# COLOR 

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Several people have written and called asking why I've put 50 much emphasis on 059 since it isn't a real product. There are a few things I've been aware of for quite some time now that I wasn't able to devulge. But the time has come to spread the word. The major reason for trying to make you aware of 059 is because Radio Shack has chosen it as a viable alternative to their Disk Basic. The announcement hasn't been made yet so I may be wrong by a few days but starting about November 1 OS9 will be available at your neighborhood Radio Shack store! I wouldn't be surprised if you also see Radio Shack marketing some "high-power" languages such as C and Pascal.

As long as I'm on the subject of rumors I may as well update you on what the grapevine has been saying lately, The long rumored sox 24 display appears to be a new chip under developement by Motorola that is capable of switching between the normal output and a composite video output. The rumors further state that this new chip will go inside the case, therefore the speculation by some folks that the rumored expansion box is required for the new display card appear to be false. This isn't to say that the expansion box is an unreality, just that it won't be required for the $80 \times 24$ video card, Other sources think that the new chip will offer higher resolution and 16 colors, I'll personally be surprised if it includes higher resolution but more colors are a possibility. If that's true we can also expect some new ROMs at about the same time. It's also been rumored that there is a new Color Computer in developement. My personal speculation, and that's all it is, is that with all of these options that are rumored to be soon available the new Color Computer will be hard to tell from the outside. More accurately, I think the TDP-100 was what all the rumors were really about. I doubt that the TDP- 100 will ever really fly when you compare projected prices against other computers like the Vic-20 and Atari 400 and since they are planning to market them in the same places I think department store computer shoppers will go for whatever is cheapest, but I've been wrong before, I don't seriously believe that Tandy feels that the TDP-100 will do all that well either.

There are some other reasons for my enthusiasm about 0S9. I discovered the first when I went shopping for another computer and selected the GIMIX. We ran some tests here related mainly to speed. The first consisted of a three line program in BASIC that is a pretty good indication of the speed of the particular BASIC in
question. On a TRS-80 Model III the program executed in just over 2 minutes, on the Color Computer after typing POKE 65495,0 it finished in about a minute and 30 seconds and on the GIMIX under Easic09 it ran in 45 seconds, Keep in mind that both the Color Computer and the Model III use memory mapped video, which is notoriously fast, and the GIMIX was using a terminal at 9600 baud, which when compared to memory mapped video should have been very slow.

When is a computer clut not a computer club? When it's sole purpose is to fill the pockets of a few people, Think about it.

When you talk about software piracy what comes to your mind? Club members swapping the lastest game, local computer stores selling copies of programs that they have no authorization to copy, someone developing and selling a program similar to one available elsewhere for the same computer or someone developing and marketing a program similar to one available only on other computers? Depending on who you ask you'll get different answers to each of the options listed above. Is it time we decided formally what is and what isn't piracy or should we all continue to live with our own set of standards believing that we are the only one thats right? I have a responsiblity first to my readers and second to my advertiser's (I know other publishers have it the other way around) to determine an "official definition" as it relates to CCN.

Have you played with any of the other "new" Radio Shack computers? I resently checked out the Model 16 and the PC-2 and came away rather surprised. The PC-2 is a rather slick little computer but the Model 16 was a complete shock. The 16 boots up in its 2-80 mode and after what seemed like 5 minutes it finally lets the 68000 take over. It seems rather strange to me to allow all that power to be controlled by a 2 - 80 . The PC-2 appears to have a 6805 in it and I was surprised at the power of the BASIC language it contains, Their preliminary manuals are fairly good considering. I'm looking forward to seeing their programmer's guide which at the time of this writting is overdue. My use for the $\mathrm{PC}-2$ is primarily in flight navigation and the thing fits well inside a small plane. I've seen 2 that were attached to the yoke of the plane permanently.

We've received a few entries for the 6809 Award ranging from applications on the Color Computer to new computers and remote data entry systems. We should have the awards themselves in house soon and you can expect to see the first award given with the January issue,

# Turn your color computer on to the power of FLEX and OS.9 

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A true native code compller which produces assembly language mnemonics. For FLEX,

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A comprehensive implementation of PASCAL, it has ability to generate eithar highly optimized assembly language source code or P-code for interpretive execution while debugging.

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processing system. This system ls eurserprocessing system. This system is eur
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For 6809 FLEX and OS-9.

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Post processor for FLEX.

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CPM's (CPU Modulem)
05-9 139.95
OS-9 \$200.00
os-9 \$35.00
Source or binary for the following; 6800 5801, 680s, 6502, 1802, 280, and z8. 0s-9 includes 6809 bimary.
Will cross assemble source code inta object code. (runs on 6809 systems.)
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OS-9/FLEX MACRO ASSEMELER: A Fast and versatile macro assembler with ability to define macros, with substantial parameters, conditional assembly directives and ability to change value of a label or symbol. Create 0s-9 change value of a label or symbol. C
binary files in FLEX and vice versa! binary files in FLEX and vice
Written for s809 OS-9 or FLEX

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Both written for FLEX, UniFLEX and 0s-9.

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| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | UniFLEX | $\$ 80.00$ |
|  | $05-9$ | $\$ 85.00$ |

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6800/1, 6502, 6805, 8080/5 and 280: For use with the TEC nssembiar.

A maero text file.
OSM - OS-9/FLEX MACRO ASSEMELER $\$ 125.00$

For FLEX or 0s-9, Create FLEX or 05-9 binary files from either FLEX or OS-9. OSM is a MACRO assembler like CRASME. It is simular to TSC's Assembler, but it has more powerful macros. OSM makes it easy to move FLEX programs to OS9. In 05-9 it gives MACRO eapability like TSC's assembler and is compatible with TSC TSC's assembler and is compatible with TSC
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Written in assembler for 6800 or 6809 FLEX
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A full-disk sort/merge which allows the contents of any size file to be sorted, including rancom files.
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## Requires a PIA

Will read TRS-80 Level II BASIC tapes and convert programs to TSC BASIC.
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This package substantially extends the screen input/output capabilities by providing a table imput/output capabilities by providing a table driven method of
screen displays.
creen displays.

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w/source $\$ 59.95$
An enhanced game of Eliza in fast machine language. Artificial intelligence in pure $68 x \times$ ade.
Hritten in assembler for 6800 or 6809 FLEX
M

NEW for 0s-9!!
DISK/EDIT:
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Examine and modify 0S-9 DISKS with this screen oriented editor.
Written for 0s-9.

## THE

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## Dear CCN,

A note to any Color Computer owners who are interested in obtaining a new game, Radio Shack will be introducing a new game soon entitled "Klendathu". This program is based on the book "Starship Troopers" by Robert A. Heinlein. The author is Mr, Leo Christopherson (of the Dancing Demon and Voyage of the Valkyre fame), a friend of mine. I have seen it first hand many times and it is great! I highly recommend it. It is my understanding that it will be introduced at the next national computer fair in New York. Sincerely,
Steve Skrzyniorz
Tacoma, WA
Dear Sirs:
Mr. Robert Albrecht mentioned your publication in his book, TRS-80 Color BASIC.

I ask that in your next issue you ask your readers if they would please help me out, I am going to buy a printer to go with my Color Computer, and would appreciate it if any of your subscribers who own either an Epson MX-80 with Graftrax Plus or a Prowriter printer to please send me a note addressing the following questions:

1. Why did they choose the Epson or Prowriter over any other printer?
2. How long have they had their printer, and about how much did they pay for it?
3. What special hardware did they have to buy to hook up their Epson or Frowriter printer to their Color Computer? How easy or difficult was it to connect.?
4. How dependable mechanically is the printer they selected? How fast and how good is the repair service? Do the companies stand behind their guaranties?
5. Does the printer do all the things either company and their advertisements claim they do? What limitations have they discovered about their printer?
6. Any complaints about their printer or repair service?
I realize this is asking alot, but I believe your readers are people who would willingly help a fellow Color Computer owner by supporting him with information about their experiences in purchasing a printer, Thank you and your readers for your help. Sincerely yours, William T, Grace
St. Joseph, MI

Dear CCN,
In your artical by Frank Hogg about 32k For Free in the February ' 82 issue No. 6 of CCN, he described the upgrade kit.

I have a 32 K Color Computer stock and by any chance can I have access to the extra 32 K , or must I have a 32K RAM upgrade kit to do this. If it can be done please tell me how.

Maybe the number on the RAMs may tell me something. Please can you give me some help.

And another thing can 32K RAMs or 16K
RAMs be piggybacked in the computer?
Disturbed Color Computer User
Carl Slaughter
Wood River, Ill

* If you bought your 32K from Radio Shack all that's left is to make the modification. You can piggy-back 16K chips to transform the computer into 32K (CCN issue \#3),

OK, here's another suggestion for some of you smart programmers out there. I ran across a program called "Painted Lace" in the Radio Shack book "Going Ahead With Extended Color BASIC". The program makes an interesting optical illustion when it's dumped to my line printer VII. I'd like to see a number of such program published in your magazine. Of course, fancy colors are fine but you might keep in mind that most of us will be using a monochrome printer. This is only one of the many fascinating aspects of the great Color Computer.
This prints out in PMODE 4,1, using the Radio Shack screen print routine which is catalog number 26-3021. The listing is on page 167 of the Extended BASIC Manual, Change line 5 to PMODE 4,1
R. Dennis Alexander

Greencastle, PA 17225

## Dear Bill:

Congratulations to you on the best information available on the Color Computer. I have been attempting to unlock the mysteries of assembly Language programming (ALP); I have read Levanthal's 6809 Assembly Lanquage Programming and Staugaard's 6809 Mjcrocomputer Programming and Interfacing with Experiments: Both are very good, and have given me a rudimentary understanding of 6809 ALP. However, I need something to bridge this understanding with applications specific for the

CoCo．I fail to comprehend how the VDG and SAM are set up to output to the screen．The articles by Rosenbaum（CoCo news \＃2）and Peterson（CoCo News \＃10）are somewhat helpful，but don＇t explain fundamental concepts．Can you suggest additional references，or would someone be willing to write a series of articles on ALP for the CoCo（like Bardens＇s articles in＂TRS－80 Mocrocomputing News＂）？
Sincerely，
Mark Lichtenwalner
Hatboro，PA
＊Don Inman and his son Kurt have written a Color Computer Assembly Language programming book which is available from Reston Publishing， 11480 Sunset Hills Blvd，Reston VA 22090，Be sure to check the chapter with the Ward Processor．

## Dear Bill：

Every new CCN issue brings a utility program I can＇t wait to type in on my 80c．Your last issue（no date）has a very practical utility on PP7 by Steve Hartford of Glendale，CA for changing HEX\＃to DEC\＃，I certainly thank him for submitting this simple and very effective conversion method，I am less than a novice at the art of programming but I enjoy trying and like to make program modifications within my capabilities，I merged the DEC\＃to HEX\＃program from the 80 C R．／S manual with Steve＇s program and submit this for any potential CCN reader interest．I have this program on disk，type in RUN＂HEX then select either program（1），（2）or（ 1，that will remain on the screen for the selected program until a select number is entered，I have done nothing more than dress up two effective programs．

I am using a 16 K E／B 80C that I upgraded with a Computerware $16 \mathrm{~K}+$ board and a R／S 1.1 ROM 8 bit driver．I recently upgraded my MX80 printer with a 2 K serial interface，Model 814.5 ， This really turns back the 80 C ，long before the printer is through printing．In addition，I experimented with higher 80C baud rates to the printer．The 80 C standard baud rate at location 150 is 600，DEC，value 87．POKE 150,41 for 1200 baud and POKE 150，18 for 2400 baud．Being curious，I toggled the MX80 interface for it＇s max of 9600 baud then I set forth to find a matching 80 C output．I believed it to be a low number，not knowing a better way to find it I POKEd 150，0．I did get a little action，the printer moved one line for the program I had in memory．I then POKEd

150，1，Like magic the printer obeyed every 80 C command．I will have to assume that on my second try I entered the right POKE number otherwise the printer would fail to respond，My 80C will not respond to the speed－up POKE 65495，0 but the 9600 baud rate to my printer certainly makes up the difference in efficient hardware application， 10＇＊DEC／HEX＊OR＊HEX／DEC＊ CONVERSIONS 8／24／82
20 CLS：PRINT＠36＊＂SELECT＊（）DEC（2）HEX＂
30 PRINT（99\％，＂DECIMAL TO HEX CONVERSION＂
40 PRINT＠196：INPUT＂DECIMAL＂；DEC
50 PRINT ©296，＂HEX VAL IS＂HEX $\$(\mathrm{DEC})$
60 PRINT＠418，＂PRESS（）〈ENTER〉TO CONTINUE＂

80 CLS：PRINT 036 ，＂SELECT＊（ ）HEX（1）DEC
90 PRINTG99，＂HEX TD DECIMAL CONVERSION＂
100 PRINT＊196：LINE INPUT＂TYPE IN HEX\＃ ＂；A
$110 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{KH} \mathrm{H}^{2}+\mathrm{A}$
120 PRINT＠295，＂DEC\＃IS＂\％VAL（A ）
130 PRINT＠148，＂PRESS（）くENTER〉TO CONTINUE＂
140 LINE INPUT B $\ddagger$ ：IF 日 $\$=" 1$＂THEN 20 ELSE 80
Sincerely，
George E．Kelment
Grandview，MO

Dear Bill：
The August CCN arrived just in the nick of time for me，I had just returned my RS LPVII （haven＇t gotten the refund yet），and I had gotten a printer cable from RS for the Microline 82A Oki． When the Oki arrived，I learned they had sold me the＂wrong＂cable－－4 pin DIN to DB 25，but female，With the help of a very nice technician from Team Electronics，（where they sell Fruits and a Tar Ray，but know what they＇re doing，are nice \＆close to my house）I tried to cobble up a cable，

It didn＇t wark－－but the August CCN had just arrived with the wonderful article by Kermit Wagoner on how to hook up your Oki to your CoCo． I think I＇m gonna write him a personal thanks．I would have been totally lost without his article． The info may be＂all there＂in the Oki user＇s manual，but it＇s 50 scattered－and the diagrams are so poor－that it makes little sense to a novice without something like Wagoner＇s help． With his help，my Oki is up and running，looking sturdy and fine．


|  |  |  | Here are just a few of our fine offers . . . |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

People who want to configure a cable and don't mind spending $\$ 20$ and still having to do some work could get RS 26-3014, which is 4 pin DIN to DB25 (male), do not let them sell you 26-1494, which is 4-pin to DB 25 (female). I actually wanted 26-3020, but since I never got it, and 3014 is working ok with Wagoner's pin to pin changes, 3014 (also $\$ 19.95$ ) seems ok.

When I took the case off the DB 25 I thought "I will save myself some work which I don't really know how to do anyway with a quick call to Fort Worth to ask them which pin from the 4-pin DIN each of the 4 colored wires (red, black, white, green) comes from." I thought. Unfortunately, they didn't know, then someone took some cable or other apart and told me "Pin 1 is yellow, pin 2 green, pin 3 red, and pin 4 white"" Unfortunately, I had no yellow wire, and hence doubted all their color code info. It turned out that on my cable, pin 1 was black, 2 green, 3 red and 4 white, So I suppose it was sort of useful, although an expensive phone call. Maybe this info will be useful to others who have as little electrical know-how as I do.

I'd like to suggest you have more hardware configuration articles about non-RS equipment. I think it is sort of shameful that you can get better service and help from another store which doesn't even carry your equipment, and which you didn't buy it from, From what I can see, getting printers running--and understanding their control codes well enough to make them useful--is a pretty big problem for many new users. I would be interested in seeing some "print graphics" programs, as well as some format and print experiences. I am very interested to know is anyone is using the digitizer with CoCo, and how it is working. I'd like to know if anyone is using Microfazer or any other printer buffer and how that has been working. Is anyone using a Daisywheel or Spinwriter, especially some of the cheaper models now on sale, such as Olivetti? If so, any configuration info would be most useful.

You mentioned you heard of a CoCo expansion board coming out. By now you may be having it reviewed. The producer of one, at least, is: George Associates, P.O. Box 960, Berkeley, CA 94701, (415) 843-3587.

They are putting out an expansion board that will use a $2-80$, and have 64 K RAM of its own. It will run CP, M (version 2.2), FLEX, PASCAL, and OS-9. CP/M and 05-9 will give CoCo users a very great variety of business applications programs, virtually none which will require more memory, The board will have two

RSC-232 ports, and optionally either a parallel port or an IEE 488 port, the latter mainly for running scientific or industrial equipment. It will be about the same size as CoCo, but flat and sturdy on top, and it is planned that it can sit behind CoCa, with the TV or other monitor on top of it. It will plug into the cartridge slot. It will have its own slot for a disc system, and will come with a disc controller which will run RS disk system, or Tandons, or whatever you want to configure, DS-DD. A hard disc port may be an option.

In effect, one will have two computers, since the expansion will run its own 64K. CoCo's 6809 E and memory will not be affected by the addition. For anyone who gets this board - in effect another computer to run in tandem - the silly terminology of TRS-80C will make sense, as it doesn't now, since CoCo does not have a z-80. The price I was quoted was about $\$ 1300$ with the options I wanted, Prototypes have been running for over a year in the George Labs, and the devices are expected to be ready for shipment in 60 days or 50.

George Associates has an excellent reputation among scientists. Al George was professor of engineering at Berkeley for many years; where he had a number of patents to his credit, and did a lot of ingenious things with instrumentation and running labs with computers. They are likely to produce sound and well-functioning equipment, which, however, might be light on documentation for those of $u s$ in need of all the help we can get.

I strongly recommend you have someone review the prototypes and perhaps CCN and its readers could have some input on the final design and its options.

The principal question for me is whether I should spend this much for an expansion board and disk set, for serious applications, or step up to a bigger system. I think this will be the question most people who might be in the "expansion" market will have. I'd like to know if "any" 2.2 CP/M software really will run on it without trouble - for instance, Perfect Writer or Wordstar, some form of Visicalc, some time/cost accounting, and also whether you can hook it to a "real" monitor with an 80 character line without a lot of voltage problems.

Well, this experiment in printing on my new Oki draws to a close, I wonder how TOF will work with this word processor (Nelson's Software Rompak). Ah, let's see. One of your advertisers, Micro-Technical Products, has a CLC card which "just plugs in". I am very interested in this,
although terrified to take the computer apart and void my extended warranty, aside from feeling I probably could not put it back together again. I'd like to see an article from "A klutz who put one in" and how it worked, Not the terrifying Mr. McClenahan ("Be especially cartful in making those cuts, as ;ou'll have to cut away part of the printed circuit, "' indeed.

An excellent issue, an excellent magazine, Keep up the good work. How about an article/review from you on the Gimix? This would be the logical step up for someone who is starting to learn assembly on CoCo.
Sincerely,
Paula Giese
Minneapolis, MN

* There is a moral to this story, never believe wire colors. I've seen some perliminary data on the George \& Associates Expansion board and the item looks very good. If you have an application for such a thing it could be a real bargain at most any price, As to reviewing the Gimix I'll be doing just that including reviewing business software I've purchased to run on it.


## Dear Bill:

Many people with a graphics capable printer have bought the Radio Shack Screen Print program, and have found it quite satisfactory, But then, when they buy a disk system, or upgrade to 32 K , or use edit, they find that Screen Print has its shortcomings. It can't be offset loaded for 32 K , causes ?IE ERRORs and crashes when you use load files from disk, and is incompatible with edit. In this letter, I will show you how to fix all these problems. The modifications are compatible with Basic 1.0 and 1.1.

Power up the computer. If you have 32 K , do a CLEAR 200,\&H7D7F, If you have 16K, CLEAR 200,\&H3D7F,

Now load in the Screen Print program normally, DO NOT EXEC it! If you have a disk system, do the following POKEs to fix most of the ?IE ERROR problems. (You may still get them, but there will be no more endless loops of OK's)
FOR DISK SYSTEM:
POKE \&H3D9D,\&HC5
FOKE \&H3D9E,\&H8F
POKE \&H3F65,\&HCB
POKE \&H3F66, ©H4A
To change the key sequence that starts the screen dump, choose a keyboard character x ,
then do ?ASC("x"), POKE the value you get into location \&H3DA5. In your new Screen Print, pressing the key(s) that give $x$ will start a screen dump instead of shift-up arrow. For instance, POKE \&H3DA5,91 will change it to shift-down arrow,

If you have 32 K , type in and RUN this short program that will place a working copy of Screen Print at the top of 32K RAM:
FOR 32K SYSTEM:
10 FOR N=\&H3D80 TO \&H3FFF
$20 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{PEEK}(\mathrm{N})$
30 IF $\mathrm{P}=\& \mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~F}$ THEN $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{\&} \mathrm{H} 7 \mathrm{~F}$
40 IF $P=\$ H 3 E$ THEN $P=\& H 7 E$
50 IF $\mathrm{P}=8 \mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{D}$ THEN $\mathrm{P}=\& \mathrm{H} 7 \mathrm{D}$
60 POKE $\mathrm{N}+\& \mathrm{H}_{4} 4000$, P
70 NEXT
Now save the new version according to the following lines:
16K system:
TAPE: CSAVEM "SCRPRT", \&H3D80, \&H3FFF, \&H3D80

DISK: SAVEM "SCRPRT", \&H3D80, \&H3FFF, \&H3D60
32K system:
TAPE: CSAVEM "SCRPRT", \&H7D80, \&H7FFF, \&H7D80

DISK: SAVEM "SCRPRT", \&H7D80, \&H7FFF, \&H7D80

That's all there is to it. Remember to clear the correct amount every time before you LOAD and EXEC Screen Print, or the system will lock up.

If you have 32 K , add $\& \mathrm{H} 4000$ to the special addresses given in the Screen Print manual (for EXECs, inverse, etc.)

Contrary to the manual, you can also print PMODE 3 screens. (You cannot do PMODE1 screens, however.) Once you see the PMODE 3 screen you want, press BREAK, type PMODE4 <ENTER>, and start the printing with the special key sequence, Blue and yellow (or cyan \& magenta) areas will appear as vertical lines.

I hope this information helps those users frustrated by the inflexibility of Screen Print. Alexander Benenson
New York, NY
Gentlemen:
Attached enclosed is my application and a check to cover a one year subscription to COLOR COMPUTER NEWS. I have been buying the single issues at a local computer store and have enjoyed them very much. Keep up the good work.

Now to some serious business, I bought my CC in June of this year, (16K Extended Color BASIC), and in July, had it modified with the 64K Upgrade Kit. When this was completed, the Company who did it had no basic information as to how to use the additional 32 K . They suggested that I write to you for information that they said was in some of your past issues. I am a virtual beginner in the computer field and do not always understand everything, so any assistance you can lend would be greatly appreciated.
MODIFICATION DONE BY:
LEVEL IV PRODUCTS
32429 Schoolcraft Road
Livonia, Michigan 49150
Sincerely,
James R, Jeffery
Sterling Hgts, MI

* I suggest you refer to any issue of CCN after February 1982.

Dear CCN,
First off I'd like to say that I really enjoy your magazine. It's the only place that I find that I can learn more about my Color Computer. It amazes me that Radio Shack knows so little about their systems, I have called them a few times whenever I wanted to find out something about my system. As it turned out it was usually a waste of time and a phone call. It seems that I always have to go elsewhere to find the answers to my questions, You would think that if someone had something to sell that they would want to know as much about their product as possible, that doesn't seem to be the case with Radio Shack. Oh well enough gripping and down to business. I would like to know if you guys could answer a question for me. I would like to come up with a way to convert programs for my CC to Model III, My buddy has a Model III and I would
like to exchange some programs with him. Even if we could just come up with a way to get them to just load from tape and we could do the editing to make them run. I would appreciate any help you folks could come up with, even if you could let me know of some place else that I could send to for a special program or whatever.
Sincerely,
Robert Hottel
Big Run, FA

## * Spectral Associates has a program that will load Model I/III tapes into a Color Computer but not the other way around, Your best bet is to use RS-232 to transfer the programs between the two systems, Spectral Associates is located at 141 Harvard, Tacoma, WA 9846

Dear Bill,
I just received my second issue of CC News and am enjoying it very much. I am amazed at the versitility of the CoCo\& at the software available, I purchased the little wonder to demod CW and RTTY and with a couple of easily built interfaces and some incredible software by Clay Abrams (KGAEP). The CC is living up to my wildest expectations. If any of your readers have developed any contest programs (ie, dupe and score) for the "Sweepstakes" or other contests how about sharing with other Amateur CoCo users?
Keep up the good work. Thomas Perry (N7AOS)

[^1]| 00010600 | CURPTR | EQU \$88 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00020600 | CURCTR | EQU \$94 |
| 00030600 | SCREEN | EQU \$0400 |
| 00040600 | KSCREN | EQU \$0520 |
| 00050600 | PRINIT | EQU \#A30A |
| 00060600 | POLCAT | EQU \$A1Ci |
| 00070600 | CLS | EQU \$A910 |
| 00080600 | DOT | RMB 2 |
| 00090602 | BUFPOS | RMB 2 |
| 00100604 | BUFPTR | RME 2 |
| 00110606 | SCURSR | RMB 2 |
| 00120608 | RCURSR | RME 2 |
| 0013 060A | SBUFF | RME 1024 |
| OO14 OAOA | BUFEND | EQU |

[^2]MAILCALL

| 0015 | OAOA | BDA910 | START | JSR CLS | CLEAR SCREEN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0016 | OAOD | CC7D7D |  | LDD \#\$ 7 D7D |  |
| 0017 | OAIO | 8E0500 |  | LDX \#KSCREN-32 |  |
| 0018 | OA13 | ED81 | DRAWLN | STD , $\mathrm{X}++$ | DRAW LINE ON |
| 0019 | OA15 | $8 \mathrm{C0520}$ |  | CMPX \#KSCREN | SEND \& REC |
| 0020 | OA18 | 25F9 |  | BLO DRAWLN | SCREENS |
| 0021 | OA1A | 8E0520 |  | LDX \#KSCREN |  |
| 0022 | OA1D | BF0606 |  | STX SCURSR |  |
| 0023 | OA20 | 8E060A |  | LDX \#SBUFF | GET KBD BUFFR |
| 0024 | OA23 | BF0602 |  | STX BUFPOS | POS = 0 |
| 0025 | OA26 | BF0604 |  | STX BUFPTR | POS $=0$ |
| 0026 | 0f:29 | C6FF |  | LDB \# ${ }^{\text {chF }}$ | SEND SPEED |
| 0027 | OA2B | 4F |  | CLRA | IS SLOW |
| 0028 | OA2C | 8E0600 |  | LDX \#DOT | DOT IS DELAY |
| 0029 | OA2F | ED84 |  | 8TD , $X$ | SAVE IT |
| 0030 | OA31 | 5F | INIT | CLRB | ZERD D |
| 0031 | OA32 | 8E060A |  | LDX \#SBUFF | SEND KBD BUFF |
| 0032 | 0A35 | ED81 | LODPI | STD, $\mathrm{X}++$ | AND CLEAR IT |
| 0033 | OA37 | 8COAOA |  | CMPX \#BUFEND | TIL DONE |
| 0034 | OABA | 25F9 |  | BLO LOOPI |  |
| 0035 | OASC | 170099 | SEND1 | LBSR GETKEY | SCAN KBD |
| 0036 | OABF | A69F0602 |  | LDA [BLFPDS] | GET NEXT |
| 0037 | OA43 | 8100 |  | CMPA \#\$00 | IS IT REAL? |
| 0038 | 0 0445 | 27F5 |  | BEQ SEND1 | NO |
| 0039 | OA47 | BE0602 |  | LDX BUFPOS | GET POSITION |
| 0040 | OA4A | 3001 |  | LEAX 1; X | AND BLMP IT |
| 0041 | OA4C | BF0602 |  | STX BUFPOS | PUT IT BACK |
| 0042 | OA4F | BDA30A |  | JSR PRINIT | PRINT KEY |
| 0043 | OA52 | 8020 |  | SUBA \#\$20 | CHANGE CODE |
| 0044 | OA54 | 48 |  | ASLA | MULTIPLY ${ }^{\text {P2 }}$ |
| 0045 | OA55 | 8EOBAB |  | LDX \#TABLE | GET ELE TABLE |
| 0046 | 0 A58 | 3086 |  | LEAX A, X | CHAR IS HERE |
| 0047 | OA5A | E680 |  | LDB, $\mathrm{X}+$ | GET \# ELEMENTS |
| 0048 | OASC | A680 |  | LDA, $\mathrm{X}+$ | ELEMENTS |
| 0049 | OASE | 5C |  | INCB | \# ELEMENTS + 1 |
| 0050 | OA5F | 5A | ROTATE | DEC B | COUNT ELES LEFT |
| 0051 | OA60 | 2707 |  | BEQ QUIT | TIL DONE |
| 0052 | OA62 | 48 |  | ASLA | MOVE 1/0 TO C FLAG |
| 0053 | OA63 | 240c |  | BCC DIT | IF O DO DIT |
| 0054 | 0Ab5 | 2528 |  | BCS DAH | IH 1 DO DAH |
| 0055 | OA67 | 20F6 |  | BRA ROTATE | DO AGAIN |
| 0056 | 0469 | 8D5E | QUIT | BSR SPACE | ALL DONE SO |
| 0057 | OA6B | 8DSC |  | BSR SPACE | DELAY |
| 0058 | OAGD | 8D5A |  | BSR SPACE |  |
| 0059 | OABF | 20cB |  | BRA SEND1 | CHARACTER DONE |
| 0060 | OA71 | 3436 | DIT | PSHS A, B, X, Y | SEND REGS |
| 0061 | OA73 | 108E0600 |  | LDY DOT | GET DELAY |
| 0062 | OA77 | 7FFF20 |  | CLR ¢FF20 | SEND IT |
| 0063 | OA7A | 313F | LOOPDT | LEAY -1, $Y$ | COUNT DOWN |
| 0064 | OA7C | 8D5A |  | BSR GETKEY | SCAN KBD |
| 0065 | OA7E | 10850000 |  | CMPY \#\$00 | DONE? |

MAILCALL

| 0066 | OAB2 | 22F6 |  | BHI LODPDT | NO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0067 | OAB4 | 8602 |  | LDA \#\$02 | DONE, SO |
| 0068 | OAB6 | B7FF20 |  | STA \%FF20 | STAP TX |
| 0069 | OAB9 | 8D3E |  | BSR SPACE | DELAY A BIT |
| 0070 | OABB | 3536 |  | PULS A, B, $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ | NEED REGS |
| 0071 | OABD | 20D0 |  | BRA ROTATE | BACK WE ED |
| 0072 | OABF | 3436 | DAH | PSHS $A, B, X_{1} Y$ | SAVE EM' |
| 0073 | OA91 | 10 BE 0600 |  | LDY DOT | GET DELAY |
| 0074 | 0495 | 7FFF20 |  | CLR \$FF20 | START TO SEND |
| 0075 | OA98 | $313 F$ | LOOP 1 | LEAY -1; $Y$ | COUNT DOWN |
| 0076 | OA9A | 8D3C |  | BSR GETKEY | CHECK IT Qut |
| 0077 | OA9C | 108 COOOO |  | CMPY \#\$0000 | DONE? |
| 0078 | OAAO | 22F6 |  | BHI LOOP1 | NOT YET |
| 0079 | OAA2 | 108E0600 |  | LDY DOT |  |
| 0080 | OAAB | 313F | LOOP2 | LEAY -1, $Y$ |  |
| 0081 | OAAB | 8D2E |  | BSR EETKEY |  |
| 0082 | OAAA | 108 C 0000 |  | CMPY \#\$0000 |  |
| 0083 | OAAE | 22F6 |  | BHI LODP2 |  |
| 0084 | OABO | 108E0600 |  | LDY DOT |  |
| 0085 | OAB4 | 313F | LOOP3 | LEAY -1,Y |  |
| 0086 | OAB6 | 8D20 |  | BSR GETKEY |  |
| 0087 | OABE | 108 COOOO |  | CMPY \#\$0000 |  |
| 0088 | OABC | 22F6 |  | BHI LDOP3 |  |
| 0089 | OABE | 8602 |  | LDA \#\$02 |  |
| 0090 | OACO | B7FF20 |  | STA \$FF20 |  |
| 0091 | OACS | 8D04 |  | BSR EPACE |  |
| 0092 | OAC5 | 3536 |  | PLLS $A, B, X, Y$ |  |
| 0093 | OAC7 | 2096 |  | bRA ROTATE |  |
| 0094 | OAC9 | 10BE0600 | SPACE | LDY DOT |  |
| 0095 | OACD | 313F | LodPs | LEAY -1, Y |  |
| 0096 | OACF | 8007 |  | BSR EETKEY |  |
| 0097 | OAD1 | 108 COOOO |  | CMPY \#\$0000 |  |
| 0098 | OADS | 22F6 |  | BHI LOOPS |  |
| 0099 | OAD7 | 39 |  | RTE |  |
| 0100 | OADB | 3436 | GETKEY | PSHS $A, B, X, Y$ |  |
| 0101 | OADA | BDA1C1 |  | JER POLCAT |  |
| 0102 | OADD | B15E |  | CMPA \#'^ |  |
| 0103 | OADF | 2723 |  | BEQ BLOW |  |
| 0104 | OAE1 | 810A |  | CMPA \#\# |  |
| 0105 | OAES | 2729 |  | BEQ FAST |  |
| 0106 | OAES | 8100 |  | CMPA \#\$0 |  |
| 0107 | OAE7 | 2719 |  | BEE RETURN |  |
| 0108 | OAE9 | 8100 |  | CMPA \#13 |  |
| 0109 | OAEB | 2715 |  | BER RETURN |  |
| 0110 | OAED | 8029 |  | BSR KPRINT |  |
| 0111 | OAEF | A79F0604 |  | STA [BUFPTR] |  |
| 0112 | OAFS | BE0604 |  | LDX BUFPTR |  |
| 0113 | OAFG | 3001 |  | LEAX 1, X |  |
| 0114 | OAFB | BF0604 |  | STX BUFPTR |  |
| 0115 | OAFB | 8COAOA |  | CMPX \#BUFEND |  |
| 0116 | OAFE | 10270083 |  | LBEQ TOOFUL |  |


| 0117 | OBO2 | 3586 | RETURN | PULS A, $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{PC}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0118 | 0804 | BE0600 | SLOW | LDX DOT |  |
| 0119 | 0807 | 3005 |  | LEAX 5, X |  |
| 0120 | 0809 | BF0600 |  | STX DOT |  |
| 0121 | OBOC | 20F4 |  | BRA RETURN |  |
| 0122 | OBOE | BE0600 | FAST | LDX DOT |  |
| 0123 | 0B11 | 3018 |  | LEAX $-5, X$ |  |
| 0124 | 0813 | BF0600 |  | STX DOT |  |
| 0125 | 0816 | 20EA |  | BRA RETURN |  |
| 0126 | 0818 | 3436 | KPRINT | PSHS A, B, $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ |  |
| 0127 | OB1A | 8108 |  | CMPA \#\$8 | BACKSPACE? |
| 0128 | OB1C | 2624 |  | BNE CKSCRL |  |
| 0129 | OBIE | 108E0604 |  | LDY BUFPTR |  |
| 0130 | 0822 | 313E |  | LEAY -2,Y |  |
| 0131 | 0824 | 10BF0604 |  | STY BUFPTR |  |
| 0132 | 0828 | BE0606 |  | LDX SCURSR |  |
| 0133 | OB2B | 301E |  | LEAX -2, $X$ | BACKUP CURSOR |
| 0134 | 0B2D | 3536 |  | PULS A, $B, X, Y$ |  |
| 0135 | 0B2F | A69F0604 |  | LDA [BLFPTR] |  |
| 0136 | 0833 | 3436 |  | PSHS A, B, X, Y |  |
| 0137 | 0835 | 8c051F |  | CMPX \#KSCREN-1 |  |
| 0138 | OB38 | 2203 |  | BHI KPRNT3 | STILL ON CRT? |
| 0139 | OB3A | 8E0520 |  | LDX \#KSCREN |  |
| 0140 | 0B3D | BF0606 | KPRNT3 | STX SCURSR | NEW PGINTER |
| 0141 | OB40 | 2041 |  | BRA KPRNTX |  |
| 0142 | 0842 | EE0606 | CKSCRL | LDX SCURSR |  |
| 0143 | 0845 | 8C05AO |  | CMPX \#KSCREN+\$80 |  |
| 0144 | OB48 | 2524 |  | BLD KPRNT7 | BOTTOM LINE? |
| 0145 | OB4A | 8E0520 |  | LDX \#KSCREN |  |
| 0146 | OB4D | EC8820 | SCROLL | LDD 32, X | GET A CHARACTER |
| 0147 | OB50 | EDE1 |  | STD , X++ | SCROLL IT |
| 0148 | 0852 | 8C05A0 |  | CMPX \#KSCREN+\$80 |  |
| 0149 | 0855 | 25F6 |  | BLO SCROLL | LOOP ALL CRT |
| 0150 | OB57 | CC6060 |  | LDD \#\$6060 | SPACES |
| 0151 | 0B5A | 8E0580 |  | LDX \#KSCREN+\$60 |  |
| 0152 | OBSD | EDE1 | LASTLN | STD , $\mathrm{X}++$ |  |
| 0153 | OBSF | 8cosao |  | CMPX \#KSCREN+\$80 |  |
| 0154 | 0862 | 25F9 |  | BLO LASTLN | LODP FOR LINE |
| 0155 | 0864 | 8E0580 |  | LDX \#KSCREN+\$60 |  |
| 0156 | 0867 | BF0606 |  | GTX SCURSR |  |
| 0157 | OB6A | 3536 |  | PLLS A, $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ |  |
| 0158 | OB6C | 3436 |  | PSHE $A, B, X, Y$ | , |
| 0159 | OB6E | 9E88 | KPRNT7 | LDX CURPTR |  |
| 0160 | 0870 | 3410 |  | PSHS X |  |
| 0161 | 0872 | BE0606 |  | LDX SCURSR |  |
| 0162 | 0875 | 9F88 |  | STX CURPTR |  |
| 0163 | OB77 | BDASOA |  | JER PRINIT | ROM DO IT! |
| 0164 | OB7A | 9E8B |  | LDX CURPTR |  |
| 0165 | OB7C | EF0606 |  | 8TX SCURBR |  |

# TOM MIX SOFTWARE 

-FOR THE COLOR COMPUTER • 3424 College N.E., Grand Rapids, MI 49505 (616) 364-4791



Exciting fast paced arcade game that looks and plays like the popular arcade game "DEFENDER".
Wave after wave of enemy fighters drop bombs on your city. Destroy them before they destroy your city. Soon the mother ships appear firing laser blasts at you. Watch for the heat seeking mines.
Your defense includes your laser cannon plus four smart bombs on each of your four ships. A new ship with each 5,000 points.
High resolution graphics with four colors make this new 32 K arcade game the one for others to follow.
\$24.95 TAPE \$27.95 DISK

## KATERPILLAR ATTACK

Outstanding graphics and sound will end all of those trips to the arcade. So much like the arcade you have to see it to belleve it.
16K MACHINE LANGUAGE \$24.95


Battle to save your castle and king. High resolution graphics with outstanding sound make this one a real winner.

## 16K MACHINE LANGUAGE

$\$ 19.95$

## OTHER GREAT GAMES

ALL PROGRAMS REQUIRE 16 K
$M L=$ MACHINE LANGUAGE $\quad B=B A S I C$
MOON LANDER-Fantastic Graphics. Land on the Moon if you can. 2 Programs. B $\$ 15.95$ DANCING DEVIL. Watch him dance to music or program him yourself. ML $\$ 14.95$ MAZE RACE-At last, a machine language two player maze. You'll love it.

ML \$14.95

## ADVENTURES

TREK-16-Travel thru space with Spock and Capt. Kirk, Adventure. Tough! B $\$ 19.95$ SHIPWRECK-Escape from a desert isle if you can. Great Adventure!

B $\$ 14.95$

## EDUCATIONAL

EDUCATIONAL-Spelling test, math drill \& word drill. Ideal teaching aids for any age.

B \$19.95 ea. All 3 \$49.97
CLOCK.With the ever increasing use of digital clocks, more and more young people are un-practiced in the use of the "ANALOG" clocks. You remember those, the ones with the hands. This program will attempt to teach the relationship between the two types of clocks.

16K EXT.BASIC $\$ 14.95$

## COLOR GOLF

Now sit at your computer and play nine or eighteen holes. Outstanding graphics in the fairway or on the green. Helps your game.
32K EXTENDED BASIC


COLOR MONITOR-Written in position independent code. (May be located in any free memory). Very compact. Only occupies 1174 bytes of memory. Full Featured. Includes Break-Pointing of machine language programs, register display and modify memory display and modify, and block memory move commands. Displays memory in hex and ascii format on one line, 8 bytes long.

Machine Language \$24.95
TAPE DUPE-Brand new machine language program that copies any tape effortlessly. Completely automatic.

ML \$16.95
DISK TO TAPE-Dump the contents of any disk to tape automatically.

ML \$19.95 TAPE TO DISK-Load the contents of any tape to disk automatically. ML \$19.95 MAIL LIST-Maintain a complete mailing list with phone numbers etc.
THE FIXER.Having trouble moving those 600 Hex programs to disk? The fixer will help. Completely automatic. ML \$18.95 TAPE CAT-All new machine language program lists contents of tapes to printer. Make a catalog of your tapes. ML \$17.95 PROGRAM PRINTER UTILITY-This program will list basic programs to your printer in two column format. Saves paper and makes your listing look professional. Disk based. B \$19.95

## CHRISTMAS PACKAGE

10 plus programs for $\mathbf{\$ 2 0 . 0 0}$
All Basic Programs less than $\$ 2.00$ each. A real bargain for the beginner. Requires Extended Basic.

## -ADD \$1.00 POSTAGE \& HANDLING•TOP ROYALTIES PAID• MICHIGAN RESIDENTS ADD 4\% SALES TAX • LOOKING FOR NEW SOFTWARE

| 0166 | OB7F | 3510 |  | PULS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0167 | OB81 | 9FB8 |  | STX | CURPTR |  |
| 0168 | 0883 | 3586 | KPRNTX | PULS | $A, B, X, Y, P C$ | DONE! |
| 0169 | 0885 | 8E0B9B | TOBFUL | LDX | \#ERMSG1 |  |
| 0170 | OBB8 | A680 | LODPE | LDA , | , $\mathrm{X}+$ |  |
| 0171 | OBBA | BDA30A |  | JSR P | PRINIT |  |
| 0172 | OBED | 8100 |  | CMPA | \#\$00 |  |
| 0173 | OBEF | 26F7 |  | BNE | LODPE |  |
| 0174 | 0891 | BDA1C1 |  | JSR P | POLCAT |  |
| 0175 | 0894 | 8140 |  | CMPA | \#'a |  |
| 0176 | 0896 | 26ED |  | BNE $T$ | TODFLL |  |
| 0177 | 0898 | 16FEGF |  | LBRA | START |  |
| 0178 | 089B | 4255464645 | ERMSE1 | FCC | /BUFFER FULL |  |
| 0179 | OBAB | ODOO |  | FCB | \$0D, \$00 |  |
| 0180 | OBAB | 00 | TABLE | FCB | \$00 |  |
| 0181 | OBA9 | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0182 | OBAA | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 |  |
| 0183 | OBAB | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0184 | OBAC | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 |  |
| 0185 | OBAD | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0186 | OBAE | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 | \# |
| 0187 | OBAF | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0188 | OBBO | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 | ¢ |
| 0189 | OBB1 | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0190 | OBE2 | 00 | - | FCB | \$00 | \% |
| 0191 | OBB3 | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0192 | OBE4 | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 | * |
| 0193 | OBES | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0194 | 0886 | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 | \% |
| 0195 | OB87 | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0196 | OBBE | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 | ( |
| 0197 | OBB9 | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0198 | OBBA | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 | ) |
| 0199 | OBBE | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0200 | OBBC | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 | * |
| 0201 | OBBD | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0202 | OBBE | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 | + |
| 0203 | OBBF | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0204 | OBCO | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 | , |
| 0205 | OBC1 | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0206 | OBC2 | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 | - |
| 0207 | OBC3 | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0208 | OBC4 | 06 |  | FCB | \$06 | - |
| 0209 | OBC5 | 54 |  | FCB | \%01010100 |  |
| 0210 | OBC6 | 00 |  | FCB | \$00 | 1 |
| 0211 | 0BC7 | 00 |  | FCB | \%00000000 |  |
| 0212 | OBCB | 05 |  | FCB | \$05 | ZERD |
| 0213 | OBC9 | FB |  | FCB | $\% 11111000$ |  |
| 0214 | OBCA | 05 |  | FCB | \$05 | ONE |
| 0215 | OBCB | 78 |  | FCB | \%01111000 |  |
| 0216 | OBCC | 05 |  | FCB | \$05 | TWO |
| 0217 | OBCD | 38 |  | F'CB | \%00111000 |  |


| 0218 | OBCE 05 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0219 | OBCF |
| 0220 | OBDO 05 |
| 0221 | OBD1 08 |
| 0222 | OBD2 05 |
| 0223 | OBDS 00 |
| 0224 | OBD4 |
| 0225 | OBDS 80 |
| 0226 | OBD6 05 |
| 0227 | OBD7 |
| 0228 | OBDS 05 |
| 0229 | 08D9 EO |
| 0230 | OBDA |
| 0231 | OBDB |
| 0232 | OBDC 06 |
| 0233 | OBDD EO |
| 0234 | OBDE O6 |
| 0235 | OBDF AB |
| 0236 | OBEO 00 |
| 0237 | OBE1 00 |
| 0238 | OBE2 05 |
| 0239 | OBE3 8日 |
| 0240 | OBE4 00 |
| 0241 | OBES 00 |
| 0242 | OBEG Ob |
| 0243 | OBE7 30 |
| 0244 | OBE8 00 |
| 0245 | OBE9 00 |
| 0246 | OBEA 02 |
| 0247 | OBEB 40 |
| 0248 | OBEC 04 |
| 0249 | OBED 80 |
| 0250 | OBEE 04 |
| 0251 | OBEF AO |
| 0252 | OBFO 03 |
| 0253 | OBF 180 |
| 0254 | OBF2 01 |
| 0255 | OBF3 00 |
| 0256 | OBF4 04 |
| 0257 | OBF5 20 |
| 0258 | OBF6 03 |
| 0259 | OBF7 CO |
| 0260 | OBF8 04 |
| 0261 | 08F9 00 |
| 0262 | OBFA 02 |
| 0263 | OBFB 00 |
| 0264 | OBFC 04 |
| 0265 | OBFD 70 |
| 0266 | OBFE 03 |
| 0267 | OBFF AO |
| 0268 | 0COO 04 |
| 0269 | OCO1 40 |
| 0270 | OCO2 02 |
| 0271 | 0cos co |
| 0272 | OC04 02 |
| 0273 | 000580 |
| 0274 | 0006 |

0219 OBCF 18
0220 OBDO 05
0221 OBD1 OB
0222 OBD2 05
0223 OBD 00
0224 OBD4 05
0225 OBD5 80
0226 OBD 05
0227 OBD7 CO
0228 0BDE 05
0229 OBD9 EO
0230 OBDA 05
0231 OBDB FO
0232 OBDC 06
0233 OBDD EO
0234 OBDE 06
0235 OBDF AB
0236 OBEO 00
0237 OBE1 00
0238 OBE2 05
0239 OBE3 8 8
0240 OBE4 OO
0241 OBES 00
0242 OBE6 O6
0243 OBE7 30
0244 OBE8 00
0245 OBE9 00
0246 OBEA 02
047 OBEB 40
0249 OBED 80
0250 OBEE 04
0251 OBEF AO
0252 OBFO 03
0253 OBF1 80
0254 OBF2 01
0255 OBF 300
0256 OBF4 04
0257 OBF5 20
0258 OBF6 03
0259 OBF7 CO
0260 OBF8 04
0261 0BF9 00
0262 OBFA 02
0263 OBFB 00
0264 OBFC 04
0265 OBFD 70
0266 OBFE 03
0267 OBFF AO
0268 OCOO 04
0269 OCO1 40
0270 OCO2 02
0271 ocos co
0272 OCO4 O2
0273000580
0274 0CO6 03

FCB $\$ 05$
FCB \%00011000
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FCB \$06
FCB \%11100000
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FCB \%10101000
FCB $\$ 00$
FCB \%00000000
FCB $\$ 05$
FCB \%10001000
FCB $\$ 00$
FCB \%00000000
FCB \$06
FCB \%00110000
FCB $\$ 00$
FCB \%00000000
FCE $\$ 02$
FCB \%01000000
FCB $\$ 04$
FCB $\% 10000000$
FCB $\$ 04$
FCB \%10100000
FCE $\$ 03$
FCB \%10000000
FCB $\$ 01$
FCB \%00000000
FCB $\$ 04$
FCB \%00100000
FCB 03
FCB \%11000000
FCE $\$ 04$ H
FCB \%00000000
FCB 102 I
FCB \%00000000
FCB $\$ 04$
FCB \%01110000
FCB $\$ 03$ K
FCB \%10100000
FCE $\$ 04$
FCB \%01000000
FCB 02
FCB \%11000000
FCB $\$ 02$
FCB \%10000000
FCB $\$ 03$

THREE
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EQUALS
GREATER THAN
QUESTION MARK

- SIGN

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J

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| 0275 | $0 \mathrm{CO7}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0276 | 0 COB 04 |
| 0277 | 0C09 60 |
| 0278 | OCOA 04 |
| 0279 | OCOB DO |
| 0280 | OCOC 03 |
| 0281 | OCOD 40 |
| 0282 | OCOE 03 |
| 0283 | OCOF 00 |
| 0284 | 0 c 10 01 |
| 0285 | $00^{0} 1180$ |
| 0286 | 0c12 03 |
| 0287 | 0c13 20 |
| 0288 | 0c14 04 |
| 0289 | 0c15 10 |
| 0290 | $0 \mathrm{Cl} 6^{03}$ |
| 0291 | .0C17 60 |
| 0292 | 0 Cl 1804 |
| 0293 | 0c19 90 |
| 0294 | OC1A 04 |
| 0295 | OCiB Bo |
| 0296 | OC1C 04 |
| 0297 | OC1D Co |
| 0298 | OCIE |

0275 OCO7 EO 0276 OCOB 04 0277 0C09 60 0278 OCOA 04 0279 OCOB DO 0280 OCOC 03 0281 OCOD 40 0292 OCOE 03 0283 OCOF 00 0284001001 02850 C 1180 $02860 C 1203$ 0287 0C13 20 0288 0c14 04 0289 OC15 10 0290 0C16 03 0291 OC17 60 $02920 c 1804$ 0293 0C19 90 0294 OC1A 04 0295 OC1B BO 0296 OC1C 04 0297 OC1D CO 0298 OC1E

FCB \%11100000

## FCB \$04 P

FCB \%01100000
FCB 004 Q
FCB \%11010000
FCB \$03 R
FCB \%01000000
FCB \$03 5
FCB \%00000000
FCB $\$ 01$ T
FCB \%10000000
FCB \$03 U
FCB \%00100000
FCE $\$ 04$ V
FCB \%00010000
FCB $\$ 03$ W
FCB \%O1100000
FCB $\$ 04$ X
FCB \%10010000
FCB \$04 $Y$
FCB \%10110000
FCB 004 Z
FCB \%11000000
TABEND EQU *

| BUFEND | OAOA | BUFPOS | 0602 | BUFPTR | 0604 | CKSCRL | OB42 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLS | A910 | CURCTR | 0094 | CURPTR | 0088 | DAH | OABF |
| DIT | OA71 | DOT | 0600 | DRAWLN | OA13 | ERMSG1 | 089B |
| FAST | OBOE | GETKEY | OADE | INIT | OA31 | KPRINT | 0818 |
| KPRNT3 | OB3D | KPRNT7 | OB6E | KPRNTX | 0883 | KSCREN | 0520 |
| LASTLN | OBSD | LOOP1 | 0498 | LODP2 | OAAG | LODP3 | OAB4 |
| LOOPDT | OA7A | LIOPE | 0888 | LODPI | OA35 | LODPS | OACD |
| POLCAT | A1C1 | PRINIT | A30A | QUIT | 0469 | RCURSR | 0608 |
| RETURN | OB02 | ROTATE | OA5F | SBUFF | 060A | SCREEN | 0400 |
| SCROLL | 0B4D | SCURSR | 0606 | SEND1 | OABC | SLOW | 0804 |
| SPACE | OAC9 | START | OAOA | TABEND | OCIE | TABLE | OBAB |
| TOOFUL | 0885 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## CORRECTION FOR COLOR DATA FILE

In October Issue Number \#13 you will notice the page numbers and listing were mixed-up quite a bit. The correct page numbers as they should appear are listed below.

Page 33 should be page 30
Page 34 should be page 31
Page 31 should be page 33
Page 30 should be page 34
Replace line 5010 with 5010 UNLOAD: PRINT: GOSUB 9010
Replace all occurances of! with PRINT
We sincerely hope that these corrections help anyone type in this program.

# THE ULTIMATE IN COLORCOMPUTING <br> For the TRS-80 Color Computer and TDP System 100 Personal Computer <br> <br> Super "Color"' Writer II <br> <br> Super "Color"' Writer II <br> <br> By Tim Nelson <br> <br> By Tim Nelson <br> <br> Super "Color" Terminal <br> <br> Super "Color" Terminal <br> The Ultimate in Smart Terminals 

The Rolls Royce of Word Processors
The Super "Color" Writer is a FAST, machine code, full featured, character (screen) oriented word processing system for the TRS-80** Color Computer and ANY printer. The video display is styled after a professional phosphor (green characters on black background) display for hours of use without eye fatigue (optional orange on black). The unique print WINDOW frees you from 32, 51 or 64 character lines FOREVER! This window can be moved anywhere in the text file, up, down, left or right to display the text as it will be printed without wasting paper. You can create or edit Super "Color" Terminal files, ASCII files, BASIC programs or Editor/Assembler source listings. It's simple enough for beginners with 4 K and . . . for the professional writer with a 32 K disk system and a lot to say, there's plenty of room to say it!

| COMPARISON CHART | SUPER COLOR WRITER |  | THE COMPETITION |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| System Size | 4 K | 16 K | 32 K | 4 K | 16 K | 32 K |
| TAPE: Text space | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | 7 K | 23 K | $\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}$ | 2 K | 18 K |
| ROMPAK: Text space | 2.5 K | 16 K | 31 K | $\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| DISK: Text space | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | 5.5 K | 21.5 K | $\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}$ | 0.5 K | 16.5 K |
| Right Justify |  | YES |  |  | NO |  |
| Video Window |  | YES |  |  | NO |  |
| Edit any ASCII File |  | YES |  |  | NO |  |
| Programmable Function |  | YES |  |  |  | NO |

The figures speak for themselves and with professional features like PROGRAMMABLE function string commands to perform up to 28 commands automatically. PROGRAMMABLE text file chaining, PROGRAMMABLE column insert \& delete, and right hand JUSTIFICATION with punctuation precedence, the choice is clear but there's still more! In their September ' 82 issue, " 80 MICRO" says, "The Color Computer has finally come of age. Nothing illustrates that coming of age better than this offering (SUPER "COLOR" WRITER) by Nelson Soltware". The Super "Color" Writer takes full advantage of the new breed of "smart printers" with Control codes 1-31, 20 Programmable control codes $0-255$ for special needs. Works perfectly with all Epson, Radio Shack, Okidata, NEC, IDS, Centronics, Citoh, Smith Corona, Diablo Etc., Matrix, or Letter Quality Printers.

## CHECK THESE FEATURES!!

User friendly • Easy commands • 32 K Compatible • Window • Key beep • HELP table • 128 character ASCII \& graphics • Mem left and Mem used • Full cursor control • Quick paging • Scroiling • Word wrap around • Tabs - Repeat all functions • Repeat last command • Insert character \& line • Delete character, delete to end of line, line to cursor, line \& block $\bullet$ Block move, copy \& delete $\bullet$ Global Search. Exchange \& Delete • Merge or Append files • Imbed Control Codes in text • Underline • Superscripts • Subscripts • Headers, Footers \& 2 Auxiliary footnotes on odd, even or all pages definable position - Flush right - Non-breakable space - 4 centering modes: 5, 8.3, 10 \& 16.7 (CPI) • Full page \& print formatting in text $\bullet$ Single sheet pause $\bullet$ Set Page length • Line length, Line spacing, Margins, Page numbers • Title pages • Printer baud: 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400 - Linefeeds after CR • Soft \& hard formfeed - Works with 8 bit printer fix • and more!

## Super "Color" Writer II Disk

The Disk version of the Super "Color" Writer works with the TRS-80C Disk System and has all the features listed above pius many more! Use with up to four Disk Drives. Includes an extended HELP table you can access at any time. Call a directory, print FREE space, Kill disk files and SAVE and LOAD text files you've created all from the Super "Color" Writer. Print, merge or append any Super "Color" Terminal file, ASCII file, BASIC program or Editor/Assembler source listing stored on the Disk or tape. The Super "Color" Wrlter Disk version has additional formatting and print features for more control over your printer and PROGRAMMABLE chaining of disk files for "hands off" operation. Print an entire BOOK without ever touching a thing! Includes comprehensive 90 plus page Tutorial manual.
TAPE \$49.95 ROMPAK \$74.95 DISK \$99.95
Tutorlal only $\$ 15.00$ (Refundable with purchase)
ORDERING INCLUDE $\$ 3.00$ for shipping in the U.S. \& Canada, $\$ 6.00$ for Foreign orders. C.O.D. add $\$ 2.00$.

## NELSON

SOFTWARE SYSTEMS


A Division of Sofllaw Corporation
9072 Lyndale Avenue So. 612/881-2777

The Supar "Color" Terminal turns the Color Computer into a Super-smart terminal with all the features of VIDEOTEX ${ }^{\text {T }}$ plus much more. COMMUNICATE with Dow Jones \& Compuserve and with computers like the TRS-80" MODEL I, II, III, APPLE etc., via moden or RS-232 direct! Save the data to tape or print it! Reduces ON-LINE cost to a minimum!

## FEATURES

10 buffer size settings from 2-30K • Buffer full indicator - Prints buffer contents • Full 128 ASCII keyboard • Compatible with Super "Color" Writer files • UPLOAD \& DOWNLOAD ASCII files, Machine language \& Basic programs • Set RS-232 parameters • Duplex: Half/Full $\bullet$ Baud Rate: 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800 $\bullet$ Word Lengths $5,6,7$ or $8 \bullet$ Parity: Odd. Even or None • Stop Bits: 1-9 • Local linefeeds to screen • Tape save \& load for ASCII files, Machine code \& Basic programs • Unique clone feature for copying any tape.

## Super "Color" Terminal Disk

The disk version of the Super "Color" Terminal works with the TRS-80C Disk system and has all the features listed above plus many more! Use with up to four Disk Drives - Call a directory, print FREE space, kill disk files, save and load text files or BASIC programs - Echo ability in full duplex • Lower case masking • to Keystroke Multiplier (MACRO) buffers that can be saved on disk to perform repetitive log-on tasks and send short messages (up to 250 characters each) • Programmable prompt or delay for send next line - Selectable character trapping • Set printer Baud rate to $110,300,600,1200, \& 2400$ • Operators Manual.
TAPE \$39.95 ROMPAK \$49.95 DISK \$69.95
Operators manual only $\$ 10.00$ (Refundable with purchase)

## NEW!! <br> Super "Color" Mailer Correspondence-Mailmerge

The Super "Color" Maller is a powerful multi-purpose file merging program that uses files created by the Super "Color" Writer II. One of Super "Color" Maller's most popular uses is producing customized form letters - at a fraction of the time and expense of individually typed letters. With Super "Color" Maller you can combine a Super "Color" Writer II file containg a form letter with. a file containing a list of names and addresses. You can even insert special words and phrases - unique to each addressee - into the body of the letter. Other Super "Color" Malier uses include creating invoices, printing mailing labels, addressing envelopes, and producing "boiler plate" legal documents out of many different paragraphs. Features include: the ability to selectively print mailing lists by any of up to 10 user definable fields • automatically prints current date • address • salutation $\bullet$ closing • P.S. etc. $\bullet$ prints any ASCII file - justification.

TAPE $\$ 39.95$
DISK \$59.95
NEW! Super "Color" Disk-ZAP
The Ultimate in Disk Repair Utilities
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## A "ROLLB ROYCE" FOR YOUR COLOR COMPUTER

If you are contemplating buying a word processor for your TRS-8øC Col or Computer or TDF System 1末6 Fersonal Computer. 1 ook no further!! The Sgoer "Color" Hriter is the most powerful and most versatile word processor available. This user-friendiy program gives you many times the power and speed, and MORE MEMORY than any other word processor for your computer. The Seger "CoIor" Hriter does it all!


#### Abstract

No other program lets you fully use every capability built into your printer. AND HITH EASE! Emphasis, italics. double mtrike, normal mode, compressed, elongated-compressed mode, and  your fingertips, all within JUSTIFIED text. Ungerlining is a breeze! All the parameters for proper page formatting (margins: page length. etc., are fully alterable. Yet, without changing a single thing you can print text perfectly the first time.

Don't think for a minute that the super "Color" Nriter II won't work with your letter quality printer. There's no reason you can't give $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ O its proper name or have footnotes. As for bold print, undetlining, proportional spacing, super bold or any other printer-controlled function - if your printer has it, the Super "Color" Hriter II can do it! You can also freely exchange thimbles or daisy wheels to change to italics, or to a totally different typeface with the pause print feature.


And the Super "CoIor" Hriter II has the exclusive WINDOW to make your formatting pleasant and perfect. Enter the window to view your whole text as it will be sent to the printer. whatever your margins, from 1 to $20 \emptyset$ or more! No longer will you be tied to seeing only 32, 51, 64 or whatever number of characters on a line. You can see that your text is centered, headers and footers are always properly placed, and your columns are correct.

With the Suger "CoIor" Hriter II screen editing is a snap; the commands are powerful and hard to forget. You can edit all your EASIC FROGRAMS TOO! With all these features, you must surely agree that this is the "ROLLS ROYCE" of word processors. To learn more. refer to the Nelson Software Systems ad in this magazine. And don't forget that the Sgeper "Golor" Hriter II is only one important part of the Super "Color" Library, which includes the Super "Color" Terminal, the Super "Color" Mailer, the Super "Color" Disk-ZAP and the soon to be released Super "Color" Calc and Super "Color" Database. No other company gives you such outstanding products and support. You can buy theirs now and ours later, OR you can save your money and get the best from the very start!

This document was prepared using a TRS-8G(TM) Color Computer, the Suger "Color" Hriter II, an Epson HX-8@ Graftrax PIus (TH), and an NEC Spinmriter 3519 (TH) to illustrate the great flexibility in formatting allowed by the Suger "Golor" Hriter II.

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FLEX CORNER What Is a DOS?
by Roger L. Degler
814 W. Keating Avenue
Mesa, AZ 85202

Most of us have become very aware of the power contained within the Color Computer, It's a whole lot more than just a toy. There are serious programs available such as business software, word processors, several high level languages, and excellent programming tools, And these are excellent quality, full-blown implimentations -not just stripped down verions like you would expect to find on a "toy" computer, Now we can also add to the list programs called Disk Operating Systems (or DOS's), FLEX, which has been the standard DOS for 6809 family computers for several years, is now available for the Color Computer, Another DOS called OS-9 should be available soon, as should be a newcomer called STAR-DOS, But, just what are these programs called DOS's, what do they do, and why should (or shouldn't) you be interested in them?

In this column, over the next several months, we are going to take a look at the concept of a DOS and the FLEX Disk Dperating System from Technical Systems Consultants, Inc. (TSC) in particular, Later we will be getting into the detailed inner-workings of FLEX and show how to write assembly language programs to run "under" it. But, for the first few months, we are going to go through a basic introduction to what a DOS is and what are its advantages over your computer's present way of doing things, In a very general sense this introduction could pertain to any DOS. Therefore, it might prove to be beneficial reading even if you plan to use 05-9 or some other DOS or even if you are curious.

The Color Computer is the first introduction to computing for a lot of people. Probably, if you are reading this, you already have a disk on your computer or drool over them every chance you get, and are wondering just what can be done with them. A DOS, such as FLEX, can add a lot of power and versatility to your computer, What I am going to do now is to start at a very elementary level and explain what a DOS is.

Let's review the basic concepts of how your ROM BASIC system works. I will be using the term "ROM BASIC" to describe the normal Color Computer since its BASIC is contained in one, two, or three ROMs (Read Only Memories) within the computer -- which, as we will see later, is opposed to RAM (Random Access Memory) BASIC. There are two major operating modes in BASIC -- the Direct mode and the Run mode.

The Direct mode is when you type in a command and the computer immediately executes it. This mode is generally described as entering commands which are not preceded by line numbers, Examples of this are NEW, LIST, RUN, etc. However, the Direct mode is also used to enter or edit a program. This is done by typing a line number prior to the command. An example would be '10 PRINT "HELLO"'. When you enter a command that starts with a line number, such as this example, you don't see any immediate results like you do with the LIST command. However, without your seeing any noticable results on the screen, the line you typed was immediately entered into the program you are creating. Lines like this that contain line numbers are stored for later execution via the RUN command, The important thing to remember about the Direct mode is that the commands are executed as soon as you press the ENTER key.

On the other hand, in the Run mode, the program which has been stored in the computer's memory is automatically recalled and executed one line at a time. This mode is entered via the RUN commands. The computer will then carry out the instructions of the stored program without any further user intervention. The exception to this is, of course, if the stored program requests you to enter some form of data via the INPUT or some other similar commands.

I hope you are still with me, because now I want to take several of BASIC's commands and DISK BASIC's commands and separate them into these two categories. Although several of the commands I am going to label as Direct mode may be contained within a stored program and executed in the Run mode, usually these commands are only used in the Direct mode. Non-disk BASIC Direct mode only:
RUN, LIST, NEW, CONT, RENUM, EDIT, etc. DISK BASIC Direct mode:
BACKUP, COPY, DIR, DSKINI, KILL, LOAD, RENAME, SAVE, etc. Non-disk BASIC Run mode:
CIRCLE, CLOSE, DATA, END, FOR/TO/NEXT, GOTO, IF/THEN/ELSE, INPUT, PRINT, etc. DISK BASIC Run made: CLOSE, DSKI事, FIELD, GET, OPEN, WRITE ${ }^{\prime}$ etc. Now, out of all these commands (this is only a small sampling of the available commands, but, I hope enough for you to understand how and why I categorized them as I did) imagine what it would be like if the ONLY commands available were the Direct mode disk commands, The rest of
the commands would not exist. The entire realm of BASIC disappears, This collection of remaining commands would comprise a DOS! Within a DOS there are typically only enough commands to direct the disk what to do. However, some DOS's do contain a few commands to allow you to have very minimal control over programs which are already located in the computer's ROM or RAM, such as transferring control to a Monitor ROM, etc.

I realize that this sounds very limiting. Where is all the extra power that the DOS is supposed to provide? I will attempt to answer that question next month. But for now, let's make sure that we all understand the concept so far. Figure 1 shows a hierarchical structure comparison between the Color Computer's ROM BASIC system and a typical FLEX system, This simply means that the diagrams identify the major software routines and the links between them.

The order of the boxes in the diagrams is arranged from the most primitive programs at the top to the most sophisticated at the bottom. It is also true that those programs at the top generally have more direct control over the system than do those at lower levels. In the normal Color Computer, from the time you turn the computer on until you turn it off again, the BASIC ROMs have supreme authority over what the system does. Assembly language programs which you may load into your computer, however, any take control away from the BASIC ROMs, The boxes labeled "User Interface" are those programs that allow you, the user, to enter commands on the keyboard for the system to execute.

Note how much simpler the ROM BASIC system appears than the FLEX system, The problem with this simple architecture is that all of the I/O (Input/Output) routines are embedded within the BASIC ROMs. These are the routines that enable the computer to read or write data to or from the keyboard, CRT, cassette tape, joy-sticks, disk, or whatever, If an assembly language program, such as another high level language (like Forth for example), wants to take control of the computer and would like to make use of the I/O routines (which collectively make up a very large program) the entire set of BASIC ROMs must remain in the system -- and this takes up as much as 24K of memory! One last thing to note about this diagram is that all programs which are written in BASIC are actually slaves to the BASIC ROMs. Although BASIC programs direct the ROMs what to do, control of
the computer system never leaves the BASIC ROMs.

In hierarchical diagram for a typical FLEX system notice that the top box is labeled "Monitor ROM". This is usually a very primitive program which allows the user to do only such simple things as examine and/or change memory, set break points for debugging assembly language programs, and load a program from some $1 / 0$ device such as a cassette tape recorder or a disk drive. In the typical FLEX system this is the only program located in ROM -- all otherprograms must be loaded into RAM. While most computer systems that run FLEX utilize the Monitor ROM concept, the Color Computer does not. In a furture issue I will describe how the FLEX system is actually loaded and put into execution on the Color Computer without the presence of a Monitor ROM.

For the most part, once FLEX is loaded and put into execution it is effectively the highest level program in the system. What the FLEX program itself consists of is the I/O routines we mentioned above, It also contains a program that knows how to locate unused space on the disk and assign it to new files. (A file is merely a section of disk space which contains some form of data or program and which has been assigned a name so that you can keep track of it.) Since this is all that FLEX contains it requires much less memory than do the BASIC ROMs -Flex requires 3 K bytes while the three BASIC ROMs require 24 K .

The "Command Utility Programs" indicated in the diagram are those programs which perform functions such as DIR, LIST, LOAD, SAVE, etc. These programs all reside permanently on the disk and are only loaded into memory for execution when you request them. In a FLEX system only one of these programs will be loaded in the computer's memory at a time. Opposed to this, in the ROM BASIC system, ALL of these programs are ALWAYS taking up room in the system ROMs whether you want them to or not.

Let's take a minute here and define a couple of terms, First -- Utility program: since the DOS program itself consists only of $1 / 0$ routines, etc., it cannot perform any of the commands you tell it by itself. Some other program must be loaded to carry out your requested function. These other programs are called utility programs. For instance, let's say that you wanted to copy the contents of file-1 into file-2. The command you would enter would be "COPY file1,file2" where "file1" is the name of the file you wanted copied into a file with the
name "file2", In this case a program stored on the disk called "COPY.CMD" would be loaded and executed automatically to perform your request. Therefore, the program "COPY,CMD" is a utility program. Since this utility program resides on the disk and is loaded into memory only when it is needed it is also referred to as being "disk resident".

Second -- a program running "under" a DOS: any program which is loaded by the DOS and which calls the I/O routines in the DOS can be said to be running "under" the DOS. Most programs of this type are given complete control of the system by the DOS and return control back to the DOS when they complete their function. In the COPY example above, the program "COPY,CMD" runs under the DOS since it is loaded and executed by the DOS, calls the disk I/O routines in the DOS, and returns control to the DOS when the copy is finished.

If you are still with me, you should now have a pretty good idea of what a DOS is, FLEX is only one of many DOS's, Probably the best known DOS is CP/M. However, CP/M cannot run on a 6800 family computer because it is written in 8080 assembly language. Several other DOS's that do run on 6800 family computers are uniflex (also by TSC), OS-9 (levels 1 and 2) by Microware, SSB-DOS by Smoke Signal Broadcasting, MDOS by Motorola, and WIZRD by Wintek. I'm sure there are several more, I just mentioned these so you would know that FLEX is not alone.

## SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Of course there are some hardware requirements to be able to run FLEX on you Color Computer. The particular requirements depend upon which disk controller you are using. The following table indicates what you need to have.

1) Color Computer (of course)
2) Disk Controller by:

Radio Shack
3) 64 K RAM
4) FLEX on disk
5) Frank Hogg Modification

Note that with the Radio Shack disk controller you must have a good 64K of RAM in your computer and must make the Frank Hogg modification as described in the February 1982 issue of CCN. Only 16 K of RAM is required with the Exatron disk controller because there is 32 K of RAM contained within the controller which gives your computer a total of 48 K RAM. If you
are going to order FLEX make sure you get the proper adaptation for your system.

Which brings me to a discussion of "adaptation". FLEX was written in a manner which makes it extremely simple to adapt to almost any 6800 family computer system. This is one of the reasons for its great propularity, Adapting FLEX to any new system requires writing only the $I / 0$ routines for the CRT/keyboard and disk drive and perhaps some simple interrrupt handling routines if the system can support them. The internal working of FLEX itself remains the same on every system. There are several adaptations of FLEX available for the Color Computer -- with only very minor differences between them. In this column, instead of pointing out the differences between them, I want to discuss what they all have in common -the FLEX operating system itself.

## Memory Maps

Figure 2 shows memory maps for the ROM BASIC system and adaptations of FLEX using the Radio Shack disk controller and the Exatron disk controller. As you can see there are some substantial differences.

## Next Month

Next month we will look at the advantages of a DOS over the ROM BASIC system. Following that we will be looking at the FLEX commands -what they do and how to use them.

If you are still here, thanks for reading this month's column. If you have any questions, comments, or ideas for subjects you would like to talk about in this column, I would sure appreciate hearing from you. 'Til next month...


Fig. 1 Hierarchical Structures


Fig. 2 Memory Maps



An exciting new game from the company that is setting the standards. Colorful, high scoring, fast action play with arcade quality sound effects. High resolution, multicolored characters on a black background. Smooth accurate joystick control. Demonstration mode. Pause feature. 1 or 2 players. 100\% machine language. Requires 16 K color computer with joysticks.

Cassette-\$29.95 Disc-\$34.95 Add $\$ 1.50$ for shipping; $\$ 3$ outside U.S.; 4\% tax in Mich. VISA, Mastercard or Money order. Please allow 2 weeks for checks.


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# Some Plain Talk About a DOS <br> or <br> Why You Should Use STAR-DOS 'N 

The Disk Operating System, or DOS for short, is a program which acts as a file manager for a disk. The DOS acts as a buffer between the disk hardware, and the software which uses that disk. Its primary function is to maintain a disk directory on each disk, fetch program or data files from the disk as needed, and store programs or data back on the disk.
When you buy the Radio Shack Disk System for the Color Computer, a Read Only Memory (ROM) integrated circuit inside the disk controller contains those parts of a DOS which change Extended Basic into Disk Extended Basic. Although this Basic allows you to initialize a disk, maintain a disk directory, store and fetch programs and data, and do many other functions of a real DOS, it has one major drawback - it only works with Basic. There is no easy way to integrate it with machine or assembly language programs, and so you are still limited by the speed and power of Basic.
For this reason, many sophisticated Color Computer users are seriously considering switching to another DOS. Some of our competitors are marketing a very flexible DOS, long a favorite among users of larger 6809 systems, which has been adapted to run on the Color Computer. This particular DOS is quite popular among other 6809 users, and there are many available programs which run under it. But it has several disadvantages. It often requires that you void your warranty by opening and modifying the Color Computer. It is completely incompatible with the Radio Shack DOS, and the two cannot read each other's disks. It's also expensive - since you must buy a new Basic to make full use of it (normal Radio Shack Basic disk commands don't work with it), you must pretty much discard all your existing software and start over - new DOS, new Basic, new editor, new text processor, etc. etc.

## STAR-DOS is the Solution

STAR-DOS is a real DOS which blends all the best features you want into one DOS. STAR-DOS will run on a standard, unmodified 16 K or larger Color Computer using the Radio Shack disk system. Its disk format is fully compatible with Radio Shack Disk Basic - files written by Basic can be read by STAR-DOS and vice versa. Since there is full disk compatibility, you need not throw out your existing programs or files.
But the beauty of STAR-DOS becomes obvious to the serious user. From the programmer's viewpoint, STARDOS is just like other standard 6809 Disk Operating Systems. It provides all the standard features you need, such as provisions for multiple 320 -byte file control blocks, routines to open, read, write, and close named files, rename or delete files, read or write single sectors, search or modify the directory, and more. STAR-DOS is so powerful that many programs written for other 6809 systems can be run with STAR-DOS just by changing a few addresses. STAR-DOS is supplied on a disk with a comprehensive user and programmer's manual, which explains all available routines and entry points, along with examples showing how to use them. The manual explains how to convert programs running under another DOS to run with STAR-DOS. It also comes with a number of utilities to make use of your disk system even easier and faster. It costs just $\$ 49.90$ and is available NOW.

## Available NOW for STAR-DOS

ALL-IN-ONE - the super Text Editor/Text Processor/Mailing List/Mailing Label program from AAA Chicago Computer Center which can process your text and even print individually addressed form letters from your mailing list. Adapted for STAR-DOS and available NOW for just $\$ 50$.
SPELL 'N FIX - the spelling correction program now available in the original Color Computer version or the new, much faster, STAR-DOS version. Finds and fixes spelling and typo errors fast, and costs $\$ 69.29$.
COMING . . . more software running under STAR-DOS is in the works. Write for details, or see last month's ad for other programs.
Above prices include shipping for orders prepaid by cash, check, or money order. We also accept COD, Visa, and MasterCard. NY State residents please include sales tax.

## Star Kits

> MORSE CODE INSTRUCTION; PART 2 PROGRAMMED CW INSTRUCTION FOR THE COLOR COMPUTER by John Steiner
> 5084 th Ave, N+W. Riverside, ND 58078

The TRS－80 Color Camputer is one of the more versatile yet inexpensive computers on the market today．I have owned one for nearly a year now，and have been quite pleased with its performance and versatility，The major disadvantage of this particular machine is the lack of good software available for it．This situation is improving tremendously，as more and mnre people become involved with the machine． An example of software available for the ham is RTTY－CW，a complete terminal program for the Color Computer，This fine program，written by Clay Abrams，KGAEP，is excellent，and my recommendation comes completely unsolicited．

Last month，I presented a program that provided CW instruction for the novice that had no previous code experience．This program goes one step further，and allows the individual to practice and improve his CW abilities．As an extra，for the instructor of Morse code classes， there is a keyboard option which allows the computer to send CW to the monitor speaker， when typed into the keyboard，Even an inexperienced individual could teach a course with this technique．The spacing is variable between characters，which allows a person to receive the letters at high speed，with a longer pause between characters．The program is also capable of sending special characters，such as ＇－－＇and＇SK＇by hitting the appropriate substitute keys on the keyboard．

This program will easily run on a 16 K Extended BASIC Color Computer，and can be loaded from either disk or cassette，See last month＇s article for a complete description on the use of Extended BASIC＇s PLAY command．

## PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Lines ending in the number five are REMarks，and may be left out if desired，Lines 10 to 140 initialize the program and print the menu． Lines 150 to 580 read the appropriate strings into memory．This table is exactly the same as the program published last month，and contains two arrays，in addition to the letter strings． Array No contains the numbers one through zero， while array $5 \$$ contains the special character symbol data．

Lines 590 to 610 send the program to the random code subroutine located in 1600 if that mode is selected，If the keyboard routine is being used，control skips to line 620 which processes a
character stored in the INKEY\＄buffer．The code select table is in lines 640 to 1070．The program jumps to the appropriate PLAY statement in lines 1080 through 1520，whereupon it returns to the beginning of the loop，Lines 1530 to 1590 is the subroutine that lets you specify the program mode（random characters，or keyboard send）．The last routine in the listing is divided into two subroutines，Line 1600 randomly goes to 1630, which selects a number，otherwise a character is specified，Control then returns to the main program loop．

This program，LRNMORS2，is available on cassette for those who do not wish to type in the listings．The program is fully debugged and will run correctly．If you would like a copy on cassette，please send a $\$ 10$ check to John Steiner 508 Fourth Ave NW Riverside，NDD 58078

If you have any questions，or comments， you may write to the above address，but please send a reply envelope if you wish a response．A few hours practice with this program，and you will be back on the CW trail again． 73 ，

```
F REM U1.O %/SO/B!
10 CLEAR2OOO:DIM N(1O):CLS
20 FRTNTM1S2:"MORSE CODE TRAINEF:
    FAFT 2"
SO FFINTG196:"BY JOHN STETNEF"
SO FORI=1TO1OOO:NEक=INKEY串:IF NE
&:=" "THEN I=1OOI"NEXTELSENEXT
60 CLEmaOSUEJESO
70 INFUT"SFEED (E-25)"#S:IFG<5 0
F% B2STHEN7O
75 REM SET SFEED 品 SFACIMG
```



```
9O IFR=1THENINFUT"CHARACTER SFAC
ING (1-50)",ES
100 TFFR=1 ANDCSQ1 OR CSPEO THEN
    FFINT"ENTEFE 1 TO EO ONLY":gOTOQ
O
110 TFF=OTHENINFUT"FRINT LETTEFG
    ON SCREEN (Y/N)":FR费
120 TFF=OTHENCLS
13O TFF=OTHENFRINT:FRINT"FRESS:"
"FFRINT"壮 := AR"#FRINT"> = SK"#PRT
NT"- = ---"#FRINT"FRESS <SHIFT/CL
EAR> TO STOP
140 IFR=1THENFRINTG44S, "FFESS <S
HIFT/CLEARS TO STOP
145 REM CHARACTEFS
150 A,m"LZ#A:FS%L1:AF"
```


 LT：AFI

190 E串＝＂L马yAF1．

AF 1






F1


290 D市＝＂L1A！PTHFSEAF1
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340 T中 $=$＂L 1 ！ AF 1





AFI

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460 N6क＝＂L1A！FS：LSA！FSA：FSA：FSAF 1
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EOO NO束＝＂L1A：FSA：FSA！FSA！FEAF1
510 S1虫＝＂F1
520 E2申＝＂LS：A！FB：LIA！FB：LSA！FS！L

 LIA：FS：A！F1＂＊，
 FBA
 1A\％F1＂${ }^{3}-$



SLSA！F1＂：－AF：

SHEA\％F1＂：
S8S FEM RANDOM CODE
590 IFR $=1$ THEMGOSUE16OO
600 FLAYSP＊
610 1FF $=1$ THEM 440
615 FEN INFUT CODE
62O CD $=$ INKEY串：IFCD紬＂THENG20
\＆So IFFR $\ddagger$＂Y＂THENFRINTCD $\ddagger$
SBE TF CD年＝＂＂GOSUE10000
640 IFCD $=$＂A＂THEN1．080
GEO IFCD\＄＝＂E＂THEN1090
660 IFCD $=$＂$C$＂THEN1100
670 IFCD $\$=" D "$ THEN 1110
SBO IFCO\＆＝＂E＂THEN1120
690 IFCD中＝＂F＂THEN1130
700 IFCD争 $=$＂G＂THEN1140
710 IFCD $=$＂H＂THEN115O
720 IFCD $=$＝I＂THEN 1160
730 IFCD争＝＂J＂THEN1170
740 IFCD $\$=" K$＂THEN1180
750 IFCD㤩＝＂L＂THEN1190
760 IFCD中 $=$＂M＂THEN1200
770 IFCD $={ }^{3}={ }^{1 N}$ THEN1210
780 TFCD串 $=$＂口＂THEN1220
790 IFCD $=$＂F＂THEN1230
800 IFCD $=$＂ 0 ＂THEN1240
910 TFCD $\$=$＂F＂THEN1250
B20 IFCD $=$＂ 5 ＂THEN1260
日GOIFCD $=$＂T＂THEN 1270
840 IFCD $=$＂U＂THEN1280
日EGO IFCD串＝＂V＂THEN1290
860 TFCD\＄$=$＂W＂THEN1300
870 IFCD $⿻={ }^{\circ}={ }^{\prime \prime} X$＂THEN1310
日80 TFCD中 $=$＂Y＂THEM1 320
890 IFCD串＝＂Z＇＂THEN13TO
900 IFCD $=10$＂THEN1 540
910 IFCDक $=1$ 1＂THEN1 5 50
920 IFCD $\$=" 2 "$ THEN1 360
930 TFCD $==" 3 " T H E N 1370$
940 IFCD串 $=$＂4＂THEN13日0
9EO IFCD牛＝＂5＂THEN1 390
960 IFCD串 $=$＂ 6 ＂THEN1400
970 IFCD $==17 "$ THEN1410
980 IFCD $\$=" \mathrm{~B}$＂THEN1420
990 IFCD $0^{6}=" 9 " T H E N 1430$
1000 IFCD $\$=1$＂THEN 1440
1010 IFCD $\$="$＂THEN1450

1020 TFCD中 $=1$＂＂THEN1460
$10 \boxed{\text { 1FCD }}=4$＂．．．THEN 14 BO
1040 IFCD $=1=14$ THENI 490
1050 IFCD事＝＂非＂THEN1500
1000 TFCD $\$=" / 1 T H E N 1510$
1070 IFCD $=" 7 " 7 H E N 1520$
1075 REM OLITFUT GODE
1090 FLAYA家 GOTOSGO
1090 FLAYE必：GOTOE90
1100 FLAYC末： $\mathrm{EO}^{T} O 5 \%$
1110 PLAYD事：EOTOEGO
1120 FLAYE末： $50 T O 59 O$
1150 FLAYF w GOTDE9O
1140 PLAYG多：GOTOSOO
1150 FLAYHक：GOTO590
1160 FLAYI $:$ GOTOS50
1170 FLAYJ出： GOTOS 90
1150 FLAYK゙韦 $\operatorname{SOTOF} 5$
1190 PLAYL象：GOTOSOO
1200 FLAYM ： $60 T O 55 \%$
1210 FLAYN中 $\operatorname{BDTOSOO}$
1220 FLAYOक：GOTO57\％
1230 FLAYFक
1.240 FLAYQ＊：GOTD59O

1250 FLAYFi $:$ GOTO590
1260 PLAYS虫：GOTOS90
1270 FLAYT＊：GOTD590
1280 FLAYUक：EOTロ59
1290 FLAYV争：GDTDE90
1300 FLAYW事：GOTOSCO
1310 PLAYX $\$$ GOTDE90
1320 FLAYY象：GOTO5C\％

1340 PLAYNO事：GOTUS90
1350 FLAYNI＊：GOTD590
1360 FLAYN2क $1 . \operatorname{GOTO} 590$
1870 PLAYNS事：GOTDE90
1380 FLAYN4क：GOTOS90
1390 PLAYNE゙象：GOTOS50
1400 FLAYNS $=$ GOTOS90
1410 FLAYN7身：GOTOS50
1420 FLAYNB ${ }^{2}$ ：GOTOE90
140 FLAYNF ：GOTM590
1440 FLAYS1事：GOTOS90
1450 FLAYS2क：GOTD590
1460 FLAYS3＊
1470 FLAYS4中：GOTDE90
1450 FLAYS5 $:$ GOTOS90
1470 FLAYS6 1 ：GOTOS90
1500 FLLAYS7事：GOTOS9O
1510 FLAYSEs $\operatorname{GOTOEOO}$
1520 FLAYS4事：GOTOS90
1525 REM MDDE SCFEEN
$15 \mathcal{O}$ FFINTGE2：＂CODE FRACTICE TFA

1540 FFTNT＂DO YOL WANT ©RYANDOM
LETTEFS DF
15EO FRTNT＂TO SEND \＆LDETTEFS FFO M FEEVECARD
1560 INFUT＂ENTER E DF L＂$\because \mathrm{CH}$
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15BO IF CHO＝＂L＂THENF＝O：FETLFN
1590 Fi＝1：FETURN
1595 FEM FANDOM CHAFACTEF FOUTIN
E
1600 TFFND $(5)=1 T H E N 16 S 0$
 000
1610 FOFI＝ 170 CE 10 ：NEXT
$1620 \mathrm{CD}=\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{CHF}(\mathrm{FNDD}(26)+64): F E T U F N$

1630 FDFI＝ 1 TOCS＊10：NEXT
1640 CD ）$=$ CHFi（FND（9）＋4B）：FETUFN

TINUE？＂：
10010 ME $=$ TNKEV事：TFNE $=1 "$ THEN 100 10
10020 IFNE市＝＂X＂THEN END
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10040 FRINT＂ENTER ©X\％OR ©C\％ON LY＂
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 of Kzirgla

From Rainbow Connection Software
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By Bob Albrecht from John Wiley \& Sons
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MOVE - NEW STUFF - QUESTIONS

## WE MOVED

As I mentioned 2 months ago, we have finally moved to a new and bigger office, Our new address is:

FRANK HOGG LABORATORY, Inc. The Regency Tower 770 James Street Syracuse, NY 13203 315-474-7856

This is only 5 blocks from where we were before so the phone number stays the same. The new office is much larger than the old one cabout 6 times) and gives us the needed room to expand and add more products, We have been growing at a very fast rate and this move was necessary in order to accommodate all the new business.

## OPPS

Two months ago we told everyone that they could send in their FLEX for an update that included the new Hi-Res screens. At that time, the software was done for the Hi-Res screen, and all that had to be done was to integrate it into FLEX, No problem, right? That took more time than writing the Hi-Res in the first place, I apologize for the delay. We started shipping them the last week of September, However I think you will be happy with the results of this effort.

## Telewriter and FLEX

Normally a machine language program like Telewriter would not work with FLEX because of the differences between the two systemsisee the discussion on this later) However, I received a call from one of our users who told me he was using Telewriter with FLEX. Several people have asked me about Telewriter and FLEX, 50 I was very interested in how he did it.

It turns out that Telewriter uses a Basic program to save the text to disk using the SAVEM command, D/BASIC, which is Radio Shack DISK BASIC running under FLEX, supports both SAVEM and LOADM, as well as CLOADM and CSAVEM, plus others.

What he did was this. First CSAVEM Telewriter to tape from Radio Shack BASIC, then load FLEX and get into D/BASIC, CLOADM Telewriter from tape and SAVEM to FLEX disk. You would have to use a similar process to

By Frank Hogg
transfer text files to FLEX disk if they could not transfer with the program that comes with D/BASIC. As I do not have a copy of Telewriter, I cannot confirm this, but I have an order in for a copy and I will give you a report next month.

This brings up a point about the differences between Radio Shack disks and FLEX disks.

There are two differences between FLEX and Radio Shack DOS when it comes to machine language programs. First is the way the data are stored on disk with the two systems. In Radio Shack DOS the data are stored in granules of 9 sectors each. In FLEX the data are stored by sectors, Second is the way each system keeps track of where in memory a machine language program will load.

A machine language program in Radio Shack DOS is flagged as such in the directory, The file itself begins with a 5 byte header;

Byte 1 = Flag
Byte 2 \& $3=$ size of this segment
Byte 4 \& 5 = starting address
At the end of the segment is another 5 bytes;

Byte $1=$ Flag
Byte 2\& 3 = size of next segment
Byte 4 \& 5 = starting address
If the size of the next segment is 0 then bytes $4 \& 5$ become the transfer address or starting address for the program.

A machine language program in FLEX is stored quite differently, If the first byte of a file starts with a $\$ 02$ then it is a machine language file. A machine language file has a 4 byte header;

Byte $1=$ Flag ( $\$ 02$ )
Byte 2 \& $3=$ starting address
Byte 4 = length of this segment
If the byte after the last byte is a zero, loading stops, If however that byte is a $\$ 16$ then the following two bytes are the transfer address. If the next byte is a $\$ 02$ loading continues until a 0 after the last data byte is read. In this way multiple transfer addresses can be in a file; however, only the last one will be used.

The two systems are different to the point that a direct byte for byte copy will not work. The program to do this would have to read the file and translate the information into the other systems style and then save it to the disk. DBASIC will read a cassette tape and write to FLEX disk, In like manner DBASIC will read a

FLEX disk and save to Radio Shack tape, so transfers can be made between the two systems in this way.

We are working on programs to do this but at the moment DBASIC is the only way.

CBASIC is one of the utilities included with FLEX that will also read a Radio Shack tape. CBASIC does not have any way to save to the disk itself but if you knew where the program you read in was in memory you could get back into FLEX and save that area to FLEX disk with the SAVE,CMD of FLEX, Running the program later would involve going into CBASIC, going back to FLEX and doing a GET of the program saved and then jumping to the starting address of the program with the JUMP:CMD of FLEX,

## USING AN EXTERNAL TERMINAL

The new version of FHL Color FLEX has a command called EXT. This is how you can use it to run an external terminal and printer with FLEX.

EXT will allow a standard serial terminal such as a TVI 910, to be hooked to the RS232 port of the Radio Shack Color Computer. Additionally, a printer may be hooked to the terminal.

This utility will control the capability built into the terminal that turns the terminals printer port on and off.

This will appear to the calling program as a normal terminal/pinter combination. The terminal used is a TeleVideo 910 and the printer is a Microline sza with a high speed serial interface. Other combinations may be workable, but it is left to the user to implement them.

## HOW IT WORKS

The Radio Shack RS232 port is a bit banger type of port, that is to say that each character sent out this port must be sent a bit at a time by software. There are some limitations to this type of port. Because of the way the hardware is in the color computer it was not possible for us to do any hardware handshaking. This means that if the terminal or the printer is busy (not able to accept any more characters), then the CC will not be aware of this and will continue to send them, resulting in lost characters. This will probably not happen with the terminal but it is a problem with the printer.

In the case of the TVI 910, the baud rate of the printer port must be the same as the terminal. With the high speed serial interface in the 92 a the highest rate is 9600 baud. If we set
the 910 to 9600 baud and the 82a to 9600 baud it should work fine.

However there is a catch. When the printer buffer (2048 chacters) fills up we start to lose characters. The printer is able to Receive characters at 9600 baud but it only prints them at about 1200 baud. When it is hooked to the CC as a printer only it just stops the CC until it can receive more characters. But when it is hooked in the full duplex mode there is no way to tell when the printer is busy and you lose chacters.

There are three user changeable variables in EXT.

CDELAY Intercharacter delay
PBUFF \# of characters to send before delay
CRNULL Number of nulls between CR and LF.
Characters are sent to the printer without any intercharacter delay (CDELAY) until the limit of PBUFF. Then CDELAY is invoked between all characters after that. PBUFF is set to zero when a character is sent to the terminal. CRNULL is the number nulls to send between a carriage return and a line feed.

In our case we are sending 1500 characters before any delay is used between characters. This gives us a margin of better than 500 characters in the buffer, After the 1500 are sent then the delay is used between characters to prevent the buffer from overflowing. We don't use any nulls between CR and LF so this is set to zero.

Whenever printing stops and FLEX goes back to the terminal the count is reset to zero on the number of characters sent before the delay.

When a character is sent to the printer EXT checks a flag to see where the last character went. If the last character was sent to the Frinter then EXT adds one to the count and checks to see if the count is more than the limit. If it is, then EXT waits for the amount of time determined by the delay and then sends the character to the printer. If the character is a CR then EXT sends whatever nulls were required by CRNULL. If the last character was sent to the terminal instead, then EXT first sends a string of up to 12 characters to the terminal. These characters will configure the terminal for transparent printer pass through and configure the printer if needed. Then the character is sent thru the terminal to the printer.

A similar thing happens for the terminal. EX.T checks the flag to determine where the last character went and if it went to the terminal last then EXT just sends it. If however the last
character went to the printer, then EXT sends up to 12 characters to the terminal to turn off the transparent printer passthrough mode and configure the terminal, (if necessary) before it sends the character to the terminal.

## INSTALATION

The terminal is connected to the CC via the RS232 port (serial I/O) on the back of the CC. This is a four connector DIN connector numbered $1,2,3$ and 4. This is connected via cable to a DB25 connector.

Pin 1 of the DIN goes to Pin 20 of the DB25 Pin 2 of the DIN goes to Pin 2 of the DBZ5 Pin 3 of the DIN goes to Pin 7 of the DB25 Pin 4 of the DIN goes to Pin 3 of the DB25

The Microline 82a printer is connected to the terminal via a cable with two DB25 connectors.

Pin 1 of the 32 a DB25 goes to Pin 1 of the 910 Pin 3 of the 32 a DB25 goes to Pin 3 of the 910 Pin 7 of the S2a. DB25 goes to Pin 7 of the 910 Pin 11 of the 82a DB25 goes to Pin 8 of the 910

The baud rate of the TVI 910 and the 82a are both set to 9600 baud. The SETUP command is used to set FLEXs baud rate at 9600 baud also. ie: SETUP PB9600

Then the command EXT is executed and the '+++' will appear on the terminal. If you type ' $P$ CAT $0^{\prime}$ a catalog of drive 0 should appear on the printer and the prompt should appear back on the terminal after the catalog is done.

In order to halt the listing on either the printer or the terminal the BREAK key on the Colar Computer KEYBOARD is used, NOT the ESC key on the terminal.

That does it for this month. If you have any questions that you would like to have answered please send them to the address at the beginning of this column.

## REMINDER

This is a reminder to all Subscribers and new readers. For any Subscription or back issue orders our phone number is ( 616 ) $728-9100$, We ancept Visa and Master charge.

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## COLOR COMPUTER DISK SYSTEM

We offer a complete disk drive interiace system for the coler computer, featuring the Tall Grass Technologies Double Density, buttered disk controiler card. The disk intertace board plugs imp the color compuler expansion socket and provides for doubling the storage capacity of single densily type disk drives by using GCA encoding / decoding techniques. Power may be takan internally from the system or from an external power supply (not normally required even with piggyback 4116's installed). This controller will support up to 4 single/doubla density, single/double sided $5 \& 1 / 4$ inch disk drives. These include Shugar 400 saries, Siemens 82. TEAC 50 series, Pertec FD200. MP1 B51/52/91/92, Tandon and others. The controller uses standard 10 sector diskettes and does not read or write the soft-sectored IBM styla formats used by TRS-80 or FLEX systems. Two reasons for not using a soft sectored system are cost and reliabilily.
The Tallgrass double density format oflers more margin for worn diskettes, dirt etc. and less expensive single density disk drives 8 diskettes. All you need to add to have a complete disk system is a disk drive / cable.

## DISK OPERATNG SYSTEM (DDS)

The Disk Operating System for the Tallgrass Technotogies Disk controller (CCMD +9 ) is a full featured "BASIC" compatible operating system. It is fully inegrated with the ROM basic system already in the color computar and automatically is initialized upon system power on much the same as the R.S. disk system does. But there is a big difference between that disk system and CCMD +9 . First of all we support any mix of 35,40 or 80 track single or double sided disk drives, which allows a minimum of 4 times the storage capacity of the "other" "disk system. We also make far better use of the disk storage space by using sector allocation for each file instead of the granual method of 8 sector blocks which can waste anywhere from 1 to 7 sectors for each file on the disk. For example, on their DOS, it 5 files each required only 2 secters there would be 40 disk sectors allocated, a waste of 30 disk sectors or almost 4 "granuals". This is not the case in our disk system, only the required number of sectors would be used.
Many other disk systems using a sector allocation system have a problem with file fragmentation and axcessive seek time after a disk is used over and over adding and deleting filas until it becomes so bad that the disk must be re-formatted to correct the problem. With CCMD +9 this is not the case, as files are deleted the disk space is automatically repacked to haip keep files from being fragmented and decrease access time.
The DOS is contained in a ROM on the disk controller the same as the R.S. disk system so you don't have to "bootstrap" the DOS off of a disk and it doesn't get clobbered eastly by a runaway program as most ram based systems do. The DOS does "NOT"' require Extended Basic and will run on a 4,16 or 32 K system
bita without any modilications. CCMD +9 uses approximataly 1 K of ram for the disk systom which is taken from the top of memory, this allows all previousiy purchased tape sofware to function with the disk system, this is not so with the R.S. disk system.
CCMD +9 supports both Basic and Machine language programs. It is sasily accessible to the beginner or advanced machine language programmer with easy to use and well documented entry points to perform disk as well as screan/printer/keyboard input \& output. It includes 10 disk file functions to open, close. read/write random or sequential files, read specific sector of file, flush sector buttier to file, close \& rewind file (re-open) and process disk system errors. The screen/printer/keyboard I/O functions includs: input character, output character, outpul text string, output carriage return, output $2 / 4$ thex characters, output space character and read/writhe single disk sector.

The "BASIC" interface system allows Basic and Basic programs to communicate with the disk system much the same as the R.S. disk system does with a tew added features. It includes both Direct and Indirect basic commands, Direct commands can be executed any time and Indirect commands are contained with "Basic" programs. The Direct commands include: LOAD or SAVE (binary/ASCli basic program disk file), CHAIN (load \& execute basic program) and CDOS "disk command". The "CDOS command allows you to oxecute a specific disk command frem the free standing disk system, these include: LOAD/SAVE machine language or memory file, REMOVE one or more disk tiles, CHANGE disk file name, CHECK disk file for errors, ANALYZE disk directory, STRACK set tracks \& sides for disk drive. SCMP set compare on/ofi, RUN errors, ANALYZE disk direclory, STRACk set tracks \& sides lor disk dive, SCMip set compare on/ oit, RUN address. and NEW initialize dilsk. If the "CDOS" command is executed without any command tollowing controt is passed to CCMO +9 where any of the previously mentioned commands can be executed directly
thus providing total control of the entire system. The command system is easy to learn and remember with a minimum of eflort on the users part. The 8ASIC interface system was designed to be compatible with the existing I/0 commands used with tape files for easy conversion and upgrading to disk. When using Basic disk files up to 9 files can be active at once with all cisk fille memory allocation being done automatically at run time, you don't have to reserve lile space as with the R.S. disk system. The indirect basic commands include: Open, Print, Input, Line Input (ext. Basic), EOF, Rewind, Close, Print Using (Ext. Basic), these all function in the same manner as basic tape file l/o.
CCMD +9 has one other unique feature not found in most disk systems. Eash disk initialized by the system is assigned a disk label which can be used inslead of a disk drive number, the system will autematically locate which drive the diskette is on and use it accordingiy. This can be very usefull in basic programs which use lilas on multiple disks, you don't have to wory which disk belongs in which drive.
Part of the power and flexibility of CCMD +9 lies in the Disk Uillity System which allows the system commands to be greatly expanded by adding utility or transient disk commands. These commands are automatically handied by the system so as not to overwrile Basic programs in memory and can even be called by a Basic program in some cases. For exampla you can perform a disk copy of backup while still preserving a basic program currently in memory, no other system that we know of has this ability. We currenty have a list of ullitites available and will be adding to it constantly to improve the system.

## SOFTwARE SUPPORT

This disk system is the most recent one to enter the color computer disk market and is currently the only one with any disk soffware to support it. There should be no problem in the future with a lack of software for this system because, it is extremely easy to interface software to. We currently have available tor the disk system: a Disk Assembler which allows files larger than memory to be assembled, a Disk Text Editor which makes writing Basic and Assembler programs easy and also will edit files larger than memory, a Disk Text Editor/PTocessor (WORD PROCESSOR) "TEXTPRO1 which is easy to learn and extremely poweriul for its price range, TEXTPRO II is an advanced version with expanded features: programmable tabs, 3 line processsble headers, decimal/center/right fustity/horizontal tabs, keyboard input processing and more. A Disk Disassembler/Source generator, a Disk system monitor which includes all of the "TRSMON" monitor commands \& has access to all of CCMD +9 disk commands $\&$ automatically locates itself at the top of mamory to stay out of the way, and a full compliment of disk utilities. The utility disk includes: full disk backup, build disk text file from keyboard, 24 hour screen clock, single or multiple disk file copy, lext file executive processor, ASCII/HEX file dump/list/map utility. ASCII file lister/printer, and a disk relabel ulility. All al prices far befow what other disk system soflware sells for.

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For double sided drives add $\$ 100.00$ per drive. Add $\$ 5.00$ per drive for shipping, NO COD's on disk drives or disk system special. Shipping for disk controller add $\$ 2.50$, for Disk software enly add $\$ 1.00$. Visa \& $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{C}$ add $3 \%$ (this is what the bank charges us).

Manufactured under liconse from Tall Grass Technologies.

## CO RESIDENT EDITOR/ASSEMBLER

Co-resident Editor/Assembler that will allow the user to create, edit and assemble machine language programs for the color computer. The editor portion of the program is similar to the text editor in TEXTPRO. The assembler will output machine object code to either cassette tape in a 'CLOADM' readabla format or directly to memory for direct execution. The assembly listing can optionally be output to the printer connected to the RS-232/Printer port on the color computer. All errors are displayed with a full text message for easy identification. The assembier supports the full compliment of the M6809 instruction set and also will easy identification. The assembler supports the full compliment of the M6809
cross assemble 6800 source code to produce M6809 compatibie object code. COHESS

## SYSTEM MONITOR

TRSMON is a 2 K system moniter progran that will allow you to explore the workings of the color computer. It faatures 9 debuging commands, tape load and save compatible with Basic "CLOADM", up/down load via RS232 port, terminal package that allows the color computer to be used as a ferminal at baud ratas up io 9600 baud and a printer driver to direct display output to the printer for memory dumps, disassemblies etc. The program is position independent so it can be moved anywhere within the system memory. A very powertul tool at a very reasonabie price. Commands Include:
Memory examine \& change, Goto defined address, Load Tape program (w/ofiset), Load Motorola S1-S9 tile (RS232), Save Tape program, Send memory file S1-S9 (RS232), Set and/or display breakpoints, Remove one or all breakpoints, Define printer/terminal baud rate. Set and/or display registers. Oump memory in Hox one of all breakpoints, Deatine printer/terminal oaud rate. Set and or display registers. Oump memory in Hex memory, Find mamory byte sequence, Exit monitor to Basic, Exit monitor to Rom Pack (\$COOO), Re-initialize monther, Direct outpul to printer.
TRSMON ON TAPE
$\$ 19.95$
TRSMON on 2716 Eprem
$\$ 34.95$

BX COLOR RAM/EPROM CARTRIDGE HOLOS 4-2718 EPROM W RAM
zX RAM CHIPS $\$ 18.95$
$5 y^{2}$ " DISKETIES, SMFT OR MARD SECTOA, BOX OF 10
mOTOROLA bsog probrammers manual.
$+\$ 2.50$ SHIPMNA 18 CL CLA88

## TEXTPRO <br> TEXT EDITOR/PROCESSOR

TEXTPRO is a complete text editor \& text processing program for the Color Computer. The program includes our poweriui full function text editor plus the added features of a texi processor. The entire program utilizes only 6 K of memory space including the tape, screen and keyboard butters. It is extremely tast in editing and processing text tilles and is compatible with Basic ASCII formatted tape filies.
The Editer itsell includes 24 commands including string search \& replace; line and automatic line edit modes which allaw you to insert, delete, change or add characters. Automatic line editing allows you to skip forward and backward for checking and ediling, all screen editing immediately updates the screen so you know exactly what you are doing at all times. The Editer also has commands to move or copy single lines or blocks of text from one place to another. Some of the other commands include Tape load, save and append: Automatic line numbers, detate line, set input line tenglt and printer output.
The Text Processor includes 29 commands for formating the oulput, some of them include: page length, left margin, top \& bottom margin, line length, justify \& fill modes, page heading. cenler line, double width print, margin control, single, multiple \& special indent mades, test lines left an page, display \& input from keyboard and even special control codes can be sent to the printer for difterent prift densities etc. It even has a repeal command with a next command to redo all of or a portion of the file as many times as needed, TEXTPRO will turn your color computer into a full fledged text processing machine at a price you won't believe. Available on 'CLOADM' compatible cassette.

SPECIAL INTROBNCTORY PRICE $\$ 29.95$
AS. BISK VEASION \$49.99

## DATAPACK <br> data communications package

DATAPACK is a Terminal package program for the COLOR COMPUTER, allowing you to use the color computer as a buffered computer terminal through a modem to a time sharing network or as a direct connect terminal to another computer system at rates up to 9600 baud. This program is more than a standard "Videotext" type program in that it will allow you to save data stored in the buffer either to cassette tape, or output a hard copy to a printer. The data buffer is automatically sel to the maximum size of your systam memery when entered to allow maximum space for saving data. The program includes features to send control codes and to enable or disable keyboard echo. When the terminal mode is exited the contents of the buffer may be viewed on the screen or saved to tape for later loading. Also the AS-232 port can be used to plug your printer back in for sending the screen buffer to the printer. An additional foature is the ASCH format that is used on tape is compatible with the CER-COMP Text Editor program and BASIC, enabling you to edit or detote unwanted information.

PRICE: \$24.95 ON CASSETTE
R8. DIEK YER81ON $\$ 19.95$

CHROMALEDGER
by Danny Norris
2224 W．Florida Street
Greensbora，NC 27403

CHROMALEDGER is an easy to use expense accounting program written for the 32 K Extended BASIC Color Computer．It uses cassettes for storage and up to 450 entries per file may be entered in the following fashion：

NO．DATE ITEM CAT，AMOUNT
NO．－－－A line number assigned by the program， DATE－－－Entered as month／day such as 2／25， ITEM－－－Is the name of the specific expense．It can be up to eight characters in length excluding commas，colons and quotation marks，
CAT，－－－Stands for category and will be a letter from A to 2，Names may be assigned to categories on a special screen．
AMOUNT－－－Is any amount from $\$, 00$ to $\$ 9,999,99$ ， You must include the decimal and two cents digits．A comma in number from $\$ 1000.00$ and higher is optional．Do not include a dollar sign．

CHROMALEDGER will total entries by month，week，specific item and category，as well as a grand total．Entries may be listed to screen or printer using these same criteria．The search keys for month，week，and category must match exactly but the ITEM search uses the instring function 50 a partial match will work．

To use the program，enter 〈poke 25，6inew〉 before loading to free up all available memory． Virtually all of the information you need will displayed at the proper time．There is extensive error checking and the normal function of the break key is completely disabled．The break key is used instead to escape commands or to correct mistakes．

CHROMALEDGER is large（12．3K）and its structure suffers in places from various additions，However，it shouldn＇t be too difficult to adapt it to disk．In its current form it is reliable，virtually bomb proof，enjoyable to use， and most importantly；useful．

If you dislike typing and debugging，I will supply the program on cassette for CCN readers for $\$ 14.95$ ．Postal money orders will speed up delivery．Send orders to：

> Danny Norris
> 2224 W, Florida Street Greensboro, NC 27403

Any suggestions or comments about the program will be appreciated．

```
1 'CHROMALEDGER 1.1
（C） 1982
2 ＇EY DANNY NORRIS
```

3 ＂MAY BE ADAPTED EY USER FOR DISK USE BUT ALL OTHER COPYRIGHT RESTRICTIONS APPLY
10 GOTO2030
$20 \mathrm{~J}=1: \mathrm{K}=\mathrm{F=}{ }^{\circ}$
$30 \operatorname{POKE}(1024+N D * 32+T+3), 150$
$40 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{USR}$（0）：IFK＞日ANDKく13THENGOSU B1470：E0TO4O
50 IFK $=3$ THENE $=2:$ RETURN
60 IFK $=$ STHENIFJ $=1$ GOTOSOELSEPRINT
 FT\＆（K中，J－1）：GOTOSO
70 IFK $=21$ GOSUR120：GOT020．
BO IFK＝1STHENIFJ＝1GOSUB1470：GOTO
3OELSEONF GOSUE140，170，180，190，2 20，230：IFE＝1THENGOSUB120：GOSUB13 0：GOSUB1470：GOTO2OELSEPRINTJND＊S $2+T+J$ ：CHR（ 32 ）；：RETURN
90 IFJ $=9$ GOSUB1 30：GOSUE1470：GOTOS OELSEK $=$（ （ $\ddagger+$ CHR （ $K$ ）
100 PRINTGND＊ $32+T+J$ ，CHR $(K)$ ；
$110 \mathrm{~J}=\mathrm{J}+1$ ：GOTOSO
120 FORX＝J TOISTEF－1：PRINTOND＊S2 ＋T＋X：CHR（32）：：NEXT：RETURN
130 ONF GOSUB350，360，380，390，410 ：400：RETURN
140 GOSUE160：IFE＝ 1 THENRETURNELSE IFLEN（K ${ }^{\prime}$ ）$)$ STHENE $=1$ ：RETURNELSEP＝I NSTR \｛K＂乎＂／＂）：IFF＝OTHENE＝1：RETURN ELSEIFINSTR（P＋1，K中，＂／＂）＜＞OTHENE＝ 1：RETURNELSEX＝VAL（LEFT象（K $\mathrm{K}_{5} \mathrm{P}-1$ ））
 ＜1ORX＞12ORZ《10RZ＞ 31 THENE＝1：RETUR N
$150 \mathrm{E}=\{\mathrm{Z}\langle=\mathrm{FND}(\mathrm{X})\}+1:$ RETLIRN
160 FORZ＝1TOLEN（K $)$ ：$X=A S C$（MID $\$(K$ （ $; 2,1\rangle)$ ：IF $X<470 \mathrm{RX}>57$ THENE＝1：RETU RNELSENEXT：E＝O：RETURN
170 IFINSTR《K
 HENE＝1：RETURNELSEE＝O：RETURN
180 IFLEN $(K \phi)<>1$ THENE $=1$ ：RETURNEL SEIFKまく＂A＂ORK申〉＂Z＂THENE＝1：RETURN ELSEE＝0：RETURN
190 IFLEN（K（ $)$ ）（3THENE＝1：RETURNELS

 ETURN
 ＜${ }^{2} L E N(K \$)-G A N D I N S T R(X, K 末, ", ")<>0$


210 FORZ $=1$ TOLEN（K $)$ ）：$X=A S C$（MID中（ $K$ $\$, 2,1)$ ）：IFX＝470RX＜460RX＞57THENE＝ 1：RETURNELSENEXTZ：E＝0：RETURN

## Color Computer News Magna-zine Service.

This New Device Will Give You A Three Weeks Vacation!!!



Well actually, the "vacation" is from the tedium of hand typing the programs published in Color Computer News. Even if you are a fairly good typist (i.e. you use more than two fingers, and you don't have to look at the keyboard!) it would take you about twelve hours to type in most of the programs in an average Color Computer News issue - and then you have to de-bug the programs on top of that! Save your "finger energy" for scratching your head while you think great thoughts and leave the program typing to the CCN Magna-zine Service. We guarantee that our monthly program tapes will save even the fastest typist many hours of frustration!! Relief for your tired fingers is just a CLOAD away!

Each month, CCN Magna-zine subscribers receive a top quality digital cassette which contains about a half dozen programs from their favorite CC-80 magazine, Color Computer News. American and Canadian subscriptions are available for just $\$ 42.00$ (plus $\$ 6.00$ first class postage) for a full 12 issues and can start with any issue number you specify. Single issues are also available for the low price of just $\$ 6.00$ each plus $\$ 1.00$ postage. Subscription postage to all other countries is $\$ 15.00$ per year (sent via AO Air Mail). Overseas single issue postage is $\$ 2.00$ per tape. (Florida residents add $\$ .30$ sales tax for single tape purchases only.)
The CCN Magna-zine Service is staffed by people who are highly qualified in cassette tape mastering and production and who use only top quality, custom loaded, all American made digital cassettes. Each tape is fully guaranteed for one full year against any and all hazards - up to and including the tape being crushed by a falling meteor!! Just return the original tape (or at least the piece with our label on it!) along with $\$ 1.00$ for return postage, and that issue will be instantly replaced - no questions asked! Who else offers you such a guarantee???

To start your own subscription to the CCN Magna-zine, just fill out the coupon (a photo copy or a plain piece of paper with the proper information is just fine!) and mail it to: CCN Magna-zine Service, Box 68. Safety Harbor, Florida 33572. Include your check (personal checks are OK) or money order and be sure to indicate which Color Computer News issue you want your subscription to begin with if it is anything other than the next as yet unpublished issue number.
You already know about the high quality programming articles that have set Color Computer News apart from all other computer magazines, therefore, you also know what to expect from our cassette tape version!!! So, don't delay any longer - send in for your own subscription today! Spend your time computing, NOT typing!!!


220 IFLEN（K $\ddagger$ ）＞3THENE＝1：RETURNELS
 ，1））：IFX＜480RX＞57THENE＝1：RETURNE LSENEXT：I＝VAL（K゙串）：IFI＜1ORI＞N THE NE $=1$ ：RETURNELSEE＝0：RETURN 230 IFLEN（K末） $\mathbf{2} 2$ THENE＝1：RETURNELS
 ，1））：IFX＜480RX $>57$ THENE $=1:$ RETURNE LSENEXT：IFVAL（K ${ }^{\prime}$ ）＜1ORVAL（K $(\mathbb{1})>12 T$ HENE $=1$ ：RETURNELSEE $=0$ ：RETURN
240 SCREENO， $0: I=$ PEEK（ 84 HFF 22 ）：IF（ 1 AND 1）$=1$ THENPRINT\＄487，＂printe
 ady＂：FOKE1528，33：GOSUE1470：FORI $=1$ TO2500：NEXT：GOSUE260：GOTO250EL SERETURN
$250 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{USR}\{0)$ ：IFK＝3GOTDSOOELSEIFK ＜ BO GOTO250ELSEGOSUE240：RETURN 260 PRINTQ487：＂pRINT DR break ＂；：RETURN
270 FRINT＂working＂：RETURN
280 CLS2：PRINT＂CHROMALEDGER 1．1＂ ：FRINTTAB（7）＂EY DANNY NORRIS＂：PR INTTAE（13）＂COPYRIGHT（C）1982＂
300 IFPEEK $(8, H 7 E E 9)=\$ H 32$ THENJ $=\$ H$ 7E：GOTDS3OELSECLEAR2OO， $2 H 7 E E O: X=$ $8 H 7 E B O: Z=\& H 4 O O: J=8 H 7 E$
310 FORI＝\＆H82R9 TO\＆HE31E：POKEI－Z ，PEEK（I）：NEXT
320 FORI＝OTO2：POKEX＋NHD＋I，18：NEX
$T: I=X+\& H 6 E: F O K E I, \& H 26:$ POKEI $+1,3:$


：POKEI $+7, \% \mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{C}$
330 POKERH19E，J：RUN420

ter OR break＂：RETURN
350 PRINTiD480，SFक；：PRINT0489：＂（1
－12）／（1－31）＂：RETURN
36O PRINT：481：＂1－8 CHAR：NO COMMA ＂COLON，QUOTES＂：RETURN
380 PRINT：480，SFक ：PRINTi0493я＂a TO z＂！：RETURN
 －TO 9．999．99＂；：RETURN
400 FRINTD492：＂（1－12）＂：RETURN
410 RETURN
420 CLEAR 8000 ， $32419: \mathrm{X}=32419: \mathrm{DIMD}$ \＄（450），I $\$(450), \mathrm{C} \$(450), A(450): M N$ $=450$
440 DIMCN（26）：$N=0: \mathrm{PA}=$＂中事\＃\＃，\＃\＃\＃
中\＃；\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃＂：DIMCT（25）：DEFFND $(X)=V$ AL（MIDも（＂ 312931 SOS 1303131303130 31＂，X＊2，2））：GR $\ddagger=$ STRING $(32,131):$ SP象＝STRING牛（31，32）

4EO FDRI＝1TO12：READE：FOKEX＋I，B：N EXT
460 DATA173， $159,160,0,39,250,31$, 137，79，126，180，244
470 DEFUSRO $=X+1$
480 PFINT： 448 ；：FRINTTAE（6）＂HIT enter TO CONTINUE＂：GOSUE1730 $490 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{USF}(0): I F K<>13 G 0 T 0490$
S00 CLS：PRINTQ11s＂MAIN MENU＂：GOS UB580：PRINT：PRINTTAE（7）＂1．．．EEGI N NEW FILE＂：PRINTTAE（7）＂2．．．ADD TO FILE＂：FRINTTAB（7）＂ $\mathrm{Sa}_{\mathrm{a}}$ ．ANALYZE DATA＂：PRINTTAE（7）＂4．．．LIST TD S CREEN＂：FRINTTAB（7）＂5．．．LIST TO P RINTER＂
510 FRINTTAB（7）＂B．．．CATEGORIES＂： PRINTTAE（7）＂7ッ．＂LロAD FILE＂：FRINT TAE（7）＂日．．SAVE FILE＂：FRINT：PRIN TTAE（7）＂break TO EXIT COMMANDS＂ $520 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{ISR}(0):$ IFK＝54GOSUE1410：GOT O5OOELSEIFK＜49ORK．56GOSUR1470：G0 TOS2OELSEONK－48 GOTOS $30,590,900_{9}$ 1480，1480，，1110， 1200
5SO N末＝＂？？？＂：IFN＝0GOSUE1410：GOTO 56OELSECLS：FRINTIO：＂EEGIN NEW FI LE＂：FRINT：32；：GOSUBS80：FRINT： 65 ＂THERE IS DATA IN THE COMPUTER＂ ：PRINT：129：＂DO YOU NEED TO PUT D LD DATA ON TAFE FIRST？（Y／N）＂

540 K＝USR（O）：IFK＝3GOTOSOOELSEIFK $=99 G 0 T 01200 E L S E I F K=78 T H E N P R I M T: P$ RINT＂ARE YOU SURE？（Y／N）＂：
$550 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{USR}(0): I F K=3 G 0 T O 500 E L S E I F K$ $=7960 T 01200 E L S E I F K=89 T H E N N=0:$ GOS UE1410ELSESEO
560 GOSUB570：GOTO620
570 CLS：PRINT＠O，＂NO．DATE ITEM CAT．AMDUNT＂

## 580 PRINTGR事：RETURN

590 IFN＝MN GOTO72OELSEIFNK $\triangle O T H E N$ CLS：PRINTD10，＂ADD TO FILE＂：PRINT 032：：GOSUEEBO：PRINT：PRINT＂THER E IS DATA IN THE COMPUTER＂：PRINT ：FRINT＂DO YOU NEED TO LOAD DATA
FROM TAPE？（Y／N）＂：GOTOBOOELS EGOSUE1410：GOTOS60
$600 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{USR}(0): I F K=3$ THENSOOELSEIFK ＝89GOTO1110ELSEIFK＝78GOSUE1410：G OTDS60ELSE600
b10 Dक（NI）＝＂＂：I事（NI）＝＂＂：C（NI）＝＂ $": A(N I)=0: N I=N I-1:$ GOTO 40
$620 \mathrm{NI}=\mathrm{N}$
630 FORND $=2 T 013$
640 PRINTOND＊S2，TAE（2）＂？＂：GOSUES 40

650 K＝USR（O）：IFK゙＝3GOTO740ELSEIFK $\langle>1$ SGOSUR1470：GOTOGSOELSENI $=N I+1$

660 PRINTiNND＊ぶ2，USING＂\＃\＃\＃＂gNI 670 GOSURSEO：T＝3：F＝1：GOSUETO：IFE $=2 G 0 T D 610 E L S E D \$(N I)=K$ \＄
680 GOSUEZ6O：T＝7：F＝2：GOSUE2O：IFE $=2 T H E N P R I N T J N D * S 2+4, "$＂GDTDA7OE

690 GロSUE3日0：$T=18: F=3:$ GロSUE20：IF $\mathrm{E}=2$ THENFRINTDND＊32＋10：＂＂：GOTO68 OELSEC （NI）＝
700 GOSUB390：T＝21：F＝4：GOSUE20：IF E＝2THENPRINTOND＊52＋19：＂＂：GOTD69 OELSEA（NI）＝UAL（K゙出）＊100
705 FOKE1024＋（ND＊32＋31），63：PRINT 3458；＂CHECK ENTRY＂：GOSUES40
707 K＝USR（O）：IFK゚＝కTHENPRINTOND＊S
 SEIFKi，$>1$ KGOTO7OTELSEPRINTOND＊S2＋ 31：＂＂：FRINTi 448，SP家
710 IFNI $\angle X N$ THENNEXT：GOTO73O
720 CLS：PRINTDS2：：GOSUR5BO：PRIN TO106：＂FILE IS FULL＂：GOSUE750：ED T0740
730 GOSUR570：GOTOKJO
740 N＝NI：GOTOEOO
750 PRINTG481：＂PRESS enter TD FE TURN TO MENU＂：$K=U S R(0): I F K<>13 G$ OTO7SOELSERETURN
770 E $=F: N D=14: T=19: F=5: G O S U E 20: I$ $F E=2 T H E N P R I N T O 449, S F \&: F=E: G O T D 1$ 64OELSEN I＝N：GOSUES70
780 PRINT396，USINGPF事：I；D串（I）；I中 （I），$C$（ $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{I}), A(I) / 100$
790 FRINTO288；：GOSLESBO：IFP＝0GD T0840
g10 FRINTOJ22，＂delete＂：FRINTOSEG ＂$A R E$ YOU SURE？（Y／N）＂
820 K＝USR（O）：IFK゙＝3THEN14BOELSEIF

830 FRINTA236：：GOSUE270：D中（I）＝C HR事（191）＋＂／＂＋CHR末（191）：I中（I）＝CHR
 SUE1750：GOTO1480
B40 FRINTO192，＂＂：FRINTG2B8：：GOS UESEO：PRINT：PRINT＂dATE ITEM CATEGORY aMOUNT＂：FRINT：FRINT＂
TD SELECT FIELD TD CHANGE＂：
850 PRINTi $4 \mathrm{AO}_{4}$ TAE（10）＂break TD E XIT＂： $1480 E L S E I F K \ll 6$ AANDKく 267 ANDKぐ $265 A$ NDKく＜73GロSUE1470：GOTOBSOELSEDNKC－ 6400T0890， $890,860,5: 870$

日60 ND＝6：T＝3：F＝1：GOSLB20：IFE＝2TH ENFRINTi192，＂＂GOTOBSOELSED＊（I）＝ K゙象：PRINTO10Q，LSING＂\％\％＂』Dक（I） ：GOTO840
870 ND＝6：T＝9：F＝2：GDSUE20：IFE＝2TH ENPRINT＠192；＂＂：GOTOBSOELSEI（ $(I)=$
 I）：：GOTOB40
880 $N D=6: T=18: F=3: G O S U E 20: I F E=2 T$ HENFRINTB192；＂＂：GOTOBEOELSEC＊（I） ＝K゙年：PFINT：115，C事（I）；：GOTOB40
890 ND＝6：T＝21：F＝4：GOSUR20：IFE＝2T HENPRINTO192：＂＂：GOTO日SOELSEA \｛I ）＝ VAL（K゙审）＊100：FRINTi116，USINGFA （I）／100：GOTOE40
900 IFN＝0GOSUE1740ELSECLS：PRINTO 10：＂ANALYZE DATA＂：GDSUES80：FRINT （134，＂1．＝GRAND TロTAL＂：FRINTO166 ＂2．＂．TDTAL EY ITEM＂：PRINTS198：＂ 3．．．TOTAL EY CATEGORY＂：PRINTA230 ＂ 4 ：＂TDTAL EY MONTH＂：PRINTM262， ＂S．．TOTAL EY WEEK＂：FRINTO326；＂b reak TD EXIT＂
910 K゙＝USR（O）：IFK゙＝さGOTOSOOELSEIFK ＜49OFK SSGOTO91OELSEONK－4日GOTO92 $0,930,950,720,1102$
$912 . G T=G T+A(1)$
915 NEXT：PRINT 3480 ，SP象：PRINTO97

 00：IFSM＝2THENFRTNTD290；＂ASSUMES 29 DAYS IN FERRLIARY＂
914 GOSUR1730：GOSU日260
915 K＝USR（0）：IFK＝3GDTO9OOELSEIFK く．80GOTO915ELSEGDSUE24O
915 PRINTi 480 ：SF象：：PRINT3492：：G QSUR270：OFEN＂ロ＂-2, ：PRINT\＃－2；CHR
 LY TOTAL FOR＂；Skます＂：＂：FFINT\＃－2， USING＂中韦\＃\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃\＃ －\＃\＃＂${ }^{\text {GT／100：CLOSE：GOSUB1730：GOSU }}$ E260：G0TO915
920 F＝1：L申＝＂GRAND＂：GOTD1050 930 CLS：FFINTi16；＂ITEM TOTAL＂：GD SUES日G：FRINTD日G：＂ENTER ITEM KKEY： ＂
$940 \mathrm{ND}=2: \mathrm{T}=1 \mathrm{~B}: \mathrm{F}=2: \mathrm{GOSUE} 20: \mathrm{IFE}=2 \mathrm{G}$ OTO9OOELSEL $=$＝k 象：GOTO1050
950 CLS：FRINTIB，＂CATEGORY TOTALS ＂：GOSUBSEO：PRINTO105，＂SINGLE aLL＂
960 K＝USR（ $O$ ）：IFK＝STHENEOOELSETFK


# Telewriter-64 the Color Computer Word Processor 

## 3 display formats: 51/64/85 columns $\times 24$ lines

- True lower case characters

User-friendly full-screen editor

- Right justification
- Easy hyphenation
- Drives any printer
- Embedded format and control codes
- Runs in $16 \mathrm{~K}, 32 \mathrm{~K}$, or 64 K Menu-driven disk and cassette I/O


## - No hardware modifications

 required
## THE ORIGINAL

Simply stated, Telewriter is the most powerful word processor you can buy for the TRS-80 Color Computer. The original Telewriter has received rave reviews in every major Color Computer and TRS-80 magazine, as well as enthusiastic praise from thousands of satisfied owners. And rightly so.
The standard Color Computer display of 32 characters by 16 lines without lower case is simply inadequate for serious word processing. The checkerboard letters and tiny lines give you no feel for how your writing looks or reads. Telewriter gives the Color Computer a 51 column by 24 line screen display with true lower case characters. So a Telewriter screen looks like a printed page, with a good chunk of text on screen at one time. In fact, more on screen text than you'd get with Apple II, Atari, TI, Vic or TRS-80 Model III.
On top of that, the sophisticated Telewriter full-screen editor is so simple to use, it makes writing fun. With single-letter mnemonic commands, and menu-driven I/O and formatting, Telewriter surpasses all others for user friendliness and pure power.
Telewriter's chain printing feature means that the size of your text is never limited by the amount of memory you have, and Telewriter's advanced cassette handler gives you a powerful word processor without the major additional cost of a disk.
..one of the best programs for the Color Computer I have seen..

- Color Computer News, Jan. 1982


## TELEWRITER-64

But now we've added more power to Telewriter. Not just bells and whistles, but major features that give you total control over your writing. We call this new supercharged version Telewriter-64. For two reasons.

## 64K COMPATIBLE

Telewriter-64 runs fully in any Color Computer $-16 \mathrm{~K}, 32 \mathrm{~K}$, or 64 K , with or without Extended Basic, with disk or cassette or both. It automatically configures itself to take optimum advantage of all available memory. That means that when you upgrade your memory, the Telewriter-64 text buffer grows accordingly. In a 64 K cassette based system, for example, you get about 40 K of memory to store text. So you don't need disk or FLEX to put all your 64 K to work immediately.

## 64 COLUMNS (AND 85!)

Besides the original 51 column screen, Telewriter-64 now gives you 2 additional highdensity displays: $64 \times 24$ and $85 \times 24!!$ Both high density modes provide all the standard Telewriter editing capabilities, and you can switch instantly to any of the 3 formats with a single control key command.
The $51 \times 24$ display is clear and crisp on the screen. The two high density modes are more crowded and less easily readable, but they are perfect for showing you the exact layout of your printed page, all on the screen at one time. Compare this with cumbersome "windows" that show you only fragments at a time and don't even allow editing.

## RIGHT JUSTIFICATION \& HYPHENATION

One outstanding advantage of the full-width screen display is that you can now set the screen width to match the width of your printed page, so that "what you see is what you get." This makes exact alignment of columns possible and it makes hyphenation simple.
Since short lines are the reason for the large spaces often found in standard right justified text, and since hyphenation is the most effective way to eliminate short lines, Telewriter-64 can now promise you some of the best looking right justification you can get on the Color Computer.

## FEATURES \& SPECIFICATIONS:

Printing and formatting: Drives any printer (LPVII/VIII, DMP-100/200, Epson, Okidata, Centronics, NEC, C. Itoh, Smith-Corona, Terminet, etc).
Embedded control codes give full dynamic access to intelligent printer features like: underlining, subscript, superscript, variable font and type size, dotgraphics, etc.
Dynamic (embedded) format controls for: top, bottom, and left margins; line length, lines per page, line spacing, new page, change page numbering, conditional new page, enable/disable justification.
Menu-driven control of these parameters, as well as: pause at page bottom, page numbering, baud rate (so you can run your printer at top speed), and Epson font. "Typewriter" feature sends typed lines directly to your printer, and Direct mode sends control codes right from the keyboard. Special Epson driver simplifies use with MX-80.
Supports single and multi-line headers and automatic centering. Print or save all or any section of the text buffer. Chain print any number of files from cassette or disk.

File and 1/O Features: ASCII format files create and edit BASIC, Assembly, Pascal, and C programs, Smart Terminal files (for uploading or downloading), even text files from other word processors. Compatible with spelling checkers (like Spell 'n Fix).
Cassette verify command for sure saves. Cassette autoretry means you type a load command only once no matter where you are in the tape.
Read in, save, partial save, and append files with disk and/or cassette. For disk: print directory with free space to screen or printer, kill and rename files, set default drive. Easily customized to the number of drives in the system.
Editing features: Fast, full-screen editor with wordwrap, block copy, block move, block delete, line delete, global search and replace (or delete), wild card search, fast auto-repeat cursor, fast scrolling, cursor up, down, right, left, begin line, end line, top of text, bottom of text; page forward, page backward, align text, tabs, choice of buff or green background, complete error protection, line counter, word counter, space left, current file name, default drive in effect, set line length on screen.
Insert or delete text anywhere on the screen without changing "modes." This fast "free-form" editor provides maximum ease of use. Everything you do appears immediately on the screen in front of you. Commands require only a single key or a single key plus CLEAR.

## ...truly a state of the art word processor... outstanding in every respect.

 - The RAINBOW, Jan. 1982
## PROFESSIONAL

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You can no longer afford to be without the power and efficiency word processing brings to everything you write. The TRS-80 Color Computer is the lowest priced micro with the capability for serious word processing. And only Telewriter-64 fully unleashes that capability.
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Or check your local software store. If you have questions, or would like to order by Visa or Mastercard, call us at (619) 755-1258 (weekdays, 8AM-4PM PST). Dealer inquiries invited.
(Add $\$ 2$ for shipping. Californians add $6 \%$ state tax. Allow 2 weeks for personal checks. Send self-addressed stamped envelope for Telewriter reviews from CCN, RAINBOW, 80-Micro, 80 -U.S. Telewriter owners: send SASE or call for information on upgrading to Telewriter-64. Telewritercompatible spelling checker (Spell ' $n$ Fix) and Smart Terminal program (Colorcom/E) also available. Call or write for more information.)
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970 PRINT：492：：GOSUE270：FORI＝0T 025：CT（I）＝0：NEXT：FORI＝1TON：$]=A S C$ （C出（I））－65：IFI＜＞12GTHENCT（J）＝CT \＆ J）$+\mathrm{A}(1)$ ：NEXTELSENEXT
9BO FDRI $=2 T D 14$ ：PRINT＠I＊32＋1，USIN
 I－2）／100：PRINTOI＊S2＋17，USING＂！\＃\＃
 OO：NEXT EGOSUE17క0：GOSUE260
990 K：＝USR（O）：IFK＝3GOTO9OOELSEIFK： $<3$ QOTHEN990
1000 GOSUR240：FRINTD480，SP出：FRRI NT©492；：GOSUR270：PRINT\＃－2；CHR事（ 13）：PRINT\＃－2，TAE（8）＂CATEGORY TOT ALS＂：FORI＝OTO12：PRINT\＃－2；USING＂
 CHR事（ $65+1$ ），CT（I）／100，CHFक（7B＋I）； CT（I＋13）／100：NEXT：GOSUB1730：GOSU E260：G0T0990
1010 CT（J）$=C T(J)+A(I):$ RETLIRN
1020 PRINTה162，＂ENTER CATEGORY $k$ EY：＂：：ND＝5：T＝22：F＝3：GDSUE2O：IFE $=2 G 0 T \square 5 O O E L S E L \ddagger=C N \$(A S C(K \phi)-65)$ ： G0T01050
 $\rangle=C T(J)+A(I):$ RETURNELSERETURN
1040 IFCक $\langle I\rangle=$ K $\ddagger$ THENCT $(J)=$ CT $\langle J\rangle+A$ （I）：RETURNELSERETURN
1050 CLS：PRINTO9：＂MONTHLY TUTALS ＂：GOSUBSBO：PRINTD492：：GOSUE270： FORI＝OTD11：CT（I）＝O：NEXT：FORI＝1TD
 HENNEXTELSEONF GOSUE $1010,1030,10$ 40：NEXT
1060 FORI＝2TO13：FRINTGI＊32＋1，USI NG＂\＃\＃＂；I－1；：PRINTUSING＂家井\＃\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃ \＃：\＃\＃＂：CT（I－2）／100：NEXT：GT＝0：FDRI ＝OTDI1：GT＝GT＋CT（I）：NEXT
1070 PRINT®177，L\＄！＂TOTAL＂；：FRIN
 O：GOSUE1730：GOSUE260
1080 K＝USR（ 0 ）：IFK＝3GOTO9OOELSEIF K $\because 80 G 0 T 010 日 O E L S E G O S U E 240$
1090 FRINT 7480, SF事；：PRINT 3492 ；$:$ GOSUE270：PRINT\＃－2，CHR\＆（13）：PRINT \＃－2，＂MONTHLY TOTALS＂：FORI＝OT 011：PRINT井－2，USING＂井\＃事中井\＃\＃\＃ g\＃\＃\＃，\＃\＃＂；I＋1，CT（I）／100：NEXT：FRIN T\＃－2，TAB（4）L $\ddagger$ ；＂TロTAL＂：PRINT\＃－2； USING＂事事\＃\＃\＃\＃，非\＃\＃，\＃\＃＂；GT／1 OO：GOSUR1730：GOSUR260
1100 GOTO1080
1102 CLS：FRINTה11，＂WEEK TOTAL＂：G OSUE580：PRINT 999 ＂＂ENTER week KEY ：＂：ND＝3：T＝19：F＝1：GDSUE20：IFE＝2GD TO9OOELSESK．$=$ K゙中：GOSUE1575

1103 PRINTG492；：GOSUE270：GT＝0：F ORI $=1$ TON：$Z=I N S T R\left(D \psi^{( }(I): " / "\right): X=V A$ $\left.L\left(L E F T \$(D)^{(1)} ; Z-1\right)\right): Y=V A L$（RIGHT串 （D⿻三丨口巾（I），LEN（D中（I））－Z）\}
1104 IFSM＝12ANDEM＝1 THENIFX＝120RX $=1$ GOTD1106
1105 IFX＜SM ORX．EM GOTO913
1106 IFSM＝EM THENIFY $\langle=5 D$ ANDY $<=E$ D GロTロ912ELSE913
1107 IFX＝SM THENIFY $=$ SD GOTO912E LSE913
1108 IFY $=E D$ GOTO912ELSE913
1110 CLS：FRINT年11g＂LDAD FILE＂：GD SUBSBO：IFN＜．OTHENFRINTD97；＂THERE
IS DATA IN THE COMPUTER＂：PRINT： FRINT＂DO YロU STILL WANT TD LDAD ？Y／N＂ELSE1130
1120 K゙＝USR（O）：IFK＝

1130 FRINTB97：＂ENTER FILE NAME：
＂：FRINT：FRINTO161；＂ENTER A SLAS H（／）FDR ANY FILE＂：ND＝3：T＝19：F＝ 2：GOSUE20：IFE＝2GOTOSOOELSEPRINTO 161：＂FDSITIDN DATA TAPE＂：PRINTS 226；＂PRESS play＂：FRINT0290，＂FRES 5 enter＂
1140 K゙＝USR（O）：IFK＝3GOTOSOOELSEIF
 UE270
1150 IFK审 $=" / "$ THENK $\ddagger=1 "$
1160 OFEN＂I＂，－1，K゙申：INFUT\＃－1，Nक：F ORI＝OTOT5：INPUT\＃－1；CN\＆（I）：NEXT：N $=0: F O R J=0 T O 1 S T E P O: I F E O F(-1)$ GOTO1 $170 E L S E N=N+1:$ INFLIT\＃$-1 ; D \neq(N), I \neq\{N$ ），C（丰（N），A $(N): N E X T$
1170 CLDSE
1180 CLS：FRINTOK2：：GOSUESBO：PRI
 ＂PRINT＂stop RECDRDER＂：FRINT：FR INT＂FRESS enter TO CONTINUE＂：G ロSUE1730
1190 K＝USR（O）：IFKくく＞13GOTO1190ELS E500
1200 IFN $=0$ OOSUE $1740 E L S E C L S: P R I N T$ （311，＂SAVE FILE＂：GOSUE580：PRINTA6 7．＂ENTER FILE NAME：＂
1210 $\mathrm{ND}=2$ ：$T=20: F=2$ ：GOSUB20：IFE＝2 GOTロSOOELSENक＝K゙
1220 FRINTה1S1；＂POSITION DATA TA PE＂：PRTNTจ1g5：＂PRESS play AND re cord＂：PRINTD259；＂PFESS enter＂．
$1230 K=U S R(0)$ ：IFK＝3THENSOOELSEIF K゙て $213 G O T D 123 O E L S E F F I N T: 492 ;: G O S$ UE270
$1235 \quad X=0$
1240 MDTORDN：TIMER＝0

1250 IFTIMERく8OOGOTO1250ELSEMOTO ROFF
1260 OPEN＂O＂：-1 ：Nक：PRINT\＃－1，Nक：F ORI＝OTO25：PRINT\＃－1，CN（（I）：NEXT
1270 FORI＝1TON：IFC $\ddagger(1)=C H R(191)$ GOTOI280ELSEFRINT\＃－1，D中（I），I中（I） ：C $⿻$（ $(\mathrm{I})$ ， $\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{I})$
1．290 NEXT：CLOSE：IFX＝OTHENX＝1：GOT 01240
1290 CLS：PRINTOS2，：GOSUES80：PRI NTD65；＂FILE＂；Nक；＂RECORDED＂：PRI NT：FRINTTAE（1）＂stop RECORDER＂：PR INT：PRINTTAE（1）＂FRESS enter TO C ONTINUE＂：GOSUE1730：GOTO1190
1300 CLS：PRINTDB，＂LIST TO PRINTE R＂：GOSUE580：PRINTi998，＂PREPARE PR INTER＂：FRINT：FRINTTAE（2）＂PRESS e nter＂
$1310 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{USR}(0): I F K=3 G 0 T 0500 E L S E I F$ Kく〉1 SGOTD1310ELSEPRINTज160，SF中： GOSUR240
1320 FRINTi96，SF象：PRINT：480，SP ：FPRINTM492；：GOSUR270：OPEN＂ロ＂，－ 2，＂PRINT＂：IFC＝OGOTO133OELSEPRINT \＃－2，CHR（13）：PRINT\＃－2，TAE（8）＂CAT EGORY NAMES＂：FDRI＝OTO12：PRINT\＃－2 ：USING＂！$\%$ \％！$\%$
$\%$＂ CHR （ $65+\mathrm{I}$ ）， CN （ 1 ）， CHR （ 78 ＋I）：CN（ $\{1+13$ ）：NEXT
$1322 \mathrm{C}=0: \mathrm{GOTO13} 60$
1330 PRINT\＃－2，CHR ${ }^{13}$（13）；＂FILE：
＂：Nक：PRINT\＃－2：CHR串（13）：＂ND：DATE ITEM CAT．AMOUNT＂$F$ FDRI $=1$ TO $\mathrm{N}:$ ONF GOTO1 $370,1380,1390,1400,14$ 02
1340 FRINT\＃－2，USINGPF\＆： $1, \mathrm{D}$（ I ） 1 （ $(\mathrm{I}), \mathrm{C}\{(\mathrm{I}), \mathrm{A}(\mathrm{I}) / 100$
1350 NEXT
1360 CLOSE：GOSUE173O：K＝53：GOTO14 80
1370 IFCक（I）$=$ CHR ${ }^{2}(191)$ GOTO1350EL SE1340
1380 IFINSTR\｛I生（I），SK：中 $\}=0$ GOTO135 OELSE1340
1390 IFC（ I ）$=$ SK 9 GOTO1340ELSE 1350
 Dक（1），Z－1）《〉SK\＄GOTO1350ELSE1340

 I） $\operatorname{LEEN}(\mathrm{D}$（ $(\mathrm{I}))-\mathrm{Z})$ ）
1403 IFSM $=12$ ANDEM $=1$ THENIFX $=120 \mathrm{RX}$ $=1$ GOTO1407
1404 IFX＜SM ORX $14 E M$ GOTO1350
1406 IFSM＝EM THENIFY $>=$ SD ANDY $\langle=\mathrm{EE}$ D GOTO134OELSE135O

1407 IFX＝SM THENIFY $=$ SD GOTOIS40 ELSE1350
140 IFY ＝ED GOTO1340ELSE1350
1410 CLS：FRINTTAB（10）＂CATEGORIES
＂：GOSUESEO：FORI＝2TO14：FRINT习I＊32
+3, CHR $\{(63+I) ; "$＂CNक（I－2）；：PRIN
 1）：：NEXT
1420 FRINT？480，TAB（5）＂RENAME CAT EGORY？（ $Y / N$ ）＂：
$1430 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{USR}(0):$ IFK＝3THENEOOELSEIF $K=89 G 0 T O 1440 E L S E I F K=78 T H E N R E T U R N$ ELSE1430
1440 PRINT®484，＂SELECT LETTER：
＂： $\mathrm{ND}=15: T=19: F=3:$ GOSUE20
：IFE＝2GOTO142OELSECI事＝K゙か
1445 IFASC（CIक）＜78THENND＝ASC（CI ）$-63: T=4 E L S E N D=A S C$（CI $\}$ ）$-76: T=19$ 1450 PRINT：380，TAE（9）＂CATEGORY N AME？＂：F＝2：GOSUB20：IFE＜ 2 2TH ENCN （ASC（CI $\%$ ）－65）＝K
1460 FORI $=2$ TO14：FRINTOI＊ $32+5$ USI NG＂\％\％＂：CNक（I－2）：：PRINTQI＊ 32＋20．USING＂\％\％＂：CNक（I＋11）
；：NEXT：GOTO1420
1470 SCREENO， $1:$ SOLIND20：5：RETURN
1480 IFN＝OGOSUB1740ELSETFK＝5．3THE NF＝1：L申＝＂PRINTER＂ELSEP＝0：L申＝＂SCR EEN＂
1490 CLS：PRINTDB，＂LIST TO＂：L中：G OSUES8O：FRINT：1．37，＂1．．．ALL＂：FRIN T：169：＂2．．．BY ITEM＂：PRINTO201：＂3 ＂．＂EY CATEGORY＂：PRINTO233．＂4．．．E Y MONTH＂：FRINTD265．＂5．．．EYY WEEK＂ ：FRINT0 329，＂break TO EXIT＂：PRINT － 390 ：$:$ IFP＝0THENPRINT＂？．．．SCREEN CONTROLS＂
1492 IFF＝1THENFRINT＂？．．FRINT CA T．NAMES＂
$1500 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{USR}(0):$ IFK $=3 G 0 T O 500 E L S E I F$ $K=63$ THENONP＋1GOTO2O10，1571ELSEI FK《490RK〉SEGOSUR1470：GOTO1500ELS EONK－48GOTO1510，1520，1540，1560，1 572
$1510 \mathrm{~F}=1: \mathrm{IFP}=1 \mathrm{GOTO} 1300 \mathrm{ELSE} 1580$
1520 CLS：FRINTi日 3 ，；：GOSUESEO：PRI NT＠67，＂ENTER item KEY：＂：
1530 $\mathrm{ND}=2: \mathrm{T}=19: \mathrm{F}=2$ ：GOSUE20：IFE＝2 GOTO1490ELSESK牛＝ドき：IFP＝1GOTO1300 ELSE1580
1540 CLS：FRINT：32，：GOSUREBO：PRI NT： 68, ＂ENTER category KEY：＂； $1550 \mathrm{ND}=2: \mathrm{T}=24: \mathrm{F}=3:$ GOSUE20： $\mathrm{IFE}=2$ GOTO1490ELSESK ELSE1580

1560 CLS：PRINT：32；：GOSUESB0：PRI NTO69，＂ENTER month KEY：＂；
1570 ND＝2：T＝22：F＝6：GOSUE20：IFE＝2 GOTO1490ELSESK $\ddagger=K$ ：$: F=4$ ：IFP＝1GOTO $1300 E L S E 1580$
$1571 \mathrm{C=1:GOTO1300}$
1572 CLS：PRINT： 32 ：：GOSUB580：PRI NT：37，＂ENTER week KEY：＂：PRINTM 258，＂ASSUMES 29 DAYS IN FEERUARY ＂
1574 $\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{F}: \mathrm{ND}=2: T=19: F=1: G 0 \mathrm{SUB20:I}$ FE＝2G0TO1490ELSESK $=k=k: F=5:$ GOSUE 1575：G0TO1578
1575 Z＝INSTR（SK゙ぁ，＂／＂）：SD＝VAL（RIG HT．（SKㅇ．LEN（SK．$)-2$ ））：SM＝VAL（LEFT \＄（SK $\mathrm{S}_{\text {：}} \mathrm{Z}-1$ ））：IFSD＋6）FND（SM）THENEM $=S M+1: E D=(S D+6)-F N D(S M): E L S E E M=5$ $\mathrm{M}: \mathrm{ED}=\mathrm{SD}+6$
1576 IFEM $>12$ THENEM＝1：RETURNELSER ETURN
1578 IFE＝1G0TO1300
$1580 \mathrm{NI}=\mathrm{N}: \mathrm{EF}=\mathrm{O}$
1590 GOSUR570：PRINTD483，＂cHG＜ $=\quad \Rightarrow \quad$ dEL＂：：POKE1523：3 उ：PRINT：492：：GOSUE270：FRINT：64， ；：$I=0: N D=0$
1600 ONF GOTO1610，1700，1710，1720 ， 1722
1610 FRINTUSINGPF末；NI－I，Dक（NI－I） ，I\＄（NI－I），C\＄（NI－I），A（NI－I）／100：N $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{ND}+1$
$1620 \mathrm{I}=\mathrm{I}+1: \mathrm{IFNI}-\mathrm{I}=0 \mathrm{GOTO1690}$
1630 IFND＜12G0TO1600ELSEIFNI＝N T HENPRINT：391；＂start＂；CHR（128）；＂ file＂：
$1640 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{USR}(0):$ IFK $=95$ ANDNI $<>$ N THE NNI＝N：EF＝0：GOTO1590ELSEIFK＝91THE NIFEF＝1G0T01640ELSENI＝12：GOTO159 OELSEIFK＝94THENNI＝NI＋6O：IFNI $>\mathrm{N}$ T HEN NI＝NI－60：GOTO1640ELSEEF＝0：GO T01590
1650 IFK $=10$ THENIFEF＝1GOTO164OELS ENI＝NI－60：IFNI＞OGOTO1590ELSENI＝N $\mathrm{I}+60:$ GOTO1640
1660 IFK $=9$ THENIFEF $=1$ GOTO1640ELSE $\mathrm{NI}=\mathrm{NI}-12: I F N I>O G 0 T O 1590 E L S E N I=N I$ ＋12：GOTO1690
1670 IFK＝8THENIFNI ©N－12ANDNIくSN THENNI $=\mathrm{N}: E F=0:$ GOTO159OELSENI $=N I+$ 12： $\mathrm{IFNI}>\mathrm{N}$ THENNI＝NI－12：GOTO1640E LSEEF＝0：GOTO1590
1672 IFK＝67THENF＝0：PRINT： 757 ： CH ANGE \＃：＂：gOTO770
1674 IFK＝6BTHENF＝1：PRINTi 3 457：＂DE LETE \＃：＂；：GOTO770 1680 IFK＝3THENNI＝N：GOTO148OELSE 1 640

1690 EF＝1：IFND＞OTHENPRINT0492，＂e nd＂；CHR事（128）；＂file＂；：GOTO1660EL SEPRINT：492；＂none＂：：GOSUB147 0：GOTO1660
1700 IFINSTR（I $(N I-I), S K$ ）$)=0 G O T O$ 1620ELSE1610
1710 IFC种（NI－I）＜＞SK 1610
$1720 \mathrm{Z}=\operatorname{INSTR}(\mathrm{D}$（ $\mathrm{NI}-\mathrm{I}), " / "):$ IFLEF T⿻（D＊（NI－I），Z－1）＜＞SK $\$$ GDTO162OELS E1610
$1722 Z=\operatorname{INSTR}(D \neq(N I-I): " / "): X=V A L$ （LEFT\＆（D＊（NI－I），$Z-1)$ ）：$Y=$ VAL（RIGH Tक（ $D=(N I-I)$ ：LEN（ $D \neq(N I-I))-Z)$ ）
1723 IFSM $=12$ ANDEM $=1$ THENIFX $=120 \mathrm{RX}$ $=1$ GOTO1727
1724 IFX＜SM ORX＞EM GOTO1620
1726 IFSM＝EM THENIFY $>=S D$ ANDY $\langle=E$ D GOTO1610ELSE1620
1727 IFX＝SM THENIFY $=50$ GOTO1610 ELSE1620
1728 IFY＜＝ED GOTO1610ELSE1620
1730 PLAY＂L1604CP16C＂：RETURN
1740 CLS：PRINT： $22,:$ GOSUE5日O：FRI NT：31，＂THERE IS NO DATA＂：GOSUE75 0：GOTO500
2010 CLS：FRINTTAE（5）＂SCREEN DISP LAY CONTROLS＂：GOSURSEO：FRINT＂R IGHT ARFOW－＂：PRINTTAB（10）＂ADVANC E 12 ENTRYS＂：PRINT＂LEFT ARROW－ ＂：PRINTTAE（10）＂BACK UP 12 ENTRYS ＂：PRINT＂DOWN ARROW－＂：PRINTTAB\＆ 10）＂ADVANCE 60 ENTRYS＂
2020 PRINT＂LIF ARROW－＂：PRINTTAB （10）＂BACK UP 60 ENTRYS＂：FRINT＂
SHIFTED DOWN ARRDW－＂：PRINTTAB＜10 ）＂JUMP TO END OF FILE＂：PRINT＂ 5 HIFTED UF ARROW－＂：FRINTTAE（10）＂J UMP TO START OF FILE＂：GOSUB750：G $0 T 01490$
2030 IFPEEK（25）$=660 T 0280$
2040 CLS：PRINT刃131，＂SORRY！I NEE D MORE MEMORY：＂：FRINT：PRINT＂E NTER－＞POKE25，6：NEW＂：PRINT：PR INT＂EEFDRE LDADING PRDGRAM．＂： FRINT：PRINT：END

Due to printing requirements we have a few copies of the 1981 back issue book available， We＇re making them available on a first come first served basis．When these are gone there will be no more！The cost is $\mathbf{\$ 9 , 9 5}$ ．

Tumble is a game program for the Color Computer with 16 K or more of memory and a joystick．The program works by reading the data statements and poking them to memory to create a machine language routine．Since almost the whole game takes place in machine language， things can move a lot quicker and smoother than in BASIC．

10 FEM TUMEIEESE EY A．FAKERGKI
20 CLEAR 200，12296
30 CLE＂PRINTGIO』＂TUMELERS＂
40 PFINTAOG，＂USE YOUF JOYSTICK T
－AVOID＂$F$ FRINT＂A COLLISION WITH
THE TUMELEFS．＂\＃FRINT＂DNE HIT AND
YOUR ERAFT IS DESTROYED！＂
：FRINT＂YOUF SCORE WTLL EE EASED
ON THE AMOUNT DF TIME YOU MANAGE
TO STAY ALIVE＂＂
50 FOR $X=15360$ TO $16034: R E A D ~ N: F$ OKE $X, N: C V=C V+N \because N E X T$
60 TFCVC 75907 THEN CLES＂PFINT＂ GORFY BUT YOU SEEM TO HAVE A
TYFTNG ERROR IN ONE OF THE
DATA GTATEMENTS．FLEASE
FIX THE ERROR：＂GTOP
70 PRINT：PRINT＂FRESS ENTER TO GT ART＂：INPUT E\＆
GO CLS：INFUT＂ENTER SFEED（1－100） 48
90 IF S＜1 OR S＞100 THEN SOUND1． 1 0：GOTOBO
$100 \mathrm{~S}=100-5: \mathrm{FOKE} \quad 15734$ ： 5
110 CLS（O）FFRINT $1 . \mathrm{Sa}_{\mathrm{g}}$＂STAND EY
！＂： 5 SOUND4O， 20
120 EXEC 15860
130 YA＝FEEK $\{16041$ ）：IF YAくS THEN $Y A=S$
$140 \mathrm{AD}=Y \mathrm{Y} ⿻ \mathrm{~B} 2+\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{PEEK}(16040) / 4)+$ 12289
150 FOR $\mathrm{M}=1$ TO 20
160 FOKE AD，FND（255）
170 FOKE AD +32 ，RND（255）：FOKE AD－ 32 FND（25E）
180 SOUND（21－M）＊5．1
190 NEXT
200 FOR W＝65479 TO 65490 STEP 2：
FOKE $W_{1} O$ ：NEXT FOKESS4E1，O
210 POKE 65472,0 ：POKE 6474,0 ：F
OKE 6EA76：0
220 FOKE 65314，FEEK（65314）AND 7

[^3]250 FRINT
250 PRINT＂NUMEEF OF TUMELERS ON GCREEN WHEN HIT WAS＂aFEEK！i
$60.441+1$
270 FRINT＂PLAY AGAIN？Y／N＂：
280 I争＝THKEY串：IF I $\ddagger=" Y " T H E N$ GOTU 80
270 IF I韦＝＂：THEN GOTO 28O
300 CLS：END
$315 \mathrm{REM} * * * * * * * * D A T A * * * * * * * *$
320 DATA $159,60,131,189,62,133,1$ 27：62，177：127
330 DATA $62,178,127,62,179,134,1$ ，183，62，172
S4O DATA $127,62,171,134,128,1885$ $62,170,189: 62$
350 DATA $17,189,61,15,199,61,125$ －189．61：117
300 DATA $189,62,146,127,62,170,1$ $22,62,174,142$
370 DATA $62,180,166,122,176,62,1$ $69_{4}$ 39，10， 29
3 BO DATA 1，39：6，129，255，39，2532， 17：166
390 DATA 1，170，62，169：16，39，0，52 $127: 1$
400 DATA $39,49,129,255,59,44,489$
6，124， 22
410 DATA 170，182，62，176：177，62，1 $72,39,209,189$
420 DATA $62,0,182,62,174,132,127$ ， $38,178,182$
430 DATA $62,174,197,62,168,195,6$ $2,174,182,62$
440 DATA $172,129,20,39,3,124,62$, $172,32,157$
450 DATA 57，79，183，255，198，193，2 $55,200,183,255$
460 DATA 202，183，255，205，193，255 ，207，183，255，20日
470 DATA $193,255,210,192,255,34 \%$ $132,7,138,192$
4BO DATA 193，255，34，183，255，197， $193,255: 194,193$
490 DATA $255,192,142,48,0,111,12$ $9,140,60,0$
500 DATA $38,249,57,182,62,162,13$ 2，127，183：62
510 DATA 162，132．3．19396，165， 18 2，62，163：43
E20 DATA 4；129，95，47：5，132，63：18 3．62，163
530 DATA $199,32,61,253,62,160,24$ $6,62,162,84$
46

540 DATA $94,79,243,62,166,195,48$ $3,31,1$


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550 DATA 192，62，164，152，192，199， $192,247462,167$
560 DATA 246， $62,165,39,11,68,68$, 116.629167

570 DATA 116．62， $167.90,22,24324$ $6,62,167,63$
G日G DATA 229，132，19世， $62,167,250 \%$ $62,167,2 \mathrm{T1,132}$
590 DATA 57， $182,62 \% 169_{4} 185,62,16$ $2,182,62,169$
GOO DATA 18S， $62,163,182,62,171.1$ 93： $32.164,199$
 281.90 .72

82.1591

92， 62.170
640 DATA $182,62,164,182,62,169_{2} 1$ 97， $62,162,182$
65O DATA 62，169，19世，62，16\％199， 1， 8 E 5 5 ， 124
 $2,162,122,62$
679 DATA $163_{9} 189,60,183_{4} 124962,1$
$43,124,62,163$
G80 DATA 189， $60,180_{y} 122,62,162,1$ 22． 52.16 ． 1 ， 1 ？
 1， 28,252
700 DATA $57,127,62,175142: 62,16$ $0,182,62,171$
 $5205,53,16$
720 DATA $199,62,0,192,62,175,122$ ${ }_{4} 15,3 \mathrm{~B}, 2$
730 DATA $109,132,166,132,171,2,1$
उ2，127，167，132
 $1.166_{5}^{5}$
 $3.62,164$
 $49,6,124$
 $2,172,474165$
 6 $6,1,193,62$
790 DATA 16z，5\％，18，189，60，19世，5\％ 916，16t，
SOO DATA $3 \varepsilon_{5} 5122,42,16,32,21,1$ $27,1,38$
日10 DATA F． $124.62,162,32,12,129$ $2, ~ 89,5$
 $162,199,66$

घड6 DATA 15玉，57，182y $62,174,72,72$ $\because 72,184,62$
घ40 DATA $174,72,121,62,175,121,6$ 2,174 y 57.198
曰50 DATA 20，142，62，180，52，20， 189 ${ }_{4} 62,{ }^{25} 5$
 19132.189
 199．62
 $32,63,167$
9\％\％DATA 1，199，62．0，199．62，0，243 ． 62.174
 $74,182,128$
710 DATA $37,1,80,173,0,59,23043$ $1,2,195$
 $4.15 \mathrm{~K}_{4} \mathrm{E}$
930 DATA $199,1294192,629174,150$ $428,37!1$
 $54,2{ }^{2} 5,167$
950 DATA $4,1995620199,62 \% 152$ ， 62.174
960 DATA 132， $5,167,5,57,42,56,3$ 5.134 .85
 $9,572 \max _{4} 62$
 59 1．57
990 DATA $124,62,177,57.255$


SLITHER<br>by Donald L. McGarry<br>212 Johnson Street<br>Centerport, KY 11721

SLITHER is a game written in BASIC to show some of the ways in which BASIC programs can be written more efficiently, I have been finding it frustrating lately to see many BASIC programs which execute very slowly, Some are sloppy or poorly written and need no comment. Others are written in a "top-to-bottom" style which is supposed to make them more readable. These programs seem to ignore efficiency while favoring a style which is considered "correct". BASIC is not an imitation of any other language, and I feel that it is wrong to try to force programs written in it to conform to an alien set of "style" rules. Perhaps the greatest distiction between BASIC and the languages for which the style rules were develped is that BASIC is an interpreted language while most of the others are compiled. For the most part the rules of style which are so important in Pascal and FORTRAN are restrictions placed upon the language by the hardware cone declares variables in advance because it is necessary, not because it is stylish). BASIC has fewer style-oriented restrictions, and tends to be somewhat more free-form. I am aware of the machine restrictions placed upon the BASIC programmer.

What does all of the above have to do with SLITHER? Quite a bit, SLITHER is the result of an effort to write an interesting game program which is speed-efficient, easy to follow, and properly structured for the language in which it is written. A final bit of programming philosophy is in order, It is assumed in most articles I have read recently that top-down style and structured programming are inseparable. I feel that this is not the case, SLITTHER is, in my opinion, a well-structured program. It is not, however, written in a top-down style since that style sacrifices efficiency and speed.

And now on to the program structure, The first executable line transfers control to the end of the program where initialization is done, a title screen is presented, and instructions are given if needed. This is done so that the speed-sensitive portions of the program are near the beginning where they will execute more quickly. Variables which are used in the main program loop are declared earlier than those for the title and instructions because this will put them in the top of the variable table where they can be found most quickly. Since BASIC must interpret each number it encounters, constants which are used in the main loop are represented as variables which have already been interpreted
and stored. In places where branching may be required after a series of comparisons the most likely possibility is checked for first and any unnecessary comparisons are not made at all. No REMarks are included in the main loop. In fact REMarks are minimal and can be deleted safely. No target lines contain only a REMark because this would make it difficult to remove REMarks, REMarks slow the execution of working programs. The program lines are short and include some unnecessary spaces but not in the interest of speed. The program is difficult to type in when lines are too long, and there are no spaces between instructions. It was a surprise to find that there was little change in execution speed when multiple statements per line were used, Eliminate any spaces you can if you wish. You might gain a small amount of speed.

The speed POKE was not used because there are some computers which cannot handle it, If the game seems too slow for you, and your computer can handle the speed increase, use it. I have been successful at high speed for the whole program, but you may want to slow the machine down before using the SOUND instruction as follows:
1010 POKE 65494,0: SOUND T1,1: POKE 65495,0 2000 POKE 65494,0: FOR I=1 TO 5
2050 NEXT I: POKE 65495,0
6165 POKE 65495,0
Be sure to slow the machine down for CLOADing or CSAVEing.

The most speed-sensitive section of the program is the main loop from line 500 to line 570. I tried several variations of arrow key detection including a FOR...NEXT loop and a small machine language subroutine, but the best execution speed under all key-press conditions was obtained in the routine given.

I don't usually like programs written to demonstrate some particular programming technique because they tend to be rather dull and not very useful, but I think that SLITHER is an interesting and challenging game. Try it.


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```
510 IF PEEK(UF)=KFP THEN DY=-1:Cm
1
520 IF FEEK(DN)=KP THEN DY=1:C=1
530 IF FEEK(LT)=KF THEN DX=-1:C=
1
540 IF PEEK(RT)=KF THEN DX=1:Cm1
550 IF C=O THEN DX=0X:DY=OY
560 FX=FX+DX:PY=PY+DY
570 WX (HP)=FX:WY (HP) mPY:HP= =HP+1
580 IF HP%EL THEN HF=O
590 FTmFOINT (PX,PY):IF PT<1 THEN
    620
600 IF FTmWC THEN 2000
610 GOSUE 1000
620 SET (FX,FY,WC)
G30 RESET (WX (TP),WY (TF))
640 TP=TP+1:IF TP%EL THEN TP=0
650 GOTO 500
1000 SC=SC+PT " score
1010 SOUND T1:1
1020 PR=SW*INT (PY/2) +INT (PX/2)+U
L
1030 POKE FE,EL
1040 PRINTOLL;USING PRも:SC,CT-CS
|
1050 ELmEL+1-(PT>3)-{PT>5)
1060 IF EL.)EM THEN EL=EM
1100 TL=RND (RH)*SW+RND (RW) +UL
1110 IF PEEK(TL)/DV\\INT(PEEK\TL
)/D(N) THEN 1100
1120 IF TL=FE THEN 1100
1130 POKE TL,CL (FT)
1140 RETURN
2000 FOR I=1 TO 5: erash
2010 SET (FX,PY,WC)
2020 50UND T2,1
2030 RESET (PX,PY)
2040 SDUND T3,1
2050 NEXT I
2060 CSmCS+1
2070 FOR Im0 TO EL
2080 WX(I)=0:WY(I)=0
2 0 9 0 ~ N E X T ~ I ~
2100 IF CE=CT THEN 5000 ELSE 40日
O
3000 Clus0 : draw border
3010 FOR I=1 TO 62
3020 SET(I,1;WC):SET (I,2B,WC)
3030 NEXT I
3040 FDR I=1 TO S1
3050 SET (1,I,WC):SET (G2,I,WC)
3060 NEXT I
3070 RETURN
4000 DIM WX(205),WY(205):WC=日
```

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## SLITHER

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| :---: | :---: |
| OL YOUR | DIRECTION. YOU CAN |
| ALSD MDVE | DIAGONALLYY. THE *SN |
| AKE" GETS | LONGER AFTER EACH TA |
| RGET HIT" |  |
| 6150 PRINT EEGIN": | 5: "FRESS [enter] TO |
| 6160 IF INK 60 | Y ¢ < DCHR申 (13) THEN 61 |
| 6170 RETUFN |  |


 Y




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From the letters recently published in CCN and nameless other publications, it appears that a lot of folks are having some trouble with their RS Color Disk drives.

I will describe what myself and other Color Disk users have experienced with the disk controller and disk drives sold by Radio Shack.

In spite of what many of you might think from your experiences with the Color Disk attachment, the controller and disk drive designs are NOT inherently unreliable, The primary causes of failure or intermittent problems will be described in this article and you will be told what you can do to service the drive yourself.

All of the things I'm going to describe can be performed without voiding the warranty. Speaking of warranty, I'm not really sure the Color Disk has one, the manual with the Color Disk has no warranty page covering the hardware, I did have my controller card serviced without charge however. It wasn't working when I received it.

None of the items described here requires disassembly of the disk controller cartridge so you needn't break the seal to open it up. I would not recommend anyone doing this unless he has the test equipment and the experience required to properly diagnose and adjust the disk controller card. The service items I will describe are simple procedures that should reduce the workload at the repair centers and save you some dollars.

Remove all power cords from their outlets before performing any of the following procedures.

The most frequent cause of intermittant or solid failure is probably the connector end of the controller card which plugs into the computer. The connector lands are solder tinned and oxidize in just a few weeks. This cuases the drive to exhibit various types of failures which cannot be predicted.

When you experience problems, the controller connector should be the first thing you check and correct if necessary, Turn off power on all the devices and unplug the controller card. Turn it upside down and look at the end of the card, You'll see black marks on the ends of the connector lands. The olack marks should be removed so that the color is uniform from end to end on the connector lands. The easiest method is to use a pink rubber eraser use the rectangular pink kind, not the one on a pencil.

The lands you can see can be cleaned easily, but the ones on the other side are more
difficult. Use a sharp knife to slice the end of the ERASER, Cut across the end to reduce the thickness to allow it to fit between the top of the card and the case. The end of the eraser will be $L$ shaped with the bottom of the $L$ longer than the vertical.

Insert the eraser and rub the contacts back and forth across the width of the card. If you clean the bottom lands first you can get an idea of how much rubbing you must do to clean the oxidation from the lands. Don't rub anymore than necessary to give a uniform appearance across the contacts,

You may need to clean the cartridge contacts in the computer as well. PULL THE COMPUTER POWER CORD FROM THE OUTLET BEFORE PERFORMING THIS PROCEDURE! The cartridge socket can be cleaned with a pipe cleaner, Fold the end into a $J$ shape and insert the bottom of the $J$ into the cartridge socket while you hold the door open with an extra hand, You should not try to move the pipe cleaner sidewise, but straight in and out. Cut off the dirty end and refold the pipe cleaner and continue cleaning until the pipe cleaner stays relatively clean. You can also use the end of the pipe cleaner to brush the eraser crumbs from the card and cartridge case. Inspect the cable end of the controller cartridge for oxidized contacts and clean those if needed. The contacts on the board at the rear of the disk drive are gold plated and will probably not need cleaning. If Radio Shack had wanted to keep us from frequenting their repair centers they probably would have gold plated the contacts on the controller card, Chances are these cleaning procedures will correct intermittant problems with the disk drive,

One other item can cause problems with some diskettes. Several of my friends have experienced drive NOT READY errors, with RADIO SHACK Diskettes but not with other brands. A possible explanation is that the RADIO SHACK Diskettes have more internal friction and thus cause the belt to slip on the drive pulley. You can determine the error status after an I/O error by peeking location 240: PRINT PEEK(240), If you get 128, the drive is not ready. This can of course be a result of not having the disk drive turned on or the drive door open, but if the LED comes on and the disk is properly inserted, the error may be a result of the disk turning too slowly. A slow disk may be due to a slipping drive belt, which is easily fixed.

CARE \＆FEEDING OF RS DISK DRIVES

You can remove the drive cover by lifting it straight up after you remove two screws from each side．The belt is located on the left side as you look at the front of the dirve．The motor pulley is the one located near the top center of the drive．The large pulley drives a shaft which rotates the disk．

The belt has a tendency to pick up contaminants，sometimes grease from the drive bearings．You can clean the belt and pulleys without removing the belt．Use your pipe cleaners，and dip a folded end into some alcohol or tape recorder head cleaner，DON＇T USE TAPE HEAD LUBRICANT OR CLEANER／LUBRICANT！！ We want to keep the belt from slipping，not make it slip more easily．

Run the moistened end，（not dripping），of the pipe cleaner lightly against the inside surface of the belt and rotate the large pulley until the belt is clean．Cut off the wet end of the pipe cleaner and try to dry the belt as much as possible，When finished，rotate the large pulley and verify the motor pulley is moving along with the belt．If the motor pulley stops while the belt is moving，it may still be wet or dirty．There should be no belt slack in the span between the pulleys．If there is slack，the belt has stretched and should be replaced．

If the belt comes off the pulleys，you can easily put it back．Handle it gently，and lay the belt over the small pulley，then hold the edge of the belt and lay it over the large pulley while rotating the large pulley slowly with the same hand．Do not stretch the belt，the pulley will do it for you as you rotate it．

Put all the pieces back together，Run a program to check out your work．DSKTST．BAS will write 1000 sectors randomly on the disk，and read each back to verify the write．The data is shown on the top of the screen along with the current track，sector and error status．The program must be run on a freshly initialized disk．It checks for 68 free granules and terminates if the disk has anything in the directory，It will restore the disk to the initialized state and before finishing wiks read and write every sector on the disk at least once．The program is a good way to test disk media before you save any important items on it． The most important use though is to verify the work that you have just performed on you disk drive and controller cartridge．
May your drives always have good data．
10 ：DSKTST．EAS（C）J．L．Ater
20：WFITE／READ RANDOM SECTORS
30 CLS：CLEAREI2

```
4O INFUT:DFIUE"#
5O IF !(D)<゙SS日 THEN 4SO
6O POKE&HEE,D
70 DEFUSF%=?HD4GC
GO ! DFF
90 FFIMTM2S7:"FAANDOM WRITE/FEAD
TEST:""
100 FFINTO2SO+52."TFK SEC LN
T RD ERFOFS"!
110 FDF I=O TD 512
120 FOLE&HEOO+I FEEK (&HCOOO+I)
1SO NEXT I
1.40 FOF I=1 TO 1000
15O FOKE&HEE:&HE:FOKEQHEF,FND {25
6)--1
160 T=FND (SS)-1:S=FND (18)
170 FOKE&HEE:T:FOKE&HED,S
1OO FOKESHEA S:ST=USRQ(O)
190 G0SUE460
9O NEXT I
210 FFTNTWSE7%"FEADING ALL SECTD
FS:" " T=0
220 FOF T=0 TO S4
2O FOF S=1日 TO 1 STEP-1
24O FOFE8HEC,T:FOKEEHED,S
550 T=T+1
260 GOSUIE 4.4O
270 NEXT SyT
```




```
BOO PFINTG2E%%"INITIALIZIMG ALL
EECTOFG:"
E10 ! DN
\Xi2O PFTNTG2O2:"TFK: SEC VEFIF
YON"
BO FDF T=S4 TO O STEF -1
30 FOF S=1 TO 18
SEO FFTNTM2g9+\Xi2,USING"报#####"!T
%!
360 ! D, T, S, Aक, E年
ZO NEXT S.T
SBO ! DFF:FRINTGE12#"FF"
39O TF NE=O THEN NE家"NO" ELSE N
Eक=STR市(NE)
400 FRTNTIS292+64;ME%:" EFRORS"
410 DEFUSFG=8HE44A
420 END
430 PRTNT"NDT ON THIS DISK゙n:"
44O FRTHT"USE NEWLY INITIALIZED
DISK!"
45O CLEAF2OO:END
4AO "FEAD FACK
A% FOKE&HEE,4;FDKESHEF,O:FOKE&H
EAg2
4cO PRTNTO2P9+Z2,USTNG"########",
SI%NE
```

$4905 T=15 F 5(0): 5 T=F E E F(240)$
FOO TFST=OTHEN 52O
FIO NE =NE+1
EOG FETURIM


R.s. COLGRTDIGKK sVsTEM

DIBK EDITOR/ASSEMBLER - This package includes a full foaturad disk basad text oditor program and a disk to dibk/tape/memory asseabler. The text aditor is an easy to learn full featured aditor whith allows files larger then memory to be created and edited with ease. It is compatible with ASCII formatted tape disk files to allow easy conversion of tape based programs. The assembler cupports the full 6899 procassor inatruction eat and will croas agsemble 5800 code to 6809 object codre. The output objact file can bet dirgcted to elthar disk, tape or memory with ovemirite protection, to the sereen or printor and versions for printers with or without iline feeds are provided. DISK EDITOR ASEEMRLER.... \$79.95

DIBK TERMINQL PACKREE - A disk based Tominal proaram for your color computar foaturas full tent buffering, baud rates from 300 to $96 e 9$ baud, programable word length, parity bits odd/aven/none, stop bits. The buffer size is automatically sat to the maximum eize or your memory. Full control codea can loaded fromfto tape or diak. The contents of the buffer cen be sent an a file with automatic re-entry to terminal mode, also a file can be gent directly from disk to another user. The contents of the buffer can be displayed on the screen or optionally be output to a printar pluggod into the RS 232 port. All file formate are dirgetly compatible with our text editor and word processar programs. DISK TERMINAL PACKACE .... 39.95

TEXTPRD I DISK TEXT EDITOR/WORD PROCESSOR - is a complete word processing system designed for easy learning aind use. It features a disk besed text from for editing files larger than mamory and direct processing of text files replacesk or mumory. Some of the editor commands include: copy, move, search; add, change, insert, delete, sikit updoswn line ignore changes made on last line, okip to beginfend of line all with easy singie keygtroke commands using arrow keys. The editor can also load, gave and append tape or disk files for 29 commands for formatting the output, some of thera includgs page length, page mode on/off, page numbers on/off, left margin, top/bottom margin, line length, conter, double width print, single, multiple s special indent, test lines laft on palge, gkip to top of page, send control Eodes sasei data for spacial printer control, Justify on/off, page heading, mulitiple footnotes par page, word fill mode on/off, sond message to gereem, display \& input from keyboard one of tha easlest to learn and use in just minutes. All comarands are logically oriented in easy to remember and associate 2 character commands. DISK TEXTPRO I .... *49.95
TEXTPRD II TEXT EDITOR/ HDRD PROCESSDR - Includes all the features of TEXTPRD I plug: 18 programabla tab btops, can be used with horizontal tab to naxt jugtify to tab column, tab to programed column. Also tab commands ean use specific values for tab columns or programmed values. Other additions includes character fill, fight justify ling, programable footer can be centerad/right Jurtified/double width or almost any processon commands can ba used with it, 3 programbble header lines, expanded footnotes and processable koyboard input deta during word processing

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Look at these features!!

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[^4]
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A "CHEAP TALKER" FOR THE RADIO SHACK<br>COLOR COMPUTER<br>by John R, Kelty<br>1440 N 615 t<br>Lincoln, NE 68505

The Radio Shack Color Computer is truly a remarkable machine for the money, and I beleive that there are quite a few Color Computer users like myself that are operating on a very tight bodget (still saving for that disk drive). But with all the recent articles on speech synthesis, I couldn't wait any longer for my Color Computer to talk! This article describes the "Cheap Talker" (as opposed to the not cheap enough, but very nice, Sweet Talker from Micromint Inc, that I built and programmed in one afternoon for my Color Computer.

The Cheap Talker requires only 2 IC's and a transistor with a few resistors and capacitors placed on an edge connector type circuit board that plugs into the Color Computer cartridge slot. Certainly, a printed circuit would be nice, but I wired mine point-to-point (using sockets for the IC's) and placed the finished board in a modified 8-track cartridge (as suggested by other articles in the past). The software is a simple Basic program and is stored on cassette, Just plug in the cartridge, turn on the computer, load the program, and listen to your TV say "I am the Color Computer Talker" followed by the ABC's. Needless to say, the applications are many, as my not quite 2 -year old daughter tries to recite the ABC's along with the computer la homemade speak and spell, speak and math, speak and read, etc., are just a program away).

The 2 IC's used are a Motorola 6821 PIA (Peripheral Interface Adapter) and the Votrax SC-01 speech synthesizer, Although the circuit board that I used is made by Vector (3719-1), Radio Shack is soon to have an experimenter type board for the Color Computer which might be cheaper. The Vector board also must be cut down to fit into the cartridge door and the edge of the Color Computer, Total cost of the project was less then $\$ 25,00$ plus the cost of the Votrax chip (I bought the SC-01 from Quest Electronics for \$59.00),

Two Motorola 6821 PIA's are used in the Color Computer for the keyboard, I/D, and other functions, Just about any FIA device may be used ( 6522,8255 , etc.), but since the 6821 is available in the Color Computer, I thought most users might be more familiar with its programming and operation. I chose to use port A and the CA1 and CA2 control lines to drive the SC-01 chip since I plan to connect a General Instruments Programmable Sound Generator to port B later.

The Votrax SC-01 Speech Synthesizer is a 22-pin CMOS IC and is powered with 12 VDC in
this circuit. Speech is synthesized using phonemes to build words. The SC-01 has 64 different phonemes (including Stop and no sounds) that vary in duration as shown in the phoneme chart. Thus a 6-bit code defines the desired phoneme and the timing and sound are provided by the SC-01, The pitch of the voice may be varied by changing the master clock frequency (with a potentiometer) or with inflection inputs. I chose to ground the two inflection inputs but they may be easily added and should be buffered with transistors or TTL 7416 high-voltage open-collector circuits as shown. II was able to drive the I1 and I2 inputs directly from the 6821 PIA but Votrax suggests these inputs be $8 \times \mathrm{XP}$ so they are really not TTL compatible), The data lines are compatible with 5 V inputs and are drive directly by the 6821 PIA,

The two control lines from the 6821 PIA provide the necessary handshake with the SC-01 for continuous speech. The Strobe (STB) is a 5 Volt compatible input that latches the phoneme 6-bit data code, Latching occurs on the rising edge of the strobe signal. The Acknowledge/Request (A/R) is essentially a CMOS level output and is buffered with a simple transistor circuit. When this A/R signal goes from low to high ( 6821 input goes frogi high to low due to transistor inversion), the old phoneme has timed out and a new phoneme data code may be latched into the SC-01.

The audio output is fed through the cartridge sound pin (35) to the Color Computer and out to your TV. The sound multiplexer IC in the Color Computer is selected during the program initialization. The output voltage from the SC-01 should be a maximum of approximately 3 VP-p for the AH phoneme and is sufficiently large enough for good volume (an amplifier and separate volume control might be easily added, but be careful to limit the Color Computer sound input to about 5VP-p maximum).

The program selects the cartridge sound input, sets up the PIA, and then outputs a Stop code (63). Then the sign-on message is read (and spoken!) leaving the user to create speech with phonemes, separated by commas or spaces, in a string. Since this program is intended only for demonstration and experimentation, a string of phonemes should be long enough to say a few words and test the "Cheap Talker", Vary the frequency control to change the voice pitch and if you connect the inflection inputs, INO through IN3 will add the proper values so that port A will 58 also output these codes.

1 'COLOR CIMPUTER CHEAP TALKER
"JOHN R. KELTY
1440 N GIST LINCOLN:NE 68505
5 ; (402)472-2793 WORK
10 DIM Z (200):A=65344:CLS
11 IN=O:"INITIAL INFLECTION
12 :SET UP 6821 PIA
13 "PORT A, PAO-PAS, FHONEME G-B
IT CODE TO SYNTHESIZER (OUTPUT)
14 :FORT A, FA6 AND FA7 ARE INFLE
CTION II AND I2 REBPECTIVELY(DUT
PUTS)
15 FOKEA +1 , O: FOKKEA, 255: FOKEA $+1,5$
2
19 'ENAELE CC SOUND MUX INPUT FR
OM CARTRIDGE
20 POKE652日1:180: POKE652日3: 61:P0
KE65315,60
28 'SEND STGP FHONEME
$30 \mathrm{~F}=63$ : GOSUB1000
50 PRINT:PRINT"FHONEME STRING TA
LKER":PRINT
90 'DATA FOR SIGN-ON MESSAGE AND
ABC'S.
94 DATA27,47,24,52,53,55,62,62,2
$1,0,9,47,0,12,12,56,60,60$
95 DATA25,25,21,24,58
96 DATA25, 25,50, 49, 12, 37, $34,54,5$
5,42,5日
97 DATA42,61,25,58
98 DATAb2, 62,62
99 DATA6, $33,41,14,60,41,31,60,41$
$, 30,60,41,60,41,2,1,29,30,26,60$,
41
100 DATAG, 32,41,42,16,21,0,9,41,
$30,26,0,6,33,41,25,0,6,33,41,2,0$
$, 35,24,2,1,12,2,1,13,52,53,55,37$
, 60, 41,62,25,34,54,55,55,21,49,5
8,2,1,31,42,60
110 DATA3 $2,41,34,54,55,55,15,60$,
33, 41, 30,50, 14,35,24,34,54,54,2,
196 : 143 FHONEMES TO OUTFUT
200 FOR N=1TO143:READZ (N):NEXTN
$205 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{N}-1$
210 FORI=1TON:F=Z (I):GOSUE1000
220 NEXTI
298 "MAIN LOOF AND ROUTINE
299 "SILENCE TALKER, GET NEW OR R
EPEAT OLD FHONEME: OUTFUT TO SYNT
HESI ZER
400 GOSUB 5000

600 FORI＝ 1 TON：$F=Z$（I）：GOSUE 1000
700 NEXTI：GOTOSOO
999 ＂TALK QUTFUT ROUTINE
1000 POKEA＋1，52：＂STE HIGH
1010 FDKEEA，F：＂PLACE G－EIT FHONEM
E CODE AND INFLECTION ON FORT A
1020 FOKEA＋1：60：STB LOW
1022 V＝FEEK（A）：＂DUMMY READ TO RE
SET CA1
1030 IF（FEEK（A＋1）AND 128）THENRET
URN ELSE 1030：RETURN WHEN A／R G
OES HIGH
5000 ＂LOAD FHONEME STRING
SO40 PRINT：FRINT＂PRESS $\$$ KEY TO
PLAY OLD STRING＂
5100 PRINT＂OR INFUT NEW STRING $X$ $X, X X, E T C . "$
$5140 \mathrm{AN}=\mathbf{m 1 1 "}$
5200 A $=$ INKEY出：IFA象＝＂＂THEN5200
5210 PRINTA
5220 AN $=A N=+A$ b
5230 IFA $="$＂${ }^{2}$ THENRETURN
5300 IFA禺 $=$ CHR（ 13 ）THENS50OELSEE2
00
5500 ＂DECODE STRING

5528 ＂F象＝NEXT FHONEME WHEN DONE
AND IS MADE UF USING A末
5529 ＂AN井＝ENTIFE STATEMENT INCLU
DING DELIMITERS（SFACE OR COMMAS
）
5530 P串 $=P$ 串＋A
$5540 A \phi=M I D \$(A N \phi, S T, 1)$
5E5E＂ST IS COUNTER USED TO STEF
THROUGH AN\＄
$5560 \quad 5 T=S T+1$

ORA $=$ CHR $(13)$ THENGOSUB6OOOELSES5
30
5600 IF A $=$＝CHR（ 13 ）THEN5 700
5610 A里＝＂
5620 GOTO 5530
$5700 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{I}-1:$ RETURN
6000 ＂FHONEME CODES
6100 IFP\＄＝＂EH3＂THENF＝0
6101 IFF象 $=$＂EH2＂THENP $=1$
6102 IFP象＝＂EH1＂THENP＝22
6103 IFP和 $=$＂FAO＂THENP $=3$
6104 IFF\＆＝＂DT＂THENP＝4
6105 IFPक＝＂A2＂THENF＝5
6106 IFF\＆$=$＂A1＂THENP＝6
6107 IFF电 $=$＂ZH＂THENF $=7$
610 IFP事＝＂AH2＂THENP＝8

6110 IFF $=$＝＂I2＂THENF＝10
6111 IFF $==11$＂THENP＝11．

6112 1FF帛＝＂M＂THENF＝12
6113 IFP申＝＂N＂THENP＝13
6114 IFP舟m＂E＂THENF： 1.4
6115 TFF事＂＂V＂THENF $m$ 15

6117 IFFक $=1$＂SH＂THENF $=17$
611 IFP象＝＂Z＂THENF＝m1日
6119 IFP車＝＂AW1＂THENP＝19
6120 IFF串m＂NG＂THENF＝20
6121 IFF串 $=1 \mathrm{AH} 1$＂THENF＝21
6122 IFF我＝＂OD1＂THENF＝22＂
6123 IFF申＝＂DO＂THENF＝23
6124 IFFi申＝＂L＂THENF 24
6125 IFF中 $=1 \mathrm{~K}$＂THENF＝25
6126 IFF申部＂J＂THENF＝26
6127 TFF＂申w＂H＂THENF＂wn
6128 IFF申 $=$＂G＂THENFw2E
6127 IFF申w＂F＂THENF＝29
6130 IFF串 $=$＂D＂THENF＂＝30

6132 IFF＂$=$＂A＂THENF $=32$
613 3 IFF象＂＂AY＂THENF＝${ }^{\prime 3}$
6154 IFF串m＂Y1＂THENFm＂
6135 IFF串 $=$＂LHS＂THENP $=$ W5
615n IFP串＝＂AH＂THENF＂


6139 IFF＇申＂I＂THENFm39
6140 IFF中＝＂U＂THENF＝40
6141 IFF車＝＂Y＂THENF $=41$
6142 IFF必的＂T＂THENF： 42
6143 IFF串＂
6144 IFF事＂＂E＂THENF $=44$

6146 IFP串地＂AE＂THENF＂ 46
6147 IFF車m＂AE1＂THENF＝47
614日 IFF虫＂$A W 2$＂THENP $=48$
6 149 TFFक $=$＂LH2＂THENF $=49$
6150 IFP串理＂UH1＂THENF
6151 TFF ${ }^{6}=$＂UH＂THENF：$=51$
6152 IFFक＝＂02＂THENF $=52$

6154 IFP串＝＂IU＂THENF＝策4


6157 IFF＇象：＂TH＂THENF：min
615日 IFF串＝＂ER＂THENF＂気点

6160 IFP电＂＂E1＂THENF＂ 60
6161 IFF申＂＂AW＂THENFMmb1

6163 TFF申＝＂STOF＂THENP＝白芜
$6190 \mathrm{Z}(1)=F+I N$
6157 ＂INFLECTION EITS ARE ADDED
TO FHONEME CODES
6200 IFFF出＂INO＂THENINm0

```
4210 IFP串" IN1"THENIN=64
6220 IFF官"IN2"THENIN=128
6.230 IFF手="INJ"THENIN=192
6240 I= I+1
6250 F車和""
6300 FETURN
```


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Votrax ${ }^{\circ}$ CMOS Phoneme Speech Synthesizer

## general deschiption

 solid stase device．This single ehiip phonentitally synthosiizos continuous speech．of unlimited vocabclarr．from low dato rate inputa．Figure 1 ．
Speech is synthesized by combining phonemes the building blocks of speechl in the appropriate sequence．The SC－01 Speech Synthasizen contains 64 dilferent phonemes which are soccssed by 6 －bit cods．It is the proper sequential combination of these phonome codes that erestes continuous spench．

The SC．01 Speech Synthesizer is cost－iffective，comsumes minimad power and tenables inthouse product development widned to an andio andpet sice to applited to an awio culpol davica to mily and distributa thr synthesired specth．See Figure 2
features
－Single CMOS chip
－ 70 bits per mecond
22 pin packegs
－ 9 ma．current draln
－Wide voltasy supply range
－Diginad pitch lompat inousa
－Ausomatic inflection
－Onectip master clock elrevir
－Optional extemal matrer clock
－Variaty of woice effects
－Sound effects
－Centorrar product seneuriy

The deaign of the equiament specitiod hereth ta proprletery． servein ara granted excepen tor the menulacture and raproctuetion of the tubloct equipmant．
hysical description
The SC－01 Speech Synthesizer is a 22 pin Laget Seate Integrated Circuit witich contains en the circouitry necessury to generate phonetically synithesized speech．The SC－01 is tabrecated using CWOS techrology，which offers high inpus impedence end tow powtr drain．

ELECTRICAL DESCRIPTION
The SC－01 Speech Symhesizer is a program－compatible with exiking Vourax ${ }^{\oplus}$ phoname synthesizers．it reauires 70 bits a dits per seaond for continucus speech production．The 6 －bit phonemer codes are 5 vola logic compatible and are fatched for data bus applications．A phonemoconstruetion alporithm end filtars，within the chip，cresse the synthesized audio output．


Figure 1．Votrax SC－01 Speech Synthesizer


Figure 2．SC．01Flow Diagram

## PHONEME DESCRIPTION

Table 1 lists the 64 phoremes produced by the SC－01．Each phomeme code is recompanied by its symbol，average duration came，and an oxample．The underlined segnents of the pronounced．

Table 2 subdividas the 64 phoneme symbols into seven extegoriet．Each cotegory repcesents a different production fanture．The first six categorish ane characterized by voicod， tricative（expited voicel，and name rounds．The seventh category is charucterized by phonemes with no saund outpus．

PHoNEME PROGRAMMANG
Mansued Operations：Votrax maintains library of phoneticelly progammed words．Aeferance to zhis library and proceratuming menumbs will zid in word synthesis．
Avtormaric Operatiens：Votrax © Cun supply a miero－computer ovtem for automatic conversion of Engligh text into phoneme coquencos．This systom is particularly uselul for inthouse mocobulay development and product wcurity．Consact Votrax ${ }^{(1)}$ for furcher information．

| Phormerne Code | Phocturn Syambol | Diration （ $\mathbf{x}$ ） | Examplo Word |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\omega$ | EH3 | 59 | bectar |
| 11 | EH2 | 71 | gntist |
| 02 | EH1 | 121 | hegry |
| 43 | Pas | 47 | no sound |
| 4 | DT | 47 | buture |
| ＊s | A2 | 71 | made |
| $\omega$ | A1 | 103 | mpor |
| 97 | zH | 90 | amus |
| 18 | AH2 | 71 | henest |
| 69 | 13 | ${ }_{50}$ | infitur |
| $1{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 12 | 80 | tinatior |
| ¢ | 11 | 121 | Tuntibl |
| cc | M | 103 | mit |
| ${ }^{0}$ | $N$ | 80 | $\pm$ |
| WE | B | 11 | bu9 |
| 9 F | $v$ | 71 | ym |
| 10 | $\mathrm{CH}^{*}$ | 71 | dip |
| 11 | SH | 121 | \＄10p |
| 12 | 2 | 71 | 20 |
| 13 | AW1 | 146 | totul |
| 14 | NG | 121 | thluy |
| 15 | AM1 | 148 | figher |
| 16 | 001 | 108 | logking |
| 18 | ． 00 | 185 | beopt |
| 18 | 1 | 100 | tand |
| 19 | K | 80 | trick |
| 14 | ${ }^{\circ}$ | 47 | He900 |
| 18 | H | 71 | herio |
| $1 C$ | G | 71 | \％er |
| 10 | ${ }^{F}$ | 103 | fat |
| 1E | D | 5 | amad |
| 1F | S | 90 | paxas |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thosemse } \\ & \text { Codo } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phoneme } \\ & \text { Eyurbeal } \end{aligned}$ | Durution （mal） | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Exergin } \\ & \text { Werd } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 | A | 165 | der |
| 21 | Ar | 65 | dy |
| 22 | V | 80 | ywod |
| 23 | $4 \mathrm{H3}$ | 47 | mburign |
| 24 | AH | 200 | map |
| 25 | $p$ | 108 | max |
| 28 | 0 | 185 | ecod |
| 27 | \％ | 185 | din |
| 28 | U | 185 | move |
| 29 | $\boldsymbol{Y}$ | 103 | any |
| 24 | T | 71 | 4 |
| 28 | A | 0 | g |
| 2 C | E | 185 | mex |
| 20 | $\omega$ | 80 | \＃n |
| $2 E$ | AE | 185 | d |
| 2 F | AE1 | 108 | getur |
| 33 | AW2 | 90 | 8ty |
| 31 | UH2 | 7 | 3bout |
| 32 | UHI | 163 | ． Hrch |
| 33 | UH | 188 | app |
| 34 | 02 | 60 | tor |
| 35 | 01 | 121 | Hopd |
| 38 | tu | 80 | vax |
| 37 | U1 | $\boldsymbol{0}$ | Vㅜㄹ |
| 38 | THV | 00 | 等 |
| 39 | TH | 71 | 曾的 |
| 34 | ER | 148 | bet |
| 38 | EH | 185 | et |
| 3 C | E1 | 121 | be |
| 30 | AM | 250 | cent |
| 38 | PAI | 188 | no round |
| 3F， | STOp | 47 | no sound |

T：＇muse praceste／CH／to procires CH sounat
＇D／must precerde I／＇to produce I sound．
Tuble 2．Phoneme Camporina Acsording to Production Feanars

| Volend． |  |  |  |  | Voloed Friean．$\mathbf{z}$ | Voleser88 | Fireatlive <br> Steop <br> $\boldsymbol{T}$ | Fotertive $\qquad$ <br> 8 | $\frac{\text { Mevat }}{m}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E | EH | AE | UH | 001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E1 | EH1 | AE1 | UHi | ค | 2 H | － | DT | \＄ | N | Pal |
| V | EH2 | AH | UH2 | EA | 3 | 6 | $k$ | CH | WS | 870 |
| $v$ | EH3 | AH1 | UH3 | $L$ | $\checkmark$ |  | P | TH |  |  |
| 1 | A | AH2 | 0 | U | thy |  |  | $F$ |  |  |
| 11 | A1 | Aw | 01 | U |  |  |  | H |  |  |
| 12 | A2 | Aw1 | 02 | $\mathrm{Ul}^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Ar | AW2 | 00 | W |  |  |  |  |  |  |

StGMAL DESCRIPTION ISet Figures 4 and 51
Phoneme 6－Bit Selection Code（Pa．P5）：Data input is to wix gins．Latching is controlled by the strobe（STB）signsi．
Strobe（STB）：Latching occurs on rising edge of strobe signal．
Infiection Lewel Satting（1）．12）：Instantaneously sets pitch level of woited phonemes．

Acknowiedge／Request（Ä／R）：Acknowlodges rectipt of phoneme dats（signal poes from high to low one master clock yche following active edge of STB signall．Also indicate iming out of old phoneme concurrent with request for new phoneme data（signal goes from low to high）．

NOTE
If externes phoneme timing is desired，phonome requests can be igmorad．However，best speech is ratlized with internal timing．

Muster Clock Renator－Cupacitor（mCRC）：This inpur determines the internal manter clock frequency，Select R－C values for 720 kHz to achieve standard ohoneme timsing． Conneer this input to MCX when using intemsa cleck：ground when using oxternal clock．

NOTE
Varying dock froquency varies woice and wound efficts．As clock frequerry decressei，sudie frequency decreasss and phonemp timing tengthens．Fipures 6 and 7 illusurate manual and DAC（Digitat to Anslog Conwerter）voice variation setwomatics，respeetively．
Mester Clock External（incX）：Allows conurol by to external dock signal．

## NOTE

Ground MCRC during MCX operation
Aurio Outpur（AO）：Supplies anatog signal to wutio output device．

Audio Facdbeck（AF）：Used with Class A on Class 8 transistor audio amplifiers for added subbility．
 amplifiter．

Tath 3．Timing Sperifications

| Characteristic | symbol | M M ${ }_{\text {N }}$ | TYP | max | unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| （impert Sotup Tima（ $\mathrm{P}_{1}$ to STP） | T8 | 450 |  |  | NS |
| Inpur Hotd Time（P，to STE） | ${ }^{3}$ | － |  |  | WS |
| Rise Time of STB Edpo 1．8V to 4VI | TAS |  |  | 16 | Ws |
| A／A Width（Ä／R Conneeted to STG）＊ | $T_{\text {andw }}$ | 1 | 1.3 | 2 | 4 |
| STB Width | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathbf{m}}$ | 290 |  |  | NS |
| StB Low＊ | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {BL }}$ |  |  |  | MS |
| Propagation Delay ISTB toA／R atter TARW＇ | $T_{\text {OAR }}$ |  |  | 80 | NS |
| A／R Riss Time（Capacitive load＝30paf） | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {raR }}$ |  |  | 10 | MS |
| A／A Fanl Time（Capacitive lond＝36ph | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {fan }}$ |  |  | 100 | W |
| Time froen $\bar{A} / \mathrm{R}$ Request to STB Servicel | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {ars }}$ | ＊ |  | 800 | 4 |
| Time of Phoneme Durstion＊ | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {m }}$ | 47 | 147 | 250 | 4 |

－Depondemt on Masster Clock trequency 720kH2
－Strabe must remain tow $172 \times$ Master Cloek Pervedt Inetore rising edop


## A Touch of Class For Your Color Computer!!

Get rid of that unsightly mess of wires and tapes on your computer work space once and for all!! With ALACAR's new Color Companion Series of top quality accessories for your CC-80, you can not only straighten up the mess, you can improve the computer/human working relationship as well. That improvement comes as a result of placing the CC- 80 peripherals in convenient locations, rather than scattered about! Each of the Color Companion Series accessories are available separately or save even more, by ordering a complete set. The three different stands are constructed out of durable $1 / 4$ inch thick ABS plastic which comes in a black grained finish that is an almost perfect match to the material used on the CC-80 keyboard.

The cassette tape recorder base holds your recorder at the correct angle for easy reading of the tape index number counter. No more twisting your neck to find the right place on your data tapes! The unit is custom crafted for a perfect match for the Radio Shack brand data recorders. (Order stock \#CRT-3, \$12.95 each, plus shipping)


The printer base is also angled to improve readability. The base is built to fit the popular MX-80 sized dot matrix printers. The actual size of the top platform is $151 / 2$ inches wide by 14 inches deep, and there is ample room underneath the platform for hundreds of sheets of paper. (Order stock \#PTB-2, \$29.95 each, plus shipping)



The computer/monitor stand is the heart of the Color Companion Series. With it, you get a built in storage shelf for your disk drive as shown in the picture, (and if you have them, there is plenty of room for two drives) or you can store your manuals, cassette ${ }_{2}$ tapes or the "what-have-you's" which clutter up all of our computer areas! Coming soon, is an optional sliding cassette storage tray which will hold about three dozen tapes and yet still leaves room for a disk drive as well.

As you can see, the TV monitor is raised up to a more natural viewing height and set back a bit which greatly improves picture viewing quality. Cut-outs on either side of the base provide free access to the on/off and reset buttons as well as the ROMpack slot. The sturdy construction will handle most TV's with bases up to about 16 inches wide. (Order stock \#CPU-1, $\$ 44.95$ each, plus shipping)

[^5]Order Form


Yes, I'd like to add some class to my computer life! Please send me the following:
Quantity
Subtotal
CPU-1 Computer/Monitor base (a. 44.95 (plus $\$ 3.86 \mathrm{P} \mathrm{\& H}$ )
PTB-2 80 Column printer stand (a. 29.95 each (plus $\$ 3.09$ P\&H)
CTR-3 Cassette recorder stand (a) 12.95 each (plus \$1.79 P\&H)
Aw, what the heck - send me the whole set for $\$ 84.95$, and Alacar will pay the postage and handling! (a savings of almost 13\%!!)
Florida residents include $5 \%$ sales tax.
Total Amount Enclosed

## CHEAP TALKER




| PERIPHERAL INTERFACE ADAPTER TPIA |
| :---: |
| The Mcesel Pencherel interice Adarier prombes the unversal <br>  perpheais trough two B-bi wdirectronal peripheral datio buses end fover controi bines. No external logic is requited lor entertacong to most pmoneral dences <br> The functroctel contiguraten of the P1A is programmed by the MPU dung satem umburzuon Erch of the peripherel data hines can be piogownind to aet an wh mout or output, und owch of the four eom <br>  modes the elown ingh degree of flexidity in the overn comertion of the itherface |
|  MPU |
|  |
| - Two Programmebo Control Regisiers |
| - Two Progammesia Disa Divecion Rogasies |
| - Four individuelly-Controllied Interrupt Input Liven. Two Unicke es Perphereal Control Oulputs |
|  |
| - Mighthrodence Thru-Stute and Drect Trunestion Drver Purphoral Linas |
|  |
|  |
| - Tmo TTL Dine Copeobitr en All A and B Sida Bufiera |
| - TTL-Comosiole |
| - Surc Coperamon |




Figure g. video input to the modulator
The UM1285-8 modulator is a high performance intercarrier vertigial sideband unit. The modulator is powered off the 12 volk supoly with en inline currens limuting resistor, A45. The wolk supply with in invine current limiting resistor, R45. The
modutator also hus sound cupsbility which is used by the modulator also has sound capsbility which is used by the Charnel select mwitch (S3i). Channel it is sueseded by allowing the input to flont high. Chamel 3 is selected by ground.
internal to the modulstor, the OC sound inpur signal is converted to $\$ 4.5 \mathrm{MHz}$ frequincy modulated signal. This signs is then mixed with the udieo and used to modulate the RF signa! for the selected channel 61.25 MHz for Channel 3 or 8725 MHz for channel 41 . This linal output is owailsble $n$

## PlA's

The Color Computer uses two peripheral interface adapters (PIA'I). These devices provide a universal interface to the 6809 ECPU chip, and they support all of the l/O functions in the Color Computer.

The functional configuration of the PIA is programmed by the CPU during the reset routine. Each of the peripheral data lines may be programmed to set as an input of output, and esch of four control/interrupt lines may be programmed for one of sevaral control modes. Figure 10 showi a block disgram of a

As shown in thi block diggram, PIA consists of two 8 .bit dats registers and 4 control/interrupt lines. The two e-bit dati rasisters are controlled by two date direction registers. Thase direction controf registers are set up by the reset routine and normally will not be changed.


## SOUND OUTPUT FIGURE 10. PIA BI gCK diagram

| SOUND OUTPUT | The cossette sound output murt be modified before being connected to the ansloy multiplaxer. For this purpone, a 10yt |
| :---: | :---: |
| Another important usege of the D/A converter is the sound outpur. This D/A converter is the primary source of sound effects for the computer, however three other sound sowress are provided. These axtra sound sources are a thingle bit sound source, sound from the casette tepe recorder, and sound from | non-polatazed capacitor (C2) is uned to bevel shift the signal, Alw, two 4.7K resintors (R31 and R32) assign a OC iswal of 2.5 volts and limit the sigrat so 0 so 6 voles. This signal is then connected to the mutiploxer (U9). |
| the earbidge. | The autput of the anslog multiplager is connected to pin 3 of the modulator (U5), and to the single bit sound source (pin |
| The D/A oupput is connmeted direetly to the MC14529B analog multiplexer \{U9). This chip is used to salect ane of thres sound sources, and maybe disabled to allow use of the | 11, U4), which is isolated by a 10 K fesistor. At any time, only one of the two tources should be used, to avoid mixing the two sources. |

TABLE 4. SOUND SELECTION

| SNDEN | SEL 1 | SEL 2 | SOUND SOURCE SELECTED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| U9-15 | U9.8 | U9.7 |  |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | BBIT DIA |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | CASSETTE |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | CARTRIDGE |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | NOT USED |
| 0 | $x$ | $x$ | SINGLE BIT SOUND |

- NOTE: For single bit sound, PIA U4 pin il must be programmed as an output. It is mormally programmed as an input.
$x=$ DONT CARE
$0=$ LOGIC LOW
$t=$ LOGIC HIGH


If SET and RESET graphics are too slow for you then consider POKE and string graphics. POKE graphics are at least twice as fast as set graphics. In certain special cases string graphics can be more than thirty times faster than SET graphics.

Let's cover POKE graphics first. The color computer is memory mapped, That is to say that the same block of memory always does the same thing. The memory that controls the screen runs from position 1024 to position 1535. (By the way, these are decimal numbers, you won't find any hexadecimal numbers in this article.) This takes care of text and the low resolution graphics that nonextended BASIC uses. The screen is divided into little blocks called pixels. There are 16 rows of 32 pixels.

A pixel can contain a letter, number, punctuation sign, or a color character. We're interested in the color characters. Each pixel is divided into four parts. The parts will either be black or a specific color, Look at the chart and find number 243 under the "orange" column. This pixel will have its top black and its bottom orange, In fact all the pixels in that row will have a black top and a colored bottom. 131 will have a green bottom, 147 will have a yellow bottom, and 50 on. You now understand how to read the chart. Right? Note that the top row is all black and the bottom row is pure color with no black at all.

There is a pattern that repeats every 16 pixels, For example a pure color plus 16 gives the number of another pure color.

Now to get down to business, Let's say you want a pure red pixel in the upper left hand corner of the screen. Check the chart to find that pure red is number 191, Since the screan memory starts at location 1024 (the upper left hand corner) tell the machine to POKE 1024,191. Instant red happens.

To change PRINT @ graphics to POKE graphics add 1024 to the PRINT (C position. For example PRINT @ 64 prints something at the start of the third line on the screen. So does POKE 1024+64,

To use POKE with $X, Y$ coordinates (like SET uses) you have to FOKE $1024+(\mathrm{Y} * 32)+X$. The top line is 0 for $Y$, the next line down is 1 for $Y$, and so on. For $X$ the first position on a line is 0 , the second is 1 , etc.

Back to putting the red pixel at the start of the third line. The third line $Y=2$ and the first
position for $X$ is $0.50000 \ldots$ POKE $1024+(2 * 32)+0,191$.

If this method of line numbering confuses you and you want to start things with 1 instead of zero just change the formula to POKE $1024+(2 * 32)+(X-1)$ 。

To reset a place that has been POKEd just POKE the right color into that space, For example if the background color is green POKE 143 into the right spot, or if it's black poke in 128,

Radio Shack gives a program which fills the screen with colored bars using SET graphics. It takes a little over half a minute, My POKE program takes about 17 seconds, Look at it and follow it through. Lines 50 and 60 make sure that every space on the screen will be FOKEd. Line 70 builds color bars by starting at green (\#143) and adding 16 to make other pure colors, Line 80 POKEs the values from line 70 onto the screen.
"Nuff said on POKE graphics.
Moving on we come to string graphics, A string is a collection of letters, color characters, or whatever, Strings are good to use if we want to print a whole collection of things rather than just a single thing.

The way to get colors on the screen is to use the CHR command, For example to get a red pixel on the screen tell the computer to PRINT CHR\$(191). To get it printed at a certain place use PRINT @instead of PRINT, Let's get the good old red pixel at the start of the third line again. PRINT © 64, CHR\$(191)。

We want to be able to produce a bar of colort red, orange, yellow, green, and blue, Here's how to do it. $\mathrm{C} \$=\mathrm{CHR}(191)+\mathrm{CHR}(255)+\mathrm{CHR}$ \$ (159)+CHR (143)+CHR (175). Now tell the computer to print $C=$ and you get your color bar. BY using PRINT © you can get your color bar any place you want as many times as you want, As many times as you want...AH!....how nice, Once the machine has gotten the original string it can recall and print it FAST, Using string graphics I can do what took POKE graphics 17 seconds in about a half a second. Let's look at the program. Line 50 makes pure colors starting at green (\#143) and adding 16. As it goes into the loop the color is green. The loop in the next three lines builds a string which contains CHR ${ }^{(143)}$ four times. Line 90 starts the color loop again with the color changed to yellow and four yellow CHROs get added to the string. Eventually the string is 32 characters long and contains four places of the eight colors the color computer uses. So far nothing has been put on the screen.

The next lines tell the machine to print the string enough times to fill the screen. Since the machine merely recalls and prints a string this takes about half a second.

Now back to the original problem of making the five colored bar.

You saw that I had to write CHR five times, This is boring and also eats memory fast. Here's another way to do the same thing.

10 FOR J=1 TO 5
20 READ $X$
$30 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CHR}(\mathrm{X})+\mathrm{C} \$$
40 NEXT J
50 DATA $191,255,159,243,175$
This technique will save time and hassle if you have a great deal of string work to do. It's also easier to edit.

If you have a lot of strings to store use an array, Let's assume that you have a face made of six graphics strings. When they are printed below each other the face is formed. We'll say these strings are stored in an array called F\$, To print the face any place on the screen use:
$10 \mathrm{FOR} \mathrm{J}=1 \mathrm{TD} 6$
20 PRINT © desired position $+((J-1) * 32)$ F ${ }^{(1)}(J)$; 30 NEXT J

The mouth of the face is stored in $F(5)$ and its smiling. To change it to a frown which you've stored in $F \$(10)$ use PRINT (a to print it where the smile is. This takes about a hundredth of a second and is too fast for the eye to follow. The smile changes to a frown with no flicker.

If you still want more speed you can make the whole machine run about 2.5 times faster, Just POKE 65495,0. The hassle is that you can't use SOUND, PLAY, CLOAD, CSAVE, or a printer. To use these you have to either use the reset button on the back of the machine or POKE 65494,0 . If you want to use SOUND or PLAY you have to drop out of the fast mode and then get back in. For example POKE 65494,0: SOUND 1,1: FOKE 65495,0.

[^6]
# For Your Color Computer 

## MASTER CONTROL <br> Copyright 1981 Soft Sector Marketing, Inc. - Written by A. Schwartz



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| GREEN | YELLOW | ELUE | RED | BUFF | CMAN | MAGEMTA | ORANGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 126 | 144 | 160 | 176 | 192 | 208 | 224 | 240 |
| 129 | 145 | 161 | 177 | 193 | 209 | 225 | 241 |
| 130 | 146 | 162 | 178 | 194 | 210 | 226 | 242 |
| 131 | 147 | 163 | 179 | 195 | 211 | 227 | 243 |
|  |  |  |  |  | : |  |  |
| 132 | 148 | 164 | 180 | 196 | 212 | 228 | 244 |
| 133 | 149 | 1.65 | 181 | 197 | 213 | 229 | 245 |
| 134 | 150 | 166 | 182 | 190 | 214 | 200 | 246 |
| 135 | 151 | 167 | 183 | 199 | 215 | 231 | 247 |
| 136 | 152 | 168 | 184 | 200 | 216 | 232 | 248 |
| 137 | 153 | 169 | 165 | 201 | 217 | 233 | 249 |
| 138 | 154 | 170 | 186 | 202 | 218 | 234 | 250 |
| 139 | 155 | 171 | 187 | 203 | 219 | 235 | 251 |
| 140 | 156 | 172 | 188 | 204 | 220 | 236 | 252 |
| 141 | 157 | 173 | 189 | 205 | 221 | 237 | 253 |
| 142 | 158 | 174 | . 190 | 296 | 222 | 238 | 254 |
| 143 | 159 | 175 | 191 | 207 | 223 | 239 | 255 |

SLOPE AND LINEAR GRAPHING
By：Steve Sullivan
5768 Cottage Ave．
Kansas City，MD 64133

Many times，when I am doing math assignments，I wish I had a program that could cut out the tedium，letting me concentrate on the concept．When，in geometry，we had the option of writing computer programs for credit，I saw it as my chance to garner some easy points and create a tool that I could use．It just so happens that we were reviewing linear graphing，a subject I know well．Here is the program I came up with．

This program deals with the main aspects of linear graphing：slope，equations of lines，$X$ and Y intercepts，and ordered pairs．Slope is simply the change in Y divided by the change in X （Sometimes called the rise aver the run）．The equation of a line is usually in the form $\mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{MX}+$ $B, M$ being the slope and $B$ being the $Y$ intercept． The $X$ and $Y$ intercepts are the places where the line crosses the $X$ and $Y$ axes respectively， Ordered pairs are pairs of numbers such as（ $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ ） where，if you substitute $A$ for $X$ in the equation and solve，you would get $B$ for the variable $Y$ ．

When the program is run，press the letter choosing which way you want to enter your data， If you choose A or $B_{\text {，input points as ordered }}$ pairs（such as X，Y）．If you need to input slope，it can be any number，juct remember that a slope of 0 produces a horizontal line while no slope gives a vertical line．If you chose $C$ ，choose which form to use by pressing either 1 or 2 ，then input the coefficients as indicated．Remember，the $A$ and $B$ coefficients cannot both be zero．

When you have input your information，the pertinent data for the line is displayed and you are asked if you want any ordered pairs．If you answer $Y$ ，press the letter of the variable you know．You will then be asked for that variable， When you input it，the value of the other variable will be displayed and you will again be asked if ordered pairs are desired．

One outstanding feature of this program is that ALL inputs can be in fractional form．The only restraints are that the denominator cannot be 0 and the number cannot be a mixed numeral， Fractional input is very helpful when dealing with lines because the slope is usually in fractional form．The subroutine for dealing with this is located in lines 720－740．In 720，the computer searches in the string input for a slash indicating a fraction．If none is found，the subroutine is exited（this part could be done with the INSTR command in Extended BASIC），Next，the value of the portion of the string to the left and right of the slash is found．If the right hand value is 0 ，an error message is returned．If not，the division is carried out and a yeturn is encountered．

Another interesting subroutine that could be useful for math applications is the one dealing with a trailing ． 00001 or 99999 ．In line 500 ，the number is put into a string and a decimal point is searched for，If no point is found，a return is performed．If there is a point，the computer then searches through the string for a＂ 0000 ＂or a ＂9999＂．If one is found，then． 0001 is appropriately added or subtracted to the number and the subroutine ends．

This program could be useful not only for doing and checking schoolwork but also for learning or reviewing the concepts of slope， functions，and linear equations，Whatever use you find for it，I hope it may spur you on to writing your own programs for yourself or your children． To me，that＇s the best way to get to know math．

[^7]120 CLS：PRINT：FRINT＂WHAT IS YOU
 QSU日720：IFER＝1THENER＝0：GOTO120EL SEX2＝NM
 R＝0：GOTO120ELSEV2＝NM
140 PRINT：FRINT＂WHAT IS YOUR SL OFE？＂，＂（INFUT 2 FOR ND SLOFE）＂ ：LINEINPUT NM\＆：IFNM＂＝＂Z＂THENZSO ELSEGOSUET20：IFER＝1 THENER＝0：GOTO 120
$150 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{NM}$
160 GOTOS70
170 CLS：PRINT：PRINT：PRINT＂《1〉 A）$Y+(B) X+(C)=0 ": P R I N T: F R I N$ T＂＜2．（A）Y＝（E）$X+(C)$ ：PRINT： FRINT＂WHICH CONFIGURATION WOULD
YOU LIKK（1／2）＂：A $=1 N K E Y$（
180 A $=$＝INKEY事：IFA＂m＂1＂THEN19OELS EIFA象＝＂2＂THEN270ELSE180
190 CLS：PRINT：PRINT：FRINT＂（A）Y
$+(B) X+(C)=$ O＂：PRINT：FRINT：I NPUT＂INFUT THE THREE COEFFICIEN
 ）＝OANDVAL（E（ $\left.{ }^{( }\right)=$OTHENFRINT：FRINT＂
THAT＂S NOT FUNNY！＂：FORJ＝1TO1500： NEXT：GOTO190
 ＝0：GOTO150ELSEA＝NM
$210 \mathrm{NM}=\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{F}: \mathrm{GOSUE} 720$ ： $1 \mathrm{FER}=1 \mathrm{THENER}$ $=0:$ GOTO190ELSEE $=$ NM

＝0：GOTO190ELSECmNM


$2505=-E / A: S S=-C / A: X 2=1: Y 2=5+5 S$
260 GOTOS70
270 CLS：PRINT：FRINT：FRINT＂（A）Y
$=$（E）$X+(C)$＂PRINT：INFUT＂INPUT
THE THREE COEFFICIENTS \｛A，E，

（\＃）$=$ OTHENFRINT：FRINT＂THAT＂S NOT
FUNNY！＂：FORJ＝1TO150C：NEXT：GOTO27 0
$280 \mathrm{NM} \mathrm{\phi}^{2}=\mathrm{A}$ 事：GOSLET20：IFER＝1THENER ＝0：GOTO27OELSEA＝NM
 ＝0：GOTO27OELSEB＝NM
 ＝0：GOTO270ELSEC＝NM
310 IFA $=0$ OTHENX $2=\mathrm{C} /-\mathrm{E}:$ GOTOSEO
320 IFE＝OTHENY2＝C／A：S＝0 1 GOTG370
$330 \mathrm{Sm}=\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{A}: \mathrm{SS}=\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{A}: \times 2=1: Y 2=5+55: 60$ T0370

340 IFX1－X2《〇OTHENS6OELSECLS
B5O CLS：PRINT：FRINT＂NO SLOFE＂：F RINT：PRINT＂Xm＂X2：PRINT：PRINT＂
ND Y INTERCEFT＂：FRINT：PRINT＂X I

$3605=((Y 1-Y 2) /(X 1-X 2)): S M=5: G 0 S$ UE5OO：5＝SM
370 CLS：FRINT：FRINT＂SLDPE＝＂॥S
3BO IF S＝0 THEN FRINTaFRINT＂Ym＂
\＃Y2：PRINT：FRINT＂Y INTERCEPT＝＂：
Y2：FRINT：FRINT＂NO $X$ INTERCEPT＂：
GOSUET00：GOTOFO
390 5S＝－5＊X2＋Y2：5Mm5S：GOSUEEOO：S S＝5M
400 TFSM，MTHEN4TOELSEPRINT：FRINT ＂$Y=X ":$ IFSS＞O THEN FRINT＂＋＂！S 5 ELSETFSS＜OTHENPRINT＂－＂：AES（SS ）ELSEFRINT
410 GOSURE4O
420 gOSUES70： $00 T 050$
430 AN $=\mathbf{m T R}$（ 5 （ $)+" x "$
440 IFSS $\%$ OTHENAN ${ }^{\circ}=A N$ A $+"+"$
4EO TFGmOTHENFRTNT：FRTNT＂Ym＂
460 IFSS＝OANDS：OOTHENGOSUESOO：GO T0490


480 GOSUESOO
490 PRINT：PRINT＂$Y=$＂$A N$（ ADOSUES 40：GOSUES70：GOTOEO
 ）：IFMIDD（MM末，F：1）＝＂．＂THENS IOELSE NEXT：RETURN

 O＂THENIFSMKOOTHENESOELSEEDOELSEI FMID虫（MM ：F，4）＝＂9999＂THENIFSMくく THENE2OELSESSO
515 NEXT：RETURN
$520 \mathrm{~F}=\mathrm{LEN}(\mathrm{MM}$ ）$)+1: 5 M=5 M-.00001:$ RE TURN
$530 \mathrm{~F}=\mathrm{LEN}(M M \$)+1: 5 M=5 M+.00001: R E$ TIIN
540 PRINT：FRINT＂Y INTERCEPT＝＂：

ESO PRINT：PRINT＂X INTERCEFT＝＂： $: S M=\{-Y 2 / 5)+X 2$ ：GOSUESCOMPRINTSM 560 RETURN
570 PRINT：PRINT＂DO YOU WANT ANY ORDERED FAIRS？（Y／N）＂：A象mINKEY \＄
 N＂THENEBOEI．．SE IFA里＝＂N＂THEN RETUR N
590 PFINT：PRINT＂WHICH VARIAELE＂ ＂：＂DO YOU KNOW？$(X / Y) " \| A$ A＂INKE
 Y＂THENGOO ELSEETFAक＝＂Y＂THENG6O 610 CLE：FFINT：INFUT＂WHAT IS X＂！ X 虫
 ＝G：GOTOL1OELSEX＝NM
6SO FRINT：FRINT＂WHEN $X=" X$
640 FRINT＂$Y="(5 * X)+55:$ EOSUB5OO
650 COTOE70
660 CLS：FFINT：INFUT＂WHAT IS Y＂
个事
670 NW出＝Y出：GOSUE720：IFER＝1THENEF $=0: \mathrm{ECTO} G O E \mathrm{ESE} \mathrm{SE}=\mathrm{NM}$
GEO FRINT：FFINT＂WHEN Y＂＂Y
690 FRINT＂$X="(Y / 5)-(5 S / 5): G O T G E J$ 70
700 FRINTO44日，＂FFEESS ANY K゙EY TO CONT INUE＂＂A $=$ INKKEY中
 FETUNFN
720 FDRF＝1TOLEN\｛NM家）：IFMID＊（NM虫； $\mathrm{F}, 1$ ）$=1 / 1$ THEN7SOELSENEXT：NMmVAL \｛N Ms）：REETURN

 N（M）－J））：IFN2＝0THENPRINT：FRINT＂ DIVISIDN EY ZEFO IS UNDEFFINED＂：S OLND200，15：FORXT： 1 TD1100：NEXT：EF $=1$ ：RETURN
740 NMMN1／N2：RETLIFN


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＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊

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## THE FINE PRINT

Unless otherwise specified, all software is supplied on FLEX-format 35-track, single-sided $5^{\prime \prime}$ disk. Prices good until November 1st, 1982. Shipping via first class mail is already included, except add $\$ 2.00$ for orders shipped outside North America. Add $\$ 35$ for "oyernight" parcel service to canada, which still takes at least three days, or \$12 for "express mail" in US. Add $\$ 2$ handling for Visa/MC. Allow 3 weeks for non-certified check. Purchase order must be accompanied by payment. Texas residents: add $\$ 0.25 / \mathrm{disk}$. Release 2.1 of WW Small-C09 is scheduled for 1 st quarter ' 83 . The phone number is for our answering service. You may call to request further information to be mailed, or place a visa/MC order 8:30-4:30 weekdays (CDT). For fastest response to technical questions, send 10 SASE.

FLEX is a trademark of TSC. OS-9 is a trademark of Microware.


## COLOR COMPUTER ENHANCEMENTS

(16K or 32 K EXTENDED BASIC REQUIRED)

SORT 1 \$14.95

* Alphabetizes Basic string arrays. (Single Dimension Arrays).
- Strings may be divided into fixed-length-fields and sorted by data in a field.
* Multiple field sorting is possible. (i.e., ability to cause a list of alphabetized states, with peoples names in each state in alphabetical order.
*With this utility in memory with your basic program you can expect a single sort of 300 records to be done in less than 4 seconds.
- Basic subroutine to call this machine code utility and instructions for its use are included.


## SORT 2

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Same as above except sorts on fields separated by delimiter characters.

UPLOAD
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- This is the upload side of DLOAD and DLOADM in Extended Color Basic*. Use it to send a basic or machine code program to another ECB ${ }^{\circ}$ Color Computer.
- Programs can be passed directly, thru the RS-232 port. or by phone if both computers are hooked to modems.
- Uploaded program arrives at receiving end ready to save or run or execute, whichever is appropriate. No editing!
- Patch to correct flaw in DLOADM is supplied as public domain software.
- Will not work with protected tapes. programs saved in ascii, programs on disk.
- Instructions included with this machine code utility.


# ML-US'R SOFTWARE 

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In the aerospace business we are always estimating new jobs or changes to current contracts, As an Industrial Engineer part of my work is to come up with an estimate of the factory labor hours required to accomplish the task set out in the work scope.

Anyone familiar with this industry knows how hectic one of these major proposal work-ups can be. All manner of alternatives have to be evaluated and time becomes crucial. Several hundred individual estimates are needed within a few days just on a moderate size project.

Very often the available data consists of some preliminary sketches and a bit of narrative. Final engineering drawings will not be available until after the contract is awarded to the successful bidder. Then it becomes very necessary to have a good record of your base estimate so that significant changes in the final design can be evaluated for added funding.

My group is responsible for the preparation of estimates of BONDED COMPONENTS. These are parts that are made by "gluing" metal or composite materials (such as fiberglass or graphite) together using special adhesives under high temperature and pressure. Figure I shows a typical operations flow plan.

We have developed estimating standards for the various bonding operations which we apply to costing each new job. I have now set up my Color Computer to mechanize the procedure, The program included with this article "F/GEST" is one used to cost fiberglass of graphite bondments. It takes the form of a "check list" that makes sure we enter all the important dimensions, quantities, type of contour, etc." Once all the raw data is input the program applies the proper standards (both variable and fixed) and calculates the hours by major work centers.

Because I do not have a printer I must transfer the hour values to a special form ©Figure II) which also has a space for a sketch and other pertinent data for a permanent file copy.

Advantages come in consistency of standard application, the elimination of math errors, and speed.

Estimating can be a very specialized effort for each business but the basic need to apply a set of standards to a statement of work is the same. The method shown in my program can be adapted by anyone. Of course, adding a printer that fills out a set form is the ideal. My program only works up the direct labor hours. Material and overhead costs could also be added.


60 IF C $\$=$＂COMFLEX＂THEN 175
$115 L U=\{$（＊W＊P＊Z＊，O17）＋（C＊，125）$+($
$D *, 04\rangle+\{M *, 125)+\{V *, 125\rangle+\{Z Z *, 12$
5）$+(\mathrm{DE} *, 3)+.25$
120 IF LUK1．1THEN LU＝1．1．
125 GOTO190

＊．O4）$+(M *, 125)+(V *, 125)+(Z Z *, 125$
$)+(D E *, 3)+25$
140 IF LUK1．25 THEN LU＝1．25
145 GOTD 190
$155 L U=(L * W * F * Z *, 05)+(C *, 135)+(D$
＊． 05$)+\left(M *_{n} 135\right)+\left(V *_{1} 135\right)+(Z 7 *, 155$
$)+(\mathrm{DP} *, 4)+.3 \mathrm{O}$
160 IF LUK․ ．25 THEN LU＝2．25
165 GOTD 190
$175 L U=(L * W *$ P＊Z＊，075）$+\{$（C＊，15）$+\{$（
$*, 06)+(M *, 15)+\left(V *_{1} 15\right)+(Z Z *, 15\rangle+\{$
DE＊，5）＋． 35
180 IF LUK2．75 THEN LU＝2．75
185 GOTO 190
190 INFUT＂IS THIS AUTDCLAVE CURE ＂$\%$ 生
195 IF Y$\ddagger=" Y E S " T H E N 2 O O$ ELSE AC＝0
196 GOTD 216
200 INFUT＂IS THIS HI TEMF OF EUL KY TOOL＂Z牛
201 IF Z中＝＂YES＂THEN 21S ELSE 20 3
203 IF（L＊W）＜5 THEN 205 ELSE 215
$205 \mathrm{AC}=.45$
210 GOTD 216
$213 \mathrm{AC}=1.0$
214 GロTD 216
$215 \mathrm{AC}=65$
216 INFUT＂IS THIS AN QVEN CUFE＂：
D事
218 IF Dक＝＂YES＂THEN 220 ELSE DC $=0$
219 GOTD 221
220 OC＝$=30$
$221 \mathrm{TD}=.03 *(L * W)$
225 IF TD＜．25 THEN TD＝．25
230 IF TD 2.0 THEN TD $=2.0$
2SE INFUT＂IS MACH SIMPLE OR COMP
LEX＂E中
245 IF E中 $=$＂SIMPLE＂THEN 250 ELSE 255
$250 M C=.1 *(M L)+(.4 * S)+.1$
252 GOTO260
$255 \mathrm{MC}=.15 *(\mathrm{ML})+(.4 * S)+.1$
$260 \mathrm{FR}=.1 *(L * W)+.05$
265 IF C．OTHEN 2日5
270 IF C $\ddagger=" L E " O R " C O M F L E X "$ THEN 2 85

275 IF FFi， 15 THEN $F R=.15$
280 GOTD 290
2 EE IF $\mathrm{PR}<.4$ THEN $\mathrm{FR}={ }^{2} 4$
290 INPUT＂IS CORE PREF NEEDED＂：F \＄
295 IF F串＝＂YES＂THEN 320 ELSE CP＝ 0
316 GDTD 340
320 INFUT＂IS CORE CUT SIMPLE DF COMPLEX＂：G宣
SSO IF G $=$＂YES＂THENCP $=C *$ ． 2 ELSE $\mathrm{CF}=\mathrm{C} *: 35$
340 INFUT＂NEED TD MAKE A CDRE BL ANKET＂V多
342 IF V虫＝＂YES＂THEN 34J ELSE S5O
उ4S TNPUTHHOW MANY FES IN FI BNWE： T＂； FC
344 CB＝（FC＊${ }^{2} 15$ ）$+{ }_{n} 3+{ }_{2} 25$
S5O INPUT＂IS FINAL FAINT NEEDED＂
用虭
SSE IF R出＝＂YES＂THEN FF＝L＊W＊． 2 EL $S E F P=0$
360 INFUT＂DD YOU NEED ASSY＂；k
S62 IF K＇中＝＂YES＂THENSGS ELSE AY＝0
363 GロTロS90
S6E INFUT＂ENTER ND OF FCS LDADED
IN JIG＂：FL
367 INFUT＂ARE FCS LARGE OR COMFL EX＂：L
S70 IF Lo：＂YES＂THEN LP＝2 ELSE LFP $=1$
372 INPUT＂IS DVERALL ASSY COMFLE $X^{\prime \prime}$ W束
उ75 IF W象＝＂YES＂THEN AF＝1．4 ELSE $A F=1$
SBO INFUT＂ENTER ND．DF FASTNERS＂
NF
Sa2 INFUT＂ENTER ND．DF FRESSED EU
SHINGS＂IE
3日5 $A Y=\{(\{P L *, 2) * L P)+(N F *, O J 3)+($
IE＊，2））＊AF＋（．25）
$3905 P=(R *, 2)+.25$
391 IF $R=0$ THEN $S F=0$
$395 \mathrm{PF}=(M+V) * .1+.18$
396 IF $M=0$ AND $V=0$ THEN $P F=0$
$400 \quad P P=(M+V) *=15$
401 IF $M=0$ AND $V=0$ THEN $P P=0$
$405 W^{2}=(W E * .15)+35$
406 IF WE＝O THEN W2＝0
410 E2＝（EF＊．2）＋．4
412 IF EP＝0 THEN E2＝0
415 CLS
416 PRINT A事：PRINT E象
417 PRINT＂SF＇AR ASSY＂：SP

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- RESTORE a protected BASIC prograin / APPEAD any nusber of PASIC programs together easily
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- GLORAL SEARCH of COMAND or IEXT strings in RASIC programs, vith HILDCARD character and REXT ":"
- 9 SCREEN PRINT DELAY's vith keyboard override (for slow READABLE LISTing's/DISK Directories!)
- VARIARLE NAE LIST / String-Byte Kemory Usage / Range of FREE MEM / Top of Memory Address Display
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f. MERGE RASIC yith Machine Code Routines 50 Machine Code "invisible" \& (C)SAVE/(C)LOADable
F. 9 BASIC RRN DELAY's with keyboard override i SINGE SIEP(S) Hode with Current Line Misber display
F. MENORY EXAMINE / MODIFY with HEX / ASCII / DEC / DONRE DECIMAL output and HEX / ASCII input
F. Mewory BLOCK-NOVE for relocating Machine Cade Programs, DATA blocks, etc ; or the KIT itself
*. TEN USER DEFINED FUNCTION KEYS accessible with 〈 3 ) ; (MARER〉 ( PASIC MACRO' 5 / Block Storage )
t. Automatic Linefeed for Printer's that don't / double space LISTings, or Normal PRINT
f. DELEIE all Spaces ( not in PRINT Strings DATA or REMARK Lines)
F. ASCII / HEX Memory DUNPS to Screen or Printer
*. DELETE all REMARK's ( either REA or' type)
F. Parallel Eato of Screen Outpat to Printer
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| . var | .OLD | .14PR | . HPRG | . PRON | . BROF | . SCON | . SCOF | .KLCN | . IL OF | . RROF | . DAPR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .LIE | .PROT | .PEST | . TXCN | . TXOF | . ROCY | .PDCY | . DELR | . DELS | .SMF | . DRE | . DCAP |
| Hen | . BYE | . BLOC | . ECON | . ECOF | . MADD | FNIN | HELP | 68L | (nex |  |  |

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- BASIC / Machine Code Hybrid
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```
418 FRINT"FREFIT",FF
419 FRINT"FROC虫FIME"FF'
420 FRINT"LAYUF&EAG" "LU
422 PRINT"CURE&TD":AC+QC+TD
42Z PRTNT"MACH&CU",MC
424 FRINT"FFEF&FAINT",FR+FF
42S FRINT"COFE&FILLER",CF+EE+W2
426 PRINT"ASSY DPER",AY+EZ
427 PRINT"TEST FANEL",TF
4S0 X=SP+PF+FPF+LUI+AC+DC+TD+MC+FFR
+FF+CF+CE +W2+AY+E2+TF
4Z1 FRINT"TOTAL FEF FC=", X
432 PFINT"TDTAL/SHIF=":X*Q
43S PRINT"TOTAL+ALLDW=",X*D*T*U
45O GOTO450
418 FRINT＂FREFIT＂\({ }^{3}\) FF
419 PRINT＂FROC虫FRIME＂FF＇
420 FRINT＂LAYUF\＆EAG＂\(L\) LU
422 PRINT＂CURE\＆TD＂：AC＋QC＋TD
42世 PRTNT＂MACH\＆CU＂．MC
424 FFINT＂FFEF\＆FAINT＂，FR＋FF
425 FRINT＂COFEQFILLER＂，CF＋CE＋W2
426 PRINT＂ASSY DFER＂，AY＋E2
427 PRINT＂TEST FANEL＂，TF
\(430 \quad X=S P+P F+P P+L U+A C+D C+T D+M C+F R\)
\(+F F+C F+C E+W 2+A Y+E 2+T F\)
431 FRINT＂TOTAL FEF FCn＝＂，\(x\)
4.2 FFINT＂TOTAL／EHIF＝＂：\(x\)＊ 0
450 GOTD450
```

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You can now tell which computer you are on by examining your mailing label． If the top line of your label contains a string of alphanumerics you are on the Gimix．The first number on the top of the label is your expiration date （YMM），the next string of characters are your code and the last number is your key position in the main file．

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# Color $\operatorname{Com}_{p}$ 

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REVIEW-POPCORN!
by Sherrill B. Nott
P.D. Box 27212

Lansing, MI, 48909

Popcorn is one of the newest program paks released by Tandy Corporation for the Color Computer, It is a nonviolent game which challenges the eye-hand coordination skill of one player with a joystick. You choose 1 of 9 skill levels at the start of each game. The ability to deal with a wide range of skills is the game's best feature.

The game starts with you looking at 5 parallel rows of multicolored objects in the top third of the screen. The manual calls these kernels. They are the popcorn you try to catch as they fall. The bottom half of the screen shows 6 paddles neatly stacked one above the other. They remind me of the cross arms on a telephone pole, but the pole is invisible. As you move the joystick left and right, the stack of paddles moves left and right. The paddles can move quickly with no apparent response lag. Each time you let a kernel drop to the bottom of the screen, you lose the top paddle, When all your paddles are gone, the game is over. If you catch all 5 rows of kernels in a set you get back one paddle. The bottom strip of screen shows your running current and cumulative scores. The numbers are large and easy to read.

The bottom row of kernels drop first. They drop one by one in a random sequence, When the bottom row of kernels have dropped away, the next row starts to drop. By the time the topmost row starts, they appear to drop quicker with less time between them. There are 16 kernels in each of the 5 rews. These kernels make up one set; if you catch the whole set you get 2,400 points. When all 5 rows have dropped, you have time to glance at your score as a new set appears. If you are quick, you may see another paddle on you stack, Kernels from the bottom layer begin dropping immediately. The skill level is automatically increased making the next set harder to catch.

If you miss a kernel, you get to keep the score earned up to the kernel dropped, However, the set is stopped and 5 new kernel rows appear. If you are quick, you'll note one less paddle on the stack. The kernels immediately start falling, but at a slower rate. Because that kernel was not caught, the skill level is automatically lowered.

When a game is finished, large letters in the center of the screen flash "GAME OVER". You are at leisure to study the current score you ran up. You can walk through the 9 skill levels and see the highest score attained at each level. You can set the skill level (by pressing the
chosen number key from 1 to 9) for the next game. The next game starts when you press the joystick button.

The manual is short, complete and well written. The screens are colorful and easy to see, The colors stay set during the time the cartridge is in the computer. However, the next time you plug it in the colors may be slightly different, especially in the scoring report, There are only 2 sounds used, If you miss a kernel, there is a loud groan. When you catch a kernel, there is a short beep. The falling objects don't look much like popcorn, but the series of beeps emitted as the game is played sure sounds like a merry popcorn popper!

The game can be enjoyed by folks with a wide range of eye-hand coordination abilities, There are the 9 skill levels to choose among, At the start, those 6 paddles look a lot like a ladder without siderails, Any one of the rungs can catch a kernel. The beginner can build confidence quickly, After losing a kernel, it is reassuring to have the next set slow down. For those on the fast track, level 9 is like a snowstorm. I challenge any athletic type to run up 20,000 points at level 9! These levels allow for handicapping, My 7 year old at level 1, my 14 year old at level 2 and I at level 3 are pretty evenly matched, I try level 4 only in private! '

Good points. The hardware/software combination work flawlessly, You don't really need the manual to get the game going. In fact, you don't even have to read or do any arithmetic to play it. This is a big plus for younger children. Unlike the majority of our electronic games, popcorn will challenge your coordination without assuming you are a killer. I liked this nonviolent aspect. The game builds pressure and frustration as it speeds up, which adds to the enjoyment.

Bad points. One person alone may quickly tire of popcorn. It challenges the coordination, but not the mind. There is no place for strategy. It's best use in my family is when 2 or more of us are competing. However, the program is not set up to track 2 players, You use only the right hand joystick, and tally each person's score by hand, It is startling at first to see the message "GAME OVER" when you first start up. An initial sign on message would be friendlier. If Steve ever revises it, I'd suggest sacrificing the running score message, When the corn is popping there's no time to follow the score. Instead, more imaginative things could be done with sound,

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In summary, popcorn is a well written game which will challenge anyones eye-hand coordination, but not their mind. It will fit in well where 2 or more people are competing. It may have limited appeal for many people, Popcorn was written by Steve Bjork of Datasoft, Inc. and licensed to Tandy Corp, which sells it as cat, no. 26-3090 for $\$ 24.95$ at retail.


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Auto Run is a utility program for the TRS$80^{*}$ Extended Basic Color Computer. It is used to add convenience and professionalism to your software.

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Basic programs can be set to load anywhere in memory above $\$ 600$ (the PCLEAR 0 page).

Software authors: The Auto Run prefix may be appended to your software products.
Auto Run is $\$ 14.95$ and includes complete documentation and an assembly source listing.

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## by Ignoramus

P．O．Drawer AL
Fairhope，AL 36532
Ignoramus，who writes books on a microprocessor for a living，learned a long time ago that the more attention one has to pay to the mechanical side of programming，the less attention there is to spend on the content on the program．

In other words，if you have to stop and get out the chart in＂GETTING STARTED WITH COLOR＂everytime you need to know what a CHR $\$(X X)$ stands for，by the time you＇ve found it， you＇ve forgotten why you wanted to know．

This learning program is intended to burn the ASCII codes into your subconscious，so that when you want one，it pops into your head，

I＇ve also found that it has helyed me to grow confortable with the reverse vides used for lower case letters．

You might find it interesting to see how the computer between your ears starts to work． Your percentage of correct answers will steadily rise every time you run the lesson，and you＇ll see that your guesses starting coming closer and closer to the mark．

It does not include graphics．I plan to include them by changing the values in STEP 150 and STEP 370 ）（or perhaps by altering this program so that it will teach only graphic ASCII codes）after this program has taught me the characters and symbols．

RUN the program．If you don＇t know the answer，guess．The CC will furnish the correct answer．When you finally answer one correctly， the CC will tell you so，and furnish your score． When you have answered 25 questions correctly， the lesson is over，and your score for that lesson will be on the screen．Write it down．You＇ll be pleasantly surprised，more than likely，how much it improves every time you run the lesson．

```
10 CLS:FRINT:4O, "ASCII CODE TRAINER"
20 PRINTB104; "EY IGNORAMUS"
10 CLS:FRINT:4O, "ASEII CODE TRA
INER"
20 FRINT语104: "EY IGNOFAMLUS"
30 FFINTG352, "FO DRAWER AL."
40 PRINT:\ES4% "FAIFHOPE! ALAEAMA
    36532"
50 FOR T=1TO900 : NEXT T
6 0 ~ C L S ~
70 PRINTMS2: "LEARNING ASCII COD
E"
BO FRINT:99, "CHARACTERS, SYMEOL
S AND ASCII CODE NUMEERS WILL
gE FLASHED ON THE SCREEN. YOU WI
LL BE ASKED TO IDENTIFY THEM.
```

90 FOR $T=1$ TO1500 ：NEXT T 100 CLS ：FRINT： 100 ，＂YOUR SCOF E WILL EE KEEPT＂：PRINTG224：＂THE LESSON WILL BE OVER WHEN YOU HAVE ANSWERED 25 DUESTIONS COR
RECTLY. "
$110 \mathrm{FOF} \mathrm{T}=1 \mathrm{~T} \square 950$ ：NEXT T
$120 x=x+1$
$1300=\mathrm{FND}(2)$
140 ON $Q$ GOTO 150， 370
$150 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{RND}$（127）
160 IF $N=<33$ THEN 150
170 CLS：FRINTOO，＂WHAT CHARACTE
F DOES THIS ASCII CODE NUMEER F EPRESENT？＂
180 FRINTiD168，＂CHR串（＂N＂）＂
190 INFUT AN
200 IF AN $=="$ THEN 190
210 IF ANक＝CHR（ $N$ ）THEN 220 ELS E 270
220 CLS（0）：FRINTi110．＂CORRECT ＂
$2 \mathbf{2 0} \mathrm{FOR}$ T＝1T0325 ：NEXT T
240 CLS（0）：PRINT：160，＂NUMEER
＂N＂MEANS CHR事（＂CHF\｛（N）＂）＂
250 FOR $T=1$ TO 400：NEXT $T$
260 GOTO 570
270 CLS（0）：FRINT：100．＂WRONG ！！
！＂
290 FOR T＝1TO400 ：NEXT T
290 FOF $3=480$ TO 32 STEF－ 64
300 CLS（0）＊FRINT：I．＂CHR＂中（＂N＂） MEANG＂CHFiक（N）
$310 \mathrm{FOR} T=1 \mathrm{TO200}$ ：NEXT 7
320 NEXT 3
35O CLS ：PRINTMSA．＂WHAT CHARAC
TER DOES CHRक\｛＂N＂？REFFESENT？
＂
340 INFUIT AND
350 IF AN $=$＝＂＂THEN $\mathbf{3 4 0}$
360 IF AN $=$＝CHR $(N)$ THEN 58O ELSE
IF AN\＄《， $\mathrm{CHR}(\mathrm{N})$ THEN 270
370 C＝FND（127）
300 If $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{B} \mathrm{S}$ THEN 370
390 FOF T＝1T0900 ：NEXT T
400 CLS ：FRINTDO，＂WHAT IS THE C
HR＇NUMEER FDR THIS CHARACT
ER？＂
410 FFINT：I10，CHRO（C）
420 INFUT D
430 CLS
440 IF $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{C}$ THEN 450 ELSE IF DC C THEN 460

450 CLS（0）：PRINTD110，＂CORRECT＂ ：FOR T＝1TO400 ：NEXT T ：GOTO 550
460 CLS（D）：PRINT＠100：＂WRONG ！！ ！！！＂
470 FOR T＝1TO500：NEXT T
480 FOR $J=480$ T0 32 STEP－ 64
490 CLS（D）：PRINTDJs＂THE ASCII
CODE FOR＂CHR＊（C）＂IS＂C＂
500 FOR $T=1$ T0200 ：NEXT T
510 NEXT J
E20 CLS ：PRINT®64：＂WHAT IS THE ASCII NUMEER FOR＂CHR （C）＂？＂
530 INPUT E
540 IF $E=C$ THEN 580 ELSE IF Eく〉C THEN 460
550 CLS（D）：PRINTจ160：＂THE CHR CODE FOR＂CHRक（C）＂IS＂C
560 FOR T＝1T0700：NEXT T
$570 \quad Y=Y+1$ ：GOTO 590
$580 \quad Z=Z+1$
590 CLS：FRINTM128，＂QUESTION NU MEEF：＂ $\mathrm{X}:$ PRINT田160，＂CORRECT： ＂Y：PRINTQ192』＂WRONG：＂Z：FRINTज．2 24，＂FERCENTAGE CORFECT：＂INT（iY （X）＊100）：＂\％＂
600 FOR $T=1$ TO1000 ：NEXT T
610 IF $Y=225$ THEN 620 ELSE 120
G20 FRINT：316，＂GAME OVER＂：END
FREF．CASSETTE LABEL PROGRAM
hiN TO LOVE YIUR cassette system and nat have to SAY YOUP RE SOPRY．THE SECAET：
＊PUT ONLY OKE PROGRRM ON ONE TAPE．
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# COLOR SCRIPSET REVIEW 

By: Owen Picton
RT. 3
Blair; NE 68008

Radio Shack has finally developed a serious software program for the CC called COLOR SCRIPSET. This software is good for doing correspondence on a printer but its word processing ability has limitations. This article was written with COLOR SCRIPSET, It is excellent for writing letters although I have never used a program similar to SCRIPSET. To use COLOR SCRIPSET all that is needed is a CC, printer, and television. The size of your letters are limited only by the size of your CC. It is not possible to use disk with this version of software because SCRIPSET is on a cartridge that uses the same port as disk.

SCRIPSET is a menu driven straight forward program and very user friendly ${ }^{2} \mathrm{t}$ is easy to format a letter because you layout a letter just like it is to be printed on your printer. It is best to leave the line length set at 32 characters until time for printing because the entire sentence is displayed on the screen while you are composing. Change the line length at print time just before printing or saving on tape. The 'BREAK' key is used as a control key. I found only three commands normally need be used, GREAK 3 to insert characters, BREAK 9 to delete or move characters, and BREAK 1 to exit to the
menu. SCRIPSET is similar to a typewriter because lower case characters are assumed unless the 'SHIFT' key is held down. I also like the upper and lower characters being displayed reversed to the way they are on the CC. The four arrow keys are used for cursor control without destroying the text.

There are a couple problems as a correspondence program. There are normally 66 lines to a page so SCRIPSET defaults to 66 lines to a page, Once a page starts printing (even a page with only one line) there is no way to stop the printer from skipping to the end of all 66 lines. I wanted to print one line at a time but the program would not accept a line number less than 5 lines per page.

I was disappointed that this word processing program had limitations. Word processing was the original reason I purchased SCRIPSET, The SCRIFSET manual suggests using SCRIPSET for editing Color BASIC programs. I tried this and found that all BASIC program lines over 132 characters were broken into two lines with no line number in the second line. Therefore; editing a BASIC program is not practical because most of my programs have lines over 132 characters.
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*Requires Color Computer (®Tandy Corp.) with 32K, Extended Basic and cassette or disk.

## THE 1248-EP EPROM PROGRAMMER

The 124B-EP EPROM PROGRAMMER is a full function. stand alone unit that is compatible with virtually all popular 1K, 2K, 4K \& 8K-by-8, 24 pin, 5 volt EMPROMS (2508's, 2758-0/1's, 2516's 2716's, 2532's, 68732-0/1's, 68764's, 68766's to mention a fewl. The programmer is totally MENU DRIVEN by resident, on-board, position independent firmware in EPROM, which makes it suitable for experienced computer operators and novices alike.

In addition to the fact that the 1248-EP is compatible with a large number of devices, it also performs a broad range of user selected functions as well. The 1248-EP verifies EPROM erasure, compares EPROM contents to contents of RAM or ROM, programs blocks or individual bytes of EPROM memory, and copies EPROM contents to user specified location in RAM. At specified times, EPROM's can be inserted or removed from the programmer without having to "power down" the computer.

Hardware features of the 1248-EP programmer are significant. It contains its own on-board programming power supply, plugs into the cartridge slot of the Color Computer, has a quality "zero insertion force" socket and provisions for decoding the firmware driver to any 2K byte boundry within the cartridges memory map for efficient memory map utilization when used with other non-position independent hardware or software that must be executed at $\$ \mathrm{COOD}$.

The combination of the TRS-80 Color Computer, an editor/assembler/monitor such as the Micro Works SDS80CN. makes a high performance, cost effective software development station for MC-6800/6809 microprocessor based systems. Use the system to write and store your own games or utility programs in EPROM's for execution from the cartridge slot using the CK4 PROM/RAM card described below.

The cost of the unit, including easy to understand instructions is just $\$ 94.95$.

## THE CK4 PROM/RAM CARD

The CK4 is a cartridge slot compatible circuit board that can be populated with either ROM's, EPROM's or static RAM's as the user so desires. Each of the four on-board sockets can be decoded starting at any 2K block boundry of the memory map from $\$ \mathrm{COOD}$ through $\$ \mathrm{FBOO}$ of the Color Computer. In addition, each sacket can be configured to respond to address blocks from 2 K to 8 K bytes in length, accommodating therefore, 2K, 4 K or 8K-by-8 ROM's. EPROM's or RAM's. One can mix ROM and RAM on the same card in various amounts and sizes. One can also "write protect" RAM's via dip switches on the CK4.

The unit comes complete with instructions for setting up the decoding features as desired. The unit works with 2K, 4 K or 8K-by-8 ROM's or EPROM's of the 5 volt only variety in 24 pin packages, or may be used with 4 static RAM's such as 4016's to expand the computers memory work space by 16K.

The CK4 PROM/RAM card is available from stock, with instructions for $\$ 29.95$ each.

## "COCO" GETS A BREADBOARD

The COCO BREADBOARD is a circuit board that plugs directly into the cartridge slot of the Color Computer and provides the user with 16 square inches of predrilled breadboarding area for circuit development, interfacing experiments, motherboard implementation, or whatever your imagination conjures up. The holes in the breadboarding area of the circuit board are on 0.10 inch centers as found on other popular but more expensive boards. The COCD BREAD BOARD brings all of the data, address and control signals available at the cartridge slot outside of the body of the computer and the signal lines are appropriately labeled to facilitate error free wiring of breadboards. A ground plane is provided on the top side of the board and solder pads are provided on the bottom of the board, thus facilitating circuit grounding and point-to-point wiring. In short, the COCO BREADBOARD was designed with the experimenter in mind.

The COCO BREADBOARD is attractively priced to justify its use for even the lowest budget projects. It is an ideal vehicle for learning interfacing techniques. Buy extras to have on hand for those rainy weekends.

The COCD BREADBOARD costs just $\$ 19.95$. Price for two (2) or more is $\mathbf{\$ 1 6 . 9 5}$ each. Include $\$ 3.00$ to cover shipping and handling for quantities through ten (10).

## MORSE

## ENCODER/DECODER KIT

The MEDK80 Morse En/Decoder kit consists of a machine code software driver on tape, a schematic diagram of the interface circuitry, component parts, a printed circuit board (PCB), packaging suggestions and complete instructions for building a Morse code transmission and reception system that is compatible with 4K RAM and up models of the TRS-80 Color Computer.

The transmitter/receiver interface circuitry is totally optically isolated and is, therefore, compatible with all receivers and transmitters. The specific keying method employed in the users transmitter, however, may require minor modification of the interface, e.g., the addition of an external transistor inverter for proper phasing and voltage level matching. Specific examples are given in the instructions to aid in transmitter interfacing. Transmitter and eceiver both connect to the interface unit and to the Color Computer via the RS-232 port.

The MEDKBO Morse En/Decoder kit operates at speeds up to 70 words per minute (fastest speed found so far to test receiving capability), and when receiving, automatically adapts to speed variations of the sender.
In the transmit mode, transmission speeds are user selectable from a list of ten (10) speeds that may be user programmed. Words are transmitted only when fully formed and visual management of the 512 character text buffer provides overwrite protection.

Potential purchasers of this product should have previous kit building experience. However, this is not a kit of great complexity, however, and is well within the abilities of those actively involved in amateur radio or electronic hobbiest to construct. To reduce the chance of wiring errors, component placement is indicated on the PCB and detailed assembly instructions are included.

The cost of the MEDK80 software, parts and instructions is $\$ 39.95$.

## ALIEN ENCOUNTER

This action packed "shoot-em-up" is one of the most challenging games of its kind. These ALIENS are smart, they aim back at you anticipating your every move, and are unrelenting in their attack. Play it at any one of 10 degrees of difficulty, but beware, they become desperate as you approach victory, after all, they are "ALIENS"!!

Program available on tape, is compatible with all machines with more than 16 K of RAM and does not need joysticks to play. ALIEN ENCOUNTER costs \$9.95. Add $\$ 1.00$ for postage and handing.

## CAPTURE

This multiple strategy (10 levels of play) "SURRDUND and CAPTURE" game will give hours of thought provoking, stimulating challenge. The computer is your opponent, and you'll be delighted with the level of play that "COCO" has achieved. Chess and Checkers enthusiast will especially enjoy "CAPTURE". Joysticks not required.
"CAPTURE" is supplied on tape for just $\$ 9.95$. Add $\$ 1.00$ for postage and handling.

## Ordering Information <br> COMPUTER ACCESSORIES OF ARIZONA 5801 E. VOLTAIRE DRIVE SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA 85254 16021 996-7569

Make checks payable to:COMPUTER ACCESSORIES OF ARIZONA Arizona residents add $5 \%$ sales tax. \% TRS-80 is a trademark of TANDY CORP.
米 SDSBOC is a trademark of the MICRO WORKS. Prices subject to change without notice.

There are a number of problems when saving a file or letter on cassette tape. SCRIPSET does not normally write on tape in a compatible manner to permit BASIC CC tape commands to access or skip a file except when ASCII is the output print option. Therefore; to prevent problems it is necessary to have one cassette tape set aside specifically for COLOR SCRIPSET use, Non-ASCII COLOR SCRIPSET files can not be skipped with a CC 'SKIPF' command, read by a CC program, or loaded as a CC nrogram by a 'CLOAD' command, Writing all SCRIPSET files in ASCII is not the answer because the ASCII format uses too much tape. There is no way to easily locate and 'CLOAD' a program in ASCII which is placed after a normal SCRIPSET file, SCRIPSET places files so ©lose together that with certain tape cassette recorders problems may occur making it difficult to determine the beginning of the next file. I have not had this problem with my CTR-B0A recorder.

The operations of COLOR SCRIPSET impose certain limitations. Once SCRIPSET is plugged in there is no way to exit and set the CC to take advantage of special print features such
as the increased speed of the line printer VIII, CCRIPSET allows scanning files in order to place the next file, Scanning and 'Printer not ready' messages can be a problem. There is no way to stop scanning when you have gone too far except to rewind the tape and purposely cause a tape errar. A 'Printer not ready' message may cause you to lose all text in memory unless the printer can be made operational.

I like the tape error handling features of SCRIPSET because a tape error does not cause you to lose the contents of memory, Bad non-SCRIPSET files or programs can be salvaged up to the I/O error.

Overall; I like SCRIPSET and it has become my most frequently used software package. It is simple and easy to use for all correspondence but not to maintain files or programs, Most problems do not relate to writing correspondence. Once purchased, this software should be played with initially to gain a feeling of its power. COLOR SCRIPSET for $\$ 39.95$ is an excellent economical correspondence system for creating your own letters without constant retyping,

## ENTER THE FASCINATING WORLD OF GAME WRITERTM

## A SIMPLE TO USE PROGRAM FOR YOUR COLOR COMPUTER

- For writing super-action video games with motion and sound
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- For experimenting with color, shapes, motion and sound
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- For the absolute beginner and for the expert programmer



#### Abstract

GAME WRITER is a programming language with all the features you need to write great VIDEO GAMES. It includes a built-in screen oriented text edltor, high resolution color graphics support, any number of player-shapes (SPRITES), a shape pattern editor, full TURTLE GRAPHICS, sound effects, support for joy sticks and much, much more. Each playershape can be given a program to run which tells it what to do. All the player programs run simultaneously to create fantastic game effects. GAME WRITER IS GUARANTEED EASY TO USE. Even if you have never written a program of any kind you will amaze your family, your friends and yourself with the fantastic things you can do with it. The package includes a GAME WRITER rom pak, a complete easy to read manual and a set of sample programs ready to run. GAME WRITER is a great programming language for a child or an adult. GAME WRITER requires a minimum of 16K. Extended BASIC is not required.


PRICE \$129
Orders must be prepaid via check, money order or major bank card. Phone orders accepted for bank cards onlyCOD orders not accepted. Quantity discounts available. Orders outside U.S. add $\$ 5$ shipplng. WA state residents add $6.3 \%$ sales tax. Add 2 weeks for delivery If paid by personal check.

## WASHINGTON COMPUTER SERVICES

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I read the ad and couldn't believe my eyes, An Editor/Assembler for $\$ 7,95$ ? I thought it must have been a mis-print, So I called Eigen and sure enough the ad was right $\$ 7.95$. So I ordered one.

Well, in a few day (only a few days) it came complete with instructions. Two versions, one with comments and REMS and one without. The one without is the recommended version to use (it takes less memory).

To load the thing you just type CLOAD and then RUN. It only takes a little while to get used to the Editor. It's quite slmple to use and allows for creating a source, editing that source, editing that source, saving the source to cassette, loading that source from cassette, assembling the source file and also a small monitor routine for testing.

Well I loaded the CCEAD and typed 'RUN'. The next thing I did was type in 1 (Enter Editor) and I received a blank screen with a blinking cursur. There is a short little program in the instructions so I typed it in just as I read it. The editor works reasonably well, it has line insert and delete commands and scrolling commands to allow flexability, When I finished, I typed SHIFT/CLEAR to exit the Editor.

Next I saved the source file to cassette
by using the '3' option. It saves an ACCII file to tape to be used later.

Well just for grins I pressed 'BREAK', And listed the program just to see if there is amything funny in it like machine code hidden in 'REM's' or at the end. Well there isn't any!

I now decided to load in the file that I created previously using the '2' option. It loaded in the ASCII file and asked what option I wanted next.

I chose the '4' option. The assembler was very Elow and I did find one thing strange. I got an error in the last line. It seems that I needed a data statement (FCB) at the end to Eliminate the last line error (a very minor problem). The code lopked good after I fixed the problem and so on whed I went to the debugger option '5'.

The debugger only has 2 real functions. "M" to read out memorys and " $G$ " to execute the machine language routine assembled into memory. The "e" key will get yourback to the main menu.

Well I executed the little program and it worked and since it ended with an "RTS" I regained control with the debugger, Not too shabby, In fact it's pretty nice, They give you the program and a commented program that can be modified torun on disk or any other

## "MTRS80 color

From the January 1981 issue of the CSRA Computer Club newsletter:

There was some amusement at the November meeting when the Radio Shack representatives stated that the software in the ROM cartridges could not be copied. This montt's 68 Micro Journal reported they had disassembled the programs on ROM by covering some of the connector pins with tape. They promise details next month. Never tell a hobbyist something can't be donel This magazine seems to be the only source so lar of tectrical informations on the TRS-80 color computer I. Devoted to SS-50 6800 and 6809 machines up to now, 68 Micro Journal plans to include the TRS-80 6809 unit in tuture issues.

NOTE: This and other interesting and needed articles for the Radio Shack TRS-80 color computer Te are being included monthly in 68 Micro Journal - The Largest specialty computer magazine in the world!

## 68 MICRO JOURNAL

5900 Cassandra Smith Road
Hixson, Tennessee 37343
615 842-4600


68 MIcro Journal" was established with one objective in mind; to provide a Magazine FOR. $68 \times x$ Users $8 y$ 68xx Users. Because of a strict advertiser policy, 68 Micro Journal' has gained a strong following WORLDWIDE because the reader KNOWS what he is getting when purchasing from a 68 Micro Journal' Advertiser. It has gained a strong User following because most of the material published is contributed BY USERS, and, therefore, is relevant to the Users needs.

Currently, and even before the Color Computerm hit the stores, 68 Micro Journal' was devoting more space to the TRS-80C Color Computer" and information concerning the Motorola 6809 (which is the CPU in the Color Computer") than ANY OTHER Computer Magazine. Examples Include:
REVIEMS of the three major Disk Control Systems for the Color Computer most 'of the Monitors, Assemblers, and Disassemblers, Word Processors and Editors, "Terminal" Programs (for use with Modems, Communlcations with other Computers, etc.), and of course, Games.
HINTS for Expanding Memory, Power Supply Cooling, repairing sticky keyboards, disabling the ROM PAK "Take Over", hooking up to Printers, etc.
DISCUSSIONS of the 6883 Synchronous Address Multiplexer, using the Color Computer" with 64 K and 96 K memory (which ! $\dagger$ is ALREADY capable of handling), thoughts on Programming, etc.

I suggest that you subscribe to 68 Micro Journal", SOON, as'many back issues' are sold-out.

We still, and wlll continue to, lead in the type Information you need to FULLY UTILIZE the POWER of the 6809 In the Radio Shack TRS-80 Color Computer".

Subscription Rates
USA: 1-year $\$ 24.50$; 2-year $\$ 42.50$; 3-year $\$ 64.50$ CANAD and MPXICD: Add $\$ 5.50$ per year to USA Price Forelgn Surfaces Add $\$ 12.00$ per year to USA Price Foreign AIPGAIL: Add $\$ 36.00$ per year to USA Price


Color Computer Editor
modifications that you could think of can be engineered into it. It may be slow but then again, this is a 'Hobby' isn't it????

This program is probably the best software value (most program for the 'buck') that I've seen so far.

## Back Issues

The following back issues of Color Computer News are still available:

November/December 1981
February, March, April, July, October 1982
Each are priced at $\$ 2,95$ and the following chart should be used for postage:

| \# issues | Postage |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\$ 2.25$ |
| 2 | $\$ 3.25$ |
| 3 | $\$ 3.75$ |
| 4 | $\$ 4.25$ |
| 5 | $\$ 4.75$ |
| 6 | $\$ 5.25$ |

Color Computer SMALL C Compiler

E Generates assembly language source output

- Requires only 16K memory
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- Supports most C functions
- Generates position independent códe

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- SQUEEZE - \$14.95
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. GRAPHIC SCREEN EDITOR - \$16.95
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- COLOR SHOW DISPLAYS - \$8.95
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all programs $16-\mathrm{K}$ extended basic cassette only. Send for free catalogue. We accept checks, money orders, Visa and Mastercharge. (no C.O.D.'s) Please add $\$ 1.00$ for shipping. Send to: REAL SOFTWARE CO.
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# HOW I LEARNED TO SOUNDEX CODE AND LOVE <br> MY COLOR COMPUTER <br> by Glenn B．Knight <br> 932 Blakistone Road <br> Glen Burnie，MD 21061 

As the family historian and genealogical researcher I have used my 16 K memory box to get－－and keep－myself organized．

From time to time I have even made it print out my name，The whole family plays games on it，the kids are learning to add，subtract， multiply and divide．One of them might，some day， make a living with a computer－－I simply want the machine to help me do things．

I guess that makes me purely an ＂applications＂man，and I＇m proud of it．I wanted to file things so I bought＂Color File＂．I wanted to write letters（and small articles）so I bought ＂Color Scripsit＂，I wanted some games so I sent for some from the advertisers in Color Computer News．

While going over some entries on my family tree the other week，I recognized that a lot of the information I needed on many of my ancestors could be obtained from census records． But，in order to research some census files you MUST have the SOUNDEX CODE for the surname，

To Soundex code a name you＂simply＂take the first letter of the last name and write it down．Then take the second letter（if it is an $A$ ， E，I，O，U，W，Y，or H，skip it and go on to the next letter）and convert it to a number based on the following chart：
$1=B P F V$
$2=\mathrm{CSKGJQXZ}$
$3=D T$
$4=L$
$5=\mathrm{MN}$
$b=R$
Write down the number equivalent of the second letter then take the next＂eligible＂letter and do the same thing unless it is the same number as the letter you just wrote down－in that case，disregard it and go to the next letter until you either get three numbers or run out of letters．If you run out of letters add zeros to give you three numbers．

I would very much like to get my fingers in the proximity of the neck of the genius who came up with this system－－particularly after coding 96 ancestors．

Well，anyhow，I found that I am a K523 and my great grandfather Baker is a B260．My old friend Dick Fee may be happy to know that he is an F000．

After working all of the codes that I needed I started to wonder why the machine couldn＇t do it for me，so I began searching software ads for a program that would．But alas， I strucketh out！Even the magazine＂Genealogical

Computing＂was of no help because－－like much of the computer industry－－they have yet to learn of the power of Radio Shack＇s poor stepchild．

I pulled out my copy of＂Getting Started with COLOR BASIC＂and began by typing，＂PRINT ＂HI，I＇M YOUR COLOR COMPUTER＂，Learning that I was to continue typing when I reached the end of the line，I continued ono．，and on．．．and ono．．

Two weeks later I ended up with the following program－－but all of my acestors are already Soundex coded．The choice was either to divorce my wife and get some new ancestors or make this program available to other geteaophiles，After discussing it with my wifa－who hadn＇t seen me for weeks while I worked on my project－－we decided to let you have it．

So here it is－－－
1 ＇sOUNDEX CODE UTILITY
2 ＂By glenn a kNight
3．1982
10 CLS
20 PRINT＂THIS PROGRAM WILL CONVE
RT A＂
25 PRINT＂SURNAME TO THE SQUNDEX
CODE＂
30 FRINT
35 PRINT
40 PRINT
$100 \mathrm{~A}=0$
$120 \mathrm{~B}=0$
$140 \mathrm{C}=0$
160 PRINT＂TYPE THE NAME TO EE CO
DED＂
180 INPUTN

$220 \mathrm{Z}=1$
$240 \mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{Z}+1$
250 IFZ＝LEN（Nक）+1 THEN1000

280 W中＝RIGHT事（Qき，1）
300 IFW中＝＂A＂THENS8O
305 IFW中＝＂E＂THEN6OO
310 IFW $=$＂C＂THEN610
315 IFW丮＝＂D＂THEN620
320 IFW $=$＂E＂THENS 80
325 IFW象＝＂F＂THEN600
330 IFWक＝＂G＂THEN610
335 IFW $=$＂H＂THENSEO
340 IFW $=$＂I＂THENEEO
345 IFW $=$＝ J ＂THEN6 10
350 IFW $\$=$＂K＂THENG 10
355 IFW $==" L "$ THENG 30
360 IFW事＝＂M＂THEN640

## THE COLORQUEST EXPERIENCE

For the TRS-80C and the TDP System 100 Color Computers


BEYOND THE CIMEEON MOON A real-time science fiction adventure game of mind-blowing magnitude - staged in deep space on a malign, sentient spacecraff. Written in fast machine code with 3-dimensional high-res graphics and sound. Choose from a myulad of tatea. Survive the laser barrage set up by a guantlet of robots bent fowards your destruction.


ADVENTURE TRILOCY A Trilogy of quests featuring 3-D high-res graphics in machine code. First comes ritual combat on the world UNDER THE CIMEEON MOON, to test your worthiness as a warrior. Once proven, you will be teleported to DAZMAR'S UNDERWORLD OF DOOM to search for the Eye of Dazmar. The FORSAKEN GULCH is the final arena, where a wicked idol awaits restoration.


THE NIBELER \& MS. NIBBLER A fast maze chase game featuring the nibbler man and three bumbling preditors. Written in machine code and joystick compatible, this fun packed game is enjoyed by all. MS. NIBBLER is similar to THE NIBBLER described above but features a different maze and MS. NIBELER for the ladies.


COMBAT GAMEPACK 3 action packed games featuring lifelike graphics and sound. EXTENDED BASIC required 2-1-0 TANK COMBAT pits two players against each other in 5 different terrains. STELLAR BATTLE lets you pilot a flexwing fighter through deep space fighting dorian squadrons. GALACTIC BLOCKADE is a favorite two-player arcade game of speed and skill.


VEGAS GAMEPACK The thrills of a Las Vegas casino at home! Extended BASIC required. CASINO CRAPS, 21, ONE ARMED BANDIT, UP AND DOWN THE RIVER, \& KENO. A bank tracks players winnings from game to game.

## ORDERING

ALL GAMES ARE $\$ 24.95$ for 16K Cassette; $\$ 29.95$ for 32 K Disk. Include $\$ 8.00$ for shipping in the U.S. \& Canada, $\$ 6.00$ for Foreign orders. C.O.D. add $\$ 2.00$ AVAILABLE AT DEALERS EVERYWHERE. IF NOT, ASK WHY!


[^8]365 IFW中 $=$＂N＂THEN640
370 IFW中＝＂口＂THEN580
375 IFW中＝＂F＂THENOOO
380 IFW中＝＂Q＂THENG10
385 IFW中＝＂R＂THEN65O
उ90 IFW\＄＝＂S＂THEN610
395 IFW事 $=$＂T＂THEN620
400 IFW中＝＂U＂THENS80
405 IFW串＝＂V＂THEN6OO
410 IFWक＝＂W＂THENSEO
415 IFW\＄＝＂X＂THENG10
420 IFW $\$=$＂Y＂THEN5 50
425 IFW中 $=$＂Z＂THENS10
430 GOTO1000
500 IFA\％OTHENEIE
등 IFA＝OTHENA＝F
510 GOTD240
515 IFEDOTHENSES
520 IFE＝OTHENE＝F
5ㅡㄴㄷ IFA＝E THEN $E=0$
530 GOTO240
$535 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{F}$
540 IFE $=C$ THEN $\mathrm{C}=0$
545 IFCOOTHEN1000
5 5O IFC＝OTHEN240
580 GOTOZ40
$600 F=1: 60 T 0500$
$610 \mathrm{~F}=2$ ：GOTOSOO
620 F＝5：E0TD500
$650 F=4: \operatorname{GOTO} 500$
$640 \mathrm{~F}=5: \mathrm{GOT} 5 \mathrm{SOO}$
$650 \mathrm{~F}=6:$ GOTO500
1000 CLS：FRINTD102．＂THE NAME＂MN
\＄
1020 FRINTD196．＂IS SOUNDEX CODED ：＂：A串：A：E C
1025 FORX＝1TO1000：NEXTX
1030 FRINTi＞416＂＂CODE ANDTHER NAM
E？FRESS＜ENTEF〉＂
1040 INFUTO
1050 GOTO10

## Color Computer News



## 3－DBRILKAWAY［5） 19 日 2 by BRITT MINK． cdp



Add a new dimension to your game！ Fast action，machine language，3D Arcade game．High res graphics， $r$ alistic sounds．Fun to play！

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GUNFIGHT - Fast action, quick draw shootout between two players, great for kids and dads. This is an old fashioned western fight to the death. High resolution graphics. Only $\$ 14^{95}$.

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SKY DESTROY - A squadron of attacking planes and helicopters fly overhead, shoot more of them than your opponent and win! Two players. Only $\$ 7^{95}$.

TALEGUNNER - High resolution graphics, extremely fast action 3-D effects. This one looks as if it stepped right out of the arcade!! Are you brave enough to defend your ship from attacking rebels? A must for your color computer software library. Only $\$ 14^{05}$.
te
SHOOT TO SPELL AND FLASH MATH - An educational package that helps kids learn to spell and educate them on elementary math. An absolute must for adults with school aged children. Joysticks required. Only $\$ 11^{95}$.
GUMBALL RALLY - Race on the world's fastest expressway and see how fast you can go without crashing into other cars or them into you! High speed digital speedometer, see how long you can break the law without crashing! Only $\$ 12^{95}$.
LASER TANK - Pit yourself in a game of strategy and excitement against the computer. You must defend your flag from attacking tanks and destroy them before they destroy your flag or you!!! High resolution graphics and four levels of difficulty. Only $\$ 14^{85}$.

BLACKJACK - A casino game that puts two players against the beedy eyed dealer of the house. This dealer deals the cards as good or even better than Intellivision. If you have any gambling blood at all this game is a must! Same rules as any Las Vegas casino. High resolution graphics. Only $\$ 12^{95}$.

POLARIS - You are under the ocean in a submarine, attacking planes and enemy destroyers dropping depth charges attempting to destroy your sub. Can you destroy them before they destroy you? This is an extremely fast action machine language program with high resolution graphics. Only $\$ 14^{98}$.

SUPER ZAP - Enemy spaceships are attacking from all sides and your mission should you choose to accept it. is to defend your starbase from tr.e
deadly Armada of Pyruss. This will be a dangerous mission since the Pyruss Armada has never been defeated by any humaniod. Action increases as the game progresses. Only $\$ 14^{095}$.

SERIAL TO PARELLEL CONVERTER - Have a printer with a parelle port? Tired of waiting for a line ilst. With this little hardware device you can make your color computer run at any baud rate between 300 and 2400 . Let K \& K help out your printer to go much faster!!! Only $\$ 64^{95}$.

ALL GAME PROGRAMS - require 16 K extended and joysticks, (prices are set for cassette, add $\$ 4^{00}$ for disk.

## **BUSİNESS PROGRAMS**

INVENTORY CONTROL. This program contains all the necessary features required for all types of inventories. Such as sorting of inventory by stock number. This program will list stock number. description, amount in stock, cost wholesale, profits. Minimum 16K disk required. Only $\$ 39^{95}$.

PROPERTY INVENTORY FOR YOUR BUSINESS This program lists inventory by, department, date purchased, property number. Gives line list of inventory to your line printer, also this program has the ability to add and delete items. Minimum 16K disk required. Only $\$ 29^{95}$.

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE - This program inputs outgoing accounts (name, address, city, state), expenditure payed and balance owed. You can also list one account of all accounts to the printer. Minimum 16 K disk required. Only $\$ 29^{95}$.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - This program inputs incoming accounts (name, address, city, state), capital received, credit limit, date of last payment and lists one or all accounts to the printer. You can also insert or delete accounts. Minimum 16K disk required. Only $\$ 29^{95}$.

BOWLING SCORES FOR DOLLARS - Do your leagues bowling averages. This program will keep individual scores, team totals, individual averages, team standings, and prints all this information to your line printer. Minimum 16K disk required. Only $\$ 12^{95}$.

PROGRAMMERS!!! - $K$ \& $K$ pays the highest royalties for your programs. If your program is good, send it to K \& K and receive the best possible coverago!

K \& K's EISCOUNT POLICY
Buy 3 or more programs, get $10 \%$ off your purchase order!!
BLANK CASSETTES - C -10 for $\$ 8^{00}$ a dozen, add $\$ 2^{\circ 00}$ shipping \& handling.
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Michigan residents add $4 \%$ sales tax.
TRS-80 Color Computer Uses - This is only a small listing of what we have to offer. New programs are added each week. Send $\$ 1.00$ for our complete catalog.

Basic Aid is a powerful enhancement to the TRS-80 Color Computer, Containing features such as automatic line numbering and single key entry of most BASIC commands, Basic Aid will dramatically reduce the number of keystrokes necessary to enter a program. In addition Basic Aid allows the user to redefine any or all of the keyboard keys to their own most commonly used commands.

Basic Aid's Merge command allows BASIC routines stored on cassette to be merged with the program in memory, And since Basic Aid will renumber the routine being merged, tape libraries of BASIC routines can be built without regard to line number.

The Move Line command allows any program line or lines to be moved anywhere and renumbered, GOTO's, GOSUB's, etc which reference the moved section will be automatically changed.

Basic Aid comes in a convenient ROM Cartridge, ready to use as soon as power is turned on, Also included is a convenient, easy to remove, plastic keyboard overlay, Available for \$35,95 from:
Spectrum Projects
93-15 86th Drive
Woodhaven, NY 11421
(212) 441-2807 (VOICE)
(212) 441-3755 (DATA)

## COMPUTERTOWN ANNOUNCES NEW TEST SITE

ComputerTown, USA, a microcomputer literacy project funded by the National Science Foundation, recently announced the selection of its official Western U.S. Test Site.

The Community Resource Center (CRC), a volunteer organization housed within the Wenatchee (Washington) Valley College, won the designation based on a proposal submitted in competition with other organizations throughout the western U.S.

Located in north central Washington, and serving a three-county rural area, the WVC supports a range of community academic and outreach programs including the CRC, a Computer Science Center, a Library Media Center, Community Services Department, and a satellite campus, Marlene Curtis of CRC will serve as coordinator for the test site, Ron Baker, division chairman of the WVC Computer Science Department, will be the ComputerTown site administrator.

As the "official" test site, the CRC will be testing ComputerTown's Implementation Package, which provides detailed suggestions for creating hands-on, public access events, conducting workshops, giving classes, establishing outreach activities, and location and procuring funding and support. As part of the award to CRC, ComputerTown staff will visit the site during the initial period of activities and at specified checkpoints throughout the first year. The CRC will have direct access to ComputerTown.

ComputerTown will offer similar services to twenty one other sites which received honorable mention, although Wenatchee Valley's Community Resource Center will remain the "offidial" test site.

ComputerTown offers support and information to over sixty ComputerTown projects world wide, Interested groups and individuals may contact ComputerTown, P.O. Box E, Menlo Park, CA 94025.

## RADID SHACK AND CITIBANK LAUNCH FIRST CO-BRANDED CREDIT CARD

NEW YORK,--TANDY Corporation and Citibank announced today the introduction of Radio Shack/CitiLine, the first such national co-branded bank card.

Radio Shack/CitiLine is a credit card for qualified consumers who want a revolving loan account with Citibank (New York State), N.A. for big-ticket purchases from TANDY's Radio Shack stores. The card can also be used to purchase financial services.

The co-branded credit card wias developed by Citibank's retail credit service division, Citicorp Retail Services (CRS), to meet TANDY's unique retail credit needs. It has many novel features:

Both the names of the retailer--Radio Shack--and the creditor--Citibank are on the CitiLine card.

Cards are only accepted at TANDY-owned Radio Shack stores in the 48 contiguous states.

Anyone who wants to finance a purchase of $\$ 225$ or more at any of those Radio Shack stores may apply.

Qualified Radio Shack customers get instant credit with Citibank. Generally within an hour, applicants are told whether or not their loans have been approved.

If approved, applicants immediately get a loan from Citibank for the amount of their
purchase from Radio Shack.
Citibank extends a line of credit to qualified applicants, and they get Radio Shack/CitiLine cards which may be used to finance subsequent pruchases of $\$ 100$ or more at any participating Radio Shack store in the U.S.

Borrowers will also be offered opportunities to purchase financial services from Citicorp affiliates and other companies from time to time.

The new co-branded card will be introduced in mid-August and will be honored at all TANDY-owned Radio Shack stores nationwide by the end of October.

Borrowers have up to 24 months to ropay each loan. Monthly installments can be as Lín as $\$ 20$, plus finance charges and possible plezessing fees. Far this service, borrowers pay approximately 2 percent per month on outstanding loan balances from the date of each loan until all loans are paid. Because there is no annual fee, Radio Shack/CitiLine may actually cost less than bank cards.

For TANDY, the CitiLine program offers manu advantages, Having the Radio Shack trademark on the card helps promote brand recognition, customer loyalty, and serves as a constant reminder to cardholders that they can shop at any TANDY-owned Radio Shack store in the country, TANDY also benefits from offering a credit card that advertises Radio Shack's special relationship with Citibank, a worldwide leader in financial services.

Because only Radio Shack customers have these cards, it will be easier and less expensive to reach these shoppers through direct marketing techniques such as statement stuffers and special mailings, Citibank will develop and implement several such consumer marketing programs to promote the use of Radio Shack/CitiLine cards in Radio Shack stores.

With Citiline, TANDY has a way of offering qualified customers instant credit and a branded card without assuming any risk or obligation for the accounts and without any of the funding and cash-flow problems usually associated with operation a charge card in house,

Both Citibank (New York State), N.A, and Citicorp Retail Services are subsidiaries of Citicorp, one of the world's largest financial institutions. CRS tailors credit programs to meet the specific needs of many diffecent kinds of consumer sales organizations, including department stores, specialty apparel shops, as well as consumer electronics and furniture
chains,
Radio Shack is a consumer electronics retail chain owned by the TANDY Corporation, a publicly held company that is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, The consumer electronics retail industry is a rapidly growing business throughout the United States, and TANDY's Radio Shack stores lead the industry in sales this year.

## RADIO SHACK CALLS FOR LISTINGS FOR UPCOMING AGRICULTURAL SOFTWARE SOURCEBOOK.

Radio Shack, a division of TANDY Corporation, is calling for submission for an upcoming agricultural software sourcebook, Authors and publishers of agricultural software, for the company's TRS-80 microcomputers are being invited to submit listings for the Radio Shack TES-80 Agricultural Software Sourcebook (26-2774), which will be offered at Radio Shack stores and participating dealers.

Through this sourcebook, a description of your program will be made available to thousands of Radio Shack TRS-80 owners.

The Sourcebook will include several categories of listings. The listing fee for commercial software is $\$ 10,00$ for a term of one year; for ten or more program listings; a special rate of $\$ 5,00$ per listing applies, All programs in the public domain submitted will be listed individually without fee; these must include a school or institutional address and charge only a nominal price (under $\$ 15,00$ ) for distribution.

Listings in the TRS-80 Agricultural Software Sourcebook include program descriptions and characteristics, Radio Shack is also providing publishers with the option of listing user site reference.

Submission forms and additional information are available upon request from: TRS-80 Agricultural Software Sourcebook Department AX-10 One TANDY Center Fort Worth, TX 76102

## C. C. MAILER

TransTek is currently shipping its C. C. MAILER mailing list program for the TRS-80 Color Computer, C. C. MAILER is available in both disk and cassette versions and will hold from 90 to 800 records depending on the version and available memory, It handles Name, a Two Line Mailing Address, City, State and 2IP code,

# FULL SERVICE AND SUPPDRT FROM LEVEL IV PRDDUCTS．INC． FOR THE TRS－8G＊AND TDP SYSTEM 1日も COMPUTERS 

## ＊SPECIAL PURCHASE＊ COLOR CDMPUTERS




LEVEL IV PRODUCTS．INC． 32429 SCHOOLCRAFT RD． LIVONIA，MICHIGAN 48150 MICHIGAN $\langle 313\rangle 525-6200$
 OTHERS（800） $521-3305$

# DERRINGER SOFTUARE MFTM 

IMTEODUCES
PRO－COLOR－FILEO
For the 32k Color Disk Sustem
WOULD YOU LIKE TO BE ABLE TD SET UP ANY KIND OF A DATA BASE WITHOUT HAVING TO WRITE ONE LINE OF CODE？PRO－COLOR FILE WILL SET UP A DATA BASE PROGRAM TO YOUR SPECIFICATIONS THAT WILL HAVE ADVANCED FEATURES LIKE：
＊UP TO G0 DIFFERENT FIELDS PER RECORD FOR DATA ENTRY
＊ 4 CUSTOM DESIGNED SCREENS TO DISPLAY THE INFOPMATION FOR ENTRY OR UPDATING
＊FILE INDEXING ON UP TO 3 FIELDS SIMULTANEOUSLY FOR RAPID ACCESS TO ANY RECORD
＊ 5 CUSTOM DESIGNED PRINTER REPORT FORMATS WITH LABEL \＆MULTI－LINE CAPABILITY
＊ 14 DIFFERENT MATH EQUATIDNS TO BE PERFORMED WHEN A RECORD IS ENTERED
＊MULTIPLE DISK DRIVE CAPABILITY

CREATE MAILING LISTS，INVENTORY，INVOICE，ACCOUNTS PAYABLE／RECEIVABLE，JOB COST， CHECKBOOK RECORD，ANYTHING THAT REQUIRES DATA TO 日E STORED，UPDATED \＆REPORTED！

[^9]Phone number and user defined code fields for extracts and label printing.
C. C. MAILER is perfect for the small business, church, or social organization with a mailing or membership file requirement, The larger disk version sorts the file in ZIP Code sequence to allow presorted mail rates.

An option, called C. C. MERGER allows the merging of selected addresses with letters from the C. C. WRITER word processor, C. C, MAILER is $\$ 20$ and the $C, C$ MERGER option is an additional $\$ 15$ from:
TransTek
194 Lockwood
Bloomingdale, IL 60108

## COMPUTERTOWN TEST SITE: EASTERNG5A A CALL FOR PROPOSALS

ComputerTown, USA!, a microcomputer literacy project funded by the National Science Foundation, is accepting proposals from individuals and organizations interested in becoming an official test site for the project's Implementation Package.

Proposals will be accepted until December 1, 1982, The new site will be announced January 15, 1983.

Project coordinators are looking for a test site within the United States, east of the Mississippi River. The chosen site will assist the project in the testing and evaluation of the prototype ComputerTown Implementation Package, which provides resource information and materials for starting a community-based microcomputer literacy project.

ComputerTown representatives will make site visits and assist the test site personnel with the planning and organimation of its activities. There are no provisions for the direct funding of the test site's activities, since that is one of the parameters being tested--how local resources can be utilized to create a community computer literacy project.

Everyone who submits a proposal will receive a draft copy of the Implementation Package, regardless of which location is chosen as the official test site,

ComputerTown offers teaching, consulting, and information services to a network of over eighty affiliates throughout the United States and overseas. These affiliates exist in public libraries, boys' clubs, children's museums, senior citizens' centers, and other community facilities. The selection of a test site in no way precludes
regular support and information services provided by ComputerTown to anyone interested in computer literacy.

For proposal guidelines or further information about ComputerTown services and activities, contact ComputerTown, P.O. Box E, Menlo Park, CA 94025.

## EL DIABLERO

Computerware introduces EL DIABLERO for the Radio Shack Color Computer and TDP System 100. This is an adventure extraordinaire!!!

You awake, dazed and confused, in the middle of a desert in the Southwest. You had been learning the techniques of sorcery from an old man who lives in these parts، He told you that an evil sorcerer, a "diablero," had become his enemy, Now your teacher is missing and you are alone, Worse still, you can't seem to remember those techniques that you already had learned. The only thing that you can recall is the curious verse...
(you'll have to play the game to know the rest!!)

El Diablero costs only $\$ 19.95$ on cassette or $\$ 24.95$ on disk (plus $\$ 2,00$ for shipping and handling.) It is available today from many Computerware dealers' stores or directly from Computerware at Box 668, Encinitas, California, 92024. (714) 436-3512.

## RADIO SHACK INTRODUCES COLOR CUBES GAME FOR TRS-80 COLOR COMPUTER

Radio Shack, a division of TANDY Corporation, now offers TRS-80 Color Computer owners a computer game version of the maddening popular cube puzzle, The Color Cubes (26-3075) Program Pak is available for $\$ 29.95$ at Radio Shack stores and participating dealers.

Color Cubes offers a colorful video representation of a scrambled 3 -dimensional cube, itself made up of twenty-seven smaller "cubies" in six different colors. The goal of the game, of course, is to unscramble the array with a series of twists and turns (by vertically or horizontally rotating any slice or layer) until each face of the larger cube ( 9 adjacent "cubies") is a solid color.

Unlike solid aubes, Color Cubes brings the powers of the TRS-80 Color Computer (all versions, 4 K and $u p$ ) into play. The computer will record a player's last 255 moves, and allow a
player to undo or redo them, This lets a player retrace and analyze moves, or backtrack and take a fresh start from any point, Also, the computer lets a player either input a selected cube configuration or have a random configuration generated.

Also, Color Cubes permits the use of fourteen different colors, Since each cube involves six face colors and one background color, this lets the player change between two completely different color sets as a flag to specific breakpoints in solving the cube.

Color Cubes lets players compete by keeping a running time on the progress of each. And with an optional cassette recorder, positions can be saved to tape,

Color Cubes comes complete with Program Pak, a descriptive 36 -page color manual, a full-color cardboard "Cubie Orientation Illustrator" and a color keyboard overlay to identify special key functions on the TRS-80 Color Computer.


The CCN Magna-zine Service announces the introduction of a series of computer software "loader" cassettes serving the readers of Color Computer News magazine, The service was begun recently in response to numerous requests to Color Computer News magazine, Acting under a license from REMarkable Software, the CCN Magna-rine offers software tapes both on a subscription and single tape purchase basis, Each month, subscribers receive the tape for that month's issue of Color Computer News. With few exceptions, the tapes contain just about every program listing which will save the subscriber untold hours of hand typing program listings. There are over 100 programs in the first 12 is5ues alone, Since the master program tapes are usuary made directly from the author's original program tape, the Magna-zine tape are virturally "bug" free, Subscription costs are $\$ 48.00$ per year for Canada and the U.S. and $\$ 57.00$ for other foreign countries (the price includes postage), Subscribers have the option of beginning their subscription with any issue number they specify, Single issue tapes are just $\$ 7.00$ each including postage. Tapes for all previous issues of Color Computer News are being shipped from stock and should be ordered by issue number. Orders should be mailed directly to: CCN Magna-zine Service, P.O. Box 68, Safety Harbor, Florida 33572.

## GEOGRAPHY PAC

Spectral Associates is pleased to announce an excellent addition to its Educational software, Geography Pac is an enjoyable, easy way to learn World or U.S. geography, It is a collection of five 16 K extended Basic programs using sounds and color with machine language subroutines designed to teach the topological location of countries (or states), their capital, largest non-capital city, major industry, and currency (or statehood date), A. four-color high resolution map is used and answer study sheets are included.

Geography Packeeps the student interested by having a flash feature for indentifying countries or states.

If flash test is chosen, the student then chooses fast, medium or slow speed, This should guarantee an upward learning curve. Student has option of choosing questions or categories.

Geography Pac may be purchased (all five games) for $\$ 29,95$ on cassette and $\$ 33.95$ on disk or separate cassettes of United States, Asia,

Africa, South/Central America, and Europe for $\$ 9.95$ each. Separate disks are $\$ 13.95$ each. As a special service to schools, multiple copies of study and answer sheets are available for $\$ \mathbf{5 0}$ each. Contact Spectral Associates, 141 Harvard Ave, Tacoma, WA 98466, (206) 565-8483,

Computerware introduces RAIL RUNNER, a new graphics game for the Radio Shack Color Computer and TDP System 100.

Hurry! Watch Out!! OH NO!!! Whew!!!! Your railroad engineer must scurry over the track of the busiest train switchyard ever, dodging speeding trains and handcars, to rescue the poor little hoboes on the wrong side of the traplen! And the real-time clock keeps on ticking, Fe got only so much time to save all of the hoboes!

This is a fun, challenging, action graphics game with good sound too. With many levels of difficulty, RAIL RUNNER keeps things fun for everyone.

RAIL RUNNER is available from Computerware dealers or directly from Computerware at Box 668, Encinitas, CA 92024, (714) 436-3512. It costs $\$ 21.95$ on cassette and $\$ 26.95$ on disk, plus $\$ 2.00$ for shipping and handling.

## DATAFILE

DATAFILE is a sophisticated, multi-purpose, data storage system flexible enough to handle any format.

This TRS-80 Color Computer program offers user-defined catagories on 16 K or 32 K systems.

DATAFILE will load keyboard, tape or disc data. It's capabilities allow you to delete, sort and print in various formats. It can also perform string searches.

DATAFILE is versatile, thereby offering you a myriad of functions: personal agendas, library cataloguing, name and address file, recipes, software records, etc.

The price of DATAFILE is $\$ 19,95$ (plus $\$ 1$ postage), Add $\$ 5$ for disk.
**** A surprise datafile is included FREE with each order ****

Another innovative product from ILUME DESIGN 4653 Jeanne Mance St., Montreal, Quebec, Canada H2V $4 J 5$

## NEW JOYSTICKS FOR COLOR COMPUTER

Endicott Software announces a new
affordable joystick for the Radio Shack TRS-80 Color Computer, Based on proven components, the joysticks are hand assembled and checked to ensure a reliable hand-held unit. The handles and internal mechanism have proven to be extremely rugged and reliable under extensive use with arcade-type games, The pots function smoothly to provide excellent cursor/character control.

The joysticks are backed by our 90 day warranty on material and labor. They list for $\$ 18.95$ each or two for $\$ 35.95$, Shipping is an additional $\$ 2,00$ unless purchased with software.

## JANUARY 22, 1983

NJ MICROCOMPUTER SHOW \& FLEAMARKET, (Special 1-day Winter Edition) will be held on Saturday January 22nd, at the Holiday Inn (North), North Passenger Terminal of Newark International Airport, Newark, NJ (Exit 14 of the NJ Turnpike). This show will include over 50 commercial exhibitors and an indoor fleamarket area. Featured will be hardware, software and accessories for all popular systems including Apple, TRS-80, Atari, Pet, Heath/Zenith, Sinclair, S-100, IBM and others. Show hours are 10AM to 5PM. Registration is $\$ 4.00$ for adults and $\$ 2,00$ for children under 12. For additional information contact: Kengore Corp, 3001 Rte, 27, Franklin Park, NJ 08823, (201) 297-2526.

## PROMOTION NOTICE - MULTIPORT

Maple Leaf Systems announces the MULTIPORT, the first multiple-slot expansion unit for the Color Computer.

This device allows connection of up to four separate Color Computer compatible peripherals simultaneously. The computer can switch between peripherals under software control, allowing one program to access any or all of the peripherals at any time.

For example, a disk, modem, program cartridge, printer, and clock cartridge can now be on-line at once.

The MULTIPORT is a powerful hardware circuit which allows selection of any of the four sockets with a simple POKE command, It connects directly to the expansion port of all models of the Color Computer.

The MULTIPORT comes completely assembled and tested, with full instructions for $\$ 99.50$. Available from Maple Leaf systems, P.O. Box 2190, Station "C", Downsview, Ontario Canada M2N 259.


# FLEX - OS-9 LEVEL ONE - UNIFLEX - OS-9 LEVEL TWO ONLY GIMIX Systems can be configured to run any of these. 

GIMIX systems utilize the most powerful 6809 operating systems: FLEX, UniFLEX, OS-9 LEVEL ONE and TWO -- the systems the PROs use. This means a wide selection of software to choose from as well the ability to develop sophisticated, multi-user/multi-tasking programs on your GIMIX System.


The GIMIX CLASSY CHASSIS ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ consists of a heavy-weight aluminum mainframe cabinet which provides more than ample protection for the electronics and 1 or 2 optional 51/4" drives.

Backpanel connectors can be added for convenient connection of terminals, printers, drives and other peripherals.

A 3 position locking keyswitrin enables users to disable the front panel reset button to prevent accidental or unauthorizad tampering with the system.

The GIMIX system moth: er board provides fifteen 50 pin slots and eight 30 pin I/O slots .the most room for entansion of any SS50 system available. The on board baud rate generator features 11 standard baud rates, 75 to 38.4 K , , rr maximum versatility and compatibility with other systems. Extended address decoding allows the $1 / O$ block to be ar anywhere in the 1 megabyte address space. All components feature Gold plated connectors for a lifetime of solid co. . All boards are fully buffered for maximum system expansion.

Each GIMIX Mainframe System is equipped with an industrial quality power supply featuring a ferro-resonant constant voltage transformer to insure against problems caused by adverse power input conditions such as A.C. line voltage fluctuations etc. The supply provides 8 volts at 30 amps and plus or minus 16 volts at 5 amps, more than enough capacity to power a fully loaded system and two internal drives.
The 2 MHz GIMIX 6809 PLUS CPU board includes a time of day clock with battery back-up and 6840 programmable timer to provide the programmer with convenient, accurate time reference. Later addition of 9511 or 9512 arithmetic processors is provided for on the board. The unique GIMIX design enables software selection of either OS-9 or FLEX, both included in many complete GIMIX systems.

GIMIX STATIC RAM boards require no complicated refresh timing cycles or clocks for data retention. GIMIX memory boards are guaranteed for 2 MHz operation with no wait state or clock stretching required.
Our low power NMOS RAM requires less than $3 / 4$ amp at 8 V for a fully populated 64 K board. For critical situations, our nonvolatile 64 K byte CMOS static RAM boards with built in battery back-up retain data even with system power removed. A fully charged battery will power this board for a minimum of 21 days. A write protect switch permits CMOS boards to be used for PROM/ROM emulation and software debugging.

The GIMIX DMA controller leaves the processor free to perform other tasks during disk transfers - an important feature for multi-user/multi-tasking systems where processor time allocation is critical. The DMA board will accomodate up to 4 drives $5 \frac{1}{4}$ " or $8^{\prime \prime}$ in any combination running single or double density single or double headed. Programmed I/O Disk Controllers are also available.

# GIMiIX systems are designed with ultimate RELIABILITY in mind. You can choose from the below featured systems or select from our wide variety of components to build a custom package to suit your needs. <br> GIMIX 2MHz 6809 System including: CLASSY CHASSIS, 6809 PLUS CPU BOARD, 56KB STATIC RAM, 2 SERIAL PORTS W/CABLES, GMXBUG MONITOR, FLEX, and OS-9 LEVEL 1 <br> \$3248.49 <br> FOR TWO $51 / 4$ " 40 TRACK DSDD DRIVES ADD <br> \$ 900.00 <br> GIMIX 128KB WINCHESTER SYSTEM including: CLASSY CHASSIS, 6809 PLUS CPU BOARD, 128 KB STATIC RAM, 4 SERIAL PORTS WICABLES, $5 \frac{114 " ~}{4} 80$ TRACK DSDD FLOPPY DISK DRIVE, $19 \mathrm{MB} 5 \frac{1}{4}$ " WINCHESTER HARD DISK, OS9 LEVEL 2 , EDITOR AND ASSEMBLEF <br> $\$ 8998.09$ <br> 50HZ Versions Available, 8" Drives Available - Contact GIMIX for Prices and Information. 

## The Sun Never Sets On A GIMIX!

GIMIX users are found on every continent, including Antarctica. A representative group of GIMIX users includes: Government Research and Scientific Organizations in Australia, Canada, U.K. and in the U.S.; NASA, Oak Ridge, White Plains, Fermilab, Argonne, Scripps, Sloan Kettering, Los Alamos National Labs, AURA. Universities: Carleton, Waterloo, Royal Military College, in Canada; Trier in Germany; and in the U.S.; Stanford, SUNY, Harvard, UCSD, Mississippi, Georgia Tech. Industrial users in Hong Kong, Malaysia, South Africa, Germany, Sweden, and in the U.S.; GTE, Becton Dickinson, American Hoechst, Monsanto, Allied, Honeywell, Perkin Elmer, Johnson Controls, Associated Press, Aydin, Newkirk Electric, Revere Sugar, HI-G/AMS Controls, Chevron. Computer mainframe and peripheral manufacturers, IBM, OKI, Computer Peripherals Inc., Qume, Floating Point Systems. Software houses; Microware, 'T.S.C., Lucidata, Norpak, Talbot", Stylo Systems, AAA, HHH, Frank Hogg Labs, Epstein Associates, Softwest, Dynasoft. Research Resources U.K., Microworks. Meta Lab. Computerized Business Systems.



[^0]:    *Unix is a irademark of Bell Labs. OS.9 \& BASICOS are trademarks of Microware \& Motorola Inc. *FLEX is a trademark of Technical Systems Consultants Inc.

[^1]:    * I'd also like to see a contest program with things like a log sheet, dupe sheet and multiplier list. Just to get you started here's a CW send receive program I played around with for a while, While not complete or fantastic you may find it useful as a starting point.

[^2]:    CURSOR POSITION CURSOR COUNTER CRT TDP LEFT
    KBD CRT TP LFT
    ROM CRT PRINT
    ROM KBD SCAN
    CLR CRT
    SPEED VARIABLE
    SEND BUFFER POS
    GETKEY BUFFER POS
    SEND CURSOR POS
    KEYBD CURSOR POS
    SEND BUFFER
    END OF SEND BUFFER

[^3]:    $230 T=F E E K(16050)$＊254＋PEEK（16051 ）
    240 CLS：FRINT＂YOUR SCORE WAS＂？T

[^4]:    Add $\$ 5.00 \mathrm{~S}+\mathrm{H}$ for BT -1000, $\$ 2.50$ for all others.
    Check or Money order, VISA, MC accepted lgive account no., expiration date and phone numberl. Personal checks require 2-3 weaks to clear.
    COD rea's cash, certified check or money order plus \$2.00. Overseas add $15 \%$. Michigan residents add 4\% sales tax.
    ${ }^{\bullet}$ FLEX is a TM of TSC, INC.

[^5]:    ALACAR Computer Accessories
    Post Office Box 10177
    Clearwater, Florida 33517

[^6]:    $10^{\prime}$ A POKE GRAPHICS COLOR TEXT
    $20^{\prime}$ TAKES ABOUT 17 SECONDS
    $30^{\prime}$ TO FILL THE SCREEN
    $40^{\prime}$
    50 FOR $Y=0$ TO 15
    60 FOR X=0 TO 31
    $70 \mathrm{Z}=143+(16 * \mathrm{INT}(X / 4))$
    80 POKE 1024+(32*Y)+X,2

[^7]:    10 POKE65495，0：CLSO：PRINTa32，CHR （9）$\|$ FDR $J=1$ T0 5：PRINTSTRING （3 32 ： $12.25+16 *(3-1))+9)$ ： NEXT
     INTTAE（14）＂SLOPE＂\＃PRINTTAB（E）＂EY STEVE SULLIVAN＂：PRINTSTRING\＆（32 ＂＊＂）！
    30 FORJm 4 TU日：PRINTETRING电（32． 12 8＋16＊（J－1）＋9））：：NEXT
    40 FORJ $=1$ TO100：NEXT
    50 AN象＝＂＂：CLSRND（9）－1：PRINT＠167； ＂（A）FOINT－SLDPE＂：PRINTज199，
    ＂（E）TWO FOINTS＂：IPRINTI231，
    ＂（C）EQUATION＂：FRINT：263，
    ＂（Q）QUIT＂！：PRINT：295，
    STRING末（18，＂＂）：FRRINT0327：＂PRES 5 A， $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ ，OR Q＂
     IFA＝＂B＂THEN7OELSEIFA＊＝＂C＂THEN17 OELSEIFA $=$＂Q＂THENPOKE65494，0：CL． 5 ：ENDELSE60
    70 CLS：FRINT：PRINT：INPUT＂INPUT $15 T$ FAIR OF COORDINATES $\ggg: X$
     ENER＝0：GOTO7OELSEX1＝NM
    80 $\mathrm{NM}=\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{Y} 1$ क：GOSUE72O：IFER＝1THENER ＝0：GOTOTOELSEY1＝NM
    90 PRINT：INPUT＂INPUT 2ND PAIR $\square$ F COORDINATES $\gg 1: X 2$ ，Y 2 象：NM ＝X2申：GOSUET20：IFER＝1 THENER＝0：GOT D70ELSEX2＝NM
     R＝0：GOTOTOELSEYZ＝NM
    110 GOTO 340

[^8]:    A Division of Soltlaw Corporation Minneapolis, Minnesota 55420 U. S. A.

[^9]:    SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY PRICE－－－$\$ 59.95$（Ondiskette）
    Check or Money Order only－Allow 2 － 3 weeks
    （Order before December 31， 1982 and receive FREE CASINOO a $\$ 19.95$ value）

