, see 1662 list n. 276.
    ${ }_{32}$ Redcliff Street, W side, No. 109, replacing John Richards, see 1662 list n. 277.
    ${ }_{33}$ Redcliff Street, W side, No. 108, see 1662 n. 278.
    ${ }_{34}$ Redcliff Street, W side, No. 107, see 1662 list n. 279.
    ${ }^{35}$ Redcliff Street, W side, No. 102, see 1662 list n. 280.
    ${ }^{36}$ Redcliff Street, W side, Nos. 98 and 98A, see 1662 list n. 282.
    ${ }^{37}$ Situated between Nos. 94 and 98 this and the next two entries must have comprised nos 95-7, Canynges' House.
    ${ }_{38}$ Redcliff Street, W side, No. 93/4, see 1662 list n. 283.

[^108]:    ${ }^{45}$ No. 8 Redcliff Hill, W side, see 1662 list n. 290.
    ${ }^{46}$ Redcliff Hill, W side, the almshouse of the parish of St Mary Redcliffe founded by William Canynges, with 14 apartments, demolished for the New Cut and rebuilt close to the former site (Account of hospitals etc, pp. 34-5; Manchee, Bristol charities, 1, pp. 56-8).

[^109]:    ${ }^{69}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 40, see n. 69.
    ${ }^{70}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 39, in 1659 of Thomas Northern and Richard Hudson, mariners, between Redcliffe church lands of James Wathen pynner on the S and the tenement sometime the land of John Rodney esq., after of Phillipp Langley, and now of John Hayter in his own possession on the N (BA P.St.T/D/19).
    ${ }^{71}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 29, in 1672 of widow Yate and to the S of No. 28 (BA 5918(4)).
    ${ }^{72}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 28, a chimneypiece of the 17th century bore the arms of Willoughby (BA 5918(4); Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD).
    ${ }_{74}^{73}$ Redcliff Street, E side, No. 23, of Walter Gunter, ironmonger, by 1685 (BA 05820 deeds).
    ${ }^{74}$ Redcliff Street, E side, probably No. 21, of John Millard in 1656 (BA 05820 deeds).

[^110]:    ${ }^{86}$ This and the next two entries correspond to houses in the 1662 list on the Quay (f. 22).
    ${ }^{87}$ This and the next three entries correspond to houses in the 1662 list on the Quay (f. 22).
    ${ }^{88}$ In the 1662 list on the Quay (f. 21v)

[^111]:    ${ }^{89}$ In the 1662 list on the Quay (f. 21v).
    ${ }_{90}$ No. 28 The Quay, see 1662 list n. 163.
    ${ }^{91}$ In the 1662 list on the Quay (f. 21v).
    ${ }^{92}$ Possibly The Quay, No. 22, by 1671 held by John Short (Leech, Topography, p. 128).
    ${ }_{93}$ This and the next two entries on The Quay, see 1662 list (f. 21).
    ${ }^{94}$ In Fisher Lane or on The Quay, No. 48 in schedule to 1774 Act, in 1640 leased to Tobias Lamb (Leech, Topography, p. 120); see 1662 list (f. 21).
    ${ }_{95}$ In Fisher Lane or on The Quay, see 1662 list (f. 21).
    ${ }_{96}$ In Fisher Lane or on The Quay, see 1662 list (f. 21).
    ${ }_{97}$ Possibly The Quay, the Great Tower, by 1673 in the occupation of William Philpott (Leech, Topography, p. 135).
    ${ }_{98}$ In Fisher Lane or on The Quay, see 1662 list (f. 21).
    99 In Marsh Street or Fisher Lane, see 1662 list (f. 21).
    ${ }^{100}$ Nos. 14-18 The Quay, see 1662 list n. 159.

[^112]:    ${ }^{101}$ Marsh Street, W side, see 1662 list (f. 24). In 1670M John Watts is only 2 entries away from the entry for William King, which was possibly Fisher Lane, E side, tenement at W end, in 1653 held by William King, cooper (Leech, Topography, p. 70).
    102 Marsh Street, W side, see 1662 list (f. 24).
    ${ }^{103}$ Marsh Street, W side, facing St Stephen's churchyard, in 1653 leased to Edward Jeffries, joiner (Leech, Topography, p. 92).
    ${ }^{104}$ Marsh Street, W side, see 1662 list (f. 24).
    105 Marsh Street, W side, see 1662 list (f. 24).
    ${ }^{106}$ The Three Cranes, W side of Fisher Lane, see 1662 list n. 158.
    ${ }^{107}$ Next to the Three Cranes in the 1662 list.
    ${ }^{108}$ Next to the Three Cranes in the 1662 list.
    ${ }^{109}$ In Fisher Lane or on The Quay, see 1662 list (f. 21).
    ${ }^{110}$ This and the next two entries in Marsh Street or Fisher Lane, see 1662 list (f. 21).
    ${ }^{111}$ In Marsh Street E side, see 1662 list (f. 20).
    ${ }_{112}$ Marsh Street, E side, No. 1, see 1662 list n. 155 (Simon Wills).
    ${ }_{113}$ Marsh Street, E side, No. 2, see 1662 list n. 156.
    ${ }_{114}$ Marsh Street, E side, next to No. 2, see 1662 list (f. 21).
    ${ }^{115}$ Marsh Street, W side, facing St Stephen's churchyard, of John Burt in 1649 (Leech, Topography, p. 85).
    ${ }_{116}$ Marsh Street, W side, the Rose and Crown in 1677, see 1662 list n. 171.
    ${ }_{117}$ Marsh Street, W side, see 1662 list n. 172.

[^113]:    ${ }^{118}$ Possibly Alice Griffeth in the 1662 list (f. 23), this and the next two entries then in Marsh Street, W side.

[^114]:    ${ }^{119}$ Repeated, possibly a scribal error, at the commencement of the next folio, Marsh Street, W side, in the 1662 list (f. 23).
    ${ }^{120}$ Marsh Street, W side, in 1662 list (f. 23).
    ${ }^{121}$ Marsh Street, W side, in 1662 list (f. 23).
    ${ }^{122}$ Marsh Street, E side, No. 3 on corner of Maiden Court Lane (Leech, Topography, p. 88).
    ${ }^{123}$ Marsh Street, W side, in 1662 list n. 175.
    ${ }^{124}$ Edward Dacres in Marsh Street, W side in 1662 list (f. 23v).

[^115]:    ${ }^{125}$ Marsh Street, W side, see 1662 list (f. 24).
    ${ }^{126} \mathrm{E}$ and W sides, the Chapel on the Bridge, see 1662 list n. 186.
    ${ }^{127}$ E side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 8, see 1662 list n. 183.
    ${ }^{128}$ E side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 11, see 1662 list n. 185.
    ${ }^{129}$ E side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 5, see 1662 list n. 182.
    ${ }^{130}$ W side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 25, see 1662 list n. 191.
    ${ }^{131}$ W side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 22, see 1662 list n. 190.
    ${ }^{132}$ W side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 21, see 1662 list n. 189.
    ${ }^{133}$ W side of Bridge, St Nicholas No. 18, see 1662 list n. 188.
    ${ }^{134}$ Possibly W side of the Bridge, St Nicholas No. 14, of Henry Appleton in 1662 list n.187.enry HH
    ${ }_{136}$ From the 1662 list (f. 25v), where 'The Back' commences before the entry preceding that for George White.
    ${ }^{136}$ In c. 1650 the corner tenement on the Back next to St Nicholas church, now of John Morgan, upholsterer (Leech, Topography, p. 15).
    ${ }^{137}$ This and the next three entries listed under 'The Back' in 1662 list (f. 25v).
    ${ }^{138}$ At this point the walking order of the list diverts to take in two of the closest houses on the N side of Baldwin Street, immediately to the W of the church of St Nicholas.
    ${ }^{139}$ Baldwin Street, N side, No. 61, in 1673 the Mermaid Tavern, now of Thomas Bradway (Leech, Topography, p. 15); Thomas Bradway replaces John Bradway (second CB list, f. 51) who had died in c. June 1666 (Beaven, Bristol lists, p. 200).
    ${ }^{140}$ Baldwin Street, N side, No. 60, in 1673 of Richard Gibbons, ironmonger (Leech, Topography, p. 15).

[^116]:    ${ }^{156}$ Possibly King Street, S side, No. 12, leased by the Corporation in March 1663 to George Morrice, mariner [no inventory] upon condition that he build within three years a substantial messuage, three storeys in height besides the roof and in uniformity to the rest of the buildings (BA $04335(5)$ f. 9). The repetition of the Pope and Morris entries that follows is presumably a scribal error.
    ${ }_{157}$ Possibly King Street, S side, No. 8, in 1679/80 the house occupied by Aron Williams, there in 1696 (BA F/ Tax/A/4, St Nicholas; Ralph and Williams, The inhabitants of Bristol, p. 140).
    ${ }^{158}$ Possibly King Street, S side, No. 6, on part of the plot leased by the Corporation in March 1663 to Matthew Stephens, merchant, upon condition that he built within three years 'three sufficient messauges or tenements fitt and convenient for tenants to live therein, conteining in height three storyes besides the roofe' (BA 04335(5) f. 5).
    ${ }^{159}$ King Street, S side, No. 4, together with No. 5, part of a lease of 1663 assigned to William Browne of Frenchay, Gloucestershire.
    ${ }^{160}$ Possibly Baldwin Street, S side, Nos. BH2-3, by 1709 of Alexander Hulett (Leech, Topography, p. 18).
    161 Possibly Nos. 42-3 Back Street, W side, by 1673 late of William Jones, clerk, but see also note below for a second mention of William Jones (Leech, Topography, p. 5).
    ${ }^{162}$ Back Street, E side, Nos. 2 and 3, one of which in 1723 was formerly occupied by John Winpenny, tobacco roller (Leech, Topography, p. 4).
    ${ }_{163}$ Probably Back Street, the tenement of William Tuckey in 1662 list (f. 26v).
    164 Probably Back Street, the tenement of Nicholas Tovey adjacent to that of Tuckey in 1662 list.
    ${ }_{165}$ Possibly Back Street, W side, No. 36, by 1699 in the occupation of Abraham Lewis (Leech, Topography, p. 6).

[^117]:    ${ }^{174}$ Baldwin Street, S side, Nos. 13-14, see 1662 list n. 204.
    ${ }_{175}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 15, by 1673 of William Merrick, merchant (Leech, Topography, p. 21).
    ${ }^{176}$ In Baldwin Street in 1662 list (f. 26).
    ${ }^{177}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 17, by c. 1650 of Richard Vickris (Leech, Topography, p. 23).
    ${ }^{178}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 18, by c. 1650 of John Brookes and leased to him from 1673 (Leech, Topography, p. 23).
    ${ }^{179}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 19, by c. 1650 of Symon Plummer (Leech, Topography, p. 23).
    ${ }_{180}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 20, see 1662 list n. 206.
    ${ }^{181}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 21, by 1672 of Alexander Tompson (BA 00342(17); Leech, Topography, p. 24 where Tompson is given incorrectly as 'Compton').
    ${ }^{182}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 22, by 1672 of Thomas Eston (Leech, Topography, p. 26).
    ${ }^{183}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 25, by 1665 of Samuel Tether, cooper (Leech, Topography, p. 26).
    ${ }^{184}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 5 in 1766 Schedule, see 1662 list n. 152.
    ${ }^{185}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 4 in 1766 Schedule, see 1662 list n. 153.
    ${ }^{186}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 3 in 1766 Schedule, by 1656 of John Collins, cooper (Leech, Topography, p. 29).
    ${ }_{187}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 1 in 1766 Schedule, see 1662 list n. 154.
    ${ }^{188}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 2 in 1766 Schedule, by 1673 late of Edward Brock (Leech, Topography, p. 29).
    ${ }^{189}$ In St Leonard parish in 1662 list (f. 40).
    ${ }^{190}$ In St Leonard parish in 1662 list (f. 40).
    ${ }^{191}$ In St Leonard parish in 1662 list (f. 40).
    ${ }_{192}$ Baldwin Street, S side, No. 15, see 1662 list n. 205.
    ${ }^{193}$ In Baldwin Street, St Nicholas parish in 1662 list (f. 26).

[^118]:    ${ }^{194}$ Baldwin Street, N side, No. 46, see 1662 list n. 209.
    ${ }^{195}$ In Baldwin Street, St Nicholas parish, in 1662 list (f. 26).
    ${ }^{196}$ 'Thomas James' in Baldwin Street, St Nicholas parish, see 1662 list n. 207.
    ${ }^{197}$ In Baldwin Street, St Nicholas parish, in 1662 list (f. 26).
    ${ }^{198}$ The repetition of this entry from the bottom of the last column is presumably a scribal error.
    ${ }^{199}$ Baldwin Street, N side, No. 49, by 1681 of Thomas Ambrose, tailor (Leech, Topography, p. 11 ).
    ${ }^{200}$ Baldwin Street, N side, No. 50, leased in 1681 to Matthew Hyman, tobacconist (Leech, Topography, p. 11).
    ${ }^{201}$ Baldwin Street, N side, No. 51, by 1681 formerly of Elinor Cribb, widow (Leech, Topography, p. 12).
    ${ }^{202}$ In Baldwin Street, St Nicholas parish, in 1662 list (f. 26).
    ${ }^{203}$ 'William Hardwick' and the next three entries in Baldwin Street, St Nicholas parish, in 1662 list (f. 26).
    ${ }^{204}$ Baldwin Street, N side, No. 55B, in 1660 where Edward Mayde now lives (Leech, Topography, p. 13).
    ${ }^{205}$ This repetition is probably a scribal error.
    206 ‘Thomas Mercer’ in Baldwin Street, St Nicholas parish, in 1662 list (f. 26).
    ${ }^{207}$ In St Thomas parish in 1662 list (f. 11).

[^119]:    ${ }^{226}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 6).
    ${ }^{227}$ Temple Street, W side, the sugar house at Nos. 108-109 (I.V. Hall, ‘Temple St. sugar house under the first partnership of Richard Lane and John Hine (1662-78)' TBGAS 76 (1957), pp. 130-3), property of the Weavers' Guild, in 1674 the property of the Weavers' Guild, four tenements lately converted into two, with four small gardens now used as two, now of John Hynd, sugar baker (F. Fox and J. Taylor, Some account of the guild of weavers in Bristol (Bristol, 1889), p. 22.
    ${ }^{228}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 6).
    ${ }^{229}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 6).

[^120]:    ${ }^{237}$ In Temple parish in 1662 list (f. 5v).
    ${ }^{238}$ This and the next two entries in Temple parish in 1662 list (ff. 6 and 6 v ).

[^121]:    ${ }^{247}$ East Tucker Street later Counterslip, N side, No. 1; payable out of this property was a rent of 1s 3d for free suit to Temple Fee, in 1542 and 1556/7 part of a larger property held by the heir of Mr Mallet, in 1627/8 paid by Thomas Callowhill, by c. 1650 of Jeffery Price (R. Latham, ed., Bristol charters 1509-1899 (Bristol Record Society, 12, 1947), p. 99; D. Livock, ed., City Chamberlain's accounts in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries (Bristol Record Society, 24, 1966), pp. 52 and 152; BA 04041 f. 10; 04043(2) f.10; 04043(4) f. 14).
    ${ }^{248}$ East Tucker Street later Counterslip, N side, No. A, by 1678 of Mr Woodward (Livock, Chamberlain's accounts, p. 155; BA 04041 f. 14).

[^122]:    ${ }^{249}$ Possibly No. 15 Tucker Street, see 1662 list n. 61.
    250 'Webb' has been corrected to 'Brookes'
    ${ }^{251}$ Possibly on Temple Back, adjacent to the tidal River Avon.
    ${ }_{252}$ Peter Street, Leonard Whitnee and wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183).
    ${ }_{253}$ [Narrow] Wine Street, John Davis, wife, 2 children and apprentice in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182).
    ${ }^{254}$ Narrow Wine Street, the easterly part of No. 29A, see 1662 list n. 122.
    ${ }^{255}$ [Narrow] Wine Street, James Bull and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182).
    ${ }^{256}$ Probably No. 29B Narrow Wine Street, see 1662 list n. 121.
    ${ }^{257}$ [Narrow] Wine Street, Bartholomew Terrutt and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182).
    ${ }^{258}$ [Narrow] Wine Street, Mary Whittington in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 179).
    ${ }^{259}$ In [?Narrow] Wine Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 117.
    ${ }^{260}$ In [?Narrow] Wine Street, see 1662 list n. 118.
    ${ }^{261}$ In Broad Weir in 1666, see 1662 list n. 132.
    ${ }^{262}$ [Narrow] Wine Street, Nicholas Deddicott and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182).
    ${ }^{263}$ [Narrow] Wine Street, Francis Joans is listed as a servant at 30s per annum, probably of John Teague (see 1662 list n. 99) in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182).

[^123]:    264 [Narrow] Wine Street, Gabriel Borne and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182).
    ${ }^{265}$ [Narrow] Wine Street, widow Millard in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182).
    ${ }^{266}$ [Narrow] Wine Street, Ralph Cock and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 181).
    ${ }^{267}$ [Narrow] Wine Street, John Runninge's wife, one 'hostler' and a servant in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 181).
    ${ }^{268}$ [Narrow] Wine Street, John Hule, wife and 2 children, 1 apprentice and a servant in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 181).

    269 [Narrow] Wine Street, John Joans and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182).
    ${ }^{270}$ No. 39 Wine Street, see 1662 list n. 115.
    ${ }^{271}$ [Narrow] Wine Street, Games Lewis in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 180).
    272 [Narrow] Wine Street, Maurice Orchard, wife and child in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 182). Orchard, a soapboiler, was one of the tax farmers: see Introduction.
    ${ }^{273}$ The Dolphin Inn, Dolphin Street, see 1662 list n. 99.
    ${ }^{274}$ Peter Street, Mr Samuel Rogers, wife, 1 apprentice and a servant in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 184).
    ${ }_{275}$ No. A Peter Street, see 1662 list n. 146.
    ${ }^{276}$ Peter Street, Mr George Becon, wife, child, 1 apprentice and a servant in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 184).
    ${ }^{277}$ Peter Street, John Holcomb and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183).
    ${ }^{278}$ In Peter Street in 1666, see 1662 list n. 144.
    ${ }^{279}$ Peter Street, William Dollen and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 183).

[^124]:    ${ }^{302}$ Wine Street, Mr Hurle, wife and 4 children, 2 apprentices and 2 servants in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 180). Possibly Nos. 42-3 Wine Street, by 1708 of Simon Hurle (Leech, Topography, p. 195).
    ${ }^{303}$ Possibly Wine Street, Mr John Love, wife and 3 children, 1 apprentice and a servant in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 180).
    ${ }^{304}$ Possibly No. 38 Wine Street, see 1662 list n. 96.
    ${ }^{305}$ No. 48A Wine Street, by 1662 of Robert Wimboll the younger (Leech, Topography, p. 196): see 1662 list n. 335.
    ${ }^{306}$ No. 49 Wine Street, in 1659 of John Wilcox, grocer (Leech, Topography, p. 196).
    ${ }^{307}$ Nos. 50-1 Wine Street, by 1670 'the Lambe' now of Thomas Biggs (Leech, Topography, p. 197).
    ${ }^{308}$ Nos. 58-9 Wine Street, leased to William Turner, baker, in 1667 (Leech, Topography, p. 198).
    ${ }^{309}$ Nos. 60-1 Wine Street, in 1667 of William Baugh, soapmaker (Leech, Topography, p. 199).
    ${ }_{310}$ Probably the Horse's or Nag's Head, formerly Haddon's tavern, No. 63 Wine Street (and Nos. 3-4 High Street) (Leech, Topography, p. 199); Hurne was an innkeeper, in 1662 at the Mermaid Tavern, Nos. 29-30 Broad Street (see 1662 list, n. 239).
    ${ }^{311}$ No. 1 High Street, see 1662 list n. 271.
    ${ }^{312}$ No. 2 High Street, in 1664 of Richard Corsley, goldsmith (Leech, Topography, p. 73).
    ${ }^{313}$ Nos. 9 and 10 High Street, see 1662 M n. 273.
    ${ }^{314}$ Abraham Birkin died January 1669 (Beaven, Bristol lists, p. 202).
    ${ }^{315}$ No. 21 High Street, 4 hearths in 1662, see 1662 list n. 210.
    ${ }^{316}$ No. 22 High Street, see 1662 list n. 211.

[^125]:    ${ }^{340}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 55, see 1662 list n. 82.
    ${ }_{341}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 56, see 1662 list n. 83.
    ${ }^{342}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 57, see 1662 list n. 84.
    ${ }^{343}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 59, see 1662 list n. 86.
    ${ }_{34}^{34}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 63, see 1662 list n. 89.
    ${ }^{345}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 65, see 1662 list n. 90.
    ${ }^{346}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 67, leased to John Evans, mason, from 1663 (BA 04335(4) ff. 129-30; BA inventory 1678/21).
    ${ }^{347}$ Possibly No. 68 Castle Street, S side, a tenement first leased to Hugh Smart in 1626 (BA 04335(4) f. 137).
    ${ }^{348}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 69, in 1666 in the possession of Elizabeth Saunders, widow (BA $04335(5)$ f. 33).
    ${ }^{349}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 70, in 1668 leased to John Drew, house carpenter (BA 04335(4) f. 66; see Leech, Town house, p. 307 for reconstruction based on probate inventory).
    ${ }^{350}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 71, ‘The Bell' of William Paine in 1668 (BA 04335(4) f. 33).

[^126]:    ${ }^{351}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 75, ground to the E of No. 76 was in 1686 of Francis Page, carpenter (BA 00351(5)).
    ${ }^{352}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 76, in 1657 leased to John Tincombe (BA 04335(7) f. 39).
    ${ }^{353}$ Castle Street, S side, possibly part of the plot leased to Tincombe in 1657 (see n. 322), leased in its entirety to Christopher Loosely in 1686 (BA 04335(7) f. 39).
    ${ }^{354}$ Castle Street, S side, No. 78, in 1656 and 1658 leased to Richard Waters, parchment maker (BA 04335(4) f. 78).
    ${ }_{355}$ Part of the George Inn, Nos. 79-81 Castle Street, S side, see 1662 list n. 67.
    ${ }^{356}$ Castle Green, N side: Ann Roach, widow, held land at the W end of Castle Green before 1687 (BA 7979(2)).
    ${ }^{357}$ Possibly Castle Street, N side, No. 27, in 1686 (BA 04043(4) f. 412, first entry, annotated "NR 52").
    ${ }^{358}$ Castle Green, No. 39, see 1662 list n. 75.
    ${ }^{359}$ Richard Blinman (1607-81) was an Independent minister based in Bristol from c. 1662 (Hayden, Records of a church of Christ, p. 282).

[^127]:    ${ }^{360}$ Castle Green or Tower Street, E side, No. 21, the southern part of the subdivided mansion house (Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD), leased to Grace Barnard in 1656, and then subdivided by him to form three small tenements, from 1686 all leased to Richard Brock (BA 04335(5) f. 41).
    ${ }^{361}$ Castle Green or Tower Street, E side, No. 19, see 1662 list n. 63.
    ${ }_{362}$ Castle Green, N side, Nos. 14 and 15, Castle Green House and Cottage, sold by the City Corporation in 1686 to Charles Jones the younger, merchant, when it was described as having been erected by John Wathen, apothecary, and then being in the possession of Jane Wathen, widow (BA 6138 (1) (deeds for 426 Castle Green))
    ${ }^{363}$ Castle Green, N side, Nos. 6-9, see 1662 list n. 65.
    ${ }^{364}$ Twelfth name listed for the parish of St John in 1662 list (f. 27v).
    ${ }^{365}$ Eleventh name listed for the parish of St John in 1662 list (f. 27v).
    ${ }^{366}$ Tenth name listed for the parish of St John in 1662 list (f. 27v).
    ${ }^{367}$ Fourth name listed for the parish of St John in 1662 list (f. 27v).

[^128]:    ${ }^{383}$ St Leonard's Lane, E side, in 1667 the garden of Richard Oliver, linen draper, to the W of Nos. 3-5 Small Street (Leech, Topography, p. 142).
    ${ }^{384}$ Possibly (as its position in the return indicates a location in St Leonard's Lane, en route to No. 35 Corn Street) Small Street, E side, Nos. 25-7, of the Jackson family from 1648 to 1832 (Leech, Topography, p. 159-60).
    ${ }^{385}$ Possibly No. 35 Corn Street, c. 1650 of Thomas Bishop, later of Elizabeth Bishop (Leech, Topography, p. 53): see n. 308.
    ${ }^{386}$ Corn Street, N side, No. 37, in 1687 formerly of Richard Birkham (Leech, Topography, p. 53).
    ${ }^{387}$ Corn Street, N side, No. 39, see 1662 list n. 256.
    ${ }^{388}$ Corn Street, N side, No. 41, see 1662 list n. 255.
    ${ }^{399}$ Holwey was patron of various nonconformist groups and his house in Corn St was licensed in 1672 for preaching by the independent minister John Thompson (Hayden, Records of a church of Christ, p. 295).
    ${ }^{390}$ Probably the Bush Tavern at Nos. 53C/D Corn Street, N side, see 1662 list n. 2.
    ${ }^{391}$ Part of Nos. 57-61 Corn Street, N side, see 1662 list n. 3.
    ${ }^{392}$ Part of Nos. 57-61 Corn Street, N side, where he was assessed on 5 hearths in 1662, see 1662 list n. 3.
    ${ }^{393}$ Webster was assessed on 7 hearths in 1670 M (m. 10 col. 1).
    ${ }_{394}^{394}$ No. 65 Corn Street, see 1662 list n. 7.
    ${ }^{395}$ Broad Street, W side, No. 1, see 1662 list n. 9.
    ${ }^{396}$ Broad Street, W side, No. 4, in 1646 leased to Thomas Thomas (Leech, Topography, p. 31).
    ${ }^{397}$ Broad Street, W side, No. 7, see 1662 list n. 11.
    ${ }_{398}$ Broad Street, W side, approximately No. 13, see 1662 list (f. 4v).

[^129]:    ${ }^{419}$ High Street, W side, No. 44, held by Thomas Saunders in the mid-17th century (Leech, Topography, p. 81).
    ${ }^{420}$ High Street, W side, No. 45, of James Phelps in 1670 (Leech, Topography, p. 82).
    ${ }^{421}$ All Saints Lane, W side, No. D, see 1662 list n. 268.
    ${ }^{422}$ All Saints Lane, W side, No. A, the Rummer or New Inn, by 1676 of William Yeamans (Leech, Topography, p. 2).
    ${ }^{423}$ Corn Street, S side, No. F, see 1662 list n. 269.
    ${ }^{424}$ Corn Street, S side, No. H, the Three Tunnes, see 1662 list n. 270.
    ${ }^{425}$ Corn Street, S side, No. I, in 1668 where Joan Vertey, widow, lived (Leech, Topography, pp. 64-5).
    ${ }^{426}$ Corn Street, S side, No. 48, in 1672 formerly of Thomas Harwell (Leech, Topography, p. 64).
    ${ }^{427}$ Corn Street, S side, No. 46, see 1662 list n. 259.
    ${ }^{428}$ Corn Street, S side, No. 42, for the earlier mention of this house with 10 hearths see 1662 list n. 258.
    ${ }^{429}$ Corn Street, S side, No. 40, see 1662 list n. 257.
    ${ }^{430}$ In the parish of St Werburgh in 1662 list (f. 29).
    ${ }^{431}$ In the parish of St Werburgh in 1662 list (f. 29).
    ${ }^{432}$ In the parish of St Werburgh in 1662 list (f. 29).
    ${ }^{433}$ In the parish of St Werburgh in 1662 list (f. 29).
    ${ }^{434}$ In the parish of St Werburgh in 1662 list (f. 29).

[^130]:    ${ }^{435}$ In the parish of St Leonard (as 'Saul') in 1662 list (f. 40). In 1670M Sole's entry is followed by 'Surgeons' Hall', which is the hall of the Barber Surgeons in Corn Street, S side in King's Head Lane, (Leech, Topography, p. 62 and Map 7).
    ${ }^{436}$ In the parish of St Leonard in 1662 list (f. 40).
    ${ }^{437}$ In the parish of St Leonard in 1662 list (f. 40).
    ${ }^{438}$ St Nicholas Street in the parish of St Nicholas in 1662; see 1662 list n. 213.
    ${ }^{439}$ St Nicholas Street, N side, No. AA, behind Gillows Inn, see 1662 list n. 214.
    ${ }^{440}$ Possibly Corn Street, N side, see entry for John Liddull in 1662 list (f. 29).
    ${ }^{441}$ St Nicholas Street, in the parish of St Nicholas, in 1662 list (f. 26v).
    ${ }^{442}$ St Nicholas Street, in the parish of St Nicholas, in 1662 list (f. 26v).

[^131]:    ${ }^{443}$ St Nicholas Street, in the parish of St Nicholas, in 1662 list (f. 26v).
    ${ }^{444}$ St Nicholas Street, in the parish of St Nicholas, in 1662 list (f. 26 v ); ownership probably extending to include No. 58 Baldwin Street, by 1650 of Thomas Jackson (Leech, Topography, p. 14).
    ${ }^{445}$ St Nicholas Street, in the parish of St Nicholas, in 1662 list (f. 26v).
    ${ }^{446}$ This and the remaining entries for the ward of All Saints do not appear in the 1662 list.
    ${ }^{447}$ From its location in the walking order and the count of hearths can be identified as Narrow Wine Street, N side, Newgate. The entries for the ward of Holy Trinity (or Christchurch) therefore commence within the parish of St Peter.
    ${ }^{448}$ Narrow Wine Street, N side, No. 18, in 1656 of James White (Leech, Topography, p. 190).
    ${ }^{449}$ Narrow Wine Street, N side, No. 16, in 1656 of John Tiler (Leech, Topography, p. 189).
    ${ }^{450}$ Narrow Wine Street, N side, No. 14, in 1712 formerly of Richard Grimsby (Leech, Topography, p. 188).
    ${ }^{451}$ Narrow Wine Street, see 1662 list n. 119.
    ${ }^{452}$ [Narrow] Wine Street, Thomas Watkins, wife and apprentice in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 181). Narrow Wine Street, N side, No. 5, in 1660 leased to Thomas Watkins, cooper (Leech, Topography, p. 186).
    ${ }^{453}$ Narrow Wine Street, N side, No. 4, see 1662 list n. 116.

[^132]:    ${ }^{473}$ Broad Street, E side, Nos. 61-3, see 1662 list n. 327.
    ${ }^{474}$ Broad Street, E side, No. 59, see 1662 list n. 326.
    ${ }^{475}$ Broad Street, E side, probably No. 58, the White Hart, see 1662 list n. 325.
    ${ }^{476}$ Broad Street, E side, probably Nos. 56-7, later part of the White Lion, see 1662 list n. 324.
    ${ }^{477}$ Broad Street, E side, probably No. 56, later part of the White Lion, see 1662 list n. 323.
    ${ }^{478}$ Broad Street, E side, No. 53, see 1662 list n. 322.
    ${ }^{479}$ The Tennis Court was near to the Cyder House behind No. 51 Broad Street (Leech, Topography, p. 45).
    ${ }^{480}$ Possibly Broad Street, E side, No. 44, of John Jones, peruke maker, and George Kinton, tailor, in 1696 (Leech, Topography, p. 43).
    ${ }^{481}$ The hall of the Guild of Merchant Tailors behind Nos. 41-2 Broad Street (Leech, Topography, pp. 41-2).
    ${ }^{482}$ Broad Street, No. 43, in 1669 'the Lamb', now of John Baker (Leech, Topography, p. 42).
    ${ }^{483}$ Broad Street, E side, Nos. 41-2, in 1669 leased to Richard Stubbs, merchant (Leech, Topography, p. 41).
    ${ }^{484}$ Broad Street, E side, Nos. 39/40, see 1662 list n. 235.
    ${ }^{485}$ In 1662 list in the parish of St John (f. 28).
    ${ }^{486}$ In 1662 list in the parish of St John (f. 27v).

[^133]:    ${ }^{487}$ Christmas Street, E side, No. 24, see 1662 list n. 224.
    ${ }^{488}$ In 1662 list in the parish of $\operatorname{St~John~(f.~27v).~}$
    ${ }^{489}$ In 1662 list in the parish of St John (f. 27v).
    ${ }^{490}$ In 1662 list Margaret Dunning, in the parish of St John (f. 27v).
    ${ }^{491}$ In 1662 list in the parish of $\operatorname{St~John~(f.~27v).~}$
    ${ }^{492}$ In 1609 this was the garden now a bowling green, with a great lodge, now or late of Marie Langley (BA P.AS/D/F18). By 1714 it was the great lodge heretofore of Philip Langley, since of John Tyson, merchant, and now of Andrew Fitzherbert, gent. (BA P.AS/D/F25). The bowling green and adjacent houses are shown on Millerd's map of 1673 (Plate 2).

[^134]:    494 Pithay, W side, No. 7, in 1631 the house in the Pithay adjoining that of Thomas Prince, leased to Henry Elkington, weaver (BA P.AS/D/L/204).
    ${ }^{495}$ Pithay, W side, No. 14, in 1694 the tenement late of Richard Standfast, clerk (BA P.Xch/D/30/a); Richard Standfast was rector of Christ Church 1634-45 and 1660-1684d (Harlow, Religious ministry).
    ${ }^{496}$ Pithay, W side, No. 17, see 1662 list nn. 342-3.
    ${ }^{497}$ See above n. 26.
    ${ }^{498}$ In 1662 list Francis Gleed is named twice, first under Wine Street, then under Pithay, being assessed on 8 and 1 hearths respectively, (ff. 35 and 35 v ).

[^135]:    ${ }^{499}$ Robert Strange built an almshouse (known as Strange's or St John's) in St John's churchyard with 15 chambers in the late fifteenth century, which in 1740 was rebuilt at the bottom of Tower-Lane Steps (Account of hospitals etc, pp. 41-2).
    ${ }^{500}$ Possibly on the S side of Lower Park Row, where in 1694 the garden of John Cheshire glazier lay to the N of a house belonging to the parish of St Werburgh (BA P.StW/D/5 (e,i,m)).
    501 'Bartholomew Gifford' in the parish of St Augustine, in 1662 list (f. 38v).

[^136]:    ${ }^{502}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 39).
    ${ }^{503}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v).
    ${ }^{504}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 39).
    ${ }^{505}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v).
    ${ }^{506}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v).
    ${ }^{507}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v).
    ${ }^{508}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 39).
    ${ }^{509}$ The wife of a 'Mr Coranell Chamberlyn' was buried in the College 30 July 1668 (Sabin, St Augustine, p. 142).
    ${ }^{510}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 39).
    ${ }^{511}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 39).
    ${ }_{512}$ The Old Schoolhouse was possibly the predecessor of the house of the 18th century, on the W side of Lower College Green, leased to Thomas Maddocks house carpenter in 1718 (Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD). For the Cathedral Grammar School see n. 518.
    ${ }^{513}$ Samuel Crossman was vicar of St Nicholas 30 Dec.1667-1684d, 1st Prebendary 1667-83 and Dean of Bristol 1683-4 (Kirby, Diocese of Bristol, pp. 181-2; Harlow, Religious ministry).
    ${ }^{514}$ John Fitzherbert was assessed on 7 hearths in 1662 (94).
    ${ }^{515}$ Theophilis Quintin was 5th Prebendary 1665-83 (Kirby, Diocese of Bristol, p. 184).
    ${ }^{516}$ Lower College Green, Abbey House, formerly The Registrar's House, see 1662 list n. 385.

[^137]:    ${ }_{517}$ This George Williamson, son of the vicar of All Saints (see 1662 list n. 382), was master of Bristol Cathedral School and chapter clerk of the Cathedral from 1662 until his death in 1682 (Harlow, Religious ministry).
    518 The Deanery, College Green: see 1662 list n. 379.
    ${ }^{519}$ For Bishop see n. 308.
    ${ }^{520}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v).
    ${ }^{521}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v).

[^138]:    ${ }^{522}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v).
    ${ }_{523}$ Possibly Goodman Denham's house in the Parliamentary Survey of 1649, see 1662 list n. 387.
    ${ }^{524}$ John Massey was master of Queen Elizabeth Hospital, close to St Mark on College Green, 1662-85; until late 1662 he had been head of the school run by the Merchant Venturers. 30 boys were living in Queen Elizabeth Hospital in 1696 with the master and his family (Ralph and Williams, The inhabitants of Bristol, p. 47).
    ${ }^{525}$ In Lower College Green, see 1662 list n. 382.
    ${ }^{526}$ In 1668 Joan Hudson and Mary Masters (see next entry) were the two mistresses of the Red Maids Hospital, built in 1658 close to St Mark on College Green. 34 girls lived in the two houses in 1696 (Ralph and Williams, The inhabitants of Bristol, p. 47).
    ${ }^{527}$ In the parish of St Augustine, with 3 hearths, in 1662 list (f. 38v).
    ${ }^{528}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v).
    ${ }^{529}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v).
    ${ }^{530}$ Sheriff John Aldworth died 12th June 1668 (Beaven, Bristol lists, p. 224).
    ${ }^{531}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 39).
    ${ }^{532}$ Thomas Sparkes in the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 39).

[^139]:    ${ }^{533}$ Henry Bankes in the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v).
    ${ }^{534}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v).
    ${ }^{535}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v).
    ${ }^{536}$ In the parish of St Augustine in 1662 list (f. 38v). Taunton, an organbuilder, was married to John Locke's cousin Dorothy.
    ${ }_{537}$ Frogmore Street, W side, held by Rowland Skulke in 1662 list n. 392.
    ${ }^{538}$ Frogmore Street, W side, the tenement leased to William Hardy in 1660 (BA DC/E/40/18 lease 51555).
    ${ }^{539}$ Frogmore Street, W side: possibly the tenement held by Francis Lancaster in 1661 (BA DC/E/40/18 lease 51467).
    ${ }^{540}$ Frogmore Street, W side: possibly the tenement held by Samuel Davis, yeoman, in 1660 (BA DC/E/40/18 lease 51554).

[^140]:    ${ }^{541}$ Frogmore Street, W side, the Hatchet, in 1661 the 'roofelesse tenement', the property of the Dean and Chapter leased to William Pascall, pewterer, from 1675 leased, with a garden, to John Lloyd, brewer, of Bristol, 'lately erected and new built by Thomas Tippett late of the Same Citty Vintner deceased', between a tenement of Arthur Williams, labourer, and a stable of George Williamson (BA DC/E/1/2 f. 135; DC/E/1/3 ff. 76, 400).
    ${ }_{542}$ Adjacent to the Hatchet, see n. 512.
    ${ }^{543}$ Park Row, S side, see 1662 list n. 393
    ${ }^{544}$ Stoney Hill, No. 7, Richmond House, in 1649 described as being two gardens or orchards with two small banqueting houses within them, now in the occupation of Thomas Wells confectioner, rebuilt as a 'fair messuage' by Thomas Wells $c .1664$ (Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD).
    ${ }^{545}$ Park Row, N side, Nos. 8-13, see 1662 list n. 341.
    ${ }^{546}$ Park Row, N side, the rear part of Lunsford House, see 1662 list n. 359.
    ${ }^{547}$ Park Row, N side, No. 17, see 1662 list n. 358.
    ${ }_{548}$ Park Row, S side, the Red Lodge, purchased by Robert Henley in 1690 (BA 5535(23) a-b).

[^141]:    ${ }^{573}$ Probably the lodge on Stoney Hill, of Thomas Wells in 1662 list, by 1692 'converted into a fair messuage', now leased to John Hollister, linen draper (BA DC/E/40/57).
    ${ }^{574}$ Upper Maudlin Street, S side, immediately to the E of Johnny Ball Lane, in 1684 the garden house of Ralph Olliffe, vintner (for the location see Leech, SMH, pp. 73-4).

[^142]:    ${ }^{582}$ SR: Mrs Elizabeth Bishop is 2nd entry in Lewins Mead; see n. 308.
    ${ }^{533}$ SR: 13th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{584}$ SR: widow Hedges is 12 th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{535}$ SR: Dr Warren is 2nd entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{566}$ SR: 16th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{587}$ SR: 11 th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{588}$ SR: Goodman Abbott is 19th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{599}$ SR: 30th entry in Lewins Mead - but see below n. 639.
    ${ }^{590}$ SR: 22nd entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{591}$ SR: 20th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{592}$ SR: Goodwife Pope is 43 rd entry in Lewins Mead and Charles Horseman, 'cooper', is 42nd entry.
    ${ }^{593}$ SR: Mr Moore is 24th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{594}$ SR: Goodwife Blanch is 49th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{595}$ SR: Mr Sam Nicholas the master is 25 th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{596}$ SR: William Wall is 35th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{597}$ SR: 'tyler' is 36th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{598}$ SR: Edward Bray 'in the Fryers' is 4 lst entry in Lewins Mead.

[^143]:    ${ }^{622}$ SR: widow White is 9th entry in Maudlin Lane.
    ${ }^{623}$ SR: Mr John Eckley junr is 15th entry in Maudlin Lane.
    ${ }^{624}$ SR: 'John Pickerins tenement' is 4th entry in Maudlin Lane.
    ${ }^{625}$ SR: 11th entry in Silver Street/Bridewell Lane.
    ${ }^{626}$ SR: 92nd entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{627}$ SR: Goodwife Bowen is 14th entry in Silver Street/Bridewell Lane.
    ${ }^{628}$ SR: 16th entry in Silver Street/Bridewell Lane.
    ${ }^{629}$ SR: 4th entry in Silver Street/Bridewell Lane.
    ${ }^{630}$ SR: 6th entry in Silver Street/Bridewell Lane.
    ${ }^{631}$ SR: Edward Tipper is 91st entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{632}$ SR: 'where Richard King dwelt' is 89th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{633}$ SR: 87th entry in Lewins Mead.
    634 SR: 85th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{635}$ SR: Mrs Ball is 84th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{636}$ SR: Jane Terry is 82nd entry in Lewins Mead
    ${ }^{637}$ SR: Charles Ricketts is 83rd entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{638}$ SR: 80th entry in Lewins Mead.
    639 SR: 'pipemaker' is 81st entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{640}$ SR: Mrs Loope's tenement is 59th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{641}$ SR: Mrs Loope is 58th entry in Lewins Mead. In Lewins Mead in 1662M (87).
    ${ }^{642}$ SR: John Harris is 56th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{643}$ SR: 55th entry in Lewins Mead.

[^144]:    ${ }^{644}$ SR: 53rd entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{645}$ SR: Thomas Mannister is 58th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{646}$ SR: 52nd entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{647}$ SR: Richard Wall is 47th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{648}$ SR: Mr John Deighton is 34th entry in Lewins Mead. In Lewins Mead with 6 hearths in 1662 list ( $\mathbf{8 7}$ ).
    ${ }^{649}$ SR: Simon Oattly is 13 th entry in Silver Street/Bridewell Lane.
    ${ }^{650}$ Possibly Thomas North in 1662 list $(\mathbf{8 7})$ in Lewins Mead, then with four hearths, but see n. 626.
    ${ }^{651}$ In the parish of St Michael in 1662 list ( $\mathbf{9 1}$ ).
    ${ }^{652}$ SR: Richard Nunney is 4th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{653}$ The identifications of properties indicate that the walking order is here somewhat erratic.
    ${ }^{654}$ Lewins Mead, S side, probably No. 81, in 1650 to the W of Christopher Hampton, see 1662 list n. 311.
    655 SR: 5th entry in Lewins Mead. Lewins Mead, S side, Nos. 79-80, see 1662 list n. 311.
    ${ }^{656}$ SR: 6th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{657}$ SR: 7th entry in Lewins Mead. Lewins Mead, S side, No. 68, see 1662 list n. 317.
    ${ }^{658}$ SR: Mr Cullum is 57th entry in Lewins Mead. Robert Gulme, the civic swordbearer, died in 1667 (Beaven, Bristol lists, p. 239).
    ${ }^{659}$ SR: 8th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{660}$ SR: 9th entry in Lewins Mead.
    ${ }^{661}$ SR: Mr Martin 'the master' is 3rd entry in Lewins Mead.

[^145]:    ${ }^{689}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{690}$ Quaker missionary and pharmacist (Mortimer, Society of Friends in Bristol, p. 209).
    ${ }^{691}$ This and the next entry in the parish of St Philip in 1662 list ( $\mathbf{9 7}$ ).
    ${ }^{692}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{693}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{694}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).

[^146]:    ${ }^{695}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{696}$ Presumably meaning 'backward' i.e. at rear of property.
    ${ }^{697}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{698}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{699}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{700}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{701}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{702}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list ( $\mathbf{9 8}$ ).
    ${ }^{703}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (98).
    ${ }^{704}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list ( $\mathbf{9 8}$ ).

[^147]:    ${ }^{705}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{706}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{707}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{708}$ In the parish of St Philip in 1662 list (97).
    ${ }^{709}$ Ellbroad Street, N side, No. 18, in the parish of St Peter in 1662 list (64), in 1673 to the E of the messuage and tan house late of Jesse Noble, tanner, now new built (BA P.StN/Ch/l f. 15).
    710 The Weare, St Peter, Thomas Warren and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 187).
    ${ }^{711}$ The Weare, St Peter, Edward Noble, wife and child in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 187).
    ${ }_{712}$ The Weare, St Peter, William Champion and his wife in 1666 (Ralph, 'Poll tax', p. 187).

[^148]:    ${ }^{750}$ SR: Thomas Combes is 39th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{751}$ SR: 37th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{752}$ SR: 36th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{753}$ SR: William Davies is 7th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{754}$ SR: 35 th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{755}$ SR: 5th entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{756}$ SR: Rendall Price's tenements are 50th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{757}$ SR: John Ellery is 30th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{758}$ SR: 23rd entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{759}$ SR: 76th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{760}$ SR: 'John Smith in Rosemary Lane' is 24th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{761}$ SR: 28th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{762}$ SR: John Packer 'gardner' is 26th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{763}$ SR: 25th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{764}$ SR: 69th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{765}$ See n. 720.
    ${ }^{766}$ SR: 68th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{767}$ SR: 10th entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{768}$ SR: Mordecay Ward is 7th entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{769}$ This second list for Merchant Street is probably the W side, since it includes the almshouse of the Merchant Tailors (Leech, Town house, Selective Inventory on CD for further references).
    ${ }^{770}$ SR: 1st entry in Broadmead, but see also n. 752.
    ${ }^{771}$ SR: 62 nd entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{772}$ SR: Moses Jones is 77th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{773}$ SR: 8th entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{774}$ SR: William Winder is 61 st entry in area including Merchant St.

[^149]:    ${ }^{793}$ SR: 9th entry in the Barton.
    ${ }^{794}$ SR: Mr Hobson is 7 th entry in the Barton.
    ${ }^{795}$ SR: 12 th entry in the Barton.
    ${ }^{796}$ SR: 4th entry in the Barton.
    ${ }^{797}$ SR: Mrs Allin is 3rd entry in the Barton.
    ${ }^{798}$ SR: 5th entry in the Barton.
    ${ }^{799}$ SR: William Shatford 'at the Cock' is 42nd entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{800}$ SR: John Giles 64th entry in area including Merchant St.
    ${ }^{801}$ SR: Mrs Mary Meredith is 1st entry in the Barton.
    ${ }^{802}$ SR: 11 th entry in the Barton.
    ${ }^{803}$ SR: 12th entry in Churchyard.
    ${ }^{804}$ SR: 'brasyer' 43rd entry in Broadmead.
    805 SR: 13th entry in Churchyard.
    ${ }^{806}$ SR: 19th entry in Churchyard.
    807 SR: Goodman Patch is 9th entry in Churchyard.
    ${ }^{808}$ SR: 8th entry in Churchyard.
    ${ }^{809}$ SR: Mr Hunt is 3rd entry in Churchyard.
    ${ }^{810}$ SR: Mrs Prigg is 4th entry in Churchyard.
    811 SR: Goodman Calloway is 5th entry in Churchyard.
    812 SR: 6th entry in Churchyard.
    ${ }^{813}$ SR: Mrs Snow and tenants are 7th entry in Churchyard.

[^150]:    ${ }^{834}$ SR: Goodman Whitebreade is 6th entry in Purnell's Court, Horsefair.
    ${ }^{835}$ SR: 22nd entry in Horsefair.
    ${ }^{836}$ SR: Widow Hedges is 13th entry in Purnell's Court, Horsefair.
    ${ }^{837}$ Possibly the opposite side of the street to that listed above.
    838 SR: 2nd entry in King Street area.
    ${ }^{839}$ SR: 13th entry in King Street area.
    ${ }^{840}$ SR: 14th entry in King Street area.
    ${ }^{841}$ SR: 15th entry in King Street area.
    ${ }^{842}$ Possibly the opposite side of the street to that listed above.
    ${ }^{843}$ SR: Mrs Smith is 5th entry in Horsefair.
    ${ }^{844}$ SR: John Skreene is 30th entry in Horsefair.
    ${ }^{845}$ SR: 31st entry in Horsefair.
    ${ }^{846}$ SR: 32nd entry in Horsefair.
    ${ }^{847}$ SR: 4th entry in Purnell's Court, Horsefair.
    ${ }^{848}$ SR: 21st entry in Horsefair.
    $8^{849}$ SR: Morgan Easles is 20th entry in Horsefair.
    ${ }^{850}$ SR: Edward Bowles is 19th entry in Horsefair.
    ${ }^{851}$ SR: 16th entry in Horsefair.
    ${ }^{852}$ SR: John Phillips is 27th entry in Horsefair.
    ${ }^{853}$ SR: 7th entry in Horsefair.
    $8^{854}$ SR: 12th entry in Horsefair.
    ${ }^{855}$ SR: 6th entry in Horsefair.
    ${ }^{856}$ SR: 12th entry in Purnell's Court, Horsefair.
    ${ }^{857}$ SR: Goodwife Pullin is 11 th entry in Purnell's Court, Horsefair.

[^151]:    ${ }^{858}$ SR: 2nd entry in Croyden Court, Horsefair.
    859 SR: Widow Varsey is 1st entry in Croyden Court, Horsefair.
    ${ }^{860}$ SR: 6th entry in Croyden Court, Horsefair.
    861 SR: 5th entry in Croyden Court, Horsefair.
    862 SR: Ann Howell is 24th entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
    863 SR: 4th entry in Croyden Court, Horsefair.
    ${ }^{864}$ SR: widow Heale is 3rd entry in Croyden Court, Horsefair.
    865 SR: Robert Nichols is 4th entry in Horsefair.
    ${ }^{866}$ Probably John Paul minister (chaplain) of St James 1636-43 and 1645-62 (when he resigned as a nonconformist) and St Werburgh lecturer 1647-62 (Harlow, Religious ministry).
    ${ }^{867}$ SR: 5th entry in King Street area.
    ${ }^{868}$ SR: Thomas Olliffe is 1st entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
    ${ }^{869}$ SR: Walter Harvey 'at the Bell' is 10th entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
    870 SR: Hannibal Garlick is 11 th entry in Horsefair.
    871 SR: 9th entry in Silver Street/Bridewell Lane.
    $8^{872}$ SR: 10th entry in Purnell's Court, Horsefair.
    ${ }^{873}$ SR: 31st entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
    ${ }^{874}$ SR: 6th entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
    ${ }^{875}$ SR: Mr Purnell is 30th entry in St James Back/New Buildings. Robert Purnell (d. 1666) was a carpetweaver and Broadmead Baptist elder, who published several religious works (Hayden, Records of a church of Christ, pp. 19-27; Harlow, Religious ministry).
    ${ }^{876}$ In 1654 the Corporation granted a plot on St James Back to build a free school for poor children with a dwelling for the master, under the will of Alice Cole (Latimer, The annals of Bristol, p. 256). See also n. 725.
    ${ }^{877}$ SR: widow Dowle is 27th entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
    ${ }^{878}$ SR: 2nd entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
    ${ }^{879}$ SR: widow Roabes is 3rd entry in St James Back/New Buildings.
    880 SR: Price's tenement is 27th entry in St James Back/New Buildings
    ${ }^{881}$ See n. 836. This may refer to otherwise unnamed tenants within 'Mrs Purnell's Courte', off Horsefair.
    $8^{882}$ SR: 14th entry in St James Back/New Buildings.

[^152]:    ${ }^{937}$ SR: Henry Randall is 13 th entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{938}$ SR: William Jones is 12 th entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{939}$ SR: widow Hickman is 11 th entry in Broadmead.
    940 SR: 80th entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{941}$ SR: 3rd entry in Broadmead.
    942 SR: 20th entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{943}$ SR: 6th entry in Broadmead.
    944 SR: 9th entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{945}$ SR: 'schoolemaster' is 16 th entry in Broadmead. John Harris was master by 1673 (until 1685) of one of the two free schools established in trusts by Alice Cole and William Pennoyer in 1654 and 1670 operating in St James and St Leonard respectively: see also n. 666.
    ${ }^{946}$ SR: Francis Paine is 18th entry in Broadmead.
    947 SR: Mr Baugh is 19th entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{948}$ SR: 21 st entry in Broadmead. William Rogers was a prominent Quaker merchant, and later critic of Fox's leadership of the movement (Mortimer, Society of Friends in Bristol, pp. 213-14).
    949 SR: 23rd entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{950}$ SR: Capt. Grigg is 24th entry in Broadmead.
    951 SR: 55th entry in Broadmead. Broadmead, S side, No. 55, by 1730 this was the tenement with a skinner's yard and slip to the River Frome, formerly of John Bilbye, by 1783 for many years past occupied by Thomas Perrin currier (at No. 55 Broadmead in 1775) (BA 3232(1-45)).
    ${ }^{952}$ SR: Capt. Messenger is 56th entry in Broadmead.
    953 SR: Henry Medy is 57th entry in Broadmead.
    954 SR: 58th entry in Broadmead.
    955 SR: 59th entry in Broadmead.
    ${ }^{956}$ SR: 10th entry in Churchyard/Barton.
    957 SR: 63rd entry in Broadmead.
    958 SR: 64th entry in Broadmead.

[^153]:    Topographical notes relating to the entries for this ward can be found on IRNs 161-8 for list 3 earlier in this edition.
    2 Following three bracketed entries have Jno Warren l[andlor]d written in left hand margin.
    3 Following six bracketed entries have widow Moore l[andla]dy written in left hand margin.

[^154]:    ${ }^{4}$ Smith \& Watkins bracketed separately from Haines and White.
    5 Presumably the back part of the building.
    ${ }^{6}$ Could be read as Seede.
    ${ }^{7}$ Following four entries bracketed with $1[$ andlor $]$ d written against Mrs Wright.

[^155]:    ${ }^{16}$ Thomas and Lewis bracketed with Mr Turner l[andlor]d
    ${ }^{17}$ Pritchard \& Ward bracketed separately from Edith and Good
    18 Sic.

[^156]:    ${ }^{19}$ Following two entries bracketed together with Wm Balwell as I [andlor]d.
    ${ }^{20}$ Henry is written over an unknown name

[^157]:    ${ }^{1}$ Could be figure 1 outside the bracket. The 7 hearths appear to be omitted from the given total of 314.

[^158]:    1 The information given here is drawn from numerous sources, but the most important are: A. B. Beaven, Bristol lists. Municipal and miscellaneous (Bristol, 1899); J. Latimer, The annals of Bristol in the seventeenth century (Bristol, 1900), esp. pp. 498-9; Marriage bonds for the Diocese of Bristol vol. 1 1637-1700, ed. E. Ralph (Bristol and Gloucestershire Archaeological Society Records Section, 1, 1952); Records relating to the Society of Merchant Venturers of the city of Bristol in the seventeenth century, ed. P. McGrath (Bristol Record Society, 17, 1951); Merchants and merchandise in seventeenth-century Bristol, ed. P. McGrath (Bristol Record Society, 19, 1955); P. McGrath, The Merchant Venturers of Bristol (Bristol, 1975); E. and S. George, Guide to the probate inventories of the Bristol Deanery of the Diocese of Bristol (1542-1804) (Bristol Record Society and Bristol and Gloucestershire Archaeological Society, 1988); The visitation of Somerset and the city of Bristol 1672, ed. G.D. Squibb (Harleian Society N.S. 11, 1992), esp. pp. 25-40; the Bristol Burgess Books (transcribed and indexed by Bristol and Avon Family History Society, 2004); the online catalogue of the Bristol Record Office http://archives.bristol.gov.uk/) and the PCC wills and inventories for Bristol, searchable via Discovery (discovery.nationalarchives.gov.uk/).

[^159]:    ${ }^{1}$ See Introduction part 1, section d) for a full discussion of dating issues: I have used the abbreviations 1662 M , CB2, 1668, 1670M and 1673L here for the five lists in the Chimney Book.
    ${ }^{2}$ B. Little, The city and county of Bristol (London, 1954), pp. 325-8 was the first systematic modern effort using the hearth tax, but he misunderstood the ' $1671-2$ ' returns as being by parish not ward (and so having 5 missing parishes), so estimated 4,000 houses (to allow for the missing parts), then multiplied implausibly by 6.5, producing an inflated estimate of 25-27,000: he was also unaware of the 1696 data.
    3 D.H. Sacks, Trade, society and politics in Bristol 1500-1640 (New York and London, 1985), pp. 214-54.

[^160]:    ${ }^{4}$ P. Slack, 'The local incidence of epidemic disease: the case of Bristol 1540-1650', in The plague reconsidered (Local Population Studies supplement, Matlock, 1977), pp. 51-4, 58; id., The impact of plague in Tudor and Stuart England (Oxford, 1985), pp. 119-21.
    ${ }^{5}$ This was also a peak period for emigration of young people, especially male indentured servants, to the Americas, with Bristol a major port for the trade in people from across the west of England, with an average of 408 servants p.a. leaving 1655-78: see J. Horn, 'Servant emigration to the Chesapeake in the seventeenth century', in The Chesapeake in the seventeenth century, ed. T.W. Tate and D.L. Ammerman (Chapel Hill, 1979), pp. 51-95; D. H. Sacks, The widening gate (Berkeley, 1991), pp. 278-88. Most of these were not Bristolians, but it must have had a considerable effect on the city's age and gender structure, and probably slowed population growth.
    ${ }^{6}$ See Introduction part 1, n. 92.

[^161]:    11 T. Arkell, 'A method for estimating population totals from the Compton census returns', in Surveying the people, ed. K. Schurer and T. Arkell (Local Population Studies Supplement, Oxford, 1992), pp. 97-116; A. Whiteman, 'The Compton census of 1676', in ibid., pp. 78-96.
    12 The Compton census of 1676, ed. A. Whiteman (London, 1986), pp. 547-51.

[^162]:    ${ }^{16}$ K. Schurer, 'Variations in household structure in the late seventeenth century', in Schurer and Arkell, Surveying, pp. 259, 266-78.
    17 Sacks, Trade, pp. 205, 238-40, 252-4; Sacks, Widening gate, pp. 353-7.
    18 T. Arkell, 'Multiplying factors for examining population totals from the hearth tax', Local Population Studies, 28 (1982), pp. 51-7; id., 'Method'; id., T. Arkell, 'An examination of the poll taxes of the later seventeenth century, the Marriage Duty Act and Gregory King', in Schurer and Arkell, Surveying, pp. 142-80; Schurer, 'Variations', p. 259; Hearth tax collectors' book for Worcester 1678-1680, ed. C.A.F. Meekings et al. (Worcestershire Historical Society, N.S. 11, 1983), pp. 32-8.

[^163]:    Spencer's Almshouse formerly Trinity in Lewin's Mead

[^164]:    ${ }^{4}$ Quakers Fryers

[^165]:    * Entry totals include those in the not known ( $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{k}$ ) column where the hearth number is unknown

[^166]:    * Entry totals include those in the not known $(\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{k})$ column where the hearth number is unknown

[^167]:    A = wards in order of hearths recorded in $1670(\mathrm{col} . \mathrm{L})$ largest first $\quad \mathrm{B}=$ all chargeable hearths in $1664 \quad \mathrm{C}=$ percentage of total number
    $\mathrm{D}=$ total entry number in 1668 list $\quad \mathrm{E}=$ percentage of total in $1668 \quad \mathrm{~F}=$ total hearth number in 1668
    $G=$ percentage of total hearth number $\quad H=$ total entry number in $1670 \quad \mathrm{~L}=$ percentage of total encis 1670
    $\mathrm{M}=$ percentage of total hearth number $\quad \mathrm{N}=$ all chargeable hearths in $1670 \quad \mathrm{O}=$ percentage of chargeable hearths $\mathrm{P}=$ number of chargeable hearths in $1672 \quad \mathrm{Q}=$ percentage of chargeable hearths in 1672 *As the introduction explains, a subtantial part of St James ward was omitted in the 1662-5 returns

[^168]:    Key
    $\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{p}$
    A = parish listed with highest proportion of 1- and 2-hearths entries first (column F)

    * St Michael's data includes 5 garden houses with 1 and 6 with 2 hearths. Part of St James parish is not covered (see Introduction)
    ** 1668 data excludes blank entries (193 in all, 17 in Castle ward)

[^169]:    $\mathrm{B}=$ mean hearths per entry for all hearths in 1670 M (lowest ranked first) $\quad \mathrm{H}=$ median no. of hearths per entry for chargeable hearths in 1670 M score if median is on boundary)
    $\mathrm{D}=$ mean hearths per entry for chargeable hearths in 1670 M (lowest ranked first) $\mathrm{J}=\%$ of 1670 M entries not chargeable (highest ranked first)
    $\mathrm{E}=$ mean hearths per entry for chargeable hearths (capped at 8) in $1670 \mathrm{M} \quad \mathrm{K}=\%$ of 1670 M hearths not chargeable (highest ranked first)
    (lowest ranked first) $\quad \mathrm{L}=\%$ of 1668 entries with 1 or 2 hearths (highest ranked first)
    $\mathrm{F}=$ mean hearths per entry for not chargeable hearths in $1670 \mathrm{M} \quad \mathrm{M}=\%$ of 1668 hearths in entries with 1 or 2 hearths (highest ranked first)
    $\mathrm{N}=$ mean hearths per entry in 1668 (lowest ranked first)

[^170]:    1 This section is arranged so as to mirror the sequence of records set out in the City and County of Bristol Guide to the Bristol Archives Office by Elizabeth Ralph (Bristol Corporation, 1971). Where appropriate, identifications of record classes have been made from the notes on the card index in the Bristol Archives Office.

[^171]:    2 See E. Ralph, Guide to Bristol Archives Office, p. 90.

