

## MX Series Interface Module Reference

Modified: 2018-04-30

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### **Documentation and Release Notes**

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### **Supported Platforms**

For the features described in this document, the following platforms are supported:

MX Series

### **Documentation Conventions**

Table 1 on page xvi defines notice icons used in this guide.

Table 1: Notice Icons

Icon	Meaning	Description
i	Informational note	Indicates important features or instructions.
	Caution	Indicates a situation that might result in loss of data or hardware damage.
	Warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury or death.
*	Laser warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury from a laser.
0	Tip	Indicates helpful information.
	Best practice	Alerts you to a recommended use or implementation.

Table 2 on page xvi defines the text and syntax conventions used in this guide.

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions

Convention	Description	Examples
Bold text like this	Represents text that you type.	To enter configuration mode, type the configure command:  user@host> configure
Fixed-width text like this	Represents output that appears on the terminal screen.	user@host> <b>show chassis alarms</b> No alarms currently active
Italic text like this	<ul> <li>Introduces or emphasizes important new terms.</li> <li>Identifies guide names.</li> <li>Identifies RFC and Internet draft titles.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A policy term is a named structure that defines match conditions and actions.</li> <li>Junos OS CLI User Guide</li> <li>RFC 1997, BGP Communities Attribute</li> </ul>
Italic text like this	Represents variables (options for which you substitute a value) in commands or configuration statements.	Configure the machine's domain name:  [edit]  root@# set system domain-name  domain-name

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions (continued)

Convention	Description	Examples
Text like this	Represents names of configuration statements, commands, files, and directories; configuration hierarchy levels; or labels on routing platform components.	<ul> <li>To configure a stub area, include the stub statement at the [edit protocols ospf area area-id] hierarchy level.</li> <li>The console port is labeled CONSOLE.</li> </ul>
< > (angle brackets)	Encloses optional keywords or variables.	stub <default-metric <i="">metric&gt;;</default-metric>
(pipe symbol)	Indicates a choice between the mutually exclusive keywords or variables on either side of the symbol. The set of choices is often enclosed in parentheses for clarity.	broadcast   multicast (string1   string2   string3)
# (pound sign)	Indicates a comment specified on the same line as the configuration statement to which it applies.	rsvp { # Required for dynamic MPLS only
[] (square brackets)	Encloses a variable for which you can substitute one or more values.	community name members [ community-ids ]
Indention and braces ( { } )	Identifies a level in the configuration hierarchy.	<pre>[edit] routing-options {   static {</pre>
; (semicolon)	Identifies a leaf statement at a configuration hierarchy level.	route default {     nexthop address;     retain;     } }
GUI Conventions		
Bold text like this	Represents graphical user interface (GUI) items you click or select.	<ul> <li>In the Logical Interfaces box, select All Interfaces.</li> <li>To cancel the configuration, click Cancel.</li> </ul>
> (bold right angle bracket)	Separates levels in a hierarchy of menu selections.	In the configuration editor hierarchy, select <b>Protocols&gt;Ospf</b> .

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- Search for known bugs: https://prsearch.juniper.net/
- Find product documentation: https://www.juniper.net/documentation/
- Find solutions and answer questions using our Knowledge Base: https://kb.juniper.net/
- Download the latest versions of software and review release notes: https://www.juniper.net/customers/csc/software/
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- Join and participate in the Juniper Networks Community Forum: https://www.juniper.net/company/communities/
- Open a case online in the CSC Case Management tool: https://www.juniper.net/cm/

To verify service entitlement by product serial number, use our Serial Number Entitlement (SNE) Tool: https://entitlementsearch.juniper.net/entitlementsearch/

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- Use the Case Management tool in the CSC at https://www.juniper.net/cm/.
- Call 1-888-314-JTAC (1-888-314-5822 toll-free in the USA, Canada, and Mexico).

For international or direct-dial options in countries without toll-free numbers, see https://www.juniper.net/support/requesting-support.html.

### PART 1

# Overview

- Interface Module Overview on page 3
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### **CHAPTER 1**

### Interface Module Overview

• MX Series Interface Module Overview on page 3

### **MX Series Interface Module Overview**

Juniper Networks MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers process incoming and outgoing packets on several different types of interface modules (also known as line cards), including Dense Port Concentrators (DPCs), Flexible Port Concentrators (FPCs) with associated Physical Interface Cards (PICs), Trio Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) with associated Modular Interface Cards (MICs). FPCs are populated with PICs for various interface types. DPCs and MPCs combine the functions of FPCs and the PICs, and with associated physical interfaces support a variety of interface types. The configuration syntax for each type of line card is the same: *type-fpc/pic/port*.

Switch Control Boards (MX-SCBs, MX-SCBEs, MX-SCBE2s) provide full line-rate performance and redundancy without a loss of bandwidth for all MX series routers. Switch Fabric Boards (SFBs) provide increased fabric bandwidth per slot for MX2000 routers. Routing Engines (REs) and Control Boards with Routing Engines (CB-REs) provide the software processes that run Junos OS.

- Dense Port Concentrators (DPCs)—A DPC provides multiple physical interfaces and Packet Forwarding Engines on a single board that installs into a slot within the MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers. See the following topics for more information about DPCs:
  - MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
  - DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8
- Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) provide packet forwarding services. The MPCs are inserted into a slot in an MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, and MX2020 router. MPCs for MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers install directly into the router chassis. Modular Interface Cards (MICs) provide the physical interfaces and install into the MPCs. You can install up to two MICs of different media types in the same MPC as long as the MPC supports those MICs. See the following topics for information about MPCs:
  - MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
  - MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
  - MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26

- Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers on page 319
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers on page 343
- Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers on page 351
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers on page 359
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC6E for MX2000 Routers on page 366
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC7E for MX Series Routers on page 373
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers on page 382
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC on page 389
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 Router on page 391
- Modular Interface Cards (MICs) provide physical interfaces for the router. MICs install into Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) which provide packet forwarding services. MICs and MPCs function similarly to PICs and FPCs. MPCs install vertically in the MX2020, MX2010, MX2008, and MX960 router chassis, and horizontally in the MX480 and MX240 router chassis. On MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers, MICs install directly into the router chassis. There are also fixed-configuration MPCs, with built-in network ports or services functionality, that do not accept MICs. The maximum number of supported MPCs varies per router and hardware configuration. See the following topics for information about MICs:
  - MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
  - MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18
  - MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26
- Flexible PIC Concentrators (FPCs) and Physical Interface Cards (PICs) function similarly
  to MICs and MPCs. PICs provide physical interfaces for the router, and install into FPCs,
  which provide packet forwarding services. FPCs are installed into a slot in an MX240,
  MX480, and MX960 router. See the following topics for information about PICs and
  FPCs:
  - MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
  - High Availability Features on page 36
  - FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
  - PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37
- Switch Fabric Boards (SFBs) provide increased fabric bandwidth per slot. The MX2000 line of routers can support eight Switch Fabric Boards (SFB) and eight Enhanced Switch Fabric Boards (SFB2) but not both at the same time. The SFB is supported on MX2010 and MX2020 routers. See the following topics for information about SFBs:
  - MX2000 Switch Fabric Board (SFB) on page 245

- MX2000 Enhanced Switch Fabric Board (SFB2) on page 248
- MX Switch Control Boards (MX-SCBs, MX-SCBEs, MX-SCBE2s) provide full line-rate performance and redundancy without a loss of bandwidth. The MX-SCB is the first-generation SCB and was designed to work with the first-generation DPC line cards. The MX-SCBE was designed specifically for use with the MPC3e line cards. The MX-SCBE2 provides improved fabric performance for high-capacity line cards using the third generation fabric XF2 chip (MPC4e, MPC5e, MPC2/3 NG, and MPC7e). See the following topics for information about MX-SCBs, MX-SCBEs, and MX-SCBE2s:
  - MX-Series Switch Control Board (SCB) Overview on page 252
  - SCBE2-MX Description on page 253
  - MX SCBE Description on page 257
  - MX480 SCBE Description on page 259
  - MX240 SCBE Description on page 261
  - MX960 SCB Description on page 263
  - MX480 SCB Description on page 266
  - MX240 SCB Description on page 267
  - MX240 SCBE Description on page 261
  - MX960 SCB Description on page 263
  - MX480 SCB Description on page 266
  - MX240 SCB Description on page 267
- MX-ADC is a special line card adapter (ADC) for line cards that were designed to work
  with the MX-SCB and MX-SCBE line cards (MPC1E, MPC2E, and MPC3E). It is supported
  only for MX2010 and MX2020 routers. The ADC is a hardware casing that fits into a
  line card slot. The MPCs attach to the ADCs which in turn attach to the backplane. See
  the following topics for more information about the MX-ADC:
  - MX2020 Adapter Card (ADC) Description on page 271
  - MX2010 Adapter Card (ADC) Description on page 272
- Routing Engines (REs) and Control Boards with Routing Engines (CB-REs) provide the
  software processes that run Junos OS. The routing engine maintains the routing tables,
  manages the routing protocols used on the router, controls the router interfaces,
  controls some chassis components, and provides the interface for system management
  and user access to the router. Each CB-RE is a combined Routing Engine and Switch
  Control Board in one unit. See the following topics for information about REs and
  CB-REs for MX routers:
  - MX2000 Host Subsystem CB-RE Description on page 275
  - MX960 Routing Engine Description on page 276
  - MX480 Routing Engine Description on page 278
  - MX240 Routing Engine Description on page 280

- MX5, MX10, MX40, and MX80 Routing Engine Description on page 284
- RE-S-X6-64G Routing Engine Description
- RE-MX2000-1800x4 CB-RE Description
- REMX2K-X8-64G and REMX2K-X8-64G-LT CB-RE Description
- Routing Engine Specifications on page 291

#### **CHAPTER 2**

# DPCs Supported on MX Series Routers

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

### **MX Series DPC Overview**

A Dense Port Concentrator (DPC) provides multiple physical interfaces and Packet Forwarding Engines (PFEs) on a single board that installs into a slot within the MX240, MX480, and MX9603D Universal Edge Routers. A DPC receives incoming packets from the network and sends outgoing packets to the network. The PFEs on a DPC are equipped with purpose-built ASICs that perform packet processing and forwarding.

In addition to Layer 3 routing capabilities, the DPCs also have many Layer 2 functions that allow MX Series routers to be used for many virtual LAN (VLAN) and other Layer 2 network applications.



NOTE: In the Junos OS CLI, you use the FPC syntax to configure or display information about DPCs, and you use the PIC syntax to configure or display information about Packet Forwarding Engines on the DPCs.

DPCs install vertically in the MX960 router chassis and horizontally in the MX480 and MX240 router chassis. The maximum number of supported DPCs varies per router:

- MX960 router-up to 12 DPCs
- MX480 router—up to 6 DPCs
- MX240 router—up to 3 DPCs

When a slot is not occupied by a DPC, you must insert a blank DPC to fill the empty slot and ensure proper cooling of the system. For complete information about installing and handling DPCs, see the hardware guide for your router.

## Related Documentation

- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8
- Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 297

- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 303
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 307
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 312
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 317

### DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers



NOTE: These DPCs have all been announced as End of Life (EOL). The End of Support (EOS) milestone dates for each model are published at https://www.juniper.net/support/eol/mseries\_hw.html.

Table 3 on page 8 lists the DPCs supported by the MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.

Table 3: DPCs Supported in MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

DPC Name	DPC Model Number	Ports	Maximum Throughput per DPC	First Junos OS Release
Gigabit Ethernet				
"Gigabit Ethernet DPC with SFP" on page 50	DPC-R-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-2009-06-400)	40	40 Gbps	8.2
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP" on page 52	DPCE-R-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	40	40 Gbps	8.4
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP" on page 54	DPCE-X-40GE-SFP  EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	40	40 Gbps	8.4
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with SFP" on page 56	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)	40	40 Gbps	8.5
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs with SFP" on page 58	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)	20	20 Gbps	9.1

Table 3: DPCs Supported in MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers (continued)

DPC Name	DPC Model Number	Ports	Maximum Throughput per DPC	First Junos OS Release
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs with SFP" on page 58	DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-2011-07-314)	40	40 Gbps	8.5
"10-Gigabit Ethernet DPC with XFP" on page 61	DPC-R-4XGE-XFP EOL (see PSN-2009-06-400)	4	40 Gbps	8.2
10-Gigabit Ethernet				
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPCs with XFP" on page 63	DPCE-R-2XGE-XFP EOL (see PSN-2011-02-314)	2	20 Gbps	9.1
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPCs with XFP" on page 63	DPCE-R-4XGE-XFP EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	4	40 Gbps	8.4
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with XFP" on page 65	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	4	40 Gbps	8.4
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with XFP" on page 67	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)	4	40 Gbps	8.5
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with XFP" on page 69	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP EOL (see PSN-2011-02-314)	4	40 Gbps	8.5
Mulit-Rate Ethernet				
"Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP and XFP" on page 71	DPCE-R-20GE-2XGE EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	22	40 Gbps	9.2
"Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP and XFP" on page 73	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE EOL (see PSN-2011-02-314)	22	40 Gbps	9.2

Table 3: DPCs Supported in MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers (continued)

DPC Name	DPC Model Number	Ports	Maximum Throughput per DPC	First Junos OS Release
"Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with SFP and XFP" on page 75	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	22	40 Gbps	9.3
Tri-Rate Ethernet				
"Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC" on page 79	DPCE-R-40GE-TX  EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)	40	40 Gbps	9.1
"Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC" on page 81	DPCE-X-40GE-TX EOL (see PSN-2011-07-315.)	40	40 Gbps	9.1
Services				
"Multiservices DPC" on page 77	MS-DPC  EOL (see PSN-TSB16812)	2 (Not supported)	-	9.3

### Related Documentation

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 297
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 303
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 307
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 312
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 317

### **CHAPTER 3**

# MPCs Supported on MX Series Routers

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

### **MX Series MPC Overview**

Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) provide packet forwarding services. The MPCs are inserted into a slot in an MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 router. MPCs for MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers install directly into the router chassis. Modular Interface Cards (MICs) provide the physical interfaces and install into the MPCs. You can install up to two MICs of different media types in the same MPC as long as the MPC supports those MICs.

A specialized fixed configuration MPC provides higher port density over MICs and combines packet forwarding and Ethernet interfaces onto a single line card. The fixed configuration MPC is inserted into a slot in a router and contains no slots for MICs.

MICs receive incoming packets from the network and transmit outgoing packets to the network. During this process, each MIC performs framing and high-speed signaling for its media type. Before transmitting outgoing data packets through the MIC interfaces, the MPCs encapsulate the packets received. Each MPC is equipped with up to four Junos Trio chipsets, which perform control functions tailored to the MPC's media type.

You must install a high-capacity fan tray to use an MPC. When a slot is not occupied by an MPC, you must insert a blank DPC to fill the empty slot and ensure proper cooling of the system. For complete information about installing and handling MPCs, see the hardware guide for your router.

The maximum number of supported MPCs varies per router and hardware configuration:

- MX2020 router—Up to 20 MPCs (For power requirements, see Calculating AC Power Requirements for MX2020 Routers and Calculating DC Power Requirements for MX2020 Routers).
- MX2010 router—Up to 10 MPCs (For power requirements, see Calculating AC Power Requirements for MX2010 Routers and Calculating DC Power Requirements for MX2010 Routers.)
- MX960 router—Up to 12 MPCs (For power requirements, see *Calculating Power Requirements for MX960 Routers*.)

- MX480 router—Up to 6 MPCs (For power requirements, see*Calculating Power Requirements for MX480 Routers*.)
- MX240 router—Up to 3 MPCs (For power requirements, see *Calculating Power Requirements for MX240 Routers*.)

MX80 router—One fixed 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with four ports for uplink connections.



NOTE: The MX80 router is available as a modular (MX80) or fixed (MX80-48T) chassis. Both chassis have a fixed Modular Interface Card (MIC) that has 310-Gigabit Ethernet ports. The fixed MX80 router has an additional 4810/100/1000Base-T RJ45 ports. The modular chassis has two dedicated slots for MICs.

### Related Documentation

- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers on page 319
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers on page 343
- Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers on page 351
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers on page 359
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC6E for MX2000 Routers on page 366
- MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
- MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

### MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers

Table 4 on page 12 lists the MPCs and their first supported Junos OS release on MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 routers.

Table 4: MPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 Routers

MPC Name	MPC Model Number	First Junos OS Release on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2008 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2010 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2020 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10003 Routers
Fixed Config	guration MPC	Cs				
"16x10GE MPC" on	MPC-3D-	10.0R2	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-
page 84	16XGE-SFP					
"Multiservices MPC" on page 86	MS-MPC	13.2R4	15.1F7	15.1	15.1	-

Table 4: MPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 Routers (continued)

MPC Name	MPC Model Number	First Junos OS Release on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2008 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2010 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2020 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10003 Routers
"32x10GE MPC4E" on page 119	MPC4E-3D- 32XGE-SFPP	12.3R2	15.1F7	12.3R2	12.3R2	-
"2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E" on page 120	MPC4E-3D- 2CGE-8XGE	12.3R2	15.1F7	12.3R2	12.3R2	-
"6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5E" on page 122	MPCE-4030G	13.3R2	15.1F7	13.3R2	13.3R2	-
"6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5EQ" on page 124	MCHQ4000G	13.3R2	15.1F7	13.3R2	13.3R2	-
"2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5E" on page 125	MCERTITE	13.3R3	15.1F7	13.3R3	13.3R3	-
"2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5EQ" on page 127	MRSEXXXX	13.3R3	15.1F7	13.3R3	13.3R3	-
"MPC7E (Multi-Rate)" on page 130	MPCÆMRATE	<ul><li>15.1F4 with Junos Continuity</li><li>16.1R1 and later</li></ul>	15.1F7	<ul><li>15.1F4 with Junos Continuity</li><li>16.1R1 and later</li></ul>	<ul><li>15.1F4 with Junos Continuity</li><li>16.1R1 and later</li></ul>	-
"MPC7E 10G" on page 132	MPC7E-10G	<ul> <li>15.1F5 with Junos Continuity</li> <li>16.1R1 and later</li> </ul>	15.1F7	<ul> <li>15.1F5 with Junos Continuity</li> <li>16.1R1 and later</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>15.1F5 with Junos Continuity</li> <li>16.1R1 and later</li> </ul>	-
MPCs						
"MPC1" on page 88	MX-MPCI-3D	10.2	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	_
"MPC1E" on page 89	MX-MPCIE-3D	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-

Table 4: MPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 Routers (continued)

MPC Name	MPC Model Number	First Junos OS Release on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2008 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2010 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2020 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10003 Routers
"MPC1 Q" on page 91	QŒĐ¶MM	10.2	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-
"MPC1E Q" on page 93	QŒĐŖĸM	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-
"MPC2" on page 95	MX-MPC2-3D	10.1	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-
"MPC2E" on page 97	MXMPCZE-3D	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-
"MPC2 Q" on page 99	MXMPC23DQ	10.1	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-
"MPC2E Q" on page 101	QCEESTAWM	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-
"MPC2 EQ" on page 103	MAVROZEDEQ	10.1	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-
"MPC2E EQ" on page 105	MANECESDEQ	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-
"MPC2E P" on page 107	MAMPCZEOP	12.2	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-
"MPC2E NG" on page 109	MARZEDAG	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity	15.1F7	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	-
"MPC2E NG Q" on page 111	MANRZEINAN	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity	15.1F7	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	-
"MPC3E" on page 113	MXMPCE-3D	12.1	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-

Table 4: MPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 Routers (continued)

MPC Name	MPC Model Number	First Junos OS Release on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2008 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2010 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2020 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10003 Routers
"MPC3E NG" on page 115	MARREEDAG	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity	15.1F7	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity	14.1R4,14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	-
"MPC3ENG Q" on page 117	CONTENNAM	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity	15.1F7	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	-
"MPC6E" on page 129	MX2K-MPC6E	-	15.1F7	13.3R2	13.3R2	-
"MPC8E" on page 134	MX2K-MPC3E	-	15.1F7	<ul> <li>15.1F5 with Junos Continuity</li> <li>16.1R1 and later</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>15.1F5 with Junos Continuity</li> <li>16.1R1 and later</li> </ul>	-
"MPC9E" on page 135	MX2K-MPC9E	-	15.1F7	<ul> <li>15.1F5 with Junos Continuity</li> <li>16.1R1 and later</li> </ul>	<ul><li>15.1F5 with Junos Continuity</li><li>16.1R1 and later</li></ul>	-
"MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate)" on page 136	MX00034CZ03	-	-	-	-	17.3

### Documentation

- **Related** MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
  - MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26
  - MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
  - MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18
  - Junos Continuity Software Overview
  - Pathfinder: Hardware Supported by Junos Continuity Software

### **CHAPTER 4**

### MICs Supported on MX Series Routers

- MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
- MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18
- MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26

### **MX Series MIC Overview**

MICs provide the physical connections to various network media types. MICs allow different physical interfaces to be supported on a single line card. You can install MICs of different media types on the same router as long as the router supports those MICs.

MICs receive incoming packets from the network and transmit outgoing packets to the network. During this process, each MIC performs framing and high-speed signaling for its media type. MICs install into Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) which provide packet forwarding services. Before transmitting outgoing data packets through the MIC interfaces, the Modular Port Concentrator (MPCs) encapsulate the packets received. Each MPC is equipped with up to four Junos Trio chipsets, which perform control functions tailored to the MPC's media type.

MICs and MPCs function similarly to PICs and FPCs. MICs are hot-removable and hot-insertable. You can install up to two MICs of different media types in the same MPC as long as the MPC supports those MICs. Depending on the MX router chassis, the MICs install vertically or horizontally into MPCs, or directly into the MX router chassis as follows:

- Vertically into MPCs— MX960, MX2008, MX2010, and MX2020 routers
- Horizontally into MPCs—MX10003, MX480, and MX240 routers
- Directly into the router chassis—MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers



NOTE: The MX80 router is available as a modular (MX80) or fixed (MX80-48T) chassis. Both chassis have a fixed Modular Interface Card (MIC) that has 310-Gigabit Ethernet ports. The fixed MX80 router has an additional 4810/100/1000Base-T RJ45 ports. The modular chassis has two dedicated slots for MICs.

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### Related Documentation

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18
- MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

### MICs Supported by MX Series Routers

The following tables list the first supported Junos OS release for the MX Series.

- Table 5 on page 18 lists the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX240, MX480, MX960, and MX2008 routers.
- Table 6 on page 20 lists the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX2010 and MX2020 routers.
- Table 7 on page 22 list the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX5, MX10, and MX40 routers.
- Table 8 on page 24 lists the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX80 and MX104 routers.
- Table 9 on page 26 lists the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX10003 router.

Table 5: MICs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960 and MX2008 Routers

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	MX2008 Routers
ATM				
"ATM MIC with SFP" on page 140	MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM	8	12.1	15.1F7
DS3/E3				
"DS3/E3 MIC" on page 143	MIC-3D-8DS3-E3,	8	11.4	15.1F7
	MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B			
Circuit Emulation				
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 188	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	16	12.3	15.1F7
Gigabit Ethernet				
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 147	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	20	10.1	15.1F7
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 150	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	20	13.3	15.1F7

Table 5: MICs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960 and MX2008 Routers (continued)

			MX240, MX480, and MX960	11/2022
MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	Routers	MX2008 Routers
10-Gigabit Ethernet				
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 155	MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	2	10.2	15.1F7
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 155	MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP	4	10.1	15.1F7
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports)" on page 157	MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP	10	12.3	15.1F7
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 159	MIC6-10G	24	-	15.1F7
"10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 160	MIC6-10G-OTN	24	-	15.1F7
40-Gigabit Ethernet				
"40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+" on page 162	MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP	2	12.2	15.1F7
100-Gigabit Ethernet				
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP" on page 163	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP	1	12.1	15.1F7
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP" on page 165	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP	1	12.2	15.1F7
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports)" on page 166	MIC6-100G-CXP	4	-	15.1F7
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2" on page 167	MIC6-100G-CFP2	2	-	15.1F7
100-Gigabit DWDM OTN				
"100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with CFP2-ACO" on page 169	MIC3-100G-DWDM	1	15.1F5 15.1F6 17.1R1	15.1F7
Multi-Rate				
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 202	MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48	4	11.2	15.1F7

Table 5: MICs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960 and MX2008 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	MX2008 Routers
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 202	MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48	8	11.2	15.1F7
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 178	MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12	4	11.4	15.1F7
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 178	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12	8	11.4	15.1F7
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	4	12.2	15.1F7
"MIC MRATE" on page 198 (12-Port Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+)	MIC-MRATE	12	-	15.1F7
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 206 (12-Port Multi-Rate MACsec MIC with QSFP+)	MIC-MACSEC-MRATE	12		17.4
Tri-Rate				
"Tri-Rate MIC" on page 194	MIC-3D-40GE-TX	40	10.2	15.1F7
Services				
"Multiservices MIC" on page 200	MS-MIC-16G	0	13.2	15.1F7
SONET/SDH				
"SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 209	MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP	1	12.2	15.1F7

### Table 6: MICs Supported by MX2010 and MX2020 Routers

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX2010 Routers	MX2020 Routers
ATM				
"ATM MIC with SFP" on page 140	MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM	8	12.3	12.3
DS3/E3				
"DS3/E3 MIC" on page 143	MIC-3D-8DS3-E3,	8	12.3	12.3
	MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B			

Table 6: MICs Supported by MX2010 and MX2020 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX2010 Routers	MX2020 Routers
Circuit Emulation				
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 188	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	16	_	_
Gigabit Ethernet				
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 147	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	20	12.3	12.3
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 150	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	20	13.3	13.3
10-Gigabit Ethernet				
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 155	MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	2	12.3	12.3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 155	MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP	4	12.3	12.3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports)" on page 157	MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP	10	12.3	12.3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 159	MIC6-10G	24	13.3R2	13.3R2
"10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 160	MIC6-10G-OTN	24	13.3R3	13.3R3
40-Gigabit Ethernet				
"40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+" on page 162	MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP	2	12.3	12.3
100-Gigabit Ethernet				
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP" on page 163	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP	1	12.3	12.3
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP" on page 165	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP	1	12.3	12.3
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports)" on page 166	MIC6-100G-CXP	4	13.3R2	13.3R2
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2" on page 167	MIC6-100G-CFP2	2	13.3R3	13.3R3
100-Gigabit DWDM OTN				

Table 6: MICs Supported by MX2010 and MX2020 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX2010 Routers	MX2020 Routers
"100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with CFP2-ACO" on page 169	MIC3-100G-DWDM	1	15.1F5 15.1F6 17.1R1	15.1F5 15.1F6 17.1R1
Multi-Rate				
"SONET/SDH OC3/STMI (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 202	MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48	4	12.3	12.3
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 202	MIC-3D-8OC3OC12-4OC48	8	12.3	12.3
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 178	MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12	4	12.3	12.3
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 178	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12	8	12.3	12.3
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	4	12.3	12.3
"MIC MRATE" on page 198 (12-Port Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+)	MIC-MRATE	12	<ul><li>15.1F5 with Junos Continuity</li><li>16.1R1 and later</li></ul>	<ul><li>15.1F5 with Junos Continuity</li><li>16.1R1 and later</li></ul>
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 206 (12-Port Multi-Rate MACsec MIC with QSFP+)	MIC-MACSEC-MRATE	12	17.4	17.4
Tri-Rate				
"Tri-Rate MIC" on page 194	MIC-3D-40GE-TX	40	12.3	12.3
Services	_			
"Multiservices MIC" on page 200	MS-MIC-16G	0	13.2	13.2
SONET/SDH				
"SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 209	MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP	1	12.3	12.3

Table 7: MICs Supported by MX5, MX10, and MX40 Routers

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX5	MX10	MX40
ATM					

Table 7: MICs Supported by MX5, MX10, and MX40 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX5	MX10	MX40
"ATM MIC with SFP" on page 140	MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM	8	12.1	12.1	12.1
DS3/E3					
"DS3/E3 MIC" on page 143	MIC-3D-8DS3-E3,	8	11.4	11.4	11.4
	MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B				
Circuit Emulation					
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 188	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	16	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H)" on page 191	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE-H	16	-	-	-
Gigabit Ethernet					
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 147	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	20	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 150	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	20	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH)" on page 154	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-EH	20	-	-	_
10-Gigabit Ethernet					
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 155	MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	2	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4
Multi-Rate					
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 202	MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48	4	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 202	MIC-3D-8OC3OC12-4OC48	8	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 178	MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12	4	11.4	11.4	11.4
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 178	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12	8	11.4	11.4	11.4
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	4	12.2	12.2	12.2

Table 7: MICs Supported by MX5, MX10, and MX40 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX5	MX10	MX40
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H)" on page 185	MIC-4COC3-1COC12-CE-H	-	-	-	-
Tri-Rate					
"Tri-Rate MIC" on page 194	MIC-3D-40GE-TX	40	-	11.2R4	11.2R4
Services					
"Multiservices MIC" on page 200	MS-MIC-16G	0	13.2	13.2	13.2
			Rear slot only.	Rear slot only.	Rear slot only.
SONET/SDH					
"SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 209	MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP	1	12.2	12.2	12.2

Table 8: MICs Supported by MX80 and MX104 Routers

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX80	MX104
ATM			'	
"ATM MIC with SFP" on page 140	MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM	8	12.1	13.3
DS3/E3				
"DS3/E3 MIC" on page 143	MIC-3D-8DS3-E3,	8	11.4	13.3
	MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B			
Circuit Emulation				
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 188	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	16	13.2R2	13.2R2
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H)" on page 191	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE-H	16	-	13.2R2
Gigabit Ethernet				
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 147	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	20	10.2	13.2R2
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 150	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	20	13.2R2	13.2R2
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH)" on page 154	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-EH	20	-	13.2R2
10-Gigabit Ethernet				

Table 8: MICs Supported by MX80 and MX104 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX80	MX104
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 155	MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	2	10.2	13.2R2
Multi-Rate				
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 202	MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48	4	11.2	13.3
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 202	MIC-3D-8OC3OC12-4OC48	8	11.2	13.3
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 178	MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12	4	11.4	13.3
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 178	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12	8	11.4	13.3
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	4	12.2	13.2R2
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H)" on page 185	MIC-4COC3-1COC12-CE-H	-	-	13.2R2
Tri-Rate				
"Tri-Rate MIC" on page 194	MIC-3D-40GE-TX	40	10.2	13.2R2
Services				
"Multiservices MIC" on page 200	MS-MIC-16G	0	13.2	13.3R2
			Rear slot only. Supported on the modular MX80 and fixed MX80-48T	NOTE Starting From Junos OS 13.3R3, 14.1R2, and 14.2R1, MX104 supports only two Multiservices MICs.
SONET/SDH				
"SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 209	MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP	1	12.2	13.3

Table 9: MICs Supported by MX10003 Router

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX10003
Multi-Rate			
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 206 (12-Port Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+)	JNP-MIC1	12	17.3
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 206 (12-Port Multi-Rate MACsec MIC with QSFP+)	JNP-MIC1-MACSEC	12	17.3R2

#### Related Documentation

- **Related** MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
  - MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26

### MIC/MPC Compatibility

The following tables provide a compatibility matrix for the MICs currently supported by MPC1, MPC2, MPC3, MPC6, MPC8, and MPC9 on MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 routers. Each table lists the first Junos OS release in which the MPC supports the MIC. For example, Junos OS Release 10.2 is the first release in which the MX-MPC1-3D supports the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP. An en dash indicates that the MIC is not supported.

Table 10: MIC/MPC1 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC1	MPC1E	MPC1 Q	MPC1E Q
MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM  ("ATM MIC with SFP" on page 140)	-	-	12.1	12.1R4
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP  ("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 147)	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E ("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 150)	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2
MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP  ("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 155)	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4

Table 10: MIC/MPC1 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC1	MPC1E	MPC1 Q	MPC1E Q
MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP ("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 155)	-	-	_	_
MIC-3D-40GE-TX ("Tri-Rate MIC" on page 194)	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4
MIC-3D-40C30C12-10C48, MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48 ("SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 202)	11.2	11.2R4	11.2	11.2R4
MIC-3D-4COC3-ICOC12-CE  ("Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 183)	_	_	12.2	12.2
MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP ("SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 209)	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2
MIC-3D-4QHOC3-2CHOC12, MIC-3D-8QHOC3-4QHOC12 MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G, MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G ("Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 178)	-	-	11.4	11.4
MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE ("Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 188)	NOTE: Support for Non-Channelized MIC only.	NOTE: Support for Non-Channelized MIC only.	12.3	12.3

Table 10: MIC/MPC1 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC1	MPC1E	MPC1 Q	MPC1E Q
MIC-3D-8DS3-E3, MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
("DS3/E3 MIC" on page 143)				
NOTE: You cannot run Channelized DS3 (MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3) on non-Q MPCs. Channelized DS3 is supported only on Q and EQ-based MPCs.				
MS-MIC-16G	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.2
("Multiservices MIC" on page 200)				

### Table 11: MIC/MPC2 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC2	MPCZE	MPC2E NG	MPC2 Q	MPC2E Q	MPC2 EQ	MPC2E EQ	MPC2E P	MPC2E NG Q
("ATM MIC with SFP" on page 140)	_	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	12.1	12.1R4	12.1	12.1R4	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 147)	10.1	11.2R4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	10.1	11.2R4	10.1	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 150)	13.2R2	13.2R2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1

Table 11: MIC/MPC2 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC2	MPCZE	MPC2E NG	MPC2 Q	MPC2E Q	MPC2 EQ	MPC2E EQ	MPC2E P	MPC2E NG Q
MEDIXEP  ("10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP" on page 155)	10.2	11.2R4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
MEDATENP  ("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 155)	10.1	11.2R4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	10.1	11.2R4	10.1	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
MEDATEIX ("Tri-Rate MIC" on page 194)	10.2	11.2R4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
(SONETSCHOOLS)  (SONETSCHOOC3/STMI (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 202)	11.4	11.4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	-	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
('Chamelized OC3/STMI (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 183)	_	_	-	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
(SONET/SEH) OUS2/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 209)	12.2	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity

Table 11: MIC/MPC2 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC2	MPCZE	MPC2E NG	MPC2 Q	MPC2E Q	MPC2 EQ	MPC2E EQ	MPC2E P	MPC2E NG Q				
NARRATEGO ZATEGOZ NARRATEGO ZATEGOZ	_	_	15.1 with flexible	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	_	15.1				
MB4CO34COJE5			queuing						14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity				
('Chamelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 178)									·				
MEDIOHIKE ("Channelized	13.2 NOE Sipple	13.2 NOE Signato	15.1 with flexible queuing	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.3	-	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos				
E1/T1 Circuit	for Notand	for Notandel	option						Continuity				
Emulation MIC" on page 188)	MIC only.	MIC only.							15.1				
MCEDEDSSES, MCEDSCHOSEEB	11.4	11.4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos				
("DS3/E3 MIC" on page 143)		Con <sup>1</sup>		Continuity	•		•						Continuity 15.1
NOTE: You cannot run Channelized DS3 (MEXCHSE) on non-Q													
MPCs. Channelized DS3 is supported only on Q and EQ-based MPCs.													

Table 11: MIC/MPC2 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC2	MPCZE	MPC2E NG	MPC2 Q	MPC2E Q	MPC2 EQ	MPC2E EQ	MPC2E P	MPC2E NG Q
MS-MIC-16G (*Multiservices MIC" on page 200)	13.2	13.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
NOTE Only one MS-MC-16G can be installed into any MPC.			15.1						15.1

### Table 12: MIC/MPC3 Compatibility

MIC Name	мрсзе	MPC3E NG	MPC3E NG Q
MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("ATM MIC with SFP" on page 140)		15.1	15.1
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	12.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 147)		15.1	15.1
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	13.2R2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 150)		15.1	15.1
MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP	12.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP" on page 163)		15.1	15.1
MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 155)		15.1	15.1
MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP	-	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 155)		15.1	15.1
MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP	12.3	14.1R4, 14.2 R3 and Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports)" on page 157)		15.1	15.1

Table 12: MIC/MPC3 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	МРСЗЕ	MPC3E NG	MPC3E NG Q
MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP  ("40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+" on page 162)	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP  ("100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP" on page 165)	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
MIC3-100G-DWDM  ("100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with CFP2-ACO" on page 169)	15.1F5 15.1F6 17.1R1	15.1F5 15.1F6 17.1R1	15.1F5 15.1F6 17.1R1
MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48  MIC-3D-8OC3OC12-4OC48  ("SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 202)	13.3	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-10C192-XFP ("SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 209)	13.3	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE  ("Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 183)	_	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE ("Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 188)	_	15.1 with flexible queuing option	15.1
MS-MIC-16G  ("Multiservices MIC" on page 200)  NOTE: On MPC3E, the installation of the Multiservices MIC (MS-MIC-16G) with MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP, MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP, or MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP does not meet the NEBS criteria.  NOTE: Only one MS-MIC-16G can be installed into any MPC.	13.2R2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1

### Table 12: MIC/MPC3 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	МРС3Е	MPC3E NG	MPC3E NG Q
MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48, MIC-3D-8OC3OC12-4OC48	12.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 202		15.1	15.1
MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12, MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G, MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G "Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 178	_	15.1 with flexible queuing option	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-8DS3-E3, MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B "DS3/E3 MIC" on page 143	12.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
NOTE: You cannot run Channelized DS3 (MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3) on non-Q MPCs. Channelized DS3 is supported only on Q and EQ-based MPCs.		15.1	15.1

### Table 13: MIC/MPC6 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC6E
MIC6-10G	13.3R2
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 159	
MIC6-10G-OTN	13.3R3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 160	
MIC6-100G-CXP	13.3R2
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports)" on page 166	
MIC6-100G-CFP2	13.3R3
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2" on page 167	

### Table 14: MIC/MPC8 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC8E
MIC-MRATE	• 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity
"MIC MRATE" on page 198	• 16.1R1
MIC-MACSEC-MRATE	17.4
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 206	

### Table 15: MIC/MPC9 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC9E
MIC-MRATE	• 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity
"MIC MRATE" on page 198	• 16.1R1
MIC-MACSEC-MRATE	17.4
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 206	

### Table 16: MIC/MPC10003 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC10003
JNP-MIC1	17.3
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 206	
JNP-MIC1-MACSEC	17.3R2
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 206	

- MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18
- Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

### **CHAPTER 5**

# FPCs and PICs Supported on MX Series Routers

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- High Availability Features on page 36
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

### MX Series FPC and PIC Overview

Flexible PIC Concentrators (FPCs) and Physical Interface Cards (PICs) function similarly to MICs and MPCs. PICs provide physical interfaces for the router and install into FPCs which provide packet forwarding services. Each FPC supports up to two Physical Interface Cards (PICs). You can install PICs of different media types on the same router as long as the router supports those PICs.

PICs receive incoming packets from the network and transmit outgoing packets to the network. During this process, each PIC performs framing and high-speed signaling for its media type. Before transmitting outgoing data packets, the PICs encapsulate the packets received. Each PIC is equipped with a media-specific ASIC that performs control functions tailored to the PIC's media type.

An FPC occupies two Dense Port Concentrator (DPC) slots on an MX Series router. FPCs install vertically in the MX960 router chassis, and horizontally in the MX480 and MX240 router chassis. The maximum number of supported FPCs varies per router:

- MX960 router-6 FPCs
- MX480 router-3 FPCs
- MX240 router—1 FPC

MX240, MX480, and MX960 3D Universal Edge Routers support 2 PICs per FPC. The maximum number of supported PICs varies per router:

- MX960 router-12 PICs
- MX480 router-6 PICs
- MX240 router-2 PICs

Blank PICs resemble other PICs but do not provide any physical connection or activity. When a slot is not occupied by a PIC, you must insert a blank PIC to fill the empty slot and ensure proper cooling of the system.

### Related Documentation

- High Availability Features on page 36
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

### High Availability Features

High availability features include Routing Engine redundancy, graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES), nonstop bridging, nonstop active routing, graceful restart for routing protocols, Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP), and unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU). Some high availability features are not supported by all platforms and all PICs. For more information, see the *Unified ISSU System Requirements* in the *Junos OS High Availability Library for Routing Devices*.

### Related Documentation

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

### FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

An FPC occupies two slots when installed in an MX240, MX480, or MX960 router. The maximum number of supported FPCs varies per router:

- MX960 router-6 FPCs
- MX480 router—3 FPCs
- MX240 router-1 FPC

Table 17 on page 36 lists FPCs supported by MX Series routers.

Table 17: FPCs Supported by MX Series Routers

FPC Type	FPC Name	FPC Model Number	Maximum Number of PICs Supported	Maximum Throughput per FPC (Full-duplex)	First Junos OS Release
3	FPC3	MX-FPC3	2	20 Gbps	9.4
2	FPC2	MX-FPC2	2	10 Gbps	9.5

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

• High Availability Features on page 36

### PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

Table 18 on page 37 lists the PICs supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.

Table 18: PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

PIC Name	PIC Model Number	Ports	Type	First Junos OS Release
Channelized IQ PICs				
"Channelized OC12/STM4 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP" on page 213	PB-4CHOC12-STM4-IQE-SFP	4	2	9.5
"Channelized OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP" on page 214	PB-1CHOC48-STM16-IQE	1	2	9.5
SONET/SDH PICs				
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP" on page 220	PB-4OC3-1OC12-SON2-SFP	4	2	9.5
"SONET/SDH OC12/STM4 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP" on page 223	PB-4OC3-4OC12-SON-SFP	4	2	9.5
"SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP" on page 226	PC-4OC48-STM16-IQE-SFP	4	3	10.4R2
"SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP" on page 230	PB-10C48-SON-B-SFP	1	2	9.5
"SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 PIC with SFP" on page 233	PC-4OC48-SON-SFP	4	3	9.4
"SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC" on page 236	PC-10C192-SON-VSR	1	3	9.4
"SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC with XFP" on page 239	PC-10C192-SON-XFP	1	3	9.4

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- High Availability Features on page 36

### **CHAPTER 6**

### Network Interface Specifications

- Determining Transceiver Support and Specifications on page 39
- Cable and Connector Specifications for MX Series and PTX Series Devices on page 40

### **Determining Transceiver Support and Specifications**

You can find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device by using the Hardware Compatibility Tool. In addition to transceiver and connector type, the optical and cable characteristics—where applicable—are documented for each transceiver. The Hardware Compatibility Tool allows you to search by product, displaying all the transceivers supported on that device, or category, displaying all the transceivers by interface speed or type. The Hardware Compatibility Tool is located at <a href="https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/">https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/</a>.

Some transceivers support additional monitoring using the operational mode CLI command **show interfaces diagnostics optics**. Use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to determine if your transceiver supports monitoring. See the Junos OS documentation for your device for a description of the monitoring fields.



CAUTION: If you face a problem running a Juniper Networks device that uses a third-party optic or cable, the Juniper Networks Technical Assistance Center (JTAC) can help you diagnose the source of the problem. Your JTAC engineer might recommend that you check the third-party optic or cable and potentially replace it with an equivalent Juniper Networks optic or cable that is qualified for the device.

- show interfaces diagnostics optics (Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, 40-Gigabit Ethernet, 100-Gigabit Ethernet, and Virtual Chassis Port)
- show interfaces diagnostics optics (SONET)
- show interfaces diagnostics optics
- · show interfaces diagnostics optics
- · show interfaces diagnostics optics

### Cable and Connector Specifications for MX Series and PTX Series Devices

The transceivers that are supported on MX Series and PTX Series devices use fiber-optic cables and connectors. The type of connector and the type of fiber depends on the transceiver type.

You can determine the type of cable and connector required for your specific transceiver by using the Hardware Compatibility Tool.



CAUTION: To maintain agency approvals, use only a properly constructed, shielded cable.

1

NOTE: The terms multifiber push-on (MPO) and multifiber termination push-on (MTP) describe the same connector type. The rest of this topic uses MPO to mean MPO or MTP.

The following sections provide details about different cable and connector types:

- 12-Fiber MPO Connectors on page 40
- 24-Fiber MPO Connectors on page 44
- LC Duplex Connectors on page 45

#### 12-Fiber MPO Connectors

There are two types of cables used with 12-fiber MPO connectors on Juniper Networks devices—patch cables with MPO connectors on both ends, and breakout cables with an MPO connector on one end and four LC duplex connectors on the opposite end. Depending on the application, the cables might use single-mode fiber (SMF) or multimode fiber (MMF). Juniper Networks sells cables that meet the supported transceiver requirements, but it is not required to purchase cables from Juniper Networks.

Ensure that you order cables with the correct polarity. Vendors refer to these crossover cables as *key up to key up*, *latch up to latch up*, *Type B*, or *Method B*. If you are using patch panels between two transceivers, ensure that the proper polarity is maintained through the cable plant.

Also, ensure that the fiber end in the connector is finished correctly. Physical contact (PC) refers to fiber that has been polished flat. Angled physical contact (APC) refers to fiber that has been polished at an angle. Ultra physical contact (UPC) refers to fiber that has been polished flat, to a finer finish. The required fiber end is listed with the connector type in the Hardware Compatibility Tool.

- 12-Fiber Ribbon Patch Cables with MPO Connectors on page 41
- 12-Fiber Ribbon Breakout Cables with MPO-to-LC Duplex Connectors on page 42
- 12-Ribbon Patch and Breakout Cables Available from Juniper Networks on page 43

### 12-Fiber Ribbon Patch Cables with MPO Connectors

You can use 12-ribbon patch cables with female MPO connectors to connect two transceivers of the same type—for example, 40GBASE-SR4-to-40GBASESR4 or 100GBASE-SR4-to-100GBASE-SR4. You can also connect 4x10GBASE-LR or 4x10GBASE-SR transceivers by using patch cables—for example, 4x10GBASE-LR-to-4x10GBASE-LR or 4x10GBASE-SR-to-4x10GBASE-SR—instead of breaking the signal out into four separate signals.

Table 19 on page 41 describes the signals on each fiber. Table 20 on page 41 shows the pin-to-pin connections for proper polarity.

Table 19: Cable Signals for 12-Fiber Ribbon Patch Cables

Fiber	Signal
1	Tx0 (Transmit)
2	Tx1 (Transmit)
3	Tx2 (Transmit)
4	Tx3 (Transmit)
5	Unused
6	Unused
7	Unused
8	Unused
9	Rx3 (Receive)
10	Rx2 (Receive)
11	Rx1 (Receive)
12	RxO (Receive)

Table 20: Cable Pinouts for 12-Fiber Ribbon Patch Cables

MPO Pin	MPO Pin
1	12
2	11
3	10

Table 20: Cable Pinouts for 12-Fiber Ribbon Patch Cables (continued)

MPO Pin	MPO Pin
4	9
5	8
6	7
7	6
8	5
9	4
10	3
11	2
12	1

### 12-Fiber Ribbon Breakout Cables with MPO-to-LC Duplex Connectors

You can use 12-fiber ribbon breakout cables with MPO-to-LC duplex connectors to connect a QSFP+ transceiver to four separate SFP+ transceivers—for example, 4x10GBASE-LR-to-10GBASE-LR or 4x10GBASE-SR-to-10GBASE-SR SFP+ transceivers. The breakout cable is constructed out of a 12-fiber ribbon fiber-optic cable. The ribbon cable splits from a single cable with a female MPO connector on one end, into four cable pairs with four LC duplex connectors on the opposite end.

Table 21 on page 42 describes the way the fibers are connected between the MPO and LC duplex connectors. The cable signals are the same as those described in Table 19 on page 41.

Table 21: Cable Pinouts for 12-Fiber Ribbon Breakout Cables

MPO Connector Pin	LC Duplex Connector Pin
1	Tx on LC Duplex 1
2	Tx on LC Duplex 2
3	Tx on LC Duplex 3
4	Tx on LC Duplex 4
5	Unused
6	Unused

Table 21: Cable Pinouts for 12-Fiber Ribbon Breakout Cables (continued)

MPO Connector Pin	LC Duplex Connector Pin
7	Unused
8	Unused
9	Rx on LC Duplex 4
10	Rx on LC Duplex 3
11	Rx on LC Duplex 2
12	Rx on LC Duplex 1

### 12-Ribbon Patch and Breakout Cables Available from Juniper Networks

Juniper Networks sells 12-ribbon patch and breakout cables with MPO connectors that meet the requirements described above. It is not required to purchase cables from Juniper Networks. Table 22 on page 43 describes the available cables.

Table 22: 12-Ribbon Patch and Breakout Cables Available from Juniper Networks

Cable Type	Connector Type	Fiber Type	Cable Length	Juniper Model Number
12-ribbon patch		MMF (OM3)	1 m	MTP12-FF-M1M
	up to key up		3 m	MTP12-FF-M3M
			5 m	MTP12-FF-M5M
			10 m	MTP12-FF-M10M
	Female MPO/APC to female MPO/APC, key up to key up	SMF /	1 m	MTP12-FF-S1M
			3 m	MTP12-FF-S3M
			5 m	MTP12-FF-S5M
			10 m	MTP12-FF-S10M

Table 22: 12-Ribbon Patch and Breakout Cables Available from Juniper Networks (continued)

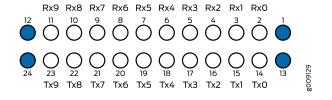
Cable Type	Connector Type	Fiber Type	Cable Length	Juniper Model Number
12-ribbon breakout		MMF (OM3)	1 m	MTP-4LC-MIM
	duplex		3 m	MTP-4LC-M3M
			5 m	MTP-4LC-M5M
			10 m	MTP-4LC-M10M
	Female MPO/APC, key up, to four LC/UPC duplex	SMF	1 m	MTP-4LC-SIM
			3 m	MTP-4LC-S3M
			5 m	MTP-4LC-S5M
			10 m	MTP-4LC-S10M

### 24-Fiber MPO Connectors

You can use patch cables with 24-fiber MPO connectors to connect two supported transceivers of the same type—for example, 100GBASE-SR10-to-100GBASE-SR10.

Figure 1 on page 44 shows the 24-fiber MPO optical lane assignments.

Figure 1: 24-Fiber MPO Optical Lane Assignments





NOTE: Ensure that you order cables with the correct polarity. Vendors refer to these crossover cables as *key up to key up*, *latch up to latch up*, *Type B*, or *Method B*. If you are using patch panels between two transceivers, ensure that the proper polarity is maintained through the cable plant.

The MPO optical connector for the CFP2-100G-SR10-D3 is defined in Section 5.6 of the CFP2 Hardware Specification and Section 88.10.3 of IEEE STD 802.3-2012. These specifications include the following requirements:

- Recommended Option A in IEEE STD 802.3-2012 is required.
- The transceiver receptacle is male. A patch cable with female connector is required to mate with the module.

- Ferrule finish shall be flat polished interface that is compliant with IEC 61754-7.
- Alignment key is key up.

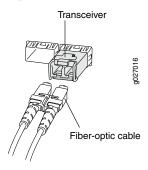
The optical interface must meet the requirement FT-1435-CORE in *Generic Requirements* for *Multi-Fiber Optical Connectors*. The module must pass wiggle test defined by IEC 62150-3.

### **LC Duplex Connectors**

You can use patch cables with LC duplex connectors to connect two supported transceivers of the same type—for example, 40GBASE-LR4-to-40GBASE-LR4 or 100GBASE-LR4-to100GBASE-LR4. The patch cable is one fiber pair with two LC duplex connectors at opposite ends. LC duplex connectors are also used with 12-fiber ribbon breakout cables, as described in "12-Fiber Ribbon Breakout Cables with MPO-to-LC Duplex Connectors" on page 42.

Figure 2 on page 45 shows an LC duplex connector being installed in a transceiver.

Figure 2: LC Duplex Connector



### PART 2

## DPC, MPC, MIC, and PIC Descriptions

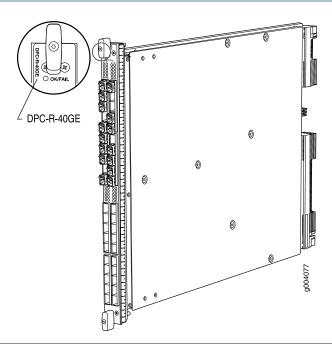
- MX Series DPC Descriptions on page 49
- MX Series MPC Descriptions on page 83
- MX Series MIC Descriptions on page 139
- MX Series PIC Descriptions on page 213

### **CHAPTER 7**

### MX Series DPC Descriptions

- Gigabit Ethernet DPC with SFP on page 50
- Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP on page 52
- Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP on page 54
- Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with SFP on page 56
- Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs with SFP on page 58
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet DPC with XFP on page 61
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPCs with XFP on page 63
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with XFP on page 65
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with XFP on page 67
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with XFP on page 69
- Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP and XFP on page 71
- Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP and XFP on page 73
- Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with SFP and XFP on page 75
- Multiservices DPC on page 77
- Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC on page 79
- Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC on page 81

### Gigabit Ethernet DPC with SFP



#### Software release

- Junos OS Release 8.2 and later
- End-of-life (see notification PSN-2009-06-400)

#### Description

- 40 Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 6.98 A @ 48 V (335 W)
- Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
- Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network
- Model number: DPC-R-40GE-SFP
- Name in the CLI: DPC 40x 1GE R

### Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
- · Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

### Software features

- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 297 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

#### Interfaces

#### Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports)
- port: 0 through 9

For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the top right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.

#### **LEDs**

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—DPC has failed.

Link LED, one green per port:

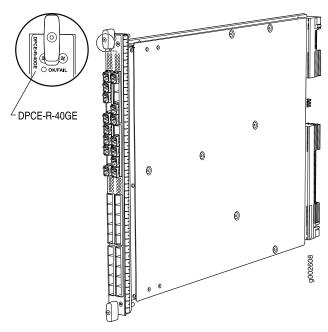
- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:

- 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
- 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
- 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
- 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
- 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
- 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
- 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
- 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

### Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP



Software release	Junos OS Release 8.4 and later
Description	<ul> <li>40 Gigabit Ethernet ports</li> <li>Power requirement: 6.98 A @ 48 V (335 W)</li> <li>Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)</li> <li>Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network</li> <li>Model number: DPCE-R-40GE-SFP</li> <li>Name in the CLI: DPCE 40x 1GE R</li> </ul>
Hardware features	<ul> <li>High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps</li> <li>Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners</li> <li>Full-duplex mode</li> <li>Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes</li> <li>Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features</li> </ul>
Software features	<ul> <li>Optical diagnostics and related alarms</li> <li>See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 297 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.</li> </ul>

Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports) when installed horizontally
- port: 0 through 9

For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the top right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.

For information on the interface numbering, see the *DPC Port and Interface Numbering* topic for the respective MX router.

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.

### **LEDs**

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

Link LED, one green per port:

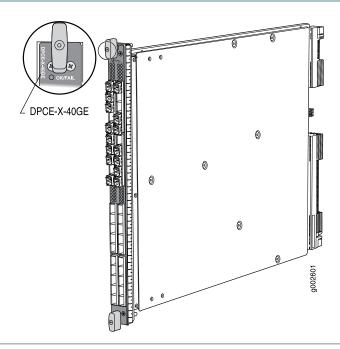
- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:

- 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
- 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
- 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
- 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
- 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
- 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
- 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
- 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP



## Software release

• Junos OS Release 8.4 and later

## Description

- 40 Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 6.98 A @ 48 V (335 W)
- Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
- $\bullet \quad \text{Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network}\\$
- Model number: DPCE-X-40GE-SFP
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 40x 1GE X

## Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
- Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

## Software features

- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)" on page 303 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

NOTE: The routing table is limited to 32,000 IP routes. This limitation applies to any manner in which the routes are learned, such as OSPF, RIP, and so on. The DPC supports BGP for L2 VPNs only.

Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports)
- port: 0 through 9

For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the top right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed in slot 1

## Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.

### **LEDs**

### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

Link LED, one green per port:

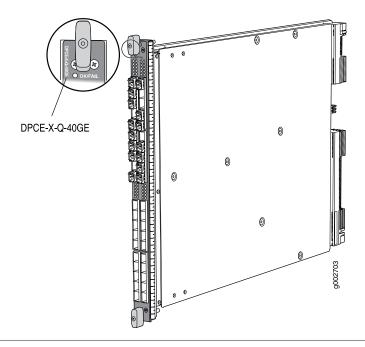
- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:

- 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
- 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
- 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
- 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
- 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
- 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
- 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
- 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with SFP



## Software release

• Junos OS Release 8.5 and later

# Description

- 40 Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 7.6 A @ 48 V (365 W)
- Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
- Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network
- Model number: DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 40x 1GE X EQ

# Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
- Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

## Software features

- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q)" on page 312 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

NOTE: The routing table is limited to 32,000 IP routes. This limitation applies to any manner in which the routes are learned, such as OSPF, RIP, and so on. The DPC supports BGP for L2 VPNs only.

Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports)
- port: 0 through 9

For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the top right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed in slot 1

## Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.

### **LEDs**

### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

Link LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:

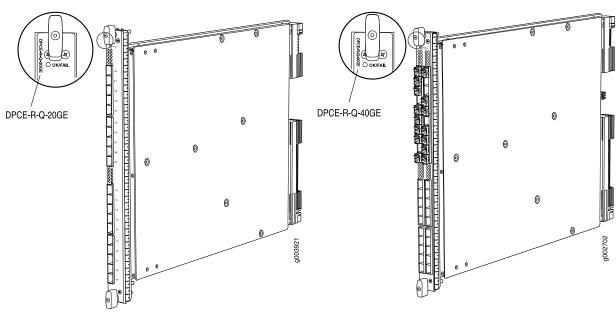
- 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
- 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
- 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
- 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
- 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
- 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
- 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
- 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs with SFP

Figure 3: 20-Port Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with SFP

Figure 4: 40-Port Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with SFP



## Software release

- 20-port: Junos OS Release 9.1 and later
- 40-port: Junos OS Release 8.5 and later
   End-of-life (see notification PSN-2011-07-314)

## Description

## 20-port:

- 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 4.2 A @ 48 V (200 W)
- Weight: 13 lb (5.9 kg)
- Model number: DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 20x 1GE R EQ

# 40-port:

- 40 Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 7.6 A @ 48 V (365 W)
- Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
- Model number: DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 40x 1GE R EQ

# Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
- Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

## Software features

- · Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)" on page 307 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

### Interfaces

Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic
  - 20-port: 0 (left row of 10 ports), or 1 (right row of 10 ports)
  - 40-port: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports)
- port: 0 through 9

For example, ge-1/1/0 is the interface for port 0 in the (top for 40-port) right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.

## Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.

# LEDs

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

Link LED, one green per port:

- Off—No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

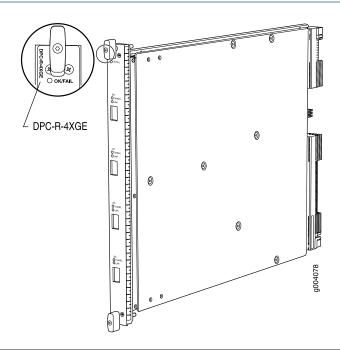
The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:

- 20-port:
  - 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
  - 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
  - 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
  - 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
- 40-port:
  - 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
  - 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
  - 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
  - 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
  - 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
  - 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
  - 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
  - 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9

# Related Documentation

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# 10-Gigabit Ethernet DPC with XFP



# Software release

- Junos OS Release 8.2 and later
- End-of-life (see notification PSN-2009-06-400)

## Description

- Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 6.46 A @ 48 V (310 W)
- Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
- Model number: DPC-R-4XGE-XFP
- Name in the CLI: DPC 4x 10GE R

## Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

## Software features

- Configurable WAN-PHY mode options
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 297 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic: 0 through 3
- port: 0

For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for the last port on a DPC installed in slot 1.

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at

https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

## **LEDs**

### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

TUNNEL LED, one green per port:

- Off-Normal operating mode.
- On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.

LINK LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

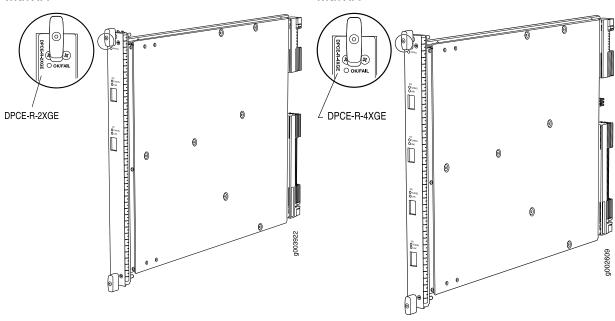
The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom 0/0 through 3/0.

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPCs with XFP

Figure 5: 2-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC with XFP

Figure 6: 4-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC with XFP



# Software release

- 2-port: Junos OS Release 9.1 and later
   End-of-life (see notification PSN-2011-02-314)
- 4-port: Junos OS Release 8.4 and later

## Description

## 2-port:

- Two 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 3.65 A @ 48 V (175 W)
- Weight: 12 lb (5.4 kg)
- Model number: DPCE-R-2XGE-XFP
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 2x 10GE R

# 4-port:

- Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 6.46 A @ 48 V (310 W)
- Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
- Model number: DPCE-R-4XGE-XFP
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 4x 10GE R

### Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

## Software features

- Configurable WAN-PHY mode options
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 297 for information about the protocols and applications that these DPCs support.

## Interfaces

Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:

- · fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic:
  - 2-port: 0 or 1
  - 4-port: 0 through 3
- port: 0

For example, xe-1/0/0 is the interface for the first port on a DPC installed in slot 1.

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

# LEDs

# OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

TUNNEL LED, one green per port:

- Off-Normal operating mode.
- On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.

LINK LED, one green per port:

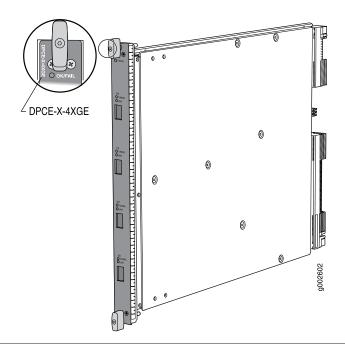
- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

The  ${\bf TUNNEL}$  and  ${\bf LINK}$  LEDs are labeled top to bottom:

- 2-port: **0/0** through **1/0**
- 4-port: 0/0 through 3/0

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with XFP



Software release

• Junos OS Release 8.4 and later

## Description

- Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 6.46 A @ 48 V (310 W)
- Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
- Model number: DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 4x 10GE X

## Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

## Software features

- Configurable WAN-PHY mode options
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)" on page 303 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

NOTE: The routing table is limited to 32,000 IP routes. This limitation applies to any manner in which the routes are learned, such as OSPF, RIP, and so on. The DPC supports BGP for L2 VPNs only.

Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic: 0 through 3
- port: 0

For example, xe-1/0/0 is the interface for the first port on a DPC installed in slot 1.

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at

https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

## **LEDs**

### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

TUNNEL LED, one green per port:

- Off-Normal operating mode.
- On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.

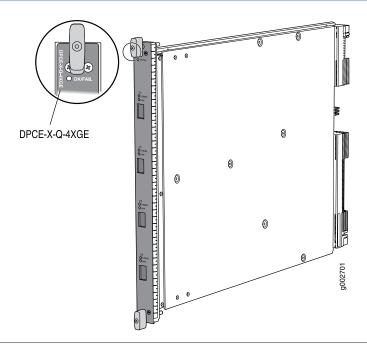
LINK LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom 0/0 through 3/0.

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with XFP



## Software release

• Junos OS Release 8.5 and later

# Description

- Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 6.87 A @ 48 V (330 W)
- Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
- Model number: DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 4x 10GE X EQ

# Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

## Software features

- Configurable WAN-PHY mode options
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q)" on page 312 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

NOTE: The routing table is limited to 32,000 IP routes. This limitation applies to any manner in which the routes are learned, such as OSPF, RIP, and so on. The DPC supports BGP for L2 VPNs only.

Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic: 0 through 3
- port: 0

For example, xe-1/0/0 is the interface for the first port on a DPC installed in slot 1.

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at

https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

## **LEDs**

### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

TUNNEL LED, one green per port:

- Off-Normal operating mode.
- On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.

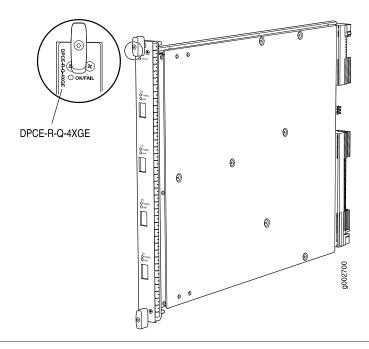
LINK LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom 0/0 through 3/0.

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with XFP



## Software release

- Junos OS Release 8.5 and later
- End-of-life (see notification PSN-2011-07-314)

## Description

- Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 6.87 A @ 48 V (330 W)
- Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
- Model number: DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 4x 10GE R EQ

## Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

## Software features

- Configurable WAN-PHY mode options
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)" on page 307 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

## Interfaces

Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic: 0 through 3
- port: 0

For example, xe-1/0/0 is the interface for the first port on a DPC installed in slot 1.

## Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

## **LEDs**

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

## **TUNNEL** LED, one green per port:

- Off-Normal operating mode.
- On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.

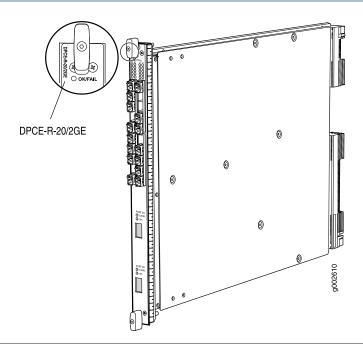
## LINK LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom 0/0 through 3/0.

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP and XFP



## Software release

• Junos OS Release 9.2 and later

# Description

- 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports
- 210-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 6.94 A @ 48 V (333 W)
- Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
- Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network
- Model number: DPCE-R-20GE-2XGE
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 20x 1GE + 2x 10GE R

## Hardware features

- · SFP ports:
  - High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
- XFP ports:
  - High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
  - WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
  - LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

# Software features

- Configurable WAN-PHY mode options
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 297 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where:

- mediatype: ge or xe
- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic:
  - ge: 0 or 1
  - xe: 2 or 3
- · port:
  - ge: 0 through 9
  - xe: 0

For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for the port labeled PORT 3/0 on a DPC installed in slot 1.

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

### **LEDs**

### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

LINK LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

TUNNEL LED, one green per XFP port:

- Off-Normal operating mode.
- On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.

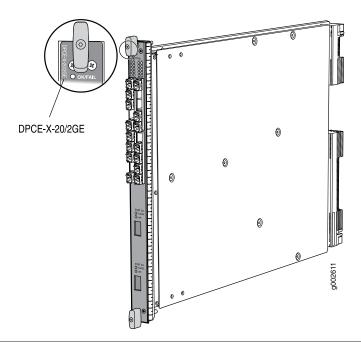
The SFP Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:

- 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
- 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
- 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
- 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9

The XFP ports are labeled top to bottom 2/0 and 3/0.

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP and XFP



## Software release

- Junos OS Release 9.2 and later
- End-of-life (see notification PSN-2011-07-314)

## Description

- 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports
- 210-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 6.94 A @ 48 V (333 W)
- Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
- Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network
- Model number: DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 20x 1GE + 2x 10GE X

## Hardware features

- SFP ports:
  - High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
- XFP ports:
  - High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
  - WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
  - LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

## Software features

- Configurable WAN-PHY mode options
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)" on page 303 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where:

- mediatype: ge or xe
- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- nic
  - ge: 0 or 1
  - xe: 2 or 3
- · port:
  - ge: 0 through 9
  - xe: 0

For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for the port labeled PORT 3/0 on a DPC installed in slot 1.

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

## LEDs

### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—DPC has failed.

LINK LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

TUNNEL LED, one green per XFP port:

- Off-Normal operating mode.
- On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.

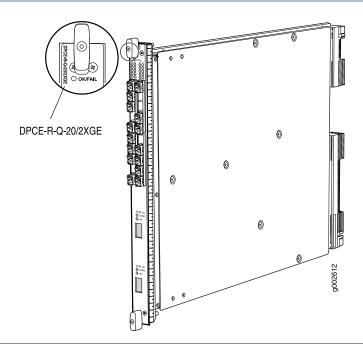
The SFP Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:

- 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
- 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
- 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
- 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9

The XFP ports are labeled top to bottom 2/0 and 3/0.

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with SFP and XFP



## Software release

• Junos OS Release 9.3 and later

# Description

- 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports
- 210-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 6.98 A @ 48 V (335 W)
- Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg)
- Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network
- Model number: DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 20x 1GE + 2x 10GE R EQ

## Hardware features

- · SFP ports:
  - High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
- XFP ports:
  - High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
  - WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
  - LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

## Software features

- Configurable WAN-PHY mode options
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)" on page 307 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where:

- mediatype: ge or xe
- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic
  - ge: 0 or 1
  - xe: 2 or 3
- · port:
  - ge: 0 through 9
  - xe: 0

For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for the port labeled PORT 3/0 on a DPC installed in slot 1.

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.

### **LEDs**

### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

LINK LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

TUNNEL LED, one green per XFP port:

- Off-Normal operating mode.
- On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.

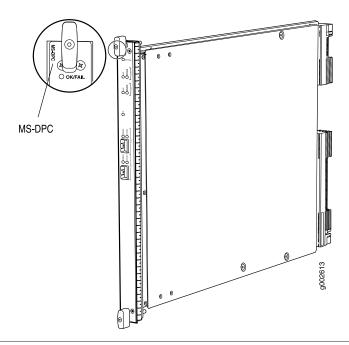
The SFP Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:

- 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
- 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
- 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
- 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9

The XFP ports are labeled top to bottom 2/0 and 3/0.

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# **Multiservices DPC**



## Software release

• Junos OS Release 9.3 and later

# Description

- Power requirement: 5.52 A @ 48 V (265 W)
- Weight: 14.7 lb (6.7 kg)
- Supports tunnel services. This feature is included with the DPC and does not require an individual license.
- Individual licenses must be purchased for additional services.
- Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network
- The maximum number of supported MS-DPCs is as follows except where noted in "Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC)" on page 317:
  - MX240 router: 2
  - MX480 router: 4
  - MX960 router: 6
- Model number: MS-DPC

## Hardware features

- Active monitoring on up to 10 million flows
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Two Multiservices Processing Units (MSPUs) per DPC, which include two 1.1Ghz multicore CPUs, each with 4GB of memory for processing integrated services

# Software features

- Support for up to 12,000 service sets
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC)" on page 317 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where:

- mediatype: gr, pc, pd, etc
- · fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
- pic: 0 or 1
- port: 0

NOTE: Port number reflects the internal interface and is not a physical port.

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

· SFPs are not supported.

### **LEDs**

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

STATUS LED, one tricolor per MSPU:

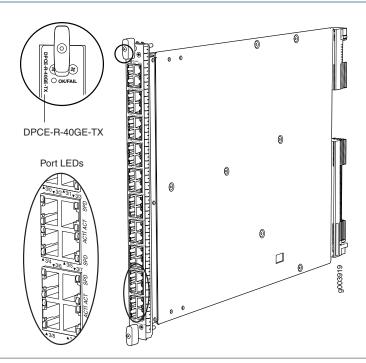
- Off—MSPU is offline. If both MSPUs are offline it is safe to remove the DPC from the chassis.
- Green—MSPU is operating normally.
- Yellow—MSPU is initializing.
- Red-MSPU has an error or failure.

Application (APP) LED, one tricolor per MSPU:

- Off—Service is not running on the MSPU.
- Green—Service is running on the MSPU under acceptable load.
- Yellow—Service on the MSPU is overloaded.

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC



## Software release

• Junos OS Release 9.1 and later

## Description

- 40 autonegotiating 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-T Megabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 6.67 A @ 48 V (320 W)
- Weight: 14.5 lb (6.6 kg)
- Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network
- Model number: DPCE-R-40GE-TX
- Name in the CLI: DPCE 40x 1GE R TX

## Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds of 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps
- Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
- There are four sets of 10 ports labeled:
  - 0/0 through 0/9
  - 1/0 through 1/9
  - 2/0 through 2/9
  - 3/0 through 3/9

## Software features

 See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 297 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic: Grouping of 10-ports, numbered 0 through 3
- port: 0 through 9

For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 (labeled 3/0) in the right-most grouping of ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

- Connector: Four-pair, Category 5 shielded twisted-pair connectivity through an RJ-45 connector
- · Pinout:
  - Junos OS Release 9.1: MDI
  - Junos OS Release 9.2 and later: MDI, MDI crossover
- Maximum distance: 328 ft/100 m

CAUTION: Do not use RJ-45 cables with strain-relief boots exceeding 1.5 mm from the bottom of the connector. Cable boots that exceed this measurement can damage the port.

## LEDs

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

ACT LED, one green per port:

- Off—No active traffic.
- Blinking—Link is active.

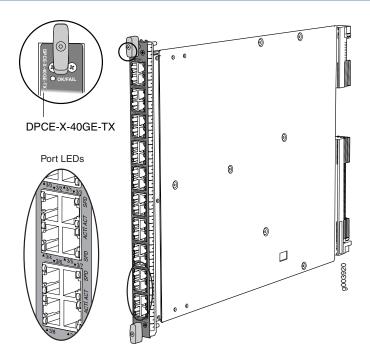
## SPD LED, one bicolor:

- Green—DPC is functioning in 1000BASE-T mode.
- Yellow—DPC is functioning in 10BASE-T or 100BASE-TX mode.
- Off-No link.

The ACT and SPD LEDs are located on either side of the ports labeled horizontally and top to bottom 0/0 through 3/9.

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

# Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC



## Software release

- Junos OS Release 9.1 and later
- EOL (see PSN-2009-06-400)

## Description

- 40 autonegotiating 10BASE-T, 100.BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-T Megabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 6.67 A @ 48 V (320 W)
- Weight: 14.5 lb (6.6 kg)
- Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network
- Model number: DPCE-X-40GE-TX
- Name in the CLI:

## Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds of 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps
- Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners
- Full-duplex mode
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features

## Software features

 See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)" on page 303 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

## Interfaces

Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
- pic: Grouping of 10-ports, numbered 0 through 3
- port: 0 through 9

For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 (labeled 3/0) in the right-most grouping of ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

- Connector: Four-pair, Category 5 shielded twisted-pair connectivity through an RJ-45 connector
- Pinout
  - Junos OS Release 9.1: MDI
  - Junos OS Release 9.2 and later: MDI, MDI crossover
- Maximum distance: 328 ft/100 m

CAUTION: Do not use RJ-45 cables with strain-relief boots exceeding 1.5 mm from the bottom of the connector. Cable boots that exceed this measurement can damage the port.

## **LEDs**

### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

## ACT LED, one green per port:

- Off—No active traffic.
- Blinking—Link is active.

## **SPD** LED, one bicolor:

- Green—DPC is functioning in 1000BASE-T mode.
- Yellow—DPC is functioning in 10BASE-T or 100BASE-TX mode.
- Off-No link.

The ACT and SPD LEDs are located on either side of the ports labeled horizontally and top to bottom 0/0 through 3/9.

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

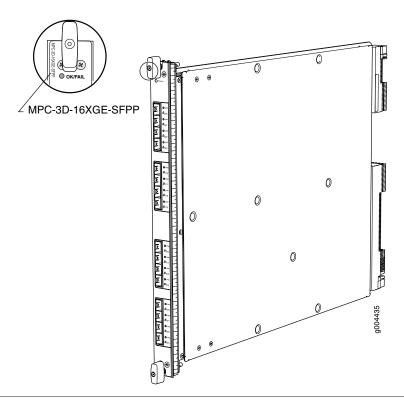
## **CHAPTER 8**

# MX Series MPC Descriptions

- 16x10GE MPC on page 84
- Multiservices MPC on page 86
- MPC1 on page 88
- MPC1E on page 89
- MPC1 Q on page 91
- MPC1E Q on page 93
- MPC2 on page 95
- MPC2E on page 97
- MPC2 Q on page 99
- MPC2E Q on page 101
- MPC2 EQ on page 103
- MPC2E EQ on page 105
- MPC2E P on page 107
- MPC2E NG on page 109
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- 32x10GE MPC4E on page 119
- 2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E on page 120
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- MPC6E on page 129
- MPC7E (Multi-Rate) on page 130
- MPC7E 10G on page 132
- MPC8E on page 134

- MPC9E on page 135
- MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on page 136

# 16x10GE MPC



# Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 10.0R2 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

# Description

- Fixed configuration MPC with sixteen 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 9.17 A @ 48 V (440 W)
- Weight: 18.35 lb (8.3 kg)
- Model numbers:
  - MPC-3D-16XGE-SFPP
  - MPC-3D-16XGE-SFPP-R-B
- Name in the CLI:
  - MPC 3D 16x10GE
  - MPC 3D 16x10GE EM

## Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
- Four fully programmable Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- One Junos Trio chipset per set of four ports
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps

NOTE: The 16x10GE 3D MPC does not support WAN-PHY mode.

## Software features

- · Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 319 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

### Interfaces

Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
- pic: Grouping of 4 ports, numbered 0 through 3
- port: 0 through 3

For example, xe-1/3/3 is the interface for the last port (labeled  ${\bf 3/3}$ ) on an MPC installed in slot 1.

## Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: The 16x10GE 3D MPC does not support WAN-PHY mode.

NOTE: SFPP-10G-CT50-ZR is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the MPC-3D-16XGE-SFPP. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.

## **LEDs**

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-MPC has failed.

Enable/disable LED, one bicolor per port:

- Green—Port is enabled.
- Yellow-Port is not functioning normally.
- Off-Port is disabled.

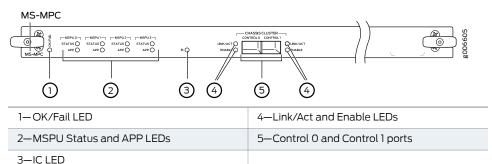
The enable/disable LEDs are labeled in groups of four:

- 0/0 through 0/3
- 1/0 through 1/3
- 2/0 through 2/3
- 3/0 through 3/3

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

# **Multiservices MPC**

Figure 7: Multiservices MPC



## Software release

· Junos OS Release 13.2R4 and later

For information on which MPCs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 12.

### Description

- Power requirement: 12.2 Amps @ 48 V (590W)
- Weight: 14 lbs.
- · Model number: MS-MPC
- Name in the CLI: MS-MPC

## Hardware features

- One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.
- Enhanced memory with 128 GB of memory (32 GB per NPU) and processing capabilities.
- NPU CPU Clock Cycle of 1.2GHz.
- Four NPUs per MPC.
- Works with SCBs and SCBEs.
- Interoperable with MS-DPCs. Both MS-MPCs and MS-DPCs can co-exist in the same chassis.

## Software features

- Active flow monitoring and export of flow monitoring version 9 records based on RFC 3954
- IP Security (IPsec) encryption
- Network Address Translation (NAT) for IP addresses
- Port Address Translation (PAT) for port numbers
- Traffic sampling
- Stateful firewall with packet inspection—detects SYN attacks, ICMP and UDP floods, and ping-of-death attacks
- Network Attack Protection (NAP)
- Support for up to 6000 service sets
- · Support for MTUs up to 9192 bytes.
- Multiple services can be supported. See *Junos OS Services Interfaces Library for Routing Devices* for more information.
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC" on page 389 for information about the protocols and applications that this MIC supports.

# LEDs

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green-MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-MPC has failed.

IC LED—Reserved for future use.

## STATUS LED, one tricolor per MSPU:

- Off—MSPU is offline. If both MSPUs are offline it is safe to remove the DPC from the chassis.
- Green—MSPU is operating normally.
- Yellow—MSPU is initializing.
- Red-MSPU has an error or failure.

### Application (APP) LED, one tricolor per MSPU:

- Off—Service is not running on the MSPU.
- Green—Service is running on the MSPU under acceptable load.
- Yellow—Service on the MSPU is reconfiguring.
- Red—Service on the MSPU has failed.

## Activity (LINK/ACT) LED, one per control port:

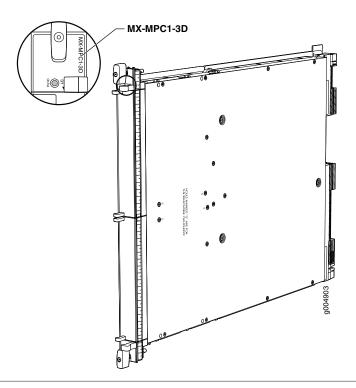
- Off-No link.
- Green—Chassis cluster control port link is active.

## **ENABLE** LED, one per control port:

- Off—Chassis cluster control port is disabled.
- Green—Chassis cluster control port is enabled.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- Multiservices MIC and Multiservices MPC (MS-MIC and MS-MPC) Overview
- Multiservices MIC on page 200

# MPC1



## Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 10.2 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

## Description

- Power requirement: 3.4 A @ 48 V (165 W)
- Weight: 13.8 lb (6.3 kg)
- Model number: MX-MPC1-3D
- Name in the CLI: MPC Type 13D

### Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
- One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps

# Software features

 See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 319 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

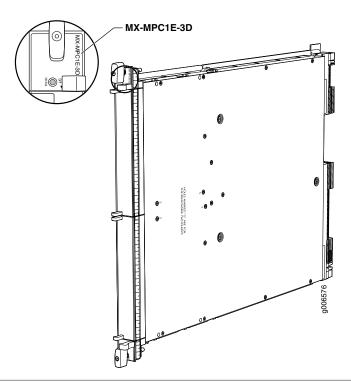
## LEDs

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

## **MPC1E**



## Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 11.2R4 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

### Description

- Power requirement: 3.4 A @ 48 V (165 W)
- Weight: 13.8 lb (6.3 kg)
- Model number: MX-MPC1E-3D
- Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 13D

## Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
- One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps

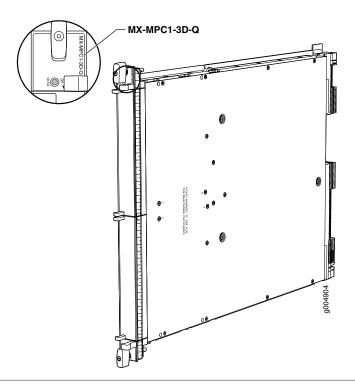
#### Software features

• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers" on page 328 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Blinking green-MPC} \, \text{is transitioning online or offline}.$
- Red—MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

## MPC1 Q



## Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 10.2 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

### Description

- Power requirement: 3.65 A @ 48 V (175 W)
- Weight: 13.8 lb (6.3 kg)
- Model number: MX-MPC1-3D-Q
- Name in the CLI: MPC Type 1 3D Q

## Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
- One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps

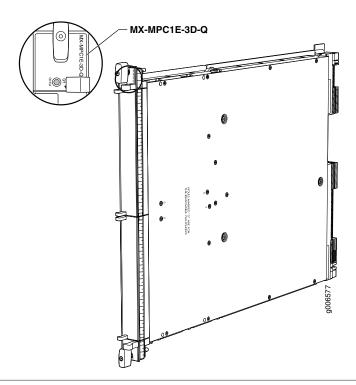
#### Software features

 See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 319 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Blinking green-MPC} \, \text{is transitioning online or offline}.$
- Red—MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

## **MPC1E Q**



## Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 11.2R4 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

### Description

- Power requirement: 3.65 A @ 48 V (175 W)
- Weight: 13.8 lb (6.3 kg)
- Model number: MX-MPC1E-3D-Q
- Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 1 3D Q

## Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
- One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps

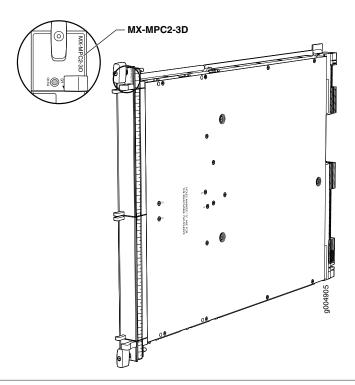
## Software features

• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers" on page 328 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Blinking green-MPC} \, \text{is transitioning online or offline}.$
- Red—MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

## MPC2



## Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 10.1 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

### Description

- Power requirement: 5.7 A @ 48 V (274 W)
- Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg)
- Model number: MX-MPC2-3D
- Name in the CLI: MPC Type 2 3D

## Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
- Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps

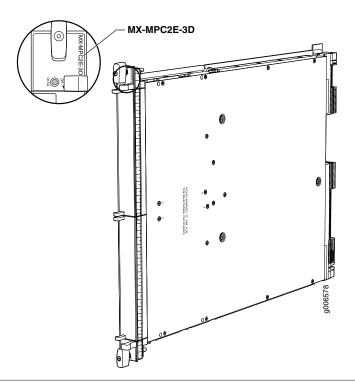
## Software features

 See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 319 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Blinking green-MPC} \, \text{is transitioning online or offline}.$
- Red—MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

## MPC2E



## Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 11.2R4 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

### Description

- Power requirement: 5.7 A @ 48 V (274 W)
- Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg)
- Model number: MX-MPC2E-3D
- Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 2 3D

## Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
- Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps

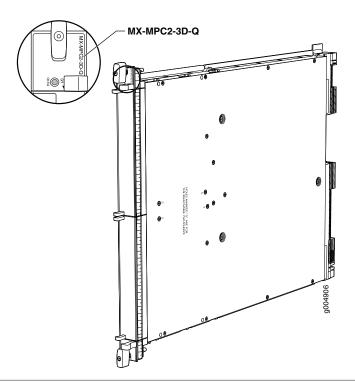
#### Software features

• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers" on page 328 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Blinking green-MPC} \, \text{is transitioning online or offline}.$
- Red—MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

## MPC2 Q



## Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 10.1 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

### Description

- Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W)
- Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg)
- Model number: MX-MPC2-3D-Q
- Name in the CLI: MPC Type 2 3D Q

## Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
- Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps

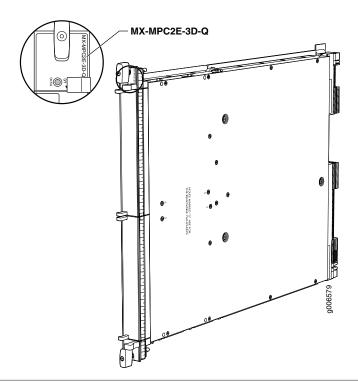
#### Software features

 See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 319 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Blinking green-MPC} \, \text{is transitioning online or offline}.$
- Red—MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

## MPC2E Q



## Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 11.2R4 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

### Description

- Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W)
- Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg)
- Model number: MX-MPC2E-3D-Q
- Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 2 3D Q

## Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
- Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps

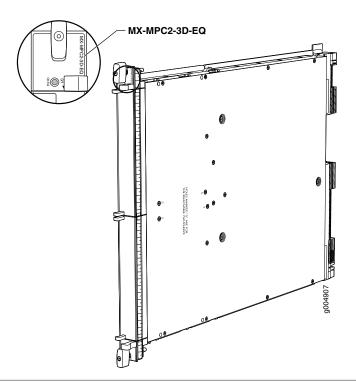
#### Software features

• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers" on page 328 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Blinking green-MPC} \, \text{is transitioning online or offline}.$
- Red—MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

## MPC2 EQ



## Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 10.1 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

### Description

- Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W)
- Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg)
- Model number: MX-MPC2-3D-EQ
- Name in the CLI: MPC Type 2 3D EQ

## Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
- Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps

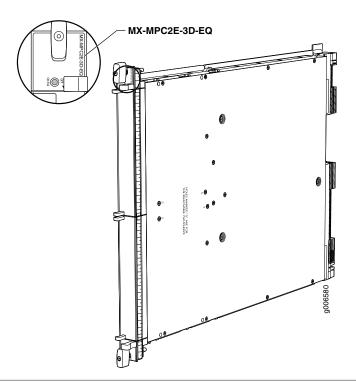
#### Software features

 See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 319 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Blinking green-MPC} \, \text{is transitioning online or offline}.$
- Red—MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

## MPC2E EQ



## Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 11.2R4 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

### Description

- Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W)
- Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg)
- Model number: MX-MPC2E-3D-EQ
- Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 2 3D EQ

## Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
- Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps

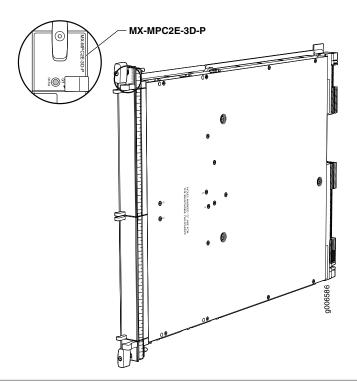
#### Software features

• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers" on page 328 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Blinking green-MPC} \, \text{is transitioning online or offline}.$
- Red—MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

## MPC2E P



## Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 12.2 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

### Description

- Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W)
- Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg)
- Model number: MX-MPC2E-3D-P
- Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 2 3D P

## Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3
- Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps

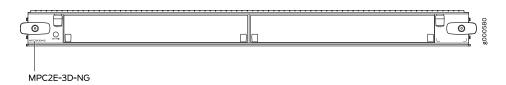
#### Software features

• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers" on page 328 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Blinking green-MPC} \, \text{is transitioning online or offline}.$
- Red—MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

#### MPC2E NG



#### Software release

- Junos OS releases 14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity, Junos OS release 15.1 and later.
- Refer to "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26 for information about which MICs are supported on this MPC.
- Refer to the JTAC Knowledgebase article https://kb.juniper.net/KB21476 for recommended software releases.

#### Description

- 80 Gbps capacity without hierarchical quality of service (HQoS)
- Requires high-capacity fan trays and high-capacity filter trays
- Weight: 15.96 lb (7.26 kg)
- Model numbers: MPC2E-3D-NG
- Name in the CLI: MPC2E NG PQ & Flex Q
- Add-on license provides limited additional flexible queuing.

NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.

NOTE: To power on an MPC on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, you must configure the **network-services** *enhanced-ip* or **network-services** *enhanced-ethernet* statement. With this configuration, the router functions in **Enhanced-IP/Enhanced-Ethernet network services** mode and powers on MPCs and MS-DPCs only. The MPC does not come online if this statement is not configured. On MX2010, and MX2020 routers, **network-services** *enhanced-ip* is configured by default.

#### Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 80 Gbps
- Supports WAN-PHY mode at 9.95 Gbps and LAN-PHY mode at 10.31 Gbps
- Two slots for MICs
- Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.

NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.

NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG does not support MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP, MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP, MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP, and MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP.

NOTE: The non-HQOS MPC3E NG and MPC2E NG MPCs support MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 and MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12 only with a limited queuing license.

#### Software features

- · Chained composite next hops
- Layer 3 VPN localization
- Detection of Layer 2 loops
- Entropy label support in mixed mode
- SNMP and CLI support for Routing Engine memory monitoring
- Mixed-mode LAG support on core interfaces
- Dynamic power management for MICs
- Support for flexible-queuing
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 334 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

#### Power requirement

Maximum with highest-power MICs at 55° C: 9.88 A @ 48 V (474 W)

At different temperatures:

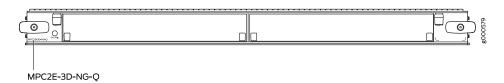
- 55° C: 474 W
- 40° C: 417 W
- 25° C: 400 W

## LEDs

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- · Junos Continuity Software

# MPC2E NG Q



#### Software release

- Junos OS releases 14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity, Junos OS release 15.1 and later.
- Refer to "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26 for information about which MICs are supported on this MPC.
- Refer to the JTAC Knowledgebase article https://kb.juniper.net/KB21476 for recommended software releases.

#### Description

- 80 Gbps capacity with hierarchical quality of service (HQoS)
- Requires high-capacity fan trays and high capacity filter trays
- Weight: 15.96 lb (7.26 kg)
- Model number: MPC2E-3D-NG-Q
- · Name in the CLI: MPC2E NG HQoS

NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG-Q is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.

NOTE: To power on an MPC on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, you must configure the **network-services** *enhanced-ip* or **network-services** *enhanced-ethernet* statement. With this configuration, the router functions in **Enhanced-IP/Enhanced-Ethernet network services** mode and powers on MPCs and MS-DPCs only. The MPC does not come online if this statement is not configured. On MX2010, and MX2020 routers, **network-services** *enhanced-ip* is configured by default.

## Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 80 Gbps
- Supports up to 512,000 queues per slot
- Supports WAN-PHY mode at 9.95 Gbps and LAN-PHY mode at 10.31 Gbps
- Two slots for MICs
- Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.

NOTE: The MPC2E-3D-NG-Q has only one lookup chip (LU).

NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG-Q does not support MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP, MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP, MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP, and MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP.

#### Software features

- · Chained composite next hops
- Layer 3 VPN localization
- Detection of Layer 2 loops
- Entropy label support in mixed mode
- SNMP and CLI support for Routing Engine memory monitoring
- BFD support for inline MLPPP/MLFR
- Mixed Mode LAG support on core interfaces
- Dynamic power management for MICs
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 334 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

## Power requirement

Maximum with highest-power MICs at 55° C: 11.02 A @ 48 V (529 W)

At different temperatures:

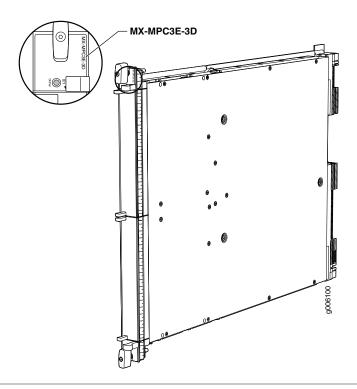
- 55° C: 529 W
- 40° C: 460 W
- 25° C: 438 W

## LEDs

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Junos Continuity Software

## MPC3E



## Software release

- MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 12.1 and later
- MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

## Description

- Power requirement: 10.83 A @ 48 V (440 W; plus 40 W for each of the two MICs)
- Requires high-capacity fan trays
- Weight: 14.94 lb (6.78 kg)
- Model number: MX-MPC3E-3D
- Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 3 3D

### Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs
- Chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.

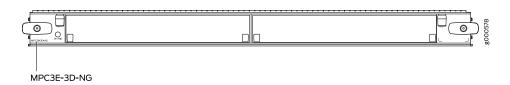
### Software features

• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers" on page 343 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- $\bullet \ \ \, \text{Blinking green-MPC} \, \text{is transitioning online or offline}.$
- Red—MPC has failed.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

#### MPC3E NG



#### Software release

- Junos OS releases 14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity, Junos OS release 15.1 and later.
- Refer to "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26 for information about which MICs are supported on this MPC.
- Refer to the JTAC Knowledgebase article https://kb.juniper.net/KB21476 for recommended software releases

#### Description

- 130 Gbps capacity without hierarchical quality of service (HQoS)
- Requires high-capacity fan trays and high-capacity filter trays
- Weight: 15.96 lb (7.26 kg)
- Model number: MPC3E-3D-NG
- Name in the CLI: MPC3E NG PQ & Flex Q
- Add-on license provides limited additional flexible queuing.

NOTE: MPC3E-3D-NG is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.

NOTE: To power on an MPC on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, you must configure the **network-services** *enhanced-ip* or **network-services** *enhanced-ethernet* statement. With this configuration, the router functions in **Enhanced-IP/Enhanced-Ethernet network services** mode and powers on MPCs and MS-DPCs only. The MPC does not come online if this statement is not configured. On MX2010, and MX2020 routers, **network-services** *enhanced-ip* is configured by default.

#### Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 130 Gbps
- Supports WAN-PHY mode at 9.95 Gbps and LAN-PHY mode at 10.31 Gbps
- Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
- · Two slots for MICs
- Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services

NOTE: The non-HQOS MPC3E NG and MPC2E NG MPCs support MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 and MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12 only with a limited queuing license.

#### Software features

- · Chained composite next hops
- Layer 3 VPN localization
- Detection of Layer 2 loops
- Entropy label support in mixed mode
- SNMP and CLI support for Routing Engine memory monitoring
- Mixed Mode LAG support on core interfaces
- Dynamic power management for MICs
- Support for flexible-queuing
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers" on page 343 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

## Power requirement

Maximum with highest-power MICs at 55° C: 11.13 A @ 48 V (534 W)

At different temperatures:

- 55° C: 534 W
- 40° C: 485 W
- 25° C: 461 W

#### **LEDs**

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

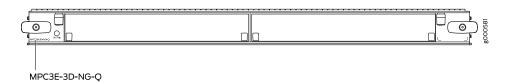
- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.



NOTE: On the MX960 router, FPC slot 0 and slot 11 are not NEBS compliant beyond 104°F (40°C) with MPC3E-3D-NG and MPC3E-3D-NG-Q. This is a cooling restriction.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- · Junos Continuity Software

## MPC3E NG Q



#### Software release

- Junos OS releases 14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity, Junos OS release 15.1 and later.
- Refer to "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26 for information about which MICs are supported on this MPC.
- Refer to the JTAC Knowledgebase article https://kb.juniper.net/KB21476 for recommended software releases.

#### Description

- 130 Gbps capacity with hierarchical quality of service (HQoS)
- Requires high-capacity fan trays and high-capacity filter trays
- Weight: 15.96 lb (7.26 kg)
- Model number: MPC3E-3D-NG-Q
- Name in the CLI: MPC3E NG HQoS

NOTE: MPC3E-3D-NG-Q is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.

NOTE: To power on an MPC on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, you must configure the **network-services** *enhanced-ip* or **network-services** *enhanced-ethernet* statement. With this configuration, the router functions in **Enhanced-IP/Enhanced-Ethernet network services** mode and powers on MPCs and MS-DPCs only. The MPC does not come online if this statement is not configured. On MX2010, and MX2020 routers, **network-services** *enhanced-ip* is configured by default.

#### Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 130 Gbps
- Supports up to 512,000 queues per slot
- Supports WAN-PHY mode at 9.95 Gbps and LAN-PHY mode at 10.31 Gbps
- Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
- Two slots for MICs
- Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services

#### Software features

- · Chained composite next hops
- Layer 3 VPN localization
- Detection of Layer 2 loops
- Entropy label support in mixed mode
- SNMP and CLI support for Routing Engine memory monitoring
- BFD support for inline MLPPP/MLFR
- Mixed Mode LAG support on core interfaces
- Dynamic power management for MICs
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers" on page 343 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

## Power requirement

Maximum with highest-power MICs at 55° C: 12.15 A @ 48 V (583 W)

At different temperatures:

- 55° C: 583 W
- 40° C: 532 W
- 25° C: 503 W

#### **LEDs**

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

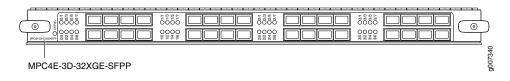
- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-MPC has failed.



NOTE: On the MX960 router, FPC slot 0 and slot 11 are not NEBS compliant beyond 104°F (40°C) with MPC3E-3D-NG and MPC3E-3D-NG-Q. This is a cooling restriction.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- · Junos Continuity Software

## **32x10GE MPC4E**



#### Software release

• Junos OS Release 12.3R2 and later

#### Description

- Fixed configuration MPC with thirty-two 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 12.7 A @ 48 V (610 W)
- Weight: 19.4 lb (8.8 kg)
- Model number: MPC4E-3D-32XGE-SFPP

#### Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 260 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 10 Gbps on a per-port basis
- Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
- Supported on MX2020, MX2010, MX960, MX480, and MX240 routers with both normal-capacity and high-capacity power supplies and fan trays.

#### Software features

- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Up to 260 Gbps of full-duplex traffic
- Intelligent oversubscription services
- Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per port
- · Local loopback
- Configurable to interoperate with routers that use the 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC (Type 4 PIC on Type 4 FPC)
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers" on page 351 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: SFPP-10GE-ZR has a commercial temperature rating and is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the 32x10GE MPC4E with SFP+. If the ambient air temperature exceeds  $40^{\circ}$ C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.

NOTE: SFPP-10G-DT-ZRC2 is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the MPC4E-3D-32XGE-SFPP MPC. If the ambient air temperature exceeds  $40^{\circ}$ C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.

NOTE: On the MX960 router, FPC slot  $\bf 0$  and FPC slot  $\bf 11$  are not NEBS compliant beyond 104°F (40°C). This is a cooling restriction.

## LEDs

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-MPC has failed.

Enable/disable LED, one bicolor per port:

- Green—Port is enabled.
- Red—Port has failed.
- Off-Port is disabled.

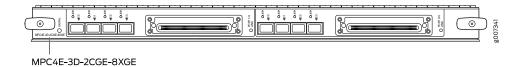
The enable/disable LEDs are arranged in four groups:

- 0/0 through 0/7
- 1/0 through 1/7
- 2/0 through 2/7
- 3/0 through 3/7

# Related Documentation

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPC4E on MX Series Routers Overview
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Configuring MPC4E (MPC4E-3D-2CGE-8XGE) to Interoperate with 100-Gigabit Ethernet PICs on Type 4 FPC Using SA Multicast Mode

## 2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E



#### Software release

• Junos OS Release 12.3R2 and later

### Description

- Fixed configuration MPC with two 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports and eight 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 12.7 A @ 48 V (610 W)
- Weight: 19.4 lb (8.8 kg)
- Model number: MPC4E-3D-2CGE-8XGE

#### Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 260 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 10 Gbps on a per-port basis
- Supported only on the MX960, MX480, and MX240 routers with high-capacity power supplies and high-capacity fan trays.
- Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
- The ports are labeled as:
  - 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 0/0 through 0/3
  - 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports: PORT 1/0
  - 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 2/0 through 2/3
  - 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports: PORT 3/0

#### Software features

- · Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
- Up to 260 Gbps of full-duplex traffic
- Intelligent oversubscription services
- · Local loopback
- Configurable to interoperate with routers that use the 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC (Type 4 PIC on Type 4 FPC)
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers" on page 351 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: SFPP-10GE-ZR has a commercial temperature rating and is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the 2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E. If the ambient air temperature exceeds  $40^{\circ}$ C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.

NOTE: SFPP-10G-DT-ZRC2 is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the MPC4E-3D-2CGE-8XGE MPC. If the ambient air temperature exceeds  $40^{\circ}$ C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.

NOTE: CFP-100GBASE-LR4 and CFP-100GBASE-ZR are not NEBS compliant when plugged into the 2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°C, the software disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.

NOTE: On the MX960 router, FPC slot  $\bf 0$  and FPC slot  $\bf 11$  are not NEBS compliant beyond  $104^{\circ}$ F (40°C). This is a cooling restriction.

#### LEDs

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-MPC has failed.

## LINK LED, one tricolor per port:

- Green-Port is enabled.
- · Red-Port has failed.
- Yellow—Port is disabled by configuration.
- Off—Port is disabled.

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPC4E on MX Series Routers Overview
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Configuring MPC4E (MPC4E-3D-2CGE-8XGE) to Interoperate with 100-Gigabit Ethernet PICs on Type 4 FPC Using SA Multicast Mode

#### 6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5E



#### Software release

Junos OS Release 13.3R2 and later

#### Description

- Fixed-port MPC with six 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports and twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Weight: 21 lb (9.52 kg)
- Model number: MPC5E-40G10G
- Name in the CLI: MPC5E 3D 24XGE+6XLGE

### Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 240 Gbps
- Supports one of the following port combinations:
  - Six 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports
  - Twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
  - Three 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports and twelve 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Supports up to 32,000 queues per-slot
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps on a per-port basis
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps on a per-port basis
- Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
- The ports are labeled as:
  - 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports:0/0 through 0/11
    - 1/0 through 1/11
  - 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports:2/0 through 2/2
    - 3/0 through 3/2

NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots work with the ambient temperature of up to  $40^{\circ}$  C. However, when the chassis temperature exceeds  $40^{\circ}$  C, slots 0 and 11 can work with MPC1s, MPC2s, and the 16x10GE MPC.

#### Software features

- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Support for optical transport network (OTN) on 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Two packet-forwarding engines, PFE0 and PFE1. PFE0 hosts PIC0 and PIC2. PFE1 hosts PIC1 and PIC3.
- Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers" on page 359
  for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E powers on only if the **network-services** mode on the router is configured to either **enhanced-ip** or **enhanced-ethernet**. On MX2010 and MX2020 routers, only **enhanced-ip** is supported.

NOTE: A maximum of two PICs can be powered on at any one time (PIC0 or PIC2, and PIC1 or PIC3). The other PICs must be powered off.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: QSFPP-40GE-LX4 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11.

#### Power requirements

- Typical: 9.68 A @ 48 V (460 W)
- At different temperatures:

55° C: 607 W 40° C: 541 W 25° C: 511 W

## LEDs

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-MPC has failed.

10-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one green per port:

- Green-Link is up.
- Off-Link is down or disabled.

40-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:

- · Green-Link is up.
- Yellow-Link is disabled.
- Off-Link is down.

# Related Documentation

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- MPC5E on MX Series Routers Overview
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview

## 6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5EQ



#### Software release

• Junos OS Release 13.3R2 and later

#### Description

- Fixed-configuration MPC with six 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports and twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Weight: 21 lb (9.52 kg)
- Model number: MPC5EQ-40G10G
- Name in the CLI: MPC5E 3D Q 24XGE+6XLGE

#### Hardware features

- · Line-rate throughput of up to 240 Gbps
- Supports one of the following port combinations:
  - Six 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports
  - Twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
  - Three 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports and twelve 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Supports up to 1 million queues per-slot
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps on a per-port basis
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps on a per-port basis
- Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
- The ports are labeled as:
  - 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports:0/0 through 0/11
    - 1/0 through 1/11
  - 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports:
    - 2/0 through 2/2
    - 3/0 through 3/2

NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots work with the ambient temperature of up to  $40^{\circ}$  C. However, when the chassis temperature exceeds  $40^{\circ}$  C, slots **0** and **11** can work with MPC1s, MPC2s, and the 16x10GE MPC.

#### Software features

- Supports hierarchical QoS (HQoS)
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Support for optical transport network (OTN) on 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
- Intelligent oversubscription services
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers" on page 359
  for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E powers on only if the **network-services** mode on the router is configured to either **enhanced-ip** or **enhanced-ethernet**. On MX2010 and MX2020 routers, only **enhanced-ip** is supported.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: QSFPP-40GE-LX4 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11.

# Power requirements

- Typical: 9.68 A @ 48 V (460 W)
- · At different temperatures:

55° C: 607 W 40° C: 541 W 25° C: 511 W

#### **LEDs**

#### OK/FAIL LED. one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-MPC has failed.

10-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one green per port:

- Green—Link is up.
- · Off-Link is down or disabled.

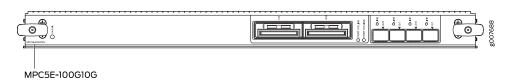
40-Gigabit Ethernet **LINK** LED, one bicolor per port:

- · Green-Link is up.
- Yellow—Link is disabled.
- Off-Link is down.

# Related Documentation

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- MPC5E on MX Series Routers Overview
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview

# 2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5E



Software release

• Junos OS Release 13.3R3 and later

#### Description

- Fixed-configuration MPC with two 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports and four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Weight: 21 lb (9.52 kg)
- Model number: MPC5E-100G10G
- Name in the CLI: MPC5E 3D 2CGE+4XGE

#### Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 240 Gbps
- Supports up to 32,000 queues per-slot
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps on a per-port basis
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps on a per-port basis
- Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
- The ports are labeled as:
  - 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 0/0, 0/1, 2/0, and 2/1
  - 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 1/0 and 3/0

NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots work with the ambient temperature of up to 40° C. However, when the chassis temperature exceeds 40° C, slots **0** and **11** can work with MPC1s, MPC2s, and the 16x10GE MPC.

#### Software features

- Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
- · Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Intelligent oversubscription services
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers" on page 359 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E powers on only if the **network-services** mode on the router is configured to either **enhanced-ip** or **enhanced-ethernet**. On MX2010 and MX2020 routers, only **enhanced-ip** is supported.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

#### NOTE:

- CFP2-100G-ER4-D is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11.
- CFP2-DCO-T-WDM-1 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router or the MX2020 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11. Slots **0** and **11** can only work with an ambient temperature of up to 40° C.

#### Power requirements

- Typical: 10.52 A @ 48 V (505 W)
- At different temperatures:

55° C: 607 W 40° C: 541 W

25° C: 511 W

## **LEDs**

# OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-MPC has failed.

10-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:

- · Green-Link is up.
- Yellow-Link is disabled.
- Off-Link is down or disabled.

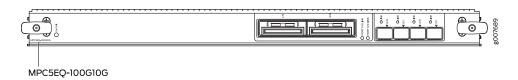
100-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:

- · Green-Link is up.
- Yellow-Link is disabled.
- Off-Link is down.

# Related Documentation

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- MPC5E on MX Series Routers Overview
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview

# 2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5EQ



## Software release

• Junos OS Release 13.3R3 and later

# Description

- Fixed-configuration MPC with two 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports and four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Weight: 21 lb (9.52 kg)
- Model number: MPC5EQ-100G10G
- Name in the CLI: MPC5E 3D Q 2CGE+4XGE

#### Hardware features

- Line rate throughput of up to 240 Gbps
- Supports up to 1 million queues per-slot
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps on a per-port basis
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps on a per-port basis
- Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
- The ports are labeled as:
  - 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 0/0, 0/1, 2/0, and 2/1
  - 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 1/0 and 3/0

NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots work with the ambient temperature of up to  $40^{\circ}$  C. However, when the chassis temperature exceeds  $40^{\circ}$  C, slots 0 and 11 can work with MPC1s, MPC2s, and the 16x10GE MPC.

#### Software features

- Supports hierarchical QoS (HQoS)
- Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Intelligent oversubscription services
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers" on page 359 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E powers on only if the **network-services** mode on the router is configured to either **enhanced-ip** or **enhanced-ethernet**. On MX2010 and MX2020 routers, only **enhanced-ip** is supported.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

#### NOTE

- CFP2-100G-ER4-D is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11.
- CFP2-DCO-T-WDM-1 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router or the MX2020 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11. Slots
   and 11 can only work with an ambient temperature of up to 40° C.

# Power requirements

- Typical: 10.52 A @ 48 V (505 W)
- At different temperatures:

55° C: 607 W 40° C: 541 W 25° C: 511 W

# LEDs

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-MPC has failed.

10-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:

- Green-Link is up.
- Yellow-Link is disabled.
- Off—Link is down or disabled.

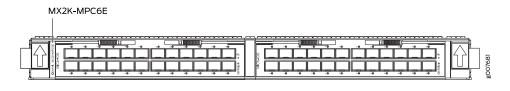
100-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:

- Green—Link is up.
- Yellow-Link is disabled.
- Off-Link is down.

# Related Documentation

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- MPC5E on MX Series Routers Overview
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview

# MPC6E



## Software release

• Junos OS Release 13.3R2 and later

For information about which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.

# Description

- Two slots for MICs
- Weight: 27.4 lb (12.43 kg) (net weight without blank panels)
- Model number: MX2K-MPC6E
- Name in the CLI: MPC6E 3D

# Hardware features

- Two slots for MICs
- Line-rate throughput of up to 480 Gbps
- Field-removable septum, to accommodate future full-height MICs
- Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.

# Maximum Power Requirements

Power requirement: 20.9 A @ 52 V (880 W; plus 104 W for each MIC)

#### MX2K-MPC6E:

- Typical: 648 W
- 880 W at 55° C
- 834 W at 40° C
- 824 W at 25° C

#### Software features

- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
- Two Packet Forwarding Engines for each MIC slot
- Intelligent oversubscription services
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC6E for MX2000 Routers" on page 366 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

## LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-MPC has failed.

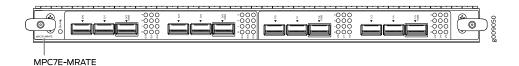
## LINK LED, one bicolor per port:

- Green—Link is up.
- Yellow—Link is disabled.
- Off-Link is down.

# Related Documentation

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- MPC6E on MX Series Routers Overview

# MPC7E (Multi-Rate)



# Software release

- Junos OS Release 15.1F4 with Junos Continuity.
- Junos OS Release 15.1F6 and later.
- Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later.

## Description

- Fixed-configuration MPC with 10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds
- Weight: 15.7 lb (7.12 kg)
- Model number: MPC7E-MRATE
- Name in the CLI: MPC7E-MRATE

#### Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 480 Gbps on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.
- Line-rate throughput of up to 400 Gbps on MX2000 routers with SFB, and up to 430 Gbps on MX2000 routers with SFB2.
- Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- Twelve Gigabit Ethernet ports that can be configured as 40-Gigabit Ethernet port or as 410-Gigabit Ethernet port using a breakout cable. The ports support quad small-form factor pluggable plus (QSFP+) transceivers.
- Four out of the twelve ports can be configured as 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Port numbers **0/2**, **0/5**, **1/2** and **1/5** are the four 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
- You can configure different combination of port speeds as long as the aggregate capacity per group of six ports labeled 0/0 through 0/5 does not exceed 240 Gbps. Similarly, aggregate capacity per group of the other six ports labeled 1/0 through 1/5 should not exceed 240 Gbps.
- Requires high-capacity power supplies, high-capacity fan trays, and SCBE2 on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.
- · Requires an adapter card to be housed in MX2000 routers.
- The ports are labeled as (with the MPC orientation as shown in the above figure):
  - 10-Gigabit Ethernet or 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports:
     0/0, 0/1, 0/2 100G, 0/3, 0/4, 0/5 100G, 1/0, 1/1, 1/2 100G, 1/3, 1/4, and 1/5 100G
  - 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports:
     0/2 100G, 0/5 100G, 1/2 100G and 1/5 100G

NOTE: Only ports marked 100G support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed using QSFP28 transceivers.

• Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.

NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots can be occupied by MPC7E (Multi-Rate) at an ambient temperature of up to 40° C and at any altitude. All the MPC slots can be occupied by MPC7E (Multi-Rate) at temperatures of up to 55° C and at sea level. At an ambient temperature of 55° C and above, and at an altitude above sea level, slot 11 cannot host MPC7E (Multi-Rate).

# Software features

- Supports rate selectability at the port level.
- By default, the ports are configured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
- · Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC7E for MX Series Routers" on page 373 for information about the protocols and applications that the MPC7E supports.

NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC7E powers on only if the **network-services** mode on the router is configured as either **enhanced-ip** or **enhanced-ethernet**. On MX2000 router no additional configuration is required as by default the router operates in **enhanced-ip** mode.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

# Power requirements

• At different temperatures:

55° C: 545 W 40° C: 465 W 25° C: 440 W

## LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Yellow-MPC has failed.

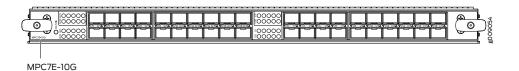
LINK LED, one green per port (4 per QSFP+ cage):

- Steady green—Link is up.
- Off-Link is down or disabled.

# Related Documentation

- MPC7E (Multi-Rate) on MX Series Routers Overview
- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

# **MPC7E 10G**



## Software release

- Junos OS Release 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity
- Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later

#### Description

- Fixed-configuration MPC with forty 10-Gbps ports
- Weight: 17 lb (7.7 kg)
- Model number: MPC7E-10G
- Name in the CLI: MPC7E 3D 40XGE

# Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 400 Gbps on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.
- Line-rate throughput of up to 400 Gbps on MX2000 routers.
- Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.
- Forty 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports. The ports support SFP+ transceivers.
- Requires high-capacity power supplies, high-capacity fan trays, and SCBE2 on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.
- Requires an adapter card to be housed in MX2000 routers.
- Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.
- The ports are labeled as (with the MPC orientation as shown in the figure):
  - 0/0 through 0/9
  - 0/10 through 0/19
  - 1/0 through 1/9
  - 1/10 through 1/19

#### Software features

- Supports MACsec using the following encryption algorithms: gcm-aes-128 and gcm-aes-256.
- SupportsHyper mode to speed up packet processing.
- Supports Flexible queuing using an add-on license to support 32,000 queues per line card, including queues on both ingress and egress interfaces. You can use an additional license to support up to 512,000 queues.
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC7E for MX Series Routers" on page 373 for information about the protocols and applications that MPC7Es support.

NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC7E powers on only if the **network-services** mode on the router is configured as either **enhanced-ip** or **enhanced-ethernet**. On MX2000 routers, no additional configuration is required because by default the router operates in **enhanced-ip** mode.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

10GBASE-ZR (model number: SFPP-10G-ZR-OTN-XT)

NOTE: MPC7E 10G does not support OTN rates.

• 10GBASE-ZR (model number: SFPP-10G-DT-ZRC2)

#### NOTE

- Supported from Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later.
- Supports 40° C ambient temperature operation at any altitude, and 55° C ambient temperature operation at sea level.

# Power requirements

- Typical: 405 W
- At different temperatures:

55° C: 500 W 40° C: 465 W

25° C: 430 W

NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots can be occupied by MPC7E 10G at an ambient temperature of up to 40° C and at any altitude. All the MPC slots can be occupied by MPC7E 10G at temperatures of up to 55° C and at sea level. At an ambient temperature of 55° C and above, and at an altitude above sea level, slot 11 cannot host MPC7E 10G.

# LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Yellow-MPC has failed.

Link LED, one green per port:

- · Steady green—Link is up.
- · Off-Link is down or disabled.

# Related Documentation

- MPC7E 10G on MX Series Routers Overview
- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

# MPC8E

# MX2K-MPC8E

#### Software release

- Junos OS Release 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity
- Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later

## Description

- Weight: 31.4 lb (14.24 kg) (net weight without blank panels)
- Model number: MX2K-MPC8E
- Name in the CLI: MPC8E3D

#### Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 960 Gbps on the MX2000 routers.
- Line-rate throughput of up to 1600 Gbps (1.6 Tbps) on the MX2000 routers with software upgrade.

NOTE: Starting from Junos OS Release 16.1R1, you can upgrade MPC8E to provide an increased bandwidth of 1600 Gbps (1.6 Tbps) by using an add-on license. After you perform the upgrade, MPC8E provides a bandwidth of 1.6 Tbps, which is equivalent to the bandwidth of "MPC9E" on page 135. However, the MPC continues to be identified as MPC8E.

- Four Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maximum bandwidth of 240 Gbps in normal mode and 400 Gbps in 1.6Tbps upgraded mode. A license is required to operate in 1.6 Tbps upgraded mode.
- Supports two MICs. For information about which MICs are supported on this MPC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.
- Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.
- Supports the Switch Fabric Boards SFB and SFB2. When MPC8E is used with SFB, the line-rate throughput is limited to 800 Gbps.
- Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.

# Software features

- Dynamic power management for effective utilization of available power.
- Inline flow monitoring for higher scalability and performance.
- Flexible queuing using an add-on license to support 32,000 queues per line card, including queues on both ingress and egress interfaces. You can use an additional license to support up to 512,000 queues per slot or 1,000,000 queues per slot.
- Hyper mode to speed up packet processing.
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms.

For more information about features supported on MPC8E, see "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers" on page 382.

# Power requirements

Normal mode with line-rate throughput of 960 Gbps:

## (without MICs)

- Typical: 688 W
- At different temperatures:

55° C: 805 W 40° C: 720 W 25° C: 690 W

Upgrade mode with line-rate throughput of 1.6 Tbps:

- Typical: 838 W
- At different temperatures:

55° C: 1018 W 40° C: 870 W 25° C: 840 W

# LEDs

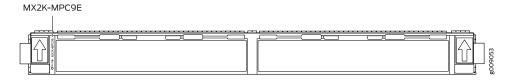
# **OK/FAIL** LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Yellow-MPC has failed.

# Related Documentation

- MPC8E on MX Series Routers Overview
- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)
- Understanding Rate Selectability

# MPC9E



# Software release

- Junos OS Release 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity
- Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later

# Description

- Weight: 31.4 lb (14.24 kg) (net weight without blank panels)
- Model number: MX2K-MPC9E
- Name in the CLI: MPC9E 3D

#### Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 1600 Gbps (1.6 Tbps) on MX2000 routers.
- Four Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maximum bandwidth of 400 Gbps.
- Supports two MICs. For information about which MICs are supported on this MPC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.
- Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- Supports the Switch Fabric Boards SFB and SFB2. When MPC9E is used with SFB, the line-rate throughput is limited to 800 Gbps.
- Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.

#### Software features

- Dynamic Power Management for effective utilization of available power.
- Inline Active Flow Monitoring for higher scalability and performance.
- Flexible Queuing Mode using an add-on license to support 32,000 queues per line card, including queues on both ingress and egress interfaces. You can use an additional license to support up to 512,000 queues per slot or 1,000,000 queues per slot.
- · Hyper Mode to speed up packet processing.
- · Optical diagnostics and related alarms.

For more information about features supported on MPC9E, see "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers" on page 382.

## Power requirements

• Typical: 838 W

#### (without MICs)

• At different temperatures:

55° C: 1018 W 40° C: 870 W 25° C: 840 W

## **LEDs**

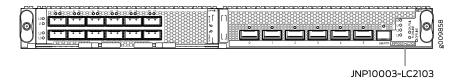
#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Yellow—MPC has failed.

# Related Documentation

- MPC9E on MX Series Routers Overview
- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)
- · Understanding Rate Selectability

# MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate)



Software release

• Junos OS release 17.3R1 and later

#### Description

- Weight: 30 lb (13.61 kg) (net weight without blank panel and without any MIC in slot 1)
- Model number: MX10003-LC2103
- Power requirement:

715 W at 55° C

660 W at 25° C

· Name in the CLI: LC2103

## Hardware features

- The MX10003 MPC is a 1.2-Terabit capable MPC with three Packet Forwarding Engine complexes (that is, three EA ASICs). The EA ASIC operates in 400G mode.
- The Packet Forwarding Engine is based on the third generation of the Trio chpiset architecture---namely, the EA (Eagle) ASIC. The Packet Forwarding Engine offers 400 Gbps of WAN and fabric bandwidth each.
- MX10003 MPC has six built-in QSFP+ optics ports, and one MIC slot.
- Supports Multi-Rate Ethernet Modular Interface Card (MIC) (model numbers: JNP-MIC1 and JNP-MIC1-MACSEC), and the
  fixed-port PIC (6xQSFPP). For information about which MICs are supported on this MPC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on
  page 26.
- Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.

#### Software features

- Dynamic Power Management for effective utilization of available power.
- Inline Active Flow Monitoring for higher scalability and performance.
- Flexible Queuing Mode to support 32,000 queues per line card, including queues on both ingress and egress interfaces. Supports up to 512,000 queues per slot or 768,000 queues per slot.
- · Hyper Mode to speed up packet processing.
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms.

For more information about features supported on MPC9E, see "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 Router" on page 391.

# Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at

https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

# Power requirements

(without MICs)

• At different temperatures:

55° C: 715 W 25° C: 660 W

# LEDs

# OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally and the link is up.
- Off—MPC is plugged-in but not powered on.
- Red-MPC has failed.

For information on the lane LEDs (Lo, L1, L2, and L3), see MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview.

Table 23 on page 138 summarize the port speed capability of MX10003 MPCs.

Table 23: MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) Port Speed

MIC	Port Number	Port Speed Supported
PIC 0	0-5	40 Gigabit Ethernet  4X10-Gigabit Ethernet
PIC 1	0-11	100 Gigabit Ethernet 40 Gigabit Ethernet 4X10-Gigabit Ethernet

# Related Documentation

- **Related** MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview
  - Configuring Rate Selectability on MX10003 MPC to Enable Different Port Speeds
  - MX10003 MPC Rate-Selectability Overview
  - Understanding Interface Naming Conventions for MX10003 MPC
  - Understanding Rate Selectability
  - MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
  - MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
  - Replacing an MX10003 MIC

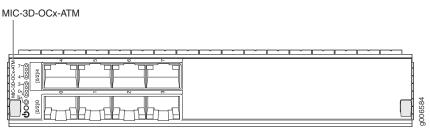
# **CHAPTER 9**

# MX Series MIC Descriptions

- ATM MIC with SFP on page 140
- DS3/E3 MIC on page 143
- Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP on page 147
- Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E) on page 150
- Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH) on page 154
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP on page 155
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports) on page 157
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports) on page 159
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports) on page 160
- 40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+ on page 162
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP on page 163
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP on page 165
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports) on page 166
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2 on page 167
- 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with CFP2-ACO on page 169
- Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP on page 178
- Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP on page 183
- Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H) on page 185
- Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC on page 188
- Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H) on page 191
- Tri-Rate MIC on page 194
- MIC MRATE on page 198
- Multiservices MIC on page 200
- SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP on page 202
- Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC on page 206
- SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP on page 209

# ATM MIC with SFP

Figure 8: 8-Port ATM MIC with SFP



## Software release

• Junos 12.1 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

# Description

- Rate-selectable using one of the following rates:
  - 8-port OC3
  - 2-port OC12
- Power requirement: 0.73 A @ 48 V (35 W)
- Weight: 1.2 lb (0.54 kg)
- Model number: MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM
- Name in the CLI: 3D 80C3 20C12 ATM

# Hardware features

- High-performance parsing of SONET/SDH frames
- Packet segmentation and reassembly (SAR) management and output port queuing
- Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing
- Line rate throughput for each port

#### Software features

- Circuit cross-connect (CCC) for leveraging ATM access networks
- User-configurable virtual circuit (VC) and virtual path (VP) support
- Support for idle cell or unassigned cell transmission
- OAM fault management processes alarm indication signal (AIS), remote defect indication (RDI) cells, and loop cells
- Point-to-point and point-to-multipoint mode Layer 2 counters per VC and per VP
- · Local and remote loopback
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP):
  - Management Information Base (MIB) 2 (RFC 1213)
  - ATM MIB (RFC 1695)
  - SONET MIB
  - PWE3 MIB (RFC 5603)
  - PW-ATM-MIB (RFC 5605)
  - PW-FRAME-MIB (RFC 5601)
  - MIB for CoS
- Unspecified bit rate (UBR), non-real-time variable bit rate (VBR), and constant bit rate (CBR) traffic shaping
- · Per-VC or per-VP traffic shaping
- Support for F4 OAM cells (AIS, RDI, Loopback, and Continuity Check)
- Support for F5 OAM cells (AIS, RDI, Loopback, and Continuity Check)
- Support for 16 bit VCI range
- · Encapsulations:
  - atm-ccc-cell-relay (Junos 12.1 and later)
  - atm-ccc-vc-mux (Junos 12.1 and later)
  - atm-snap (Junos 12.2 and later)
  - atm-vc-mux (Junos 12.2 and later)
  - atm-tcc-snap (Junos 13.3 and later)
  - atm-tcc-vc-mux (Junos 13.3 and later)
  - vlan-vci-ccc (Junos 16.1 and later)
  - ether-over-atm-llc
  - ppp-over-ether-over-atm-llc
  - atm-ppp-llc
  - atm-ppp-vc-mux

NOTE: Inline MLPPP is not supported on this MIC.

# Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

# LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally.
- Red-MIC has failed.

Link LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is up.
- Blinking—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Blinking rapidly—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

# Alarms, errors, and events

- Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
- Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Loss of cell delineation (LOC)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Payload mismatch (PLM-P)
- Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
- Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- Error detection:
  - Bit interleaved parity errors B1, B2, B3
  - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
  - Far-end bit errors, remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
  - Far-end bit errors, remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
  - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
  - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
  - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
  - Severely errored framing (SEF)
  - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
  - Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
  - Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)



NOTE: MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM Revision 8 and Revision 22 are supported only by the following Junos OS releases:

- · Junos OS Release 12.3-12.3R9 and later
- · Junos OS Release 13.3-13.3R6 and later
- Junos OS Release 14.1—14.1R4 and later
- · Junos OS Release 14.2-14.2R3 and later
- · Junos OS Release 15.1 and later

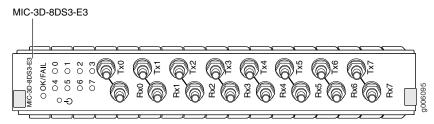
You must upgrade to a supported Junos OS release to use MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM Revision 8 and Revision 22 and later.

# Related Documentation

MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

# DS3/E3 MIC

Figure 9: DS3/E3 MIC



#### Software release

• Junos OS Release 11.4 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

# Description

- Eight E3 or DS3 ports
- DS3/E3 MIC ports can be configured as one of the following:
  - 8 clear-channel DS3 ports
  - 8 channelized DS3 ports
  - 8 clear-channel E3 ports

NOTE: You can upgrade the DS3/E3 MIC with the S-MIC-3D-8CHDS3 software license (purchased separately) to support DS3 channelization. Channelized DS3/E3 MIC is supported only on queuing MPCs. On the MX80 router, you also need an S-MX80-Q software license.

- DS3 or E3 is configurable on a per-port granularity
- DS3 channelization for the 8-port Channelized DS3/E3 MIC:
  - 8 DS3 channels
  - 224 DS1 channels
  - 2038 DS0 channels
- Power requirement: 4.0 A @ 9 V (36W)
- Weight: 4.4 lb (2 kg)
- Model numbers:
  - DS3/E3 MIC: MIC-3D-8DS3-E3
  - Channelized DS3/E3 MIC: MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B

# Hardware features

• Ports are numbered 0 through 7, Tx0 through Tx7 and Rx0 through Rx7

#### Software features

- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Framing: M13, C-bit parity, framed clear channel
- Subrate and scrambling:

NOTE: Only DS3 interfaces support subrate and scrambling.

- Digital Link/Quick Eagle
- Kentrox
- Larscom
- ADTRAN
- Verilink
- · Internal and look clocking
- DS3 far-end alarm and control (FEAC) channel
- Full bit error rate test (BERT) for DS0, DS1, and DS3
- · Encapsulations:
  - MPLS fast reroute
  - MPLS CCC (circuit cross-connection)
  - MPLS TCC (translational cross-connection)
  - · Cisco High-Level Data Link Control (cHDLC)
  - Cisco HDLC CCC
  - Cisco HDLC TCC
- Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
- PPP for CCC
- PPP for TCC
- Flexible Frame Relay
- Frame Relay
- Frame Relay for CCC
- Frame Relay for TCC
- PPP over Frame Relay

NOTE: Ethernet over Frame Relay is not supported.

- Encapsulations available only for Channelized DS3/E3 MIC (Junos OS Release 12.1 and later):
  - Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol (MLPPP)
  - Multiclass MLPPP
  - Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) end-to-end (FRF.15)
  - Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) UNI NNI (FRF.16, also referred to as MFR)
  - Compressed Real-Time Transport Protocol (CRTP)

NOTE: When you configure multilink services on a MIC in an MX Series router, ensure that a Multiservices DPC is present in the same router.

## Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

Coaxial:

Custom 10-ft (3-m) mini-SMB to BNC cable (model number: CBL-DS3-E3-M-S), set of 8 cables (bundled RX and TX)

# LEDs

# OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- · Green-MIC is functioning normally
- Red—MIC has failed

Link LED, one green per port:

- · Off-Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

# Alarms, errors, and events

#### DS3 alarms:

- Alarm indication signal (AIS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal seconds (LOS)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)

# DS3 error detection:

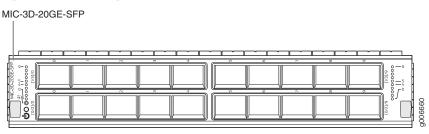
- C-bit code violations (CCV)
- C-bit errored seconds (CES)
- C-bit severely errored seconds (CSES)
- CRC errors
- Excessive zeros (EXZ)
- Far-end block error (FEBE)
- Far-end receive failure (FERF)
- Line errored seconds (LES)
- Parity bit (P-bit) code violations (PCV)
- Parity bit (P-bit) errored seconds (PES)
- Parity bit (P-bit) severely errored framing seconds (PSES)
- Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS)
- Unavailable seconds (UAS)

# Related Documentation

• MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

# Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP

Figure 10: 20-Port Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP



#### Software release

• Junos 10.1 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

# Description

- 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 0.77 A @ 48 V (37 W)
- Weight: 1.2 lb (0.54 kg)
- Model number: MIC-3D-20GE-SFP
- · Name in the CLI: 3D 20GE SFP

# Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
- Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners
- Up to 20-Gbps of full-duplex traffic
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

#### Software features

- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
- Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)

# Interfaces

Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:

- · fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
- pic: The logical PIC number on the MIC, numbered 0, 1, 2, and 3.
- port: 0 through 9

For example, ge-3/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in PIC 3 on the MPC installed in slot 3.

Figure 11 on page 148, Figure 12 on page 149, and Figure 13 on page 149 show examples of the port numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP installed in an MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.

Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

**LEDs** 

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green—MIC is functioning normally.
- Red-MIC has failed.

Link LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is up.

# **Port Numbering**

Figure 11 on page 148, Figure 12 on page 149, and Figure 13 on page 149 show examples of the port numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP on the MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.

Figure 11: Port Numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (MX960)

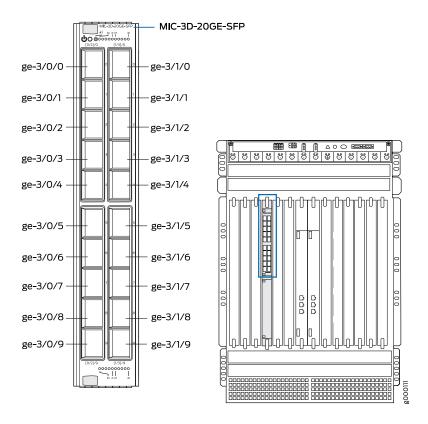


Figure 12: Port Numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (MX480)

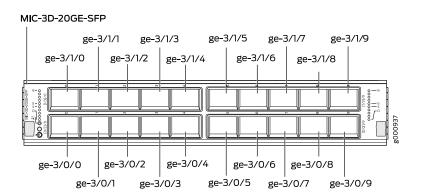
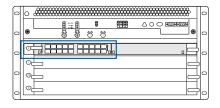
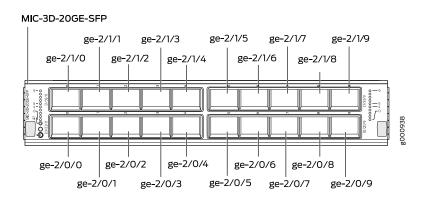


Figure 13: Port Numbering for Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (MX240)





# Related Documentation

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

# Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)

Figure 14: 20-Port Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)

MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E

#### Software release

• Junos 13.2R2 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

# Description

- 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 0.77 A @ 48 V (37 W)
- Weight: 1.2 lb (0.54 kg)
- Model number: MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E
- Name in the CLI: 3D 20x 1GE(LAN)-E,SFP

## Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
- Auto-negotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners
- Up to 20-Gbps of full-duplex traffic
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Environmentally hardened for 32° F (0° C) to 131° F (55° C) operating temperatures
- SEC PHY
- Timing PHY

## Software features

- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- · Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
- Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)
- Precision Time Protocol (PTP) or IEEE 1588v2
- Media Access Control Security (MACsec)

## Interfaces

Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed. The MPCs are represented in the CLI as FPC0 through FPC19.
- pic: The logical PIC number on the MIC, numbered 0 or 1. Figure 15 on page 152, Figure 16 on page 153, and Figure 17 on page 153 illustrate the port numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E) installed in the MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.
- port: 0 through 9.

For example, ge-3/1/0 is the interface for port 0 in PIC 1 on the MPC installed in slot 3.

Figure 15 on page 152, Figure 16 on page 153, and Figure 17 on page 153 illustrate the port numbering for the MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E installed in an MX960, MX480, and MX280, respectively.

## Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

## LEDs

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally.
- Red-MIC has failed.

Link LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is up.

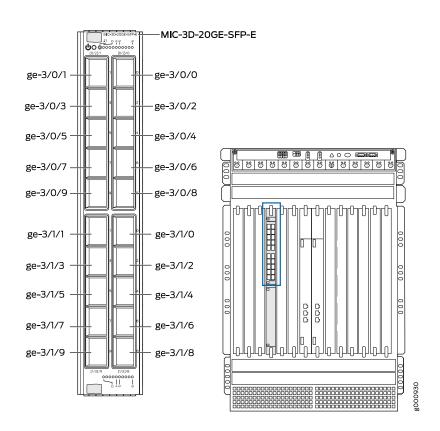
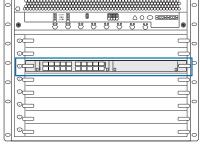


Figure 15: Port Numbering for the MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E (MX960)

Figure 16: Port Numbering for the MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E (MX480)



# MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E

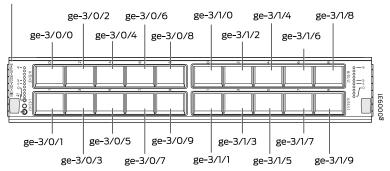
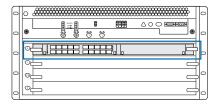
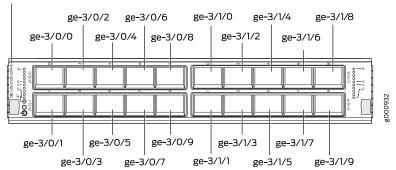


Figure 17: Port Numbering for the MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E (MX240)



# MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E

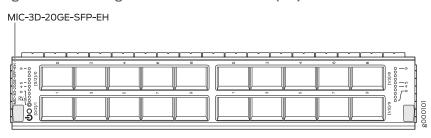


## Related Documentation

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

# Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH)

Figure 18: 20-Port Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH)



## Software release

· Junos 13.2R2 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 0.77 A @ 48 V (37 W)
- Weight: 1.2 lb (0.54 kg)
- Model number: MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-EH
- Name in the CLI: 3D 20x 1GE(LAN)-EH,SFP

#### Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps
- Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners
- Up to 20-Gbps of full-duplex traffic
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Environmentally hardened for -40° F (-40° C) to 149° F (65° C) operating temperatures
- SEC PHY
- Timing PHY

# Software features

- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- · Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
- Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)
- Precision Time Protocol (PTP) or IEEE 1588v2
- Media Access Control Security (MACsec)

#### Interfaces

Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
- pic: 0 (left grouping of 10 ports) or 1 (right grouping of 10 ports) when installed in MIC slot 0; 2 (left grouping of 10 ports) or 3 (right grouping of 10 ports) when installed in MIC slot 1
- port: 0 through 9

For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the right grouping of ports on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 1.

## Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType; = All&pf; = MX+Series.

## LEDs

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green—MIC is functioning normally.
- Red-MIC has failed.

Link LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is up.

# Related Documentation

• MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

# 10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP

Figure 19: 2-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP

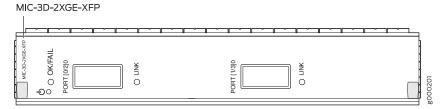
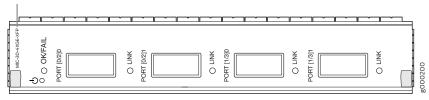


Figure 20: 4-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP

MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP



#### Software release

- 2-port: Junos 10.2 and later
- 4-port: Junos 10.1 and later

For information on which MPCs support these MICs, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

## Description

- Two or four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement:
- 2-port: 0.6 A @ 48 V (29 W)
- 4-port: 0.56 A @ 48 V (27 W)
- Weight:
  - 2-port: 1 lb (0.45 kg)
  - 4-port: 1.1 lb (0.5 kg)
- · Model number:
  - 2-port: MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP
  - 4-port: MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP
- Name in the CLI:
  - 2-port: 3D 2X10GE XFP
  - 4:-port 3D 4X10GE XFP

# Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

# Software features

- Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options
- · Synchronous Ethernet support
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- · Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
- Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)

#### Interfaces

Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
- pic
  - 2-port: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0; 3 when installed in MIC slot 1
  - 4-port: 0 or 1 when installed in MIC slot 0; 2 or 3 when installed in MIC slot 1
- port
  - 2-port: 0
  - 4-port: 0 or 1

For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 1.

## Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

#### **LEDs**

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green—MIC is functioning normally.
- Red-MIC has failed.

LINK LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is up with or without activity.

The ports are labeled:

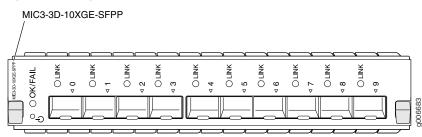
- 2-port: [0/2]0, [1/3]0
- 4-port: [0/2]0, [0/2]1, [1/3]0, and [1/3]1

# Related Documentation

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

# 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports)

Figure 21: 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+



Software release

• Junos 12.3 and later

## Description

- Ten 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 0.62 A @ 48 V (29.8 W)
- Weight: 1.54 lb (0.70 kg)
- Model number: MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP
- Name in the CLI: 3D 10xGE SFPP

#### Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
- Supports 10 SFP+ pluggable optic ports
- Voltage Sequencer for local voltage sequence control and monitoring
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

#### Software features

- Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per port
- · Synchronous Ethernet support
- · Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- · Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
- Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)

## Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: SFPP-10GE-ZR has a commercial temperature rating and is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, the software disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.

NOTE: SFPP-10G-DT-ZRC2 is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP MIC. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.

# LEDs

## **OK/FAIL** LED, one bicolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally.
- Red-MIC has failed.

LINK LED, one per SFP+ port:

- Off—No link.
- · Green-Link is up.
- Yellow-Link is disabled.

The ports are labeled:

• Port [0] to Port [9]

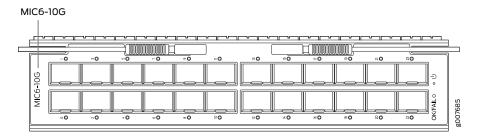


NOTE: The MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP MIC has one logical PIC. When the MIC is installed in slot 0 of an MPC the PIC number is 0, and when the MIC is installed in slot 1 of an MPC the PIC number is 2. For example, when the MIC is installed in slot 3 of the MX960 router, in slot 1 of the MPC, the interfaces are numbered ge-3/2/0 through ge-3/2/9.

# Related Documentation

- MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
- MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18
- MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26

# 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)



# Software release

· Junos 13.3R2 and later

For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

# Description

- Twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 7.1 A @ 10.4 V (74 W)
- Weight: 3.2 lb (1.45 kg)
- Model number: MIC6-10G
- Name in the CLI: 24x10GE SFPP

# Hardware features

- Supports 24 SFP+ pluggable optic ports
- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps
- Supports LOS-squelch, enabling Synchronous Ethernet fast-clock-failover on a port down event
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

## Software features

- Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per port
- Compliant to ITU-T specifications
- · Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
- IEEE 802.1ad support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

# LEDs

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green—MIC is functioning normally.
- Yellow-MIC is coming online.
- Red-MIC has failed.

LINK LED, one bicolor per SFP+ port:

- Off-No link.
- Green—Link is up.
- Yellow—Link is disabled.

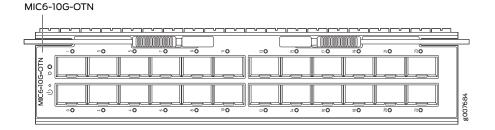
The ports are labeled:

• Port [0] to Port [23]

# Related Documentation

MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

# 10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)



# Software release

• Junos 13.3R3 and later

For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- Twenty-four 10-Gigabit optical transport network (OTN) ports for transport of 10-Gigabit Ethernet (10GBASE-R) traffic
- Power requirement: 1.5 A @ 52 V (84 W)
- Weight: 3.4 lb (1.54 kg)
- Model number: MIC6-10G-OTN
- Name in the CLI: 24x10GE OTN

#### Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
- LAN-OTU2e mode (G.Sup43, 7.1) at 11.09 Gbps
- WAN-OTU2 mode (G.Sup43, 6.1) at 10.70 Gbps
- Supports LOS-squelch, enabling Synchronous Ethernet fast-clock-failover on a port-down event
- Provides IEEE 1588 time-stamping at physical interface for improved accuracy
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

#### Software features

- OTN support for 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface
- · Compliant with ITU-T specifications
- Transparent transport of 10-Gigabit Ethernet signals with optical channel transport unit 2 (OTU2/OTU2e) framing
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Configurable LAN-PHY, WAN-PHY, or OTN mode options per port
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q VLAN support
- IEEE 802.1ad support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

#### LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally.
- Yellow-MIC is coming online.
- Red-MIC has failed.

#### LINK LED, one bicolor per port:

- Off-No link.
- · Green-Link is up.
- Yellow-Link is disabled.

#### The ports are labeled:

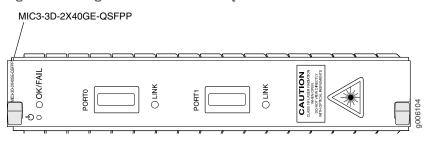
• Port [0] through Port [23]

## Related Documentation

MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

#### 40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+

Figure 22: 40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+



#### Software release

12.2 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- Two 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 0.38 A @ 48 V (18 W)
- Weight: 1.19 lb (0.54 kg)
- Model number: MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP

#### Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 40 Gbps
- Up to 40-Gbps of full-duplex traffic
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

#### Software features

- Synchronous Ethernet support
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- · Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
- Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

#### LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally.
- Red-MIC has failed.

LINK LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is up with or without activity.
- Yellow—Link is disabled.

The ports are labeled:

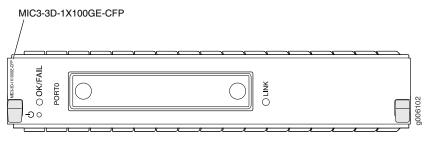
PORT [0] - PORT [1]

## Related Documentation

MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

#### 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP

Figure 23: 1-Port 100 Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP



#### Software release

• 12.1 and later

For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- One 100-Gigabit Ethernet port
- Power requirement: 0.83 A @ 48 V (40 W)
- Weight: 1.94 lb (0.88 kg)
- Model number: MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP
- Name in the CLI: 1X100GE CFP

#### Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 100 Gbps
- Up to 100-Gbps of full-duplex traffic
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- The port is labeled **PORTO**

- Synchronous Ethernet support
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- · Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
- Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: The CFP-100GBASE-ER4 transceiver is NEBS-compliant in the 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP, but only when the other MIC slot in the MPC3E is empty. If another MIC is present and the ambient temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, the software converts CFP-100GBASE-ER4 to low power mode, which takes the transceiver offline.

• Fiber-optic 100-Gigabit C form-factor Plugabble

NOTE: The CFP-100GBASE-ZR transceiver is NEBS compliant in the 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP, but only when the other MIC slot in the MPC3E is empty. If another MIC is present and the ambient air temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, the software disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline. The other MIC slot must be filled with a blank panel.

#### LEDs

#### **OK/FAIL** LED, one bicolor:

- Green—MIC is functioning normally.
- Red-MIC has failed.

LINK LED, one green per port:

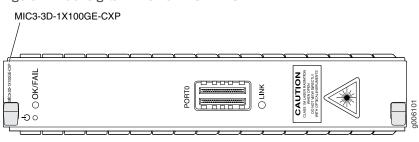
- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is up.
- Yellow-Link is disabled.

## Related Documentation

• MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

#### 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP

Figure 24: 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP



#### Software release

• 12.2 and later

For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- One 100-gigabit Ethernet port
- Power requirement: 0.42 A @ 48 V (20 W)
- Weight: 1.03 lb (0.47 kg)
- Model number: MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP
- Name in the CLI: 3D 1x100GE CXP

#### Hardware features

- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 100 Gbps
- Up to 100-Gbps of full-duplex traffic
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- The port is labeled PORTO

#### Software features

- Synchronous Ethernet support
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- · Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
- Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

#### LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally.
- Red-MIC has failed.

LINK LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is up with or without activity.
- Yellow—Link is disabled.

## Related Documentation

• MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

#### 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports)

## MIC6-100G-CXP

# DORT? DORT? DORT? DORT? DORT? DORT? DORT? DORT?

#### Software release

• Junos 13.3R2 and later

For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- Four 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 5.5 A @ 10.4 V (57 W)
- Weight: 2.7 lb (1.22 kg)
- Model number: MIC6-100G-CXP
- Name in the CLI: 4X100GE CXP

#### Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 100Gbps per port.
- Supports 100GBASE-SR10 over CXP pluggable optics
- Supports LOS-squelch, enabling Synchronous Ethernet fast-clock-failover on a port down event
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

- Compliant to ITU-T specifications
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
- IEEE 802.1ad support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- · Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

#### **LEDs**

#### OK/FAIL LED, one tricolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally.
- · Yellow-MIC is coming online.
- Red-MIC has failed.

#### LINK LED, one bicolor per port:

- Off-No link.
- Green—Link is up.
- Yellow-Link is disabled.

The ports are labeled:

Port 0 to Port 3

## Related Documentation

• MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

#### 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2

## 

#### Software release

• Junos 13.3R3 and later

For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- Two 100-Gigabit Ethernet CFP2 ports
- Power requirement: 2 A @ 52 V (104 W)
- Weight: 2.4 lb (1.09 kg)
- Model number: MIC6-100G-CFP2
- Name in the CLI: 2X100GE CFP2 OTN

#### Hardware features

- Line-rate throughput of up to 100 Gbps per port
- Supports CFP2 pluggable optics
- Supports LAN (103.125 Gbps) and OTN/OTU4 (111.81 Gbps) on a per-port basis
- Provides IEEE 1588 time-stamping at physical interface for improved accuracy
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

#### Software features

- Optical transport network (OTN) support for 100-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces
- Compliant with ITU-T specifications
- Transparent transport of 100-Gigabit Ethernet signals with OTU4 framing
- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Configurable 100-Gigabit Ethernet or OTN options per port
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q VLAN support
- IEEE 802.1ad support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- · Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

#### NOTE

- $\bullet$  CFP2-100G-ER4-D is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11.
- CFP2-DCO-T-WDM-1 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router or the MX2020 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11. Slots 0 and 11 can only work with an ambient temperature of up to 40° C.

NOTE: When inserting the CFP2 transceiver, ensure that the transceiver sits tightly in the port. You will hear a distinct click sound when the latch locks into the corresponding port. The latch must be fully engaged in the corresponding port for the CFP2 transceiver to function properly. Failing to do so will result in loss of connection.

To verify that the CFP2 transceiver module is inserted properly, give a gentle pull by grasping the sides of the module. The module should sit tightly.

#### LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one tricolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally.
- Yellow—MIC is coming online.
- Red-MIC has failed.

#### LINK LED, one bicolor per port:

- Off-No link.
- Green—Link is up.
- Yellow-Link is disabled.

#### Port labels:

Port 0 and Port 1

#### Related Documentation

MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

#### 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with CFP2-ACO



#### Software release

Junos OS Release 15.1F5 and 15.1F6, Junos OS Release 17.1R1 and later
 For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.
 For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- One 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN port
- Power requirements (including transceiver) at different temperatures:
  - 55° C: 1.90 A @ 48 V (91 W)
  - 25° C: 1.73 A @ 48 V (83 W)
- Weight: 2.3 lb (1.04 kg)
- Model number: MIC3-100G-DWDM
- Name in the CLI: 1X100GE DWDM CFP2-ACO

#### Hardware features

- Dual-wide MIC that installs into two MIC slots
- Supports CFP2 analog coherent optics (CFP2-ACO)
- Transparent transport of a 100-Gigabit Ethernet signal with OTU4V framing
- ITU-standard OTN performance monitoring and alarm management
- Dual-polarization quadrature phase shift keying (DP-QPSK) modulation
- Supports three types of forward error correction (FEC):
  - Soft-decision FEC (SD-FEC)
  - High-gain FEC (HG-FEC)
  - G.709 FEC (GFEC)
- 100 channels on C-band ITU grid with 50-GHz spacing
- Latency:
  - SD-FEC: 14 μs (TX + RX)
  - HG-FEC: 22 µs (TX + RX)
  - GFEC: 6 μs (TX + RX)
- Interoperable with the CFP-100GBASE-ZR transceiver supported on the 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP (MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP) on MX Series routers and the 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC with CFP (P1-PTX-2-100GE-CFP) on PTX Series routers.
- Interoperable with the 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN PIC with CFP2 (PTX-5-100G-WDM) on PTX Series routers when the 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC is configured to use SD-FEC or GFEC.

NOTE: The 1-port 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC is not directly interoperable with the 2-port 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN PIC (P1-PTX-2-100G-WDM), but they can both operate over the same DWDM line system.

NOTE: For information about configuring the MIC, see Configuring OTN Interfaces on MIC3-100G-DWDM MIC. For information about upgrading the firmware on the PIC, see Upgrading Firmware on the 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC (MIC3-100G-DWDM).

- Compliant with ITU G.709 and G.798
- Provides a transport interface and state model (GR-1093)
- Performance monitoring features such as alarms, threshold-crossing alarms, OTU/ODU error seconds and FEC and bit error rate (BER) statistics
- SNMP management of the MIC based on *RFC 3591, Managed Objects for the Optical Interface Type*, including the following:
  - Set functionality
  - Black Link MIB
  - IFOTN MIB
  - Optics MIB
  - FRU MIB
- Pre-FEC BER monitoring provides interrupt-driven, BER-based detection of link signal degradation for MPLS fast reroute.
- User-configurable optics options:
  - Transmit (TX) laser enable and disable
  - TX output power
  - Wavelength
  - · Receive (RX) LOS warning or alarm thresholds
  - · Threshold crossing alarms (TCAs)

User-configurable card options:

- FEC mode (SD-FEC, HG-FEC, or GFEC)
- TCAs

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: When inserting the C form-factor pluggable 2 (CFP2) transceiver, ensure that the transceiver sits tightly in the port. You hear a distinct click sound when the latch locks into the corresponding port. The latch must be fully engaged in the corresponding port for the CFP2 transceiver to function properly. Failing to do so can result in loss of connection.

To verify that the CFP2 transceiver module is inserted properly, give a gentle pull by grasping the sides of the module. The module should sit tightly.

#### LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Off-MIC is powered off.
- Green—MIC is initialized and online, functioning normally.
- Amber-MIC is coming online, or is in fault state.

#### LINK LED, one bicolor per port:

- Off—Port is offline.
- · Solid green—Link is up.
- Red-Port failure is detected.

#### NOTE: The port is labeled Port 0.

## Alarms, Errors, and Events

NOTE: For OTN alarms, see Table 24 on page 176.

#### Chassis and MIC:

- MIC (FRU) inserted or removed
- MIC (FRU) Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service
- MIC (FRU) Operational State: Unequipped, Init, Normal, Mismatch, Fault, Upgrade
- Mismatch equipment
- Temperature alarm

#### Port (interface):

- Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA
- Interface Operational State: Init, Normal, Fault, Degraded

#### Optical channel transport unit (OTU) TCAs:

- OTU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA
- OTU-TCA-ES-15-minute far-end errored seconds TCA
- OTU-TCA-SES—15-minute severely errored seconds TCA
- OTU-TCA-UAS—15-minute unavailable seconds TCA

#### Optical channel data unit (ODU) TCAs:

- ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA
- ODU-TCA-ES—15-minute far-end errored seconds TCA
- ODU-TCA-SES—15-minute severely errored seconds TCA
- ODU-TCA-UAS—15-minute unavailable seconds TCA

TIP: You can view OTU and ODU TCAs by using the **show interfaces transport pm otn** operational-mode CLI command.

NOTE: If you insert an invalid CFP module, the CLI displays  ${\bf unsupported\ module\ }$  and a syslog message is generated.

#### Optics-related status:

- Module temperature
- · Module voltage
- Module temperature alarm:
  - High alarm
  - Low alarm
  - High warning
  - Low warning
- Module voltage alarm:
  - High alarm
  - Low alarm
  - High warning
  - Low warning
- Module not ready alarm
- Module low power alarm
- Module initialization incomplete alarm
- Module fault alarm
- TX laser disabled alarm
- RX loss of signal alarm
- Modem lock state
- TX output power:
  - Current TX output power
  - Minimum over PM interval
  - Maximum over PM interval
  - · Average over PM interval
- TX power alarm:
  - High alarm
  - Low alarm
  - High warning
  - Low warning
- RX input power (signal)
- RX input power (total):
  - Current RX input power (total)
  - Minimum over PM interval
  - Maximum over PM interval
  - Average over PM interval
- RX power alarm:
  - High alarm
  - Low alarm
  - High warning
  - Low warning
- RX loss of signal alarm
- Wavelength unlocked alarm

TIP: You can view optics-related status by using the **show interfaces transport pm optics** and **show interfaces diagnostics optics** operational-mode CLI commands.

Network lane receive-related status:

- · Chromatic dispersion:
  - · Current chromatic dispersion
  - Minimum over PM interval
  - Maximum over PM interval
  - · Average over PM interval
- Differential group delay:
  - · Current differential group delay
  - · Minimum over PM interval
  - Maximum over PM interval
  - · Average over PM interval
- Q<sup>2</sup>-factor:
  - Current Q<sup>2</sup>-factor
  - Minimum over PM interval
  - Maximum over PM interval
  - Average over PM interval
- · Carrier frequency offset
  - · Current carrier frequency offset
  - Minimum over PM interval
  - Maximum over PM interval
  - Average over PM interval
- Signal-to-noise ratio (SNR)
  - Current SNR
  - Minimum over PM interval
  - Maximum over PM interval
  - · Average over PM interval

TIP: You can view network lane receive-related status by using the  ${\bf show}$  interfaces transport  ${\bf pm}$  optics operational-mode CLI command.

#### FEC statistics:

- Corrected Errors—the number of bits received that were in error, but corrected.
- Uncorrected Words—the number of FEC codewords received that were uncorrectable.
- Corrected Error Ratio—the number of corrected bits divided by the number of bits received

TIP: You can view FEC statistics by using the **show interfaces** *interface-name* **extensive** operational-mode CLI command.

Table 24 on page 176 describes the OTN alarms and defects that can occur on the MIC and the link status when the alarm or defect occurs.



TIP: You can view OTN alarms and defects by using the show interfaces interface-name extensive operational-mode CLI command.

Table 24: OTN Alarms and Defects

Category	Alarm	Description	Link Status
OTN	LOS	Loss of signal	Link down
	LOF	Loss of frame	Link down
	LOM	Loss of multiframe	Link down
OTN FEC	FEC Degrade (OTU-FEC-DEG)	Forward error correction degraded	Link down if signal degrade or backward FRR thresholds are met
	FEC Excessive (OTU-FEC-EXE)	There are uncorrected words and there are errors in the frame header	Possible link down
OTN OTU	OTU-AIS	Alarm indication signal or all ones signal	Link down
	OTU-BDI	Backward defect identification	Link down
	OTU-IAE	Incoming alignment error	Warning
	OTU-TTIM	Destination access point identifier (DAPI), source access point identifier (SAPI), or both mismatch from expected to received	Can cause the link to be down if otu-ttim-act-enable is configured at the [edit interfaces interface-name otn-options]hierarchy level
	OTU-BIAE	Backward incoming alignment error	Warning
	OTU-TSF	OTU trail signal fail	Warning
	OTU-SSF	OTU server signal fail	Warning

Table 24: OTN Alarms and Defects (continued)

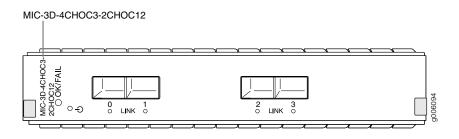
Category	Alarm	Description	Link Status
OTN ODU	ODU-AIS	Alarm indication signal or all ones signal	Link down
	ODU-OCI	Open connection error	Link down
	ODU-LCK	ODU lock triggers for path monitoring and TCM levels 1 through 6	Link down
	ODU-BDI	Backward defect indication	Link down
	ODU-TTIM	DAPI or SAPI mismatch from expected to received	Can cause the link to be down if odu-ttim-act-enable is configured at the [edit interfaces interface-name otn-options] hierarchy level
	ODU-IAE	Incoming alignment error	Warning
	ODU-LTC	Loss of tandem connection	Warning
	ODU-CSF	Client signal failure	Warning
	ODU-TSF	Trail signal fail	Warning
	ODU-SSF	Server signal fail	Warning
	ODU-PTIM	Payload type mismatch	Link down

## Related Documentation

- 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN CFP2-ACO Transceiver Wavelengths
- MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
- Configuring OTN Interfaces on MIC3-100G-DWDM MIC
- Upgrading Firmware on the 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC (MIC3-100G-DWDM)
- show interfaces extensive
- show interfaces transport pm
- show interfaces diagnostics optics (Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, 40-Gigabit Ethernet, 100-Gigabit Ethernet, and Virtual Chassis Port)

#### Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP

Figure 25: 4-Port Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP



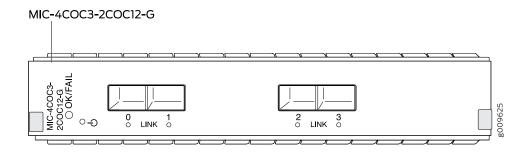


Figure 26: 8-Port Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP

#### Software release

• Junos OS Release 11.4 and later

For information on which MPCs support these MICs, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- 4-port: Rate-selectable using one of the following rates:
  - 4-port OC3/STM1
  - 2-port OC12/STM4
- 8-port: Rate-selectable using one of the following rates:
  - 8-port OC3/STM1
  - 4-port OC12/STM4
- Channelization: OC3, DS3, DS1, DS0, E3, E1. For information on channelization numbers, see Channelized Interfaces Feature Guide for Routing Devices.
- Power requirement:
  - 4-port: 4.56 A @ 9 V (41 W)
  - 8-port: 5.78 A @ 9 V (52 W)
- Weight:
  - 4-port: 4.4 lb (2 kg)
  - 8-port: 4.4 lb (2 kg)
- Model number:
  - 4-port: MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12
  - 4-port: MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G
  - 8-port: MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12
  - 4-port: MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G
  - 8-port: MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12
  - 8-port: MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G

NOTE: MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G and MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G are RoHS 6/6 compliant.

#### Hardware features

- The ports are labeled:
  - 4-port: 0-3
  - 8-port: 0-7

#### Software features

- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- Per-port SONET/SDH framing
- Local and remote loopback on each port
- · Optical diagnostics and monitoring
- Clocking options: internal or external/loop mode
- Encapsulations:
  - MPLS fast reroute
  - MPLS CCC (circuit cross-connection)
  - MPLS TCC (translational cross-connection)
  - Cisco High-Level Data Link Control (cHDLC)
  - Cisco HDLC CCC
  - Cisco HDLC TCC
  - Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
  - PPP for CCC
  - PPP for TCC
  - Flexible Frame Relay
  - Frame Relay
  - Frame Relay for CCC
  - Frame Relay for TCC
  - PPP over Frame Relay
  - Multilink-based protocols (Junos OS Release 12.1 and later):
    - Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol (MLPPP)
    - Multiclass MLPPP
    - Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) end-to-end (FRF.15)
    - Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) UNI NNI (FRF.16, also referred to as MFR)
    - Compressed Real-Time Transport Protocol (CRTP)

NOTE: When you configure multilink services on a MIC in an MX Series router, ensure that a Multiservices DPC is present in the same router.

NOTE: Ethernet over Frame Relay is not supported.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

#### LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green—MIC is functioning normally
- Red-MIC has failed

#### LINK LED, one green per port:

- · Off-Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red—Active with a local alarm: router has detected a failure

### Alarms, errors, and events

#### SONET alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- · Loss of frame (LOF)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Alarm indicator signal—line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indicator signal-path (AIS-P)
- Remote defect indicator-line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indicator-path (RDI-P)
- Loss of pointer-path (LOP-P)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Payload label mismatch-Path (PLM-P)
- Unequipped-path (UNEQ-P)
- Remote error indicator-path (REI-P)
- Alarm indicator signal-virtual container (V-AIS)
- Loss of pointer-virtual container (V-LOP)
- Remote defect indicator-virtual container (V-RDI)
- Unequipped-virtual container (V-UNEQ)
- Mismatch-virtual container (V-MIS)

#### SDH alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Multiplex-section alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS)
- Higher order path-alarm indication signal (HP-AIS)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BER-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BER-SF)
- Multiplex section-far end receive failure (MS-FERF)
- Higher order path—far-end receive failure (HP-FERF)
- Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
- Remote error indicator (REI)

- Unequipped (UNEQ)
- Tributary unit-alarm indicator signal (TU-AIS)
- Tributary unit-loss of pointer (TU-LOP)
- Tributary unit-remote defect indicator (TU-RDI)
- Tributary unit-unequipped (TU-UNEQ)
- Tributary unit-mismatch (TU-MIS)

#### DS3 alarms:

- Alarm indication signal (AIS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal seconds (LOS)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)

#### DS3 error detection:

- C-bit code violations (CCV)
- C-bit errored seconds (CES)
- C-bit severely errored seconds (CSES)
- CRC errors
- Excessive zeros (EXZ)
- Far-end block error (FEBE)
- Far-end receive failure (FERF)
- Line errored seconds (LES)
- Parity bit (P-bit) code violations (PCV)
- Parity bit (P-bit) errored seconds (PES)
- Parity bit (P-bit) severely errored framing seconds (PSES)
- Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS)
- Unavailable seconds (UAS)

## Related Documentation

MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

#### Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP

Figure 27: Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP

MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE

Software release

• Junos OS Release 12.2 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- Four OC3/STM1 ports
- Rate-selectable using one of the following rates:
  - 4-port OC3/STM1
  - 1-port OC12/STM4
- One channelized OC12/STM4 port (down to DS0)
- SONET or SDH is configurable on a MIC level
- OC3 channelization:
  - 4 OC3 channel
  - 336 DS1 channels
  - 2016 DS0 channels (combination of nxDS0)
- SDH channelization:
  - 4 STM1 channel
  - 252 E1 channels
  - 2016 DS0 channels (combination of nxDS0)
- Power requirement: 2.83 A @ 12 V (33.96 W)
- Weight: 1.63 lb (0.74 kg)
- Model number: MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE

Hardware features

• Ports are numbered 0 through 3

- · Per-MIC SONET/SDH framing
- · Internal and loop clocking
- · Encapsulations:
  - Pseudo Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985)
  - Requirements for Pseudo-Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916)
  - Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SAToP) (RFC 4553)
  - Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet Switched Network (CESoPSN) (RFC 5086)
  - Pseudowire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RFC 4385)
  - L2 Network Interconnections (protocol stitching):
    - TDM LDP PWs to BGP L2VPN—see Using the Layer 2 Interworking Interface to Interconnect a Layer 2 Circuit to a Layer 2 VPN for more information. Note that stitching CESoPSN PW to BGP L2VPN is not supported.
  - Unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU)

#### Interfaces

#### Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where:

- mediatype: coc3, coc12, cstm1, cstm4, or ds
- fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
- pic: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0 or 2 when installed in MIC slot 1
- · port: 0 through 3

For example, cstm4-1/2/0 is the channelized STM4 interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 1.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a MIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the MIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a MIC offline, see the **request chassis pic offline** command in the *Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference*.

#### LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally
- Red—MIC has failed

#### LINK LED, one tricolor per port:

- Off—Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

## Alarms, errors, and events

Structure-agnostic alarms for T1 and E1 interface:

- Alarm indication signal (AIS)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Line code violation (LCV)
- Errored seconds (ES)
- Line-errored seconds (LES)
- Severely errored seconds (SES)
- Unavailable errored seconds (UAS)

Structure aware alarms for T1 and E1 interface:

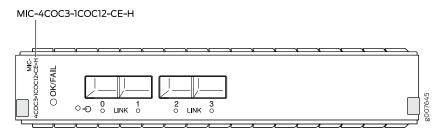
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Block error event (BEE)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Yellow alarm (remote alarm indication RAI)
- Path code violation (PCV)
- Severely errored frame seconds (SEFS)
- Bursty errored seconds (BES)

#### Related Documentation

- MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
- Using the Layer 2 Interworking Interface to Interconnect a Layer 2 Circuit to a Layer 2 VPN

#### Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H)

Figure 28: Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H)



#### Software release

• Junos OS Release 13.2R2 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- Four OC3/STM1 ports
- Rate-selectable using one of the following rates:
  - 4-port OC3/STM1
  - 1-port OC12/STM4
- One channelized OC12/STM4 port (down to DS0)
- SONET or SDH is configurable on a MIC level
- SONET channelization:
  - 4 OC3 channel
  - 336 DS1 channels
  - 2016 DS0 channels (combination of nxDS0)
- SDH channelization:
  - 4 STM1 channel
  - 252 E1 channels
  - 2016 DS0 channels (combination of nxDS0)
- Power requirement: 2.83 A @ 12 V (33.96 W)
- Weight: 1.63 lb (0.74 kg)
- Model number: MIC-4COC3-1COC12-CE-H

#### Hardware features

- Ports are numbered 0 through 3
- Environmentally hardened for -40° F (-40° C) to 149° F (65° C) operating temperatures

#### Software features

- Per-MIC SONET/SDH framing
- Internal and loop clocking
- · Encapsulations:
  - Pseudo Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985)
  - Requirements for Pseudo-Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916)
  - Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SAToP) (RFC 4553)
  - Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet Switched Network (CESoPSN) (RFC 5086)
  - Pseudowire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RFC 4385)

#### Interfaces

Syntax: *mediatype-fpc/pic/port* where:

- mediatype: coc3, coc12, cstm1, cstm4, or ds
- fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
- pic: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0 or 2 when installed in MIC slot 1
- port: 0 through 3

For example, cstm4-1/2/0 is the channelized STM4 interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 1.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a MIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the MIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a MIC offline, see the **request chassis pic offline** command in the *Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference*.

#### **LEDs**

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally
- Red—MIC has failed

LINK LED, one tricolor per port:

- Off-Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

### Alarms, errors, and events

Structure-agnostic alarms for T1 and E1 interface:

- Alarm indication signal (AIS)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Line code violation (LCV)
- Errored seconds (ES)
- Line-errored seconds (LES)
- Severely errored seconds (SES)
- Unavailable errored seconds (UAS)

Structure aware alarms for T1 and E1 interface:

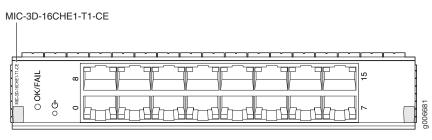
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Block error event (BEE)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Yellow alarm (remote alarm indication RAI)
- Path code violation (PCV)
- Severely errored frame seconds (SEFS)
- Bursty errored seconds (BES)

#### Related Documentation

MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

#### Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC

Figure 29: Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC



#### Software release

• Junos OS Release 12.3 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- Sixteen E1 or T1 ports
- Per-MIC E1/T1 framing
- DS1 channelization per port:
  - 1 DS1 channel
  - 24 DS0 channels
- El channelization per port:
  - 1E1 channel
  - 32 DS0 channels
- Internal and loop clocking
- Power requirement: 2.21 A @ 12 V (26.55 W)
- Weight: 1.57 lb (0.71 kg)
- Model number: MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE

#### Hardware features

- Ports are numbered:
  - Top row: 8 and 15 from left to right
  - Bottom row: 0 and 7 from left to right

- Full bit error rate test (BERT)
- DS1 and E1 interfaces are selectable on a per-port granularity
- · Per-port framing is not supported
- You can configure the following framing modes using the CLI:
  - T1-SF, ESF, D4/superframe, ESF (extended superframe)
  - E1-G704, G704-no-crc4, unframed
- Local, remote, and per-port loopback diagnostics
- · Encapsulations:
  - Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985)
  - Requirements for Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916)
  - Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SAToP) (RFC 4553)
  - Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet-Switched Network (CESoPSN) (RFC 5086)
  - Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RFC 4385)
- In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

• RJ-48 connector

#### LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green—MIC is functioning normally.
- Red-MIC has failed.

#### One tricolor per port:

- Off—Not enabled.
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures.
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures.
- Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure.

## Alarms, errors, and events

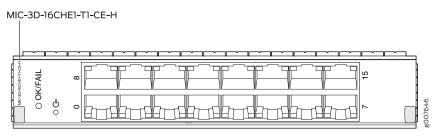
- Structure-agnostic alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
  - Alarm indication signal (AIS)
  - · Loss of signal (LOS)
- Structure-aware alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Alarm indication signal (AIS)
  - Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Remote alarm indication signal (RAIS)
- Structure-agnostic error detection for T1 and E1 interface:
  - Errored seconds (ES)
  - Line code violation (LCV)
  - · Line errored seconds (LES)
  - · Severely errored seconds (SES)
  - Unavailable seconds (UAS)
  - Loss of signal seconds (LOSS)
- Structure-aware error detection for T1 and E1 interface:
  - Severely errored frame (SEF)
  - Block error event (BEE)
  - Line code violation (LCV)
  - Path code violation (PCV)
  - Line errored seconds (LES)
  - Errored seconds (ES)
  - Severely errored seconds (SES)
  - Severely errored frame seconds (SEFS)
  - Bursty errored seconds (BES)
  - Unavailable seconds (UAS)
  - Loss of signal seconds (LOSS)
  - Loss of framing seconds (LOFS)
  - Far-end block error (FEBE) (E1 only)
  - CRC errors (E1 only)

## Related Documentation

MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

#### Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H)

Figure 30: Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H)



#### Software release

• Junos OS Release 13.2R2 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- Sixteen El or Tl ports
- Per-MIC E1/T1 framing
- DS1 channelization per port:
  - 1DS1 channel
  - 24 DS0 channels
- El channelization per port:
  - 1E1 channel
  - 32 DS0 channels
- Internal and loop clocking
- Power requirement: 2.21 A @ 12 V (26.55 W)
- Weight: 1.57 lb (0.71 kg)
- Model number: MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE-H

#### Hardware features

- Ports are numbered:
  - Top row: 8 and 15 from left to right
  - Bottom row: 0 and 7 from left to right
- Environmentally hardened for  $-40^{\circ}$  F  $(-40^{\circ}$  C) to  $149^{\circ}$  F  $(65^{\circ}$  C) operating temperatures

- Full bit error rate test (BERT)
- DS1 and E1 interfaces are selectable on a per-port granularity
- · Per-port framing is not supported
- You can configure the following framing modes using the CLI:
  - T1-SF, ESF, D4/superframe, ESF (extended superframe)
  - E1—G704, G704–no-crc4, unframed
- Local, remote, and per-port loopback diagnostics
- · Encapsulations:
  - Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985)
  - Requirements for Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916)
  - Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SAToP) (RFC 4553)
  - Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet-Switched Network (CESoPSN) (RFC 5086)
  - Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RFC 4385)

#### Interfaces

Syntax: *media-type-fpc/pic/port* where:

- media-type: ct1, ds, t1, or e1
- fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
- pic: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0 or 2 when installed in MIC slot 1
- port: 0 through 15

For example, t1-2/2/0 is the T1 interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 2.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

RJ-48 connector

#### LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally.
- · Red-MIC has failed.

One tricolor per port:

- Off-Not enabled.
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures.
- Yellow-Online with alarms for remote failures.
- Red—Active with a local alarm: router has detected a failure.

## Alarms, errors, and events

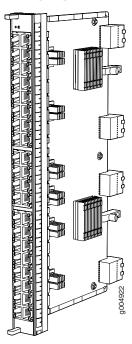
- · Structure-agnostic alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
  - Alarm indication signal (AIS)
  - · Loss of signal (LOS)
- Structure-aware alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Alarm indication signal (AIS)
  - Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Remote alarm indication signal (RAIS)
- Structure-agnostic error detection for T1 and E1 interface:
  - Errored seconds (ES)
  - Line code violation (LCV)
  - · Line errored seconds (LES)
  - · Severely errored seconds (SES)
  - Unavailable seconds (UAS)
  - Loss of signal seconds (LOSS)
- Structure-aware error detection for T1 and E1 interface:
  - Severely errored frame (SEF)
  - Block error event (BEE)
  - Line code violation (LCV)
  - Path code violation (PCV)
  - Line errored seconds (LES)
  - Errored seconds (ES)
  - Severely errored seconds (SES)
  - Severely errored frame seconds (SEFS)
  - Bursty errored seconds (BES)
  - Unavailable seconds (UAS)
  - Loss of signal seconds (LOSS)
  - Loss of framing seconds (LOFS)
  - Far-end block error (FEBE) (E1 only)
  - CRC errors (E1 only)

## Related Documentation

• MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

#### **Tri-Rate MIC**

Figure 31: 40-Port Tri-Rate MIC



#### Software release

Junos 10.2 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

#### Description

- 40 autonegotiating 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-T Megabit Ethernet ports
- Power requirement: 0.85 A @ 48 V (41 W)
- Weight: 1.9 lb (0.9 kg)
- Model number: MIC-3D-40GE-TX
- Name in the CLI: 3D 40GE TX

#### Hardware features

- Dual-wide MIC that installs into 2 slots.
  - For information on how to install dual-wide MICs, see the *Installing Dual-Wide MIC* topic in the respective *MX Series Router Hardware Guide*.
- High-performance throughput on each port at speeds of 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps
- Up to 40-Gbps of full-duplex traffic
- Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
- IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
- Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
- · Source MAC learning
- MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
- Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
- Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)

#### Interfaces

Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:

- fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed.
- pic: The ports on the MPC are divided into four logical PICs numbered 0, 1, 2, and 3.
- port: 0 through 9

For example, ge-2/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in logical PIC 3 on the MPC installed in slot 2.

Figure 15 on page 152, Figure 33 on page 197, and Figure 34 on page 197 illustrate the port numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC installed in the MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.

#### Cables and connectors

- Connector: Four-pair, Category 5 shielded twisted-pair connectivity through an RJ-45 connector
- · Pinout: MDI, MDI crossover
- Maximum distance: 328 ft (100 m)

CAUTION: Do not use RJ-45 cables with strain-relief boots exceeding 1.5 mm from the bottom of the connector. Cable boots that exceed this measurement can damage the port.

#### LEDs

OK/fail LED, one bicolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally.
- Red-MIC has failed.

Link LED, one green per port:

- Off-No link.
- On steadily—Link is up.

Figure 15 on page 152, Figure 33 on page 197, and Figure 34 on page 197 illustrate the port numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC installed in the MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.

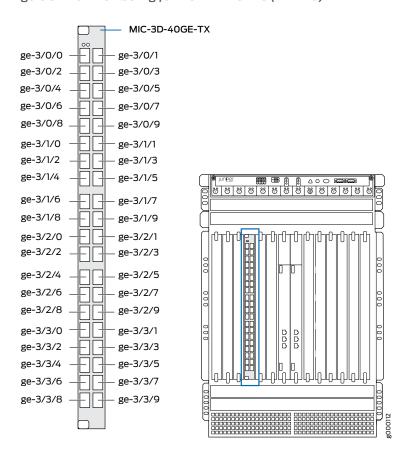


Figure 32: Port Numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC (MX960)

Figure 33: Port Numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC (MX480)



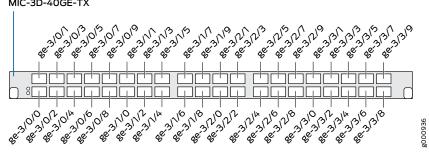
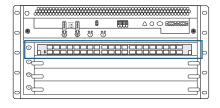
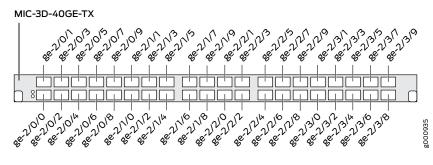


Figure 34: Port Numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC (MX240)



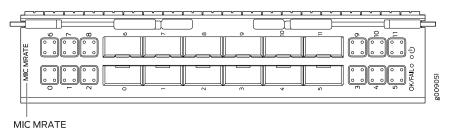


Related Documentation

• MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

# **MIC MRATE**

Figure 35: 12-Port Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+



#### Software release

- Junos OS Release 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity
- · Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later

For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

### Description

- Twelve Gigabit Ethernet ports that support quad small form-factor pluggable plus (QSFP+) transceivers
- · Power requirement;
  - When installed into MPC8E: 1.250 A @ 48 V (60 W)
  - When installed into MPC9E, or into MPC8E operating in 1.6 Tbps upgrade mode (licensed feature): 1.771 A @ 48 V (85 W)
- Weight: 3.9 lb (1.77 kg)
- Model number: MIC-MRATE
- Name in the CLI: MRATE-12xQSFPP-XGE-XLGE-CGE

## Hardware features

- The ports are numbered 0 through 11.
- Twelve Gigabit Ethernet QSFP+ ports, each of which can be configured as a 40-Gigabit Ethernet port or as four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports by using a breakout cable.
- Eight out of the twelve ports can be configured as 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Port numbers 0 through 3, and 6 through 9 are the eight 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
- When used in MX2K-MP8CE:
  - 4 ports out of the total 12 support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed
  - Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports **0** through **5** should not exceed 240 Gbps
  - Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 240 Gbps
- When used in MX2K-MPC9E:
  - 8 ports out of the total 12 support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed
  - Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 400 Gbps
  - Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 400 Gbps

Table 25 on page 199 lists the configurable Gbps Ethernet port speeds for each port.

### Software features

- Supports rate selectability at the port level.
- By default, the ports are configured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
- Supports remote port identification.

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

#### **LEDs**

- OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
  - Steady green—MIC is functioning normally.
  - · Yellow-MIC has failed.
- Link LED, one green per port (4 per QSFP+ cage):
  - Steady green—Link is up.
  - Off-Link is down or disabled.

Each QSFP+ cage contains four LEDs, logically numbered from 0 through 3. These numbers help you identify the corresponding cable when a breakout cable (4x10 Gigabit) is connected to a port. On an installed MRATE MIC, the orientation of these LEDs is as follows: upper left 0, upper right 1, lower left 2, and lower right 3.

Table 25: MIC MRATE Gigabit Ethernet Port Speed Capabilities

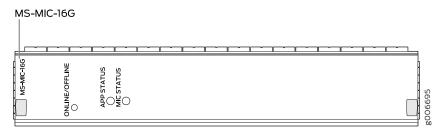
Port #	4x10 Gbps Ethernet	40 Gbps Ethernet	100 Gbps Ethernet
0	yes	yes	yes
1	yes	yes	yes
2	yes	yes	yes
3	yes	yes	yes
4	yes	yes	no
5	yes	yes	no
6	yes	yes	yes
7	yes	yes	yes
8	yes	yes	yes
9	yes	yes	yes
10	yes	yes	no
11	yes	yes	no

- Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)
- Understanding Interface Naming Conventions for MIC-MRATE
- Understanding Rate Selectability

• Configuring Rate Selectability on MIC-MRATE to Enable Different Port Speeds

# **Multiservices MIC**

Figure 36: MS-MIC-16G



## Supported Junos OS Release

- · Junos OS Release 13.2 and later
- Model number: MS-MIC-16G
- Name in the CLI: MS-MIC-16G

#### Description

The Multiservices Modular Interfaces Card (MS-MIC) provides improved scaling and high performance for MX series routers. The MS-MIC has enhanced memory (16 GB) and enhanced processing capabilities.

#### Software Features

- Active flow monitoring and export of flow monitoring version 9 records based on RFC 3954
- IP Security (IPsec) encryption
- Network Address Translation (NAT) for IP addresses

NOTE: The Multiservices MIC does not support Network Address Translation-Traversal (NAT-T).

- Port Address Translation (PAT) for port numbers
- · Traffic sampling
- Stateful firewall with packet inspection—detects SYN attacks, ICMP and UDP floods, and ping-of-death attacks
- Network Attack Protection (NAP)
- Support for up to 6000 service sets
- Support for MTUs up to 9192 bytes.
- Multiple services can be supported. See Junos OS Services Interfaces Library for Routing Devices for more information.
- See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC" on page 389 for information about the protocols and applications that this MIC supports.

# Hardware Features and Requirements

- MICs are hot-removable and hot-insertable
- MS-MIC CPU Clock Cycle 800MHz
- Works with SBCs and SBCEs
- Interoperable with MS-DPCs. Both MS-MPCs and MS-DPCs can co-exist in the same chassis
- Chassis requires enhanced fan trays and high-capacity DC or AC power supplies

NOTE: Only one Multiservices MIC is supported in each MPC.

NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 13.3R3, 14.1R2, 14.2R1, MX104 routers support only two Multiservices MICs.

Input/Output Power Requirements	MS-MIC—6.67 amps @ 9V (60W)
Weight and Dimensions	Weight: 2 lbs (.91 kg); Height: 0.9 in. (2.26 cm); Width: 6 in. (15.24 cm); Depth: 7 in. (17.78 cm)
MPC Support	<ul> <li>Multiservices MPC on page 86</li> <li>See "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26 for a list of the MPCs that support the MS-MIC.</li> </ul>
LEDs	Application activity tricolor LED, labeled APP STATUS:  Off—Application is not running. Red—Application has failed. Yellow—Application is reconfiguring. Green—Application is running. MIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS: Off—MIC has failed. Red—MIC has an error or failure. Yellow—MIC is transitioning online or offline. Green—MIC is functioning normally.

- Multiservices MPC on page 86
- MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
- Junos OS Services Interfaces Library for Routing Devices
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC on page 389
- MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26
- Example: Inter-Chassis Stateful High Availability for NAT and Stateful Firewall (MS-MIC, MS-MPC)
- Example: Configuring Flow Monitoring on MS-MIC and MS-MPC
- Inter-Chassis High Availability for MS-MIC and MS-MPC
- Example: Configuring Junos VPN Site Secure on MS-MIC and MS-MPC
- ICMP, Ping, and Traceroute ALGs for MS-MICs and MS-MPCs
- MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

# SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP

Figure 37: 4-Port SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP

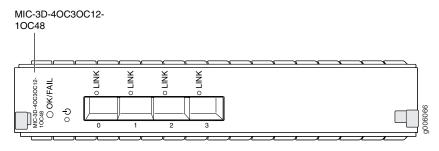
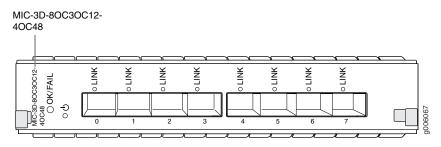


Figure 38: 8-Port SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP



#### Software release

- 4-port: Junos OS Release 11.2 and later
- 8-port: Junos OS Release 11.2 and later

For information on which MPCs support these MICs, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

## Description

- 4-port: 4 OC3/STM1 or OC12/STM4 ports
  - Each port is rate-selectable and supports OC3, OC12, or OC48.
  - The ports can be configured to support a combination of OC3, OC12, and OC48 rates. In the combination, you can configure only one port to support OC48, whereas OC3 or OC12 can be configured on all four ports.
- 8-port: 8 OC3/STM1 or OC12/STM4 ports
  - Each port is rate-selectable and supports OC3, OC12, or OC48.
  - The ports can be configured to support a combination of OC3, OC12, and OC48 rates. In the combination, you can configure only four ports to support OC48, whereas OC3 or OC12 can be configured on all eight ports.
- · Power requirement:
  - 4-port: 2.6 A @ 9 V (23.4 W)
  - 8-port: 3.1 A @ 9 V (27.9 W)
- · Weight:
  - 4-port: 1.27 lb (0.58 kg)
  - 8-port: 1.47 lb (0.67 kg)
- Model number:
  - 4-port: MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48
  - 8-port: MIC-3D-8OC3OC12-4OC48

#### Hardware features

- The ports are labeled:
  - 4-port: 0-3
  - 8-port: 0-7
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

### Software features

- Per-port SONET/SDH framing
- Local and remote loopback on each port
- Optical diagnostics and monitoring
- Clocking options: internal or external/loop mode.
- Unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU)
- · Encapsulations:
  - Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute
  - MPLS CCC (circuit cross-connect)
  - MPLS TCC (translational cross-connect)
  - Cisco High-Level Data Link Control
  - Cisco HDLC CCC
  - Cisco HDLC TCC
  - Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
  - PPP for CCC
  - PPP for TCC
  - Flexible Frame Relay
  - Frame Relay
  - Frame Relay for CCC
  - · Frame Relay for TCC
  - PPP over Frame Relay

NOTE: Ethernet over Frame Relay is not supported.

# Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

### **LEDs**

### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green—MIC is functioning normally
- Red-MIC has failed

# LINK LED, one green per port:

- Off—Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red-Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

### SONET alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Alarm indicator signal—line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indicator signal-path (AIS-P)
- Remote defect indicator-line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indicator-path (RDI-P)
- Loss of pointer-path (LOP-P)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Payload label mismatch-Path (PLM-P)
- Unequipped-path (UNEQ-P)
- Remote error indicator-path (REI-P)

### SDH alarms:

- · Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- · Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Multiplex-section alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS)
- H Path alarm indicator signal (HP-AIS)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BER-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BER-SF)
- Multiplex section-far end receive failure (MS-FERF)
- High order path-far end receive failure (HP-FERF)
- High order path-payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)

# Related Documentation

MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

# **Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC**

Figure 39: Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+

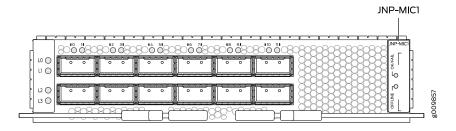


Figure 40: Multi-Rate MACsec MIC with QSFP+

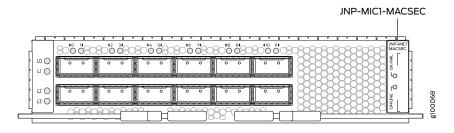
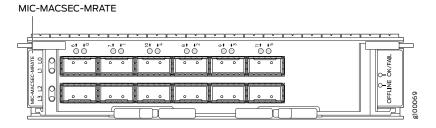


Figure 41: Multi-Rate MACsec MIC with QSFP+



### Software release

- JNP-MIC1:
  - Junos OS release 17.3R1 and later
- JNP-MIC1-MACSEC:
   Junos OS release 17.3R2 and later
- MIC-MACSEC-MRATE:
   Junos OS release 17.4R1 and later

For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

### Description

- Weight: 3 lb (1.36 kg)
- Model numbers:

Without MACsec support: JNP-MIC1
With MACsec support: JNP-MIC1-MACSEC
With MACsec support: MIC-MACSEC-MRATE

- Power requirement:
  - JNP-MIC1: 85 W at 55° C 80 W at 25° C
  - JNP-MIC1-MACSEC: 130 W at 55° C
     125 W at 25° C
  - MIC-MACSEC-MRATE: 110 W at 45° C
     105 W at 25° C
- Name in the CLI:
   JNP-MIC1: MIC1

JNP-MIC1-MACSEC: MIC1-MACSEC

MIC-MACSEC-MRATE: MACSEC-12xQSFPP-XGE-XLGE-CGE

#### Hardware features

- JNP-MIC1 and JNP-MIC1-MACSEC:
  - Twelve 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports that support quad small form-factor pluggable (QSFP28) transceivers
  - The ports are numbered 0 through 11.
  - Each port can be configured as a 100-Gigabit Ethernet port, 40-Gigabit Ethernet port, or as four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports (by using a breakout cable).

Table 26 on page 208 lists the configurable Gigabit Ethernet port speeds for each port.

- MIC-MACSEC-MRATE:
  - Twelve Gigabit Ethernet QSFP+ ports, each of which can be configured as a 40-Gigabit Ethernet port or as four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports (by using a breakout cable).
  - The ports are numbered **0** through **11**.
  - Eight out of the twelve ports can be configured as 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Port numbers
     through 3, and 6 through 9 are the eight 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
  - When used in MP8CE:
    - Four ports out of the total twelve ports support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed
    - Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 240 Gbps
    - Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 240 Gbps
  - When used in MPC9E:
    - Eight ports out of the total twelve ports support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed
    - Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports  ${\bf 0}$  through  ${\bf 5}$  should not exceed 400 Gbps
    - Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 400 Gbp

Table 27 on page 208 lists the configurable Gigabit Ethernet port speeds for each port.

# Software features

- Supports rate selectability at the port level.
- By default, the ports are configured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
- Supports remote port identification.
- MICs with model numbers JNP-MIC1-MACSEC and MIC-MACSEC-MRATE support Media Access Control Security (MACsec)

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

#### **LEDs**

- OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
  - OFF-MIC is offline or MIC has fault.
  - Red-MIC is in power failure state.
  - Green-MIC is online.
- Link LED, one green per port:
  - Steady green—Link is up.
  - Off-Link is down or disabled.
- Like port status LED, each individual lane LED support four states as: OFF, AMBER, GREEN, RED. See MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview for more details.

Table 26: Multi Rate Ethernet MIC Port Speed Capabilities for JNP-MIC1 and JNP-MIC1-MACSEC

Port #	4x10-Gigabit Ethernet	40-Gigabit Ethernet	100-Gigabit Ethernet
0	yes	yes	yes
1	yes	yes	yes
2	yes	yes	yes
3	yes	yes	yes
4	yes	yes	yes
5	yes	yes	yes
6	yes	yes	yes
7	yes	yes	yes
8	yes	yes	yes
9	yes	yes	yes
10	yes	yes	yes
11	yes	yes	yes

Table 27: Multi Rate Ethernet MIC Port Speed Capabilities for MIC-MACSEC-MRATE

Port #	4x10-Gigabit Ethernet	40-Gigabit Ethernet	100-Gigabit Ethernet
0	yes	yes	yes

Table 27: Multi Rate Ethernet MIC Port Speed Capabilities for MIC-MACSEC-MRATE (continued)

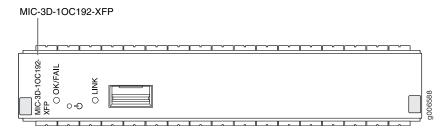
Port #	4x10-Gigabit Ethernet	40-Gigabit Ethernet	100-Gigabit Ethernet
1	yes	yes	yes
2	yes	yes	yes
3	yes	yes	yes
4	yes	yes	no
5	yes	yes	no
6	yes	yes	yes
7	yes	yes	yes
8	yes	yes	yes
9	yes	yes	yes
10	yes	yes	no
11	yes	yes	no

# Related Documentation

- MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview
- Configuring Rate Selectability on MX10003 MPC to Enable Different Port Speeds
- MX10003 MPC Rate-Selectability Overview
- Understanding Rate Selectability

# SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP

Figure 42: SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP



## Software release

• Junos OS Release 12.2 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

### Description

- One OC192 port
- · Clear channel functionality
- Power requirement: 4.25 A @ 9 V (38.25 W)
- Weight: 1.34 lb (0.61 kg)
- Model number: MIC-3D-1OC192-XFP

#### Hardware features

- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
- MIC bandwidth of up to 10 Gbps

#### Software features

- SONET/SDH framing
- Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute
- · Ingress behavior aggregate (BA) classification
- · Internal and loop clocking
- · Encapsulations:
  - MPLS fast reroute
  - MPLS CCC (circuit cross-connection)
  - MPLS TCC (translational cross-connection)
  - Cisco High-Level Data Link Control (cHDLC)
  - Cisco HDLC CCC
  - Cisco HDLC TCC
  - Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
  - PPP for CCC
  - PPP for TCC
  - Flexible Frame Relay
  - Frame Relay
  - Frame Relay for CCC
  - Frame Relay for TCC
  - PPP over Frame Relay

NOTE: Ethernet over Frame Relay is not supported.

### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a MIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the MIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a MIC offline, see the **request chassis pic offline** command in the CLI Explorer.

## LEDs

## OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Green-MIC is functioning normally
- Red-MIC has failed

# LINK LED, one tricolor per port:

- Off—Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

### SONET alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- · Loss of frame (LOF)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Alarm indicator signal—line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indicator signal-path (AIS-P)
- Remote defect indicator-line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indicator-path (RDI-P)
- Loss of pointer-path (LOP-P)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Payload label mismatch-Path (PLM-P)
- Unequipped-path (UNEQ-P)
- Remote error indicator-path (REI-P)

## SDH alarms:

- · Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- · Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Multiplex-section alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS)
- Higher order path-alarm indication signal (HP-AIS)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BER-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BER-SF)
- Multiplex section—far end receive failure (MS-FERF)
- Higher order path—far-end receive failure (HP-FERF)
- Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)

# Related Documentation

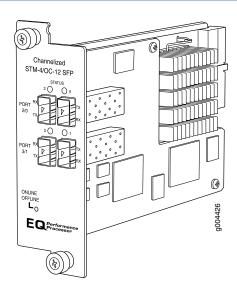
MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

# **CHAPTER 10**

# MX Series PIC Descriptions

- Channelized OC12/STM4 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP on page 213
- Channelized OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP on page 214
- SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP on page 220
- SONET/SDH OC12/STM4 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP on page 223
- SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP on page 226
- SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP on page 230
- SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 PIC with SFP on page 233
- SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC on page 236
- SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC with XFP on page 239

# Channelized OC12/STM4 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP



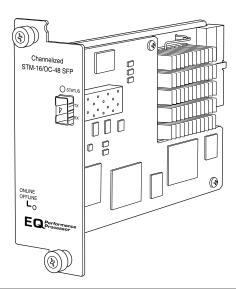
Software release

Junos 9.5 and later

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36

- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37
- High Availability Features on page 36

# Channelized OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP



Software release

• Junos 9.5 and later

# Description

- One OC48/STM16 port
- SONET or SDH is configurable on a per-port granularity
- SONET channelization:
  - 4 OC12 channel
  - 16 OC3 channels
  - 48 DS3 channels
  - 672 DS1 channels
  - 975 DS0 channels
- SDH channelization:
  - 4 STM4 channel
  - 16 STM1 channels
  - 48 E3 channels
  - 504 E1 channels
  - 975 DS0 channels
- Power requirement: 1.10 A @ 48V (53 W)
  Model Number: PB-1CHOC48-STM16-IQE-SFP

Hardware features

• Port is numbered 0.

#### Software features

- Quality of service (QoS) per channel: weighted round-robin (WRR), random early detection (RED), weighted random early detection (WRED)
- Enhanced fine-grained queuing per logical interface. See the *Class of Service Feature Guide for Routing Devices and EX9200 Switches* for more information about class of service features.
- Subrate and scrambling:
  - Digital Link/Quick Eagle
  - Kentrox
  - Larscom
  - ADTRAN
  - Verilink
- Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing
- M13/C-bit parity encoding
- DS3 far-end alarm and control (FEAC) channel support
- Local line, remote line, and remote payload loopback testing
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP): OC12, OC3 MIB, DS3 MIB, T1 MIB
- · Dynamic, arbitrary channel configuration
- Full bit error rate test (BERT)
- Encapsulations:
  - Circuit cross-connect (CCC)
  - Translational cross-connect (TCC)
  - Extended Frame Relay for CCC and TCC
  - Flexible Frame Relay
  - Frame Relay
  - Frame Relay for CCC
  - Frame Relay for TCC
  - Frame Relay port CCC
  - High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
  - HDLC framing for CCC
  - HDLC framing for TCC
  - MPLS CCC
  - MPLS TCC
  - Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) UNI NNI (MFR FRF.16)
  - Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
  - PPP for CCC
  - PPP for TCC
- Encapsulations available only for DS1:
  - Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end (MLFR FRF.15)
  - Multilink PPP (MLPPP)
  - PPP over Frame Relay

# Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

LEDs One tricolor per port:

- Off—Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

#### SONET alarms:

- Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
- Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of light (LOL)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
- Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- Remote error indication (REI)
- Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
- Virtual container—alarm indication signal (VAIS)
- Virtual container—loss of pointer (VLOP)
- Virtual container—mismatch (VMIS)
- Virtual container—remote defect indication (VRDI)
- Virtual container—unequipped (VUNEQ)

### SDH alarms:

- Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
- Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
- Higher order path—alarm indication signal (HP-AIS)
- Higher order path—far-end receive failure (HP-FERF)
- Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
- Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
- Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
- Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of light (LOL)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
- Multiplex section—far-end receive failure (MS-FERF)
- Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
- Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Remote error indication (REI)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Tributary unit—alarm indication signal (TU-AIS)
- Tributary unit—loss of pointer (TU-LOP)
- Tributary unit—mismatch (TU-MIS)
- Tributary unit—remote defect indication (TU-RDI)
- Tributary unit—unequipped (TU-UNEQ)

# DS1 alarms:

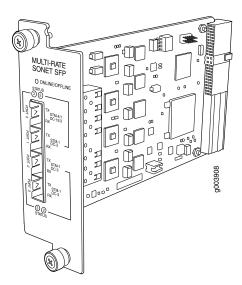
- Alarm indication signal (AIS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Remote alarm indication signal (RAIS)
- DS1 error detection:
  - Bursty errored seconds (BES)
  - CRC errors
  - Errored seconds (ES)
  - Line errored seconds (LES)
  - Loss of framing seconds (LOFS)
  - Severely errored seconds (SES)
  - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS)
  - Unavailable seconds (UAS)
  - DS3 alarms:
    - Alarm indication signal (AIS)
    - Loss of frame (LOF)
    - Yellow alarm
  - DS3 error detection:
    - C-bit code violations (CCV)
    - C-bit errored seconds (CES)
    - C-bit severely errored framing seconds (CEFS)
    - CRC errors
    - Excessive zeros (EXZ)
    - Far-end block error (FEBE)
    - Far-end receive failure (FERF)
    - Line errored seconds (LES)
    - Parity bit (P-bit) code violations (PCV)
    - Parity bit (P-bit) errored seconds (PES)
    - Parity bit (P-bit) severely errored framing seconds (PSES)
    - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS)
    - Unavailable seconds (UAS)

# Instrumentation (counters)

• Layer 2 per-queue and per-channel packet and byte counters

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37
- High Availability Features on page 36

# SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP



Software release

• Junos 9.5 and later

# Description

- Rate-selectable using one of the following rates:
  - 1-port OC12/STM4
  - 1-port OC12c/STM4c
  - 4-port OC3c/STM1c
- Power requirement: 0.40 A @ 48 V (19 W)
- Model Number: PB-4OC3-1OC12-SON-SFP

#### Hardware features

- · Multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Rate policing on input
- Rate shaping on output
- Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing

# Software features

- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Per-port SONET/SDH framing
- Link aggregation
- Alarm and event counting and detection
- Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)
- Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute
- Encapsulations:
  - Circuit cross-connect (CCC)
  - Translational cross-connect (TCC)
  - Frame Relay
  - High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
  - Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

# Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer.

### LEDs

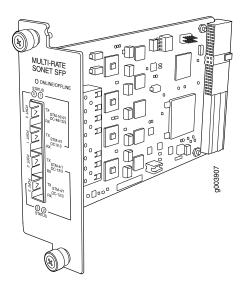
# One tricolor per port:

- Off—Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

- · SONET alarms:
  - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
  - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
  - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
  - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
  - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
  - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
  - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
  - Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
  - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
  - Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
  - Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- · SDH alarms:
  - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
  - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
  - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
  - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
  - Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
  - Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
  - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
  - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
  - Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
  - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
  - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
  - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
  - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
  - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
  - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
  - Severely errored frames (SEF)
  - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
  - Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
  - Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37
- High Availability Features on page 36

# SONET/SDH OC12/STM4 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP



Software release

• Junos 9.5 and later

# Description

- Rate-selectable using one of the following rates:
  - 1-port OC12
  - 1-port OC48
  - 1-port OC48c
  - 4-port OC3c
  - 4-port OC12c
- Power requirement: 0.40 A @ 48 V (19 W)
- Model Number: PB-4OC3-4OC12-SON-SFP

# Hardware features

- Multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Rate policing on input
- Rate shaping on output
- Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing

### Software features

- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Per-port SONET/SDH framing
- Link aggregation
- Alarm and event counting and detection
- Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)
- Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute
- Encapsulations:
  - Circuit cross-connect (CCC)
  - Translational cross-connect (TCC)
  - Frame Relay
  - High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
  - Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

# Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer.

### LEDs

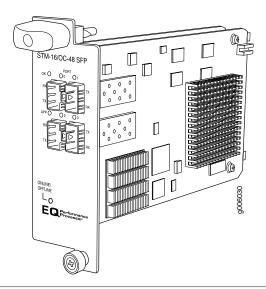
# One tricolor per port:

- Off—Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

- · SONET alarms:
  - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
  - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
  - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
  - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
  - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
  - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
  - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
  - Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
  - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
  - Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
  - Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- · SDH alarms:
  - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
  - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
  - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
  - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
  - Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
  - Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
  - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
  - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
  - Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
  - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
  - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
  - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
  - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
  - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
  - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
  - Severely errored frames (SEF)
  - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
  - Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
  - Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37
- High Availability Features on page 36

# SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP



# Software release

• Junos OS Release 10.4R2 and later (Type 3)

# Description

- Four OC48/STM16 ports
- · Clear channel functionality
- SONET and SDH is configured on a per-port granularity
- Power requirement: 1.06 A @ 48 V (51 W)
- Weight: 1.6 lb (0.725 kg)
- Model number: PC-4OC48-STM16-IQE-SFP

# Hardware features

- Ports are numbered:
  - Top row: 0 and 1 from left to right
  - Bottom row: 2 and 3 from left to right
- Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

### Software features

- Quality of service (QoS) per channel: weighted round-robin (WRR), random early detection (RED), weighted random early detection (WRED)
- Fine-grained egress queuing per logical interface. See the *Class of Service Feature Guide for Routing Devices and EX9200 Switches* for more information about class-of-service features
- · Packet buffering
- · Local line and remote payload loopback testing
- · Optical diagnostics and monitoring
- Clocking options: internal or external/loop mode. Each OC48 transmitter port is configured either in internal or external mode. The default clocking option is internal mode.
- Encapsulations:
  - Extended Frame Relay for circuit cross-connect (CCC) and translational cross-connect (TCC)
  - Flexible Frame Relay
  - Frame Relav
  - Frame Relay for CCC
  - Frame Relay for TCC
  - Frame Relay port CCC
  - High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
  - HDLC framing for CCC
  - HDLC framing for TCC
  - MPLS CCC
  - MPLS TCC
  - Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
  - PPP for CCC
  - PPP for TCC

## Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the **request chassis pic offline** command in the CLI Explorer.

# LEDs

# OK LED, one tricolor:

- Off—PIC is offline and safe to remove from the router
- Green—PIC is operating normally
- Yellow—PIC is initializing
- Red-PIC has an error or failure

# APP LED, one green per port:

- Off—Service is not running
- Green—Service is running under acceptable load

# Port LEDs, one tricolor per port:

- Off—Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

#### SONET alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Alarm indicator signal—line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indicator signal—path (AIS-P)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Remote defect indicator-line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indicator—path (RDI-P)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)
- Payload label mismatch—path (PLM-P)

#### SDH alarms:

- · Loss of light (LOL)
- · Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Multiplex-section alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS)
- H Path alarm indicator signal (HP-AIS)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Multiplex section—far end receive failure (MS-FERF)
- High order path—far end receive failure (HP-FERF)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)
- High order path—payload label mismatch Path (HP-PLM)

# Optical diagnostics related alarms:

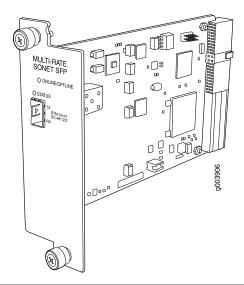
NOTE: Transceivers from some vendors do not support these fields.

- Temperature high/low alarms and warnings
- Supply voltage high/low alarms and warnings
- Tx bias current high/low alarms and warnings
- Tx output power high/low alarms and warnings
- Rx received power high/low alarms and warnings

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

• High Availability Features on page 36

# SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP



Software release

• Junos 9.5 and later

# Description

- Rate-selectable using one of the following rates:
  - 1-port OC3c/STM1c
  - 1-port OC12/STM4
  - 1-port OC12c/STM4c
  - 1-port OC48/STM16
  - 1-port OC48c/STM16c
- Power requirement: 0.20 A @ 48 V (9.5 W)
- Model Number: PB-10C48-SON-B-SFP

# Hardware features

- Multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Rate policing on input
- Rate shaping on output
- Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing

## Software features

- · Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Per-port SONET/SDH framing
- · Link aggregation
- Alarm and event counting and detection
- Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)
- Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute
- Encapsulations:
  - Circuit cross-connect (CCC)
  - Translational cross-connect (TCC)
  - Frame Relay
  - High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
  - Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the **request chassis pic offline** command in the CLI Explorer.

## LEDs

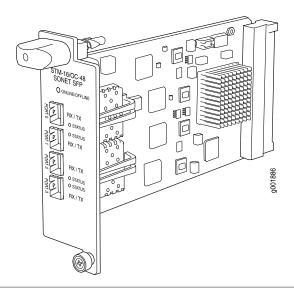
# One tricolor per port:

- Off-Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

- · SONET alarms:
  - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
  - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
  - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
  - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
  - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
  - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
  - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
  - Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
  - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
  - Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
  - Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- · SDH alarms:
  - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
  - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
  - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
  - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
  - Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
  - Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
  - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
  - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
  - Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
  - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
  - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
  - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
  - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
  - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
  - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
  - Severely errored frames (SEF)
  - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
  - Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
  - Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37
- High Availability Features on page 36

#### SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 PIC with SFP



Software release	<ul> <li>Junos 9.4 and later</li> </ul>

#### Description • Four OC48 ports

#### • Power requirement: 0.86 A @ 48 V (41.4 W)

• Model Number: PC-4OC48-SON-SFP

#### Hardware features

- Rate policing on input
- Rate shaping on output
- Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing

#### Software features

- Optical diagnostics and related alarms
- Configuration of SONET or SDH framing on a per-port basis
- SONET/SDH framing
- Link aggregation
- Alarm and event counting and detection
- Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)
- Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute
- Encapsulations:
  - High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
  - Frame Relay
  - Circuit cross-connect (CCC)
  - Translational cross-connect (TCC)
  - Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer.

#### LEDs

#### One tricolor per port:

- Off—Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

## Alarms, errors, and events

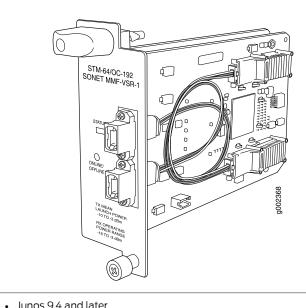
- · SONET alarms:
  - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
  - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
  - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
  - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
  - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
  - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
  - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
  - · Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
  - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
  - Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
  - Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- · SDH alarms:
  - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
  - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
  - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
  - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
  - Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
  - Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
  - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
  - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
  - Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
  - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
  - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
  - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
  - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
  - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
  - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
  - Severely errored framing (SEF)
  - · Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
  - Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
  - Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

#### Related Documentation

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

• High Availability Features on page 36

#### SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC



Software release	Junos 9.4 and later
Description	<ul> <li>One OC192 port</li> <li>Power requirement: 0.45 A @ 48 V (21.6 W)</li> <li>Model Number: PC-1OC192-SON-VSR</li> </ul>
Hardware features	<ul> <li>Multiplexing and demultiplexing</li> <li>Rate policing on input</li> <li>Rate shaping on output</li> <li>Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing</li> </ul>
Software features	<ul> <li>SONET/SDH framing</li> <li>Link aggregation</li> <li>Alarm and event counting and detection</li> <li>Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)</li> <li>Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute</li> <li>Encapsulations: <ul> <li>High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)</li> <li>Frame Relay</li> <li>Circuit cross-connect (CCC)</li> <li>Translational cross-connect (TCC)</li> <li>Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

- Very short reach (VSR 1): 12-ribbon multimode fiber with MTP connector (Rx and Tx)
- Fiber-optic 10-gigabit small form-factor pluggable (XFP) transceivers: 10GBASE-S very short reach (VSR-1) (model number: XFP-10G-S)

NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the **request chassis pic offline** command in the CLI Explorer.

#### **LEDs**

One tricolor LED per port:

- Off—Not enabled
- Green-Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow-Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red-Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

## Alarms, errors, and events

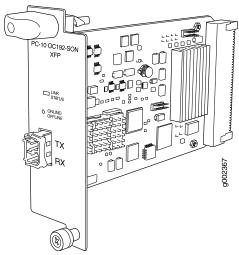
- · SONET alarms:
  - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
  - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
  - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
  - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
  - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
  - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
  - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
  - · Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
  - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
  - Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
  - Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- · SDH alarms:
  - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
  - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
  - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
  - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
  - Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
  - Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
  - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
  - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
  - Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
  - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
  - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
  - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
  - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
  - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
  - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
  - Severely errored framing (SEF)
  - · Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
  - Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
  - Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

## Related Documentation

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

• High Availability Features on page 36

#### SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC with XFP



Software release	Junos 9.4 and later
Description	One OC192 port
	Power requirement: 0.52A @ 48 V (25 W)
	Model number: PB-10C192-SON-XFP
Hardware features	Multiplexing and demultiplexing
	Rate policing on input
	Rate shaping on output
	Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing
Software features	SONET/SDH framing
	Link aggregation
	Alarm and event counting and detection
	Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)

• Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute

• Encapsulations:

Frame Relay

Circuit cross-connect (CCC)Translational cross-connect (TCC)

High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

#### Cables and connectors

TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the **request chassis pic offline** command in the CLI Explorer.

#### LEDs

One tricolor LED per port:

- Off—Not enabled
- Green—Online with no alarms or failures
- Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
- Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

## Alarms, errors, and events

- · SONET alarms:
  - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
  - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
  - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
  - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
  - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
  - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
  - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
  - · Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
  - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
  - Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
  - Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- · SDH alarms:
  - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
  - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
  - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
  - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
  - Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
  - Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
  - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
  - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
  - Loss of frame (LOF)
  - Loss of signal (LOS)
  - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
  - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
  - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
  - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
  - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
  - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
  - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
  - Severely errored framing (SEF)
  - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
  - Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
  - Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

#### Related Documentation

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

• High Availability Features on page 36

#### PART 3

# SFB, SCB, ADC, and CB-RE Descriptions

- SFB and SFB2 Descriptions on page 245
- SCBs, SCBEs, and SCBE2 Descriptions on page 251
- ADC Descriptions on page 271
- RE, CB-RE, and RCB Descriptions on page 275

#### **CHAPTER 11**

## SFB and SFB2 Descriptions

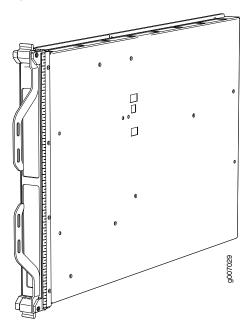
- MX2000 Switch Fabric Board (SFB) on page 245
- MX2000 Enhanced Switch Fabric Board (SFB2) on page 248

#### MX2000 Switch Fabric Board (SFB)

Switch Fabric Boards (SFBs) are the data plane for the subsystems in the MX router chassis. Switch Fabric Boards (SFBs) create a highly scalable and resilient "all-active" centralized switch fabric that delivers up to 2 Tbps of full-duplex switching capacity to each MPC slot in an MX2000 router.

The SFB and Enhanced Switch Fabric Board (SFB2) are the same except that the SFB has three XF fabric chips per card whereas the SFB2 has two PF fabric chips per card.

Figure 43: Switch Fabric Board



Name in CLI

Switch Fabric Board

#### Description

The MX2000 Switch Fabric Board (SFB; model number: MX2000-SFB-S) provides increased fabric bandwidth per slot. The MX2000 line of routers can support eight Switch Fabric Boards (SFB) and eight Enhanced Switch Fabric Boards (SFB2) but not both at the same time. The MX2000-SFB-S is supported on MX2010 and MX2020 routers. Refer to Figure 43 on page 245.

NOTE: If you decide to upgrade from an SFB to an SFB2, the MX2000 line of routers support both the SFB and SFB2 at the same time for the duration of the upgrade.

## Features and Components

- · Powers the device on and off
- · PCIe control of three XF ASICs
- I2C bus logic interface, used for component management and monitoring of temperature, and voltage
- Switch fabric—Provides switching functions for the MPCs
- Fabric capacity—Supports 750-Gbps per slot with eight SFBs, and 860-Gbps per slot with seven SFBs.
- Front panel components—Service ports, system LEDs, and operational buttons

#### SFB Slots

You can install up to eight SFBs in the MX2000 router. The SFBs install vertically into the front of the chassis in the slots labeled 0 through 7. If any slots are empty, you must install a blank panel.

CAUTION: If one of the SFBs fails, do not remove the failed SFB until you have a replacement or blank panel to install.

CAUTION: A blank panel cannot be installed in slot 0. Slot 0 should always have a functioning SFB. If the slot 0 SFB fails, you must replace it with a functioning SFB from another slot, and then put a blank panel in place of the SFB that is used to replace the slot 0 SFB.

#### SFB Redundancy

Seven of eight SFBs are required for line rate operation. The system can continue operating with fewer than seven SFBs, but forwarding performance will be impacted.

#### Weight and Dimensions

- Weight: 12 lb (5.44 kg)
- Width: 1.7 in. (4.31 cm)
- Depth: 23.6 in. (59.94 cm). With ejector handle: 26.14 in. (66.39 cm)
- Height: 16.225 in. (41.21 cm)

#### Maximum Power Requirements (without MICs)

#### MX2020:

- Typical: 250 W
- At different temperatures:

295 W at 55° C 280 W at 40° C 270 W at 25° C

#### MX2010:

- Typical: 220 W
- · At different temperatures:

265 W at 55° C 250 W at 40° C 240 W at 25° C

#### LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—SFB is online and functioning normally.
- Slow blinking green—SFB is initializing.
- Fast blinking green—SFB is being identified by software.

NOTE: This is used to guide the operator to correct any action needed on the SFB.

- Red—SFB has failed.
- Off-SFB is offline.

Each SFB also has a set of bicolor LEDs on the craft interface that indicate its status. The SFB LEDs, labeled **0** through **7**, are located along the bottom center of the craft interface. For more information about the SFB LED on the craft interface, see *MX2000 Switch Fabric Board LED*.

## Related Documentation

- MX2000 Host Subsystem CB-RE Description on page 275
- MX2000 Switch Fabric Board LED
- Replacing an MX2000 SFB
- Installing an MX2000 SFB
- Removing an MX2000 SFB
- Replacing an MX2000 SFB
- Performing a Smooth Upgrade to Enhanced Switch Fabric Board (SFB2) with Minimal Impact on Traffic
- MX2000 Enhanced Switch Fabric Board (SFB2) on page 248

#### MX2000 Enhanced Switch Fabric Board (SFB2)

The MX2000 Switch Fabric Board (SFB) straddles the two backplanes. It has connectors connecting to both backplanes, (see Figure 43 on page 245). The SFB and SFB2 are exactly the same except that the SFB2 has two PF fabric chips per card whereas SFB has three XF fabric chips per card.

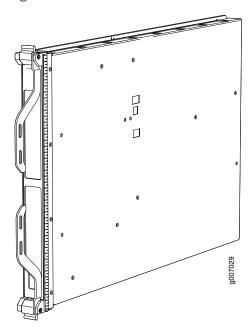


Figure 44: Enhanced Switch Fabric Board

Software release

- Junos OS Release 11.4 and later
- Name in CLI: Switch Fabric Board

#### Description

The MX2000 Enhanced Switch Fabric Board (SFB2; model number: MX2000-SFB2-S) provides increased fabric bandwidth per slot. MX2000 line of routers can support eight Switch Fabric Boards (SFB) and eight Enhanced Switch Fabric Boards (SFB2) but not both at the same time. The SFB2 is supported on MX2010 and MX2020 routers. Refer to Figure 43 on page 245.

NOTE: During an upgrade from SFB to SFB2, the MX2000 line of routers support both SFB and SFB2 at the same time for the duration of the upgrade.

## SFB2 Features and Components

- PCIe control of two PF ASICs
- I2C bus logic interface, used for component management and monitoring of temperature, and voltage
- Switch fabric—Provides switching functions for the MPCs
- Fabric capacity—Supports 2 Tbps per slot with eight SFB2 and 1.7 Tbps per slot with seven SFB2
- Circuits for chassis management and control
- Power circuits for the SFB2
- LED—Provides status of the SFB2

#### SFB2 Slots

You can install up to eight SFB2s in the MX2000 router. The SFB2s install vertically into the front of the chassis in the slots labeled 0 through 7. If any slots are empty, you must install a blank panel.

CAUTION: If one of the SFB2s fails, do not remove the failed SFB2 until you have a replacement or blank panel to install.

#### SFB2 Redundancy

Seven of eight SFB2s are required for line rate operation. The system can continue operating with fewer than seven SFB2s, but forwarding performance will be impacted.

#### Weight and Dimensions

- Weight: 16 lb (7.2 kg)
- Width: 1.7 in. (4.31 cm)
- Depth: 23.6 in. (59.94 cm). With ejector handle: 26.14 in. (66.39 cm)
- Height: 16.225 in. (41.21 cm)

#### Maximum Power Requirements (without MICs)

#### MX2020:

- Typical: 250 W
- At different temperatures:

295 W at 55° C 280 W at 40° C 270 W at 25° C

#### MX2010:

- Typical: 220 W
- · At different temperatures:

265 W at 55° C 250 W at 40° C 240 W at 25° C

#### LEDs

#### OK/FAIL LED. one bicolor:

- Steady green—SFB2 is online and functioning normally.
- Slow blinking green—SFB2 is initializing.
- Fast blinking green—SFB2 is being identified by software.

NOTE: This is used to guide the operator to correct any action needed on the SFB2.

- Red—SFB2 has failed.
- Off-SFB2 is offline.

Each SFB2 also has a set of bicolor LEDs on the craft interface that indicate its status. The SFB2 LEDs, labeled **0** through **7**, are located along the bottom center of the craft interface. For more information about the SFB2 LED on the craft interface, see *MX2000 Switch Fabric Board LED* 

## Related Documentation

- MX2000 Switch Fabric Board LED
- MX2000 Host Subsystem CB-RE Description on page 275
- Replacing an MX2000 SFB
- Understanding Fabric Fault Handling on Enhanced Switch Fabric Board (SFB2)

• Performing a Smooth Upgrade to Enhanced Switch Fabric Board (SFB2) with Minimal Impact on Traffic

#### **CHAPTER 12**

## SCBs, SCBEs, and SCBE2 Descriptions

- MX-Series Switch Control Board (SCB) Overview on page 252
- SCBE2-MX Description on page 253
- MX SCBE Description on page 257
- MX480 SCBE Description on page 259
- MX240 SCBE Description on page 261
- MX960 SCB Description on page 263
- MX480 SCB Description on page 266
- MX240 SCB Description on page 267

#### MX-Series Switch Control Board (SCB) Overview

MX Switch Control Boards (MX-SCB, MX-SCBE, MX-SCBE2) provide full line-rate performance and redundancy without a loss of bandwidth. MX-series SCBs feature an integrated switch fabric that connects to all slots in the chassis in a nonblocking architecture. The SCBs house the Routing Engine (RE), control power to MPCs, monitor and control system functions such as fan speed and the system front panel, and manage clocking, resets, and boots. The SCB is a single-slot card and has a carrier for the routing engine on the front.

The SCB is the first-generation SCB and was designed to work with the first-generation DPC line cards. The MX-SCBE was designed specifically for use with the MPC3e line cards. The MX SCBE2 provides improved fabric performance for high-capacity line cards using the third generation fabric XF2 chip (MPC4e, MPC5e, MPC2/3 NG, and MPC7e).

Table 28 on page 252 compares the capacities of the MX-Series SCBs and lists the supported REs.

Table 28: Switch Control Board Capacities and Supported REs

Model Number	Description	Switch Fabric Capacity	Supported Routing Engines
SCBE2-MX-BB	Enhanced MX Switch Control Board (SCBE2)	10.56 Tbps (half-duplex)	RE-S-1800 RE-S-X6
SCBE-MX-BB	Enhanced Switch Control Board (SCBE)	5.12Tbps	RE-S-1300 RE-S-1800
SCB-MX-BB	Switch Control Board (SCB)	2.64 Tbps	RE-S-1300 RE-S-1800

SCBs install vertically in the MX2020, MX2010, and MX960 chassis, and horizontally in the MX480 and MX240 chassis. The number of supported SCBs varies per router:

- MX240 and MX480 routers—2 SCBs for 1 + 1 MX SCB redundancy when used with the DPC line cards
- MX960 router—3 SCBs for 2 + 1 redundancy when used with the DPC line cards
- MX2010 and MX2020 routers—8 switch fabrics/planes

#### **CLI Identification**

The SCBs are identified in the CLI as SCB, SCBE, and SCBE2.

# user@host> show chassis hardware | match SCB Item Version Part Number Serial Number Description CBO REV 07 710-021523 ABBC8281 MX SCB CB1 REV 07 710-021523 ABBC8323 MX SCB

CB2 REV 07 710-021523 ABBD1410 MX SCB

#### user@host> show chassis hardware models | match SCBE Item Version Part Number Serial Number Description

CBO REV 02 750-031391 YE8505 Enhanced MX SCB
CB1 REV 07 710-031391 YE6769 Enhanced MX SCB
CB2 REV 07 710-031391 YE8492 Enhanced MX SCB

#### user@host> show chassis hardware models | match SCBE2

Item Version Part Number Serial Number Description CBO REV 01 750-062572 CAGN2123 SCBE2-MX-S CB1 REV 07 750-062572 CAGN2456 SCBE2-MX-S CB2 REV 07 750-062572 CAGN2789 SCBE2-MX-S

#### Related Documentation

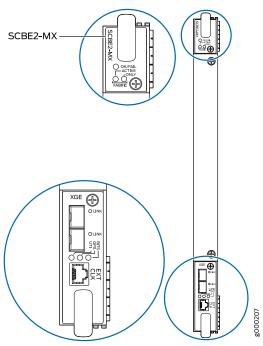
- SCBE2-MX Description on page 253
- MX SCBE Description on page 257

#### SCBE2-MX Description

The SCBE2-MX features the third-generation fabric on the MX960, MX480, and MX240 routers. It uses the XF2 ASIC fabric chip, providing support for higher interface density (slot and capacity scale) as well as improved services. The SCBE2-MX was released with Junos release 13.3R1.

The SCBE2-MX is installed vertically in the MX960 chassis and horizontally in the MX480 and MX240 chassis. The routing engine is installed directly into a slot on the SCBE2-MX (see Figure 45 on page 254).

Figure 45: SCBE2-MX



#### Software release

- Junos OS Release 13.3 R1 and later
- Name in CLI: SCBE2

#### Requirements

For proper cooling, you must install MX-series high-capacity fan trays in the MX chassis. Additionally, for the MX960, you must install a high-capacity filter tray.

#### SCBE2-MX Features

- Provides improved fabric performance for high-capacity line cards using the third generation fabric XF2 chip.
- Provides bandwidth of up to 340 Gbps per slot with redundant fabric support and 480 Gbps per slot without redundant fabric support.
- Provides a central clocking module and a centralized clocking architecture that supports clock cleanup and distribution. The Stratum 3 clock module performs clock monitoring, filtering, and holdover at a centralized chassis location.
- Supports dynamic multicast replication.
- Supports GRES.
- Supports MPC line cards. Does not support DPCs.
- Allows you to configure the system such that one SCBE2-MX supports a GPS interface, and the other SCBE2-MX supports a BITS interface.
- Provides support for cross-coupling of clock input. This requires an enhanced midplane:
  - MX960—CHAS-BP3-MX960-S
  - MX480—CHAS-BP3-MX480-S
  - MX240—CHAS-BP3-MX240-S

#### SCBE2-MX Components

- Control Board and Routing Engine (CB-RE) mastership mechanism.
- External clock interface—Allows BITS or GPS clock source input to the centralized timing circuit, or allows centralized timing to be output to BITS or GPS.
- Switch fabric—Provides switching functions for MPCs.
- 1000Base-T Ethernet controller—Provides a 1-Gbps Ethernet link between the Routing Engines.
- · Power circuits for the Routing Engine and the SCBE2-MX.
- LEDs—Provide status of the SCBE2-MX and the clocking interface.

#### SCBE2-MX Slots

#### For the MX960:

- You can install up to three SCBE2-MX's in the MX960 router chassis.
- SCBE2-MX's are installed vertically into the front of the MX960 chassis in the slots labeled 0,
   1, and 2. If any slots are empty, you must install a blank panel.
- The two SCBE2-MX's residing in slot 6 and slot 7 of the MX960 chassis provide both control
  and switch fabric features, while the third SCBE2-MX residing in slot 8 of the chassis (hybrid
  slot) will only do fabric functions.

#### For the MX480 and MX240 routers:

You can install either one or two SCBE2-MX's in the MX480 and MX240 router chassis.
 SCBE2-MX's are installed horizontally into the front of the MX480 and MX240 chassis in the slots labeled 0 and 1. If any slots are empty, you must install a blank panel.

#### SCBE2-MX Fabric Planes and Redundancy

#### For the MX960:

- Each SCBE2-MX provides two switch fabric planes for packet forwarding among the MPCs in the MX960
- The MX960 chassis may contain up to three SCBE2-MX's Therefore, six fabric planes are available.
- Three SCBE2-MX's are required for 2 + 1 redundancy.
- In redundant fabric mode, four fabric planes from the first two SCBE2-MX's will be in Active mode, and two fabric planes from the third SCBE2-MX will be in Spare mode.
- In an increased fabric bandwidth mode, all six fabric planes will be in Active mode.

#### For the MX240 and MX480 routers:

- Each SCBE2-MX provides four switch fabric planes for packet forwarding among the MPCs in the MX480 and MX240 chassis.
- The MX480 and MX240 routers contain a maximum of two SCBE2-MX's. Therefore, eight logical planes are available.
- Two SCBE2-MX's are required for 1 + 1 redundancy.
- In redundant fabric mode, four fabric planes from the first SCBE2-MX will be in Active mode, and four fabric planes from the second SCBE2-MX will be in Spare mode.
- In an increased fabric bandwidth mode, all eight fabric planes will be in Active mode.
- Each fabric ASIC is configured in virtual plane mode, where two virtual planes exist on one fabric ASIC.

#### Weight and Dimensions

- Weight: 9.6 lb (4.4 kg) (with Routing Engine installed)
- Width: 17 in (43.2 cm)
- Depth: 22 in (55.9 cm)
- Height: 1.25 in (3.2 cm) height.

Maximum Power Requirements	SCBE2-MX (applies to MX240, MX480, and MX960)
	185 W at 55° C
	160 W at 40° C
	155 W at 25° C
LEDs	• FABRIC ACTIVE, FABRIC ONLY, and OK/FAIL LEDs indicate the status of the SCBE2-MX.
LEDs	<ul> <li>FABRIC ACTIVE, FABRIC ONLY, and OK/FAIL LEDs indicate the status of the SCBE2-MX.</li> <li>The BITS, GPS, and UTI LEDs, located next to the EXT CLK port, indicate the status of the respective clocking interface.</li> </ul>
LEDs	The BITS, GPS, and UTI LEDs, located next to the EXT CLK port, indicate the status of the

#### SCBE2 Interoperability with Existing Hardware

SCBE2 Operating Mode	MX240/480/960	Supported
Mixed Mode Allowed (DPC+MPC in a chassis)	DPC/MS-DPC	No
	MS-MPC	Yes
	MPC1	Yes
	MPC2	Yes
	MPC3	Yes
	MPC4	Yes
	MPC2-NG	Yes
	MPC3-NG	Yes
	16x10GE MPC	Yes
Enhanced IP/Enhanced Ethernet Mode Only	MPC5	Yes
	MPC6	No
	MPC7 (480 Gbps)	Yes
	MPC8 (960 Gbps)	No
	MPC9 (1.6 Tbps)	No

SCBE2 Operating Mode	MX240/480/960	Supported
Routing Engines	RE-S-1300(EOLed)	yes
	RE-S-2000 (EOLed)	yes
	RE-S-1800	yes
	RE-S-X6-64G	yes

Related Documentation

- MX-Series Switch Control Board (SCB) Overview on page 252
- SCBE2-MX LEDs

#### **MX SCBE Description**

The MX SCBE serves the carrier Ethernet services router and carrier Ethernet transport markets that require higher-capacity traffic support demanding greater interface density (slot and capacity scale), as well as improved services. The upgraded SCB is supported on MX960, MX480, and MX240 routers. Some key attributes of the MX SCBE are:

- 160 Gbps/slot bandwidth with redundant fabric support, and improved fabric performance by using the next-generation fabric (XF) chip
- A central clocking module and a centralized clocking architecture that supports clock cleanup and distribution. The Stratum 3 clock module performs clock monitoring, filtering, and holdover in a centralized chassis location
- Full performance with fabric redundancy for higher capacity line cards such as 16x10GE and MPC3

The Routing Engine installs directly into a slot on the MX SCBE (see Figure 46 on page 258).

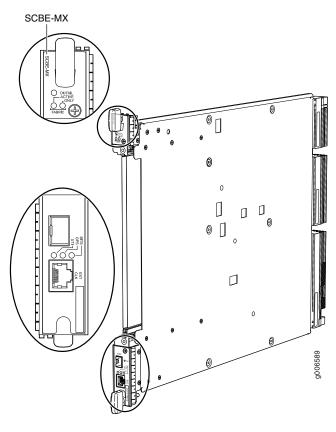


Figure 46: MX SCBE

#### **MX SCBE Slots**

You can install up to three MX SCBEs. The MX SCBEs install vertically into the front of the chassis in the slots labeled  $\bf 0$ ,  $\bf 1$ , and  $\bf 2$ . If any slots are empty, you must install a blank panel.

#### **MX SCBE Redundancy**

If three MX SCBEs are installed, the third MX SCBE functions as the backup.

#### **MX SCBE Components**

Each MX SCBE consists of the following components:

- I2C bus logic, used for low-level communication with each component
- Component redundancy circuitry
- Control Board/Routing Engine mastership mechanism
- Gigabit Ethernet switch that is connected to the embedded CPU complex on all components
- External clock interface—Allows BITS or GPS clock source input to the centralized timing circuit, or allows centralized timing to be output to BITS or GPS

- Switch fabric—Provides the switching functions for the DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs
- Control field-programmable gate array (FPGA)—Provides the Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) interface to the Routing Engine
- 1000Base-T Ethernet controller—Provides a 1-Gbps Ethernet link between the Routing Engines
- · Circuits for chassis management and control
- · Power circuits for the Routing Engine and SCBE
- · LEDs—Provide status of the SCBE and clocking interface

#### Supported Routing Engines and MPCs for the SCBE

Supported Routing Engines	Supported MPCs
RE-S-1300	MPC3e
RE-S-1800	MPC3e
RE-S-2000	MPC3e

## Related Documentation

- MX960 SCB Description on page 263
- MX960 SCBE LEDs
- Upgrading an MX960 SCB to SCBE

#### MX480 SCBE Description

The MX SCBE serves the carrier Ethernet services router and carrier Ethernet transport markets that require higher-capacity traffic support demanding greater interface density (slot and capacity scale), as well as improved services. The upgraded SCB is supported on MX960, MX480, and MX240 routers. Some key attributes of the MX SCBEs are:

- 160 Gbps/slot bandwidth with redundant fabric support, and improved fabric performance by using the next-generation fabric (XF) chip
- A central clocking module and a centralized clocking architecture that supports clock cleanup and distribution. The Stratum 3 clock module performs clock monitoring, filtering, and holdover in a centralized chassis location
- Full performance with fabric redundancy for higher capacity line cards such as 16x10GE and MPC3

The Routing Engine installs directly into a slot on the MX SCBE (see Figure 47 on page 260).

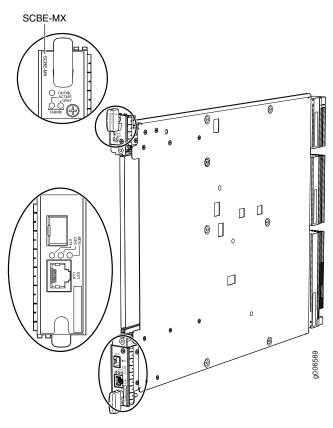


Figure 47: MX SCBE

#### **MX SCBE Slots**

You can install one or two MX SCBEs. The MX SCBEs install horizontally into the front of the chassis in the slots labeled  $\bf 0$  and  $\bf 1$ . If any slots are empty, you must install a blank panel.

#### **MX SCBE Redundancy**

If two MX SCBEs are installed, one MX SCBE functions as the master MX SCBE and the other as its backup. If the master fails or is removed, the backup restarts and becomes the master.

#### **MX SCBE Components**

Each MX SCBE consists of the following components:

- I2C bus logic, used for low-level communication with each component
- · Component redundancy circuitry
- Control Board/Routing Engine mastership mechanism
- Gigabit Ethernet switch that is connected to the embedded CPU complex on all components

- External clock interface—Allows BITS or GPS clock source input to the centralized timing circuit, or allows centralized timing to be output to BITS or GPS
- Switch fabric—Provides the switching functions for the DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs
- Control field-programmable gate array (FPGA)—Provides the Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) interface to the Routing Engine
- 1000Base-T Ethernet controller—Provides a 1-Gbps Ethernet link between the Routing Engines
- · Circuits for chassis management and control
- Power circuits for the Routing Engine and SCBE
- LEDs—Provide status of the SCBE and clocking interface

## Related Documentation

- MX480 SCB Description on page 266
- MX480 SCBE LEDs
- Upgrading an MX480 SCB

#### MX240 SCBE Description

The MX SCBE serves the carrier Ethernet services router and carrier Ethernet transport markets that require higher-capacity traffic support demanding greater interface density (slot and capacity scale), as well as improved services. The upgraded SCB is supported on MX960, MX480, and MX240 routers. Some key attributes of the MX SCBs are:

- 160 Gbps/slot bandwidth with redundant fabric support, and improved fabric performance by using the next-generation fabric (XF) chip
- A central clocking module and a centralized clocking architecture that supports clock cleanup and distribution. The Stratum 3 clock module performs clock monitoring, filtering, and holdover in a centralized chassis location
- Full performance with fabric redundancy for higher capacity line cards such as 16x10GE and MPC3

The Routing Engine installs directly into a slot on the MX SCBE (see Figure 48 on page 262).

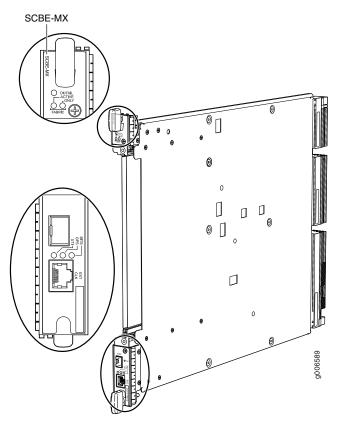


Figure 48: MX SCBE

#### **MX SCBE Slots**

You can install one or two MX SCBEs. The MX SCBEs install horizontally into the front of the chassis in the slots labeled  $\bf 0$  and  $\bf 1$ . If any slots are empty, you must install a blank panel.

#### **MX SCBE Redundancy**

If two MX SCBEs are installed, one MX SCBE functions as the master MX SCBE and the other as its backup. If the master fails or is removed, the backup restarts and becomes the master.

#### **MX SCBE Components**

Each MX SCBE consists of the following components:

- I2C bus logic, used for low-level communication with each component
- · Component redundancy circuitry
- Control Board/Routing Engine mastership mechanism
- Gigabit Ethernet switch that is connected to the embedded CPU complex on all components

- External clock interface—Allows BITS or GPS clock source input to the centralized timing circuit, or allows centralized timing to be output to BITS or GPS
- Switch fabric—Provides the switching functions for the DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs
- Control field-programmable gate array (FPGA)—Provides the Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) interface to the Routing Engine
- 1000Base-T Ethernet controller—Provides a 1-Gbps Ethernet link between the Routing Engines
- · Circuits for chassis management and control
- Power circuits for the Routing Engine and SCBE
- LEDs—Provide status of the SCBE and clocking interface

## Related Documentation

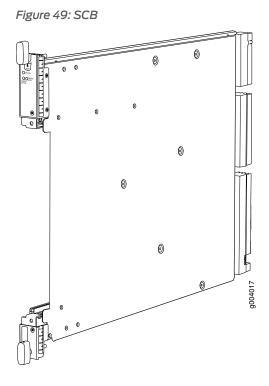
- MX240 SCB Description on page 267
- MX240 SCBE LEDs
- Upgrading an MX240 SCB

#### MX960 SCB Description

The SCB provides the following functions:

- Powers on and powers off DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs
- · Controls clocking, system resets, and booting
- Monitors and controls system functions, including fan speed, board power status, PDM status and control, and the craft interface
- Provides interconnections to all the DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs within the chassis through the switch fabrics integrated into the SCB

The Routing Engine installs directly into a slot on the SCB (see Figure 49 on page 264).



#### **SCB Slots**

You can install up to three. The SCBs install vertically into the front of the chassis in the slots labeled **0**, **1**, and **2/6**. If any slots are empty, you must install a blank panel.

#### **SCB Redundancy**

SCBs installed in slots  $\bf 0$  and  $\bf 1$  provide nonredundant fabric connections. An SCB installed in slot  $\bf 2/6$ , in conjunction with SCBs in slots  $\bf 0$  and  $\bf 1$ , provides redundant fabrics, but the Routing Engine installed on it receives no power and provides no additional routing functions. If no SCB is installed in slot  $\bf 2/6$ , you must install a blank panel in the slot (see Table 29 on page 264).

Table 29: SCB Slot Mapping and Functionality

Functionality	Slot 0	Slot 1	Slot 2/6
Full fabric	SCB	SCB	_
	Routing Engine		
Full fabric and redundant Routing Engine	SCB	SCB	_
	Routing Engine	Routing Engine	
Redundant fabric and Routing Engine	SCB	SCB	SCB
	Routing Engine	Routing Engine	

#### **SCB Components**

Each SCB consists of the following components:

- · Chassis management Ethernet switch
- I2C bus logic, used for low-level communication with each component
- Component redundancy circuitry
- Control Board/Routing Engine mastership mechanism
- Gigabit Ethernet switch that is connected to the embedded CPU complex on all components
- Switch fabric—Provides the switching functions for the DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs
- Control field-programmable gate array (FPGA)—Provides the Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) interface to the Routing Engine
- 1000Base-T Ethernet controller—Provides a 1-Gbps Ethernet link between the Routing Engines
- Ethernet switch—Provides 1-Gbps link speeds between the Routing Engine and the DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs
- · Circuits for chassis management and control
- · Power circuits for the Routing Engine and SCB
- LEDs-Provide status

#### **Supported Routing Engines**

The SCB supports the following routing engines (REs):

- RE-S-1300 Routing Engine Description
- RE-S-2000 Routing Engine Description
- RE-S-1800 Routing Engine Description

## Related Documentation

- MX960 Host Subsystem Description
- MX960 Routing Engine Description on page 276
- MX960 Switch Control Board LEDs
- Replacing an MX960 SCB
- MX-Series Switch Control Board (SCB) Overview on page 252

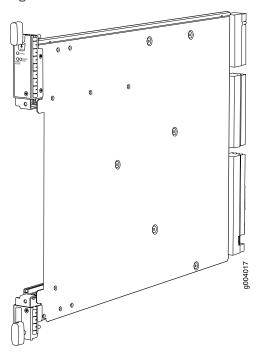
#### MX480 SCB Description

The SCB provides the following functions:

- Powers on and powers off DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs
- · Controls clocking, system resets, and booting
- Monitors and controls system functions, including fan speed, board power status, PDM status and control, and the craft interface
- Provides interconnections to all the DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs within the chassis through the switch fabrics integrated into the SCB

The Routing Engine installs directly into a slot on the SCB (see Figure 49 on page 264).

Figure 50: SCB



#### **SCB Slots**

You can install one or two. The SCBs install horizontally into the front of the chassis in the slots labeled **0** and **1**. If any slots are empty, you must install a blank panel.

#### **SCB Redundancy**

If two SCBs are installed, one SCB functions as the master SCB and the other as its backup. If the master fails or is removed, the backup restarts and becomes the master.

#### **SCB Components**

Each SCB consists of the following components:

- · Chassis management Ethernet switch
- I2C bus logic, used for low-level communication with each component
- Component redundancy circuitry
- Control Board/Routing Engine mastership mechanism
- Gigabit Ethernet switch that is connected to the embedded CPU complex on all components
- Switch fabric—Provides the switching functions for the DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs
- Control field-programmable gate array (FPGA)—Provides the Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) interface to the Routing Engine
- 1000Base-T Ethernet controller—Provides a 1-Gbps Ethernet link between the Routing Engines
- Ethernet switch—Provides 1-Gbps link speeds between the Routing Engine and the DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs
- · Circuits for chassis management and control
- Power circuits for the Routing Engine and SCB
- LEDs-Provide status

## Related Documentation

- MX480 Host Subsystem Description
- MX480 Routing Engine Description on page 278
- SCB-MX LEDs

#### MX240 SCB Description

The SCB provides the following functions:

- · Powers on and powers off DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs
- Controls clocking, system resets, and booting
- Monitors and controls system functions, including fan speed, board power status, PDM status and control, and the craft interface
- Provides interconnections to all the DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs within the chassis through the switch fabrics integrated into the SCB

The Routing Engine installs directly into a slot on the SCB (see Figure 49 on page 264).

Figure 51: SCB

#### **SCB Slots**

You can install one or two SCBs. The SCBs install horizontally into the front of the chassis in the slots labeled  $\bf 0$  and  $\bf 1/\bf 0$  (the multifunction slot  $\bf 1/\bf 0$  can contain either SCB1, DPC0, MPC0, or FPC0). If any slots are empty, you must install a blank panel.

#### **SCB Redundancy**

If two SCBs are installed, one SCB functions as the master SCB and the other as its backup. If the master fails or is removed, the backup becomes the master.

#### **SCB Components**

Each SCB consists of the following components:

- · Chassis management Ethernet switch
- I2C bus logic, used for low-level communication with each component
- · Component redundancy circuitry
- Control Board/Routing Engine mastership mechanism
- Gigabit Ethernet switch that is connected to the embedded CPU complex on all components
- Switch fabric—Provides the switching functions for the DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs
- Control field-programmable gate array (FPGA)—Provides the Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) interface to the Routing Engine

- 1000Base-T Ethernet controller—Provides a 1-Gbps Ethernet link between the Routing Engines
- Ethernet switch—Provides 1-Gbps link speeds between the Routing Engine and the DPCs, FPCs, and MPCs
- Circuits for chassis management and control
- Power circuits for the Routing Engine and SCB
- LEDs—Provide status

- MX240 Host Subsystem Description
- MX240 Routing Engine Description on page 280

#### **CHAPTER 13**

# **ADC** Descriptions

- MX2020 Adapter Card (ADC) Description on page 271
- MX2010 Adapter Card (ADC) Description on page 272

## MX2020 Adapter Card (ADC) Description

The MX2020 router is compatible with all Trio-based MPC line cards; However, because the MX2020 router uses a newer-generation Switch Fabric Board (SFB) with faster bandwidth, line cards that were designed to work with the SCB and SCBE (MPC1E, MPC2E, and MPC3E) must use a special Line Card Adapter (ADC). The ADC is merely a shell that accepts MPC1E, MPC2E, and MPC3E line cards in the front and converts power and switch fabric in the rear. The MX2020 router has 20 dedicated line card slots and can thus support up to 20 ADCs and 20 MPC1E through MPC3E line cards.

The dedicated line cards slots in the MX2020 router are numbered **0** though **9** (bottom), and **10** though **19** (top), left to right. ADCs install vertically in the front of the router.



NOTE: When a slot is not occupied by a combined ADC and MPC, you must insert a blank panel to fill the empty slot and ensure proper cooling of the system.

ADCs are hot-removable and hot-insertable. Figure 52 on page 272 shows the ADC supported on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers.

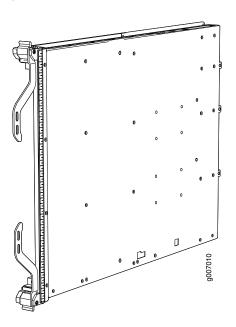


Figure 52: ADC for the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers

- Removing an MX2020 MPC with Adapter Card
- Maintaining MX2020 Adapter Cards

## MX2010 Adapter Card (ADC) Description

The MX2010 router is compatible with all Trio-based MPC line cards. However, because the MX2010 router uses a newer-generation Switch Fabric Board (SFB) with faster bandwidth, line cards that were designed to work with the SCB and SCBE (MPC1E, MPC2E, and MPC3E) must use a special Line Card Adapter (ADC). The ADC is merely a shell that accepts MPC1E, MPC2E, and MPC3E line cards in the front and converts power and switch fabric in the rear. The MX2010 router has 10 dedicated line card slots and can thus support up to 10 ADCs and 10 MPC1E through MPC3E line cards.

The dedicated line cards slots in the MX2010 router are numbered **0** though **9** (left to right). ADCs install vertically in the front of the router.



NOTE: When a slot is not occupied by a combined ADC and MPC, you must insert a blank panel to fill the empty slot and ensure proper cooling of the system.

Adapter cards are hot-removable and hot-insertable. Figure 52 on page 272 shows the ADC supported by MX2010 and MX2020 routers.

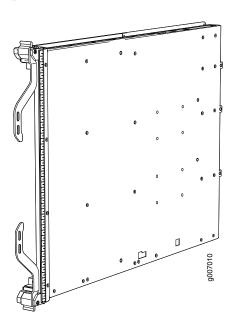


Figure 53: ADC for the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers

- Removing the MPCs with Adapter Card Before Installing an MX2010 Router with a Pallet Jack
- Removing an MX2010 MPC with Adapter Card
- Removing the MPCs without an Adapter Card Before Installing an MX2010 Router with a Pallet Jack
- Reinstalling the MPCs After Installing the MX2010 Router with a Pallet Jack
- Reinstalling the Adapter Card After Installing the MX2010 Router with a Pallet Jack
- Maintaining the MX2010 Adapter Cards

#### **CHAPTER 14**

# RE, CB-RE, and RCB Descriptions

- MX2000 Host Subsystem CB-RE Description on page 275
- MX960 Routing Engine Description on page 276
- MX480 Routing Engine Description on page 278
- MX240 Routing Engine Description on page 280
- MX5, MX10, MX40, and MX80 Routing Engine Description on page 284
- MX2008 Routing and Control Board (MX2008 RCB) Description on page 284
- MX10003 Routing and Control Board (RCB) Description on page 288
- Routing Engine Specifications on page 291

## MX2000 Host Subsystem CB-RE Description

The host subsystem provides routing protocol processes, as well as software processes that control the router's interface, the chassis components, system management, and user access to the router. These routing processes run on top of a kernel that interacts with the Packet Forwarding Engine (PFE). You can install one or two host subsystems on the router. Each host subsystem functions as a unit—the Control Board and Routing Engine (CB-RE). The MX2000 line of routers supports the following CB-RE's:

- RE-MX2000-1800x4 CB-RE
- REMX2K-X8-64G-LT CB-RE

The CB-RE is hot-pluggable. You can install one or two CB-REs in the router. Each CB-RE is a combined Routing Engine and Control Board in one unit. A USB port on the CB-RE accepts a USB memory device that allows you to load Junos OS. The CB-RE installs into the front of the chassis in vertical slots labeled  $\bf 0$  and  $\bf 1$ . If two CB-REs are installed, one functions as the master and the other acts as the backup. If the master CB-RE fails or is removed and the backup is configured appropriately, the backup takes over as the master. If no CB-RE is installed in a slot, install a blank panel in the slot.

A minimum of one CB-RE must be installed in either slot **0** or slot **1** at all times.



CAUTION: If one of the CB-REs fails, do not remove the failed CB-RE until you have a replacement or blank panel to install.



NOTE: REMX2K-X8-64G-LT CB-RE is equipped with limited encryption support only.

#### Related Documentation

- RE-MX2000-1800x4 CB-RE Description
- REMX2K-X8-64G and REMX2K-X8-64G-LT CB-RE Description
- Maintaining the MX2010 Host Subsystem
- Maintaining the MX2020 Host Subsystem
- Taking an MX2000 Host Subsystem Offline
- RJ-45 Connector Pinouts for MX Series CB-RE or RCB Auxillary and Console Ports
- RJ-45 Connector Pinouts for an MX Series CB-RE or RCB Management Port

## MX960 Routing Engine Description

If the host system is redundant, the backup Routing Engine is hot-removable and hot-insertable, but the master Routing Engine is hot-pluggable. A Routing Engine that is not redundant is hot-pluggable.

- Supported Routing Engines on page 276
- Routing Engine Function on page 277
- Routing Engine Slots on page 277
- Routing Engine Interface Ports on page 277

#### **Supported Routing Engines**

The MX960 router supports the following Routing Engines:

- RE-S-1300-2048 supported for Junos OS Release 8.2 and later.
- RE-S-2000-4096 supported for Junos OS Release 8.2 and later.
- RE-S-1800x2 supported for Junos OS Release 10.4 and later.
- RE-S-1800x4 supported for Junos OS Release 10.4 and later.
- RE-S-X6-64G supported for Junos OS Release 15.1F4, 16.1 and later.
- RE-S-X6-64G-LT supported for Junos OS Release 17.2R1 and later.



NOTE: The Routing Engine is equipped with limited encryption support only.



NOTE: If two Routing Engines are installed, they must both be the same hardware model.

#### **Routing Engine Function**

The Routing Engine runs the Junos OS. Software processes that run on the Routing Engine maintain the routing tables, manage the routing protocols used on the router, control the router interfaces, control some chassis components, and provide the interface for system management and user access to the router.

#### **Routing Engine Slots**

You can install one or two Routing Engines in the router. Each Routing Engine must be installed directly into an SCB. A USB port on the Routing Engine accepts a USB memory device that allows you to load Junos OS. The Routing Engines install into the front of the chassis in vertical slots directly into the SCBs labeled  $\bf 0$  and  $\bf 1$ . If two Routing Engines are installed, one functions as the master and the other acts as the backup. If the master Routing Engine fails or is removed and the backup is configured appropriately, the backup takes over as the master.

On the MX960 router, a Routing Engine installed in SCB slot **2/6** receives no power and supplies no additional routing functions. If no SCB is installed in slot **2/6**, install a blank panel in the slot.

#### **Routing Engine Interface Ports**

Three ports, located on the right side of the routing engine, connect the Routing Engine to one or more external devices on which system administrators can issue Junos OS command-line interface (CLI) commands to manage the router.

The ports with the indicated labels function as follows:

- AUX—Connects the Routing Engine to a laptop, modem, or other auxiliary device through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.
- CONSOLE—Connects the Routing Engine to a system console through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.
- ETHERNET or MGMT—Connects the Routing Engine through an Ethernet connection to a management LAN (or any other device that plugs into an Ethernet connection) for out-of-band management. The port uses an autosensing RJ-45 connector to support 10-Mbps or 100-Mbps connections. Two small LEDs on the right of the port indicate the connection in use: the LED flashes yellow or green for a 10-Mbps or 100-Mbps connection, and the LED is light green when traffic is passing through the port.

#### Related Documentation

- RJ-45 Connector Pinouts for MX Series Routing Engine AUX and CONSOLE Ports
- RJ-45 Connector Pinouts for an MX Series Routing Engine ETHERNET Port
- Replacing an MX960 Routing Engine

# MX480 Routing Engine Description

The Routing Engine is an Intel-based PC platform that runs Junos OS. Software processes that run on the Routing Engine maintain the routing tables, manage the routing protocols used on the router, control the router interfaces, control some chassis components, and provide the interface for system management and user access to the router.

You can install one or two Routing Engines in the router. The Routing Engines install into the front of the chassis in horizontal slots in the SCBs labeled  $\bf 0$  and  $\bf 1$ . If two Routing Engines are installed, one functions as the master and the other acts as the backup. If the master Routing Engine fails or is removed, and the backup is configured appropriately, the backup takes over as the master.

The Routing Engines are hot-pluggable. Each Routing Engine must be installed directly into an SCB. A USB port on the Routing Engine accepts a USB memory card that allows you to load Junos OS. Figure 54 on page 278 shows RE-S-1800 Routing Engine and Figure 55 on page 278 shows the RE-S-X6-64G Routing Engine.

Figure 54: RE-S-1800 Routing Engine

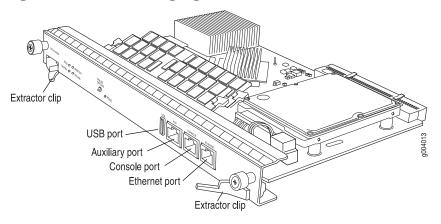
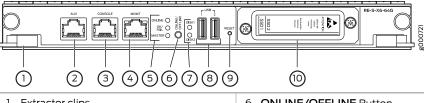


Figure 55: RE-S-X6-64G Routing Engine Front View



1—Extractor clips	6-ONLINE/OFFLINE Button
2—Auxiliary port ( <b>AUX</b> )	7—SSD LEDs— <b>DISK1</b> and <b>DISK2</b>
3—Console port ( <b>Con</b> )	8—Ports—USB1 and USB2
4—Management port ( <b>MGMT</b> )	9—RESET Button
5—LEDs—ONLINE, OK/FAIL, and MASTER	10—SSD card slot cover

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

1—Extractor clips

6—ONLINE/OFFLINE Button

7—SSD LEDs—DISK1 and DISK2

3—Console port (Con)

8—Ports—USB1 and USB2

4—Management port (MGMT)

9—RESET Button

5—LEDs—ONLINE, OK/FAIL, and MASTER

10—SSD card slot cover

Figure 56: RE-S-X6-64G-LT Routing Engine Front View

#### **Routing Engine Components**



NOTE: For specific information about Routing Engine components (for example, the amount of DRAM), issue the show vmhost hardware command.

#### **Routing Engine Interface Ports**

Three ports, located on the right side of the Routing Engine, connect the Routing Engine to one or more external devices on which system administrators can issue Junos OS command-line interface (CLI) commands to manage the router.

The ports with the indicated labels function as follows:

- AUX—Connects the Routing Engine to a laptop, modem, or other auxiliary device through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.
- **CONSOLE**—Connects the Routing Engine to a system console through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.
- ETHERNET or MGMT—Connects the Routing Engine through an Ethernet connection to a management LAN (or any other device that plugs into an Ethernet connection) for out-of-band management. The port uses an autosensing RJ-45 connector to support 10-Mbps or 100-Mbps connections. Two small LEDs on the right of the port indicate the connection in use: The LED on the left indicates speed—green for 1000-Mbps, yellow for 100-Mbps and when the LED is dark, it indicates 10-Mbps speed. The LED on the right indicates activity—flashing green when packets are passing through the port.

#### **Routing Engine Boot Sequence**

The Routing Engine boots from the storage media in this order: the USB device (if present), then the CompactFlash card, then the hard disk, then the LAN. The disk from which the router boots is called the *primary boot device*, and the other disk is the *alternate boot device*.



NOTE: If the router boots from an alternate boot device, a yellow alarm lights the LED on the router's craft interface.

Booting in a RE-S-X6-64G Routing Engine follows this sequence—the USB device, SSD1, SSD2, and LAN. SSD1 is the primary boot device. Boot sequence is tried twice for SSD1 and SSD2.

If the Routing Engines are configured for *graceful switchover*, the backup Routing Engine automatically synchronizes its configuration and state with the master Routing Engine. Any update to the master Routing Engine state is replicated on the backup Routing Engine. If the backup Routing Engine assumes mastership, packet forwarding continues through the router without interruption. For more information about graceful switchover, see the *Junos OS Administration Library*.



NOTE: If two Routing Engines are installed, they must both be the same hardware model.

# Related Documentation

- MX480 Router Description
- MX480 Routing Engine LEDs
- MX480 Host Subsystem Description
- MX480 SCB Description on page 266

#### **MX240 Routing Engine Description**

The Routing Engine is an Intel-based PC platform that runs Junos OS. Software processes that run on the Routing Engine maintain the routing tables, manage the routing protocols used on the router, control the router interfaces, control some chassis components, and provide the interface for system management and user access to the router.

You can install one or two Routing Engines in the router. The Routing Engines install into the front of the chassis in horizontal slots in the SCBs labeled **0** and **1/0**. Each Routing Engine must be installed directly into an SCB. A USB port on the Routing Engine accepts a USB memory card that allows you to load Junos OS.

If two Routing Engines are installed, one functions as the master and the other acts as the backup. If the master Routing Engine fails or is removed and the backup is configured appropriately, the backup takes over as the master. The Backup Routing Engine is hot-insertable and hot-removable.

The MX240 router supports the RE-S-1300-2048, EE-S-2000-4096, RE-S-1800, RE-S-X6-64G, and RE-S-X6-64G-LT Routing Engines. See Figure 54 on page 278, Figure 58 on page 281, and Figure 55 on page 278.



NOTE: If two Routing Engines are installed, they must both be the same hardware model.

The RE-S-X6-64G-LT Routing Engine is equipped with limited encryption support only.

Figure 57: RE-S-2000 Routing Engine

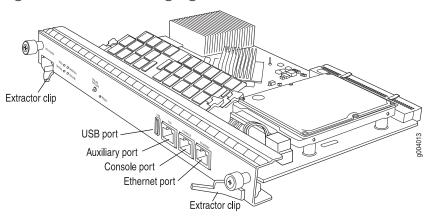


Figure 58: RE-S-1800

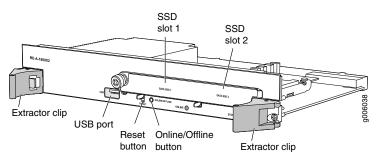


Figure 59: RE-S-X6-64G Routing Engine Front View

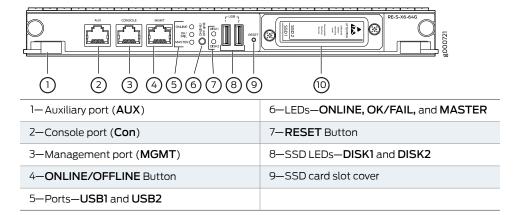
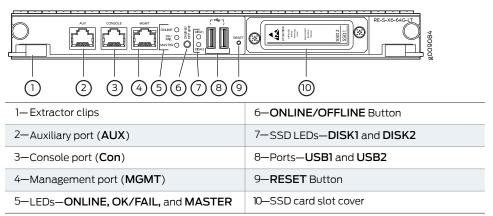


Figure 60: RE-S-X6-64G-LT Routing Engine Front View



#### RE-S-X6-64G and RE-S-X6-64G-LT Routing Engine Components

In MX240 routers with dual Routing Engines, both the Routing Engines must be RE-S-X6-64G Routing Engines.

Each RE-S-X6-64G Routing Engine (shown in Figure 55 on page 278) consists of the following components:

- CPU—Runs Junos OS to maintain the routing tables and routing protocols.
- EEPROM—Stores the serial number of the Routing Engine.
- DRAM—Provides storage for the routing and forwarding tables and for other Routing Engine processes.
- One 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface between Routing Engine and Switch Control Board.
- Two 50 GB slim Solid State Drives—SSD1 (primary) and SSD2 (secondary)—Provide storage for software images, configuration files, microcode, log files, and memory dumps. The Routing Engine reboots from SSD2 when boot from primary SSD fails.
- Two USB ports (**USB1** and **USB2**)—Provide a removable media interface through which you can install Junos OS manually. The Junos OS supports USB versions 3.0, 2.0, and 1.1.
- Interface ports—The AUX, CONSOLE, and MGMT provide access to management devices. Each Routing Engine has one 10/100/1000-Mbps Ethernet port for connecting to a management network, and two asynchronous serial ports—one for connecting to a console and one for connecting to a modem or other auxiliary device.
- RESET Button—Reboots the Routing Engine when pressed.
- ONLINE/OFFLINE Button—Makes the Routing Engine online or offline when pressed.
- Extractor clips—Control the locking system that secures the Routing Engine.
- LEDs—MX240 Routing Engine LEDs describes the functions of these LEDs.



NOTE: For specific information about Routing Engine components (for example, the amount of DRAM), issue the show vmhost hardware command.

#### **Routing Engine Interface Ports**

Three ports, located on the right side of the Routing Engine, connect the Routing Engine to one or more external devices on which system administrators can issue Junos OS command-line interface (CLI) commands to manage the router.

The ports with the indicated labels function as follows:

- AUX—Connects the Routing Engine to a laptop, modem, or other auxiliary device through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.
- CONSOLE—Connects the Routing Engine to a system console through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.
- ETHERNET or MGMT—Connects the Routing Engine through an Ethernet connection to a management LAN (or any other device that plugs into an Ethernet connection) for out-of-band management. The port uses an autosensing RJ-45 connector to support 10/100/1000-Mbps connections. Two small LEDs on the right of the port indicate the connection in use: The LED on the left indicates speed—green for 1000-Mbps, yellow for 100-Mbps and when the LED is dark, it indicates 10-Mbps speed. The LED on the right indicates activity—flashing green when packets are passing through the port.

#### RE-S-X6-64G and RE-S-X6-64G-LT Routing Engine Interface Ports

Three ports, located on the left side of the Routing Engine, connect the Routing Engine to one or more external devices on which system administrators can issue Junos OS command-line interface (CLI) commands to manage the router.

The ports with the indicated labels function as follows:

- AUX—Connects the Routing Engine to a laptop, modem, or other auxiliary device through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.
- CONSOLE—Connects the Routing Engine to a system console through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.
- MGMT—Connects the Routing Engine through an Ethernet connection to a management LAN (or any other device that plugs into an Ethernet connection) for out-of-band management. The port uses an autosensing RJ-45 connector to support 10/100/1000-Mbps connections. Two small LEDs on the right of the port indicate the connection in use: The LED on the left ndicates speed—green for 1000-Mbps, yellow for 100-Mbps and when the LED is dark, it indicates 10-Mbps speed. The LED on the right indicates activity—flashing green when packets are passing through the port.

## **Routing Engine Boot Sequence**

The Routing Engine boots from the storage media in this order: the USB device (if present), then the CompactFlash card, then the hard disk, then the LAN. The disk from which the

router boots is called the *primary boot device*, and the other disk is the *alternate boot device*.



NOTE: If the router boots from an alternate boot device, a yellow alarm lights the LED on the router's craft interface.

Booting in a RE-S-X6-64G and in a RE-S-X6-64G-LT Routing Engine follows this sequence—the USB device, SSD1, SSD2, and LAN. SSD1 is the primary boot device. Boot sequence is tried twice for SSD1 and SSD2.

# Related Documentation

- MX240 Routing Engine LEDs
- Removing an MX240 Routing Engine
- Installing an MX240 Routing Engine
- MX240 Routing Engine Serial Number Label

## MX5, MX10, MX40, and MX80 Routing Engine Description

The Routing Engine is built-in on the MX5, MX10, MX40, and MX80 baseboard and cannot be replaced.

The Routing Engine consists of the following components:

- Processor—Runs Junos OS to maintain the router's routing tables and routing protocols.
- DRAM—Buffers incoming packets and provides storage for the routing and forwarding tables and for other Routing Engine processes. To view the amount of DRAM installed on your router, issue the show chassis routing-engine command.
- NAND flash—Provides primary storage for software images, configuration files, and microcode.

## Related Documentation

- MX5, MX10, MX40, and MX80 Routing Engine LED
- Maintaining the MX5, MX10, MX40, and MX80 Routing Engine
- show chassis routing-engine

## MX2008 Routing and Control Board (MX2008 RCB) Description

The MX2008 Routing and Control Board (MX2008 RCB) is an integrated board and a single FRU that provides Routing Engine and Control Board functionality.

- Supported RCB on page 285
- RCB Function on page 285
- RCB Slots on page 285

- RCB Front Panel on page 285
- RCB Interface Ports on page 287

#### **Supported RCB**

The following are some key attributes of the MX2008 RCB:

- The RCB combined the Control Board and the Routing Engine in a single FRU.
- The RCB is hot-pluggable.
- The RCB is less than half the size of native MX2000 CB-RE.

The MX2008 router supports the following RCB:

• REMX2008-X8-64G

#### **RCB** Function

The RCB runs Junos OS. Software processes that run on the RCB maintain the routing tables, manage the routing protocols used on the router, control the router interfaces, control some chassis components, and provide the interface for system management and user access to the router.

#### **RCB Slots**

The user can install one or two RCBs in the router. Each RCB is a combined Routing Engine and Control Board in one unit. A USB port on the RCB accepts a USB storage device that enables you to load Junos OS. You can install the RCBs into the front of the chassis in vertical slots labeled  $\bf 0$  and  $\bf 1$ . If two RCBs are installed, one functions as the master and the other acts as the backup. If the master RCB fails or is removed and the backup is configured appropriately, the backup takes over as the master. If no RCB is installed in a slot, install a blank panel in the slot.

A minimum of one RCB must be installed in either slot **0** or slot **1** at all times.



CAUTION: If one of the RCBs fails, do not remove the failed RCB until you have a replacement or blank panel to install.

#### **RCB Front Panel**

Table 30 on page 286 describes the Routing and Control Board (RCB).

Figure 61: RCB Front View

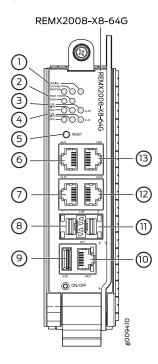


Table 30: Components on the RCB

Function No.	Label	Description
1	ONLINE, MASTER, and OK/FAIL	There is one bicolor LED for each RCB control. The <b>ONLINE</b> LED indicates that the RCB is transitioning online and functioning properly. The <b>MASTER</b> LED indicates that this board is a master RCB, and the <b>OK/FAIL</b> LED indicates the RCB has failed.
2	SSD0 and SSD1	LEDs shows the state of the two solid-state drives (SSDs) in the RCB.
3	GPS, UT1, and BITS	These ports shows the external clocking interface status. There is one bicolor
4		LED for each external clock interface—GPS, UTI and BITS.
5	RESET	This button used to reboot the RCB.
6	AUX	This port is used to connect a laptop, modem, or other auxiliary unit.
7	CLKO and CLK1	Connects the RCB to two external clock interfaces for BITS and GPS function
12		through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.

Table 30: Components on the RCB (continued)

Function No.	Label	Description
8	LNK-0 and LNK-1	Two SFP+ ports connects the RCB through an Ethernet connection to
11		support hardware diagnostics and JCS port testing. The port supports two 1–Gbps or 10-Gbps connections.
		The LED on these ports are associated with each of the SFP+ port (XGE-0 and XGE-1) and indicates the connection in use.
9	USB	This port is used to install a USB flash drive that contains Junos OS.
10	MGT	This port is a dedicated management channel for device maintenance. It is also used for system administrators to monitor and manage the MX2008 router remotely.
13	CONSOLE	This port is used to configure the MX2008 router.

#### **RCB Interface Ports**

Three ports, located on the RCB, connect the RCB to one or more external devices on which system administrators can issue Junos OS CLI commands to manage the router. In addition, four ports located on the RCB include, two 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ interface connectors supporting hardware diagnostics (JCS port testing), and two external clock interfaces for BITS and GPS function.

The RCB interface ports with the indicated labels function as follows:

- AUX—Connects the RCB to a laptop, modem, or other auxiliary device through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.
- **CONSOLE**—Connects the RCB to a system console through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.
- MGT—Connects the RCB through an Ethernet connection to a management LAN (or any other device that plugs into an Ethernet connection) for out-of-band management. The port uses an autosensing RJ-45 connector to support 10-Mbps, 100-Mbps, or 1000-Mbps connections. Two small LEDs on the bottom of the port indicate the connection in use: the LED flashes yellow or green for a 10-Mbps, 100-Mbps, or 1000-Mbps connection, and the LED is lit green when traffic is passing through the port.

The Control Board interface ports function as follows:

• USB—Provides a removable media interface through which you can install the Junos OS manually. Junos OS supports USB version 1.0 and later.

- LNK-0 and LNK-1—Two SFP+ port connect the RCB through Ethernet to support two
  1-Gbps or 10-Gbps connections to any external control box. Two small LEDs on the
  side of each SFP+ port indicate the connection in use: the LED flashes yellow when
  there is no link, flashes green when there is activity, or is lit green for a 1-Gbps or 10-Gbps
  connection.
- CLK-0 and CLK-1—Connect the RCB to an external clock device through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.

- RJ-45 Connector Pinouts for MX Series CB-RE or RCB Auxillary and Console Ports
- RJ-45 Connector Pinouts for an MX Series CB-RE or RCB Management Port
- Replacing an MX2008 RCB
- MX2008 Host Subsystem Description
- · Supported Routing Engines by Router
- Routing Engine Specifications on page 291

## MX10003 Routing and Control Board (RCB) Description

The host subsystem provides routing protocol processes, as well as software processes that control the router's interface, the chassis components, system management, and user access to the router. These routing processes run on top of a kernel that interacts with the Packet Forwarding Engine. The MX10003 host subsystem consists of two Routing and Control Boards, or RCBs. The RCB is an integrated board and a single FRU that provides Routing Engine (RE) and Control Board (CB) functionality. The RE performs all route-processing functions, whereas the CB performs chassis control and management plane functionality. The RCB provides control plane functions. You can install one or two RCBs on the router. Each RCB functions as a unit.



NOTE: Install two RCBs for redundant protection. If you install only one RCB, you can install it in slot 0 or slot 1. By default, slot 0 functions as the master.



CAUTION: If one of the RCBs fails, do not remove the failed RCB until you have a replacement or blank panel to install.

Figure 62 on page 289 shows the front panel of the MX10003 RCB.

This topic covers:

- Routing and Control Board Functions on page 289
- Routing and Control Board Components on page 289
- RCB Front Panel on page 289
- RCB Interface Ports on page 290

#### **Routing and Control Board Functions**

The Routing and Control Board integrates the Routing Engine and Control Board functions into a single management unit. Each RCB provides all the functions needed to manage the operation of the modular chassis:

- System control functions such as environmental monitoring
- Routing Layer 2 and Layer 3 protocols
- Communication to all components such as line cards, power, and cooling
- Transparent clocking
- Alarm and logging functions

## **Routing and Control Board Components**

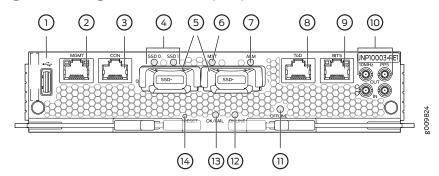
Each RCB consists of the following internal components:

- High-performance 1.6-GHz Intel 8 Core X86 CPU
- 64-GB DDR4 RAM
- 100-GB SATA SSD

#### **RCB Front Panel**

Figure 62 on page 289 shows the front panel of the MX10003 RCB.

Figure 62: Routing and Control Board (RCB) Ports



1—USB port	8—Time of day ( <b>ToD</b> ) port with LEDs
2—Management ( <b>MGMT</b> ) port	9—BITS port with LEDs
3—Console (CON) port	10—Clocking ports
4—SSD LEDs	11—OFFLINE button
5—SSD slots ( <b>0</b> and <b>1</b> )	12—ONLINE LED
6—Master ( <b>MST</b> ) LED	13— <b>OK/FAIL</b> LED
7—Alarm ( <b>ALM</b> ) LED	14—RESET button

#### **RCB Interface Ports**

The ports located on the RCB, connect the RCB to one or more external devices on which system administrators can issue Junos OS CLI commands to manage the router. In addition, ports to connect external clock interfaces for BITS and GPS function are also available on the RCB.

The RCB interface ports with the indicated labels function are as follows (see Figure 62 on page 289):

- **CON**—Connects the RCB to a system console through a serial cable with an RJ-45 connector.
- MGMT—Connects the RCB through an Ethernet connection to a management LAN (or any other device that plugs into an Ethernet connection) for out-of-band management. The port uses an autosensing RJ-45 connector to support 10-Mbps, 100-Mbps, or 1000-Mbps connections. Two small LEDs on the port indicate the connection in use: the LED flashes yellow or green for a 10-Mbps, 100-Mbps, or 1000-Mbps connection, and the LED is lit green when traffic is passing through the port.
- BITS—Building-integrated timing supply (BITS) external clocking interface for connection to external clocking devices.
- **ToD**—Time-of-day (TOD) port on the front panel of the router allows you to connect external timing signal sources.
- 10MHZ (one input and one output)—The 10-MHz timing connectors on the front panel
  of the router connect to external clock signal sources. The clocking ports provide the
  synchronized output clocks from any one of the reference clock inputs based on the
  clock's priority.
- PPS (one input and one output)—1-pulse-per-second (PPS) connectors on the front
  panel of the router connect to external clock signal sources. The clocking ports provide
  the synchronized output clocks from any one of the reference clock inputs based on
  the clock's priority.
- USB—Provides a removable media interface through which you can install Junos OS manually. Junos OS supports USB version 1.0 and later.

# Related Documentation

- Replacing an MX10003 RCB
- RJ-45 Connector Pinouts for MX Series CB-RE or RCB Auxillary and Console Ports
- RJ-45 Connector Pinouts for an MX Series CB-RE or RCB Management Port
- Supported Routing Engines by Router
- Routing Engine Specifications on page 291

# **Routing Engine Specifications**

Table 31 on page 291 lists the current specifications for Routing Engines supported on M Series, MX Series, and T Series routers. Table 32 on page 293 lists the specifications for end-of-life Routing Engines.



NOTE: For a list of the routing engines that are supported on the M Series, MX Series, T Series, and PTX routers, see *Supported Routing Engines by Router*.



NOTE: For information about PTX Series Routing Engine specifications, see *Routing Engines Supported on PTX Series Routers*. For information about

Table 31: Routing Engine Specifications

Routing Engine	Processor	Memory	Connection to PFEs	Disk	Media	First Junos OS Support	Switch Control Board
RE-400-768	400-MHz Celeron	768 MB	Fast Ethernet	40 GB hard disk	1 GB CompactFlash card	9.0	-
RE-A-1000-2048	1.0-GHz Pentium	2048 MB	Gigabit Ethernet	40 GB hard disk	1 GB CompactFlash card	8.1	-
REA-2000-4096	2.0-GHz Pentium	4096 MB	Gigabit Ethernet	40 GB hard disk	1 GB CompactFlash card	8.1	-
RE-S-1300-2048	1.3-GHz Pentium	2048 MB	Gigabit Ethernet	40 GB hard disk	1 GB CompactFlash card	8.2	SCB, SCBE
RES-2000-4096	2.0-GHz Pentium	4096 MB	Gigabit Ethernet	40 GB hard disk	1 GB CompactFlash card	8.2	SCB, SCBE

Table 31: Routing Engine Specifications (continued)

Routing Engine	Processor	Memory	Connection to PFEs	Disk	Media	First Junos OS Support	Switch Control Board
RE-C1800	1.8-GHz	8 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	SSD	4 GB CompactFlash card	T1600 router in a routing matrix: 9.6R2	CB-T for a standalone router.
						Standalone T640 or T1600 router:11.2	CB-LCC for a router in a routing matrix.
	1.8 Ghz	16 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	SSD	4 GB CompactFlash card	32-bit Junos OS on a standalone T1600 router: 11.4R2 32-bit	CB-T for a standalone router.
						Junos OS on a T1600 router in a routing matrix: 11.4R2	CB-LCC for a router in a routing matrix.
						64-bit Junos OS on a standalone T1600 router: 11.4R2 64-bit Junos OS on a T1600 router in a routing matrix: 11.4R2	
RE-C2600	2.6-GHz	16 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	SSD	4 GB CompactFlash card	TX Matrix Plus router: 9.6R2	-
RE-A-1800x2	1800-MHz	8 GB or 16 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	32 GB SSD	4 GB CompactFlash card	10.4	-
RE-S-1800x2	1800-MHz	8 GB or 16 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	32 GB SSD	4 GB CompactFlash card	10.4	SCB, SCBE
RE-S-1800x4	1800-MHz	8GB or 16 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	32 GB SSD	4 GB CompactFlash card	10.4	SCB, SCBE, SCBE2
RE-S-MX104	1.8-GHz	4 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	-	8 GB NAND Flash	13.2	-
RE-B-1800x1-4G	1.73-GHz	4 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	64 GB SSD	4 GB CompactFlash card	12.1R2, 11.4R4, and 12.2R1	_

Table 31: Routing Engine Specifications (continued)

Routing Engine	Processor	Memory	Connection to PFEs	Disk	Media	First Junos OS Support	Switch Control Board
FEWX2000F8004	1.8- GHz	16 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	32 GB SSD	4 GB Fixed Internal CompactFlash card	12.3R2	SCB, SCBE
RESB00X43IGS	1.8- Ghz	32 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	32 GB SSD	4 GB Fixed Internal CompactFlash card	• 12.3R4 • 13.2R1	SCB, SCBE SCBE2
PEM/24E003GS	1.8- Ghz	32 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	32 GB SSD	4GB Fixed Internal CompactFlash card	• 12.3R4 • 13.2R1	-
RE-S-X6-64G	2 Ghz	64 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	Two 50-GB SSDs	-	15.1F4, 16.1	SCBE2
REMXZK-X864G	2.3 Ghz	64 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	Two 100-GB SSDs	-	15.1F5-S1, 16.1R2, and 16.2R1	-
FEM/2008/864G	2.3 Ghz	64 GB	Gigabit Ethernet	Two 50-GB SSDs	-	15.1F7	-



NOTE: Use shielded CAT5e cable for connecting the AUX, CONSOLE, and MGMT ports in RE-S-X6-64G, REMX2K-X8-64G, and REMX2008-X8-64G Routing Engines.

Table 32: End-of-Life Routing Engine Specifications

Routing Engine	Processor	Memory	Connection to PFEs	Disk	Media	First Junos OS Support	EOL Details
RE-333-256	333-MHz Pentium II	256 MB	Fast Ethernet	6.4 GB hard disk	80 MB CompactFlash card	3.4	PSN-2003-01-063
RE-333-768	333-MHz Pentium II	768 MB	Fast Ethernet	6.4 GB hard disk	80 MB CompactFlash card	3.4	PSN-2003-01-063
RE-600-512	600-MHz Pentium III	512 MB	Fast Ethernet	30 GB hard disk	256 MB CompactFlash card	5.4	PSN-2004-07-019

Table 32: End-of-Life Routing Engine Specifications (continued)

Routing Engine	Processor	Memory	Connection to PFEs	Disk	Media	First Junos OS Support	EOL Details
RE-600-2048	600-MHz Pentium III	2048 MB	Fast Ethernet	40 GB hard disk	1 GB CompactFlash card	5.3	PSN-2008-02-018
RE-850-1536	850-MHz Pentium III	1536 MB	Fast Ethernet	40 GB hard disk	1 GB CompactFlash card	7.2	PSN-2011-04-226
RE-M40	200-MHz Pentium	256 MB	Fast Ethernet	6.4 GB hard disk	80 MB CompactFlash card	3.2	FA-HW-0101-001
RE-W40-333-768	333-MHz Pentium II	768 MB	Fast Ethernet	10 GB hard disk	80 MB CompactFlash card	4.2	PSN-2003-01-063
FEM406002048	600-MHz Pentium III	2048 MB	Fast Ethernet	30 GB hard disk	128 MB CompactFlash card	5.4	PSN-2004-11-020
RE-1600-2048	1.6-GHz Pentium M	2048 MB	Gigabit Ethernet	40 GB hard disk	1 GB CompactFlash card	6.2	PSN-2008-02-019



NOTE: The memory in Table 31 on page 291 indicates the amount of total memory. To determine the amount of available memory, issue the show chassis routing-engine CLI command.

On routers that accept two Routing Engines, you cannot mix Routing Engine types except for a brief period (one minute or so) during an upgrade or downgrade to two Routing Engines of the same type.

# Related Documentation

Supported Routing Engines by Router

#### PART 4

# Protocol and Application Support

- DPC Protocol and Application Support for MX240, MX480, and MX960 on page 297
- MPC Protocol and Application Support for MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 on page 319

#### **CHAPTER 15**

# DPC Protocol and Application Support for MX240, MX480, and MX960

- Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 297
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 303
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 307
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 312
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 317

## Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)

Table 33 on page 297 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 DPCs and Enhanced DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 33: Protocols and Applications Supported by the DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)						
	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP	DPCE-R-	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-	DPCE-R-	DPCE-R-		
	DPC-R- 40GE-SFP	2XGE-XFP	40GE-SFP	40GE-TX	20GE-2XGE		
Protocol or Application	(DPC)	(Enhanced DPC)	(Enhanced DPC)	(Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	(Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)		
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4		
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2		

Table 33: Protocols and Applications Supported by the DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) (continued)

Table 33: Protocols and Ap	pucations Suppo	rtea by the DPCs	ana Ennancea DP	CS (DPC and DPC	E-R) (continuea)
	First Junos OS Re	elease Supported I	oy DPC Model Num	nber (DPC Name)	
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
Trotocot of Application	(5. 6)	51 67	51 67	Zimaneca Br Cy	Zimaneca Br Cy
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.2
Firewall filters	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	8.3	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Ingress hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	-	-	-	-	-
<ul><li>Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level</li><li>Virtual LAN (VLAN) level</li><li>Port level</li></ul>					

Table 33: Protocols and Applications Supported by the DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)							
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)			
IPv4	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
IP multicast	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
IPv6	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
IPv6 multicast	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
Layer 2 frame filtering	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
Local loopback	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
Multi-chassis link aggregation (MC-AE)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0			
Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPIDs)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2			

Table 33: Protocols and Applications Supported by the DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
mvrp	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1
<ul> <li>Discovery and link monitoring</li> <li>Fault signaling and detection</li> <li>Remote loopback</li> </ul>	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Multitopology Routing (MTR)	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.2
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Packet mirroring	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Quality of service (QoS) per port:  • 8 queues per port  • Shaping at queue level  • Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class  • Random early detection	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
(RED)  • Weighted random early detection (WRED)					
Shaping at port level	-	_	-	-	-

Table 33: Protocols and Applications Supported by the DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) (continued)

rable 33: Protocols and Ap	puications Suppo	rted by the DPCs	and Ennanced DP	CS (DPC and DPC	.E-R) (CONTINUEU)
	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
<ul> <li>Accounting, filtering, and policing</li> <li>IEEE 802.1p rewrite</li> <li>Classification</li> <li>Tricolor marking</li> </ul>					
Quality of service (QoS) queuing per virtual LAN (VLAN)	-	-	-	-	-
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.2
RSVP	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
SNMP	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Subscriber Management:  NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, MS-DPCs are not supported for subscriber management on MX Series routers.	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4
• Dynamic profiles	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2

Table 33: Protocols and Applications Supported by the DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
Dynamic VLANs	-	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
Enhanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3
Enhanced DCHP relay	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3
Firewall filters	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
Internet Group     Management Protocol     (IGMP)	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
• QoS	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
Subscriber Secure Policy	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
<ul> <li>VLAN stacking and rewriting</li> <li>Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags</li> <li>Flexible VLAN tagging</li> <li>IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags</li> </ul>	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Virtual private network (VPN)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2

- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 303
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 307
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 312
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 317

## Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)

Table 34 on page 303 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 34: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP			
	DPCE-X-40GE-SFP	DPCE-X-40GE-TX	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE	
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	(Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	(Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4	
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	9.0	9.1	9.2	

Table 34: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-40GE-SFP	DPCE-X-40GE-TX	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE	
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	(Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	(Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	9.1	9.1	9.2	
Firewall filters	8.4 (Limited filter terms)	9.1 (Limited filter terms)	9.2 (Limited filter terms)	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Ingress hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) shaping and scheduling:	-	-	-	
<ul><li>Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level</li><li>Virtual LAN (VLAN) level</li><li>Port level</li></ul>				
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IPv4 (No BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2)	
IP multicast (No BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IPv6 (No BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2)	
IPv6 multicast (No BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2)	
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery (No BGP)	8.4	9.1)	9.2)	
Layer 2 frame filtering	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Local loopback	8.4	9.1	9.2	
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	8.4	9.1	9.2	

Table 34: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)		
	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP		
	DPCE-X-40GE-SFP	DPCE-X-40GE-TX	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	(Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	(Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	8.4	9.1	9.2
Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPIDs)	8.4	9.1	9.2
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.3ah OAM	8.4	9.1	9.2
<ul><li>Discovery and link monitoring</li><li>Fault signaling and detection</li><li>Remote loopback</li></ul>			
Multitopology Routing (MTR)	9.0	9.1	9.2
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	8.4	9.1	9.2
Packet mirroring	8.4	9.1	9.2
<ul> <li>Quality of service (QoS) per port:</li> <li>8 queues per port</li> <li>Shaping at queue level</li> <li>Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class</li> <li>Random early detection (RED)</li> <li>Weighted random early detection (WRED)</li> </ul>	8.4	9.1	9.2
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):  • Accounting, filtering, and policing  • IEEE 802.1p rewrite  • Classification  • Tricolor marking	8.4	9.1	9.2
Quality of service (QoS) queuing per virtual LAN (VLAN)	-	-	-

Table 34: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)		
Protocol or Application	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP  DPCE-X-40GE-SFP  (Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	8.4	9.1	9.2
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+	9.0	9.1	9.2
RSVP	8.4	9.1	9.2
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	8.4	9.1	9.2
SNMP	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	8.4	9.1	9.2
Subscriber Management:  Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, MS-DPCs are not supported for subscriber management on MX Series routers.	9.4	9.4	9.4
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4
Dynamic profiles	9.2	9.2	9.2
Dynamic VLANs	9.5	9.5	9.5
Enhanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server	9.3	9.3	9.3
Enhanced DCHP relay	9.3	9.3	9.3
Firewall filters	9.2	9.2	9.2
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)	9.2	9.2	9.2
• QoS	9.2	9.2	9.2
Subscriber Secure Policy	9.4	9.4	9.4
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	9.5	9.5	9.5

Table 34: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)		
	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP		
	DPCE-X-40GE-SFP	DPCE-X-40GE-TX	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	(Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	(Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)
IEEE 802.1Q VLANs:	8.4	9.1	9.2
<ul> <li>VLAN stacking and rewriting</li> <li>Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags</li> <li>Flexible VLAN tagging</li> <li>IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags</li> </ul>			
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	8.4	9.1	9.2
Virtual private network (VPN) (L2 VPN only)	8.4	9.1	9.2
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	8.4	9.1	9.2

- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8
- Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 297
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 307
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 312
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 317

# Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)

Table 35 on page 308 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 35: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)		
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	8.5	9.1	9.3
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	8.5	9.1	9.3
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	8.5	9.1	9.3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	8.5	9.1	9.3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	9.0	9.1	9.3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	9.1	9.1	9.3
Firewall filters	8.5	9.1	9.3
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	8.5	9.1	9.3
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Ingress hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) shaping and scheduling:	9.0	9.1	9.3
<ul><li>Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level</li><li>Virtual LAN (VLAN) level</li><li>Port level</li></ul>			
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	8.5	9.1	9.3
IPv4	8.5	9.1	9.3

Table 35: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)		
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC
IP multicast	8.5	9.1	9.3
IPv6	8.5	9.1	9.3
IPv6 multicast	8.5	9.1	9.3
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	8.5	9.1	9.3
Layer 2 frame filtering	8.5	9.1	9.3
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	8.5	9.1	9.3
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Local loopback	8.5	9.1	9.3
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	8.5	9.1	9.3
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPIDs)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	8.5	9.1	9.3
<ul><li>IEEE 802.3ah OAM</li><li>Discovery and link monitoring</li><li>Fault signaling and detection</li><li>Remote loopback</li></ul>	8.5	9.1	9.3
Multitopology Routing (MTR)	9.0	9.1	9.3
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Packet mirroring	8.5	9.1	9.3

Table 35: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) (continued)

(DPCE-R-Q) (continued)			
	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DP Name)		odel Number (DPC
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC
<ul> <li>Quality of service (QoS) per port:</li> <li>8 queues per port</li> <li>Shaping at port level</li> <li>Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class</li> <li>Random early detection (RED)</li> <li>Weighted random early detection (WRED)</li> </ul>	8.5	9.1	9.3
<ul> <li>Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):</li> <li>Accounting, filtering, and policing</li> <li>IEEE 802.1p rewrite</li> <li>Classification</li> <li>Tricolor marking</li> <li>Shaping at queue and port level</li> <li>Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class</li> <li>Random early detection (RED)</li> <li>Weighted random early detection (WRED)</li> </ul>	8.5	9.1	9.3
Quality of service (QoS) queuing per virtual LAN (VLAN)	8.5	9.1	9.3
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+	9.0	9.1	9.3
RSVP	8.5	9.1	9.3

8.5

8.5

8.5

9.1

9.1

9.1

SNMP

Routing Information Protocol (RIP)

IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)

9.3

9.3

9.3

Table 35: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)		
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC
Subscriber Management:	9.4	9.4	9.4
NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, MS-DPCs are not supported for subscriber management on MX Series routers.			
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4
• Dynamic profiles	9.2	9.2	9.2
Dynamic VLANs	9.5	9.5	9.5
Enhanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server	9.3	9.3	9.3
Enhanced DCHP relay	9.3	9.3	9.3
Firewall filters	9.2	9.2	9.2
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)	9.2	9.2	9.2
• QoS	9.2	9.2	9.2
Subscriber Secure Policy	9.4	9.4	9.4
VLAN demux	-	-	-
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	9.5	9.5	9.5
<ul> <li>IEEE 802.1Q VLANs:</li> <li>VLAN stacking and rewriting</li> <li>Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags</li> <li>Flexible VLAN tagging</li> <li>IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags</li> </ul>	8.5	9.1	9.3
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Virtual private network (VPN)	8.5	9.1	9.3

Table 35: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)		
	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP		DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE
	DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP	Enhanced Queuing
Protocol or Application	Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	IP Services Multi-Rate DPC
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	8.5	9.1	9.3

- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8
- Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 297
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 303
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 312
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 317

# Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q)

Table 36 on page 312 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 36: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q)

Protocol or Application	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP (Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	8.5
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	8.5
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	8.5

Table 36: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) (continued)

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	8.5
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	8.5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	8.5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	9.0
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	9.1
Firewall filters	8.5 (Limited filter terms)
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	8.5
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	8.5
Ingress hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) shaping and scheduling:	9.0
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level	
Virtual LAN (VLAN) level Port level	
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	8.5
IPv4 (No BGP)	8.5
IP multicast (No BGP)	8.5
IPv6 (No BGP)	8.5
IPv6 multicast (No BGP)	8.5
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery (No BGP)	8.5
Layer 2 frame filtering	8.5
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	8.5

Table 36: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) (continued)

Protocol or Application	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP (Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	8.5
Local loopback	8.5
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	8.5
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	8.5
Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPIDs)	8.5
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	8.5
<ul><li>IEEE 802.3ah OAM</li><li>Discovery and link monitoring</li><li>Fault signaling and detection</li><li>Remote loopback</li></ul>	8.5
Multitopology Routing (MTR)	9.0
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	8.5
Packet mirroring	8.5
<ul> <li>Quality of service (QoS) per port:</li> <li>8 queues per port</li> <li>Shaping at port level</li> <li>Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class</li> <li>Random early detection (RED)</li> <li>Weighted random early detection (WRED)</li> </ul>	8.5
Shaping at queue level	-

Table 36: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) (continued)

Protocol or Application  Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP (Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC) 8.5
<ul> <li>Accounting, filtering, and policing</li> <li>IEEE 802.1p rewrite</li> <li>Classification</li> <li>Tricolor marking</li> <li>Shaping at port level</li> <li>Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class</li> <li>Random early detection (RED)</li> <li>Weighted random early detection (WRED)</li> </ul>	
Shaping at queue level	-
Quality of service (QoS) queuing per virtual LAN (VLAN)	8.5
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	8.5
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+	9.0
Remote loopback	8.5
RSVP	8.5
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	8.5
SNMP	8.5
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	8.5
Subscriber Management:  Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, MS-DPCs are not supported for subscriber management on MX Series routers.	9.4
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4
Dynamic profiles	9.2
Dynamic VLANs	9.5

Table 36: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) (continued)

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP
	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Enhanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server	9.3
Enhanced DCHP relay	9.3
Firewall filters	9.2
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)	9.2
• QoS	9.2
Subscriber Secure Policy	9.4
VLAN demux	-
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	9.5
<ul> <li>IEEE 802.1Q VLANs:</li> <li>VLAN stacking and rewriting</li> <li>Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags</li> <li>Flexible VLAN tagging</li> <li>IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags</li> </ul>	8.5
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	8.5
Virtual private network (VPN)	8.5 (L2 VPN only)
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	8.5

- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8
- Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 297
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 303
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 307
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 317

## Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC)

Table 37 on page 317 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 Multiservices DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.



NOTE: The maximum number of supported MS-DPCs is as follows except where noted in Table 37 on page 317:

MX240 router: 2MX480 router: 4MX960 router: 8

Table 37: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC)

Protocol or Application	MS-DPC
1 Total of Application	INIS BI C
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels	9.3
Active flow monitoring exports cflowd version 5 and version 8 records	9.3
Active flow monitoring exports flow monitoring version 9 records, based on RFC 3954	9.3
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	9.4
GRE dont fragment	9.3
GRE Key	9.3
GRE reassembly	9.3
IP Security (IPSec) encryption	9.3
Network Address Translation (NAT) for IP addresses	9.3
NOTE: The MX960 supports 8 MS-DPCs using this feature.	
NAPT - Preserve parity	15.1
NAPT - Preserve range	15.1
No translation	15.1
Twice NAT	15.1

Table 37: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) (continued)

Protocol or Application	MS-DPC
Packet-triggered dynamic subscribers and policy control (PTSP)	10.2
NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 13.1R1, the packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature is no longer supported.	
Port Address Translation (PAT) for port numbers	9.3
Real-time Performance Monitoring (RPM)	9.3
Stateful firewall with packet inspection: detects SYN attacks, ICMP and UDP floods, and ping-of-death attacks	9.3
NOTE: The MX960 supports 8 MS-DPCs using this feature.	
Tunnel services:	
GRE unicast tunneling-Supports GRE fragmentation	9.3
IP-IP unicast tunneling	9.4
Multicast tunneling	9.4
Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling	9.4
Virtual loopback tunneling (VT)	9.4
Voice over IP (VoIP) services:	10.2
Border Gateway Function (BGF) using external H.248/la control	
Integrated Multi-Service Gateway (IMSG)—Session Border Controller	

- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8
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- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 312

#### **CHAPTER 16**

# MPC Protocol and Application Support for MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003

- Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers on page 319
- Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers on page 328
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E on page 334
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers on page 343
- Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers on page 351
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers on page 359
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC6E for MX2000 Routers on page 366
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC7E for MX Series Routers on page 373
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers on page 382
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC on page 389
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 Router on page 391

## Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers

Table 38 on page 320 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPCs.



NOTE: The MX2010 router supports protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3R3 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3R3 release are supported on the MX2010 router in the release indicated.



NOTE: The MX2020 router supports protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3R2 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3R2 release are supported on the MX2020 router in the release indicated.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPCs

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)						
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)	
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Active-active bridging in multichassis link aggregation	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Distributed denial-of-service (DDoS) protection	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2		11.2	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	
Continuity Check protocol	(bridge family supported in 10.4)	(bridge family supported in 10.4)	(bridge family supported in 10.4)	(bridge family supported in 10.4)	(bridge family supported in 10.4)	(bridge family supported in 10.4)	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	
ынкнасе protocot	(bridge family supported in 10.4)	(bridge family supported in 10.4)	(bridge family supported in 10.4)	(bridge family supported in 10.4)	(bridge family supported in 10.4)	(bridge family supported in 10.4)	

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPCs (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)						
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	
Firewall filters	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Ingress Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) rewrite	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Ingress hierarchical quality-of-service (HQoS) shaping and scheduling:  Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level Virtual LAN (VLAN) level Port level	12.1R3	12.1R3	12.1R3	12.1R3	12.1R3	12.1R3	
Intelligent oversubscription	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) (excluding snooping)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	
IPv4	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPCs (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)						
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)	
IP multicast	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
IPv6	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	
IPv6 MLD	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	
IPv6 multicast	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Labeled switched paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
LAN-PHY mode	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Layer 2 frame filtering	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP): (MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.2R2, 13.3)							
L2TP access concentrator (LAC)	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	
• L2TP network server (LNS)	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	
LNS inline service support with CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	
LNS inline service support without CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	
Peer interface	-	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	
Inline IP reassembly	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPCs (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)						
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)	
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Local loopback	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Mobile IP	-	-	_	-	_	-	
Multi-chassis link aggregation	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
<ul><li>IEEE 802.3ah OAM</li><li>Discovery and link monitoring</li><li>Fault signaling and detection</li><li>Remote loopback</li></ul>	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	
Multi-topology routing (MTR)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Packet mirroring	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPCs (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)						
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)	
Quality of service (QoS) per port:	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	

- Eight queues per port
- Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level
- Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level
- · Shaping at port level
- Shaping at queue level
- Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class
- Tricolor marking
- Weighted random early detection (WRED)

Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):						
<ul> <li>Accounting, filtering, and policing</li> </ul>	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
• Classification	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
Tricolor marking	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Shaping at the queue level	-	-	_	10.2	10.1	10.1
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPCs (continued)

	First Junos OS	er (MPC Nam	(MPC Name)			
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)
Quality of service (QoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:						
<ul> <li>Accounting, filtering, and policing</li> </ul>	_	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Classification	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	_	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
Tricolor marking	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Shaping at the queue level	-	-	_	10.2	10.1	10.1
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	_	_	_	10.2	10.1	10.1
RSVP	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
RIP	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
SNMP	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPCs (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)					
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)
Spanning Tree Protocols:	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
<ul> <li>IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)</li> </ul>						
• IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol						
<ul> <li>Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+</li> </ul>						
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)						
Subscriber management and services:						
(MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.2R2, 13.3)						
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP) and ANCP agent	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
DHCP access model	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Dynamic adjustment of shapers	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name table configuration	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Dynamic profiles	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Dynamic VLANs	_	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPCs (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)						
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)	
Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE)	11.2R4	12.3 with SCBE and later					
Tunnel services:  GRE unicast tunneling-Supports GRE fragmentation  IP-IP unicast tunneling  Multicast tunneling  Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling  Virtual loopback tunneling (VT)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
VLAN stacking and rewriting     Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags     Flexible VLAN tagging     IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Virtual Chassis redundancy	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Virtual private network (VPN)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1	
VRRP over integrated routing and bridging (IRB) on multichassis link aggregation	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	
WAN-PHY mode	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview
- Understanding BGP
- Understanding MPLS Inter-AS Link Protection
- IEEE 802.1ag OAM Connectivity Fault Management Overview
- Understanding IGMP
- Understanding IPv6
- Understanding LDP-IGP Synchronization
- mc-ae

## Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers

Table 39 on page 328 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Enhanced MPCs (MPCEs).



NOTE: The MX2010 and M2020 routers support protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3 release are supported on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers in the release indicated.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 39: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Enhanced MPCs (MPC1Es)

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)						
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC1E-3D (MPC1E)	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q (MPC1E Q)				
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	11.2R4	11.2R4				

Table 39: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Enhanced MPCs (MPC1Es) (continued)

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)					
	MX-MPC1E-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q			
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPCIE Q)			
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Firewall filters	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Ingress Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Hierarchical quality-of-service (HQoS)	-	12.1R3			
Intelligent oversubscription	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) (excluding snooping)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IPv4	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IP multicast	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IPv6	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IPv6 MLD	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IPv6 multicast	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	11.2R4	11.2R4			

Table 39: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Enhanced MPCs (MPC1Es) (continued)

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE N		
	MX-MPCIE-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPC1E Q)
Labeled switched paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4
LAN-PHY mode	11.2R4	11.2R4
Layer 2 frame filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP):		
L2TP access concentrator (LAC)	11.3	11.3
L2TP network server (LNS)	11.4	11.4
LNS inline service support with CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4
LNS inline service support without CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4
Peer interface	11.4	11.4
Inline IP Reassembly	13.1	13.1
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	11.2R4	11.2R4
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	11.2R4	11.2R4
Local loopback	11.2R4	11.2R4
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4
Mobile IP	-	-
Multi-chassis link aggregation	11.2R4	11.2R4
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	11.2R4	11.2R4
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	11.2R4	11.2R4
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	11.2R4	11.2R4
EEE 802.3ah OAM	11.2R4	11.2R4
<ul><li>Discovery and link monitoring</li><li>Fault signaling and detection</li></ul>		
Remote loopback		

Table 39: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Enhanced MPCs (MPC1Es) (continued)

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)						
	MX-MPC1E-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q				
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPC1E Q)				
Multitopology routing	11.2R4	11.2R4				
OSPF	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Packet mirroring	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Per-unit scheduling	12.1R3	12.1R3				
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) or IEEE 1588v2	12.3	12.3				
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Quality of service (QoS) per port:	11.2R4	11.2R4				

- Eight queues per port
- Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level
- Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level
- Shaping at port level
- Shaping at queue level
- Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class
- Tricolor marking
- Weighted random early detection (WRED)

Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):		
Accounting, filtering, and policing	11.2R4	11.2R4
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4
Classification	11.2R4	11.2R4
Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	11.2R4
Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	11.2R4
Tricolor marking	11.2R4	11.2R4
Shaping at the queue level	-	11.2R4
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	-	11.2R4

Table 39: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Enhanced MPCs (MPC1Es) (continued)

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)					
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC1E-3D (MPC1E)	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q (MPC1E Q)			
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	11.2R4			
Quality of service (QoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:					
Accounting, filtering, and policing	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Classification	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	11.2R4			
Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	11.2R4			
Tricolor marking	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Shaping at the queue level	-	11.2R4			
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	-	11.2R4			
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	11.2R4			
RSVP	11.2R4	11.2R4			
RIP	11.2R4	11.2R4			
SNMP	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Spanning Tree Protocols:	11.2R4	11.2R4			
<ul> <li>IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol</li> <li>Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+</li> <li>IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)</li> </ul>					
Subscriber Management:					
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4			

Table 39: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Enhanced MPCs (MPC1Es) (continued)

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)					
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC1E-3D (MPC1E)	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q (MPC1E Q)			
DHCP access model	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Dynamic adjustment of shapers	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name table configuration	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Dynamic profiles	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Dynamic VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Enhanced subscriber management	15.1R4	15.1R4			
Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Tunnel services:	11.2R4	11.2R4			
<ul> <li>Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)</li> <li>GRE unicast tunneling-Supports GRE fragmentation</li> <li>IP-IP unicast tunneling</li> <li>Multicast tunneling</li> <li>Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling</li> <li>Virtual loopback tunneling (VT)</li> </ul>					
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
<ul> <li>IEEE 802.1Q VLANs:</li> <li>VLAN stacking and rewriting</li> <li>Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags</li> <li>Flexible VLAN tagging</li> <li>IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags</li> </ul>	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Virtual Chassis redundancy	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Virtual private network (VPN)	11.2R4	11.2R4			

Table 39: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Enhanced MPCs (MPC1Es) (continued)

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)					
Protocol or Application (MPC1E) MX-MPC1E-3D-Q (MPC1EQ)					
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	11.2R4	11.2R4			
WAN-PHY mode	11.2R4	11.2R4			

## Documentation

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- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

## Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and **MX2020 MPC2E**

Table 40 on page 334 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.



NOTE: The MX2010 and M2020 routers support protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3 release are supported on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers in the release indicated.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2EEQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2ENG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2EEQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2ENG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels  • Dynamic  • Manual	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Dynamic Power Management	_	_	_	_	15.1	15.1
Flexible Queuing Mode  NOTE: Flexible queuing mode is supported only on non-HQoS variants.	-	-	-	-	15.1	-
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Firewall filters	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2EEQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2ENG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Ingress Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Ingress hierarchical quality-of-service (HQoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:  Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level Virtual LAN (VLAN) level Port level	-	-	-	-	15.1R1	15.1R1
Hierarchical quality-of-service (HQoS)	-	12.1R3	12.1R3	-	-	15.1R1
Intelligent Oversubscription on MIC and MPC Interfaces Overview	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)					17.1R1	17.1R1
IS-IS	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) (excluding snooping)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2EEQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2ENG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv4	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IP multicast	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6 MLD	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6 multicast	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
LAN-PHY mode	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Layer 2 frame filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP):					14.1R4	14.1R4
L2TP access concentrator (LAC)	11.3	11.3	11.3	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
L2TP network server (LNS)	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
LNS inline service support with CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release						
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2EEQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2ENG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)	
LNS inline service support without CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Peer interface	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Inline IP Reassembly	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Local loopback	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Mobile IP	-	-	-	-			
Multi-chassis link aggregation	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
<ul> <li>Discovery and link monitoring</li> <li>Fault signaling and detection</li> <li>Remote loopback</li> </ul>	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Multitopology routing	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release						
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2EEQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2ENG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)	
OSPF	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Packet mirroring	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) or IEEE 1588v2	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.2	15.1R2	15.1R2	
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Quality of service (QoS) per port:  • Eight queues per port  • Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level  • Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level  • Shaping at port level  • Shaping at queue level  • Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class  • Tricolor marking  • Weighted random early detection (WRED)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):				_	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Accounting, filtering, and policing	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Classification	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2EEQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2ENG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
<ul> <li>Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level</li> </ul>	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Tricolor marking	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Shaping at the queue level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Quality of service (QoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:					14.1R4	14.1R4
<ul> <li>Accounting, filtering, and policing</li> </ul>	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Classification	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
<ul> <li>Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level</li> </ul>	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E (continued)

	First Supporte	First Supported Junos OS Release				
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2EEQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2ENG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Tricolor marking	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Shaping at the queue level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
RSVP	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
RIP	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
SNMP	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
<ul> <li>Spanning Tree Protocols:</li> <li>IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol</li> <li>Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+</li> <li>IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)</li> </ul>	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Subscriber Management:					14.1R4	14.1R4
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• DHCP access model	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E (continued)

	First Supporte	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2EEQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2ENG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)	
Dynamic adjustment of shapers	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name table configuration	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
• Dynamic profiles	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Dynamic VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Enhanced subscriber management	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	
Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Tunnel services:  Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)  GRE unicast tunneling-Supports GRE fragmentation  IP-IP unicast tunneling  Multicast tunneling  Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling  Virtual loopback tunneling (VT)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	

Table 40: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2EEQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2ENG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
<ul> <li>VLANs IEEE 802.1Q</li> <li>VLAN stacking and rewriting</li> <li>Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags</li> <li>Flexible VLAN tagging</li> <li>IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags</li> </ul>	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual Chassis redundancy	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual private network (VPN)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
WAN-PHY mode	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

## Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers

Table 41 on page 344 lists the first supported Junos OS Release for MPC3E protocols and applications for the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 routers. The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 10.4.



NOTE: The MX2010 and M2020 routers support protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3 release are supported on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers in the release indicated.

### A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 41: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC3E Cards for MX Series Routers

	First Supported Junos OS Release			
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MPC3E-3DNGQ	
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Class of service (CoS):	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces				
Packet rewrites				
Rate limit option for per-port queues				
Configurable 802.1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag				
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling				
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification				
BA classification based on 802.1p of "payload" for core-facing VPLS interfaces				
BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces				
BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family				
Class of service (CoS) per port:	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	

- Eight queues per port
- $\,$  Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level
- Shaping at the port level
- Shaping at the queue level
- Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class
- Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class
- Weighted random early detection (WRED)

NOTE: Fine-grained queuing and input queuing are not supported for the MPC3E-3D.

Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): 12.1 14.1R4 14.1R4

• Accounting, filtering, and policing

- , teessiring, ittering, and
- IEEE 802.1p rewrite
- Classification
- Tricolor marking

Table 41: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC3E Cards for MX Series Routers (continued)

	First Supporte	ase	
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MPCEE-EDINGQ
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
<ul> <li>Accounting, filtering, and policing</li> <li>IEEE 802.1p rewrite</li> <li>Classification</li> <li>Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level</li> <li>Tricolor marking</li> <li>Shaping at the queue level</li> <li>Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class</li> <li>Weighted random early detection (WRED)</li> </ul>			
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Dynamic Power Management	15.1	15.1	15.1
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Enhanced subscriber management	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Flexible Queuing Mode	15.1	15.1	15.1
NOTE: Flexible queuing mode is supported only on non-HQoS variants.			
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IEEE 802.1ag Maintenance Association Intermediate Point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IEEE 802.1ag Optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support <i>Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV</i>	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process , alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

Table 41: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC3E Cards for MX Series Routers (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release			
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MPCŒ-3DNGQ	
Firewall filters and policers:	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	

- Policer support for aggregated Ethernet
- Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface
- Intelligent hierarchial policers

NOTE: Intelligent hierarchial policers are supported from Junos OS Release 13.3.

- Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall
- Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port
- Lower policer limit from 32K to 8K
- Egress IEEE 802.1p multi-field (MF) and BA classification for VPLS
- Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6

NOTE: The packet length used for the policer included in the Layer 2 header is not supported for the MPC3E-3D in release 12.2.

Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels  • Dynamic	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Manual			
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Hierarchical Quality of Service (HQoS)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:  Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level  VLAN level  Port level	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Inline flow monitoring	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Intelligent Oversubscription on MIC and MPC Interfaces Overview	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

Table 41: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC3E Cards for MX Series Routers (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release			
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MPCŒ-3DNGQ	
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	13.3	17.1R1	17.1R1	
Interoperability with MPCs and existing DPCs	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Interoperability with multiservices DPCs	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IPv4	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IPv4 multicast	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IPv6	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IPv6 MLD	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IPv6 multicast	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IS-IS	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	_	14.1R4	14.1R4	
<ul> <li>Flow monitoring and services:</li> <li>Active monitoring (multiple v8 version j-flow templates)</li> <li>Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates)</li> <li>Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)</li> <li>Packet slice for port mirroring</li> <li>Inline flow monitoring on MPC3E</li> <li>Flow monitoring on multiservices DPCs</li> <li>NOTE: Flow monitoring on Multiservices DPCs is not supported for the MPC3E-3D in release 12.2</li> </ul>	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	

Table 41: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC3E Cards for MX Series Routers (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release			
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MPCEE-3DNGQ	
Layer 2 features:	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
<ul> <li>Trunk ports</li> <li>Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis</li> <li>Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and Spanning Tree Protocols (xSTP)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges</li> <li>Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support</li> <li>Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)</li> <li>Multi-chassis LAG—active/active and active/standby</li> <li>Multi-chassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping</li> <li>Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation</li> <li>NOTE: LAG features and IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS are not supported for the MPC3E-3D in release 12.2.</li> </ul>				
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Label Distribution Protocol ( <i>LDP</i> )	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Local loopback	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Mobile IP	_	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Multichassis link aggregation	_	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	

Table 41: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC3E Cards for MX Series Routers (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release			
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MPC <del>IE-I</del> DNGQ	
MPLS:	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	

- Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)
- LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)
- RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello
- Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs
- OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)
- 4/5 label MPLS operation
- Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD
- Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)
- MPLS-FRR bypass link protection
- Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops
- MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization
- Five label stack on ingress

MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
тигр	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Multitopology routing	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
OSPF	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Packet mirroring	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IEEE 802.1ah Provider Bridging (PBB)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
RSVP	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
RIP	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
SNMP	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4

Table 41: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC3E Cards for MX Series Routers (continued)

	First Supporte	lease	
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	QƏNGE-EDIN
Spanning Tree Protocols:	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)			
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)			
Spanning-Tree Protocols (STP)			
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)			
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard			
<ul> <li>STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)</li> </ul>			
Subscriber management and services (MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.2R2, 13.3):	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4

- Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs
- Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs
- ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview
- DHCP access model
- Dynamic adjustment of shapers
- Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name tables
- Dynamic profiles
- Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing
- Dynamic VLANs
- Per unit scheduling
- Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces

Synchronous Ethernet	13.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Tunnel services  • Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU)	13.3	14.1R4	14.1R4
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4

- · VLAN stacking and rewriting
- Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags
- Flexible VLAN tagging
- IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags

Table 41: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC3E Cards for MX Series Routers (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MPC <del>3E</del> -3DNGQ
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4

- BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS
- Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface
- Configurable label block sizes
- Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation
- VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF
- Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over I AG

Virtual private network (VPN)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
WAN-PHY mode	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

- MPC3E on page 113
- MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

## Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers

Table 42 on page 351 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MPC4E. The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 12.2. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 42: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	12.3R2
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	12.3R2
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	12.3R2

Table 42: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Class of service (CoS):	12.3R2
Behavior Aggregate (BA) classification	
Forwarding class loss priority through logical tunnels (LT)	
Static VLAN mapping to a specific forwarding class using a multi-field (MF) classifier	
<ul> <li>Targeted traffic distribution for a logical subscriber interface across a Link Aggregate Group (LAG) bundle</li> </ul>	
Packet rewrites	
Configurable IEEE 802.1p inheritance	
Rate-limit option for per-port queues	
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling	
Weighted Random Early Detection (WRED)	
Intelligent oversubscription on MIC and MPC interfaces	
Class of Service on Ethernet pseudowires on Logical Tunnel (LT) interfaces	
Fine-grained authentication for RE-generated packets	
IEEE 802.1ad S-TAG, exiting/incoming core with label-switched interfaces (LSIs)	
• Egress IEEE 802.1p multifield (MF) and BA classification for VPLS (MX series only)	
Class of service (CoS) per port:	12.3R2
Eight queues per port	NOTE: Fine-grained queuing
Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	and input queuing are not
Shaping at the port level and queue level	supported.
<ul> <li>Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class</li> </ul>	
Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class	
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	
Rate limit option for per-port queues	
	12.202
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	12.3R2
Accounting, filtering, and policing	
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite	
Classification	
Tricolor marking	
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	-
Accounting, filtering, and policing	
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	
Tricolor marking	
Shaping at the queue level	
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	

Table 42: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) protocols and features (IEEE 802.1ag):	12.3R2
Ethernet OAM Continuity Check Message (CCM) protocol	
<ul> <li>Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol</li> <li>Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol</li> </ul>	
Maintenance Intermediate Points (MIPs)	
Stacked VLAN tagging	
Trunk ports	
VPLS/VPWS  // AN in it is a second (CCC) as a second different in the sec	
<ul> <li>VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation</li> <li>Transitional cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation</li> </ul>	
Transitional cross connect (Tee) cheapsdiation	
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	12.3R2
Distributed Periodic Packet Management Process (PPMP)	12.3R2
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) Tunnels—access side and server side	12.3R2
Ethernet Alarm Indication Signal (ETH-AIS)	12.3R2
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	12.3R2
Firewall filters and policers:	12.3R2
Intelligent Hierarchical Policers	
Policer support for aggregated Ethernet	
<ul> <li>Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface</li> <li>Layer 2 policers</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Set forwarding class loss priority for Routing Engine (RE)-generated packets by using a firewall</li> </ul>	
Physical interface policers, applying policer to the entire port	
Filter-specific counters and filters	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	12.3R2
Graceful routing engine switchover (GRES)	12.3R2
Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) Tunneling—access side and server side	12.3R2
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	12.3R2
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	-
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level	
VLAN level	
Port level	

Table 42: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Inline flow monitoring	12.3R2
Intelligent oversubscription on the Trio MPC/MIC interfaces	12.3R2
Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB)	12.3R2
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	13.3
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	12.3R2
Interoperability with MPCs and existing DPCs	12.3R2
Interoperability with Juniper Networks 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC	12.3R2
Interoperability with MX Series Application Services Modular Line Card (AS-MLC)	12.3R2
IPv4	12.3R2
IPv4 multicast	12.3R2
IPv6	12.3R2
IPv6 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD)	12.3R2
IPv6 multicast	12.3R2
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol (NDP)	12.3R2
Immediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	12.3R2
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support (MX Series routers)	12.3R2
Flow monitoring and services:	12.3R2
Active monitoring (multiple v9 j-flow templates)	
Active monitoring: cflowed v9 IPv6 templates	
Active Monitoring: cflowd V9 per-PFE sampling support	
Port mirroring for Layer 2 bridging traffic (family ethernet-switching)	
<ul> <li>Port mirroring for Layer 2 VPLS traffic (family vpls)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Port mirroring for Layer 2 VPN traffic over a circuit cross-connect (CCC)</li> </ul>	
Virtual private wire service (VPWS)	
Flow monitoring on Multiservices DPCs	
Packet slice for port mirroring	
Inline Jflow monitoring (IPFIX)	
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	12.3R2

Table 42: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	12.3R2
Layer 2 features:	Release
Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB)	• 12.3R2
Spanning Tree Protocols	• 12.3R2
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	• 13.3R1,12.3R4
Bridge Protocol Data Unit (BPDU) guard	• 12.3R2
Bridge Protocol Data Unit (BPDU) loop guard	• 12.3R2
• Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 12.3R2
• Trunk ports	• 13.3R1
• IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 13.3R1
<ul> <li>Multi-chassis Link Aggregation Group (MC-LAG)—active/active and active/standby</li> </ul>	• 13.3R1
<ul> <li>MC-LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping</li> </ul>	• -
MC-LAG VLAN –ccc interface encapsulation	• 13.3R1
<ul> <li>Layer 2 Protocol Tunneling (L2PT) support</li> </ul>	• 13.3R1
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	• 12.3R2
Layer 2 forwarding support under logical systems	• 12.3R2
Static Route Support	• 13.2R1
• 64 members in a link aggregation group	• 13.2R1
<ul> <li>Periodic packet management daemon (ppmd) and distributed PPMD for Link Aggregation Control Protocol process (LACPd)</li> </ul>	
Layer 3 Features:	Release
• IPv6	• 12.3R2
Protocol Independent Multicast Source-Specific Multicast (PIM SSM)	• 12.3R2
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)	• 12.3R2
Any-source multicast (ASM) group override of source-specific multicast (SSM) range	• 12.3R2
Connectionless Network Service (CLNS)	• 12.3R2
Data Multicast Domain Tunnels (MDT) Subsequent Address Family Identifiers (SAFI)	• 12.3R2
Draft-Rosen 7 Multicast VPNs	• 12.3R2
Multicast over Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB) interfaces	• 12.3R2
Composite next hop with External and Internal BGP (EIBGP) paths	• 12.3R2
VPN load balancing and IP header filtering of traffic across External and Internal BGP	• 13.2R1
(EIBGP) paths	• 13.2R1
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) over Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE)	• 13.2R1
<ul> <li>Multicast routing on Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB) interfaces using logical tunnel interfaces systems with a Trio MPC/MIC module</li> </ul>	
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	12.3R2
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	12.3R2

Table 42: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Local loopback	12.3R2
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	12.3R2
Mobile IP	-
Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC):	13.2R1
<ul> <li>Junos Address Aware Network Addressing Overview</li> <li>Intrusion Detection Service (IDS)</li> <li>Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES) for NAT</li> <li>Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) interoperability</li> <li>IP Security (IPSec) detection</li> <li>Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP) interoperability</li> <li>Real-Time Performance Monitor (RPM) interoperabilitiy</li> <li>GRE interoperability</li> </ul>	
Multi-chassis Link Aggregation (MC-LAG)	13.3R1
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	12.3R2
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS):	12.3R2
<ul> <li>Switching of pseudowire segments (multi-segment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)</li> <li>LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)</li> <li>RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello</li> <li>Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs</li> <li>OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)</li> <li>4/5 label MPLS operation</li> <li>Virtual circuit connection verification (VCCV) BFD</li> <li>Point-to-multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)</li> <li>MPLS-FRR bypass link protection</li> <li>Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops</li> <li>MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization</li> <li>Five label stack on ingress</li> <li>Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) keepalive messages</li> <li>MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs</li> </ul>	
mvrp	-
Multitopology routing (MTR)	-
Nonstop Active Routing (NSR)	12.3R2
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	12.3R2

Table 42: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Packet mirroring	12.3R2
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE 1588)	15.1R1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	-
Periodic Packet Management Process (PPMP) and Distributed PPMP	12.3R2
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	-
Remote Defect Indication (RDI)	12.3R2
Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP)	12.3R2
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	12.3R2
SNMP	12.3R2
<ul> <li>IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)</li> <li>Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)</li> <li>Bridge Protocol Data Units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard</li> <li>STP interprotocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multihoming, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)</li> </ul>	
Subscriber management and services: (MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.2R2, 13.3)	Release
<ul> <li>Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs</li> <li>Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs</li> <li>Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP) and the ANCP Agent</li> <li>DHCP access model</li> <li>Dynamic adjustment of shapers</li> <li>Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces creation based on PPPoE service name tables</li> <li>Dynamic profiles</li> <li>Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing</li> <li>Dynamic VLANs</li> <li>Enhanced subscriber management</li> <li>Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>12.3R2</li> </ul>
Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE)	12.3 with SCBE and later

Table 42: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	13.2
Tunnel services	12.3R2
Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)	
Type, Length, and Value (TLVs) support (IEEE 802.1ag)	_
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	12.3R2
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	12.3R2
VLAN stacking and rewriting	
Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags	
Flexible VLAN tagging	
IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags	

- Class of Service (CoS) Support for Virtual Ports
- Layer 2 support

Virtual Chassis (MX Series):

- DHCP Access Model and authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) services
- Layer 3 Provider Edge (PE) router support
- Dynamic Lawful Intercept (DLI)
- Layer 2 Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)
- Wireline Subscriber Management scaling to 64K subscribers
- Non-stop active routing (NSR) support for Layer 3 services
- Local, Global, and VCCP Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)
- SNMP trap generation when vc-port command fails
- Virtual Chassis Port (VCP) masking
- · Access to the Virtual Chassis Through the Management Interface

### Virtual Private LAN service (VPLS):

12.3R2

13.2R1 (12.3R4 TRD)

- BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS
- Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface
- Configurable label block sizes
- Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation
- VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF
- Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG
- Configurable multichassis link aggregation (MC-LAG) interfaces to improve the Layer 2 and Layer 3 convergence time to subsecond values when a multichassis aggregated Ethernet link goes down or comes up in a bridge domain
- MAC Pinning to control MAC moves in a bridging environment and in VPLS networks

Table 42: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Virtual private network (VPN):	12.3R2
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	12.3R2
Scale VRRP using instance grouping	
<ul> <li>Periodic Packet Management Process (PPMP) and Distributed Periodic Packet Management Process (PPMP)</li> </ul>	
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	12.3R2
WAN-PHY mode	12.3R2

- **Related** 32x10GE MPC4E on page 119
  - 2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E on page 120
  - MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18
  - MPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Routers on page 12

## Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers

Table 43 on page 359 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications in the MPC5E installed on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 routers. The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 12.3.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC5E

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels  • Dynamic  • Manual	13.3R3
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	13.3R3
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	13.3R3

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC5E (continued)		
Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	13.3R3	
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	13.3R3	
Class of service (CoS):	13.3R3	
<ul><li>Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces</li><li>Packet rewrites</li></ul>		
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification		
• BA classification based on 802.1p of <i>payload</i> for core-facing VPLS interfaces		
BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for Layer 3 VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces		
Rate limit option for per-port queues		
BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family		
Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag		
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling		
Class of service (CoS) per port:	13.3R3	
Eight queues per port		
Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level		
Shaping at the port level		
Shaping at the queue level		
Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class		
Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class		
Weighted random early detection (WRED)		
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	13.3R3	
Accounting, filtering, and policing		
• IEEE 802.1p rewrite		
Classification		
Tricolor marking		

• Tricolor marking

Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:

13.3R3

- Accounting, filtering, and policing
- IEEE 802.1p rewrite
- Classification
- Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level
- Tricolor marking
- Shaping at the queue level
- Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class
- Weighted random early detection (WRED)

Damping	15.1R2

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC5E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	13.3R3
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	13.3R3
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Maintenance Association Intermediate Point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	13.3R3
Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV	-
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	13.3R3
Firewall filters and policers:	13.3R3

- Policer support for aggregated Ethernet
- Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface
- Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall
- Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port
- Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000
- Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS
- Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6

Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	13.3R3
Flexible Queuing Mode	14.1R1
NOTE: Flexible queuing mode is supported only on non-HQoS variants.	
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	13.3R3
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	13.3R3
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	13.3R3
<ul><li> Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level</li><li> VLAN level</li><li> Port level</li></ul>	

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC5E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Hierarchical CoS on generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels	15.1R2
Inline active flow monitoring	13.3R3
Intelligent Oversubscription	13.3R3
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	13.3R3
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	16.1R1
Interoperability with MPCs and existing DPCs	-
Interoperability with Multiservices DPCs	13.3R3
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	13.3R3
Interoperability with Juniper Networks 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC	13.3R3
Interoperability with MX Series Application Services Modular Line Card (AS-MLC)	13.3R3
IPv4	13.3R3
IPv4 multicast	13.3R3
IPv6	13.3R3
IPv6 MLD	13.3R3
IPv6 multicast	13.3R3
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	13.3R3
IS-IS	13.3R3
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	13.3R3
Flow monitoring and services:	Release
Active monitoring (multiple version 8 j-flow templates)	• 13.3R3
Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates)	• 13.3R3
Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)	• 13.3R3
Packet slice for port mirroring	• 13.3R3
Flow monitoring on Multiservices DPCs	• -
Inline active flow monitoring on MPC5E	• 13.3R3

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC5E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	13.3R3
LDP	13.3R3
Layer 2 features:	Release
Trunk ports	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB, and Spanning Tree Protocols (xSTP)	• -
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 13.3R3
Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby	• 13.3R3
Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	• 13.3R3
Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation	• 13.3R3
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	13.3R3
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	13.3R3
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	13.3R3
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	13.3R3
Local loopback	13.3R3
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	13.3R3
Mobile IP	-
Multichassis link aggregation	-
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	13.3R3

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC5E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
MPLS:	13.3R3
<ul> <li>Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)</li> <li>LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)</li> <li>RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello</li> <li>Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs</li> <li>OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)</li> <li>4/5 label MPLS operation</li> <li>Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD</li> <li>Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and point-to-multipoint load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)</li> <li>MPLS-FRR bypass link protection</li> <li>Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops</li> <li>MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization</li> <li>Five label stack on ingress</li> </ul>	
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	13.3R3
mvrp	-
Multitopology routing	-
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	13.3R3
OSPF	13.3R3
Packet mirroring	13.3R3
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE 1588)	14.2R2
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	13.3R3
RSVP	13.3R3
RIP	13.3R3
SNMP	13.3R3

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC5E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Spanning Tree Protocols:	13.3R3
<ul> <li>IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)</li> </ul>	
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)	
<ul> <li>Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard</li> <li>STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush</li> </ul>	
Subscriber management and services: (MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.3R2, 13.3)	Release
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	• 13.3R3
Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs	• 13.3R3
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP) and the ANCP Agent	• 13.3R3
DHCP access model	• 13.3R3
Dynamic adjustment of shapers	• 13.3R3
Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name tables	• 13.3R3
Dynamic profiles	• 13.3R3
Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing	• 13.3R3
Dynamic VLANs	• 13.3R3
Enhanced subscriber management	• 15.1R4
Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	• 13.3R3
Synchronous Ethernet	13.3R3
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	13.3R3
Tunnel services	13.3R3
Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)	
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	13.3R3
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	13.3R3
VLAN stacking and rewriting	
Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags	
Flexible VLAN tagging	
IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags	
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	13.3R3

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC5E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	13.3R3
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS  Circle 15 The most recovery for interior for the form of the f	
<ul><li> Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface</li><li> Configurable label block sizes</li></ul>	
• Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation	
VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF	
Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast traffic hashing over LAG	
Virtual private network (VPN)	13.3R3
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	13.3R3
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	13.3R3
WAN-PHY mode	13.3R3

- 6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5E on page 122
- 6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5EQ on page 124
- MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

### Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC6E for MX2000 Routers

Table 44 on page 366 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E. The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 13.3.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 44: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels	13.3R3
<ul><li>Dynamic</li><li>Manual</li></ul>	
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	13.3R3

Table 44: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	13.3R3
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	13.3R3
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	13.3R3
Class of service (CoS):	13.3R3

- Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces
- · Packet rewrites
- Behavior aggregate (BA) classification
- BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces
- BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces
- Rate limit option for per-port queues
- BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family
- Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag
- Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling

Class of service (CoS) per port:	13.3R2
Eight queues per port	
Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level	
Shaping at the port level	
Shaping at the queue level	
• Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class	
Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class	
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	

Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):

13.3R3

- · Accounting, filtering, and policing
- IEEE 802.1p rewrite
- Classification
- Tricolor marking

Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host

13.3R3
Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:

- Accounting, filtering, and policing
- IEEE 802.1p rewrite
- Classification
- Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level
- Tricolor marking
- Shaping at the queue level
- Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class
- Weighted random early detection (WRED)

Table 44: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Damping	15.1R2
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	13.3R3
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	13.3R3
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Maintenance Association Intermediate Point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLV) ( $Port\ Status\ TLV\ and\ Interface\ Status\ TLV)$	-
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	13.3R3
Firewall filters and policers:	13.3R3
<ul> <li>Policer support for aggregated Ethernet</li> <li>Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface</li> <li>Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall</li> <li>Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port</li> <li>Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000</li> <li>Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS</li> <li>Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6</li> </ul>	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	13.3R3
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	13.3R3
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	13.3R3
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:  Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level  VLAN level  Port level	13.3R3

Inline active flow monitoring

13.3R3

Table 44: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Intelligent oversubscription on MIC and MPC interfaces	13.3R3
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	13.3R3
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	16.1R1
Interoperability with MPCs and existing DPCs	13.3R3
Interoperability with Multiservices DPCs	13.3R3
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	13.3R3
IPv4	13.3R3
IPv4 multicast	13.3R3
IPv6	13.3R3
IPv6 MLD	13.3R3
IPv6 multicast	13.3R3
IPv6 neighbor discovery	13.3R3
IS-IS	13.3R3
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	13.3R3
Flow monitoring and services:	Release
Active monitoring (multiple v8 version j-flow templates)	• 13.3R3
Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates)	• 13.3R3
Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)	• 13.3R3
Packet slice for port mirroring	• 13.3R3
Flow monitoring on Multiservices DPCs	• -
Inline active flow monitoring on MPC5E	• 13.3R3
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	13.3R3
LDP	13.3R3

Table 44: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Layer 2 features:	Release
<ul> <li>Trunk ports</li> <li>Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis</li> <li>Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and Spanning Tree Protocols (xSTP)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges</li> <li>Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support</li> <li>Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)</li> <li>Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby</li> <li>Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping</li> <li>Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation</li> <li>IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>13.3R3</li> <li>13.3R3</li> <li>15.1R2</li> <li>13.3R3</li> <li>13.3R3</li> <li>13.3R3</li> <li>13.3R3</li> <li>13.3R3</li> <li>13.3R3</li> <li>15.1R2</li> <li>13.3R2</li> </ul>
Layer 2 VPN interfaces	
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	13.3R3
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	13.3R3
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	-
Local loopback	13.3R3
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	13.3R3
Mobile IP	-
Multichassis link aggregation	-
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	13.3R3

Table 44: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
MPLS:	13.3R3
<ul> <li>Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)</li> <li>LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)</li> <li>RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello</li> <li>Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs</li> <li>OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)</li> <li>4/5 label MPLS operation</li> <li>Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD</li> <li>Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)</li> <li>MPLS-FRR bypass link protection</li> <li>Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops</li> <li>MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization</li> <li>Five label stack on ingress</li> </ul>	
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	13.3R3
mvrp	-
Multitopology routing	-
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	-
OSPF	13.3R3
Packet mirroring	13.3R3
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE 1588)	-
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	13.3R3
RSVP	13.3R3
RIP	13.3R3
SNMP	13.3R3

Table 44: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Spanning Tree Protocols:	13.3R3
<ul> <li>IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)</li> <li>Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)</li> <li>Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard</li> <li>STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush</li> </ul>	
Subscriber management and services (MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.3R2, 13.3):	Release
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	• 13,3R3
Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs	• 13.3R3
ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview	• 13.3R3
DHCP access model	• 13.3R3
Dynamic adjustment of shapers	• 13.3R3
Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name tables	• 13.3R3
Dynamic profiles	• 13.3R3
Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing	• 13.3R3
Dynamic VLANs	• 13.3R3
Enhanced subscriber management (uplink services)	• 15.1R4
Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	• 13.3R3
Synchronous Ethernet	13.3R3
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	13.3R3
Tunnel services	13.3R3
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	13.3R3
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	13.3R3
VLAN stacking and rewriting	
Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags	
Flexible VLAN tagging	
IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags	
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	13.3R3
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS	
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface	
Configurable label block sizes	
<ul> <li>Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation</li> </ul>	
VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF	
Broadcast, unknown unicast, and multicast traffic hashing over LAG	

Table 44: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Virtual private network (VPN)	13.3R3
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	13.3R3
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	13.3R3
WAN-PHY mode	13.3R3

- MPC6E on page 129
- MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

### Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC7E for MX Series Routers

Table 41 on page 344 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC7Es ("MPC7E 10G" on page 132 and "MPC7E (Multi-Rate)" on page 130). The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 15.1R1.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 45: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC7Es in the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Routers

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-	-
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels  • Dynamic  • Manual	15.1F4	15.1F5
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	15.1F4	15.1F5
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	15.1F4	15.1F5

 $Table\ 45: Protocols\ and\ Applications\ Supported\ by\ MPC7Es\ in\ the\ MX240,\ MX480,\ MX960,\ MX2010,\ and\ MX2020$   $Routers\ (continued)$ 

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Class of service (CoS):	15.1F4	15.1F5
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces  Parlich munitipe		
Packet rewrites  Packet rewrites  Packet rewrites  Packet rewrites		
<ul> <li>Behavior aggregate (BA) classification</li> <li>BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces</li> </ul>		
BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces		
<ul> <li>Rate limit option for per-port queues</li> </ul>		
BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family		
Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag		
<ul> <li>Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling</li> </ul>		
Class of service (CoS) per port:	15.1F4	15.1F5
Eight queues per port	NOTE: MPC7E-MRATE MPC supports 5	NOTE: MPC7E-10G MPC supports 5
Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level	guaranteed and 4 excess priorities.	guaranteed and 4 excess priorities.
<ul> <li>Shaping at the port level</li> </ul>		
Shaping at the queue level		
<ul> <li>Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class</li> </ul>		
• Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class		
Weighted random early detection (WRED)		
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	15.1F4	15.1F5
<ul> <li>Accounting, filtering, and policing</li> </ul>		
IEEE 802.1p rewrite		
Classification		
Tricolor marking		

Table 45: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC7Es in the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Routers (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	-	-
Accounting, filtering, and policing		
IEEE 802.1p rewrite		
Classification		
<ul> <li>Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Tricolor marking</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Shaping at the queue level</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class</li> </ul>		
Weighted random early detection (WRED)		
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	15.1F4	15.1F5
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	15.1F4	15.1F5
Dynamic Power Management	15.1F4	15.1F5
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	15.1F4	15.1F5
Flexible Queuing Mode	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	15.1F4	15.1F5

 $Table\ 45: Protocols\ and\ Applications\ Supported\ by\ MPC7Es\ in\ the\ MX240,\ MX480,\ MX960,\ MX2010,\ and\ MX2020$   $Routers\ (continued)$ 

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support <i>Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV</i>	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Firewall filters and policers:	15.1F4	15.1F5
Policer support for aggregated Ethernet	NOTE: Layer 2 overhead adjustment	NOTE: Layer 2 overhead adjustment (packet length used for the policer included in the Layer 2 header) is not supported in 15.1F5.
Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	(packet length used for the policer included in the Layer 2 header) is not supported in 15.1F4.	
Intelligent hierarchial policers	35pported ii 13.ii 4.	35pported ii 13.ii 3.
<ul> <li>Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall</li> </ul>		
Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port		
• Lower policer limit from 32K to 8K		
Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS		
Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6		
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	15.1F4	15.1F5
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	15.1F4	15.1F5
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	15.1F4	15.1F5
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	15.1F4	15.1F5
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level		
VLAN level		
Port level		
Inline flow monitoring	15.1F4	15.1F5
Intelligent Oversubscription on MIC and MPC Interfaces Overview	15.1F4	15.1F5
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	15.1F4	15.1F5

Table 45: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC7Es in the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Routers (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	17.4R1	17.4R1
Interoperability with MPCs	15.1F4	15.1F5
Interoperability with MS-DPCs	-	-
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	-	-
IPv4	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv4 multicast	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv6	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv6 MLD	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv6 multicast	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	15.1F4	15.1F5
IS-IS	15.1F4	15.1F5
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	15.1F4	15.1F5

Flow monitoring and services	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Inline IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Active monitoring	15.1F4	15.1F5
Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Packet slice for port mirroring	15.1F4	15.1F5
Flow monitoring on MS-MPCs	17.3R1	17.3R1
Inline flow monitoring	15.1F4	15.1F5
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including 15.1F4 accounting, policers, and filtering	15.	IF5

 $Table\ 45: Protocols\ and\ Applications\ Supported\ by\ MPC7Es\ in\ the\ MX240,\ MX480,\ MX960,\ MX2010,\ and\ MX2020$   $Routers\ (continued)$ 

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
LDP	15.1F4	15.1F5

Layer 2 Features		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Trunk ports		15.1F4	15.1F5
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis		17.3R1	17.3R1
Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and Spanning Tree Protocols (	(xSTP)	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges		15.1F4	15.1F5
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support		15.1F4	15.1F5
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)		15.1F4	15.1F5
Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby		15.1F4	15.1F5
Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping		15.1F5
Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation		15.1F4	15.1F5
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS		15.1F4	15.IF5
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID 15.1F4 list		15.1F5	
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad) 15.1F4		15.1F5	
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) 15.1F4		15.1F5	
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) 15.1F4		15.1F5	
Local loopback 15.1F4		15.1F5	

Table 45: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC7Es in the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Routers (continued)

Protocol or Application		Supported Junos OS Release for E-MRATE		irst Supported Junos OS Release for IPC7E-10G
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	15.1F4		1!	5.1F5
MACSec		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
GCM-AES-128 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AE-2006		-		16.1R1
GCM-AES-256 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AEbn-2011		-		16.2R1
Mobile IP	-		-	
Multichassis link aggregation	15.1F4		15	5.1F5
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	15.1F4		15	5.1F5
MPLS:	15.1F4		15	5.1F5
<ul> <li>Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)</li> </ul>				
RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello				
Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs				
OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)				
• 4/5 label MPLS operation				
Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD				
Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)				
MPLS-FRR bypass link protection				
<ul> <li>Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops</li> </ul>				
MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization				
Five label stack on ingress				
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	15.1F4		1!	5.1F5

 $Table\ 45: Protocols\ and\ Applications\ Supported\ by\ MPC7Es\ in\ the\ MX240,\ MX480,\ MX960,\ MX2010,\ and\ MX2020$   $Routers\ (continued)$ 

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
mvrp	15.1F4	15.1F5
Multitopology routing	15.1F4	15.1F5
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	15.1F4	15.1F5
OSPF	15.1F4	15.1F5
Packet mirroring	15.1F4	15.1F5
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE 1588)	-	-
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-	-
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	15.1F4	15.1F5
RSVP	15.1F4	15.1F5
RIP	15.1F4	15.1F5
SNMP	15.1F4	15.1F5
Spanning Tree Protocols:	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)		
<ul> <li>IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)</li> </ul>		
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)		
<ul> <li>Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)</li> </ul>		
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard		
STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)		
Subscriber management and services:	16.1R4; 17.1R1	16.1R4; 17.1R1
Enhanced subscriber management		
Synchronous Ethernet	16.1R1	16.1R1

Table 45: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC7Es in the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Routers (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol	16.1R4	16.1R4
(TWAMP)	NOTE: TWAMP is not supported on the MX2020 and MX2010 chassis.	NOTE: TWAMP is not supported on the MX2020 and MX2010 chassis.
Tunnel services	15.1F4	15.1F5
• Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)		
Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU)	-	-
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	15.1F4	15.1F5
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	15.1F4	15.1F5
<ul> <li>VLAN stacking and rewriting</li> <li>Flexible VLAN tagging</li> <li>IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags</li> </ul>		
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	17.3R1	17.3R1
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	15.1F4	15.1F5
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS		
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface		
Configurable label block sizes		
Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation		
<ul> <li>VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF</li> </ul>		
Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG		
Virtual private network (VPN)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	15.1F4	15.1F5
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	15.1F4	15.1F5

Table 45: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC7Es in the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Routers (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
WAN-PHY mode	-	-

### Related Documentation

- **Related** MPC7E (Multi-Rate) on page 130
  - MPC7E 10G on page 132

## Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers

Table 41 on page 344 lists the protocols and applications supported by MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers.

An en dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 46: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers

	First Supported Jur	ed Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E	
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-	-	
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels  • Dynamic  • Manual	15.1F5	15.1F5	
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	15.1F5	15.1F5	
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	15.1F5	15.1F5	
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	15.1F5	15.1F5	
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	15.1F5	15.1F5	

Table 46: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E	
Class of service (CoS):	15.1F5	15.1F5	
<ul> <li>Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces</li> <li>Packet rewrites</li> <li>Behavior aggregate (BA) classification</li> <li>BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces</li> <li>BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces</li> <li>Rate-limit option for per-port queues</li> <li>BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family</li> <li>Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag</li> <li>Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling</li> </ul>			
Class of service (CoS) per port:  Eight queues per port  Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level  Shaping at the port level  Shaping at the queue level  Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class  Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class  Weighted random early detection (WRED)	15.1F5	15.1F5	
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):  Accounting, filtering, and policing  IEEE 802.1p rewrite  Classification  Tricolor marking	15.1F5	15.1F5	
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:  Accounting, filtering, and policing  IEEE 802.1p rewrite  Classification  Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level  Tricolor marking  Shaping at the queue level  Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class  Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	-	
Damping	16.1R1	16.1R1	

Table 46: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Releas	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	15.1F5	15.1F5
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	15.1F5	15.1F5
Dynamic Power Management	15.1F5	15.1F5
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	15.1F5	15.1F5
Flexible Queuing Mode	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support <i>Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV</i>	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Firewall filters and policers:	15.1F5	15.1F5
<ul><li>Policer support for aggregated Ethernet</li><li>Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface</li></ul>		

- Intelligent hierarchical policers
- Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall
- Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port
- Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000
- Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS
- Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6

Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	15.1F5	15.1F5
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	15.1F5	15.1F5
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	15.1F5	15.1F5

Table 46: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers (continued)

First Supported Junos O		nos OS Release
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	15.1F5	15.1F5
Set of Interfaces		
VLAN level     Port level		
• Port level		
Inline flow monitoring	15.1F5	15.1F5
Intelligent Oversubscription	15.1F5	15.1F5
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	17.4R1	17.4R1
Interoperability with existing MPCs	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv4	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv4 multicast	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv6	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv6 MLD	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv6 multicast	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	15.1F5	15.1F5
IS-IS	15.1F5	15.1F5
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	15.1F5	15.1F5
Flow monitoring and services:	Release	Release
Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates)	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Packet slice for port mirroring	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Flow monitoring on MS-DPCs	• -	• -
Inline flow monitoring on MPC8E and MPC9E	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	15.1F5	15.1F5
LDP	15.1F5	15.1F5

Table 46: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Layer 2 features:	Release	Release
Trunk ports	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	• 17.3R1	• 17.3R1
• Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (xSTP)	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	• 15.1F5	• 15.1F5
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	15.1F5	15.1F5
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Local loopback	15.1F5	15.1F5
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	15.1F5	15.1F5
Mobile IP	-	-
Multichassis Link Aggregation	15.1F5	15.1F5
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	15.1F5	15.1F5

Table 46: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
MPLS:	15.1F5	15.1F5
Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)		
<ul> <li>LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)</li> </ul>		
RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello		
Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs		
OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)		
4/5 label MPLS operation		
Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD		
MPLS-FRR bypass link protection		
Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops		
MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization		
Five label stack on ingress		
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	15.1F5	15.1F5
mvrp	-	-
Multitopology routing	15.1F5	15.1F5
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	15.1F5	15.1F5
OSPF	15.1F5	15.1F5
Packet mirroring	15.1F5	15.1F5
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE 1588)	-	-
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-	-
RSVP	15.1F5	15.1F5
RIP	15.1F5	15.1F5
SNMP	15.1F5	15.1F5

Table 46: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers (continued)

Notices (continued)		
	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Spanning tree protocols:	15.1F5	15.1F5
<ul> <li>IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)</li> <li>Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)</li> <li>Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard</li> <li>STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)</li> </ul>		
Subscriber management and services:	16.1R4; 17.1R1	16.1R4; 17.1R1
Enhanced subscriber management		
Synchronous Ethernet	16.1R1	16.1R1
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	-	-
Tunnel services	15.1F5	15.1F5
Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)		
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	15.1F5	15.1F5
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	15.1F5	15.1F5
VLAN stacking and rewriting		
Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags		
Flexible VLAN tagging		
IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags		
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	17.3R1	17.3R1
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	15.1F5	15.1F5
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS		
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface		
Configurable label block sizes		
Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation		
VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF		
Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG		
Virtual private network (VPN)	15.1F5	15.1F5

Table 46: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	15.1F5	15.1F5
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	15.1F5	-
MACSec Capabilities: Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the JNP-MIC-100G MIC extends Media Access Control Security (MACsec) capabilities on MPC8E and MPC9E MPCs installed in MX2010, MX2020, and MX2008 routers.	17.4R1	17.4R1
Only MPC8E/9E with JNP-MIC-100G MIC supports MACsec feature.		
<ul> <li>GCM-AES-128 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AE-2006</li> <li>GCM-AES-256 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AEbn-2011</li> <li>GCM-AES-XPN-128 Cipher Suite, 802.1AEbw-2013</li> <li>GCM-AES-XPN-256 Cipher Suite, 802.1AEbw-2013</li> </ul>		

Release	History	Table
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Release	Description
17.4R1	Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the JNP-MIC-100G MIC extends Media Access Control Security (MACsec) capabilities on MPC8E and MPC9E MPCs installed in MX2010, MX2020, and MX2008 routers.

## Related Documentation

- MPC8E on MX Series Routers Overview
- MPC9E on MX Series Routers Overview

### Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC

Table 47 on page 389 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX104, MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Multiservices MIC (MS-MIC) and Multiservices MPC (MS-MPC). A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 47: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC

Software Feature	First Supported Junos OS Release
GRE Key	_
GRE dont-fragment	_
HTTP redirect services	15.1R4

Table 47: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC (continued)

Software Feature	First Supported Junos OS Release
Stateful firewall	13.2R4
Network Address Translation (NAT) for IP addresses	13.2R4
Port Address Translation (PAT) for port numbers	13.2R4
IP Security (IPSec) encryption	13.2R4
Flow aggregation	-
Active flow monitoring exports cflowd version 5 and version 8 records	-
Active flow monitoring exports flow monitoring version 9 records, based on RFC 3954	13.2R4
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	13.3
	NOTE: GRES is not supported for MS-MIC on MX104 router.
Passive flow monitoring	-
Passive flow collection	-
Flow-tap	-
Dynamic flow capture	-
Real-time performance monitoring	13.3
Link Services	-
MX Series Virtual Chassis with stateful firewall	14.2
MX Series Virtual Chassis with IPv4-to-IPv4 basic NAT, dynamic NAT, static destination NAT, dynamic NAT with port mapping, and stateful NAT64.	16.1R4
Traffic sampling	13.2R4
Tunnel services:	-
IP-IP unicast tunneling	
GRE unicast tunneling—Supports GRE fragmentation	
Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling	
Virtual tunnel interface for Layer 3 VPNs	_
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	_

Table 47: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC (continued)

Software Feature	First Supported Junos OS Release
Voice services:	-
Compressed Real-Time Transport Protocol (CRTP)	
Encapsulations:	-
<ul><li>Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR)</li><li>Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol (MLPP)</li></ul>	

### Related Documentation

- **Related** MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
  - MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
  - Multiservices MIC on page 200
  - Multiservices MPC on page 86

# Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 Router

Table 41 on page 344 lists the protocols and applications supported by MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 router.

An en dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 48: Protocols and Applications Supported by MX10003MPC on the MX10003 Router

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels  • Dynamic  • Manual	17.3R1
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	17.3R1
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	17.3R1
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	17.3R1
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	17.3R1

Table 48: Protocols and Applications Supported by MX10003MPC on the MX10003 Router (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Class of service (CoS):  Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces Packet rewrites Behavior aggregate (BA) classification BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces Rate-limit option for per-port queues BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling	17.3R1
Class of service (CoS) per port:  Eight queues per port  Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level  Shaping at the port level  Shaping at the queue level  Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class  Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class  Weighted random early detection (WRED)	17.3R1
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):  Accounting, filtering, and policing  IEEE 802.1p rewrite  Classification  Tricolor marking	17.3R1
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:  Accounting, filtering, and policing  IEEE 802.1p rewrite  Classification  Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level  Tricolor marking  Shaping at the queue level  Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class  Weighted random early detection (WRED)	17.3R1
Damping	17.3R1
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	17.3R1
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	17.3R1

Protocol or Application  Dynamic Power Management  17.3R1  Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances  17.3R1  Flexible Queuing Mode  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation  IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status  TLV  IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)  Firewall filters and policers:  Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface Intelligent hierarchical policers	Table 48: Protocols and Applications Supported by MX10003MPC on the MX10003 Rou	ter (continued)
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances  17.3R1  Flexible Queuing Mode  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation  IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV and Interface Status TLV and remote defect indication (RDI)  Firewall filters and policers:  17.3R1  Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Flexible Queuing Mode  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol  17.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation  IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV  IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)  Firewall filters and policers:  Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	Dynamic Power Management	17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol  IT.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol  IT.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol  IT.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol  IT.3R1  IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation  IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV  IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)  Firewall filters and policers:  Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol  IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol  IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation  IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV  IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)  Firewall filters and policers:  Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	Flexible Queuing Mode	17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol  IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation  IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV  IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)  Firewall filters and policers:  Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation  IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support <i>Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV and Int</i>	IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	17.3R1
(CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation  IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status  TLV  IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)  Firewall filters and policers:  Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	17.3R1
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)  Firewall filters and policers:  Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	(CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect	17.3R1
(AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)  Firewall filters and policers: 17.3R1  Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface		17.3R1
<ul> <li>Policer support for aggregated Ethernet</li> <li>Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface</li> </ul>		17.3R1
Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	Firewall filters and policers:	17.3R1
Set forwarding class and loss priority for Pouting Engine, generated packets by using a firewall	<ul> <li>Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface</li> <li>Intelligent hierarchical policers</li> </ul>	

- Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall
- Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port
- Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000
- Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS
- Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6

Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	17.3R1
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	17.3R1
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	17.3R1
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	17.3R1

- Set of Interfaces
- VLAN level
- Port level

Inline flow monitoring	17.3R1

Table 48: Protocols and Applications Supported by MX10003MPC on the MX10003 Router (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Intelligent Oversubscription	17.3R1
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	17.3R1
Interoperability with existing MPCs	17.3R1
IPv4	17.3R1
IPv4 multicast	17.3R1
IPv6	17.3R1
IPv6 MLD	17.3R1
IPv6 multicast	17.3R1
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	17.3R1
IS-IS	17.3R1
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	-
Flow monitoring and services:	Release
Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates)	• 17.3R1
Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)	• 17.3R1
Packet slice for port mirroring	• 17.3R1
Flow monitoring on MS-DPCs	• =
Inline flow monitoring	• 17.3R1
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	17.3R1
LDP	17.3R1
Layer 2 features:	Release
Trunk ports	• 17.3R1
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	• -
Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (xSTP)	• 17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 17.3R1
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support	• 17.3R1
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 17.3R1
Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby	• 17.3R1
Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	• 17.3R1
· -	• 17.3R1
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	• 1/1.JC1

Table 48: Protocols and Applications Supported by MX10003MPC on the MX10003 Router (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	17.3R1
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	17.3R1
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	17.3R1
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	17.3R1
Local loopback	17.3R1
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	17.3R1
MACSec with GCM-AES-256 Encryption and GCM-AES-XPN-256 Encryption	17.3R2
NOTE: MACSec is supported on JNP-MIC1-MACSEC only.	
Mobile IP	-
Multichassis Link Aggregation	17.3R1
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	17.3R1
MPLS:	17.3R1
<ul> <li>Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)</li> <li>LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)</li> <li>RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello</li> <li>Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs</li> <li>OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)</li> <li>4/5 label MPLS operation</li> <li>Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD</li> <li>MPLS-FRR bypass link protection</li> <li>Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops</li> <li>MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization</li> <li>Five label stack on ingress</li> </ul>	
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	17.3R1
mvrp	-
Multitopology routing	17.3R1
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	17.3R1
OSPF	17.3R1

Table 48: Protocols and Applications Supported by MX10003MPC on the MX10003 Router (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Packet mirroring	17.3R1
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE 1588)	17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-
RSVP	17.3R1
RIP	17.3R1
SNMP	17.3R1
<ul> <li>Spanning tree protocols:</li> <li>IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)</li> <li>IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)</li> <li>Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)</li> <li>Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard</li> <li>STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)</li> </ul>	17.3R1
Subscriber management and services:  • Enhanced subscriber management	17.3R1
Synchronous Ethernet	17.3R1
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	-
Tunnel services  • Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)	17.3R1
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	17.3R1
<ul> <li>VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:</li> <li>VLAN stacking and rewriting</li> <li>Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags</li> <li>Flexible VLAN tagging</li> <li>IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags</li> </ul>	17.3R1
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	

Table 48: Protocols and Applications Supported by MX10003MPC on the MX10003 Router (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	17.3R1
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS	
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface	
Configurable label block sizes	
<ul> <li>Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation</li> </ul>	
VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF	
Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG	
Virtual private network (VPN)	17.3R1
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	17.3R1
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	-